MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS

FROM MAR 29 1906
THRU MAY 27 1909
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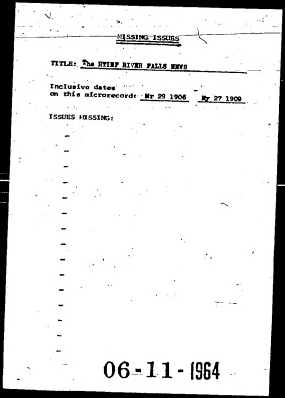

MISSING ISSUES

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Inclusive dates
on this microrecord: Mr 29 1906 My 27 1909

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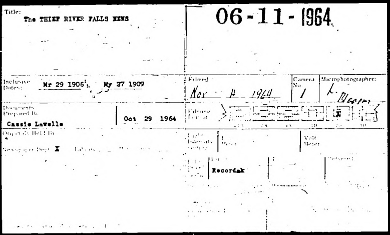

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEE RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1906 NUMBER 13

A NEW LAW FOR SALOONS

One to Be Introduced in the State Legislature Next Winter.

Liquor Licenses Would Not Be Granted to the Breweries.

The people of Thief River Falls will be interested in a new law which, it is expected, will be enacted by the Minnesota state legislature next winter for the control of the liquor traffic within the state. The features to be embodied in these regulations are: (1) restriction of number of saloons to be allowed to each 1,000 inhabitants of towns and cities; (2) manner of licensing same; (3) qualifications of licensees; (4) elimination of brewers, distillers and *wholesalers from* the retail trade; (5) curtailment of the credit system.

As to restriction, it is proposed to classify towns and cities into two groups according to population and to permit one saloon for every 1,000 inhabitants in the one class and one for every 500 in the other.

Licenses are to be issued by the district courts instead of by city councils or county commissioners, the court to set the time for public hearing of applications and remonstrances. Applications, which are to be signed by twelve qualified electors of the place, must be filed at least three weeks and published three times in two newspapers before the date of hearing.

The applicant must himself be the only one financially interested in the proposed saloon. He must not be interested in the profits of any other saloon or in the manufacture or sale of intoxicating drinks outside of the one place for which he requires license, and his bondsmen must have no interest in the liquor business whatsoever. The applicant must, moreover, be a citizen of the United States and a bona fide resident of the place in which he proposes to do business.

The foregoing requirements will have the effect of eliminating distillers, brewers and wholesalers from the retail liquor business, which is one of the objects sought by the innovation.

The credit system is curtailed by making one quart the smallest quantity that can be sold for future payment, the debt to be held illegal in case of violation.

These regulations, which it is proposed to introduce in Minnesota, have been in vogue in Pennsylvania for some time and are said to have exercised a decidedly wholesome effect on the liquor traffic in that state.

The shutting out of the manufacturers and wholesalers from the retail business, the granting of licenses by the district courts, and the restricting of the issuance of licenses to bona fide, responsible residents only, would certainly tend to placing the business on a higher plane than the one it now occupies in this state.

"SHORTY" GOES FREE.

Not Enough Evidence to Convict Man Accused of Dahl Murder.

County Attorney of Beltrami County Moved to Have Case Dismissed.

"Shorty" Vesley, who has been held in the Beltrami county jail for nearly a year awaiting trial on the charge of murder in the first degree, was released last week and is now a free man. The case against him was nolled by County Attorney McDonald, who deemed the evidence collected against Vesley insufficient to warrant a trial at this time. Vesley was accused of the murder of N. O. Dahl and daughter, Aagot, at Quiring.

Relatives and friends of the victims of the horrible murder have hoped much from the trial and Thief River Falls people generally regret the fact that Vesley has been released.

The prevailing sentiment here is that Vesley, if not guilty of the deed, was one of the perpetrators of the crime and it was hoped that his trial would throw some new light on the mystery that has enshrouded the tragedy.

Wanted Two Homesteads.

Carl F. Winger, a homesteader living near Bagley, has been arrested. Winger is accused of forgery, perjury and the counterfeiting of affidavits in attempting to secure two homesteads under the homestead law by using the name of his brother.

SCHOOL WINS TWO TO ONE

High School Pupils Defeat the Town People in Spelling Match.

Another Contest Will Be Held in About Three, or Four Weeks.

The large assembly room in the Thief River Falls high school was filled to overflowing last Friday to witness the spelling match between the town people and the students at the high school. There were twenty-two participants on each side and, after nearly an hour and a half had been consumed, the town people had but eight left standing, while the school had sixteen, thus winning a decided victory.

The affair was a great success both in point of interest taken and the amusement provided. Several pleasing musical selections were rendered and, after the spelling contest was finished, dainty refreshments were served.

The town people are not satisfied that the high school people can spell better than they and accordingly they will issue another challenge for a spelling match to take place sometime within the next few weeks, words other than those found in the spelling book to be used.

The contest held Friday has resulted in much interest being taken in the school work of this city. Too few heretofore have taken an interest in the schools here, which is greatly to be regretted. It is also proving of great benefit to the scholars, who, as Prof. Hay remarked at the opening of the contest, had done more hard studying in the line of spelling during the past few weeks than they had in a whole term before.

Mahnomen Has a Lid.

The new council at Mahnomen pledges itself to "put the lid on and nail it fast," and that blind-pigging must and shall cease. According to the Mahnomen Plaintalk, illegal liquor selling has been carried on there to so great an extent that that issue overshadowed everything else in the recent election. It is said that the Indians at Mahnomen received $1,200 at the recent payment and that nearly all of it went for firewater. Less than $60 found its way to the general stores.

MAN SHOT FOR A WOLF

Roseau County Hunter Makes a Mistake That Proved a Bad One.

Shot a Man, Hitting Him in the Arm, Thinking He Was a Wolf.

A very sad accident befell Martin Larson, of the town of Pencer, up in Roseau county, on Sunday forenoon. Mr. Larson was taking a walk along the east branch of the Roseau river and was about four miles from home when noon came. He had a lunch with him and sat down on the bank to eat. He had been there but a few moments when a couple of shots rang out in quick succession and immediately Mr. Larson found that he had been struck by a bullet in the left wrist.

He was unaware that any one was near him and saw no one until a few moments after the last shot was fired, when a young man named Edwin Severson, who lives in the same neighborhood, came running up and found, to his dismay, that, instead of shooting at a wolf, as he supposed he had done, he had seriously injured a human being and a neighbor.

With Edwin was his uncle, Peter Severson, and, on reaching the spot, they found Larson lying on the ground with blood flowing from his left forearm. They were shocked at the sight and at once did what they could for the injured man, assisting him to his home four miles away. Larson never lost consciousness and was able to walk the distance with the aid of the two men.

Dr. Muir, of Roseau, was hurriedly sent for and, upon arriving at the Larson home, found that the bullet had entered the left wrist, followed the forearm and left the body about three inches above the elbow.

A 30-30 rifle had been used and the soft nose bullet had completely shattered the bone, so that the doctor decided immediate amputation was necessary. Preparations were at once made and, with all dispatch possible, the man was taken to Roseau and his arm amputated midway between the shoulder and elbow. At midnight of Sunday the injured man overcame the effects of the chloroform and seemed to have stood the ordeal well.

Young Severson is about 18 years of age and was prostrated with grief when he realized the awful mistake he had made. He was nearly crazy for a while, but later appeared to become rational.

At latest reports Mr. Larson is recovering nicely.

GOES TO FOSSTON.

One of Thief River Falls' Prominent Business Man Removes to That Place.

It is with genuine regret that the people of Thief River Falls learn of the removal from this city of O. A. Brager and family. Mr. Brager has received a flattering offer from the First National Bank at Fosston, his former home, and left for that place the first of the week to begin his duties. The real estate and loan business here of Brager Bros. will be continued by A. G. Bragen who will continue to make Thief River Falls his home.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Brager have made a large circle of friends here and we hope to see them return again in the near future. Mr. Brager takes a position in the bank at Fosston caused by the resignation of J. O. Ostby, a brother of Paul I. D. Ostby, of Plummer, who is going to remove to the state of Washington and engage in the banking business.

The Farmer is Independent.

The farmer, if he only knew it, is a little nearer the kingdom of heaven than any one on earth. He is certain of three meals a day and is the only man who can fence himself in and live in spite of all mankind. A few cattle, sheep and fowl provide him with food and clothing, while his fields yield him a source of revenue. So generous are these provisions, and so common, that hardly one farmer in ten makes an account of them, though the ordinary business man thinks he has done well when he reaches the end of the year and finds he has a little more than will make ends meet. No one is so independent as the farmer; he doesn't have to truckle; if he is insulted, he can resent the insult without fear of losing trade, and there is no earthly reason, with the improved farm machinery he now has why he should not have an eight hour day and such leisure for reading and study as would soon make him one of the best informed men in any calling. Why shouldn't the farmer be all this and more? Surely he has the possibilities.

A FIRE THURSDAY.

Fred Lacoe's House on the East Side Destroyed With Most of the Contents.

Few people in Thief River Falls knew that there was a fire in this city last Thursday afternoon, but Fred Lacoe, a Frenchman living on the East Side, out near the reservation line, did. His residence and most of his household goods were destroyed by a fire which had its origin in the cellar. Mr. Lacoe had no insurance and has six small children. A subscription paper was circulated about town to raise enough money for him to build another house.

LIVED HERE FOR 20 YEARS

Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Kratka Came Here Twenty Years Ago.

That Was Before Thief River Falls Was on the Map.

Sunday, March 25, was the twentieth anniversary of the day on which Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Kratka came to Thief River Falls to make their home, and they have resided here ever since that date. That was before Thief River Falls was on the map, and the only houses that were here then were the claim shanty of the late John B. LaBree and a small house which Mr. Kratka had erected for his family to live in. With the exception of Alderman W. J. LaBree, who was then a small boy living here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kratka are the oldest residents of what now is a part of the original townsite of Thief River Falls. Of course there were other settlers residing upon claims in this vicinity who make Thief River Falls their home, but these were not so numerous, as most of the land in this section twenty years ago belonged to the government.

Mr. Kratka came here for the express purpose of starting a city, being interested in the enterprise with the late Carl Kretzschmar, and the two purchased the claim of the late John LaBree and had it platted into city lots. They named the new town Thief River Falls and the first hard fight that they had to make was to secure the establishment of a post office here. The nearest post office was Rockstad, two miles south of here. J. W. Willin, now city treasurer, was the postmaster. It took a lot of hard work to convince the government that Thief River Falls was a more important place than Rackstad, but this was finally accomplished.

During all the years that Mr. and Mrs. Kratka have been residents of Thief River Falls they have been held in high esteem by the people here and it is only to be hoped that twenty years from now they will still be residents of the best city in northern Minnesota.

Sandridge May Have a Creamery.

Farmers living up in the vicinity of Sandridge held a meeting at that place last Saturday afternoon and considered the proposition of building a creamery at that place this spring. It was found that there were some 600 cows in the vicinity of Sandridge and this is thought to be a sufficient number to keep a creamery busy. No definite action regarding the matter was, however, taken, and another meeting will be held in the near future, when the matter of building the creamery will be decided.

PENNINGTON IN DULUTH.

General Manager of the Soo Was in Duluth Last Saturday.

As a Result Duluth Papers Indulge in Some Railroad Talk.

Saturday's Duluth Herald: E. Pennington, vice president and general manager of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railway, is in the city today from Minneapolis and is in conference with W. F. Fitch, president of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road. The meeting, it is understood, has to do with the building of a line from Duluth to Carrington, N. D., by either the Soo or South Shore roads, probably the former. They are all in the same family, anyway, allied with the Canadian Pacific, so it doesn't make much difference which builds the extension.

C. E. Lytle, general superintendent of the South Shore, and Nelson Cadarette, head draughtsman of the road, were in the city this week also. Their visit is thought to have had something to do with the proposed extension. Two or three surveys, any one of which it is said the road is likely to follow, are understood to have been completed, and all that remains is to select one of the three. No doubt exists that the route will follow as nearly as possible a direct line between the Head of the Lakes and Carrington, which is located on the main line of the Soo almost directly west of Duluth.

It is understood that the road will pass through Superior, and that it will connect with the South Shore there. When it is completed, the allied lines will have a direct haul from the Canadian Northwest to the Head of the Lakes, making good connections with Winnipeg, for the extension will form a junction with the Winnipeg branch of the Soo at Waubun, Minn., or near there.

The general belief is that work will begin on the extension this spring, and that rails will be laid the entire distance within a period of two years. There is also good reason to believe that the Soo contemplates beginning work this spring on an extension from Frederic, Wis., to Duluth, a line which has long been under consideration. The distance is only about 100 miles, and the building of this piece of track would give the Soo direct rail communication between the Twin Cities and the Head of the Lakes.

Joe Did Business.

Joseph Duchamp was up to the Red Lake Agency last week to be present at the Indian payment, some $22,000 being distributed among the reds, and succeeded in squaring up a number of old accounts. He also sold four horses and in every way the trip proved a very profitable one to him.

At the payment made about a month previous, however, Mr. Duchamp did not do so well, according to rumor. It is said that he purchased some mink skins from the Indians at this time and, when he later tried to dispose of them to a fur house, found that the skins had been taken from black cats and did not command as good a price as he had anticipated.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

"Where Your Dollar Does Its Duty."

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Family Shoe Store

TAKE a peep in the next time you are along, whether you want shoes or not, and see in what masterful way we have prepared for the spring shoe business.

Men's, Boys', Women's, Children's,
---all sorts of wants well provided for, and done the way we always do things. That means not only the largest variety for selection, but better shoes for the money. We are ready to show you when you are ready to look---

The Golden Rule Shoe Department.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS.
FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY,
ICE CREAM,
HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	60c
Oats	30c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 26.—Wheat—May, 77⅛c; July, 79⅛c; Sept., 77⅝@77¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅝c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 26.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅝c; May, 77⅝c; July, 79¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16; May, $1.17¼; July, $1.18¾; Sept., $1.17½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.75; veals, $2.00@5.25. Hogs—$6.00@6.20. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $5.25@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 26.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.55@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.65; Texans, $3.75@4.60. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.15@6.42½; good heavy, $6.30@6.40; rough heavy, $6.15@6.25; light, $6.15@6.45; pigs, $5.90@6.20. Sheep, $3.90@6.20; lambs, $4.75@6.85.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 26.—Wheat—May, 77⅝@77¾c; July, 77½c. Corn—May, 43⅝c; July, 44⅝c. Oats—May, 30⅝c; July, 29⅝c. Pork—May, $16.32½; July, $16.22½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.13; Southwestern, $1.07; May, $1.15. Butter—Creameries, 16@26½c; dairies, 16@23c. Eggs—12½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens and springs, 12½c.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Holt last Saturday.

Dr. Grundy was up to Germantown last week.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

J. J. Weeks was up to Strathcona Monday on business.

P. Floe, of Stephen, was in the city last week on business.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

See the little folks at the Evenson Hall Friday evening, March 30.

F. C. Niclai was up in Roseau county the first of the week selling his cigars.

Henry Diebol returned to this city from a trip to Long Prairie last Saturday.

Charles Alexander returned to this city last Saturday from the Red Lake country.

—All kinds of fresh, salted and smoked fish during Lent. Oysters best in the city. Hankey & Glaser.

Attorney G. E. Carr went down to Minneapolis last Friday evening, returning the first of the week.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Ole O. Nelson was in from Thorwick last week and had his name enrolled upon the News subscription books.

John Kivel went down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday evening to act as court bailiff during this term of court.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

C. F. Sloe, assistant cashier of the First National Bank of Warren, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

—Farm to rent—A good farm three miles from town, 200 acres under cultivation, good pasture and fire wood free. Inquire of D. P. O'Neill.

M O D E L MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

L. Berard is down from the woods.

—Penny pictures at Borry's gallery.

Attorney Cooke spent Sunday in Crookston.

—Dr. Tupper has money to loan on city property.

C. A. Hitchcock was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Moscow Yeatman resigned his official position with the Antlers Club on Sunday.

See Tom Thumb's wedding at the Evenson Hall on Friday evening, March 30.

S. H. Clark expects to leave this city on either Saturday or Monday for his western trip.

For sale—Homestead relinquishment with improvements. Town 155, range 39. Inquire at this office.

Calesta Caldwell, who had been visiting Mrs. Fred Gobler at Nekoma, N. D., returned to this city last Saturday.

—For Sale—One well improved quarter section about 6 miles northeast of Germantown; $1,600. Inquire of the News. 13

H. G. Dobner returned to this city Sunday morning from a two weeks' visit with friends at Lake City and St. Paul.

—Furnished rooms with or without board at Mrs. Wm. Robinson's. First house north of Central school house on LaBree avenue. 13

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Peterson, who spent last week here visiting Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Peterson, returned to Crookston last Saturday.

For Sale—A good team of farm horses, one six and the other eight years old; weight about 1,300; sound in every respect. Olson Bros.

A valise was found on the road between St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls last Friday by Daniel Sullivan. The owner can have the same by calling for it at this office.

The farmers expect to start up their creamery here about the 15 of April. A butter maker has not yet been hired, but Dairy Inspector Joel Winkjer has agreed to secure a good man for the association.

Peter Eberhardt has nearly completed the work of building the large steamboat which will be used on the Red Lake river during the coming season to pick up dead head logs. The boat is one of the best ever built here.

Ole Torrison, who was one of the party of Thief River Falls citizens who took the trip to Cuba, returned to this city Monday. Ole has been spending considerable time visiting the south and reports having had a most enjoyable time.

Wm. Vaughan, the postmaster and general merchant at Germantown, was in the city to spend Sunday. He reports that the creamery will start up about the 1st of April and then the farmers up there will be enjoying all kinds of prosperity.

New oak pews were installed in the Catholic church here last week, and the interior of the church now presents a decidedly better appearance. The old pews have been sold to the Catholic church at Leo, near Greenbush, in Roseau county, and have been shipped to that place.

D. P. O'Neill came up from his Norman county farm last Saturday to visit with his family for a few days. He reports that he is getting everything in shape to start seeding as soon as the frost goes out of the ground and anticipates that that the crop this year will be a good one.

An exchange says a young man recently got even with a girl who had jilted him by sending her a request to go driving, and, when she had joyfully accepted and rigged herself out in her best clothes, he cruelly sent her a hammer and a lot of nails, with the information that she could drive all she pleased.

—Go to the Thief River Falls Meat Market for your home-made sausages of all kinds, home-made jelly pig's feet, soused pig's feet, cooked minced corned beef, preared corned beef, blood pudding fresh every day, and all kinds of fresh meats and provisions. Best in the city. Everything up-to-date. Give us a call. Hankey & Glaser.

Quite often the excuse penned by the parents is as full of humor as is the child's production. Here are a couple of excuses. "Please excuse little Mary from attending school today, as she has an illustrated throat with glaciers on both sides," was a note sent to a teacher. "Pleas sur, Jonnie was kep home today. I have had twins. It shant occur again. Yours truly. Mrs. Smith."—Ex.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We ca save ayou money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Bob Lonson is down from the woods.

—Souviner postal cards of the city at Borry's gallery.

M. C. Burns will sell at cost one fourteen-shoe drill.

Dr. Tupper was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

—First class dining room gril wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday evening at 7:30.

Chas. Newberry was over to Grand Forks the first of the week on business.

—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hourish, of Germantown, last Thursday.

—Three sixteen foot store buildings for sale; can be fixed over into dwellings. Apply to Dr. Grundy.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Miss Marian Annand and Miss McDougall entertained a numder of lady friends Tuesday evening.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston the first of the week to look after his business interests here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Bergelund returned to this city the first of the week from a visit with friends at Climax.

Miss Hoff, of the local postoffice, went to St. Hilaire Tuesday evening to assist Postmaster Post for a few days.

Mrs. Morgan Vaughan and daughter and Miss Sarah Vaughan, of Germantown, are visiting relatives in this city.

Miss Adams, of the Warren city schools, is in the city spending her Easter vacation with Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

A. C. Baker came up from Decorah, Iowa, yesterday and will remain for a few days looking after his business interests here.

For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

Herman Swanke arrived here yesterday from Wisconsin and will spend a few weeks upon his claim before commencing work in the saw mill.

Peter Eberhardt leaves the first of next week for Prince Albert, Canada, where he will build a large tow boat for the Winton company up there.

Dr. Cummings, the genial St. Hilaire physician, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters and shaking hands with his many friends here.

Policeman James Farr entertained a number of his friends Sunday, the occasion being the 40th anniversary of his birth. Some 27—all old residents—were present to aid him in celebrating the event.

Lost—One Russian calf fur coat between Thief River Falls and Sec. 31, Silverton, on the road crossing the ferry. Finder please notify John Nordly, Brunkeberg, Minn., and receive reward.

Prof. Hay, of the city schools, was up to Middle River last Saturday. A meeting of the teachers' association of eastern Marshall county was held at that place on that day and Prof. Hay took a part in the program.

The annual meeting of the Society of Women Works of the Presbyterian church will be held at the church parlors on Friday afternoon, April 6, at 3 o'clock. Officers are to be elected and other important business transacted. A large attendance is desired.

George Curran, E. J. Morrison, W. A. Wright, W. B. Fuller, W. K. Nichols, A. C. Berg and C. W. Stewart were down to Crookston last Friday night to witness the presentation of the "Isle of Spice" at the Crookston opera house. They say that the play was a good one.

James McAnulty, father of County Superintendent H. T. McAnulty, died Monday evening of last week at his home in Red Lake Falls. The funeral services were held Wednesday at St. Mary's church and the remains taken to Faribault for interment. He was 76 years of age and leaves a widow and six children to mourn his loss.

John Kringlin went down to St. Hilaire yesterday.

Fresh lettuce, radishes, onions, rhubard and celery at the Golden Rule Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton are expected to return the latter part of this week or the first of next week.

James Meehan came up from St. Paul yesterday to spend a few days looking after his business interests here.

Chris Amundson went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

M. C. Harlow left last evening for Iowa points to look after business interests he has down there for a week or more.

Andrew Lang was called to Springfield, Ill., Tuesday by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his mother.

John Olson, one of the News' staunch friends up at Germantown, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

John F. Dablow, one of the settlers on the eleven towns who had been visiting friends at Morris, Minn., returned to this city last week.

Miss Bessie Converse, of St. Paul, arrived here the first of the week and will be the trimmer in the new millinery store to be opened here by Miss Lakin.

Charles Shirley discontinued his dray and transfer business here last week and has accepted the position of barn boss for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at Mrs. Erick Fellman's next Friday afternoon, March 30th. All are cordially invited to attend.

—For Sale—The Fairfield hotel, building and furniture. Building new and in good condition. Inquire of Ole Isaacson at the hotel, up near the Soo roundhouse. 17

H. L. Dudley came up from Crookston Tuesday to take a position with the Press. When the company is incorporated, Mr. Dudley will take some stock in the enterprise.

The Antlers Club had a social session last evening. Cards and dancing were the amusements and the music for the occasion was furnished by the Red Lake Falls orchestra.

F. C. Franciscoe, who has been chief clerk for Supt. Michaels for the past year, left the first of the week for Duluth, where he has accepted a position with the Northern Pacific.

B. E. Tieman, one of our eleven towns farmers, who has been working in the woods up near Blackduck, returned to this city last week and ordered the News sent to his address here.

The streets of Thief River Falls were in rather bad condition yesterday and the crossings almost impassable. It would seem that some men should be put to work by the council.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

M. C. Knutson, of Iowa, who had spent about six weeks here visiting his uncles, W. W. and H. R. Williams, left Monday evening for Spokane, Wash., where he will make his future home.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Burns were down to St. Hilaire last Saturday to attend the funeral of the four weeks old son of Mr. and Mrs. Davin Collins. Mrs. Burns and Mrs. Collins are sisters.

A report was in circulation the first of the week to the effect that a son of Mrs. Cunningham had been killed at the Soo railroad crossing north of town. How the story was started no one knows, but there is no foundation for the rumor.

Mrs. Chas. A. Robbecke and Mrs. Kretzschmar went to Stephen last Saturday to attend the silver wedding anniversary of Hon. and Mrs. H. O. Hanson, which event was celebrated Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Hanson were old residents of Thief River Falls and their many friends here extend congratulations.

Deputy Game Warden Jones was up from Crookston yesterday. When asked regarding the article which appeared in the News last week taken from the Crookston Journal to the effect that he had recieved a letter from an unknown party while at a hotel here which was of a threatening nature, he said that it was true.

Oscar Hanson, the popular agent for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company at Sandridge, was in the city Sunday shaking hands with his numerous friends here. Mr. Hanson had with him his wife, having been married on the 16th of March to Miss Pauline Ring, and received the congratulations of his numerous friends here.

Miss Louise Engelstad, who has been attending the agricultural college of the state university during the past six months, arrived here Monday evening over the Soo and will remain until next fall with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Engelstad, of Rocksbury. She is the first Red Lake county pupil to attend this institution, but it is to be hoped that there will be more of them in the future. Miss Engelstad will return again next fall and expects to graduate from the college.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

All of the packers who were indicted by the federal grand jury at Chicago last summer upon charges of being in conspiracy in restraint of trade and commerce have been granted immunity from criminal prosecution under the indictment by order of Judge Humphrey. While the individuals are to go free the indictments found against the corporations, of which some of the indicted individuals are members and others are employes, are to stand.

Judge O'Sullivan of the New York court of general sessions has decided that if the grand jury which is investigating some of the conditions developed by the recent legislative investigation reaches the conclusion that contributions to insurance companies to political campaign committees were made with intent to deprive or defraud the true owner of his property it must find that larceny was committed and indict the guilty parties.

Counsel for the Standard Oil company, at the investigation being conducted in New York city by Attorney General Hadley of Missouri, has agreed to have noted on the records of the hearing an admission that the stock of the Republic Oil company, the Waters-Pierce Oil company and the Standard Oil company of Indiana is held in trust by the Standard Oil company of New Jersey.

The lower house of the Iowa legislature, by a vote of 48 to 12, passed the anti-discrimination bill, which is intended to oust the Standard Oil from Iowa or compel a revision of their business methods. The bill prohibits discriminating rates for oil and is patterned after the Missouri law.

Suit has been begun against former President McCurdy of the Mutual Life Insurance company, who is charged with the waste of large sums of money through alleged unfaithfulness and neglect in the discharge of his duties. Damages amounting to over $2,250,000 are demanded.

The present year promises to be a remarkable one for railway construction. According to the Railway Age there are now under way 13,014 miles of new roads and what are termed "live projects" provide for the building of 8,433 miles more.

A radical change in the affairs of Zion City industries, by which John Alexander Dowie will retire from the management of its business affairs and all of its manufacturing institutions will be incorporated, has been announced.

The Iowa house, by a vote of 73 to 6, has passed the senate resolution calling upon Governor Cummins to make good his charges that railroad influence was used to defeat the primary election bill.

Trade of the United States with Canada in the fiscal year 1905 aggregated $202,999,213, against $89,429,096 in 1904.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

It is now generally admitted that between forty and fifty persons met death in the collision of the two Denver and Rio Grande passenger trains near Adobe, Colo., on March 16. A list of more than forty missing persons who are supposed to have been passengers on the wrecked train has been prepared.

Nine persons were killed and thirteen injured when an accommodation train on the Chicago and Northwestern railway's new branch ran into a washout on the prairie twenty-six miles west of Casper, Wyo. Most of the persons killed and injured were workmen on the way to the grading camps.

Eighty-five lives were lost and fifty-four ships were wrecked along the coast of New England and the maritime provinces during the past winter. While the season was comparatively mild on shore at sea it was one of extreme severity, particularly in waters of the provinces.

A typhoid fever epidemic of startling proportions is in progress at Fort William, Ont., at the Canadian Head of the Lakes. The town has a population of 7,500 and there are 600 sick with the disease. Numerous deaths have occurred.

Four firemen perished and about a score of firemen and citizens were injured in a fire at New York city accompanied by a series of explosions that demolished a six-story foundry building at Bedford and Downing streets.

Seaman R. D. Holly of Plymouth, Ind., is dead at the naval training station at Newport, R. I., of spinal meningitis, making the eighteenth death since the outbreak of the disease.

Seven persons, representing three generations of one family, were killed on the Philadelphia and Reading railway at Hass crossing, one mile south of Seabury, Pa.

Fire at Newport, R. I., destroyed the Fall River line steamer Plymouth and damaged the freight steamer City of Lowell. The loss is estimated at $1,000,000.

While preaching to his congregation Rev. J. B. Lantz, pastor of a Latter Day Saints' church at Carson, Ia., was struck by lightning. He died within an hour.

Two men, P. S. McGuire and E. M. Vanhorsem, together with eight horses and a cow were roasted to death in a freight car near Gardner station, N. D.

The public schools at Edgerton, Wis., have been closed by the state board of health owing to an epidemic of scarlet fever.

LABOR NEWS.

Reports are being received by the miners' delegates at Indianapolis from their local unions that the coal companies are taking preliminary steps to get on a strike basis. They are calling in the miners' account books, according to these reports, withdrawing credit from the miners at the company stores, pressing collections and in some cases threatening eviction.

GREAT OPENING OF SPRING MILLINERY

Commencing Saturday,

MARCH 31,

AND LASTING ONE WEEK.

MISS MARIE MOLAND

LA BREE AVENUE

BOX ELDER MAPLE SYRUP

Said That Indians Tap Box Elder Trees and Make Maple Syrup.

Can Not Be Told from the Genuine Article and Sells Good.

Did you ever hear of maple sugar being made from the sap of the box elder tree? J. F. Jones, of St. Paul, was telling a number of his friends about this a few days ago. Mr. Jones said:

"When I was up in the woods of the Red Lake country two years ago this spring, I ran across a camp of Indians who made sugar in this fashion. I suppose that, under the circumstances, it would be more proper to call it box elder sugar, but in taste one couldn't tell it from the variety made from the maple sap. It was just as good in every way, and I was told by settlers that large quantities are made every year from the elder sap, and that sometimes, where maple and box elder grow in the same district, the sap is mixed, with very satisfactory results.

"One can generally find maple sugar about an Indian camp. The reds like it, and in this day make quite a little money by putting it up and selling it to whites. One method is to do it up foxily in birch bark boxes and offer it through the stores to any one who wants to buy it. I don't know how much the Indian gets out of it under this plan, but the storekeeper generally charges a fancy price.

"The sugar is mighty good, and a person can generally depend upon its being pure, if he knows it is of Indian manufacture, but the chances are it would not be so pleasing to the palate if the person who is enjoying it could see it in the process of making. I wasn't at the camp in question long enough to see the finished product produced, but the settlers told us that the ways of the Indian are none too clean in the manufacture of anything to eat, and that sometimes old blankets were used to strain the sap and syrup."

Made Him Pray.

An old man named Jim Baldwin, having lost his hat in an old dry well one day, hitched a rope to a stump and let himself down. A wicked wag named Neil came along just then and, quietly detaching a bell from Baldwin's old blind horse, approached the well, bell in hand, and began to ting-a-ling. Jim thought that the old horse was coming and said: "Hang the old blind horse: he's coming this way, sure, and he ain't got any more sense than to fall in on me—whoa, Bill!" The sound came closer. "Great Jerusalem! the old fool will be right on top of me in a minit—whoa, Bill—whoa, Bill!" Neil kicked a little dirt on Jim's head, and Jim began to pray: "O, Lord! have mercy on me—whoa, Bill—a poor sinner; I'am gone now—whoa, Bill—our Father, which art in—whoa, Bill—hallowed be thy—gee, Bill! Gee! What'll I do?—name. Now I lay me down to sl——gee, Bill!" Just then in fell more dirt. "O, Lord; if you ever intend to do anything for me—back, Bill, whoa—Thy Kingdom come—gee, Bill; O, Lord you know I was baptized in Smith's mill dam—whoa, Bill! ho! up! murder! whoa!" Neil could hold in no longer and shouted a laugh which might have been heard two miles, which was about as far as Jim chased him when he got out.

The little children in Miss Annand's and Miss Prior's rooms at the Central school will give an entertainment in the Evenson hall on Friday evening, March 30. An admission of 15 cents will be charged.

Subscribe for the News.

JENSEN SOON TO RESIGN.

Popular Eastern Marshall County Commissioner So Announces.

Chairmen of Various Towns of His District to Elect His Successor.

Warren Sheaf: Chairman Jensen, of the board of county commissioners, was in the city this week and in the course of a conversation he stated that, having sold his property at Germantown and expecting to take up his residence in Thief River Falls, he would not continue to hold the office longer than was necessary to close up whatever county business was at present under his hands.

Regular meetings of the board will be held March 30 and April 3, and on the latter date he will hand in his resignation, to take effect on May 1. His being chairman of the board makes it necessary that this length of time be taken, as he has to sign the bills passed at the coming meetings, which can not be done until 30 days have passed.

The vacancy caused by his resignation will have to be filled by chairmen of the boards of supervisors of the various towns comprising the fifth commissioner district. These towns are Excel, Adger, Grand Plain, Moylan, Esplee, Holt, Eckvoll, Valley, Cedar, Rollis, Veldt, Como, Thief Lake, Moose River and East Valley.

The county auditor will notify the chairmen of these towns when they shall meet at his office here in Warren to choose a successor to Mr. Jensen. The district is a large and important one and it is necessary that an able man be chosen to take the place of Mr. Jensen, who has been an efficient officer.

STOLE PINE.

Government Makes Out a Clear Case Against a Logger Named Jones.

Special Land Agent Layman was at Cass Lake last week, where he had been conducting a case against a logger, Jones, who is charged with taking timber off the government land on which he made a fraudulent entry. The logger was connected with the Shevlin concern which operates at Rainy River. He is accused of taking seven thousand dollars' worth of lumber from the government lands above Northome and Ripple and placing it with the Canadian concern. Though the government made a plain case against him, the case was continued at the motion of the defendant's attorney, Frank A. Price.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are Practical stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a Thoro and Practical training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, Minnesota

IS FIRST IN EVERYTHING

A Red Lake County Farmer Who Is Like George Washington.

Peter Engelstad Is Gaining a Reputation for Being Progressive.

Peter Engelstad, the well known Rocksbury farmer, holds the belt for doing things first in Red Lake county. Last summer he built a silo, the first one in the county, and this summer he will build another, which will be the second. Last fall he purchased a corn binder and it was the first one ever brought into this county. To cap the climax, Mr. Engeltad was in Thief River Falls Monday and while here closed a deal for the purchase of a corn planter and this, too, is the first corn planter ever sold to a Red Lake county farmer. We might also mention that Mr. Engelstad was the first Red Lake county farmer to send one of his children to the agricultural school of the state university, but if we were to mention all of the things which Mr. Engelstad does first, it would take about all of the space that this paper has to devote to news matters. In fact, Mr. Engelstad is one of the farmers of this section who is demonstrating that farming here is a profitable occupation. He is one of the pioneer residents of Red Lake county, having taken his present farm as a homestead from the government. All that he has he has made from this farm, and financially he is one of the solid men of the county.

Mr. Engelstad expects to put in about 25 or 30 acres of fodder corn this season, which will be a sufficient amount to fill his two silos.

WAS NOT ASSAULTED

Miss Boe's Mind Was Temporarily Deranged and She Imagined It.

Considerable of a sensation was created about town last week by the report that Miss Pauline Boe, a domestic employed by J. W. Wallin, had been assaulted one night last week by two masked men. The story of the assault was told by Miss Boe and she has been in more or less of a hysterical condition ever since. At first the story was generally believed, but investigation of the matter has resulted in the authorities coming to the conclusion that the assault was committed only in the imagination of Miss Boe. Her mind is thought to be temporarily deranged, but Dr. Bockman, who is attending her, states that she is improving rapidly. There are no marks of violence upon her anywhere.

Miss Boe's parents reside at Newfolden, but she is at present staying at the home of a friend in this city. She recently was converted in one of the churches here, and worry over religious matters, together with a nervous disposition, are assigned as the cause of her hysterics.

A Good Fellow for Sure.

A prominent Duluth hardware dealer relates a story of a stove which he had recently sold to a French Canadian customer, who had recently moved into northern Minnesota. Some days after the stove had been delivered, the dealer was astonished to receive a letter from the customer which ran as follows: "For who did you not send de feets wit de stove? haf one chance to sell dat stove to my neighbor is I haf its feets but he no want to buy and I miss one sale dat works no good for me. Is it dat my trade moneys is no so good as other people's dat you send me no feets or is it dat you want to work one injury on me which I tink is a bad shame and I haf no more use for your business. N. B.—Since I write this letter I find my feets in de oven so you are a good fellow for sure."

Resolutions.

Resolved, by the body of farmers assembled at the Evenson hall on March 21st,

First, that we extend our sincere thanks to Mr. Prichard for his splendid work in the building of a creamery and operating the same and for otherwise encouraging dairying in our locality.

Second, that this resolution be published in our local papers.

These resolutions were unanimously carried.

COMMITTEE.

To Buy Lumber of Indians.

George Diebel, of the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory, was up to the Red Lake Agency last week, where he met a large number of Indians and made a proposition to them to purchase the surplus output of their saw mill at the Agency. At present the Indians are not allowed to sell the lumber, but they are going to take the matter up with the authorities at Washington and it is quite likely that they will be allowed to do this.

Subscribe for the News.

SHOWMAN IS IN TROUBLE

Son-in-Law of Billy Bennett Arrested at Morris, Minn.

Was Charged With Kidnapping Two Little Children.

Billy Bennett, the showman, who has visited Thief River Falls several times, has trouble on his hands, not of his own making. Some time ago Mr. Bennett's daughter and Chas. Underwood were arrested at Little Falls for getting married without papa's consenting. And it seems from the following, taken from the Morris Sun, that Bennett's son-in-law is causing more trouble. The Sun says:

Charles Underwood, proprietor of the Belle Underwood Vaudeville company, which held forth at Donnelly on Monday and Tuesday evenings of this week, was arrested by Sheriff Delahunt and brought before Justice Morrison for trial Monday on a charge of kidnapping. It seems that Mrs. Underwood, the star of the company, is a daughter of Billy Bennett, the popular showman, and was married to Underwood against her father's wishes. Later Underwood and his wife started a vaudeville company of their own, and while stopping at a hotel in Estavan, Can., Adolph Goodnow, who made the complaint against Underwood Monday morning, overheard the two talking show matters and informed them that he had two boys at home in his family of fifteen children who would make valuable members of their company. Mr. and Mrs. Underwood accordingly visited his home and, finding the boys as represented by the father, made them, as well as an older brother, members of the show company, which was later organized. A short time ago the older of the three brothers quit the company on account of brutal treatment and informed his father that the two younger boys were also being maltreated. Billy Bennett, together with the father, began to look into the matter and made a demand for the boys, but they were ordered away at the point of a gun by Underwood while the company was holding forth at Tintah.

Goodnow thought best to get some assistance from the authorities, and came to Morris for help last Monday morning, swearing out his warrant on a charge of kidnapping, as Underwood refused to give up the boys at his request. In all the kidnapping cases that have come before Judge Morrison during his many years of experience, he never saw one exactly like this one, so, after the hearing, he let Underwood off with the costs and let the old man have his boys. Goodnow and his three boys left on the evening train for their home in Canada, and Underwood and his wife left for Donnelly to take charge of their show.

The two boys were 6 and 7 years of age.

The Saltiest of the Salt Seas.

Some idea of the saltness of the waters of the Dead sea may be gained from the comparison made below. The Dead sea is situated in Palestine, 20 miles east of Jerusalem. It is 85 miles long and from 10 to 15 miles wide, with an average depth of 20 fathoms (120 feet). Common ocean water contains but 30 parts of salt to the 1,000. Those of the Dead sea contain 250 parts to the 1,000, which makes the briny solution exactly one-fourth salt.

The Calibar Bean.

The famous Calabar bean is said to be worse than strychnine. The natives use it for an ordeal. If a person is accused of a crime he is made to eat one, being adjudged to be guilty in case of death, which is almost inevitable. Another seed employed for a like purpose is that of the ordeal tree of Madagascar, said to be the most deadly of vegetable products. One of these seeds about the size of an almond will kill twenty men.

The
BEER
for
YOU
is
Hamm's
"NEW BREW"
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

Opening of Fashionable SPRING MILLINERY.

APRIL 3 TO 6.

FIRST-CLASS ST. PAUL TRIMMER. A CORDIAL INVITATION IS EXTENDED TO ALL.

MISS LAKIN,

Located in Old First State Bank Building, Fronting on Second Street.

FOR SALE

I have horses on hand continually --- farm horses and drivers. Also some good oxen.

O. TESSUM

The News, $1 Per Year.

Announcement

WE are ready to give figures on building material and finish in hard and soft wood, stair work, store fronts and fixtures, saloon, bank, post office and office fixtures.

We buy all kinds of lumber--red and white oak, white and black ash, birch, poplar, basswood and pine--sawed 1, 1¼, 1½, 2 and 2½ in oak, ash, poplar, birch and basswood, 1st and 2nd grade in pine; 1, 1¼, 1½, 2, 2½ and 3 in A, B, C, D and No. 1 grade. Call and see us before you buy. We will save you money.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Near G. N. Depot.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

March 29, 1906.

Wages and building materials have advanced to such an extent that it is said to cost 35 per cent more to build now than it did in 1904, just two years ago.

Reports from Minnesota creameries for 1905 show that 80,000,000 pounds of butter were made in the state during the year. This is a considerable increase over former years.

The farmers up at Middle River will not build a creamery this year, this decision having been arrived at last week. We know nothing of the conditions up at Middle River, but we do know that this is a stock country, and the farmers around here will never *make a success of raising wheat.*

J. F. Jacobson is not compelled to come out and say he is a Roosevelt Republican. He himself started the fashion in this state. For fourteen years he fought the corrupt lobbies in this state, in the interest of the whole people, and he does not have to ride into office on the popularity of Roosevelt or any other man. The people of Minnesota have confidence in Mr. Jacobson, and it commences to look just now as though they were going to make him governor.—Wadena Pioneer-Journal.

The land boom in the Canadian Northwest is said to have turned the heads of many of the conservative business men up there and that unimproved lands in the "Great American Desert" are selling for as high as $15 per acre. Just a few years ago this land could not be sold for $1 per acre, and the present fictitious price is due entirely to the boom they are now having up there. It is a good place for the man with limited means to stay away from. Land in this section affords a much better investment.

Judge Andrew Hamilton's speech before the New York legislature was but a demonstration of what "modern business" has done for the politics of this country. Judge Hamilton has for years been the confidential agent of the New York Life and other large insurance companies, and he and men under him have looked after the legislatures of New York and every other state in the union. They have seen to it that no laws were passed which would "disturb conditions," or, to speak more plainly, they have beaten meritorious measures in the interests of the many for the benefit of the few. This costs a lot of money, and during the investigations into the ways of life insurance companies it came to light that Judge Hamilton spent about three million dollars of the New York Life company's money in this manner. The directors of the company proposed to make Judge Hamilton the scape goat, but he returned unexpectedly, and, in a remarkable speech before the legislature, he denounced the directors, who sat before him, and said that the insurance affairs of this country could not be safely handled as long as curs like they managed our companies. Judge Hamilton is right. Quite likely he possesses more manliness and honesty than the directors who engaged him to do as he did. We do not propose to defend Judge Hamilton, but he in reality is but a creation of the "system," and the "system" itself is but a corrupt machine which gathers the dollars of the people for the benefit of our financial kings, who pose as clean, honorable citizens. We are always glad when men like Hamilton have a row with their employes. The citizens then have an opportunity to find out what has been going on. The real culprits connected with the New York Life Insurance company are not men like Hamilton. They are the directors themselves.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Cream of Tartar Powder Made From Grapes

No Alum

In one of his speeches against rate-control, Mr. James J. Hill said that an increase or decrease of a fraction of a cent in the ton-mile charge of freights on his line would make a difference of millions of dollars in receipts. The Wall Street Journal compares the ton-mile rates of the Great Northern and the Pennsylvania system for the year 1905. The former carried 17,535,789 tons 4,170, 160,-658 miles, earning $33,512,743, or 0.792 of a cent for carrying one ton one mile. The Pennsylvania carried 233,011,237 tons 29,503,-147,362 miles, earning $187,224,-330, or 0.635 of a cent for carrying one ton one mile. Had the latter received the same ton-mile rate on its business which the Great Northern received, its gross earnings would have been $46,440,596 greater than they were. It carried fourteen times as many tons seven times as many miles, earning 5.6 times as many dollars at 0.157 of a cent less per ton mile. Had the Great Northern received the ton-mile rate of the Pennsylvania, its gross earnings would have been $6,547,152 less than they were. And the difference in the ton-mile rates was but 0.157 of a cent.

Halvor's Bill is Popular.

Congressman Steenerson, it would appear, will win fame in all parts of the United States if he succeeds in having his swamp reclamation act pass this session of congress. While Mr. Steenerson introduced this bill with a view of aiding in the development of northern Minnesota, it is found to be very popular in all parts of the United States where drainage is needed. His measure is framed after the irrigation law, and provides that the receipts from the sales of public lands in the non-irrigation states shall constitute a "drainage" fund to be expended by the government in great drainage works, and, further, that the cost of such drainage shall be prorated among the land benefited and paid back by the settlers into the "fund," to be used over again for additional reclamation work.

There are in the neighborhood of 100,000,000 acres of swamp lands in the United States, some 70,000,000 of which have been surveyed, and the great bulk would make splendid farms if the excess of water were drained off. Thus it will be seen that there are many other sections besides northern Minnesota that are interested in this bill.

The Steenerson bill places the entire management of the work in the hands of the reclamation service and the plan of operation follows very closely the irrigation work now being done by that branch of the interior department. Government lands, ceded Indian lands and private lands may be included in any drainage project, but in each case the cost of the drainage improvement is to be born by the owner of the land, and no settlers can have drainage provided for more than 160 acres, thus insuring the division of the tracts into small farms which must be actually settled upon and tilled.

This work the reclamation service is qualified to do at this very moment. While primarily an engineering bureau, it has, in all its great irrigation projects, to deal directly with the farmer. It must outline a comprehensive drainage system for each irrigation project, since there is as much danger from too much irrigation as too little, and to do this the service has its own farm and soil experts. Some of the irrigation projects have distinctively drainage features, in fact are almost as much drainage as they are irrigation projects.

The fund provided by the bill would be small as compared with the irrigation fund—it would approximate half a million dollars a year and would start off with about a $1,000,000, the receipts from the sales for the fiscal year 1905 being included—but, on the other hand, the cost of drainage would not be so great as that of irrigation.

The importance of this work of wholesale drainage, in order to provide homes for increased population, is scarcely second in importance to the irrigation work. It means that tens of millions of acres of the most fertile land imaginable, which has lain idle for ages, may be converted from dismal and pestilential swamps and useless bogs into highly prosperous homes, to become the garden spots of the nation.

If the Steenerson bill demonstrates that the government can transform swamps into fertile farm land and that the settler or owner will pay back to the government the relatively small cost of the improvement, there seems to be no reason why this work of creation of value out of worthless waste should not go on indefinitely and provide homes for millions more of rural population.

Rapping the Senate.

It has become quite the thing for the daily and periodical press to rap the United States senate at frequent intervals.

It is a good thing. It needs rapping, and lots of it, says the Duluth Herald. It needs hard rapping, too, only it should not become so hard and passionate as to breed sympathy for its objects. They don't deserve it.

As a change from general attacks upon the senate as a body one popular magazine is picking out the ring leaders one at a time, and giving a brilliant writer a free hand to rap them individually as well as collectively. He is showing what each of these traitor senators really represents, and why and how they are always to be found on the side opposite the interests of the people.

It's a good thing. It's splendid. It's the only way to bring them to time. On the railroad rate question it has already resulted in bringing some of the railroad senators into the popular camp, including several of the leading supporters of the Hepburn bill. If it is kept up, it will bring more of them into line, and it may even rouse the people so they will pay attention to their civic duties and elect legislatures that will send to the senate men who will represent the people, and will not have to be hammered into line in case of need.

This is the only way to win back the defenses of the people from the large interests, which have captured the senate. They have concentrated their forces quietly on this one weak spot in our ramparts, knowing that to win it is all they need, since it gives them free entrance to the fortress. They have not the president, and if they have the house, the house dares not show it. They have not the courts to as full an extent as they have the senate. But having the senate, it is nearly as bad as if they had it all, since through its use they have been able to defy the people. It is like a fort, strong on all sides but one, where treachery has opened a breach through which the enemy is stealing.

By controlling state legislatures, they have bought the senate, these busy big interests. The people must awake and take the legislatures back into their own hands, and force them to elect United States senators who will represent them instead of the "interests." In order to wake the people and keep them awake, this rapping at the senate is absolutely necessary.

Therefore, it is a commendable thing, when proof that it is deserved is so ample, to hammer the United States senate. It is to be hoped that the hammering will be kept up until the upper branch of congress is beaten into some semblance of being representative of the people.

HUGE FRAUD IN LANDS.

Widows of Veterans Innocent Tools of a S. D. Concern.

Case Will Be Tried at Sioux Falls on the 5th of April.

New Ulm, Minn., March 23.—Deputy United States Marshal W. W. Rich of St. Paul has served subpoenas on nine widows of veterans of the Civil war as witnesses in a land fraud trial at Sioux Falls April 5.

Three more subpoenas, intended for former residents of New Ulm, will be served on the women in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Northfield.

The government in its campaign against land frauds is said to have discovered a scheme operated with startling success in many towns in Southern Minnesota.

It is charged that a certain land company of Pierre, S. D., sent agents to almost every town from Pierre to Winona, Minn., where there was a G. A. R. post, for the purpose of interesting widows of veterans in South Dakota homesteads with the sole intention of using the widows as innocent tools and securing at a low cost lands illegally homesteaded by the women.

The women, it is said, were prevailed upon to go to Stanley, S. D., to take up homesteads under the federal law granting privileges to widows of veterans and with the understanding that when they had proved up their claims each would be paid $200 for their claims.

WAS USED ILLEGALLY.

Agent Cannot Recover for Beer Given to Voters.

Stillwater, Minn., March 19.—Judge A. E. Doe of the municipal court has decided that Percy F. Ward, local agent for the Jung Brewing company, is not entitled to recover the $312.20 found to be due him from Edwin St John, a candidate for mayor of Stillwater in 1904, for beer, whisky and cigars, distributed gratuitously among qualified voters in order to induce them to vote for Mr. St. John. The court found as a fact that the two men participated knowingly and actively in the distribution and that their conduct tended to promote an illegal and immoral purpose.

INDICATES EARLY NAVIGATION.

Huge Ice Field at Head of Lakes Has Gone Out.

Duluth, March 20.—The great ice field, fully twenty miles long, fitting in between the Minnesota and Wisconsin shores, has gone as quickly as it came. The main body floated off down the lake last week and during the night the high wind removed what ice remained to the south shore, where it occupied a very small compass. Hundreds of people were skating on the ice Sunday.

The leaving of the ice field is regarded as a harbinger of early navigation at the Head of the Lakes.

Another Line to Winnipeg.

Duluth, March 19.—It is understood here that the Great Northern surveyors, who had previously been reported as surveying a line from Hibbing to International Falls, are in reality heading from Dewey Lake to Warroad, on the Canadian Northern. This looks like another line from Duluth to Winnipeg in connection with the Canadian Northern.

Former Minnesota Girl Killed.

Portland, Ore., March 24.—Mrs. Alice Milligan, wife of a tug boat employe at Aberdeen, Wash., but known among her associates here as Miss Alice Gordon, was shot and killed in a lodginghouse during the day by George Blodgett of The Dalles, Ore. She formerly resided at Winona, Minn., her maiden name being Schaenborn.

Used Kerosene to Start Fire.

Aitkin, Minn., March 20.—Albert Flanell, a Frenchman about thirty years old and single, was burned to death at a camp on Snake river, forty miles southeast of here, during the morning. He used kerosene to start a fire in the camp office.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Alfred Scheffer, a prominent St. Paul business man, is dead, aged forty-six.

Henry M. Hart, aged sixty-eight, a pioneer insurance man of St. Paul, is dead.

Louis Schilling, city clerk of New Ulm for twenty years, is dead, aged seventy-one years.

A dozen cases of smallpox have been found at Eagle Lake, a small village just outside Mankato.

Hamline university is to have a $30,000 Carnegie library as soon as it raises an endowment of $30,000 for its maintenance.

W. J. Connolly, a merchant of Benson, was found dead in his bed in the Grand Central hotel in St. Paul from accidental gas poisoning.

William Priebe, twenty-one years old, living one mile north of Highwood, a St. Paul suburb, was killed instantly by a falling tree.

H. G. Coykendall, for more than twenty years a resident of Merriam Park, St. Paul, and one of the veteran railroad builders of the Northwest, is dead.

Charles A. Elmendorf, for ten years Twin City manager of the W. W. Kimball Piano company and one of the most prominent piano men of the Northwest, is dead at Minneapolis.

Erin Dunlap, a pioneer of Minnesota, is dead at Duluth at the age of sixty-six. He served throughout the Civil war as orderly sergeant of Company I of the Forty-third volunteer infantry.

A bill has been introduced by Representative Fletcher providing for the erection at Fort Snelling of an armory and arsenal, the plant to manufacture and supply small arms to the troops in the Northwest.

Henry W. Wheeler, a wealthy real estate owner of Duluth, is dead at the age of eighty-five. He had been a resident of Duluth for fifty-one years and was closely identified with the early growth of the city.

By the will of the late Barnhard Meyer of Mankato, who died during the winter at the age of ninety-seven years, all of his property, with small exception, will go to the German Catholic institutions in that city.

Suit has been brought by the state against the Western Union Telegraph company to recover the balance alleged to be due on the taxes for the years 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904, amounting in the aggregate to $33,-831.33.

At a meeting of the Minneapolis Team Owners' union it was decided to raise the scale for teams for the year 1907. The rates will be $100 per month for sprinkling carts and garbage wagons and 50 cents an hour for day work.

Representatives Stevens, Volstead and Davis appeared before the house committee on claims last week and made arguments in support of the claim of Minnesota for reimbursement for expenses incurred in connection with Indian uprisings in the state.

A note of issue was filed with the clerk of the Hennepin county district court Saturday in the case of Grace Hayward-Ferris against Richard Ferris, the well known actor. The pleadings have not been filed and the attorneys refuse to make public the grounds for the divorce prayed for.

The Great Northern and the Northern Pacific have made an agreement whereby they will use jointly their tracks on the east side of the Mississippi between St. Paul and St. Cloud. This will give the roads a double track service between the two points, for the two tracks are parallel all the way.

A four-year-old son of Emil Asp of South Stillwater was burned to death and the frame dwelling of the family burned to the ground late Thursday afternoon. The boy's mother was severely burned about the face and her hair was burned off in an attempt to enter the door of the flaming building to rescue the child.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state by the Willmar Peat Fuel company, which was organized in Willmar last week with a capital stock of $10,000. The company is making preparations to erect a factory near the peat bogs about two miles south of Willmar for the manufacture of peat fuel.

The village of Lakefield has filed a petition for the removal of the county seat of Jackson county from Jackson to Lakefield. They have obtained 2,040 names on the petition, 1,800 being necessary.—Jackson people will seek to get withdrawals enough from the petition to nullify it and to prevent the question from coming to a vote.

The papers in the $5,000 libel suit brought by Thomas R. Morgan against Rev. Robert Seymour, pastor of St. James' African Methodist Episcopal church of St. Paul, have been filed in the Ramsey county district court. The plaintiff is a member and clerk of the board of trustees of the church and he alleges that the defendant caused to be published a statement which damaged his reputation and good name in the sum of $5,000.

"Shorty" Vesley has been released from the Beltrami county jail after a charge against him of murder in the first degree had been nolled by County Attorney McDonald, who declared evidence against Vesley insufficient to warrant trial at this time. This makes the third man who has been arrested and released on the charge of murdering N. O. Dahl and daughter, Aagot, which occurred at the former's cabin near Quiring in April, 1903.

Falls Candy Kitchen

For Candies Always Right Fresh From the Kettle. . . .

F. JACKSON & COMPANY

Thief River Falls, Minn.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

WIND TAKEN OUT OF RED LAKE FALLS

Judge Watts Holds that Their Appeal to the Supreme Court Was on a Question Which Could Not Be Appealed.

Thief River Falls Attorneys Have Now Made a Motion to Substitute Eckstrom's Name for That of Sutor.

The county seat question came up before Judge Watts at the term of court which convened at Red Lake Falls Monday, and the down-river town was knocked out of the box slick and clean. It appears that the Red Lake Falls attorneys have been sleeping and were caught unawares.

The first move made by the Red Lake Falls attorneys was to have the mandamus proceedings stricken from the calender on the grounds that they had appealed the case to the supreme court. Judge Watts held that the appeal which the Red Lake Falls attorneys had made was from an order which could not be appealed and that it had not, therefore, passed out of the jurisdiction of his court and denied the motion. This was a blow to the Red Lake Falls side of the case which completely took the wind out of their sails, and leaves them no ground upon which to stand.

Attorney Cooke, upon behalf of the Thief River Falls petitioners, then moved to have the name of P. A. Eckstrom substituted for that of James Sutor. As Red Lake Falls was all at sea at the turn the proceedings had taken, they moved that a stay in the proceedings be had until this morning, when it will again come up for trial.

As Eckstrom is now the county commissioner representing the district which was formerly represented by Sutor, it seems very probable that he will be made a party to the proceedings, and if he is, mandamus action will be done away with and the county seat question will be submitted to the the voters of Red Lake county at an early date.

Red Lake Falls, it is understood, will endeavor to prove that Eckstrom has not been legally elected, but it is not probable that they can put up more than a bluff.

LONGFELLOW ELECTED

Minneapolis Man Commander of Minnesota G. A. R.

Other Officers of the Old Soldiers' Organization Elected.

Minneapolis, March 23.—Nominated by the two men who had been his rivals Levi Longfellow of Minneapolis was elected to the office of department commander of the Minnesota G. A. R. by a unanimous vote of the state convention here.

George A. Whitney of Wadena made the speech nominating Mr. Longfellow, and General L. A. Grant seconded the nomination. Thus all semblance of a contest was removed and the election of department commander became a mere vote of ratification. There was no contest for any of the offices and the result was as follows:

Senior vice commander, J. A. Everett, Fairmont; junior vice commander, Duro Corbin, Little Falls; medical director, Dr. J. F. Locke, Long Prairie; chaplain, W. F. Stockdill, Hamline. Delegates-at-large to national convention, W. B. McCord, Minneapolis; B. R. Dameron, St. Peter; J. W. Bishop, St. Paul.

MURDERED AND ROBBED.

Minnesota Miner Supposed to Have Been Killed by Two Austrians.

Duluth, March 24.—Charles Peterson, aged thirty-five years, employed at the Stevens mines, two miles from Aurora, on the Mesaba range, was shot down in cold blood, supposedly by two Austrians, whose names are not known, and robbed of his money and valuables, known to have been in his possession. The Austrians have disappeared and the authorities are seeking to locate them.

To Enlarge Fort Snelling.

Washington, March 24.—Representative Fletcher of Minneapolis introduced an important bill in the house of representatives looking to the further extension of Fort Snelling. The bill authorizes the establishment of an armory and arsenal and as a starter the sum of $100,000 is appropriated by the terms of the bill. The bill is presented at this time as a result of several conferences between Representatives Fletcher and Stevens.

—Subscribe for the News.

New Church Organized.

Rev. I. T. Aastad was out to the town of Silverton last Sunday and organized a Norwegian Lutheran congregation. Some twelve families now are members of this congregation and eight more have signified a willingness to become members. The name of the congregation is the Silverton Scandinavian Evangelical Lutheran congregation. The officers elected are as follows:

Trustees—Martin Berg, John Sundt and Ole Hanson.

Secretary—Thor Loyland.

A church will be built in the near future on Halvor Fodstad's farm, he having donated two acres of land for a church and cemetery grounds. Rev. Aastad will be the pastor of the new congregation.

Grading Mostly Done.

R. S. Moorhead, deputy sheriff of Roseau county, who passed through the city Tuesday morning en route home from Fergus Falls, stated that there was a great boom in store for his home town the coming summer. With the coming of the Great Northern, which has been looked for by the northerners for such a long time, they are able to see great prosperity in store for them. Mr. Moorhead stated that practically all the grading had been completed and that the extension from Greenbush to Warroad would soon be ready for service. He is of the opinion that there is no section of the state with quite the same future as Roseau and other places in that vicinity.

Injured in a Runaway.

J. W. Judah came down from Middle River Tuesday evening to receive medical treatment for a few days. A team which he was driving indulged in a small runaway and Mr. Judah was thrown out of the sleigh, sustaining a severe cut upon his head. The cut, which was about three inches long, has been sewed up and no serious results are anticipated.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that all accounts due the firm of Robinson & Co. doing business at Thief River Falls are payable only to D. L. Sawyer who has been appointed receiver by order of the United States court. All persons are warned not to pay any account due said firm of Robinson & Co. to anyone but the undersigned or his agent.

D. L. SAWYER,
Receiver.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. P. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

A BAD FIRE AT WINGER

Town South of Here on the Soo Burned Down Monday Night.

Total Loss About $15,000 and Insurance Very Little.

Monday evening about 11 o'clock fire broke out in the rear of Thompson's hardware store at Winger, one of the towns on the Soo south of here, and before the flames could be checked, that store, together with Wick Bros.' general store, were burned to the ground, together with the records of Town Clerk Wick, not a single thing having been saved.

In addition to the property loss, Mrs. Gust. Hauger was seriously injured in making her escape from the second floor of the Wick block. She, together with her husband, reside on the second floor and the building was a mass of flames when they were awakened by the suffocating smoke, and every avenue of escape was cut off but through the front window. Mr. Hauger jumped first and landed on the sidewalk without serious injury. Later his wife jumped and he endeavored to break the fall, but was unable to assist her and she fell heavily, injuring her back. It is not known yet whether or not her injuries will be fatal.

The alarm was soon spread broadcast over the little village and a bucket brigade protected the balance of the property, but there was no attempt made to save the other two buildings, as both were a seething mass of flames before the alarm was turned in. The loss sustained by Wick Bros., as near as can be learned, is about $8,000, with $3,000 insurance, and the loss of Mr. Thompson about the same, with the amount of insurance unknown.

Winger has intended to incorporate this spring, but the new code went into effect before the application for incorporation was filed. The new code requires 200 signatures before a village can be incorporated, and the petition as filed only contained 144 signatures, consequently it will be necessary for a new petition to be filed. The fire will probably hasten the efforts to incorporate in order to take steps to provide fire protection.

It is understood that there is not a single town record left in the office of Lars Wick, and the post office supplies, which were located in the Wick store, were also completely destroyed, together with some cash and several hundred dollars' worth of stamps. There was about $20 in cash in the Wick Bros.' cash drawer.

Will Commence Soon.

Manager H. Fant was down to Minneapolis the first of the week to confer with the officers of the Tri-State Telephone company regarding the building of their system into Thief River Falls in the near future. Work will be commenced in a short time, and it is the intention to start two crews at work upon the job. One will start out from Grand Forks and meet the crew from this city.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending March 24, 1906, unclaimed:

Bolton, George
Bjorgum, Lora A.
Casat, J. W.
Dunbar, Sam
Ewert, Mrs. Hentry
Gallanback, Mrs.
Griffin, Mrs. Wm.
Ingerbretson, Frederick
Kopetska, Ernest
Lebek, Miss Alith
Lundquist, John J.
Lund, Ed.
Maxwell, Joseph
Martinson, Ole
Nilson, Thea, Miss
O'Roy, P.
Olson, Carie O.
Olson, A. P.
Ovenshire, C. F.
Pederson, Christ E.
Percey, J.
Pramhus, T. A.
Royster, Wallas
Richardson, A. C.
Salverson, S. R.
Veigh, Mrs. George

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

Ireland Leaves Paris for Rome.

Paris, March 22.—Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul left Paris for Rome during the day after a brief visit, during which he was the recipient of many courtesies from the hierarchy. He had an opportunity to study the developments caused by the separation of church and state in France, but refrained from comment owing to the delicacy of the situation.

Subscribe for the News.

CHILD BURNS TO A CRISP

And His Parents Injured in Attempting to Enter Burning Home.

A Sad Affair Which Happened South Stillwater Last Week.

Stillwater, Minn., March 23.—The four-year-old son of Emil Asp of South Stillwater was burned to a crisp in a fire which consumed the Asp home. The mother is in a semi-conscious and hysterical condition at the home of a neighbor, her face burned and her hair scorched. The father is also suffering from burns.

The mother started a fire in the kitchen stove and left her boy asleep while she went to a neighbor's to get a pail of water. She remained to gossip and was startled by a whistle blowing a fire alarm. She rushed home to find her dwelling a mass of flames and made a rush for the interior, but was pulled back by bystanders, but not before she was burned.

The father, an engineer at the Eclipse saw mill, ran to the scene and attempted to enter the flaming house through a window, but was forced away. The limbless body of the child was all that was left and the frame dwelling was burned to the ground.

The Program.

The following is the program to be rendered by the pupils of Miss Annand's and Miss Prior's schools in the Evenson hall tomorrow evening:

Flag Salute.
Song—Wave Our Bonny Flag.
Ribbon Drill.
The Busy Boys of Uncle Sam.
Tom Thumb's Wedding.
Song—Violets.
Dialogue—Susie's Lesson.
Ten Little Indians.
Drill—Little Sweepers.
American Negro Cradle Song.
Song—The Little Mothers.
Pantomime (Jesus. Lover of My Soul.)

Notice.

I am prepared to pay all outstanding orders against Independent School District No. 18, up to No. 2,195.

E. E. ZEH, Treasurer.

WILL COST ABOUT $15,000

School Board to Spend About This Amount for New Buildings.

Will Result in Adding Eight Additional School Rooms.

Architect Strassberger, of Crookston, was in the city Monday to confer with the members of the local school board regarding the building of additions to the Knox and Central schools to accommodate the rapidly increasing school population of this city.

The board decided to build a four-room brick school house just south of the Knox building on the East side and to also build a four-room frame addition to the Central building. Owing to the lack of room on the Central grounds, it is necessary to build an addition instead of building an independent building.

The addition will be on the west side of the building.

The cost of the two buildings is estimated at $15,000 and the money for the purpose will have to be raised by a bond issue. After the plans and specifications have been approved by the board, a special election will be called to vote the bonds. It is the intention to sell the bonds to the state and they will draw four per cent interest.

Local Man in Trouble.

Crookston Times: Andrew O. Hamre was arrested yesterday at Fisher by Deputy Sheriff Quigley on a charge of selling mortgaged property. He was taken to East Grand Forks last evening and arraigned before Judge T. A. Sullivan. His bond was fixed at $200 and was furnished, with A. Larson and P. J. Anderson, of Fisher, as sureties.

The complaint in the case was made by John N. Lee, who alleged that Hamre sold him a horse on Nov. 15, 1905. Later he found that the horse was mortgaged.

Hamre claims that he did not know the horse was mortgaged. He is now a resident of Thief River Falls and had been visiting friends at Fisher.

Subscribe for the News.

HELD UP IN MONTANA.

Brother of Charles A. Peterson of This City Robbed of $8,000.

Money Belonged to a Lumber Company of Kalispell, Montana.

Thief River Falls people will be interested in the following, taken from the Minneapolis Tribune inasmuch as the John Peterson referred to in the dispatch is a brother of Charles A. Peterson, of this city:

Kalispell, Mont., March 21.—While John Peterson, an employe of the John O'Brien Lumber company, was on the road from Kalispell to the lumber mills, at Somers, with money to pay off the men, he was held up by three men, who at the point of a gun compelled him to give up the money sack, containing about $8,000.

Peterson had reached a place where the short road to the mills joins the highway. The highwaymen, all masked, jumped out of the brush at the roadside and stopped the team. While one of the men pointed a gun at Peterson's head, the others relieved him of the money bag. Then the horses' heads were turned towards Kalispell and he was ordered to drive back to town.

At the first turn in the road he took a branch road to Somers and from there telephoned to the officers at Kalispell, notifying them of the hold-up. The sheriff immediately organized a posse and went in search of the robbers, but so far no trace of them has been found. John O'Brien, the proprietor of the mill, has offered a reward of $1,000 for each of the highwaymen, dead or alive.

Ordinarily the monthly payroll at the mills amounts to three times the amount secured, but, as they have been running only part time during the past month, the booty secured was less than it otherwise might have been.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

The lady who is really particular about the clothes her boy wears naturally turns toward this store, because the merchandise found here is distinctive and pleasing, broad in variety, correct in price and best quality for the price.

A Large Selection of Suits for the Little Fellows.

DOUBLE-BREASTED JACKET AND PANT SUITS

produced by the leading makers of boys' clothes. Side and sleeve seams have double outlets, taped and triple sewed. Pants lined throughout. The NORFOLKS never were made in a more varied and pleasing manner—single and double breasted. Only best fabrics used.

Prices, $2.00 to $5.00.

Wilson Clothing Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn,

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

J. WALSETH, Norske Advokat.
WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.

WALSETH & TAUTGES,
LAWYERS.

We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.
(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

F. J. MATOUSHEK,
LAWYER.
Offices in Dobner-Meehan Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

CLARK & CARR,
LAWYERS:
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

S. COOKE,
LAWYER.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED EMBALMER
Coffins and Caskets. Hearse in Connection.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. G. R. Lanning,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak.

Bert D. Keck,
ARCHITECT
Plans and Specifications for
Modern and Up-to-date Buildings.
Superintendent of Construction.
CROOKSTON, : : : MINN.

DANIELSON & HAGEN,
CITY DRAY LINE.
G. N. and Soo Express Handled.

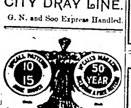

Andrew Stenseth

The leading dealer in Thief River Falls city property, always has a number of choice bargains to offer. Before investing in real estate in any part of the city, you should see him and get his prices.

Office at corner of LaBree avenue and First street.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

The King of Harmonicas No. 444.

Guaranteed to be more DURABLE, fuller in VOLUME and require less wind power than any other harmonica made. Sent postpaid for 25c. Money back if you are not fully satisfied.

Thor P. Smidesang,
Wylie, Minn.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. Robbecke, Prop.
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

A DELAYED LETTER

Lydia Spencer had never seen it so hot or dreary at Canaan Corners before. The blistering July day was drawing to a close.

She was postmistress and store clerk at the Corners. Day after day for years she had sorted over the stage mails, the county papers and the letters. The day had been a busy one in the store, and to add to the confusion Lydia had recently bought a new set of boxes to take the place of the dingy little portholes which for twenty-five years had done continuous service under different postmasters.

A carpenter had worked that afternoon tearing away the old case and generally overhauling the postoffice end of the store.

Lydia was between forty and fifty. "Nigh on to forty-five, bein' two years older'n my boy Jerry," old Mrs. Davidge said to her friends when Lydia's age was discussed. "But, law, she don't look it, an' she don't act it! Them tow headed girls never look ez old ez they really be."

The carpenter stopped hammering and came to where the postmistress was fanning herself. He was shuffling awkwardly half a dozen letters, yellow with age and somewhat rat eaten.

"See here, Lyddy, are these any good?" asked he, holding out the letters. "I found 'em down behind the wainscoting."

The postmistress of Canaan Corners took the letters with but little interest.

Twenty-five years! Yes, it had been just that long since she had seen John Butterworth—since he gave her a lover's look and then, cheerily assuring her that they would soon meet again, had gone to New York.

Their letters had been earnest and full of feeling, and finally he wrote asking her if she would marry him, telling her that he had not been successful in business as yet, but that if she said "Yes" he would come back to Canaan Corners and they would go to Chicago.

Bravely had she penned a favorable answer, and then she waited. Ah, the dying of a great hope!

How tenaciously it clings to life! How anxiously she awaited tidings from John Butterworth! But none came. The summers came and went. Twenty-five years ago, and she had been thinking of John Butterworth that day!

"Looks ez if rats had chawed 'em some, don't it?" asked the carpenter as Lydia stepped closer to the window to inspect the musty letters. The very first one of the lot gave her senses a shock—John Butterworth, Bull's Head Hotel, Bowery, N. Y. City."

The red sun turned back. The Canaan Corners postoffice began spinning around and bobbing up and down. A hurricane seemed to catch her and dash her head against a distant cliff.

"There, there, Miss Lyddy," said the big carpenter, fanning her with his straw hat. "The heat's been too much fur ye, I guess."

Trembling like a child, she once more looked at the letter—her own letter of acceptance—plighting her troth.

It seemed to her as if her heart would burst in agony. She knew now why John Butterworth had never come back. She had appeared to him as unwilling to share his fortunes.

Lydia Spencer was a firm woman. In justice to herself she determined to make an effort to reach John Butterworth with the belated letter.

It had no postmark. Taking the marker, she removed the figures "04" and substituted "60."

Then, writing a note to the proprietor of the Bull's Head hotel, New York city, she told him to forward the letter to Chicago. Nervously she let it fall into the gaping mouth of the mail bag. The stage took it on its way that night.

Two weeks later a gray haired man, one of Chicago's leading capitalists, was one morning opening his mail. He came to a yellowed envelope which had been forwarded from New York. It bore several rubber stamp marks, and a Chicago postoffice clerk had written on it:

"Try 861 Dearborn."

"Send Jack in," said John Butterworth to his head clerk.

"Jack, my boy," said the father in a low voice and nervously, "read this old letter which has been twenty-five years in reaching me.

"Jack," continued the elder after his request had been complied with, "you will have to postpone your vacation. I'm going to take one at Canaan Corners, N. Y. I never expected to marry again after your dear mother's death, my boy, but if the writer of that letter is alive and willing you'll have a new mother inside of two weeks."

* * * * * * * *

The Canaan Corners stage one evening a few days later carried a gray haired stranger.

"Ye'll find Lyddy at the postoffice," said the driver. "She's postmistress, an' every one knows Lyddy."

Everything was still in the postoffice when John Butterworth entered. Looking through the glass case, he saw a golden haired woman, her face close to the table top. She was resting her averted face on her forearm and sobbing like a child.

"Lydia," said John Butterworth as he took her in his arms and raised her. "Lydia, sweetheart, I didn't get the letter till three days ago in Chicago. I'm so old and gray now I suppose you're sorry I got it at all, eh?"

She looked up quickly, smiling through her tears. Her blushing, radiant face didn't look as if she was sorry.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,
against
Charles C. Eklund, Anna Eklund, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. M. Duffy. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 20th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. mar 29 may 3

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 13, 1906.

In the matter of the Estate of August Riedl, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Riedl, Administrator of the estate of August Riedl, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Friday, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls, in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1906.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
[PROBATE COURT SEAL.]
mch 15 29

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:35 pm
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

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Order for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Heirs of Homestead Settler.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 27th, 1906.

In the matter of the determination of the heirs of Oline Sebjonson, deceased homestead settler.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

On reading and filing the petition of Oscar Sebjonson, praying, among other things, for the judicial determination, by this Court, of who are the heirs of Oline Sebjonson, deceased homestead settler, and what are the respective rights and interests of such heirs in the homestead land of said deceased, and to assign said homestead to the parties legally entitled to the same,

It is ordered, that said petition and said matter be heard and examined on Tuesday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the office of the Probate Court at Red Lake Falls, in said County and State.

It is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for five (5) successive weeks immediately prior to said date of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls, in said County and State.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 27th day of February, A. D. 1906.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
[PROBATE COURT SEAL.]
mar 1 29

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew B. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 23 in Township 153 North of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 597, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 283, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 24, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
mar 22 apr 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 326, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Helter, [illegible]
John Freeberg, [illegible]
Svenke K. Dahl, [illegible]
Tom R. Ryenstad, [illegible]

mar 22 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof [illegible] that said proof will be made before [illegible] of Probate Court, [illegible] sota, at Warren, [illegible] viz: Joseph Hedlund, [illegible] NW¼, Sec. 12, Tw[illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of [illegible]
Agard Johnson, [illegible]
Louis Larson, [illegible]
Oscar Mattson, [illegible]

march 29 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of [illegible] Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby [illegible] named settler has [illegible] to make final proof [illegible] that said proof [illegible] Browning, U. S. Co[illegible] Minnesota, at Thief [illegible] May 4, 1906, viz: J[illegible] Lake Series, for the [illegible] R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Jubb, of [illegible]
Andrew R. Helge[illegible]
Rudolph Fergus, [illegible]
August Krause, [illegible]

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

[illegible]

Notice for Publication.

[illegible]

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof [illegible] Browning, U. S. [illegible] of Minnesota, at [illegible] on April 5th, 1906, [illegible] 22,079, for the S[illegible] R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Christian C. S[illegible]
Chris Rogney, [illegible]
John Hanson, [illegible]
Alvin Knauf, [illegible]

mar 1 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice [illegible] to make final proof [illegible] that said proof [illegible] Browning, U. S. [illegible] of Minnesota, at [illegible] on April 5th, 1906, [illegible] 320, Red Lake Se[illegible] Tp. 154 N., R. 41 [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek, [illegible]
Joseph Hruby, [illegible]
Thor Skaur, [illegible]
Anton Hurt, of Thief River Falls.

mar 1 29

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice [illegible] to make final proof [illegible] and that said proof [illegible] Browning, U. S. [illegible] Minnesota, at Thief [illegible] April 5th, 1906, viz: [illegible] 421, Red Lake Se[illegible] SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp[illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Carl Jensen, [illegible]
Mike H. Connell[illegible]
Jacob R. Hastb[illegible]
Peter O'Toole, [illegible]

mar 1 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice [illegible] that said proof [illegible] Bishop, Municipal [illegible] River Falls, Minn., [illegible] on April 6th, 1906, [illegible] H. E. No. 4515, C[illegible] NW¼ and SW¼ [illegible] of NE¼ of Sec. [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Willie Helland, [illegible]
Peder Rondestve[illegible]
John Phillips, of [illegible]
Christ O. Saasta[illegible]

mar 1-29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice [illegible] to make final proof [illegible] that said proof will [illegible] ing, U. S. Comm[illegible] Minnesota, at Thie[illegible] April 5th, 1906, viz: [illegible] 1,002, Red Lake Se[illegible] Tp. 154 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Osman Urdahl, [illegible]
Robert F. Sothern, [illegible]
Thomas Price, [illegible]
Morgan Vaughan, [illegible]

feb 22 mar 29

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 10th, 1906.

[illegible]

Notice for Publication.

[illegible]

[illegible]

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On all fire insurance premiums, on Frame, Merchantile, Special Hazards, and Mercantile Stock, all classes.

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LOT 14, BLOCK 63, THIEF RIVER FALLS, (THE OLD ZEH BUILDING), ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS.

THEO. BASTING, 508 GLOBE BUILDING, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

The Soo Line Announces

IMPROVED SERVICE

NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station), Minneapolis 8:40 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10:05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Hankinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars

W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent.

THE NEWS,
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Charles H. Moyer, William D. Haywood and George A. Pettibone, officers of the Western Federation of Miners, charged with the murder of former Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, pleaded not guilty when arraigned before District Judge Frank Smith at Caldwell. The cases were continued over the term and the date of their trial was indefinitely fixed about May 15. Judge Smith overruled the demurrer to the indictments and denied the application to admit the prisoners to bail.

When the convicts at the Missouri state penitentiary were called for breakfast Monday Guard J. W. Woods of Macon, Mo., was pounced upon by a colored convict named John Anderson and stabbed three times. Woods died instantly. Anderson also wounded two other convicts, one of whom will die. A guard then killed the convict.

August Miller, a young farmer of Stanton county, Neb., went to the home of his father-in-law, Fred Harnecke, where Mrs. Miller had gone after a quarrel, and fatally shot his wife and dangerously wounded her father and mother.

Less than three hours before the time set for her wedding Pansy E. Townsend was shot and mortally wounded by her father, Joseph P. Townsend, in their home at Everett, Mass. Townsend then ended his life with a bullet.

Rufus Johnson and George Small, both colored, were executed at Mount Holly, N. J., Saturday for the murder of Miss Florence W. Allinson, who was assaulted and killed in a barn near Moorestown, N. J., on Jan. 19.

Five arrests have been made as a result of the failure of the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, Pa., which suddenly closed its doors last October following the sensational suicide of its cashier, T. Lee Clark.

Rev. Louis Kelly, the Baptist minister who was a partner of the late Rev. George Simmons in the defunct People's Savings bank of Peoria, Ill., has been indicted for embezzlement.

Miss Grace Zellner, aged twenty-eight, daughter of George W. Zellner, a merchant of Mansfield, O., was shot and killed by Roy Shanks, her lover, who then committed suicide.

The Bank of Niagara at Niagara, N. D., was broken into and robbed of $1,280. The safe in which the money was kept was almost completely destroyed.

Richard Ivens, on trial at Chicago charged with the murder of Mrs. Bessie Hollister, has been convicted and sentenced to hang.

William Mariner, aged forty-five, son of Ephraim Mariner, one of Milwaukee's richest men, committed suicide by shooting.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Representative George R. Patterson of the Twelfth Pennsylvania district died suddenly at Washington. Heart failure is ascribed as the cause of death. Mr. Patterson was forty-two years of age.

Professor James Mills Peirce, the oldest member of the Harvard faculty in point of service and one of the best known mathematicians in the United States, is dead at Cambridge, Mass.

Warren F. Mosher, secretary of the Catholic summer school of America and one of the best known Catholic laymen in the United States, is dead at New Rochelle, N. Y.

Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney, the authoress, is dead at Milton, Mass. Mrs. Whitney's stories for young people and particularly for girls carried her name all over America.

Frank E. Moores, mayor of Omaha, is dead. He was sixty-six years old and was serving the last year of his third term as mayor.

Dr. Jessie M. McGregor, a noted woman physician, is dead at Denver. Dr. McGregor ranked among the best of women physicians.

Former Mayor Samuel H. Ashbridge of Philadelphia is dead from a complication of diseases. He was fifty-seven years of age.

James W. Bailey, father of Senator J. W. Bailey of Texas, is dead at New Orleans. He was seventy-two years old.

Professor R. Ogden Doremus, the noted chemist, is dead at his home in New York city, aged eighty-two years.

General Julio Sanguilly, a veteran of the Cuban wars, is dead at Havana.

NEWS OF NOTED PEOPLE.

Superior Justice Graham, at San Francisco, has granted a divorce to Mrs. Henry E. Huntington on the ground of desertion. No request for alimony was made and the attorneys refuse to state whether or not there will be any money settlement. Henry E. Huntington is a nephew and chief heir of the late Collis P. Huntington.

Secretary Root has decided to sail for South America on board the projected cruiser Charleston from either New York or Hampton Roads about the middle of July.

Governor Pattison of Ohio is seriously ill at Columbus.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Governor General Ide, at Manila, has cabled the war department as follows: "Newspaper reports from Manila announcing wanton slaughter of women and children at Mount Dajo extremely sensational and in all essential details false. There was no killing of any one except such as was indispensable to end the intolerable situation. Attack not ordered until every resource looking to a possible adjustment was exhausted."

JUMPS FROM A BRIDGE

Prof. Upson, Teacher at the University, Attempts Suicide.

Jumped from the East End of the Tenth Avenue Bridge.

Minneapolis, March 23.—Arthur Upson, acting professor of English literature at the University of Minnesota, leaped from the east end of the Tenth avenue bridge at 10:30 a. m. in a suicidal attempt which may yet be successful.

His thick clothing kept him afloat till the current carried him within reach of the pike poles of workmen on the lower power dam, who drew him out alive but unconscious. He was hurried to the city hospital, where he was revived, but later suffered a relapse and his condition is said to be critical.

The attempt was probably due to a recurrence of a severe form of *nervous prostration* which caused Mr. Upson to give up his work temporarily two years ago.

Mr. Upson is about thirty-five years of age and has done some notable literary work.

ADMITS KILLING WAGNER.

Albert Schull Claims Deed Was Done in Self-Defense.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 22.—The confession of Albert F. Schull and his claim that he killed his partner, Fred Wagner, in self-defense, have aroused renewed interest in the case here, and the general opinion seems to be that he has invented the story as he invented the other story to account for his victim's disappearance. He claims that he and Wagner were cutting wood in partnership, and that they quarreled over the matter and that when Wagner was about to hit him with a hammer Schull shot Wagner with a revolver.

BIG DIVIDEND ON A LOAN.

St. Paul Hotel Clerk to Get Thousands for a Few Dollars.

St. Paul, March 24.—F. P. Ingalls, night clerk at the Hotel Ryan, expects to receive $17,000, and possibly $20,000, from mining stock which he accepted as security for a loan of $25 to David Noble when the latter was "broke" more than ten years ago. He has been offered $17 a share, and accrued interest for the 1,000 shares of stock of the Noble Mining company of Cook City, Mont., he holds, and he telegraphed to the Butte, Mont., mining brokers, who made him the proposition, that he will sell at $20 a share.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The agitation among workmen's organizations of Russia involves a bold plan on the part of the Social Democrats, revolutionists and other radical elements to send delegates elected secretly to a meeting to be called at some place in Finland early in April, at which an ultimate plan of operations will be decided upon. Some of the leaders favor calling a general strike in the middle of April, but the more audacious aim at setting up a provisional government.

The death list of the Century (W. Va.) mine disaster has reached twenty-three, while twenty or more are injured. The bodies recovered were torn and mangled and in many cases burned from head to foot, making the work of identification hard. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by an accumulation of natural gas.

As the officials were closing the Mutual Credit society's bank at Moscow twenty armed men surrounded the building, which is near the bourse, and, covering the employes of the bank with pistols, they pillaged the place, getting away with $425,000, and made their escape in spite of the efforts of the bank guards to arrest them.

Lawlessness and crime are keeping pace in Russia with the repressive measures of the government. Columns of the newspapers are daily filled with records of murders and robberies and side by side are brief chronicles of condemnations and military executions of political offenders.

According to advices received at Manila the recent fight at Magtaon, Samar, between the constabulary and Pulajanes was the result of treachery on the part of the natives. Thirty Pulajanes were killed and sixteen of the constabulary were killed or wounded.

According to the latest reports from Tokio it is now estimated that several thousand persons were killed by the recent earthquake in Formosa. At a rough estimate the damage amounts to $45,000,000.

The United States battleship Wisconsin has sailed from Manila for Shanghai to join the American fleet there, rush orders to that effect having been received from Rear Admiral Train.

A launch owned by the Standard Oil company was seized and looted by pirates near Canton, China. The pirates secured a number of Winchester rifles and 1,000 rounds of ammunition.

Earthquake shocks have caused great destruction on the island of Ustica, off the coast of Italy.

—Subscribe for the News.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

Oh! those note books.

Wanted, by the music class, a poet.

Still the new pupils continue arriving.

What sighs of relief that the spelling match is over.

School closes Friday of this week for one week of holidays.

Which of the seniors ate the greatest number of oranges Friday afternoon?

Janitor Ronnestrand has been busy fixing up gymnastic apparatus for the boys.

Lost, several inscribed prisms, if found please return to the solid geometry class.

The Juniors, some at least, ought to be awarded a membership in the "buttin-ski" club.

Notice how many of the high school pupils are humming or singing their new school song.

The Seniors do not give a detailed account of what they do. It would take up too much space.

The sophomore boys were certainly model waiters. The dainty little aprons were especially bewitching.

Supt. Hay went to Minneapolis Friday to attend a meeting of the high school *superintendents of the state.*

Supt. Hay and some of the teachers attended a Marshall county teachers' meeting at Middle River last Saturday.

A junior appeared with a diamond ring last week and the conjectures are numerous. We wonder if that was the junior we were to watch.

Many compliments were received by the high school students for the skillful manner in which they entertained their guests last Friday evening.

State examinations in the four common school subjects will be held in the high school building next Thursday and Friday, beginning at 9 a. m.

One of the junior girls is wearing glasses lately, the effect of the soft and soothing colors the sophomore boys are donning in the way of haberdashery.

If we were to judge by his haberdashery, we might think that a certain sophomore is indeed an adherent of Princeton, the college of "the orange and black."

Who got the chocolate cake Friday night? Please return the cake tin. If this request is not kindly complied with, Stafford Curran will be obliged to make good.

You juniors, who decide too rashly concerning class pins and rings, be careful lest you buy a "gold brick." The seniors are more careful in their selection, they are not so easily pleased.

The senior class will leave, as a class memorial, a two-foot bust of Lincoln, the class's favorite national hero. This will establish the precedent to be followed, hereafter, by each succeeding class.

The high school will present no program this week, but the eighth grade will render the following program in the assembly room: Duet, Gena Granum and Delia Daniels; recitation, Katherine Dunn; recitation, Ione Higgins; ladies' quartette; address, Rev. Flesher.

The spelling match last Friday evening resulted in a victory for the high school team, though it was earned at the cost of much hard work. Had it been a contest to a finish instead of a time contest, the result might have been different. However, it was a great success in point of attendance, in enthusiasm, and socially and financially. Indirectly, it will probably result in better spelling in both school and town.

Dr. LaFountain, the medicine show man, was town Thursday. Dr. Fountain has been playing the towns in the extreme northern part of the state during the winter and his company is now at Blackduck. He is going to put his show on wagons this year and came here to figure with Northfoss Bros., who will make the new equipment. Dr. Fountain will have three large wagons built. There will be special contrivances on these wagons, and one of these will contain a stage. The wagons will be placed aboard a flat car when the show moves. Dr. Fountain says he has had the best business of his long career this winter, and he says the International Falls and Roseau countries are the best in the state for his business.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The sub-committee of the house committee on ways and means has agreed to report a free alcohol bill. The feature of the bill is that it takes the internal revenue tax off denatured domestic alcohol for technical uses, including lighting, heating and motor uses. It is predicted that the effect of the bill will be a revolution in heating, lighting and furnishing fuel for motors, as alcohol will be cheaper than kerosene oil or gasoline and can be made from any grain, vegetable, root or fruit containing starch.

A joint caucus of the Republican members of the senate and house of representatives has been called to be held in the hall of the house on Wednesday, April 4, for the purpose of selecting a congressional committee to serve during the campaign of 1906.

The house has adopted a special rule, sending the statehood bill to conference, by a vote of 175 to 154. About forty Republicans voted with the Democrats in opposition to the adoption of the rule.

COURT NOW IN SESSION

March Term Convened at Red Lake Falls Monday.

Not Much Business Done as Yet, but Grand Jury Is Busy.

The March term of the district court for Red Lake county convened at Red Lake Falls Monday, Judge Watts occupying the bench. Not many cases as yet have been tried. The grand jury has been busy examining many witnesses, but, as the work of this body is secret, no report of their doings can be had.

The suit of Mrs. Fiester against the city of Thief River Falls for $2,750 for damages alleged to have been sustained by falling on a sidewalk in this city was dismissed, Mrs. Fiester having been paid $100 by the city authorities for settlement in full. Walseth & Tautges, who were attorneys for Mrs. Fiester, were not aware that a settlement had been made, and they will probably sue Mrs. Fiester for their attorneys' fees in the matter.

Among those from this city and vicinity who were at Red Lake Falls attending court this week are: Gilbert Haavi, Henry Arndt, P. Engelstad, M. Bakken, Frank Bourque, W. J. McCrum, Daniel Shaw, Frank Reichter, Chris Amundson, George Jarman, Ben Wilson, W. B. Fuller, W. J. Kelley, M. M. Johnson, Axel Sandgren, Chris Lindquist, E. O. Erickson, Phil Zeh, Lars Backe, James Farr, Dennis LeSage, J. M. Bishop, Chris Paulson, L. M. Hoag, Charles Gustafson.

Among the local attorneys who have been at Red Lake Falls attending court are: S. Cook, Stanton, George K. Fargo, W. A. Tautges, J. Walseth and G. E. Carr.

"Jimmie" Craps has been indicted for holding up Charles Gustafson in this city last fall, and his trial will be later.

Charles Erickson, the drayman, was arrested last week charged with being one of the gang that stole wheat, coal, groceries and merchandise from the Soo road last fall. Ward, Hathaway and Edstrom are now in jail at Red Lake Falls charged with being members of this gang and it is rumored that other parties here will be arrested before long.

GERMANTOWN

March 27.

Rev. Williams is here holding religious services and looking after the completion of the chapel and, as the weather is fine, hope it will soon be in shape to hold services and Sunday school in it.

The school house was moved in to Germantown last week by the farmers of the district. Martin Olson superintended the moving of it.

Everybody bring in your cream to the creamery next Monday.

Jim Edseth and family arrived here last Tuesday from Hunter, N. D. Mr. Edseth is going to work with his brother Carl in the blacksmith shop.

Henry Roller and family visited with the Langevan family last Sunday.

The Rondestvedt boys are going to work the Jensen place this summer in place of Mr. Gunderson.

The well at Germantown has caused considerable trouble, as the quick sand is continually caving in and stops the flow of water, but Mr. Vaughan has taken the matter in hand and will have a rig to clean it out and in shape in a few days.

Next Monday, April 2nd, the creamery will start operation, and all who have cream should try and patronize it. Farmers up around Espiee have promised to bring in their cream and, as there is quite a number of farmers around Germantown who have considerable cream, the outlook for a success is good.

Ole Ovrum moved his claim shanty down to his place near Highlanding last Monday.

Nils Larson has taken the job of grading the road over the Ellingson slough in Moylan township.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Horejsh are the happy parents of a child born March 23rd.

The last report is that the well at Germantown, after having been cleaned out, gives plenty of water.

Long John Was Here.

"Long John of the Outlet," one of the best known Indians on the reservation, was in the city the first of the week. John has been in charge of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's boats, which have been in winter quarters at the outlet since it froze up last fall, and was here to make a settlement with the company for his services.

THE BACKBONE.

Its History Linked With a Theory of Animal Evolution.

The history of the backbone, like that of most life, is not altogether a majestic upward evolution. It has its tragedies and its setbacks, its hopes and failures. In the waters along our seashore are creatures, some sponge or lichenlike, others with strange bulblike bodies, growing on the end of long stalks. But they hold a secret from the crabs and snails which crawl about, and when the fishes brush against them—if their poor, dull sense only knew it—they might claim a blood brotherhood. When they were young, for a little while a gristly cord was theirs also, but this, with all the hopes that such a beginning brings, of fish, of bird, of man even, soon melted away, and there they nod and away in the watery currents, never to know of the opportunity which nature has snatched from them—why, who can tell?

In sharks the backbone has become jointed and flexible and a rude kind of skull is present, but still more important is the presence of four fins, which correspond to the four legs of lizards and to the wings and legs of birds. A curious basket-like skeleton protects the delicate gills, and it is probable that this existed long before the limbs appeared. All is still of gristly cartilage.

In the higher fishes bone replaces the cartilage, and when the lowly tadpole, fishlike at first, swimming about by means of the fin around his tail, pushes forth his legs and climbs upon the land our skeleton is well on its way backward. Reptiles of old took to trees. Their backbone grew less flexible so that they might safely sail through the air, feathers replaced scales, two fingers of each hand were lost and one from each foot, teeth disappeared, a beak of horn proved best, intelligence increased and the forehead rose high, and behold—a bird!—Outing Magazine.

BATTLE OF MARATHON.

The Most Decisive Day In the History of the World.

The single day in the world's history which was fraught with the most tremendous consequences to mankind was the day on which the battle of Marathon was fought. The handful of tiny states that inhabited Greece had developed faculties which indicated that man had advanced another stage toward the highest ideals.

Foremost among those little nations was Athens, which state, too, contained the germs of human freedom. It was the forerunner of the democracies of the world. But the very existence of Athens and Greece was threatened by the huge barbaric empire of Persia. Darius had sent out his hordes of warriors to add the Grecian states to his vast dominions. Face to face his forces met the Athenians on the plains of Marathon.

Hitherto invincible in the field, the Persians looked upon the little army opposed to them with contempt. The Greeks themselves hesitated to hazard a battle with the conquerors of the world. Their generals debated the question, and the decision to fight the Persians was caused by the eloquence of the immortal Miltiades. He led his 10,000 Greeks against the Persian host and gained a decisive victory. The glorious day of Marathon beat back the advancing tide of eastern despotism and barbarism and saved the freedom and civilization of the western world.—Pearson's Weekly.

A King's Ruse.

Alfonso, king of Aragon, was one day examining the different articles in his jeweler's shop in company with many ladies of his court. He had scarcely left the house when the jeweler missed a diamond of great value and ran after him, complaining of the theft. The king, not willing publicly to disgrace any of his attendants, commanded a large basin full of sand to be brought him, into which he directed each person to put in the hand clinched and to draw it out flat. By this means the diamond was left in the sand, unknown by whom.

Calcium.

Calcium was first made in minute quantities by Humphry Davy. In the new process chloride of calcium is placed in a receptacle and fused by electrolysis. An iron cathode forms a basis upon which the molten calcium deposits itself, and the once rare metal builds itself up into an irregular rod resembling a cabbage stalk. When the stalk has grown to the right length it is chipped off and dipped in paraffin wax to preserve it from the action of the air.

Three Strange and Remarkable Men.

As Dumas, the grandfather, prided himself more upon his wonderful strength and skill in athletics than his generalship, as Dumas the second prided himself more upon his knowledge of cookery than the authorship of "The Three Musketeers," so Dumas the third prided himself more upon his knowledge of art than upon the writing of "La Dame aux Camelias." They were three strange and remarkable men.

At Their Own Expense.

"Do you joke writers ever make jokes at your own expense?"

"For the first few years all our jokes are made that way. After that, if we're lucky, we get paid for 'em."—Cleveland Leader.

The Bargain.

"You ought to take this horse," said the dealer. "He is a bargain."

"Well, then, I don't want him," said the customer. "I want something to drive, and I never could drive a bargain."

The most manifest sign of wisdom is a continual cheerfulness.—Montaigne.

A BALL OF FIRE.

Pranks of a Thunderbolt in a House In Paris.

Camille Flammarion in his book "Thunder and Lightning" describes some of the phenomena of electrical storms. Of the actions of a ball of fire in Paris he says: "It was in the Rue St. Jacques, near the Val de Grace. The fire ball burst into the room from the chimney, knocking over the paper guard in front of the fireplace. In appearance it suggested a young cat gathered up in a ball, as it were, and moving along without using its paws. It approached the tailor's legs as if to play with them. The tailor moved them away to avoid the contact, of which he naturally was in terror.

"After some seconds the globe of fire rose vertically to the height of the man's face as he sat, and he to save himself leaned quickly back and fell over. The fire ball continued to rise and made its way toward a hole which had been made at the top of the chimney for the insertion of a stovepipe in the winter, but which, as the tailor put it afterward, 'the fire ball couldn't see,' because it was closed up with paper.

"The ball stripped off the paper neatly, entered the chimney quite quietly and, having risen to the summit, produced a tremendous explosion, which sent the chimney pot flying and scattered it in bits all over the neighboring courtyard and surrounding roofs."

LIFE'S LITTLE THINGS.

They Go a Very Long Way Toward Making the World Happy.

A wild bird's song is a little thing—lost in the deeps of a frowning sky.

And yet as it falls on a listening ear and leaves its message of melody earth's green seems brighter and life is sweeter all through an autumn day.

The coo of a babe is a little thing—meaningless sound from a vacant mind.

But 'tis the only sound that all nations heed—the one clear language that all races know.

A mother's love is a little thing—too soon, alas, forgot!

But it typifies to blind humankind the love and trust and hope divine that bear with patience calm and sweet the willful wrongs in these lives of ours.

A passing smile is a little thing—lost in a world of toil and care.

And yet the soul with gloom oppressed and the life grown wearied with burdens hard will happier be in the afterglow of a smile that is warmly kind.

A kindly word is a little thing—a breath that goes and a sound that dies.

But the heart that gives and the heart that bears may know that it sings and sings and sings till at last it blends with the wild bird's song and the coo of babes in what men call the celestial choir.—Milwaukee Journal.

Lessons For Schoolboys.

There is no question that our forefathers supposed that benefit might be derived from causing schoolboys to be spectators of the hangings of criminals. Sir Walter Scott has borne testimony to this custom being not unknown in Scotland. In "The Heart of Midlothian" Mr. Saddletree is represented as saying:

> I promised to ask a half play day to the schule so that the bairns might gang and see the hanging, which canna but have a pleasing effect on their young minds, seeing there is no knowing what they may come to themselves.—Chapter 2.

Sir Walter would not, we may assume, have written the above had he not known that such things had actually taken place.—London Notes and Queries.

The Sea Otter.

The sea otter is nearly twice the size of the common river otter, and the fur, without finishing or preparation of any kind, is more beautiful as it is stripped from the animal than the richest sealskin, which has to be scraped, plucked of the long upper hairs and then dyed before it could be recognized as the beautiful object which the finished fur undoubtedly is. In the sea otter's fur the soft undercoat, the true fur, is as thick as that of the seal and nearly twice as long, while the long outer hairs are as soft as a sable's tail and often a pale gray, which gives to the whole coat an appearance as of dark fur slightly frosted over.

Bird Confidence.

Mr. Bell's aviary presented a pretty evidence of mutual confidence among birds. A pair of Java sparrows lived in a compartment with a "bleeding heart" pigeon. The latter fell in love with them and at night always cuddled a sparrow under each wing. When seen by the light of a lantern the pigeon seemed to be cuddling two babies, one under each wing, from which the cheerful countenances of the little sparrows looked with blinking eyes.—London Spectator.

His Definition.

A teacher in a certain school asked for the definition of a furrier. A hand was raised. "Well, John, you tell us what a furrier is." "A man who deals in furs," correctly replied the pupil. Then, turning to another scholar, the teacher asked for the definition of a currier. "A man who deals in curs," was the unexpected reply of the eager boy.

All In the Bill.

"I'm afraid," said the junior member of the law firm, "that we are causing our client unnecessary trouble."

"Oh, that's all right," rejoined the senior member. "We'll charge him for it."—Chicago News.

Good Old Remedy.

"How did you cure your boy of swearing?"

"By the laying on of hands, principally."—Chicago Record-Herald.

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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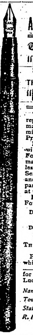

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1906 NUMBER 14

Historical Society

OPPOSITION TO THE BILL

Signs of Resistance to the Steenerson Drainage Bill.

Opposition Developed Among the Committeemen Last Week.

Washington, March 30.—Representative Steenerson had a hearing on his swamp land bill today before the public land committee. He went into details regarding conditions in Minnesota, endeavoring to show the members of the committee that the effect of the proposed law would be to benefit lands in the *Indian reservations*, and would not benefit state lands except incidentally.

Early in the hearing questions put by Chairman Lacey and Representative Mondell of Wyoming indicated that they would oppose the measure and perhaps try to defeat it in the committee. With these members opposed, Mr. Steenerson will not insist upon early action, but will put in his time talking to the members of the committee individually on the merits of the bill. He requested the committee not to act hastily and it was announced that other members would be heard later.

Representative Volstead, who is a member of the committee, believes that there will be a better chance of getting a bill thru, providing for the drainage of the lands in Minnesota than there is for a general bill. A Minnesota bill would not be open to the objection that state and private lands would be benefited by such legislation.

Jerome's Family to Live Here.

Joseph Jerome, the Battle River merchant, who had been here spending several days visiting old friends, returned to Battle River the first of the week. All of Mr. Jerome's old friends here are glad to know that he is doing a very prosperous business. He also states that next summer he will remove his family to this city and they will occupy the house which J. P. Curtis and family now live in, but which is owned by Mr. Jerome. The business at Battle River will be continued by Mr. Jerome, but the family will live here in order that the children may attend school.

WAS A SUCCESS.

Entertainment Given by the Little Folks a Pleasing Affair.

Evenson's hall was not large enough to accommodate the large crowd that endeavored to gain admittance last Friday evening to witness the entertainment given by the children of the rooms of Miss Annand and Miss Prior. It was one of the most pleasing entertainments ever witnessed by a Thief River Falls audience, and the little children certainly acted their parts in a very creditable manner. Misses Annand and Prior are to be congratulated upon their efforts. The receipts for the evening were quite large and the money will be used to purchase decorations for the school rooms of these two popular teachers.

Pounds Head on Rail.

Bemidji Pioneer: A drunken Indian was picked up by the police near the Great Northern depot Saturday and *taken to the city jail*. When found the Indian was down on his hands and knees near the track and was beating his head against one of the rails, evidently trying to beat his brains out. His head was badly cut in a number of places, but none of the wounds were serious. He was brought before Judge Skinvik this morning and allowed to go free after, he had explained that he was on his way from the Red Lake reservation to Walker. The Indian was 64 years of age and gave his name as Harry Hans.

Another Record Broken.

They broke all March records again at the creamery last Friday and Saturday. On Friday they received 4,978 pounds of cream and on Saturday they made an even 1,500 pounds of butter. Considering the time of the year and the poor facilities the farmers have for winter dairying, this showing is truly remarkable. At the price butter is now selling for this means almost four hundred dollars to be distributed among our farmers.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Goes to Minneapolis.

Greely E. Carr, of this city, has formed a partnership with Frank D. Larrabee, the well known Minneapolis attorney, and will go to that city in a week or so to make his future home. Mr. Carr has long been considered one of the brightest attorneys in the Northwest and Mr. Larrabee has a state wide reputation. It is with much regret that the people of Thief River Falls learn of Mr. Carr's departure.

THE WILL IS CONTESTED.

Mrs. S. B. Jackson Contests the Will of Her Mother.

First Hearing Will Be Held Here on the 16th of April.

A contest has been commenced in the probate court of Red Lake county against the legality of the will of the late Sarah Ann Robinson, who died here about a month ago. Mrs. S. B. Jackson, daughter of the late Mrs. Robinson, is the contestant. The first hearing upon the matter will come up before Judge Tarrant on the 16th of April, in this city.

By the will which Mrs. Robinson made, all personal property and one house and lot was left to her daughter, Annie Robinson, and another house and lot was left to her son, William Robinson, with a provision to the effect that each of these parties should pay to Mrs. S. B. Jackson the sum of $100 inside of one year. Mrs. Jackson does not consider this a fair division of the property and therefore the contest is commenced. Attorney S. Cooke represents Mrs. Jackson in the matter and Judge J. M. Bishop is attorney for Annie and William Robinson.

Boring a Square Hole.

There is nothing so simple as boring a square hole, and yet it was only discovered a few years ago how to do it. A hollow chisel in the form of a square is made of the size desired and then a bit is put in it. The bit runs a little ahead of the chisel and cuts a round hole, leaving only the corners for the chisel. The same force that pushes the bit will push the chisel and so the hole is square when it is finished. Mortises are cut in wood in the factories now as rapidly as a man can adjust the pieces, and done a great deal truer than by hand. Anybody ought to have thought of that and yet if a man had thought of it a few years ago it would have made his fortune.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

MONEY IN GOAT RAISING

This Section a Good Place in Which to Raise Angora Goats.

Said to Be a Very Profitable Industry for Farmers to Engage in.

To show people a way to make money, Uncle Sam is getting out a goat book, which should prove to be pretty interesting reading to settlers of this section. Talking upon the goat subject, H. E. Randall, of Milwaukee, gave some interesting facts the other day. Of the book he said: "It tells how to raise Angoras, whose fleece is the raw material of camel's hair shawls and many other valuable fabrics. Already there are 300,000 of these goats in the United States, but there might just as well be 30,000,000, considering the vast areas existing where the animals might be raised with profit.

"Angora goats are handsome creatures, milk-white in color, with short legs and curiously twisted horns. Their wool is curled or wavy, of silvery whiteness, and arranged in long ringlets over the body. It is from five to twelve inches long. The head is like that of the common goat, but cleaner cut. I have a brother in Iowa who is experimenting with Angoras, and he has already made some little profit out of them. There is no reason why Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin should not be contributing their share to the world's supply of mohair, if they choose to start the necessary flocks. The beasts are said to be very hardy, multiplying rapidly, and require little care. They cost almost nothing to keep, owing to their habit of feeding on brush and weeds which other animals refuse, and their meat is excellent for food, while their skins furnish a leather valuable for certain purposes.

"The Angora goats in this country produced in 1900 about $1,000,000 worth of mohair. It is a remarkable fiber—strong, fine and with a luster of silk. As it comes from the animal it is in long, white ringlets, which look as if they had been curled on a curling stick. So clean is the best that commonly the hair does not have to be washed at all before being spun. It becomes coarser as the goat grows older, the best quality being obtained from kids of good breed. The best American mohair is better than most of that which is imported. It makes smoother thread, runs spindles faster, and is silkier and softer.

"The demand for mohair greatly exceeds the supply, and nobody who takes the trouble to produce it need be at a loss for a market. There are many factories in this country which would utilize larger quantities of mohair if they could only get enough of it to meet their requirements. Naturally, what is most wanted is the best quality, and the grower can furnish that just as easily as poor stuff by taking pains."

A GOOD BUSINESS

Plummer Creamery Doing a Flourishing Business Now.

The many patrons of the Plummer creamery were highly pleased with the settlement for the month of February. They received 21 cents per pound for their butter fat, which, all things considered, was a remarkably high price.

Last year this creamery was started about April 1st and the output of butter for the first week was 3 tubs. This year the output for the first week in April will reach 20 tubs. During the past few weeks the output has been increasing at the rate of three tubs per week, and the buttermaker says that by June 1st he confidently expects it will reach 100 tubs per week.

Another bit of the history of this creamery that is worth recalling is the fact that during the first year of its existence, in 1903, while it was operated at its old location about three miles southwest of Plummer, the greatest at any time was 12 tubs per week. This from a total of 29 faithful patrons. In 1904 the business increased somewhat, but was very discouraging and those people who started it and staid by it believe that it would have died a natural death before now if it had not been moved into Plummer.

To Give Musicales.

Arnold Bjorkhust, violinist; Mrs. Florence Wright, soprano, and Miss Gertrude Lee Sundberg, pianist, will give five musical concerts at towns up along the St. Vincent line next week. On Monday evening they will appear at Warren, Tuesday evening at Stephen, Wednesday evening at Kennedy, Thursday evening at Hallock and Friday evening at St. Vincent. All are stars, and the music loving people along the St. Vincent line will miss a rare opportunity if they fail to hear them.

FARGO A SEAPORT.

Citizens Objecting to Bill Which Would Make Red River Unnavigable.

A bill is pending in congress at present to declare the Red River unnavigable in order that it may be bridged at any point without arranging for the passage of ships. The measure is generally considered a harmless affair, but some of the ambitious people of Fargo are protesting against its passage, as they hope to make that city a seaport at some future date. Their plan is to ship wheat down the river to Hudson's bay and thence eastward to the Atlantic ocean. Fargo is likely to wait a long time before any such plan is adopted, but the time is not far distant when Hudson's bay will be an important artery of commerce. The Canadian Northern railway is planning to build large elevators at its most southerly point, and hopes to ship wheat from the new northwest without the expense of the long rail haul to the Atlantic coast.

BRIDGE ST. 75 FEET WIDE

This Discovery Was Made Last Week While Surveying.

Heretofore It Was Thought to Be Sixty-Five Feet Wide.

Bridge street on the East Side has been discovered to be 75 feet wide, instead of 65 feet wide, as had been the general impression of residents along this street. The discovery was made last week when George K. Fargo and M. Brady had some men at work doing some surveying for residences that they are about to build fronting upon this street. The discovery has resulted in a number of those living on the south side of the street finding out that they have considerable less yard room than they had thought and in some cases it is almost too close for comfort. The office of the Thief River Falls Lumber company is said to be a few inches in the street; D. N. Winton's fence is a few feet in the street and most of the yard fenced in by ex-mayor D. B. Bakke on the north side is in fact a part of Bridge street. In fact the street comes up to within about one foot from Mr. Bakke's handsome residence.

The city council would have the power of vacating part of this street—say a strip 10 feet wide—if a majority of the property owners affected petitioned to have this done, and there was some talk last week of doing this. Property owners upon the south side of the street, however, protested against this and the matter has been dropped, for the present at least.

WILL BRING A BRIDE.

O. A. Peterson Left for Brainerd Last Week And Will Return With a Bride.

O. A. Peterson, in charge of the clothing department at the Golden Rule Department store, left last Saturday evening for Brainerd and upon his return the latter part of this week will be accompanied by his wife. The marriage ceremony was performed at Brainerd this week and the bride was Miss Hermine Alger. Mr. Peterson has made a large number of friends in this city during his short residence here and all will unite in congratulating him upon his return.

BEMIDJI IS GUESSING.

Plenty of Room Left for Speculation Regarding Railroads.

Rumored That the Soo Is Behind the Red Lake Line.

"Plenty of room has been left for speculation on account of the running of what is taken to be a railroad survey between Detroit, Minn., and Bemidji," said W. G. Schroeder, of Bemidji. "The survey was made last summer, and nothing appears to have been done concerning it since.

"There appears to be no definite information as to who is behind the deal, but residents of Bemidji are earnestly hoping that, if the road is built, it will be by the Soo. Having the Soo running into the town would be a very good thing for it, not only by opening up a new tributary country, but by establishing competition on freight rates.

"With the Soo extension our city would become quite a railroad center, for there are already three roads entering it. A report has gone around to the effect that the Soo people are behind the Red Lake line, running north from Bemidji, and color is lent to the story by the fact that backers of the project would not build until they were given a right of way clear through the town, where now they only extend a little ways into Bemidji.

"Trains run regularly every day on the Red Lake line, and have been running regularly on the Minnesota & International clear through to Ripple, but I understand that now a part of the line is to be closed to traffic for a time to allow the reballasting of the track."

SCHOOLS GET MONEY.

March Distribution of Funds Made This Week.

The apportionment of school funds was made last week by Auditor Ford. The state apportionment amounts to $5,965.30, while $1,053 has been received from other sources, making a total of $7,018 to be distributed, making $2.00 per capita on the 3,509 pupils in Red Lake county entitled to apportionment. Of this sum Red Lake Falls gets $1,092; Thief River Falls $1,650, and St. Hilaire $178. Some of the other schools getting a substantial aid from this source are as follows: No. 1, $88; 2, $60; 9, $88; 10, 88; 18, $82; 22, $70; 25, $70; 27, $78; 31, $88; 51, $70; 76, $82; 79, $100; 81, $88; 91, $90; 112, $66; 123, $80; 127, $88; 135, $72; 153, $72; 154, $92; 168, $52; 214, $80. The apportionment is increased nearly $1,000 over last year.

And the Prayer was Answered.

Years ago an old darky, whose master had some fine, fat turkeys, made up his mind that he must have one of those turkeys, and, as he tells the story, he set to work to get it by prayer. "I pray the Lord," he said, "dat he would send me one of dem turkeys. I prayed dat way mornin' and ebenin for a week, but still dad turkey didn't come, and I tell you my mouth was just a waterin' for it. So I says to myself, I must change my prayer, and so I prayed one ebenin' dat the Lord would send me after the turkey, and, brethren, dat turkey was here before daylight."

Subscribe for the News.

"Where Your Dollar Does Its Duty."

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Family Shoe Store

TAKE a peep in the next time you are along, whether you want shoes or not, and see in what masterful way we have prepared for the spring shoe business.

Men's, Boys', Women's, Children's,

---all sorts of wants well provided for, and done the way we always do things. That means not only the largest variety for selection, but better shoes for the money. We are ready to show you when you are ready to look---

The Golden Rule Shoe Department.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS.
FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.
ICE CREAM,
HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

JUDGE WATTS GRANTS A PREEMPTORY WRIT.

That Means That Red Lake Falls Has no Chance for an Appeal and an Early Election Is Insured.

Down River Town Will Now Have Only an Opportunity to Serve an Injunction Upon the Auditor.

The matter of changing the county seat of Red Lake county from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls will be submitted to the voters of Red Lake county sometime within the next six months.

The Red Lake Falls attorneys went down to ignominious defeat yesterday in the last round of the legal battle that has been going on for the past year, and the Thief River Falls attorneys have come out with flying colors. Judge Watts granted the preemptory writ asked for by the Thief River Falls citizens, and as a result the matter will come before the county commissioners again and there can be no interference with their work until they have decided the matter. There is also no appeal from the decision of Judge Watts in granting the preemptory writ.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, as now constituted, are a fair lot, and the petition of Thief River Falls asking that the matter be submitted to the voters is a legal one in every way. It is therefore to be expected that the election will be ordered. This would result in the election being held in a month or so, but Red Lake Falls will still have one opportunity left—that of serving an injunction upon the county auditor restraining him from calling the election. This would result in the case going to the supreme court, and would stave the election off for about five months, but of one thing there can be no doubt now and that is that the voters of Red Lake county will be given an opportunity to settle the matter sometime during the year 1906.

The attorneys of Red Lake Falls have fallen down about as hard as it was possible for them to do and the attorneys who have represented Thief River Falls—A. A. Miller, E. M. Stanton, S. Cooke and Ira C. Richardson—are certainly entitled to great credit for the successful manner in which they have handled the proceedings. When the fight was started a little over a year ago, the Red Lake Falls attorneys boasted that they would keep the matter in the courts for five or six years, and already the end is in sight and the matter has not once gone to the supreme court, nor will it go there until after final action has been taken by the county commissioners.

Over a Thousand School Children.

There are now 1,050 pupils enrolled in the city schools in this city and this number will be increased nearly 100 next Monday when the spring term of school opens and many new pupils will be enrolled. This is the largest number ever attending school here and indicates that the population of Thief River Falls is continuing to grow larger.

Start the Children Monday.

Prof. Hay desires to call the attention of those who intend to send their children to school for the first time this spring to start them in on Monday in order that they may secure an attendance of at least forty days this year, and thus secure a larger state apportionment for the school district.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

THE DEBUT OF HIAWATHA

The Division of Marshall County to Be Voted Upon.

Middle River to Be Made the County Seat of the New County.

Petitions are being circulated this week to submit to the voters of Marshall county at the state election to be held next November the proposition of dividing Marshall county into two counties. The proposed dividing line is between ranges 44 and 45, which is about the center of the county and would result in making two counties both a little larger than 24 townships.

The new county is to be called Hiawatha and Middle River is named as the county seat. The expense of making the campaign will rest upon the shoulders of the citizens of Middle River and the Northern Townsite company, which owns most of the village property in Middle River. Greeley E. Carr has been retained as attorney for the Middle River people and he has looked after the getting out of the petitions and will see that everything is done in a legal manner.

The first board of county commissioners will be composed of the following gentlemen:

Gustav Berg, town of Rollis.
Bredo Svensen, Newfolden.
C. A. Anderson, Middle River.
John Resberg, Holt.
N. Bundhund, Germantown.

If the new county carries, these gentlemen would have the electing of the new set of county officials.

Just how the new proposition will be received by the voters of Marshall county, it would be a very hard thing to say, but Senator Stephens and W. E. McKenzie, of Crookston, and M. V. Evenson and T. P. Hamre, of Thief River Falls, who own the stock of the Northern Townsite company and are furnishing most of the money to pay the expenses of the campaign, are convinced that Hiawatha county will soon be upon the map. It is a question of great importance to the residents of eastern Marshall county and, inasmuch as the News has a large number of subscribers up there, we would be glad to publish the views of any of the residents up there upon this subject.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

Oh, Fudge!

"When the cat's away the mice will play."

Do "the best laid plans of mice and men gang aft a-gley?"

The pupils are enjoying their vacation in many and various ways.

Prof. Hay was at Minneapolis last Friday attending a school meeting.

Several of the teachers went home to spend their vacation, but the majority remained here.

Last Friday morning the physics class were extremely successful in their experiments which were numerous and various.

The entertainment given last Friday evening by the little folks of Misses Annand and Pryor's rooms was a great success and the children did splendidly.

It is generally thought that all scholars prefer vacation to school at all times, yet some were heard to lament the fact that April the first did not happen to be a school day.

The senior and junior classes after long months of war and strife have at last agreed to agree and some moonlight eve this week will hold an old fashioned pow-wow and bury the hatchet and smoke the pipe of peace in the guise of a toasted marshmallow on the stem of a hat pin.

The exercises rendered by the Eighth Grade Literary society last Friday afternoon, under the direction of Mr. Wm. Prichard, Jr., in place of the most honorable president of the eight grade, were very successful. Rev. Flesher's address on "Rules for Success" was very interesting and instructive and we only hope others may follow his example in taking interest in the school and school life.

Death of a Young Man.

Peter Angell, who resides with his parents on the East Side, died Tuesday afternoon after an illness of about four weeks from a complication of diseases. The deceased was nearly 32 years of age and had resided in this city for about two years, coming here from Hallock. He was a young man well thought of by all and his untimely death is to be regretted. The funeral services will be held in the Synode church on Saturday afternoon of this week.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my specialty. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

PLANS ARE APPROVED.

Additional School Room to Cost About $16,000 or $17,000.

A Special Bond Election to Be Held Within a Short Time.

Architect Strassberger was up from Crookston yesterday to confer with the members of the local school board regarding the additions to be built to the Knox and Central schools this year. The board approved Mr. Strassberger's plans and he was engaged to have charge of the work. The cost of the improvements is now estimated at between $16,000 and $17,000 and the work will be let to some contractor.

In order to raise the money, a special election will be called sometime during the latter part of this month or about the first of May, at which time the matter of bonding the district for the proposed improvements will be submitted to the voters.

AFTER THE RAILROADS.

Steenerson to Speak for a Reduction in Amount Paid for Hauling Mail.

Ninth District Congressman Wants to See Subsidy Abolished.

Representative Steenerson is preparing a speech on the post office appropriation bill, which will come up in the house at Washington this week. The special feature of his remarks will be the payment to railroads for carrying mails and he will argue for a reduction of compensation and for the abolition of a subsidy for transportation of mails between Washington and New Orleans and between Kansas City and Newton, Kan.

Both these subsidies have been paid for years, but in recent years they have been attacked annually in the house. Southern members, through whose states the railroads interested run, have always been able to muster strength enough to continue them. Mr. Steenerson opposed both subsidies in committee and notified Chairman Overstreet that he would carry his opposition to the floor of the house.

Left for Canada.

Peter Eberhardt, Malcolm Eberhardt, Merrit Warren, Adolph Lindblad, Peter Saetter, Frank Kling, Ole Snoustad, Jack Moonlight and Julius Jacobson left yesterday morning for Prince Albert, Canada, where they will remain for the next six weeks building a large tow boat for the lumber company in which D. N. and C. J. Winton are interested. Julius Jacobson will remain up there all summer and be captain of the boat which will be built.

CAN'T ACT AS FIREMEN.

City Attorney Holds That Two Salaries Cannot Be Drawn.

Electric Light Department Made 767.79 Net Profits in March.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening and about all of the time was spent in auditing bills, and nearly $1,000 was paid out to some fifty people who have had business with the city.

The question was raised as to whether or not an alderman or a policeman could be a member of the fire department and thus draw two salaries from the city and City Attorney Cooke held that they could not. This means that there are to be four vacancies in the fire department, as Aldermen McGinn and LaBree and Policemen LeSage and Farr are compelled to resign.

A sidewalk was ordered built on the south side of Second street up by *Sundahl Bros.' livery barn.*

A resolution was passed to the effect that all cross walks built by the city in the future be of either cement or stone.

Supt. Peterson, of the electric light department, made a statement of the earnings of the plant for the month of February. The total earnings were $1,205.92 and after the expenses of running the plant for this month were deducted, a net profit of $767.79 was left for the city.

School Report.

Report of School District No. 20, town of Excel, for the fifth month, ending March 31.

Number of pupils enrolled, 25; average daily attendance, 19; pupils having perfect attendance were: Arthur and Clara Larson; Hannah and Clara Sponheim, and Mathilda Wendt.

Pupils ranking first this month were: Clara Sponheim, Henry Wendt, Frank Wendt, Elizabeth Hoffmam, Willie Sauter.

Number of visitors, 4.

Visiting School Officers were; Wm. Wendt, director; and Carl Steinhaur, treasurer.

MRS. THERESA BISCHOFF,
TEACHER.

Farm House Burned.

The home of Mike McAndress, together with most of the contents, was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour Tuesday morning. The house was about a half a mile north of St. Hilaire on the McAndress farm and was one of the best farm houses in the county. It is not known how much, if any, insurance Mr. McAndress carried, but it is thought that he is a member of the Bray Mutual Insurance company.

Here's a newspaper man's definition of a gentleman credited to an "Exchange": "A man that's clean inside and outside; who neither looks up to the rich nor down on the poor; who can lose without squealing and win without bragging; who is considerate to women, children and old people; who is too brave to lie, too generous to cheat, and who takes his share of the world and lets other people have theirs."

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

At a meeting of 5,000 adherents of the Christian Catholic church at Zion City, Ill., of which John Alexander Dowie is the founder and first apostle Dowie's authority was repudiated and Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who for some time has been conducting the affairs of the church, was elected in his stead. Mrs. Dowie also repudiated her husband and their son, Gladstone Dowie, cast his lot with his mother and the new leader, Voliva.

The insurance bill postponing mutual insurance elections until Nov. 15 has been passed by the New York senate. The bill, if it becomes law, will terminate on that date the tenure of office of all the present directors and trustees of the mutual companies and nullify all proxies executed prior to Sept. 15 next.

Attorney General Sturdevant of Wisconsin admits that he is about to begin proceedings against the Standard Oil company in Wisconsin. He refuses to discuss the evidence he has obtained, but declares it is enough to possibly oust the Standard people from Wisconsin.

The San Francisco Bulletin says that direct information from the trade ports and centers of China is to the effect that the boycott against goods shipped from the United States is rapidly dying out and that there is a prospect of an early and full resumption of business.

Judge Mack, in the circuit court of Cook county, Ill., has handed down a decision declaring an ordinance passed by the city of Chicago last October providing for a penalty against the street car companies for the overcrowding of cars null and void.

Martin Ratus committed suicide at Mankato, Minn., because of the alleged infidelity of his wife. The latter was a witness of the tragedy and is supposed to have died of heart failure, as her body was found lying near that of her husband.

The Aiken bill, increasing the liquor tax throughout Ohio from $350 to $1,000, has passed the senate by a vote of 25 to 11. This makes it practically a law, as Governor Pattison is known to favor it and will sign the measure.

Willie Hoppe, the nineteen-year-old champion billiard player of the world at 18-inch balkline, successfully defended the title which he won from Vignaux in Paris three months ago by defeating George Slosson in New York city.

Members of the Chicago board of trade have adopted the rule prohibiting its members from trading on foreign exchanges. The vote on the proposition was 556 in favor of the prohibition and 147 against it.

The first rebate case to come to trial in this country, in which the defendants are charged with giving and accepting rebates in violation of the Elkins law, is under way at Philadelphia.

Justice Dowling, in the supreme court of New York city, has granted the application made by District Attorney Jerome for a special grand jury to investigate insurance matters.

Over 11,000 immigrants arrived in the harbor of New York Thursday on board seven steamships from European ports. This number is the record for a single day.

The Seattle (Wash.) city council has granted the application of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad for a franchise to enter that city.

James J. Hill proposes to build a railroad in Canadian territory from Vancouver, B. C., to Winnipeg, Man.

GET LIGHT SENTENCES.

Those Implicated in the Soo Cases Plead Guilty.

Edson Gets Three Years, Which Is the Heaviest Sentence.

The March term of the Red Lake county district court will adjourn today, the last criminal case to be tried being that of the state against "Jimmie" Crape, who is accused of holding up Charles Gilbertson, a carpenter living in Porter's addition.

Of those accused of stealing wheat, merchandise and other articles from the Soo, all plead guilty with the exception of Charlie Rockstad. Edson was given a three years' sentence, Hathaway a year and a half and Ole Hagen and Charles Erickson each one year. Hagen and Erickson have been engaged in the dray business here for some time and it was a great surprise to their friends here to learn that they were implicated in the stealing.

The case of the state against Sam J. Johnson was dismissed on the agreement of Johnson to marry Gena Peterson as soon as an absolute divorce had been secured from his present wife. Johnson furnished bonds in the sum of $100 guaranteeing to do this.

Board of Health Notice.

The Board of Health of the city of Thief River Falls, in order to improve the general sanitary conditions of the city and to guard against disease, at a regular meeting held on Wednesday, April 4, 1906, adopted the following resolutions:

1. That all owners and occupants of lots within the city limits be required to move from their respective premises before April 15th, 1906, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter. Manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

2. That the keeping of hogs within the city be prohibited, except on special permission.

3. That the carcasses of all dead animals, such as horses, cattle, dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners or, upon failure to do so, by the occupant or owner of the premises.

4. That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate, unless suitable receptacles be provided therefor, neither will they be permitted to be thrown upon streets or alleys. If such slops and kitchen refuse are placed in suitable barrels, they must be removed at frequent intervals.

5. The board recommends that all private wells in the city be thoroughly cleaned in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter and directs special attention to the cleaning and disinfecting all privy vaults, cellars and cisterns, as these are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

6. After April 15 the annual inspection by the board of health will take place, and any person found guilty of disobeying the above resolutions will be dealt with according to the statutes made and provided.

Dated April 4th, 1906.

P. L. VISTAUNET, M. D.,
Health Officer.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending March 31, 1906, unclaimed:

Anderson, L. G.
Buthom, Ole
Bennett, Ed A.
Berge, Lars
Bhrhalls, Miss Sina
Barlow & Johnson
Comstock, Ralon
Dima, Billy
Fox, Mrs. Mattie
Groven, Enok
Hall, Isham
Hawkins, Mrs. O.
Jacobson, S. J.
Larson, John
Larson, John J.
Moe, Otto N.
Mork, Morthen
Moe, Otto T.
Porter, J.
Riss, Sven
Spangrud, P.
Stigrud, Nils P.
Stand, Geo. W.
Ttarth, Gottlib
Thorswood, Mrs. A.
Venes, O. C.
Vrandold, Sam
Wellesom, knudt
Woods, Al.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.,

Subscribe for the News.

A SETTLER'S LIFE ENDED

Anton W. Shosten Accidentally Kills Himself Saturday.

The Dead Man Leaves a Wife and Seven Small Children.

Anton W. Shosten, one of the settlers on the eleven towns residing at Highlanding, is dead, the result of an accident which happened in the claim shanty of John Kjenickeson, in the town of Mayfield.

Shosten and Isaac Dahlen, better known in Thief River Falls as the "Royal Swede," left St. Hilaire last Saturday morning with a load of feed, which Shosten was taking to his home. Dahlen, who runs a saloon in St. Hilaire and has a claim in the town of Mayfield, accompanied him. They got out to Dahlen's place Saturday afternoon, when the sleighing played out and it was found that the remaining part of the trip would have to be made on a wagon. The only neighbor who had a wagon was Kjenickeson and the two went to his place to ask if it could be borrowed. They took along a large jug of whiskey in order to get Kjenickeson, who is said to be rather a close-fisted old bachelor, good natured before the favor was asked of him. After several drinks had been taken, Kjenickeson consented to loan Shosten the wagon, and the load was transferred from the sleigh to the wagon. It was then too late to proceed, so it was decided to remain at Kjenickeson's place all night and proceed early Sunday morning. Most of the whiskey in the jug was drunk up and, before retiring, Dahlen had loaned his revolver to Shosten, the latter, who was to proceed alone Sunday morning, thought that he might see some wolves on the trip and wanted to take a shot at them if he did.

When it came time to retire, it was found that there was only one bed in the house and Kjenickeson and Dahlen tumbled into this, and Shosten was to have slept upon the floor. Kjenickeson went to sleep almost as soon as he got into the bed and Dahlen was just commencing to doze off when he heard the report of a revolver and, at once getting up, he found Shosten lying upon the floor, the warm blood flowing freely from a bullet hole in his forehead, and the revolver by his side. He tried hard to arouse Kjenickeson, but the latter was so sound asleep that he could not do it. He then went to a neighbor's and brought back with him Mr. Mayfield. Shosten was dead then, the body having become almost cold, and Kjenickeson was still sleeping. Mayfield and Dahlen went to St. Hilaire Sunday morning and notified County Attorney Germo and Coroner Blair, but these officials thought that an inquest was not necessary.

The deceased was quite well known in Thief River Falls and is spoken of well by all who have had business dealings with him. At the land sale he purchased the claim upon which Highlanding George used to live, and his family now reside in the house which Highlanding George used to live in. He leaves a wife and seven children, ranging in age from an infant to 12. As regards his financial standing, the people in Thief River Falls had always considered him quite well-to-do, and he is thought to have money on deposit in a Grand Forks bank. He has quite a number of head of stock upon his farm and considerable of his land broken up.

Lost a Team.

Carl Jensen, the Kratka postmaster and storekeeper, lost a team in the Red Lake river last Saturday while crossing the ice near where the ferry boat was operated last year. An effort was made to save the horses, but it proved to be unsuccessful.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are Practical stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a Thoro and Practical training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call.

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, Minnesota

WORK NOW ABANDONED

The Drilling of the Well for City Stopped This Week.

Now Down 490 Feet and Cost Has Been Over $3,500.

After drilling down some 490 feet at a cost of over $3,500, work upon the well for the city water-works system has been stopped. For the past two weeks the drill has been working in solid granite and to go through this would prove too costly a job and so the members of the city council believe that it is a wise thing to abandon the work. This means that the supply of water for the city mains will have to be taken from the river and will not be fit for drinking purposes unless a filter is put in, which would cost in the neighborhood of $25,000.

Just how much the work of drilling for water has cost the city can not be stated at present, but the contractors have already been paid some over $2,700, and have not rendered any bills during the past winter. City Clerk Backe figures that the total cost will be somewhere between $3,500 and $4,000, and would not be surprised if it was even greater than this sum.

WILL BUILD

Newberry & Bulman to Erect a Modern Livery Barn This Summer.

Newberry & Bulman, the liverymen, are going to erect a modern livery stable upon the site of their present location this spring. The stable will be built of cement blocks, two stories high, with a basement. The basement will be used to keep their stock, the first floor for an office and carriages and the second floor for hay and feed. The stable will be fitted up with all of the modern conveniences and will place Newberry & Bulman in a position to better care for the wants of their customers.

Work Commenced.

Contractor Hanson commenced work the first of the week of digging the basement for the buildings to be erected this spring by Dr. Tupper and C. A. Baker on the north and east sides of the First National bank building. The Tupper building will be 60 x 50 feet and the Baker buildings will be 25 x 50 feet and 25 x 80 feet. Four business places will occupy the first floor of these buildings.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

TAKES SOME EXCEPTIONS

Oscar Soderquist Gives His Opinion of the Assault on Miss Boe.

He Says the Girl Is Perfectly Rational and That Her Account Is True.

Exception is taken to the article in the News last week regarding the assault upon Miss Pauline Boe. The News stated that it was the belief of the authorities and the attending physician that Miss Boe had imagined that the assault had been committed. We certainly like to publish the truth regarding all matters and the following communication explains itself:

Editor of the News: In the News of last week I noticed an item about Miss Pauline Boe, in which her sad condition is attributed to mental disarrangement caused by religion.

People and newspapers, in particular, should be careful not to brand an unfortunate girl as a maniac before they know the facts. Miss Boe, who is well and favorably known by many of our citizens, has never shown any signs of being mentally weak, and the fact that she was converted some time ago should not be taken as a sign of insanity. There is not any reason for disbelieving her story, as a policeman is seldom seen in that vicinity, and it would be just the place for such a dastardly deed.

Mrs. Moland, at whose residence Miss Boe stays while recovering from her fright, firmly believes her story and will vouch for the sanity of her patient.

OSCAR SODERQUIST.

A NEW FIRM

F. S. Doege & Co. to Engage in the Contracting Business Here.

F. C. Doege, of this city, has formed a partnership with his brother, W. H. Doege, of Wolverton, and E. J. Norman, of Blue Earth, and will engage in the general contracting business, with headquarters at Thief River Falls. The building of brick buildings will be their specialty, but contract work of all kinds will be taken. In southern Minnesota and Iowa, where these gentlemen had been engaged in the contracting business for years, they enjoyed a reputation for excellent workmanship and have erected many of the large public and private buildings there. They are now ready to submit bids for doing any kind of work in any city in this section of the state.

NO CHANGE

Mr. Prichard Will Continue to Act as Cashier of the First National.

There is to be no change in the management or the personal of the stockholders of the First National bank. Two weeks ago the News stated that Mr. Prichard had disposed of all of his interests here to C. A. Baker and was to have left the first of this month for the Pacific Coast to make his future home. Mr. Baker in turn intended to dispose of the stock purchased from Mr. Prichard to local parties and failure to do this is probably the cause of Mr. Prichard remaining here. At least it is now announced that there will be no transfer in the stock of this institution and Mr. Prichard will continue to remain here and be cashier.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS

Rosa L. Boughton and husband to Emil E. Zeh, lots 1 and 2, block 9, Porter's addition	1
Mary F. Zeh to Oscar Soderquist, lots 1 and 2, block 9, Porter's addition	1
Emil E. Zeh and wife to Oscar Soderquist, lots 1 and 2, block 9, Porter's addition	225
Naomi Brady and husband to G. K. Fargo, east 50 feet lots 31, 32, 33 and 34, block 25, Red Lake Rapids	300
Iver Udby to Samuel Johnson, lots 13 and 14, block 27, original townsite	1,100
George Marquardt and wife to Lewis Benske, lots 19 and 20, block 25, Red Lake Rapids	425
Otto Nyhus and wife to Nels Berg, lots 13 and 14, block 21, original townsite	1,000
Nels Berg and wife to Emma Olivia Nyhus, lots 13 and 14, block 21, original townsite	1,000
Borgela Feister to P. O. Johnson, lots 39 and 40, block 14; lots 21 and 22, block 24, Red Lake Rapids	1
Borgela Feister to P. O. Johnson, lots 10 and 11, block 2, Red Lake Rapids	1
Maria Chrpa and husband to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, lots 17, 18 and 19, block 64, original townsite	1
First State Bank of Thief River Falls to William Warner, lots 5 and 6, block 5, Meehan's addition	1
Anton Gunderson and wife to Jens P. Jensen, lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, block 37, original townsite	3,500
Hans Moe to Earnest A. Anderson, lot 5, block 8, original townsite	1

INCREASE IN P.O. RECEIPTS

Local Office Does an Increase Business of Over 25 Per Cent.

Indications Are That We Will Soon Have Free Delivery.

The receipts of the Thief River Falls post office for the year ending March 31, 1906, were $7,238.58, an increase of over 25 per cent over the previous year. The receipts for the year ending March 31, 1905, the year of the opening of the reservation and when Thief River Falls had quite a boom, were $5,707.37.

If the postal receipts continue to grow, and there is no doubt that they will, as no town in the Northwest has a more promising future, we will soon have free delivery of mail. As the postal receipts must amount to over $10,000 a year before free mail delivery is established; every one should work to help accomplish this. *Every time you buy a* stamp or pay box rent, you help to increase the receipts of the local office. Remember this.

For Sale

By the city council. One well 490 feet deep. Snap for some one if taken at once.

BUILDING A CAREER.

The Only Sure Way by Which One May Become Somebody.

While it is true that distinction is sometimes thrust upon one, the surest way to attain either fame or fortune is to work for it. There are men who have found easier routes, but, as they are exceptions to the rule, their experiences are not safe guides for the average man to follow. To be on the safe side he should make up his mind that he will be compelled to work for everything he is to have. Moreover, he must be inspired with the determination to work for it properly.

To accomplish this feat two or three things are necessary. Of these the most important point is that he must be willing to begin at the bottom. To do anything well it is necessary that one should know how to do it. In this respect at least the learning of a trade is like mastering the art of house building. To construct a house properly one cannot begin at the roof or even at the second or third story. The first point that must be considered is the laying of the foundation, and upon the nature of this foundation depends the character of the structure that is placed upon it.

To master an art, a trade or a business, therefore, the pupil must put himself in a thoroughly receptive condition. He must be ignorant, just as a child is ignorant, for he has yet to master the A B C's of his profession. In other words, before he can hope to be somebody he must be willing to be an absolute nobody, a seeker after information at the bottom of the ladder.

Afterward his ascent of the ladder depends largely upon his own efforts. If he is quick at the labor of mastering details the period of his nonentity will be correspondingly brief, for it is in a man's capacity to absorb such details that his right to progress asserts itself. The success of a structure is largely due to the attention which is given to details which in themselves may seem unimportant. Man's success in life just as largely depends upon his appreciation of the little details upon which even the largest venture is dependent.

As one climbs, of course the horizon widens to view and opportunities present themselves that are undreamed of so long as one remains on the lower rungs of the ladder. To comprehend their possibilities, however, one must be capable of appreciating such a perspective. In this respect experience is just as important a factor as genius. Genius is the intuitive ability to grasp a possibility, but experience is necessary to that condition of perfect appreciation without which any great achievement is impossible. To the perfect completion of any great attainment, therefore, the words of one and two syllables which one learns at the bottom of the ladder are just as important, looked at from a comparative point of view, as are the intricate distinctions between harmony and discord which one cannot comprehend until he has climbed to one of the higher rungs. The foundation stones may be of rougher material and of less artistic conception than the gargoyles that beautify the top of the structure, but if the rough hewn foundations are not laid securely even the most artistic of gargoyles will not save the building from the disaster that is inevitable.

It is the same way with a man's career. If he is willing to begin at the bottom, where, as a mere nobody, he may take his first lesson in the art of climbing, there is nothing, unless it be his own lack of industry, that need prevent him from finally attaining a position where he will be very much a somebody.—Graham Hood in New York Globe.

Engineer Fatally Scalded.

Minneapolis, March 29.—While attempting to avert the explosion of an overheated boiler, Edward Tutton, an engineer at the plant of the Minneapolis Cooperage company, was fatally scalded and William Gray was badly scalded in rescuing Tutton.

Opening of Fashionable SPRING MILLINERY.

APRIL 3 TO 6.

FIRST-CLASS ST. PAUL TRIMMER. A CORDIAL INVITATION IS EXTENDED TO ALL.

MISS LAKIN,

Located in Old First State Bank Building, Fronting on Second Street.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The News, $1 Per Year.

Announcement

WE are ready to give figures on building material and finish in hard and soft wood, stair work, store fronts and fixtures, saloon, bank, post office and office fixtures.

We buy all kinds of lumber--red and white oak, white and black ash, birch, poplar, basswood and pine--sawed 1, 1¼, 1½, 2 and 2½ in oak, ash, poplar, birch and basswood, 1st and 2nd grade in pine; 1, 1¼, 1½, 2, 2½ and 3 in A, B, C, D and No. 1 grade. Call and see us before you buy. We will save you money.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Near G. N. Depot.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 5, 1906.

The village of Park Rapids has a commercial club that is doing things for the advancement of the town and county. The club has sent a representative in the person of Swan Rodin on a trip through Illinois to interest settlers in Hubbard county and induce them to locate there. Mr. Rodin will be equipped with attractive matter pertaining to Hubbard county, and his trip will doubtless be the means of inducing a considerable immigration into his county.

Legislative matters in the district composed of Roseau, Marshall and Kittson counties are commencing to get ripe. Senator Sundberg, of Kittson county, has filed as a candidate for state senator and *Olaf Holdahl* and A. B. Eckman, both of Roseau county, are candidates for the legislature. There is one senator and two representatives to be elected from this district, and Marshall county, which is nearly one-half of the district, may present a candidate for senator and in any event is sure to have a candidate for the legislature.

The report comes from Crookston to the effect that Senator A. D. Stephens has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor. It is said that Mr. Stephens will devote his energies to secure the solid backing of the Ninth congressional district and believes that if he can secure this that his chances of success will be good, as no one candidate will have a majority of the delegates gates upon the first ballot. Senator Stephens is a very shrewd politician and there can be no question but that he will prove a strong factor in the convention. It is doubtful, however, if he would prove as strong at the polls as others whom the Republicans might nominate.

In speaking of the policy of the state in regard to its land, State Auditor Iverson, at Duluth last week, said that the state officials feel that the land should be marketed as rapidly as possible, and that it should be turned over into homes for farmers so that it would produce something; but, he said, the state is hedged in by laws. The officials must sell the land according to the law, and that holds matters back. He declared that the legislators from the southern part of the state, who fight drainage of the state lands, do not properly understand the situation or they would not fight it. They say the north should drain its own lands the same as the south did. Mr. Iverson pointed out that the land in the southern part of the state was given as railroad grants, and the railroads sold the lands to the farmers rapidly and without any legal restriction such as beset the state in disposing of its lands; therefore the cases of the south and north of the state are not parallel. He said that it is purely a matter of business for the state to drain its lands and market them; a private concern, owning these lands, would do this, and the state should show as much business ability as a private affair.

Dr. Price's
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

Improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food.

Wanted—An Emperor.

According to reports, John D. Rockefeller is broken down in health of both mind and body, and must shortly drop from his nerveless clasp the helm of the "system."

William Rockefeller, brother of John D. and next to him the richest man in the country, is said to be afflicted with an incurable cancer of the stomach that will speedily put an end to his career.

Henry H. Rogers is an old man, and he can bear the strain of his enormous burden of responsibility but little longer.

The chiefs of the system are fading away. What is to become of the system?

Will other and more powerful figures rise to assume the control, or will this prodigious empire of wealth disintegrate?

It is impossible to avoid recalling the fate of the empire that Charlemagne built up during his tempestuous and vigorous career. One of the greatest empires in history, it was the work of one man, and when he died it fell to pieces. For lack of another as strong as he it failed to survive. Will history repeat itself in this modern financial empire when its Charlemagne passes on?

John D. Rockefeller built up the system. What will happen to it when he is gone is an interesting and important problem. William Rockefeller, Rogers and others have been important but minor factors, and even they must shortly go. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is at hand, it is true, but it will take real genius to fill his father's shoes, and of this he has so far shown no evidence. John D. Rockefeller, the third, has just entered upon life, but what he will prove to be, and whether the system will abide his coming to manhood, are vital questions the solution of which still sleeps in the womb of fate.

If this gigantic money empire should disintegrate, it might prove a public benefit, and it might, on the other hand, prove a great calamity. What the result would be is purely a matter of speculation. At any rate, the crisis is not far away. Even if the reports of the conditions of the Rockefellers are exaggerated, they are elderly men, and must sooner or later pay the debt of all flesh.

Perhaps the call of events will bring into the breach a new Napoleon of business, greater and better than any of them. Perhaps he may be a man less devoted to the money god than these, and more appreciative of the rights of humanity. Perhaps he may even use his enormous power for the good of man instead of for his ill. And perhaps not.—Duluth Herald.

The Tax Amendment.

At the general election in November the people of Minnesota will vote upon an amendment to the constitution governing taxation, and, while it is yet early, the proposition is so important that it is receiving some discussion already.

This is well. It is not a matter to be entered upon lightly, for never since the state constitution was created has there been submitted to the people a proposal that affects them so directly and so vitally as this. It demands close, careful study, and its rejection or adoption should be the result of the deepest and most careful consideration on the part of the voters.

Without going into details at this time, it is sufficient to point out the main difference between the existing constitutional provisions on taxation and those proposed in the pending amendment. The constitution now declares that all taxes shall be equal, "as nearly equal as may be," and that they shall be based upon assessment of property at its actual cash value. The new provision simply requires that taxes shall be uniform upon the same classes of subjects. Thus one class of subjects may be taxed lightly, another heavily; one may be taxed, and another left untaxed. It leaves all this to the discretion of the legislatures of the future, which may even go to the length of abolishing taxes on personal property, for instance, and making the land bear all the expenses of government, as the single taxers would like to see it.

Somebody has already drawn up a series of objections to this change and the chief and only important objection contained in his list is the one that long delayed the submission of the amendment, says the Duluth Herald. This is his fear to trust such enormous power to the state legislature. Those who opposed the submission of this amendment, which is commonly known as the "wide-open" amendment, feared to trust the legislature, and, if the constitutional provisions on taxation were to be changed, wanted the changes to be expressly stated, and the legislatures bound by a narrow amendment which would say how far they should go and where they should stop.

This objection cannot prevail. To admit its validity is to admit the failure of government by the people. If the people are so careless as to elect a legislature that will abuse this power, then the people deserve the consequences, whatever they may be. The man who has made this objection fears that corporation influences will corrupt the legislature—and purchase immunity from taxation. Since the people can immediately elect a new legislature that will undo the work of its corrupted servants, there is no grave danger in this. Besides, the people are going to watch future legislatures more closely than they have past ones, and fear of public wrath will prevent any such action.

The ones that have always opposed this amendment, that fear it most, and that will be found opposing it most bitterly in the coming election, are the corporations that realize they have not paid their share of taxes, and that see in it a means of compelling them to do so.

Untaxed State Lands.

The most serious handicap to Northern Minnesota is the policy of the state in holding back its large domain of state lands from settlement, after the fashion of an absentee landlord who cares for nothing except the prospect that one day he will be able to sell his lands at a higher price.

While a large sale of state lands is to be held this spring, it is the first for a number of years, and the policy of the state has been to hold its lands for speculative purposes, to the detriment of Northern Minnesota. Besides, it owns millions of acres of swamp lands which is secured from the federal government in consideration of a promise that it would drain them, and so far it has refused to appropriate the money necessary to carry out this contract.

In the meantime, areas open for settlement, in many cases, are absolutely unavailable because they are surrounded by state lands that pay no local taxes, help build no schools, and contribute nothing toward the construction of the roads that are absolutely necessary for development and growth. The fairest bit of farming land in the world is absolutely useless if it is surrounded by dormant state lands. The man who would settle upon it would be guilty of the most arrant folly, for there would be no one to help him build a schoolhouse in which his children might be educated, no one to help him build roads over which he might carry his produce to market, no one to help in the support of county, township and school district.

This policy of the state has been a blight upon Northern Minnesota, as desolating in its effects as a plague or a drouth. It is this that has caused the press of Northern Minnesota to rise in a body and demand that a more liberal and far-sighted policy be adopted. It is this that has caused the people of the northern half of the state to demand that the state shall have some thought for those who are trying to bring their sections into the fullness of prosperity that their resources warrant. It is this that has given rise to the cry for strong men for the legislature from this end of the state, men who are capable of bringing about the change in policy that is so sadly needed.

The suggestion has been made by a local citizen that the state should be compelled to pay local taxes upon its dormant lands so long as it persists in holding them back from settlement. This idea is a good one, but its realization depends upon the fairness and patriotism of the membership of the legislature. Selfishness on the part of members from central and southern Minnesota would be fatal to its success. But if they look at the question with an eye single to the growth and prosperity of the entire state, they will either grant that this request is reasonable, or will speedily set in motion a policy that shall relieve northern Minnesota of its curse of speculative landlordism.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that all accounts due the firm of Robinson & Co. doing business at Thief River Falls are payable only to D. L. Sawyer who has been appointed receiver by order of the United States court. All persons are warned not to pay any account due said firm of Robinson & Co. to anyone but the undersigned or his agent.

D. L. Sawyer.
Receivier.

Notice.

I am prepared to pay all outstanding orders against Independent School District No. 18, up to No. 2195.

E. E. Zeh, Treasurer.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins'.

—Subscribe for the News.

Falls Candy Kitchen

For Candies Always Right Fresh From the Kettle.

F. JACKSON & COMPANY
Thief River Falls, Minn.

FOR SALE

LOT 14, BLOCK 63, THIEF RIVER FALLS, (THE OLD ZEH BUILDING), ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS.

THEO. BASTING, 608 GLOBE BUILDING, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE NEWS,
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

The Soo Line Announces
IMPROVED SERVICE

NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station), Minneapolis 8:10 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10:05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Hankinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars

W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent.

When In Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

GUN METAL OXFORDS

The proper thing for now---early spring wear ---dull finish, calfskin stock, medium heavy soles, straight heels, new swing lasts. Oxfords that have "snap" and "style;" that look swager and feel good. Let us show them to you.

$3.50 and $4.00

WILSON CLOTHING CO.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Murder by the wholesale was served up to the populace of the Northwest in Minneapolis Wednesday by the finding of the hacked and mutilated bodies of six Bulgarian men, evidently workmen, lying in deep pools of coagulated blood in a little tumbledown house on Tenth avenue south. Four of the bodies were found in a sleeping room on the second floor, cut and slashed in a most horrible manner, while in the cellar were two others with their throats cut from ear to ear. All of the men had died by the knife. One theory of the police is that the two men in the cellar were killed for their money and that the others fought a duel to death over the booty. Ten Bulgarians, who admit they left the house of murder two days previous to the finding of the bodies, have been arrested at Duluth, but they emphatically declare their innocence and assert that the six men were alive and well when they left Minneapolis.

After a pursuit of four weeks by the police of three cities New York detectives, aided by operatives of a private agency and Detective Lawrence of Minneapolis, arrested Thomas J. Wainwright, describing himself as a lawyer of Boston, who is charged with robbing the residence of Dr. Nicholas J. Pinault of Minneapolis of jewelry, silverware, pictures and securities to the value of $1[illegible].

George W. Perkins, member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. and formerly vice president of the New York Life Insurance company, has been placed under arrest in the proceedings which District Attorney Jerome has begun to test the legality of political contributions by insurance companies. Perkins secured a writ of habeas corpus and the case was taken to the supreme court.

As a result of the investigation in New York city by the interstate commerce commission of alleged underbilling and discrimination of goods by various shippers it was stated at the offices of the commission that the present intention is to certify the cases to the department of justice for criminal proceedings with the view to bringing about indictments.

Joseph P. Turney, note teller of the National Bank of North America, New York city, has been arrested on a charge of stealing $34,000. The alleged peculations, it is charged in the affidavit presented to the court, have been going on for twenty-five years.

Fully 10,000 people witnessed the hanging of Tom Young in Williamson county, Tex. The execution occurred on the open prairie and spectators came from a radius of fifty miles, hundreds being there with their families in wagons.

A social at the Methodist church at Coaldale, W. Va., wound up in a pitched battle in which one man was killed, a woman fatally injured and several others received serious bullet wounds.

COULD NOT STAND RATE

A. B. Stickney Says Railroads Would Be Forced Into Bankruptcy.

Could Not Earn Enough to Pay Expenses and Interest.

St. Paul, March 27.—That railroads operating in Minnesota would be forced into bankruptcy by the merchandise rate proposed by the state railroad and warehouse commission was the practical effect of a statement made to the commission during the afternoon by A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago Great Western railway. Mr. Stickney made the statement that under the proposed rates the Chicago Great Western and other roads would not earn enough to pay operating expenses and 5 per cent interest on their indebtedness.

C. A. Severance made the statement that the reduction made by the proposed rates, on the 1905 estimate, if capitalized at 5 per cent, would represent *an investment of $15,000,000.*

THREE MINNESOTANS KILLED.

Series of Fatal Accidents in Northern Part of the State.

Duluth, March 27.—A farmer named Antti Kallainen, fifty years of age, walked into an open pit on the Commodore mine location at Virginia at night and was killed.

John Monson, a section laborer for the Missabe road, was killed by a train.

Herman Ollila, eighteen years old, was killed at the Higgins mine by a rock that rolled down the side of the pit and crushed him.

Mad Dog Scare in St. Paul.

St. Paul, April 2.—Two men and two dogs are known to have been bitten by mad dogs which roamed through the Hill district. It is feared that a large number of other people, many of whom may have been children, fell victims to the brutes' attacks. The known human victims are Dr. J. D. O'Brien and A. L. Sibley. Two of the mad dogs have been killed. They were owned by Howard Elliott president of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, and A. H. Lindeke.

Land for a Sanitarium.

Washington, March 27.—Senator Nelson has secured the passage through the senate of the bill granting to the state of Minnesota a tract of land in the state for use as a sanitarium for consumptive patients. This bill was passed in the house at the request of Representative Davis.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Floods caused many thousands of dollars' worth of damage in Iowa, following heavy rains. Many towns suffered, but Waterloo and Cedar Falls were hardest hit.

Major J. W. Hawkes, former commissioner of immigration of Louisiana, was run over by a street car at New Orleans and killed.

E. O. Gowing, a prominent Philadelphia merchant, was killed and his wife fatally injured in an automobile accident.

Twenty-four persons were injured, one fatally, in a wreck on the Nickle Plate road near Fort Wayne, Ind.

Fire in the business section of Johnstown, Pa., caused a loss of $500,000.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The house committee on ways and means has authorized a favorable report on the free alcohol bill. The vote on the bill was 16 to 2, Dalzell (Pa.) and Grosvenor (O.) voting against it.

Senator Foraker has reported from the senate committee on military affairs a bill providing for a cable from Key West to Panama, via Guantanamo, as advocated by the secretary of war.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds has agreed to report a public building bill carrying appropriations aggregating $20,000,000.

The Iowa house has passed an anti-pass bill.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Sarah J. Wheeler, mother of Mrs. Robert Wilcox (Ella Wheeler Wilcox), is dead at Short Beach, Conn., at the age of ninety-two years.

William H. MacDonald, a well known actor and singer and one of the founders of the original Bostonians company, is dead at Springfield, Mass.

Judge John I. Redick, a wealthy pioneer and for many years one of the leading attorneys of Omaha, is dead, aged seventy-eight years.

Daniel Confort Burdict is dead at Beloit, Wis., aged 102 years.

NEWS OF NOTED PEOPLE.

Official returns from every county in Arkansas show that Governor Jefferson Davis defeated Senator Berry by about 10,000 majority for United States senator in last week's primary election.

Mrs. Roosevelt and three of her children have left Washington for a short cruise in West Indian waters.

Subscribe for the News.

YOUNG MAN IS KILLED

Horse and Driver Fall Over High Embankment Near Mendota.

Sad Fate of William Walsh, a 21-Year-Old Farmer's Son.

St. Paul, March 29.—William Walsh, twenty-one years old, son of Morris Walsh, a farmer near Mendota, died yesterday from injuries sustained while driving Tuesday morning from Mendota to Lillydale.

Young Walsh was driving with his friend, Alex Perion, with a horse and buggy along the edge of a steep bluff when suddenly the horse slipped and rolled over the embankment, dragging the buggy with him.

Perion, who was on the opposite side from the embankment, jumped out uninjured, but young Walsh was dragged over and the horse and buggy fell on top of him.

The buggy was demolished, but the horse was uninjured. Mr. Perion picked up the unconscious form of his friend and putting him on the horse hurried as fast as he could back to Mendota. Physicians were called and examination showed that the young man's spine had been fractured and that he had been seriously injured internally.

Indigestion in Horses.

A very good mixture for horses suffering from indigestion is the following: Gentian, one-half pound; bicarbonate of soda, one-half pound; nux vomica, one-fourth pound; arsenic, one dram. Mix thoroughly. Dose, a tablespoon level full in moistened grain morning and evening. At noon give the following mixture: Sulphate of iron, one-fourth pound; saltpeter, one-fourth pound. Mix. Dose, a tablespoonful in moistened grain.

Continue the use of the medicine for two or three weeks; then withhold for a week and then give again. Continue in this manner until the animal recovers. In some cases treatment will need to be continued for six months or even longer.

These are desirable mixtures to give to horses in the spring, a few weeks before the hard work commences, especially where the animals have been wintered upon a large amount of roughage, as this line of feeding is very apt to cause more or less indigestion.—G. A. Waterman, Michigan Experiment Station.

INDIAN GIVEN 20 YEARS.

Slayer of Indian Policeman Pleads Guilty to Manslaughter.

In Eighteen Days From Time of Killing Murderer Goes to Stillwater.

Detroit, Minn., April 1.—Eighteen days after he killed Joseph Louzon, chief of the agency police at the White Earth Indian reservation, Joe Chouinard is on the way to Stillwater to serve a twenty-year sentence for manslaughter. Chouinard was indicted for murder in the second degree, to which he pleaded not guilty, but he agreed to plead guilty to manslaughter in the first degree. Judge Searles gave him the maximum sentence.

Chouinard's story is that Louzon and his wife had been quarreling and Louzon threw her to the floor. While he was bending over her and holding her down Chouinard seized a shotgun and fired at Louzon, killing him almost *instantly.*

ROBBED AND KILLED.

Body of Murdered Farmer Hidden in Refuse.

Motley, Minn., March 29.—Pat Holly, living seven miles northwest of Motley, was found murdered and buried in a pile of refuse in a stable.

His team and sled were found two miles northwest of Motley, in Cass county. The team had been wandering around and got fast in timber brush. Evidently the horses had been there for several days. On identification of the team at Motley search was made for the man and he was found as stated. Evidence points to robbery. The coroner and sheriff were notified.

OPENS LANDS TO SETTLERS.

House Committee Reports Bill to Allow Entry on Forest Reserves.

Washington, March 29.—A favorable report has been submitted by the house committee on public lands on the bill to open to homestead entry all agricultural lands in forest reserves. If the bill passes this will throw open a large area of Minnesota lands in the national forest reserve to settlement.

It seems certain also that the state of Minnesota will win in its claim for the swamp lands within the reservation.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Henry Justus, aged seventy-eight years, a resident of St. Paul since 1853, is dead.

The cornerstone of St. Paul's new public auditorium was laid Saturday with imposing ceremonies.

Frank Carlson was killed and several other workmen injured in a collision in the Milwaukee yards at Minneapolis.

The pope Friday received in private audience Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul and Right Rev. James McGolrick, bishop of Duluth.

S. A. Chalman, superintendent of the city schools at Montevideo, has been elected state graded school inspector to succeed A. W. Rankin.

Jeremie Pelkey is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Hood, near Paynesville. Had he lived until April 17 he would have been 101 years old.

Thomas A. Prendergast, who has occupied a position of prominence in St. Paul civic and political circles for twenty years, died suddenly from heart failure.

Henry D. Powers, one of the oldest conductors on the Great Northern road in point of service and a prominent member of the Railway Conductors' association, is dead at St. Paul after a long illness.

Johannes O. Stensrud, a prominent and wealthy farmer residing near Minneota, sustained a fall which resulted in his death about thirty hours afterward. Mr. Stensrud was seventy years of age.

Nas Patterson committed suicide by taking morphine at the farm of Jens J. Peterson near Hayfield. He was eighty-four years old and was despondent over adverse financial conditions. He had no known relatives.

A commercial club has been organized at Mankato with 300 members. The membership fee is $10 a year and the merchants are hopeful for good results in the matter of freight rates and securing new industries.

The citizens of Minneota have organized a stock company and will put in a local telephone exchange. The company will be incorporated with a capital stock of $5,000 and the city will be asked to grant a franchise.

Governor Johnson has appointed Carlos E. Avery a member of the state game and fish commission to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Uri L. Lamprey. Mr. Avery is the editor of the Hutchinson Independent.

George E. Exley, who has been a mail carrier in St. Paul for seventeen years, pleaded guilty to a charge of robbing the mails when arraigned before United States Commissioner Donahue. When arrested by postoffice inspectors Exley had two letters containing money in his pockets.

An important point of insurance law was established in a decision handed down by the supreme court last week. It holds that if an applicant for insurance answers in good faith as to his physical condition even if the answers are found to be erroneous his heirs are entitled to the amount of the policy taken out.

The trial of Thomas Hartman against the Soo road to recover $25,250 for the loss of a leg came to a sudden stop in the courtroom of Judge Kelly, St. Paul, when one of the jurors declared that he had been offered a bribe. He turned the $50 over to the court and a warrant was issued for the alleged briber.

Governor Johnson has issued the annual Arbor day proclamation of the chief executive, setting aside Friday, April 27, as the day to be observed in the schools throughout the state. The proclamation calls particular attention to the great natural beauties and resources of Minnesota and urges their more thorough care and preservation.

Attorney General Young has reaffirmed the opinion given two years ago by former Attorney General Douglas that street railway lines, even if built outside the limits of any city, do not come under the jurisdiction of the state railway commission and that it has no power to receive complaints or make orders regarding service and charges.

The case of Ethel, the six-year-old daughter of Benjamin Johnson of Bowstring, Itasca county, is puzzling the physicians. The child has just recovered from a trance of six days' duration and although at one time during the catalepsy life was thought to be extinct the little girl now is apparently in good health except for a natural weakness resulting from her long fast.

As two boys were passing the house of Charles E. Clark at Aitkin they saw smoke issuing from the windows. They at once sought to alarm the sleeping inmates, but had much difficulty in doing so. They finally managed to enter the house and found Mrs. Clark and her children almost overcome by the smoke. They succeeded in getting the woman and children out through a window just in time to save their lives.

The supreme court has denied the right of the Minnesota Canal and Power company to construct a canal in Northern Minnesota for the creation of an immense waterpower at West Duluth. The power company is declared to be without the right of eminent domain. Its petition in condemnation proceedings to secure lands adjoining the Rainy river near Koochiching falls is dismissed and it is denied the right to divert the waters of Birch lake and tributary streams flowing into the Rainy river for the purpose of securing a waterpower at West Duluth.

KILLS WIFE AND SELF.

Resident of Mankato Shoots Wife and Then Commits Suicide.

Leaves a Note Giving the Reason for His Rash Act.

Mankato, Minn., March 31.—Mrs. Martin Ratus, a well known resident of Nicollet county, was shot and killed by her husband, Martin Ratus, at their home on the Schumacher farm near North Mankato. Ratus then shot and killed himself.

Ratus was a bricklayer by trade and was about forty years of age. His wife was forty-two years old. A wallet containing $300 in currency was found in the inside pocket of Ratus' vest.

Ratus was of a quarrelsome disposition and on March 3 he was arrested in Mankato and was afterwards turned over to the North Mankato officers on a charge of assaulting his *wife. The judge* imposed a fine and allowed him to go home. A note found in the dead man's pocket read as follows:

"Whoever may read this will know that I killed myself on account of my wife and a man by the name of Rome."

SIX VICTIMS BURIED.

Murdered Macedonians Laid to Rest at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 2.—The six murdered Macedonians were buried in Layman's cemetery during the afternoon, their mutilated bodies placed side by side in plain, black coffins. At the foot of each casket was pinned a piece of paper, on which was written the name of the dead man.

Despite the quiet preparations made for the funeral, nearly 500 persons were at the morgue room, lined up along the sidewalk or standing across the street. Countrymen of the dead men were not in the crowd, scarcely one of their nationality being near to witness the last rites. Rev. G. L. Morrill officiated.

The police have run down every clue in attempting to unravel the murder mystery. The Macedonians held at Duluth have been released. Detective Stavlo of the Minneapolis police department, who has been at Duluth to conduct the investigation and examination of the suspects, will return during the day.

ENTIRE TOWN THREATENED.

Fire Destroys Two Elevators at Eden Valley, Minn.

Eden Valley, Minn., April 2.—The large elevator owned by the Atlantic Elevator company of Minneapolis, valued at $8,000 and containing at least 20,000 bushels of wheat, and a smaller elevator or warehouse owned by the Osbourne-McMillan Elevator company of Minneapolis, were totally destroyed by fire Sunday morning between 8 and 11 o'clock.

It is supposed to have originated from cinders dropped through the chute from a freight train that passed through Eden Valley about 7:30 o'clock.

When the fire was discovered the entire building was full of smoke and flames. The fire department deserves full credit for saving the entire town. The wind coming from the south blew the cinders directly over the town and nearly all the buildings for half a mile were in flames at different times.

SUED BY WIFE, KILLS HIMSELF.

Man of Twenty-six Takes Strychnine in Face of Disgrace.

St. James, Minn., March 31.—Richard Wahl, a farmer living in Long Lake township, committed suicide at about 10 o'clock yesterday morning by taking a dose of strychnine. Wahl formerly lived in South Branch township and is well known in this vicinity. A few days ago his wife had him arrested for non-support and he was brought into court and required to give bonds to secure his future good behavior. His domestic troubles seem to have preyed upon his mind and he decided to end his life. Wahl was twenty-six years old.

Patrolman a Suicide.

Minneapolis, April 2.—With a mirror before him to make his aim true, Mounted Patrolman Amos Provost, a member of the Minneapolis police force for nearly twenty years, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head in the kitchen of his home at 155 Seventh avenue northeast, during the morning. He was alone in the house at the time of his suicide.

Many Delegates Present.

Duluth, March 31.—Delegates from the states of Massachusetts, Illinois, Michigan and Minnesota, including several ministers and workers in the mission fields, are attending the fifth annual convention of the Finnish Baptist Mission union of America, which is now in session in this city.

Waiting for the Ice to Move.

Duluth, March 31.—Sixteen inches of ice bars the passage of boats in the river at the Sault and Mud lake and the eyes of all vesselmen at the Head of the Lakes are turned in that direction. Many big vessels are loaded all ready to start as soon as a favorable report comes.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

CLARK & CARR,
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The leading dealer in Thief River Falls city property, always has a number of choice bargains to offer. Before investing in real estate in any part of the city, you should see him and get his prices.

Office at corner of LaBree avenue and First street.

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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FOR THE CHILDREN

Round Shoulders.

Among the most common deformities of the day is one that with care and attention can be remedied. It is the round shouldered or stooping habit. Many boys show this tendency to stoop, while in the narrow chested it is marked to a painful degree.

And yet by raising oneself leisurely upon the toes in a perpendicular position several times a day this deformity can as a rule be easily rectified. To do this properly one must be in a perfectly upright position, the arms dropping at the sides, the heels well together and the toes forming an angle of forty-five degrees.

The rise should be made very slowly and from the balls of both feet, and the descent should be accomplished in the same way, without swaying the body out of its perpendicular line. The exercise is not an easy one, but, like many other things, may be accomplished by patience. It can be modified, too, by standing first on one leg, then on the other.

Inflating and raising the chest at the same time form a part of the exercise and if persevered in will ultimately show an increased chest measurement, development of lung power and erect figure.

Fortunes in Months.

Perhaps truth reigns under the months. This is a way to tell fortunes:

The girl born in January will be a prudent housewife, we are told; good natured, but inclined to melancholy.

February—Humane and affectionate as wife and tender as mother.

March—A chatterbox, fickle, stormy and given to quarrels.

April—Pretty, dainty, inconsistent and not given to study.

May—Handsome in person and contented and happy in spirit.

June—Gay, impetuous and will marry early.

July—Fair to look upon, but sulky in temper and jealous.

August—Amiable, practical and will marry rich.

September—Discreet, affable and generally beloved.

October—Pretty, coquettish and oftentimes unhappy without cause.

November—Liberal, kind, amiable and thoughtful for others.

December—Well proportioned, gay, fond of novelty and inclined to be extravagant.—Chicago News.

Odd Resemblances.

Every boy—and every girl, too, for that matter—has noticed the likeness that a cocoanut bears to a monkey's skull and face, but there are many other queer resemblances in nature. The meat of an English walnut, for instance, is almost exactly like the human brain, plums and black cherries are like the human eye, almonds like the nose and an opened oyster and shell an almost perfect likeness of the human ear. The shape of a man's body may be traced in the mammoth squash, the open hand in growing scrub willows and celery and the human heart in eggplant and German turnips. Many of the mechanical devices of the present day are based on patterns furnished by nature. The rooting hog suggested the plow; the butterfly, the door hinge; the frog stool, the umbrella; the duck, the ship, and fungous growth on trees, the bracket.

Boy Inventors.

It may not be generally known that many of our greatest inventors began their work when mere lads in their early teens. Marconi, the famous inventor of wireless telegraphy, was but fourteen when he set up his first crude apparatus, in which tin biscuit boxes held important places. At sixteen Samuel Compton began work on the spinning mule, which he perfected before he was nineteen. Eli Whitney conceived the idea for the cotton gin when he was only thirteen. Sir John Brown was a lad of sixteen when he invented in his mind the conical spring buffer for railway trucks, an invention which made him immensely rich in later years.

The Toss of a Coin.

Representative Gillespie of Texas, whose resolution asking for information concerning the community of interests of the Pennsylvania, Baltimore and Ohio and other railroads was passed by the house, came to congress the first time on the toss of a coin, says the New York World. He is from the Twelfth district and first served in the Fifty-eighth congress. There were three candidates for the nomination. Several thousand ballots were taken. Finally it was decided to break the deadlock by the toss of a coin. The third man was eliminated on the first toss, and Gillespie won the second toss and the nomination.

What the Children Did.

A little girl attending one of the public schools in Paris had to stay at home and nurse the baby whenever her mother went out to work. The school children took up a collection and pledged themselves to pay the mother as much as she could earn in order to enable her to stay at home and send the child to school.

Teddy's Sentinel.

Last night I woke up in the dark,
All shiv'ring in my bed
For fear a giant would come in
And roar, "I want you, Ted!"

My sword was in the nursery,
My shield and helmet, too,
And, all defenseless as I was,
If death, what could I do?

But all at once I sat right up,
As happy as a lark,
Because way down in our front yard
I heard old Rover bark.

And then I knew that I was safe—
The giant 'd never dare
To even touch our picket fence,
With Rover watching there!

"A Star Out of Jacob."

In the time of the reign of Hadrian, about A. D. 130, a Jew appeared among the peopl of Palestine claiming to be a messiah—the "star out of Jacob"—which Balaam predicted in his prophecy. (See Numbers xxiv, 17.) This Jewish messiah's name was Simeon Bar-Cocheba, which latter name in the Hebrew language means "son of a star." This individual who so blatantly proclaimed himself to be of divine origin took Jerusalem by storm (A. D. 132) and actually commenced the rebuilding of the temple. He took the government in hand and issued coins and performed many other public offices. One of these coins, now in the British museum, has an enlarged star upon one side and upon the other a Hebrew legend meaning "The Deliverer of Jerusalem." The Jews, it is said, lost 600,000 men defending this messiah at the time when the Roman government attempted to put down the popular delusion. In Roman history Bar-Cocheba is known as "Cozība of Barchocheba." The enemies of the "son of a star" changed his name to "Bar-Cozeba," which in the Hebrew means "son of a [illegible]."

A Speedy Recovery.

On one of the visits of the American fleet to English waters Admiral Erben was in command, with Captain Alfred T. Mahan, the writer on naval affairs, as his flag captain. One morning Captain Mahan came to his admiral with an invitation to dine with a duke which he had received.

"I can't accept," said Captain Mahan, "as they forgot to invite you."

"I should say you couldn't," growled the admiral. "I'll answer for you."

Whereupon the admiral wrote:

"Admiral Erben, United States navy, regrets that Captain Mahan, his flag captain, cannot accept the invitation of the Duke of Blank. Captain Mahan is on the sick list."

An hour or so later a messenger from the duke returned with invitations for the admiral and the captain, whereupon the admiral wrote again:

"Admiral Erben accepts with pleasure the invitation for Captain Mahan and himself. He wishes also to advise the Duke of Blank that he has taken Captain Mahan off the sick list."

Curious Storage of Hay.

An English traveler through Kashmir found in practice there a novel method of putting fodder up for winter use. The country lies in a valley among the Himalayas. The chief industry of the people consists in raising fine wool and in making this into fabrics which have carried the name of the country all over the world. A curious custom in some places is that of hanging quantities of hay up among the branches of trees. Why it was done was more than I could guess, till my guide informed me that in winter the snow lies five and six yards in depth and that the supplies of hay, which now look only as if they were meant for camelopards, are then easily reached by the flocks of sheep which abound there.

Mitigating Circumstance.

A Scotch baillie recently advanced to the bench had a criminal placed before him accused of some very modest violation of the law. Of course the baillie knew the prisoner well. He heard the charge stated.

"John, man, I'm sorry to see you here. We'll just fine you half a crown."

The clerk here intervened.

"But the charge is not yet proved; we have not heard the evidence."

Then the benignant baillie:

"Ah, well, John, my man, as the charge is not proved we'll just fine you an eighteenpence."—London Telegraph.

Mars and Saturn.

If Mars and Saturn reflect the same proportion of the light which falls upon their surfaces the smaller and much nearer planet would look three times as bright as the much more distant and much larger Saturn. As a matter of fact, there is no great difference between the two. It is inferred from this fact that the visible surface of Saturn consists of clouds, since no surface of land and water would reflect so much light as that planet gives.

He Is Deliberate.

Mrs. Sparks—Your husband is a very deliberate man, isn't he? Mrs. Slowman—Indeed he is. Mrs. Sparks—Did you ever know him to do anything in a hurry? Mrs. Slowman—Never! He plans every movement with the utmost deliberation and lingers studiously over every detail. I have often thought that if he ever dies suddenly it will be an awful shock to him.

Not So Very Unexpected.

"Ada, dearest Ada, will you be mine?"

"Oh, Charles, this is so unexpected! You must give me a little time."

"How long, darling?"

"Oh, I will just call mamma. She is waiting in the next room."—Fliegende Blatter.

Willing.

"Now," began the philosopher, "take the life of your neighbor, for instance He"—

"I'd do it in a minute," interrupted the practical man, "if the law would not interfere. He's learning to play the cornet."

Not Anxious to Please.

Neptune—I say, Boreas, if you keep on blowing like that you'll get yourself disliked. Boreas—What do I care! It isn't my business to furnish popular airs.—Modern Society.

Comforting.

"Our clergyman preached a sermon in midsummer today."

"What was his text?"

"'Sorrow not as those that have no hope.'"

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

To Isaac M. Benson.

Take notice that a default has occurred in the terms of a certain contract dated April 6, 1906, for the sale to you of lots nine and ten in block twenty-five of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota. That such default consists in your failure to pay the sum of three hundred and twenty-five dollars of principal and the interest thereon on or before the first day of March, 1906.

You are therefore notified that said contract will be canceled on the 17th day of May, 1906, unless the said sum of $325.00 principal and $17.65 interest thereon and the costs of this notice are paid to the undersigned Mary Evenson, the vendor in said contract.

MARY EVENSON.

St. Hilaire, March 7th, 1906.

mar 22 apr 5

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,

against

Charles C. Eklund, Anna Ecklund, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 26th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

mar 29 may 3

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota—Sixth Division.

In the matter of
Algot M. Edstrom, bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of Algot M. Edstrom of Hazel in the County of Red Lake, in said district, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1906, the said Algot M. Edstrom was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston in the county of Polk in said district, on the 16th day of April A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 30, 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9 15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6 45 pm
10 25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5 25 pm
10 58 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4 55 pm
11 25 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4 30 pm
12 10 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3 42 pm
1 35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2 25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Oscar Mattson, H. E. No. 7,899, for the NE¼, Sec. 11, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Joseph Hedlund, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 apr 26

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew B. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 23 in Township 153 North of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No 507, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 8, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. O. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 203, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 24, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 255, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 5 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. O. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 336, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 151 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Hultin, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Freeberg, " "
Svenke K. Dahle, " "
Tom R. Ryenstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Joseph Hedlund, H. E. No 7,900, for the NW¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Oscar Mattson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

march 29 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. O. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4, 1906, viz: Jacob Jonas, H. E. 917, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Judd, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew B. Helgeson, " "
Rudolph Fergus, " "
August Krause, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. O. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Hans H. Jacobson, H. E. 99, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Nels Olson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Thomson, " "
Nils J. Berg, of Germantown, "
Oswald Oss, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. O. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: [illegible], H. E. [illegible], for the Lots 3, 4, N½ NW¼, Sec. 27 and Lot 4 Sec. 26, Tp. 152 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John [illegible], of Kratka, Minn.
John Johnson, " "
Carl Jensen, " "
Samuel L. Heasler, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 2.—Wheat—May, 76⅝c; July, 78¼@78⅜c; Sept., 77c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅜c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 2.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 77½c; No. 2 Northern, 75½c; May, 77½c; July, 78¾c; Sept., 77½c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14½; May, $1.15½; July, $1.17¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.75; veals, $2.00@4.75. Hogs—$6.20@6.35. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $5.25@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.80; Texans, $3.75@4.60. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.57½; good heavy, $6.50@6.57½; rough heavy, $6.35@6.45; light, $6.35@6.55; pigs, $5.85@6.40. Sheep, $3.75@6.30; lambs, $4.50@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 2.—Wheat—May, 77¼@77⅝c; July, 76⅞@77c. Corn—May, 44⅝c; July, 44½@44⅝c. Oats—May, 30⅜c; July, 29⅝c. Pork—May, $16.32½; July, $16.22½@16.25. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.12; Southwestern, $1.06; May, $1.14. Butter—Creameries, 16@26½c; dairies, 15@23c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens and springs, 13½c.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	30c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Dr. Gambell was up to Holt Monday.

Mrs. Kidder spent Sunday in Crookston.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Miss Edith Day is visiting friends at Warren this week.

Dick Edmonds was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Wm. S. Cyr, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week.

Billy Knight returned to this city Sunday from the Red Lake country.

Walt McAndress and Jerry O'Brien were in from Highlanding the first of the week.

G. E. Carr left Monday for Stephen to attend to business matters there for a few days.

Andrew F. Nelson was in from Highlanding the first of the week and subscribed for the News.

—Three sixteen foot store buildings for sale; can be fixed over into dwellings. Apply to Dr. Grundy.

George Zumivinkle of St. Paul spent Sunday in the city the guest of his sister, Mrs. D. J. McNiven.

—All kinds of fresh, salted and smoked fish during Lent. Oysters best in the city. Hankey & Glaser.

Homer Mussey, who is employed on the Greenbush Journal, was down to spend Sunday with his parents.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs. Wesley Evins left Tuesday morning for the Canadian Northwest to join her husband, who has a claim up there.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Farge, agent.

—Farm to rent—A good farm three miles from town, 200 acres under cultivation, good pasture and fire wood free. Inquire of D. P. O'Neill.

MODEL
MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready
for
Your
Inspection
After

APRIL THIRD.

—Penny pictures at Berry's gallery.

Joe Johnson was in from Erie the first of the week.

—Souviner postal cards of the city at Berry's gallery.

W. J. McKinley returned from the woods last Friday.

Martin O'Brien was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Osborn left for Glyndon last Saturday to spend her vacation.

Miss Adler left Saturday for Moorhead to visit her parents this week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Stenseth last Saturday.

For Sale—Two good milch cows. Apply to postmaster at Sorum, Minn.

W. A. Sorsoleil, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Rev. Ross was over to Warren Sunday and held services in the German Lutheran church there.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

A. C. Baker, president of the First National Bank, returned to his home in Decorah, Iowa, last week.

For sale—Homestead relinquishment with improvements. Town 155, range 39. Inquire at this office.

A social dance was given at the Rushford Saturday evening, which was attended by a large number.

Sam Clark left Tuesday morning over the Soo line for Minot, N. D., where he will engage in the practice of law.

Gilbert Haavi, one of the viewers of the Bray-Sanders ditch, was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—For Sale—One well improved quarter section about 6 miles northeast of Germantown; $1,600. Inquire of the News.

Miss Adams, of the Warren city schools, who had been here visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson, returned to Warren Monday.

—Furnished rooms with or without board at Mrs. Wm. Robinson's. First house north of Central school house on LaBree avenue. 13

County Surveyor Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week on business connected with the proposed Bray-Sanders ditch.

For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

S. H. Sharback, who is soon to open up a general store in the Dobner Meehan block, arrived here Tuesday from Boyd, accompanied by his wife.

—For Sale—The Fairfield hotel, building and furniture. Building new and in good condition. Inquire of Ole Isaacson at the hotel, up near the Soo roundhouse. 17

Miss Finberg left Monday for Grand Forks, where she filed upon a homestead in North Dakota. From there she went to St. Paul and later will go to her homestead to reside.

A valise was found on the road between St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls last Friday by Daniel Sullivan. The owner can have the same by calling for it at this office.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Lost—One Russian calf fur coat between Thief River Falls and Sec. 31, Silverton, on the road crossing the ferry. Finder please notify John Nordly, Brunkeberg, Minn., and receive reward.

Mrs. Archibald arrived here Monday from Atwater and will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Bailey, for about three months. Dr. Archibald has sold his practice at Atwater and will take a three months' course in surgery at a Chicago college before seeking a new location.

—Go to the Thief River Falls Meat Market for your home-made sausages of all kinds, home-made jelly pig's feet, soused pig's feet, cooked minced corned beef, pressed corned beef, blood pudding fresh every day, and all kinds of fresh meats and provisions. Best in the city. Everything up-to-date. Give us a call. Hankey & Glaser.

A western man, who has had considerable experience in raising potatoes, says that by planting two or three flax seeds in each hill, no bugs appeared in the patch. He claims to have tried it several years in succession with always the same result. It will pay our readers to try this the coming spring. Its certainly easy to try and handy, if it does the work.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown yesterday.

Miss Phillips left Monday for Warren to visit Miss Frank for a few days.

Ole Arneson went up to Middle River yesterday. He will farm up there this year.

George Chesterman was elected mayor of Crookston Tuesday by a majority of 37.

D. P. O'Neil has gone down to his Norman county farm and will remain there until after seeding.

H. B. Finch and C. R. Winslow, of the Finch-Smith company, were up from Crookston yesterday looking after business matters.

Louis Hanson went up on the Greenbush line yesterday to look after the interests of the Hanson & Barzen Milling company.

For Sale—A good team of farm horses, one six and the other eight years old: weight about 1,300; sound in every respect. Olson Bros.

Ex-Judge of Probate Knight came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday to visit his son here for a few days. He spent the winter up in the Big Fork country.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet next Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. W. Prichard. All members are requested to be present at 2:30.

The new pump for the water works system arrived last week and is now being put in shape to pump the water for the city mains. It will be about a week or more before the work is completed.

The News made a mistake last week when it said that "Jimmie" Crapps had been indicted for the holding up of Charles Gustafson. Charles Gilbertson, a carpenter living in Porter's addition, was the man.

F. T. Lapitz writes the News from Duncan, Iowa, to the effect that he is now working for the Co-operative Company there and that he expects to visit with his old Thief River Falls friends here this summer.

Miss Avis Kimber, of Minneapolis, was in the city last week for a short time, the guest of Mrs. Ira C. Richardson. Miss Kimber was on route to Langdon, N. D., where she is a teacher in the public schools.

Hon. Mike Holms, judge of probate of Roseau county, was in the city last Friday visiting friends for a short time. Mike was just returning from West Baden, where he had been taking mud baths for a month, and was greatly improved in health.

Dairy Inspector Winkjer was in the city yesterday, returning from a trip to Newfolden where there was a meeting of farmers to consider the proposition of building a creamery. No action was taken, but the matter of canvassing for stock has been commenced.

E. R. Howe, who has been train dispatcher here for the Soo, left the first of the week for Sioux Falls, S. D., with his family and will make that place his future home. J. H. Thompson, of Winnipeg, fills the position made vacant by the removal of Mr. Howe.

C. Granum left yesterday for Edmore, N. D., to look over the farming interests of Oen & Granum there for a few weeks. They will not farm on as extensive a scale as heretofore this year and will only put in some 600 acres, having rented out 900 acres to farmers over there.

Six cars of lumber every day and some days eight cars is the record at the planing mill these days. The demand for lumber was never better and orders have been received here to start the saw mill just as soon as the logs can be moved. It looks like a long and prosperous season.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Johnson will leave next week to spend the summer with their son, W. H. Johnson, at Thief River Falls. Their dwelling will be occupied by Julius Solum and family who have been making Oaskis their home since the first of the year. Mr. Solum is on the road for the International Harvester Co., and will make this village his headquarters this summer.—Oaskis Review.

Dr. Bockman was up to Newfolden last week.

D. N. Winton and wife are expected to return Saturday.

D. K. Bryant returned to this city from Minot, N. D., Tuesday.

C. J. Knox was over to Warren the first of the week on business.

For Sale—A 14-shoe drill—new—will be sold at cost. M. C. Burns.

R. J. McMahon, the Stephen telephone man, was in the city yesterday.

Ole J. Tweet was in the city from Grand Forks the first of the week.

James Meehan went down to St. Paul last week and will return again this week.

Ed. Wilcox went down to Red Lake Falls yesterday to look over some farm lands.

Master Mechanic Horton and family were down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

Dr. Grundy was down to Minneapolis the first of the week attending to business matters.

Dr. Penny left this morning over the Soo for Rugby, N. D., to spend a few days visiting friends.

Rev. Barackman will arrive here Friday to take up his work as pastor of the Presbyterian church.

J. A. Willis, who has a claim out in the eleven towns, arrived here yesterday from Janesville, Minn.

C. F. Wright, of Frazee, was in the city the first of the week visiting his brother, W. A. Wright.

For Sale—A team of good farm horses. Frank Chittick, one block and a half south of D. N. Winton's.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

—State Farmers' Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest Cash Surplus, Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Steve Nelson removed to St. Hilaire yesterday with his family and will work as a filer in the St. Hilaire saw mill this season.

Prof. Hay returned to this city yesterday from a trip to St. Paul, where he had been attending an educational meeting.

F. J. Matoushek, who had been here since the first of January, left the first of the week for Montana, where he expects to locate.

Miss Linda Robbecke left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis, where she will spend the next three months taking a music course.

Mrs. C. J. Knox and children, who have been spending the winter in St. Paul, are expected to return the latter part of this week.

Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and daughter, Goldie, went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to visit Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Hansen for a few days.

M. V. and C. M. Evenson, O. T. Tandberg, G. Weimer and Daniel Shaw were among those who were at Red Lake Falls yesterday on business.

A social will be given by the Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian church at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wilson, Friday evening at 7:30.

Gusa Bros. have purchased a 25 horse power threshing engine from Murphy & LaBree and will ship it up to the Canadian Northwest in the near future.

Judge Bishop was down to Minneapolis the first of the week on business before Judge Lochren in connection with the assignment of Wm. Robinson & Co.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday in the German language at 10:30 a. m. and in the English language at 7:30 p. m. All are invited. P. E. Ross.

Tom Morris, of Crookston, grand master of the Masonic lodge in the state of Minnesota, is expected to be here next Monday evening and inspect the work being done by the local lodge.

Ed. Hilson returned to this city from Ballard, Washington, where he had spent the winter and is now at work in Bishop & Elders meat market. His family is still in the west, but will return in a few weeks.

Ethel came home and told mamma the text at Sunday school that day was, "Don't worry, you'll get your bedquilt!" When mother met the superintendent next day she learned that the text really was, "Fear not; ye shall be comforted"!—Ex.

Walseth & Tautges have commenced an action for $100 against Mrs. Feister. They were attorneys for Mrs. Feister in the suit brought against the city and which Mrs. Feister settled without the knowledge of her attorneys for the sum of $100.

The members of the Masonic lodge will hold a social session next Monday evening, at which time the ladies will be invited. The home orchestra will furnish the music and refreshments will be served. Tom Morris, the state grand master, will be present.

"The bride and groom will make their home with the bride's parents for the winter," says an Iowa exchange in concluding a pretty write-up of a wedding. The groom, no doubt, got a jewel of a wife, but he certainly has won a diamond-in-the-rough father-in-law.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Moroccan conference has reached an agreement on all points. The division and the policing of the ports of Morocco was arranged as follows: Spain polices Teutana and La Raiche, a Franco-Spanish mixed police will be established at Casa Blanca and Tangier and a French police force alone will have charge of Mogoboor, Saffi, Mazagan and Rabat. This gives France four Atlantic ports. The settlement of the question of the State bank of Morocco gives France three shares, including those of the French syndicate. The other nations have one share.

The Moscow Russkoe Slovo has received a sensational telegram from its correspondent at Harbin, Manchuria, saying that hostilities are imminent between the Russian and Chinese troops. He intimates that the Chinese, influenced by Japan, are moving forward, that the situation is so tense that the Russian demobilization of troops has been stopped and that General Grodoff, the Russian commander-in-chief, has issued instructions to prepare for eventualities.

The disaster at the Courrieres (France) coal mines had a startling sequel Friday when thirteen miners were taken out alive after having endured twenty days of entombment. The story of the survivors discloses that they lived for many days on putrid horse meat amid total darkness and in the stench from scores of decaying corpses.

Despite the Russian government's assurance that another extensive outbreak in the immediate future is impossible the clouds are lowering and there are other indications that a big storm may break before the new parliament meets. If it comes it is likely to be bloodier and more terrible than anything previously witnessed in that country.

Fourteen of the 1,200 miners who were entombed in the coal mines at Courrieres, France, twenty days have been taken from the mine alive and well. They had lived on hay found in one of the underground stables and the morsels of food which they took into the mine with them.

The interference of the colonial office in London with matters which the Natal government considers to be outside the imperial government's jurisdiction has led to the resignation of the ministry.

Serious street rioting occurred at Bucharest, Roumania, and culminated in a fight between the rioters and troops, during which two men were killed and over 300 were wounded.

The Spanish authorities have unearthed an anarchist plot at Lebrija, twenty-nine miles from Seville, the notorious center of the "Black Hands," to assassinate the royal family.

A German detachment of one officer and sixteen men has been annihilated by Hottentots in German Southwest Africa.

J. W. C. Steen, former Norwegian premier, is dead at Vossevangen, Norway, of heart disease.

By an explosion in the Takashima coal mine near Nagasaki, Japan, 250 miners were killed.

LABOR NEWS.

The national convention of the United Mine Workers of America at Indianapolis has adjourned after authorizing national and district officers to sign wage agreements with any soft coal operator who would agree to pay the scale of 1903 or its equivalent for a period of two years. Work was ordered suspended in the remainder of the bituminous districts and the entire anthracite field. It is estimated that about 75,000 union miners will continue at work for employers who agree to pay the increased wages demanded.

The street car strike situation at Winnipeg is rapidly assuming startling proportions. The mob has assumed such a threatening attitude that regulars have been called out and a detachment of Royal Canadian mounted rifles are patrolling the streets. In several instances a bayonet charge has been necessary to disperse the crowds.

The Pittsburg Coal company and half a dozen other bituminous operators in the Pittsburg district have signed the scale demanded by the Miners' union and work has been resumed after one day's idleness. The advance granted means an increase in wages to the miners of that district of $240,000 a month.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Senator Tillman, who has charge of the railway rate bill in the senate, will oppose the court review amendment to the measure which was agreed on Saturday at a conference between President Roosevelt, several Republican senators who are supporting the bill and members of the interstate commerce commission.

The supreme court of the United States has decided the Michigan ad valorem railroad tax cases, involving the taxes of all the railroads in that state for several years past, against the railroads. About $2,000,000 in back taxes are involved.

A bulletin issued by the department of commerce and labor shows that the trade of the United States with Mexico in the fiscal year 1905 aggregated in value $92,000,000, as compared with $31,000,000 in 1896.

The new battleship New Jersey, on her trial trip, made a record of 19.48 knots per hour, placing her at the head of all American built battleships.

The senate is not expected to reach a vote on the railroad rate bill for several weeks.

1906 APRIL 1906

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

For Sale

By the city council. One well 490 feet deep. Snap for some one if taken at once.

GREAT OPENING OF SPRING MILLINERY

Commencing Saturday,

MARCH 31,

AND LASTING ONE WEEK.

MISS MARIE MOLAND

LA BREE AVENUE

Dr. Doran's Cure for Cancer.

AUTHORITATIVE INSTANCES OF THE TREATMENT'S CURATIVE RESULTS

THE TREATMENT PRODUCES ALMOST IMMEDIATELY A COMPLETE RELIEF FROM PAIN

Cancer as a rule has no respect for person, climate, altitude or position. It is found as often in the larger cities of the United States as it is throughout the country. Dr. Doran, affording himself of the opportunity by his frequent visits professionally to the different parts of the United States, has had access to a proportionate percentage larger than that of any other known physician. His plan of treatment, beginning several years ago, has now extended to almost all parts of the United States. Doctors in general are willing to admit of his ability, and while there are a few in particular who do not like the methods pursued by Dr. Doran, still they cannot help from admitting that he is a wonderful element in the profession. The one particular complaint laid at the door of Dr. Doran's method is that of advertising. The old time school of medical ethics and unwritten law prohibits advertising. Not that the plan of advertising detracts or interferes with any physician's professional ability, but it is not considered by doctors as a whole as a square deal. In fact in the doctor business the code of medical ethics and the adhering to that of ethics is what we might term a trust, a law or an understanding that binds physicians socially to carry out a certain plan of laws formulated and known to themselves only. Dr. Doran has always believed in letting the good things be known. He is an explorer, a scientist and a man who is constantly seeking new improvements, new ideas and anything of value intended to be of benefit to his patients. He has demonstrated to himself the localities in which certain special diseases may more or less be prevalent or where certain special diseases may be more or less benefited and where certain diseases are not especially adapted to the location. As for instance in an interview with him not long since when he was traveling thru Arizona, Mexico and Texas, Dr. Doran made the astonishing statement that of all climates that he had ever sent patients with lung trouble to he thought New Mexico, West Texas and Arizona to be the best, the atmosphere being such as to completely render inactive the germs of the disease and allow the patients to regain rapidly their health. Dr. Doran has a faculty of understanding diseases thoroughly even from the beginning. It is said that he can name the disease of any patient without asking a question, and that he is perhaps the only physician who can do so. Numerous cases have come to our knowledge where we know them to have been given up by their family physician, who have gone to Dr. Doran and easily become cured. Not that he possesses any supernatural healing power or any greater amount of medicinal remedies, but that he knows the disease, knows where it is located and knows what to do for it without any experiments. Since locating his office in Minneapolis, Minn., about eight years ago, he has spent about half of his time in this northwest country. He is treating patients from almost every town and country within this northwest. They all speak in the highest praise of him and claim that his medicines really act wonders.

Diseases of women, which require more ability and skill in their treatment than any other class of diseases, are treated with the greatest success by methods original with Dr. Doran and 90 per cent of the usual operations are avoided. Operations, as is well known, even the slightest of them are attended with danger and, when a system of treatment is so effective as to render a cure possible without operating, it is certainly one to be considered. Dr. Doran's system of treatment means natural medication; it means no poisons given; it means no diseases produced or injury done; it means a most excellent system of medicine known, all as a result of his experience in his large continued practice. Eight years of the largest and most successful practice in the Northwest is evidence of the superiority of his ability and integrity. Dr. Doran furnishes his own medicine. His laboratory is known to contain the largest assortment of pure medicines of any laboratory to be found throughout the United States. He is directly interested in each patient, therefore when he treats them and the medicines are prepared directly under his supervision, he knows the patients are getting just what he intended them to have. Dr. Doran has cured chronic diseases at peoples' homes and cured them when all other remedies had failed. Other physicians have come and have imitated Dr. Doran; they have copied his methods all over the country, and while he has been imitated he has not been equalled. We take the liberty to mention some recent cures which had been pronounced incurable: One is that of Mrs. A. W. Martin, Nord, Minn. She had cancer of the face. Had been treated by ordinary methods and had been growing worse. Mrs. Martin was treated by Dr. Rea, who followed Dr. Doran's line of treatment for this deadly disease.

Mrs. Iolt Schroeder, Clara City, Minn., also cured of a large cancer of the lip which had become quite painful. Mrs. Schroeder was treated by another doctor.

Again Stewart Hanson, Cokato, Minn. had a large cancer of the nose which Dr. Rea cured with one treatment using Dr. Doran's treatment.

In the treatment for catarrh, rheumatism, blood diseases, diseases of the nervous system and other general diseases Dr. Doran perhaps has no equal.

There are numerous testimonials that we would like to publish but will publish only a limited number, as follows:

A. C. Myer, Ormsby, Minn., cured of a bad cancer of the lip in two treatments. Cured by the injection plan.

H. C. Marrison, treaveling man for the Walter A. Wood concern cured of chronic rheumatism, cured in three months after he had not been able to do a lick of work for eight months. Cured to stay cured.

Oscar Mords, West Superior, Wis., cured of a chronic blood trouble and the curvature of the spine when local doctors said he could not be cured and was given up to die.

Oscar Halstein, Fargo, N. D., cured of consumption with Dr. Doran's plan of treatment. Mr. Halstein was cured by another doctor but used Dr. Doran's plan of treatment.

Tom Irwin, Magnolia, Minn., cured of early consumption. The disease had been coming on Mr. Irwin for a long time. He is now thoroly well and able to work every day.

Mrs. Sarah Walters, Pipestone, Minn., cured of chronic female troubles, stomach troubles. She was very bad and was given up to die.

F. Densmore, Spring Valley, S. D., cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach, cured quickly with medicines such as he had never taken before.

Mrs. C. W. Howard, Engerton, Minn., cured of tubercular glands of the neck—cured to stay cured in three months' treatment.

Mrs. James Inglis, Hallock, Minn., cured of articular rheumatism after other doctors failed to give her any relief.

J. W. Nickolsen, 16 Nourse-st., St. Anthony Park, Minn., cured of chronic kidney trouble of long standing.

D. D. Defenbaugh, 310 Jackson street N. E., Minneapolis, cured of cancer.

A. C. Bruinner, St. Anthony Park, Minn., cured of varcocele.

Chas. Goswell, Lumber Exchange Bldg, Minneapolis, cured of chronic blood disease. There is not a pimple on Mr. Goswell's body. He says Dr. Doran's treatment for private and nervous diseases cannot be beat.

Will Older, Mitchell, S. D., cured of constant drains of his systen which would have ruined him mentally and socially.

Mrs. John Groref, Winnibago, Minn. Cured of early consumption. She says Dr. Doran's treatment works like magic.

Mrs. H. C. Dorman, Minniski, Minn. Cured of piles with one treatment, without cutting and without use of medicines. Cured by the famous injection plan, which never fails to cure.

Edgar Putnam, Weaver, Minn. Cured of chronic skin disease, eczema, after all other kinds of treatment had failed to do him any good at all.

A. Fullwiler, Round Lake, Minn. Cured of chroid kidney troubles and acute Bright's disease after other doctors had failed to do her any good whatever.

Robert McWalter, East Grand Forks, Minn. Cured of liver and stomach troubles and dyspepsia, with Dr. Doran's plan of treatment combined with the celebrated Cascarine treatment.

Dr. Doran will continue to visit professionally some of the principal towns throughout the state of Minnesota, his home office is 304 Ernst Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Consultations, examinations to those interested, $1.00.

Dr. Doran will be at the Hotel Rushford Wednesday, April 11th, 1906.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.
Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, April 11th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

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304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

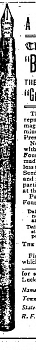

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen.............. $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen.................. $1.85

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St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

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The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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THE NEWS,
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

"Cut it Out"

says many a doctor to his lady patients, because he doesn't know of any medicine that will cure female troubles except the surgeon's knife.

That such a medicine exists, however, is proved by thousands of cures made by

WINE OF CARDUI

Cures Womb Disease

It has saved the lives of many weak, sick women and rescued others from a lifetime of chronic sickness. It will cure you if you will only give it a chance. Try it.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in $1.00 bottles.

GAVE UP SUPPORTER.

"I wore a supporter for four years, to keep up my womb," writes Mrs. S. J. Chrisman, of Manceville, N. Y. "My doctor said no medicine would help me. After taking Cardui I gave up my supporter and am now well."

BARGAINS:

The New Store. A. E. Abraham.

Shoes and Overshoes, Caps and Mittens, Shirts and Overalls and Underwear Will Be Sold at Cost During the Next 30 Days to Make Room for New Stock.

Men's Overshoes, sold for $3.00, now............	$2.25
Men's Shoes, sold for $3.50, now............	$2.50
Shirts, sold for 75c, now............	50c
Overalls, sold for 75c, now............	50c
Caps, sold for $1.25, now............	75c
Caps, sold for 75c, now............	50c

Groceries and Dry Goods at the lowest prices at

THE NEW STORE

Phone 103 A. E. Abraham

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1906 NUMBER 15

Historical Society

MAY EXPLODE DYNAMITE

Aldermen Thiking of Putting Dynamite in Bottom of City Well.

Explosion Down There Might Result in Discovery of a Flowing Well.

There has been considerable discussion among the aldermen and others of late as to whether or not it would be advisable to explode a large quantity of dynamite in the bottom of the well which the city has drilled down some 490 feet. Granite has been struck here and the ledge may be only a few feet or hundreds of feet in depth. It would quite likely prove too expensive an experiment to continue the work of drilling.

By exploding a quantity of dynamite down there, however, it is quite probable that a flowing well may be opened up, if there is any water in that vicinity, and it would seem that the experiment would be worth trying, as it would not cost much to do it. Flowing wells are often discovered in this way.

Another argument advanced by many for exploding the dynamite down there is that the city, having already spent nearly $4,000 in drilling this hole in the ground, should make some kind of a demonstration and let the natives down there know what we have been doing.

NOT A CANDIDATE

Senator Swedback Will Not Run for Office Again.

Bemidji Pioneer: Senator E. J. Swedback has authorized the Pioneer to state that he is not a candidate for reelection at the election to be held next fall. Mr. Swedback stated positively that he would not make the run.

He gives as his reason for not being a candidate that his time is all taken up with his business affairs. Mr. Swedback was elected from this district in 1903 and his term expires Jan. 1, 1907. He has made an excellent representative of this section of the state and has always stood for measures that were for the benefit of his district.

For Sale—A 14-shoe drill—new—will be sold at cost. M. C. Burns.

ARBOR DAY NEXT

Governor Johnson Has Set Aside Friday, April 27.

Gov. Johnson has issued the annual Arbor Day proclamation of the chief executive setting aside Friday, April 27, as the day to be observed in the schools throughout the state.

The proclamation calls particular attention to the great natural beauties and resources of Minnesota and urges their more thorough care and preservation. Arbor and Bird day has been observed for many years in Minnesota, and has resulted in a widespread interest in the natural beauties of the state.

State Superintendent Olson will send the Arbor Day proclamation to all schools, and urge that the day be observed with fitting exercises.

"THE COMING OF RUTH."

Sacred Cantata Soon to Be Presented by Home Talent.

Over Thirty to Take Part and It Will Be a Rare Musical Treat.

"The Coming of Ruth," a sacred cantata, will be presented to a Thief River Falls audience in about six weeks, the first rehearsal for this having been held Tuesday evening. Prof. Mark Everet Wright, of Crookston, is the instructor and some thirty citizens will take part in the affair. It promises to be a great treat to the music loving people of the city.

Among those who will take part are the following:

Tenors—C. Amundson, Dr. Penney, O. A. Brager, A. I. Anderson, A. C. Berg, W. A. Wright, W. B. Krouse, Al Mattis and Rev. Flesher.

Sopranos—Mrs. W. A. Wright, Mrs. C. A. Nason, Miss Annand, Miss Prichard, Mrs. Uhren, Mrs. Kidder, Miss Adler and Miss Day.

Basses—Mr. Pannybakker, Mr. Nielaf, Dr. Grundy, James Wilson, Dr. Booren, Art Mercer, C. A. Baker, Rev. Barackman and J. Borry.

Altos—Mrs. S. W. Bagley, Miss Helgeson, Mrs. Schellbach, Mrs. Gambell, Mrs. Krouse, Miss Agnes Kelley and Miss Toye.

THE SOIL IS THE BEST

Soil from the Eleven Towns Pronounced O. K. by the State Chemist.

Is Very Rich and Produces All Kinds of Vegetation.

Sometime ago Daniel Shaw sent to the State Agricultural Experiment Station at St. Anthony Park six samples of soil taken from land upon the newly opened eleven towns. Last week he received a reply, and the soil is pronounced to be of the best and will grow all kinds of vegetation, if properly handled.

Some 25 per cent—an unusualy large percentage—of the soil is of vegetable matter, and the amount of lime is also very large, being 1.12 per cent. The soils are all well stocked with phosphoric acid and none contained less than .08 per cent, the surface soils containing much more.

In conclusion, the expert at the Experiment Station who made the examination, Prof. Harry Snyder, says that in so far as chemical composition is concerned, it would be hard to find a better soil, and if good crops are not produced from them, it is the fault of the farmers and not the soil.

DIED SATURDAY

Otto Nyhus Died Saturday Afternoon After a Short Illness.

Otto Nyhus died last Saturday afternoon after a short illness from consumption. The deceased was a son of Ole O. Nyhus and besides his parents he leaves a wife and a nine months old son to mourn his death. He was about 31 years of age and had a very large circle of friends here, having made this city his home for a number of years.

The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon and were largely attended by friends of the deceased.

Proofs Were Good.

A. W. Layman, of the Crookston land office, was in the city last Thursday and Friday examining claimants who were making final proof before U. S. Commissioner Browning and Judge Bishop. Mr. Layman reports that most of the settlers had shown good faith and lived up to the law.

BIG CHIEF GAVE ADVICE

The Hereditary Chief of the Chippewas Gives Good Advice.

Was at Fosston Last Week and Spoke to School Children.

The pupils of the Fosston schools enjoyed a rare treat last week, May-zhuck-ke-go-shig, the hereditary chief of the Minnesota Chippewas, of the White Earth reservation, having favored the school with his presence—and upon request addressed the scholars for a brief period in a most interesting manner. Chief May-zhuck-ke-go-shig ("Lowering Day," in the English interpretation) is without question one of the noblest representatives of his race living in the state at this day. Although 76 years of age, his faculties remain unimpaired and his memory of the important events of half a century ago or more is remarkably clear. Always active in working for the welfare of his people, the venerable chief has been a strong factor as a promoter of peace in years gone by and was one of the foremost members of the delegation from his people who went to Washington many years ago, "buried the hatchet" and gave pledges of perpetual peace. The length of the period of his usual activity can better be appreciated when it is known that his first mission to the nation's capitol brought him before the illustrious "Great Father," Abraham Lincoln. Since then he has made many journeys to Washington, where he has always commanded respect and attention.

His address to the Fosston school, although entirely impromptu, was both impressive and entertaining, for although stoical and sedate in his demeanor, as becomes a representation of his race, he is jovial in disposition and frequently interspersed his remarks with a "funny story" all his own. Prof. J. W. Carl, his nephew, accompanied him and ably interpreted his address, which unfortunately it is only possible to refer to briefly.

Opening his speech, the chief referred back to the first time he visited this particular part of the country, 49 years ago. Then there were no white people and none of their dwellings, and he was happily astonished at the grand building Fosston had provided as an institution of learning. In his boyhood days he had not enjoyed the privilege of a school like this; in fact the method of his education was entirely different from that given to boys and girls now. As soon as he was old enough to pull the trigger of a gun his schooling began—hunting game, or going out with the warriors. After he had learned the ways of hunting and warfare, it was very gratifying to him at that time. Sometimes he brought home game, and on several he returned with scalps; but now that he is old, all his early "education" is useless to him.

The white man's education is much better, for the older he grows the more he can make use of his learning, and for that reason he earnestly urged the scholars to acquire a good education while they were young and could attend school.

He was very much interested in school work. This was really no new thing for him, for he had taken an interest in schools for many years, and his closing admonition to his attentive audience was for them to secure all the learning possible while they attended school.

Greenbush Is Busy Place.

There is quite a stir around town these days. The dredge outfit is being unloaded here, also the timbers for the different bridges on the Great Northern extension, and material for the Roseau Cement factory is also being unloaded here. Carload after carload of machinery and building supplies are being unloaded and put into service at once. Farmers are coming into town from every direction after supplies. The local merchants are enjoying a very brisk trade in all lines and are crowded from early to late to satisfy the many customers who throng the stores. In fact, everything presents a scene of marvelous activity.

This Means Prosperity.

Buttermaker Austin reports that he has sent in an order for the farmers of this section of over 1,000 pounds of grass seeds and 100 bushels of fodder corn, the whole amounting to nearly four hundred dollars. This is a sure indication that the farmers are alive to the benefits of tame grass and fodder corn for dairy purposes.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

AGAIN APPOINTED.

Simon Michelet Will Continue to Be Agent at White Earth.

Washington, April 6.—Simon Michelet, United States Indian agent at White Earth, will retain his position and his re-appointment for another four-year term will soon be announced. Senators Nelson and Clapp have indorsed Michelet, although the Indian office did not desire his retention. But his record has been such that the senators felt justified in indorsing him.

The fact is it is also a vindication, for there were several charges preferred against Michelet by those who wanted to oust him.

Ryder, of Little Falls, Senator Buckman's man, will get the place at Leech Lake, made vacant by Maj. Scott. The nominations are expected to be made soon.

FINISHED IN SIX WEEKS.

Topographical Survey of Northern Minnesota Soon to Be Completed.

Will Result in Showing How State Lands Should Be Drained.

Work on the topographical survey of the state swamp lands will be completed within six weeks. Five engineers in charge of separate crews of from two to five men are now working in Itasca county. They will soon go into St. Louis county and will wind up their work in Lake county. Mr. Ralph states that the clerical work has been kept up to date and that plats showing the topographical features of all parts of the northern counties, together with the proposed system of drainage, will be ready to publish soon after the engineers complete their work.

These plats will be drawn on a large scale and every detail of the proposed system will be shown. The last legislature appropriated $15,000 for the purpose of this typographical survey. When it is completed the legislature will be provided with a complete system of drainage, which can be worked out within the next few years as fast as money is appropriated for the purpose.

Drainage work up to this time has been confined to county plans and has not been conducted on any general system. The work of the drainage engineers will show where the main ditches will be needed to accommodate local drainage from all sections. The drainage system will draw water from the low lying lands into the Red river on the west, the Rainy river on the north, the St. Louis river on the east, and the Mississippi river running out of the center of the state.

Mr. Ralph estimates that 2,000,000 acres of state lands and hundreds of acres of private lands will be drained and made fit for cultivation when the system of drainage is worked out to its full extent. It will probably require nearly $3,000,000 for the completion of the work.

One Barkis.

H. A. Halvorson, of Grygla, has announced that he will be a candidate for county commissioner from the district composed of towns in the eastern part of Marshall county. There are quite likely to be others in the field.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

MINORS CAN BUY LIQUOR

New Code Repeals the Old Liquor Law in This State.

Saloons Can Also Be Located Close to the City Schools.

As far as the new revised code is concerned, liquor can be sold to minors with impunity. The only restriction so far located is in cases where saloonkeepers are served with a written notice, as in the case of a habitual drunkard, and then it is only a misdemeanor.

This remarkable condition was unearthed last week and is now receiving the attention of the state legal department. Nothing so far has been located that would reverse the above interpretation.

While prohibiting the sale of liquors to minors, together with other restrictions, the sections of the code relating to the liquor traffic nullify the whole by specifying reservations, as to written notices. In these reservations, minors are specifically named and the effect of the written notice of prohibition then only runs until their majority.

Another of the remarkable inconsistencies of this remarkable code is the revocation of the law prohibiting saloons within 1,500 feet of a school house. This is specified in the case of normal schools, but is silent on the subjects of other schools, except outside of municipalities.

INSURANCE SMALL

Mike McAndress Had but $800 Insurance Upon His Home.

Fire entirely destroyed the handsome farm residence of Mike McAndress last Tuesday morning about 6 o'clock. It seems the hired man got up and started the fires in the kitchen and dining room and went out to the barn to do the chores, the family being still in bed. In a very few minutes they were awakened by the smoke and flames and barely escaped with their lives. None of the furniture and very little of the personal effects was saved.

The fire caught from the dining room stove, which had recently been put up to take the place of the steam heat, which was not needed in this weather. Mr. McAndress estimates his loss at $4,500—the building at $2,700 and the personal effects and furniture at $1,800. The house was one of the finest in this section and was heated with steam. The only insurance was a policy of $800 on the building in the Bray Mutual. Mr. McAndress has already made arrangements to have the building rebuilt. —St. Hilaire Spectator.

Can't Use Dip Nets.

Deputy Game Warden Jones was up from Crookston last week. He stated that he had received reports from here to the effect that some were fishing in the Red Lake river with dip nets and that this was a violation of the law. Also that the law did not permit the spearing of pike, but did allow spearing of suckers and pickerel.

Silverton Buys a Grader.

Murphy & LaBree last week closed a deal with the officers of Silverton township for the sale of a Russell grader. The outfit cost some $1,400 and the township is said to have received a very liberal deal from the local firm.

EASTER

EVERY lady likes to look her best on Easter Sunday and selects this day for coming out in a new spring suit and spring toggery.

Your Easter Fixings Are Here===

and coming every day---not only in large quantities, but good, very good, and the prices very interesting.

Easter Gloves, silk and Kid..............	25c and $1.50	New Spring Hosiery, embroidered and fancy....	.10 to $1.00
Correct Corsets, all shapes..............	.50 to $1.50	Knit Underwear for spring..............	.05 to $1.50
Veils and Veiling, all colors	.20 to $1.00	White Waists, lawn and silk..........	.50 to $5.50
Side Combs and Back Combs, mounted......	.10 to $3.00	Spring Skirts, all cloths..........	2.50 TO $15
"Mikado Neckwear," turnovers and stocks..............	.10 to $1	New Grey Suiting..............	.25 TO 1.50
Easter Belts, black and colors......	.25 to $1.50	Wash Goods, white and colors..............	.10 to .75
		Stylish Shoes and Oxfords, all lasts..............	$1 TO $4

Do Your Easter Shopping Here.

"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"Where Your Dollar Does Its Duty."

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.
ICE CREAM,
HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 9.—Wheat—May, 86¾c; July, 78⅝@78¾c; Sept., 77¼@77⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77¾c; No. 1 Northern, 77¾c; No. 2 Northern, 75¾@76c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 78¾c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅝c; May, 78¾c; July, 79¼c; Sept., 78⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16; May, $1.17; July, $1.18⅝; Sept., $1.17¼; Oct., $1.15½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.25@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $2.00@5.00. Hogs—$6.15@6.30. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $5.25@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.30; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.85@4.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.30@6.52½; good heavy, $5.40@6.50; rough heavy, $6.25@6.35; light, $6.30@6.47½; pigs, $5.80@6.35. Sheep, $3.25@6.40; lambs, $5.00@6.65.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 9.—Wheat—May, 78¼c; July, 77¼c. Corn—May, 46@46¼c; July, 45⅝@45¾c. Oats—May, 31⅝c; July, 30¼c. Pork—May, $16.27½; July, $16.32½@16.35. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.13; Southwestern, $1.07; May, $1.15. Butter—Creameries, 14@21c; dairies, 14@19c. Eggs—16@16½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens, 12c; springs, 12c.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	30c
Flax	1.01
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston last week.

A. A. Wassen was up to Holt last Saturday.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Mrs. Bishoff was in the city to spend Sunday with her parents.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Karns last Saturday.

A daugher was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Zavoral last Saturday.

—Get your Easter groceries at the Golden Rule, prompt delivery.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city last week.

For Sale—Two good milch cows. Apply to postmaster at Sorum, Minn.

John W. Neukom was over to Grand Forks the first of the week on business.

—Order your groceries at the Golden Rule grocery. Deliveries at your service.

Mrs. F. W. Lehrer was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with her parents.

—Try a pound of Chase & Sanborn's tea or coffee for your Easter dinner. Golden Rule.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting her many old friends here.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Math Barzen, of the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, transacted business in Crookston the first of the week.

—You find the largest and best selected stock of Men's and boys' suits at the Golden Rule Clothing department.

Rev. Barackman, the new pastor of the Presbyterian church here, left Monday for Blackduck, where he will spend most of this week. Rev. Barackman will remove his family here about the first of June.

MODEL MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Fruits and vegetables at the Golden Rule Friday and Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Poltznick last Saturday.

Lloyd Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls last week visiting relatives.

Ole Simonson was down to Red Lake Falls last week visiting relatives.

Editor Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer, was in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. Herbert Fuller was confined to her home by illness the first of the week.

—Largest and most complete shoe department in the city at the Golden Rule.

Adam Zeh, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

E. J. Morrisey was confined to his room with an attack of rheumatism the first of the week.

—Three sixteen foot store buildings for sale; can be fixed over into dwellings. Apply to Dr. Grundy.

W. J. McKinley left the first of the week for St. Hilaire and will work in the mill down there this season.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

John Riedl was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters before the probate court.

—For Sale—One well improved quarter section about 6 miles northeast of Germantown; $1,600. Inquire of the News.

J. A. Willis returned to Janesville last Friday, after looking after his farming interests on the eleven towns for a few days.

For Sale—A good team of farm horses, one six and the other eight years old; weight about 1,300; sound in every respect. Olson Bros.

Miss Emma Backe entertained a number of friends Saturday evening. All who were present report having had a most enjoyable time.

For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

Mrs. C. J. Knox and children arrived here the first of the week from St. Paul and are now living in one of the Evenson houses on Fifth street.

F. J. A. Post was in the city last week from Grand Forks and, while here, announced that he would remove to this city in a short time and open up a steam laundry here.

—For Sale—The Fairfield hotel, building and furniture. Building new and in good condition. Inquire of Ole Isaacson at the hotel, up near the Soo roundhouse. 17

We now have a new policeman that you can tell your troubles to, K. R. Killand having been appointed marshal. He qualified and took charge on Thursday.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

The family of A. L. Mattes, superintendent of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's plant, arrived here last week from Minneapolis, and are occupying the Crowe house on the East side.

A system of water works and sewerage is being installed in the Hotel Ogahmah. The fact that the Thief River Falls Heating and Plumbing company is doing the job insures that the work will be properly done.

Miss Emily Lakin, who graduated from the Warren High School last year, and has been a student at the Moorhead Normal School this year, has been elected to a position as second primary teacher in the Moorhead schools at a salary of $50 per month—Warren Sheaf.

Ed Porter, who had been in the city visiting his brother, Chris, left Monday evening for St. Paul. Ed is quite well known here, having visited this place upon numerous occasions. He has a position with the engineering department of the Great Northern railroad and for the past winter has been working in Nebraska.

—Go to the Thief River Falls Meat Market for your home-made sausages of all kinds, home-made jelly pig's feet, soused pig's feet, cooked minced corned beef, pressed corned beef, blood pudding fresh every day, and all kinds of fresh meats and provisions. Best in the city. Everything up to date. Give us a call. Hankey & Glaser.

An exchange calls attention to the fact that under the new code the bondsmen for saloon keepers must qualify in the amount of $4,000. That is not all. They become liable for every infraction of the law by the saloon man whose bondsmen they are, and may be called upon to cash up for them. If, for instance, a saloon man sells liquor to a drunkard, the wife can sue for damages, and, if the seller can not settle, the bondsmen must.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

D. N. Winton and wife returned home Tuesday.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Chris Paulson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Henry Diebel returned Monday from a trip to Long Prairie.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Erick Lofgren, of Greenbush, was in the city the first of the week.

Frank Bourque was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

T. B. Hankey and wife arrived here Monday evening from Langdon, N. D.

—Team of horses, harnesses and wagon for sale cheap. Inquire at the flour mill.

Robert L. Lamkin enlisted here last week in the United States Army for five years' service.

Maj. C. D. Vagdes, of Fargo, was in the city last Saturday visiting the local recruiting office.

For sale—Homestead relinquishment with improvements. Town 155, range 39. Inquire at this office.

County Attorney Brown, of Warren, was in the city yesterday, being en route to Roseau on legal business.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday and held services in the Norwegian Lutheran church there.

Frank Lawrence is down to Barnesville this week selling a grader to one of the townships near that place.

—State Farmers' Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest Cash Surplus, Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Miss Josie Wendt returned last week from Roseau, where she has been visiting friends and relatives the past six weeks.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Farge, agent.

Matt Berg, one of the prosperous settlers living up near Eddy, in Roseau county, was in the city last week visiting old friends.

Fr. Michael, of St. John's college, will be here Easter Sunday to assist Fr. Adolph in special services that will be held in St. Bernard's church.

Miss Gilbertson, of Thief River Falls, has arrived to accept a position as stenographer in the office of the Pioneer Land and Loan Co.—Warren Sheaf.

Frank Kratka, Jr., who had spent the winter out in North Dakota with a Soo surveying party, returned to this city last week to visit with his parents for a short time.

A school teacher is wanted in district No. 44, town of Clover Leaf. Wages, $35 per month for a three-month term. Address C. Torrison, secretary, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Lost—One Russian calf fur coat between Thief River Falls and Sec. 31, Silverton, on the road crossing the ferry. Finder please notify John Nordly, Brunkeberg, Minn., and receive reward.

Tom Morris, worshipful grand master of the A. F. and A. M. lodge in the state of Minnesota, was up from Crookston Monday evening to visit the local lodge and inspect the work done here. A social session was held and the affair was greatly enjoyed by all present.

Ole Hagen and Charles Erickson were in the city last week attending to some business matters before leaving for Stillwater, where they commence a one and two year term, respectively. As both are favorably known here, an effort will be made to have them paroled in about six months or so.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hegen yesterday.

George Jarman returned yesterday from a trip to the twin cities.

Wanted—A good girl for general house work. Good wages. Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston the first of the week on legal business.

The new bridge across the Thief river is nearly completed and will be ready for use in a few days.

Will Neukom came up from Ada the first of the week to visit his brother, John W. Neukom.

Henry Nelson sold his saloon, just south of the Ogahmah, yesterday to Ole Torgeson, of Shelly.

Dr. Penney left Tuesday for a trip to Grand Forks and Minot, N. D. He expects to return Saturday.

—All kinds of fresh, salted and smoked fish during Lent. Oysters best in the city. Hankey & Glaser.

James Meehan came up from St. Paul yesterday to remain for a few days attending to business matters.

The office in the Hotel Ogahmah is being enlarged this week and many other improvements are being made.

Mrs. Will Mullery returned from Crookston yesterday, where she had been several days visiting her parents.

Hannah Peterson leaves the latter part of this week for Missoula, Mont., where she will be employed in a hotel.

Easter services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church on Easter day at 10.30 a. m. All welcome. I. T. Aastad.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Friday evening at 7:30. Also Easter Sunday at 10 a. m. P. E. Ross.

Martin Norland was taken to the hospital last week, suffering from a severe attack of pneumonia. He is now improving.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty states that some $200 has been subscribed for the good seed contest in this county.

There will be special Easter services at the Presbyterian church on Sunday, both morning and evening. Special music is being prepared.

Ed. Settnes, who with his brother, Gunerius left last fall for Norway, returned to this city yesterday. His brother remained in Norway.

—O. Wigge, a former barber of this city who went up to Lancaster, and opened up a shop there, returned the first of the week, having closed up his shop there.

J. A. Sworo has been making some extensive improvements at his store of late, and, when the ice cream season opens up, he will be in excellent shape to attend to the wants of the public.

There is a very large jam of logs in the Red Lake river up near the mouth of the Thief. The stone piers at the sorting gap went out Tuesday night and resulted in letting a large number of logs come down, but no fears are entertained.

The Thief River Falls Orchestra will give an Easter Monday ball in the Evenson hall on next Monday evening, April 16. The dances given by the orchestra have always been successful affairs and this one will be no exception.

L. W. Ish complained to the police last week that William Sullivan had robbed him of $20. After Sullivan was arrested Ish, refused to appear against him and so a complaint of drunk and disorderly was filed against Ish, who paid a fine of $1 and costs.

Dennis Connelly, the well-known town of North farmer, on Monday received a manure spreader. This is the first one ever brought into this section of the state and it is to be hoped that more of the farmers around here will follow the lead taken by Mr. Connelly.

Howard Clark and wife were down from Rollis the first of the week. Mr. Clark is being mentioned by some of the residents of Eastern Marshall county as a suitable man to elect as county commissioner. He states, however, that he has not considered the matter seriously as yet.

Engineer Matt Milligan, on the Great Northern passenger run, has fears that he may be arrested for killing a deer out of season. Yesterday, when about two miles north of Middle River, a deer crossed the track just ahead of the engine, and this is the third one that has done this same thing within the past few weeks.

Lost, strayed or stolen—Jack, a young English setter bird dog, with brown ears, brown, white and tan head and muzzle. Body, white, with brown patch on left side on neck and shoulder and a small brown spot high up on right hip near tail. A reward will be paid for his return or for information leading to his recovery, and no questions asked. G. R. Lanning.

Mrs. J. F. Mays and five little children left Tuesday for Edmore, N. D., to join their husband. Mays was a blacksmith and made his home here for a number of years. Some time ago he went to North Dakota and the city has been obliged to support his family ever since. He, however, signified a willingness to support his family if the city authorities would pay their fare over to Edmore, and so this was done.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

WEST END IS FAVORABLE

Result of County Division in Marshall County Much in Doubt.

East End of the County Is Said to Be Against the Proposition.

Greeley E. Carr returned to this city Tuesday from Stephen, where he had been circulating the petition for the division of Marshall county. He states that the residents living around Stephen and Argyle are almost unanimous in favor of the division, but that there is considerable opposition around Warren and that the county seat town will fight the proposition.

If the matter were left to the residents of the proposed new county of Hiawatha, there is no doubt but that it would be defeated. Most all of the voters residing east of the Thief River are unanimous in their opposition and the village of Newfolden is decidedly against the proposition, because it would result in building up Middle River. A large number of the voters of the western end of Marshall county favor the division, however, because of the fact that the eastern end of the county pays but a small amount of the taxes at present and gets a great deal of the road and bridge money.

The affair may result in a county seat fight before it is settled.

ART EXHIBIT.

Pictures to Be Exhibited at the Antlers Club Rooms.

An art exhibit of some 300 pictures will be opened in the Antlers Club rooms on the afternoons and evenings of Friday and Saturday of this week, under the auspices of the public schools of Thief River Falls. This exhibit consists of a well-selected collection of unframed pictures, copies of famous paintings by American and foreign artists. From this collection purchases will be made by the several school rooms that recently raised funds for that purpose. The public will be accorded a like privilege, and is cordially invited to inspect this interesting and valuable exhibit. There is something for every taste and no one will be disappointed.

To defray expenses an admission of ten cents will be charged, which will admit to all exhibits.

KRATKA NEWS

Just thawed out.

Spring is at hand and the farmers will soon begin business. The country on an average is dryer than it was last fall when it froze up.

The farmers' boat meeting, which was to have been held at Kratka last week, was postponed till some future date, on account of the ice breaking up, and the funeral of Mr. Shosten, which took place at Highlanding.

The sad news of Mr. A. W. Shosten's death, which occurred on March 31, was a great shock to all who knew him. His death resulted from an accidental discharge of a revolver. The funeral was held at Highlanding on Wednesday, April 1, and the remains were buried on his own farm, there being no cemetery there as yet. Mr. Shosten was well known throughout the neighboring country and had many friends, who all join in sympathy with the bereaved family.

Our merchant, Carl Jensen, had his little troubles of late, losing both of his horses in the river near town, this side of the ferry. But Carl says there are more horses left, and he has no kick coming, for he might have had worse luck, as he took desperate chances of his own life trying to save the team. Too bad, Carl, just the same.

John Hindrack, one of the sawyers in the Thief River Falls Lumber company's mill, returned to this city Tuesday from Tomah, Wis., where he had spent the winter.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

The Sophomore class held a meeting last evening.

How to spell "cereous" was a very serious question.

Several of the pupils have been absent because of sickness.

The high school pupils will give their usual program Friday afternoon.

A new order of marching has been instituted in the Assembly room, doing away with the monitor system.

Forty-two bran-new pupils enrolled last Monday morning, while others entered later in the week. This is growing some.

Four out of five of Miss Day's sixth grade pupils who tried the state examination in geography succeeded in passing, and some with high markings.

The students are greatly interested in the question: "Resolved, that the world owes me a living." It might be well to have it as a subject for debate.

The high school students participated in physical culture exercises for recreation Tuesday morning during the music period; Mrs. Wright not being present.

Miss Monson is confined to her room with an attack of quinsy. Miss Nickerson of the Central is substituting for her while Mrs. Bagley cares for Miss Nickerson's pupils.

"All hail to the sophomore," though it be with dreary hearts we praise them for their well conducted attack upon the ceremonies of the junior and senior classes last Thursday. Still the hatchet was buried.

The state examinations in the common school subjects have come and gone, leaving many disappointed pupils in its train and others equally happy. Too much stress is sometimes laid on these tests, for it often happens that the student having the highest class standings and who maintains a steady and good record throughout the year fails in the test of formal examination, largely through nervousness and other causes.

The daily routine of work connected with the education of over 1,000 school children necessarily creates more or less friction and often gives rise to misunderstandings and even more serious trouble. The teachers are more than willing and ready to discuss any difficulty arising with regard to the conduct or welfare of any student. The parents are respectfully urged to "talk it over" with the teacher or superintendent when dissatisfaction arises. A few quiet words or a kindly exchange of views will often clear away a world of doubt and distrust. Try it.

The Beard Art Exhibit of unframed pictures secured by the schools will prove a source of pleasure to the pupils and public. The collection is hung in the Antlers Club rooms and will be open to the public on the afternoons and evenings of Friday and Saturday of this week. A ten-cent admission to defray the expenses connected with getting the exhibit here will be charged, but one admission will entitle the holder to visit all the exhibits. Purchase may be made by any person. The collection has been secured in the first instance to enable the school rooms to buy suitable pictures with the funds recently raised for that purpose, but anyone interested in the purchase of works of art will find something to suit him here. There are over 300 pictures in the exhibit and the price runs from ten to $100 each.

Small-Sized Cyclone

It is rumored that there was a small-sized cyclone in Hemmingsen's addition early yesterday morning and as a result an outbuilding was blown over. Two persons—a man and a woman who have gained considerable unpleasant notoriety in this city and Plummer of late—were in the building at the time, having used it for a lodging place for a couple of nights. They sustained no injuries, but had rather a hard time to free themselves, as the door was on the side that was down. The affair having happened at an early hour in the morning, not any of the neighbors were around to render any assistance.

HEARING IS POSTPONED

Two Crookston Real Estate Dealers in Trouble Over Land Deal.

Have Been Indicted by a Grand Jury in Iowa.

Charles A. Hitchcock and Robert H. Purvis, two Crookston land dealers, both of whom are well known to the people of this city, have been indicted by a grand jury at Manchester, Iowa. The Iowa authorities asked Gov. Johnson for a requisition to take the two men out of the state and a hearing was had on Saturday and Monday. By stipulation it has been postponed until the 17th of April, and it is thought that the matter will be settled before that time.

C. A. Hitchcock, one of the parties implicated, was in the city Tuesday, and he stated that his connection with the affair was only of a technical nature. Purvis sold a piece of land in Polk county, the property of Attorney Wilkinson, to the Iowa man, who claims that the land deeded to him was not the land he was shown. In the deal a number of horses was taken and Mr. Hitchcock, acting as agent for Attorney Wilkinson, went to Iowa and took possession of the horses and disposed of them. There is no civil action commenced against Hitchcock, but Purvis is being sued.

J. G. Schaum, of Manchester, Iowa, who is indicted with them, attended the meeting with his counsel, Judge E. M. Carr, of Manchester, one of the leading Iowa Democrats, who argued against the sufficiency of the papers. Starr Donelly, of St. Paul, appeared for Hitchcock and Purvis, while A. M. Cloud, of Manchester, county attorney of Delaware county, made a legal argument in favor of having the requisition honored. Attorney General Young attended the hearing as adviser to the governor.

Judge Carr declared that the requisition was sought only for the purpose of collecting a debt. Civil actions, he said, were pending, and the prosecution wanted to get the indicted men back in the state in order to serve papers on them. County Attorney Cloud retorted that this could not be done under the laws of Iowa. When men are brought under requisition, they must be given opportunity to leave the state again before being served with legal process.

Judge Carr returned to the attack, and said the proceedings showed a purpose to collect a debt or force a settlement. He read from the rules adopted by the interstate conference on requisitions to show that a governor must be satisfied beyond doubt that the object sought for is not to collect a debt. Yet the prosecuting witness, Alex Born, fails to state in his affidavit that he has not such an object in view. The fight was hot on every possible technicality.

Mr. Cloud contended that, under the law, it was only necessary to make a prima facie showing as to the commission of a crime and of the indictments pending against the defendants charging other fraudulent transactions.

The transaction with Mr. Born occurred in November.

Notice.

I am prepared to pay all outstanding orders against Independent School District No. 18, up to No. 2,195.

E. E. Zeh, Treasurer.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

When You Want Anything in the HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialities, Garden Hose, Toilet fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING CO.

Phone 221

Do You Want to Get the BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

ODD SITUATION

Alien Contract Labor Law Causing Trouble at International Falls.

The federal law in relation to the employment of alien contract labor is giving rise to an embarrassing and deplorable situation in the dam construction work at International Falls, the dam being constructed across the Rainy river, which is the boundary line between the United States and Canada. The nature of the work is such that it is essential that certain employees shall be employed on both sides of the international boundary line at frequent intervals, some of the men, especially the superintendent and overseers, being required to go back and forth many times during the day. The alien labor law, strictly interpreted, prohibits this, and in the fulfillment of his official duties, Immigration Inspector Swenson, has deemed it requisite and necessary to prevent certain employees, among them Superintendent Hickey, from working on this side. Such enforcement of the law is a serious hindrance to the work and, if not relaxed, will render it very difficult to proceed with the construction. The immigration bureau must have authority to modify its rules to fit an emergency case such as this and we trust that it will speedily do so.

GERMANTOWN

Some seeding will be done around here this week, but will not be general until next week.

A. Haggy, N. Bundhund and John Ristau were at Thief River Falls last week, where the first-named made final proof before L. G. Browning.

Our town board had a meeting at the clerk's office last Saturday and appointed Oskar Hovelsoe justice and Dettlof Dau road overseer to fill the places vacated by those not qualifying.

Mr. Bergreen, our butter maker, is busy turning out butter, although not as much cream as was expected is brought in. More and more, however, will be coming right along, as all new concerns need a little time to get in good running order.

We were greatly surprised last week to learn of the division to be made of Marshall county. Now, there surely must be some hungry office seekers who have not had a chance to feed at the public crib for a long time past, and the only way they see clear is to divide the county and get in that way. And what is worse yet, Middle River is to be the county seat of the new county—a place of a few shanties and probably a blind pig or two, and only known by those who live around it—surely a very promising prospect for the tax payer. No, Marshall county is all right for us yet the way it is. Taxes are not any too low, and we are treated fairly well, so we don't have much of a kick coming, although it is a little far to the county seat. But we don't go there unless we have to, and then we get paid for it. Now, if a division has to be made, and if, as we have learned, the western part of our county is trying to get rid of us, why, then let us be cut off and attached to Red Lake county, with Thief River Falls as the county seat. This would give satisfaction to most people, as we are all interested in Thief River Falls, and then it would be a county that could support itself. But the proposition to form a new county, as platted by a few politicians and a couple of real estate agents who are only trying to boom Middle River, would be a hard nut to crack, as nearly half of that territory is only settled by muskrats, which would prove to be poor tax payers, and the few settlers would have a hard time to keep the county pot filled, but that don't seem to bother the politicians any.

Seeding Commenced.

Seeding was commenced quite generally out on the ridges west of town last week, but not much seeding has been done as yet upon the prairies. There will be considerably less wheat put in this year, so those who are in a position to know say, and the reason assigned for this is that the farmers are going into the stock business more each year and many of them will put in much of their land to tame grass and corn fodder.

A Sad Death.

The six months old infant of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Thomson, who reside about four miles northwest of town, died last Saturday. The child had not been in good health a few days and on Saturday the parents decided to bring the infant to Thief River Falls to receive medical treatment. On the journey to this city the little one died and was taken back home with them that evening in a coffin. It was their only child.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

NOW SAWING LUMBER.

Thief River Falls Lumber Company's Mill Started Up Yesterday.

Mill Is in Fine Repair, and the Cut This Season Will Be Large.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's saw mill was started up for the season yesterday, and from now until it freezes up next fall the big plant will be running night and day. The ice has not yet all gone out of the river, but, with the aid of dynamite, a channel can be kept open until it thaws, which will only be a few days.

The mill has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and a very large amount of new machinery has been added, making the mill in better repair than it has been since it was built. The prospects for a large cut this year are, therefore, most excellent.

The demand for lumber has been so great that the stock on hand in the yards is very low, and it is almost impossible for the company to fill orders until new material can be used.

Men Scarce at Kellther.

Reports come from Kellther to the effect that the demand for men to work in the woods has never been as great as it is at present.

For some time past the men have been quitting their work and returning to their homes after an absence during the winter months and in many instances they have left, thinking to secure higher wages in other places.

Unless the situation is relieved soon it is probable that much of the work planned by the Crookston Lumber Co., will necessarily be abandoned.

Men are wanted in the woods for railroad work, for cedar peeling and for the opening of the driving season. There seems to be a labor famine and the situation begins to look serious.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS

Ben Christianson and wife to John A. Anderson, lots 30 and 31, blk. 27, Red Lake Rapids	$1,000
James Meehan Jr. and wife to Fred Akers, lots 1, 2 and 3, blk 9, Oakland addition	300
C. L. Dobner et al to Frank Bourque, blk. 1, Conely's 2nd addition to Red Lake Rapids	35
George Larson to Oluf Tessum, lot 3, blk. 4, Hemmingsen's addition	65
Herbert A. Young to Magnus Hultin, lot 9, blk. 21, Red Lake Rapids	100
Denis Conely and wife to Ole N. Olson, lots 4 and 5, blk. 3, Conely's 2nd addition	150
Denis Conely and wife to Chris. Nelson, lot 3, blk. 3, Conely's 2nd addition	$75

Board of Health Notice.

The Board of Health of the city of Thief River Falls, in order to improve the general sanitary conditions of the city and to guard against disease, at a regular meeting held on Wednesday, April 4, 1906, adopted the following resolutions:

1. That all owners and occupants of lots within the city limits be required to move from their respective premises before April 15th, 1906, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter. Manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

2. That the keeping of hogs within the city be prohibited, except on special permission.

3. That the carcasses of all dead animals, such as horses, cattle, dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners or, upon failure to do so, by the occupant or owner of the premises.

4. That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate, unless suitable receptacles be provided therefor, neither will they be permitted to be thrown upon streets or alleys. If such slops and kitchen refuse are placed in suitable barrels, they must be removed at frequent intervals.

5. The board recommends that all private wells in the city be thoroughly cleaned in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter and directs special attention to the cleaning and disinfecting all privy vaults, cellars and cisterns, as these are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

6. After April 15 the annual inspection by the board of health will take place, and any person found guilty of disobeying the above resolutions will be dealt with according to the statutes made and provided.

Dated April 4th, 1906.

P. L. Vistaunet, M. D., Health Officer.

—Farm to rent—A good farm three miles from town, 200 acres under cultivation, good pasture and fire wood free. Inquire of D. P. O'Neil.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are *Practical* stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a *Thoro and Practical* training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, - - - Minnesota

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

Announcement

WE are ready to give figures on building material and finish in hard and soft wood, stair work, store fronts and fixtures, saloon, bank, post office and office fixtures.

We buy all kinds of lumber--red and white oak, white and black ash, birch, poplar, basswood and pine--sawed 1, 1¼, 1½, 2 and 2½ in oak, ash, poplar, birch and basswood, 1st and 2nd grade in pine; 1, 1¼, 1½, 2, 2½ and 3 in A, B, C, D and No. 1 grade. Call and see us before you buy. We will save you money.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Near G. N. Depot.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 12, 1906.

Mayor Cullom is going to appoint a cleaning day for Duluth, but there is no law againts beginning the work now.

The contest for governor is now said to be between Block and Jacobson, Block being strong in the cities while Jacocson has a large following in the country.

State Treasurer Block last week announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor. His platform is a good one and will no doubt result in his gaining many votes.

Red Lake Falls always was a rather slow town, but when the papers down there admit that their attorneys in the county seat fight have not yet discovered that they have been defeated, it is time some one broke the news to them gently.

Cannon Falls Beacon: If the people working for the reclamation of Northern Minnesota swamp lands had the money at their disposal that the Great Northern railroad has spent in corrupting Minnesota politics, homes could be made in that section for a quarter million people.

Buffalo Journal: A lot of railroad experts are trying to convince the state railroad and warehouse commission that the rates in Minnesota are not too high, but the fact that stocks range around the four hundred mark, after frequent waterings, makes the proposition a hard one for them.

O. T. Risholf in the Milton Globe says: The time to advertise is all the time—not by spasms. Keeping eternally at it is the kind of advertising that brings results. We had a conversation not long ago with a prominent business man from an adjoining county. He pointed out his quarter page ad in the local paper. "I owned that space every week for the last twenty years," he said, "and considered it the best investment I ever made." The man is rated at $100,000.

Albert Lea Tribune: The papers in the northern part of the state are agitating the drainage question. The subject is one of vital importance to the people of the state and cannot be given too much attention by the press. When Minnesota's waste places are drained, you will see it advance to a position in population, wealth and material prosperity that will make the Biblical land of milk and honey look like a sunbaked section of Western Kansas in comparison. Let "drainage" be the first plank in all party platforms.

The Anoka Free Press shows no hesitancy in telling why a few of our state political offices have so many candidates for the positions as follows: Of the eight or ten candidates for the office of secretary of state, at least one-half, if not more, have jumped into the game in the hope of securing a following which they can later on *trade off to some other candidate* in exchange for a job. That trick has often been played before, but is none the less contemptible for all that. It is a method of playing the people for suckers—an insult which should be promptly and effectively resented.

There is a farmer down in Todd county who says that poultry raising is the most profitable business a farmer can engage in. Like every other branch of farming, it requires attention, and slip-shod and careless methods cannot be tolerated. But for the intelligent and thrifty farmer, the poultry business opens up an attractive field. The industry is said by this man, who is perhaps somewhat of an authority, to go hand in hand with dairying. In the course of his business the dairyman has feed, which, if not fed to chickens, is of little use and is wasted. Thought, patience, study and attention to the little things, are the chief requisites for the successful poultryman.

Any republican believing in a "square deal" for all is hard to please if he cannot accept J. F. Jacobson as his candidate for governor. Long before it was quite so popular to lead a reform movement, Jacobson was fighting the corrupt lobbies about the state house of Minnesota, and often against great odds. It was this sterling quality of independence which gave him his reputation and makes him so popular today. The people are not demanding a declaration of principles from him. All they need to know at this time is that he will accept the nomination when tendered. And of this they feel confident.—Alexandria Post-News.

A very good illustration of how the rich evade paying a large percentage of their personal property taxes is furnished in the robbery from Dr. Pinault, of Minneapolis, of which the twin city papers have been full of late. Dr. Pinault's caretaker had robbed his house of jewelry, paintings, silver and gold ware, watches and rings to the extent, it is estimated, of over $100,000. He stole, of course, only the lighter articles, those most easily carried away and secreted. He didn't clean the house out entirely. Still he took personal property valued at a hundred and more thousand dollars. This spreading out of the amount and value of some of the doctor's personalty stirred the curiosity of employes in the city assessor's office, and they turned to the listing sheet on which the doctor had set down all his personal property for taxation And they found that the total value of all his possessions of that class was but $3,115. All the poor man had—when the assessor came around—was a sewing machine, worth only $15; watches and clocks, all worth but $100; household goods, $2,000, and pictures, $1,000. No gold and silver plate, no diamonds and jewelry, no bonds and other credits, and no cash. And yet it was of these things that Wainwright is charged with stealing to a value exceeding $100,000.

Mr. Dooley truly said "Americans are short distance crusaders." Minnesotans are no exception to the rule that governs their brethren in neighboring states, as the railroad rate hearings before the state railroad and warehouse commission the past week proved conclusively. This state was the first to take up the contest against railroad consolidation, and the people were unanimous in their support of the governor in his fight for justice as between the railroads and the shippers. But now, when there is a contest on that might be of great and direct benefit to the people, very little interest is manifested. It seems as if most of us swallowed for the truth the assertion made by counsel for the Great Northern railroad last Thursday that the reductions proposed by the commission would be of no appreciable benefit to individuals, because the amount saved by any one shipper would necessarily be but a small part of the aggregate reduction. Could anything be more absurd than this argument? It would be as reasonable to insist that an increase of a mill in the tax levy would make no difference to the people, because the amount charged to most individuals would be inappreciably small. The railroads claim that the reduction proposed would reduce the receipts of the railroads several million dollars annually—if that is so, isn't it a fact that those millions will remain in the pockets of the people, and will not be sent to eastern money centers to pay dividends on watered stock? The property of the people of the state will be increased in value by exactly the amount that may be saved by any reduction in freight rates, and the fact that this saving will be made indirectly and inappreciably ought not to lessen the interest of the people in the proposition.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Representing "Business."

Lincoln Steffens has been explaining how it is done down in the senate. There is no actual bribery, he says. Such methods are too crude for this great body and actual payments of money for influence are made only on a retail scale.

Business men bribe city councils and legislatures, but, instead of bribing United States senators, they go to the senate themselves and represent their business interests and those of their associates. They are open about it, too, and some of the senators told him as much. Senator Aldrich calmly admitted it, and curiously inquired what he was expected to represent, if not himself.

But it all amounts to the same thing. The people are betrayed, whether a business man buys a senator or goes to the senate himself. The oaths of office of these business senators are violated, ruthlessly and without conscience. The senate is made a sink of corruption, a dignified smithy in which are forged the chains of a free people.

The people imagine that their senators represent them. They do not. They represent themselves and their business interests, and many of them undoubtedly believe that there is no reason why they should not. As Mr. Steffens puts it, it is bribery for Trust Magnate John Smith to pay Senator John Smith to protect his business interests, but if Trust Magnate John Smith becomes a United States senator, he can accomplish the same result without paying an outside party. He saves the price of the bribe.

The people, very likely, have little interest in the exact process. They know that the great interests of the country are strongly entrenched in the United States senate, in spite of the defence that certain public men and newspapers, lackeys of the trusts, put up for this body as "the only deliberative body in the United States." They know that the popular interests are completely disregarded and that it is almost impossible to get a real reform measure through the senate, and they care little whether this result is attained by bribery of senators or by sending business men to the senate. What they are chiefly interested in is the obvious fact that the United States senate, far from representing the people, has been made an agent for the interests that are plundering the public.

Therefore the people want popular election of United States senators, that this body may be made answerable directly to them. It is comparatively easy, with such great interests at stake, to debauch a legislature; it will be difficult indeed, in all but a few states, to debauch the people themselves. Those who oppose popularizing the upper branch of congress are betraying a distrust of popular government which they dare not openly express.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

After a conference with the president General Grosvenor, chairman of the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries, announced that his committee proposes to interrogate some of the principal officials of the United States Steel corporation regarding the reported selling of steel products abroad at a rate cheaper than was given to consumers in this country.

The state department has suggested to the Russian government through Ambassador Rosen that the period suggested in the Russian note for the convention of the second Hague conference, namely, the early part of July, would be inconvenient to America and to some of the other countries of this hemisphere which had expected to be represented at The Hague.

Representative James S. Sherman of New York has been elected chairman of the Republican congressional campaign committee, which will have charge of the coming Republican congressional campaign in the various states. Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota was elected vice chairman.

Judge Moses Hallet of the United States district court of Colorado has tendered his resignation to the president and the resignation has been accepted. The president has appointed Robert E. Lewis, formerly a judge of the El Paso county (Colo.) court, to succeed Judge Hallet.

The Chicago street railway case, involving the right of the city of Chicago to compel the street railway company of that city to remove or lower its tunnel under the Chicago river at Van Buren street, has been decided by the supreme court of the United States against the company.

The Russian ambassador, Mr. Rosen, called on Secretary Taft and stated to him that, in agreement with the government of The Netherlands, the Russian empire proposes that the second peace conference at The Hague assemble in the first part of July.

According to a bulletin issued by the department of commerce and labor the exports from the United States for the first eight months of the fiscal year 1906 are $100,000,000 in value in excess of those of the corresponding months of 1905.

A. W. Merrifield, an old time ranch friend of President Roosevelt, is to be appointed United States marshal of Montana to succeed Charles Lloyd, when the latter's term expires next December.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that all accounts due the firm of Robinson & Co. doing business at Thief River Falls are payable only to D. L. Sawyer who has been appointed receiver by order of the United States court. All persons are warned not to pay any account due said firm of Robinson & Co. to anyone but the undersigned or his agent.

D. L. SAWYER,
Receiver.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

A Cream of Tartar Powder, free from alum or phosphatic acid

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When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEW STORE. A. E. ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

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FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

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For Candies Always Right Fresh From the Kettle.

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Thief River Falls, Minn.

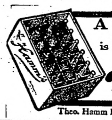

A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's

NEW BREW

Bottled and on draught.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

THE NEWS,

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$1.00 PER YEAR

GREAT OPENING OF SPRING MILLINERY

Commencing Saturday,

MARCH 31,

AND LASTING ONE WEEK.

MISS MARIE MOLAND

LA BREE AVENUE

SOME BOOTY RECOVERED

Man Charged With Extensive Robberies at Minneapolis Captured.

Had Stolen $100,000 Worth of Property from Dr. Pinault.

New York, April 3.—About $50,000 worth of the securities alleged to have been stolen by Thomas J. Wainwright from the residence of Dr. Nicholas J. Pinault in Minneapolis were found during the day in a safe deposit vault in a bank in this city, according to one of the detectives who helped in arresting Wainwright the previous night. Wainwright had a small account in this bank under the name of Louis P. Chute, the detectives say.

Wainwright is accused of having stolen $100,000 worth of silverware, securities and jewelry from Dr. Pinault and told the police that two trunks full of this plunder are in Providence, R. I., where he said he had a brother.

Dr. Pinault is one of the wealthiest citizens of Minneapolis. Before starting for Pass Christian, Miss., last winter he engaged as caretaker of his Minneapolis home a young man who said that he was Thomas J. Wainwright and that he was a lawyer temporarily out of practice. Wainwright's credentials were satisfactory and Dr. Pinault turned his mansion and its valuable contents over to him without hesitation.

Toward the end of last February Dr. Pinault was astonished to receive from his Minneapolis bankers a letter asking why it was that he wanted to sell certain valuable stocks and bonds that had just been offered through a Minneapolis firm of brokers. The doctor knew that he had left the securities safely locked up in his safe deposit vault and he started at once for Minneapolis to investigate. There he learned that his caretaker had disappeared and with him practically everything of value in the Pinault mansion, as well as the contents of the doctor's safe in the deposit vault.

FOUND IN A HAYLOFT.

Escaped Minnesota Murderer Located by a Woman.

Hayfield, Minn., April 7.—Frank McVey, confessed murderer of Marshal Ole Havey, who escaped from the Mantorville prison on Thursday after being sentenced to Stillwater prison for life, has been recaptured by E. B. Scripture, a farmer who lives between this city and Dodge Center.

Mrs. Scripture went out to the barn to gather eggs about 6 o'clock. She saw something move under the hay of the loft and at once went out and called the hired man and several neighbors.

McVey surrendered without a struggle. He was hatless and his clothes were torn to pieces.

MEDICINE PROVES FATAL.

Two Minnesota Children Dead and Two Others May Die.

Bemidji, Minn., April 5.—Two daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Konoski, living on a farm near Nary, died during the afternoon as a result of taking worm medicine which evidently contained poison. The medicine was administered to the four children of the family, three girls and one boy, on Monday morning. All became violently ill and two died and the remaining two may die at any time.

Mr. Konoski said that some time ago a relative living in Wisconsin sent him the powder, which was said to be good for infantile disorders.

INFANT HIT BY STRAY BULLET.

Babe Instantly Killed While in Its Mother's Arms.

Chisholm, Minn., April 2.—The nine-months-old infant of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bovet was shot dead as its mother held it in her arms in the kitchen of the Bovet home at the Glenn mining location. A stray bullet, fired by boys who were indulging in target practice half a mile away, entered a window and penetrated the child's skull, scattering its brains over the dress of the mother and killing it instantly.

OUT OF SERVICE TEMPORARILY.

Fire Seriously Damages Railroad Bridge at Duluth.

Duluth, April 5.—Fire early in the morning destroyed about 125 feet of the Northern Pacific bridge between West Duluth and Superior, known as the St. Paul and Duluth bridge. The fire departments from both Duluth and Superior fought the blaze, but were unable to subdue it until the bridge was seriously damaged. It will require extensive repairs and be out of service for some time.

TAKEN FROM GIRL'S ARM.

Bristle From Tooth Brush Lost for Over a Year.

Eveleth, Minn., April 4.—The bristle of a tooth brush, which lodged in her throat a year ago last January, has been extricated from the arm of Miss Agnes Zellar, who lives near here. The bristle got lodged in her throat while she was cleaning her teeth and physicians were unable to extricate it at the time.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

The new steel bridge at Rice has been carried away by an ice jam.

The transfer to the state of the new prison site at Stillwater has been completed.

Over 100 cases of mumps are reported in the village of New Richland. Old people as well as young are victims of the disease.

Valerie Bergero, an actress, has sued a Minneapolis laundry for $500 damages for displaying in its show windows one of her stage gowns, a Japanese kimono.

James R. Watson, for many years a resident of Minneapolis and well known as an artist, is dead from cancer of the mouth. Mr. Watson was sixty-nine years of age.

Joseph Young of Holding, Stearns county, who attempted to perform a surgical operation upon himself with a pair of scissors, has been adjudged insane and sent to the Fergus Falls asylum.

Julius H. Block, present state treasurer, in a letter defining briefly his position upon questions of interest to the people of Minnesota, has formally announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor.

A reward of $500 has been offered by Mayor David P. Jones of Minneapolis for information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the murderers of the six Macedonians whose mangled bodies were found in their lodginghouse in that city two weeks ago.

Samuel Spiesberger, who was seriously injured in the West hotel fire at Minneapolis and whose wife died from her injuries, has filed suit in the Hennepin county district court demanding $26,500 damages from the C. H. Wood company, proprietors of the hotel.

Martin Karnowski, a prominent farmer of Swan River, near Little Falls, is dead of injuries sustained a week ago from a kick of a vicious horse. Karnowski was seventy-five years old. His advanced age prevented his rallying from the shock of the accident.

Simon Michelet, United States Indian agent at White Earth, will retain his position and his reappointment for another four-year term will soon be announced. Senators Nelson and Clapp have endorsed Michelet, although the Indian office did not desire his retention.

Charles Nelson, one of the murderers of Saloonkeeper Trier at Owatonna, who was serving a life sentence at Stillwater, is dead of consumption. Nelson was sent to prison several years ago with his brother and accomplice, Sutton, and Sutton died soon after his arrival.

Rev. Frederick H. Rowse, rector of Ascension Episcopal church, St. Paul, committed suicide by shooting. The motive for the suicide is not known to his wife or to the members of his congregation, as Mr. Rowse was known as a humorist and he was said to have ample means.

Police investigation of the slaughter of six Macedonian laborers in Minneapolis two weeks ago has convinced the officers engaged in the case that every one of the former associates of the murdered men has some knowledge of the crime and its cause and that no help in solving the mystery may be expected from them.

Train service over the Big Fork and Northern road has been discontinued for six weeks. The road was only recently built and runs from Northome to Ripple, thirty miles. Rails were placed in last fall on the grade established and the trains were able to run as long as the ground was hard. Service will be discontinued that the road can be ballasted.

Creamery men representing St. Paul, Minneapolis and several of the other cities of the state held a meeting in the Ryan hotel, St. Paul, and decided to accept the terms of a circular letter sent out by E. K. Slater, state dairy commissioner. The letter is addressed to producers and buyers of hand separator cream and provides for the grading of cream and also gives specific instructions regarding the care of cream.

Railroad grading work around Mankato has been resumed. Contractor Thomas Brogan put fifty men and teams at work on the cut beyond Mineopa for the new line of the Omaha road and sixty men are at work on the big fill across a slough between Ottawa and St. Peter. Balch & Co. of Minneapolis are about to resume work on the Duluth, St. Cloud, Glencoe and Mankato road between Albert Lea and Mankato.

The expenditure of $3,000,000 on draining state swamps will yield the state a direct profit of $10,000,000, according to George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer. Mr. Ralph estimates that the main ditches needed to drain the state's 2,000,000 acres of swamp land will cost about $1.50 an acre, $3,000,000. Drainage will increase the value of the lands, resulting in adding fully $10,000,000 to the funds to which the lands belong.

Minnesota will be the "canned corn state," in addition to being the bread and butter state, if the plans of the state dairy and food department do not miscarry. At present Maine corn is recognized as the standard and is supposed to be the best on the market, but Commissioner Slater is planning to make Minnesota canned corn "just as good" and better. To this end he will this summer begin a regular inspection of the canneries in the state and one of the inspectors will be detailed to visit all the canneries and look into the sanitary conditions.

SALOON MEN WANT LID

New Ulm Liquor Dealers Request Officials to Enforce the Law.

Two-Thirds of the Saloonkeepers Willing to Close at 11 o'Clock.

New Ulm, Minn., April 7.—Two-thirds of the saloonkeepers of this city have gone on record as favoring the early closing of the saloons, which means that they want the law enforced relative to closing them every night at 11 o'clock.

Henry Seifert, who conducts a saloon on North Minnesota street, called on Acting Mayor Eibner and questioned him regarding the closing of the saloons at 11 o'clock. Mr. Eibner stated he was heartily in favor of the proposition and in order to test the sentiment among the saloonkeepers a petition was circulated requesting the mayor and city council to enforce the law relative to this matter. The petition was immediately signed by sixteen saloonkeepers. Four other saloonkeepers said they were heartily in favor of it and to show their sincerity in support of the movement they stated they were willing to deposit a certain sum of money as a guarantee of good faith. Of the thirty saloons in the city two-thirds are in favor of the early closing movement at this time.

Reward for Murderers.

Minneapolis, April 4.—A reward of $500 has been offered by Mayor David P. Jones for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the murderers of the six Macedonians whose mangled bodies were found in the little cottage on Tenth avenue south last Wednesday morning.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Paul Nocquet, sculptor and aeronaut, who made a balloon ascension at New York city, landed his balloon in safety on Jones beach, four miles south of Amityville, on Great South bay, and then lost his life after a six hours' battle with water and mud in the treacherous morass between the village and the sea.

Fire in the Chamber of Commerce building at Portland, Ore., resulted in a panic among the 1,500 occupants and caused the death of Homer H. Hallock, right of way agent of the Willamette Traction company. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

WOODSMAN WOUNDED

Shot by a Storekeeper During a Quarrel at Superior, Wisconsin.

Wounded Man Can Not Survive and His Assailant Escapes.

Duluth, April 4.—Frank Ryan, a woodsman, is lying at St. Mary's hospital in Superior with a mortal wound inflicted by Tony Costello, a tobacconist and confectioner. Ryan went into Costello's place to make a purchase during the evening and in some manner broke the showcase. In a quarrel which ensued over payment for the damage, Costello rushed to the rear of the store for a revolver. Ryan fled out the front door, followed by Costello, who shot him in the back and the wounded man dropped to the pavement. At a late hour at night Costello had not been captured. It is believed that Ryan cannot survive until morning.

Long Term Prisoner Suicides.

Stillwater, Minn., April 2.—Charles Sanders, a long term man in the prison, committed suicide by hanging in his cell. Sanders had torn a strip from his shirt with which he had made a rope that was placed around his neck and tied to a nail in the wall. Death resulted from slow strangulation.

Minnesota Bank Robbed.

Willmar, Minn., April 3.—Yeggmen blew the safe of the Kandiyohi bank early in the morning, obtaining $1,750 in cash, and up to the present time are at large. A posse headed by the sheriff of Kandiyohi county is scouring the country about the town, and all suspicious characters will be picked up.

For Governor of Minnesota.

St. Paul, April 7.—Julius H. Block, present state treasurer, in a letter defining briefly his position upon questions of interest to the people of Minnesota, formally announces his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor.

Lake Navigation to Begin.

Duluth, April 9.—Local navigation on the north shore will begin during the day with the Booth line. Regular trips will be made between Duluth and Chicago bay and other points farther down the shore.

TRAIN KILLS AN INDIAN

His Mutilated Body Found Beside the Track at Rosby.

Man Thought to Be a Member of the Red Lake Band.

Bemidji, Minn., April 8.—Section men discovered the dead and badly mutilated body of an Indian, about fifty years old, lying beside the railroad track a quarter of a mile west of Rosby. Both legs had been severed, one above the knee and the other near the foot.

It is thought that the man was a member of the Red Lake band and was on the way either to the Cass Lake or Leech Lake reservation when he was struck by a train and killed.

Minister Commits Suicide.

St. Paul, April 5.—Rev. Frederick H. Rowse, rector of Ascension Episcopal church, Isabel street and Clinton avenue, West Side, fired a bullet into his brain at 1 o'clock p. m. His wife, who was in the house at 235 Prescott street, heard the report of the pistol, and going to the bedroom found the body of her husband on the floor, and a revolver beside it. The motive for the suicide is not known.

Accident Due to Carelessness.

Eveleth, Minn., April 6.—Ludwig Heikkila is dead and two companions are seriously scalded as the result of an accident due to carelessness in the Baltic mine. The men were assisting in making some steam connections and placed heavy levers in the wrong place, breaking the pipes and allowing the scalding steam to escape under high pressure with fatal results.

Captured in Minnesota Woods.

Wooster, O., April 4.—A telegram received here during the day announced the capture by Cleveland officers in a lumber camp in Minnesota of Charles W. McGlenen of Creston, O., wanted here to answer to a charge of embezzlement of about $3,000 from the Union Central Life Insurance company of Cincinnati.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Representative Davidson of Wisconsin has introduced a resolution which is regarded as crystallizing the views of Republican tariff revisionists in the house. It provides that the ways and means committee shall sit during the recess of congress to ascertain trade conditions with a view to tariff revision.

The house committee on immigration has completed its bill to further restrict the coming of aliens to this country. The bill increases the head tax on aliens from $2 to $5. It requires each male adult to possess $25 and each female $15. A family may be admitted on its head showing $50.

By a vote of 202 to 26 the house has passed the national quarantine bill. The bill places the control of all quarantine stations, grounds and anchorages under the secretary of the treasury.

NEWS OF NOTED PEOPLE.

Representative William Alden Smith has made public a letter addressed to the Republicans of Michigan announcing his candidacy for the United States senate to succeed Senator Alger, who will not be a candidate for re-election.

Sherburn M. Becker, Republican candidate for mayor of Milwaukee, was elected over David S. Rose, Dem., who has for the past eight years been the city's executive head.

Senator Alger of Michigan announces that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

John D. Rockefeller has returned to New York city from Lakewood, N. J.

LABOR NEWS.

The hard coal miners of Pennsylvania have proposed to the operators that all disputes be referred to arbitration, the tribunal to be composed of the board of conciliation created by the anthracite strike commission in 1903, with Judge George Gray of Delaware, or any person he may appoint, as chairman and umpire. If the operators accept and a convention of mine workers approves the plan the 160,000 men now idle in the anthracite fields will return to work at once. It is generally believed that the operators will refuse to accept the offer.

Reports received from the anthracite coal regions state that the beginning of the second week of the suspension of coal mining shows practically the same conditions as existed a week ago. All of the mines in the lower and middle districts are idle, while in the Lackawanna and Wyoming fields a few hundred men have returned to work.

Practically all the miners affiliated with the United Mine Workers of America in the Pittsburg bituminous field returned to work Monday. Every mine in the district is now in operation, the operators having signed the scale demanded by the miners.

The Ohio coal operators, in session at Cleveland, decided to "stand pat" on the miners' strike and to offer no concession whatever.

Serious disorders are occurring at Lethbridge, Can., where several hundred coal miners are on strike.

GUN METAL OXFORDS

The proper thing for now---early spring wear---dull finish, calfskin stock, medium heavy soles, straight heels, new swing lasts. Oxfords that have "snap" and "style;" that look swager and feel good. Let us show them to you.

$3.50 and $4.00

WILSON CLOTHING CO.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Charges that John Alexander Dowie seriously contemplated polygamy and that his plans for a Mexican colony, of which he should be the head, were inspired by his desire to marry seven young women, who had already been selected and of whom Miss Ruth Hofer, the Swiss heiress, was one, were made at a meeting of 250 officials of the Christian Catholic church, held at the Zion City college to discuss the accusation against the deposed leader.

Under the result of the city election at Chicago, in which the question of municipal ownership of the street railways was the vital issue, the city of Chicago can proceed to acquire and control the railways but cannot operate them. At the same time the voters, while declaring that the city shall not proceed to operate the railroads, declared that as a question of public policy it would be desirable for the city to do so.

A plan to establish in this country a national association for Catholic young men on the lines of the Young Men's Christian association has already taken definite shape and has the approval of Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishops Ireland, Farley and Ryan and the leading Catholic laymen of the country.

Civil proceedings have been instituted by the city of Philadelphia against the contractors and former city officials interested in the construction of the municipal filtration plant to recover $5,000,000, which sum is alleged to have been been wrongfully retained by the defendants.

Charges of fraud in the returns upon the municipal ownership proposition voted on at the recent election in Chicago have been received by Corporation Counsel Lewis and the county court and the election commissioners will be asked to investigate the matter.

The Kansas supreme court has decided that the Kansas City Live Stock Exchange is a trust and that all cattle mortgages made through members of that exchange are invalid. Millions of dollars' worth of cattle paper will doubtless be affected by the decision.

Jacob Stair of Akron, O., aged eighty-five years, who has been noted as a sleepwalker, arose while asleep, walked down stairs and deliberately hanged himself to a floor joist with a piece of twine.

The Republic Oil company, shown at a recent hearing to be a branch of the Standard Oil company, has withdrawn from business in Nebraska and Indiana.

The famous Schandein will case at Milwaukee, involving an estate worth $7,000,000, has been settled out of court.

The United States drydock Dewey, en route to the Philippines, has passed the island of Malta.

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Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
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you need new glasses, —

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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Guaranteed to be more DURABLE, fuller in VOLUME and require less wind power than any other harmonica made. Sent postpaid for 25c. Money back if you are not fully satisfied.

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BOASTFUL MAN SHOULD CONSIDER THE WORK OF ANIMALS.

Extraordinary Instinct and Capacity of Some Apparently Insignificant Creatures—A Few of the Many Wonders They Have Performed.

Man prides himself upon his marvelous inventions. He holds up to the admiration of the world the wonderful buildings which he has constructed and thinks himself unrivaled as an architect, but "he who teaches man knowledge has instructed the smallest insects in the art of building and has thus anticipated the works of man as an architect." They who builded the tower of Babel thought their invention of turning earth into stone a most wonderful discovery, but the white ant and the busy little bee had practiced this art from the earliest days. The great mathematician instructed the tiny bee how to build its first cell in the manner which combines the greatest amount of strength with the least material. Instinct, which may be called perpetual memory, has preserved the knowledge thus communicated, and the art has been practiced by the countless myriads of their descendants in all climes and countries. The little bee has been engaged in storing away the honey in these hexagonal cells, constructing the cells of wax and placing within them the bee bread, a paste made of pollen and honey, for the food of the young. In each of these cells the queen bee deposits an egg. Some of the bees surround their nests with down collected from the leaves of plants to serve as a nonconductor of heat, to guard against changes of temperature.

Nature taught the inferior orders of animals carpentry, taught them to divide their houses into various apartments, to construct domes, arches, staircases and colonnades and to excavate tunnels. The scarlet hangings of the ancient city of Tyre excited the admiration of the then known world, but there was a little insect that knew the art, long before the celebrated Tyrian dye was discovered, of hanging the walls of its cell with tapestry of a scarlet more brilliant than that of Tyre.

Selecting the scarlet petals of the poppy, the upholsterer bee cuts small, oval pieces as neatly as if done with a pair of scissors, seizes the pieces between her legs and carries them to her nest. She overlays them three or four in thickness, fitting the pieces very dextrously, and thus hanging her nest all around with this splendid scarlet tapestry. In this beautiful nest her eggs are hatched.

Men have been ages in bringing populous cities to their fullest extent, but the white ants require only a few months to build a city containing a much larger number of inhabitants than Babylon in all its glory. These habitations are built with two stories, with long galleries and numerous chambers. The spider weaves his home as a silken net; the locust constructs his of the bark of trees, cut into shape by a sawlike organ which he possesses; the kingfisher rears its young in a floating cradle; the ant builds winding passages to numerous chambers. In the innermost of these chambers the infant treasures are laid at night to protect them from cold. In the morning, when the sun is up, the workers convey the larvae to the upper chambers, close under the roof, where they may have warmth.

The beaver hut is round and arched and has a cellar, a flooring, a ceiling and a roof raised by an animal destitute of the builder's art and instructed only by nature. The hare keeps open a chimney to his burrow for circulation of air, from which in cold countries a little column of steam is often seen to arise. The chimpanzee builds for himself a hut of branches and leaves, which is, however, roofless. Many shellfish have been taught by Mother Nature to enlarge their houses without moving out of them. Birds build various kinds of nests in various kinds of places. They hang them from trees, they sew them to a living leaf, they weave a matting above them, they build them in sections under a common roof in the shape of a purse, they place them in tufts of grass where

They found their lowly house of withered bents
And coarser spear grass.

They line their houses with feathers, leaves, grass, hair, string, moss; they cement them, they glue them, they plaster them.

The most insignificant of nature's creative bounty have a talent for making houses for their young. The gentry in yellow jackets deposit their eggs in brown paper cups or in little clay cells; the spider, that sly spinner, ties them up in bags of Quaker colored silk. Some do them up in gray bundles and hang them on trees; some find a cradle for them in the ripening apple or the reddening cherry, while some shelter them beneath the leathern umbrella of the toadstool. Everywhere these larvae may be found as spring opens. They are peeping from holes swinging in the air, laid away in silken shrouds, rocked in shells of the ocean, burrowing in the earth, skulking in the woods, set in mother of pearl, put up in ivory, imbedded in sand, laid away in the center of fallen logs, peeking from the other side of shells, blue, mottled and white, each fulfilling its part in the great workshop of nature. The great monuments of man, his cities, edifices, roads, are but pebbles in comparison with the works of those humble creatures who have constructed reefs and islands in the midst of the sea. Deep down in the waves is one of nature's largest workshops, and the work is done according to nature's order by the little coral animal whose home is in the ocean.

The Deceitfulness of Fur.

It detracts somewhat from one's feeling of pride in a handsome fur garment to know that after the furrier, chemist and dyer have got through with the rabbit skin it may be a "sealskin," a "sable," an "otter," a "Siberian squirrel," a "mink," a "marten," a "beaver" or any other fashionable fur. The transformation takes place in the shops which sell felt to hatmakers, carpet weavers and felt manufacturers, and Paris and London are the principal centers for this industry. In those cities millions of rabbit skins are dressed and treated, and bogus furs are sent out to robe men and women of all parts of the world. The skins are purchased soon after they have been stripped from bunny's back and are stiff and hard when they are unpacked in the sorting room. Experts examine each skin, and those which come up to the established standard are sent to the furriers, but the torn, undersized and punctured pelts are turned over to the men and women who strip the hide of its hair for the felt maker.—Exchange.

Lady Jane Grey.

Lady Jane Grey was the most learned child of which history has any record. Before she was nine years old she wrote a beautiful hand and was able to play on many different instruments. She could speak several languages, both ancient and modern, besides being well grounded in philosophy. When other children were playing she would amuse herself by reading writings of the philosopher Plato in the original Greek. Perhaps it was because she had led a very lonely life when she was a child, as her mother and father were often away at court, leaving her to the care of her governess and her schoolmasters at the gloomy family place called Bradgate. The big square house was built on the edge of a great forest surrounded by acres of uninhabited land. There were very few books and not any newspapers at the castle, and Lady Jane Grey had no playmates, as her governess would not allow her to play with the servants' children, and there were no others suitable for her companions within miles.

The Origin of Windfall.

The origin of the expression "windfall," which is used when one wishes to refer to a streak of good luck, dates back to the time of William the Conqueror. At that time it was a criminal offense to cut timber in the British forests without royal consent. All that could be gathered for fuel or other purposes was such limbs as the wind should happen to break and cast to the ground. On this account the peasants hailed a great windstorm as a blessing, because it was apt to cast enough of "windfalls" for winter firewood. From this old time forestry custom comes the modern application of the expression. At one time it was decreed that only such limbs and whole trees as should fall during the three summer months could be used as firewood, but the unjustness of the act was so plainly apparent that no attempt was ever made to enforce it.

Muzzled Women of Muscat.

Women of the better class in Muscat all wear muzzles, which barely allow them to open the mouth or see with the eye or sneeze. If there happens to be a Cleopatra in Muscat she will never fascinate any Antony by the beauty of her well shaped nose, for it is kept in a specially made, ugly case, in which it is impossible to tell its shape. But with all its faults this is a far better system than that of cutting off the nose, as men in the Kangra district in India are wont to do when any of their spouses have proved too fascinating.—Allahabad Pioneer.

Curious Fishing.

Very curious is the method of fishing followed by the Chinese in the strait of Malacca. The fisherman lets down from the side of the boat a screen of white canvas stretched on wood. The shoal of fish mistake this for some floating obstruction and try to leap over it, with the result that the fish jump into the boat and are thus captured. This method is employed by Malays in their waters.

Ventriloquism in the Bible.

Ventriloquism, which is described as "speaking from the belly," has its first historic mention, as far as we are aware, in Isaiah xxix, 4, "And thou shalt be brought down and shalt speak out of the ground, and thy speech shall be low out of the dust, and thy voice shall be as one that hath a familiar spirit, out of the ground, and thy speech shall whisper out of the dust."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Resourceful.

"Here!" roared the old lawyer to his son, studying law with him. "You told me you had read this work on evidence, and yet the leaves are not cut."

"Used X rays," yawned the versatile son, and the father chuckled with delight as he thought what a lawyer the boy would make.—London Punch.

The One Exception.

"Of course," said Henpeck, "I don't always do what my wife tells me"—

"What!" exclaimed Meeker in surprise.

"No; you see if she's in a sarcastic mood when she orders me to do anything I know she wants me to do just the opposite."—Philadelphia Press.

His Experience.

First Artist—But you love art for its own sake? Second Artist—Why, yes. I'm coming to the conclusion that that's all there is in it.—Brooklyn Life.

The language denotes the man. A coarse or refined character finds its expression naturally in a coarse or refined phraseology.—Bovee.

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,

against

Charles C. Eklund, Anna Eklund, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West; containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 26th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

mar 29 may 3

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

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Stock and Poultry
Medicine

keeps their livers working and therefore keeps them well.

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It prevents and cures Hog Cholera, Chicken Cholera, Colic, Distemper, Coughs, Colds, Constipation, Fever, Loss of Appetite, Wasting Away, and all the common stock diseases.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Oscar Mattson, H. E. No. 7,899, for the NE¼, Sec. 11, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Joseph Hedlund, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 apr 26

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew B. Helgeson, H. E. No. 811, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 153 North of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 597, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 263, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 22 apr 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 255, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 5 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 320, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Hultin, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Freeberg, " "
Svenke K. Dahle, " "
Tom R. Ryenstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 22 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Joseph Hedlund, H. E. No. 7,810, for the NW¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Oscar Mattson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

march 29 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4, 1906, viz: Jacob Jonas, H. E. 917, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Judd, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew B. Helgeson, " "
Rudolph Fergus, " "
August Krause, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Nels Olson, of [illegible], Minn.
Thom Thomson, " "
Nils J. [illegible], of Germantown, " "
Oswald Oas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: John J. [illegible], H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3, 4, NW¼ SW¼ Sec. 21 and Lot 1, Sec. 20, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John [illegible], of [illegible], Minn.
John Johnson, " "
[illegible]
Samuel L. [illegible], of Thief River Falls

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register

mar 29 may 3

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

Reports of fatalities consequent upon the eruption of Mount Vesuvius are coming in. According to information probably as many as 500 lives were lost. It is said that more than 200 persons perished in the district of San Guiseppe, while from the ruins of a church which collapsed owing to the weight of ashes on the roof forty-nine corpses were extricated and it is asserted that at Sorrento thirty-seven persons were killed by falling houses.

The evacuation of the threatened villages and towns around Mount Vesuvius continues, but means to transport the inhabitants are lacking, although thousands of soldiers with artillery carts have been sent to the places where the sufferers are most in need of assistance. The number of fugitives is augmenting everywhere and it is estimated that about 500,000 people have fled from their homes.

Fifty-five persons were killed and seventy others were dangerously injured by the collapse of the Hotel Zum Hirsch at Nagold, Black Forest, Germany. Twenty others are missing and probably are dead. The building had not been fully completed and the catastrophe is attributed to the non-observance of proper precautions.

The colonial field force which was concentrating at Impanza, twelve miles northwest of Greytown, Natal, for operations against the insurgent chief, Bambaata, has been compelled to abandon its laager after heavy fighting and retire to Greytown.

Prince William of Schaumburg-Lippe died Wednesday of heart failure at his castle at Nachod, Bohemia. His daughter-in-law, Princess Louise, a daughter of the king of Denmark, died five hours later of meningitis at the same castle.

While the governor of the province of Tver, Russia, M. Sleptzoff, was passing through the principal street of Tver, the capital, he was killed by the explosion of a bomb. Sleptzoff was regarded as a very reactionary official.

The political prisoners with whom the Moscow jails are crowded have declared a "hunger strike" (refusing to partake of food) to compel the authorities either to bring them to immediate trial or order their release.

After fourteen months of controversy between the throne and the coalition parties the Hungarian crisis finally has been settled. Both sides express satisfaction with the result, which appears to be a compromise.

Chancellor von Buelow, while attending the debate in the German reichstag, fainted and was carried to a committee room by some of the members of the house. He revived later and his recovery is expected.

In view of the agreement on Moroccan reforms reached at Algeciras March 31 Russia has opened preliminary negotiations in Paris for a large foreign loan of at least $200,000,000 and desires more if possible.

Another living survivor of the mine disaster at Courrieres, France, March 10 was discovered April 4 and brought out of the pit. He will recover.

Alexander Lange Kielland, the popular Norwegian poet and author, is dead at Bergen of paralysis of the heart. He was born in 1834.

Colonel Gilberto Escobar, governor of Jinotega, Nicaragua, has been assassinated.

General Blanco, the last Spanish governor general of Cuba, is dead at Madrid.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

John Burns, alias Frank McVey, who shot and killed Ole Havey, marshal at Hayfield, Minn., Dec. 30, 1905, broke jail at Mantorville, Minn., Thursday morning and is still at large. Burns was sentenced to life imprisonment late Wednesday after pleading guilty to murder in the second degree.

About $50,000 worth of the securities alleged to have been stolen by Thomas J. Wainwright from the residence of Dr. Nicholas J. Pinault in Minneapolis have been found in a safe deposit vault in a bank in New York city. The discovery was made following the arrest of Wainwright.

Charles M. Carpenter of Chicago, general agent for Wisconsin for the Barber Asphalt company, pleaded guilty at Green Bay, Wis., to the charge of bribery and was fined $1,000. He says he paid three Green Bay aldermen $2,600 to secure a paving contract.

John A. Linn, clerk of the circuit court of Cook county, Ill., and formerly clerk of the supreme court of that county, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of conspiracy to defraud and was given an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary.

Dr. W. W. Barton, a well known physician of Birmingham, Ala., shot and killed his wife, fatally wounded Dr. T. T. Thaxton, a dentist of Pratt City, Ala., and cut his own throat, dying a few minutes later.

J. Burdette, president of the Eufala (I. T.) National bank and one of the most prominent men in the Creek Nation, was shot and killed by an unknown assassin.

Foolish.

By six causes a fool may be known: Anger without cause; speech without profit; change without motive; inquiry without an object; putting trust in a stranger, and wanting capacity to distinguish between friend and foe.

Puzzled.

Johnnie—What does that notice say over there, mother? Mother—It says, "No dogs admitted." Johnnie—But the dogs can't read, can they? How are they to know?

THE DEATH RECORD.

Abraham Barker, eighty-five years old, fell from a street car at Philadelphia, and received a fracture of the skull from which he died. He was one of the founders of the Union league and was the father of Wharton Barker, Populist candidate for president in 1900.

Henry A. Hawgood, president of the Hawgood Transit company and one of the best known vessel owners on the Great Lakes, is dead at Cleveland.

Napoleon Campana, known throughout the country as "Old Sport" Campana, is dead at Chicago. He was seventy-five years of age.

Rev. Dr. Edward Lathrop, president of the board of trustees of Vassar college, is dead in New York city, aged ninety-two years.

Weston Flint, seventy-one years old, lawyer, journalist, educator and former librarian of the Washington public library, is dead.

E. C. Swift of Chicago, a member of the packing firm of Swift & Co., is dead at Boston of pneumonia.

Mrs. Philo Rogers, a negro woman, is dead at her home in Chicago, aged 123 years.

MENTAL REACTION.

The Mind's Quickness of Operation and How It Is Measured.

Let a dozen or twenty persons take hold of hands in a ring. Each is to press the hand of his right hand neighbor as soon as he receives a pressure from the left. One person starts the pressure going and at the same instant observes the position of the second hand of a watch. The pressure passes all around the circle, and when it arrives at the originator he notes how many seconds were required for the given number of persons in succession to receive an impression and make up their minds to act in response. The total time is then divided by the number of persons. This is a crude illustration of the reaction time which we measure with great accuracy on single persons.

As the mental portion of the reaction time becomes more complicated the time becomes longer. For example, the processes of mental discrimination and choice require times of their own. The way we get these "higher" mental processes can be illustrated in a simple way. A person placed in a quiet room is to tap a telegraph key every time he sees a red light, which can be produced at the will of the experimenter in the recording room. The interval of time between the actual appearance of the light and the moment the key is tapped is accurately measured. For awhile nothing but the red light is used, this to obtain the simple reaction time. Then red and yellow lights are turned on in irregular succession. The person has now to discriminate between two colors and to choose between action and nonaction. The increase of time required over the simple reaction time gives the discrimination time for two colors. In another set of experiments three colors are used, then four colors. As the discrimination and choice become more complicated more time is required.

The importance of rapid and accurate reaction and discrimination is evident. Astronomers have difficulty in recording the moment at which a star passes a line in the telescope. The sportsman must pull the trigger at just the proper moment. The football player, the fencer and the boxer are trained in rapidity of discrimination and reaction. It is very evident that a player or a pugilist who takes a long time for discrimination, choice and volition will give a decided advantage to a quick opponent.—Forum.

DISRAELI'S MAXIMS.

Every one loves power, even if he does not know what to do with it.

Always have distinguished friends. Never have fools for friends. They are of no use.

To govern men you must either excel them in their accomplishments or despise them.

To rule men we must be men. Our wisdom must be concealed under folly and our constancy under caprice.

Next to knowing when to seize an opportunity the most important thing in life is to know when to forego an advantage.

The divine right of kings may have been a plea for feeble tyrants, but the divine right of government is the keystone of human progress.

Talk to women as much as you can. This is the way to gain fluency, because you need not care what you say and had better not be sensible.

They Didn't Play.

A monster political parade was held in Philadelphia during one of the campaigns. It was headed by a band of thirty-five discoursing stirring marching tunes. The leader of the band had contracted in advance to supply that many players, but when he came to count noses he found eight missing. It did not take him long to decide what to do. After some hustling he secured eight men, not one of whom could play a note of music, and decked them out in the regulation band uniform. He placed instruments and music in their hands and paraded the full number. "Did they play?" was asked. "Yes," said the band leader, "but not music. I put a cork in each of the eight instruments."

St. Paul Pioneer Dead.

St. Paul, March 22.—Uri Locke Lamprey, aged sixty four, pioneer resident, sportsman and philanthropist, is dead at his home in this city. Death was due to dropsy and complications. Mr. Lamprey had been very ill for over a year.

SPEED OF ANIMALS.

The Greyhound Leads, Followed by the Horse and the Red Deer.

The following interesting letter concerning the relative speed of animals appeared in the London Field:

The fastest animal we have is the greyhound. The next are the race horse, the red deer and the hare, and then comes the good, big, bold dog fox, which is a fine galloper on good going. In comparison with any of the above the fastest foxhound on sound flat turf is as slow as a man mowing grass for haymaking. But if you radically alter the trial ground the above does not hold good. For instance, on rough clods, whether melted or not, a hare cannot run at all; hence she generally takes care not to go there, and where greyhounds are kept she habitually lies in her form near the fringe of a rough fallow that when coursed she may quickly be on good going. With such long, powerful hind legs a hare can beat anything up a steep hill. A foxhound can easily beat any horse over deep clay plow, because the horse weighs as much as twelve hounds and therefore sinks deeply. In stag hunting the red deer tires earlier than the blood hunter, though the horse may not be faster, but great consideration must be made for the discretion of a good horseman, who avoids exhausting deep ground which the deer plods through.

A run of eight miles within the hour in either of the three wet wintry months would leave the body of the field behind, but it would be easy to a riding man on a galloping horse when the March winds have dried the country and the obstacles are only ordinary.

CONNECTS THE BRAIN.

The Organ That Enables the Hemispheres to Act In Harmony.

Near the base of every well organized human brain there is situated a curious little spongy body called the corpus callosum. This all important little organ consists of a double chain of white nerve fibers, and it is through these that the two portions (hemispheres) of the brain are enabled to act in harmony by being continually brought into anatomical and physiological relations with each other.

Several years ago a well known Philadelphia physician and surgeon, Dr. A. H. Stevens, made the announcement that, in his belief, the corpus callosum was the seat of the soul. His peculiar ideas were given quite an airing through the press at that time, but the whole theory fell pretty flat when Dr. A. F. Sawyer of San Francisco proved that a certain west coast worthy had survived twenty years after having the entire corpus callosum shot out of his thought tank and that another had lived eleven years after sustaining a similar injury. The psychologists were pretty well agreed that a man's life would terminate the moment his soul made its exit on the lead of a pistol cartridge. It was these well attested cases of men living after losing the corpus callosum that caused Dr. Stevens' "soul theory" to relapse into obscurity.

What Load Will Ice Bear?

The army rules are that two inch ice will sustain a man or properly placed infantry; four inch ice will carry a man on horseback or cavalry or light guns; six inch ice, heavy field guns, such as eighty pounders; eight inch ice, a battery of artillery, with carriages and horses, but not over 1,000 pounds per square foot on sledges, and ten inch ice sustains an army or an innumerable multitude. On fifteen inch ice railroad tracks are often laid and operated for months, and ice two feet thick withstood the impact of a loaded passenger car after a sixty foot fall (or perhaps 1,500 tons), but broke under that of the locomotive and tender (or perhaps 3,000 foot tons).

Just Sneeze Right Out.

"Never suppress a sneeze," said the trained nurse to the young woman who had just performed that polite act. "It is a great strain on all the nerves and blood vessels of the head, as it throws all the action to the back of the head instead of letting it come out of the mouth safely and naturally. The unusual and hard strain on a little blood vessel that may be weak is likely to burst it and cause instant death. A loud sneeze does not sound very nice, but it is a safe thing to do every time."

When a Man Is Weakest.

According to experiments with the dynamometer, a man is precisely at his weakest when he turns out of bed. Our muscular force is greatly increased by breakfast, but it attains to its highest point after the midday meal. It then sinks for a few hours, rises again toward evening, but steadily declines from night to morning. The chief foes of muscular force are overwork and idleness.

His Politics.

Election Canvasser—What does your husband think of the fiscal question, Mrs. Hodge? Mrs. Hodge—Well, sir, when 'e's a-talking to a protectionist 'e's a free trader, and when 'e's talking to a free trader 'e's a protectionist, and when 'e's a-talking to me 'e's a raving lunatic!—Punch.

How to Tell Them Apart.

Mr. Knowall (laughing)—Can you tell me, Miss De Witte, what is the difference between a wise man and a fool? Miss De Witte—A wise man knows he is a fool and is miserable; the fool thinks he is wise and is happy.

Unappreciated Demonstration.

Small Brother—Marie, does your admirer stutter? Marie—No; of course not! What made you think of such a thing? Small Brother—Then why does he write "My dear, dear Marie?"—Fliegende Blätter.

OLD STORIES.

An Illustration of the Way They Reappear at Intervals.

Old stories seem to reappear at intervals like comets and like questions in "Notes and Queries." There is a story in "Charles O'Malley" about a lively young French friend of the hero. He is in attendance on Napoleon at Fontainebleau or St. Cloud. One moonlight night he is playing leapfrog in the gardens with other young officers, and, coming round a corner in a walk, he sees a figure stooping, "giving a back." He "overs" the figure, and it is not one of his playmates, but the angry emperor. There is a picture of the scene by H. K. Browne in early editions of the amusing book—the best book, I think, of Lever's.

Now, did Lever invent that story or did he hear it as a true anecdote in conversation or did the wife of Marshall Junot, the Duchesse d'Abrantes, crib it from Lever and introduce it into her memoires (Vol. III., page 397)? The last conjecture is very improbable. Napoleon was at Malmaison; his court was young and lively and fond of acting plays. The best actress was Queen Hortense, the best actor was Isabey, the celebrated portrait painter. But poor Isabey ceased to be a member of the company; like the serpent, he was shut out from paradise for the following reason: Napoleon, the first consul, was very slim; he grew very fat later, in spite of constant exercise. He usually wore the uniform of the Guides, of which Eugene de Beauharnais was colonel. One day in a gallery at Malmaison Napoleon, who was alone, stooped to examine some engravings in a portfolio. Isabey, coming from the private theater, entered the gallery by another door and saw a short, slim, epauletted figure stooping, a figure in the uniform of the Guides. He was very intimate with Eugene de Beauharnais, whom he supposed that he saw before him. Creeping up like a cat, the painter leaped and landed on the shoulders of the first consul. Napoleon supposed that the roof was falling or that the little Red Man, his phantom attendant, was strangling him.

"What means this pleasantry?"

"I thought it was Eugene."

"And if it had been Eugene, why should you break his shoulders?" said Bonaparte, obviously remembering the end of another old anecdote: "If it had been John, why need you hit so hard?" The end of it was that Isabey left the acting company. Antonio Moro found it wiser, they say, to fly from Spain after replying by a practical joke to a familiarity of Philip II. of Spain. But Philip was a sulky anointed king; the first consul's shoulders were not yet anointed.—Andrew Lang in London Illustrated News.

England's Former Enemies.

The three greatest potentates of modern times have been England's strenuous antagonists—viz, Philip II., Louis XIV. and Napoleon. Of these three Napoleon was the most powerful, Philip the most deadly. The leaders under whom the English rallied against these world famous monarchs were: First, Elizabeth and Drake; second, William and Marlborough; third, Pitt and Nelson. The result of the first of these great historic duels was to overturn the foundations of Spanish empire, with its dominion over the seas, its vast colonial possessions, its claim under a papal bull to an exclusive monopoly of the new world. The result of the second was to decide which should be the residuary legatee of the deceased Spanish power, France or England, giving in the end the succession to its old world dominions to France, its trade, maritime supremacy and colonies mainly to England. The result of the third was to shatter Napoleon's hopes of ascendency by sea and to force him back on European conquests, upon projects which related to the old world and not to the new. Pitt and Nelson did not disappear till that end was attained, and England's part in the later wars of Napoleon was that, having, as Pitt said in almost his closing words, saved herself by her energy she saved Europe by her example and assistance.—Blackwood's Magazine.

"Polished Rice."

The rice that comes on the American table looks mushy; the grains seem all mashed together instead of being distinct and large. The trouble (sometimes due to the cooking) is usually explained by the statement that our rice is of inferior quality, though there is no better rice in the world than our Louisiana and Texas article; the grains are large, firm and nutty. The fact is, our public won't buy any rice unless the grains shine and glisten. Consequently the first thing the miller does is to put his rice crop through a course of polishing by which the covering of the kernel, and at the same time the most nutritive part, is rubbed off. The result is that he gets a beautiful, almost sparkling grain, which sells well, but, inasmuch as the covering has been removed, the grains when cooked lose their identity and become a mush. "Polished rices" is a peculiarity of America. The public can procure the unpolished rice if they will insist on the grocer getting it for them, for "polishing" is an extra process which the miller will be glad to abandon.—Country Life in America.

The Supreme Test.

"You say that you would do anything on earth for me?" the fair girl asked, looking into his earnest eyes.

"Anything, darling!" he whispered passionately.

"After we were married would you go shopping with me?" she continued.

With a groan of anguish he turned away, and she, sobbing, hid her face among the pillows. In the supreme test he had failed.—Judge.

THE ART OF BEDMAKING.

If Housemaids Complain, Let Them Ponder on This Picture.

There are many women and maids who think they know the art of making a bed, a restful, ease giving, good dream producing bed, but should they compare their efforts with the performance gone through with making a bed in the sixteenth century they will thank the fates no such duties are included in the catalogue of the housekeeper's work.

A bed with its coverings was a fine and usual thing to bequeath in those days. No wonder.

This is the chronicle of making Henry VII.'s bed:

"First, a yeoman or a groom of the stuffs of the wardrobe must bring in the stuffs and the curtains be drawn, and a gentleman usher must hold the curtains together, the side curtains and the foot curtains; then must two squires of the body stand at the bed's head, one on either side, and two yeomen of the crown at the bed's foot, and all the stuff be laid at the bed's feet on a carpet before the yeoman of the stuff; then a yeoman of the crown or of the chamber to leap upon the bed and roll him up and down and assay the litter, the yeoman to lay down the canvas again, then lay on the feather bed and beat it well and make it even and smooth; then shall a yeoman of the stuff take the fustian and take the assay and cast it upon the bed; then shall squires for the body lay hand thereon and yeoman and lay it straight upon the bed without any wrinkles and the sheet in the same wise, then take both the sheets and fustian by the border and put them in under the feather bed at both sides and at the feet also, then lay on the other sheet and the squires for the body to take the sheet and gather it round in your hands on either side the bed and go to the bed's head, strike down the bed till they come down twice or thrice and shake the sheet at the bed's feet and lay it fair and broad on the bed, then lay on the other stuff of fustian above, then take a pair or two of martens and lay above, but first take a pair of ermines and lay above and then lay on the martens, then roll down the bed the space of an ell; then let the yeoman take the pillows and beat them well with their hands and cast them up to the squires for the body and let them lay them on the bed as it pleased the king's grace, then take a head sheet of ermine and lay it above, then take the other side of the head sheet of regnes and lay it over that, then the squires for the body to lay the bed again on top the pillows, then take a sheet of regnes and cover the bed over and over, every side; then the usher knits the curtains together and a squire for the body to cast holy water upon the bed."

How White China Was Discovered.

Of many incidences in which an accidental discovery revolutionized a whole industry there is none more striking than that which enabled Samuel Astbury, in 1720, to impart to pottery that white glaze which is its chief beauty. Chancing, while journeying to London, to halt at Banbury, he noticed that one of his horse's eyes was badly inflamed. He consulted the hostler, who flung a redhot flint into a basin of water, thereby easily reducing it to a powder, which he applied to the injured eye. Astbury, who had watched the process, guessed that at length he had solved the problem which had so long perplexed him. He procured a cartload of flints, had them fired and pulverized and, mixing the powder with pipe clay and water, applied it to his ware, which, after the final baking, became white and shining. This invention, which he improved upon by introducing calcined flint into the body of the ware, was soon universally adopted.

An Appreciative Dog.

During one of the last birthday celebrations of the poet Whittier he was visited by a celebrated singer. The lady was asked to sing, and, seating herself at the piano, she began the beautiful ballad of "Robin Adair." She had hardly begun before Mr. Whittier's pet dog came into the room and, seating himself by her side, watched her, as though fascinated, listening with delight unusual in an animal. When she had finished he came and put his paw very gently into her hand and licked her cheek. "Robin takes that as a tribute to himself," said Mr. Whittier. "He also is 'Robin Adair.'" The dog, hearing his own name, evidently considered that he was the hero of the song. From that moment during the lady's visit he was her devoted attendant. He kept by her side while she was indoors, and when she went away he carried her satchel in his mouth to the gate and watched her departure with evidence of distress.

Old Time Piano Playing.

In these days of the twentieth century the pianist stands next to the singer among the princes of the musical world. But it was not always so. The singer was the first to mount the public throne and reign with the scepter of sweetened sound. Next came the violinist, and after him the virtuosi of wind instruments. Early concert programmes show the names of singers and flute, horn and oboe players, but not of manipulators of the keyboard. The concert pianist of today, sweeping the keyboard of his grand and the heartstrings of his hearers with sinewy hands, emerged slowly from the humble state of a poor dependent, creeping with anxious offerings to the door of his princely patron. It was not till almost the middle of the eighteenth century that the performance of solo feats on the harpsichord began to attract public attention and to form the substance of concerts.—W. J. Henderson in Atlantic.

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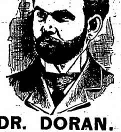

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ARNISH ROCK.

A Lighthouse Which Is Without a Light of Its Own.

The most extraordinary of all lighthouses is to be found on Arnish rock, Stornoway bay, a rock which is separated from the island of Lewis by a channel over 500 feet wide. It is in the Hebrides, Scotland. On this rock a conical beacon is erected, and on its summit a lantern is fixed, from which, night after night, shines a light which is seen by the fishermen far and wide. Yet there is no burning lamp in the lantern, and no attendant ever goes to it, for the simple reason that there is no lamp to attend to, no wick to trim and no oil well to replenish.

The way in which this peculiar lighthouse is illuminated is this: "On the island of Lewis, 500 feet or so away, is a lighthouse, and from a window in the tower a stream of light is projected on a mirror in the lantern on the summit of Arnish rock. These rays are reflected to an arrangement of prisms and by their action are converged to a focus outside the lantern, from which they diverge in the necessary direction."

The consequence is that to all intents and purposes a lighthouse exists which has neither lamp nor lighthouse keeper and yet which gives as serviceable a light, taking into account the requirements of the locality, as if an elaborate and costly lighthouse, with lamps, service room, bedroom, living room, storeroom, oil room, water tanks and all other accessories, were erected on the summit of the rock.

THE ISLAND OF FIRE.

Java's Wonderful Lake of Boiling Mud and Slime.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated Gheko Kamdka Gumko, or Home of the Hot Devils, known to the world as the Island of Fire. This geological singularity is really a lake of boiling mud situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogana and is called an island because the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it gives it that appearance. The island is about two miles in circumference and is situated at a distance of almost exactly fifty miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and then again quickly withdrawn. Besides the phenomenon of boiling mud columns there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions, the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In times past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall, spirelike column of baked mud on the west side of the lake which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime, a marvel to the visitors who come from great distances to see it.

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Man prides himself upon his marvelous inventions. He holds up to the admiration of the world the wonderful buildings which he has constructed and thinks himself unrivaled as an architect, but "he who teaches man knowledge has instructed the smallest insects in the art of building and has thus anticipated the works of man as an architect." They who builded the tower of Babel thought their invention of turning earth into stone a most wonderful discovery, but the white ant and the busy little bee had practiced this art from the earliest days. The great mathematician instructed the tiny bee how to build its first cell in the manner which combines the greatest amount of strength with the least material. Instinct, which may be called perpetual memory, has preserved the knowledge thus communicated, and the art has been practiced by the countless myriads of their descendants in all climes and countries. The little bee has been engaged in storing away the honey in these hexagonal cells, constructing the cells of wax and placing within them the bee bread, a paste made of pollen and honey, for the food of the young. In each of these cells the queen bee deposits an egg. Some of the bees surround their nests with down collected from the leaves of plants to serve as a nonconductor of heat, to guard against changes of temperature.

Nature taught the inferior orders of animals carpentry, taught them to divide their houses into various apartments, to construct domes, arches, staircases and colonnades and to excavate tunnels. The scarlet hangings of the ancient city of Tyre excited the admiration of the then known world, but there was a little insect that knew the art, long before the celebrated Tyrian dye was discovered, of hanging the walls of its cell with tapestry of a scarlet more brilliant than that of Tyre.

Selecting the scarlet petals of the poppy, the upholsterer bee cuts small, oval pieces as neatly as if done with a pair of scissors, seizes the pieces between her legs and carries them to her nest. She overlays them three or four in thickness, fitting the pieces very dextrously, and thus hanging her nest all around with this splendid scarlet tapestry. In this beautiful nest her eggs are hatched.

Men have been ages in bringing populous cities to their fullest extent, but the white ants require only a few months to build a city containing a much larger number of inhabitants than Babylon in all its glory. These habitations are built with two stories, with long galleries and numerous chambers. The spider weaves his home as a silken net; the locust constructs his of the bark of trees, cut into shape by a sawlike organ which he possesses; the kingfisher rears its young in a floating cradle; the ant builds winding passages to numerous chambers. In the innermost of these chambers the infant treasures are laid at night to protect them from cold. In the morning, when the sun is up, the workers convey the larvae to the upper chambers, close under the roof, where they may have warmth.

The beaver hut is round and arched and has a cellar, a flooring, a ceiling and a roof raised by an animal destitute of the builder's art and instructed only by nature. The hare keeps open a chimney to his burrow for circulation of air, from which in cold countries a little column of steam is often seen to arise. The chimpanzee builds for himself a hut of branches and leaves, which is, however, roofless. Many shellfish have been taught by Mother Nature to enlarge their houses without moving out of them. Birds build various kinds of nests in various kinds of places. They hang them from trees, they sew them to a living leaf, they weave a matting above them, they build them in sections under a common roof in the shape of a purse, they place them in tufts of grass where

They found their lowly house of withered bents
And coarser spear grass.

They line their houses with feathers, leaves, grass, hair, string, moss; they cement them, they glue them, they plaster them.

The most insignificant of nature's creative bounty have a talent for making houses for their young. The gentry in yellow jackets deposit their eggs in brown paper cups or in little clay cells; the spider, that sly spinner, ties them up in bags of Quaker colored silk. Some do them up in gray bundles and hang them on trees; some find a cradle for them in the ripening apple or the reddening cherry, while some shelter them beneath the leathern umbrella of the toadstool. Everywhere these larvae may be found as spring opens. They are peeping from holes swinging in the air, laid away in silken shrouds, rocked in shells of the ocean, burrowing in the earth, skulking in the woods, set in mother of pearl, put up in ivory, imbedded in sand, laid away in the center of fallen logs, peeking from the other side of shells, blue, mottled and white, each fulfilling its part in the great workshop of nature. The great monuments of man, his cities, edifices, roads, are but pebbles in comparison with the works of those humble creatures who have constructed reefs and islands in the midst of the sea. Deep down in the waves is one of nature's largest workshops, and the work is done according to nature's order by the little coral animal whose home is in the ocean.

The Deceitfulness of Fur.

It detracts somewhat from one's feeling of pride in a handsome fur garment to know that after the furrier, chemist and dyer have got through with the rabbit skin it may be a "sealskin," a "sable," an "otter," a "Siberian squirrel," a "mink," a "marten," a "beaver" or any other fashionable fur. The transformation takes place in the shops which sell felt to hatmakers, carpet weavers and felt manufacturers, and Paris and London are the principal centers for this industry. In those cities millions of rabbit skins are dressed and treated, and bogus furs are sent out to robe men and women of all parts of the world. The skins are purchased soon after they have been stripped from bunny's back and are stiff and hard when they are unpacked in the sorting room. Experts examine each skin, and those which come up to the established standard are sent to the furriers, but the torn, undersized and punctured pelts are turned over to the men and women who strip the hide of its hair for the felt maker.—Exchange.

Lady Jane Grey.

Lady Jane Grey was the most learned child of which history has any record. Before she was nine years old she wrote a beautiful hand and was able to play on many different instruments. She could speak several languages, both ancient and modern, besides being well grounded in philosophy. When other children were playing she would amuse herself by reading writings of the philosopher Plato in the original Greek. Perhaps it was because she had led a very lonely life when she was a child, as her mother and father were often away at court, leaving her to the care of her governess and her schoolmasters at the gloomy family place called Bradgate. The big square house was built on the edge of a great forest surrounded by acres of uninhabited land. There were very few books and not any newspapers at the castle, and Lady Jane Grey had no playmates, as her governess would not allow her to play with the servants' children, and there were no others suitable for her companions within miles.

The Origin of Windfall.

The origin of the expression "windfall," which is used when one wishes to refer to a streak of good luck, dates back to the time of William the Conqueror. At that time it was a criminal offense to cut timber in the British forests without royal consent. All that could be gathered for fuel or other purposes was such limbs as the wind should happen to break and cast to the ground. On this account the peasants hailed a great windstorm as a blessing, because it was apt to cast enough of "windfalls" for winter firewood. From this old time forestry custom comes the modern application of the expression. At one time it was decreed that only such limbs and whole trees as should fall during the three summer months could be used as firewood, but the unjustness of the act was so plainly apparent that no attempt was ever made to enforce it.

Muzzled Women of Muscat.

Women of the better class in Muscat all wear muzzles, which barely allow them to open the mouth or see with the eye or sneeze. If there happens to be a Cleopatra in Muscat she will never fascinate any Antony by the beauty of her well shaped nose, for it is kept in a specially made, ugly case, in which it is impossible to tell its shape. But with all its faults this is a far better system than that of cutting off the nose, as men in the Kangra district in India are wont to do when any of their spouses have proved too fascinating.—Allahabad Pioneer.

Curious Fishing.

Very curious is the method of fishing followed by the Chinese in the straits of Malacca. The fisherman lets down from the side of the boat a screen of white canvas stretched on wood. The shoal of fish mistake this for some floating obstruction and try to leap over it, with the result that the fish jump into the boat and are thus captured. This method is employed by Malays in their waters.

Ventriloquism In the Bible.

Ventriloquism, which is described as "speaking from the belly," has its first historic mention, as far as we are aware, in Isaiah xxix, 4, "And thou shalt be brought down and shalt speak out of the ground, and thy speech shall be low out of the dust, and thy voice shall be as one that hath a familiar spirit, out of the ground, and thy speech shall whisper out of the dust."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Resourceful.

"Here!" roared the old lawyer to his son, studying law with him. "You told me you had read this work on evidence, and yet the leaves are not cut."

"Used X rays," yawned the versatile son, and the father chuckled with delight as he thought what a lawyer the boy would make.—London Punch.

The One Exception.

"Of course," said Henpeck, "I don't always do what my wife tells me"—

"What!" exclaimed Meeker in surprise.

"No; you see if she's in a sarcastic mood when she orders me to do anything I know she wants me to do just the opposite."—Philadelphia Press.

His Experience.

First Artist—But you love art for its own sake? Second Artist—Why, yes. I'm coming to the conclusion that that's all there is to it.—Brooklyn Life.

The language denotes the man. A coarse or refined character finds its expression naturally in a coarse or refined phraseology.—Bovee.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,

against

Charles C. Eklund, Anna Ecklund, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 20th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. mar 29 may 3

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Stock Profits

can be greatly increased by giving

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Oscar Mattson, H. E. No. 7,890, for the NE¼, Sec. 11, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Joseph Hedlund, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
mar 29 apr 26 Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew H. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 153 North of Range 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
mar 29 may 3 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 397, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
mar 29 may 3 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 263, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
mar 22 apr 26 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 255, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
apr 5 may 3 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 151 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Hultin, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Freeberg, " "
Svenke K. Dahle, " "
Tom R. Ryenstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
mar 22 apr 26 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

Reports of fatalities consequent upon the eruption of Mount Vesuvius are coming in. According to information probably as many as 500 lives were lost. It is said that more than 200 persons perished in the district of San Guiseppo, while from the ruins of a church which collapsed owing to the weight of ashes on the roof forty-nine corpses were extricated and it is asserted that at Sorrento thirty-seven persons were killed by falling houses.

The evacuation of the threatened villages and towns around Mount Vesuvius continues, but means to transport the inhabitants are lacking, although thousands of soldiers with artillery carts have been sent to the places where the sufferers are most in need of assistance. The number of fugitives is augmenting everywhere and it is estimated that about 500,000 people have fled from their homes.

Fifty-five persons were killed and seventy others were dangerously injured by the collapse of the Hotel Zum Hirsch at Nagold, Black Forest, Germany. Twenty others are missing and probably are dead. The building had not been fully completed and the catastrophe is attributed to the nonobservance of proper precautions.

The colonial field force which was concentrating at Impanza, twelve miles northwest of Greytown, Natal, for operations against the insurgent chief, Bambaata, has been compelled to abandon its laager after heavy fighting and retire to Greytown.

Prince William of Schaumburg-Lippe died Wednesday of heart failure at his castle at Nachod, Bohemia. His daughter-in-law, Princess Louise, a daughter of the king of Denmark, died five hours later of meningitis at the same castle.

While the governor of the province of Tver, Russia, M. Sleptzoff, was passing through the principal street of Tver, the capital, he was killed by the explosion of a bomb. Sleptzoff was regarded as a very reactionary official.

The political prisoners with whom the Moscow jails are crowded have declared a "hunger strike" (refusing to partake of food) to compel the authorities either to bring them to immediate trial or order their release.

After fourteen months of controversy between the throne and the coalition parties the Hungarian crisis finally has been settled. Both sides express satisfaction with the result, which appears to be a compromise.

Chancellor von Buelow, while attending the debate in the German reichstag, fainted and was carried to a committee room by some of the members of the house. He revived later and his recovery is expected.

In view of the agreement on Moroccan reforms reached at Algeciras March 31 Russia has opened preliminary negotiations in Paris for a large foreign loan of at least $200,000,000 and desires more if possible.

Another living survivor of the mine disaster at Courrieres, France, March 10 was discovered April 4 and brought out of the pit. He will recover.

Alexander Lange Kielland, the popular Norwegian poet and author, is dead at Bergen of paralysis of the heart. He was born in 1834.

Colonel Gilberto Escobar, governor of Jinotega, Nicaragua, has been assassinated.

General Blanco, the last Spanish governor general of Cuba, is dead at Madrid.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Abraham Barker, eighty-five years old, fell from a street car at Philadelphia and received a fracture of the skull from which he died. He was one of the founders of the Union league and was the father of Wharton Barker, Populist candidate for president in 1900.

Henry A. Hawgood, president of the Hawgood Transit company and one of the best known vessel owners on the Great Lakes, is dead at Cleveland.

Napoleon Campana, known throughout the country as "Old Sport" Campana, is dead at Chicago. He was seventy-five years of age.

Rev. Dr. Edward Lathrop, president of the board of trustees of Vassar college, is dead in New York city, aged ninety-two years.

Weston Flint, seventy-one years old, lawyer, journalist, educator and former librarian of the Washington public library, is dead.

E. C. Swift of Chicago, a member of the packing firm of Swift & Co., is dead at Boston of pneumonia.

Mrs. Philo Rogers, a negro woman, is dead at her home in Chicago, aged 123 years.

MENTAL REACTION.

The Mind's Quickness of Operation and How It Is Measured.

Let a dozen or twenty persons take hold of hands in a ring. Each is to press the hand of his right hand neighbor as soon as he receives a pressure from the left. One person starts the pressure going and at the same instant observes the position of the second hand of a watch. The pressure passes all around the circle, and when it arrives at the originator he notes how many seconds were required for the given number of persons in succession to receive an impression and make up their minds to act in response. The total time is then divided by the number of persons. This is a crude illustration of the reaction time which we measure with great accuracy on single persons.

As the mental portion of the reaction time becomes more complicated the time becomes longer. For example, the processes of mental discrimination and choice require times of their own. The way we get these "higher" mental processes can be illustrated in a simple way. A person placed in a quiet room is to tap a telegraph key every time he sees a red light, which can be produced at the will of the experimenter in the recording room. The interval of time between the actual appearance of the light and the moment the key is tapped is accurately measured. For awhile nothing but the red light is used, this to obtain the simple reaction time. Then red and yellow lights are turned on in irregular succession. The person has now to discriminate between two colors and to choose between action and nonaction. The increase of time required over the simple reaction time gives the discrimination time for two colors. In another set of experiments three colors are used, then four colors. As the discrimination and choice become more complicated more time is required.

The importance of rapid and accurate reaction and discrimination is evident. Astronomers have difficulty in recording the moment at which a star passes a line in the telescope. The sportsman must pull the trigger at just the proper moment. The football player, the fencer and the boxer are trained in rapidity of discrimination and reaction. It is very evident that a player or a pugilist who takes a long time for discrimination, choice and volition

SPEED OF ANIMALS.

The Greyhound Leads, Followed by the Horse and the Red Deer.

The following interesting letter concerning the relative speed of animals appeared in the London Field:

The fastest animal we have is the greyhound. The next are the race horse, the red deer and the hare, and then comes the good, big, bold dog fox, which is a fine galloper on good going. In comparison with any of the above the fastest foxhound on sound flat turf is as slow as a man mowing grass for haymaking. But if you radically alter the trial ground the above does not hold good. For instance, on rough clods, whether melted or not, a hare cannot run at all; hence she generally takes care not to go there, and where greyhounds are kept she habitually lies in her form near the fringe of a rough fallow that when coursed she may quickly be on good going. With such long, powerful hind legs a hare can beat anything up a steep hill. A foxhound can easily beat any horse over deep clay plow, because the horse weighs as much as twelve hounds and therefore sinks deeply. In stag hunting the red deer tires earlier than the blood hunter, though the horse may not be faster, but great consideration must be made for the discretion of a good horseman, who avoids exhausting deep ground which the deer plods through.

A run of eight miles within the hour in either of the three wet wintry months would leave the body of the field behind, but it would be easy to a riding man on a *galloping horse* when the March winds have dried the country and the obstacles are only ordinary.

CONNECTS THE BRAIN.

The Organ That Enables the Hemispheres to Act In Harmony.

Near the base of every well organized human brain there is situated a curious little spongy body called the corpus callosum. This all important little organ consists of a double chain of white nerve fibers, and it is through these that the two portions (hemispheres) of the brain are enabled to act in harmony by being continually brought into anatomical and physiological relations with each other.

Several years ago a well known Philadelphia physician and surgeon, Dr. A. H. Stevens, made the announcement that, in his belief, the corpus callosum was the seat of the soul. His peculiar ideas were given quite an airing through the press at that time, but the whole theory fell pretty flat when Dr. A. F. Sawyer of San Francisco proved that a certain west coast worthy had survived twenty years after having the entire corpus callosum shot out of his thought tank and that another had lived eleven years after sustaining a similar injury. The psychologists were pretty well agreed that a man's life would terminate the moment his soul made its exit on the lead of a pistol cartridge. It was these well attested cases of men living after losing the corpus callosum that caused Dr. Stevens' "soul theory" to relapse into obscurity.

What Load Will Ice Bear?

The army rules are that two inch ice will sustain a man or properly placed infantry; four inch ice will carry a man on horseback or cavalry or light guns; six inch ice, heavy field guns, such as eighty pounders; eight inch ice, a battery of artillery, with carriages and horses, but not over 1,000 pounds per square foot on sledges, and ten inch ice sustains an army or an innumerable multitude. On fifteen inch ice railroad tracks are often laid and operated for months, and ice two feet thick withstood the impact of a loaded passenger car after a sixty foot fall (or perhaps 1,500 tons), but broke under that of the locomotive and tender (or perhaps 3,000 foot tons).

Just Sneeze Right Out.

"Never suppress a sneeze," said the trained nurse to the young woman who had just performed that polite act. "It is a great strain on all the nerves and blood vessels of the head, as it throws all the action to the back of the head instead of letting it come out of the mouth safely and naturally. The unusual and hard strain on a little blood vessel that may be weak is likely to burst it and cause instant death. A loud sneeze does not sound very nice, but it is a safe thing to do every time."

When a Man Is Weakest.

According to experiments with the dynamometer, a man is precisely at his weakest when he turns out of bed. Our muscular force is greatly increased by breakfast, but it attains to its highest point after the midday meal. It then sinks for a few hours, rises again toward evening, but steadily declines from night to morning. The chief foes of muscular force are overwork and idleness.

His Politics.

Election Canvasser—What does your husband think of the fiscal question, Mrs. Hodge? Mrs. Hodge—Well, sir, when 'e's a-talking to a protectionist 'e's a free trader, and when 'e's talking to a free trader 'e's a protectionist, and when 'e's a-talking to me 'e's a raving lunatic!—Punch.

How to Tell Them Apart.

Mr. Knowall (laughing)—Can you tell me, Miss De Witte, what is the difference between a wise man and a fool? Miss De Witte—A wise man knows he is a fool and is miserable; the fool thinks he is wise and is happy.

Unappreciated Demonstration.

Small Brother—Marie, does your admirer stutter? Marie—No; of course not. What made you think of such a thing? Small Brother—Then why does he write "My dear, dear Marie"?—Fliegende Blatter.

OLD STORIES.

An Illustration of the Way They Reappear at Intervals.

Old stories seem to reappear at intervals like comets and like questions in "Notes and Queries." There is a story in "Charles O'Malley" about a lively young French friend of the hero. He is in attendance on Napoleon at Fontainebleau or St. Cloud. One moonlight night he is playing leapfrog in the gardens with other young officers, and, coming round a corner in a walk, he sees a figure stooping, "giving a back." He "overs" the figure, and it is not one of his playmates, but the angry emperor. There is a picture of the scene by H. K. Browne in early editions of the amusing book—the best book, I think, of Lever's.

Now, did Lever invent that story or did he hear it as a true anecdote in conversation or did the wife of Marshall Junot, the Duchesse d'Abrantes, crib it from Lever and introduce it into her memoires (Vol. III., page 397)? The last conjecture is very improbable. Napoleon was at Malmaison; his court was young and lively and fond of acting plays. The best actress was Queen Hortense, the best actor was Isabey, the celebrated portrait painter. But poor Isabey ceased to be a member of the company; like the serpent, he was shut out from paradise for the following reason: Napoleon, the first consul, was very slim; he grew very fat later, in spite of constant exercise. He usually wore the uniform of the Guides, of which Eugene de Beauharnais was colonel. One day in a gallery at Malmaison Napoleon, who was alone, stooped to examine some engravings in a portfolio. Isabey, coming from the private theater, entered the gallery by another door and saw a short, slim, epauletted figure stooping, a figure in the uniform of the Guides. He was very intimate with Eugene de Beauharnais, whom he supposed that he saw before him. Creeping up like a cat, the painter leaped and landed on the shoulders of the first consul. Napoleon supposed that the roof was falling or that the little Red Man, his phantom attendant, was strangling him.

"What means this pleasantry?"

"I thought it was Eugene."

"And if it had been Eugene, why should you break his shoulders?" said Bonaparte, obviously remembering the end of another old anecdote: "If it had been John, why need you hit so hard?" The end of it was that Isabey left the acting company. Antonio Moro found it wiser, they say, to fly from Spain after replying by a practical joke to a familiarity of Philip II. of Spain. But Philip was a sulky anointed king; the first consul's shoulders were not yet anointed.—Andrew Lang in London Illustrated News.

England's Former Enemies.

The three greatest potentates of modern times have been England's strenuous antagonists—viz, Philip II., Louis XIV. and Napoleon. Of these three Napoleon was the most powerful, Philip the most deadly. The leaders under whom the English rallied against these world famous monarchs were: First, Elizabeth and Drake; second, William and Marlborough; third, Pitt and Nelson. The result of the first of these great historic duels was to overturn the foundations of Spanish empire, with its dominion over the seas, its vast colonial possessions, its claim under a papal bull to an exclusive monopoly of the new world. The result of the second was to decide which should be the residuary legatee of the deceased Spanish power, France or England, giving in the end the succession to its old world dominions to France, its trade, maritime supremacy and colonies mainly to England. The result of the third was to shatter Napoleon's hopes of ascendency by sea and to force him back on European conquests, upon projects which related to the old world and not to the new. Pitt and Nelson did not disappear till that end was attained, and England's part in the later wars of Napoleon was that, having, as Pitt said in almost his closing words, saved herself by her energy she saved Europe by her example and assistance.—Blackwood's Magazine.

"Polished Rice."

The rice that comes on the American table looks mushy; the grains seem all mashed together instead of being distinct and large. The trouble (sometimes due to the cooking) is usually explained by the statement that our rice is of inferior quality, though there is no better rice in the world than our Louisiana and Texas article; the grains are large, firm and nutty. The fact is, our public won't buy any rice unless the grains shine and glisten. Consequently the first thing the miller does is to put his rice crop through a course of polishing by which the covering of the kernel, and at the same time the most nutritive part, is rubbed off. The result is that he gets a beautiful, almost sparkling grain, which sells well, but, inasmuch as the covering has been removed, the grains when cooked lose their identity and become a mush. "Polished rices" is a peculiarity of America. The public can procure the unpolished rice if they will insist on the grocer getting it for them, for "polishing" is an extra process which the miller will be glad to abandon.—Country Life In America.

The Supreme Test.

"You say that you would do anything on earth for me?" the fair girl asked, looking into his earnest eyes.

"Anything, darling!" he whispered passionately.

"After we were married would you go shopping with me?" she continued.

With a groan of anguish he turned away, and she, sobbing, hid her face among the pillows. In the supreme test he had failed.—Judge.

THE ART OF BEDMAKING.

If Housemaids Complain Let Them Ponder on This Picture.

There are many women and maids who think they know the art of making a bed, a restful, ease giving, good dream producing bed, but should they compare their efforts with the performance gone through with making a bed in the sixteenth century they will thank the fates no such duties are included in the catalogue of the housekeeper's work.

A bed with its coverings was a fine and usual thing to bequeath in those days. No wonder.

This is the chronicle of making Henry VII.'s bed:

"First, a yeoman or a groom of the stuffs of the wardrobe must bring in the stuffs and the curtains be drawn, and a gentleman usher must hold the curtains together, the side curtains and the foot curtains; then must two squires of the body stand at the bed's head, one on either side, and two yeomen of the crown at the bed's foot, and all the stuff be laid at the bed's feet on a carpet before the yeoman of the stuff; then a yeoman of the crown or of the chamber to leap upon the bed and roll him up and down and assay the litter, the yeoman to lay down the canvas again, then lay on the feather bed and beat it well and make it even and smooth; then shall a yeoman of the stuff take the fustian and take the assay and cast it upon the bed; then shall squires for the body lay hand thereon and yeoman and lay it straight upon the bed without any wrinkles and the sheet in the same wise, then take both the sheets and fustian by the border and put them in under the feather bed at both sides and at the feet also, then lay on the other sheet and the squires for the body to take the sheet and gather it round in your hands on either side the bed and go to the bed's head, strike down the bed till they come down twice or thrice and shake the sheet at the bed's feet and lay it fair and broad on the bed, then lay on the other stuff of fustian above, then take a pair or two of martens and lay above, but first take a pair of ermines and lay above and then lay on the martens, then roll down the bed the space of an ell; then let the yeoman take the pillows and beat them well with their hands and cast them up to the squires for the body and let them lay them on the bed as it pleased the king's grace, then take a head sheet of ermine and lay it above, then take the other side of the head sheet of regnes and lay it over that, then the squires for the body to lay the bed again on top the pillows, then take a sheet of regnes and cover the bed over and over, every side; then the usher knits the curtains together and a squire for the body to cast holy water upon the bed."

How White China Was Discovered.

Of many incidences in which an accidental discovery revolutionized a whole industry there is none more striking than that which enabled Samuel Astbury, in 1720, to impart to pottery that white glaze which is its chief beauty. Chancing, while journeying to London, to halt at Banbury, he noticed that one of his horse's eyes was badly inflamed. He consulted the hostler, who flung a redhot flint into a basin of water, thereby easily reducing it to a powder, which he applied to the injured eye. Astbury, who had watched the process, guessed that at length he had solved the problem which had so long perplexed him. He procured a cartload of flints, had them fired and pulverized and, mixing the powder with pipe clay and water, applied it to his ware, which, after the final baking, became white and shining. This invention, which he improved upon by introducing calcined flint into the body of the ware, was soon universally adopted.

An Appreciative Dog.

During one of the last birthday celebrations of the poet Whittier he was visited by a celebrated singer. The lady was asked to sing, and, seating herself at the piano, she began the beautiful ballad of "Robin Adair." She had hardly begun before Mr. Whittier's pet dog came into the room and, seating himself by her side, watched her, as though fascinated, listening with delight unusual in an animal. When she had finished he came and put his paw very gently into her hand and licked her cheek. "Robin takes that as a tribute to himself," said Mr. Whittier. "He also is 'Robin Adair.'" The dog, hearing his own name, evidently considered that he was the hero of the song. From that moment during the lady's visit he was her devoted attendant. He kept by her side while she was indoors, and when she went away he carried her satchel in his mouth to the gate and watched her departure with evidence of distress.

Old Time Piano Playing.

In these days of the twentieth century the pianist stands next to the singer among the princes of the musical world. But it was not always so. The singer was the first to mount the public throne and reign with the scepter of sweetened sound. Next came the violinist, and after him the virtuosi of wind instruments. Early concert programmes show the names of singers and flute, horn and oboe players, but not of manipulators of the keyboard. The concert pianist of today, sweeping the keyboard of his grand and the heartstrings of his hearers with sinewy hands, emerged slowly from the humble state of a poor dependent, creeping with anxious offerings to the door of his princely patron. It was not till almost the middle of the eighteenth century that the performance of solo feats on the harpsichord began to attract public attention and to form the substance of concerts.—W. J. Henderson in Atlantic.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

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Wednesday, May 9th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

ARNISH ROCK.

A Lighthouse Which Is Without a Light of Its Own.

The most extraordinary of all lighthouses is to be found on Arnish rock, Stornoway bay, a rock which is separated from the island of Lewis by a channel over 500 feet wide. It is in the Hebrides, Scotland. On this rock a conical beacon is erected, and on its summit a lantern is fixed, from which, night after night, shines a light which is seen by the fishermen far and wide. Yet there is no burning lamp in the lantern, and no attendant ever goes to it, for the simple reason that there is no lamp to attend to, no wick to trim and no oil well to replenish.

The way in which this peculiar lighthouse is illuminated is this: "On the island of Lewis, 500 feet or so away, is a lighthouse, and from a window in the tower a stream of light is projected on a mirror in the lantern on the summit of Arnish rock. These rays are reflected to an arrangement of prisms and by their action are converged to a focus outside the lantern, from which they diverge in the necessary direction."

The consequence is that to all intents and purposes a lighthouse exists which has neither lamp nor lighthouse keeper and yet which gives as serviceable a light, taking into account the requirements of the locality, as if an elaborate and costly lighthouse, with lamps, service room, bedroom, living room, storeroom, oil room, water tanks and all other accessories, were erected on the summit of the rock.

THE ISLAND OF FIRE.

Java's Wonderful Lake of Boiling Mud and Slime.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated Gheko Kamdka Gumko, or Home of the Hot Devils, known to the world as the Island of Fire. This geological singularity is really a lake of boiling mud situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogana and is called an island because the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it gives it that appearance. The island is about two miles in circumference and is situated at a distance of almost exactly fifty miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and then again quickly withdrawn. Besides the phenomenon of boiling mud columns there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions, the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In times past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall, spirelike column of baked mud on the west side of the lake which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime, a marvel to the visitors who come from great distances to see it.

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

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K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

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Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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WALSETH & TAUTGES, LAWYERS.

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
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C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

NATURAL BUILDERS.

BOASTFUL MAN SHOULD CONSIDER THE WORK OF ANIMALS.

Extraordinary Instinct and Capacity of Some Apparently Insignificant Creatures—A Few of the Many Wonders They Have Performed.

Man prides himself upon his marvelous inventions. He holds up to the admiration of the world the wonderful buildings which he has constructed and thinks himself unrivaled as an architect, but "he who teaches man knowledge has instructed the smallest insects in the art of building and has thus anticipated the works of man as an architect." They who builded the tower of Babel thought their invention of turning earth into stone a most wonderful discovery, but the white ant and the busy little bee had practiced this art from the earliest days. The great mathematician instructed the tiny bee how to build its first cell in the manner which combines the greatest amount of strength with the least material. Instinct, which may be called perpetual memory, has preserved the knowledge thus communicated, and the art has been practiced by the countless myriads of their descendants in all climes and countries. The little bee has been engaged in storing away the honey in these hexagonal cells, constructing the cells of wax and placing within them the bee bread, a paste made of pollen and honey, for the food of the young. In each of these cells the queen bee deposits an egg. Some of the bees surround their nests with down collected from the leaves of plants to serve as a nonconductor of heat, to guard against changes of temperature.

Nature taught the inferior orders of animals carpentry, taught them to divide their houses into various apartments, to construct domes, arches, staircases and colonnades and to excavate tunnels. The scarlet hangings of the ancient city of Tyre excited the admiration of the then known world, but there was a little insect that knew the art, long before the celebrated Tyrian dye was discovered, of hanging the walls of its cell with tapestry of a scarlet more brilliant than that of Tyre.

Selecting the scarlet petals of the poppy, the upholsterer bee cuts small, oval pieces as neatly as if done with a pair of scissors, seizes the pieces between her legs and carries them to her nest. She overlays them three or four in thickness, fitting the pieces very dextrously, and thus hanging her nest all around with this splendid scarlet tapestry. In this beautiful nest her eggs are hatched.

Men have been ages in bringing populous cities to their fullest extent, but the white ants require only a few months to build a city containing a much larger number of inhabitants than Babylon in all its glory. These habitations are built with two stories, with long galleries and numerous chambers. The spider weaves his home as a silken net; the locust constructs his of the bark of trees, cut into shape by a sawlike organ which he possesses; the kingfisher rears its young in a floating cradle; the ant builds winding passages to numerous chambers. In the innermost of these chambers the infant treasures are laid at night to protect them from cold. In the morning, when the sun is up, the workers convey the larvae to the upper chambers, close under the roof, where they may have warmth.

The beaver hut is round and arched and has a cellar, a flooring, a ceiling and a roof raised by an animal destitute of the builder's art and instructed only by nature. The hare keeps open a chimney to his burrow for circulation of air, from which in cold countries a little column of steam is often seen to arise. The chimpanzee builds for himself a hut of branches and leaves, which is, however, roofless. Many shellfish have been taught by Mother Nature to enlarge their houses without moving out of them. Birds build various kinds of nests in various kinds of places. They hang them from trees, they sew them to a living leaf, they weave a matting above them, they build them in sections under a common roof in the shape of a purse, they place them in tufts of grass where

They found their lowly house of withered bents
And coarser spear grass.

They line their houses with feathers, leaves, grass, hair, string, moss; they cement them, they glue them, they plaster them.

The most insignificant of nature's creative bounty have a talent for making houses for their young. The gentry in yellow jackets deposit their eggs in brown paper cups or in little clay cells; the spider, that sly spinner, ties them up in bags of Quaker colored silk. Some do them up in gray bundles and hang them on trees; some find a cradle for them in the ripening apple or the reddening cherry, while some shelter them beneath the leathern umbrella of the toadstool. Everywhere these larvae may be found as spring opens. They are peeping from holes swinging in the air, laid away in silken shrouds, rocked in shells of the ocean, burrowing in the earth, skulking in the woods, set in mother of pearl, put up in ivory, imbedded in sand, laid away in the center of fallen logs, peeking from the other side of shells, blue, mottled and white, each fulfilling its part in the great workshop of nature. The great monuments of man, his cities, edifices, roads, are but pebbles in comparison with the works of those humble creatures who have constructed reefs and islands in the midst of the sea. Deep down in the waves is one of nature's largest workshops, and the work is done according to nature's order by the little coral animal whose home is in the ocean.

The Deceitfulness of Fur.

It detracts somewhat from one's feeling of pride in a handsome fur garment to know that after the furrier, chemist and dyer have got through with the rabbit skin it may be a "sealskin," a "sable," an "otter," a "Siberian squirrel," a "mink," a "marten," a "beaver" or any other fashionable fur. The transformation takes place in the shops which sell felt to hatmakers, carpet weavers and felt manufacturers, and Paris and London are the principal centers for this industry. In those cities millions of rabbit skins are dressed and treated, and bogus furs are sent out to robe men and women of all parts of the world. The skins are purchased soon after they have been stripped from bunny's back and are stiff and hard when they are unpacked in the sorting room. Experts examine each skin, and those which come up to the established standard are sent to the furriers, but the torn, undersized and punctured pelts are turned over to the men and women who strip the hide of its hair for the felt maker.—Exchange.

Lady Jane Grey.

Lady Jane Grey was the most learned child of which history has any record. Before she was nine years old she wrote a beautiful hand and was able to play on many different instruments. She could speak several languages, both ancient and modern, besides being well grounded in philosophy. When other children were playing she would amuse herself by reading writings of the philosopher Plato in the original Greek. Perhaps it was because she had led a very lonely life when she was a child, as her mother and father were often away at court, leaving her to the care of her governess and her schoolmasters at the gloomy family place called Bradgate. The big square house was built on the edge of a great forest surrounded by acres of uninhabited land. There were very few books and not any newspapers at the castle, and Lady Jane Grey had no playmates, as her governess would not allow her to play with the servants' children, and there were no others suitable for her companions within miles.

The Origin of Windfall.

The origin of the expression "windfall," which is used when one wishes to refer to a streak of good luck, dates back to the time of William the Conqueror. At that time it was a criminal offense to cut timber in the British forests without royal consent. All that could be gathered for fuel or other purposes was such limbs as the wind should happen to break and cast to the ground. On this account the peasants hailed a great windstorm as a blessing, because it was apt to cast enough of "windfalls" for winter firewood. From this old time forestry custom comes the modern application of the expression. At one time it was decreed that only such limbs and whole trees as should fall during the three summer months could be used as firewood, but the unjustness of the act was so plainly apparent that no attempt was ever made to enforce it.

Muzzled Women of Muscat.

Women of the better class in Muscat all wear muzzles, which barely allow them to open the mouth or see with the eye or sneeze. If there happens to be a Cleopatra in Muscat she will never fascinate any Antony by the beauty of her well shaped nose, for it is kept in a specially made, ugly case, in which it is impossible to tell its shape. But with all its faults this is a far better system than that of cutting off the nose, as men in the Kangra district in India are wont to do when any of their spouses have proved too fascinating.—Allahabad Pioneer.

Curious Fishing.

Very curious is the method of fishing followed by the Chinese in the strait of Malacca. The fisherman lets down from the side of the boat a screen of white canvas stretched on wood. The shoal of fish mistake this for some floating obstruction and try to leap over it, with the result that the fish jump into the boat and are thus captured. This method is employed by Malays in their waters.

Ventriloquism In the Bible.

Ventriloquism, which is described as "speaking from the belly," has its first historic mention, as far as we are aware, in Isaiah xxix, 4, "And thou shalt be brought down and shalt speak out of the ground, and thy speech shall be low out of the dust, and thy voice shall be as one that hath a familiar spirit, out of the ground, and thy speech shall whisper out of the dust."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Resourceful.

"Here!" roared the old lawyer to his son, studying law with him. "You told me you had read this work on evidence, and yet the leaves are not cut."

"Used X rays," yawned the versatile son, and the father chuckled with delight as he thought what a lawyer the boy would make.—London Punch.

The One Exception.

"Of course," said Henpeck, "I don't always do what my wife tells me"—

"What?" exclaimed Meeker in surprise.

"No; you see if she's in a sarcastic mood when she orders me to do anything I know she wants me to do just the opposite."—Philadelphia Press.

His Experience.

First Artist—But you love art for its own sake? Second Artist—Why, yes. I'm coming to the conclusion that that's all there is in it.—Brooklyn Life.

The language denotes the man. A coarse or refined character finds its expression naturally in a coarse or refined phraseology.—Bovee.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,

against

Charles C. Eklund, Anna Eckland, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 20th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. mar 29 may 3

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

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Phone 57.

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can be greatly increased by giving special care to the health of every animal and fowl on the farm.

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Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine

keeps their livers working and therefore keeps them well.

Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine is a pure, natural, vegetable, blood purifier, and acts by regulating the stomach, liver and bowels.

It prevents and cures Hog Cholera, Chicken Cholera, Colic, Distemper, Coughs, Colds, Constipation, Fever, Loss of Appetite, Wasting Away, and all the common stock diseases.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Oscar Mattson, H. E. No. 7,899, for the NE¼, Sec. 11, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Joseph Hedlund, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 apr 26

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew B. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 24 in Township 153 North of Range 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 507, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 261, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 24, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 256, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 5 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 326, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Hultin, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Freeberg, " "
Svenke K. Dahle, " "
Tom R. Ryenstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Joseph Hedlund, H. E. No. 7,900, for the NW¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Oscar Mattson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

march 29 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4, 1906, viz: Jacob Jonas, H. E. 917, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Jubb, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew B. Helgeson, " "
Rodolph Fergus, " "
August Krause, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Hans H. Jacobsen, H. E. 335, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Olson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Thomson, " "
Nils J. Berg, of Germantown, "
Oswold Oas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: John J. Cahill, H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3, 4, N½ SW¼, Sec. 23, and Lot 2, Sec. 26, Tp. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Quirk, of Kratka, Minn.
John Johnson, " "
Carl Jensen, " "
Samuel L. Hessler, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

Reports of fatalities consequent upon the eruption of Mount Vesuvius are coming in. According to information probably as many as 500 lives were lost. It is said that more than 200 persons perished in the district of San Guiseppe, while from the ruins of a church which collapsed owing to the weight of ashes on the roof forty-nine corpses were extricated and it is asserted that at Sorrento thirty-seven persons were killed by falling houses.

The evacuation of the threatened villages and towns around Mount Vesuvius continues, but means to transport the inhabitants are lacking, although thousands of soldiers with artillery carts have been sent to the places where the sufferers are most in need of assistance. The number of fugitives is augmenting everywhere and it is estimated that about 500,000 people have fled from their homes.

Fifty-five persons were killed and seventy others were dangerously injured by the collapse of the Hotel Zum Hirsch at Nagold, Black Forest, Germany. Twenty others are missing and probably are dead. The building had not been fully completed and the catastrophe is attributed to the non-observance of proper precautions.

The colonial field force which was concentrating at Impanza, twelve miles northwest of Greytown, Natal, for operations against the insurgent chief, Bambaata, has been compelled to abandon its laager after heavy fighting and retire to Greytown.

Prince William of Schaumburg-Lippe died Wednesday of heart failure at his castle at Nachod, Bohemia. His daughter-in-law, Princess Louise, a daughter of the king of Denmark, died five hours later of meningitis at the same castle.

While the governor of the province of Tver, Russia, M. Sleptzoff, was passing through the principal street of Tver, the capital, he was killed by the explosion of a bomb. Sleptzoff was regarded as a very reactionary official.

The political prisoners with whom the Moscow jails are crowded have declared a "hunger strike" (refusing to partake of food) to compel the authorities either to bring them to immediate trial or order their release.

After fourteen months of controversy between the throne and the coalition parties the Hungarian crisis finally has been settled. Both sides express satisfaction with the result, which appears to be a compromise.

Chancellor von Buelow, while attending the debate in the German reichstag, fainted and was carried to a committee room by some of the members of the house. He revived later and his recovery is expected.

In view of the agreement on Moroccan reforms reached at Algeciras March 31 Russia has opened preliminary negotiations in Paris for a large foreign loan of at least $200,000,000 and desires more if possible.

Another living survivor of the mine disaster at Courrieres, France, March 10 was discovered April 4 and brought out of the pit. He will recover.

Alexander Lange Kielland, the popular Norwegian poet and author, is dead at Bergen of paralysis of the heart. He was born in 1834.

Colonel Gilberto Escobar, governor of Jinotega, Nicaragua, has been assassinated.

General Blanco, the last Spanish governor general of Cuba, is dead at Madrid.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

John Burns, alias Frank McVey, who shot and killed Ole Havey, marshal at Hayfield, Minn., Dec. 30, 1905, broke jail at Mantorville, Minn., Thursday morning and is still at large. Burns was sentenced to life imprisonment late Wednesday after pleading guilty to murder in the second degree.

About $50,000 worth of the securities alleged to have been stolen by Thomas J. Wainwright from the residence of Dr. Nicholas J. Pinault in Minneapolis have been found in a safe deposit vault in a bank in New York city. The discovery was made following the arrest of Wainwright.

Charles M. Carpenter of Chicago, general agent for Wisconsin for the Barber Asphalt company, pleaded guilty at Green Bay, Wis., to the charge of bribery and was fined $1,000. He says he paid three Green Bay aldermen $2,000 to secure a paving contract.

John A. Linn, clerk of the circuit court of Cook county, Ill., and formerly clerk of the supreme court of that county, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of conspiracy to defraud and was given an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary.

Dr. W. W. Barton, a well known physician of Birmingham, Ala., shot and killed his wife, fatally wounded Dr. T. T. Thaxton, a dentist of Pratt City, Ala., and cut his own throat, dying a few minutes later.

J. Burdette, president of the Eufala (I. T.) National bank and one of the most prominent men in the Creek Nation, was shot and killed by an unknown assassin.

Foolish.

By six causes a fool may be known: Anger without cause; speech without profit; change without motive; inquiry without an object; putting trust in a stranger, and wanting capacity to distinguish between friend and foe.

Puzzled.

Johnnie—What does that notice say over there, mother? Mother—It says, "No dogs admitted." Johnnie—But the dogs can't read, can they? How are they to know?

THE DEATH RECORD.

Abraham Barker, eighty-five years old, fell from a street car at Philadelphia and received a fracture of the skull from which he died. He was one of the founders of the Union league and was the father of Wharton Barker, Populist candidate for president in 1900.

Henry A. Hawgood, president of the Hawgood Transit company and one of the best known vessel owners on the Great Lakes, is dead at Cleveland.

Napoleon Campana, known throughout the country as "Old Sport" Campana, is dead at Chicago. He was seventy-five years of age.

Rev. Dr. Edward Lathrop, president of the board of trustees of Vassar college, is dead in New York city, aged ninety-two years.

Weston Flint, seventy-one years old, lawyer, journalist, educator and former librarian of the Washington public library, is dead.

E. C. Swift of Chicago, a member of the packing firm of Swift & Co., is dead at Boston of pneumonia.

Mrs. Philo Rogers, a negro woman, is dead at her home in Chicago, aged 123 years.

MENTAL REACTION.

The Mind's Quickness of Operation and How It Is Measured.

Let a dozen or twenty persons take hold of hands in a ring. Each is to press the hand of his right hand neighbor as soon as he receives a pressure *from the left.* One person starts the pressure going and at the same instant observes the position of the second hand of a watch. The pressure passes all around the circle, and when it arrives at the originator he notes how many seconds were required for the given number of persons in succession to receive an impression and make up their minds to act in response. The total time is then divided by the number of persons. This is a crude illustration of the reaction time which we measure with great accuracy on single persons.

As the mental portion of the reaction time becomes more complicated the time becomes longer. For example, the processes of mental discrimination and choice require times of their own. The way we get these "higher" mental processes can be illustrated in a simple way. A person placed in a quiet room is to tap a telegraph key every time he sees a red light, which can be produced at the will of the experimenter in the recording room. The interval of time between the actual appearance of the light and the moment the key is tapped is accurately measured. For awhile nothing but the red light is used, this to obtain the simple reaction time. Then red and yellow lights are turned on in irregular succession. The person has now to discriminate between two colors and to choose between action and nonaction. The increase of time required over the simple reaction time gives the discrimination time for two colors. In another set of experiments three colors are used, then four colors. As the discrimination and choice become more complicated more time is required.

The importance of rapid and accurate reaction and discrimination is evident. Astronomers have difficulty in recording the moment at which a star passes a line in the telescope. The sportsman must pull the trigger at just the proper moment. The football player, the fencer and the boxer are trained in rapidity of discrimination and reaction. It is very evident that a player or a pugilist who takes a long time for discrimination, choice and volition will give a decided advantage to a quick opponent.—Forum.

DISRAELI'S MAXIMS.

Every one loves power, even if he does not know what to do with it.

Always have distinguished friends. Never have fools for friends. They are of no use.

To govern men you must either excel them in their accomplishments or despise them.

To rule men we must be men. Our wisdom must be concealed under folly and our constancy under caprice.

Next to knowing when to seize an opportunity the most important thing in life is to know when to forego an advantage.

The divine right of kings may have been a plea for feeble tyrants, but the divine right of government is the keystone of human progress.

Talk to women as much as you can. This is the way to gain fluency, because you need not care what you say and had better not be sensible.

They Didn't Play.

A monster political parade was held in Philadelphia during one of the campaigns. It was headed by a band of thirty-five discoursing stirring marching tunes. The leader of the band had contracted in advance to supply that many players, but when he came to count noses he found eight missing. It did not take him long to decide what to do. After some hustling he secured eight men, not one of whom could play a note of music, and decked them out in the regulation band uniform. He placed instruments and music in their hands and paraded the full number. "Did they play?" was asked. "Yes," said the band leader, "but not music. I put a cork in each of the eight instruments."

St. Paul Pioneer Dead.

St. Paul, March 22.—Uri Locke Lamprey, aged sixty four, pioneer resident, sportsman and philanthropist, is dead at his home in this city. Death was due to dropsy and complications. Mr. Lamprey had been very ill for over a year.

SPEED OF ANIMALS.

The Greyhound Leads, Followed by the Horse and the Red Deer.

The following interesting letter concerning the relative speed of animals appeared in the London Field:

The fastest animal we have is the greyhound. The next are the race horse, the red deer and the hare, and then comes the good, big, bold dog fox, which is a fine galloper on good going. In comparison with any of the above the fastest foxhound on sound flat turf is as slow as a man mowing grass for haymaking. But if you radically alter the trial ground the above does not hold good. For instance, on rough clods, whether melted or not, a hare cannot run at all; hence she generally takes care not to go there, and where greyhounds are kept she habitually lies in her form near the fringe of a rough fallow that when coursed she may quickly be on good going. With such long, powerful hind legs a hare can beat anything up a steep hill. A foxhound can easily beat any horse over deep clay plow, because the horse weighs as much as twelve hounds and therefore sinks deeply. In stag hunting the red deer tires earlier than the blood hunter, though the horse may not be faster, but great consideration must be made for the discretion of a good horseman, who avoids exhausting deep ground which the deer plods through.

A run of eight miles within the hour in either of the three wet, wintry months would leave the body of the field behind, but it would be easy to a riding man on a galloping horse when the March winds have dried the country and the obstacles are only ordinary.

CONNECTS THE BRAIN.

The Organ That Enables the Hemispheres to Act In Harmony.

Near the base of every well organized human brain there is situated a curious little spongy body called the corpus callosum. This all important little organ consists of a double chain of white nerve fibers, and it is through these that the two portions (hemispheres) of the brain are enabled to act in harmony by being continually brought into anatomical and physiological relations with each other.

Several years ago a well known Philadelphia physician and surgeon, Dr. A. H. Stevens, made the announcement that, in his belief, the corpus callosum was the seat of the soul. His peculiar ideas were given quite an airing through the press at that time, but the whole theory fell pretty flat when Dr. A. F. Sawyer of San Francisco proved that a certain west coast worthy had survived twenty years after having the entire corpus callosum shot out of his thought tank and that another had lived eleven years after sustaining a similar injury. The psychologists were pretty well agreed that a man's life would terminate the moment his soul made its exit on the lead of a pistol cartridge. It was these well attested cases of men living after losing the corpus callosum that caused Dr. Stevens' "soul theory" to relapse into obscurity.

What Load Will Ice Bear?

The army rules are that two inch ice will sustain a man or properly placed infantry; four inch ice will carry a man on horseback or cavalry or light guns; six inch ice, heavy field guns, such as eighty pounders; eight inch ice, a battery of artillery, with carriages and horses, but not over 1,000 pounds per square foot on sledges, and ten inch ice sustains an army or an innumerable multitude. On fifteen inch ice railroad tracks are often laid and operated for months, and ice two feet thick withstood the impact of a loaded passenger car after a sixty foot fall (or perhaps 1,500 tons), but broke under that of the locomotive and tender (or perhaps 3,000 foot tons).

Just Sneeze Right Out.

"Never suppress a sneeze," said the trained nurse to the young woman who had just performed that polite act. "It is a great strain on all the nerves and blood vessels of the head, as it throws all the action to the back of the head instead of letting it come out of the mouth safely and naturally. The unusual and hard strain on a little blood vessel that may be weak is likely to burst it and cause instant death. A loud sneeze does not sound very nice, but it is a safe thing to do every time."

When a Man Is Weakest.

According to experiments with the dynamometer, a man is precisely at his weakest when he turns out of bed. Our muscular force is greatly increased by breakfast, but it attains to its highest point after the midday meal. It then sinks for a few hours, rises again toward evening, but steadily declines from night to morning. The chief foes of muscular force are overwork and idleness.

His Politics.

Election Canvasser—What does your husband think of the fiscal question, Mrs. Hodge? Mrs. Hodge—Well, sir, when 'e's a-talking to a protectionist 'e's a free trader, and when 'e's talking to a free trader 'e's a protectionist, and when 'e's a-talking to me 'e's a raving lunatic!—Punch.

How to Tell Them Apart.

Mr. Knowall (laughing)—Can you tell me, Miss De Witte, what is the difference between a wise man and a fool? Miss De Witte—A wise man knows he is a fool and is miserable; the fool thinks he is wise and is happy.

Unappreciated Demonstration.

Small Brother—Marie, does your admirer stutter? Marie—No; of course not! What made you think of such a thing? Small Brother—Then why does he write "My dear, dear Marie?"—Fliegende Blaetter.

OLD STORIES.

An Illustration of the Way They Reappear at Intervals.

Old stories seem to reappear at intervals like comets and like questions in "Notes and Queries." There is a story in "Charles O'Malley" about a lively young French friend of the hero. He is in attendance on Napoleon at Fontainebleau or St. Cloud. One moonlight night he is playing leapfrog in the gardens with other young officers, and, coming round a corner in a walk, he sees a figure stooping, "giving a back." He "overs" the figure, and it is not one of his playmates, but the angry emperor. There is a picture of the scene by H. K. Browne in early editions of the amusing book—the best book, I think, of Lever's.

Now, did Lover invent that story or did he hear it as a true anecdote in conversation or did the wife of Marshal Junot, the Duchesse d'Abrantes, crib it from Lever and introduce it into her memoires (Vol. III., page 397)? The last conjecture is very improbable. Napoleon was at Malmaison; his court was young and lively and fond of acting plays. The best actress was Queen Hortense, the best actor was Isabey, the celebrated portrait painter. But poor Isabey ceased to be a member of the company; like the serpent, he was shut out from paradise for the following reason: Napoleon, the first consul, was very slim; he grew very fat later, in spite of constant exercise. He usually wore the uniform of the Guides, of which Eugene de Beauharnais was colonel. One day in a gallery at Malmaison Napoleon, who was alone, stooped to examine some engravings in a portfolio. Isabey, coming from the private theater, entered the gallery by another door and saw a short, slim, epauletted figure stooping, a figure in the uniform of the Guides. He was very intimate with Eugene de Beauharnais, whom he supposed that he saw before him. Creeping up like a cat, the painter leaped and landed on the shoulders of the first consul. Napoleon supposed that the roof was falling or that the little Red Man, his phantom attendant, was strangling him.

"What means this pleasantry?"

"I thought it was Eugene."

"And if it had been Eugene, why should you break his shoulders?" said Bonaparte, obviously remembering the end of another old anecdote: "If it had been John, why need you hit so hard?" The end of it was that Isabey left the acting company. Antonio Moro found it wiser, they say, to fly from Spain after replying by a practical joke to a familiarity of Philip II. of Spain. But Philip was a sulky anointed king; the first consul's shoulders were not yet anointed.—Andrew Lang in London Illustrated News.

England's Former Enemies.

The three greatest potentates of modern times have been England's strenuous antagonists—viz, Philip II., Louis XIV. and Napoleon. Of these three Napoleon was the most powerful, Philip the most deadly. The leaders under whom the English rallied against these world famous monarchs were: First, Elizabeth and Drake; second, William and Marlborough; third, Pitt and Nelson. The result of the first of these great historic duels was to overturn the foundations of Spanish empire, with its dominion over the seas, its vast colonial possessions, its claim under a papal bull to an exclusive monopoly of the new world. The result of the second was to decide which should be the residuary legatee of the deceased Spanish power, France or England, giving in the end the succession to its old world dominions to France, its trade, maritime supremacy and colonies mainly to England. The result of the third was to shatter Napoleon's hopes of ascendency by sea and to force him back on European conquests, upon projects which related to the old world and not to the new. Pitt and Nelson did not disappear till that end was attained, and England's part in the later wars of Napoleon was that, having, as Pitt said in almost his closing words, saved herself by her energy she saved Europe by her example and assistance.—Blackwood's Magazine.

"Polished Rice."

The rice that comes on the American table looks mushy; the grains seem all mashed together instead of being distinct and large. The trouble (sometimes due to the cooking) is usually explained by the statement that our rice is of inferior quality, though there is no better rice in the world than our Louisiana and Texas article; the grains are large, firm and nutty. The fact is, our public won't buy any rice unless the grains shine and glisten. Consequently the first thing the miller does is to put his rice crop through a course of polishing by which the covering of the kernel, and at the same time the most nutritive part, is rubbed off. The result is that he gets a beautiful, almost sparkling grain, which sells well, but, inasmuch as the covering has been removed, the grains when cooked lose their identity and become a mush. "Polished rice" is a peculiarity of America. The public can procure the unpolished rice if they will insist on the grocer getting it for them, for "polishing" is an extra process which the miller will be glad to abandon.—Country Life In America.

The Supreme Test.

"You say that you would do anything on earth for me?" the fair girl asked, looking into his earnest eyes.

"Anything, darling!" he whispered passionately.

"After we were married would you go shopping with me?" she continued.

With a groan of anguish he turned away, and she, sobbing, hid her face among the pillows. In the supreme test he had failed.—Judge.

THE ART OF BEDMAKING.

If Housemaids Complain Let Them Ponder on This Picture.

There are many women and maids who think they know the art of making a bed, a restful, ease giving, good dream producing bed, but should they compare their efforts with the performance gone through with making a bed in the sixteenth century they will thank the fates no such duties are included in the catalogue of the housekeeper's work.

A bed with its coverings was a fine and usual thing to bequeath in those days. No wonder.

This is the chronicle of making Henry VII.'s bed:

"First, a yeoman or a groom of the stuffs of the wardrobe must bring in the stuffs and the curtains be drawn, and a gentleman usher must hold the curtains together, the side curtains and the foot curtains; then must two squires of the body stand at the bed's head, one on either side, and two yeomen of the crown at the bed's foot, and all the stuff be laid at the bed's feet on a carpet before the yeoman of the stuff; then a yeoman of the crown or of the chamber to leap upon the bed and roll him up and down and assay the litter, the yeoman to lay down the canvas again, then lay on the feather bed and beat it well and make it even and smooth; then shall a yeoman of the stuff take the fustian and take the assay and cast it upon the bed; then shall squires for the body lay hand thereon and yeoman and lay it straight upon the bed without *any wrinkles and the* sheet in the same wise, then take both the sheets and fustian by the border and put them in under the feather bed at both sides and at the feet also, then lay on the other sheet and the squires for the body to take the sheet and gather it round in your hands on either side the bed and go to the bed's head, strike down the bed till they come down twice or thrice and shake the sheet at the bed's feet and lay it fair and broad on the bed, then lay on the other stuff of fustian above, then take a pair or two of martens and lay above, but first take a pair of ermines and lay above and then lay on the martens, then roll down the bed the space of an ell; then let the yeoman take the pillows and beat them well with their hands and cast them up to the squires for the body and let them lay them on the bed as it pleased the king's grace, then take a head sheet of ermine and lay it above, then take the other side of the head sheet of regnes and lay it over that, then the squires for the body to lay the bed again on top the pillows, then take a sheet of regnes and cover the bed over and over, every side; then the usher knits the curtains together and a squire for the body to cast holy water upon the bed."

How White China Was Discovered.

Of many incidences in which an accidental discovery revolutionized a whole industry there is none more striking than that which enabled Samuel Astbury, in 1720, to impart to pottery that white glaze which is its chief beauty. Chancing, while journeying to London, to halt at Banbury, he noticed that one of his horse's eyes was badly inflamed. He consulted the hostler, who flung a redhot flint into a basin of water, thereby easily reducing it to a powder, which he applied to the injured eye. Astbury, who had watched the process, guessed that at length he had solved the problem which had so long perplexed him. He procured a cartload of flints, had them fired and pulverized and, mixing the powder with pipe clay and water, applied it to his ware, which, after the final baking, became white and shining. This invention, which he improved upon by introducing calcined flint into the body of the ware, was soon universally adopted.

An Appreciative Dog.

During one of the last birthday celebrations of the poet Whittier he was visited by a celebrated singer. The lady was asked to sing, and, seating herself at the piano, she began the beautiful ballad of "Robin Adair." She had hardly begun before Mr. Whittier's pet dog came into the room and, seating himself by her side, watched her, as though fascinated, listening with delight unusual in an animal. When she had finished he came and put his paw very gently into her hand and licked her cheek. "Robin takes that as a tribute to himself," said Mr. Whittier. "He also is 'Robin Adair.'" The dog, hearing his own name, evidently considered that he was the hero of the song. From that moment during the lady's visit he was her devoted attendant. He kept by her side while she was indoors, and when she went away he carried her satchel in his mouth to the gate and watched her departure with evidence of distress.

Old Time Piano Playing.

In these days of the twentieth century the pianist stands next to the singer among the princes of the musical world. But it was not always so. The singer was the first to mount the public throne and reign with the scepter of sweetened sound. Next came the violinist, and after him the virtuosi of wind instruments. Early concert programmes show the names of singers and flute, horn and oboe players, but not of manipulators of the keyboard. The concert pianist of today, sweeping the keyboard of his grand and the heartstrings of his hearers with sinewy hands, emerged slowly from the humble state of a poor dependent, creeping with anxious offerings to the door of his princely patron. It was not till almost the middle of the eighteenth century that the performance of solo feats on the harpsichord began to attract public attention and to form the substance of concerts.—W. J. Henderson in Atlantic.

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ARNISH ROCK.

A Lighthouse Which Is Without a Light of Its Own.

The most extraordinary of all lighthouses is to be found on Arnish rock, Stornoway bay, a rock which is separated from the island of Lewis by a channel over 500 feet wide. It is in the Hebrides, Scotland. On this rock a conical beacon is erected, and on its summit a lantern is fixed, from which, night after night, shines a light which is seen by the fishermen far and wide. Yet there is no burning lamp in this lantern, and no attendant ever goes to it, for the simple reason that there is no lamp to attend to, no wick to train and no oil well to replenish.

The way in which this peculiar lighthouse is illuminated is this: "On the island of Lewis, 500 feet or so away, is a lighthouse, and from a window in the tower a stream of light is projected on a mirror in the lantern on the summit of Arnish rock. These rays are reflected to an arrangement of prisms and by their action are converged to a focus outside the lantern, from which they diverge in the necessary direction."

The consequence is that to all intents and purposes a lighthouse exists which has neither lamp nor lighthouse keeper and yet which gives as serviceable a light, taking into account the requirements of the locality, as if an elaborate and costly lighthouse, with lamps, service room, bedroom, living room, storeroom, oil room, water tanks and all other accessories, were erected on the summit of the rock.

THE ISLAND OF FIRE.

Java's Wonderful Lake of Boiling Mud and Slime.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated Gheko Kamdka Gumko, or Home of the Hot Devils, known to the world as the Island of Fire. This geological singularity is really a lake of boiling mud situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogana and is called an island because the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it gives it that appearance. The island is about two miles in circumference and is situated at a distance of almost exactly fifty miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and then again quickly withdrawn. Besides the phenomenon of boiling mud columns there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions, the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In times past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall, spirelike column of baked mud on the west side of the lake which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime, a marvel to the visitors who come from great distances to see it.

A PEEP AT HOLLAND

MANNERS, CUSTOMS AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PEOPLE.

The Derivation of the Name of the Low Lying Country—A Universal Antagonism to Dirt and Filth—Love of Money the Ruling Passion.

"That which more than anything else arrests the attention of a foreigner visiting Holland for the first time," says a traveler who has recently returned from a tour of Europe and who records his impressions of Holland and its inhabitants in a New York paper, "is the fact that a large portion of the country is from eight to twenty feet below the high water mark at Amsterdam. Indeed its name, 'Holland,' or 'Hollow-land,' is derived from its peculiar topographical configuration. But for the expenditure of vast sums of money and unceasing watchfulness and tireless industry in maintaining the barriers against the encroachments of the sea much of the country would be submerged. Nearly $70,000,000 has been expended in constructing the 1,000 miles of defensive dikes, which seem to say to the waves, as did King Canute, 'Thus far shalt thou come, but no farther.'

"The Dutch people are generally below the middle stature, inclined to corpulency and remarkable for a heavy, awkward mien. The women have exceedingly beautiful complexions. Their skins are of a pure white, but generally *they fail in expression and resemble* fine waxwork. It is not a little remarkable that they retain their exquisite complexions even beyond threescore and ten. And yet you would not call the Dutch women beautiful—their persons are too short and robust. Your admiration of them would be much the same as suggested by the representations at Mme. Tussaud's or the Eden Musee.

"The fashionable ladies of Holland dress like those of England and America, but fashion has little to do in the rural districts of Holland. The peasant women wear caps of immaculate whiteness, resembling somewhat the white portion of the headdress of our Sisters of Charity, fitting closely to the head and surmounted by an outer hood of wool or silk—this when visiting or traveling. When at home their headdress is an immense hat of straw nearly as large as an umbrella, adorned with representations of stars, birds, beasts, etc. Their waists are of extravagant lengths, and the other portions of their dress are stuffed and padded to a degree that mocks proportion and symmetry. This distinctive and never changing fashion is handed down from mother to daughter and is substantially just as it was in the days of the Duke of Alva.

"The most striking feature of the Dutch character is antagonism to dirt and filth, the extravagant efforts to insure cleanliness in some instances amounting almost to insanity. It is scrub, scrub, scrub, even when the foreign eye fails to detect anything objectionable. The Dutch housewife sets apart a certain day for the cleansing of the bedroom, and upon that day the bedroom must be cleaned. Even if no dirt be discernible, sufficient time has elapsed for its accumulation, she reasons. It is the bedroom's day, and it must pass the ordeal.

"The lower parts of many of the north Holland houses are lined with white Dutch tiles, and some of the rooms are paved with small square tiles, put together without cement. The kitchen furniture—in copper, tin, pewter and iron—affords a striking proof of the mistress' regard for neatness in arrangement and cleanliness in appearance. The beds and tables are covered with the finest linen, and the rooms are adorned with pictures and the yards and gardens with flowers. The houses in almost every portion of the province of north Holland present a gay appearance. The windows and doors are generally painted green, and the most lavish use of water is indulged in, not only the windows, but the entire fronts of the houses, being washed two or three times each week. The same care is extended to the streets in which the more opulent inhabitants reside.

"The traveler is impressed with the fact that Holland is emphatically a country of large towns. The larger towns are surrounded by market gardens, many of which are small, every inch of land being cultivated to the highest possibility of productiveness. These small gardeners do not keep horses as beasts of burden, since their maintenance would involve a too considerable expense. They employ dogs, which are as much members of the family as the sons or daughters. These dogs are powerful brutes, capable of drawing loads out of all proportion to their size.

"The custom of smoking is so prevalent in Holland that a genuine Dutch boor, instead of describing distances between places by miles or hours, will say a town or house is so many pipes away. Thus a man may reach Delft from Rotterdam in four pipes, but if he go on to The Hague he will consume seven pipes during the journey. All Dutchmen of the lower class and not a few in the higher walks of life carry in their pockets all requisites for smoking—an enormous box holding at least half a pound of tobacco, a pipe of clay or ivory according to inclination or means, instruments to cleanse it, a pricker to remove obstructions from the stem, a cover of brass to prevent sparks or ashes from flying about and a bountiful supply of matches. A Dutchman in Holland without a pipe would be a rara avis, and such pipes! Some of them are of an antiquity which entitles them to veneration, but certainly not to respect, and so mon-

When the State Fixed Hotel Prices.

Before, during and for a time after the Revolutionary war the courts of the commonwealth used to fix the prices of tavern board and liquor, so when the sojourning stranger from afar struck Richmond he could pretty nearly know what "horse feed and breakfast" cost. There was also an assize of bread as well as of drink. The price of bread was regulated by the price of wheat. A fourpenny white loaf, a twopenny white loaf, a fourpenny brick loaf and a fourpenny brown loaf had each to weigh so much, according as they had other ingredients mixed with flour. In those days a "Boston biscuit" costing 1 cent had to weigh six ounces and two drams and so on. The connection between a loaf of bread and sixty pounds of wheat at so much per bushel has grown beyond the grasp of the modern mind. However, in the old time in Virginia the custom of regulating the price, or, rather, the weight, of a loaf of bread by the price of the wheat of which it was made was universal. So far as liquor was concerned, the courts used to fix not only the price of a single drink, a quart or a gallon of the stuff, but also "a gorum of punch."—Richmond Dispatch.

When Friends Are Enemies.

"One of our greatest troubles is to prevent patients from being killed by kindness," said a trained nurse in one of the public hospitals. "On visiting days, when relations or friends are admitted, we have in many cases to exercise extreme vigilance. The amount of improper, even dangerous, food which one ablebodied relative can smuggle in under cover of a satchel or a voluminous cloak is almost incredible.

"Only a few weeks ago I captured and carried away from the bed of a convalescent typhoid case a pasteboard box containing two big green pickles and a piece of exceptionally rich cocoanut cake. It was the boy's mother who brought the dainties, and presumably she did not wish to shorten her son's days in the land.

"This sort of thing is of frequent occurrence in a hospital. It is strangely illustrative of how little the average man or woman understands the delicate mechanism of the stomach and stomachic disease."—New York Press.

The Great Eastern.

The Great Eastern was 680 feet long, 83 feet beam, 28 feet draft when loaded, 23,000 tonnage; paddle engines, 1,000 horsepower nominal; screw engines, 1,700 horsepower nominal. She was commenced to be built at Millwall in the spring of 1854 and was launched after many difficulties on Jan. 30, 1858. The history of the Great Eastern was from the first financially an unfortunate one. She made several voyages to the United States at a great loss to her owners, but in 1865 and 1866 she somewhat redeemed her character by successfully laying the Atlantic cable. Subsequently, owing to her vast size, she was instrumental in laying most of the important cables across the Atlantic, in the Mediterranean, through the Red sea, etc. In 1888 she was sold at auction in Liverpool to be broken up, bringing the sum of $280,720.—London Globe.

The Human Body's Tireless Organs.

Man has within him a stationary engine called his heart, which, with its veins and arteries, constitutes a perfect system of hydraulics, compared with which man's best work is clumsy, intricate and wasteful. The lungs are a working bellows, the most perfect method of sanitary ventilation. The stomach is a working vat of marvelous perfection. The brain is a wondrous condenser, and the skin is a great working evaporator, with reserve automatic appliances, ready for extra work in moments of need. All these are in action at all times, day and night, tireless, unceasing, self winding and repairing, for seventy years or more.

Dramatic Deaths.

What is a dramatic death? Of course the most dramatic death ever recorded was that of Placut, who dropped dead while paying a bill. Then there was the death of Fabius, who was choked by a hair in some milk; that of Louis VI., who met his doom because a pig ran under his horse and caused him to stumble; that of Saufeius, who was poisoned by the albumen in a soft boiled egg, and that of Zeuxis, who died from laughter at sight of a hag he had painted.

Her Feet Too.

"That new saleslady," said the blond at the ribbon counter, "has false hair and teeth."

"Yes," replied the brunette, who condescended to sell handkerchiefs occasionally, "and it seems that's not the only thing. I heard her complaining that she hadn't had a chance to get off her feet all day."

She Works at Home.

Hicks—I understand Mrs. Bias has learned how to keep her husband at home. Wicks—Nonsense! Bias is out with "the boys" nearly every night. Hicks—You misunderstand me. I mean the work she does at home keeps him. She's a dressmaker, you know.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Unavailing Pursuit.

"Don't be so sweeping in your judgments. There's that prominent man I mentioned just now, who I am sure has always pursued an upright life."

"That may be, but he's never caught up with it."—Baltimore American.

Sarcastic.

First Medical Man—My practice has doubled since I came to this town. Second Medical Man—Oh, so you have got another patient?

The absent are like children—helpless to defend themselves.—Reade.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Arrow Shields.

The other day I saw a little, modern book, in a green cover, on a table in a drawing room. I picked it up. It was about the early French in Canada, and my eye fell on a copy of a drawing by their leader, Champlin, or Champlain. The scene represented was an *attack by the native allies of the* French, the Algonquins, on a fort held by Iroquois. The Algonquins advanced through showers of arrows under shields nearly as tall as themselves, like doors with rounded tops. Now, you may see exactly the same sort of shields in a picture of a lion hunt, inlaid in gold and silver, on the bronze blade of a dagger found by Dr. Schliemann in "the grave of Agamemnon." These monstrous Mycenaean shields cause much discussion among the learned. Why were they so huge? The Algonquins used the very same shields, hung from their necks, and the reason was the same—their battles were battles of archers, and nobody can parry a shower of arrows with a smaller shield. Shields grew small in Greece as bow and arrow went out and sword and spear came in.—London Illustrated News.

The Fiddle Drill.

The "fiddle drill" is one of the oldest stonecutting tools in existence. It is said to antedate Greek sculpture and is in use today in about the same form as it was 2,000 years ago. As its name implies, its action resembles a fiddle. The drill is of two pieces. In one hand a carver holds the drill stock, which is like a carpenter's brace, except that it is straight instead of having a crank. In the other hand he holds the "bow," which is strung with a brass wire and which is given a turn around the drill stock. To use the drill the carver places the drill stock against his breast, holding it with his left hand, and with his right he draws the bow back and forth, fiddle fashion. This imparts a rotary motion to the drill stock, and the drill is ground to cut in either way it turns. The fiddle drill is used in the finest work, in crevices where the sculptor could not reach with his chisel and hammer without endangering the carving.

The Worrying Habit.

I asked a physician what cure he would suggest for the worrying habit. "I would prescribe common sense," he said. "And if a man or woman hasn't got a stock on hand and can't cultivate one no doctor can give it to him or her. This worrying nonsense grows. The best means to cure it lies in the hands of the woman herself. If she will just call a little common sense to her aid, resolve not to borrow trouble, to be cheerful and think upon the best side of things, she will live longer and retain her beauty longer. Every woman wants to keep beautiful to the last. Why does she take the course which is sure to make her yellow skinned, dull eyed and thoroughly unlovely?"

Why, indeed?—New York Globe.

Vanilla.

It is curious to read that vanilla was employed by the Aztecs of Mexico as an ingredient in the manufacture of chocolate prior to the discovery of America by the Spaniards and that it was brought to Europe as a perfume with indigo, cochineal and cacao ten years before the arrival of tobacco on our shores. The name vanilla is derived from the Spanish vaina, a pod or capsule. Dampier described it as a little pod full of small black seeds and like the stem of a tobacco leaf, so much so that his men when they found the dried pods at first threw them away, "wondering why the Spaniards should lay up tobacco stems."—Chambers' Journal.

The Canadian Line.

The boundary line between Canada and the United States is marked with iron posts at mile intervals for a great part of its length. Cairns, earth mounds and timber posts are also used, and through the forests and swamps a line a rod wide, clear of trees and underwood, has been cut. Across the lakes artificial islands have been made to support the cairns, which rise about eight feet above the high water mark.—Exchange.

A Miser's Wish.

Greelylot, who is rather miserly, was recovering from a long illness. "How was it, doctor," he asked one day, "that I was able to live so many weeks without eating?"

"Why, you were fed by the fever."

"Are you sure?" Then after a moment's reflection, "I wish I could give it to my servants."

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press "Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen.............. $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen.................. $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $__________for which you will send me The __________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ______________
Town ______________
State ______________
R. F. D. No. ______________

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9.15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10.05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:25 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1.35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

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The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

The Soo Line Announces

IMPROVED SERVICE

NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station); Minneapolis 8:40 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10:05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Haukinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars

W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent.

Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1906. NUMBER 16

M. R. CITIZEN INDIGNANT

He Wants the Scalp of Our Germantown Correspondent.

Says "Hungry Office Seekers" Are Not Behind the Division.

Middle River, Minn., April 16, 1906.

Editor News: As you have announced your willingness to give space to the views of both sides in the county division controversy, in response to the requests of several indignant citizens of this village, I hereby reply to your Germantown correspondent's misleading remarks about Middle River and the pending proposition.

Whether the writer from Germantown is too ignorant or too prejudiced to tell the truth, we do not know, but in all probability he is seriously affected by both ignorance and prejudice.

His dirty fling at Middle River, wherein he calls it "a place of a few shanties and probably a blind pig or two," and "only known by those that live around it," shows his calibre and is in itself convincive that no credence is to be attached to anything he may say. His whole line of argument is just about as erroneous as is his estimate of Middle River. The two hundred farmers living around Middle River who signed the petition give the lie to his contention that the division is only wanted by "hungry office seekers." Further on he slops over again and in speaking of the distance to the present county seat, while he admits that "it is a little far," he says, "we don't go there unless we have to and then we get payed for it." Another brilliant assertion! Nearly every farmer in the county has business of his own at the county seat necessitating his making the trip at least once a year, which, in the cases of farmers living in all this eastern part, costs them at least $15 per trip in time and expenses. So, in a penny wise and pound foolish spirit men of the calibre of this Germantown ranter would spend $15 in traveling expenses to save two or three dollars in taxes.—A citizen of Middle River, and NOT "a hungry office seeker."

For Sale—Two good milch cows. Apply to postmaster at Sorum, Minn.

TEACHERS' MEET.

The One to Be Held in St. Hilaire Promises to Be Interesting.

The next meeting of the Red Lake County Teachers' Association will be held at St. Hilaire Saturday, May 4th and 5th, and, if present plans mature, there will be a large number of teachers present and an interesting and instructive program rendered.

Rural school agriculture will be the principal theme for an address by Prof. William Robinson, of the experimental station at Crookston. He is recognized as an authority on the subject and his address will be an instructive one.

Miss Dow, of the Moorhead Normal, will be critic teacher in arithmetic and a number of rural teachers will have class work by their pupils. The balance of the program will be announced later.

GIRL WAS NEARLY DEAD

Miss Oline Florence Nearly Died in a Colie Last Saturday.

Was Trying to Get to Her Parents' Home on the Reservation.

Miss Oline Florence, of Grand Forks, came very near losing her life in a colie about four miles and a half northeast of Plummer last Saturday afternoon. She started out from Plummer to go to the home of her parents, who reside upon the reservation, and, as the roads were very muddy, the walking greatly exhausted her. She reached the colie and attempted to wade across it, the water being about four feet deep. When about in the middle, she sank so deep in mud that she was unable to lift her feet, and the cold water caused her to grow numb. When almost exhausted, she was discovered by Henry Lemieux, a settler living near by and was rescued. She was in such an exhausted condition that, after being placed upon dry land, she was unable to walk and, had she remained in the water a short time longer, her death would no doubt have resulted.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

THE EDITORS ARE COMING

Red River Valley Editorial Association to Meet Here in May.

Will Be the Guests of the Antlers Club While Here.

R. D. V. Carr, editor of the Middle River Pioneer and president of the Red River Valley Editorial association, was in Thief River Falls last week to confer with the officers of the Antlers Club.

The next meeting of the association of which Mr. Carr is the president will be held in Thief River Falls on Friday evening, May 4th, and the Antlers Club *has issued an invitation to the editors to* be the guests of the Club while here. A suitable program is being prepared and when it is known that the Antlers club is looking after the details, the success of the affair is assured.

It is expected that nearly every editor in the Ninth congressional district will be in attendance and it will result in giving Thief River Falls much favorable and free advertising.

St. Hilaire Mill Running.

The big smokestack at the saw mill had its first smoke of the season on Monday last and they tested the machinery for the first time on Tuesday. On Wednesday morning work was commenced in earnest for the season and the night crew also commenced their labors. It is the intention of the company to run the mill both night and day for the entire season. Manager Evans has a good crew selected and the lumber is already coming out at the old-time rate.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Kicking on Progress.

As a sample of what "progress and development" has done for us poor suckers, it may be stated that the Iowa and Kansas corn cob is used for the making of pure maple syrup that brings a better price than the Vermont product, after which the residue is used in the manufacture of a breakfast food so popular that it sells for 10 cents per pound. Let us have bacon and eggs for breakfast, please. The good old Irish potato, too, is seldom counterfeited or adulterated.—Ortonville Herald Star.

THE POSITION OF WARREN

County Seat Town Is Not Going to Object to the Division.

Does Not Believe That the Time Is Yet Ripe However.

Warren Sheaf: The question of county division has been suddenly sprung upon the people of Marshall county, and will have to be decided by them at the next election, if the petitions now being circulated will receive the favorable action of the governor. That county division was bound to come to Marshall county some time, just as it already has to Polk and Kittson counties on each side of us, all realized, but that it should come so soon was hardly expected. And had it not been for the ambitions of the Northern Townsite company, which owns the townsite of Middle River, the matter would have been delayed some years yet, as the people in the eastern part of the county would hardly have cared to take upon themselves the burden of a county organization at the present stage of their development. A few years more would have put them in better shape financially to bear the additional cost and expense of a separate county organization. There would also have been more people and more proved up land to share the cost of starting a new county. The expense of starting a new county is always great—there must be county buildings, books and records, courts and juries, officers' salaries, and many other expenditures, that in the aggregate will make a large sum. However, if the people of the eastern part of the county consider themselves strong enough to go it alone, we don't think the people of the western part will offer any serious objection. The western part of the county is sufficiently far advanced so that a division will not be a very serious menace. Yet at the same time we do not believe a division of the coun[illegible] advantage or benefit to the farmers in any section. And, from what we hear, large numbers of farmers even in the proposed new county are opposed to the scheme, and will vote against it. As we said before, the question is up to the people of the county for their decision. The power to decide lies with the people of the older county, as it has about two-thirds of the votes, and, should these votes be cast somewhat unanimously against division, the scheme would fail. The same would be the result if any considerable opposition should develop in the proposed new county. The farmers will have to decide whether they want county division now or not.

THE CORONATION

Many Will Go From This Section to See Haakon II. Crowned.

From the present outlook, there is more interest being displayed in the event of the coronation of King Haakon II. of Norway than might naturally be expected under the circumstances. It is understood that there will be a large number from the Red River Valley who will take advantage of the event and visit their native country.

Joakin Arneson, who has been working up loyalism among the Scandinavian element, states that there will be a large number to go across the ocean. He has charge of several excursions that will leave Minneapolis the latter part of May and the first of June. A rate of about one cent a mile has been secured and one will be able to go from here to Norway and return for about $100.

The coronation will take place at the new cathedral at Trondjem between the 24th and 27th of June and the event promises to be a memorable one in Norwegian history, as it will eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted there.

Have Right of Way.

The postmaster general has issued a notice that all rural mail carriers have the right of way on all country roads and that all other carriages or conveyances must surrender the right of way to the rural mail carriers. This order was issued as the result of numerous complaints on the part of the carriers who were not able to deliver their mail in the specified time because carriages and conveyances which they met refused to give them the right of way and often made it necessary for them to drive slower or to wait until the road was clear before they could proceed. A fine will be charged to all who in any way interfere with the speedy delivery of the rural mail, and, as a carrier is also fined and sometimes deposed for late delivery, he will no doubt see to it that the person responsible for his delay will bear the punishment instead of himself.

LAND MOVEMENT.

Reaction Toward Northern Minnesota is Expected to Set in Soon.

Land men all over the northwest predict that a reaction toward this section of the country is soon to set in and that land here is soon going to be moving again as it did three and four years ago.

For two or three years past there has been a feeling of unrest among people all over the country, and a great immigration has been going to Canada and the southwest. With the unexcelled opportunities right at home, there has been no sane reason why people should go to uncertain sections in search of farm lands. Experience has taught them their mistake and it is predicted in well informed quarters that the tide will soon turn and that thousands of the deluded will soon return from their rainbow chasing.

WORK IS FINISHED.

Proposed Ditch to Drain Land in Sanders, Bray, Black River and Polk Center.

Total Benefits Estimated at $11,293.59 and Cost Is $6,389.74.

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Eckstrom and others for a public ditch in Red Lake county, known as County Ditch No. 25, the board of viewers, composed of Gilbert Haavi, Ingvald Husby and Otto Zaiser, has completed its labors and made its report, which has been filed with the county auditor.

The total estimated benefits of the ditch are given as $11,293.59 and the total estimated cost of construction, including the damages awarded, at $6,389.74.

The ditch will commence at the unmeandered lake in the northern part of section 29, in Sanders township, and run southeast to the section line between sections 28 and 29; thence south to the dividing line between Sanders and Black River townships; thence directly west to the Black river. The course is approximately seven miles long.

Four townships are affected by estimated benefits and damages as follows: Sanders, damages $140, benefits $205; Black River, damages $80.77, benefits $140; Polk Center, damages $70.77, benefits $290; Bray, damages $70.77, benefits $250.

The number of acres in the four towns above mentioned estimated to be benefitted, and covering practically all the land within a mile on either side of the ditch, is 8,470.42, and is owned by 68 individuals. In only one or two instances are any damages assessed and the total amount of such damages is only $75.

The matter will probably be taken up for consideration by the board of county commissioners at their next regular meeting, which will be May 7.

Some Figures.

The Warren Sheaf has been doing a little figuring upon the county division proposition in Marshall county and finds that the new county of Hiawatha would have a total population of 6,210, of which 788 are legal voters, and a valuation of $1,289,028.

If the county division carried, Marshall county would have left a population of 11,427, of which 1,520 are voters, and a valuation of $4,053,093.

SUPT. HAY EXPLAINS

Crowded Condition of Schools Makes Half Day Sessions Necessary.

Primary Children Are Very Well Advanced in Work.

The following statement is presented, in order that the parents may be made acquainted with the purpose of the half-day sessions introduced this week into the three primary rooms of the city schools.

These three rooms have had a full enrollment all year and the new pupils, some fifty who entered last week, have simply filled them to overflowing. With one exception, no more desks can be placed in any of the rooms. The result of this over-crowded condition is that, under a whole-day session, the children's interests can not be properly cared for. The matter was brought to the attention of the board of education last week and, after careful consideration of all the facts in the case, it was thought best that the half-day session be adopted.

Whatever may be said of the other rooms in the city schools, the primary classes, at least, are beyond grade, and those primary pupils who have attended school regularly all year are even now prepared for promotion. By permitting these to attend during the forenoon, by eliminating all busy work and the usual recesses, and by intensive work, the teacher can present all the essential studies by 12 o'clock and as often as under the whole-day session. Then, by treating the new pupils and those who have attended irregularly or who entered late in the year in the same manner in the afternoon and by keeping them till four o'clock, satisfactory and successful results can be accomplished.

The mere fact of the child's being in school all day is no evidence that it is making progress. Any teacher can maintain order with from sixty to seventy small pupils in a room, but no teacher can, at the same time, secure satisfactory advancement in their studies. Half-day sessions would not be advisable for a whole year, but, as the schools close six weeks hence and as it is impossible to secure suitable rooms in the city in which to open new classes, the present temporary arrangement has been considered best, inasmuch as the pupils' interests can be better cared for and more rapid progress assured in this manner than to continue the usual whole-day sessions. It is solely with the interest and advancement of the child in view and not for the convenience or comfort of any instructor that the board is forced to the present arrangement.

J. H. HAY, Supt.

All the Time.

Gov. Hoch, of Kansas, tells a story that always strikes the right spot with the farmers. One time a merchant put up a blackboard in his store and asked his customers to write their names on it and opposite tell what they were doing for humanity. A lawyer wrote, "I plead for all." A doctor wrote, "I prescribe for all." A preacher wrote, "I pray for all." An old farmer walked up, wrote his name, scratched his head a while, and then wrote, "I pay for all."

The Greenbush creamery is doing a big business these days and Manager Ellingson says that if it keeps up during the season, and it surely will, he will have to hire an assistant.—Greenbush Journal.

Shoes and Oxfords, all leathers,
1.65 TO 5.00

The Gordon Hat

Negligee Shirts, new patterns,
.50 TO $2.00

Takes with those that desire style, wear and look of success. All Gordon Hats, any style, here

$3.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Suits. The Home of the H. S. & M. Raincoats.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS. STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.
ICE CREAM.
HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	30c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Ed. Enrigh was in the city on business last Saturday.

Otto Zaiser was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

James Stevenson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Louis Seiff, the Red Lake Falls horse dealer, was in the city last Saturday.

A. A. Sweass and C. M. Evenson were down to Crookston on business last week.

Mrs. H. E. Mussey left Monday for McIntosh to spend a week visiting friends.

Wanted—A good girl for genelra house work. Good wages. Mrs. D. N. Winton.

—Dr. and Mrs. Penney returned yesterday from a visit with friends in North Dakota.

Frank Bourque left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert, Canada, to work for a short time.

Joe St. Germain last week sold his restaurant business here to J. A. Rolston, the barber.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Red Lake Falls on legal business the first of the week.

Martin Norland went down to Crookston last Friday evening to visit friends for a few days.

For sale—Homestead relinquishment with improvements. Town 155, range 39. Inquire at this office.

Mrs. Knut O. Greibrok, who lives on the old LaBree farm north of town, died last Friday at the age of 59.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—State Farmers' Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest Cash Surplus, Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Mrs. G. E. Carr left last week for Stephen to visit friends for a few days before going to Minneapolis to join her husband.

Services in the Scandinavian Mission church next Sunday at 8 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

The hydrants of the city water works system were tested yesterday forenoon. All were found in good order excepting those on North LaBree avenue.

James Wiley, a former dray-man of this city, was down from the Red Lake country last week. It was the first visit he had made here for three years.

Mrs. Brady and Mrs. Fargo will entertain the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church on next Wednesday afternoon, April 25, at the home of Mrs. Brady.

Mrs. C. F. Moody, of Ridgeland, Wis., was in the city the first of the week visiting Mrs. Horton. She was enroute from Emerson, Manitoba, to her home in Wisconsin.

Dr. Smith was up from Crookston Monday afternoon, coming here on a special train to consult with the local physicians regarding the condition of Dr. Tupper.

—Horses and cattle pastured for the season for $1.50 per head. Pasture contains 160 acres well fenced on the Red Lake river. Inquire of Albert Spokley at John Morgan's.

—Dr. Geo. E. Spofford makes his next regular visit to Thief River Falls, April 21st to 25th, inclusive, at the Rushford. Those having eye trouble should consult him.

Arnold Bjerkhoel, Miss Sundberg and Mrs. W. A. Wright, who spent last week at towns along the St. Vincent line giving concerts, returned to this Tuesday evening. They had a successful trip in every way.

The Thief River Falls orchestra has been greatly improved by new members being added. The most successful ball of the year was the Easter ball given by them Monday evening. About fifty-seven couples were present, all of whom pronounced the music just right.

Mrs. Mary Berggren, wife of Gus Berggren, of this city, was commited to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls Tuesday by Judge of Probate Tarrant. The woman is partly paralyzed and cries most of the time. She was taken to the asylum last evening by her husband.

W. B. Krouse received a telegram Tuesday from Greenbay, Wis., announcing the death of Leslie Larson, one of the prominent business men of that place and cousin of Mr. Krouse. The two were raised in the same family and their relations have always been that of brothers. Mr. Krouse was unable to get away to attend the funeral.

Dr. Gamboll was up to Newfolden Monday.

—Cut flowers every week a 'Lang's greenhouse.

James Meehan returned to St. Paul last Saturday evening.

Homer Mussey was down from Greenbush to spend Sunday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Lanning Saturday.

Robert L. Lamkin, who enlisted here as a soldier, left Saturday for St. Paul.

James Meehan last week disposed of some 600 cement blocks to Kringlin & Faisel.

—Three sixteen foot store buildings for sale; can be fixed over into dwellings. Apply to Dr. Grundy.

J. L. Robertson was over from Grand Forks last Saturday attending to some business matters here.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday attending to business matters here.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Robert Sotheran left early Monday morning over the Soo for Manor, Manitoba, called there by the death of his father.

Peter Peterson left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert, where he will be employed for about a month belting up the saw mill there.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Johnson arrived here last week from Osakis and will make their home here with their sons, Will and Earnest.

Mrs. A. B. and Miss Jennie Lee, of Glenwood, mother and sister, respectively, of Robert Lee, arrived here last week to spend a few days.

Cass Lake went "open" at the recent election, but the county officials shut down the lid with a crash last Friday and say it must stay shut.

Bernard Hage, of Minneapolis, a representative of a large number of Scandinavian and farm publications, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

The $5,000 stock of merchandise of Ole A. Norby, of Twin Valley, was sold at auction by the probate judge for $2,000 to liquidate debts, Weum & Wold bidding in the stock.

—For Sale—The "Fairfield" hotel, building and furniture. Building new and in good condition. Inquire of Ole Isaacson at the hotel, up near the Soo roundhouse. 17

Nels K. Anderson, the well known town of Sanders farmer, is in the city this week receiving medical treatment. His eyes have been bothering him quite a good deal of late.

Lake Bemidji is said to be infested with suckers, so that Warden Fullerton has granted permission to the settlers to take them with nets, under the supervision of Warden Rutledge.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

P. A. Lee last week sold his Northwestern hotel to John Rumenski, of Grafton, N. D. Mr. Lee and family will remove back to Norman county, where he has a fine farm, and take life easy.

Editor Charles W. Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters. He reports there is considerable high water on the Clearwater and some of the bridges have been washed out.

Pat Naughter, who had been section boss up at Greenbush, has removed to this city, having purchased a home on Knight avenue of Nels K. Nelson. By the removal of Mr. Naughter to this city the population of Thief River Falls has been increased fourteen, as he has a wife and twelve children.

—Go to the Thief River Falls Meat Market for your home made sausages of all kinds, home-made jelly pig's feet, soused pig's feet, cooked minced corned beef, pressed corned beef, blood pudding fresh every day, and all kinds of fresh meats and provisions. Best in the city. Everything up-to-date. Give us a call. Hankey & Glaser.

W. A. Gould came over from Bemidji last Monday. Mr. Gould is known as the "river boss" for the Crookston Lumber company and he made good to the title while here. With a crew of men and a lot of dynamite he made a channel through the ice and loosened up the logs so that the mill could start on Wednesday morning.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

County Commissioner Louis Fariardeau has commenced the erection of a fine new store building at Lambert, and when completed will have a modern business place. It is said that Louie will make the structure two stories high, with pretty living rooms upstairs, so that when he gets ready to forsake the lonely state of single "cussedness," he will have a home fit for the lady of his choice.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

County Attorney Germo was in the city Tuesday.

Dr. Vistaunet was up to Rollis, the first of the week.

G. Weimer was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Mike Williams was down from Middle River the first of the week.

Knut Bjorge was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting friends.

Mrs. Will Mulry returned Monday from a visit with friends in Crookston.

M. V. Evenson and T. P. Hamre were up to Middle River the first of the week.

Frank Lawrence left Monday for a trip to Greenbush, Badger, Roseau and Warroad selling graders.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

The fifteen year old daughter of Iver Walden, a farmer living about ten miles north of town, died Sunday.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

Israel Sjoberg, the merchant prince of Roseau county, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Henry Nelson, who last week disposed of his saloon interests here, left Monday for Leeds, N. D., to make his future home.

Deputy Sheriff Jarman left Tuesday evening for Red Wing, taking a young boy of this city to the state training school.

For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

Sam Heasley made a trip up on the Greenbush line last Saturday to buy butter for the Soo hotel. Good butter has been a very scarce article in town of late.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, April 22. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 7 p. m. Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

Ned and Paul Richardson, Charlie Mitchel and Harold Horton were in the city last week visiting the family of Assistant Master Mechanic Horton. A dance was given in the Evenson Hall in their honor last Saturday evening.

Lost, strayed or stolen—Jack, a young English setter bird dog, with brown ears, brown, white and tan head and muzzle. Body, white, with brown patch on left side on neck and shoulder and a small brown spot high up on right hip near tail. A reward will be paid for his return or for information leading to his recovery, and no questions asked. G. R. Lanning.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Ex-Sheriff Ed. Claggett, of Princeton, was in the city last week. He is now traveling upon the road for a St. Paul concern and is one of the best known politicians in the state. Two years ago he took a prominent part in the state campaign, being a strong supporter of Bob Dunn. He now says that he is out of politics, but was of the opinion that Jacobson would be nominated by the Republicans.

A real estate deal of considerable magnitude was concluded the first of this week when John Maakrud purchased the W. A. Borsoleil homestead, in the south part of the village. It contains 150 acres, nearly all under improvement, has good buildings and is only one mile from the business part of town. The cash consideration was $3,700. Mr. Borsoleil took the place in 1879 as a homestead and has resided there almost continuously ever since. The consensus of opinion is that Mr. Maakrud got the place at a bargain.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Earth Quake at San Francisco.

At San Francisco at 5:12 yesterday morning a sever earthquake shock was felt for two minutes. Most of the buildings in the business portion of the city were destroyed and the water mains burst. Fire started in many of the buildings and dynamite was used to check the flames. All of the newspaper buildings except the Chronicle were destroyed and the city hall and a number of large hotels were also demolished. Some 25 were reported dead in morgue at noon yesterday, and the total loss of life will not be known for a few days, but it will be great.

Later—Late last evening a telegram received by the Western Union here says that over 400 dead bodies have already been taken from the wrecked buildings.

Harold Sanders, of Greenbush, was in the city the first of the week.

Hugh Dean left the first of the week for the Blackduck country.

For Sale—A 14-shoe drill—new—will be sold at cost. M. C. Burns.

W. J. LaBree was down to Crookston on business the first of the week.

Sam Blair, of Badger, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Glenwood.

Attorney Michelet was up to Sandridge on legal business the first of the week.

Wanted—To buy, for cash, a dwelling house. Address Box 1083, Thief River Falls.

County Surveyor Wood transacted business in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Miss Gussie Beagle, of Minneapolis, was in the city last week visiting Miss Nina Horton.

Mrs. Mary T. Elliott, sister of Dr. Tupper, arrived here Monday morning from Minneapolis.

Rev. Flesher went down to Crookston last evening to attend a district conference of the M. E. church.

—All kinds of fresh, salted and smoked fish during Lent. Oysters best in the city. Hankey & Glaser.

—For Sale—One well improved quarter section about 6 miles northeast of Germantown; $1,600. Inquire of the News.

S. H. Sharbach introduces himself to the readers of the News in a large ad on the 5th page. Read it. He quotes some prices that are interesting.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

The seniors have finished their essays and breathe a little more freely now.

Regular physical culture lessons are in progress daily in the assembly room.

Praise to the junior who made such a brilliant rise in the spelling line Wednesday morning.

The girls have organized a rooter's club and will guarantee the noise for Saturday afternoon.

Miss Monson, who has been ill for a week, resumed her duties at the City Hall school on Monday.

The three primary rooms have been placed on half day sessions on account of their crowded condition.

Base ball on the high school grounds is prohibited on account of the damage done to windows and other school pr

A number of large pupils have ceased attendance at school by reason of home work. The most of those who left were from the intermediate grades.

The high school baseball team has organized for the season and will try conclusions with Warren on the home grounds on Saturday, April 28th.

The art exhibit in the club rooms last week was quite successful. Satisfactory selections of pictures were made by the teachers and societies that had money to invest in that way.

A field meet of nine of the high school teams from northwestern Minnesota will take place in this city in the early part of May. This is an indication of the value of our town as a railroad center.

The Misses O'Donnell, Adler, Hill, Monson, and Graham are the teachers who will not return here next year. The first three refused re-election and the last two did not apply. Misses Nickerson and Siermann, who have taught grammar grades prior to coming here, will occupy those places next year.

The assembly room next year will contain a thirty-inch bust of Lincoln, a thirteen foot frieze of the triumph of Alexander and six valuable pictures. This is the result of a little effort in the way of schoolroom decoration. Several other rooms will also receive additions to their collections. The Central rooms under Misses Annand and Pryor will have invested some $55 in good pictures when the recent purchases arrive. The school room walls have too long been bare, grimy wastes of dirty plaster and they are as worthy of attention and decoration as the walls of our homes. The lesson of a valuable picture is never lost on the young.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

TO FIGHT TWINE TRUST

The State Prison Article to Go Into the Open Market.

The Output This Year Is Approximately 13,250,000 Pounds.

Stillwater, Minn., April 12.—The state prison twine plant is going into the open market to fight the twine trust this year. Warden Henry Wolfer of the penitentiary stated yesterday that the prison will have a considerable amount of binding twine on hand to be sold to dealers May 1. This will be offered at a low price compared to the price of trust twine.

The prison plant has heretofore had all it could do to supply consumers. The output this year, however, is approximately 13,250,000 pounds, much more than ever before. Orders are on hand for a large part of the supply, but beginning May 1 dealers' orders will be filled as long as there is extra twine on hand.

Additional machinery was installed in the prison twine factory last year and the increased supply will enable the state to go into the open market against the trust.

Teachers Hired.

At a meeting of the school board held last week, the following teachers were hired for the next year:

Prof. Hay, Supt., per annum	$1,500
Jennie Philips, per month	75.00
Adella Johnson, per month	75.00
Marian Annand, per month	52.50
Ida Siermann, per month	50.00
Elinore O'Donnel, per month	50.00
Golda Hill, per month	50.00
Hattie Nickerson, per month	50.00
Vera Wilhelm, per month	47.50
Mary Osborn, per month	47.50
Lyda McDougal, per month	50.00
Imogene Pryor, per month	50.00
Mary McGinn, per month	47.50
Emma Bakke, per month	47.50
Elsie Adler, per month	50.00
Edith Coleman, per month	47.20
Edith Day, per month	45.00
Racheal Schrapel, per month	47.50
Olga Kretzschmar, per month	45.00
Emma Lakin, per month	45.00

Dr. Tupper Recovering.

Dr. George Tupper was taken sick last Thursday evening with a severe attack of pneumonia. The disease grew rapidly worse and on Monday it was thought that the chances were against his recovery. Yesterday, however, his condition was greatly improved and it is now thought that he will be entirely well in a short time.

For Sale—Two good milch cows. Apply to postmaster at Sorum, Minn.

YOU MUST BE PROMPT

New Ordinance by the Council Regarding Pay for Electric Lights.

A Ten Per Cent Penalty Will Be Added After the 10 of Each Month.

A new ordinance was introduced at a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening and after its passage Superintendent Peterson will no longer call upon the patrons of the electric light plant to collect pay for lights. The new ordinance provides that each person using electric lights is compelled to call at the city clerk's office between the first and 10th of each month and settle for his light bill. If the bill is not paid by the 10th, a penalty of 10 per cent is added and if not paid before the 15th, the electric current shall be cut off and not restored again until all arrears are paid in full and an additional $2 for restoring the electric current.

A petition was received from a number of residents on Tindolph avenue on the East side asking that the street be graded and this was granted.

Another petition asking that parts of Fifth and Sixth streets and Duluth and Arnold avenues be graded was also granted.

The ordinance annexing P. Meehan's addition to the first ward of the city was passed.

Mayor Grundy appointed the following library board:

One year—Mrs. Stanton, Mrs. Bishop and Dr. Tupper.

Two years—Mrs. Melgaard, Mrs. Bryant and George K. Fargo.

Three years—Mrs. Jackson, Prof. J. H. Hay and L. M. Hoag.

Flax.

Prospects for flax prices are said to be good. The comparatively low prices at which the last crop was marketed were not due to the size of the crop itself, but to the fact that the accumulated reserve carried forward from the large crops of 1902 and 1903, which had been artificially held off the market, were released, and did more than anything else to depress the price. These reserves, with the crop of 1905, amounted to about 10,000,000 bushels more than the country's annual consumption, but with export sales and an enlarged domestic demand, the entire load has been well absorbed and by the time we can harvest another crop will be pretty well out of the way. The world's situation on flax is very strong, stronger than at any time since 1901, and with nothing in sight to make it weak.

Subscribe for the News.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

JACOBSON IS A CANDIDATE

Announcement Is Made in Minneapolis Last Saturday.

People Know What He Stands for and No Platform Is Necessary.

J. F. Jacobson, of Madison, visited Minneapolis last Saturday, and announced himself a candidate for the republican nomination for governor.

The Jacobson boom has covered the state in advance of his declaration, and his friends have been impatient for him to break the silence. He refused for months to discuss the matter, but sat still and watched developments. The long-awaited statement has come at last.

"I am now satisfied," said Mr. Jacobson to a Minneapolis Journal reporter, "that my name will go before the convention whether I consent to it or not. Judging by the support that I am receiving from all portions of the state, my friends will never be satisfied without being allowed to use my name in connection with the nomination.

"I will say, therefore, that if the convention decides that I am the man to nominate for governor, I will accept the nomination, and I will make the best campaign for election of which I am capable."

"Will you announce a platform?" he was asked.

"As to that," the old war horse replied, "I can only say that I have been in public life in this state for at least twenty years, and have made a record, such as it is. If that record is not a better indication of what I am likely to do if elected governor than anything I can say at this time, then I neither deserve nor want the nomination."

There will not be any Jacobson headquarters, and the Madison man does not propose to be drawn into any pre-convention controversy.

"I have been called a radical a good many times," said Mr. Jacobson in the course of conversation, "but I don't believe I have ever advocated anything that wasn't for the best interests of the people of this state. The first thing I fought for in the legislature was an open market for the farmers' grain. They were being held up for 7 or 8 cents a bushel at that time. I was called a radical, but we passed the bill and it hasn't hurt any legitimate interests. It is the same with the railroad measures I have worked for. They called me a radical for supporting a measure to make the railroads put in joint rates, but all admit now it is a good thing. I was laughed at for introducing the 4 per cent gross earnings bill, but now the only kick we hear is that the rate was not made 5 or 6 per cent. A good many didn't like it because I stood, when I was in the legislature, for economy, and for keeping our appropriations within the revenue that we provided, but it was the only way to run state finances."

Introducing Mr. Quigley.

Mr. Hugh Quigley left Wednesday morning for Thief River Falls, where he goes in the employ of the Northwestern Telephone Co. He intends to talk to and see the farmers in regard to allowing the company to string their wires and erect poles on their property. He has been very successful in working for the same company in this city, and his experience should made it easy sailing for him among the farmers.—East Grand Forks Valley View.

A Long Bridge.

The Great Northern has commenced the construction of a bridge east of the tank at what is known as the big fill in Red Lake Falls. The bridge will be 500 feet long and the preparatory work will require the driving of at least fifteen carloads of 60 foot piles. Considerable necessary work is now being done on the approaches to the Clearwater and Red Lake river bridges.

A TALE OF SUFFERING

A Settler Alone Four Days Suffering from a Broken Leg.

Had Nothing to Eat During All of This Time.

A tale of suffering and torment seldom equaled in its intenseness comes from the town of Eden, south of here in Polk county, where, helpless and without food, Ole T. Lund lay in his homestead dwelling for four days suffering with a broken leg and at the same time without a morsel in the house to eat. His terrible experience of those four lonesome, frightful days can only be faintly imagined and many less courageous and determined would have lost their mind under like conditions.

It appears that Mr. Lund met with the accident by which his leg was broken while carrying an armful of wood into his house Thursday of last week. Unable to bring assistance through calling, as his home is some distance from his nearest neighbors, he finally crawled into the house, where, unfortunately, he had failed to provide a supply of food, expecting to procure some necessities later, when the misfortune occured. All that sustained him from that time until the following Monday was the coffee that he had previously prepared. Lying upon his bed he was able to reach his precious coffee and its drinking stimulated his weakening self to waiting—waiting hour after hour throughout those weary days for some one to come to him.

Not until Monday afternoon did a soul appear, and hope had almost left him when two neighbor boys came to the house upon an errand and discovered his awful plight. As quick as it was possible to provide him with food and a physician, this was done, and although Mr. Lund's condition is a serious one, for the break in his limb was a severe one, and its remaining without attention for so long a time makes his recovery necessarily slow, although it is believed by Dr. Slippern, of Fosston who attended him, that his strong constitution will enable Mr. Lund to recover within reasonable time.

The unfortunate young man is a son of Thron Lund, also of Eden town, and is well known throughout his section of the county.

GOING TO CANADA.

A Large Number of the Residents North of Here Are on the Move.

The exodus to the Canadian Northwest this spring surpasses anything in the previous history of this locality. Nearly every train on the Great Northern is carrying settlers from around Middle River and Greenbush enroute to the Canadian Northwest. Of course, this is the time of the year when people are likely to move, and some new families are likely to move, and some new families are coming in, but the rush to those newer countries is to be regretted. Taking one year with another, this section offers infinitely more advantages to either the poor man or the rich man than the wind swept prairies of the far northwest, but two wet seasons, with an immense amount of booming by the real estate speculators, has started a movement that it is difficult to check.

Race Against Time.

The Great Northern must get their branch of the Greenbush extension into Roseau by June 1st to collect the $7,000 bonus which has been offered by that village, and the contractors who have the work in hand are being pushed to the limit to get the work done by that time. Traveling men who have been in that vicinity lately say that new buildings are going up on every hand and the whole country is experiencing a tremendous boom.

When You Want Anything in the

HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing Job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialties, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING CO.

Phone 221

WARNING OF CANADA BANK

Says Inflation of Land Values Will Bring Trouble Before Long.

There Is Too Much Speculating in Canadian Lands at Present.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce, one of the strongest financial institutions in Canada, has issued a very elaborate report setting forth the resources of Canada, but even this institution issues a note of warning against the indiscriminate speculation in real estate in the Canadian northwest. The report says:

That men should invest or speculate in land where land is almost the one great asset is inevitable; that farmers should buy and try to hold more land than they can easily cultivate, although they are dependent upon an uncertain labor market, is quite natural under the circumstances; but when an entire community—merchants, farmers, manufacturers, professional men and clerks—is engaged in the effort to increase the price of land, trouble must come sooner or later. There are, of course, many things transpiring which will legitimately advance the market value of land in town and country, but these influences are at the moment probably less powerful than the mere views of a community bent on holding for a rise land for which many have no personal use. Some day or other an uncomfortably large number will wish to sell at the same time, and grievous loss will doubtless result.

A NEW FLAX.

One That Will Yield 26 Per Cent More Than Common Varieties.

The new variety of flax originated by the Minnesota Experiment Station in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture, and distributed in 1905 to the farmers of Minnesota, has proven a very valuable variety for Minnesota. A pamphlet recently issued by the experiment station giving the results of the 1905 tests, show this new flax to have yielded 3.1 bushels or 26 per cent more than the common varieties grown by the farmers. These figures are based on the results of tests reported by 48 farmers in different sections of the state, who grew this flax and their common varieties under similar conditions.

Every bushel of flax grown in 1905 should be used for seed in 1906. Every farmer who is raising flax should get some seed of this variety, and an increase of 26 per cent is certainly worth while. It means a much larger increase in profit, for the cost of growing is exactly the same.

The report also shows the new flax to be from five to ten days earlier than common varieties, which gives a considerable advantage in escaping damage from various sources, and in getting ahead of the weeds.

For a portion of the land sown to grain, flax is probably as profitable a crop as can be grown. That is, it yields as much in money value per acre as does any of the grain crops. Twine is now being made of flax straw which promises to make a market for considerable of this otherwise waste product.

Flax should not be grown on the same piece of ground oftener than once in seven years to ten years. If this precaution is taken there will be but little danger from flax wilt. Flax is an especially desirable crop to grow on late spring breaking. This will always make it a favorite crop where it is desired to leave the grass land for fall and spring pasture and break it up in June for a crop the same year.

There are over four thousand bushels of Minnesota 25 flax available for seed in Minnesota. It has been grown by farmers in nearly every county in the state, and is offered by them for sale at a reasonable price. A card to the experiment station will bring you a list of farmers who have seed of this variety for sale.

Making Preparations.

The village of Pelican Rapids is making preparations to entertain the Synodical Lutheran convention for the district of Minnesota, June 20 to 24, and the convention is likely to be the largest religious gathering in Minnesota this year. The Minnesota district comprises the greater part of Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana and the Canadian Northwest, and the Synodical Lutheran church is the strongest Norwegian church in America. There are about 300 congregations in this district, and fully this number of delegates are expected. The convention will be held in the Synodical Lutheran church of Pelican Rapids, which is one of the finest brick church edifices in the western part of the state.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

IS AGAINST DIVISION.

John Olson, of Germantown, Does Not Favor County Division.

Favors Better Roads Rather Than Another Court House.

Editor News: I hereby take the opportunity offered in your last week's paper of expressing my opinion regarding the division of Marshall county.

We are getting along very well with one court house and one set of books and officers; why, then, go to the expense of dividing and having two? We, in the eastern part, need money more for building good roads than for building a court house and running a county for ourselves.

I feel safe in saying that every taxpayer of Grand Plain township will know enough to vote against a division at this time. Respectfully,

JOHN OLSON,
Germantown, Minn.

GERMANTOWN.
(Too late for last week.)

Miss Gustine Trytten left last Monday for Hatton, N. D., where she will work during the coming summer.

A baby girl was born to Rev. and Mrs. H. Bjornson last Sunday.

Our town board of appointment has had considerable trouble in finding a justice of the peace and a road overseer for this town, as those elected in the first place would not qualify. After that the board of appointment appointed a justice and a road overseer, but they did not want the office, so last week the honorable board met again and appointed Oscar Hovelsoe for justice and Detlef Dau for road overseer in district No. 4. We hope they will accept, as they are both well qualified for the offices.

Louis Bendickson made a trip over to Highlanding last week to fish, but didn't succeed in catching many.

Mr. Dau downed two geese the other day.

Everybody who has cream is bringing it to the creamery and everything runs smoothly so far.

Mr. Berggren, our buttermaker, is very much pleased with our creamery plant and says it is a model one in every respect.

The division of Marshall county may be alright in twenty years from now, but the time for a division is certainly not ripe yet.

For Sale—A 14-shoe drill—new—will be sold at cost. M. C. Burns.

Do You Want to Get the

BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

THE NEWS,
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

pu'ri-ty

THE STANDARD DICTIONARY SAYS

pu'ri-ty, n. 1. The character or state of being pure, in any sense. (1) Freedom from foreign or adulterating matter.

Hamm's Beer justly lays claim to absolute purity because it IS free "from foreign or adulterating matter." The Dairy and Food Commissioners of Minnesota, South Dakota and other states have declared Hamm's Beer to be absolutely pure. Satisfy yourself. We invite you to have an analysis made. We will cheerfully pay the fee of any reputable chemist.

Hamm's Beer is brewed in the most scientific way from the choicest hops and barley.

IT CONTAINS NO CORN OR CORN PRODUCTS

Because of these facts the public can be sure that there is ONE beer which is absolutely PURE and GOOD.

Hamm's

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 19, 1906.

Most men who hold county political jobs live between hope and expectancy the year round. The hope to be elected and expectancy of defeat.—Walker Pilot.

The man who owns a good farm, free from mortgage and invests more of his money at home in better living, making his home and home surroundings cheerful is the center of a small financial world, into which many who are in the busy world would gladly step.—Bemidji Pioneer.

If the republicans of Minnesota really want a candidate who can beat Governor Johnson they should nominate Senator A. D. Stephens, of this city. As a vote getter, Senator Stephens has few, if any, betters. His campaigns for mayor of Crookston and his contest for nomination and election to the senate four years ago strikingly demonstrated this fact. The republicans of Minnesota have this year got to have a man who can get votes, and if there is any man in the state who can get all there are to be had, it is Senator Stephens.—Crookston Times.

While Senator Stephens is a very big man in the city of Crookston and Polk county, we are inclined to think that he would get rather thin when spread out over the whole state of Minnesota. That he is a good fellow, there can be no doubt, but his record as a legislator is not one that would inspire any great amount of enthusiasm upon the part of the people of the state.

Make Your Grocer Give You Guaranteed

Cream of Tartar Baking Powder

Alum Baking Powders interfere with digestion and are unhealthful.

Avoid the alum.

A wholesale slaughter of horses is to take place in the state of Washington this month. In the west central part of that state there are still considerable ranges where horses are running wild, and the cattle-men object to them on the ground that they eat the grass which would otherwise furnish pasturage for their cattle. These horses, or rather ponies, are worth very little and the cattlemen are planning to round them up and kill them, as they believe this is the easiest way to get rid of them. It is estimated that from 18,000 to 20,000 horses will be ruthlessly slaughtered. The ranges are largely government land, where the horses have about as much right as the cattlemen, but this will make no difference when the round-up occurs.

Judge Amidon, of the United States court, created quite a sensation at the annual meeting of the State Bar association Wednesday. Judge Amidon knows what he is talking about and his remarks regarding criminal practice were very much to the point. He said:

We have long ago passed the point where it is possible to convict an innocent man. The problem that confronts us today is whether it is possible to convict a guilty one. The administration of criminal law has broken down. It is an unworkable machine. True, we convict men and send them to the penitentiary, but, if the accused has money to hire counsel, or, as we say, to make a fight, he can escape. The case can be enmeshed in such a mass of technicalities—beclouding the issue and confusing the minds of the jurors—as to generally result in a miscarriage of justice.—Fergus Falls Journal.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The legislature that will pass, and the governor that will sign, a bill putting a stop to fraudulent selling of stock in wildcat mining and industrial schemes, will earn the everlasting gratitude of the people of Minesota. Scarcely a town but can present the tale of working men or women, as well as others, who have invested their hard earned savings in some scheme that never will succeed, nor is expected to succeed. There is much more money—for the promoters—in selling stock than in developing the proposition. Smooth and slick promoters have no difficulty in finding victims in every walk of life. No one may deserve to be protected from the consequence of his own folly, but so many hundred thousand dollars have been thrown away in this manner, that the beneficent hand of the state should be stretched out to save and protect. It ought to be possible to devise legislation which will not injure any legitimate proposition, but will at the same time give merited punishment to those who promote the many swindles.—Little Falls Herald.

No More Crop Failures.

It is mighty pleasant to hear the secretary of agriculture at Washington talk when he pronounces views like those he has been delivering lately. The other day he said that there will be no more crop failures in this country.

The reasons he assigns are interesting, and very plausible. "Farming," he said, "is fast being reduced to a science, if it may not be said that it has reached that stage already. Scientific methods now prevail. Deep plowing, soil investigation, seed selection, improved machinery, all combine to assure the farmers at harvest time of a fair reward for their toil and outlay.

This is all very true. The hit-or-miss methods of ancient days linger only in a few spots so far immune from progress. Much of the uncertainty that formerly attended crop raising has been eliminated by careful study of methods and conditions. For instance, in the early days in South Dakota, when settlers first rushed in, conditions were excellent for wheat growing, and marvelous crops were produced. Naturally everybody did nothing but raise wheat. Later, dry seasons and climatic conditions showed that in certain parts the wheat crop could not be depended upon, and now they have diversified their farming so that they are no longer so susceptible to climatic afflictions as they used to be.

Of course no agricultural methods, no matter how scientific, can affect climate, or can guard against drouth or flood or hail. But where such calamities are likely to befall, crops may be introduced less likely to suffer from them, and the effects of their siverity thus in a measure reduced.

One commentator on Secretary Wilson's talk adds that one reason crop failures are no longer noticed so much, as they used to be, is that the field of agriculture has been so much extended that conditions which may produce an absolute crop failure in one section will not affect another. If the peach crop fails in Georgia, Delaware, New Jersey and Michigan come to the rescue, and vice versa. If the apples of New England have a bad year, Missouri or Michigan are likely to have a good year, so the general market is not seriously affected. So wide has the field of agriculture grown, extending as it does from Atlantic to Pacific, that nothing short of an almost unimaginable general calamity could produce anything like a crop failure that would seriously affect the supplies of the country.

But there can be no doubt that improved methods and the growing habit of farming with brains have vastly decreased the liability to crop losses, and for this the studies of the department of agriculture are to a considerable extent entitled to the credit.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

From all quarters come reports that the situation around Mount Vesuvius has ameliorated, but ashes are falling everywhere, houses are collapsing and burying their occupants and roads near the volcano are no sooner opened than they are closed again by falling cinders. Frequent detonations are still heard, but faintly. The rain of ashes over the Mediterranean side of the volcano has diminished. The heaviest fall is now over Somma, Santa Anastasia and other villages in a section opposite and distant from Naples.

Weakened by the weight of sand and cinders from Mount Vesuvius the Mount Olivoto market at Naples, which covered a plot of ground 600 feet square, fell upon 200 or more persons, many of whom were crushed and mangled beyond recognition. Twelve were killed, 2 mortally injured, 24 dangerously and 100 less seriously injured.

General Cipriano Castro has retired temporarily from the presidency of Venezuela. The official announcement gives as Castro's reason for resigning that "he desires to retire to restful private life for some time owing to the strenuous work his position exacts and which he has so successfully carried on for several years."

The famine among the peasants in the Riazan, Kazan, Simbirsk and Tula provinces of Russia has assumed an acute phase. The grain has all gone and among the peasants, who absolutely are without bread, hunger typhus has appeared. The mortality is especially large among the children.

The loss to property by the outbreak of Mount Vesuvius is estimated at $20,000,000 and it is announced that 50,000 persons have been rendered homeless. Torre del Greco, Sarno and San Gennaro have been evacuated and Portici, Ciricello, Poggio and Morino are practically uninhabitable.

One hundred and nine persons are said to have been killed and nineteen injured in the earthquake in the southern part of the island of Formosa Saturday. Further details, it is expected, will swell the death roll, as the shock was more severe than that of March 17.

The statistics regarding the 179 members so far elected to the lower house of the Russian parliament show that the Liberals have an overwhelming majority and that only five representatives are classed as reactionaries.

The religious troubles between the Catholics and Marinvits, the new Catholic sect, in many places in Poland are assuming a very serious phase. Indeed, the situation has almost reached the dignity of civil war.

Germany, with a population of 60,000,000, spent $672,585,000 for liquor last year.

LABOR NEWS.

The joint conference of anthracite operators and mine workers in New York city has adjourned sine die without reaching an agreement and negotiations have been practically suspended. The mine workers offered the operators the choice of two propositions—a resubmission of the miners' original demands with two amendments or that the whole controversy be placed before the strike commission. The operators made an informal reply, in which they intimated that they are not likely to accept either offer.

The Southwestern Coal Operators' association, at a meeting in Kansas City, decided to appeal to President Roosevelt to help effect a settlement of the differences existing between the operators and the bituminous miners now out in the Southwest.

The joint conference of Ohio operators and miners has adjourned finally without agreement. The independent operators, consisting of about 20 per cent of the output of the district, have signed the scale.

Eleven thousand members of the United Mine Workers' union in West Virginia have struck because of the refusal of the operators to grant the 1903 scale.

A break has occurred in the ranks of the operators in the Massillon (O.) district, five large producers having agreed to pay the wages demanded.

Iowa operators have agreed to pay the advance in wages asked by the miners and work will be resumed as soon as the scale has been signed.

The American steel foundry plant at Granite City, Ill., has closed down because of a strike of 300 of the 2,500 men employed.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

According to official information received in Washington Italian anarchists are arriving in the United States in great numbers at both Pacific and Atlantic seaports. The diplomatic representatives of the Italian government have positive information to this effect and have brought the matter to the attention of the United States.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are *Practical* stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a *Thoro and Practical* training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, . . . Minnesota

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

Falls Candy Kitchen

For Candies Always Right Fresh From the Kettle. . . .

F. JACKSON & COMPANY

Thief River Falls, Minn.

HAVING opened up a general line of reliable merchandise, I wish to inform the public that my stock is now complete, consisting of dry goods, ladies' skirts, jackets, shirt waists, children's dresses, gents' furnishings, clothing, shoes, hats, caps, wall paper, groceries and crockery. My goods are new and of the latest styles. Prices guaranteed with any legitimate competition. I shall endeavor to please all with good treatment and good goods at the lowest possible cash price. I will have special sales on a few articles each week and quote you prices on these goods far below their actual value as you will notice by comparison with any other.

Ladies' Skirts. I handle the well-known Worth skirt. There is no better skirt made than this brand. For fine fitting, long wearing, they have no equal. We would like the pleasure of showing you these garments. Prices range from $4.00 to $10.00. Special for next week, skirt like cut, made of good all-wool panama cloth, at....................$5.00

Petticoats. Special for Saturday and next week. A good mercerized sateen petticoat, value to $1.75; your choice of 50 or more for only....................98c

See window display.

Shoes. I handle the well-known Gotzian shoe; every pair warranted to satisfy or another pair in place. Men's shoes from $2.00 to $4.50. All the newest lasts. Ladies' from $2.00 to $3.50. The New Capital shoe at $3.00 is a dandy.

Ladies' ready-to-wear hats, nicely trimmed, all new up-to-date shapes, choice, each $1.98

Lace and embroidery sale next week; at your choice, a yard for either kind at 5c

Children's dresses, made of good quality zephyr gingham-percale and madras cloth; sizes from 1 to 14 years; price, from

25c to $1.48

Less than cost of material.

Corset covers. Corset covers made of extra fine muslin, nicely trimmed with lace and edging, tucked and ruffled. Special price, choice, only......48c

Wall paper from 15c to 40c a double roll, trimmed ready to hang. You can save money by buying here.

Pure food groceries. A complete stock of all kinds. Everything guaranteed satisfactory or your money back. Try our coffee. It can't be beat. Our pink package at 20c is a hummer.

Men's hats. The Roswell hat at $3.00; all the new shapes and colors. Others from....................$1 to $2.50

Monarch Brand shirts, Summit shirts and overalls, from............50c to $1
There is no better.

Ladies' coats for spring. This cut represents the very latest coat in grey plaid, at $7.00 to $15.00. We have them; also cravenettes from 6.75 to.....$15

Ribbon sale. All silk taffeta ribbons, sizes up to 80 or 5 inches wide; all colors and black. Value to 30c; special for next week, choice, a yard....................10c

Ladies' shirt waists and shirt waist suits. I have a large line of waists, the Banner Brand, percale waists from 39c to $1.25. Lawn waists from 75c to $2.50. Silk waists from............$2.50 to $7.50

Big selection of flowers, your choice, bunch....................25c

Phone your order to 264 and goods will be promptly delivered to any part of the City.

Yours to Please, **S. H. Sharbach.**

PHONE 264.

FIRST DOOR WEST OF P.O., DOBNER-MEEHAN BLOCK

MUST KEEP CARS CLEAN

Provisions to That End Are Contained in the New Code.

A Strict Surveillance Will Be Kept After This.

A strict surveillance of sanitary conditions in railway cars will be kept after this, if new rules provided by the new code are adopted by the state board of health.

The new rules will prohibit spitting upon the floors, furnishings or equipment of railway coaches, chair cars, parlor cars, sleeping cars, or depots, or on depot platforms. The State board will furnish signs, which the company must post, warning against spitting or throwing refuse on the floor, furnishings or vestibule.

All waiting rooms and restaurants, all depots must have one spittoon for every hundred square feet of floor space. The receptacles must be provided in the rooms of railway officials and employes and in their offices, work rooms, store rooms, etc. Every smoking car must have at least twelve of them. Every day coach, chair and parlor car must have at least four, and every sleeping car must have one for every compartment in day coaches, chair cars, parlor cars and sleeping cars must have two or more.

The drinking water and ice for cars and railway eating houses must be of unquestionable quality. A provision says that all receptacles for water must be so constructed that they can not be opened by any one except those in charge. The idea is to prevent passengers from opening the tops of the water holders and dipping handkerchiefs, cloths and other articles in the water.

The porters on sleeping cars must not be allowed to sleep on the car except in a special compartment, and they shall not be allowed to use the bedding intended for the passengers.

All the cars must be cleaned after each trip. They must be opened and aired and the movable articles, such as rugs and cushions, must, when practicable, be removed to the sunlight and left there for some time. The code gives special directions as to the method for cleaning and ventilating. Sleeping cars must be thoroughly disinfected once a month.

—Farm to rent—A good farm three miles from town, 30 acres under cultivation, good pasture and fire wood free. Inquire of D. P. O'Neill.

SOON TO BE HERE.

The Parland-Newhall Company to Be Here on the Evening of April 26.

The Parland-Newhall male quartette will appear at Evenson hall April 26, under the auspices of the City Lecture and Concert Course Bureau. The bad weather the first three numbers of this course makes it quite sure that there will be a deficit when all bills are paid. The people of the city should patronize this concert, because it comes with the best recommendations, and encourage those who have faithfully labored to give the people of the city a lecture course in every way the best that could be obtained for the money, and make the deficit, if any, as small as possible. Tickets on sale at Curtis's drug store next week. Admission, adults, 50 cents; children, 25 cents.

HIS HEART GAVE OUT.

Old Dahlin Died Suddenly in G. G. Williams' Saloon.

Was a Trapper and Hunter in This Section for Years.

G. M. Dahlin, a well known character who has made Thief River Falls his headquarters for the past number of years, died very suddenly in George Williams' saloon Tuesday morning of heart failure. Death came while he was sitting in a chair and those who were in the room at the time did not know that he was suffering any pain until he dropped to the floor dead.

Dahlin used to spend most of his time hunting and trapping, having at one time taken a claim up on the Tamarac river east of the Red Lake. The spring and part of the summer of each year he would spend in Thief River Falls and was quite well known here. So far as is known, he has no relatives around here. A number of years ago he lived up near Ringbo, and at that time was married, but later was divorced from his wife.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that all accounts due the firm of Robinson & Co. doing business at Thief River Falls are payable only to D. L. Sawyer who has been appointed receiver by order of the United States court. All persons are warned not to pay any account due said firm of Robinson & Co. to anyone but the undersigned or his agent.

D. L. SAWYER,
Receiver.

AN ELECTION IS CALLED

Matter of Voting Bonds to Be Submitted to the People.

Special Election Called for Saturday, April 28th.

A special meeting of the school board was held Monday evening, at which time a special election for the purpose of voting bonds to build new school houses was called. The following notice, issued by Clerk Mabey, explains the matter:

SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting in Independent School District No. 18, County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, will be held in the east room on the second floor of the City Hall building in the city of Thief River Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, in said district, on the 28th day of April 1906, at seven o'clock in the afternoon of said day to vote on the question of making an application to the State of Minnesota for a loan to be used in paying for the building of an addition to the central School building and an addition to the Knox School building, and for the repairing, completion and furnishing of the same, and for the completion of the High School building, all in said Independent School District; and that the bonds of said Independent School District bearing interest at the rate of four per cent per annum be issued therefor to the amount of eighteen thousand dollars, falling due not less than five nor more than twenty years from the date of issue, as the electors of said district may then determine.

This meeting is called upon the written request of five freeholders of said district, and also by the resolution of the Board of Education of said Independent School District No. 18, of the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1906.
[SEAL] PERL W. MABEY,
District Clerk.

A Wrestling Match.

Jim Parr, the middle-weight champion wrestler of England, and Billy Maynard, a wrestler well known in the Northwest and who visited Thief River Falls last summer, will give an exhibition in the Evenson hall some night next week under the auspices of the Eagle lodge. The affair promises to be an interesting one.

BUSINES CORNER SOLD.

G. Ammondson, of Ortonville, Buys the H. H. Olson Corner.

Expects to Erect a Brick Block Upon the Same This Year.

A very good illustration of the increase in real estate values of Thief River Falls during the past few years is shown in the sale of the H. H. Olson property at the corner of La Bree avenue and Second street Tuesday. This property, which is only a part of two lots, being 50x90 feet, and containing improvements of but little value, sold for $6,500 cash. The purchaser is G. Ammondson, a retired farmer of Ortonville, Minn., and he purchased the property for the purpose of speculation and it is the opinion of all that he made an exceptionally good deal. He expects in the near future to remove to Thief River Falls and make his home here and then will remove the present buildings and erect a modern brick structure, with store buildings fronting upon LaBree avenue and Second street.

Mr. Olson purchased this property eight years ago of C. J. Knox, one of the oldest real estate dealers in the city, for $800, and, besides collecting a large rental each year, has thus made a very handsome profit upon his purchase. At the time Mr. Olson bought this property from Mr. Knox, the price was considered a very handsome one.

IS POSTPONED.

The Matter of Hearing Testimony in the Robinson Will Case.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls Monday and held a special term of the probate court here to hear testimony regarding the admittance of the will of the late Sarah Ann Robinson for probate. Attorney S. Cooke, who is attorney for Mrs. Jessie Jackson, the daughter who started the contest, asked that the case be continued until the 14th of May, as it was not possible to secure some of the witnesses, and this was granted by the court, who will again come here on the 14th of May and hear the testimony, thus saving the parties interested the expense of making the trip to Red Lake Falls.

Amendment Adopted.

The amendment to the Indian appropriation bill giving the settlers on the eleven towns one year extension in their payments has been adopted by congress and will become a law when the Indian appropriations bill passes.

SOON TO START.

The Pioneer Sash and Door Factory to Commence Operations Soon.

The Pioneer Sash and Door Factory will start operations the latter part of this week or the first of next. The plant would have been started up before this had it not have been for delay caused by getting permission to put wires across the Great Northern right-of-way.

The company will give employment to a large number of men the year around and will be one of the institutions that will help to make Thief River Falls one of the most prosperous cities in the Northwest. Anyone figuring upon doing any building will find that this company will be in every way well able to serve them.

CONVENTION CALL MADE

Republicans to Meet in Red Lake Falls on June the 6th.

Chairman Watson Announces the Representation of Precincts.

Chairman Watson, of the Republican County Committee, has called a Republican county convention to meet in Red Lake Falls on Wednesday, June 6th, to elect nine delegates to the Republican state convention to be held in Duluth on the 13th of June. The primaries are to be held on Saturday evening between the hours of 7 and 8. The following is the number of delegates that Chairman Watson has figured each voting precinct is entitled to: Black River, 2; Bray, 2; Emardville, 2; Equality, 2; Garnes, 2; Gervais, 2; Lake Pleasant, 2; Lambert, 3; Louisville, 2; North, 2; Norden, 2; Numedahl, 2; Polk Center, 2; Poplar River, 3; Red Lake Falls township, 2; River Falls, 2; Rocksbury, 2; Sanders, 2; Terrebonne, 2; Wyandotte, 2; St. Hilaire, 3; City of Red Lake Falls, 1st ward, 2, 2nd ward, 2; 3rd ward, 2; City of Thief River Falls, 1st ward, 4; 2nd ward, 2; 3rd ward, 3; Silverton, 1; Clover Leaf, 1; Goodridge, 1; Smiley, 1; Kratka, 1; Highlanding, 1; Mayfield, 1; Deer Park, 1; Village of Plummer, 1.

A Deserter Surrenders.

Frank P. Chapman, who deserted from the U. S. army last fall at Fargo, N. D., surrendered himself at the local recruiting office the first of the week. A guard is expected here from Fort Snelling this week to take the prisoner back again.

HERE IS A BAD TANGLE

Woman of 80 Marries a Man of 70 and Signs Away Her Property.

Her Guardian Not Consulted in Marriage or Transfer of Property.

Probate Judge Mike Holm, of Roseau county, has more trouble on his hands at the present writing than a little in connection with an action started by Rev. B. L. Sundal, formerly of Crookston, as guardian of Mrs. Christie Johnson, nee Miss Christie Rud. It seems that in 1905 Christie, who had reached the age of 80, traveling without a helpmeet, lost her heart to Hans Johnson, a widower of 70 summers and as many winters. A year prior to that time, relatives had petitioned that a guardian be appointed for Christie as she was spending her goods in too lavish a manner, they claimed. The petition was granted and Rev. Sundal was appointed.

The guardian, however, was not consulted, as provided by law, when Christie was struck by one of Cupid's darts, and later, after her marriage, he was not consulted when Christie transferred her valuable farm to her son-in-law for a consideration of $1, and a verbal agreement that he support her during the balance of her life. The farm was later mortgaged for $1,400 and some of her live stock was included in another chattel mortgage for $300.

An action has been already started by the guardian, who is represented by E. O. Hagen, of Crookston, to have the transfer of the land set aside and the mortgages annulled and this case will be tried at the July term of the Roseau county district court before Judge Grindeland.

Christie has now made an application to Judge of Probate Holm to be restored to capacity, and there was a hearing upon this petition last Saturday, but as yet no decision has been rendered. Several Roseau county officials are interested in the outcome, as in their official capacity they may become involved should the guardianship not be dissolved.

To Build Rural Lines.

Mr Fant has decided to put out Farmers' rural lines in connection with the local exchange. This will enable them to talk among themselves as well as to communicate with the city. This system will be put in without asking the farmers to give any notes in part payment of the system. They will only have the monthly rent after the phones are installed.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

J. WALSETH, Norske Advokat. WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.

WALSETH & TAUTGES,
LAWYERS.

We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.

(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

CLARK & CARR,
LAWYERS:
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

S. COOKE,
LAWYER.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED EMBALMER
Coffins and Caskets. Hearse in Connection.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. G. R. Lanning,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak.

Bert D. Keck,
ARCHITECT
Plans and Specifications for
Modern and Up-to-date Buildings,
Superintendent of Construction.
CROOKSTON, : : : MINN.

DANIELSON & HAGEN,
CITY DRAY LINE.
G. N. and Soo Express Handled.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

Andrew Stenseth

The leading dealer in Thief River Falls city property, always has a number of choice bargains to offer. Before investing in real estate in any part of the city, you should see him and get his prices.

Office at corner of LaBree avenue and First street.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Always Order when you want the best beer Hamm's the beer with a flavor New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

Hotel
Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

GLASS OF THE ANCIENTS.

The Blowers of Thebes Were Experts Many Centuries Ago.

The glassblowers of ancient Thebes are known to have been as proficient in that particular art as is the most scientific craftsman of the same trade of the present day after a lapse of forty centuries of so called "progress." They are well acquainted with the art of staining glass and are known to have produced that commodity in great profusion and perfection. Rosselini gives an illustration of a piece of stained glass known to be 4,000 years old, both in tint and design. In this case the color is struck through the vitrified structure, and he mentions designs struck entirely in pieces from a half inch to three-quarters of an inch thick, the color being perfectly incorporated with the structure of the piece and exactly the same on both the obverse and reverse sides.

The priests of Ptah at Memphis were adepts in the glassmaker's art, and not only did they have factories for manufacturing the common crystal variety, but they had learned the vitrifying of the different colors and the imitation of precious stones to perfection. Their imitations of the amethyst and of the various other colored gems were so true to nature that even now, after they have lain in the desert sands from 2,000 to 4,000 years, it takes an expert to distinguish the genuine article from the spurious. It has been shown that, besides being experts in glassmaking and glass coloring, they used the diamond in cutting and engraving glass. In the British museum there is a beautiful piece of stained glass, with an engraved emblazonment of the monarch Thothmes III., who lived 3,400 years ago.

THE ATMOSPHERE.

First Attempt to Weigh It Was Made by Aristotle.

If we are to believe both legend and history, the first attempt to weigh air was that made by Aristotle, the great Greek philosopher of the fifth century. He first weighed an empty goatskin bag and then inflated it and again put it in the balances, and because he found no difference in weight under the two conditions announced to the world that air was a substance wholly without weight.

With modern laboratory apparatus most any high school scholar can demonstrate the fact that a flask of ten cubic inches capacity weighs fully three grains more when filled with air than it does after being placed under the exhaust of an air pump. The numerous experiments that have been made on the weight of air warrant the scientists in announcing that the weight of the whole terrestrial atmosphere is about equal to that of a solid copper ball sixty-two miles in diameter. The philosophers have also shown that the weight of the atmosphere must be limited to where gravity overcomes the centrifugal force. If it were of equal density throughout its height above the earth, it could not extend a greater altitude than 27,818 feet, which would leave about 1,200 feet of Mount Everest sticking out above the atmosphere. It is a well known fact, however, that air loses its weight and density as we ascend from the sea level, and calculations which have been made on that basis go to show that there may be a stratum of very thin air at a height of 21,000 miles.

The Use of Quinine.

People who suffer with the liver and who get run down in nerve strength sometimes complain that quinine does them no good, says a physician. The reason is this: When quinine passes into the intestine it is acted on by the bile and forms with it a salt that is soluble only in a great excess of bile, so it passes out of the system without entering the blood at all. To prevent this bilious persons ought to clear out the bile by a good liver pill or a saline purgative before the quinine is taken. Even when the liver is not affected it is always best to take such medicines before using quinine.

The Earth and Man Compared.

If it were possible for a man to construct a globe 800 feet in height—much less than twice the height of the Washington monument—and to place upon any portion of its surface an atom one four thousand three hundred and eightieth of an inch in diameter and one one hundred and twentieth of an inch in height, it would correctly denote the proportions man bears to the gigantic globe upon which he stands.

A Kissing Duel.

At some amateur theatricals in Victoria two people in the stalls, whenever the heroine was kissed, kissed each other loudly and with ostentation. It turned out that the man in the audience was the husband of the heroine, who disapproved of her theatrical tastes and, with the help of an amiable friend, took this way of reproving them.—Sydney (Australia) Bulletin.

An Accomplishment to Be Revived.

Tommy Hardupppe—Can you whistle, Mr. Wigwag? Wigwag—No, my boy. My whistling days are over. Tommy—Then you'd better learn again. Wigwag—Why? Tommy—'Cause I heard pop say he owed you some money and you'd have to whistle for it.

Fixed For Life.

"I can't understand how that young lawyer lives. I've never heard of him having a client."

"You haven't? Why, he is one of the people who helped to break old Biggerson's will. He doesn't need clients."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Many a tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—Shakespeare.

LOST LITERATURE.

Fire and Water Have Destroyed Many Great Books.

The fine literature absolutely lost is very considerable. Of classical literature alone books could be filled with the mere names of works, never to mention the mutilated state of many that survive. The causes of loss are few. Fire is the most common. Ben Jonson by the fire in his house lost an entire drama of the life of Henry V., with notes, and a number of other works. The fire of London was responsible for the loss of many valuable works of the Elizabethan period and of much early English poetry. A severer blow to lovers of Anglo-Saxon literature was the burning of the Cottonian library in 1731, when a vast quantity of old manuscripts was destroyed. In 1752 by a fire in Lincoln's Inn Fields a large collection of manuscripts and pamphlets, gathered with great labor by Lord Chamberlain Somers, was lost. About the same time Davies' notes on Cicero's "De Officiis" were lost by a fire in Strand, London.

The second great cause of loss is the ocean, whose "greedy maw" swallows all kinds of treasure so remorselessly. Early in the fifteenth century Guarino Veronese was returning to Constantinople with a shipload of classical manuscripts. The vessel was wrecked and the treasures lost, a misfortune which turned the scholar's hair white in a few hours. Our own Spenser suffered serious loss by shipwreck of a servant crossing from Ireland. The last six books of the "Faerie Queene" and a number of translations and poems, including "Dreams," "The Court of Cupid" and "The Hell of Lovers," were thus consigned to a watery grave. In 1600, on the death of Vincentio Pinelli, his library was packed in three vessels bound for Naples. One was attacked by pirates, who flung out the books and papers into the sea and along the shore, some of the latter being picked up by the inhabitants and used to stuff windows with. Toward the close of the last century a servant of Warburton came across a unique mass of manuscript plays, which she used up in lighting fires and making pie crust frills. And everybody remembers how a domestic of John Stuart Mill consigned to the flames a part of Carlyle's "French Revolution." The horror of Mill at the loss and the "agony" of Carlyle in rewriting the work are now matters of history.

A very curious loss was occasioned in Italy in the fourteenth century when Raimondo Soranzo loaned the manuscript of Cicero's "De Gloria" to a friend, who pawned it and died before its hiding place could be discovered.—London Telegraph.

Paradise Myths.

Paradise opinions seem to owe much of their popularity to peculiar local fitness. The inhabitants of the Kongo basin believe that paradise is a "valley of peace," where good spirits float about continually engaged in catching mosquitoes and thus protecting the sleep of kings and great men who are in a perpetual slumber.

The inhabitants of the hot, sandy, shadeless desert island of Botocu imagine paradise to be a land of cool streams, shaded by gigantic forest growths. It may be well to mention in this connection that the heaven ideas of all desert dwellers pictures a thickly wooded hereafter.

The Yokoots of eastern Siberia believe that heaven will be a country provided with ready lighted fires and many blubbering kettles and fish oil.

When the Rev. Claus Hansen, a Norwegian missionary, was picturing heaven to an Eskimo the savage flatly refused to embrace Christianity because, according to his idea, the hereafter should provide plenty of ice, snowshoes and sea monsters.

Milling the Edges.

Before the year 1631 English coins were simply pieces of metal stamped by driving a die down on them with a hammer. In the days when money had a much greater intrinsic value than it has now this offered a great temptation to coin clippers, and mutilation of the coinage became such a serious offense that men were hanged and women were burned for it. So far did the mutilation go that when Sir Isaac Newton was appointed master of the mint in 1695 it was calculated that the silver coins in circulation only averaged about half their legal weight. The practice of milling was first adopted in France, when a screw press invented by a Frenchman was used. The first milled coins were made in London in 1631, but the old stamped coins were still issued, and it was not until 1690 that unmilled coins ceased to be legal tender. The cost of making the milled coinage universal and so putting a stop to clipping was £1,200,000. It was to meet this expense that the window tax was levied.—London Graphic.

Garrick and Dr. Johnson.

There is a characteristic glimpse of Garrick in J. T. Smith's "Book For a Rainy Day:" "On a night when Mr. Garrick was acting the part of Lear one of the soldiers who stood on the stage blubbered like a child. Mr. Garrick, who was as fond of a compliment as most men, when the play was over sent for the man to his room and gave him half a crown. It was the custom formerly for two soldiers to stand on the stage during the time of performance, one at either end of the proscenium."

Of Dr. Samuel Johnson in a state of high indignation Smith offers this picture: "I once saw him follow a sturdy thief, who had stolen his handkerchief in Grosvenor square, seize him by the collar with both hands and shake him violently, after which he quickly let him loose, and then with his open hand gave him so powerful a smack on the face that sent him off the pavement staggering."

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss.

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,
against
Charles C. Eklund, Anna Eeklund, T. C. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 20th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. mar 29 may 3

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Dragging Down Pains

are a symptom of the most serious trouble which can attack a woman, viz: falling of the womb. With this, generally, comes irregular and painful periods, weakening drains, backache, headache, nervousness, dizziness, irritability, tired feeling, etc. The cure is

WINE OF Cardui
The Female Regulator

that wonderful, curative, vegetable extract, which exerts such a marvelous, strengthening influence, on all female organs. Cardui relieves pain and regulates the menses. It is a sure and permanent cure for all female complaints.

At all druggists and dealers in $1.00 bottles.

"I SUFFERED AWFUL PAIN in my womb and ovaries," writes Mrs. Naomi Bake, of Webster Grove, Mo., "also in my right and left sides, and my menses were very painful and irregular. Since taking Cardui I feel like a new woman and do not suffer as I did. It is the best medicine I ever took."

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Oscar Mattson, H. E. No. 7,899, for the NE¼, Sec. 11, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Joseph Hedlund, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 apr 26

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew H. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 153 North of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 597, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 263, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 24, Tp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 255, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 5 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 325, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Hultin, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Freeberg, " "
Svenke K. Dahle, " "
Tom R. Ryenstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Joseph Hedlund, H. E. No. 7,900, for the NW¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Oscar Mattson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

march 29 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4, 1906, viz: Jacob Jonas, H. E. 917, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Judd, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew H. Helgeson, " "
Rudolph Fergus, " "
August Krause, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Hans H. Jacobson, H. E. 770, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Nels Olson, of Brunkerberg, Minn.
Thom Thomson " "
Nils J. Herr, of Germantown, "
Oswold Oss, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: John J. Cahill, H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3, 4, N½ SW¼, Sec. 21 and Lot 8 Sec. 20 Tp. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John [illegible], of Krause, Minn.
John Johnson, " "
Carl Jensen, " "
Samuel L. Heasey of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

ONE EXPECTED TO DIE

THREE MEN BADLY HURT AS RESULT OF ROW AT MINNEAPOLIS CELEBRATION.

Herman Koenig, Aged Sixty, Seriously Wounds Mill City Young Woman and Commits Suicide—Nearly $7,000 in Cash and Certificates of Deposit Found Buried on Farm Near New Ulm—General State News.

Minneapolis, April 16.—There were three men taken to Minneapolis hospitals at night as a result of a fight on the flats under the Washington avenue bridge. One of the victims has his head cut open and may die. Another has his left eye gouged out, and the third one has a broken jaw. One man is under arrest and is being held to await the outcome of the injuries of the victim whose head is split open.

According to the police version, the fight was the culmination of a three-day annual celebration which has been in progress on the flats. It is said that the three victims are woodsmen who came to the city especially to participate in the celebration. It is not known what started the trouble.

When the police arrived they found John Hreeduy, 1507 Second street south, unconscious with two wounds on his head, which apparently had been inflicted with an ax. He was taken to the Swedish hospital and is in a critical condition.

John Robur and John Jonawott, 77 Wood street, were also found unconscious in the street. Robur's left eye is gouged out. Jonawott is suffering from a broken jaw.

John Nooko was arrested and is accused of having inflicted the injuries sustained by Hreeduy.

TRAGEDY IS A MYSTERY.

Aged Man Fatally Shoots Niece and Kills Himself.

Minneapolis, April 13.—Calling his niece into his room and telling her that he had a present for her Herman Koenig, aged sixty, sent a bullet crashing through the head of Mrs. S. E. Boothman, aged twenty-six, causing what may prove to be a mortal wound, and then turning the weapon upon himself blew out his brains.

The whole affair is shrouded in mystery. No one knows of any trouble between the two and no cause for the terrible double tragedy can be learned.

Koenig is a retired business man from Stillwater. For the past year, since the Boothmans moved into the house at Ninth street south, he has made them frequent visits and about two months ago he took up his permanent residence with them. Mr. Boothman is a traveling man and was absent from the city at the time of the tragedy.

Later it developed that Koenig was no relation of Mrs. Boothman and that he had a wife and three children residing in Minneapolis. It is claimed that he was infatuated with Mrs. Boothman and that he rented a room from her in her flat on Ninth street and passed most of his time there.

JAR OF MONEY LOCATED.

Nearly $7,000 Buried on Property of Deceased Farmer.

New Ulm, Minn., April 13.—Fred Kuehn, an old farmer, died several weeks ago in the township of Sigel and left an estate which was valued at $17,000. Otto Schell was appointed special administrator by the probate court and in making an inventory of the property only about $10,000 could be found, being mostly in land and live stock.

Kuehn was known as an eccentric character and always kept his financial affairs to himself.

The premises were repeatedly searched since his death for hidden treasures and work was about to be abandoned when the special administrator and August Schultz, a relative, stumbled upon a suspicious looking place near some plum trees.

They began excavating and found a jar encased with shingles, barely covered with earth. It contained $6,815, of which $1,635 was in gold and $40 in currency and the rest in notes and certificates of deposit.

BROTHERS DIE ON SAME DAY.

One Was Ninety Years of Age and the Other Eighty-six.

Preston, Minn., April 10.—John and Michael Sheids, aged ninety and eighty-six years, respectively, were buried here during the day. The brothers had resided here for over fifty years. Their late homes were only three blocks apart and both died on the same day without having been seriously ill.

Great Northern Train Derailed.

Duluth, April 12.—Great Northern passenger train No. 36, eastbound, while running at considerable speed, was derailed at the front end by striking some loose ties on the bridge at the entrance to Cass Lake. Engineer O'Flaherty of Superior was killed. The fireman jumped, was severely injured but will recover.

Struck by Lightning.

St. Paul, April 13.—Ben Reinhardt, 798 Preble street, was struck by lightning and seriously hurt during the storm early in the evening. O. W. Miller, employed with Reinhardt in the barn of the Interurban Express company on Willius street, near Ninth, suffered from shock at the same time.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The jury in the case of John F. Gaynor and Benjamin F. Greene, on trial at Savannah, Ga., has returned a verdict of guilty on all three indictments after a trial lasting thirteen and a half weeks. Messrs. Greene and Gaynor were charged with conspiracy to defraud the government and embezzlement in connection with the big government engineering works in the vicinity of Savannah. Judge Speer sentenced the prisoners each to a term of four years in the penitentiary and to a fine of $575,749, the amount each is charged with having fraudulently obtained from the United States government.

At Springfield, Mo., Saturday night a mob of 3,000 men took two negroes, Horace Duncan and Jim Copeland, from the county jail, hanged them to the Goddess of Liberty in the courthouse square, built a fire under them and roasted them to death. The men were charged with assaulting Mabel Edwards, but protested they were innocent. Early Sunday morning the mob again visited the jail and lynched Will Allen, colored, the alleged murderer of a white man.

The race trouble at Springfield, Mo., was accentuated Monday evening when Leslie Peters, sixteen years old, shot and killed one of two negroes who attacked him while he was escorting a young lady home from a party. The negroes accosted him at the gate of the young lady's home and one of the negroes fired two shots from a revolver at him, but neither shot took effect. Peters immediately fired four shots at the negroes, killing one of them.

Fred O. Murray, recently appointed collector of the port of Buffalo, N. Y., and former treasurer of Erie county, has been indicted by the grand jury on a charge of stealing from the county of Erie sums aggregating $38,870 and receiving stolen property in a like amount. A number of other prominent officials also have been indicted.

Three men have been shot dead, a boy fatally wounded and a mining engineer, Eugene Delaney, taken to the hospital in a serious condition as a result of a riot at Windber, Pa., among the striking coal miners. The place is in a state of terror and an appeal has been made to Governor Pennypacker for troops.

At Hibbing, Minn., Steve Buckovitch shot and killed his brother Marco after the latter had inflicted what is almost certain to be a mortal knife wound on him. Steve is in the hospital, but is not expected to live.

Following a brutal attack on Obadiah Smith and his wife, an aged couple residing near Hampton, Ia., A. E. Evans, a prominent insurance man of Waterloo, committed suicide by shooting.

Samuel T. Rathel, one of the best known real estate dealers and auctioneers in St. Louis, killed himself by shooting.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The most disastrous marine collision in many years in the Soo passage occurred Monday when the steel steamers Saxona and Eugene Zimmerman came together at the foot of the dyke. The Zimmerman sank immediately, but the Saxona continued down the river for some distance before going to the bottom. Both steamers are of the highest class of lake craft and the loss will be heavy.

During a panic which followed a false cry of fire while 800 persons were participating in the Easter eve services in St. Ludamilla's Roman Catholic church at Chicago, three children were killed and a score of persons injured, several seriously and one perhaps fatally.

Three officers and four men were killed and a number of officers and men injured by the explosion of several charges of powder on board the United States battleship Kearsarge off the coast of Cuba.

While Philip Schneider was plowing on a farm a few miles south of Hammond, Ind., the plow struck several sticks of dynamite and Schneider and both horses were killed.

Mrs. Peter Anderson, her daughter, Mrs. Olaus Anderson, and the latter's two-year-old son are dead at Glyndon, Minn., as the result of a gasoline explosion.

About 200 horses and mules were burned to death in a fire that completely destroyed the auction stables of Moses Fox at Baltimore.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Ernest B. Kruttschnitt, chairman of the Louisiana Democratic state central committee and one of the most prominent lawyers in the South, is dead at New Orleans, aged fifty-four.

James A. Bailey, whose name is familiar throughout America and Europe as a showman, is dead at Mount Vernon, N. Y., aged fifty-nine years.

Professor Nathaniel S. Shaler, the eminent geologist and dean of the Lawrence Scientific school, is dead at Cambridge, Mass., from pneumonia.

Hoarce F. Brown of Oakland, Cal., well known as a mining engineer and author of several technical works, is dead in Chicago of heart failure.

Captain Duncan Kennedy, commanding the cruiser Colorado, is dead at Guantanamo, Cuba, as the result of an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. William J. Lemp, widow of William J. Lemp, Sr., founder of the William J. Lemp Brewing company of St. Louis, is dead.

Sir Robert Thoburn, who was the premier of Newfoundland from 1885 to 1890, is dead at St. Johns, N. F.

James Springer, American vice consul at Cardenas, Cuba, died suddenly of heart disease.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

"Billy" Sunday, the famous baseball evangelist, has been engaged to conduct a revival at Winona.

The body of Leonard Johnson of St. Paul, who has been missing since Dec. 7 last, has been found in the Mississippi river.

P. E. Woods, chief pumpman for the Duluth, Missabe and Northern railway, was accidentally killed by an ore train at Proctor.

John Oberg, a machine tender employed at a Cloquet saw mill, was killed by a train while on his way home from work.

J. F. Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle county has formally announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor.

W. A. Rudd, who was St. Paul manager for the Western Union Telegraph company several years, is dead at Boston as the result of an operation.

Over 4,500 acres of Crow Wing county land was sold by State Auditor Iverson at Brainerd Thursday at auction. Prices ranged from $6 to $15 an acre.

Mason McElroy, coachman for Fred B. Snyder of Minneapolis, was found dead in his employer's stable under circumstances that seem to indicate that he was kicked to death by a horse.

The Lake Superior and Southeastern, the new road being built to the Head of the Lakes and which is really the Wisconsin Central, will run its passenger trains into the Duluth union depot.

Jilted by her lover in Italy Mary Regina, a pretty Italian girl of Chisholm, twenty-five years old, shot herself through the neck with a double-barreled shotgun, dying almost immediately.

Warden Henry Wolfer of the state prison at Stillwater has been offered the position of warden of the state penitentiary of Illinois, located at Joliet, but he has decided to remain in Minnesota.

The Windsor hotel at St. Paul, one of the oldest and best known hostelries in the Northwest, has closed its doors. The property recently changed hands and it is said a large modern structure will be erected.

One of the big safes in the warehouse and storeroom of the Thompson Seed company of Albert Lea was blown open and wrecked one night last week. The knob was blown off a second one. About $400 was taken.

Miss Ruby Harvey of Bagley, Wis., a first year student in the Winona normal school, had her arms frightfully burned and now lies in a critical condition as a result of burns received while cleaning gloves with gasoline.

August Johnson, employed as watchman at the Duluth and Iron Range roundhouse at Two Harbors, was seriously injured by being struck in the face by a broom which had been saturated with oil and set afire by one of his fellow laborers.

William Peter is at St. Joseph's hospital, St. Paul, in a critical condition as the result of a friendly wrestling bout with Jim McAuley. The men were wrestling when McAuley secured a full Nelson on Peter and threw him heavily on his neck, dislocating the vertebrae.

Edward A. Vaughan, arrested in Denver several months ago in connection with the affairs of a grain brokerage office which was conducted under his name in Minneapolis for a short time last fall and winter, has been found guilty of using the United States mails in the perpetration of fraud.

St. Cloud is no longer under the "lid." The saloonkeepers have been notified that hereafter saloons will be allowed to remain open all day Sunday except during the hours of public worship. The regulations regarding week days remain as at present. The front doors must be closed at 11 o'clock and the places emptied before midnight.

Plans to make St. Paul the butter center of the state are under consideration by a committee appointed by the Commercial club. It is proposed to establish in that city a butter exchange where the greater part of the large supply of butter produced in Minnesota may be shipped and distributed to the various parts of the country.

Mrs. Dick Ferris, better known by her maiden name of Grace Hayward, has been granted a divorce by Judge Holt of the Hennepin county district court. The suit was brought on the ground of desertion and was not contested. Mr. Ferris is well known in Minneapolis and throughout the Northwest in connection with his theatrical enterprises.

Thomas J. Wainwright, alias A. W. Bartlett, who has attained national distinction in connection with the $120,000 robbery at the home and the safe deposit vault of Dr. J. N. Pinault of Minneapolis, was arraigned in the municipal court in that city. Acting as his own attorney he asked for a continuance and was granted one week longer to determine whether he will waive or demand examination in the lower court.

The will of Mrs. Ella F. Sutherland of Minneapolis stands, the attempt to break it by the son, Leeds Green, Jr., who was cut off with $1, having failed. A decree admitting the will to probate has been handed down by Judge F. C. Harvey of the probate court. The court's decision puts an end, unless an appeal is taken to the district court, to a bitterly fought suit between the woman's son and natural heir and J. R. Lewis, a friend, to whom the whole of the property, valued at about $90,000, was bequeathed.

If You Are Buying Groceries for Cash, This Interests You.

We wish to make some changes in our store buildings. It takes money. For a short time we will sell at the following low prices:

Our 18c coffee at	14½c	Corn, regular price, 12½	10c
Our 25c coffee at	20c	Corn, regular price, 10c	8c
Our 30c coffee at	25c	Van Camp's tomatoes, regular price, 15c	12½c
Our 35c coffee at	30c	Pumpkin	9c
Our Bell 25c coffee at	20c	Reception peas, regular, 15c.	10c
Our 45c tea at	35c	Wisconsin green peas, reg. 10c	8c
Our 35c tea at	25c	Copenhagen snuff, per lb	50c
Our 35c baking powder at	20c	Peerless tobacco, smoking, per lb	30c
Calumet, regular price, 30c	19c	I X L Smoking, per lb	20c
Palace, regular price, 30c	19c	Badger, per lb	14c
Hunt's Perfect, regular, 25c	15c	Plug tobacco, all kinds, per lb	37c
Monitor corn, 1-gal. cans, regular price, 45c	29c		

Crockery, 1-3 Off Regular Price.

HICKS' STORE

Store open every evening until 10 during this sale.

PRESIDENT REFUSES PARDON.

Lectures Minnesota Senators for Making Application.

Washington, April 12.—Senators Clapp and Nelson of Minnesota were severely lectured by President Roosevelt for appealing to him for a pardon for Professor A. W. Malchow, formerly of Hamline university, who is now serving a sentence in the penitentiary for writing, publishing and circulating an improper book.

The plea for a pardon was based on the claim that Malchow wrote the book for the use of medical students. Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota and many other prominent persons signed the appeal for pardon.

The president declined to act on the case until he had seen the publication. After reading a few pages of the book he not only declined to grant the pardon but stated that he would add ten years to the sentence if he had the power to do so.

He lectured the two Minnesota senators for about twenty minutes in the vigorous style for which Mr. Roosevelt is noted.

GARDNER IS ACQUITTED.

Minnesota Man Declared Innocent of Murder on Second Trial.

Duluth, April 10.—Joseph H. Gardner, once convicted on the charge of killing William Garrison, a settler in Northern Itasca county, and sentenced to a thirty-year term at the Stillwater prison, was declared innocent of the crime during the evening by a jury at Grand Rapids, Minn., where a re-trial of the case has been in progress for the past ten days.

Gardner and Garrison were homesteaders and in a dispute one day over the cutting of hay on a strip of land that both claimed, Gardner shot Garrison, killing him instantly. Gardner then walked twenty miles to Grand Rapids and surrendered himself.

RACING FOR THE BORDER.

Parallel Minnesota Railroads Hurrying Construction Work.

Virginia, Minn., April 13.—The Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg and the Great Northern roads are racing through the northern part of the state in an effort to reach the Canadian border first. The Rainy Lake road has the start and is building rapidly north of Ashawa, but it is reported that Hill's road will lay a mile of track a day to overtake them. The surveys of the road show them to be parallel about thirty miles apart.

Young Miner Killed.

Eveleth, Minn., April 14.—Within two hours after resuming work as iron ore sampler for this season at the Adams mine, Hjalmar Linna, a young Finn with a wife and two children, received injuries that resulted in his death twelve hours later. While climbing upon a loaded ore car to take samples he was knocked from his hold by the impact caused by making a coupling and fell on the rail, where he was crushed by the car wheels.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 16.—Wheat—May, 76¾c; July, 79¼c; Sept., 77¼@78c. On track—No. 1 hard, 79¼c; No. 1 Northern, 78¾c; No. 2 Northern, 77¼c; No. 3 Northern, 75@76c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 79½c; No. 2 Northern, 77½c; May, 79½c; July, 80½c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17; May, $1.17¾; July, $1.18¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.25@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.75. Hogs—$6.45@6.55. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $5.25@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.35; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.70; Texans, $3.90@4.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.45@6.75; good heavy, $6.65@6.75; rough heavy, $6.35@6.45; light, $6.45@6.72½; pigs, $6.00@6.50. Sheep, $3.65@6.25; lambs, $4.50@6.65.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 16.—Wheat—May, 79⅛c; July, 78⅞c. Corn—May, 46⅞c; July, 46¼c. Oats—May, 31¾@31⅞c; July, 30⅝@30¾c. Pork—May, $16.17½; July, $16.37½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.14; Southwestern, $1.05; May, $1.16. Butter—Creameries, 16@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens, 12½c; springs, 11½c.

Minnesota State Senator Dead.

St. Paul, April 9.—State Senator Hiler H. Horton is dead at Nassau, Bahama islands, from Brights disease. He had been ailing intermittently for several years and about two months ago went to Nassau on a visit to his sister, who lived there, hoping to benefit his health. For a time his condition improved, but about two weeks ago he took a turn for the worse and gradually failed. Senator Horton was fifty-one years of age.

Chieftain's Mother Dead.

White Earth, Minn., April 12.—Muckoday, the venerable mother of the late distinguished chieftain, White Cloud, formerly head chief of the Mississippi band of Chippewas, died during the night at the age of 100 years.

Representative Charles A. Towne of New York, responding to a toast at the Jefferson day banquet at Kansas City, went outside his set speech to eulogize William J. Bryan and to bitterly attack President Roosevelt. Both sentiments aroused the most intense enthusiasm.

Senator Thomas C. Platt of New York announces that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

Maxim Gorky, the Russian novelist, has arrived in New York city.

IN GASOLINE EXPLOSION

Two Women and Child Perish at Glyndon, Minn.

The Use of Gasoline to Start a Fire Has Fatal Result.

Glyndon, Minn., April 12.—Mrs. Peter Anderson, her daughter, Mrs. Olaus Anderson, and the latter's two-year-old son are dead as the result of a gasoline explosion.

Mrs. Peter Anderson was lighting the fire about 10 p. m. in the kitchen stove to warm food for the child. The oil can exploded in her hands, enveloping her in flames and also her daughter, who caught up the little boy and ran from the house in a sheet of flame. She and the child were so burned that both are dead. The rescuers found Mrs. Peter Anderson in a ditch burned almost to a crisp, but still alive and rational. She died later.

Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador, called upon Secretary Root at the state department Thursday and advised him that the Russian government was entirely willing to have the meeting of the second Hague conference postponed.

The drydock Dewey, bound for the Philippines, broke its towlines in the Mediterranean off Malta and drifted about in a storm for about twenty-three hours, but is now again in control of the vessels which are towing it.

Lieutenant General John C. Bates has been placed on the retired list of the United States army, having reached the statutory age.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. WEBSTLEIN.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota—Sixth Division.

In the matter of William Robinson and Anne Irene Estella Robinson, co-partners as Robinson & Company, Bankrupts. IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of Robinson & Company of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake, in said district, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1906, the said William Robinson and Anne Irene Estella Robinson, co-partners as Robinson & Company, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston in the county of Polk in said district, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 16, 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Cormorants.

Cormorants are far the largest and most striking in appearance of our common English sea fowl. A male cormorant is a yard long and very strong and heavy, and, though more quaint than beautiful, whether flying, diving or sitting on the rocks or buoys, it is a far more interesting creature than the sea gull—a wonderful instance of adaptation of form to special needs and of permanence of type enduring from remote ages, for the fossil cormorant hardly differs from those which are now fishing from the cliffs in which their petrified ancestors are imbedded. Our common "great black cormorant" is not only the most representative type of his family, but a link with the inhabitants of the shallow seas of both the old and new worlds. He is found throughout Europe, in north Africa, Egypt and the greater part of Asia, in eastern North America and, a little changed by distance, in New Zealand and Australia. Lastly he is the only bird except the hawks and falcons which is trained to assist man in the capture of living prey, and in this vocation he is of all birds, by sense, memory and affection, incomparably the best.—London Spectator.

The Wiles of Beasts of Prey.

The panther on the plains of Patagonia gets as near a herd of guanacos as it can, then lies down behind a bush on its back. It puts one paw up in the air, then another, then the third and fourth and after a bit all four at once. That seems curious to the guanacos, and they come close to investigate. Up jumps the panther and lights on the nearest one's back and breaks its neck. A fox up in Nova Scotia comes down to the bay of Fundy and goes jumping along the beach a couple of rods and back again, rising on its hind legs at each about face and waving its big tail in the air. The little flock of four or five Canada geese out on the water begin to wonder what can be the matter with the fox. They swim up into the shallow water to investigate, when in dashes the fox and grabs one by the neck. The men have taken advantage of this trick and have trained dogs to do as the fox does. For lack of a dog men themselves have ambled about on their hands and knees to attract the birds.

The Wonders of Transposition.

The word "time" admits of a very peculiar arrangement of its letters. The four letters of the word transposed and read backward and forward and up and down give four perfect English and Latin words. It is said to be the only word in our language that will admit of so many transpositions and arrangements. Note the oddity of the square below:

T I M E
I T E M
M E T I
E M I T

The above words in English as well as in Latin are all complete, and the curious part of it is that reading them backward and forward and up and down gives the same result that transposing the letters in the original word does. Their signification as Latin words is as follows: Time, fear thou; item, likewise; meti, to be measured; emit, he buys.

Curious Facts About the Eye.

A very curious fact is the impossibility of moving your eye while examining the reflection of that organ in a mirror. It is really the most movable part of the face. Yet if you hold your head fixed and try to move your eye while watching it you cannot do it—even the one-thousandth of an inch. Of course if you look at the reflection of the nose or any other part of your face your eye must move to see it. But the strange thing is that the moment you endeavor to perceive the motion the eye is fixed. This is one of the reasons why a person's expression as seen by himself in a glass is quite different from what it is when seen by others.

Advice From Her Lawyer.

Timothy Coffin, who was prominent at the Bristol county bar in the last century, once secured the acquittal of an old Irishwoman accused of stealing a piece of pork. As she was leaving the courtroom she put her hand to her mouth and in an audible whisper said:

"Mr. Coffin, wha'll I do with the por-ruk?"

Quickly came the retort: "Eat it, you fool. The judge says you didn't steal it."—Boston Herald.

Oil Upon the Troubled Waters.

Lady—All your marine pictures represent the sea as calm. Why don't you paint a storm once in awhile?

Artist—We painters in oil can't paint a storm. I have often outlined a storm on the canvas, but as soon as I begin to spread on the oil colors the waves subside and the sea becomes as calm as a duck pond.—Punch.

Wholly Unnecessary.

"You don't even know how to make a lemon tart," remarked the cooking school girl, with fine scorn.

"It isn't necessary to make a lemon tart," replied the other. "All the lemons I've ever seen were pretty tart already."

A Dodger.

"What started old Pinchapenny to studying occult science?"

"He wants to cultivate a new sense so he can see a bill collector through a brick wall."—Detroit Free Press.

Where to Get It.

"A simple look is all I crave," said the sentimental young man to the heiress.

"Then you'd better consult your mirror," she replied tartly.

The hatred of the vicious will do you less harm than their conversation.—Bentley.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MODEL MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, at close of business on April 6, 1906.

Date of call by Supt., April 6, 1906.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$109,662 90
Overdrafts			3,919 57
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,650 36
Other real estate			150 00
Due from banks		49,821 11	
Checks and Cash Items		3,387 95	
Currency	5,250 00		
Gold	1,737 50		
Silver	2,589 75		
Fractional	223 22	9,800 47	
Total Cash Assets		63,009 53	63,009 53
Total			181,392 36
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$10,000 00
Surplus fund			2,600 00
Undivided profits, net			1,785 13
Deposits subject to check		93,391 45	
Demand certificates		4,714 49	
Due Banks		964 91	
Total immediate liabilit's		99,070 85	
Time certificates		67,936 38	
Total deposits		167,007 23	167,007 23
Total			181,392 36

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss.

I, H. G. Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of April, 1906.

C. L. DOBNER, Notary Public.

ATTEST: (Two) CHAS. A. ROBBECKE. DIRECTORS. PERL W. MABEY.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota—Sixth Division.

In the matter of Hadie O. Nyland, Bankrupt. IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of Hadie O. Nyland, of Wanke P. O., in the County of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1906, the said Hadie O. Nyland was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston in the county of Polk in said district, on the 1st day of May A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 12, 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, May 9th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth in children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain, and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,

304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

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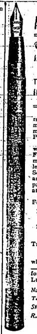

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The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen.—It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen $2.35

Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $______ for which you will send me The ______ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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State __________
R. F. D. No. __________

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There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

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The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons an excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

TIME TABLE — GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY — THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar.	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:55 am Ar.	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

The Soo Line Announces

IMPROVED SERVICE

NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station), Minneapolis 8:10 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10:05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Hankinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars.

W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent.

Chas. E. Kirk

Practical House Painter and Decorator . .

Paper-Hanging and tinting, Hardwood Finishing and Graining a Specialty

Second Door South of City Hall

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Lady Agents Wanted. [illegible] Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

The News, $1 Per Year.

Historical Society

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1906. NUMBER 17.

FORDERS AT SAN JOSE.

Local People in California City That Was Visited by an Earthquake.

They Were Not Seriously Injured but Were Considerably Shaken Up.

A letter received Monday from Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder, of this city, by their daughter, Mrs. Emil E. Zeh, tells of the horrible earthquake which the Pacific coast cities have just experienced.

Mr. and Mrs. Forder have been spending the winter at San Jose, Cal., with their son. San Jose is but a short distance from San Francisco and there was located the insane asylum in which 110 inmates were killed. They write that the horrors of the earthquake would be hard to realize by any one who had never witnessed one. The first severe shock happened at shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning, when they were in bed, and so severe was it that both were thrown out of the bed upon the floor. It was some time before they could regain consciousness and get outside of the house. Everything breakable in the house was destroyed, but none of the occupants received any serious injuries. In a house near where the Forders lived seven people were killed, and the destruction of property in San Jose, which is not a very large city, is estimated at over $5,000,000.

Married Monday.

Mike Gunderson, bartender in Chris. Paulson's saloon, and Miss Anna Johnson, drove to Red Lake Falls Sunday evening and were married there Monday morning. On the return trip the team which they drove indulged in a runaway at St. Hilaire, but fortunately they were not hurt, although the buggy was damaged to some extent.

The auditor's office is in receipt of a communication stating that the new bridge across the Lost river between sections 2 and 3 in Poplar River township is completed and ready for traffic.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

DINEHART HERE.

Candidate for State Treasurer Pays This City a Visit.

Clarence C. Dinehart, of Slayton, Minn., candidate for the Republican nomination for state treasurer in this state, was in Thief River Falls Monday meeting a number of the leading Republicans and soliciting their support in his behalf. Mr. Dinehart is a very pleasant gentleman to meet and he received many offers of support while here. He is an old acquaintance of Perl W. Mabey and A. I. Anderson and these gentlemen introduced him to a number of the people of this city.

BRINGS BACK A BRIDE.

Capt. McDonald Returned to This City Tuesday Accompanied by a Wife.

Bride Was Mrs. Perkhurst of Reedsburg, Wisconsin.

Capt. R. J. McDonald, who for years had been in charge of the government improvement boats here, returned to this city Tuesday from Wisconsin, where he had spent the winter visiting his children. The return of Mr. McDonald was to be expected, but the fact that he brought back with him a bride was a genuine surprise to his many friends here. Two weeks ago he was united in marriage to Mrs. Perkhurst, of Reedsburg, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. McDonald will at once commence housekeeping in the captain's home in Meehan's addition, and the people of Thief River Falls will extend to them their heartiest congratulations.

A New Deputy.

Albert St. Mars, of Red Lake Falls, has been appointed deputy boiler inspector for Red Lake, Norman, Beltrami and Clearwater counties by Inspector Zimmerman, to succeed Louis Albers, of Red Lake Falls, who is at present employed in North Dakota.

Mr. St. Mars will commence his work soon and is looking for a man and team to drive him around the district. He is a first-class young man, a good engineer and will undoubtedly make a competent official.

HOLDAHL IS A CANDIDATE

Roseau Business Man to Oppose Eckman for the Legislature

Made a Trip Over the District Last Week to Size Up the Situation.

Olaf Holdahl, one of the prominent business men of Roseau, and who is to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for representative in the counties of Roseau, Kittson and Marshall, was in the city week. Mr. Holdahl had been visiting the towns along the railroads meeting some of the voters and he reports that he was surprised at the offers of support he had received.

Mr. Holdahl's opponent for the Republican nomination will be O. B. Eckman, who for the past two terms has been a member of the legislature, and his record has given dissatisfaction to a large number of the people of the district.

Personally Mr. Holdahl is a very clean cut looking gentleman. He is very modest in his claims and makes no boasts as to what he would do if elected further than to state that he would always try to do what was right and for the best interests of the people whom he represents. He has been engaged in business in Roseau county for the past number of years and enjoys a reputation for square dealing and honesty.

A RURAL ROUTE.

Quite Likely That One Will Be Established from Here to Tweet.

Evert B. Norton, U. S. rural route inspector, was in the city the first of the week inspecting a proposed rural route to run from Thief River Falls to a point about a mile the other side of Tweet post office. While no report upon the matter has yet been made, it is believed that the route will be established and the farmers living east of town will have their mail delivered free each day.

H. E. Mussey, who has taken a great deal of interest in endeavoring to have the route established, will probably be appointed rural mail carrier if the route is established.

Subscribe for the News.

HIS BODY RECOVERED.

Remains of William Davidson Found in the Red Lake River Monday.

Dead Man Was for Years the Foreman at the Large Keystone Farm.

The body of Wm. Davidson, the Crookston resident who was well known in Thief River Falls, who suddenly disappeared from the Palace Hotel on the evening of Feb. 26th, leaving a note saying that it would be useless to look for him, was discovered in the Red Lake river by log drivers of the Crookston Lumber company shortly after starting work for the day on Monday. The discovery was made by Joseph Tardiff, it being discovered between the logs that were being sorted before going to the mill. The body was at once taken upon the boom and Mayor Chesterman and Chief of Police Eck were notified, who, upon arriving on the scene, found the remains to be those of Wm. Davidson. The workmen stated that the body had been in that section of the river for about a week past, when the coat was seen, but nothing was thought of it at the time till the work of the drivers brought them nearer the place.

Having been in the water since the 26th of February, the body was quite badly decomposed, and identification would have been impossible had the features been relied upon. The clothes were easily recognized by those who were acquainted with the dress that was worn by the unfortunate man. He wore the same overcoat and suit he was seen in about the streets. The same watch and chain as well as the Free Mason badge that he wore were on his clothes and the same glasses in his pocket.

On account of having been among the logs he bore bruises from the effect of the jam which, with the decomposition that had taken place, made the features unrecognizable. There is not the least doubt as to the identity of the body, an examination of the affects on the person showing papers and personal affects in the name of Wm. Davidson.

Deceased was 70 years of age and one of the most highly respected citizens of the Red River Valley and was widely known for a score of years as manager of the Keystone farm, the largest farm in Polk county.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS

Frank Bourque and wife to Dorothe Freitag, part of block 1, Conely's 2nd addition to Red Lake Rapids	$ 92 50
Bertel J. Bakke and wife to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, lots 1 to 24, inclusive, block 8, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids, and other lands	1 00
Anna M. Thoreson and husband to C. L. Dobner et al., block 1, Conely's 2nd addition to Red Lake Rapids	1,850 00
Charles G. Wright to W. E. Fuller, lots 17 and 18, block 31, original townsite	175 00
Ellen Riddell to Charles Wilcox, lot 6, block 5, original townsite	150 00
C. L. Dobner et al., to Ethel M. Staples, ½ of lots 22, 23 and 24, block 57, original townsite	100 00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., to Elizabeth Winslow, ½ lots 9, 10 and 11, block 25, Red Lake Rapids	1 00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., to Carl Winslow, ½ of lots 9, 10 and 11, block 25, Red Lake Rapids	1 00
Adolph Thiviarge to Prexide Thiviarge, lot 3, block 31, original townsite	200 00
Charles A. Robbecke and wife to Magnus Hultin, lot 9, block 21, Red Lake Rapids	1 00
Levor T. Dengerud to Caroline Beaudoin, lots 18 and 19, block 39, original townsite	350 00
Dennis Lesage and wife to L. S. Waller, lots 30 and 31, block 9, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids	1,000 00
Patrick Meehan and wife to Howe Paige, lots 12 and 13, block 6, Oakland addition	1 00
James Meehan, Jr., and wife to Howe Paige, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 7, Oakland addition	800 00
Borgela Fiester to P. O. Johnson, lot 59, Eshelby's rearrangement of Smiley's addition to Fairfield	1 00
B. J. Bakke and wife to Jens O. Sandberg, lots 25 and 26, block 26, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids	750 00

SHIP TO CUBA

Local Milling Company Sends Two Cars of Flour to a Foreign Port.

During the past week the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, of this city, has shipped two car loads of flour to Cuba. This is the first Thief River Falls flour ever shipped to a foreign country and it is the commencing of an export trade which the local milling company hopes to increase from now on. The flour manufactured by the Hanson & Barzen Milling company is of as fine a quality as made anywhere in the country and is establishing a reputation for itself that would be hard to beat.

A SHOWING FOR MARCH

St. Hilaire Creamery Paid Out $2,284.44 to Patrons.

Hubert Houpt Received the Largest Check of Any Farmer.

Treasurer Charles Gustafson, of the St. Hilaire Creamery Association, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday. He had just returned from a trip to St. Hilaire, where he had paid out $2,284.44 to the patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery for cream that had been received at that institution during the month of March. Twenty-four cents per pound was paid for butter fat this month. When it is taken into consideration that March is usually considered a poor one for creameries, the showing made by the St. Hilaire institution is a decidedly good one, and the amounts that will be paid out during the months of June, July and August—the good creamery months—can best be judged by the March showing.

The largest check received by any one farmer was secured by Hubert Houpt, who was paid $74.34, and it is needless to say that Mr. Houpt is one of the Red Lake county farmers that believes in creameries.

WORK COMMENCED

Mayor Grundy to Build a Cement Block Building on Third Street.

Mayor Grundy this week commences the erection of a cement block building 50x60 feet on Third street just east of the buildings to be erected by Dr. Tupper and C. A. Baker. The frame buildings now upon this property are to be moved to the opposite side of the street on lots belonging to W. A. Kratka, which Mr. Grundy has leased.

The buildings will be completed as soon as possible and 25x60 of the first floor has been leased to the Hamm Brewing company for saloon purposes. The remaining part of the first floor and the second floor have not yet been rented, but a party who is figuring upon running a European hotel and restaurant will probably rent it.

Made Its First Trip

The large boat built here this winter by Peter Eberhardt, who has the contract for raising dead head logs for the Thief River Falls, Crookston and East Grand Forks Lumber companies on the Red Lake river and Red lake, made its first trip up river Monday. The ice has not gone out up at the Red Lake and it will be some time before the boat will commence active operations.

CHANCE FOR YOUNG MAN

Congressman Steenerson Has Vacancy in U. S. Naval Academy.

Competitive Mental Examination to Be Held in Crookston on May 31st.

Congressman Steenerson has a vacancy in the U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis. In order to secure the best boy for the place, he has decided to hold a competitive mental examination at Crookston, May 31st. The boy making the highest mark in this examination, if physically sound, will be designated as principal cadet by Mr. Steenerson to the academy, where he will be required to pass a strict mental and physical examination on June 19, 1906. There will also be three alternate candidates chosen. A candidate must be between 16 and 20 years of age. Prof. E. E. McIntyre, of Crookston, has been appointed chairman of the board of examiners and any boy desiring to compete in this examination will communicate direct with him for information.

GERMANTOWN.

It is fine spring weather that we are having at present. We only hope that it will last for a while.

John Phillip last week painted his residence and made it look spring-like.

Seeding around here is in full blast, and, if the weather stays fine, will be mostly finished next week.

Quite a few of our settlers made trip down to Thorwick last week to fish, and all returned with a good supply.

The basket party which was given last Saturday evening at Germantown for the benefit of district No. 120, to finish up their school house, was well attended, and somewhere around $40 was cleared.

H. Lund, who owns a fine little row boat, took his neighbor, Louis Hamre, out for a boat ride the other Sunday. They went half way down to Thorwick and looked over the route of the proposed county ditch.

Mr. Gall and Colske returned to their claims up here last week from the coal mines of Illinois, where they had been working during the winter.

Copies of the petition for the division of our county were sent out here to some party. Although a good reward has been promised for every signature, nobody has been willing to take hold of it.

We noticed in the last week's paper that our friends of the proposed new county seat felt aggrieved over our article in the paper some time past. But, as is generally the case, there is nothing that strikes as hard as the truth. We may have been a little misinformed on some minor points, but the fact remains the same, and we have not yet run across a tax-payer on the east side of Thief river who believes that it will be cheaper to pay two sets of county officials than one set, besides building a court house, etc. And we do believe it is cheaper to send $10 in payment of taxes to Warren than to carry $15 or $20 personally to the new county seat. Hope to hear from you again, and after the busy time is over, we will keep on arguing, as there is plenty of time before election.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

Shoes and Oxfords, all leathers,
1.65 TO 5.00

The Gordon Hat

Negligee Shirts, new patterns,
.50 TO $2.00

Takes with those that desire style, wear and look of success. All Gordon Hats, any style, here

$3.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Suits. The Home of the H. S. & M. Raincoats.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

ICE CREAM,

HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	31c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

C. A. Baker was down to Crookston last week.

Deputy Sheriff Jarman was down to Red Lake Falls over Sunday.

Nels K. Nelson left Tuesday evening for a trip to Crookston and Warren.

Mrs. Kretzschmar and son, Carl, were down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

For sale—Homestead relinquishment with improvements. Town 155, range 39. Inquire at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lilligren, of St. Paul, were in the city last week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Torrison.

Mrs. Martin Mosselin came up from Crookston last week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Sweaas, for a few days.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Attorney E. M. Stanton went to St. Paul Monday evening, where he will remain until Saturday attending to business before the supreme court.

Rev. Aastad will hold services in th Norwegian Lutheran church at Red Lake Falls next Sunday morning and at Thief River Falls in the evening.

R. Rierson, the enterprising merchant at Sandridge, has opened up a hardware store which he will operate in connection with his general mercantile business there.

Carl Ahlee returned to this city from Wisconsin Monday morning. He leaves in a few days for Prince Albert, Canada, where he will work in the mill this season.

—Horses and cattle pastured for e season for $1.50 per head. Pasture contains 100 acres well fenced on the Red Lake river. Inquire of Albert Spokley at John Morgan's.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

The C. O. F. lodge had a social session last evening to which the ladies were invited. The evening was spent in card playing and other social ways. A lunch was served and all had a most enjoyable time.

Miss Jennie Phillips, who for a number of years has been principal of the Thief River Falls high school, will not return to this city next year, having accepted a position in the schools at Taylors Falls, Minn. It is with regret that the people of Thief River Falls learn of this.

The man who went out to milk and sat down on a boulder in the middle of the pasture and waited for the cow to back up, was a brother to the man who kept a store and wouldn't advertise because he reasoned that the purchasing public would back up to his place of business, when it wanted something.

In the seventeen years ago column of the Warren Register appears an item to the effect that F. J. Stebbins had become a resident of Warren, having accepted a position as prescription clerk in Whitney's drug store. Mr. Stebbins held this position until Thief River Falls was started and since then has been located here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Reiter, of Alexandria, were in the city the first of the week. They had spent the winter in California and returned by way of the Canadian Pacific, and stopped off here to look the town over. Mr. Reiter is one of the wealthy and substantial business men of Alexandria and made [illegible] investments in Thief River Falls property.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

C. M. Rasmusson was over to Warren last week.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Harry Carr, of Middle River, was in the city last week.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line this week selling flour.

Dr. George Tupper is again able to be about and is recovering very rapidly.

Wanted—To buy, for cash, a dwelling house. Address Box 1083, Thief River Falls.

Mrs. R. E. Sotheran went down to Crookston Monday evening to visit friends.

C. H. Schellbach was up to Roseau the first of the week attending to business matters.

Judge Andrew Grindeland and O. H. Farleth, of Warren, were in the city the first of the week.

Henry Kaufer was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. A. Murphy.

—All kinds of fresh, salted and smoked fish during Lent. Oysters best in the city. Hankey & Glaser.

George Diebel is thinking of building a house just south of the Ryson house on Main avenue, which he will rent.

—For Sale—One well improved quarter section about 6 miles northeast of Germantown; $1,600. Inquire of the News.

C. H. Schellbach and family expect to remove to Ohio in about two months, where they will make their home in the future.

Adolph Billedeau came up from Crookston the first of the week and has accepted a position as night clerk at the Rushford.

For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

—Farm to rent—A good farm three miles from town, 200 acres under cultivation, good pasture and fire wood free. Inquire of D. P. O'Neill.

Hans Burgess was down from Rollis the first of the week to visit his son who has been sick with typhoid fever in the hospital here for the past several weeks.

—For Sale—The Fairfield hotel, building and furniture. Building new and in good condition. Inquire of Ole Isaacson at the hotel, up near the Soo roundhouse. 17

Mayor Grundy last Saturday received a telegram from Gov. Johnson appointing him a member of a sub-committee to receive subscriptions for the relief of the people of San Francisco.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Frank E. Hunt, who for a number of years had been in the hardware business at Red Lake Falls, last week sold out his business to his son, Sam E. Hunt, and G. A. Kankel.

Ed Olsop, who has made Thief River Falls his home for the past four years, enlisted at the local recruiting office last week and left Monday for Fort Snelling. He will serve in a light artillery company.

Considerable anxiety was felt as to the condition of insurance companies doing business in Thief River Falls that carried insurance on the Pacific coast, but so far as is known, all are solvent and will continue to do business.

Clerk Hoag was doing such a rushing business Monday that he broke the seal of the municipal court and a new one had to be secured. Judge Bishop could not do business for a few days on account of this, but a new seal has arrived and business is being transacted at the old stand.

—Go to the Thief River Falls Meat Market for your home-made sausages of all kinds, home-made jelly pig's feet, soused pig's feet, cooked minced corned beef, pressed corned beef, blood pudding fresh every day, and all kinds of fresh meats and provisions. Best in the city. Everything up-to-date. Give us a call. Hankey & Glaser.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

Plummer Pioneer: Frank Drexler and family and John Merstcick and family arrived from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, the first of the week and have established themselves on the Finrow and Shaw farms respectively. The Finrow farm is within the corporate limits of the village of Plummer and the Shaw farm a few miles northwest. These two gentlemen are well supplied with stock and machinery and they will without doubt get the best results obtainable from their farms.

Dr. and Mrs. Penney spent Sunday in Minneapolis.

Chas. Fellman, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. Norin, of Roseau, was in the city the first of the week.

H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, was in the city the first of the week.

S. M. Severtson, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday.

P. W. Mabey was down to Crookston the first of the week on legal business.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse returned Tuesday from a visit with friends in Crookston.

J. F. Self and family leave today for Dickinson, N. D., to make their future home.

Eric Olson, of the East Side, has ordered an automobile which will soon arrive.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. P. E. Ross.

Miss Mary Hoff, of the local postoffice, is again at St. Hilaire assisting Postmaster Post.

Miss Ida Weeks left Saturday for Strathcona, where she will commence a term of school.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

Mrs. A. B. Lee and Miss Jennie Lee, who had been here visiting Robert Lee, returned to Glenwood yesterday.

M. C. Collins and R. White, who have claims out on the eleven towns, came up from St. Paul the first of the week.

—State Farmers' Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest Cash Surplus, Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Capt. Harry Cummings left Tuesday for the Red Lake to take charge of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's tow boat.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. R. Wright, agent.

A new roof is being placed on the Hotel Ogahmah, together with numerous other improvements that are being made at this popular place.

A crew of log drivers went up to the outlet the first of the week to bring down a drive of logs for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Leonard Peterson was down to Crookston the first of the week looking after the purchase of a governor for the water wheel of the electric light plant.

John Sundahl, the liveryman, has been appointed poundmaster by the city council and instructed to pick up all horses and cattle running at large.

Dr. Tupper and Mrs. Elliott left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis, where Dr. Tupper will remain for a couple of weeks recovering from his sickness.

Andrew Stenseth, O. J. Storhon, A. Huseth, E. K. Aasen and Knut Bjorge were down to Crookston last week to attend the lecture delivered by Erling Bjornson.

T. B. Hankey came over from Langdon, N. D., last Friday, returning again on Monday. He states that he will remove his family here about the 1st of May.

D. B. Barber, who was formerly in charge of the sales department for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, was in the city visiting friends the first of the week.

All of the assessors of Red Lake county will meet at Red Lake Falls today and receive instructions from the county auditor regarding the assessment of real and personal property.

C. F. Atwood, a traveling man who has made this city his headquarters for the past two years, is this week removing his family to Fargo, N. D., where he will reside in the future.

John Bahrs, of Rollis, is in the city and reports that wheat is up in his section of Marshall county. The past week has been fine growing weather, and, if conditions continue to remain favorable, the crop will probably be a good one this year.

Word has been received here to the effect that George Turville, who last fall removed to Idaho with his family, has purchased a general store up in the Canadian Northwest and that he will remove his family up there and make that place his future home.

The big whistle at the saw mill has had a couple of celebrations of its own this week. On Wednesday morning at six o'clock it got stuck in some way and blew continously for about ten minutes, and it did the same again on Thursday evening.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Mrs. John Torrison and Miss Mabel Evenson entertained a company of young folks last Friday evening at the home of M. V. Evenson. Some sixty were present and all had a most delightful time. The evening was spent in card playing and in other social ways.

Manager D. N. Winton, of the Thief River Falls Lumber company, who was here yesterday, is a very enthusiastic advocate of the "split log drag." He claims it will do wonders in road making and that every farmer ought to have one, as the cost is less than five dollars for each drag. Good roads means advanced prices for farms and money for the farmer and business man. The split log drag seems to do the work and it should be tried.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Middle River has organized a ball team.

W. R. Low was up from Crookston yesterday.

Chris Lakan went down to Crookston last evening to attend to some business matters.

Clarence Walker arrived her yesterday from Duluth to visit his brother, Bert Walker.

Mrs. Power, of Wylie, was in the city the first of the week visiting her sister, Mrs. M. C. Burns.

Mrs. Moody, who had been here visiting Mrs. Horton, left last evening for her home in Wisconsin.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

John J. Soll, the genial St. Hilaire ex-newspaper man, was in the city yesterday, en route to Strandquist.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

W. I. McCrum and George Smith left yesterday morning for Prince Albert to work the lumber company up there.

Assistant Master Mechanic Horton has rented the F. H. Kratka house and will remove into the same in a short time.

O. Torgeson, a retired merchant of Shelly, removed to this city the first of the week and will make his home here in the future.

W. J. Kelley came down from the Red Lake country Tuesday, called here by the serious illness of his mother. Mrs. Kelly is now improving.

Harry Carr, of Middle River, was in the city last evening, being en route to Warren to meet with the other assessors of Marshall county today.

The weather during the past week has been about as fine as any one could wish for and as a result farmers are making considerable progress with their spring work.

Art Mercer received a letter from Sam Clark the first of the week. Sam is working on a newspaper at Minot, N. D., but does not like it there and will go further west.

There has been considerable base ball talk of late, but as yet no team has been organized here. There seems to be plenty of good material with which to organize a team.

Chief Erickson wishes to inform all owners of bicycles that there is an ordinance prohibiting the riding of these wheels upon the sidewalk and that all offenders will be arrested.

The town has been very quiet during the past week, the fine weather affording an excellent opportunity for farmers to do their spring seeding and as a result few of them are seen about town.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Eve are rejoicing over the arrival of a son which came to make his home with them on Monday evening last. This makes eight boys in the family, the oldest being 14 years of age. Mr. Eve is certainly doing his share towards furnishing men for the future armies and navies of America.—Sunbeam.

Miss Josephine Bourque returned Saturday from Thief River and Monday resumed her school in East Park after a week's vacation. She was accompanied to Middle River by her sister, Mrs. Bishoff, who returned on the afternoon train as far as Sandridge to resume her school at Mantor, southeast of Sandridge.—Middle River Pioneer.

The Date on Each Egg.

Every egg that is sold by L. A. Northrup bears the date of the day it was laid in ink on the shell, so that the purchasers may know that they are fresh. Mr. Northrup some time ago started this practice and it was found to be very successful. The date is stamped on it in clear letters and it is possible to know exactly the age of the egg. This is done in the west but is a comparatively new practice in this state. Mr. Northrup has several hundred chickens and a large poultry farm. He has devoted himself almost exclusively to this line of work in the past few years.—Crookston Journal.

Organ Grinders in England.

By turning the handle of an organ the Italian in England obtains nearly eight times as much per week as he can earn in Italy, more than four times as much as the English farm laborer and nearly three times the pay of the policeman who moves him on when requested. Thousands of skilled artisans who have served apprenticeship as carpenters, painters and joiners get only half the organ grinder's pay, for the Italian reckons it a very poor week indeed if he makes less than $15, and he often gets $17.50 to $20 or more.

The Angler Fish.

The angler fish angles for his prey. From the upper part of his head project two long tentacles, with fleshy extremities, which wave about in the water and attract small fish, that, approaching and attempting to seize the supposed bait, are themselves captured by the angler. Without this device to attract his prey he would probably starve to death, as he is heavy and of comparatively slow motion.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

When You Want Anything in the HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialities, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING CO.

Phone 221

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

The Sophomores had a class meeting Tuesday evening.

The different Latin classes are enjoying themselves in the midst of review.

A meeting of the Red Lake county teachers will be held at St. Hilaire on Friday and Saturday of next week.

The program of exercises for commencement week has been prepared and public announcement of the same will soon be made.

A new verse has been added to the school song, with which they will make Warren ring Saturday afternoon, as a large crowd of the "Rooters' Club" intend to be present.

The high school base ball team will play at Warren next Saturday. Reduced rates on the Soo have been secured and quite a crowd will probably accompany the boys to cheer them on to victory.

The question this week has been "Water and its results." All the teachers have mentioned it in some way, our physical culture exercises were swimming motions, and all because a junior fell in the river.

The stringing of wires through the high school building, and the ringing of bells and other sounds that find their source in the laboratory are but manifestations of the activity of the spirits of the physics class.

The following program will be given by the Literary society on April 27: Vocal solo, Delia Daniels; recitation, Esther Stebbins; piano solo, Agnes Bakke; newspaper, Charles Erickson; essay, Frances Schmitz; piano duet, Johnson, Graham.

The following program was given in the assembly room last Friday afternoon: Instrumental solo, Stella Rebbecke; recitation, Ione Higgins; book review, "Workers of East," Irene Caldwell; book review, "Workers of West," Wm. Prichard; recitation, Emma Tandberg; instrumental solo, Avis Akre.

A basket social will be held in the assembly room of the high school building next Thursday evening, May 3rd, the purpose of which is to replenish the athletic association treasury. Several musical numbers will be presented and no admission will be charged, but baskets will be furnished by the ladies and sold to the highest bidder. All are invited to attend and have a pleasant social time.

Miss Phillips, who for several years has acted as principal of the high school and was re-elected at an advance in salary, has resigned to accept the superintendency of the Taylor Falls, Minn., schools for next year. Much regret is expressed that she will not remain here, but, as the change is a promotion, both financially and professionally, her friends are pleased to learn of her success. As there are but eight lady superintendents in the whole state, her election to this position is of considerable significance.

It is feared that, in too many cases, large boys and girls have taken advantage of the usual spring uneasiness to induce indulgent parents to grant them permission to leave school. Where whole classes are below grade, it behooves every boy and girl to continue to the close of the school year in order to insure promotion. Pupils who absent themselves for two months cannot hope to stand on the same basis as those who attend all the time, neither can they expect to be passed to a higher grade at the close of the year.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

The Thief River Falls Ice Company

MAKE YOUR CONTRACTS BEFORE THE

1ST OF MAY

IN ORDER TO GET CHEAP RATES FOR THE ENTIRE SEASON

TELEPHONE NO. 10

BISHOP & ELDER, PROPS.

GROWING OF ROUGH FEED

A. J. McGuire Tells Farmers How to Raise Corn-Fodder.

An Instructive Article That Can Not Fail to Interest Farmers.

Where there is no natural meadow on the farm the growing of rough feed becomes a very important factor, and especially when there are but few acres under cultivation. This alone is responsible for the few animals kept. Unless rough feed is produced there is no profit in live stock. Hay, at its best, will produce only from three to three and a half tons per acre during the season. Fodder-corn may be grown to take the place of hay, and will produce from five to eight tons of cured feed to the acre. This large yield makes the growing of fodder-corn of the greatest importance in this section of the state. Corn will not generally mature for grain in the northern tier of counties to any profitable extent, but for fodder it yields abundantly and attains sufficient maturity for this purpose.

Plant in rows three feet apart and from three to four inches apart in the row. The rows may be double—that is, two rows about three or four inches apart, and then the three feet between the double rows to allow cultivation. The plants grow up so thick that no weeds grow in the row. No ears are formed, owing to the thick growth. All the nutriment of the plant goes into the stalk and leaves. The stalks are fine in texture and are eaten up as clean by the animals as a good quality of hay.

A grain drill is best for planting, stopping up all cups except those at right intervals. When a grain drill is not used, it may be sown with a garden drill, or in the absence of this, it may be sown by hand, running furrows three feet apart, sowing along in the furrows and covering with a harrow. The ground should be plowed and harrowed first and gotten in the best possible condition.

The fodder-corn crop should be cultivated once a week during the growing season. The ground should be manured for fodder-corn. In fact, the soil can not be too rich for this crop.

For seed any kind of ordinary seed corn will do. It should be sown between May 20th and June 1st. Sow from three pecks to one and a half bushels per acre, owing to whether in single or double rows. Any seed house will supply the seed at from $1 to $1.50 per bushel.

This fodder will attain sufficient growth in ninety days to cut. It is best about two weeks after the tasseling stage, but may be cut even before tasseling out if in danger of frost.

It is most cheaply harvested with a corn binder, but it may be cut by hand. In either case shock up in field right after cutting and let stand in the field till after the ground is frozen. It may be stacked up in the barnyard in long, narrow shocks, setting the bundles upright, as there is danger of heating if stacked like hay.

It should be fed from the time of cutting, as it loses in feed value late in the winter, owing to excessive drying out.

One acre of fodder corn properly grown will feed from two to three cows throughout the winter. Try an acre, at least, to begin with. It can be grown for less than a dollar a ton, and for dairy cows is equal to the best timothy hay. Northeastern Minnesota can be made the dairy section of the state, but the first step must be in growing feed.

A. J. McGuire.

New Town Clerks in Red Lake County.

Following is the complete list of town clerks of Red Lake County, together with the towns for which they were elected and their postoffice addresses:

Black River	O. W. Johnson	Wylie
Bray	E. J. Akerlund	Wylie
Clover Leaf		
Deer Park	W. A. Swanson	Rhoda
Emardville	A. J. Hemstad	Plummer
Equality	Lewis Sall	Garnes
Garnes	Olaf Tandol	Garnes
Gervais	Alex Patnode	Red Lake Falls
Goodridge	Fred Solle	Germantown
Highlanding	J. W. Vrolson	Highlanding
Kratka	R. M. Johnson	Kratka
Lake Pleasant	M. Ducharme	Red Lake Falls
Lambert	Max Perras	Lambert
Louisville	A. D. Berry	Huot
Mayfield	Sam Lovas	Garnes
Norden	G. J. Nordhagen	Thief River Falls
North	E. J. Overland	Thief River Falls
Numedall	Halvor Johnson	Tweet
Polk Centre	O. E. Naplin	Wylie
Poplar River	A. Laniel	Brooks
Red Lake Falls	Ildalge Baril	Red Lake Falls
River Falls	A. S. Anderson	St. Hilaire
Rocksbury	P. Engelstad	Thief River Falls
Sanders	N. K. Anderson	St. Hilaire
Silverton	Henry Hanson	Thief River Falls
Smiley	Tobias Stene	Thief River Falls
Terrebonne	J. L. Cossette	Terrebonne
Wyandotte	J. R. Larson	Hazel
Village of Plummer	O. J. Johnson	Plummer
Village of St. Hilaire	K. O. Gigstad	St. Hilaire
Red Lake Falls City	A. P. Toupin	Red Lake Falls
Thief River Falls City	Lars Backe	Thief River Falls

Big Auction Sale.

A monster auction sale will be held in this city next Monday, April 30th, on the hay market square. Stock, farm machinery and household goods belonging to John Rison, Earnest Capitske and Mrs. Andrew B. Miller will be auctioned off by C. M. Evenson.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PREDICT DRY YEARS.

Prophet of Evil Says Crops Will Turn Out Poor.

A prominent Washington weather prophet resident of Minnesota says:

Owing to the intermixing of recurrent cycles, the swing of the general crop seasons toward smaller crops and higher prices will hardly become noticeable before next year, or fully established before 1908. With the country at a high level of prosperity, the intervening time may be employed vitally by the nonparticular diversion of the grain area the paramount yield of wheat is subject to the least fluctuations, but farther south corn will diminish. Set against these changes is the ever increasing cultivatible acreage, as in the British Northwest which will lessen the fall-off. A prime factor in the determination of lesser crop leads will be the shrinkage of the available ground moisture, extending into years, which in itself increases soil temperatures, accelerating evaporation and lowering lakes and rivers.

Both Held Responsible.

The Standard Oil Company and the local dealer at Glyndon are both held responsible by the coroner's jury for the deaths of the three Andersons at Glyndon a week ago. An explosion followed an attempt to freshen a fire with what was supposed to be kerosene. Mrs. Olaus Anderson, Mrs. Peter Anderson and a baby were burned to death. It was found that the supposed kerosene contained a large percentage of gasoline which had been put in the tank of the local dealer, C. G. Tracy & Co., through the carelessness of a new driver for the Standard Oil company. Most of the mixed oil was drawn off when the mistake was discovered, but the small quantity that was left proved a dangerous mixture. The jury, under the direction of Coroner Kaess, spent several days in the investigation and returned a verdict late Monday after noon.

Mrs. Rier Swenson Dead.

The many friends of Mrs. Rier Swenson were shocked to learn of her death after a lingering illness on Sunday, April 15th. Mrs. Reir Swenson was born Julia Thompson in Norway in 1844. She was married in 1860, and moved to this village in 1891 from Yellow Medicine county. She was beloved and respected by a large number of friends who mourn her loss. She leaves a husband and five children: H. M. Swenson, Robert Swenson of this village; Mrs. C. B. Holmes, of Marion, N. E.; Mrs. A. H. Baker and Mrs. Peter Brackman, of Highlanding, all of whom were at the funeral. The interment was made on Tuesday in the Swedish Lutheran cemetery, Rev. Lillehei officiating.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Lumbermen Met.

D. N. Winton was down to St. Hilaire last Friday, there being a conference held there of the lumbermen who opperate in this section. Those in attendance besides Mr. Winton were; President McCoy, of the East Grand Forks Lumber company, Manager J. M. Richards and Supt. W. A. Gould, of the Crookston Lumber company.

Editor Ives Married.

H. E. Ives, the well known St. Hilaire citizen, and Miss Catherine Pirath, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, were united in marriage yesterday. The News extends congratulations.

Have Gone to Canada.

Ole Chelgren and August and Hilmer Wickstrom, of Excel, left Monday for the Canadian Northwest to make their future home. They took with them their horses, stock, farm machinery and household goods.

An Electric Piano.

R. E. Sotheran last week installed an electric piano in his place of business. The piano is played by an electric motor and is one of the finest musical instruments ever brought to Thief River Falls.

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE

Lake Pleasant Man and Woman Use Novel Method to Gain Pa's Consent.

Groom Gets Bride Through Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

Theo. K. Koeps, of Cloquet, and Miss Adeline Prudhomme, of Lake Pleasant, were married at Red Lake Falls last week. This of itself is but an item of ordinary interest, but the decidedly novel scheme resorted to to unite the young people for better or for worse sounds like a story book recital.

It seems that Koeps had worked at the Prudhomme farm a year or so and he and Miss Prudhomme had kept company. When he left last fall, he wanted to marry the young lady, but the father demurred and told him to wait until spring. Koeps secured a good job at Cloquet and waited patiently until several weeks ago, when he again asked for the lady of his choice, but the stern parent would not listen to it. Saturday he went to Red Lake Falls and, engaging counsel, had a writ of habeas corpus issued before Court Commissioner Toupin and despatched the sheriff to the Lake Pleasant farm to get the girl. The young lady was more than pleased to come, and no opposition was made by Mr. Prudhomme. The girl was brought to town and, as the father did not care to offer further opposition, they were united for better or for worse by Judge Toupin.

Bond Election Will Be Quiet.

The matter of voting bonds to the amount of $18,000 to build additions to the Knox and Central schools is not creating much interest, and this means that all are favorable to the proposition. In fact, it is simply a proposition which all are compelled to favor, as more school room is needed, and the only way to raise the money is by a vote. The election will be held Saturday evening in the city hall and it is not likely that it will be very largely attended.

Horses Had Glanders.

A horse belonging to Edwin Erickson, of Excel, died last winter and, upon investigation by a state official recently, it was found that the horse died of glanders and that three other horses belonging to him also had this disease. The three were shot, and Mr Erickson was partly reimbursed by receiving $150 from the state.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. Wehstlein.

Do You Want to Get the

BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

THE NEWS,
THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

pu'ri-ty

THE STANDARD DICTIONARY SAYS

pu'ri-ty, n. 1. The character or state of being pure, in any sense. (1) Freedom from foreign or adulterating matter.

Hamm's Beer justly lays claim to absolute purity, because it IS free "from foreign or adulterating matter." The Dairy and Food Commissioners of Minnesota, South Dakota and other states have declared Hamm's Beer to be absolutely pure. Satisfy yourself. We invite you to have an analysis made. We will cheerfully pay the fee of any reputable chemist.

Hamm's Beer is brewed in the most scientific way from the choicest hops and barley.

IT CONTAINS NO CORN OR CORN PRODUCTS

Because of these facts the public can be sure that there is ONE beer which is absolutely PURE and GOOD.

Hamm's

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 26, 1906.

The Bemidji News mentions Wm. Lennon, of Kelliher, as a possible candidate for state senator from this legislative district. We know a whole lot of people in Red Lake county who would be glad to support Mr. Lennon if he decided to get into the game. For a number of years he made his home in Thief River Falls and would be considered the same as a home man here.

The advertisements in a paper are in many ways the most interesting part of the paper, and readers should get into a habit of looking them over. When a merchant buys a space in a paper, he does so because he has something to say. He rises to speak and he wants to be heard. Usually what he says will interest you; in many cases a knowledge of what he says will save you money. Advertisers do not take space in a paper to see their names in print or to support the editor.—Verndale Sun.

Of late I think that the man who is earning his bread by honest toil, the man who has amassed a modest competency by fair means, the man who has gained his success, whether it be great or small, in any field without doing violence to his conscience, and who has nothing to fear from an examination of his record, walks with a new sense of dignity. —Charles E. Hughes, the lawyer that exposed the iniquities that had grown up in the great life insurance companies.

The Red Lake Gazette last week announced that Luman C. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, had filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator from the district composed of Red Lake, Beltrami, Clearwater and Norman counties. Mr. Simons, it is said, stands very well in Beltrami county, but he will have considerable opposition in Red Lake county and if he carries it at all, it will be by a very small majority. Norman county is quite likely to present a candidate for this office, and there may also be one from Beltrami county.

Selecting Senators.

One of the candidates in Michigan for the Republican nomination for United States senator, Congressman William Alden Smith, has made a proposal to his numerous competitors that is likely to prove rather embarrassing to them, says the Duluth Herald.

He proposes that the selection of a Republican candidate for senator be left to the people by direct election, either in June or November. Michigan has no machinery for such a method of selection, but Mr. Smith has pointed out that it could easily be managed, either at the June primaries or at the general election in November. His opponents have not yet been heard from, and their replies will be awaited with interest.

This will be peculiarly embarrassing to the candidates who base their hopes upon the old-fashioned method of leaving the selection entirely to the legislature. It is a much easier matter to convince the few men making up a legislature that one ought to be made a senator than it is to make the entire membership of a party think so and declare their preference at the polls. Nobody would have to go far to seek United States senators who have won easy victories before legislatures, but who could not have succeeded by going direct to the voters if they had tried for a thousand years. They can't buy the people and, sad to say, experience has shown that they can buy legislatures.

The incident is interesting also because it shows another method by which some measure of popular expression can be had while we are waiting for the legislative machinery to create conditions under which the people will elect all the United States senators. In a number of states they are selecting candidates for senator at the primary election, and this is almost as good as a direct vote. In Minnesota this year the Republican state convention will declare its choice for a candidate for Senator Nelson's place. This is not nearly so good as it would be if the candidate were selected at the primary election, but it is a step in advance, even if it be but a short one.

And if Congressman Smith's plan works, and a way is found for a popular expression of choice where there is no legal machinery for it, still another means of anticipating the direct election of senators will be shown.

Make Your Grocer Give You Guaranteed

Cream of Tartar Baking Powder

Alum Baking Powders interfere with digestion and are unhealthful.

Avoid the alum.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending April 21, 1906, unclaimed:

Anderson, Miss Hellen
Anderson, Mrs. Anna
Bennet, W. F.
Houghlum, Jas.
Hellenson Bros.
Hannon, Will
Hanson, H. A.
Hallberg, C. R.
Janson, Edvin
Jonnson, John
Johnson, Steener
Jansen, John
Keeley, Pete.
Lundahl, Miss Tillie
Lee, John H.
Meyers, E. M.
Miller, Ernest
Nordmark, Miss Naoni
Nilson, Nils
Osker, A. C.
Phillips, Geo. R.
Rudlde, Iver
Stimson, W. D.
Sylvander, Marie
Scharock
Schultz, Edward
Trea, Frank

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Newton Meyers, a switchman in the Willmar railroad yards, was killed by a box car passing over him. He was twenty-three years old and unmarried.

Death followed the accidental taking of an overdose of cough syrup by James William, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Falk of Eveleth.

James Gratton, a pioneer settler of Carver county and for fourteen years a member of the Minneapolis police force, shot and killed himself at Seattle, Wash.

Frank Walton, a wealthy tobacco grower from Allensville, Ky., dropped dead from heart failure at Rochester as he was conversing with a friend in a hotel lobby.

Anthony Blebos was probably fatally injured by falling from a scaffold at the Schmidt brewery at St. Paul and M. Marien was seriously hurt in the same accident.

An epidemic of measles has broken out in Red Wing and some of the schools have very small attendance. Vigorous steps are being taken to stop the spread of the disease.

While William Molander, a painter, and Arne Sampson were rowing on the Red Lake river at Crookston the swift current capsized the boat, throwing both men into the river. Sampson swam to the shore, but Molander went under.

St. Paul is to be the headquarters of a Norwegian consulate for the entire Northwest, embracing the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, South Dakota, North Dakota, Wyoming, Montana and Idaho. Colonel E. H. Hobo has been appointed consul for Norway in this district.

The largest cargo of flax ever floated on fresh water was carried out of the Duluth-Superior harbor last week on the steamer Joseph G. Butler. It consisted of 353,846 bushels and was taken on at the Great Northern steel elevator. The ship and cargo represent fully $850,000.

The little daughter of George Brundette, a farmer living east of Jenkins, Crow Wing county, was accidentally shot, the bullet from a 22-caliber rifle penetrating the brain. Death ensued in twenty-four hours. A five-year-old brother was carrying the rifle when it was accidentally discharged.

Link Thayer, James C. Hall, Homer S. Minot and Charles Hoffman, the four men convicted of the Great Northern train robbery near Carlisle in 1898, have been given a full pardon by the state pardon board. Evidence secured since their conviction indicates that they were not the perpetrators of the holdup.

Rolla Newton, a prominent young man of Fergus Falls, fell in front of an engine and was horribly crushed. The engine passed completely over him, cutting off his legs, breaking his arm and collar bone, crushing his chest and gashing his head, but he remained conscious for twenty minutes and lived for two hours.

The condition of Mrs. Elsie Spencer, who was shot at Minneapolis April 16 by her husband, Harry Spencer, the well known restaurant man of St. Paul, is reported to be much improved. It is now believed she will recover. All trace of Spencer has been lost, but he is thought to be hiding somewhere in either of the Twin Cities.

A vagrant by the name of McManus, who was jailed at Little Falls Friday morning for drunkenness, afterward being held for trial on a charge of stealing $50 from a local man with whom he had been seen, was found in the afternoon dead in his cell at the city lockup. Heart disease and excessive use of alcohol was the cause.

An entirely new iron ore region was opened last week when State Auditor Iverson sold six prospecting leases for tracts in the southwest part of Beltrami county. The leases were taken by W. C. Robinson of Duluth. The tracts are located near Farley, a small town on the Northern Pacific. It is supposed that there are vast deposits of the ore in that section and great activity is expected there.

Judge Lewis of the Ramsey county district court has decided that the state game and fish commission has full authority to regulate streams during the pike spawning season. The decision came in a dismissal of the demurrer of the Tower Lumber and Boom company, against which the commission asked $22,700 damages for the killing of 47,500,000 pike spawn last April in the Rum river by mishandling of logs and rafts during the spawning season.

Minnesota in all probability will celebrate its golden jubilee in 1908 with an exposition which in extent and general interest will more than eclipse that of the Lewis and Clark exposition. The commission, which held a joint meeting with the state fair managers at the Merchants' hotel, St. Paul, last week, practically admitted that it will recommend to the next legislature an exposition to be held in connection with the regular state fair, to last from four to six weeks.

The series of state land sales just held by State Auditor Iverson has been a great success. A total of 50,200 acres was sold at prices ranging from $5 to $300 an acre. The average, Mr. Iverson says, was a little better than $7 an acre. The cash payments of 15 per cent, together with advance interest, amounts to about $60,000 and the gross amount of the sales about $360,000. The sales in the several towns were as follows: Duluth, 5,600 acres; Carlton, 12,500; Aitkin, 9,500; Brainerd, 4,500; Walker, 4,500; Park Rapids, 3,000; Bemidji, 4,500; Grand Rapids, 5,800; total, 50,200.

Subscribe for the News.

TO RUSH WORK.

Work on Greenbush Extension Soon to Be Commenced.

Ed Canning, with Guthrie, the well-known railroad contractor, was in the city yesterday, en route from the Churchs Ferry extension to Greenbush, where he will act as foreman of one of the crews. He has been acting in that capacity during the construction work on the Churches Ferry extension and the work there has been practically completed.

Mr. Canning states that the work on the Warroad extension will be rushed from this time forward and the track put in condition to run trains at the earliest possible minute. He also says that, while there is a scarcity of men, the railroad contractors, by scurrying, have thus far been able to get all the men necessary.

Fant Makes a Purchase

H. Fant, the enterprising proprietor of the Thief River Falls local telephone exchange, was up at Greenbush yesterday and while there closed a deal for the purchase of the Sjoberg telephone line from Badger to Roseau. Mr. Fant will build his line from Greenbush to Badger and thus make connections with the county seat of Roseau county and thereby greatly improve the telephone service of his system.

A Social Session.

All Neighbors are requested to be prepared to respond to roll-call by a quotation from Tennyson, at the next regular meeting of Dewey camp No. 1,025, Royal Neighbors of America, to be held May 2, 1906.

After camp adjourns, music, recitations, etc., will be a feature of the evening to which the husbands are invited. Lunch will be served by the West side.

ORRA M. RICHARDSON,
Oracle.

City Council.

The city council held a meeting Tuesday evening and considered the adoption of a large number of new ordinances, but no business was transacted. Among the new ordinances under consideration is one to establish a city slaughter house, one regulating bicycles, merry-go-rounds and transient stoves.

Attention.

The pacing stallion Lockstep will be in Thief River Falls from Friday noon until Monday for services. Inquire of C. J. Koos.

A GASOLINE LAUNCH.

D. N. Winton Received a Handsome One Last Week.

D. N. Winton last week received a handsome gasoline launch which he will use on the Red Lake river and Red Lake as a pleasure boat. The boat is 32 feet long and the motive is a 15 horse power gasoline engine attached to a screw wheel. It will carry as many as twenty people and is guaranteed to make eleven miles an hour. The new boat is for Mr. Winton's private use and is pronounced to be as fine a one as was ever built.

Sensible.

That was both a kind and a wise man who, when about to marry for the second time, settled $10,000 upon his unmarried daughter. "I should like to have her go on living at home," he said, "but who can tell whether she and her stepmother will be harmonious and quite happy together? She shall feel that she is free to go or stay." The consequence was mutally happy relations, since both women knew there was no dependence or necessity for them to live in closer relations than might prove agreeable.

The Dominant Air.

As through an opera runs the rhythm of one dominant air, so through men's lives there rings a dominant note, soft in youth, strong in manhood and soft again in old age. But it is always there, and, whether soft in the gentler periods or strong amid the noise of the perihelion, it dominates always and gives its tone to the whole life.

Speaking Their Minds.

The queer thing about the people who boast of always speaking their minds is that they nearly always have such disagreeable minds to speak. Did you ever hear any one preface a compliment, a commendation or anything gracious or pleasant by saying, "I always must speak my mind?"—Woman's Life.

On the Common Highway.

We are learning that a standard of social ethics is not attained by traveling a sequestered pathway, but by walking on the thronged and common road where all must turn out for one another, and at least see the size of one another's burdens.—Jane Addams.

Captured in Minnesota Woods.

Wooster, O., April 4.—A telegram received here during the day announced the capture by Cleveland officers in a lumber camp in Minnesota of Charles W. McGlenen of Creston, O., wanted here to answer to a charge of embezzlement of about $1,000 from the Union Central Life Insurance company of Cincinnati.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are Practical stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a Thoro and Practical training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, - - - Minnesota

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

Falls Candy Kitchen

For Candies Always Right Fresh From the Kettle. . . .

F. JACKSON & COMPANY

Thief River Falls, Minn.

SAN FRANCISCO IN RUINS.

Brief News Notes Concerning the Horrible Disaster.

Earthquake and fire has practically wiped out the city of San Francisco. At 5:13 o'clock on the morning of April 18 a series of severe shocks lasting three minutes destroyed or damaged thousands of buildings in the business section, causing loss of life estimated at 500, hundreds of others sustaining serious injuries. Following the earthquake fire broke out in the ruins and owing to the bursting of the water mains it was impossible to fight the flames except by blowing up buildings in the path of the fire. This method proved unsuccessful and by the night of April 19 the entire business section was in ruins and the fire had spread to the residence section, a large portion of which had been wiped out by the morning of the 20th. The flames then worked their way into the western section of the city, which contains the homes of San Francisco's wealthier class, and many palatial residences have been destroyed. It is estimated that over 300,000 people are homeless, an immense number having left the city and sought refuge in nearby towns. The property damage is placed at between $300,000,000 and $400,000,000.

Reports from cities in the interior of the state are most alarming. Santa Rosa, in the prosperous county of Sonoma, is a total wreck. There are 10,000 homeless men, women and children huddled together. The loss of life there is estimated at 500. Every business house was destroyed by the earthquake and fire completed the destruction of the city. At Salinas the earthquake caused a loss of $2,500,000, but no lives were lost. Brawley, a town 120 miles south of Los Angeles, was practically wiped out, but so far as known there were no fatalities. The Agnews insane asylum near San Jose was demolished by the earthquake and 100 persons killed and 120 injured, the dead including 11 officers and employes of the institution. At San Jose many buildings were damaged and ten persons killed. Reports also tell of the destruction of Healdsburg, Geyserville, Cloverdale, Hopland and Ukiah, in Mendocino and Lake counties. These are frontier counties and have not as large towns as farther south. In every case the loss of life and property is as shocking as at San Francisco.

Throughout the great business district of San Francisco, where the devastation of the flames was most complete, walls are being razed, buildings that had not disintegrated before the intense heat are being inspected with the view of reoccupancy and even ground is being cleared for the immediate construction of some sort of building in which to resume business at the earliest possible time.

The various projects for expressing, in an organized public manner, German sympathy with the sufferers from the San Francisco disaster and forwarding material aid have been abandoned owing to President Roosevelt's dispatches saying that such contributions are not necessary. Several newspapers commented editorially and rather bitterly on the refusal of German assistance.

Millions of dollars have been contributed in various cities throughout the country to assist the San Francisco sufferers. Rockefeller, Carnegie, the Standard Oil company and the steel trust each contributed $100,000. The total for New York city is expected to reach $3,000,000.

H. C. Tilden, one of the most prominent members of the San Francisco general relief committee, was shot and almost instantly killed while returning from Menlo park in his automobile by members of the citizens' patrol. The latter declare Tilden did not stop when challenged.

The town of Tomales, Cal., is a pile of ruins, all of the large stores having been destroyed by the recent earthquake. The Catholic church, a new stone structure, is also ruined. Many ranch houses and barns in the vicinity are down.

Eleven postal clerks were taken from the debris of the San Francisco postoffice three days after the disaster, all alive. They had been all that time without food or water. All the mail was saved.

Secretary Metcalf of the department of commerce and labor has gone to San Francisco to represent the government in connection with relief work in the stricken city.

A sharp earthquake shock was felt at San Francisco at 10:39 Monday night. It lasted about three seconds and was from east to west. No damage resulted.

New York city spontaneously responded to the appeal on behalf of the sufferers in the California disaster and subscribed more than $500,000 in one day.

A severe rain storm early Monday caused intense suffering among the thousands of San Francisco refugees protected only by canvas coverings.

Chief D. J. Sullivan of San Francisco's fire department died Sunday from the effects of injuries received on the morning of the earthquake.

The earthquake destroyed the principal business portion of Los Banos, Cal. A conservative estimate places the total damage at $150,000.

John D. Rockefeller has authorized his agents in San Francisco to expend $100,000 for the relief of the homeless and destitute of that city.

Congress has appropriated $1,500,000 to the California sufferers in addition to the $1,000,000 previously given.

Congress has appropriated $1,000,000 for the San Francisco sufferers.

Subscribe for the News.

SAVES MILKMAN'S FAMILY

Anxious Customer Rescues Three From Asphyxiation.

Delay of an Hour Would Have Meant Death of Whole Family.

St. James, Minn., April 22.—When Henry Bingham, who is supplied with milk daily by a family named Johnson, did not receive his usual supply he went to the house to see what was wrong. The place was closed and, fearing some mishap, Bingham burst open the door. The house was full of coal gas and Herman Johnson, his wife and granddaughter Christine were unconscious. Physicians were summoned and restoratives applied. After several hours of strenuous work the lives of all three were saved, but had Mr. Bingham delayed his visit an hour longer it is likely that all the inmates of the house would have perished.

CARRIES OUT HIS THREAT.

Aged Minneapolis Man Suicides by Hanging.

Minneapolis, April 23.—Within four hours of the time he left home, declaring that he would make way with himself, the dead body of John Simm was found hanging to a tree in an alley near Seventeenth avenue south and Thirty-first street.

The body was cold when found, showing that the man had carried out his threat as soon as possible after he left home at dark.

Ill health is supposed to furnish the motive for the act. Simm was seventy-two years old and has lived in Minneapolis a number of years. He is survived by a wife and several grown up children.

SHORTAGE IS LARGE.

St Paul Young Man Said to Have Blown in Money Rapidly.

Louis S. Jungbauer, Cashier, Alleged to Have Embezzled $10,000.

St. Paul, April 18.—Ten thousand dollars "blown in" in six months is said to be the achievement of a St. Paul young man, who until about six months ago was a youth of good habits, who attended strictly to his work and had not drunk intoxicating liquor.

Louis S. Jungbauer, assistant teller of the State Savings bank, was arrested during the day charged with a shortage of $1,000 in his accounts, but officers of the bank say that it will reach $10,000. The bank, however, will lose nothing, as Jungbauer is under bonds and the bonding company will make good the shortage.

Jungbauer was arrigned in police court. He waived a hearing and he was held for the grand jury.

MORE LAND FOR SETTLERS.

Minnesota Forest Reserve to Be Reduced 300,000 Acres.

Washington, April 18.—The new Minnesota forest reserve will be reduced from a total area of 312,792 acres to 68,792 acres. The original federal forest reserve consisted of 220,485 acres of pine land, 92,000 agricultural acres, 60,238 of Indian allotments and 119,000 of overflowed lands.

The state gets 147,000 acres of swamp land and 28,000 is given over to the public for homesteads and the 119,000 of overflow is also withdrawn.

A bill along these lines will be endorsed by Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forestry bureau.

BROTHERS IN FATAL FIGHT

One Is Killed and the Other Is Fatally Wounded Up at Hibbing.

Quarrel the Resulted of a Trivial Matter and Was Fierce.

Duluth, April 17.—A tragedy in which the result will be the murder of two brothers by each other shocked Hibbing at night. Near the Morris mine location Steve Buckovitch shot and killed his brother Marco after the latter had inflicted what is almost certain to be a mortal knife wound on him. Steve is in the hospital, but is not expected to live.

There were five of the Buckovitch brothers. They lived in a shanty and worked in the mines. They also kept thirty-six boarders. The brothers and their boarders are all Austrians. While Steve was at work Marco accepted a couple of more boarders, and when Steve returned he objected, as he thought they had all the boarders they could accommodate.

Protests led to hot words and then blows. Marco stabbed his brother through the lung and twisted the blade before withdrawing it. Steve fell back on a bed and then calling Marco to him, shot Marco in the heart, killing him instantly.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

John Alexander Dowie has been granted an injunction by Judge Robert W. Wright of the circuit court at Rockford. By virtue of it Dowie may now return to Zion City and enjoy free access to his home and to Shiloh tabernacle until final action is taken in the matter by the court. He also may hold religious services in the tabernacle on every alternate day during that period, if he so desires, and he is granted freedom from public insult or ridicule.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States court at Kansas City, overruled the motion to quash the indictments returned last December against George H. Crosby, traffic manager of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, and against L. B. Taggart and George L. Thomas, freight brokers, charged with conspiracy to violate the interstate commerce laws in the soliciting and giving of rebates on packinghouse and other products.

It is estimated by Chicago lawyers that the decision of the supreme court of the United States holding illegal all divorces except where both parties to the suit resided within the court's jurisdiction will make illegal 500 divorces that have been granted in Chicago alone and pave the way for all manner of complications in the next generation over inheritance and the rights to property.

Justice Greenbaum of the New York supreme court has dismissed the writ of habeas corpus which was issued to secure the release of George W. Perkins, the banker, when he was arrested a few weeks ago on complaint that he had given money of the New York Life Insurance company as a contribution to the Republican campaign fund.

In the rebate cases in the United States district court at Kansas City the plea of immunity filed by the railways on the basis of the decision by Judge Humphrey at Chicago in the beef trust cases was denied. A number of railroads and packinghouses and officers of the various companies are affected by the decision.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, Darius Miller and Claude G. Burnham, officials of the road, were found guilty in the federal court at Chicago of granting rebates in violation of law. The railroad corporation was fined $40,000 and the two officials $10,000 each. The fines were promptly paid.

Judge Sanborn, in the United States district court at Madison, has handed down an opinion declaring the Wisconsin grain inspection law invalid and holds it as such as a regulation of the interstate commerce act.

Captain Hobson of Merrimac fame has been nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Sixth Alabama district.

LABOR NEWS.

The international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America has rejected the proposition of the operators of Western Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, who are opposing the payment of the 1903 wage scale to miners and who, through J. H. Windber, their chairman, offered to submit the differences to arbitration.

A sub-committee of presidents of the anthracite coal carrying railroads and mine operators met in New York and drew up a letter to President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, in which the operators again declare that there is nothing to arbitrate except the question whether there shall be any arbitration.

The joint scale committee of Kanawha (W. Va.) miners and operators unanimously agreed on the scale of 1903 for the two years ending on the second Tuesday of April, 1908.

The scale committee for Iowa operators and miners has signed the scale on the 1903 basis. It was ratified by joint convention later.

S. H. SHARBACH,

THE CASH MERCHANDIZER

GRATIFIED at the result of a week's business, and also the way the things offered through the papers were taken advantage of, I am led to believe that the people of Thief River Falls know a good thing when they see it. Quick sales and small profits. Cash or its equivalent. With these two the wheels of business can be kept rolling and bigger and better values given. Here are a few stunners for next week that certainly ought to interest any and all close buyers.

BARGAIN NO. 1.

200 LADIES' QUASE VESTS—Sleeveless, half sleeves and long sleeves; any size, fine cotton and mercerised. Values to 50c, all in one lot; your choice, next Monday and Tuesday, each, only.......................13c

BARGAIN NO. 2.

150 LADIES' TURN-OVER AND STOCK COLLARS. Also sets collars and cuffs; none worth less than 20c and up to 50c; choice, next week.......................13c

BARGAIN NO. 3.

3 DOZEN LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS; all new styles; white lawn madras cloth and percale. Take your pick of any waist in the lot for.......................39c

BARGAIN NO. 4.

6 PIECES SILK for waists or shirt waist suits; all new; just came; bought at a sacrifice; going at the same rate; worth 60c to 75c a yard; cheap at that; on sale next week; choice, any piece, a yard.......................39c

BARGAIN NO. 5.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits, like cut; made of percale, viole and white duck; well made and handsomely trimmed, at prices about the cost of material; to start them, will sell whole suits for

$1.78

$2.75

and

$4.90

Let Us Show You Our Waists and Suits.

Phone Your Grocery Order to 264. Will Deliver Promptly to Any Part of the city.

WORKMEN ARE KILLED

Two Men Burried Beneath Tons of Sand and Gravel.

Were Employed on the G. N. at Clearwater Junction.

Minneapolis, April 17.—Caught beneath an avalanche of falling sand and gravel, George O'Neil and Nels Sanderson, two laborers employed on the Great Northern Railroad company's improvements at Clearwater Junction, were buried under tons of material, and either suffocated or crushed to death late in the afternoon.

They were working with a number of other men in an excavation made by steam shovels, when with scarcely any warning the overhanging mass of sand and gravel fell, burying the two unfortunate men under tons of material. The other workmen, who were nearer the exit, all managed to escape without injury.

WOUND IS NOT SERIOUS.

Minneapolis Woman Accused of Shooting Husband.

Minneapolis, April 23.—Family troubles which have been in progress for several weeks culminated yesterday in the shooting of Will S. Green by, it is claimed, his wife, Hattie Green, in a room at the Grace hotel, Washington avenue south and Fourteenth street. The shooting was done with a 22-caliber revolver as the man lay asleep on the bed. The victim of the affair is being held by the police as a witness and the woman has been arrested on a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon. Green was not seriously injured.

THE DEATH RECORD.

William Becker, aged sixty-seven, a wealthy citizen of Milwaukee, shot himself through the head at Mobile, Ala., dying instantly. Mr. Becker had been in bad health for some time.

Frederick E. Platt, a brother of Senator Thomas C. Platt of New York, is dead at Oswego, N. Y., aged eighty-five years.

Augustus Pollack, a tobacconist of international reputation, is dead at Wheeling, W. Va., aged seventy-six years.

ABOUT 30 MEN INJURED

Trestle at Duluth Gives Away and Laborers Fall Forty Feet.

Men Were Working on the Duluth and Missabe Oar Docks.

Duluth, April 20.—Thirty laborers were more or less seriously injured here during the evening by the giving way of a trestle that connects ore docks No. 1 and No. 2 of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern railway. The accident happened when about 100 men, applicants for positions on the docks, were crowding to get to the foreman, who was doing the hiring. In the rush a portion of the rail on the trestle gave way, thirty of the men being precipitated to the ground below, a distance of about forty feet.

All of the injured were taken to local hospitals. It is thought none will die.

Dog Delays Railroad Train.

Virginia, Minn., April 23.—A dog delayed a logging train for two hours near here yesterday. The crew had to get two cars from a siding to attach to their train. On one of them was a mail sack and a big Newfoundland dog was watching it, who refused to allow the men to approach. All efforts to get him away were in vain and it was two hours before the owner of the dog could be found and the faithful animal called off.

Seriously Wounds His Wife.

Minneapolis, April 17.—Harry Spencer, for years a well known restaurant man of St. Paul, shot and seriously wounded his wife in this city while she was returning from a theater with a party of friends. Two of the bullets struck the woman in the head and one entered her body. She fell unconscious and was removed to St. Barnabas hospital, where it is said that she will probably recover. Spencer has not been apprehended.

Pioneer of Duluth Dead.

Duluth, April 23.—E. E. Upham, a pioneer resident of Duluth, died last night of illness of two years, aged fifty-six years. He was prominently connected with the dredging industry at the Head of the Lakes.

Subscribe for the News.

A TRAINLOAD OF SUPPLIES

St. Paul Sends Provisions to San Francisco Earthquake Sufferers.

Expected to Reach Destination Before the End of the Week.

St. Paul, April 23.—A trainload of supplies for the sufferers at San Francisco left the city this afternoon and it is expected will reach its destination before the end of the week. The train went out on the Great Northern and that road has promised to forward it on passenger time. The train will be sent to Seattle and then loaded on a boat and sent to San Francisco. This arrangement was made because the congested condition of the Southern Pacific makes it impossible to forward anything with the desired speed.

The relief committee was busy yesterday morning arranging for the train and the provisions that were to go into it. The recommendations of the army commissary were used in determining what supplies were to be sent and then purchases were made. All the supplies were purchased from local jobbers from stocks they had on hand and the entire cost of the trainload is $15,000.

The railroad company placed the cars on the track yesterday and men were busy all day loading the goods into the cars. The train includes a car of baked pork and beans, a half car of rice, a half car of green canned corn, a half car of tomatoes, a half car of green peas, a half car of coffee, a half car of condensed milk, a half car of army beans and other of the common necessities in proportion.

Decision Against Newspapers.

St. Paul, April 16.—Judge Bunn has held adversely to the newspapers in a decision overruling a demurrer to the indictments for publishing the story of the William Williams murder. "In view of the importance of the question, if the defendants so desire, I will immediately certify the case to the supreme court," said Judge Bunn in the decision.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. WERSTLEIN.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.
Lowest rates. Call and see me.

J. WALSETH, Norske Advokat. WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.

WALSETH & TAUTGES, LAWYERS.

We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.

(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

CLARK & CARR,

LAWYERS:

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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H. M. Hicks,

LICENSED EMBALMER

Coffins and Caskets. Hearse in Connection.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. G. R. Lanning,

DENTIST.

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For Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

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Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak.

Bert D. Keck,

ARCHITECT

Plans and Specifications for
Modern and Up-to-date Buildings.
Superintendent of Construction.

CROOKSTON, : : : MINN.

DANIELSON & HAGEN,

CITY DRAY LINE.

G. N. and Soo Express Handled

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

Andrew Stenseth

The leading dealer in Thief River Falls city property, always has a number of choice bargains to offer. Before investing in real estate in any part of the city, you should see him and get his prices.

Office at corner of LaBree avenue and First street.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

How's Your Liver?

It will pay you to take good care of your liver, because, if you do, your liver will take good care of you.

Sick liver puts you all out of sorts, makes you pale, dizzy, sick at the stomach, gives you stomach ache, headache, malaria, etc. Well liver keeps you well, by purifying your blood and digesting your food.

There is only one safe, certain and reliable liver medicine, and that is

Thedford's Black-Draught

For over 60 years this wonderful vegetable remedy has been the standby in thousands of homes, and is today the favorite liver medicine in the world.

It acts gently on the liver and kidneys, and does not irritate the bowels.

It cures constipation, relieves congestion, and purifies the system from an overflow of bile, thereby keeping the body in perfect health.

Price 25c at all druggists and dealers.

Test B.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Announcement that the widows of college professors may be pensioned under the terms of the $10,000,000 gift of Andrew Carnegie has been made by the trustees. A pension not to exceed one-half the pension of a professor may be paid to his widow, but it will cease on her remarriage.

The steamship Campania, which sailed from Queenstown Monday for New York, has on board what is said to be the largest consignment of specie ever sent across the Atlantic on one vessel. The total value of the specie is about $6,250,000 and its weight is close to twelve tons.

Ten hours between Chicago and New York on trains operated by electricity and making an average speed of seventy-five miles an hour is the plan of incorporators of the Chicago and New York Electric Air Line railroad.

A plan is under discussion to establish in New York city a bank with a capital of $50,000,000 for the purpose of regulating money rates and preventing periods of money stringency and accompanying high rates of interest.

Four more of the bills recommended by the special insurance investigating committee have been passed by both houses of the New York legislature.

David C. St. Charles, an engineer of San Francisco, has invented a repeater which will make it possible to telephone from that city to New York.

The Standard Oil company has announced an additional advance in the price of refined oil and gasoline of half a cent per gallon.

A steel plant costing $5,000,000 and to give employment to 5,000 men will be built at Tacoma, Wash.

Eleven thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine immigrants arrived at New York Sunday.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Senator Tillman has filed formal charges with the senate sub-committee considering the nomination of Benjamin F. Barnes, assistant secretary to the president, to be postmaster at Washington and protested against his confirmation. These charges relate to the expulsion of Mrs. Minor Morris from the executive offices and assert inhuman and brutal treatment of the woman and also allege that Barnes made a false statement about the case.

A resolution providing for the election of senators by direct vote of the people has been favorably acted upon by the house committee on election of president, vice president and representatives in congress. The resolution, which was introduced by Mr. Norris of Nebraska, makes the term of members of the house four years instead of two. Both propositions are to be accomplished by amendments to the Constitution.

In the senate Mr. Tillman introduced a resolution directing the committee on finance to inquire into alleged contributions by national banks to campaign committees and why facts concerning them had not been disclosed by the comptroller of the currency.

The house committee on labor has taken favorable action on the joint bill prohibiting interstate commerce in prison made goods.

The free alcohol bill has passed the house—222 to 7.

Spreading Manure.

The practice of spreading manure on the snow in winter does not seem to be gaining in popularity, says Farmers Advocate. On some farms where the fields are level and where there is no chance to store the manure it is a good plan. Experiments at the Massachusetts station last year showed that manure thus spread produced better crops than where it was left over winter in large heaps. But it was reckoned that the difference in value of the crop produced did not pay for the extra labor in hauling the manure according to this plan. It could be hauled considerably cheaper, doing all the work at once in the spring. On the other hand, such work done in winter is on some farms clear gain, since there may be little else for the team to do. It is a matter to be thought out according to the case in hand.

Fattening Steers.

To improve the quality of cattle is not the whole secret of profitable cattle raising and feeding. While improving the quality of cattle is the prime factor in profitable feeding, the method of feeding is almost as important, for without the proper methods failure will result regardless of quality of the cattle. The old method of cramming corn into a steer regardless of whether or not he digests it, depending on hogs to pick up the undigested corn, is a poor as well as an old method. To put on good flesh and to put it on fast a steer should digest thoroughly all the food that he takes into his stomach. The food should be prepared carefully in order that perfect digestion should take place. Less corn and more ensilaged foods should be used in finishing a steer for the market.—Farmers Advocate.

Peas For Lambs.

"Three years ago," says R. W. Hersey of Colorado, "an old Scotchman living in the San Luis valley, in our state, concluded he would experiment with peas as a food for a few lambs that he owned.

"The pea diet proved to be the very thing. The lambs not only took on fat with surprising rapidity, but their flesh acquired a new and delicious flavor. The next year everybody in that region began to follow his example, and last year in the San Luis valley it is estimated that no less than 500,000 sheep grew fat on peas."

A Polish Sport.

One of the favorite sports of a Polish country gentleman is to capture a wolf alive, and as his mode of doing it is probably new to many Englishmen I will briefly describe it. A wolf being driven into the open, the well mounted horseman pursues it, armed only with a long whip and some rope. The wolf after a time tries to take rest, but the rider forces it on with his whip till, after repeated attempts at rest, it sinks exhausted. The rider then springs from his horse, jumps astride the wolf and, holding it by the ears, secures it with the rope. Most men require the assistance of a mounted companion, who ties the wolf while the other holds its ears with both hands, and in this way the capture is comparatively easy, but to do it single handed is a difficult feat. Nasty bites and even dangerous wounds result should the hunter have miscalculated the strength of the animal. No one, however, is considered a perfect sportsman till he has done this, yet many never succeed. Of the large party assembled only our host, two of his stalwart brothers and one other man had obtained this blue ribbon of Polish sport.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Couture and His Dainty Pupil.

An old pupil of Couture tells how the master came into his schoolroom one day when the model was in exceptionally good condition, the light especially fine and the circumstances of the seance altogether auspicious. As he entered one of the students got up and went to the tub of water in the corner, leaving all the rest buried in their work. "What are you going to do?" asked Couture roughly. The student showed his hands, which had some paint on them, and replied that he was going to wash them. Couture dabbed his thumb in some paint on the palette of the nearest student and made a smear on the dainty pupil's forehead. "You'd better wash your face, too," he said. The face washing was the last act of the students when they had finished their work for the day. The dainty pupil took the hint to heart, apologized and sat down at his easel without visiting the tub. If he had not done so he would never have entered the school again.

The Earth's Swift Motion.

Everybody knows that the earth makes one complete revolution on its axis once in each twenty-four hours, but few, however, have any idea of the high rate of speed at which such an immense ball must turn in order to accomplish the feat of making one revolution in a day and a night. A graphic idea of the terrific pace which the old earth keeps up year after year may be had by comparing its speed to that of a cannon ball fired from a modern high pressure gun. The highest velocity ever attained by such a missile has been estimated at 1,626 feet per second, which is equal to a mile in 3 2-10 seconds. The earth in making one complete revolution in the short space of twenty-four hours must turn with a velocity almost exactly equal to that of the cannon ball. In short, its rate of speed at the equator is exactly 1,507 feet per second. This is equal to 17 miles a minute.

The Empresses of Russia.

During the eighteenth century no less than four empresses held sway over Russia, and if perhaps the throne was unjustly usurped in more than one instance it can at least be said of all of them that they reigned more wisely than the emperors of that period and that they have left names more famous than those of their male predecessors and successors. With all her many faults Catherine the Great proved a wise and powerful monarch, and much that disfigured her history may be forgotten, seeing that she almost totally abolished the custom of subjecting all Russian prisoners to a system of ghastly torture besides repealing many other cruel and barbarous laws.

Washington's Hand.

George Washington's hand was described as that of a giant. On the last occasion of General Lafayette's visit to this country he remarked to Mr. Custis when referring to a former visit, "You were holding to a single finger of the good general's remarkable hand—the greatest feat you could perform at that time." Washington was the champion jumper of his day. In one match he covered 21 feet 3 inches, easily beating all competitors.

The Pursuit of Happiness.

"What I want," said the earnest citizen, "is to see a state of affairs which will give every man a chance to work."

"Yes," answered the cheerless person, "but that won't give entire satisfaction. What nearly everybody is looking for is a chance to do nothing and make everybody else work."—Washington Star.

His Model.

Critic—That villain in your story is a perfect masterpiece. Where did you get the character? Novelist—I imagined a man possessed of all the forms of wickedness which my wife attributes to me when she is angry.—London Tit-Bits.

On and Off.

Mrs. Hightone—You are having trouble with your cooks? Mrs. Flashly—The first one carried on so. Mrs. Hightone—And how about the last? Mrs. Flashly—She carried off so. I lost two dresses and a hat.

Persevering.

"Jenkins is a man of remarkable perseverance."

"Is he?"

"Yes, indeed. He has tried six different kinds of hair restorer, and he hasn't given up the fight yet."

Where there is much pretension there is much that has been borrowed; nature never pretends.—Lavater.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,

against

Charles O. Eklund, Anna Eklund, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 26th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Andy C. Hurt, H. E. No. 327, Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 19, Twp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Picinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Stena Gall, of Germantown, Minn.
Anton Kolski, " "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 4th, 1906, viz: Ole N. Olson, H. E. 218, Red Lake Series for the lots 7 and 8, Sec. 6, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton J. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Anderson, " " "
Gunder L. Steenerson, " " "
John Dahl, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissoner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 4th, 1906, viz: John F. Dablow, H. E. 83, Red Lake Series for the SE¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Sorlom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Kaushajen, " " "
Gunstein Knutson, " " "
Andrew Trovaton, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Oscar Mattson, H. E. No. 7,899, for the NE¼, Sec. 11, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Joseph Hedlund, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 apr 26

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew B. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 23 in Township 153 North of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 507, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hall, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Oscar A. Lawson, H. E. 203, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, 9, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Fred A. Lane, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Michael H. Connelly, " "
Frank A. Peterson, " "
Horace C. Lane, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 255, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 5 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: William Lindsey, H. E. 226, RedLake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 19, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Hultin, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Freeberg, " "
Svenke K. Dahle, " "
Tom R. Ryenstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 22 apr 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court, of Marshall County, Minnesota, at Warren, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1906, viz: Joseph Hedlund, H. E. No. 7,900, for the NW¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gust Swenson, of Sorum P. O., Minn.
Agard Johnson, " "
Louis Larson, " "
Oscar Mattson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4, 1906, viz: Jacob Jonas, H. E. 917, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Jubb, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew B. Helgeson, " "
Rudolph Fergus, " "
August Krause, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Hans H. Jacobson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Nels Olson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Thomson, " "
Nils J. Berg, of Germantown, " "
Oswold Oas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: John J. Cahill, H. E. 486, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3, 4, N½ SW¼, Sec. 31 and Lots 3, Sec. 30, Tp. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Quirk, of Kratka, Minn.
John Johnson, " "
Carl Jensen, " "
Samuel L. Heasley, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar 29 may 3

CONDEMNED AS FOOD

NEARLY EVERYTHING WORTH EATING HAS BEEN UNDER A BAN.

From the Days of Adam There Has Been Not Only Forbidden Fruit, but Forbidden Meats and Vegetables. The Peculiar Belief of "Totemism."

From the days of Adam and Eve to the present time there has been not only forbidden fruit, but forbidden meats and vegetables. For one reason or another people have resolutely refused to eat any and all kinds of flesh, fish, fowl, fruits and plants. Thus the apple, the pear, the strawberry, the quince, the bean, the onion, the leek, the asparagus, the woodpecker, the pigeon, the goose, the deer, the bear, the turtle and the eel—these, to name only a few eatables, have been avoided as if unwholesome or positively injurious to health and digestion.

As we all know, the Jews have long had a hereditary antipathy to pork. On the other hand, swine's flesh was highly esteemed by the ancient Greeks and Romans. This fact is revealed by the many references to pig as a dainty bit of food. At the great festival held annually in honor of Demeter roast pig was the piece de resistance in the bill of fare because the pig was the sacred animal of Demeter. Aristophanes in "The Frogs" makes one of the characters hint that some of the others "smell of roast pig." These people undoubtedly had been at the festival, known as the Thesmophoria, and had eaten freely of roast pig. Those who took part in another Greek mystery or festival, known as the Eleusinia, abstained from certain food and, above all, from beans.

Again, as we all know, mice are esteemed in China and in some parts of India, but the ancient Egyptians, Greeks and Jews abhorred mice and would not touch mouse meat. Rats and field mice were sacred in old Egypt and were not to be eaten on this account. So, too, in some parts of Greece, the mouse was the sacred animal of Apollo, and mice were fed in his temples. The chosen people were forbidden to eat "the weasel and the mouse and the tortoise after his kind." These came under the designation of unclean.

But people have abstained from eating kinds of flesh which could not be called unclean. For example, the people of Thebes, as Herodotus tells us, abstained from sheep. What is the matter with mutton chops? Then, the ancients used to abstain from certain vegetables. Indeed, the Romans sneered at those Egyptians who did not dare to eat onions, leeks or garlic, and yet the Romans themselves were superstitious about what they ate or what they should avoid eating.

In his "Roman Questions" Plutarch asks, "Why do the Latins abstain strictly from the flesh of the woodpecker?" In order to answer Plutarch's question correctly it is necessary to have some idea of the peculiar custom and belief called "totemism." There is a stage of society in which people claim descent from and kinship with beasts, birds, vegetables and other objects. This object, which is a "totem," or family mark, they religiously abstain from eating. The members of the tribe are divided into clans or stocks, each of which takes the name of some animal, plant or object, as the bear, the buffalo, the woodpecker, the asparagus, and so forth. No member of the bear family would dare to eat bear meat, but he has no objection to eating buffalo steak. Even the marriage law is based on this belief, and no man whose family name is Wolf may marry a woman whose family name is also Wolf.

In a general way it may be said that almost all our food prohibitions spring from the extraordinary custom generally called totemism. Mr. Swan, who was a missionary for many years in the Kongo Free State, thus describes the custom: If I were to ask the Yeko people why they do not eat zebra flesh, they would reply, "Chijila"—i. e., "It is a thing to which we have an antipathy," or, better, "It is one of the things which our fathers taught us not to eat." So it seems the word "bashilang" means "the people who have an antipathy to the leopard;" the "bashalamba," "those who have an antipathy to the dog," and the "bashilanlanzefu," "those who have an antipathy to the elephant." In other words, the members of these stocks refuse to eat their totems, the zebra, the leopard and the elephant, from which they take their names.

The survival of antipathy to certain foods was found among people as highly civilized as the Egyptians, the Greeks and the Romans. Quite a list of animals whose flesh was forbidden might be drawn up. For example, in old Egypt the sheep could not be eaten in Thebes, nor the goat in Mendes, nor the cat in Bubastis, nor the crocodile at Ombos, nor the rat, which was sacred to Ra, the sun god. However, the people of one place had no scruples about eating the forbidden food of another place, and this often led to religious disputes and bad blood.

Among the vegetables tabooed as food by the Egyptians may be mentioned the onion, the garlic and the leek. Lucian says that the inhabitants of Pelusium adored the onion. According to Pliny, the Egyptians used to swear by the leek and the onion. Juvenal pokes fun at those who thought it a sin to eat them. He exclaims, "Surely a very religious nation and a blessed peace where every garden is overrun with gods!"

The survivals of totemism among the ancient Greeks are very interesting. Families named after animals and plants were not uncommon. One Athenian genus, the Ioxidae, had for its ancestral plant the asparagus. We may be sure that this plant was tabooed as food to every man, woman and child of the Ioxidae.—New York Post.

LIFELESS RIDERS.

Thrilling Incidents Called From the Horrors of War.

A veteran of the British army in India once saw a strange sight on a battlefield. As he tells the story a squadron of cavalry had been held in reserve under cover of a field battery and an infantry regiment. The artillery duel had ended. The assault of the enemy in overwhelming numbers had been repulsed by the steadiness of the infantry. While a cloud of smoke hung over the field the cavalry received an order to charge with drawn sabers.

The troopers started in close order for the enemy's line. Midway they met a destructive fire from earthworks in front of them and from the woods on their flank. A young cavalryman, with his saber drawn, was shot in the heart while leading in the first file. The horse halted, swerved to the right and turned back, but the rider kept his seat without flinching. The other troopers went on, carried the earthwork by storm, rode at full gallop after the retreating force and converted defeat into rout.

The dead trooper meanwhile was returning with white face and with the blood streaming from his wound. Under his nerveless hand the horse received neither check nor leading and made its own way toward the infantry, which was now advancing rapidly. As the smoke lifted the soldiers saw the solitary rider coming, with one hand in a death grip upon the saddle, while the other still held the sword rigidly clasped.

It was a sight never to be forgotten—the galloping horse, with the dead cavalryman still mounted and looking grim and fierce. It was not until the rider had gone fifty yards from the spot where he had been killed that he rolled off the horse.

A similar story is told of Captain Nolan, who delivered the fatal blundering order for the charge of the famous Light brigade. He was seen on the field of Balaklava, riding from the hills where the staff officers were drawn up to the quarter where the brigade was stationed. The charge began, and what was left of the brigade returned in broken groups.

At last Captain Nolan was seen galloping rapidly toward the center of the field. He was firmly seated, straight as an arrow and riding well. Suddenly the horse swerved and the rider toppled over.

The officers who were nearest rushed forward, but when they lifted him from the ground they found him lifeless. Like the Indian saberman, he had been shot and instantly killed, but his horse had carried him safely across the field, out of the reach of the pursuing Cossacks.

The Minister's Tartan.

Every clan of Scottish highlanders had its own tartan, or striped colored cloth, of which the kilt and plaid were made. It is not so well known, however, that the clergy of the highlanders down to a recent date used a tartan for their weekday dress. The tartan of the clergy, as it was called, was a sober cloth of white, black and gray stripes. Ministers who did not care to don the kilt almost always wore the plaid or mantle of this material. In the eighteenth century when the highlanders seldom went unarmed it was the custom of some clergymen to wear swords even at church and to be accompanied by a gillie, or servant, carrying a bow and sheath of arrows. Nothing could better illustrate the disturbed state of those times than this practice on the part of the men who were pre-eminently preachers of peace and universal good will.—Scotsman.

Old English Pence.

Halfpence and farthings were not coined in England before the time of Edward I., and until they were the penny, which was then made of silver, was issued deeply indented with a cross in order that it might be broken into two pieces for halfpennies or into four things, or farthings. The silver penny was the first coin of the Anglo-Saxons struck in England. In 1672 an authorized coinage of copper pennies, halfpennies and farthings was established. Silver farthings ceased to be coined under Edward VI. and silver halfpennies under the commonwealth.

A Mother's Retort.

Dr. Breckenridge, a well known American clergyman, and his two brothers, also of the same profession, one day paid a visit to their mother.

"Do you not think, mother," said he, "that you ruled us with too rigid a rod in our boyhood? It would have been better, I think, had you used gentler methods."

The old lady straightened up and said, "Well, William, when you have raised up three as good preachers as I have, then you can talk!"

Horseless Carriages In 1645.

In one of the letters of Gui Patin, written in 1645, the learned bibliophile says: "It is true that there is here an Englishman, the son of a Frenchman, who proposes to make carriages that will roll from Paris to Fontainebleu without horses in a day. The new machine is preparing in the Temple. If it should succeed there will be a great saving of hay and oats, which are at present extremely costly."

Not So Terrible.

Physician—You lie awake in bed three or four hours every night? That is bad. I shall have to treat you for chronic insomnia. Caller (whose salary is $14 a week)—Er—no, doctor I don't think it's as bad as that. I simply can't sleep.

Every Action Counts.

There is no action so slight nor so mean but it may be done to a great purpose and ennobled therefore, nor is any purpose so great but that slight actions may help it.—Woman's Life.

A COLOSSAL GORGE.

The Sublime Beauties of the Grand Canyon of Arizona.

This terrific gash is more than 200 miles long and more than a mile deep, and its area exceeds 2,000 square miles. From the El Tovar rim, on which I stand, to the gleaming, snow veined crags on the opposite side of this stupendous cleft the distance is thirteen miles. Human vision cannot take in the full extent of this wide pageant of terror and glory nor is it within the capacity of words to set forth its overwhelming splendor. The plain on which I stand is nearly 8,000 feet above sea level, and here, in a prodigious fissure—gaunt, abrupt, frightful and wonderful—are assembled mountains, valleys, enormous rocks, precipitous crags, ravines of mystery and forests of gloom, through which the black waters of the Colorado rush onward in their resistless flow and over which the dauntless eagle wings its upward flight to meet the sun. All the forms are here that imagination could construct, and all the colors are here that glow in sunset skies. Far down in the subterranean vista the forests show like green lawns. Not less than seven geologic periods in the physical history of the planet are displayed in the layers of tinted rock—black, green, gray, red, brown, blue, pink, orange and alabaster, with many other mingled hues—that constitute the walls of this colossal gorge; walls that seem continuous and unbroken, yet everywhere are rifted with lateral fissures, the beds of mountain streams that swell the flood of the great Colorado river. The American continent has nowhere else a spectacle to show commensurate with this in beauty, grandeur and awe.—William Winter in Pacific Monthly.

AQUATIC PLANTS

How They May Be Successfully Cultivated in Tubs.

The cultivation of aquatic plants in tubs makes it possible for any one to try his skill with them. Of course he need not expect to be able to grow the rarer sorts of nymphaea, but he can succeed with many beautiful varieties of water lily and other plants of that class. A half barrel is not very attractive in itself, but its lack of beauty may be concealed by the plants, or it may be sunk its depth in the earth. When it contains a fine specimen of some aquatic plant we will forget all about its lack of grace. When preparing for these plants put in rich black mud from the bed of streams or muck from swamps to the depth of a foot; then plant your roots in it and fill with water. Add enough water from time to time to make up for that which is lost by evaporation and give the tub a sunny place in the yard or garden. If you want to grow more plants than one tub will accommodate, it is a good plan to take four, five, six, or as many as you may decide on, and have them sunk in the ground close together, so that the general effect will be something like that which a large tank would give. A better plan, though a more expensive one to carry out, is to have a tank constructed of heavy planks. These should be securely bolted at the ends and the joints made tight by white lead in the grooves.

Ironmonger.

The word "ironmonger" has as curious an origin as any other word in the English language. It means literally an eater of iron and came to its present use in this way. There was once a law that forbade buying fish to sell again, and the fish hawkers, who still carried on their trade in spite of this law, were facetiously termed fish eaters or fishmongers, for, to evade the law, their large purchases of fish were said to be for their own consumption. Gradually the term monger was applied to other trades, as cheesemonger, until at last it came to mean any middle man, as distinguished from a manufacturer, and so was applied to the dealer in hardware.—London Graphic.

Why He Was Elected.

A manufacturer in the north of England expected to be beaten at the polls by his own employees, with whom he was extremely unpopular. To his surprise he was returned. His puzzled agent sought for an explanation. "How is it," he asked one of the workmen, "you voted for your master when you all have such a bad opinion of him?" "Well, you see, mon, we voted for 'm so he cud put hisself away in parliament in London. We don't want 'im 'ere!"

Eye Photographs.

An image impressed upon the retina of the eye remains there an appreciable time. This is the reason why a torch swung rapidly seems to be a circular flame. The sensibility of the retina is indifferent at different times of the day. Every one has noticed how on waking in the morning and looking at the bright window, then closing the eyes, he will observe an impression or phantom of the window for an appreciable time after his eyes are closed.

Some Old Men.

"After all, you know," said Mr. Oldbeau, "a man is only as old as he feels"—

"Yes," said Miss Peppery, "but some old men make the mistake of thinking they are as young as they think they feel."—Philadelphia Press.

The Drawback.

"How do you like being civilized?" asked the philanthropist.

"Well," answered the simple child of nature, "civilization is great for the mind, but it is mighty hard on the digestion."—Washington Star.

Ability doth hit the mark where presumption overshooteth and diffidence falleth short.—Cusa.

THE LOVERS' CANDLES.

An Old Courtship Custom That Still Prevails In Poland.

A quaint old superstition is to this day held in Poland to the effect that two lighted candles set afloat on the river by two lovers will by their conduct foretell if the course of true love will run smooth or otherwise.

The "lovers' candles" are launched at a very pretty water fete that takes place every summer on that part of the Vistula which runs through Poland. It commences at sunset. The river is thronged with a procession of little boats containing masked ladies and gentlemen. Each person carries two wreaths and two candles, the latter representing the person carrying them and the object of his or her affections. They are lighted, fixed firmly in the center of the wreaths and laid side by side in the water. Should they float down the river close together it is a sign that their lives should be united. Should they drift away from each other it is a sign that the lovers will be parted, and should they only drift asunder for a little way and farther on come together again it is a sign that the loved ones will only be parted for a time and all come right in the end. There is much method and order about the arrangement of this procession. The boats glide along in rows, so many abreast, and after the first row have proved their wreaths they move away to the sides and the others come forward in succession. The river is well illuminated, and a large concourse of people assembles to watch the proceedings. The scene is a charming one and reminds one more of fairyland than of anything else.

MATELESS PIGEONS.

Curious Provision of Nature to End Their Solitude.

"Pigeons are monogamous," said a raiser of those birds for market, "and the female lays but two eggs. One of these is always the egg from which a male is hatched, and the other incloses the future female. If by any accident a cock pigeon loses its mate or a hen pigeon becomes widowed the sympathies of the entire cot go out to the afflicted brother or sister. If it should so happen that a cock should lose his mate and a hen hers, so that they are both mateless at the same time, the afflicted pair soon forget their grief in a new life partnership, and all is serene.

"But if there is a widower in the cot and no convenient widow for him to take to mate, or if there is a widow for whom no widower pigeon is on hand, something must be done to fill the vacancy. Upon the first hen pigeon to nest after the vacancy occurs falls the important duty. If she hasn't hatched her eggs yet she promptly dumps one of the two out of the nest. She never makes a mistake in evicting the right one. If a widow is to be provided for, the hen throws out the egg containing her future daughter; if a widower is pining for a mate she disposes of the son egg. If she has hatched her egg when a demand is made for her sacrifice she ceases feeding the youngster who will be superfluous and starves it to death. Pigeons grow fast, and, squabhood over, the lone product of that nest becomes mate to the bereaved member of the flock."

Sunday Observance.

Scene, Scotch farmhouse; time, Sunday morning.

Tourist (to farmer's wife)—Can you let me have a glass of milk, please?

Milk is produced and consumed.

Tourist (taking some coppers from his pocket)—A penny, I suppose.

Farmer's Wife—Mon, dae ye no think shame o' yersel' tae be buyin' goods on the Sawbath?

Tourist (repocketing the coppers)—Oh, well, there's no harm done. I'm sure I'm much obliged. But won't you have the money for it?

Farmer's Wife—Na, na; I'll no tak' less than saxpence for breakin' the Sawbath!—Leeds Mercury.

Washington and Harvard.

Washington received from Harvard college the honorary degree of doctor of laws. The distinction was voted by the president and fellows of the college at the meeting at Watertown April 3, 1776, "as an expression of the gratitude of this college for his eminent services in the cause of his country and to their society." The signers were President Samuel Langdon, Nathaniel Appleton, John Winthrop, Andrew Eliot, Samuel Cooper and John Wadsworth.

Didn't Know.

There are some persons who cannot take a joke, but Sniggins is not one of them. A "friend" acquainted with Sniggins' frequent changes of abode asked him which he thought was the cheaper—to move or to pay rent.

"I can't tell you, my dear boy," replied Sniggins. "I have always moved."—London Telegraph.

Aids to Happiness.

Cultivate the habit of detecting the possibilities for good in things and people; also the habit of letting people know how much you like them. It makes the world a pleasant place.—Woman's Life.

His Scheme.

Creditor—Can't you pay me something on account of that bill you owe me? Debtor—How much do you want? Creditor—I'd like enough to meet the fees of a lawyer to sue you for the balance.

Barks.

The class in natural history, being asked the difference between a dog and a tree, the head boy answered, "A tree is covered with bark, while a dog seems to be lined with it."

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 23.—Wheat—May, 76c; July, 78⅝@78¾c; Sept., 77¼@77¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 Northern, 77¾c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 74@75c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 79c; No. 2 Northern, 77c; May, 78¾c; July, 79⅝c; Sept., 78c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17; May, $1.17¼; July, $1.18½; Sept., $1.18¾; Oct., $1.18½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.25@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.50. Hogs—$6.20@6.45. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $5.25@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.20; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.65; Texans, $3.90@4.70. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.40@6.57½; good heavy, $6.50@6.60; rough heavy, $6.25@6.40; light, $6.30@6.55; pigs, $5.90@6.30. Sheep, $3.75@6.40; lambs, $4.75@7.10.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 23.—Wheat—May, 78⅞c; July, 78¼@78⅜c. Corn—May, 47@47⅛c; July, 46⅛c. Oats—May, 32c; July, 30⅝c. Pork—May, $15.65; July, $15.90. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.14; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.16. Butter—Creameries, 14@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Eggs—15@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens and springs, 12½c.

Wonderful Fiddles.

One of the greatest fiddles that ever were known was to be seen at the French court at the time of Charles IX. This was a viol so large that several boys could be placed inside of it. These boys used to sit inside this queer instrument and sing the airs that the man who handled the bow was playing on the viol outside. The effect is said to have been very beautiful, though it would seem as if the presence of the lads in its interior would seriously interfere with the tone of the "great fiddle," as it was called. Many years after another huge instrument of this kind was used at concerts in Boston. It was so large that to play it the fiddler had to stand on a table to use his bow at the proper point on the strings. This instrument was called "the grandfather of fiddles."

Bread Upon the Waters.

When Victor Hugo was in exile in Brussels he asked Rochefort to stand godfather to his son Charles. Rochefort accepted and in looking for a suitable present saw in a curiosity shop window a silver table ornament which attracted him and which he bought, though the price was 35,000 francs. When after 1870 Rochefort was sent to New Caledonia and his property confiscated Victor Hugo sold the ornament for the benefit of Rochefort's family. It turned out that it was the work of Benvenuto Cellini, and it brought in 200,000 francs.

Fortunate Fasts.

A Jewish newspaper tells the story of a rabbi who expounded and interpreted the Jewish law to the faithful observers for a stipend which a junior clerk would scorn. The learned man was asked by a friend how he was getting on. "Slowly," he answered, with a sigh. "If it were not for the numerous fasts which our religion prescribes I am sure my family would die of starvation."

No Cause For Fear.

Husband—That's a foolish habit you women have of carrying your purses in your hands when in the street. Wife—Why is it? Husband—Because a thief could easily snatch them and get away. Wife—Well, if the husbands of other women don't give them any more to put in their purses than you give me to put in mine the thief would starve to death.

A "Character."

In the churchyard of Woolwich, Kent, England, is the epitaph: "Sacred to the memory of Major James Brush, royal artillery, who was killed by the accidental discharge of a pistol by his orderly 14th April, 1831. Well done, good and faithful servant."

Improving the Wood Lot.

If a little care and forethought are taken when cutting the year's supply of fuel to thin out in the thicker places, saving the young and thrifty trees, letting in the sunshine occasionally to start a vigorous growth and perhaps trimming the trunks to get smoother growth for timber, it will be surprising to see how much the stump value is increased.—American Cultivator.

Cows at Calving Time.

Never feed a cow heavily just before dropping a calf. Heavy feeding then, especially if it is heating food, may cause inflammation, or garget, in the udder. Though a cow should not be fed heavily just before calving, she should be well fed.

Lousy Hencoops.

When the brooding hen refuses to voluntarily return to her coop at night, but squats outside, you can be pretty sure that the coop is either fearfully lousy, filthy or close or perhaps all three. Investigate.

Feeding the Pig.

Clean out the hog troughs every day if necessary. Troughs half full of litter do not make very desirable places for the pigs to eat out of.

FOREIGN NEWS.

An extraordinary story is published by the Manchester (Eng.) Guardian from a correspondent in Russia asserting that Father Gapon was hanged secretly April 10 by four revolutionists who overheard him admit that he was spying on his former revolutionary colleagues in behalf of the Russian police.

Fire has swept the town of Mariquina, in Rizal province, Philippine islands. Many thousands of persons are homeless and starving. Two thousand dwellings are in ruins. Fire also destroyed Pasil, near the town of Cebu. Two hundred dwellings were burned and many persons are homeless.

The Count de Smet de Naeyer, a cadet sailing ship used by the Belgian government for training officers for the government service, foundered in the Bay of Biscay April 18, with a loss of thirty-five lives, including the captain.

The negotiations for the new Russian loan of $440,000,000 have been concluded and the terms indicate that Russia is badly in need of money. The issue price is 88 and the bankers retain a commission of 3 per cent.

The Italian director general of statistics reports that the number of emigrants increased from 507,976 in 1903 and 470,962 in 1904 to 716,343 in 1905. The largest contingent was furnished by the Venetian region.

News has reached Copenhagen that two Danish trawlers with forty men on board foundered recently in a gale off the coast of Iceland. A third boat with a crew of thirty is also believed to have been lost.

Professor Curie, the discoverer of radium, was run over and killed by a wagon on the Place Dauphine at Paris.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

In a special message delivered to congress President Roosevelt declares that the result of the recent trial of the beef packers in Chicago was "a miscarriage of justice" and that the interpretation placed by Judge Humphrey on the will of congress "is such as to make that will absolutely abortive." The message, which is most sensational in character, is based largely on a letter to the president from Attorney General Moody, in which the attorney general reviews the proceedings of the case of the government against the beef packers.

President Roosevelt has transmitted to congress an important message relating to insurance legislation. Accompanying the message were the report and recommendations of the insurance convention which was held in Chicago last February. Among the recommendations is the draft of a bill which congress is urged to enact into law with such amendments as its wisdom may suggest.

Secretary Taft has informed the senate committee on interoceanic canals that the question of type of canal must be determined at once or Chief Engineer Stevens will be placed in a position where he will be compelled to suspend work.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

William O. Miles, a well known Brooklyn lawyer and formerly assistant district attorney of Kings county, has been sentenced to one year in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $500 for conspiracy to defraud the city by bogus claims for loss by the flooding of sewers.

Richard G. Ivens, convicted at Chicago of the murder of Mrs. Bessie Hollister, has been denied a new trial by Judge Smith and sentenced to hang June 22. The defendant showed no concern when sentence was pronounced.

Louis S. Jungbauer, assistant teller of the State Savings bank at St. Paul, has been arrested charged with a shortage of $1,000 in his accounts, but officers of the bank say that the deficit will reach $10,000.

"Skip" Wilson, one of the proprietors of a Wild West show, is dead and his partner, William Duvall, is fatally injured as the result of a battle with officers at Richmond, Mo.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Thirty laborers were more or less seriously injured at Duluth by the giving way of a trestle that connects ore docks No. 1 and No. 2 of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern railway. All of the injured were taken to local hospitals. It is thought none will die.

An earthquake shock, which was felt distinctly throughout Hancock, Mich., and was pronounced in the Quincy mine, killed one man and injured four others while working one mile below the earth's surface in that property.

As a result of a dust explosion in a mine of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, forty miles west of Trinidad, Colo., twenty-three miners are dead. The explosion was the result of a windy shot which ignited the dust.

Four lives were lost in a fire which destroyed a row of three-story frame houses at Coney Island. Nearly thirty families were rendered homeless.

Removing Stumps.

A correspondent of American Cultivator states that he removed a troublesome tree stump from near his house in the following manner: With an inch auger he bored a hole in the center of the stump ten inches deep and put into it about one-half pound of oil of vitriol and corked the hole up tight. In six months the whole stump and roots, extending through all their ramifications, were so rotted that they were easily eradicated.

THE FRILLED LIZARD.

It Carries an Umbrella and Has a Fighting Tail.

The frilled lizard is found in Australian woods, being tolerably abundant in north Queensland and the Kimberley district of western Australia. It lives on beetles such as are found on the tree barks. It is about three feet long, measured from head to tail point. What makes it remarkable consists of two things—its hurried walk and its fighting anger.

It carries a sort of natural umbrella top about its neck, which it elevates suddenly with an alarming effect even to ordinary lizard killing dogs, scaring them as an umbrella opened in the face of a charging bull; hence it is called the frilled lizard. Its teeth are not of much use as a defense against a vigorous animal, but when it fights it uses its long, lithe tail in a way to bring long bruises on one's hands—in fact, could it be properly trained, it might serve as an automatic switch, which, like the magic rub-a-dub-dub—stick, would at the word administer a thrashing to the disobedient child.

From the scientific point of view the creature's peculiar method of ambulation is most interesting, because it presents an absurdly grotesque appearance at such times, more especially from the rear. It walks bipedally or on two feet, like a bird, and so much does it resemble a bird in its walk that it seems to be the connecting link between the ancestors of birds and the lizards of today.

HANGED TO MUSIC.

Doomed Man Sang "I Want to Be an Angel" With the Crowd.

"In the early days of Wyoming, when there were but a few churches and many infractions of law, a man of the name of Barstow, who never knew fear and was a devout Christian, was elected to the office of sheriff," said a citizen of that state. "Soon after Barstow entered upon the duties of his office a man was convicted for a capital crime.

"The fact that there was no minister within reach preyed upon the mind of the sheriff, who undertook to supply the lack by holding an hour's Bible reading in the condemned man's cell and praying with him. As the time for the hanging approached Barstow became possessed with the fear that he had not acquitted himself of the spiritual responsibility devolving upon him and devised a programme that was new and unique. After the victim of the law's mandate was placed upon the platform and everything was in readiness the sheriff prayed long and fervently. Then he called for some one to start a hymn, and a man near the platform began the only one he knew, 'I Want to Be an Angel,' in which the prisoner joined.

"As the last verse was sung the sheriff busied himself adjusting the noose, and immediately upon its conclusion the trap was sprung."

Geography Set to Music.

"I don't know," said a Bangor man the other day, "what their methods of teaching are in the schools these days, but I was surprised not long ago when talking to a youngster to find that he couldn't tell how many counties there were in the state of Maine, nor could he name them all without looking up the information in his geography. He was a bright boy, too, and I wondered. When I went to school we learned the names of the sixteen counties to the tune of 'Yankee Doodle,' and to this day I have never forgotten how the class sounded singing the useful little jingle. It went this way:

"Sixteen counties in the state—
Cumberland and Franklin,
Piscataquis and Somerset,
Aroostook, Androscoggin,
Sagadahoc and Kennebec,
Lincoln, Knox and Hancock,
Waldo, Washington and York,
Oxford and Penobscot."

—Lewiston Journal.

Diminutive Aztecs.

The feminine direct descendants of the famous Aztecs are tiny creatures, exquisitely formed and refined in feature. They carry the head with the upbearing grace of the full blooded Indian; their skins are not red, but a clear, smooth copper color that shines like gold in the sun; their hair is coarse and black as ebony, and they are decorated with bright feathers and gay ornaments. These women make the most wonderful pottery that comes to us from Mexico, for they have kept the old Aztec forms and decorations in their art, and they also weave wonderful baskets and do exquisite embroidery.

Order.

Order is a lovely nymph, the child of beauty and wisdom; her attendants are comfort, neatness and activity; her abode is the valley of happiness; she is always to be found when sought for, and never appears so lovely as when compared with her opponent, disorder. —Johnson.

Teaching the Teacher.

Mother (whose children have had an education superior to her own, to her small daughter, whom she is in the act of smacking)—I'll learn you not to contradict me! Small Daughter (between her sobs)—Teach, mother, teach.—Punch.

Relations Became Strained.

Mrs. Ambish—I often tell my husband I wish he had more "get up and get" about him. Mrs. Jellers—Indeed? I've often heard that he gets up and gets his own breakfast.—Chicago Tribune.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

Considerate.

X. (an incorrigible borrower)—Lend me a fiver, old man. Y. (weakly lending him £4 19s.)—I'm keeping the other shilling to pay for the postage of the letters which I shall have to write you before I get my money back. X. (coolly)—Keep 5 shillings, then. That will give me more time.—London Tit-Bits.

Pride of Ancestry.

"I'm proud of the fact that my grandfather used to split rails," declared Swellsome Donothing.

"So!" said his friend.

"Yes, indeed. If he hadn't I'd probably have been splitting wood myself instead of blowing in his money."—Detroit Free Press.

The arrows of sarcasm are barbed with contempt. It is the sneer in the satire or ridicule that galls and wounds. —W. Gladden.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Thom T. Bakken, H. E. No. 2230, Chippewa Series, for the NW¼ of Sec. 20, Twp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Saave Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn.
Torald Tharaldson, " "
Tom Tharaldson, " "
Jacob Klungnes, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm	
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm	
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm	
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm	

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NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station), Minneapolis 8:10 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10.05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Hankinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars

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Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1906. NUMBER 18

A JOKE ON HARRY IVES

Minneapolis Tribune Tells of His Wedding Suit.

Says That He Was Married in Overalls and Blue Flannel Shirt.

Minneapolis Tribune: Harry Ives, of the St. Hilaire Spectator, St. Hilaire, Minn., arrived in this city Wednesday night, a married man, but after one of the most harrowing experiences to which a groom has ever been subjected on the occasion of his wedding.

Mr. Ives and Miss Catherine Pirath, of St. Hilaire, were to be married at the St. Hilaire Baptist church Wednesday night at 6 o'clock, and all of the fashionables of the little city had been invited to the function. For weeks Mr. Ives has been going back and forth between his home and the Twin Cities arranging a wedding wardrobe, which he had every reason to believe would be the finest and most complete that ever graced the person of a groom.

Everything went well until Wednesday morning, when Mr. Ives—that all might go well and nothing be forgotten—tried on the clothes in which he was to appear at the wedding ceremony. With a faithful friend he was surveying himself in all of his glory, when suddenly the door of his apartments was burst open and a crowd of friends appeared upon the scene.

Without a word, they proceeded to take from Mr. Ives every article of clothing to be found in the room and then also stripped the groom, leaving him in nature's habiliment, with nothing to comfort him from the April breezes but the walls of the room and an old rug that was forgotten by the raiders.

They left him and locked his door, following this with a careful barricade on the outside of the entrance to prevent any attempt at escape. Throughout the day members of the crowd stood guard and every solicitation of Mr. Ives was in vain, until finally, a half hour before the ceremony, a pair of overalls and a blue flannel shirt was thrown to the unhappy man.

Those he donned and nervily went to the house of his bride, after being allowed to emerge from the room, and as promptly hastened to the church, where the pair were married.

Mr. Ives then borrowed an overcoat and the couple arrived in Minneapolis today, Mr. Ives spending most of the morning in the clothing stores and tailoring shops.

Nelson to Be a Candidate.

It is rumored that Nels K. Nelson is going to get in the political game up in Marshall county this year. Mr. Nelson has a large acquaintance in the eastern part of the county and he at one time resided at Warren. A number of years ago he was the Republican candidate for county auditor, but that was when Populists were numerous in Marshall county, and he was defeated. We have not as yet learned for what office Mr. Nelson will run.

STOCK SOLD FOR $1,900.

Carr & Poss, of Pelican Rapids, Purchase Robinson & Co. Stock.

Will Not Dispose of the Stock in Thief River Falls.

Receiver Sawyer last Saturday forenoon sold the stock of merchandise, fixtures and accounts of the insolvent firm of Wm. Robinson & Co.

The stock of goods, which invoiced at $3,289.59, and the fixtures, invoicing at $450.75, were sold to Carr & Poss, of Pelican Rapids, for $1,900, which is considered by all a very good price. There were several local bidders upon the stock.

The book accounts, amounting to $203.02, were sold to P. W. Mabey for $5.00.

The stock of merchandise will not be disposed of here, but has been packed up and shipped to Pelican Rapids, which does not cause the local business men to worry any.

Lands in Western Canada For Sale.

Parties desiring to locate in the Canadian Northwest can do well by corresponding with James Egan, agent for Canadian lands, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

FOUL PLAY IS SUSPECTED

John Stewart, a Cattle Buyer, Probably Murdered in Roseau County.

Was Last Seen Alive on the 23rd of December Last.

While firing brush on his land in Sec. 6, town of Palmville, up in Roseau county, last week, Barney Berkole found the dead body of a man lying near his house. He was naturally frightened and at once notified Alex Gulseth, H. Cranes and Ole Barhals, neighbors, and together they went to the scene and made a closer examination. Mr. Gulseth then went to Roseau and notified the county attorney.

The man had evidently been dead a long time. He had on heavy winter clothing, was well dressed, mittens covered his hands, a cap was pulled over the ears, while a sack lay across the face. Limbs of trees had evidently covered the corpse at one time, for they were found strewed around the body.

The features could not be recognized, as the face was badly disfigured and bloated. The corpse is that of a small sized man, blue overalls, a coat and a mackinaw jacket covering the remains.

While the investigation so far is slight, the people who have seen the body seem to think it likely that the man may have been shot, and as no weapon was found near the body, it may mean that a murder has been committed.

There have been no reports of any lost persons in that neighborhood and the crime, if such it be, is a mystery.

Later.

Roseau, Minn.—John Stewart, a cattle buyer of North Dakota, has been found murdered in the brush twenty miles south of Roseau. Robbery was the motive. He was last seen Dec. 23, when he started to walk from Wannaska to Thief River Falls.

It is supposed the crime was committed by an employee of Stewart, who disappeared the same date.

Stewart was quite well known in Thief River Falls, having made his headquarters here more or less while purchasing cattle. On the day he left Wannaska, he is said to have had over $300 in cash upon his person, and the man who accompanied him upon the trip has not been seen since that time, which leads the authorities to believe that he murdered Stewart for his money. Stewart is said to have relatives in North Dakota and his mother lives in Wyoming.

Medicraft Coming.

Thief River Falls will entertain the Red River Valley Editorial Association on May 4th. In the evening a social entertainment has been planned and the editors are promised "a right royal old time." Thief River people are known to be among the best class of entertainers and a pleasant time is sure to result from the gathering.—Roseau Region.

STRENGTH OF CONCRETE

An Expert Says That Cement Blocks Have Great Strength.

Each Square Inch Will Sustain a Pressure of One Ton.

Inasmuch as a large number of the buildings of Thief River Falls are built of cement blocks, a statement as to their strength will be of some interest.

An authority on concrete work, J. R. Taggart, writing in the Minneapolis Journal, says concrete, or cement-and-sand, building blocks will sustain a greater weight than can possibly be placed upon it in any building, no matter how tall or heavy. In reply to a correspondent on this subject, he says:

"Good concrete in proportions of one to five will have a compression strength of 2,000 pounds per square inch when one month old, and when one year old it will resist a pressure of more than 3,000 pounds. We can approach the matter in this way: A well-cured block 8x21 inches weighs about eighty-five pounds and has a surface of about 129 inches, excluding hollow spaces. If the crushing strength at the end of one month be 2,000 pounds per square inch, or, to simplify the calculation, each square inch will sustain a pressure of one ton, then this block should carry 129 tons before crushing under the weight, and this would be the equivalent of 3,035 blocks resting upon the lower block, or 3,024 feet high. Allowing a factor of safety of five, a height of 405 feet could be reached, which shows that the strength far exceeds any demands which could be made upon it."

MUST HAVE LICENSE

Under the New Code, All Milk Dealers Must Take Out License.

Milk dealers in the smaller cities and towns are required to take out state license under the new code provisions, and this will greatly increase the number of licenses, says the Minneapolis Journal. The old law only required them of dealers in the larger cities. The license year expires May 1st, and the state commissioner will not require dealers in the smaller places to take out licenses till that time.

It is also held that restaurants where milk is sold by the glass, and even saloons, will have to pay $1 each for a license. The state department keeps a record of all licenses, and they may be revoked in case the holder of the license sells impure milk or violates the law otherwise.

Under the code, persons selling milk from a single cow are exempt from the license. Where more than one cow is kept a license is required for each wagon delivering milk. The inspectors are wondering whether a restaurant buying its milk from the keeper of a single cow needs to take out a license.

Sunbeam Hunt to Give Dances.

W. G. Hunt, the irresistible editor who presides over the destinies of the eleven towns settlers and as a side line publishes the Sunbeam, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday and Sunday. Hunt informed us that he was building a large dancing pavilion on his claim and would give a number of dances in the near future. He is determined to furnish amusement for the section over which he dominates, and, if the people who attend his dances do not have a good time, it will not be the fault of the sunshiney man who weaves webs of infatuation over all.

Go East for $18.

The one way rate via the Soo line to: Albany, N. Y.; Boston, Mass.; Concord, N. H.; Montreal, Que.; Newport, Vt.; New York, N. Y.; Ottawa, Ont.; Utica, N. Y.; is only $18.00. You may go at the above rate from St. Paul and Minneapolis until June 30th, 1906. Ask your nearest Soo line agent.

THIEF RIVER WINS AGAIN.

Supreme Court Decides that Red Lake Falls Had no Right to Appeal from the Decision of Judge Watts.

Attorney E. M. Stanton returned from St. Paul last Saturday, where he spent last week on legal business before the state supreme court representing the citizens of Thief River Falls in the county seat case. As was told in the News a few weeks ago, at the March term of the district court in Red Lake county, Judge Watts granted a preemptory writ compelling the board of county commissioners to meet and consider the petition. We also stated that there could be no appeal taken from this decision, but the Red Lake Falls attorneys thought differently and, as soon as the order was filed with the clerk of court, by practicing a little chicanery they made an appeal. Attorney Stanton at once went before the supreme court and secured an order to show cause why the appeal should not be dismissed. This the court at once granted and the following decision was filed last Friday:

An appeal from a judgment against a board of county commissioners rendered in an action involving its official powers and duties can only be taken or authorized by the action of the board. Individual members thereof can not appeal.

Appeal dismissed.

Opinion—The facts in this case are as follows: A petition was duly presented to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls, which board declined to consider on the alleged ground that it had no jurisdiction by reason of the failure of the petitioners to comply with certain requirements of the statutes in respect to the circulation and presenting of such a petition. Therefor this proceeding by mandamus was brought to compel the board to convene, hear and act upon the petition. The members of the board were named in the title and personally served with the summons, and each appeared and interposed an answer. The action came on for trial in due course of procedure and resulted in a judgment in the district court, commanding and requiring the respondents to convene at the court house, at the county seat of the county, on the 17th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, and, as the board of county commissioners of the county, consider and act upon the petition for the removal of the county seat. Thereafter two members of the board attempted to take an appeal from the judgment so entered, to this court. The notice of appeal was in the following language:

"You will please take notice, that the above named respondents appeal to the supreme court of the state of Minnesota from the judgment of this court in this action, entered on the 12th day of April, 1906, and from the whole thereof. And this appeal is taken by said William C. L. Demann and Louis Falardeau, two of said respondents, for and in behalf of each and all of said respondents, and this notice of appeal is served upon each and all other respondents by reason of their refusal to join in said appeal."

The matter is now before this court on relator's motion to dismiss the appeal, on the ground that not having been taken or authorized by the board in its official capacity, but instead by two members thereof, it was a nullity. We concur in this view and the appeal is dismissed. The action was commenced against the board of county commissioners in their corporate or official capacity, and though the individual members were named as respondents, all steps in reference to the proceedings, either in defending it or appealing from a judgment therein, could be taken only by the official action of the board. If the action involved the rights of the individual members, the position of appellants would be tenable, but as it does not, but only the board as an official body, the attempted appeal by two members on behalf of their associates was wholly ineffectual.

Appeal dismissed. Brown, J.

LENNON MAY ENTER FIELD

Mayor of Kelliher May Become a Candidate for State Senator.

Formerly Resided Here and Is Well Known in Red Lake County.

William Lennon, a former resident of Thief River Falls and at present residing at Kelliher, in Beltrami county, of which town he is the mayor, arrived in Thief River Falls last Friday morning and remained until Monday attending to business matters, he having considerable property interests here.

Mr. Lennon is being strongly urged by Beltrami county Republicans to enter the senatorial race in this legislative district, and he may decide to get into the game. While here, a number of his old friends urged him strongly to make the run and predicted that he would carry Red Lake county against Simons. Mr. Lennon states that he is undecided about the matter at present, but will arrive at some decision in a short time. In any event, he says that Beltrami county would present some candidate for this office, but it is a sure thing that no other candidate from Beltrami county could command the support in Red Lake county that would be given to Mr. Lennon. For several years he made his home in Thief River Falls and is well acquainted in all parts of the county.

Norman county will also present a candidate for state senator, Editor Lightborn, of the Ada Index, being the man that will receive the support of that county.

Stone! Stone!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. Wernstlein.

Shoes and Oxfords, all leathers,
1.65 TO 5.00

The Gordon Hat

Negligee Shirts, new patterns,
.50 TO $2.00

Takes with those that desire style, wear and look of success. All Gordon Hats, any style, here

$3.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Suits. The Home of the H. S. & M. Raincoats.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

ICE CREAM.

HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	31c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

State Dairy Inspector Winkjer was in the city Tuesday.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Andy Erickson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill left Monday for Ortonville to visit relatives for a week or more.

Wanted—To buy, for cash, a dwelling house. Address Box 1083, Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Horton goes to Minneapolis this evening to spend a few days visiting friends.

Robert Lee was down in Norman county the first of the week attending to some land business.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Mrs. L. M. Hoag and young daughter left Tuesday evening for Iowa to visit relatives for a few weeks.

For sale—Homestead relinquishment with improvements. Town 155, range 39. Inquire at this office.

Julius Walseth, yard master for the Great Northern at Grand Forks, was in the city last week to visit his son, Attorney Walseth.

—Horses and cattle pastured for the season for $1.50 per head. Pasture contains 160 acres well fenced on the Red Lake river. Inquire of Albert Spokley at John Morgan's.

Assessor Christenson commenced work Tuesday of making the assessment for Thief River Falls. The job is quit a large one this year and it will keep Mr. Christenson busy for some time.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

John Patterson, a farmer cattle buyer of this city, but now located up in the Canadian Northwest, arrived here Sunday and is spending a few days visiting old friends here and attending to business matters.

Lost—A Scotch collie dog, golden sable, white stripe on face, white on breast, feet and tip of tail. Answers to the name of King. Was lost near Kratka postoffice. Finder please notify F. J. Stebbins.

Alvin Berg left yesterday morning for Prince Albert, where he has accepted a position as sales manager for the Winton Bros.' lumber company up there. Mr. Berg has many friends here who regret to see him leave.

W. A. Arthur, the St. Hilaire hotel man, was in Thief River Falls Thursday. While here, he made a deal with D. N. Winton to go up to Prince Albert and run a boarding house for the lumber company up there. He leaves in about a month.

Nels Hakenson was down from Thief River Falls on Thursday and went back to Garnes to look over some unfinished ditch work. He found a lot of water in that country and made up his mind that it was impossible for him to begin ditching operation just at present.—Plummer Pioneer.

Car load of fine seed potatoes on track near G. N. depot. Clear varieties of Burbanks, Early Rose, Triumph and Early Six Weeks; All sacked in 150-pound bags. Call at the store of S. H. Sharbach, 1st door west of post office.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Dr. Gambell was up to Thief Lake last Saturday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

State School Inspector Rankin was in the city Monday.

A daughter was born to Mrs. Hans Langseth last Friday.

Frank Lawrence left Monday for a trip up in Roseau county.

P. W. Roark and wife spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls visiting friends.

C. F. Atwood and family left last Friday for Fargo to make their future home.

Chris Amundson returned to this city Monday from a trip to Minneapolis.

Harry Traynor sold his claim in section 6, town of Clover Leaf, last week for $1,800.

Manager Johnson, of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, spent Sunday at Moorhead.

Malcolm Eberhart, who had been up at Prince Albert, returned to this city Sunday evening.

Mrs. Kaufer came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday to visit her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Murphy.

Mrs. John Torrison went down to Minneapolis last evening to spend several weeks visiting friends.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

C. J. Winton was in the city on Saturday and Sunday, being en route from Prince Albert to Wausau, Wis.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All welcome. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

George K. Fargo was over to Grand Forks last week attending to legal business. His wife accompanied him.

—State Farmers' Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest Cash Surplus, Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Miss Adler is at Moorhead this week visiting relatives. Miss Elsie Kratka is substituting for her during her absence.

Supt. Hay was down to Moorhead last week attending a meeting of the school superintendents of Northern Minnesota.

—For Sale—One well improved quarter section about 6 miles northeast of Germantown; $1,600. Inquire of the News.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

A temperance lecture will be delivered in the Zion church on Friday evening of this week by Mrs. Rocke. All are invited to attend.

Prof. J. H. Hay has purchased Dr. Gambell's residence on the East side. Dr. Gambell will build a residence on North LaBree avenue.

Mrs. Kampion arrived here yeserday from Rochester to visit her mother, Mrs. Kelley, of the East Side, who had been quite sick, but is now recovering.

Grover Diebel, son of Henry Diebel, arrived here yesterday morning from Long Prairie and will be employed in the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory.

With Beltrami, Norman and Red Lake counties each presenting candidates for state senator, the situation will be somewhat mixed. There is nothing as uncertain as a three-cornered fight.

Dr. Vistaunet, the health officer, yesterday served notice upon the mayor and city clerk to clean up the street in front of the city hall inside of 24 hours. Dr. Vistaunet evidently wishes to have the city set a good example for the rest of us.

Casper Weiner was in from his claim on the eleven towns last week. Easter Sunday was Casper's birthday and his wife presented him with a healthy young son on that day. Mr. Weiner now has ten children—five boys and five girls.

Martin Mossefin, of Crookston, came up from St. Paul last Saturday morning over the Soo and after spending the day here returned to Crookston that evening, accompanied by Mrs. Mossefin, who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Swease.

Architect Strassberger was up from Crookston last week bringing with him the plans and specifications for the improvements that the school board is going to make to the Central and Knox schools. The plans can be seen at P. W. Mabey's office by anyone interested.

"Jack" and "Dick" Kivel leave this week for Spokane, Wash., where they expect to remain for about a week, and from there will go to Idaho and engage in the lumber business. The Kivels are old residents of this section and it is with regret that the people here see them leave.

Peter A. Lee and family, who for a number of years conducted the Northwestern hotel here, left Monday for Gary, Norman county, to make their home in the future, Mr. Lee having a fine farm there which he took as a homestead a number of years ago. The Lees have made a large number of friends here who regret very much to see them leave the city and it is to be hoped that they will again return.

Dr. Grundy was up to Germantown Monday.

T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston last evening.

John W. Neukom was down to Crookston over Sunday.

Mrs. Kuehnel was in from the reservation last week.

The Ladies Aid meets today with Mrs O. Fjose. All invited.

Mrs. Huseth left last Friday for Fertile to visit relatives.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

Ed Wilcox and W. J. LaBree went up to Middle River yesterday.

Bert Walker left Tuesday evening for Duluth to visit for a few days.

James Egan, the Red Lake Falls land man, was in the city last Saturday.

N. M. Johnson returned to the city Monday from a trip to North Dakota.

There will be services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday evening.

Edwin Hill has commenced working as brakeman on the Soo passenger west.

Dr. Booren left last week for Minneapolis and Stillwater to spend a couple of weeks.

Art Mercer went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to visit friends for a few days.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

John Vorachek and Joe Juneau left Sunday morning for the Canadian Northwest to look over the country.

C. W. Nelson, the Kratka ferryman and blacksmith, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

James Meehan came up from St. Paul yesterday morning to look after his business interests here for a day or two.

The Ladies Aid of the Methodist church will meet with Mrs. Andrew Lang on the East Side next Wednesday afternoon.

Bring in your cream. The cream days will be Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Thief River Falls Creamery Association.

O. Gullingsrud, the enterprising hardware merchant of Plummer, was in the city the first of the week visiting with friends here.

Mrs. Oberson was brought to this city from Highlanding last week and taken to Grand Forks, where she will receive medical treatment.

—All kinds of repair work done on boilers, engines, and all kinds of farm machinery. Satisfaction guaranteed. Conklin Boiler Works. 18

W. H. Keenan, the Warren horseman, was in the city over Sunday, having with him C. J. Knox's handsome pacing stallion, Lockstep.

O. H. Schellbach and family left yesterday for Ohio, where they will spend the summer visiting Mrs. Schellbach's parents and may decide to locate there.

"Here sleeps the father of twenty children," says a tombstone in Sandusky, Ohio. It might have added: "He never had a chance to sleep before."

Work of papering and making other numerous repairs to the Hotel Ogahmah has all been completed and the hotel now presents a decidedly neat appearance.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at Mrs. Charley Person's next Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, May 4th. All are cordially invited to attend.

Ole Brandon returned yesterday from Thief River Falls, where he passed the examination before the U. S. recruiting officer, permitting him to enter the cavalry service.—Middle River Pioneer.

At Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, May 6, 1906. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. Junior League 2:30; Epworth League 7 p. m. Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

GERMANTOWN

April 30.

This is fine weather that we are having these days, and the farmers are busy as bees with their spring work.

Miss Mathilda Jones is home from Thief River, where she has been working several months.

A basket social for the benefit of the Union Sunday school was given at Hopkins chapel last Saturday night.

A two months' term of school commences in District No. 120 on Monday, May 7th, with Miss O'Ringly as teacher.

Ed Klappenback has given his house a coat of paint lately.

Mrs. Edseth, who has been on the sick list, is improving.

Henry Langevin went to Thief River Falls last Monday after some seed grain.

Jim Britton is working for W. J. Weston.

Rev. Williams was up here last Sunday conducting religious services.

Frank Rusek left last week for Canada, where he has filed on a homestead.

A CLASS OF FIVE FOR '06

Preparations Are Now Being Made for the Graduating Exercises.

Twenty-Five New Pupils to Enter High School Next Year.

School closes this year on the first of June, and preparations are now being made for the graduation exercises. A class of five consisting of the following will graduate:

Valedictorian—Lulu McCrum.
Salutatorian—Irene Caldwell.
Ida Tandberg.
Pauline Day.
Magna Halseth.

The class night exercises will be held at the high school assembly room on the evening of June 2; the baccalaureate sermon at the Methodist Episcopal church on the evening of June 3; graduating exercises in the Evenson hall on the evening of June 4, and the alumni banquet on the evening of June 5th.

The total enrollment in the high school during the past year has been 63, and about 25 grade pupils will enter the high school next year.

All commencement exercises are free to the public, but children below the seventh grade will not be permitted to attend the exercises on account of lack of room.

Editors Here Tomorrow.

The Red River Valley Editorial Association will hold a meeting in this city tomorrow. The business meeting of the association will be held in the afternoon and after this is over the editors will be driven about town in carriages which Mayor Grundy has provided for the occasion. In the evening the editors will be entertained at a smoke social to be given by the Antlers Club.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

The Thermometer Habit.

The clinical thermometer habit has taken such a hold on many persons that one physician has forbidden his patients to have them on pain of refusing to treat them if they disobey. The clinical thermometer fiend is a person who keeps one of these medical registers in the house and the instant that he, more often she, has a headache, real or imaginary, thrusts the tube under her tongue and takes her temperature. Finding it varying one millionth part of a degree from normal, she thinks she is about to have some deadly illness, packs off to bed and sends for the doctor.

Finnish Marriage Fetes.

Marriage fetes in Finland, as in Norway, are often prolonged for several days, even among folk of humble rank. One peculiarity, which may excite more surprise than approval among eligible suitors in our own country, is that the Finnish lover never himself "pops the question" to the girl of his choice. The momentous proposal is made through a third person, called the "talman," to whom the happy couple give a present when his delicate mediation proves successful and ends in a wedding. Not uncommonly their gift to the talman takes the unromantic form of a shirt.

In like manner the clergyman who presides over the nuptial service receives a simple and inexpensive present, often a handkerchief and a pair of warm hair gloves. A similar gift is bestowed upon the officiating priest at funerals. Upon these mournful occasions the service is exceedingly simple—more so than would satisfy the views of British undertakers—but the burial is, as a rule, followed by large hospitality on the part of the bereaved family. —London Graphic.

An Experiment With Water.

Take a pound of water the temperature of which is 80 degrees C. and mix it with a pound of water at zero, or freezing point. The mixture will make two pounds of water the temperature of which is 40 degrees C.

Now take another pound of water at 80 degrees C. and mix with it a pound of crushed ice—that is, ice crystals—at zero C., the same temperature as the cold water in the first mixture, and the result is that we have two pounds of water at freezing point.

In both cases the weight of water at zero C. introduced into the warm water was the same, but before the ice crystals could assume a liquid condition they had to absorb a certain amount of heat. That heat was drawn from the warm water and consequently reduced its temperature, but it did not raise the temperature of the ice. It simply acted as energy in enabling the ice to become liquid and remained in that liquid in the form of latent heat, to be given up again as soon as the water reassumed a crystalline form.

Subscribe for the News.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

Base ball playing on the school grounds after school, is forbidden.

Miss Agnes Kelley, who has been absent for quite a while because of sickness, has returned to school to the delight of her classmates.

Some of the 7th graders are planning a picnic to be held some time soon.

Wanted by the seniors—Time, time, all kinds of time.

In connection with the basket social this evening a short program has been planned and arrangments have been made to entertain those who attend in the best possible manner.

Professor Hay's lecture on walking and standing erect has had a wonderous effect, some of the boys were putting rulers down their backs to help along the good work.

The rooters' club turned out in full force Saturday and Thief River yells filled Warren. The result of the game was a dissappointment but the game was well played and we are all proud of "our boys".

The schedule so far for the baseball season is as follows: Red Lake Falls May 5th; Crookston May 12th; Warren May 19th; Detroit May 25th; Hallock May 31st.

You might have heard many humming Monday morning that old favorite—

"Five more weeks and I'll be free,
"I'll be out of misery, etc., etc.

What can the matter be? The sophomores have held another meeting.

A basket social will be held in the high school assembly room tonight. There is no admission to get in but to get out. The proceeds will be devoted to a good purpose. Everybody come and have a pleasant time. Music will be furnished by the mandolin club and several vocalists.

DIED IN CROOKSTON

Sad Death of Only Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Soderberg of This City.

Nina Elizabeth Soderberg, the two years and seven months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Soderberg, died Monday in Crookston and was brought to this city and buried yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Soderberg have just returned from a trip to Sweden, where they had spent the winter visiting relatives and the little girl, their only child, was taken sick upon the return trip. They stopped for several days in Minneapolis on account of the sickness of the child and for the past twelve days were in Crookston, but all that could be done to save the life of the little one was without result. They have the sincere sympathy of their friends here.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

DON'T SPIT ON WALKS.

Anti-Spitting Ordinance Is Introduced in the City Council.

Northwestern Telephone Co. Is Turned Down Good and Hard.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening the matter of the application of the Northwestern Telephone company to build a local exchange here was turned down hard, the following resolution having been passed:

"Resolved, that the application of the Northwestern Telephone company to have this council designate places for poles on which to extend their system be denied and that no extension of said telephone system be allowed until special permission is first had and obtained from the city council."

Two new ordinances were introduced, one requiring merry-go-rounds to pay a license of $25 per day and the other was the anti-spitting ordinance which Mayor Grundy has been advocating. The anti-spitting ordinance provides that "no person shall spit, expectorate or deposit or place any spitum, spittal, saliva mucus, tobacco juice, cigarette stumps, cigar stumps, or quids of tobacco upon the floor or stairway or any part of any public building in the city of Thief River Falls, or upon the sidewalks of any public street, avenue or highway in the city of Thief River Falls." Violation of this ordinance is punishable by a fine not to exceed $5 or five days in jail."

An arc light was ordered placed at the corner of fourth street and Riverside avenue.

A petition asking that a cement walk be built on the west side of LaBree avenue in front of block 2 in P. Meehan's addition was granted.

Seed Potatoes; a whole car on track near G. N. depot; fine, clear varieties of Early Rose, Burbanks, Triumph and Early Six Weeks; in sacks, at $2.25. See samples at S. H. Sharbach's, 1st door west of post office.

Secretary Taft has telegraphed to Governor Pardee of California a suggestion from the president that in order to avoid any possible legal complications the governor should call upon the president formally for the use of United States troops in San Francisco.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

The Thief River Falls Ice Company

MAKE YOUR CONTRACTS BEFORE THE
1ST OF MAY
IN ORDER TO GET CHEAP RATES FOR THE ENTIRE SEASON

TELEPHONE NO. 10
BISHOP & ELDER, PROPS.

NEW ARRIVALS IN BELTS, BAGS, ETC.

WHITE SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

NEW HOSIERY FOR SPRING AND SUMMER

WHAT HAVEN'T WE IN SUMMER MATERIALS?

There isn't anything in the staple summer cottons or the new and beautiful silk and cotton novelties that we are not showing.

WHITE GOODS, plain and fancy, 10c, 15c, 20c, to 75c per yard.

COLORED GOODS, all shades, 8c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c to 60c per yard.

SCOTCH GINGHAMS, checks, stripes and plains, 10c, 12½c, 15c to 25c per yard.

Elegant display of suitings, in greys, browns, blues, greens, blacks, etc, 25c to $2.00 per yard.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

DEATH OF A PIONEER

John Holzknecht Died Sunday at the Advanced Age of 75.

Had Been a Resident of Thief River Falls for Fourteen Years.

John Holzknecht, one of the old pioneers of Thief River Falls, died Sunday at the advanced age of 75 years and 8 months. He had been in failing health for the past few years and death was not unexpected.

The deceased was born in Germany on the eighth of September, 1830, and came to this country when he was but eleven years of age, making his home most of the time in Wisconsin. Twenty-three years ago he removed to Minnesota, settling first at Red Lake Falls, and fourteen years ago he came to Thief River Falls and has made this place his home since that time. He leaves the following children to mourn his loss: Paul Holzknecht, of Missoula, Mont.; Peter Holzknecht, of Sheldon, Wis., Mrs. Phil Zeh and John, Hubert, Matt and Fred Holzknecht, of Thief River Falls.

The funeral services were held Tuesday forenoon and were largely attended by friends of the deceased.

JENSEN RESIGNS.

A New Commissioner Will Have to Be Elected by the Supervisors.

Jens P. Jensen on Monday resigned as county commissioner in the eastern Marshall county district and is now a resident of Thief River Falls. His successor will be elected by the chairmen of the town boards of some fifteen townships, and who will be elected, it would be hard to say, but one thing is certain and that is that it will be hard for the district to ever find a man who will accomplish as much for eastern Marshall county as did Mr. Jensen.

Bogus Silver at Bagley.

A message from Bagley says that section of the country is being flooded with counterfeit half dollars of the 1901 series.

They are a good imitation, and to make them doubly safe to pass with the unsuspecting, they have been treated with acid that gives them the appearance of having passed through a fire.

Suspicion points to two young men who have been pushing a few of the "queer" there and who claim to be looking for government land.

CREAMERY TO SOON START

Nels N. Larson, the Buttermaker, Arrived Here on Tuesday.

Every Farmer in This Vicinity Should Help Make It a Success.

Nels N. Larson, who has been engaged by the Farmers' Co-operative Creamery association as butter maker, arrived in the city Tuesday from Brandon, Minn., and has commenced getting the machinery in the creamery in shape preparatory to commencing work the latter part of this week or the first of next. Mr. Larson comes highly recommended as a butter maker and it is to be hoped that he gives satisfaction.

Every farmer living in the vicinity of Thief River Falls should be interested in making a success of this creamery, as it means much to them, and the only way that it can be made a success is for all to haul in as large an amount of cream each week as they possibly can. Let every farmer do his full share and the Thief River Falls creamery will soon be one of the best in this section of the state.

Rosing Was Here.

O. G. Rosing, a brother of L. A. Rosing, who four years ago was the Democratic candidate for governor and at present is a member of the state board of control, was in the city Monday purchasing a bill of lumber from the Thief River Falls Lumber company. Mr. Rosing has located at the new town of Shafer, N. D., which is situated 40 miles north of Willestan, the nearest railroad point, and has opened up a lumber yard there. It is expected that the Northern Pacific will build a line through Shafer in the near future.

Eagles May Build.

At a meeting of the lodge of the Eagles to be held on Friday evening, May 11, some twenty candidates will be admitted into this order.

The Eagles Lodge has been adding a very large number of new members of late and today it has the largest membership of any lodge in Thief River Falls. The matter of building a home for this lodge is being discussed and it is quite probable that a building will be erected this year.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my speciality. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Losie.

TEACHERS WILL MEET

Red Lake County Association Meets at St. Hilaire This Week.

An Interesting Program Has Been Prepared for the Occasion.

The Red Lake County Teachers' association will hold a meeting at St. Hilaire on Friday and Saturday of this week, at which time the following interesting program will be rendered:

FRIDAY MAY 4.—School Building.
1:30 Agriculture in Rural Schools.... ....Prof. Wm. Robertson
2:10 Remarks and discussion.
2:45 Paper—School Agric....Louis Roy
3:00 School Agriculture..W. J. Harlow
3:15 General discussion.
3:25 Remarks on Seed Grain Contest... ....Supt. H. T. McAnulty
3:40 Talk, Agric..Prof. Wm. Robertson
4:00 Business Session.
FRIDAY EVENING.—Imperial Hall.
8:00 Music.
8:15 Lecture on Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, with Stereopticon Views... ....Supt. E. E. McIntyre
SATURDAY MAY 5.—School Building.
8:30 Paper..........Supt. C. S. Yeager
9:00 General Remarks............ ....Supt. H. T. McAnulty
9:30 Arithmetic.....................Miss Helen A. Dow, Moorhead Normal
10:00 2nd Grade Arithmetic............ ....Miss Grace Meehan
10:15 Fractions....Miss Katie McAnulty
10:45 Percentage.........O. J. Ledding
11:15 2nd Grade Arithmetic............ ....Wm. J. Harlow
11:45 Involution and Evolution......... ....F. M. Shanahan
1:30 Paper, Arithmetic............ ....Miss Mary McGinn
2:00 Proportion..........J. G. Weeks
2:30 Stocks..............Charles Moller

Several of those whose names appear above are to bring classes to illustrate work.

Miss Helen A. Dow will open discussion after each number in arithmetic.

Every member is expected to be present. A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested.

Base Ball Saturday.

The Thief River Falls High School nine will play a game in this city on Saturday afternoon of this week upon the home grounds with a team from Red Lake Falls. The game promises to be a good one and all who attend will be well paid.

Subscribe for the News.

MILL MAY BE MOVED

Crookston Lumber Co., Annoyed by Persecution, May Quit Crookston.

Rather Than Fight Continuously, Will Go Where They Are Better Liked.

Hovey C. Clark, of the Crookston Lumber company, was in Crookston Monday on his way to St. Hilaire to look after some of the company's interests at that point. While in Crookston Mr. Clark expressed himself in no uncertain terms at the treatment the Crookston Lumber company is receiving at the hands of litigants in that city. He says since his return from the west a month ago not a day has passed when the company has not been served with one or more summons in suits brought to recover damages upon all kinds and descriptions of trumped-up charges, most of them so ridiculous as to be laughable were it not for the fact that in each case the company is obliged to go to the trouble and expense of defending these suits. This kind of thing has been going on for years there and, although in nearly every instance those bringing the suits have been defeated in court, the annoyance has become so unbearable that unless there is a change for the better—and that mighty soon—the company has decided to adopt measures that will be greatly to Crookston detriment.

It has been decided that next year one of the mills owned by the company in this state was to be moved to the Wilton line, which passes through the bulk of the company's timber near Red Lake. It was not contemplated that the Crookston mill was the one to be moved for the reason that the yards there are centrally located for shipping and the sale of refuse is a matter that enters largely into consideration. But Mr. Clark says positively that they will not submit longer to the kind of persecution they have been subject to and, if there is any further continuation of it, the mill will be moved away from there next year.

He lays the blame for this trouble on a number of Crookston attorneys who have been prominent in these suits for the fees they have been able to get out of it or for a percentage of the damages they might be able to collect.

The Crookston Lumber company employs there over 600 men. They pay their men liberally and promptly and it is by far the largest factory in the promotion of the prosperity of Crookston. For this reason the constant "knocking" on the part of a certain element and the petty annoyances as a result of these trumped-up damage suits should at once be put an end to and it behooves those who have the interest of the city at heart to see that this is done.

The latest suit is one being tried Monday in which Margaret Dufour brings action for $2,000 because of alleged damage to her land along the river in Jerome's addition because the company's logs have bumped against the river banks along said land. She also asks for a permanent injunction to prevent the company from running logs in the river along her land.

DANGEROUS FAKES.

Tricks to Introduce Alum Baking Powders Which Should be Exposed.

There has recently been attempted at some of our grocery stores, and also at dwelling houses, by agents who are trying to sell alum baking powders, what the exhibitors call a baking powder test. They pretend to show by some boiling test that pure cream of tartar baking powders contain something which every woman of intelligence knows they do not.

It does not need a chemist to expose this trick. Cream of tartar, which is the chief constituent of the best and most wholesome baking powder, is originally a clear, white crystal. This is ground into a fine, creamy flour, in which form, mixed with baking soda, it is present in the baking powder. Cream of tartar, when mixed with water and boiled, simply returns to its crystalline form, and that is all there is to the so-called test.

The matter of special interest to the public is to know what these people offer in place of cream of tartar powders of well known purity and established reputation against which these slanders are directed. They are offering a baking powder which official analyses have repeatedly shown is made from alum, a drug so well recognized by physicians and scientists as injurious to health that in many countries its use in bread is entirely prohibited! So cheap and inferior are the ingredients of this powder that it costs to make less than three cents a pound. No prudent housewife will knowingly put such stuff as this into her food.

—For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

Subscribe for the News.

ROAD WILL NOT BE BUILT

Reported That the Great Northern Will Not Build the Red River Line.

The Survey Had Been Made Into Kittson County Last Fall.

The report that the Great Northern would build a new line north from Grand Forks along the east bank of the Red river to a point in Telen, Kittson county, and from there either continue along the river to the boundary line or connect with the St. Vincent branch at Hallock, is all in the air and is only a myth. The line spoken of was surveyed last fall as far as Eagle Point and it was predicted at that time that it would cross the river at that point and follow parallel with the new Wheat Line branch of the Soo into North Dakota. There has been nothing more done with the survey since that time and it is not at all likely that the road will be continued farther in Kittson county. If it did seem feasible for the road to continue farther in Kittson county, the road would doubtless be continued along the same course that it has taken thus far and the branch would be for the sole purpose of picking up the wheat shipments along the river in the western part of the county. There is no possibility of the road going to Hallock and connecting with the road there, as such a move would be of no material benefit to the company.

WARREN WON.

High School Ball Club Defeated by a Score of 8 to 3.

The Thief River Falls high school base ball club was over to Warren last Saturday and played a game with the high school team of that place, being defeated by a score of eight to three. Quite a number from here accompanied the ball team and they report that they received very fair treatment from the citizens of that place and had a most enjoyable time. The following players represented Thief River Falls:

Catcher—"Stub" Brager.
Pitcher—Malcolm McNiven.
First Base—George Curran.
Second Base—Will Prichard.
Short Stop—Bennie Kittleson.
Third Base—Staff Curran.
Left Field—Ernie O'Neill.
Center Field—Colin McNiven.
Right Field—Tommie Lonson.
Sub.—Frank Kratka.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

MEET HERE ON SATURDAY

Representatives of Schools to Hold a Meeting Here on the 5th of May.

To Make Arrangements for a Large High School Field Meet.

Crookston Times: A letter was received by N. A. Thoreson, of the High school staff, from E. W. Chamberlain, of the Red Lake Falls High school, who during the past several weeks has been working up the proposition of a Northern Minnesota High School Field Meet, this spring. Although rather brief, it was certainly most encouraging for those who are working for the furtherance of athletics among the younger element. It states that he has received communications from Warren, East Grand Forks, Thief River Falls, and together with Crookston and Red Lake Falls, who were among the first to get into the game, are all willing to enter teams in a field meet to be held this spring. Each high school is requested to have a representative at Thief River Falls May 5th, when all the final arrangements will be made and the rules made to govern the contest.

It has been several years since the schools of this part of the state have participated in an athletic contest of this nature and it was feared that the boys had taken too much to books.

By contesting in this manner, besides the physical value to the individuals, the intermingling with near-by schools proves to be of the greatest value and puts the pupils in touch with their neighbors. The local schools having one of the largest in this section should be able to choose a track and field team that would be able to hold their colors high, although it is not an essential feature to always win.

The many in this city interested in athletics are willing to back the local boys to any extent when it is shown that they are going into events with a vim and are willing to go into practice and get in shape. The business men of this city were always ready to support a cause of this kind and will undoubtedly do the same this year.

Watching the Water.

S. D. Godboy, of Crookston, recently visited Bagley in the interest of the East Grand Forks Lumber Company. Mr. Godboy is a water "scout" watching the various stages of the Clearwater River. The company for which he is employed has several law suits pending in the court for overflow of the river caused by the company's constructing dams. The action was brought against the Lumber Company by farmers in that county.

Do You Want to Get the

BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 3, 1906.

Up to date the most enthusiastic supporter of A. D. Stephens is Col. Wilkinson, the Great Northern attorney.

Senator Somerville last week announced that he would be a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. Senator Somerville may not land the nomination, but he is a better man than some of those seeking the office.

The more the plain people hear of the square deal the better they like the idea, and the time is coming when they will insist upon knowing exactly how the men who are to represent them in the legislature view public questions. It behooves the man with ambitions to be a lawmaker to get the habit of frank confession.—Exchange.

Jim Hill is a great man for new ideas in railroading. His success would indicate that he is somewhat in advance of most railway managers. His latest move is to require all brakemen on his system to work for six weeks in the car shops before they may be promoted. Men who rise on the Great Northern must know railroading in their line from the ground up.

Room for 137,000 more farmers can be added to Minnesota by a scientific and systematic drainage of the swamp lands of the north. Counting five persons to the farm, this means 685,000 more people. Averaged up by statisticians, every good settler is worth $800 per annum to the commonwealth, and this means an additional hundred million dollars of productiveness for this state. Drainage is the thing.—Brookston Herald.

As the time for the Republican state convention draws near, the situation becomes more complicated. Jacobson is no doubt the choice of a large percentage of the Republicans in the state and, had not the railroads and corporations interfered, he would be nominated almost without opposition. As it now stands, the outcome is decidedly hard to tell. Jacobson is still the choice of the people and, unless a large amount of money is used to defeat him, he will be nominated in spite of the opposition.

"At the request of voters from all parts of Red Lake county," James E. Ford has again decided to stand as a candidate for county auditor and the official announcement was made in the Red Lake Falls papers last week. Mr. Ford always stood well with the voters of Thief River Falls and was given substantial majorities here each time that he was a candidate. There is a feeling, however, that he has not acted squarely in the county seat matter, and this fact, no doubt, will cause many of his Thief River Falls friends to support some other candidate should one enter the race.

Those who ought to know say that A. D. Stephens' candidacy for governor is for the purpose of keeping votes away from Mr. Jacobson. This may be part of a plan to steal the convention—Andy to get the delegates, not with the expectation of being nominated, but for the purpose of placing them where Louis thinks they will do the most good. The railroads are not overlooking any bets, for "Jake" certainly does not look good to them.—Northfield News.

F. M. Eddy, in the Sauk Center Herald, says that if any one stated that A D. Stephens' candidature was N. G., he would deny it, but that if some one said it was G. N., he would not dare deny it. We know that "Andy" Stephens' candidature is meeting with general support in the northern counties, and it would not surprise us if he had the entire ninth district behind him as a starter.—Roseau Region.

And, as another starter, he will probably have the "best wishes of Mr. Hill."

A Japanese syndicate has purchased a tract of land in Bee County, Texas, comprising 10,000 acres, and three hundred Japanese families are to be settled upon it to engage in the cultivation of tea and silk. The tea plant, it has been demonstrated, flourishes well in Texas, and mulberry trees grow even better than in Japan. There is reason, therefore, to hope that before many years the Japanese colonists in Texas will be able largely to increase the wealth of this country and to diversify its products by adding tea and silk to our exports or at least diminish the amount which the United States buys of the orient. The Japanese who are going to Texas do not expect to found a settlement exclusively after the Chinese fashion, but will adopt American ways and customs and become good American citizens.

Rate Bill Prospects.

But little has been heard from the railroad rate regulation bill down in the senate for some time, except that it has surged incessantly, copiously and overwhelmingly, if not convincingly, for several weeks, says the Duluth Herald.

Now all this talk means little. Not a single vote in the senate has been turned by any man's eloquence. Indeed, if one would happen in upon the senate while either Senator Railroad or Senator People-Railroad was delivering himself of his pent-up verbiage, he would find that most of the senators were out in the cloak rooms or at home or at the office, that most of those remaining in the chamber were reading or writing or sleeping, and that hardly anybody but the official reporter was listening.

But underneath, and absolutely without any reference to the speeches, worse is being done. The railroad forces are sounding the situation, laying their wires and getting reading for a vote, and, it is to be hoped, so are the senators that really represent the people—if there are any such.

What the result is going to be is doubtful. Some bill will pass. The senate will hardly dare go home without passing something. The only question is whether or not it is going to bear the railroads' stamp of approval. Just now the chances seem to be that it will. Aldrich and his cohorts have been working steadily and effectively, under cover of all this oratory, and it looks as though they had lined up votes enough to adopt a broad court review amendment. If they have, the passage of the bill, as amended, will mean little or no releif. If Aldrich wins, the court review provision will be broad enough to let the railroads tie up the orders of the interstate commerce commission while the courts pass upon them, and that means delays that will be fatal to jusice.

The railroads have lost hope of defeating the passage of a rate bill, and the friends of the bill have no idea of opposing a court review provision that will give the railroads their constitutional rights, since it would be impossible to take them away by congressional action anyway. But the railroads want to be allowed to drag rate orders through the courts, and the friends of the bill want to prevent such delays.

The Aldrich forces hope to carry through the Knox amendment, which would certainly be entirely satisfactory to the railroads. It provides that when the railroads appeal to the courts from a rate order made by the interstate commerce commission, they shall deposit in escrow a sum sufficient to cover the disputed differences, so that if the complaining shipper ultimately wins out, he will get his relief for the time covered by the court proceedings. As all other shippers would be paying the higher rate, and as the public in the meantime would be paying for commodities at prices based upon that higher rate, it is quite clear that this "compromise" is nothing less than complete surrender.

FOREIGN NEWS.

After much hesitation Emperor Nicholas has finally decided to go to St. Petersburg to greet the representatives of the people and personally open the first Russian parliament May 10. His decision comes as a surprise, as it was supposed that after his long absence from the capital he would not dare to leave the shelter of the palace of Tsarskoe-Selo.

The political situation in Russia has suddenly grown threatening. The publication of the draft of the new "fundamental law," or "constitution" of Russia, has raised a storm of indignation and amidst the present general distrust of the government's motives has furnished just the stimulus needed to solidify the entire opposition in parliament.

The authorities at Montelimar, France, found a bomb to which a burning fuse was attached on the window sill of the library of former President Loubet's villa, where he and his family are spending their Easter vacation. The fuse was extinguished and an examination of the bomb showed it to be of an extremely deadly nature.

Among the budget announcements made by the chancellor of the exchequer in the British house of commons was that the export duty on coal will be completely repealed Nov. 1. The duty on stripped tobacco will be reduced by 5 cents and on tea by 2 cents from July 1.

A serious outbreak of the plague has occurred at Jammu, in Kashmir, Northern India. There have been many victims among the members of the palace household and the imperial service troops. Two hundred and eighty-five deaths occurred during the past week.

Detachments of federal troops while scouting in the Garidara valley, on the island of Samar, encountered several bands of Pulajanes. In the engagements that followed many Pulajanes were killed and their supplies destroyed.

A great strike of cotton operatives at Manchester, Eng., has been avoided by the employers' federation granting the cardroom workers their demand of 5 per cent increase in wages. More than 100,000 operatives were involved.

The Franklin celebration at the Trocadero palace in Paris last week was the occasion for a notable Franco-American demonstration.

General von Budde, the Prussian minister of public works, is dead.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

C. M. Cushman, aged eighty, the oldest bookseller in Minneapolis, is dead.

Mathias Gans, one of the most popular of the old settlers of Stearns county, is dead.

C. A. Almquist, an old resident of Red Wing, is dead as the result of injuries received in a runaway.

The largest live stock amphitheater in the world is in course of construction at the state fair grounds.

A. J. Smith will retire as superintendent of the St. Paul schools at the end of the present school year.

The first eight months of the operation of the Somerville inheritance tax has yielded $58,181.13 for the state.

More than $60,000 has been contributed to the Minneapolis fund for the relief of the earthquake sufferers of California.

A box of 150 cherries from California was sold at retail in St. Paul for the benefit of the California sufferers and brought $650.

The Minneapolis Gas Light company will make a voluntary reduction in the price of metered gas on Oct. 1, 1906, from $1.10 per thousand feet to $1.

The faculty of the University of Minnesota has voted to retain Dr. H. L. Williams as coach of the football squad for one year at a salary of $3,000.

The president has sent to the senate the nomination of John Peterson to be collector of customs for the district of Minnesota. Peterson is the present incumbent.

One of the transient lodgers at the Economy hotel in Minneapolis, who was registered as "J. W. Hill, Escanaba, Mich.," committed suicide in his room by taking carbolic acid.

A. L. Cole of Walker, representative from the Fifty-second district in the legislative sessions of 1903 and 1905, has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor.

Senator George W. Somerville of Sleepy Eye has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor. There are now seven avowed candidates for the nomination.

Peter Shatka, a police officer of the city of Eveleth, has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of robbing a prisoner. A similar case against Tony Asso, also a police officer, was dismissed.

The state championship of the Minnesota high school debating league was won by the team of the Humboldt high school of St. Paul in the final contest of the season against the Central high school of Minneapolis.

Charles A. Bohall, a Stearns county pioneer and Civil war veteran, is dead at Sauk Center. Mr. Bohall was born in Jefferson county, N. Y., seventy-three years ago. He removed to Sauk Center when a mere lad and has resided there ever since.

The state drainage board has appropriated $25,000 for ditches in the northern part of the state. All the land to be drained by these ditches is state land and approximately 40,000 acres will be benefitted. The work will be completed this summer.

The payment of nearly $500,000 by the state and counties during the last thirty years for the slaughter of wolves does not seem to have any appreciable effect on the supply and the number of wolves paid for this year would seem to indicate that, if anything, the number is increasing.

Governor Johnson has decided to issue a proclamation submitting to the voters of Itasca county at the next general election the petition calling for a division of Itasca county into two counties, one to be known as Koochiching and the other portion to retain the name of Itasca.

After crossing half the continent to escape the terrors of earthquake shocks in California Albert Scharz, formerly a resident of Minneapolis, is dead at the home of his sister at St. Paul. It is believed that the excitement of the earthquake shock and the hurried journey East hastened his death.

It is believed that the murderers of Charles O. Bader, the keeper of the Falls hotel at Minneapolis, who was killed in his barroom on the evening of Dec. 23, are now under arrest in Iowa and are serving sentences of fifteen years for a job committed at Des Moines Feb. 6 similar to that in which Bader was killed.

The Chicago Great Western Railway company has appealed to the district court from an order of the state railroad and warehouse commission allowing a reduction of $2.25 a carload for wood shipped from St. Paul to South St. Paul. The decision was made upon the objection of Thuet Bros. to a charge of $5 a car for such transportation.

The state supreme court has upheld the action of Mayor D. P. Jones of Minneapolis, who refused to sign a contract with the Patterson Street Lighting company. The opinion, written by Chief Justice Start, states that the council of the city of Minneapolis by motion awarded a contract for lighting the city without submitting the latter to the mayor for his approval.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here In Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are *Practical* stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a *Thoro and Practical* training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, Minnesota

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

THE NEW STORE. A. E. ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

When You Want Anything in the HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialties, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING CO.

Phone 221

S. H. SHARBACH,

THE CASH MERCHANDIZER

WHEN you see the moon over your right shoulder, it's a lucky look. But a far more pleasing and profitable look can be had by looking at the wash goods in my show window. They are all the very newest shades, of various kinds, such as Silked Valour, Silk Organdie, Electric Suiting and Paris Checks, the very latest. A big variety of these fine goods will be on sale all next week. Twenty or more pieces all at one price; choice, any piece, a yard........19c

Two Extra Good Bargains in Muslin Underwear.

MUSLIN NIGHT GOWNS; well made, of good quality muslin, trimmed with lace and embroidery; some hemstitched and tucked. They are worth from $1.00 to $1.50, but I will give you choice of any all next week for........88c

MUSLIN SKIRTS, made of fine muslin, with 12 to 18 inch flounce, with extra dust ruffles; trimmed with lace and tucked. The goods cost up to $1.25. Your choice of any skirt next week........78c

HOSIERY SALE all next week; the greatest values ever offered in cotton hose. Ladies', men's children's hose, every pair guaranteed to please, or another pair. Buy your supply now, while the price is low. Choice, any pair, big or little........10c

WATER TUMBLERS; the common water glasses you usually pay 25c for 6. I bought a lot at a sale at a low price. Here they go at A Dozen Only 19c

GOOD PRUNES, per lb........7c

GOOD COOKING FIGS, per lb........8c

NICE DRIED BLACK GRAPES, per lb........8c

GOOD-SIZED ORANGES, per dozen...20c

POTATOES Car load of seed potatoes on track G. N. depot. Fine stock, clear varieties of Burbanks, Early Rose, Triumph and Early Six Weeks. All sacked in 150-pound sacks. No charge for sack. Price, a sack, $2.25, or 90c a bushel, at the car. Now is your chance to get good, clear seed potatoes.

THERE WAS A DEFICIT

Lecture Course Proved to Be a Money Losing Proposition.

Bad Weather Assigned as the Cause—Deficit Was $26.15.

The Parland-Newhall male quartette and bell ringers gave the closing number of the lecture course last Thursday evening and were greeted by a large audience. During the entertainment, lasting one hour and forty-five minutes, they improved every moment and every one speaks complimentary of their program. The people of this city have not been better entertained. We regret having to report a dificit and have labored hard to have a surplus, but the bad weather the first three numbers of the course kept many from attending or we should have made good profit for another year. We wish to thank the citizens for their interest in the course. We believe it would be difficult to better it for the money.

The surest way to make a course a financial success is to, at least, cover the cost of attractions by the sale of season tickets.

CHAS. H. FLESHER.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF CITY LECTURE AND CONCERT COURSE.

Receipts.

Season tickets, Adults, 103 @ $1.50	$154 50
Season tickets, Children, 14 @ $.75	10 50
1 ticket for last 4 numbers	1 25
Reserved seats, season tickets 69 @ $.25	17 25
Reserved seats, 3 tickets for last four numbers	60
Dixie Jubilee Singers, admission	31 15
" " " reserved seats	3 30
Butterworth Co., admission	17 80
" " reserved seats	1 30
L. J. Beauchamp, admission and reserved seats	5 45
Rev. W. H. Jordon, admission	9 05
" " " " reserved seats	80
Parland-Newhall Co., admission	47 50
" " " reserved seats	3 00
Total	$306 45

Disbursements.

Dixie Jubilee Singers	$ 80 00
Butterworth Co.	60 00
Lou. J. Beauchamp	50 00
Rev. W. H. Jordan	30 00
Parland-Newhall Co.	80 00
Printing	5 00
Opera House	25 00
Express	1 60
Telegram	1 00
Total	$332 00
Dificit	26 15

SOON TO COMMENCE.

Tri-State to Commence Work in a Short Time.

J. C. Spencer, right-of-way agent for the Tri-State Telephone company, has been in the city this week making arrangements for the building of the lines of his company into this city in the near future. Mr. Spencer states that it will not take over six weeks to complete the line from this city to Grand Forks.

In the near future there is likely to be considerable telephone building in this section. The Northwestern company has a very large lot of supplies here and have purchased the right-of-way along the line of the Soo from this city to Warren, and it is said that this company will also build both north and south along the line of the Soo from here.

Additions to Schools.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of Independant School District No. 18 of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, up to Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock p. m., for the construction of an addition to Central Building and an addition to Knox Building, and the heating of both and plumbing of the former, according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of E. Strassburger, Crookston, Minn., architect, and in the clerk's office, Thief River Falls, Minn. A certified check for $500.00 must accompany each separate bid, and made payable to Perl W. Mabey, clerk, to be forfeited if contractor fails to execute contract if awarded to him. Successful bidder must furnish surety bond in the full amount of the contract.

The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

PERL W. MABEY,
Clerk.

Card of Thanks.

The children of the late John Holzknecht desire to thank all who so kindly assisted them during the illness and death of their father.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

BLOOD ON THE CLOTHES

Garments Found Near Peter Martinson's Home Arouse Suspicion.

Recalls the Tragedy Which Was Enacted in Clover Leaf Last Fall.

Rev. C. M. Williams, Sunday school organizer, of Crookston, and Joseph Duchamp, of Clover Leaf, were in town Tuesday. They had just come in from the town of Clover Leaf and report the finding of a number of clothes and a valise in a portion of the country very little traveled about one mile from the home of Peter Martinson, the settler who was murdered or accidentally killed last fall. The clothing consisted of a light fall overcoat, a suit of clothes, shirt and undershirt and a light colored hat. The clothing was all apparently new and numerous blood stains were found upon the garments. Just how they came to be there and who discarded them may probably never be known, but the fact that they were found in the vicinity of the Martinson home will cause people to connect them with the tragedy which was enacted there last fall. As will be remembered, Mrs. Martinson always claimed that she knew nothing as to how her husband met his death, and there was always a suspicion that she did not tell the truth. There were rumors to the effect that another man was connected with the case, but none of these could be verified.

The finding of the clothing would indicate that, for some unknown reason, someone found it convenient to make a change of clothes there, and this in itself would result in arousing the suspicion of the people of that section, as they are not in the habit of throwing away new clothes.

What the Law Says.

The people who are in the habit of quietly conducting raffles of all kinds of property should consider well the following paragraph from the new code before engaging in the enterprise: "A lottery is a scheme for the distribution of property by chance among persons who have agreed to pay valuable consideration for the chance, whether it be called a raffle, lottery, gift enterprise, or by any other name, and is hereby declared unlawful and a nuisance. Every person who shall contrive, propose or draw a lottery, or shall assist, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not more than two years, or pay a fine of not more than $1,000, or by both.

HIT BY A SOO TRAIN

Jelmer Engell Hit by a Soo Train at Hazel Monday Night.

His Left Arm Badly Jammed and Amputation Found Necessary.

Jalmer Engell, a young man about nineteen years old, was hit by the Soo local Monday night at Hazel, the first station south of here, and as a result will lose his left arm.

Engell has been employed as a log driver near Blackduck during the spring and was on his way to the home of his parents up near Pelan when the accident happened. He took the passenger train from Blackduck to Erskine, and as there was no train coming north on the Soo for some time, he decided to walk from Erskine to Thief River Falls. He arrived at Hazel Monday evening and being tired he decided to take the local passenger to Thief River Falls and wait here until the arrival of the Winnipeg flyer. The local stops at Hazel only on signal and, when he saw it coming, he stood in the middle of the track, thinking that the train was going to stop. The headlight of the engine was so bright that he did not know the train was so near to him until it was almost on him and he then made an effort to jump off the track, but the heavy calk boots which he had on caused him to stumble and he was hit by the moving train. His left arm being mashed almost to jelly and both of his feet were also quite badly bruised as well as sustaining other injuries. He was unable to walk and lay beside the track all night until discovered by the section men on Tuesday morning, when he was at once brought to this city and is now in the hospital. During the night, although he suffered greatly from the loss of blood, he did not lose consciousness and he took a rope from his pocket and bound it around his arm to stop the flow of blood.

Yesterday Dr. Bockman, physician for the Soo road, amputated the left arm near the shoulder and it is thought beyond a doubt that he will again recover, as he is a strong, husky young man.

Early for Lightning.

During the storm last Wednesday afternoon the barn on the Mikkel Elmstad farm, ten miles east of Ada, in Wild Rice, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. One horse was burned and it was with difficulty that other stock was gotten out. It was only by hard work that the granary, which was located near, was saved.

A MAJORITY REQUIRED

Therefore the Bond Issue for the School District Carried.

Unexpected Opposition Developed at the Eleventh Hour Saturday.

School election Saturday evening resulted in considerable of a surprise. Until near the time for closing the polls, it was not believed by those interested in seeing the bond issue carry that there would be any votes cast against the issue. At the eleventh hour, however, a very formal opposition presented itself, and the result or the vote stood 94 in favor of bonds and 48 against. As it was thought by the members of the school board that it required a two-thirds majority to vote bonds, it was believed for a time that the issue had been defeated. Clerk Mabey, however, submitted the whole matter to State Auditor S. G. Iverson and this gentleman informed the school board by telegram Monday that a majority vote was all that was required. Accordingly no new election will have to be held and the board will proceed to let the contract for the building of the new schools.

Shevlin Was Here.

Thomas Shevlin, the well known Minneapolis lumberman, was in Thief River Falls Monday, coming in over the Great Northern in his private car. D. N. Winton, of the Thief River Falls Lumber company, accompanied Mr. Shevlin to Crookston that evening, there being a meeting of a number of the lumbermen of this section at the Hotel Crookston that evening.

BISHOP NOT CONVINCED.

Believes That It Requires a Two-Thirds Majority to Vote School Bonds.

The Law Seems to Be Somewhat Complicated Upon the Subject.

Notwithstanding the position taken by State Auditor Iverson to the effect that only a majority vote is necessary to vote bonds for school district purposes, Judge Bishop takes a different view of the matter.

"The new code," says Judge Bishop, "which was approved by the governor on April 18, 1905, to take effect March 1st, 1906, says that in school districts two-thirds of those present and voting are required to vote bonds. Sec. 783, subdivision 3.

"Chapter 272 of the laws of 1905, approved by the governor on April 18, 1905 (the same day that the new code was approved) amends section 3,038 of the laws of 1904 which is made a part of chapter 21, of the laws of 1887, and required only a majority vote for school districts to vote bonds."

Mr. Bishop further states that the chapter 21 of the laws of 1887 was repealed by the passage of the new code and therefore chapter 272 of the laws of 1905, being an amendment of a law which has been repealed, is of no effect. Also that the new code and chapter 272, both being approved by the governor on the same day, makes it impossible to state which law is in effect.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

INDICTMENTS ARE INVALID

Minnesotians Accused of Land Frauds Are Set Free.

The Indictments Dismissed for a Technical Cause.

Sioux Falls, S. D., April 25.—Judge Carland of the United States court has sustained the demurrers to eight indictments in the land fraud cases and as a result eight defendants can again breathe easy.

The demurrers were in the cases of Minnesota men in the persons of James Mehan, Abram D. Catlin, Henry Groth, Pearly R. Stiles, John A. Hilgendorf, Hans Jacobson and Frank S. Schwalen, all of Triumph, Minn. The demurrers also apply to the case of J. C. Dodge, also of Triumph, who had not yet been arrested.

The indictments against the eight men charged them with perjury alleged to have been committed when making final proof upon homesteads situated in the Chamberlain land district. Final proofs were made before John D. Arnold, clerk of courts of Stanley county, at Fort Pierre, in the Pierre land district.

Attorneys for the defendants in the demurrers contended that Arnold did not have authority to administer oaths in cases where the land involved was in the Chamberlain land district and Judge Carland sustained this view, thus rendering the indictments void and clearing the defendants.

Under his decision clerks of courts when acting in land cases have authority to administer oaths only where the land involved is situated in the land districts in which they reside and hold office.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

Anna Kretzschmar et al to George Diebel, lot 14, blk. 63 original townsite	$ 1
Theophill Basting et al, as executor to Geo. Diebel, lot 14, blk. 63 original townsite	1,000
Nora Fair to W. A. Chubb, lot 71 in Fairfield	275
G R. Lanning and wife to P. O. Johnson, lots 13 and 14, blk. 8, Hemmingsen's addition	450
Minn. Saving Fund and Investment Co. to C. C. Schuster, lots 32 and 33, blk. 9, Knox's addition	300
Mary Riechel to Louis Hanson, lots 1, 2 and 3, blk. 10, Porter's addition	200
John Sorenson and wife to A. H. Akre, lot 4, blk. 5, Highland addition	300
Patrick Meehan and wife to Iver R. Aasby, lot 5, blk. 3, Highland addition	100
W. E. Fuller and wife to Andrew Steneeth, lots 17 and 18, blk. 31 original townsite	550
Andrew Steneeth and wife to Emil Sedlacek, lots 17 and 18, blk. 31, original townsite	625

The Falls Candy Kitchen

HEREAFTER the Falls Candy Kitchen will have sales on various candies every Saturday, commencing Saturday, May 5, when peanut crisps will be sold at

12½c per lb.

Our candies are pure. Nothing but the purest of the pure enters into the manufacture of our goods.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality—turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

J. WALSETH, Norske Advokat. WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.

WALSETH & TAUTGES, LAWYERS.

We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.

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DR. G. W. BOOREN,

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

S. COOKE,

LAWYER.

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Candies

and

Tobacco

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H. FANT'S

Andrew Stenseth

The leading dealer in Thief River Falls city property, always has a number of choice bargains to offer. Before investing in real estate in any part of the city, you should see him and get his prices.

Office at corner of LaBree avenue and First street.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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To have a happy home you should have children. They are great happy-home makers. If a weak woman, you can be made strong enough to bear healthy children, with little pain or discomfort to yourself, by taking

WINE OF CARDUI

A Tonic for Women

It will ease all your pain, reduce inflammation, cure leucorrhea, (whites), falling womb, ovarian trouble, disordered menses, backache, headache, etc., and make childbirth natural and easy. Try it.

At all dealers in medicines, in $1.00 bottles.

"DUE TO CARDUI

is my baby girl, now two weeks old," writes Mrs. J. Priest, of Webster City, Iowa. "She is a fine healthy babe and we are both doing nicely. I am still taking Cardui, and would not be without it in the house."

EGYPTIAN CIVILIZATION.

Its Origin One of the Unsolved Enigmas of the World.

The origin of Egyptian civilization has been the enigma of the world for the past twenty-five centuries. Presenting no historic or even mythic infancy, it appears before the world at once as a highly civilized and organic community centuries before Moses was a boy. Upon this subject Renan says, "Egypt has no archaic epoch, but suddenly takes its place in the world in all its matchless magnificence, without father and without mother and as clean apart from all evolution as if it had dropped from the unknown heavens." Would not an explanation at least feasible be found in the hypothesis that it received its civilization from some source no longer existing? Menes, the first historic figure in its long line of dynasties, the outlines of whose personality loom up waveringly indefinite but grandly impressive against the deep mythic background of prehistoric story at least 4500 B. C., conceived and executed enterprises extorting the warmest admiration from the best engineers of the twentieth century. Did he not alter the course of the Nile by vast embankments to gain stable foundations other than in shifting sands for his sacred city of Memphis and construct the artificial lake of Moeris, 450 miles in circumference and 350 feet deep, as a reservoir for the waters of the Nile?

Look, too, at the colossal achievements of his successors in architecture, sculpture, engineering, astronomical, political, medical, social and military science, to say nothing of navigation and theology. Witness the ruins of the Labyrinth recorded by Herodotus, which had 3,000 chambers, half of them above ground and half below, a combination of courts, chambers, colonnades, statues and pyramids. Witness the wonders of the magnificent temple of Karnak, which still awakens our admiration, a temple, as Denon says, wherein the Cathedral of Notre Dame in Paris could be set inside one of its halls and yet not touch the walls. Witness the sublime pyramids originally built in honor of the sun god Ra and for use as astronomical observatories, the splendors of Memphis, Thebes and Heliopolis, of the sphinx and the obelisks, the statuary and the numerous temples with the ruins of which the land is still filled.—Exchange.

CATCHING TURTLES.

Methods Used by the Fishermen of the Tropics.

Turtles are always captured at night and usually on moonlight ones. This is the time they go on the shore to lay their eggs. They select a smooth, sandy beach, dig holes in the sand, deposit their eggs there and leave them to be hatched by the heat of the sand. When the turtles are on shore for this purpose hunters come upon them, and they are easily overtaken, for turtles are slow movers. The hunters have not a very strenuous undertaking. All that is necessary to be done is to turn the turtles on their backs and leave them until the next day, when they are removed.

Another more curious way of catching turtles is by fishing by the remora, a fish found in the tropical waters. The popular name of this fish and the one by which the children of those countries call them is the sucking fish. This name is given to them on account of a disk on their heads, by which they can attach themselves to any smooth surface, like the side of a shark, a ship or the shell of a turtle. This disk is like the soft leather "suckers" that are popular with schoolboys. When this fish has once attached himself to anything you can pull him to pieces rather than force him to release his hold.

Turtle hunters go in boats and carry several of these remoras in tubs. When they see a turtle and get near him the sucker is sent after him. He is held by the ring on his tail, which in turn is attached by a stout cord. Soon the fish is securely fastened to the shell of the turtle, and turtle and fish are hauled into the boat together. Once in the air the remora loosens his hold and is dropped back into the tub to rest until another turtle is sighted.—Washington Star.

Govern Yourself.

Men and women often say they can't govern themselves. That is simply admitting they have defects of character which are their masters. They ought to make effort and see if they are not mistaken. The worst effects of lack of self control are on the health. It allows every kind of bad habit in eating, drinking, dressing and sleeping to gain possession of the person, and the result is a weak instead of a strong character.—Home Notes.

Red In Battle.

Red has always been a favorite military color. Its employment dates from the time of Lycurgus, the Spartan, who commanded his army to be arrayed in red tunics in order that new recruits might not be dismayed at the sight of blood. Its first use in the British army dates from 1520, when the yeomen of the guard were dressed in red.

Resemblances.

Fogg—I told Bass what you said—that he reminded you of a giraffe because he held his head so high. Henderson—And what did he say? Fogg—He said you reminded him of an ass. Henderson—Because why? Fogg—Because you are one, he said.

She Could Tell.

Wife—John, you've been drinking. Oh, I can tell. Husband—Well, don't do it, m'dear. Let'sh keep it a family sheeret.—Philadelphia Ledger.

We know the truth, not only by the reason, but by the heart.—Pascal.

HEADLESS, YET ALIVE.

Insects That Continue to Exist After Decapitation.

Most persons of an observing turn of mind are aware of the fact that there are several species of insects that will continue to live without seeming inconvenience for some time after decapitation, exact knowledge on the length of time which the various species of insects would survive such mutilation being somewhat vague.

Professor Conestrini once undertook a series of experiments with a view of determining that and other facts in relation to the wonderful vitality of such creatures. In each case the head was smoothly removed with a pair of thin bladed forceps, and when spontaneous movements of the wings and legs ceased he employed sundry irritating devices, such as pricking, squeezing and blowing tobacco smoke over the insect. As a result of these experiments he ascertained that members of the beetle family at once showed signs of suffering, while such as ants, bees, wasps, etc., remained for hours unaffected.

Some which seemed stunned from the effects of the operation recovered after a time and continued to live and enjoy a headless existence for several days. Butterflies and moths seemed but little affected by the guillotining process, and the common flies (diptera) appeared to regard the operation as a huge joke.

"The common house fly," said the experimenter, "appeared to be in full possession of his senses (rather paradoxical, when in all probability the canary had swallowed head, sense and all) thirty-six hours after being operated upon."

The bodies of some species of butterflies survived as long as eighteen days after the head had been removed, but the head itself seldom showed signs of life longer than six hours after decapitation. In the general summary of these huge experiments we are informed that the last signs of life were manifested either in the middle or last pair of legs and that the myriopods showed great tenacity of life "and appeared wholly indifferent to the loss of their heads."

A FAMOUS MONSTER.

An Old Time Wonder That Had an Eye In Its Knee.

In the writings of both Licetus and Zahn may be found descriptions and illustrations of a monster born at Ravenna, Italy, in the year 1511 or 1512, the exact date being somewhat uncertain. This monster had a body and shoulders like those of a young woman. There was but one leg, gradually tapering from the hips down and terminating in an immense scaled claw, like that of a turkey buzzard. There were four toes, each tipped with a bony nail, three of them pointing to the left and one to the right. The creature had wings in place of arms and always held them in an erect position, as though ready to take flight at the slightest provocation. From the hips to the single knee the flesh was covered with large, well arranged feathers. From the knee joint to the foot the leg was scaled, like that of the common barnyard fowl; the spot where the feathers left off and the scales commenced being marked with a large lidless eye, which seemed to be altogether incapable of voluntary motion. The neck, head and general outlines of the face were those of a woman, but the ears were large and set very low, almost on the neck.

The head was covered with a queer mixture of scales, feathers and hair, but the oddity of the whole "upper story" was a pointed horn, which rose just in the edge of the hair on the center of the forehead. This horn was three inches in length, and, according to Zahn, "even a farmer would have mistaken it for the horn of a two-year-old heifer had it been removed and shown to him."

The old time wonder mongers all give pictures and descriptions of this "horned Italian monster," but none tells how long it lived or what was done with the body after death.

Burma Customs.

Two ceremonies in Burma mark when childhood stops and manhood or womanhood begins. The boys have their thighs tattooed and the girls their ears bored. The boring of a girl's ears is commenced with a needle, and the puncture is gradually increased until the tip of the finger can be introduced. The enlarging process is the one carried out in the Polynesian islands, where a native can carry a good sized knife hanging in the lobe of his ear. The ugliest mutilation is that of the Eskimo, who punches a hole in his cheek and puts a bone stud into it. The Burmese boy suffers great pain from the elaborate ornamentation of his legs, which are decorated in blue and red patterns.

BEAUTY SPOTS.

Japanese women gild their teeth.

In Greenland women paint their faces blue and yellow.

The ladies of Arabia stain their fingers and toes red.

In India the women of three high castes paint their teeth black.

Borneo women dye the hair in fantastic colors—pink, green, blue and scarlet.

A Hindoo bride is anointed from head to foot with grease and saffron.

In New Holland scars made carefully with shells form elaborate patterns on the ladies' faces.

In some South American tribes the women draw the front teeth, esteeming as an ornament the black gap thus made.

In New Guinea the ladies wear nose rings, piercing the nose in the same foolish way that civilized women pierce the ears.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., Plaintiff,
against
Charles C. Eklund, Anna Eckland, T. G. Thompson, C. Larson and George F. Carpenter, co-partners as Larson & Carpenter, E. M. Evanson and J. A. Duffy, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of March, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in two parcels, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the North-East quarter (E½ of NE¼) and the East half of the Southeast quarter (E½ of SE¼) of Section fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range forty-five (45) West, and an undivided one half interest in the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Nine (9) in Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), North of Range forty-five (45) West, containing in all two hundred acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated March 26th, 1906.

D. LINNIHAN,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. mar 29 may 3

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Land.

Estate of Norman Perry Hall.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Norman Perry Hall, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to the heirs of Norman Perry Hall, Decedent, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of C. R. Middleton, as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to C. R. Middleton granted to sell the same:

Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 30th day of April, 1906.

[COURT SEAL.] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

may 3 17

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Andy C. Hurt, H. E. No. 327, Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 19, Twp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Picinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Stena Gall, of Germantown, Minn.
Anton Kolski, " "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 4th, 1906, viz: Ole N. Olson, H. E. 218, Red Lake Series for the lots 7 and 8, Sec. 6, Twp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton J. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Anderson, " " " "
Gunder L. Steenerson, " " " "
John Dahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Andrew B. Helgeson, H. E. No. 801, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ of Sec. 23 in Township 153 North of Range 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles J. Knox, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John L. Higgins, " "
Frank J. Cernousek, " "
Jacob Jonas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Donald J. McNiven, H. E. No. 597, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 9 and N½ of SE¼ of Section 6, in Twp. 153 N. of R. 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Wallace K. Nichols, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Harry C. Woolson, " "
George L. Judd, " "
Jake J. Hull, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 30, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on May 5th, 1906, viz: Peter O. Berg, H. E. No. 255, Red Lake Series for the Lots 1 and 2 and S½ of NE¼ of Sec. 2, in Township 153 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Anderson, of Anton, Minnesota.
Albert J. Anderson, " "
Carl J. Anderson, " "
Cornelius H. Helland, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 5 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4, 1906, viz: Jacob Jonas, H. E. 917, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Isaac M. Jubb, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew B. Helgeson, " "
Rudolph Fergus, " "
August Krause, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: Hans H. Jacobson, H. E. 335, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Olson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Thomson, " "
Nils J. Berg, of Germantown, "
Oswold Oas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 4th, 1906, viz: John J. Cahill, H. E. 459, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 4, N½ SW¼, Sec. 23, and Lot 9, Sec. 20, Tp. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Quirk, of Kratka, Minn.
John Johnson, " "
Carl Jensen, " "
Samuel L. Heasley, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 29 may 3

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Thom T. Bakken, H. E. No. 3230, Chippewa Series, for the NW¼ of Sec. 20, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Saave Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn.
Torald Tharaldson, " "
Tom Tharaldson, " "
Jacob Klungnes, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 4th, 1906, viz: John F. Dablow, H. E. 83, Red Lake Series for the SE¼, Sec. 13, Twp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Sotiom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Kaushajen, " " " "
Gunstein Knutson, " " " "
Andrew Trovaton, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county, at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906, viz: Ellen Johnson, H. E. No. 7,945 for lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Phillips, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Hedlund, of Sorum, "
Agard Johnson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 june 7

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906, viz: Agard Johnson, H. E. No. 7,[illegible] for lots 14 and 15, and NE¼ SW¼ and NW¼ SE¼, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Hedlund, of Sorum, Minn.
Oscar Mattson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 june 7

CONDITIONS IN FRISCO

Brief News Notes Telling of the Situation on the Pacific Coast.

Work of Reconstruction Has Been Commenced in Earnest.

Monday marked the actual beginning of the disentangling of San Francisco from its disordered condition and of commencing the work of reconstruction. On many sides were visible indications of the determination of the merchants to resume business. Gangs of men with teams are excavating for foundations in numerous vacant lots and in other places the removal of debris of burned buildings is well under way.

Coroner William Walsh of San Francisco estimates that the total number of dead will not be less than 1,000. His reports are complete and his estimate is made up from all the data he has been able to collect. His deputies, he says, have buried more than 300 bodies and he expects that a search of the tenement district and Chinatown will reveal hundreds of corpses.

All of San Francisco's forty-four banks, thirty-two commercial and twelve savings, were located within the area of the burned district. The inspection has revealed the fact that the vaults in every instance remain intact, but with probably two or three exceptions the fine bank buildings were utterly destroyed.

An earthquake shock of considerable severity was felt at San Francisco on the afternoon of April 25. One woman was killed by a falling chimney, a number of walls of burned buildings which were standing in weak condition were thrown down and frail buildings were considerably shaken up.

The relief work at San Francisco is now in the hands of the military authorities and has been perfected and systematized until the feeding and sheltering of the thousands of hungry and homeless people is going on expeditiously. Five hundred teams are hauling supplies to the sixty odd relief depots.

The latest figures show forty-one dead, sixty-three injured and seven missing at Santa Rosa. The entire business section of Santa Rosa and many residences were destroyed. Twenty fires started, but the water supply was unimpaired and within three hours the flames were under control.

The reappearance of the first electric cars upon the streets of San Francisco since the great disaster was celebrated as quite an event. City and railroad officials and invited guests filled the first cars on the run across the city, Mayor Schmitz acting as motorman.

A map just published at San Francisco of the burned district shows an area covering 453 city blocks, 111 of which are south of Market street and 342 at the north end. It is estimated that the buildings destroyed will be in the neighborhood of 60,000.

Only two additional regiments of federal troops, about 1,350 men, will be sent to San Francisco instead of the 2,500 men originally proposed by General Greely and sanctioned by the war department.

On the day of the earthquake fourteen men were killed at Loma Preta, Cal., when a saw mill was crushed by a landslide.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The ceremonies incident to the sepulture at Annapolis of the remains of Admiral Paul Jones, which were recently conveyed from France to this country, were carried out in the presence of a distinguished audience. The programme included addresses by President Roosevelt, Ambassador Jusserand and Governor Warfield and concluded with a procession to Bancroft hall, in which the body was deposited until Chapel hall, its final resting place, has been made ready.

Alleging that the Standard Oil company and seventeen affiliated companies have a secret trade agreement by which they control production and transportation of oil and gas Prosecutor L. W. Wachenheimer of Lucas county, O., has filed suit in the circuit court at Toledo asking revocation of their charters and dissolution of the illegal agreement.

A sensational slump in prices occurred on the New York Stock Exchange April 27. The Hill stocks led in the decline, Great Northern preferred dropping 25 points and Northern Pacific 11½. The indiscriminate selling had every appearance of being forced and liquidation for account of the insurance companies was believed to be an element.

The Republican convention of the Tenth Iowa congressional district adopted resolutions endorsing President Roosevelt and Governor Cummins and declaring in favor of tariff revision. A resolution commending President Roosevelt for naming Leslie M. Shaw secretary of the treasury failed of adoption.

The grand jury in New York city has returned a presentment to Recorder Goff in which it declared that it had failed to investigate political contributions by insurance officials because District Attorney Jerome had advised the jury not to do so.

Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings have been started in Chicago against John Alexander Dowie individually before Judge K. M. Landis. Dowie's liabilities and assets are not definitely known.

One thousand immigrants were deported from New York Saturday as contract laborers, this deportation being one of the largest ever made under the contract labor laws.

The sending of $200,000 to the Dollar Savings bank of Painesville, O., by the First National bank of Cleveland in an automobile stopped a run on the former institution.

The annual reunion of Confederate Veterans, held at New Orleans, was one of the most largely attended in the history of the organization.

Kansas Democrats have nominated former United States Senator William A. Harris for governor.

—Subscribe for the News.

CORPS AT A PICNIC

Teachers Near Glenwood Find Body Hanging to a Tree on Picnic Grounds.

Dead Man Identified as Sigurd Dekkes, of Christiania, Norway.

Glenwood, Minn., April 29.—A picnic party of school teachers Saturday afternoon discovered the dead body of a man hanging by a rope from a limb of a tree in the picnic grounds near the Morris cottage. The man apparently had been dead several days.

Papers found on the dead man identified him as Sigurd Dekkes, a native of Christiania, Norway, who recently had been living with his uncle, John Berg, near this place. He was about twenty-five years old. It is said that the young man, who was well educated, became discouraged over his inability to secure work suited to his abilities.

The Morning Star.

The morning star, an iron ball studded with spikes and fastened by means of a chain to a short handle, was much used in mediaeval times as a military weapon. It was exceedingly formidable, for when thrown it could not easily be avoided or dodged, the chain permitting it to curve around the arm or over the shield. It was confessedly modeled after a common cactus which grows in every part of Italy.

An Unusual Event.

"Yes, I sent my uncle a telegram on Wednesday to say I was coming. I wonder if he received it."

"I reckon he didn't, cos I seen him this mornin', an' he didn't brag about no telegram."—Brooklyn Life.

Injuries we do and those we suffer are seldom weighed in the same balance.—Simmons.

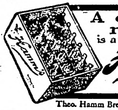

A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's NEW BREW

Bottled and on draught

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

INDIANS MAY SELL LANDS

Senate Agrees to Bill of Interest to Northern Minnesota.

To Gain Title, Any Indian Must Be Able to Manage His Own Affairs.

Washington, April 27.—Millions of acres of land heretofore held by Indian allottees in sixteen states and all of the territories may be released from the twenty-five years' trust period and deeds issued to the Indians, provided the secretary of the interior shall decide that any Indian, mixed or full blood, is capable of managing his or her affairs, according to the terms of the Burke allotment bill, as amended by the senate.

In Minnesota it will work something of an innovation in the northern section of the state. Probably the most important case is that of Mrs. Nellie Lydrok, who has a very valuable allotment bordering on the townsite of Cass Lake.

MURDER NEAR ROSEAU.

Body of John Stuart Found in Woods Shot Through Neck.

Roseau, Minn., April 30.—At the coroner's inquest on the body of John Stuart, whose remains were found in the woods near Plainville, Roseau county, Saturday last, it was found that the murdered man had been shot with a shotgun, being hit on the lower jaw and the charge passing through the neck.

Stuart left the home of William Stevenson, where he had been stopping for some time, the morning of Dec. 31, 1905, and stated that he was going out to Dakota, so nothing was known of his being missing. No clue has as yet been found as to who the murderer might be. The dead man's mother lives in Sundance, Wyo.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 30.—Wheat—May, 75c; July, 75⅝c; Sept., 77⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 Northern, 77½c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 74@75c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 30.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 78⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; May, 78⅛c; July, 79½c; Sept., 78c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.16; July, $1.17½; Sept., $1.17½; Oct., $1.16.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.25@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.50. Hogs—$6.15@6.35. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $5.25@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.10; cows and heifers, $4.75@5.20; stockers and feeders, $3.75@4.85; Texans, $3.90@4.70. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.57½; good heavy, $6.50@6.57½; rough heavy, $6.25@6.40; light, $6.25@6.52½; pigs, $5.90@6.35. Sheep, $3.85@6.40; lambs, $4.75@7.40.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 30.—Wheat—May, 78¼@78⅝c; July, 79c. Corn—May, 46⅝c; July, 46¼@46⅛c. Oats—May, 32⅜@32½c; July, 31¼@31⅛c. Pork—May, $15.60; July, $15.90. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.13; Southwestern, $1.07; May, $1.13½. Butter—Creameries, 14@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Eggs—15@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, chickens and springs, 12½c.

Subscribe for the News.

DUE TO ILL HEALTH

Well Known Stillwater Citizen Commits Suicide by Shooting.

J. W. McKusick Was a Veteran of the Civil War.

Stillwater, Minn., April 30.—Judson W. McKusick, a well known resident of Stillwater, committed suicide shortly before 6 o'clock last evening by shooting himself in the right temple with a 38-caliber revolver.

Mr. McKusick had been in poor health for some time and complained of frequent pains in the head and it is the supposition that he became suddenly deranged mentally and fired the fatal shot.

Shortly before the tragedy he was sitting in the front room of his house talking with his son and daughter and without saying anything stepped out into the kitchen, closed the door after him and fired a shot while looking in the mirror. The son heard the shot and ran into the kitchen, but death had been instantaneous.

Deceased was born in Maine, was about sixty-two years of age and was a veteran of the Civil war. He belonged to the Grand Army and was held in high esteem.

Mr. McKusick was scaler of logs and some years ago was a prominent candidate for the surveyor-generalship of logs and lumber.

During the past two years he had done nothing because of ill health.

LABOR NEWS.

After hearing the report of the subscale committee the scale committee of the anthracite miners decided to call a convention of miners to meet in Scranton, Pa., May 3. The mine workers are anxious to ascertain what action is to be taken on the operators' reply and the convention has been called to allow the men to discuss the question of a strike.

The first serious collision in the anthracite coal region since mining was suspended April 1 occurred at Mount Carmel, Pa., Monday, between a mob of idle mine workers and a platoon of the new state constabulary. It resulted in the injuring of probably twenty men, three of whom will likely die.

The anthracite mine operators, through their sub-committee of seven, has drawn up a reply to the latest proposition of the mine workers for an adjustment of the situation in the anthracite fields. The mine owners refuse to modify their position.

Twenty thousand mates, firemen, grain scoopers and dock workers employed by vesselmen on the Great Lakes went on strike Tuesday morning. Navigation is practically at a standstill.

STRAIT GETS FIVE YEARS.

President of Defunct Minnesota Bank Sentenced.

Jordan, Minn., April 23.—Judge P. W. Morrison has denied the motion of H. Burton Strait, former president of the Scott County bank of this place, for a new trial and pronounced sentence of five years at hard labor in the penitentiary. Strait was convicted of receiving deposits when he knew his bank was insolvent. He is preparing to appeal to the state supreme court and to the United States supreme court if necessary on the question of the use of the books and records of a private bank as evidence against the owner.

CONSIDERATION $4,000,000.

Twin City Telephone Company Disposes of Its Holdings.

St. Paul, April 27.—A bill of sale has been filed with Secretary of State Hanson transferring the property of the Twin City Telephone company to the Tri-State Telephone and Telegraph company.

The consideration named is $4,000,000 and for this amount the Tri-State company becomes the owner of the property of all kinds of the Twin City in Ramsey and Hennepin counties.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The senate committee on privileges and elections, by unanimous vote, has authorized Senator Foraker to report favorably the Tillman bill to prohibit insurance and other corporations from contributing to campaign funds. It makes offending corporations subject to a fine of $5,000 and an employe of corporations subject to a fine of $1,000.

The senate committee on postoffices and postroads has voted to report favorably the nomination of Benjamin F. Barnes, assistant secretary to President Roosevelt, to be postmaster of Washington.

The senate has agreed to begin voting on the amendments to the railroad rate bill on May 4.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

In a proclamation issued Wednesday President Roosevelt urges the American people now to send their contributions for the alleviation of the distress in San Francisco directly to former Mayor James D. Phelan, chairman of the finance committee in San Francisco, instead of to the American Red Cross.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National bank of Milwaukee, has been found guilty by a jury in the United States district court on nineteen counts out of thirty four. The counts in the indictment against the defendant on which he was found guilty relate to false entries and the misapplication of funds in the bank, those relating to embezzlement and telegrams being thrown out. Goll is accused of misapplying $250,000 of the bank's funds.

Frank Smith, the alleged slayer of Police Officer Hanlon of Oregon City and an escaped prisoner from the city jail at Portland, shot and fatally wounded Sheriff J. S. Shaver of Clackamas county and seriously injured Captain O. D. Henderson of Company D, Oregon national guard, members of a posse pursuing him.

The Cambridge (Mass.) police have issued a warrant for the arrest of Erich Muenter, an instructor in German at Harvard university, on a charge of murdering his wife about two weeks ago. It is alleged that Mrs. Muenter's death was caused by arsenic. Muenter's present whereabouts are unknown.

William A. Brewer, Jr., formerly president of the Washington Life Insurance company, has been indicted by the grand jury of New York city for perjury. The charge grows out of a report made to the state superintendent of insurance in 1903 regarding the condition of the company.

The grand jury at Chicago has returned thirty-one indictments against John A. Cooke, former clerk of the circuit court. The charges embrace forgery, conspiracy, embezzlement of public moneys and withholding of public records.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

A tornado swept over Bellevu, Tex., Thursday, destroying everything in its path and as a result practically the entire town is a mass of ruins, only three buildings now standing. At least eleven persons are dead and a number of others are injured. The tornado was followed by fire, which consumed the wreckage.

Chicago's city hall has settled to such an extent since the completion of the excavation for the adjoining new county building that it has been found necessary to rope in the entrances to prevent pedestrians from being killed by the falling sections of coping and cornices.

Two men were killed and five others severely injured by the explosion of a cupola in the plant of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago.

Engineer Sterne, Fireman Julleret and two tramps were killed in a wreck on the Northern Pacific near Missoula, Mont.

MINE MAY PROVE RICH

Work on Gilbert Properties Will Begin This Summer.

Mine Is Expected to Approach or Surpass the Great Fayal Mine.

Eveleth, Minn., April 25.—The Gilbert mine, which is expected to approach or perhaps surpass the great Fayal mine as a producer of ore, is to be opened this summer by the Oliver Iron Mining company. The mine is located on section 26 west, adjoining the Malta property on the south and the Petit on the east. The mine will be developed both by the underground and open pit systems.

All of the section except two forties is controlled by the Steel corporation and iron is believed to exist under every forty controlled. Drilling has been in progress for a year and there only remains one portion of the body to be rounded up. Where the mine joins the Malta a solid band of fine ore, fifty feet deep, has been exposed.

Ten of the forties are owned in fee by the Steel corporation, while the other four are leased from Governor Frank Higgins of New York and interests with which he is allied.

CAUSED QUITE A STIR.

Dinner Given Archbishop Ireland by Ambassador White.

Rome, April 28.—As was expected the dinner given by Ambassador White to Archbishop Ireland, at which four cardinals were guests, has caused considerable stir. The Giornale d' Italia interviewed Archbishop Ireland, who said:

"Mr. White, who has honored me with his friendship, invited me on Wednesday to a private dinner."

Being asked if Americanism is not the modern tendency of Catholicism in America Archbishop Ireland said:

"That is a mistake. American Catholicism is neither modern nor ancient. It is loyalty to the pope."

Cardinal Satolli also was interviewed by the Giornale d' Italia and said:

"Mr. White asked us to dinner for the purpose of honoring Archbishop Ireland. In America all, beginning with President Roosevelt, love Archbishop Ireland."

Cardinal Vannutelli said:

"The dinner was given by Mr. White as a private person to his friend and he invited us both as friends of Archbishop Ireland and himself. We accepted, knowing that politics did not enter into the matter in any way."

Girl Killed by an Auto.

Minneapolis, April 28.—Louise, the seven-year-old daughter of D. H. Painter, principal of the Adams school here, was killed by automobile at 5 o'clock p. m. at Fourteenth avenue southeast and Fifth street. The machine is owned by C. A. Blythin, secretary of the Barber Milling company.

1906			MAY			1906
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

A MEXICAN WAR VETERAN

Henry Hickman, Who Served With Fifth Tennessee Regiment, Dead.

Could Trace His Lineage to the Famous John Hancock.

Otisville, Minn., April 25.—Henry Hickman died this afternoon at the age of seventy-seven years. He was born in Tennessee on May 10, 1828. He could trace his lineage back to John Hancock, the first signer of the Declaration of Independence. His boyhood home was near General Jackson's plantation, the Hermitage, and he well remembered the famous general and president. Mr. Hickman came to this part of the St. Croix valley in the early fifties and engaged in farming.

He served in the Mexican war with Company G of the Fifth Tennessee regiment in 1847 and until honorably discharged in the fall of 1848. He also enlisted in 1863 in Company K, Second Minnesota cavalry, and served against the Indians until May, 1866, when he received his discharge at Fort Snelling. He was a pioneer resident of the county, having settled here in 1853.

Car Checker Killed.

Duluth, April 27.—Dan Keene, a car checker for the Duluth, Missabe and Northern road, met with a mysterious death early in the morning. He was last seen on top of No. 2 ore dock at 3 o'clock. When he was missed it was feared he had fallen through an open ore pocket into the slip, a distance of seventy feet. The slip was dragged and the body was found, but nobody witnessed the accident.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Henry C. Rouse, chairman of the board of directors of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway and president of a number of other Western railways, is dead at Cleveland.

Mrs. Mary McKittrick of Uniontown, Pa., who recently celebrated her 108th birthday, committed suicide by cutting her throat.

Judge Amos Holgate of Marinette, Wis., one of the most prominent Democrats of Northern Wisconsin, is dead.

Henry Jackson Wells Dam, the dramatist and magazine writer of New York, is dead at Havana.

Former Governor James E. Boyd of Nebraska is dead. He was born in Ireland in 1834.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Roadestveit, H. E. No. 4,518, Chippewa Series, for the N½ of NW¼, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 29, and NE¼ of NE¼ of Sec. 30, T. 156 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter Roadestveit, of Germantown, Minn.
Willie Helland, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, "
Christ O. Saastad, of Angus, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Stena Gall, H. E. No. [illegible], Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 7, Twp. 154 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Picinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andy C. Hurt, " "
Anton Kolski, of Germantown, "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 31

IN HIGH LATITUDES.

Where You Can Read Late at Night Without Artificial Light.

I have, on the Limford, in Denmark, latitude 57 degrees, read the newspaper in my bedroom at 10:30 p. m. without the aid of a candle. While I read the villagers played skittles in the alley under my window, and beyond the hoary chestnut trees of the garden, with clots of starlings on their bare top boughs, the sky was still crimson and gold in the west, with the long, woolly lines of vapor only just beginning to swathe the land like a blanket. On the other side of the inn the traffic was as vigorous then as at noonday. Carriers' carts creaked up to the door, and dray loads of squeaking pigs made other music than the lark's. Double chaises, with cushions of red or green velvet and half a dozen happy villagers to each (the men all with great china bowled pipes in their mouths), swung lazily by, raising a dust, and the lowing of troubled cows and calves came as much from the road as from the illimitable meadow beyond, attached to the historical old manor house (now a mere dairy farm), whose buildings were quite concealed by the tall trees that girdle them.

The inn damsels, sewing girls, kitchen maids, the daughters of the house and a friend or two had now set aside all the cares of the day and were rolling each other about on the dewy grass under the chestnut trees like so many lambkins, and the landlady with the *immeasurable waist, who by day* held all the maids leashed to their respective tasks with inflexible yet not unkind severity, stood in the doorway, with her fat beringed fingers in her yielding sides and disturbed the starlings periodically with her stentorian peals of laughter at the antics of her dependents. Yet at 5 o'clock the next morning, with her own rhadamanthine hand, she will pull the bellrope that shall waken each lass, and by 6 the establishment will be again in a normal state of activity. As for the worthy landlord, he is haymaking until 11 p. m., and it will be odd if he is not up before his dame wakes every soul in the house with her call bell.—Cornhill Magazine.

A GOOD ACTOR.

How a Famous French Advocate Won a Hopeless Murder Case.

Maitre Lachand, the famous advocate, was perhaps the greatest master of comedy in France, and not a few eminent actors envied him his marvelous powers of mimicry. He was once employed to defend a murderer, against whom the facts were hopelessly clear.

When his pathetic appeals and his tears—which were always at call when he pleaded before a country jury—failed to touch his stolid audience, he resorted to the most impudent piece of trickery. Thrusting his moistened white handkerchief into his pocket, he demanded if the jurors were men, if they had human hearts, if they could bring themselves to condemn a fellow man like the accused, whom he had credited with all sorts of chivalrous if not saintly merits.

His eloquence was not merely fruitless, but the jury responded to it at first with uneasy shuffling, then with biting lips, and finally with loud and uncontrolled bursts of laughter. Lachand, while flinging about his hands, had intentionally dipped his fingers into the great inkpot in front of him, and as he drew his right hand across his forehead, as if in agony of despair at the certain fate of the accused, he left upon his brow an enormous black mark like a crescent moon and drew two other black traces down his cheeks as he put his fingers to his eyes to dash away the tears.

Feigning high moral indignation at their conduct, he continued: "You are about to decide whether one of your fellow men shall be thrust by you out of the ranks of the living, and you choose such a moment for indulging in cruel and thoughtless laughter. Is this extravagant mirth a fitting mood in which to decide whether a man shall or shall not die?"

The argument actually told upon the jury. The man was acquitted.—Paris Journal.

Ancient Dress Still Worn.

In the little town of Munsledel, in Bavaria, there exists one of the most curious charitable foundations in the world. One of the burghers, Christopher Wanner, died in 1451 and left his fortune for the establishment of a home for aged poor. He attached, however, the condition that every old man who was taken in should wear his beard and the same cut of clothes and cap as he himself used to wear; consequently the ancient pensioners are still to be seen wandering about the streets of Munsledel in the costumes of the fifteenth century.

Imaginary.

"Father," said the little boy, "every now and then I hear you talking about somebody who was old enough to know better."

"Yes, my boy."

"What age is that, father?"

And the old gentleman after some thought replied:

"My son, there isn't any such thing. It's like the golden age—purely mythological."

Knew the Goods.

"Why do you keep such an inefficient servant as that and pay her such high wages?"

"My dear, she has been a maid in every family of prominence in our set."—Baltimore American.

The Koran forbids true believers to destroy the vines, palm trees, fruit trees, corn and cattle even of their worst enemies.

Keep Fertility In the Land.

Good farming today is intensive farming. Raise all it is possible to raise, but put back into the soil every year as much fertility as the crop takes out, or more. New land will stand a lot of abuse, but it will go back on you in time. You can depend on that. Farm every year so that you leave your land in better shape at the close than at the beginning of the year.—Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Good Temper.

Good temper is the most contented, the most comfortable, state of the soul; the greatest happiness both for those who possess it and for those who feel its influence. With gentleness in his own character, comfort in his home and good temper in his wife the earthly felicity of man is complete.—Anon.

The Answer.

"Why should we cast our bread on the waters?" asked the Sabbath school teacher.

"Becuz dey'll arrest youse for t'rowin' scraps in de street," was the knowing response of little Mickey Flynn.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Principle of the Hinge.

The principle of the hinge is seen in almost every joint in the animal kingdom. No animal is without a hinge joint somewhere or other in its anatomy.

MODEL MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

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Wednesday, May 9th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,

304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

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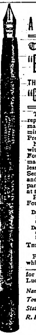

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The Pioneer Press "Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen.............. $2.35

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St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $______ for which you will send me The ______ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ______

Town ______

State ______

R. F. D. No. ______

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar.	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

McCALL PATTERNS
10
15
McCALL'S MAGAZINE
50
YEAR

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. [illegible]

McCall's Magazine The Queen of Fashion has [illegible]

Lady Agents Wanted. [illegible] Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

The Soo Line Announces

IMPROVED SERVICE

NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station), Minneapolis 8:40 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10:05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Hankinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars.

W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent.

Chas. E. Kirk

Practical House Painter . . and Decorator . .

Paper-Hanging and tinting, Hardwood Finishing and Graining a Specialty

Second Door South of City Hall

The News, $1 Per Year.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. [illegible] THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1906 NUMBER 19

Historical Society

EDITORS HAD A GOOD TIME

Meeting of Red River Valley Editorial Association Held Here.

Attendance Was Not Large, but Those Here Enjoyed Themselves.

The meeting of the Red River Valley Editorial Association held in Thief River Falls last week was a successful one in every way, although the attendance was not as large as anticipated. In the afternoon the editors were driven about town and shown the points of interest in this city, after which a business session was held at the Antlers Club rooms. At the business session officers of the association for the year were elected as follows:

President—R. D. V. Carr.
Vice President—R. H. Medicraft.
Second Vice President—W. R. Stoughton.
Secretary—W. E. McKenzie.
Treasurer—O. E. Stevens.

Remarks of interest to newspaper men were made by E. A. Nelson, R. J. Bell and R. H. Medicraft, which were followed by a general discussion and a very enjoyable session was had.

In the evening a smokesocial was held at the rooms of the Antlers Club, which was followed by a lunch served at the Hub restaurant. After lunch had been served, C. L. Dobner called upon a number to respond to different toasts.

Mayor Grundy was the first speaker and he welcomed the editors to the city in a happy manner.

E. A. Nelson, editor of the Hallock News, responded to the speech of welcome made by Mayor Grundy and paid the city many compliments upon its fine appearance and the substantial growth it had made since he had visited here some years ago. He said that the citizens here would never regret the royal way in which they had entertained the editors of the Red River Valley Editorial Association.

Prof. J. H. Hay, of the city schools, who had formerly been in the newspaper business, was the next speaker and he told of some of his experiences as well as making a few remarks regarding the prosperous conditions of the schools and giving the local newspaper men some pointers as to how they could assist in the school work of the city.

R. J. Bell, of Roseau, for years one of the prominent men in public life in Minnesota, and who has been settled up in Roseau county since it was organized, told of the development of Roseau county and the part the newspapers had taken in that work.

Daniel Shaw was the next speaker and he told of the influence of the press and said that it should keep hammering away for drainage and also advocated that the papers take up the matter of the state holding so much vacant land in northern Minnesota, which was a great detriment to the actual settlers. The state was spending nothing for the improvement of this land and the settlers who were improving the adjoining land were having a very hard struggle.

"Dick" Medicraft, of Roseau, followed Mr. Shaw and, being English, stated at the beginning of his remarks that he could tell no jokes, but he told a whole lot of facts regarding Roseau county which were interesting.

W. G. Hunt, of the Sunbeam, was the *next speaker. The toastmaster had not* informed Mr. Hunt that he was to be called upon, but that made no difference. Hunt is alway ready to talk. Mr. Hunt said that he did not believe that the press of northern Minnesota should continue to advocate drainage. The people of southern Minnesota were getting the idea that this section of the country was an impenetrable swamp. He wanted to advocate irrigating ditches into which we could turn our surplus water in the spring if necessary, and left no doubt in the minds of those present that this impenetrable swamp idea which southern Minnesota had was a bad one.

President R. D. V. Carr, of the editorial association, was the last speaker and he thanked the citizens very kindly for the entertainment provided.

The editors from abroad in attendance were:

L. E. George, Fertile Journal.
R. D. V. Carr, Middle River Pioneer.
R. H. Medicraft, Roseau Region.
E. A. Nelson, Hallock News.
J. G. Brinkerhoff, Stepher Leader.
J. P. Mattson, Warren Sheaf.
H. F. Stember, East Grand Forks Valley View.
W. G. Hunt, Sunbeam.
C. W. Latta, Plummer Pioneer.
O. E. Heinsgaard, Ulen Union.
A. A. Burtch, Carlos Independent.
C. A. Afsthun, Karlstad Advocate.
J. N. Kirsch, Crookston Journal.
R. J. Bell, Roseau Region.
H. J. Sanders, Greenbush Journal.

Subscribe for the News.

A MONSTER M. W. PICNIC

Red River Valley Modern Woodmen May Have a Big Picnic.

Different Lodges in the Valley Have the Matter Under Consideration.

From present indications, the Woodmen from all the camps in Polk, Norman, Red Lake, Marshall, Kittson and Roseau counties will hold a monster picnic some time during the early summer. The matter was taken up by the Crookston camp at the suggestion of Deputy Rankin some time ago and Clerk Reidesel of that camp wrote to the various camps in the counties named and many favorable replies have been received.

It was therefore determined to write the clerk of every camp in the counties referred to, asking that each camp send a delegate to attend a meeting to be held in Crookston on May 15, at which time definite action regarding the big picnic will be taken. The plan is to make the gathering the biggest thing of the kind ever held in northern Minnesota, as the Woodmen lodge is very strong in the northern part of the state and such a picnic as planned would attract thousands of people from every city, village and township in the territory embraced. The idea would be to form a picnic association, and hereafter hold at least one big picnic each year.

Plats Land.

Andrew Steneeth, the enterprising real estate dealer, has platted some sixty-five acres of land on the East Side, which he took as a homestead, and will soon have the property on the market for sale. The property is along the river bank and joins Red Lake Rapids. It is very desirable in every way as residence property and is sure to become one of the best parts of Thief River Falls.

Moody Not Indicted.

The much talked of charges against C. A. Moody, late collector of customs at Warroad, have come to naught. The United States district attorney stated that the evidence at hand was insufficient to warrant an indictment and Mr. Moody was released from his bond and discharged by the court.

PRIZES ARE APPRECIATED

The System Inaugurated at Plummer Has Done Much for That Creamery.

Has Resulted in Securing a Better Price for the Butter.

Why would it not be a good thing for the business men of Thief River Falls to offer prizes to the patrons of the Thief River Falls creamery? Julius Pieth, the enterprising real estate dealer and banker of Plummer, last year started the prize system in Plummer and it did much for that institution.

In speaking of the prize system of the *Plummer creamery, State Dairy* Inspector Joel J. Winkjer says:

"The prizes given to the patrons last year have undoubtedly done a great deal for the Plummer creamery. It was an experiment when it was first tried last year and the effect has been watched for to see the result of that kind of campaign for getting over the poor cream evil. In the first scoring here this year it shows plainly that there has been an improvement in the quality that is highly gratifying. It is true that, in some respects, this season of the year, at least so far as temperature is concerned, is favorable for keeping the cream out, the percentage of almost faultless cream was greater here on the first grading than was expected or is usually found among the creameries. But this is not the only thing on which to pass our judgment. What is of more importance is the premium received for the butter, which is 1¼ cents, and there are shipments made in the last month that have received 2 cents premium. A 1¼ premium is uncommon among the hand separator creameries, and this is the first instance where I know of a hand separator plant receiving 2 cents premium for their butter. So one does not come far from the mark by saying that the prizes offered have served the purpose for which they were intended.

"There is another factor that must not be overlooked in the production of good cream here, and that is the example set by the buttermaker in keeping the creamery neat and clean. Cleanliness is the most important thing in the production of good cream and the sweet, clean and neat appearance of the creamery has had its influence in the improvements among the cream producers. An ounce of example is worth a pound of preaching.

"The fact stands out boldly that a ¼ cent premium, figured on the amount of butter produced last year, would mean an extra income of over $400 to the patrons of the creamery and this year it will mean more. With $370 in prizes and an extra income of over $400 in premiums on butter, there is certainly a great incentive for the patrons of the Plummer creamery to produce excellent cream".

BUYS A BANK.

Son of J. K. Hannay, of St. Hilaire, Buys a Bank in Washington.

An announcement made by the First National Bank of Mt. Vernon, Washington, states that this institution has been sold to N. B. Hannay, a son of J. K. Hannay, the well known St. Hilaire banker and two other parties, N. J. Molhstad and John A. Munch. The bank is by no means a small institution, having a capital of $25,000; surplus of $10,000; undivided profits of $4,785.74, deposits of $429,530.51 and does a total business of $472,172.33. Mr. Hannay's many friends in this section are pleased to learn that he is fast becoming one of the solid men of the west.

Changed His Mind.

Mr. Schlevoight, a prosperous farmer near Crookston, sold his farm last fall and decided to locate in Cuba. The family left for the big island and the household goods were to follow. Upon arriving in Cuba, the family did not find that country the paradise they had anticipated, and the telegraph was invoked to stop the household goods then in transit, and located at St. Louis, and have them returned to Crookston. The Red River valley is good enough for Mr. Schlevoight now.

Binding Twine Situation.

There seemed to be much trepidation among the people of the state regarding the intention of the harvester trust to start the manufacture of flax twine in competition with the twine plant at the state penitentiary. The trust has control of the patents for the making of the flax twine, so the state cannot hope to meet them in that field for lack of the proper machinery.

Generally there is no need of worrying over the matter for some time yet, as the flax twine has not proven itself a rousing success so far. If fresh twine can be procured, it seems to do well enough, but stock that has been carried over one season seems to be unreliable, at least that was the experience last year. Until some process is invented which makes it possible to carry over unsold stock without deterioration, the flax twine will not become a competitor with the Stillwater product.

Another point is that if any considerable quantity of flax twine is used, it will reduce the demand for sisal and manila, and when these become cheaper, the prison twine will become cheaper also, as the prison plant will not take advantage of cheaper raw material to increase the profits of the plant.—Ex.

A Costly Scratch.

Some time ago, a Fosston young man stood near the Fosston depot whittling a stick. When the passenger train went through, he was still there and as the train pulled out, he took the pointed end of the stick and held it against the coaches absent-mindedly, just to hear the rattling noise it made when passing over the grooves on the side of the cars, not thinking what the result would be of his little amusement. After the train had gone, he thought no more about it.

A few days ago Special Agent Britt for the company went to Fosston and swore out a warrant for the arrest of this young man who had innocently placed the stick against the train and scratched the whole length of two coaches, and it cost him seventy-five dollars to settle out of court.

A Large Estate.

An inventory in the estate of Hans Langseth, late of Thief River Falls, has been filed in the probate court, and the appraisement shows a valuation of $44,884.07. It is the largest estate ever probated in Red Lake county and at that the appraisement is considered small, for it was generally believed that the stock of Mr. Langseth was worth at least $50,000. The inventory is as follows:

Real estate, $5,000; household goods, $250; wearing apparel, $100; bank stock, $1,000; book accounts, $5,043.40; notes, secured and unsecured, $4,239.03; cash in bank, $975.44; cash on hand, $175.27; personal property, $100; merchandise, $21,400.93; total $44,884.07.

Law Is Unconstitutional.

Superintendent Olson states that the law in the new code regarding the ages at which children of the public schools could draw apportionment is unconstitutional, and that the old law will prevail in the future. The new law fixes the ages at which children draw apportionment at from 6 to 21 years. This however is unconstitutional, according to the state superintendent, and the old law wherein children from 5 to 21 draw apportionment will be observed in the future as in the past.

A Pertinent Suggestion.

We once knew a small family consisting of an old man and his wife, who lived on a few acres of land and kept the same hog for a number of years. When asked why they did not butcher it and feed up another every year, they said that they didn't care—they had to have a hog anyway to eat the slop. We smile at these old folks' stupidity, yet some of our dairymen keep cows year after year without knowing if all of them pay their board.—Dairy Record.

Here Is a Pointer.

If the horse has sore shoulders, it is a pretty sure sign that his collar does not fit him. Throw the collar into a tub of warm water over night, and in the morning clean his shoulders well with a brush and moist cloth; then put the collar on and work him for a few hours. If the collar does not fit him then, it surely never will.

LOCAL MAN WAS DUPED

Thief River Falls Man Causes Arrest of a Lewistown, Pa., Girl.

Sent Her $34 to Come West and That Was the Last He Heard of Her.

Lewistown, Pa., May 5.—Miss Edna Kirk, of this place, will be tried in the United States court here Monday, charged with having used the mails to fleece men under promise of marriage. Miss Kirk is a niece of Mrs. Lucilla Patterson, of Lewistown, who was arrested one month ago on a similar charge. It is believed they were working together.

Miss Kirk was arrested by Deputy United States Marshall Lapp, of Harrisburg. Halvor Starndvoldt, of Thief River Falls, Minn., alleges that he answered a matrimonial advertisement of Miss Kirk and that, after an exchange of several letters, he proposed and she accepted him.

She wrote that she did not have the money to come to him, he says, and he thereupon sent her $34. He never heard from her again.

Mr. Starnvoldt is a farmer residing upon the ridge about three miles west of town. He owns a good farm and has been a resident here for about nine years. He is about 50 years of age and a widower, having been married twice and both of his wives having died.

Lots of Grass Seed.

Dealers in tame grass seeds in Thief River Falls all report exceedingly heavy sales this spring, in fact all report that twice as much grass seed has been sold this spring as was ever sold in Thief River Falls before. This means that the farmers are going to depend less upon the wheat crop and more upon the dairy industry.

Indians Go to Jail.

Joseph Clark, Alexis Jordain, Jacob Fairchilds and Antoine Gurneau, who were charged with breaking into the Red Lake Agency postoffice and stealing whiskey, at the term of federal court held in Fergus Falls last week, pleaded guilty and were sentenced to four months in the St. Cloud reformatory and to pay fines of $100 each.

May See Them Back.

Fourteen carloads of immigrant goods from eastern Marshall County passed through here last week headed for the Canadian northwest. There may be such a thing as a few years of drought, and likely frost, will head them back—providing they can come back of course.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Echo Answers Where.

The Greenbush Journal asks these pertinent questions:

Where is that ball park?
Where is that Tennis Court?
Where is that Band Stand?
Where is that Boulevard?
Where is that Park?
Where is that Street Commissioner?

Lands in Western Canada For Sale.

Parties desiring to locate in the Canadian Northwest can do well by corresponding with James Egan, agent for Canadian lands, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Subscribe for the News.

New Arrivals in Belts, Bags, Etc.

WHITE SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

New Hosiery For Spring And Summer

WHAT HAVEN'T WE IN SUMMER MATERIALS?

There isn't anything in the staple summer cottons or the new and beautiful silk and cotton novelties that we are not showing.

WHITE GOODS, plain and fancy, 10c, 15c, 20c, to 75c per yard.

COLORED GOODS, all shades, 8c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c to 60c per yard.

SCOTCH GINGHAMS, checks, stripes and plains, 10c, 12½c, 15c to 25c per yard.

Elegant display of suitings, in greys, browns, blues, greens, blacks, etc, 25c to $2.00 per yard.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

ICE CREAM,

HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	31c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

—Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Dr. Vistaunet was down to St. Hilaire last Saturday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls Monday.

Judge Knight was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Nick Bergwald was down to St. Hilaire Saturday.

Ed. L. Healey was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

James Meehan returned to St. Paul last Friday evening.

E. J. Morrisey spent Sunday in Crookston with friends.

Mrs. J. M. Bishop was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Traveling Freight Agent Hawes was down to Minneapolis last week.

Miss Edith Prichard and Mrs. Kidder spent Sunday in Crookston visiting friends.

L. J. Parbst was up to Middle River last Friday doing some work for the local creamery.

Charles Shirley was down to Crookston Monday buying some horses for the lumber company.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Attorney E. M. Stanton went down to St. Paul last Saturday evening to attend to business before the supreme court.

—State Farmers' Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest Cash Surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Charles N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls real estate hustler, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Mrs. C. Olson arrived here Monday from Crookston and will spend the week here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Bakken.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Charlie Kratka, of the News force, left Monday morning for Stephen, where he will be employed for a time on the Stephen Leader.

The fire department was called out last Friday by a small fire at the home of C. S. Wright on the East Side. Little or no damage was done.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

County Commissioner P. A. Ekstrom arrived home from North Dakota, yesterday, where he had been canvassing for the Watkins Remedy company for the past month. Peter was well pleased with the results of his first trip, and expects to work up a profitable business out there.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

A fly salesman dropped in on one of our young business men the other day, carrying in his hand a finely polished oak cabinet. "I want to sell you a peach of a talking machine," he said. "Got one," replied the young business man. "What kind?" was asked. "The best kind on earth" was the response. "Where did you get it?" was the next question. "Married it," said the young business man, and the salesman hiked off to look for a victim elsewhere.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Robert Lee was up on the Greenbush line yesterday.

Andy Erickson was up to Middle River yesterday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Services Sunday evening in the Norwegian Lutheran church.

County Attorney Stebbins, of Roseau, was in the city Tuesday.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

Attorney Julius J. Olson, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Art Mercer expects to leave this week for Montana to spend several weeks.

Attorney Mabey transacted business at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

D. N. Winton made a business trip up to the Red lake last week in his gasoline boat.

Fr. Adolph last week received a merry-go-round and is entertaining his young friends every day.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kratka returned to this city Monday evening from their trip to North Dakota.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

For Sale—A five room house and two corner lots. $500; cash, $200; balance to suit purchaser. G. K. Fargo.

F. J. Stebbins announces that he will present every lady calling at his store with a package of sweet peas free.

Daniel Shaw drove to Red Lake Falls Monday morning to attend a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will be entertained next Thursday by Mrs. Gullingsrud.

Harry Heasley came down from the Red Lake country last week. He reports that the ice has gone out of the Red lake.

Peter Lofgren, the well known Pelan and Karlstad merchant, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

O. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, and L. L. Melgaard, of Warren, were in the city over Sunday visiting their brother, T. L. Melgaard.

Rev. and Mrs. Knox, of Red Lake Falls, left the first of the week for New York state, where they will spend most of the summer.

—All kinds of repair work done on boilers, engines, and all kinds of farm machinery. Satisfaction guaranteed. Conklin Boiler Works. 18

Charles A. Robbecke has ordered a large electric sign similar to the one in front of John Morgan's Place, which will direct travelers to his hotel.

Rev. A. J. Krogstad, of the Hauges Lutheran Church of Crookston, accompanied by O. H. Hauges, of Red Wing, were in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

A. W. Layman, special agent of the Crookston land office, was in the city last Friday and Saturday examining claimants who were making final proof here on those days.

Mrs. Peter Ellingson, wife of the proprietor of the Grill restaurant, arrived here Monday from Sweden, where she had spent the past four years for the benefit of her health.

Bert Glaser has opened up a lunch room in the building formerly occupied by McGuire and Wold's jewerly store on LaBree avenue and will make a specialty of delivering hot and cold sandwiches to all parts of the city.

For Sale—Building now occupied by the Press; the building known as the Rushford Hotel; also one half interest in the Dobner-Meehan Block. If interested, write to James Meehan, Jr., for prices and terms. 212 Phoenix Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

C. M. Evenson will receive a car load of evergreen trees from the Greenbush line the latter part of this week. The trees will be from 8 to 10 feet high, all in good healthy condition, and those desiring to secure any will do well by notifying Mr. Evenson at once.

F. J. Stebbins on Monday shipped his handsome Scotch Colie, "Juno," to a party in Wadena. The dog broke off the crate in which he was being shipped at Cass Lake and at last reports the officials of the Great Northern at Cass Lake were still hunting for him.

The street commissioner has had quite a crew at work during the past week and much effective work has been accomplished. The streets in the business portion of town present a much better appearance and it is to be hoped that they will be kept in this condition from now on.

Jacob Braas and Andrew Schmol, who have been out in the town of Clover Leaf making extensive improvements upon their claims, left Monday for St. Paul to make arrangements for the removal of their families here. They have fine claims and have made some extensive improvements.

L. M. Hoag was up to Red Lake last week.

A. W. Smith, of Fosston, was in the city last week.

John Torrison was over to Fisher the first of the week.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Ed. Enright, the well known Red Lake Falls farmer, was in the city the first of the week.

—Martin O'Brien, the Crookston lawyer, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

Carl Rasmussen, who is conducting a store down at Barnesville, was in the city to spend Sunday.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

John W. Neukom went up to Greenbush yesterday to take some testimony for Special Agent Layman of the Crookston land office.

Adolph Bydal, who is connected with a Scandinavian newspaper at Grand Forks, transacted business in the city the first of the week.

Gordon LaBree, the young son of W. J. LaBree, won the farm recently raffled off by John Sorum up near Middle River.—Gordon had ticket No. 419.

C. A. Nelson, cashier of the State Bank of Warren, and T. Mork, clerk of court of Marshall county, were in the city Monday evening, being en route to St. Paul.

There will be a business meeting of the Epworth League at the M. E. Church Wednesday, the 16th at 7:30 p. m. Refreshments will be served.

Outside the penitentiary we don't know of a man who has so little freedom as John D. Rockefeller. That's what it is to be the richest man in America.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Henry Gorkey announces that he will not start herding cattle until the 20th of May. People who desire to turn their cattle out before that time will be allowed to use his pasture free until the 20th.

George Jarman, district grand deputy of the Eagles, has received instructions to go to Oslo and report upon the advisability of the organization of a lodge of Eagles there. A member from that village have petitioned the grand officers asking for a charter.

Mr. Oscar A. Lawson and Miss Orrel Cole formerly of Litchfield were married by Rev. Flesher at the Parsonage of the Methodist Episcopal church last Tuesday. Mr. Lawson is one of the prosperous young men of the reservation who has a claim near Kratka Post Office.

Postmaster and Mrs. Ira C. Richardson leave this week for Rochester to attend the golden wedding anniversary of Mrs. Richardson's parents. They will be absent for about a week and during their absence N. K. Nelson will take Mr. Richardson's place in the post office.

Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday, May 13. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Junior League at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. Evening Subject: "Advantages of the City" being the second in a series on "Building Cities." Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher., Pastor.

Judge Knight returned to Red Lake Falls yesterday. He received word from the citizens down there that they were getting tired of the way in which the present committee had managed things thus far in the county seat matter, and a large number want the Judge to take charge of the matter. It is usually very poor policy to swap horses while crossing a stream, but in this case we do not blame the citizens of Red Lake Falls, although we greatly regret seeing the Judge take up the battle against Thief River Falls, as it means harder sledding for us.

Jensen's Successor.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week. He is now busy serving notice upon the various chairmen of the supervisors in the towns in Eastern Marshall county calling upon them to meet in Warren on the 18th, of May to select a successor to Jens P. Jenson, who recently resigned as county commissioner. There are some fifteen that Mr. Forsberg has to serve notice upon and it will keep him busy most of this week. Among those who are being mentioned as successors to Mr. Jensen are H. A. Halverson, Bernhard E[illegible]son, N. K. Nelson, John A. Sorum and Howard M. Clark.

Phil Zeh Sells Out.

Phil Zeh yesterday closed a deal for the sale of his saloon here to Johnson & Jenkins, of Minneapolis. Mr. Zeh has been in business here for the past fourteen or fifteen years, in fact he is perhaps the oldest business man in the city. Just what his future plans are we are not able to learn, but his many friends here hope that he will continue to make this city his home.

CITY COUNCIL.

Special Meeting Held on Tuesday Evening of This Week.

A special meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening. All cross walks in the center of blocks were ordered taken up and permission will not again be granted to put others down.

Mayor Grundy read a communication from the secretary of the state board of health which stated that the new code gave the state board of health the power to regulate slaughter houses and recommended that the city council take no action in this regard, as the state board had prepared a set of rules and regulations which would soon be published.

A sample of river and spring water which had been sent to the state board of health to be examined were both pronounced to be very impure.

Two arc lights were ordered for Meehan's addition, one just east of the Soo crossing on Third street and one up near the hospital.

It was also decided to place a light on top of the water tower tank in order that people traveling in the country at night would have something to be guided by.

KRATKA NEWS

Seeding is progressing in great shape. The fields are in fine condition and the farmers are rushing work to the full extent.

The boats are making their regular trips now-a-days, except Mr. Winton with his new propellor, which is capable of taking its own time. They all say it is one of the finest that was ever on the river.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Miller, from the town of Mayfield, was at Kratka last week on business.

Anton Skog's big new granary is commencing to loom up. He has a good stone foundation under it.

Ludvig Larson's brother, who has been here for a short time helping put in the crop, expects his family here soon. Mr. Larson drove some 300 miles here by team, and will make this his future home.

J. O'Tool, from Crystal, N. D., was here looking after his farming interests.

L. Olson and Nelson, the ferry man, were at Thief River Falls Friday and bought two plows, a disc and a drill from Olson Bros.

Pete O'Toole went to Thief River Falls the other day and brought home a fine cream separator.

A number of farmers on the north side are going to club together and buy a ditcher.

The farmers' boat meeting was held at Kratka last Saturday, at which time the officers were elected and other business was transacted. The details will be made known at the next writing.

Mrs. Carl Jensen has returned from a week's visit at Thief River Falls.

Carl Venji left for Fisher Thursday to look after his interests there.

Jerry O'Brien and sister, Miss Katie O'Brien, have returned from Cavalier, N. D.

Dennis Conely is up here from Thief River Falls doing some seeding on the place of his daughter, Miss Anna Conely.

UNIFORMS REQUIRED.

Local men Employed at the Great Northern Depot Will Have to Wear Uniforms.

Station Agent Baker received a circular letter Tuesday which was addressed to all agents of the Great Northern that has caused the force at the local depot to do some guessing. The circular contains the information that station agents and ticket clerks will be required to wear uniforms and other employes will also be required to wear such uniforms, or portion of uniforms as may be designated by the proper officers from time to time.

At stations where there are three or more employed in addition to the agent, the agent will not be required to wear a uniform, and, as this is the case in Thief River Falls, Agent Baker will not have to purchase a uniform. Ticket Agent Stewart, however, is one who will have to wear a uniform, and whether or not Cashier Douglas will come under the rule is a matter of speculation.

The uniforms consist of a coat, vest, pants and cap and are much the same as are worn by conductors. In the near future a representative of the Boston Clothing company will call at the local station and take the measurements of those who will be required to wear uniforms.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

Patrick Meehan and wife to Christopher Porter, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 9, Oakland addition	$150
Fred La Count and wife to Julius Dura, lot 10, block 9, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids	500
John A. Anderson and wife to H. M. Horton, lots 30 and 31, block 27, Red Lake Rapids	250
H. M. Horton to Anna Oline Anderson, lots 30 and 31, block 27, Red Lake Rapids	250
Alice B. Kratka and husband to Olaf Olson, lot 6, block 18, original townsite	110
Thomas Milson and wife to W. W. Prichard, lots 18 and 23, inclusive, block 5, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids	150

Subscribe for the News.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

The baseball game last Saturday was very well attended in spite of the weather, and the game was very interesting and none of those who were present would have missed it. The Red Lake Falls' players brought up a bunch of rooters with them tho the weather hindered the rooting to a certain degree. The game was close from start to finish the result being very much in doubt until the close of the game, the score being 3 to 2 in favor of the local players. The Red Lake people took their defeat gentlemanly tho declaring revenge on the return game. Our boys played a game throughout and all helped to win first baseball game ever won by a Thief River Falls team.

The basket social given last Thursday added about $30 to the Treasury of the Athletic Association.

The bushel-basket prepared by the six "prettiest" girls made quite a hit last Thursday evening besides it being a very profitable plan.

The four cook reviews which are required as a part of the year's work have made quite a topic for discussion the last week or so.

The Botany class will be very grateful for any specimens anyone may have to offer.

The Physics class went on an excursion last Monday afternoon and made quite an extensive examination of the machinery and mechanical apparatus at the Power house, the Sash & Door factory and the mill.

The Junior class of Mpls. with the help of the Senior class held an entertainment to raise money for the Junior reception to the Seniors the Juniors here wish the same would be done.

The 8th Graders have the following program scheduled for next Friday:

Music	Esther Wilson
Recitation	Hazel Lang
Reading	Fred Protz
Recitation	Kathrine Dunn
Newspaper	Lillian Muzzey
Piano Duet	Delia Daniels Gena Granum.

Secured $600.

Upon behalf of the city of Thief River Falls, County Commissioner Shaw this week received an appropriation of $600 from the county road and bridge fund. The money will be spent in fixing up the road that runs due east from the new bridge across the Thief river in the towns of North, Silverton, Clover Leaf and Goodrich. With this amount of money to expend, if the farmers out that way get a hustle upon themselves they can secure a good road.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. Wernstlein.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Ten persons are dead as the result of a headon collision on the Pennsylvania railroad near Clover Creek Junction, near Altoona, Pa. Six were killed outright and four died as the result of injuries received. About twenty of the passengers and train crew were more or less seriously injured.

Extremely heavy rains, destructive winds and lightning have caused serious washouts on the railroads and much damage in Northern Texas.

A heavy frost in Central Iowa caused damage to small fruits. Plum orchards suffered the most.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Corin H. Spencer, a leading grain trader, capitalist, vice president of the Louisiana Purchase exposition and former president of the Merchants' Exchange, died suddenly at St. Louis.

Captain J. J. Snouffer, one of the most prominent pioneers of Eastern Iowa, is dead at Cedar Rapids, aged eighty-one years. He was a veteran of the Mexican war.

Edwin W. Clark, sixty-four years old, a broker and a member of the New York Cotton Exchange, suicided by shooting.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Mrs. Mary Waters, aged fifty-two, entered the room of her home in West Seventy-sixth street, New York, where her two daughters, Agatha and Ruth, lay sleeping and shot and killed Agatha, aged twenty-six, the eldest and her favorite, and without attempting to harm Ruth then killed herself. Temporary insanity due to worry over the daughter's ill health is assigned as the reason.

Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National bank of Milwaukee, who was convicted on nineteen counts in the United States district court of misapplying a large amount of funds of the bank, has been sentenced to ten years in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Twenty-one persons are included in the final and most important government land fraud indictments returned by the federal grand jury at Portland, Ore. The indictments charge a far-reaching and intricate conspiracy to secure 200,000 acres of some of the finest timber land in Oregon.

Frank E. Creffield, leader of the so-called religious organization known as the Holy Rollers, was shot and instantly killed at Seattle, Wash., by George Mitchell, a laborer, aged twenty-three years. Mitchell when arrested asserted that Creffield had wronged his two sisters.

Charles L. Spier, a prominent business man of Staten Island and said to be a confidential agent of H. H. Rogers, vice president of the Standard Oil company, was shot and instantly killed in a duel with a burglar in his home at New Brighton, Staten Island.

J. F. Jolley, bishop of the Mormon church at Lovell, Wyo., one of the leaders of the large Mormon colonies that have settled in that state in the past two years, has been arrested on a charge of maintaining polygamous relations with two wives.

Five prominent lumbermen and bankers of Oshkosh, Wis., have been arrested by the federal authorities on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the general government by means of alleged land frauds in the state of Oregon.

Frank Smith, the desperado who killed Policeman Hanlon of Oregon City, Ore., and who later killed Sheriff Shaver and Captain Henderson of the Oregon national guard, has been shot and killed by a posse.

Frank M. Fowle, a former Milwaukee supervisor, under indictment by the grand jury, committed suicide at his home in that city by shooting.

Burglars entered the office of Joseph Leiter at Chicago, blew open two vaults and escaped with bonds said to be valued at $10,000 to $25,000.

LABOR NEWS.

After carrying on negotiations for nearly three months the sub-committees representing the anthracite mine workers and the operators of Eastern Pennsylvania agreed to continue the award of the strike commission for another three years and the men will return to work as soon as practicable, probably next Monday.

A strike of dock and marine employes of vessel owners belonging to the Lake Carriers' association has paralyzed traffic on the Great Lakes. The strike directly affects 20,000 men and if it continues any length of time thousands of others dependent on lake commerce for supplies will be forced out.

A general strike of structural iron workers is on at Chicago and building operations, particularly in the business section of the city, are almost at a standstill. About 2,000 men are out. It is estimated that work aggregating $15,000,000 in value in the central portion of the city has been stopped.

All employes of the iron foundries of Buffalo, Depew, Tonawanda, Lockport and Niagara Falls went on strike Wednesday for an increase in wages. Thirty six corporations and about 10,000 employes are involved.

A strike of union cigarmakers of Boston was started Monday. It is estimated that about 1,200 men are out in an effort to force an increase in wages.

The electricians of all telephone companies in Minnesota, North and South Dakota are on strike. About 800 men are out.

Several Northern Minnesota iron mines have closed down as a result of the strike on the Great Lakes.

BANKRUPT SALE NOW ON

I have on hand over

One Thousand Pairs of New Shoes

to fit everybody, which must be sold at once. Now is your chance to buy for less than manufacturers' prices. Don't forget the place.

Yours to please,

T. P. HAMRE & CO.

MASONIC BLOCK.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

Do You Want to Get the BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

MEETING OF EDUCATORS

Two Days' Session Held at St. Hilaire Friday and Saturday.

Prominent Educators from This Section Were in Attendance.

The last of a series of three meetings of the Red Lake County Teachers' Educational Association was held Friday and Saturday of last week at St. Hilaire, when teachers from all parts of the county, as well as prominent educators from all parts of the northern part of the state, were in attendance. An excellently arranged program was carried out on the two days and the meeting is termed an entire success by those who attended from this city.

Among the interesting numbers that were on the program the last afternoon was a discussion by Miss Dow, of the Moorhead Normal school, whose line there is arithmetic, which she covered in the discussion. The number was something of a round table discussion and called forth a good-natured but nevertheless warm debate among the educators. Miss Dow upheld the theoretical method of instruction in arithmetic, much the same as in the higher mathematics, while the rest of those present stood by the practical method of instruction.

Superintendent Robertson, of the State Experiment farm, delivered a very fine address on agricultural instruction in the schools, which, with the practical demonstration that he gave, was one of the best numbers arranged for. Prof. E. E. McIntire, of the Crookston high school, delivered a very interesting address on the Mammoth Cave, which was made very interesting by the illustrations by a stereopticon. Supt. C. S. Yeager, of the Fosston schools, was also among those on the program, as was Prof. J. H. Hay, of this city.

Says a Fire Is Needed.

The Crookston Journal has the following to say regarding the meeting of the editors here:

During the afternoon the party was taken out in carriages and shown the wonderful growth Thief River Falls has experienced the past few years and possibilities for the future.

For the age and size of the town it has many fine and handsome homes by comparison, its residences eclipse the business blocks. A good fire will remedy this defect.

Subscribe for the News.

ARRANGED FOR A MEET

Inter-School Athletic League to Meet Here May 26th.

Red River Valley Schools to Be Represented Here at That Time.

The initiative for the revival of inter-school athletics in northern Minnesota was taken Saturday, May 5th, at an athletic conference held at St. Hilaire, when arrangements were completed for a field meet to be held at Thief River Falls May 26th. Those who were present as delegates representing their respective schools were the following: Supt. E. W. Chamberlain, Red Lake Falls, who presided at the meeting; A. B. Young, of Warren; J. H. Hay, of Thief River Falls; M. W. Zipoy, East Grand Forks, and N. A. Thoreson, of Crookston, who was chosen secretary. Supt. E. E. McIntire, of Crookston, and Supt. C. S. Yeager, of Fosston, were present at the meeting as advisory members, being at St. Hilaire attending an educational meeting.

All of the delegates were in favor of a permanent organization and, upon motion, the association was called the "Red River Valley Inter-School Athletic League." Faculty members from Red Lake Falls, Crookston and East Grand Forks were chosen to act on the executive board with student members from Thief River Falls and Warren. The board is given the entire power to govern the affairs of the league and shall also act as a board of arbitration when entries into events are contested and when ever any difference whatever may arise. The board has the power to debar any entry the eligibility of which they may question.

All bona fide high school students are eligible to enter the contest and, on account of the difference in many schools, the matter of defining the same was not taken up, but will be in the hands of the executive board, which will meet in the near future. It was generally understood that a bona fide student was one who was in school to do school work and nothing else. In all cases the contestant must be a regular student pursuing three studies in the schools. The matter of post graduates taking part was discussed, and they will be allowed if they are in regular attendance, providing that they have not taken part in athletics four different years.

All entries must be registered 15 days before the meet, but an exception was taken this year, when ten days' notice was deemed sufficient. Notices of protest must be in five days before the contest to be acted upon by the executive board. No one student can enter more than five events and no schools can enter more than two contestants in the same event, for which the credits shall be three for first place, two for second and one for the third, in all of the different events.

The events arranged for are as follows:

1.—Hop, step and jump.
2.—Hammer throw, 12-pound.
3.—Shot put, 12-pound.
4.—Pole vault.
5.—880-yard relay race (4 runners.)
6.—440-yard run.
7.—220-yard dash.
8.—100-yard dash.
9.—120-yard hurdle (10 hurdles, 2½ feet.)
10.—220-yard hurdle (10 hurdles, 2½ feet.)
11.—Running high jump.
12.—Running broad jump.
13.—Standing broad jump.

NEW TIME CARD.

Winnipeg Flyer Now Makes the Trip Half an Hour Shorter.

The Soo line put a new time table into effect Sunday. Half an hour is cut off the running time of the Winnipeg train. The train will leave Minneapolis at 5:40 p. m. as before, but will arrive in Winnipeg at 7:30 a. m., instead of 8 o'clock. Leaving Winnipeg at 5:35 p. m., thirty-five minutes later, the train will reach Minneapolis at 7:15 a. m. as before. The Glenwood train will reach Thief River Falls half an hour earlier, arriving at 10:05 in the evening and leaving at 6:15 in the morning. The Winnipeg flyer now passes through here at 10:10 in the evening going south and at 2:50 in the morning going north.

Local Boys Won.

By a score of 3 to 2, the Thief River Falls high school team defeated the high school team from Red Lake Falls at the home grounds last Saturday. Very good ball was played on both sides and the result was hard to tell until the finish. The Red Lake Falls boys brought up their band and a good time was had by all.

For Sale—A new Whitney piano. Inquire of F. H. Kratka. Can be seen at Torrison Bros. Will be sold at manufacturer's price.

WAS FOUND IN A MARSH

Russian Girl Who Had Lost Her Way Picked Up at Middle River.

Had Walked 100 Miles and Would Have Starved Had She Not Been Found.

Without being able to speak a word of English, not even her name, only half clothed, and being in a country but thinly settled, a Russian girl was picked up in the vicinity of Middle River Saturday, having been found in a marshy bog there, where she would have starved to death had she not been found when she was. She was found by Frank Hauzner, a Russian, who was able to communicate with her and got a most pitiable tale of her experiences. According to a letter which was written in English by him, which she carried, she had left Emerson some time ago, en route to her parents, who had taken land from the Canadian government 25 miles east of that place. She lost her way and wandered many days without knowing where she was, and, being unable to tell any one where she wanted to go, she simply kept on tramping, wandering far to the south and finally landing in the bogs near Middle River Saturday. Her condition was certainly pitiable to behold, being but half clothed, her experience being made far worse by the weather, which will be recalled as very cold Saturday.

A ticket was furnished her by people at Middle River which would take her to Emerson, and instructions were given her not to start on the tramp again, but to wait till her father could get to the place and take her out. A collection was taken for her on the train and several dollars were given her to be used in sustaining her till she might get to her home. She was unable to speak a single word in the English language, not even her name, which, it was learned from the train men, was Vongarl, according to the Russians who found her. She was not more than 18 years old and had been employed at Emerson since she came from the old country.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence, J. H. Wernstlein.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

MAY CHANGE ITS ATTITUDE

Quite Likely That Red Lake Falls Will Not Continue Legal Battle.

Have Started Paper at Brooks to Create Sentiment in Their Favor.

We are informed that Red Lake county will have another newspaper in the near future. It is to be established at Brooks, the necessary capital to be furnished by Red Lake Falls parties and the heaviest editorial end to be handled by Chas. E. Boughton. Its mission in life will be to educate the voters on the county seat removal question from a Red Lake Falls standpoint.

The above, taken from the Plummer Pioneer, states the matter correctly. Heretofore Red Lake Falls has been busy in endeavoring to defeat the county seat removal in a legal way, but has now found that this is of no use, having been defeated upon every point. Now it would appear that Red Lake Falls intends to change its attitude and have the election held this summer, instead of issuing an injunction restraining the county auditor from calling the election. The paper started at Brooks will be for the purpose of creating a sentiment in that part of the county favorable to Red Lake Falls. We are at least glad to know that Red Lake Falls now believes that sentiment is of some importance.

Addition To Schools.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of Independent School District No. 18 of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, up to Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock p. m., for the construction of an addition to Central Building and an addition to Knox Building, and the heating of both and plumbing of the former, according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of E. Strassburger, Crookston, Minn., architect, and in the clerk's office, Thief River Falls, Minn. A certified check for $500.00 must accompany each separate bid, and made payable to Perl W. Mabey, clerk, to be forfeited if contractor fails to execute contract if awarded to him. Successful bidder must furnish surety bond in the full amount of the contract.

The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Perl W. Mabey,
Clerk.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 10, 1906.

Reclaiming Waste Lands.

Speaking of drainage, the campaign is not confined by any means to states like Minnesota, with their large submerged areas. In many parts of the country areas of greater or less extent that have been passed by because they were too low and wet for farming purposes, are being reclaimed, greatly to the profit of those interested in the operation.

Popular Mechanics tells of an instance that goes to show that there is a field in drainage for bright young men to make money. In southern Wisconsin there was a swale which extended for a mile and was 100 feet to a quarter of a mile wide. In the spring it was always under water for weeks, and even in the dry seasons it was soft and swampy and unfit for use. The farmers whose properties it trespassed upon had accepted it always as an unavoidable nuisance, and never thought of doing anything to it except to swear at it and wonder what it was good for.

Then a man came along who had an eye and a mind that knew how to use it. He made the farmers a proposition to run a ditch the entire length of the "slough" at so much per rod. The price did not bear heavily upon any of the owners, so they took him up. He bought a practical ditching outfit and drained the land in three days, at a profit of $300, or $100 a day. This seems large, but the farmers could not have drained the land for ten times that sum by hand, or by any method they had ever heard of.

The result was that 200 acres of land were reclaimed and brought into immediate use. Before this land was drained, so far from having value, it could not have been given away. Now it is worth $100 an acre, or $20,000. The farmers who owned it have hardly recovered from their astonishment yet, and are wondering why they never thought of such a simple thing as drainage long ago.

This is not the kind of drainage northern Minnesota needs, but in every state there are "sloughs" that have been abandoned to disuse for many years which drainage would quickly bring into active use and high values. It is likely that here is a fruitful field for the owner of a little ditching machinery to work, for he could carry his outfit from place to place and by draining a low spot here and there make substantial profits, at the same time adding to the value of farm property and becoming a public benefactor thereby.

Surgery for Wickedness.

Medical scientists have shown that many cases of bad temper and surly disposition are due to physical causes, and that they may be cured by right living, exercise and fresh air.

Now comes surgical science to prove that many cases of criminal disposition may be due to lesions and malformations that surgery can make right.

Philadelphia reports the case of a boy whose skull had been hurt in a fall at a tender age. He had apparently recovered completely from his injuries, and his physical condition was good and his mentality alert and clear. But he was a boy, a very bad boy; in fact he was classed as incorrigible, and he was the despair of his parents and the authorities.

Every town has such boys. They are intelligent, healthy, and in other respects normal, but they are bad. They steal, rob hen roosts, play hookey, smoke cigarettes, and are a source of immoral contagion to other boys, whose mothers frown upon association with them.

This particular boy was going headlong into a career of crime, as fast as he could get there. The future before him was clear to every eye. After a few years as a boyish hoodlum he would become a professional crook, and end a criminal life in a penitentiary or upon the gallows.

Then he fell into the hands of a surgeon who had brains and keen insight. He discovered a depression in the skull, from which he figured that a bone was pressing upon the boy's brain. An operation confirmed his diagnosis. The skull was opened, the pressure relieved, and the boy recovered from the effects of the operation.

Also, he was a different boy. His willfulness was all gone, and instead he was kind, affectionate and good. That surgeon had with his skillful knife turned a very bad boy into a very good boy.

Of course it does not follow that all bad boys can be turned into good boys by the surgeons. But it must be clear to everybody that there is some cause for it when a boy spontaneously develops instincts that are thoroughly bad and criminal. It may be a congenital mental defect beyond the reach of medicine or surgery, but it is inherent, somewhere, and, while such a boy must be handled for the protection of society, the question of the amount of blame that should be attached to him is a difficult one. It may be that his parents or more remote forebears are more at fault for his wickedness than he is.—Duluth Herald.

Tribute to Jacobson.

It is to Mr. Jacobson's credit that not a single special interest favors his nomination. You will find them putting up money to beat him. You will find swarms of their representatives in Duluth at convention time each loaded down with reasons why he should not be nominated. It is not difficult to locate candidates. Just note with whom they associate, who booms their candidacy and what papers support them, and you can easily tell what kind of candidates they are.

We are satisfied that of the men who pay their own freight, buy their own tickets when they travel, who pay taxes on their property, and who give full value when they sell, only want full value when they buy and demand only that others do the same as they are compelled to do, Mr. Jacobson has an overwhelming majority.

We believe if a postal card vote was taken among the Republican voters of the state, he would receive more votes than all other candidates. The only question as to his nomination is who will run the convention—the men who pay their own bills or the men whose bills are paid.—Sauk Center.

Anent the free distribution by the government of garden seeds, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson says in one of his reports: "With regard to the securing and distributing of miscellaneous garden and flour seeds, the fact remains that this work does not accomplish the ends for which the law was originally framed. There are collected, put up and distributed now, on congressional orders, nearly 40,000,000 packets of miscellaneous vegetable and flower seeds each year. These seeds are the best that can be obtained in the market, but from the fact that large numbers of packets are wanted, the seed obtained can be of standard sorts only, such as are to be found everywhere for sale in the open market. As there is no practical object to be gained in distributing this kind of seed, it seems very desirable that some change be made. To this end, it would seem wise to limit our work entirely to the securing and distributing of seeds, plants, etc., of new and rare sorts. This is the line of work that would result in very much more value to individual districts throughout the country than the distribution of a large quantity of common varieties of garden seeds which have no particular merit so far as newness or promise are concerned."

Republican voters of Minnesota, remember this: The only way in which J. F. Jacobson can be prevented from receiving the nomination for governor at Duluth on June 13, is by the use of corporation money. If the corporations and the politicians keep their hands off, he will be nominated by acclamation. He is the choice of the people. He is the only candidate who will receive votes from every section of the state— and he receives these because the people have confidence in him. He has a record for doing things. If the Republicans of Minnesota really want a Republican governor elected, the way is clear. Heed the voice of the people.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

As the pre-convention campaign advances, it grows more evident that Andy Stephens, of Crookston, is in the race simply to spoil Jacobson's chances. Stephens, it is understood, is hooked up with the *corporation interests*, which are vigorously opposing Jacobson, who lashed them so persistently while a member of the legislature. Stephens, it is understood, is making his attack against Jacobson, not against the field, in order to land the nomination.—Ex.

E. A. Nelson, editor of the Hallock News, who was in attendance at the meeting of the editorial association here last week, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for secretary of state. Mr. Nelson met a number of people while here and made a very favorable impression. He is a decidedly bright young man and many here would be pleased to see him win.

The large daily newspapers that are owned by the corporations, all of which are unfriendly to Jacobson for governor, are now saying that Jacobson's nomination would endanger Senator Nelson's chances of being again elected. It is not probable that Nelson will have any opposition, and some of the strongest supporters of Jacobson reside in Douglas county, the home of Senator Nelson.

The people are for Jacobson and it is going to cost the corporations a whole lot of money to accomplish his defeat in the Duluth convention.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette was sold last week to F. R. Creglow, of Park Rapids, Iowa.

CONDITIONS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Victor H. Metcalf, secretary of commerce and labor, who is at San Francisco as the personal representative of the president, will be requested to lay before President Roosevelt and the cabinet upon his return to Washington the plan proposed by former Mayor James D. Phelan of having the government guarantee a municipal bond issue of $200,000,000 by San Francisco to rebuild that city.

The number of people at San Francisco who have suddenly been cut off from means of earning a living is enormous. An army of clerks, salesmen, stenographers, bookkeepers and trades people finds itself idle and without prospect of employment. Lawyers, doctors, dentists and their assistants are in a like predicament.

Conditions of life are gradually becoming more normal in San Francisco and the work of clearing up the wreck in preparation for rebuilding in the down town section of the city is going on more rapidly. Business is being rapidly resumed by retail tradesmen of every description throughout the destroyed sections of the city.

While it is difficult to give exact figures as to losses and insurance in connection with the fire which has devastated such a large portion of San Francisco close estimates have been compiled which show that the actual property loss to the city is close to $350,000,000.

The laundry in the rear of the general hospital at the Presidio, San Francisco, took fire early Thursday and was totally destroyed. The flames were extinguished before they reached the main building, in which there were about 1,000 patients.

Coroner Walsh of San Francisco says that when the debris is cleared away there will be at least 1,000 additions to the death roll. He asserts he would not be surprised if the number reached 1,500.

The University of California lost $1,500,000 by the recent earthquake.

The military authorities at San Francisco are feeding 250,000 people.

MANY MEN LAID OFF

MARINE STRIKE BEGINNING TO SERIOUSLY AFFECT INDUSTRIES AT DULUTH.

Delegation of Shippers Resents Ruling of State Railroad and Warehouse Commission at Freight Rate Hearing—Five Hundred St. Paul and Minneapolis Iron Molders on Strike. General State News.

Duluth, May 5.—The lake marine strike is beginning to be felt at the Head of the Lakes more every day. The shipping of iron ore to the docks is dwindling to a very small volume as compared with the last of April. But it is said that ore docks are working at South Chicago, Milwaukee and in Buffalo and those will take care of some ore if it is handled at this end.

At Two Harbors, Minn., the lake strike is being seriously felt. The ore receipts have been cut 25,000 tons daily. A large number of train crews have been laid off, as well as seventy-five upper dock men.

At Virginia, Minn., fifty men have been discharged by one iron company and another contemplates laying off its entire force.

FREIGHT RATE HEARING.

That in St. Paul Comes to an Abrupt End.

St. Paul, May 4.—Minnesota shippers and jobbers interested in the proposed reduction in freight rates on merchandise were given a hearing before the state railroad and warehouse commission at an adjourned meeting during the day. The hearing was a continuation of the hearing held last month, when the railroads presented their objections to the proposed tariff schedules. Winona shippers and jobbers took a decided stand against the proposed schedules, while representatives from Mankato, Rochester, Moorhead and Fergus Falls favored a change in the present rates.

The hearing broke up abruptly early in the afternoon, owing to the refusal of those urging a change in rates to be cross-examined by C. A. Severance, attorney for the railroads. After a ruling by the commission that Mr. Severance had a right to cross-examine the witnesses, the shippers and jobbers present favoring the proposed schedule took their coats and hats and proceeded to leave the room.

TWIN CITY IRONMOLDERS OUT.

Five Hundred on Strike in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

St. Paul, May 3.—The ironmolders of St. Paul and Minneapolis have struck in conjunction with the union molders of other parts of the country owing to the refusal of the employers to sign certain articles of a proposed agreement.

About 500 men in both cities are now idle. As all the Twin City shops are practically what is known as "closed" shops the industry is at a standstill.

The point over which the falling out occurred was the question of the closed shop. The men made a demand for an agreement that would unionize the shops. There was also a demand for an increase in wages. The present minimum is $2.88 per day. The union demands a minimum of $3 or $3.25 per day. It is reported that the employers had practically agreed to that.

ELECTRICIANS ON STRIKE.

Telephone Employes of Three States Walk Out.

St. Paul, May 3.—The electricians of all telephone companies in Minnesota, North and South Dakota struck at noon. About 800 men are out. Of these between 400 and 500 live in the Twin Cities, either working there or running out of the cities.

The point of divergence came on the question of hours and wages. The electricians are after an eight-hour day and an increase in wages which averages about $5 per month. The average wage of the men is about $70.

Boy Fatally Injured.

St. Paul, May 7.—Tony Montemorano, eleven years old and living with his parents at 67 West Third street, was run down by a street car at Market and Fourth streets during the morning and probably fatally injured. His left foot was severed at the ankle and his right foot so badly crushed that a portion of it had to be amputated. His left elbow was dislocated and he received serious lacerations on the head. The left leg had to be amputated at the knee. His condition is said to be critical.

Wainwright Goes to Prison.

Minneapolis, May 5.—Imprisonment at Stillwater for seven and one-half years is the penalty imposed upon Thomas J. Wainwright for the big robbery which included a wagonload of household valuables from the Minneapolis residence of Dr. J. N. Pinault and a number of papers and securities from Dr. Pinault's safety deposit vault. Wainwright had previously pleaded guilty and sentence was passed upon him in the Hennepin county court by Judge F. C. Brooks.

Wainwright Pleads Guilty.

Minneapolis, May 2.—Thomas J. Wainwright, who robbed the residence of Dr. N. J. Pinault of jewels, securities and other property valued at $100,000, pleaded guilty before Judge Brooks to grand larceny in the first degree. Sentence was deferred.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Roosevelt has transmitted to congress the report of Commissioner of Corporations Garfield giving the results of the latter's investigation of freight rates in connection with the oil industry. The president declares the report shows that the Standard Oil company has been benefitted to the extent of $750,000 annually by secret rebates and obtained much larger profit at the expense of the public by crushing out competitors. The statement is added that the department of justice will institute prosecutions as a result of the investigation. In conclusion the president recommends the passage of the free alcohol bill already approved by the house and favors retaining government title to oil and coal lands owned by Indian tribes. The message also declares that the sugar trust rarely if ever pays a lawful rate for transportation. In summing up his report Commissioner Garfield says the result of his investigation discloses the existence of numerous and flagrant discriminatons in behalf of the Standard Oil company and affiliated corporations. In almost every section of the country that company has been found to enjoy unfair advantages over competitors, in some instances affecting enormous areas.

A special message was sent to congress Thursday by President Roosevelt in which he explained the attitude of this government regarding the offer of contributions to the San Francisco fire and earthquake sufferers from foreign countries. The message indicates that the governments of the entire civilized world promptly responded in messages of sympathy and many of them with contributions or offers of contributions.

The statement is authoritatively made that the department of justice will immediately begin an investigation of the relations of the so-called oil trust and a number of railroads with a view of determining whether there have been violations of the anti-rebate law.

Senator Aldrich, chairman of the committee on finance, has appointed a sub-committee to take testimony on the free alcohol bill as follows: Aldrich, Allison, Burrows, Spooner, Hale, Money and Bailey.

The isthmian canal commission has decided to ask for an appropriation of $26,348,281 to continue the construction during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907.

President Roosevelt has signed the bill recently passed by congress providing for a delegate in the house from Alaska.

Speaker Cannon was seventy years old Monday.

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

When You Want Anything in the HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialties, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING CO.

Phone 221

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

S. H. SHARBACH

THE CASH MERCHANDIZER

YOU may know, and perhaps you don't, that I carry the best line of men's, women's and children's medium-priced shoes that are made in this country—the famous and well known C. GOTZIAN & CO. shoes. Every pair fully warranted to give entire satisfaction or another pair in place. Special inducement next week on all shoes from $2.50 and up. I will give free one pair 25c hose with every pair of shoes sold during the week. You all know leather has advanced, and right here I will say that all my shoes were bought before this advance in leather, therefore I can save you from 15 to 25 per cent on shoes.

This cut represents our famous seamless shoe, made of very best calf, oak tanned soles, and has always sold and I sell them yet at $2.50 a pair. All next week a 25c pair of socks free.

AMERICA'S BEST, fine dress shoes for men are dandies, equal to most $4.00 shoes, our price, a pair........ $3.50

THE NEW CAPITOL SHOES for ladies are well known the country over for their long wearing and stylish-looking qualities. They sell at $3.00 a Pair, with pair of fancy hose free.

THE SCHUBERT FINE DRESS SHOE for ladies is perfection of shoes; none better, no matter what you pay. Our price is .... $3.50 and $4.00

Extra Specials for Next Week

VALENCINES LACE, from ½ to 1 inch wide; fine imported goods sold up to 10c a yard. Your choice of 20 or more pieces, a yard, next week........ 3½c

PEARL BUTTONS, the half round for children's dresses, usually sold at 10c; my price next week... 2 Doz. for 5c

MEN'S SUSPENDERS, special lot for this sale; goods worth to 50c go at, choice, a pair........ 19c

4-IN-HAND TIES; special lot just came; big values; 50c ties go at, each, choice........ 19c

Good prunes, per lb........ 7c

Nice dried black grapes, per lb........ 8c

Good cooking figs, per lb........ 8c

Good-sized oranges, per dozen........ 20c

POTATOES Car load of seed potatoes on track near G. N. depot. Fine stock, clear varieties of Burbanks, Early Rose, Triumph and Early Six Weeks. All sacked in 150-pound sacks. No charge for sack. Price, a sack, $2.25, or 90c a bushel, at the car. Now is your chance to get good, clear seed potatoes.

EVERYTHING WAS REGULAR

Attorney General Young Approves the Bond Issue.

State Investment Board Will Loan the District $18,000.

Clerk Perl M. Mabey, of the local school board, was down to St. Paul the first of the week to meet the members of the state investment board regarding the loan of $18,000 which the school district here desires to make from the state for local improvements. All of the proceedings of the bond issue were approved by Attorney General Young and it is almost an assured thing that the loan will be secured. The members of the board are Gov. Johnson, State Auditor Iverson and State Treasurer Block. Mr. Block was the only member of the board who was in St. Paul, and he assured Mr. Mabey that the loan would be approved when the other members of the board returned to St. Paul. Mr. Mabey could not remain there until they returned, but expects to hear from the matter this week.

Poor Scales for the Farmers.

"Can you do this on your scales? Buy twenty pounds of pork loins at 9 cents a pound, retail them to your trade at the same price, and get money back? We can on our scale and make you 3 per cent profit besides. If your business amounts to $10 a day, we earn you 30 cents in fractions that you don't get now. Thirty cents a day means that you buy this scale every 180 days. How long have you been in business? How many have you bought in that time? Think of it. One scale lost every six months. Let our man prove this."

The above circular letter being sent out by a scale manufacturer, shows to what length some firms will go to secure business.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

PAYS TO RAISE GOOD STOCK

Felton Farmer Sells Twenty-Two Head and Receives $1,142.35.

They Were a Fine Bunch and Showed Good Breeding.

The Felton Tribune published last week a few facts that should be impressed on every raiser of cattle. It says:

E. N. Bjerke marketed 22 head of fat steers at Felton, which netted him $1,142.35. They were a fine bunch and showed good breeding. They were fattened on ground barley and go to show what the farmer can do if he will. He sold a similar bunch last year and got more money last year than this. This is an object lesson for grain farmers to ponder over.

An Iowa man bought and shipped a car of cattle from Felton last week. There were 43 head in all and he got them all, including some small calves, into a 35-foot car. We never saw a more scrawny bunch of cattle. Men who buy and ship them ought to be rewarded for ridding our country of such miserable scrubs. Compare this load to the load of well-bred, fat steers raised and fed by Mr. Bjerke, as mentioned above, and you are appalled. A bunch of farmers will club together and pay $2,000 for an "imported" (?) stallion. Now, why not get together and pay $150 or $200 for a well-bred bull, which would bring many times over this profit. Well-bred cattle will take on fat for every pound of feed, while a scrub with an appetite as big as a box car can be fed for a year and not have enough tallow under his miserable hide to grease a pair of boots. These two cars of cattle show that it is as easy to raise steers that sell for from $15 to $30 each, as it is to raise scrubs that will sell below $20 at maturity.

—Subscribe for the News.

THIS IS NOT SO ROSY.

Fergus Falls Man Returns From Canada and Tells of Conditions There.

Says That the Old Timers Are Not Planting Any Grain.

M. S. Goodspeed, who recently disposed of his interest in the Park hotel here, returned last week from a trip through the Canadian northwest, where he went with a view to locating. Mr. Goodspeed talks entertainingly of conditions in the distant locality, and points out quite a number of facts that are being kept in the background by the professional land-boomers.

He states that the people who have lived there for quite a number of years are not putting in crops, as they realize that it is only in exceptionally wet years that grain can be grown. The old-timers are engaged in ranching—and they are making money selling horses to the newcomers, and also in the advance in the price of their lands. The popular impression that a man can take a homestead and buy an adjoining piece of land at a low price is a fallacy, as the government has permitted non-residents to acquire homestead rights through applications made by other parties, and the result of this pernicious policy is that the land boomers have secured the best of the homesteads, and when they sell the prospective settler land, they may also sell him their homestead rights, but in any case, he pays for all that he gets—and pays a good, high price, too. Of course, there are homesteads to be had, but they are either in localities where the land is poor, or away back from the railroads. They are expecting railroads everywhere, but the chances are that a great many localities will wait a great many years before they secure them.

Between Winnipeg and Weyburn, there is some good land that is about as high in price as it is here. The boom has carried prices away up, and the only cheap land is the very poor land or that which is located away back from the railroads—and such land sells at a low price anywhere. Up in the Edmonton country the season is so short that wheat is fortunate if it matures before the frost gets it, and the market is poor.

There is prosperity in the villages just now—the rush of new settlers makes business brisk—especially the hotel business, but, at the same time, labor is very cheap. Young men come in from their claims seeking work, and the labor market is glutted. The Canadian northwest is no place for the working man, and many of those who have gone up to look for land the spring are coming back, feeling that they can do better in the localities from which they came.—Fergus Falls Journal.

—Shoeing of fast horses and all hand blacksmith work is my specialty. If you want good work done, call and see me. Ed Loose.

Subscribe for the News.

The Falls Candy Kitchen

SALE

SATURDAY, MAY 13,

Old Time Mixed Candy Will Be Sold at .... 9c Per lb.

CITY PRICES ON ALL OUR CANDIES.

QUICK SAND IN WATER

Result May Be That It Will Never Become Clear.

A Very Large Flow of Pure and Soft Water and but One Obstacle.

For the past week the work of pumping water from the city well, the flow being discovered by the discharge of some twenty pounds of dynamite about 400 feet down, has been continued and it proves beyond a doubt that there is a sufficient supply of water to more than supply the city. The water is, however, very dirty, the flow being discovered in a bed of quick sand, and there is considerable doubt as to whether or not it can be ever made clean. It is an excellent water for drinking purposes and is soft enough for washing. Whether or not the well will ever be of any use to the city depends upon the size of the bed of quick sand in which it is situated. Work of pumping will be continued for some time longer, in the hopes that the water will become clear, but, as this work is costing the city $1.50 per hour, it is not known how long the aldermen will be willing to continue the work.

Worth Remembering.

There are three entirely different kinds of ingredients used in making the three different varieties of baking powders on the market, viz:—(1) Mineral-Acid or Alum, (2) Bone-Acid or Phosphate, and (3) Cream of Tartar made from grapes. It is important, from the standpoint of health, to know something about these ingredients, and which kind is used in your baking powder.

(1) Mineral-Acid or Alum is made from a kind of clay. This is mixed with diluted oil of vitriol and from this solution a product is obtained which is alum. Alum is cheap; costs about two cents a pound, and baking powder made with this Mineral-Acid sells from 10 to 25c a pound.

(2) Bone-Acid, or Phosphate, is the basis of phosphate baking powders and the process is fully described in the patents issued to a large manufacturer of a phosphate powder. The U. S. Patent Office Report gives a full and exact description, but the following extract is enough:

"Burned bones, after being ground, are put into freshly dilute oil of vitriol and with continual stirring and in the following proportion," etc.

From this Bone-Acid phosphate baking powders are made; such powders sell from 20 to 30 cents a pound.

(3) Cream of Tartar exists in all ripe grapes, and flows with the juice from the press in the manufacture of wine. After the wine is drawn off the tartar is scraped from the cask, boiled with water, and crystals of Cream of Tartar, white and very pure, separate and are collected. It differs in no respect from the form in which it originally existed in the grape. Cream of Tartar, then, while the most expensive, is the only ingredient that should be used in a baking powder to act upon the soda, as its wholesomeness is beyond question. Cream of Tartar baking powders sell at about 40 to 50 cents a pound.

Such are the facts, and every one careful of the health of the family should remember this rule:—Baking powders selling from 10 to 25 cents a pound are made of Mineral-Acids; those selling from 20 to 30 cents of Bone-Acid; and those from 40 to 50 cents of Cream of Tartar made from grapes.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending May 5, 1906:

Anderson, Andrew
Becken, Gilbert
Burns, Pete
Brandon, John
Dahl, Charley
Dulquist
Gustafon, Albert
Hulcal, Ole A.
Haughom, Thorvald
Jacobson, Miss Ida
Kindseth, G. G.
Klinger, Harry
Peterson, Arthur
Raysland, Tori Gundersate
Red Lake Land Co.
Tundberg, B.
Tappeo, Clarence 2
Thorsen, Erling
Torgerson, Mrs. Christina
Walsh, J. A.
Wood, Thomas 2

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.,

Lands in Western Canada For Sale.

Parties desiring to locate in the Canadian Northwest can do well by corresponding with James Egan, agent for Canadian lands, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

MUST BE COMPLETED

County Attorney Instructed to Force Completion of Ditch.

Rocksbury-North Ditch Was Commenced Four Years Ago.

At a meeting of the county commissioners this week, Ole J. Johnson forced through a resolution instructing the county attorney to commence such proceedings as he may deem necessary to force the completion of the Rocksbury and North ditch. This ditch is situated on the east side of the Red Lake river south of town and the contract for the work was let four years ago to William Eickhoff, of St. Hilaire, who, owing to business reverses, has been unable to complete the work. The farmers have been paying ditch taxes for three years and as yet, owing to the unfinished condition of the ditch, have received little or no benefit. They are certainly entitled to some relief in the matter.

It is understood that the bondsmen of Mr. Eickhoff claim that the engineer, George A. Ralph, of Crookston, allowed Eickhoff too high an estimate upon the work and will ask that Mr. Ralph or his bondsmen be made to finish the job. It will require about $2,000 more to complete the job.

A Treat For The Ladies.

The ladies of Thief River Falls have before them a pleasant competition of flower growing. F. J. Stebbins, the druggist, has just received 30,000 sweet pea seeds from Rieger, the California perfumer, which are to be given free to the ladies. These seeds will produce beautiful varieties of California sweet peas during the next two or three months. Mr. Stebbins will offer prizes to the lady who grows the handsomest bouquet by July 1st, another prize to the lady who brings in the biggest bouquet, and still another to the one whose bouquet contains the greatest variety of colors.

Every lady is welcome to enter the competition. The seeds are free, so next time you go down town step into Stebbins' and ask for your package of sweet pea seeds.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 460, Waseca, Minn.

PEOPLE KEPT GUESSING

The Northwestern Telephone Co. It Is Said Will Put in an Exchange.

Have All the Material Now Upon the Ground Here.

There is considerable speculation as to what is going to be doing in telephone matters in this city during the immediate future. As has been stated a number of times, the Northwestern Telephone company is very anxious to install a local exchange here, but the city council, taking the position that two telephone exchanges in a city the size of Thief River Falls would be a nuisance, has positively refused to grant them permission. Notwithstanding these facts, the Northwestern company has shipped to this city a complete outfit for the construction of an exchange here, and announcement is made that one will be built regardless of whether the city council *grants permission or not*. Last Saturday G. F. Babcock, superintendent of the construction work for this company, and Lorenzo and John McKay arrived here evidently with the intention of commencing work upon the line. They remained here until Tuesday evening, and, while they communicated a great deal with the head officers of the company in Minneapolis, they did not make any attempt to start work. The fact, however, that the company has shipped so much material here, the freight upon which has amounted to between $700 and $800, would indicate that they intended to do something.

H. Fant, of the local telephone exchange, who is interested in keeping the Northwestern company out, has had a number of men on duty each evening to see that no attempt is made to put up poles and start work without the authorities knowing of what is going on.

Rumor of Another Bank.

There are rumors about town to the effect that Thief River Falls is soon to have another bank to be started by local parties and some parties from Crookston. A brick building will be erected on the site now occupied by Joe Rolleau's fruit store, which will be the home of Thief River Falls' fourth financial institution if the present plans are carried out.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Thomas Jones, a resident of St. Cloud since 1857, is dead.

Liquor licenses at Anoka have been increased from $500 to $600.

Norman A. Sprong, a well known business man of Minneapolis, is dead.

Arne Green, aged eighty-two, committed suicide at Minneapolis by inhaling illuminating gas.

Miss Lillian Russ, twenty-five years of age, committed suicide at Minneapolis by taking carbolic acid.

The twelfth annual meeting of the ministers of the Minneapolis district of the Episcopal church met at New Ulm last week.

While fishing near the Little Cannon mill at Cannon Falls Marlow Anderson fell over the high bank into the river and was drowned.

Hunters in the vicinity of Rushford are playing havoc with the wolves. No less than forty-one have been captured during the past week.

Minneapolis seems to be in the throes of a mad dog scare. No less than four cases have come to the attention of the police within the last week.

The village of Zimmerman, ten miles north of Elk River, suffered a fire loss of about $25,000, the stores of Harry English & Co and J. W. Mode & Co. being destroyed.

John Goodnow, formerly United States consul general at Shanghai and a well known Minneapolis man, has been made adviser to the central foreign office of Kiangsu and Anhui, China.

Fred W. Somers, custodian of the new state capitol, has sent his resignation to the capitol commission to take effect May 15. Mr. Somers has been connected with the capitol for seven years.

Labor Commissioner Williams is preparing a circular letter to be sent out to all of the factories and large industrial establishments in the state setting forth suggestions for first aid to the injured.

Simon Mattison, a newspaper writer of Phillip, Kan., and Miss Louise Keene, a trained nurse whose home is in Olivia, this state, were drowned while boating on Rock Island lake near the former place.

Uttering the words, "I believe I am going to die," Mrs. Edwin J. Chellis of Minneapolis expired among strangers in a house at 3315 Bryant avenue, that city. She had gone into the house to escape a sudden rainstorm.

The body of August Krumpelman of St. Paul, who disappeared April 14, has been taken from the Mississippi river. There were no marks of violence on his body and it is thought he either fell or jumped into the river.

The grand jury at Duluth has indicted John Spejar and Joseph Sertich, young Austrian miners, for the alleged murder of Charles Peterson, another miner, for his money, at Aurora, on the Mesaba range, a few weeks ago.

The annual report of the railroad and warehouse commission shows that the total number of miles of main line of railroad operating in Minnesota at the present time is 7,791.55 as against 7,476.21 a year ago, an increase for the year of 324.24.

Plans for the annual biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, which will be held in St. Paul in June and will bring over 5,000 women from all parts of the United States to the city, have been practically completed.

Mrs. Lars W. Holmer, twenty-eight years old, drank carbolic acid at her home in Minneapolis and died within a short time. Members of the family state that the woman took the acid by mistake for cough medicine. The two stood side by side on a shelf.

Dr. William Turner, a former professor at the St. Paul seminary and at present in charge of St. Luke's parish in St. Paul during the absence of Rev. Ambrose McNulty, has been appointed professor of philosophy at the Catholic university at Washington.

Although Florence Johnson, an aged woman, has been begging about St. Paul, according to those in charge of the Bethel hotel, where she roomed, between $500 and $600 was found under the mattress of her bed after she was taken to the city hospital, seriously ill.

Approximately $1,000,000 will be spent this year by the Chicago Great Western in the purchase of additional freight equipment. Orders have been placed for 700 box, furniture and stock cars, to be delivered this summer and 400 cars are to be built by the company itself.

Allan Campbell, one of the younger members of a well known North Minneapolis family, was given sixty days in the workhouse for throwing nitric acid upon Marian Phillips, who had rejected his attentions. The girl's face, hands and arms are severely burned where the acid touched them.

An industrial strike of farreaching consequences was inaugurated in Minneapolis and St. Paul last week when some 500 members of the Ironmolders' union quit work in a dozen or more plants. The men demanded increased wages and a closed shop. The former demand was granted but the employers refused to agree to the latter.

Matt Vranes and Matt Ivankovich, the Austrians who were convicted at Duluth of manslaughter in the first degree, have been sentenced to twenty years each in the penitentiary. Vranes broke down and cried. It was he who shot Rude Tankovich at West Duluth March 4, but he has steadfastly claimed that Ivankovich handed him the revolver and told him to shoot.

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Thief River Falls, - - - - Minnesota

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CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

THE CUPEY TREE.

One of the Most Curious Growths of the West Indies.

The cupey, or, as it is sarcastically called in the English possessions, "the attorney," is one of the most curious, as it is one of the most picturesque, denizens of the virgin forests of the West Indian islands. It belongs to the parasitical family of trees or plants; but, terrible to relate, it invariably, with the basest ingratitude, destroys all life in the unfortunate tree that cherishes it in its early growth. The seeds are borne on the wings of the wind and deposited on the branches of other trees, when they burst into roots, which are dropped toward the ground all around the "nurse" tree. In time these roots reach the ground and strike into the soil.

From this moment the roots grow stronger and stronger until they resemble a lot of rope ladders thrown over the tree. Next the parasite sends down a great cord, which twines around the trunk of the supporting tree, at first as though in loving embrace, but it grows tighter and tighter, eventually strangling its benefactor out of existence. The nurse tree thus killed rots to decay, and from the immense fibrous roots of the destroyer now springs a great trunk, which rises high into the air. When a cupey is full grown it presents a magnificent spectacle, for the cordlike root rises often to fifty or sixty feet and supports in midair the vast tree itself.

MARIE ANTOINETTE.

Two Dramatic and Contrasting Episodes In Her Life.

Thistelton-Dyer, in his "Royalty In All Ages," describes two dramatic and tragically contrasted episodes in the life of Marie Antoinette, the lovely and ill-fated queen of France. Once, in the days of her greatest popularity, when she went to the opera of "Iphigenia," when Achilles came to the line "Let us sing and celebrate the queen," he turned toward the radiant young sovereign and sang two additional impromptu lines of charming compliment. This graceful and unexpected homage so delighted the audience that "all was shouting and clapping of hands, and—what never happened at the opera before—the chorus was encored, and there were cries of 'Long live the queen!' at which expression of feeling her majesty was so affected that she shed tears."

On the next occasion, when Marie Antoinette's sun of popular favor had set and she was nearing the tragic close of her life, one of the actresses in "Unforeseen Events" bowed to her as she sang the words "Ah, how I love my mistress!" In a moment all was in uproar, and the theater was full of hoarse, angry cries of "No mistress! No master! Liberty!" and "No master! No queen!" and it was some minutes before the tumult quieted down and it was possible to proceed with the play.

SOUPS AND BROTHS.

They Are Stimulating, but Have Little Nutritive Value.

Soups and broths made of the meat pieces alone and without the addition of meat substance, eggs, vegetables or cereals have little nutritive value, although they do possess stimulating properties.

A dog would starve to death in ten days if fed upon beef broth pure and simple.

Soup interferes with digestion whenever a full meal is eaten. I consider it as being entirely superfluous and advise its discontinuance in a substantial dinner menu.

Soup, being practically all water, plays an important part in conjunction with the large quantities of other liquids injected during mealtime in delaying and interfering with digestion and laying a foundation for stomach trouble. Through it and the other liquids used the stomach is not only overfilled and unnecessarily burdened, but the gastric secretions are so weakened by dilution that they can act but slowly upon the food mass. Here again we have the food remaining in the stomach for too long a period, and there is likely to be produced all of the symptoms and signs of an intoxication due to the absorption into the system of the products of decomposed foods.

Soup eaten by itself or with a light meal, as a rule, does not act harmfully.—What to Eat.

Card Etiquette.

"Hand in a lot of cards," said the elder woman.

"Why?" was the hurried inquiry.

"Well, if you don't hand in enough," she said, as her companion dived deep into her case, "they will say you don't know what is right. If you give too many, however, they will think that you know better than they do and that there is some new style they have heard nothing about. Hand him a lot."—Kansas City Independent.

At the Hotel.

Mr. Verdant—Let's try this here demitassy at the end of the programme. Say, waiter, bring us some demitassy. Mrs. Verdant—Now, par, you promised me you wouldn't take nothin' stronger'n tea or coffee.—Baltimore American.

Unappreciated Liberality.

"You are going to be tried before a very liberal judge," said a lawyer to his client.

"I am glad of that."

"You needn't be. If you are found guilty he'll give you all the penalty the law allows."

His Specialty.

Bacon—When he was out camping did your brother kill much? Egbert—He nearly killed everybody in the camp. He was the cook.

OCEAN ROPES.

A Marine Plant That Grows a Stem Three Hundred Feet Long.

The largest marine plant and probably one of the highest plants known on this globe is a gigantic seaweed, the nereocystis, the stem of which has been found to grow as much as 300 feet long. It was first discovered not far from the Alaskan coast, but has since been found floating in various parts of the Pacific ocean along the American and Asiatic shores. This seaweed grows in a very curious manner. Large quantities of it are found at a little distance from shore and at depths not exceeding 300 feet. On loamy bottoms large thickets of this plant take root, and a stem of the thickness of ordinary cord grows upward. At its top there is a pear shaped balloon, which grows with the stem, and when it reaches the surface of the water it often measures six feet and more in length, with a diameter of four feet six inches. This balloon has, of course, an upward tendency and keeps the stem growing until it floats on the surface of the water. From the top of this balloon a large tuft of strong, thick, spadelike leaves grow out, which originally are not more than two feet long and which grow and split until from the balloon a roselike growth of from fifty to sixty-five feet in diameter covers the water. This gigantic weed grows in such quantities that near the shore large meadowlike islands are formed, which impede navigation. The natives of the Aleutian islands make manifold usage of this plant. From their strong dried stems they make ropes 250 feet and more long, while balloons of this weed furnish them with large vessels after they are dried, the smaller ones being used in their boats to bail out water. The long leaves, after being dried, are cut into narrow strips and used for wickerwork, the making of baskets and similar furniture.

LAPP WOLF HUNTERS.

Swift Runners on Snowshoes Make Short Work of the Brutes.

The Swedish Lapps live entirely with, by and upon their reindeer. A Lapp who owns a thousand deer is a very rich man; but, as taxes are assessed upon the number of deer, he is inclined to underestimate his herd. The most dangerous enemy to the herd is the wolf, who, if so disposed, can kill thirty deer in a night. A band of wolves can make a rich Lapp poor. When the snow is deep and soft and it is announced that wolf tracks have been seen in the neighborhood of the deer the swiftest runners on snowshoes prepare for an exciting chase. The wolf may have a start of a mile or two, but the track it leaves in the deep, soft snow is so prominent that the hunters can follow it at their best speed.

The wolf, though he may run fast, has but slight chance of escaping the short men who on snowshoes rush through the wood, dart down steep hills and jump from ledges several yards in height. Each hunter does his best to outrun the others, for the wolf belongs to the Lapp who strikes the first blow. As soon as the leading hunter is close enough to the wolf he gives it a heavy blow across the loins with his strong spiked snowshoe staff. If there are other wolves to be pursued, he kills it outright; if not, he disables it and waits till all the hunters arrive before giving the death stroke.

On Tipping the Hat.

New Yorkers still cling to the ancient custom of tipping their hats when greeting a male friend or acquaintance. It is a common sight to see a staid, prosperous looking business man as he passes an acquaintance tipping his hat, although the other is alone and unaccompanied by a woman. It is the same after a party has been together somewhere, at dinner, probably, or at the theater. You will notice that as one separates himself from the others he will say good night or au revoir and then tip his hat. Also when one man is introduced to another it is dollars to a subway ticket that he will lift his chapeau. Wonder why it is. They don't do it in Pittsburg.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Crusty.

The new stenographer's yellow hair glittered in the flood of sunlight that poured through the window of the office.

But old Duke, the bookkeeper, had no eyes for the girl's beauty. He lighted a cigar and set to work.

"Mr. Duke," said the stenographer.

"Huh?" the old man grunted.

"Look here," she said imperiously, "I am sorry, but smoking always makes me sick."

"Then," said Duke, without looking up, "don't ever smoke."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

An Irish Compliment.

An Irish gentleman said to an English officer, "Do you know Mr. X. of —?" The officer disclaimed having that pleasure. "Ah, he is a very nice fellow and a good friend of mine. But he has been dead these six years. An', shure, you're very like him!" The officer said he had been compared to a good many things in the course of his lifetime, but never before to a six-year-old corpse.—London Spectator.

Latter Day Breeziness.

"How often do your housemaids dust?"

"Do you mean how often do they fan the furniture," asked slangy Mrs. Nuwold, "or how often do they skip out?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

If poverty is the mother of crimes want of sense is the father of them.—Bruyere.

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Office at corner of LaBree avenue and First street.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Land.

Estate of Norman Perry Hall.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Norman Perry Hall, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to the heirs of Norman Perry Hall, Decedent, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of C. H. Middleton, as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to C. H. Middleton granted to sell the same:

Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 30th day of April, 1906.

[COURT SEAL.] N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate.

may 3 17

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Andy C. Hurt, H. E. No. 327, Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 19, Twp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Pleinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Stena Gall, of Germantown, Minn.
Anton Koiski, " "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 4th, 1906, viz: Ole N. Olson, H. E. 218, Red Lake Series for the lots 7 and 8, Sec. 6, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton J. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Anderson, " " " "
Gunder L. Steenerson, " " " "
John Dahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. 4,515, Chippewa Series, for the N½ of NW¼, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 28, and NE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 29, T. 156 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
Willie Helland, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, "
Christ O. Saastad, of Ringbo, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Stena Gall, H. E. No. 844, Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 9, Twp. 154 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Pleinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andy C. Hurt, " "
Anton Koiski, of Germantown, "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Thom T. Bakken, H. E. No. 2230, Chippewa Series, for the NW¼ of Sec. 20, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Saave Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn.
Torald Tharaldson, " "
Tom Tharaldson, " "
Jacob Klungnes, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 4th, 1906, viz: John F. Dablow, H. E. 83, Red Lake Series for the SE¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Sorlom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Kaushajen, " " " "
Gunstein Knutsof, " " " "
Andrew Trovaton, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm Judge of Probate of Marshall county, at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906, viz: Ellen Johnson, H. E. No. 7,945 for lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Phillips, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Hedlund, of Sorum, "
Agard Johnson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 june 7

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county at Warren Minn., on June 22, 1906 viz: Agard Johnson H. E. No. 7,[illegible] for lots 14 and 15, and NE¼ SW¼ and NW¼ SE¼, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Hedlund, of Sorum, Minn.
Oscar Mattson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "
John Philips, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 june 7

Subscribe for the News.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Not since the Northern Pacific panic of May 9, 1904, has there been such a spectacular decline in prices on the New York Stock Exchange as occurred Wednesday. Stocks were thrown over regardless of prices and the day's trading was extremely heavy.

The Americans won by far the greatest number of prizes in the Olympian games at Athens, Greece. Their score was 75 points, while the English were second with 38, the Swedes and Greeks tying in third place with 28 each.

The April federal grand jury in New York city has handed down seven sealed indictments in the sugar rebating cases. The indictments are against officials of the American Sugar Refining company and railroad officials.

The United States mint at San Francisco, which is now being used as the general clearinghouse for the banks, has paid out between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 to depositors since it opened a week ago.

Corporal James Tanner, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., makes the statement that, according to statistics compiled by himself, the old veterans were dying at the rate of 5,000 a month.

Robert A. Smith (Dem.) has been re-elected mayor of St. Paul. The Democrats also elected the comptroller and treasurer and fourteen of the twenty members of the city council.

Building Commissioner Bartzen has ordered the abandonment of the northeast wing of the Chicago city hall. He said that it is in absolute danger and may fall at any time.

In a signed statement appearing in the Butte (Mont.) Miner Senator W. A. Clark announces that he is not a candidate for re-election to the United States senate.

Harry McCarthy, eighteen years old, of Sharon, Pa., is dead as the result of injuries received in a prize fight with Young Aspberry, also of Sharon.

The total sum raised by the American Red Cross for San Francisco sufferers has reached $1,738,000.

Edward W. Hoch has been renominated for governor by Kansas Republicans.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The official announcement is made at St. Petersburg that Premier Witte's resignation has been accepted, coupled with the statement that former Minister of the Interior Goremykin will succeed him. M. Goremykin's elevation to the premiership created amazement. He is not only regarded as a reactionary, but the general opinion is that he is not equal to the task of facing the coming crisis.

Guadeloupe, French West Indies, is under mob rule, according to a dispatch received at Washington from G. Jarvis Bowens, the American consul at that point. An American warship has been sent to the scene of trouble.

A bomb was thrown at the carriage of Vice Admiral Doubassoff, governor general of Moscow, as he was being driven to the palace Sunday. He was wounded in the foot and his aide-de-camp and a sentry were killed.

Colonel Mansell's column, which is pursuing the Zulu rebels in Natal, was attacked while descending a precipitous hill near the grave of Chief Cetewayo. Sixty Zulus were killed.

The British ambassador at Constantinople has presented a note to Turkey demanding the complete withdrawal of Turkish troops from Egyptian territory within ten days.

May day at Paris passed off without the serious disorders threatened. Seventy thousand police and troops patrolled the city and hundreds of arrests were made.

The governor general of Ekaterinoslav, South Russia, has been assassinated by six unknown persons, who fired volleys from revolvers at him and then escaped.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 7.—Wheat—May, 77c; July, 78¼@78⅜c; Sept., 77¼@77⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80½c; No. 1 Northern, 79½c; No. 2 Northern, 78c; No. 3 Northern, 76@77c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 7.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 80¼c; No. 2 Northern, 78¼c; May, 79½c; July, 80c; Sept., 78c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.15¼; July, $1.17¾; Sept., $1.17¼; Oct., $1.16.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 7.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $2.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.60; veals, $1.50@4.50. Hogs—$6.00@6.20. Sheep—Yearling wethers, $4.75@5.50; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.85.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 7.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.80@4.90; Texans, $3.90@4.70. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.15@6.42½; good heavy, $6.32½@6.45; rough heavy, $6.00@6.15; light, $6.10@6.40; pigs, $5.65@6.20. Sheep, $4.00@5.75; lambs, $4.75@7.60.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 7. — Wheat—May, 80¼c; July, 79c. Corn—May, 46⅝@46¾c; July, 45⅝c. Oats—May, 32¼@32¾c; July, 30¾@31c. Pork—May, $16.07½; July, $15.22½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.13½; Southwestern, $1.07½; May, $1.11½. Butter—Creameries, 12@20c; dairies, 13½@19c. Eggs—14@15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13½c; chickens, 13c.

MATERIALS IN A MAN

YOU CAN BUY THEM ALL IN ANY FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

A Scientific Analysis of the Chemical Compounds of Which a Human Body Is Made—Man When Reduced to Water, Powders and Gas.

You can go to a drug store and buy all the materials to make a man. If the reader does not care to incur the expense of purchasing the materials with which to make a man it may at least be interesting to study the chemical composition of the human body as exhibited at the National museum. This will personally appeal to the man who is five feet eight inches high and weighs 154 pounds, as the exhibit at the museum represents the elements and their quantities in the body of an average healthy man of that height and weight. These compounds are placed in a glass case, the collection consisting of thirty-two bottles, jars and boxes, labeled and set on shelves.

Man does not show to advantage when reduced to water, powders and gas, but he is worth attention not only from a scientific viewpoint, but as a moral lesson. The chemical compounds of which our bodies are made up are shown by analysis to consist mainly of thirteen elements. Five of these when uncombined with other elements are the gases oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen, chlorine and fluorine. The remaining eight are solid substances, three of which are nonmetals—carbon, phosphate and sulphur—while the other five are metals—iron, calcium, magnesium, potassium and sodium. Besides these thirteen elements are minute quantities of a few others, as silicon, manganese and copper. This scientific analysis differs radically from the nurse lore theory that boys—and presumably men—are made of "snaps and snails and puppy dog tails" and can be relied on as an official table of your contents, provided you are a man of 154 pounds.

The inspector of the museum's exhibit on man first takes note of a jar of reddish powder. The label tells one that it is phosphorus, of which a person contains a pound and a half. The specimen owes its lurid hue to long exposure. In its natural state it is soft, waxy and so inflammable that to prevent spontaneous combustion it is preserved under water. United with oxygen it forms phosphoric acid, which in turn combined with calcium, as phosphate of lime, is an important constituent of bone. Phosphorus also occurs in the brain and nerves. Next to the jar is a chunk of sulphur the size of an egg. It is found in various parts of the body, notably in the bones and teeth. The next bottle contains what looks to be 5 cents' worth of darning needles. It represents one-tenth of an ounce of iron, an important constituent of the red coloring matter of blood.

The visitor next learns that his body includes three pounds and thirteen ounces of calcium, which incidentally may explain any hankering he may have for the limelight. This calcium is a yellowish metal, somewhat harder than lead. It is the basis of lime and occurs throughout the body, principally as bones and teeth, in the form of phosphate.

On another jar one reads: "Potassium, a soft metal, easily cut with a knife and showing a silver white luster. When thrown on water it decomposes the water, combining with the oxygen with such avidity that the hydrogen, set free, takes fire. It is the basis of potash and occurs in the body principally as chloride and phosphate." Naturally you know this must all be so, but appearances are against it. The specimen does not in the least look like "a soft metal with a silver white luster." It is the living image of two pounds of shop worn dates, the appearance of it being due to exposure no doubt.

In a 154 pound human body are ninety-seven pounds of oxygen, which would if set free fill a space of nearly 1,000 cubic feet. The body also carries fifteen pounds of hydrogen, which if allowed to escape would fill a corresponding area. One should be particularly glad to know about this gas, because it explains where spellbinders get their supplies. The specimens of these gases are compressed in big glass jars that look sweaty inside, but otherwise are apparently empty. Hydrogen, like carbon, is burned in the body by uniting with oxygen, thus serving as fuel. The water produced is given off in the respiration through the lungs and as perspiration through the skin.

On the bottom shelf, along with other specimens, is a tin box containing thirty-one pounds of anthracite coal. It represents that amount of carbon in a human body. Carbon combines with oxygen. In this combination heat and force are generated and carbonic acid gas formed. The carbon taken in the body in food is burned in this way by the oxygen of the inhaled air, yielding heat to keep the body warm and force muscular strength for work. The carbonic acid gas is given out by the lungs and skin. Carbon thus serves as fuel for the body and is its most important fuel element.

Then there are the fats, twenty-two and one-fourth pounds out of 154. Human fat consists of stearin, palmitan and olein, with varying portions in different parts. On a card may be read: "The so called complex fats, protagon, lecithin, cerebrin and others, resemble the neutral fats. The quantity is not definitely known, but is supposed to amount to about twelve ounces. These fats are very difficult to obtain, and only small specimens are shown, with special labels. They occur chiefly in the brain, spinal cord and nerves, though found in other parts."

By way of illustration there are jars packed with tallow that account very naturally for the mutton headed people who oppose our views.

A small jar contains what looks to be a smear of black molasses. It is a specimen of lecithin, which occurs in one's brain and which is also found in the yolk of an egg. Another little dab of something is labeled "cerebrin," a complex fat from the brain and spinal marrow. Glycogen, still another little mess, is an animal starch from the liver, and inosite is a kind of sugar obtained from the muscles. This is also found in plants.

A large jar is labeled "gelatinoids," and you read that a man weighing 154 pounds contains about nine pounds and fourteen ounces, the amount shown. Gelatinoid compounds resemble in chemical composition and properties the gelatin used in cooking, and that is precisely what it looks like.

The thirteen pounds of albuminoids contained in a man who touches the scales at 154 resemble so much yellow cornmeal, well ground. As to the speck of ugly brown stuff near by, you would never guess what it stood for if the label did not explain that it was "hemoglobin, the red coloring matter of blood, very difficult to obtain," and a small specimen of which is shown, together with one pound and two ounces of dried blood to represent the probable quantity of hemoglobin in the blood of an ordinary man. Hemoglobin serves as the carrier of oxygen in the blood from the lungs to all parts of the body.

If you are a 154 pound man you contain forty-six quarts of water universally distributed in your body.

No chemical analysis of a human body has ever been made, but from analysis of the different parts the amounts of the more important compounds may be approximately estimated.

When one has read the labels, counted the jars and looked the outlay over the conclusion is reached that man has as many ingredients as a mince pie. One will always know after this that when he dies it is because nature has gone on a coal strike or that hemoglobin is asleep at the switch.

Right before one's eyes are the pinch of this and the sprinkle of the other that make a brain—or an egg yolk—and in another bottle is the nasty little smear of brown stuff that gives the heart's blood its crimson—the brain and the heart that have ruled this world since Adam.

The visitor says to himself as he leaves the case: "Science may have here all the materials for making a man, but there is only one chemist who can put them together. His name is God."—Washington Star.

PLAYING CARDS.

The Figures They Bear and What They Are Supposed to Represent.

There are but few persons, even among the historians, antiquarians and students in general, who have the least idea of the significance of the figures on playing cards. In very early times the four suits represented the four principal trades followed by the people, and the figures on the cards were supposed to be symbolic of the same. The heart was the symbol of the choirmen, or ecclesiastics, and in all early packs, besides the figure of the heart, each card also bore a rude picture of a monk's cowl or of his cloak and crooked staff.

Some authorities say that the cut of the early monkish cloak was in the form of a heart and that the figure used today is but a representation or picture of that portion of the old prelate's wearing apparel. The "spade" is really a pike, or spearhead, and was originally the trademark of the soldiery, typifying the nobility of that very important branch of ancient "industry." The artisans in general were represented by either a Mason's arch or by a diamond shaped roofing tile. The former, being somewhat unhandy to properly figure, gradually gave way to the tile, which is still used and called a "diamond" because of its shape. The farmers, or great class of agricultural laborers, were given their symbol, which was originally a wheat head, or sheaf of wheat bound up with the common straw band. As clover gradually became the chief forage grass of the agriculturists, they adopted a single leaf of that plant as their card symbol. A figure of this useful species of trefoil is still used and is called a "club," but why no one knows.

The four kings were originally David, Alexander, Caesar and Charlemagne, representing the four greatest monarchies. Authorities differ as to the queens, but the preponderance of the evidence is in favor of the opinion that they are Argine, Judith, Esther and Pallas. The knaves, or "jacks," are supposed to be rude caricatures of ancient assassins, or general all around villains, whose names have been lost in the many centuries that cards have been used in games of chance and amusement.

An Egyptian's Reasoning.

Some years ago an Englishman was coming down the river Nile, in Egypt, in a large boat loaded with grain, and the birds came off from every village and ate the grain piled on the deck. The Englishman asked the Egyptian captain of the boat, "Who owns this grain?" The Egyptian captain said, "I own it." Then the Englishman asked why he let the birds eat up the grain. The Egyptian asked the Englishman, "Who made the birds?" The Englishman answered, "God." The Egyptian asked whether grain was a food which God intended birds to eat. The Englishman said it was. The Egyptian said, "Can the birds sow and raise the grain for themselves?" The Englishman said, "They cannot." Then said the Egyptian: "Let them eat. God has provided enough for both them and us."

MAN FASHION'S SLAVE.

So Says Mrs. Fish, Who Scores Him For Wearing a Derby.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish has come to the rescue of her sex by flaying men for following fashion blindly, says the New York Times. She says:

"Talk about slaves of fashion. We women are not in it with the men. They wear straw or felt hats, according to a certain date, and pay no attention to the weather or to their own comfort. But that is not all. For years they've clung to the derby fashion because it is the style, and if there's an uglier, more uncomfortable or more unhealthful hat than a derby I don't know what it is.

"There's not one man in a thousand to whom such a hat is becoming. But tall men and short, big headed men and small headed men, fair men and dark men, all stick on derbies and walk around with a self satisfied air.

"If fashion decrees a narrow brim derby, all men wear narrow brim derbies regardless of the fact that the narrow brim makes the round face look like a full moon. If broad brims are the fashion, every man wears a broad brim, although it makes the thin featured man look like a scarecrow. If fashion says brims shall roll sharply at the sides, even the man with large ears wears a sharp, rolling brim, although he must know that it makes him look like a 'yellow kid.'

"Women will mind fashion so long as it dictates something becoming, but they will refuse to look like frights to please it. But the men follow it blindly and devotedly, no matter at what sacrifice to their looks. And every fall I wonder what has become of the handsome men until I remember that the ugly hat season has come upon them."

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

What amounts practically to an agreement on the existing differences concerning court features of the railroad rate bill has been reached by senate conferences extending over the last week and the early passage of the measure seems assured.

The amendment to the rate regulation bill making pipe lines for the transportation of oil common carriers within the meaning of the interstate commerce act was adopted unanimously in the senate.

Mr. Tillman (S. C.) made a sensational speech in the senate Thursday consisting mainly of quotations reflecting upon the conduct of federal judges in different parts of the country.

Final action in the Smoot case has been postponed until May 18 by the senate committee on privileges and elections.

Failure.

"Very frequently," says a New York lawyer, "there is an element of unconscious humor in the findings of a jury. To my mind, the best I ever heard in this connection was the verdict brought in by a coroner's jury in Michigan, who were called upon to pass upon the case of the sudden death of a merchant in Lansing.

"The finding was as follows: 'We, the jury, find from the physician's statement that the deceased came to his death from heart failure, superinduced by business failure, which was caused by speculation failure, which was the result of failure to see far enough ahead.'"—Harper's Weekly.

THE TAIL OF A COMET.

Its Ever Changing Mass and Why It Flees From the Sun.

The tail of a comet is not formed of the same particles which composed it yesterday or even an hour or a moment ago. It is constantly being renewed at the expense of the nucleus. As the long stream of black smoke from the neighboring factory or mill is being continually renewed by fresh particles of carbon released by the combustion going on in the furnace below, so is the wonderful luminous train of cometary bodies being constantly replenished by particles flying from or rather driven from the nucleus by the intense heat of the sun.

Then, again, how infinitely small and how intensely luminous must these particles that go to make up the tail of a comet be! This thought is suggested by the fact that it has been proved that in some cases the nucleus of comets which are only a few hundred miles in diameter will have enormous fanlike tails stretching across space for a distance exceeding 200,000,000 miles and having a bulk exceeding that of the sun by more than 10,000 times! Professor E. E. Barnard beautifully illustrates the formation of a comet's tail by "supposing" thus: "Suppose, for example, that the nucleus of a comet is composed of ice. Then suppose the heat of the sun to be so intense as to rapidly melt that portion of the ice globe exposed to the action of its rays, which are strong enough to immediately convert it into vapor, which ascends toward the sun.

"Imagine now a fierce wind blowing out from the sun, causing the vapor which meets it to be whirled out into space behind the comet. This will clearly illustrate the theory of the formation of a comet's tail, only that the nucleus of the comet is not ice and the vapor is not water vapor, neither is the force which drives it away from the sun a fierce wind."

The unknown force hinted at by the astronomer above quoted readily explains why a comet's tail, as a rule, points in an opposite direction to the sun. The Russian astronomer Bredichen distinguishes three different types of cometary tails—those composed of particles having the specific gravity of hydrogen, those having the specific gravity of hydrocarbon gas and a third class having all the peculiarities of an equal mixture of hydrogen and iron vapor.

DOG SHOT HIS MASTER.

Dead Man's Brother Makes Startling Claim In Denying Suicide Story.

Duluth, May 4.—That his brother was shot by his dog is the rather startling claim made by Peter Carron, in denying the story that it was a case of suicide. It was stated that Carron, who was running a tie camp about three miles from Two Harbors, had seated himself on a pile of ties and, pointing the muzzle of his gun at himself, had pulled the trigger with his toe, blowing out his brains.

The man's brother, Peter Carron, denies that it was a case of suicide, and says that the gun was exploded by a pet dog, who had had a habit of leaping upon its master.

"When the body was found," said Mr. Carron, "one leg was crossed over the other knee and it was evident that he had been sitting down on the ties resting with his gun standing between his knees. After receiving the shot he had fallen back on the pile of ties and his legs were still crossed.

"On the gun stock were marks that showed where the dog's claws had scratched the varnish."

DESIRES AN OPEN MARKET.

Minnesota Board of Control Protests Against Pending Bills.

Washington, May 2.—The Minnesota board of control has entered a vigorous protest against the pending bills in congress whereby the products of prison made goods are prohibited from being transported into any state outside the state where the products are manufactured.

Senators Nelson and Clapp and the members of the house delegation have received statements from the state board of control in which it is stated that in addition to the shoe industry, which is carried on at the Stillwater penitentiary, there is annually produced 13,000,000 pounds of binding twine and this amount will be increased every year.

There are several bills pending to limit the sale of prison made goods to the state wherein it is manufactured. These bills are backed by organized labor and are pending before the house and senate committees.

DIE IN A BURNING HOUSE.

An Old Man and a Little Child Cremated at Grayling, Minn.

Aitkin, Minn., May 2.—A man named Priem, living at Grayling, east of here, was burned to death during the night, together with his little grandson, four years of age.

The mother of the little boy laid him on the bed asleep and went over to visit her father-in-law, who lived but a few rods away. When the house was discovered to be on fire the old man rushed over and entered the building to save the boy, but he never came out.

The house had been repaired and the door to the bedroom changed, and it is supposed that the old man got confused, for he was heard rapping on the partition, and when the body was found it was lying near the place where the door formerly was. The boy's body was found on the bed spring, the blankets, sheets and mattress having been burned away.

TWENTY YEARS APIECE.

Austrians Convicted of Manslaughter at Duluth Sentenced.

Duluth, May 2.—Matt Vranes and Matt Ivankovich, the Austrians who were convicted of manslaughter in the first degree, have been sentenced by Judge Cant to terms of twenty years each in the penitentiary at Stillwater.

Vranes broke down and cried when his sentence was rendered. Ivankovich's motion for a new trial was denied, but the matter will be taken up again later.

Vranes and Ivankovich were charged with the murder of Rude Tankovich, a fellow countryman, who was killed at West Duluth March 4.

GOES TO PRISON FOR LIFE.

Sentence Pronounced Upon Slayer of Jacob Pakkonen.

Frazee, Minn., May 3.—Charles Houtari of Menogha has been sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Jacob Pakkonen while he and the latter were returning home from the Dakota harvest fields. He was convicted of murder in the second degree. Houtari, it is alleged, killed Pakkonen for his money and hid the corpse in a swamp, where it was found by Herbert Morton while he was hunting rabbits.

TORNADO IN MINNESOTA.

Schoolhouse Blown Into Kindling Wood After Pupils Had Gone.

Cannon Falls, Minn., May 4.—Only a few minutes after the pupils had been dismissed for the day, the Ista school building, four miles northwest of Cannon Falls, was blown into kindling wood by a tornado.

With the exception of the farmhouse, every building on Ferdinand Ista's farm was destroyed, and two large barns on the adjoining homestead also were razed.

Killed In Railroad Yards.

St. Paul, May 2.—Otto McGentry of Madison, Wis., was injured, probably fatally, and an unidentified man was killed by a caboose shortly after midnight while walking through the Omaha yards near the Arcade street bridge. The injured man is at the city hospital with a right leg cut off and is suffering from several cuts and contusions. His companion was decapitated.

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HOSPITAL RELICS.

Odd Things to Be Seen In a Great London Establishment.

If the reader can imagine the cure of every one of the 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 persons living in London of some ailment or disease he holds in his mind's eye a true picture of the vast work done by Guy's hospital since its foundation. The south sea bubble, like many another financial catastrophe, ruined thousands of citizens, but it enabled Thomas Guy, who sold his investments in the stock to the great advantage of other people as well as himself, to found the institution which bears his name and to restore to health (down to the present time) over 6,000,000 human beings.

Among the many curiosities exhibited in the famous museum at Guy's is a large piece of cardboard bearing the remnants of thirty-five pocketknives, which were swallowed by an American sailor. His name was John Cummings, and he was admitted to the hospital in 1822. A small book, containing also the manuscript of the printed copy, narrates the particulars of this remarkable case, and it may be perused by the privileged visitor to Guy's.

It appears that Cummings during a spree ashore challenged the feats of a conjuror who had made a pretense of swallowing knives. Encouraged by his drunken comrades, the sailor actually swallowed an opened pocketknife, to the amazement of the conjuror. Feeling no immediate pain, he put five other knives out of sight in the same way. In two years' time he had, in the course of his drunken bouts, shown sufficient bravado to enlarge his internal armory by twenty-nine additional knives. When, after his foolishness had brought him to the hospital and subsequently to his grave, a postmortem examination was made the thirty-five knives were removed from his stomach by the amazed surgeons.

These interesting relics are exhibited among others in the surgical classroom, whither the students return from the dissecting room to correct their impressions. Close by is another interesting object, a glass case containing a number of what appear to be illuminated parchments. The gruesome nature of these exhibits grows upon the visitor when he learns that they are simply patches of tattooed human skin preserved in spirits. The inscription upon each enables one to trace the occupation and character of the unfortunate patient from whom it was taken. One was a colored sailor, a native of Africa. On some twelve square inches of his skin is worked an artistic representation of the most brilliant plumaged birds known in the tropics.

Guy's anatomical wax models are said to be the finest in the world. One of these is extremely valuable, the hospital authorities having refused the sum of £5,000 offered for it by a foreign medical celebrity. It is an absolutely perfect model of the upper extremity of the body, showing every muscle, gland, vein, nerve and artery. It took Joseph Towne, a clever demonstrator at Guy's, fully two years to make it, but with him in 1879 also died the secret of the process by which the wonderful construction of the human body was reproduced in wax with such marvelous fidelity.—London Standard.

The Land of Pagodas.

Burma is the land of pagodas. From the summit of every mountain, of every hill or hillock, from above the cliffs and rocks and from among the woods of the islands of the broad Irawadi rise the graceful forms and gilded pinnacles of numberless pagodas. Often they are crowned by a golden htee or umbrella. Pagodas are rarely temples in the true sense. They are usually solid, tapering buildings placed over real or imitation relics. Close by, among groves of palms and bananas, are generally to be seen the carved and seven storied roofs of the kioungs, or Buddhist monasteries. Gay and light hearted as are the Burmans, they realize another and future existence as vividly as they do the present life, and the teachings of the great Buddha are ever present to their minds and influence them profoundly.

Patchouli.

The plant from which the well known perfume patchouli is obtained is a native of India and of China. It is also grown in Ceylon, Paraguay and the French island of Reunion. It first became generally known in Europe about 1850. At that time India shawls commanded immense prices, and dealers were accustomed to identify the genuine articles by their odor, as they were perfumed with patchouli. French manufacturers, acting upon this hint, imported the patchouli plant for the purpose of perfuming their imitation India shawls. Afterward perfumers took up the cultivation of the plant on their own account.

Early and Late Easters.

Easter Sunday cannot happen earlier than March 22 or later than April 25, but between these two dates it has a range of thirty-five days. At the time of the council of Nice, 325 A. D., it was agreed by the representatives present that from that time forward Easter should fall on the first Sunday after the full moon occurring on or next after March 21, or, in other words, "on the first Sunday after the first full moon after the sun crosses the line." Since the above arrangement was adopted by the great ecclesiastical council referred to Easter has fallen on March 22 and on every date between that and April 25, but it is only after long intervals of time that it occurs on its extreme dates. In 1886 Easter fell on April 25, its latest possible date, an event which will not again occur until the spring of 1943. The last time Easter fell on its earliest date was in 1818. This will not happen again until after this century.

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.....Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:56 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar....Middle River ...Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to

H. FANT'S.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

The Soo Line Announces

IMPROVED SERVICE

NEW TRAINS.
CHANGE OF TIME.

Effective March 4th, new trains numbers 103 and 104, "THE DAKOTA EXPRESS" will be put into service between the Twin Cities and Bismarck, N. D., daily except Sunday, leaving St. Paul 7:35 A. M. (Union Station), Minneapolis 8:40 A. M. (Local Station), arriving Bismarck following morning.

Trains 105 and 106, "THE CANADA EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul (Union Station), 8:00 P. M. DAILY, Minneapolis (Milwaukee Station) 8:40 P. M., affording through service to Calgary, Alberta.

Trains 107 and 108, "THE PACIFIC COAST EXPRESS," will leave St. Paul 9:25 A. M., Minneapolis 10:05 A. M., and will make no stops in either direction between St. Paul and Hankinson, except South Haven, Glenwood and Fairmount. Local business will be cared for by trains 105-6.

Train 105 WILL NOT LEAVE from St. Paul or Minneapolis MARCH 4th.

Ask the agent for Primer No. 1 and further particulars

W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1906 NUMBER 20

BIG HOTEL TO BE BUILT

Dennis Cavanaugh, of Hudson, Wis., to Erect Three-Story Hotel Here.

Building Will Be Located at Corner of LaBre Avenue and Second Street.

Dennis Cavanaugh, of Hudson, Wis., last Saturday purchased the three lots at the corner of La Bree avenue and Second street of Louis Hanson, Math Barzen, Robert McGinn, Charles A. Robbecke and W. J. McGinty. The consideration was $5,000. Mr. Cavanaugh announces that he will erect a three story building 75x140 feet upon this property to be used for a hotel, and he will place his son-in-law in charge of the place. Work upon the building will be commenced in about four weeks and the building will be completed at an early date.

Mr. Cavanugh for a number of years was in the hotel business in Hudson, Wis., and his son-in-law is an experienced man in this line. He first came to Thief River Falls about a month ago and remained here for twenty-four hours and since that time has been traveling over the Canadian Northwest and the western part of the United States looking for a location. He found no place that suited him so well as Thief River Falls and this in itself is a fine compliment to this city, as Mr. Cavanaugh is a very practical man and one with sound business judgment. The building which he proposes to erect will be the finest in Thief River Falls and the location will be one of the best.

Decision Reversed.

In the chambers of the district court this morning, the case of Peder G. Otterness vs. K. O. Grystad, of Red Lake county, was argued before Judge Watts. The action was brought for the recovery of a note for $100, held by the plaintiff. In the case the defendant acted as administrator in an estate. The case had been appealed from the probate court of Red Lake county, in which the Judge has refused the payment of the note from the assets of the estate. The decision of Judge Watts reverses that of the probate court.—Crookston Times.

DEBS COMING.

Great Socialist to Deliver a Lecture in Thief River Falls.

Eugene V. Debs, who become prominent a number of years ago as the head of the American Railroad Union, has been secured to deliver a lecture in Thief River Falls on the evening of June 1st. The appearance of the local Socialist league, and great preparations are being made for a large meeting. Mr. Debs is a very eloquent talker and it will be well worth any person's time to go and hear him. As the expense of getting Mr. Debs here will amount to about $50, a small admission fee will be charged.

The Radium Creamery.

The Creamery at Radium was completed last week and is now ready for business. The farmers have a splendid outfit and the beauty of the whole thing is that they have not paid an extravagant price for it. Everything is of the best and put up in first class shape and now, when they are ready to do business, they havn not invested much over $4,000.

Alfred Horgan is president of the company, Robert Vance, secretary; Frank Schantzen, vice-president, and Mr. Shell, treasurer.

They have received much encouragement from surrounding localities that have announced themselves anxious to ship cream to the plant, and, as cream is the only thing wanted to make the association a big success, the promoters naturally feel pretty good over the outlook.

As the venture is not made with a view to making the stockholders wealthy, the chances are that patrons of the plant are going to get good prices for their cream.

The first season is the one that is going to test the matter. If they can pull through the first year without having to lay up too long in the winter time, success is sure.

Hard on the "Ladies."

The city council of Eveleth has passed an ordinance prohibiting a lady from staying more thad 15 minutes in a saloon. Whether the object is to distribute the patronage of the "ladies" of Eveleth between the various saloons or to encourage tea parties is not stated.

To Build at Warroad.

Warroad Plaindealer: L. Hanson, of the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, of Thief River Falls, was in town this week. Mr. Hanson said his firm intended to build an elevator and flour warehouse here this summer.

LOG DRIVER KILLED.

Was at Work on the Clearwater River Near Village of Plummer.

Accident Happened While Trying to Open Gates of the Dam.

While at work opening the gates of the dam on the Clearwater River near the village of Plummer last Friday evening, Ben Dawson, a log driver employed by the Crookston Lumber company, was hit in the lower part of the abdomen by a pole and sustained an injury which resulted in his death fourteen hours later.

Dr. Grundy, of this city, was summoned to Plummer to attend Dawson and brought him to this city on the first train, but his condition was such that medical skill could not save his life and he died Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the hospital. The blow which he received in the abdomen resulted in the rupturing of his bladder.

The dead man's brother was employed upon the drive, and he took the body to Traverse City, Mich., the home of their mother, for burial.

WAS COLOR BLIND.

Wheat Buyer at Ardoch Leaves for Canada Very Suddenly.

A warrent was issued at Grafton last week for the arrest of John S. Gund, agent for the Northwestern Elevator company at Ardoch, charged with the embezzlement of $1,514.72. All of this amount, with the exception of $200, represents a shortage in his elevator stock, and $200 represents a draft which he drew on the elevator company and got cashed by an agent for another company at Ardoch.

Gund left for Canada last Friday, and steps have been taken to extradite him if Sheriff Hankey is able to locate the man in Manitoba.

Gund is bonded in the Fidelity & Deposit company and, in addition, had secured a bond of $2,000 from Hans Lykken and Henry Bastian, prominent farmers of Auburn, where Gund was located before he was sent to Ardoch by the Northwestern company.

Sheriff Hankey went to Winnipeg and hopes to get some trace of Gund there.

MURDER IS CHARGED.

Alexander McKenzie, a Blacksmith, Arrested at Mekinock.

Accused of Murder of John Stewart, Who Was Killed in Roseau County.

Alexander McKenzie, a young man 26 years of age, was arrested at Mekinock last Sunday on a charge of murdering John Stewart, a horse dealer, whose body was found alongside the public highway in Roseau county, several weeks ago.

McKenzie is a blacksmith and has worked at Mekinock, Ardoch and other points in that neighborhood. He and Stewart, who lived in the vicinity of Kenmare, N. D., were at Ardoch last fall, where Stewart appeared to be the banker, paying the bills of McKenzie. They left there for Thief River Falls, remaining here for several days and then going to Roseau and remained there during the winter. Both suddenly disappeared and several weeks later the body of Stewart was found along the highway with a bullet wound in the head to tell the story of how he met death.

Suspicion was at once directed toward McKenzie, and Sheriff Richmond has spent several weeks in tracing him. He was at Mekinock two weeks ago and went from there to Ardoch and from Ardoch to Rock Lake, but he was unable to catch anything more than fleeting news of the man he sought. He conferred with Constable C. C. Stewart, at Mekinock, and Mr. Stewart located the man and advised the Minnesota official, who arrived last Thursday morning. Together they apprehended McKenzie, and he was taken through Thief River Falls Friday morning on his way to Roseau, Constable Stewart accompanying Sheriff Richmond as far as East Grand Forks.

McKenzie denies that he has ever been in Roseau county, but admitted that he knew Stewart, but denied that he had seen him in a number of months.

Robbery was supposed to have been the motive of the murder, Stewart being known to have considerable money and a number of notes of some value, in addition to a horse and outing.

Nothing at all was found on the dead body alongside the public highway. McKenzie first arrived at Ardock several weeks ago, and worked a day or two for a blacksmith. From there he went to Mekinock, and also visited at Rock Lake or near there, and started back from there with a horse. He claimed that he ran into a wire fence with the result that the horse was a severely injured that it had to be killed. He made the remainder of the trip on a train, and carried saddle and bridle with him.

The capture of McKenzie is regarded by Sheriff Richmond as an important one, and he paid Constable Stewart a high compliment for his work in locating the man wanted.

Getting Ready for a Big Meet.

Warren, Minn., May 11.—Preparations are being made for the Northern Minnesota firemen's tournament, to be held in this city June 26, 27, 28 and 29. This will be the event of the season. Fire companies will attend from all the leading towns of this part of the state, including Crookston, Thief River Falls, East Grand Forks, Bemidji, Black Duck and towns north of here. Valuable cash prizes will be offered to companies contesting. In addition to the regular tournament, there will be horse racing, ball games and other sports. There will probably be at least three good bands. It is expected there will be from 2,500 to 3,000 visitors, making nearly 6,000 in all. Tents will be used for sleeping accommodations and temporary arrangements will be made with the citizens to help out.

Wylie Fighting the G. N.

An action has been commenced in the district court by the Wylie Farmers' Elevator company against the Great Northern to compel the road to allow the construction of an elevator on its right of way at Wylie. Until a year ago there were two elevators at Wylie, but they were removed, as the petition alleges, at the request of the company, and the company has refused to allow the Wylie Farmers' Elevator company to erect their building.

Two New Teachers.

At a special meeting of the school board held last Friday evening, Miss Florence D. Porter, of Rush City, was elected principal in the high school at a salary of $70 per month, and Miss Mary F. Nelson, of Patch Grove, Wis., was elected teacher of the seventh and eighth grades at a salary of $50 per month.

LEE IS O. K.

Thief River Falls Street Commissioner Doing Good Work.

Street Commissioner Nels Lee is receiving all kinds of compliments upon the way he is fixing up the streets of Thief River Falls and the general impression is that he deserves them all and more too. When Mr. Lee took hold of the work the streets in the business portion of the city were in the worst condition they had ever been and now they present a decidedly different appearance. Mr. Lee knows how to build roads and is just the kind of a street commissioner Thief River Falls has needed for a number of years.

IS MAKING MONEY.

This Demonstrates What a Valley Farmer Can Do.

Crookston Times: A. M. Johnson, one of the prosperous farmers who resides twelve miles west of the city, was here yesterday with a load of farm produce, which he disposed of to the merchants of the city. Mr. Johnson is one of the most progressive farmers in this section of the state and has demonstrated that diversified farming in the Red River Valley pays, and pays well.

At the present time he is milking 13 cows and a little later he will be milking twenty. In addition to the butter and eggs he disposed of in this city, he shipped a large consignment of butter to Bemidji, for which he received 27 cents a pound F. O. B. Crookston. This is but an indication of what profit there is in the dairy business in this section and is a good object lesson for others who have been devoting too much attention to the exclusive raising of grain.

Mr. Johnson, in conversation with a representative of the Times, stated that he paid his personal attention almost entirely to his cows and chickens and left the hired man to take care of the other work, as he looked upon the raising of grain as a secondary consideration. This is but a simple illustration of what can be done if the farmers pursue the course they should. More and more of them are getting into the same line and this is one reason why the bank deposits in Crookston are larger proportionately that in any other city of the same size in the entire northwest.

BAKING POWDER AGAIN

Alum Goods That Masquerade as "High-Class" Powders.

Retailers' Journal, Chicago: In previous analyses we have shown that the 25-cent alum baking powders are an imposition, both on the consumer and the retailer, as the difference in cost of manufacture of a 10-cent alum baking powder and a 25-cent one is not more than one cent a pound.

There is the Calumet baking powder, an alum powder with about one cent's worth of phosphate added to it, and which retails for 25 cents. It is not worth more than 10 or 11 cents, which we showed by analysis. In order to sell this powder at all, they are now preparing a premium scheme and are going to give away hairpins and other cheap trash that may be attractive to the eye and cover up their transactions. They can well afford to give 15 cents' worth of goods with every pound of baking powder they sell.

If alum baking powder is used at all, 10 cents is a reasonable price, as alum costs only two cents a pound, which leaves the manufacturer a fair profit. While we know that cream of tartar baking powders are sold at higher prices than others, we also know that chemically pure cream of tartar used in the highest grade powder costs at least twelve times more than alum.

Subscribe for the News.

LIKES U. S. THE BEST.

Brainerd Man Who Went Up to Canada Tells of Conditions There.

Says It Is Not a Good Country for a Poor Man, as Everything Is High.

The Brainerd Dispatch is in receipt of the following letter from Mr. and Mrs. George Williamson, who recently went from Crow Wing county to make their eternal fortune in the great, much-advertised Saskatchewan country. Everyone having the most remote intention of leaving northern Minnesota for the King's dominion will do well to read and ponder over the letter, which is given in full below:

Battleford, Saskatchewan, May 5.

Editor Brainerd Dispatch: When we left the States, we promised to write and tell the folks what kind of a country it was here, and so we are going to do so. We arrived here the 19th day of April and there was not a room to be had and board for a child was $1.50 a day and nothing very good at that. People by the hundreds are arriving here every week and no hotel room to accommodate them. They are lying out doors and going back just as fast as they can sell their things off. Everything is so high priced a poor man has no show whatever. Butter is not to be had at any price and eggs are 25 cents a dozen. Coffee is 45 cents a pound and carrots $1.20 a bushel. Potatoes are $1 a bushel. Bread is 10 cents a loaf and oranges are five cents apiece. Flour is $2.75 a hundred and poor at that. Oats are from 60 to 80 cents a bushel and everything else is equally high.

And such weather! It has either rained or snowed every day since we came, except one, and after June they do not have any rain at all. It always freezes up about the 14th day of October, and now, the 5th day of May, all the gullies and rivers are filled with snow and ice and it is still snowing.

As far as its being a farming country is concerned, there is not enough good land in one tract to have many neighbors. The land sharks charge from $25 to $100 for locating a man on a farm. There are going to be lots of people from the United States who will spend their all coming here. And when they get here, what will they do? They will just have money enough to get back with and then they will have to be helped.

Hoping no more will allow themselves to be fooled into coming here, we remain, as ever,

True Americans,
MR. AND MRS. GEO. WILLIAMSON.

Crookston Won.

The Crookston high school base ball nine defeated the high school team of Thief River Falls at a game played upon the home diamond last Saturday afternoon by a score of 4 to 2. The game was a good one in every respect and proved very exciting at times. Both sides played excellent ball and the Crookston team won only after a hard battle.

Which One Got Into the Manger!

Oscar Hanson had the misfortune to lose one of his horses Thursday by getting into the manger and getting hurt so bad that she had to be killed. Mr. Hanson is at Hawley working at present, and Mrs. Hanson was at home alone. It is quite a loss just at this season of the year.—Erie Eleven Towns.

—Subscribe for the News.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

See Our New Nash Outing Hats, 50c to $1.25.

Stylish Summer Shirt Waists,

Convenient garments, in fact the most convenient of all Woman's wearing apparel.

We have a large stock, the largest we ever had. We want you to see the white wash waists we are showing. White is universal. We can sell you a white waist cheaper than it can be made at home.

Stylish Waist of linen 50c to $1.25

Shrunk cotton Waist, embroidered front, 50c to $1.50

Beautiful Waist of dotted Swiss, $1.25 to $1.50

Fancy Waist, 50c to $6.50

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

ICE CREAM,

HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	31c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Henry Diebel was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

A young son of John Sundahl is quite sick with pneumonia.

Hans Burgess, of Rollis, was in the city the first of the week.

Louis Hanson was over in North Dakota the first of the week.

Will Miller, of Vinton, Iowa, is in the city visiting C. J. Knox.

T. P. Hamre was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Services in Silverton Lutheran church next Sunday at 3 o'clock P. M. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

Mrs. C. L. Dobner was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting Mrs. K. M. Hansen.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal business.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30. All are invited. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

The families of C. A. Robbecke, Frank Lawrence and Mrs. Kretzschmar enjoyed a picnic up the Red Lake river Sunday.

Ada Index: Olaf Ramstad was down from Thief River Falls this week buying horses. He purchased A. O. Rolfe's big white team.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Charles W. Peter, who has a claim up near Jelle, was in the city last week, returning from Tunbridge, N. D., where he had spent most of the winter.

Sheriff Erickson, of Crow Wing county, was in the city the first of the week looking for some witnesses in a blind pig case that is being tried at the term of court at Brainerd.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

V. W. James, an attorney of Eau Claire, Wis., has been in the city for the past several days and announces that he will open up an office for the practice of law here. For several years he was city attorney of Eau Claire.

Frank Pochzysynske, a young man about 22 years of age, who resided with his parents on the reservation about nine miles east of town, died last Thursday and the body was brought to this city and interred in the Catholic cemetery in this city. Death was caused by consumption.

R. B. Laing, of Milton, N. D., one of the parties interested in the Sash and Door Factory here, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters. Mr. Laing is one of the solid men of North Dakota and he announces that he will remove to Thief River Falls during the coming summer and make this his home in the future. It is men of his stamp that are required in Thief River Falls.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Harry Carr was down from Middle River last week.

Wm. Finell left last Friday for Grand Forks to visit friends.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

C. L. Dobner was down to the Twin Cities last week on business.

Mrs. Julia St. Germaine arrived here yesterday from East Grand Forks.

Joe Bulman left last Friday for Grand Rapids, to visit old friends for a few days.

John Kringlin was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week attending to business matters.

Attorney Mabey was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Attorney Tautges was down to Crookston the first of the week on business before Judge Watts.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Misses Alice Christenson and Inga Brynildson left last Saturday for Fertile to spend a week visiting their parents.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

A. W. Layman, of the Crookston land office, was in the city last Friday, being en route here to Crookston from Greenbush, where he had been attending to official business.

Bert Walker returned from his trip to Duluth last week. He says that Duluth is a hustling place and reminds him of some of the boom towns in North Dakota in an early day.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county have purchased one hundred copies of the school laws of the state and they are for free distribution for the clerks of the various districts.

Phil Zeh intends to start up a brick yard in the near future on land which he owns just south of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's yards on the east side. He has found an excellent bed of clay there.

John Meehan, Jr., of Milwaukee, who had been here for the past three weeks visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Meehan, departed Monday. It was five years since he had visited this city and he found many changes.

J. M. Bray, formerly of this city, writes that he has purchased a saloon and hotel property at Calgary, N. W. T. He paid a fancy price for the property, but thinks that he will be the gainer in the end.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Dr. Cole, of Fergus Falls, was in the city last week talking with a number of his acquaintances here regarding the candidacy of his brother, Senator Cole, of Walker, who desires to receive the Republican nomination for governor.

A meeting of the few old soldiers that reside in Thief Tiver Falls was held in Peter Newnan's restaurant Tuesday evening and it was decided to celebrate Memorial Day in a fitting manner. A program will be arranged later.

It is rumored that Attorney W. A. McIntyre, formerly of this city, is to leave Fargo and locate at some other point in North Dakota. He has not yet decided on where he will go, but has several good openings in sight.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Lancaster Herald: Dr. Patterson made a trip to Thief River Falls the latter part of last week and secured the services of Mrs. Ella Foss, a hospital nurse, to take care of Chas. Dunbar, who is confined to his bed at his home near Caribou with typhoid fever.

M. V. Evenson will, in a short time, commence the erection of a two-story building to be utilized for flats. The building will be on the east side of north Main avenue and 62x32 feet. Mr. Evenson now owns and rents a very large number of buildings in this city and finds it very profitable.

John G. Krapes, who was the proprietor of the Busy Bee restaurant, died last Saturday from the effects of a number of paralytic strokes which he had suffered. The body was taken to Glenwood for burial. The deceased had been a resident of Thief River Falls but a short time and was not very well known here.

Announcement is made of the wedding of Miss Ida Lemieux, daughter of Dr. I. Lemieux of this city, to Omer Hall, operator at the Great Northern station and a young man well and favorably known here, which will occur at the Catholic parsonage on Tuesday the 22nd inst. The young people are already receiving the hearty congratulations of their friends, and will start out on their married life under exceptionally favorable circumstances.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

F. S. Doege returned to this city yesterday from a trip to St. Paul.

J. A. Swore received a handsome soda fountain Tuesday of this week.

Eugene Safford and family went up to their claim near Strathcona last Saturday.

Louis Gonyea, son of Sheriff Gonyea, was in the city last Friday serving some papers.

H. H. Zaiser was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending to some business matters.

T. S. Hankey and family removed to this city the first of the week from Langdon, N. D.

Nels Transtrom, the painter, came down from the Thief Lake country the first of the week.

Dr. George Tupper returned to this city Tuesday from Minneapolis greatly improved in health.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

Sex Bulman left Tuesday evening for Hunter's Hot Springs, Mont., where he will spend a month or more.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill returned to this city last Saturday from Ortonville, where she has been visiting relatives.

Vincent, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry, has been quite sick during the past week of pneumonia.

Clerk Mabey, of the school board has received the $18,000 which the local school district borrowed from the state.

Miss Ellingson arrived here Tuesday from Rugby, N.D., and is visiting with the family of P. Engelstad, of Rocksbury.

John Bradon and Ella Carlson were united in marriage Tuesday by Rev. I. T. Aastad. Both live upon the East Side.

—All kinds of repair work done no boilers, engines, and all kinds of farm machinery. Satisfaction guaranteed. Conklin Boiler Works. 18

H. W. Lee expects to leave this evening for Wisconsin. He has received an offer for his land down there and will probably sell it while absent.

City Engineer J. E. Carroll, of Crookston, was in the city yesterday establishing grades for property owners on Main avenue who will put in cement walks.

A number of those interested in organizing a band in Thief River Falls met Tuesday evening and decided that Thief River Falls should have a band.

A benefit dance and card social will be given by the Antlers Club on tomorrow evening. Tickets will be 75 cents and all members of the club are request to be present.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will meet with Mrs. J. H. Hay, and Mrs. C. H. Flesher at the home of the latter on next Wednesday afternoon.

—Choice Canadian farm lands; low prices and easy terms; excursion in June. Special railway rate, 1 cent per mile. For information see Walseth & Tautges, office over First State Bank, Thief River Falls.

Ed Enright, the well known Red Lake Falls farmer, was in the city Tuesday returning from a trip to the Canadian Northwest. He purchased a section of land up there, but is undecided whether or not he will remove to that country.

H. N. Hager, the land man, the first of the week received a motor bicycle. It is the first one ever brought to Thief River Falls. A gasoline engine furnishes the power and it is guaranteed that it can be run at a speed of thirty miles an hour.

Ed. L. Healy, of Red Lake Falls, gets a thirty-year franchise from Grand Forks to furnish electricity for heat, light and power purposes. The work of putting in the plant will take several months and will require an expenditure of many thousand dollars.

The sacred cantata which to be presented to be a Thief River Falls audience on the evening of May 29 promises to be a great success. A number of rehersals have been held and those who have witnessed these say that the affair will be a great success.

Trouble is still brewing over the affairs of the Nielsville Farmers' Elevator Co. elevator at Nielsville, which went "bust" through the famous wheat speculations of C. C. Melanees a few years ago. Judge Watts appointed Nels Muus collector and the creditors are to be paid.

John Toye, of Winnipeg, was in the city the first of the week visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. B. Krouse. Mr. Toye is one of the leading contractors of Winnipeg and has just completed a $75,000 Methodist church in his home city. He will also build a duplicate of this church for the Methodist congregation at Moose Jaw.

A special meeting of the city council was held yesterday afternoon at which time a representative of the company which has been employed to drill the well for the city was present. The councilmen feel that the well diggers did not do the fair thing by the city and are refusing to pay a portion of the amount claimed by this company.

Phil Zeh was down to Crookston the first of the week.

D. M. Hoag went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

—Miss Bessie Horton was down to Minneapolis to spend Sunday.

C. L. Dobner left Tuesday evening on a business trip to the west.

Frank Hill is in the city from Fargo visiting his mother. He is just out of the hospital having been operated upon recently.

The Ladies Aid of the Swedish Lutheran Church meet at Mrs. A. E. Abraham Friday afternoon.—Everybody wellcome.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve a supper and hold an apron sale next Wednesday evening in the I. O. O. F. hall. All are invited to attend.

J. M. Bishop went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to probate the estate of the late Sarah Ann Robinson. Mrs. S. B. Jackson, who had contested the will, has withdrew her objection.

Methodist Episcopal church Sunday May 20: Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m, Sunday school, 10 a. m. Junior League, 11 a. m. Epworth League, 7 p. m. Evening subject: "A City's Bulwarks," the third on Building Cities. Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

This office has gotten out the program for the meeting of the Eastern Marshall County Teachers Association, which meets here June 8th, and they are probably by the time in the hands of the teachers. It is an entertaining program and should call out a large attendance of teachers.

Middle River and Dr. Gambell will entertain the Association on the evening of the 8th, and as no doubt many of the teachers will arrive here by noon of that day, it would be a pleasing diversion if the ball team would get a game for the afternoon of the 8th. How about it, boys?—Middle River Pioneer.

Not His Tongue.

"I ain't got no doubt," said Hiller, "but what I kin git that there job as consul in that place in England. It'd be a cinch too."

"Oh, yes," replied Peppery, "if you can learn to speak the language."—Philadelphia Press.

Eloquent Stillness.

"What makes you think Bilkins is in love?"

"I was in the next room to him and his girl and overheard one of their silences."—Life.

Forgiveness is better than revenge.—Pittacus.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

A Bear Story.

Johnny Erickson has quite an interesting experience with some bears Monday morning. He has been setting a trap for a bear for some time at a point near the railroad four miles north of here, and on Monday an old she bear in the trap with three young ones near about. He promptly proceeded to kill the old one with the only shell he had in his gun. He then tackled the young ones, capturing and tying two of them. The third one fled through the woods and Johnnie took after him. He chased it about two miles, when it ran up a tree from which it fell and killed itself. John's hands were considerably scratched up, but that didn't count, as he brought home the two cubs in captivity. They are already quite tractable and promise to become great pets. John will realize a nice bunch of money for them.—Middle River Pioneer.

To Remove Warts.

Potato water, the water in which potatoes are boiled, will remove warts, even the worst "seed warts" that ever come on the hands of children or grownups. Wash the hands two or three times a day in the potato water, using no soap or anything else, and let the water dry on the skin or bathe the spots affected every little while in the course of the day, keeping them constantly moistened with the potato water, and the warts will disappear in a short time.

CHANGE IN LOCAL BANK

D. B. Bakke Sells His Stock in the Citizens Bank to Olaf Ramstad.

Mr. Bakke to Engage in the Real Estate Business in the Future.

D. B. Bakke last Saturday disposed of his holdings in the Citizens State Bank here to Olaf Ramstad and other local stockholders of this institution. Having disposed of his stock, Mr. Bakke also resigned as president of this institution and Olaf Ramstad has been elected to fill this vacancy. The Citizens Bank is one of the strong financial institutions of Thief River Falls and has enjoyed a very lucrative business since its organization some few years ago.

Mr. Bakke, who retires from the banking business, has formed a partnership with H. N. Hager, the land man, and together the two will deal in town property and farm lands. Mr. Bakke owns a large amount of city property as well as farming lands and to say that the new firm will do a prosperous business goes without saying.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

BANKRUPT SALE

Special for Saturday

A New Job Lot of Shirt Waists at Less Than Jobbers' Prices.

HAMRE'S

MASONIC BLOCK

DEMPSEY DISMISSED.

Evidence Not Strong Enough to Convict Him of Stealing.

Julia St. Germaine Admitted That She Loved Him.

Because she loved Joe Dempsey and he deserted her, Mrs. Julia St. Germaine, wife of Joe St. Germaine, of Thief River Falls, who until recently was the proprietor of the Hub restaurant here, is claimed by Dempsey to have trumped up a charge that he stole her diamond ring, valued at $35, and $29 in cash. Dempsey was acquitted of the charge Saturday at a preliminary hearing held in Judge Sullivan's court at East Grand Forks.

Mrs. St. Germaine admitted on the stand that she loved Dempsey, and several letters written to Dempsey indicated that she was very fond of him. She told of writing to Dempsey, who was at Leeds, and asking him to meet her at Crookston. At the Central hotel in Crookston the alleged robbery occurred. Dempsey and the diamond and the money were missing at the same time. She told of hilarious hack rides and much liquor consumption while Dempsey and herself and a bunch of comrades were out seeing the city. She admitted that it was her money that was spent by Dempsey, after she had willingly given it to him. Her testimony was followed by that of Rose Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Foss, William Tracy, Mrs. Smallwood, Joseph St. Germaine, husband of the complainant, and James Connolly, a bartender who appeared for the state.

Dempsey testified that he met the woman at her request. After a brief visit with her, he became tired and wanted to get rid of her. She loved him, he stated, and watched him closely to see that he did not get away. She furnished him with some money and they spent it freely. He left her one night without saying good-bye, he admitted, but did not take the diamond or her money.

His testimony was supported by that of Orin P. Hines. He told of meeting Mrs. Germaine on a train coming from Blackduck, a day or two before the alleged robbery. Mrs. St. Germaine opened her pocket book to show him a broken diamond ring she claimed to have and discovered that it was missing. She claimed not to have known the ring was gone until then.

After hearing the evidence, Judge Sullivan decided there was not enough to warrant binding Dempsey over to the grand jury. Dempsey departed at once for the North Dakota side.

Dempsey was employed by Mr. St. Germaine as cook in the Hub restaurant here until recently, and is quite well known in this city.

Middle River Farmer Arrested.

A warrant was sworn out for the arrest of John Phillips last week by Peter Newman, who claimed that Phillips had boarded at his restaurant for several days and left owing a bill of $6.75. Phillips was arrested upon his farm up near Middle River and brought to this city and the trial was on Saturday afternoon. Judge Bishop imposed a fine of $10 and costs and, owing to the fact that Phillips had no money, he was allowed to go.

A Business Change.

John Torrison last week sold out his interest in the firm of Torrison Bros., furniture dealers, to his brother, Goodnow Torrison, from North Dakota. The business from now on will be conducted by Ole Torrison and Goodnow Torrison and the name of the firm will continue to be Torrison Bros. John Torrison is undecided as to what business he will engage in, but it is to be hoped that he will continue to make Thief River Falls his home.

Shot in the Leg.

Express Messenger DeGrayer, of the Wheatline, was taken to the hospital Friday evening suffering from a bullet wound in his leg. He sustained the injury, which is said to be the result of an accident, while upon duty. DeGrayer is a new man in the employ of the Soo, and this was the first trip he had made.

SEGERSTROM PIANO CO.

804 NICOLLET AVE., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WHO THEY ARE AND WHAT THEY ARE.

We are the largest wholesale and retail dealers west of Chicago and carry a line of twenty-five different makes of Pianos, which takes in most of America's leading makes and is, so to speak, the cream of the market.

We have come here to introduce our pianos and for this purpose have shipped here a full and complete car load of samples, and extend to you a cordial invitation to call and see them in our newly-opened store in the Hicks block.

You will acknowledge that this is by far the greatest piano buying opportunity ever known to the music loving people of Thief River Falls. We show you better Pianos than were ever offered for sale in this section of the country—pianos that have been before the people more than half a century, honored again and again and endorsed by America's greatest living artists. As we are not represented here by an agency, you can buy of us direct, thus saving all middlemen's profits, which you will find on comparing our Pianos with others sold here will amount to quite a little. At this time it is possible for you to buy of us a first-class Piano, good for a life time, at about the price an agent would ask you for a cheap rattle trap serviceable for a short time only. We have confidence in the people of this city to know a good Piano when they see it. We expect to sell a good many Pianos here now and expect to sell a good many more here in years to come. Our Pianos and our reputation for honesty and fair dealing are too well known to need any further mention.

We have done business in this state for years and have thousands and thousands of satisfied customers, and it is with great pride we point to them as proof of what we claim. If you had not intended to purchase a Piano for years, it will still pay you to purchase now. We are frank in saying that this week we save you in cold cash $100.00 to $200.00 on a Piano. Now this money is just as good to you as to any one else. We will arrange terms so that you will have the use of the Piano all the while you are saving money to pay for it—organs and pianos taken in exchange.

Segerstrom Piano Co.

P. S. We carry the famous Ebersole Player Piano, also the Smith & Nixon Player, the Haddorf Player, as well as the Peerless Electric Piano, the most wonderful invention ever produced by man. We also carry a large stock of Grand Pianos. S. P. Co.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

DON'T LIKE CANADA.

Says That Sunny Alberta Is a Frosty and Drouthy Country.

F. S. Akin, one of the prominent and well known farmers of Gordon, was in the city last Saturday several hours. He and William Baker just returned the Tuesday before from a tour of northwestern Canada and both are now perfectly satisfied to remain in Minnesota. Mr. Akin went to Canada with the intention of filing on government land, but he returned after an absence of two weeks without a Canadian homestead and doesn't want one. He traversed a large area of country and found that most of it was a wilderness. His destination was Deyaland, about one hundred miles southeast of Edmonton, and from this point he traveled over the country in every direction for many miles. He saw what looked to be very good land, but the majority of it was poor stuff. He had read a great deal in the literature issued by the different land companies interested in Canadian lands what a great place Sunny Alberta was with its comparatively mild climate, caused from the Chinook winds and its pure water and its rich soil, but when he reached that country the last of April, there was still ice in the lakes and banks of snow on the hills and the grass barely showed a tinge of greenness. When he left that country, it was snowing heavily. There is a big acreage of winter wheat raised in that country, but most of it was killed last winter and he saw many fields of it where it had grown to six inches in height, perfectly dead and brown. This was caused by the light snowfall during the winter, which left the grain unprotected. Through the country he traversed the settlers were few and far between.

There are some claims to be had, he says, but the best lands are in the hands of the railroad companies and speculators, who are holding the land at eight and ten dollars per acre. There is a great rush to that country and the trains are crowded with people from nearly every state on their way to Canada, while the out going trains are carrying back to the states a large number of disgusted people, who have been to the land of promise and found it wanting. Those who have been there several years and found out what the country is, are selling out at good figures on top of this boom and getting back to the states as quickly as possible.

Mr. Akin met Mr. Ludwig, an old neighbor, on the train, while looking over the country, and had a pleasant visit with him. Mr. L. informed him that he had been living in Canada for several years and just sold out everything he had there at a good figure and was then on his way back to Oregon to live.

Mr. Akin, when he went to Canada, intended to take homesteads for himself, his sons and several neighbors, if he was pleased with the country. However, he is now glad he lives in such a state as Minnesota and knows for certain that there are many worse places than old Todd county.—Todd County Argus.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Our Streets Look Good to Latta.

Plummer Pioneer: There is perhaps no other city in the northwest today which, without any paving, has better streets than Thief River Falls. The roads leading into the city are also rapidly assuming a state of excellence that is making that place the envy of all of the neighboring villages and cities. During our visit there last Friday we were shown the reason for these excellent streets and roads, and they are directly due to the use of "split log" drags. We saw the drag at work and noted its construction, and we believe that a few of them in every village and township would speedily solve the question of good roads.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
May 17, 1906.

The annual report of the state railroad and warehouse commission for the year ending June 30, 1905, has been made public. The report shows 7,791.85 miles of track in the state. This does not include local transfer lines, union depot tracks and private logging roads. The increase in mileage over the previous year is 324.64. Of this amount the Soo line has built 181 miles, the Duluth, Mesabe & Nor., 11 miles; Great Northern, 44.16; Northern Pacific, 5 miles; logging roads added to list of common carriers, 105 miles. The accident report shows 204 people killed in accidents during the year and 1,454 injured.

Frank M. Eddy, who is known by everybody up in these parts, says in the following common sense way in his Sauk Center Herald: "We are no spring chicken in politics. We have played the game in all departments and played it to the limit. If the convention of Duluth is but a repetition of past conventions, we would rather have a pocketful of railroad passes than a headful of brains if we want to secure a nomination for a state office. We would rather have a thousand meal tickets on the Spalding hotel than a good record if we desired recognition. Yet the voters have no right to kick because such a deplorable condition exists. In every country there are clean handed, unpurchasable men, men who love the right, men who believe that rectitude, righteousness and justice should rule and reign. It is up to the voters. Will you attend the caucuses and conventions and see that these kind of men go as delegates, or will you stay at home and let commercial politics rule?"

The political writer of the Minneapolis Journal is still impressed with the fallacy that all the other candidates for governor are gunning for Jacobson. That is true with at least two and possibly three, but it is an injustice to the others to make this assertion. Senator Lord, J. M. Diment, Senator Somerville and Hon. A. L. Cole are not working for the corporations, and while each would like to be nominated—which is a proper and worthy ambition. When they find this out of the question, we do not believe they will be out to "do Jacobson." They understand as well as anybody else what interests are working to defeat him and why, and to even assume that they want to please these interests is a reflection upon their Republicanism and their patriotism. And even if they were willing to be used by the corporations—which we do not believe—they could not control their delegations. After complimenting their local candidates, and when it is clear that they cannot win out, the delegates are going to decide for themselves without dictation, and what is more reasonable to suppose than that they will vote for the man who has the confidence of the Republicans? Moreover we have the statements of some of the best informed citizens in many counties, and they very generally agree that Jacobson is the man who should be nominated, and that he is the second choice of counties which have candidates of their own. Neither is it an impossibility that he will not be nominated on the first ballot.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

Tolerance.

An incident that occurred recently in a small New York village breeds dreams of the future, when men shall cease to dispute and disagree and get very impiously angry with each other over their religion. It is not so very long ago when men were killing each other in the name of the Lord. They have stopped that, having come to a realization of its inconsistency, but the time has not yet come when the same broad creed will serve for all.

A Catholic priest was sent to this village to organize a church *of his faith there. He could find* no hall or other meeting place, and for the moment was puzzled, as he could hold no services.

Then the pastor of the Baptist church waited upon his brother of the cloth, and offered him the use of his church. The Baptists were using it only part of the time, and he said the Catholics might just as well divide its time. The offer was accepted, and the Baptists made same changes in their hours of services. Now there is early morning mass in the little Baptist church, followed by a Baptist in the morning. In the afternoon there are two Sunday schools, followed by Catholic vespers at 5 o'clock and by Baptist services again in the evening.

Not only that, but the pastor and the priest are trying to see which can say the nicest things about the other, and the greatest good will prevails among their two flocks.

This is an uncommon incident, but perhaps in that time to come when men shall cease to hate each other because they do not belong to the same church, it will be much more common. In too many cases such an arrangement could not be brought about because the Protestant pastor would not let the Catholics use his church, or perhaps because the Catholics would refuse to worship in a Protestant church building.

But the spirit of tolerance is growing. Not very long ago even this lonely example of brotherly love and tolerance would have been impossible, for religious people stoutly believed that none were "elected" but those who worshipped exactly as they did, and that all others were eternally condemned. Mighty few people think that way now, and in the "broad invisible, church of Christ" that knows no boundary lines of creed and sect a spirit of truly Christian tolerance and charity is growing sweetly and beautifully.—Duluth Herald.

Railroad Rates.

W. D. Washburn, Jr., has issued a pamphlet on "Railroad Regulations." Regarding the railroad rates affecting the individual, Mr. Washburn has some pertinent things to say. He estimates that the gross earnings for 1905 at $2,100,000,000, with net profits to the railroads of $600,000,000. Incidentally it may be remarked that these earnings are divided among some 1,500,000 people, while the rates were paid by some 78,000,000. In other words, about 2 per cent of the people are personally interested in maintaining a high rate, while 98 per cent are interested in securing a fair and reasonable rate.

Today every inhabitant of the United States contributes from his earnings nearly $26 for the carriage of freight. Every average family, therefore, contributes approximately $100 to the railroad rate.

The freight charges last year amounted to nearly twice the national debt and was nearly seven times the amount collected by the tariff. The transportation charge is a perfectly legitimate charge against industrial production, but every man should understand to what extent the freight charge enters into his own personal expenditure. *Nor should the citizen permit himself to be deceived as to* the person who bears the burden of the unjust railroad rate. This is carried all along the line and is finally borne, not directly by the shipper or tradesman, but by millions of citizens who are working for salaries or wages.

Unjust rates not alone injure the people of moderate wealth, but they finally fall upon the common people, as do all the burdens incident upon foolish and unjust economic measures.

Unjust rates mean high prices for coal, food, clothes and all the necessities of life, required by those who toil in cities. It means lower prices to the farmer for all his products and this lower price of products means a decreasing value to his capital in the form of land.

In a nut shell, excessive rates means an unjust levy upon the many millions who do the actual work in order that larger and more useless fortunes may be accumulated in the hands of the small minority of citizens that control the roads.

No citizen should therefore flatter himself that he is not interested in railroad rates, because he may think that he has passed the burden onward and laid it on another's shoulders.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

One of the most horrible crimes in the history of Florida was committed in Santa Rosa county ten miles north of Milton Sunday night. An itinerant preacher named Ackerman, his wife and seven children, the eldest about fourteen years old, were killed and their bodies cremated in their home, which was fired by the assassins.

The jury in the W. F. Bechtel case at Minneapolis brought in a verdict of not guilty. Bechtel was charged with using the funds of the Northwestern Life Insurance company to pay his own personal debts and that he did not keep an account of the money used in such instances.

A Missouri state university student named Dale was shot and perhaps fatally wounded and many others were more or less injured in a fight with employes of a circus at Columbia, that state. Fifteen wounded students were taken to a hospital for medical treatment.

Stephen Sylvester, an eccentric character, shot and killed his brother, W. H. Sylvester, president of the First National bank of Montezuma, Ind., and one of the most prominent men in that community. The tragedy followed a quarrel over money matters.

Edwin S. Greenfield, head clerk of the banking and brokerage firm of Harrison-Snyder & Son of Philadelphia, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling upwards of $100,000. The firm has been declared bankrupt and a receiver appointed.

An infernal machine was found under the window of Governor Folk's office at Jefferson City, Mo. On examination it was found to be loaded with nitroglycerin and had a tube with a dynamite cap attached.

Governor Higgins of New York has granted an additional respite of thirty days, until June 17, to Albert T. Patrick, under sentence of death for the murder of William Marsh Rice.

At Milwaukee William Selle, aged fifty years, shot and killed his wife, aged thirty, and after vainly attempting to kill his daughter shot himself.

City Treasurer James V. Felker of Newburyport, Mass., has been arrested charged with embezzling between $40,000 and $50,000.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Anson Blake, a prominent resident of St. Anthony Park, is dead, aged eighty-eight years.

Next year's meeting of the national conference of charities and corrections will be held in Minneapolis.

The twenty-fourth national convention of the Woman's Relief Corps will be held in Minneapolis Aug. 16 and 17.

A recount has been demanded in the St. Paul mayoralty election, although Robert A. Smith's plurality was 1,501.

An outbreak of smallpox in Otter Tail county has been reported to Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state health board.

Nearly 550 graduates will receive degrees at the university commencement to be held in the university armory June 14.

Bethuel Sutherland, aged ninety-four years, who, as a contractor, built many bridges throughout the Northwest, is dead at St. Paul.

Albin Johnson, a homesteader in northern Itasca county, shot and killed Fred Hemming. Johnson says he shot Hemming in self-defense.

The year-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Matt Olson of Duluth was drowned by falling head foremost into a tub containing six inches of water.

Martin Sether, a loftman in the employ of Barnett & Record, who have the contract for building the new Mesaba ore dock at Duluth, fell from near the top of the dock and sustained injuries that caused his death an hour later.

Because of the valuable body of ore which is known to underlie the present site of the village of Sparta it now seems certain that the village will be removed bodily to a point just east of the Fayal mine some time in the near future.

The state can no longer offer rewards for the capture of criminals. Although $2,000 is appropriated for this purpose by the legislature of 1905 no provision is made for its disbursement and the old law regarding this is repealed by the new code.

A small bantam rooster attacked Elizabeth Hartigan, three years old, in the yard of her home at St. Paul, scratching out one of the child's eyes. The little girl was taken to the hospital, where it was discovered that the injuries were extremely serious.

The state supreme court, in an opinion rendered in a suit brought by four Indians of the Mille Lacs tribe against Gus H. Beaulieau, holds that an American Indian in the state of Minnesota may maintain an action in the courts of this state the same as a civilized person.

Building Inspector Kiehly of Duluth has notified the church societies there that exits must be provided 5x7 feet in size for every 300 seating capacity, to be used in case of fire or panic from any cause. There are about fifty churches that will be affected and which must make the improvements.

The city council of Minneapolis has voted to set aside out of the waterworks fund the sum of $50,000 for a filtration plant and has voted to submit the issuance of bonds in the amount of $1,000,000 for the construction of a filtration plant to the legal voters of the city at the next election.

O-dub-e-naun-e-quay, the venerable queen of the Mississippi Chippewas, is dead at her home near White Earth agency, aged eighty years. She was a sister of May-zhuck-e-geship, hereditary head chief of the Minnesota (Mississippi) Chippewas and the present reigning head chief of the White Earth Chippewas.

William Wallace White, who was for many years county auditor of Faribault county and since a resident of Todd county, died at Wells one day last week while visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. E. Ford. He was seventy-eight years of age. Later in the day his brother, Mortimer I. White, living in the same house, died aged seventy-six.

After being out but five hours the jury in the Jordan murder case at Fergus Falls returned a verdict of not guilty. The verdict was a great surprise as the state introduced some very strong evidence and it was generally thought the Indian would be convicted. Jordan was on trial for shooting his wife in their home on the White Earth reservation.

Lightning struck and instantly killed Raymond Beard, a prominent young farmer residing near Pipestone, while driving on a drill. Mr. Beard was driving four horses abreast and, starting at the right, the lightning killed the first horse, stripped the collar from the second, leaving it unharmed; killed the third and tore the bridle from the fourth without damaging it.

Attorney General Young has brought suit for the state of Minnesota against the Western Union Telegraph company to recover $28,191 as taxes for 1905. The tax was assessed upon a valuation of $1,000,000, the total value of the taxable property in this state as fixed by the state board of equalization. The defendant company refused to honor the draft of State Auditor Iverson for the amount.

Stringent prohibitions against child labor have been discovered in the new code. No child under fourteen can be employed in a factory or workshop at any time and no child under sixteen shall be employed at any time in any place or at any occupation dangerous to life, health or morals. Under the old laws the same provisions were included, but were almost nullified by the section permitting such employment if the children had permits from the board of education.

The Florsheim SHOE
Look for Name on Shoe

The Cambridge

Straight shape,
Patent kid,
Medium sole,
Common-sense
Heel

For the man who does not care for extreme shapes, yet wishes to be well shod. The longer you wear the Cambridge the better you'll like it. Designed for men who want sensible, high-grade footwear.

Most styles are $5.00

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When You Want Anything in the
HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialties, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

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AND PLUMBING CO.
Phone 221

The Falls Candy Kitchen
SALE
SATURDAY, MAY 19,
Cream Mix . . . . 12½c Per lb.
ALL CANDIES STRICTLY FRESH

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons an excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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THE NEWS,
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

WILL MEET ON JUNE 11.

County Seat Removal Petition to Be Considered on That Date.

County Commissioners Are to Decide the Legality of the Petition.

Judge Watts on Monday modified his judgment in the county seat case upon the application of Attorney Stanton, of Thief River Falls.

The original preemptory writ which Judge Watts granted called, upon the county commissioners to meet and consider the county seat petition on the 17th of May, but the Red Lake Falls attorneys took an appeal from this decision, which the supreme court dismissed. This resulted in causing a delay and made it necessary to change the time of the meeting of the commissioners. Judge Watts has now set the date for June 11, and upon that day the county commissioners will consider the petition. As the petition is a strong one in every way and the board of county commissioners as at present constituted a fair body of men, it is quite likely that the election will be ordered.

A G. N. WRECK.

Passenger Train Did Not Reach Crookston Until Midnight.

The passenger train on this branch of the Great Northern did not reach Crookston Tuesday evening until midnight, having been delayed for about six hours by a wreck a short distance this side of Red Lake Falls. The freight north bound included a car load of beer, and, getting jagged, left the track and partially toppled over. A wrecking crew was sent from Crookston, but on account of the rain which made everything so slimy, it was all but impossible to get the track cleared.

The feat was finally accomplished, however, at about 11 o'clock, and the passenger train proceeded with a load of about the maddest passengers that ever rode on the covered cars. There was no damage done to speak of, barring the broken truck of the beer car and this was the cause of the wreck.

Tri-State Commences.

Work of building the Tri-State Telephone company's line from Thief River Falls to Grand Forks was commenced this morning. A crew of twenty-six men started at work from this city and, owing to the telephone strike, this one crew will probably have to complete the job. It was the intention at first to put on two crews. Foreman Hamm, who is in charge of the work, states that it will probably be two months before the line is completed.

Organize for Work.

Crookston Times: Members of the Crookston High school who are about to take part in the field meet at Thief River Falls between the Highs of the Red River Valley representing this city have started the work of getting in shape for the contest. Hurdles, the shot and hammer and pole have been taken from the dusty attic and the school grounds will hereafter be the scene of activity.

Railroad Commissioners Here

Ira B. Mills, W. E. Young and C. F. Staples, members of the state railroad and warehouse commission, were in Thief River Falls yesterday. From here they went out to Viking and Aneta to investigate matters. The citizens of Viking want the Soo to place a station agent at their town and at Aneta a siding is desired.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. WERSTLEIN.

PARK
ADDITION
IS LOCATED
BETWEEN THE
RED LAKE
RIVER AND
RED LAKE
RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER
AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

Just two weeks more of school.

Class rings, you say? Oh! Ye—es, certainly, certainly!

Nearly all grades and classes are busily engaged in review.

Miss Johnson was absent from school Monday morning because of sickness.

Duels are greatly in evidence of late and many of the boys have proven their right to titles of good marksmen.

Where is that famous track team? Where the hurdlers? Where the high jumpers? We don't seem to be able to find them, somehow.

Red Lake Falls has asked for a return game next Saturday, and if it can be arranged, a large crowd will go down to cheer our boys to victory.

Those pupils whose marks for the year are but a few below passing are striving to raise them this month in order to secure promotion at the close of the school year.

To the very great disappointment of the pupils of the High School, Miss Agnes Kelley begged to be excused when requested to play a march for them to keep time by.

In selecting a Senior to write the class poem, unexpectedly quite a genius was discovered, who wrote out the poem in one evening and then, "Oh, just scribbled it off."

School will close on Friday, June 1st, at the usual time. The mere fact that this date is the last day is no excuse for a child's absenting himself from school for that day or for a few days preceding.

Since April 1st exactly 99 new pupils have entered the city schools for the first time. During the same period many of the large students have left school to work and a few have removed from the town.

When we think of those book reviews—those "awful" (the adjective is correct) notebooks—and the examinations, life indeed seems a burden, and many are heard to murmur, "to do or not to do." It's all "to do."

County Superintendent McAnulty has instituted a grain growing contest in the county schools. A notice posted on the high school bulletin board gives the particulars and announces many valuable prizes for the pupil farmers who enter and win.

In some unaccountable manner, no one knows how or why, two of the young ladies became locked in the recitation room just before school called on Monday, and by a still more remarkable coincidence one of the boys happened to have a key that opened the door of the recitation room. We wonder at times how some things do happen.

The value of the grade records introduced into the schools this year is now becoming apparent. They give a complete and detailed account of the student school history, deportment, etc., from the moment he enters school until he graduates therefrom. Though creating much extra labor for the teachers, they have been faithfully kept and will now compare favorably with anything of a similar nature in the state.

A field meet of the Red River Valley high school teams will be held in this city a week from next Saturday. This contest is for the purpose of creating and maintaining an interest in high school athletics. Our citizens will attend this meet and thus show their loyalty to their school and city, and also give evidence of their appreciation of the honor done Thief River by the school men of the Valley in choosing this point as the place for the first meeting, particularly, when several other older towns were bidden to entertain the schools.

The base ball game last Saturday afternoon was very well attended. More people seem to be getting interested in the High School affairs, and though Crookston brought up a large crowd of rooters—and they ROOTED, too—yet Thief River yells could be heard very easily. All went well until the first half of the seventh and last inning, when our boys became excited and played wild. For a few moments the Crookstonites had everything their own way, but these few minutes were enough to give Crookston three scores, and the game. The local pitcher, Malcolm McNiven, was unable to be present to pitch, and the two substitutes in his place both managed to injure their right arms. So when we play Crookston again, with the regular team, what won't we do to them?

City Council.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening. A petition from property owners on Riverside avenue in Porter's addition was presented asking that the street be graded, and it was granted.

As the new code makes many changes in the laws, it is necessary that the ordinances of the city be codified and Richardson & Cooke were employed to do this, for which they are to receive the sum of $200.

Joe Roleau was given permission to remove his building from Second street to LaBree avenue, and a resolution was passed stating that buildings within the fire limits could not be removed in the future without the permission of the city council.

LUMBER CO. IS AT BAY.

A Clearwater County Man Holds Up a Large Log Drive.

Guards a Dam With a Loaded Rifle and Threatens to Shoot.

The story of a man who would rival Desperado Dietz of Thornapple Dam, Wis., fame, and prevent a lumber company from using the Mississippi river, comes from Solway, Beltrami county.

M. Heinzleman is the man's name, and he owns a piece of land a number of miles south of the village mentioned and bordering on the river. He has thrown a dam across the Father of Waters near his farm and at the point of a gun refuses to let the H. T. Hatcher Lumber company drive its logs past the obstruction.

A warrant for his arrest has been issued by a justice of peace at Solway and, unless the settler should develop some of the characteristics of the famous Dietz, who for so long held the Wisconsin authorities at bay, his game will be short lived.

An assault on the person of George Schunberger, foreman of the driving crew, is the technical charge lodged against Heinzleman.

It seems that he has a quarrel of long standing with the lumber company and, finding expostulation in vain, he finally decided to take the law, or what he thinks is the law, into his own hands. With a few helpers he hastily constructed a dam across the Mississippi and sent forth an edict that no logs should pass.

The lumber company was not to be bluffed, however, and sent Schunberger and a crew to drive the logs willy nilly.

When they reached the dam, there stood the settler with a loaded rifle.

"The first man who tries to move these logs gets shot," declared Heinzleman, and a glitter in his eye showed that he was in dead earnest.

"You wouldn't dare shoot," answered the foreman.

"Try it and see. I'll shoot the first man who makes a hostile move, so help me God."

This convinced the lumberman and he returned to his employers and told them the state of affairs. They went to Solway with the tale and the issuance of the warrant followed.

Sam Lord Coming.

Ben Wilson, who is an enthusiastic supporter of Samuel Lord for the Republican nomination for governor, has received a letter from that gentleman in which he says that he will pay Thief River Falls a visit in the near future.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Senator Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland is critically ill at his home in Washington. He has not been in his seat in the senate for many months. Within the last few days he had a severe sinking spell and his life is despaired of.

The condition of John Alexander Dowie is said to be nearing a critical stage. The venerable "first apostle" has taken to his bed and his strength is failing.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of the Southern Confederacy, is dangerously ill in New York city.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 14.—Wheat—May, 81c; July, 81½@81⅝c; Sept., 78⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 83⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 82⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 81⅛c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 14.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 82½c; No. 2 Northern, 80½c; May, 82½c; July, 82½c; Sept., 79½c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.16½; July, $1.17¾; Sept., $1.17½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 14.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.25. Hogs—$6.20@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice lambs, $5.25@6.25; spring lambs, $7.50@10.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 14.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@6.20; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.90@4.85; Texans, $4.00@4.70; calves, $4.00@6.45. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.40@6.65; good heavy, $6.50@6.65; rough heavy, $6.20@6.40; light, $6.50@6.60; pigs, $5.90@6.35. Sheep, $4.15@5.75; lambs, $4.75@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 14.—Wheat—May, 83⅝c; July, 81@81⅛c. Corn—May, 48⅝c; July, 46⅝c. Oats—May, 33¼c; July, 32@32¼c. Pork—May, $15.25; July, $15.45. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.14; Southwestern, $1.06½; May, $1.12. Butter—Creameries, 15½@20c; dairies, 13@18c. Eggs—15@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13½c; chickens, 12½c.

—Subscribe for the News.

S. H. SHARBACH
THE CASH MERCHANDIZER

Special Inducements for Saturday and All Next Week.

ALL those stylish ladies' coats in grey wool mixtures, both short and long, also cravenette coats at a big reduction. Some of these are sample coats and I would rather sell for actual cost than pay return express charges. Now is the time to get one of these stylish, up-to-date garments cheap, for example our

$5.00 GREY WOOL COATS down to........$3.90
$8.50 GREY WOOL COATS down to........$6.50
$10.00 LONG WOOL COATS down to........$7.90
$15.00 LONG WOOL COATS down to........$11.50
CRAVENETTE COATS from $5.75 to........$9.75

Special Sale on Embroidery Saturday and Next Week.
Your choice of 50 pieces from 2 to 5 inches insertion and edging, a yard, only........5c
Extra good snap on towels. Each only........5c
Men's good cotton pants, all sizes, for........$1.00
Men's good work shirts, extra long sleeves, at........50c

Extra Special Next Week.
8 bars Magic Washer soap, a white soap that floats; 8 bars for........25c
Limit, 50c to each customer.

Try our Flint's Orient Blend coffee, the most popular coffee on the market today; makes a most delicious drink; 5 grades, per pound, from........20c to 40c

25 Sample Skirts at less than the regular price in grey, navy and black. The famous Worth Skirt prices from $4.50 to $8.50 Saturday and next week.

All kinds of fine cookies at one price a pound........10c
Canned peaches, pears and apricots, very fine quality, a can........20c
Seed potatoes, choice, clear varieties, at per bushel........90c

Phone Your Grocery Orders to 264. Prompt Delivery.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Senator Bailey's nonsuspension amendment applying to orders of the interstate commerce commission as covered by the railroad rate bill was defeated in the senate by a vote of 23 to 54, practically a party vote. A number of other amendments offered in the main by Democrats and by Senator La Follette were rejected. The votes were generally along party lines, but the Wisconsin senator voted with the Democrats on all propositions.

During the debate on the railroad rate bill in the senate Saturday Messrs. Bailey and Tillman made attacks on President Roosevelt for his alleged surrender on the railroad and tariff questions. The Democratic senators told of negotiations with the president at his request; of an agreement whereby the minority promised to support the rate bill and accused the president of treachery in failing to stand by the agreement.

The senate committee on interoceanic canals is in a deadlock on the question of the type of canal to be recommended. When the question was taken up the vote showed five for a sea level canal and five for the lock type recommended by the minority of the board of consulting engineers.

The house has empowered the committee on expenditures in the agricultural department, of which Representative Littlefield of Maine is chairman, to conduct an examination of the agricultural department.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Four magazines at the testing grounds of the Union Metallic Cartridge company at Bridgeport, Conn., each containing 25,000 pounds of powder, exploded Monday, the concussion shaking the whole city and causing great alarm among many persons, who believed that there had been an earthquake.

Representative Heflin of Alabama has introduced a bill in the house making it a misdemeanor for any person to keep an establishment for the purpose of dealing in cotton futures.

The dam of the Crivitz Paper and Pulp company at Marinette, Wis., was carried out and the town flooded with five to ten feet of water. Farmers lost heavily in stock drowned.

Fifteen men were injured, two of them fatally, by the bursting of a ladle holding fifty tons of molten metal in the converting mill of the Illinois steel works at South Chicago.

The barges Iron Queen and Algeria went down during a storm on Lake Erie and four of the crew of the latter perished.

LABOR NEWS.

Following conferences between President Keefe of the Longshoremen's union and allied interests and representatives of the dock managers the strike of the longshoremen on the lakes has been settled. The men will go back to work on the basis of last season's wages pending another conference.

Deputy sheriffs fired into a crowd of riotous strikers at the Pueblo (Colo.) smelter and killed Mike Merino and wounded two other strikers.

The strike of 1,500 funeral drivers in New York city has been settled, the men securing the advance of $3 a week demanded.

A long and bitter strike, involving probably all of the building trades unions in Chicago, seems inevitable.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Corruption of railroad employes and agents of independent oil companies, dishonest methods of procuring land leases, the giving of short measure and the selling of three different kinds of oil out of the same tank and misrepresentations as to the quality of oil sold were charged against the Standard Oil company at the first day's hearing before the interstate commerce commission at Chicago.

The General Paper company, otherwise known as the paper trust, has withdrawn its pleadings in the case brought against it by the government and Judge Sanborn of the federal circuit court at St. Paul issued a perpetual injunction restraining the General Paper company from transacting the business of any and all of the various companies of which it was composed.

Mrs. Harry Cantell, wife of the general overseer of the Zion church in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, is dead at Zion City, Ill. For several days the elders of the church offered prayers for the recovery of Mrs. Cantell. She died without medical attendance and her infant child survived her but a short time.

William W. Rose, Dem., who resigned the office of mayor of Kansas City, Kan., recently, pending state ouster proceedings against him for non-enforcement of certain laws and who was later ousted by the supreme court, which disregarded his resignation, has been re-elected mayor by 1,600 plurality.

A meeting over which John Alexander Dowie presided at Zion City Sunday afternoon was broken up by a number of followers of the opposing faction, assisted by several outsiders, and before the crowd dispersed a free fight occurred.

The huge Ferris wheel, first constructed at the Chicago world's fair and later removed to the St. Louis exposition, has been blown to pieces by a monster charge of dynamite. It had long ago ceased to be profitable.

The constitutionality of the Kentucky state law authorizing the revocation of permits given to foreign insurance companies to do business in the state has been upheld by the United States supreme court.

Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse (N. Y.) university has issued a statement violently attacking President Roosevelt for his recent utterances against the Standard Oil trust.

By a vote of 151 to 107 the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South declared itself in favor of the creation of a committee to prepare a new statement of faith.

San Francisco saloons have not been permitted to resume business since the earthquake and fire and Mayor Schmitz declares they will continue closed for an indefinite period.

Investigations which followed the mysterious death of Charles L. Spier, confidential agent of H. H. Rogers, show a shortage in his accounts of at least $150,000.

The Columbia Savings and Trust company of Pittsburg has closed its doors by order of the commissioner of banking.

The national convention of Railway Mail Clerks of America is in session at Houston, Tex.

Eight inches of snow fell in portions of Wisconsin on May 8.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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Correct and Exclusive Styles at
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in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

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We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

A TALK ON GOOD ROADS

Peter Engelstad Tells of the Benefits of the Split Log Drag.

Say It Has Been of Great Benefit to the Roads in Rocksbury.

Editor News: One who usually travels over the road leading south from Thief River Falls through the town of Rocksbury, on the east side of the river, can not fail to notice the change in the condition of that particular piece of highway from what it formerly used to be. That piece of road south of Greenwood cemetery used to be a fright at all times, both in rain and shine. On account of the heavy traveling which was constantly going on over said piece of road, especially a couple of miles of it, it became, during rainy and subsequent days, so full of ruts and the roadbed so worked up and dirt pressed out from the middle toward the ditches that, when it finally dried up, it was almost as impassable as during the rainy spell. And when the next rain came, the road was just in shape to gather all the rain water so it could seep to all parts of the roadbed, making it soft and impassable for ever so long. In this way it generally kept on up to the last year, when the split log drag came into style. This implement, so simple in construction, but, nevertheless, effective, is so inexpensive that almost every farmer could afford to have one. Being so cheap to construct and so efficient in road repairing and maintaining an already built grade, it does away with the buying of expensive reversible road machines.

We had a fair illustration of the efficiency of the split log drag last year. Chas. Elgsten frequently went over the two miles south of the cemetery, and the result can be summed up this way: "We never in a season had more rain and we never in a season had a better road." The town board paid the road overseer for maintaining this two miles of road and it amounted to only $25, $12.50 a mile. In ordinary seasons it would probably not amount to more than half of that, and in sections where there is not much traveling the expense of keeping roads in repair would be a trifle only. When the drag is run over the roads at proper times, it leaves the surface smooth and there is no chance for water to gather in the roadbed. A farmer could not put in his poll tax and road tax to better advantage than by running a split log drag over a piece of already built road.

A regular system of repairing and maintaining roads ought to be established in every township. It could be done in this way: The road overseers could have the supervision of the roads in their respective districts as heretofore, but whatever road he could not properly maintain himself he could let out to some trustworthy farmers, who both could and would keep that certain stretch of road in good repair during the season, and on this kind of work the farmer could apply his poll tax and road tax first and whatever the balance might be should be paid by the township. Over a road where traffic is small the drag need not be run as often as over a more heavily traveled one. This system of road repairing ought to be considered by every town board who have within their respective towns more or less of graded roads. Such system of road repairing would result that good roads would be as common as bad roads are now. And when the traveling public had to pass over a piece of bad road in front of a man's land, they would naturally inquire about the farmer's name and hold him up to other people as a back number and an unprogressive man.

P. ENGELSTAD.

Subscribe for the News.

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In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

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for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, . . . Minnesota

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $10 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

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PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

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LAWYER.

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For Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak.

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11th, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Martha Lee, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Martha Lee, deceased, late of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, being granted to Ole Oveson;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 21st day of August, 1906, at ten o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 11th day of May, A. D. 1906.

[PROBATE COURT SEAL.] By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

FABOR & STANTON, Attorneys,
Thief River Falls, Minn. may 17 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Sever Bergan, H. E. No. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 4, T. 154 N., R. [illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter G. Brevik, of Germantown, Minn.
Halvor A. Vinjera, " "
[illegible] O'Brien, " "
Fred Rode, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 17 june 21

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Land.

Estate of Norman Perry Hall.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Norman Perry Hall, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to the heirs of Norman Perry Hall, Decedent, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of C. H. Middleton, as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to C. H. Middleton granted to sell the same:

Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 30th day of April, 1906.

[COURT SEAL.] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

may 3 17

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Andy C. Hurt, H. E. No. 327, Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 19, Twp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Piclnski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Stena Gall, of Germantown, Minn.
Anton Kolski, " "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 4th, 1906, viz: Ole N. Olson, H. E. 218, Red Lake Series for the lots 7 and 8, Sec. 6, Twp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton J. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Anderson, " " " "
Gunder L. Steenerson, " " " "
John Dahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. 4,515, Chippewa Series, for the NE¼ of NW¼, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 28, and NE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 29, T. 156 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
Willie Helland, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, " "
Christ O. Saastad, of Ringbo, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Stena Gall, H. E. No. 844, Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 9, Twp. 154 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Piclnski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andy C. Hurt, " " "
Anton Kolski, of Germantown, "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Thom T. Bakken, H. E. No. 3230, Chippewa Series, for the NW¼ of Sec. 20, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Saave Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn.
Torald Tharaldson, " "
Tom Tharaldson, " "
Jacob Klungnes, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissoner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 4th, 1906, viz: John F. Dablow, H. E. 83, Red Lake Series for the SE¼, Sec. 12, Twp. 151 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Sorlom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Kaushajen, " " " "
Gunstein Knutson, " " " "
Andrew Trovaton, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 26-may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county, at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906, viz: Ellen Johnson, H. E. No. 7,943 for lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Phillips, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Hedlund, of Sorum, "
Agard Johnson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 june 7

Notice for Publication.

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Hedlund, of Sorum, Minn.
Oscar Mattson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "
John Philips, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 june 7

Subscribe for the News.

BY LIGHTNING BOLTS

SEVERAL PERSONS SUSTAIN INJURIES IN FIERCE STORM AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Four-Year-Old Wykoff Lad Enjoys Perilous Ride on Crossbar of a Freight Car Going at High Speed—Former President Bechtel of the Northwestern Life Insurance Company Acquitted of Charge of Misuse of Funds.

Minneapolis, May 13. — Captain Charles W. Osborn of engine company No. 23 was probably fatally injured and three other persons were seriously hurt by the terrific electric storms that swept the city yesterday afternoon and last evening. Not a ward in the city escaped the bombardment and there were many narrow escapes and property losses.

The injury to Captain Osborn occurred while he was returning to the engine house at Hennepin avenue and Thirty-fourth street. He had just been to a fire at 3434 Blaisdell avenue, where the lightning had fired an automobile shed, and was on the hosecart. Suddenly there was a blinding flash, accompanied by a deafening crash, and Captain Osborn fell limp against the driver of the hosecart. Lieutenant Hildreth, who was standing back of the seat with his shoulder against the captain, was stunned and knocked to the bottom of the cart. The driver was shocked, but kept his hold on the reins.

Lester Healey and Howard McMahon, boys who were bathing in the river at Thirty-eighth avenue north when the storm broke, sought shelter under a tree. Lightning struck the tree and both boys were seriously injured.

WILD RIDE UNDER CARS.

Four-Year-Old Travels Eight Miles on Crossbar.

Wykoff, Minn., May 12.—Four-year-old George Kuster has enjoyed one of the most amazing rides in railroad history. For eight miles, traveling at forty miles an hour and over one of the roughest bits of roadbed in Minnesota, the child was carried, absolutely unhurt, clinging to a crossrod between two box cars and under the coupling, his feet resting on the brakebeam. When rescued the boy was laughing.

George's extraordinary ride began here, where he escaped from his father, Professor George Kuster, and crawled beneath a freight train. A few minutes later the train pulled out. When the train disappeared it was found the child also had vanished.

Between Wykoff and Fountain, the next station, eight miles away, there is a steep down grade and a rough roadbed. Over these eight miles the child was whirled, resting between the cars, where he had ensconced himself in the Wykoff depot, and saved by some extraordinary chance from falling to death on the ties beneath.

At the Fountain siding the train came to a standstill and George, in the best of humor with the world, was found by Conductor William Plummer. The child was not even scratched and his white dress scarcely soiled.

BECHTEL IS ACQUITTED.

Jury at Minneapolis Brings In a Verdict of Not Guilty.

Minneapolis, May 12.—The jury in the W. F. Bechtel case has brought in a verdict of not guilty. Bechtel was charged with using the funds of the Northwestern Life Insurance company to pay his own personal debts and that he did not keep an account of the money used in such instances. The defendant was formerly president of the company and the specific charge against him was that he took $3,500 from the concern's treasury to pay a certain fee which he owed. The Bechtel trial was one of the shortest in the history of like cases in this state, lasting only five days.

Minnesota Territorial Pioneers.

St. Paul, May 12.—About 300 members of the Minnesota Territorial Pioneers' association met at the capitol during the day for their ninth annual convention. The morning session was devoted to memorial services in honor of departed pioneers. The old officers of the organization were all reelected. The list follows: President, Charles F. Staples, Dakota county; vice president, F. G. O'Brien, Minneapolis; vice president, E. W. Bazille, St. Paul; secretary, George H. Hazzard, St. Paul; treasurer, W. J. Dean, Minneapolis.

Child's Eye Scratched Out.

St. Paul, May 11.—Elizabeth, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hartigan, 2049 Carroll street, will lose the sight of her left eye, the result of an attack on her by a vicious rooster near her home. The fowl was approaching the house and the child ran to the sidewalk and tried to frighten it away. The rooster attacked the child, flying in her face and tearing her face with its spurs. The claws penetrated the child's eyes.

Minnesotans Meet Roosevelt.

Washington, May 11.—Governor Johnson, Captain L. A. Rosing, chairman of the state board of control, and C. J. Schulz, assistant superintendent of public instruction, all of Minnesota, were presented to the president during the day by Senator Nelson. The Minnesota officials are making a tour of the Eastern states on business for their commonwealth.

AFFECTS A LARGE AREA.

Minnesota Rate Case May Be Argued in Washington.

St. Paul, May 8.—The hearing before the interstate commerce commission at the federal building during the day developed into one of such importance during the progress of the testimony that Charles A. Prouty, representing the interstate commerce commission, announced after the testimony was taken that the matter is of sufficient importance to be argued before the entire commission at Washington. Upon the decision practically hinges the readjustment of interstate rates in reference to all cities and towns of importance in Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa. The hearing was on the petition of the village of Goodhue, which maintains that on the flat wheat rate to Chicago it is discriminated against in favor of Red Wing.

It developed at the hearing that a readjustment of the flat rate on wheat to Chicago from Goodhue, so as to put it on a parity with the Red Wing rate, would necessitate a lowering of rates along the railroad systems in Southern Minnesota and to a distance of 100 miles south of the Minnesota boundary in Iowa. Officials of the railroads declare that it would mean millions annually in loss of revenue.

Mr. Prouty stated that it would be impracticable for the commission to lower the Goodhue rate to meet the Red Wing rate unless the adjoining towns are given the same relief.

HIDDEN MANY YEARS AGO.

Farmers Find $140 in Gold While Cutting Wood.

St. Peter, Minn., May 11.—Seven $20 gold pieces which had been out of circulation for nearly half a century have been recovered by John and Charles Huber, two Lexington township farmers. The money was found in a large white ash log on the farm of Martin Millet, the Hubers coming across it while they were splitting cordwood.

As they were splitting a slab from the log they noticed a peculiar opening which aroused their curiosity and prompted them to make an investigation. Cutting down a few inches deeper they found a coin imbedded in the wood and when it was released out dropped $140 in gold. All appearances went to show that a hole had been bored in the tree trunk and plugged after the money had been placed inside the opening.

The latest date on the gold pieces is 1854 and it is supposed that they were secreted by some settler who was frightened out of the country during the Sioux Indian uprising of 1862.

BUSINESS INTERESTS SUFFER.

Marine Strike Seriously Affected Iron Range Towns.

Duluth, May 10.—The marine strike, which has just been called off, was beginning to be severely felt in the Mesaba range towns and had it lasted through this month there would have been many discouraged merchants and other business interests would have suffered severely. Already merchants on the range had begun to curtail their orders from the jobbers and in this manner were the effects of the strike beginning to be reflected in Duluth.

A large number of men who had been laid off at the docks will soon be regularly employed. Their services will be in greater demand now.

BLOWS HIS HEAD OFF.

S. W. Southard of Anoka, Minn., Found Dead in Neighbor's Barn.

Anoka, Minn., May 14.—S. W. Southard, father of Dr. Flora L. F. Aldrich, shot himself here. He left the house in the afternoon, taking a double-barrelled shotgun with him. When he did not return in the evening search was instituted, and about midnight his body was found in a neighbor's barn.

The old man had placed the muzzle of the gun in his mouth and discharged both barrels. The top of his head was blown completely off. Mr. Southard was born in New York and had lived in Anoka about twelve years. Depression on account of ill health is thought to be the cause.

Minnesota Pythians.

Minneapolis, May 9.—The grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, opened its thirty-fourth annual convention here with 250 members from different parts of the state in attendance, and Thomas H. Hinsline, after being installed as grand chancellor, presided at the opening session. C. S. Bartram of St. Paul was elected grand chancellor. Other officers were elected as follows: G. V. C., William Mallgren, St. Peter; G. P., Rev. Carl R. Taylor, Fergus Falls; G. K. R. S., Fred E. Wheaton, Minneapolis; G. M. E., Charles W. Farrell, Minneapolis; G. M. A., David Fisher, Montevideo; G. I. G., Harry C. Higgins, Albert Lea; G. O. G., Joseph Kahn, Faribault; grand trustee, William R. Hodges, Sleepy Eye.

Boy Killed in Elevator.

Duluth, May 9.—Tony Runca, aged fifteen years, a messenger in the employ of the Western Union, was fatally injured during the day by a freight elevator in the O'Brien & Knowlton block. He was off duty at the time and alone in the elevator. It is supposed that he started the lift himself and lost control of it. He was caught between the car and one of the floors and terribly crushed.

Woman Trampled to Death.

Houston, Minn., May 12.—Lightning struck a new barn belonging to Joe Orr. In attempting to get the horses out of the barn Mrs. Orr was knocked down by the horses, trampled on and killed. She was forty years old.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

The new Russian parliament was opened by Emperor Nicholas Thursday in the winter palace at St. Petersburg and the proceedings passed off without a hitch. The speech from the throne was brief, only requiring three minutes for its delivery. It expressed the emperor's wish that relief be given to the peasants in their present unfortunate condition and called on the members of parliament to put their hearts into their work and to co-operate with him in solving the present problems of Russia and in handing down a united and prosperous empire to his successor.

A band of twenty-four Pulajanes, having five rifles and other weapons, entered Inabangan, island of Samar, killing one and wounding seven residents, burning and looting thirty-six houses and taking over twenty residents prisoners. Troops, constabulary, policemen and volunteers are pursuing the band.

The mystery of the fate of Father Gapon, the Russian labor leader, apparently has been cleared up by the discovery of a corpse which has almost positively been identified as that of the former priest hanging in the upper chamber of a lonely villa in the summer suburb of Ozerki, Finland.

While Police Captain Constantinoff was standing on the street at St. Petersburg with two policemen and four soldiers a young man threw a bomb into the group. The explosion of the bomb literally tore Captain Constantinoff to pieces and severely wounded a policeman and six other persons.

In addition to the accusation against Maxim Gorky of engaging in a political propaganda in Russia the procurator general has charged him with participation in the December uprising at St. Petersburg and it is rumored that his extradition from the United States will be asked for.

All the Socialist members of the Italian chamber of deputies have resigned as a result of the refusal of the chamber to discuss the bill presented by their party providing for the regulation of the use of arms on the part of the police and troops.

Vice Admiral Kuzmich, commander of the port of St. Petersburg, who was very unpopular with the workmen, was assassinated Monday at the government admiralty works. The assassin escaped.

The Turkish government has accepted the demands of Great Britain in regard to the Tabah boundary question and Turkish troops have evacuated the territory claimed by the British.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The government has filed in the circuit court of the United States for the district of Indiana a petition for an injunction against the Proprietary Association of America, the National Wholesale Druggists' association and the National Association of Retail Druggists, comprising what is commonly known as the drug trust. The parties defendant specifically named in the bill are charged with voluntarily combining together to control the prices at which proprietary medicines and drugs shall be sold to the consumer through the retail druggists in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Reports have reached the state department of the organization of another revolutionary movement directed against the government of President Caceres of Santo Domingo. It is understood that the island of Porto Rico is the base of operations and it is supposed that ex-Presidents Morales and Jiminez are the leaders of the movement.

President Roosevelt has issued a statement denying many of the charges made by Mr. Tillman in the senate Saturday. He declares emphatically that he was not trying to dictate any particular programme or action.

The state department has received the following cablegram from the American consul at Hankow, China: "Immense flood in Hunan province. Great loss of life and property. All foreigners safe."

Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister at Washington, has received a cablegram stating that Aldolfo Altamirano, the Nicaraguan minister for foreign affairs, has been assassinated.

The supreme court of the United States has denied the petition for a rehearing in the Chicago traction cases.

Speaker Cannon was seventy years old Monday.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Joseph A. Wheelock, editor of the St. Paul Pioneer Press and for years a conspicuous figure in American journalism, is dead, aged seventy-five years. The exhaustion of the return trip from California, where he had been spending the winter months, is given as the cause of death.

Carl Schurz, widely known as a publicist and former cabinet member, is dead in New York city, aged seventy-six years. Death was due to a complication of diseases following an attack of stomach trouble.

Colonel Frank D. Powell, a famous Indian scout known as "White Beaver," died of heart disease on a train eastbound from Los Angeles.

Ignatius Batory, a Hungarian patriot and contemporary and friend of Louis Kossuth, is dead at Catonsville, a suburb of Baltimore.

Rev. Henry E. Sewall, for fifty-three years a Methodist preacher, is dead at Evansville, Wis. He was seventy-three years old.

Edwin Burritt Smith, one of the best known lawyers in Chicago, is dead.

ANATOMY OF AN OYSTER.

The Bivalve's Organs and Where They Are Located.

Every oyster has a mouth, a heart, a liver, a stomach and other necessary internal organs, including a set of cunningly devised intestines. The mouth is at the small end of the oyster's body, near the hinge of the shell. It is oval in shape, and, though not readily discovered by an unpracticed eye, it may be easily located by gently pushing a blunt bodkin or similar instrument along the folds of the surface of the body at the place mentioned. Connected with the mouth is the canal which the oyster uses in conveying food to the stomach, from whence it passes into the curious little set of netted and twisted intestines referred to in the opening.

To discover the heart of an oyster the fold of flesh which oystermen call the "mantle" must be removed. This is fatal to the oyster, of course, but in the interest of science and for the benefit of the "curious" it is occasionally done. When the mantle has been removed the heart, shaped like a crescent or horned moon, is laid to the view. The oyster's heart is made up of two parts, just like that of a human being, one of which receives the blood from the gills and the other drives it out through the arteries. The liver is found in the immediate vicinity of the heart and stomach and is a queer shaped little organ, which is supposed to perform all the functions of a blood filter.

JAVA'S ISLAND OF FIRE.

It Is Really a Lake of Boiling, Bubbling Mud and Slime.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated "Gheko Kamdka Gumko," or "Home of the Hot Devils," known to the world as the Island of Fire. This geological singularity is really a lake of boiling mud situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogana and is called an island because the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it gives it that appearance. The "island" is about two miles in circumference, and is situated at a distance of almost exactly fifty miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft, hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and the again quickly withdrawn. Besides the phenomenon of the boiling mud columns there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions, the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In time past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall spirelike column of baked mud on the west edge of the lake which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime.

EYEGLASSES.

How to Put Them on and Take Them Off Properly.

There is nothing which more completely changes the effect of a pair of eyeglasses than the habit of crowding them on the nose with one hand. The best efforts at fitting and adjusting are all brought to naught by a person who has acquired that habit.

The proper way to take off glasses is to take hold of the bridge and lift off gently without dragging or pulling out of shape. To take off spectacles take hold of the right temple with the right hand and lift it off the ear. Then turn the head to the right and the left temple will fall off easily.

The average wearer of glasses when he is cleaning them takes hold of the bridge. The consequence is that he gradually works the bridge out of shape, and every rub he gives the lens gives a twist to the bridge, and in course of time the bridge or the lens breaks when he least expects it. There are probably more glasses broken in this way than any other.

The correct way to clean them is to take hold of one of the eye pieces where the glass is screwed on the outer edge and clean the lens, and then reverse the glasses, take it by the other end piece and repeat the process on that lens.

She Didn't Sleep Well.

A woman who lives in an inland town, while going to a convention in a distant city, spent one night of the journey on board a steamboat. It was the first time she had ever traveled by water. She reached her journey's end extremely fatigued. To a friend who remarked it she replied:

"Yes, I'm tired to death. I don't know that I care to travel by water again. I read the card in my stateroom about how to put the life preserver on, and I thought I understood it, but I guess I didn't. Somehow I couldn't go to sleep with the thing on."—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Judge's Advice.

Recently a retired English judge was asked what was the most prominent conviction that remained with him after his long judicial experience, and he is said to have replied, "That every means should be tried for the settlement of a dispute before it be taken to the law courts."

Her Dilemma.

Young Matron—Why so pensive, dear? Angelina—I'm desperate! Will adores me in pale pink, while Max says I'm an angel in blue. I can't have but one gown, so you see my whole future depends on the color I select. It is sending me crazy.—London Tit-Bits.

Courage is resistance to fear, mastery of fear—not absence of fear.

TRIP TO A FIXED STAR.

Would Be a Long Journey Even With Transportation Facilities.

There is a perpetual fascination about the stars and the immense distances at which they lie from one another and from us. To demonstrate the vast distance of Centauri from this planet a popular scientist gives the following illustration in London Answers: "We shall suppose that some wealthy directors, for want of outlet for their energy and capital, construct a railway to Centauri. We shall neglect for the present the engineering difficulties, a mere detail, and suppose them overcome and the railway open for traffic. We shall go further and suppose that the directors have found the construction of such a railway to have been peculiarly easy and that the proprietors of interstellar space had not been exorbitant in their terms for right of way.

"Therefore, with a view to encourage traffic, the directors have made the fare exceedingly moderate—viz, first class at 1 penny per hundred miles. Desiring to take advantage of these facilities, a gentleman, by way of providing himself with small change for the journey, buys up the national debt of Britain and a few other countries and, presenting himself at the office, demands a first class single fare to Centauri.

"For this he tenders in payment the price of the ticket, £1,100,000,000.

"Having taken his seat, it occurs to him to ask:

"'At what rate do you travel?'

"'Sixty miles an hour, sir, including stoppages,' is the answer.

"'Then when shall we reach Centauri?'

"'In 48,663,000 years, sir!'"

HENRY BELL'S COMET.

The First Steamer That Plied For Hire In Great Britain.

Among the curiosities of advertising may surely be placed the first advertisement of the first steamer that plied for hire in Great Britain—namely, Henry Bell's Comet. Thus ran the advertisement in the Glasgow Courier of 1812:

"Steam passage boat, the Comet, between Glasgow, Greenock and Helensburg. For passengers only. The subscriber having at much expense fitted up a handsome vessel to ply upon the river Clyde between Glasgow and Greenock—to sail by the power of wind, air and steam—he intends that the vessel shall leave the Broomielaw on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays about midday or at such time thereafter as may answer from the state of the tide and to leave Greenock on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays in the morning to suit the tide. The elegance, comfort, safety and speed of this vessel require only to be proved to meet the approbation of the public, and the proprietor is determined to do everything in his power to merit public encouragement. The terms are for the present 4 shillings for the best cabin and 3 shillings for the second, but beyond these rates nothing is to be allowed to servants or any other person employed about the vessel."

What would poor neglected Henry Bell have said could he have seen his humble little Comet, of whose elegance, comfort and speed he was so proud, alongside a modern ocean racer or one of the latest palatial river steamers of the Clyde or Thames, all so well advertised?—Chambers' Journal.

Why Timothy Grass Is So Called.

The forage grass known to the farmers of the United States as timothy is so called because first introduced and extensively cultivated in this country by one Timothy Hanson, a farmer of Maryland. This species of grass is well known in England and all over western continental Europe, where it is grown extensively by most farmers between the Mediterranean and the North seas. The botanical name of this grass is Phleum pratense. Timothy is known in the British isles as cat's tail grass and in several of our eastern states as herd, or herd's, grass. It was grown in large quantities in Maryland and Pennsylvania long before a spear of it had ever been seen in England, the first seed of it ever seen in the last named country being imported from America.

The "If" Is Rather Important.

Here's something that may save your life when a bull gets after you: When a bull charges, just before the final lurch he shuts his eyes, and if you have the presence of mind to stand stock still until he is about two or three feet from you all you have to do is to step aside, and he misses you. Any child with sufficient presence of mind to do this can let a bull charge all day with perfect safety. This is not a new thing, as it is one of the secrets of the bullfighter in the countries where the sport is practiced. The bullfighters say that a cow does not do this, and they would never try any such tricks with a mad cow.

Their Annoyances.

Neighbor—I called to say that you must keep your dog from barking. He won't let our baby sleep. Householder—I'm glad you called. I wanted to say that if you don't keep your baby from crying I shall have to enter a complaint. It annoys my dog awfully.

Works Like Magic.

Caller—Have you ever known any cures effected by what they call suggestion? Mrs. Hewjams—Oh, yes; I once cured Willie of a violent toothache by suggesting that he go to the dentist's and have the tooth extracted.—Chicago Tribune.

Naturally.

Knicker—There goes a man who would rather fight than eat. Bocker—Soldier? Knicker—No; dyspeptic.—Watson's Magazine.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, June 6th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He *treats all curable* medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. B. DORAN,

304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.	....Crookston....	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar.	Red Lake Falls ..	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.	....St. Hilaire....	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	....Middle River ...	Lv 2:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	....Greenbush....	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

REPORT IS NOW DENIED

Stated That Insurance Rates Will Not Be Raised Any Higher.

Losses in California Disaster Such That Lowering Is Impossible.

The recent report that fire insurance rates in Minnesota and North Dakota would be increased as a result of the heavy losses in San Francisco and other California points, following the earthquake shocks, appears not to have been well founded. Insurance Commissioner T. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, does not think the losses of the companies in San Francisco will result in an increase in rates. He thinks the excellent showing made by most of the companies during the past year will enable them to increase their surplus without raising the rates. However, all prospects of a substantial decrease in rates are set at naught by the heavy losses the insurance companies doing a general business in the United States will experience as a result of the San Francisco calamity. According to the St. Paul man, there has been an insistent demand from all the Northwestern states for the lowering of rates. Especially is this true as to Fargo and Grand Forks, where the excellent fire records of the past two years seem to warrant a reduction.

Last year was a particularly good year for the fire companies. The loss ratio was low and there was a general prosperity for all the principal companies. Just before the disaster, it is intimated, the large companies were considering a substantial decrease in rates throughout the country; but the San Francisco experience will make the companies tighten up so that no reduction is likely to take place for years.

There are many lessons to be learned from the effect of the catastrophe on the general business of the companies. It shows what a necessity there is for a large surplus, generally known as reinsurance reserve. This has been brought home to the companies forcibly.

IVERSON'S OPINION.

Says Mill Machinery Should Be Assessed as Real Estate.

On request of City Assessor E. M. Lancaster, of Crookston, County Auditor N. A. Hoffard communicated with State Auditor Iverson as to whether machinery installed in mills or light plants was to be assessed as personal property or real estate. There was some doubt in the mind of Mr. Lancaster as to just which class this line of property would come under and, in order that there would be no mistake after the work had been completed, he thought best to have the opinion of the state auditor.

In his answer Mr. Iverson states that it can and is assessed all over the state in either class, but that, in his opinion, it would come under real estate in cases where the machinery is attached to the building.

SHORTAGE OF LABORERS

Wages Are the Highest and Yet Demand Cannot Be Filled.

Never before in the history of the northwest has there been such a shortage of labor as exists at present, and this condition is true in spite of the fact that wages now offered by Minneapolis labor employment offices are at record breaking figures.

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

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FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS
FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

For Sale at Public
AUCTION

At L. Ulstad Farm, Section 2, Twp. 153, Rg. 43, 2 Miles Southeast of Thief River Falls,

SATURDAY, MAY 26th, 1906,
At 11 o'Clock A. M.

5 Young and good Milch Cows; 2 fresh.
2 Heifers, 1½ year old.
1 Bull, 1½ year old, and 1 Bull 1 year old.
1 Mare, 11 years old, weight about 1,400 pounds.
1 Horse, 16 years old, weight about 1,100 pounds.
1 set of new harnesses.
1 Sow, 1½ years old, and 1 Sow 6 months old.
25 Pullets and a flock of spring Chickens.

Machinery.
1 new Kentucky Shoe Drill, good as new.
1 lever steel Harrow, 2 sections.
1 Deere Walking Plow.
1 Cultivator, new.
1 Deering Mower, in running order.
1 Hay Rake, a good one.
1 double box Wagon.
1 Bob Sleigh.
1 single seat Top Buggy and 1 double seat Buggy.
A Grind Stone, a lot of carpenter tools, saws, plains, etc., and many other articles.

Household Goods.
2 stoves, 1 extension table, a valuable cupboard, a new kitchen sink, a couch, a writing desk and book case combined, a sewing machine (White), good as new; 1 Alfa No. 1 De Laval cream separator, some good home-made carpets, 1 bed room set, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.
Five or six loads dry wood and some hay and flax straw.

TERMS: Amounts under $10, cash; over $10, bankable paper. A discount of 5 per cent will be given to parties paying cash on purchases of $10 or over.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON

L. ULSTAD, Owner. CHAS. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

Chas. E. Kirk
Practical House Painter . . and Decorator . .
Paper-Hanging and tinting, Hardwood Finishing and Graining a Specialty
Second Door South of City Hall

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1906 NUMBER 21

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

A DIFFERENT STORY TOLD

Alex McKenzie Now Admits That He Was Up in Roseau County.

Still Denies That He Is Guilty of Murdering John Stuart.

Alex McKenzie, the young man accused of the murder of John Stuart up near Wannaska, in Roseau county, now tells a somewhat different story. At first he claimed that he never had been in Roseau county, but now admits that he was. His story regarding the affair is as follows:

"I first knew the man who called himself John Stuart in Montana. His name is Henry Isacks and he was widely known as "Dutch Henry." He was a cattle rustler. I met him again last fall in Ardoch, N. D., and he told me that I would have to know him as John Stuart, as there was a reward of $300 offered for his arrest. At Ardoch we fell in with William Stephens, who had run a blind pig at that place, and Dutch Henry and I went with him to his claim in Roseau county. Henry was illiterate and I did all his correspondence for him. I wrote the letter that brought him the $100 on Dec. 30th. While we stopped with Stephens, I caused a letter to be sent to the sheriff of the county in Montana where Henry was wanted, inquiring if the reward was still good for Isacks. The letter was signed 'Bill Smith.' It was answered by the sheriff, who stated that the reward was still up for Isacks. This is how, I suppose, they say I got letters by the name of Smith at Wannaska. I showed the letter to the Feeneys, whom I knew in Dakota, and to Stephens and the postmaster at Wannaska. We decided not to mix up with the matter. Henry and Stephens went to Wannaska Dec. 30, and got the registered letter. That night Henry gave me $25.00 and told me to meet him at Ardoch, that I should stay a day or two with Stephens and he would go to Middle River and take the train the next day. The next morning Dutch Henry and Stephens went away together, Stephens taking his rifle with him. After a while I took the shot gun and went over to Feeney's. Both guns shot cartridges loaded with shot. Feeney was not at home and, after hunting awhile, I returned and found Stephens at home. I left the next day, taking the stage to Roseau, and from there went to Dakota."

The prisoner is a clean-cut, bright, *intelligent* young man, 27 years of age, and does not bear the appearance of a criminal. He disclaimed any knowledge of the killing of the man called Stuart. McKenzie does not show the least nervousness, but treats the charge against him seriously. He realizes that he is up against it and will have to fight for life. R. H. Medicraft is his attorney and, while the young man has no money, he hopes to get assistance from his relatives, who live at Prince Edward Island. His story of the departure of himself and Stuart from Stephens's home does not materially differ from the story told by Stephens.

Line Was Busy.

It is related that in a certain telephone office one of the "hello" girls was habitually late in arriving at the office mornings and the manager had repeatedly pleaded with her to be more punctual. Her tardiness however, continued till he was moved to try other methods. One morning as she came in late, he presented her with a little package. "Now, I have a scheme which I hope will enable you to arrive at the office on time. Promise me that you'll use it," he said. The young woman promptly thanked him and solemnly promised. That night she showed her present to her friends and, after glibly explaining its usefulness, she wound it and set the alarm for 7 a. m. At that hour the next morning the clock rung up like an old time subscriber, but the sleepy hello female just opened one eye and said in a dulcet tone: "Line busy; ring up later."

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at the Court-house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day to consider and act upon a petition now on file in the office of the Auditor of said County, signed by 2,006 of the legal voters of said County, praying that the County seat of said County be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

This meeting is called pursuant to an order and judgment of the District Court in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF RED LAKE, MINNESOTA, By Daniel Shaw, Chairman.

THE PUMP DISAPPEARED

The Bottom of a Well Fell Out at Fertile Last Week.

Attributed to the Earthquake in the Pacific Coast Section.

Fertile, Minn., May 18.—During the past week and since the 'Frisco earthquake, some unnatural phenomena have happened around here. West of here some artesian wells have stopped flowing. The most curious, however, is what happened to the well belonging to Tom Stevenson, of this place. One of his boys was playing near the well and saw the pump suddenly disappear. Upon investigation it was found that the platform and some forty feet of curbing had completely disappeared, not a timber, or portion of a timber, remaining to be seen. Only the iron pump shows. It left a large hole, cut straight down, about twelve feet across and twenty-five feet deep. The hole is larger at the bottom than at the top. What the cause of such a sinking was is a conundrum, many believing it to be an after-effect of the earthquake.—St. Paul Dispatch.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

ATHLETES NOW LISTED

Those Who Will Take Part in the Field Meet Here on May 26.

One Protest Entered Against a Red Lake Falls Boy.

Secretary N. A. Thoreson of the Red River Valley Interscholastic Athletic Association has received the list of candidates for honors at the Field Meet that will be held by the association on May 26th, at Thief River Falls, from the superintendents of the various schools that will take part. Five have sent in the names of their sturdy young fellows who will contend and it is expected that others, including Fertile and some schools on the north line, will enter later.

But one protest has been received as yet from the schools to any of the candidates to take part and that one was registered by East Grand Forks, who contend that Ralph Healy of Red Lake Falls is ineligible. It is understood that he has graduated, but that he is still attending school. The matter will be brought before the board of control, which will undoubtedly meet in Crookston in the near future by a call from President Chamberlain, of Red Lake Falls. The board is made up of E. D. Chamberlain, Red Lake Falls; Joseph Schell, Warren; R. C. Burnet, East Grand Forks, and N. A. Thoreson, of Crookston. Fertile and Thief River Falls have not as yet selected their member.

The list of the student entries as filed with Secretary Thoreson is as follows:

Warren—Ingolf Grindeland, Otto Bystrom, Levi Anderson, Joe Schell, Arthur McDonald, John Bren, Albert Johnson, Harry Thomas, Bernard Carlson, Arthur Bratrud, Chas. Moulton, Thos. Gratzek, Joe Stacks, Clain McDonald, Phillip Philstrom, Henning Smith, Frank Vavina, Ralph Lind, Everett Evans, Simon Radquist, Ed. Bren, Wm. Wattam.

[illegible] Harry Garceau, Bert LaFerriere, Orson Doe, Joseph Toupin, Ernest Toupin, Roy Beak, Walter Buse, Paul Brunelle, John Richard, Theo. Steinert, Theo. Garceau, Clement LaBissiones.

Crookston—Harry Turner, Harold Miller, Arnold Hamel, Erskine Vance, Albert Lommen, Ray Ross, Ray Monroe, Leslie Raff, Walter Robertson, Erwine Heydte, Norman McKenzie, Trueman Anderson, Ralph Lycan, Harry Burkhardt, Tenny Peterson, Geo. Rauenbuehler, Ole Hagen, Ed. Hagen, Erwin Burkhardt, John Wallace.

Thief River Falls—Colin McNiven, Ernest O'Neil, Geo. Posten, Geo. Schuster, Stafford Curran.

East Grand Forks—John Zipoy, Mike Zipoy, Ed. McIlraith, Mike Martin, Oscar Banik, Tom Rantie, Capt.

BY JUNE 1.

Creamery in the New Town of Deer Park Will Be Running Then.

A. W. Smith, of Fosston, shipped a complete creamery outfit up the Red Lake river the first of the week. The creamery is to be built in the town of Deer Park, Red Lake county, and is owned by a number of farmers living in that vicinity. It is expected to have it completed and in running order by the first of June.

The farmers up in that section own a large number of cows and the new creamery will have plenty of cream from the start, which insures that it will be a success. When it is taken into consideration that Deer Park has been settled but a short time, the farmers there are showing great progress.

SOLD A CAR LOAD.

Segerstrom Piano Company Sell Thirteen Pianos in a Week.

The Segerstrom Piano company, of Minneapolis, last week shipped a car load of pianos to Thief River Falls—thirteen in number—and in just one week's time disposed of the whole car load. They expect to return in a short time with another car, having a number of additional sales in view. The sale of this number of pianos in so short a time would indicate that the people of Thief River Falls are prosperous.

Delegates Elected.

At a meeting of the Epworth League held last week the following delegates were elected to represent Thief River Falls at the convention to be held at Fergus Falls on June 15, 16 and 17: Irene Caldwell, Edith, Hazel and Willie Prichard, A. L. Anderson, Miss Wilhelm, Willis Akre, Flora Berg, Katherine Dene, Iona Higgins and Fanny Ray-

CIRCUS IS NOT COMING

Great Northern Does Not Consider Track in Good Condition.

Refused to Bring Sells-Floto Circus to Thief River Falls.

The small boy does not feel at all friendly towards the Great Northern railroad these days, because of the refusal of the management of this company to bring the great Sells-Floto circus to this city. The circus appears in Crookston on May 31 and was to have appeared here on June 1. A representative of the Sells-Floto shows was in Thief River Falls last Saturday and made contracts with a large number of people for provisions, advertising, etc., and leased grounds near the fair grounds for exhibition purposes. On Monday, however, the Great Northern railroad notified the circus people that, owing to the condition of the track in the vicinity of Red Lake Falls, it would be unsafe to bring the heavy cars of the circus up over this line, and refused to grant permission.

A representative of the show, however, says that it is quite possible that the show will appear here in August. The circus is going to the Pacific coast over the Great Northern and will return east over the Canadian Pacific, and will probably run down from Winnipeg over the Soo line.

A GOOD SHOWING.

St. Hilaire Creamery Paid During Month of April $2,582.32 for Cream.

Treasurer Gustafson, of the St. Hilaire creamery, on Monday paid out to 108 patrons of that institution the sum of $2,582.32. The price paid for butter fat was not as much as usual, being only 19¼ cents per pound. The settlement was for cream brought to the institution during the month of April. Hubert Haupt received the largest check, being paid $52.

Metropolitan Greenbush.

Greenbush is fast becoming a model metropolitan city. In addition to a band and fire department, the town now has a lid. The village council, in meeting assembled, moved and passed an ordinance regulating the sale of liquors in the village of Greenbush. The new ruling went into effect Saturday night and came as a surprise to everyone. From 11 o'clock on Saturday nights til 5 o'clock Monday morning the saloons must be closed and all blinds and other obstructions removed from the windows and on other nights the saloons must close at eleven o'clock.

Big Suit Started.

Attorney-General Young has commenced suit for the State of Minnesota against the Western Union Telegraph company to recover $28,191 taxes for 1905, the company having refused to pay. The tax was on a property valuation of $1,000,000, fixed by the state board of equalization.

Here's Hoping.

Thief River enthusiasts are trying to get up a band in that city. This is about the 'steenth time they have tried to have a first-class band, but never have been able to make it go. Here's hoping, though.—Greenbush Journal.

LOCAL MEN GET CONTRACT

For Building Additions to the Central and Knox School Buildings.

Work of Building Has Already Been Commenced.

F. S. Doege & Co., local contractors and builders, secured the contract for building the additions to the Central and Knox schools last Friday afternoon, their bid for doing the work being the cheapest. They have already commenced work upon the job and hope to have it completed early in the summer.

The following were the bids for doing the building.

F. S. Doege & Co.—Central school, $5,990; Knox school, $7,495.

H. L. Larson & Co.—Central school, $7,532; Knox school, $9,068.

C. M. Wilson—Knox school $8,137.

N. Bergwald—Knox school, $9,995.

The bids for the plumbing and heating of these buildings were as follows:

Crookston Plumbing & Heating Company—Central school; plumbing, $700; heating, $2,000; Knox school; heating, $1,970.

Thief River Falls Heating & Plumbing company—Central school; plumbing, $638; heating, $2,240; Knox school; heating, $2,282.

A. O. Espe—Central school; plumbing, $610; heating, $2,274; Knox school; heating, $2,274.

Warren Machine and Plumbing company—Central school; plumbing, $675; heating, $2,277; Knox school, $2,324.

McMillen, Wingerden & Lee—Central school; plumbing, 620; heating, $2,482; Knox school, $2,500.

MEETING CALLED.

County Commissioners to Meet Upon an Order of the Court.

As will be noticed by an official notice in another column, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county will hold a meeting on the 11th day of June and decide the matter of calling an election to vote upon the removal of the county seat. At an expense of a thousand or more dollars, Red Lake Falls has succeeded in keeping the matter in the courts for about a year. The tactics that have been employed by Red Lake Falls thus far in the matter have not been such as to win any sentiment in favor of retaining the county seat there. In fact, in the minds of people who believe in a square deal and fair play they have lost greatly. Had Red Lake Falls been willing to fight in a fair manner and allowed the matter to come before the voters at once, they might have won, but now sentiment is so strong against the down-river town that they can not hope to win. In the long run it pay to be square.

Grading Finished.

John Turner, who has had a contract to do a mile of grading on the extension, has completed his contract and is helping Contractor Robinson finish his work. After they are through they will ship their tools to Dakota, where they have secured another contract. Mr. Turner stated to us that the grade between here and Roseau would be completed this week and that track laying would begin at once.—Greenbush Journal.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

See Our New Nash Outing Hats, 50c to $1.25.

Stylish Summer Shirt Waists,

Convenient garments, in fact the most convenient of all Woman's wearing apparel.
We have a large stock, the largest we ever had.
We want you to see the white wash waists we are showing. White is universal. We can sell you a white waist cheaper than it can be made at home.

Stylish Waist of linen 50c to $1.25
Shrunk cotton Waist, embroidered front, 50c to $1.50
Beautiful Waist of dotted Swiss, $1.25 to $1.50
Fancy Waist, 50c to $6.50

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.
DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS.
FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.
ICE CREAM,
HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

REPORT IS NOW DENIED

Stated That Insurance Rates Will Not Be Raised Any Higher.

Losses in California Disaster Such That Lowering Is Impossible.

The recent report that fire insurance rates in Minnesota and North Dakota would be increased as a result of the heavy losses in San Francisco and other California points, following the earthquake shocks, appears not to have been well founded. Insurance Commissioner T. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, does not think the losses of the companies in San Francisco will result in an increase in rates. He thinks the excellent showing made by most of the companies during the past year will enable them to increase their surplus without raising the rates. However, all prospects of a substantial decrease in rates are set at naught by the heavy losses the insurance companies doing a general business in the United States will experience as a result of the San Francisco calamity. According to the St. Paul man, there has been an insistent demand from all the Northwestern states for the lowering of rates. Especially is this true as to Fargo and Grand Forks, where the excellent fire records of the past two years seem to warrant a reduction.

Last year was a particularly good year for the fire companies. The loss ratio was low and there was a general prosperity for all the principal companies. Just before the disaster, it is intimated, the large companies were considering a substantial decrease in rates throughout the country; but the San Francisco experience will make the companies tighten up so that no reduction is likely to take place for years.

There are many lessons to be learned from the effect of the catastrophe on the general business of the companies. It shows what a necessity there is for a large surplus, generally known as reinsurance reserve. This has been brought home to the companies forcibly.

IVERSON'S OPINION.

Says Mill Machinery Should Be Assessed as Real Estate.

On request of City Assessor E. M. Lancaster, of Crookston, County Auditor N. A. Hoffard communicated with State Auditor Iverson as to whether machinery installed in mills or light plants was to be assessed as personal property or real estate. There was some doubt in the mind of Mr. Lancaster as to just which class this line of property would come under and, in order that there would be no mistake after the work had been completed, he thought best to have the opinion of the state auditor.

In his answer Mr. Iverson states that it can and is assessed all over the state in either class, but that, in his opinion, it would come under real estate in cases where the machinery is attached to the building.

SHORTAGE OF LABORERS

Wages Are the Highest and Yet Demand Cannot Be Filled.

Never before in the history of the northwest has there been such a shortage of labor as exists at present, and this condition is true in spite of the fact that wages now offered by Minneapolis labor employment offices are at record breaking figures.

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PERL W. MABEY,
Clerk.

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Second Door South of First State Bank.

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FOR THE MONEY

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Chas. E. Kirk
Practical House Painter

For Sale at Public
AUCTION
At L. Ulstad Farm, Section 2, Twp. 153, Rg. 43, 2 Miles
Southeast of Thief River Falls,
SATURDAY, MAY 26th, 1906,
At 11 o'Clock A. M.

5 Young and good Milch Cows; 2 fresh.
2 Heifers, 1½ year old.
1 Bull, 1½ year old, and 1 Bull 1 year old.
1 Mare, 11 years old, weight about 1,400 pounds.
1 Horse, 16 years old, weight about 1,100 pounds.
1 set of new harnesses.
1 Sow, 1½ years old, and 1 Sow 6 months old.
25 Pullets and a flock of spring Chickens.

Machinery.
1 new Kentucky Shoe Drill, good as new.
1 lever steel Harrow, 2 sections.
1 Deere Walking Plow.
1 Cultivator, new.
1 Deering Mower, in running order.
1 Hay Rake, a good one.
1 double box Wagon.
1 Bob Sleigh.
1 single seat Top Buggy and 1 double seat Buggy.
A Grind Stone, a lot of carpenter tools, saws, plains, etc., and many other articles.

Household Goods.
2 stoves, 1 extension table, a valuable cupboard, a new kitchen sink, a couch, a writing desk and book case combined, a sewing machine (White), good as new; 1 Alfa No. 1 De Laval cream separator, some good home-made carpets, 1 bed room set, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.
Five or six loads dry wood and some hay and flax straw.

TERMS: Amounts under $10, cash; over $10, bankable paper. A discount of 5 per cent will be given to parties paying cash on purchases of $10 or over.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON

L. ULSTAD, Owner.
CHAS. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

Supplement to Thief River Falls News, May 17, 1906.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Proceedings of the Board at Their Meeting Held on May 7 and 8, 1906.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
May 7, 1906.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 230 of the laws for 1905, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county met in special session at the court house at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of P. A. Ekstrom and others for the establishment and construction of County Ditch No. 25 in said county and the Engineer's and Viewers' report thereon.

Commissioners Ekstrom, Jonnson, Shaw and Falardeau were present.

Commissioner Demaun, absent.

herein referred to; and that in case of appeal from this order, or in case of any postponement or delay in determining the amount of damages due to any persons or corpocations, the warrant in favor of such persons or corporations shall not be issued until the final determination thereof.

Given under our hands this seventh day of May, A. D., 1906. By the Board,

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners, of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

The vote on the foregoing order was as follows: Aye, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau.

No, None.

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

---

ed Lake Falls, Minnesota,
May 8, 1906.

ounty commissioners met in
he court house at nine o'clock

Ekstrom, Johnson, Shaw and

he special meeting of March 6
d approved.

E. K. Gjeuns and others for a
in the towns of Highlanding
me up for hearing and after
same, on motion carried unani-
n was rejected.

T. A. Bergedal and Elling
to be set off with their lands
ict No. 35 to School District No.
earing and were read. After
said petitions, on motion car-
the same were rejected.

of Christ Moe, Helmer Os-
rry for abatement of personal
the year 1905 were on motion
ted subject to the approval of

of Henry Reese for correction
abatement of real estate taxes
was on motion duly carried,
the approval of the state aud-

of the village of St. Hilaire for
rom the County Road & Bridge
on carried unanimously laid on

of the town of Terrebonne
n from the County Road and
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Johnson offered the following
ved its adoption:
the sum of $200.00 be and is
ted from the County Road and
the town of Garnes in grading
tween sections 8 and 17 and 9

resolution was unanimously

esolution offered by Commis-
as unanimously adopted:
the sum of $100.00 be and is
ted from the County Road &
the town of Black River in re-
ay between sections 5 and 6 and

carried an auctioneer's license
grald Husby.

resolution offered by Commis-
nd seconded by Commissioner
opted unanimously:
he following sums be and are
ted from the County Road and
d the towns hereinafter named
a highway through said towns
e running east and west one
south boundary line of said
town of North Star, town of
n of Clover Leaf $100 and town

resolution offered by Commis-
s unanimously adopted.
he sum of $100 be and is hereby
the County Road and Bridge
construction of approaches to
he Clearwater river in section
North of range 40 west.
resented to the Board signed by
d others for new school dis-
on duly carried an order was
of hearing on same for May 29.

by John F. Busse asking to
ol district No. 125 and one
n asking to be set off from
set to School District No. 214
the Board and on motion duly
ring on same was set for May

by Commissioner Johnson
Commissioner Ekstrom, the
re instructed to take such
ms proper against the con-
and engineer of Rockabury &
enforce the completion of

ort was submitted by the
it
Board of County Commission-

ers, Red Lake county, Minnesota:

Gentlemen:—

We the undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake county, convened at the office of the County Treasurer of said county on the thirteenth day of March, A. D., 1906, for the purpose of auditing and examining the accounts, books and vouchers of K. M. Hansen, County Treasurer of Red Lake county, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the Treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said Treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on March 13, 1906, in the aggregate sum of $57,082.74 and we find the Treasurer in possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amounts as follows:

Cash in safe	$ 9 47
Cash items, Money orders checks	310 23
Town orders	255 16
Deposited in First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	12563 97
Deposited in Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	13274 92
Deposited in Bank of Red Lake Falls	5012 04
Deposited in First State Bank, Thief River Falls	6330 14
Deposited in First National Bank, Thief River Falls	3533 61
Deposited in Citizens State Bank, Thief River Falls	4158 62
Deposited in First State Bank, St. Hilaire	4105 15
Deposited in Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire	4093 30
Deposited in First State Bank of Brooks	3003 13
Total funds on hand March 13, 1906	$57,082 74

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Ford,
County Auditor,
Joseph Perrault,
Clerk of Dist Court
Daniel Shaw,
Chairman Co. Com'rs.
Board of Audit
Red Lake County.

On motion carried unanimously, James Brady was employed to look after and inspect the construction of the Louisville bridge.

On motion duly carried, the purchasing committee was instructed to purchase 100 copies of the new school laws in pamphlet form for distribution to the school districts of the county.

On motion duly carried the sum of $50.00 was appropriated from the County Revenue fund for the purpose of securing the services of an additional teacher for the 1905 Teachers' Summer Training school.

The following bills were audited and allowed:

Ingoald Husby, viewer and expenses Co. ditch No. 25	$ 42 50
Otto Zaiser, viewer and expenses Co. Ditch No. 25	70 25
Gilbert Haavle, viewer and expenses Co. Ditch No. 25	33 60
D. Linnihan, posting notices of hearing Co. Ditch No. 25	28 80
P A Ekstrom, rodman on county ditch No 25	18 20
M Miller, axmen on county ditch No. 25	12 70
H Peterson, chainman on Co. Ditch No. 25	10 50
Alfred Dahlstrom, chainman on Co. ditch No 25	3 00
A J Anderson, chainman on county ditch No 25	1 50
George A Ralph, engineer on ditch No 25, one day	5 00
J K Wood, engineer's fees and expenses, county ditch No 25	138 80
Joseph Morisette, livery for surveyor on county ditch No 24	2 50
Zaiser Bros, livery for viewers on Co. ditch No 25	12 00
James E. Ford, county auditor's fees, Co ditch No 25	25 00
W H Krueger, board of engineer and viewers, Co ditch No 25	17 75
Frank Jeffers, postage for Reg. of deeds office	21 46
James E. Ford, postage for county auditor's office	27 20
K M Hansen, postage for Co. Treas. office	32 67
Thos Germo, amount paid for long distance telephone calls	3 35
Red Lake Falls Telephone Exch, rent of phones and long distance calls	10 35
Town of Gervais, control of contagious diseases	6 00
Town of Polk Centre, control of contagious diseases	20 00
City of Thief River Falls, control of contagious disease	193 22
Red Lake Falls Elc. Light Co lighting court house and jail Feb, March and April	41 75
P A Grady, insurance premium	5 64
Adam Zeh, do	91 50
Pioneer Press Co blanks for probate court	15 35
Red Lake Courier, blanks and office supplies	9 15
Eli S Warner, surveyor general, 16 township plats	112 00
P E Hanson, secy of state, 5 copies revised laws	17 50
Miller Davis Printing Co blanks and supplies	75 28
Free Press Printing Co blanks	21 96
McGill Warner Co, blanks and blank books	6 80
John E King, stationery for Co. offices	15 75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery and blanks	35 50
St Hilaire Spectator, publishing financial statement, commissioners proceedings and notices	585 75
St Hilaire Spectator, publishing notice of hearing on ditch No. 25	20 30
St Hilaire Spectator, printing 200 notices of ditch hearing	2 50
D Linnihan, sheriff's fees, state cases	15 00
Polk county, Minn. boarding prisoners March 1906	61 77
D. Linnihan, boarding prisoners Mar. and April 1906	66 76
D Linnihan, Amt paid for sawing wood and for meals for jurors	14 75
D Linnihan, posting notices of first town meeting, Mayfield twp	8 00
D Linnihan, summoning grand and petit jurors, March 1906 term	118 32
D Linnihan, sheriff's fees, state cases	120 32
Geo Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, state cases	80 30
Geo Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, state cases	71 09
Wm McIntosh, services as special jailor, 11 days	22 00
Frank Jeffers, reg. of deeds, recording town officer's bonds, and making list of real estate mortgages for assessment	32 90
Joseph Belair, coroner, fees in the matter of the death of Anton Shoston	35 95
Jeseph Perrault, clerk's fees, state cases	127 80
Joseph Perrault, filing oaths and bonds of town officers	8 90
Joseph Perrault, entering coroner's inquest	1 05
Joseph Perrault, clerk's fees, delinquent tax proceedings	206 40
Joseph Perrault, services as member of board of audit	6 00
James E Ford, services as member of audit	6 00
Daniel Shaw, services as member of audit	6 00
Chas Moller, assistant Supt of schools 3 days	9 00
J B O'Brien, assistant Supt of schools 3 days	9 00
S A Swanson, justice fees	4 70
A L Roy, hauling wood	2 00
Mary Philion, cleaning bedding and interior of county jail	10 50
James Brady, services looking after construction of Louisville bridge	27 50
Joseph Lachance, carpenter work	50
Nick Helm, calcimining and painting county jail	34 02
B Paschinsky, repairing window bars on Co jail and making key	3 50
Thief River Falls Lbr Co., lumber for repairs	4 23
P A Ekstrom, attending special ditch meeting	5 60
O J Johnson, attending special ditch meeting	6 00
Daniel Shaw, attending special ditch meeting	7 00
P A Ekstrom, mileage as Co Comr	11 00
O J Johnson, do	3 00
Daniel Shaw, do	4 00

The following bills were on motion laid over:

Peter Farro, cleaning court room	1 50
Frank St. Martin, carpenter work in court room	1 50
H M Caven, witness fees	4 75
Joseph M Patnode, deputy sheriff's fees	9 84
Joseph Belair, deputy sheriff's fees	8 34
Fred Zaiser, do	9 84
Chas W Latta, publishing notice and reporting births and deaths	4 85
Zotique Bray, expenses detaining Hatheway and Benjaminson	10 50
Ed Hebert, expenses detaining Hatheway and Benjaminson	10 00

On motion duly carried the following bill was rejected

Geo A Ralph, engineer's fees on Rockabury North ditch No. 1	20 00

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and ex-officio clerk of the board.

MAKE MONEY

by sending your
HIDES,
FURS ETC.
to us - We pay
high prices & sell
[illegible]
N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.
200 N St. N Minneapolis Minn.
[illegible]

REPORT IS NOW DENIED

Stated That Insurance Rates Will Not Be Raised Any Higher.

Losses in California Disaster Such That Lowering Is Impossible.

The recent report that fire insurance rates in Minnesota and North Dakota would be increased as a result of the heavy losses in San Francisco and other California points, following the earthquake shocks, appears not to have been well founded. Insurance Commissioner T. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, does not think the losses of the companies in San Francisco will result in an increase in rates. He thinks the excellent showing made by most of the companies during the past year will enable them to increase their surplus without raising the rates. However, all prospects of a substantial decrease in rates are set at naught by the heavy losses the insurance companies doing a general business in the United States will experience as a result of the San Francisco calamity. According to the St. Paul man, there has been an insistent demand from all the Northwestern states for the lowering of rates. Especially is this true as to Fargo and Grand Forks, where the excellent fire records of the past two years seem to warrant a reduction.

Last year was a particularly good year for the fire companies. The loss ratio was low and there was a general prosperity for all the principal companies. Just before the disaster, it is intimated, the large companies were considering a substantial decrease in rates throughout the country; but the San Francisco experience will make the companies tighten up so that no reduction is likely to take place for years.

There are many lessons to be learned from the effect of the catastrophe on the general business of the companies. It shows what a necessity there is for a large surplus, generally known as reinsurance reserve. This has been brought home to the companies forcibly.

IVERSON'S OPINION.

Says Mill Machinery Should Be Assessed as Real Estate.

On request of City Assessor E. M. Lancaster, of Crookston, County Auditor N. A. Hoffard communicated with State Auditor Iverson as to whether machinery installed in mills or light plants was to be assessed as personal property or real estate. There was some doubt in the mind of Mr. Lancaster as to just which class this line of property would come under and, in order that there would be no mistake after the work had been completed, he thought best to have the opinion of the state auditor.

In his answer Mr. Iverson states that it can and is assessed all over the state in either class, but that, in his opinion, it would come under real estate in cases where the machinery is attached to the building.

SHORTAGE OF LABORERS

Wages Are the Highest and Yet Demand Cannot Be Filled.

Never before in the history of the northwest has there been such a shortage of labor as exists at present, and this condition is true in spite of the fact that wages now offered by Minneapolis labor employment offices are at record breaking figures.

There are at least 20,000 men wanted by Minneapolis labor employment agencies, and although tempting wages are offered in numerous large signs in front of the agency offices, but few men are applying to satisfy the abnormal demand. Fully 8,000 men are wanted to work on railway extensions in Montana. Dakota is calling for 6,000 hands for railroad lines. Calls are on file in Minneapolis for 2,000 men for railroad work along the Columbia river.

Fully 4,000 more men are wanted for small jobs. Common laborers, who a few years ago were satisfied with $1.50, are now getting $2.25 a day, in some cases $2.50. In addition, the railroads in many cases are offering laborers free sleeping quarters, well heated.

A feature of the present unusual condition is that construction contractors are calling for Italian and Austrian laborers, and these the local agencies, who secure the foreigners on incoming vessels, direct from the old country.

Subscribe for the News.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

HANDCAR DYNAMITED.

Explosive on Track Injures Workman Near Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., May 10.—A stick of dynamite which got on the railway track in some mysterious manner blew up a handcar which was being operated by four men, and Harold Swanson received a serious wound. The other men escaped.

The car was being operated at a fair speed, and when at a point four miles east of Bemidji, it suddenly struck the dynamite and an explosion of great violence followed. The car was lifted into the air and dropped in a ditch. Swanson was thrown off head foremost, striking a rail and receiving an ugly scalp wound.

The car was injured but little and the men lifted it back on the rails, and picking up the injured man, took him to town with as much speed as possible. An investigation is being made in an endeavor to explain the presence of the dynamite on the track.

For Sale—Building now occupied by the Press; the building known as the Rushford Hotel; also one half interest in the Dobner-Meehan Block. If interested, write to James Meehan, Jr., for prices and terms. 212 Phoenix Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

Hanson May Be a Candidate.

Hon. H. O. Hanson, of Stephen, spent Sunday in the city visiting old friends. Mr. Hanson is mentioned quite frequently as a candidate for state senator from the district composed of Marshall, Roseau and Kittson counties, but as yet has arrived at no decision as to whether or not he will make the run. Senator Sundberg, who has represented this district for the past four years, is again a candidate for this office.

A Treat For The Ladies.

The ladies of Thief River Falls have before them a pleasant competition of flower growing. F. J. Stebbins, the druggist, has just received 30,000 sweet pea seeds from Rieger, the California perfumer, which are to be given free to the ladies. These seeds will produce beautiful varieties of California sweet peas during the next two or three months. Mr. Stebbins will offer prizes to the lady who grows the handsomest bouquet by July 1st, another prize to the lady who brings in the biggest bouquet, and still another to the one whose bouquet contains the greatest variety of colors.

Every lady is welcome to enter the competition. The seeds are free, so next time you go down town step into Stebbins' and ask for your package of sweet pea seeds.

Addition To Schools.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of Independent School District No. 18 of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, up to Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock p. m., for the construction of an addition to Central Building and an addition to Knox Building, and the heating of both and plumbing of the former, according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of E. Strassburger, Crookston, Minn., architect, and in the clerk's office, Thief River Falls, Minn. A certified check for $500.00 must accompany each separate bid, and made payable to Perl W. Mabey, clerk, to be forfeited if contractor fails to execute contract if awarded to him. Successful bidder must furnish surety bond in the full amount of the contract.

The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

PERL W. MABEY,
Clerk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS

FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

For Sale at Public

AUCTION

At L. Ulstad Farm, Section 2, Twp. 153, Rg. 43, 2 Miles Southeast of Thief River Falls,

SATURDAY, MAY 26th, 1906,

At 11 o'Clock A. M.

5 Young and good Milch Cows; 2 fresh.
2 Heifers, 1½ year old.
1 Bull, 1½ year old, and 1 Bull 1 year old.
1 Mare, 11 years old, weight about 1,400 pounds.
1 Horse, 16 years old, weight about 1,100 pounds.
1 set of new harnesses.
1 Sow, 1½ years old, and 1 Sow 6 months old.
25 Pullets and a flock of spring Chickens.

Machinery.

1 new Kentucky Shoe Drill, good as new.
1 lever steel Harrow, 2 sections.
1 Deere Walking Plow.
1 Cultivator, new.
1 Deering Mower, in running order.
1 Hay Rake, a good one.
1 double box Wagon.
1 Bob Sleigh.
1 single seat Top Buggy and 1 double seat Buggy.
A Grind Stone, a lot of carpenter tools, saws, plains, etc., and many other articles.

Household Goods.

2 stoves, 1 extension table, a valuable cupboard, a new kitchen sink, a couch, a writing desk and book case combined, a sewing machine (White), good as new; 1 Alfa No. 1 De Laval cream separator, some good home-made carpets, 1 bed room set, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

Five or six loads dry wood and some hay and flax straw.

TERMS: Amounts under $10, cash; over $10, bankable paper. A discount of 5 per cent will be given to parties paying cash on purchases of $10 or over.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON

L. ULSTAD, Owner.

CHAS. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

Chas. E. Kirk

Practical House Painter . . and Decorator . .

Paper-Hanging and tinting, Hardwood Finishing and Graining a Specialty

Second Door South of City Hall

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

Supplement to Thief River Falls News, May 17, 1906

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Proceedings of the Board at Their Meeting Held on May 7 and 8, 1906.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
May 7, 1906.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 230 of the laws for 1905, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county met in special session at the court house at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of P. A. Ekstrom and others for the establishment and construction of County Ditch No. 25 in said county and the Engineer's and Viewers' report thereon.

Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau were present.

Commissioner Demaun, absent.

The said petition was read and the arguments and objections of all persons interested were heard.

On motion duly carried the report of the viewers was referred back to them for correction as to the assessments against certain tracts of land. The viewers were present and proceeded to make the necessary corrections in their report as agreed upon, after which on motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson, the petition and the reports of the engineer and viewers thereon were accepted and the following order establishing County Ditch No. 25 in Red Lake county was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Ekstrom and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota at a special meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the seventh day of May, A. D., 1906 at one o'clock p. m., of said day; and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon and that James K. Wood, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said board and county auditor to view and report thereon upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of the county auditor, the said board of county commissioners did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, towit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report therein in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the said viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said Engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county.

NOW, THEREFORE, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the board of county commissioners of said county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at said special session of said board held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience, and that the same is necessary for the reasons stated in the petition therefor, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said Civil Engineer made and filed herein, and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the Viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the County Treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the Auditor of said County and signed by the chairman of this board of county commissioners, and that said warrants be issued at the expiration of the time for appeal from this order in favor of such persons and corporations as shall not then have appealed, and shall be dated and become due and payable immediately after the letting of the contracts for the construction of the ditch herein referred to; and that in case of appeal from this order, or in case of any postponement or delay in determining the amount of damages due to any persons or corporations, the warrants in favor of such persons or corporations shall not be issued until the final determination thereof.

Given under our hands this seventh day of May, A. D., 1906. By the Board,
(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

The vote on the foregoing order was as follows: Aye, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau.

No, None.

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
May 8, 1906.

The board of county commissioners met in special session at the court house at nine o'clock a. m.

Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau present.

The minutes of the special meeting of March 6 and 7 were read and approved.

The petition of E. K. Gjeuas and others for a new school district in the towns of Highlanding and Deer Park came up for hearing and after duly considering same, on motion carried unanimously the petition was rejected.

The petitions of T. A. Bergedal and Elling Ellingson asking to be set off with their lands from School District No. 35 to School District No. 125 came on for hearing and were read. After duly considering said petitions, on motion carried unanimously the same were rejected.

The applications of Christ Moe, Helmer Ostrom and John Berry for abatement of personal property taxes for the year 1905 were on motion duly carried, granted subject to the approval of the state auditor.

The application of Henry Reese for correction of assessment and abatement of real estate taxes for the year 1905 was on motion duly carried, granted subject to the approval of the state auditor.

The application of the village of St. Hilaire for an appropriation from the County Road & Bridge fund, was on motion carried unanimously laid on the table.

The application of the town of Terrebonne for an appropriation from the County Road and Bridge fund, was on motion duly carried, rejected.

Commissioner Johnson offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, that the sum of $200.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge fund to aid the town of Garnes in grading the county road between sections 8 and 17 and 9 and 16 in said town.

The foregoing resolution was unanimously adopted.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Ekstrom was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that the sum of $100.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road & Bridge fund to aid the town of Black River in repairing the highway between sections 5 and 6 and 7 in said town.

On motion duly carried an auctioneer's license was granted to Ingvald Husby.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Falardeau was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, that the following sums be and are hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the towns hereinafter named in the grading of a highway through said towns on the section line running east and west one mile north of the south boundary line of said towns as follows: town of North $100, town of Silverton $100, town of Clover Leaf $100 and town of Goodridge $50.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Johnson was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, that the sum of $100 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid in the construction of approaches to the bridge across the Clearwater river in section 11 of township 152 North of range 40 west.

Petitions were presented to the Board signed by A. F. Lattimore and others for new school districts, and on motion duly carried an order was made fixing a day of hearing on same for May 29, 1906.

A petition signed by John F. Benne asking to be set off from school district No. 125 and one from Siver Halvorson asking to be set off from School District No. 123 to School District No. 81, were presented to the Board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for May 30, 1906.

On motion made by Commissioner Johnson and seconded by Commissioner Ekstrom, the County attorney was instructed to take such legal steps as he deems proper against the contractor, bondsmen and engineer of Rockbury & North ditch No. 1 to enforce the completion of same.

The following report was submitted by the County Board of Audit:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake county, Minnesota:

Gentlemen:—

We the undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake county, convened at the office of the County Treasurer of said county on the thirteenth day of March, A. D., 1906, for the purpose of auditing and examining the accounts, books and vouchers of K. M. Hansen, County Treasurer of Red Lake county, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the Treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said Treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on March 13, 1906, in the aggregate sum of $57,082.74 and we find the Treasurer in possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amounts as follows:

Cash in safe	$ 9 47
Cash items, Money orders checks	350 23
Town orders	255 10
Deposited in First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	12563 97
Deposited in Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	13274 92
Deposited in Bank of Red Lake Falls	5012 04
Deposited in First State Bank, Thief River Falls	6330 14
Deposited in First National Bank, Thief River Falls	3533 61
Deposited in Citizens State Bank, Thief River Falls	4158 62
Deposited in First State Bank, St. Hilaire	4105 15
Deposited in Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire	4093 30
Deposited in First State Bank of Brooks	3003 13
Total funds on hand March 13, 1906	$57,082 74

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Ford,
County Auditor,
Joseph Perrault,
Clerk of Dist Court
Daniel Shaw,
Chairman Co. Com'rs.
} Board of Audit Red Lake County.

On motion carried unanimously, James Brady was employed to look after and inspect the construction of the Louisville bridge.

On motion duly carried, the purchasing committee was instructed to purchase 100 copies of the new school laws in pamphlet form for distribution to the school districts of the county.

On motion duly carried the sum of $50.00 was appropriated from the County Revenue fund for the purpose of securing the services of an additional teacher for the 1906 Teachers' Summer Training school.

The following bills were audited and allowed:

Ingvald Husby, viewer and expenses Co. ditch No. 25	$ 42 50
Otto Zaiser, viewer and expenses Co. Ditch No. 25	70 25
Gilbert Haavi, viewer and expenses Co. Ditch No. 25	33 60
D. Linnihan, posting notices of hearing Co. Ditch No. 25	28 60
P A Ekstrom, rodman on county ditch No 25	18 20
M Miller, axmen on county ditch No. 25	12 70
H Peterson, chainman on Co. Ditch No. 25	10 50
Alfred Dahlstrom, chainman on Co. ditch No 25	3 00
A J Anderson, chainman on county ditch No 25	1 50
George A Ralph, engineer on ditch No 21, one day	5 00
J K Wood, engineer's fees and expenses, county ditch No 25	138 80
Joseph Morisette, livery for surveyor on county ditch No 24	2 50
Zaiser Bros. livery for viewers on Co. ditch No 25	12 00
James E. Ford, county auditor's fees, Co ditch No 25	25 00
W H Krueger, board of engineer and viewers, Co ditch No 25	17 75
Frank Jeffers, postage for Reg. of deeds office	21 06
James E. Ford, postage for county auditor's office	27 80
K M Hansen, postage for Co. Treas. office	32 67
Thos Germo amount paid for long distance telephone calls	3 35
Red Lake Falls Telephone Exch. rent of phones and long distance calls	10 35
Town of Gervais, control of contagious diseases	6 00
Town of Polk Centre, control of contagious diseases	20 00
City of Thief River Falls, control of contagious diseases	195 22
Red Lake Falls Elc. Light Co. lighting court house and jail Feb. March and April	41 75
F A Grady, insurance premium	5 64
Adam Zeh, do	91 50
Pioneer Press Co. blanks for probate court	15 35
Red Lake Courier, blanks and office supplies	9 15
E H S Warner, surveyor general, 18 township plats	12 00
P E Hanson, secy of state, 3 copies revised laws	17 40
Miller-Davis Printing Co. blanks and supplies	75 20
Free Press Printing Co. blanks	21 98
McGill Warner Co., blanks and blank books	8 60
John E King, stationery for Co. offices	15 75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery and blanks	33 50
St Hilaire Spectator, publishing financial statement, commissioners proceedings and notices	585 75
St Hilaire Spectator, publishing notice of hearing on ditch No. 25	20 30
St Hilaire Spectator, printing 200 notices of ditch hearing	2 50
D Linnihan, sheriff's fees, state cases	15 00
Polk county, Minn. boarding prisoners March 1906	61 77
D. Linnihan, boarding prisoners Mar. and April 1906	66 76
D Linnihan, Amt paid for sawing wood and for meals for jurors	14 75
D Linnihan, posting notices of first town meeting, Mayfield twp	8 00
D Linnihan, summoning grand and petit jurors, March 1906 term	118 32
D Linnihan, sheriff's fees, state cases	130 32
Geo Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, state cases	80 30
Geo Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, state cases	71 09
Wm McIntosh, services as special jailor, 11 days	22 00
Frank Jeffers, reg. of deeds, recording town officer's bonds, and making list of real estate mortgages for assessment	32 90
Joseph Belair, coroner, fees in the matter of the death of Anton Shoston	35 95
Joseph Perrault, clerk's fees, state cases	127 80
Joseph Perrault, filing oaths and bonds of town officers	8 90
Joseph Perrault, entering coroner's inquest	1 05
Joseph Perrault, clerk's fees, delinquent tax proceedings	206 40
Joseph Perrault, services as member of board of audit	6 00
James E Ford, services as member of audit	6 00
Daniel Shaw, services as member of audit	6 00
Chas Moller, assistant Supt of schools 3 days	9 00
J B O'Brien, assistant Supt of schools 3 days	9 00
S A Swanson, justice fees	4 70
A L Roy, hauling wood	3 00
Mary Philion, cleaning bedding and interior of county jail	10 50
James Brady, services looking after construction of Louisville bridge	27 50
Joseph Lachance, carpenter work	50
Nick Helm, calcimining and painting county jail	34 02
B Puschinsky, repairing window bars on Co jail and making key	3 50
Thief River Falls Lbr Co., lumber for repairs	4 23
P A Ekstrom, attending special ditch meeting	5 60
O J Johnson, attending special ditch meeting	6 00
Daniel Shaw, attending special ditch meeting	7 00
P A Ekstrom, mileage as Co Comr	11 00
O J Johnson, do	3 00
Daniel Shaw, do	4 00

The following bills were on motion laid over:

Peter Farro, cleaning court room	1 00
Frank St. Martin, carpenter work in court room	1 50
H M Caven, witness fees	4 75
Joseph M Patnode, deputy sheriff's fees	9 84
Joseph Belair, deputy sheriff's fees	8 34
Fred Zaiser, do	9 84
Chas W Latta, publishing notice and reporting births and deaths	4 85
Zotique Bray, expenses detaining Hathaway and Benjaminson	10 50
Ed Hebert, expenses detaining Hathaway and Benjaminson	10 00

On motion duly carried the following bill was rejected:

Geo A Ralph, engineer's fees on Rockbury North ditch No. 1	20 00

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and ex-officio clerk of the board.

MAKE MONEY

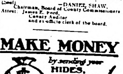

V.95 MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1906 NUMBER 21

A DIFFERENT STORY TOLD

Historical Society

Alex McKenzie Now Admits That He Was Up in Roseau County.

Still Denies That He Is Guilty of Murdering John Stuart.

Alex McKenzie, the young man accused of the murder of John Stuart up near Wannaska, in Roseau county, now tells a somewhat different story. At first he claimed that he never had been in Roseau county, but now admits that he was. His story regarding the affair is as follows:

"I first knew the man who called himself *John Stuart in Montana. His* name is Henry Isacks and he was widely known as "Dutch Henry." He was a cattle rustler. I met him again last fall in Ardoch, N. D., and he told me that I would have to know him as John Stuart, as there was a reward of $300 offered for his arrest. At Ardoch we fell in with William Stephens, who had run a blind pig at that place, and Dutch Henry and I went with him to his claim in Roseau county. Henry was illiterate and I did all his correspondence for him. I wrote the letter that brought him the $100 on Dec. 30th. While we stopped with Stephens, I caused a letter to be sent to the sheriff of the county in Montana where Henry was wanted, inquiring if the reward was still good for Isacks. The letter was signed 'Bill Smith.' It was answered by the sheriff, who stated that the reward was still up for Isacks. This is how, I suppose, they say I got letters by the name of Smith at Wannaska. I showed the letter to the Feeneys, whom I knew in Dakota, and to Stephens and the pastmaster at Wannaska. We decided not to mix up with the matter. Henry and Stephens went to Wannaska Dec. 30, and got the registered letter. That night Henry gave me $25.00 and told me to meet him at Ardoch, that I should stay a day or two with Stephens and he would go to Middle River and take the train the next day. The next morning Dutch Henry and Stephens went away together, Stephens taking his rifle with him. After a while I took the shot gun and went over to Feeney's. Both guns shot cartridges loaded with shot. Feeney was not at home and, after hunting awhile, I returned and found Stephens at home. I left the next day, taking the stage to Roseau, and from there went to Dakota."

The prisoner is a clean-cut, bright, intelligent young man, 27 years of age, and does not bear the appearance of a criminal. He disclaimed any knowledge of the killing of the man called Stuart. McKenzie does not show the least nervousness, but treats the charge against him seriously. He realizes that he is up against it and will have to fight for life. R. H. Medicraft is his attorney and, while the young man has no money, he hopes to get assistance from his relatives, who live at Prince Fdward Island. His story of the departure of himself and Stuart from Stephens's home does not materially differ from the story told by Stephens.

Line Was Busy.

It is related that in a certain telephone office one of the "hello" girls was habitually late in arriving at the office mornings and the manager had repeatedly pleaded with her to be more punctual. Her tardiness however, continued till he was moved to try other methods. One morning as she came in late, he presented her with a little package. "Now, I have a scheme which I hope will enable you to arrive at the office on time. Promise me that you'll use it," he said. The young woman promptly thanked him and solemnly promised. That night she showed her present to her friends and, after glibly explaining its usefulness, she wound it and set the alarm for 7 a. m. At that hour the next morning the clock rung up like an old time subscriber, but the sleepy hello female just opened one eye and said in a dulcet tone: "Line busy; ring up later."

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at the Court-house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day to consider and act upon a petition now on file in the office of the Auditor of said County, signed by 2,006 of the legal voters of said County, praying that the County seat of said County be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

This meeting is called pursuant to an order and judgment of the District Court in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF RED LAKE, MINNESOTA, By Daniel Shaw, Chairman.

THE PUMP DISAPPEARED

The Bottom of a Well Fell Out at Fertile Last Week.

Attributed to the Earthquake in the Pacific Coast Section.

Fertile, Minn., May 18.—During the past week and since the 'Frisco earthquake, some unnatural phenomena have happened around here. West of here some artesian wells have stopped flowing. The most curious, however, is what happened to the well belonging to Tom Stevenson, of this place. One of his boys was playing near the well and saw the pump suddenly disappear. Upon investigation it was found that the platform and some forty feet of curbing had completely disappeared, not a timber, or portion of a timber, remaining to be seen. Only the iron pump shows. It left a large hole, cut straight down, about twelve feet across and twenty-five feet deep. The hole is larger at the bottom than at the top. What the cause of such a sinking was is a conundrum, many believing it to be an after-effect of the earthquake.—St. Paul Dispatch.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Farge, agent.

ATHLETES NOW LISTED

Those Who Will Take Part in the Field Meet Here on May 26.

One Protest Entered Against a Red Lake Falls Boy.

Secretary N. A. Thoreson of the Red River Valley Interscholastic Athletic Association has received the list of candidates for honors at the Field Meet that will be held by the association on May 26th, at Thief River Falls, from the superintendents of the various schools that will take part. Five have sent in the names of their sturdy young fellows who will contend and it is expected that others, including Fertile and some schools on the north line, will enter later.

But one protest has been received as yet from the schools to any of the candidates to take part and that one was registered by East Grand Forks, who contend that Ralph Healy of Red Lake Falls is ineligible. It is understood that he has graduated, but that he is still attending school. The matter will be brought before the board of control, which will undoubtedly meet in Crookston in the near future by a call from President Chamberlain, of Red Lake Falls. The board is made up of E. D. Chamberlain, Red Lake Falls; Joseph Schell, Warren; R. C. Burnet, East Grand Forks, and N. A. Thoreson, of Crookston. Fertile and Thief River Falls have not as yet selected their member.

The list of the student entries as filed with Secretary Thoreson is as follows:

Warren—Ingolf Grindeland, Otto Bystrom, Levi Anderson, Joe Schell, Arthur McDonald, John Bren, Albert Johnson, Harry Thomas, Bernard Carlson, Arthur Bratrud, Chas. Moulton, Thos. Gratzek, Joe Stacks, Clain McDonald, Phillip Philstrom, Henning Smith, Frank Vavina, Ralph Lind, ~~Everett Evans,~~ Simon Redquist, Ed. Bren, Wm. Wattam.

~~Red Lake Falls—Ralph Healey,~~ Harry Garceau, Bert LaFerriere, Orson Doe, Joseph Toupin, Ernest Toupin, Roy Beak, Walter Buse, Paul Brunelle, John Richard, Theo. Steinert, Theo. Garceau, Clement LaBissione.

Crookston—Harry Turner, Harold Miller, Arnold Hamel, Erskine Vance, Albert Lommen, Ray Ross, Ray Monroe, Leslie Raff, Walter Robertson, Erwine Heydte, Norman McKenzie, Trueman Anderson, Ralph Lycan, Harry Burkhardt, Tenny Peterson, Geo. Rauenbuehler, Ole Hagen, Ed. Hagen, Erwin Burkhardt, John Wallace.

Thief River Falls—Colin McNiven, Ernest O'Neil, Geo. Posten, Geo. Schuster, Stafford Curran.

East Grand Forks—John Zipoy, Mike Zipoy, Ed. McIlraith, Mike Martin, Oscar Banik, Tom Rantle, Capt.

BY JUNE 1.

Creamery in the New Town of Deer Park Will Be Running Then.

A. W. Smith, of Fosston, shipped a complete creamery outfit up the Red Lake river the first of the week. The creamery is to be built in the town of Deer Park, Red Lake county, and is owned by a number of farmers living in that vicinity. It is expected to have it completed and in running order by the first of June.

The farmers up in that section own a large number of cows and the new creamery will have plenty of cream from the start, which insures that it will be a success. When it is taken into consideration that Deer Park has been settled but a short time, the farmers there are showing great progress.

SOLD A CAR LOAD.

Segerstrom Piano Company Sell Thirteen Pianos in a Week.

The Segerstrom Piano company, of Minneapolis, last week shipped a car load of pianos to Thief River Falls—thirteen in number—and in just one week's time disposed of the whole car load. They expect to return in a short time with another car, having a number of additional sales in view. The sale of this number of pianos in so short a time would indicate that the people of Thief River Falls are prosperous.

Delegates Elected.

At a meeting of the Epworth League held last week the following delegates were elected to represent Thief River Falls at the convention to be held at Fergus Falls on June 15, 16 and 17: Irene Caldwell, Edith, Hazel and Willie Prichard, A. I. Anderson, Miss Wilhelm, Willie Akre, Flora Berg, Katherine Dunn, Ione Higgins and Fanny Rayson.

CIRCUS IS NOT COMING

Great Northern Does Not Consider Track in Good Condition.

Refused to Bring Sells-Floto Circus to Thief River Falls.

The small boy does not feel at all friendly towards the Great Northern railroad these days, because of the refusal of the management of this company to bring the great Sells-Floto circus to this city. The circus appears in Crookston on May 31 and was to have appeared here on June 1. A representative of the Sells-Floto shows was in Thief River Falls last Saturday and made contracts with a large number of people for provisions, advertising, etc., and leased grounds near the fair grounds for exhibition purposes. On Monday, however, the Great Northern railroad notified the circus people that, owing to the condition of the track in the vicinity of Red Lake Falls, it would be unsafe to bring the heavy cars of the circus up over this line, and refused to grant permission.

A representative of the show, however, says that it is quite possible that the show will appear here in August. The circus is going to the Pacific coast over the Great Northern and will return east over the Canadian Pacific, and will probably run down from Winnipeg over the Soo line.

A GOOD SHOWING.

St. Hilaire Creamery Paid During Month of April $2,582.32 for Cream.

Treasurer Gustafson, of the St. Hilaire creamery, on Monday paid out to 168 patrons of that institution the sum of $2,582.32. The price paid for butter fat was not as much as usual, being only 19¼ cents per pound. The settlement was for cream brought to the institution during the month of April. Hubert Haupt received the largest check, being paid $52.

Metropolitan Greenbush.

Greenbush is fast becoming a model metropolitan city. In addition to a band and fire department, the town now has a lid. The village council, in meeting assembled, moved and passes an ordinance regulating the sale of liquors in the village of Greenbush. The new ruling went into effect Saturday night and came as a surprise to everyone. From 11 o'clock on Saturday nights til 5 o'clock Monday morning the saloons must be closed and all blinds and other obstructions removed from the windows and on other nights the saloons must close at eleven o'clock.

Big Suit Started.

Attorney General Young has commenced suit for the State of Minnesota against the Western Union Telegraph company to recover $28,191 taxes for 1905, the company having refused to pay. The tax was on a property valuation of $1,000,000, fixed by the state board of equalization.

Here's Hoping.

Thief River enthusiasts are trying to get up a band in that city. This is about the 'steenth time they have tried to have a first-class band, but never have been able to make it go. Here's hoping, though.—Greenbush Journal.

LOCAL MEN GET CONTRACT

For Building Additions to the Central and Knox School Buildings.

Work of Building Has Already Been Commenced.

F. S. Doege & Co., local contractors and builders, secured the contract for building the additions to the Central and Knox schools last Friday afternoon, their bid for doing the work being the cheapest. They have already commenced work upon the job and hope to have it completed early in the summer.

The following were the bids for doing the building.

F. S. Doege & Co.—Central school, $5,990; Knox school, $7,495.

H. L. Larson & Co.—Central school, $7,532; Knox school, $9,068.

C. M. Wilson—Knox school $8,137.

N. Bergwald—Knox school, $9,995.

The bids for the plumbing and heating of these buildings were as follows:

Crookston Plumbing & Heating Company—Central school: plumbing, $700; heating, $2,000; Knox school; heating, $1,970.

Thief River Falls Heating & Plumbing company—Central school; plumbing, $638; heating, $2,240; Knox school: heating, $2,282.

A. O. Espe—Central school; plumbing, $610; heating, $2,274; Knox school: heating, $2,274.

Warren Machine and Plumbing company—Central school; plumbing, $675; heating, $2,277; Knox school, $2,324.

McMillen, Wingerden & Lee—Central school; plumbing, 620; heating, $2,482; Knox school, $2,500.

MEETING CALLED.

County Commissioners to Meet Upon an Order of the Court.

As will be noticed by an official notice in another column, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county will hold a meeting on the 11th day of June and decide the matter of calling an election to vote upon the removal of the county seat. At an expense of a thousand or more dollars, Red Lake Falls has succeeded in keeping the matter in the courts for about a year. The tactics that have been employed by Red Lake Falls thus far in the matter have not been such as to win any sentiment in favor of retaining the county seat there. In fact, in the minds of people who believe in a square deal and fair play they have lost greatly. Had Red Lake Falls been willing to fight in a fair manner and allowed the matter to come before the voters at once, they might have won, but now sentiment is so strong against the down-river town that they can not hope to win. In the long run it pay to be square.

Grading Finished.

John Turner, who has had a contract to do a mile of grading on the extension, has completed his contract and is helping Contractor Robinson finish his work. After they are through they will ship their tools to Dakota, where they have secured another contract. Mr. Turner stated to us that the grade between here and Roseau would be completed this week and that track laying would begin at once.—Greenbush Journal.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

See Our New Nash Outing Hats, 50c to $1.25.

Stylish Summer Shirt Waists,

Convenient garments, in fact the most convenient of all Woman's wearing apparel.

We have a large stock, the largest we ever had. We want you to see the white wash waists we are showing. White is universal. We can sell you a white waist cheaper than it can be made at home.

Stylish Waist of linen
50c to $1.25

Shrunk cotton Waist, embroidered front,
50c to $1.50

Beautiful Waist of dotted Swiss,
$1.25 to $1.50

Fancy Waist,
50c to $6.50

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM, HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE, THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	31c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Thomas Torrison left Saturday for Fisher.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Fred Stapelton was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

Charles A. Hitchcock was up from Crookston last week.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inpuire of the postmaster at Sorum.

D. N. Winton was up to the Red Lake last week in his gasoline boat.

Services Sunday evening in the Norwegian Lutheran church at 8 o'clock.

P. N. Peterson, who has a claim up near Beaudette, returned to this city last week.

C. M. Evenson returned to this city Saturday morning from a trip to Wisconsin.

Fred Wells, a former real estate dealer of this city, was here from Grand Forks last Saturday.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Mrs. Bishoff, who is teaching school up near Middle River, spent Sunday in the city visiting her parents.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka left Saturday morning for Nekoma, N. D., to visit her daughter, Mrs. Fred Goebler.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Walter Robbecke has accepted a position as timekeeper for the East Grand Forks Lumber company's driving crew.

Joe Ryson was in the city last week from his claim up near Grygla. He is going to prove up and remove to this city again.

D. N. Winton left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert, to be absent for about ten days looking over his lumbering interests up there.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

Mrs. O. J. Schei and children left Friday evening for Fergus Falls to spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives. Mr. Schei accompanied them as far as Fergus Falls.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Mrs. Ole Olson, of Grand Forks, and Mrs. Conrad Olson, of Crookston, who had been in the city visiting their sisters, Mrs. H. W. Lee and Mrs. A. W. Lang, departed Monday for their homes.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

Peter Eberhardt and Peter Peterson returned to this city last Friday from Prince Albert. Mr. Eberhardt finished building a tow boat for the lumber company up there and Mr. Peterson belted up the new mill, which is now sawing lumber.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River over Sunday.

Dr. Grundy was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rockstad Sunday.

Joe Blair last Saturday sold his home in this city to John Durbin.

George Diebel was down to Long Prairie the first of the week.

Mrs. Kretzschmar was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Mrs. Otto Rasch is in the city from Montana visiting her parents.

Charley Kratka was over from Stephen to spend Sunday with his parents.

Maynard Winton was in the city over Sunday visiting his brother, D. N. Winton.

Miss Annie Anderson, of the Golden Rule, is at Fergus Falls visiting relatives.

S. W. Bagley was down to the Twin Cities last week attending to business affairs.

W. A. Murphy expects to leave about the first of June for the Canadian Northwest, where he will locate.

S. L. Lewis and wife, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city Sunday visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Wilson.

George V. Soule, of the Grahan Shorthand Institute and Business College, was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Adolph Bydal, of Crookston, who had spent several days in the city, left Friday evening for points south of here on the Soo line.

The social dance given by the Antlers Club last Friday evening was quite largely attended and all had a most enjoyable time.

Dr. Archibald is expected to arrive here today to visit his wife, who is spending the summer in the city with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Bailey.

City Engineer Carrol was up from Crookston the first of the week giving grades to property owners who will put in cement walks. He will return again in about ten days.

Peter Eberhardt's large steamboat left yesterday for the mouth of the Tamarac to remain for a few weeks picking up water soaked logs. Quite a large crew of men went up on the boat.

Dr. Penney has decided not to remove from this city to Excelsior and will continue to make Thief River Falls his home. Dr. Penney and his wife have made a large circle of friends here and it is with much pleasure that all learn of their intention to remain.

James and Joe Bulman left Sunday for the Red Lake country. They went up to look over some 10,000,000 feet of pine which the Thief River Falls Lumber company owns on Sandy river with a view of taking the contract for logging it during the coming winter.

Plummer Pioneer: Mrs. Aslak Thomson and daughter Emma spent Thursday at Thief River Falls. Mrs. Thomson scratched her finger some time ago and blood poisoning set in, making an operation necessary. This was successfully performed at Thief River Falls and they returned to their home in Mayfield.

—John Pederson wishes to notify all that he lost a certificate of deposit upon the First National Bank of Thief River Falls for the sum of $125. The certificate was dated April 3, 1906, and was numbered 2981. Payment upon the same has been ordered stopped and all persons are warned not to cash this cerificate.

The residents of the East Side in the vicinity of M. Mulhall's state that a large number of young boys are in the habit of going on the reservation on the north side of the Red Lake river and shooting in that direction at marks. The bullets go too close for comfort and the residents over there ask that it be stopped.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Hon. Marcus Johnson is expected home from Shanghai and Japan about June 1. Mr. Johnson has spent the past several months in the Orient on a combined business and pleasure trip, and his friends here have received advices from time to time that he has enjoyed himself immensely.

Here is something that is worth many dollars to every farmer to know: Sprinkle lime in your tank and not a particle of scum will form on the water. When the lime losses its strength, scum will begin to form, which may be twice during the season, wash out the tank and repeat the dose. It is cheap, not only harmless but wholesome, keeps the water sweet and saves the live stock.

The many friends of G. R. Grace will regret to learn that he has resigned his position as cashier for the lumber company here, to take effect on June 1st. Mr. Grace has recently invested heavily in a bank at Mt. Vernon, Washington, and expects to take an active part in the management. He has made many warm friends while here who, will while regretting his departure, will wish him good luck in his new venture.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

Dr. Dodds was up from Crookston the first of the week.

—State Dairy Inspector Winkjer was in the city Monday.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Peterson Monday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Thornton Monday.

Mrs. John Cyr spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls visiting relatives.

H. E. Mussey was up to Greenbush Monday to visit his son Homer.

H. W. Lee left Sunday evening for Wisconsin to spend a few weeks.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 7:30 p. m.

Gus Dalquist and Ben Butler, of Warren, were in the city the first of the week.

C. W. Nelson, of Kratka, was in the city Sunday, being en route to Crystal, N. D.

Miss Hoff, of the postoffice, went down to St. Hilaire last evening to visit friends.

Attorney Wilkinson, of the Great Northern road, was in the city again yesterday.

A. W. Lang left Saturday evening for Litchfield, called there by the death of his mother.

Attorney E. M. Stanton went down to Crookston last evening to attend to legal business.

Miss Alice Christenson and Miss Inga Brynildson have returned from their trip to Fertile.

Mrs. E. S. Wilcox left Tuesday evening over the Soo for Granite Falls, Minn, to visit her mother.

Mrs. W. A. Murphy and children visited with friends at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River, was in the city last week attending to some business matters.

A. R. Wilkinson, attorney for the Great Northern railway, was in Thief River Falls last Friday.

S. T. Johnson has been appointed assistant deputy head consul for the Modern Woodman lodge.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

For Sale—A span of mares, each weighing about 1,100. New set of work harnesses. Inquire of L. B. Nichols.

J. C. Marshall, county auditor of Pipestone county, was in the city last week visiting Mrs. A Douglas and family.

For good, clear varieties seed potatoes go to S. H. Sharbach, 1st door west of post office. Price reduced to 80c a bushel.

Mrs. Fred Gobler arrived here Tuesday from Nekoma, N. D., and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kratka.

Louis Blair expects to leave the latter part of this week for Prince Albert. His family will go up there the first of next week.

The whole family of County Serveyor Wood, residing on the south side of the river in the town of Smiley, are sick with smallpox.

B. C. Werner arrived here yesterday from Black River Falls, Wis. Mr. Werner owns some real estate here and may decide to locate here.

J. A. Satrie, president of the A. D. Stephens club of Crookston, was in the city yesterday doidg work for his favorite candidate for governor.

Andrew Stenseth, the enterprising real estate dealer, returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to Iowa, where he made some land deals.

Down they go to 80c a bushel—good, clear Early Rose, Early Triumph and Six Weeks seed potatoes, at S. H. Sharbach's, 1st door west of post office.

There was a washout on the Soo line south of Glenwood Tuesday and the Winnipeg passenger train did not arrive here until several hours behind time.

Postmaster Richardson and wife returned to this city Tuesday from Rochester, where they had been to attend the golden wedding of Mrs. Richardson's parents.

W. A. Bishop has been making a large number of improvements upon his building of late and from now on his restaurant will be one of the first-class places of the town.

Will Benzie, an old Thief River Falls boy who is now traveling on the road for a candy manufacturing company, was in the city yesterday calling upon the trade and visiting his many old friends here.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Breggren, wife of Gust Beggren, arrived here yesterday from Fergus Falls and were buried in Greenwood Cemetery. Mrs. Beggren was sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls from here about a month ago and died on Monday.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, May 27: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2.30 p. m.; Epworth League, 7 p. m. Preaching at 8 p. m.; subject, "The New Jerusalem," the closing one of the series on "Building Cities." At 11 a. m. the congregation will unite with the Presbyterians in union memorial services. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

There was quite a change in barber shops in Thief River Falls yesterday. G. Wige purchased his old stand from Albert Huseth and Mr. Huseth in turn purchased Art Mercer's interest in the barber shop of Cyr & Mercer. Mr. Mercer expects to leave shortly for Montana.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

One more week of school.

Watch for the school caps and colors at the field meet.

How the high school pupils, one and all, love the senior class flower.

Even the girls have been practicing of late and some have proven good marksmen.

The 8th grade are planning a launch party and picnic some time in the near future.

A teachers' meeting was held at the high school building on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Lulu McCrum is ill and the senior class regret greatly that she is unable to be present.

Next Wednesday is Memorial Day and the school will aid in the decoration of the graves of the deceased veterans.

The High School Literary Society will hold no more meetings this year, as their time is fully occupied until school closes.

School closes a week from Friday. Next week will be devoted to state examinations in the high school and grammar grades.

The question to tell the character of the reign of Louis XIV. was asked in the modern history class and the answer was, "Wars! Wars!! Wars!!!"

The new teachers engaged for the high school and grammar grades for next year are, without exception, instructors of several years of successful experience.

Work has begun on the addition to the Knox school. Unless many children leave the city during the summer, or in some manner the increase of the juvenile population is checked, the school board will find every room in the old buildings as well as in the proposed new ones filled to the limit when school opens next September. This prediction is based on the present school enrollment.

Warren plays our high school team next Saturday afternoon. This will be a fast game and you should not fail to see it. In the afternoon of the same day the field contests will be completed. They consist of the following program of sports: Running hop skip and jump; hammer (12 pound) throwing; shot (12 pound) putting; pole vaulting; 880-yard relay race; 440-yard run; 220-yard run; 100-yard dash; 120-yard hurdle (10 hurdles); 220-yard hurdle; running high jump; running broad jump; standing broad jump. A special train from East Grand Forks will bring in the teams and visitors from the south.

Commencement exercises will begin on Saturday evening, June 2nd, at the high school assembly hall, where the seniors will present their class day program. This will be free to the public, but children below the seventh grade must be excluded on account of the lack of seating room. This rule will be strictly enforced. On Sunday forenoon, June 3rd, the baccalaureate sermon will be preached at the M. E. church by Rev. C. H. Flesher. The graduation exercises proper will be held in the Evenson hall on the evening of Monday, June 4th. This will be free to the public and all are welcome. The alumni banquet occurs on Tuesday, June 5th. The programs for these exercises will appear in next week's papers.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending May 19, 1906:

Anderson, Mrs. Mary C.
Bottem, John
Cairy, J. E.
Carlson, Hjalmer
Dhalquist, Fred
Greuyor, Dock
Hanson, Miss Sorena
Johnson, Pulmer
Jackson, Miss Amile
Kvande, Halvor F.
Knudson, Thea
Ma-Ka-ma-wob or Os'e-ko-chik
Landgenderfer, J. J.
Lundgren, Alfred.
La Rue, N. Y.
Mullinaux, A. E.
McKenzie, D.
McChesney, William.
McQuaid, Pat.
Neset, Olav, Mrs.
Nelson, Elmer.
Nelson, Carl E.
Nelson, Miss Nellie.
Purdy, W. F.
Petterson, Mrs.
Rickerson, D. O.
Swenson, Frank
Stenerud, Miss Olga
Setnes Ole P.
Stenuers, Mrs. Gunner
Senum (or Lenum) George E.
Vingrud, S.A.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Ida C. Richardson, P. M.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEW HOTEL.

Building Will Not Be Completed Until Next Spring.

Dennis Cavanaugh, the gentleman who purchased the lots on the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street for the purpose of erecting a large three story hotel, arrived here yesterday morning from Hudson, Wis. Mr. Cavanaugh will remain but a few days this trip, being here for the purpose of closing up the deal for the purchase of the lots. Work of building the hotel will probably be commenced in a short time. It is not the intention to have the building completed before next spring, as it would be almost impossible to do this before that time. The walls of the building will be put up before it freezes up and the interior of the hotel will be completed during the winter and opened for business next spring.

A MUSICAL TREAT.

Sacred Cantata, "The Coming of Ruth," to Be Presented Tuesday.

"The Coming of Ruth," to be given by the local musical fraternity next Tuesday evening, May 29th, should be patronized by the citizens of our town. Besides being a very attractive musical entertainment in itself, many of us are hoping this occasion will mark a distinct revival in the musical spirit of our town. A wholesome musical spirit in home, church and social circles is so universally desired by intelligent people that it needs no defence. You may be certain of a delightful hour and of affording encouragement to the local musical spirit by attending the cantata. About thirty voices will take part in the musicale, Miss Minnie Walker and Mr. M. E. Wright, of Crookston, assisting. Prof. Mark Everette Wright, of Crookston, is director.

Didn't Hit the Wolf.

Mr. Hans Burgess spent the day Friday taking testimony in the divorce case of F. B. McCurdy. While here Mr. McCurdy told us of a wolf scrap on his ranch last week. He heard a tumult in his cattle yard about midnight. Jumping out of bed, he ran downstairs and out in the barnyard to investigate. Seeing a wolf with a sheep down, Mac picked up a fence stake and slipped into the yard. He crept up as sly as he could behind the wolf and made a desperate drive for it, but missed and knocked the roof off his chicken coop. The wolf picked up the sheep and jumped over the fence, while Mac crawled back into bed and covered up his head with the blankets. The next day his boy found what the wolf had left of the carcas of the sheep about 100 yards from the house.—Rollis Correspondence in Middle River Pioneer.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

CAPTAIN KIDD.

The Career and the Ending of the Famous Pirate.

Captain Kidd, the famous pirate, started his career with the intention of suppressing piracy. In February, 1697, he left the Hudson in the Adventure Galley with a crew of 150 men with this intention. This expedition had been equipped chiefly at the expense of the Whig ministers, and its commander carried with him, "besides the ordinary letters of marque, a commission under the great seal empowering him to seize pirates and to take them to some place where they might be dealt with according to law."

The king's right to the goods found in possession of these malefactors was granted by letters patent to the supporters of the expedition, his majesty securing only one-tenth of the spoil. Kidd, however, soon finding that little was to be gained by the adventure, threw off all disguise and hoisted the Jolly Roger.

His rapacity and cruelty were unbounded, and in less than two years he amassed the sum of £200,000. With this he thought to make his peace with the authorities and end his days in luxury, but he was arrested at New York and brought to England, where he was tried and hanged at Execution dock in 1701.—London Saturday Review.

MODEL MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

Prince Napoleon.

Prince Napoleon in 1870 was something of a prophet. When he heard of the emperor's declaration of war he hurried to St. Cloud and had a stormy interview with the emperor. He didn't hesitate to say, "It is the emperor who has brought this upon us," and the emperor, while offended at his frankness, admitted that "your presentiments perhaps correspond with mine." Then the prince fired his last shot and showed that, though he might go astray in many things, he knew of the weakness of France and the strength of Germany. He turned on his heel and, with that bitterness which he didn't hesitate to exhibit when occasion required, said: "So be it; so be it! Let us, however, make haste to pack our possessions, for we are already beaten." And so the result proved.

Her Advantage.

Mistress (after many remonstrances on unpunctuality)—Really, Mary, you must try to be more punctual about serving the meals. When they are late your master blames me. Mary—Ah, well, mum, of course I can go, but you're a prisoner for life!—London Punch.

Suspicious.

Mr. Bilkins (looking up from the paper)—The eminent physician, Dr. Greathead, says there is no exercise so conducive to health in woman as ordinary housework. Mrs. Bilkins—Huh! I'll bet he's married.—Tit-Bits.

Apples Improve Cigars.

Possibly the best way to improve cigars is to place very thin slices of apple between them. This is a familiar practice among connoisseurs. Any old apple will do.—New York Press.

Nothing hardens the heart and conscience like the acquisition of a fortune at the expense of others.—Burlamacchi.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

Do You Want to Get the BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE CARE OF DAIRY STOCK

State Dairy Inspector Winkjer Writes Interestingly on the Subject.

Says That Success of Creameries Depends Largely on the Care of Stock.

The following communication on the subject of the care of dairy stock is by State Dairy Inspector Winkjer and will be found of much importance to those who devote any portion of their time to dairying:

"It is not one single thing that makes a co-operative creamery successful, but it is the combined work of many essential things. The buttermaker is generally considered the most important factor for a successful creamery, but his importance is mainly in that he is in a position to bring together and harmonize the forces to bear on the important places. The buttermaker has an unlimited amount of pressure behind his creamery business if he goes to work and develops it right. Of course a buttermaker generally has his hands full in keeping his creamery presentable and he should receive a liberal assistance from all concerned and those concerned mostly in that work are the farmers themselves and, while there are many ways in which he may give this assistance, I want to point to one, especially, that the farmer is even more interested in than the buttermaker. This is the improvement of the dairy herd so as to get a bigger yield from the number of cows already on hand. The farmer is the one who is benefited most and should feel most interested. Now I want to call attention to one way in accomplishing this that is practical and a way that every dairyman should use, and that is to keep such a record of each cow in the herd that will show at the end of the year what each individual cow has done. This, at first thought, would seem like something that would entail a great deal of work, and I will not deny but what it takes some extra work, but I think it is safe to say that it will be the best paying work that you can do in connection with your dairy. The things necessary are, a spring scale, pencil and memoranda book, all of which need not cost over $2.00, and the extra work necessary need not be over 30 minutes a month outside the time it takes to do the figuring and that will depend on how quick you are to figure. The thing to do with this apparatus is to place them where you empty the milk, after milking. Taking the milk from each cow you first hang the pail on the scale and with the pencil and book you have handy you make a record of what the cow has given. You can repeat this for every milking if you wish, but for a beginning about four times a month will give you good results and show you where you have the cow that is stealing her board and where you have the one that is paying for it. In connection with this it is also necessary to have the milk from each cow tested about three times or more a year. With the number of pounds of milk and per cent of fat in milk you have a basis to figure the value of your cow. The value of such a record is well expressed by Mr. Sly in a late number of the Dairy Record, where he says: 'If a farmer has two cows and loses $10.00 on one and gains $1.00 on the other it does not take much of a mathematician to see that he did not make any money; but if he disposed of the cow that he lost $10 on, he will be $10.00 ahead besides saving the extra time and labor required to care for the extra cow.' There are many interesting things that come up with such a record peculiar to each dairyman's conditions and many questions will come up that you want answered and it is well to keep some dairy papers on hand to gather to your use the experience that other dairymen have had."

Fine Pasture, Good Water and Shade for Cows.

Mr. McCullough has fenced his farm, one-half mile east of the new bridge, on the reservation, and will take a limited number of cows to pasture.

The grass and pea vine are very fine and river water in the pasture for the cows any time they wish it. The cows will be called for in the morning and returned in the evening. The pasture will be ready June 1st. If you wish him to pasture your cow, be sure to call at the Hotel Soo and leave your address. Be sure to write your address plainly and don't forget to pay ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS to have your cow pastured for one month.

Charges are $1.25 per month, strictly in advance. Cows left in the pasture, one dollar ($1) per month. No cow will be taken to the pasture until the charges, $1.25, are paid.

If you wish him to take your cow, leave notice, as soon as you can, at the Hotel Soo.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Farge, agent.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE — FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

BUYS A DAILY.

Sam Clark Purchases a Daily and Weekly Paper at Minot, N. D.

The News is in receipt of a copy of the Ward County Daily Reporter in which the announcement is made that the daily and weekly Reporter has been sold by George W. Wilson to Sam H. Clark, until recently one of the publishers of the Press here. The Reporter is the oldest and leading paper of Minot, N. D., and Mr. Clark's many friends here wish him success in his new venture.

NO ONE WOULD EAT ALUM

Food that Contains Alum or an Alum Residue is Unhealthful.

Here is some interesting evidence upon the alum baking powder subject:

Prof. A. S. Mitchell, of Milwaukee, late chemist to the Wisconsin Dairy and Food commission, in testifying before the Congressional Committee, which was collecting information to aid in the matter of pure food legislation, said that there was no question but the tendency of the chemical impurities which would remain in food made with alum baking powders would be deleterious. As to the claim made by the manufacturers that alum powders left no alum in the food, he said he had failed to find any such powders which, in the ordinary process of cooking, would not leave some soluble alum in the food.

Doctor Schweitzer, the accomplished professor of chemistry at the University of Missouri, after a series of experiments with bread raised with alum baking powder, reported: "Careful analysis of the bread thus prepared shows a portion of the alum from the baking powders remaining in the bread as such and unaltered."

The fact that alum, if taken with food into the stomach, would be injurious is not questioned or disputed by any one. As scientific evidence would seem to prove that when food is raised with alum baking powder some part of the alum remains in the food, the prudent course for the housewife is apparent.

Germantown Connected.

H. Fant on Monday completed his long distance telephone line to Germantown, and the residents of that section from now on can talk with Thief River Falls at will. It is a great convenience to the people out there and they appreciate it.

The line connecting Hazel and Plummer to Thief River Falls will be completed this week.

DEBS MEETING.

Large Numbers From Outside Towns Will Be Here June 1st.

The local Socialists are planning on a very large meeting on Friday evening, June 1, when Eugene V. Debs will address an audience in this city. A very large number from the surrounding towns have signified their intention of being present at this time and it is hardly probable that Evenson's hall will be large enough to hold the large crowd that will desire to hear Mr. Debs. As an orator Mr. Debs is equalled by few men in the United States, and those who attend will in no way be disappointed.

Think It Over.

The dairy heifer calf, the laying hen and the full-blood hog make a three-cornered combination that a Minnesota farmer can tie to. The calves and pigs can be raised on the skim milk from the dairy, and the hen will use a large proportion of this kind of by-product to the very best advantage. And while these are every day adding to your stock of cash, your wheat, oats, corn, barley, potatoes, grass, etc., will grow right along in their season just the same as if you had no live stock at work for you. Be sure to raise the heifer calves. You can more then double your money every three years by keeping dairy cows and raising calves, and the milk, butter and cheese will pay for the feed. Have you figured on the proposition?

—Subscribe for the News.

NOT YET A LAW.

Bill Extending Payments on Lands Not Yet Passed.

For the benefit of the settlers on the reservation who have not made their payments as yet upon their land, it may be stated that as yet no bill has passed congress which extends the time of payment for one year. Congressman Steenerson has secured an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill providing for this, but as the Indian appropriation bill has not yet passed, the clause extending the payments is not yet a law. The only safe thing for the settlers, therefore, is to make their payments. When the law is passed, the News will give the information.

Free Express Delivery.

It is expected that within a month the Great Northern and Soo roads will establish free express delivery in this city. B. M. Wilson last week circulated a petition which was signed by all the business men of this place and it has been forwarded to the express companies. As the express business in the city is quite large, the request will no doubt be granted.

Well Drillers Leave.

The well drilling outfit of J. A. McCarty, which had been employed since last fall in drilling the well for the city, has been shipped back to St. Paul. The members of the city council have decided to purchase a deep well pump and continue the work of pumping until the water gets clean and fit to use.

The Falls Candy Kitchen

SALE

SATURDAY, MAY 26,

New England Taffy, 12½c per lb.
Old Time Mix, 9c per lb.

ALL CANDIES STRICTLY FRESH

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 24, 1906.

There is nothing that makes a safer investment than Northern Minnesota realty. It will never sell for a cent less than today and the man who can buy now and hold for five or ten years will have a fortune.

For sixteen years J. F. Jacobson fought graft and corruption in the Minnesota state legislature. He has always stood upon the side of the people, and that is why so many would like to see him governor of this state. The opposition to Jacobson is confined entirely to those who have been enjoying special privileges.

The chances of J. F. Jacobson receiving the Republican nomination for governor seem to be growing *better each day, and this fact* is due largely to the confidence the people of the state have in him. He will have more votes upon the first ballot than any other candidate, and will be the second choice of a large percentage of the delegates.

> It is questionable in the extreme whether they [Thief River Falls] could secure sufficient signers to a new petition for removal of the county seat, and their only hope of ever satisfying their greed is to make the present petition stand at all hazards. —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The above does not appear to be very sound reasoning. If Thief River Falls could not secure enough signatures to a petition asking for a vote upon the removal, it surely could not hope to win at the election. And the vote upon the question is what is bothering Red Lake Falls.

A reader of the Crookston Times can not fail to gain the impression that all of Northern Minnesota is ablaze with popular sentiment for A. D. Stephens for governor. Here is the latest:

> Mr. Orin Daniels, deputy sheriff of Polk County, has been spending some time on the wild, uppercoast of the north shore of Lake Superior. As there are no houses in that vicinity, he and his Indian guide, which he had secured to penetrate those regions, slept on the ground at night and the open camp much improved the health of Mr. Daniels. The region, he says, will be one of the best in the world when they get some people in there. He states that there is a great deal of popular sentiment for Senator Stephens in that territory.

A Serpent's Trail.

While the Standard Oil company is working up a plausible imitation of righteous indignation over the mild charges made against it by the Garfield report, and stoutly protesting its lamb-like innocence, in the hearing on Standard Oil methods before the interstate commerce commission in Chicago the hideousness of the oil trust's practices is being laid bare.

Hypocrisy, cunning, stealth, deceit, treachery, bribery, and corruption generally, characterize these methods. The showing made in Chicago is enough to condemn the Standard Oil company as a thief in the night, a wolf in the fold. It is rankest flattery, in view of these developments, to call it a highway robber. It is more like a sneak thief a poisoner, a barn burner. Nothing so brave and open as highway robbery is in its line. It has the courage of the contemptible rascal who snatches pennies from the hands of babies, and skulks in the alleys when men appear.

The evidence in Chicago shows that railroad employes and agents of independent oil companies have been bribed and corrupted by Standard Oil agents, and paid to betray their employers. It has given short measure, compelling its employes to be dishonest and to sell 208 gallons of oil from wagons with a capacity of 200 gallons. It has sold poor oil as good oil, and has taken three different prices for three different grades of oil, all sold out of the same tank. It has sneaked into the offices of its competitors, bought information about their business, and then, by underhanded methods, used that information against them.

When it had bought the names of those dealing with independent concerns, it has held up the shipments of the independents through bribery of railroads until it could rush in its own trains of oil to the market. When it has been necessary to undersell competitors, it has stealthily substituted cheap oils for the good oils it was underselling, and, in short, it has spread its dishonesty over as much ground as it could. It has stopped at nothing except things requiring courage. Nothing, apparently, has been too low for it to attempt in order to throttle competition and bleed the last dollar from the consumers.

It is high time that a stern attempt to search all its evils was being made. It is like turning up a flat stone from the sod in summer time, when a world of slimy, crawling, loathsome things are uncovered. It is unpleasant, but it is necessary and in the end wholesome.—Duluth Herald.

Steenerson's Drainage Bill.

Maxwell's Talisman, a publication in Chicago devoted to the enlargement of the area available for homemaking, pays Halvor Steenerson, the ninth district's representative in congress, a decidedly handsome compliment. Of the drainage bill which Mr. Steenerson has introduced in congress, the Talisman says:

Again does statesmanship, dealing with the problem of the disposition of the nation's hitherto unavailable and unoccupied lands, challenge the narrow and selfish propositions of mere speculators and politicians, and point out to congress and the nation a more beneficent way. This time its plans have to do with the reclamation of the swamps. Congressman Steenerson, of Minnesota, is its spokesman; and the measure he proposes places the swamp lands of the country in the same category with the arid lands as objects of governmental care, and applies to their reclamation the same machinery that has been found so efficient in the work of the national irrigation.

Mr. Steenerson is one of those men, evidently, who broaden by contact with affairs. He went to congress full of plans for service to his district, in the famed region of the Red River of the north. But he has evidently discovered that really the best way to serve the interests of his particular constituency is to attempt something grand for the nation at large. Several bills, introduced by him earlier in the session, relating to swamp lands, seemed to indicate a narrow horizon, since they were local only in their application. But on March 12th, he introduced another drawn on the lines of the National Irrigation Act, which bears all the marks of a broadening and progressive mind.

A study of the measure, and of its probable effect in making available a large amount of the country's now unused assets, shows that it may well engage the same support which has been given by earnest and far-seeing men to the irrigation propaganda. The reclamation to usefulness of an acre of ground is an object equally worthy of effort, whether that acre be now unavailable because of too little or too much water. The same principle, the regulation of the water supply, is involved in both. So the St. Paul Pioneer Press is entirely right when in a heading it characterizes Steenerson's measure as "A Bill Worth Backing." It is a measure which, equally with the Irrigation Act, works for the small home versus the land monopolist, for development versus stagnation.

Instead of proposing—as do other drainage bills before congress—a division of the government forces and a duplication of labor and expenses in different departments, it aims at concentration, unity and economy, by placing the work of drainage in the same efficient hands which now control the operations of the government in the field of irrigation. The training and experience of the splendid corps of engineers and administrators, which are making the government irrigation enterprises the admiration of the world, will thus be available in the collateral field of drainage.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The verdict in the heresy trial of Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey of the Protestant Episcopal church has been delivered to the accused minister. Four of the jurors state that in their opinion the respondent should be suspended from "exercising the functions of the church until such time as he shall satisfy the ecclesiastical authorities of the diocese that his belief and teachings conform to the doctrines of the Apostles' creed and the Nicene creed as this church hath received the same."

In testifying before the Wisconsin legislative insurance investigating committee Insurance Commissioner Host declared that the Equitable Life Assurance society offered to contribute $2,000 toward the Republican campaign fund in 1903 if the commissioner rendered a decision favorable to the company in a matter then pending.

The Standard Oil company has issued to its shareholders a statement in reply to the special message recently sent to congress by President Roosevelt in which it denies positively the charge that the Standard Oil company benefitted by secret rates for the transportation of its products.

The Commonwealth Trust and Savings bank, Chicago's first union labor banking institution, has opened its doors. The managing officers of the bank are practical bankers and men of long experience. The board of directors is composed of men who are prominent in the labor world.

According to a statement by S. H. Pearcy, a large landowner in the Isle of Pines, a revolt against Cuban authority in that island will occur in the near future unless the United States resumes control over it.

At the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum of the United States, in session at Old Point Comfort, Va., Howard C. Wiggans was re-elected supreme regent and the entire list of officers was re-elected.

Red Cross authorities in San Francisco are preparing to take over all the relief work upon the withdrawal of the army June 1.

The 118th session of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church of America is in session at Des Moines.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

The draft of the address to the throne in reply to the emperor's speech at the opening of the Russian parliament has been submitted to the lower house of parliament by the committee. It consists practically of the following ten demands: General amnesty; the abolition of the death penalty; the suspension of martial law and all exceptional laws; full civil liberty; the abolition of the council of the empire; the revision of the fundamental law; the establishment of the responsibility of ministers; the right of interpellation; forced expropriation of land; guarantees of the rights of trades unions.

Escorted by forty members of parliament nearly 400 women suffragists representing organizations from all parts of Great Britain interviewed Premier Campbell-Bannerman at the foreign office and presented their claims that women be allowed to vote. The premier advised his hearers to be patient until the government became more united in favor of the extension of the franchise to women. A big mass meeting was held later and the premier's reply bitterly denounced.

A bomb has been thrown into the Russian parliamentary camp by a note received by President Mouromtseff of the lower house from Peterhof, which, instead of making an appointment for an audience at which he and the deputation could present the address in reply to the speech from the throne, contained the information that Emperor Nicholas would not receive the deputation and that the address must be presented through the ministry of the court.

It is rumored that the Russian military court which has been investigating the surrender of Port Arthur and the battle of the Sea of Japan has condemned to death Lieutenant General Stoessel, who commanded the Russian forces at Port Arthur, and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, who commanded one of Admiral Rojestvensky's squadrons and who surrendered during the naval battle to the Japanese.

A political and social sensation has been caused in Berlin by the announcement that Baron Jesko von Puttkamer, governor of the German Cameroon colony, West Africa, against whom charges of impropriety of conduct have been pending for some time, will shortly resign on account of "ill health."

The house of lords, by 96 to 24 votes, rejected the second reading of the bill introduced into the house of commons by James Keir Hardie, the labor leader, the object of which is to prohibit entrance in Great Britain of aliens to take the place of British workmen during trade disputes.

Count Keller, a colonel of dragoons, was probably fatally wounded at Kaliszk, Russian Poland, by the explosion of a bomb which was thrown at the officer while he was returning from a review. His horse was killed and his orderly was injured.

The Philippine commission has authorized Governor George Curry to begin a campaign with regular troops having for its object the absolute subjugation of the Pulajanes on the island of Samar.

Zhanoff, a police officer who participated in the brutal maltreatment of Maria Spiridonovo, the girl assassin, was shot and killed at Tamboff, Russia, by an unknown person.

Thirteen mourners, who were at a graveside during a funeral at Teschen, Austrian Silesia, were struck by lightning and killed, while twenty others were severely burned.

William H. Stuart, the American vice consul at Batoum, Russia, was shot and killed at his country place Sunday night. The assassin escaped.

The British torpedo boat No. 56 capsized off Port Said, Egypt, during a storm. Seven of her crew were drowned.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The supreme court of the United States has rendered a decision in the case of United States Senator J. Ralph Burton of Kansas. The decision was against Burton, affirming the decision of the federal circuit court for the Eastern district of Missouri by which Burton was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment in the jail of Iron county, Mo., required to pay a fine of $2,500 and deprived of the right to hereafter hold office under the government. Burton was convicted of accepting compensation from the Rialto Grain and Securities company of St. Louis for services rendered in an effort to prevent a fraud order being issued against that concern.

President Roosevelt has transmitted to congress the complete report of James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations, of the investigation which he made into the operations of the alleged oil trust. Accompanying the report is a letter from the commissioner replying to the criticisms of his report by officials of the oil trust and of certain railroad companies.

The world's international commerce will aggregate fully $25,000,000,000 in the year 1906, according to a bulletin issued by the department of commerce and labor.

Frank P. Sargent has been reappointed commissioner general of immigration.

LABOR NEWS.

The Masons and Builders' association of San Francisco has raised the wages of bricklayers and bricklayers' helpers. Bricklayers will receive $7 per day of eight hours and helpers $4 a day.

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Look for Name on Shoe

The Cambridge

Straight shape, Patent kid, Medium sole, Common-sense Heel

For the man who does not care for extreme shapes, yet wishes to be well shod. The longer you wear the Cambridge the better you'll like it. Designed for men who want sensible, high-grade footwear.

Most styles are $5.00

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Wilson Clothing Company

Puget Sound

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Every day from June 1 to September 15, very low round trip rates will be in effect over the Great Northern Ry. to

Seattle, Portland, Everett, Vancouver, Spokane and Montana.

$60 Puget Sound Points.
$57.50 Wenatchee.
$55 Spokane, The "Kootenai," Fernie, B. C.
$50 Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Belton, (Lake McDonald), Lethbridge.

Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota" Seattle to Japan and China.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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BANKRUPT SALE

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SOMETHING DOING

When You Can Buy Good Staple Goods at Less Than Manufacturers' Prices.

LADIES, Why pay $3.50 to $4.50 for Shirt Waists when you can buy the same thing for $1.48 to $1.98 and everything else in proportion at the Emporium's old stand?

Yours to please,

T. P. Hamre & Co.

MASONIC BLOCK

MINNESOTA STILL LEADS

Is the First State in the Production of Northern Pine.

Hold Fourth Place in the Total Production of Lumber.

Minneapolis, May 21.—Minnesota still leads the United States in the production of northern pine and on total lumber production of all varieties of woods stands well up with the leaders, ranking fourth. On total production of lumber three states—Washington, Louisiana and Wisconsin—are slightly ahead of Minnesota.

These results are shown by the first report of the government forest service, made public last week at the meeting of the National Lumber Manufacturers' association in St. Louis. The 1905 report is based on the returns from 11,649 firms, representing from 65 to 75 per cent of the lumber producing concerns of the country. The total lumber cut of the United States for the year is reported at 27,687,000,000 feet. Minnesota stands fourth on the list of lumber producing states, with reports from 173 firms showing a total cut of 1,718,000,000 feet. It leads in the production of northern pine with 1,644,000,000 feet.

The other lumber with which Minnesota is credited and the cut of each is as follows: Hemlock 24,000,000, spruce 5,000,000, cedar 1,000,000, tamarack 11,000,000, white oak 3,000,000, red oak 2,000,000, maple 3,000,000, ash 2,000,000, elm 5,000,000, basswood 7,000,000, birch 4,000,000, mixed 7,000,000.

A New Administratrix.

Annie J. E. Robinson has been appointed administratrix of the estate of the late Sarah Ann Robinson. As will be remembered, William Robinson was appointed administrator in the will, a contest against which was brought by Jessie Jackson and last week withdrawn. Mr. Robinson did not file a bond as required by law and so Mrs. Annie Robinson was appointed by the court. The estate will now be settled up at once.

Stones! Stones!

I have 12 cords of stone for sale at my residence. J. H. Wertlein.

The City Well.

City Attorney Cooke has been looking up the matter of the city council's refusal to pay the well diggers for the drilling of the well lower than 400 feet. The present flow of water comes from about 400 feet down, it is generally believed, and it is also thought that the well diggers know that they found a flow of water at 400 feet, but, as they were getting $7 per foot from the city, they were more interested in drilling down than in discovering a flow of water. City Attorney Cooke says that while he believes the city did not receive fair treatment, if a law suit resulted, it would become necessary for the city to prove that the present flow of water comes from the 400 foot mark. This would be almost impossible to do.

INJUNCTION IS SECURED

Courts Appealed to in Strike of Telephone Linemen.

Alleged That Threats Had Been Made to Stop Crews at Work.

St. Paul, May 16.—The federal courts and injunctions have been resorted to to preserve order in the linemen and cable splicers' strike.

Judge William Lochren, holding a term of the federal court at Winona, has issued an injunction restraining the strikers from in any way interfering with strike breakers and crews trying to repair telephone lines damaged by the storm of Sunday and Monday evenings.

The order was served on union leaders and strikers in St. Paul and Minneapolis by deputy United States marshals.

The order is sweeping and makes any one guilty of interfering with telephone crews a violater of the court's decree and liable to punishment for contempt of court.

The injunction was secured on affidavits of the telephone company officials, who alleged that threats had been made and in some instances carried out to stop crews at work.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

FARMER MAY GET REWARD

Otter Tail County Man Probably Prevents a Bad Wreck on G. N.

Jim Hill Has Ordered an Investigation Into the Circumstances.

Fergus Falls, Minn., May 21.—J. J. Hill has instructed the Great Northern representatives at Ashby to inquire into the circumstances of August Anderson, the man who saved the Winnipeg flyer last Monday night, and it is currently rumored that he is going to be handsomely remembered. Mr. Anderson is a farmer residing near the track and when the veritable cloudburst occurred he at once surmised that a section of the railroad where a culvert had recently been put in might be endangered.

He started out with his lantern and found that the culvert had been inadequate to carry away the water in such a downpour and the flood had washed away the earth under about 100 feet of ties and rails.

The Winnipeg flyer was already within hearing distance, and he stopped the train within a few yards of the danger point.

J. J. Hill was close behind in his special train and a brakeman hurried back and signaled it to stop.

The washout occurred on a piece of level track, where the train ordinarily made very fast time, and but for Mr. Anderson's timely discovery the flyer would have been wrecked and there is every probability that Mr. Hill's train would have crashed into it. Several passengers alighted and examined the washout while the brakeman was signaling Mr. Hill's train and the two trains were then backed down to Evansville.

SPECIAL TRAIN.

One to Be Run from Grand Forks to This City Next Saturday.

A special train is to be run from Grand Forks to Thief River Falls next Saturday over the Great Northern and it is expected that a very large number of people will be brought to this city. The train is run to accommodate those who wish to attend the high school field meet which is to be held here at the fair grounds on that day.

MEMORIAL PROGRAMME

How the Old Soldiers Will Commemorate the Day.

Attorney Stanton to Deliver an Address on the Occasion.

The committee in charge of the Decoration Day exercises have arranged to have the parade start at the corner of First street and Horace avenue, opposite the F. H. Kratka residence, at 1:30 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, May 30th. The procession will be formed by H. E. Mussey, marshal of the day, and will be headed by the Thief River Falls band, with the G. A. R. veterans, Spanish war veterans under arms, school children with flowers, the mayor and city officers, firemen in uniform, fraternal orders and citizens following, in the order named. The parade will march down Horace avenue up Bridge street to St. Paul avenue, down St. Paul avenue to Greenwood cemetery.

Upon arrival at the cemetery, the ceremony of decorating the graves will be observed, followed by firing of the salute, after which taps will be blown. The following program will then be presented, subject, however, to change:

Music.
Invocation—Rev. C. H. Fiesher.
Reading General Orders Commander-in-Chief G. A. R.—S. T. Johnson.
Music.
Address—E. M. Stanton.
Music.
Benediction—Rev. F. J. Barackman.

The committee in charge of the day are W. B. Fuller, J. H. Hay and G. K. Fargo.

Memorial Services in the Presbyterian Church Next Sabbath Morning at 11 o'clock.

The pastors of the Methodist Episcopal and Presbyterian churches have decided to unite in this patriotic service next Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock.

A general invitation is extended to the citizens of our town to be present at these exercises, which are held in honor of the defenders of our flag.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

CREAMEY IS PROSPEROUS

Local Creamery Manufactured 3,100 Pounds of Butter Last Week.

Doing Almost as Big a Business as the One At St. Hilaire.

The Thief River Falls creamery is doing all kinds of business these days and it is quite probable that inside of a few weeks it will be one of the best patronized creameries in this section of the state. Last week 50 tubs of butter, or 3,100 pounds, was manufactured, and this is within ten tubs of butter of what the St. Hilaire creamery manufactures. As the St. Hilaire creamery has long been considered one of the best and most successful in the state, it can readily be seen the local creamery is fast getting to the front. In a few years when the farmers around here get in as good shape to go into the dairying business as the St. Hilaire farmers are at present there can be no question but that the creamery will prove a great success. Every farmer should do his share.

GERMANTOWN

Seeding is over and the farmers are taking a little rest after the rush.

Our chairman, H. Roller, was down to Warren last week and helped elect a new county commissioner for our district.

A little baby girl arrived at the home of John Ristau last Sunday.

Ernest Schmit was very sick last week after the first dance he took in on the reservation this spring.

Our assessor has commenced his duty of finding out how rich the farmers are.

Lula Lovestone is attending the high school at Germantown.

Mrs. Edstadt has gone to town to consult a doctor.

The directors of the Germantown Creamery association held their monthly meeting last Monday and found that the creamery had done pretty well the first month.

Our county division is getting rather quiet now. Very likely it is all dead by this time.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

The president has reappointed District Attorney Houpt of Minnesota.

A terrific rain storm caused considerable damage to crops in Otter Tail county.

W. W. Dewey, aged ninety-six, a pioneer resident of Otter Tail county, is dead.

Captain Edwin Bell, aged ninety, a pioneer resident of St. Paul, is dead at Portland, Ore.

Henry J. Vaughan, aged eighty, who laid out the boulevard system at Minneapolis, is dead.

Justus Lyon, aged ninety-two years, was run down and killed at St. Paul by an Omaha passenger train.

Dr. Richard Burton will probably return to the University of Minnesota as head of the English department.

Cyrus Arnsberg, an inventor residing at St. Louis Park, near Minneapolis, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

Hiram Kenna was blown to pieces by an explosion of dynamite while clearing stumps from his land two miles south of Pine City.

Frank Jelinek, eighteen years old, is dead at St. Paul of lockjaw, the result of stepping on a nail, which penetrated the sole of his left foot.

A party of 100 physicians and surgeons, many of them from St. Paul and vicinity, will start July 21 on an Oriental trip, which will occupy three months.

James T. Teare, on trial at Stillwater, has been convicted of arson in the third degree. Teare's son and daughter were the principal witnesses against him.

Michael Monson, seventy-one years of age, was struck by an incoming passenger train at Minneapolis and so badly injured that he died within a few minutes.

A heavy thunder shower visited the vicinity of Sparta Thursday. Rain pelted down in sheets and put out numerous threatening forest fires that had been burning fiercely.

The third interurban line of the Twin City Rapid Transit company between St. Paul and Minneapolis began operations Monday. It is known as the Selby avenue-Lake street interurban.

The annex building to the plant of the Union Fiber company of Winona, used for the storage of the finished product, was destroyed by fire Friday. A high wind carried the sparks and for a time a portion of the city was threatened.

Twenty-seven county superintendents from different parts of Minnesota met at St. Cloud last week and organized the State County Superintendents' association. It is proposed to extend the membership so that it will include every such officer in the state.

One of the heaviest fires of its class in Northern Minnesota took place at Cross Lake last week. Between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 feet of logs, nearly all white pine of high grade, the property of the Northland Pine company, were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $120,000.

G. Gunderson, a farmer residing northeast of Pipestone, committed suicide by taking strychnine upon returning home from town. He went to the barn, mixed a drink of the poison, which he kept for the purpose of killing rats, and after drinking it he dropped dead.

A vigilance committee of citizens of the St. Anthony hill district of St. Paul has been formed for the purpose of trying to put a stop to the many depredations and even assaults which have been carried on of late by a gang of boys who hold forth on the streets of that section.

Forty men employed in wrecking operations on the stranded steamer Crescent City, nine miles from Duluth on the north shore of Lake Superior, have been made sick by something they have eaten. The symptoms are those of ptomaine poisoning. Two or three of the men are seriously sick.

A herd of sixty-four cows, which had been condemned on account of tuberculosis, has been shipped from the insane hospital farm at Fergus Falls to the stock yards at South St. Paul, where the animals will be slaughtered and examined and any that are not infected will be used for meat.

After a voyage of 8,204 miles the pleasure yacht Wacoutah, owned by John H. Rich, has returned to its harbor in Red Wing. About Christmas time the Wacoutah, having on board Mr. Rich and his family, went down the Mississippi to the Gulf, then for hundreds of miles along the Florida coast and across the Gulf stream to the Bahamas, where the family spent the winter.

Louis Junghauer has been sentenced to the St. Cloud reformatory by Judge Hallam in the Ramsey county district court on his plea of guilty to the charge of embezzling $10,000 from the State Savings bank of St. Paul. Judge Hallam stated in pronouncing sentence that, without minimizing the gravity of the offense, in view of Junghauer's age he had determined to give him another chance.

John Miller, an eight-year-old Red Wing boy, dreamed that burglars were in the house and got out of bed in his night clothes, walked several blocks to the St. James hotel and hunted up a policeman, who followed him home to capture the alleged burglars. When within a block of the house the boy awoke and could not realize where he was. Not until then did the policeman understand that he was walking in his sleep.

Subscribe for the News.

JAKE LOOKS GOOD TO D. P.

D. P. O'Neill Says That the Farmers All Favor Jacobson.

Tells of His Record While in the State Legislature.

D. P. O'Neill came up from his Norman county farm last Friday and is looking after his farming interests in this section. Mr. O'Neill always takes a great deal of interest in political matters and he says that the farmers of Norman county are almost a unit in favoring J. F. Jacobson for governor. Mr. O'Neill is also a warm admirer of the man from Madison and hopes to see him nominated by the Republicans for governor.

"I served two terms in the legislature with Jacobson," said Mr. O'Neill to the News, "and I want to say that no man ever fought harder for the interests of the people than did Jake Jacobson. His opponents all admit that he is honest, *but say that he is too radical.* Here is where I differ with them. Jacobson does not believe in giving the corporations special privileges, and believes that the rich should pay their just proportion of taxes as well as the poor. For a long time the laws of the state have been made so that they gave certain corporations special privileges which others do not enjoy. Jacobson stands merely for the square deal, and is the kind of a man the people who are looking only for fair treatment will support for governor."

The Report Was False.

Judge Knight came up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday. The report started in the down-river town to the effect that he had taken charge of the county seat fight for Red Lake Falls is entirely false, like most of the stories that are put in circulation from that place. While most all of the citizens down there desire that the Judge take charge of the fight, there is a self-appointed committee that is having too good a time spending the money that is being drained out of the Red Lake Falls city treasury, and these fellows will not relinquish their job. In fact the Judge says that he is through with Red Lake Falls. He don't want to have anything to do with grafters.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

Rasmus Oen and wife et al., to Mrs. Gunil Lufkin, lots 28 and 29, block 9, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids	$ 700
First National Bank of Thief River Falls to Clair A. Baker et al., west 80 feet of lots 23 and 24, block 30, original townsite	1,500
Tone Olson and husband to Gunerius Amundson, east 100 feet lots 1 and 2, block 36, original townsite	7,000
Young Pine Lodge No. 221, I. O. O. F., to James Meehan, Jr., lot 23, block 35, original townsite	1,200
Ane Martine Kittelson and husband to Annie Nelson, lot 1, block 23, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids	100
First National bank of Waukon to Prichard Stone Co., lots 1 to 48, block 31, Red Lake Rapids	1

Read This Carefully.

Dr. H. A. Lebel, the Minneapolis specialist, chiropodist and dermatologist, is paying a professional visit to Thief River Falls, with office at the Ogahmah hotel, and will remain for a week or so. The doctor cures corns, bunions and ingrowing toe nails without pain. His new discovery removes moles, birthmarks, warts, etc., without the use of a knife, electric needle or acid, or leaving scars; removes superfluous hair and treats skin eruptions. Those desiring treatment at home may have it without extra charge by notifying the doctor. All work guaranteed. Consultation free. Will also treat patients on Sunday. Telephone No. 3.

Insane Man Got Away.

Sheriff C. C. Hankey, of Grafton, N. D., was in the city Tuesday, having in charge Con Sullivan, an insane person whom he was taking to Roseau, where the man has a legal residence. The man was not violently insane and Mr. Hankey allowed him considerable liberty, with the result that he got away from him. Sullivan is about 45 years of age, and has a homestead up near Greenbush.

Tow Boat Here.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's tow boat, "The James Meehan," arrived here Tuesday evening from the lake. The main shaft of the boat has been broken and it was necessary to have the boat brought here in order that the repairs could be made.

Fight Over a Can of Beer.

There was a row between a man and his wife in Porter's addition Saturday evening and residents of that section of town thought that some one was being murdered. The affair happened about midnight and, so far as known, no one was hurt.

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Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

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for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, - - - Minnesota

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

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When You Want Anything in the HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialties, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

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THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

MATCHES OF OLD TIMES.

Securing a Light With a Flint Was a Tedious Process.

Few persons living today remember when the tinder box was a necessity, But these few are the only ones who thoroughly appreciate the convenience of matches. With the aid of a tinder box one sometimes obtained a light in less than two minutes, but if the conditions were unfavorable one might spend a half hour or more before getting from the reluctant tinder box the spark which would kindle the fire.

The process sounds simple. The lid of the box was removed and a bit of candle stuck in the socket. Next the flint, steel, matches and damper were taken from the box, one match being drawn from the bundle and laid ready for immediate use. The handle of the steel was grasped firmly in the left hand and the flint held between the thumb and forefinger of the right hand. Nine inches was considered the proper distance between the steel and the tinder. This was measured roughly in the dark by placing the tip of the little finger on the rim of the box, spreading the hand upward and placing the bottom of the steel on the tip of the thumb. The flint was then struck sharply with the steel several times, obliquely and downward.

The impact caused the steel to give off sparks, really minute globules of molten steel, at a temperature of several thousand degrees, and these, falling upon the tinder, soon set it alight. The box was then taken in the hands and gently blown to cause the smoldering tinder to glow more brightly, and to this glow the point of a sulphur match was quickly applied. The flame of the burning sulphur quickly kindled the wood of the match, and it was then easy to light the candle or morning fire.

Although the process was not difficult for an expert under favorable circumstances, it was at best slow and tedious. One might strike 100 modern matches, one by one, in less time.

The flint commonly used in the tinder box was such as might be picked up in any flint district. All that was necessary was that it should be so shaped that it could be held easily between the fingers and should have sharp, clear edges. These were commonly sold in the streets of London for a penny and are still manufactured in Brandon, England, for export to Spain, Italy and the east. The matches then ignite spontaneously when struck.

Originally a "match" was any substance which burned readily and slowly. The bit of slow burning hempen rope steeped in a solution of saltpeter, which the ancient gunner carried in order to discharge his arquebus, was a "match." It burned at the rate of about three feet in an hour. The old sulphur match was intended not to produce but to convey fire. In London matches were commonly sold by the poorest and raggedest class of street merchants, who lived in dirty lodgings in the poorest districts, where they made the matches, carrying them about in a basket for sale. Few houses with any pretension escaped without at least one call a day from these venders as long as the trade lasted.

The great difficulty was to find dry tinder. Naturally it was very ready to absorb moisture, and when allowed to become damp the difficulty of obtaining a light in the morning was great. To avoid this trouble the tinder box was usually kept in a specially dry place. Often there was a small niche made on purpose in the brickwork at the back of the large open hearth place. Often the box was placed in the evening on the hearth close to the fire and at bedtime was carried upstairs warm and dry and placed beneath the pillow.

At Victor Hugo's Table.

Victor Hugo—a titan in laboriousness—suffered in childhood from constitutional delicacy, wrote Henry Labouchere. He kept an Irish cook, who had learned how to roast in the service of the dean of Jersey or Guernsey. She hated "messes" and "stock" gravy and herself attended her master at table, not allowing the parlor maid to go near him. If she thought a dish unwholesome she refused to let him partake of it. She had her reward in the heartiness with which he ate of her roast and boiled viands. She and Mme. Drouet, the tactful friend and secretary of Victor Hugo through the greater part of his literary career, were agreed in satisfying to the full his fondness for early spring vegetables and new potatoes. As he insisted on them being passed around the table, which was spread for many disciples, admirers, hangers on and courtiers, they must have cost a fortune. I sometimes saw asparagus served without stint that would have cost from 1½ francs to 2 francs a stalk. Victor Hugo helped himself largely and called for more.

He Was Insane.

A representative from New York enjoys nothing better than to recount a story which, he declares, he had from an official in the pension bureau. One day, so the tale runs, the bureau was in receipt of an extraordinary communication from the west, in which the writer, among other things, made this astounding statement:

"I am now drawing a pension of $25 a month. Recently the Lord has prospered me; so, being convinced that I am not entitled of right to this money, I desire that my name be stricken off the roll."

As soon as the bureau recovered in a measure from this staggering intelligence an investigation was set on foot. The examiner in the field reported as follows:

"I have the honor to inform you that the person who desired that the name be stricken from the pension roll is now in an insane asylum in this place and has been for some time."

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED EMBALMER
Coffins and Caskets. Hearse in Connection.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Dr. G. R. Lanning,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

J. WALSETH, Norske Advokat. WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.
WALSETH & TAUTGES, LAWYERS.
We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.
(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Mechan block)
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew ~~Ekern,~~
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak.

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Always Order
when you want the best beer
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Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

McCALL PATTERNS
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YEAR
INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.
McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest Number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.
Lady Agents Wanted. [illegible]
[illegible] Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Sever Bergan, H. E. No. 903, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter O. Brevik, of Germantown, Minn.
Halvor A. Vinjeru, " "
Donough O'Brien, " "
Fred Solle, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 17 june 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Receiver or Register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 13th, 1906, viz: George Wold, H. E. No. 2,806; Chippewa Series, for the N½ SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4, Sec. 34, T. 155 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Knut Rognes, of Germantown, Minn.
John Graff, " "
Mikkel Anderson, " "
John Anderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Charlie T. Thompson, H. E. 830, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Chris Porter, " "
Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, "
Jay Paine, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 10th, 1906, viz: Ole O. Byklum, H. E. No. 154, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 1, 3 and S½ NE¼, Sec. 3, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

T. H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hans H. Pederson, of Thorwick, "
Charley O. Overum, " "
Charles Evenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Paul E. Wambheim, H. E. 52, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nils Swanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Elias J. Overland, " "
Haldor P. Spanheim, of Manor, "
Sjur L. Solberg, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Sixteen and 96-100 Dollars upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John La Crosse and Mary La Crosse, his wife, Mortgagors, to Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1905, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book 13 of Mortgages, on page 67.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Crookston, by written assignment dated the 1st day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 2nd day of May, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 314, and by reason of the default hereinbefore mentioned the said The First National Bank of Crookston, the Assignee of the Mortgagee, chooses to declare and hereby does declare the whole debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage due and payable, making in all the sum of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: The South west quarter (SW¼) of the South east quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West: Lots Twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 6th day of July, 1906, at 1 o'clock P. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1906.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROOKSTON, Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

may 24 june 28

If your head aches,
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn,
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses.

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Andy C. Hurt, H. E. No. 827, Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 19, Twp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Picinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Stena Gall, of Germantown, Minn.
Anton Kolski, " "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for Districts of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 4th, 1906, viz: Ole N. Olson, H. E. 218, Red Lake Series for the lots 7 and 8, Sec. 6, Twp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton J. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Anderson, " " " "
Gunder L. Steenerson, " " " "
John Dahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. 4,515, Chippewa Series, for the N½ of NW¼, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 28, and NE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 29, T. 156 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
Willie Helland, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, "
Christ O. Saustad, of Ringbo, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Stena Gall, H. E. No. 844, Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 9, Twp. 154 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Picinski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andy C. Hurt, " "
Anton Kolski, of Germantown, "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Thore T. Bakken, H. E. No. 2330, Chippewa Series, for the NW¼ of Sec. 20, Twp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Saave Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn.
Torald Tharaldson, " "
Tom Tharaldson, " "
Jacob Klungnes, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 4th, 1906, viz: John F. Dablow, H. E. 83, Red Lake Series for the SE¼, Sec. 13, Twp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Norlom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Kaushajen, " "
Gunstein Knutson, " "
Andrew Trovaton, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906 viz: Ellen Johnson, H. E. No. 7,945 for lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Phillips, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Hedlund, of Sorum, "
Azard Johnson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 june 7

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906 viz: Azard Johnson, H. E. No. 7,453 for lots 14 and 15, and NE¼ SW¼ and NW¼ SE¼, of Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Hedlund, of Sorum, Minn.
Oscar Mattson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "
John Philips, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 june 7

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Theodor E. Eneberg, as one of the heirs of John Engebretson, deceased, H. E. 239, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 2[illegible], Tp. 154 N., R. 4[illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Thor [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible] Homen, " "
Martin J. Berg, " "
Halvor H. Olsen, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: [illegible] H. E. [illegible] for the [illegible] Sec. [illegible], Tp. 154 N., R. [illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry [illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
Carl [illegible], " "
[illegible] Hovelsen, " "
Emil Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

A QUAINT CEREMONY

SEARCHING THE VAULTS UNDER THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.

Guy Fawkes Long Ago Made the British Beef Eaters Watchful—How What Was Once an Important Duty Is Nowadays Performed.

During the 300 years which have elapsed since Guy Fawkes was discovered in the vaults of the houses of parliament the yeomen of the guard have never failed religiously to perform the ceremony of searching the cellars on the eve of the assembly of parliament. Originally an important duty, it has now developed into a quaint and picturesque ceremony. Before the old houses of parliament were burned down in 1834 the search was a reality. Now it is a mere ceremonial, but one which the public would wish maintained. Before that time every nook and every corner of the dark and noisome vaults had to be carefully searched.

How different the ceremony is conducted at the present day we learn from Sir Reginald Hennell's interesting book. The officials of the lord great chamberlain, the special detective police of the house of parliament, with the commissioner or deputy commissioner of police, assemble in the princes' or peers' robing room and await the coming of the yeomen of the guard, consisting of an exon, the sergeant major and ten yeomen. On their arrival a procession is formed, headed by the chief of police in charge. Partisans are laid aside, and each yeoman is handed one of the same little oil lamps which have probably been in use from time immemorial.

The exon gives the word, the procession moves off, and the search commences. Cautiously descending by iron ladders—for the yeomen are no longer young—and traversing iron grating floors, they gradually descend to the vaults below. The walls are all painted or colored white, and under the glare of the modern electric lamps, which brilliantly illuminate every part of the vaults, it would be difficult for the smallest object to remain undiscovered. Slowly the party reascends to the princes' chamber, lamps are returned, partisans are shouldered, the exon reports to the lord great chamberlain that the search has been well and truly carried out and that the houses of parliament can assemble in safety, the official part of the ceremony is over, and the guard is dismissed from duty.

The men then proceed, according to ancient custom, to the offices of Messrs. Bellamy, the old firm of wine merchants, where by special permission the gallant yeomen drink the king's health in the best port. In 1760 the firm of Bellamy applied to the authorities of the houses of parliament to be permitted to rent and use as wine cellars one portion of the empty vaults. This was granted, and the custom was initiated by the founder of the firm, "Old Bellamy," so to arrange the search that the yeomen of the guard should bring it to an end at the wine stores. There the announcement was made, "All's well," and the guard, being drawn up, drank the king's or queen's health in Bellamy's old port—"God save the king." The wine cellars have been removed elsewhere, but the good custom remains.

The yeomen of the guard are a most fascinating institution, the first permanent body guard of England's sovereigns and the first permanent corps of trained soldiers in our history. Imitated perhaps from the Scottish guard of the French kings, the corps was formed as far back as the year 1485. When Henry VII. landed in England from Normandy he was accompanied by a small guard of English and Welsh who had shared his exile. They were with him at Bosworth, and surrounded by them he received the crown of England.

It was this body of personal attendants that became, in September, 1485, the yeomen of the guard, ever since the personal bodyguard of the sovereigns of England. It still retains the picturesque dress with the original title of yeomen, which it wore under its first captain, John de Vere, earl of Oxford. The original duty of the corps was to protect the king in battle and otherwise, and he was accompanied by his yeomen wherever he went. The yeomen of the guard have taken part in many a battle and siege and in most royal pageants from the Field of the Cloth of Gold to the opening of parliament.

When his majesty the king opens parliament the beef eaters will be in close attendance on the state coach. The office of captain of the guard is a political one and changes with the government, but the lieutenant, the ensign, the clerk of the cheque, or adjutant, and the exons are required to have served in the army or marines and have seen war service. The yeomen must have been noncommissioned officers in the army or marines of approved and distinguished service, and the appointments, as may be imagined, are the most highly prized of any which are open to old soldiers. The yeomen of the guard are very frequently confounded with the warders of the Tower, but they are now a distinct body. When Henry VIII. relinquished the Tower as a residence he was not unmindful of the dignity attaching to it. Twelve yeomen of the guard were left behind as Tower warders, who then became a separate organization, with a slightly different dress, but with the same pay and allowances.

The nickname of beef eaters, which has been bestowed on the yeomen of the guard, is of comparatively modern origin, and it is amusing to recall how writers have endeavored to account for it.—London Globe.

CRUEL PUNISHMENTS.

The Old Time Use of Torture In Legal Processes.

The constitution of the United States and the constitutions of the various states in prohibiting cruel and unusual punishments were not fighting an absurdity. The use of torture in legal processes was not, when these instruments were framed, so remote as it is now.

When Sir Thomas Dole came as high marshal to Virginia he crushed a conspiracy by killing the ringleaders by torture. One had a bodkin thrust through his tongue and was chained to a tree until he died. Others were broken on the wheel. It is quaintly stated that Sir Thomas was "a man of good conscience and knowledge in divinity." Dole's date was 1611.

The next notable instance of the use of torture was in 1692, in the Salem witchcraft excitement, when Giles Cory was pressed to death—the "peine dure et forte," the most horrible of deaths.

Executions were in public throughout the east until comparatively recent times. When Quelch, the pirate, and six others were hanged in Boston, Sewall wrote in his diary, "When the scaffold was let to sink there was such a screech of the women that my wife heard it, sitting in our entry next to the orchard," though the gallows was a mile away and the wind unfavorable.

The use of torture to wring the truth from witnesses is said to have been recognized as legal in Austria until well within the century.

CURIOUS FISH.

They Keep Their Eggs In Natural Pockets In Their Mouths.

In the sea of Galilee, or Lake Tiberias, as it is also called, there is a strange fish named the Chromis simonis, which is more careful of its young than fish generally are. The male takes the eggs in his mouth and keeps them in his natural side pockets, where they are regularly hatched and remain until able to shift for themselves. By this ingenious arrangement the brood is comparatively guarded against its natural enemies. It is easily fed, too, but it is a puzzle how the little ones escape being eaten alive. Awhile ago, says a traveler writing to a religious contemporary, I found in my net a number of these fish without eyes.

Others of the species, when I lifted them up, dropped a number of little fishes out of their mouths, which swam away hastily. The natives explained the phenomenon. The blind chromis is the victim of sea hawks. When these birds have eaten their fill they begin to look out for tidbits. After catching a fish they hit its forehead with their sharp beak, knocking out the middle part, in which their eyes are set. The bony structure is dropped into the water, but the eyes are eaten by the birds with great relish. Strangely enough, the fish generally survive this rough treatment. The wound heals up quickly in water, and they continue to ply the lake for food as if nothing had happened.—London Standard.

FOND OF FINERY.

Elephants Delight In Dress and Gorgeous Trappings.

Elephants are passionately fond of finery and delight to see themselves decked out with gorgeous trappings. The native princes of India are very particular in choosing their state elephants and will give fabulous sums for an animal that exactly meets the somewhat fanciful standards they have erected.

For these they have made cloths of silk so heavily embroidered with gold that two men are hardly able to lift them.

An amusing instance of elephantine pride is narrated: The elephant which usually led the state procession of a rajah being ill, the magnificent trappings were placed on one which had up to that time occupied only a subordinate place.

The animal, delighted with its finery, showed its glee by so many little squeaks and kicks of pleasure that general attention was attracted to it.

Not long after another state procession was formed, and the previous wearer of the gold cloths, being restored to health, took his accustomed place and trappings, when the now degraded beast, imagining, perhaps, that he was being defrauded of his promotion, was with great difficulty restrained from attacking the leader of the parade.

Road Markers.

On some of the Yorkshire moors white posts are to be seen along the narrow tracks which serve as roads. They are called "stoops" and are something like boundary posts in appearance. A casual observer might imagine that they really did denote a county or parish boundary, but such is not the case. When snow covers the ground and the paths are invisible these posts point out where they lie and so save the wayfarer from being lost.—London Mail.

The Teacher's Joy.

Parent—How did you get along with your geography lesson today, Johnnie?

Pupil—Beautifully. The teacher was so pleased that she made me stay after school and repeat it all over again, only just to her.

Her Choice.

She—So these are the china bargains you advertised?

Dealer—Yes, ma'am, and they're going for little or nothing.

She—All right, I'll take that blue dish for nothing.—London Answers.

The only kind of advice that is ever taken is the rich relation's and only when he is there to see you do it.—New York Press.

MICHAEL ANGELO.

The Humble Start In Life of the Famous Master.

Two boys were herding swine in Italy. They were evidently discussing some very important subject, for they were earnest at it. A man approached, and the boys separated, each for his own side of the pasture. The man was angry and was shaking his hand at them. The boys said nothing; they drove their swine in and were quiet as a mouse about it. The man had said they should stay out until dark, and the sun had not even set yet. After they had driven the swine to their respective places each crept to his room, took his clothes and tied them in a bundle. This done, they both crept down and ran to the road which led to Rome. One's name was Peter; the other Michael Angelo. Both were poor boys. They tramped and tramped, and the first thing they did when they reached Rome was to go to church. After they had rested and prayed they looked for employment. Peter received employment as the cook's boy in some cardinal's house, but Michael could find nothing to do, so he almost despaired.

He went to his friend Peter, who gave him something to eat and at night secretly let him into his room in the attic to sleep. This went on for a long time, Peter content to let his friend do this and Michael content also. Michael when in church had seen some fine pictures. One which fascinated him was "Christ Ascending to Heaven." Taking bits of charcoal, he went to Peter's room and drew pictures on the white walls. One day the cardinal had occasion to go to the room. Michael had meanwhile secured employment in the cardinal's kitchen. The cardinal, upon seeing all the pictures, was dumfounded with their accurateness. He called Peter and Michael upstairs and asked who had drawn them. Michael confessed he had, but said he thought he could rub them out again. The cardinal explained to him that it was all right so far as the wall was concerned. He took Michael and sent him to a drawing master and gave Peter a better position. And Michael worked hard at his drawings, learned diligently and became the renowned Michael Angelo, one of the greatest painters of his time.

VEGETABLES AS MEDICINE.

Asparagus stimulates the kidneys.

Water cress is an excellent blood purifier.

Parsnips possess the same virtues as sarsaparilla.

Carrots are good for those having a tendency to gout.

Celery contains sulphur and helps to ward off rheumatism.

Celery is a nerve tonic; onions also are a tonic for the nerves.

Tomatoes are good for a torpid liver, but should be avoided by gouty people.

Beets are fattening and good for people who want to put on flesh; so are potatoes.

Lettuce has a soothing effect on the nerves and is excellent for sufferers from insomnia.

Spinach has great aperient qualities and is far better than medicine for sufferers from constipation.

Hatching Eggs In the Mouth.

Some curious examples of the egg laying habits of certain frogs are related by naturalists. The female of one species, a species which was recently exhibited at a meeting of the Zoological society, carries the eggs about in her mouth until they are hatched. When the young emerge they are tadpoles, but fully formed, though, of course, diminutive frogs. An American tree frog, again, has a pouch along the whole extent of its back, in which the eggs are carried until hatched. It is the Nototrema marsupiatum of zoologists, the name referring to this curious habit. The case of the Surinam toad is equally curious. In this species the male places the eggs, one by one, in hollows in the loose skin on the back of the female, where they are developed.—London Globe.

Waiting to Be Found.

Lost one evening in a side street off Charing Cross, a small terrier came for the next six days at nightfall to the same spot, waiting to be "found" and scanning eagerly every passerby. The constable on the beat got to know her wistful little face and the bright silver collar she wore quite well, but she was never to be seen by daylight. It was only on the sixth evening, half starved and weak with waiting, that she allowed herself to be captured and taken to the dogs' home at Battersea, where she was eventually claimed by her owner.—St. James' Gazette.

Her Gift.

A Lancashire vicar was asked by the choir to call upon old Betty, who was deaf, but who insisted in joining in the solo of the anthem, and to ask her only to sing in the hymns. He shouted into her ear, "Betty, I've been requested to speak to you about your singing." At last she caught the word "singing" and replied: "Not to me be the praise, sir. It's a 'gift.'"

Justice.

"Why is Justice represented with a bandage over her brow?"

"There is a classical reason for it," said the lawyer, "but to my mind it serves chiefly to impress the frequency with which Justice gets a black eye."—Washington Star.

Renew Thought.

Teacher—Mary, make a sentence with "dogma" as subject. Mary (after careful thought)—The dogma has three puppies.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Major Barak G. Thomas, the "nestor" of Kentucky racing, breeder of Domino and Himyar and founder of the famous Dixiana stud, is dead at Lexington, Ky., aged eighty years.

Mrs. Mary Ann Perigo, aged 103, the oldest white woman in Iowa, is dead at Leon from blood poisoning caused by the scratch of a cat which she was petting.

James A. Coye, one of the most prominent Republican politicians in Michigan and collector of customs at Grand Rapids, died suddenly from apoplexy.

U. F. Bickley, for years a leading lawyer of Hamilton, O., has been indicted on four counts for embezzlement and forgery.

Gabriel Dumont, a leading figure in the Riel rebellion in Canada in 1885, is dead, aged seventy-five years.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

John Alston Moorhead of Pittsburg, a son of John Moorhead, Jr., and a grandson of John Moorhead, who was one of the group of great steel magnates in his lifetime, left the family home a week ago with his mother's French maid and the pair were married in New York city.

Alexander Beckman, who made an attempt on the life of Henry Clay Frick during the great steel strike at Homestead in 1892, has been released from prison, having served fourteen years.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, wife of the president of the Southern Confederacy, who is ill in New York city, has suffered a relapse and her condition is said to be serious.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 21.—Wheat—May, 83¾c; July, 83⅝@83½c; Sept., 80⅝@80⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 85¾c; No. 1 Northern, 84⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 83¼c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 21.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 84⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 82⅞c; May, 84½c; July, 84⅝c; Sept., 81⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.15¾; July, $1.17½; Sept., $1.17; Oct., $1.15¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 21.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.25. Hogs—$6.05@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50; good to prime spring lambs, $7.50@10.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 21.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.35; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.90; Texans, $4.00@4.60; calves, $4.00@6.40. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.15@6.40; good heavy, $6.30@6.40; rough heavy, $6.10@6.20; light, $6.15@6.37½; pigs, $5.25@6.10. Sheep, $4.75@6.50; shorn lambs, $5.35@6.85.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 21.—Wheat — May, 86¼c; July, 83⅝@83¾c. Corn—May, 49¼c; July, 48¾@48⅞c. Oats—May, 34⅝c; July, 34c. Pork—May, $15.62½; July, $16.72½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.15; Southwestern, $1.09; May, $1.09. Butter—Creameries, 13½@18½c. Eggs—14½@15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 11½c.

TO SEE KING HAAKON CROWNED.

Four Hundred Scandinavians Leave the Northwest for Norway.

Minneapolis, May 16.—Four hundred Scandinavian excursionists left Minneapolis Tuesday night for Norway to see King Haakon crowned. A quarter of their number are Minneapolis residents. The balance are from points in Minnesota, the Dakotas and Montana. The aggregate payment by the party for transportation both ways was $45,500.

BURGLARS LOOT STORE.

Take $3,000 Worth of Jewelry at Mora, Minn.

Mora, Minn., May 16.—The jewelry store of J. Anderson was broken into and completely rifled by burglars. Watches, diamonds, rings and jewelry of all kinds were taken to the value of over $3,000. It is apparently the work of professional burglars.

Marine Information.

"Do you ever catch any whales, captain?" asked the fair passenger on the ocean liner.

"Often, ma'am," answered the dignified captain.

"How very wonderful! Please tell me how you catch them?"

"We drop a few of the old salts on their tails, ma'am."

In the British museum are books written on oyster shells, bricks, tiles, bones, ivory, lead, iron, copper, sheepskin, wood and palm leaves.

1906 MAY 1906

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

CRIMINAL NEWS.

A triple tragedy, the details of which will probably always remain a mystery, has occurred at Lynnville, Ky. A visitor to the warehouse owned by Mark Wilson, a prominent merchant, found the proprietor, his brother, West Wilson, and Arthur West on the floor shot to death. The supposition is that West Wilson and Arthur West engaged in a shooting affray, killing each other, and that one of the bullets struck Mark Wilson.

A daring attempt to loot the United States sub-treasury at San Francisco was foiled Thursday night by soldiers from Company G of the Eleventh infantry. The soldiers were detailed to guard the treasury and they claim that their fire was returned by the men who were attempting to loot the safes in the building.

Irwin Tucker, president of the Savings bank of Newport News, Va., committed suicide in his room over the bank just as Chief of Police Reynolds of that city opened his door to arrest him upon a warrant charging him with defaulting in the sum of $10,000.

Crazed by drink and by disappointment in a love affair James H. Clark, a telegraph operator at Chamblee, Ga., killed one man, severely wounded three, slightly wounded a fifth and when surrounded by a posse shot himself through the heart.

Harry J. Reynolds, until recently prominently connected with a well known Cleveland iron ore and shipping concern, waived trial, pleaded guilty to the charge of bigamy and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

The grand jury at Cleveland has returned indictments against President Harry Norvell and thirteen directors of the City Ice Delivery company, known locally as the ice trust, on the charge of violating the Valentine antitrust law.

The New Jersey court of pardons has commuted the sentence of Mrs. Anna Valentina to life imprisonment. Mrs. Valentina was under sentence to be hanged at Hackensack on May 25 for the murder of Rosa Salva.

A mob of 1,000 persons attempted to lynch the crew of a Chicago street car in revenge for the killing of an eight-year-old boy and in a fight with the police scores of rioters were injured.

Miles Fuller, aged sixty-six, was hanged at Butte, Mont., Friday for the murder of Henry J. Callahan Oct. 24, 1904.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

In denying the charges made against him in an article in the Chicago Tribune Senator Bailey of Texas declared that the correspondent was in high favor at the White House and insinuated that the president furnished the information in question. He concluded his remarks as follows: "I denounce that correspondent as an unqualified, deliberate and malicious liar. I denounce the man who inspired the statement as an unqualified, deliberate and malicious liar, whoever he may be and however high the office he holds."

After seventy days of almost continous deliberation the senate has passed the railroad rate bill by the practically unanimous vote of 71 to 3. The three negative votes were cast by Senators Foraker (Rep., O.) and Morgan and Pettus (Dems., Ala.). The bill has received more attention from the senate and from the country at large than any measure that has been before congress since the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act in 1893.

The senate committee on interoceanic canals has voted in favor of constructing a sea level canal. The affirmative votes were: Messrs. Platt, Kittredge, Ankeny, Morgan, Carmack and Taliaferro. Chairman Millard voted in the negative. Senators Knox, Hopkins, Simmons and Dryden were not present. All of these are supporters of the lock type.

The railroad rate bill was considered for three hours by the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce and the decision reached to recommend disagreement to all of the senate amendments and to send the measure to conference.

The house has passed the naval appropriation bill, provision being made in the measure for the construction of the largest battleship afloat.

The senate, after three hours' consideration, passed the executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Forest fires in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan and in Northeastern Wisconsin have almost swept blank an area of 400 square miles. Several small towns were destroyed and dozens of others were saved by the most desperate efforts. Two thousand people are homeless and practically destitute. The financial loss will aggregate over $1,000,000, mostly sustained by large lumber companies.

Seven miners were torn to pieces and twelve badly burned by an explosion of dynamite in the Shenandoah City colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company. A box of dynamite which a workman was carrying fell from his shoulder and caused the explosion, which ignited the mine gas.

James Theodore Walker, a young clubman and reputed millionaire of St. Louis, is dead at his country home near Clarksville, Mo., from burns received in an explosion.

Fire at Stanley, Wis., destroyed over 100 residences, together with a dozen business houses, rendering 1,000 people homeless and causing a loss of [illegible]

SMOKE CHOKES FIREMEN.

Half the Force at Winona Overcome While Fighting Blaze.

Winona, Minn., May 20.—Over half of Winona's firemen were overcome by smoke this afternoon in a fire in a building filled with baled hay and feed, owned by E. Miller, adjoining his grocery and feed store. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is in the neighborhood of $1,000, partially insured.

The firemen had to work in the smoke over the hay and one after another were overcome. Captain Art Rice and Pipeman Gostomczyk are in the most serious condition, but they will recover.

Of a score of men at work on the fire twelve had to be carried away. Several returned two and three times until rendered unconscious by smoke.

ST. PAUL MAN KILLED.

Struck by a Lever While Replacing Pipes in an Artesian Well.

St. Paul, May 21.—Peter Tracy, 152 Forbes avenue, was killed instantly on a farm below Inver Grove, and O. E. Clubb, the owner of the farm, was seriously injured. The men were engaged in replacing heavy pipes in an artesian well, and had improvised a lever with the limb of a tree and chains in order to lower the pipes into the ground.

While one of the pipes was being lowered the chain slipped. The pole flew backwards and struck Tracy on the head, fracturing his skull. He died instantly. Mr. Clubb was struck under the chin, hurled several feet, and fell unconscious. He will recover.

DOCTORS TO VISIT ORIENT.

Northwest Practitioners Plan Extended Trip to Far East.

St. Paul, May 21.—Several carloads of doctors and their families will make the trip to the Orient over the Great Northern road and the steamship Minnesota, starting from St. Paul July 21 and returning to Seattle Oct. 5. One hundred doctors who have agreed to take the trip are from the vicinity of the Twin Cities, but Dr. A. J. Stone of St. Paul, one of the promoters of the trip, will extend an invitation to some of the Eastern physicians while he is at the American Medical association meeting in Boston, June 5 to 8.

MERGER OF MINES.

Companies Owning Arizona Mines Will Be Consolidated.

Duluth, May 21.—Official announcement is made that the officers of the Calumet and Pittsburg, Lake Superior and Pittsburg, Junction and Pittsburg and Duluth Mining companies are to be consolidated under a new Minnesota corporation of $20,000,000 capital. The mines are at Bisbee, Ariz., and are under the same management as Calumet and Arizona, and were promoted by the same people. T. F. Cole, C. A. Congdon and C. D. Autremont of Duluth and the Heatons of Calumet are prominent in the companies.

O'BRIEN ARGUES FOR BILL.

Minnesota Official Before House Judiciary Committee.

Washington, May 14.—A hearing was given before the house committee on judiciary on the bill introduced by Representative Ames (Mass.) to regulate insurance in the District of Columbia.

Thomas D. O'Brien, state insurance commissioner of Minnesota, among others argued for the bill, saying it was desired that the federal government co-operate with the states in the matter of regulating insurance and in his opinion the passage of the bill would greatly benefit the states.

FIRE AT WINONA.

Plant of Union Fiber Company Damaged to Extent of $10,000.

Winona, Minn., May 19.—The annex building to the plant of the Union Fiber company, used for the storage of the finished product, was destroyed by fire late yesterday afternoon. The loss is $10,000, of which $3,000 was on the building and $7,000 on the contents. The property was partly insured. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been a spark from a passing switch engine.

FIXES HEARING DATE.

State Railway Commission Will Resume Examination June 20.

St. Paul May 21.—Examination of shippers in the rate hearing which is being conducted by the state railroad commission will be taken up again June 20. The taking of testimony will consume several days' time. Following the examination attorneys for the road will have an opportunity to cross-examine, final arguments will be made and the case taken under consideration.

Costly Fire at Duluth.

Duluth, May 21.—Fire of unknown origin gutted the three-story building at 222-4 West Michigan street, occupied by the Zenith Paper company, entailing a total loss of the stock valued at $40,000. The building was owned by Eastern parties, with E. W. Peet of St. Paul agent, was damaged to the extent of $5,000.

Valuable White Pine Burned.

Brainerd, Minn., May 17.—Word has reached here of one of the most disastrous fires of its class ever recorded in Northern Minnesota. At Cross Lake between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 feet of logs, nearly all white pine of high grade, have been destroyed. The loss is estimated at from [illegible]

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:13 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

A BIT OF HISTORY.

The Removal of the Obelisk From Egypt by the Americans.

"Nothing ever told to illustrate the friendship of Russians for Americans will strike a more responsive chord in this country than the story of the action of a Russian admiral at Alexandria, in Egypt, when Lieutenant Commander Gorringe, U. S. N., was about to ship the obelisk (now in Central park, New York city) to the United States," said an old diplomatic official. "The English and French in Egypt didn't want the western world to have an obelisk, and court intrigue soon persuaded the khedive to rescind his gift. Gorringe had only a few men with him; but he met the vacillation of the khedive by erecting a stockade around the monolith and raising high above it the stars and stripes.

"Mobs of Egyptians, incited by envious French or English, continued to harass the handful of Americans. As the time for lowering the obelisk drew near their patriotic feeling reached a climax, and Gorringe began to fear some sort of violence which might damage the stone and prevent its shipment. As we all know, it was placed on trunnions like a cannon, turned over on its side and lowered to the ground, after which it was rolled on cannon balls to the water's edge and shoved into the hold of the Dessoug, the bow plates of which had been removed as she lay in dry dock.

"In the harbor was a Russian squadron. The admiral a few days before the time set for lowering the obelisk sent Commander Gorringe a polite note saying he was much interested in his novel engineering feat and would be pleased if he could be permitted to witness it. Gorringe returned a courteous invitation to the admiral and his staff and thought nothing more about it. He was concerned rather about what the excited Egyptian mob might do when it came face to face with the prospect of losing its historical treasure.

"At daybreak on the appointed day boats containing 400 Russians put off from the squadron of the white czar and formed a hollow square about the obelisk. Within were the Americans and the admiral. Outside surged the Egyptian mob, held back by the bristling Russian bayonets. When the obelisk was ready a corner of the square opened and the huge stone started seaward on its journey to the United States. Next day the Russian admiral sent another polite note to Commander Gorringe thanking him for his courtesy in permitting him to view the lowering of the obelisk, which, he said, he had very much enjoyed."—New York Press.

Prodigies of Politeness.

Before you went abroad you heard that the French people were much given to politeness, but perhaps you never heard about politeness in Switzerland. You are surprised as you wander about the villages or over country paths to have all the little boys lift their hats to you and say, "Guten morgen, mein herr," and to have all the little girls you meet greet you with a shy smile and a sweet voiced "Guten morgen."

Of course you lift your hat in return, and you think it a pretty custom until it begins to weary you to keep bowing and bowing and bowing to the children. The best part of the children's politeness, however, as you discover to be the case, lies in the fact that it is not prompted by hope of gain. In other parts of Europe many people have smiled and fawned upon you in anticipation of the bestowal of a coin. Probably the only country in Europe where there is a possibility that your tip may be refused is Switzerland. Of course tips are not always rejected there by any means, but sometimes you run across Swiss independents who politely decline your proffered money.—Chicago Post.

He Read the Signs.

One morning two young women entered the Saltville grocery and after some discussion bought a pound of dates, two pounds of ginger snaps and two pounds of crackers.

"Stopping at Miss Gray's?" inquired the clerk as he tied up the bundles.

"Yes," said one of the young women, with evident surprise.

"Came about yesterday forenoon?" said the clerk.

"How did you know?" asked the other young woman curiously.

"Um—well, I can most generally tell," said the clerk without glancing at the objects of his mind reading as he twitched a knot in the string. "You see, it's pretty drizzly and muddy today, and I knew there wouldn't anybody's boarders but Miss Gray's feel the need of coming out here such weather, and long as you didn't come till today I know for sure you couldn't have been here more'n one day. Three meals is about the average."—Youth's Companion.

Her Weak Point.

The dream of suffrage had been realized. There were female police. After a desperate struggle one of the brave lady cops had arrested two porch climbers single handed.

"Don't dare to resist!" she hissed. "If you do I shall shoot!"

There was an ominous click.

"Don't shoot, lady!" said one of the porch climbers suavely. "We won't resist. But I just wanted to tell yer dat during de row yer hair got mussed, an' yer hat ain't on straight."

The lady cop flushed with embarrassment.

"Gracious!" she exclaimed. "Where can I find a mirror? I could never think of going along the street like this! Wait here until I return."

And the porch climbers slipped off in the shadows, while the lady cop went to find a mirror.—Chicago News.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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PLANETARY VITALITY.

Earthquakes Can Take Place Only on Living Globes.

A moonquake is now unthinkable, because the moon is as dead as a doornail. Our satellite is "ever foreshadowing our own ultimate doom, like the mummy at Egyptian banquets," but in the meantime, if the Edinburgh Review has correctly conceived the teachings of seismology, the inhabitants of earth may console themselves for the havoc wrought through earthquakes by reflecting that they demonstrate the vitality of our planet. In that distant past when the moon actually quaked there may—some scientists declare there must—have been forms of animation upon its surface. "Though the moon, by reason of its smaller size, was bound to lose its atmosphere, it must have taken millions of years to do so, and there may have been time for the cycle of life, from the primeval germ up to sentient beings and down again to the hardiest lingering plant cells, to run its full circle." The writer in the Edinburgh Review continues to develop his line of thought:

"Earthquakes are a sign of planetary vitality. They would seem to be characteristic of the terrestrial phase of development. Effete globes like the moon can scarcely be subject to the stress to which they are due, nor can they be very suitably constituted for the propagation of elastic waves. Inchoate worlds, such as Jupiter and Saturn, are still less likely to be the scenes of reverberating concussions. Their materials have not yet acquired the necessary cohesion. They are pasty or fluid, if not partially vaporous. On the earth the seismic epoch presumably opened when, exterior solidification having commenced, the geological ages began to run. It will last so long as peaks crumble and rivers carry sediment, so long as the areal distribution of loads fluctuates and strains evoke forces adequate for their catastrophic relief.

"Our globe is by its elasticity kept habitable. The separation of sea from dry land is thus and not otherwise maintained. The alternations of elevation and subsidence manifest the continual activity of this reserve of energy. The dimensions of the globe we inhabit depend upon the balance of pressure and expansiveness. Relaxation or enhancement of either instantly occasions a bending inward or an arching outward of the crust. Just by these sensitive reactions the planet itself shows itself to be alive, and seismic thrillings are the breaths it draws."—Current Literature.

Little, but Immense.

Although General Joseph Wheeler was a chieftain of tremendous force when in battle, he was, as everybody knows, small in stature, slight in build and of unassuming appearance as a civilian. Shortly after the United States had declared war against Spain and while the preparations for sending the army to Cuba were in active progress a stranger in Washington observed a number of distinguished senators gathering around a little gray bearded man whom they had encountered at the steps of the capitol and shaking his hand with enthusiasm.

"Who's that little old chap they're making so much fuss over?" he said, addressing an elderly, stoop shouldered man who was standing near him and looking at the group with kindling eyes.

"Little!" exclaimed the other. "That's Fighting Joe Wheeler. If ever you'd been in a big battle and seen him coming toward you at the head of a galloping army of wild men, as I have, you'd know better than to call him little! He's as big as the side of a house!"

Fishing For Rattlers.

Hunters have an ingenious method of capturing rattlesnakes, whose oil is believed to be a cure for deafness, and as such commands a big price. They go about on warm days, carrying a long fishing rod and a line, with a sharp scythe, and when the reptile is discovered, usually asleep near a loose edge of rock, it is prodded more or less gently with the rod. Like any other sleeper suddenly interrupted, the snake wakes up angry, makes a dart at the nearest irritating object, which is the fish hook dangling near his head from the end of the rod, and very accommodatingly allows the sharp hook to penetrate its jaws. The man with the rod holds the entrapped reptile at a safe distance while his comrade moves up and severs the snake's head from the body. The latter is then deposited in a bag, and the hunters go in search of fresh game.

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Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen............ $2.35

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THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name __________
Town __________
State __________
R. F. D. No. ________

For Fruit,

Candies

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Tobacco

Go to

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THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

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FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS

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PHONE 108. THE NEW STORE.

Chas. E. Kirk

Practical House Painter . . and Decorator . .

Paper-Hanging and tinting, Hardwood Finishing and Graining a Specialty

Second Door South of City Hall

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1906

NUMBER 22

MYSTERY IS COMPLICATED

Man Shot in Roseau Thought to Be John Stuart, Escaped Jail Bird.

And Not John Stewart, Cattle Buyer, as Was First Supposed.

Several facts have come to light in the last few days which make the Wannaska murder mystery a more complicated one. Persons in Canada have notified the authorities of Roseau county that the murdered man was not the cattle buyer, John Stewart, but an escaped Montana jailbird who went by the name of John Stuart, but whose right name was Henry Isacks.

John Stewart was seen last week by T. G. Lanegraf, who recently went to Canada. McKenzie, the man in jail at Roseau charged with the crime, says he knew that Stuart was an escaped criminal, upon whose head a reward of $1,000 was offered. He knew of the reward, but decided to say nothing about it till fall, when he would need the money.

McKenzie denies killing Stuart and says that John Stephenson, with whom the two stopped, was with Stuart after he (McKenzie) left. He further says that at the time of his arrest he was waiting for Stuart, who, by an agreement made when they separated last fall, was to meet him now. The officials are hunting for Stephenson and, if he is caught, it is expected some startling developments will result.

Was Not Discouraged.

An exchange tells a story about a certain church that was very exclusive, having well-to-do and aristocratic members. A poor man applied for membership and they did not want him. They hardly liked to turn him down, so requested him to take it to the Lord in prayer and come again. In about two months he showed up. They asked him if he had taken it to the Lord, and he said he had. They questioned as to what reply, if any, he had received, and he replied as follows: "The Lord told me not to get discouraged. He said He had been trying to get into your church, for several years, but had not succeeded."

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at the Court-house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day to consider and act upon a petition now on file in the office of the Auditor of said County, signed by 2,006 of the legal voters of said County, praying that the County seat of said County be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

This meeting is called pursuant to an order and judgment of the District Court in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF RED LAKE, MINNESOTA, By Daniel Shaw, Chairman.

COMES BACK.

Roseau County Farmer Finds This Section the Best.

Old Forskognes and family returned last week from Seattle, Wash., where they spent the last two years, and have gone back to their farm in the town of Stokes, where they will live henceforth. Since leaving Roseau county three years ago, Mr. Forskognes has traveled over considerable country, having made an excursion into western Canada, and met several people from northern Minnesota. Nearly all seemed to be dissatisfied with their location, wishing themselves back from whence they came. Many are prepared to come back as soon as they can dispose of their holdings, while others wishing to return have not the means of doing so. Many people who have been attracted to the west by the glowing description of the climate and the opportunities offered there have found, after a year's residence, that all there is to that country is a big boom. Everything is being overdone, labor is plentiful, wages low and markets poor. Mr. Forskognes is glad that he still has his farm and has come back fully convinced that there is no other place like northern Minnesota.

New Library Board.

The library board appointed by Mayor Grundy held its first meeting last Thursday evening. Dr. Tupper was made president of the board and George K. Fargo secretary. Prof. Hay, Mrs. J. M. Bishop and Dr. Tupper were appointed a committee on constitution and by-laws. It was decided to secure the state's traveling library and an effort will be made later to secure a Carnegie library building.

IT IS A GO.

The Farmers Living Near Newfolden Will Build a Creamery.

The Farmers' Co-operative Creamery Association of Newfolden, at a meeting held Thursday, agreed to commence building operations at once. They have now 100 farmers holding stock from six surrounding townships, which will no doubt bring a lot of trade to this point that is going elsewhere.

The building will be of concrete blocks, with concrete floor, making a fire-proof building. It will be located on the bank of Middle river just south of the townsite, furnishing the best of drainage. This being a natural stock country, it is an assured success from the start.

The officers of the association are John Branstrom, president; John Alberg, secretary; Nels Bjornness, treasurer. They expect to have the creamery in operation by the 1st of July. This is a home industry and has been worked up by the farmers of this vicinity and the business men of Newfolden.

Hard on Independents.

Aspirants who may desire to run for a county office without a party label will find some difficulty in doing so under the provisions of the revised code. To be an independent candidate now is not so easy as it used to be. Signatures obtained before the holding of the primary election are useless, and no person who votes at the primary is eligible to file the petition for an independent candidate. These provisions practically compel every one seeking office to affiliate with one of the dominant parties. The man without a party seems to be out of it.

Subscribe for the News.

DROWNED IN THE RIVER

Nine Year Old Son of E. O. Erickson Loses His Life Last Friday

Body Recovered and the Funeral Services Were Held on Sunday.

Marvin, the nine year old son of Chief of Police and Mrs. E. O. Erickson, met death last Friday morning by drowning in the Red Lake river. Just how the boy fell into the river, no one knows, as there were no witnesses, but the supposition is that he was playing along the river bank in Meehan's addition and accidentally fell into the water. Search was at once started for the body and it was found by O. M. Evenson near the city dock.

The boy was an exceptionally bright little fellow and the parents have the sympathy of the entire community. He was their only son.

The funeral services were held Sunday morning and the remains were buried in Greenwood cemetery.

READ THE LABEL.

Some of the Alum Baking Powders Offered by Grocers.

As is well known, the laws of most states require all baking powders made from alum to show that fact on their labels.

It is not always that the manufacturers comply with the law, or if they do in a technical way, the terms used are not intelligible to the average consumer.

For instance, "basic aluminum sulphate" is nothing more nor less than "alum."

The following list of baking powders containing alum is made up from the official reports of the food commissioners or from the report of the U. S. agricultural department at Washington, or other equally reliable authority:

[illegible]

CALUMET............Contains Alum.
Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago
I. C. } K. C. }..............Contain Alum.
Jaques Mfg. Co., Chicago
PALACE............Contains Alum.
Palace Baking Powder Co., St. Paul
CAMEO............Contains Alum.
Cameo Baking Powder Co., Chicago
BON BON, } HOTEL, }..........Contain Alum.
Grant Chemical Co., Chicago
ATLAS............Contains Alum.
Reid, Murdock & Co., Chicago
CHAPMAN'S, } CHICAGO YEAST, }......Contain Alum.
Chapman & Smith Co., Chicago
SUPERIOR...........Contains Alum.
Superior Baking Powder Co., St. Paul

The housekeeper should bear in mind that alum costs but two cents a pound, while cream of tartar costs thirty. The quality of the powder is, therefore, usually indicated by the price.

TOOK TESTIMONY

Case Against Sheriff Linnihan Was up Before Judge Watts Last Week.

In the chambers of the district court at Crookston last week the case of the Hamm Brewing company against the sheriff of Red Lake county was started, the testimony being taken before Judge Watts. The case is a rather peculiar one, being the first of the exact type that has come up for some time. The facts in the case are that Sheriff Linnihan, under writ of attachment, secured the bar fixtures of P. K. Olson, who was engaged in the saloon business at Plummer, the writ having been secured by Felix Fournet, of Crookston. The Hamm Brewing company claim a mortgage on the property and are suing the sheriff for recovery of the value of their mortgage, which is $300. The case will come up again, when written arguments will be submitted to the court by the interested parties.

E. M. Stanton, of this city, represents the Hamm Brewing company.

About Advertising.

The merchant who gives the same attention to his advertising as he does to his sweeping, dusting and replacing of stock will never argue that advertising doesn't pay. The man who argues that advertising doesn't pay is the man who would neglect to attend it. No doubt if he would leave his store for a month without changing the goods, he would conclude that it doesn't pay to keep store. Advertising is an expense, but if it didn't pay, large business houses would never expend thousands of dollars annually to push their trade.

A New Addition.

C. J. Knox was down to Red Lake Falls last week and filed the plat of a new addition to Thief River Falls. The addition is known as Bothum addition and is named after Martin Bothum, who has purchased a number of lots there.

FEARS OF FOUL PLAY

Mysterious Disappearance of Olaf O'Strom About Two Years Ago.

Was Last Seen at Northome and Was Then En Route to Bemidji.

What has become of Olaf O'Storm, a young man who was last seen two years ago headed for Bemidji from Northome? A cousin, E. D. Rogden, of Cokato, Wright county, who was in Bemidji last week on a search for his missing relative, believes that he may have been murdered for his money.

He has no other explanation to offer for a disappearance complete, unexpected and mystifying. The man had a roll of over $300 on his person, and, after traveling about the northern woods for a spell, he intended to go back home to Fessedon, N. D. But he never went, and no word of him has come to his parents and other relatives and friends since the day he started for Bemidji.

Rogden set out from Cokato several days ago and has traveled the north country over thoroughly in his search. At various towns he has found traces of the missing man. At Northome he discovered the people with whom he boarded while there, and he learned that O'Strom and several friends had made trips into the woods experimenting with a new powder to be used in blasting stumps.

He also learned that either in the month of March or June, O'Strom left the northern village with Jay Williams, of Little Fork, and Frank Lugnaw, residence unknown, and took the train for Bemidji. That is the last heard of him.

O'Storm is described as a Swede of light complexion and medium size, about 30 years old. He was something of a traveler and had visited, within the year before reaching this country, various parts of the United States and Norway and Sweden. But he was a good, clean sort of a fellow, declares his cousin, who did not drink or gamble, and who was of the most inoffensive disposition, never provoking a quarrel or getting into trouble.

He was without family, but has parents living near Fessedon, N. D.

Rogden was unable to find any trace of his man in Bemidji, and left the city thoroughly mystified.

Our Road Making.

Our present system of road work in Minnesota is wrong. We do not get value received for the money expended. We believe that all road taxes should be paid in cash, and that all road work should be done under contract. Such a system would soon create a class of expert roadmakers, and competitive bidding for work to be done under plans and specifications would give the townships value received for the money expended. The county appropriates a hundred or two hundred dollars to a certain township to aid in improving a bad road. In most cases the job is handed to some fellow who "needs the money," but has no practical ideas of road making, and the appropriation is wasted. The law should compel us to receive bids for such work under plans and specifications, and we would be much more likely to get the worth of our money. Our present system is certainly radically wrong, and it is hoped that the next legislature will enact a measure that will force an improvement of conditions.—Brown's Valley Tribune.

TOUCHED THE BOARDERS

Burglars Enter the Soo and Atlantic Hotels Saturday Evening.

Secure Money, Checks and Watches and Then Leave the City.

Burglars succeeded in stealing considerable from the boarders at the Soo and Atlantic hotels Saturday night. In order to accommodate the boarders, these hotels are not kept locked and it was easy to gain admittance. The burglars would walk into the different rooms and, if discovered, would inquire if this was where so-and-so was sleeping.

At the Soo hotel, Mike Ford lost a check for $75, payment upon which has been stopped, $20 in money and a watch. S. A. Sherman lost about $7 in money and O. Brynildson about $9.

At the Atlantic hotel, the losses were small, being only about $6 or $7.

The police have a goood description of the burglars, but it is thought that they left town on the early morning Soo train for Winnipeg.

SORUM WON.

Was Elected County Commissioner to Succeed Jensen.

Warren Sheaf: The chairmen of the town boards of the fifteen towns composing the fifth commissioner district of Marshall county met at the county auditor's office for the purpose of choosing a successor to Jens P. Jensen, who recently resigned the office of commissioner for that district. Those present at the meeting were the following: Albert Klungness, Agder; G. A. Patznik, Cedar; Albert C. Vorseth, Como; J. B. Johnson, Eckvoll; Ole J. Lunke, East Valley; Laur J. Tenold, Espiee; John Simonson, Excel; Henry Roller, Grand Plain; H. O. Ekerdalen, Holt; P. A. Johnson, Moylan; A. D. Nordstrom, Moose River; Ed. J. Ruud, Rollis; C. R. Anderson, Thief Lake; S. Bergsing, Sr., Valley; Carl S. Rud, Veldt.

Organization was effected by the election of Henry Roller, of Grand Plain, as chairman and Laur J. Tenold, of Espiee, as secretary. Though several candidates for the position have been mentioned, but two formal nominations were made at the meeting. The nominees were N. Bundhund and J. A. Sorum. On a call of the roll Mr. Sorum received eight votes to seven for Mr. Bundhund, and Mr. Sorum was declared duly elected. Both are well known residents of the fifth district and fully qualified for the office of commissioner. Had Mr. Bundhund been chosen, his district would have been assured of intelligent, painstaking and efficient representation on the board; his successful competitor, Mr. Sorum, also possesses the confidence of the people of the district, who are glad that their interests are to be in such safe hands.

Lomen Was Here.

J. J. Lomen, who is candidate for the Republican nomination for secretary of state, was in Thief River Falls last Friday and Saturday interviewing a number of the voters here. Mr. Lomen for a number of years resided at Ada and, as there are a number of old Ada residents here, he found a number of friends. The further fact that Mr. Lomen resides in this senatorial district makes him strong in Red Lak county.

Subscribe for the News.

Large Assortment of Summer Underwear, 25c, 50c, Etc.

THE WORKING MAN'S SUIT

Full Line of Hand-made Working Shoes. $1.50, $2, Etc.

A GREAT MANY MEN work for a living and have no money to throw away. These men demand the best that their money can buy and are willing to pay all a suit is worth, but no more.

For these men we have a special line of WELL and STRONGLY MADE SUITS, good, stylish suits made from fabrics that will stand rough usage, and still retain a genteel appearance.

We do a large business in working men's suits, trousers, shirts, etc., and we give every man a full measure—

Suits, $4.00, $5.00, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, etc.
Trousers and overalls, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, etc.
Shirts, 25c, 50c, 75c, etc.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

ICE CREAM,

HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	31c
Flax	1.04
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Dr. Vistaunet was up to Holt last Friday.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

O. J. Schei transacted business at Crookston last week.

Judge Knight returned to Red Lake Falls Monday evening.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

S. B. Jackson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Fr. Adolph visited with friends at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Attorney Tautges was over to Grand Forks on business the first of the week.

The Debs meeting in the Evenson Hall tomorrow evening promises to be very well attended.

Mrs. E. E. Rose and children left last Friday for Fargo and will remain there during the summer.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Eddie Hermanson left last Friday for Halstead, where he has accepted a position on the Reporter.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

If you miss the Debs meeting in the Evenson Hall—tomorrow evening, you will miss the event of the season.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Judge Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, was in the city last Friday night, being en route from Karlstad to his home.

H. W. Lee returned Sunday morning from his trip to Wisconsin. He disposed of his land down there while absent.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Art Mercer left Friday for Minot, N. D., where he will spend a few days with Sam Clark and then proceed to Montana where he expects to locate.

J. W. Wheeler, president of the First National bank of Crookston, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday attending to business matters.

T. P. Hamre left last Thursday evening for Iowa, called there by the death of his wife's mother. Mrs. Hamre was in Iowa with her mother at the time of the latter's death.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

William Dexter, of Minneapolis, arrived last Saturday and at once took charge as day foreman at the saw mill in place of Fred Stapleton. Mr. Dexter has been similarly employed for a number of years by the Shevlin-Carpenter company at Minneapolis and comes highly recommended as a mill man of ability and experience.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Dr. Smith was up from Crookston Saturday.

Dr. Tupper was up to Middle River Monday.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

M. V. Evenson was up to Middle River last week.

Stephen Singer, of Rhoda, was in the city last Saturday.

Dr. Vistaunet was down to Crookston the first of the week.

H. W. Lee was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

C. J. Nolstad, of Warren, spent Sunday in Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Annie Robinson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

F. S. Doege, the contractor, was down to Fertile last week on business.

There will be services Sunday morning in the German Lutheran church.

Mrs. F. H. Gambell left Tuesday evening for a visit with her parents in Iowa.

Mrs. John Rayson was operated upon at the hospital last Saturday and is now getting along very nicely.

Peter Brachmann left Tuesday for Woodburn, Oregon, where he may decide to locate.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

—Lost—A bunch of keys. One of the keys numbered 17 and one 41. Finder please notify Robert McGinn.

L. Ulstad left Tuesday evening for Benson, where his family is visiting, and he may decide to locate there.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church meets today at 3 o'clock with Mrs. O. Storholm.

—John Zavoral is at the hospital, having been operated upon last Saturday and is getting along very nicely.

For Sale—A span of mares, each weighing about 1,100. New set of work harnesses. Inquire of L. B. Nichols.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, passed through the city Tuesday en route to St. Paul and Iowa points.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

—Found—A lady's handbag containing a sum of money. Owner can have same by calling at Blom's meat market.

T. T. Satre and Albert Geske left Monday for their claims up near Warroad, where they will spend a couple of weeks.

For good, clear varieties seed potatoes go to S. H. Sharbach, 1st door west of postoffice. Price reduced to 80c a bushel.

H. L. Murray, the well-known Crookston land man, has accepted a position with the Lund Land company of Minneapolis.

C. W. Nelson and wife were in the city Monday, being en route from a trip to North Dakota to their home up near Kratka.

Murphy & LaBree sold a complete Reeves threshing outfit to Al Malog, a farmer living west of town, the first of the week.

Work of doubling the size of the G. Holleman Brewing company's cold storage plant here was commenced the first of the week.

Pentecost services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday morning at 10:30. All welcome. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

Farmers in the city from north of town report that crops are looking fine. They have not had too much rain and all of the seeding has been done.

Miss Annie Anderson, one of the efficient salesladies of the Golden Rule, returned to this city Tuesday from a visit with her parents at Fergus Falls.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

The voting members of the Norwegian Lutheran church are requested to remain after the services next Sunday for a special meeting. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

Rev. M. J. Simon, pastor of the Catholic church at Bismark, N. D., was in the city yesterday visiting Fr. Adolph. Rev Simon was on his way to Chicago, having come in from the west over the Soo line.

Senator B. E. Sundberg, of Kennedy, was in Thief River Falls last week. Mr. Sundberg is again a candidate for reelection and was looking after his political fences in Marshall county. It is said that he will have opposition, but so far none has developed.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, June 3: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 7 p. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. At 8 p. m. will occur the baccalaureate service for the high school. Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

All tax payers and citizens interested in the future of Thief River Falls are requested to meet at the Antlers Club rooms this evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Business of importance.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city yesterday.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Joe St. Germain the first of the week purchased the Grill restaurant.

Merrit Warren returned to this city Tuesday evening from Prince Albert.

H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, transacted business in the city the first of the week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Red Lake Falls last week on legal business.

Attorney George K. Fargo transacted business in Crookston the first of the week.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

For Sale—A 16-horse-power threshing outfit, cheap. For information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

John Vaughan came up from St. Paul yesterday to spend the summer. He has a claim out on the eleven towns.

Bernet Swanson was in from Sanders yesterday and sold a hog weighing 540 pounds to a local butcher. Not such a very small one.

At the meeting of the county commissioners on Tuesday, the sum of $150 was appropriated to the town of Rocksbury from the road and bridge fund.

MEMORIAL DAY

Pleasing Program Rendered Yesterday Afternoon.

Owing to the inclement weather yesterday, the Memorial day exercises were held in the Evenson Hall in the afternoon instead of at Greenwood cemetery as had been planned. E. M. Stanton was the orator of the day and he delivered a very eloquent address. The new band rendered several selections and received a great deal of applause for the good music furnished.

After the exercises the old soldiers and others went to Greenwood cemetery, where the graves of the old soldiers were decorated.

GERMANTOWN

May 28.

The Ladies' Aid of the Union Sunday school mission gave a free supper at their chapel last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Rindebaken were in from Esplee doing their trading last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jens Olson, from Alexandria, Minn., have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. Henry Roller.

Mrs. Edseth, who has been under operation at the hospital in Thief River Falls, is reported to be doing nicely.

Mrs. Arne Blakkestad, who had been sick with consumption for seven or eight months, died last Sunday morning and was interred last Tuesday at the cemetery at Germantown. The deceased leaves a husband to mourn her death. We extend our condolence to the bereaved husband.

Our butter-maker, Gust Berggren, is kept busy now-a-days making butter. Gust is a hustler and makes the butter that fetches a premium every time.

Mr. and Mrs. Overum were up from Highlanding last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Hanson and Mr. and Mrs. Hans Skogstad, from the town of Silverton, came up to attend the funeral of Mrs. Blakkestad.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending May 26, 1906:

Cairy, J. E., 2
Farle, Jim
Gillesrtien, Mis. Elise
Hanak, Gelious
Knutson, Clarence
Nelson, Miss Florence
Rein, Martin
Schulze, Otto
Syverson, Emil
Salveson, Aslek
Wester, A

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Ira C. Richardson, P. M.

TRANSIENT DEALERS.

The New Code Gives City Councils Much Power.

The new code gives city councils the power to regulate transient merchants. As the matter is of considerable interest to the business men of Thief River Falls we herewith publish section 773: "No person, without permission granted by vote of the council, shall engage temporarily in the business of selling goods in any city or village, unless such goods have been duly assessed for taxation within the state for the current year. No such permission shall be granted by the council until the applicant shall have paid to the treasurer such sum as it may require, not exceeding fifty dollars per week, for the period for which permission is sought, which sum shall be fixed upon consideration of the kind, amount and value of the goods offered. A transient dealer violating any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and the fact that such goods are not listed for taxation in the county, shall be prima facie proof that they are not assessed for taxation in the state.

Auction and Social.

An auction sale will be held at the Scandinavian Mission church, Friday, the 8th.

Ice cream, cake and coffee will be served.

Prof. T. Olseth, of St. Hilaire, will give a few music numbers on his violin. Commencing at 8 o'clock.

The Field Meet.

Owing to the inclement weather, the high school field meet was not held in this city last Saturday. It was the intention to have the field meet on this Saturday, but on account of state examinations another postponement had to be taken. Some day next week will probably be designated.

Patterson Here.

Contractor Patterson, who put in the water works system here, but has not yet completed his job, arrived here yesterday to look the ground over. Mr. Patterson said that he expected to commence work again in a few days.

St. Hilaire to Have an Exchange.

St. Hilaire is soon to have a local telephone exchange, it is said. L. C. Simons, the Red Lake Falls banker, has made application to the village council there for a franchise and as soon as it is granted the line will be built. The new system will be connected with the Tri-State.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

There's a lot of foolishness to keep out of.

Genius is not rare, but plain common sense is.

Great things can't be very difficult or an ordinary man couldn't accomplish them.

Every one naturally dislikes those people who are so good they suggest the top line in a copy book.

Be content with your air castle. The chimney in an air castle never smokes, and the windows do not rattle in every wind.

Doing business without advertising is like winking at a girl in the dark—you know what you are doing, but nobody else does.

Perhaps you have noticed that children are more willing to work for the neighbors than at home; also that some of them never outgrow the habit.—Atchison Globe.

Instinct in Birds.

In the stormy part of the year a steamer encountered rough weather, and, as often happens at such times, many sea gulls hovered near the ship and even came on board. One allowed itself to be caught, and it was found that it had a fish bone stuck in the eye in such a position as not absolutely to destroy the sight, but penetrating an inch into the flesh of the bird and projecting an inch and a half. It might have had a fight with a fish or got transfixed seeking its prey. The doctor of the ship took the bird, extracted the bone, applied a soothing remedy to the wound and let it go. It flew away, but returned the next day, allowing itself to be caught. The doctor examined the wound, which was progressing favorably, applied more of the remedy and let the bird go a second time. It flew several times around the ship and then departed and returned no more.—London Sketch.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

As Reported for the News by Irene Caldwell.

School is over!

Are those book reviews all in?

Are those notebooks all finished?

The Junior and Senior classes are to be entertained Friday evening by Miss Phillips.

Such sighs of satisfaction or deep regret, mostly the latter, when an examination is finished.

The examinations have all been hard and long so far, but we hope the rest may prove different.

Colon McNiven mourns, more than any one, that the base-ball picnic was given up. Poor Colon.

Examinations began Monday morning, much to the disgust of the majority of those who had to take them.

Did you all enjoy the field meet and the base ball picnic? Wasn't it delightful? Such beautiful weather.

The last ball game of the season, that is for the high school, has been played and tho our boys lost two games, yet we are proud of them and will wait until next year to retrieve our losses.

Thursday evening the high school give a farewell party to Misses Phillips and Johnson. All regret deeply that they will not teach here next year, but wish them all success wherever they go.

Warning! The reporter for the "Quidquid Aliquid, Nihil" goes around with her pencil and tab of paper in hand, hair mussed up and a warning glance in her eye; beware, for 'tis rumored that she will spare neither friend or foe.

Mr. Hay, alone of all the High School teachers, will be back next year and all are glad that he is to remain with us as he has proven a most successful superintendent and has greatly raised the standard of our school.

Friday morning the pictures for the high school arrived and were hung amid great rejoicing. Monday the class memorial from the class of '06 was placed beneath the flag and now the kindly face of Lincoln looks upon us. When the frieze is put up and the basket ball picture hung, the room will vie with any in the state.

One of the teachers was heard to remarks concerning her register: "I have over forty pupils. For each one I have to write the months at least a dozen times, add about the same number of columns up and down and crosswise, and besides that have to make about a million ciphers for each. I expect to stay over for a few days." So you see, pupils, someone else has to work also.

Wednesday morning the class of '07 were to entertain the class of '06 at breakfast after a hayrack party. The weather prevented the hayrack ride, so they adjourned to the launch, where they enjoyed a pleasant ride and a delightful breakfast. Breakfast was a mixture of the senior and junior class colors and the awarding of the diplomas was the signal for fun and laughter. "Here's to the class of '07—they are all right."

HOPES TO REST IN AUGUST.

President Not Likely to Attend G. A. R. Encampment.

Washington, May 25.—President Roosevelt was formally invited during the day to attend the thirtieth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which meets next August in Minneapolis. Representative Loren Fletcher submitted the invitation, which included a handsome brochure from the national G. A. R., letters from Governor Johnson, Mayor Jones of Minneapolis and the Commercial club of that city.

The president said, in reply, that he hardly thought that it would be possible for him to attend the meeting, as he hoped to take a needed rest during August.

Killed by Steam Shovel.

Duluth, May 25.—George Thompson, aged twenty-one years, a brakeman employed on an ore train working at the Hector mine at Biwabik, was instantly killed by a steam shovel dipper. He was on an ore car and was accidentally struck by the dipper.

MODEL MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press "Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen $1.85

The Pioneer Press
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $____ for which you will send me The ____ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ____
Town ____
State ____
R. F. D. No. ____

Do You Want to Get the BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

BOOSTING THE RATES

Farm Loans Are From One-Half to One Per Cent Higher.

Insurance Companies Are Refusing to Make Loans Just Now.

The effect of the great disaster at San Francisco is just beginning to be felt in the Northwest and it takes the form of an increased drain on the pocket-book through the raising of rates on farm land loans. Rates on money loaned to farmers have increased about 1 per cent since the destruction of the Golden Gate city.

This is largely due to the heavy drain upon eastern financial centers caused by the payment of the immense losses sustained in the earthquake and conflagration. Some of the companies have been forced to cease loaning money altogether and this has led to heavier demands upon banks and other insurance companies which have continued to do a loaning business. The large amount of money which will be required to rebuild the stricken city has also had its effect upon rates.

In an interview, one of the prominent bankers of Thief River Falls stated to a representative of the News: "Yes, it is a fact that interest rates have been advanced. Loans which we placed heretofore at 6 per cent to the farmer now cost 7 per cent and a few choice loans are being made at 6½ per cent. Some of the big insurance companies which have been doing a large business in farm loans in this section for years have withdrawn from the field entirely for the time being at least. The Aetna, which has done an enormous business in the Northwest for years, has notified all agents that no more loans will be handled for the present at least.

"Several big financial institutions of Des Moines, Iowa, have also notified us that they are out of the loan business for the present, as the eastern insurance companies will not place any more money in farm loans till there has been a complete recovery from the effects of the calamity in California.

"I look for money to be fairly easy during June and July, but later in the fall I look to see rates as high as 30 and 40 per cent charge for call loans. I do not think the situation will be serious here, but, nevertheless, high rates may prevail before the summer is over."

Roseau Growing

The resident portion of the village of Roseau is being dotted with numerous cottages, all of a neat and substantial structure. And many more dwelling houses will be built before fall. With the coming of the railroad there will be a considerable demand for tenement houses and it is feared that the supply will not equal the demand, unless some enterprising citizens will take hold and erect a dozen or so houses for rent. Very little can be said of the business houses. Most of the buildings along the main business street are delapidated looking structures and there are just enough of them to give the town a peanut business aspect. This, of course, may be remedied in time. There is not much encouragement for a man to erect a substantial business house and have fire trap shanties on either side to raise his insurance rates several hundred dollars per year. It has been suggested that four or five or more business men, who appreciate the necessity of better buildings, get together, buy a side block, protect it by a fire limit ordinance, and build concrete buildings. There is no doubt but what such an arrangement could be effected. Something of this kind will have to be done in order to eliminate a general mixup of stores and saloons, and small concerns in the same block. There are a number of men in business who have made big money here and can well afford not only to build for their own convenience and betterment, but also to advance the interest of the village.—Roseau Times.

Rushing Work.

Two more crews were put to work by the Tri State Telephone company this week on the line which is being built from Thief River Falls to Grand Forks. One crew started from Red Lake Falls and will build to Crookston and one crew started from Grand Forks and will meet the crew from Red Lake Falls. The crew which is working out from Thief River Falls is expected to reach Red Lake Falls in about two weeks and the line will be all completed in about a month or so, much earlier than was first anticipated.

Soon to Wed.

Friends in this city have received invitations to the wedding of Miss Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David H. Barber, to Mr. Arthur Lindsay Eakins, of Duluth. The wedding will take place at Christ Church, Kalispell, Mont., on the 14th of June. Miss Barber formerly resided in this city with her parents.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE — FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

DECISION RENDERED

Supreme Court Hands Down Decision of Local Interest.

Following is the decision of the supreme court on an appeal from the district court of Red Lake county on a case that has attracted wide attention in the past:

Michael McAlpine, as administrator of the estate of James H. Caldwell, deceased, appellant, vs. Frank H. Kratka et al., defendants; Chase L. Dobner et al., respondents.

A former administrator received funds of the estate which he failed to account for within the time allowed by the order of the probate court and which, upon due demand, he refused to pay over to his successor, as administrator de bonis non. In an action by the administrator de bonis non against the former administrator and the sureties upon his bond: Held, that such failure to account to the probate judge within the time limited and to pay the sum received by him as administrator to his successor, amounted to a default in the bond, which was conditioned that he should administer the estate according to law, render a just and true account of his administration when required by the court, and perform all orders and decrees of the court. The district court has jurisdiction to entertain the action upon the bond to enforce the liability, and prima facie the amount of the liability of the sureties is the amount received by the principal not to exceed the face of the bond.

The complaint states facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

Order reversed. Lewis J.

The case is one in which Mr. Kratka endeavors to save some of the estate of the late James H. Caldwell for the widow and children residing in this city and Mr. McAlpine is endeavoring to collect a judgment against the estate which is outlawed.

The Greenbush Extension.

The date when the Great Northern will begin to lay steel on the Roseau extension is still in the air. The officials of the road state that track laying will begin just as soon as the steel can be had. It is understood that the steel to be used will be old rails, that the great steel plants are behind their orders, and the Great Northern's ability to finish the road from Greenbush to Warroad depends on their efforts to secure new steel rails to replace old ones to be taken up for use on the Roseau extension. If any one knows when the cars will be running into Roseau, he can win some bets.—Roseau Times.

THE FOURTH.

Enterprising Little Village of Plummer Announces Its Celebration.

Plummer will celebrate the Fourth of July this year. Last year a celebration was attempted, but, owing to the excessive rain, the affair ended in failure. They hired a band for the occasion and had a fine display of fireworks. A good program of sports was scheduled, but had to be abandoned. The bowery management and everybody else who tried to do anything lost money, and the feeling generally prevails that it ought to be tried over again.

A list was circulated last week and nearly everybody subscribed liberally for the occasion. Enough money is raised to have a first-class celebration, and, if the weather is at all favorable, the Fourth of July this year will be a day to be enjoyed by everybody who may go to Plummer.

To Improve Lawns.

Those who are trying to cultivate pretty lawns will be interested to know that gasoline applied to dandelions, plantains and other weeds will effectually kill them and will not injure the grass near them. The weeds should be first cut off and then the gasoline poured on the stumps with a small oil can. The Idaho agricultural experiment station reports this as the best method of destruction they have found after trying many other substances.

TO KENMARE.

Soo to Extend Passenger Service Through to Kenmare, N. D.

Commencing next Monday, it is announced that the Soo passenger service will be extended from Thief River Falls through to Kenmare, N. D. During the past winter the passenger train has run only as far as Overly, N. D., the track west of there being in quite poor condition. The line has all been surfaced up now and is in first-class condition.

Three passenger crews will be in charge of this run and they will all make their headquarters in Thief River Falls.

Fine Looking Poles.

H. Fant has had a crew of men at work on Second street this week putting up telephone poles to make connection with the Tri-State line. The poles used are very fine ones, being 50 feet in height and straight and sound. They cost $22 each in Minneapolis and the freight on them to this city was $6 per pole, making a total cost of $28 per pole laid down here.

Married Men Won.

A game of ball was played Sunday afternoon at the fair grounds between the young men and the married men of this city. The kids were defeated in a very decisive manner, the score being 15 to 7.

When In Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here In Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 31, 1906.

The Roseau papers announce that R. J. Bell may become a candidate for the legislature from the Marshall, Kittson and Roseau district. There are already two candidates in the field from Roseau county and only one to be elected. Mr. Bell would make an able representative if he was elected by the people up there.

The state of Minnesota is now receiving under the gross earnings law $1,000,000 more each year in taxes from the railroads than it did under the 3 per cent bill. This is one of the things accomplished by J. F. Jacobson in the legislature. It took him eight years to do that, so powerful were the interests he ran up against. Every possible argument was used against his bill and every ingenious plan known was brought into play to side track it. Under the influence of the railroads, very ordinary citizens who happened to be in the legislature were transformed into constitutional lawyers, but Jacobson himself could not be fooled, bribed or frightened. That is why we would like to see him elected governor.

An exchange defines the happiest man in the world as the common, every-day chap, who makes his own living, pays his bills, has a little money as he goes along, but doesn't strive to get a corner on the local output, and is a slave neither to ambition nor society. He loves his God and his fellow man, thinks "there is no place like home," the haven of rest; prefers the company of his wife and children to that of any one else; never has to sit up at night to poultice his conscience; believes in the doctrine of live and let live, and when he encounters one of the needy, he doesn't stutter with his pocket book. The plain man is happy because he is satisfied and does not spend the best of his life yearning for things four sizes too large for him.

Contrary to general belief, then, the man of real force is never a bully, is never arbitrary or unjust, is never passionate, though he may be, and generally is, aggressive, and may, if occasion requires, give exhibitions of temper that is never-the-less, kept in perfect control. Force of character has with it self reliance and an imperturbable manner. Just as the really courageous man remains cool in the presence of danger, the self-reliant man keeps his temper under provocation, because he feels confident in himself. The coward grows excited and loud-mouthed to conceal his real feelings. The arbitrary man, accustomed to force his views upon others, loses confidence in and control of himself when he fails to make his usual impression. It is at such a moment that real force of character begins to tell; it is then that the self-contained and self-respecting man dictates his terms and asserts his power.—David Summers.

The Canadian committee on elections at Ottawa has adopted the following, which might not prove such a bad law after all: "(1) Any person who does not vote at an election at which he is qualified to vote shall be disqualified from voting at any similar election for a term of six years. (2) No person shall, however, be so disqualified if he has been prevented from voting by illness or by any other good and sufficient reason, and any such person may obtain from a judge of any court of record, upon satisfying such judge upon oath or affirmation that he had a good and sufficient reason for not voting, a certificate of enfranchisement annuling the disqualification, which certificate may be in the form K. K. (3) Any person who, while disqualified under the provisions of this section, votes or attempts to vote in any election shall be liable to a fine of not less than fifty dollars and costs, and not more than one hundred dollars and costs, or in default of payment of such fine and costs, to imprisonment for any term not less than one month, with or without hard labor."

A Lonely Opponent.

The Fergus Falls Journal, which ought to be a northern Minnesota newspaper and stand for that which will build up this end of the state, is out with a specious argument against the drainage campaign, in which it says, among other things:

> Some time it may pay to drain the swamps and marshes of northern Minnesota, but so long as there are hundreds of thousands of acres which are untilled, which can be cultivated without the great expense and trouble of drainage, it will not pay to do it. Those who own these swamps and wet lands naturally want them utilized and would welcome help, but nothing is to be gained by rushing into elaborate schemes of drainage until the people are ready and want the lands.

It is difficult to see just how Editor Adams could be so completely misinformed as to write in such a manner. He was in the legislature at the last session, and perhaps he acquired there a habit of opposition from which he finds its difficult to extricate himself, but he should have acquired enough information about northern Minnesota and drainage to enable him to do better than this.

As to the many acres of available land now untilled, such of it as may be actually available is owned by the state, which will find purchasers and settlers just as rapidly as it will offer it for sale. But much of this land, though nominally available, is actually inaccessible because it is surrounded by swamps that must be drained and settled.

The idea of waiting for drainage "until the people are ready and want the lands" is silly. Drainage must be conducted on a comprehensive system that will cover large areas. It will take time. It cannot be done in a year or in two years. It certainly can not be arranged so that if a settler comes along and wants a particular piece of swamp land it can be drained for him on a moment's notice and handed over to him the next week dry and arable.

The Journal also gives tacit approval to the old notion, which is no longer held even in southern Minnesota, that the drainage campaign is a campaign to get state aid for private owners of swamp lands. It is no such thing. It is a campaign to have the state drain its own swamp lands, and no others. Individuals owning low lands will have to drain them without state aid, and none of them are asking for state aid.

Before the campaign for settling northern Minnesota can go very far, the state's swamp lands must be drained, so that it can offer them to settlers with hope of finding purchasers. If the state waits until people want them, it will wait forever, because nobody is going to pay $5 an acre for submerged lands.—Duluth Herald.

Is Jake Unsafe?

One of the most common reasons given why J. F. Jacobson should not be nominated is because the "business interests are against him." What business interests? Not the merchants of the inland cities who want fair treatment from the railroads. Not the manufacturers who want a square deal in freight rates. Not the bankers who are interested in the prosperity of their home towns. Not the property owners, who want to see the country grow and values increase. None of these business interests—and they are the real business interests of the state—are spending their money to defeat Jacobson.

There are, however, interests that are working over time to accomplish just this thing, says the St. Cloud Journal-Press.

First, there are the great railroads, who are still in politics, who say to their close friends: "Nominate anybody but Jacobson." Why? Because he was the man who led the fight to increase the gross earnings tax from 3 to 4 per cent, which is costing the railroads in Minnesota—and saving the people—practically a million dollars a year. Then there are the wheat gamblers and commission men. Why? Because Jacobson worked for the open wheat market and supported a bill which made the commission men give bonds to protect the farmers who sent in the products of the farm to be sold. And then the big wholesale jobbers of the big cities, who protested against the passage of the bill now before congress to regulate freight rates. Their "business interests" are best served by rebates and rates which discriminate against the inland cities and give them a big advantage in the contest for business.

Business interests which want only a fair field and no favors, which stand for a square deal, will be well served by Jacobson. The business interests which demand an unfair advantage, which object to paying their full share of taxes, do not want that kind of a governor.

That is the whole story.

Gov. Folk on Finance.

Gov. Folk of Missouri, in a speech not so long ago, endeavored to make the audience grasp the magnitude of the wealth acquired in a short life time by a favored few. The figures should set men thinking and acting. He said in part:

"If Christ had avoided the cross, or if anyone of those who walked with him had remained on earth and preached the gospel of salvation from that day to this, and the world had paid him for every day of the nineteen centuries a salary of $500 a day, and he had saved every cent of it, his piled up fortune would not nearly equal that of Mr. Carneie. Had Providence ordained that Adam, the first man, should live eternally here and, as the ruler of his milions of descendants, he had received a salary of $175 a day, his six thousand years' savings would not bring his fortune up to that of Mr. Carnegie. Yet the wages of the average man is nearer $1.75 a day than $175 and, instead of six thousand years, the span of life barely reaches forty years.

If a man were to receive a salary of $10,000 a year, and save every cent of it, he would have to live five thousand years before he could match his fortune with that of the oil prince, acquired through the system of special privileges. A salary of $100,000 a year paid some of the insurance presidents seems to be grossly exorbitant, still the president of an insurance company, if he received that salary and saved it all without grafting on the side or using the trust funds to his own profit, would have to toil and save five hundred years before he could acquire as much as those at the head of the financial class today."

Continuing, the governor said, "these figures are staggering and they are made possible by the rule of special privilege." He then draws the following moral: "In the meantime the great masses of people go plodding along, working from sun to sun, eking out an existence, and yet these common people are the sovereigns of this country. They have it in their power to correct this unjust system, which, if permitted to continue, will make money kings out of some and vassals out of the rest of the people."

A number of our exchanges publish letters from former residents of their communities, now living in Spokane, in which the writers "boost" for Spokane in a vigorous manner. The peculiar thing about it is that the letters all read exactly alike—in short they are practically well-gotten-up circulars but signed by individuals and sent by them to their old homes to boost Spokane. Quite a scheme, isn't it?

—Subscribe for the News.

The Florsheim SHOE

Look for Name on Shoe

The Cambridge

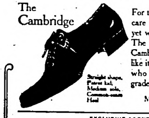
Straight shape, Patent kid, Medium sole, Common-sense Heel

For the man who does not care for extreme shapes, yet wishes to be well shod. The longer you wear the Cambridge the better you'll like it. Designed for men who want sensible, high-grade footwear.

Most styles are $5.00

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

Wilson Clothing Company

The Falls Candy Kitchen

SALE

SATURDAY, JUNE 2,

New England Taffy, 12½c per lb.

Old Time Mix, 9c per lb.

ALL CANDIES STRICTLY FRESH

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

DRINK Hamm's

NEW BREW

BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

BANKRUPT SALE

Will Be Continued Until the Entire Stock Is Sold.

SOMETHING DOING

When You Can Buy Good Staple Goods at Less Than Manufacturers' Prices.

LADIES, Why pay $3.50 to $4.50 for Shirt Waists when you can buy the same thing for $1.48 to $1.98 and everything else in proportion at the Emporium's old stand?

Yours to please,

T. P. Hamre & Co.

MASONIC BLOCK

SHEEPSKINS ON JUNE 4.

Thief River Falls High School to Graduate a Class of Five.

An Interesting Program for the Occasion Has Been Prepared.

The graduating exercises of the Thief River Falls high school will be held in the Evenson hall on Monday evening, June 4. At this time the accompanying program will be rendered.

The class night exercises will be at the assembly room of the high school on Saturday evening, June 2; The baccalaureate sermon at the Methodist Episcopal church on Sunday evening, June 3, and the alumni banquet on Tuesday evening, June 5.

The class flower is the dandelion; the class colors maroon and gold and the class motto, "Superenda Omnis Fortuna Ferendo Est."

The following are the members of the graduating class:

Irene Augusta Caldwell.
Pauline June Day.
Magna Johannah Halseth.
Lulu Frances McCrum.
Ida Cornelia Tandberg.

Program

1. Music . . . . . "Over the Waves"
Mandolin Club
2. Invocation
3. Salutatory and Essay . "The Land of the Setting Sun"
Irene Caldwell
4. Trio . . . . Selected
Mrs. Wright, Miss Sundberg, Arnold Bjorkhoel
5. Essay . . . . . "Robert Louis Stevenson"
Magna Halseth
6. Song . . . . . "Tripping Month of June"
High School Chorus
7. Essay . . . . . "Our Lost Inheritance"
Pauline Day
8. Music . . . . . "King March"
Mandolin Club
9. Essay . . "Teutonic Elements in Our Civilization"
Ida Tandberg
10. Song . . . . . "Song of the Vikings"
High School Chorus
11. Essay and Valedictory . "The Eloquence of Nature"
Lulu McCrum
12. Presentation of Diplomas
Mr. Lars Backe, President of School Board
12. Farewell Song
Class of 1906
14. Benediction

Class Night

1. Song, "Soldiers' Chorus'	High School Chorus
2. Class History	Lulu McCrum
3. Class Prophecy	Ida Tandberg
4. Song, "Crimson and Blue"	High School Chorus
5. Class Poem	Magna Halseth
6. Buidquid, Aliquid, Uihil	Pauline Day
7. Presentation of Banner to Juniors	Irene Caldwell
8. Response for Juniors	Clara Blanchard
9. Song, "Wake, Freshmen, Wake"	High School Chorus

ROASTS CANADA.

Detroit Record Says Farmers Should Stay in Minnesota.

Owners of Becker county farms should consider carefully before they abandon their farms here and go to the Canadian Northwest. A report from that section of the country this week says the prospects for the wheat crop in Alberta are very unfavorable and the land has been plowed and sown to other grains. A report from Calgary states that north of that city the crop will run only about 25 per cent. Around Claresholm and Nanton it is better and probably will go 50 per cent. In that vicinity re-seeding to other grains has been done considerably. In the Cardston district the crop is not expected to go over 35 per cent. In the Pincher Creek district it is somewhat better.

Why any man should give up a good farm in the Park Region of Minnesota and remove to the barren plains of the Canadian Northwest is beyond understanding. There he is a thousand miles further removed from market, and it is only within the past two or three years that there has been sufficient rainfall in that section to permit of growing crops successfully. Those who are best acquainted with conditions in that country predict great hardship for the thousands of farmers who have gone there recently. Beware of the attractive advertisements put out by land boomers.—Detroit Record.

Leaves for Europe Tonight.

Dr. Bockman leaves this evening for an extended trip to England, Norway, Sweden, Germany and France, where he will spend about a year taking an advance course in surgery. He expects to be in Norway to witness the crowning of King Haakon.

During Dr. Bockman's absence his large practice here will be attended to by Dr. H. O. Schalsbeo, late house physician in the Norwegian Deconas Hospital of Minneapolis.

BACK FROM CALIFORNIA

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder Returns to This City Monday.

Doubt Very Much if San Francisco Will Ever Be Rebuilt.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder returned to this city Monday from California, where they had spent the winter. Mr. Forder says that the winter climate in California is certainly fine, but that he has no desire to make his home in the earthquake belt, and that thousands of people are now leaving California seeking other locations. A few days before Mr. Forder started back he visited San Francisco to look at the ruins of that city and says that the reports are not at all exaggerated. Twenty-two square miles of the city are in ruins and little towards rebuilding has been done as yet. Mr. Forder does not believe that the city will ever be rebuilt, a large percentage of the property owners there are bankrupt and it is impossible to borrow money to build new buildings. Although there has been considerable in the newspapers about the progress that is being made towards putting up new buildings, as a matter of fact very little work is being done. Mr. Forder says that he estimates that if work of cleaning away the ruins alone were not commenced upon a larger scale than at present, it would take at least five years to do this. There is considerable doubt as to whether the insurance companies will ever pay the fire losses, and many of the companies are withdrawing from the state of California entirely. Thousands of people are leaving San Francisco and have no intention of ever returning.

Admits Partnership.

A meeting of the creditors of William Robinson & Co., bankrupts, was held at Crookston on Tuesday. Annie Robinson now admits that she was a member of this firm and her property, or as much thereof as is necessary, will be used to pay up the claims. This undoubtedly means that all claims will be paid up in full, as she owns a farm in the town of Wyandotte and the building occupied by R. E. Sotheran's saloon in this city. Both pieces of property will be sold by the trustee and the proceeds used to pay up the debts.

New Soo Agent.

C. F. Conrad arrived here Tuesday morning from Turtle Lake, Wis., and has been installed as local agent for the Soo here, taking the place of E. L. Gentry, who has been in charge here since the promotion of Mr. Hawes to the position of traveling freight agent.

J. S. Collins, who has been in charge of the Soo warehouse, has also been promoted to the office of cashier.

Card of Thanks.

Thanks is extended to all who so kindly helped us in recovering the body of our beloved son and brother, and assisted in preparing him for his last resting place. Also for the beautiful floral offerings.

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Erickson and Daughter Louise.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

James A. Brush, a well known Minneapolis photographer, is dead.

Mrs. Bertha Margulis is dead at Minneapolis of injuries resulting from an explosion of gasoline.

The senate has confirmed the nomination of John T. Frater as agent for the Indians of the Leech Lake agency in this state.

While shooting pigeons with a small rifle at Minneapolis Floyd Shaw accidentally shot and seriously wounded Annie Soderman, a young woman.

Agnes Sand, the nineteen-year-old daughter of N. P. Sand of New Munich, was burned to death while attempting to hasten a fire with kerosene.

The Duluth, Missabe and Northern road is building an extension from Alborn to Bovey, principally to provide an outlet for the Western Mesaba range ore.

Eric Paulson, aged 50, shot himself in the head while sitting on the bank of the river at St. Paul. He was taken to the city hospital by the police, where he died an hour later.

The continued rains and the raising of small lakes has become a menace to the trolley line between Stillwater and Wildwood. In some places the track is under water for a considerable distance.

Robbers entered the general store of Dahl Bros. at Harrison, Kandiyohi county, blew open the safe and secured $250 in cash. There were valuable papers in the safe, but these were not touched.

The town of McPherson, a few miles from Mankato, has voted $12,000 bonds to aid the construction of the Duluth, St. Cloud, Glencoe and Mankato railway. The bonds carried by a vote of 174 to 14 against.

A total of eighty-five accidents were reported to the state labor bureau during April. Two of these were fatal. Of the accidents 37 were in railroad shops, 15 in saw mills and 10 in machine shops and foundries.

The purchase of the entire issue of $800,000 worth of Minneapolis school bonds recently held to be valid by the supreme court of the state was awarded to Estabrook & Co. of Boston for an aggregate premium of $8,060.

Henry Foley, a laborer from Chicago, was killed in the Milwaukee railroad yards at Minneapolis presumably by a switch engine. His body, with the head completely severed, was found lying beside one of the tracks.

Professor W. L. Westerman, now connected with Missouri university, has accepted a position in the history department of the University of Minnesota for the coming year. He is a graduate of Harvard and Nebraska universities.

A special village election will be held at Rush City on June 12 on the proposition of issuing bonds in the sum of $12,000 to install an electric light plant under municipal maintenance. A private company has been in operation for the last ten years.

Madison Lake, famous as a summer resort, has applied the lid. The village council has instructed Marshal Neary to put it on and hold it down tight. The three saloons are to be closed on Sundays and Sunday ball games also have been placed under the ban.

The first accurate figures on the number of men Minnesota contributed to the Civil war have been completed by C. J. Humason, record clerk in the adjutant general's department. He gives the number at 22,018, which is about 2,000 less than the figures that have been published heretofore.

For nearly three hours Charlie White and Johnny King, halfbreeds living at Mendota, fought for their lives in the waters of the Mississippi river near Fort Snelling, finally being rescued by a mounted patrolman of the St. Paul police force and John Carpenter, an experienced river man.

During the performance of the "Story of the Reformation," or the "Life of Luther," at the Lyceum theater in Duluth the players were greeted by hisses from the family circle and a shower of eggs from the gallery. Many people hurried from the building and a panic was narrowly averted.

To add to the territory of Ramsey county and to swell the population of St. Paul by several thousands is the object of a movement which has been started by the Commercial club looking to the annexation of the northern part of Dakota county, including South St. Paul, West St. Paul and the village of Mendota.

The team owners of Minneapolis, through the secretary of their union, have served notice on the city council that on and after April 1, 1907, the rate of compensation per team will be $4 per eight-hour day, or at the rate of 50 cents per hour. This is an increase of 50 cents and a reduction of one hour per day.

That $50,000 was illegally paid out of the funds of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company to influence legislation in 1901 and $30,000 more in the session of 1903 is one of the allegations made in a complaint filed in the Hennepin county district court by James Robertson in a civil suit against the former officers of the insurance company. Mr. Robertson is a Minneapolis attorney and a policy-holder in the Northwestern National Life Insurance company and the purpose of his suit is to compel a restoration of the funds of the company involved in the alleged illegal acts of the former officers who are now under indictment on criminal charges.

Subscribe for the News.

STATEMENTS RESENTED

Minnesota Officials Mad Over Senator McCumber's Charge.

State Railroad and Warehouse Commission Asks Investigation.

St. Paul, May 28.—The state railway and warehouse commission announces that it intends to demand an investigation of the charges made by Senator McCumber that the grain inspection department of the state is one huge graft.

"We are not going to allow a slur like this to stand," said Commissioner Staples. "We are now preparing a statement and will forward copies of it to Senators Clapp and Nelson with the request that they demand an immediate investigation of the charges. These accusations of late have been too frequent and we do not propose to remain silent any longer."

Washington, May 25.—During the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill Senator McCumber (N. D.) attacked the grain inspection service at Minneapolis and said that the North Dakota farmers suffered the loss of millions of dollars by having their wheat graded as an inferior quality. He advocated a national inspection system.

Senator Clapp defended the Minnesota inspectors, but Senator McCumber said he could prove his statements and quoted a decision of Judge Sanborn to sustain charges of corruption against the inspectors.

Electrocuted by Live Wire.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Edward Cronin was electrocuted while attempting to enter a blacksmith shop on Central avenue for the purpose of extinguishing a fire. Cronin was passing and saw the fire within and tried to get through a window. In doing so he came in contact with a wire which proved to be heavily charged with electric current.

Youth Killed by Playmate.

Spring Valley, Minn., May 22.—Benjamin Otter, aged seventeen years, was shot and instantly killed by Harold, aged twelve years, son of Frank Gehringer, at Racine, about eight miles north of this city. The boys were target shooting when the accident occurred.

RESERVOIR BREAKS.

One Hundred Thousand Gallons of Water Let Loose.

Stillwater, Minn., May 21.—A spring water reservoir of the water company burst and the roar that followed sounded like thunder. It held 100,000 gallons of water and was overflowing. Many timbers fourteen inches square were broken off and many others splintered and shattered for a block all around. The tank was circled by eighteen steel bands six inches wide and half of them were broken. The water flooded gardens and lots in the immediate vicinity and debris, including heavy foundation stones, was scattered about.

FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION.

Supreme Court Declines to Entertain Suit of Minnesota Indian.

Washington, May 22.—The supreme court of the United States refused for lack of jurisdiction to entertain the suit of Joseph Naganab, a Chippewa Indian residing in Minnesota, against Secretary Hitchcock to enjoin the latter from setting off certain pine lands in the Lake Winnibigoshish reservation for a forest reserve. It was alleged that the act of the government would result in the loss to the Indians of the reservation of not less than $10,000,000.

MINNESOTA BOYS DROWNED.

Lost Their Lives Trying to Land a Big Fish.

St. Cloud, Minn., May 23.—Excitement over having caught a big fish was the cause of Barney and Henry Lehman, eighteen and thirteen years old, losing their lives in Mahew lake. The boys were far out from the shore and when one of them was unable to pull in his "bite" the other came to his aid and the boat capsized. They clasped each other and went down together.

Murder in Minneapolis Resort.

Minneapolis, May 26.—Frank O. Crain, a paperhanger, was fatally beaten and kicked by Al McEwen in Amelia Mayer's resort, 217 Eleventh avenue south. McEwen, who has admitted doing the beating, is locked up at the South police station and Julius Hoffner, who professes to be the husband of the woman in the case, is locked up at the Central station in company with all the inmates of the house. Jealousy is the supposed cause of the tragedy.

Young Girl Drowned.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Jennie Necegnov, a six-year-old girl, was drowned in the swift waters at the lower end of Bassett's creek, which is on a rampage. The girl went to the creek to wash her hands and slipped from the muddy banks and plunged head first into the stream.

UP A TREE ALL NIGHT

Wolves Give an Eastern Man the Fight of His Life.

Lost in a Swamp in Roseau County and Attacked by Wolves.

Crookston, Minn., May 26.—Michael Banff, a government engineer employed on the reclamation work on the Roseau river, was held at bay for a night in the great Roseau swamps, with a pack of wolves below him.

While upon a recreation tour through the swamps with two companions, he became lost. Wolves, attracted by the blood of fowls he was cleaning along a river, appeared on a bank above him. When he struck at them with a club, they snapped at the stick, and it resulted in the embankment giving away, precipitating the wolves down upon him.

In the mix-up he was bitten in the right arm.

Fleeing through the forest, he was forced to take to a tree and there passed the night in pain and racked with fear. In the morning he managed to kill one of the wolves as they leaped up the tree at him, and made his escape while the rest of the pack was engaged in eating and fighting. He made his way southward and, crossing the Roseau river, reached Greenbush, where for a week he was stricken with fever from exposure and his injured arm.

Banff is a resident of Exeter, N. H., where his parents live, and is now on his way home.

Obituary.

Marvin Orestes Erickson, 10 years, 4 months, 3 days, drowned Friday p. m., May 25th, 1906, a few minutes before nine o'clock, in Thief river. Search was commenced immediately. And every thing that could be done to find his body was done by willing hands, but his body was not found before he had been in the water four and a half hours. No one saw the accident. How he fell in is not known.

Marvin was a bright and loving boy and will be greatly missed by all who knew him.

The funeral services were held on Sunday from Rev. Brodeson's church, and his casket was covered with flowers, which had been placed there by loving hands. He leaves a sorrowing mother, father and sister, to mourn a loving son and brother and a large host of relatives and friends. Sympthy is extended by all to the bereaved family.

Dearest Marvin, thou has left us,
And our loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God that has bereft us—
He can all our sorrows heal.
Yet again we hope to meet thee
When our day of life is fled;
When in heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tear is shed.

Peaceful be thy silent slumber,
Peaceful in thy grave so low,
Thou no more will join our number,
Thou no more the sorrows know.
Yet again we hope to meet thee
When the day of life is fled,
And in heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no more our tears are shed.

'Tis hard to break the tender cord,
When love has bound the heart;
'Tis hard, so hard, to speak the words,
"We must for ever part."
Dearest loved one, we must lay thee
In the peaceful grave's embrace;
But thy memory will be cherished
Till we see thy heavenly face.

A. B. T.

For Merchants to Answer.

The representative of The Republican put this question to one of our business men:

"You expect the local paper to advocate trading at home and you have a right to expect it; you expect the paper to nip in the bud all schemes which tend to injure the business interests of the town, and properly so; you expect the paper to expend its energies and its money in reaching all the people and telling them things with regard to business affairs which will benefit them and which will benefit you; but how on earth do you expect us to accomplish much unless you have sufficient interest in the matter to give your assistance and co-operation at least to the extent of an advertisement in the paper?"—Red Wing Republican.

Talk to Foreigners.

In order that foreigners traveling on the Great Northern may be given every attention, the passenger conductors will be required to learn twenty-five words of French, German and Norwegian.

The new order has not been sent out yet, but it is expected by the men in the passenger service, who have been advised to that effect. Several of the men who handle trains for the company are not worrying so much over the acquirement of the designated words, as they already handle languages other than English and will have only two new ones to acquire.

ARE GETTING QUITE BUSY

Northwestern Telephone Co. Has a Crew of Men in the City.

No Attempt Has Yet Been Made to Establish a Local Exchange

What is the Northwestern Telephone company going to do? That is a question that everyone in Thief River Falls is asking these days.

It would appear that the company is determined to establish a local telephone exchange here, regardless of the fact that the city council is decidedly against granting them the right to do this. Last Saturday a crew of fourteen men arrived here and on Monday morning permission was asked of the city council to set up telephone poles on Second street in order that a line to be built from Warren to this city along the line of the Soo might enter this city, and also that another line might be built from this city south on the Soo to Erskine. The members of the council would not have so much objection to allowing the company to come here with more long distance toll lines, but fear is entertained that if this is granted the company will use the poles to establish a local exchange. The crew of men still remains here, and are at work fixing the poles.

The Northwestern Telephone company has also taken a ten year lease of four rooms in the Dobner-Meehan block and this would indicate that they intended to do something here.

SOON TO WED.

Prominent St. Hilaire People Will Be Married Next Week.

Invitations have been received in the city to the approaching wedding of Mr. George Benjamin Grace and Miss Helen Louise Hannay, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kerr Hannay, of St. Hilaire. The wedding will take place on Wednesday, June 6th, at the home of the bride's parents and it will be the society event of St. Hilaire this year. Both of the young people have hosts of friends thruout the northern part of the state who will join in congratulations and will wish them the happiest kind of a married life. The happy couple will be at home after October 1st at Mt. Vernon, Washington, where the groom is engaged in the banking business with Norman Hannay, a brother of the bride.

Base Ball Club.

A number of those interested in organizing a base ball club here met in Dr. Penney's office Tuesday afternoon and decided to organize. A number of local games will be played, to which an admission fee will be charged, and, after enough money is raised to pay the indebtedness of the club which was contracted last year, then games will be played with teams outside of the city.

Farmers Want an Elevator.

Evidence was taken at Red Lake Falls Monday before Judge Watts by farmers residing in the vicinity of Wylie who desire to have an elevator erected there. There farmers have formed a company and will build an elevator, but the Great Northern has refused to give them permission to do this.

Was a Success.

The presentation of the "Coming of Ruth" under the direction of Prof. Mark Everette Wright by home talent on Tuesday evening was witnessed by quite a large audience. The cantata was in every way a success and those who took part are entitled to great credit.

HIGH GALE AT DULUTH.

Lifesavers Rescue Seven Men Engaged in Wrecking Work.

Duluth, May 26.—Memories of the awful gale of last November were revived during the morning when the lifesaving crew was called on to rescue seven firemen from the steamer Mataafa, from which nine men were drowned last fall. Wrecking operations have been in progress for several weeks on the steamer and seven men were left aboard the vessel to keep the pumps going. The gale increased so during the night that the waves again broke over the wreck, putting out the fires and placing the men in peril. So high was the sea in the morning that the wrecking tugs could not approach the vessel and the lifesavers were summoned. The lifeboat was launched and the men taken off safely.

FIRE WIPES OUT PLANT.

Union Fibre Company of Winona, Minn., Sustains Heavy Loss.

Winona, Minn., May 25.—The main buildings of the Union Fibre company in the west part of the city have been entirely destroyed by fire. Last Saturday the Union Fibre company suffered a loss of about $10,000, caused by the burning of one of its largest warehouses, which, with this latest fire, practically annihilates the plant. The loss is $110,000.

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HEATING OR PLUMBING LINE,

Water Works or Sewerage put in, in fact a first-class Heating or Plumbing job, call on us before closing for your work. We also carry a complete line of Bath Room Specialities, Garden Hose, Toilet Paper and fixtures always on hand. A visit to our show room will pay you.

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The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

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Seattle, Portland, Everett, Vancouver, Spokane and Montana.

$60 Puget Sound Points.
$57.50 Wenatchee.
$55 Spokane, The "Kootenai," Fernie, B. C.
$50 Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Belton, (Lake McDonald), Lethbridge.

Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota" Seattle to Japan and China.

The News, $1 Per Year.

MAN'S WEAKER HALF.

One Side of His Body Always Stronger Than the Other.

The popular belief is that the left side is weaker than the right, and, as in all popular beliefs, there is much truth in this. In most cases, says the Grand Magazine, the right arm is decidedly stronger than the left, the bones are larger and the muscles more vigorous.

When we come to consider the lower limbs, however, we find a precisely opposite state of affairs; the left leg is stronger than the right in the great majority of cases. This want of symmetry is noticeable all through the body. Nine times out of ten we see better with one eye than with the other and hear better with the left than with the right ear, or vice versa.

Not only so, an injury to the body—a burn or a cut, for instance—causes more pain on one side than it would were it inflicted on the other. Even diseases attack one side on their first onset in preference to the other. Eczema, varicose veins, sciatica and even tuberculosis begin invariably to manifest themselves on our weaker side. A blistering plaster, too, will provoke an eruption only if applied to the right side in certain individuals; in others, only if applied to the left side.

The simplest way, apparently, of discovering which is our weaker side is to observe which side we lie upon by preference when in bed, as it is certain that we will instinctively adopt the attitude which is most agreeable, *or, rather, which causes the least inconvenience.* In other words, we will lie upon the side the muscles of which, being more vigorous, are less sensible to the pressure upon them of the weight of the body.

Statistics and observation go to prove that in about three cases out of four it is the left side which is the weaker, thus giving reason to the popular dictum. Curiously enough, however, pneumonia, it has been noticed, unlike most diseases, usually attacks at first the right—that is to say, the stronger—side of the body.

A BIRD OF GUIANA.

It Can Speak Every Language That It Once Hears.

There is a bird of Guiana which deserves to be widely known. This is the "tion-tion" (pronounced tee-yawn tee-yawn) on account of its cry. This bird is valued by the natives for its brilliant plumage, especially the tail feathers, which they wear in their headdress and make clothing of, but the most interesting characteristic of this strange bird is its imitative faculty.

A naturalist became acquainted with the bird's powers in a curious manner. He was awakened from his sleep one night by hearing cries of distress in French. Some one was being murdered not far away, so much was absolutely certain. There were cries for mercy and help, uttered in excellent French, shrieks of agony and groans. Jumping to his feet he awoke his Indian guides, saying that they must all go to the assistance of the victim. At that moment the voice uttered a shout of ironical laughter, followed by "tion-tion," and the guides turned over, with a grunt of vexation. The learned naturalist had a great deal to learn, they remarked sarcastically.

The tion-tion is the worst of chatterboxes. It can, and does, imitate every sound it hears, with the utmost fidelity. It can speak all languages, giving the proper accent and intonation. This is a strong statement, but it is correct. It will shout for assistance in the best English or German, and you will really believe that some fellow countryman is in dire distress until the bird interrupts its own pleadings with a derisive laugh. Then you feel like one who has been the victim of a 1st of April joke. If the bird could be caught and so far domesticated as to be happy in confinement the parrot would go out of fashion as a home pet.

Thumbs and Temper.

"By her thumb ye shall know her" is a guide to the young man who contemplates matrimony and yet is doubtful how the chains of wedlock will sit on the girl of his heart. Delightful a companion as she is before marriage, will she turn out a termagant? He can learn readily, say the modern ages, and by the folding of her thumbs. He should take her to church and watch her closely. When she crosses her hands piously he should note if she folds her right thumb over her left, or vice versa. If the left goes over the right she has a dominating mind, and he will be walking a chalk line when he's hers. If the right goes over the left she will be a docile, uncomplaining mate who acknowledges the superiority of the masculine mind.—New York Press.

If He Had $10,000,000.

Rogers once walked into the hut of Ned Haskins, who lived the life of a semihermit in a hut eight feet square close to Fort Phenix in Fairhaven, Mass., where Mr. Rogers' summer house stands now.

"Ned, what would you do if you had $10,000,000?" asked Rogers.

"By jings," said the hermit after long cogitation, "I'd have this hut built two feet larger."—R. H. Murray's "Henry H. Rogers" in Human Life.

The Golden Magnet.

"A pretty girl—even if she is poor, can have all the attention she wants, can't she?"

"Yes. There is only one that can beat her."

"Who's that?"

"A homely girl with the coin."—Detroit Free Press.

Sarcasm is a keen weapon, but in handling it many people take hold of the blade instead of the handle.

H. M. Hicks,
LICENSED EMBALMER
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Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

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your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
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you need new glasses,

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CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

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10 15
50 YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Sever Bergan, H. E. No. 903, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter O. Brevik, of Germantown, Minn.
Halvor A. Vinjeru, " "
Donough O'Brien, " "
Fred Solle, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 17 june 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Receiver or Register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 13th, 1906, viz: George Wold, H. E. No. 2,806, Chippewa Series, for the N½ SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4, Sec. 34, T. 155 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Knut Rognes, of Germantown, Minn.
John Graff, " "
Mikkel Anderson, " "
John Anderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Charlie T. Thompson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Chris Porter, " "
Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, "
Jay Paine, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 10th, 1906, viz: Ole O. Byklum, H. E. No. 154, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 1, 2 and S½ NE¼, Sec. 3, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

T. H. Omild, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hans H. Pederson, of Thorwick, "
Charley C. Overum, " "
Charles Evenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Paul L. Wambheim, H. E. 52, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 24, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nils Swanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Elias J. Overland, " "
Haldor P. Sponheim, of Manor, "
Sjur L. Solberg, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Sixteen and 96-100 Dollars upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John La Crosse and Mary La Crosse, his wife, Mortgagors, to Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1905, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book 13 of Mortgages, on page 67.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Crookston, by written assignment dated the 1st day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 2nd day of May, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 314, and by reason of the default hereinbefore mentioned the said The First National Bank of Crookston, the Assignee of the Mortgagee, chooses to declare and hereby does declare the whole debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage due and payable, making in all the sum of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: The South west quarter (SW¼) of the South east quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; Lots Twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 6th day of July, 1906, at 1 o'clock P. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1906.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROOKSTON, Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 29, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: [illegible], H. E. 333, Chippewa Series, for the SW¼ NE¼, Lots 1, 2, Sec. 32, Tp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

[illegible], of Thorwick, Minn.
Anton Nostvold, " "
Tyler Wold, " "
John Lindquist, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 31 july 5

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Andy C. Hurt, H. E. No. 327, Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 19, Twp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Piolnski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Stena Gall, of Germantown, Minn.
Anton Kolski, " "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 4th, 1906, viz: Ole N. Olson, H. E. 218, Red Lake Series for the lots 7 and 8, Sec. 6, Twp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton J. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Anderson, " " " "
Gundor L. Steenerson, " " " "
John Dahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. 4,515, Chippewa Series, for the N½ of NW¼, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 28, and NE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 29, T. 156 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
Willie Helland, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, "
Christ O. Saastad, of Ringbo, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Stena Gall, H. E. No. 844, Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 9, Twp. 154 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alex Piclnski, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andy C. Hurt, " "
Anton Kolski, of Germantown, "
Anton Dandy, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5th, 1906, viz: Thom T. Bakken, H. E. No. 3230, Chippewa Series, for the NW¼ of Sec. 20, Twp. 153 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Saave Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn.
Torald Tharaldson, " "
Tom Tharaldson, " "
Jacob Klungnes, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26 may 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 19th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 4th, 1906, viz: John F. Dablow, H. E. 83, Red Lake Series for the SE¼, Sec. 13, Twp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter O. Sorlom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Kaushajen, " " " "
Gunstein Knutson, " " " "
Andrew Trovaton, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 26-may 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county, at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906, viz: Ellen Johnson, H. E. No. 7,915 for lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Philips, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Hedlund, of Sorum, "
Agard Johnson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3 june 7.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county at Warren Minn., on June 22, 1906 viz: Agard Johnson, H. E. No. 7,033 for lots 14 and 15, and NE¼ SW¼ and NW¼ SE¼, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Hedlund, of Sorum, Minn.
Oscar Mattson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "
John Phillips, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 3-june 7

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Theodor E. [illegible], as one of the heirs of John Engebretson, deceased, H. E. 339, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 29, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thor Saar, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible], " "
Martin J. Berg, " "
Halvor H. Olsen, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: [illegible], H. E. [illegible], Chippewa Series, for the [illegible], Sec. [illegible], Tp. 155 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Henry [illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
Carl [illegible], " "
[illegible], " "
Emil Hansen, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

At the end of a memorable seven-hour session the lower house of the Russian parliament indignantly rejected the government's policy as presented by Premier Goremykin and, with only seven dissenting votes, voted a lack of confidence in the ministry, practically throwing down the gauntlet to the bureaucracy with a demand for the dismissal of the present cabinet and its supercession by a ministry approved by the majority in the house. This action was taken following the delivery of a speech by Premier Goremykin denying in the name of the government the demands made by the lower house in its reply to the speech from the throne.

A brief but bloody encounter took place at the Industrial Savings bank at Warsaw, Russian Poland, which was attacked by a band of anarchists. The bank employes resisted the robbers and in the fight following two customers were killed and two customers, five clerks and one of the anarchists were wounded. The anarchists then escaped, carrying off their wounded.

Grave news comes from the Russian provinces. Instead of acting as a sedative the assembling of parliament has been marked by an alarming increase in revolutionary agitation and terroristic activity *on the one hand* and of Black Hundred activity on the other.

Count Witte and his wife have left Russia for a time. After a visit to their daughter at Brussels they intend to take the baths in Germany. The count spoke in an exceedingly pessimistic vein to friends before he left St. Petersburg.

A fight between Cossacks and peasants, resulting from the efforts of the authorities to suppress agrarian disorders, has occurred in the vicinity of Simbirsk, Eastern Russia. Four peasants were killed and 200 wounded.

Count Solsky has been relieved of the presidency of the Russian council of the empire, or upper house of parliament, at his own request and on account of ill health.

Official details of the bomb outrage at Sebastopol, Russia, on Sunday show that six persons were killed and fourteen seriously and forty slightly injured.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian poet and dramatist, is dead at Christiania. He was born in 1828. The death of Ibsen was unexpected, although for the past year he had been very weak and it was known that his death was only a question of time. He was unconscious toward the end and passed away peacefully.

Many wealthy women of Great Britain have pledged themselves not to pay their taxes on the ground that taxation without representation is tyranny. They demand immediate woman suffrage.

The physicians attending Michael Davitt, who is ill at Dublin, have issued a bulletin stating that the patient has lost ground and that his condition is extremely critical.

Chief Secretary for Ireland Bryce has introduced in the house of commons a bill authorizing a loan of $22,500,000 to provide laborers' cottages in Ireland.

The wheat crop of the Punjab section of India for this year has broken all records, being 500,000 tons in excess of the previous best crop.

Severe fighting has occurred in German Southwest Africa. The German losses were two officers and seventeen men dead and many wounded.

Princess Ena of Battenburg, the future queen of Spain, was given an enthusiastic popular reception on her arrival at Madrid.

The Philippine commission has passed the postal savings bank bill. It becomes effective immediately.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Nine persons were killed and twenty-two injured by the derailment of two coaches of a passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville railroad at Louisville. The train was nearing the union station in Louisville at a moderate speed when a flange on a wheel of the smoking car broke, throwing open a switch and causing two of the coaches to sideswipe a cut-off of box cars on a siding.

During a ball game in an open field near Mobile, Ala., a thunder storm came up, accompanied by vivid lightning, which struck in the midst of the crowd of spectators, instantly killing five and injuring some twenty-five more or less seriously.

One dead and eighty-three injured is the result of a collision on the Battleground interurban line near Lafayette, Ind. The victims nearly all were veterans attending the state G. A. R. encampment.

According to the records to date in the coroner's office the death list at San Francisco from fire and earthquake is 402.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The denatured alcohol bill, with the senate amendments, was agreed to in the house on motion of Mr. Payne (N. Y.), the author of the bill, and now goes to the president for his signature.

Chairman Shonts of the Panama canal commission told the house committee on appropriations that should a lock canal be constructed it would be in operation July 1, 1914.

The United States supreme court has upheld the New York state law imposing a franchise tax on railroads.

KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

MINNEAPOLIS POLICEMAN ELECTROCUTED IN REMOVING DANGEROUS OBSTRUCTION.

State Railway Commissioners Resent Charges Made in Congress and Will Ask for an Investigation—Duluth Lifesavers Rescue Seven Men From Wrecked Vessel During a Severe Storm—General State News.

Minneapolis, May 28.—"I guess I got it that time." Those were the last words of Officer C. C. Channells as he lay dying on the road at Stevens avenue and Twenty-fourth street at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

In the performance of his duty he had endeavored to remove a live wire of the General Electric company, which had become detached from the pole above, and was almost instantly killed. His left hand, with which he had taken hold of the wire, was badly burned and when picked up he was black from the shock.

The officer was walking along his beat when he noticed a group of small boys gathered around the curb and upon the sidewalk at Stevens avenue and Twenty-fourth street. He went to discover the cause and found them looking at the wire, which had fallen over the limb of a tree in such a manner that the end was lying over the edge of the curbstone. Immediately perceiving the danger that its position created he drove the boys away and then attempted to lift the stray end over the limb of the tree in order that it should be safe until an electrician arrived to repair the break.

But he miscalculated the distance and as the wire started to slip to its former position he seized it with his left hand and was electrocuted.

MINES NOW WORTH $4,000,000.

Heirs Seek to Recover Property Sold for $14,500.

Duluth, May 22.—The preliminary struggle for possession of the Clark and Leonard iron mines near Chisholm, worth more than $4,000,000, has been renewed before Judge Cant in the district court.

The heirs disposed of the undeveloped property some years ago for $14,500. The sale was made by their guardian and was allowed by the probate court. They now seek to have the sale set aside and the property restored. Of the real value of the properties they claim to have been ignorant until after their rights were deeded away. They believe that the difference between its worth and the price received will justify the court in annulling the sale.

The heirs of James M. Rogers sue for the annulment.

BLOODY FIGHT IN A SALOON.

Skull of One of the Participants Fractured by Chairs.

Duluth, May 22.—As a result of a bloody free-for-all fight in a Chisholm saloon owned by Jovo Hajbukovic, one man lies very dangerously wounded in Adams hospital at Hibbing and two others languish in jail on charges of the assault. The injured man is Sam Rajovic and the men said to be responsible for his condition are Jake Vitich and Mile Rickovich. Two others took part in the fight.

All of the participants were drunk, and at the conclusion of considerable drunken wrangling Rajovic was hit over the head with chairs. Vitich and Richovich are said to have wielded them, and to have had the assistance of men named Aivich and Kodovitch.

The Dodging Period

of a woman's life is the name often given to "change of life." Your menses come at long intervals, and grow scantier until they stop. The change lasts three or four years, and causes much pain and suffering, which can, however, be cured, by taking

WINE OF CARDUI

Woman's Refuge in Distress

It quickly relieves the pain, nervousness, irritability, miserableness, fainting, dizziness, hot and cold flashes, weakness, tired feeling, etc. Cardui will bring you safely through this "dodging period," and build up your strength for the rest of your life. Try it.

You can get it at all druggists in $1.00 bottles.

"EVERYTHING BUT DEATH I suffered," writes Virginia Robson, of [illegible], Md., "until I took Cardui, which cured me so quickly it surprised the doctor, who didn't know I was taking it."

1906			JUNE			1906
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The federal grand jury at Nashville, which has been investigating the alleged fertilizer trust, has returned an indictment against about eighty fertilizer manufacturers. The indictment contains six counts, detailing in specific form alleged violations of the anti-trust law and charging the defendants with combining and being engaged in a trust or combination. The defendants live in various parts of the country.

Members of half a dozen large business firms admitted at the trial in the federal court at Kansas City of George H. Crosby, the Burlington traffic manager; George L. Thomas, the New York freight broker, and the latter's clerk, L. B. Taggart, that they had received thousands of dollars in commissions from "unknown sources."

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States court at Kansas City, has sustained the demurrer to the indictment against George H. Crosby, former freight traffic manager of the Burlington railway, on trial charged with alleged conspiracy to grant rebates on freight shipments from the East to Missouri points.

At Rosedale, Kan., a crowd attempted to lynch Munroe Telvors, a negro, who had been found under the bed of a white woman. Before he was strangled the negro was cut down by the police and taken to the station. He will recover.

Gordon Dubose, president of the First National bank of Ensley, Ala., which was recently merged with the Bank of Ensley, has been arrested on a charge of having embezzled $40,000 of the First National's money before the merger.

George L. Thomas, a freight broker, and L. B. Taggart, a clerk working for Thomas, were convicted in the United States district court at Kansas City on the charge of conspiring illegally to give rebates to shippers.

Nineteen bridge companies and agents have been indicted by the grand jury at Lima, O., for alleged violation of the state anti-trust law.

Arthur G. Reinke, receiving teller of the Marshall & Ilsley bank at Milwaukee, has absconded. His shortage is said to be $14,000.

The State bank of Luck, Wis., was burglarized of $2,000.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

After considerable debate the senate passed the bill relieving denatured alcohol from the internal revenue tax. The bill, as passed by the senate, is regarded by the friends of the measure as much more liberal than was the bill which passed the house. An amendment was adopted deferring until Jan. 1 next the time for the law to become operative.

The senate has passed the agricultural appropriation bill, carrying an appropriation of $7,800,000, and without a word of debate or an objection from any source added to it as an amendment the bill providing for an inspection of fresh meats intended for domestic consumption.

The senate committee on finance has favorably reported a resolution directing that materials for the Panama canal shall be of domestic production and manufacture unless the president deems the bids for the same exorbitant.

The railroad rate bill was sent to conference by the house, the vote being yeas 144, nays 105, present 14. Twenty-five Republicans voted with the Democrats against the rule sending the rate bill to conference.

The senate has passed the immigration bill. The bill consists of a series of amendments to the existing law, all of them intended to permit stricter regulations for keeping out the defective classes of aliens.

The senate has passed the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, providing money for the opening of Indian reservations in the Northwest.

The senate has sent the railroad rate bill to conference, with Senators Elkins, Cullom and Tillman conferees.

LABOR NEWS.

Coal operators in Illinois have decided to yield to the demands of the miners for the scale of 1903. The question of a settlement is declared to be a matter of detail and by the beginning of next week mining will be resumed in Illinois with union men.

A voluntary wage increase of 10 per cent has been granted all cotton mill employes in the Danielson (Conn.) district. The action of the mill owners affects 20,000 persons.

The Plum Run (O.) mines of the United States Coal company have been started with 125 nonunion men. The men were escorted to the mines by armed guards.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Colonel W. W. Switzler, aged eighty-seven, recognized as the oldest editor in the United States, is dead at Columbia, Mo.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

A total of nineteen witnesses were called by Interstate Commerce Commissioners Prouty and Clements in the Standard Oil inquiry at Cleveland. Testimony bordering on the sensational was obtained from several witnesses, George L. Lane of Mansfield, O., a former employe of the Standard Oil company, testifying that for about fourteen months in 1901 and 1902 he was employed by the Standard Oil company for the particular purpose of driving all independent oil peddlers in a dozen or more of the principal cities and towns of Northern Ohio out of business. He declared that he succeeded in his mission and told of the methods used in accomplishing the ruin of the independents.

The appellate division of the New York supreme court has handed down a decision discharging from custody George W. Perkins, whom the supreme court had held to await the action of the grand jury on a technical charge of grand larceny in connection with the campaign contributions of the New York Life Insurance company to the Republican national committee.

Further revelations concerning stockholdings in soft coal mining companies by officials of the Pennsylvania railroad were made before the interstate commerce commission at Philadelphia. William A. Patton, assistant *to the president, testified* that he had acquired stock, the par value of which is $807,000, in various coal companies without cost to himself.

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, has issued an order restraining Wilbur G. Voliva and all of his attorneys, agents and employes from disposing of or in any manner dissipating the assets of Zion City. Judge Landis will retain control of the estate and believes that with proper management all creditors will be paid in full.

With only two negative votes the Presbyterian general assembly at Des Moines ratified the terms of union between the Presbyterian church of the United States and the Cumberland Presbyterian church and the union of the two religious bodies is now in full force.

The legal contest instituted to prevent the union of the Cumberland Presbyterian church with the Presbyterian church has been decided in favor of the unionists by Judge Johns at Decatur, Ill. The case will probably be appealed to the supreme court.

Returns from the Republican county conventions held throughout South Dakota leave not the slightest question about the re-election of Robert J. Gamble to the United States senate and the nomination of Coe I. Crawford for governor.

The Prohibition state convention of Pennsylvania has nominated a mixed ticket for the state offices to be voted for at the next general election, hoping to secure the endorsement of the Democratic state convention.

Practically every bank in San Francisco that has been able to secure temporary quarters has thrown open its doors to the public. There has been no sign of a run.

The demurrer of the Burlington railway denying the jurisdiction of the government in export freight rates was overruled in the United States court at Kansas City.

The Joplin (Mo.) Savings bank has been closed. The deposits aggregate $84,000. The assets are small.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Secretary Taft has authorized the statement that no conclusion has been reached regarding his prospective appointment to the supreme court of the United States.

William J. Bryan was endorsed for president by the Democratic judicial convention of fifteen counties of Northwestern Ohio, in session at Lima.

W. S. Stone has been re-elected chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 28.—Wheat—May, 83¼c; July, 82⅝c; Sept., 81½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 85¼c; No. 1 Northern, 84½c; No. 2 Northern, 82⅝c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 28.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 84¼c; No. 2 Northern, 82½c; May, 84¼c; July, 84¾c; Sept., 82c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.15¾; July, $1.16¾; Sept., $1.16¾; Oct., $1.15¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.25. Hogs—$6.10@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50; good to prime spring lambs, $7.50@10.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.00; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.80; Texans, $4.00@4.80; calves, $5.25@6.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.20@6.50; good heavy, $6.40@6.50; rough heavy, $6.15@6.30; light, $6.20@6.45; pigs, $5.40@6.20. Sheep, $4.75@6.25; lambs, $5.40@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 28.—Wheat—May, 85⅝c; July, 83¼@83⅜c. Corn—May, 49⅛c; July, 48⅝@48⅞c. Oats—May, 33⅛c; July, 33⅝@33⅞c. Pork—May, $16.35; July, $16.40. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.15¼; Southwestern, $1.09½; May, $1.09¼. Butter—Creameries, 14@20½c; dairies, 13@17c. Eggs—14@14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 11½c.

EARLY FIRE IMPLEMENTS.

Appliances Used in This Country in the Seventeenth Century.

Undoubtedly the first fire company organized in this country was formed in New York in 1658. It was called the Prowlers and was composed of eight men, with 250 buckets, hooks and small ladders. Where the buckets were obtained and whether or not they were in addition to those owned by the town the records fail to state. In 1679 Salem purchased two or three dozen cedar buckets, besides hooks and other implements; also the selectmen and two others were authorized to take command at fires and to blow up and pull down buildings when such action was necessary. This practice appears to have been much more common before the use of engines than afterward. Boston on Sept. 9, 1679, ordered that every quarter of the town should be provided with twenty swobes, two scoopes and six axes. The swobes, or swabs, as they are now called, were long handled mops that could be used to put out roof fires. The general use of swabs has long since disappeared, but when a slight blaze is beyond the reach of a pail of water and more improved apparatus is not at hand a long handled mop is today the most efficient article to be used. In Japan these swabs may be seen on many roof tops.

In 1690 New York ordered that five *ladders and also hooks* be made. In Philadelphia no mention is made of public precaution against fire until 1696, when a law was passed forbidding the firing of chimneys or allowing the same to become foul. Each house was to have a swab, bucket or pail. Another act was passed in 1700 ordering every household to have two leather buckets. In the following year six or eight hooks for the purpose of tearing down houses were ordered to be made.

BINDING THE FEET.

This Queer Chinese Custom Is a Comparatively Modern One.

China's custom of binding the feet of its women is not as ancient as has been supposed. A correspondent of one of the native Chinese papers quotes from the letters of Yuan Mei, who lived in the eighteenth century. In one of his letters Yuan Mei wrote to a friend: "You ask me to get you a handsome wife and ardently desire, as your first requisite, that she shall have small feet. Surely you cannot be one who admires true beauty. An admirer of true beauty has his own individual tastes, disdaining to follow the dictates of others. Our ancient literature, in both prose and poetry, has many allusions in praise of beautiful women, but in no instance touches upon small feet.

"A work treating of the customs of the Sung dynasty by Shen Yo says a man's well made shoes are said to be square, and a woman's round, at the toe. In the T'ang dynasty, the first allusion to the feet of Yang Kwei Fei, the court beauty, was about her silk stockings. In one of Han Tung Lang's poems, referring to a woman's feet, he says, 'Her six inch feet so bright and sleek.' These allusions clearly point to unbound feet."

Yuan Mei's letter concludes by saying that the taste of those who ignore the beauty of face and form is depraved. He laments that sensible men should be so led away by a foolish fashion.

Origin of the Orange.

It is to India and to the Arabs as middlemen that Europe, and through Europe America, owe the orange. The orange crossed from Africa to Spain with Mohammedanism, while probably the crusaders are to be thanked for bringing it to Italy and western Europe among their trophies of the east. The very name is really Arabic—"naranj"—and of eastern origin, though the legend that it comes from two words meaning "elephant" and "be ill," because elephants ate oranges to make themselves ill, is absurd. Probably in French the initial "n" is dropped off from naranj, with the final "n" of the indefinite article, just as our "an apron" represents "a napron," and the spelling with an "o" points to false association with "or" (gold).—Economista, Havana.

A Good Reason.

Two Irishmen were digging a sewer. One of them was a big, strong man about six feet four inches in height, and the other one was a little, puny man about four feet six inches. The foreman came along to see how the work was progressing and noticed that one of them was doing more work than the other. "Look here," he cried, "how is it that little Dennis Dugan, who is only half your size, is doing nearly twice as much work as you, Patrick?" Glancing down to his partner, Pat replied: "And why shouldn't he? Ain't he nearer to it?"

Fixtures.

One day four-year-old Fred climbed upon a chair to reach something he wanted.

"You must not get on that chair with your feet, dear," said his mother.

Fred looked down at his feet, evidently puzzled. "Why, mamma," he said, "I can't take 'em off!"

How Not To.

"Please read our paper," annotated the editor in returning the manuscript.

"I do," wrote back the contributor, "and my stuff is designed to show that I know what is the matter with your old paper."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The trouble with people who lay something by for a rainy day is that they seem to take such delight in seeing other people out in the wet.—New York Times.

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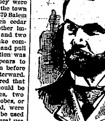

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Returning every month. Consult him w the opportunity is at hand.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9.15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

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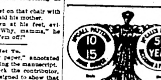

THE RAILWAY RATE BILL

Provisions of the New Measure Which Has Just Become a Law.

The railway rate bill as passed by the house of representatives and amended in the senate is in the form of an act amending the interstate commerce law of 1887 "and all acts amendatory thereof."

Its first section amends section 1 of the act of 1887 by declaring all pipe lines except those for the transportation of water and gas, natural and artificial, to be common carriers and subject to the provisions of this act. It also includes express and sleeping car companies in the term "common carriers" as used in the act. All bridges, ferries and all the road used by any corporation operating a railroad, whether owned or operated under contract, agreement or lease, are declared to be included in the term "railroad," as well as all switches, spurs, tracks and terminal facilities, freight depots, yards and grounds used by the operating corporation.

The so called private car lines are brought under the commission's jurisdiction in the following paragraph:

"The term 'transportation' shall include cars and other vehicles and all instrumentalities and facilities of shipment or carriage, irrespective of ownership or of any contract, express or implied, for the use thereof and all services in connection with the receipt, delivery, elevation and transfer in transit, ventilation, refrigeration or icing, storage and handling of property transported; and it shall be the duty of every carrier subject to the provisions of this act to provide and furnish such transportation upon reasonable request therefor and to establish through routes and just and reasonable rates applicable thereto."

"All charges," the act declares, "made for any service rendered or to be rendered in the transportation of passengers or property as aforesaid, or in connection therewith, shall be just and reasonable, and every unjust and unreasonable charge for such service or any part thereof is prohibited and declared to be unlawful."

Restrictions on Passenger Passes.

The first section also declares that "no carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall hereafter, directly or indirectly, issue or give any interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation for passengers except to its officers, agents, employees, surgeons, physicians, actual and bona fide attorneys and members of their immediate families, to ministers of religion, local and traveling secretaries of Young Men's Christian associations, inmates of hospitals and charitable and eleemosynary institutions, to indigent, destitute and homeless persons and to such persons when transported by charitable societies or hospitals and the necessary agents employed in such transportation, to inmates of the national homes or state homes for disabled volunteer soldiers and of soldiers and sailors' homes, including those about to enter and those returning home after discharge, under arrangements with the boards of managers, and female nurses that served during the civil war, to ex-Union soldiers and sailors and ex-Confederate soldiers and to owners and caretakers of live stock when traveling with such stock or when going to point of shipment or returning from point of delivery, provided that this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the interchange of passes for the officers, agents and employees of carriers and members of their immediate families or to prohibit any carrier from carrying passengers free with the object of providing relief in cases of general epidemic, pestilence or other calamitous visitations or prevent such carrier from giving free or reduced transportation to laborers transported to any place for the purpose of supplying any demand for labor at such place. Any carrier violating this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall for each offense pay to the United States a penalty of not less than $100 or more than $2,000, and any person other than the persons excepted in this provision who uses or who solicits or accepts for himself or other person any such interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation shall be subject to a like penalty and fine."

Railways Must Not Deal In Coal.

The first section further declares that "from and after May 1, 1908, it shall be unlawful for any common carrier to transport from any state, territory, or district of the United States to any other state, territory, or district of the United States or to any foreign country any article or commodity, other than timber and the manufactured products thereof, manufactured, mined, or produced by it or under its authority or which it may own in whole or in part, or in which it may have any interest, direct or indirect, except such articles or commodities as may be necessary and intended for its own use in the conduct of its business as a common carrier."

The act also provides that "any common carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall promptly, upon application of any shipper tendering interstate traffic for transportation, construct, maintain, and operate upon reasonable terms a switch connection with any private side track which may be constructed to connect with its railroad, where such connection is reasonably practicable and can be put in with safety and will furnish sufficient business to justify the construction and maintenance of the same; and shall furnish cars for the movement of such traffic to the best of its ability without discrimination in favor of or against any such shipper."

Section 2 provides first that every common carrier subject to the provisions of the act of 1887 as above amended shall file with the interstate commerce commission and print and keep open to public inspection schedules showing all rates, passenger, freight or pipe line, between different points on its own system and between its own points and those of other corporations.

Freight shipped through foreign countries from one point in the United States to another is included in this provision. Thirty days' notice to the commission and to the public must be given before any changes in published rates may take effect.

Rebates Prohibited.

Rebates are declared unlawful in the following paragraph:

"No carrier shall, unless otherwise provided by this act, engage or participate in the transportation of passengers or property, as defined in the first section of this act, unless the rates, fares and charges upon which the same are transported by said carrier have been filed and published in accordance with the provisions of this section, nor shall any carrier charge or demand or collect or receive a greater or less or different compensation for such transportation of passengers or property or for any service in connection therewith between the points named in such tariffs than the rates, fares and charges which are specified in the tariff filed and in effect at the time, nor shall any carrier refund or remit in any manner or by any device any portion of the rates, fares and charges so specified nor extend to any shipper or person any privileges or facilities in the transportation of passengers or property except such as are specified in such tariffs."

Prison For Rebaters.

The willful failure upon the part of a common carrier to file and publish rates as required by the law is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000 for each offense. Corporations giving, taking, soliciting or offering rebates are made subject to the same penalty. In addition it is provided that any officer or director of a corporation convicted of giving, taking, offering or soliciting rebates shall, in addition to the fine stated above, be liable to imprisonment for not more than two years. Such violations of the act shall be prosecuted in the federal judicial districts in which they are committed. Acts of agents are regarded as acts of the common carrier.

Section 2 also provides that any person or corporation accepting a rebate shall on conviction forfeit to the United States a sum three times the rebate so accepted.

Section 3 provides that the interstate commerce commission shall make printed reports of all investigations conducted by it.

Commission's Power to Fix Rates.

Section 4 provides that whenever complaint is made to the commission that any rates "are unjust or unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential or prejudicial, or otherwise in violation of any of the provisions of this act the commission shall prescribe what will be the just and reasonable rate or rates, charge or charges, to be thereafter observed in such case as the maximum to be charged; and what regulation or practice in respect to such transportation is just, fair, and reasonable to be thereafter followed; and to make an order that the carrier shall cease and desist from such violation, to the extent to which the commission find the same to exist, and shall not thereafter publish, demand, or collect any rate or charge for such transportation in excess of the maximum rate or charge so prescribed, and shall conform to the regulation or practice so prescribed."

Rates Take Effect In Thirty Days.

All orders of the commission, except orders for the payment of money, shall take effect within such reasonable time, not less than thirty days, and shall continue in force for such period of time, not exceeding two years, as shall be prescribed in the order of the commission, unless the same shall be suspended or modified or set aside by the commission or be suspended or set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction.

The commission may also after hearing on a complaint establish through routes and joint rates as the maximum to be charged.

Section 5 provides that if after hearing on a complaint the commission shall determine that any party complainant is entitled to an award of damages under the provisions of this act for a violation thereof the commission shall make an order directing the carrier to pay to the complainant the sum to which he is entitled on or before a day named.

Section 6 provides that after a decision, order or requirement has been made by the commission in any proceeding any party thereto may at any time make application for rehearing of the same or any matter determined therein, and it shall be lawful for the commission in its discretion to grant such a rehearing if sufficient reason therefor be made to appear. Application for rehearing shall be governed by such general rules as the commission may establish. No such application shall excuse any carrier from obeying *any decision of the commission.*

Bills of Lading.

Section 6 also says "that any common carrier, railroad or transportation company receiving property for transportation from a point in one state to a point in another state shall issue a receipt or bill of lading therefor and shall be liable to the holder thereof for any loss, damage or injury to such property caused by it or by any common carrier, railroad or transportation company to which such property may be delivered or over whose line or lines such property may pass, and no contract, receipt, rule or regulation shall exempt such common carrier, railroad or transportation company from the liability herein imposed, provided that nothing in this section shall deprive any holder of such receipt or bill of lading of any remedy or right of action which he has under existing law."

Petitions of shippers in suits for damages may be filed in the United States circuit court in the district in which the petitioner resides, and in such suits all parties in whose favor the commission may have made an award for damages by a single order may be joined as plaintiffs, and all of the carriers parties to such order awarding such damages may be joined as defendants.

Such suit shall proceed in all respects like other civil suits for damages, except that on the trial of such suit the findings and order of the commission shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated and except that the petitioner shall not be liable for costs in the circuit court nor for costs at any subsequent stage of the proceedings unless they accrue upon his appeal. If the petitioner shall finally prevail he shall be allowed a reasonable attorney's fee, to be taxed and collected as a part of the costs of the suit. All complaints for the recovery of damages shall be filed with the commission within two years from the time the cause of action accrues and not after, and a petition for the enforcement of an order for the payment of money shall be filed in the circuit court within a year from the date of the order and not after, provided that accrued claims may be presented within a year.

The Court Review Section.

The court review section, upon which the fight in the senate was hottest, is as follows:

"The venue of suits brought in any of the circuit courts of the United States against the commission to enjoin, set aside, annul or suspend any order or requirement of the commission shall be in the district where the carrier against whom such order or requirement may have been made has its principal operating office and may be brought at any time after such order is promulgated.

"Provided that no injunction, interlocutory order or decree suspending or restraining the enforcement of an order of the commission shall be granted except on hearing after not less than five days' notice to the commission. An appeal may be taken from any interlocutory order or decree granting or continuing an injunction in any suit, but shall lie only to the supreme court of the United States; provided, further, that the appeal must be taken within thirty days from the entry of such order or decree, and it shall take precedence in the appellate court over all other causes except causes of like character and criminal causes."

Federal Prosecution For Forfeitures.

The form of prosecution for forfeitures for violations of the act is thus defined:

"It shall be the duty of the various district attorneys, under the direction of the attorney general of the United States, to prosecute for the recovery of forfeitures. The costs and expenses of such prosecution shall be paid out of the appropriation for the expenses of the courts of the United States. The commission may, with the consent of the attorney general, employ special counsel in any proceeding under this act, paying the expenses of such employment out of its own appropriation."

Section 7 provides that all common carriers must make annual reports to the interstate commerce commission and answer such questions as the commission may ask. It also provides for monthly reports of earnings and expenses and that the commission may prescribe the form of any and all accounts, records and memoranda to be kept by common carriers. Failure to keep such accounts as are prescribed by the commission is made punishable by a fine of $500 for each such offense and for each and every day of the continuance of such offense.

Imprisonment For False Entries.

Any person who shall willfully make any false entry in such accounts or willfully destroy, mutilate, alter or falsify or neglect to make full, accurate and true entries in such accounts is made liable to a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $5,000 or imprisonment for a term not less than one year nor more than three years or both such fine and imprisonment.

To carry out and give effect to the provisions of the act the commission is hereby authorized to employ special agents or examiners who shall have power to administer oaths, examine witnesses and receive evidence.

Any examiner who divulges any fact or information which may come to his knowledge during the course of such examination, except in so far as he may be directed by the commission or by a court or judge thereof, shall be subject to a fine of not more than $5,000 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

Section 8 provides that all existing laws relating to the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence and the compelling of testimony under the act to regulate commerce and all acts amendatory thereof shall apply to any and all proceedings and hearings under this act.

Section 9 provides that all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, but the amendments herein provided for shall not affect causes now pending in courts of the United States, but such causes shall be prosecuted to a conclusion in the manner heretofore provided by law.

Section 10 provides that the act shall take effect immediately upon its passage.

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

THE THIEF RIV

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

E. V. DEBS ON SOCALISM

Eloquent Champion of Socialism Delivered a Lecture in This City.

Was Tendered a Reception at the Antlers Club After the Meeting.

Evenson hall was well filled last Friday evening to hear the lecture delivered by Eugene V. Debs upon the subject of Socialism. Mr. Debs is an orator of no mean ability and presented his doctrines in a clear and forcible manner. After the lecture was over Mr. Debs was given an informal reception at the Antlers Club and he was congratulated by many of the people who had heard him deliver his lecture.

Some of the sayings of Mr. Debs were as follows:

The intelligent worker naturally asks, why should a capitalist own a tool he can not use? And why should not the worker own a tool without which he can not live?

In modern industry a capitalist, or a corporation consisting of a score or more capitalists, owns tools in the form of machinery that are used by, perhaps fifty thousand workingmen, who can not work without having access to those tools, and who are quite as dependent upon the capitalists who own them and almost as completely at their mercy as if they were their property under the law.

The workers in every country are in a vast majority; their economic status is precisely the same, and they have but to become conscious of their interests as a class to enable them to conquer the public powers and become the ruling class of the nation.

There can be no substantial or permanent change in the condition of the working class in the prevailing capitalist system. Machinery is intensifying competition among the workers, throwing many out of employment; strikes, boycotts and lockouts follow as a natural result, and the experience that comes to the workers in such times, especially when they are enjoined by the courts, jailed by the police and kidnapped and deported in violation of federal and state constitutions, is well calculated to open their eyes to the fact that the labor question is essentially a political question, and that, if they would have the protection and benefit of the law, they must put themselves in position to enact and interpret the law as the capitalist class are now doing in every state of the nation and the nation at large.

The great capitalists who are combining and concentrating and crushing out competition are paving the way to the new social order, and every step they take hastens its advent. In this process industry is being organized on a co-operative basis, and the very character and capacity of it mark it for collective ownership by the whole people.

The Socialist party is a revolutionary party in the sense that it stands for an entirely new social order, based upon the social ownership of the means of wealth production and distribution. This change will will have to come if society is to servive, and it will come in the form of Socialism as inevitably as co-operation has followed competition in our modern industrial activities.

It is now possible for the first time in the history of the race to produce plenty of wealth for all and absolutely abolish poverty. It is possible to so organize society that all shall have equal chance to work and produce wealth under favorable conditions and have ample leisure for mental improvement, social intercourse and physical recreation. It is possible to provide an education for every child in every community, and thus put an end to the wanton sacrifice of human life upon the sordid altar of private profit.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Subscribe for the News.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at the Court-house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day to consider and act upon a petition now on file in the office of the Auditor of said County, signed by 2,006 of the legal voters of said County, praying that the County seat of said County be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

This meeting is called pursuant to an order and judgment of the District Court in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF RED LAKE, MINNESOTA, By Daniel Shaw, Chairman.

BIG ENGINES.

The Great Northern Has Two of the Largest Ever.

To compete with the Soo's Winnipeg flyer, the Great Northern railway is trying out a pair of the biggest passenger locomotives ever brought to the northwest. In the words of those who have seen them, they are veritable whales and cyclones at that. They stand so high in the air that it requires a balloon to reach the cab, yet they are magnificently proportioned and likened unto the greyhound. They will be used on Nos. 7 and 8, the Winnipeg flyers. The tenders have water and coal capacity for more than 100 miles travel, and they are capable of covering the ground in mighty quick time. They are being tried out and limbered up at the present time and will be put into active service in the near future. The builders of these big passenger locomotives gaurantee a speed of 75 miles per hour pulling twelve cars. They are capable of reeling off ninety miles per hour and this is about as fast as the average person cares to ride.

Germantown to Celebrate.

The little town of Germantown has commenced to make preparations for a Fourth of July celebration, and all of the residents in that section will be on hand to make the event one long to be remembered. A committee has been appointed to have charge of the affair.

Will Go to Roseau.

Gov. John A. Johnson will go up to Roseau county on the 12th of June to attend the teachers' convention of Roseau county. Local Democrats are going to make an effort to have Gov. Johnson visit here for a short time on the return trip.

[illegible] ing to the old law, but the board was advised to bond under the law of 1905, the state not caring to loan any more money under the old law. Hence there will be another election and there is no doubt about the outcome. People there are progressive enough to see the advantage of good roads and of drainage. While it adds to taxes it also adds hundreds of dollars to the value of each farm touched by such good roads or ditches.

Wylie Elevator Case.

Red Lake Courier: A hearing was held in this city Monday before Judge Watts in the action of the Wylie Farmers & Mercantile Co. against the Great Northern railway. It is a suit to compel the railroad company to grant the plaintiffs a site at Wylie for an elevator.

The railroad company has refused permission to build on its right of way at Wylie and during last year had compelled the removal of the three elevators that existed there, on the excuse that it was going to abandon its tracks. In a hearing before the railroad and warehouse commission the road was ordered to continue its train service.

At the hearing Monday W. E. Rowe of Crookston appeared for the farmers' company and J. C. Wilkinson for the railway. Lillian Belair was a witness in authentication of the records and Fred Gother and Nick Eckstein were examined on behalf of plaintiff. The defense did not offer any testimony. The matter was submitted on argument and taken under consideration by the court.

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Many have for years entertained the idea that the land north of the city on which the state farm is located was without much value for straight farming purposes, and when an expert on soil conditions states that it is the richest in the country, it will undoubtedly open the eyes of many who have been looking for higher land.

Mr. Magnum states that drainage is the thing that is wanted in this section at the present time and that with it there is no telling what can be raised. The fertility has not by any means been taken from the soil, which will be shown just as soon as it is properly cultivated and cared for by the farmer. "Some system of getting the water off the ground after the rains such as were experienced this season must be inaugurated and the sooner it is started the better for the valley as a whole," said Mr. Magnum in conclusion.

—Subscribe for the News.

Large Assortment of Summer Underwear,
25c, 50c, Etc.

THE WORKING MAN'S SUIT

Full Line of Hand-made Working Shoes.
$1.50, $2, Etc.

A GREAT MANY MEN work for a living and have no money to throw away. These men demand the best that their money can buy and are willing to pay all a suit is worth, but no more.

For these men we have a special line of WELL and STRONGLY MADE SUITS, good, stylish suits made from fabrics that will stand rough usage and still retain a genteel appearance.

We do a large business in working men's suits, trousers, shirts, etc., and we give every man a full measure—

Suits, $4.00, $5.00, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, etc.
Trousers and overalls, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, etc.
Shirts, 25c, 50c, 75c, etc.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.
DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.
ICE CREAM,
HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS. MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE RAILWAY RATE BILL

Provisions of the New Measure Which Has Just Become a Law.

The railway rate bill as passed by the house of representatives and amended in the senate is in the form of an act amending the interstate-commerce law of 1887 "and all acts amendatory thereof."

Its first section amends section 1 of the act of 1887 by declaring all pipe lines except those for the transportation of water and gas, natural and artificial, to be common carriers and subject to the provisions of this act. It also includes express and sleeping car companies in the term "common carriers" as used in the act. All bridges, ferries and all the road used by any corporation operating a railroad, whether owned or operated under contract, agreement or lease, are declared to be included in the term "railroad," as well as all switches, spurs, tracks and terminal facilities, freight depots, yards and grounds used by the operating corporation.

The so called private car lines are brought under the commission's jurisdiction in the following paragraph:

"The term 'transportation' shall include cars and other vehicles and all instrumentalities and facilities of shipment or carriage, irrespective of ownership or of any contract, express or implied, for the use thereof and all services in connection with the receipt, delivery, elevation and transfer in transit, ventilation, refrigeration or icing, storage and handling of property transported; and it shall be the duty of every carrier subject to the provisions of this act to provide and furnish such transportation upon reasonable request therefor and to establish through routes and just and reasonable rates applicable thereto."

"All charges," the act declares, "made for any service rendered or to be rendered in the transportation of passengers or property as aforesaid, or in connection therewith, shall be just and reasonable, and every unjust and unreasonable charge for such service or any part thereof is prohibited and declared to be unlawful."

Restrictions on Passenger Passes.

The first section also declares that "no carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall hereafter, directly or indirectly, issue or give any interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation for passengers except to its officers, agents, employees, surgeons, physicians, actual and bona fide attorneys and members of their immediate families, to ministers of religion, local and traveling secretaries of Young Men's Christian associations, inmates of hospitals and charitable and eleemosynary institutions, to indigent, destitute and homeless persons and to such persons when transported by charitable societies or hospitals and the necessary agents employed in such transportation, to inmates of the national homes or state homes for disabled volunteer soldiers and of soldiers and sailors' homes, including those about to enter and those returning home after discharge, under arrangements with the boards of managers, and female nurses that served during the civil war, to ex-Union soldiers and sailors and ex-Confederate soldiers and to owners and
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ness to justify the construction and maintenance of the same; and shall furnish cars for the movement of such traffic to the best of its ability without discrimination in favor of or against any such shipper."

Section 2 provides first that every common carrier subject to the provisions of the act of 1887 as above amended shall file with the interstate commerce commission and print and keep open to public inspection schedules showing all rates, passenger, freight or pipe line, between different points on its own system and between its own points and those of other corporations.

Freight shipped through foreign countries from one point in the United States to another is included in this provision. Thirty days' notice to the commission and to the public must be given before any changes in published rates may take effect.

Rebates Prohibited.

Rebates are declared unlawful in the following paragraph:

"No carrier shall, unless otherwise provided by this act, engage or participate in the transportation of passengers or property, as defined in the first section of this act, unless the rates, fares and charges upon which the same are transported by said carrier have been filed and published in accordance with the provisions of this section, nor shall any carrier charge or demand or collect or receive a greater or less or different compensation for such transportation of passengers or property or for any service in connection therewith between the points named in such tariffs than the rates, fares and charges which are specified in the tariff filed and in effect at the time, nor shall any carrier refund or remit in any manner or by any device any portion of the rates, fares and charges so specified nor extend to any shipper or person any privileges or facilities in the transportation of passengers or property except such as are specified in such tariffs."

Prison For Rebaters.

The willful failure upon the part of a common carrier to file and publish rates as required by the law is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000 for each offense. Corporations giving, taking, soliciting or offering rebates are made subject to the same penalty. In addition it is provided that any officer or director of a corporation convicted of giving, taking, offering or soliciting rebates shall, in addition to the fine stated above, be liable to imprisonment for not more than two years. Such violations of the act shall be prosecuted in the federal judicial districts in which they are committed. Acts of agents are regarded as acts of the common carrier.

Section 2 also provides that any person or corporation accepting a rebate shall on conviction forfeit to the United States a sum three times the rebate so accepted.

Section 3 provides that the interstate commerce commission shall make printed reports of all investigations

therein, and it shall be lawful for the commission in its discretion to grant such a rehearing if sufficient reason therefor be made to appear. Application for rehearing shall be governed by such general rules as the commission may establish. No such application shall excuse any carrier from obeying any decision of the commission.

Bills of Lading.

Section 6 also says "that any common carrier, railroad or transportation company receiving property for transportation from a point in one state to a point in another state shall issue a receipt or bill of lading therefor and shall be liable to the holder thereof for any loss, damage or injury to such property caused by it or by any common carrier, railroad or transportation company to which such property may be delivered or over whose line or lines such property may pass, and no contract, receipt, rule or regulation shall exempt such common carrier, railroad or transportation company from the liability herein imposed, provided that nothing in this section shall deprive any holder of such receipt or bill of lading of any remedy or right of action which he has under existing law."

Petitions of shippers in suits for damages may be filed in the United States circuit court in the district in which the petitioner resides, and in such suits all parties in whose favor the commission may have made an award for damages by a single order may be joined as plaintiffs, and all of the carriers parties to such order awarding such damages may be joined as defendants.

Such suit shall proceed in all respects like other civil suits for damages, except that on the trial of such suit the findings and order of the commission shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated and except that the petitioner shall not be liable for costs in the circuit court nor for costs at any subsequent stage of the proceedings unless they accrue upon his appeal. If the petitioner shall finally prevail he shall be allowed a reasonable attorney's fee, to be taxed and collected as a part of the costs of the suit. All complaints for the recovery of damages shall be filed with the commission within two years from the time the cause of action accrues and not after, and a petition for the enforcement of an order for the payment of money shall be filed in the circuit court within a year from the date of

counts, records and memoranda to be kept by common carriers. Failure to keep such accounts as are prescribed by the commission is made punishable by a fine of $500 for each such offense and for each and every day of the continuance of such offense.

Imprisonment For False Entries.

Any person who shall willfully make any false entry in such accounts or willfully destroy, mutilate, alter or falsify or neglect to make full, accurate and true entries in such accounts is made liable to a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $5,000 or imprisonment for a term not less than one year nor more than three years or both such fine and imprisonment.

To carry out and give effect to the provisions of the act the commission is hereby authorized to employ special agents or examiners who shall have power to administer oaths, examine witnesses and receive evidence.

Any examiner who divulges any fact or information which may come to his knowledge during the course of such examination, except in so far as he may be directed by the commission or by a court or judge thereof, shall be subject to a fine of not more than $5,000 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

Section 8 provides that all existing laws relating to the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence and the compelling of testimony under the act to regulate commerce and all acts amendatory thereof shall apply to any and all proceedings and hearings under this act.

Section 9 provides that all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, but the amendments herein provided for shall not affect causes now pending in courts of the United States, but such causes shall be prosecuted to a conclusion in the manner heretofore provided by law.

Section 10 provides that the act shall take effect immediately upon its passage.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

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RETAKE
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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1906. NUMBER 2

HISTO
SOCIE

E. V. DEBS ON SOCALISM

Eloquent Champion of Socialism Delivered a Lecture in This City.

Was Tendered a Reception at the Antlers Club After the Meeting.

Evenson hall was well filled last Friday evening to hear the lecture delivered by Eugene V. Debs upon the subject of Socialism. Mr. Debs is an orator of no mean ability and presented his doctrines in a clear and forcible manner. After the lecture was over Mr. Debs was given an informal reception at the Antlers Club and he was congratulated by *many of the* people who had heard him deliver his lecture.

Some of the sayings of Mr. Debs were as follows:

The intelligent worker naturally asks, why should a capitalist own a tool he can not use? And why should not the worker own a tool without which he can not live?

In modern industry a capitalist, or a corporation consisting of a score or more capitalists, owns tools in the form of machinery that are used by perhaps fifty thousand workingmen, who can not work without having access to these tools, and who are quite as dependent upon the capitalists who own them and almost as completely at their mercy as if they were their property under the law.

The workers in every country are in a vast majority; their economic status is precisely the same, and they have but to become conscious of their interests as a class to enable them to conquer the public powers and become the ruling class of the nation.

There can be no substantial or permanent change in the condition of the working class in the prevailing capitalist system. Machinery is intensifying competition among the workers, throwing many out of employment; strikes, boycotts and lockouts follow as a natural result, and the experience that comes to the workers in such times, especially when they are enjoined by the courts, jailed by the police and kidnapped and deported in violation of federal and state constitutions, is well calculated to open their eyes to the fact that the labor question is essentially a political question, and that, if they would have the protection and benefit of the law, they must put themselves in position to enact and interpret the law as the capitalist class are now doing in every state of the nation and the nation at large.

The great capitalists who are combining and concentrating and crushing out competition are paving the way to the new social order, and every step they take hastens its advent. In this process industry is being organized on a co-operative basis, and the very character and capacity of it mark it for collective ownership by the whole people.

The Socialist party is a revolutionary party in the sense that it stands for an entirely new social order, based upon the social ownership of the means of wealth production and distribution. This change will will have to come if society is to survive, and it will come in the form of Socialism as inevitably as co-operation has followed competition in our modern industrial activities.

It is now possible for the first time in the history of the race to produce plenty of wealth for all and absolutely abolish poverty. It is possible to so organize society that all shall have equal chance to work and produce wealth under favorable conditions and have ample leisure for mental improvement, social intercourse and physical recreation. It is possible to provide an education for every child in every community, and thus put an end to the wanton sacrifice of human life upon the sordid altar of private profit.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Subscribe for the News.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at the Court-house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day to consider and act upon a petition now on file in the office of the Auditor of said County, signed by 2,006 of the legal voters of said County, praying that the County seat of said County be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

This meeting is called pursuant to an order and judgment of the District Court in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF RED LAKE, MINNESOTA, By Daniel Shaw, Chairman.

BIG ENGINES.

The Great Northern Has Two of the Largest Ever.

To compete with the Soo's *Winnipeg* flyer, the Great Northern railway is trying out a pair of the biggest passenger locomotives ever brought to the northwest. In the words of those who have seen them, they are veritable whales and cyclones at that. They stand so high in the air that it requires a balloon to reach the cab, yet they are magnificently proportioned and likened unto the greyhound. They will be used on Nos. 7. and 8, the Winnipeg flyers. The tenders have water and coal capacity for more than 100 miles travel, and they are capable of covering the ground in mighty quick time. They are being tried out and limbered up at the present time and will be put into active service in the near future. The builders of these big passenger locomotives gaurantee a speed of 75 miles per hour pulling twelve cars. They are capable of reeling off ninety miles per hour and this is about as fast as the average person cares to ride.

Germantown to Celebrate.

The little town of Germantown has commenced to make preparations for a Fourth of July celebration, and all of the residents in that section will be on hand to make the event one long to be remembered. A committee has been appointed to have charge of the affair.

Will Go to Roseau.

Gov. John A. Johnson will go up to Roseau county on the 12th of June to attend the teachers' convention of Roseau county. Local Democrats are going to make an effort to have Gov. Johnson visit here for a short time on the return trip.

Large Assortment of Summer Underwear, 25c, 50c, Etc.

Full Line of Hand-made Working Shoes. $1.50, $2, Etc.

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The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

COMES UP ON MONDAY

County Seat Removal Case Comes Up on Monday of Next Week.

Quite Likely that the County Board Will Order on Election.

Next Monday, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county will meet at Red Lake Falls to consider the petition asking for the removal of the county seat of Red Lake county from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. The board of county commissioners are a *fair lot* and the meeting is held upon an order from the court, hence it is confidently expected that an election will be ordered and the legal voters of Red Lake county will then decide whether or not it is proper to have the county seat removed or not.

An open and honest election is all that the people of Thief River Falls desire and, if the down-river town defeats them, there will be no complaint made by the people here.

The tactics that Red Lake Falls has thus far employed have not been such as would win for them any friends.

ARE DETERMINED

A Roseau County Town Is Bound to Have Good Roads.

The board of supervisors of the town of Skagen, up in Roseau county, met Thursday to consider a petition for a special election to vote the bonds of said town in the sum of $6,700 for the purpose of building roads and bridges. This will be the 'teenth time this town has voted on bonds and three times before the bonds have carried, but there was always some hitch somewhere which caused the state board of investment to not grant a loan. Last year everything seemed to be regular according to the old law, but the board was advised to bond under the law of 1905, the state not caring to loan any more money under the old law. Hence there will be another election and there is no doubt about the outcome. People there are progressive enough to see the advantage of good roads and of drainage. While it adds to taxes it also adds hundreds of dollars to the value of each farm touched by such good roads or ditches.

Wylie Elevator Case.

Red Lake Courier: A hearing was held in this city Monday before Judge Watts in the action of the Wylie Farmers & Mercantile Co. against the Great Northern railway. It is a suit to compel the railroad company to grant the plaintiffs a site at Wylie for an elevator.

The railroad company has refused permission to build on its right of way at Wylie and during last year had compelled the removal of the three elevators that existed there, on the excuse that it was going to abandon its tracks. In a hearing before the railroad and warehouse commission the road was ordered to continue its train service.

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Second Ward—Lars Backe and A. I. Anderson.

Third Ward—D. P. O'Neill, Daniel Shaw and Ben Christienson.

MAPLE SYRUP.

State Dairy and Food Commission Tells What Kind Is Pure.

The Minnesota State Dairy and Food commission has just issued a bulletin telling of illegal food which has been found upon sale in this state. Of maple syrup, the following information is given:

Owing to a defect in the wording of the maple syrup law a considerable quantity of table syrup, composed of maple, glucose or cane syrup is being sold as pure maple syrup. It is not so labeled, but the fact that the average purchaser does not examine the label closely permits deception very easily. The law is sufficiently effective to compel all syrup which is labeled "maple syrup" to be the genuine article, and the purchaser who wishes the pure article can be assured that he is getting what he pays for if he will examine the label properly.

The purchaser who calls for a can of maple syrup, and who does not examine the label of the package, is quite likely to receive a can or bottle containing syrup which looks like the pure article and which has the maple flavor. The label is usually an attractive one, with perhaps a maple camp scene or a maple leaf brought out in beautiful testimony of the lithographer's art. There is, perhaps, a high sounding guarantee as to the purity and wholesomeness of the article, together with the statement that the product complies fully with the pure food laws of the state. This may all be true, but the purchaser of the package should remember that the word "purity" does not necessarily imply that the article is pure maple syrup. It may be pure maple syrup, cane syrup or glucose all blended together.

The present law has worked a great improvement, however, as heretofore all of these compounds were sold as "maple syrup." Now they must be sold simply as table syrup. The deception now occurs when a purchaser asks for maple syrup and is supplied with the mixed article. He can prevent this deception, however, by simply examining the label. If the label simply reads "Maple Syrup" it is the genuine article. If the word "maple" is not used it is not the genuine article.

A Popular Thing.

In Missouri lecturers are being sent to the country school houses in various parts of the state, says an exchange, to speak to children and parents upon practical farming. Usually two lecturers are given at each place, one in the afternoon and one at night. In many places 75 to 100 farmers attend the meetings, often going miles over muddy roads. This movement is meeting with much approval and exciting much enthusiasm in agricultural families, which seems to indicate that it would be a good thing to try in other states. The twentieth century requires thoroughly trained farmers to meet its demands and these can only be obtained by commencing with the youth of the land and keeping up the instruction throughout their whole life.

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Special Agent Layman, of the U. S. Land Office, was in the city on Monday and Tuesday examining witnesses who were making final proof befor U. S. Commissioner Browning and Municipal Judge Bishop. Mr. Layman has changed his headquarters from Crookston to Duluth, but will continue to have charge of all proofs made in the Crookston land office district.

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John Olson, secretary of the Germantown Creamery Association, was in Thief River Falls Monday, hauling in a load of butter for shipment to New York. He reports that about 1,000 pounds a month are now being manufactured and that this amount will be increased during the summer to a considerable amount.

ADVOCATES THE TILE

Soil Serveyors Say That Drainage Will Do Wonders For This Section

Would Make the Low Lands the Best and Most Productive.

Although the weather has been anything but favorable for the work of the government soil survey that was started in Polk county some time ago by Engineers A. W. Magnum and F. C. Schroeder, they have already completed about 30 of the 600 sections that will be covered this summer, having picked the sandy ridges to start on, as the remainder of the county was somewhat hard to navigate.

With reference to the soil of this section, Engineer Magnum stated that drainage was what was wanted here and that it would do more for the soil than any amount of money put into anything else endeavoring to gain the same end. He has been in states in this line of work where tile drainage is used exclusively and where the conditions now are the very best imaginable.

The two conditions in this section that would be improved by tile drainage are the alkali and gumbo or heavy soil that at this time, and in such a season are practically without value as far as raising a crop on them is concerned. He states that by tile drainage any alkali that might be in the soil of which there is some, would be dissolved and carried off by rain, but that as it is at the present time where the water evaporates the alkali all collects on the surface, being left behind. This would be entirely done away with, and the white colored crusts that are seen in some of the swampy districts after the water has dried up would be no more.

Mr. Magnum also visited the experiment station north of Crookston, which is an ideal example of the heavy gumbo soil that is to be found in this section. He went over the farm under the direction of Wm. Robertson, the superintendent, and viewed all of the land. He stated that, with the tile that was to be put in there, the land would be the best that he had seen in Minnesota up to this time. It is of the very richest variety and as soon as it is drained its productiveness will be appreciated. The dry sandy soil, he says, is all right, but that crops will take the fertility from it, while the heavier regions will last ages longer and still retain their productiveness.

Many have for years entertained the idea that the land north of the city on which the state farm is located was without much value for straight farming purposes, and when an expert on soil conditions states that it is the richest in the country, it will undoubtedly open the eyes of many who have been looking for higher land.

Mr. Magnum states that drainage is the thing that is wanted in this section at the present time and that with it there is no telling what can be raised. The fertility has not by any means been taken from the soil, which will be shown just as soon as it is properly cultivated and cared for by the farmer. "Some system of getting the water off the ground after the rains such as were experienced this season must be inaugurated and the sooner it is started the better for the valley as a whole," said Mr. Magnum in conclusion.

—Subscribe for the News.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND.

DAILY PAPERS, STANDARD PERIODICALS AND POPULAR NOVELS. FINEST LINE OF CIGARS IN THE CITY. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

ICE CREAM,

HOT AND COLD SOFT DRINKS.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

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TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	71c
Oats	34c
Flax	1.01
Butter	13c
Eggs	13c

Dr. G. A. Fenney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

W. A. Murphy was up to Middle River Tuesday.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Dick Edmonds was down from Rollis to spend Sunday.

Mike McAndress was in the city from St. Hilaire Sunday.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

Register of Deeds Frank Jeffers spent last Saturday in the city.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

Joseph Duchamp was in the city from Clover Leaf the first of the week.

Contractor L. Johnson, of Crookston, was in the city the first of the week.

County Surveyor Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Fred Holzknecht visited relatives at Red Lake Falls and Ulen the first of the week.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was in the city from Germantown the first of the week visiting friends.

J. K. Hannay, the St. Hilaire banker, and Dr. Grace, of Davenport, Iowa, were in the city Tuesday.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Mr. John Skog left Saturday morning for Wadena, and will remain for a few weeks visiting his parents.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

H. W. Lee left Sunday evening for a trip to Idaho, where he will spend most of the summer, and may decide to locate there.

Mrs. N. J. Anderson left Wednesday morning for Audubon, where she will remain for a few days visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Gertrude Curran arrived in the city last Saturday from Eau Claire, Wis to spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives and old friends here.

Contractor Patterson returned to this city Tuesday from Mayville, N. D., where he went to bid upon a water works contract. He did not succeed in securing the job.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

The members of the local fire department are doing considerable practicing for the tournament to be held at Warren this summer and they have hopes of capturing a number of the prizes.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

John J. Soll, St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Crookston last week.

Olaf Wedmer was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

F. R. Cuglow, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Friday.

Charles A. Hitchcock was up from Crookston last Saturday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down to Minneapolis on Sunday and Monday.

Rev. Fidelis Lucking, of Detroit, was in the city last week, the guest of Fr. Adolph.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was in the city on Monday attending to legal business.

Mrs. Horton and daughter, Miss Nina, left Monday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

Miss Bessie Horton left Tuesday for Duluth, where she will spend the summer visiting relatives.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

Henry Kaufer, the well known Red Lake Falls socialist, was in the city last Friday to meet Eugene V. Debs.

For Sale—A span of mares, each weighing about 1,100. New set of work harnesses. Inquire of L. B. Nichols.

Miss Edith Wilson left last week for Winthrope, Minn., where she will remain until the opening of school next fall.

O. J. Schel went down to Fergus Falls last Friday, returning the first of the week, accompanied by his wife and children.

Ed. Hilson leaves next week for a trip through North Dakota and Montana, having accepted a position as traveling salesman for a Seattle firm.

Mr. and Mrs. Iver Nordum, who had been in the city visiting their daughter, Mrs. D. W. Conklin, returned to their home at Maple Bay Monday.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

C. C. Haagland, one of the settlers on the eleven towns, who had been attending a business college in Chicago during the winter, has returned to his claim.

Joe Johnson was in from his claim out near Earle the first of the week. He brought in some 575 pounds of wool which he had cut off of his flock of sheep this spring.

Cashier Nelson, of the Bank of Erskine, was in the city last week learning the system of bookkeeping used in the First State Bank of this city, which will be adopted by the Erskine bank.

E. E. Rose and son, Ld, left last Friday for Lisbon, N. D. Mr. Rose returned the first of the week and Ld will remain at Lisbon during the summer visiting his grandparents.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

A hotel at Grand Forks was robbed last week in a similar manner to the robbery of the Soo and Atlantic hotels in this city recently. Three men were arrested for the offense, but, there being no evidence against them, they were allowed to go.

D. N. Winton returned last week from his trip to Prince Albert, where he had been looking after his saw mill interests. He was accompanied by his brother, C. J. Winton, who remained here for a few days and then proceeded to his home at Wausau, Wis.

Fr. Adolph left Tuesday evening for Moorhead to visit a few days with Fr. Charles, who has just returned from a trip to the state of Washington, where he had spent most of the winter for the benefit of his health. Fr. Charles' many friends here will be glad to know that his health is greatly improved.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford (optometrist) visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. (Office at "The Rushford." Consultation free.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

Miss Gusta Sathre left yesterday morning for Audubon, Minn.

—Wanted—A good girl for general housework, by Mrs. Phil Zeh.

Morgan Vaughan was in the city from the town of Goodridge the first of the week.

Julius Pleth, the banker and real estate man of Plummer, was in the city Tuesday.

Edith Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Mrs. Otto Rasch, who had been in the city visiting her parents, returned to Montana Monday.

Theo. Garceau, president of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

Miss Ida LaBree left Tuesday evening for Miles City, Mont., where she will make her future home.

A number from this city enjoyed an excursion up the Red Lake river Sunday on the Red Lake Flyer.

For Sale—A 16-horse power threshing outfit, cheap. For information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

—Found—A lady's handbag containing a sum of money. Owner can have same by calling at Blom's meat market.

George Jarman and Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, were down to Dent on the Soo line to spend Sunday fishing at one of the lakes near that place.

W. G. Hunt, editor of the Sunbeam, was in the city Monday, being on his way to Red Lake Falls to file articles of incorporation for the farmers' boat company.

—A large number of cement walks are being built just now, and it is considerably inconvenient to the public, but will be much better after the walks are finished.

Maurice and Phillip Robbecke and Phillip Bryant left last Saturday for Kuehnel, on the reservation, to spend a few weeks.

W. S. Day and family will soon remove to Devils Lake, N. D. All of Mr. Day's territory is in North Dakota and the removal is made so that he will be nearer to his work.

The "Funny Fellows of New York," a vaudeville entertainment, will be presented to a Thief River Falls audience on Thursday evening, June 21, in the Evenson Hall.

Deputy Bank Examiner O'Hearn was in the city last week making an examination of the state banks in this city. He found them in excellent condition.

Miss May Blanche Sorsoleil, of St. Hilaire, was united in marraige Wednesday, June 6th, at Red Lake Falls to Mr. John Joseph Power. The bride is one of St. Hilaire's social favorites, having been born and raised there, and has for her friends everyone in the village. The happy couple will be at home after July 15th at Langdon, N. D.

John J. Soll, who has conducted a saloon here for the past five years, sold his fixtures and stock last Tuesday to Hokan A. Johnson, who will conduct the business in the future. Mr. Soll expects to leave soon, and will move onto a farm in eastern Marshall county near Strandquist. He left yesterday to look it over before moving.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Sheriff Hankey, of Grafton, N. D., was in the city last week, having in charge Con Sullivan, whom he was taking up to Roseau county. Sullivan is insane and his residence is in Roseau county. A few weeks ago Sheriff Hankey was here upon this same mission, but Sullivan succeeded in getting away from in Thief River Falls. He was found, however, at Park River, N. D.

John Torrison was called to St. Paul last Saturday by a telephone message stating that his wife, who is visiting in St. Paul, had been taken suddenly ill, and that chances of her recovery were very poor. Mr. Torrison at once went down and returned again yesterday morning with the pleasing information that she was now rapidly recovering. An operation was performed Sunday which was in every way a success.

The Hastings Gazette is responsible for this: The farm editor recently interviewed a farmer who claims to have made a wonderful discovery, one that will prove of much value to farmers in dry seasons. He has found that by planting onions and potatoes in the same field in alternate rows, a big crop can be raised in spite of the drought because the onions, being so strong, bring tears to the eyes of the potatoes in such volumes that the roots of the vines are kept always moist.

Schools closed last week and most of the teachers have gone to their respective homes to spend their vacations. Miss Coleman and Miss Phillips will spend their vacation at Minneapolis, Miss Johnson at Sauk Center; Miss O'Donnell at Alice, N. D.; Miss Graham at Little Falls; Miss McDoughal at Stillwater; Miss Osborn at Glyndon; Miss Prer at Penbold, Alberta, and Glencoe, Minn.; Miss Munson at St. Paul; Miss Adler at Moorhead; Miss Berman at Spokane, Wash.; Miss Aenaed in the town of Kratka.

S. Bond was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

C. L. Dobner was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Marie Burgess, of Rollis, visited friends here last week.

Mrs. John W. Eastman visited friends at St. Hilaire yesterday.

Adolph Schlosser left for Minneapolis for a short visit last night.

Nels Peterson, the Crookston land man, was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. E. F. Marshall, of Red Lake Falls, came up yesterday to visit friends.

Andrew Bjorkhoel came up from Minneapolis Tuesday to visit his folks for a few days.

One two story frame dwelling, 14x24 and 14x16, on the East Side, for sale by Julian Jacobson.

S. V. Bailey and Dr. Archibald left the first of the week on a trip to the Canadian Northwest.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

—Lost—A bunch of keys. One of the keys numbered 17 and one 41. Finder please notify Robert McGinn.

Mrs. C. L. Dobner and Mrs. D. K. Bryant were down to St. Hilaire yesterday to attend the Grace-Hannay wedding.

Quite a number from this city and the townships in the northern part of the county were at Red Lake Falls yesterday attending the Republican county convention.

Dick Edmunds and J. C. Reinhart, of Thief Lake, took the train Saturday for Manitoba to look over the country. They may decide to locate there.—Middle River Pioneer.

—The Markham hotel, well furnished throughout and in all respects a first class place, is for rent. Any good hotel man looking for a location can do well by calling upon J. K. Hannay of St. Hilaire and secure terms.

The city council has ordered all of the property owners from John Voracheck's corner to the Hanson & Barzen corner to construct a twelve foot cement walk. There is already a cement walk in front of John Morgan's and the Rushford hotel.

Mrs. John Meehan, Mrs. Kretzschmar and Mrs. Laken left Tuesday evening for Moorhead to attend the commencement exercises of the Moorhead State Normal school, their daughters, Miss Gertrude Meehan, Miss Olga Kretzschmar and Miss Emily Laken, graduating from that institution this week. They will return to this city on Saturday of this week.

S. T. Johnson has received a commission as assistant deputy head consul for camp 3,401, Modern Woodmen of America, with power to solicit new members, collect charter fees and receipt for same. The M. W. of A. insures for actual cost, pays all claims promptly, has 800,000 members and increasing at the rate of about 1,000 per day. See S. T. Johnson and he will tell you all about it.

TURNED DOWN.

Council Refused the Northwestern Company the Further Use of the Streets.

A number of the officals of the Northwestern Telephone company arrived here Monday to confer with the members of the city council regarding the securing of the right to put telephone poles up on Second street. A special meeting of the council was held Monday afternoon to consider the matter, but no action was taken. At the regular meeting of the council held on Tuesday evening, however, a resolution was passed denying the Northwestern company the further use the streets of the city. It is now understood that the Northwestern company will at once take the matter into the courts and demand that the use of the streets be given to them. The Northwestern company still has a large crew of men in the city ready to commence work at any time.

Artificial Honey.

The honey had some foreign substance in it—the leg of a bee and a shred of broken wing.

"Well," said the wife of the food expert, "this is pure at any rate." She held up the bits of bee on a fork before her husband. "No benzoic acid, formaldehyde, boric acid or salicylic acid here, eh, John?"

But John, the food expert, laughed scornfully. "Those bits of bee in the honey," he said, "prove its artificiality. Genuine honey never has dead bees in it. They who make genuine honey are too clean and careful for anything of that kind to happen. It is as rare to find in real honey a bee's wing or a bee's leg as it is to find in a loaf of bread a baker's hand or foot."

Bagging the Grapes.

Immediately after the grapes have blossomed cover the bunches with two or three pound manila grocers' bags, according to the size of the variety. This is pre-eminently a fruit garden method, although commercial growers often use it. It is the surest and often the most practical way of securing perfect bunches. Tie or pin the mouth of the bag firmly; leave no opening to catch water. Cut a small piece off the lower corner of the bag, so that no water will stay in it. Leave the bag on until the fruit is ready to pick.—Garden Magazine.

Subscribe for the News.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SMUGGLING FOR FUN.

Just For the Sake of "Getting Ahead" of the Government.

Smuggling for fun sounds ridiculous, but customs inspectors who have spent the greater part of their life in the service of the government say there are those who do it. Persistent efforts to detect those who would defraud the government have been rewarded by the almost total extinction of the professional smuggler, but all efforts have availed little against the traveler abroad who purposely conceals some article of value simply for the fun of "getting ahead" of the government.

The government detectives put smugglers in four classes. The first is the thoughtless smuggler; the second, the occasional traveler who tries to smuggle; the third, the professional smuggler, and the fourth, those who smuggle for fun.

The professional smuggler has long since ceased to trouble the federal officers seriously. The odds against him are so great that he has turned his ingenuity to some safer method of dishonesty.

The last, the smuggler for fun, is a bother. Usually the duty he is attempting to save is hardly enough to pay for the trouble of detection. What people smuggle covers everything that can be hidden.

Costly gems and jewels form the greater part of the dutiable property seized by the customs officers. The few professional smugglers confine themselves to diamonds. The smuggler for fun is as apt to try to get in a pair of gloves, a bit of lace, drugs or expensive cosmetics. Lace, silk and bits of bric-a-brac find their way into out of the way places in the trunks or grips of the occasional travelers who think it perfectly justifiable to avoid paying the duty.

Trained agents in every European city know of every purchase of gems or costly cloth destined for this country. Weeks before the purchaser reaches this side of the Atlantic his name, address and the exact quantity of goods he has purchased are in the hands of the officers on this side. His failure to mention an article of the slightest value immediately brings him to the attention of the inspectors, and he is fortunate to escape with no more severe punishment than the confiscation of the dutiable property.

To detect the amateur smugglers requires keen detective work on the part of the local customs officers. An especially quiet looking man who arrived a few months ago had concealed a beautiful diamond in the heart of a lump of tobacco. The customs officer, who had put this passenger down as one of the honest travelers, had his suspicion aroused when he saw him make a frantic grab for a half plug of tobacco that he had accidentally dropped. Before the passenger could reach the tobacco the officer had planted his foot upon it and of course discovered the stone.

A smartly dressed woman who had been abroad for the summer limped so painfully as she came down the gangway from the steamer that the customs officer who had been detailed to inspect her luggage was moved to ask if she had suffered an accident on the way over. She replied that she had. Before he completed the examination of her score of trunks he had excused himself, sent another officer on board and learned from the purser that the woman had not limped at breakfast that morning. She was asked to accompany one of the women inspectors to a private examination room, where a magnificent ring was found in the toe of her boot.

Intuition more than anything else aids the federal detectives in their work.—New York World.

Died Standing.

The incident of Ratisbon—a French officer, though mortally wounded, rides back to Napoleon, reports the capture of the city and then falls from his saddle dead—is paralleled by a story of Gettysburg. An officer of the Sixth Wisconsin regiment walked up to Colonel Dawes, who was in command—Colonel Bragg was in Washington on crutches. The officer was very erect and very pale. Dawes and Doubleday both thought he was coming with a report or to receive orders. But he was not. He had a favor to ask. "Colonel," he said to Dawes, "will you tell the folks at home I died as a man and a soldier should?" Then he unbuttoned his coat. His whole side was shot away. It was his last effort. He died standing.

MODEL MILLINERY

Correct and Exclusive Styles at

CALDWELL'S

Ready for Your Inspection After

APRIL THIRD.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press "Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen $1.85

The Pioneer Press
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $______ for which you will send me The ______ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ______
Town ______
State ______
R. F. D. No. ______

Do You Want to Get the BEST

in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.

C. O. D. Clothing House,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

BUY LAND.

That Is The Advice of an Iowa Man Who Knows.

"If I had any money to invest, I would put it in farm lands in Northern Minnesota or Wisconsin," said A. D. McNally, of Dubuque, Iowa. "My father owns a farm in Illinois, and I have often heard him tell of how he purchased it for $5 an acre in the early days. It is now worth from $125 to $150 an acre and a good portion of it is rented out at $5 an acre a year. Some of it is farmed on shares, and some is still under his direction. Taken altogether, he manages to make a pretty good thing out of it every year, and doesn't do much work himself, either.

"I don't see any reason why this section of the county shouldn't develop the way Illinois and Iowa and practically every other state has done, provided conditions are all right for farming around here, and they tell me they are. At first glance, seeing all the vast country that is unoccupied, one may thing that no very great development can occur during his lifetime; but he has only to look at almost any other state, and get some old timer to tell what the conditions were thirty, forty or fifty years ago in what are now among the most prosperous communities, to be convinced that money invested in farm lands at the present prices will be apt to net him good returns."

Railroad Won.

In the chambers of the district court Judge Watts today decided the case of the suit brought by the farmers in the vicinity of Wylie against the Great Northern to have the court set a value and name a certain track of land there for an elevator site. The case was tried at Red Lake Falls, where the testimony was taken last week. The case was argued by the attorneys interested in the court here. The court held that the plaintiffs had not described the property definitely enough, and judgment was entered in favor of the defendants. Another petition will undoubtedly be filed that will overcome the difficulty.—Crookston Times.

Married Saturday.

Miss Adams, of the Warren school faculty, and T. Morck, clerk of court of Marshall county, were united in marriage at Warren last Saturday. Both are well known in Thief River Falls and their many friends here will extend congratulations. Miss Adams is a cousin of Mrs. C. C. Jackson, of this city, and Mr. Morck has a large circle of friends here.

May Be a Change.

D. N. Winton and A. L. Matis left the first of the week for Prince Albert, Canada. There is a rumor in circulation to the effect that Mr. Matis is to be made superintendent of the Prince Albert mill and that J. J. Crowe will return to Thief River Falls and again take his old position as superintendent of the mill here.

Fountain in Ogahmah Park.

Charles A. Robbecke has had a fountain placed in Ogahmah Park, which greately adds to the beauty of the grounds. Mr. Robbecke is making this park one of the prettiest places in town and is to be congratulated upon his efforts.

GERMANTOWN

Well, we are having some sunshine again after all the rain.

H. Clausen had the misfortune to lose one of his horses at Joe Duchamp's place, while there for a short visit.

Anton Colske came very near losing his barn by fire last Saturday. The hay stack near the barn in some manner caught fire, which rapidly spread, but by the labor of the whole family the barn was saved.

D. Dau, road overseer, commenced work of fixing up the roads a little in his district last week. This work is badly needed, as the roads are in a bad condition.

Louis Hamre was the name of the fellow who received the largest check from our creamery for the first month.

Germantown is going to celebrate the Fourth of July in the great old style. A meeting was held last week, when it was decided to build a bowery and prepare to have all kinds of amusements.

Our butter maker had his busy day last week in testing the cream. The test varied all the way from 20 to 32, which, as an average, is a fair test for beginners.

The 15th of last month it was ten years since our land was opened for settlement, and the 28th of this month it will be ten years since the first settlers arrived with their families. These first ones were Carl Bettin and Charley Klockmann. Then followed good old Leon Orlard, who at once started a little store. Although this looked to be a rough country to commence in, so much so that many of the settlers felt sorry that they ever filed on the land, we must say now that ten years have made a big change. The land is mostly all under cultivation and good farm buildings can be seen all around. Besides, we now have two good school houses, two good churches, a good large store, a hotel, a blacksmith shop, a creamery, daily mail and telephone connection. Now, with the part of the country south of us all settled, it will not be long before it will be as good a country as could be looked for anywhere.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE — FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

Animals In Mohammedan Heaven.

According to the Mohammedans, ten animals have been admitted to paradise—the dog Kratim, the follower of the seven sleepers, Balaam's ass, Solomon's ant, the honeybee, Jonah's whale, the ram which was offered in sacrifice in place of Isaac, the camel of Saleb, the cuckoo of Balkis, the ox of Moses and Al Borak, the monstrosity which conveyed Mohammed from earth to heaven and back again in a very short time. These creatures were all sainted for some special services which they had rendered to man.

English Railway Signals.

An observant traveler on English railways could tell you at once the railway upon which he is traveling by merely looking at the first signal he passes. It may surprise many to know that there are hardly two styles quite alike in this country in station architecture and fittings, color of rolling stock, design and color of the locomotives, uniforms of the servants, style of the signal cabins and signal appliances and many other details.—London Mail.

Adder Stones.

The singular superstition of the value of adder stones for curing a variety of ills has continued in many countries from the time of the Romans. These celebrated charms are nothing more than antique green or blue glass striped in various designs and perforated. The virtues of these stones are sung in the poems of the ancient Druids and are mentioned by Pliny and other classical writers.

A Warning.

"See here!" said the theatrical manager. "You want to quit your overbearing behavior toward the other members of this company"—

"Indeed?" haughtily replied the Thespian. "I am the star, am I not?"

"Well, yes, but you want to remember that you're not a fixed star."—Philadelphia Press.

No Use For Them.

Customer (being measured in a fashionable tailor's shop)—By the way, what's your price for a suit? Tailor—Sixty dollars, sir. How many pockets would you like? Customer—No pockets at all. I shan't need any when I've paid your bill.

Poverty.

Poverty is very terrible and sometimes kills the very soul within us, but it is the north wind that lashes men into vikings; it is the soft, luscious south wind which lulls them to lotus dreams.—Ouida.

There is something on earth grander than arbitrary power. The thunder, the lightning and the earthquake are terrific, but the judgment of the people is more.—Daniel Webster.

The Falls Candy Kitchen

SALE
SATURDAY, JUNE 9,
Cocoanut Kisses, Per Pound 15c

ALL CANDIES STRICTLY FRESH

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 7, 1906.

The county conventions nominating delegates to the Duluth convention were held throughout the state yesterday. The sentiment throughout the state has been so strong for Jacobson that many of the delegates elected favor his nomination and it is reasonable to believe that he will be nominated. He will have more votes upon the first ballot than any other candidate.

The desire to invest in farm lands continues to grow for very good reasons, chief of which is the financial soundness of the investment. The annual report for 1905 shows that during the last five years the value of the medium farms of the country has increased 33.5 per cent. In other words, every sunset during the last five years has seen land increase $3,400,000, a growth unequaled in any other line of business. Thirty five per cent of our population are farmers who, during the last decade, have produced an amount of wealth equal to one half the entire national wealth produced in three centuries of the nation's history. It is well for the farmer and those interested in other industries to bear these figures in mind in investing their earnings. It is claimed that our population doubles every thirty years.

This means that history repeats itself and land values are sure to double in value during the same period, therefore those who invest in land today are not speculating on the possibilities of land rising in price. Good cheap, land areas are gradually narrowing down and the time to purchase is now. There are a number of tracts of land in the country that offer advantages to investors, rentors and young farmers seeking land holdings.

Many are putting their earnings in the purchase of land. We know this is a wise move. It is sound financial foresight. The successful farmer who invests in land is handling a proposition with which he is familiar and which beats any "get-rich-quick" scheme ever invented.

An outside view of home conditions is often most instructive. Whether favorable or unfavorable, such a view gains clearness by the perspective of distance, when given by competent observers. Of such nature is a recent official estimate by an English government authority on the conditions of trade in the United States. Incidentally, it shows conclusively that this country is in the midst of a period of unparalleled prosperity.

In part the report says: "The year 1905 has been one of great activity in trade and industry in the United States. There has been an abundance of money for industrial purposes, the farmers have been prosperous, manufacturing plants have turned out quantities of products in excess of any previous year, there has been no over production, the mileage of railways has steadily increased, issues of stocks and bonds have been without precedent, and failures have been fewer in proportion to the number of firms in business. Over 1,000,000 immigrants have been absorbed by the country without affecting the labor market. Wages have been high, and there has been an abundance of employment of labor. Money in circulation has increased more rapidly than the population, the average circulation on December 31, 1905, having stood at $31.73 per capita, the highest on record. At the end of the year the stock of gold in the federal treasury amounted to over $765,000,000. When it is stated that the wealth production of farms in the United States was estimated at $6,415,000,000, it can readily be understood of what importance the farmer is as a purchasing agent. Of all the agricultural products in the United States, corn or maize is the most important. It reached its highest production last year, with a crop of 2,708,000,000 bushels, and a total estimated value of $1,216,000,000. Hay was second in order of value, $605,000,000; cotton next, $565,000,000; wheat, $525,000,000; oats, $282,000,000; potatoes, $138,000,000; barley, $58,000,000; tobacco, $52,000,000; sugar cane and sugar beets, $50,000,000. The aggregrate yield of cereals, including rice, was 4,251,000,000 bushels, valued at $2,123,000,000, an increase of $145,000,000 over the year previous. During the last five years the value of the real estate of medium farms has increased 33.5 per cent."

Other figures follow as to foreign commerce. In conclusion the report says: "There are no signs at present of this great activity decreasing. On the contrary, there is every indication that the present year will be quite as prosperous as the past or more so. The country was never more prosperous than at present. Industrial operations are carried on upon a larger scale than ever."

While the facts presented were already recognized here, it is interesting to have them so well summarized and corroborated by outside authority. The country's present prosperity is real and remarkable. Its continuance is another question. Any radical change in government policy would bring on a crisis that would involve another panic and a period of financial and industrial depression. A general crop failure would have a partially similar effect. The greatest need is continued public confidence. The next great test of national stability will come in the presidential campaign two years hence.—Minneapolis Progress.

The Other Way.

According to a little story that is going the rounds of the press, Joseph L. Bristow, formerly assistant postmaster general, was addressing an audience recently, when he remarked that there were two ways of getting into the United States senate.

"What's the other one?" asked a sharp-witted man in the audience and the crowd roared with laughter.

The story is being passed from newspaper to newspaper, and most exchange editors clip it and reproduce it because it never fails to bring a laugh.

Is it any laughing matter?

Analyzing the story, it appears that what the man in the audience meant was that everybody knew that senatorships can be bought, and the only thing people would be interested in was the other way, if there was one.

And that view is held widely enough so that the joke is appreciated wherever it is sprung.

Of course not all senatorships are bought. Many United States senators got their places legitimately. But it is a notorious fact that many other places were bought outright. They were bought by buying legislature votes, for the legislatures, not the people, elect United States senators.

When the custom of buying senatorships is so generally recognized that the joke on Bristow will be understood everywhere, it is small wonder that people are skeptical of the good faith of the senate, and inclined to look its gift horses in the mouth. It is small wonder, too, that they are calling loudly for popular election of senators, for, while it is possible to buy legislatures occasionally, it is not possible to buy the people, and, if it were possible, such a people would deserve the fullest logical results of their venality, which would be commercial and industrial slavery.

Recently a report got out that, as a part of a business deal, Senator Clark of Montana was to retire at the end of his term and be succeeded by F. Augustus Heinze, a copper millionaire. Such a deal necessarily involved buying the Montana legislature, but nobody looked upon the story as anything out of the ordinary. In fact it was considered altogether commonplace and probable.

When such conditions exist, it is time to change the system and make the people directly responsible for their United States senators, for nothing like fair play can be expected from a senate made up, in any considerable proportion, of senators elected by the power of money.

The joke in this story is not on Bristow; it is on the people of the United States, and particularly those of states where such things are possible.—Duluth Herald.

The Ship's Log.

The record of a ship's voyage is called its log because the observations of its speed, usually taken hourly, by the log line are a very important factor in the record. The log line is so called because the float attached to the line was originally a small log or stick of wood. This "log" is now a square or triangular piece of board weighted so that it sits upright in the water. The log line is divided by knots or marks into lengths of fifty-one feet, which is about one one-hundred-and-twentieth of a marine mile, so that the ship is going as many marine miles or knots in an hour as the number of knots or lengths that run off the reel in half a minute when the "log" is thrown overboard.

Literary Coincidence.

Resemblance does not always mean plagiarism. There was no plagiarism, certainly, in Newman's line, "The night is dark, and I am far from home," though it has been pointed out that it almost exactly reproduces a line in a play printed in 1500. This play is "Two Angry Women of Abington," by Henry Porter, and the original line runs, "'Tis late and dark, and I am far from home."

Tombstone Inscriptions.

Three of the commonest tombstone inscriptions are "In the midst of life we are in death." "His end was peace." "He tempers the wind to the shorn lamb." The sentiment of each is comforting and consolatory, but none comes from the Bible.

Wit in the Workbasket.

"What's the old lady doing now?" asked the stocking.

"Getting a needle and wool," replied the thimble.

"Well, I'll be darned!" ejaculated the stocking fiercely.

—Subscribe for the News.

Queer Things About Flames.

There is a relation between the color of flame and the energy of the combustion causing it. The more vigorous and complete the combustion the higher the refrangibility of the light. A flame burning in a tardy and restricted way emits rays that are red. When burning in a more complete and effective manner the emitted rays change to violet. The flame of a candle or a lamp consists of a series of eccentric luminous shells surrounding a central dark core. These shells of flame emit light of different colors, the innermost one—that in direct contact with the dark core—being red and having a temperature of exactly 977 degrees F. Upon this and in their proper order of refrangibility are shells of light which are orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet. The reason that such a flame does not appear to us as a nest of cones of different colored light is this: When we look upon such a flame all of the rays issuing from the different layers or strata of concentric luminous shells are received by the retina of the eye at one and the same time. This can only impress with the sensation of neutral or white light.

Rubies.

The finest rubies are still kept in Asia. The Great Mogul had 108 large rubies in his throne, and among them was one weighing two and one-half ounces. Of European rubies Charles the Bold, that luckless son of a fortunate father, had three rubies called the Three Brothers, of perfect color and worthy size. They passed into the possession of James I., who sent them to "Baby Charles." There is a large heart shaped balas ruby in the English crown. It has been neither cut nor polished, is only semitransparent and is of a dark red, like a morello cherry. Austria had, or has, an oriental ruby the size of a hen's egg, and Queen Elizabeth showed Sir James Melville one as big as a racket ball. Runjeet Singh had a large ruby with the names of many kings engraved on it. Among them was that of Aurungzeb. A king of Persia had one which he prized at the value of a city or even a kingdom. It was a table cut balas ruby of a beautiful color of at least a finger's breadth.

Self Control.

A Boston woman was standing on a street crossing waiting for a car when a box of powdered charcoal fell from a passing wagon and broke open. The beautiful light dress she was wearing was ruined by the dust. The driver, who stopped to recover the package, saw the damage and said, "I am very sorry, ma'am." The woman bowed and replied, "It was not your fault, sir." He that taketh a city is indeed a small person beside the possessor of such self control as that.—Youth's Companion.

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FIVE GIRLS GRADUATED

Exercises Held Monday Evening and Very Largely Attended.

The Essays Were Decidedly Good and Showed Careful Preparation.

Surrounded by a host of sympathetic and admiring friends and relatives and with the usual accompaniment of flowers, school colors and music, a class of five young lady graduates, Misses Irene Caldwell, Ida Tandberg, Magna Halseth, Lulu McCrum, and Pauline Day, received their diplomas from the hands of Mr. Lars Backe, president of the school board, last Monday evening at Evenson Hall.

The Juniors of the school had handsomely decorated the stage for the occasion with a lavish display of the graduating class colors, maroon and gold, and had banked the sides with ferns and other wild flowers and plants.

The graduates were escorted to their seats on the stage by Supt. Hay and the school board. There, occupying a central position, handsomely gowned and with an abundance of cut flowers about them, the "sweet girl graduates" presented a most attractive and interesting group. Immediately following their entrance the program was opened with a musical number by the High School Mandolin Club, after which each grauate presented her essay according to the following program:

1. Music . . . . . . "Over the Waves"
Mandolin Club
2. Invocation
3. Salutatory and Essay, "The Land of the Setting Sun"
Irene Caldwell
4. Trio . . . . Selected
Mrs. Wright, Miss Sundberg, Arnold Bjerkhoel
5. Essay . . . . . "Robert Louis Stevenson"
Magna Halseth
6. Song . . . . . "Tripping Month of June"
High School Chorus
7. Essay . . . . . "Our Lost Inheritance"
Pauline Day
8. Music . . . . "King March"
Mandolin Club
9. Essay . "Teutonic Elements in Our Civilization"
Ida Tandberg
10. Song . . . . . . "Song of the Vikings"
High School Chorus
11. Essay and Valedictory "The Eloquence of Nature"
Lulu McCrum
12. Presentation of Diplomas
Mr. Lars Backe, President of School Board
13. Farewell Song
Class of 1906
14. Benediction

All these essays were presented in an easy, confident manner that bespoke careful preparation and thorough training. Space forbids the publication of these orations or even of an outline of each. Suffice it to say that the efforts of the young ladies were second to none ever presented on a similar occasion in this city. At the close of the program the graduates were surrounded by friends and relatives who showered them with congratulations.

The several numbers by the Mandolin Club were enthusiastically received, as were the songs and duets rendered by Mrs. Wright, Miss Sundberg and Mr. Bjerkhoel. Thus passes into history another graduating day and into the world another class of bright young women with whom go the heartiest good wishes of the school patrons and public at large.

Class Night.

The senior class day program attracted an audience that completely filled the assembly room of the high school building last Saturday evening. This entertainment was the first of its kind ever held in the city and afforded each member of the graduating class an opportunity of presenting something special in relation to the class and its connection with the school. A class poem, a class prophecy and history are always interesting and these were no exceptions to the rule. They showed that the students possess marked ability in many directions in a literary way and created much amusement by their witty sallies and allusions. The audience voted the entertainment a decided success.

Again Postponed.

The field meet which was to have been held in Thief River Falls yesterday afternoon was again postponed, and this time for good. It is quite probable that one will be held next year.

AGAIN FIRST.

J. Borry Is Again Awarded First Prize in Photo Contest.

The Photo-Beacon, published in Chicago, has again awarded J. Borry, of this city, the first prize in a photo contest participated in by the leading photographers of the United States. In a criticism of Mr. Borry's work, the publication says:

Every one will admit that the first-prize picture is an example of very fine portraiture. I would like very much to dwell at length on all its good qualities, but our subject is lines, and I will confine my remarks strictly to my text. First, I will draw particular attention to the fact that the sitter is evidently a figure that has thickness as well as length and breadth. The problem we have to solve is what were the mechanical methods by which he secured this much-desired effect. First, let me point out that not one part of this figure is suggested as coming in front of the picture plane, that is, the surface of the paper. His right sleeve and his left hand are evidently in contact with the surface of the paper, but the rest of his body is clearly beyond it, so that the portrait "stands in" in every detail in conformity with the theory. This result has been attained by the judicious use of lines and gradation. The latter is beyond our text at the present moment, and I therefore dismiss it at once and will speak only of the lines in the composition.

From the Japanese we have learned the importance of what is called "typing"; by this term is meant the way in which the lines of the subject are tied or attached to the margin of the paper. Incidentally, here is my quarrel with the use of the black vignette in the camera, because when used it prevents the lines of the subject being attached to the margin of the print. Now, here comes a very important point; our eye suggests that the part of the subject that reaches the margin of the print coincides with the plane of the paper, and so the relationship of all other parts of the subject is determined by the tying lines. Therefore, the photographer must be careful in arranging his composition to see that the parts of his subject that reach the bottom and sides of his paper are also at the same time the nearest parts of the subject to him in actual fact. It is because Mr. Borry has embodied these ideas in his subject that I have awarded him first prize. In contact with the margin of the paper we have the subject's left hand, trousers and right sleeve, all of which are evidently in the same plane and the nearest parts of the figure. The eye naturally takes them as the nearest points of the figure, and in following any one or all of these lines it must ultimately reach the head, and in traversing the necessary distance it feels it is going inward, and that is part of the reason why the chest and left shoulder seem to "stand in," that is, appear to be beyond the surface of the paper. The other reason, as I said before, is the fine quality of the gradation, but that is another story.

They Are Hustlers.

A number of the settlers in the new town of Goodridge have purchased a ditching machine and expect to do a great deal of work in the line of ditching this year. It is the intention to construct ditches on every section line in the whole township. The settlers in this town are an enterprising lot and the News predicts that inside of a few years the town of Goodridge will be one of the best in the entire county.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) O. K. Fargo, agent.

Subscribe for the News.

ST. HILAIRE PEOPLE WED

Miss Helen Louise Hannay and George B. Grace Married Yesterday.

Ceremony Is Witnessed by People From Many Places.

Yesterday afternoon, June 6th, at five o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kerr Hannay, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, occurred the marriage of Miss Helen Louise Hannay to Mr. George Benjamin Grace.

The "Lohengrin" march was rendered by Mrs. Dr. Cummings at the piano, accompanied by Mr. Olseth, violin, as the bridal party entered; and "Oh! Promise Me" was played softly during the ceremony. Rev. C. W. Gilman officiated, the ring service being used. An improvised altar of ferns banked the bow window, over which hung a white wedding bell. Pink and white predominated throughout the rooms, the color scheme being carried out with pink and white roses and carnations.

The bride was gowned in white imported chiffon cloth, trimmed with real Duchess lace. Her tulle veil was caught with a diamond sunburst, the gift of the groom. She carried bride roses. Miss Mable Hannay, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. She was attired in a princess gown of pink crepe-de-chine and carried a shower bouquet of bridesmaid roses. Mr. Norton F. Saxton, of Crookston, Minn., acted as best man.

The bride is a universal favorite and will be greatly missed by all her associates. The groom is a young man of sterling worth, who is well known in this vicinity, having been, until recently, connected with the Crookston Lumber company.

The bride's mother was gowned in black silk voile over black silk; Mrs. Grace, gray silk voile with real point lace; Miss Grace, Point D'Esprit over white silk; Mrs. James Hannay, black chiffon silk with mauve trimmings; Miss Cheeley, white lace over silk.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Grace, Miss Grace, Davenport, Iowa; Miss James Hannay, Fredrickson, New Brunswick; Miss Eva Cheeley, Fargo, N. D.; Mr. Norton F. Saxton, Crookston, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. Julius Pleth, Plummer, Minn; Mr. and Mrs. Bryant and Mr. and Mrs. Dobner, Thief River Falls; Dr. and Mrs. Argue and Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Hansen, Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Mr. Chas. Morley, Crookston, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Grace left on the "Soo" train for an extended trip east. They will be at home October 1st at Mt. Vernon, Wishington, where the groom will be associated with Norman B. Hannay in the management of the First National bank of that place.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 2, 1906:

Bakken, Mrs. C. B.
Carlson, John A.
Dahl, Miss Sina
Fredricson, Hans
Green, Miss Minnie L.
Hess, George
Iverson(or Inerson) J. A.
Johnson, Ernest
Kogen, S.
McCoy, Van L.
Nozhines, Olaf
Nelson, E. A.
Olson, Miss Jergina
Olson, Mrs. A. G.
Philip, John
Salberg, Martin S.
Salberg, Mastin
Sathree, Miss Elen
Sortland, Miss Albarta
Tabor, Ray
Vefald, Gullick

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

Patterson Is Ready.

At a meeting of the city council held last Tuesday evening Contractor Patterson stated that the water works system here is now completed and ready for the test. The members of the council, however, stated that the city would not be ready to give the test until the new large pump had been installed and it will probably be a couple of weeks before the pump is in working order.

Low Rate to Warren, Minn.

The Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament will be held June 25th to 29th, for which occasion the G. N. Railway will sell from Thief River Falls to Warren, Minn., round trip tickets for one and one third fare. Date of sale June 25th to 27th, with final return limit of June 30, 1906.

Subscribe for the News.

THE VATICAN PALACE.

Its Existence Is Mainly Due to the Builder Pope, Nicholas V.

The present existence of the Vatican palace is principally due to Nicholas V., the builder pope, whose gigantic scheme would startle a modern architect. His plan was to build the church of St. Peter's as a starting point and then to construct one vast central habitat for the papal administration, covering the whole of what is called the Borgo, from the castle of Sant' Angelo to the cathedral. In ancient times a portico, or covered way supported on columns, led from the bridge to the church, and it was probably from this real structure that Nicholas began his imaginary one, only a small part of which was ever completed. That small portion alone comprises the basilica and the Vatican palace, which together form by far the greatest continuous mass of buildings in the world. The Coliseum is 195 yards long by 156 broad, including the thickness of the walls. St. Peter's church alone is 205 yards long and 156 broad, so that the whole Coliseum would easily stand upon the ground plan of the church, while the Vatican palace is more than half as large again.

Nicholas V. died in 1455, and the oldest parts of the present Vatican palace are not older than his reign. They are generally known as the Torre Borgia, from having been inhabited by Alexander VI., who died of poison in the third of the rooms now occupied by the library, counting from the library side. The windows of these rooms look upon the large square court of the Belvedere, and that part of the palace is not visible from without.

Portions of the substructure of the earlier building were no doubt utilized by Nicholas, and the secret gallery which connects the Vatican with the mausoleum of Hadrian is generally attributed to Pope John XXIII., who died in 1417, but on the whole it may be said that the Vatican palace is originally a building of the period of the renaissance, to which all successive popes have made additions.

AN INDIAN THEORY.

The Cause of Earthquakes, Tidal Waves and Volcanoes.

"When I lived among the Dakotas," said an old army officer, "I found men who, like Buddha, gave seven years of their lives to prayer and fasting, that they might become pure in the sight of God, or the Great Spirit, as they call that being. After they have proved themselves before their people by performing so called miracles, such as holding their hands and arms in boiling water and not being burned, shot with poisoned arrows and not harmed, bitten by rattlesnakes and not poisoned and many other tests that I have witnessed, they are accepted as holy or wise men. The Indians believe that they can get the word direct from God, or the Great Spirit, the same as the wise men and seers of old used to do. I have asked these intelligences to tell me about the cause of earthquakes and tidal waves, and they explain it like this:

"They say volcanoes are the safety valves of the earth; that the rim of the earth is gradually cooling. As it cools it contracts, making the pressure on the hot lava in the interior greater. At last something must give way, this rim must crack open, or the volcanoes must burst forth and emit this compressed lava.

"Sometimes it is relieved in one way, sometimes in another. Should the earth crack in midocean, where the crust is usually thinner, then the waters of the ocean fill in, and there is a great explosion as the water strikes this great bed of hot lava, large masses of the rim are thrown up, and islands appear. Sometimes they stay on the surface of the ocean, sometimes they fall back and are again covered with water, but that upheaval so lifts the water that a great wave is started for the shore that carries death and destruction in its way.

"Many of the old safety valves in the earth are now closing up; only a few remain. The crust is becoming so thick that the cooling process is more slow."—Seattle Times.

Deference to Royalty.

On the occasion of a visit by the king of Italy to Vesuvius an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper which once stated that a certain royal prince "was graciously pleased to be born yesterday." Equally courtier-like was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied, "Whatever time your majesty pleases."

Octopus and Conger Eel.

Conger eels hunt for the octopus and, when found, proceed to browse on its limbs. The octopus tries to hug the slippery, slimy conger tight, but in vain, and, finding its limbs growing less, discharges its ink in the face of the foe and, under cover of the turbid water, beats a hasty retreat. It is to escape the too pressing attention of its foes that the octopus possesses the power of changing its color to correspond with that of its surroundings.

Three of a Kind and a Pair.

Hewitt—Our actor friend claimed that he played to a full house last night, and it turned out there were only five people in the audience. Jewett—Well, it was the regulation full house. There were three men in the gallery and a man and his wife downstairs.—New York Press.

Glass can be cut with a pair of ordinary shears if glass and shears and hands are all kept under cold water.

LOW PRICES IN ITALY

IDEAL HOMES MAY BE MAINTAINED ON MODEST INCOMES.

Luxury Even May Be Indulged In by Those With Little Money—The Cost of Living In Palermo as Compared With Manhattan Island.

"Italians are often criticised," said an Italian business man who has lived here several years, "because they do not come intending to stay permanently in this country, but only until they have made a little pile, with which they can go home and live in comfort; but, on the other hand, Italians often wonder why Americans themselves do not do this very thing. More of them would if they realized how much more they could get for their money over there than here. In Genoa, for instance, on the Via Giulia, which is the Fifth avenue of Genoa, there are modern apartment houses, with every convenience. These apartment houses are much handsomer than those of New York. They are all built around courtyards, which are paved with marble and have handsome carriage entrances, big vases filled with blossoming plants and marble staircases leading up out of the courts. You can get a five or six room apartment in one of these houses, with bath and electric lights, for from 1,000 to 1,500 lire a year—that is, $200 or $300.

"Genoa is thoroughly cosmopolitan. The restaurants and cuisine of all nations are to be found there, and every language is to be heard. In the theaters, from the Teatro Paganini, where evening dress is required, down, the best Italian plays and operas are to be heard. It is possible to hear Duse or Caruso for 20 cents. There are delightful cafes chantants and outdoor restaurants. Up on the hill in the quarter called Carignano there are big old palaces set in great gardens of trees and flowers, with the whole panorama of the bay spread before the windows, where three or four rooms can be got for $6 a month. On the Corso Solferino, a high street full of gardens, $8 a month will get five rooms and bath on the first floor.

"The climate is much more agreeable than that of New York, and Nice, Monaco and Florence are within easy reach. There are all sorts of interesting tourist stunts to be done, both in and out of the city; fine drives and excursions to quaint little ancient villages, old castles and suburban resorts. At the hotels frequented by tourists prices run up, of course, but at a quiet family hotel, such as might be used by well to do middle class Italians, a couple could get a large furnished room with board for 80 cents a day for the two.

"Genoa is the America of Italy, and there is no other point in the peninsula where the prices are so high. Let us take Sicily, for instance, the other extreme. Palermo is one of the most beautiful cities in the world and surrounded by some of the most beautiful scenery, and the climate is simply perfect. The heat of summer is always tempered by sea breezes. It is green all winter, and the earth is a delirium of fruit and flowers nine months in the year. It slacks up in November, December and January and begins again in February. The Concha d'Oro—shell of gold—the far famed plain around Palermo, is an orchard of orange and lemon trees, and they throw away roses by the bushel basket full to relieve the bushes. The daily carriage promenade at Palermo shows as much style as Fifth avenue. Two families may possibly use one carriage between them, changing the doors to display their respective coat of arms, but at any rate it's all gay and brilliant on the surface. There are beautiful parks and drives, fine band concerts and good theaters, where the best talent in Italy can be heard for 20 cents or $2, as one chooses.

"Now let us suppose a man and his wife with a small fixed income, barely enough to supply the comforts of life in New York, should settle in Palermo. They could rent the handsomest apartment in Palermo, on the Quattro Canti, the swell square, ten or twelve rooms, with improvements for 700 lire a year—that's $140. You can't get five rooms in a tenement house on Manhattan for that amount. For $6 a month they can hire a good cook. For $8 a month they can hire two other women servants, a laundress and a maid. For $20 a month they can keep a horse, carriage and coachman, or for $1 they can hire a rig for a whole day whenever they like. As for food, it is all fresh and good. No cold storage is employed. No eating chickens killed two or three years ago.

"You can buy twenty-five fresh oranges or lemons for a cent in Palermo. A nice spring chicken costs 20 cents. Excellent Marsala wine can be bought for 66 cents a gallon, and the common wine for 32 cents. Everything is raised in the vicinity and is fresh and unadulterated. The couple could live in handsome style for $75 a month. Where in America could as much be got for the money? The man could buy a nice little new sailing yacht for $100, which would cost him, with the pay of one sailor, only $6 or $8 a month to keep up. He could buy a little steam yacht for $1,000, which would cost him, with an engineer and sailor, only $30 a month. For $2,000 he could buy a yacht over there in which he could travel the whole Mediterranean safely. If he preferred a country residence he could buy a pretty little eight room stone cottage with an acre of ground in some lonely spot for $1,000.

"All this is for a rather swell style of life. But a man and his wife could live in perfect comfort in Palermo in a four or five room apartment, in a good location, keeping one servant and buying whatever they liked to eat, for $3 a day for everything.

"When you think of all the things

SUBMARINE REEFS.

How They Are Located by the Nav Engineers.

Prior to the nineteenth century navigation, except on the high seas, was mainly that of the Irish pilot who claimed to know all the rocks in the harbor. "An' there's wan of thim," said he as he struck.

On approaching land one needs to know how far he is from the lighthouse or headland in sight. Triangulation tells him. Two points on land being taken for the base of the triangle, lines from these points, representing the other two sides of the triangle, are drawn until they intersect. That apex of the triangle will be the point where the observer is. Then the distance from his point to the land can be easily calculated.

The maritime wars under Napoleon disclosed the dangerous ignorance of French mariners about their own seacoast. French vessels were unable to break or run their enemies' blockade. After peace was established Beautemps-Beaupre was appointed as the organizer and chief of corps of engineers to chart the whole coast of France. His work was so well done that the other naval powers hastened to chart their own coasts according to his methods.

The head of a rock may easily escape ordinary soundings, or lie between soundings. When covered by ten or more feet of water and unmarked by ripples or breakers, it is hard to find. Even when known it is hard to get soundings. The lead may glide over it, so that even in well surveyed waters some unlucky ship out of hundreds passing there may "find the rock with its keel."

Groups of buoys with grappling irons are lashed together in long sweeping lines and sunk behind the small sounding boat until they touch bottom, and are then towed until they strike a rock. In calm weather rocks and reefs may be seen at great depths from great heights in balloons. Even after a rock has been discovered, its depth and position must be precisely ascertained. Fishermen, too, help make known these uncharted rocks, rewards being offered for all new ones discovered.

England, the United States, Spain, Italy and other maritime nations have adopted French methods. Japan for years has devoted to the subject its usual minute, trustworthy and masterful study, but has imitated the English crowded and complicated charts rather than the artistic execution of the French.—New York Tribune.

Toilet—Toylet.

In the "New World of Words," 1720, "toilet" is defined as "a kind of Table-cloth or carpet made of fine Linnen, Satin, Velvet or Tissue, spread upon a Table in a Bed Chamber where Persons of Quality dress themselves; a Dressing-cloth." A similar definition is given in Bailey's dictionary. The origin of the word is curious, for Cotgrave has: "See 'Toilette,' 'A toylet, the stuff which drapers lay about their cloths; also a bag to put nightgowns in.'" In the "Rape of the Lock," 1, 121, "toilet" seems used for the table and its contents:

And now, unveil'd, the toilet stands display'd,
Each silver vase in mystic order laid.

—Notes and Queries.

Giant Tomato Plants.

The largest tomato plants in the world are found in California. One grower has three plants which have reached a length of thirty feet. In three months from the time the seeds were planted the vines had climbed to the top of a twenty foot trellis. The trunks of these plants, says What to Eat, are one and a half inches in diameter and the foliage is thick and luxuriant. Enormous quantities of tomatoes have been picked from them and the fruit is of unusual size, possessing an extraordinary fine flavor.

Lava.

Lava may be blown into opaque bottles of gossamer lightness, and the harder sort makes a beautiful green glass of half the weight and double the strength of ordinary glass. But it is not always the same. Every volcano pours out its own special brand of molten mixture, disagreeable to walk on, but sometimes yielding precious products, as pumice stone. Lava, like all things, decomposes under the touch of time, as the fertile plains of Sicily testify.

Marriage.

"What I want," said the young man, "is to get married and have a peaceful, quiet home."

"Well," said Farmer Corntossel, "sometimes it works that way, and then again sometimes it's like joinin' a debatin' society."—Washington Star.

Curiosity Aroused.

"Papa, what makes the cheese smell so?"

"The process by which it was cured, I presume."

After some moments of profound cogitation, "Papa, what would it smell like if it hadn't been cured?"

A Chance For Somebody.

"Very strange, isn't it, about the story of Adam and Eve?"

"How?"

"Why, as far as I know, it hasn't been worked up into a historical novel."—Watson's Magazine.

Injuries of Life.

The injuries of life if rightly improved will be to us as the strokes of the statuary on his marble, forming us to a more beautiful shape and making us fitter to adorn the heavenly temple.—Cotton Mather.

The wise prove and the foolish confess by their conduct that a life of employment is the only life worth leading.—Paley.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are Practical stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a Thoro and Practical training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal

Thief River Falls, - - - Minnesota

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons an excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
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W. B. DIXON,
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St. Paul

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Puget Sound

Every day from June 1 to September 15, very low round trip rates will be in effect over the Great Northern Ry. to

Seattle, Portland, Everett, Vancouver, Spokane and Montana.

$60 Puget Sound Points.
$57.50 Wenatchee.
$55 Spokane, The "Kootenai," Fernie, B. C.
$50 Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Belton, (Lake McDonald), Lethbridge.

Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota" Seattle to Japan and China.

INSECT ENGINEERING

FEATS OF THE CARPENTER BEE AND THE TUMBLEBUG.

The Sexton Beetle Is an Expert Gravedigger—Wonderful Skill of the Spider and the Great Strain That His Elastic Web Will Bear.

Long before man had thought of the saw the saw fly had used the same tool, made after the same fashion and used in the same way, for the purpose of making slits in the branches of trees so that she might have a secure place to deposit her eggs. The carpenter bee, with only the tools which nature has given her, cuts a round hole, the full diameter of her body, through thick boards and so makes a tunnel by which she can have a safe retreat in which to rear her young. The tumblebug, without derrick or machinery, rolls over large masses of dirt many times her own weight, and the sexton beetle will in a few hours bury beneath the ground the carcass of a comparatively large animal. All these feats require a degree of instinct which in a reasoning creature would be called engineering skill, but none of them is as wonderful as the feats performed by the spider. This extraordinary little animal has the faculty of propelling her threads directly against the wind, and by means of her slender cords she can haul up and suspend bodies which are many times her own weight.

Some years ago a paragraph went the rounds of the papers in which it was said that a spider had suspended an unfortunate mouse, raising it from the ground and leaving it to perish miserably between heaven and earth. Would be philosophers made great fun of the statement and ridiculed it unmercifully. I know not how true it was, but I know that it might have been true.

Some years ago in the village of Havana in the state of New York a spider entangled a milk snake in her threads and actually raised it some distance from the ground, and this, too, in spite of the struggles of the reptile, which was alive.

By what process of engineering did this comparatively small and feeble insect succeed in overcoming and lifting up by mechanical means the mouse or the snake? The solution is easy enough if we only give the question a little thought.

The spider is furnished with one of the most efficient mechanical implements known to engineers—viz, a strong elastic thread. That the thread is strong is well known. Indeed, there are few substances that will support a greater strain than the silk of the silkworm or the spider, careful experiment having shown that for equal sizes the strength of these fibers exceeds that of common iron. But notwithstanding its strength the spider's thread would be useless as a mechanical power if it were not for its elasticity. The spider has no blocks or pulleys, and therefore it cannot cause the thread to divide up and run in different directions, but the elasticity of the thread more than makes up for this and renders possible the lifting of an animal much heavier than a mouse or a snake. This may require a little explanation.

Let us suppose that a child can lift a six pound weight one foot high and do this twenty times a minute. Furnish him with 350 rubber bands, each capable of pulling six pounds through one foot when stretched. Let these bands be attached to a wooden platform on which stands a pair of horses weighing 2,100 pounds, or rather more than a ton. If now the child will go to work and stretch these rubber bands singly, hooking each one up as it is stretched, in less than twenty minutes he will have raised the pair of horses one foot.

We thus see that the elasticity of the rubber bands enables the child to divide the weight of horses into 350 pieces of six pounds each, and, at the rate of a little less than one every three seconds, he lifts all these separate pieces one foot, so that the child easily lifts this enormous weight.

Each spider's thread acts like one of the elastic rubber bands. Let us suppose that the mouse or snake weighed half an ounce and that each thread is capable of supporting a grain and a half. The spider would have to connect the mouse with the point from which it was to be suspended with 150 threads, and if the little quadruped was once swung off his feet he would be powerless. By pulling successively on each thread, and shortening it a little, the mouse or snake might be raised to any height within the capacity of the building or structure in which the work was done. So that to those who have ridiculed the story we may justly say, "There are more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in your philosophy."

What object the spider could have had in his work I am unable to see. It may have been a dread of the harm which the mouse or snake might work or it may have been the hope that the decaying carcass would attract flies, which would furnish food for the engineer. I can vouch for the truth of the snake story, however, and the object of this article is to explain and render credible a very extraordinary feat of insect engineering.—Follies of Science.

Era of Actium.

The "era of Actium," adopted during the early days of the Roman empire, commemorates the great victory gained by Octavius over the troops of Antony and Cleopatra, Jan. 1, B. C. 30. It was often used among the Romans both in writing and colloquially, just as in England people speak of events as occurring before or after the conquest, or as persons in this country frequently refer to events as having happened before or after the war.

A straight life is the shortest distance between honesty and honor.—Saturday Evening Post.

WITNESSES TO ALIBIS.

Shady Trade Which Once Flourished In New York's Courts.

The elder Weller in "Pickwick" was, as all admirers of the works of Dickens will know, a great believer in the utility of an alibi as a defense in both criminal and civil actions.

"Never mind the character," said Mr. Weller to his son. "Stick to the alleybi. Nothing like an alleybi, Sammy; nothing. Verever he's agoin' to be tried, me boy, a alleybi's the thing to get him off."

This sage advice of Mr. Weller found frequent corroboration in the views of criminal lawyers in town up to a very few years ago. There were half a century ago more criminal lawyers than there are today, and the emoluments and fees of criminal lawyers were materially larger in the ordinary run of cases than now. As a consequence, cases were more often defended than they are now and pleas of guilty much more rarer. Then the alibi witness was a necessary though usually unwelcome part of the machinery of defense in criminal cases. There is in criminal procedure no better defense than an alibi if sustained. Alibi witnesses were therefore very much in demand until juries began to mistrust them and the penalties for the crime of perjury were visited upon some of the delinquents.

For a long time the mendacious and subsidized testimony of professional alibi witnesses obtained credence from jurors, and some of these witnesses, to quote their own language, *"made a good thing out of it."* Juries in criminal cases are usually sympathetic where no outside pressure is brought upon them, and it is the part of the charge of every judge in a criminal case to inform the jury that the prisoner at the bar is entitled to every reasonable doubt. If, therefore, any uncertainty existed on the point whether or not the prisoner was actually present at the time and place of the alleged crime he was entitled to the benefit of it, but little by little the prosecuting officers became acquainted with the identity and records of the professional alibi witnesses. One or two were prosecuted. Others were scared off. The commercial value of the services of the others was decreased, and finally the whole nefarious business was abandoned, never since to be revived.

CURE OF INSOMNIA.

The soporific powers of warm milk are well known, but care should be taken that the milk does not quite boil.

A Swedish method of producing sleep is to wring out a handkerchief in icy cold water and lay it across the eyes, when it is said to act like magic.

To many constitutions a warm bath taken immediately before going to bed is very soothing and produces drowsiness, while an apple eaten as the last thing is equally effective.

The homely boiled onion is another sovereign remedy, or an onion may be sliced and eaten raw, the disagreeable taste being removed by taking a little sugar or a pinch of tea afterward.

A Hindoo practice to induce sleep is to take deep inhalations, expelling the air alternately through each nostril, keeping the other closed with the finger. This has a wonderfully quieting effect.

Going to Congress.

A poor man had better keep out of congress. Campaign expenses are heavy and they come every two years. No man can go to congress without neglecting his law practice or his business. If he is a poor man he will probably lose his clients or his customers; a small business or practice will not support partners or managers. After a few years in congress nine men out of ten are beaten for renomination, and then, if they have not a fortune or an established business to fall back on, they will try to get some small salaried place under the government and may not be successful.—Philadelphia Record.

Chemical Changes.

By taking some limewater and blowing one's breath into it a fine white powder will be formed in the water.

By adding some common salt to a solution of nitrate of silver a thick white powder is produced which, if placed in the sunlight, will turn brown.

Pour the juice of a red cabbage into a test tube or thin glass bottle, drop in very gradually a solution of washing soda, shaking the bottle every time you put the washing soda in, and you will see the red solution gradually turning blue. Go on adding the soda solution, and the blue color will give way to green.

Repressed Sentiments.

People who marry always hear good wishes, congratulations and other pleasant remarks, but they miss much in not hearing the repressed sentiments which burst forth to others. A woman who recently received a wedding announcement from a friend was heard to exclaim in tones of disgust, "What a willful disregard of the manifestation of Providence when she was so plainly intended for an old maid!"

The Evidence Was All In.

A juryman went to sleep during the closing speech of one of the counsel in the case in an English court. The judge had him awakened and sternly rebuked him. "My lord," said the juror, "I was under the impression that I was sworn to give a verdict according to the evidence, not according to the speeches."

Three Kinds.

There are three kinds of good—the kind that feels good, the kind that looks good and the kind that opposes evil. And the first two are good for nothing.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Saver Bergan, H. E. No. 903, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter O. Brevik, of Germantown, Minn.
Halvor A. Vinjers, " "
Donough O'Brien, " "
Fred Solle, " "

may 17 june 21 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Receiver or Register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 13th, 1906, viz: George Wold, H. E. No. 2,806, Chippewa Series, for the N½ SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4, Sec. 34, T. 155 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Knut Rognes, of Germantown, Minn.
John Graff, " "
Mikkel Anderson, " "
John Anderson, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Charlie T. Thompson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Chris Porter, " "
Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, "
Jay Paine, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 10th, 1906, viz: Ole O. Byklum, H. E. No. 154, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 1, 2 and S½ NE¼, Sec. 3, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

T. H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hans H. Pederson, of Thorwick, "
Charley C. Overum, " "
Charles Evenson, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Paul L. Wambheim, H. E. 52, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 24, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nils Swanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Elias J. Overland, " "
Haldor P. Sponheim, of Manor, "
Sjur L. Solberg, of Thorwick, "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Sixteen and 96-100 Dollars upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John La Crosse and Mary La Crosse, his wife, Mortgagors, to Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1905, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book 13 of Mortgages, on page 67.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Crookston, by written assignment dated the 1st day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 2nd day of May, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 314, and by reason of the default hereinbefore mentioned the said The First National Bank of Crookston, the Assignee of the Mortgagee, chooses to declare and hereby does declare the whole debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage due and payable, making in all the sum of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: The South west quarter (SW¼) of the South east quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; Lots Twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 6th day of July, 1906, at 1 o'clock P. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1906.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROOKSTON, Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Victor A. Trochmann, H. E. 430, Chippewa Series, for the SW¼ NE¼, Lots 1, 2, Sec. 22, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Emil Ruppercht, of Thorwick, Minn.
Anton Nustvold, " "
Tiler Wold, " "
John Lindquist, " "

may 31 july 5 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 17th, 1906, viz: Martin P. Mork, H. E. No. 244, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 22, Tp. 154 N., Rg. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charley Petterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Ottum, " "
Martin Quist, " "
Gust Bergren, " "

june 7 july 12 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

To Denis Cavanagh,
Hudson, Wisconsin.

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that default has been made in the payment, due June First, 1906, on your written contract for the purchase of Lots numbered Thirteen, Fourteen and Fifteen of Block numbered Fifty-eight in the original townsite of the city of Thief River Falls in Red Lake County, Minnesota; Which contract is dated May 12th, 1900, and by the terms of which contract, Math Barzen, as grantor, agreed to convey and assure to you, the said Denis Cavanagh, the above described real estate.

That there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of Thirty-Five Hundred dollars, as principal, and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $3,500.00, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from June Second, 1906, together with the costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said grantor, Math Barzen, will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

june 7 21 MATH BARZEN, Grantor.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

Letters of Administration with the Will annexed this day having been granted to Annie I. E. Robinson.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday, the Fourth day of December, 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice thereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County, as provided by law.

Dated June 4th, 1906.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

june 7 21

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county, at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1906, viz: Ellen Johnson, H. E. No. 7,945 for lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Philips, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Hedlund, of Sorum, "
Agard Johnson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "

may 3 june 7 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate of Marshall county at Warren Minn., on June 22, 1906 viz: Agard Johnson, H. E. No. 7,933 for lots 14 and 15, and NE¼ SW¼ and NW¼ SE¼, of Sec. 2, Twp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Hedlund, of Sorum, Minn.
Oscar Mattson, " "
Gustaf Swenson, " "
John Philips, of Thorwick, "

may 3-june 7 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Theodor E. Evenby, as one of the heirs of John Engebretson, deceased, H. E. 339, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 20, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Thor Skaar, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Holmen, " "
Martin J. Berg, " "
Halvor H. Olsen, of Germantown, "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy, H. E. 4,241, Chippewa Series, for the S½ SW¼, Sec. 22, N½ NW¼, Sec. 27, Tp. 155 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Holler, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Kloekmann, " "
Tollef C. Hovelson, " "
Emil Hanson, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

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DEATH VALLEY CACTI

THE PLANTS THAT BLOOM IN THE SUN SCORCHED DESERT.

Hundreds of Acres of a Scene of Almost Indescribable Beauty In the Midst of Mile on Mile of Barren and Deadly Sand Flats.

Not half the plants of Death valley are known to scientists; most of those that are known are little more than names and will never be more until the prying arm of the railroad shall have laid bare some of the secrets of this vale of Hinom.

Most beautiful and most plenty on the desert are the cacti, and the rapidity with which their dry and apparently withered stalks put out blossoms under the touch of the rains is wonderful.

The largest and showiest blossom of them all grows on a short, stock stem which during the summer does not seem to have life enough to produce the magnificent waxy flowers, which are often as much as five inches across.

A cactus much larger than this—the barrel cactus—has a very small and insignificant bloom, while the tiniest of all, a low, creeping, round stemmed, jointed growth, has an immense pink flower, beautiful as any orchid and rivaling the fairest rose of Persia in its odor.

Unfortunately the *names of these* rare species are not well known, and the commoner varieties, which are also found on the coast slope, bear no such gorgeous array of blossoms. Old friends greet the traveler on the rim of Death valley too. There is the cholla (pronounced choyah), which, while large and many branched, produces few or no flowers, reproducing itself by "slipping," as our grandmothers were wont to say of their choice geraniums. Wherever an unusually long branch falls to the ground it seems almost to work its way into the earth, so soon do the shifting sands cover it. Then a process of rooting takes place, so that soon an entirely separate plant comes up a few feet from the parent. So it is that great beds of cacti are formed throughout the desert.

One noticeable thing about all the plants in and around Death valley is that they grow low to the ground, for no living thing can stand against the simooms that sweep this level floor for 200 miles on over into the Nevada desert. These low growers protect themselves from the drifting sand in a wonderfully ingenious manner. When the plant first breaks from the ground it comes up not in one stem, as do the taller cacti, but in many tiny, branching stalks, so that what solid earth and rocks there are among the sand clouds fall between these stalks and form a sort of openwork barricade. Against this the sand drifts, but does not choke out the life of the plant. The winds of the desert always blow from the same direction, so that the barricade is always available, whether it be a rain, wind or sand storm that is blowing.

Another beautiful bloomer of this far desert raises a foot long shaft, four pointed and like no other flower stalk in the world. On it are clustered great waxen blooms two or three inches across, perfumed with all the sweet scents of Cyprus and the Ind and ranging from palest golden white to deepest purple.

From right to left of the narrow valley, more than 400 feet below the level of the sea, 250 miles away, these beds of cacti stretch. In winter and spring, when they are all abloom with flame, they seem like some great cloth of gold to the traveler pausing on the rim of the Funeral range or dipping down with his burros through Windy gap. These beds are sometimes large, covering acres in dense patches. In other places they are small and stunted, so that the traveler meets with scattered clumps of the thorny shrubs miles before he comes upon traces of the dead alkaline lakes that mark the edge of the valley.

Other plants than cacti are scarce in Death valley, but two species of mesquite grow from one end of the valley to the other, both blooming profusely and adding their quota of odor to the air. When they seed, the beans are gathered by the Piutes and ground up for flour.

All in all, there are doubtless hundreds of acres of cacti in this one part of the California desert, and its beauty when in bloom is something indescribable, especially when seen in the midst of mile on mile of barren sand flats.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The Speaking Voice.

Nothing as quickly and unmistakably distinguishes a well bred man or woman from those of plebeian birth or education as the speaking voice and the carriage, two most essential points to cultivate and the two which are almost universally neglected by parents and masters in this country. It is not so in England and France, where even in humble life the voices are not only naturally more musical than those found in America, but they are so in consequence of past training and cultivation. One uses the speaking voice almost continuously, so why should it not be trained to be as musical as possible, since a sweet, low voice is considered power? So much time and attention are given to the singing voice, which is used only upon occasions, which of course is to be encouraged and commended, but if one cannot cultivate both let the preference always be given to the speaking voice, that one's enunciation, articulation and respiration, as well as the proper pitch of the voice, may be regulated and governed according to the most approved methods. Then one's convictions will be found to carry great weight.

ANIMALS AND HEAT.

Varying Effects of the Scorching Rays of the Sun.

Wild animals oppressed by heat are almost human in their actions. They seek shelter from the sun, thirst much for water and fall down at last sunstruck. The tigers of India seek jungles nearly impenetrable to man, where in the pools they wallow for hours chin deep in the water rather than endure the heat of the sun driving through the mass of foliage overhead. Further than this, they may sometimes be surprised, like deer, in the water.

Cattle seek the woods and shaded spots when the sun begins to show its fury, but they are soon driven out by a more deadly enemy, the armies of bloodthirsty and keenly weaponed insects, and resort to the hills. Curiously enough, many insects prefer keeping in the shade to quenching their thirst with blood. When the cattle seek the pools and streams fish gather around to snap up the flies killed by the tails of the beasts.

Fishermen see deer along Adirondack and Maine lakes and streams in the hot days of summer. The deer in the streams nibble at a lily pad now and again and swim across to islands or the opposite shore.

No mammal bears the heat so well as domestic cats. When dogs seek the shade cats stretch themselves out in the sun, and not till dogs pant in the shade will they move into the shadow. When it is hot cats drink a good deal and lie quietly in a sort of doze, as if thinking of ice heaps and snowdrifts.

According to an animal collector, the polar bears seem to enjoy the heat of midsummer. When the sun beats down hottest these thick skinned brutes lie stretched out in the full glare, just as a dog or cat lies down before a fire in midwinter.

The birds of the fields, the roadside birds, the sparrows and the pigeons bathe in the hot dust, but also find delight in a pond, drinking great quantities of water and splashing about with the greatest enthusiasm.

In England the rooks gather round the sheep troughs waiting eagerly for the evening supply of water to be turned on. In Australia parrots and birds driven from their shady perches and flying over an opening in time of drought sometimes fall dead.

The woodchuck retires to the moist depths of its burrow, the squirrel to its home tree. The hare lies in the long grass beside a brook in an alder bed.

The snakes, the mud turtles, the drooning insects seek the cattle paths and road sands or some log in a pool of water on which the sun beats heaviest. The heat is to them welcome.

A Kissing Festival.

Helmagen, a Roumanian country town of 1,200 inhabitants, holds its annual fair on the feast of St. Theodora. On this occasion the place swarms with newly married brides from some sixty to eighty villages in the district, though widows who have taken fresh husbands remain at home. The young women, in festive attire and generally attended by their mothers-in-law, carry jugs of wine inwreathed with flowers in their hands. They kiss almost every man they meet and afterward present the jug to his lips. The individual thus regaled bestows a small gift on the fair bride. Not to partake of the proffered wine is regarded as an insult to the young wife and her family. She is therefore reserved toward strangers and only kisses those whom she thinks likely to taste her wine. The origin of this custom is not known. Some say that it dates back to the time when the Turks made frequent raids into Transylvania and carried away all the young women on whom they could lay hands. Such of them as contrived to escape from captivity, happening to return to Helmagen at the time of the fair, kissed their friends and relatives and even strangers who congratulated them on their wonderful deliverance.

America's First Rice.

The very introduction of rice into America seems almost providential, having been brought about by accident, when in the year 1694 an English vessel, being stormbound, put into Charleston harbor. The ship, beaten by the storm and in need of repairs, was compelled to lay in harbor for some time, and it was while there that her captain gave to one of the citizens, Thomas Smith, a small quantity of rice, which principally constituted the cargo. Smith planted the grain in his garden, and the plant thrived and bore most abundantly, whereupon Smith gave seeds to his neighbors, which they also planted, and were successful in raising crops. Prior to that eventful occasion the great stretches of lowland along the Carolina coast (now very valuable) had proved a barren waste, and in the planting of this little parcel of the wonderful cereal and its successful harvest is found the logical beginning of rice culture in America.—Sunset Magazine.

The Word "Lubber."

The word "lubber" is in "Ralph Roister Doister," circa 1550, iii, 3:

> And where he is louted and laughed to scorn
> For the veriest dolt that ever was born
> And the veriest lubber, sloven and beast
> Living in the world from the west to the east.

Tusser uses the word in "Five Hundred Pointes of Good Husbandrie," 1580, page 131 (E. D. S):

> For tempests and showers deceiveth a menie,
> And lingering lubbers loose many a penie.

The word "lubbers" was in constant use in the sixteenth century and occurs at least twice in Udal's translation of Erasmus' "Apophthegmes." Almost 200 years before this Langland told of the "grete lobres and longe," who were too idle to work.—Notes and Queries.

MAUNDY THURSDAY.

Quaint Custom That Went With This Day In Old England.

Maundy Thursday used to be also called Shere Thursday, "for that," says an old homily, "in old fathers' days the people would that day shere their hedes and clypp theyr berdes and pool their heedes and so make them honest against Easter day." The derivation of the word "Maundy" is less simple. Some derive it from the Latin "mandatum," a command, referring to the sacred command given on that day to wash the feet of the poor, which was done annually by our kings and queens until the practice came to an end with James II., or it may come from the old French "maundier," to beg, as this has always been the poor people's Thursday. Most probable of all is the derivation of the word from the maunds, or baskets, Anglo-Saxon "maud," in which things were given to the poor on Maundy Thursday.

On Maundy Thursday, says an old writer, "the kynges and quenes of England washe the feete of so many poore menne and women as they be yeres olde, and geve to every one of them so many pence, with a gowne and another ordinary almes of meate and kysse theyr feete, and afterward geve theyr gownes off theyr backs to them that they se most needy of al the nomber." Some idea of the contents of the maunds or baskets may be gathered *from an account of 1731*, when forty-eight poor men and women, that being the king's age, received "one large old ling and one large dried cod, twelve red herrings and four half quartern loaves, after which was distributed to them shoes, stockings, linen and woolen cloth and four penny pieces of silver and shillings, to each about £4 in value."

Maundy money, as specially issued, and consisting of groats, threepences, half groats and pennies in silver, was first coined by Charles II. and has formed part of the sovereign's Maundy alms ever since. As most people probably know, by the coinage act of 1870 Maundy money is legal tender, though usually regarded only as treasure for collectors. The silver penny, which has now lost its significance, made its first appearance under Offa in 760, and, roughly speaking, remained the chief denomination for 600 years, though it now appears only once a year. The Maundy penny should remind us that in its original and silver form the penny weighs exactly twenty-four grains and gave its name for this reason to the pennyweight.—London Chronicle.

The Broken Covenant.

One old fashioned divine of my early youth preached every Sunday upon "The Broken Covenant." At length the long suffering parishioners could stand it no longer, and a deputation was organized to visit the manse. The deputation informed the minister that they were extremely weary of hearing continually of "the broken covenant" and that there was a general desire to have at least one new sermon. "You shall have it," said the worthy minister in conciliatory strain; "you shall have a perfectly new sermon next Sunday." Accordingly the church was fuller than usual, and a thrill of satisfaction ran round when the text was announced in these words: "And the cup was found in Benjamin's sack." "Let me tell you, my friends," said the preacher, "the day is coming when all your sacks will be rypit. And what, think you, will be found in them? Yes, what will be found in them? Again I ask you, what will be found in them? The first thing found in them will be 'the broken covenant,' on which I will now proceed to speak at great length." Thus was hope dashed to the ground, and the congregation fell back into the estate of utter misery in which they had listened to that dismal orator on many past days.—London Standard.

The Story That Amused Emerson.

Ralph Waldo Emerson was once greatly amused with the following anecdote: A lady, deeply veiled and dressed in mourning, was riding in a stagecoach in Vermont, opposite to whom sat a small, sharp featured, black eyed woman, who began catechising her thus: "Have you lost friends?" "Yes, I have." "Was they near friends?" "Yes, they was." "How near?" "A husband and a brother." "Where did they die?" "Down to Mobile." "What did they die with?" "Yellow fever." "Was they long sick?" "Not very." "Did you get their chists?" "Yes, I did." "Was they hopefully pious?" "I hope and trust they was." "Well, if you got their chists and they was hopefully pious, you have great reason to be thankful."

The stress laid on the "chists" and the placing of their rescue before the piety of the lost husband and brother as reasons for thankfulness struck Emerson as exceedingly characteristic of a certain class of Yankees and infinitely mirth provoking.

A Tale From Turkey.

Here is an odd yarn from the London Times of March 31, 1806, about a man living in Constantinople known by the name of "Solyman, the eater of corrosive sublimate:" "He is now 100 years old. In his youth he accustomed himself, like all the Turks, to take opium, but after increasing the dose to a great extent without the wished effect he adopted the use of sublimate and had taken daily for upward of thirty years a dram, or sixty grains. He some time since went into the shop of a Turkish Jew, to whom he was unknown, and asked for a dram of sublimate, which he diluted in a glass of water and swallowed in an instant. The apothecary became greatly alarmed lest he should be accused of poisoning the Turk, but his astonishment may be conceived when the next day the Turk came again and asked for a similar dose."

JAPANESE DANCES.

They Are Not Highly Amusing and Are Not Indelicate.

The form of amusement of a dramatic nature that most interests the traveler in Japan is the geisha dance, also the kagura, or common religious dance, and the adzuma-mai, a religious dance performed in the ancient Shimo-Gamo Shinto temple near Kyoto. These dances are not particularly amusing to witness, though all sights of the kind are more or less amusing when witnessed for the first time. The best geisha dancing takes place in Kioto, the next best in Tokyo, but so called geisha dances may be seen in several of the large towns.

Almost more interesting to see, however, are the religious dances. In the kagura, for instance, the dancer usually wears a loose white chemise garment, a pair of flapping trousers, generally of a bright red color, and a long, transparent covering formed like a cloak and ornamented with designs resembling crests. Her hair hangs down her back in a single tress, flowers adorn her forehead, and her face is besmeared with a white compound, said to consist chiefly of white lead. In her hand she holds a bunch of small bells that is not unlike a child's toy. This she shakes at intervals during the dance. Sometimes several girls dance at one time, but in every case their movements are accompanied by a mournful, sacred chant and by a tune played upon a drum and flute by priests. It is wrong to suppose, however, as many Europeans who have visited Japan do suppose, that the mikakoodori dance is indecent. About the genuine geisha dance there is nothing even indelicate or suggestive.—St. James' Gazette.

HE SET THE EXAMPLE.

How a Montenegro Prince Got His Subjects to Work.

Prince Nicholas of Montenegro was obliged to follow Peter the Great's example in order to make his subjects work at all. The haughty Montenegrins have from time immemorial been accustomed to look down upon the mechanic arts of industry as vile and degrading. Prince Nicholas besought them with all his eloquence to learn the necessary arts of life, but all in vain. He used every method, including the "argumentum baculinum," or "paternal" method, with a stick, to which the great Peter was so addicted. Even this argument fell flat. Then the prince tucked up his sleeves, betook himself to a smithy and hammered iron for a day. This method proved effectual. The Montenegrins came to the conclusion that the work of the smithy was not incompatible with their dignity. Shoemaking, however, they could not be induced to look upon as other than degrading. Persuasion failing, the monarch turned cobbler. This was too much for the Montenegrins. When they saw him put his hand to the waxed thread and the shoe leather his faithful lieges gathered round upon their knees and besought him not to sully his royal fingers by touching the accursed thing. "Beat us all," they cried, "only do not do yourself such dishonor." The prince paid no attention and worked till nightfall. Next day the cobblers' shops were full of Montenegrins eager to enroll themselves as apprentices to the trade which Nicholas had ennobled by his own example.—London Mail.

Shakespeare's Indifference to Fame.

Shakespeare never took any trouble to hand himself down to fame and posterity. Superbly indifferent to renown, writing only as the sun shines and as the winds blow—because it was the work he was created for—he dashed off those marvelous productions, and when they had accomplished their object of paying his current expenses and pleasing the public of his time he retired to Stratford-on-Avon, utterly careless, as it seems, whether his splendid plays lived in the memories of men or died out of recollection. It was part of his royal and lofty nature, this large indifference, so grandly contrasted with the modern yearning to be advertised, the latter day ache to be lauded and remembered.—London Chronicle.

Not Their Fault.

General Schofield was once describing in Washington a certain retreat of cavalry. "I call it a retreat," he said, "but I should really call it a rout." He smiled. "In this retreat," he went on, "the commanding general, as his charger tore like the wind along, turned to an aid who galloped beside him and said, 'Who are our rear guard?' The aid, without ceasing for an instant to belabor his panting steed, replied, 'Those who have the worst horses, sir.'"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

On the Lookout.

Towne—Whenever you hear a politician declare that "every man has his price" you may rest assured that he's one of them. Browne—Not necessarily. He may simply be calling attention to the fact that he hasn't got his yet.—Philadelphia Press.

Suited Him.

His Wife—Yes, the girl is going to leave. She is lazy and good for nothing anyhow. The Professor—Why, I thought she was a model servant. She never attempted to arrange my papers.—Brooklyn Life.

Bad Break.

Joe—Jack's new wife won't speak to me. Tom—Why not? Joe—I got confused at the wedding and tendered him my sympathy instead of congratulations.

Friends should not be chosen to flatter. The quality we prize is that rectitude which will shrink from no truth. Intimacies which increase vanities destroy friendship.—Channing.

Schoolboy Answers.

Here are some assertions from compositions by American schoolboys: "Franklin's father was a tallow chandelier." "The climate of North America is embracing." "This song is in the key of B flap." "There are five bowels—a, e, i, o and u." "The snow is painting the town white." "He lived in Cambridgepork." "Man is in the muscular gender because it denotes a male." "They went to the foolish (Polish) church." Question: "What is geography?" Answer: "Geography is round, like a ball."

Fame.

It is an indiscreet and troublesome ambition that cares so much about fame, about what the world says of us; to be always looking in the faces of others for approval; to be always anxious about the effect of what we do or say; to be always shouting to hear the echoes of our own voices.—Longfellow.

Laws are like cobwebs—if any trifling or powerless thing falls into them they hold it fast, while if it is something weightier it breaks through them and is off.—Solon.

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10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm	
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:13 pm	
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm	

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ROAD WORK ON LOW LAND

Details of a Successful ExperimeCt Tried in New Jersey.

How a Highway Was Built Across a Piece of Meadow Land.

Stillwell H. Townsend, the engineer who was asked by the board of freeholders of Cape May county, N. J., to prepare plans for the building of a state aid road across the meadow from Rio Grande to Holly Beach, thus tells in the Good Roads Magazine how the new road was constructed:

As we had no thought of elevating above storm tides, the prominent idea to be kept in view was the use of materials that would stand the wash. The route to be followed had been abandoned about fifteen years. Previous to that time it had been used for a few years as a means of travel to and from the Five Mile beach. When this was built about one half of the distance was laid crosswise with cedar slabs, the other half with small poles and then a very light coat of upland soil.

As a means of securing a foundation large gum trees, with two opposite sides flattened, were laid lengthwise. One was placed in the center, the other two about under the wheel ruts. Across these were laid poles about three inches in diameter at the small end, the space between the stringers having first been filled with mud. Over the ends of the poles at each side were placed curb planks 2 by 6 inches. These planks were securely fastened, edge up, to cedar piles driven six feet into the meadow and projecting four feet above the planks. These same planks were placed eight feet from the center line, thus giving us a sixteen foot driveway. A mud bank was carefully thrown upon each side against the outside of the planks and thoroughly compacted. The meadow grass grows through this, making it more secure. A line of mud about two feet wide was placed on the inside of the planks and compacted, thus making an almost water tight trough. The remaining space between the curb planks was filled with upland soil to a level with the outside planks. Over this soil we used oyster shells, three bushels to the square yard, 27,000 bushels in all. Over the shells before they were ground up was spread a coat of good gravel. This gave us an elevation of about fourteen inches above the highest meadow passed over and above tides except very severe northeast storms. It has been topped several times since it was completed by storm tides, but it has withstood them beyond all expectations.

One mistake was made in not giving the road more crown before the shells were spread. I consider shells one of the best materials that can be used on meadow roads, with just enough gravel to bind them together. They will thus withstand any amount of wash.

A year ago last October we began the rebuilding of the Beesley's Point and Ocean City turnpike, 1.75 miles across salt meadow. There had been a road on this same route for about twenty years. During that time all but 1,000 feet of it had been poled three times. Large trees had been cut and laid lengthwise and poles nine feet long laid across them, butting in the middle. In some places this construction had settled four feet.

In constructing this road only 1,875 feet were repoled. This was done by placing six pine tree stringers lengthwise and poles nine feet long crosswise over them, butting in the middle. We placed a double curb plank on each side the entire length of the meadow road in the following manner: Curb planks 2 by 6 inches were placed eight feet each side of the center line, securely fastened to cedar posts driven four feet into the old roadbed. Four feet beyond this curb (outside the old roadbed) were placed 2 by 18 inch curb planks, securely fastened to cedar piles, driven eight feet into the meadow and projecting four feet above the top of the planks. The inner posts and outer piles were securely tied together; the four foot space between the curb plank was filled with mud and thoroughly compacted by ramming and after settling again filled and rammed. Before the road was finished these mud banks were covered with gravel, thus making a splendid bicycle path on each side. The space between the inner curb was filled with upland soil and after being thoroughly compacted stood four inches in the center above the top of the inner curb planks. These were set to grade. The road was then covered with 36,000 bushels of oyster shells, spread when the bed was not too soft from rain or any other cause. As soon as the shells were spread a thin coat of Buck Hill gravel was spread over them. This was followed by a 1,500 pound roller, making the shells and gravel into one compacted mass. After the entire length had been covered in this manner it was again gone over with a second coat, making in all about five inches of loose gravel used on the shells.

One inch above the top of the inner curb plank was placed a cedar plank 2 by 6 inches and fastened to the top of the posts holding the lower curb. When the heavy storm tides sweep over the road some of the crown is in danger of being carried off. These planks were placed there as a protection to the exposed side and to catch what might otherwise go entirely off the road. So far this protecting curb has answered the purpose.

In building meadow roads where it is not intended to elevate above the tides by filling it until all settling has been overcome the chief aim should be to use materials that will make a solid foundation, stand the wash and at the same time not overload the meadow and cause it to settle.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Verbal Chiropody.

The pastor, who was calling upon a member of his congregation, asked the name of the sprightly little daughter whose winning ways had attracted his attention.

"We call her Ella," said the little girl's mother.

"That is a good name, Mrs. Donley," remarked the minister. "It has been made classic by Charles Lamb."

"Well, to tell the truth," explained Mrs. Donley, "her name is Cornelia, but it's easier to call her Ella."

"I see," he rejoined. "And she probably likes it better. It is a painless extraction of a Corn."

Fifth Monarchy Men.

The fifth monarchy men formed a religious sect that sprang up in the days of Charles I. of England. They were so called from the fact that they asserted that in the last days the four ancient monarchies, the Assyrian, the Persian, the Babylonian and the Roman, would be restored, and to them would be added a Christian monarchy, or fifth monarchy, of which Christ would be the king.

Awkward.

Master—What! Both want a holiday tomorrow? I can't spare you both at once. Mary, you can have tomorrow and John the next day. John—Thank you, sir, but we wanted to get married, and I'm afraid, sir, it can't be done that way, but I'll inquire.—London Answers.

Impatience.

In all evils which admit a remedy impatience should be avoided, because it wastes that time and attention in complaints which, if properly applied, might remove the cause.—Johnson.

Her Quick Wit.

He—Your new hat is charming, but I fancy it doesn't go well with that dress. She (enchanted)—Oh, you dear old hubby, so you really mean to buy me a dress as well?

There should be as little merit in loving a woman for her beauty as a man for his prosperity, both being equally subject to change.—Pope.

A Nose Tax.

A "nose tax" was in the ninth century exacted by the Danes from the householders in Ireland. It was so called not because it was levied on noses, but from the fact that a failure to pay was punished by slitting the nose from tip to eyebrow. It was continued during thirteen years, when the householders, objecting to this treatment of their nasal ornaments, rose in rebellion, massacred all the Danes in Ireland and put an end to the nose slitting.

Quite a Difference.

Employer—Young man, I hear that you bet on horse races. You are discharged. Youth—But my brother-in-law is a bookie. I have netted $900 on his tips this week. Employer—Ahem—er—close the door, please. Young man, your salary is doubled. Consider yourself my confidential adviser.—London Tit-Bits.

His System.

"I allus predict good weather," said the suburban sage.

"Why?"

"Well, if it is good I get credit for it, an' if it ain't good the folks all allow that I done my best."—Minneapolis Tribune.

Hitting Him With the Truth.

Mr. Boastful—I wonder how it would seem if I could have all the money I have given to charity piled on a plate before me. Mrs. Boastful—I think you could still distinguish the plate.

A Bright Idea.

Theater Manager—I can't use your play, sir. It's too long for the stage. Amateur Playwright—But, I say—aw—look here—aw! Can't you lengthen the stage, you know?

Perhaps.

He—Why is it that unmarried women are usually "girls?" She—Possibly for the same reason that married men are mostly "boys."

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE SHARK HUNTERS.

Horrible but Alleged Painless Way the Fish Are Killed.

The strictly commercial business of shark hunting is done in small sloops whose headquarters are in the more northerly Norwegian ports. The crews are for the most part made up of pure blooded descendants of the vikings, who are still to be found in any number among the codfishers of Hammerfest of Tromso. And a magnificent race of men they are! Accustomed from boyhood to a life of hardship, they have a way of treating Father Neptune with a slightly contemptuous toleration, like an old friend, of somewhat uncertain temper, whose rapid changes from smiling benevolence to wild, blustering anger are on the whole rather amusing than otherwise.

They care nothing for danger and little for suffering—in themselves or in others. Why, then, should they stop to think that perhaps a maimed but still living shark can feel?

The fishing is done off the coast of Iceland in about eighty fathoms of water. Three or four gallows-like structures are rigged up around the sides of the sloop and from each of these hangs a pulley block, over which runs a strong rope, and to the end of this the baited hook is fastened. A plentiful supply of ground bait is thrown out to attract the quarry, and such is the eagerness with which the sharks take the bait that sometimes each one of these gallows-like fishing rods will have its fish hooked and fighting for life all at the same time.

There is no "playing" the fish. It is not necessary or possible, and the powerful tackle is hardly likely to break, no matter how fiercely the hooked shark may struggle. But the shark is not for his size a game fish, and except when he is actually being hoisted out of the water there is no very serious strain on the tackle. If he does now and then get away it is not because he ever manages to break the line, but because a lightly fixed hook easily tears through the soft cartilaginous skeleton of his head and so sets him free.

As soon as a shark has taken one of the baits the hauling tackle attached to his particular gallows is manned, and without any superfluous fuss or ceremony he is hauled up to the sloop and hoisted just clear of the water.

He is not brought on board at all, but with a few bold slashes his liver is cut out as he hangs and is thrown into a tub to be further dealt with later. Then his eyes are put out, and he is cut adrift to go and complete the tardy process of dying where and how he pleases.

All this sounds very horrible, but there is one curious fact which goes far to make us believe that this death cannot, after all, be such a cruel one as at first appears. It is this, the fishermen say—that unless they put out the shark's eyes he will afterward cause them a lot of trouble by coming and taking the bait a second time.

It sounds incredible, but the statement is thoroughly well authenticated by eyewitnesses who have seen a liverless shark do just this very thing. Scientists doubtless are right in saying that the shark (which by anatomical classification is one of the lowest of the fishes) does not feel pain in the way more highly organized animals feel it. We will cling to that belief, for it is consoling—to us, if not to the shark, who is thus sacrificed that his liver may supply us with—what?

It is a secret not to be spoken aloud. Norway is one of the great centers of the cod trade, and from cod is made cod liver oil, and shark's liver oil tastes and looks exactly like it.—Pearson's Magazine.

The Nature of an Oath.

Some years ago a case was on trial before the judge of a court in a city adjoining Boston in which among the numerous witnesses for the defense was a decidedly ignorant appearing and shiftless looking colored man named Jones, who was to testify as to an alibi.

He was finally called, and the usual oath was about to be administered, when the attorney for the prosecution arose and addressed his honor, suggesting that Mr. Jones be interrogated as to his understanding of the solemnity of an oath. The judge therefore asked the witness if he understood the nature of an oath, to which he replied, "Yes, sah."

"Well," said his honor, "what is it?" To which Mr. Jones immediately replied, "When you tell a lie, stick to it."—Boston Herald.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Bile Poison

has a very bad effect on your system. It disorders your stomach and digestive apparatus, taints your blood and causes constipation, with all its fearful ills.

Thedford's Black-Draught

is a bland tonic, liver regulator, and blood purifier.

It gets rid of the poisons caused by over-supply of bile, and quickly cures bilious headaches, dizziness, loss of appetite, nausea, indigestion, constipation, malaria, chills and fever, jaundice, nervousness, irritability, melancholia, and all sickness due to disordered liver.

It is not a cathartic, but a gentle, herbal, liver medicine, which eases without irritating.

Price 25c at all Druggists.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to

H. FANT'S

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1906 NUMBER 24

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

AN ELECTION IS ORDERED

County Commissioners Order an Election in the County Seat Matter and Red Lake Falls Gets Out Another "Fake" Injunction.

IN A NUT SHELL.

The county commissioners on Tuesday ordered an election. The Red Lake Falls attorneys secured a temporary injunction restraining the auditor from issuing the call, and as a result there will be a delay of not to exceed two months before a vote is taken.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county met Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock at Red Lake Falls under an order from the court for the purpose of considering the petition for the removal of the county seat of Red Lake county from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls.

After the board had been called to order, the Red Lake Falls attorneys served an injunction upon County Commissioner Eckstrom restraining him from acting as a member of the board. The order of Judge Watts was then read commanding Mr. Eckstrom to act together with the other county commissioners and consider the county seat removal petition, and he was asked which order he desired to obey. It did not take Mr. Eckstrom long to decide. He stated that he was a law-abiding citizen and that he would respect the order of Judge Watts and remain with the other members of the board and consider the petition. The board then proceeded to get down to business and all of Monday afternoon was spent in an attempt to have names of settlers residing on the eleven towns removed from the petition. It seems that many who were full citizens came to the land sale without their citizen papers and, in order to make filing upon the land, they were required to take out their first papers so that they would have evidence to present to the land office. It was only a technical matter, but the Red Lake Falls attorneys are strong on technical points.

Tuesday morning and a part of Tuesday afternoon was spent in considering the petition. The Red Lake Falls attorneys made little or no attempt to secure the removal of names from the petition and confined most of their efforts in trying to defeat the petition on technical grounds. In this they were unsuccessful, as Commissioner Shaw, Johnson and Eckstrom would stand only for a square deal. At about 3:30 on Tuesday a resolution was passed by the board ordering an election.

This ordering of the election by the commissioners made it the duty of County Auditor Ford to call an election in this county, in not less than twenty or more than thirty days. As was to be expected, however, the Red Lake Falls attorneys have secured a temporary injunction restraining Mr. Ford from doing this, and the matter will have to go to the supreme court before an election is called. That probably means that the election in the matter will be put off for a couple of months, but the Thief River Falls attorneys have hopes of getting quicker action. It is given out unofficially at Red Lake Falls that when the vote is ordered, no fight is to be made, and that the down-river town is going to spend all of its energy in making an attempt to keep the county seat for just a few months longer.

Those from Thief River Falls who were in attendence at the meeting were Chas. Evenson, Alex A. Sweaas, C. J. Knox, Louis Hanson, W. J. LaBree, George Williams, Attorneys Stanton and Richardson. Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was also present and assisted the Thief River Falls attorneys. The people from this city in attendance were all loud in their praise of the faithful manner in which Commissioners Eckstrom, Johnson and Shaw stood for the square deal.

—Subscribe for the News.

TO COME IN FULL FORCE

People Residing Along the Soo Line to Attend the Fair.

Traveling Man Says That All Are Figuring on Coming.

"People living along the Soo line in North Dakota are all making preparations to visit Thief River Falls during the county fair," said a traveling man who makes this territory to a representative of the News, "and the officials in charge of the fair should see to it that a special train is run from Overly, N. D., in order to provide accommodations for the large number that will want to come."

This gentleman also stated that a large number of the merchants and people residing in the new towns along the Soo had heard a great deal abort Thief River Falls and, as many of them have never visited this place, they consider the fair time an opportune time to come here. There is no question but that the attendance at the fair this year will be the largest it has ever been and the fair officials are going to see that the people are entertained in a proper manner.

Some Want a Poor Farm.

There is considerable sentiment in the city regarding the matter of having the city council purchase a poor farm and require a number of those now receiving aid from the city to reside thereon. At present the demand for aid from the city is becoming quite an item and it is believed that if a poor farm was established much of this would be done away with.

Meet Here Today.

The annual meeting of the Foreign Mission society of the Adams Presbytery will be held in Thief River Falls on today and tomorrow. A large number from outside of the city will be in attendance and a very appropriate programme has been prepared.

Subscribe for the News.

GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE

ANNUAL

JUNE SALE

Beginning Monday, June 18, and Ending Saturday Night, June 23,

Our entire stock of Spring Merchandise, consisting of DRESS GOODS, SUMMER WAIST FABRICS, CORSETS, UNDERWEAR, SHIRT WAISTS, SKIRTS, LADIES' SUITS, HOSIERY, LACES and EMBROIDERIES, SHOES, CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, etc., etc.

Dress Goods Department

Black and colored Dress Goods, $1.00 and $1.15 values, at	80c
Black and colored Dress Goods, 50c and 65c values, at	39c
Summer Wash Fabrics, 35c values	27½c
Summer Wash Fabrics, 25c values	20c
White Goods, 50c values	39c
White Goods, 20c values	16c

Big Discounts on Hosiery, Underwear, Corsets, Laces, Embroideries, etc., etc.

Shoe Department

All men's and ladies' $4.00 Shoes	3.40
All men's and ladies' $3.00 Shoes	2.55
All men's and ladies' $2.50 Shoes	2.15
All men's and ladies' $2.00 Shoes	1.70
All girls' and boys' $1.50 Shoes	1.28
All boys' and girls' $1.00 Shoes	85c

Clothing Department

All H. S & M. Suits $20.00 values	15.75
All H. S. & M. Suits, $18.00 values	14.40
All men's Suits, $15.00 values	11.75
All men's Suits, $12.50 values	9.75
All men's Suits, $10.00 values	7.75
All boys' Suits, $5.00 values	4.00
All boys' $3.00 values	2.40

Men's Furnishing Department

All men's 2-piece summer Underwear, 25c and 35c values	19c
All men's 2-piece summer Underwear, 50c values	39c
All men's Shirts, 50c and 65c values	39c
All men's Shirts, $1.00 values	80c
All men's Shirts, $1.50 values	1.20
All men's Hose, 25c and 35c values	19c
All men's Hose, 15c values	12c

Suit and Cloak Department

All Ladies' Skirts, black, brown and grey, $10.00 values	$7.75
All ladies' Skirts, black, brown or grey, $7.00 values	5.60
All ladies' Skirts, black, brown and grey, $5.00 values	4.00
All ladies' Skirts, black, brown and grey, $4.00 values	3.20
All ladies' Suits at 65 cents on the dollar.	
All ladies' $2.00 Shirt Waists	1.60
All ladies' $1.50 Shirt Waists	1.20
All ladies' $1.00 Shirt Waists	80c

Grocery Department

Canned Corn, solid pack, per can	5c
University Tomatoes, extra standard	12½c
Fancy Oranges, per doz	30c
Bananas, per dozen	20c

REMEMBER, that whenever The Golden Rule has a sale, "IT'S GENUINE;" "IT'S NO FAKE." You will find everything as advertised. You will find all the goods "NEW AND UP-TO-DATE." The Golden Rule has no old merchandise to sell. Don't forget the date, Monday, June 18th, to 23rd.

CASH—STRICTLY CASH

2 DELIVERIES

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

2 DELIVERIES

J. BORRY
PHOTOGRAPHER
EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	71c
Oats	34c
Flax	1.01
Butter	13c
Eggs	13c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston last week.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Andy Erickson was down to Crookston last week.

H. M. Hicks was up to Middle River last Saturday.

George Curran was down to Crookston on business last week.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

Attorney Fargo was down to Red Lake Falls last week on business.

—Fresh milch cows for sale. Inquire of the postmaster at Sorum.

Harry Hoberg was in the city from Newfolden the first of the week.

John Mansfield, of Roseau county, was in the city last week on business.

—If in need of school supplies, call at Stebbins' drug store. Best line in the city. Prices reasonable.

Mrs. L. M. Hoag and young daughter returned to this city last week from a visit with relatives in Iowa.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

John Kringlin was down to Crookston over Sunday to meet his sister, Miss Magnhild Kringlin, from the state of New York.

Mrs. Lawrence and Mrs. Anderson arrived in the city Saturday from Fargo, N. D., to visit their son and brother, Frank Lawrence.

Wayne Richardson, who has been attending the state university during the past year, returned to this city last Saturday to spend his vacation.

Walter Rosenbury was down to the Twin Cities the first of the week attending to business matters for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

John W. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, is in our city this week visiting with old friends and attending to a number of important business matters. —Erskine Echo.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

C. C. Jackson & Co. are the local agents for the state's prison binding twine. They will receive a car load in a short time. Farmers who will need binding twine will do well by calling and making arrangements with them.

Max Koenig last Saturday purchased O. A. Bishop's interest in the meat market business of Bishop & Elder and the firm in the future will be Koenig & Elder. Mr. Koenig is an experienced butcher and the new firm is sure to enjoy a good business.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford (optometrist) visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophtholmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at "The Rushford." Consultation free.

Joseph Lang
Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.
Plastering a Specialty.
Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city last Friday.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

C. M. Wilson was up to Sandridge last Saturday.

—Sewing machines at all prices. Torrison Bros.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last week.

H. L. Dudley was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Crookston last week on business.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Miss Linda Robbecke returned to this city Sunday morning from Minneapolis.

Fritz Morck, of Warren, was in the city last week visiting the Robbecke family.

One two story frame dwelling, 14x24 and 14x16, on the East Side, for sale by Julian Jacobson.

For Sale—A 16-horse power threshing outfit, cheap. For Information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

Prof. Hay was up to Middle River last Saturday attending a meeting of the Eastern Marshall County Teachers' association.

Miss Jennie Morck arrived here Saturday evening from Warren to visit Misses Elsie and Stella Robbecke for a few days.

Emil Sedlacek was up to Middle River last week to drill a well for the village up there. A fine flow of water was found at 68 feet.

Mrs. M. J. Gambell arrived in the city from California Monday and will remain here during the summer visiting her son, Dr. F. H. Gambell.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

C. C. Jackson & Co. have been awarded the contract for doing the galvanized iron work of the Knox and Central schools by the Crookston Plumbing and Heating company.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

A game of ball was played Sunday afternoon between the local nine and a nine composed of men employed by the Northwestern Telephone company. The score stood 21 to 4 in favor of the local team.

—The Markham hotel, well furnished throughout and in all respects a first class place, is for rent. Any good hotel man looking for a location can do well by calling upon J. K. Hannay of St. Hilaire nd secure terms.

Frank Hill, one of the brakeman on the Soo passenger west, sprained his knee last Thursday at Viking, while assisting a woman upon the train. He is getting along nicely and will be able to be at work in a few days.

Mrs. Howard M. Clark, of the town of Rollis, died last Friday from a complication of diseases. The body was taken to Duluth for burial. Mrs. Clark was a most estimable lady and leaves a husband and a large family of children.

Mrs. J. Emmet Crowe arrived in the city last week from Prince Albert and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Helgeson. Mr. Crowe has gone to Everett, Wash., and Mrs. Crowe will join him there later and they will make that city their future home.

Bert Walker returned to this city last Saturday from a trip to the Canadian Northwest. He reports that the country is enjoying a very big boom and that the hotels and trains are crowded. Everything is very high and it will cost a person a good round sum just to make the trip.

There will be a sale of the grass on the state lands in the towns of Norden, Numedal and Sanders held at Daniel Shaw's office in Thief River Falls on Friday afternoon at one o'clock, on the 15th of June. Farmers interested must be present and bid for the grass upon these lands.

H. M. Hicks says that the crops up in the towns of Thief Lake and Rollis were never better than they are this year, and that the farmers up that way are very jubilant over the prospects of a fine crop this fall. J. D. Abbott and Howard M. Clark have exceptionally fine looking fields.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

—Lawn seats and lawn swings at Torrison Bros.'

O. Tessum was down to Crookston the first of the week.

R. Foerier, of Brooks, was in the city the first of the week.

Fred Stapelton, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Saturday.

Charles Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday.

George Diebel returned last Saturday from a trip to North Dakota.

A. E. Wahl, the Pelan banker, was in the city the first of the week.

—Wanted—A good girl for general housework, by Mrs. Phil Zeh.

Dr. Lanning returned to this city last week from a business trip to Iowa.

A. I. Anderson and Lars Backe are at Duluth attending the Republican state convention.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

Rev. C. M. Williams, of Crookston, the Sunday school organizer, was in the city the first of the week.

—Best line of school supplies in Thief River Falls at the City Drug Store. F. J. Stebbins, proprietor.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

—Lost—A bunch of keys. One of the keys numbered 17 and one 41. Finder please notify Robert McGinn.

Roy Tabor and Miss Maggie Moriearity were over to Grand Forks to spend Sunday with the latter's parents.

—Found—A lady's handbag containing a sum of money. Owner can have same by calling at Blom's meat market.

Miss Marie Arneson left Tuesday morning for Bemidji, and will remain for a few days visiting friends and relatives.

P. W. Roark and wife left Tuesday morning for Kellihor, where they will spend a few days visiting friends and relatives.

Ralph Douglas, who had been attending Hamline University, arrived here last week to spend the summer vacation.

Mrs. F. H. Gambell returned to this city Monday from a trip to Iowa, where she had spent a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

Harold Hicks, who is attending McAllester College at St. Paul, arrived home last week to spend his vacation with his parents.

Representative Steenerson has introduced a bill in congress allowing the village of Oslo, on the Soo line west of here, to build a pontoon bridge across the Red River at that place.

Herman Ohm was down to Crookston the first of the week attending a meeting of Woodmen held for the purpose of fixing a date for the monstrous Woodmen picnic to be held in Crookston in July Mr. Ohm represented the local camp.

H. F. Gambell was in the city the first of the week visiting his brother, Dr. F. H. Gambell. He has been in charge of the postal department at Manila for some time and is now on his way to Washington, where he takes the position of fourth assistant postmaster general.

Frank Cernousek was in from his claim on the eleven towns the first of the week. While here he purchased eight acres of land of Andrew Stenseth on the banks of the Red Lake river near where the ferry was run last summer. Mr. Cernousek will prove up on his land this fall and remove to the land which he has purchased of Mr. Stenseth.

D. N. Winton and A. L. Matis returned to this city last Friday evening from Prince Albert, Canada. It has been decided that Mr. Matis is to take charge of the Prince Albert plant and he will remove to that place the latter part of this week. J. J. Crowe, who is now in charge up there, will come back to Thief River Falls in about a week and again be superintendent of the mill here.

There was a report about town Sunday morning to the effect that a man had been shot down near the dam Saturday evening. Residents in that section of town heard a pistol shot and the next morning there were numerous blood spots found upon the ground down there. The shooting, however, proved to be that of a dog belonging to Denis LeSarge. The dog had become so old it was both blind and deaf and Night Policeman James Farr ended the life of the animal at the request of the owner.

Household Goods for Sale.

Mrs. Wm. Robinson, residing in the house just north of the Central school building on LaBree avenue, offers the following household goods for sale cheap if taken at once:

Gabler piano, parlor suit, carpets, rugs, rockers, heating stove, range, side board, pictures, hall rack, couch, Singer sewing machine, 5 drawers; folding bed, kitchen table and chairs, dining table and chairs, 2 bedroom suits, iron bed, tables, dishes, lawn mower, garden tools, lamps, etc.

TO GO VIA GREENBUSH

New Plans Concerning the Canadian Great Northern Line.

Will Not Enter Duluth by International Falls Branch.

If James J. Hill's proposed Canadian transcontinental line enters Duluth, it will not be via the International Falls branch, which is about to be constructed, according to present plans of the railway magnate. Should the Canadian road enter Duluth, which it very likely will do, it will be by a survey run southeast from Winnipeg by way of Greenbush, Minn., to Dewey Lake, Minn., from which point the Hill lines have their own rails into Duluth. The extension from Dewey lake to International Falls is to be built as a feeder, and is said to have no connection with the Canadian plans.

During the past few weeks much has been said and written in regard to the so-called invasion of Canada by Mr. Hill and curiosity has been expressed concerning Hill's reasons for building this new transcontinental line, when already the country is served by the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Northern, with the Grand Trunk Pacific under construction.—Duluth Herald.

If the road were built from Greenbush to Dewey Lake, it would run along the north shore of Thief Lake, touch the northeast corner of Marshall county and Beltrami county north of the Red lake. If it is true, it will be good news to the settlers up there.

THE BOSSES RULED

John Duffy Allowed to Name the Delegates to the State Convention.

The county convention held last week was a Red Lake Falls love feast, with Harry Ives, of St. Hilaire, and Lars Backe, of Thief River Falls, the only invited guests from the north end of the county.

The fact that residents of Thief River Falls and the northern part of the county had to drive so far in order to get to the convention made it impossible to secure anywhere near a full delegation from this section. Many of the elected delegates did not attend, but quite a number put in an appearance. The delegates elected in the north end of the county favored Jacobson for governor. That meant that they would have to pay their own expenses to the convention if they attended. Some 16 did go down, knowing they were in the minority, but believing that they would at least be accorded fair treatment in the convention. In this they were greatly disappointed.

Dr. Watson, of Red Lake Falls, who gets his orders from Marcus Johnson, called the convention to order and H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was elected chairman without opposition. To the credit of Mr. Ives, it must be said that he acted in a very fair and impartial manner. The fight came over the election of delegates.

The delegates from Thief River Falls asked that three of the delegates to the state convention be selected from those living in the city of Thief River Falls and the northern part of Red Lake county; that three be selected from St. Hilaire, Plummer and the center of the county, and that three be selected from Red Lake Falls and the southern part of the county. This was so fair a proposition that it came very near carrying, receiving some twenty-two votes of the forty-six then voting in the convention, all of the delegates from the northern part of the county with the exception of Lars Backe voting for this proposition. As the motion lost, the delegates named by John Duffy, who never does anything for his health, were elected.

Dr. Watson, who up to this time had played a minor part in the proceedings, bulldozing delegates who had either not been trained how to vote or desired to assert a little manly independence, and making speeches telling what a friend the common people had in A. D. Stephens, was given the power to name the nine alternates.

Then, as a sop to the delegates, John Duffy kindly made a motion to the effect that the delegates in each commissioner district be allowed to name a member of the county committee—and great was the joy.

Mr. Simons was indorsed as the candidate of Red Lake county for state senator, but Hunt, Deer Park and some more of us have a vote at the primaries in September, providing, of course, John Duffy allows us that privilege.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on LaBree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

TAXES
FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.
Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

MAY BE A BARKIS

Paul I. D. Ostby Being Urged to Run for County Auditor.

Paul I. D. Ostby, of Plummer, was in the city the first of the week sizing up the local sentiment with a view of becoming a candidate for the Republican nomination for county auditor. Mr. Ostby is being urged by many to enter the race and, if he can be assured of strong support in the northern part of the county, he will become a candidate. In the central portion of the county he is said to be very strong. At present the sentiment in Thief River Falls is not for any particular candidate, but there is a strong feeling here against James E. Ford, the present incumbent, who will again be a candidate for re-election.

PAUL I. D. OSTBY.

Mr. Ostby is a good, clean and capable man and if he becomes a candidate it is quite certain that he will be elected. Two years ago he was a candidate and that time made a very creditable showing.

Editor Bell Likes Us.

The completion of the Great Northern to Warroad will put Roseau county in touch with the business interests of Thief River Falls and Crookston, two very live towns. The interests will be mutual in a way and will lead to acquaintance and good fellowship. A recent visit by the editor of the Times to Thief River Falls leads us to say that the population of the town is a unit in showing hospitality to strangers and the business men, young and old, are mighty good fellows and their acquaintance is worth cultivating.—Roseau Times.

Want Government Aid.

A committee of eleven town settlers have appointed A. N. Johnson, the surveyor, to circulate a petition asking congress to appropriate money to drain lands on the eleven towns. Congressman Steenerson has secured the passage of a bill appropriating $15,000 for a government drainage survey on the Red Lake Indian reservation and it is believed that government aid can be secured. In any event, it is well worth making the effort.

MODEL MILLINERY
Correct and Exclusive Styles at
CALDWELL'S
Ready for Your Inspection After
APRIL THIRD.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

McCALL PATTERNS
10 AND 15
NONE HIGHER
McCALL'S MAGAZINE
50 YEAR
INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.
McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.
Lady Agents Wanted. [illegible] Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

A BARREL OF TROUBLE

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plumbers can be found at our address.
We Don't Care
to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good [illegible] effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.
THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY
Phone 221

Do You Want to Get the BEST
in Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings and at the same time have the largest stock in the city to select from? If so, you will call at our store. Our prices are reasonable, our goods honestly made by the most reliable manufacturing concerns in the United States, and we can always guarantee satisfaction.
C. O. D. Clothing House,
Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.
WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.
Pioneer Sash and Door Co.
Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE GROWTH OF DAIRYING

Some Astonishing Figures Regarding the Industry in the Northwest.

The Increase in the Number of Creameries Has Been Great.

The dairy industry, in its several branches of milk, butter and cheese production, is rapidly taking its place as one of the great sources of wealth in the Northwest. Some of the leading industries in this section of the country are temporary in character. In fifty years the lumber industry will be a minor one. Diversified farming similar to that of the middle northern states of the Ohio valley will have supplanted the extensive wheat growing of today, and in this change will be involved many modifications of the flour milling industry. Many of our industries rob the land, and must presently move on to fresher and more virgin soil. But one industry, now growing more and more prominent as the Northwest grows older, by its nature becomes more permanent from year to year. This is the dairy industry, the industry which mends up the rents in soil worn threadbare by exhaustive crops and choppings.

Previous to the establishment in the Northwest of the butter and cheese factory, statistics regarding the value of the dairy interests were almost as much of a guess as are those of egg production and value today. Of recent years, however, enough accurate data has been obtainable to show a remarkable and steady increase both in the number of creameries and the number and total product of dairy herds.

In 1880 there were in Minnesota 140 creameries, all operated by private enterprise. The first co-operative creamery in the state was established in 1890. Today the number of creameries in Minnesota totals 770, over 575 of which are co-operative. In 1890 the total value of the creamery products in Minnesota was only $62,000. Ten years later a writer on the subject comments on the fact that this value has increased to the "astonishing" sum of $8,500,000. Astonishing the growth undoubtedly was, but not more remarkable than has been the subsequent expansion of the industry and of the value of its products. In the last five years the output of the Minnesota creameries has doubled, and the total value of their products in 1905 was not far from $17,000,000. The production of butter alone was in the vicinity of 80,000,000 pounds, an increase of 44,000,000 pounds since 1900. This represents the products of the private dairies. The growth of the cheese industries has not kept pace with the rapid expansion of the butter business in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and there is abundant room for its future development. During the past 18 years, while the Minnesota creameries were increasing in number from 140 to 770, the state's cheese factories increased from 47 to 90. Wisconsin has over 2,000 cheese factories and all are prospering and the possibilities of the industry in the Northwest are almost unlimited.

North Dakota is yet in its infancy as a dairy state, but its growth in the industry is remarkably rapid. In 1899 there were only ten creameries in active operation in the state. Today the number has been multiplied by nine. Of these about one-third are co-operative, the remainder being controlled by stock companies and individuals. There are but three cheese factories in the state. The creameries show an average output of butter of about 5,000 pounds a month and the entire state produced last year not far from 4,500,000 pounds of butter, besides a large unestimated amount of dairy butter.

What profits might reasonably be expected from butter making in the Northwest is indicated by certain data given by the North Dakota state dairy and food commissioner. One farmer in that state selling milk from thirty cows received in one year an average of $31.77 per cow, the animals being fed on prairie hay, millet and pasture only, no grain being fed. Another farmer selling milk from his twenty cows received an average of $40.72 per cow for the year. The skim milk was fed on the farm and but $39 worth of grain was fed during the year. An average product per cow of 18 patrons of a co-operative creamery was $40.11, ranging from $54.54 to $29.96. The net profit per cow in these 18 herds was $33, ranging from $43.09 to $10.30. The largest amount received for one dollar's worth of feed consumed was $5.30, the smallest $2.21, the average being $3.71. And yet the dairy output is very far below the possible in amount per cow. Denmark, the ideal dairy country in the world, produces three times as much butter per cow as does Minnesota. This is a mark to which our Northwest can attain by experience and good management.—Chas. R. Adams.

Don't rent a house. Buy your lumber and lots on time of Wright. Easy terms. A. Wright, agent.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS
FOR SALE — FOR RENT
I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.
It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.
A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.
Now Is the Time to Buy.
D. B. BAKKE
Office South of City Hall

TO THE FATHERLAND.

Large Number from Warren Have Left for Sweden.

Warren Sheaf: A large party of twenty persons, in charge of Louis M. Olson, of the Swedish-American Bank, left Warren Saturday to visit Sweden and Norway, the beautiful lands across the sea, where they first had beheld the light of day. The names of the excursionists are as follows: L. M. Olson, L. M. Johnson, Rev. Carl Wahlin, Lewis Westman and Hans Swanson, wife and daughter, of Warren; Nels Markusson, Alvarado; Nels Malm, Argyle; Peter Anderson, Stephen; Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Bylen and Mr. and Mrs. B. Borgeson, Norton, N. D.; S. Severson, F. J. Samuelson, Mrs. Augusta Samuelson, Mrs. Ellen Olson, Mrs. O. Ronnestrand and Mrs. Gylvik, of Adams, N. D. The members of the party were in high spirits, rejoicing at the thought that soon they were to see again the dear old place where they had been born and which they had not seen since leaving for America twenty, thirty, forty or even more years ago. Everything went well and at Minneapolis the party joined a still larger party of excursionists.

After leaving St. Paul, Mr. Olson, who had charge of the Warren excursionists, was called home by a telegram informing him of sickness in his family. He arrived home yesterday morning. The danger having passed, however, he will start again next Sunday, but will not be able to overtake the party until their arrival in Scandinavia, he having to take passage in another ship. This was quite a disappointment to the party, which had hoped to have Mr. Olson's genial companionship during the trip.

A Big Shipment.

Last Monday the creamery made the largest shipment in the history of the company, shipping to their agents in New York 112 tubs of butter. This is a record that they are proud of and it will keep the other creameries of the country busy for a time at least to excel this output. Shipments are made each week and will be over one hundred tubs each week.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

To Hold a Reunion.

There will be a reunion of the 14th Minn. Vol. Infty. at St. Paul on Tuesday, August 14, 1906. As there are a number of members of company L residing in the vicinity of Thief River Falls, they are requested to correspond with Capt. F. E. Westerberg, of Crookston stating whether or not they will be in attendance.

The Falls Candy Kitchen
SALE
SATURDAY, JUNE 9,
Cocoanut Kisses, Per Pound 15c
ALL CANDIES STRICTLY FRESH.

THE NEWS, $1.00 PER YEAR

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 14, 1906.

Mary McFadden, of the Duluth News-Tribune, hits the scandal mongers in the following pointed paragraph:

"No ill is spoken of the dead, because the dead can not retaliate and the criticism would be manifestly unfair. But when people talk in whispers of a neighbor, they usually talk with the assumption that that neighbor will not be in a position to know what is said. Scandal mongers do not talk for the purpose of having their words repeated to the party injured. They violate the spirit of fair play as wholly as do those who would detract from the worth of the dead."

Minnesota Mascot: Why do people go to Canada in search of cheap land when far better lands can be had at the same price in Northern Minnesota? In the former place they have to take their chances on crop failures, frost and other drawbacks. Here they have none of these things to contend with. There is of course, a reason for this. The state has not been doing what it ought to in making the vacant lands up north inviting. We need a more liberal policy on the part of our legislators toward this problem. These vacant lands will never be built up unless the state does its duty in making them habitable.

Whereas, Hon. L. C. Simons has ably and faithfully represented this district for two terms in the Lower House,

Therefore be it resolved that we endorse the candidacy of Hon. L. C. Simons for the ensuing term and urge his hearty support by all the voters of this county.

The above resolutions were passed by Marcus Johnson, N. M. Watson and John Duffy in convention assembled. Just how much weight it is going to have with the voters of this legislative district remains to be seen. We know one thing, and that is that if Mr. Simons thinks that it settles the matter and insures him the nomination, he is going to be very badly fooled.

Railroads in Politics.

One of the principal objections made to the proposal for government regulation of railroad rates was that it would result in throwing the railroad business into politics, since interference with railroad matters by political officers would inevitably result in the railroads getting into politics to see that their interests are protected, says the Duluth Herald.

This was a rather foolish objection, because it was made only by railroad attorneys, who ought to know as well as anybody that the railroads are already in politics; that they realized long ago that it was to their interest to have friends in public office, and that they have been using politics to their own advantage a great deal more than the people have.

But there is a shade of reason in the argument, though not enough to make it avail against the proposition of government regulation. The way to avoid trouble of this nature is to make sure that the railroads keep out of politics, and the first thing to be done to secure this result is to pass laws prohibiting railroad and other corporations from contributing to campaign funds. There should be a federal law that is strong and effective, and it should be rigidly enforced. There should also be similar laws in every state, and these, too, should be enforced.

If the railroads can not contribute to the campaign funds of the parties that are in power, to buy the friendship of the leaders; if they can not pay for the elections of United States senators, congressmen, and state legislators; if they cannot carry delegates free to *conventions in order to insure* friendliness upon their part; if they can not do these things, which they have been doing for a long time without any very serious popular protest until recently, they will have to get out of politics.

If the railroads can be compelled to keep their hands off politics, there is no fear that anything but fair play will come out of federal and state control of railroads and railroad rates. There is no danger of serious injury to the railroads, since any official action that is unfair and confiscatory will be promptly squelched by the courts.

And in order that laws against corporation contributions to campaign funds may be enforced, there must be satisfactory laws requiring all candidates and all campaign committees to file complete reports of the sources and methods of disbursing their campaign funds. These laws, intelligently devised and fearlessly enforced, will keep the corporations out of politics, where they do not belong, and will keep clean the processes of legislation and law enforcement.

Educated Immigrants.

Those whose imagination pictures the incoming hordes of immigrants as composed entirely of peasants and laborers should examine the returns a little more closely. They will show that it is not the peasant class alone that is turning its longing eyes toward the opportunities of this land, but that many business and professional men are coming too.

Last year, out of the million or more immigrants, there were more than 12,000 professional men. There were 193 physicians from England, 190 from Germany, 64 from the Scandinavian peninsula 106 from Italy and 94 under the designation Hebrew.

There were 141 English lawyers, 21 Scotch lawyers, 39 South American lawyers, 40 from France and 76 rom Cuba.

There also came among the immigrants 1,157 actors, of whom 466 were from England, 189 from Germany, 116 from Italy, 63 from France, 25 from Russia and 32 from Ireland.

The number of musicians was 1,525, of whom 342 were Hebrews, 327 Germans, 96 English, 278 Italians and 49 Poles.

In all 2,256 teachers came to the United States, of whom 302 were Hebrews, 365 French, 333 English, 146 Irish and 474 German.

There came 545 architects, 1,459 clergymen and 1,583 engineers, of whom 645 were Englishmen, and 819 painters and sculptors. Of these artists 168 were Italians, 139 Germans, 131 French, 141 English and 17 Scotch. One is described as "African, black." There were 14 Chinese teachers and 10 Chinese actors. There were also 3 Chinese musicians.

While these numbers will be surprising to many, they form but a small part of the whole number of immigrants, little more than 1 per cent. Of the total number of professional people the greater part were Hebrews, Englishmen, Germans, Frenchmen and Italians, with scattering Scotch, Irish, Poles and Russians.

Imagination and Judgment.

Dr. Eaton, president of Madison university years ago, was beloved by the students and his good opinion courted above all things. One commencement day the student who had delivered the valedictory approached the doctor and timidly asked him what he thought of the effort. The doctor looked at him a moment and then said slowly, "Edward, if you would pluck a few of the feathers from the wings of your imagination and stick them in the tail of your judgment, you would make better speeches."

Talleyrand's Thirteen Oaths.

Talleyrand took thirteen oaths of fidelity—to Clement XIII. when he entered holy orders, to Clement XIV. when he became bishop of Autun, to Louis XVI. in 1789, to the kin and the constitution, to the directory in 1795, to the directory in 1796 as minister of foreign affairs, to the three consuls, to Bonaparte sole consul, to Napoleon emperor, to Louis XVIII. in 1814, to Louis XVIII. at the second restoration in 1815, to Charles X. in 1824, to Louis Philippe in 1830.

A Generous Cardinal.

Cardinal Bonaparte was a grandson of Lucien Bonaparte. He was a very charitable man. During one of his illnesses a servant came to him and said that a poor person at the door begged for alms. "Give him what money you will find in my purse," said the cardinal. "There is no money, eminence. The silver spoons are all given away. We have nothing left but pewter spoons." "Well, bring him in and give him a good meal."

Disappointed In the Boy.

"I don't know what kind of figure that boy'll cut in life," said the old man, with a sigh. He's gone an' shattered all my hopes!"

"Why, what's he been a-doin' of?"

"He's been a-doin' of nothin'," was the reply, "'cept writin' poetry on barn doors when I had set my stakes to make a carpenter or a congressman out o' him!"—Atlanta Constitution.

His Character.

A cook has been going round a station in the south of India with the following "character" and is somewhat surprised he is not engaged: "Abdul has been my cook for three months It seems much longer. He leaves on account of ill health—my ill health."

A Coincidence.

"I suppose you enjoy hearing your boy talk since he went to college."

"Yes," answered Farmer Corntossel, "but ain't it kind of a coincidence that so many of them classical quotations begin with "'Rah, 'rah, 'rah!"—Louisville Courier Journal.

Always Speaking.

Mrs. Jones—I always think twice before I speak once, John. Mr. Jones (sighing)—Exactly, Maria. But you're such a quick thinker.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

BANKRUPT SALE

Will Be Continued Until the Entire Stock Is Sold.

SOMETHING DOING

When You Can Buy Good Staple Goods at Less Than Manufacturers' Prices.

LADIES, Why pay $3.50 to $4.50 for Shirt Waists when you can buy the same thing for $1.48 to $1.98 and everything else in proportion at the Emporium's old stand?

Yours to please,

T. P. Hamre & Co.
MASONIC BLOCK

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

LITTLE SHORT OF A CRIME

Canadian Deal Causing Untold Suffering Among Immigrants.

So Says a Man Who Has Just Returned Home From Battleford.

Frank Jungbauer, of Wadena county, arrived home Sunday night from a month's trip into the Canadian Northwest. He spent three full weeks in traveling over the country within a radius of 150 miles of Battleford, and he has something to say for the benefit of those who may be contemplating removal to that far-off country.

Mr. Jungbauer talked to a reporter of The Pioneer Journal Monday afternoon. He told of his travels and of the conditions as he found them in that part of Saskatchewan he visited. He said:

"I went to Canada four weeks ago, and from that time I put in three full weeks traveling within a radius of 200 miles of the town of Battleford, which is the home of the Kissack family. Before I went to Canada, I had another party file on a homestead for me. This homestead was 50 miles from Battleford and, after going over the land and looking around over the surrounding country, I concluded that I did not want the land and dropped the claim. It was no good.

"After leaving my claim I traveled around over a stretch of country 150 miles long and 50 miles south of Battleford. The country is for the most part rolling, and aside from an occasional block of land as large as a township, the rest of the country is worthless for general farming purposes. While we were out, there were some heavy frosts. I recall that on the night of May 16 there was such a heavy frost in the morning that it resembled snow more than frost. We suffered considerably from the cold. The grain was just coming up when I left Battleford, while some are still seeding. There has been a good deal of rain there this spring, but still there is no water. To a citizen of Wadena county it would seem strange to have to buy water to drink, but this is what they have to do up there. Aside from the rivers, there is practically no water at all. People have to buy water, and when this condition presented itself to me, I became quite disgusted at once. I know a man there who drilled down 75 feet and then he did not come to water. The poor, deluded settlers joined in petitioning the government to send them a well drill so that they might get to work and strike water. Whether this drill will be sent remains to be seen.

"Not two out of ten of the settlers are satisfied. Many told me that if they could get enough money together they would lose no time in returning to the states, but they are now too poor to get back. They left their former homes with small amounts of money, and the high prices in their new homes have gradually made them the next thing to paupers. Two men from Nebraska told me that they would be glad to get back to that state, but they feared they could not make it, as their money was gone. The settlers who go to Canada are required to keep their stock and machinery for a year after going there. If they sell off their property within a year, they are subject to a fine. This keeps them from realizing enough money from their stock and machinery to get back home, otherwise many more would return.

"Prices for everything are very high. A binder costs $150, a plow worth $15 here sells for $33 there; a package of Duke's Mixture smoking tobacco which sells here for five cents sells for fifteen cents there. A yoke of oxen brings $200 and a good team of horses will cost $600. Everything else is in proportion, even down to the groceries. These high prices soon rob the settlers of what little money they may have.

"I was glad to pay 50 cents for the privilege of sleeping on the floor. Meals are 50 cents everywhere and beds are the same. Every depot agent, hotel keeper and restaurant man is a land agent, and they do up the settlers in proper fashion when they have a chance. One man named Smith, who was not very well educated and was rather easily imposed upon, bought a farm for $8 an acre. He paid $500 down. In a short time the land agent sent him word that if he expected to hold the land he would have to pay $15 per acre. The poor fellow was at his wit's end to know what to do, but some people interested themselves in his case and after a law suit he got his money back. The experience cost him dear, however.

"I had intended to stay in Canada this summer, but I found that I could not buy a job there. People who have work to be done pay just what they please for labor. Many are working for 50 cents a day and are glad to get that. They are near starvation and must work for what they can get.

"Around Battleford the country is more adapted for ranching and some of the ranchers are making good money. Where the crime comes in is in inducing people to go there expecting to farm. To get into the ranching business costs so much that very few of the settlers can hold out until they get a start. Without at least $2,000 to start with a person could not hope to get a foothold ranching.

"I was in the vicinity of Yorktown, Saskatchewan, three years ago and think it is a better country there than around Cattleford. There may be better spots in the Canadian Northwest than I have seen, but, from what I have observed and learned from talking with travelers from all over the country, there is evidently much suffering and great dissatisfaction."

WAR ON THE DANDELIONS

Grand Forks Kids Were Busy One Day Last Week.

Rid the City of Dandelions in One Day and Are Rewarded for This Work.

Last Tuesday was dandelion day in Grand Forks, and between 3 and 6 o'clock hundreds of children wended their way to the weighing station, where Mayor Duis stood ready to award the prizes and certify to the amount of compensation each boy or girl was entitled to.

Some time ago the commercial club started a war on the little yellow flower, which some regard with sentimental interest, but which the cold utilitarian looks upon as a nuisance. The sum of $50 was set aside by the club to be awarded to the children who assisted in ridding the lawns and vacant lots of the city of the dandelion pest.

A prize of $5 was offered to the child bringing in the greatest quantity, $2 to the one having the second largest lot, and $1 each to the four having the next greatest accumulation. In order that all might be compensated for the work they were doing in beautifying the city, 1 cent a pound was to be paid for all of the plants turned in, in addition to the prizes.

With visions of Fourth of July spending money in their minds, the "kids" turned themselves loose in force, and the person who now can find a little yellow-haired dandelion in Grand Forks will be entitled to a reward.

The little workers came to the weighing place loaded down with baskets, bundles, bags and every variety of receptacle. Some had gathered such great quantities that a vehicle was necessary to bring them in. Foreseeing this, the city provided two carts, which made the rounds and gathered up bales and sacks of the harvest. A pile almost as big as a house had accumulated when all the returns were in. Each child was given a slip calling for a sum equal to 1 cent a pound for all they turned in. The prizes will be awarded as soon as the committee has figured them out.

So successful has been the crusade against the dandelion that the Commercial club is considering the offering of prizes to interest the children in other directions. Probably a crusade against signs will be the next feature inaugurated.

WANT A NEW DITCH.

Farmers of Black River and Polk Center Townships File Application.

A petition for a public ditch in the townships of Black River and Polk Center was filed in the office of County Auditor Ford last week, signed by Chas. Johnson, C. Moren, Swan Johnson and others.

The petitioners ask for the construction of a waterway starting in section 8 in Black River and terminating at section 14 in Polk Center, the general trend being in a southwesterly direction and through a part of the two towns badly in need of drainage.

It is stated that the freeholders along the proposed ditch are unanimous in favor of its construction and that no opposition will develop. The county board will consider the matter at their meeting on July 10.

Did Good Work.

The Russell grader which the town of Silverton purchased some time ago, was taken out on Monday of this week and on Tuesday an expert showed the farmers how to operate it and construct roads. The grader is said, by those from this city who witnessed the work, to be an excellent machine for road building, and the town of Silverton is to be congratulated.

Disease takes no summer vacation.

If you need flesh and strength use

Scott's Emulsion

summer as in winter.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
[illegible] Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

GOOD ROADS THE TOPIC

Representative Peterson Working Hard to Secure Better Highways.

Wants the Legislature to Make a Direct Tax Levy for Road Purposes.

If the people of Minnesota want better roads, the most practicable way of getting them is to support the proposed constitutional amendment empowering the state legislature to make a direct tax levy for road purposes, and to vote for the proposition at the November election. This is the opinion of Ole Peterson, of Brighton, Nicollet county's representative in the legislature and president of the Nicollet County Good Roads association, and he has called a meeting of the organization to be held at Lafayette village June 19, to boost the amendment. Mr. Peterson is well known in Thief River Falls, having visited C. M. Wilson here a number of times, and the people of this section, being for good roads, will take an interest in the meeting.

No man in Minnesota is a more ardent advocate of good roads than Mr. Peterson. He is one of the pioneers in the movement and, in addition to holding the presidency of the county organization, is vice president of the Minnesota Good Roads association. In the house he has been a recognized leader of the good roads forces, and his record shows that he has supported all of the bills calculated to be of benefit.

While he has been in the legislature two bills which provide for the abolition of the present road overseer system and the collection of road taxes in money have been passed by the senate, but both were killed in the house on the ground that their enactment as laws would work a hardship on the sparsely-settled regions in Northern Minnesota.

Although he supported both measures, Mr. Peterson frankly admits that they were faulty, the principal weakness lying in the fact that if, for any reason, the board of supervisors in a township should be opposed to the collection of a cash tax, they could levy only a small rate.

In this way the laws would work to the detriment of the best interests of good roads, and it is for this reason that Mr. Peterson favors the adoption of the amendment permitting the legislature to make the levy.

Discussing state aid, he says: "You will find that from 40 to 45 per cent of the taxable property of the state is in city and village property, and I think it no more than just and proper that this portion of wealth should be taxed in connection with other property in the state for the benefit of better country roads. The citizens of rural districts should be thoroughly conversant with these facts, in order that they may fully realize the benefit of state aid and that they may better appreciate the importance of the proposed amendment. If it is adopted, the legislature can levy one-fourth of a mill, and a quarter of a million will build some nice stretches of highway."

Mr. Peterson is making every effort to arouse interest in the meeting at Lafayette, June 19. He has secured Geo. W. Cooley, secretary and engineer of the state highway commission, to deliver an address, and other prominent good roads workers will be present. It is expected that the attendance will be much larger than usual.

ESPLEE.

Mr. Herberg returned from Hendrum, where he has been receiving medical treatment. He says he feels better now.

August Knudson shot a big bear last Saturday, they are reported to be quite numerous in this vicinity.

Thos. Lewis and others were working on the new corduroy last week. It will soon be passable if they continue to work.

Mr. E. L. Quist, of Silverton, gave us a pleasant call last Sunday.

Maggie Lien visited with the Sunds Sunday.

Hilda Sund has commenced teaching school in P. Hockman's house.

The Herberg boys are using their ditching engine to grub with, and the big oak tree has to come out of its place in a short time.

H. A. Halvorson is going to ditch for Tenold. Ditching is the only thing in this vicinity.

Handrikson bought a fine horse from Johnson the other day.

Fred Sidmore called at Pat McQuade's Sunday.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

—Subscribe for the News.

"Cut it Out"

says many a doctor to his lady patients, because he doesn't know of any medicine that will cure female troubles except the surgeon's knife.

That such a medicine exists, however, is proved by thousands of cures made by

WINE OF CARDUI

Cures Womb Disease

It has saved the lives of many weak, sick women and rescued others from a lifetime of chronic sickness. It will cure you if you will only give it a chance. Try it.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in $1.00 bottles.

GAVE UP SUPPORTER.

"I wore a supporter for four years, to keep up my womb," writes Mrs. S. J. Chrisman, of Mannsville, N. Y. "My doctor said no medicine would help me. After taking Cardui I gave up my supporter and am now well."

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.
Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO
A. E. ABRAHAM'S
FOR THE BEST GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS
FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

THE NEWS,
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Opera House One Night Only

The Great Comedian

John Thompson

THE MOST VERSATILE ACTOR IN AMERICA
Will Appear in His Comical

FUNNY FELLOWS
OF NEW YORK

THURSDAY, JUNE 21

Everything in the Performance Is Comical—Not a Serious Line During the Evening.

10 Comical Cuaracters. 10 Comical Specialty Acts.
16 Comical Songs. 200 Comical Jokes.

The Most Comical Dancing that You or Any One Else Ever Saw.

ROARS OF LAUGHTER

SEW YOUR BUTTONS ON TIGHT

Admission - - - - - - 10, 20 and 30 Cents

Reserved Seat Tickets on Sale at the Usual Place.

A lady will be admitted free with each reserved seat ticket purchased before the doors open.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR— THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Graham Shorthand Institute and Business College

Courses of Instruction

In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Commercial Law, Telegraphy and Elementary Branches.

Personal and Individual Instruction given each student. We guarantee results and assist all graduates to positions.

Our Instructors are Practical stenographers and bookkeepers, and give you a Thoro and Practical training in the commercial branches.

We Want 100 New Students

for the spring term. Special rates to those entering now. Write or call

John W. Neukom, Principal
Thief River Falls, - - - Minnesota

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Puget Sound

Every day from June 1 to September 15, very low round trip rates will be in effect over the Great Northern Ry. to

Seattle, Portland, Everett, Vancouver, Spokane and Montana.

$60 Puget Sound Points.
$57.50 Wenatchee.
$55 Spokane, The "Kootenai," Fernie, B. C.
$50 Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Belton, (Lake McDonald), Lethbridge.

Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota" Seattle to Japan and China.

A PECULIAR FISH.

The Turbot's Ball and Socket Eye of Black and Gold.

Lying limp and slimy on a fishmonger's slab, or dry and sandy in the fishwives' baskets, the turbot is, perhaps, the least interesting of fish. When swimming in an artificial sea or lying on the sandy bottom it is the most attractive of all of the denizens of this mock ocean and whether at rest or in motion has an air of vigilance, vivacity and intelligence greater than that of any of the normally shaped fish. This is in part due to its habits and in part to the expression of the flat fish's eye. This, which is sunk and invisible in the dead fish, is raised on a kind of turret in the living turbot, or sole, and set there in a half revolving apparatus, working almost as independently as the "ball and socket" eyes of the chameleon. There is this difference, however, in the eye of the lizard and of the fish—the iris of the chameleon is a mere pinhole at the top of the eyeball, which is thus absolutely without expression. The turbot's, or "butt's," eyes are black and gold and intensely bright, with none of the fixed, staring stupid appearance of ordinary fishes' eyes. It lies upon the sand and jerks its eyes independently into position to survey any part of the ground surface, the water above, or that on either side at any angle.

If it had light rays to project from its eyes instead of to receive, the effect would be precisely that made by the sudden shifting of the jointed apparatus, which casts the electric light from a warship at any angle on to sea, sky or horizon. The turbots, though ready, graceful swimmers, moving in wavelike undulations across the water or dashing off like a flash when so disposed, usually lie perfectly still upon the bottom. They do not, like the dabs and the flounders, cover themselves with sand, for they mimic the color of the ground with such absolute fidelity that except for the shining eye it is almost impossible to distinguish them. It would appear that volition plays some part in this subtle conformity to environment, for one turbot, which is blind, has changed to a tint too light and not at all in harmony with that of the sand.—London Spectator.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

No man is as dangerous as his threats.

When some men have nothing to do they become reformers.

If a man asks a candid opinion from a friend and gets it, it makes him mad.

Some people invariably get the worst of it, because they are always demanding the best of it.

As soon as a man gets a notion that his employer can't get along without him he is getting ready to lose his job.

There is always the danger that every man will become the hired man and every mother the hired girl to their family.

When a young man begins to make regular visits to a girl, how it would knock out the romance if it were said that he was calling on her to make arrangements for hiring a cook.—Atchison Globe.

Where Kit Marlowe Was Buried.

St. Nicholas, Deptford, possesses richer literary, artistic and naval associations than most churches of the river side. It was the parish church of John Evelyn and his tenant, Peter the Great, who delighted to make the parson drunk, as well as of a long line of naval heroes. One of the many historic monuments quaintly commemorates Peter Pott, "the Noah of his age," who invented the frigate. A weird wood carving, representing the prophet Ezekiel in the valley of dry bones, is by Grinling Gibbons, who was "discovered" here by Evelyn. The parish register records the burial of Christopher Marlowe, "slaine by ffrancis Archer" on June 1, 1593.—Westminster Gazette.

Oddly Shaped Spiders.

The most peculiar spiders in the world, as well as the largest ones, inhabit the island of Sumatra. They are of all conceivable forms and colors, and some of them spin threads almost as large and strong as the grocer's twine. Some queerly shaped spiders have square bodies poised on long red legs, and others have crooked green and yellow legs which support heart shaped bodies. One of the very oddest of the lot has a body that looks like that of a young turtle, the "shell" having round knobs and pear shaped projections all over it.

Monument to a Fish.

A "tombstone" which is to be seen in the garden of Fish cottage, Blockley, a picturesque village in South Worcestershire, is believed to be the only fish's tombstone in existence. The inscription is as follows:

In Memory of the Old Fish.
Under the soil the old Fish, do, lie.
Twenty years, he, lived and then, did, die.
He was so tame you, understand
He would, come, and eat, out, of, our, hand.
Died April the 20th, 1855.
Aged 20 years.

—London Graphic.

Sad Story.

Kind Lady—Do you mean to tell me that reading Shakespeare brought you to prison? What works did you read? No. 411—"Romeo an' Juliet," mum. Kind Lady—But what evil influence could that have on you? No. 411—Why, it learned me to be a porch climber, mum.—Puck.

Mistaken Identity.

"I just dropped in again today," said the lady, "to see those lovely sideboards you had last week"—

"Not me, ma'am," replied the callow furniture salesman. "I ain't never been able ta-raise even a mustache."—Philadelphia Press.

Franklin on Catching Cold.

It is well known, says the New York Evening Post, that Franklin made a particular study of colds and had his own theory about them, which we believe is pretty much the theory of today. One of his assertions was that catching cold does not come from mere cold, but from unequal temperature over the body and from undistributed moisture. To prove this he made a number of observations on occasions when he did and did not suffer. A few of these follow:

By putting on a damp shirt on a dry body—yes.

By putting on a dry shirt on a wet body, though this wets the body ten times more—no.

By sitting in a room where the floor has been newly washed—yes.

By going into a river and staying there an hour (no sheets so wet)—no.

By wetting the feet only—yes.

By wetting all the clothes through the body and wearing them a whole day—no.

By sitting in a room against a crevice—yes.

By sitting as long in the open air—no.

How Cyanide Was Discovered.

Scheele in 1783 laid the foundations for the manufacture of cyanide of potassium. With prussiate of potash for its base, dried animal matter of any and all kinds was dumped into the superheated vessels containing the potash, together with iron filings and borings. A stonelike black mass resulted from the cooling, and other processes brought the final lemon colored crystals which resulted from evaporations of the solutions. From these crystals prussic acid was evolved, of which a 2 per cent solution is the pharmaceutical preparation, yet so powerful that four drops will kill a large dog. A chemist, putting a cyanide solution in a gold lined dish in 1844, discovered that the gold was dissolved in the liquid. This was the beginning of the gold plating process by the use of cyanide and the further involvement of the poison came about in electroplating, in photography and in treating refractory gold ores.—Technical World.

A Canadian Paradise.

Temagami is shaped like an octopus, with long stretched out arms, and its shores are indented with deep circling bays, island strewn and culminating in sharp points and curves that add to the beauty of this magical scene. "The lake of deep waters" is the meaning of the Indian word, and they lie very deep and cool in their bed of granite, in stillness a perfect mirror, in storm darkly menacing, with foam edged waves showing fanglike teeth. Being a hundred square miles in area, Temagami forms one of Canada's great natural reservoirs. Mighty rivers from the height of land to the north flow into it, and it in turn feeds the streams that flow southward, carrying their life giving waters through the forests to the peopled lands below. There are 1,400 islands in the lake, and the government has included the whole area in a magnificent forest reserve of a million and a half acres.—Kate Westlake Yeigh in Four Track News.

Jammed Fingers.

Few people have escaped jammed fingers, and as the pain caused when the finger is jammed in a door is excruciating in the extreme for the first few minutes it is well to know of some means of relief. The finger should be plunged into water as hot as can possibly be borne. This application of hot water causes the nail to expand and soften, and the blood pouring out beneath it has more room to flow. Thus the pain is lessened. The finger should then be wrapped in a bread and water poultice. A jammed finger should never be neglected, as it may lead to mortification of the bone if it has been badly crushed, and amputation of the finger must follow. Jammed toes are usually caused through the falling of heavy weights and should be treated in the same way as a jammed finger.

New York's First Sidewalk.

The first sidewalk in New York was laid by a woman, Mrs. Samuel Provoost, about 1716. She was an importer and merchant and laid the sidewalk for the convenience of her customers. She had importuned the authorities to do it, but they refused, saying it was impossible. After her object lesson paving and curbing gradually came in, but for some time her sidewalk was so famous that people journeyed even from Philadelphia to see it.

Knew It.

"Well, after the dinner Boresome told a story about his exploits in Africa and then one about an Irishman he met in Switzerland."

"But I thought you were not at the banquet."

"Nor was I at this particular one, but have attended sixteen others where Boresome told these stories."

Bad Habits.

"It would be a very bad thing if farmers ever got control of the national finances."

"Why so?"

"Because from sheer force of habit they would want to be always watering the stock."—Baltimore American.

He Knew.

Meekly—Yes, we're going to move to Swamphurst. Doctor—But the climate there may disagree with your wife. Meekly—It wouldn't dare!—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Retort Professional.

Lawyer Quibble—You a doctor! Why, you couldn't cure a ham! Dr. Sawbones—And you, sir—you couldn't try a case of lard!

Our own heart, and not other men's opinions, forms our true honor.—Coleridge.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Sever Bergan, H. E. No. 903, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter O. Brevik, of Germantown, Minn.
Halvor A. Vinjeru, " "
Donough O'Brien, " "
Fred Solle, " "

may 17 june 21 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Receiver or Register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 13th, 1906, viz: George Wold, H. E. No. 2,806, Chippewa Series, for the N½ SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4, Sec. 34, T. 155 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Knut Rognes, of Germantown, Minn.
John Graff, " "
Mikkel Anderson, " "
John Anderson, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Charlie T. Thompson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Chris Porter, " "
Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, "
Jay Paine, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 10th, 1906, viz: Ole O. Byklum, H. E. No. 154, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 1, 2 and S½ NE¼, Sec. 3, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

T. H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hans H. Pederson, of Thorwick, "
Charley C. Overum, " "
Charles Evenson, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Paul L. Wambheim, H. E. 52, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nils Swanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Elias J. Overland, " "
Haldor P. Sponheim, of Manor, "
Sjur L. Solberg, of Thorwick, "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Sixteen and 96-100 Dollars upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John La Crosse and Mary La Crosse, his wife, Mortgagors, to Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1905, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book 13 of Mortgages, on page 67,

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Crookston, by written assignment dated the 1st day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 2nd day of May, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 314, and by reason of the default hereinbefore mentioned the said The First National Bank of Crookston, the Assignee of the Mortgagee, chooses to declare and hereby does declare the whole debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage due and payable, making in all the sum of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: The South west quarter (SW¼) of the South east quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; Lots Twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 6th day of July, 1906, at 1 o'clock P. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1906.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROOKSTON, Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May [illegible], 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Victor A. Trochmann, H. E. [illegible], Chippewa Series, for the SW¼ NE¼, Lots 1, 2, Sec. [illegible], Tp. [illegible] N., R. [illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Emil Rupprecht, of Thorwick, Minn.
Anton Nustvold, " "
Tyler Wold, " "
John Lindquist, " "

may 31 july 5 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June [illegible], 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2nd, 1906, viz: [illegible] Salmonson Jr., as one of the heirs of Salmon Salmonson, deceased, H. E. [illegible] (Red Lake Series) for the SW¼, Sec. [illegible], T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

[illegible] Omdahl, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
T. S. Holom, " "
Charley H. Omdahl, " "
Tom M. Omdahl, " "

june 14 july 19 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 17th, 1906, viz: Martin P. Mork, H. E. No. 244, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 32, Tp. 154 N., Rg. [illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charley Patterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Ottum, " "
Martin Quist, " "
Gust Bergren, " "

june 7 july 12 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

To Denis Cavanagh,
Hudson, Wisconsin.

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that default has been made in the payment, due June First, 1906, on your written contract for the purchase of Lots numbered Thirteen, Fourteen and Fifteen of Block numbered Fifty-eight in the original townsite of the city of Thief River Falls in Red Lake County, Minnesota; Which contract is dated May 12th, 1906, and by the terms of which contract, Math Barzen, as grantor, agreed to convey and assure to you, the said Denis Cavanagh, the above described real estate.

That there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of Thirty-Five Hundred dollars, as principal, and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $3,500.00, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from June Second, 1906, together with the costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said grantor, Math Barzen, will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

june 7 21 MATH BARZEN, Grantor.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

Letters of Administration with the Will annexed this day having been granted to Annie I. E. Robinson.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday, the Fourth day of December, 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice thereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County, as provided by law.

Dated June 4th, 1906.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

june 7 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Theodor E. Evenby, as one of the heirs of John Engebretson, deceased, H. E. 339, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 20, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Thor Skaar, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Holmen, " "
Martin J. Berg, " "
Halvor H. Olsen, of Germantown, "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Thomas B. Gilfoy, H. E. 4,203, Chippewa Series, for the S½ SW¼, Sec. 22, N½ NW¼, Sec. 27, Tp. 155 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " "
Tollef C. Hovelsos, " "
Emil Hanson, " "

may 24 june 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., June 6, 1906.
Doc. 4011.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Henry Lundy, contestant, against homestead entry No. 1147, made April 24, 1905, for northeast quarter Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., by Nels B. Swenson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Nels B. Swenson has failed to establish his residence upon said land and has made no improvements thereon from the time of making said entry to the date hereof; that he has wholly failed to comply with the conditions of the homestead laws and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past, and that said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 18, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 6, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

june 14 july 4 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Peter M. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul, Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 26 of mortgages on page 514.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is the sum of one thousand two hundred and sixty one and ninety-two one hundredths ($1,261.92) dollars; That the premises described in and covered by said mortgage is Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, according to the map or plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the third day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 13th, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
FARGO & STANTON, Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. june 14 jul 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2, 1906, viz: Frank Gravelle, H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Charles Schuster, " "
Edward Warner, of Germantown, "

june 14 july 19 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

THREE MEN DROWNED

TRIO OF ST. PAULITES LOSE THEIR LIVES BY CAPSIZING OF ROWBOAT.

Bitterly Contested Suit at Capital City Ends in Heavy Verdict for the Plaintiff—St. Paul Motorman Instantly Killed by Picking Up a Live Electric Wire—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, June 9.—O. J. Nordby, saloonkeeper; John Shea, elevator operator at the Aberdeen hotel, and Dennis F. McGuinn, saloonkeeper, were drowned and William Brooks, a bartender, was rescued in a critical condition as the result of their boat capsizing while fishing at Bass lake, several miles north of this city. The four men were crowded into one boat and when 400 feet from shore a heavy wind came up, the craft became unmanageable and capsized. Two men on shore heard their cries and hurried to the scene. They managed to rescue Brooks and McGuinn, but the latter died before he could be taken ashore. The bodies of Nordby and Shea have been recovered.

KILLED BY LIVE WIRE.

Motorman Attempts to Remove Obstruction From Track.

St. Paul, June 7.—Sanford Swanson, twenty-eight years old, an apprentice motorman for the street car company, was instantly killed by coming in contact with a live wire that had been broken by the wind. Swanson was riding in the vestibule of a street car with the motorman. When the car reached Fourth and Exchange streets the men noticed that a wire had been blown down and was lying across the tracks. The wire was blazing and sputtering and the motorman ordered Swanson to remove it.

Swanson boldly walked up to the wire and, apparently ignorant of the danger, picked it up in his hand. He fell instantly and before several bystanders and the passengers on the car could reach him he was dead.

HEAVY VERDICT GIVEN.

Bitterly Contested Suit Comes to an End at St. Paul.

St. Paul, June 9.—In the suit of Charles E. Lind against William L. Keefe the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of $12,261.51, the full amount asked.

This suit, which was bitterly contested, was one in which Lind sued Keefe to recover $11,250, being half the amount of a settlement of a claim against the Soo railroad for injuries sustained by Lind in an accident, and about $1,100 in interest.

Keefe handled Lind's case and retained half the amount of the settlement under the terms of a contract which Lind had signed while lying in a hospital.

GENERAL POPE DEAD.

Former Minnesota State Senator and Public Examiner.

Grand Marais, Minn., June 8.—General E. M. Pope, aged sixty-eight, is dead here. General Pope was a former state senator and also served as public examiner under Governor John Lind. He was formerly connected with the Citizens' Savings bank of St. Paul, but has been in Grand Marais for a number of years conducting an abstract office and was also engaged in the lumbering business.

The remains were taken to Mankato, his former home, for interment.

General Pope served with distinction during the Civil war, commanding a corps in the Army of the Potomac.

BOY DROWNS IN WATER TANK.

Eighteen-Months-Old Lad Found Dead by Brother.

Blue Earth, Minn., June 9.—Harold Atwood Snively, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Snively, residing two miles north of this city, was drowned in a water tank in their yard this forenoon. It is not known how long the little fellow had been dead when found by his brother Henry. There was three feet of water in the receptacle, which was used for watering stock.

AMES ASKS MAYORALTY.

Former Executive Files for Minneapolis Office.

Minneapolis, June 11.—Dr. A. A. Ames has filed for the Democratic nomination for mayor of Minneapolis, the city with a lid.

Scared Boy Drops Dead.

Minneapolis, June 7. — Leonard Plack, a young boy living at 621 Harrison avenue northeast, fell dead from heart failure. The Plack boy with two other lads were playing on the street just after dark. Two intoxicated tramps came along and one of them remarked: "Here's some boys; let's chase them." The three lads all ran and Plack fell before he had gone very far.

County Conventions in Minnesota.

St. Paul, June 7.—County conventions to select delegates to the Republican state convention at Duluth on June 12 have been held throughout the state and delegates have been elected. Few of the delegates are instructed for any candidate for governor.

RAILROADS OWN ELEVATORS.

Charges Made by Senators La Follette and McCumber.

Washington, June 6.—Senators La Follette and McCumber have introduced resolutions providing for investigation of the close relations said to exist between the grain carrying railroads and the elevators of the Middle West.

It is alleged by both senators that railroad officials own or control all the elevators at distributing points and juggle the grading of grain in such a way as to give the shippers low prices and sell it at high prices for their own benefit.

The points chiefly complained of are Superior, Duluth and Minneapolis.

The McCumber resolution provides for an investigation as to other shipping and receiving points, including New York, Baltimore and the leading business centers.

In his speech on the rate bill Senator La Follette referred to the relations of the railroads and the grain elevator trust as one of the great evils of present transportation conditions and later Senator McCumber made a speech on the elevator trust question, when he went into greater details.

YOUTH CRITICALLY ILL.

Spends Seven Days in a Box Car Without Food.

Minneapolis, June 6.—With nothing to eat for seven days and scarlet fever burning him up the physicians at the city hospital believe nevertheless they can save August Mueller, aged sixteen, who was found in a box car at Clearwater Junction, just outside the city.

The boy says his parents are dead and he ran away from home at Spring Valley, Minn., to find a brother who lives in Los Angeles, Cal. He says he walked to Albert Lea, Minn., and lay two days in a box car with nothing to eat but a sandwich the first night.

When he got to Minneapolis he was afraid to go out for fear of being arrested and hid in a Great Northern car because he knew that went West.

BIG DITCH PLANNED.

Important Irrigation Project Near Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls, Minn., June 9.—One of the most important ditching operations to be undertaken in this county for a long time has just been authorized by the county commissioners. This is the big Erhard-Pelican-Maplewood-Lida ditch. It includes one large drain and a system of twelve smaller ones. There has been no opposition to the work, but there was some objection to the assessment of benefits. This matter, however, now has been adjusted, and bids for the construction of the ditch will be asked for.

BRIDGE DAMAGED BY STEAMER.

Congestion of Trains One Result of Accident.

Superior, Wis., June 7.—The Minnesota draw of the Northern Pacific bridge, which was struck by the steamer Hooger and Mason while that boat was bound up the river Wednesday, will be out of commission for at least a week, according to a statement made by Northern Pacific officials. Meanwhile all trains make a detour by way of the Grasse point bridge at West Duluth. A train congestion is reported as a result of the accident.

POISONED BY IMPURE MILK.

Fifteen Hamline University Students Very Sick.

St. Paul, June 7.—Fifteen co-eds of Hamline university were poisoned by impure milk Monday night. The co-eds had the milk served to them as usual for supper and then became deathly sick. The matter was kept quiet and physicians called to attend them. All but three have recovered. These are said to be in no serious danger, but are still very ill. The names of the students could not be learned.

TWO PERSONS DROWNED.

Mother and Son Are Thrown From Buggy Into Stream.

Elk River, Minn., June 7.—Mrs. Joseph Imholt, Jr., and her five-year-old son of Clear Lake were drowned about three miles from that place in attempting to drive onto a bridge crossing the Elk river. They were thrown from the buggy into the stream, which had been made a raging torrent by recent rains.

Miner Crushed to Death.

Chisholm, Minn., June 9.—An avalanche of ore crushed out the life of Louis Amato, aged twenty-four, an Italian, in the Monroe mine. Amato was working near "B" shaft when, without warning, the dirt began crumbling away and Amato was thrown to the bottom of the pit, a distance of fifty feet. More than fifty tons of ore fell on him.

Alderman's Body Found in Barn.

Minneapolis, June 4.—J. S. Lane, representing the Second ward in the city council, was found dead in the barn in the rear of his residence. He had been ailing for some time and it is conjectured that he arose early, went to the barn to attend to his horse and while doing so was seized with heart failure.

Steamer Crescent City Released.

Duluth, June 5.—The monster steel ore carrier Crescent City, which went aground on the North shore of Lake Superior ten miles northeast of Duluth in the gale on Nov. 28 last, has been released.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Robert A. Smith has been sworn in as mayor of St. Paul for the eighth time.

Mrs. Dorothy King, a resident of Stillwater for many years, is dead, aged seventy-six.

John Pavelka, aged eighty-six, killed himself at Chatfield with a shotgun while despondent over ill health.

Sanford Swanson was instantly killed at St. Paul by an electric light wire that had been broken by the wind.

Thomas Sexton, a St. Paul fireman, while walking in his sleep fell through a trapdoor and received serious injuries.

An avalanche of ore crushed out the life of Louis Amato, an Italian, twenty-four years of age, in the Monroe mine near Chisholm.

William Brown of Chicago, one of the best known experts on horses in the country, dropped dead at South St. Paul during an auction sale of horses.

Fred G. Hunt, the brilliant dramatic critic of the Milwaukee Journal, who was formerly one of the best known newspaper writers in the Twin Cities, is dead.

The steamer Park Bluff, one of the boats owned by ex-Governor Van Sant, struck a bunch of hidden piling in Lake St. Croix just below Stillwater and went to the bottom.

The bi-state convention of the German Methodist Epworth league and Sunday schools of Minnesota and North Dakota had a three days' session at New Ulm last week.

James C. Morrison, for forty-four years an employe of the Great Northern road, is dead at St. Paul, aged seventy. He was the oldest locomotive engineer in the Twin Cities.

The state has commenced suit against the Duluth and Northern Minnesota railroad and the Minnesota and Northern Wisconsin railroad to collect the 4 per cent gross earnings tax for 1905.

Despondent over a fear that a strong desire for liquor would cause him to backslide after his conversion Louis Larson, a young Swede living with his parents near Osakis, committed suicide by hanging.

The recount in the St. Paul mayoralty contest has been completed and Mayor Smith's plurality of 1,501 was cut down sixty-eight. There were few incidents during the recount which attracted public attention.

Andrew Carnegie has pledged $30,000 toward the endowment fund of Macalester college at St. Paul provided the college will raise $120,000 from other sources. Of this amount $100,000 has already been raised.

Eighty-nine young people graduated from the Mankato normal school last week. Governor Johnson made the address and the diplomas were conferred by Eli Torrance of Minneapolis, a member of the state normal board.

W. H. Dunwoody and wife have presented their old home at 52 West Tenth street, Minneapolis, to the Women's Christian association of that city to be used as a boarding home for girls. The property is worth more than $100,000.

While his mother's attention was engaged in her household duties at Minneapolis Peter Halset, an eighteen-months-old baby, secured possession of a bottle of carbolic acid and drank a quantity of the deadly fluid. He died almost instantly.

With a bullet wound in the right temple and a broken watch chain hanging from the vest the badly decomposed body of an unidentified man was found in Minnehaha creek within a few rods of its junction with the Mississippi river at Minneapolis.

Magnus Sampson, a switchman employed in the Northern Pacific yards at Duluth, was instantly killed by the blowing out of a cylinder head of a locomotive. He was riding on the footboard of the engine, which was in motion, when the accident happened.

Fearing that he was becoming blind John Roste, a wealthy farmer living near Burtrum, Morrison county, committed suicide by shooting. He was not instantly killed, but died a day later from the effects of his self-inflicted wounds. Roste was about forty years old.

George R. Exley, the St. Paul letter carrier who was indicted on a charge of larceny from the mails, pleaded guilty when arraigned before Judge Lochren in the United States circuit court and was sentenced to fourteen months at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater.

August Mueller, a sixteen-year-old lad from Spring Valley, was found almost dead from hunger in a box car in the Great Northern yards at Clearwater Junction, near Minneapolis. He was saved from starvation, but is now in the Minneapolis city hospital, his life imperiled by an attack of scarlet fever.

While trying to get at a bird's nest in a tall cottonwood tree the limb on which he was standing broke and threw Glen Smith of Preston thirty-eight feet to the ground, shattering his left hip so that he probably will be a cripple for life. The lad is thirteen years old and this is his third narrow escape from death.

P. Christianson of Olivia won the first scoring in the six-month educational buttermakers' contest of the state dairy and food department. His score was 95. William O. Olson of Hector was second with 97½. W. Larson of Searles and M. P. Mortenson of Cokato were tied for third with 97 and Christ Hanson of Mankato comes next with 96½.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Recorder Goff of New York city has denied a motion for a new trial in the case of Albert T. Patrick, the convicted murderer of William M. Rice, an aged millionaire. Patrick's lawyers, it it said, were prepared for an adverse decision and have the papers ready for an application to the United States supreme court for a writ of error and for a writ of habeas corpus.

Indictments for forgery and perjury against Dr. Walter G. Gillette and for forgery and filing false statements against Robert A. Granniss, both former vice presidents of the Mutual Life Insurance company, have been returned by the special grand jury at New York which has been investigating insurance affairs.

Charles L. Tucker was executed at Boston Tuesday morning for the murder of Mabel Page at Weston on March 31, 1904. The evidence against Tucker was all circumstantial and the case was carried to the highest court in an effort to save Tucker's life.

A warrant for the arrest of Secretary of State Walter L. Houser of Wisconsin, charging attempted bribery, has been issued by Judge Donovan of the municipal court at Madison. The complaint is signed by State Insurance Commissioner Host.

Guilty on one count of conspiracy and seventy-three counts of larceny was the jury's verdict in the case of Ferdinand E. Borges, on trial at Boston in connection with promoting the Ubero Plantation company of Boston and Mexico.

Rev. James R. Wylie, self-confessed bigamist, has been sentenced at Los Angeles, Cal., to pay a fine of $5 and to be imprisoned at Folsom penitentiary for one year.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

The Russian naval court of inquiry has presented an indictment against Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, who commanded the Russian fleet at the battle of the Sea of Japan, and the officers of the torpedo boat destroyer Bedovi, which engaged and sank a Japanese torpedo boat. The trial of the indicted officers has been fixed for July 4. The penalty is death.

There is a noticeable increase in revolutionary activity at Moscow and it is evident that the leaders are preparing to take advantage of the first opportunity to start an armed uprising. The workmen of the factories and mills are being systematically armed with Mauser rifles and drilled under the supervision of army reserve soldiers.

The lower house of the Russian parliament and the government are rapidly coming to close quarters and the conflict which became inevitable the moment the popular assembly presented its demands in the address to the throne cannot be much longer delayed.

Dispatches from the interior of Russia continue gloomy and show that the gradual extension of the agrarian disorders and partial strikes now affect twelve provinces.

The terrorists of Poland continue to wage a relentless war against the state, municipal and police officials. Hardly a day passes without an assassination.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A crushing defeat to the Guatemalan revolutionists who invaded the country across the Honduras boundary together with the remainder of those who went across the Salvador frontier has been reported to the Guatemalan minister at Washington in a cablegram from the minister of foreign affairs.

Mail advices from Hankow, China, show that the great floods of this spring in Hunan caused an appalling loss of life, amounting to tens of thousands. The rivers were higher than in any previous year and swept over the dykes, submerged houses and covered an immense area.

Natalian forces under Colonels Makenzie and Barker have had a severe fight with Zulu rebels in the Mome valley. The rebels were defeated, 250 of them being killed.

The police force of Manila is to be reduced by 500 men, of whom 200 shall be Americans and the remainder Filipinos.

Premier Moret has presented to King Alfonso the resignation of the entire Spanish cabinet.

Richard John Seddon, prime minister of New Zealand, died suddenly from heart failure.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Specific instances of dirt, filth and unsanitary conditions have been furnished the house committee on agriculture by the president, who sent to it the report of a committee of experts of the department of agriculture which investigated the Chicago packinghouses even before Messrs. Neill and Reynolds started to do it. The report deals with the condition of every room in every packinghouse in Chicago which had federal inspection and in some instances outside slaughtering and packinghouses were visited.

The United States cruiser Marblehead has sailed north from Panama for San Jose, Guatemala, to investigate the movements of the American steamer Empire, which is reported to have landed recruits from San Francisco and arms and ammunition for the use of the revolution against President Cabrera.

At a meeting of the Democratic senators Senator Blackburn of Kentucky was elected chairman of the Democratic conference to succeed Senator Gorman.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The senate, without debate or division, has voted to indefinitely postpone a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the Constitution which would permit congress to enact uniform laws for marriage and divorce.

Senators La Follette and McCumber have introduced resolutions providing for investigation of the close relations said to exist between the grain carrying railroads and the elevators of the Middle West.

The house committee on judiciary, by a vote of 10 to 7, referred all of the seven anti-injunction bills to a special sub-committee with instructions to report to the full committee next December.

The house has passed the bill establishing a bureau of immigration and naturalization and providing for a uniform rule for the naturalization of aliens throughout the United States.

The report of the majority of the senate committee on privileges and elections in the Smoot case is a severe arraignment of the Mormon church and its rulers.

The bill prohibiting corporations from making money contributions in connection with political campaigns has been passed by the senate.

The naval appropriation bill, carrying $103,117,670, has been passed by the senate.

The senate has sent the railroad rate bill back to conference.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The Chicago packers have inserted in all of the daily papers of that city a full page advertisement inviting the general public to visit their plants and by means of a personal inspection satisfy themselves regarding the purity and wholesomeness of their products and the cleanliness and sanitary condition of the buildings.

Packinghouse representatives estimate that their business will suffer to the extent of $150,000,000 as a result of the agitation in connection with the president's crusade against prevailing conditions in the meat packing plants.

Garland F. White, a wealthy Chicago merchant, has been made defendant in a breach of promise suit brought by his divorced wife, Mrs. Gertrude White.

Several thousand physicians from this country and abroad are in attendance at the annual convention of the American Medical association at Boston.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Brooding over what he feared was impending insanity Thomas O'Connor Jones, assistant general manager of the Jones & Laughlin Steel company and a multi-millionaire, committed suicide at Pittsburg.

Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi, one of the most distinguished women physicians in the country, is dead at her home in New York city.

Former Judge George W. Brown, recently one of the counsel in the trial of the packers in the federal court at Chicago, is dead.

Right Rev. John B. Delany, Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese of Manchester, is dead at Manchester, N. H.

Brigadier-General Charles H. Alden, U. S. A., retired, is dead at Passadena, Cal., aged seventy years.

John C. New, formerly chairman of the Republican national committee, is dead at Indianapolis.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

District Attorney Jerome of New York has summoned Congressman Joseph W. Babcock of Wisconsin to appear before the special grand jury which is investigating insurance cases.

Mrs. Sarah S. Platt Decker of Denver has been re-elected president of the National Federation of Women's Clubs.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 11.—Wheat—July, 83c; Sept., 81¾c; Dec., 81⅝@81¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 85¼c; No. 1 Northern, 84¼c; No. 2 Northern, 82¼c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 11.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 Northern, 85⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 83⅝c. On track—No. 1 Northern, 85⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 83⅝c; July, 85⅝c; Sept., 83¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12¾; July and Sept., $1.14½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.00; veals, $1.50@4.40. Hogs—$6.25@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@8.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.00; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.60; calves, $5.25@6.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.62½; good heavy, $6.55@6.65; rough heavy, $6.25@6.45; light, $6.35@6.65; pigs, $5.60@6.30. Sheep, $4.60@6.10; lambs, $5.50@7.10.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 11.—Wheat—July, 83⅞@83¾c; Sept., 83¾c. Corn—July, 51⅝@51¾c; Sept., 51⅞c. Oats—July, 37⅛c; Sept., 34½. Pork—July, $14.95; Sept., $14.65. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.12; Southwestern, $1.06½; Sept., $1.14. Butter—Creameries, 14@19½c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs—11@13c. Poultry—Turkeys, 9c; chickens, 11½c.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Eight persons are dead, many seriously injured and thousands of dollars' worth of property destroyed as the result of tornadoes which devastated sections of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. There were two separate storms in Southern Minnesota and Western Wisconsin and another in the northern part of Minnesota, which also swept over into Wisconsin.

The saving of the Louisiana state capitol building from complete destruction by fire was accomplished in a spectacular manner, with Governor Blanchard, assisted by many Louisiana legislators, dressed in their night clothes, and by thousands of citizens supplementing the fire department. The east wing of the building was destroyed.

Eight men lost their lives in the mines of the Northern Pacific Railroad company at Rocky Fork, Mont. Of the dead two were members of a rescue party sent into the mine in an attempt to save the men imprisoned there by a fire.

One man was killed and more than twenty other persons were injured when the locomotive and two cars of an Atlantic City express on the Central Railway of New Jersey jumped the track at a switch at Eatontown, N. J.

O. J. Nordby, saloonkeeper; John Shea, elevator operator, and Dennis F. McGuinn, saloonkeeper, were drowned as the result of their boat capsizing while fishing at Bass lake, several miles north of St. Paul.

The explosion of an oil stove at Syracuse, N. Y., resulted in the death of Mrs. Desmond Davis, aged twenty-six; Mrs. Homer Alexander, sister-in-law of Mrs. Davis, and her three-year-old daughter Gladys.

While dressing for a party Miss Annie Weisenborn, a prominent young society woman of Belleville, Ill., broke her left arm in trying to button her shirtwaist up the back.

Two persons were killed and sixty farmhouses were destroyed by a heavy wind and hail storm which swept over the southern portion of Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

Four persons are known to be dead and several others are missing as the result of a fire in a seven-story tenement house at New York city.

Thirty-four Christian Scientists were injured at Boston through the overturning of a large sightseeing automobile.

The town of Goessel, Kan., has been practically destroyed by a tornado. About eighty persons were injured.

Two persons were killed and twenty injured as the result of an explosion in a dyehouse in New York city.

A flood caused by a cloudburst resulted in damage to property at Johnstown, Pa., estimated at $50,000.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Former United States Senator William F. Vilas of Wisconsin, who also was a member of President Cleveland's cabinet during his first administration, has decided for William J. Bryan for the nomination for president at the next national Democratic convention.

Arkansas Democrats, in convention at Hot Springs, amid expressions of intense enthusiasm unanimously adopted resolutions endorsing William J. Bryan to be the Democratic standard bearer in the presidential campaign of 1908.

Colonel Henry A. Dupont has been selected by a caucus of Republicans to fill the vacancy from Delaware in the United States senate. The contest for this seat has continued eleven years.

South Dakota Republicans, in session at Sioux Falls, endorsed Robert J. Gamble for United States senator and named a state ticket headed by Coe I. Crawford for governor.

Governor Warfield of Maryland has appointed William Pinckney Whyte to fill the vacancy in the United States senate caused by the death of Arthur Pue Gorman.

South Dakota Democrats nominated a state ticket and declared for Bryan for president in 1908. J. A. Stransky for governor heads the state ticket.

Judge Alfred W. Benson of Ottawa, Kan., has been offered the appointment of United States senator to succeed Joseph R. Burton.

Democrats of Indiana, in convention at Indianapolis, adopted a platform strongly endorsing William J. Bryan for the presidency.

Missouri Democrats, in state convention, endorsed William J. Bryan for the presidency in 1908.

Edward S. Stuart has been nominated for governor by Pennsylvania Republicans.

LABOR NEWS.

An attack, presumably by strikers, was made Monday on the checkhouse of the M. A. Hanna Coal company at Dillonvale, O., when fifty shots were fired from a hill 200 feet distant. There were four watchmen in the building, but no one was injured.

The mining town of Ernest, Pa., was the scene of a conflict between a detail of state constabulary and striking coal miners in which two strikers were killed and six others wounded, one fatally.

The joint conference of the Ohio miners and operators ended in a complete disagreement and both sides declare that the fight is now on to a finish.

More than 250 buildings in New York city are involved in the lockout of the 12,000 members of the Brotherhood of Carpenters.

Fourteen thousand miners went to work in the bituminous fields of Indiana Monday.

COLE WAS SUCCESSFUL

Nominated by the Republicans for Governor at Duluth Yesterday.

Jacobson Was in the Lead on First Ballot, But Did Not Have Enough Votes.

Duluth, Minn., June 13.—A. L. Cole, of Walker, was nominated by the Republicans for governor on the fourth ballot. Jacobson was far in the lead on the first ballot, but the field was combined against him.

On the first ballot Jacobson had 347, second 367, third 383, fourth 419. Cole had on first ballot 192, second 232, third 230, fourth, 550.

Sam Iverson, against whom the corporations made such a bitter fight, was again nominated for state auditor, and Julius Schmall landed for secretary of state.

GERMANTOWN

June 12.

Oscar Olson was in from Espiee last Monday.

Martin Olson went to Thief River Falls last Monday.

Carl Severson is back from Minneapolis looking after his farm here.

Miss Halsinger is back from Park River to spend the summer on her claim.

Nels K. Nelson came down from Grygla last Saturday, going to Thief River Falls.

Little John and Dorothy Dobner came up last week to spend their vacation in Germantown.

Louis Bendickson has bought a cream separator and is going to haul his cream to the creamery.

These are busy days for our storekeeper and postmaster, especially when farmers deliver their cream.

The crop looks fair in this vicinity, although it is rather late. But this warm weather will help it along in good shape.

This Is Hard Luck.

Last Saturday afternoon at the home of C. A. Moody, of this village occurred the marriage of Mrs. Annie McDonald, ex-wife of the editor of this paper, to Geo. Mitchell, a divorcee, formerly of Indiana, but now holding a claim on Clear river. A elaborate dinner was served for the occasion. Only immediate relatives were present. The newly married couple drove to the groom's homestead in the evening.—Warroad Commonwealth.

PROBABLY MURDERED

Andrew Linderoth Found Dead in Warren Last Saturday.

Coroner's Jury Adjourns for One Week, Unable to Solve Mystery.

Warren, Minn., June 12.—Andrew Linderoth, who was found dead in his shop last Saturday, beyond question was murdered. Apparently he left downtown for his shop about 8 o'clock. A boy by the name of McGladry says he saw him looking out of the window of his shop some time between 9 and 10 o'clock, and that five minutes later he, McGladry, opened the door of the shop and saw Linderoth lying on the floor.

McGladry ran for help and the first man to reach the shop was John Halvorson, who testified before the coroner's inquest that the body was cold.

The bullet found in the body is about the size of a .44-caliber ball, but is only one-half as long. Lodged close to the bullet, but in the body of Linderoth, was found a paper wad, which when unfolded revealed the following words: "He Bang ——Faller." "Popular Prices." "To night;" evidently a poster from some "Yon Yonson" show which was in town during the early part of the winter. Careful search of the shop was made by the sheriff and two assistants, but they found no firearm with which Linderoth might have killed himself. An old shotgun was found on a shelf, rusty and worn, but had no appearance of having been shot off for the last ten years.

The barrel alone of a rifle was found in a box covered with scrap iron, but that also shows no indication of having been shot off.

No clue has been found which would tend to indicate who was the assailant. He was never known to have any money, as he spent it as fast as he made it. He carried a small amount of life insurance. His keys were found in the money drawer, but no money was found there or in Linderoth's clothes.

An adjournment of the coroner's jury was taken for one week, in the hope that in the meantime more light might be thrown on the matter.

Married Last Week.

At Minneapolis last Wednesday, June 6, occured the marriage of Miss Clara Finberg, for two years one of the popular salesladies of the Golden Rule, to Elias Hjertos, the postmaster and merchant at Middle River. Their many friends here will extend congratulations.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

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B. Kuppenheimer & Co., Chi.

To Dress Neat You Must Have Neat Clothes.

The place to get neat clothes is where they have them. So before buying, call and look our line over. We guarantee satisfaction at

The C. O. D. Clothing Co.,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Frank Lawrence left Tuesday evening for Fargo.

Robert Lee went down to Beltrami last evening.

Joseph G. Weeks left last night for Grand Forks.

Miss Ramstad went down to Crookston last evening.

Harry Carr came down from Middle River last evening.

County Commissioner Johnson was in the city yesterday.

James A. and W. P. Wilson left Tuesday evening for Reynolds, N. D.

Attorney Cooke went down to St. Paul last Friday, returning on Monday.

T. P. Hamre was over to Duluth to attend the Republican state convention.

Chris. Amundson and Wm. Durbin were up to the Red lake the first of the week.

—For rent—Furnished house of five rooms for the summer; good location. G. K. Fargo.

Knut Nerland was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Church next Tuesday at 10:30. All welcome. I. T. Aastad.

Misses Clara Aoe and Emma and Clara Backe left Tuesday evening for Fergus Falls to visit friends for a few days.

Joseph G. Weeks returned last Friday evening from Terrebonne, where he has just completed a successful term of school.

Miss Kate Kelly, who had been in the city for a week visiting the Curran family, returned to her home at Grand Forks yesterday.

The city council held a special meeting Tuesday evening and purchased a deep well pump from a Chicago firm, paying $1,025 for the same.

The Ladies' Aid of the Lutheran Church meets this afternoon with Mrs. Nels Nelson, 2 miles south of the city. All cordially invited.

Mrs. Annand arrived here Tuesday evening from Lake City and will spend several days here visiting her daughter, Miss Marion Annand.

Ed Rolf has been promoted to the position of warehouseman at the Soo depot and Louis Rayson has been made assistant warehouseman.

—R. J. Bell, R. H. Medicraft and O. B. Eckman, of Roseau, passed through the city Monday evening, en route to the Republican state convention at Duluth.

—Taken up—A cow, white, with light red spots. Owner can have same by paying for keep and advertising expenses. Paul Trontvet, section 31, town of Silverton.

An item in the News last week stated that the output of the Germantown creamery was 1,000 pounds a month. The item should have said 1,000 pounds a week.

A supper and auction will be given by the Ladies' Aid of the Lutheran church tomorrow night. The supper commences at 6 o'clock in the basement of the church. Your presence there will be appreciated.

Of course you have seen the large ad of the Golden Rule on the first page of this paper. There is going to be a big sale on at this popular store next week and if you are looking for bargains, a fine opportunity presents itself.

—Carl Winslow arrived in the city Tuesday from Seattle, Wash., where he had spent the winter. He will work for the Thief River Falls Lumber company during the summer. His mother is expected in a short time and she will spend the summer here.

A mistake was made in the advertisement of John Thompson who appears at the Evenson hall in this city on Monday evening, June 25. In the ad it states that he will appear here on Thursday June 21, which was the date originally intended that he should appear.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

Patrick Meehan and wife to Charles Nordfeldt, lots 5 and 6, block 3, P. Meehan's addition to Thief River Falls; consideration, $1,00.

Ole J. Mosbeck to Annie Olsen, lots 3, 4 and 5, block 9, Porter's addition to Thief River Falls; consideration, $1,000.

M. C. Burns and wife to Iver Hoium, lot 7, block 3, P. Meehan's addition to Thief River Falls; consideration, $165.

John J. Vorachek and wife to Louis Olson, lots 21 and 22, block 11, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $300.

Louis Olson and wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, lots 21 and 22, block 11, Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $250.

J. M. Bishop and wife to Northern Real Estate and Mortgage company, lot 22, block 53, original townsite of Thief River Falls; consideration, $75.

John Moe and wife to Jessie E. Jackson, lots 19 and 20, block 26, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $300.

Martine Stordalen to Thomas L. Stordalen, lots 14, 15 and 16, block 3, Porter's addition to Thief River Falls; consideration, $300.

John K. Udstrand to Haldor Sponheim, lots 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34, block 32, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $300.

Jessie E. Jackson and husband to Jeorgena Jaranson, lots 19 and 20, block 26, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $900.

Louis Blair and wife to John L. Durbin, lot 16, block 1, Meehan's addition to Thief River Falls; consideration, $875.

Emma Mickelson and husband to Fanny Rutherford, lots 9 and 10, block 14, original townsite of Thief River Falls; consideration, $1,100.

Andrew Stenseth and wife to Katarina Karwood, lots 14, 15, 16 and 17, block 2, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $1,200.

Amanda W. Hanson and husband to W. W. Prichard, lots 46, 47 and 48, block 27, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $300.

W. W. Prichard and wife to Andrew Stenseth, lots 14, 15, 16 and 17, block 2, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $1.

Albert C. Gifford to Henry W. Thompson, lot 17, block 11, original townsite of Thief River Falls; consideration.

SMUGGLING.

It Was Considered a Legitimate Pursuit In Days Gone By.

A book by J. C. Wright entitled "In the Good Old Times" throws some interesting light on the ways of days gone by: "Of every three pounds of tea it was said that two were contraband. In fact, smuggling was considered a perfectly legitimate pursuit. Everybody was ready to profit by it, from the squire, who filled his cellars with cheap wine, and his wife, who adorned herself in cheap silks, to the shopkeeper, who got cheap groceries, or the laborer, who got high wages for work that was secret, unlawful and perilous. Even Adam Smith confessed to a weakness for smuggling and nobody was above bargaining to have a pipe or a hogshead put in his cellar at a low figure. But smuggling on a large scale was not carried on without bribery, perjury, informing, violence and murder."

Of the old time London watchman: "He was wrapped in a wide skirted heavy coat, a useful garment for protecting him from the cold, but not adapted to enable him to cope with the bullies who assaulted the weak and unprotected. He wore low shoes and a big broad brimmed hat, which could be turned up or down, worn forward or backward. The only means of defense which the watchman seems to have possessed was a staff something like a beadle's. In his left hand he carried his lantern."

In those primitive times pins were manufactured by hand and went through several stages of manufacture: Worker No. 1 formed the wire, No. 2 cut it into lengths, No. 3 smoothed it, the fourth man made the head, the fifth stuck it on, the sixth ground the point, the seventh washed and dried it, and it had to go through three more hands after that; hence it used to be a familiar proverb, "It takes ten men to make a pin."

Queer Judicial Decisions.

Some queer judicial decisions in Victoria are mentioned in the Australian Review of Reviews. A man who embezzled some money from a bank has received a sentence of nearly three years' imprisonment, while a man who murdered his mother by stabbing her to the heart received only one year, and another man, who shot his sister and killed her, was sentenced to only two years, and immediately after that a man who wrote a letter to another man threatening to kill him received three years' imprisonment.

The Chow Dog.

The chow, the solemn, black tongued dog which comes from China, is, the London Chronicle thinks, the ideal city dog. It says: "He never barks unless there is something serious to bark at. You open the door, and the dog marches out with fine solemnity. This writer's chow has a range of about ten square miles, and he has never hurt a baby, though he has gathered innumerable friends during his solemn march through London. He never loses his head, and his morning walks embrace Chelsea, Putney and the sacred precincts of the Brompton oratory. Indeed, he once followed a bicycle to Hendon and found his way back within forty-eight hours with an honorably empty stomach. The unaccompanied chow is the very least of the nuisances of the London streets."

The BEER for YOU is
Hamm's
"NEW BREW"
Bottled and on Draught
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

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Dr. G. R. Lanning,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

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WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.
WALSETH & TAUTGES, LAWYERS.
We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.
(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak.

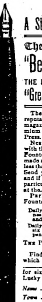

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The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen............ $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen.................. $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $______ for which you will send me The ______ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

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Next regular professional visit to
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Wednesday, July 11th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
301 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:28 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:35 pm
10:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:56 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:18 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1906 NUMBER 25

STEENERSON WINS OUT

His Drainage Bill Has Been Favorably Recommended by Committee.

Its Passage Will Mean Much for the Settlers on Red Lake Lands.

The choice of the house committee on public lands of all the drainage bills which have been introduced by Representative Steenerson of Minnesota and others finally fell on Mr. Steenerson's bill, providing for drainage in Minnesota alone; on the Hansbrough bill, diverting $1,000,000 from the reclamation fund for the drainage of the Red River valley, and the one providing for the reclamation of Dismal Swamp in Virginia. That means that the government is to aid the settlers living on the Red Lake Indian lands in this state.

Representative Volstead is to make the report on the Steenerson bill, in which it is provided that the proceeds of sales of public lands in the state shall be set aside in a special fund in the treasury to be known as the "drainage reclamation fund," to be used in the examination and survey for construction of drainage works. Under the bill, fund is revolving, like the irrigation fund, moneys expended from it to be returned by owners of the land benefited by the improvement.

Mr. Steenerson will make every effort to have the bill passed at this session, but as time is so short he will not be disappointed if no action is taken before adjournment.

Senator Hansbrough is responsible for a favorable report on his bill for the diversion of money from the reclamation fund for drainage of the Red river valley. He appeared before the committee and told the members about flood conditions which prevailed last summer and again this spring, and argued that, inasmuch as North Dakota—one of the largest contributors to the irrigation fund—was not likely to get much benefit from that in way of irrigation works, it was permissible for congress to expend a part of that fund for reclamation of its lands by drainage. Hansbrough expects to see his bill become a law before the end of the session, as it has already gone thru the senate.

CELEBRATION AT BROOKS

St. John's Day to Be Observed Saturday of Next Week.

The citizens of Brooks have announced a grand celebration of St. John's Day at their town on Saturday of this week. St. John's Day proper comes the day following, Sunday.

A program of sports has been prepared, which includes horse racing, foot racing and a tug of war between Brooks and Plummer. In the evening there will be fireworks and a big bowery dance, with music by a first-class orchestra. The surrounding country is invited to participate.

The committee engaged in planning for the certain success of the celebration is composed of R. Poirier, J. R. Kidd and Dr. J. E. Carman. A splendid time for all participants can easily be *promised.*

The Glorious 4th Along the Soo Line

Will be celebrated in the good old way. Everyone is going somewhere at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale July 3rd and 4th, good to return July 5th, 1906. Ask the agent.

A SUSPECT IS WATCHED

Authorities Have Some Evidence, but Refuse to Divulge It.

A Coroner's Jury Finds That Andrew Lindtroth Was Murdered

Warren, Minn., June 18.—The coroner's jury sitting to determine the cause of the death of Andrew Lindtroth, found dead in his blacksmith shop, found that he came to his death from a gunshot wound from a gun in the hands of an unknown person.

The authorities have something up their sleeve, but refused to divulge it before the jury. Several persons are under suspicion and an arrest may be looked for at any time. The fact that the gun with which the act was committed was found on the premises tends to show murder.

No clue to the assailant has been found which is sufficient to base such charge upon as against any one individual, but, with the assistance of a good detective, who has arrived on the scene, things are expected to move rapidly.

Lindtroth was seen by half a dozen people not more than fifteen minutes before his dead body was found.

Brought Some to Time.

"We shall give the name in our next issue of the man who is continually kissing the hired girl whenever his wife happens to be out—giving both man's and girl's name—if he doesn't come forward and pay that little bill he owes on the paper," was a hurry up method employed by an eastern exchange to make delinquents come forward and pay up. The next day twenty men marched in and paid the editor what they owed, one remarking, "You musn't believe all you hear."

Paper Is Not Sold.

The report to the effect that the Plummer Pioneer had been sold to John Duffy, of Red Lake Falls, appears to be without foundation, as no intimation of the sale is mentioned in this week's issue of the paper, and Charles Latta is still the editor.

TO WARREN NEXT WEEK

Firemen Will Leave for That Place Next Tuesday Morning.

Friday, June 29, Will Be Thief River Falls Day.

The members of the Thief River Falls Fire Department leave next Tuesday for Warren to attend the firemen's tournament. They will remain until Friday. The firemen have been doing considerable practicing of late and hope to bring home some of the prizes that are offered.

Next Friday, June 29, will be Thief River Falls day at the Warren tournament and a large number from this city are making preparations to attend upon that day. A special train will be run over the Soo line on that day and ample accommodations will be provided for all who desire to attend.

GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE

JUNE SALE NOW ON

CONTINUES ON SATURDAY, JUNE 23

OUR sale started off Monday morning with more than usual enthusiasm, the crowds being with us from the first opening of our doors, and our prediction was fully verified---that we would have one of the largest summer sales in our history. Our bargains are bona fide, and our patrons fully understood this. Is it surprising that they come every time and advise their friends to come? The sale continues three days more, and there will be bargains to be had until we close Saturday night. Bargains:

Dress Goods Department

Black and colored Dress Goods, $1.00 and $1.15 values, at	80c
Black and colored Dress Goods, 50c and 65c values, at	39c
Summer Wash Fabrics, 35c values	27½c
Summer Wash Fabrics, 25c values	20c
White Goods, 50c values	39c
White Goods, 20c values	16c

Big Discounts on Hosiery, Underwear, Corsets, Laces, Embroideries, etc., etc.

Shoe Department

All men's and ladies' $4.00 Shoes	3.40
All men's and ladies' $3.00 Shoes	2.55
All men's and ladies' $2.50 Shoes	2.15
All men's and ladies' $2.00 Shoes	1.70
All girls' and boys' $1.50 Shoes	1.28
All boys' and girls' $1.00 Shoes	85c

Clothing Department

All H. S. & M. Suits $20.00 values	15.75
All H. S. & M. Suits, $18.00 values	14.40
All men's Suits, $15.00 values	11.75
All men's Suits, $12.50 values	9.75
All men's Suits, $10.00 values	7.75
All boys' Suits, $5.00 values	4.00
All boys' $3.00 values	2.40

Men's Furnishing Department

All men's 2-piece summer Underwear, 25c and 35c values	19c
All men's 2-piece summer Underwear, 50c values	39c
All men's Shirts, 50c and 65c values	39c
All men's Shirts, $1.00 values	80c
All men's Shirts, $1.50 values	1.20
All men's Hose, 25c and 35c values	19c
All men's Hose, 15c values	12c

Suit and Cloak Department

All Ladies' Skirts, black, brown and grey, $10.00 values	$7.75
All ladies' Skirts, black, brown or grey, $7.00 values	5.60
All ladies' Skirts, black, brown and grey, $5.00 values	4.00
All ladies' Skirts, black, brown and grey, $4.00 values	3.20
All ladies' Suits at 65 cents on the dollar.	
All ladies' $2.00 Shirt Waists	1.60
All ladies' $1.50 Shirt Waists	1.20
All ladies' $1.00 Shirt Waists	80c

Grocery Department

Canned Corn, solid pack, per can	5c
University Tomatoes, extra standard	12½c
Fancy Oranges, "Naval," large, per doz	40c
Bananas, per dozen	20c
Snow Flake Baking Powder	15c

REMEMBER, that whenever The Golden Rule has a sale, "IT'S GENUINE;" "IT'S NO FAKE." You will find everything as advertised. You will find all the goods "NEW AND UP-TO-DATE." The Golden Rule has no old merchandise to sell. This sale closes positively Saturday, June 23.

CASH—STRICTLY CASH

2 DELIVERIES — The Golden Rule ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE — 2 DELIVERIES

HAD ANOTHER APPLICATION

The Northwestern Telephone Co. Again Made Application for Use of Streets.

It Was Again Rejected and the Matter Will Now Go Into the Courts.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, the committee appointed to ascertain the advisability of having the city purchase the local telephone exchange reported that they had met Mr. Fant and that he would sell the local exchange to the city for the sum of $20,000. Further than that the committee refused to make any recommendation, but it is understood in an unofficial manner that the committee had no intention of purchasing the system at this time, and especially at this price. The whole matter was looked upon more or less as a farce, and just why any committee should have been appointed or a request made to have one appointed is hard to understand.

Later in the evening the Northwestern company made a very formal application to the city to have the right given to them under their original franchise to erect poles on certain streets and alleys in the city. The whole town was covered in the application and it means that the company desires to have a local telephone exchange established here. Providing their request was granted, the Northwestern company agreed to erect poles of sufficient strength to carry the wires of the city's election light plant, and the city would be given the free use of the top cross-arms. This privilege would be worth many hundreds of dollars to the city, but, inasmuch as it would mean two local telephone exchanges here, it was not accepted. A motion made by Alderman McGinn to the effect that, inasmuch as the city was considering the advisability of establishing a local exchange here, the request of the Northwestern company be denied, was carried unanimously.

It is now understood that the Northwestern company will take the matter in the courts and opinions as to whether or not they will be successful in having their requests granted seem to be divided.

COULDN'T AGREE.

Jury Failed to Decide the Day-Fellman Dog Case.

The case of W. S. Day against John Fellman was tried before Judge Bishop and a jury of twelve men Tuesday afternoon. Tellman last spring shot a bird dog belonging to Day, and the latter sued for $75. Sentiment about town seems to be divided about the case and this also was the case with the jury, as they failed to agree upon a verdict and were discharged. It is understood that the jury stood six in favor of giving a verdict to Day and six favored Tellman.

SAD WEDDING.

Sister of D. B. Barber Found Dead in Bed on the Morning of Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Barber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David B. Barber, which occurred at Kalispell, Mont., last Thursday, June 14, to Mr. Arthur Lindsay Eakins, proved to be a very sad affair. On the evening before the wedding, a sister of Mr. Barber, who had gone to Kalispell from Louisville, Ky., to attend the wedding, was found dead in her bed. She had been in quite ill health for a few days previous.

Workmen to Organize.

Peter O. Olsen, deputy grand master workman of the A. O. U. W. lodge, arrived here yesterday and will remain until a local lodge of this order is organized here. At present there are about fourteen or fifteen members of the Workmen lodge here, so that if a few new members are secured a healthy organization can be started. Mr. Olsen will be at the Hotel Ogahmah for a few days and would be pleased to meet all members of the A. O. U. W. who reside here.

Bit by a Rat.

Willie Robinson, the young son of Annie I. E. Robinson, had the little finger on his left hand cut off Tuesday afternoon. Last week a dog belonging to the boy caught a rat and Willie helped to make the capture, with the result that the rat bit him on the finger. Blood poisoning set in and it was found necessary to cut off the finger. He is now getting along nicely and no serious results are anticipated.

Mind Deranged.

Upon the complaint of his wife, Joseph Vicken, a settler living on the eleven towns about nine miles east of town, was locked up Monday. Vicken has been drinking very heavily of late and his mind has become deranged. His father arrived in the city yesterday, and will make application to have his son sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

COMES UP ON SATURDAY

An Order to Show Cause Why Injunction Should Not Be Dissolved.

Matter to Come Up Before Judge Watts at Crookston on Saturday.

Attorney E. M. Stanton has secured an order from Judge Watts to show cause why the restraining order prohibiting County Auditor Ford from calling the election in the county seat matter should not be dissolved. The hearing upon the matter has been set at Crookston before Judge Watts upon Saturday of this week. As to the outcome in the case there can be no doubt, but the election will be delayed for a short time.

The injunction restraining the auditor from calling the election is the last one that the Red Lake Falls people can serve and, after this injunction is dissolved, a vote will have to be taken. Thus far the Red Lake Falls attorneys have not won a single legal point—and it is not likely that they ever will.

A Big Day, 4th of July in Thief River Falls.

Campbell Bros.' shows are coming, and it will be the big day, a day that will long be remembered.

The shows come this season in all their entirety and splendor, giving the same performance in every detail that they have given in the big eastern cities. The Campbell Bros.' shows have been the acknowledged leading arenic institution of America for years, but this season's offerings surpass anything ever attempted by them or any other showmen. They present this year features that have heretofore never been seen under circus tents. Acts that have been considered impossible to give under canvas, but they do it and do it every day. This is an age of progress, the people want something new, and in accordance with the spirit of the times, Campbell Bros. are keeping up with the times, and this year come with the largest, finest, and most complete shows that have ever visited this vicinity.

Cooke Resigned.

At the meeting of the city council Tuesday evening, S. Cooke tendered his resignation as city attorney. No action was taken to elect a successor to Mr. Cooke and some of the members of the council have hopes that he can be prevailed upon to reconsider his action, as he has been a very conscientious and careful attorney and has looked after the best interests of the city at all times.

Have Enough Beer.

A local cold storage house shipped fifty kegs of beer to Greenbush yesterday. The beer will be used to drink to the health of a bride at a Polish wedding some nine miles from Greenbush.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

Anton I. Anderson to Sivert Sather, lots 29 and 30, Red Lake Rapids; consideration, $130.

Thomas Lilson and wife to Mirit Hanson, lots 4 and 5, block 4, Hemmingson's addition to Thief River Falls, consideration, $100.

Ellen M. Mussey and husband and Clara Blom and husband to the city of Thief River Falls, part of the reserve of Red Lake Rapids; $100.

Henry Rolphe and wife to Sydney A. Sherman, lots 16 and 17, block 21, Porter's addition to Thief River Falls; consideration, $1,000.

GERMANTOWN

Germantown, June 21st, 1906.

Carl Edseth visited at Liner last Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roller, June 15th, a baby girl.

Henry and Frank Dau, Gust Berggren and August Ruhnke went south on Red Lake river to fish last Saturday and returned Sunday with plenty of fish.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian church meets with Miss Sarah Vaughan July 11th.

John Olson took a load of butter to Thief River Falls last Monday.

Mrs. Dobner, of Thief River Falls, was visiting with her sister and brother here last Sunday.

Our baseball boys are practicing very hard now days and will be in first class shape for the Fourth.

Mother's Ear

A WORD IN MOTHER'S EAR, WHEN NURSING AN INFANT, AND IN THE MONTHS THAT COME BEFORE THAT TIME.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

SUPPLIES THE EXTRA STRENGTH AND NOURISHMENT SO NECESSARY FOR THE HEALTH OF BOTH MOTHER AND CHILD.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

CAMPBELLS ARE COMING

Big Show to Be in Thief River Falls on July Fourth.

City and Surrounding Country Billed Yesterday—A Big Circus.

Last Friday a representative of Campbell Bros.' circus arrived here and made all arrangements for having this large circus appear here on the Fourth of July. Yesterday the first advertising car arrived and the city and surrounding country has been properly billed.

The Campbell Bros.' show is an old and well known one and is one of the best circuses on the road. While Thief River Falls will have no celebration on the Fourth, and many of the people here had been making preparations to go to some of the surrounding towns to celebrate the day, it is now quite likely that many of the people will remain at home.

ADDITIONAL LCOALS.

Attorney Mabey was over to Warren Tuesday.

—Sewing machines at all prices. Torrison Bros.

A son was born Friday to Mr. and Mrs Ramsey Juneau.

A son was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. John Fuller.

A son was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Effinger.

County Surveyor Wood went down to St. Hilaire yesterday.

Mrs. Fred Gobler will return Saturday to her home at Nekoma, N. D.

Archie Brown was down from his claim near Highlanding yesterday.

C. D. Carter, manager of the telephone exchange at Crookston, was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. Whitman left Tuesday for Ashby and St. Cloud to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Misses Grace and Hazel Whitman, of St. Cloud, are in the visiting their aunt, Mrs. S. Kenison.

Miss Ella Johnson came down from Greenbush last evening to visit her sister, Mrs. Marius Olson.

George W. Mason arrived here yester from Eau Claire, Wis., to look after his interests here for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark returned to this city the first of the week from a visit with friends at Kellihor.

Emerson Grow, who had been here visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. Kenison, left Tuesday for his home in Nebraska.

Mrs. McCauley, of McCaleyville, who had been in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. Whitman, departed Tuesday.

There was a social session at the Antlers Club Monday evening, which was greatly enjoyed by a number of people.

A concert was given in the Ogahmah Park Tuesday evening, which was greatly enjoyed by a large number of people.

P. Abrahamson, who had been here visiting his half brother, A. I. Anderson, returned Monday to his home at Lanesboro, Minn.

Wm. N. Too, a conductor, on the Willmar-Sioux Falls division of the Great Northern, was in the city Tuesday visiting L. B. Nichols.

The members of the fair association are in correspondence with Gov. Johnson and hope to have him here as one of the speakers during the fair.

The city council increased the appropriation allowed the fire department for expenses in attending the tournament at Warren from $100 to $150 at the meeting Tuesday evening.

—For Sale—240 acres of good land, 8 miles south of Roseau county seat; 20 acres broke; 60 acres good red top hay meadow; fair houses and barn; some wire fence; $10.50 per acre; cash or good bankable paper, or will trade for good, clean stock of clothing, furnishing goods or shoes. Call on or address S. Cheely, Thief River Falls, Minn.

The suit brought by Anton Remmem, the liverymen, against C. A. Rasmussen for injury alleged to have been sustained to a team which the former had rented to the latter, was up before Judge Bishop yesterday. Considerable evidence was taken and the case was adjourned until this morning, when further testimony will be introduced and arguments will be made.

Assessment Completed.

City Assessor Christienson has finished the assessment of real property in Thief River Falls. Lots and lands are assessed at $151,795 and buildings and improvements at $215,095, making the total valuation $[illegible].

—Taken up—A cow, white, with light red spots. Owner can have same by paying for keep and advertising expenses. Paul Trontvet, section 31, town of Silverton.

S. H. SHARBACH
THE CASH MERCHANDISER

Some unmatchable bargains for Saturday and all next week in seasonable, up-to-date goods. Many far below the regular wholesale prices. Every article just as represented or your money back.

Clean-up sale on all wash goods. If prices will make them go, we won't carry over a yard. A good selection yet on hand.

20 or more pieces of fine lawns—Dimity, etc., in plain and figured, all the regular 15c to 20c good reduced to one price a yard	12½c
20 or more pieces of the very finest and newest wash goods made; worth, regular, 20c to 35c; now, a yard	19c
The finest assortment of laces and insertions to match in town. Big assortment for Saturday and next week; on sale at, a yard	9c
Fine Valenciennes lace and insertion, from ¼ to 1 inch wide, all new goods; choice, a yard, at	5c
Oriental lace and insertion in Ecru and cream, a yard	10c to 50c
Special in fine Allover lace for next week's sale, a yard	29c
Big snap in belts—25, 35 and 50-cent belts—any kind or color, fine and dandy bargain; choice of 200 or more at only	19c
New lot side combs and back combs, your choice	10c
Silk waist patterns in the very latest shades, 27-inch taffeta, guaranteed to wear; choice of 20 or more patterns, a yard	98c
Men's underwear, fine ribbed, pink color, shirts and drawers; special for next week, each garment	25c
Men's cashimere wool underwear, the finest summer underwear made; price, each garment	$1.00
All our fine summer skirts at ¼ off.	
Shirt waist sale—long and short sleeved—all new goods that sold from $1.25 to $2.50; only one and two of a kind left; to close quick, take your pick; any waist in the lot for	98c
Big lot of new corsets, made of Batiste, a dandy for	50c
Big lot of street hats, choice	39c
Straw hats for men and boys, choice	5c, 10c and 15c
Clothing at cost to close out quick. Won't handle clothing any more. No room. Come and see.	
57-piece white semi-porcelain dinner set, the finest white ware made, per set, next week	$6.45c
Considered a bargain in the cities at $8.50.	
Six water tumblers for	10c
Good quality canned corn, a can	5c
White navy beans, a pound	3c
3 lbs. good smoking tobacco for	50c
Cooking figs, per lb.	8c

Lots of other good snaps on sale all the time. You can't beat my prices.

Phone 264 One Door West of Post Office Dobner Block

A GOOD TIME.

Members of the Eastern Star Had a Banquet Last Friday.

The Winslow Chapter O. E. S. held a special meeting last Friday night in the Masonic Hall. The guests of honor were Past Worthy Grand Matron, Mrs. Macauly, Bro. Grow, of Carroltown, Georgia, also Past Matron Easton and Sisters Powell, of Warren, and Montgomery, of Angus.

The ladies of the chapter prepared a sumptuous banquet after the meeting was over, to which the visiting delegates of the missionary convention of the Adam's Presbytery were invited. Everybody had a thoroughly delightful time and enjoyed themselves to the utmost. The members all seemed to reciprocate the sentiment expressed in the words of Burns,

"Some hae meat and canna eat,
And some wad eat that want it;
But we hae meat, and we can eat,
And sae the Lord be thankit."

The out-of-town delegates present were Mesdames Cameron and Hall, of Hallock; Mesdames Brush, Montgomery, Severens and Clover, of Angus, and Mesdames Easton and Powell, of Warren.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Lady Mary Hamilton, only daughter of the late twelfth Duke of Hamilton and Brandon and the richest woman in Great Britain, was married in London Thursday to the Marquis of Graham, eldest son of the Duke of Montrose.

China is in bad financial straits. The expenses of the government are multiplying without any increasing revenues. The pay of the new army is considerably in arrears and a great percentage of desertions is resulting.

Nine men were instantly killed and about forty were wounded as the result of a terrific explosion on the British steamer Haverford at Liverpool. The cause of the disaster is unknown.

The Japanese transport Toyotomi struck a mine and sank immediately when twenty-four miles off Joshia, Korea. Twelve of her crew were saved and fifty are missing.

A passenger train was derailed at Progranitschnaia station, on the Chinese Eastern railway, and 100 persons were killed or injured.

King Edward attended a dinner at London given by Ambassador Reid in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth.

The Belgian steamer Meuse has been sunk in a collision and eleven of her crew perished.

President Castro will resume the presidency of Venezuela July 5.

A BARREL OF TROUBLE

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plummers can be found at our address.

We Don't Care

to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good honest effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

THE DEATH RECORD.

Robert B. Roosevelt, uncle of the president, is dead at Sayville, L. I. Mr. Roosevelt was seventy-six years old. He was a lifelong Democrat, a former congressman and at one time United States minister to The Netherlands.

James M. Woolworth, an attorney of national reputation and also prominent in the affairs of the Episcopal church of the United States, is dead at Omaha, aged seventy-seven years.

John M. Pattison, governor of Ohio, is dead of chronic intestinal nephritis at his home in Milford. The governor has been ill since before his inauguration.

Edwin Higgins, who during President Johnson's administration was acting governor of Utah, is dead in Washington, aged sixty-two years.

James Sage, cousin of Russell Sage, the New York financier, died at Toledo, O., in abject poverty. The dead man will be buried by the county.

Edmund Lyons, a veteran of the stage and a noted representative of the old school of acting, is dead in New York city, aged sixty-one.

Harry Nelson Pillsbury, the chess master, is dead of apoplexy at Philadelphia after an illness of many months.

W. S. Umberger, a well known live stock commission merchant and politician, committed suicide in Kansas City.

William Reed Thompson, a prominent banker of New York and Pittsburg, is dead in New York city.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, } ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
against
Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED AND TO EACH OF THEM:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the action above entitled, which said complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the clerk of this court at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

June 21 July 26

Subscribe for the News.

McCALL PATTERNS
10
15
McCALL'S MAGAZINE
50
YEAR

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.

McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.

Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums or liberal cash commission. Pattern Catalogue (of 600 designs) and Premium Catalogue (showing 400 premiums) sent free. Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

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To Dress Neat You Must Have Neat Clothes.

The place to get neat clothes is where they have them. So before buying, call and look our line over. We guarantee satisfaction at

The C. O. D. Clothing Co.,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

CAME NEAR TO BLOWS

Thomas Shevlin, Lumber Baron, and S. F. Fullerton Clash.

State Game Warden and Minneapolis Man Talk Saucy.

There was only one instance of a clash reported in connection with the convention. It occurred in the lobby of the Spalding hotel and Thomas H. Shevlin, the lumber baron of Minneapolis, and Sam F. Fullerton, state game-fish warden, were the principals. It was quite evident that Messrs. Shevlin and Fullerton are not enamored of each other and last night, with the excitement of the convention in the air, when they approached each other, it did not require much to set fire to the situation.

Mr. Fullerton had been a strong supporter of Samuel G. Iverson for state auditor, and Mr. Shevlin had been against him. It is charged that Mr. Fullerton was mostly responsible for the split in the Ramsey county delegation, which resulted in 14 votes for Mr. Iverson coming from that delegation, when it was supposed to be solid for Halden. Last night when Mr. Shevlin approached Mr. Fullerton on the floor of the Spalding, he said something rather warmly to the effect:

"I suppose you're satisfied now that you have your dear friend Iverson nominated.

Sam happens to be hotheaded and is not the kind who will lay down easily. He fired up at once:

"Well, your dirty work did not succeed against him, you big sniff," said Sam, shaking his fist at Shevlin.

Shevlin shook his fist at Sam in return and intimated that he was not through yet.

"Yes, you're against Iverson," said Fullerton, "because he would not let you steal any more timber."

The rest of the language exchanged between the two would be too hot to print, even on asbestos paper, and the men kept approaching each other with fists clenched, but friends seized them and dragged each away.

Fullerton said afterwards:

"That man has something coming from me one of these days and if he monkeys around my territory much, he will get it.—Duluth Herald.

Crop Conditions.

The following is the crop report that has been issued for the northwest:

During the past week there have been general rains extending over the entire territory and the weather has been warm. There has not been too much rain in Minnesota except in a few localities and not too much rain in South Dakota at any point, but have all that is necessary and could have been fully supplied with less.

Grain of all kinds has made good growth over the entire territory during the past week and is rank and healthy. All small grain is much in advance of the weeds in the earlier sections and hay harvest will begin about July 1. and is now an assured crop.

All crops are in exceedingly good condition at this time.

A Big Thing for Moorhead.

The Moorhead News announces that the Northern Pacific is going to establish division headquarters on this city of the Red river on the outskirts of Moorhead at Dilworth station, which has heretofore been nothing but a sidetrack. Land has been bought for this purpose and it is positively stated that Fargo will now lose the division. The yards will be in two sections, and each yard will have from 15 to 20 tracks. This will give 30 miles of trackage. A lake will be built to supply soft water for the engines. A 45-stall round house will be erected. There will also be machine and car shops. This will be a big thing for Moorhead, and, if the announcement is fulfilled, Moorhead will profit at the expense of her sister city across the river.

To Be Tried Today.

The case of the city against Sam Torgerson, charged with selling a bottle of beer on Sunday in a room over a local saloon, will be tried before Judge Bishop this morning. Chief of Police Erickson is the complaining witness. Mr. Torgerson says that he is in no way guilty, and is going to fight the case to a finish. The city authorities also announce that they are going to do everything possible to prevent the sale of liquor in this city on Sunday.

Such Noble Sentiments.

Red Lake Falls has no reason to fear an election on the merits of the case, but in justice to the law abiding people of the county, can not stand idly by and see the princely gang of wire-pullers and grafters further north hoodwink the people and bar out justice.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE ═══ FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

BLOWN UP IN WELL.

Warroad Man Seriously Hurt by Dynamite Explosion While Blasting.

Warroad, Minn.—While at work drilling a well in the rear of the Hotel Minnesota, Norman Lewis received injuries which may prove fatal and narrowly escaped being blown to atoms.

At the depth of 87 feet Lewis encountered a stone which necessitated blasting. He lowered a charge of dynamite, but 10 feet down the charge became stuck. Fearing that if it were allowed to explode where it was much damage would result, Lewis endeavored to pull it to the surface. As he did so, the fuse which burned faster than had been expected, reached the cap, and there was a terrific explosion.

A piece of tin, in which the dynamite was encased, struck Lewis in the throat, nearly severing his head from his body. He bled horribly, but medical assistance was soon at hand and his wounds were sewed up, several stitches being necessary to close them. He is in a critical condition, but may live. Every window in the hotel, which stood about 30 feet from the well, was smashed.

Paid a Fine.

James Rogers and Martin Bothun had an altercation Monday morning, roused by two cows belonging to the former trespassing upon lots belonging to the latter. The result was that Mr. Rogers struck Mr. Bothun a blow in the face, breaking a tooth. Mr. Bothun at once had Mr. Rogers arrested and the matter came up before Judge Bishop. Rogers pleaded guilty to the charge of assault, claiming that the circumstances were such as to cause him to lose his temper, and paid a fine of $10 and $2 costs.

They Are Pioneers.

Twenty-two years ago Sunday, Samual T. Johnson and Frank Tilton first came to Thief River Falls and they have resided here ever since that time. Of course, 22 years ago there was no Thief River Falls, and Messrs. Johnson and Tilton settled upon homesteads north of here, but when the first work of building a town here was commenced, they removed to Thief River Falls and have been residents here ever since that time.

Rainmakers Are Needed.

Rain makers have gone to Alaska. The Canadian government should secure them to supply water to the settlers of northwestern Canada, who under present conditions have to buy their drinking water in some places.

—Subscribe for the News.

The Falls Candy Kitchen

SALE
SATURDAY, JUNE 9,
Cocoanut Kisses, Per Pound **15c**

ALL CANDIES STRICTLY FRESH

The News, $1 Per Year.

When In Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 21, 1906.

Taken as a whole, the ticket nominated by the Republicans is the strongest one they ever put into the field.

The next state legislature should enact a law extending the primary election system to state officers. When this is done, the people can say who shall be the nominees of the party, and that is as it should be.

While J. F. Jacobson did not secure the Republican nomination for governor, the NEWS still believes that he was the popular choice of the people of Minnesota and, had a direct vote of the people been taken upon the matter, he no doubt would have been nominated.

A telephone exchange was established at Willmar, a town about the size of Thief River Falls, nine years ago at an actual cost of $2,500. The present gross earnings are $7,903.98 a year, and the cost of maintenance and operation is $2,521.92 a year—a difference between receipts and expenses of $5,382.06.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette refers to County Commissioners Ole J. Johnson, P. A. Eckstrom and Daniel Shaw as the "three hirelings." These gentlemen are very well known in Red Lake county, having lived here for years, and we do not believe that the Gazette strengthened the cause of Red Lake Falls any by making such insinuations.

A. L. Cole, who secured the Republican nomination for governor, should prove a popular candidate in the northern part of the state. He has always been an earnest worker in the cause of drainage and this is what the people living around this section all want. With Gov. Johnson as an opponent, however, it is going to be no easy matter for him to secure the election.

If the people of this legislative district desire to be represented by a man of the people, what is the matter with D. P. O'Neill, of Thief River Falls? Mr. O'Neill has had legislative experience, having served two terms in the house a number of years ago, and the best recommendation that can be given to him is to say that while he was a member of the legislature he stood for what was honest, and voted with such men as J. F. Jacobson. That is the kind of man this legislative district should send to the legislature.

The nomination of Samuel G. Iverson for auditor is decidedly gratifying to the people of Minnesota. There was no open opposition to Mr. Iverson until after the conventions had been held and then a few politicians, assisted by the pine land ring of Minneapolis, the steel trust interests in St. Louis county and the Twin City street car interests, endeavored to accomplish his defeat. And the only reason that an attempt was made to defeat Mr. Iverson was on account of the fact that, as state auditor, he has stood for a just assessment of the property of corporations, made the lumbermen who have purchased pine land of the state observe the law and given all an equal chance in the securing of mineral leases. Mr. Iverson has stood by the people's interest for four years as state auditor and was entitled to a renomination. His election is, of course, an assured fact.

> The time will come when the voters will have a chance to express an honest opinion, and when it does, Red Lake Falls has no reason to fear the result.

And to think that the above was taken from the Red Lake Falls Gazette! That is all that Thief River Falls has ever asked for—a chance for the voters of Red Lake county to express an honest opinion as to which town in the county should be made the county seat. But what has been the position of Red Lake Falls? That town has been afraid to leave it to the voters of the county and has spent all of its energies in fighting the petition in the courts, but all that has been accomplished is delay. In the minds of the people of Red Lake county, Red Lake Falls is defeated and the people down there know it, too.

In big, black letters the Red Lake Falls Gazette tells its readers that the county commissioners of Red Lake county do not recognize law or justice. The reason for this is that the commissioners voted the petition asking for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls to be a legal one in every way and an election was ordered. The matter is now in the courts and, if the commissioners did not do what was right and legal, the Red Lake Falls people will win, so there is no need for the down-river paper to be in such a hurry to condemn the county commissioners. As a matter of fact, the petition contained about 600 more names than the required 60 per cent, and not one of the persons who signed it was paid a single cent. The Red Lake Falls attorneys made a whole lot of insinuations, but, in so far as introducing any evidence or making any valid objection, they failed entirely in making out a case. The only thing left for the county commissioners to do was to order the election. A large majority of the voters of the county had petitioned asking for one and the will of the majority should always be respected.

The county convention at Fergus Falls last week declared for the extension of the primary law to state offices. This extension should be provided by the next legislature. There would be no question of the election of Republican candidates for state offices under such a primary law as we now have applying to congressional, judicial, legislative and county offices. Besides, under a primary law, the Republican voters of Minnesota would actually have something to say regarding the candidates of their party, whereas they now have practically no voice whatever in their selection. The present system of nominating state officers is the rankest kind of a farce imaginable. The objection that under a primary system we would not always get the best man amounts to nothing, as we do not always get the best man under the present system. The workings of the primary law we now have show results fully as good as, and we believe a little better than, those that were obtained before its enactment, under the old convention system. There is absolutely nothing to be said for the convention system, applied to state and local elections, and the sooner this relic of Jackson's days is relegated to the lumber rooms with all the other useless political paraphernalia of the past the better for all concerned.—Warren Register.

> C. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady offer to prove by the witness, G. G. Williams, that he is a saloon-keeper of Thief River Falls, that he was ordered and instructed by the city council of said city in the years 1904 and 1905 to pay $500, the same being one-half his saloon license money in said city, to the city treasurer, and $500, the other half, to a committee of said city instructed with getting signatures to the county seat petition now under consideration and that said money was used by said petition wrongfully and fraudulently in influencing voters to sign said petition by paying them for the same and buying and giving them intoxicating liquors, and that a large number of signatures to such petition were obtained by such means.

The above is taken from the columns of the Red Lake Falls Courier and, in commenting editorially on the same, this paper says, "let there be an investigation." That is just what the people of Thief River Falls would like to have and, if it can be proven that any saloon-keeper in Thief River Falls has donated one-half of his license to a county seat committee, the citizens here will drop the county seat fight. As a matter of fact, the funds raised to pay the expenses of circulating the petition and employ attorneys to fight cases have been raised by private subscription. A number of the saloon keepers in Thief River Falls have contributed to this fund, but not one of them thus far has given as much as $100, while other business men have contributed much more than this amount.

Punishing Non-Voters.

The voter who does not vote is a bad citizen. He is quite as bad as the citizen who votes wrong, for a failure to vote for that which is right is equivalent to a vote for that which is wrong. If all the citizens of this country invariably voted, and voted always for the candidates and principles that they believe to be right, this republic would make few mistakes, for the judgment of the people is always honest, and nearly always right.

But when many citizens take no interest in politics, and refrain from voting, the proportion of voters with selfish interest rises correspondingly, and they always vote. If enough citizens stay away from the polls, public affairs fall into selfish hands, but if all the citizens always voted, selfish interests would have to give it up as a bad job.

It is not enough that voters should go to the polls and vote their party tickets. They must exercise judgment and keep their parties straight by voting against improper candidates when they are proposed, and by keeping in view first the good of the nation and second the good of the party. It is not enough, either, that voters should attend only the general elections. So long as party government endures, it is more necessary that good citizens should attend the primaries of their parties and see that proper candidates are named than it is that they should vote at the regular election. The citizen who takes no part in the primaries, and votes only at the election, has to take what those who do attend the primaries give him.

Over in the Canadian parliament they are considering a law to punish those who fail to take proper interest in the use of their franchise by disfranchising for six years any elector who neglects or refuses to vote at any general election without sufficient excuse. The only question about this proposition is whether the punishment is sufficiently severe. That failure to vote is as deserving of punishment as failure to pay taxes cannot be denied.

It is said that there is a strong probability that the Canadians will adopt this plan. If they do it can do no harm, and it may do much good. Perhaps it might even be much improved by adding some further penalty to accompany the disfranchisement.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

Such shrewd judges of the Russian situation as Professor Milukoff, leader of the Constitutional Democrats, are growing more pessimistic daily. The radical elements in the lower house of parliament are getting more and more out of hand and events in the interior are marching so rapidly that people almost doubt whether the surrender of the government to the demand for a responsible ministry would not now come too late.

The total casualties as a result of the anti-Jewish rioting at Bialystok, Russia, are not definitely known, but seventy bodies were buried Monday. This is claimed to be less than half the total of the killed. Jewish estimates say that not less than 200 were killed. The number of wounded is enormous. Surgeons have arrived here from Warsaw to assist the overworked staffs of the hospitals in caring for the injured.

The gravity of the situation in Russia grows hourly. The bourses of St. Petersburg and Moscow are in a panicky condition and the Social Democrats and social revolutionists, considering parliament to be a negligible quantity, are pushing their campaign for an armed uprising with increased vigor.

The Russian emperor and court are understood to be much alarmed at the sudden recrudescence of a mutinous spirit among the troops. Reports received from the minister of war indicate that the revolutionists are directing all their energies to the propaganda in the army.

The agitation among the workmen at Moscow is general and the strike is in full progress. Largely attended meetings of a revolutionary character are held nightly in the industrial sections and big demonstrations are made in front of the prisons.

Prince Hidlerbergoff, a member of the nobility and prominent leader against the liberal movement, was killed in the streets at Kutais, Russia.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

With a very large proportion of the members present, due to the activity of the Republican and Democratic whips, the house passed a rule sending the railroad rate bill back to conference as asked for by the senate without even an expression of its wishes as to any of the amendments to the bill.

The meat inspection bill, as reported by the house committee on agriculture, provides that the government shall pay the cost. It requires a rigid post mortem and ante mortem inspection of all animals killed for food.

In committee of the whole the house by a vote of 110 to 36 declared in favor of a lock canal across the isthmus of Panama, the amendment to this effect being presented by Representative Littauer of New York.

Senator McCumber (N. D.) has presented to the senate a petition from the board of trade of Superior, Wis., for an investigation of the grain inspection practiced by the Minnesota authorities.

The house committee on public lands has made a favorable report on the Hansbrough bill segregating $1,000,000 from the irrigation funds to be expended in draining the Red River valley.

Speaker Cannon says that he expects congress will close up business and get away from Washington by July 1.

The senate has passed the Lake Erie and Ohio river canal bill with only eleven negative votes.

The senate has decided to vote next Thursday on the Panama sea level canal bill.

The senate has adopted the conference report on the statehood bill.

—Subscribe for the News.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

BANKRUPT SALE

Will Be Continued Until the Entire Stock Is Sold.

SOMETHING DOING

When You Can Buy Good Staple Goods at Less Than Manufacturers' Prices.

LADIES, Why pay $3.50 to $4.50 for Shirt Waists when you can buy the same thing for $1.48 to $1.98 and everything else in proportion at the Emporium's old stand?

Yours to please,

T. P. Hamre & Co.

MASONIC BLOCK

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	73c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.03
Butter	12½c
Eggs	12½c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

O. M. Evenson was up to Greenbush last Friday.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

T. P. Hamre was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Dr. Grundy was down to St. Paul on business the first of the week.

—Wanted—A good girl for general housework, by Mrs. Phil Zeh.

Sex Bulman returned to this city last week from a trip to Montana.

Milton Forder left last Friday for Virginia to visit his son for a short time.

The local U. S. recruiting office was removed to Devils Lake, N. D., last week.

—For rent—Furnished house of five rooms for the summer; good location. G. K. Fargo.

Frank Glaser, the butcher, left Sunday evening for Faribault to visit old friends for a few days.

Mesdames C. L. Dobner and Daniel Shaw went up to Germantown last Saturday to visit relatives.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

P. Peterson arrived here last week from Crookston to visit his son, Leonard Peterson, and to look after his farm in the town of Norden.

C. W. Johnson, a former Thief River Falls business man, was in the city last week from the town of Polk Center, where he is now farming.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

Fred Solie, town clerk of Goodridge and one of the enterprising settlers of the eleven towns, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

H. A. Thews, piano tuning, voicing, action regulating, and fine repairing. Leave orders at Soo Hotel. Charges reasonable. Expert work guaranteed. Highest recommendations.

Mrs. Will Mullery was called to Crookston last Friday evening by the death of her father, Peter Noeson. The funeral services were held Monday. The deceased had been in poor health for the past five years and death was not unexpected.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford (optometrist) visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophtholmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at "The Rushford." Consultation free.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

A. J. Sieo, of Warren, was in the city Tuesday.

Some good baled hay for sale by Geo. Newberry.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

Will Mullery was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city Tuesday.

George Williams was up to Middle River and Greenbush last week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton transacted legal business in Crookston last week.

—Mrs. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Miss Mary Arneson returned to this city Tuesday from a visit with friends at Bemidji.

Mrs. Albert Spokley and children visited with relatives at Climax the first of the week.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

Mrs. W. A. Wright and children leave today for Duluth to remain for a few days visiting friends.

—For Sale—A 16-horse power threshing outfit, cheap. For information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county will hold a meeting at Red Lake Falls next Tuesday.

Editor "Tony" Schusser, of the Kelliher Journal was in the city from Friday until Monday visiting old friends.

John Ristau, one of the prosperous farmers living up near Germantown, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

—Taken up—A cow, white, with light red spots. Owner can have same by paying for keep and advertising expenses. Paul Trontvet, section 31, town of Silverton.

At a conference held at Minneapolis last Saturday, Rev. John Walseth was assigned the charge in Thief River Falls by the United Norwegian Lutheran Church of America.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

J. J. Soll packed his household goods Wednesday morning and drove to Thief River Falls, taking the Soo to his new home in Marshall county. Mr. Soll is now going to be a farmer.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Crop conditions in this section are said to be the best they have been in years, and this is especially true of everything north of town. Farmers are very jubilant and say that they have had just enough rain.

Mrs. C. E. Winslow arrived here last Friday evening from Wisconsin and will spend the summer here, keeping house for her son, Carl, who will be employed by the Thief River Falls Lumber company during his vacation.

Germantown is going to celebrate the Fourth in good old-fashioned style. Appropriate bills advertising the event have been turned out by the NEWS this week, and those in charge of the affair say that it will be a big success.

Rev. E. F. Olander arrived here last Friday and will make this place his home in the future. Rev. Olander is here in the interests of the American Sunday School Union and takes part of the territory formerly under the charge of Rev. Williams, of Crookston.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

Louis Sieff, Dan Linnihan, Fred Zaiser, Harold Erb, Fred Baker, G. A. Baker, John Richard, and Chas Bourdon, Jr., left last evening for Armington, Montana, where Mr. Sieff has some teams at work on the railroad. Messrs. Zaiser and Linnihan went along to see the country for a few days, while the rest of the party will work on the railroad and expect to remain there several months.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

John Olson was in from Germantown Monday.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

L. E. Roy, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

—For Sale—My residence on the East Side. W. S. Day.

Mrs. T. P. Hamre returned to this city Tuesday from Iowa.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Arne Gunderson last Friday.

H. C. Seldom, a Minneapolis lumberman, spent Sunday in the city.

J. R. Poullot, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week.

—Lost—One Panama hat. Finder please return to this office and receive reward.

Mrs. Lizzie Green, of St. Paul, was here last week visiting her sister, Mrs. Cunningham.

Miss Clara Manual, who has a claim up near Highlanding, was in the city the first of the week.

J. J. Crowe and family are expected to arrive here the latter part of this week from Prince Albert.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday looking after his business interests here.

A. Alrick and M. C. Shifflow, two prominent business men of Plummer, were in the city Tuesday.

Ed Hilson left Monday on a trip through North Dakota and Montana traveling for a Seattle firm.

Thomas Coleman, O. A. Weberg and L. Peterson, a trio of Lancaster business men, spent Sunday in Thief River Falls.

A young son of George Williams had the misfortune to fall from a horse Sunday afternoon and sustained a broken arm.

C. A. Fuller arrived here Saturday evening from Prince Albert and remained until Tuesday attending to some business matters.

James Stewart left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert, where he will remain in the future working for the lumber company up there.

Harry Carr came down from Middle River Monday evening and left for Argyle Tuesday morning, having accepted a position on the Banner at that place.

Dr. Schaleben's wife and child arrived here Sunday from Minneapolis and will make this city their future home. They will occupy rooms in the Jackson & McGinn block.

T. R. Torkelson, cashier of the First State Bank of Middle River, accompanied by his wife, spent Sunday in Thief River Falls, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Melgaard.

Dr. Archibald returned to this city Sunday from a trip to the Canadian Northwest, where he has considerable land interests. He reports that the country is booming.

Rev. Aastad and D. B. Bakke left Monday evening for Pelican Rapids to attend a conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, which is in session from June 23th to the 26th.

Misses Edith and Hazel Prichard, Irene Caldwell and Florence Berg represented Thief River Falls at the district convention of the Epworth League held at Fergus Falls last week.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

Rev. Flesher returned last week from Iowa, where he had been to attend the funeral of his father. He was accompanied by his mother and sister, Miss Lola, who will spend several weeks here.

Mr. and Mrs. Iver Henricks left this week for Thief River Falls, where they will make their future home. We are sorry to lose two such good people, but wish them success in their new home.—Ulen Union.

A Shetland pony—one of the smallest ever seen in this town and weighing only 130 pounds—could be seen here the first of the week. It was the property of L. Olisoul, who has a claim about 40 miles from here.

Ole O. Vattendahl was here Thursday from his home near High Landing and went to Thief River Falls. He is making preparations to construct a ferry over the Red Lake river close to his home.—Plummer Pioneer.

P. McPherson, right-of-way agent for the Canadian Pacific, was in the city the first of the week, accompanied by his wife, and they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Krouse. Mrs. McPherson and Mrs. Krouse are sisters.

The annual June sale of the Golden Rule has been in progress during the past week and a large number of people have been taking advantage of the low prices goods are being sold at. The sale will be continued until Saturday evening.

Few publishers care to force anyone to take their papers, but they expect pay from those who do take the paper. Any one who does not want to receive a publication needs not to get out an injunction against it. Just notify the publisher that you don't want it, at the same time you pay him what you owe. Don't continue taking the paper until pay is demanded and then swell up like a drowned fish and say you "never ordered the dirty sheet."—Big Fork Compass.

—Lawn seats and lawn swings at Torrison Bros.'

George Jarman was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney Stanton was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Charles Newberry was over to Grand Forks on business the first of the week.

Mrs. C. E. Eshelby and children, of St. Paul, arrived last week to visit Mrs. C. J. Knox.

Flora Prichard left last week for Iowa to spend a month or more visiting her grandparents.

Mrs. I. T. Aastad and children left Monday evening for St. Paul to visit relatives for a few days.

Mrs. C. A. Nason and children left Sunday evening for Pine City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Martin and E. J. McAndress, of St. Hilaire, and W. G. McAndress, of Spring Valley, were in the city Tuesday.

Frank Baker was in the city Tuesday, en route to his home at Roseau from Stillwater, where he had been to bury his wife.

A. L. Matis left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert, where he will take charge of the large saw mill interests of the Wintons at that place.

Dr. Penney last week purchased the Blunt house on the East Side of O. A. Bishop. Mrs. Lakin has purchased Dr. Penney's present home.

Miss Gertrude Curran returned Sunday evening to Eau Claire, Wis. She was accompanied by Vivian Donaldson, who had been here for several months visiting his grandmother.

Mrs. Caroline Banger, mother of Mrs. Gilbert Wedmer, died Sunday at the advanced age of 91. The deceased had been confined to her bed for the past several months. The funeral services were held Monday afternoon.

J. Frank Fouche, dramatic artist, will give an entertainment in Evenson's Hall Friday evening under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist Episcopal church. Admission, 35c; reserved seats, 50c; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Curtis's drug store.

Dr. Archibald has decided to locate in Thief River Falls and has rented office rooms in the Dobner-Meehan block. He will not commence active practice until about the first of July. Dr. Archibald is quite well known in this city, having visited his father-in-law, S. V. Bailey, upon numerous occasions.

Judge Knight came up from Red Lake Falls last Friday and remained until Tuesday. The Judge says that the people of Red Lake Falls are getting tired of the self-appointed (John Duffy appointed by John Duffy) committee that is in charge of the county seat fight of that town. But what can the people down there do? Hasn't John Duffy loaned them all some money? And when John Duffy loans money, he usually takes a mortgage upon a man's soul.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

WILLIE IN TROUBLE

Threw a Fire Cracker in Wrong Direction Sunday.

Willie Smith was arrested Monday morning charged with throwing a fire cracker through an open window in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning while Sunday school was in session. The teacher of the Sunday school class, of which Willie was a member, was not present and he, with a number of other boys, remained on the sidewalk in front of the church. They had some fire crackers and one of the boys dared Willie to throw one through the window, which he did—and now he is sorry. The case has been postponed until the 16th of July, when Willie's father, who is now absent from the city, is expected to return, and at that time no doubt will be dismissed.

Ladies' Missionary Society Meets.

The Ladies' Presbyterial Home and Foreign Missonary society of Adams presbytery meet in the Presbyterian church of this city last Thursday and Friday. There were delegates present from many towns in neighboring counties, about twenty-five visiting ladies in all.

Mrs. Noyes, of St. Paul, synodical president, spoke charmingly on Porto Rico before the popular meeting Thursday evening.

Rev. N. A. Gilchrist, of Crookston, gave a strong apologetic on foreign missions at the same meeting. The papers given at the several sessions were of a high order, and the deliberations of the ladies on the themes of the conference were exceedingly interesting. Through the thoughtfulness and generosity of Mayor Grundy, the visiting delegates were given a drive through our city Thursday evening. All expressed their delight and appreciation.

COURSE ASSURED

A Contract for a Lecture and Entertainment Course Signed Last Week.

A contract was signed last week by a few interested persons of our town assuring us of fine first class entertainments during the fall and winter of 1906-1907. The following is a list of the attractions contracted for:

The Colonial Male Quartette.
Lecture—Hon. G. A. Gearheart.
The Emily Waterman Concert Co.
"The Philosophy of the Beautiful," lecture on art by J. Larenzo Zwickley.
Reix—Nehrbas Combination.

Every one in town who lays any claim to culture will wish to hear this entire course. Step into Mr. Stebbins' drug store and sign for a course ticket, to be delivered and paid for about Oct. 1st, at $2.00. Any money left over above the cost of this course will be used to enlarge and improve a similar course of entertainments the following year.

Lets Ditch Contract.

Bids for the construction of county ditch No. 25 in Bray and Sanders townships were opened at the auditor's office Monday, and, after considering the different proposals presented, the contract was let to E. A. Moran, of Red Lake Falls at 9.76 cents per yard, being the lowest bid for the whole work. Other bids submitted were as follows: Otto Ortlof, stations 151 to 100, 9c; X. Sauve, 9.91c; W. G. McAnulty, station was lower than the price paid, but the auditor was unable to find a bidder who would take the remainder of the work for less than 11c, which would make the amount greater than Mr. Moran's bid. The ditch is about seven miles long. Mr. Moran will commence the work at once and finish it as soon as possible.

Opera House One Night Only

The Great Comedian

John Thompson

THE MOST VERSATILE ACTOR IN AMERICA

Will Appear in His Comical

FUNNY FELLOWS

OF NEW YORK

MONDAY, JUNE 25

Everything in the Performance Is Comical—Not a Serious Line During the Evening.

10 Comical Cuaracters. 10 Comical Specialty Acts.
16 Comical Songs. 200 Comical Jokes.

The Most Comical Dancing that You or Any One Else Ever Saw.

ROARS OF LAUGHTER

SEW YOUR BUTTONS ON TIGHT

Admission 10, 20 and 30 Cents.

Reserved Seat Tickets on Sale at the Usual Place.

A lady will be admitted free with each reserved seat ticket purchased before the doors open.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Crescous, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.

Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The Pioneer Limited

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Every day from June 1 to September 15, very low round trip rates will be in effect over the Great Northern Ry. to

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Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota," Seattle to Japan and China.

MAN EATING TIGERS.

Dangers Faced by Sportsmen Who Hunt Them.

Men who have shot the "big cats of the Indian jungle" all emphasize the difference between an "ordinary tiger" and a "man eater." One varies from the other as much as a domestic pussy from a wildcat. The man eater when it catches sight of a hunter is at once all aflame with the passion to devour him. It has tasted human flesh and knows its sweetness.

When the Britisher in India goes tiger hunting, therefore, he looks first of all to his own safety. Having learned that a tiger rarely looks upward, he seeks a position at some distance from the ground, as, for instance, the howdah of an elephant or a machan or leaf covered box perched in a tree.

The tiger usually keeps its eyes on the ground because it finds its prey there and its enemies also. The natural inhabitants of the trees, the birds and the monkeys, it holds in contempt. But on the ground, besides the sweet fleshed man, lives the water buffalo, its most formidable foe. In combat the buffalo most times kills the tiger.

The peculiar sagacity of the elephant is of great assistance to the man who hunts tigers from the howdah. At the approach of the big cat the pachyderm trumpets an alarm, and if properly trained it will snatch its master with its trunk, should he be on the ground, and lift him into the howdah on its back. It then seeks the shadow of some tree and stands perfectly still, as if knowing that in this way it will steady the hunter's aim.

When one shoots tigers from the machan, or tree ambush, he usually picks a place where the beast is wont to retreat when alarmed. With a companion he hides himself in his nest. In his hand he holds a magazine rifle loaded and cocked, while in his belt he carries a half dozen pistols for instant use should the gun fail him. Then he sends out a score or more of natives as beaters to drive the beast toward him. Encircling the region, the beaters begin to rap on the trees and to shout, and these noises, because of their strangeness, frighten the animal.

Yet when neither the howdah nor the machan is available the tiger hunter will seek the shelter of only a steep, high rock. A captain of the Indian army recently killed a huge man eater with only a rock for refuge.

"The very evening that I slew the beast," he said, in telling of his adventure, "the creature had devoured a woman returning to the village with a bundle of wood she had cut in the jungle. Only an anklet and some locks of hair were left to tell of her fearful fate. The villagers called me foolish for trying to kill the brute, for they said he would prove too cunning. Man eaters, they said, were far more cunning than tigers that had never tasted human flesh. After they had sacrificed to their god, however, they became more hopeful. The beaters went out to drive him toward me. It seemed most likely he was lying under a great banyan tree not very far away. Meantime I perched myself on a rock high over a stream. Soon I heard fierce screams and knew that the beaters had found the tiger at home and were driving him toward me. A moment later he crashed through the underbrush a hundred feet away. There he stopped, his great tongue lolling from his cavernous mouth. Hearing the noise coming nearer, he slunk toward the stream. My first bullet caught him in the flank. It only angered him, and, lifting his head, he glared at me with blazing eyes. It was the first time he had seen me. The sight of a man seemed to drive him mad. With a fierce roar he leaped upon me, but just as he rose in that spring which meant the death of either one of us my second bullet pierced his heart, and he fell in a heap at the bottom of the rock."

The Acorn.

The male flowers of the oak are gathered in distant clusters round a long, swaying stalk. They approach much nearer to the conventional idea of a flower individually. Instead of being a mere aggregation of anthers or pollen cells on simple scales those of the oak are possessed of distinct starlike, hairy calyxes, each marked off into six or seven lobes and containing ten slender stamens, with two celled anthers. Then the female flowers, which are usually two or three, near each other, but not connected, consist each of an ovary, with three short curved styles, and invested by a calyx that adheres closely to it and becomes the husk, or shell, of the acorn. The whole, except the styles, is held in a cup formed of many small overlapping scales, which afterward lose their individuality and shrink into mere roughness on the outside of the cup that holds the acorn, for only one of the six ovules contained in the ovary develops into an acorn (seed or corn of the ac, or oak).

Earthquakes In Great Britain.

Repeatedly, at wide intervals of time, the British islands have been the scene of great and long continued volcano outbursts. In almost every part are traces of volcanic energy of one form or another. Snowden, Cader-Idris, Scawfell, Helvellyn, the Wrekin, Dartmoor and the Cornish hills are a few of the remains of such eruptions as have formed Vesuvius. There have been others where the lava has come welling through great fissures in the earth's crust, flooding it with seas of liquid fire, which as they cooled solidified into rocks, sometimes hundreds, sometimes thousands of feet in thickness. Thus were formed the basaltic plateaus of Antrim and the Shetlands and the great Cleveland dike, with a total length of 190 miles. Then, again, separate outbreaks have flung up such records as the Bass rock and the hill on which Edinburgh castle stands.

Intellectual Drinks.

"Tea and coffee are drugs—drugs solely," said a chemist. "They stimulate the brain, and the reaction from the stimulation is not perceptible; hence tea and coffee are excellent brain spurs. For a little while they do actually make us more intelligent than we naturally are. That is why they are so popular. It is why we chemists call them intellectual drinks. Alcohol, whether it be taken in the form of champagne or beer or whisky, is not an intellectual drink, but the opposite. From the beginning alcohol stupefies instead of enlivening the brain. But it makes us talk! If it were not enlivening how should it make us talk? Alas, alcohol makes us talk, but we say under its influence the things we should not. Alcohol deadens the inhibitory, the prohibitive centers of the brain. It stupefies the brain muscle, which knows what things should not be told, and hence, while drinking we talk; but, oh, the things we say, and, oh, how we blush in the cold gray light of the morning after to remember what we said!"

"Tarry" Gould's Long Cruise.

"Tarry" Gould was a well known character in and around Danvers years ago, but very few knew what gave him the nickname of "Tarry." He was very fond of telling about the long sea trip he enjoyed when a young man. It seems he thought he was tired living ashore, so he went to Danversport and shipped on a coasting schooner bound for Philadelphia. He used to say, in telling his story: "I did expect to enjoy that trip so much. Well, we cast off from the wharf and started down river. When we got to Beverly bridge (a mile or so from the wharf) I made up my mind that I had got enough of it, and as we passed through the draw I climbed to the bridge and started for home, and, if you will believe me, I could not get a wink of sleep that night until they threw water on the outside of my bedroom windows to make it seem I was aboard ship."—Boston Herald.

Scraps From the Sea.

"There is often found at sea a life belt or some sort of a life preserver floating on the water that bears the name of the vessel to which it belonged," said a veteran sea captain. "As soon as it is reported there is at once a great amount of speculation on the part of those interested in the ship as to whether the vessel is safe or not. This increases to alarm if the ship is any way overdue. In most instances the preserver has been washed from the deck by a wave or has fallen overboard, and the alarm is entirely without foundation. I remember an instance in which my boat broke a crank shaft. We were eleven days overdue, and we were given up for lost because a raft that should have been fastened on the deck was washed overboard and picked up by a faster liner. I have sometimes thought it would be a good thing if these minor articles were not marked."

South Sea Island Customs.

When a south sea island mother wishes to chastise her child she seldom resorts to slapping, and slippers, of course, she has none. Instead of using the forms of punishment customary among civilized mothers she pulls the child's hair or bites some part of the body, generally the fleshy part of the arm. In wandering about the village one sees many children having on their bodies scars produced by wounds inflicted by their mothers' teeth. When a mother wishes to caress her child she deftly draws her thumb across its eyebrow or cheek or gently seizes its cheek between her teeth. The rubbing of noses is also a mark of affection among the Kingsmill islanders, as it is among the Maoris of New Zealand.

Hot Soda Baths.

Hot soda baths are recommended by some persons for rheumatism, and the way they are taken is this: Fill the tub half full of water as hot as can be borne, add half a pound of common baking soda and immerse the body for at least twenty minutes, keeping up the temperature by the addition of hot water from time to time. Vaseline or cold cream should be rubbed into the skin after the latter has been dried in order to replace the natural oil.

A Bit of English Humor.

Recently the London Morning Post contained the following advertisement: "Wanted.—A nurse for night duty only; one thoroughly accustomed to bottle babies."

This called forth the remark from the British Journal of Nursing:

"To bottle babies? How is it done and for what purpose are these innocents used when 'bottled?'"

A Bright Boy.

"Your son, I believe, made some experiments while at college?"

"Yes; he discovered what he calls his 'scientific paradox.'"

"What is the nature of it?"

"He succeeded in demonstrating that debts are expanded by contracting them."

Given and Taken Away.

A tiny bridesmaid at a wedding the other day surveyed the departing bride and groom with a gloomy brow. "Oh, dear!" she pouted. "Sister was going to get married today and have lots of fun! And now that man's taken her away!"

Too Many.

"And David had five kings before him," read the pastor.

"Gosh!" exclaimed the man in the rear pew. "I'm glad David wasn't in the game last night!"

The first regular serial newspaper was printed at Antwerp in the year 1605 and bore the name of Niewelijdinghe.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Sever Bergan, H. E. No. 963, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter O. Brevik, of Germantown, Minn.
Halvor A. Vinjeru, " "
Donough O'Brien, " "
Fred Solie, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 17 june 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Receiver or Register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 13th, 1906, viz: George Wold, H. E. No. 2,800, Chippewa Series, for the N½ SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4, Sec. 31, T. 155 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Knut Rognes, of Germantown, Minn.
John Graff, " "
Mikkel Anderson, " "
John Anderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Charlie T. Thompson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Chris Porter, " "
Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, " "
Jay Paine, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 10th, 1906, viz: Ole O. Byklum, H. E. No. 154, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 1, 2 and S½ NE¼, Sec. 3, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

T. H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hans H. Pederson, of Thorwick, "
Charley C. Overum, " "
Charles Evenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Paul L. Wambheim, H. E. 52, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 24, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nils Swanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Elias J. Overland, " "
Haldor P. Sponheim, of Manor, "
Sjur L. Solberg, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Sixteen and 96-100 Dollars upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John La Crosse and Mary La Crosse, his wife, Mortgagors, to Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1905, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book 13 of Mortgages, on page 67.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Crookston, by written assignment dated the 1st day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 2nd day of May, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 314, and by reason of the default hereinbefore mentioned the said The First National Bank of Crookston, the Assignee of the Mortgagee, chooses to declare and hereby does declare the whole debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage due and payable, making in all the sum of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: The South west quarter (SW¼) of the South east quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; Lots Twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 6th day of July, 1906, at 1 o'clock P. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 57-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1906.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROOKSTON, Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 2[illegible], 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Victor A. Trochmann, H. E. 340, Chippewa Series, for the SW¼ NE¼, Lots 1, 2, Sec. 22, Tp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Lasi Rupprecht, of Thorwick, Minn.
Anton Nustead, " "
Tyler Wood, " "
John Lindquist, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 31 july 5

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2nd, 1906, viz: Gunder Hammon Jr., as one of the heirs of Salmon Hammon, deceased, H. E. No. 48, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. [illegible], T. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

[illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
T. S. Holum, " "
Charley H. Ould, " "
Tom H. [illegible], " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 14 july 19

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 17th, 1906, viz: Martin P. Mork, H. E. No. 344, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 33, Tp. 154 N., Rg. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charley Petterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Ottum, " "
Martin Quist, " "
Gust Bergren, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 7 July 12

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

To Denis Cavanagh,
Hudson, Wisconsin.

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that default has been made in the payment, due June First, 1906, on your written contract for the purchase of Lots numbered Thirteen, Fourteen and Fifteen of Block numbered Fifty-eight in the original townsite of the city of Thief River Falls in Red Lake County, Minnesota; Which contract is dated May 12th, 1906, and by the terms of which contract, Math Barzen, as grantor, agreed to convey and assure to you, the said Denis Cavanagh, the above described real estate.

That there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of Thirty-Five Hundred dollars, as principal, and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $3,500.00, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from June Second, 1906, together with the costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said grantor, Math Barzen, will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

MATH BARZEN, Grantor.

June 7 21

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

Letters of Administration with the Will annexed this day having been granted to Annie I. E. Robinson.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday, the Fourth day of December, 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice thereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County, as provided by law.

Dated June 4th, 1906.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

June 7 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Theodor E. Evenby, as one of the heirs of John Engebretson, deceased, H. E. 339, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 20, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Thor Skaar, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Holmen, " "
Martin J. Berg, " "
Halvor H. Olsen, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy, H. E. 4,303, Chippewa Series, for the S½ SW¼, Sec. 22, N½ NW¼, Sec. 27, Tp. 155 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " "
Tollef C. Hoveloso, " "
Emil Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., June 6, 1906.

Doc. 4011.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Henry Lundy, contestant, against homestead entry No. 1147, made April 24, 1905, for northeast quarter Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., by Nels B. Swenson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Nels B. Swenson has failed to establish his residence upon said land and has made no improvements thereon from the time of making said entry to the date hereof; that he has wholly failed to comply with the conditions of the homestead laws and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past, and that said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 18, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 6, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 14 july 4

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul, Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 25 of mortgages on page 514.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is the sum of one thousand two hundred and sixty one and ninety-two one hundredths ($1,261.92) dollars; That the premises described in and covered by said mortgage is Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, according to the map or plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the third day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due together with the costs of said sale and seventy five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 11th, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.

FARGO & STANTON, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

June 14 jul 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2, 1906, viz: Frank [illegible], H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls,
Charles Webster, " "
Edward Warner, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 14 july 19

GIVEN TERM IN PRISON

DR. FORCE, FORMER OFFICIAL OF NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL LIFE, SENTENCED.

Two Deaths From Drowning Occur at Lakes in Vicinity of St. Paul—Five Men Injured at Minneapolis by Heavily Loaded Wagon Falling Into Excavation for New Building—News of the State in General.

Minneapolis, June 16.—Dr. Jacob F. Force has been sentenced to three years and six months at hard labor in the penitentiary by Judge Brooks.

The defendant, convicted of embezzlement from the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, of which he was vice president and director, had no reason to give why the sentence should not be passed.

The court gave him a sentence over the minimum of one year, but not nearly the maximum of ten years. A stay of execution until July 23 was granted and during the intervening time a settled case will be prepared and an appeal perfected.

Dr. Force stated, in reply to questions of the court, that he is sixty-three years old, was born in New York and had engaged in the practice of his profession and in the insurance business.

TWO MEN DROWNED.

One of the Cases Appears to Be Somewhat Mysterious.

St. Paul, June 18.—Two deaths occurred from drowning near here, one of which is somewhat mysterious and will be investigated by the coroner. The victims were Charles J. Ablsch, 1026 Jessamine street, and John Swenson, 636 Pine street. The former was drowned in Lake Phalen and the latter in Lake Gervais.

The manner in which Swenson met his death could not be learned by Deputy Coroner Dr. N. W. Foster, who investigated the case. The body was found in two feet of water. It was removed to the morgue, where Dr. Miller will hold an investigation.

John Swenson and Swan Oak went out to the lake early in the morning, and it is said that they took some liquor with them. According to Oak's story, as reported to the coroner, they fell asleep on the bank of the lake, and when Oak woke up after daylight his companion was missing and his hat was on the shore. The superintendent of the boathouse started a search and the body of Swenson was found near the shore in two feet of water.

FIVE MEN INJURED.

Heavily Loaded Wagon Falls Into Excavation of New Building.

Minneapolis, June 15.—Peter Johnson is perhaps fatally injured as a result of an accident here in which five men and a heavily loaded wagon and team of horses were precipitated into an excavation fifteen feet deep.

The men were on a wagon loaded with ten barrels of tar, and started to drive through the alley next to the excavation that has been made for a new building on Sixth street near Hennepin avenue. The weight of the load, more than 5,000 pounds, caused the embankment to give way, and the men, wagon and horses were thrown in a heap at the bottom of the cellar. The injured are:

Peter Johnson, Rudolph Tyra, P. O. Johnson, Louis Silver and John Johnson.

IRON DEPOSIT FOUND.

Rockefeller Agents Too Late to Buy Valuable Land.

Elk River, Minn., June 15.—A valuable deposit of iron has been found in the township of Santiago, Sherburne county, and J. Riley has disposed of his farm for $12,000, nearly half of which has already been paid down.

Agents of the Rockefeller interests were down from Duluth and it is said attempted to head off the deal, but found themselves a few days too late.

The discovery of the iron is due to the digging of some county drainage ditches in the locality. It is thought there are evidences of a deposit of petroleum there, and a thorough investigation will be made.

FOR LACK OF EVIDENCE.

Case Against Judge Kerr of Minneapolis Dismissed.

Minneapolis, June 14.—For lack of evidence, Assistant County Attorney Dahl moved a dismissal of the case of the state against Judge William A. Kerr, and the motion was granted by Judge Brooks.

At the same time, at the request of the state, the old indictment for grand larceny against Judge Kerr was nolled and he is now secure from further prosecution on account of his connection with the Northwestern National Life Insurance company.

Falls From a Precipice.

St. Paul, June 13.—The body of a man believed to be O. H. Anderson of Stillwater was found late at night at the bottom of the cliff at the end of Urban place. The head was crushed in on the left side. There were $1 in silver and a bottle of whisky in the pockets. The man fell asleep on the edge of Dayton's bluff and dropped to the railroad tracks, 150 feet below.

NEW PROCESS OF MAKING BEER.

Chemist Produces Ten Barrels From One Gallon of Extract.

St. Paul, June 15.—The discovery or rather researches of a local chemist will no doubt have a farreaching effect on the great brewing industries of this country. This chemist has produced a liquid which by tests proves to be 3,520 times stronger than the best beer.

The active principle of this fluid extract contains albuminoids from alpha, bitter hops, and malt 7,440 times the strength of common malt made from the best barley. With the above is combined an article which in contact with hard water produces instantaneous heat and fermentation, forming 8½ per cent alcohol, the amount existing in the best brand of beer. The question of revenue is being discussed with the federal authorities and it is probable that no distiller's license will be required, as no alcohol is formed until the liquid extract comes in contact with the water.

A company of St. Paul and Milwaukee capitalists will supply the large breweries with the fluid extract for trial.

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED.

J. A. McElroy Chosen President of Minnesota Federation of Labor.

Stillwater, Minn., June 14.—The state federation of labor elected the following officers: J. A. McElroy, Minneapolis, president; W. E. McEwen, Duluth, secretary-treasurer (re-elected); H. W. Libbey, Winona, David Logerstead, Stillwater, Mrs. F. W. Hines, Minneapolis, vice presidents; William Templeman, St. Paul, delegate to the American Federation convention; S. W. Spencer, Minneapolis, alternate; members of the federation council, T. F. Thomas, J. P. Walsh, James Farrell, S. W. Moore, A. W. Turner and E. G. Hall, all of St. Paul, and Charles Morrison, Mankato.

St. Cloud was selected on the first ballot over Winona as the place of meeting next year.

RIVER ON A RAMPAGE.

Heavy Damage to Property Along the Minnesota.

Mankato, Minn., June 13.—The Minnesota river northwest of this point is on a rampage, being higher at some places than it has been for twenty-five years past. The bottom land around New Ulm, Morgan and towns further north is overflowed and damage to the extent of thousands of dollars has been done by destruction of crops and meadows.

One hundred feet of track on the Chicago and Northwestern road sank suddenly between Judson and Cambria and is twenty-five feet lower than it was. This occurred soon after two heavy freight trains had passed over, but the passenger train was flagged in time by the watchman.

FIREWORKS DESTROYED.

Lives of Several Men Endangered at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, June 16.—Fireworks representing a total value of $20,000 or $30,000 were destroyed and the lives of twenty men were jeopardized in a fire in the warehouse of the Luther Ford company, Sixth avenue north and Dupont. Because of the rush at this season of the year the number of men at work in the establishment was unusually large, and only the fact that the men had been warned of their great risk and all windows and doors had been left open to permit of hurried escapes in case of emergency, there must have been great loss of life. The fire started by the accidental ignition of some boxes of caps.

FATAL STABBING AFFRAY.

Italians Quarrel and One Uses a Knife With Deadly Effect.

Duluth, June 13.—Excitement runs high at Chisholm, for while a goodly portion of the population was searching for John Nuhalovisky, a lost boy, a stabbing affray which resulted fatally took place on the high road near the Monroe location. The principals were both Italians, the aggressor being Pietro Canalli while Abel Sorpori is the victim. The scene of the tragedy was just outside a "blind pig," or roadhouse.

$400,000 FOR ACADEMY.

Minneapolis Couple's Bountiful Offer to a Connecticut Town.

Putnam, Conn., June 12.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Tourtelot of Minneapolis have offered to build a $100,000 academy for the town of Thompson. They have promised to endow it with $300,000. Mr. and Mrs. Tourtelot are both natives of Thompson.

Minnesota Odd Fellows.

Minneapolis, June 13.—R. A. Dorns of Minneapolis was elected grand patriarch by the grand encampment of the Odd Fellows here. Other officers elected are: D. B. Whittemore, Detroit, grand senior; C. A. Lammers, Stillwater, grand high priest; G. S. McCulloch, Brainard, grand junior warden; C. R. Wilkinson, St. Paul, grand scribe; W. W. Churchill, Rochester, grand treasurer; R. E. McFarlane, Duluth, grand representative.

Duluth Man Missing.

Duluth, June 12.—Grave fears are felt for the safety of James P. Harris of Duluth, manager for the Gately Supply house here. He left Duluth last Tuesday morning for a fishing trip, to be gone that day only, and no word has since been received of him. It is feared he met with an accident or foul play.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Hal J. Stevens, the well known and popular singer of Minneapolis, is dead.

Five hundred firemen attended the state convention of fire fighters at Le Sueur last week.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, has purchased a residence in New York city.

G. Luisdorf, one of the pioneers of the Northwest, is dead at Mankato, aged seventy-nine years.

The rate war between the lines of railroad running between St. Paul and Chicago has been declared off.

Several hundred Elks attended the second annual meeting of the state association at St. Cloud last week.

The state of Minnesota will take the fight to secure control of the famous Virginia Silver mine to the supreme court.

Overcome by the excitement of her son's wedding Mrs. Christina E. Smith of Brainerd, this state, died of heart failure at Bozeman, Mont.

A reduction in the cost of electric lights to the citizens of the city of Minneapolis has been granted by the Minneapolis General Electric company.

A valuable deposit of iron has been found in the township of Santiago, Sherburne county, and J. Riley, the owner, has disposed of his farm for $12,000.

The thirty-fifth annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Society of the Archdiocese of St. Paul was held in the old capitol at St. Paul last week.

F. L. Washburn, state etymologist, in a letter written to Governor Johnson, infers that a real estate influence is back of the slaughter of the cranes at Minnetonka.

Thomas Carney, a Winona drayman, was thrown from a wagon by an unmanageable team. His neck was broken and he died before the physicians could reach him.

George Havlin, sixty years of age and a veteran of the Civil war, was crushed to death in Minneapolis under the wheels of a city sprinkling cart on which he was employed as driver.

With the view of discouraging wolf "farming," if it is being carried on in Winona county, the county board has reduced the bounty paid for cub wolves and has increased the bounty paid for old wolves.

The filing of a trust deed for $500,000 with the register of deeds at Foley assures the carrying out of the project of the Sauk Rapids Water Power company and the building of the Sauk Rapids dam is now certain.

The search for W. H. Gray of Duluth, who has been missing in the woods at Mile Post 61 for ten days, has been abandoned and the searchers are of the opinion that the man's body has been devoured by wolves.

The thirty-fourth annual commencement exercises of the University of Minnesota were held in the university armory Thursday when 530 degrees were conferred by President Northrop upon the members of the graduating class of 1906.

Otto C. Taege, a drug clerk for Hall & Geisel, St. Paul, fell unconscious at Minneapolis and died in the police ambulance. A post mortem examination on the body showed that he was ailing with pneumonia and had also appendicitis.

Halver Johnson, fifty-five years old, a farmer of the township of Henning, Otter Tail county, was killed in a runaway accident. He was hauling a corn crib from town to his farm when the horses shied and ran away. The corn crib fell on him and crushed him to death.

The fire losses in Minneapolis during the past year were $232,930 less than in 1904, according to a report just issued by the state insurance commissioner. The total amount of premiums paid in Minneapolis for fire insurance during 1905 was $1,481,389.87 and the losses incurred by insurance companies were $785,268.

It is reported on apparent good authority that the Wisconsin Central has decided not to rebuild the bridge across the St. Croix river near New Richmond, Wis., but to change its line so as to take in Stillwater. This will give the latter place its only through line to Chicago. The work, it is said, will be commenced this fall.

Ninety young lawyers were admitted to practice before the supreme court of Minnesota Friday after Chief Justice Start presented them with their certificates. Among those who received certificates was Miss Margaret Young of Minneapolis, the only woman admitted. All were graduates of the University of Minnesota law school.

Officials of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern are making plans for the joint operation of their tracks between Minneapolis and St. Cloud on the east side of the Mississippi river, beginning July 1. Switches and other necessary arrangements are being put in, but which depot, if any, along the tracks will be abandoned is a detail that has not yet been worked out.

Odd Fellows of the entire state, through their representatives in the grand lodge, have joined with the St. Paul brethren in an effort to secure the sovereign lodge meeting of next year for that city. The sovereign lodge will hold its meeting of this year at Toronto, Can., beginning Sept. 7, and the Minnesota delegates will go instructed to use their utmost endeavors to secure the next convention for St. Paul.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The six-story Ryan Annex building at St. Paul was completely gutted by fire. The estimated damage to the building and the stocks of the occupants is between $450,000 and $500,000. Several firemen were badly cut by flying pieces of glass and thirty-seven were overcome by heat and smoke.

Havre and Fort Assiniboine, Mont., were struck by a hurricane that did damage estimated at $200,000. Buildings were toppled over without warning and not a structure in the path of the terrific wind escaped damage.

J. B. Baremore, a farmer residing near Fort Smith, Ark., and his two children, Emma, aged five years, and James, aged eighteen months, are dead of ptomaine poisoning. They had eaten bologna sausage.

About 1,000 feet of the bridge which connects Galveston island with the mainland has been destroyed by fire, completely isolating Galveston from all connection with the outside world except by boat.

After rescuing four of his fellow workmen Charles Gasioli met his death at St. Louis by waiting in a trench filled with sewer gas until the last man had been raised to the surface.

Mrs. C. H. Patterson, wife of the president of the Bankers' Trust company of Kansas City, was instantly killed in a collision between an automobile and a trolley car.

Fires at St. Louis did damage estimated at $215,000 to a five-story office building and a large livery and undertaking establishment. Fifty horses were burned.

Fire at Baltimore wiped out property valued at $1,000,000 and resulted in the death of three members of the crew of the steamer Essex, which was destroyed.

Representative Rufus Lester of Savannah, Ga., is dead at Washington as the result of injuries he sustained in a fall through a skylight.

The schooner Emma L. Cottingham of New Bedford, Mass., sank off the Florida coast during a storm and six of her crew perished.

Frank Keeley, a saloonkeeper of Weston, Mo., shot and killed his wife, mistaking her for a burglar.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The federal grand jury at New York has handed down an indictment charging the MacAndrews & Forbes company, the John S. Young company of Baltimore and the presidents of the two corporations, Karl Jungbluth and Howard E. Young, with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The federal grand jury at Omaha has returned indictments against thirteen prominent Nebraska cattlemen in connection with land fraud cases. The charges include conspiracy to defraud the government, subornation of perjury and illegal fencing of public lands.

Dr. Jacob F. Force, convicted at Minneapolis of embezzlement from the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, has been sentenced to three years and six months at hard labor in the penitentiary.

The grand jury at Cleveland has returned indictments against ten of the most prominent coal dealers and firms of that city, charging them with being in a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Burglars broke into the three largest churches at North La Crosse, Wis., and carried away everything of value, the churches being completely stripped of decorations and gold vessels.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tresch, aged fifty-one years, was choked to death by a burglar at Peru, Ind.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The basis of a complete agreement on the meat inspection legislation between President Roosevelt and the house committee on agriculture has been arrived at. It will authorize an annual appropriation of $3,000,000 to pay the cost of inspection.

President Roosevelt absolutely disclaims any participation or interference in Iowa political affairs and says that Secretary Shaw's visit to his home at this time is made "on his own responsibility."

If congress should send a measure to President Roosevelt providing for the construction of a sea level canal on the isthmus of Panama he would veto it. This statement is made by authority.

An unexpected snag has been struck in the movement for an early adjournment and it is possible that the type of the Panama canal must be settled before congress closes its business.

The foreign commerce of the United States during the fiscal year which ends with this month promises to exceed both in imports and exports that of any earlier year.

President Roosevelt has expressed his disapproval of the house meat inspection amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill and may veto the measure.

LABOR NEWS.

Greater New York council, Brotherhood of Carpenters, has ratified an agreement arrived at between the carpenters and the Master Carpenters' association, thereby bringing to an end the carpenters' strike. Seventeen thousand men are affected.

The International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, in convention in Washington, adopted a resolution declaring that the best interests of labor required the admission of women to full citizenship.

JULY 4
GALA DAY
JULY 4th

Campbell Bros.' Great Consolidated Shows

Thief River Falls, Wednesday, July 4th

Larger, Better Than Ever

Prof O'Brien's troupe of performing Stallions.

Royal Mizuno troupe of Japanese Acrobats in their latest and greatest European Exploits.

Capt. Dimiriti's company of Russian Cossacks and Marvelous Whirlwind Dancers.

2 Herds of the Wisest Acting Elephants.

Florence Family, Europe's foremost Acrobats.

LONGEST, GRANDEST, RICHEST FREE STREET PARADE EVER SEEN IN THE CITY AT 10 O'CLOCK.

Rain or Shine

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The expulsion of Frank G. Gethro of Boston from the membership of the Massachusetts house of representatives has been recommended by a house committee, which finds that Gethro approached other members of the house and tried to influence them improperly by suggesting a money reward for their votes on a certain measure.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway company has been found guilty by a jury in the United States district court at Kansas City on four counts of granting concessions on packinghouse shipments for export to the Armour Packing company, Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co. and the Nelson Morris Packing company.

Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co. and the Nelson Morris Packing company have been found guilty in the United States district court at Kansas City of accepting concessions from the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railway on export shipments of packinghouse products.

Fearing to jump from a trestle on which a train was approaching Max Moszczynski, fifteen years old, lay between the rails on the bridge over the Calumet river at Riverdale, Ill., and was crushed to death.

The president has signed the statehood bill.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Minnesota Republicans nominated a state ticket headed by A. L. Cole of Walker for governor. Senator Knute Nelson was endorsed for re-election. The platform endorses the administration of President Roosevelt, denounces combines in restraint of trade, also the pass evil; favors a 2 cent railroad fare and demands some minor reforms in the state.

After a deadlock of eleven years the Delaware legislature has elected Colonel Henry A. Dupont United States senator for the constitutional term beginning March 3, 1905. His election was practically unanimous, as the Democratic members voted blanks and all the Republican members save one voted for Colonel Dupont.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 18.—Wheat—July, 81¼c; Sept., 82c; Dec., 83⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 84¼c; No. 1 Northern, 83¼c; No. 2 Northern, 82¼c; No. 3 Northern, 82c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 18.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 81⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 82¼c; July, 81¼c; Sept., 83¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14¼; July and Sept., $1.15; Oct., $1.14.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 18.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.40. Hogs—$6.25@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice spring lambs, $6.50@7.50; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.65.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.00; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.60; Texans, $3.75@4.30; calves, $5.00@6.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.40@6.70; good heavy, $6.60@6.70; rough heavy, $6.40@6.55; light, $6.40@6.60; pigs, $5.65@6.40. Sheep, $4.00@6.15; lambs, $5.50@7.30.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 18.—Wheat—July, 82¾@83c; Sept., 82¾@83c. Corn—July, 52⅝c; Sept., 52⅝@52¾c. Oats—July, 40⅝@40¾c; Sept., 37¼c. Pork—July, $17.05; Sept., $16.75. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.12; Southwestern, $1.08½; Sept., $1.14. Butter—Creameries, 14@20c; dairies, 14@17½c. Eggs—12@14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 9c; chickens, 11½c.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

SOME REMARKS.

K. Hannay Tells of the St. Hilaire Hotel and Other Things.

Editor of Thief River News: The Crookston Journal seems to make a steady business of running down St. Hilaire. Hardly a week passes that some doleful paragraph is published about this town having reached its limit of growth or the removal of the saw mill, or some other slur. The latest is that the present tenant of the Markham hotel is leaving because it don't pay and that the hotel is an elephant. Certainly this is news to the man who is running the place. He choses to go to Canada because he imagines he can better his condition like many others. Whether he will do so remains to be seen. He has done a good business and is now doing a good business in the hotel. He denies that he ever stated the contrary.

Crookston may appoint a lot of committees to make that berg a city, but they had better appoint a few fool killers and set them actively to work. Also a committee to find occupants for the thousands of acres of vacant farms surrounding the place. The surrounding towns and villages are the sole support of Crookston and they are entitled to civil treatment and not to the superior airs and insults of that parasitical would-be city.

J. K. HANNAY.

St. Hilaire, Minn., June 18th, 1906.

NEXT WEEK.

Drainage Convention to Be Held at Wadena June 26.

The second annual convention of the Minnesota Drainage League is to be held in Wadena, Minn., on June 26. Each county is asked to select and send at least five delegates and each commercial organization three. This is a matter of much importance to Red Lake county and we should not fail of representation at the meeting. It is expected that their will be a large attendance from all parts of the state and a feature proposed is to give the delegates an excursion by special train into some of the sections needing attention in the way of drainage.

Getting Pointers.

L. P. Brandstrom and B. Swanson, president and secretary, respectively, of the Newfolden Creamery association, called on N. A. Nelson, secretary of our local creamery, last Tuesday in regard to managing creamery affairs. The St. Hilaire creamery is widely known for its success, and newly organized creameries find it a well paid investment to call on officers of this creamery for information.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The Latest.

Last week a North Dakota business man passed by the open door of the mail car and crawled under the train.

The postal clerk had a suspicion that the stranger was about to steal a ride, hide a bottle or blow up the train, but he was simply trying to tuck a letter in the cylinder of the air brake. He had read about pneumatic tubes for the transmission of mails and thought the Soo had them.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

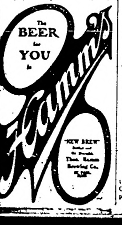

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

A JUNE WEDDING.

Walter Rosenbury and Miss Etta McInnis to Be Married June 27.

Walter Rosenbury leaves tomorrow evening for Spokane, Wash., and upon his return the fore part of July he will be accompanied by a bride. On the 27th of June, at the home of the bride's parents in Spokane, he will be united in marraige with Miss Etta McInnis, one of the handsome and accomplished young ladies of that city. Mr. Rosenbury has a large host of friends here who will unite in extending to him congratulations. He will return to this city with his bride in July and they will reside on the East Side.

Complete Swamp Survey.

The topographical survey of the state swamp lands, which has been in the course of development since Jan. 1st, when the first crew of serveyors started at the work, has been completed, the crews which have been working in the eastern part of the state finishing their work last week.

The work was started with Engineer Abercrombie and Ralph in charge, but when the cold weather set in the former withdrew and G. A. Ralph, of Crookston, was placed in entire charge of the work throughout the state.

The survey covers all of the state swamp lands, and, as the work is completed, the matter of compiling reports will be the main work from now on. Half of the ground has been covered in the reports, which will be of the greatest value for the future work. The work that has been carried on this winter is merely preliminary to that which is desired to be accomplished, that of draining the state lands.

When funds have been appropriated for this week, there will be the greatest rejoicing among the champions of the great cause throughout the state, as the value of lands will then be raised many fold in the affected sections.

Won Cup at Fargo.

Deputy State Game Warden Jones returned last evening from Fargo, where he has spent the past few days attending the shooting tournament of the North Dakota State Sportsmen's Association. He carried back with him, as a result of the shoot, a beautiful loving cup, which is an elegant trophy of the event. It is silver with gold lining and artistically engraved and mounted on a solid black base. It was the prize for the high average for the last day's shoot, which Mr. Jones took into camp in fine style. He returned to Maple Lake last evening where he will display it to his friends.—Crookston Times.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 16, 1906:

Bakke, Mis Barbo
Berquist, Mrs. H.
Carlson, Mrs. Eva
Finsand, Hans
Graham Shorthand Institute
Graham Business College
Hanuel, Peter
Hegg John A.
Jacson, J. C.
Johnson, Luvik
Johnson, P. A.
Johnson, Miss Sina
Kjelgren, Miss Lydia
Laswell, G. F.
Lindberg, Albin J.
McConald, Mrs. Thom
McAndrews, Joseph
McQuone, Mrs.
Mauretzsen, M.
Mauritsen, Mandius
Mares, Miss Frosi
Nordmark, Miss Naomi
Rasmussen, Ole
Rogers, W. P.
Schuesser, Joe
Stengelsen, Miss Ida
Simberg, E. L.
Walson, John
Wessin, Mrs. Yesuk
Wilson, A. J.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

THE NEW STORE. *A. E ABRAHAM.*

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. **THE NEW STORE.**

The Falls Candy Kitchen

For Fresh Home-Made Candies, Ice Cream and Soft Drinks. . . . .

DON'T OVERLOOK A GOOD THING

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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$1.00 PER YEAR

Dr. G. R. Lanning,

DENTIST.

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DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

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PERL W. MABEY

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Office first door north of News building.

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LAWYERS.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block,

Grand Forks, - North Dak.

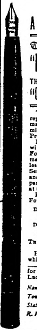

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The Pioneer Press "Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE **"Greatest Fountain Pen"**

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period. Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

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THE PIONEER PRESS St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________for which you will send me The ________Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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Town ________

State ________

R. F. D. No. ________

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DR. DORAN.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, July 11th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears. Loss of Eyesight. Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,

304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar.	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1906 NUMBER 26

FIREMEN AT WARREN

A Large Delegation Left Over the Soo Line Tuesday.

A Number More Will Go Tomorrow Morning on a Special Train.

The members of the Thief River Falls Fire Department and a large number of others left Tuesday morning for Warren to attend the firemen's tournament. The following twenty-six firemen are the official representatives of this city at *Warren: C. C. Jackson, Ole Olson,* Ed. Jarneson, Alfred Rasmussen, Rudolph Warner, Ed. Nelson, James Farr, Dennis LeSage, Albert Lonson, L. Lonson, John Jarneson, John Matheson, James Bulman, Knut Swanson, Ed. Conen, John Cahill, Emil E. Zeh, John Rogers, Andy Erickson, Chris Paulson, Phil. Zeh, George Curran, E. B. Bakke, W. J. LeBree, Paul Meddrigh and C. H. Porter.

Tomorrow will be Thief River Falls day at Warren and a large number of citizens from this place are making arrangements to attend. Special train service has been arranged for.

We Will Win Next Time.

Hughie McNiven's base ball nine was down to St. Hilaire last Saturday afternoon and played an exciting game with a kid nine of that village. The score at the end of the ninth inning stood 6 to 6 and it was decided to play another game in Thief River Falls the week after the Fourth and settle the question of championship. Our boys, according to Hughie, have better bats, mits and uniforms than the St. Hilaire boys, and with much in our favor, we should surely win.

A Sad Death.

Mrs. Nels Berglund, of the East Side, died Sunday evening after a short illness. Besides a husband, the deceased leaves three children, the oldest one being 4 years of age and the youngest one 3 weeks old. The family have the sympathy of the entire community.

BOEN A CANDIDATE.

Once Represented This District at Washington as a Populist.

Halvor E. Boen, publisher of the Fergus Falls Globe and a candidate for congress on the public ownership ticket, will attempt to compel the secretary of state to file his application for congressional candidacy in the secretary's office according to legal requirements, but without his having to pay the $25 filing fee and the presenting of a petition signed by 2,700 voters, as the election statute requires.

"I intend to test the question for the public ownership party," said Mr. Boen at the capital today, "thru mandamus proceedings brought against the secretary of state. In my opinion, it is unconstitutional to deprive any citizen of an unlimited, unhampered right freely to become a candidate for any public office. I do not believe the secretary of state has any right to demand a fee for a candidate's filing, nor do I believe it is necessary for a party as old as my own to have to present a lengthy petition for its candidate to get on the election ticket."

Mr. Boen is a man of some political prominence in the ninth district, where he desires to run for congress. In 1892 he was elected to congress on the Populist ticket. In 1894 he was defeated by Frank Eddy, now publisher of the Sauk Center Herald.—Minneapolis Journal.

CONTRACT LET.

C. M. Wilson Gets The Job of Erecting Mayor Grundy's Building.

C. M. Wilson was on Monday awarded the contract for building the brick block which Mayor Grundy is to erect here this summer. The building is to be of brick, with a green press brick front, and the contract price is $6,725 for building everything above the basement wall. Mr. Wilson is a good workman and is sure to erect a building which will be a credit to the city.

Big Pump Installed.

Work of installing the big pump at the water works power house was finished last week, and this pump will be used to keep the tank full and for a direct pressure in case of a fire in the future. The official test of the system will now probably be made next week and Contractor Patterson has been notified to come up.

SOON TO BE OPENED UP

Land on White Earth Reservation to Be Opened This Fall.

Some 3,500 Indians to Be Given First Choice of a Quarter Section.

The White Earth Indian reservation will be thrown open for settlement, it is believed, not later than this fall. President Roosevelt has given his approval to the measure under which the Chippewa fullbloods and halfbreeds are to be given *their allotments of 160 acres each,* with all restrictions as to sale removed.

There are 704,000 acres of land on the reservation, and 3,500 Indians to be given their choice of a quarter section each. After all have taken allotments, there will be quite a tract left to be taken by homesteaders under the terms of the act. The important feature, however, is the removal of restrictions on sale of the allotments. This means that thousands of acres of choice land will be thrown on the market inside of a year or two.

ON JULY 21.

Annual School Election Will Be Held On That Day.

The annual school election this year will come on Saturday, July 21, and four new school directors are to be elected—two for a term of three years, one for a term of two years and one for a term of one year. The only old members of the board who will hold over will be Emil E. Zeh and Lars Backe. The members whose terms expire are P. W. Mabey and C. C. Jackson, of the First ward, and C. A. Nason and Chas Fuller, of the Third ward. The latter has not been a member of the school board for some time, having removed to Prince Albert, Canada, but the board elected no one to fill the vacancy.

There is very little talk of candidates and it is quite likely that the school election will be a very tame affair.

New Patterns, Negligee Shirts, 50c to 2.50

JULY 4th

Modish Hats, all shapes and shades, 50c to 3.00

Your Uncle Sam's birthday is near at hand, and in order that we may contribute our part to the noise and festivities,

The Store Will Be Closed.

In the meantime, however, should you need anything in Footwear at comfortable prices,

We Are at Your Service.

Oxfords, Canvas Shoes, Outing Shoes, etc. We have everything that's good in Summer Shoes for everybody—give your feet a chanc to enjoy the Fourth in comfortable Shoes.

Shoes and Oxfords for ladies, all leathers, $1.00 to $4.00

Shoes and Oxfords for men, all leathers, $1.50 to $5.00

Shoes and Oxfords for boys and girls, all leathers, 50c to $2.50

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"Everything from Head to Foot."

MEANS MUCH TO STATE

Millions of Acres of Swamp Land Will Be Reclaimed by New Law.

Federal Aid to Be Given Settlers Living on the Reservation.

Millions of dollars, an additional acreage as great as Massachusetts in size, and one hundred thousand settlers are three of the benefits which A. G. Bernard, president of the Minnesota Drainage league, expects to realize from a hard season's work at Washington, and as a result of the drainage bill.

"My work," said Mr. Bernard, "has been important for the state. We secured an appropriation of $15,000 for a topographical survey of the Red Lake Indian reservation, and I also assisted Congressman Steenerson in drafting and pushing a drainage bill which received the co-operation of thirteen states. This was finally withdrawn and the Minnesota drainage bill was submitted and we secured favorable report in spite of the opposition of the land commissioner and the secretary of the interior. By this bill all proceeds of the sale of lands after June 30, 1905, are to be reserved and set aside as a special reclamation survey fund for the examination and construction of means to improve lands in the northern part of the state.

"Seven million acres of land belong to the government and are held in trust for the Indians and 3,500,000 acres in the same part of Minnesota are held by the state.

"The work is to be laid out by and under the supervision of the state authorities, and the expenditures are to be under direction of the secretary of the interior. This all dovetails well with the state's plan of eventual reclamation of its entire swamp area. It will add an area equal in size to the state of Massachusetts."

Good Advice.

The Rollis correspondent to the Middle River Pioneer has the following to say, which is good advice:

A good many of our neighbors have gone or are making preparations to move to Canada, but those who stick to their farms will come out better in the end. We all started wrong here, but it is not too late to make a change and win out all right. This is not a grain country, and never will be until all the land is drained, but we can raise splendid crops of tame grass and clover. Anyone can come to our farm and see blue grass, red top and timothy, mammoth and medium red and white clover, alsike and bromus, all growing luxuriantly. What we need is lots of creameries, and the sooner people get into tame grasses and clovers, the sooner they will get them. This is the first year that our cows have not almost gone dry during fly time, but our pasture furnishes the best kind of feed this year, being seeded to timothy, blue grass and white clover, and the cattle can fill themselves in an hour or two mornings and evenings, and they have actually gained in their milk during the last week, and the milk is a good deal richer than ever before.

Had an Accident.

Sunday evening Mr. and Mrs. Olson, of Wylie, left Crookston and departed northward on their way home over some very rough roads. While they were driving along about six miles north of Crookston, they experienced an exceedingly rough piece of ground and Mrs. Olson was thrown from the buggy. At the same time the whipple tree of the buggy broke and the horses became slightly unmanageable. There was however a team of Euclid people following behind the Olson carriage and they placed Mrs. Olson in their own vehicle and took her into Euclid, where she was placed in the care of Dr. Mitchell, who cared for her all night with the result that she is reported much better.

Low Rates on Great Northern.

Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, at Denver, Colo., July 9th, $29.80 round trip.

Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 10th, $20.00 round trip.

Festival Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' Association, La Crosse, Wis., July 4th, $14.65 round trip.

Baptists Young People's Union of America, annual meeting, Omaha, Neb., July 9th. One fare and two dollars for the round trip.

North Dakota State Fair, Fargo, N. D., July 22nd, $3.70 round trip. For farther particulars, call on W. E. Baker, agent.

STOPPED WORK.

City Officials Prevent Northwestern Man from Working.

Work of digging holes was commenced by a crew of Northwestern Telephone employes last Saturday, and under order of the mayor and city council, Street Commissioner Lee and a force of men filled up the holes as fast as they were dug. While the affair created a little excitement, there was no act of violence upon the part of any engaged. It is understood that the Northwestern Telephone company did the work for the purpose of being stopped by the city officials and that now an injunction has been applied for to restrain the city officials from interferring with the company establishing a local exchange here. The matter will probably be in the courts for some time.

Regulation of Small Boats.

Supervising Inspector J. D. Sloan has called our attention to a new federal law, approved May 16th, which places all small gasoline boats carrying passengers for hire under federal supervision. We quote the following from the law:

"All vessels of fifteen gross tons or less propelled in whole or in part by gas, gasoline, petroleum, naphtha, fluid, or electricity, and carrying passengers for hire, shall carry one life-preserver, of the sort prescribed by the regulations of the board of supervising inspectors, for every passenger carried, and no such boat, while so carrying passengers, shall be operated or navigated except in charge of a person duly licensed for such service by the local board of inspectors. No examination shall be required as a condition of the obtaining of such a license, and any such license shall be revoked or suspended by the local board of inspectors for misconduct, gross negligence, recklessness in navigation, intemperance, or violation of law on the part of the holder, and, if revoked, the person holding such license shall be incapable of obtaining another such license for one year from the date of revocation."

The Imperial Cossack Troopers From the Steppes of Russia.

Campbell Bros.' Consolidated Shows, in pursual of their ambition to enhance the attractiveness of the Grand National and International Educational Amusement Institution, have, after many months of tenacious persistence, immense outlay of capital, combined with the consent and co-operation of both governments, secured a detachment of Imperial Cossack Troopers. This is the first appearance in America of a genuine contingent of Russia's Noted Light Horse Cavalry. They are natives of the vast Steppes, stretching from the base of the Ural mountains, and universally acknowledged the Hardiest and Most Expert Military Equestrians in the World. Of an individuality not characteristic of any other company of cavalrymen; in entirely original Gymnastic feats of Horsemanship phenomenally unique and peculiar to themselves; mounted on the Light Horses of their Native Steppes, fierce and active as Riders; armed with the Sword, their principal weapon, which they wield with an expertness that is marvelous; arrayed in handsome and sombre uniforms; performing numberless feats of fearless skill in conjunction with illustrations of Russian cavalry evolutions, will be one of the many new features that will participate, with other detachments from the armies of many nations, in martial pageants, dazzling reviews, amongst whom are the master horsemen of the universe, vividly reproducing modern military movements, portraying realistic scenes from historic battle-fields, that eclipses in magnitude, intrinsic worth, instructive merit, all previous attempts of this unequalled exhibition. Will exhibit at Thief River Falls, Wednesday, July 4th.

WILL BE A SPEAKER DAY

Modern Woodman Picnic Gathering Place for Big Speakers.

Reilly, Smith, Whalen, Van Sant and Johnson Address.

Saturday morning the magnates of the modern Woodmen picnic, which will be pulled off in Crookston the twelfth of July next, were overjoyed to receive the personal acceptance of the invitation of George W. Reilly of Danville, Illinois, to speak at the picnic and personally take a part in the occasion which will inevitably be attended by a large and happy crowd. This completes one of the most imposing arrays of speakers that have ever spoken in the northwest. Governor Johnson has also denoted his acceptance of the invitation to speak there. He will be returning from Roseau, where he delivers an address the day before, and will arrive at Crookston in the evening to deliver an address.

With Governor Johnson will come former Governor Van Sant and R. R. Smith high in the oratory of lodge circles. As given out, the Supreme Lecturer Whalen will also attend, making a complete battery of five individual speakers, the most talented and diversified talkers that have ever met together in the northwest.

With the speeches will be combined every means of enjoyment and active preparations were started for the large number of people that will be here and every move will be made that can place them at their ease and render their accommodations assured.

Politics Up North.

R. J. Bell visited Warren and others towns along the line on his way home from the state convention, in the interests of his candidacy for the legislature. Mr. Bell has announced that he would file for the nomination, if he secured sufficient promises of support.

Roseau county will not be the only county in the 63rd legislative district that will have more than one candidate for the legislature. Marshall county will have two, that is, if H. O. Hanson intends to make another run for a third term. Dan Robertson, the political war horse of the district and a resident of Argyle, will be a candidate, and, unless Dan has changed much since we taught school under him, the campaign he will put up will make everyone else hustle to a fast old-tune. Dan is one of the best fellows in the world, a loyal republican, always ready to fight for principle and has ever been one of the strongest men in the sister county. With the exception of being superintendent of schools of Marshall county, we do not believe he has held office. In that capacity he made a distinct success.—Roseau Region.

Adventists Are Here.

Rev. J. F. Anderson, Rev. O. E. Johansen and Rev. M. S. Reppe arrived here last week and will remain all summer holding Seventh Day Adventist meetings. They have erected a large tent on the grounds back of the Odd Fellows block. meetings will be held every evening.

Notice.

All outstanding orders against Independent School District No. 18, Red Lake county, are now payable. Interest upon the same has been stopped. E. E. Zeh, Treasurer.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

ATTRACTIONS TO BE HAD

Fair Association Secure Cash Carnival Company Again This Year.

A List of the Free Exhibitions That Are to Be Given.

The officers of the fair association held a meeting yesterday afternoon and closed a contract with a representative of the T. I. Cash Carnival company for attractions here during the county fair on August 8, 9 and 10.

The features contracted for which will all be free to the public are as follows:

One balloon ascention every day.
One band from 1 to 6 each afternoon.
Bishop Bros., aerial bar act.
Comedy revolving ladder act.
Olga, lady contortionist.
Leaping the firy gap.

The above attractions will be all free and the Cash company is also given the privilege of bringing seven tent shows, the admission price of only one of which will be more than 15 cents, and a Ferris wheel and merry-go-round.

The Cash people state that their two companies have been combined this year and that their attractions are much better and of a higher class than ever before

JOHNSON IN THE FIELD

Young Man of Wylie Announces That He Will Be a Candidate.

C. W. Johnson, of Wylie, has written to friends in this city to the effect that he will be a candidate for clerk of court in Red Lake county this year. Mr. Johnson is well known to the people of Thief River Falls, having at one time conducted a general store here. He is a young man of sterling qualities and if he is elected, he will conduct the affairs of the office in a creditable manner.

Mr. Kelley Again.

Mr. Kelley is found again. He is now located in Crookston with a plug hat and gold-headed cane, piping off homesteaders who go to the land office to make proof, as a government inspector. It seems that instead of being a Soo railroad man, as he claimed, or just a plain every-day tramp, as some of us thought, he was in reality, according to our informant, a secret agent looking up fraudulent entries. We expect to hear next of him helping the czar of Russia blow up the douma.—Rollis correspondence in the Middle River Pioneer.

Creamery for Thief Lake.

The creamery meeting at Jonstad last week seems to have been a very successful one. We hear that all the stock has been subscribed for and the creamery will be erected at once. An acre of land has been secured on the Berlinke place near Thief Lake. We hear the one at Grygla is doing a good business and the farmers over there are feeling jubilant over it.—Rollis correspondence in the Middle River Pioneer.

Rural Route to Be Established.

The postoffice officials at Washington have notified Postmaster Richardson to the effect that it is contemplated that the rural free mail route No. 1, from Thief River Falls to Tweet, will be established, providing of course the necessary number of mail boxes are put up along the route by farmers. As most of the farmers have ordered mail boxes, it is quite likely that the route will be established in the near future.

Here Is a Record.

Joseph Duchamp drove a team to this city from the town of Clover Leaf the first of the week which he claims a record for. The team was a pair of two-year-old colts and both of them were born upon the eleven towns. It is hardly probable that any other farmer could make a like showing, as the land has been opened only a little over two years.

Buys St. Hilaire Bank.

C. L. Hanson, assistant cashier of the First State bank of Red Lake Falls, has bought the interests of L. C. Simons and C. N. Bourdon in the Merchants' State bank of St. Hilaire. He will have a controlling interest in that institution and leaves in a few days to assume the management.

A New Meat Market Firm.

If you want the best in fresh and salt meats, game and fish of all kinds, call at the Thief River Falls Meat Market. We are going to make a special effort to handle nothing but the best and our prices will at all times be reasonable. Give us a trial order and be convinced.

Koenig & Bulman.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our many friends who so kindly assisted us with willing hands and comforted us with words of sympathy during the sickness and death of our beloved daughter and sister.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Brady and Family.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

W. A. Arthur was in the city from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Tuesday.

Editor Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer was in the city yesterday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. George K. Fargo yesterday.

Morgan Vaughan was in the city from the town of Goodridge yesterday.

E. M. Stanton went to Minneapolis last evening to attend to business matters.

D. P. O'Neill left last evening for his Norman county farm to spend a few days.

Mrs. K. M. Hansen came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday to visit friends for a few days.

—Wanted at once, at Hotel Northern, a good, experienced cook, also one good dining room girl.

Harry Rondorf, one of the prosperous farmers living near St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday.

Lost—A bunch of keys. A suitable reward will be paid for the same if returned to Dr. Tupper.

Robert Swenson, of the town of Goodridge, was in the city yesterday being en route to Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. Flesher and Miss Flesher who had been at Crookston visiting friends, returned to this city yesterday.

Miss Flora McNiven left Monday evening for Minneapolis, where she will spend most of the summer visiting relatives.

Sandridge is to celebrate the Fourth of July. Handbills advertising this event were printed at this office this week.

The four year old daughter of Herman Stiles, living up near Thorwick, fell from a wagon Monday and sustained a broken arm.

The gentlemen of the Epworth League will give an ice cream social on the F. H. Kratka lawn Monday evening, July 2nd. Everybody invited.

F. C. Niclai left Saturday evening for Barnesville to attend the wedding of a brother. He will also visit St. Paul and Minneapolis before returning to Thief River Falls.

E. J. Holmes, a former St. Hilaire business man who is now located at Cannon Falls, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters and visiting old friends.

Pat Sullivan arrived here Tuesday from East Grand Forks and will go up to the outlet this week and bring down a log drive for the East Grand Forks Lumber Company.

Mrs. C. J. Knox and Mrs. W. A. Wright give a recital this afternoon at the Antlers club rooms to a number of lady friends, the guest of honor being Mrs. C. E. Esholby, of St. Paul.

Frank Glaser returned last Friday from Faribault, where he had been visiting old friends. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Inas Glasier, who will spend her vacation in this city.

Attorneys Stanton, Cooke and Richardson were down to Crookston representing Thief River Falls in the county seat matter. They were assisted by Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston.

At Warren tomorrow afternoon, C. J. Kno'xs pacing stallion, Lockstep, will be one of the horses entered in races. The race is to be a very warmly contested one and Mr. Knox feels confident that his horse will win.

Hauges Lutheran church. Services will be conducted at the Evenson hall at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. next Sunday. The Scandinavian people are cordially invited to attend these services. A. J. Krogstad, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, July 1. Communion at 11 a. m., preaching at 8 p. m., Sunday school at 10 a. m., Junior League at 2:30 p. m., Epworth at 7 p. m. Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

The price paid for butter fat at the local creamery which was omitted, from the report of creamery published in another column, was 19¼ cents. This is the same as paid by the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of May.

McGinty Bros. the first of the week sold to Conrad Lachamb, of Lambert, a fine black mare for a consideration of $250. The mare was shipped west over the Soo line, where Mr. Lachamb has a contract with the Soo for hauling bridge timber.

Sex Bulman this week purchased the interest of George Elder in the Thief River Falls Meat Market and the firm of Bulman & Koenig will conduct this business in the future. Both are good men and will be sure to run a first class butcher shop.

Hump Back

SCOTT'S EMULSION won't make a hump back straight, neither will it make a short leg long, but it feeds soft bone and heals diseased bone and is among the few genuine means of recovery in rickets and bone consumption.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists

MERCHANTS PROTEST

Object to Proposed Tariff Schedules of Railroad Commission.

Claim That Benefits Would Not Make Up for the Injury Done.

St. Paul, June 21.—Duluth was added yesterday to the list of cities protesting against the new tariff schedules which the railroad and warehouse commission has proposed to the railroads as a substitute for the merchandise tariffs now in effect. The shippers' side of the question was heard before the commission all day and the testimony submitted forms a part of the general hearing which has been in progress before the commission intermittently for three months.

One of the features of the hearing was that in most instances the complaint of the shippers and the railroads seem to be one and that is that if the proposed schedules were to go into effect the Minnesota rates, which have been in process of building up for a number of years, would be thrown out of equilibrium and while certain localities would benefit through the action of the proposed schedule the benefit by no means would make up for the injury done to hundreds of other shippers.

The hearing was adjourned until June 30, when the shippers will be given another opportunity to present testimony.

COULDN'T STAND EVICTION.

Man Ends Life When Notice to Move Is Received.

Minneapolis, June 25.—Despondent over continued ill health and the lack of work John Martinson, sixty-five years old, ended his life early yesterday morning by hanging himself to a doorknob in his room at 2541 Twenty-fifth avenue south.

Martinson had been out of work several months and was behind with his rent. Saturday his landlord had a notice served on the old man to the effect that he must leave his rooms within a couple of days. The last time he was seen alive was about dark Saturday night, when he left his room to go to a nearby store for a few purchases. Later in the evening he was heard moving about in his room and he remained up much later than usual.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION

A serious mutiny, which for a time threatened to place the fortress of Sebastopol in possession of the mutineers, has been suppressed. The mutiny was started by a battalion of fortress artillery, which declined to obey orders, whereupon the men were promptly disarmed. Two other battalions then mutinied and took possession of the guns in the north shore batteries, but on the appearance of several loyal regiments of infantry the mutineers abandoned the idea of fighting and returned to their barracks.

The agrarian disturbances are extending in the provinces of Tula, Orel and Kursk where the landowners are reported to be abandoning their estates. The property of Count Sherometieff at Kursk has been completely destroyed.

The Jewish emigration from all the chief Southern centers of Russia is assuming the same volume as was attained after the massacre of October, 1905.

Private letters received at St. Petersburg from Kharkoff predict that the entire south of Russia will be in a state of open rebellion in a month.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Formal announcement of the purpose of the government to prosecute the Standard Oil company has been made by Attorney General Moody. The proceedings in the first instance will be had under the terms of the Elkins law, which prohibits rebates in interstate commerce. Further action under the Sherman anti-trust law may follow.

Although the department of justice has announced that it proposes to begin criminal proceedings against the officials of the Standard Oil company the intimation is given that it is doubtful if indictments may be found against such men in the Standard Oil company as John D. Rockefeller, H. H. Rogers and John D. Archbold.

The president has sent to the senate the nominations of Herbert H. D. Peirce, now third assistant secretary of state, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Norway, and Huntington Wilson of Illinois to succeed Mr. Peirce as third assistant secretary of state.

Tuberculosis of the lungs and pneumonia were the leading causes of death in the United States in 1905, according to a special report on mortality issued by the census bureau.

Exports of meats and meat products from the United States in the eleven months of the fiscal year 1906 ended with May aggregated over $15[illegible] in value.

President Roosevelt will visit the isthmus of Panama to make a personal investigation of the work of construction of the Panama canal.

At the Tournament.

Red Lake Falls and Bemidji won all of the events at the firemen's tournament at Warren yesterday.

The ball game between Warren and Crookston was won by the former town; the score being 3 to 2.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 23, 1906:

Anderson, Lars G.
Barhalla, Miss Sina
Carlson, Andrew
Clark, C. L.
Ekbaum, A. E.
Hagalund, Mrs. Hanna A.
Johnson, Miss Sophia
Kosunda, Joseph
Klockman, Charley
Lid, Even
Luney, T.
Murdal, C.
Owsley, H.
Swanson, Miss Amma
Sormoe, Hans
Sponheim, Oscar
Shaw, Edward
Skomedahl, Delegate Republican Convention.
Tofald, Gullick
Wickman, John

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Ira C. Richardson, P. M.

Ed Wilcox spent the past week up in the Grygla country examining farm loans. He says that Grygla has taken great strides forward since the creamery was established up there and that the farmers are prosperous.

SCOTCH SUPERSTITIONS.

Curious Methods That Were Adopted in Sickness and Death.

A method much in vogue in Scotland at one time of ascertaining whether a sickness would prove fatal was to dig two holes in the ground, one called the quick grave, the other the dead hole. The sufferer was then placed between the two, and the hole toward which he turned indicated what would be the outcome of his malady. Sometimes a piece of rock was broken over the head of a person whose last agonies were painful alike to himself and to those who witnessed them. It was believed that the heart of the sick man would thus be broken and his release hastened. Windows and doors are always thrown wide open in order that the departing spirit may have free egress from the house and escape from the evil ones that hover around eager to inthrall his soul.

During the interval between death and burial hens and cats were kept carefully shut up. A person meeting these animals at such a juncture was doomed to blindness in the future. Moreover, unless a stream divided the two houses, farmers frequently refrained from yoking their oxen or horses before the body was "laid under the turf of truth." Many women preserved, with the greatest reverence, their bridal attire to cover them in the coffin. Bread and water were placed in the chamber of death, for during the night prior to the burial the spirit of the departed one came to partake of them. Stillborn children and little ones who had not been blessed by the minister were buried before sunrise. In this way their admission to the land of promise was assured. Not to observe the practice was to destine the souls of these bairns to wander homeless and disconsolate.

The fate of the suicide is lamentable. His body cannot rest in the kirkyard, for it would taint the souls of those who lie therein. Frequently he was buried in a lone dike which separated two lairds' estates, and passersby were expected to cast a pebble at the rude stone which marked the place.

HANDLING MONEY.

It Is No Temptation to the Seasoned Bank Teller.

"Money? Don't the sight of so much of it make me hungry for it? Not at all. To tell the truth, it is like so much mud to me."

Thus spoke a teller in a Denver bank. He was talking to a young man outside the cage. On the counter were heaped piles of gold and silver coin and bunches of paper money.

"I'm sure I couldn't stand the constant temptation to appropriate it for my own use," said the man outside.

"Yes, you could," replied the teller. "You could easily after being in here a week. For the first few days the money would look pretty good to you, and you'd have to use your will power to keep away from it, but after a week or so it doesn't seem like money. It seems like merely an article you deal in, just as potatoes seem to the grocer. There isn't a sixty dollar a month bank clerk in a thousand who thinks of stealing the money he handles unless he is in debt and is being crowded for funds. To the bank employee who has his debts paid and has enough to keep from thinking of an urgent need for cash money has no value. Handling money is just like eating to a teller. As long as he has enough food in his stomach he has no desire for more and even a big, fine, juicy steak has no temptation for him. But let him get good and hungry, and he'll covet that steak. The only way for a man who handles money in a bank to be free from the temptation to appropriate it is to keep out of debt and not develop any urgent and expensive ambitions."—Denver Post.

MAY SUCCEED MOODY

Frank B. Kellogg, of St. Paul, Mentioned for Attorney General.

Mr. Kellogg Is a Friend of the President and Has Good Record.

Washington, June 21.—It is possible that Minnesota may be represented in the cabinet of President Roosevelt before 1906 closes. Attorney General Moody expects to retire just as soon as he can adjudicate several pending cases which have been under his personal management.

Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul is talked of as successor of Moody and it is believed here that if he will accept the place he can have it. Mr. Kellogg is a personal friend of the president and has been employed as special counsel for the government in the paper trust cases, winning a legal victory in the United States supreme court.

LABOR FAMINE IN FORCE.

Appeal for Workmen From the Head of the Lakes.

Duluth, June 18.—It has been many years since common labor commanded from $2 to $2.50 a day in this territory, but it is almost impossible to fill an order on the former wage and the men are not easy to find at $2.25 and $2.50. The labor famine has been in force for some weeks past and employment bureaus at the Head of the Lakes have experienced much difficulty in securing men for new railroad work. Notices have been sent out to congested districts appealing for laboring men.

FINDS LARGEST OF PEARLS.

Stone of Great Value Picked Up Near Red Wing, Minn.

Red Wing, Minn., June 19.—Perhaps the most valuable fresh water pearl in the world, larger and more perfect than a famous stone that has sold for $70,000, is the find of Clamfisher William Bates in the Wisconsin channel opposite Red Wing.

The jewel weighs eighty-five grains diamond-weight. It is larger than the ordinary marble, absolutely round and perfect and without a flaw. Its luster is beautiful. When shaded from the light the pearl is almost transparent.

Commission Man Gets Damages.

St. Paul, June 22.—The jury in the case of A. J. Cummings against the Edwards-Wood company brought in a verdict for the plaintiff. Cummings is given damages of $6,458.33. He sued for $50,000, damages alleged to have been done his business by false representations by the defendant, a rival commission house.

Bad Fire at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., June 23.—Fire here at night did damage to the amount of $36,300, partially covered by insurance. It caught in the furniture store of E. L. Naylor and the department had hard work to keep it from spreading, but finally confined the fire loss to three buildings.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN WISCONSIN.

Farmer Kills His Wife and Commits Suicide.

Fox Lake, Wis., June 25.—Rudol Kollitz, a farmer, murdered his wife here by shooting her in the temple with a shotgun. He then blew out his brains with the same gun, tying a string to the trigger and pulling it with his foot. Kollitz married Mary Glassman less than a year ago, each being about thirty-five years old.

Always on Hand.

Dick—Statistics show that more than 5,000 people disappear every year in this country and are never heard from again. Harry—But, confound it, they never happen to be the people we owe money to!

Appearances Against Him.

Brown—Is that Smithers an honest fellow? Black—He may be. But you never see him without an umbrella.—Woman's Home Companion.

For one word a man is often deemed to be wise and for one word he is often deemed to be foolish.—Confucius.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Stanford White, the eminent architect of the firm of McKim, Mead & White, was shot and almost instantly killed by Harry K. Thaw, a member of the prominent Pittsburg family, during a performance on the roof of the Madison Square Garden. White's attentions to Mrs. Thaw are believed to be the reason for the shooting.

The concluding session in the preliminary examination of Mrs. Emma Kaufmann, the wife of a wealthy Sioux Falls (S. D.) brewer, resulted in the defendant being held to the state circuit court, without bail, to answer to the charge of having murdered Agnes Polreis, her seventeen-year-old domestic.

State Senator George E. Green of New York and Willard B. Doremus of Washington, D. C., have been acquitted, after a trial lasting four weeks, of the charge of conspiracy and bribery in connection with the sale of stamp cancelling machines to the government for the postal service.

In common pleas court at Toledo, O., Judge Kinkade imposed the maximum sentence of $5,000 fine and one year in the workhouse on five icemen guilty of conspiracy in restraint of trade. The judge said the sentences might be mitigated in the event the men made restitution.

Four dead and one perhaps fatally injured, all white men, is the result of an attempt by three life term convicts to escape from the Angola (La.) state convict farm. Three of the dead were convicts and the fourth was the foreman of the state saw mill.

Discrepancies covering a period of several years and amounting to at least $60,000 are said to have been revealed as a result of the arrest of Fred C. Price, until recently a clerk in the Bank of Poynette, Wis., on a charge of embezzlement.

A feud in the Austrian colony at Thornton, Ill., resulted in a fight which waged up and down the main street of the town for an hour and ended in the killing of one man and the injury of many others.

State Senator Charles McDonald of Sweet Grass county, Mont., and several wealthy stockmen of that state have been arrested by federal officers on a charge of fencing public lands.

Richard Ivens was hanged at Chicago Friday for the murder of Mrs. Bessie Hollister on Jan. 12, 1906.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

C. W. Martin, a farmer residing fifteen miles north of Sisseton, S. D., while returning home from attending a circus at Sisseton, drove his team off a bridge into the river and himself, his wife and three children perished.

Mrs. Noble Watson was electrocuted in the basement of her home at Kaukauna, Wis. While inspecting an incubator she grasped an electric light wire and her body to her waist and her arms were badly burned.

Clarence M. York, secretary to Chief Justice Fuller of the supreme court of the United States, was killed at Washington by jumping from a window of Garfield hospital, where he was undergoing treatment.

Two persons were killed, extensive damage was done to live stock and crops and many houses were demolished by the general wind storm that swept over Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

One case of yellow fever is reported at the Mississippi river quarantine station ninety-seven miles below New Orleans. This is the first case of yellow fever reported in Louisiana this year.

Two men lost their lives, another was fatally injured and six more were severely hurt as a result of an accident in the Pennsylvania tunnel at New York city.

Fifty houses were wrecked between Lawton and Quanah, Okla., by a wind storm. The storm covered a large area in the Southwest.

Twelve collieries in the Mahanoy (Pa.) region, employing about 8,000 men and boys, are flooded as a result of heavy rains.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

William Ellis Corey, president of the United States Steel corporation, has filed an answer at Reno, Nev., to the petition of Mrs. Corey for divorce. He denies that she is a legal resident of Nevada and further denies that he ever abandoned her.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland has accepted an invitation to preside at the reception to William J. Bryan in Madison Square Garden on Mr. Bryan's return to this country.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth dined with Emperor William Sunday on board his yacht at Kiel

Subscribe for the News.

A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's NEW BREW Bottled and on draught

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

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To Dress Neat You Must Have Neat Clothes.

The place to get neat clothes is where they have them. So before buying, call and look our line over. We guarantee satisfaction at

The C. O. D. Clothing Co.,

Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

WE are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality---turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.

Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

$3,000 FOR MISS HOMME

Former Thief River Falls Dress Maker Wins Her Suit.

A Polk County Jury Gives Her a Verdict for $3,000.

Mary Bertha Homme, a young woman who for a time conducted a dressmaking establishment in Thief River Falls, secured a verdict of $3,000 in a suit which she had brought against Taber Thurston, a farmer living near Crookston. The suit was brought by the woman for a breach of promise, it having been alleged Thurston would not marry her.

Thurston stated that Miss Homme, who is a Marshall county homesteader, answered his advertisement in the Crookston Journal and later came to Crookston on money that he sent her. He met her at the Columbia hotel and they talked over the matter. According to the testimony, they met often at the Crookston hotel and many times she walked out to his farm, two miles southeast of Crookston. The defense was evidently from the tendency of the testimony trying to determine the chastity of the woman. Thurston also stated that he had stayed at the Marshall county claim of the Homme girl and lived there with her in the house. Her sister, Clara Homme, lives adjacent.

The woman was put on the stand and she and her sister were heard. They gave a slightly different story of the matter, the difference being on the important details.

The attorneys then arose and addressed the jury at the closing of the case. Attorney Rowe opened the argument for the defendant. He rehearsed the testimony and carefully drew up the evidence. Judge Montague, of the government land office, one of the attorneys for the plaintiff, Miss Homme, spoke at length for his client and charge was given to the jury at about noon. A number of Crookston gentlemen were in the court room, as the news of the case had spread among the bald-headed aggregation like wild fire.

The jury returned a verdict for three thousand dollars to Miss Mary Bertha Homme. The conclusion of the jury was quickly reached.

Immediately the verdict was returned, Attorney Rowe, for the defendant, Thurston, stated that he would make a motion for a new trail and, if that was not granted by the court, he would ask for a stay of sixty days and appeal the case to the supreme court. Mr. Rowe stated that the trial was had on Mr. Thurston and the actual issue was not in case at all. The impression is held in some places that it was a return out of sympathy and as a penalty for the erratic action of Mr. Thurston, and not that the breach of promise issue was touched.

A Moose at Hallock.

Quite a little excitement prevailed in town early last Tuesday morning when a large moose trotted out of the woods and down main street. When opposite the post office, the monster amused himself at grazing near the St. Anthony elevator, until the spectators got too thick, when the "monarch of the forest" pricked up his ears, took a close survey of the surroundings, and with a wild snort, "piked" off and disappeared in the Glidden timber east of the city. Many of the old hunters here pronounce the animal one of the largest of its kind they have ever seen.—Hallock Enterprise.

Lots of Machinery Sold.

John Bundy, who is in charge of the sales department for the International Harvester company, is authority for the statement that already this year fifteen car loads of farm machinery has been disposed of in the Thief River Falls territory and that it is expected that at least 20 cars more will be disposed of, making a total of 35 cars. The crops are in fine condition around here and indications are that one of the best crops ever grown in this section will be harvested this fall.

Creamery Pays Out $3,750.70.

One hundred and seventy-one patrons furnished cream to the creamery for the month of May and they were paid the sum of $3,750.70 last Wednesday. The price for butter fat for May was 19¼ cents and the following are the names of the farmers receiving the largest amounts:

L. A. Carlson, $59.39; Chas. Seeger, $59.32; Emil Just, $59.10; Claus Hendricks, $56.08; Andrew Martinson, $55.48; Gust Konikson, $52.28; H. Haupt, $48.70; C. A. Lindquist, $48.19; Swan Wilberg, $46.38; N. A. Nelson, $44.23.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Getting Acquainted.

L. C. Simons, candidate for senator from this district, was down from Red Lake Falls yesterday.—Ada Herald.

—For rent—Furnished house of five rooms for the summer; good location. G. K. Fargo.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE ═══ FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

TRAINING SCHOOL.

One to Be Held in Thief River Falls, Beginning July 5.

A four weeks' training school, beginning July, 5th, 1906, will be held in Thief River Falls. Prof. Yeager, of Fosston, who conducted the training school in Red Lake Falls last year, and which was one of the best attended and most successful schools in the state, will conduct the school here. J. B. O'Brien, St. Hilaire; Charlotte M. Knudson, St. Cloud, and Mary G. Fanning, St. Paul, all well known and able instructors, will assist Prof. Yeager.

All subjects required for first and second grade certificates will be taught and all teachers in the county and others who expect to teach should avail themselves of the splendid opportunity the training school affords for improvement in scholarship and methods of teaching.

Books for use in the school are furnished free by the board of education of Thief River Falls.

Good board and rooms may be had in private families at $3.00 per week. For names of parties having same address H. T. McAnulty, county superintendent, Red Lake Falls.

Noxious Weeds.

The attention of land owners and authorities of towns and villages is called to the law relating to noxious weed.

Noxious weeds are defined by the code to be wild mustard, wild oats, cocklebur, burdock, tumble mustard, Canada and Russian thistles, oxeye daisy, quack grass and French weed.

None of these should be allowed to go to seed, and Russian thistles are not allowed to grow or remain at all.

Adjoining land owners are required to remove such weeds from the highways along their lands to the middle of the highway; if owned on both sides, then the whole of the highway.

The town board, village trustees and overseers have duties to perform in this respect, which they should look up and perform. The violation of the noxious weed law is punished as a misdemeanor.

We are requested to call the attention of the public to the increasing spread of mustard. This weed is getting quite prominent and, with others, should be nipped in the bud. Let the farmers and authorities be vigilant in this matter for their own good as well as for the general public and the future prosperity of the county. The law makes ample provision for the removal of noxious weeds. Get after the weeds.

—Subscribe for the News.

MICHELET NAMED.

Elected City Attorney by the City Council Last Saturday.

At a special meeting of the city council held last Saturday afternoon, Wilhelm Michelet was elected city attorney to fill the unexpired term of S. Cooke, who resigned at the last regular meeting. Several informal ballots were taken—Wilhelm Michelet, E. M. Stanton and P. W. Mabey being voted for. On one of the informal ballots Mr. Stanton received three votes, but, as Mr. Stanton will be Thief River Falls' candidate for county attorney this fall, it was not considered advisable that he be made city attorney. There was no contest for the office among the attorneys, the salary being considered hardly remunerative for the amount of work required. The selection of Mr. Michelet will give general satisfaction in the city.

Lighting Plant.

A petition is being circulated and has received a good many signers asking the village council to take steps towards establishing a municipal electric lighting plant. The petition asks that the council secure the water power if possible, but to put in a steam plant if the water power is not available. The matter will probably come up at the next meeting of the council.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

IN FINE SHAPE.

Local School District Now on a Cash Basis.

Treasurer Zeh, of the local school board, last Saturday received a check for $5,501.28 from County Treasurer Hanson, being the amount of the special taxes and one-mill school tax levied by the district. This money puts the finances of the school district in first-class shape, and all outstanding orders will be paid up and a small cash balance left in the treasury. In August the state school apportionment will be received.

Sutton's Mill Burns Again.

The saw-mill owned by Levi Sutton, near America, was burned some time between last Friday night and Tuesday morning. This is the third time the Sutton mill has been destroyed by fire, and Mr. Sutton was very careful, when leaving Friday evening, to have everything wet down thoroughly, and to see that all fire was out in the furnace, as he did not intend to run the mill again until Tuesday. When he returned to the mill Tuesday morning to start up, he found it in ashes.

It is a hard blow on Mr. Sutton, as he had only recently purchased the mill from his nephew, Wm. Sutton, and had been to considerable expense in fitting it up.—Warroad Plaindealer.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

GIGANTIC CLOSING OUT,

AUCTION AND RED TAG SALE

COMMENCING THURSDAY, JUNE 28

This stock has to be sold in three days. You will find the greatest fluttering of **RED TICKETS** with the price of destruction marked on them. Not one item will be held in reserve. Goods will be selling at private sale and at auction for three days. Dress goods and notions will go at auction like a house on fire, commencing afternoons at one o'clock and evenings at 7:30, every day, until the entire stock is sold. Let nothing keep you away. There is going to be some fast selling and don't you forget it. Now is your chance. If you haven't got the money, **BORROW** it. We will save you the interest and ten times more. If your note is good in the bank, we will loan you the money. Come often and stay a long time. Carry away the goods and be happy. Follow the crowd and come to our store. Faithfully yours,

T. P. HAMRE & CO.

THE MASONIC BLOCK

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer — *THEO. SALVERSON, Assistant*

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 28, 1906.

The Democratic state convention will be held in Minneapolis on Sept. 4. Red Lake county is entitled to ten delegates.

The Crookston Times is authority for the statement that A. D. Stephens will again be a candidate for state senator from Polk county.

Oh! please, Mr. Ford, announce that you will again be a candidate for county auditor. We are all very anxious to show you how we are going to vote.

For two elections James E. Ford canvassed Thief River Falls and told the voters here that if he was elected auditor and the county seat question even came up, he would remain impartial in the matter and do his duty. That was when Ford needed the help of Thief River Falls, and the first time he was elected by the large vote he received here.

Owatonna Journal: At a meeting of anarchists in Chicago on Memorial day an American flag was snatched from the hand of a little child which had wandered into the hall, and the meeting cheered while the flag was torn into bits and trampled upon. We must confess that these fellows were a number of degrees worse than the citizen who did not pay proper respect to the flag because he is too bashful to set the example for his follows.

It was once thought that corn would not mature even in southern Minnesota and South Dakota, but the corn belt has continued to grow northward since the country has been settled. Last year corn from Frazee, Becker county, north of the middle of the state, won two bronze medals at the State Fair. Now the experiment station has established experimental plats in Becker county and is making a test of ten varieties of corn, to discover the one best adapted to that region.—N. W. Agriculturist.

Middle River Pioneer: The St. Louis county and other county good roads associations are advocating abolishing the present poll tax system of road building and the adoption of a system whereby the road funds are placed at the disposal of a county board, who will be authorized to let all road work out on contract to practical road builders. This would certainly be a move in the right direction, and until some such system is adopted the country will never have good roads.

> We favor reduction in passenger fares to 2 cents per mile, the abolition of the free pass evil, the abolition of discrimination and favoritism in the furnishing and hauling of cars and such a readjustment of freight rates and charges as will afford to every producer, shipper and consumer the impartial services of these public highways.

The above is taken from the Republican state platform, and no doubt represents the sentiment of the voters of this legislative district. Men who will vote for such bills should be elected.

We heard a gentleman at the county convention last week berating the primary election law, and this is not the first time that we have heard the politicians kick on the new method of choosing the people's representatives. But the fact remains that we do not find the people kicking about the law. The law could surely be improved upon in some respects, and one of them would be to extend it to include all officers. Then where would the professional politician be at? Next time you hear a man assailing the primary election law, look wise and jot it down in your mind that he is one of the old school of politicians and now out of a job. The law is O. K.—Dodge County Republican.

Here is something from the Farm, Stock and Home, which we desire to call to the attention of our farmer friends: If farmers realized the favorable impression they made upon those they write to by using paper with a neatly printed letter head, giving the farm's name, as well as that of its owner, there would be many more farmers using letter paper so adorned. The business man who opens a letter from a farmer who writes under a nice-looking letter head, which shows that the farm's owner thinks enough of it to name it, and maybe to illustrate the residence and its immediate surroundings with a reproduced photograph, instinctively feels a strong desire to do business with the writer. A mere sheet of paper under such circumstances impresses the business man in the city that he is in communication with a business man in the country, and one of enterprise and thrift, and the natural impression is that such a man must be dealt with squarely and on the best terms possible. "Trifles light as air" are often confirmation strong as proofs of holy writ.

The Great Awakening.

President Northrop, in his baccalaureate sermon to the University graduating class, said:

"Never before has our country had such an awakening into civic righteousness and personal honor as it has received in the last two years. Never before has so much dishonor, fraud, oppression and greed been disclosed as in the last two years. Never before have so many public and business men been swept from the pedestals of admiration on which they stood as in the past two years. Never before has the power of the government, backed by acclamations of the people, been brought to bear so strenuously against dishonesty and corruption as in the past two years.

"The axe is ready for every tree that does not bear good fruit. Men of high character and noble purpose are coming into public life and men who have used public office for private gain are retiring to private life or to the special privacy of the prison.

"A new order of things has come. A new and brighter day has dawned. How long it will last, how bright will be its sun at the zenith, will depend largely upon the patriotism of those who, like you, are just entering upon active life.

"I have no advice to give you as to the occupation you shall choose. You can be useful in almost every reputable occupation if you will. But I do wish you to carry with you as you leave the university one definitely formed and all-embracing purpose, that you will be true, honest, faithful and patriotic citizens of the republic and will cherish for every good thing that spirit of devotion which characterized our Lord Jesus Christ."

Roosevelt's Interference.

Nothing more daring has ever been perpetrated in public affairs in this country than President Roosevelt's interference in legislation pending in congress this winter.

Naturally, it has aroused much resentment in old-time members of the two houses, jealous of their own prerogatives and instantly suspicious of anything tasting of infringement by the executive upon the legislative branch of the government.

While the meat bill was in the legislative hopper, and when it appeared likely to be ground into sausage meat to the taste of the packers, the president did not hesitate to speak his mind, and Speaker Cannon, in retaliation, uttered this sentiment:

"The floor of the house is the place for debate, consideration and action regarding a matter which is pending legislation."

No doubt this was intended as a stinging rebuke to the president for presuming to interfere with legislative processes. Undoubtedly it is the idea of Speaker Cannon, Senator Aldrich and other standpat, reactionary obstacles to reform, that the president ought to wrap himself up in the dignity of his office and preserve the attitude of a Stoughton bottle until congress had finished. Then, of course, they would concede him the right to veto the result if he did not approve of it.

But what if the president, during this session of congress, had contented himself with acting the part of cigar sign Indian while important measures were pending in congress?

What, for instance, would have become of the railroad rate regulation bill? As it is, a fairly effective measure has been wrought out of the materials at hand; not a complete measure, it is true, but a step in advance; farther in advance than anyone would have deemed possible at the beginning of the session. And even the Democratic opponents of the president agreed that the result would have been far different if it had not been for his "interference."

What would have become of the meat inspection bill if it had not been for the president's "interference"? Does anybody doubt that, through the kindly influences of Mr. Lorimer, of Illinois, and other friends of the packers, it would have been either killed or tortured into ineffective futility?

President Roosevelt has cast convention and tradition to the wind in his interference with pending legislation. He has made himself the star "butter-in," to use a slang phrase, of the age; but he has made it win, every time, and, backed by public opinion, he has whipped congress into line, very much against its will.—Duluth Herald.

Watch Thief River Grow.

The following changes in the salaries of postmasters in this section, based upon the amount of business done, was announced at Washington on Monday:

Increase—Thief River Falls, $1,700 to $1,900; Stephen, $1,000 to $1,200.

Decrease—Red Lake Falls, $1,600 to $1,500.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	73c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.03
Butter	12½c
Eggs	12½c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Order your 4th of July groceries at the Golden Rule.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shirley last Thursday.

Nels K. Nelson left last week for Oslo to visit friends for a few weeks.

—For rent—Furnished house of five rooms for the summer; good location. G. K. Fargo.

Hans Bauer came up from Crookston Monday to visit his parents, who live north of town.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

Robert Rankin, district deputy head consul of the Modern Woodmen of America, was in the city last week.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Postmaster Hjertos and bride passed through the city Monday morning en route to their home up at Middle River.

J. C. Carrol, city engineer of the city of Crookston, was in the city the first of the week doing some surveying for the city.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

The case of the city against Sam Torgerson was dismissed last Thursday, there being no evidence upon which he could be convicted.

W. G. Hunt, of the Sunbeam, was in the city the first of the week booming the Fourth of July celebration to be held at Sunbeam Park.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

Howard M. Clark and Hans Johnson, of Rollis, were in the city Monday, being en route to Warren to attend the June term of court. They will serve on the grand jury.

Paul Weis, James Dean and Dave Durand have come down from Prince Albert and will be employed in the saw mill here during the remaining part of the season.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford (optometrist) visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at "The Rushford." Consultation free.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Louis Hanson, of Ada, was in the city Monday.

Some good baled hay for sale by Geo. Newberry.

—Lawn seats and lawn swings at Torrison Bros.'

No goods will be delivered on July 4th. The Golden Rule.

—For Sale—My residence on the East Side. W. S. Day.

Rev. Williams was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Robert Lee was up to Middle River the first of the week.

All kinds of 4th of July fixings at the Golden Rule Dep't store.

O. H. Olson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Mrs. Will Mullery returned to this city Monday from Crookston.

—Wanted—A good girl for general housework, by Mrs. Phil Zeh.

T. P. Hamre was up to Middle River Monday attending to business matters.

Mrs. W. A. Wright and children returned Monday from a visit with friends at Duluth.

Mrs. Kaufer came up from Red Lake Falls Monday to visit her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Murphy.

Mrs. Frank Lawrence left Tuesday evening for Fargo to spend a couple of weeks visiting friends.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city last week attending to school duties.

A rural free delivery mail route has been established out of St. Hilaire. The population served will be 380.

Get your grocery orders in Tuesday, July 3rd. No deliveries will be made July 4th. Golden Rule Grocery Dep't.

Attention is called to the statement of the First State Bank published in this issue. A very creditable showing is made by this popular institution.

—Taken up—A cow, white, with light red spots. Owner can have same by paying for keep and advertising expenses. Paul Trontvet, section 31, town of Silverton.

Judge Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last week. "Nick" will again be a candidate for the office of judge of probate and we voters will "side by each" stand with "Nick."

The Zion Aid society will have an auction sale in the Zion church Friday evening June, 29th, commencing at 8 o'clock. Ice cream, coffee and cake will be served. All are invited.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

J. J. Crowe and family arrived here last Saturday evening from Prince Albert, and their many old friends here are glad to see them back again. Mr. Crowe has resumed his old position as superintendent of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's plant here.

Dr. Tupper and Deputy Sheriff Jarman leave this evening for Perham, where they go to represent the local lodge at the state convention of Eagles. Mr. Jarman is also one of the representatives of the state lodge at the national convention of Eagles to be held in Milwaukee in August.

Deputy State Auditor Thompson, of St. Paul, was in the city last Saturday, having come here for the purpose of looking over some land he owns about 12 miles north of town. Mr. Thompson was accompanied by his wife and young son and they visited old friends during their stay here.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Judge of Probate Tarrant received a new rooster the last week that he is justly proud of. It is a silver spangled Hamburg, with a score of 96½. The bird came from Elgin, Illinois and has won prizes at the poultry shows at Elgin, Chicago, Dubuque and other places it was entered. The rooster is a daisy and Nick has reasons to be proud of him.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

L. E. Roy, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

Miss Emily Laken went down to Crookston Monday evening to visit friends.

C. M. Wilson went down to Crookston the first of the week to attend to business matters.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending a meeting of the county board.

Mrs. Lauber and children, of Minneapolis, arrived here last week to visit Mr. and Mrs. Horton.

For Sale—A 16-horse power threshing outfit, cheap. For information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

T. K. Rynestad and S. K. Dahle, two thrifty and prosperous settlers of the eleven towns, were in the city Monday and made the News office a pleasant call. They report crops as being in fine condition and look for a good harvest this fall.

Middle River Pioneer: N. Campbell writes from Portland that he could have closed out his business there for $500,000 if the earthquake had not interfered. It takes an earthquake or something serious to knock the bottom out of Mr. Campbell's enterprises.

The Black River and Rocksbury teams played a game of ball on the St. Hilaire diamond last Sunday. Both teams batted the ball hard and the hits made a noise like the county seat fight. The scorekeeper counted 32 scores for Black River and 29 for Rocksbury.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The short-lived Columbia county, now part of Polk county again, had some $15,000 debts, and suit was brought against Polk county to recover the same. But the supreme court of Minnesota holds, with Judge Watts, that Polk county is not responsible for them and the creditors must bear the loss themselves.

—For Sale—240 acres of good land, 8 miles south of Roseau county seat; 20 acres broke; 60 acres good red top hay meadow; fair houses and barn; some wire fence; $10.50 per acre; cash or good bankable paper, or will trade for good, clean stock of clothing, furnishing goods or shoes. Call on or address S. Cheely, Thief River Falls, Minn.

D. B. Bakke returned Monday from Pelican Rapids, where he had been attending a meeting of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod. He states that the meeting was very largely attended, over 1,300 delegates being present, and all had an enjoyable time and were well entertained by the people of Pelican Rapids. Rev. Aastad will not return until the latter part of the week.

Died Last Thursday.

Miss Lulu Brady, the seventeen years and six months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Brady, of the East Side, died last Thursday of heart disease. The deceased had been in poor health for some time and death was not unexpected. The funeral services were held Friday afternoon.

Lulu Mae Brady was born at Pembina, N. D., Dec. 20, 1888; died at the home of her parents in this city June 20, aged 17 years, 5 months and 17 days. Though not a member of any church, she was a regular attendant at the Methodist Episcopal services. She had strong religious convictions and so conscientious was she as to what the conduct of a church member should be that fear of failing to live her ideal church life caused her to delay uniting with any church. However she was closely related to all the church life. Very few of the church interests went by that she did not directly or indirectly give attention. She became a member of the Epworth League when she came to this city five years ago. Her work in the Sunday school dates from childhood. She often substituted as teacher. She was a member of the senior class of our high school. She made many friends and kept them and the esteem in which she was held has been shown by the numerous inquiries as to her condition, the many flowers sent to make cheerful the sick room, the tender words of sympathy and kindly offers of assistance.

The memory of her cheerful and amiable nature will help to fill the place made vacant by her death. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful and were the gifts of the high school, her Sunday school class, the Epworth League and her many friends. The pall bearers were Florence and Nellie Berg, Ione Higgins, Irene Caldwell, Gertrude Cady and Blanch Chittic.

The funeral occurred from the Methodist Episcopal church Friday at 2:30 p. m. Under a beautiful tree in Greenwood cemetery she was tenderly laid to rest until the judgment.

Fourth on the Sea

Will be celebrated in the good old way.

Everyone is going somewhere at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale July 3rd and 4th, good to return July 6th, 1906. Ask the Agent.

ELECTION IS POSTPONED

Through the Perfidy of the County Auditor Postponement Is Secured.

Result May Be That Election Will Not Be Had This Year.

The matter of the injunction proceedings restraining County Auditor Ford came up before Judge Watts last Saturday and was continued until Monday evening. There was no decision made in the matter and it will probably now be tried at the November term of the district court of Red Lake county.

Through the perfidy of County Auditor Ford, the interests of the people of the county have been allowed to suffer in that the election has been postponed for some time. When the injunction restraining Ford from acting was served, it was a well understood fact that Ford was not friendly to Thief River Falls and it was the intention to protect Thief River Falls' interests by having some taxpayer of this city intervene and be made a party to the proceedings. Ford, in his usual cunning manner, told the parties in interest at Thief River Falls that as a public official he would appoint whom the people of Thief River Falls would suggest as his attorney in the matter. This was done, and local attorneys made preparations to defend him in the matter.

Then the Red Lake Falls attorneys went to work and got out a second injunction against Mr. Ford as county auditor restraining him from calling the election, before Court Commissioner Toupin. The notice was served upon Mr. Ford and he allowed judgment to be taken against the county by default, keeping the matter of the second injunction a secret from his attorneys and making no defense or appearance. As a public official, Mr. Ford violated his oath of office. This means that the matter will now have to go over to the November term of the district court for Red Lake county. Then an appeal will probably be taken to the supreme court and the matter cannot be decided before next April. By that time we hope Red Lake county will have a new county auditor—one who will do his duty.

GERMANTOWN

Conrad Klabenbach went home to Gaylord, Minn., last week.

Mr. Dau and T. Clausen were visiting at St. Hilaire last week.

A little girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Roller the other day.

Anton Colske and Mr. Goll are going to have a double auction sale Saturday, June 30, when they will sell everything except the land, and then will return to the coal mines of Illinois. They seem to like the coal mines better than the farm.

John Phillip and family were down to Highlanding fishing the other day.

Aug. Ristau went to Warren to serve as juror at the June term of the district court.

Oscar Hadvick, of Gaylord, Minn., was here visiting with Carl Klockmann.

Mr. Krathka and son, of St. Paul, are here on their claims making some improvements.

A little baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bettin last week.

Emil Dommer is going into the threshing business, having bought Mr. Sierts' share in a threshing rig, and this fall it will be known as the Dau & Dommer Threshing company.

A meeting was held in school district 76 last Saturday, when it was decided to rebuild the school house, as the present one is too small.

School in district 76 closed last Friday, after a two months' term, with Miss Olson as teacher.

Mr. Klockmann was in town Saturday.

There was pay day at out creamery last week and the farmers all received checks just about large enough to spend on the Fourth.

Louis Hamre went to town last Thursday to size up the city a little, as he had not been in town since last winter.

Made Changes.

The city council met Monday and Tuesday as a board of equalization and made many changes in the assessment of property in Thief River Falls. Real estate valuations were charged very little, but the improvements in many cases were raised.

The total valuation of both real and personal property as returned by the assessor was $527,984, and this was increased about $40,000 by the council. The valuation of personal property amounted to $140,009.

Had Hard Luck.

Joseph Dechamp was in from Clover Leaf the first of the week circulating a petition for a neighbor, John Johnson. A barn belonging to Mr. Johnson, together with three horses, two sets of harnesses, feed and other articles burned up recently and he had no insurance.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Timothy Hennessey, a resident of Stillwater since 1852, is dead, aged sixty-eight.

About 500 teachers and others are attending the summer school at the Winona normal.

Over 400 Minnesota bankers met in seventeenth annual convention at Lake Minnetonka last week.

O. K. Stromme of Vasa is dead in a Red Wing hospital as a result of injuries sustained in a runaway.

The annual convention of the Minnesota State Medical association was held at Minneapolis last week.

Patrolman Louis Galvin of St. Paul has been suspended pending investigation of the charge that he robbed a butcher shop.

Albert Dewey, cousin of Admiral Dewey, died at Duluth while on his way from Forman, N. D., to his home in Montpelier, Vt.

D. K. J. Clark, one of the oldest and best known residents of Big Stone county, is dead at Ortonville, aged seventy-eight years.

Herman H. Chapman, a graduate of the St. Paul Central high school, has accepted a position as lecturer in the school of forestry at Yale.

Ivar Thompson, an aged farmer living three miles west of Climax, was drowned in Sand Hill river as the result of the overturning of a buggy.

Gregor Menzel, a pioneer resident of Minneapolis and for a generation one of her most honored citizens, is dead at Tacoma, Wash., aged seventy-nine.

A complete census of the city of Bemidji has just been completed and shows the population now to be 5,191. This is an increase of 1,291 over the census of 1905.

The Superior and Pittsburg Copper company, capitalized at $20,000,000, has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. Duluth men are behind the company.

Diedrich Anderson, employed in the lumber mill of Brooks Bros. at St. Paul, was caught in the belting of a gang saw and died a few minutes later from a fracture of the skull.

Chester Messimer, a private in the Tenth battery, stationed at Fort Snelling, was drowned at Eden Prairie last week. It is thought Messimer was kicked by his horse and fell off while the troop was fording the river.

The fourteen-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Ringhand of Ramsey, Anoka county, drowned in a pail containing only four inches of water. The little tot lost her balance and fell in head first. When found she was dead.

A. G. Almquist, an employe at the Minneapolis Steel and Machinery company's plant, was struck in the head by a falling beam while at work in the company's yards and so badly hurt that he died a few hours later at St. Mary's hospital.

Five days in the workhouse, with no chance to evade imprisonment by the payment of a fine, was the sentence pronounced in the Minneapolis police court upon George Gagne, who had confessed to having driven his automobile faster than the limit allowed by law.

Mary Bertha Homme, who sued Tabor Thurston, a wealthy farmer, for alleged breach of promise of marriage, was given $3,000 by a Crookston jury. Miss Homme sued for $5,000. The suit was the outgrowth of an advertisement for a wife inserted by Thurston in a Crookston paper.

The state supreme court has affirmed the findings of the Ramsey county district court in the suit of Clara Raasch against the Elite Laundry company of St. Paul. Miss Raasch was badly injured while operating a machine in the laundry and the jury awarded her damages of $8,500.

Excitement at Santiago, Sherburne county, over the discovery of iron is on the increase. Parties of mining men have arrived from Chicago and Duluth and drills at once will be put in operation to determine the depth of the iron vein. It is believed the deposit covers a territory several miles in extent.

The contract for grading the first three miles out of Albert Lea for the Duluth, St. Cloud, Glencoe and Mankato, generally known as the "Alphabet" line, has been let to H. F. Balch & Co. of Minneapolis and the work is to begin at once. The grading is to be completed in ninety days or less and the management is anxious to get this link completed as soon as possible.

Uniformity in fees for insurance examinations is sought by the Minnesota State Medical association, which established a fixed scale of charges at its meeting in Minneapolis. Heretofore the various companies doing business in the state have had varying allowances for examining prospective policyholders. The new scale is $5 for ordinary examinations, $10 for microscopic examinations and $3 for renewal certificates.

The death of Miss Laura Kelly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Kelly of Owatonna, was attended by peculiarly sad circumstances. Miss Kelly, who was one of Owatonna's most attractive and promising young women, was graduated from Pillsbury academy on June 13. She was one of the orators of the day and her friends became alarmed during the exercises because of her intense nervousness. A few hours after delivering her address she became violently insane and remained so until her death on June 22.

Subscribe for the News.

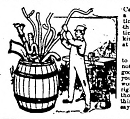

A BARREL OF TROUBLE

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plummers can be found at our address.

We Don't Care

to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good honest effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

THE NEWS, $1.00 PER YEAR

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8111

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR--THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Crescous, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

Puget Sound

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Every day from June 1 to September 15, very low round trip rates will be in effect over the Great Northern Ry. to

Seattle, Portland, Everett, Vancouver, Spokane and Montana.

$60 Puget Sound Points.
$57.50 Wenatchee.
$55 Spokane, The "Kootenai," Fernie, B. C.
$50 Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Belton, (Lake McDonald), Lethridge.

Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota" Seattle to Japan and China.

A COAT OF ARMS.

How One May Be Acquired For a Consideration in England.

The practice of granting arms is still in vogue in England, Ireland, Scotland, Austria, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Germany, etc., and at times the pope, as sovereign pontiff, exercises the power.

Indeed, it is by patent or grant alone that a new family can legitimately acquire a coat of arms.

The modus operandi in England, for example, is as follows: The applicant for a patent of arms (from the crown) may employ any member he pleases of the heralds' college and through him present a memorial to the earl marshal of England, who acts for the crown in these matters, setting forth that he, the memorialist, is not entitled to arms or cannot prove his right to such and praying that his grace the earl marshal will issue his warrant to the kings of arms, authorizing them to grant and confirm to him due and proper armorial ensigns, to be borne according to the laws of heraldry by him and his descendants. This memorial is presented and a warrant is issued by the earl marshal, under which a patent of arms is made out, exhibiting a painting of the armorial ensigns granted, the royal arms of England, the arms of the earl marshal and those of the college and describing in official terms the proceedings that have taken place and a correct blazon of the arms. This patent is registered in the books of the heralds' college and receives the signatures of the garter and one or both of the provincial kings of arms.

A grant or patent of arms is made to a man and his male descendants. This gives him a fee simple of them—that is to say, to him and to his male descendants equally and altogether and to his female descendants in a qualified manner—i. e., for life, to bear the arms in a lozenge or impaled with their husbands' arms (if the husbands have arms), as arms can only be brought in by arms, or, if they be heiresses or coheiresses, on an escutcheon of pretense upon their husbands' shields, and in the last case their descendants inherit such maternal arms, but only as a quartering.—Nineteenth Century.

Where They Met.

Angry Wife (after a quarrel)—Seems to me we've been married about a hundred years. I can't even remember when or where we first met. Husband (emphatically)—I can. It was at a dinner party, and there were thirteen at table.—London Tit-Bits.

Nothing to Hope For.

Cholly—I am poor, but very ambitious. Will you marry me? Mabel—Yes, I'll marry you. I'm not at all ambitious myself.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Tom Alvestad, H. E. No. 91, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼ of Sec. 1, Twp. 154 N., of Range 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Bernhard Knudson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hagen P. Nubben, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 9, 1906, viz: Nels Olsen, H. E. No. 358, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tom Tomson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Harald Johnson, of Thief River Falls, "
Thor J. Skaar, " "
Frank Mracek, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2 pd

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

McCALL PATTERNS
10 AND 15
NONE HIGHER
McCALL'S MAGAZINE
50c A YEAR
INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.

McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.

Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums or liberal cash commission. Pattern Catalogue (of 600 designs) and Premium Catalogue (showing 400 premiums) sent free. Address THE McCALL CO., New York

GALA DAY

JULY 4th

Campbell Bros.' Great Consolidated Shows

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, July 4th

Larger, Better Than Ever

Prof O'Brien's troupe of performing Stallions.

Rooyal Mizuno troupe of Japanese Acrobats in their latest and greatest European Exploits.

Capt. Dimiriti's company of Russian Cossacks and Marvelous Whirlwind Dancers.

2 Herds of the Wisest Acting Elephants.

Florence Family, Europe's foremost Acrobats.

LONGEST, GRANDEST, RICHEST FREE STREET PARADE EVER SEEN IN THE CITY AT 10 O'CLOCK.

Rain or Shine

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Louis Larson, H. E. No. 7,446, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 36, Twp. 155 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels N. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, "
Hans Jorstad, " "
Peter Flo, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Receiver or Register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 18th, 1906, viz: George Wold, H. E. No. 2,806, Chippewa Series, for the N½ SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4, Sec. 34, T. 156 N., R. 40 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Knut Rognes, of Germantown, Minn.
John Graff, " "
Mikkel Anderson, " "
John Anderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Charlie T. Thompson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Chris Porter, " "
Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, "
Jay Paine, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 10th, 1906, viz: Ole O. Byklum, H. E. No. 154, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 1, 2 and S½ NE¼, Sec. 3, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

T. H. Omild, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hans H. Pederson, of Thorwick, "
Charley C. Overum, " "
Charles Evenson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Paul L. Wambheim, H. E. 62, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 24, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nils Swanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Elias J. Overland, " "
Haldor P. Sponheim, of Manor, "
Sjur L. Solberg, of Thorwick, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Sixteen and 96-100 Dollars upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John La Crosse and Mary La Crosse, his wife, Mortgagors, to Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of May, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1905, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Book 13 of Mortgages, on page 67.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Jerome W. Wheeler, Mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Crookston, by written assignment dated the 1st day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 2nd day of May, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 314, and by reason of the default hereinbefore mentioned the said The First National Bank of Crookston, the Assignee of the Mortgagee, chooses to declare and hereby does declare the whole debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage due and payable, making in all the sum of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 87-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: The South west quarter (SW¼) of the South east quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; Lots Twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-five (45) West; in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 6th day of July, 1906, at 4 o'clock P. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred Eighteen and 87-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1906.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROOKSTON, Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

may 24 june 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 2?, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Victor A. Troelmann, H. E. 3,303, Chippewa Series, for the SW¼ NE¼, Lots 1, 2, Sec. 2, Tp. 155 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Emil Rupprecht, of Thorwick, Minn.
Anton Nustvold, " "
Tyler Wold, " "
John Lindquist, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 july 5

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2nd, 1906, viz: [illegible] Salmonson Jr., as one of the heirs of Salmon Salmonson, deceased, H. E. No. 46, (Red Lake Series) for the SW¼, Sec. 25, T. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Salve O. Omli, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
T. R. Molom, " "
Charley H. Omli, " "
Tom M. Omli, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 14 july 19

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
against
Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED AND TO EACH OF THEM:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the action above entitled, which said complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the clerk of this court at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Plaintiff.

june 21 july 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 17th, 1906, viz: Martin P. Mork, H. E. No. 344, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 33, Tp. 154 N., Rg. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charley Petterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Ottum, " "
Martin Quist, " "
Gust Bergren, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 7 july 12

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

Letters of Administration with the Will annexed this day having been granted to Annie L E. Robinson.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday, the Fourth day of December, 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice thereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County, as provided by law.

Dated June 4th, 1906.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

june 7 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Theodor E. Evenby, as one of the heirs of John Engebretson, deceased, H. E. 339, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 20, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Thor Skaar, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Holmen, " "
Martin J. Berg, " "
Halvor H. Olsen, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy, H. E. 4,303, Chippewa Series, for the S½ SW¼, Sec. 22, N½ NW¼, Sec. 27, Tp. 155 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " "
Tollef C. Hovelson, " "
Emil Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 24 june 28

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., June 6, 1906.
Doc. 4011.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Henry Lundy, contestant, against homestead entry No. 1147, made April 24, 1905, for northeast quarter Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., by Nels B. Swenson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Nels B. Swenson has failed to establish his residence upon said land and has made no improvements thereon from the time of making said entry to the date hereof; that he has wholly failed to comply with the conditions of the homestead laws and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past, and that said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 18, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 6, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 14 july 4

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul, Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is the sum of one thousand two hundred and sixty one and ninety-two one hundredths ($1,261.92) dollars. That the premises described in and covered by said mortgage is Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, according to the map or plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the third day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 10th, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

june 14 jul 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2, 1906, viz: Frank [illegible], H. E. 1,[illegible], Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 8, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Charles Schuster, " "
Edward Warber, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 14 july 19

TWO SISTERS DROWN

LOSE THEIR LIVES NEAR RED WING AS RESULT OF EXPLOSION ON LAUNCH.

Indications That White Earth Reservation Will Be Opened to Settlement Before the End of the Year. Large Bull Moose Wanders Through the Business Streets of Duluth. General State News.

Red Wing, Minn., June 25.—A serious accident has occurred here in which two lives were lost. A launch party left in the morning for a trip up the Mississippi river. When about fifteen miles up the river an alcohol lamp, which was presumably intended for heating the launch, exploded, causing consternation in the crowd. Two young girls, Grace and Edith Nettum, sisters, aged fourteen and twelve, respectively, leaned over the side of the boat during the excitement, lost their balance and fell into the river. Heroic attempts were made to save them from drowning, but they sank, not to reappear.

MOOSE ON DULUTH STREETS.

Wanders Through Residence and Business Sections.

Duluth, June 25.—A large bull moose wandered into the fashionable residence district of Duluth just after daybreak. He was first seen at Eighteenth avenue east and Jefferson street. He then went west toward the business section and paused to stand on the vacant lot adjoining John Millen's house at Tenth avenue east and Superior street for five minutes.

He passed St. Luke's hospital on Ninth avenue and continued west on Second street and was seen on the courthouse lawn at Sixth avenue east and Second street.

It is not known what became of the moose, but several people later reported to police headquarters of having seen the animal. It is supposed the moose was tormented with flies in the woods and was getting away from them.

MAY OPEN RESERVATION.

Action Taken for Indian Allotments at White Earth.

St. Paul, June 23.—There now appears to be a probability that part of the White Earth Indian reservation may be thrown open for settlement by the end of the year.

A Washington dispatch says that President Roosevelt has signed the bill for allotments of the reservation lands. If each of the 3,500 Indians entitled to allotments receives 160 acres it is estimated that there is about 144,000 acres of land left which might be thrown open to settlement.

The project is of some interest to the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Soo roads, each of which has a line running close to the reservation.

PURE FOOD LAW UPHELD.

Minnesota Supreme Court Sustains the Statute.

St. Paul, June 23.—Minnesota's pure food law was upheld in part by the supreme court in the opinion handed down in the case of the State of Minnesota against V. A. Tetu. Tetu was fined $20 in test proceedings brought by the manufacturers of an evaporated milk. The product was labeled evaporated cream in large letters, but in small print it was stated that the product was nothing but prepared milk. It was held that the label constituted a fraud, and the product was condemned by the state dairy and food department. The supreme court sustains the conviction of the defendant.

SELECTS PEAT PLANT SITE.

Janesville Gets Factory for Manufacture of Fuel.

Mankato, Minn., June 23.—The Peat Fuel company organized here has definitely decided to build its factory at Janesville and work will begin at once so that the product can be placed on the market in September. The factory will be located on the edge of an extensive bog, where there are railway facilities, and will have a capacity of 100 tons a day to begin with, to be increased later as the demand warrants.

MINNESOTA DEMOCRATS.

State Convention to Meet in Minneapolis Sept. 4.

St. Paul, June 22.—The Democratic state central committee met here during the day and decided to hold the convention to name candidates for state offices at Minneapolis on Sept. 4.

Earthquake in Minnesota.

Red Wing, Minn., June 22.—Shocks of earthquake were distinctly felt at the Goodhue county almshouse, three miles from this city, shortly after 10 p. m. Beds rocked and articles fell from the shelves and the people were thoroughly frightened, particularly those on the third floor. Shocks were also felt around the premises.

Circus Employe Drowned.

Brainerd, Minn., June 23.—Henry Hoyt of Baraboo, Wis., for six years a teamster with Gollmar Bros.' circus, was drowned in the Mississippi river here this afternoon while bathing. The body has not been found.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

With practical unanimity the house adopted the substitute amendment for the Beveridge amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill relating to meat inspection, the objectionable features of the former amendments being eliminated and the amendment perfected to meet the wishes of the president.

The senate and house have adopted the following joint resolution: "That the people of the United States are horrified by the reports of the massacre of Hebrews in Russia on account of their race and religion and that those bereaved thereby have the hearty sympathy of the people of this country."

Northwestern states are treated handsomely in the omnibus public building bill, which was introduced and reported to the house Monday. The measure carries a total of approximately $21,000,000, of which Minnesota, Wisconsin, North and South Dakota secure $1,615,500.

In the senate Monday Mr. La Follette (Wis.) secured favorable action on a resolution extending the inquiry of the interstate commerce commission to the connection between the elevators of the Northwest and the railroads.

The senate has declared in favor of a lock type of canal across the isthmus of Panama by a vote of 36 to 31. This action is believed to definitely settle the question, as the house already has declared in favor of the lock type.

The senate Monday discussed the conference report on the railway rate bill for more than four hours, but did not dispose of it. It was made evident, however, that another conference will be ordered.

The bill appropriating $25,000 to defray the traveling expenses of the president for the next fiscal year passed the house by a vote of 175 to 68.

The senate has passed the bill appropriating $25,000 per annum for the payment of traveling expenses of the president.

The immigration bill has passed the house after the elimination of the most important features.

Congress has no right to regulate insurance, according to the senate committee on judiciary.

An understanding has been reached by the conferees on the railroad rate bill.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A band of 300 Pulajanes under Caesario Pastor attacked the town of Burauen, on the island of Leyte, Philippine islands. They killed five policemen, wounded five and captured the remainder of the force except the lieutenant who was in command. Pastor, the Pulajane leader, was killed during the encounter.

King Haakon and Queen Maud were crowned king and queen of Norway at Trondhjem Friday. The coronation ceremonies, which were very elaborate, were conducted by the bishop of Trondhjem, assisted by the leading cabinet ministers and the chief justice of the supreme court.

Three hundred and fifty Soudanese were killed and 100 captured by the Egyptian punitive expedition sent from El Obeid to relieve the garrison at Tolodi, which was attacked by native tribesmen early in June, resulting in the loss of forty Egyptians killed.

The French foreign office has been advised that China has signed a treaty according complete satisfaction to France for the massacre of six French Jesuit missionaries at Nanchang, Kiangsi province, in February last.

Miss Billington, Miss Kenney and three other leaders of the militant woman suffragists were arrested in London Thursday for creating a disturbance outside of Chancellor of the Exchequer Asquith's house.

The Duke of Almodovar, Spanish minister of foreign affairs, who acted as president of the conference on Moroccan reforms held at Algeciras early in the present year, is dead at Madrid.

One person was killed and three seriously wounded in election riots at Panama.

LABOR NEWS.

The strike of United Mine Workers in Ohio has been settled and work resumed. The miners, numbering 35,000, have been idle two months. They secure an advance of 5.55 per cent in wages.

The cotton manufacturers of Fall River, Mass., have granted the operatives a 14 per cent increase in wages. About 25,000 hands are benefitted.

The threatened strike of railroad freight handlers at Chicago has been averted, the men securing a slight increase in wages.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Fletcher D. Proctor, son of United States Senator Redfield Proctor, has been nominated by acclamation for governor of Vermont at the Republican state convention.

"Regulars" defeated the "insurgents" at the Republican primaries in North Dakota.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Charles E. Tripler of liquid air fame is dead at Liberty, N. Y., from Bright's disease after an illness of two months.

Dr. E. M. Sutton, a surgeon of national reputation, committed suicide at Peoria, Ill.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

In the United States court at Kansas City Judge Smith McPherson passed sentence upon the seven defendants recently convicted of making concessions and accepting and conspiring to accept rebates as follows: Swift & Co., $15,000; Cudahy Packing company, $15,000; Armour Packing company, $15,000; Nelson Morris & Co., $15,000; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, $15,000. George L. Thomas, a freight broker, was fined $6,000 and sentenced to four months in the penitentiary. L. B. Taggart, his clerk, was fined $4,000 and sentenced to three months in the penitentiary.

Sensational charges that the Union Pacific is granting illegal rebates of about $500,000 a year to the Peavey and Transmississippi Grain companies as against other grain concerns in Omaha and Council Bluffs, Ia., have been made by President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western in an address to the members of the Omaha Commercial club.

Wilbur G. Voliva, the present head of Zion City, Ill., testified in the federal court at Chicago that the losses on operating the different industries up to Jan. 31, 1906, amounted to $2,529,800. He declared that the Zion City bank held deposits of $500,000 but not a dollar of cash.

In the circuit court at St. Louis Judge Ryan decided in favor of a purchaser who contended that he does not have to pay for goods which he voluntarily bought from a concern which, he alleges, is a member of a so-called trust.

The directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society have voted unanimously to adopt the amended charter, which provides for the mutualization of the society.

The Wisconsin supreme court has upheld the validity of the ad valorem system for taxation of railroads; also the inheritance tax law.

About 50,000 persons are still dependent upon the supply camps for food at San Francisco.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 25.—Wheat—July, 83c; Sept., 82½c; Dec., 82½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 85¼@85⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 84¼@84⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 82¾@83c; No. 3 Northern, 81@82c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 25.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 83⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 81⅝c; July, 83⅞c; Sept., 83¼c; Dec., 82c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.13; July, $1.13⅜; Sept., $1.13¼; Oct., $1.12¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 25.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $1.50@4.50. Hogs—$6.20@6.35. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.75; spring lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 25.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.10; cows and heifers, $1.40@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.50; Texans, $3.60@4.40; calves, $5.00@6.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.25@6.57½; good heavy, $6.45@6.60; rough heavy, $6.20@6.35; light, $6.25@6.55; pigs, $5.40@6.25. Sheep, $4.75@6.25; lambs, $5.90@7.60.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 25.—Wheat—July, 82¾c; Sept., 82⅞c. Corn—July, 50⅝c; Sept., 51⅛c. Oats—July, 37½c; Sept., 34⅝@34¾c. Pork—July, $17.00; Sept., $16.60. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.11; Southwestern, $1.08; Sept., $1.13½. Butter—Creameries, 15@20c; dairies, 14½@18c. Eggs—12@15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 11c.

A Storm Above the Clouds.

Professor John Wise, the eminent aeronaut, who lost his life in making a balloon ascension on Sept. 28, 1879, gave the following description of a thunderstorm which he once viewed from the "top side:" "The view of a stormcloud from above is one of the most interesting sights ever beheld by mortal man. A storm viewed from above the clouds has the appearance of ebullition. The upper surface of the cloud is bulged upward and outward and has the resemblance of a vast sea of boiling, upheaving snow. Immediately above the stormcloud the air is not so cold as it is in the clearer atmosphere above or in the cloud itself. The falling of the rain can be distinctly heard, making a noise like a waterfall over a precipice. The thunder heard above a stormcloud is not loud, and the flashes of lightning appear like streaks of intensely white light on the surface of the gray colored vapor."

A Life of Freedom.

People sometimes think how delightful it would be to be quite free. But a fish, as Ruskin says, is freer than a man, and, as for a fly, it is "a black incarnation of freedom." A life of so called pleasure and self indulgence is not a life of real happiness or true freedom. Far from it. If we once begin to give way to ourselves we fall under a most intolerable tyranny. Other temptations are in some respects like that of drink. At first, perhaps, it seems delightful, but there is bitterness at the bottom of the cup. Men drink to satisfy the desire created by previous indulgence. So it is in other things. Repetition soon becomes a craving, not a pleasure. Resistance grows more and more painful. Yielding, which at first, perhaps, afforded some slight and temporary gratification, soon ceases to give pleasure and, even if for a time it procures relief, are long becomes odious itself.

THE AMERICAN PERIL:

How Older Countries View the Rise of the United States.

The American peril?

Is the great American nation one of those mighty empires which have risen in the world now and then, dwarfing all other organizations of society?

This question is of immense import to Europe. Within the last few years an enormous literature has grown up around the subject. Among modern sociologists none speaks with greater authority than Guglielmo Ferrero. Long and scientifically he has studied our country; his opinion of the present, his forecast of the future, represent the best European thought upon the destinies of the United States. To many it will seem an exaggeration of our greatness; to others it will show an undue distrust of democracy; but, in any case, it is the word of a scientific historian—of a man who is looking for the truth. Neither wealth nor science can change the laws that govern the growth of nations. For Signor Ferrero the United States stands today in the position of the Roman Empire in the days of Augustus. He pictures an America which is bound to go the Roman way, increasing in power, draining incalculable wealth from that orient which enriched Rome, forced in spite of hereditary democratic ideals to make itself strong by land and sea in order to hold its own and guard its world wide trading flag, overshadowing the huge modern world as Rome did the little civilization of the Mediterranean.

After calm reflection and in a cold, scientific way, the thinkers and statesmen of old Europe predict for the new world this visionary future, and brooding over it they seem to be in the very shadow of the peril. The practical American, as he drops from the tail end of a street car and goes about his business, may not realize that Europe sees in him the terrible fellow who is to go swaggering down the way of the world, taking the wall of every one, in the good old Roman fashion; but so it is. He is—even when he wheels the baby abroad—an eighty-millionth part of the great American peril, in which fact he may find a certain measure of satisfaction.—Vance Thompson in Munsey's.

THE MAN FISH.

A Peculiar Animal With a Sort of Human Appearance.

There used to be traditions among the sailors of mermaids at sea, half woman and half fish, and there are fishes which may have given rise to the belief, from their resemblance to human beings. One of these is called the man fish.

This animal inhabits the mouths of the Amazon, Orinoco and other South American rivers. Its name (manatee) has reference to the peculiar form of its swimming paws. These are composed of soft parts and a membrane which infolds the bones of the hands and fingers. But in the manatee four flat nails are seen attached to the edge of the paw.

The tail also is peculiar, being about one-fourth the length of the body and oval shaped, not unlike that of the otter. The head is round, attached to the body without a neck. The muzzle, in which the nostrils are placed, is large and fleshy, the upper lip cleft and bristled at the side, the lower lip much shorter and the mouth small.

When seen at a distance, with the anterior part of the body out of the water, they are sometimes taken for some creature approaching to human shape. The effect has been deepened by the thickset hairs of the muscle, giving somewhat the appearance of human hair or a beard. Thus the Spanish and the Portuguese give the manatee a name which signifies woman fish, and the Dutch call it the dudong baardmanetse or little bearded man.

Lunatics Used as Horses.

A regular slave mart still exists in many country districts of Finland. Once a year such paupers, lunatics and aged people of each parish as cannot support themselves are put up at public auction and consigned to those farmers or families who will board them at the lowest price offered by the parish authorities. The helpless creatures are made to work as much as possible by their owners, who have the right to chastise them and are generally most inhuman in their treatment. Lunatics have been used even as cart horses.

Warming Up.

A fond mother, hearing an unusual noise in the nursery overhead, hurried upstairs to find out what was the matter.

She found Johnny sitting in the middle of the floor quietly smiling.

"Oh," said he, "I've locked grandpa and Uncle Henry in the cupboard, and when they get a little angrier I am going to play Daniel in the lion's den."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Modifying the Risk.

Parson Bagster (solemnly)—Does yo', Claud Kinsabby, take dis yuh lady, Miss Gladys Poots, to be yo' lawful wedded wife, for bettah and for wuss? The Groom (uneasily and hazily)—Uh cou'se I does if I has to, sah, but ain't dar some way of takin' her kindah on an avrage?—Puck.

Unreasonable.

"My husband," said a young wife, "is a very unreasonable man!"

"In what way?" asked a friend.

"He expects me to live on nothing and save half."

Sarcastic.

Barber (pausing in the mutilation)—Will you have a close shave, sir? Victim (with a gasp)—If I get out of this chair alive, I shall certainly consider it such.

ENTERPRISING BOTANISTS.

Effects of the Great Revival of the Sixteenth Century.

In the great literary and scientific revival that took place in the sixteenth century botany made a fresh departure. The discovery of America had brought a vast number of new plants to Europe, and their study doubtless stimulated the more complete study of those of the old world. The great commercial activity of the century must also have had its influence. Ships were bringing new products from all parts and among these plants were not forgotten. But from whatever cause it arose, the great impulse and renewed activity in the discovery and study of plants was quite remarkable. They produced a large body of students, whose labors were unwearied, and a wonderful amount of botanical literature.

Among those students were such men as Loincer, L'Obel, Caesalpinus, L'Ecluse, Mattioli, Caspar and John Bauhin, Conrad Gesner, Pona, Leonard Fuchs, Prosper Alpinus, Dodoens and many others. And these men were not stay at home botanical students. They were great travelers, whose delight was to collect and examine plants in their native countries. Caspar Bauhin collected them in Germany, France and Italy with great labor and danger ("quod praecipuum erat, plantas locis natalibus inspiciendo nullis laboribus, nullis molestiis, nullis sumptibus peper cinius"); L'Ecluse collected them in Spain, Hungary and Bohemia; Du Choul searched Mount Pilatus and John Pona Mount Baldus; Leonard Rauwolf made a long journey to the east in search of them and Prosper Alpinus examined those of Egypt.—London Standard.

FLORIDA'S INDIAN WAR.

Osceola's Half Breed Wife Brought About the Conflict.

In 1835 a young woman, with a party of Indians visiting Fort King, was seized and carried off as a fugitive slave on the ground that her mother was an escaped slave who had taken refuge with the Indians many years before. That her father was an Indian and she had been raised an Indian did not count for anything. Legal claim of ownership in the mother embraced her also. That was law at the time.

Naturally the young husband, untutored savage that he was, could not recognize its justice. Proving both eloquent and brave, he soon had every Indian in Florida on the warpath, nor was it long before his name, Osceola, was heard with terror in the exposed white settlements. There ensued a war, long, costly and bloody, out of all proportions to the number engaged. It is probable the Indians did not number 1,500 warriors, but in the four years required to conquer them 1,500 white lives were sacrificed.

With the Indians it was a battle a outrance. They had many wrongs to avenge, which lost nothing in the fervid coloring of Osceola's eloquence. Defeat meant transportation to an unknown country far toward the setting sun. Osceola claimed to have been the friend of the white man until white treachery and cupidity culminated in the seizure of his wife. In digging up the tomahawk he preached a war of extermination till every white man was driven from Florida or every Indian died in the attempt.—Lippincott's.

Fair Rosamund's Bower.

Henry II.'s chief garden was at Woodstock, but he was not the originator of it, as there had been a garden there in the time of the second Henry. In it was the labyrinth which concealed the "bower" made famous by the tragic fate of the fair Rosamond. A halo of romance and mystery hangs around this hiding place, but in reality labyrinths were by no means uncommon. There is evidence of the existence of labyrinths in very early times, and they presumably suggested the maze of more modern date. The first labyrinths were winding paths cut in the ground, and the survival of them is still traceable in several places in England. Of these Saffron Walden, with its encircling ditch, is the most striking example. Camden describes one existing in his time in Dorsetshire, which went by the name of Troy town or Julian's bower.—"A History of Gardening In England."

Tobacco in America.

Caricaturists in depicting a German are in the habit of putting a big pipe in his mouth. The pipe is national indeed, but the Germans as a nation are far from being the greatest smokers. They do not smoke more than Frenchmen, Russians, Swedes or Hungarians. The men of the United States and the men of Switzerland are the most inveterate smokers in the world. In these two countries the consumption of tobacco per head is three times greater than in Germany.

At the Minstrels.

Sambo—What am de diff'runce 'tween a mute walkin' 'long de street an' a conversational bore? Interlocutor—What is the difference, Sambo? Sambo—Well, one goes widout sayin', an' de udder says widout goin'.—New York Press.

An Invitation.

Bashful Beaumont—Er—I—er—dreamt I—er—kissed you last night. What's that a sign of? Modest Maiden—Well, it's a sign that you're more sensible asleep than awake.

Two Reasons.

"The new bookkeeper looks at his watch every five minutes."

"He must have a new watch or a new wife."

A thousand times listen to the counsel of your friend, but seek it only once.—Hardy.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn.; at close of business on June 18, 1906.
Date of Call by Supt., June 20, 1906.
Date of Report by Bank, June 25, 1906.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$120,600 14
Overdrafts		3,891 25
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800 00
Other real estate		2,790 73
Due from banks	61,829 93	
Checks and Cash Items	886 58	
Cash on Hand, items below	6,569 12	
Currency	3,419 00	
Gold	1,467 50	
Silver	1,368 50	
Other	314 12	
Total Cash Assets	69,285 63	69,285 63
Total		198,376 75
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		3,021 42
Deposits subject to check	101,830 40	
Demand certificates	4,989 77	
Due to Banks	807 79	
Total immediate liabilit's	107,627 96	
Time certificates	76,127 37	
Total deposits	183,755 33	183,755 33
Total		198,376 75

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, H. G. Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of June, 1906. DANIEL SHAW, Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn. My commission expires Oct. 17, 1909.

ATTEST: (TWO) DIRECTORS. } C. L. DOBNER, PERL W. MABEY.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

june 28 aug 9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Andreas Iverson, H. E. No. 304, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 36, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Iver Holum, of Anton, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " "
Hans Olson, " "
M. J. Ford, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Michael J. Ford, H. E. No. 302, Red Lake Series, for the Lot 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Dyrdahl, of Anton, Minn.
Andreas Iverson, " "
Hans Olson, " "
Iver Holum, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. 4518, Chippewa Series, for the N½ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 28 and NE¼ of NE¼ of Sec. 29, T. 156 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peder Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
Schack Simonsen, " "
William Halland, " "
Christ O. Saastad, of Ringbo, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of Adolph Boltz, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of Adolph Boltz of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of June A. D. 1906, the said Adolph Boltz was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy in the city of Crookston, Polk County, in said district, on the 17th day of July, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated June 22, A. D. 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MONTH OF MAY REPORT

Statement of the Business by the Thief River Falls Creamery.

Did a Business of $2,113,6 the Month of May.

Secretary John L. Finke, of the Thief River Falls Creamery association, has handed this paper a statement of the creamery for the month of May, which is as follows:

Total cream received, lbs.	37,575.00
Average test	25.54
Pounds of butter fat	9,590.70
Pounds of butter made	12,004.00
RECEIPTS.	
Received for butter shipped	$2,052.07
Received from cash sales at creamery	61.09
Received from patrons for freight on cream	50.54
Total receipts	$2,113.16
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons by cash	$1,746.94
Paid for labor, salt, tubs, tinners, gasoline, wood, etc.	216.00
Paid into sinking fund	77.73
Paid for freight on cream	50.54
Balance on hand	16.95
	$2,113.16

ON THE SIDE.

If Red Lake Falls gets too gay about investigating affairs in Thief River Falls, this city can retaliate. For instance, a whole lot of people would like to have the matter of John Duffy appointing himself as the county seat committee at Red Lake Falls investigated. We would also like to nominate Judge Knight as one of the members of that committee on investigation.

And, speaking of Duffy, a pretty good story is going the rounds of the county. It is to the effect that a Democratic convention was held—we don't know just where—for the purpose of electing two delegates. An Irishman arose and said: "Gentlemen, I would like to place in nomination myself and me brother, Mike." Somehow this story is told in connection with the way Mr. J. Duffy is getting to the front.

What seems to worry the people of Red Lake Falls the most is how so many attorneys can make a living in Thief River Falls. The only thing that has bothered Thief River Falls is how any of the attorneys at Red Lake Falls can make a living. Certainly they could not if their fees were payable only when they won injunction cases.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

A KID BAND.

A Large One to Be Organized in the Near Future.

Some thirty-five boys, aged from 10 to 17, met at the city hall last Friday evening and signified a willingness to join a band to be organized here in the near future by N. J. Anderson. Instruments have been sent for and it is an assured fact that in the near future Thief River Falls will have a band of which the city will be proud.

Watch Thief River Grow.

The following changes in the salaries of postmasters in this section, based upon the amount of business done, was announced at Washington on Monday:

Increase—Thief River Falls, $1,700 to $1,900; Stephen, $1,000 to $1,200.

Decrease—Red Lake Falls, $1,600 to $1,500.

BUNDLE HANDKERCHIEFS.

Introduced Into New England by the Salem Sea Captains.

Housewives of today would not know what was meant by the bundle handkerchief, yet 100 years ago the woman who did not have a pile of them neatly folded and ironed and laid away in smooth piles in a drawer of one of the capacious closets which were then built into houses was considered a poor housekeeper. The bundle handkerchief was first introduced by the Salem sea captains. It was brought from abroad with choice things, such as sandalwood fans, guava jelly and amber beads.

Those imported were the white india silk and were used to tie around the "best cap" box when ladies went out to spend the afternoon. Those of home make were of squares of calico or muslin and used for everyday bundles. When ladies went visiting to other towns their piles of dainty, handmade underware were wrapped in fine lawn or linen handkerchiefs sweet with lavender and orris. A new gown always came home from the dressmaker's carefully pinned in a thin, worn and much used madras handkerchief.

No Salem infant was considered to have been properly introduced to society till it had dangled in a bundle handkerchief from a pair of steelyard scales.

When the servants went to the bakery they carried a couple of coarse blue checked bundle handkerchiefs, and in one was wrapped the pot of beans, and in the other was wrapped the brown bread.

Louisa Alcott's Education.

In 1846 Mrs. Abbott, with some family property, bought the house known now as the Wayside, since Hawthorne bought and renamed it in 1852, says F. B. Sanborn in the Critic. The Alcotts had called it Hillside and had passed pleasant childish years there. Louisa's story telling gift was developed here, and in the barn her earliest plays were acted by herself and her sisters and schoolmates. In her earlier years at Concord she had been for a short time a pupil of Henry Thoreau and still earlier of her father's Boston school. Her other education came irregularly from her parents, from a temporary governess and sometimes from town schools, but she always missed the careful education that most of the Concord girls had, either in public or in private schools.

Hissing "Carmen."

One of the most popular operas of the present day, "Carmen," underwent an unfortunate experience, but achieved success too late, alas, to console the disappointed composer, whose death was accelerated, it is said, by the ill reception accorded to his chef d'oeuvre. "Carmen" was, in fact, actually hissed off the stage on its first performance in Paris in 1875, and poor Bizet died shortly after, unable to foresee the great success in store for his latest and best work, whose stirring music so admirably fits the thrilling Spanish libretto it illustrates.—Cornhill Magazine.

The Same Idea.

It is recorded that Napoleon, when asked to summarize the art of war, answered briefly, "The art of war consists in being strongest at a given point at a given time." This answer was terse and true, but that born but untaught fighter, General Forrest, expressed the same idea, yet more briefly and forcefully. When the grim old Confederate was asked how to win in battle he replied, "Git thar fust with the mostest men."

THE NEW STORE. A. E. ABRAHAM.

Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

The Falls Candy Kitchen

For Fresh Home-Made Candies, Ice Cream and Soft Drinks. . . . .

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K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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Dr. G. R. Lanning, DENTIST.

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J. WALSETH, Norske Advokat. WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.

WALSETH & TAUTGES, LAWYERS.

We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.

(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN, DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE, LAWYERS.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

Dr. Andrew Ekern, Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak.

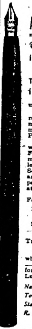

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Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen $1.85

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St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, July 11th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar.	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:35 pm
10:05 am Ar.	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Supplement to Thief River Falls News, June 28, 1906

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

of the Board of County Commissioners.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
June 11, 1906.

Pursuant to an order of the district court in the 14th Judicial District, dated May 25, 1906, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, at one o'clock p. m.

Present, Commissioners, Ekstrom, Demann, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau.

In compliance with the order of the court, the board proceeded to consider the petition for the removal of the county seat of Red Lake county, Minnesota, from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls.

J. A. Duffy, Theo. Garceau, L. A. Kaufer, Theo. LaBissoniere, Charles E. Boughton and F. A. Grady, legal voters and residents of the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, appearing specially before the board of county commissioners of said county object to any action or proceedings being had by said board of county commissioners at this time relative to the petition heretofore filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the removal of the county seat thereof from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls, and this objection is based upon the following grounds:

1—That said board of county commissioners have no jurisdiction to act upon or to consider said petition.

2—That said board has already acted upon said petition and have found and so decided and caused their decision to be duly recorded in the office of the county auditor of said county, that the notice of intention to circulate said petition was not given, made, signed, posted and published as required by law and that said board had and has no jurisdiction to act upon and further consider said petition, or take any further steps relative thereto; and said decision has not been reconsidered or reversed by said board or otherwise.

3rd—That this meeting of the board of county commissioners has not been called, or noticed, or ordered by said board of county commissioners or by the county auditor of said county.

4th—That no notice that a meeting of said board will be held at this time and place to act upon and consider said petition has ever been signed or given by said county auditor or filed in his office, or posted in each town of said county, or published in each newspaper of said county as required by law or at all.

Dated June 11th, 1906.

—J. A. Duffy,
—L. A. Kaufer,
—Theo. Garceau,
—Theo. LaBissoniere,
—F. A. Grady,
—Charles E. Boughton.

Wm. C. L. Demann and Louis Falardeau, two of the county commissioners in and for the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, appearing specially for the purposes of this objection only and not otherwise, and object to any proceedings being had by the board of county commissioners of said county at this time relative to the petition heretofore filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the removal of the county seat thereof from the city of Red Lake Falls, to the city of Thief River Falls, and this objection is based on the following grounds:

1st—That said board of county commissioners have no jurisdiction to act upon or to consider said petition.

2nd—That said board has already acted upon said petition and have found and so decided and caused their decision to be duly recorded in the office of the county auditor of said county; that the notice of intention to circulate said petition was not given, made, signed, posted and published as required by law and that said board had and has no jurisdiction to act upon and further consider said petition or take any further steps relative thereto, and that said decision has not been reconsidered or reversed by said board or otherwise.

3rd—That this meeting of the board of county commissioners has not been called or noticed or ordered by said board of county commissioners or by the county auditor of said county.

4th—That no notice that a meeting will be held at this time and place to act upon and consider said petition has ever been signed by the said county auditor or filed in his office, or posted in each town of said county, or published in each newspaper of said county as required by law.

Dated June 11th, 1906.

—Wm. C. L. Demann,
—Louis Falardeau.
Two of the County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

On motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson to take up the matter of the consideration of the petition for the removal of the county seat from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls, same was declared carried by the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

No, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

The board proceeded to consider said petition and to count and determine the number of names thereon and to ascertain the number of votes cast at the general election in 1904.

Charles E. Boughton asked permission to introduce testimony and George G. Williams was sworn and testified before the board.

It was moved by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson that no evidence be admitted except such as bears directly on the matter that the board was called to consider as defined by the statute, which motion was declared carried, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw voting aye and Commissioners Demann and Falardeau voting No.

The following offer of Chas. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady was submitted to the board and made part of the record:

C. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady offer to prove by witness, G. G. Williams, that he is a saloonkeeper of Thief River Falls; that he was ordered and instructed by the city council of said city in the years 1904 and 1905 to pay $500.00, same being ½ his saloon license money in said city, to the city treasurer and $500.00 the other half to a committee of said city intrusted with getting signatures to the county seat petition now under consideration and that said money was used by said committee wrongfully and fraudulently in influencing voters to sign said petition by paying them for same and buying and giving them intoxicating liquors and that a large number of signatures to such petition were obtained by such means.

It was moved by Commissioner Demann and seconded by Commissioner Falardeau that said offer of C. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady be accepted and considered.

The motion was declared lost on the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

On motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously a recess was taken until 8 o'clock a. m., June 12, 1906.

8 o'clock a. m., June 12, 1906, the board reconvened with all members present.

Consideration of the petition for the removal of the county seat was resumed.

At 12 o'clock M., on motion carried unanimously a recess was taken until 1 o'clock p. m.

At 1 o'clock p. m. the board reconvened with all members present.

It was moved by Commissioner Wm. C. L. Demann and seconded by Commissioner Falardeau that the three hundred and twenty-five names and signatures which are on "Exhibit 5" be stricken from said county seat removal petition on the ground that it appears on the face of said Exhibit that said exhibit consists of six sheets of paper pasted together and that the names on the lower pages were signed before they were attached to the sheet next above it and that M. V. Evenson and Wilhelm Michelet signed said Exhibit at the top of the first sheet thereof and verified the same on the last sheet thereof and that they did not attach their affidavit to the sheet which they signed or any sheet at all except the last sheet which they did not sign.

The foregoing motion made by Commissioner Demann and seconded by Commissioner Falardeau was declared lost on the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

Commissioner Demann makes the same motion as to "Exhibit 4" except that the same consists of only three sheets pasted together and that the affidavit was sworn to by D. Berthiaume and N. Swanson, which motion was seconded by Commissioner Falardeau and declared lost by the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

Commissioner Demann moved that the names on "Exhibits 1, 2" and "3" be stricken from said county seat removal petition on the same grounds as set forth in the motion to strike out the names on "Exhibit 5" only that the exhibits differ in the number of pages attached and in the names of the persons whose affidavits are attached to said "Exhibits." The foregoing motion was seconded by Commissioner Falardeau and declared lost by the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

It was moved by Commissioner Falardeau and seconded by Commissioner Demann that the names on "Exhibit 4" containing fifty-seven names, and the names on "Exhibit 6" containing fifteen names be stricken from the county seat removal petition on the grounds that it appears from the evidence before the board and from an inspection of said "Exhibits" that D. J. McNiven and Nels Swanson one of the subscribing witnesses on each of said "Exhibits" were not at the time of the circulation of said "Exhibits" obtaining signatures thereto and at the time of signing and verifying the same, legal voters of said county.

The foregoing motion was declared lost on the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

It was moved by Commissioner Johnson and seconded by Commissioner Ekstrom that the names of Hans L. Rolland, Henry Champagne, Christ Bjerk, Joseph Champagne, Halvor Skottem and Ole H. Skottem be stricken from the county seat removal petition.

The foregoing motion was declared carried by the following vote:

Aye Commissioners Ekstrom, Demann, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau.

F. A. Grady and Chas. E. Boughton demand that C. M. Evenson, W. J. LaBree and Chas. J. Knox, all of whom are now present in person before this board of county commissioners and whose names appear as signers of said county seat removal petition and each of whom is a verifying witness on said petitions, be sworn and testify before said board on matters relative to said petition, the genuineness of the signatures thereon and the signers thereof and that these claimants be permitted to examine them and we offer the services of a deputy clerk of court, justice of the peace and notary public, each of whom is now present, to administer the oaths.

—F. A. Grady,
—Chas. E. Boughton.

C. M. Evenson and Chas. J. Knox were sworn and testified before the board.

Commissioner Johnson offered the following certificate and moved its adoption:

The county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota assembled in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, said state, on the 11th day of June, A. D., 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day pursuant to the order and judgment of the district court in and for the county of Red Lake, entered in said court on the 25th day of May, A. D., 1906, in an action therein pending wherein William Erb is relator and Ajax A. Sweaas and C. M. Evenson are intervenors against P. A. Ekstrom, Ole Johnson, W. C. L. Demann, Louis Falardeau and Daniel Shaw as the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota are respondents and in obedience to a peremptory writ of mandamus issued therein dated the 25th day of May, A. D., 1906, having considered said petition do hereby determine and certify that the signatures of all names attached to said petition are genuine.

That the following persons whose names are attached to said petitions were not at the time of the signing the same legal voters of Red Lake county, viz: None.

That the signatures of the following persons were not attached to said petition within sixty days preceding the filing thereof in the office of the county auditor of said Red Lake county, viz: None.

And that withdrawals of the signatures of said petition have been duly filed and said names stricken from said petition:

Henry Champagne, Christ Bjerk, Joseph Champagne, Hans L. Rolland, Halvor Skottem, Ole H. Skottem.

We do hereby certify that the following names have been stricken from said petition:

Henry Champagne, Christ Bjerk, Joseph Champagne, Hans L. Rolland, Halvor Skottem, Ole H. Skottem:

That after striking from said petition all of the above names there remain thereon the signatures of 2000 legal signers and legal voters of said county of Red Lake:

That the number of legal voters of said county of Red Lake as shown by the poll lists of the last preceding general election voting therein was 2361.

Dated June 11th, 1906.

—Daniel Shaw,
—O. J. Johnson,
—P. A. Ekstrom,
County Board.

The motion to adopt the foregoing certificate was seconded by Commissioner Ekstrom and declared carried by the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

No, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

It was moved by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the Board adjourn.

Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw voted aye.

Commissioners Demann and Falardeau not voting.

The motion was declared carried and the meeting adjourned.

(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman County Board.

Attest, JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio
Clerk of Board.

Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1906 NUMBER 27

RESULT OF AN ACCIDENT

Settler Living Northeast of Here Shot Himself Last Thursday.

Was Out Hunting With Two Brothers and Other Men.

Chris Lee, living in the town of Lee, northeast of here in Beltrami county, accidentally shot himself last Thursday afternoon while out hunting. Just how the affair happened, no one seems to know, although there were several in the party, including two brothers of the deceased, at the time. Lee was standing upon a log and with the others engrossed in looking at a building to which one of the men had called attention. It is thought the log moved, causing Lee to lose his balance, and the gun was discharged by the accident. One of the settlers drove from Carmel to Germantown and telephoned to parties here, requesting that the coroner of Beltrami county be notified of the affair. The coroner held that, as the affair was clearly the result of an accident, no inquest would be necessary and the body was buried.

Fatal Lightning Along Wire Fences.

It pains Farm Stock & Home to get reports of the killing of live stock by lightning when adjacent to wire fences. The reports are too numerous and losses too heavy to be pleasant, and the situation is aggravated by failure to apply the precautions that would avoid the losses. A ground wire every 20 rods on a wire fence will make it harmless, as a conductor of electricity. Bend an end of ground wire—plain fence wire—around top wire of fence, and then around each succeeding wire, and finally run wire into the earth fully two feet, or where the end will always be moist. A rod sharpened at the end will make a hole for the wire. The job is easily done, the cost is almost nothing, and danger to animal or man is avoided. —Farm Stock & Home.

GETTING ANXIOUS.

People Up in Roseau County Would Like to See Rails Laid.

Roseau Times: There are so many inquiries made as to the time the Great Northern will begin laying track from Greenbush that the Times is constrained to state that there is absolutely no date fixed when the work of track laying will begin, nor can any information be gained in regard to the matter. The grading is completed from Greenbush to Roseau and over one-half of the grade work finished between Roseau and Warroad. That the steel will be laid from Greenbush to Warroad before the ground freezes is certain, otherwise the grading thru the swamp would require a third more work, as the ballast would have to be worked in while the ground was not in a frozen condition. From unofficial sources it is learned that old steel will be laid on the Roseau extension and in order to get a supply of old rails, the company will have to do some relaying of new steel on some of its divisions. It is understood that the officials of the Great Northern are very anxious to complete the extension as soon as possible and that any delay in the matter is through no fault or neglect of the company.

The June Settlement.

Red Lake Courier: County Treasurer Hanson has completed the June settlement of taxes and has for distribution the tidy sum of $60,705.16. It is the largest distribution ever made in Red Lake county.

The receipts of the treasurer's office have been unusual this year. Something over $15,000 more in taxes has been collected this year than last and on May 31, the last day for the payment of the second installment, $34,581.69 was taken in. It is estimated that fully 70 per cent of all taxes has been paid at the present time.

Doing a Big Business.

The month of June will prove to be the banner month for the St. Hilaire creamery. There will be a shipment next Monday, which will conclude the month's work and the total receipts for butter made in June will come very close to six thousand dollars. This is a fifty per cent increase over last year.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

IS RESTORED TO CAPACITY

Aged Roseau County Woman Is No Longer Considered Insane.

She Was Maried Last April and Deeded Away Her Farm Property.

Probate Judge Holm of Roseau county has handed down an important decision in the matter of the petition of Kjerst[illegible] A. Johnson, formerly Rud, to be restored to capacity. The case attracted considerable attention among the neighbors of the parties interested in town of Moose, and at the hearing on the petition a large number of witnesses were examined.

For some time Mrs. Rud, an old woman, had been under the guardianship of E. E. Sundal, the appointment of Mr. Sundal being with the consent of Mrs. Rud.

Latter she married a Mr. Johnson and together they deeded the woman's homestead to a son of Johnson, and he in turn mortgaged it for several hundred dollars.

Mrs. Olaf Nelson is the only daughter of Mrs. Rud and desired that her mother's deal with the land be set aside and guardianship continued. The issue was on the petition to restore the woman to capacity. The hearing was held on April 12th last and the attorneys in the case wished to file briefs in support of their contentions pro and con the question at issue. Judge Holm granted the request and waited two months for the briefs to arrive.

The lawyers did not file any, so the Judge considered the case without them. His decision is that the petition be granted. This means the woman is restored to capicity and will eventually mean the discharge of the guardian, if the decision of the probate court is upheld. It is said an appeal to the district court will be taken.

—Renew that Farm Insurance policy in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company (the old reliable.) G. K. Fargo, agent.

MOSCO GETS THE LIMIT

Former Thief River Falls Porter to Serve 90 Days in Jail.

Has Made Himself Obnoxious to Women Down at Crookston.

Mosco Yeatman, who last winter was porter at the Antlers Club in this city, is in trouble. When Moscow was discharged by the club officials here, he went to Crookston and secured a position as porter for the Great Northern. Last week he was arrested in Crookston and has been found guilty of having conducted himself in an offensive and improper manner to women about Crookston and was given 90 days in the county jail to make amends for his wrong doings.

There seems to be more than one chapter to the story which caused Yeatman to get into trouble, the matter having been up in the police court before. It seems that a girl was rounded in by the police some time ago and was found guilty of improper conduct. She admitted her guilt and, when ordered out of the city, she pleaded with the court that she might find employment there and was ready to reform. After consideration, she was allowed to stay and was referred to the local Salvation Army, who took her in, and cared for her, furnishing her board and clothing. For the past couple of weeks she has been followed whenever she left the hall or house where she was staying by Yeatman, who continued the habit till she became afraid to appear alone on the streets. On Tuesday evening he became so offensive at the Salvation Army hall that police were called, with the result that the girl appeared against him with several others. He got the limit from the court and was certainly deserving all he got, being of such a wretched nature as to endeavor to pull a girl down whom he has disgraced and who wanted to reform. The spell in jail will undoubtedly do him good and when he is through he will be invited to leave Crookston.

Later—Mosco raised enough money to pay his fine and has been released from jail.

CRY FOR HELP.

Many Red River Valley Ditches Are in Bad Condition.

The state drainage board at its meeting in St. Paul last week found itself overwhelmed with requests for state aid in cleaning out and repairing the county ditches in the Red river valley. These ditches are county ditches and under the law under which they were built the county must care for them and keep them in repair.

The heavy rains this spring have played havoc with the ditches, washing them full of dirt in some places and at other places flowing over the land and doing damage to crops. The people are looking in every possible direction for relief and at the meeting there were dozens of letters asking the state drainage board to take hold and put the ditches in shape. Letters came from county officials, county commissioners and county attorneys, and from land owners in the valley.

The state board is powerless to do anything, as the present laws place these ditches entirely under the jurisdiction of the county and besides, there is no state land in that part of the state now.

Stole From a Workingwoman.

Some sneak thief stole a pocket book containing a little over $7 last Saturday from Mrs. H. O. Tweten. Mrs. Tweten was engaged in scrubbing up the floors in the Jackson & McGinn block and laid her pocketbook upon a box in the hallway of the building. When she went to look for it, the pocketbook was gone and the general opinion seems to be that it was a mighty mean person who took it.

A New Landlord.

J. G. Prior, of Wylie, last Saturday assumed control of the Hotel Markham at St. Hilaire and will run the place in the future. The Markham is one of the best hotels in Red Lake county, having all of the modern improvements and being in every way first-class. Mr. Prior is said said to be a good hotel man.

Robbed Grand Jury Men.

Several sneak thieves and toughs made their appearance during the tournament at Warren last week, and tackled the grand jury, which was in session when the tournament began, robbing five of them while they were asleep in their hotel.

Subscribe for the News.

CAUSES COMMOTION.

Attorney General Young Holds That Women Can't Vote at Primary.

The following opinion handed down by Attorney General Young to State Superintendent Olson will undoubtedly cause a stampede among suffragists in this section who have been allowed to vote heretofore. This is considered as an opinion only and will have to be carried to the courts before decided.

Edward T. Young, attorney general has given an opinion to J. W. Olsen, superintendent of public instruction, holding that women can not vote for school officers at a primary election.

The attorney general says: "A primary election is essentially only the action of a political party naming candidates which theoretically represent its principles. At the final election any woman, as well as any other individual, may vote for a candidate that has been named by a political party, or may vote for some one who has been named. As the law now stands, there is no way by which a women could be permitted to participate in making a political nomination."

ESTABLISHED JULY 9TH

Passenger Trains on the Soo Line Will Run From Here to Kenmare

All the Train Crews Will Make This City Their Headquarters.

On the 9th of July the through passenger service between Thief River Falls and Kenmare, N. D., will be established. The new time card has not yet been issued, but it is understood that the train will leave Thief River Falls at about 7:30 in the morning and arrive at Kenmare about 8:30 in the evening, leaving that place each morning at 8:30 and arriving here at 9:30. The service will be daily, one train each way, except on Sunday.

The new service will also be a good thing for Thief River Falls, as it will require more train crews to make their headquarters here. It will require four engine crews and three train crews to make the run. The engine crews will leave this city in the morning and run through to Kenmare, returning to this city the next morning and will then have two days' lay-over here. The train crew will have only one day lay-over here.

QUITE A CROWD.

A Number From Here Attend the Tournament at Warren.

About 250 residents of Thief River Falls went over to Warren last Friday to be present at the closing of the tournament. All report having had an excellent time and were well entertained by the residents of our sister city to the West.

The game of ball between the Thief River Falls and Warren teams resulted in victory for the latter, the score being 3 to 4.

In the trotting race, C. J. Knox's stallion, Lockstep, took first money and this was highly satisfactory to the residents here.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

Subscribe for the News.

MEETING A BIG SUCCESS

Drainage Convention Held at Wadena Last Week Largely Attended.

League Has Opportunity to to Do Much Good Work.

The first annual meeting of the Minnesota Drainage League, just held in Wadena, has been a very successful gathering, judging from the reports. The cause of drainage has been fully explained in the papers that have been read, and the career of usefulness that is open to the league has been pointed out by those who know what they are talking about.

In changing some of the officers of the league the members have acted wisely. The retiring president and secretary have worked pretty actively on the errands of the league, but their manner of doing this work has caused much dissatisfaction, and, in view of the need of smoothness in the operation of the league, it was necessary that the change should be made. While possibly they meant it for the best, their methods did not meet with the approval of the membership of the league, and it was impossible to harmoniously conduct the work with this friction in evidence.

What the league should apply itself to strictly is the awakening of the proper sentiment in Minnesota on the subject of drainage. It must be shown to the citizens and particularly the legislators of all parts of the state that state drainage of state lands is not only a duty to which the state is committed by solemn contract with the federal government, but that it is a splendid investment through which the state can get enormous returns for its money, reaping a crop of dollars ten times the seed sown.

It must be made clear to those who do not understand it that drainage of state lands implies no state aid to private property-owners. They must drain their own lands, and if any of them benefit indirectly from drainage of state lands, they should be called upon to pay their share of the cost.

Until next January, the work of the league should be educational. It must educate the voters of the entire state in the drainage scheme. It must show them that it will not only benefit northern Minnesota by placing waste lands in the hands of settlers, but that it will benefit southern Minnesota as well by placing these lands upon the tax rolls to bear their proper portion of the state's expenses. When the legislature meets, the fruits of this educational campaign should be gathered in the form of liberal appropriations for drainage of state swamp lands.

As to federal drainage, upon which the late officers of the league expended their time and the money of the league, that can safely be left to Minnesota representatives in congress. They understand the situation, and are fully competent to carry on the work.

The Reason Easy.

The roads between here and Thief River Falls were never in much better condition than they are at present, despite the rainy weather. The reason is easily told. The farmers are using the split log drag.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

YOUR VACATION.

Be fully equipped to spend your enjoyable vacation. We have spent weeks and months searching the markets for necessary articles for your pleasure trips. Large stocks of

SUIT CASES. TRAVELING BAGS.
CLOTH AND HAIR BRUSHES.
SIDE COMBS, BACK COMBS, ETC.
WHITE DUCK SKIRTS. CREAM MOHAIR SKIRTS.
WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS.
"PATENT" AND "VICI" OXFORDS AND SHOES.
SHIRT WAISTS.
WASHABLE SUMMER NECKWEAR.
SILK PARASOLS. EMBROIDERED PARASOLS.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"Everything from Head to Foot."

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED.

Northwestern Telephone Co. Wants Local Telephone Franchise.

Have Commenced an Action to Prevent the City from Interfering With Work.

Papers in a civil action to prevent the officials of Thief River Falls from interfering with the work of the Northwestern Telephone company in establishing a local exchange here were served upon Mayor Grundy Tuesday. The matter will come to trial at the fall term of court, unless the Northwestern company secures an order to show cause before that time. It is said that the Northwestern people are confident of winning, while the city is also just as confident.

The attorneys for the Northwestern company are Cobb & Wheelright and E. A. Prendergast, of Minneapolis, and Richardson & Cooke, of this city. City Attorney Michelet will defend the city and he will probably be assisted by others attorneys.

A BUSINESS CHANGE.

Bjorkman and Post, of Grand Forks, Take Possession of the Star Laundary.

Bjorkman & Post made arrangements this week for the lease of the Star Steam Laundry in this city and will take possession on next Monday. The new proprietors come from Grand Forks and are highly recommended as workmen. In addition to running a laundry, the new firm will add cleaning and dying, Mr. Bjorkman being an expert cleaner and dyer and has had many years' experience in the large cities. Mr. Post is the laundry man and he too is an experienced man in his line. The new firm will establish branch offices in all of the surrounding towns.

May Be a Candidate.

Hon. R. J. Bell, editor of the Roseau Times and one of the prominent attorneys of Roseau county, was in the today, having been at Bronson to spend the Fourth, where he delivered an oration. Mr. Bell is being strongly urged by the people of Roseau, Kittson and Marshall counties to become a candidate for the legislature and has partly given his consent to make the run. He would make a strong man in the legislature and would do much towards securing favorable drainage legislation for this section of the state.

Take Back Your Gold.

Crookston Times: In the district court today, Tabor Thurston was awarded a ring that was used as an exhibit in the case of Mary B. Homme against Tabor Thurston for breach of promise. The ring is one that was given by Thurston to the young woman and, although a man's ring, was worn by her. He lost the case, the verdict being $3,000 for the plaintiff, but he, nevertheless, got the ring back again. A new trial will be asked for, a stay of proceedings having been granted for 60 days.

Camp Meeting Services.

Services are held every evening at 7:45 and Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Gospel tent. The following will be the subjects for the week:

Thursday evening, July 5th—Signs in the sun, moon and stars.

Friday evening—The new earth.

Saturday evening—Elija, who is he and when will he come?

Sunday afternoon—The one thousand years, what takes place during this time?

Sunday evening—Capital and labor in the light of holy Scripture.

Monday evening—The two covenants.

Tuesday evening—The two laws.

Wednesday evening—The true Israel.

Thursday evening—The Gospel, the power of God unto salvation.

All Scandinavians are cordially invited to attend. Seats free. Bring your bibles to the services.

J. F. Anderson,
O. E. Johansen,
M. S. Reppe.

The celebration of the Fourth at at Germantown yesterday was a great success. The main feature of the celebration was a dance and when the sun came up this morning, the dance was still in progress.

PENSIONS FOR MINNESOTANS.

Senate Passes Bill for Benefit of Indian War Veterans.

Washington, June 26.—The senate has passed the bill extending the pension laws to participants in the battles of New Ulm and Fort Ridgeley, Minn., in the Sioux war of 1862.

Shoots at Girl, Then Suicides.

Hutchinson, Minn., June 29.—Edmund F. Lotz, an electrician of St. Paul, shot and instantly killed himself in this city. Before he fired the shot which ended his own life he fired at and missed Miss Laura Dunbar of Montana, who was visiting in Hutchinson and to whom Lotz is said to have been engaged at one time.

ALL SAW THE CIRCUS

Nearly 6,000 People Witness the Afternoon Performance.

It Was the Best Attendance Campbell Bros. Have Had This Season.

The Fourth of July passed off very quietly in Thief River Falls. Of course there was the usual amount of noise, but there was no regular celebration.

Most everyone in town attended the circus of Campbell Bros., and on the afternoon of the Fourth the attendance was very close to 6,000 people, over 5,600 admission tickets being sold and the remaining number attending having "comps." The circus was a fairly good one and the management stated that it was the largest attendance they had at any performance this season. In the evening the attendance was not very large, less than a thousand people being present, and the performance was cut very short.

Not very many of the farmers from the surrounding country were in town, but a large number from the villages north and south of here on the Soo line were present and the hotels and restaurants did a rushing business. The largest crowd came from St. Hilaire, three extra coaches being attached to the regular Great Northern train, and they were all filled to overflow.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Bert Forder was up to Rollis today.

Joe Ryson is in the city from his Beltrami county claim.

Homer Mussey was down from Greenbush to spend the Fourth.

Editor Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer, was in the city last evening.

John Pederson returned to this city Tuesday evening from Prince Albert.

John A. Sorum was in the city from Sorum today and made this office a pleasant call.

Johnson & Jenkins were fined $25 and costs Tuesday for having their saloon open on Sunday.

Joseph Jerome, of Battle River, is in the city visiting old friends and attending to business matters.

Mrs. Norton arrived in the city this week from Lockport, Ill., to visit her daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton.

At a social session of the Antlers Club to be held this evening, Dr. and Mrs. Lanning will be tendered a farewell reception.

Miss Malone, stenographer at the Thief River Falls Lumber company's office, was down to Crookston to spend the Fourth.

The Fourth proved a very quiet one in Thief River Falls, not a single drunk being brought up before Judge Bishop this morning.

H. F. Schultz arrived here Tuesday from Iowa to spend a few days visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag. Mr. Schultz is an uncle of Mr. Hoag.

Mrs. Christenson, who had been in the city visiting her daughters, Miss Alice Christenson and Mrs. Huseth, returned to Fertile Tuesday.

E. L. Quist was down to Plummer to spend the Fourth. He reports that there was a very well attended celebration at that place and all had an excellent time.

Dr. Bowhouser arrived in the city this week from Iowa and will spend the summer here, being associated with his brother-in-law, Dr. Gambell, in the practice of medicine.

Harry Jones, who used to be a resident of Thief River Falls and was well known to all old timers here, was with Campbell Bros.' circus, having charge of some of the ring horses.

The Red Lake county summer school commenced session this morning at the high school building in this city. Prof. J. B. O'Brien and Prof. C. S. Yeager, of Fosston, are in charge and the attendance is quite large.

The railroads have made a fare of $6.35 from Thief River Falls to Minneapolis and return during the week of the state G. A. R. encampment in August. This is about the lowest rate ever made and most of the people here will take advantage of this low rate.

The German Lutheran church will celebrate the Mission Festival next Sunday, July 8, on the lots one block north of Jacob Jonas' place. Two sermons will be preached, one in the German language at 10:30 a. m., and one in the English language at 2 o'clock p. m. All are invited to attend. P. E. Ross.

Middle River Pioneer: We hear from several sources that there are a good many of King Edward's new subjects who would be glad to get back into Uncle Sam's family again. One man traded his claim for a plug of tobacco, and has come to Grygla and filed on a piece of swamp land. He thinks he cheated the man out of the tobacco.

MYSTERY IS CLEARED UP

So-Called Lindroth Murder at Warren Fathomed by a Detective.

Dead Man Had Made a Gun and Shot Himself to Death.

G. Cannahan, assistant superintendent of a Minneapolis detective agency, has exploded the verdict of murder returned by the coroner's jury in the case of Andrew Lindroth, who was found dead in a blacksmith shop at Warren about three weeks ago. All the suspects have been released by the authorities and the grand jury adjourned last week after returning a report of no bill. Lindroth became despondent over his debts and the fact that he could not stop drinking, and told several persons that he was not going to live long. Mr. Cannahan found a piece of gas pipe about five feet long, which gave evidence of having been fired off and it was taken to Minnesota's state chemist, who found therein traces of burnt powder.

The theory is that Lindroth took this pipe, plugged one end with putty, placed a fuse thru it and after loading it with powder and a large bullet held this improvised weapon to his breast and fired it.

This clears up the mystery which has caused no end of excitement in Warren. The county attorney and sheriff have been blamed and ridiculed, and proceedings threatened to secure their removal from office, because it was said they desired to shield a supposed guilty person.

The grand jury report exonerates everybody connected with the matter and satisfactorily settles the Warren murder mystery.

City Council.

At a meeting of the city council Tuesday night, the matter of the city purchasing the Ramstad and Moylan property for the purpose of a city park was talked over in an informal manner and the members of the council were all much in favor of the project. The city attorney was requested to look up the law regarding the matter and report at the next meeting. It was voted that the street committee be given power to erect a stand pipe and water trough at some convenient place.

A resolution was passed which provided that no more rebates for cement walks would be paid until May 1, 1907, as the city treasury is not over stocked with money.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Wold on the Fourth.

Harold Bush was up from Mahnomen the first of the week, en route to Rollis to visit his parents.

Some seventeen settlers are in the city today with their witnesses making final proof before U. S. Commissioner L. G. Browning. Special Agent Layman, of Duluth, who is supposed to be here and conduct an examination, did not make his appearence, he being detained by business in another part of the district.

Joe Duchamp, Henry Cooke and Dellos Douglas went down to Crookston last evening.

H. G. Dobner and Dr. Tupper went down to Crookston last evening and tomorrow will prove up on their claims.

Good Road Notes

State Engineer A. N. Johnson of Illinois is an advocate of the use of convict labor in highway improvement.

Cuyahoga county, O., claims the distinction of having more improved roads than any other county of the same area in the United States.

It is proposed at Quincy, Ill., to work the prisoners in the county jail on the highways instead of supporting them in idleness at public expense.

Washington State Good Roads association will urge the enforcement of the law for utilizing convict labor on the highways during the ensuing season.

The Oregon road commission is authorized to build a macadam road from Portland south to the California line. The use of convict labor is proposed for the work and will probably be adopted.

A proposition for building a boulevard from Baltimore to Washington is being agitated. The idea is for property owners and automobilists to contribute and for the state and national governments to supply the deficiency and do the work of construction.

The Manhattan Commercial club of Manhattan, Kan., in order to encourage improvement of roads leading into the city is offering prizes ranging from $5 to $50 for the best piece of road made with a drag. The judging of roads is to be made some time in April or May.

—Subscribe for the News.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

IN FAVOR OF MINNESOTA

Attorney General Moody Decides Swamp Land Case.

A Hundred Thousand Acres of Land in Forest Reserve Involved.

Washington, June 27.—The attorney general has decided in favor of the State of Minnesota in the case involving 100,000 acres of swamp land embraced in the forest reserve on Indian lands created by the Morris act. The matter came up on a question raised by Chief Forester Pinchot of the federal service, who objected to the approval of selections in the reserve made by the state authorities under the swamp land grant.

The selections were filed several months ago. Chief Forester Pinchot held that the swamp land act was repealed by the Morris law so far as the lands in controversy were concerned, and the attorney general was therefore requested by the secretary of the interior to render an opinion upon this point.

Under the decision of Mr. Moody the state selections will be approved. The present practice of accepting the field notes of survey as a basis of selection will be followed by the interior department.

THREE DIE IN MINNESOTA MINE.

Blast Loosens Material Which Blocks Escape.

Duluth, June 27.—Three miners lost their lives in the Monroe mine. They were working in a drift when a blast brought down a mass of material, which shut them off from escape. The death of the men was due to noxious gases. Their names were Stephen Williams, aged fifty-five; Harry Orrebo, aged thirty-five, and Joe Visitine, aged forty years. The first two were Englishmen and the latter an Austrian.

Minnesota Drainage League.

Wadena, Minn., June 28.—The second annual convention of the Minnesota Drainage league has concluded its business. The attendance was small. Speeches were made by State Auditor Iverson, Engineer Ralph, W. E. Fellows, state engineer of North Dakota, and others. The following officers were elected: President, C. H. Warner, Aitkin; first vice president, John Abercrombie, Alexander; second vice president, Leslie Walther, Moorhead; secretary, J. S. Goll, Grand Rapids; treasurer, H. V. Eva, Duluth.

Man Scalded to Death.

St. Paul, June 27.—Arthur McClellan, 1103 South Robert street, fell into a vat of hot water at the Swift company's packing plant at South St. Paul and died a few hours later at the city hospital. His entire body, from his neck to his feet, was scalded. His injuries were pronounced fatal at the time of the accident.

SOME PECULIAR PIES.

A Dwarf Was Served Up In One For Charles I.

One of the most curious pies ever prepared was that which the Duke of Buckingham placed before Charles I. and his queen when they visited him at Burleigh-on-the-Hill. On that occasion Jeffery Hudson, the dwarf, who was so enraged by a gentleman whom he had challenged to a duel appearing on the field armed with a syringe, was served up in a cold pie.

Pies were always a strong point of mayoralty banquets, and the recipe of a city of London pie has been handed down to posterity from the sixteenth century. The recipe runs as follows:

"Take eight marrow bones, eighteen sparrows, a pound potatoes, one-quarter pound eringoes, two ounces lettuce stalks, forty chestnuts, one-half pound dates, a peck of oysters, one-quarter pound preserved citron, three artichokes, twelve eggs, two sliced lemons, a handful of pickled barberries, one-quarter ounce whole pepper, one-half ounce sliced nutmeg, one-half ounce whole cinnamon, one-quarter ounce whole clove, one-half ounce mace and one-quarter pound currants. Liquor, when it is baked, with white wine, butter and sugar."

It looks very much as if the catalogue of ingredients of this wonderful pie had only been concluded through the inventor forgetting any other articles of diet that he could put in.

Rich as the last mentioned pie sounds, it was not so rich as the simple bran pie that an eccentric old gentleman placed before his tenants at the annual luncheon he gave them, for, besides the homely bran, golden coins of the realm were included in the concoction, which made it peculiarly savory.

Late in the eighteenth century the Newcastle Chronicle had the following item of news:

"Monday last was brought from Howick to Berwick to be shipped for London for Sir Henry Grey, Bart., a pie, the contents whereof are as follows, viz: Two bushels of flour, 20 pounds of butter, 4 geese, 2 turkeys, 2 rabbits, 4 wild ducks, 2 woodcocks, 6 snipe and 4 partridges, 2 neats' tongues, 2 curlews, 7 blackbirds and 6 pigeons; it is near 9 feet in circumference at bottom, weighs about 12 stone, will take 2 men to carry it to table. It is neatly fitted with a case and 4 small wheels to facilitate its use to every guest that inclines to partake of its contents at table."—London Tit-Bits.

PLAN UNION EXPOSITION

Achievements of Labor to Be Celebrated, Probably in November.

Minneapolis Tentatively Selected as the Place for Novel Exposition.

Chicago, June 25.—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor has sent representatives to Chicago to arrange for a "union exposition." The object of the fair is to celebrate the achievements of organized labor throughout the world and especially in the United States.

Minneapolis tentatively has been selected as the place for holding this novel exposition and it is probable it will take place next November, at the same time the convention of the national labor body is in progress in that city.

Max Morris, fourth vice president of the American Federation of Labor, who is in charge of the preliminary plans, explained that the exploitation of union labor never has been attempted on such a scale as President Gompers has in mind. The aim of Mr Gompers, he said, is to bring together the products of union workingmen in every branch of industry to illustrate the superiority which is claimed for this class of goods and also to demonstrate the growth of the union labor movement in the United States since its inception sixty years ago.

HEAT CLAIMS THREE VICTIMS.

One Dead and Two Overcome at St. Paul.

St. Paul, June 29.—Thursday was the warmest June day in St. Paul recorded in two years, the mercury reaching 88 degrees. The humidity was high and the suffering was great. During the day there were three heat prostrations. One of the victims is dead and another probably will die. Arthur Smith at noon fell from a ladder while he was painting a city railway iron post at Seventh and Frank streets and died almost instantly.

Charles Lindquist, 899 Woodbridge street, was overcome by heat and fell from a ladder at 1032 Lincoln avenue yesterday morning. It is thought that his spine is fractured. He also is badly bruised about the body.

Katrina Schran, nine years old and living with her parents at 282 East Prescott street, fell unconscious from the heat at South Robert and Congress street. She will recover.

AGAINST THE SALE OF FLOUR.

Governor Johnson of Minnesota Protests to Mayor Schmitz.

San Francisco, June 30.—Mayor Schmitz has received a telegram from Governor Johnson of Minnesota protesting against the sale of flour. The mayor as yet has taken no action. It is claimed by the relief committee and by General Greely that the donations of flour are in excess of all possible needs and it was deemed best to dispose of it rather than pay storage on thousands of barrels, especially as storage facilities are limited. Seven hundred and fifty thousand pounds were reserved, which, it is estimated, will be sufficient for the needs of the sufferers for six months. On the other hand it is also claimed that many people desire the flour distributed as was intended by the donors and that applications for it have been granted.

TWO PERSONS WOUNDED.

Demented Man Empties Revolver in Diningroom.

Pipestone, Minn., June 30.—A. C. Hart, formerly an employe at the government Indian school here, entered the diningroom of the institution and emptied a five-chambered 32-calibre revolver at various persons present.

One shot was aimed at J. B. Felt, another at Superintendent W. [illegible] Campbell, the third and fourth at Clerk T. C. Smith and the last one at Engineer Edsall. The would-be murderer was then overpowered.

No one was killed, but Campbell [illegible] Peck and Superintendent Campbell were injured, the former sustaining a severe wound in his right hand. Hart is said to be demented and to have entertained against other white employes a spirit of revenge for his recent discharge from the service.

The Red Howling Monkey.

The red howler (Mycetes seniculus) is a rare monkey of the forests of tropical America. It is an extremely delicate animal and is chiefly remarkable for the extraordinary noises it makes. The cries it utters comprise almost any sound from a subdued moan to an angry roar, and it is hardly conceivable that they should proceed from a single animal. This is the animal called red monkey by Waterton in his "Wanderings in South America," where an admirable description of its weird cries may be read. These sounds are produced in a bony cavity formed by an enlargement of the hyoid, or tongue bone. In appearance the red howler is an elegant little creature, well clothed with hair of a reddish brown color. Like the spider monkeys, it is provided with a long, prehensile tail, the under surface of which is naked toward the tip, but it differs from those monkeys in having well developed thumbs.—Westminster Gazette.

A Valuable Second

(Original.)

My friend Dawes was as gentle a being as I ever knew. One day he surprised me by making reference to a duel he had once fought in the south.

"You?" I exclaimed. "Do you mean to tell me that you have fought a duel?"

"Once."

"I thought you were opposed to dueling."

"I am. It happened this way: When a young man I lived in Ohio, a state, as you know, which then bordered on slave states. A gentleman from Kentucky, Chester Gay, came across the Ohio river and persuaded me to embark some capital with him in raising blooded stock in the blue grass region. I was pleased with the idea of an open air occupation—I was not in very good health—and accepted his offer. He was twenty years my senior and in every way a fine man. But he was modest and never told me what I learned in time—that he was very nervy. He was afterward killed leading a Confederate regiment at the battle of Shiloh.

"We had stocked our farm and everything was running smoothly when Abraham Lincoln was elected president. The announcement was a signal for an opening of those secession guns that boomed sharply and successively for some months. Gay was opposed to secession, and I would have had no trouble had it not been for a red mouthed man, one of the numerous 'colonels' of the south, called Plummer, who, knowing that I was a northern man, perfectly satisfied with the existing national status, made it his business to drive me out of the state. I learned afterward that he wished to marry a girl I had met and to whom I was becoming much attached. He was a good deal of a gambler, as some of the F. F. K.'s were in those days, and a noted duelist—that is, he had been 'out' a number of times—and was a dead shot.

"I kept my mouth closed as to politics, but that did not save me. One evening in the office room of a hotel Colonel Plummer approached me and fired a number of insulting remarks that called for resentment. I paid no attention to him, for I saw his intention to force me into a fight, but went immediately to Mr. Gay for advice in the matter. He sat thinking for a few minutes, then said quietly:

"'You're one the horns of a dilemma. One horn is that you must give up your interest in our stock farm and this love affair of yours, for you would not be justified in marrying a girl with your reputation smirched as it would be among her associates and her family unless you resent a public insult. The other horn is to challenge Plummer. My advice is for you to challenge him. After that you can leave the state, if you like, with an unsullied reputation.'

"'That is, if I leave it at all. Besides, I am bitterly opposed to dueling.'

"'Oh, I don't think there will be much danger.'

"There was an unfathomable expression on my friend's face. I questioned him further, but could get no satisfactory explanation of his meaning. His wish that I should fight and the belief that a failure to do so would cost me the girl I desired to make my wife decided me. Besides, I didn't like such treatment and was seized with the desire to bore a hole in Plummer. I had never 'been out,' but I was no mean shot with either rifle or pistol. I sent Plummer a challenge through Gay.

"A meeting was arranged to take place in the early morning at a secluded spot on the Kentucky river. I arrived with my friend before the opposing party and I confess felt much depressed, but when the others appeared the sight of my enemy and the remembrance of his abusive language of the night before made me hot. I forgot both my prejudices and the chances of being killed. It had been arranged that we were to fight with Derringers at forty paces and continue till the principals were both satisfied. We took our positions, the seconds withdrawing a little distance and loading the weapons. As soon as they had done this Gay approached me and handed mine to me, while Plummer's second did the same for him.

"It was an unpleasant half minute while I stood there looking at the muzzle of a pistol in the hand of a dead shot. Gay gave the signal, and we fired almost together. I was so certain that I had been hit that I imagined I felt warm blood trickling from my breast. But I stood stock still. There was a most surprised expression on my enemy's face. He had aimed at the center of my body, and yet I was unharmed. He called for another shot. His second tried to dissuade him, but failed, and the pistols were reloaded.

"The next time Plummer fired a second or two after me, and I knew he was taking a deliberate aim. Nevertheless neither of us was touched. This time the look on the colonel's face was more than surprise; it was astonishment. He threw down his weapon and exclaimed:

"'By Geo'ge, gentlemen, I'll neve' fi'e a pistol again. My eyesight must have gone back of me. I've been out a dozen times and neve' missed my man befo'.'

"The affair was ended, and I was mystified. I had not the confidence in my aim that the colonel had in his, but I had expected at least to wing my enemy. As Gay and I drove away together he said to me, 'I told you there wouldn't be much danger.'

"'But how did you know?' I asked.

"He whispered his reply in my ear so that the driver should not hear: 'I told his second that if the pistols were not loaded with blank cartridges he'd have to settle with me. He didn't put in any lead.'"

BRUCE PARKER.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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The place to get neat clothes is where they have them. So before buying, call and look our line over. We guarantee satisfaction at

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Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THIS SECTION IS FAVORED

Crop Prospects Around Here Never Looked Better Than Now.

In Most Sections of the State Too Much Rain Has Done Damage.

Traveling men and others who are about the state considerable say that, with the exception of the northwest corner of Minnesota, the havy rains this spring have resulted in doing much damage to the crops and everything is flooded out. The section that is favored extends as far south as St. Hilaire and northward to the Canadian boundary line. Around Thief River Falls the crops never looked so fine and many are of the opinion that the crop this year will be better than the crop of 1895, when 40 bushels of wheat to the acre was raised by many farmers. That year the price of wheat was down to 40 cents, so that the farmers did not realize so very much for their large crop, but this year the prices will undoubtedly be good, as the crop is a failure in most parts of this state and North Dakota. Along the new Soo line from this city to Kenmare, N. D., the wheat crop is looking very fine and the Soo officials are now making preparations for a number of new cars to remove this large crop.

Chicken Crop Is Good.

C. W. Nelson, the well known blacksmith and ferryman at Kratka, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week attending to business matters. He stated to the News that the crops on the reservation are looking decidedly fine and that donditions had been just right thus far. The reservation is also raising another fine crop, according to Mr. Nelson, and that is the prairie chicken crop. A large number can be seen these days and when they get ripe in September they will draw a large number of city people to that vicinity, all of whom will be only too glad to assist the farmers harvest this crop and will work without pay.

FLIES ARE THICK.

Are Driving the Deer Into Villages and Lakes.

The large nagging "diptera," fierce deer flies, and swarms of horse flies are worrying the antlered denizens of the northern forests to such an extent that they are wandering without fear through the streets of nearly every village in the northeastern part of the state. Travel through the wooded country is almost impossible because of the insects, and cattle and horses placed in pasture are driven almost frantic by their attacks.

Moose and deer may be seen in all the lakes, swimming and splashing about in an endeavor to escape from the little winged pests.

The season for deer flies is supposed to be of short duration. This year there seem to be two species of them, both possessing the same general characteristics, but one being larger and of different color than the other. The larger specimens are in the thick pine woods. They are said to be thickest and fiercest along the Miller trunk road. On the highlands along the range the flies are of the smaller variety, but they bother animals extremely. Homesteaders report that owing to the pest they are only able to use their horses early in the morning and at night.

GERMANTOWN.

The weather has been just right for the grain lately and it looks fairly well at this time.

Knut Rogness made a trip to Thief River Falls last Monday.

The auction sale at Anton Kolske's last Saturday was well attended and the goods sold at a fair price.

Miss O'Reily closed a second term of school last Friday.

Miss Lena Hoppe, from Sandridge, is visiting with Emil Ristau.

Miss Kristina Clausen is home to spend the glorious Fourth with us.

Mrs. John Olson arrived home last Tuesday from a visit with her parents at Grafton, N. D.

Charley Erickson was in from Esplee the other day and bought a yoke of oxen from Henry Longevan.

Mr. Erickson had the misfortune of loosing three horses. They were affected with glanders and the state veterinary was up there and shot them last week.

Steve Goll and Anton Kolske, with families, left last Monday for Illinois. John Ristau took them down to Thief River Falls.

Thomas Bednarik has made application to prove up on his claim before U. S. Commissioner Browning.

The boys have been busy fixing up the base ball ground lately and it will now compare favorably with any one in the state.

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CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE — FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

BIG FIRE UP AT ROSEAU

Total Losses Estimated at $25,000 and Insurance Not Given.

Fire Bug May Have Started the Blaze Which Threatened the Town.

Greenbush, Minn., June 30.—Fire, which started at midnight in the oilroom of Sjoberg Brothers' big store at Roseau, caused a loss of $25,000 and the destruction of some of the finest business houses in the county. Shortly before the alarm was turned in, a man was seen loitering around the rear end of the store, but before anyone could discover his identity he had made good his escape.

Over Sjoberg Brothers' store was the M. W. A. hall, and all of the Woodmen paraphernalia was destroyed. A strong wind was blowing and the fire was carried across the street to Lindberg's store, which was badly damaged. The fire also worked down the street against the wind, and the Pearson drug store building was destroyed. The rear end of the building was used as the postoffice, but most of the mail and office furniture was removed. The drug stock was nearly all taken out, but there will be a loss caused by breakage.

Sparks were carried from the fire a block and the large barn at the rear of Holdahl's store caught fire and burned.

The Sjoberg store was in the T. H. Durgin building and was the largest store in Roseau county. The Sjobergs had been contemplating the erection of a big concrete building, and will commence it at once. The losses are as follows: Woodmen, $400; T. H. Durgin, $3,500; Lindberg & Co., $2,500; S. T. Holdahl, $1,000; Sjoberg lumber yard, $5,000; Sjoberg Brothers, $15,000.

For a time it was feared the whole town was doomed, but the prompt work of the firemen saved the near by buildings. Sjorberg Brothers own large stores in various towns in northern Minnesota, and, though this loss is a serious one, it will not materially affect them. The insurance in each case was light.

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A BARREL OF TROUBLE

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plummers can be found at our address.

We Don't Care

to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good honest effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

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The News, $1 Per Year.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 5, 1906.

The Argyle Banner puts it this way: Extend the primary election law to state officers, and the jumping band-wagon delegate will be out of a job.

Walker Pilot: Fifty per cent of the deaths in this country are the direct result of impure foods. And yet congress juggles with the pure food bill. Does that body represent the people or not?

Kansas farmers are reported to be going to the jails and paying fines of prisoners to get them to work in the harvest fields, owing to the shortage of harvest help in the face of a big crop.

Bemidji Pioneer: Between the kickers who yawn every time they think of congress being still in session and those who holler every time an adjournment is mentioned, what are the poor legislators to do?

> Then followed a legal battle, an exact report of which is unessential to the story by reason of its technique.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

It seems that the exact report of the matter was so essential that even the down-river papers felt ashamed to publish it.

According to the Courier, the Red Lake Falls attorneys claim to have won a legal point in the county seat case, and wishes to inform this paper of that fact. The statement made in this paper some weeks ago to the effect that the Red Lake Falls attorneys had not won or would not win a single legal point in the county seat case still holds good.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The primary law gives every man the right to express his preference for candidates, and his vote counts just one, whether he lives in the Eighth ward of Minneapolis or in the backwoods of Morrison county. It is the law which recognizes the rights of the individual, and is founded on the declaration of independence, which proclaims the equality of man. The farmers are just as patriotic as the dwellers in cities—and as a general rule are better informed on political matters of current interest.

> Attorneys F. A. Grady and Chas. E. Boughton, Auditor Ford and J. A. Duffy went to Crookston Saturday to defend against a motion by the Thief River Falls attorneys to dissolve the temporary injunction granted by Court Commissioner A. P. Toupin, restraining Auditor Ford from calling an election to vote on the county seat removal.

The above was taken from the Red Lake Falls Gazette and stated the matter correctly. Had Auditor Ford, however, done his sworn duty, he would not have been going down to Crookston to defend the injunction restraining him from acting.

During the past weeks there has been considerable discussion of county politics in Thief River Falls, and the unanimous opinion of all the people here seems to be that the citizens of Thief River Falls should vote as a unit this year for county officials who will stand for a square deal, regardless of what office they are running for, from auditor to coroner. This thing of electing officials that will do as John Duffy dictates, just because they are good fellows, has about played out. The citizens of Thief River Falls will not ask these officials to take any part in the county seat fight—all that they ask is that they do their sworn duty as public officials and represent neither the people of Red Lake Falls or Thief River Falls, but the people of Red Lake county. The label of Democrat or Republican will cut absolutely no figure and only men who are deserving, honest and upright will be endorsed. The citizens of Thief River Falls believe that the large majority of the people of Red Lake county stand for honest and upright public officials and that when the issues are properly presented to the voters of Red Lake county, there will be some new faces in the court house.

State Development.

Minnesota has moved with great rapidity, in the past year or so, along the line of developing her latent resources. So far the work has been principally educational, but so much of it has been done, and so widespread an interest in it has been aroused, that when the legislature meets next January, it is likely that its membership will be pretty thoroughly posted on the needs and possibilities of the state.

The credit for awakening the proper public sentiment on this vitally important subject belongs to the newspapers of the state, and in this work the country press has played a leading part. The country newspapers of northern Minnesota have almost without exception displayed a wideawake realization of their duty, and have talked drainage, good roads and immigration until there is no excuse for anybody's not knowing all about them.

With the continued assistance of the newspapers, much of the work is now being done by organizations formed for that purpose. There is a state drainage league, which has just held its annual meeting and elected a set of officers who will carry on the work aggressively. There are many county good roads associations, with a state organization that is affiliated with them. Similar county associations will be formed in every county of the state, and they can not fail to be a power in impelling the legislature to proper action at its next session.

Both parties will join actively in the work. The Republican state convention has already adopted a platform containing strong state development planks, and when the Democratic convention meets in September, it will do likewise. All parties will unite in this important work, and if the proper material is selected by the people for the next legislature, the state should make a new start dating from the session of the legislature next winter.

A larger expenditure of state funds in such splendid investments as drainage of state swamp lands, construction of good roads, and advertising the vacant lands of the state abroad, is confidently expected. The size and character of this expenditure depends largely upon the extent of public interest in development work. The legislature comes from the people, and it can not fail to heed any wish of the people that is expressed with unmistakable emphasis.

Make your candidates for the legislature, in all parts of the state, tell what they are going to do about state development. Only those who are properly disposed toward this work, and who are competent to carry it on, should be selected.

And in the meantime, join the drainage league and the good roads associations, and keep the agitation alive.—Duluth Herald.

Consult Together.

The merchants of an Iowa town recently offered a handsome prize to the person writing the best short essay on the subject: "How to Promote Home Patronage," and the following, which, by the way, was awarded the prize, contains some very sound advice to merchants in general:

"Be honest, earnest and accommodating. The most powerful factor in business is the personal element, and right there is where the home merchant has the advantage of the mail-order man. The farmer knows his home merchant; knows him to be honest, straightforward and obliging. If he can get anywhere near as good prices at home, he will not send away. Let the farmer know you have his interest at heart and would not knowingly sell him anything of poor quality. Educate him to the use of best qualities and show him the difference in the grades. Made it an open deal all the way straight and above board. The farmer does not object to a fair profit, but the mail-order men have constantly impressed on his mind that the home merchant is a robber and a villain, till sometimes the farmer almost believes it.

"If he talks of sending away, say, 'All right. I will take the order on the same terms. Pay me the money in advance and give me two weeks' time to send to the factory for it, pay the freight, and shut your eyes and take what comes.' He will open his eyes and say he couldn't think of dealing that way. But that is just the way when he sends off.

"Make your advertisements in the home papers plain, straightforward talk along these lines. Talk it over with the farmer in a frank and pleasant way. This personal element and the man to man friendship is the basic element of business and especially of the home patronage. Cultivate it."

Always Order

when you want the best beer

Hamm's

the beer with a flavor

New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

McCALL PATTERNS 10 15 NONE HIGHER
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50 A YEAR INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.

McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.

Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums or liberal cash commission. Pattern Catalogue (of 600 designs) and Premium Catalogue (showing 400 premiums) sent free. Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

Traveling at a mad pace over the London and Southwestern railway the American line express, carrying forty-three of the steamer New York's passengers from Plymouth to London, plunged from the track just after passing Salisbury, Eng., and mangled to death in its wreckage twenty-three passengers, who sailed from New York on June 23, and four of the trainmen. Besides those to whom death came speedily a dozen persons were injured, some seriously.

Violent earth shocks were experienced throughout South Wales Wednesday. Houses rocked and many of the cheaper ones were damaged. Hundreds of chimneys fell, pictures were shaken from walls and occupants of dwellings were thrown to the ground. Though there were many narrow escapes from falling chimneys and copings there were no casualties so far as known.

Another mutiny has broken out among the Turkish army reserves serving in Yemen province, Turkish Arabia. Sixteen battalions demanded that they be repatriated and the commander-in-chief, Marshal Feizi Pasha, ordered the forts to open fire on the mutineers, who surrendered after a few hundred of them had been killed.

The Colombian government has in contemplation a project for an interoceanic sea level canal through Darien route. According to the private advices which bring this information Colombia has been assured of the co-operation of various sister republics of Latin America.

Right Hon. Charles Owen O'Connor Don, known as "the O'Connor Don," lord lieutenant of County Roscommon and for twenty years member of parliament (Liberal), for Roscommon, is dead. He was born in 1838.

The Japanese steamers Hinode and Nachiyei collided near Sasebo, Japan, and twenty-seven members of the crews are missing. The Hinode was sunk and the Nachiyei was slightly damaged.

Six hundred natives were killed in a severe engagement with British troops near Noodsberg, Natal.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The first session of the Fifty-ninth congress adjourned Saturday. It has been a strenuous session from start to finish. The measure which caused the greatest debate was the railroad rate bill. Begun with the session its consideration continued throughout. The pure food enactment and the meat inspection provision are also important changes in the federal attitude towards both the producer and consumer of the country. The appropriations aggregate nearly $900,000,000, a new high record.

The senate finally agreed to the conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill, accepting the house provision providing for meat inspection and placing the cost on the government instead of on the packers.

Intervention of friends prevented what promised to be a serious personal encounter between Representatives George N. Southwick of New York and Charles L. Bartlett of Georgia on the floor of the house.

The senate in executive session confirmed the nomination of Franklin Lane of California to be a member of the interstate commerce commission to succeed former Governor Joseph W. Fifer of Illinois.

The railroad rate bill as finally passed does not include pipe lines in the list of "common carriers," thus permitting oil producers to transport their own product.

The senate foreign relations committee has decided to postpone action on the Santo Domingo and Moroccan treaties until the next session of congress.

The house has accepted the senate bill providing for a lock type of canal on the isthmus of Panama.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Attorney General Moody has directed that suits be brought against a large number of railroad companies to recover penalties for violation of the safety appliance law through failure to keep their equipment in proper condition. The largest number of violations attributed to any railroad is fifty-two against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad company.

Because of the failure of the senate to confirm the isthmian canal commission President Roosevelt has named a new commission consisting of Theodore P. Shonts, chairman; John F. Stevens; Governor Charles E. Magoon; Brigadier General Peter C. Hains, U. S. A., retired; Mordecai Endicott, civil engineer, U. S. N., and Benjamin M. Harrod.

President Roosevelt has approved the joint resolution of congress expressing the horror of the people of the United States as the result of the reports of the massacre of Hebrews in Russia and expressing sympathy with those bereaved.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has issued a statement declaring that American live stock is the healthiest in the world and with the new inspection law in force people at home and abroad may use our meats in confidence.

Secretary Shaw has offered to the public $[illegible] of bonds of the Panama canal loan authorized by the recent act of congress. The bonds will bear interest at the rate of 2 per cent.

Colombia desires to renew friendly relations with the United States and has named Enrique Cortez as minister at Washington.

1906			JULY			1906
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Rafalo Marsicano went to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Witho, at West Hazelton, Pa., and shot her in the head. The woman's husband seized Marsicano and, securing the latter's revolver, instantly killed him. The daughter will recover. The daughter's elopement with Witho was the cause of the tragedy.

In the presence of the assembled wedding guests at the home of his intended bride at Comfort, Tex., Joseph Reinhardt, the man who was to have been married to her, shot and instantly killed Miss Ernestine Kutzer and then shot himself with probably fatal results.

A negro who committed a criminal assault upon the sixteen-year-old daughter of Ira Robertson near Womack, I. T., was captured later and after being taken back to the scene of his crime was hanged and burned near the spot where he committed the deed.

In an attempt to exterminate his family Charles Brewer of Lucedale, Miss., shot and killed his wife and his mother-in-law, wounded his wife's grandmother and his infant child and then shot and killed himself.

A man unknown to the police, in endeavoring to escape arrest at Springfield, Ill., killed Benjamin Lederle, wounded Police Sergeant Fehr probably fatally, stole a horse and buggy and escaped.

At Buffalo, N. Y., Fred Haas of Cleveland shot and instantly killed his wife, Maud Haas, probably fatally wounded Mrs. Ida McElroy and then shot himself through the head, dying a few minutes later.

Following closely upon the sensational shooting of Stanford White by Harry K. Thaw in New York city comes the disclosure of a $60,000 jewelry robbery from the Thaw home in Pittsburg.

Harry K. Thaw entered a formal plea of not guilty to the charge of murdering Stanford White when arraigned on the charge of murder in the court of general sessions in New York city.

Investigation by the authorities of the miners' riot at Bradley, O., shows that one man is dead, two are fatally injured, while seven others are seriously wounded as a result of the encounter.

Warrants charging conspiracy have been issued at Philadelphia for the arrest of thirteen ice dealers who are accused of entering into a combination to maintain exorbitant prices.

Five meat dealers have been arrested at Indianapolis on complaint of the state health authorities charged with selling meats containing preservatives.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Two persons were killed and several others were injured at Aurora, Ill., when a mammoth tent of the Ringling Bros.' circus was blown down during a severe wind and thunder storm. A panic followed, in which scores narrowly escaped being trampled to death.

Titzewah, Okla., was practically demolished by a tornado. Nearly every building in the place was torn from its foundations and in most instances carried a considerable distance. No one was seriously hurt, due to the fact that all took refuge in cyclone caves.

Frank E. Stoneman, president of the North American Lead company and identified with numerous other business interests, was killed in an automobile accident near Columbus, O.

Four persons, two of them a bride and bridegroom of a day, were killed at Gwynedd, Pa., by an excursion train which ran down their carriage at the station.

Mrs. James Tanner, wife of the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was killed in an automobile accident at Helena, Mont.

Three accidents, resulting in a total of nine deaths, occurred Friday at different points on the Mesaba range, in Northern Minnesota.

Leonard Boat, his wife and six children were drowned while attempting to ford the Animas river near Cedar Hill, N. M.

Four men were killed by a runaway train at the Fayal mine at Eveleth, Minn.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Thomas E. Waggaman of Washington, former treasurer of the Catholic university, who failed for over $4,000,000 about a year ago, is dead at a farmhouse near Annapolis, Md. He was sixty nine years of age.

George Knox, who broke his neck and fractured his skull forty six years ago, is dead at his home in New York city, aged ninety-one years.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dunbar is dead at Grand Haven, Mich., aged 109. She was born in County Antrim, Ireland.

Alexander Muir, author of Canada's national hymn, "The Maple Leaf," died suddenly at Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Circuit Attorney Sager, acting for the state of Missouri, has instituted quo warranto proceedings in the circuit court against the Cella Commission company of St. Louis to oust that company and all its franchises and privileges from the state of Missouri and asking that all its privileges be declared forfeited and that its property be forfeited to the state.

Backed by unlimited capital and supported by many of the most prominent financiers of the country another trust has been planted on American soil, known as the American Farm Products company and established for the purpose of taking absolute control of all dairy products, chickens and eggs. Headquarters are located in New York city.

In the hearing of the Dowie case before Judge Landis in the federal court at Chicago E. E. Harwood, teller in the Zion City bank, testified that books of the bank show that Dowie's account in the bank is overdrawn to the amount of $481,337.

The battleship New Hampshire was launched Saturday at the yard of the New York Shipbuilding company at Camden, N. J. Miss Hazel E. McLane, daughter of Governor McLane of New Hampshire, christened the battleship.

The Ohio supreme court has handed down decisions knocking out the laws under which the tax inquisitors have been appointed in the various counties in Ohio.

Harvard defeated Yale in the big eight-oared race at New London, Conn. Yale won the freshmen four-oared and 'varsity four-oared contests.

That the Panama canal will be completed in eight years from the present time is the belief of Chairman Shonts of the canal commission.

President Roosevelt has gone to Oyster Bay for the summer.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

A majority of the members of the Russian cabinet, realizing that unless the government fights the cabinet must fall, are earnestly advising the emperor to take the bull by the horns and dissolve parliament. They have submitted a memorandum to the emperor advising him to take this course on the ground that parliament has ceased to be a legislative body and is simply the center of revolutionary agitation and urging that immediate action is necessary.

The session of the Russian lower house of parliament Tuesday was openly devoted to the revolutionists' propaganda for undermining the loyalty of the troops. A score of speeches couched in ardent revolutionary tone were delivered with the direct object of their dissemination among the soldiers.

The recent rumors to the effect that the terrorists were organizing a general slaughter of police at Warsaw were partially corroborated Monday when two policemen were shot dead and three were mortally wounded simultaneously in various parts of that city.

LABOR NEWS.

The strikes which have retarded building operations in St. Louis for the last three months and resulted in 6,000 men being out of work have been declared off by the building trades council.

Fifteen hundred plumbers are on strike in New York city for an increase of wages.

POLITICAL NEWS.

William Jennings Bryan was strongly endorsed as the standard bearer of the Democratic party in the campaign of 1908 by the Wisconsin Democratic state convention.

Pennsylvania Democrats have endorsed Lewis Emery, Jr., the Lincoln party nominee, for governor of that state.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 2.—Wheat—July, 80¼c; Sept., 80⅝c; Dec., 80⅛@80¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 83c; No. 1 Northern, 82c; No. 2 Northern, 80¼c; No. 3 Northern, 78½@80c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 2.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 81¼c; No. 2 Northern, 80c; July, 81¼c; Sept., 80¾c; Dec., 79¼c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.14½; Sept., $1.14⅝; Oct., $1.13½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $4.00@6.00. Hogs—$6.20@6.55. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.75; spring lambs, $6.75@7.75.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.30; Texans, $3.50@4.30; calves, $4.75@6.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.42@6.62; good heavy, $6.70@6.85; rough heavy, $6.35@6.55; light, $6.45@6.82½; pigs, $5.75@6.60. Sheep, $4.60@6.10; lambs, $5.50@7.15.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 2.—Wheat—July, 79¾c; Sept., 80⅛@80¼c. Corn—July, 51⅝c; Sept., 51¼c. Oats—July, 38⅛c; Sept., 35⅝c. Pork—July, $17.12½; Sept., $16.92. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.12½; Southwestern, $1.[illegible]; Sept., $1.14. Butter—Creameries, 15@20c; dairies, 14½@18c. Eggs—12@15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 10½c; springs, 13@16c.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

Every Photograph Guaranteed to Be Perfect

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	70c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.02
Butter	13c
Eggs	13c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

W. A. Murphy was up to Winnipeg last week.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Ole Torrison was over to Fisher to spend Sunday.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

John Olson was in from Germantown the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan Monday.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Auchenback Sunday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city to spend Sunday.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

Mrs. Frank Bourque left Monday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting relatives.

For Sale—A 16-horse power threshing outfit, cheap. For information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

Owing to the Fourth coming on Wednesday, the News will reach its county subscribers one day later than usual this week.

W. S. Day wife left Friday evening for Devils Lake, N. D., for the purpose of renting a home. They will soon remove to that place.

Olaf Ramstad returned Saturday evening from from a three weeks' business trip spent in North Dakota, where he had been looking after some collections.

Mrs. H. Bishoff and Miss Josephine Bourque returned to this city last Saturday, having each finished a successful term of school at Manor and Jevne, respectively.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

A game of ball was played Sunday afternoon in this city between a nine from Middle River and the local club. Our boys won an easy victory, defeating the visitors by a score of 9 to 1.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

D. P. O'Neil returned to this city Monday from Norman county, where he spent a few days looking after his farming interests. He reports that everything down there is flooded quite badly and the prospects for a crop are not of the best.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

W. J. McGinty was up to Greenbush Monday.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

C. A. Hitchcock, of Crookston, spent Sunday in the city.

—For Sale—My residence on the East Side. W. S. Day.

Andrew Stenseth transacted business at Minneapolis last week.

C. L. Dobner was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

George Wilson and Miss Wilson left last Friday for Reynolds, N. D.

Harry Sanders, an old time Thief River Falls boy, was down from Roseau to spend Sunday.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson, who had spent several days here visiting friends, returned to Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

C. W. Stewart, operator at the Great Northern depot, left last Saturday for his old home at Red Wing to spend a week.

Miss Mary Vesey arrived here Monday from Idaho to spend a couple of months visiting her parents. She likes Idaho very much.

Rev. I. T. Aastad returned to this city last week from Pelican Rapids, where he had been attending the Norwegian Lutheran Synod.

Emry Rolph, who is taking a law course at the state university, arrived here the first of the week to spend several days here visiting his father, F. A. Rolph.

Jacob Anderson, one of the settlers up near Jelle who is doing his full share to develop this section of the state, was in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters.

W. B. Chesire, cashier of the First State Bank of Brooks, and W. S. Pennington, the merchant prince at that hustling little town on the Soo, were in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters.

W. A. Kratka has received a photograph of a large sea bass which was caught by his son, Will, in the Pacific ocean near Los Angeles. The bass weighted 210 pounds and was caught with an ordinary pole and line.

Martin & Roark, of this city, have taken out a saloon license in the village of Kelliher and will conduct two saloons in the future. Mr. Roark will look after the business at Kelliher and Mr. Martin will conduct the business in this city.

George Monroe, the painter, is at the hospital these days. Last Saturday while at work painting, he fell from the roof of Oen & Granum's warehouse and sustained a broken leg. He is now getting along nicely and his friends hope to see him out in a few weeks.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

An exchange says: A young man started in the livery business a few weeks ago, and the first thing he did was to have a sign painted, representing himself holding a mule by the bridle. He was particularly proud of this stroke of business enterprise, and straight asks of his wife: "Is it not a perfect likeness of me?" "Yes," she replied, "it is a perfect picture of you; but who is the fellow holding the bridle?"

There is no reasonable excuse for any man to live in a town if he does not like it. If you have no word of commendation to say for your town, its institutions or people, emigrate—hike, hit the grit, vamoose. You won't stop the clock by going away. The church bells will have the same musical ring, the little dogs will play just as well and the pure air, bright sunshine and fragrant foliage will have the same health giving properties. Speak a good word for your town and your neighbor, if you can; if you cannot, keep still. If you have become thoroughly disgruntled, move away, go somewhere where things will suit you. Some more desirable citizen will in all likelihood take your place.—Ex.

Lars Brendon was in from Kratka Monday.

—Wanted—Two girls at the Hotel Ogahmah.

—Lawn seats and lawn swings at Torrison Bros.

E. J. Morrisey was down to Crookston to spend the Fourth.

Mike McAndrews was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

Attorney Tautges was over to Warren Tuesday on business matters.

Attorney George K. Fargo transacted business at St. Hilaire last Friday.

Charlie Kratka was over from Stephen last week visiting his parents for a short time.

Cashier Melgaard, of the Citizens State Bank, was up to Germantown last Saturday.

P. W. Roark left last Saturday for Kelliher to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. P. W. Roark left Friday evening for Red Lake Falls to visit her parents for a few days.

Gladis and Carlisle Hansen came up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday to remain over the Fourth.

J. K. Hannay, the St. Hilaire banker, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

O. E. Reirgord and family were up from Ulen to spend Sunday with Mr. Reirgord's parents.

W. R. O'Hearn spent last week in the city, examining banks on the Soo and G. N. line in this vicinity.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All invited. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

Andrew Erickson and wife, of Hallock, spent the Fourth in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Gillette.

Dr. Archibald returned to this city last Saturday from a business trip to Atwater, where he had spent about a week.

I. Dahlen, the Royal Swede of St. Hilaire who is now holding down a claim in the town of Mayfield, was in the city Tuesday.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran meets Thursday, July 12th, at 3 o'clock with Mrs. John Forsberg. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. Robert Lee, of this city, and her sister Miss Attie Stuverud, of Crookston, went up to Rollis Monday to spend a few weeks visiting their parents.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

Mrs. P. W. Mabey entertained a large company of lady friends Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Lanning, who soon leaves for Souix City, Iowa, to make her future home.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

A small fire was discovered in the basement of H. Fant's building Sunday morning. The fire had gained considerable headway, but was put out without the aid of the fire department.

Dr. Tupper and George Jarman were down to Perham last week attending the state convention of Eagles. Mr. Jarman was honored by being elected one of the state trustees of the order.

H. J. Kaufer is considering the advisability of removing from Red Lake Falls and it is entirely probable that he will leave within a month or two for Calgary. His son-in-law, William Murphy, of Thief River Falls, is also going.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Dennis Cavanaugh came up from Wisconsin last week and closed up the deal for the purchase of the lots on Labree avenue and Second street. He has decided not to erect a hotel, but will build store buildings upon the property. All of the details regarding the matter have not been settled as yet.

It wasn't a Missouri editor, but a printer's devil who was going through his first experience in "making up" forms. The paper was late and the boy got the galleys mixed. The first part of the obituary notice of a pecunious citizen had been dumped in the forms, and the next handful of type came off of a galley describing a recent fire. It read like this: "The pallbearers lowered the body to the grave and as it was consigned to the flames, there were few if any regrets, for the old wreck had been an eyesore to the town for years. Of course there was individual loss, but that was fully covered by insurance." The widow thinks the editor wrote the obituary that way, because the lamented partner of her joys and sorrows owed him five years' subscription.

SUPPORT

SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a bridge to carry the weakened and starved system along until it can find firm support in ordinary food.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

BRINGS HOME A BRIDE

Walter Rosenberry Returns Monday, Accompanied by a Bride.

Married at Spokane June 27 to Miss Etta McInnis.

Walter Rosenberry returned to this city Monday, accompanied by a bride, having been united in marriage to Miss Etta McInnis, of Spokane, Wash., on the 27th of June. The following account of the marriage is taken from the Spokane Evening Chronicle:

The marriage of Miss Etta McInnis and Mr. Walter Rosenberry, of Thief River Falls, Minn., was solemnized at 8 o'clock last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McInnis, S. 924 Adams street, Dr. G. William Giboney, of the First Presbyterian church, officiating.

The bride's gown was of white crepe de chine, over satin, and was trimmed with duchess lace. Her veil was of tulle and was caught in her hair at either end of a semicircle of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and bride's roses.

The bridesmaid was Miss Jean McInnis, the bride's sister, who wore pale green crepe de chine and carried La France roses.

Mr. James McInnis, the bride's brother, was best man.

As the bridal party appeared, Kerchner's orchestra played the wedding march. During the ceremony the bridal party stood beneath a canopy of white roses and clematis vine. Around the canopy were strands of chiffon tied in a large bow at the front and fastened to the canopy with bows of silk ribbon. The chandelier was trimmed in asparagus vine dotted with white roses, the whole tied with chiffon, which also radiated in festoons to the corners of the room. In the corners of the room and on either side of where the bridal party stood were banked potted palms and carnations.

The dining room was in red and green, red roses and ferns being used to deck the chandelier, from which ran streamers of chiffon to the corners of the room, where white palms and peonies were banked. The hall and stair railing were trimmed with white roses and foliage, and the corner where the orchestra was placed was divided from the rest of the hall by a partition of palms which almost entirely hid the orchestra from view.

During the evening punch was served in a corner of the hall by Miss Catherine Burt.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberry left last evening for their new home at Thief River Falls, Minn., where Mr. Rosenberry is engaged in the lumber business.

RUST IN DAKOTA.

Reports Indicate That the Red Variety Has Made Its Appearance.

As a result of the heavy rainfall, reports of red rust are coming in from many sections of North Dakota. The farmers are not particularly alarmed over the red rust, as it does little, if any, damage unless the rust develops into the black stage. Continued wet, murky weather is conducive to this development, while bright breezy weather has a tendency to prevent it. There was an abundance of the black rust in Dakota last year and the crops were greatly damaged. The prospects for crops outside the Valley are the best ever seen in North Dakota and the weather conditions from now till harvest will be very important.

Because of the rains and great growth of straw, the harvest is expected to be later this year than usual, probably from a week to two weeks.

A New Clothing Store.

Thief River Falls is soon to have another clothing store. Iver Erickson, who was formerly manager here for the H. I. Simonson Clothing company, and C. M. Evenson are to be the proprietors. The new store will be located in the corner building just north of Torrison Bros.' furniture store. Part of the stock of clothing has already arrived.

To Vote on Grader.

On the 7th of July the voters of the town of Clover Leaf will again vote upon the question of whether or not the town will purchase a grader. There are a number of people out there who favor the purchase, while others are against it. Both sides feel confident of winning, it is said.

A New Meat Market Firm.

If you want the best in fresh and salt meats, game and fish of all kinds, call at the Thief River Falls Meat Market. We are going to make a special effort to handle nothing but the best and our prices will at all times be reasonable. Give us a trial order and be convinced.

ROSVIG & BULMAN.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

The state meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will be held in Winona Sept. 18 to 20.

Richard Stack, nine years old, was drowned in the Mississippi river at Minneapolis while fishing.

Paul Schultz, thirteen years of age, was drowned in the Mississippi river at Minneapolis while bathing.

Roy Peterson, aged seven, was almost instantly killed at Minneapolis by being run over by a heavy lumber wagon.

During a heavy electrical storm the Norwegian Lutheran church of South Stillwater was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire.

Arthur Tibbits, the twelve-year-old son of Rev. A. H. Tibbits of Minneapolis, was drowned in the Mississippi river while bathing.

Henry Doerr, the twelve-year-old son of a Mankato cigarmaker, was drowned in the Minnesota river while bathing with a number of other boys.

The Duluth, Missabe and Northern road has completed its line into Holman and is fast pushing toward Bovey, where it will enter within the next few days.

Arthur McClellan fell into a vat of boiling water at the Swift Packing company's plant at South St. Paul and died a few hours later at the St. Paul city hospital.

The elevator of Bingham Bros. at New Ulm was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The elevator was valued at $10,000 and the grain destroyed at $8,000.

Plans for the sanatorium for consumptives, which the state will build at Walker, have been completed by the architect and bids for construction will be opened shortly.

Burglars broke into the vault in the city clerk's office at Minneapolis and stole $488.75 in cash. There was more than $1,200 in the vault, but the robbers overlooked a portion of it.

The German Evangelical Lutheran synod of Minnesota and other states, in annual session at Sanborn, this state, condemned all secret societies and warned its members not to join them.

Gilbert Webster, one of the early settlers of Blue Earth county, died suddenly of heart disease. He was a member of the Mapleton colony that located in this state in 1856, coming from the East.

In the case of Lawrence Martin vs. J. J. McDonald, for damages from a shot in the back while in the latter's saloon at Swan River last December, the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff of $600.

Mrs. Mary Hanson, thirty-eight years of age, committed suicide at Minneapolis by taking poison. The rash act is believed by her friends to be due to grief over the death of several of her children.

The huge water tank on the top of a five-story wholesale building at Duluth gave away and fell to the dock in the rear, letting loose 15,000 gallons of water that flooded the building from roof to basement.

The dead body of Marvin Losey, former deputy sheriff of Polk county, this state, and a well known politician of Populist days, was found in his room at Seattle, Wash. Death was caused by inhaling gas.

John Alexander Dowie of Zion City, Ill., is charged by the state dairy and food commission with attempting to dodge the Minnesota pure food law by selling for lard at Winona a composition of tallow and cottonseed oil.

David P. Jones will try for the Republican nomination for the office of mayor of Minneapolis, in which he has served a portion of one term by appointment of the city council and is now serving a complete term by election of the voters.

The decision by Attorney General Moody in favor of the state of Minnesota in the swamp land grant matter is the cause of considerable joy to Attorney General Young, who has been pushing the state claims. The claims involve 150,000 acres, of which about 100,000 were disputed.

The supreme court has rendered a decision holding that all railroads operating in the state must construct their own bridges without monetary aid from the locality wherein the bridge is being erected. The railroad companies must also maintain safety devices at all public crossroads and without compensation.

Emmet Wallace, who has traveled with shows and museums as "the glass eater," was found in a serious condition on the streets of St. Paul and was taken to the city hospital by the police. The man complained of stomach troubles, which the physicians at the hospital say is not surprising, considering his diet.

Mrs. Stella Brennan, accused of having killed three of her stepchildren and now serving a term in the Stillwater penitentiary on a charge of murder, has taken first steps in an effort to secure her freedom by retrial of her case. Notice of a motion for new trial has been served upon A. J. Smith, county attorney, and filed in the Hennepin county district court.

The mayor of Browns Valley has served notice on the dispensers of intoxicants that the Minnesota state law against the sale of liquor to Indians will be enforced unless such sale is discontinued. This notice is intended to counteract the decision of the United States supreme court holding that Indians who have complied with the land in severalty act are full fledged citizens of the United States.

Subscribe for the News.

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway

will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to

St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31.
For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR--THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

Puget Sound

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Every day from June 1 to September 15, very low round trip rates will be in effect over the Great Northern Ry. to

Seattle, Portland, Everett, Vancouver, Spokane and Montana.

$60 Puget Sound Points.
$57.50 Wenatchee.
$55 Spokane, The "Kootenai," Fernie, B. C.
$50 Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Belton, Lake McDonald, Lethbridge.

Final Return Limit, Oct. Liberal Stop Overs.

Inquire further W. E. Baker, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Ask the agent for sailing dates of the "Minnesota" and "Dakota" Seattle to Japan and China.

DEATH BY DROWNING.

Two Minutes Under Water Sufficient to Cause Fatal Results.

Drowning is a quicker death than most people suppose. Insensibility is said to begin in about one minute, and fatal unconsciousness generally supervenes in the neighborhood of two. Even practiced divers cannot remain under water more than a minute and a half, and it is almost fatal to remain beneath the surface longer than that.

At Navarino, where there are many expert divers who plunge into the sea after sponges, not one was found who could remain under water for two minutes. In the Red sea the Arab divers generally remain down one and a quarter minutes, while at Ceylon the pearl fishers can seldom stay below for even one minute. There is a case on record at Falmouth, England, where a diver had descended eighty feet and on giving the signal was drawn up slowly, so it was two minutes before he reached the surface. Blood ran from his ears and nose, and he was insensible. He died without speaking.

Insensibility, however, does not always involve death, for in many cases a person may be resuscitated by the use of energetic measures. The bringing to of people who have been under water for five consecutive minutes, however, is considered doubtful by physicians. There have been extraordinary cases related, nevertheless, where persons have been brought back to life after having been submerged for fifteen or twenty minutes, but it is probable that they have come to the surface again and again during that time.—Blackwood's.

SAINT OF THE COOKS.

A Queen of the Culinary Art Who Lived In Genoa.

Santa Zita, as the patron saint of the cooks is named, lived, it appears, at Genoa and was there canonized. She could, so runs the legend, cook better than any chef within 300 miles of the town, which, we all know, is noted for its wonderful soups and dumplings, though of course in the latter indigestible article of food outrivaled by Vienna, since it is one of the chief articles in the religion of gastronomy that it is only in the kaiserstadt that the "gloso" is in perfection. Santa Zita was, it seems, not less famous for her piety than for cooking and was a constant attendant at the cathedral during high mass.

One day, however, she fell into a trance, so called—though, in plain English, a good, sound sleep—and quite forgot that she had to produce an exceptionally fine dinner for a large company. On awakening she hurried forth from the sacred edifice in a way which was far indeed from her wont, but on reaching the kitchen what was her surprise and delight to find a party of cherub celestials busy cooking the required dinner. She did not interfere, but was at first not unwilling to accept the praise which was lavished on her culinary success. She soon repented, however, and told the world the truth about the spiritual and miraculous help she had received, and it was agreed on all sides that she deserved to be canonized. Accordingly she became Santa Zita.—London Queen.

Philosophers and Traffic.

Many a philosopher in the course of his star gazing has fallen into a ditch—and worse. The fate of Professor Curie, the discoverer of radium, who, intent upon its possibilities, fell under the wheel of a wagon and was crushed to death, might be paralleled by several instances of the kind from lives of philosophers, notably that of Archimedes of Syracuse, who was so concentrated on a mathematical problem when its Roman besiegers at last burst into that city that he fell under their swords in spite of his impatient, "Noli turbare circulos meos!" Stepniak, too, the Russian refugee, was so engrossed with the study of nihilist questions in the course of a walk in a London suburb that he was run over and killed by a train at a level crossing.—London Chronicle.

Winning a Verdict.

Sir James Scarlett, the famous English lawyer, held that verdicts could be won without eloquence, and he proved it many a time in his own career. His skill in turning a failure into a success was wonderful. In a breach of promise case the defendant, Scarlett's client, was alleged to have been cajoled into an engagement by the plaintiff's mother. She was a witness in behalf of her daughter and completely baffled Scarlett, who cross examined her. But in his argument he exhibited his tact by this happy stroke of advocacy: "You saw, gentlemen of the jury, that I was but a child in her hands. What must my client have been?"

Era of the Olympiads.

The "era of the Olympiads," or the "Olympian era," began July 1, B. C. 776. An Olympiad was a period of four years, the games being celebrated every fourth year. When it was first proposed to use the Olympian era the earliest record that could be found was that of the victory of Choroebus, who won the great foot race long before horse racing and chariot racing were introduced. His victory was taken as the starting point of the Olympiads.

Pertinent Query.

"So he no longer calls his pretty little home 'The Nutshell?' Why did he change it?"

"He got tired of having passing humorists ring his bell to ask if the kernel was in."

Consolation.

"Well, I'll die game, anyway," remarked the sparrow as he was shot by mistake for a reedbird.

Half the truth will very often amount to absolute falsehood.—Whately.

A FRIGHTENED ACTRESS.

When Malibran Ran For Her Life From Her Father.

Malibran was an exceptional woman as well as a great singer, and she had an interesting and spontaneous temperament. The daughter of Garcia, she had a harsh and difficult master in her own father.

When she was sixteen he one day came to her room and without any kind of preparation said to her, "You will make your first appearance with me on Saturday in 'Otello.'"

It gave her exactly six days for preparation. The child, terrified nearly into speechlessness, stammered that she could not possibly do it—what he asked was impossible. But Garcia could take no contradiction. All he answered was: "You'll make your first appearance on Saturday, and be perfect. If not, in the last scene, when I am supposed to plunge my dagger into your breast, I'll do so in real earnest."

The frightened girl had to make the best of it. Her success was absolute, but one little piece of realism in her acting at the end was a delicious though entirely unconscious piece of retaliation upon her father for a rather brutal method. Her Desdemona had been exquisite; she had made her what she was herself, a child, innocent and submissive and adoring.

But in the last act, when Othello strode toward her with uplifted dagger, la Malibran, truly frightened out of her wits, ran away from him and made for windows and doors, frantically trying to escape. When her father at last caught hold of her, so real had the whole thing become that, seizing the hand with which he was supposed to murder her, she bit it till it bled.

Garcia gave a cry of pain, which the audience took for a cry of rage, and the act ended in deafening applause for father and daughter.

The incident reveals la Malibran. She was never, in one sense of the word, an actress at all. There was no studied counterfeit of emotions, but a woman with an extraordinary power of losing herself in the emotions of others.—T. P.'s Weekly.

Window Shade Holder.

An inventor has devised an entirely new idea in window shade holders, an illustration of which is herewith shown. The advantage of the device is that it can be changed to fit any ordinary window frame without destroying its future usefulness in case of change of residence with change in size of window frame. The body of this holder is made of a bar divided in the center, the two parts being adjustably attached to a grooved hinge by means of thumbscrews passed through slots in the hinge plates. On one side of the slots are projecting teeth or a roughened surface to prevent the bar from slipping by undue pressure. On the ends of the bars are pivoted metal heads, having roughened surfaces, which bear against the window frame when the holder is in place. Projecting from the ends of the bars are adjustable journals, to hold the shade roller, and they are held in place and regulated by thumbscrews. To put the holder in place in the window frame the bars are first adjusted so as to tighten it in the window frame. Then the heads are placed in the corners of the frame by holding the bar with both hands. By pressing upward the holder is immediately sprung firmly in place. Next the bearing journals for the shade roller are adjusted to fit the roller without having to cut it off or in any way marring the roller.

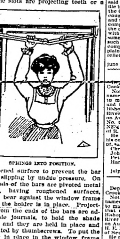

SPRINGS INTO POSITION.

Water In Rubber.

Experiments with a hermetically sealed rubber bottle containing water have shown that the rubber is not absolutely water tight. The filled bottle weighed seventeen ounces four drams. At the end of one year the weight was seventeen ounces two drams; nine years, ten ounces; eighteen years, fourteen ounces two drams; twenty-three years, thirteen ounces four drams; twenty-five years, seven ounces eight drams; twenty-eight years, three ounces fourteen drams; thirty years, three ounces twelve drams, the water being entirely gone.

The One She Wanted.

"Excuse me," said the old lady with eyeglasses in the art gallery, "but haven't you got any more figures in marble?"

"These are all, madam," replied the polite attendant. "Is there any particular one you are looking for?"

"Yes; I wanted to see the statue of limitations my husband was telling about."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Laws.

Laws, written if not on stone tablets, yet on the azure of infinitude, in the inner heart of God's creation, certain as life, certain as death! I say the laws are there, and thou shalt not disobey them!—Carlyle.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Louis Larson; H. E. No. 7,446, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 36, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels N. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "
Peter Flo, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz: Victor A. Troehmann, H. E. 3000, Chippewa Series, for the SW¼ NE¼, Lots 1, 2, Sec. 32, Tp. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Emil Rupprecht, of Thorwick, Minn.
Anton Nustvold, " "
Tyler Wold, " "
John Lindquist, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 31 july 5

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2nd, 1906, viz: Gunder Salmonson Jr., as one of the heirs of Salmon Salmonson, deceased, H. E. No. 46, (Red Lake Series) for the SW¼ Sec. 25, T. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Salve O. Omil, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
T. S. Holom, " "
Charley H. Omlid, " "
Tom H. Omil, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 14 july 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Tom Alvestad, H. E. No. 91, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼ of Sec. 1, Twp. 154 N., of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Bernhard Knudson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hugen P. Nabben, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

against

Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED AND TO EACH OF THEM:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the action above entitled, which said complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the clerk of this court at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Plaintiff.

june 21 july 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 2, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Daisy L. Strom, H. E. No. 6,350, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Chris Nelson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John Lindquist, " "
Peter Rude, " "
Hans C. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 5 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jessie Marian Annand, H. E. No. 1,032, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 153 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Michael H. Connelly, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mary McGinn, " "
Sydney Bagley, " "
May F. Connelly, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 5 aug 2

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 9, 1906, viz: Nels Olsen, H. E. No. 358, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tom Tonson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Harald Johnson, of Thief River Falls, "
Thor J. Skaar, " "
Frank Mracek, of Germantown,

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on July 17th, 1906, viz: Martin P. Mork, H. E. No. 214, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 32, Tp. 154 N., Rg. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charley Petterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Ottum, " "
Martin Quist, " "
Gust Bergren, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 7 july 12

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., June 6, 1906.

Doc. 4011.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Henry Lundy, contestant, against homestead entry No. 1147, made April 21, 1905, for northeast quarter Section 19, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., by Nels B. Swenson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Nels B. Swenson has failed to establish his residence upon said land and has made no improvements thereon from the time of making said entry to the date hereof; that he has wholly failed to comply with the conditions of the homestead laws and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past, and that said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 18, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 6, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 14 july 4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 3, 1906, viz: Frank Greutzke, H. E. 1,146, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 9, T. 151 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Charles Schuster, " "
Edward Warner, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 14 july 19

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota; on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.

FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

july 5 aug 9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Andreas Iverson, H. E. No. 284, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 30, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Iver Holom, of Anton, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, "
Hans Olson, "
M. J. Ford, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Michael J. Ford, H. E. No. 282, Red Lake Series, for the Lot 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Dyrdahl, of Anton, Minn.
Andreas Iverson, "
Hans Olson, "
Iver Holom, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: [illegible], H. E. No. [illegible], Chippewa Series, for the S½ of SW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. [illegible] and NE¼ of NE¼ of Sec. [illegible], T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

[illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
[illegible]
William [illegible]
[illegible], of [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 28 aug 2

DISASTERS ON RANGE

FOUR PERSONS KILLED BY RUNAWAY CARS AT FAYAL MINE NEAR EVELETH.

Nine Others Meet Death in a Series of Accidents at Mesaba Range Points—Attorney General Moody Decides Swamp Land Case in Favor of Minnesota—News of the State in General.

Eveleth, Minn., July 2.—At least four men were killed in a wreck in Fayal No. 3 extension pit at 10:20 p. m. and other bodies may be found. Five steel cars, loaded with over fifty tons of iron ore each, dashed down the grade into the pit and struck a Drake & Stratton shovel in the stripping and buried the crew in ore and debris. The dead are:

James Sullivan, brakeman; William Chappel, fireman, aged twenty-two; Love May, water boy, aged fourteen; John Hinda, a pitman.

Jako Hinda, father of John, is in the Fabiola hospital, not expected to live. Another man is injured.

The five cars were the first pulled out on the track running into the pit. Then they started to run back. The pit is over seventy-five feet deep and the heavy cars were soon running at a speed that must have been about 100 miles an hour. One of the employes on a shovel shouted, "Here come our empties, boys." Then he gasped as they went past like a flash. At the end of the track they jumped a bank of ore ten feet high and smashed into the back end of the Drake & Stratton shovel in the strippings.

Bob Jefferson, the engineer, and Jerry Wilson, the cranesman, were both on the shovel at the time, but they escaped uninjured.

NINE PERSONS KILLED.

Fatal Accidents Reported From Mesaba Range Points.

Duluth, June 30.—Three accidents resulting in a total of nine deaths are reported from Mesaba range points.

Six men were killed by a dynamite explosion in the Mohawk mine. Nobody seems to be able to explain just how it happened. The dead are: Oscar Carlson, Abraham Zara, Isaac Mattson, Helmer Erickson, J. Alvis, and one unidentified man. The mine officials say that the accident must have been the result of the victims' own carelessness.

Ralph Carl and Joseph Fabrich were killed in an explosion of dynamite at the Holland mine.

John Shorgren was killed in Andrew Hamilton's hardware store at Virginia by an electric current.

PUTS BAN ON "MASHING."

Mankato (Minn.) Judge Sends Offenders to Workhouse.

Mankato, Minn., June 26.—There is a ban on "mashing" in Mankato. Young men who are caught speaking to the young women whom they have not been presented to must serve terms in the county jail without a chance to pay a fine. This is the precedent established by Judge Comstock.

Henry Mallen presumed to bump up against two young women who were strangers to him Saturday night and he got ten days straight.

Recently two mashers who were older got ninety days. The authorities announce that a better street etiquette must prevail.

Don't Be Touchy.

There are some people always looking out for slights. They cannot pay a visit, they cannot receive a friend, they cannot carry on the intercourse of the family, without suspecting some offense is designed. They are terribly touchy. If they meet an acquaintance in the street who happens to be preoccupied with business, they attribute his abstraction to some motive personal to themselves and take umbrage accordingly. They lay on others the fault of their irritability. A fit of indigestion makes them see impertinences in everybody they come in contact with. Innocent persons who never dreamed of giving offense are astonished to find some unfortunate word or some momentary taciturnity mistaken for insult. Of course, such a mental condition is due to too much thinking about self and to an exaggerated self esteem, even though unconscious. The best remedy is to persistently put thoughts of self out of mind. Find something more absorbing and more elevating to think about if you are one of the touchy ones, and you'll soon lose the habit.

One Way to Get a Dog.

"There are ways and ways of getting things," said the old secret service man, "but I wouldn't recommend some of them to a Sunday school class. Now, I knew professionally a reformed confidence man. I won't say how deep the reform went, but officially he was reformed and occupied a pretty respectable position in the community. One day I met this chap on the street, and I had something to say to him. 'See here,' I demanded, 'is this your advertisement in the paper offering a reward of $5 for the return of a lost dog?' 'Sure,' said he. 'But you don't own a dog,' said I. He grinned. 'You mean I didn't own a dog,' he corrected. 'But I do own one now—the handsomest English bulldog you ever laid your eyes on, and he cost just $5.'"

PRECOCIOUS INDIANA.

Voted For President Before She Was Admitted Into the Union.

Indiana has the unique distinction of having voted for president before it became a member of the family of states. In June, 1816, Indiana adopted a state constitution, but was not admitted to the Union until Dec. 11. In the meantime, on Nov. 4, the first legislature met at Corydon. Indianans have been precocious from the first, and the members of the legislature had no thought of letting a little matter like the fact that what they called the state was not really a state interfere with their voting for James Monroe and Daniel D. Tompkins, for president and vice president respectively. As the Indianapolis News, which tells the story, puts it, Indiana politicians wanted to get in on the ground floor.

On Nov 11, exactly a month before Indiana was admitted to the Union, the legislature adopted a joint resolution, "That it is expedient to provide at this time for the election of three electors to vote for president and vice president of the United States of America at the ensuing presidential election." This was approved by the governor, and two days later Jesse S. Holman, General Joseph Bartholomew and Thomas H. Blake were chosen electors by the legislature, this being the method in all the states at that time. While these electors were chosen before the state was admitted their vote was not cast until a few days after the admission. Indiana's right to vote was disputed when the national house and senate met to open and count the votes, but the new state finally won the decision.

MACKEREL SKIES.

Theories About How These Cloud Formations Are Caused.

The mackerel sky comes from the same causes as all the cirrus clouds, so called from the beautiful curl their fragments often assume, such as "mackerel skies," "mares' tails" and "cats' tails." Meteorologists are not agreed as to the cause, there being two explanations.

It has been suggested that these cirrus clouds are the heads of columns of vapor rising from the earth and precipitated as soon as they attain a certain elevation, rarely less than three miles above the earth (15,840 feet) and often five or six miles (26,000 to 30,000 feet). If this be so the visible cloud forms the capital of an invisible pillar of saturated air.

The second explanation is that they are caused in the higher regions of the atmosphere by the meeting of two currents of air of different water bearing capacity, causing them to form into parallel bands, each belt being composed of light, airy fragments, slightly altered in appearance according to a slight difference in conditions under which they are formed. It has been supposed that such clouds are composed of particles of snow.

It might be added that they occur in systems, long ranks of them extending in one direction for vast distances and being occasionally crossed by other systems at other but also extreme altitudes.

Elevators and False Teeth.

In department stores where express elevators run to roof garden restaurants some gentle passengers experience daily discomfort because of the sudden movement of the car. The proud owner of a fine set of artificial teeth remarked to her companion a few days ago: "This is the most severe test of proper fit of teeth that I know of. Mine are supposed to be correct in every respect. Still, I never travel in an elevator running express that I'm not in constant fear of my teeth taking a fall. If you close the mouth your breath will be taken away."—New York Press.

Valuable Zones of Silence.

There has come into modern life a greater variety of sound and a greater volume than assailed the ears of our ancestors. To keep one's freshness there ought to be a zone of silence around every human being during some part of the day. The finest creative work is done, as a rule, in seclusion; not necessarily apart from men nor in solitary places, but away from the tumult and away from distracting sounds. There was organized in Paris years ago a society for the culture of silence. On the occasion of the initiation of a distinguished man of letters a bowl of water was brought out to him in a room where he was waiting in solitude. He studied it a moment, placed a rose upon it and sent it back. The water bore the rose without overflowing. To the members assembled in another room the act was the most convincing evidence that the initiate comprehended the purpose of the fellowship and was prepared in spirit to become one of the company. The act was a symbol which Americans may wisely study.—Good Health.

English Railways and Fogs.

It is seldom that there is a sufficiently heavy fog on an American railway to cause serious inconvenience that no special precautions are taken, but in England a heavy fog is so common that there is a regular service made up of the repair gangs, who take the place of the mechanical signals. Every distance signal is guarded by a signal man, who is supplied with flags and torpedoes, the latter being called detonators, while the signal men are pointsmen. Two torpedoes are placed on the track to warn the engineer when the signal is set at danger and are supplemented by a red lantern in the hands of the signal man. As the torpedoes cost a cent and a half each and are used in great numbers there is a machine supplied by which the second torpedo is forced from the rail by the force of the explosion of the first, as only one is necessary, the second being merely a precaution.

QUEER HEAD COVERINGS.

Striking Hats That Used to Be Worn In Olden Times.

Douglas, earl of Morton, wore a hat. It was termed by the writers of the period a "steeple" or "sugar loaf" hat and possessed a high, cone shaped crown and a narrow brim. The effect produced by such a hat upon the head of a very tall man was more striking than artistic. Stubbs uses these words in describing the hats of his day: "Sometimes they use them sharp on the crown, perking up like the shaft of a steeple, standing a quarter of a yard above the crown of their heads, some more, some less, to please the fantasies of their wavering minds. Some are of silk, some are of velvet, some of taffeta, some sarcenet, some of wool and, which is more curious, some of a certain kind of fine hair. These they call beaver hats, of 20, 30, 40 shillings apiece, fetched from beyond the sea, whence a great sort of other varieties do come. And so common a thing it is that every serving man, countryman and other, even all indifferently do wear these hats."

In Planche's "Cyclopaedia of Costume" is shown a high crowned hat worn by Howard, earl of Northampton, died 1614, and a decided "chimney pot" hat worn by Thomas Cecil, first earl of Exeter, died 1622. It is turned up behind and has a silk band gracefully wound about it. The brim is a little bent in front, giving to the contour quite a "line of beauty."

A song by Heywood testifies to the value set on beaver hats in the days of Elizabeth:

> The Spaniard's constant to his block,
> The French inconstant ever,
> But of all felts that may be felt
> Give me your English beaver.

A hat called variously a copotain, capatain and coptanke was worn in the reign of Elizabeth and her successor. It is uncertain what form these hats really took, but there is a strong presumption that they were hats with high conical crowns, in shape resembling those worn by the Welsh peasants of today. If so they were common throughout the reign of James I. and were designated by Bulwer in 1653 sugar loaf hats, which, according to his account, became fashionable again in the reign of Charles I., being worn both by men and women. He says, "What were our sugar loaf hats so mightily affected of late both by men and women, so incommodious for us that every puffe of wind deprived us of them, requiring the employment of one hand to keep them on?"—St. James' Gazette.

The Mexican Boundary.

Two hundred and fifty-eight stone and iron monuments mark the boundary line between the United States and Mexico from the Rio Grande to the Pacific, 700 miles. Most of the monuments are of cast iron, but the principal ones are of stone. They average about two and a half miles apart, but in no case is there an interval of as much as five miles between them. Stone was used wherever possible. Generally they are in the form of a simple tapering four sided shaft, bearing suitable inscriptions in English and Spanish. The stone monuments are about eleven feet high and the iron monuments about six and a half feet high. They are arranged so that they are within sight of one another from one end of the line to the other. The country traversed consists mainly of deserts and mountains, and in many instances the work was prosecuted with considerable difficulty. By the terms of the treaty the destruction or displacement of any of these monuments is made a misdemeanor, punishable according to the justice of the country of the offender's nationality.

Red Bridal Gowns.

It is of interest to note that the choice of white for wedding gowns is comparatively of modern origin. The Roman brides wore yellow, and in most eastern countries pink is the bridal color. During the middle ages and in the renaissance period brides wore crimson to the exclusion of all other colors. Most of the Plantagenet and Tudor queens were married in that vivid hue, which is still popular in parts of Brittany, where the bride is usually dressed in crimson brocade. It was Mary Stuart who first changed the color of the bridal garments. At her marriage with Francis I. of France, in 1558, which took place not before the altar, but before the great doors of Notre Dame, she was gowned in white brocade, with a train of pale blue Persian velvet six yards in length. This innovation caused a great stir in the fashionable world of that time. It was not, however, until quite the end of the seventeenth century that pure white—the color worn by royal widows—became popular for bridal garments.

Lava In the Ocean.

This earth received what was probably its greatest shaking in modern times when the tremendous volcanic eruption of Krakatoa, in Sunda strait, occurred in 1883. A curious incident of that time is recalled by a correspondent who was a passenger on a steamship on the voyage between Colombo and Albany, King George's sound, some 1,500 or 2,000 miles south of the center of the disturbance. It was a beautiful night, and shortly after dinner, when the deck was crowded with passengers, the lookout shouted, "Breakers ahead!" This was in midocean, with no shoal water nearer than the Australian coast, five or six days' sail distant. The steamer was slowed down, and presently drifted into a mass of floating lava and green slime. Bucketfuls were hauled on deck and strained through cloths. Nearly all night the steamer forged ahead at half speed, with the floating scum grating against her sides, and in the morning, when clear water was reached, the sides of the ship below the water line were bare of paint and burnished like steel.

THEY MET ON A YACHTING PARTY

[Original.]

During the summer of 1863 the little steamer Starlight steamed out of one of the inlets of Florida. She could not have taken her name from the night on which she sailed, for it was extremely murky. Indeed she could never have passed the Federal gunboats on a starlight night unchallenged, and it was necessary that she should do so, for she had on board Antoine Delabarre, a native of Louisiana, envoy of the Confederate government, on his way to France for the purpose of inducing Louis Napoleon to interfere in behalf of the newly established government. Delabarre, though a young man, had already distinguished himself in diplomacy.

The day before the Starlight was to sail a young woman who gave her name as Winifred Dove applied for passage. The application was a surprise to the captain, Cushon, who had supposed the intended sailing was a secret. After conferring with Mr. Delabarre he told the girl that she might go and, taking her to her stateroom, locked her in, that she might not further reveal what she knew. The next morning when out of sight of land she was released with a trumped up excuse for the treatment she had received. The Starlight had escaped without having been seen by any of Uncle Sam's watching fleet, the weather cleared and Captain Cushon pointed for Gibraltar. His course ran not far from the American coast, but far enough to be without the line of the blockading ships.

Miss Dove being the only woman aboard the Starlight and the men being uninteresting, Antoine Delabarre naturally turned to her for companionship. Whether or no the Starlight was well named, it appeared to all that Miss Dove was very well named. She was quiescence itself.

He first sounded her patriotism for the Confederacy, but beyond confessing herself a secessionist she expressed little interest in the struggle. The young diplomat endeavored to fire her with more ardor. She listened to him demurely, but did not evince any interest in his remarks.

Miss Dove was a very poor sleeper. She would sit on deck at night with Mr. Delabarre till he could keep his eyes open no longer and remain there hours after he had sought his stateroom. During the day she would usually not appear till afternoon.

The Starlight flew the United States flag and, though she passed several merchantmen with the same ensign at the peak, was not molested. When night came on every light was "doused," and as she was painted gray she was not easily visible from a distance. Miss Dove asked Mr. Delabarre why this was done. He told her that the captain was a miser and wished to save oil. She seemed perfectly satisfied with this explanation, and her attendant remarked to himself that the stupidity of some women was very lovely. He asked her how she knew the ship was to sail for foreign parts, and she told him that she had supposed all ships were made to sail somewhere and usually to other countries. This childlike reply only increased his tender feelings for her.

At night only the officer of the deck, the helmsman and two sailors were on duty. Miss Dove was allowed on deck because she was a woman, a Confederate and very stupid. One night or, rather, one morning—it was 1 o'clock—Captain Cushon was on the bridge, a sailor aft and a sailor forward. Miss Dove was sitting on a steamer chair amidships. Suddenly the captain saw the flash of a light on his port bow. It was only for an instant, but it told him that a Yankee war craft was playing the same game as himself while looking for contraband ships. He ran aft and informed the men on duty of the danger and Miss Dove as well, telling them to keep perfect silence. To the helmsman he gave an order to sheer off. Then he ran forward to the bridge.

He was congratulating himself on the certainty of an escape when he heard a "s-h-h-h-ing" sound amidships on his own vessel and, turning, saw a rocket mounting skyward.

There was a terrible commotion on the Starlight. Mr. Delabarre rushed on deck in his nightshirt, and the captain, who was so beside himself with wrath that he could not speak, pointed to Miss Dove. One of the men informed the diplomat that she had fired a rocket and a Yankee gunboat was coming down on them. Another took the girl up and was about to throw her overboard when Delabarre stopped him. The black hull of a man-of-war appeared close at hand, followed by a boom and a shot across the Starlight's bows. Then a boat left the warship, and in a few minutes an officer was climbing up the captured vessel's side. He looked very much puzzled, but determined to know what no lights and a rocket meant. He was still more astonished when Miss Dove darted to him, sought refuge within his arms and told him that a Confederate envoy was on board.

A prize crew was put on board the Starlight, and she was taken to Fortress Monroe. On the way Miss Dove threw off her stupidity and appeared as a fascinating woman, making it her chief business to comfort the much mortified and downcast diplomat. From Old Point the party were escorted by United States marines to Washington.

The secret history of this foiling of an important diplomatic Confederate move is buried in the state department, consequently no one ever learned where Delabarre got his wife. He gave out that he had met her on a yachting party.

WINIFRED ROBERTS.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

G.A.R. Rates

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BELLS IN CHURCHES.

FIRST USED BY PAULINUS, BISHOP OF NOLA, ABOUT 400.

The Early British Christians Used Wooden Rattles to Call the People Together For Worship—Bells and Thunder and Lightning.

Church bells are of ancient origin. The ancients had bells for both sacred and profane purposes. Strabo says that market time was announced by their sound and Pliny that the tomb of an ancient king of Tuscany was hung round with bells. The hour of bathing was made known in ancient Rome by the sound of a bell. The night watchman carried one, and it served to call up the servants in great houses. Sheep had them tied about their necks to frighten away wolves, or, rather, by way of amulet.

Paulinus, bishop of Nola, is generally considered the first person who introduced bells into ecclesiastical service about the year 400. Historians say that in 610 the bishop of Orleans, being at Sens, then in a state of siege, frightened away the besieging army by ringing St. Stephen's church bells, which is a clear proof that they were not at that time generally known in France. The first large bells are mentioned by Bede in the year 680. Before that period the early British Christians made use of wooden rattles to call the congregation of the faithful together. Hand bells probably first appeared at religious processions and were afterward used by the seculars. The small bells were not always held in the hand. They were sometimes suspended upon a stake and struck with hammers.

The arrival of kings and great personages was anciently greeted by ringing the church bells. Ingulphus, abbot of Croyland, who died about 1109, speaks of them as being well known in his time and says that "the first abbot of Croyland gave six bells to that monastery—that is to say, two great ones, which he named Bartholomew and Beladine; two of a medium size, called Turketulium and Bettrine; two small ones, denominated Pega and Bega. He also caused the great bell to be made called Gudla, which was tuned to the other bell and produced an admirable harmony not to be equaled in England."

The bells used in the monasteries were sometimes rung with ropes having brass or silver rings at the ends for the hand. They were anciently rung by the priests themselves, afterward by the servants and sometimes by those incapable of other duties, as persons who were blind.

The doctrine of the Church of Rome concerning bells is that they have merit and pray God for the living and the dead; second, that they produce devotion in the hearts of the faithful. The dislike of evil spirits to bells is well expressed by Wynken de Worde in the "Golden Legend." The passing bell was anciently rung for two good purposes, one to bespeak the prayers of all good Christian people for a soul just departing and the other to drive away the evil spirits who stood at the foot of the bed or about the house. Such was the general opinion respecting the efficacy of bells before the reformation, but since that period "it has been the usual course in the Church of England that when any sick person lay dying a bell should toll to give notice to the neighbors that they might pray for the dying party, which was commonly called a passing bell, because the sick person was passing hence to another world, and when his breath was expired the bell rung out that the neighbors might cease their prayers, for that the party was dead." It is now only tolled after death.

The saint's bell was not so called from the name of the saint that was inscribed on it or of the church to which it belonged, but because it was always rung out when the priest came to that part of the service, "Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus, Domine Deus Sabbaoth," purposely that those persons who could not come to church might know in what a solemn office the congregation were at that instant engaged and so, even in their absence, be once, at least, moved to lift up their hearts to him who made them. Bells at one time were thought an effectual charm against lightning. The frequent firing of abbey churches by lightning confuted the proud motto commonly written on their bells in the steeples, wherein each entitled itself to a sixfold efficacy—viz:

Men's death I tell by doleful knell;
Lightning and thunder I break asunder;
On Sabbath all to church I call;
The sleepy head I raise from bed;
The winds so fierce I dost disperse;
Men's cruel rage I do assuage.

It has anciently been reported, observed Lord Bacon, and is still received that extreme applause and shouting of people assembled in multitudes have so rarefied and broken the air that birds flying over have fallen down, the air not being able to support them, and it is believed by some that great ringing of bells in populous cities has chased away thunder and also dissipated pestilent air.—New York Herald.

FORCED TO EAT BOOKS.

Human Beings Who Were Compelled to Devour Literature.

Among the causes that contribute to the destruction of books, says an Italian writer, Americo Scarlatti, there is one very curious one that may be called bibliophagia. No reference is intended to the mice that once destroyed in England an entire edition of Castell's "Lexicon Heptaglotton," but to human beings who have literally devoured books.

In 1370 Barnabo Visconti compelled two papal delegates to eat the bull of excommunication which they had brought him, together with its silken cords and leaden seal. As the bull was written on parchment, says the Scientific American, not paper, it was all the more difficult to digest.

A similar anecdote was related by Oelrich in his "Dissertatio de Bibliothecarum et Librorum Fatis" (1750) of an Austrian general who had signed a note for 2,000 florins and when it fell due compelled his creditors to eat it.

The Tartars, when books fall into their possession, eat them that they may acquire the knowledge contained in them.

A Scandinavian writer, the author of a political book, was compelled to choose between being beheaded or eating his manuscript boiled in broth.

Isaac Volmar, who wrote some spicy satires against Bernard, duke of Saxony, was not allowed the courtesy of the kitchen, but was forced to swallow them uncooked.

Still worse was the fate of Philip Oldenburger, a jurist of great renown, who was condemned not only to eat a pamphlet of his writings, but also to be flogged during his repast, with orders that the flogging should not cease until he had swallowed the last crumb.

Terror Saved Her.

A tale of a paralytic and a stroke of lightning: For twenty-two years a woman had been paralyzed, unable to leave her room. One night when she happened to be alone in the house a fierce storm broke. The poor woman was terrified by the thunder and the blinding glare of the lightning. With an effort of which no one had believed her capable she struggled from her bed and to the house of a neighbor. Barely had she reached safety when the place she had just left was struck by lightning. The room in which she had lived so long was rent in two and everything in it was burned or smashed. Power of locomotion had been restored to the cripple just in time to save her life.—Chicago News.

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TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

The Falls Candy Kitchen

For Fresh Home-Made Candies, Ice Cream and Soft Drinks. . . . .

DON'T OVERLOOK A GOOD THING

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press "Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen............ $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen.................. $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ________
Town ________
State ________
R. F. D. No. ________

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $10 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1906 NUMBER 28

COMES UP TOMORROW

Northwestern Telephone Co. Has Secured an Order to Show Cause.

Telephone War to Come Up Before Judge Watts Friday Morning.

Last week the attorneys for the Northwestern Telephone company secured an order to show cause why an injunction should not be granted restraining the officials of Thief River Falls from interfering with the company establishing a telephone exchange. The matter was to have come up before Judge Watts on Tuesday of this week, but, by mutual consent of all parties interested, the case was postponed until Friday morning, when the case will be heard. City Attorney Michelet will be assisted by C. M. Loring, of Crookston, in defending the mayor and the city council in the matter. The Northwestern company has Richardson & Cooke, of this city, and some of the best legal talent of Minneapolis upon their side and it is to be a battle royal.

Judge Watts, it is expected, will render a decision in the matter at once and, no matter which side wins, an appeal will probably be taken to the supreme court.

DON'T LIKE WEST.

"Jack" and "Dick" Kivel Will Probably Return to Minnesota.

S. L. Heasley received a letter the first of the week from "Jack" and "Dick" Kivel, who left here this spring for Idaho. They do not like it any too well out there and from the tone of the letter Mr. Heasley says that he would not be surprised to see them back here before fall, although when they left they did so with the intention of making their home in the west for the remaining part of their lives. Wages out there are not any better than in this section and the cost of living is almost double.

Subscribe for the News.

AN ARM TAKEN OFF

Carl Peterson Injured in the Saw Mill Up at Prince Albert.

Accident Happened Last Friday and He Is Now Getting Along Nicely.

Peter Peterson the first of the week received a letter from John Holberg telling him of the fact that his brother, Carl, who is employed as oiler in the Prince Albert Lumber company's mill, was badly injured last Friday morning and as a result his left arm had to be cut off at the elbow. None of the particulars as to how the accident happened are given, except that his arm was caught in some of the machinery and that it was very fortunate he was not killed outright at the time. It is now reported that he is getting along nicely and, as soon as he is able to leave the hospital, he will return to this city.

Since going up to Prince Albert, Carl has had rather hard luck. This spring he was injured by falling from a staging, striking on his head and was unconscious for 14 hours. It was considered a miracle that he was not killed at that time.

Was a Pioneer.

Carl Shonke, one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Excel, was found dead in his bed Saturday morning. The deceased had complained of not feeling very well the evening before, but it was not believed that his sickness was at all serious. He was 72 years of age. The funeral services were held Monday morning from St. Bernard's church in this city.

An Outside Opinion.

It looks as though Red Lake Falls was getting all petered out over trying to keep Thief River Falls from snatching the county seat away from them. While resting, its postmaster's salary took a slump of $100. Its tormentor gets an increase of $200.—Walker Pilot.

—Subscribe for the News.

NEIGHBORS ARE AT OUTS

Residents South of Mill Yard Have Troubles of Their Own.

Matter Is Being Aired in the Municipal Court This Week.

Upon complaint of a neighbor, Policeman James Farr on Sunday evening placed under arrest Matt Neiwirth, an eighteen year old boy living with his parents south of the lumber yards on the East Side. The complaint made at the time was to the effect that the boy was crazy and was threatening to shoot different people in the neighborhood. Neiwirth remained in jail over night and County Attorney Germo was sent for. Monday morning, however, there was no appearance against him upon the part of any one and he was released. Later in the day Mrs. Eliza Eckman appeared before Judge Bishop and had a warrant sworn out against Neiwirth, charging him with indecent and insulting language and the case has been set for trial this morning, but it is quite likely that an adjournment will be taken until Saturday or the first of next week.

As near as can be learned, there is some bad blood in the neighborhood south of the mill yards and there have been numerous quarrels. On Sunday afternoon the defendant and Mrs. Eckman's boy had some trouble and things not taught in a Sunday school were said.

12 TO 1.

Thief River Falls Base Ball Nine Defeated Stephen.

The Thief River Falls base ball club played a very fast game of ball Sunday upon the local grounds and defeated a nine from Stephen by a score of 12 to 1. Up to the first half of the ninth inning, the Stephen team did not get a man as far as third base. The attendance at the game was quite large and all present enjoyed the game very much.

Subscribe for the News.

CROOKSTON DOES THINGS

Gives Hon. Halvor Steenerson a Royal Welcome Home.

Work Which He Has Done for Northern Minnesota Is Appreciated.

Crookston, July 5, 1906.—Honorable Halvor Steenerson, our representative in congress from this district, returned from Washington to his residence in this city this morning.

He was met by many citizens of Crookston, including the mayor of the city, a carriage was furnished, and Mr. Steenerson, accompanied by the mayor of the city and other friends, were driven from the depot to the residence of Mr. Steenerson, accompanied by the city band.

Every person in the city will feel that this reception of Mr. Steenerson on his homecoming was deserving and was but a simple tribute of the respect of the citizens of Crookston to him.

Mr. Steenerson is the first member of congress from northern Minnesota which the state of Minnesota has elected and he has made known to the people that northern Minnesota deserves and must receive the recognition to which it is entitled, and while that band was escorting Mr. Steenerson to his home, Crookston citizens who accompanied him must have felt honored by his acts in congress on reading the Minneapolis Journal received in this city this morning, contrasting the active work performed by Mr. Steenerson and the position which he has acquired in congress as compared with the representative of Minneapolis in congress.

Mr. Steenerson is comparatively a new member in congress, but has made himself known and understood and has in a short time become an influential member such as the Minneapolis Journal says Minneapolis should have.

The early hour at which Mr. Steenerson arrived in Crookston and the fact that it was not known on which train he would arrive prevented many citizens of Crookston appearing on his arrival to welcome him. Citizens of Crookston all are pleased to welcome him as a worthy representative and one who has accomplished more for his district than could have been reasonably expected.

Formerly the Minneapolis congressman represented this whole country, but now Minneapolis people see that Crookston has a man of brains and genius and would like to ask its congressman to follow in the procession.

HAD A SCARE.

Two Ladies Steal a Horse for Fun and Nearly Land in Jail.

Considerable of a sensation was created on Main avenue Sunday evening and two well-known young ladies came very near spending a night in jail, all because they did not have a personal acquaintance with Policemen Farr and LeSage. The cause of the affair was a supposed case of horse stealing, and, as the state gives a reward of $200 for the capture of a horse thief, the officers worked very hard and soon landed the guilty parties. The two girls, however, had no intention of stealing the horse and buggy and were released as soon as matters could be explained.

The facts of the case appear to be about as follows: C. A. Nason, while out driving Sunday evening, stopped in front of a Main avenue business place, leaving the horse standing in front of the place. When he came out the horse and carriage were gone and the natural supposition was that it had been stolen, so he at once informed the police. In a decidedly short time the police located the rig and had placed under arrest the two occupants, having them nearly to the jail door, when Mr. Nason appeared upon the scene and recognized the two alleged thieves. It seems that the ladies were well acquainted with Mr. Nason and recognized his team standing upon the street. They took it for the purpose of having a little innocent sport, but came so near landing behind the prison bars that it is quite likely they will have fun in another way in the future.

A Gruesome Find.

While cleaning a fish at her home near the dam of the Crookston Water Power and Light company yesterday, Mrs. Henry Bushe discovered a baby's hand in the interior of the fish which had undoubtedly been thrown into the river from the appearance of things.

The fish had been caught the evening before by Mr. Bushe below the dam. The find nearly sent Mrs. Bushe into hysterics and she threw the fish and all away so that it was impossible to make an investigation of the matter on the part of the police.

POWER OVER THE LAW

Bertha Homme and Tabor Thurston Get Married Last Saturday.

Question: How About a Certain Fifteen Hundred Dollars?

Last Saturday evening at about nine thirty, the deputy clerk of the Polk county court was called upon to issue a marriage license to Miss Bertha Homme, a former resident of Thief River Falls, and Tabor Thurston, of Crookston. The marriage came as a surprise to their many friends (and in "friendly" way to the lawyers of Crookston who were interested in a case recently up before the courts brought by Miss Homme for breach of promise.)

It appears that the marriage was a case of love at first sight. Miss Bertha Homme had secured a verdict from the courts for a fifteen hundred dollar damage and that verdict is still pending, though it was threatened to take the matter to a higher court. The lawyers for the plaintiff, it is understood, were to receive fifteen hundred dollars for their part in the victory of the case. However the marriage of the principals, with no money changing hands, begins to look very peculiar and the attorneys of Crookston are trying to figure just what effect the marriage will have on the validity of the lawyers' bill.

Miss Homme was a claim holder in Marshall county and through an advertisement appearing in the Crookston Journal's columns, Tabor Thurston received an answer from her as preliminary in a correspondence that ripened into the visit of the lady to Crookston. While there, Miss Homme alleged that Thurston made a promise to marry her. Upon this event the case centered. Since the case Miss Homme has been living near Crookston and, since Mr. Thurston lives about three miles east of town, they were both in town a great deal.

Last Saturday evening Mr. Thurston approached Miss Homme and made proposal to her in earnest and they hied themselves away to the clerk of court's office, where a marriage license is recorded for them.

It is understood that the two will live upon the Tabor Thurston farm east of Crookston.

TOWN NOW BEING RATED

Special Insurance Inspector Arrived Here This Week.

It Is Confidently Thought That Rates Will Be Reduced.

Roderick L. Daniel, inspector for the Minnesota and North Dakota fire insurance underwriters, arrived here this week and is now busy re-rating the insurable risks in this city. The work will take Mr. Daniel a week or more to complete.

Owing to the fact that the water works system is now in running order and a number of new brick buildings have been erected since the town was last rated, it is expected that there will be a very substantial reduction in the insurance rates. In the past, Thief River Falls has proven a very profitable field for the insurance companies and many times the amount of losses have been paid in premiums. Taking all of these things into consideration, it is believed that insurance companies will see their way clear to make the reductions.

Canadian Homestead Laws.

"The homestead laws of Canada are quite similar to those of the United States," says L. E. Roberts, of Winnipeg. "A fee of $10 is charged for making the entry. The settler is supposed to reside at least six months of every year on the land, and it is the practice of the department to require a settler to bring fifteen acres under cultivation, but if he prefers, he may substitute stock, and twenty head of cattle, to be actually his own property, with buildings for their accommodation, will be accepted instead of cultivation.

"Application for patent is made at the end of three years, and if it is not made within five years from the date of the homestead entry, the right is liable to forfeiture. Not many homesteads are left in Canada at present that are of any value, and that are in reach of the railroads. Forty or fifty miles from the railroads land may yet be found. The development of the whole Canadian Northwest has been remarkably rapid."

—Wanted—Two girls at the Hotel Ogahmah.

THE Star Steam Laundry

Is now running under the new managers, Bjorkman and Post. With many years' experience, we can guarantee the public the very best in laundrying.

Goods Called for and Delivered

PHONE 118

YOUR VACATION.

Be fully equipped to spend your enjoyable vacation. We have spent weeks and months searching the markets for necessary articles for your pleasure trips.

Large stocks of

SUIT CASES. TRAVELING BAGS.
CLOTH AND HAIR BRUSHES.
SIDE COMBS, BACK COMBS, ETC.
WHITE DUCK SKIRTS. CREAM MOHAIR SKIRTS.
WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS.
"PATENT" AND "VICI" OXFORDS AND SHOES.
SHIRT WAISTS.
WASHABLE SUMMER NECKWEAR.
SILK PARASOLS. EMBROIDERED PARASOLS.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"Everything from Head to Foot."

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TESTING THE WATER WORKS

Members of the City Council Have Been Busy the Past Week.

System Stood the Pressure Called for in the Contract.

Contractor R. E. Patterson arrived here last week and ever since that time has been busily engaged, with the members of the city council, in testing the water works system. Several leaks were discovered in the water mains and these have all been repaired by Mr. Patterson. On Monday afternoon a pressure test was given and the requirements of the contract were fulfilled. Yesterday morning the hydrants were tested, but owing to a break in the big power pump, only the tank pressure could be used and this test will have to be made at some future time.

The plant has not yet been paid for or accepted by the city council, there being some differences as to charges for extras made by Mr. Patterson, but no doubt this will be settled up in a short time.

ANOTHER SEWER.

City Council Decides to Establish a System on Third Street.

A special meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening for the purpose of considering the proposition of extending the sewer system on Third street from the Soo hotel to the First National Bank corner. Dr. Grundy, Dr. Tupper and C. A. Baker, who are erecting brick buildings on Third street, desire to make sewer connections, and the council decided to establish the system. An engineer will have to be employed to look over the ground and make an estimate of the cost. The property owners on both sides of the street will have to pay for the sewer.

Indians Borrowing Money.

The Indians over on the White Earth reservation, who were recently granted full property rights in their allotments, are busy getting them mortgaged. Sums from $100 to $700 are loaned on each tract, and the loan agents are getting a large commission besides the interest. Some of the redskins are buying stock and machinery, but it is believed most of them are squandering the money, which means that their lands will soon be in the hands of speculators. "We don't know as this will damage the Indians, particularly, as they never had any benefit from the land, anyway," says the Red River Review. "But the reservation ought to have been opened in the ordinary manner, so that the homeseeker instead of the speculator, would get the benefit."

A Norman County Size-Up.

The senatorship is "up in the air." Simons, of Red Lake county, has filed, and is the only one so far. He has strong opposition at home. Editor Lightbourn does not take as well to the idea as his friends hoped he would, and a number of others are being considered. A. L. Hanson has been urged by many to be a candidate, but has refused, so far. A. K. Strand, J. E.C. Volland and Jacob Nygaard are among the others frequently mentioned. Many men in both factions of the party in the county point to Judge Sharpe as the one who can come nearest to getting a unanimous vote in the county for senator.—Red River Review.

Soon to Commence.

Bulman Bros. will commence sending men up to the Red lake in about ten days to commence logging operations. They have taken a contract to log 5,000,000 feet for the Thief River Falls Lumber company on Sandy river. This is all of the holdings of the lumber company on this stream and Bulman Bros. will put it all in this winter. They will employ about one hundred men.

Divorce to Thief River Parties.

Crookston Journal: Today in the district court Judge Watts granted a divorce in the case of McEwen vs. McEwen on the ground of desertion. The case had appeared before Referee Richardson at Thief River and was brought before the district court for trial.

Coming Next Week.

The Swiss Entertainers will arrive in the city next Monday and remain here for a week, giving entertainments in a large tent. The company is composed of some twenty five people, have a band and it is said that they give very creditable entertainments.

Advertising the Fair.

Nels K. Nelson is out on the Soo line and S. Bond on the Great Northern line advertising the Thief River Falls fair. The fair is being advertised quite extensively and the prospects of a large attendance are decidedly good.

NEED NOT BUY BOXES

Post Office Department Issues an Order of Local Interest.

Rural Route Patrons Can Make Their Own Mail Boxes.

An order was issued this week at the post office department that will be of special interest to patrons of rural free delivery routes throughout the country. The essence of the order is that patrons on rural routes are permitted to put up letter boxes of their own make, provided such boxes comply with the departmental regulations and have painted upon them in plain lettering the words, "Approved by the postmaster general." This order is made by the postoffice officials, in response to urgent requests and as a result of the charges made that rural patrons were subjected to undue charges for the purchase of letter boxes approved by the department.

An effort was made during the recent session of congress to secure legislation along the line of the order approved but it was not successful. The order issued directs that after Aug. 1 patrons of rural delivery routes need not purchase their boxes from one of the 200 listed manufacturers who have put upon the market 200 styles of boxes approved by the department, and ranging in price from 50 cents apiece to $4, but may, if they choose, construct their own boxes, or have them made to order, provided they conform to the requirements as to size, durability, safety and protection from the weather.

Another requirement of the order is that persons who supply their own boxes must submit a sample or the box itself to the postmaster at any first or second class postoffice in the county where the rural service is in operation for his approval. The order also provides for an early reinspection of boxes heretofore approved, with a view to the gradual elimination of unfit boxes.

A SPECIAL TRAIN.

One to Be Run from Adams, N. D., During Fair Week.

The matter of having a special excursion train from Adams, N. D., on the Soo's Wheatline, is being taken up with the proper officials by the members of the Fair Association and positive assurance is given that the train will be run. There are a lot of people living along the Soo line in North Dakota that desire to visit the fair and it is very probable that hundreds of people from that state will be in attendance. This train will also accommodate the residents of Oslo and Warren who desire to attend.

GERMANTOWN.

Mr. Gillfoy made final proof on his claim last week.

The measles have taken hold of children around here, and most every family is attacked.

Mr. Trompton and family, from west of Thief River, were here visiting with the Bendicksons.

Mrs. Betcher, from Ada, Minn., was here visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Habedunk.

Ed. Stork and T. Clausen were down to Crookston on land office business for Mr. Williams the other day.

N. Bundhund and A. Hagy were in town as witnesses for Mr. Skog, who made final proof on his claim.

Messrs. Johnson and Fifer, of Grygla, passed through here en route to town with a load of butter from their creamery.

The Fourth of July was celebrated in good shape in Germantown. As the weather was fine, people came in from all parts of the country. Eeplee and Liner were well represented and all had a good time. Prof. Berry gave us a fine speech and a chorus of good singers rendered some national hymns, in which Henry's deep voice could be heard half a mile. Music was furnished by Weston & Co. A game of ball was played between Liner and Germantown, but the former proved to be too much for the latter and the score stood 13 to 7 in favor of Liner. All kinds of races came off and it was worth going a long distance to see our race horses. Some of them will no doubt be placed on the track at the next county fair.

Mrs. Chelin Recommends.

Miss Ebba Chelin went to Crookston June 11 and had an operation performed, returning to Thief River Falls July 7th. She had four operations, one in her nose, one in her throat and two in her stomach. Dr. Pieth, the great surgeon, performed the operations and Dr. Tupper, of Thief River Falls, administered the chloroform.

St. Vincent's Hospital in Crookston is a good place to stay at, the patients receiving good care and good board, and everything is nice and clean.

Mrs. C. Chelin,
Thief River Falls.

NEW CODE IS QUEER

Miss Knutson, One of the Summer School Instructors Here, Is Interested.

She Desires to Become a Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Miss Charlotte M. Knutson, one of the instructors in the summer school now in session in this city, desires to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for superintendent of schools of Otter Tail county, but the new code is causing trouble. Regarding the matter the Fergus Falls Journal says:

"The attorney general recently filed an opinion to the effect that women could not be allowed to vote at the primary election, and it would appear that the law which deprives a woman of the right to vote also deprives her of the right to become a candidate for a party nomination. The question has been raised in connection with the candidacy of Miss Charlotte M. Knutson of Pelican Rapids, who had decided to enter the field as a candidate for the Republican nomination for county superintendent of schools. The law provides that a candidate, in order to file for a party nomination, must make affidavit to the effect that he is a Republican, Democrat or whatever the case may be, that he voted for a majority of the candidates of that party at the last election and intends to vote for a majority of the candidates of that party at the next election, or something to this effect. As women are not permitted to vote except for school officers, it is apparent that they can scarcely take this oath, and at the same time it seems unjust to deprive them of the privilege of becoming candidates for party nominations for offices which they are entitled to hold. The difficulty is due to an oversight in the law, and the matter has been referred to the attorney general, as it is not certain that he has passed on this particular point. Miss Knutson has deferred filing until the matter is definitely settled. If she can not file for a party nomination, she could of course become an independent candidate by petition, but it is not known whether she will care to do so or otherwise."

Tent Meetings Still Continue.

We will this week commence some very interesting studies on the prophecies of Daniel and the Revelations. The apostle Peter, in referring to his past experience, places greater confidence upon the "sure word of prophecy" than upon that which he had witnessed with his own eyes. Bible prophecy is certainly "a more sure word" also for our time. The program is as follows:

Friday evening, July 13: "Will There Be Many Saved?"

Saturday evening, July 14: "Meat in Due Season."

Sunday afternoon, July 15: "The Prophetic Word."

Sunday evening, July 15: "One Sin."

Monday evening, July 16: "The Prophetic History of the World." Dan. 2.

Tuesday evening, July 17: "The Man of Sin (2 Thess. 2:3) as Brought to View in the Seventh Chapter of Daniel."

Wednesday evening, July 18: "The Hour of Judgment Is Come (Rev. 14:6) as Foretold by Daniel the Prophet."

Thursday evening, July 19: "The Change of the Sabbath Predicted by the Prophet of God."

All Scandinavians are cordially invited to attend. Remember the time, 7:45 each evening and 3:00 P. M. Sundays.

J. F. Anderson.
O. E. Johansen.
M. S. Reppe.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 7, 1906:—

Anderson, Mrs. S. A. 2
Carlson, P. A. (or P. O.)
Christopherson, Chas.
Conklin, Miss Ida
Ford, M. J.
Fredrickson, Oscar
Gudmundson, Jorgen
Hawkinson, Miss Selma
Halvrson, Mrs. L.
Jackson, Franklin
Jensen, A. R.
Innis, Mrs. Amy
Johnson, John
Majamb, Dana
Laswell, G. F.
Lindberg, Mrs. Anna
Mr. McCulla
Martin, J. J.
Nelson, Christina
Olson, Alfred
Rasberg, Miss Senseu
Safko, Miss Gusta
Sodermann, Miss Betsey
Tindolph, Dr. Lea W.
Vassau, F. E.
West, Miss Eva
Wickum, Miss Della

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Ira C. Richardson, P. M.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

House of N. S. Nelson Almost Completely Wrecked Tuesday Morning.

None of the Inmates of the House Injured at All Seriously.

Few residents of Thief River Falls knew that there was an electrical storm Tuesday morning of this week, but nevertheless the farm house of N. S. Nelson, who lives about a mile south of town on the west side of the river, was nearly wrecked by a lightning bolt. The house was struck at about 6:30 in the morning and part of the family was in bed. While none of the inmates of the house sustained any serious injury, it seems almost a miracle that all were not killed. All of the plastering in the house was knocked off and even part of the siding on the outside of the house was torn off. The house presented more the appearance of having been in the California earthquake rather than being hit by a bolt of lightning. A pillow upon the bed where one of the inmates of the house was sleeping was entirely scorched.

SCHOOL ELECTION.

Annual Meeting to Be Held July 21 and Four Directors to Be Elected.

Notices have been posted calling for a regular election in school district No. 18 for the purpose of electing four new school directors. The election will be held in the city hall at 7 o'clock in the evening of July 21. There is very little talk of candidates, although it is considered quite probable that three of the old directors—C. C. Jackson, P. W. Mabey and C. A Nason will be candidates for re-election. As to who will be the fourth candidate or other candidates, there are no announcements. Every voter in the city should make it a point to attend and express his choice for members of the board. The schools of the city need good men in charge and all should taken an interest in the election.

May Be A Candidate.

Oscar Naplin, of Bray, was in the city Tuesday shaking hands with his numerous friends here. Mr. Naplin is one of the successful school teachers of Red Lake county and is being strongly urged to enter the race for county superintendent of schools. Mr. Naplin, we understood, has arrived at no decision in the matter as yet, but if he gets into the race he can be assured of strong support in this section.

Preparing for the Fair.

Rollis wants to make up some samples of our grain, grasses, etc., for the Thief River fair and a meeting will be called at Fram P. O. for this purpose. The managers are requested to mail us their premium list.—Rollis correspondence in the Middle River Pioneer.

COUNTY AID IN WISCONSIN.

Text of a Law Providing For Highway Improvement.

The law passed by the last Wisconsin legislature providing for county aid in highway improvement and which is being taken advantage of by many towns throughout the state reads as follows, says the Good Roads Magazine:

"Whenever the supervisors of any town shall file with the county board of the county in which such town is situated a petition setting forth that such town, in addition to levying the usual highway taxes, has voted to cover any main traveled highway after the same has been properly graded at the expense of said town, not less than twenty-four feet wide, with gravel, crushed rock or clay or gravel to a depth of not less than four inches and not less than eight feet in width, and that said town has provided for the payment of one half of the cost of covering said main traveled highway with gravel, the county board shall appropriate the other half of such cost and cause such sum to be levied upon all the taxable property in the county as will with the amount provided for by said town be sufficient to defray the expense of covering said main traveled highway or highways designated in said petition.

"Such money when collected shall be paid out on order signed by the chairman of the county board and county clerk whenever said town supervisors shall notify them that the work has been completed and accepted. The county board shall at the time of making such appropriation designate two of its members who shall have full authority to act with the town board of supervisors in letting the contract for, providing the specifications for and inspecting and accepting the work, provided that nothing herein contained shall compel any county to make or cover more than one mile of highway at a cost not to exceed $1,000 in a town in any one year or to levy a total tax of over 1 mill on the dollar of the assessed valuation in any one year."

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Charles Shirley was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

The Swiss Entertainers will be here next week.

—Wanted—Two girls at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Don't fail to see the Swiss Entertainers next week.

—Lawn seats and lawn swings at Torrison Bros.'

H. G. Dobner was down to Red Lake Falls on business the first of the week.

Attorney Mabey transacted business at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

E. R. Evins and wife and H. E. Ives and wife, of St. Hilaire, were in the city yesterday.

Architect Strassberger was up from Crookston yesterday attending to business matters.

Leonard Peterson went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

The Swiss Entertainers will arrive here next Monday, July 16 and remain for one week.

The weather during the past week has been quite hot and the ice man has been kept busy.

Hank Beaulieu left yesterday for Grafton, N. D., where he will work for a couple of months.

Dr. Lanning and family leave this week for Sioux Falls, Iowa, to make their future home.

R. C. Mathwig, an enterprising real estate dealer of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Fred Wells, an old time Thief River Falls real estate dealer, was here from Grand Forks yesterday.

Miss Cummings, of Glencoe, who had been in the city visiting her brother, returned home Monday evening.

The county commissioners at a meeting held this week donated $200 for the county fair which will be held here in August.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

Joseph Blair, P. K. Olson and James Evenson, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city the first of the week. They were viewers on a ditch southwest of town.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

Frank Kratka, Jr., has commenced work as brakeman on the Soo line and his friends hope to see him wearing a conductor's uniform on this popular road before long.

J. D. Moore arrived in the city last Saturday from LaCrosse, Wis., to visit his uncles, C. L. and H. G. Dobner. He will be employed in the First State Bank during his vacation.

Postmaster Richardson, Herman Ohm and G. Lonson went down to Crookston last evening to attend the Modern Woodmen picnic today. Others are expected to go down this evening.

Next Monday the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county meet as a board of equalization and review the tax assessment of Red Lake county as returned by the various assessors of the county.

Gladys and Carlisle Hanson, who had been visiting a number of their young friends here since the Fourth, returned to Red Lake Falls Tuesday. Alice Peterson accompanied them and will visit friends there for a few days.

The attendance at the summer training school now numbers over 100, and a great deal of interest in the work is being taken by those in attendance. It is said to be the most successful training school ever held in Red Lake county.

"Buster" Ralston, the young son of J. A. Ralston, proprietor of the Hub restaurant, suffered a sunstroke Monday afternoon. He is now getting along nicely, although he was considered to be in a very serious condition Monday evening.

C. M. Wilson the first of the week received word from St. Peter of the death of his father, Lars L. Wilson, one of the pioneer residents of the central section of Minnesota. Mr. Wilson was unable to attend the funeral. The deceased was 92 years of age and a man held in high esteem in his neighborhood.

Residents of Riverside avenue in Porter's addition are going to petition the city council to have a six foot cement walk constructed from the Star Steam Laundry to the end of the avenue. The walk will be on the east side of the avenue and will greatly add to the appearance of that portion of the city.

Don't place your order for any rug or carpet with a stranger until you get our prices. Yesterday a lady was in our store that had placed an order with a canvasser for a rug, paying $25 for the same. We had the identical same rug in our store and all we asked for it was $18. We believe we can save you money. All we ask is that you call and examine our rugs before you buy. Torrison Bros.

Auto Fees to Build Roads.

Secretary of State Laylin of Ohio estimates that the new automobile registration law, which makes him the registering officer and authorizes him to collect a graded annual license, will produce a state revenue of $50,000. As this is given to the state highway commissioner's fund it will probably restore the amount to be available for the good roads movement for this year to the original figure of $200,000.

The Road Building Season.

A considerable amount of money is annually expended on roads for which adequate return is not received by reason that the work is not done at the proper season. There is a proper time for building new, or rebuilding old earth roads, just as much as there is a proper time for doing farm work, and that time is as early in the spring as the ground settles after the frost has left it.

What Pennsylvania Is Doing.

The good roads movement in Pennsylvania has been given an impetus by the work accomplished in the Abington section. A resolution has been introduced in the council of Dickson City for issuing $40,000 improvement bonds, while the officials of the city of Scranton and the boroughs of Blakely, Archbald, Jermyn and Mayfield are also giving attention to the subject.

Real Estate Boomers.

As a result of good roads, nearly every place situated on or near a macadam road in the town of Hempstead, N. Y., is reported to be leased or sold at an increased valuation. Good roads are booming real estate throughout Nassau county, and the work of construction will be pushed energetically as soon as the season opens.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Andrew B. Miller.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew B. Miller, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Betsy Miller, Ella V. Miller, Meriann Miller and Roy H. Miller and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of August, 1906, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 11th day of July, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
Probate Judge.
[COURT SEAL.]

Paul W. Mabey,
Attorney for Petitioner.
July 12 26

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, July 11th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic Catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth in children and all wasting disease in adults. [illegible] Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost [illegible]

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

[illegible]

DR. J. E. DORAN,
304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

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To Dress Neat You Must Have Neat Clothes.

The place to get neat clothes is where they have them. So before buying, call and look our line over. We guarantee satisfaction at

The C. O. D. Clothing Co.,
Kenison & Amundson, Proprietors.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

We Are Here to Stay With You for Your Benefit as Well as Ours.

We are ready to start up our factory. Order your screen doors, window screens and have your porches screened. We make them in sections, so that they can be easily stored away. Also window and door frames, windows and doors of every style and quality—turning scroll and re-sawing. We make everything in wood work. We appreciate a 25-cent job as well as a $100 one. We also make matting and all kinds of interior finish, show cases, store fixtures, store fronts and store work. Give us a trial.

Pioneer Sash and Door Co.
Ware Room in Murphy & LaBree Building.
Office and Factory Near G. N. Depot.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

INSURANCE IS BOOSTED UP

Fire Insurance Companies Raise Rates on Certain Risks.

This City Soon to Be Given a New Rating, Which Will Help Some.

Local fire insurance agents have been notified of a raise in insurance rates on certain classes of risks. The raise effects all towns in Minnesota. In Thief River Falls, however, it is expected that within the next few weeks the town will be re-rated and considerable of a reduction is then looked for. The rates that have been raised are upon the following classes of goods:

20 per cent on stocks of merchandise.
30 per cent on all machine shops, boiler works, foundries, stove works, and on all iron and metal works.
40 per cent on all boot and shoe factories.
50 per cent on all paper mills.
20 per cent on all terminal elevators. (Not country.)
20 per cent on all flour mills.
15 per cent on all furniture factories.
25 per cent on all summer hotels.
15 per cent on all saw mills.

The official circular says that experience shows that on the above classes for the last five years the indemnity has been furnished below cost, and the advance is necessary to make those classes pay their just proportion of fire tax.

This action has already been taken in the cities and none of the classes named are exempt in this state, except sprinklered risks.

The advance will hold good until such risks can be re-rated under schedules which will be more discriminating as between good and poor risks. The re-rating will be taken up and pushed as rapidly as possible so that the first advance will not be permanent.

There is a general belief, however, that the companies are seeking to recoup themselves for losses in the San Francisco fire, and local people protest that rates are too high already in many instances.

Held on Serious Charge.

Ole Brandon, of Como, was brought to Warren on Tuesday and turned over to the sheriff's charge. The young man had been charged by Mrs. George Curtis, the wife of one of his neighbors, with having made an assault upon her with intent to commit rape. The justice before whom she made her complaint bound Brandon over to the grand jury and sent him here in the custody of an officer for safe keeping. A writ of habeas corpus was sued out by a Thief River Falls attorney. The commitment issued by the justice was fatally defective and consequently Judge Grindeland discharged the prisoner.

County Attorney Brown immediately swore out a warrant before Justice Weld and Brandon was at once re-arrested. As none of the necessary witnesses were here, the preliminary examination was adjourned.—Warren Register.

Other Places Have Trouble.

Gov. Johnson yesterday suspended H. G. Anderson, county commissioner for Jackson county, pending an investigation into charges filed by citizens of Lakefield. Loren M. Powers has been appointed to take the testimony at Jackson July 13. The examination will be conducted by George W. Somerville for the citizens of Jackson. A further hearing will be held before Gov. Johnson on Aug. 1.

It is charged in the complaint that Anderson attempted to secure the removal of the name of a resident from a petition for a change in the county seat by tendering him $20, and that he used his influence in other ways unbecoming to a county commissioner to defeat the petition, which had for its object the removal of the county seat from Jackson to Lakefield.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Tax Dodgers.

Delinquent personal property taxpayers who have moved out of the county in which their tax was levied are, under the new code, no longer safe from prosecution, says the Winnebago City Press News. In the new laws it is provided that it shall be the duty of the auditor of the county in which a delinquent tax is recorded to notify the clerk of court of the county in which the taxpayer lives and the clerk shall then furnish a warrant to the sheriff, who in turn must serve it and levy upon the property owner's goods the same as if the tax was due in his own county.

Change in Time on the Wheatline.

Commencing Sunday, July 8th, the west bound train will run through to Kenmare, N. D. leaving at 7:00 in the morning, instead of 7:30 as heretofore. The train will arrive from Kenmare at 8:45 p. m. an hour earlier than on the old schedule.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS
FOR SALE — FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE
Office South of City Hall

DUE THIS YEAR.

Seventeen-Year Locusts Are Said to Be Due This Season.

This year, so we are informed by the scientific experts who keep track of such matters, is to be a locust year. In fact, if the experts are correct about it, this is the season when this country is due to have not only one, but two visitations from these yellow-winged pests. In other words, there are two "broods" of locusts, known, respectively, as the seventeen-year and the thirteen-year species and, according to the records, both of them are to be expected this year. This coincidence happens only once in two centuries, and for this reason more than usual interest will doubtless be taken in the predictions for the present season. Information regarding the appearance of the insects in any portion of the country is desired at Washington, with a view of keeping the closest possible track of them. While there has been comparatively slight damage from the pest in recent years, the government wishes to be as well posted touching the time and place of their appearance as possible, with a view of being prepared for them should the damage from them give promise of being considerable.

Clover Crop Is Good.

The harvest of the clover crop was commenced last week and, according to all reports, this crop is an exceptionally good one in this section. In the town of Rocksbury the clover crop is the largest and best it has been for years. Farmers are beginning to find out that clover is the most profitable thing that can be raised and when more of them find this out, land will be selling for $100 per acre.

New Officers.

Last Saturday the stockholders of the Merchants State Bank held a special meeting and elected a new set of officers. C. L. Hansen was chosen president, A. D. Stephens second vice president, and K. O. Gigstad cashier. Leonard Holmes, H. E. Ives and R. H. Bourdon, together with the officers, were elected as directors.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

It's a Boy.

Daniel Patterson was busy yesterday calling on his friends and distributing a box of cigars with the information that there was a boy born at his home on Thursday night. There is a houseful of girls in the Patterson family, but this is the first boy and Dan is entitled to a celebration.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A BARREL OF TROUBLE

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plummers can be found at our address.

We Don't Care

to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good honest effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY
Phone 221

The News, $1 Per Year.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 12, 1906.

Mr. Steenerson's Record.

The papers throughout the state are throwing many bouquets at Hon. Halvor Steenerson, the Ninth district's representative in congress, and that he deserves them all are agreed. The drainage bill which Mr. Steenerson fathered in congress will be of great benefit to the residents of this section and no piece of legislation was ever introduced in congress that means so much to the residents of northern Minnesota.

Mr. Steenerson is an energetic and wide-awake person and the people have expected that he would accomplish much legislation of benefit to northern Minnesota. It is especially gratifying to the NEWS, however, to state that Mr. Steenerson took a firm stand against all graft measures introduced in congress, and in this respect we believe that his record is the best.

Take, for instance, the mail-hauling graft from Washington to New Orleans, which was one of the measures against which Mr. Steenerson made a strong fight, and he not only voted against this measure, but spoke against it before the house committee. At the time there was considerable in the papers about the matter and, in order to freshen the memory of the people upon this matter, we will publish a few of the facts regarding the case.

The distance from Washington to New Orleans, by rail, is 1,136 miles; the time of the mail trains is 40 hours. The scale for carrying the mail on trains, arranged by collusion thirty years ago, and which they are still drawing, gave them last year $947,910.92 for this haul. This did not satisfy the greed of the railroad barons, so they had their servile congress give them a bonus of $142,175 more, making a total of $1,190,085.50—or the enormous sum of $2,986.50 per day. This is not all; they drew an additional sum of $222,970.50 for the use of the mail cars, a sum sufficient to build the cars twice every year. This makes the sum daily of $3,597.11 for handling the mail on this one line. To illustrate what this robbery means, take the report of the earnings of the Queen and Crescent route from Cincinnati to New Orleans, a distance of 1,156 miles, and the total receipts from all sources for 1904 were $6,801,993, while the operating expenses were $5,171,322, leaving a net earning of $1,630,671.

Here is a road a little longer, and it drew the regulation price for hauling mails, and, with all that and all its passenger and freight receipts, it took in only five times as much as was paid to this Washington-New Orleans road for mail alone. In other words, the government pays enough in its mail contracts with the roads to run every passenger train in the nation. The government could build a road from Washington to New Orleans and carry nothing but mail, and could do it for far less than the roads now get for the same service in connection with all their other traffic. It is hard to conceive how a congressman can vote to rob the people who elect him, unless he is bribed, or else is a fool who doesn't know any better. It is absurd that the public should pay enough for hauling the mails to build and equip a railroad and pay the interest on the whole sum. The railroads get easily twenty times as much as they should get for hauling the mails.

If there were more men in congress who would take the stand that Mr. Steenerson does in these matters, the nation would be far better off. Two years ago Mr Steenerson was nominated and elected without opposition, and this year it will undoubtedly be the same. So long as he represents the people in so honest and able a manner, he is entitled to the support of all of the people, regardless of party.

The Affair Not Ended.

The Red Lake Falls papers continue to hold County Auditor Ford up as a model and are attempting to discredit Attorney E. M. Stanton, of this city, who has been in charge of the legal battle for Thief River Falls in the county seat case. Most every person in the county well knows how Red Lake Falls gained a temporary advantage in the county seat case, yet the papers of Red Lake Falls continue to misstate the facts regarding the matter and dare not publish the exact facts.

The slight temporary advantage which Red Lake Falls obtained and which will result in delaying the vote upon the county seat question for a few months was obtained at a great cost. James E. Ford, the county auditor and a man who was held in general high respect throughout the county, had to commit malfeasance in office. We do not believe that Mr. Ford did this wilfully, but was prevailed upon to do this by the unprincipled gang that has been running things down there for the past number of years and which is one of the main reasons why the people of Red Lake county desire to see the county seat removed to another location in the county, where different environments would be an inducement for county officials to do their sworn duty. This mud slinging at Mr. Stanton is in no way going to excuse Mr. Ford, nor will it hurt the Thief River Falls attorney. Mr. Stanton has resided in this section of Minnesota for a number of years and the people know him to be a man of honor.

The plain facts in the case are that Mr. Ford, as county auditor, was served with an injunction upon the 15th day of June, which was made returnable before Court Commissioner Toupin on the 18th day of June. There was no appearance made in this case upon the part of Mr. Ford or any attorney, and judgment was taken against the county. By doing this Mr. Ford committed malfeasance in office and there is a question among the attorneys as to whether or not he could not be proceeded against in a criminal action. In any event, the affair is not ended and Mr. Ford will know before long that he did not do the right thing.

County Road Commissioner.

The proposition of the state highway commission to have the county surveyor replaced by a county highway commissioner appears to be a good one.

It is argued by the commissioners that the office of county surveyor is practically a useless one now, and that there is an urgent call for such an office as highway commissioner. It is possible that there are still many things that a county surveyor can do, and if the objection to abolishing that office is too strong, it will be a simple matter to combine the two offices. However, as there is little money in being county surveyor in any part of the state, it is improbable that there will be any great outcry over the abolition of the office.

And as to the need of a county overseer of highways, there is no question. This is no reflection upon the members of the various boards of county commissioners, which now have complete supervision over road work for the county. They do the best they can, but usually they are farmers or business men who meet once a month or twice a year, and who occasionally take trips out over their districts to see how the road work is coming on. They could not be expected to handle the road work as systematically and effectively as one man could who had full supervision of all road work, and who was made responsible for the manner in which the work was done and for the results.

Such an officer is especially needed in a great county like St. Louis, where the road work is scattered over a wide area. The county commissioners devote much time to the road work in their respective districts, but all of them are business men who have their own affairs to attend to much of the time, and as the pay is not large enough to induce them to devote their entire attention to the county's business, they are doing now all that could be expected of them. To create the office of county highway commissioner and to appoint to it a man who would have full supervision of all county road work would not be taking anything out of the hands of the board. It would enable them, while assuming full responsibility for all road work and maintaining their present direction of expenditures for that purpose, to delegate to a man whom they could trust the execution of the details.

The state highway commission will present this plan to the legislature at its meeting in January, and while it is not to be expected that it will meet unanimous approval, it seems so reasonable that it should ultimately prevail. The highway commission has not stated whether it would have the office filled by election or appointment, but, in view of the fact that the county commissioners are primarily responsible for the work, and will continue to be even with a highway commissioner handling it, it would seem that the better plan would be to let the board of county commissioners fill the office by appointment.—Duluth Herald.

"None of the patrons of the Todd County creamery are thinking of selling out and going to Canada," says the Long Prairie Leader. "They are making too much money. They think they have solved the problem of successful farming. The creamery is now paying out $1,000 per week. This sum will increase during the next six weeks and, if this wet weather continues, will increase until fall. Last Tuesday the institution shipped out 100 tubs of butter, or 25 per cent more than for the same week the year before. Every farmer who is giving his attention to dairying is prospering and the field that open up to him is unlimited. One farmer unloaded 1,100 pounds of milk Tuesday morning. You couldn't buy his farm for $60 per acre, for he has found out how to run it and clear $75 to $100 every month in addition to the regular crops he takes from it. There is an old saying that whenever you are broke buy a new hat. We suggest that whenever a farmer gets the Canada fever he buy another cow and hang a diagram of the road to the creamery over his door."

There was absolutely nothing that County Auditor Ford did or left undone that had the slightest effect upon the decision in the injunction case. Nor was it altogether the incompetency of the Thief River Falls attorneys. They had promised more than they could perform and would throw the blame of failure on the auditor. It is a mean, low, dirty, contemptible, dog's trick.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Why does not the Courier publish the facts regarding the case and tell how the Red Lake Falls attorneys won their great victory? In a nut shell, the whole thing is simply this: Auditor Ford was served with an injunction. Being in collusion with the Red Lake Falls attorneys, he was prevailed upon to say nothing regarding the serving of this injunction upon him and allowed judgment to be taken against the county by default. As a public official, he failed to do his duty, and he will have to suffer the consequences.

Willmar Tribune: The party slave is a cipher; the independent man is the integer. The man who thinks his party is always right and the other parties always wrong will never assist in correcting an error. In every effort so far made in the line of progress the party slave has had no part; the independent thinker who has looked at every question in the light of reason and not in a partisan light has been the moving force.

We have great admiration for Gov. Folk of Missouri. He is the kind of man who speaks the truth convincingly, and who does it with courage and clearness. In an assembly at Appleton, Wis., he said:

> "In my official position, if I can please the law-abiding and displease the corruptionists, I shall be satisfied. In my campaign for governor of the state of Missouri I denounced corruptionists from every stump in the state, and said I did not want to be elected if I could not be elected without their support. The corruptionists have no power if you stand up and fight them; their only power comes from bluffing and bulldozing the people."

Word comes from Norman county to the effect that D. C. Lightbourn, editor of the Norman County Index, will announce in his paper this week that he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator from this district. L. C. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, is already in the field for the office and it is quite likely that Beltrami county will have a candidate. In Red Lake couty there is much opposition to Mr. Simons and it is not beleived that he carry this county.

Albert Lea Standard: The governor can do much to promote "state development"—and no governor has ever proved recreant in this respect—but effective work depends mainly upon the legislature, and the people should see to it that only the best and most trustworthy men are elected to that body, if they would secure the benefits of that development and progress which is favored by all patriotic and public spirited citizens.

During one week three car loads of butter were shipped from Thief River Falls and the towns north of here on the Greenbush line. Every week there is at least one car shipped. The value of a car load of butter is estimated to be about $6,000. That tells the whole story of the development of this section of the state. Farm lands here will soon be as valuable as in any section of Minnesota.

A few North Dakota politicians met in St. Paul this week and framed up a slate for the next two years. Just how long the people in that state are going to stand for boss rule, it would be hard to say, but one thing is certain and that is that Alex McKenzie has ruled North Dakota ever since it was admitted into the union.

The issue in Red Lake county this fall will be the election of county officials who will do their duty at all times. It is easy enough for a candidate to say that he will do this, but be sure and know the man you vote for.

The Red Lake Falls Courier seems to know the intentions of Gov. Johnson in advance of the rest of the people. It is possible, however, that the governor may be able to settle some questions without the aid of the state librarian.

The people of Red Lake county have at least the satisfaction of knowing that the Red Lake gang can not serve any injunction that will prevent them from voting for county officers this fall.

Up to the time of going to press, Bro. Cox, of the Red Lake Falls Courier, has not started that investigation he had so much to say about.

John Duffy's O. K. will not elect "Jim" Ford to office.

The Sleepy-Eye Dispatch says: "Congressman Bede has declared the meat inspection bill unconstitutional, but the people may not regard this as final."

The farmers who are raising clover and patronizing the creameries will make more than any wheat farmer up in Canada.

The thing that seems to be bothering "Jim" Ford just now is that he did not do his duty.

John Duffy has not nominated himself for any county office as yet.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 9.—Wheat—July, 76⅝c; Sept., 77c; Dec., 77⅝@77¾c; May, 81⅛c. On track—No. 2 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 77½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $4.00@6.00. Hogs—$6.35@6.55. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 9.—Wheat—To arrive—No. 1 Northern, 78⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 76¾c. On track—No. 1 Northern, 79c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅝c; July, 78⅜c; Sept., 77⅝c; Dec., 77⅛c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.11¼; July, $1.11¼; Sept., $1.10; Oct., $1.09.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.25@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; calves, $4.75@6.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.40@6.85; good heavy, $6.55@6.82½; rough heavy, $6.35@6.55; light, $6.40@6.85; pigs, $5.75@6.40. Sheep, $4.60@6.15; lambs, $5.50@5.70.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 9.—Wheat—July, 77⅝c; Sept., 77¾c. Corn—July, 52c; Sept., 52¼c. Oats—July, 37¾c; Sept., 34⅝@34¾c. Pork—July, $17.67½; Sept., $17.17½@17.20. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.08½; Sept., $1.05@1.07. Butter—Creameries, 18@20c; dairies, 15@18c. Eggs—12@14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 12c; springs, 19@20c.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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DRINK Hamm's NEW BREW

BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway

will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to

St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. [illegible] Final Return Limit August 31.
[illegible]

W. E. BAKER, Agent.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	67c
Oats	35c
Flax	99c
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city last Friday.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

P. W. Roark and wife spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

Attorney Michelet transacted business in Crookston last evening.

Attorney Cooke was down to Crookston on legal business last week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

George Diebel and R. B. Laing came over from Milton, N. D., last week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was over to Bemidji last week on legal business.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

C. W. Stewart returned last Saturday from Red Wing, where he had been to spend his vacation.

—Go to the Conklin Boiler Works for your brass goods, packing, belting and all threshers' supplies. 18.

C. J. Landman and wife left last Friday for Grand Forks to spend a month visiting friends.

For Sale—A 16-horse power threshing outfit, cheap. For information call at the Conklin Boiler Works.

B. Docken arrived here last Friday from Meckinock, N. D., and has taken a position in Langseth's store.

P. W. Roark and wife left the first of the week for Kelliher, where they will make their home in the future.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Frank Cornoueck was in from his claim on the reservation last week, having been down to Crookston on land office business.

Peter and Lottie Remmem, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Finke, of the town of Norden, returned last Friday to their home in Mentor.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note made payable to Fred Pike for $330 and signed by Fred Lacount and one note for $100 payable to Fred Pike and signed J. T. Mays.

C. J. Knox's horse, "Lockstep," won first money in the 2:40 race and second money in the free for all race at Hallock last week. The horse will not be entered in any more races until the fair is held in Thief River Falls.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forseberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Dr. Dodds was up from Crookston last week.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

B. M. Slee, of Warren, spent Sunday in the city.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

H. M. Olson was in from Sorum the first of the week.

—For Sale—My residence on the East Side. W. S. Day.

T. P. Hamre was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Charles A. Hitchcock was up from Crookston last week.

Attorney Tautges was over to Warren on legal business Tuesday.

L. M. Hoag was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

John P. Pederson was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives were up from St. Hilaire last Saturday evening.

Services next Sunday evening in the Norwegian Lutheran church at 7:45.

Miss Mabel Evenson was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week visiting friends.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston to spend Sunday visiting with old friends.

B. L. Fairbanks and Irvine P. Gardner, of White Earth, were in the city last week.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Frank Tilton this afternoon.

Mrs. Albert Spokley and children left Monday evening for Climax to visit friends for a few days.

Mrs. George Jarman and son left last evening for Fergus Falls to remain for a month visiting relatives.

A number of young people enjoyed a ride up the Red Lake river Saturday evening in a gasoline launch.

Miss Mary Caldwell left Monday morning for Nakomis, N. D., to visit Mrs. Fred Gobler for a few weeks.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

F. H. Kratka and Dennis Cavanagh were up to Kittson county last week. They report that the crops up there were looking exceedingly fine.

Severn Thirswick, of Steel, N. D., was in the city the first of the week and purchased a half section of land near town. He will probably remove to this city in the fall.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

Misses Grace and Hazel Whitney, of St. Cloud, who had been in the city visiting their aunt, Mrs. S. Kenison, left last Saturday for Grand Forks, where they will visit friends for a few days before returning to their home.

Pat Sullivan, river foreman for the East Grand Forks lumber company, arrived here from the outlet with a drive of 9,000,000 feet of logs. It will take until about Saturday to get the logs through the city, as the work of sorting does not go very fast.

Fred Pike was about the only person who lost any money on circus day last week. Someone cut his vest open and removed a pocketbook containing $30 in money and two notes—one for $330 and one for $100. Payment upon the notes has been stopped.

Senator B. E. Sundberg, of Kennedy, was in the city over Sunday to confer with some builders here regarding a fine residence he is going to build at Hallock this year. Senator Sundberg is again a candidate for re-election and thus far no opposition has developed.

A. J. Waller came down from Rollis Monday to receive medical treatment. While chopping wood, he cut his left thumb nearly off, the bone being entirely severed and was left hanging by only a small piece of skin. The thumb was not cut off and the doctors believe that it will soon heal up.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 5th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Supt. Michaels and Master Mechanic Horton went out to Kenmare Monday morning on the new Wheatline passenger train.

Attorney E. M. Stanton left the first of the week for Grand Rapids to attend the summer term of court for Itasca county.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush last week and closed a deal for the sale of a complete threshing outfit with a farmer living near that place.

Mrs. John W. Eastman left Monday evening for Minneapolis to spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives there and at Anoka and St. Cloud.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

C. J. Winton was in the city last Friday and left again that day for Kalispell, Mont., accompanied by his brother, D. N. Winton. They will remain out there about ten days attending to some business matters.

The property owners on third street will build a 12-foot cement walk from Dr. Tupper's new building to the Soo depot. Anyone desiring to make a bid for doing this work is requested to call at the office of Dr. Tupper and full particulars will be given.

E. L. Warren, who was formerly in charge of the pine land estimators and made his headquarters in Thief River Falls, was in the city last week shaking hands with his many old friends here. Mr. Warren is now settled on the White Earth reservation, where he has a valuable pine land allotment.

Iver Erickson, who will be associated with C. M. Evenson in the management of a clothing store here, arrived here yesterday from Minneapolis, and will remain here during the future. The gentlemen expect to get their clothing store opened up in the near future. A large portion of the stock has already arrived.

Auctioneers C. M. Evenson and Louis Nelson will hold a monster auction sale on Friday and Saturday afternoons of this week in the building just north of the First National bank. Household goods, etc., belonging to a number of different parties will be sold and those who attend will be sure to get some bargains.

Phil A. Kaufer, who for a number of years was the editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, but is now located at Tacoma, Wash., was in the city last Saturday, having come in over the Wheatline from the west. He drove to Red Lake Falls to spend a few days attending to old business matters. Before returning to the west, where he has a prosperous business, he will visit Chicago and New York.

Alex Nystue, a young man of the town of Eckvoll, was brought in Tuesday by H. M. Clark, constable of Thief Lake, and Alex Thompson, for examination as to his sanity before judge Holm. He was adjudged insane and committed to the asylum at Fergus Falls, whither he was taken by sheriff Forsberg and O. N. Nelson. The unfortunate man was quite violent and had to be held in a straight jacket while here.—Warren Sheaf.

Trustees' Meetings.

In accordance with the law under which trustees are allowed $3.00 per day, hotel expenses and five cents a mile going to and coming from a meeting, held by the county superintendent of schools, I will hold three meetings as follows: One at Red Lake Falls, July 14th; one at Thief River Falls, July 17th, and one at Kratka, July 19th, 1906.

Every school officer in the county should attend one of these meetings. You may attend more than one, but will receive pay for attending one only. Many changes have been made in the school laws which trustees should know of before the annual meeting. Copies of the school laws will be distributed at the above meetings and all changes clearly explained. The best ways of building, furnishing, heating, lighting and ventilating school houses will be discussed by practical school men.

All parties interested in the formation of new school districts in the "Eleven Towns," or who desire information in regard to obtaining money from the state to build school houses, or how to perfect the organization of a district after it has been established by the county commissioners, should attend one of these meetings, whether they are school officers or not.

As there is a teachers' training school in session during the month of July, at Thief River Falls, all trustees who attend the Thief River Falls meeting will have the opportunity of visiting the school. The conductor and instructors in the summer school, also City Superintendent J. H. Hay, will address the meeting.

Special state aid to country schools will be one of the important subjects which will be discussed.

I wish to meet every school officer in the county at these meetings. Do not fail to come. Yours truly,

H. T. McANULTY,
County Superintendent.

A QUESTION OF INTEREST

Settlers on Reservation May Not Have to Pay Interest on Deferred Payments.

The Law, as It Stands, Makes No Mention of Interest Charges.

In answer to an inquiry regarding the payments on land in the eleven towns, R. J. Montague, register of the land office at Crookston, has issued the following statement, which will be of interest to all the settlers:

We quote the following from Public Document No. 858, being the Indian Appropriation Bill, passed by the last congress, approved June 21, 1906, so that the same is now law:

"That the homestead settlers on all ceded Indian reservations in Minnesota who purchased the lands occupied by them as homesteads be, and they hereby are, granted an extension of one year's *time* in which to make the payments now provided by law."

This is all the information we have on the subject of extension of payments on Red Lake lands. We have not been officially notified and can not state whether or not interest will accrue. I see nothing in this requiring interest.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NO CANADA FOR HIM.

Albert Korthals Says Canada Is No Place for a Poor Man.

Sebeka Review: Mr. and Mrs. Albert Korthals returned Monday afternoon from New Moosejaw, Sask., Canada, where they went last spring to take a homestead. Mr. Korthals stated when he returned that he wanted no part of Canada for his home.

Mr. Korthals has looked over the country very carefully, and found that the reports sent out by the Canadian agents are very false. He got the Canada fever by reading the circulars sent out by these agents, stating the wonderful crops Canada is raising, no crop failures, and everything sold as cheap there as here. Mr. Korthals says that the existing conditions are not so. Machinery, lumber, flour and nearly everything, is much higher than here. Lumber, for instance, is much higher, common lumber selling for $45 a thousand. Near Moosejaw the farmers have been hailed out for seven successive years. When he first arrived there, the country was dry and all vegetation burned and dried up, and a little later on it commenced to rain, and Mr. Korthals says it was raining yet when they left last Saturday. The grass was only about three or four inches high.

Mr. Korthals talked with many who came from Minnesota, and the majority of them were anxious to get back, but they couldn't, as they spent all they possessed to get there. When a settler goes to Canada, it is difficult for him to get away, unless he is a person of means. An immigrant is not allowed to sell his property until he has lived there one year. Minnesota is a good stock and agricultural country, and its citizens should think seriously before leaving.

Suit Is Brought.

Suit has been commenced in the district court of Red Lake county against J. F. Cavanaugh, a former merchant of this city, but who is now located over in North Dakota. When Mr. Cavanaugh was doing business in this city some two years ago, he insured with the Mercantile Mutual Insurance company, of St. Paul, and the company has gone into the hands of a receiver. All who take out insurance in mutual companies are liable in case the company cannot pay its losses and the receiver has brought suits against the different policy holders. The suit in this case is for something like $100 and with the costs will amount to about $175. Mutual insurance is not always the cheapest unless your know the company you are doing business with.

No Grader for Clover Leaf.

The election in the town of Clover Leaf held last week for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of the town purchasing a road grader resulted in a victory for those who were opposed to the proposition. The vote stood 17 for and 21 against. This is the second time Clover Leaf has voted upon this proposition and both times it has been defeated.

CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

The estate of Ernest Ballmann of Moorhead *paid $1,475 inheritance tax* to the state.

Ex-Mayor James C. Haynes has filed for the Democratic nomination for mayor of Minneapolis.

Thomas Haywood, a homesteader near Turtle Lake, sustained serious injuries in a desperate battle with a large eagle which had attacked a calf.

—Thomas H. Glaskin, aged forty-seven years, president of the Glaskin-Comstock company of Duluth, wholesalers of mining and milling supplies, is dead.

David Hartman, a switchman for the Omaha railway, was run over by a string of cars at St. Paul and probably fatally injured. Both of his legs were cut off.

Fire destroyed the storage barn of the street railway company at Minneapolis. The loss is estimated at $20,000. Seventeen horses were burned to death.

Lucius A. Felton, foreman in the Omaha freight yards at Mankato, was crushed to death between passenger coaches while making up a train. He was thirty-one years old.

John Koerner who kept a saloon on Jackson street in the early days of St. Paul and was known as "Honest John," is dead at the Ramsey county poor farm, aged ninety-seven.

Mayor Charles Silverson of New Ulm has given notice to the thirty saloonkeepers in that city that they must close their places at 11 o'clock in the evening, according to law.

Safecrackers and burglars made a raid on a number of St. Paul down town office buildings some time during the night of July 4 and netted about $1,000 in money and valuables.

The football teams of the Universities of Chicago and Minnesota will meet this year at Minneapolis Nov. 24. This will be the first time the two teams have met on the gridiron.

Mrs. Gertrude Hayes, who has been employed for several months past as a domestic on the farm of W. S. Frost, ten miles north of Breckenridge, committed suicide by taking strychnine.

According to the annual report just issued from the St. Cloud land office for the fiscal year ending June 30 homestead entries to the number of 816 were filed. There were 290 final proofs.

An unidentified man was found beside the Rock Island track near Albert Lea with his right arm and leg cut off. He was alive, but died in a short time. He was about thirty years of age.

Jacob Morgan, aged sixty-five, living over Fred Turner's saloon at White Bear, got up in his sleep, walked down the hall and fell downstairs. He broke his neck and died instantly.

During the Fourth of July celebration at Elk Lake, near Princeton, Sevard Larson, a young man about twenty years of age, was drowned while swimming in the lake with two companions.

William Dewey, the crack marksman of the famous Dewey family, who reside about four miles from Fergus Falls, shot and killed himself, but whether accidentally or with suicidal intent is not known.

Charles Groffa, a pioneer resident of Moorhead, committed suicide by shooting. No cause is known for the act. Groffa has been an active member of the Moorhead fire department for several years and was well known.

Mrs. Julia Zelinski of St. Paul fell dead while eating breakfast with her family. Coroner A. W. Miller investigated the case and he decided that death resulted from heart trouble, from which she had long been a sufferer.

Frederick S. Jones, who has been a member of the faculty of Minnesota university since 1893 and has come to be very closely identified with that institution, has been offered the presidency of the state university of South Dakota.

Teachers employed in the public schools of St. Paul will not have to undergo a medical examination for the purpose of determining whether they have tuberculosis or are infected with any other disease which is communicable or renders them unfit for service.

The Russell Miller Milling company of North Dakota will begin construction work in the course of the present month upon a new flour mill in Southeast Minneapolis. The new mill will have a capacity of 4,000 barrels daily and it is estimated that it will cost $400,000.

On July 5 the binder twine spindles of the Stillwater prison began working overtime for this month at least. The convicts will put in three hours daily overtime and for that they will be compensated in money, and will be allowed some extra privileges. The demand for prison twine is far in excess of last year.

Roy Bell, seventeen years old, was permanently blinded with a firecracker at Excelsior while celebrating the Fourth. The accident was the final scene in a tragedy that began fifteen years ago, when the victim was a baby two years of age. At that time the little fellow lost his left eye and barely escaped with his life.

The mortality record for June in Minneapolis was exceptionally high. For every 1,000 inhabitants 9.19 persons died, while last year the rate per 1,000 was but 7.45 persons. This increase is due in large measure to the weather. The deaths resulting from pneumonia alone numbered thirty-five, while a year ago there were but ten.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Walter L. Houser, secretary of state of Wisconsin, has been acquitted of the criminal charge of attempting to bribe Zeno M. Host, state commissioner of insurance, by offering, as alleged in the complaint, that the Equitable Life Assurance society would contribute $2,000 to the Republican campaign fund in return for a favorable decision in a pending insurance case.

Judge Baker of the Findlay (O.) probate court has issued a summons for John D. Rockefeller in connection with the suit recently filed there against the Standard Oil company and Mr. Rockefeller in which it is alleged that the Valentine anti-trust law had been violated by the Standard Oil and its subsidiary companies.

Henry Meldrum, former United States surveyor general for the district of Oregon, has been sentenced to pay a fine of $250 on each of twenty-one counts and to serve sixty days on each of thirteen counts for conspiracy to defraud the United States government in connection with land deals in that state.

The Chicago and Alton railroad and John N. Faithorn and Fred Wann, formerly officials of the road, have been convicted in the United States district court at Chicago of illegally granting rebates to the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Packing company. Sentence was postponed pending arguments for a new trial.

Prosecutor David of Hancock county has filed informations at Findlay, O., against the Standard Oil company and John D. Rockefeller. The informations allege violation of the anti-trust law.

G. Meade Emory, a distinguished lawyer of Seattle, Wash., was shot and probably fatally wounded by Chester Thompson, a student of the University of Washington.

A lone highwayman held up five stages in rapid succession in the Yosemite valley, near Ahwahnee, Cal.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Secretary of War Taft, before a meeting of North Carolina Republicans at Greensboro, delivered a speech that was generally anticipated as the opening gun of the congressional campaign of 1906. The speech dealt with current political questions.

Colorado Socialists have nominated a State ticket headed by W. D. Haywood, secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, now in prison in Idaho.

Congressman William R. Hearst has announced that he is not a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1908.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt has appointed E. E. Clark a member of the interstate commerce commission. Mr. Clark is grand chief of the Order of American Railway Conductors. He served as a member of the anthracite coal strike commission.

The monthly report of rural mail routes established shows only 2,563 petitions unacted upon. There were 3,713 routes put into operation during the fiscal year just closed.

President Roosevelt has appointed Charles Earle solicitor for the department of commerce and labor.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.

Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway

will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to

St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31. For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

A Daring Smuggler

[Original.]

When Captain General Tacon assumed the government of Cuba he found the revenue laws everywhere annulled. The smugglers were organized by one Marti, who was a sort of king among them. He was a tall, dark man, with Spanish, creole and mulatto blood in his veins, possessing great physical strength, courage, shrewdness and business tact.

The captain general endeavored to hunt down the smugglers, but they always eluded him. Then he offered a large reward to any one of them who would desert his comrades and pilot the government ships to their lairs. A double reward was offered for Marti, dead or alive. This plan also failed. Either honor among thieves or a fear of punishment by their fellows prevented any betrayal. Four months passed and no one came forward to give the information and claim the reward.

One dark night two sentinels were pacing back and forth before the captain general's palace in Havana. The Plaza d'Armas, on which the palace stands, was deserted. Just before the clock struck 12 a tall figure wrapped in a military cloak stood watching the sentries from behind the statue of Ferdinand. They met at the entrance, then walked away from each other, turning again at the end of their beats. The watcher was evidently waiting for an opportunity to dart between them when their backs were turned and just before they faced about. At last he put his design into practice and, with lightning speed, passed the portal.

Mounting the staircase, assuming the bearing of one who belonged there, he returned the salute of a sentinel standing near the captain general's door and entered. Tacon sat alone at a large table writing. He looked up at the intruder and asked sternly who he was that thus entered unannounced.

"One who has important information to impart to the government."

"How did you pass the guard?"

"That was not difficult."

"What is your business with me?"

"You have offered a reward for information concerning the smugglers."

"Ah! That is your business?"

"You have offered a pardon to him who will guide your ships to the smugglers' hiding places."

"I have."

"And a special reward for the capture of their leader, Marti."

"Yes."

"I have come to give you the information you desire."

"Well, I am ready to hear it."

"First, have I your word that you will give me a free pardon?"

"I will."

"But my crimes in the eye of the law are great. Do you still promise?"

"If you perform your part, I will perform mine."

"Even if I am a leader among the contrabandists?"

"Yes," said Tacon after a moment's thought; "even if you are a leader."

"Excellency, I know that you are a man of honor. Had I not felt perfect confidence in your word I should not have ventured to thus come here."

"You can trust me."

"Well, then, I will not further delay. The man for whom you have offered the double reward is here."

"You are"—

"Captain Marti."

At the mention of this dreaded name Tacon cast his eyes upon a brace of pistols lying on his desk. Marti drew a pair of similar weapons and, stepping forward, laid them on the desk.

"I have no further use for these," he said.

"Very well," said the governor, "I will keep my word, but for the present you must remain under guard."

"I am willing, your excellency."

The next day a Spanish warship of light draft steamed out of the harbor. Marti was on board to pilot the government officers to the rendezvous of the smugglers. But the smugglers were already warned. Not one of them was captured. Nevertheless, the contrabandist organization was broken up, which was, after all, the main object. Marti returned in the ship and was summoned before the governor, who said to him:

"Since you have performed your part of the agreement I will perform mine. Here is a pardon for all past offenses. And here is an order on the treasurer for"—

"The reward I do not claim," said the ex-smuggler, putting up his hand deprecatingly.

"What do you mean?" asked the astonished governor.

"I will make you a proposition. The treasury is poor, while I am rich. In place of the reward give me the exclusive right to fish on the coast of Cuba. I will at my own expense build a market which shall be a credit to the city of Havana and which at the end of twenty-five years shall revert to the government."

The governor took time to consider the proposition and finally accepted it.

Marti at once entered upon the working of his privilege. Sending for his old associates, he employed them all, and they made more money under the law than they had made while constantly taking great risks, besides being paid for any losses they sustained while Marti was leading the government to their haunts. Marti knew where the best fish were to be caught and supplied the city of Havana well and with great profit to himself. He built the market, as he had agreed, and at the expiration of twenty-five years it reverted to the government.

Marti, who grew very rich, obtained special theatrical privileges in Havana and built the Tacon theater.

MARK ANDERSON.

Blamed Without Blame

[Original.]

Everybody knows that there was something strange about my marriage. Having recently been absolved from a pledge, I have concluded to tell the story exactly as it occurred.

One summer I went to the country for a rest from professional cares that had been pressing too heavily on me and met a lady, a Mrs. Treat, whom I supposed to be a widow. We drove, boated and sang together, drifting along companionably, not recognizing that love would better describe the situation, till the summer had ended and we were on the eve of separation. Then I found myself madly in love. As for the lady, her actions spoke for her. She confessed to me that she was not a widow, but had a husband living. She was willing to get a divorce from him to marry me.

I had been a bitter opponent of divorces and, being a clergyman, had preached against them. I therefore felt it my duty to sacrifice myself to principle and told Mrs. Treat that I could not on any account marry a divorced woman. My decision seemed to be a sad blow to her, but she would not give me up. When we parted she told me that we would yet be happy together, but how that could be I could not see, for her husband was in the best of health and only a year older than herself. I begged for an explanation, but she would give me none.

Some months later on taking up a morning paper I saw that Laura B. Treat had secured a divorce from her husband, Wallace K. Treat, on the ground of adultery, the said Wallace Treat having lived for some time with another woman who passed as his housekeeper. He was a rich man, having made a fortune by investing his savings in the stock of a small corporation that had been bought out by a trust. The court directed that he should pay his wife alimony equal to one-third of his income. This made her very comfortable if not rich.

It was not long after seeing this notice that I received a letter from Mrs. Treat informing me that she had something to communicate. I replied that I had already read in a newspaper what she had to tell me and that while I did not blame her for getting her divorce I would certainly blame myself should I fail to practice what I had so long preached by marrying a divorced woman. I loved her as devotedly as before, but never so well as my self respect. In reply to this letter she wrote that I had not read all she had to say to me and that she wished to see me. If she could not convince me that a marriage with her would be consistent with my principles she would not ask me to visit her again.

To fortify my resolution I preached the next Sunday a sermon which was the most vehement attack on the marriage of divorced people that I had ever made. Then on Monday morning I took the train to see the woman with whom I was desperately in love. I found her as handsome and attractive as ever.

"Your love for me," she said, "is about to be put to a very severe strain. I shall convince you that it is no sin for either of us to marry the other. It will then remain for you to decide whether you will put yourself in a position before the world of not practicing what you have preached or never see me again."

She then told me a story which I would not have believed had I received it from the lips of any other person. That she had not told me before was because doing so would conflict with a pledge. There was another reason. I was a poor clergyman, struggling on a salary of $1,000 a year. The alimony was hers by right, and she had wished to secure it for me as well as herself.

I went back to my charge pledged to secrecy and with all the time I wished to make my decision. I must marry in direct opposition, apparently, to my avowed principles or give up a woman without whom my life would be a failure in every respect.

I was willing to stand in a false light for my love, but would it not be wrong for me, a minister, to exert an influence in favor of what I considered sin? I confess I never satisfied myself on this point. I never could convince myself that I would not be demeaning my profession by appearing to countenance a sin. Nevertheless I decided that it was my duty to make my Laura happy, and in doing so I made myself happy as well.

Having lived ten years scorned by many of my former parishioners I can now tell the secret which vindicates me. Two girls who were toiling for a living met and became room mates. The older hearing of a position only open to men assumed man's dress and secured it. The younger was of much assistance in a feature of the elder's work at which she was deficient, and the salary was divided between them. For convenience they were married at the same time, each promising on oath not to divulge the secret so long as the other lived except in case either really married, and then only to the husband. Suddenly the girls became rich. Then the one who had acted the man's part claimed the fortune. Leaving her supposed wife she kept house by herself, with a housekeeper, but still personating to all the world a man.

The younger after meeting me endeavored to secure her portion of the fortune and, failing, finally sued for a divorce on a charge that the elder could not disprove without revealing her sex. The claimant won and soon after the elder divided the estate with her in lieu of paying alimony. The elder has recently died, and we are absolved from secrecy.

WILLARD C. IRVING.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Louis Larson, H. E. No. 7,440, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 26, Twp. 155 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels N. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Hernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, "
Hans Jorstad, " "
Peter Flo, " "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2nd, 1906, viz: Gunder Salmonson Jr., as one of the heirs of Salmon Salmonson, deceased, H. E. No. 46, (Red Lake Series) for the SW¼, Sec. 25, T. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Salve O. Omil, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
T. S. Holom, " "
Charley H. Omlid, " "
Tom H. Omil, " "

June 14 july 19

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Tom Alvestad, H. E. No. 91, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼ of Sec. 1, Twp. 154 N., of Range 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Bernhard Knudson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hagen P. Nabben, " "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }
In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co.,
Plaintiff,
against
Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. H. Alderman,
Defendants.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED AND TO EACH OF THEM:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the action above entitled, which said complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the clerk of this court at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

June 21 july 26

A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 2, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Daisy L. Strom, H. E. No. 6,359, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Chris Nelson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John Lindquist, " "
Peter Rude, " "
Hans C. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, "

July 5 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jessie Marian Annand, H. E. No. 1,032, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 153 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Michael H. Connelly, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mary McGinn, " "
Sydney Bagley, " "
May F. Connelly, " "

July 5 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 441, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 7, 8, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesby, " "

July 12 aug 16 pd

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 9, 1906, viz: Nels Olson, H. E. No. 358, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 22, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tom Tonson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Harald Johnson, of Thief River Falls, "
Thor J. Skaar, " "
Frank Mraeck, of Germantown, "

June 28 aug 2 pd

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.; on July 17th, 1906, viz: Martin P. Moe, H. E. No. 214, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 32, Tp. 154 N., Rg. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charley Petterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Ottum, " "
Martin Quist, " "
Gust Bergren, " "

June 7 july 12

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., June 6, 1906.
Doc. 4011.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Henry Lundy, contestant, against homestead entry No. 1147, made April 21, 1905, for northeast quarter Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., by Nels B. Swenson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Nels B. Swenson has failed to establish his residence upon said land and has made no improvements thereon from the time of making said entry to the date hereof; that he has wholly failed to comply with the conditions of the homestead laws and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past, and that said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 18, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 6, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

June 14 july 4

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 3, 1906, viz: Frank Greutzke, H. E. 1,146, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 9, T. 151 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Charles Schuster, " "
Edward Warner, of Germantown, "

June 14 july 19

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continue for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including the taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

July 5 aug 9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Andreas Iverson, H. E. No. 204, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 30, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Iver Holum, of Anton, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " "
Hans Olson, " "
M. J. Ford, " "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota on August 6th, 1906, viz: Michael J. Ford, H. E. No. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the lot 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Dyrdahl, of Anton, Minn.
Andreas Iverson, " "
Hans Olson, " "
Iver Holum, " "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August [illegible], viz: [illegible], H. E. No. [illegible], Chippewa Series, for the [illegible] of SW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. [illegible] and [illegible] Sec. [illegible], T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

[illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

TWO MEN DROWNED

LOSE THEIR LIVES IN RAPIDS OF ST. LOUIS RIVER WHILE RIDING ON RAFT.

Further Discoveries of Iron Ore in the Vicinity of Santiago, Sherburne County—Fight Against Standard Oil Company May Be Inaugurated at St. Paul—News of the State in General.

Duluth, July 9.—By the overturning of a raft on which they were riding, Blake Paton, aged twenty-one years, a bookkeeper employed by W. B. Silvey, and Charles Kottenbell, aged twenty-six, head bookkeeper for Gay & Sturges, commission brokers, both of this city, were drowned in the rapids of the St. Louis river about 4 o'clock p. m. The bodies have not been recovered. Both lived at Lake Linden, Mich.

Fred Odell, aged twenty-seven, a barber, who stuck to the raft, was rescued by a boy on the bank of the river, and Glen Treglown, aged twenty years, swam ashore from where the raft struck.

IRON VEIN EXTENSIVE.

Farmers Hold Property at Exhorbitant Figures.

Foley, Minn., July 9.—Since the recent discovery of iron in Santiago, Sherburne county, the farmers at Glendorado, Benton county, have been doing considerable prospecting on the quiet, with the result that it has been found that the vein discovered at Santiago a month ago runs northward into the towns of Glendorado, Maywood and Granite Ledge, and it appears to be of a much finer quality and in greater quantities than further south. Copper is also being found in small quantities in a formation known as the "Hump," but not much is known as to the extent of the deposits.

Great excitement prevails and several large mining companies have representatives on the ground securing options. Farmers are refusing prices which two months ago seemed a fortune to them, and none are willing to sell except at exhorbitant prices.

MAY BEGIN IN ST. PAUL.

Contemplated Prosecution of Standard Oil Company.

Chicago, July 9.—District Attorney C. B. Morrison will go to St. Paul soon, where he will meet Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel, in connection with contemplated prosecutions of the Standard Oil company. Attorney Morrison refused to discuss the matter, but it is believed some action is to be started in the federal courts at St. Paul before any action is taken in Chicago.

Mr. Morrison has been busy for several days conferring with various persons familiar with the matter. Every effort is being made to keep the matter secret, but it is believed that the move to St. Paul means the filing of papers in the case within a short time.

PEACEMAKER MEETS DEATH.

Eighteen-Year-Old Minneapolis Boy Accused of Murder.

Minneapolis, July 5.—John Harmonack attempted to act the part of peacemaker in a quarrel between Andrew Shurba and Stephen Shurba, his eighteen-year-old son, with the result that he was shot three times through the body with a revolver alleged to have been in the hands of the younger Shurba. Harmonack died while being taken to the city hospital in a patrol wagon. Stephen Shurba was locked up at the South Side station charged with murder in the first degree.

DROWNED NEAR HASTINGS.

Rev. Nicholas Niedere Meets an Untimely Death.

Hastings, Minn., July 9.—A sad accident occurred at Spring lake yesterday afternoon resulting in the drowning of Rev. Nicholas Niedere of St. Paul's seminary. He, in company with his brother-in-law, Frank Arendt, were in the act of driving over the road near McCarriel's mill, which had become partly overflowed, and the team becoming unmanageable dashed into the deep water, Mr. Niedere and both horses being drowned.

Boy of Fourteen Stabbed.

Duluth, July 9.—John McRae, aged fourteen years, is in a hospital in a critical condition as a result of a stab wound in the abdomen, inflicted by another lad of about the same age, whose name is supposed to be Zander. There are three of the Zander boys, and the wounded lad is not certain which one stabbed him. The cutting occurred in a fight at Tenth avenue east and Third street.

Killed by a Skyrocket.

Excelsior, Minn., July 7.—Louis A. Dix, fifty years old, and for many years a resident of Excelsior, is dead as a result of the premature explosion of a quantity of fireworks in the casino Wednesday night. Mr. Dix was struck in the side by a flying skyrocket. The skin was not cut by the impact, but the force of the blow itself proved fatal.

Somnambulist Instantly Killed.

St. Paul, July 3.—While walking in his sleep Jacob Morgan fell down a flight of stairs at White Bear village, broke his neck and died instantly. Morgan was sixty five years old and has lived over Fred Turner's saloon at White Bear for two years.

SHERIFF SAVES PRISONER.

Mob Threatens to Lynch Youth Accused of Criminal Assault.

Stillwater, Minn., July 4.—Robert Henry Monteith, aged seventeen, seemed glad to be lodged in the county jail here. He is accused of committing an assault in Pine county upon Miss Frances Nemic, thirteen years old. He admitted the offense before John Atkinson, a justice of the peace, when arraigned on the charge in the town of Pokegama, Pine county. The complaint is made by James Nemic and threats of lynching followed the arrest.

After he admitted the offense there were mutterings among the people and the cry went out to lynch him. Sheriff Hawley put the man in a buggy and with a swift team drove across the country to Pine City, eluding pursuit. Later he brought the prisoner to this city and locked him up for safekeeping until the meeting of the Pine county grand jury.

BOX OF FIREWORKS EXPLODES.

Several Persons Badly Injured at Excelsior, Minn.

Excelsior, Minn., July 5.—Several people were injured, three seriously, in the accidental explosion of a box of fireworks, which occurred here in front of the Casino at 10 o'clock p. m. About 5,000 people were in the Casino at the time, and a panic prevailed when the explosion took place.

Those most seriously injured were Louis A. Dix and E. D. Thompson, both residents of Excelsior. A flying torpedo made a hole in Mr. Thompson's side, while his hand was painfully lacerated. Mr. Dix was struck in the same manner.

Teddy Montgomery, fourteen years of age, was trampled upon in the rush to get away from the explosion and was seriously hurt. The little daughter of F. H. Putman had her hair singed by the blast.

TWIN CITIES FORTUNATE.

No Deaths Recorded and Only a Few Accidents Occur.

St. Paul, July 5.—Fourth of July casualties in St. Paul were few and none were serious. The injuries were of a minor character, with no expectation of serious results unless something unforeseen develops. The accidents reported number less than a dozen. Most of the victims are small boys.

The city was equally fortunate in the matter of fires. There were a number of blazes resulting in only small losses.

The Fourth of July passed off quietly in Minneapolis. There were few serious accidents and but few calls for the fire department. The cases of both were of minor importance caused by the explosion of firecrackers and fireworks.

MURDERER MAKES HIS ESCAPE

Whole Population of Eveleth, Minn., Joins in Pursuit.

Eveleth, Minn., July 5.—The celebration of the Fourth of July in this city was marred by a tragedy and the whole population joined in the pursuit of a murderer, leaving their fireworks behind. Angelo Giancarello, an Italian, killed Paslio Romanof, twenty-seven years of age, and dangerously wounded Rubice Blanko, both Italians, then made his escape after being chased through the woods a distance of several miles by the angry citizens. The tragedy was the result of a quarrel growing out of a game of cards. The search continued until late at night, but without result. Every man in Eveleth beat the thickets south of town, but no trace of the fugitive has been found.

HANGS HIMSELF IN JAIL.

Man Held on Charge of Attempted Assassination.

Pipestone, Minn., July 3.—A. O. Hart, who attempted to assassinate the employes of the Indian school Friday and was to have been examined for insanity by the probate judge during the forenoon, hung himself in his cell at the county jail between midnight and 7 a. m. He broke a chain from the water closet in the cell and wound it about his neck and suspended himself from the bars in the cell. He was dead when found. The wounded employes are all improving.

SUICIDE CAUSES PANIC.

Swallows Poison and Then Runs Into Ice Cream Parlor.

Duluth, July 7.—An extremely tragic and pathetic case of suicide occurred here during the evening, when Mrs. Alice Peterson, a widow thirty years of age, her mind unbalanced by religious fervor, drank carbolic acid and, running into an ice cream and candy store at Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, died among a crowd of men, women and children, who were panic stricken by the wild and incoherent harangue and screaming of the victim.

Gold Ring in Horse's Hoof.

Mankato, Minn., July 9.—A. D. Scullin's horse went lame a day or so ago and when he examined the hoof he was astonished to find a heavy gold band ring deeply imbedded in the calk. It had the appearance of having been there for two or three days and explained the lameness of the animal.

Aged Man Killed.

Melrose, Minn., July 6.—The Fourth was marred by a tragedy here, the result of an argument. Frank Bonsall, thirty years old, a local prize fighter, struck and killed Michael O'Connor, a man seventy years of age. O'Connor was a retired farmer quite well off. Bonsall was arrested.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

In a manly effort to save the surviving members of his staff and the other officers who, he believes, surrendered the Russian gunboat Bedovi to the Japanese on account of affection for him and their desire to save his life, Admiral Rojestvensky pleaded guilty before a courtmartial and asked that he alone be punished to the full extent of the law.

Twenty-five Cossacks surrounded a lime kiln at Miechow, in the province of Kielce, Russian Poland, on information that it was being used for the manufacture of bombs. As the Cossacks were forcing their way in a terrific explosion blew the kiln to pieces. Eight Cossacks were killed and five were wounded.

In accordance with the decision of the peasant workmen's congress at Helsingfors emissaries have been dispatched throughout Russia to instruct the peasant and proletariat organizations to continue their preparations for an armed uprising, but to await the signal from St. Petersburg.

The Russian government's agrarian bill has finally been approved, introduced in the lower house of parliament and published in the Official Messenger, accompanied by a sort of proclamation to the peasants glorifying the emperor's constant solicitude for the peasants.

Dispatches received at St. Petersburg from Samara state that two regiments garrisoning that important provincial capital have mutinied and presented a series of political and service demands. The mutineers command the situation, but are not indulging in excesses.

Emperor Nicholas has taken the almost unprecedented step of publicly directing Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch, commander of the forces in the military district of St. Petersburg, to investigate and take measures to stop the "disorders" among the troops.

A mutiny broke out on July 7 in the Kasarva regiment of cavalry and during the consequent disorder an infantry officer and a soldier of the Nejinel dragoons, who attacked the mutineers, were killed. The mutineers have barricaded themselves in the barracks.

The military situation in the Caucasus is exceedingly grave. Disaffection has appeared among practically all the troops, including Cossacks. Murder, robbery and general lawlessness are increasing throughout the mountain districts.

Political demonstrations, during which the crowds carried red flags and sang revolutionary songs, occurred in many places in St. Petersburg Sunday, necessitating the interference of the police and military patrols.

FOREIGN NEWS.

William J. Bryan was the central figure at the annual Independence day dinner of the American society at the Hotel Cecil, London. Nearly 500 members and guests surrounded the society's board and cheered patriotic sentiments with the peculiar zest born of exile.

A Turkish attempt to seize further territory on the Persian frontier has been checkmated by the governor of Pashkar, who repulsed the invading force of 300 Turkish regulars and 700 mounted Arab regulars with considerable loss to the raiders.

Cholera of a virulent type has broken out among the natives of Manila and surrounding provinces. Four Americans in Manila have been stricken to date and there has been one death of an American, that of Charles Sheehan.

Further fighting between the rebel natives and the British columns has occurred in Natal. The latter came in contact with the enemy's vanguard, killing 350 men, but the main Zulu force, numbering 8,000, is still at large.

St. Michael's church, one of the most interesting buildings in Hamburg, has been totally destroyed by fire. Four workmen perished and a number of persons are missing.

By a vote of 253 to 221 the French chamber of deputies annulled the election of Count Boni de Castellane to the chamber on the ground of corruption and bribery.

The steamer America of the Fabre line, twelve days overdue at New York, has been towed into Hamilton, Bermuda, with her machinery disabled.

Natal troops have completely surrounded and defeated a rebel body in the Umvoti district. Five hundred and forty-seven rebels were killed.

Crown Princess Frederick William, daughter-in-law of the German emperor, has given birth to a son.

The United States transport Thomas is ashore on a coral reef near the island of Guam.

Lady Doyle, wife of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, is dead.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Secretary Elihu Root has sailed from New York on the United States cruiser Charleston on his three months' South American tour. He will go around Cape Horn and returning will cross the isthmus of Panama.

Former President Grover Cleveland is ill at his home at Princeton, N. J. He is suffering from an attack of indigestion, to which he is subject.

Representative and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth have arrived in Paris where they are the guests of Ambassador McCormick.

Former Secretary of the Treasury Lyman J. Gage denies the published report that he has joined the Theosophists.

Subscribe for the News.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Death broke all records in its harvest in the Independence day celebration. Complete returns from all sections of the United States, as far as obtainable, place the total dead at 51 and total injured at 3,551, as compared with the totals of 33 dead and 2,789 injured last year.

A runaway car on a coal road near Portage, Pa., jumped the track while going at terrific speed and plunged into a crowd of twenty merrymakers assembled nearby, killing thirteen and injuring several others. All the dead were Arabian mine workers.

Mrs. Solomon Gobba and her six children were burned to death in a fire that destroyed their home at Lafayette, Ind. Solomon Gobba, the husband and father, was badly burned, but will recover.

H. McK. Twombly, Jr., eighteen years old, the only son of H. McK. Twombly, the New York capitalist, was drowned while swimming in Big Squam lake, Holderness, N. H.

In a head-on collision between freight trains on the Western and Atlantic railroad near Chattanooga, Tenn., four persons were killed and four others slightly injured.

Three persons were killed and eight injured, three of them seriously, by the explosion of a large gasoline tank in the Cosendai dye works at Saginaw, Mich.

Six persons, five young women and one man, were drowned at Omaha by being precipitated into the waters of Lake Manawa from a floating dock.

At Wanamie, Pa., a mining town five miles from Wilkesbarre, five boys were killed and nine others injured while celebrating the Fourth of July.

Five members of the First division of the Illinois naval reserves were drowned at Chicago while practicing rowing in Lake Michigan.

Professor Henry A. Ward of Chicago, a well known naturalist, was struck by an automobile at Buffalo, N. Y., and instantly killed.

Fire at Beaumont, Tex., destroyed an immense amount of lumber and numerous dwellings, causing a loss of $700,000.

Fire at Libby, Mont., destroyed the principal hotel in the town. Two guests perished in the flames.

By a premature explosion in a mine at Keystone, W. Va., three men were killed outright.

Lava Caves of the Azores.

The formation of caves in a lava stream is a curious process and one which the explorer will be interested to realize as his investigations proceed, and in the Azores it has some remarkable and perfect illustrations. It will be understood that the stream of molten matter proceeding ordinarily from the volcano soon begins to cool externally as it travels. But with a great stream, say thirty or forty feet thick, a long time passes before it becomes finally cooled and solid to its center. A large body of melted lava still remains liquid in its interior, forming as it were a huge conduit or tube full of the white hot matter. As this accumulates by the continued supply from above the vast pressure of the liquid on the lower end of the stream increases. The effect may be easily imagined. The solid crust at the front of the flow breaks out, the melted interior rushes on again, and the great tube is emptied of its contents so far as they remain liquid, leaving behind a hollow cavern which may and occasionally does extend for an uninterrupted length of several miles. In the course of centuries subsequent eruptions may deposit new beds of cinder or ash or new streams of lava to any extent above it, but the cave so formed may remain intact.

When a Meteor Falls.

We owe our immunity to our atmosphere, which serves as a bullet proof cuirass for the world. When a meteor enters the atmosphere the friction produced by its gigantic speed makes it flash up like the arrow of Acestes, only more so. The heat thus produced, just as a brake showers sparks from a carriage wheel or a lucifer match lights on the box, is sufficient to consume the meteor as if it were suddenly cast into a furnace heated to three or four million degrees. Obviously the smaller meteors are utterly consumed before they have penetrated far into the atmosphere, which their fate has shown to rise to a height of about 120 miles. Only a very large one can descend to within twenty miles of the earth before being burst by the expansion due to heat and by the resistance of the air. The fact that fragments do occasionally reach the earth is the best proof of the great size of some of the meteors that we encounter. If it were not for the "blessed air" the explosion of them all, with the accompanying fervent heat, would take place in our midst. It is safe to say that such a state of things would render our great towns uninhabitable.

Convicts For Working Roads.

A resolution adopted by the United Mine Workers in convention at Indianapolis recently calls for the use of convict labor on public highways and declares that much good would result to the citizens and the country at large if convict labor, both state and national, should be used in this way. Work of this kind is permanent in character and would be a boost to prosperity. The secretary of the union was instructed to communicate with all trades union legislative committees, with the farmers' organizations and the good roads associations of the country, with a view to having bills drawn and presented to various state and national legislative bodies urging the move.

Subscribe for the News.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Attorney General Miller of Indiana, acting under instructions from Governor Hanly, has filed in the Orange county court an action to revoke the charter of the French Lick Springs Hotel company at French Lick. The company is a corporation of which Thomas Taggart, chairman of the Democratic national committee, is president. It is charged that gambling is allowed on the property owned by the hotel company.

Attorney General Rogers of Arkansas and Prosecuting Attorney Rhoton of Pulaski county have filed suit against the Waters-Pierce Oil company, alleging a conspiracy to control the output and prices of oil and asking damages in the sum of $2,000,000. They also ask that the company forfeit its right to do business in Arkansas.

The Kansas supreme court has handed down a decision holding Mayor W. W. Rose of Kansas City, Kan., in contempt for having assumed the office of mayor after the court had ousted him for the non-enforcement of the prohibition law and the law against gambling.

J. H. Sloan, Jr., chief of the president's secret service corps, pleaded guilty at Oyster Bay and was fined $10 on a charge of assault in the third degree preferred by Clarence Le Gendre, a New York photographer. Sloan paid the fine.

The United States grand jury at Cleveland has begun the investigation of violations of interstate commerce and anti-rebate laws alleged to have been committed by various prominent railroads and the Standard Oil company.

A federal warrant has been issued by United States District Judge Scotthorn at Guthrie, Okla., for Carrie Nation, charged with sending obscene matter through the mails in her temperance publication, "The Hatchet."

Governor Folk has declared war on St. Joseph (Mo.) saloonkeepers who refuse to close on Sundays and intimates that he will send militia to the scene if the police are unable to enforce the law.

President Roosevelt is so anxious for Arizona to become a state that he has written a personal letter to his old friend, Mark A. Rogers, urging the people to vote to be admitted with New Mexico.

Six robust babies were added to the passenger complement of the North German Lloyd liner Grosser Kurfurst on the voyage from Bremen to New York, just ended.

The Harkin ordinance, limiting the number of saloons in Chicago to one for every 500 persons, has become a law without Mayor Dunne's signature.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Congressman Henry C. Adams of Madison, Wis., died Monday in the Auditorium hotel, Chicago. He had been ill for several weeks and for a week had been confined to his room in the hotel.

Naval Constructor J. J. Woodward of the board of inspection and survey died suddenly from heart disease on a train of the Canadian Pacific railroad while on the way from Washington to Seattle.

Christopher Columbus Langdell, LL. D., professor of law at Harvard university, died suddenly at Cambridge, Mass., from heart disease.

LABOR NEWS.

An advance of 5 per cent in wages in cotton mills in thirty or more cities, towns and villages of Southern Massachusetts and Rhode Island went into effect Monday. About 40,000 operatives are benefited.

The grain elevator business in the suburb of South Chicago was brought to a standstill Monday when 350 employes there went on strike, demanding an increase in wages.

Argument For Wide Tires.

A bill is proposed before the Virginia legislature to place an extra tax on wagons loaded with wood, tanbark, railroad ties and other heavy drafts, to be paid into the fund for road repairs. The idea is that such hauling destroys the roads, says the Good Roads Magazine, but is it not a better plan to institute a graded wide tire ordinance, such as experience has caused to be adopted in other states, with perhaps a remittance or road tax to encourage its adoption? The wheels then become roadmakers instead of road breakers.

A Government Experiment.

It is announced that the department of agriculture, through the office of public roads, has agreed to construct one mile of modern road in each of the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, North and South Dakota and Minnesota next summer, provided the local authorities will co-operate. The machinery for the purpose and the expert engineers to supervise the construction are to be furnished by the government, while the local authorities will be expected to furnish the material and the unskilled labor required.

Dust Laid With Salt.

The Cheshire (England) county council recently debated the motor question, and Councilor Pedley, on behalf of the main roads committee, said dust laying experiments had been made and the results showed that no existing method was efficient, whereupon C. B. Davies stated that he had seen one cure in the town of Droitwich. It consisted simply of salt scale off the salt pans ground fine and spread over roads. It certainly prevented dust rising, and it was a remarkably cheap experiment, he added.

His First Case In Court

[Original.]

George Crawford left the high school of his native village to go to college with a view to becoming a lawyer. How he was to pay his way no one knew, for he had not a cent in the world. Moreover, there was a love match between him and his schoolmate, Maggie Pixley, the beginning of which neither could remember. The affair first began to look serious when George went to college. At least, it was then that Maggie's father first took notice of it and showed his opposition. He reminded his daughter that she was at a marriageable age, while her lover had four years at college, three at law school and no one could tell how many more in getting a practice at his profession. But all this depended on his getting the money to pay his expenses. Maggie made up her mind to wait for George Crawford.

George at his entrance to college won a scholarship that by dint of rigid economy helped him through his first year. After that he did odd jobs, taught, won prizes, thus scraping together enough to put him through college. When it came to studying law, he found a position in a school requiring but a few hours of each day. This gave him what he needed to complete his legal education.

George was advised by most of his professors to plant himself in a large city, but one of them, differing from the rest, recommended the country, where, if the field was smaller, the competition was less. George chose the country and settled in his native village.

When one finds himself on the wrong side of a question the more the case goes against him the closer he is tempted to cling to it. Maggie's father was the notary of the village, and, having once studied a little law in a country office, now found his daughter's suitor, whom he had opposed, looking down on him from a comparatively high legal pinnacle. His opposition to the match was more obstinate than it had been seven years before.

Judge Pixley, as he had come to be called by his fellow citizens who knew his weakness in respect to legal lore, was the recipient of many small trusts. One day four men came together to his office and after asking if he were Judge Pixley, laying stress on the "judge," asked him to take charge of some $12,000 till they should call for it again, offering him a large fee. The notary, without stopping to inquire whence the men came, accepted the trust and at their request drew up a receipt, ending with an agreement to pay over the money when called for to each and every one of those who had left it with him and to none of them separately. This done, they departed.

In a few minutes the spokesman of the party, who had flattered the notary, returned and said that he wished to count the money. Pixley put him at a table with the bills and during the counting was called for a moment into another room. When he returned both the man and the money had vanished.

This was the severest blow the notary had ever received. The only property he possessed was his dwelling, and he had been years paying off a mortgage upon it. To replace the lost money would require the sacrifice of the house and something besides. The old man was in an agony. He spent what ready money he had going to the city and consulting lawyers, all of whom told him that the theft of one of the depositors did not absolve his indebtedness to the others.

He was not kept long in suspense. In a few days the men, excepting the thief, returned and claimed their property. Not receiving it, they entered suit against Pixley, and as there was but little business before the court the case was soon called for trial. There was no lawyer in the place except George Crawford, and Pixley had no money with which to pay a lawyer. Maggie begged George to do something for her father, and the old man was obliged to intrust his case to the person he so bitterly opposed.

On the day of the trial excellent counsel appeared on behalf of the claimants, who made speeches setting forth "the villainy of the rascal who had sought to defraud these honest men of their dues." Crawford sat without a protest to these charges, the gaping villagers setting him down for a very poor lawyer for not hurling them back in the attorneys' teeth. The judge and jury were not averse to Pixley, but they did not see how they could obey the law and not find a verdict for the plaintiff.

When the case against the defendant had been stated and George arose it was hoped that at last he would make a fiery speech accusing the claimants of collusion besides other crimes and set forth the high standing the defendant had held in the community. Instead he called for a reading of the receipt. When the reader came to the words "shall pay to the said (the names here followed) together and not separately" George called a halt and said:

"Your honor, I ask for a dismissal of the case against my client on the ground that the instrument expressly forbids my client to pay it except to the four men together."

"Case dismissed," said the judge.

At the same moment detectives advanced and arrested the claimants on a charge of murder and robbery. George Crawford suspected one or both these crimes and had notified the police of a neighboring city, who had ferreted out a double crime.

The case was the beginning of George Crawford's success at the bar and afterward in public life. He married Maggie Pixley, with her father's approbation.

WILLARD K. PIPER.

SCRAPER AND LEVELER

Connecticut Man's Device for Improving Dirt Roads.

Would Greatly Assist People in Making Good Roads.

James H. MacDonald, state highway commissioner of Connecticut, who is interested in the improvement of our common dirt roads, has sent to the Good Roads Magazine a sketch of a simple tool that he thinks will assist road builders all over the United States in making a betterment of the common dirt roads with very little expense. Mr. MacDonald describes his device as follows:

This simple drag is one that has been used for many years in my own practice and has been adopted by many towns in the state (Connecticut) for removing ruts and toe marks and distributing the natural material to be used on the roads. It can also be used as a roller and leveler to firm the material. The cutting edge, or tooth side of the drag, is shod with strap iron, or for economy an old wagon tire can be used; also the straps to which the chain is to be attached can be made of an old wagon tire. The chain to be used upon the drag need not be specially made for the purpose. Any chain having a hook on one end can be used. The only weight necessary to produce on the ordinary road the ability to remove ruts and toe marks is the weight of the driver, but if additional weight is required the drag can be loaded with stone.

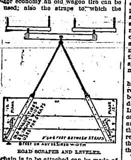

12" PLANK
OLD WAGON TIRES 2½ INCHES WIDE USED FOR STRAPS
PLANK 12"
FOUR FEET BETWEEN STRAPS
8 FEET OR ANY DESIRED WIDTH

ROAD SCRAPER AND LEVELER.

If material is desired from the shoulders to round up the road with the chain can be shortened on either side, making a diagonal drag to bring the material from the sides to the center. If it is simply a question of smoothing, leveling or firming the road the drag can be turned over on the reverse side, and a splendid, smooth road will result. The use of this drag in the late fall in leveling up the road will result in having a smooth and pleasant road throughout the entire winter months. Recourse to the drag in the spring will result in making a pleasant road for the entire summer.

The tool is so simple in its construction that any farmer can make one, and the expense entailed is so very, very slight that it is entirely within the means of almost any one to provide himself with this very useful article of highway improvement. The dimensions of the drag are as follows: Length of plank, 8 feet; thickness, 2 inches; overlap of plank, 3 inches; straps for draft on drag, 1 foot 6 inches from center at chain end and 2 feet 6 inches from center at back; bolts for planks, 2¾ inches long and one-half inch in diameter; bolts for straps, 3 inches long, and straps for draft, 2 inches wide. Chestnut plank will be most serviceable. All heads of bolts are to be let in or sunk. Straps for wear edge are to be nailed on. Any log or wagon chain can be used to attach drag. The chain can be shortened with S hook or shackles. The entire expense under the most unfavorable conditions should not exceed $5.

This drag has done such efficient work for me for so many years that I am satisfied that any one who has once used it will always continue to so do.

Good Roads In Michigan.

The Michigan State Good Roads association was organized in Flint Jan. 25. One of the resolutions passed at the largely attended meeting referred to the Brownlow bill, now before congress, which if passed will set apart $702,000 for Michigan state roads, says the Municipal Journal and Engineer. The meeting favored future distribution of funds among counties in proportion to their assessed valuations. Other resolutions urge co-operation between "good roads" organizations and with federal, state and county officials. It was also resolved "that international, state and county fairs should give premiums to the states and counties that give the best, most appropriate and dignified names to their roads and that first complete their markings; to designers and builders of the longest, best and most beautiful roads, of model intercapital, intercounty seat and intertownship center boulevards, of beautiful avenues along our lakes and rivers and of country bridges." The association decided to publish a monthly bulletin. Mayor Todd of Jackson was elected president.

—Lawn seats and lawn swings at Torrison Bros.

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TO AID MAIL CARRIERS.

Appeal of Illinois Postmistress For Improved Highways.

Postmistress Etta M. Purdue of Marshall, Ill., makes a public appeal for good roads for the carriers in that vicinity, says the Motor News. She says:

"The rural resident is entitled to his mail six days in the week, and the carrier or his substitute will leave the postoffice every one of those days to serve him. Whether or not he gets around depends wholly upon the rural resident. If the roads be not in good condition he will be that much slower, and if they be impassable he cannot make his trip at all. See to it now that the roads are in good condition for the spring. A bad stretch of road three miles this side may cut the ruralite off.

"If the carrier can't cross that road he can't deliver his mail. So watch the roads on both sides. If a bridge should be washed out, don't wait two or three days, but notify the road boss at once. In Clark county, Ill., a stretch of road on one of the routes was washed out and was left in bad shape in spite of the entreaties of the carrier. Then he refused to travel it any longer, and the indignant patrons reported him to the postoffice department.

"An inspector was sent to look at the road, with the result that that portion was cut out entirely for good. Look out that each one keeps up his share of road, and the carrier will do the rest."

BENEFITS IN GOOD ROADS.

Suggestions For Rural Communities to Obtain Them.

Organize good road clubs. Get every association of business men, farmers, every newspaper, to push along the good roads movement. There are few other things more important to the people of agricultural communities and rural towns than the good roads proposition, says D. M. Carr in Home Trade Advocate. It is something that every good citizen should be interested in. It is a question of the greatest elements of economy. Good roads throughout the farming districts of the country mean millions upon millions of dollars yearly saved to the farmers. They mean millions more in benefits to the rural towns. Every citizen should appoint himself a committee of one to work for the end to be attained by the co-operation of the national with state governments in the road improvement matter.

Don't be afraid to write to your member of congress, individually and collectively, and urge his support of the proposed measure for governmental appropriation for the needed improvement. Talk good roads to your neighbor, join the people of your town in booming local improvement and urge your representative in the state legislature to give support to any legislation that has for its aim better roads for the farming districts.

Expert Supervision Needed.

In many communities there exist an earnest desire for road improvement and a willingness to have the work go forward, but unfortunately there is no one available having sufficient knowledge of materials and how best to use them in building a modern road. The necessity for the employment of men having the necessary expert knowledge of how to properly construct a road or pavement is becoming daily more apparent, says the Good Roads Magazine. The enormous waste in road construction and maintenance since the nation was established will be checked and universal good roads will result through proper study and the consequent working out of efficient systems of improvement in the different states.

Drink as an Aid to Good Roads.

The saloon is responsible for the good roads of Jasper county, Mo., which is the location of the Joplin mining district, says the New York American. When the boom started there an immense number of saloons "followed the flag," and the money received in payment for licenses was spent in road improvement. As a result the roads compare favorably with any in Europe, and mine owners are using automobiles in getting about their properties.

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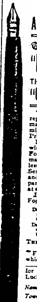

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10:25 am Ar.. Red Lake Falls ..Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls.Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar....Middle River ...Lv 3:12 pm
 1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm
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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1906 NUMBER 29

CITY COUNCIL WINS OUT.

Judge Watts Decides the Northwestern Telephone Case.

Holds That Council Must Designate Where Polls Shall Be Placed.

The order to show cause why the city officials of Thief River Falls should not be enjoined from interfering with the Northwestern Telephone company in establishing a local telephone exchange came up before Judge Watts last Friday and was denied. Judge Watts held that while the Northwestern company had a franchise, *poles could be set* only in places designated by the city council, and, as the council refuses to designate any places for the company to set the poles, their franchise is not worth very much if the opinion of Judge Watts is upheld by the higher court.

Just what the next move of the Northwestern company will be, it is hard to say. To appeal from the decision of Judge Watts means that a hearing can not be had before the supreme court until the October term and the company is very desirous of having a system in operation here before it freezes up. It is said by parties interested that the Northwestern company will probably commence mandamus proceedings within a few days.

The decision of Judge Watts in the case is as follows:

This cause having come regularly on for hearing before said court pursuant to the order to show cause issued herein on the 5th day of July, 1906, requiring the defendant to show cause why it should not be restrained from doing the acts in the order to show cause herein aforesaid mentioned, and upon such hearing, the court having read the affidavits offered on behalf of the respective parties and after due consideration had, it is

Ordered that the application of plaintiff for a temporary injunction against the defendant herein restraining it from doing the acts specified in the order to show cause herein, be and the same is hereby in all things denied, and the said order to show cause issued herein be and the same is hereby discharged.

Dated July 13, 1906.

By the court,
WILLIAM WATTS,
District Judge.

Mem. The plaintiff has the right to maintain and repair its poles and wires placed as authorized by the city council of the city of Thief River Falls at its meeting held August 21, 1899, and the city has no right to interfere with the maintenance or repairing of said line. It is not established by a preponderance of the evidence in this case that the city officials have, or intend to in any way interfere with the rights of the plaintiff company in the above named respects. I am of the opinion that the plaintiff has not the right to extend its telephone lines within the defendant city, unless it by its council designates the location of such extension by poles and wires and fixtures in other parts of the city than they have already been designated by the city council. WATTS.

THIS IS SAD

Mother Takes Her Own Life and Babe Sleeps on Her Breast.

Fosston, Minn., July 12.—While laboring under an attack of mental aberation, due to despondency, Mrs. Catherine Doran took her own life.

Mr. Doran, who is a school teacher, was helping neighbors on road work. When he returned home in the evening, he found that supper had been prepared, but his wife was missing. Believing she had gone to a neighbor's, he waited a while before starting to look for her.

Finally he went upstairs, and in a corner of a room found the body of his wife with a bullet wound in the upper part of the forehead, from which death must have resulted almost instantaneously.

Nestled close to the breast of the corpse, one arm of which encircled the tiny body, lay the 2-year-old son of the Dorans, peacefully sleeping. Mrs. Doran was but 22. She had been despondent for some time.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

BIG FALL IN SWAMPS

George A. Ralph Says That All Parts of State Can Be Drained.

Says Thief River Should Be Dredged and Shortened Twenty Miles.

George A. Ralph, the Crookston surveyor who has been employed on the state drainage survey this winter, was in Thief River Falls last week. In talking of drainage matters, Mr. Ralph said that the survey made by the state last winter demonstrated the fact that all of northern Minnesota could be *easily drained.* In swamps that were entirely covered with water the year around, Mr. Ralph said that a fall of from 10 to 15 feet to the mile was found, and the only reason that the water was standing there was the obstructions in the way of fallen trees and beaver dams. All that is needed is to dig ditches and all of this land could be made into good farming land, as there is a good, solid clay bottom.

In talking of the country north of Thief River Falls, Mr. Ralph said that if the Thief river was dredged in places and shortened about 20 miles by digging ditches, it would result in draining much land. He also advocated draining Mud lake into Elm lake and then build a ditch from Elm lake to the Thief river. This, in Mr. Ralph's opinion, would result in draining all of the country north of here and the work could be done at very little cost.

Are After Holmes.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Leonard Holmes is having more trouble than a policeman these days. Every man in town who owns a garden, and that's quite a number, is after him strong. It seems that last year by mistake he sold a lot of green paint for paris green. The bugs got fat on it and were so healthy that they came out stronger and healthier than ever this spring. The gardeners think that Holmes is to blame and want damages.

AMENDMENT TO TAX LAWS

Minnesota May Have a More Equitable Method of Collecting Taxes.

A Proposed Constitutional Amendment to Be Voted Upon This Fall.

The proposed tax amendment to the state constitution is beginning to receive the attention of the press. The amendment, if adopted, will remove the present restrictions regarding taxation. It will enable our law making bodies to enact more equitable tax laws. Under our present constitution the taxation of all classes of property, real and personal, tangible and intangible, must, in theory at least, pay the same rate of taxation. In actual practice, however, most of it escapes taxation altogether, leaving the remainder to bear the whole burden of state, county, town, municipal and school taxes.

Much of the present tax dodging is brought about by our present tax system. It is folly to expect that the owners of mortgages, land contracts, notes, etc., which bring a revenue of six or seven per cent per annum, will contribute one-half their income to the tax collector if there is any possible means of escape. Under the present state constitution, if this class of property is taxed at all, it must pay an equal proportion with all other property. Recognizing the injustice of this feature of our tax laws, assessors and other tax officials do not attempt a strict enforcement of that part of the law. Should the proposed amendment be adopted by the voters next fall, it will enable the legislature to fix tax rates according to the earning capacity of the property taxed.

One plan proposed to reach interest-bearing securities and property of that nature is through an income tax fixed low enough to insure its collection. A reasonable rate would produce a large sum in taxes which is now being lost to the state altogether. An income tax could also be levied on salaries above a certain sum, thereby deriving a large revenue from a class of citizens who, in many instances, do not contribute one cent in taxes. This class of citizens have the right to enjoy the benefits of our schools, roads and streets, but contribute nothing toward their maintenance.

There are thousands of men in this state drawing salaries ranging from $1,000 and upwards who escape taxation altogether because they own no tangible property.

This amendment is of greater importance than anything else to be voted upon at the next fall's election. Every voter should inform himself on the subject in order that he may vote intelligently. The informed voter will undoubtedly vote "yes," but enough uninformed or careless voters may either vote "no" or not at all, to defeat the amendment. It is therefore of great importance that the question should be thoroughly explained and discussed beforehand, so that every voter will have a thorough understanding of this important subject.

A SAD ACCIDENT.

Little Girl at St. Hilaire Falls Into a Pail of Slops and Death Results.

One of the saddest accidents that has happened in this vicinity for a long time occurred at St. Hilaire last Thursday afternoon. The infant daughter of Fred Sandmoen crept out of the kitchen and fell from the porch head first into a large pail of slops. A neighbor's child saw her fall and notified the parents, who rescued her as soon as possible, but the soapy water was too much for the weak lungs of the little one and she died at seven o'clock, about four hours after the accident. The grief stricken parents have the sympathy of all in their bereavement. The little one was the idol of their home and her loss will be hard to bear. The funeral took place Friday evening at 7 p. m., Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Mistake that Costs Big Money.

The post office officials are keep busy these days making new rulings. The latest is one that affects the patrons of the local office.

Hereafter the "opening by mistake" excuse will be a mistake that will cost $200. The post office department has ruled that mail must be looked over before leaving the office, and that any letter put in your box by mistake must be returned before leaving the post office under a penalty of $200 for failure to do so. The size of the fine imposed on the clerk for putting mail in the wrong box is not given.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

LOCAL MAN IS HONORED

Herbert Fuller Elected a Delegate to Railway Mail Clerks' Convention.

Received the Second Highest Vote—Convention Held in October.

The national convention of railway mail clerks of the United States will be held in Chicago in October, and Hebert Fuller, of this city, who is one of the mail clerks running on the Wheatline, has been elected as a delegate to attend this convention. Mr. Fuller will be one of the four delegates from the Tenth division of railway mail service, which is composed of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota and Montana. The further fact that Mr. Fuller was elected without any solicitation upon his part, and that the work in his behalf was all done by his friends, proves that he is a very popular man with the mail clerks of the country. He received the second highest vote.

A BIG SHOWING.

St. Hilaire Creamery Pays Out $6,000 to Farmers the Past Month.

The June statement of the St. Hilaire creamery is made public this week, and it is the best in the history of the creamery. Some 29,000 pounds of butter fat was received, which will bring about six thousand dollars. Quite a number of patrons will draw over sixty dollars for the month and some will draw nearly eighty. The July receipts so far, while not quite equal to June, are still holding up very well.

A New Invention.

Milton Forder has invented a monkey wrench which promises to be a great success. He has made application for a patent and, as soon as it is granted, he will arrange for its manufacture. The wrench is so simple and would be so convenient to use that all believe Mr. Forder has invented something that will make him a fortune.

—Subscribe for the News.

LUMBER TO REMAIN HIGH

Authorities State That Lumber Prices Will Not Go Down.

The Article Is Not Getting More Plentiful in Minnesota.

People who have delayed building operations this year because of the high price of lumber and other materials will not fare any better next season, say the manufacturers of northern pine. According to the lumbermen, prices will remain at their present altitude for the excellent reasons that advanced them several months ago. Lumber is scarce, stocks are badly broken, the supply is fast diminishing. Long ago dealers began offering premiums to secure certain lines and the inevitable result followed, an advance in price all along the line.

"It is difficult to see how people can expect lower prices on lumber," said a well-known lumberman. "Like every other commodity in the world, it follows the rule of supply and demand. As the demand is simply enormous, so great, in fact, that there is not sufficient lumber to supply it, prices have held firm. We do not anticipate a further advance, although the extraordinary scramble which the market constantly exhibits for certain stocks might seem to warrant it.

"As to builders who have not been able to go ahead with certain work on account of the difficulties in the way of getting lumber, I can only say they will be no better off next year, as far as our product is concerned. Lumber is growing scarcer daily in the northern pine district and it is preposterous to suppose that prices will drop under such conditions."—Minneapolis Tribune.

Says the Drag Is O. K.

Ye editor has made a couple of trips to Thief River Falls the past week and the roads leading into town are kept in much better condition up there than we have them down here. The work of the split log drag can be seen in every direction and Thief River Falls people are today enjoying better roads than they have ever known before. To get good results you have not only to own a drag, but to use it.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—THE—

Star Steam Laundry

Is now running under the new managers, Bjorkman and Post. With many years' experience, we can guarantee the public the very best in laundrying.

Goods Called for and Delivered

PHONE 118

YOUR VACATION.

Be fully equipped to spend your enjoyable vacation. We have spent weeks and months searching the markets for necessary articles for your pleasure trips.

Large stocks of

SUIT CASES. TRAVELING BAGS.
CLOTH AND HAIR BRUSHES.
SIDE COMBS, BACK COMBS, ETC.
WHITE DUCK SKIRTS. CREAM MOHAIR SKIRTS.
WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS.
"PATENT" AND "VICI" OXFORDS AND SHOES.
SHIRT WAISTS.
WASHABLE SUMMER NECKWEAR.
SILK PARASOLS. EMBROIDERED PARASOLS.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"Everything from Head to Foot."

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

BUY A MILL OUT WEST

Local Parties Buy the Northwestern Lumber Company At Kalispell.

C. L. Dobner to Remove West and Be Connected With the Management

A deal was closed last week whereby C. J. and D. N. Winton, C. L. Dobner, D. B. Barber and George McCrea have purchased the saw mill of the Northwestern Lumber company, of Kalispell, Mont. The mill is one of the largest in Montana and is located on a stream that has about a billion feet of standing pine. Of course not all of this belongs to the Northwestern Lumber company, but the chances of purchasing additional pine lands are so good that it is considered one of the best propositions in the country.

C. L. Dobner, who for the past ten years has been president of the First State Bank in Thief River Falls and very prominently identified with the growth and development of this city and vicinity, will leave with his family about the first of September for Kalispell and be actively connected with the business there. D. B. Barber, who was formerly connected with the Thief River Falls Lumber company, will remain with the Northwestern company and Geo. McCrea will be in charge of the logging and estimating. The firm will be an exceptionally strong one and that it will do a large and successful business goes without saying.

The only thing that the people of Thief River Falls will regret about the transaction will be that it will require the removal of Mr. Dobner and his estimable family from the city. During their ten years' residence here, they have made many warm friends. Mr. Dobner will continue to retain his interests here.

Hank Caven left last evening for Barnesville and upon his return will be accompanied by a bride. On the 31st of July he will be united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Wagner, of Barnesville.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, has sentenced the Chicago and Alton road, which was recently convicted of granting illegal rebates, to pay a fine of $20,000 on each of two counts, or a total of $40,000. John Faithorn and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the road, who were also convicted, were sentenced to pay a fine of $5,000 each on two counts, or a total of $10,000 each.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, having finished his work in Chicago, stated that he was satisfied that the packers of Chicago are making every effort to put their plants in sanitary shape and that the department will put the revised regulations into effect Aug. 1.

Peace negotiations between Guatemala and Salvador are being arranged by President Roosevelt. The negotiations, it is stated, will doubtless be held on board the American cruiser Marblehead, now in Guatemalan waters.

Thirty-nine laundry companies and laundry proprietors were indicted by the grand jury at Cincinnati on the charge of "maintaining a combination in restraint of trade."

A distinct earthquake shock was felt at El Paso, Tex., Monday. Buildings rocked and swayed and many persons fled to the streets.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Mrs. William Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, has assumed full charge of the defense and arranged to retain the services as counsel of the firm of Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge, who were dismissed by young Thaw a few days ago.

United States Senator Francis G. Newlands of Nevada is suffering from a broken collarbone. The senator was thrown from a horse near San Mateo, Cal., and had a narrow escape from death.

According to the information given out by the "standpat" operators about 25,000 miners in Ohio are out as the result of the disagreement over the wage scale.

John H. Chapman of Chicago has been elected for the sixteenth time president of the Baptist Young People's Union of America.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Thomas D. Nicholls, president of district No. 1, United Mine Workers of America, has been nominated for congress from the Eleventh Pennsylvania district by the Lackawanna county Democratic convention.

Complete fusion between the Lincoln Republicans and Democratic parties of Pennsylvania has been effected at a reassembled convention of the Lincoln party in Philadelphia.

Henry Clay Evans, former commissioner of pensions and recently American consul in London, has been nominated for governor by Tennessee Republicans.

E. Y. Sarles has been renominated for governor by North Dakota Republicans.

BUY WHITE EARTH PINE

Local Lumber Company Has Already Bought 125,000,000 Feet.

Will Be Brought Here by Rail and Manufactured Into Lumber.

D. N. Winton was down to White Earth Monday conferring with a number of agents he has at the place who are buying pine lands of the Indians there. At the recent session of congress a bill was passed allowing the Indians who had allotments to sell their pine land holdings and, as a result, there has been quite a number of lumbermen after this choice pine land.

E. L. Warren, B. L. Fairbanks and Irvine P. Gardner, all Indian mixed bloods who have allotments, are securing the options for Mr. Winton and on Monday had secured options on over 125,000,000 feet of pine and hope to greatly increase this before the end of the week. Mr. Winton has had no estimate on this pine and was at considerable disadvantage with other competitors who had estimated most every quarter-section. He, however, is making a price of $10 per thousand for standing Norway pine and $12 per thousand for white pine, and the timber to be scaled after it is cut. Liberal payments are given before the lumber is cut. This is about the best price ever paid for pine land in this state and as a result Mr. Winton is securing most of the pine. There is about 400,000,000 feet of pine on this reservation and much of it will not come on the market for some time, as the full blooded Indians can not sell without the approval of the secretary of the interior. The pine is located east of the Soo railroad and, by building a branch about twenty-five miles long, the heart of this pine country can be reached.

While no announcement as to where this pine will be sawed is now made, there is no question but what it will be brought to Thief River Falls and sawed by the mill here. This means that the life of the local saw mill will be prolonged several years, and is a matter of great importance to this city.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

The Young Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve ice cream and cake in the Odd Fellows hall next Wednesday evening.

Andrew Johnson, a farmer living eight miles west of town, suffered a hemorrhage of the stomach while in the city yesterday afternoon. He is in a critical condition.

WELL-KEPT ROADSIDES.

Every Landowner Should Help Beautify the Highways.

Attention should not be confined to the traveled roadway to the total neglect of the roadside, says the Auto Advocate. The importance of beautifying the unused margins of the road allowance is a matter which should be impressed upon every landowner. However good the road, it does not fully serve its purpose if the roadside is a tangled mass of weeds, brush, rubbish and tin cans. A farm usually partakes of the condition of the road leading to it, and the state of the roadside is apt to be an index to character of the farmer.

Rural England owes much of its beauty not only to its good roads, but also to the well kept roadsides, the magnificent trees and beautiful hedges. It is a power that creates a love of country and an unfaltering patriotism. Grade and level the roadside as well as the road. Establish a good sod. Keep down the weeds. Let the fences be neat and tasteful. Plant groups of trees and shrubbery. Utilize any springs available near the road to make drinking places for horses and cattle. In doing all this preserve nature at her best, making the most of natural advantages.

The roadsides cannot, need not, be converted into lawns, but they need not be the unsightly emblems of chaos that we so frequently find them. In building our roads the original beauty of nature is destroyed, and we owe it to ourselves to make such atonement as we can by restoring a certain amount of order and ornament.

Road Improvement For Poor Towns.

The board of supervisors of Sullivan county, N. Y., are urging an amendment of the state highway law by which towns of less than $1,000,000 valuation will receive from the state an amount of money for highway improvement equal to the amount raised in the town instead of 50 per cent, as under the present law. This, it is claimed, would help the poorer towns to improve their roads without unduly burdening them.

Fine Road Metal.

A ship recently dumped into Pensacola (Fla.) harbor a load of ninety tons of a mixture of shell and coral which had been taken aboard as ballast. The city authorities purchased the lot and placed it on the streets. It grinds down to a powder which cements readily and forms an excellent road metal.

CHANGES AT FIRST STATE

L. M. Hoag to Be Actively Connected With the Management of This Bank.

Change to Be Made About September 1st, When C. L. Dobner Goes West.

The removal of C. L. Dobner and family to Kalispell, Mont., about the first of September, will necessitate a change in the management of the First State Bank of this city. Accordingly, L. M. Hoag, who for the past number of years has been at the head of the Hoag Security company that for a number of years has been doing a large farm loan business in this section of the state, has purchased a block of the stock of the First State Bank and will be actively connected with the management of the bank. H. G. Dobner will continue to act as either cashier or president of this institution, and C. L. Dobner will continue to hold a large amount of the stock, but owing to his removal to the west, will not be connected with the active management. Mr. Hoag in turn will dispose of his loan business to other parties, but as the details of this transaction have not as yet been completed, no public announcement is made.

The connection of Mr. Hoag with this popular bank will be well received by the people of Thief River Falls.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alexander Tuesday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Ed. Wilcox returned to this city yesterday from a business trip to St. Paul.

—For Rent—New house, six rooms, nice location, $10 per month. George K. Fargo.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Christien Steen, of the town of North, last Saturday.

The Sunday school of the Methodist Episcopal church enjoyed a picnic at Tindolph's Park last Tuesday.

A class of sixteen will receive first communion at St. Bernard's church on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Earnest Buse, the well-known Red Lake Falls pioneer, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Quite a number of residents of this city were down to Crookston the first of the week to attend Ringlings' circus.

J. K. Wood, who had been doing surveying in the southern part of the county, returned to this city yesterday.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse left Tuesday morning for Portage la Prairie, Manitoba, called there by the serious illness of her sister.

The Junior League will serve ice cream and cake on the lawn of the Methodist Episcopal church Friday evening.

—Taken Up—A dark red cow, without horns. Owner can have same by paying charges. Ed. Ekman, "Horse Shoe," south of mill yards.

Rev. W. E. Christmas, the divine healer who visited Thief River Falls last winter, will be at New Folden July 21 and remain for two days.

George Monroe, who recently broke his leg by falling from the roof of Oen & Granum's warehouse, was yesterday removed to his claim up in Marshall county. He is getting along nicely.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

W. A. Murphy, of this city, and H. J. Kaufer, of Red Lake Falls, leave Saturday for Calgary, N. W. T., where they will make their future homes. They will be general agents for the Reeves Threshing company up there.

A large number of hoboes are passing through the city these days for the wheat fields of North Dakota. They are doing considerable begging and the police officers are kept busy trying to keep them on the move.

County Attorney Germo was out to the new town of Silverton yesterday. It appears that there is a factional fight on out there and the charges are made that one of the town officers is not a qualified official or something to that effect.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, July 22. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Evening subject: "The Evangel of Hope." Sunday School, 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 7 p. m. Everybody invited. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening. Little or no business was transacted except the allowance of a number of bills. The matter of the city purchasing the Maylan and Hamstad property for park purposes was discussed, but no action was taken.

TAKES HIS OWN LIFE

Former Well-Known Lake Pleasant Farmer Takes His Own Life.

Was a Brother of Ex-County Treasurer J. T. Beaudry.

Toussaint Beaudry, a rancher of the Moxee Valley near North Yakima, Washington, committed suicide last Friday night by to cutting his throat and jumping into the Moxee canal that runs near his home. The act was committed about 11 o'clock at night.

Mr. Beaudry had risen from bed and went to the ditch, a distance of about three rods from the house. There was a deep cut on each side of his throat under each ear, the jugular vein being missed. Two gashes were also cut on the left cheek just beneath the cheek bone. The razor was found in the ditch sticking in the mud near the body of the dead man.

Mr. Beaudry had lived in Lake Pleasant township this county for 25 years moving to North Yakima four years ago. He was 58 years of age and had been a sufferer from heart disease for a long time. For the past three weeks he was in a bad condition and for 10 nights before killing himself he had not slept. On Friday night he retired at about 10 o'clock. Mrs. Beaudry says that she had fallen asleep and was awakened by a jar of a door. She got up and looked out, but could see nothing of Mr. Beaudry. She then retired, but, as he did not return, she became alarmed at his continued absence and got up again and called on the neighbors to assist in finding him.

A search of the premises was made and in about a half hour the body of Mr. Beaudry was discovered lying beneath the water in the ditch. As the moon was shining brightly and the water was not very deep, it was an easy matter to see the body.

Indications were that he had gone to the side of the ditch with the idea of committing suicide. After making the two gashes in the neck and two in the face, it is supposed he threw himself into the ditch, dying from strangulation. The cuts in the neck would not necessarily have been fatal, as neither one touched the jugular vein.

A wife and eight children, four sons and four daughters, survive him.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

A powder mill of the Atlantic Dynamite company several miles from Ashland, Wis., blew up Monday, killing three men. Twenty others were injured. The neutralizing plant was totally destroyed. The shock was terrific and broke many windows in Ashland.

A train of two trolley cars westbound from Lockport on the International railway ran into an open switch at Martinsville, N. Y., and crashed into a trolley freight motor and seven freight cars. Five passengers were killed and a score injured.

Eight girls at a picnic on the river bank at Cedar Rapids, Ia., went wading. The smallest one slipped into a hole and in trying to rescue her six others were drowned. The dead girls ranged in age from seven to sixteen.

The Diamond Jo line steamer Quincy, from St. Louis for St. Paul, ran aground near Trempeleau, Wis. The passengers reached shore safely and proceeded to their destination on a special train.

Fire supposed to be of incendiary origin destroyed the town of Lynnville, Ind, causing a loss of $200,000. Twenty-two buildings were burned and the town is practically gone out of existence.

One person was probably fatally injured and fifty others were more or less bruised and shaken up by a rear end collision of street cars at St. Louis.

An immigrant train on the Erie railway was wrecked in the railway yards at Port Jervis, N. Y. The engineer and fireman were killed.

General W. H. Warfield, a prominent Californian, was killed in an automobile accident near San Francisco.

HIGHWAY ACROSS OHIO.

National Good Roads Association Expects to Finish It In a Year.

Ohio is to have a magnificent highway extending across the state from Pennsylvania to the Indiana line, says a Cleveland (O.) special dispatch to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Work upon it will be commenced within a year by the National Good Roads association.

This is the information given out for the first time recently by Colonel W. H. Moore, president of the National Good Roads association, who was in Cleveland making arrangements for opening an office in that city.

The road, which will be the first to be built across a state under the auspices of one organization since the old federal roads, will be the equal of any road in the United States and will cost $1,500,000. Of this amount, Colonel Moore says, $750,000 has already been put up by certain interests that he will not now reveal, and the remainder will be obtained from the counties through which it will pass.

A. O. U. W. INSTITUTED

Grand Master Workman Tifft Here to Start the Lodge.

Officers Elected and Lodge Starts With Good Membership.

A lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen was instituted in Thief River Falls Tuesday evening by Grand Master Workman M. C. Tifft, of Long Prairie. Peter O. Olson, deputy grand master workman, has been in the city for the past two weeks, and to his efforts is largely due the flourishing manner in which the new lodge starts out. The officers elected and installed are as follows:

P. M. W.—John A. Swore.
M. W.—Frank H. Reichter.
Foreman—Wm. H. Johnson.
Overseer—John Baker.
Recorder—S. J. Rice.
Financier—Albert H. Huseth.
Receiver—E. M. Stanton.
Guide—Daniel O. Robinson.
Inside Watch—S. Finberg.
Outside Watch—R. O. Robertson.
Examiner—Dr. Schalaben.
Trustees—Dr. Schalaben, Frank Richter and W. LaFave.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The murder of Miss Millie Ellison of Ellsworth, Wis., in the National hotel at Minneapolis was followed by the arrest and suicide at Elroy, Wis., of Nathan M. Riggs of Minneapolis, a passenger conductor on the Omaha road. Riggs, although married, was engaged to Miss Ellison and the police believe he killed her for several thousand dollars she had in her possession at the time.

Three foreign workmen were blown to pieces, three others fatally injured and several others badly hurt by an explosion which wrecked a shanty in the McLaughlin stone quarries at Bellwood, a short distance northwest of Chicago. There are evidences that the explosion was the result of a plot on the part of people who are at present unknown to the police.

Revelations of the financial embarrassment of Alexander & Alexander of Augusta, Ga., one of the largest firms of cotton factors in the state, has developed discrepancies of about $145,000 following the disappearance of Thomas W. Alexander, head of the firm.

Harry Thaw is reported to be without funds and it is stated that the elaborate plans which have been made for his defense cannot be put into execution until his mother, Mrs. William Thaw, arrives from Europe and approves the necessary expenditures.

George Mitchell, who was acquitted at Seattle, Wash., Tuesday of the murder of Franz Creffield, leader of the "Holy Rollers," was shot and killed Thursday by his sister, Esther Mitchell, to avenge whose treatment the brother had killed Creffield.

The grand jury of the District of Columbia has returned indictments against the American Ice company and the Chapin-Sacks Ice company and their local officers on the charge of entering into a conspiracy to increase the price of ice.

J. W. Irnegan, a well-to-do white farmer of Colleton county, S. C., killed his wife and four children, braining them with an axe at their home about twenty miles from Waterboro. Irnegan is thought to be insane.

City Marshal John Isaacs of Prescott, Wis., was killed and Deputy Sheriff Hummill of Pierce county, Wis., was dangerously injured in an attempt to arrest members of a gang of Italian laborers.

W. L. Mayfield, a prominent politician, was shot and instantly killed at Karnes City, Tex., by J. C. Goode, an attorney and banker. The shooting was the result of a previous disagreement.

Isaac Lyerly, a wealthy merchant and farmer, and his wife and three young children were murdered at their home one mile east of Barbers Junction, N. C. Robbery was the motive.

Mrs. Emily McKinley, postmistress at Kingfisher, Okla., and a widow of a cousin of the late President McKinley, was bound over to the grand jury, charged with falsifying records.

Over $100,000 consigned to the Alaska Pacific Express company at Seattle has been stolen from aboard the steamer Ida May during the trip from Alaska.

One policeman was killed and two seriously injured in a fight with union ironworkers on the eighth floor of a New York hotel in course of construction.

Kentucky's Greatest Handicap.

J. C. C. Mayo of Kentucky, who has been a chief factor in the development of the eastern counties of his state, and is an extensive owner of valuable coal lands of that region, said recently:

"Our greatest handicap is the wretched condition of our country roads. In wet weather they are almost impassable, and the farmers cannot get over them in empty wagons. The construction of good roads in the rural districts is one of the biggest questions of the day, and this country will never experience the fullest prosperity until the problem is solved."

SIX NOW IN THE FIELD

School Election Saturday Evening May Not Be Unanimous One.

Four Members of the Board to Be Elected and Six Candidates.

School election will be held on Saturday evening of this week and according to talk about the city yesterday it is quite likely that there will be two tickets in the field. Charles A. Nason, one of the present members of the board, has decided not to be a candidate, and this decision upon Mr. Nason's part has not been well received, as he is very popular in all parts of the city and a large number would have been glad to see him elected again.

From present indications, it looks as if one ticket would be in the field containing the names of Dr. Penney, George K. Fargo, Rev. I. T. Aastad and C. C. Jackson and another ticket containing the names of Perl W. Mabey, Ben Erickson, C. C. Jackson and Dr. Penney.

While Dr. Penney and C. C. Jackson will probably be upon both tickets, it is not known for what term of years they will be candidates upon the different tickets, and upon this depends whether or not they will be elected without opposition. Two of the directors are to be elected for a term of three years, one for a term of two years and one for a term of one year.

Yesterday was the first day that there was any talk of candidates for school officers, and there may be some radical changes in tickets before Saturday evening.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 14, 1906:

Asleson, Ole
Alton, Thomas
Bergquist, Magnus
Bishop, John
Berntsen, Miss Olea
Crandell, Evertt
Evenson, Miss Mary
Elliott, Miss Eva
Foster, Mrs. Stella
Halvelson, H. A.
Herberg, Ruben
Hovelson, Miss Clara
Johagem, Dan
Lee, William J.
Man, Ole O.
Morgan, Miss Grace
Numbers, Wm. O.
Olson, Jorgine Miss
Olson, Christenu E.
Osnes O. J.
Olson, Carl
Smith, Miss Margie
Soderberg, Pet.
Thomas, H. C.
Thorson, Martin
Wilson, Willian L.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Ira C. Richardson, P. M.

Middle River Agent.

A. C. Douglas, more generally known among his railway friends as "Moose," returned to Thief River Falls this morning, where he acts as cashier at the Great Northern depot. In a short time he is to be transferred to Middle River, where he will be made agent. The present agent at that place, A. C. Goelet, will be transferred to some other station on the road.—Crookston Times.

Meeting of School Directors.

A meeting of school directors from various parts of Red Lake county in the vicinity of Thief River Falls was held in the city Tuesday afternoon and they were instructed as to their duties by County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty. The meeting was quite well attended and proved very instructive to school directors in rural districts.

Notice for Bids, Town of Norden.

Sealed bids will be received until July 30th at 7 o'clock p. m. for the erection of a cement block school house. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office at any time. The board reserves the right to accept or reject any or all of the bids.

John L. Finke,
District Clerk.

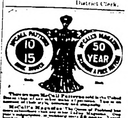

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. [illegible]

McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) [illegible]

Lady Agents Wanted. [illegible]

DROWNED AT CROOKSTON

H. J. Beaulieu's Body Found Floating in the River Saturday.

Dead Man Was an Old Time Resident of Thief River Falls.

Hank J. Beaulieu, one of the old time residents of Thief River Falls, was found floating in the river at Crookston last Saturday morning, his body being badly decomposed. It was thought by the Crookston authorities that he had drowned at Thief River Falls and the body had floated down to Crookston, but this was not the case. Beaulieu left here last Wednesday evening for Larimore, N. D., where he was to have worked in the shops for the Great Northern railway company, and must have fallen in the river at Crookston that evening, as that is the last time he was seen alive, and had only been in the river a little over two days when his body was discovered floating. His wife went down to Crookston Saturday evening and the body was buried at Crookston on Monday.

Beaulieu was well known to the people of Thief River Falls, especially to the old timers. For a number of years he was employed by the Meehan Bros. and when this firm sold out and went down to Mississippi, Mr. Beaulieu went with them and was employed there until last fall, when he returned to Thief River Falls and has since resided here.

UP TOMORROW.

Argument to Be Made in the County Seat Case Tomorrow.

Tomorrow at Crookston the matter of having the injunction issued by Court Commissioner Toupin, restraining the county auditor from calling an election in the county seat case, dissolved will be up for a hearing. Attorney A. A. Miller, representing Thief River Falls, will make a motion to have the injunction dissolved and the matter will be argued.

Accused Goes to Jail.

The case of Ole Brandon, charged with a criminal assault upon Mrs. George Curtis, came up before Justice Weld on Tuesday. The state was represented by County Attorney Brown, while Attorney Tautges, of Thief River Falls, appeared on behalf of the defendant. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis and their two little children were present. Mrs. Curtis showed some hesitation in giving her testimony, and it was plain that the position in which she found herself placed was very embarrassing and unpleasant to her. Nevertheless, she told her tale in a plain and convincing manner. She said Brandon called at her home and inquired for her husband. As soon as he learned that Curtis had gone to town, he offered to caress her and upon being repulsed, resorted to violence, showing by his words and actions that it was his intention to ravish her. Not succeeding in his purpose, he finally left her and went away from the house. When her husband returned home, she acquainted him with what had occurred during his absence and he went before a justice and procured a warrant for Brandon's arrest. As a result of Tuesday's examination the accused was bound over to the next term of court, bail being fixed at a $1,000, in default of which he was lodged in the county jail.—Warren Register.

A Shirt Campaign.

Warren Register: The length of a shirt is to be an issue in the Kansas campaign this year. A farm paper is leading a movement to reorganize farmers into unions. The argument advanced is that if every shirt was made one inch longer, the added cloth would consume the entire surplus of cotton. Farmers are urged to organize and stand for this demand. Chairmen of the Democratic and Republican state committees declare that if this remedy was reversed to equalize matters in case of an extreme shortage in the cotton crop, it might become very embarrassing.

Indians Get Religion.

Friday afternoon last a special car was set off here for the accommodation of thirty six Indians of White Earth reserve who wished to attend a Methodist Episcopal camp meeting at Odanah, Wis.

The taking of this private car shows the independence and prosperity of our neighbors to the south. The car cost the company $250 above the regular charge for transportation. For this amount they have the use of car for ten days.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

Taking Up the Track.

St. Hilaire Spectator: A construction crew has been busy the past week tearing up the Great Northern track between Ives and Wylie. They are taking every thing in sight—rails, ties, fences, [illegible]verts and bridges and are storing [illegible] stuff here.

WHERE IS J. JOHNSON

No Trace of Him Can Be Found Since Last Friday.

Was Temperate in Habits and Had No Reason For Going Away.

Where is Jack Johnson? This is a question that is bothering his wife and daughter and the police of the city have been busy trying to locate him for the past week. The last seen of Mr. Johnson was on Friday evening, and since that time no trace of him can be found. Mr. Johnson had been employed by the Soo for some time past on the section, was a man of temperate habits and about 50 years of age. He is married and has a grown up daughter residing here who is also married. His family relations have always been the most pleasant and no reason for his disappearance can be given except that he has lost his reason. For sometime he had been figuring upon going to Dakota this fall and work during harvest, but the fact that he left without informing his family and that he did not draw what money he had coming from the Soo road, has convinced his wife that something is wrong.

BUTTER IS KING.

Four Cars of Butter Shipped from This Section on Monday.

Four car loads of butter went down on the Great Northern on Monday of this week. The butter was gathered at stations north of here—Greenbush, Strathcona, Middle River and Steiner, and a large amount was loaded here. One car contained all creamery butter and was billed to New York; two part dairy and part creamery for St. Paul and Duluth and one for Minneapolis. The value of this butter is about $24,000 and it shows how fast this section is going to the front. Every Monday the Great Northern has refrigerator cars up on this branch for the accommodation of those who desire to ship butter and for the past few weeks cars have been shipped each Monday.

O. R. T. MET.

Meeting of That Order Held Here Sunday Afternoon.

A meeting of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers was held in Thief River Falls Sunday afternoon, the Antlers Club rooms being used as a meeting place for members of this order. Those in attendance were the telegraph operators employed on the Soo line between Emerson and Glenwood and as far west on the Wheatline as Adams. About twenty were present and O. R. Hatten, the state chairman, presided. The meeting was a strictly business one, and those who attended stated that there was no talk of a strike or anything of that nature, although the order is for the purpose of bettering the condition of the telegraph operators.

New Creamery Near Grit.

The farmers out in the neighborhood of Grit will have a new Creamery and have gone about its organization in a manner the would seem to insure the success of the undertaking. They have had several meetings among themselves and have canvassed the situation thoroughly for share holders and cows. They have been assured of at least sixty-six patrons to start with and they will furnish cream from 500 cows, all of which are within a radius of about three miles from the place where it is proposed to build the creamery. A meeting will be held on Saturday, the 21st inst., to perfect the organization, after which the work of building will be commenced. It is the intention to get the plant in shape this fall, put up ice this winter and make an early start in the spring.—Plummer Pioneer.

The Soo Line's New Mileage Books.

Always in the lead in originating new conveniences for the traveling public, the Soo Line now comes to the front with several new mileage books, which are attracting a great deal of well merited attention, as they are great savers for any one who uses the line of the Soo to any extent.

The new 5,000 mile book is sold at $100.00, two cents a mile; 3,000 mile books at $60.00, two cents a mile; 2,500 mile books at $56.25, 2¼ cents a mile, while the old form 1,000 mile books remain the same, $25.00, but is made interchangeable.

The new books ought to make money for the company, as nothing in the line of tickets has ever appeared which has proven so popular, especially among the traveling men.

They have also gotten out an assortment of excess baggage books, which are sold at reduced rates.

$[illegible] in coupons can be purchased for $[illegible], $30.00 in coupons for $24.00, [illegible] $15.00 in coupons for $12.00.

[illegible]scribe for the News.

MAIL ORDER HOUSE AGAIN

The Duluth Herald Tells Why They Don't Get Business There.

Merchants Who Adevrtise Are the Ones Who Get the Business.

Duluth Herald: The political campaign is obscuring the ever-living problem of how to deal with the mail order houses, which is usually a leading topic in the editorial columns of the country press, but that does not mean that the problem does not exist. It does, and the contest between the local business houses, which pay taxes, contribute to the support of local enterprises, and whose owners live and vote and go to church right in the home community, and the big mail order houses, which pay no local taxes, support no local institutions, extend no credit and do not care a fig for the health, wealth and prosperity of the home town, is just as keen and as far from being decided as it was before politics became the prevailing topic in the Minnesota country press.

But just by way of variety, and in order that politics may not take up the entire state too early in the game, here is a little advice on this subject from Globe-Wernicke Doings, a magazine published by the manufacturing concern of that name. Discussing this contest, this magazine explains that the mail order houses gets their business through energetic advertising, since there is no other possible way in which they can reach those whom they would make their customers. Then it says:

> Now, the local dealer not only has the opportunity to utilize a medium which is usually read with more interest than any outside periodical, his own local paper, but he has every advantage that comes from acquaintance and the ability to show and carry the goods in stock. Given a reputation for fair and honest dealing, the co-operation of a local paper for advertising purposes, backed by continuous, energetic efforts, there is no mail order house that will be able to compete for local patronage under such conditions.

This is advice that the Herald has heretofore given its constituency of the rural districts. The mail order houses give Duluth merchants no trouble. They don't get enough business in Duluth to buy gasoline for their automobiles. Why? Because Duluth merchants advertise in their local papers, and advertise intelligently, attractively and persistently. They advertise prices, and they make them attractive enough to bring trade. If they didn't advertise, the mail order problem would be as great as it is in the country towns, and as the country merchants often do, the city dealers would be coming into the offices of the city papers, asking them to urge the people to patronize home stores instead of sending their money away to the mail order houses. And the city papers, as the country papers do, would no doubt plead with the people to stop buying outside and to buy at home.

But that wouldn't do a particle of good, because the mail order houses would be hustling for business while the local merchants were waiting for it. The mail order houses are beaten in Duluth by the advertising of the local merchants. They can be beaten in the same way in any country town in the land.

BELL A CANDIDATE.

Man from Roseau County Announces His Candidacy and Platform.

To the voters of Kittson, Marshall and Roseau counties, comprising the 63rd legislative district:

Having decided to become a candidate for representative on the republican ticket, I submit whatever merit I may possess for the honor to the decision of my fellow citizens.

Ten years of unselfish devotion and work in the interest of Roseau county and its development should be a sufficient guaranty of future faithfulness.

If nominated and elected, I will voice the sentiment of my district in working and voting for local county option to the end that the electors of each county may have the opportunity to decide for or against the licensing of the liquor traffic.

I shall vote for the re-election of United States Senator Knut Nelson, and, as in the past, devote my best energies in the interest of drainage.

I shall endeavor to represent the best interest of Roseau county, the district and state, in short I will do my duty and do it right.

I want the voters of every neighborhood and precinct in the district to get together and discuss the qualifications of the candidates, without prejudice or outside influence, and decide, each man for himself, how he shall vote, and I will be satisfied with the result.

Roman J. Bell.

—Subscribe for the News.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE — FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A BARREL OF TROUBLE

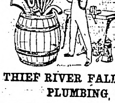

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plummers can be found at our address.

We Don't Care

to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good honest effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

TIME

It Takes Three months for HAMM'S "New Brew" to go from the kettle to you

When it gets to you Hamm's "New Brew" Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious

Bottled and On Draught Everywhere

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 19, 1906.

New Naturalization Law.

The last session of congress made some radical changes in the naturalization laws, and, there being so many residents upon government land in this vicinity who have not taken out their second papers, the law is of considerable local interest. As a general thing, the law is a decidedly good one, although it may work a hardship in a few individual cases.

The bureau of immigration at Washington has been enlarged by the addition of a bureau of naturalization, and the two will work together to keep a check on immigration and naturalization, and to see to it that no fraudulent papers are issued. It will keep a list of arriving aliens, with *name, age, occupation*, personal description, last place of residence and intended place of future residence, and it will give a certificate of such registry to each alien admitted. This certificate must be presented when the intention to become a citizen is declared, and when a petition for naturalization is filed. The declaration of intention to become a citizen must precede the petition by at least two years, and the petition for final papers must be at least five years after the registry.

While naturalization will not be confined to United States courts, because they are difficult of access from many parts of the country, it can not be granted by any state court of limited jurisdiction or granted by any court to aliens not resident in its own judicial district. The petition for citizenship must be in the handwriting of the applicant, and it must declare among other things that he is not a "disbeliever in or opposed to organized government, or a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching disbelief in or opposed to organized government," a polygamist or believer in polygamy, and that he renounces his former allegiance. Ample means of identification are provided for, and serious penalties are imposed for any fraud, forgery, perjury or false witness.

The petition must be posted in a public place in the office of the clerk of court for at least ninety days before action is taken upon it and opportunity must be given for opposing the application. Final action can be taken only in open court on stated days, and no certificate of naturalization can be issued within thirty days preceding any general election. Applicants must be able to speak the English language, or they get no final papers, except those who have made homestead entries upon government land.

Give Us More Light.

D. C. Lightbourn, editor of the Norman County Index, published at Ada, last week announced that he would be a candidate for state senator from this district. In his published announcement Mr. Lightbourn tells us what he stands for as follows:

> I am a candidate for state senator from this district, which comprises Norman, Beltrami, Red Lake and Clearwater counties, and I respectfully solicit the support of the voters at the Republican primaries. If elected, I pledge myself to vote for the re-election of Hon. Knute Nelson as U. S. senator. I favor and will work for liberal state appropriations for drainage, good roads and bridges.

It would be hard to conceive of any candidate for Republican nomination for senator from this district who did not stand for all that Mr. Lightbourn does. Knut Nelson is the nominee of the Republican party for senator and as for drainage, good roads and bridges, every voter, perhaps, in the district favors this legislation. There are other and very important things to be considered. For instance, we would like to know how Mr. Lightbourn stands on the question of extending the primary election law to state officers; the reduction of passenger rates to two cents per mile; the reciprocal demurrage bill; the regulation of railroads and corporations, and numerous other matters of much importance.

L. C. Simons, who is Mr. Lightbourn's only opponent thus far in the field, stands for Nelson, drainage, roads and bridges. And yet Mr. Simons, while a member of the state legislature, voted for the railroads and against the interest of the people upon all occasions. This thing of running on a drainage platform and talking about the weather has more or less played out. The people have a right to know how candidates are going to vote upon important measures.

Reclaiming Waste Lands.

Minnesota is not the only state, by any means, where drainage comes into play to turn waste lands into prolific acres.

Michigan has lately reclaimed many thousands of acres of land that had stood under its covering of stagnant water for ages. Land that wasn't worth having at all, in the minds of the unawakened, has been turned into valuable farming territory by drainage.

A dispatch from Saginaw, Mich., tells about experiments near there which have proved to be successful. About six miles below Saginaw is a dyked farm of 1,200 acres, which has been drained by the use of a great water wheel. In a recent trial it removed in 110 hours water that would have taken the centrifugal pump formerly used sixty days to expel. Says the dispatch, in speaking of the experiment:

> This successful experiment indicates how thousands of the richest farm lands in Michigan can be economically reclaimed and converted into highly productive acres. There are thousands of acres of similar lands below Saginaw, and these will eventually, no doubt, be reclaimed by the use of water wheels similar to that used by the Oneida Farm Company at an expense of about $3,000. The annual cost of maintenance will be nominal.
>
> Where the waters rolled formerly now wave fields of oats, and millet and buckwheat will soon be planted. Thousands of car loads of sugar beets and cabbages are shipped from these reclaimed farms every year.

But no such expensive operations are necessary in northern Minnesota. Here, in most cases, all that will be necessary is to dig ditches to conduct the waste water into the regular water channels. Some of these channels will have to be deepened, widened and straightened, but the cost of it will be very small compared with the benefits that will result and the profits that will accrue to the state.

Comparatively little has been done by the state so far. It has spent some money, and with good results. Local subdivisions of the state, in the western part, have also spent considerable money, and have reclaimed thousands of acres of land with it. But there are millions of acres yet to be reclaimed, and while it can not all be done in a year, a start should be made as soon as possible.

If private owners held these lands, and they became convinced, as the people of Minnesota are now convinced, that by spending about a dollar an acre the lands would be made readily salable at $10 to $15 an acre, the capital to do the work would be immediately forthcoming. Public investments come a little slower than this, but they are certainly coming.—Duluth Herald.

Winston Churchill, the novelist, has announced his candidacy for the governorship of New Hampshire. He has been in the state legislature for four years and came quickly into state prominence. New Hampshire, like most other states of the Union, has a dominating corporate influence, in the Maine railroad, and in announcing his candidacy, Mr. Churchill throws down the gauntlet to the monarchical rule of this and kindred corporations in the following letter to the public: "I am a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. If elected, I shall be unpledged, save to do my duty for the legitimate interests of the state. And I shall do what I can to aid any movement or pass any laws which will help to put the government of the state of New Hampshire in the hands of the people, where it belongs." It is evident from this open letter that New Hampshire is politically in the hands of the corporations, but the people are becoming tired of such an arrangement and this accounts for the coming forward of such men as Mr. Churchill for high office. Corporation stool pigeons and political tricksters who do the bidding of their masters are being brushed aside and honest servants of the people are taking their places. Winston Churchill ought to be elected governor of New Hampshire. There would be *no doubt of his election if there* were no Boston & Maine railroad to oppose him.

Commissioner of Immigration Sargent says that the highwater mark of immigration has not yet been reached. He thinks that so long as prosperity continues in the United States the country will receive more than a million aliens every year unless the tide is checked by legislation. The greater proportion of immigrants now come from Austria-Hungary, Italy and Russia. The course of immigration since 1892 is interesting. In that year it was 576,663, after which it dropped steadily to 258,631 in 1895, mounted to 343,267 in in 1896, dropped to 229,299 in 1898, and thereafter steadily rose, reaching 684,743 in 1902, then 857,040 in 1903, fell off to 812,870 in 1904, and then rose over the million mark in 1905 and 1906. For the fifteen years the total was 8,072,216 aliens, or an average of 538,147 yearly. This year's total is nearly twice the yearly average.

St. Louis county is one of the northern Minnesota counties that believes in state development and is doing something of a substantial character. At the meeting of the commissioners of that county last week, a levy of $95,000 was made for the purpose of constructing county roads in that county. This amount of money should build many miles of substantial roads and if St. Louis county keeps up the good work each year, it will soon be one of the best developed counties in the state. In the opinion of the News, good roads is the most important factor in the development of a country and just as soon as the farmers around here find this out, their land will be as valuable as in any portion of the state.

> There is enough grass going to waste in Otter Tail county this season to pasturage 25,000 cows and make enough hay to winter them. There are enough boys and girls to take care of them and make the butter or sell the cream. Some day people will wonder why this opportunity to make some money was allowed to go to waste.—Fergus Falls Journal.

What is true in Otter Tail county can also be said of most portions of the northern part of the state. In the vicinity of Thief River Falls, however, there are now twelve creameries that have all been built during the past year and there is room for four or five times as many more. Grass will not always go to waste here.

The demand to have the direct primary election law apply to state officials seems to be growing greatly in popular favor and, if the next state legislature does the right thing, it will extend the law. When this is done, the people will all have an opportunity to say who will be nominated. The convention system gives the candidates who have strong financial backing too much power, and corporations do not, as a usual thing, contribute to campaign funds for fun.

> It is given out that friends of Ralph Green, the popular Equality farmer, are urging him to go after the Republican nomination for auditor this fall. Mr. Green is one of the most popular fellows in the county and would receive the united support of the party should he decide to get in the game.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The above would indicate that Mr. Ford did not care to again go before the people of Red Lake county and solicit their votes upon his "record."

The Red Lake Falls Gazette is very indignant because it has heard that Thief River Falls will not support candidates for county office that will do as John Duffy dictates. The people here would like to see a set of officials elected who will stand for what is right and just at all times and due their duty. That kind of officials would not suit Red Lake Falls, however.

Grand Rapids Independent: The primary election law has its failings, but it works splendidly in the selection of candidates for county legislature and congressional offices, and there can be no reason why it would not give equally as good satisfaction in the selection of candidates for state officer.

The Crookston Journal is advocating that Crookston establish its own electric light and water works system. Municipal ownership of such public utilities is essential to the prosperity of any town and the sooner Crookston realizes this the sooner will it get that 25,000 population.

The announcement of Lewis A. Nelson to the effect that he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination of sheriff of Red Lake county will be well received by the voters. Mr. Nelson is an able and popular man and, if elected, will make a good officer.

The best township in Red Lake county is Rocksbury. The land in that township is perhaps no better than in others, but the farmers there raise more tame hay than in any other part of the country. That is why the Rocksbury farmers are prosperous.

There is only one thing that Red Lake Falls can be depended upon and that is to furnish a good crop of candidates for county offices. What is the matter with giving the people living in the country a show just for once?

Senator LaFollette says it is going to take a fight of at least ten years before the government will win in the fight to regulate corporations. LaFollette has had some experience in this line and had ought to know.

Every farmer in Red Lake and Marshall counties should make it a point to attend the county fair in Thief River Falls this year and not only do this, but bring in some produce raised and place it upon exhibition.

The Red Lake Falls Courier came out last week without any sensation regarding the county seat matter. The Courier is getting down to earth.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

—We are now selling clean sixteen inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR--THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.

Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway

will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to

St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31. For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent,

Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	67c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.00
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

W. B. Fuller was down to Crookston last week.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Gust Dalquist, of Warren, was in the city Sunday.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

John Rogers was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Charles Brink was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

Johnnie Schmitz was down to Crookston to attend the circus.

Miss Mabel Evenson visited friends in Crookston the first of the week.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney was in the city the first of the week.

K. Lappgard, of this city, will soon leave for Norway to spend several week visiting old friends.

Carl Wedmer, manager of the Sjoberg store at Middle River, was in the city to spend Sunday with his parents.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs. J. G. Moore arrived in the city yesterday to spend several days here visiting her brothers, C. L. and H. G. Dobner.

Tobias Hogenson, cashier of the First National Bank of Stewartville Minn., was in the city last week visiting his brother-in-law, O. T. Tandberg.

Miss Avis Kimber, who had been teaching school in North Dakota, arrived here last Friday evening and is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Ira C. Richardson.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

Strayed—From my place, on section 36, town of Norden, a dark bay molly cow, weight about 1,000 pounds. Leave information at O. L. Bakken's tailor shop in this city. Otto L. Bakken.

County Commissioner Daniel Shaw went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to attend a meeting of the county board. The commissioners are in session as a board of equalization this week.

P. E. Smidesang, the pioneer Wylie merchant, was in Thief River Falls Monday. This was the first time Mr. Smidesang had been here for a number of years and he was greatly surprised at the growth of the city.

The supreme court has upheld the decision of the Polk county district court in awarding the heirs of John Holmvik $2,000 damages for the death of Holmvik who was ground to pieces in a threshing machine near Beltrami last fall.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

—Wanted—Two girls at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Ludvig Anderson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Sunday.

Contractor C. M. Wilson was down to Crookston last week.

Mrs. W. E. Baker and son were up to Greenbush last Friday.

Andrew Stenseth transacted business over at Warren Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Larson Saturday.

G. O. Hanson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city the first of the week.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30.

D. N. Winton returned to this city last Saturday from Kalispell, Mont.

Joseph Weeks left Tuesday evening for Grand Forks and from there will go to Willmar, Minn., selling bath outfits.

Walter Robbecke went down to Crookston Monday evening to keep time for a driving crew working between Crookston and Grand Forks.

Henry Granum and A. Alrick, two prominent business men of Plummer, were in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Peter, Pat and S. J. O'Toole, who have claims up near Kratka, were in Thief River Falls the first of the week, being on route to North Dakota to spend a few weeks.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

Charlie Lindquist, of the town of Bray, was in Rhief River Falls last Saturday. Mr. Lindquist says that he has forty acres of clover and timothy into crop this year and that means that he is prosperous.

Both Helms and Lancaster, new towns on the Soo north of here, will have creameries in the near future, C. A. Turner, of Crookston, having sold to the farmers living in the vicinity of those towns complete creamery outfits.

Mrs. O. A. Bishop and two sons left Monday for Norwish, N. Y., to remain during the summer. They went by way of Duluth and the Great Lakes and anticipate a very pleasant journey. Mr. Bishop will probably go down later.

The mail clerks on the run between Thief River Falls and Kenmare have been having considerable of a snap since the new run was established. Six are now on duty, all making Thief River Falls their headquarters, but this number will soon be reduced to five.

No wonder that time is represented as haggard and worn out. A watch keeps time, the chorest beats time, the clock strikes time, trains run on time, people threaten to do things on time if they get time, at a prize fight they call time, soldiers mark time, criminals serve time, few can spare time and every one now and then tries to kill time.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Don't place your order for any rug or carpet with a stranger until you get our prices. Yesterday a lady was in our store that had placed an order with a canvasser for a rug, paying $25 for the same. We had the identical same rug in our store and all we asked for it was $18. We believe we can save you money. All we ask is that you call and examine our rugs before you buy. Torrison Bros.

Daniel Patterson, K. O. Gigstad and S. A. Wilson, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Tuesday, having driven up from the down-river town. They reported that the roads were good, with the exception of a piece of road about two miles in length midway between the two towns, and that this place was very bad. The road overseer in that district should get a move on himself, so these gentlemen think as it does not look as if any work had been done upon this particular piece of road this year.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Olaf Ramstad was down to Ada the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Ed Morisey was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph was down Crookston the first of the week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Henry Cook was down to Crookston on business the first of the week.

Prof. J. H. Hay and wife drove to Red Lake Falls and back on Sunday.

Ralph Douglas is confined to his home by an mild attack of pneumonia.

E. M. Hoff, the well known St. Hilaire business man, was in the city Tuesday.

Miss Winnie Booren, of Stillwater, is in the city visiting her brother, Dr. Booren.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. J. M. Bishop entertains a company of lady friends at the Antlers Club rooms this afternoon.

Mrs. B. M. Wilson went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Johnnie Tanum, the boy who was kicked in the head by a horse last week, is now able to be about again.

Miss Noesen, who had been here from Crookston visiting her sister, Mrs. Will Mullery, returned home Tuesday.

L. L. Stenseth, traveling auditor for the Western Express company and a cousin of Andrew Stenseth, of this city, was here the first of the week.

Mrs. W. A. Murphy and children left last Saturday for Red Lake Falls to remain while Mr. Murphy is up in the Canadian Northwest looking up a location.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet at the home (three blocks north of John Aos' store) of Mrs. Will Wohrman on next Wednesday afternoon, July 25, at 2:30.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: The Tri-State Telephone company has its line into Red Lake Falls and the construction crew is now working on the line from here to Crookston. The central office of the Tri-State will be at Schreiter's drug store, and connection will be made with the local exchange. It is expected that the line will be in operation very shortly.

The Standard Oil Co. has discovered a way to avoid building sidewalks in front of their business buildings in cities and towns all over the country. They simply deed the land allowed for sidewalks and the cities and towns are obliged to build the sidewalks themselves. The Waterloo Reporter, Iowa, says that is what they are doing there and other places also.

Practically the entire output for 1906 of the prison twine factory has been disposed of 3,400,000 pounds in all. Orders are being received every day. It has been decided to work the plant overtime, so that all orders can be filled promptly. The plant will be started a half hour earlier in the morning and will gain a half hour in the middle of the day and run two hours later at night.

ESPLEE

July 16.

T. Herberg and A. Henricks visited with Anton Knudson last Sunday.

H. Akaland and Mr. Rendobak have been helping Mrs. C. Anderson to get her hay stacked.

Carl O. Erickson was surprised Sunday with a nice bunch of money to help him along, as he had the misfortune to lose his team of horses. The neighbors showed their sympathy by gathering at his place with refreshments and a fine time was enjoyed.

H. A. Halvorson has been ditching for O. N. Nelson and others.

M. Woistad bought a team of oxen from Mr. Halvorson the other day.

Oliver Rockne came home from Germantown very proud of having received first prize in the horse race there on the Fourth. Well, we have some valuable horses out here, too.

H. Kiesow is cutting hay on Swanson's farm this year.

R. Swenson gave us a pleasant call the other day. He is staying with A. H. Baker in the town of Goodrich.

Disease takes no summer vacation;
If you need flesh and strength use
Scott's Emulsion
summer as in winter.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

INSIST ON AIR TEST

City Council Wants to Be Sure the Water Works System Is O. K.

System Has Not Yet Been Occepted or Paid for by the City.

Contractor R. E. Patterson, who put in the water works system here, left last Saturday for Minneapolis, but he did not take with him the balance he has coming from the city. The reason for this is that the members of the city council—or at least a majority of them—insist that an air test be given to the water mains to ascertain whether or not there are any leaks in the pipe which extends across the bottom of the Red Lake river connecting the system on the East Side with that on the west side. The pressure tests made with water last week were entirely satisfactory and resulted in showing a number of leaks, which were repaired by Mr. Patterson. There is no way of telling, however, so the members of the council say, whether or not the pipe in the botton of the river leaks and the only way this can be ascertained is by an air test. As a result the council is insisting upon this, but Mr. Patterson thinks that the system has been tested enough and now wants his money and the plant accepted. The members of the council, however, remain firm and insist upon the air test and it is quite likely that one will be given in a few days.

There are also a number of the hydrants that need repairing and Mr. Patterson has promised to do this.

$80 AN ACRE.

Government Surveyors Say Land Will Soon Be Worth This.

F. C. Schroeder and A. W. Mangum, government surveyors who have been at work in different parts of the Red River Valley for the past several weeks, say:

"In less than five years land in the valley will be selling for $80 per acre. Land is altogether too cheap in this section and the price can only remain where it is for a very short time. The soil here cannot be beat in any section of the United States. You can raise anything with proper cultivation, after the drainage system has been perfected, I would be willing to lay a wager that within the time stated the average price for valley land will be $80 per acre, and the demand will be good at that.

Was Not Crazy at All.

Joseph Varrous, a Bohemian living up near Greenbush, was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week. He took such a dislike to the town, and, as it was after train time, he decided to hang himself rather than remain over twenty-four hours. He procured a piece of telephone wire and was about to enter the next world when a Red Lake Falls citizen discovered him. Of course the Red Lake Falls people thought he was crazy and Sheriff Linnihan took him up to Roseau county Tuesday. Varrous told a number of Thief River Falls people at the depot here that he was perfectly sane, but knew that he would go crazy if he was required to remain in Red Lake Falls and that was the cause of his rash act.

The Big Sale.

The big free auction sale of live stock to be held on the morning of the last day of the fair promises to be a great success. The fair association will furnish a free auctioneer and any one having any horses, cattle or live stock that they desire to sell can do so without charge. Arrangements have been made so that the bidder can pay either cash or bankable papers. Charles A. Hitchcock, of Crookston, will be the auctioneer.

Roseau County Coming.

In order to accommodate the residents of Roseau county who desire to attend the county fair, the members of the fair association are going to make arrangements with the Great Northern to run a special train from Greenbush to this city on one day during the county fair. It is expected that the attendance from the Northline this year will be great, as a large number up that way are making preparations to attend.

Rollis to Have an Exhibit.

One of the features of the Red Lake county fair to be held in Thief River Falls on August 8, 9 and 10 will be the exhibit of grains, grasses and produce which the town of Rollis intends to exhibit. A special section of the fair building has been reserved for this township and it is expected that Rollis will make an excellent showing. Other towns should do likewise.

Change in Time on the Wheatline.

Commencing Sunday, July 8th, the west bound train will run through to Kenmare, N. D. leaving at 7:00 in the morning, instead of 7:30 as heretofore. The train will arrive from Kenmare at 8.45 p. m. an hour earlier than on the old schedule.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Dr. H. M. Bracken has been reelected secretary of the state board of health.

John W. Eastman, aged eighty-three, for fifty-three years a resident of Minneapolis, is dead.

Horatio E. Mann, a resident of Minnesota since 1857 and a member of the first legislature, is dead at St. Paul.

According to the new city directory St. Paul's population increased 10,000 in the past year, making the population 207,000.

Paul O'Halloran, seventeen years old, was killed by falling down an elevator shaft in the Tribune building at Minneapolis.

Burglars entered the residence of John Brandtjen at St. Paul during the absence of the family and secured $636 in cash and two gold watches valued at $110.

S. L. Heeter, assistant superintendent of city schools and supervisor of grades at Minneapolis, has been chosen superintendent of the schools of St. Paul.

Cal E. Stone of St. Paul, general passenger agent of the Great Northern, has severed his connection with the company. Mr. Stone has business which calls him to the West.

Augustus Hines, who lived near Rockford, committed suicide by lying down on the railroad track and letting the train run over him. Jealousy of his young wife was the cause.

Preston Rowell, employed at the city gas plant at Red Wing, was horribly burned by sulphuric acid. It ate away the flesh on one foot completely. He is suffering great agony.

Twenty-two persons from Prague, this state, are registered at the Pasteur institute, Chicago, under treatment by Dr. Latorio in consequence of having been bitten by a rabid dog.

While witnessing a ball game at Jackson Miss Anna Lynn was hit in the head by a foul ball. She was knocked senseless and lay in a comatose condition for twenty-four hours and then died.

W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis, who has been for two terms representative in the state legislature from the Forty-first district, has declared himself as a candidate for congress on the Republican ticket.

The St. Paul trades and labor assembly has decided that if proper arrangements could be made with the state fair management the annual Labor day exercises of the various unions will be held at the fair grounds.

Lenus Anderson, eleven years old, a son of F. Anderson of Red Wing, while sitting on the boom in the bay watching his older companions take an evening plunge, lost his balance and fell into the water and was drowned.

During a severe rain and electrical storm at Winona lightning struck the eight-year-old son of Michael Bambenek, formerly oil inspector for that district. The boy received a severe shock, but it is not believed that his condition is serious.

A wild man is roaming through the woods in the vicinity of Kenyon, Goodhue county, and a large number of men are scouring the country for him. It is believed that he is Albert Wing, who disappeared some time ago, evidently having become demented.

Although women cannot vote at the primary elections there is nothing to hinder them from being candidates before the primaries, says Attorney General Young in an opinion written in reply to a query from Miss Mary A. Hanson, superintendent of schools of Becker county.

Minneapolis has a record of twenty-three murders since Jan. 1, 1905. For this number of murders three persons are now serving sentences at Stillwater and two are awaiting trial. Arrests have been made in two other cases, but the suspects have not been brought to trial.

Postal receipts at St. Paul in June last aggregated $67,051, as compared with $60,720 a year ago, a gain of $6,330, or 11.34 per cent. The receipts of the Minneapolis postoffice for June were $107,202, as against $101,660 a year ago, being an increase of $5,542, or 5.45 per cent.

The report of the condition of state banks in Minnesota at the close of business June 18 shows that there are 427 banks doing business with total resources of $77,454,148. Two years ago at the same time the banks in the state had total resources of $56,421,884 and there were only 325 of them.

City Assessor Miner of Minneapolis has exploded bombshells in the homes *of hundreds of wealthy families by* sending out notices arbitrarily increasing the assessments on their personal property. As a result of the assessor's active crusade it is said that the personal property will be raised at least $10,000,000.

Olof Olson, the Blue Earth county farmer whose neck was broken several days ago by a fall from a wagon, is not only doing finely but is now considered by his physicians as likely to recover. One of the vertabrae of his spine was broken and his neck dislocated. Olson is sixty-five years old and the proprietor of a berry farm in Rapidan.

The pardon board is now the only hope left for the life of Henry Prolow, who shot and killed C. F. Zenke, a saloonkeeper at Goodhue, last September. The supreme court has affirmed the order of the Goodhue county court in sentencing him to death. Prolow's plea was self-defense, but the evidence indicated that the act was deliberate and premeditated.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Brigadier General Louis Henry Rucker, U. S. A., retired, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal. He had been in continuous military service of the United States for more than forty years.

Robert A. Scott, a Civil war captain, ex-postmaster and retired politician, is dead at La Crosse, Wis., aged sixty-seven.

William Painter, whose fame as an inventor is national, is dead at Baltimore. He was sixty-eight years of age.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Secretary Bonaparte has awarded the contracts for the two 16,000-ton battleships South Carolina and Michigan, one to the Cramps of Philadelphia and the other to the New York Shipbuilding company of Camden, N. J.

FINED $500 AND COSTS.

Sentence Passed on First Bridge Trust Agent.

Lima, O., July 16.—It will cost the first of twenty-three bridge trust agents and companies who were prosecuted here nearly $3,000 for violation of the law against restraint of trade. Judge Cunningham overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Harry Hammond of the Canton Bridge company, convicted a week ago, and sentenced the prisoner to a fine of $500 and the cost of prosecution. The court costs will amount to $2,000, as the case was bitterly fought and witnesses brought here from distant points.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@6.20; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.40. Hogs—$6.70@6.80. Sheep, $3.10@6.00; lambs, $4.75@8.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 80c; No. 2 Northern, 78c; July, 80c; Sept., 79c; Dec., 78¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.11¾; Sept., $1.11; Oct., $1.10.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 16.—Wheat—July, 78¼c; Sept., 78⅝@78½c; Dec., 79⅛@79½c; May, 83⅛@83c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81¼c; No. 1 Northern, 80¼c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅜c; No. 3 Northern, 76⅜@77¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$6.15@6.55. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 16.—Wheat—July, 78¼c; Sept., 78⅜c. Corn—July, 51⅝@51¾c; Sept., 51⅝@51¾c. Oats—July, 37¼c; Sept., 34⅝@34¾c. Pork—July, $18.25; Sept., $17.30. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 15@18c. Eggs—13@14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 12c; springs, 18@20c.

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STATE FAIR

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Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
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Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

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For further particulars see
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
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ROOSEVELT'S MESSAGE READY.

Greater Part of It Given Up to Railroad Rate Question.

Washington, Nov. 15. — President Roosevelt has completed his message to congress. It is now in the hands of the printers. It is long and the greater part of it is given up to the familiar Roosevelt argument in favor of railroad rate legislation. There is nothing sensational in the message and nothing new. He advocates government supervision of insurance.

The president wrote a paragraph or two about revision of the tariff. He believes there should be some revision of the rates. It is not likely that this portion of the message will be sent to congress, for many Republican members are against taking up the question of tariff revision at the coming session. President Roosevelt will listen to the advice of these leaders in all probability. What he will do is to send in a special tariff revision message along about the close of the session.

Senator Culberson of Texas, one of the most aggressive Democrats of the upper house, arrived here yesterday for the session. He is strongly in favor of both railroad rate regulation and tariff revision.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Child Finds Father and Mother Weltering in Blood.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 15.—Seven-year-old Elsie Jones on returning from school to her home yesterday found her father and mother lying dead on the kitchen floor. The mother had been shot in both eyes and the father in the left temple. A 38-caliber revolver was clutched in the father's right hand. Nothing is known as to what prompted the deed, but it is supposed to have been the outcome of one of the couple's numerous quarrels.

STOOD HOURS ON HIS HEAD.

Original Method of Counteracting Poison's Effect Fails.

Toledo, Ohio, Nov. 15.—After having been stood on his head for thirty hours to stimulate heart action, Frank Perry died last night from a large dose of nitrobenzol, taken by mistake for whisky. In their first efforts to assist him, his family discovered that when he was held head down the heart action was strong. So they kept the poisoned man in that position and kept on administering antidotes until he died.

WOMEN SWINDLED.

Bert Connor's Deals in Seattle Property Land Him in Jail.

Seattle, Nov. 15. — Bert Connor is under arrest charged with defrauding two women out of property by means of false deeds. Two of Connor's accusers are Mrs. Sarah Gerigaus and Mrs. Schubert, owners of lodging house property. Connor bought property of both women by giving as colateral for temporary payment alleged worthless deeds to property in Michigan. He represented that he was short of money for the time being, but that in a few days he would redeem his security. This he failed to do, and after securing the lodging houses he sold them.

BLOW UP "RATTLERS."

Already Two Men Have Killed Seventy-Three Snakes in Den.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 15—A rattlesnake den has been discovered in the southwest portion of Gregory county, and it is planned to use dynamite in the effort to exterminate the reptiles before they scatter over the country next spring. Information in reference to the discovery of the den was furnished by Theodore Musch. According to the last report two men have killed seventy-three of the rattlers.

Illegal Use of Mails.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 15. — Oliver Moore and Omar Gregg, connected with a Fort Benton newspaper, and J. E. Epperson, a bartender, have been arrested by federal authorities on a charge of sending objectionable matter through the mails. They have given bonds to appear in the federal court. Some very damaging literature is said to have been confiscated by deputy marshals.

Killed by Train.

St. Paul, Nov. 15.—William F. Roberts, employed at the Minnesota Harvester Works at Hazel Park, near St. Paul, was killed by an Omaha train while walking the track on his way to work yesterday morning. Roberts was deaf, and it is supposed that he did not hear the approaching train. His body was terribly mangled.

Goes Long Way for Razor.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 15.—C. B. Candler, wanted in Kentucky for forgery and being held by the sheriff of Carbon county pending the arrival of an officer from the Blue Grass State, enjoyed a brief liberty. Permitted to go up town to buy a razor, he kept going. He was arrested thirteen miles from Red Lodge and returned to jail.

Body Found on Track.

Elk River, Minn., Nov. 15—The dead body of a colored man was found on the track four miles west of here. The coroner has gone to make an investigation. It is believed the man was murdered.

Goes Up for Bounty Frauds.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 15.—T. J. Newman, convicted in the district court at Miles City of forgery in connection with bounty frauds, was yesterday sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

TIGER IN PHILOSOPHICAL MOOD

Having Suicide in Mind, Meeting Was Decidedly Lucky.

A small dark coon was walking one day in the desert for the sake of his appetite when he ran full tilt into a large and comparatively healthy tiger. The coon realized, instinctively, that he would require to exert all his wits to keep things going on as satisfactorily as usual. And so he spoke up in a perfectly candid way.

"Good morning," he said to the tiger, who did not answer but looked at him roguishly.

"The desert air is fine this morning," continued the coon, and the tiger smiled in a humorous manner.

"But I derive no benefit from this fine air," proceeded the coon, "for I am ill. Yes, I have taken poison!" he went on, with a feverish look in his deep brown eyes. "Last night I ate a pailful of strong arsenic which I mistook for whitewash. My physician tells me that I am so saturated with poison that, if anything only just touches me, nothing could postpone immediate death. If you, for instance, touched me with your teeth, only it would kill you instantaneously. Nothing could postpone death!"

"Why wish to postpone death?" said the tiger, cheerily. "I may tell you that I consider this meeting sheer good luck, for I am tired of life and came out to commit suicide. Kindly stand still, so, while I spring. A little *farther to the left*, please. Thank you!"—Punch.

ENTRY JUST AT RIGHT MOMENT.

Professor Might Have Been Waiting for His Cue.

Mr. Dodge, sub-master and professor of Greek and Latin in the Salem (Mass.) high school, was hearing a Greek recitation. One of the most popular girls in the class arose and began translating. As she neared a difficult passage, Mr. Dodge, cautioning her, said: "Look out! Look out for what is coming!"

Just at that moment Mr. Holman, professor of English, and an exceptionally good looking young man, opened the door and walked in. His entrance was the cue for a hearty laugh, in which he joined when the incident had been explained to him.

Too Anxious to Be Just.

An elderly gentleman and his son were traveling in Germany from Augsburg to Munich. It was noticed that the Herr Papa was much agitated. He glanced frequently at his watch. Suddenly he jumped up excitedly and pulled the communication cord. The train stopped and the guard came up to know what the trouble was. The gentleman, who was now quite calm, said smilingly: "Nothing has happened to alarm anybody. It is now 9:30 p. m., and my little son has just become 10 years old. As I only took half a ticket for him I stopped the train in order to pay the other half, so that I may not get into any trouble when arriving at my destination." The eccentric traveler not only had to pay the other half, but also $25 for stopping the train without proper reason.

The American Working Woman.

The picture of the American working woman has yet to be painted. It will be a composite picture embodying many types, with one characteristic—earnestness. She will be soberly and sensibly garbed, with a dash of color, for the working woman knows and appreciates the meaning of color, and life is full of meaning to her. The chin and hands will portray power and purpose, about the mouth the inscrutable smile of the self-poised individual. The eyes clear and farseeing, looking fearlessly and trustfully into the future, in their depths the sadness of the human struggle they are engaged in. Hope and expectation and an understanding of things and events in her attitude.—San Francisco Chronicle.

School Gardens in Europe.

To-day the school garden has its greatest development in Sweden, where scarcely any public school building is found without a garden. In Belgium, where a large part of the population depends upon truck gardening, the greatest interest is manifested in the establishment of school gardens by agricultural and industrial communities and by the government. The prosperity of the rural population in Belgium, which is derived chiefly from the extended cultivation of truck gardens, must be attributed primarily to the school gardens and the extensive knowledge of horticulture among the people.

"A Stunner on Fits."

A young medical practitioner was called in to attend a child whom the mother believed to be suffering from measles. The doctor examined the child, and asked several questions, finishing up with the remark—"The child has every symptom of measles, of which complaint I have not had much experience, but if you will give him a powder which I will send, it will cause him to have a fit, and I can cure him of that, for I am a stunner on fits."

Awoke Drowsy Listeners.

There was a touch of dignity in the rebuke administered by that clergyman who, when he saw several members of his congregation nodding in their pews, came to a full stop and then said, "I come now to the third head of my discourse, to which I ask the serious and candid attention of all who are not asleep," the last word being uttered with such emphasis that even the drowsiest of them awoke with a start.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Louis Larson, H. E. No. 7,446, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels N. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "
Peter Flo, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 28 aug 2

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 2nd, 1906, viz: Gunder Salmonson Jr., as one of the heirs of Salmon Salmonson, deceased, H. E. No. 46, (Red Lake Series) for the SW¼, Sec. 25, T. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Salve O. Omli, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
T. S. Holom, " "
Charley H. Omlid, " "
Tom H. Omli, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 14 july 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Tom Alvestad, H. E. No. 94, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼ of Sec. 1, Twp. 154 N., of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Bernhard Knudson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hagen P. Nabben, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 28 aug 2

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
against
Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED AND TO EACH OF THEM:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the action above entitled, which said complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the clerk of this court at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Plaintiff.
june 21 july 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 2, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Daisy L. Strom, H. E. No. 6,350, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Chris Nelson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John Lindquist, " "
Peter Rude, " "
Hans C. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
july 5 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jessie Marian Annand, H. E. No. 1,032, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 153 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Michael H. Connelly, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mary McGinn, " "
Sydney Bagley, " "
May F. Connelly, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
july 5 aug 2

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 7, 8, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesby, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
july 12 aug 16 pd

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Andrew H. Miller.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew B. Miller, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Betsy Miller, Ella V. Miller, Meriann Miller and Roy H. Miller and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of August, 1906, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 11th day of July, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT, Probate Judge.
PHIL W. MAURY, Attorney for Petitioner. [COURT SEAL.]
july 12 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Rickson, H. E. 320, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thoma Bordnarek, " "
Joseph Askle, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
july 19 aug 23

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 9, 1906, viz: Nels Olson, H. E. No. 358, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 22, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tom Tomson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Harald Johnson, of Thief River Falls, "
Thor J. Skaar, " "
Frank Mrácek, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 28 aug 2 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 3, 1906, viz: Frank Greutzke, H. E. 1,146, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 9, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Charles Schuster, " "
Edward Warner, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 14 july 19

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 25 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
july 5 aug 9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Andreas Iverson, H. E. No. 304, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 30, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Iver Holum, of Anton, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " "
Hans Olson, " "
M. J. Ford, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 28 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Michael J. Ford, H. E. No. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the Lot 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Dyrdahl, of Anton, Minn.
Andreas Iverson, " "
Hans Olson, " "
Iver Holum, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 28 aug 2

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. [illegible], Chippewa Series, for the N½ of SW¼ and S½ of NW¼ of Sec. 30, T. 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peder Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
[illegible]
William Halland, " "
Carl O. Naasted, of [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 28 aug 2

YOUTH SAVES MOTHER

TWELVE-YEAR-OLD BOY JUMPS INTO LAKE AND RESCUES DROWNING PARENT.

Last Annual Tour of the "Court on Wheels" Through the Iron Range Towns—Overstudy and Political Worry Causes Insanity of Prominent Grant County Teacher—News of the State in General.

Pillager, Minn., July 14.—By the rare heroism of her twelve-year-old son, Harold, Mrs. Nancy A. Dorsey of this place was saved from death by drowning.

With a party of friends the Dorsey family were enjoying an outing at Sylvan lake. While the ladies were bathing near the shore little Harold who was rowing near them called to his mother to wade out to the boat. Supposing the water to be shallow the lady started forward and was suddenly precipitated into deep water which was afterward found to be many feet in depth. She sank instantly, only her imploring hands being visible to her horrified companions.

Harold rowed to the spot and plunging in after his mother succeeded in grasping her by the hair and swam toward the shore, dragging his precious burden after him. Help came from the adults of the party and mother and son were safely landed on the shore.

WILL GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

Last Annual Trip of the "Court on Wheels."

Duluth, July 14.—Probably the last "court on wheels" that will make the circuit of the range towns will start on its annual trip for making new citizens on July 23. Notice has been given that an adjourned term of the district court will be held for the purpose of granting naturalization papers at Tower, Ely, Biwabik, Eveleth, Virginia, Chisholm, Hibbing and Floodwood between July 23 and 27.

The "court on wheels," as it is popularly known, consists of one of the district judges, the clerk of the district court and one of his deputies. It is provided for the accommodation of persons who reside at a distance from Duluth and who have already taken out first papers.

In years past the court has transacted a large amount of business and it is expected that the present trip will result in the adding of several hundred citizens to Uncle Sam's domains. The new naturalization law goes into effect Sept. 29 and the operation of the court machinery will cause the "court on wheels" to go out of business.

TEACHER GOES INSANE.

Political Worry Adds to Effect of Overstudy.

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 14.—Martin Mikkelson, who was formerly considered the brightest pupil in the Fergus Falls high school and who has recently been teaching in Grant county, was adjudged insane and committed to the hospital here today.

Mr. Mikkelson's insanity is probably due to overstudy, combined with political worry. He had decided to become a candidate for county superintendent of schools of Grant county this fall and filed for the nomination a short time ago. The campaign is said to have worried him greatly and during his examination in court he continually talked politics and science, confusing abstruse mathematical problems with Bryan's views on socialism in a manner that would have been extremely amusing under other circumstances. He also attempted to lecture on religion and several men were required to hold him at times.

POISONED AT WEDDING.

Fergus Falls People Made Sick by Potato Salad.

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 14.—Several of the guests at the Erdman-Moellman wedding were taken suddenly ill last night and for a time fears were entertained for the recovery of four or five of them.

Physicians believe their illness was due to ptomaine poison, which had developed in the potato salad. Old potatoes are understood to have been used in making the salad and those who partook of it were the guests who were taken ill. Physicians were kept busy throughout the night.

The patients are all recovering.

Public Baths for Winona.

Winona, Minn., July 11.—After agitation extending over ten years Winona is at last to secure public baths. Consent has at last been secured from the Chicago and Northwestern Railway company to give a perpetual lease to the city of the lower 1,100 feet of the island opposite Riverside Park, reached by boat or over the high wagon bridge, and private citizens will contribute $10,000 for the erection of suitable bathhouse buildings and the parking of a portion of the island. Bath for both sexes will be provided.

Boy Kicked by Horse.

St. Paul, July 13.—William McGlone, fourteen years of age, living with his parents at 804 Como avenue, was kicked by a horse in the face yesterday morning and his right jaw fractured into splinters. He was taken to the city hospital by his father and last evening the boy's condition was said to be serious.

AGED FARMER MAY DIE.

Jaw Broken in Five Places in a Runaway.

Cambridge, Minn., July 11.—Charles E. Erickson, sixty-three years old, a farmer living two miles east of Cambridge, is expected to die as the result of an accident by which his upper jaw was broken in two places and his lower jaw broken in three places and his right ear split. Erickson is now in Minneapolis under the care of specialists.

With his farmhand Erickson had been sprinkling a potato field and, the task completed, the horse was being unhitched from the sprinkler. Erickson had the reins over his head when, while one tug still was attached, the horse took fright and ran away, dragging its owner by the neck. Erickson's head and face struck the wheels of the sprinkler and he thus sustained the injuries which may cause his death.

GOES FOR HELP; IS DROWNED.

Boy Seeking Aid for Companions in Water Meets Death.

Virginia, Minn., July 14.—Dan McLean, the sixteen-year-old son of William McLean of this city, was drowned in Ely lake, near Sparta, yesterday. The boy was one of those who attended the Sunday school picnic at Ely lake and with two companions took a boat and went out on the lake to eat their lunch. The wind was high and in some manner the boat was overturned. All three of the boys grasped the boat as they fell into the water and after hanging on for some time young McLean, who was a strong swimmer, advised his companions to cling to the boat while he swam to shore for help. He started but had only gone a short distance when he was seized with cramps and sank. People on shore witnessed the accident and rescued the others.

HIGHWAY TO DULUTH.

Improvements to Make It Fit for Automobiles.

Duluth, July 15.—G. A. Wells of the St. Paul Auto club and several companions arrived by team from St. Paul over the highway via White Bear, Hinckley and Carrolton, for the purpose of charting the road with a view to improvements that will make it suitable all the distance for automobiles.

Mr. Wells says the road was in better shape than he had expected and there is but one hill, which is near White Bear, that will be difficult for automobile climbing.

He left St. Paul Friday at 8 a. m. and arrived here at 8 p. m. and was met on the outskirts of Duluth by a committee of the Duluth Automobile club.

FIREMAN THROWN FROM CAR.

Is Picked Up Unconscious and Will Probably Die.

Fertile, Minn., July 11.—A very unusual accident happened to the fireman on the Winnipeg train last night. As the train passed the coal dock at thirty miles an hour the coal tender lurched and the fireman, who was on the tender at the time, was hurled to the ground and not missed until the arrival of the train at the depot. On looking for the man he was found unconscious and probably fatally injured, as he had to have artificial respiration all the time from here to Brainerd, where he was taken to the hospital.

Boat Races at Minnetonka.

Minneapolis, July 14.—The Duluth junior eight nosed in ahead of the Minnesota Boat club in the final event of Friday's rowing in the Minnesota-Winnipeg regatta on Lake Minnetonka. The Fort William four-oared crew sprung the surprise of the afternoon by coming in a strong first in the senior four-oared race. The Winnipeg four took second place. Frank Carruthers of Winnipeg pulled away from Sam Mairs of the Minnesota Boat club in the single sculling race and finished far in the lead.

Young Minister Drowned.

Young America, Minn., July 13.—Rev. Otto Sievers of Mazeppa, Minn., aged twenty-eight, while here on a short vacation, spending it with the family of Rev. Kaiser, near this place, whose daughter was the intended bride of Mr. Sievers, was accidentally drowned in Hyde's lake, about three miles east of this village, while bathing.

Farmer's Wife a Suicide.

Owatonna, Minn., July 11.—Mrs. Charlotte Gartner, wife of one of the most prosperous farmers of the county, committed suicide by hanging. No possible cause can be assigned for the suicide, as Mrs. Gartner had appeared to be in excellent spirits and is not known to have had any troubles of a serious nature.

Duluth Man Missing.

Duluth, July 15.—Hector Rambor of Duluth, formerly of the fire department, and for some time past in the cigar business in this city, left last Tuesday for Hibbing with $3,100 in currency to buy out a store there. Since then nothing has been seen or heard of him, and his friends are alarmed at his absence.

Severe Storm at St. Paul.

St. Paul, July 10.—A severe electrical storm swept over St. Paul and vicinity at night, doing considerable damage at Bald Eagle lake, where boathouses and boats were wrecked and buildings were damaged.

St. Paul Man a Suicide.

Chicago, July 12.—A man who registered at Hunt's hotel as E. W. Sanborn of St. Paul, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Britishers who have been so virtuously indignant recently over the Chicago meat packing revelations have been confronted with the annual report of the inspector of factories and workshops, which shows that the conditions there are quite as revolting as anything alleged of the American packing center.

The scene of tumultuous disorder which marked the enactment of the law in the French chamber of deputies restoring Alfred Dreyfus to the army was followed by a bloody duel with swords in which Under Secretary of State Sarraut was dangerously wounded by M. Pugliesi-Conti.

The French supreme court has announced its decision annulling the condemnation of Captain Dreyfus without a retrial. The effect of the decision is a complete vindication of Dreyfus, entitling him to restoration to his rank in the army as though he had never been accused.

Brazil has just announced a new tariff, which reduces the duty on flour and other American exports 20 per cent and is designed to promote the development of commercial interchange between this country and Brazil.

A cloudburst and landslide on July 10 at Ocampa, Chihuahua, Mex., almost completely destroyed the city and killed seven or more persons. Many others were injured and it is expected several of them will die.

Owing to the brakes failing to act a motor omnibus running from London to Brighton dashed down a steep hill near Crawley, Eng., and was overturned. Eight of the passengers were killed and a score badly hurt.

Saturday night the Salvadorean army again attacked the Guatemalan forces at Platanar and obtained a victory over them, the Guatemalans suffering a loss of 3,000 men killed, wounded and prisoners.

A sharp street fight occurred at Teheran, Persia, between the troops and a procession of student malcontents in which twelve of the students and two soldiers were killed.

Salvaderean troops invading Guatemala were defeated in a severe battle at Jicaro, where General Tomas Regalado, the chief commander of the Salvadorean army, was killed.

Alfred Beit, the well known South African financier, is dead in London, aged fifty-three. Mr. Beit is said to have been the richest man in London.

Fire at Nizhni Novgorod, Russia, destroyed 275 houses and more than 3,000 families were rendered homeless. The loss is placed at $400,000.

The will of John Crowle, a well known merchant of London, gives $1,250,000 for the promotion of temperance in England.

The cholera situation at Manila has greatly improved.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

The outlook for the passage of the summer without a great upheaval in Russia is considerably brighter and everything making for the delay increases the possibility of a constitutional regime without a civil war. Lawlessness, which is now chronic throughout the empire, is not expected to subside, but the most powerful influences in opposition to the government are temporarily seeking to stave off a crisis.

Ten armed men attacked the cashier of the Vistula railway at Warsaw, Russian Poland, who was proceeding to the state bank to deposit the day's receipts. He was accompanied by an attendant and two soldiers. The assailants stopped the carriage, shot the soldiers dead and got off with $50,000.

It is estimated that no less than 40,000 Jews, old men, women and children, have fled from Warsaw, Russian Poland, fearing an anti-Jewish outbreak. Most of the ablebodied male Jews remained to protect their property.

Admiral Rojestvensky, on trial at Cronstadt on the charge of surrendering to the enemy after the battle of the Sea of Japan, has been acquitted after the court had deliberated for nearly ten hours.

Vice Admiral Chouknin, commander of the Black sea fleet, who was shot Wednesday, supposedly by a sailor of the battleship Otchakoff, died Thursday morning without having regained consciousness.

Three young men in student uniforms shot and wounded a paymaster and two watchmen in the office of the paymaster of the admiralty at St. Petersburg and decamped in a cab with $12,000.

General Kozlov of the headquarters staff was murdered in the park at Peterhof Saturday. His assailant used a revolver. The three shots fired were all effective.

Government figures show an unprecedented immigration to Siberia, 85,867 persons going there during the last six months.

LABOR NEWS.

The strike of 1,500 girl necktie makers at New York, which has been in progress about a week, was ended by an agreement on the part of the manufacturers to operate closed shops and pay 14 cents instead of 12 cents a dozen.

A general strike of freight handlers has been declared at Buffalo, N. Y., for an increase in wages from 17 to 20 cents an hour.

The long strike in the Dubois (Pa.) region has been settled. Ten thousand men will return to work at once.

POINTS TO CONSIDER

WHY IT PAYS TO HAVE GOOD COUNTRY HIGHWAYS.

Improved Roads Increase Farm Values and Make It Possible to Haul Large Loads of Produce—Poor Highways Isolate the Farmer.

Let us consider the points of opposition that some of our rural friends make to the good roads plan, says a writer in the Motor News. They claim that it is money out of their pockets when they are compelled to pay the increased taxes which will be asked. This objection is readily met.

In the first place our friends are called upon to pay but one-fifth of the actual cost, which is in itself a very small sum. If I own a house in the city and a pavement is laid in front of it, my property increases in value. Just so with the farmer. If a good road is laid past his property, he is placed in just the same position that I would be.

The actual increased valuation of his farm more than makes up for the additional tax he was obliged to pay to secure the improvement. Now, as to his profit. He can haul large loads of produce to the city each trip, he can make more trips in a given time and he can travel at any period of the year with equal facility, barring the time when snow blocks his way.

Jolting over rough roads, mud covered, reeking horses and broken harness and wagons are largely done away with. He no longer arrives home late at night after hours of agony over terrible roads, nervous and exhausted. On the contrary, he suffers no more inconvenience as far as the highway is concerned than if he were riding in an electric car.

I realize that the so called scorcher has brought much discredit on the law abiding autoist and that many a farmer has been scared nearly to death when some motorist has whizzed past him at forty miles an hour, but this is an exception to the rule and is becoming more and more so as time passes. I dare say that this same farmer has been nearly run down on an equal number of occasions by one of his own ilk trying out the speed of his horse or racing with a friend.

How many of us while traveling through the country in the fall have not seen hundreds of bushels of fine apples rotting in the orchards? Why hasn't this fruit been brought into the city and sold? One reason, I opine, is that the roads are in such condition that it doesn't pay the grower to haul them into the city.

If there was an improved highway the owner would probably figure out that it would pay him to save this product. Another side of the question may be found in the social life of the ruralite. Many a time he would like to drive into the city for a little pleasure. He might want to attend the theater or seek some other equally harmless diversion. If he had a good highway to drive over he would do so, but with mud nearly hub deep he would prefer to stay by his fireside and find solace in nicotine.

This means much to the young people, and you will find that when we get the state girdled with good roads—and it's coming—there won't be such anxiety to get off the farm and into the city. Human nature demands some pleasure in this world, and it will sometimes go a long way to get it, though it entails much suffering. Give us improved thoroughfares, then the country boy and girl will have greater chances for social intercourse and will become more contented.

Rural Delivery Notes

The operations of the rural free delivery service up to March 1 are shown in a statement recently issued by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General DeGraw, says a Washington dispatch. Up to that time 52,227 petitions had been received and referred. Of these 13,772 were acted upon adversely. The number of routes in operation March 1 was 35,081, leaving 3,424 petitions still pending, of which 204 have been assigned for establishment.

A distinct and important field for the utility motor vehicle that is already being cultivated to some extent is found in the rural free delivery mail service. Probably a score of these carriers are regularly using automobiles to cover their route, and are obtaining excellent service from them. Most of them are in the west, where, in spite of the fact that the roads are bad and streams are frequently required to be forded, they are doing excellent work.

J. O. Matthews of Sabetha, Kan., undoubtedly holds the record in the United States for quick rural mail service, says a Sabetha correspondent of the Kansas City Star. He not only covers his route of twenty-five miles in about four hours every day, but he maintains a regular schedule in the country. Mr. Matthews starts out from the Sabetha postoffice at 6:30 o'clock in the morning. After he leaves the postoffice he is a certain number of minutes from box to box. People know to the minute when their mail is going to arrive. During the winter months his schedule time for covering his route is four hours and ten minutes. In summer his time is three hours and forty-five minutes. Mr. Matthews works the regular old fashioned stagecoach business. He has a relay. He starts with a fresh horse and drives twelve miles. Here another fresh horse is secured. It takes Mr. Matthews five minutes to unhitch his horse, hitch the fresh horse and start off again. The balance of the distance is covered with the second horse. The horse left at the relay station is the relay horse for the next morning.

SAND ROADS.

How These Highways May Be Kept in Good Condition.

A sand road is in its best condition to sustain traffic when it is moist and if no other treatment can be given it bushes and trees should be grown along its sides to shade it and keep it as moist as possible, says the highway commissioner of Maine. To this end it is desirable to have a sand road no wider than is actually necessary to accommodate the traffic. Only slight ditches for carrying away surface water should be provided.

A good treatment for a sand road is to excavate the center of the road with the road machine about six inches deep, making the bottom as even as possible. Then spread a layer of clay eight inches deep in the excavation, taking care to have all the clay of one texture and of even thickness, as any variation in the texture of material or in thickness of same will result in rough and uneven surface, due to soft and yielding places. After smoothing the clay and tamping it or rolling it about two inches of sand should be spread upon the surface. This may be harrowed in and then the surface rolled, or it may be left for the travel to work into the clay. After the sand has united with the clay more sand should be spread upon the surface. Gradually the clay will become saturated with sand, and a hard, smooth surface will be the result, which will give excellent satisfaction.

Sand roads may also be temporarily improved by covering the surface with shingle shavings, sawdust or tan bark. Dead leaves, meadow hay or straw will also afford temporary relief. If grass can be grown on the surface of the road it will strengthen it materially, the roots of the grass acting as a binder for the particles of sand and keeping them from shifting about and working on one another.

THE FARMER'S LOSS.

Time and Money Wasted In Hauling Over Bad Roads.

On good roads a farmer can get to town with a two horse team and wagon with less harm to the horses, less wear to the wagon, with $30 worth of goods, better than he can with a ten dollar load over poor roads, said a speaker at a Missouri good roads convention recently. He thus saves two days of his own time, because, if he can make one trip and sell $30, he has those two days to put on his farm, besides the use of his team and wagon at other work for the same period.

This example is only one of the many ways by which the farmer loses money

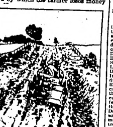

POORLY DRAINED EARTH ROAD.

under existing conditions. Many others could be cited, all of them just as true and all of them equally as powerful, to show the good value of good highways.

Farmers will agree, I think, that a good road will (1) economize time and force in transportation between farm and market; (2) enable the farmer to take advantage of market fluctuations in buying and selling; (3) permit transportation of farm products and purchased commodities during times of comparative leisure; (4) reduce the wear and tear on horses, harness and vehicles; (5) enhance the market value of real estate.

It is easy to enumerate the ways which will prove financially advantageous, but it is very difficult to estimate in dollars and cents the benefit that will result.

Rural Delivery Notes

States in the middle west have routes in operation as follows: Missouri, 1,702; Arkansas, 262; Illinois, 2,078; Indiana, 2,106; Indian Territory, 17; Iowa, 2,239; Kansas, 1,558; Kentucky, 635; Oklahoma, 625; Tennessee, 1,534; Texas, 1,502.

There are only three women rural mail carriers in the United States, and Madison county, Ill., has two of them, Mrs. Philip Hale of Alton and Miss Mattie M. Marshall of Granite City. The latter is a grandniece of former Chief Justice Marshall of the United States supreme court. She was recently held up by highwaymen, but fought them off.

The rural mail is carried on the route from Detroit, Dickinson county, Kan., by automobile, says an Abilene (Kan.) correspondent of the Kansas City Star. Last fall the carrier, A. D. Bolton, became weary of the long drive over twenty-eight miles and sold his team, purchasing in its stead an automobile. He spent a week in Kansas City learning how to operate it and then made the trip home and began work on his route. Every day since Dec. 1 he has been over his route in the machine, and he has given the farmers the swiftest service in the state.

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VALUE OF GOOD ROADS

They Help the Farmers and Develop a Great Nation.

Congressman Brownlow Tells How Good Roads Lessen Cost of Living.

National aid to highway construction as a plain, practical business proposition is, in my opinion, paramount to any question that now presents or that can possibly be suggested, because good roads would do more for the country than any other one thing that can be named or any dozen or more things combined, says W. P. Brownlow, congressman from Tennessee, in Collier's Weekly.

There is a feature of this question which persons accustomed to thoroughness in every other line of thought seem to entirely overlook, especially dwellers in towns and cities. If the common roads of the country were brought to a condition that would enable farmers to market their products at all seasons of the year the cost of living in town and city would be greatly lessened and discontent among laboring people and the operatives of industrial concerns would largely decrease, if it did not entirely disappear. Why and how?

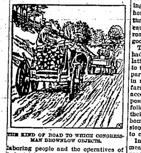

THE KIND OF ROAD TO WHICH CONGRESSMAN BROWNLOW OBJECTS.

Present road conditions compel farmers to rush their products to market as soon as harvested, when the roads are at their best, since by waiting a convenient time they may not get there at all because of bad roads. This naturally congests the market, forcing low prices, to the great detriment of the producer and without appreciable benefit to the consumer, because the average family in town or city buys only in small quantities at one time, say a day's or a week's supply. What is the result?

The speculator, finding prices low and knowing that in a little while the bad roads season will be on, when competing products will be kept from the trade centers, buys up the surplus and stores it away for the day of necessity when he can demand and receive his own price for his holdings—the stuff for which men toil, which they are compelled to have at whatever cost.

And when the citizen in a town—the mechanic and operative of the shops and factories—is forced in winter and spring to pay exorbitant prices for those articles of household necessity which went begging for buyers at low prices the preceding fall he figures the increased cost of living in comparison and grows restless and discontented and is easily led into strikes and other labor disturbances that are so disastrous to the business of the country and so prolific of other hurtful consequences. This of course is not all that enters into strike causes, but it contributes a full share.

The prices of foodstuffs from the farm would be always at a decent living level to all concerned if the country had systematically improved highways over which farmers could travel to market any day in the year. These farmers would then realize better prices for their products than they now do, at less cost for marketing and still be able to sell to all classes of consumers at lower prices than are forced by speculators in the bad roads season.

While it is undeniable that the influence of public schools, the press, the pulpit and other institutions marks the progress of civilization, yet all these are more or less dependent upon the facilities of intercourse between the people. Good roads through the country would do much to relieve the congestion of population in great cities, and thus the social fabric would be strengthened, because rural life is conducive to the highest moral standards, whereas in crowded city tenements vice runs riot with its malign influence.

Bad roads in the United States cost the producing people $1,500,000 every twenty-four hours. This drain is fearful. It is deadening the national life and is a national disgrace. Good roads develop good people. The wagon roads are the highways along which civilization and development move.

Farmers' Interest in a Speedway.

The farmers residing along the proposed route of the automobile speedway to be built northward from Pennington, N. J., for a distance of thirty miles are doing all in their power through contributing inferior land and charging low prices for better land to encourage the work. It is believed that with the opening of the speedway there will be a boom in real estate values due to the demand by wealthy people for sites for cottages and country residences.

BRING HOME SEEKERS.

Nothing Will Build Up a Community Like Good Roads.

The commercial bodies, the railroads and the newspapers are bending every possible effort to secure immigration, in other words, to attract the attention of the solid and substantial home seeking element and bring them here as home makers and there is no one thing that will induce them to come and cause them to stay more than good roads, said a speaker at the Oregon good roads convention.

The Willamette valley would have had more than double its present population had more attention been given to this subject. Real estate men in all parts of this valley will tell you that in many cases they have located good farmers from the older states, but on account of bad roads and the utter impossibility to get around, the women folks got homesick and blue and urged their husbands to go back to the old home where they could get out occasionally to see their neighbors or to go to church in comfort.

In speaking of good roads I also mean to include good sidewalks and good streets. In order to secure prosperity and happiness either in the city, town or country, we must have good roads for the pedestrian, the buggy, the wagon, the bicycle and the automobile. The modern idea of laying out an addition or improving a given section of any city is most successful when the streets and sidewalks are built in advance, and in making such improvements the real estate owner not only gets a profit on the land he has for sale, but he gets a profit upon the improvements he makes, and he is entitled to it. The investor or home seeker who gets into such an addition or locality shows good sense because he knows he does not have to depend upon his neighbors or the municipal government.

HIGHWAY LEAGUES.

How the Farmers of Illinois Will Improve the Roads.

Steps have been taken by the Illinois highway commission to organize the farmers of the state into leagues for the maintenance and improvement of the public highways, says the Motor News. Several leagues have already been organized.

The Illinois highway commission was created by the last general assembly and has taken up in earnest the work of improving the roads throughout the state. Nearly $5,000,000 is spent annually in Illinois in maintaining highways and bridges. The aim of the commission is to improve the roads without adding extra expense to the taxpayers.

About 95 per cent of the public highways in Illinois are earth roads. A. N. Johnson of Springfield, the engineer of the commission, has given special attention to this class of roads, and he asserts that they can be greatly improved by "dragging" at a merely nominal expense to the farmers.

When the farmers' leagues are organized and the work placed on a systematic basis it is proposed by the commission to have all the farmers in a certain section turn out and drag the roads when they are wet and in the proper condition. Without an organization this cannot be done, as each one now leaves it to another to do, with the result that the roads are not attended to or repaired at the proper time.

The method which has been found to work satisfactorily in Iowa and Missouri consists in dragging heavy logs along the highways at a slight angle, which throws the soft mud or clay toward the center of the road. The logs are about nine feet in length, with a flattened surface.

Why Roads Should Be Improved.

There are many striking examples of the value of good roads. Wherever roads have been permanently improved it is found that there has been a very great increase in value of the adjacent property, says the Good Roads Magazine. Among examples of this sort is that of Jackson, Tenn. From figures recently published it is shown that since 18[illegible] the city has increased 5,[illegible] in population. The roads were improved through issuing bonds to start with, and they have advertised the city so much that families are constantly coming in from adjoining counties, with the result that land values have increased in some cases from 20 to 100 per cent. Property in the city has also greatly increased in value.

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11:35 am	Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm
12:40 pm	Ar.	Middle River	Lv	3:12 pm
1:35 pm	Ar.	Greenbush	Lv	2:25 pm

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VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1906 NUMBER 30

OSTBY NOT A CANDIDATE

Town of Emardville Man Informs His Friends That He Is Out of the Race.

Had Been Considering the Matter for Some Time and Decision Is Final.

Paul I. D. Ostby, the well known town of Emardville farmer who two years ago was the Republican nominee for county auditor in this county, was in Thief River Falls last week conferring with his friends. Mr. Ostby had been looked upon by many as a suitable candidate for county auditor this fall and had been strongly urged to enter the race by many of the residents of this section of the county. For some time past he had had the matter under consideration, but at last arrived at the decision that he would not enter the race and his mission here last week was for the purpose of informing his many friends here that he could not consider the matter of being a candidate, and to give those who are opposed to James E. Ford ample opportunity to cast about for another candidate. The reasons Mr. Ostby assigns for not entering the race are that he has had poor crops for the past few years and can not afford the time and the expense that it would cost to make a successful campaign.

PAUL I. D. OSTBY.

"Although I was a candidate two years ago, and did not win," said Mr. Ostby to the News, "I received a much larger vote than I had reason to expect. I did very little work, spent very little money and did not visit many voting precincts in the county. Had I gone into the campaign in a vigorous manner, like my opponent, there is no question but that I should have won. I have as good friends in Red Lake county as any man could wish for, and I wish to heartily thank all who have tendered me support unsolicited and hope that I may some day be able to repay them."

While the decision of Mr. Ostby is a disappointment to many, the News predicts that if he continues to reside in Red Lake county, as he no doubt will, he will be heard from at some future date.

The New Rural Route.

The rural free mail delivery route from Thief River Falls to Tweet will be established on September 17. Postmaster Richardson has received word from Washington to advertise for applicants to do the work. The successful candidate will have to pass an examination.

SOME GOOD LIVE STOCK

L. Lambertson, of Warren, to Exhibit His Stock at the Fair.

Has Two Cows That Weigh Over 1,600 Each and Are Prize Winners.

The live stock exhibit at the county fair this year promises to be much better this year than upon any previous occasion.

Last week Secretary Hoag of the fair association received a letter from L. Lambertson, the well-known Warren banker and farmer, to the effect that he would have upon exhibition here a car load of blooded stock from his farm. Among the animals that Mr. Lambertson will exhibit will be two cows, each of which weigh in the neighborhood of 1,680 pounds. These cows took the first prize at the Minnesota state fair last year and are well worth coming miles to see.

W. T. Thomas, another farmer living near Warren, and a breeder of cattle, will have a car load of stock upon exhibition.

Some of this stock will be auctioned off on the morning of the last day of the fair and will give farmers living around here an opportunity to improve their herds.

A BIG PAY DAY.

St. Hilaire Creamery Pays Out $6,140.10 Last Week.

Last Friday was pay day at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of June and it was by far the biggest one in the history of the creamery. The total receipts for the month were $6,140.10 and the net amount paid to patrons was $5,801.88. They struck a good market for the butter and patrons are paid 20 cents a pound for butter fat. The following are the names, with amounts, of farmers receiving over $50 for the month:

Chas. Seegar	$ 80.38
Gust Kjonikson	73.20
Emil Just	70.08
L. A. Carlson	67.04
A. W. Lind	50.18
Schumacher Bros	53.21
Swan Wiberg	63.82
Erik Anderson	58.12
J. Waslie	56.58
C. A. Melin	64.92
C. A. Lindquist	61.72
A. P. Ekstrom	51.20
Q. L. Larson	64.90
N. A. Nelson	61.48
H. Haupt	65.10
L. M. Rolland	59.50
Fred Soderberg	55.28
Andrew Mortenson	65.00
Peter Johnson	61.76
Claus Hendricks	65.28
A. P. Hugstrom	51.64

Viking Is Booming.

We hear that the village of Viking is growing at a lively rate this summer. A new school house, a Norwegian Lutheran church, a hotel and several new store buildings either are, or soon will be, under construction. The hotel is to be built by John Branson. Carl and Geo. Hanson, former New Solum boys, are erecting a large building to be used for a general store. A number of residences are also being built. A depot will in all probability also be built by the railroad company.

—Subscribe for the News.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

HERE IS A NEW IDEA

A Lake City Farmer Tells How to Get Silage Without a Silo.

Gives Information That Should Be Valuable to Farmers Here.

This section is rapidly getting to be a great red clover growing country, and many farmers will be interested in the following account by P. H. Rahilly, a Lake City farmer, who tells how he handles his red clover for silage without using a silo proper. He says, in a communication to the Pioneer Press:

My farm consists of 1,300 acres, all under cultivation. I sow between 200 and 300 acres of medium red clover with any kind of a nurse crop of small grain every year, getting around the entire farm every fourth year with such seeding. I cut off one-half of the first crop of clover about June 15, when it is beginning to bloom, and convert it into ensilage by stacking it in the field where it is cut. I stack it as fast as I cut. Should it rain every day while cutting and stacking the ensilage stack will not be damaged by the moisture. I have built stack 30x60 feet and as high as convenient. I should not build stack less than 20x30 feet; the larger the stack the less waste. From 12 to 15 inches on the outside of the stack will be waste. It is on the same principle of canning fruit,—exclude the air and your ensilage is cured; when the air penetrates the stack, it becomes waste. I have covered the top of the stack with straw. The better plan is to cover with rough boards or canvas. Rain penetrating the stack after it settles will damage the ensilage. The weight of the clover will pack it as solid almost as plug tobacco. We have to cut off the benches with an ax. This clover so stacked will be ready to feed all winter, and will be a dark green color, as sweet as when cut. All animals on the farm, horses, cattle, swine and poultry, will eat it as ravenously as they will oats and corn. Do not feed more than one-third of their coarse rations in ensilage to the stock.

Small farmers have made a failure of this ensilage system. They let the clover wilt and get dry before stacking, and consequently it did not pack solidly enough to exclude the air. Hired help dislike to work at it, owing to its weight, though a green ton of clover is not heavier than a ton of hay. However, an acre of clover stacked green is six times as heavy as an acre of clover converted into hay. The only method I have adopted in loading the clover on wagons is a common hay or manure fork; a hay fork can be used in building the stack. I have had no experience in stacking clover as ensilage in barns. A stack 10x12 feet is rather small; the larger the stack the less waste. I know of no reason why timothy mixed with clover would not be a success. When the stack is built, rake the sides well.

My object in raising so much clover is for the purpose of fertilizing the land. I consider it the greatest fertilizer within the reach of the agriculturists of our state. Owing to the fact that I am about to sell my farm, and have disposed of a large part of my stock, I have not put up ensilage this season.

June Creamery Statement.

The statement of the business of the Plummer creamery for the month of June has been completed and it shows that the institution has been enjoying a marked increase in business. The total amount of cream received was 42,346 pounds and the total amount of butter manufactured was 13,490 pounds. The price paid to patrons was 18.2 cents per pound for butter fat and the total cash receipts were $2,489.81.

In the same month last year the amount of butter manufactured was 8,677 pounds; the total cash receipts were $1,600.51, and the price paid for butter fat was 17 cents. These figures show an increase over last year of $889.30 for the month's earnings and an increase of 1.2 cents in the price paid for butter fat.

John Larson, of Garnes, carried off the biggest check for cream furnished during the month. He got $92.00. Henry Lemieux came second, with $82, and several others got over $50 each.—Plummer Pioneer.

Sue for $50,000.

A suit for $50,000 has been started in the courts at Minneapolis by the daughter of Conductor and Mrs. Smiley against the Soo railroad. As will be remembered, Mr. and Mrs. Smiley were killed and their daughter had a leg taken off in a wreck near Detroit last summer. It is one of the largest suits ever brought against a railroad company.

Subscribe for the News.

THE SCHOOL ELECTION.

Considerable Interest Taken in the Election of Directors.

Some 610 Votes Cast in the Hour the Polls Were Open.

School election Saturday evening was well attended and a total of 610 ballots were cast in the remarkably short time of one hour. The sum of $13,000 was voted for school purposes, being $2,000 less than was voted a year ago, which shows that the school district is getting in first-class condition.

The vote for directors resulted in a victory for Dr. Penney, Dr. Gambell, C. C. Jackson and George K. Fargo. The following was the vote:

For Three Year Term:	
Dr. Penney	588
Dr. Gambell	339
C. M. Wilson	205
For Two Year Term:	
C. C. Jackson	301
Rev. I. T. Aastad	285
For One Year Term:	
George K. Fargo	409
Perl W. Mabey	287

Expenditures of Independent School District No. 18, for the year ending July 21st, 1906:

For teachers' wages	$9,780.00
Incidental account	653.20
Fuel account	1,555.52
Furniture and apparatus	234.49
Bonds and interest	1,327.00
Rent, officers' and janitors' salaries	1,465.98
Text books	601.70
Insurance	190.24
Repairs	809.98
Supplies	469.76
Total	$17,147.87

Receipts for year ending July 21, 1906:

First State Bank of Thief River Falls, interest	$ 30.24
County auditor's warrant, aid and apportionment	3,077.48
First State Bank, interest	8.54
County auditor's warrant, one mill tax	122.93
County auditor's warrant, special tax	2,542.99
First State Bank, interest	34.76
First State Bank, interest	13.58
First State Bank, interest	3.40
County auditor's warrant, one mill tax	196.14
County auditor's warrant, special tax	5,408.95
County auditor's warrant, apportionment	1,656.00
First State Bank, interest	12.60
County auditor's warrant, one mill tax	191.24
County auditor's warrant, special tax	5,310.04
First State Bank, interest	4.37
Incidental receipts	27.25
Total	$19,210.5c

Statement of the out-standing bonds of said district.

High school bonds, 4½ per cent, due May 1, 1917	$18,000.00
Building bonds, 7 per cent, due Aug. 18, 1910	2,500.00
Refunding bonds, 5 per cent, due Nov. 1, 1919	6,800.00
Improvement fund, 4 per cent, due July 1, 1923	18,000.00
Total bonds out-standing	$45,300.00

Amount of orders outstanding	$ 232.80
Cash on hand as per treasurer's report	3,221.09
Amount on hand less outstanding orders	2,988.29

Of the cash on hand $2,000 is sinking fund.

The total indebtedness of the district, including bonds and unpaid orders, not reserving the sinking fund of $2,000.00, is $42,311.71.

Of Course It Will.

Kennedy Star: Charley Peterson, who went out to Thief River Falls when the reservation opened up some years ago and took up a homestead, after having visited with his folks and friends around Kennedy and Kook for several weeks, returns today to his farm, prettily located about five miles east of the city, and in a rich loamy district. He believes Thief River Falls will some day be a large city.

Sam Clark Doing Well.

Art Mercer, formerly in the barber business here, but now located at Minot, N. D., was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Mercer says that Sam Clark is doing a great stroke of business in the newspaper field at Minot and is making all kinds of money. His daily paper is the leading one at Minot and Mr. Clark is greatly adding to the plant, having purchased a linotype and made other extensive improvements.

DRAINAGE OF INDIAN LANDS.

Civil Engineer Herron, of the Government Geological Survey Department, Is Here Making Preliminary Preparations.

A Complete Drainage Survey of the Ceded Red Lake Reservation Indian Lands to Be Made in the Near Future.

Civil Engineer Herron, of Washington, D. C., arrived here last Saturday for the purpose of spending several days investigating the conditions of the Red Lake Indian reservation east of Thief River Falls. Mr. Herron is sent here by the Geological Survey Department of Washington for the purpose of making arrangements for the government drainage survey of the Red Lake reservation provided for by a bill introduced and passed at the last session of congress by Hon. Halvor Steenerson. The matter to be determined at present is whether or not the survey should be made in the summer, fall or winter, how many men will be required to do the work, and also the materials needed, as well as other preliminary matters necessary to the thorough survey the government will make.

The territory that he will make a preliminary report on includes the eleven towns east of Thief River in the reservation and the lands in the vicinity of Mud Lake and Grygla.

Chief among the determinations that the government engineer will make will be the starting point of the survey.

The land on the reservation covered by the provisions of the appropriation for the drainage survey are perhaps the best in the state of Minnesota for a thorough test of the drainage idea. The owners of the lands, the Indians, will pay out of their funds under the gaurdianship of the government for the drainage and it is the express statement of Engineer Ralph that the land can be drained for about two dollars an acre benefitted.

The preliminary report of the Washington engineer, in what is admittedly the first actual step toward drainage originates in the energy and persistency of Mr. Steenerson of the Ninth district in the congress at Washington. The appropriation secured was $15,000 for a drainage survey.

In company with Daniel Shaw, Mr. Herron was up to Grygla the first of the week looking over that section. This survey means more to Thief River Falls than anything ever before started of a public nature. The system of drainage of the entire Red Lake reservation will be a thorough one and much of the land that now is covered with water a good share of the time will become productive.

Dead.

Halstad Reporter: Wheat-farming died at her home in the Red River Valley from being overworked for so many long years, but leaving a glorious record behind, one that can never be forgotten for the good that she has done to her people of the valley. But at last she must pass away, leaving many mourners to grieve for her loss. She has been dying for years, passing thru great sufferings, her lower limbs being rusted off and eaten off by grasshoppers, and at last she was drowned in the first degree.

So my dear farmers, seeing wheat is dead, don't try to raise it here any more, but get right into the dairy business and a more diversified farming. When your old cows are ready to die, you can make good beef of them and get the price back that you put into them. So don't let wheat fill your minds any longer, tho we know that bread keeps us from starving. But sow just enough wheat for your family bread and devote the rest of your farm to more paying products.

For wheat is dead and we must bury her, not mourning too much, for she both came and died for our good.

Dairying is the future industry of the valley and right now is the time to get into it. Buy out some of those farmers who don't want to go into diversified farming and are anxious to sell cheap to get out of the valley. They have the idea that there are places far superior to this. Yes, maybe for wheat, but there's still no spot on earth can surpass it for intelligent, all-around farming.

Help is Scarce.

Warren Sheaf: The Soo line has been sending out blank orders for harvest help to the different stations along the line. The Spaulding farm received a blank for this vicinity and sent back word that there was work for 250 men at good wages. This seems like a large order, but all who are acquainted with the situation say that even more will be needed to take care of the crops in this part of the valley. Even now, with haying only to occupy the attention, farmers are scrambling for every working man that arrives in town. The demand will be fiercer when the grain crop ripens, unless something serious should occur to reduce the crop prospects.

A Big Engine.

The largest engine ever in Thief River Falls was here Sunday. The engine brought a freight train of fifty cars—forty-seven of which were loaded with binding twine en route to Winnipeg. Seventy-five cars is usually considered a load for this size of an engine, which had ten drive wheels.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

THE
Star Steam Laundry

Is now running under the new managers, Bjorkman and Post. With many years' experience, we can guarantee the public the very best in laundrying.

Goods Called for and Delivered
PHONE 118

MAY BE A CANDIDATE

John B. O'Brien Being Urged to Run for County Auditor.

He Is One of the Strongest Men in the County and Well Qualified.

John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, is being strongly urged to enter the race for the Republican nomination for county auditor of Red Lake county and while Mr. O'Brien has as yet not given his consent to become a candidate, there is no doubt but that if he is given the promise of strong support, he could be induced to enter the race. Mr. O'Brien has been a resident of Red Lake county for a number of years and needs no introduction to the voters of Red Lake county. He is a man of recognized ability and that he is honest and upright goes without saying. Living as he does at St. Hilaire, one of the principal cities of Red Lake county and a town that has never had a county office since the organization of the county, it would appear that he is entitled to recognition. Right here the News wishes to make the prediction that if Mr. O'Brien enters the race he will be elected, and that Thief River Falls will give him a majority of over 600.

After Grain Trust.

The investigation of grain elevator abuses, ordered by congress, will not be conducted this summer. Nothing will be done with it until the interstate commerce commission is reorganized. The investigation of the grain elevator trust, when it does come, will be certain to turn up a furrow of plain and fancy grafting.

That it will also show a close connection between the railroads and the elevators is also certain. The charge is made by Senator LaFollette, who secured the passage of the resolution, that all the principal railways centering at Chicago are in a conspiracy with the elevator people, so that the buying of grain as well as its storage is controlled by the railways to the great detriment of the farmers.

A Candidate Here.

Fred Richards, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week announcing his candidacy for the Republican nomination for county superintendent of schools. Mr. McAnulty, the present county superintendent, will again be a candidate and will try conclusions with Mr. Richards for the Republican nomination. Because of the fact that Mr. McAnulty brought the summer training school to Thief River Falls this year, Red Lake Falls will be opposed to him. The result will probably be that Thief River Falls will support McAnulty for the nomination.

Rollis Getting Ready for the Fair.

It has been decided to call a meeting for next Saturday at 4 p. m., at the Fram post office, to decide upon means and products for an exhibit at the Thief River fair. It is thought best, to avoid jealousy, to make it a township affair, and every one who feels enterprising enough is invited to attend this meeting. If the products of our township are properly represented, we stand a good chance of taking several premiums. If you have anything extra good, come and tell us about it. We have several premium lists for distribution.—Rollis correspondence in Middle River Pioneer.

A Town With Three Names.

A town with three names is the unfortunate fate of the thriving village of Altona, south of here on the Soo line. There are about 200 inhabitants and the town is incorporated as Altona, the postoffice is named Candor, and the Soo line calls its station Vergas. So confusing has this become that action has been taken to get rid of two of the names. The Merchants' bank has taken the initiative by calling itself the Merchants' bank of Vergas, and the postoffice will change from Candor to Vergas, and the town from Altona to Vergas.

Mrs. S. F. Staples Injured.

The Stillwater items in the St. Paul Dispatch last week contained the information that Mrs. S. F. Staples, who formerly resided here with her husband, was injured in a runaway recently. A broken arm was the only serious injury which she sustained and her many friends here hope that she will soon recover.

Clapp Coming.

Secretary Hoag of the fair association, has received a letter from Senator Clapp saying that he will be here on one of the days of the county fair.

—Wanted—First class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Wanted—Girl at Peter Newman's restaurant.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

T. P. Hamre went up on the Greenbush line yesterday.

Daniel Shaw went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to business matters for a day or two.

The Red Lake Falls band has been hired to come here on the 9th of August, the second day of the fair.

Mrs. W. A. McIntyre came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday and is the guest of Mrs. Perl W. Mabey.

The five year old daughter of A. B. Newton, of the town of Smiley, fell from a wagon Tuesday and sustained a broken arm.

Goodnow Torrison, who has been in Norway for the past several weeks, is expected to return to Thief River Falls the first of next week.

The fair is on this week at Winnipeg and is attracting large crowds. Quite a number from this city have already gone up and others expect to go up later on.

H. G. Dobner is taking a forced vacation from his duties at the First State Bank this week, having a boil on the back of his head that is causing him considerable trouble.

Mrs. John Torrison, who has been in a hospital at St. Paul for several weeks past, is expected to return to this city this week. Her health has been greatly improved and she is now entirely well.

Louis Vindles, Carl Jensen and Anton Skog, three settlers up near Kratka, were in the city yesterday, on route to Crookston, where the former makes final proof. They report that crops are looking fine.

Fr. Adolph left last evening for Fargo. From there he will go to the western part of North Dakota, where he formerly had a charge, and visit with old friends for several days. He will be absent from the city for about two weeks.

W. A. Arthur and family came up from St. Hilaire yesterday morning and left this morning over the Soo for Canada. Mr. Arthur has been engaged to run the boarding house for the lumber company up at Prince Albert.

Evenson & Erickson wish to announce that they will open their new clothing store on Friday or Saturday of this week and invite the public to call and examine their goods and secure prices. While they have not as yet got in all of their goods, they expect to have their complete stock here inside of a week or so.

—Mrs. J. A. Stripe, representing the Franco-American Hygienic company, of Chicago, is visiting this city again with her splendid line of hygienic toilet requisites, everything to bleach, beautify, purify and cleanse the skin. Now is your chance, ladies, to have a perfect complexion, as no painful or unpleasant effects can follow the use of these dainty articles. They are the only articles on the market bearing the endorsement of the U. S. Board of health. —Mrs. Stripe will call on the ladies at their homes. She will also give scalp treatment and face massage, also shampoo. Any one troubled with pimples and blackheads will do well to see her. Any one wanting work done call up the Ogahmah hotel from 6 to 7 p. m.

Indulgence in a boyish pastime may cost Gust Johnson, of Crookston, 13 years old, his sight. Together with a number of other boys of his own age, the boy was engaged in knocking together pop bottles to see which one would break first. A large piece of glass from one of the bottles struck young Johnson in the right eye, cutting a deep gash in the eyeball. He was taken to an oculist, who removed the injured eye, and said that it was a question whether or not the boy would also lose the sight of his left eye.

Bad Habits.

"It would be a very bad thing if farmers ever got control of the national finances."

"Why so?"

"Because from sheer force of habit they would want to be always watering the stock."—Baltimore American.

He Knew.

Meekly—Yes, we're going to move to Swamphurst. Doctor—But the climate there may disagree with your wife. Meekly—It wouldn't dare!—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Retort Professional.

Lawyer Quibble—You a doctor? Why, you couldn't cure a ham! Dr. Sawbones—And you, sir—you couldn't try a case of lard!

Our own heart, and not other men's opinions, forms our true honor.—Coleridge.

Mother's Ear

A WORD IN MOTHER'S EAR; WHEN NURSING AN INFANT, AND IN THE MONTHS THAT COME BEFORE THAT TIME.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

SUPPLIES THE EXTRA STRENGTH AND NOURISHMENT SO NECESSARY FOR THE HEALTH OF BOTH MOTHER AND CHILD.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
[illegible] Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

BLIND PIGS CORRALLED

Indian Agent Michelet Makes a Raid at Mahnomen Last Week.

Arrests Several Who Have Been Conducting Blind Pigs.

Railroad men who were down to Mahnomen the last week report that Indian Agent Simon Michelet made a very successful raid upon a number of gambling joints and blind pigs there last week. Mahnomen is on the Indian reservation and as a result the sale of liquor there is strictly forbidden. As a general thing, the town has been very free from blind pigs, but lately, since the Indians have come into the possession of so much wealth by selling and mortgaging their allotments, the inducement for certain parties to sell liquor there in violation of the law has been too great. The raid which Mr. Michelet made is said to have been a very successful one and several parties were captured with a large amount of liquor. They were all taken to the jail at White Earth and it is said that it will go very hard with the offenders of the law.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

A collision between a freight train and a regular mail train on the Seaboard Air Line near Hamlet, N. C., resulted in the death of four of the trainmen and sixteen others and injured twenty-four. Eight of the dead are white and twelve colored. The wreck was due to the failure of the regular passenger train to receive orders at Rockingham.

Socorro, N. M., has been badly damaged by an earthquake. Fifty-two shocks were experienced in three days. The courthouse is wrecked. The buildings of the school of mines are cracked and nearly every residence in the city is cracked or wrecked. More than two-thirds of them at least are damaged or destroyed.

Just before a ball game at Manitowoc, Wis., between a local team and a Plymouth (Wis.) nine a fierce electrical storm swept over the city and a bolt of lightning hit the grandstand where the spectators and players had sought shelter. Five persons were killed outright and a score or two injured by the shock.

The engine, express and smoking car of the Great Northern fast train, westbound, are submerged in the deep waters of Diamond lake, one and a half miles east of Camden, Wash. Nine men who went down in the smoking car and the engine crew were drowned in the deep water.

At least eight and perhaps twice that number of masons, plumbers and Italian laborers were crushed in the sudden collapse of a building in process of construction at South Framingham, Mass. Ten others were dragged or dug out of the wreck, some seriously injured.

Two crowded excursion steamers collided in New York harbor off Staten Island, imperiling the lives of 1,500 persons, but neither in the crash itself nor in the wild panic which followed was any one seriously injured.

Two hundred men were more or less hurt by a cyclone which smashed all the buildings in a contractor's camp on the Northern Pacific at Alta, N. D. Three of the men are seriously hurt and may die of their injuries.

Mrs. Gus Berndt and her two daughters, aged seven and nine years, were run down on a trestle by a Rock Island train near White, S. D., and all were killed.

Charles A. Justus, aged thirty-nine, and three children of his sister, Mrs. Samuel Moudy, were burned to death near Middleton, Ida.

Knell of the Top Hat.

Many men about New York are waxing jubilant over the report that the silk hat, which for seasons past has been an emblem of propriety, isn't to be worn except on state occasions, says the New York Press. Moncure Robinson made a series of calls the other afternoon resplendent in a blue serge suit and a scarlet tie. Evidently he didn't care at all what covered his curls, for he had donned a funny little cap, more suitable for wear in an auto. It is said that even London is abandoning its sacred "topper," worn at all times and all seasons, for well dressed Americans have set an example for comfort and style in their dress not to be neglected. Some few who feel that they look at their best in this dignified headgear insist that it is impossible that it should go out of fashion.

Sad Story.

Kind Lady—Do you mean to tell me that reading Shakespeare brought you to prison? What works did you read? No. 411—"Romeo an' Juliet," mum. Kind Lady—But what evil influence could that have on you? No. 411—Why, it learned me to be a porch climber, mum.—Puck.

Mistaken Identity.

"I just dropped in again today," said the lady, "to see those lovely sideboards you had last week"—

"Not me, ma'am," replied the callow furniture salesman. "I ain't never been able to raise even a mustache."—Philadelphia Press.

FOUND DEAD ON GAS STOVE.

Minneapolis Man Suicides After Quarrel With Wife.

Minneapolis, July 19.—Cecil Van Wick's dead body was found in a cramped position on top of a gas stove in his flat, 519 Eighth street south, during the morning. He committed suicide by asphyxiating himself.

Van Wick, who was a shoe salesman, thirty years of age, quarreled with his wife early in the evening and she, with their small son, went to the home of a neighbor. Van Wick was afterward heard in the flat alone. The odor of gas led to his apartments in the morning, when he was found dead with several gas jets turned on about the premises.

FOR ATTACK ON UMPIRE.

Five Members of Minneapolis Ball Team Fined.

Milwaukee, July 19.—President J. D. O'Brien of the American association has dealt out fines to five members of the Minneapolis ball team and added suspensions in two of the cases in connection with an attempted assault on Umpire Owen in Wednesday's game with Columbus at Minneapolis. First Baseman Freeman and Shortstop Oyler were fined $50 each and suspended for seven days. Fielder Davis and Captain Fox were fined $50 and Pitcher Ford was assessed $25.

ROBBERS VISIT LAKE ELMO.

General Store and Residence Are Ransacked by Thieves.

Stillwater, Minn., July 23.—Burglars entered the general store of Albert La Rue at Lake Elmo early Sunday morning and got $95 in cash and also broke into the dwelling of Postmaster Stephens near the postoffice and got $10.

The postoffice was not entered. The store was ransacked generally and some meat was taken out of a refrigerator to give the impression of the job being done by tramps.

Wild Ride in an Ambulance.

Minneapolis, July 18.—With Miss Zella Haynes, a sick and helpless girl, a nurse and a physician locked inside the ambulance of the Swedish hospital here was dragged at breakneck speed for several blocks through the streets by runaway horses and finally was wrecked against a tree. The patient was hysterical with fright after the accident, but otherwise was uninjured, and the other occupants of the ambulance escaped being hurt.

St. Paul Man a Suicide.

St. Paul, July 20.—When Mrs. Lang, 252 East Roble street, went into the yard in the rear of her home at 6 o'clock a. m. she saw the body of her husband, Henry P. Lang, hanging from the branch of a tree. She called neighbors and the corpse was taken down. Coroner Miller made an investigation and decided that Mr. Lang had taken his own life. Mr. Lang had not been in sound mental condition for a long time.

Archbishop Joins Tanner's Staff.

Minneapolis, July 19.—Archbishop John Ireland, a member of Acker Post, No. 21, Department of Minnesota, Grand Army of the Republic, has accepted tender of an appointment as aide-de-camp on the staff of Commander-in-Chief James Tanner, and will ride with him in the Grand Army parade in this city on Wednesday, Aug. 15.

Wilson at South St. Paul.

St. Paul, July 19.—Secretary James H. Wilson of the agricultural department arrived in St. Paul early in the day and spent most of the day in and around the city. He breakfasted at the Minnesota club and later, accompanied by Dr. Ketcham, chief federal veterinary inspector, visited the packing plants at South St. Paul.

Costly Fire in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, July 23.—Fire broke out shortly after 2:30 o'clock p. m. in the yards of the Bruce-Edgerton Lumber company at Hennepin avenue and Twenty-ninth street, and almost totally destroyed the stock, causing a loss of about $25,000. The firm carried $15,000 insurance. It is not known how the fire originated.

Hastings Official Suicides.

Hastings, Minn., July 21.—City Assessor John Weber died at his home at 2 o'clock p. m. from strychnine poisoning, apparently a suicide. He was thirty-nine years old, a pioneer citizen and prominent in county affairs, having served six years as register of deeds, and at the time of his death was city assessor.

Cow Fatally Gores Woman.

Biwabik, Minn., July 21.—Mrs. Anton Zaitz, sixty years of age, was gored to death by her cow. Her cries attracted the attention of neighbors, who went to the rescue, but the woman had received such injuries that she died ten hours after being removed from the barn.

HEAVY LOSS FROM FIRE.

Fountain City, Wis., Visited by a Destructive Blaze.

Winona, Minn., July 23.—Fire at Fountain City, Wis., nearly destroyed the entire block containing the Roettiger furniture store and barn, Fitzgerald's two dwellings and warehouse, the Schwartz & Clausen lumber yards and shop, Dressendorfer's blacksmith and machine shop and Shuster's general store and contents. The sparks were carried several blocks and started a fire in Hueffner's elevator, burning it and two cars of coal. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is estimated at $100,000, partially covered by insurance.

MUST SERVE HIS TIME

BANKER QUACKENBUSH OF LE SUEUR DENIED NEW TRIAL BY SUPREME COURT.

State Organization Formed by Physicians and Business Men to Fight Tuberculosis—Minneapolis Man Is Bound Over to Federal Grand Jury on Charge of Using the Mails to Defraud—General State News.

Le Sueur, Minn., July 21.—Sheriff Traxler arrested ex-Banker Livingston Quackenbush here and took him to Le Sueur Center, thence to Stillwater, where he is to serve a four-year term for fraudulent banking, application for a new trial having been denied by the supreme court. Quackenbush's private bank failed here in March, 1904, for over $100,000 and will pay not to exceed 15 cents on the dollar. He was twice tried for the crime, having escaped the first time on a technicality. He was convicted last September and sentenced by Judge Morrison to a four-year term in the penitentiary.

TO FIGHT WHITE PLAGUE.

Minnesota State Association Organized at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, July 19.—The Minnesota Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis has been organized in the rooms of the Minneapolis Commercial club by prominent physicians and business men of the state. The association will be open to all persons interested in checking the dread disease.

As outlined in its constitution the association has for its object the dissemination of knowledge concerning causes, treatment and prevention of tuberculosis. It also includes investigation of the prevalence of the disease in Minnesota and the publishing of useful information regarding it. Promotion of proper legislation for the relief and prevention of tuberculosis and securing proper co-operation of public authorities in approved measures for prevention will be among the aims of its members. The society will also encourage the maintenance of adequate care of consumptives by the establishment of hospitals, sanitariums and dispensaries.

It is likely that a general secretary will be secured to take entire charge of the work of the association and push its interests. Through him a campaign of education can be carried on, acquainting the people of the state with the most approved methods of combatting the disease.

BOUND OVER TO GRAND JURY.

Minneapolis Man Charged With Using Mails to Defraud.

Minneapolis, July 20.—W. C. Cunningham, proprietor of the North American Land company, was bound over to the federal grand jury by United States Commissioner Howard S. Abbot on the charge of using the United States mails for fraudulent purposes.

The complaint against Cunningham is made by Nathan Nolle, postoffice inspector, who estimates that Cunningham's revenue recently has been $2,000 a day.

He had to employ five stenographers to take care of his correspondence until the postoffice department began an investigation and returned some of the mail unopened.

Cunningham has lived in Minneapolis thirty years.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Attempts to Fill Gasoline Stove Without Shutting Off Fire.

Sherburne, Minn., July 21.—Mrs. William Shultz, living in the south part of town, was burned to death today from the explosion of a gasoline stove which she carelessly endeavored to fill without shutting off the fire.

The fire company was called out, but on arriving at the place found the fire extinguished, very little harm being done by the explosion except to Mrs. Shultz, who was so badly burned that she only lived four hours. She is survived by a husband and two small children.

The baby was burned on its hands, having run to its mother while she was burning, but is not seriously injured.

KILLED IN MACHINERY.

H. A. Seely Caught While at Work in Lake City Mill.

Lake City, Minn., July 22.—Harry A. Seely met with a violent death at about 3 o'clock this morning while oiling the machinery on the third floor of Tennant & Hoyt's flouring mill, where he was employed. It is presumed that his arm caught in the belting.

He was thirty two years of age and leaves a wife and an infant child. He was the only son of Jesse T. Seely, a dry goods merchant of Lake City.

Thirteen-Year-Old Boy Drowns.

Stillwater, Minn., July 21.—Arthur Larson, thirteen years old, was drowned this morning while in bathing with a number of other boys at the ferry landing on the St. Croix in the village of South Stillwater. He was a son of John D. Larson of that village. His companions were unable to rescue him when he shouted for help and no men were near. Efforts to recover the body were unavailing.

G. A. R.

Minneapolis, August 13 to 18, via the Soo Line---Lowest Rates of the Year.

The National Encampment this year will be one of the greatest ever held in this country, and, as it is so near home, every one ought to go and take advantage of the extremely low rate.

TICKETS ON SALE

From points where the regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $3.50 or less, Aug. 13-16 inc. Return limit Aug. 20, 1906. No extension of return limit on these tickets.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is more than $3.50 and less than $9.00 Aug. 11-14 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $9.00 or more Aug. 11-13 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Liberal return limits. Ask the nearest "Soo" Line Agent.

INDIAN LEGEND ABOUT BIRDS.

Believe the Great Spirit Made Them From Falling Leaves.

An Indian story that has been handed down and is still believed by many Indian tribes is one about the transformation of leaves into birds. Long years ago when the world was young the Great Spirit went about the earth making it beautiful. Wherever his feet touched the ground lovely trees and flowers sprang up. All summer the trees wore their short green dresses. The leaves were very happy and they sang their sweet songs to the breeze as it passed them.

One day the wind told them the time would soon come when they would have to fall from the trees and die. This made the leaves feel very bad, but they tried to be bright and do the best they could so as not to make the mother trees unhappy. But at last the time came and they let go of the twigs and branches and fluttered to the ground. They lay perfectly quiet, not able to move except as the wind would lift them.

The Great Spirit saw them and thought they were so lovely that he did not want to see them die, but live and be beautiful forever, so he gave to each bright leaf a pair of wings and power to fly. Then he called them his "birds." From the red and brown leaves of the oak came the robins, and yellow birds from the yellow willow leaves, and from bright maple leaves he made the redbirds, the brown leaves became wrens, sparrows and other brown birds. This is why the birds love the trees and always go to them to build their nests and look for food and shade.—Kansas City Journal.

READY WITH HIS EXCUSE.

Clerk Justified Mean Trick by Scriptural Quotation.

A certain tailor of very strict principles was in the habit of excusing the faults of his assistants only if they could justify themselves by Scripture. One day a woman entered his shop and asked to see some material, but refused to buy it because it was too cheap. After showing her some other goods, the assistant brought back the same material, this time asking a higher price, whereupon the customer bought it. Afterward, the proprietor, who had witnessed the transaction, reproved his assistant severely. The latter, remembering the rules of the establishment, replied, "Oh, it's according to Scripture all right. She was a stranger and I took her in."—Harper's Weekly.

FORMS OF DISEASE GERMS.

Harmless Varieties May Suddenly Change Their Nature.

It is common belief that the germs of disease flourish only in the human organism, and that, if we could once eradicate an infectious malady, it would stay eradicated. It now seems very probable that this is untrue. According to a view held wholly or partially by many pathologists, and strongly upheld by Prof. Bodin, disease germs are only accidentally virulent, their normal existence being what is called "saprophytic," that is, independent of any other organism. When one of these harmless varieties changes its nature so as to become parasitic, we have a new disease. Observation has shown that many kinds of bacteria are very unstable, and are constantly forming new varieties. It is possible, therefore, that potential germs of typhoid, lockjaw, or consumption may be growing harmlessly [illegible], to assume, a virulent parasitic life at some future time.—London Lancet.

—Subscribe for the News.

THE INJUNCTION IS DISSOLVED.

Judge Watts Has Dissolved the Injunction Restraining the County Auditor from Calling County Seat Election.

Will Now Go to the Supreme Court and Then the Election Will Be Held---A Big Victory for Thief River Falls.

Last Friday before Judge Watts arguments were made on the motion to dissolve the injunction restraining the county auditor of Red Lake county from calling an election in the county seat case. After the arguments had been made, Judge Watts took the matter under advisement, and did not decide the matter until Monday. His decision was to the effect that the injunction should be dissolved and an election was ordered. A stay of five days has been granted in the proceedings and the Red Lake Falls attorneys will, without doubt, take an appeal to the supreme court, so that a vote will not be had until after it has been decided by the highest court in the state.

As will be remembered, this injunction was secured by default upon the part of the auditor, the papers in the case having been served upon County Auditor Ford, who kept the matter a secret until after the time for making an appearance had expired. It is considered a great victory for Thief River Falls and means that an election will be held much earlier than was at first anticipated. After the case has been decided by the supreme court, an election will be held, and then all that Red Lake Falls can do will be to contest the election.

Local attorneys feel very jubilant over the outcome of the case and they say that the attorneys for Red Lake Falls fell down about the hardest on this proposition of any since the county seat proposition has been in court. A little history regarding this might be of local interest. When the attorneys representing Thief River Falls in the matter filed their complaint, the Red Lake Falls attorneys demurred, taking it for granted, of course, that Judge Watts would overrule the demurrer and they would then appeal to the supreme court, and then make another appeal to the supreme court when the original case came up for trial, thus delaying the case for a year or more. The Red Lake Falls attorneys, however, lost sight of the fact that when they demurred they admitted that the answer of Thief River Falls was true. That being the case, the attorneys representing this city immediately moved to have the injunction dissolved and, as a result, the court has granted the request. Now the matter will go to the supreme court and the Red Lake Falls attorneys will not have any grounds upon which they can hope to secure a reversal of Judge Watts' decision.

There is plenty of time to have the case decided at the October term of the supreme court, but it is anticipated that Red Lake Falls will endeavor to have the appeal laid over until the spring term.

SOO'S NEW EXTENSION

Considerable Interest Is Now Being Taken in the Proposed Extension.

It Is Said That the Line Will Ultimately Go to Carrington.

Duluth Herald: A good deal of interest has been aroused among local railroad men concerning the report, published to the effect that the Soo road has a surveying party at work on the shores of Moose lake, running a line to Duluth.

It was expected that the survey of the Soo extension to Duluth would be finished long before this and that the contract would be let sometime in July or August for the construction of the road. That is to say, this was expected by others than those in the employ of the Soo. The Soo and the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad officials have had very little to say on the matter, and have given no intimation of their plans. It is an assured fact, however, that the Soo will have an extension from Duluth to its lines in Western Minnesota and Dakota within a year or two.

According to the report, the present survey is being run to Detroit, Minn., but ultimately the extension will continue on across the Winnipeg branch at Detroit to Carrington, N. D. As has been pointed out before, this line will place the Soo on an equality with the Great Northern and Northern Pacific so far as the grain fields of western United States and northwestern Canada are concerned.

The haul will be shortened some 300 miles, as compared with the Soo's present route, which runs southwest to St. Paul and northwest to Sault Ste. Marie. It is also proposed by the Soo to build southwesterly from Duluth to the main line in Wisconsin, which now connects the Twin Cities and Sault Ste. Marie.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

Subscribe for the News.

A SPECIAL SECURED.

Great Northern to Run a Special Train from Greenbush August 9.

For the accommodation of those living north of here on the Greenbush line, the Great Northern has agreed to run a special excursion train from Greenbush to Thief River Falls on the second day of the fair, Thursday, August 9. The train will leave Greenbush in the morning at about 7 o'clock and arrive here between 8 and 9, returning again at about 7 or 8 in the evening. A fair of one and one-third for the round trip will be charged. It is expected that a large number of residents of Roseau county will take advantage of the special accommodations provided and that the attendance on that day will be very large.

Soo's Bridge at Oslo.

The plans and specifications of the Soo's pontoon bridge to cross the Red River of the North at Oslo, Minn., have been prepared and sent to Washington for the approval of the War Department in compliance with a recent act of congress providing for the building of a bridge at that point. It is expected that as soon as the plans are approved work will commence on the bridge.

Reduced Rates.

Secretary L. M. Hoag has received word from General Passenger Agent Callaway of the Soo road to the effect that a rate of a fair and one-third for the round trip has been made on the Winnipeg line from Detroit to Emerson and on the wheatline as far as Adams for all who desire to come here and attend the county fair.

Gospel Tent Meetings.

Services are still held at the tent every Sunday at 3 and 7:45 p. m. also every Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:45 p. m. in the Scandinavian tongue.

An English meeting will be held every Thursday night at 7:45.

All are cordially invited to attend the services. Remember the hour.

BIDS WANTED.

Sealed bids will be received until July 30th at 7 o'clock p. m. for the erection of a cement block school house. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office at any time. The board reserves the right to accept or reject any or all of the bids.

JOHN J. [illegible]
District Clerk.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Young Man Up Near Thorwick Struck By Lightning Saturday.

Was Out in an Open Pasture at the Time He Was Hit.

Gustaf Michaelson, a young man 26 years of age, was killed last Saturday evening about three miles north of Thorwick postoffice by being hit by a bolt of lightning.

About 6:30 Michaelson started to the pasture after the cows and that was the last time he was seen alive. There was only a small storm and neighbors say there was but one flash of lightning. The body was not found until Sunday morning at 4 o'clock, and it was not until then that it was known that he had been killed by lightning. The parents of Gustaf, when he did not put in an appearance at night, thought that he had gone out to some of the neighbors, and did not become alarmed until 12 o'clock on Saturday night. Search was then commenced, but not much could be done until daylight Sunday morning, when the dead body was found in the pasture. Where the body was found, it was all open prairie, there being no tree for some distance. The bolt of lightning must have struck the man squarely in the head, as his hat was nearly all burned up.

The deceased was a young man of sterling qualities and was the bread winner of his family. Besides a father and mother, he had two sisters and two brothers.

Back From Canada.

The company of Warrenites who went west with C. A. Monson last week to view the Canadian country known as sunny southern Alberta, arrived home again last Monday evening. They bring varying opinions of the country, but they all agree that it is not enough better than this region to make it worth while for a man who has established a home here to pull up and go out there. There is undoubtedly a great future in store for the country, especially in the live stock line, but they claim crops are no more a certainty there than anywhere else. The winters are milder, but the summers are drier. P. H. Thompson, of Alvarado, who was one of the party, invested in a half a section of land. The others did not purchase at present.—Warren Sheaf.

When to Kill Weeds.

We were recently asked our opinion as to the best time to cut weeds. A good time to cut weeds is early in the morning, when the dew is on. They cut easy then. Another good time is in the middle of the day. They shrivel up quickly after being cut, drat 'em, and we love to see them wilt. Another good time is in the evening, for it is usually cool then and the exercise attendant upon the cutting is more agreeable. In fact, most any old time will do, if it be not delayed too long. We find from experience that the best time is now—right now. This applies also to weeds in the alleys and back yards. Everybody get busy.—Fertile Journal.

EVERY-BODY

Is Going to the Fair via

"SOO" LINE

At One Fair for the Round Trip:

The Minnesota State Fair, located midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis, is the greatest institution of its kind in the United States, and its so near home that everyone ought to go, have a good time and enjoy themselves.

Tickets on sale Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th inclusive, good returning until September 10, 1906.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE FOR RENT

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A BARREL OF TROUBLE

Can be avoided by calling on a good plumber at the right time. The right time is when things first show signs of getting out of order and the right kind of plummers can be found at our address.

We Don't Care

to do work for people who are not particular. It's a waste of good honest effort and skill. If you have a difficult piece of work that you want done just right, we want the job. We are thorough plumbers in everything but our bills. Old timers say they are too low.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

For Fruit,

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H FANT'S

The News, $1 Per Year.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 26, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

Again we stop the press to say the Red Lake Falls attorneys have not won a single legal point in the county seat case.

Duluth Herald: Says the Hendrum Review: "The extension of the primary election law to the state ticket is one of the things legislative candidates must stand for, and vote only for those that stand right, government will be cleaner and better."

Echo Enterprise: People are beginning to think for themselves along political lines as never before and it will stand party leaders in hand to put men up for office who are clean and honest, and who are known to be on the side of the people and not owned body and breeches by the soulless corporations.

Roseau Region: A private business may make all it can; it has competitors, and government has nothing to do with it. But a public service corporation should not be allowed to make out of the public more than a fair return upon its actual necessary investment, and it is agreed that the legal rate of interest is such a fair return.

According to the Wadena Pioneer Journal, the Atlas flouring mill at Brainerd will be moved away unless there is more loyal support given the institution by the home people of Brainerd. The local people and the merchants of the town do not use the home flour to the extent they should. The matter of the probable loss of the mill was discussed recently by the citizens, and from the remarks made on that occasion, it seems that Brainerd people are less loyal to their local manufacturing industries than are the people of most other small towns and cities. After saying that Brainerd merchants could not handle Brainerd flour unless Brainerd people would buy it, one citizen said that business men interested in the upbuilding of Brainerd would smoke foreign-made cigars, drink out-of-town beer and patronize out-of-town tailors in preference to using home-made goods, and so long as they did so they could not blame others for doing the same. Fortunately Thief River Falls' manufacturing industries enjoy the loyal support of a large majority of the home people, but even here there is a disposition on the part of many people to be more exacting with local products than they are with foreign-made goods, and who continually buy out-of-town goods to the detriment of the local industries. This is a very poor policy, and the sooner the people in the smaller towns and cities commence to assist one another in every way possible, the sooner will they notice marked local development and growing strength all along the line.

Drainage must be the watch word in the Red River Valley until the surplus water can quickly be removed from every acre of land. All that is needed to make this broad valley the garden spot of America is adequate drainage. Nature has provided a soil which in fertility rivals that of the valley of the Nile, and all that man has to do is to construct artificial channels for carrying off the surplus water. It is much easier to do that than to construct extensive irrigation systems for getting water onto the land, as must be done in the famous valley of the Nile, in all places dependent upon irrigation. The average rainfall here is sufficient to mature the crops, and is rather too abundant than deficient during the growing season. It is very seldom that we suffer on account of drought in the early part of the summer. Rain is a great blessing and without it this fertile valley would be nothing, but a little too much of a good thing at times is no reason why we should growl or deride the country. If we stand idly by and allow excessive rains to destroy our crops for lack of ditches, we, who have settled here, are at fault. We must be up and doing, that is all. God has given man this great and fertile valley to develop and subdue, and no equal tract of land on the face of the earth will respond more readily to labor of hand and brain. Much has already been done in the way of ditching throughout the length and breadth of the valley, but it is only a small beginning. There should be no cessation in the good work until every foot of land is properly drained. When that is done, the agricultural resources of this valley will be multiplied many times. We can hardly conceive of the mighty possibilities of this region when man has done his work as he should.—Warren Sheaf.

It is surprising that so few towns in Minnesota have taken advantage of the road law that permits any town to decide by vote whether it will do its road work in the old method of "working out the road tax," or by paying the tax in cash and hiring the work done, under contract or otherwise, by hired labor, says the Farm, Stock and Home. It is surprising because the towns that have adopted the cash system have found it a great improvement over the old method and have no thought of returning to the last. The advantages of the cash system are many. A chief one is that roads can be worked earlier in the spring than farmers can do it, by reason of the other work that presses them hard until the first half of June, delaying road-making until that time, which is too late for the best results. Roads should be worked earlier, before the soil has become dry and hard, and the making of huge mud-holes and deep ruts prevented, instead of attempting curing later on. As the number of towns that adept the better system increases, road-making experts will develop, and by them systematic and uniform methods of working will be adopted, and one man under such conditions will be as effective as three under prevailing conditions and methods. A prominent farmer in a south Minnesota county estimates that two men with six horses, a road grader and a splitlog or plank drag, can keep the roads of a whole town in better condition than they are kept by the make-believe road work that is now the rule. This greater efficiency will be due largely to the ability of the hired road-makers to get at their work when the roads require it, instead of waiting till the spring's farm work is done, by which time much more labor is required to do a given amount of effective work. Why not agitate this subject at odd times during the summer and winter so as to be prepared to vote upon it next spring at town meetings?

Taxing State Lands.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press and the Duluth Herald are having an altercation regarding the assertion made by State Auditor Iverson to the effect that the state should pay local taxes upon the vast amount of state land which it owns in northern Minnesota. The Pioneer Press says: "But on the same principle, the state should pay local tax rates on the property values of the new capitol, the insane asylums, state prison, university, fish hatchery, etc. Wherever any of these institutions are located, the state gets the benefit of the taxes paid by neighboring property-owners, in the same way that it does in the case of its northern lands."

The Herald thinks it is a kind of logic peculiar to the Pioneer Press that permits it to make such a comparison. The idea of comparing the beautiful state capitol at St. Paul with a great, gaunt, ugly swamp land waste, which the state neglects and refuses to make habitable and arable, is absurd. The capitol is a benefit to St. Paul, and no idea of making the state pay taxes on it would be entertained for a moment, for it not only adds to the beauty and fame of the city, but it is equally a financial benefit because of the salaries of the capitol employes that are spent in St. Paul.

On the other, hand an area of vacant state lands, even if it is not swamp, is of no benefit to anybody. It is a handicap, and a very positive one, to the country round about it. It contributes not a single cent toward the construction of roads that are necessary to develop the country, nor toward the education of the children of the settlers, It is of no benefit to its neighboring territory, nor is it, so long as it remains idle and vacant, of any benefit to its owner, the state.

The comparison between such idle lands and any other state institution is equally ridiculous. Stillwater would not ask the state to pay taxes on the penitentiary. It is glad to have it and the revenue the community gets from it, without asking that it pay local taxes.

The absurdity of the comparison is made clear by this test: If the communities possessing state institutions were given the choice of having them pay local taxes or taken away, they would not hesitate, but would demand that they remain, untaxed. If the people of the north country had the same choice, they would hesitate no longer, but would demand that the idle lands be removed; that is, made productive. They would rather have the lands occupied by settlers who will pay taxes than to have them remain idle even if the state paid local taxes.

The Herald has no idea that the state ever will pay local taxes on its idle areas. It merely stated its belief that the proposition was fair, and fair it is.

A fairer deal, however, will be to drain the swamp lands and sell all available farming lands, that they may be occupied by settlers who will help build up the state.

Ambition and Mr. Platt.

New York World: "Mr. Platt is still in the prime of middle age," wrote a political editor in 1889, "and must still have ambitions. What that ambition is the future alone will determine."

Mr. Platt was 73 years old yesterday. He has just patched up a modus vivendi with the man stronger than he is in the Republican councils of the state. He lives under the national administration of a man who rose by what Mr. Platt intended to be the means of his permanent political shelving. He lags inutile in a senate chair, forcing his state to reflect painfully on departed days when it was really represented in "the upper chamber." His word to the world is that "politics is a bad thing for a young man—for any one, in fact—to follow."

What was Mr. Platt's ambition?

Sheriff Candidates.

James Bulman is being boomed for the office of sheriff of Red Lake county by a number of his friends, but as yet has arrived at no decision in the matter. "Jim's" friends say that if he went after the office he would get it, and there is no question but that he would make a very good run.

The sheriff's office seems to be attractive to quite a number of residents of this city. L. A. Nelson is already an announced candidate and W. J. McGinty has been prominently spoken of, while Deputy Sheriff Jarman may decide to get into the game later on.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

An adress to the country setting forth the attitude of parliament on the agrarian question and the reasons for the delay in the adoption of a solution has been adopted by the Russian lower house, but in an emasculated form. Changes designed to minimize the revolutionary features of the document as an appeal to the people against the government and to shift the emphasis to a note of pacification, in which the peasantry are exhorted to refrain from excesses and violence and to await parliament's decision in the matter, were incorporated.

An imperial ukase was promulgated at St. Petersburg early Sunday morning dissolving parliament and fixing the time for the convocation of the newly elected assembly as March 5, 1907. A second ukase places St. Petersburg in a state of extraordinary security by the declaration of a minor form of martial law. A large part of the province of Kiov, where armed uprisings are anticipated in consequence of the dissolution of parliament, is placed under martial law. M. Stolypin has been appointed premier in place of M. Goremykin.

A remnant of the Russian lower house met at Viborg, Finland, Monday, hurriedly adopted and signed an address to the people, which is thoroughly revolutionary in its nature; elected a perpetual executive committee headed by Prince Paul Dolgouroukoff, vice president of the house, to carry on the work of liberation and adjourned amidst characteristic Russian embracing and kissing.

A landlord fleeing from Bobrov, in the province of Voronezh, where a peasant uprising has taken place, has arrived at Moscow and gives a frightful picture of the devastation. He describes the losses in the province as colossal. The troops are powerless to cope with the peasants, who are marching in large bands, destroying practically everything.

The report of the commission appointed to inquire into the circumstances attending the surrender of Port Arthur recommends that Lieutenant General Stoessel, the former commander of the fortress, be sentenced to death.

An attempt was made Wednesday to assassinate Count Todleben, aide-de-camp to Emperor Nicholas. The would-be assassin fired at Count Todleben with a revolver, the bullet grazing his head. He then made his escape.

The daily budget of revolutionary outrages and agrarian disorders is increasing. In many places the peasants are wantonly applying the torch to estates belonging to the crown and to private forests.

Baron Kampinhausen, a wealthy landowner near Volmar, Russia, was killed while inspecting his fields. He is the second Baron Kampinhausen to fall a victim to revolutionists this year.

Chief of Police Martinoff of Tiflis, while driving in the streets there, was mortally wounded by a bomb. A leg and an arm were blown off.

As a result of the present disturbed conditions Russian securities have touched the lowest price on record.

As the result of the destruction of Syzran, Russia, by fire 35,000 are homeless and destitute.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A treaty of peace between Guatemala, Salvador and Honduras has been signed on board the United States cruiser Marblehead on the high seas off the coast of Guatemala. There was a strenuous discussion and some difficulty in reaching mutually acceptable conditions. The Mexican minister, Senor Gambon, was active in bringing about an agreement.

A detachment of constabulary, Lieutenant Williams commanding, encountered a band of 600 Pulajanes near Burauen, on the island of Leyte. Lieutenant Worswick, twelve privates and Civilian Scout McBride were killed. The constabulary were driven back.

Unofficial advices from Senegambia, West Africa, announce that a severe fight has taken place between native and French troops. The latter lost fifteen men killed and two officers wounded.

Lady Curzon of Kedleston, wife of the former viceroy of India, who has been ill for some days, is dead in London. Lady Curzon was Miss Leiter, daughter of the late Levi Z. Leiter of Chicago.

August Rosenberg, formerly of Seattle, Wash., who was arrested at Altona, Prussia, July 3 on the charge of being engaged in an anarchist conspiracy, has been released.

Fire at Dundee, Scotland, destroyed the bonded warehouse of James Watson & Co., causing a loss of $1,250,000.

General Baron Kodama, Field Marshal Oyama's chief of staff in the Russo-Japanese war, is dead at Tokio.

The Philippine commission has established in the islands a postal savings bank system.

Dr. Carlos Pelligrini, former president of Argentine, is dead.

POLITICAL NEWS.

President Roosevelt has reviewed the campaign plans of the Republican congressional committee and pronounced them good and entirely to his liking.

LABOR NEWS.

Three thousand coal miners in the Fifth Ohio district will return to work at once as a result of a wage settlement.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half-Fare Railroad Rates to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS,

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31. For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	67c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.01
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

W. J. McKinley was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was in from Germantown the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Monday.

J. B. O'Brien was down to St. Hilaire to spend Sunday with his family.

Charles Kratka was over from Stephen to spend Sunday with his parents.

Lloyd Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

J. K. Wood went down to St. Hilaire last Saturday to do some surveying.

—For Rent—New house, six rooms, nice location, $10 per month. George K. Fargo.

Judge Knight came up from Red Lake Falls Monday to visit his son for a few days.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. Christienson came up from Fertile last Saturday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Huseth.

County Attorney and Mrs. Germo, of Red Lake Falls, visited friends in the city last week.

James Meehan was up from St. Paul the first of the week looking after his business interests here.

C. J. Winton stopped off in the city over Sunday, being en route from Prince Albert to his home in Wisconsin.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Confirmation services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. A class of eighteen will be confirmed.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

W. J. Brown, county attorney of Marshall county, was in the city last Saturday, being en route to Roseau county to attend the July term of court for that county.

Strayed—From my place, on section 33, town of Norden, a dark bay molly cow, weight about 1,000 pounds. Leave information at O. L. Bakken's tailor shop in this city. Otto L. Bakken.

Joe Ryson came down from his claim up near Grygla the first of the week and will leave in a few days for Montana, where he will purchase a car load of sheep and place them upon his ranch.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty:

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Knut Olson Monday.

George A. Ralph was up from Crookston the first of the week.

County Commissioner Ole J. Johnson was in the city last week.

Dan Patterson was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Sheriff Peterson, of Norman county, was in the city last Saturday.

—Wanted—Girl for general house work. Mrs. George W. Elder, phone 233.

City Attorney Michelet was down to Detroit the first of the week visiting his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city the first of the week.

W. A. Murphy left Monday morning for Calgary, where he will make his future home.

The attendance at the summer school is now 110, and a great deal of interest is taken in the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Stebbins and Mr. and Mrs. Loftus were up to Winnipeg last week on a pleasure trip.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

Rev. Michael Ott and Rev. Innocence Gertken, of St. John's University, Collegeville, were in the city Monday visiting Rev. Fr. Adolph.

James Flinn came up from St. Paul Monday and will remain for several days visiting his sister, Mrs Cunningham, who lives north of the city.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid, flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Miss Eliza Brady and William Lilleman were united in marriage last Wednesday evening. Both are popular young people in the city and their host of friends here will extend congratulations.

Wm. McGinty left Monday morning for Calgary with a car load of horses which he expects to dispose of to farmers up there. He will return by way of Montana and bring back a car load of western horses to sell to farmers here.

Frank Niles and D. A. Panyborn arrived in the city the first of the week and are at work for F. S. Dodge and Co. laying brick at the Knox school. They are sons-in-law of Henry Diebel and may decide to locate here permanently.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

W. A. McIntyre was in the city last Saturday. Mr. McIntyre is an old Red Lake county attorney and has a number of friends in this city. He is now located at Langdon, N. D., and his many friends here will be glad to know that he is enjoying a large pactice there.

Hank Draper, who has been up at Prince Albert for the past few months working for the lumber company, returned to this city Sunday evening. He expects to again return to Prince Albert in about ten days, as he has several weeks' more work removing buildings up there.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Twine! Twine! Twine!

Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

—Wanted—Two girls at the Hotel Ogahmah.

—Furnished rooms with or without board. Mrs. E. Hill.

D. N. Winton was down to Crookston the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Goske Monday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Werstlein Tuesday.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30.

Mrs. Ross went up to Highlanding Monday morning to visit friends for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Tautges removed to a house near the point on the East Side the first of the week.

The Hauges congregation will have services Sunday evening, 7:45, at Evenson's Hall. Everybody welcome.

Miss Clara Olson, who had been connected with the local telephone exchange, left Monday for Hallock, where she has accepted a position with the telephone exchange at that place.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

Albert and Edward Tessum, two prosperous farmers living near Milton, N. D., were in the city the first of the week visiting their cousin, O. Tessum. They report crops in the vicinity of Milton as being in excellent shape.

C. W. Stewart, operator at the Great Northern depot, the first of the week received a new uniform which the Great Northern now requires all who sell tickets to wear. It is needless to say that Mr. Stewart is now envied by all of his employes at the depot.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday, July 29. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Evening subject: "The Evangel of Love." Sunday school, 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 7 p. m. Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher, pastor.

Frank Tilton, sexton at Greenwood cemetery, complains that some parties are making a habit of stealing plants that various people are setting out upon graves at the cemetery. Mr. Tilton promises to make it very warm for any one he catches doing this.

L. G. Browning, who has been librian of the public library here since it was started some few years ago by the ladies of this city, last week tendered his resignation, but will remain in charge until the library board has elected his successor. Mr. Browning's duties as U. S. commissioner now take most of his time.

NOTICE

There will be an important meeting at the Evenson Hall this evening at 7:30. Every resident of Thief River Falls is requested to be present, as matters of public importance will be up for discussion.

TO COME UP AGAIN

Northwestern Company to Make Another Attempt, It Is Said.

Now Have All the Material Here For a Complete Exchange.

The fight being made by the Northwestern Telephone company to gain admission into the city and establish a local telephone exchange here is to be renewed again next week, so parties who are in a position to know say. During the past week the company has had a lot more material shipped to Thief River Falls and now have everything here to build a telephone exchange.

Just what action is to be taken is not given out, but it is understood that another demand will be made upon the city council at the meeting to be held next Tuesday evening, and, while it is to be expected that this demand will be refused, it will again bring the matter into the courts. Those who are supporting the Northwestern Telephone company in the local fight say that beyond a doubt this company will have an exchange established here before it freezes up, while others are just as confident that the company will never get foothold here.

ESPLEE

July 23.

Carl T. Hanson came up from Thief River Falls, where he has been employed in the lumber mill, and will cut some hay and fix up his place. He thinks this is a fine country.

Mrs. Sund and children visited with Mrs. Nelson Sunday.

Ralph Herberg is working for Mr. Soley now putting up hay.

Crops look very good around here now and the hay is coming up fast, so there will be no shortage in hay and farmers will not be compelled to sell their stock on account of too little fodder.

The school election was held Saturday night and Oscar H. Olson was re-elected clerk for district 100. Bonds to build two school houses were also voted upon and carried without any opposing votes.

J. Stenevik has filed on land south of here and is going to move out from Moylan.

Wm. Lange bought a horse from O. H. Olson the other day.

Thinking It Over.

E. L. Quist, who is prominently spoken of as a candidate for the office of register of deeds, was in the city Tuesday from his claim up near Kratka. Mr. Quist has as yet made no announcement as to his intentions, but it is quite probable that he will get into the game, as he is being strongly urged to make the run by people living in all parts of Red Lake county.

MORE PINE IS SECURED

Other Lumber Companies Afraid to Pay as Much for Pine.

Chances Are That Local Company Will Get by Far the Most of It.

The situation down on the White Earth Indian reservation where the Thief River Falls Lumber company has been buying so much pine of late is unchanged, except that the local company has greatly increased its holdings and the chances are that they will secure about all of the timber on this reservation. The price they are paying—$10 per thousand for Norway and $12 per thousand for white pine, bank scale—is the largest price ever paid for timber in Minnesota and none of their competitors in the field down there have as yet had the nerve to go as high. As a result, with the exception of a few quarter sections, all of the pine thus far sold has been bought by the Thief River Falls Lumber company and the chances are that they will get more than 300,000,000 feet of this choice pine. Their agents down there continue to report that they are buying more of this pine every day. The purchase of this pine means that the life of the local saw mill will be extended a number of years.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 21, 1906:

Bjoraness, Miss Annie
Danielson, Hartvig
E. K. M. Rey, Mrs.
Grimsgard, F. H.
Hanson, Olaf
Jannteby, Miss Julia
Larson, Mrs. J. A.
Larson, Ludvick J.
Lie, Mrs. Louis
Marlan, Messis Sina
Nelson, Miss Blanch
Olen, Ole F.
Olson, Carl
Parker, Norman
Simonson, Erik
Skaalgard, Hans
Stavers, M. E.
Thurston, Ethel
Tunelseth, A. J.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

A Bad Hail Storm.

Reports from North Dakota are to the effect that a very destructive hail storm passed over that section of the state between Mayfield and Hillsboro. The crop in Trail county was almost entirely ruined, it is said.

—Subscribe for the News.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Charles A. Sprague of Mankato, aged forty-nine, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, is dead as the result of the kick of a colt.

The twenty-first annual meeting of the Minnesota and Dakota state fire insurance underwriters held a three days' session at Osakis last week.

Congressman Clarence B. Buckman of Little Falls, Morrison county, has filed for the Republican nomination for congress from the Sixth district.

Fire in the Domestic laundry at Stillwater did several hundred dollars' damage and severely burned Mrs. James Gillis and Miss Carrie Hanson.

H. H. Patten, aged eighty years, a former banker at Le Sueur and a pioneer of Southern Minnesota, died last week at the home of his daughter in Rochester.

Algott Anderson, twenty-three years old, car repairer in the employ of the Wisconsin Central railroad, was caught between two cars at Minneapolis and killed.

Of the sixteen accidental deaths reported to the St. Paul health department last month ten of them were drownings, most of them due to the overturning of boats.

Conrad Bohn, for many years a prominent resident of Winona and in the earlier days a prominent contractor and manufacturer, is dead at the home of his daughter in Ogden, Utah.

Captain L. C. Boise, a Civil war veteran sixty years of age and for some years a real estate dealer in Minneapolis, was stricken with heart failure while eating luncheon and died a few hours later.

Overcome by cramps while bathing in Cedar Island lake, near Sparta, Arthur Magee would have been drowned had not a ragged hobo, who was asleep under a tree on the lake shore, heard his cries and plunged in and dragged him to safety.

The Pittsburg Iron Ore company of Hibbing, which filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state last week, is the largest company that has filed for a number of months. The company has an authorized capital of $6,000,000 and upon this paid the state a fee of $3,025.

Jacob Schmahl, for thirty-seven years a resident of Redwood Falls and for over sixty years a resident of Minnesota, is dead of old age at St. Alexander's hospital, New Ulm. He was nearly ninety-one years old. The deceased was the father of Julius A. Schmahl, Republican candidate for secretary of state.

Fritz Johnson of Tracy is dead at the Swedish hospital in Minneapolis of tetanus, a victim of a Fourth of July accident. Johnson, who was twenty-six years of age, was injured by the premature discharge of a shotgun, the contents of the weapon striking him in the right hand and tearing that member horribly.

About the best evidences of Minnesota's fame as a paradise for hunters are the applications for licenses from all parts of the country which have commenced to flood the state game and fish commissioner's office. Although the small game season does not open until Sept. 1 numerous applications are already on file and the demand continues.

Thirty cases brought in the courts of the Twin Cities in the last fortnight under the pure food laws have resulted in fines from $15 to $50. Lard, cheese, brandy, shortening, baking powder, mustard, milk, vinegar, Worcestershire sauce, lemon extract, maple sugar, olive oil, pop, cherries, pie filler, mint sauce and jam are some of the articles found wrong.

Congressman Loren Fletcher's expenses at Washington last year were $1,700 more than his salary, according to his own statement before the Minneapolis board of equalization. Mr. Fletcher came before the board as a suppliant for a reduction of his assessment. He protested against the valuation of $100,000 which the assessor had placed upon his "credits," as well as an item of $4,000 for household goods.

The Minnesota Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis was organized in Minneapolis last week by prominent physicians and business men of the state. The association will be open to all persons interested in checking the dread disease. As outlined in its constitution the association has for its object the dissemination of knowledge concerning causes, treatment and prevention of tuberculosis.

Nearly 4,000 names appear on the list of personal tax delinquents which was returned to the board of county commissioners of Ramsey county by Sheriff Miesen. The names have been classified, showing the business of the various delinquents, and the prominence of some of them startled members of the board. Some of the delinquents work for the county and have been on the county's payroll for years and others hold positions in the state and city governments.

It is illegal to marry a girl under sixteen years old without her parents' consent, although she may be willing, according to a decision handed down by the supreme court in the case of Edwin N. Sager of Martin county. He married fifteen-year-old Bertha Anderson without her parents' consent. The girl's father preferred a charge of abduction against him and he was indicted. Sager appealed to the supreme court. The decision of the lower court was affirmed and the indictment stands.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

It is stated at the treasury department that an investigation recently concluded of the accounts of the late Major George A. Bartlett, disbursing officer of the treasury department, shows a shortage approximating $32,000. About $14,000 of this amount, however, is said to have been innocently paid out on fraudulent vouchers.

The bureau of insular affairs has completed arrangements for sending back to their native land the Igorrotes who have been exhibiting at fairs and other places of amusement about the country since the closing of the St. Louis exposition.

The accident bulletin just issued by the interstate commerce commission for the three months ending March 31, 1906, shows the total number of casualties to passengers and employes to be 18,296, 1,126 killed and 17,170 injured.

Bids have been opened at the treasury department for the $30,000,000 Panama canal bonds. The entire issue was subscribed for at an average of from 103.94 to 103.96.

Plans for the largest and best dry-dock in the world are being prepared in the bureau of yards and docks at the navy department.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

George Hippe, general manager of the Des Moines street railway, and A. M. Hadley, manager of a big farm belonging to the company, have been arrested charged with attempting to bribe Alderman J. L. Hamery in an effort to secure the latter's vote on a pending street railway franchise.

After being out only twenty-two minutes the jury in the Marcum murder trial at Beattyville, Ky., acquitted the defendants, Judge James Hargis and Sheriff Ed Callahan. The case was one of the most desperately fought battles in the history of Kentucky courts.

Warner Moody, city attorney of Shoshone, Wyo., was shot from ambush and killed. He was a son of the late United States Senator Moody of South Dakota. Several gamblers recently forced to leave Shoshone for operating "sure thing" games are suspected.

An insane patient in the Hillside home at Scranton, Pa., killed two women inmates and mortally wounded one of the keepers.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Russell Sage died suddenly Sunday at his country home, Cedercroft, at Lawrence, L. I. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, resulting from a complication of diseases incident to old age. The veteran financier would have celebrated his ninetieth birthday Aug. 4.

Colonel Samuel Donaldson, doorkeeper of the house of representatives during Mr. Carlisle's term as speaker, died suddenly of heart failure at Washington.

Benjamin T. Redman, said to have been the first directory publisher in the United States, is dead at Cincinnati, aged ninety-three years.

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

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FEDERAL ROAD WORK

FEATURES OF UNCLE SAM'S HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT AT WASHINGTON.

Now Located in New Building—Materials Tested and Advice Given to Communities—Only Object Lesson Roads Built.

Another step toward the organization of a decent system of highways in the United States was taken recently when the office of public roads in Washington moved from its old quarters on Twelfth street to a new building that has been specially put up for its accommodation on Fourteenth street just south of the bureau of engraving and printing, says the Washington Star. All the testing apparatus has been moved from the basement of the old bureau of chemistry at the corner of Fourteenth and B streets into the new building, and for the first time in its history the road office has a building and laboratory of its own all under the same roof. There is the testing laboratory on the ground floor, a light roomy place big enough to accommodate the work for some time to come. The administrative offices are on the second floor, and in the third story there are the stock rooms and the chemical laboratory, where a large amount of research work is carried on.

It has never been the purpose of the government to go into the work of road building on an extensive scale. There is not money enough at the disposal of the government in the first place, and this has always been regarded as state work. But several years ago the government commenced to accumulate information and statistics on the subject of road work through a branch of the department of agriculture known as the office of road inquiries. This work expanded till the road office, as it is now called, is a sort of experiment station in itself. While it does no road building except as an object lesson to any community interested in the subject, it has found it necessary to establish chemical and mechanical laboratories, and it is now the source of all sorts of information for communities that want to build roads of their own.

The laboratories test material sent in, send out highway engineers to inspect the locations of prospective roads and give advice to the people who are going to build them and even put in a mile or so of road where it is necessary as an object lesson in the sort of work and the way it ought to be done. There is a great dearth of competent highway engineers in this country. It is a work that has never been seriously taken up by the American people, and they are just beginning to realize the need of it. This need the road office is trying to supply.

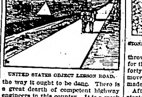

UNITED STATES OBJECT LESSON ROAD.

When a locality decides that it is going to put in a road and spend a certain amount of money on it, the local authorities can apply, if they desire, to the road office. It will test their available material and tell them what is the best and cheapest sort of road to build. Samples are sent in to the office daily. There is a great awakening all over the country on the subject of road construction, and the government, while it cannot build roads itself for the various communities, is ready to give expert advice, not wherever it is wanted, but so far as it is able. The fact is that the requests for engineers and advice far outrun the capacity of the office. There are men out now in all sections of the country—several parties along the Atlantic seaboard, some in the middle west, in the far west and on the Pacific coast. Wherever a community shows itself thoroughly in earnest and is willing to spend good money in road construction the road office does its best to get a working party there.

It has developed several schemes that have been of value in road building. Reference was made some time ago to the "burnt clay" roads that had been tried in the gumbo mud regions of the south. These have proved a success and have stood up well, making roads possible where there is no stone and where there has never been a wet weather road before. The burnt clay idea is being developed with a view to helping out other communities where rock is scarce.

There are a good many places where there is a dearth of good road building rock. Clay is plentiful to the point of being a nuisance in a good many places, especially in Virginia, where Virginia mud has passed into a proverb. The road office is now experimenting with burning the Virginia clays, and owing to the fact that clay once burnt loses its power of getting sticky under the action of water, there is some hope that the road problem in Virginia may be partly solved through the burnt clay agency.

The office has carried on a good many other interesting experiments, among others the use of tar and oil on roads, and while it is too early yet to say just how surfaces treated in this way will wear, the results so far obtained have been satisfactory and promise well.

STONE ROAD BUILDING

MICHIGAN MAN'S MACADAMIZING METHODS ON SANDY SOIL.

Thorough and Ample Drainage the First Requisite For Permanence. The Stones Should Be Scattered From Wagons and Not Dumped.

Michigan is operating a system of road improvement which is termed "state reward," as opposed to what is generally known as "state aid," says the Good Roads Magazine. It amounts to a similar assistance from the state to the locality, but with less supervision by the state commissioner in the inception and progress of the work of building a road. If the finished road appears to conform to certain requirements the "aid" is forthcoming in a payment from the state treasury of a certain proportion of its cost.

Joseph W. Kerns is the road commissioner of Saginaw county and is one of the most successful of the road builders of the state. In answer to questions regarding the methods he employs in making macadam roads on the naturally sandy soil of his locality he gives these following points, which will be suggestive to road builders everywhere operating under similar conditions:

The first point to be considered in Saginaw county, as in every other place, is the question of drainage. Good and efficient drainage *is the first requisite* for permanence in macadam construction. If there is any place where it need not be quite as thoroughly established as another it is on sandy soil, for a little water is a benefit to the sand and causes it to pack, and, too, macadam needs some moisture. But the danger is all on the side of insufficient drainage, and so Mr. Kerns demands thoroughness in this particular as of the first importance even in sand.

The center of the highway is accurately determined, and from this point the roadway to be metaled is marked off four and one-half feet each side, making it nine feet in width. It is then plowed, the furrow being thrown toward the center of the road, for this width and for sections of about forty rods in length. No earth is removed, however, and no excavation is made to receive the stone.

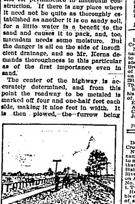

STONE ROAD, SAGINAW COUNTY, MICH., UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

After plowing the road grader is started and the loose dirt thrown by this means to the shoulders. The crown is formed to a curve of about one and one-fourth inch to the foot from the center to the side ditches. The roadway is then rolled thoroughly.

Crushed stone not exceeding a four inch size is spread to a depth of four inches and thoroughly rolled. The stone is scattered from spreading wagons and not dumped on the road to be drawn out with rakes, and it will be noted that for the first layer it is of large size, three inch stone being more nearly the usual size.

Four inches of two and one-half inch stone are then spread and brought to even grade, and before this course is rolled a large quantity of screenings and dust is spread over and scraped into the interstices of the stone by means of the points of the square shovels. The road is then thoroughly sprinkled and rolled. Then more screenings are added for the surface course.

This method requires from 1,250 to 1,600 cubic yards of broken stone per mile, the amount depending upon the soil on which the road is built. Sandy soil does not require as much stone as a soil of clay or muck. The stone must all be shipped into Saginaw county and costs $1.35 per cubic yard delivered at Saginaw, and the total cost of turnpiking, ditching, grading and macadamizing amounts to from $3,000 to $4,000 per mile. Most of the drawing is done with traction engines.

When "hard heads" are crushed for stone road material Mr. Kerns recommends the use of a 25 per cent clay gravel as a filler instead of limestone screenings. And he also says: "I would advise counties taking up road building to secure a man to manage their work who has practical and mechanical ideas. I do not consider it necessary that he should be a civil engineer, but he should be a good manager and a man who understands handling men and work. 'Roads built on paper are not very satisfactory to taxpayers,' so it is essential that the proper man be selected.

"To sum it all up, I would say that there are four principles involved. The first is drainage, which must be thorough and ample; the second is scientific grading in order that the roadway may have a waterproof roof; the third is 'horse sense' in mechanical ideas relative to roads, and the last is executive ability to handle the work expeditiously, making the cost as light as possible to the taxpayers and at the same time finishing the road in a way to make the improvement permanent."

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Line Olson Ostreness, now Mrs. Oscar H. Hanson, H. E. 238, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter H. Stenbgrem, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Berg, " "
Paul Troohvet, " "
Ole L. Bakken, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 26 aug 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Helm, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Niewerth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Christine H. Shirley, H. E. 1106, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous *residence upon, and cultivation* of, said land, viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 291, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 26 aug 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Tom Alvestad, H. E. No. 94, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼ of Sec. 1, Twp. 154 N., of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Bernhard Knudson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hagen P. Nubben, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 28 aug 2

State of Minnesota, } ss. In District
County of Red Lake, } Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co.,
Plaintiff,
against
Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman,
Defendants.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED AND TO EACH OF THEM:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the action above entitled, which said complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the clerk of this court at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

June 21 July 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 2, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Daisy L. Strom, H. E. No. 6,359, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Chris Nelson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John Lindquist, " "
Peter Rode, " "
Hans C. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 5 aug 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jessie Marian Annard, H. E. No 1022, Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 153 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Michael H. Connelly, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mary McGinn, " "
Sydney Bagley, " "
May F. Connelly, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 5 aug 2

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charley Kittelson, H. E. No. 441, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 4, 5, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
[illegible] Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesty, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 12 aug 16 pd

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Andreas Iverson, H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series, for the [illegible] Sec. [illegible] T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Iver Holum, of Anton, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdal, " "
Hans Olsen, " "
M. J. Ford, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 28 aug 2

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Andrew B. Miller.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew B. Miller, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Betsy Miller, Ella V. Miller, Meriann Miller and Roy H. Miller and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of August, 1906, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 11th day of July, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
Probate Judge.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Petitioner. [COURT SEAL.]

July 12 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Rickason, H. E. 320, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thoma Hordnarak, " "
Joseph Askie, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 19 aug 23

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at *Crookston, Minn.*, June 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 9, 1906, viz: Nels Olson, H. E. No. 338, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 22, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tom Tomson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Harald Johnson, of Thief River Falls, "
Thor J. Skaar, " "
Frank Mracek, of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 28 aug 2 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Louis Larson, H. E. No. 7,446, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 36, Twp. 155 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels N. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, "
Hans Jorstad, " "
Peter Flo, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 28 aug 2

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 25 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

July 5 aug 9

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of John A. Anderson, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of John A. Anderson of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of May A. D. 1906, the said John A. Anderson was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the office of undersigned referee in bankruptcy, in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors of said bankrupt may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 30, A. D. 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Michael J. Ford, H. E. No. 292, Red Lake Series, for the lot 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Dyrdahl, of Anton, Minn.
Andreas Iverson, " "
Hans Olsen, " "
Iver Holum, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 28 aug 2

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. [illegible], H. E. No. [illegible] Chippewa Series, for the [illegible] of SW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. [illegible] and [illegible] Sec. [illegible] T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter [illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
[illegible], " "
[illegible] Haland, " "
[illegible] Saastad, of Rosby, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 28 aug 2

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Before the Wisconsin legislative insurance investigating committee at Milwaukee J. G. Albright, general agent of Wisconsin for the Union Central Life Insurance company of Ohio, produced correspondence of a sensational character between his company and a Wisconsin supreme court judge in which the latter tried to obtain a rebate and offered the company a plan for subterfuge under which the judge believed the rebate could be given and still come within the pale of the law.

A decision favorable to the plaintiff was handed down in the United States circuit court in the case of George W. Pepper, receiver of the Bay State Gas company of Delaware, against Henry H. Rogers of New York in the suit to recover $2,000,000 alleged to be due the gas company in connection with the sale of the Boston companies. The court ordered that one-half the amount asked be paid over to the gas company by Rogers.

The federal grand jury at Cleveland, which has been investigating alleged violations of the interstate commerce laws and anti-railroad rebate laws, has adjourned without bringing any indictments. The court found it was without jurisdiction and the cases will be transferred to Chicago.

Mayor George P. Codd of Detroit *has announced that he has under way* plans for the establishment of a municipal ice plant in that city which will furnish ice at the cost of cutting, storage and delivery.

Philadelphia has been chosen by the grand lodge of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks as the convention city for next year.

Claude Leppelman, a Wichita (Kan.) dry goods clerk, has inherited $3,000,000 from the estate of a great uncle in New York city.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Congressman Nicholas Longworth and Mrs. Longworth were thrown out of their automobile near Wuerzburg, Bavaria, but beyond the jolt and a bruise or two they received no injuries.

Sir Thomas Lipton, it is said, will establish an immense packing plant at Winnipeg in an effort to capture the trade with Great Britain, which the American scandals have killed.

Judge Henry Melvin of Oakland, Cal., was unanimously elected grand exalted ruler of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks at the Denver convention.

H. H. Rogers and William Rockefeller have withdrawn as trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York.

John D. Rockefeller has sailed from France for the United States.

NATIONAL LABOR PARTY.

Platform Issued by Federation of Labor Council.

Washington, July 23.—The platform of the new national Labor party has been issued and the executive council of the American Federation of Labor has made good its declaration of several months ago to enter the field of politics in the interest of the trade union movement and to exhort all members and friends of organized labor to work for the election to political office of men known to be favorable to labor's cause. The announcement is called labor's "campaign programme" and is addressed to "all organized labor and friends in the United States."

It sets forth that the trade union movement has kept and purposes to keep pace with the rapid changes in industrial conditions and that the working people cannot hope to maintain their rights or a progressive position in the varying phases of modern society unless they "exercise all those functions which, as workmen and citizens, it is their privilege and their duty to exercise."

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 23.—Wheat—July, 74¾c; Sept., 75⅝c; Dec., 76⅞@77c; May, 81¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 Northern, 77¼c; No. 2 Northern, 75¾c; No. 3 Northern, 74@75c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 77⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅛c; July, 77⅛c; Sept., 76⅝c; Dec., 76⅝c; May, 80⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.13; Sept., $1.12; Oct., $1.10½; Dec., $1.09.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.50@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; veals, $4.00@4.75. Hogs—$6.20@6.60. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice lambs, $5.00@6.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 23.—Wheat—July, 75⅛c; Sept., 76⅛c. Corn—July, 50⅛c; Sept., 50⅛c. Oats—July, 33⅛c; Sept., 32⅛c. Pork—Sept., $17.32½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 15@17½c. Eggs—13@15c. Poultry—Turkeys and chickens, 12c; springs, 17@18c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.40, cows and heifers, $1.25@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; Texans, $4.25@5.20; calves, $5.00@6.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.40@6.87½; good heavy, $6.40@6.85; rough heavy, $6.10@6.35; light, $6.50@6.90; pigs, $5.70@6.65. Sheep, $3.00@5.70; lambs, $4.75@7.70.

WHY THE GOODS WERE SO HIGH

Different Stories Told by the Merchant and His Mischievous Clerk.

An old woman once asked in a dry goods store to be shown some silk. A young clerk showed her some, saying: "We can do this for you at $1.60 a yard." The woman asked for something better, but the clerk replied that they had nothing better. Whereupon the proprietor came forward and said:

"You must excuse my assistant, madam; he is new to the business. Here, madam, is a superior article, $2.60 a yard. If it were not for the fact that I bought it some time ago we should have to charge you $3.75, for, as you are doubtless aware, owing to the recent epidemic among the silkworms, the price of silk has increased enormously of late." The customer took the silk. A few days later the same old woman came in and asked for some tape. The clerk said glibly:

"Here is some that we can let you have at 15 cents the dozen yards. If it wasn't for the fact that we have had it in stock some time we should have to charge 25 cents, for, as you are doubtless aware, owing to the recent epidemic among the tapeworms, the price of tape has gone up enormously." It was then she hit him with her umbrella.

STORED KNOWLEDGE AN ASSET.

Frequently Means Saving of Much Time and Money.

A boy was sent by his father on an errand across a ravine through which a creek ran. The trip was one of several miles, and, when returning, the boy thought to shorten the trip he would go through a half-mile of shrubbery and swamp. But in this place he found no paths, and wasted as much time as he expected to gain. When he reached a bank from which he could see the wanderings he had made he recognized many mistakes while in the shrubbery and swamp. He might have saved the time he expected to save had he known at the start what he knew by observation from the bank after the trip.—Earl M. Pratt.

French Possession in India.

The French have in their possession a bit of land that is probably the smallest of foreign possessoins, as well as being unique in situation. The tourists arriving at Calcutta is early advised to pay it a visit, as it lies only sixteen miles away, and is rightfully considered an attraction. Chandernagor, which is the name of this tiny province, proves interesting, because of the unusual circumstances of finding a tract of land, containing only three and a half square miles, situated within British India, under French government, and because of its antiquity, it having been ceded to the French in the seventeenth century. One of the quaintest and oddest features is an old Dutch cemetery, proof that this nation supplied the first settlers.

Hindoo's Point Well Taken.

A Christian Brahmin was preaching the gospel in the Deccan, when a Hindoo in the congregation began vehemently to contradict. In good oriental fashion the sermon was immediately suspended, and the disputants retired to a garden to settle the point at their leisure. The substance of the debate was this: "You declare the good God to be infinite," said the Hindoo. "Yes." "What is the meaning of infinite?" "It means limitless." "And what part of speech is good?" "Good is an adjective." "And what is the grammatical function of an adjective?" "To limit a noun." "How, then, do you apply an adjective to God, calling him good, and thus limiting the limitless?"

Barley as Food.

In reply to an inquiry as to the digestible qualities of barley an exchange writes: "Barley is rich in nitrogenous substances, and contains large quantities of iron and phosphoric salts. Weight for weight, both barley and rye contain quite as much nutritive material as wheat, but it is in a less digestible form, and the flour of both grains makes a compact bread, which is considered difficult of digestion, says the Pittsburg Press. When cooked whole in soup for a long time it is easily digested and nutritious, and there is a breakfast food made of barley which is nutritious, easy of digestion and very palatable."

Dog Cures Cancer.

A worthy woman, whose veracity is not questioned, told me yesterday that her uncle was cured of cancer by letting a faithful dog lick the malignant cutaneous scirrhus. The carcinoma was the result of a gunshot wound in the leg. Her belief is that the cure killed the dog, but as the brute was 16 years old it is likely that he had reached the limit of his days. This case is slightly different from that of the poor beggar Lazarus. "The dogs came and licked his sores, and it came to pass that the beggar died." So St. Luke tells us.—New York Press.

Earliest Theatre.

What was probably one of the earliest theatres built was the Theatre of Dionysos, which was begun five centuries before Christ. The seating capacity of this remarkable building is said to have been 30,000, nearly four times that of our largest amusement palace. The Theatre of Dionysos was erected when Greek art and literature were in their prime. Here were presented to appreciated spectators the wonderful works of Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides.

LAW IN ENGLAND AND AMERICA

London Writer Says Profession Is Better on This Side.

I have seen something of legal practice on both sides of the Atlantic, and my opinion is that our profession would gain immensely by combining the two branches pretty much as they are combined in the United States and Canada, says a writer in the London Saturday Review. It is obvious that the solicitors would profit by such an agreement. They would have the right of audience in all courts, and the opportunity to qualify themselves for promotion to the bench.

In America the young lawyer goes into an office, where he makes his merit known by steady attention to business. There will always be two kinds of lawyers—those who stay in their offices, dealing directly with clients and attending to matters of routine, and those who advise on points of law and argue cases in court. These two orders of men are clearly distinguished in America, but they work together as partners to the great advantage of the client.

STATESMAN ENJOYED THE FAIR

Simple Recreation Indulged in by the Late W. E. Gladstone.

In a recently published life of Lord Granville appears this of Mr. Gladstone. He "came over with Mrs. Gladstone and Lord and Lady Sydney, whose guest he was at Deal, because—you could not guess it in a thousand—because there was to be a fair that afternoon and Mr. Gladstone wanted to try a merry-go-round. Indeed, we all went after luncheon, and it was only on assuring him that the opposition papers would make fun of it next morning that Mr. Gladstone renounced a 'suree' on the merry-go-round, and he did his best to console himself by strolling into every booth, from the giant woman to the calf with eight legs; every possible monstrosity was honored by the premier's visit, who seemed to enjoy himself more than the schoolboys to whom their dons showed the G. O. M."

Street Accidents.

Twelve per cent of all the accidents to people in cities happen on the streets. Statistics show that the average citizen, if he should meet with 100 serious mischances on his walks abroad, would slip on the ice, and fall down under other circumstances, sixty-eight times; he would get hurt ten times in boarding or dismounting from cars; he would be knocked down, or otherwise injured, by horses and wagons six times; he would be bitten by dogs four times, and he would step disastrously upon banana peels twice. The remaining mishaps would be miscellaneous, and might include one or two collisions with motor cars, which have taken the place of bicycles as perils to the pedestrian.—Pearson's Magazine.

Complaint Is an Old One.

Laxity in public worship has long been a theme for preachers. In 1743 one of them wrote of the congregation of St. James', Piccadilly, London, that "they seem to be more taken up with viewing and contemplating each other's dress and equipage than in paying their devotions to the Divine Being they pretend to adore; and it is usual to see this set of people bowing to their neighbors, with a 'Glory be to the Father' in their mouths." And again: "The ladies show surprising memories on this occasion, being able to relate on their return home what clothes every woman of figure had on from head to foot, the fineness of the lace, and the color of every ribbon worn in the assembly."

Time's Advance.

Stern, yet dear and friendly, is the fall of Time, the comrade who never forsakes us. Why do we flaunt defiance at him, challenge his advances, and cheat ourselves into the belief that we can outwit him? From the pussy willow to the icicle, from spring to frosty winter, softly stepping, noiseless and invincible, Time keeps pace with us. He smiled over every one of our cradles. He does not halt until we reach the Inn of Journey's End. Meanwhile he gives us many a joy, many a bright morning and roseate gloaming and starry night. And Time is punctuated for us by beautiful anniversaries.—Margaret E. Sangster in Woman's Home Companion.

Woman Journalists.

In Paris some patient person has been collecting statistics about woman journalists. There are 600 of these, he declares, who live by journalism in England, as against 2,193 in the United States and 1,200 in Germany. Of the latter 27 per cent deal with literature, 18¼ per cent with political economy, 10 per cent with pedagogy, 8¼ per cent with science, 7¼ per cent with fashions, 5 per cent with history, 4¼ per cent with domestic economy, 4¼ per cent with housing problems and 3¼ per cent with politics. The same statistician asserts that the incomes of these women vary from 1,000 francs ($200) to 6,000 francs ($1,200).

Limit of Bad Whisky.

The correspondent who writes wishing to learn when cider reaches the condition called "hard" is informed that all cider which is not vinegar, but which is unfit to drink on account of its rank and bitter taste, is hard cider—hard to swallow, because of its disagreeable flavor. The man who can become intoxicated on hard cider would drink himself to death on such whisky as is sold in Bangor to-day, and Bangor whisky is about the limit of badness.—Bangor News.

LION AFRAID OF THE OSTRICH

King of Beasts Inferior to Bird in Fighting Qualities.

There is only one thing of which the lion is afraid, according to Schillings, the young German African traveler, and that is the ostrich. The bird is more fleet than the quadruped, and it can deliver its terrible kick with the precision and impact of a pugilist's blow and spring away till it gets another opening. Such tactics naturally disgust the superior being. The lion has a weakness, however, for ostrich eggs and will make a meal of them whenever the vigilance of the parent birds is relaxed. Schillings saw a lion once with the tempting pile of eggs before him, and he was about to regale himself when the owners of the property appeared and the beast slunk off like a whipped cur. Schillings considers it is an open question whether the hunting of the lion, leopard, buffalo, elephant or rhinoceros is the most dangerous. On the whole, however, he thinks that if he were hunting without supporting rifles in the hands of really great hunters he would rather take his chance with any of them than with the rhinoceros. This animal is remarkably fleet, considering its bulk, and when it makes a charge it is next to impossible to get away from it. Then is the time when a comrade with a good gun and steady nerve is needed to distract the animal's atention.

OLD FASHION AGAIN IN FAVOR.

Dainty Nightcaps Having a Return of Popularity.

Some time ago we heard with some amusement of the recrudescence of nightcaps. Visions arose of Mrs. Caudle and very early nineteenth century women in much-befrilled caps with wide strings, and the pictures were not altogether attractive. But, as a matter of fact, the nightcap can be—and one may say is, since its reappearance is now an accomplished fact—a very fascinating addition to one's costume de nuit. The nightcap is with us. It is being increasingly worn, and so very dainty and becoming is it in its present form that it will not be in the least surprising if it presently brings back into vogue the cap not only for matrons but for girls as well.—Liverpool (Eng.) Mercury.

No Escape From It.

An old mother housefly, learning of the wholesale methods of adulteration practiced in San Francisco and elsewhere, called her children about her and said: "My dears, beware of what you eat. Keep away from the sugar; it has marble dust in it and will kill you. Keep away from the beef, for it is embalmed. Don't touch the milk, for it is full of formaldehyde."

But the careless little ones, unheeding, ate as they pleased and died. Their old mother, disconsolate at losing them, resolved to end her sorrow by dying also. She flew to the saucer containing fly poison and drank all day.

But the poor fly waxed hale and fat, for the fly poison was adulterated, too.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Argument for Old Age Pensions.

If we are to lower our death rate and promote old age, we must return to simplicity and transquillity of life. And as regards the masses of our people, we must, as far as may be, alleviate the anxieties that press on them, and surely one step in that direction would be the establishment of old age pensions. Life insurance has, by the composure of mind it has secured, done something to prolong life, and national insurance against old age by removing those apprehensions that must sometimes harass, even the bucolic mind, would, I believe, contribute to a hale old age.—Sir James Crichton-Browne.

Danger of a Formula.

Lawyers should take care not to allow themselves to become bound by set forms of language in examination of witnesses, otherwise the effect of some otherwise telling point may be made ridiculous. As an example of this triumph of form over substance, the following will serve: In the conduct of a murder trial the prosecuting attorney, a very able lawyer, asked the remarkable question: "Did the defendant show any signs of remorse, and if so, how many?" Even the learned judge was forced to join in the laugh which followed.—Green Bag.

Derrick Named for Hangman.

A derrick is an innocent mechanical apparatus for lifting heavy weights, but it gets its name from an English hangman called Derrick, who flourished many years ago. The people of that time thought that the device used only in the hangman's trade resembled the more common mechanism which now bears his surname. Somewhat similarly, the term ruffian is believed by many to have come from Morocco, where the inhabitants of the Riff country were and are pirates and altogether persons of evil character.

Verbal Specialization.

"Opera" is a case of verbal specialization. Yet the Latin word meant originally nothing more definite than 'work.' The specialization, however, was thorough even in the time of Dryden, who defined an opera as 'a poetical tale or fiction, represented by verbal and instrumental musick adorned with scenes, machines and dancing.' But the specialization is scarcely more remarkable than that of "drama," which means just "deed," "action," or of "poet," which is simply "maker."

WANTED TO SEE HIS WEALTH

In the Process, Depositor Made Trouble for the Cashier.

An old negro went to the bank in which he kept his hard-earned savings and asked the paying teller to give him all the money he had deposited. He offered no explanation of his sudden desire to withdraw his funds, and after vain argument with him the teller counted out the bills and delivered them to the old man. He eyed the paper money a moment and said:

"Kin I git dat in silver, boss?"

The teller assured him he could, and forthwith made the exchange. The old negro retired to a neighboring desk, remained crouched over it a long time, and then, to the teller's great surprise, returned to the window and gleefully thrust his money back through the pigeon-hole. Before he could speak, the old man said, grinning widely:

"Thanks, boss; you kin take it back. I jes' wanted t' see ef it wuz all there."—Harper's Weekly.

WISDOM IN CHINESE PROVERBS

Many Homely Truths Condensed Into Short Paragraphs.

The verbal wisdom of the Chinese has become proverbial and, appropriately *enough, it shows itself* prominently in their proverbs. Many of these have already been translated into English, but here are a few more, from a collection by Herr Bruno Navarra, published in Heidelberg, which may be welcome:

"It is better not to be than not to be anything." "Repentance is the dawn of virtue." "Even the highest tower stands on the ground." "Man thinks he knows everything, but woman knows better." "Even the mandarin of the first-class has poor relations." "The carver of idols never worships idols; he knows too well what they are made of." "A day of grief is longer than a year of joy." And so on.—T. P.'s Weekly.

Rereading Business Letters.

While there is some question about the advisability of using it, the stamp "Not Reread" is frequently seen on the letters of the man who signs the mail. This shifts the responsibility of error on to the operator, whether to blame or not, and is also likely to leave the impression that the house has a heavy correspondence. It is a sign of shiftlessness rather than an indication of extensive business, and should be discouraged. The head of the business concern who countenances the practice misses the mark if he thinks it is a stamp of magnitude even if he does a large amount of business, and we would suggest that more help be employed if the present force does not permit of rereading the letters after they come from the typewriter.—Typewriter Topics.

Rest for Tired Brain.

Many are the suggestions offered as to resting, for, strange as it may seem, few people understand the art of resting properly. Thorough rest does not necessarily mean lying down or sitting; it means to relax the entire system, the mind and body. For a tired brain physical exercise is the best remedy rather than a resort to drugs. If a brisk walk in the fresh air can be taken, so much the better. A very good remedy for a weary brain is to rise slowly on the toes (lifting the heels from the floor) until the muscles at the calf of the leg ache, and then to kick vigorously a few times. Repeat this simple exercise several times and excellent results will follow.

Contrary Human Nature.

An amusing bit of human nature comes to light in Paris. The management of the underground railway until recently provided at every station a small box in an out-of-the-way corner for passengers to deposit their tickets in. As a natural result of this system, only one ticket in ten was deposited in the box; the rest fluttered about at will all over the station. The authorities noted this, and changed the small inaccessible box for a large one in a prominent position. The surprising sequel was that instead of one in ten, only one in a hundred tickets found its way into the new box. The easier it was to deposit the tickets the more careless were the passengers in disposing of them.

Joke of the Deep Sea.

"The sea's pressure is almost incredible," said the clubman. "If you descended deep enough it would crush you, bones and all, to a mass of reddish mud. Off Sicily last winter we ran out of ice, and some one suggested that to cool the champagne for dinner we lower it a half-mile or so into the sea's depths.

This was done, and at dinner time the three bottles came up, delightfully cold. But when we opened them we found that they contained nothing but salt water. The sea's pressure had forced the water in through the pores in the corks, displacing the lighter liquid."

Brockton's Good Water Supply.

The following is told of "Port" Hancock's cousin in Maine. This cousin had never seen the modern conveniences of our city homes, and found that in the bathroom, much to his surprise, he could get both hot and cold water from the same faucet. While out driving "Port" showed him the reservoir which supplied his bathroom with water. "Well, if that don't beat all!" said the visitor; "gettin' hot and cold water from the same pond."—Boston Herald.

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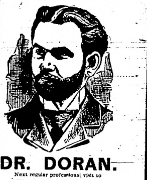

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ROAD IMPROVEMENT

SOME POINTS BY MAINE'S COMMISSIONER OF HIGHWAYS.

How to Secure a Dry Surface. Straightening the Grade of a Road. Importance of Drainage—Hints on Highway Repairing.

The first annual report of the department of highways of the state of Maine has been issued by Commissioner Paul D. Sargent. It is a voluminous document and contains much of interest. Here are some interesting excerpts:

Country roads in general may be improved in the following ways: By cutting out the bushes and grubbing out the roots. By straightening the graded portion of the road and taking out the short, sharp and dangerous corners and curves. By widening the roads. By improving the drainage. By cutting down the hills.

There are miles of our country roads upon which no marked improvement can be made until the bushes are first removed. Indeed, the thorough removal of these bushes would be of great value to the roads in allowing the sun and wind to dry the surface early in the spring. When bushes are removed the roots should be grubbed out and both bushes and roots piled neatly and burned as soon as dry.

Under no circumstances should they be thrown into the side ditches, back against the fences or upon adjoining land. Highway rights of way should present as neat appearance as do the railroad rights of way, and if the above suggestions are followed in performing this work and a little care taken in cleaning up after the work is completed our roadsides can gradually be made permanently attractive.

There are in nearly every town stretches of road made up of several short courses, and before improvement is undertaken on any of these, all short, sharp corners and curves should be eliminated as far as possible.

Many of our roads present a crooked appearance, when in reality the location is a straight line, the crooks having been made when the road was graded to relieve the builders from grubbing out a stump or removing a bowlder. If improvement is contemplated on a road in this condition, by all means let a beginning be made by straightening the grade so that the finished road will bear the marks of good workmanship. By the use of a few stakes for lining up new work, road commissioners will, in widening roads, be able to make use of all of the old grade and have a good straight road as a result.

A poorly drained earth road will wear better if wide than when narrow, as the traffic will then be more evenly distributed over the surface, and in consequence there will be less liability of the traffic forming deep ruts during the muddy season. These ruts increase in depth rapidly and are exceedingly detrimental to any road.

For three or four months in the summer season many of our country roads are pleasant roads to travel. During the spring and fall, however, these same roads are in many instances mires. To improve this condition the cause must be removed, the water must be kept away from them and that which falls on them speedily taken away. Subdrainage will keep the subsoil water away from the road foundations and proper crown and surface drainage will carry away that which falls upon their surface. We believe there is no one thing which will return better results for money expended on roads than will drainage.

Next to securing perfect drainage attention should be directed to reducing steep grades in order that the benefits arising from improving other portions of the road may not be lost by the inability of teams to haul a full load up the grades. It should be determined positively that no better route can be obtained around the hill before money is laid out on the hill in permanent improvements, as it will probably be impossible to change the location after much permanent work has been done.

Cutting off the tops of hills and filling at the bottom will be the only way of reducing grades where the old location is followed. One-half of the road may be excavated and scraped out at a time, leaving the other half for traffic to use. The worst hill should be treated first and completed before work is begun on others.

In maintaining or repairing the surface of any road, filling depressions and ruts material like that composing the surface should be used in order that a perfect union or bond between the old material and the new may be obtained and the resulting surface be uniform.

No one would think of repairing a macadam or crushed stone road with clay; neither should surface depressions or ruts in clay or other earth road be filled with stone. In the latter case a depression, if filled with stone, will become a hard spot, on either side of which the travel will make a new depression, thus giving two depressions or mudholes in place of the original one.

The Care of Highways.

When rocks are raked out of the road they should be gathered up and hauled away. Too often they are left beside the wheel rut, where passing travel works them back into the road or into the ditch, only to be handled over again. They should be deposited in piles outside the traveled way, but upon the road location and later used in drainage work.

The Highways of Maine.

There are in the state of Maine 25,209.60 miles of road of all classes, upon which during the last five years an average annual expenditure of $1,377,896.14 has been made.

ATTRACT THE TOURISTS.

Good Roads Bring Summer Visitors to a State.

The question of good roads in Vermont has been agitated more or less of late by the press and public all over the state, and it is apparent that both are waking up to a realization that a prominent factor in Vermont's prosperity will be permanent roads, which, along with fish, game and forest protection and promotion, will bring wealthy city visitors to the state for summer homes and country residences. The Barre Times thus speaks of the roads question:

"An automobilist talking on the subject of roads might be considered prejudiced in favor of good roads, but what the automobilist says about the condition of thoroughfares in Vermont is undoubtedly true. Here is what a motor car enthusiast from New York state thinks of the conditions and the possibilities, speaking particularly of the roads on the western side of the state: 'It is a beautiful country and a delightful place to summer in, but there are many automobile tourists who would hesitate to come here because of the roads; whereas, if they were improved to a considerable extent, the influx of summer visitors would soon grow to enormous proportions, and the hotel keepers, merchants and other business men would accordingly prosper to the same extent. It takes so little to make good roads. The material is at hand, and it does not require a very heavy outlay. The people of Vermont are asleep to their opportunities. There are about forty weeks in the year in which to work, and in that time the state could do wonders toward improving its roads.'

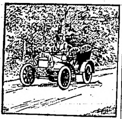
A GOOD ROAD FOR TOURISTS.

"From the standpoint of the automobilist or from whatever standpoint, smooth, hard roads are an asset which any community or state might well labor to possess. It seems that the automobile must be the lever to start a general effort toward the betterment of the thoroughfares."

Millions Lost Annually.

"I believe the improvement of the roads of the country is of more vital interest and importance to the farmers of the republic than perhaps any other that we have heard debated here. All civilized governments build roads. All save our own have some established system for building and maintaining public highways, under the direction of skilled and competent officials. The secretary of agriculture estimates that the cost, the extra burdens imposed upon this country by bad roads, is not less than $600,000,000 annually.—From a Speech Delivered by Congressman Lee of Virginia.

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10:25 am Ar.. Red Lake Falls ..Lv 5:25 pm
10:55 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar.....Middle River ...Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm
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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1906 NUMBER 31

"LOOKS AWFUL GOOD TO US."

John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, the Unanimous Choice of the People of Thief River Falls for the Office County Auditor.

Prediction Is Made That Not One Vote Will Be Cast Against Mr. O'Brien in Thief River Falls at the General Election.

For county auditor, there seems to be not one person in Thief River Falls who does not favor the candidacy of John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire. During the past week numerous citizens have expressed themselves upon the subject and below we print a few of the remarks:

A. E. Abraham—O'Brien is certainly the man. I shall not only work hard for his election, but will support only candidates for other offices who are in sympathy with Mr. O'Brien.

Joseph Lang—Let us all stand together her and give O'Brien such a majority in Thief River Falls that there will be no question about his election.

W. B. Fuller—I do not think that there will be one vote in Thief River Falls cast against J. O'Brien. The men who were always the warmest supporters of Ford are now the ones that are after his scalp.

W. A. Kratka—If there is a better man in Red Lake county than O'Brien, I have not heard of him.

John Morgan—O'Brien will get every vote in the city.

F. J. Stebbins—All that we need to do to win is to all stand together.

Daniel Shaw—O'Brien seems to be a very strong man in the country and I believe that he will be elected by the largest majority ever given a candidate in this county.

James Martin—I can hear nothing but O'Brien talk.

D. P. O'Neill—O'Brien will have a walk-away. It is always a pleasure to vote for a good, clean man like he is.

D. N. Winton—O'Brien is strong with the labor vote. All of the mill boys are for him.

Robert Lee—O'Brien is the strongest man with the farmers that could be brought out.

James Bulman—Everyone that I have talked to is loyal to Mr. O'Brien and he will get the largest majority in Thief River Falls ever given to anyone.

C. L. Dobner—I greatly regret that I will not be in Thief River Falls when the election is held, for I should like very much to vote for O'Brien.

W. A. Tautges—O'Brien certainly should receive every vote in the city.

S. T. Johnson—Of course we are all for O'Brien.

Anton Langseth—O'Brien is certainly the favorite for auditor. I don't know of a man who will vote against him.

Andy Erickson—We want to elect O'Brien unanimously.

H. Fant—O'Brien is the best man that ever ran for a county office in Red Lake county.

M. C. Burns—I have known O'Brien for a number of years and of course you know that means I will support him.

Robert McGinn—I only wish I had two votes. I am in favor of a thorough house cleaning.

Martin Bothun—I favor O'Brien first, last and all the time.

Ole Torrison—The only votes that will be cast against O'Brien will be mistakes.

C. C. Jackson—Line up solid for O'Brien regardless of party. That is the way to do.

Chris Amundson—By all means we should do everything we can for O'Brien.

D. B. Bakke—Make it unanimous—that is the only way to do.

J. J. Weeks—We should give O'Brien every vote we have in Thief River Falls.

S. Konison—You always know where I stand. I am for O'Brien first, last and all the time.

S. Cooke—O'Brien is a good, clean man and for that reason alone should get the solid support of Thief River Falls.

Matt Barzen—Of course everyone here is going to vote for O'Brien, but we want to keep working for him until the last vote is cast.

E. M. Stanton—What Thief River Falls wants is a man in the auditor office that will do his sworn duty as an officer. We need no favors—only a square deal.

Dr. Tupper—We want O'Brien for auditor and the only thing to do is to line up and vote solid for him.

C. M. Evenson—I shall do everything in my power to secure the nomination and election of O'Brien. There should be no question as to how everyone here should vote.

Postmaster Richardson — O'Brien should receive a unanimous vote here.

Olaf Ramstad—Give O'Brien the unanimous vote of Thief River Falls and surrounding country. That is the only way to do.

W. J. LaBree—Just all stay together not only for O'Brien, but for all north-end men.

A. B. Helgeson—Everyone should work and vote for O'Brien.

L. M. Hoag—There is no question but what O'Brien will win out. Now let's get together and take the scalp of some of the rest of the gang at Red Lake Falls.

F. H. Kratka—Ford should not get one single vote in Thief River Falls and I hope he don't.

S. V. Bailey—O'Brien is the man for auditor.

W. Michelet—Everyone here should vote for O'Brien first, last and all the time.

P. W. Mabey—I am for the candidates the majority of the people here want.

John Kringlin—The Socialists will all support O'Brien. County politics is going to cut no figure with us this year.

T. P. Hamre—In unity there is strength. We have all got to line up solid.

O. J. Schei—We want officials in the court house who will do their duty. All the voters in Thief River Falls should vote as a unit this year.

Dr. Grundy—The way to win is to vote solid for some set of candidates. We can never win if we allow our vote to be split up.

C. A. Robbecke—We Germans are going to stick together this year—that you can depend upon.

H. G. Dobner—All of the farmers that I have talked with are unanimous for O'Brien.

H. L. Melgaard—O'Brien is no doubt the favorite, but we all want to work hard for his election.

A. A. Swoass—Clean out the county seat gang. Ford is not the only one that we want the scalp of.

Peter Newman—Of course we all want O'Brien.

Frank Tilton—Our end of town is solid for O'Brien. All the old timers live in Porter's addition and we all know O'Brien.

C. J. Knox—By all means give O'Brien the unanimous vote here—say 700 majority in Thief River Falls.

WAS AT THE FORKS.

J. J. Hankinson Was There Last Week and Caused Excitement.

J. J. Hankinson, locating engineer of the Soo Railway, spent a day in Grand Forks and so far as known the only thing he did was to walk around and size up the city in a general way. Whether it was with a view to determining from what direction the Soo should reach Grand Forks can only be surmised. Mr. Hankinson's name does not grace the register of any hotel, but the people who know him say that there can be no mistake in his identity. To a reporter Mr. Hankinson stated that he had come from the southwestern part of the state, but he denied that he had any connection with the Soo. He went from there to Ardock, and while there did not confer with anyone. It is believed that Mr. Hankinson has gone over the possible line of the Soo from Valley City to Grand Forks and that the time has come when the Soo will take steps to reach the prominent cities that were overlooked when the main line was constructed west from Thief River Falls.—Grand Forks Herald.

The New Bank.

Work on the People's State Bank building is progressing quite rapidly and it is expected that the new bank will be open for business about the 1st of September. While the bank has not as yet been incorporated, it is understood that the officers will be as follows: D. B. Bakke, president; T. P. Hamre, cashier, and Oscar Sponheim, assistant cashier. The bank will have a capital of $30,000.

After Lo's Money.

Messrs. L. C. Simons and C. N. Bourdon, of this city, have established a new bank at Bement, on the Soo line in Norman county. The bank will be known as the Bank of Waubun, and the gentlemen expect to do a good business from the start. Bement is a new town on the White Earth Indian reservation, and has prospects of being a first-class place.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Elevator at Wylie.

Wylie, Minn., July 23.—At a meeting of the Wylie Farmers' Elevator Co., Monday night, it was decided to build an elevator at Wylie. Bids will be advertised for on a building of 15,000 and 20,000 bushels capacity, the size not yet being determined upon. Another meeting will be held August 4, to consider any bids that may be in.

Fr. McGrady Coming.

On the evening of August 9, the second day of the fair, Rev. Fr. Thomas McGrady, of Kentucky, will deliver a lecture on socialism in the Evenson hall. Fr. McGrady is an eloquent orator, so the Socialists say, and great preparations are being made for a large crowd.

Would Like to Know.

We wish to know why the Red Lake Falls papers don't holler "Mud" and "Corruption" when Judge Watts hands down a decision against them in the county seat removal case.—Greenbush Journal.

HERE'S A SUGGESTION

General Andrews Wants the Legislators Pledged to Forestry.

Says Pine in Minnesota Will Be All Cut Inside of Ten Years.

Gen. C. C. Andrews, forestry commissioner, suggests that legislative candidates be pledged to forestry. He says:

"About all of the original pine in Minnesota will be cut in the next ten years after which we shall be dependent for lumber on the Pacific coast. While, if fires are prevented, the greater part of cut-over pine land becomes naturally reforested with various kinds of trees, yet only about 20 per cent of it becomes naturally well stocked with pine. Nature must be aided by planting.

"A large part of our pine lands, especially where pine was mixed with hard wood, will be used for agriculture; but there are in scattered localities 3,000,000 acres of rocky, hilly or sandy land which should be devoted to forestry. On such waste land it requires on an average about 80 years for pine to grow to merchantable size. Some of this land still belongs to the United States but would probably be granted to the state by congress for forestry is our people made an earnest request. The rest is own by private parties from whom it could probably be purchased at a low price.

"The state now owns 21,000 acres of forest reserve land and no more; of which 20,000 acres were donated by congress and 1,000 acres by the late John S. Pillsbury. This, if properly developed would, for our great state, be but a small beginning in forestry. The forestry board wants to plant a portion of this land with pine and spruce; also make some roads thereon but it has appealed in vain to the legislature for the necessary money.

"Of course the people can continue to put off this matter. They can leave to a future generation the honor of doing for forestry what ought to be done now.

"The state of New York now owns one and a half million acres of forest reserves and yearly increases the area. Pennsylvania owns 750,000 acres of forest reserves, annually expends $300,000 for their increase and expects ultimately to have 6,000,000 acres of such reserves. Michigan and Wisconsin each owns more forest reserve land than Minnesota.

"Whether Minnesota shall stand still or go forward in this matter depends upon the legislature. If the people will have their candidates for the legislature pledged to vote money to properly develop the state's present forest reserve lands and and to increase their area, progress in forestry can be made."

HAS A LEPER.

Bemidji Has a Leper and Will Have to Care for Him.

Bemidji has a leper in the person of Arndt Reton, and the case has been officially reported to the state board of health. In answer, the board has informed the county officials that they will have to make provision for his care.

It may not be generally known, but officially Minnesota has three lepers and they are now living on farms in the state. But there is no necessity for any alarm regarding a spread of the disease. The board of health so says.

The secretary of the board said that there was more danger of contagion from one case of tuberculosis than fifty cases of leprosy. Minnesota's climate, he says, is not conducive to the spread of the disease.

The Bemidji authorities thought there was an asylum where the victim in their midst could be sent, but they have been informed that there is not. The county will have to provide for him.

Lost Two Fingers.

Alfred Normandin met with an accident last week at Red Lake Falls that caused him to lose part of a thumb and finger. In cleaning out the building formerly occupied by the O'Brien hardware some boys found what were thought to be old shot gun shells, and several of the boys took some home with them. Young Normandin took one out to see what it was made of and struck the cap with a hammer. He found out to his sorrow, the explosion tearing away nearly all of a thumb and a finger. The wound was dressed by Dr. Lemieux, and the young man will be shy two fingers hereafter.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

AND STILL THEY BITE

Smooth Minneapolis Man Had a Novel Scheme to Make Money.

It Is Said That a Number of Residents of This Section Were Caught.

W. C. Cunningham, of the "North American Land Co.," has been doing a thriving business through the mails. This company has been operating in several states and especially in Minnesota. We are informed that quite a number of people in this vicinity received letters from this firm and in some instances they succeeded in landing the parties.

This scheme, like many others propagated by foreigners, has been exposed and we deem it our duty to give the matter all possible publicity. We wish to impress our readers with the fact that it is always hazardous to do business with strangers and especially so when business is transacted through the mails.

Speaking of the dealings of the North American Land Co., the Minneapolis Journal says:

W. C. Cunningham of the North American Land company has been held under $1,500 bonds to appear before the federal jury in October on the charge of using the United States mails with intent to defraud. Cunningham was given a hearing yesterday and United States Commissioner Howard S. Abbott decided that the evidence was strong enough to hold him to the grand jury.

Cunningham advertised extensively as a land agent offering to sell any lands listed with him, and charged an advance of $5 for listing the property. His mail became so large it attracted the attention of the postal authorities and his scheme was investigated. A short time ago Cunningham consented to have all his mail "refused" and returned to the sender in preference to having a fraud order issued against him.

The basis of the complaint, made by Inspector Nathan Nolle, is that while Cunningham made a strenuous campaign to obtain listing fees, he made little or no effort to sell the listed property. Fraud is also charged in connection with the sale of a book called "Instructions to Agents." The charge is that $10 was charged for this book, which is of slight value, and that the buyer was made an agent at $40 per month on the condition that he sell a quarter section of land each month, a provision so impossible as to make the transaction fraudulent.

Five clerks were necessary to handle the incoming mail when the company was running without hindrance and its receipts are estimated at $2,000 per day.

Exhibit of Impure Foods.

Secretary L. M. Hoag has made arrangements with the state pure food inspection department for an exhibit of impure food products. This exhibit was first to be seen at the Minnesota State Fair last September and after that was upon exhibition at numerous other fairs. It has attracted a great deal of attention and promises to be one of the best features of the fair.

Our Guess Is W. O. H.

There is a rumor and quite a strong one that there will be another wedding in Deer Park township soon if it has not already occured. Guess who.—Sunbeam.

—Subscribe for the News.

INSPECTED THE MARKETS

E. B. Heiberg, of the State Food Inspection Department, Was Here.

Inspected the Five Local Meat Markets and Made a Report.

E. B. Heiberg, state food inspector, was in Thief River Falls from Saturday until Monday inspecting the sanitary conditions of the five meat markets in Thief River Falls. The conditions in Thief River Falls, according to Mr. Heiberg, were about the same as in all small towns of the state—no better and no worse.

"It requires a great deal of extra work and plenty of water and sewerage to keep a meat market in a perfectly sanitary condition and as a general rule meat markets are kept far below the standard," said Mr. Heiberg to a representative of the News. "You have two meat markets in Thief River Falls that are in all requirements nearly up to the standard, but as a general thing there is always room for improvement. I have ordered some changes made and left instructions with you local board of health regarding certain rules that should be enforced. The health of a community depends largely upon the condition the meat markets are kept in. In the winter time it is an easy matter to keep the markets in a sanitary condition, but in the summer time it is different."

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

[From July 2nd.]

Math Barzen and wife to Dennis Cavanagh, lots 13, 14 and 15 block 58, original townsite of Thief River Falls, $1,500.00.

Samuel Gibeau to Charles Fisher, lots 18 and 19, block 20, Red Lake Rapids, $175.00.

Halvor O. Rollag to Harold M. Hicks, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 33, Red Lake Rapids, $160.00.

Richard Walden to Annie Erickson, lot 53, townsite of Fairfield, 1,300.00.

Oluf K. Vaksirk and wife to John J. Stecerud, lot 17, block 10, Highland addition to Thief River Falls, $825.00.

C. G. Wright to Perl W. Mabey, lot 6, block 27, and lot 21, block 18, original townsite of Thief River Falls, $56.74.

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls to John Giberton, lots 31 and 32, block 5, Knox's addition to Red Lake Falls, $80.00.

Ole Arneson to Math Barzen and Louis Hanson, lot 30, block 63, original townsite of Thief River Falls, $600.00.

Oscar Soderquist and wife to Nels N. Johnson, lots 25, 26 and 27, block 28, Red Lake Rapids, $1.00

N. P. Swenson and wife to Nels M. Johnson, lots 25, 26 and 27, block 28, Red Lake Rapids, $1,000.00.

—Mrs. J. A. Stripe, representing the Franco-American Hygienic company, of Chicago, is visiting this city again with her splendid line of hygienic toilet requisites, everything to bleach, beautify, purify and cleanse the skin. Now is your chance, ladies, to have a perfect complexion, as no painful or unpleasant effects can follow the use of these dainty articles. They are the only articles on the market bearing the endorsement of the U. S. board of health. Mrs. Stripe will call on the ladies at their homes. She will also give scalp treatment and face massage, also shampoo. Any one troubled with pimples and blackheads will do well to see her. Any one wanting work done call up the Ogahmah hotel from 6 to 7 p. m.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND
CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE
Star Steam Laundry
Is now running under the new managers, Bjorkman and Post. With many years' experience, we can guarantee the public the very best in laundrying.
Goods Called for and Delivered
PHONE 118

IT'S NOT ALL SUNSHINE

H. W. Lee Returns From A Two Months Trip to The West.

Says Land Out There Is Not Near as Fertile as It Is Here.

H. W. Lee returned to this city Monday from the west where he spent two months looking over the country with a view of locating there. Mr. Lee traveled extensively in Idaho, Montana and Washington and took plenty of time to thoroughly investigate the farming conditions in the west, it having been his intention to locate on a farm if he removed to the west.

The conditions out there, according to Mr. Lee, are not very favorable for anyone who desires to make a living farming and he is firmly of the opinion that more garden vegetables and other crops can be raised on the $15 per acre land of this section than on the $500 per acre irrigated land of the west.

"In all of my traveling I did not see one garden," said Mr. Lee to the News, "that had anywhere near as good a growth of vegetables as my own garden in this city. The farmers out west work a great deal harder than do the farmers of this section and you will see them in their fields from sunrise to sunset. There being no rain in the summer time, there is nothing to prevent them from working every day, and it is safe to say that the average farmer out west does three times as much work as does any farmer in this section. It is surprising to see the price that land is held at out there and in comparison with the price of land in this section, it could almost be called outrageous. Of course to irrigate land, it costs a great deal of money, but the further fact that there is a perpetual cost added each year to get water upon your land after the irrigating ditches have been dug, make the expenses of farming considerable, and while you may always be sure of a reasonable crop you are also always sure of large expenses. The prices paid for farm produce in the west are not the best either. For instance, I noticed that only 4 cents a pound was being paid for cherries, while they are selling here for 30 cents per pound. That would look as if the railroads and commission dealers were making about as much out of the cherry crop as were the farmers."

Mr. Lee further states that farm land in this section could be drained at a less cost in many instances than it costs some of the farmers of the west to get water upon his land for one season's crops, and the difference is right here that while the western farmer has to go to this expense each year, the farmer in this section only has to dig his ditch once in a lifetime.

Hump Back

SCOTT'S EMULSION won't make a hump back straight, neither will it make a short leg long, but it feeds soft bone and heals diseased bone and is among the few genuine means of recovery in rickets and bone consumption.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists

Esplee.

Tollef Horberg went to Hendrum to receive medical treatment as he has been ill for some time.

Patrick McQuade left Monday for the harvest fields of Dakota.

Mr. Hanson who had been visiting with Mr. A. O. Hanson returned to his home in Duluth Monday.

P. C. Sund entertained a company of friends last Sunday. It was his Sixty fourth birthday.

A. Olson called at Sund's last Sunday.

The first binder this season was seen in the field of Thos. E. Lewis, the first of the week. He was cutting barley.

Paul Sund transacted business at John Franzman's Monday.

Mr. A. Malm, of Jelle, transacted business here last week. He reported the roads to be good and dry out at Jelle.

Blueberry shipments large.

The crop of blueberries to the east of us is evidently very plentiful to judge from the large quantities being unloaded daily from the Duluth trains at the G. N. depot. The berries are in great demand and shipments are made all over the country. The Indians make a snug sum from this source each year and of late a number of white people are finding it both a pleasant and profitable occupation to gather them for market.—Crookston Journal.

READY FOR THE FAIR

All Details for the Red Lake County Fair Being Looked After.

Fair This Year Promises to Be Much Better Than Ever Before.

The Red Lake county fair to be held in Thief River Falls next wednesday, Thursday and Friday promises to be the best fair ever held in this section of the state and the chances are that the attendance will be by far the largest. The committee having the fair in charge have attended to all of the minor details and the result is that nothing has been left undone.

A large number of horsemen have written for entry blanks and the chances are that the races this year will be far better than ever before, as quite a number of the horses that have been up at the Winnipeg fair will be in attendance.

The livestock and agricultural exhibit, special mention of which has been made several times before, promises to be an eye-opener to some of the residents of this section.

Crookston Election.

Crookston held its charter election on Tuesday of this week and it resulted in an overwhelming victory for the people of that city who advocated its adoption. The Crookston Times and the Water Works company were the chief opponents to the adoption of the charter.

Summer School Closes.

The state summer training school which has been in session for the past month here, closed yesterday and most of the students and instructors have gone to their various homes. The school was the most successful one ever held in Red Lake county.

Ida in Trouble.

Ida Diebell, a fourteen year old girl, was yesterday sentenced to the reformatory at Red Wing by Judge Bishop. The young girl, according to all accounts, has been leading a rather wild life for the past two years and the city authorities had been waiting for a chance to secure proof against her for some time. Ida has not been taken to Red Wing as yet, it appearing that several others are partners of hers in crime and it is said that an investigation is to be made.

Tickets for the McGrady lecture are on sale at Nelson's confectionery store. 25 cents for all parts of the house.

Minnesota Journals.

According to a bulletin of the federal census bureau on the manufactures of Minnesota in 1905, lately published, there were 788 publications of all kinds in Minnesota of which 51 were dailies, 635 weeklies, 71 monthlies, 5 quarterlies, and 20 others with various periods of publication. Of the dailies 8 morning and 2 evening papers have Sunday issues, and 8 morning and 33 evening papers are without Sunday issues.

The combined circulation of all these publications was 3,106,399, divided as follows: Dailies, 460,811; Sunday issues, 190,304; weeklies, 1,151,145; monthlies, 950,696; all others, 317,493.

Of the 788 publications 615 are devoted to general news, politics and family reading; 23 are religious journals; 22 are devoted to agriculture, dairying and kindred interests; 21 are trade publications; 14 are the organs of fraternal organizations; 11 are devoted to commerce, finance, etc; 11 to colleges and schools; 10 to literature; 5 to medicine; and 26 are miscellaneous.

Nearly all of these publications are printed in English, only 77 out of the 788 being printed in foreign languages, of which number 49 were Scandinavian, 25 German, and 1 each, French, Polish and Bohemian. Since the census was taken Duluth has acquired a newspaper published in the Finnish language.

The newspapers of Minnesota used last year, according to the census, 3[illegible],073,465 pounds of paper at a cost of $[illegible]2,387, against 21,724,800 pounds at a cost of $492,543 in 1900. Two hundred typesetting and casting machines were used in the state against 113 in 1900, of which the newspapers used 167 and the job printers 33.

Minnesota has a population of 1,977,401, according to the 1905 state census, so it had in that year one population to each 2,510 of its population, with a daily to every 38,772 and a weekly to every 3,112. The circulation of 3,106,399, of all these publications, is nearly two copies for every man, woman and child in the state, which would indicate that the people of Minnesota are pretty fair patrons of the public press.

Minnesota is as well equipped, in proportion to population, as any state in the union with newspapers. Her people are a reading people, and her city dailies and her country weeklies will compare favorably with those of any other part of the country.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Gustave Altner, a pioneer of Otter Tail county, is dead as the result of having taken carbolic acid by mistake.

Paul Rhode camp No. 2, Society of the Army of the Philippines, has been organized at Stillwater with thirty-five members.

Mrs. J. Schammell of St. Paul was badly burned in heroically saving her baby from a fire that started in her home from a gasoline stove.

Robert Raulston, a young man living six miles south of Austin, was struck by lightning and instantly killed while shocking barley in the field.

Theodule Kertson, one of the pioneer residents of Minneapolis, is dead. He was over eighty-three years of age and had lived in Minneapolis since 1854.

The assessed valuation of Mankato foots up to $3,672,730, a gain of $231,812 over last year. The real estate valuation is $2,620,821 and the personal property valuation $1,051,900.

Walter Dohney was seriously injured at Green Isle by falling upon a meathook. He was painting in a meat market when the ladder slipped and he fell upon the hooks, tearing his arms bare to the bone.

After having been run over by an automobile Mike Szonsczyk of Minneapolis walked up the stairs of his home apparently unhurt and twenty-six hours later, without the least warning, he suddenly dropped dead.

John Montezzi, an employe at the Savoy mine at Ely, was killed by a cavein, an immense body of ore falling on him, breaking his arm and back and causing internal injuries, resulting in death in less than three hours.

The Rochester Sanitarium company has been organized by the business men of that city and has bought the residence of E. A. Knowlton, which will be converted into a sanitarium for the convenience of patients of St. Mary's hospital.

Arndt Reton, a Norwegian, forty-five years old, who has made his home in Bemidji for the last five years and has been in the employ of the Crookston Lumber company up to a year ago, has been pronounced a leper by City Physician Morrison.

Fire destroyed the immense dairy and horse barn on the farm of A. W. Trow near Albert Lea, together with the milkhouse and windmill. The barn contained two colts, several calves, seventy-five loads of hay and a lot of machinery and all was consumed.

George Fox of Mankato, twenty years old, sailed Monday from New York for Chile, where he has a position with an electric company of Pittsburg at a salary of $1,800 a year and expenses. He is an expert machinist and his duties will be to set up gas engines.

Anna Chounard has commenced an action in the district court of Becker county for a divorce from Joseph Chounard, the grounds being that he is convicted of a felony and is an inmate of the state prison. They are both Indians and live on the White Earth reservation.

Mrs. Jennie Anderson, the woman who is charged with having represented herself as the widow of Andrew E. Anderson in Bemidji two weeks ago and obtaining $2,000 life insurance due the latter from the A. O. U. W., has been arrested in Escanaba, Mich. The charge against her is grand larceny in the first degree.

A cablegram received from Rome, Italy, announces the death there of Frank McIntyre, who was last month elected superintendent of schools of St. Cloud. Mr. McIntyre and Miss Mary Crozier were married at Monticello on June 7 and were on their honeymoon trip when the bridegroom was stricken with typhoid fever.

Employes of the state dairy and food commission will have to wait awhile for their July salaries. At the beginning of the month the department had less than $100 left of the annual appropriation of about $35,000. In addition to this the department collects annually in fines about $15,000 and this also has been used up. The expenses of the department run up to about $4,000 a month.

The state supreme court has decided that Dr. Theron H. Bly of Minneapolis must serve a three years and six months' sentence imposed upon him by the Hennepin county court. Dr. Bly was found guilty of criminal malpractice in Minneapolis and was sentenced last January. He appealed from the judgment of the Hennepin county court on the grounds that the indictment did not state sufficient facts.

Those who wish to enter the political game must pay the fee, according to a decision rendered by the supreme court in the case of William C. Thompson vs the county auditor of Hennepin county. Thompson, a Prohibition candidate for congress, objected to paying the filing fees and attempted to mandamus the county auditor to file his name without the fee. The lower court decided against Thompson and the case was appealed.

Hon. O. M. Lord of Minnesota City is dead at the age of nearly eighty years after a lingering illness. Mr. Lord was one of the earliest settlers in Winona county, reaching there in 1852. He was elected representative to the territorial legislature in 1853 and was instrumental in securing the creation of Winona county out of Fillmore county. He built the first saw mill in Winona county. From 1875 to 1883 he was county superintendent of schools.

—Subscribe for the News.

S. H. SHARBACH,
THE CASH MERCHANDISER.

Special bargains for fair week in early fall goods and many other useful articles bought especially for next week's sale, Fair week. I have everything from head to foot for ladies, men and children. Nowhere in the city will you find a better selection of up to date goods at such low prices.

Dress Goods.

New fall dress goods in all the shades for ladies and children street dresses. Many new kinds just out on sale next week at

15, 18 and 25 cents.

36 inch Percale, now fall shades, very pretty, absolutely fast color, on sale next week at per yard, **10c**

Calico Sale—Big lot for special sale next week, all good quality and worth 6 and 7c, special sale next week, per yard, **5c**

ROYAL BRAND

Towels.

Big lot at special prices next week,

10 Cents Each.

Window shades on the bargain counter, bought cheap, sold cheap, plain or flounced, from

23c to 48c Each.

Men's cotton socks, per pair **8c**

Men's 50c neckties for **25c**

Ladies' Cravenette—A lucky purchase enables us to offer u good all wool fall style ladies' cravenette, tight fitting or loose back coat, for fair week at **$10**
Cheaper coats from $7 to $9.

Corsets—The famous Case corset, low cut with 4 strap garters, made of fine Batiste, no better fitting or wearing corset made, sold by agents at $1.50 to $2, my special fair week price, each **$1**

4179—Ladies' Shirt-Waist Costume.
Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 inches bust measure.

Agency for new Ideal Patterns. All patterns **10c.** Free fashion sheets. Take one.

New fall street or walking hats just in at the usual low prices.

Belts—The new kind that fastnes in the back in leather and silk, **25 to 50c**

Notions.

6 gold plated color buttons	5c
25c turn over collars	10c
15c Black Hose	10c

Good Hair Brushes	10c
Tampico scrub brushes	10c
Tooth Brushes	10c
Brass extension rods	10c
Cotton clothes lines	10c
Wire " "	10c
Ornamented back combs	10c
Cuff buttons	10c
Link buttons	15c
Brooches fine goods	25c
8-inch-vegetable dish	10c
7 inch decorated photos	10c
6 glass tumblers	10c
Shelf oil cloth per yd	5c
5c piece Ironing wax	1c

Groceries.

Apples per peck	50c
Plums per dozen	10c
Cabbage per head	3c
Extra good fruit jar rubbers, per dozen	8c
Good cookies, per pound	10c

Lots of other good things at low prices.

Remember the Place, the New Store, First Door West of the Postoffice. Phone, 264.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.01
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Joe Pederson went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

John Pederson was up to Rollis yesterday.

Its a "peach" sale at Bothun's Friday and Saturday.

Miss Johnstone arrived the first of the week from Minneapolis to visit with Mrs C. C. Jackson for several days.

Two good milch cows for sale. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

C. A. Hitchcock was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Robert Lee was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

The Christina boarding house boss should attend an English school so that she can learn to spell and read English correctly. He would then know the difference between Mrs. Chelin and Miss Chelin. Mrs. Chelin has not been in Crookston sick—it was Miss Chelin. Mrs. Chelin thanks God because she has always enjoyed good health. She works from early in the morning until late in the evening, so that the boarding house will run better now than before. Effie Chelin is well now and Mrs. Chelin has no sick daughter to look after. The farmers can get a good square meal for 25 cents, also room for their horses at noon for 5cents. $3.25 per week for good board and a clean bed and room. Mrs. Chelin cares nothing about others prices but charges what she likes. She has no mortgage to pay or store keepers to ask for settlement each month. She does not have her husband go around to other boarding houses to hunt up boarders or take them into saloons or barns to treat them. Mrs. Chelin declares that if a drunken person comes into her house she will drive him out. Neither does Mrs. Chelin go out and drink coffee in the afternoons as do some of the ladies in Thief River Falls. When women folks get together they talk about many good things, but they lie a little also, and that takes a great deal of time. Mrs. Chelin has no time for that. She must stay at and attend to her own business.

Mrs. Chelin.

You know it—We are the only push in refreshments at the fair grounds. Bothun's.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will hold a supper in the basement of the church on Friday evening, Aug. 3. All are invited.

Services in the Scandinavian Mission church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, Pastor.

Misses Esther Stebbins and Bertha Olson left yesterday morning for Warren to visit friends for a few days.

In order to accommodate the large number who are going to bring stock to the county fair to exhibit the fair association has decided to build two new cattle sheds, one 16 x 35 feet and one 8 x 40 feet.

The hours of keeping open the Thief River Falls public library have been changed. The library is now open from 3 to 5 every afternoon and from 7 to 9 in the evening as heretofore.

Remember we serve meals, ice cream, hot lunches, every thing in fruits, soft drinks and red hot peanuts at our big tent at the fair grounds. Bothun's.

Albert Sommerness arrived in the city Tuesday from Fergus Falls and has accepted a position as drug clerk in F. J. Stebbins, drug store.

C. A. Miller, of Marshalltown, Iowa who had been in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bishop, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Zeh and two children arrived here last Friday from Missoula Mont. and is visiting the families of Phil and Emil Zeh in this city.

Mrs. Blanchard has been appointed librarian to succeed L. G. Browning, who resigned some two weeks ago, and is now at work at her new duties.

K. J. Weeks went down to Minneapolis Tuesday night to close up a deal for the sale of over 400 acres of land he owned out in the town of Numedal. He secured $35.50 per acre for the same.

The Young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran church meets this evening with Mrs. O. J. Seher.

John Havel one of the valued employes on the News, left Monday for Conway N. D. to spend a few weeks.

Services next Sunday evening at 7:45 in the Norwegian Lutheran church.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

You know who we are—you will remember us at the fair. Bothun's.

Hon. W. A. Nolan, of Mower county and George A. Wright, cashier of the First National Bank of Grand Meadow, were in Thief River Falls the first of the week visiting their old neighbors, J. J. and K. J. Weeks. Mr. Nolan and Mr. Wright had been up in Roseau county looking after some farm lands they own up there. Mr. Nolan will again be returned to the legislature from the district he has represented so long and is a candidate for the speaker of the house. His prospects of winning are said to be very good.

100 crates Alberta peaches to arrive Friday, 6 baskets in crate, a big bargain for preserving. At Bothun's pure food grocery.

Mrs. Warfield and Mrs. Berry, who stopped off in Thief River Falls to visit Mrs. C. C. Jackson while enroute from the Pacific coast, left the first of the week for their home at Clinton, Iowa.

John Dobner arrived in the city yesterday morning from Lake City to visit his sons, C. L. and H. G. Dobner, and attend to business interests which he had here.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5 cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

Attorney Tautges went down to Crookston last evening to attend to some legal business.

Fred's Poketola cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

Attorney Stanton went to Crookston last evening on legal business.

A number of the business men and merchants have spoken for room in the exhibit building to make a display of their goods during the county fair. It is the desire of the officers of the fair association that all merchants make an exhibit and those who have not already made arrangements to have an exhibit are request to do so.

BUTTER TO SELL

When Summer Markets Are Flooded With the Farm Product.

Great Care Should Always Be Taken to Suit the Customer.

Usually farm buttermakers can secure a premium above the average market price by selling the butter to private customers who have regard for quality in products of this nature.

If the maker is compelled to take his butter to stores he usually has to take the average price given for butter regardless of quality. A few storekeepers will recognize certain lines of butter as being superior to others and will pay more for them, but usually not as much as can be obtained by private marketing. In most localities, particularly during the summer months, the markets are flooded with farm butter, and the prices are very unsatisfactory. The maker who is depending on the stores for the sale of his butter usually has to accept the current price, while if he has worked up a private trade the chances are that he has a market that will give a uniform price throughout the year.—Edwin H. Webster.

Pleased and Paying Buyers.

One thing should always be borne in mind by the person who is making butter to sell. The butter is for somebody else to eat, and it is for your interest to make it to suit them, whether it just suits your taste or not. Habit has a great deal to do with our likes and dislikes. You may have been accustomed to sweet cream butter. If so you probably like that best. Or you may have got used to eating butter made from very ripe cream and the butter not washed to expel the buttermilk, causing it to have a very decided flavor and taste, and so you look upon fine, delicate flavored butter as insipid. Or you may like little or no salting or high salting, light color or high color. But all this is of no consequence. It is no matter what you like. You want to make it to suit your customer, and you want your customers to be those who are able and willing to pay a good price for what suits them. If the customer wants sweet cream butter, make it; if unsalted, make it so; if he desires it high salted, salt it high, and so on. Always make it the same for the same customers. They are getting tastes formed which you can make it profitable to gratify. If one is making butter to put on the general market he wants to make what that market demands and will pay the best price for.—C. P. Goodrich.

Adopt a Line and Keep It.

Breed from the best stock or the best your means will furnish and keep at it. Have a purpose. Breed to a line. Breed type. Keep at the head of your herd a male that you can point to with pride as your chief sire. Raise him if you can. Buy him if you must. Introduce new blood by the purchase of females. Develop your young stock by generous feeding, kind treatment and careful attention. Grow them so well that they will be objects of attraction and admiration.—Holstein-Friesian Register.

Parsimony Doesn't Pay.

There is a common mistake made in not feeding cows liberally enough; second, feeding a ration not properly balanced. It has been found by experiments that about 60 per cent of what a cow can eat is necessary to merely maintain her without producing any milk or gain in weight. This being true, it is evident that it is not economy to feed only a little more than this 60 per cent needed to keep up the cow's body.

Using the Home Field Crops.

Any careful man with good cows and all the feeds of commerce at his hand can make the cows do well, but the good farmer feeder is more interested in the skill or horse sense that sells the crude growth of the fields to the cows at a good profit and at the same time stimulates and keeps unimpaired the breeding ability of the animals.—W. F. McSparren.

Why, Indeed?

Two cows cost $40 each per year for keep. One of them yields you 4,000 quarts of milk a year, that bring you $80. The other yields 1,200 quarts, that bring you $24. The latter loses for you about $14 and reduces the gain on the former from $46 to $32. Why do you keep the 1,200 quart cow? You would be better off with the one that clears $46, for you would have only half the investment, half the work and half the feeding, and you would gain $14 each year.—Farm Journal.

Making the Road Attractive.

In the construction of a road the work of beautifying the sides of the highway should not be neglected, says the Pittsburg Press. Flowers, shrubbery and trees should each have a place along the roadside. They refresh the eye and cultivate a love for the beautiful in nature, making a trip over the road a pleasure to be remembered. The appearance of the roadside is generally a pretty good index to the character of the owner of the premises. A clean, well kept roadside is an advertisement for the owner and adds value to the land.

Subscribe for the News.

VALUE OF GOOD ROADS

Why Good Highways Are the Best Assets of a State.

Poor Ones Prove a Big Handicap to Any Community.

"Did you ever consider what a handicap it is to a state to have poor roads?"

That question was asked by a prominent motorist the other day, says the New York American and Journal. He had been touring all summer through New England and had had a chance to get an idea of where the best roads for motoring were located. His remarks on the subject are worth serious consideration not alone by automobilists, but by legislators as well.

"In Massachusetts there is a system of roads that is not surpassed in America," he said, "and that state gets the benefit from the fine highways in more ways than one. It is a *paying investment*. Any person who has ever traveled through the state in a motor car finds the riding so comfortable that he wishes to repeat the trip.

"Not only that, but he prolongs his stay in the state to take advantage of the fine driving. Ordinarily accompanied by two or three others, this means an expenditure for living expenses that brings money into places in the state where before there was no such revenue.

"No one city has a monopoly on this, for many of the smaller towns have had strangers within their portals who never would have been seen there but for the roads that led them whither they did not care. When they have lost the way in going from one city to another instead of displeasure at making a mistake the delightful places that presented themselves here and there, coupled with the well kept roads, added a zest to the trip.

"We hear a lot about the beauties of this region or that one and plan to make a trip to see what the places are like. We see them, to be sure, but the discomforts experienced in making the journey often take away much of the pleasure that otherwise might have been enjoyed.

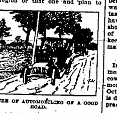

PLEASURE OF AUTOMOBILING ON A GOOD ROAD.

"If Newhampshire, for instance, had a system of roads anywhere near like that of Massachusetts what a paradise it would be for the motorists! Some day the situation may be realized by the people of that state and something done to help the matter, but it looks as if it were a long way off.

"For example, there are roads in the northern part of the state where the scenery is simply magnificent that could be put in fair shape for a few dollars. I know of places where the expenditure of a couple of dollars a day by a town to fill up holes and level roads would in a week or two make the highways 50 per cent better.

"At present they are abominable in some places. When you find you have to run a car at six or seven miles and at times slow down to the point that just divides between actually stopping and barely moving because of gullies and holes, when the road is perfectly level, too, for some miles, then some idea of the discomforts of motoring thereabouts may be gleaned."

The writer within a few weeks traveled over a number of such roads and found the conditions were not at all exaggerated. It did seem like practiced negligence to allow the highways to remain in that shape. It is not to be expected that every town should set about making the roads within its boundaries as hard and smooth as a racing track, yet no valid reason exists for letting them grow worse each week, for in the end, when repairs are imperative, the cost is all the greater. And what is true of one state is applicable to others, Massachusetts excepted.

Convict Labor on Washington Roads.

The state of Washington is planning to use convict labor in highway construction during the ensuing season, and the proposition is in the form of an agreement by which the state is to supply the convicts, together with the necessary guards, and pay for their transportation to and from the penitentiary. The county sustains the cost of their board, housing and medical care and the expense of transportation from point to point within the county and to supply superintendent, tools and material, says the Good Roads Magazine. The county is also to keep an account of all material produced or handled by the convicts, and this cost is to be the basis of settlement with the state.

—We are now selling clean sixteen inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

SUMMER COMFORT

Some Things That Will Keep the Cow Happy, Healthy and Profitable.

Plenty of Ventilation and Sunlight Should Be Provided.

The nervous system of the cow is in close connection with the milk secreting system, and in order to get the best results she must be surrounded with such conditions as will appeal to her maternal instinct. This is helped by providing plenty of ventilation and sunlight, and it is also helped by keeping cows out of dark basements where dust accumulates and germs thrive.

Shade and Stiff Breeze.

Provision was made one summer at a western experiment station for a wood lot into which cattle could run when on a hill pasture. It was noticed that the cows ignored the efforts put forward to provide them shade in a ravine near by and went to the top of a hill instead. The stiff breezes usually found on this high space had the effect of driving away many of the flies and left the cows free to manufacture pasture grass into milk. Where it is possible to provide a place of this kind with shade trees it would make an ideal summer resort for the dairy cow, for which she would express her thanks in the form of an increased yield of butter fat.

Pure Water.

Water exposed to the hot sun in summer is not very inviting to the sensitive dairy cow. In providing water it is well to consult one's own feelings and provide such as one would be willing to drink himself. This would induce a man not to give his cows water from stagnant ponds, where a vast amount of impure matter comes from the drainage of land which is covered with decomposing matter and brings to their cows an unaccountable number of various injurious germs. Such water is not fit to smell, much less to taste or drink. If it is necessary to have cows get water from a pond it should be drawn off through the means of a pipe to a distance far enough to keep the cattle from standing in it and making it muddy and disagreeable.

Dairymaids.

In Norway they train the young women in dairying and the care of the cow. The course is free. It covers six months and begins about the middle of October. All the work is practical and is done under the personal direction of practical instructors.

The Butter Maker

No one has yet devised a system of making fancy butter out of poor milk or cream. Since the introduction of the hand separator a large amount of poor cream has been offered. This is not the fault of the hand separator. The trouble lies with the man who takes care of the milk and separator.

Controlling Moisture.

In a short time a creamery operator can easily learn to control the moisture content of butter by having the temperature of the wash water or, rather, the degree of softness of the butter just right. It is advisable to churn at a medium low temperature, otherwise too much fat is left in the buttermilk, but the temperature of the wash water can then be raised a trifle and any reasonable percentage of moisture can be incorporated.

Butter Fresh From the Churn.

Butter is never so good as when freshly made. The aroma quickly passes off when held. Of course good butter that has been well worked to remove the surplus moisture will keep fairly well in cold storage, but it never tastes the same as butter fresh from the churn, remarks an exchange.

To Avoid Leaky Butter.

In order to avoid leaky butter the moisture should be incorporated during the churning and washing process. The butter should be salted and worked in the absence of water in the churn, and the drain hole should be left open during the working period.

Refrigerator Boxes.

In the summer months it is a hard matter to transport butter from the dairy to the market and keep the prints in shape unless the dairyman has ice for this purpose. Light refrigerator boxes are manufactured which can be used to great advantage, as their use will keep the butter hard and firm and enable the maker to deliver it in that condition to his customers in the hottest weather. No one likes to buy a parcel of butter that is so soft it can hardly be handled, and the good dairyman will not place butter in the market in that condition.

Low Speed Loses Butter Fat.

At the Kansas experiment station a test was made of running milk through the separator at about three-fourths of the listed speed. It appeared from the result of this test that the amount of butter fat left in the skim milk is materially increased by lowering the speed of the separator. There is considerably more loss than where separators are run at their listed speed.

Overchurning Affects Color.

If churned to an excess in the wash water, butter will lost its color. It becomes very pale and dead appearing in a short time if attempts are made to overchurn excessively.

CITY LOTS AND FARM LANDS

FOR SALE **FOR RENT**

I AM prepared to negotiate the purchase or sale of Real Estate, to write Fire, Lightning or Tornado Insurance, am also prepared to take entire charge of rentable property under approved methods.

It will pay any one who intends to buy Land or City Lots to get information as to prices and terms.

A large number of city lots to sell, ranging in price from $15 to $2,000. Easy terms.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

The News, $1 Per Year.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 2, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County:—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

The Grafton News and Times says: "The republican press speaks loudly of the acts of LaFollette, Clapp, Cummins and Roosevelt, and justly so, since these men are doing their utmost to prevent the balance of the party from robbing the people. If all republicans were men of this stamp, no other party would be strong enough to carry a single precinct."

St. Cloud Journal-Press: A Des Moines banker, by close attention to business and nerve depleting worry, acquired a million or two of dollars, and then sent a bullet through his brain because of poor health. He was always too busy to enjoy himself, and afterwards he could not. Chances are that the money he leaves will work the ruin of his children. This is a history of a few of the men who keep out of the newspaper business.

Representative L. C. Simons has encouraging offers of support from Beltrami county in his candidacy for the senatorial nomination and will, without question, be the choice of the party at the primaries. Mr. Simons has ever stood with the people of this district and is especially deserving of the honor he asks.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

We would just like to have the Gazette name one bill that Mr. Simons supported in the legislature that was in the interest of the people. It would be an easy matter to name a number of bills that Mr. Simons supported that were in the interest of the corporations.

Only 17 per cent of those who were successful at the drawing for lands on the Crow Indian reservation in Montana are going to make selections of land. The high price to be asked by the government for irrigation water has induced a majority of the people to abandon the idea of taking up land. Here is a condition that may be compared with those in northern Minnesota. No water right is needed here, and our soil will compare in fertility with that of any state in the Union. Lands here are so cheap and may be bought on such easy terms as to place them within the reach of all. In the light of these conditions it seems strange that so many people will seek homes in the uncertain districts of Canada or in the arid sections of the west.

Governor Folk gave some good advice to the retail merchants of Missouri in the course of an address delivered during their convention this week. After saying that "no merchant can succeed without advertising in one way or another," Governor Folk advised his hearers to patronize their town papers. "Build them up," said he, "and they will build the town up and will build you up increased trade and greater opportunities." The celebrated reformer scored the "mail order citizen" severely, adding that "If a place is good enough for a man to live in, and make his money in, it is good enough for him to spend his money in."—Dry Goods Economist.

Warren Register: Better representation in the legislature for the northern part of Minnesota is the demand many papers are making this year. The cry has been taken up in other parts of the state, and the Twin Cities are calling for a new deal in Ramsey and Hennepin counties. A district can never get a delegation so good that it is not possible to improve upon it. The people make a great mistake when they do not scrutinize the candidates for the legislature as carefully as they do the candidates for governor, district judge or some city or county office.

Every farmer who brings in a tale of fatal rust or other crop disaster assists to raise the price of wheat—for the moment. The reaction in price arrives just the time the crop is being marketed. The farmers who exaggerate the damage to the crops, during July and August, thus do their best to reduce their own profits and fill the pockets of speculators. If the exact truth could be told now, and known and believed on every grain exchange in the country the price of wheat would drop like a plummet—hard. It would reach an export basis, as it did for a day or two a fortnight ago. Wheat would be shipped out of the country, and every cargo thus transported would help reduce the "visible supply," so that there would be a lively reaction in price at the time the farmers could derive some benefit from it. The usual reduction in price which comes about the time the new crop is marketed is due very much more to the farmers themselves, and to their wild tales of disaster and wreck than to any other single cause. The new crop is almost always so much better and so much larger than previous reports have indicated, that the price naturally falls as the true condition is ascertained. A price higher than the situation warrants in July and August, means almost inevitably a price lower than it should be, in October. A sagging price in July, with old wheat shipments to Liverpool, means a lively recovery in price before the marketing of the new crop begins. Farmers should take a leaf out of the speculator's guidebook, and not bull the price by exaggeration when they have nothing to sell.—Wheelock's Weekly.

The Iowa contest for the nomination of Republican candidate for governor is another illustration of the necessity of the primary election law. The Republicans of that state have been waging a fierce partisan war for several months, and there is much bitterness and many charges of fraud on both sides. Gov. Cummins seems to be the victor, and his party enemies are charging that he won with the aid of Democrats, which may be partly true, as he is personally popular with the plain people, and that describes the average Democrat as well. The end is not yet, and if Cummins is defeated by the corporation interests, the Democrats stand a chance to win the governorship—while Cummins' popularity would probably pull him safely through in case he is nominated. In any event the G. O. P. of that state is badly ripped up the spinal column. Minnesota had a like case two years ago, and it has hardly recovered from the operation even now. With each member of the party given a certain hour to express his individual choice, there would be less bitterness, and the majority would rule. Corporations could not spend enough money to buy up a majority of the people, and the man having the greater degree of public confidence would naturally win. There are, it is true, certain objections to the primary system of nominations as now expressed in the law, but experience will remedy defects. And speaking of Minnesota—why should not a state ticket be nominated directly by the members of the party as well as candidates for congress or for district judge? We pause for reply.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Radical Measures Looked For.

Prominent members of the last legislature believe that the coming session will have some radical railroad measures up for consideration, and will pass them. Several men who have been members of the legislature and expect to return this year do not hesitate to say that they believe the next legislature will pass some railroad measures that will mean lower mileage in Minnesota and the abolition of passes.

A prominent member from an eastern district declared that he had talked with many of his former associates and with others who expected to be in the legislature this winter and that he had found strong sentiment in favor of railroad rate regulation. "As far as I can learn," said he, "there is a demand for cheaper railroad fares, and it comes from the people generally, but more especially from outside the larger cities. The country is demanding it. I expect to see passes abolished by the next legislature and steps undertaken to secure a reduction in mileage to 2½ or even 2 cents a mile. The farmers will also demand some rigid regulation of freight methods. I have talked with men from all over the state and they have seen the same things I have. There will be some interesting sessions, and discussions on the subject will be warm. Nevertheless, I expect to see passes abolished and fares reduced."—Minneapolis Journal.

Party Ties Dissolving.

New York Sun: There are unmistakable signs that the process of party disintegration and realignment, of which we have had memorable examples in the United States, is once more far advanced and irresistible. Once more, as in 1822 and 1854, a party's culminating triumph has been followed by symptoms of decay and dissolution. Events will soon determine whether the Republican party is destined, like the Jeffersonian party in 1824, or the Democratic party in 1860, to be split into fragments, or, like the Federalist party and the Whig party, to become utterly extinct. Experience has shown that party government is necessary to the working of representative institutions, but of course, it does not follow that a given party may not outlive its usefulness. When that time comes, and the fig tree is seen to be irreparably barren, the inexorable fiat is uttered from the ballot box: "Cut it down! Why cumbereth it in the ground?"

There is no doubt that from the welter of discord and mutiny a new political order will ultimately be evolved. But shall we have long to wait for it, as we waited when parties broke up in 1854? Or will it come quickly and decisively?

Show Your Colors.

One class of candidates that should get special attention at the coming primary election are those for members of the legislature. It is not really important who are elected to the other offices, where the work is of a routine character but the legislators make the laws and rule the state. They constitute the supreme power in our government, and their acts reflect directly upon the welfare of every citizen therein. Those who seek these positions should come out in the open and tell just what they expect to do if elected. In other words, they should construct a platform of issues on which to stand before the voters, and it is the principles, more than the men, that should be considered. We have seen a few "platforms" already, but most of them avoid all real issues, and declare in favor of only such things as it is evident that every-one—saint or sinner—wants.

If we were a candidate for the legislature (which we have no intention of being) we should present a platform something like this:

1. To favor the extension of the primary election system to include state officers.
2. To tax railway property just the same as the property of other citizens—according to its actual value. Also to give the state the privilege of buying any property at the value given to the assessor, and to confiscate property purposely withhold from assessment.
3. To enact the most stringent pure food laws possible.
4. To establish a state factory for the manufacture of farm machinery, to be sold at a price that would not destroy honest private competition, but make the harvester trust come down to a reasonable profit on their machinery.
5. To prohibit the use of railway passes by any state officer, or federal, county, city or town officer within the state.
6. Local option by counties in the granting of liquor license.
7. A reciprocal demurrage law, compelling railways to furnish cars to all shippers within a reasonable time after ordered, to prevent railways from the practice of favoritism in the distribution of cars.
8. To favor laws that would safeguard the state's timber and mine property from passing into the possession of capitalists at less than real value, and to provide severe penalties for officers who fail to do their duty in protecting the state's interests.

These are a few of the "live issues" in which a large number of the voters are interested, besides state development and drainage—the benefit of which none deny.—Hendrum Review.

One Important Result.

If the recent revolt against corrupt corporation management has done nothing else, it has paid for itself by scaring the rebate practice out of existence, temporarily at least.

It is stated that in the West alone the railroads are saving $1,000,000 a month because freight rebates and secret traffic have been withdrawn. While some traffic officials say this estimate is too high, others, on the other hand, assert that it is too low.

But all agree that the railroads have been forced, to a large extent, out of the iniquity of rebating, and this is a splendid thing. It is not only a great saving to the railroads, enabling them to increase their dividends to the widows and orphans who hold their stock, but it places the humble dealer upon the same basis in freight cost as his swollen corporate competitor, and that is the object of the entire campaign against rebates.

That is the main object, but there is a subordinate one, and as yet this secondary object has not been attained, so far as anybody has noticed.

When the railroads no longer have to give back a part of their freight receipts to the great interests that are strong enough to hold them up, the next result after admitting the little fellows to a fair field of competition, should be a reduction in freight rates.

If the railroads can do business profitably while giving away millions of dollars out of their receipts, there is no reason why they can not continue to do business profitable on the same basis.

Only they ought to rebate them equally to all patrons by way of reduced freight rates. Then everybody could take part in the blessings of the new deal. The railroad could do more business, as lower rates always mean increased traffic. The trust could keep on doing business at a profit, even if it did have to pay the same rate as the little competitors. The little dealers would be happy, because they could compete with the trust in an equal field and without secret favors to hinder them. And the public ought to get its share of the benefits through reduced prices of the commodities carried at reduced rates.

Largely through force of public opinion and the fear of more prosecutions, rebating has practically ceased in the greater part of the country, and thus the first link in this attractive chain of benefits has been forged. The railroads are saving the money they used to pay out in rebates, and that makes the second link.

Now let the railroads cut up the proceeds in reduced rates, and the dealers share with the public in reduced cost, and everybody will be happy again.—Duluth Herald.

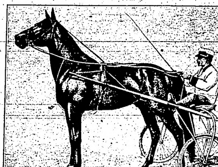

DAN PATCH 1:56

DAN PATCH TO GO.

With the World Famed Cresceus He Will Go After Records at the Minnesota State Fair on the 3rd of September.

More fast horses will be seen at the Minnesota State Fair this year than ever before. A great entry list closed on July 2 and horses famed the country over are to contest for purses aggregating $33,000. But the greatest of all track events will be the appearance of Dan Patch, the fastest pacing stallion in the world, and Cresceus, the fastest trotting stallion, in an attempt to lower their world's records. These horses will go on Monday, Sept. 3, the opening day of the fair. They will be driven by Hersey, driver and trainer of their owner, M. W. Savage. Both horses are owned in Minnesota—a fact that should be remembered.

There will be sensational racing each day of the fair—racing under the best conditions and surroundings. The horses go on their merits; the management is equitable and just.

—Half fare rates have been made on all roads running into Minneapolis and St. Paul and are good beginning with Saturday, Sept. 1st—so that all may reach the cities in time for the big events of of the opening day.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.

Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Dick Edmonds was down from Rollis last week.

—Wanted—Girl at Peter Newman' restaurant.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

—Two office rooms for rent in the Evenson block.

—Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars. Union made; anti-trust.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Peter Lofgren, the Pelan merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

John Vaughan was down from the town of Goodridge the first of the week.

—Wanted—Girl for general house work. Mrs. George W. Elder, phone 233.

James Stevens was over from Oslo the first of the week visiting old friends.

—For Rent—New house, six rooms, nice location, $10 per month. George K. Fargo.

Attorney Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to legal business.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. H. Bishoff was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

P. O. Hall and wife, of Atwater, arrived here last week to visit Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Quist, of the town of Kratka.

Carl Winslow left last Friday evening for Wisconsin to visit with friends for a few days before returning to school in the fall.

Mrs. John W. Eastman returned to this city Sunday morning from a three weeks visit with relatives at St. Cloud Anoka and Minneapolis.

Charlie Gilbertson, who for the past three months has been working at the carpenter's trade in North Dakota, returned to this city last Saturday.

J. J. Hankenson, locating engineer for the Soo line, was in Thief River Falls last week for a short time, being enroute to Minneapolis from North Dakota.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

On the first of August, the Western Union took control of the telegraph line north of here on the Greenbush line. Heretofore this line had been operated by the Great Northern.

Strayed—From my place, on section 30, town of Norden, a dark bay molly cow, weight about 1,000 pounds. Leave information at O. L. Bakken's tailor shop in this city. Otto L. Bakken.

The Kenmare (N. D.) Journal says it has heard of looping the loop and shooting the chutes, but adds that farmers of Ellendale are getting their sport by Sooing the Soo, all because of a prairie fire.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Dr. Cummings was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

—Furnished rooms with or without board. Mrs. E. Hill.

Mrs. J. H. Hay has returned from Pine City where she had been visiting friends.

Charles Nason returned to this city Sunday from a visit with friends at Pine City.

Mrs. George Gustafson of St. Hilaire was operated upon at the hospital here Monday.

Joe Bulman and Capt. Harry Cummings went up to the Red Lake Monday morning.

W. J. Kelley came down from the Red Lake last Saturday and will remain until after the fair.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant came up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday to visit old friends here for a few days.

Mrs. Witherstone, of Rochester, arrived in the city last Saturday to visit Mrs. Ira C. Richardson.

Mrs. E. E. Rose returned to this city Monday from Fargo where she had been visiting friends for several weeks.

Albert Eve was down from Highlanding last week. He states that crops up in his section are looking fine.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

F. E. Hoffman, deputy commissioner of labor of St. Paul, was in the city Monday looking over the condition of affairs here.

Mrs. J. G. Moore, who had been in the city visiting her brothers, C. L. and H. G. Dobner, returned Monday to her home at LaCrosse.

—Smokers, you have been getting liquid flavor, advertising and trust cigars. Now try the real thing in the Minnesota Star and Pontilla cigars.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

---For Sale---A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Aug. 7, 8, 9 and 10th, the Great Northern will sell round trip tickets from Greenbush, Crookston, Erskine and all intermediate points at a fare and a third for the Red Lake County Fair to be held in Thief River Falls. Final return limit, Aug. 11th.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Plummer Pioneer.—The new Clearwater creamery, which was started a short time ago, is said to be doing remarkably well for its age. The cream received there on Tuesday of this week amounted to 4,000 pounds and reports from there state that they are increasing right along.

A team belonging to Joe Ryson become unmanageable while on the road about seven miles east of town Monday morning and Mr. Ryson was thrown from the rig sustaining several quite deep cuts upon the head. He is now getting along nicely. Charles Schuster, who was with Mr. Ryson at the time of the accident, escaped without injury.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Twine! Twine! Twine!

Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

G. Wimmer was down to Crookston last week.

Will Stone was up from Crookston the first of the week.

T. P. Hamre was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

A. I. Anderson was down to Fargo on business the first of the week.

County Attorney Germo, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday.

Ole Torrison was down to Fisher to spend Sunday visiting with relatives.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Miss Ida Thomas of Beaudette, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

Mrs. Curran and son, Stafford, left Monday evening for Beardsley, Minn., to visit relatives for several weeks.

J. McCarty arrived here Tuesday evening from Wisconsin and has accepted a position as car clerk for the Soo railroad.

—The E. and E. clothing store wish to announce that they are receiving new goods daily and soon will have a complete stock.

John J. Cahill left Monday for Crookston, having accepted a position with the Singer Sewing machine company and will make that city his headquarters in the future.

—Miss Siermann, who had been hired as one of the teachers in the 8th grade, has notified the school board that she will not be able to come here in September. Miss Siermann was considered one of the best teachers hired and it is a great disappointment to the school board.

Chief Train Dispatcher Loftus leaves today for Enderlin, N. D., where he has accepted a similar position with the Soo to the one he holds here. Mr. Loftus and his wife have made many friends here who regret very much to see them depart. Mr. Gillek, of Bismark, N. D., succeeds Mr. Loftus as train dispatcher here.

F. T. Satre, the well known Rocksbury farmer, says that he has twenty acres of Macroni wheat this year and that it is looking far better than any other wheat raised in this section. He beleives that in a few years nothing but Macroni will be raised in this section and while not as good a price can be secured for this as other wheat yet the larger yield that will be received will make it more profitable.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 28, 1906:

Barhalls, Miss Sina
Fend, Miss Annie
Aighfield, Otto W.
Hamilton, J. T.
Haughom, Mo
Kverno, Ed.
Lappegord, Miss Caroline
Munson, Miss Babe
Monohan, Pat
Mezgannas, Miss Amanda
Modahl, Christ
McDonald, Miss J.
Olsson, Gottfrid
Olen, Ole T.
Tiffney, Miss Gaynel
Therrien Joe
Westby, Miss Ida

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

G. A. R.

Minneapolis, August 13 to 18, via. the Soo Line—Lowest Rates of the Year.

The National Encampment this year will be one of the greatest ever held in this country, and, as it is so near home, every one ought to go and take advantage of the extremely low rate.

TICKETS ON SALE

From points where the regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $3.50 or less, Aug. 13-16 inc. Return limit Aug. 20, 1906. No extension of return limit on these tickets.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is more than $3.50 and less than $9.00 Aug. 11-14 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $9.00 or more Aug. 11-13 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Liberal return limits. Ask the nearest "Soo" Line Agent.

HAVE FILED FOR OFFICE

E. L. Quist and H. E. Ives Already in the Field.

Quite Likely That a Number of Others Will File This Week.

E. L. Quist was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week and while there filed as a Republican candidate for register of deeds. It is not likely that he will have any opposition for the nomination, at least Mr. Quist says that he has talked with all prospective candidates and has been promised a clear field. At the general election he will be opposed by Frank Jeffers. Mr. Jeffers will not prove a very strong candidate in the northern part of the county this year and the prediction is made that he will have to go some to beat Quist.

H. E. Ives, editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator, was the first person in Red Lake county to file for an office. He has selected the office of clerk of courts and for the Republican nomination he will be opposed by C. W. Johnson, of Wylie. Mr. Ives, it appears, is going to have quite strong support in Red Lake Falls and the southern part of Red Lake county, but in the northern part of the county it will be different, and Johnson will undoubtedly get most of the votes up here. When the county seat question came up over a year ago, Mr. Ives was looked upon as being favorable to Thief River Falls, but positive evidence is being produced to the effect that he is now on the Red Lake Falls side of the question and for that reason his friends here will refuse to support him. Mr. Johnson, who is to oppose Mr. Ives, has ever been a staunch friend of Thief River Falls in the county seat matter and for that reason is entitled to the support of Thief River Falls voters.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty is going to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for superintendent of schools and Fred Richards of Red Lake Falls will contest with him for the position. It is said that John Duffy has given it out cold that Mr. Richards must be elected, and that seems to be his greatest handicap.

Lewis A. Nelson, who has been doing some work canvassing the county for the office of sheriff, reports that he has been given a great many promises of support and feels certain that if he could get good support in Thief River Falls he would be sure to win.

The new settlers on the eleven towns are sure to play a prominent part in the election in this county this fall. Two from that part of the county—E. L. Quist and Lewis A. Nelson—are candidates for office and their chances of success are said to be excellent.

There has been some talk of Mikkel Bakken, the well known town of Rocksbury farmer for sheriff. Mr. Bakken is a very strong man in northern Red Lake county and would make an excellent sheriff. He has been urged to run for office upon numerous previous occasions, but has always refused. Mr. Bakken is making more out of his farm than any office holder in Red Lake county and it is quite probable that he will not enter the field.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your order in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Look Out for Him.

"Billy" Munch, who was recently appointed game warden for this section, came up from Crookston Monday and will make this city his headquarters during the chicken season this fall.

—Subscribe for the News.

Always Order
when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

48-LOTS-48

I have 48 lots that I will sell for

$2,000 Cash

or trade for farm lands. These lots will soon be worth not less than $5,000.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

CONQUEROR

Is a jet black stallion weighing between 1,700 and 1,800 pounds, is 7 years old, and is a rangy, showy horse of splendid action. During the season of 1906 he will stand at the following places, beginning Monday, April 9th: Every Monday at Ludwig Larson's, 1½ miles west of Kratka P. O.; from Tuesday noon till Wednesday noon at Peter Sulland's, 1 mile west of Brunkeberg; Thursdays at Peter Floe's, 5 miles southwest of Germantown; from Friday noon until Sunday noon of every week at Thief River Falls at the Exchange barn on 3rd street.

A. Gunderson

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

THE NEWS,

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway

will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to

St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31
For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dairy and Creamery

Cottage and Neufchatel cheeses could very appropriately be called the "cosmopolitan cheese" in the cheese world from the fact of its comparative simplicity in making. These cheeses differ somewhat in their chemical composition, but are very similar in appearance when served. Both are a toothsome and nutritious article of diet, but from the fact that Neufchatel is made from whole milk and cottage is made from skim milk it goes without saying that Neufchatel is the more nutritious as well as presenting a yellower and richer appearance. For a detailed consideration of the manufacture of these soft curd cheeses let us first take up the better one, or Neufchatel.

How Neufchatel Is Made.

Neufchatel cheese is made from milk containing from 4 to 6 per cent or even more fat. The milk is first treated with a starter (either a commercial or a buttermilk starter) of from 2 to 5 per cent of its bulk and heated up to 80 degrees F. and set with rennet, being very careful at all times not to disturb the coagulum. When coagulated it is cooled down as low as possible for a time, something like twenty-four hours, during which time something like six-tenths per cent acid will be developed, which gives the product a ripened cream flavor. It is then carefully turned into a cheesecloth and hung up until well drained. After the surplus whey has been expelled the cheese can be salted and seasoned to suit the taste.

As a Market Product.

If the product is intended for market it can be worked into rolls by filling a tube and pushing out the contents with a plunger. The rolls are then wrapped, first in parchment paper and lastly with tin foil. From the fact of its high moisture content it is quite perishable and should be consumed within a week. The price on the average market will be about 20 cents a pound.—H. E. Woods, Ohio, in National Stockman.

A Fine Ayrshire.

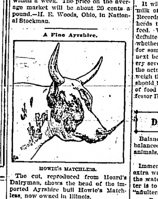

HOWIE'S MATCHLESS.

The cut, reproduced from Hoard's Dairyman, shows the head of the imported Ayrshire bull Howie's Matchless, now owned in Illinois.

Shade For Cows.

Shade for cows in summer may come from trees growing in the pastures singly or in clumps or in places accessible to them by a cheap roof in the pasture sustained by poles and covered with straw or by the stables in which they are kept in winter. But to shade from either of these sources during the continuance of the fly season Professor Thomas Shaw advances in American Agriculturist the strong objection that they furnish breeding places in which flies multiply with great rapidity. This is owing to the droppings which accumulate in such centers. In these the flies deposit their eggs. Because of this shade furnished by the stables is preferable, since when properly provided it is cooler and flies may be in a great measure excluded.

Why "Vitality" Is Claimed.

We as Holstein breeders are claiming that there is more vitality in Holstein milk than any other breed of cattle because our breed is large and vigorous and the butter fat is only about one quarter of the total food value of the milk, while other breeds have from one-third to one-half butter fat, which does not make a food properly balanced. No one would think of eating butter on bread one third to one-half as thick as the slice of bread and continue to live on it and nothing else. And because we have milk that is from strong, healthy and vigorous cows properly balanced is one reason why we claim vitality in milk, says an Illinois dairyman in Holstein Freisian Register.

Salting the Butter.

After carefully taking care of the milk and using every precaution to make a nice quality of butter, don't spoil it with too much or too little salt. The quantity of salt used must depend on the dryness of the butter at the time of salting and the tastes of the consumers. If the butter has not been thoroughly drained some of the salt will be carried off in working the butter. About three-fourths of an ounce of salt to a pound of butter is a good average when the butter is in good condition before adding the salt.

Clean Dairy Utensils.

Sunlight and pure air are the cheapest and most effective means of keeping dairy utensils pure and sanitary after they have been cleansed. Where these conditions do not exist it is then advisable to put them in a hot drying room.

THE SILO IS "IT."

Solving the Problem of Stalk Handling and High Priced Land.

Stalk fed stock is inferior to silage fed stock, and the heavy stalks accumulating in the barn and yards are hard to handle. It is a difficult matter to get them upon the field, and after they are there they hinder cultivation. The part of the stalk below the ear is said to represent 50 per cent of the nutrition of the fodder. If that is allowed to become ripe and woody you lose 50 per cent of the feed value. This half of the stalk increases the difficulty in handling at least 100 per cent. All these problems are solved by the silo. It takes all the corn, cuts it up at a time when it is full of rich feed and preserves it in prime condition for winter use. The manure from silage fed stock is preferable to that of stalk fed stock because it is much easier to handle and can be applied to the land more economically. The silo is "it."

On High Priced Land.

When farm land sells for anything above $65 an acre it is something of a problem how to make the average crop pay for it. The beef farmer is up against it good and hard, and the dairy farmer has no snap unless he attends to business and is posted. If a man is going to keep one cow to every four acres and if he has to pay $80 an acre for the land that cow must make him $19.20 above expenses in order to pay the interest on the money invested in the land *alone. This does not allow* anything for improvements, interest on the price of the cow or labor. The solution of the whole problem lies in silos and silage. The forty acre farm with a silo is worth just as much as the eighty acre farm without one when it comes to earning capacity. If a man depends upon hay, corn and pasture alone he can keep only about one-third as much stock as if silage entered his ration. The silo is the solution of profits from high priced land, declares Kimball's Dairy Farmer in conclusion to the foregoing appreciation of the silo. It gives more feed for less money, and the feed is harvested at a more desirable time.

Exact Knowledge.

It will pay every man to weigh the milk of every cow at every milking. Records show that there are whole herds that do not return the cost of feed. Weighing pays because only a definite record of the best cows shows whether each one is doing her best or for some reason is going wrong. The next best scheme is a week's test every seventh week. This will give near the actual yield. You cannot afford to weigh the feed for each cow, but there should be a record of the total amount of food that goes into the herd.—Professor H. E. Van Norman.

Dairy Talk of Today

Balanced kindness is as important as balanced rations in the care of dairy animals.

Too Much Overrun.

Immense overrun in churning means extra water worked into the butter. If the water exceeds 16 per cent the butter is to be classified under the law as "adulterated."

Progressive Improvement.

Cows grow old, meet with accidents and lose their places in the herd's usefulness. Changes should be progressive in quality. The good milk cow should be also a good breeding cow; not that we will ask her to give us twins, but give us daughters superior to herself.—McSparran.

Coaxing the Cow.

Milking is only coaxing the cow. The dairy business cannot hold up when you feed white top hay scraped off poor fields to cows that are unable to shed their hair. Early cut clover and grass, bran, linseed and gluten feed, with little change, give excellent results. The American cow has had too much exercise in the past. She is hard worked in the mere making of milk. When properly fed and watered, her natural inclination is to lie down.—Rev. J. D. Detrich.

Timely Points.

A shortage in the water supply for a day or two makes a shortage in the milk flow.

Don't pound the cow because the flies are making her crazy. Get some fly repellent.

Don't try to hold separator milk over until the next day this weather. Feed it at once.

Flies hurt, and short feed cuts down the milk flow this weather. Avoid them if you can. — Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Buttermaking In Maryland.

As far as buttermaking on the farm is concerned, its day in regions within the shipping zone of large cities is passed, except as it may be necessary to take care of an unwarranted summer surplus.—C. F. Doane, Maryland.

Room For All Breeds.

There is room for all dairy breeds in this country. There are conditions where any one of them is better than the rest. Let it go at that, and spend the money necessary for breed tests in making authentic tests of more cows, aiding the breeder thereby to a broader selection of performing blood.—National Stockman.

Freshening In the Fall.

During the summer practically every dairy has a surplus of milk, due to the shortsightedness of producers in general, who find it impossible to get over the old mistaken idea that cows should freshen in the spring instead of the fall. What a good thing the farmer has whose cows are due to come fresh next October or a little later!

Scrubs All Around.

Scrub cows on scrub feed make the scrubbiest of business.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Line Olson Ostreness, now Mrs. Oscar B. Hanson, H. E. 258, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter H. Stenbgrem, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Berg, " "
Paul Tronhvet, " "
Ole L. Bakken, " "

July 26 aug 30

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Helm, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Nieworth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

July 26 aug 30

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, " "

July 26 aug 30

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 291, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, "

July 26 aug 30

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 16, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Tom Alvestad, H. E. No. 94, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼ of Sec. 1, Twp. 154 N., of Range 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Bernhard Knudson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hagen P. Nubben, " "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 28, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jessie Marian Annand, H. E. No. 1,022, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 153 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Michael H. Connelly, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mary McGlinn, " "
Sydney Bagley, " "
May F. Connelly, " "

July 5 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 441, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 7, 8, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesby, " "

July 12 aug 16 pd

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Andreas Iverson, H. E. No 304, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼, Sec. 26, T. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Iver Holum, of Anton, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, "
Hans Olson, "
M. J. Ford, "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

If

your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Ricksson, H. E. 320, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thoms Bordnarak, " "
Joseph Askle, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

July 19 aug 23

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on August 9, 1906, viz: Nels Olson, H. E. No. 258, Red Lake Series, for the SW¼, Sec. 23, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tom Tomson, of Brunkeberg Minn.
Harald Johnson, of Thief River Falls. "
Thor J. Skaar, " "
Frank Mracek, of Germantown, "

June 28 aug 2 pd

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Louis Larson, H. E. No. 7,446, Chippewa Series, for the W½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ of Sec. 30, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels N. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, "
Hans Jorstad, " "
Peter Flo, " "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

July 5 aug 9

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of John A. Anderson, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of John A. Anderson of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of May A. D. 1906, the said John A. Anderson was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the office of undersigned referee in bankruptcy, in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors of said bankrupt may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 30, A. D. 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 6th, 1906, viz: Michael J. Ford, H. E. No. 302, Red Lake Series, for the Lot 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, T. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Dyrdahl, of Anton, Minn.
Andreas Iverson, "
Hans Olson, "
Iver Holum, "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August 6th, 1906, viz: Jacob J. Rondestvedt, H. E. No. 4515, Chippewa Series, for the NE¼ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. [illegible] and NE¼ of NE¼ of Sec. [illegible], T. 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peder Rondestvedt, of Germantown, Minn.
Schack Simonsen, " "
William Halland, " "
Christ O. Saastad, of [illegible] "

June 28 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July [illegible], 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on August [illegible], 1906, viz: [illegible], H. E. No. [illegible], Chippewa Series, for the W½ of [illegible] NW¼ of Sec. 22, Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

[illegible] Nelson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John Lindquist, " "
[illegible] " "
Hans [illegible], of Thief River Falls, "

July 5 aug 2

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NEW PACKING PLANT

SAID ARMOURS WILL CONSTRUCT IMMENSE ESTABLISHMENT NEAR TWIN CITIES.

Baby Girl Born to Woman Serving Life Sentence in the Stillwater Penitentiary—Two Men Killed by Lightning Near Redwood Falls While Driving in a Buggy—News of the State in General.

Minneapolis, July 28.—The Twin Cities are promised a new packing plant which will be third in size in the country and the most completely equipped in modern appliances and scientific methods of any in the world. This promise is made by J. Ogden Armour, who spent Friday in Minneapolis, and in conference with representative men of the two cities outlined plans for packing houses to cost from $2,000,000 to $5,000,000 and to occupy from 800 to 1,000 acres of ground somewhere between the two cities. Mr. Armour, it is said, has an option now on 800 acres, partly in Hennepin and partly in Ramsey county.

CHILD BORN IN PRISON.

Mrs. Brennan, Life Prisoner at Stillwater, Mother of Baby.

Stillwater, Minn., July 26.—A daughter has been born to Mrs. Stella Brennan in the women's ward of the state prison here.

Mrs. Brennan was sent to the prison from Minneapolis last winter for life for the murder of her three stepchildren. She has always denied the crime and the defense was made for her that she was insane at the time.

Mrs. Brennan's mother, who is living in Michigan, will have the child as soon as it is old enough to leave its mother.

St. Paul, July 26.—Governor Johnson expressed surprise when told of the birth of a daughter to Mrs. Brennan in the Stillwater penitentiary and showed unconcealed indignation.

"It should never have been permitted," he said. "The very thought is repulsive. The child should be removed from the prison as soon as possible."

DEATH OF COLONEL FOLSOM.

Pioneer Business Man of Stillwater Dies Unexpectedly.

Stillwater, Minn., July 29.—Colonel Edwin A. Folsom died this morning unexpectedly, although he had been in feeble health for some weeks.

He was prominently identified in partnership with David Bronson. He was born in Exeter, N. H., June 30, 1833, and was educated in the schools of Bangor, Me. Coming to this city in 1856 he accepted a clerical position with Hersey, Staples & Co. and later engaged in business for himself.

In 1862 he raised a company of soldiers in the city and enlisted as Company C, Eighth Minnesota, and served two years against the Indians as captain of the company. Then he went to the South and was promoted to major, lieutenant colonel and breveted colonel.

LIGHTNING KILLS TWO MEN.

Bolt Hits Buggy in Which They Are Driving.

Redwood Falls, Minn., July 26.—Nicholas Walter, a furniture dealer of Morgan, Minn., and Alfred Bahm, a farmer in Three Lakes township, were killed by a bolt of lightning at the Agency hill, eight miles east of Redwood Falls, about 6:30 p. m.

The men were seen driving to the Minnesota river on a fishing tour early in the morning and undoubtedly were returning home when the bolt struck them, killing them instantly. One of the horses was also killed.

There were no papers on the men to identify them and it was not until the coroner had begun his investigation that it became known who they were.

BINDER TWINE IN DEMAND.

Prison Output Cannot Meet Calls From Farmers.

Stillwater, Minn., July 28.—Despite the cut in prices by the binder twine concern that is making flax fiber twine at the Hazel Park factory near St. Paul the output of the state prison factory will not be sufficient to meet the demands of Minnesota farmers. Every day cash orders are being rejected. The factory will continue to work overtime until the end of the season. Some new machinery, recently purchased, is being installed in the prison plant.

Two Brothers Drowned.

Minneapolis, July 27.—Carl and Ralph Dove, aged nine and ten respectively, were drowned at Hefton lake while bathing. They were at the lake with a party of older boys, but went in swimming together. The bodies were found locked in each other's arms and it is supposed that one of the boys was taken with cramps and that the other in attempting a rescue was caught and held.

Hessian Fly in Grain Fields.

Minneapolis, July 26.—Field observers in the employ of the state entomological department report that the Hessian fly is again busy in the grain fields. So far, no reports of actual damage to the crops have been received, but the fly is present in considerable numbers.

HOUSE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Three Children Dead and Their Mother Badly Burned.

Scanlon, Minn., July 25.—Three children, Bertha, Minnie and Bessie Sartivell, five, three and one year old, respectively, were burned to death in the destruction by lightning of their father's house two miles below this city. The mother of the children was so badly burned that her recovery is doubtful.

At the time of the accident Daniel Sartivell, father of the children, a local musician, was playing at a dancehouse not far distant from the scene of the tragedy.

When the house was struck the mother was stunned by the shock and did not recover consciousness until the flames had reached her bed. In a dazed condition she crawled through the blinding smoke to the doorway. When she reached the outer air she fell faint and lay in a stupor until found by persons who were attracted by the light of the fire. It is probable that the children were dead from shock or asphyxiation before the mother realized her own danger.

SUIT CASE WAS MISSING.

Minnesota Man Put in Several Anxious Hours Awaiting Its Return.

St. Louis, July 26.—The mistake of Alonzo Kimberlin, a bellboy at the Terminal hotel in Union *Station in* giving a suit case containing $150,000 in cash and negotiable securities to the wrong man, caused William Bender, Jr., of Mankato, Minn., eighteen hours of anxiety, which ended when the suit case was returned intact.

Kimberlin, who was entrusted with the grip while Bender bought his ticket, was hailed by a man who, he says was dressed similarly to Bender, saying "Come on, ready now." Kimberlin followed the man to a Chicago bound train, which immediately departed and on his return to the station met Bender and explanations followed.

The suit case was intercepted by telegraph at Litchfield, Ill. Bender later departed for Anderson, Ind., and he again selected Kimberlin to carry the suit case to the train.

LITTLE GIRL CREMATED.

Burned to Death While Playing Around a Bonfire.

Duluth, July 25.—Little Annie Fierst, the nine-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Fierst, was burned to death a short distance from her home at Chisholm while playing around a bonfire. Her little playmates at a neighbor's house had refused her permission to play with them, so she returned to her home, obtained some matches and proceeded to have a bonfire of her own. In placing some branches on the pile, her dress became ignited and instantly she was enveloped in flames. Screaming with pain and terror she ran towards her home, which only made matters worse. She lingered several hours in intense pain, finally becoming unconscious, in which condition she expired. Her body was frightfully burned from the breast down.

CHARGE TOO HEAVY.

Burglars Blow Out Entire Front of Building.

St. Paul, July 27.—The postoffice and the general store of J. M. Hickey at St. Paul Park were dynamited by burglars and damage amounting to fully $1,500 was done.

The thieves went to the postoffice shortly after midnight. The stamp safe was dynamited and $100 in cash and some stamps were taken. The safeblowers then went to Hickey's general store and tried to blow the iron safe. The charge was too heavy and instead of breaking the safe door blew out the entire front of the building.

Convict Gets a Pension.

Stillwater, Minn., July 26.—James G. Nugent, an inmate of the state prison, has been allowed a pension of $6 per month, dating from Oct. 9, 1897, and $10 a month from May 19, 1906. The sum now amounts to $632. He was a member of Company B, Sixth Minnesota. Nugent was sent up for life from Wright county June 6, 1894, for killing his daughter while in delirium tremens. Last April the board of pardons commuted his sentence to twenty-five years.

Three Children Injured.

St. Paul, July 24.—Three babies were nearly killed and a score of pedestrians were imperiled by a runaway on Payne avenue. Katherine Scanlon, eleven months old, is at the point of death with a fractured skull and internal injuries; her twin brother Francis is badly bruised and shaken up, and Baby Danielson, the two-year-old son of Andrew Danielson, is badly bruised and cut.

Horse Drags Boy to Death.

Red Wing, Minn., July 26.—Rudolph Mehrkens, the fifteen-year-old son of J. Mehrkens, a well known farmer in Hay Creek, attempted to ride from the field on a workhorse and became entangled in the harness. The horse ran away and dragged the boy fifteen or twenty rods over a rough road. The boy was dead before the horse reached the barn.

Will Move to Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, July 27.—The American Malting company, or "Maltin, Trust," the greatest corporation of its kind and predominant in the barley trade of the United States, will remove its purchasing headquarters from Milwaukee to Minneapolis about August 1. Minneapolis is now the greatest primary barley center in the country.

1906			AUGUST			1906
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Bloodshed at Cameron dam, in Sawyer county, Wis., resulting from a sharp battle between the family of John F. Dietz and a squad of six militiamen led by Sheriff Gylland, in which Clarence Dietz and one of the militiamen were wounded, perhaps fatally, is expected to be followed by the dispatch of one or two companies of the Wisconsin national guard with orders to take Dietz dead or alive.

In full view of hundreds of spectators, powerless to interfere, Graham T. Dibbs blew himself into shreds with dynamite at Wellington, Kan. A hole was torn in the street where *Dibbs* had stood, but no trace of the body could be found near the scene. Small bits of clothing and flesh were found several rods away. The explosion shattered the windows in nearly every house in town.

William Lee, the negro youth who was sentenced to death in Baltimore three weeks ago for assaulting two women in Somerset county and who had been threatened with lynching, was hanged by Sheriff Brown on Smiths island in the presence of his deputies and a few witnesses. The mob that had threatened to burn Lee at the stake was completely outwitted by the sheriff.

Elmer Dempster, a nineteen-year-old negro, has been arrested for the murder of Mrs. Samuel Pearce and two children and the shooting of a third child near Canonsburg, Pa. The prisoner admits his guilt. Officers having the negro in custody were compelled to use their revolvers to keep off a mob bent on lynching him.

Prompted by jealous rage Salvatore Deve, twenty-five years old, fired four shots at Theresa Lodito in New York city. Miss Lodito escaped uninjured, but three pedestrians were struck by flying bullets, two of them being seriously wounded.

William H. Belcher, former mayor of Paterson, N. J., has returned to that city and surrendered himself to the officials. Belcher, who is accused of embezzling a large sum of money, was forced by his poverty to give himself up.

Adolph Webber, who murdered his father, mother, brother and sister at Auburn, Cal., two years ago in order to obtain possession of the family estate of about $60,000, has been sentenced to be hanged on Sept. 12.

It is reiterated that the proposition to make an attempt to secure a lunacy commission to adjudge Harry K. Thaw insane has been dropped even by counsel retained by Mrs. William Thaw.

John A. Cooke, former clerk of the Cook county (Ill.) circuit court, who has been on trial at Chicago for several weeks on a charge of stuffing payrolls, has been found guilty.

Mrs. H. A. Leptroot was shot and instantly killed and her husband probably fatally wounded while sitting on the porch of their residence near Cherry Valley, Ark.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

T. A. Renner, a wealthy sheepowner and banker of Meeteetse, Wyo., and his bride, formerly Miss Catherine Woods of Eddyville, Neb., were drowned in a flood caused by a cloudburst in Iron gulch, near Meeteetse. They had been spending their honeymoon at one of Renner's ranches and were driving to town when their buggy was overturned in a stream.

A terrific wind and hail storm struck St. Louis and vicinity Thursday afternoon. Lightning started seven fires in different parts of the city. A negro, name unknown, was blown from his wagon under a passing fire engine and killed.

Four persons were probably fatally injured and more than two score others received more or less serious injuries in a collision of trolley cars at Johnstown, Pa.

Two yachts coming in from the fishing banks capsized on Hereford inlet bar off Anglesea, N. J., and so far as can be ascertained eight persons lost their lives.

Two men were killed and more than twenty were injured by the explosion of a boiler at the plant of the Vincennes (Ind.) Paper Mills company.

Five persons were drowned during a squall on Lake Nochtawante, near Fulton, Mo., their boat being capsized.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Colonel A. J. Smith, general passenger and ticket agent of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway, probably one of the best known railway men in the country, is dead at Harriettstown, N. Y.

H. C. Brokmeyer, former lieutenant governor of Missouri, is dead at St. Louis. Mr. Brokmeyer was a nephew of Prince Otto Bismarck on his mother's side.

Mrs. Ferdinand Reese, the oldest woman in Indiana and perhaps in the United States, is dead at Laporte, Ind., aged 113 years.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Judge Landis of the United States district court at Chicago holds that Zion City and its industries do not belong to Dowie; that, while the contributors of the funds did not express a formal declaration of trust, a trust was created and Dowie had no right to treat the property as his own. The court named a receiver for the property and ordered the election of a general overseer for the church.

Russell Sage's fortune, estimated at from $70,000,000 to $80,000,000, has been left virtually to charity. Those close to Mrs. Sage, to whom practically the entire estate was bequeathed, declare with seeming authority that the millions will be distributed in aid of worthy objects and in accordance with an understanding reached by the financier and his wife long ago.

St. Paul and Minneapolis are promised a new packing plant which will be third in size in the country and the most completely equipped in modern appliances and scientific methods of any in the world. This promise is made by J. Ogden Armour, who has an option on 800 acres of land between the two cities.

At a sensational meeting of the stockholders of the Westinghouse Electric company at Pittsburg George Westinghouse, president of the company, *was bitterly assailed* and he was charged openly by stockholders with launching private ventures with the company's funds.

Except for small bequests to relatives the fortune of Russell Sage is left to his widow. There are no charitable bequests in the will. Each of Mr. Sage's nephews and nieces is left $25,000.

The board of review of Cook county, Ill., has demanded $2,800,000 in back taxes and taxes for the present year from the estate of the late Marshall Field.

Fourteen brick plants in various cities of the United States have been merged into the Hydraulic Press Brick company, with headquarters at St. Louis.

At Kingston, in Williamson county, Tenn., a negress gave birth to six children. The children are well formed and all were alive at last accounts.

The strike of 8,000 miners, which has been on in Eastern Ohio since April 1, has been settled and the men have returned to work.

Attorneys for John D. Rockefeller have given bond for the oil king's appearance in court at Findlay, O., on Sept. 4.

The body of Russell Sage has been buried in Oakwood cemetery at Troy, N. Y., beside the body of his first wife.

Six hundred Chicago window washers will strike Aug. 1 unless their demand for increased wages is granted.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

John D. Rockefeller returned from Europe Saturday on the steamer Amerika. No attempts were made to serve any legal papers on Mr. Rockefeller in connection with the legal proceedings against him at Findlay, O., when he left the Amerika at Hoboken.

John Alexander Dowie will appeal from the decision of Judge Landis of the federal court declaring Zion City a trust estate and holding that the deposed first apostle has no individual proprietorship in the estate.

Mrs. William Ellis Corey, wife of the president of the United States Steel corporation, has been granted a divorce at Reno, Nev. Mrs. Corey also was given the custody of her sixteen-year-old son, Allan Corey.

William J. Bryan, who was introduced by Ambassador Reid, was received in private audience by King Edward at Buckingham palace Thursday. The visit was paid at the king's special request.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university has been made an officer of the French Legion of Honor.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 30.—Wheat—July, 74⅝c; Sept., 74¼c; Dec., 76⅛c; May, 80⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 75¼c; No. 3 Northern, 73¼@74c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 30.—Wheat—To arrive—No. 1 Northern, 77¼c; No. 2 Northern, 75½c. On track—No. 1 Northern, 77¼c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅝c; July, 77c; Sept., 75⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12¾; July, $1.14; Sept., $1.12¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$6.00@6.45. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.75; good to prime spring lambs, $6.00@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 30.—Wheat—July, 73⅛c; Sept., 74⅝@74¾c. Corn—July, 51c; Sept., 50⅝c. Oats—July, 32c; Sept., 32¼c. Pork—Sept., $18.95. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 15@20c; dairies, 15@17½c. Eggs—12@15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11c; springs, 14@15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75@6.40; cows and heifers, $1.25@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; Texans, $4.00@5.00; calves, $5.00@7.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.30@6.70; good heavy, $6.35@6.70; rough heavy, $6.00@6.30; light, $6.35@6.70; pigs, $5.65@6.40. Sheep, $3.50@6.35; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

At the end of a long series of conferences between the representatives of the central committees of the Social Democrats, social revolutionists, Peasants' league, workmen's councils of Moscow and St. Petersburg, the group of toil members of the outlawed parliament and professional leagues it was decided not to attempt immediately to summon the people to declare a general strike or armed uprising. It was decided, however, energetically to push preparations and to address manifestos to the army and navy, peasants, workmen and the people generally.

A passenger train carrying government money and guarded by a detachment of soldiers and gendarmes was attacked between Czenstochowa and Herby, Russian Poland, by a numerous, well armed band. Lively firing ensued, during which two gendarmes, four soldiers and two civil employes were killed and others of the guards were wounded. The attacking party carried off more than $100,000. Later details say that among the killed were General Svekat, chief of the frontier guard, and General Weitenring, chief of the customs service.

War to the knife with revolution, and the knife to the hilt, has been *proclaimed by Premier Stolypin* in a telegram addressed to the governors general and prefects throughout Russia and to the viceroy of the Caucasus, who are ordered to strike and spare not in efforts to preserve order and crush "the enemies of society."

"Strong handed reform" is given by M. Stolypin as the keynote of his administration. The new premier says that this policy, with the aid of the "innate patriotism of the masses" and the army, which, "in spite of all reports," is still loyal and reliable," will tide the country over until the convocation of the next parliament.

Proclamations announcing that the death sentence has been imposed on the emperor; General Trepoff; M. Pobiedonosteff, who was procurator general of the holy synod; General Orloff, the "pacificator" of the Baltic provinces, and others have been scattered over part of Peterhof.

The Social Democrats have decided to support the action of the revolutionary groups last week in pushing the agitation for a general strike and uprising.

Stirring appeals and unveiled threats are contained in the address to the army and navy by the radical groups of the late parliament, just made public.

A mutinous outbreak in the Sevski regiment at Poltava was suppressed by the use of machine guns, several men being killed or wounded.

Eighteen thousand men are now on strike at Moscow.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A large band of Pulajanes attacked a column of constabulary and regulars commanded by Captain George H. McMaster of the Twenty-fourth infantry near Baneun, island of Leyte. The engagement resulted in the Pulajanes being repulsed with the loss of 150 men killed and wounded. The troops and constabulary suffered no losses.

Lieutenant Clarence England, navigating officer of the United States cruiser Chattanooga, was accidentally shot and killed at Chefoo, China, by a member of the crew of the French armored cruiser Dupetit Thouars, engaged in target practice.

Ferdinand von Saar, the author and member of the upper house of the Austrian reichsrath, committed suicide at Vienna because of ill health.

The mayor of Havana and all the aldermen have resigned in anticipation of a request for their resignations by President Palma.

Queen Wilhelmina was taken ill Tuesday night. A premature delivery followed, causing gloom throughout Holland.

Prince Eugene Murat was killed near Karlsbad, Bohemia, by the overturning of his automobile.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Charles A. Towne, formerly a Republican member of congress from Minnesota and now one of Tammany's representatives in the lower house, is a candidate for the vice presidential nomination provided Bryan is named to head the next Democratic national ticket.

The Central Federated union of New York city, after a long debate, has decided to go into politics in accordance with the recommendation to the affiliated unions made by President Gompers of the Federation of Labor.

Former United States Senator William E. Mason of Illinois has announced himself a candidate to succeed Senator Hopkins.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The French embassy at Washington has been instructed to express the deep regrets of the French government at the killing of Lieutenant Clarence England, navigating officer of the United States cruiser Chattanooga, who was mortally wounded at Chefoo July 23 by a rifle bullet fired from the French armored cruiser Dupetit Thouars while the crew of the latter were engaged in small arms practice.

Secretary Wilson has made public the regulations under the new law governing the inspection of meat products for interstate and foreign trade. The regulations are stringent throughout and are in line with the best authorities on the subjects of sanitation, preservatives, dyes, chemicals and condemnation of diseased carcasses.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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The Minnesota State Fair, located midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis, is the greatest institution of its kind in the United States, and its so near home that everyone ought to go, have a good time and enjoy themselves.

Tickets on sale Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th inclusive, good returning until September 10, 1906. Ask the agent.

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION TO SELL, MORTGAGE OR LEASE LAND.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to William Robinson, Annie I. E. Robinson and Jessie Jackson all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent. The petition of Annie I. E. Robinson as representative of the above named decedent being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to her granted to sell the same.

Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of August, 1906, at [illegible] o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 1st day of August, 1906.

[COURT SEAL.] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate Court.

FARGO & STANTON,
Attorneys for Petitioner.

aug 2 16

THE DAIRYMAN

An affection which is variously known as hoove blown, dew blown, fog sickness, grass sickness, etc., is familiar to the farmers on grass farms.

The principal cause of hoven is fermentation of the food and the consequent generation of gas in the rumen or paunch. The food most prone to undergo this fermentation is rich, succulent grass or that bedewed with moisture. All animals eat more or less greedily on being first turned into the pasture, and if it be a fresh one, particularly young clover, they rapidly and with scarcely any mastication gorge themselves. The passage of air into the stomach with the rapid and large gulps materially assists in the process of fermentation and adds to the accumulation of gas. This unnaturally overloaded condition of the stomach soon induces suspension of the paristaltic action of the organ and, the digestive process being checked, active fermentation soon follows.

Decomposed or frosted vegetables, particularly mangolds, will also give rise to hoven.

The symptoms are most distressing. The paunch is blown up like a bladder and when struck with the hand sounds like a drum. Probably there are few diseases in which the animal suffers such intense agony as in this. He gets up and lies down; respiration is difficult from the distended stomach pressing against the lungs; he evinces his pain by striking his belly with his feet; if no relief is given the brain soon becomes affected, evidenced by the animal becoming unconscious; the breathing becomes more difficult, and the poor animal falls, unable to rise. The disease runs its course very quickly; hence the necessity of prompt and decided measures.

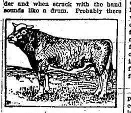

OPERATION FOR HOVEN.
[The cross shows where to puncture for relief.]

Ohio Farmer, in which the foregoing account of this trouble occurs, advises treatment as follows: The first object is to get rid of the accumulated gas, and if the paunch is very much distended and the danger of death immediate recourse should be had to puncturing that organ. The puncture should be made on the left side at the point indicated in the accompanying cut. The usual directions for finding the proper place are to measure a hand's breadth from the last rib. More definite directions are to locate a point equidistant from the hip bone, the last rib and the lateral processes of the backbone. The proper instrument for puncturing is what is called a trocar, the cannula or case of which should be left in the wound for some time so that the gas generated may escape as fast as formed. It is not often that the farmer possesses an instrument of this kind, or if he does it may not be at hand the instant its use is required. In this case a common penknife may be used, which should be plunged into the rumen and an opening made large enough to admit the finger. A small piece of elder wood will do well as a substitute for a cannula. In slighter cases when time is not so much of an object medicine may be given to relieve the animal, and many patent preparations are in use to effect this object. Aromatic spirits of ammonia, one-half to one ounce doses, repeated every hour or oftener, gives good results. Carbonate of ammonia in four dram doses in hot water, repeated every hour as long as required, acts well.

Hoven admits of no delay or experimental treatment by medicines. Escape of the confined gas is immediately necessary. A dose of from one to two pounds of epsom salts or a quart of raw linseed oil after puncturing is beneficial.

New Creamery Law In Iowa.

The legislature of Iowa has passed a law requiring all creamery operators to pasteurize skim milk at 185 degrees before delivery to the patrons. The bill went through both houses with substantial majorities. It is understood that the moving cause of the law was the spread of tuberculosis among hogs that are fed on the ordinary creamery skim milk. If every farmer would do as he should do and tuberculin test his cows once each year we would soon have none of this disease to destroy our cows and hogs. When the pinch comes, maybe some of them will see it. —Hoard's Dairyman.

Water Content of Butter.

In experiments at the Wisconsin station working the butter immediately after washing slightly increased the water content of the butter over that obtained when granular butter was allowed to drain about half an hour before washing. Allowing the granular butter to stand in water for some time increased the water content of the butter as compared with working immediately after washing. Increasing the amount of churning in the wash water did not always increase the water content of the butter.

GRADING CREAM.

Factors That Influence the Test of Cream From Separators.

First grade cream should contain not less than 30 per cent of butter fat, for the reason that cream with this per cent of butter fat will keep better and cost less to transport than cream of a lower per cent of fat, and the dairyman will recover more skim milk. Some causes that tend to lower the butter fat to below 30 per cent in cream separated with a cream separator are as follows: The variation in the per cent of butter fat of hand separated cream is very great if operators are not careful in operating their machines uniformly.

Running the Separator.

The first and probably the most important cause that reduces the per cent of butter fat in cream is by turning too slowly, not giving the bowl enough speed. Anything that tends to change the speed of the bowl from one separation to another influences the per cent of butter fat in the cream. A uniform speed of the bowl is obtained by turning the crank at a given speed at all times and giving the crank an equal pressure at all points in its circuit around the axis. The speed at which the machine should be run is indicated by the manufacturer. Follow these instructions and count the revolutions each time the machine is used to be sure that the speed is maintained. If milk is warm the cream will contain a slightly higher per cent of butter fat; if cold it will contain a slightly lower per cent, other conditions being equal. Milk immediately after it is drawn from the cow has the proper temperature at which to separate.

Other Details.

Milk should be run through a separator at a constant rate. If milk is fed into the separator at an uneven rate, if at times the flow of milk be stopped, the thickness of the cream will be greatly influenced. The faster milk is run through a separator the thinner will be the cream, other conditions being equal.

The amount of water or skim milk used to flush out the bowl will naturally tend to decrease the per cent of butter fat by diluting the cream with water or milk.

There is a cream screw or skim milk screw in each separator for the purpose of changing the thickness of cream when desired. By this it can be so regulated as to skim thin or thick cream, and when once set, if all other conditions of the separator are uniform, it will produce nearly a constant per cent of butter fat.—Oscar Erf, Kansas Experiment Station.

Dairy Talk of Today

Are you feeding a cheese cow trying to get butter? Use your scales and Babcock test and find out for sure.

The Better Dairy Farming.

It is known of all men that it is far cheaper and more economical and better dairy farming to grow your protein on the farm than to buy it at the store, even though the purchased ground feed is bringing a fertilizer on to the farm to counteract the depleting effect of selling milk off the farm. Especially, according to Home and Farm, does this stand true for those dairymen who live below the Ohio river and in the extreme south, where the legumes grow so freely and can often be followed by or follow another crop on the same land.

The Nervous Cow.

A cow will nearly always give more milk when she is milked by a person who has been accustomed to milk her than she will when a stranger takes her in hand. Some cows are more nervous or sensitive about being handled by strangers than others, but those nervous cows are usually the best milk producers. Frequent changes of milkmen are not desirable.

Real Dairy Slaves.

The day is most surely coming when we will see that it is real economy to cut down the number of our herds and get better stock. Then we will get out of the bondage we are now in. The real dairy slaves are the ones that are keeping so many cows that do not begin to pay for their keeping. At least that is the opinion of Squire Little.

A Large Body of Ignorance.

There is a large body of dairy ignorance in the world. It seems to be moving a little, so let us be patient one with another. You know how large bodies move.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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RIVER AND
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AND SEE
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10:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.....Middle River ...Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1906 NUMBER 32

Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

WORK MUST BE FINISHED

Commissioner Johnson Takes a Firm Stand in Ditch Matters.

Farmers Living Southeast of Here to Have Work Done Up Right.

County Commissioner Ole J. Johnson, of Plummer, was in the city last week and while here in company with Commissioner Shaw went southeast of here to look over the Rocksbury-North ditch No. 2. The contract for building this ditch was let in 1902 to Wm. Eickhoff, of St. Hilaire, who shortly afterwards got into financial difficulties and it has never been completed. For three years the farmers, whose lands this ditch is supposed to drain, have paid ditch taxes and have never received but a very small amount of benefits. Last fall the engineer in charge of this ditch reported that the ditch had been completed, but the county commissioners refused to accept the work, claiming that in many places the ditch had not been dug as deep as the contract called for. Accordingly the county attorney was instructed to notify the bondholders to complete the work and a few men are now at work upon the ditch.

Mr. Johnson, in whose commissioner district the ditch is located, states that the ditch will never be accepted until it is completed according to contract, and is determined that the farmers in that section get a fair deal. It is not at all unlikely that there will be some litigation over the matter before the affair is ended.

Farmers In Contest.

T. A. Hoverstad, of Dennison, formerly superintendent of the state experimental farm at Crookston was a visitor here last Thursday. Mr. Hoverstad is one of the judges in the James J. Hill farm contest and has spent the past two months inspecting farmers in Minnesota and North and South Dakota who have entered contest.

Mr. Hoverstad informs us that about one hundred farmers in the three states have qualified in the contest and that Peter Englestad and Norman E. Beebe, both of Rocksbury, had entered. Mr. Hoverstad inspected their farms on Thursday and made The Spectator a call when he informed us that in all his travels he had seen more and better red clover in this part of Red Lake county than in any place in the three states.

"If your farmers keep on the way they have been going for the past few years, it will not be long before it will take a rich man to buy one of your farms," said Mr. Hoverstad in parting. —St. Hilaire Spectator.

A Permanent College for Thief River Falls.

Prof. J. A. Button, owner of a chain of business colleges throughout Minnesota and North Dakota has purchased the college here and will open his school on September 15th. Prof. Button has the largest college in the State at Crookston, having had an enrollment of over 200 pupils last year, and there is no doubt that he will succeed here. His schools at Wadena, Grafton, Devils Lake and Bismark are growing rapidly and will in the near future be as large as his Crookston school. Thief River Falls needs such an institution and now that a man is at its head who will spare no pains to make it one of the best in the country we should take hold and assist in making it a success from the start.

PETITION FILED.

Division of Marshall County to Be Voted Upon This Fall.

The creation of new counties in Minnesota is becoming popular. The latest on the list is the county of Hiawatha. It is to be a part of what is now Marshall county.

A numerously signed petition calling for the new county was filed with Secretary of State Hanson today and later transferred to Gov. Johnson who will issue a proclamation specifying the next general election as the time for voting on the same.

The new district as decribed comprises an equal division of Marshall county and has the required area and population The village of Middle River is to be the county seat.

The new board of county commissioners specified for the new county is composed of Gustav Berg, Bredo Svenson, C. O. Andrson, P. A. Risberg and N. Sundhund.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Should Get the Money.

Some time ago State Supt. Olson sent out to boards of education in the rural districts Bulletin No. 3, which carefully enumerates the requirements by law made necessary before a district is entitled to state aid. What are known as second grade schools meeting these requirements and others demanded by the state receive $50 per year while the first grade school receives $125 per year. It seems however that many of these schools have been dodging the heat and ventilation requirements and Supt. Olson has decided to hold them strictly to the requirements of the aforementioned bulletin, $50 or $125 yearly is of great assistance to these rural schools and boards of education should see to it that the aid be not lost thru neglect.—Twin Valley Times.

Gets a Promotion.

Charles F. Stewart, who for the past number of years has been operator and ticket agent for the Great Northern here, left last Friday evening for Crookston, where he will be the ticket agent for the Great Northern at that place in the future. The new position is in the nature of a promotion for Mr. Stewart and his many friends here are glad to see that he has been advanced.

Brown Was In Town.

Plummer Pioneer.—W. G. Brown, who closed up his saloon here last week and went to some unknown points, was here on Monday last and squared up a few debts due by him to local parties. He says that within the next sixty days he will have money enough to square up all his bills and will do so. He says that no one will lose a dollar through his closing up if they will give him a little time.

Burning a Kiln of Brick.

Work of burning a kiln of some 85,000 brick was started the first of the week in the Zeh brick yards on the "horse shoe" south of the lumber company yards. This will be the first kiln of brick ever burned from clay taken from the "horse shoe," but it is believed that the brick will be good ones as the clay has been pronounced to be good by experts. It will take several days before the brick are burned thoroughly.

Red Lake Case.

The case of Peterson vs. the Town of Emardsville in Red Lake county was arraigned before Judge Watts this morning on a motion for a new trial on the grounds that it was the village of Plummer that was liable for the care of a pauper whose keep concerned in the case and for which the suit is brought. Upon the denial of a new trial notice of of appeal was served to the supreme court.—Crookston Times.

TO VOTE THIS YEAR

County Seat Case to Be Decided at Fall Term of Court.

That Means That the Election Will Be Held This Year.

The appeal to the state supreme court in the matter of the injunction proceedings restraining the county auditor from calling an election in the county seat case has been perfected and it is now an assured fact that the case will be heard at the October term of court. As this is a matter of public importance, it is expected that it will be one of the first cases that the court decides and that being the case it is quite likely that the election upon the county seat removal will be held sometime the latter part of November or about the first of December. According to local attorneys this is the last move that Red Lake Falls can make, to block the removal of the county seat except to contest the election.

How to Kill Mustard.

Wild mustard, the bugbear of the northwestern farmer, may be eradicated from grain fields by spraying the grain with a solution of sulphate of iron. This is the announcement of O. C. Gregg, superintendent of the state farmers institute, who has been conducting a series of experiments on his farm in Lynd, Lyon county. Mr. Gregg declares he has established absolutely that the mustard pest can be killed by using the sulphate of iron solution. Farmers who have waged war against the wild mustard will appreciate the importance of Mr. Gregg's discovery. Securing a foothold in a field of grain, the mustard spreads rapidly, and unless entirely eradicated before it goes to seed, it will cover the whole field within a few years. Different methods of exterminating the pest have been resorted to, but none seems entirely satisfactory, as the mustard seeds are tenacious and the plant is prolific. The method used by Mr. Gregg in killing the mustard is simple. When the grain was about four inches high and the mustard plants had developed three leaves, he sprayed his field with the sulphate of iron solution and found that the mustard was destroyed while the grain was not affected. The only difficulty he has encountered has been in procuring machinery which would do the work of spraying cheaply and economically. Mr. Gregg will discuss his experiments at the farmers' institutes to be held next winter.

Blind Pig at Strandquist.

Sheriff Forsberg of Warren drove out to Strandquist last Friday night and arrested A. P. Lundstrom for the illegal sale of liquor. Mr. Forsberg came upon his man unexpectedly and had no difficulty in securing tangible evidence in the shape of original packages of beer and maltum, which he promptly confiscated. Mr. Lundstrom was brought to Warren and had his hearing before Justice Keenan on Saturday. He plead guilt and was fined $50 and costs, or 60 days in jail. Being without money he had to chose the latter punishment.

Fant's Telephone.

H. Fant of Thief River Falls has a crew of men at work putting up the poles on his telephone line from this place to Warroad. He expects to have the line in operation before fall and if a sufficient number of subscribers are secured, will install his exchange here.—Greenbush Journal.

Meeting of School Board.

The new school board held its first meeting last Saturday afternoon and and organized by electing the following officers:

President—Lars Backe.
Treasurer—E. E. Zeh.
Clerk—Dr. Penney.

The regular meetings of the board will be on the Wednesday of each month.

New Magazines.

The Thief River Falls Library now has a number of new magazines which will be at the disposal of those desiring to use the reading room of the library. The magazines are as follows: Life, St. Nicholas, Century, Lippincotts, McClures, Ladies Home Journal and Youth's Companion.

Died Last Week.

Edward Burgess, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Burgess who recently removed to this city from Rollis, died last Friday morning of consumption. The funeral services were held Saturday afternoon. The young man was a little over 28 years of age and well liked by all who knew him.

THE ST. PAUL JOBBERS

About Fifty of Them Were Here Last Saturday Morning.

Report Condition of Crops on the Wheatline as Looking Fine

The excursion train bearing about fifty members of the St. Paul Jobbers Association was in Thief River Falls last Saturday morning. The jobbers had been out through North Dakota and came in over the Wheatline from Kenmare. They report that the crops along the Wheatline were looking decidedly fine and that the country seemed to be very prosperous.

The Minnesota State Band, which accompanied the jobbers, rendered several selections, while the jobbers were busy talking with many of our local merchants regarding trade conditions.

The following was the personnel of the party.

Kenneth Clark, president Merchants National bank.
W. A. Miller, cashier First National bank.
Henry von der Weyer, assistant cashier National German-American bank.
George M. Tibbs, Hutchings & Co.
Victor Robertson, Finch, Young & McConville.
George Warner, Lindeke, Warner & Sons.
H. B. Gates, Hackett, Walther, Gates Hardware company.
C. D. Maclaren, Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.
Roy P. Ingmundson, Nicols, Dean & Gregg.
E. A. Konantz, Konantz-Gaver company.
M. Heidenreich, P. R. L. Hardenberg & Co.
Herman Scheffer, Scheffer & Rossum.
John F. Kelley, Foley Bros. & Kelley.
H. G. Allen, J. H. Allen & Co.
J. B. Emmerson, Griggs, Cooper & Co.
John Seabury, Seabury, Blaine & Co.
A. Guiterman, Guiterman Bros.
D. A. Murphy, Hart & Murphy.
A. B. Driscoll, McKibben, Driscoll & Dorsey.
C. L. Kluckholm, Gordon & Ferguson.
John N. Jackson, Lanpher, Skinner & Co.
J. N. Kirby, Noyes Bros. & Cutler.
C. J. Miss, Gotzian & Co.
F. H. Henry, French, Finch & Henry.
L. M. Clark, Sharood Shoe company.
W. H. Mingaye, T. L. Blood & Co.
George Sommers, G. Sommers & Co.
D. J. Reinertsen, Ziegler-Egan company.
J. H. Neal, St. Paul Roofing, Cornice and Ornament company.
Henry Clement, Clement, Dranger & Co.
H. A. Boardman, Wemott, Howard & Co.
H. F. Wessel, Friend Bros.
S. O. Greer, Ogden, Merrill & Greer.
T. A. Schulze, Foot, Schulze & Co.
F. P. Wright, Wright, Barrett & Stillwell.
F. W. Lightner, Stonge, Warner & Co.
H. B. Carroll, St. Paul Union Stock Yards company.
Willis L. Williams, St. Paul Trade Journal.
J. H. Beek, secretary St. Paul Jobbers' and manufacturers' association.
Minor B. Palmer, assistant secretary.
J. M. Hawks, St. Paul Dispatch.
H. M. Lewis, assistant general passenger agent, Soo Line.
A. E. Hodson, local agent, Soo Line.
W. M. Grosh, superintendent dining and sleeping car service, Soo Line.

Going to Thresh.

The annual exodus to the harvest fields has begun. This is a condition that has followed the frontier through Roseau county. The writer knows when the adult male population of Roseau county from August 1 to Oct. 1 did not amount to two per cent of the normal number of men living in the county. In the western, or older, part of the county, this condition is now largely corrected, and instead of going to Red river to work through threshing, the farmers are harvesting their own crops and plowing their own fields.

In the eastern and more heavily timbered part of the county, where the development of a farm is a matter of more time than was the case a few miles farther west, and where the winter is as yet the principal harvest season, the habit prevails, especially among the young men, of going to Dakota to harvest and thresh. But the condition is passing away here, as it did in the older part of the county, as the homesteaders get their places cleared up and under cultivation.—Warroad Plaindealer.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

GOES TO N. D.

Albert Lonson, of This City, Elected Cashier of a North Dakota Bank.

Albert Lonson, who for the past number of years has held the position of teller in the First State Bank here, leaves the latter part of August for Pekin, N. D., where he has accepted the position of cashier of a new bank soon to be organized there by a number of moneyed people. The selection of Mr. Lonson to fill this position is a deserved tribute to this young man who has grown to manhood in Thief River Falls and is in every way capable of filling the responsible position in the Pekin bank.

The position made vacant in the First State Bank by the removal of Mr. Lonson from the city will be filled by Ole Thorson, of Warren, who for the past number of yeas has been bookeeper in the large Tarlseth store at that place.

LABOR SCARCE.

Hundreds of Men Needed for the Harvest and Railroad Work.

In the light of the labor situation, the prospect of a bumper crop is a menace to itself. It is the same old annual summer story of the lack of men but intensified this year because of the heavy acreage in sight and the tremendous railroad development that is using the services of thousands of men that would otherwise help in the harvest. Agents are scouring the states as far south as hands can be secured. The men are being shipped north, transportation free, in preparation for the harvest.

While this is going on, neither railroads or labor agencies are halting at anything to get men to work on railroad extension and betterment work. Wages are high and transportation is free. Although it is to the interest of the railroad to see the harvest cut, their first thought just now is to get the new lines finished in time to carry the new crop.

Hundreds of men are being carried into the northwest for railrord work, however, who have no intention of engaging for longer than the two weeks preceding harvest, unless the railway contractors bid higher than the farmers to keep them. The situation is creating tremendous competition for labor and the farmers are straining every nerve by hook or crook to get ready for the grain cutting.

CASH IS HERE.

The Cash Carnival Company Arrived Monday and to Remain Until Saturday.

The T. I. Cash Carnival Company, of St. Paul, which furnishes the amusement features of the fair, arrived in the city Monday from Grand Forks. They have, if anything, more tent shows and other attractions than ever before, and it is an easy matter for those looking for amusement to part with their money. The Cash people will remain until Saturday when they go to Bemidji where there is a street fair on next week.

Had Good Picking.

Alex. A. Sweaas, George Williams, M. C. Harlow and Sam Cheeley returned Monday from a trip to the Red Lake in their gasoline boats where they had been taking an outing and picking blue berries. They report having had an excellent trip and brought back as many blue berries as their boats would hold, over 1500 quarts in all. Berries in the Red Lake county were very numerous this year, they say.

Bands Coming.

The Warren band will be here tomorrow, the last day of the fair, and will render music all day for the crowds. The Red Lake Falls band comes up today on the Great Northern.

WILL GET MOST OF IT

The Local Lumber Company Will Get About All the White Earth Pine.

E. L. Warren Who Is Buying For Them Was Here Monday.

E. L. Warren, who has been in charge of the work of securing options on the White Earth pine for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, was in Thief River Falls Monday confering with D. N. Winton, local manager for the company here. Mr. Warren says that he has already secured options on over 150,000,000 feet of pine from adult mixed bloods, and these have a perfect right to sell their pine outright without any restrictions upon the part of the government. Most of the remaining standing pine belongs to the minors and full bloods and this will have to be sold by the departmtne of the interior. The department's plan will undoubtedly be to receive sealed bids for the purchase of the pine under certain rules and regulations that will be provided at some future date, but it is not likely to be sold other than on a bank scale, the same way as the local company has purchased the pine from the mixed bloods.

"There is about 400,000,000 feet of pine on this reservation—the best pine there is in the state of Minnesota, too—and I believe that the Thief River Falls Lumber company will secure more than two-thirds of it," said Mr. Warren to the News. "The price that the Thief River Falls Lumber company started in to pay for this pine rather took the wind out of the other lumber companies that were upon the ground first and had expected to purchase it for a song, but they have made a few purchases and the Park Rapids Lumber company is now paying as much as the Thief River Falls Lumber company for a few choice sections in their territory, but the Shevlin and Warehauser interests have bought next to nothing."

Not All Is True.

E. L. Warren, of the White Earth Indian reservation who was in the city Monday, says that the reports of the Indian mixed bloods squandering their money has been greatly exaggerated. "None of the land has been sold," said Mr. Warren, "for the reason that the Indians place a greater value upon it than the real estate dealers will pay. Quite a number have mortgaged their land, and of course there is a class that is spending their money for liquor, but the large majority are holding upon to their lands and money."

Will Soon Be Completed.

F. S. Doege & Co., who have the contracts for building the Central and Knox schools, report that the work is progressing in a very satisfactory manner and that both buildings will be completed by the 1st of September. The Central school will be completed first. Messrs. Doege & Co. are doing a very fine job for the school board so those who have looked over their work say.

Keep Your House Locked.

The police report that the usual number of suspicious characters, attracted here by the fair, are in the city and it would be well for people to keep their houses securely locked.

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CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The Star
STEAM LAUNDRY
BJORKMAN & POST, Props.

Is now running under a new system, and we can always guarantee to give satisfaction to our customers. We have the most modern machinery, and our workmen are skilled and in every way competent. All work promptly and neatly done.

Goods Called for and Delivered
PHONE 118

TO CLEAN THEM OUT

Chief of Police Erickson Causes Arrest of House Across the Track.

Said That There Is to Be a Thorough Housecleaning Out There

Under the state law, Chief of Police E. O. Erickson on Tuesday swore out a warrant for the arrest of all the inmates of the house across the track run by Tom Butler and Myrtle Monroe.

Deputy Sheriff Jarman served the warrant the same day and the only ones arrested were Butler and Monroe. Their trial is set for Saturday afternoon and they were released under bonds of $100 each. The arrest being made under the state law, it will be the duty of the county attorney to prosecute. As they are only charged with being inmates, the offense is not as serious a one as if they were charged with running the house. The latter offense is punishable by a term in the state's prison.

The action of the chief of police was taken upon his own responsibility and it is said that he intends to drive this class of people from the city, to which there would be no great objection.

SEES THE SOO.

Crookston Has Hopes of Securing a New Road.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 7.—A Soo Surveying crew passed through the city yesterday on the way to Erskine, but inquiries as to the work they were doing procured no information. It is known, however, that it was in the employ of the Soo road and that it has been for the last week working in a district from Crookston. The road at present is only twenty-three miles east of the city, and it would take little work for it to enter.

Considerable sentiment exists that Crookston is a Great Northern city and that a competitive road would have little show for business, but other sentiment has developed that the advent of the Soo would mean considerable for the city and its development.

Germantown.

Haying around here is just about finished and farmers are preparing for harvest.

This week will see most of our farmers in town, taking in the County Fair, which no doubt will be worth going after.

The contract for rebuilding the school house in Disticit 76 was let to Weyner and Klabenback and when finished this district will have the finest school house east of the river.

The young folks had a dance at Klabenback's place last Saturday evening, which was well attended.

Our creamery association has decided to put up a feedmill in connection with the creamery fo the accommodation of the farmers and will run both during the winter.

Mr. Cook and Bundhund were hauling lumber from town for the creamery.

John Ristau was on the sick list last week for some days, but is around again.

Races for Today and Tomorrow.

The following will be the races for this afternoon.

Running race ½ mile heat, 2 in 3, Purse $150.00.
Dora Blackburn.
Viroqua.
Dukes.
Bill.
2:30 trot or pace, 1 mile heat, best 3 in 5, Purse $150.00.
Lockstep.
Queenwood.
Fay Medium.
Ruth J.
Special 2:18 trot or pace, purse $250.00.
Geography.
Delbert. G.
Gayosa.
Running novelty, 1 mile heat, Purse $100.00.
Rattler.
Dukes.
Dora Blackburn.
Viroqua.

The races for tomorrow afternoon will be as follows:

Running novelty, 1 mile heat purse $100.
Viroqua.
Dora Blackburn.
Dukes.
Rattler.
Business Men's purse, free for all trot or pace, purse $300.00.
Mixer.
Geography.
Baby Kid.
2:25 Trot or pace, purse $150.00.
Etta Belle.
Lockstep.
Spakrwood.
Running race, 1 mile dash.
Dukes.
Little Joe.
Dora Blackburn.
Viroqua.

FULLER TO RUN.

Will Give His Friends an Opportunity at the Primaries.

Because the local Democrats will refuse to vote for James Ford for county auditor W. B. Fuller, of this city, is being urged to file for the Democrat nomination. Mr. Fuller, it is understood, has given his consent, but will not make an active campaign, as he has no desire to fill the office, but it will give his friends an opportunity to vote for a candidate other than Ford. To all who know Mr. Fuller it will certainly give them much pleasure to cast their vote for him. There is not a cleaner or better man in Red Lake county and there are a whole lot of Republicans who will cast a vote for Mr. Fuller at the Democratic primaries.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Allen Benzie is over from Warren.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, is in the city.

Sheriff Linnihan is up from Red Lake Falls.

Win Williams came down from Rollis Tuesday night.

Adam Zeh came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

D. P. O'Neill was down to Crookston the first of the week.

J. W. Wheeler, the Crookston banker, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Peter Snyder is here from Crookston visiting Mrs. E. E. Rose.

Walt McAndress, of Highlanding was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney Mabey transacted legal business in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

U. S. Senator Clapp will be in the city today and address the people up at the fair grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Tautges leave Saturday for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Powell are here from Warren the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins.

Miss Esther Stebbins, who has been visiting friends at Warren, returned home Tuesday.

Attorney Walseth was up to Highlanding Monday attending to some cases in the justice court.

L. L. Stenseth and wife, of Devils Lake N. D. are in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Stenseth.

The ladies Aid of the Hauges congregation, will meet with Mrs. Ed Ness, Thursday, Aug. 16th, at 3 p. m.

The ladies aid of the Hauges congregation will meet with Mrs. Ed. Ness, Thursday afternoon, Aug. 16th. at 3 p. m.

W. J. Brown, of Warren, who had defended McKenzie came down from Roseau last evening and will remain here during the fair.

Thomas and Patrick Sullivan, two of the substantial farmers living up near Highlanding, came down Tuesday to remain for a few days.

In the farmer's running race yesterday W. A. Elliotts horse took first money. V. G. Brink's horse, second money and A. Voss horse third money.

Miss Minnie May, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city last Friday from Winnipeg where she had been visiting and is the guest of Mrs. Emil E. Zeh.

J. D. Abbott came down from Rollis Tuesday night bringing down the town of Rollis exhibit. He reports that harvest has already started up in his town.

The jury in the McKenzie murder case on Tuesday evening brought in a verdict of guilty and Judge Grindland sentenced McKenzie to hard labor at Stillwater for life.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, a resolution was passed creating a park board of three members This is the first step taken towards the buying of the Myolan and Ramstad properties for park purposes.

Walter Robbecke, who is keeping time for Pat Sullivan on the East Grank Forks drive, was in the city Tuesday. The drive is now below Red Lake Falls and it will be the last drive of logs to be taken to East Grand Forks this season.

Business men in the north end of town are complaining considerable because of the fact that all of the tent shows are located in the southern end of the town and not scattered about the city as heretofore. About all of the shows are located on LaBree avenue south of Third street and as a result the crowds will be kept in that part of town.

The race horses at the fair this year are very numerous, a large number having come on Monday and others on Tuesday and Wednesday. There are said to be some very swift horses among the number and some good races are to be expected this afternoon and tomorrow. C. J. Knox's horse, Lockstep, will be in the races this afternoon and tomorrow afternoon and this will add local interest.

The shows with Cash Carnival company are for the most part the same shows that were here last year, and not many of them are worth the price of admission. It is safe to say that Cash will not do much of a business here this year. The fair is much better than heretofore and the attendance here will be a great deal larger.

THE COUNTY FAIR IS ON

Fifth Red Lake County Fair To Be a A Big Success.

Exhibit of Live Stock and Farm Produce Better Than Ever.

The fifth annual exhibit of the Red Lake County Agricultural Association opened yesterday and will continue until Friday evening.

The exhibit of farm produce and live stock is much better this year than ever before and the fair proper is one of the best ever held in Red Lake county or Northern Minnesota. The exhibit of grain, tame grasses and other farm produce is far ahead of anything ever before seen in this section and the live stock exhibit is even better. There is a very fine exhibit of live stock and special mention can be made of 19 head of cattle which L. Lambertson of Warren and 12 head which C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, have on exhibit. This stock was never seen here before at any previous exhibit.

Today there will be a special excursion train run from Greenbush and it is expected that a large number of those living on the north line will be in attendance. The Red Lake Falls band and a large number from St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls are also expected on the regular Great Northern train.

MUSIC STRINGS.

The Great Amount of Material Required to Meet the Demand.

"One of the most generally accepted but mistaken ideas that are entertained by the people of this country," said a traveling representative of a foreign manufactory of gut strings, "is that strings used on musical instruments are manufactured from catgut. If that were true the cats in this world would have been exterminated many years ago in supplying the market with material for musical instrument strings.

"The fact is that they are manufactured from the intestines of sheep, and in obtaining enough raw material even from these animals the manufacturers at times find difficulty.

"The only string made from the intestines of the feline is that used for surgical purposes—for sewing up wounds. One would be amazed to know that there are millions of musical instrument strings used in North America alone, and just think where the tabbies would be if they had to supply the consumption.

"Another amazing thing is that there are over 700 different grades of musical instrument strings. The demand for strings in North America is increasing every year, especially in the south and in Mexico. There are more guitar strings sold in Mexico than any other kind, but through the south the banjo string is still popular, despite the fact that every year has marked a slight but gradual falling off in the demand."—Kansas City Journal.

THE GOD OF WAR.

Blustering Mars and His Name Month, the Thracian of the Twelve.

Mars was not a favorite among the classic Greeks, nor is his name month a great favorite among the Gothic moderns. The god of war was a barbarian intruder in the Olympian circle. There was something Thracian, and by that token crude and unworthy in his manner. He was more of a blusterer than a fighter, and Homer narrates with evident relish how Pallas Athene tumbled him over in combat, his vast bulk covering several acres. Of wild aspect, untutored ways and indifferent wits, he had little to recommend him but his immoral origin.

Such also is the month that has taken the war god's name. One poet notes its "ugly looks and threats." "A half wild creature cast from nature's lap," another calls it. The proverb "mad as a March hare" says the same thing with less reticence. English people call the month "March Manyweathers" and thereby intimate their doubt of its capacity for sustained purpose. It is the Thracian of the twelve, as September is the Tyrian. There is something blustering and brazen in its aspect, as there is in what people call "a good war." The winds that blow from one end of it to the other are not "the winds of God." A peck of March dust may be worth a king's ransom, as a wise saw has it, but from the average human it gets less grateful guerdon. "Beware the ides of March" is good wisdom for our common humanity.—New York Mail.

Prunes and Indigestion.

Mrs. ——, who knows many a practical thing, had a maid who was dying (or thought she was) of indigestion. Now this maid was too valuable to lose, so her mistress determined to save her life and retain her services. "Maggie, I want you to eat every morning for breakfast three stewed prunes. Now, never more than three. If you were to eat more you would get tired of them. But three will leave you a little hungry for some more prunes and your appetite will steadily increase." Maggie started in obediently and at the end of the week was the healthiest, happiest girl for miles around. Mrs. —— has effected many such cures.—New York Press.

MR. EUGEN SKAADEN

MISS JENNIE ANDERSON.

A concert will be given by the Eugen Skaaden Concert Company, in Evenson,s Hall at 9 o'clock P. M., right after Thomas M. Grady's Lecture. A trio of celebrated artists consisting of Mr. Eugen Skaaden, of Minneapolis, the well known pianist and organist, Jennie Anderson, Soloist, Olive, Presbyterian church, Minneapolis and Miss Christina Holemoe, of Chicago, Violinist.

They come highly recommended and everyone should hear them.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to THIEF RIVER FALLS Wednesday, Sept. 5th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

EVERY-BODY

Is Going to the Fair via

"SOO" LINE

At One Fair for the Round Trip:

The Minnesota State Fair, located midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis, is the greatest institution of its kind in the United States, and its so near home that everyone ought to go, have a good time and enjoy themselves.

Tickets on sale Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th inclusive, good returning until September 10, 1906. Ask the agent.

McCALL PATTERNS 10 15
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50 YEAR

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

—That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone, 221

BIOGRAPHY OF MR. COLE

Something Regarding the Opponent of Gov. John A. Johnson.

Has Resided in Northern Minnesota for a Number of Years.

Albert L. Cole, the Republican candidate for governor, was born on a farm near Canton, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., fifty-nine years ago. He attended the district school until he was fifteen years of age, when he became a student at St. Lawrence university, attending classes during the fall terms, teaching district schools in the winter and working on the farm in the summer. After a few years spent in this manner he was appointed principal of a graded school, a position which he occupied until he was twenty-eight years of age. Mr. Cole proved a successful and popular teacher. His school attained so wide a reputation that the last year he taught the tuition more than paid his salary, the pupils flocking in from all the surrounding country to an extent theretofore unknown in the district. In 1875 Mr. Cole was appointed school commissioner, a position similar to that of county superintendent of schools here, and in which he had 183 teachers under his supervision. He held this position until 1881, when, at the expiration of his term, he moved with his family to Minnesota and settled at Fergus Falls.

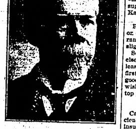

ALBERT L. COLE.

Republican Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

Cole's Business Ventures.

The first two years Mr. Cole was in Fergus Falls he was engaged in the real estate business and the two years following he owned a grocery store. At the end of that time he became interested in a general mercantile business, but here disaster overtook him. Soon after locating in Fergus Falls he had signed notes with friends aggregating many thousand dollars, the burden of which he was at that time called upon to bear. This, together with the fact that his property consisted of non-productive city real estate, on which, owing to the depressed market, he could not realize, made it impossible for him to meet his obligations and failure resulted. His creditors, realizing the burdens which carried him down, at once came to his relief with offers of voluntary settlements and in three months he was again doing business.

In April, 1890, he moved to Motley, where his business rapidly expanded and where, through resourcefulness and untiring energy, he succeeded in the various enterprises in which, in this new country, he thought it profitable to engage. While he was thus annually increasing the volume of his business he was at the same time paying off his former creditors. Since his enterprises have been successful he has paid out many thousand dollars to reimburse men who had signed away their legal claims upon him.

In 1895 Mr. Cole opened branch stores in Pequot and Walker. In 1898 he opened another branch store in Akeley and in 1900 he started a bank in Walker. In all of these enterprises the business was large and profitable. He has since, however, reduced his operations to two stores, one at Akeley and the other at Pequot. He also operates a farm near Motley.

GRADING CREAM.

The Summer Flood of Poor Stuff—Improved Standard and Price.

"The summer season with its flood of cream is near at hand. This year there will be more difficulty in disposing of poor butter than ever before and also more difficulty in getting good cream unless we go at the proposition straight and with vigor. More butter than ever before is going to be made in this western country this coming year, and it is up to the managers of the several creameries to produce the quality. There is absolutely no use in slamming the farmer for sending in poor cream so long as the poor and the good bring the same price. He will not give that extra work and care to make a good cream when there is no more money in it. Would you? Cream must be graded and graded this coming season or our market will be badly injured for many years to come." With this advice Hon. R. M. Washburn, state dairy commissioner of Missouri, suggests the following standard in Kansas Farmer:

Suggested Standard.

First Grade Cream.—Test 30 per cent or over and be smooth and free from rancid or stale flavors. It may be slightly sour if clean.

Second Grade Cream.—Everything else. Then make a difference of at least 4 cents per pound fat between first and second. Pay a good price for good stuff. Then if your competitor wishes to pick up the old stuff at your top price he will be the loser, not you.

Camembert Cheese.

Camembert cheese is already sufficiently well known in this country to insure the ready sale of any brand which shows itself to be always reasonably reliable. Considering the lack of uniform quality in the Camembert cheeses seen on sale in half a dozen of the large cities of the United States, the wonder is not at the smallness of the demand, but that the people will continue to buy it at all. Inquiry shows that many people are fond of the cheese, but never buy it because they cannot depend upon the product. Dealers do not like to handle it for the same reason. The fact that local demand compels grocers in cities, often against their will, to handle such cheeses is evidence that a really good and reliable Camembert cheese would make for itself a large market.—H. W. Conn.

Remedy For Mottles.

If after standing a few hours butter is found to show a mottled appearance this can be overcome by putting it on the worker and giving [illegible] working. The mottled [illegible] dicates that some step in the working of the butter has not been thoroughly done. It is due to an uneven distribution of salt and possibly to the presence of casein that has not been washed from the butter, the action of the salt on the casein forming lighter spots in the butter. The best remedy for mottles is to thoroughly wash the butter when it is in granular form, before the salt is added, and then to work it until it has reached a waxy condition.

Demonstration.

One man kept a record of his cows a year. One cow yielded a profit of $3.00; another, $51.40.

In Brief.

Cream is cash.

Keep the calves growing.

Don't mix warm and cold milk.

Dairy farming is cash farming.

A good cow is a sure money maker.

The calf is the beginning of the cow.

Test the cows. Do it now. Don't wait.

One test won't tell the whole story either.

A good motto for dairymen: Get results.

Any cows in your herd testing 7 per cent?

Are your cows grafters? Test them and see.

Grade cows are often all right. Grade bulls never.—Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Feeding the Milk Maker

There is only one all round food for a cow. That's pasture grass. Have plenty of it of good quality.

Timothy Hay.

Timothy hay cannot be highly recommended as a dairy food because of its high price. Cows eat it fairly well, but it does not assist in balancing the ration; consequently clover hay is much more to the liking of most dairymen.

Blue Grass and Clover.

Good blue grass pasture has no superior for milk production. Even with the best of winter feeding cows will promptly increase their milk flow when turned out on pasture of this kind.

The worst fault of the blue grass is that it stops its growth during the hot, dry weather of the summer and must be supplemented by green forage crops and grain feeding.

Of the clovers there is none better relished as a pasture crop than the small white clover. With a good blue grass and white clover pasture cows will produce milk more cheaply than with any other ration which might be fed, and there is probably no need of feeding any grain unless in exceptional cases to very heavy producing cows.—Kansas Farmer.

Makes Calves Grow Like Weeds.

Oatmeal boiled and made into a gruel and added to the sweet skim milk is one of the best foods for calves. Add a little flaxseed jelly, and your calves will grow like weeds.

The Soiling Crops.

Plan for plenty of soiling crops. Have an abundance of sweet corn to follow the peas and oats.

Profit From Alfalfa.

The New Jersey experiment station has figured out a profit in feeding an alfalfa ration over a purchased feed ration of 33.7 per cent for milk and 31.5 per cent for butter.

Protein In Best Form.

For growth in young animals and milk production we have never found any substance equal to soy beans. When fed to milk cows in a ration consisting of two parts corn and cob meal, two parts ground oats and one soy beans with the hay for a forage we have had wonderful results. Both the grain and forage seem to carry its protein in the best form, a thing not well understood, but true nevertheless.—L. R.

A Touch of Sweetness.

Pet the cows; pet the heifers; give them a little sugar with the salt.

Sugar will help gentle any cow that is inclined to be nervous and wild. Try it.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Sources of This Dangerous and Protracted Disease.

Although there is always more or less typhoid fever in most of the larger cities of this country, the late summer and autumn are the seasons when it is most to be feared.

The disease is not so formidable, as regards the mortality, as some others, but its great length and the evil consequences which sometimes follow it in the form of weak heart, weak spine or nervous disorders make it quite as serious as some which are more fatal, but far less protracted.

Unless one knows how the disease is usually spread one cannot hope to avoid it, and so it may be useful to consider in what ways the germs of the malady find their way into the system.

Water is the usual vehicle for typhoid germs, as is well known, and probably all great outbreaks of the disease in cities are due to an infected water supply. This has been strikingly shown in Philadelphia, where some parts of the city are supplied with filtered water and others with unfiltered or mixed water. Comparing two parts of the city in which the conditions, except as to water supply, are almost the same, it was found that in the one supplied with filtered water the occurrence rate of typhoid fever was one in five thousand, while in the others, in which the unfiltered water was drunk, it was one in sixteen hundred.

But a city with an ideal water supply may be scourged with typhoid fever, although less severely, through the medium of impure ice, and it is almost as important to know where the ice is cut, or with what water it is made, if artificial, as where the city water comes from. Not long since a number of officers on one of the United States ships in the Mediterranean squadron were taken down with typhoid fever. When the source of the infection was traced it was found to be some ice bought at Athens, the ice machine on shipboard having broken down.

Another source of infection is found in oysters that have been fattened in streams contaminated with sewage. Not only has typhoid followed the eating of these fish, but the typhoid bacilli have been found in the stomachs of the oysters.

Raw vegetables used for salads may have been grown in soil contaminated with slops used as fertilizers or may have been washed in infected water.

Unless a water supply is above suspicion all that used for drinking, tooth cleaning and in the kitchen should be boiled and the drinking water cooled by putting vessels containing it on the ice, not by putting ice in the water itself.

Finally, great care should be taken to screen all food from flies, for if there is a case of typhoid fever in the neighborhood flies may become most active distributers of the poison.—Youth's Companion.

Tickets for the McGrady lecture are on sale at Nelson's confectionery store. 25 cents for all parts of the house.

48-LOTS-48

I have 48 lots that I will sell for

$2,000 Cash

or trade for farm lands. These lots will soon be worth not less than $5,000.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

G. A. R.

Minneapolis, August 13 to 18, via. the Soo Line—Lowest Rates of the Year.

The National Encampment this year will be one of the greatest ever held in this country, and, as it is so near home, every one ought to go, and take advantage of the extremely low rate.

TICKETS ON SALE

From points where the regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $3.50 or less, Aug. 13-16 inc. Return limit Aug. 20, 1906. No extension of return limit on these tickets.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is more than $3.50 and less than $9.00 Aug. 11-14 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $9.00 or more Aug. 11-13 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Liberal return limits. Ask the nearest "Soo" Line Agent.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. Robbecke, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 9, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

William McCuaig, a merchant in Bemidji, has filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for representative from this legislative district.

The starting of a new bank south of here on the Soo line by L. C. Simons seems rather strange. As a usual thing Mr. Simons starts his new banks in the spring of the year.

Because the NEWS is not supporting Mr. Ives for clerk of courts the Spectator says that we aspire to be the political boss of the county. If all of the Republicans who do not vote for Ives are likewise accused, there will be a whole lot of political bossess in Red Lake county after the primaries are held.

Persons taking out cyclone insurance should see that it also covers tornadoes, hurricanes and slant winds, or the companies will make an attempt, should your property be destroyed, to avoid payment of the policies. A case at issue is that of Finch, Young & McConville, of St Paul who carried a cyclone insurance and whose property was destroyed in the storm of 1904. The insurance company sought to evade payment of the policy upon the grounds that the wind was not of a cyclonic but of a "straight" nature. The lower court held for the defendants and the case was appealed to the supreme court with the result that the ruling was reversed. Nowadays insurance companies will resort to almost any expedient in an attempt to wriggle out of paying legitimate claims.—Princeton Union.

The esteemed Red Lake Falls Gazette, has the following to say regarding the candidacy of J. B. O'Brien for the office of county auditor:

> Prof. J. B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire will be the Thief River Falls candidate for county auditor at the coming election. Mr. O'Brien is well known throughout the county and has many friends and admirers, but he cannot expect much support from the people at large if he comes out as the apron-string representative of that bunch of greedy ghouls farther up the creek. He cannot go before the voters and tell them that he will be an honest official when they know that he is to be controlled by the up-river crowd, and it is strange that a man of O'Brien's ability would let himself be used as a cats-paw in this manner. O'Brien is all right, but an "entangling alliance" such as he comtemplates will surely put him to the bad politically this fall.

It happens that Mr. O'Brien has resided in Red Lake county for a number of years, and is very well known. The people know that if he is elected to fill the office of county auditor, he will do his sworn duty. That is all that the people of Thief River Falls desire. In this connection it may be stated, inasmuch as the Gazette has made the insinuation, that no one can name one advantage that it would be to Thief River Falls in the county seat matter to have an auditor that would do other than his duty. Upon the other hand, the only desire of Red Lake Falls to control the auditors office is for the purpose of having one that will not do his duty. Past events have proven this.

The nomination of Gov. Cummings in Iowa last week was a great victory for the people, Mr. Cummings had to go up against a very hard combination, and his victory was completed.

It is to be hoped that Harry Ives does his campaigning in the county with a horse and buggy rather than in his automobile. If he does not make any better run than does his automobile, it is an assured fact that C. W. Johnson, of Wylie, will be the next clerk of court of Red Lake county.

The Plummer Pioneer intimates that it does not favor the candidacy of J. B. O'Brien on the Republican ticket for the reason that Democrats and people generally are going to vote for him regardless of party. Some better reason than that will have to be advanced or Mr. O'Brien will be elected.

The extension of the primary election law to the state ticket is one of the things legislative candidates must stand for to get our vote. When all the voters insist on knowing what their candidates stands for, and vote only for those that stand right, government will be cleaner and better.—Review.

It is said that Red Lake Falls people would like very much to have O'Brien run for the office of county treasurer. Mr. O'Brien is a good competent man to fill any position; but the office for which he will run will be that of county auditor and he will be elected by the largest majority ever received by any candidate for this office.

The St. Hilaire Spectator, which should speak with authority, says that H. E. Ives has never advocated the cause of Thief River Falls in the county seat case and also that Mr. Ives is not now advocating the cause of Red Lake Falls. Will Mr. Ives kindly state on which side he does stand in the county seat matter? Nearly everyone in the county has a decided opinion upon the subject.

Granite Falls Tribune: The average man does not grasp the vastness of the importance of state drainage except from a superficial standpoint. When you go through a territory vast in extent that would make the best farming land if only the water was drained off we begin to realize what it would mean to the state if this vast area was drained. Fine farms and generous meadows would appear in a twinkling.

State politics is very quiet in Thief River Falls and the surrounding country and it is seldom that any reference is made as to how anyone is going to vote upon state matters this fall. If state officers were the only ones to be voted for this fall, it is doubtful if anywhere near a full vote would be cast. County politics is interesting a great many and owing to the fact that there is a county seat fight on party lines will cut no figure. This will insure a full vote in Red Lake county, but as to which candidate for governor will profit by this, it would be hard to say. There is no question but that a large number of Republicans are going to vote for John A. Johnson, but the county may be considered quite strongly Republican now.

Nebraska State Journal: Within the last year a new profession has been discovered. If the profession is not new the decovery at least is now so far as the mass of people is concerned. This profession is that of mouth piece incognito of special financial interests. The scheme is an adaptation of the press agent or subsidized newspaper, but differs in that it employs men of higher attainment and reputation lawyers or even senators. Several names have become familiar to the public in the last year thru their appearance to defend well-known special interests, not ostensibly as paid attorneys, but as individuals. There is no direct evidence that they are paid for their work, and their connection with the interests they defend can only be inferred from the fact that there is no other explanation of the time, trouble and expense that they are apparently incurring in that behalf. That inference is suffcient evidence to satisfy the public mind, however. When F. B. Thurber, a New York lawyer, appeared before the national pure food convention on Thursday with an attack on President Roosevelt for his part in the packing-house disclosures the members doubtless remembered the frequency with which Mr. Thurber's name has been connected with matters of the same tenor for example his activity in opposition to rate regulation, and wondered whether he were not a member of the new profession. At any rate they took little enough stock in his opinions to resolve unanimously that they disapproved his sentiments.

People Want To Know.

A very encouraging sign is the way the county press of this state—and of other states, too, let it be said—is demanding that candidates for legislative positions shall let the public in on the secret of what they intend to do if they are elected.

That is the way to get proper representation. The voters should be suspicious of candidates that do not care to take them into their confidence about what they intend to do but try to make glittering generalities take the place of honest straightforward declarations of principles.

For instance, the Hendrum Review takes up half its editorial columns this week with an article showing that it is more imporant that the people shall know what their legislative candidates are and what they stand for than it is that they should know about the local candidates. The local candidates are going to stay right at home and do their work in full view of all the voters. The legislative candidates if elected, are going down to St. Paul and do much of their work in the quiet atmosphere committee rooms, and all of it away from the knowledge of their constituents except through such intelligence as they may gain from newspaper reports of the proceedings.

The Review states that it has seen a few platforms, but most of them avoid all real issues, and declare in favor of such things as it is evident that everyone—saints and sinners alike—favors. Then the Review submits a sample platform, comprising what it would favor it if were running for the legislature, and containing planks favoring the extension on the primary election to state officers, the taxation of railroad property upon a valuation basis the same as other property, the enactment of stricter pure food laws, the establishment of a state factory for the making of farm machinery, the prohibition of passes, county option in issuing liquor licenses, a reciprocal demurrage bill, and the safeguarding of the state's timber and mineral interests.

While opinions might differ on individual planks, this is the style of platform that the people demand of legislative and congressional candidates this year. The demand is clearly evident from the many candidates who have come out with definite statements of what they promise to do when they get to St. Paul and Washington.

The people should demand clear concise and unqualified statements from their candidates, and they should vote for none that refuse to make them.—Duluth Herald.

Public Coal Mines.

The federal administration has lately withdrawn from entry about 6,000,000 acres of workable coal lands.

This means that for the present, at least, it is not the policy of the government to permit any more coal lands to go into the hands of private owners, to be exploited to the financial undoing of the American people.

The control of the coal lands now owned by corporations, firms and individuals is practically a monopoly, so that the price of coal ever advances and never recedes.

The people must have coal, and to get it they must pay tribute to a great monopoly which is as merciless in its exactions as any monopoly on earth.

Its profits are enormous. The margin between the cost of production and transportation, and the retail price paid by the consumer, is wide. All of that margin, above a fair profit, represents a penalty this people must pay for permitting its coal supplies to go into the hands of monopolists.

It is evident from the order of the secretary of the interior withdrawing these coal lands from entry that the government still owns, in behalf of the people, lands known to be underlaid by coal deposits. Indeed, the geological survey shows that altogether 56,000,000 acres of public land, lying principally in New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, North Dakota, Montana, Oregon and Oklahoma, contain coal deposits, though only the 6,000,000 acres that have been withdrawn are known to be underlaid by strata from which coal can be profitably mined in large quantities. Very likely explorations would develop other large deposits in this vast domain of public land.

Since the people still own these coal lands, why not let the government operate them, and produce coal at a reasonable price, a price that will compel the monopoly to accept a fair profit on its product and to forego its conscienceless infliction of a penalty upon the people because they have given away these valuable deposits?

If they were all given away, perhaps there would be no remedy, though there are people that favor having the government condemn the privately owned coal lands and use them for the public benefit.

But as the people still own large deposits of coal, why should they not mine it for their own use? Why should a self-governed people have to submit to the impositions of the coal trust, when they have coal of their own which they can produce and sell to themselves at a reasonable price?

Possessing, as we do, ample supplies of coal upon public lands, it would appear to be our own fault if we continue to let the coal monopoly rob us as it is doing now.—Duluth Herald.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Jealousy is like some other things—the lid should be kept on it.

When you say no, say it in a manner that will leave no doubt of your meaning.

When giving advice to others here is a small slice to serve yourself: Keep still more.

How little the best doctor knows! And how helpless he is in the presence of serious illness!

It is said that disappointment is hard to bear, but we all stand it pretty well when we look in the glass.

A man just starting into a law suit has more faith in courts than his attorney ever claims to have.

There are too many young men who start out to make their mark in the world and stop at a soda fountain or hammock on the way.—Atchison Globe.

The Word "Cannibalism."

The word "cannibalism" is really the name of a people. It is identical with Carib, many of the Caribs, who formerly flourished in the West Indies, having been consumers of human flesh. The letters "l," "n" and "r" are interchangeable in certain aboriginal American languages, so that Columbus found one West Indian island saying "Caniba" where another said "Carib," while Shakespeare's Caliban is another variety of the same. Columbus' own conjecture was that the name was connected with the great khan, and later philologists of the old slapdash type associated with "canis," a dog. Apparently, however, the meaning of "carib" was brave and daring.

No Patch In Him.

"Guess that freckled daughter of Thompson's must have a steady young man."

"What makes you think so?"

"The old man was in here yesterday to buy one of these newfangled contrivances that make a big saving in the gas you burn."

"I don't believe the young man's a steady. If he was they'd save all the gas."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

—Subscribe for the News.

HOT AND COLD WATER.

How to Use These Remedies to the Best Advantage.

Hot or cold water is excellent as an application for inflammation, congestions or abrasions, but how many people know which to apply in particular cases while awaiting the arrival of medical relief? Not many, and the mistakes made in some instances are ludicrous.

Take the barber, for example, who has cut his patron's face. He generally washes the face with a towel soaked in warm water, often pressing it right into the injury, and then wonders why the blood flows from the cut so freely. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred if he had used cold water, and the colder the better, the blood would have ceased to flow from the injury altogether, as the cold would have a tendency to contract the openings in the torn blood vessels. In all cases of such cuts or abrasions very cold water will at least reduce the amount of bleeding if it doesn't stop it altogether, and yet, singularly enough, boiling water will have the same effect.

Water below the boiling point increases the flow, but above that degree decreases it. In surface inflammations or congestions cold water ought to be used, while if the condition is situated below the surface hot water is necessary as an application because it draws the blood *toward the surface* and thus stimulates the circulation through the part where it is most needed.

In cases of abscesses or pimples with pus forming in them, but which have not yet come to a head, the secretion of pus can be rapidly increased and the duration of the annoyance thereby decreased by applying hot water to them at frequent intervals.

Where the eye is inflamed or smarts, after a period of eye strain, such as night work often induces, hot applications are the things for relief, but the water used should be gradually allowed to cool off toward the end. Tired eyes will invariably be rejuvenated by adopting this method of treatment, and many headaches resulting from such a condition may thereby be prevented or cured.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

BLEAK SHETLAND.

Its Swarms of Sea Gulls and Its Lone Tree.

Up a little lane off Lerwick's one street there is a garden. At least, it is an inclosed space. In the middle of this space there is a tree. It is not a very tall tree; you could, in fact, toss a biscuit over its branches, but still it is a tree—the only tree in Shetland. And Shetland is proud of it. Children who are brought for the first time to see the wonders of one streeted Lerwick are shown this tree. This is not fiction. It is the only tree in Shetland.

As there are no trees in Shetland, there are no birds, except, of course, the sea gulls, which you can number by the thousand. The sea gulls are the sparrows of Lerwick, and, as such, they have a greater share in the town's life than have the sparrows of London. In the morning time you will note that a sea gull sits on every chimney pot. Sea gulls swoop and hover over every roof in the town.

The air is full of their strange, high, plaintive, haunting cries. Their sad, shrill, long drawn cries are to Lerwick as the chattering of sparrows or the cawing of rooks are to us in England. Every house has its own familiar sea gulls and every street its own band of sea gulls. They never mix. The children in each house have a pet name for their own particular sea gulls, and, having called them to them by those names, they feed them every day. And each sea gull knows what is meant for him. No sea gull attached to one house ever seeks to eat the food scattered from the house next door. He does not dare; the other gulls would kill him. So all day long the sea gulls hover and call over the roofs of Lerwick. The people of the town, if they come across a little pile of rice laid upon the roadway, step over it with care. They know that it is placed there for some sea gull. And at night the sea gulls leave their own appointed chimney pots and fly gracefully away to their resting places on the rocks of the Isle of Noss.—London Express.

Hiccough at Dinner.

Many persons are debarred from dining out owing to their liability to contract hiccough during a meal. As a rule when caused by food it comes on at once, and equally as a rule the food causing it is hot. Soups are more likely to provoke hiccough than solids are. It is a good plan to forego soup, which can be done without causing remark, says Home Notes. Or one may eat a little bread before taking it. A third plan is to drink a little cold water and to take the soup in very small sips.

The Best of the Poem.

"I don't see anything in that poet's new poem."

"Of course you don't," replied the editor in chief, "because I opened it first and took a five dollar bill out of it. Give it a good place—top column, next reading matter."—Atlanta Constitution.

Vindictive.

Naggus—What are you going to do with the hero and heroine of that magazine story you're running now? Marry them? Borus—Certainly. They will be married in the last chapter. Naggus—I'm glad of it. It will serve them right.—Tit-Bits.

A Hard Case.

"You say you had to give the patient chloroform twice?"

"Yes," replied the dentist. "I had to give it to him the second time to extract the money."—Detroit Free Press.

ORIGIN OF NEW YORK NAMES

New Dorp Replaced a Town Thrice Destroyed by Fire.

There are some names of places in Greater New York common enough on the modern tongue, but the origin of which is not so generally known. New Dorp, on Staten Island, was so named by the Dutch to distinguish it from Oude Dorp (Old Dorp), the first Dutch settlement on the island, which was thrice destroyed by the Indians. Old Dorp stood to the northwest of Fort Wadsworth, about where Arrochar now stands. Two miles to the west of the ruins of Old Dorp the persistent Dutch built their New Dorp.

The northeast section of Staten Island, which until the formation of Greater New York was known as Castleton, and is still generally so called, takes its name from the fact that it once formed Governor Dongan's "manor of Castleton." Dongan—the Dongan hills are named from him—was of the family of the Earl of Limerick, and the seat of the earl in Ireland was Castletown, in the County Kildare. Many of Governor Dongan's descendants still live on Staten Island, some of them occupying and owning houses on the land of the old manor. At first Governor Dongan merely had a hunting lodge on Staten Island, and it is significant of the state of that portion of New York city at the end of the seventeenth century that at a meeting of the colonial council the governor was entered on the minutes as "absent, being engaged at his hunting lodge on Staten Island killing bears."

Bedlow's island, on which the statue of Liberty stands, was purchased in 1710 by an Englishman named Bedlow, who had amassed a large fortune in the East India trade and was an acquaintance of the then governor, the notorious Lord Cornbury. Bedlow received from Cornbury the privilege of victualing the British fleets which frequented New York. It was a most profitable monopoly, having in it great possibilities of graft. Cornbury is supposed to have "stood in" with Bedlow. When Bedlow died suddenly Cornbury seized all his papers, collected all the outstanding debts due the contractor, and kept everything of Bedlow's he could lay his hands on, leaving Bedlow's widow and children in poverty. Bedlow's island was bought and used by the contractor while he victualed the fleets as a depot for his stores.

Corlear's Hook takes its name from Jacob Corlear, the city trumpeter in the old Dutch days. Governor Beekman bought it from him. The governor also bought a country estate, the site of which is commemorated by Beekman street.

The true meaning of the word Manhattan, originally spelled variously as Man-ha-ta, Manhattoes and Manhattan, is hid in mystery. It is not even certain whether it was the name of the place or of the tribe which inhabited it, or of both. The old idea that the word meant Place of Drunkenness has been satisfactorily confuted, but what does the word mean?—New York Press.

Spencer and Colors.

Herbert Spencer's notions of art were very crude. His favorite color was what he called "impure purple." He wore "impure purple" gloves and, finding that the furniture was a little somber, had a binding of "impure purple" pasted round it by a seamstress. He cut the first strip himself and showed her how to stick it on with paste. He had his vases filled with artificial flowers. He wished to have everything bright about him and consequently enjoyed color. When it was suggested he could get that in real flowers he replied: "Booh! They would want constant replenishing!" He wanted to know why the people should object to artificial flowers in a room any more than to an artificial landscape.—"Home Life With Herbert Spencer."

Pigs In China.

A Peking correspondent says: "It is no uncommon sight to see twelve or thirteen enormous fat pigs, with their legs tied, huddled close together having a ride in a Chinese cart with some sort of light cargo on top of them and a man sitting on the cargo. The pigs are silent, and consequently one would think they should not be objects for the action of the Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The fact is that the animals are too fat and lazy to make any noise until disturbed at their journey's end, when bagpipes are as Italian opera to the terrific squealing heard."

The Dead Sea.

The Dead sea is 1,300 feet below sea level. There can, of course, be no outlet for the Dead sea, and the volume of from 6,000,000 to 10,000,000 tons of water that the Jordan throws into it every twenty-four hours must be carried away by evaporation. Not a solitary dwelling is on its coasts, and there is no living thing in its waters. As we stand on the north shore the sea stretches out some forty-two miles toward the south and is, on an average, eight miles wide. The water is of a greenish blue and as clear as crystal.

Those Fool Questions.

"Hello," says the man, seeing his friend sallying forth with pole and net and bait basket. "Going fishing?"

"No," replies the friend, turning on him solemnly. "No; I'm going to stand on my head and keep my hair from falling out. What made you think I was going fishing?"—Puck.

No Chance to Forget.

Benham—I don't like your actions; you should remember that you are my wife. Mrs. Benham—I am not likely to forget it when everybody tells me how they pity me.—New York Press.

The people in the flat above seldom call the baby what the fond parents do.—Somerville Journal.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Arnold Bjerkhoel is at Hallock visiting friends.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Robert Lee was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Langevin Monday.

D. P. O'Neil was down to Red Lake Falls on business last week.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor was in Thief River Falls last week.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

N. J. Anderson was down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday attending to business matters.

Eddie Hermanson came up from Halstead last Saturday to visit his parents for a few weeks.

George Diebel came over from Milton, N. D., last Friday evening. He was accompanied by his wife.

Joe Ryson the first of the week purchased Andrew Helgland's one-half interest in the Mint saloon.

George K. Fargo was up to Middle River Monday to try some cases in the justice court at that place.

Deputy Sheriff George Jarman last week took Ida Diabel to the state training school at Red Wing.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

Charles Hayden, one of the prominent cedar merchants of Blackduck, was in the city last week attending to some business matters.

Mrs. George Jarman and son, Thad, who had been spending several weeks at Fergus Falls visiting relatives, returned to this city last Saturday.

There are a large number of the settlers living northeast of here that are going through town each day enroute to the harvest fields of North Dakota.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to con in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Charles Schuster was down to Crookston last week.

Hugh Dean returned from the Red Lake last week.

Joseph Duchamp was down to Crookston last week

Miss Sundberg left last week for Hallock to visit her parents.

Emil Brink was up from Crookston *last week visiting friends here.*

Fred's Poketela cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

D. K. Bryant went down to Fargo last week to visit friends for a few days.

Daniel Patterson and Dr. Cummings, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Saturday.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5 cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

Frank Lyons, one of the pioneer settlers of the Red Lake county, is in the city visiting old friends.

Dr. Booren, Miss Winnie Booren and Miss Linda Robbecke were down to Detroit to spend Sunday at the lake.

—I am now prepared to take cattle to my pasture twice each day—at 7 and 9 in the morning. Price $2 per month. Good attention given to the cattle. Henry Gorkey.

C. D. Carter, of Crookston, B. L. Freedy, of Minneapolis, and G. K. Blakeley, of Grand Forks, all officials of the Northwestern Telephone company, were in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

The city of Bemidji pays her officials a pretty good salary. The mayor draws $12.50 per month; the other monthly salaries; city clerk, $40; treasurer, $31.25; city attorney $40; chairman board of health, $25; chief of police, $80; patrolmen, $65; street commissioner, $50.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and Mr. and Mrs. Grundy gave a farewell dinner party Saturday evening at the home of the former for Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner who leave about the 1st of September for Kalispell, Mont. A number of the older residents of the city were present and a most enjoyable time was had.

Theo. Kosin last Saturday removed his tailoring establishment to the building just east of the old First State Bank building on Second street. The new location gives Mr. Kosin about double the room he formerly had and which was demanded by his rapidly increasing business. He now has a much better place in which to display his goods.

Tommy Torkelson formerly of St. Hilaire where he was engaged in the drug business and at one time mayor of that village was in Thief River Falls last Friday calling upon his many friends here. Tommy is now traveling on the road for a wholesale drug house and says that he has an interest in a gold mine out in California which it is hoped will prove a profitable venture.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin.

Here is a little problem which was gotten up by a man who must have a longer head than a Philadelphia lawyer. Take any number between one and nine. Add one. Multiply by nine. Drop the left hand figure of the two comprising the result. Add fourteen. Add the original number. Just why the answer is always twenty three irrespective of the number originally selected is not obvious, but the stubborn fact remains that it is invariably twenty three. You can take one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight or nine and the answer is always the same.

F. H. Kratka was down to St. Hilaire last Saturday.

Contractor Johnson was up from Crookston last week.

J. E. Buskirk was up from Plummer the first of the week.

Edward and Will Korstad were down to Crookston the first of the week.

Communion Services in the Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10 o'clock.

Mrs. A. Spokley, who had been visiting friends at Climax returned to this city Monday.

Mrs. C. E. Winslow expects to leave Saturday for LaCrosse, Wis., to spend the fall and winter.

Mrs. C. E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, arrived in the city Monday to visit friends for a few days.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. A. C. Allard on next Wednesday afternoon, August 15.

Mrs. M. J. Gambell, who had been in the city visiting her son, Dr. Gambell, left Tuesday evening for her home in Iowa.

Mrs. C. A. Fuller and children, of Prince Albert, visited friends in the city while enroute to Winona to visit her parents.

Contractor John Kringlin was up to *Middle River Monday* with the plans for a new school house that is to be built there.

Mrs. Ed. Anderson, of Cannon Falls, Minn., is in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. A. Thompson and brother, Charlie Thompson.

John Dobner, who had been in the city visiting his two sons, C. L. and H. G. Dobner, returned to his home in Lake City last week.

George Jarman leaves Saturday evening for Milwaukee where he will spend next week attending a national convention of the Eagles.

Misses Josephine Sterry and Ila Holland arrived in the city Monday evening from Fosston and will remain for a few days visiting friends.

A number of the pioneer residents of this section held a picnic on the Nels Knutson farm Sunday. A most enjoyable time was had by all.

Mrs. J. E. Morrisey and Miss Mary Morrisey, mother and sister respectively of E. J. Morrisey, are here from Crookston spending a few days.

Fr. Adolph returned to this city last Saturday from two weeks vocation spent in North Dakota visiting old friends. He reports having had a most delightful time.

John. J. Ward of Germantown, Gustav O. Gorder, of Brunkeberg and Frank Gruetzke, of Germantown were down to Crookston last week and proved up on their claims.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county will hold a meeting at Red Lake Falls next Tuesday, August 14. Business of a routine charater will come before the board.

The Prairie Elevator company, which owns a line of elevators along the Soo line, one of them being located at Thief River Falls, has sold to a new company, the Homestead Elevator company.

Local sportsmen are beginning to figure on some fine shooting this fall. The chicken and duck crop is said to be far better than last year and almost as good as in the olden times when hunters always brought home large bags of game.

Dennis Cavanaugh came up from Wisconsin last week and will remain here for several days attending to business matters. He will decide in a week or so the kind of a building he will erect on the corner of Second street and LaBree avenue.

If you are superstitious about the number 13 you had better give us your quarter dollars, for on each one are 13 stars, and thirteen letters in the eagle's beak, thirteen leaves on the olive branch, thirteen arrow heads and thirteen letters in the words "quarter dollar." Now its not safe to keep them, so just bring them in and get credit on your subscrption for them. To prove our assertion count these lines.

H. J. Kaufer leaves this evening for Calgary N. W. T. where he has arranged to handle the famous Watkins remedies for a few months, while looking over this much-boomed country. Henry will survey the field at his leisure and if he finds things as they are represented will likely move his barber and bath fixtures to that place and install a metropolitan shop. Until such time as he finds a place his shop here will be run by Henry Bray. Mr. Kaufer is an old resident here and will be surely missed by the people of Red Lake Falls. He will have the best wishes of all, however, for a greater prosperity than contemplated in his new home.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

We like best to call

SCOTT'S EMULSION

a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,

409-415 Pearl Street, New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

J. E. Carroll was up from Crookston the first of the week.

George Jarman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Service in the German Lutheran Church next Sunday evening at 7:30.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Lee are up from their Norman county farm visiting old friends.

Judge Knight came up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday to spend a few days visiting friends.

Ben Barnman, of Hallock, arrived here Monday and is now operator and ticket agent at the Great Northern depot.

A. I. Anderson returned Tuesday morning from a trip to Lanesboro, Minn, where he had been attending to business matters.

"Bill" Campaign, the efficient clerk at the Rushford, returned Tuesday from Bemidji where he had spent a couple of weeks camping out.

C. H. Schellbach, a former attorney of this city, arrived here Tuesday from Ohio and will spend a few days attending to business matters.

Ed. Wilcox leaves tomorrow night for Detroit to examine a number of farms to ascertain how much of a loan his company desires to make upon them.

When he first "came over" Pat Mc Guire attended church and when the usher passed the contribution box Pat hoarsely whisbered. "Oi can't vote yet Oi'm not naturalized."—Ex.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer, get your orders, in early.—Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

D. A. Padgburn, Frank Niles and Peter Balow of St. Paul who had been here laying brick on the Knox school, returned to St. Paul Monday night. The gentlemen are said to be very rapid and high class brick layers. They may decid to locate here in the near future.

Jos. Bulman, "Cap" Cummins and a small crew of men arrived from Thief River Falls this week, going to the Bulman Bros. camp on Tamarack where they will make engagements to move their logging outfit to the Sandy River where they will be engaged during the winter.—Kellihor Journal.

20 POUND BABY.

Youngster at Esplee Born That Weighs 20 Pounds.

Big crops are not the only things that are being raised up in the country northeast of here. Paul P. Sund, town clerk, of Esplee, was in the city Tuesday and reports that a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Lewis, of Esplee, on the 31st of July that weighed twenty pounds. That is about as good as they can do in Southern Minnesota, Iowa or Illinois.

In the Gospel Tent.

Meetings are held Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Sunday nights at 7:45 and also Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The meeting Thursday night is in the English, all the other meetings are conducted in the Scandinavian. All are heartily welcome.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 4, 1906:

Black, Miss Gertrude
Eddinger, Miss May
Ekberg, C.
Trinka, Albert
Forke, Pete
Hanson, Albert
Halverson, Mrs. Nettie
Hanson, Miss Serina
Jondal, Willie T.
Jansen, Jan.
Klappenback, Ed.
Siverson, Miss Maria
Myaro, Anton
Morton, J. H.
Olson, Miss Olive
Olson, Alfred
Pederson, Miss Gina
Skeie, Olay T.
Vefald, Gullick

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

GERMANTOWN.

(To late for last week.)

Mrs. Edseth is visiting at Lizer.

Mathias Skogstad received the largest creamery check for June. It being for $45.85.

Ducks and prairie chickens seem to be plentiful here this year.

Carl Edseth has gone to Dakota to work during harvest and threshing.

Theresa and Clara Haveless are back from Crookston where they had been working for 3 or 4 months.

Farmers are now very busy putting up hay and there is more of it this year than for many years, and hundreds of tons wil not be cut, but will probably be burned this fall.

The board of directors of our creamery has decided to try and run the creamery all next winter and some of the patrons are preparing for more cows and feed.

TAXES

FOR the accommodation of taxpayers in this locality we have secured complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes for the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Rocksbury, in Red Lake County, and the eastern end of Marshall County, and shall be pleased to have you call and pay your taxes through this bank. By so doing you will be saved the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

LOST ABOUT $100.

C. M. Gillette Lost a Pocket Book Containing About $100.

C. M. Gillette, sawyer in the Thief River Falls Lumber company's mill here, on Monday lost a pocketbook containing nearly $100 in money, $93 in holdback checks and numerous other valuable papers. The money in the pocketbook was four twenty dollar bills, one ten and one five dollar bill and about four dollars in silver. A suitable reward will be paid for the return.

An Ideal Bath.

An ideal combination is to soap the body all over, using tepid water before plunging into a cold bath. But there are many good folks who cannot face a cold bath daily and who after taking one are apt to be cold and shivering all the day through. For these the best plan is, after a warm bath, to sponge the throat and chest with cold water, which is most stimulating and especially so where the bather suffers from chronic colds. To insist on a cold bath is just as unwise as to have a bath that is too warm and to remain in it too long. That is the more general mistake.

Her Word of Honor.

"Don't you love me?"

"Yes, dear, but I'm already engaged."

"Break your engagement."

"Oh, George, that wouldn't be honorable! An engagement is a sacred thing, not lightly to be entered into or broken off. Besides"—

"Well?"

"Well, I'm engaged to two men, and that makes it even worse."—Cleveland Leader.

Stabbed.

"Whew! That's the first time I ever made a speech. I felt like I had forgotten all I had ever learned."

"You appeared to be talking just as you felt."—Houston Post.

A Snob.

Thackeray designated a snob as a being on a ladder who is quite as ready to kiss the feet of him who is above him as to kick the head of him who is below.

Nothing sharpens the arrow of sarcasm so keenly as the courtesy that polishes it. No reproach is like that we clothe with a smile and present with a bow.—Chesterfield.

Twine! Twine! Twine!

Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

Subscribe for the News.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure-Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons an excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to

St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31. For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DRINK WHEN YOU EAT

TAKE AS MUCH WATER AS YOU WANT WITH YOUR MEALS.

It Is Excellent For the Digestion, It Is Claimed, as Neither Gastric Juice Nor Pepsin Work Properly Unless Largely Diluted With Water.

How much water should we drink and when should we drink it are questions so simple that at first sight their discussion seems superfluous. One would naturally answer, "Drink all the water you wish when you are thirsty," but authorities say, "Drink more than you wish when you are not thirsty," for they recommend that a gallon or so be drunk between meals, which is more water than we need and the very time the system least demands it. Usually we experience thirst during or directly after eating.

Inasmuch as 87 per cent of the whole body is water, which is, of course, being used up every moment, there is no question that we should drink of this element copiously, but it is a serious question whether we should refrain from water at meals—the time we particularly desire it.

There is a class of persons, ever growing more numerous, that believes that whatever is is wrong. For the natural and simple they would substitute the artificial and complicated. To drink water while or directly after eating is a natural instinct. Give a dog his dinner, putting a bowl of water near it, and observe that he will first eat all he can and then immediately drink. Wild animals look for a stream after feeding. Cage birds will stop pecking at seed to peck at water. Children have a perpetual thirst, and I have seen babies that, unlike young Oliver, have refused to eat more when denied water after every few mouthfuls.

It is especially important that babies be given what water they wish and at the time they wish it, which is usually at table.

The thinner food is the more easily and thoroughly is it digested; in fact, it cannot be digested until it has been made liquid by the gastric and intestinal juices. Indigestion is caused often by food that has not been sufficiently moistened by the digestive secretions.

There are sound physiological reasons for our craving water with meals. Water is the solvent that constitutes 95 per cent of the gastric juice. Now, when one eats a hearty meal and does not drink, the amount of water in the stomach is not sufficient thoroughly to moisten the great quantity of food, and this makes digestion difficult. On the other hand, when enough water is ingested with the food the latter is well moistened and broken up, the digestible particles being then readily acted on by the gastric juice and afterward absorbed. Again, when the partially digested food (chyme) passes into the intestines it is most important that it be very moist, particularly as water is constantly absorbed from the chyle in the large intestine. Bad cases of constipation are caused by dry chyle remaining in the intestines, where it sets up an inflammation that sometimes proves fatal, dry faeces, of course, resisting peristaltic action. The excrement of persons suffering from constipation is always dry and hard and is a potent cause of appendicitis.

The idea that water drinking at meals unduly dilutes the gastric juice is nonsensical, water being not so palatable that one is apt to drink more than his digestive functions require. As a matter of fact water generally facilitates the digestion of albuminous substances. In this connection Dr. A. Jacobi in his work on "Infant Diet," page 67, says:

"In experiments upon digestion of albumen with gastric juice obtained from the stomach of animals it was noticed that after a certain time the process began to slacken, but was renewed merely by the addition of water. The gastric juice became saturated with the substance it had dissolved and ceased to act upon what remained until it had been diluted. In the living stomach this dilution is of even greater importance, for it permits of the immediate absorption of the substances soluble in water and which do not require the specific action of the gastric juice." Neither the gastric juice nor pepsin has any true digestive action unless they be largely diluted with water.

It goes without saying that it is not the food that is ingested, but that which is digested, that does good, and this principle holds good with water, which is practically a food. Now, when one resists the perfectly natural desire to drink while eating he may be not thirsty several hours afterward, but he is advised nevertheless to force himself to drink at that time. But if he drinks then, the water, having no food to mix with it, will go through him, as it were—that is, it will do no good.

The importance of water to the human economy may be inferred from the various purposes it subserves. First, it softens and dissolves solid foods, thus facilitating their mastication and digestion; second, it maintains a due bulk of blood and the structures of the body; third, it keeps substances in solution or suspension while moving in the body; fourth, it supplies elements in the body's chemical changes; fifth, it makes easy the elimination of waste material; sixth, it discharges superfluous heat by transpiration through the skin and by emission through other outlets, and, seventh, it supplies in a convenient form heat to or abstracts heat from the body. Some of these functions are performed by water in its liquid state and others in a state of vapor.

Have you indigestion? Try water instead of drugs with your food.—O. Elliot Flint in New York World.

COOLING MILK.

To Keep It Sweet From Saturday Night to Monday Morning.

Where milk is not taken to the creamery or cheese factory on Sunday to keep it on the farm from Saturday night to Monday morning in warm weather so as to have it sweet when it finally reaches the factory is a difficult problem, but an important one, especially if the milk is intended for cheesemaking. Apropos of this difficulty the following instructions of a Canadian diary expert are reproduced from the Ottawa Journal:

The only cooling agents to be had by the farmer are ice and cold water, and every intelligent dairy farmer who wants to send sweet milk on Monday morning should have a supply of ice and know how to use it. The quickest way to cool milk is to have it flow in thin layers over a cold surface, but this is generally not practical to a farmer.

Practical Method.

The method I advise to patrons in my district is as follows: A tank or trough of some kind is required to hold cold water, and in this water the cans containing the milk are placed. Each pailful as it is drawn from the cow is strained into these cans, which should not be too large. By the time all the milking is done the milk will be fairly cool, but the water will have become warmed and will have to be run off and more cold water put on in its place. This should put the temperature down to 55 degrees, but renew the water as often as necessary. All the work then required is to stir the milk occasionally in order to insure a uniform temperature throughout. If you have ice to put in the water you can see how much better it will be and how much labor it will save you.

After Cooling.

When the milk is cooled cover the cans with a clean, wet blanket, one end of which is left in the water and, acting as a wick, aids in maintaining the cool temperature and also prevents the cream from drying. If you have a well or a spring to set the cans in they will answer the purpose well, but be sure to stir the milk at intervals while it is cooling, so that the center will not remain warm and the outer parts only be cooled.

Again, let me say cool the milk just as soon as possible after drawing it from the cow to below 55 degrees, and keep it there until it is time to send it to the factory on Monday morning. Do not add Sunday morning's milk to that of Saturday night unless it has been first cooled to as cold a temperature as that of the night's milk.

Fly Spray.

The Kansas station recommends the following spray for flies on cows: Dissolve two cakes of laundry soap in water and mix with the solution one and one-half pounds of resin, one-half pint of fish oil and enough water to make three gallons. Use about one-half pint on each cow two or three times a week until the hair becomes coated with resin. This may be applied with a brush or also as a spray.

Butter and Cheese

Within the last few years the custom of coating the cheese with an impervious layer has been suggested, with the object mainly of preventing the development of mold. For this purpose paraffin has been found to be the most suitable agent. The application of such a layer to the cheese not only prevents the growth of mold spores by excluding the air, but materially retards the rate at which the cheese loses its moisture. Paraffined cheese, therefore, dries out much more slowly than the untreated product, and the application of this method is of particular service in the handling of the smaller types of cheeses, which have a relatively larger superficial area exposed to the air. By covering the cheese with paraffin the total loss of moisture can be reduced several pounds per hundred. In comparative tests cheeses covered with paraffin were entirely clear, while the others were more or less heavily coated with mold.

The Best Keeping Butter.

The conclusion from recent experiments in the storage of butter by the dairy division of the national department of agriculture is that light salting and low temperatures and the use of cream received at the creamery in a sweet condition give much the best results for storage butter. Other points of interest are that butter in full cans and tubs at the lower temperatures scored about the same. At the higher temperatures there was a slight difference in favor of cans. Butter in full cans kept better than that in cans only partially full. On the whole, butter held at the lowest temperature kept best, both when in storage and after removal from storage. Butter made from cream received sweet kept well while stored at the lower temperatures and also after removal from storage, giving results wholly satisfactory. Butter made from cream received sour also kept well at the lower temperatures, but deteriorated rapidly after removal from storage, giving, on the whole, results which were very unsatisfactory.

Butter From Sweet Cream.

Butter of better quality, though not quite so much in quantity, was produced from sweet cream than from ripened cream in some recent Ontario tests.

Overchurning.

When butter has gathered stop churning. Butter is frequently spoiled by churning too long. Drain off the buttermilk and fill the churn half full of cold water, revolve churn about four or five times or work with dasher in proportion. Then remove the water and salt, an ounce to the pound.—W. E. Redfield.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, Aug. 8th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the sub cutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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304 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

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Is Going to the Fair via

"SOO" LINE

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Rickson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thoma Hordnarak, " "
Joseph Aslde, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

July 19 aug 23. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 7, 8, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connolly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesby, " "

July 12 aug 16 pd R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 201, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Christine R. Shirley, H. E. 1195, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 151 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Helm, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Niewerth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Line Olsen Ostreness, now Mrs. Oscar B. Hanson, H. E. 258, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter H. Stenlgrem, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Berg, " "
Paul Tronhvet, " "
Ole L. Bakken, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
FAMULA & STANTON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. July 5 aug 9

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION TO SELL MORTGAGE OR LEASE LAND.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to William Robinson, Annie I. E. Robinson and Jessie Jackson all persons interested in the sale of certain lands [illegible] said decedent. The petition of Annie I. E. Robinson as representative of the above named decedent being duly filed in this court representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to her granted to sell the same.

Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause if any you have before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota on the [illegible] day of August, 1906, at [illegible] why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 1st day of August, 1906.

(COURT SEAL.) N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate Court.

Famula & Stanton,
Attorneys for Petitioner

aug 2-16

MURDER IN THIRST FOR GAIN

Ways of Civilization Likened to Those of Savages.

After years of residence among the head hunters of Borneo an Englishwoman writes of them as follows: "I don't want to stand up for head-hunting; it isn't nice. The civilized nations call it murder, and it is murder. But are we to throw stones? Aren't the means we take to satisfy our unquenchable thirst for gain, murder? Tailoring, shirt-making, straw plaiting, lace and box and nailmaking and how many more? Do any of them bear looking into if we want to feel that, as a country, we do not murder? Isn't the whole destruction of body, soul and spirit which drink and gambling and immorality are carrying on hourly at our very doors, and inside many of them, filling our hospitals and lunatic asylums, and graves—isn't that murder? And in our murder are any good qualities necessary. None! But fighting brings out the noblest parts of a savage, and in his home life love and content reign; but civilized murder means misery and discontent and homes turned to hell."

HER IDENTITY WAS DISCLOSED

Status of Indignant Lady Made Perfectly Plain.

There was in Brockton, Mass., some twenty-five years ago, a shoe manufacturing concern, whose firm name, P. & N. Copeland, was almost a household word. At one time the wife of one of the members of the firm had ordered a hat at H. W. Robinson's, and, upon calling for it, was met by a strange salesgirl.

The hat proving satisfactory, she was about to depart with it, without more ado, the bill to be sent, as was her custom. The girl, not understanding this, and anxious for the safety of the hat, began to demur, whereupon Mrs. Copeland turned, and, drawing herself up haughtily erect, said: "I guess you don't know who I am. I'm the wife of P. & N. Copeland."

Last British Whaling Port.

Dundee is the only port in the British isles that owns whaleships. Toward the end of the century before last nearly all the east-coast ports had whalers of their own. London had thirty-four ships. The falling off of the industry is due chiefly to the scarcity of "right" whales; but the turning point of the decay was taken when coal gas was discovered and there was a fall in the importance of oils as illuminants. But each season Dundee sends her whaling fleet to the Arctic. So few are "right" whales within the circle now that the Dundee experts know them all, it is said. Wags aver that the Dundee harpooners have names for each one of them.

Declined With Thanks.

A keeper was cleaning the hyenas' cage at Hall by the Sea, England. One of the animals improved the opportunity to turn upon the man in an ugly mood. The keeper promptly defended himself, and, to teach the animal manners, gave it a drubbing until it slunk into a corner. One of the spectators, a dear old lady, then remonstrated with the keeper and thought he had acted cruelly. The man stepped out of the cage, and, advancing to the lady, said: "P'raps, mum, you'd like to come inside and manage him!" The invitation was not accepted.

Pill-Taking Extraordinary.

Ninety-six arsenic and iron pills at one time are a formidable, if not a record dose. They were taken by an Italian girl of 16, named Elda, living at Trieste. She had been indisposed for some time, and under medical direction was to take daily five or six pilules containing arsenic and iron. A few days ago, in an acute attack of nervous excitement, she swallowed the whole contents of the bottle—ninety-six pills in all. Needless to say her sufferings were great, but by prompt and drastic surgical action her life was saved.

Most Ancient of Almshouses.

What was probably the oldest almshouse in the world has just been closed after an existence of 452 years. It was founded at Wansiedel, Bavaria, by Christopher Wanner forty-one years before Christopher Columbus discovered America, for old men who wore pointed white beards and wore the costume of the founder's day. It has been closed because no more men could be found who would wear this medieval costume and the pointed beard.

Meningitis in Animals.

Veterinary surgeons know, but the general public probably does not, that some animals are as liable to meningitis as are human beings. Goats and horses are the principal sufferers in the dumb creation, and from them the infection may be transmitted to man. In horses, the disease is known as "hydrocephalus acutus." Of horses affected with the disease, 73 per cent die, and the remainder have a chronic tendency to relapse.—London Globe.

Boiling Eggs Scientifically.

In a lecture before the Royal Institute in London, an English scientist showed a new exact way of timing the boiling of eggs. The egg was suspended from the beam of a pair of scales and dipped in a pan of boiling water. The sand from an hour glass trickled into the scale which hung from the other end of the beam until the egg was cooked. Then the weight of the sand lifted the egg out of the saucepan and rang an electric bell.

AUTOMOBILE WAS BUILT IN 1769.

French Engineer Constructed the First Motor Car.

Those who imagine that the automobile is a recent invention will be surprised to learn that it was invented over 125 years ago. Malcolm McDowell thus describes its early history in his article, "Anti-Auto Riots in 1830," in the Technical World Magazine:

"The automobile seems to have been born, in the form of an idea, in the year 1759, when a Glasgow student threw out the suggestion that the steam engine—then a very crude, low-pressure affair—might be applied to the moving of wheeled vehicles. This student afterward achieved fame as Doctor Robinson, professor of natural philosophy in the University of Edinburgh. Ten years later Nicholas Joseph Cugnot, a French engineer, built the first automobile. The machine was a three-wheeled affair and its course was quickly run, for on its second or third trip it turned a corner too fast and toppled over with a crash. The city officials of Paris refused to permit Cugnot to repair his machine. To keep it from harming any one they locked it up in a church and there it stayed for some years."

PUT LONDONERS IN A PANIC.

Excitement Attended First Use of Illuminating Gas.

In the early days of the last century, when illuminating gas was first used in London, timorous people talked of the dangers of suffocation and of explosions, to which the gas, which was still imperfectly purified, exposed the citizens. Scientists confirmed these assertions, and the first gasometers erected in London, by Samuel Clegg, so terrified the people that no workman would venture to light the gas jets which had been placed on Westminster bridge. But Clegg soon overcame this difficulty by lighting a torch and applying it to the burners with his own hands. On another occasion, before a committee of the Royal Society of London, he bored a hole in the gas holder and put a lighted candle to it, to the great alarm of the spectators, but without causing the slightest accident. Gradually the eyes even of the most prejudiced were opened to the truth.

Telephone Girls in Trouble.

A queer situation was recently created in Melbourne, Australia, by the telephone girls of the central exchange. They suspended all telephone work in the busiest hour of the day in order to have themselves photographed in a group. They were allowed five minutes for the purpose by the head of the department, but the operation lasted for nearly half an hour, during which numerous fussy subscribers were ringing up in vain. The metropolitan fire brigade, failing to get any response, dashed at full speed to the exchange and retired disgusted on learning the true state of affairs. The Melbourne papers are flooded with letters calling for the abolition of the "lady telephonist." A board is inquiring into the incident.

Doing the Best She Could.

Hotel story: A lady guest appeared at the hotel counter, and very politely asked for a glass of water. In a little while she appeared at the counter again and said: "I dislike to bother you, but would you oblige me with another glass of water?" The water was given her and she went away, but came back in a few minutes and asked for another glass. When she appeared and asked for a fourth glass the clerk said: "I beg pardon, but what are you doing with all that water?" To which she replied: "I hate to bother you so much, but there is a fire in my room and I am putting it out."—Atchison Globe.

Skins Used in This Country.

This country is the greatest consumer of hides and skins in the world. It uses in a year 48,000,000 goat skins, 24,000,000 sheep skins, 16,000,000 hides of all kinds, 9,000,000 calf skins and 2,000,000 other skins. It imports all its goat skins a total amount of about $25,000,000 worth, and over $10,000,000 worth of hides and over $17,000,000 worth of other skins, a total of over $50,000,000 worth of hides and skins. Germany imports one-third less hides an skins than does this country, and England and France each import one-half as much.—Shoe Retailer.

Gladstone Overcame Obstacle.

Mr. Gladstone one day evaded an international regulation at the Franco-Italian frontier as follows: He was carrying for his refreshment a basket of fine grapes, which stringent regulations at the time forbade being taken from one county to the other on account of phylloxera, an insect that attacks the roots and leaves of grape vines. Mr. Gladstone's great brain reviewed the situation; he must obey the law, but he was determined to have the grapes, so he sat down there and then on a railway station bench and ate them.

"Corner" in Pigeons.

Having created a "corner" in English owl pigeons, Mr. John Brayshaw, a Keighley mechanic, has just sold his stock of 117 birds at auction for no less than £800. With his pigeons he won from £70 to £80 a year in prize money, his sales have averaged about £250 a year, and he has carried off no fewer than twenty-three silver cups and other awards, including the eighty guinea Esquelant trophy at the Crystal Palace, presented in memory of one of the most famous pigeon fanciers in the land.—London Tit-Bits.

BROUGHT DEAD GIANT TO KING

Kidnaper Had Forgotten Victim Would Need to Breathe.

One of the most industrious of the man-thieves who recruited the famous regiment of giants for King Frederick William of Prussia was Baron Hompesch, whose many successes led him once to cast covetous eyes upon a very lengthy joiner. He ordered of the joiner a chest or cupboard which should be as long and broad as the worker himself. In due course the baron called round. The cupboard had been finished, but he protested that it was too small. This the carpenter denied and laid himself within it as proof of its dimensions. No sooner had he done so than servants of the baron clapped down the lid and had the giant prisoner. They carried him off to the court, but when the lid was opened, instead of a giant there rolled out a corpse. The man had been stifled. In his anger the king sentenced the baron to death, but reprieved him when he wanted more giants.

KNEW SOURCE OF THE "IDEES"

James Russell Lowell's Letter Reassured Mrs. Spofford.

While James Russell Lowell was editor of the Atlantic Monthly he frequently accepted stories written by Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford, with whom he enjoyed a personal friendship. Mrs. Spofford, however, feared that he might be taking them because of his interest in her and not for the merit of her work.

She resolved to put the matter to a test. Her handwriting was peculiar. One of the most characteristic letters was her d, to the end of which she gave a queer little crook, toward the left. In order to disguse her work she had her sister copy one of her stories before sending it to the editor.

Mr. Lowell accepted it in a letter, in which he wrote: "The d's may not be yours, but there is no mistaking the 'Idees.'"

Layman's Praise.

A well-known presiding elder tells a good story at his own expense. He was asked one day to preach at a colored church where a money raising occasion had been announced, and the pastor of the charge, desiring to impress the congregation with the importance and dignity of the speaker of the day, thus introduced him: "Brethren and sisters, it is now my great pleasure and delight to introduce the Rev. Mr. Blank, the sounding brass and de tinkling cymbal of the Methodist church." When a fellow-pastor addressed the same congregation some months later he was introduced as "the great obstacle of the Methodist church."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Henry Irving's Stage Revolution.

Sir Henry Irving was the first actor to make slenderness acceptable, or tolerable, on the English stage. Until his time fatness had been obligatory; it is difficult to realize now the full convention of chest and shoulders and calves. Comparatively lately a man of stage experience was urgent with a company of English amateurs that all the thin women and all the lean men should be made plump. "Nothing," he said, "is so impossible on the stage as thinness." Irving changed all this because his genius was wedded to uncompromising thinness.

Animals Not Becoming Smaller.

"It is a great mistake to conclude that it is a law of nature that recent animals are all small and insignificant as compared with their representatives in the past," says a scientist. "That is simply not true. Recent horses are bigger than extinct ones, and much bigger than three-toed and four-toed ancestors of horses. Recent elephants are as big as any that have existed, and much bigger than their early elephantine ancestors. There never has been any creature of any kind—mammal, reptile, bird or fish—in any geological period we know of so big as some of the existing whales."

Wedding Invitations in Wales.

In the following quaintly formal letter the parents of Welsh brides sometimes bid their friends attend the wedding and bid them also not come empty-handed: "Whatever donation you may be pleased to bestow will be thankfully received and cheerfully repaid whenever called for on a similar occasion. The parents of the bride and bridegroom-elect desire that all gifts due to them will be returned to them on the above date and will be thankful for all favors granted."

Artist's Aim Was Perfection.

When Hogarth was almost at the height of his fame he painted an interior which was somewhat severely criticised by a friend. The artist acknowledged the justness of the criticism, and when his frank friend had left the studio he took a sharp knife, deliberately cut the canvas in two, and then threw the pieces into the coal scuttle. There they were found the following day by one of the maids, who took the pieces home.

How to Best Acquire a Language.

The best way to study a language and to learn its grammar is to begin with sentences, not with single words. The unit of speech is the sentence, and we cannot fix an exact meaning to a word until we see it in a sentence. * * * When once a sufficient number of sentences has been "assimilated," it will be easy to analyze them into their component parts, and to show the relations that these bear to one another.

SHAVE WITH HOT STEEL.

An Old Cutler's Advice to Men Who Use a Razor.

"Whenever I hone a razor," said an old English cutler, "I always give some advice with it, free, gratis, and I take great satisfaction in knowing that I have made shaving easier and more comfortable for more than 10,000 men. Almost every barber will tell you how to strop a razor, but it takes a cutler to tell you how to care for your strop and how to get the best work out of your blade.

"A swing strop, canvass on one side and horse hide on the other, is the best. Always hold it taut and draw the razor lightly, but swiftly, from heel to point. If you let the strop sag you will put a round edge on your blade. Don't forget to cover your strop or put it away in a drawer after using. If it hangs in a bathroom near a window the dust and grime get into it and soon take the edge from your razor. Whether you keep the strop covered or whether you don't, rub your open hand over the two surfaces to free it from dust.

"But what I consider my most valuable advice is how to do away with shaving paper entirely and at the same time improve the cutting quality of the razor's edge. Nine men out of ten shave themselves in a room where there is running hot water. Now, the way to get a most gratifying result is this: Lather thickly and well and let it remain on the face half a minute before you begin to shave. If you have time wash it off, for with it will come the grit and dirt that you have loosened up in the pores of the skin, and then apply a second coat. It will be as soft, smooth and clean as new velvet.

"Now turn on the hot water faucet and let it run. Hold the razor under the stream until it is heated. Then take a slanting, or diagonal, stroke, like a farmer does with a scythe, not a square pull, and you will be amazed to find how beautifully and easily the hot blade cuts the beard.

"When it is filled with lather hold it under the running hot water instead of using shaving paper. This will wash off the lather and at the same time heat the blade again. Don't be afraid of taking out the temper. That would be impossible if you put the razor in a kettle and boiled it. Try the hot blade and you'll never shave with the cold steel again."—New York World.

POISONS IN TOBACCO.

Tobacco destroys the taste, smell and digestion.

Tobacco kills mental, moral and physical vigor.

Tobacco paralyzes the mucous membranes and glands.

Tobacco's most dangerous poison, nicotine, is without antidote.

Tobacco contains prussic acid, ammonia, carbonic oxide and nicotine.

Tobacco contains stronger poisons than opium, alcohol, absinth or chloral.

A single leaf of tobacco or a single cigar contains enough of this poison to kill a man if applied properly.

Nicotine is the most deadly poison known to the pharmacopoea. A single drop or a grain will kill a large animal.

Nicotine resembles prussic acid in appearance, effects and activity. Nicotine's victims die in violent convulsions.—New York American.

No Answer Handy.

This is only worth the telling, writes a correspondent, because it contains a retort which, though a triumph of inconsequence, seems to me quite unanswerable. I happened to be reading some obvious newspaper proofs in a train when the good natured man next to me, with the intention no doubt of making himself agreeable, asked, "Ah, are you connected with the press?" I intimated briefly and perhaps not overcourteously that it was none of his business. He persisted that it was a quite civil inquiry, which I met with the remark that I had not asked him whether he was a clerk or a shop assistant. As he was obviously neither, this nettled him. "If I knew," he said, "what newspaper you belong to I would never buy it again."—London Chronicle.

Buffalo Calves.

Buffalo calves, as a rule, are born in April and May. They are active, vigorous little creatures, mild eyed as domestic calves, but possessing much greater strength and endurance. In a few seconds after birth they can get on their feet, and in twenty minutes they are fit to fight for their lives. Usually it is unnecessary for them to defend themselves at this tender age, as a buffalo cow is quite capable of attending to any business which may arise in connection with the defense of her precious baby.—Washington Star.

Pleasant Thoughts.

"Make yourselves nests of pleasant thoughts," counsels Ruskin. Bright fancies, satisfied memories, noble histories, faithful sayings, treasure houses of restful and precious thoughts which care cannot disturb or pain make gloomy or poverty take away from us—houses built without hands for our souls to live in—these things are not for earth alone; they are a part of the treasure that may be sent over.

Artful.

Young Mr. Fitts—What are you smiling at, dear? Mrs. Fitts—I was just thinking how you used to sit and hold my hand for an hour at a time before we were married. How silly you were! Mr. Fitts—I wasn't silly at all. I held your hand to keep you away from the piano.

The Regular Count.

The heart of a man who has lived to be seventy has beaten 200,000,000 times—not counting the times when he got scared and it worked overtime.—Somerville Journal.

HENRY CLAY'S HOUR OF DEATH

Precise Time of Great Commoner's Demise in Dispute.

Almost every visitor to Washington has noticed the dial on the clock on the avenue front of the National hotel, and has also noticed that the face of the clock, which is up in the arch on the roof, is a painted clock and not a bona fide timepiece.

They have also noticed that the hands of the clock are painted to indicate 8:33. This time has been registered on the National hotel over fifty years, and many have wondered why that particular time was selected.

The explanation is that the clock was painted soon after the death of Henry Clay, who died in room 22 of that hotel on June 29, 1850, and it is stated by authority that the time indicated by the hands of the clock was fixed to indicate the exact hour of the death of Henry Clay.

If this is the fact, the painters, or the person who ordered them to set the clock at that hour, made an error, because, although Henry Clay passed away in the hotel on that particular day, he died at 11:15 a. m., instead of 8:33. The people at the hotel still contend that their clock is right and that the papers and the records are all wrong.—Baltimore American.

SHE WHO SCATTERS SUNSHINE

English Journal's Description of the Woman of Tact.

A woman of tact is one who feels that the story told to hurt your feelings is essentially bad form and inconsiderate of the feelings of others. A woman of tact is the woman who is courteous to old people, who laughs with the young, and who makes her self agreeable to all women in all conditions of life. A woman of tact is one who makes her "good morning" a pleasant greeting, her visit a bright spot in the day, and her "good-bye" a hope that she may come again. A woman of tact is one who does not always gauge people by their clothes or their riches, but who strongly condemns bad manners.—London Answers.

Wondrous Power of Love.

Undoubtedly, as Ovid said ages ago, "Love is the perpetual source of fear and anxieties," yet, also, it is the root of the greatest earthly bliss which humanity can know. Moreover, without faith love cannot endure. True love always is enthusiastic; a love must idealize the beloved. It may well be, and probably is, that the man or woman thus idealized is neither better nor worse than a million others, and no amount of loving will make them angelic, saving in the eyes of love. But, mercifully for humanity, "There's nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so." And angels might be uncomfortable companions for ordinary men and women, "creatures far too bright and good for human nature's daily food."—Chicago Tribune.

This From a Scotchman?

James Merry, a well known Scottish ironmaster and owner of race horses, once decided to run for parliament. He stood as candidate for Glasgow. He posed as an extreme radical, and was prepared to abolish everything in sight, as a short way to reform. At one of his meetings where the heckling of candidates was the feature, as in all Scottish elections, he was asked, after he had disposed summarily of the crown, the house of lords and most of the British constitution, whether he would abolish the decalogue. "Certainly," cried the valiant Merry. Then turning to his nearest neighbor on the platform he asked in an audible whisper, "Jock, what in thunder's the decalogue?"—New York Tribune.

Our Vocabulary Largest.

A German investigator announces that the English language has the largest vocabulary of any now in use. It heads the list with 260,000 words; Germany, with 80,000 words, coming second, and Italy, with 75,000, third. The authors of the English dictionaries certainly deserve a great deal of praise, although we can think of several English words in general use that might be dropped without injuring the appearance of the vocabulary in the least. Possibly the amount of slang in our dictionaries may explain the difference of 180,000 words between the English and German languages.—Exchange.

Homemade Rosy Cheeks.

Gladys is an anaemic child, with pale cheeks and she is eight years old. Much to the annoyance of Gladys her playmates have made the absence of color in her cheeks the subject of conversation, even in her hearing. Evidently the young lady determined to put a stop to criticism and appeared the other day with cheeks glowing like the rose with a most beautiful and artistic pink. "Oh, Gladys, where did you get the pink cheeks?" cried her playmates in chorus. Casting down her eyes the discreet damsel replied: "Mamma told me not to tell."

Noble Heart the First Requisite.

Above all other things a woman who would be charming must possess a true and noble heart, full of love and sympathy for her fellow beings, and an intelligent mind, capable of seeing matters from more than one standpoint. Any woman thus endowed by nature undeniably has within herself the possibilities for ideal womanhood for from these characteristics spring the many little virtues which make a woman loved, admired and needed by those around her.—Exchange.

ALTERNATES USE OF RAZORS.

Self-Shaver Asserts That Blades Require Regular Rest.

"The idea that a razor needs frequent grinding or honing is not in keeping with my experience," said a man who shaves himself. "I have a razor that I got in 1895, which has never been out of my possession, never had any other treatment than strapping, and is to-day the sharpest and best of six. A razor can only be kept in condition without honing, however, by using a hard strap; that is, one which is rigid instead of flexible, and not the kind that makes an arc of a circle when you use it. This latter sort will sharpen a razor for a while, but it also makes the edge round, until at last it ceases to cut. Why do I have six razors? Well, that is to use them in regular turn and give each one of them a rest. I shave every day, which I find the least troublesome method, and if I used the same blade every day it would soon play out. The edge of a razor needs rest just like every other machine."

THOUGHTS THAT LEAVE STAINS.

Make Marks Not to Be Outdone, and Weaken Habit of Virtue.

Prof. S. Clifford Allbutt, M. D., LL. D., M. A., F. R. S., etc, Regius Professor of Physics at Cambridge university, delivered an address the other day to the students at the opening of King's College hospital in London, in which he said:

"Remember, if you are ever bored with your own self there is something wrong with you. Physiology tells you that you must always be building or degenerate; no impure, petty or rancorous thought but makes a mark not to be outdone and weakens the habit of virtue. It has been said, and with some truth, perhaps, that men of science are apt to forget we cannot play curiously with base and shameful things and then wipe them away as if we had never been occupied with them. Upon those physicians whose painful duty it may be to turn over psychological garbage rests the heavier responsibility of a jealous concern for the purity of their own hearts."

Expensive Burial Ground.

Burial in Westminster Abbey is an expensive honor, although the sums exacted are considerably less than they were fifty years ago. The fees for interment are arranged on the following scale: To the fabric fund, £26, £36 or £46, according to the degree of the person to be buried. Other fees to dean, canons, choir, officers, verger, etc., £24 2s. 2d. In lieu of scarves, etc., for the choir, etc., £21 2s. 6d. Making altogether £91 4s. 8d., £101 4s. 8d., or £111 4s. 8d., according to degree. Formerly the fees amounted to £150 or £160, besides the scarves, hat-bands and gloves charged in the undertaker's bill.—London Tit-Bits.

Was Too Honest.

Honesty is one of the leading principles taught in the public schools, and the teachers begin early to impress the value of this trait in character on the minds of the youngest pupils. A South Chicago teacher had a pupil who gave her much sorrow by his unfortunate habit of fibbing on every possible occasion. One day she kept him after school and gave him a serious "talking to." "Just look at the life of George Washington," she said; "he couldn't tell a lie." "Huh," remarked the unregenerate youth, "what was the matter with him?"

Novel Desert Bath.

One of the wonders of the California desert is the hot sand bath, famous from the times of the first Spanish pioneers. The surface water is only a few inches deep; beneath is black sand, constantly in gentle motion. The bather does not touch bottom—his body sinks to the shoulders, and with the aid of a crossbar of timber is then sustained in a position of perpendicular flotation. The temperature is just as warm as can be comfortably borne, and the sensation, like that of soft massaging, is delightful.

Obliged to Smoke.

Every morning, as soon as the trains are relieved of their burden at the New York end of the Brooklyn bridge, every smoker has his cigarette or cigar in one hand and the ever-ready match in the other. It seems as if a minute cannot be lost for this most solacing habit of smoking. The boxes and half-burnt matches which lie like dead soldiers on the pavement are silent vouchers for the importance of the weed in our commercial life.—New York Press.

Ambulance Trains.

In America and in Germany railway ambulance trains are now in use, which are kept ready to be sent out for the purpose of affording speedy relief to the maimed. The train, so far as its narrow limits permit, is as admirably equipped as any modern hospital; its operating room is fitted up with an operating table, with all the necessary appliances of antiseptic surgery.

Bell-Ringing Record.

A party of bell-ringers, making a holiday tour in Manchester and district, have recently rung at Ashton parish church a peal of Stedman Cinques, consisting of 5,007 changes, in three hours and forty-one minutes, says an English exchange. This is a record, and is the only true peal ever rung in Lancashire, though an attempt was made in Liverpool in 1860.

IN THE DAIRY

The owners of cows in general are afraid of high prices for high class cows. The average farmer and dairyman holds the idea that he can afford to own only "average" cows. He figures out somehow that he must judge a cow's value not from what she really can earn, but from the amount of money he thinks he can afford to pay for her. It has been repeated over and over that the milk producer cannot afford one kind of cow and that one the small yield cow. Along with this it has been repeated that the producer can "afford" the high yield cow at any price within her earning capacity as a yielder of milk and butter. A dairy cow is worth just what she will produce for her owner.

At the present price of butter the cow making 325 pounds of butter is worth $30, the cow that makes 375 pounds of butter is worth $40, and the cow that makes 400 pounds of butter is worth $50.

These figures and valuations are exactly in accordance with the teachings of every dairyman and farmer. Every milk producer should study them, size up his herd by them and thus work out the problem that meets him face to face.

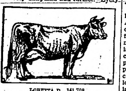
LORETTA D., 141,708.
[Champion pure bred Jersey cow in classes A and B, world's fair dairy demonstration, St. Louis, 1904. Record for 120 days, 5,802.7 pounds milk, 4.8 per cent fat, 280.03 pounds estimated butter.]

The question may come up, What is the first step I must take to put my herd on a paying basis? Every dairyman and farmer can better afford to pay $500 a head for the cows that average 700 pounds of butter per year, provided he can find such cows, than he can afford to pay $15 or $20 a head for cows that average only 100 to 200 per year. This calculation ought to make every farmer hesitate before he pays $35 to $40 a head for cows that range below 300 pounds of butter per year, as many farmers have been doing the past year. The average cow is a loser of money to every dairyman and farmer. The testing and analyzing of milk at the present time are so easy and simple that any ordinary farmer with a little practice can tell in a few minutes just what his cows are capable of doing at the end of every month, and every cow that falls below the 300 pound mark is not worth her feed and keeping to her owner and should be turned into beef. —C. F. Stone Before Kansas Improved Stock Breeders' Association.

Ice House For Dairy Farm.

An ice house is a convenient and valuable adjunct to any dairy farm. This building can be constructed very cheaply either separate from or in connection with the dairy house. The capacity should be ample to hold an abundance of ice for dairy and household purposes during the season. Many dairymen would construct such a building if they knew how to do it with as little outlay as possible. The dairy division proposes to give assistance by suggesting specifications for dairy and ice houses to persons who make application. Correspondence bearing on this subject should be addressed to the dairy division, bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, Washington.

An Honor Roll.

Kimball's Dairy Farmer tells that a leading Iowa cheese factory makes a practice of sending out each month a letter to each of its patrons. This is full of items of general interest to dairymen, but the striking feature of the letter is the honor roll. The patrons of the cheese factory are urged to send in reports of what their cows have done, and this appears in regular order, the best herd coming at the head of the list. Another feature of the honor roll is the test. In a recent letter it reads something like this: "One patron 4.4, one 4.1, ten 4.0, fifteen 3.9, thirty-one 3.8, four 3.7, two 3.6, two 3.5, one 3.4." This makes an average test of 3.9, which is a fair figure for sixty-seven farm dairy herds.

Flushing the Separator.

Flushing out the hand separator is very deceptive business. It is a practice quite prevalent in many dairy communities to thoroughly wash the separator every morning after separating, but only flush out with warm water at night. It has been found that cream from flushed separators contains an additional number of bacteria, and a very good dairy authority claims that it can never be transformed into first grade butter.

Summer Comfort For Calves.

Calves will do better if kept in clean, airy box stalls during the summer than if allowed to run out and fight flies in the hot sun. They should be given a drink of water at noon and should have access to salt at will. They should also have some grass or green oats cut and given them every day. They should not be given very much at a time, not more than they will eat up clean before the next time of feeding.

Feeding the Milk Maker

Parsimonious feeding will negate the best qualities of any improved breed. All registered breeds have been developed by liberal feeding as well as *intelligent selections. Retrogression* commences with the want of proper nourishment, and young animals born to be champions of their breeds have their possibilities stultified. At the door of poor feeding can be charged the direct cause of more cases of discouragement, loss of money and finally giving up of improved dairy stock than any other one thing.

June Feeding In January.

Those four words mean a big difference in the profits from your herd of cows. The best way to get June feed in January—we may say, the only way to get it—is to erect a silo and fill it with corn. If the silo is a good one and the corn is put into it right you can give Brindle and her sisters as luscious feed in January as nature provides in June. In fact, you can give them a little better, for good silage has more stamina and greater feeding value than grass ever had. Note we say "good silage."—Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Alfalfa Rich In Protein.

In comparing its food nutrients with that of other forage plants and mill feeds alfalfa contains more protein than any other fodder and therefore can be used in a ration to replace in part mill feeds rich in protein.

Sorghum Silage.

Sorghum silage has been largely used as a winter ration and as a supplementary summer ration for dairy herds, with highly satisfactory and profitable results. This is especially true in parts of the south, where from 100 to over 1,000 tons are put up annually at several points. In the north it is growing in favor, even in competition with an abundant and profitable corn crop.—C. R. Ball.

Good Feed For Good Butter.

There are those who think that you can feed a cow anything under the sun and have the milk and butter of a good flavor. Don't let that notion get into your head. Feed good things if you want your butter to have a nice flavor, says a Michigan farmer.

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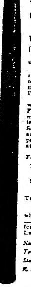

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1906. NUMBER 33

FAIR WAS A BIG SUCCESS

Attendance Was Some Larger Than Any Previous Year.

The Association Just About Made Expenses and Is Out of Debt.

The fifth annual Red Lake county fair came to an end last Friday evening, and it was the most successful fair in many ways ever held. The weather on the three days was as fine as could be asked for and nothing happened to mar the pleasure of the large crowds in attendance. In a financial way, the association did not do as well as had been anticipated. While the gate receipts were larger than last year, the expenses were also increased considerable and as a result the association will just about come out even. The attendance on Thursday was by far the greatest of any day of the fair. More people from the surrounding towns were in the city than ever before, and the hotels of the city were taxed to their full capacity and many had a hard time to find a place to sleep. The attendance from the county—owning to the fact that harvest was in progress in the vicinity of Thief River Falls—was not as large as usual.

Fair Notes.

Quite a number of candidates for office were here looking after their interests.

There was considerable complaint made as to the judgment of the judges in awarding the prizes upon the stock exhibit. The original judges selected for this work were not on hand and it is quite likely that ones who officiated did not give careful consideration to the merits of the stock they judged. At least that is the opinion of a large number who took an interest in the matter.

The Golden Rule had a fine exhibit of Home Brand goods. If other stores would have similar exhibits, it would greatly add to the attractiveness of the fair.

C. J. Knok purchased a bull and five heifers from the heard of stock L. Lambertson had upon exhibition at the fair. Mr. Knox will go into cattle raising quite extensively in the near future.

The Cash Carnival company left Saturday morning for Bemidji. People of the city seem to be divided as to whether or not it is good policy to give these people the right to come here with their large number of shows and it is quite probable that next year different arrangements will be made for amusement.

The police report that not one arrest was made during the fair week, which seems rather a surprise. The crowd was a decidedly orderly one.

The stock exhibit was the best ever seen at the fair and attracted attention of all those residing in different sections of the state.

The races were very good, but what interested the people of Thief River Falls the most were the races in which C. J. Knox's horse, Lockstep, took part. Lockstep not only won the races he was entered in on Thursday and Friday afternoons, but he won every heat and although pitted against some good horses he apparently had an easy victory. John Keenan, of Warren, who has been the trainer of Lockstep, and his son, Will Keenan, the driver, are entitled to great credit for the fine condition in which the horse is, and the horsemen who were at the fair all unite in saying that they never saw a horse better trained or one that gave better promise of being a swift animal than Lockstep. It is quite probable that next season Lockstep will go into a large number of races and it is expected that he will make some money for his backers.

A Wolf Story.

The other day one of Mrs. N. Moe's daughters started to go to the store, when she noticed some thing move the grass along the road, she stepped aside to see what it was, to her surprise: up jumped a great she wolf with her mouth wide open, but as luck would have it, her dog was right behind her. The wolf and the dog went at it, this gave the girl a chance to escape. The wolf was playing with her young ones when the trouble began. It was indeed a very close call, and the girl may be thankful that she escayed alive. —Sunbeam.

WILL GIVE ADVICE FREE

State Wants to Give Advice to Farmers Regarding Creameries.

There Is Danger That New Institutions May Not Get the Right Start.

Joel G. Winkjer, of the State Dairy and Food Commission, sends the News the following with the request that it be published:

There is a great development in the line of dairying in the northern part of the state at the present time and the growth of this industry depends on the way the new creameries are established. If organized on the wrong basis, they may be a hindrance for the right progress of the dairy business. The State Dairy and Food Department has experienced men that will go to any place where a creamery is desired and give the farmers the benefit of their years of experience in this line of work and get the creamery started on the most up-to-date and successful plan. Anyone may write to the State Dairy and Food Commissioners and ask for a man or any special man to come and help in the organization, or you may write direct to the undersigned. There is no expence connected with any such help and you will get assistance that means money in your pocket.

Joel G. Winkjer,
Creamery Inspector,
Crookston, Minn.

A Painful Accident.

While hanging out clothes last week Ida, the 10-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Knut Steen, met with a peculiar and decidedly painful accident by stepping on a piece of broken glass which cut deeply into her foot. The glass was removed by her parents, as they then thought, and the wound dressed. A few days later the foot began to swell and an ugly sore formed in the cut. It was again opened and some more glass taken out. It was also discovered that a piece of the glass had been imbedded in the bone and it was necessary to have a physician operate for its safe removal. This was done at Thief River Falls on Tuesday and the girl is progressing nicely now and no farther serious results are anticipated.—Plummer Pioneer.

INSURANCE IS TOO HIGH

Costs Altogether More Than It Should in Country Towns.

Not 40 Per Cent of the Premiums Paid for Fire Losses.

The country towns are getting the worst of it on the fire insurance proposition. During the year 1905 the people of the incorporated towns of Minnesota paid $4,978,481.80 for fire losses only $2,259,671.39—about 40 per cent, of the amount paid in premiums. If the last year had been exceptional there might be some *justification for the* exorbitant rates charged by the insurance trust, but statistics show that the companies have never returned more than 62 per cent. of the premiums, and average for ten years is 49 per cent. In 1903 the ratio of losses to premiums was 37 per cent: in 1902 41 per cent. An average of ten years ought to be fair for the country towns of Minnesota. There is no danger of a fire calamaty that would effect the general average of losses seriously. In all the history of fire insurance business the general average throughout the United States as related to the country towns has been about the same. During the year 1905 the statistics for the towns of this vicinity give the following ratio of losses to premivms:

	Premiums	Losses
Ada	$ 9,027.40	$ 291.21
Argyle	4,465.83	53.28
Bagley	4,229.31	1,316.00
Bemidji	24,216.80	10,949.91
Blackduck	3,098.75	425.00
Crookston	37,125.78	2,875.60
E. Grand Forks	28,325.87	4,607.71
Fertile	2,840.00	*
Fisher	1,303.04	*
Fosston	5,799.32	5,074.44
Hallock	8,924.40	877.00
McIntosh	3,013.37	2,102.82
Moorhead	25,792.60	5,133.56
Roseau	2,408.56	578.00
Red Lake Falls	8,718.74	5,760.41
St. Hilaire	4,638.23	56.80
Stephen	4,311.89	40.60
Thief River Falls	19,526.11	3,412.15
Twin Valley	2,780.63	*
Ulen	3,635.67	*
Warren	8,002.40	1,278.64

*No loss.

There could be no better evidence than the list presented above that the towns and villages of northern Minnesota paying exorbitant fire insurance rates. In no town given does the loss exceed the amount of premium, and the average ratio of losses to premiums is less than 25 per cent. It would seem that the legislature—if we can ever get one that is free from the taint of corporation control—should investigate the matter of insurance rates and give the people the relief to which they are entitled. We have been robbed long enough.

NEW AGENT.

John Frater Now in Charge of the Red Lake Indians.

John D. Frater Tuesday formally assumed the duties of Indian agent at Onigum, the Leech Lake Indian agency, relieving Charles S. McNichols, special agent of the Indian department, who has been in charge of the affairs at Onigum since the resignation of Major Scott last winter.

When Major Scott tendered his resignation the special agent was sent from Washington to take charge of the office. The Indian department would not allow Major Scott additional pay to what he was receiving as a retired army officer, hence his letting go.

The position was offered to H. J. Rider, of Little Falls, but the latter preferred to hold his present office, that of deputy S. S. Marshall, and John D. Frater, of Brainerd, ex-state senator, was appointed agent. Mr. Frater has been at Onigum for some time and has become thoroughly familiar with the duties of the office. He will have general supervision of the Leech Lake, Cass Lake, Red Lake, Winnibigoshish and White Oak Point reservations, there being a sub agent in actual charge at the agencies of these different reserves. The position of agent is a trying one while the timber is being cut on the Chippewa reservation, and requires tact and considerable native ability on the part of the person acting agent. It is believed that Mr. Frater will make an excellent official.

The Winners.

Following are the prize winners of the creamery butter exhibits at the fair: O. L. Olson, St. Hilaire, test 94 1 2; W. N. Larson, Thief River Falls, test 94; Wm. Larson, Plummer test 93; H. Mashling, Brooks, test 93.

NEW CASE IS STARTED

Northwestern Telephone Company Brings a New Action.

A Writ of Mandamus Served Upon the City Officicials Last Week.

New proceedings were commenced last week by the Northwestern Telephone company to gain admittance into the city with a local telephone exchange. The city officials were served with a writ of mandamus, to be made returnable before Judge Watts in chambers at Crookston on Tuesday, August 21. Judge Watts *some time ago* held that the Northwestern Telephone Company had a franchise here, but that they could not erect telephone poles except at places to be designated for the same by the city council. This the council has refused to do, and the mandamus proceedings are now brought to force the council to designate places where poles can be set.

The telephone war has attracted considerable local attention and the outcome of the case will be looked for with considerable interest.

DIVISION AGAIN.

John Ristau of Germantown, Gives His Opinion of the Matter.

To the Editor Thief River Falls News: The dividing of Marshall county, is a matter that ought to be discussed thoroughly, before we cast our votes either for or against. There is one item that we ought to eliminate from our minds, when we are figuring out the possible advantages to be derived if Marshall county is divided; that is the interest the Northern Townsite Company has in the division. That the members of this company are all unanimous for the division no one doubts. So in deciding this important question, it must be considered from the benefit it will give to the farmers residing in the purposed new county. One thing is evident and that is; our taxes will advance considerable, because one set of officers and courthouse will have to be maintained and other incidental expenses. Of course we will get some money for our part in the court house in Warren but that does not alter the case much. I will state in this connection, that it has been customary in the past to rely on the farmers to foot the bills, when any schemes has been brought forth; but by this time we farmers ought to know our own interest to divide the county, we farmers ought to take the initiative in such a proposition and not let any out-siders do it for us. Now as to the possible advantages that will accrue if we submit to a division, are mostly visionary. We all agree that it will help Middle River and a few farmers living around there. But you farmers that are living East of Thief River, you ought to consider the conveniences and facilities you have in getting to Middle River. Thief River Falls is more natural for us as a trading point and it is just as easy for us to go to Warren by rail as it is to go to Middle River. We farmers out here are opposed to the proposition to divide the county, for the following reasons: 1st taxes will be higher 2nd it will not be convenient to drive to Middle River, nor will we have better rail-road facilities to reach that place than we have in reaching Warren, and 3rd a good number of farms in the Eastern end of the county as well as around Middle River are mostly adapted to raise delinquent taxes on. I will urge my brother farmers to vote against the proposition to divide the county.

I hope you farmers living in the Western part of the county, do not want to get rid of us at present, but if you do, the county will certainly be divided. If it will be found in the future, that a division of Marshall county is necessary, then I have a better plan to suggest and that is to locate the county seat on the picturesque South shore of Mud Lake. This place has many more advantages than Middle River. In going there very few would have an advantage over others in reaching this center of the county, all would have to wade or drive through the Mud as the case may be, when farmers had an inclination to pay a visit to the county fathers and officials. I am sure that John Phillips, who owns a farm on the South shore of Mud Lake, will gladly give free grounds for court house, as well as free grounds for the county officials to build their residences on. Think of the great savings it would be for the county to get the grounds for nothing and not to forget the immense savings on insurance, by having such easy access to water. Just imagine the pleasure as well as the benefit farmers would have in going to and from Mud Lake, by getting all the fish and game they would need, as that region abounds plentifully with all kinds of game. I do not know of a place in the Northern part of the state that is better known to the Nimrods, not only in this state, but throughout the whole Union. Think of what a prosperous city this would be and what source of revenue the Nimrods would be, and also from pleasure seekers that would visit this beautiful place. Some enterprising farmers would have pleasure boats flying on Mud Lake as well as on all surrounding Lakes. My advice to you brother farmers is this: vote against the proposition to divide Marshall county at present and let us wait a few years more and when we find that a division is necessary then we will divide and have the South shore of Mud Lake for county seat.

John Ristau,
Germantown, Minn.

Well Satisfied.

The farmers of this and Deer Park township are very well satisfied with the fair dealing they have had from the Thief River Falls creamery this season, and this is a business that will largely increase next year.—Sunbeam.

WARROAD EXTENSION

Road to Be Completed Into Roseau by the 1st of November.

Will Not Reach Warroad Until a Year Later It Is Said.

Work of building the Greenbush extension from Greenbush to Warroad will be completed as far as Roseau by the 1st of November, at least this announcement is made upon good authority. It is also stated that it is hardly probable that the rails will be laid or the road in running order from Roseau to Warroad until about one year later.

The grading of the road from Greenbush to Warroad has all been completed, but on account of a shortage of steel rails, the work has been allowed to lag. A year ago it was confidently expected that by this time the road would be all completed from Greenbush to Warroad, but no attempt has been made thus far to lay any rails, or to get any construction material upon the ground. The citizens of Roseau gave a free right-of-way through that village upon the condition that the road would be completed into Roseau by the first of July, but as this has not been done, the people up there will now probably demand pay for the right-of-way.

To Go to Canada.

W. A. Wright, who for the past seven years has been in charge of the lumber shipments for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, has accepted the position of general manager for the Northwestern Lumber Company at Greenbush Canada, and will leave about the first of September to take up his new duties. His wife and family will not go up until next spring. Greenbush is located about 120 miles due east of Prince Albert. Mr. and Mrs. Wright will be greatly missed by the people of Thief River Falls and all regret to see them leave.

A Big Pike.

While fishing in a small lake a mile and a half west of Nebish Sunday afternoon M. D. Stone, county surveyor of Beltram county, caught a monster pike that tipped the scales at seven and one-half pounds, which he landed only after a strategic struggle. The fish measured twenty-seven and one-half inches in length.

BELIEVES IN RED CLOVER

Prof. Show Says That He Has Great Faith in This Section.

Says Clover Is King and that We Have the Soil if Not the People.

"I am greatly pleased and surprised with your Red River Valley," said Prof. Shaw the agricultural expert who together with Prof. Hoverstad has been making a tour of the valley judging the Hill prize farms. "You have the finest agricultural country to be found anywhere," he continued, "but I must find fault with your farmers. I am almost afraid that I will not dare return to the valley again as I have been compelled to say so many harsh things about your farmers up here. The way this fine soil is worked is really a disgrace. It makes me exasperated to see the loose way most of it is handled. The foul weeds are getting a dangerous hold, the land is not properly tilled and is not half drained. I mean every word of it. "I am not joking a bit and I believe it will do your agriculturists good to be told about it."

Mr. Shaw then went on to tell what he had discovered about clover growing in the valley, telling that he found one piece four miles southeast of Thief River Fall on which a clover crop had been raised for eight successive years without being seeded, although clover is supposed to be a biennial crop. The clover crop in the town of Rocksbury, he said, was the best he ever saw.

When asked what particular benefits would result from extensive clover growing he said that it was greatly beneficial as a rotation crop. It would greatly help in erradicating foul weeds. It would help as a fertilizer. The farmers would be compelled to grow stock. "Then you believe in stock raising," was the query?" "Indeed I do," was the answer, "everything and everything to diversify farming so that if one crop department of the farm fails there will be something else to fall back on. Pound diversified farming into your farmers" he said, "and keep on pounding. Another thing about clover," said Mr. Shaw coming back to his favorite topic, "is that it fills the ground with vegetable matter which is needed in this section at this time more than plowed under to make a fertilizer, the roots filling the ground will be just what the soil needs and will be greatly beneficial."

When asked about the best variety of clover he mentioned Alsike which makes fine hay but also spoke favorably of common red clover. "When I found what a great clover country you had here it went up 100 per cent in my estimation," he concluded.

Our Old Kentucky Home.

The public is always willing to patronize any good attraction and in this day of quick spreading news it is no easy matter to palm off an inferior play expecting the capacity of the theatre to be tested, and rob the people of their money. In order to take away the least shadow of a doubt, the management of "Our Old Kentucky Home" offer this guarantee, to any one, that after seeing two acts of the play the privilege to have their money refunded if not satisfied. We test the capacity of theatres by honest dealing and by giving the people their moneys worth. You will enjoyed the play, the music, the specialties. At the Evenson Hall Saturday evening, August 18, prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.

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CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND
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Is now running under a new system, and we can always guarantee to give satisfaction to our customers. We have the most modern machinery, and our workmen are skilled and in every way competent, All work promptly and neatly done.
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PHONE 118

CHANNEL IS BLOCKED

ENTRANCE TO DULUTH-SUPERIOR HARBOR CLOSED BY FALL OF BRIDGE SPAN.

Northern Pacific Railroad in Contempt for Refusing to Answer Questions in Rate Hearing—Iron Ore Interests Protest Against Proposed Seventy-five Per Cent Increase in Assessments—General State News.

Duluth, Aug. 11.—The steamer Troy, a 5,000-ton steel packet freighter owned by the Western Transit company, collided with the 500-foot span of the interstate bridge owned by the Great Northern railroad and precipitated it into the channels on either side of the center pier on which the span revolved. The accident is the most disastrous that has ever happened in the Duluth-Superior harbor.

Navigation to and from the upper harbor, the most active portion of the Head of the Lakes, is blocked.

The wrecked bridge lies in such a manner as to block the channel on both sides of the center pier so that it is impossible even for a tug to pass.

Street railway and team traffic between Duluth and Superior is cut off and will be for some time to come. It is asserted that the bridge cannot be put in commission again this season, although the span now blocking the movement of many steamers will be removed as soon as possible, conservatively estimated at two days.

Forty steamers now in the upper harbor are cut off from returning to the lake or to the Duluth side of the harbor. Most of the coal docks are on the upper harbor, also many of the grain elevators, merchandise docks and the shipyard on the Superior side. Water communication with all this is cut off. The greater part of the tonnage of the Duluth-Superior harbor originates in St. Louis bay, where the docks of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern road is located. Therefore many thousand tons of ore will be held up until the channel is cleared up.

Estimates of the financial loss to the bridge alone vary from $100,000 to $800,000.

RAILROAD IN CONTEMPT.

Northern Pacific Refuses to Disclose Coal Rate Contract.

St. Paul, Aug. 11.—The Northern Pacific Railway company has placed itself in voluntary contempt of the railway and warehouse commission. At the continued hearing covering the Hastings coal and grain rate complaint the company, through C. W. Bunn, its attorney, absolutely refused to answer the question of what rate the St. Paul road paid the Northern Pacific for hauling freight from Duluth to the Twin Cities. Mr. Bunn held the question to be immaterial.

The commission took no immediate steps in a procedure to compel the road to obey its ruling or be punished. It is understood that the matter will first be discussed with Edward T. Young, attorney general. The probable procedure will be an application to the district court for an order compelling the Northern Pacific to produce the contract wanted.

PRISONER THANKS COURT.

Convicted Murderer Pleased to Escape the Gallows.

Roseau, Minn., Aug. 9.—After being out but three hours the jury in the Alexander McKenzie murder trial returned a verdict of guilty and the defendant was sentenced to serve the rest of his natural days in the state's prison. The general sentiment was that the verdict was a just one. McKenzie was charged with the murder of John Stewart, who was killed last winter. Stewart was known to have carried a large sum of money and robbery is supposed to have been the motive for the crime. When sentence of life imprisonment was passed McKenzie personally thanked the court for not imposing the extreme penalty.

OBJECT TO ASSESSMENT.

Iron Ore Interests Willing to Stand Small Increase.

Duluth, Aug. 11.—Protesting against a raise of 75 per cent in the assessed valuation of $42,000,000 the iron ore interests have admitted that a valuation of $55,000,000 would be a fair one, based on the increase in the ore shipments.

Representatives of the steel corporation pointed out that the range roads are already paying a gross earnings tax and that, with this valuation, the total taxes paid would be about $1,500,000 a year. The county board has the matter still under consideration.

Killed With an Umbrella.

Minneapolis, Aug. 8.—Frank Staffler died at St. Mary's hospital in Minneapolis Tuesday and the police are searching for John Harris, who it is alleged during a quarrel thrust the ferule of an umbrella into Staffler's right eye on Saturday night, thus inflicting the wound which caused Staffler's death.

St. Paul Man Loses Diamond.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—A. K. Landry, a retired merchant of St. Paul, reported to the police the loss of a diamond pin valued at $1,200. He said he was jostled by two men in front of a depot, where he was about to take a train for St. Louis, and thinks they stole the pin.

PEACEMAKER IS INJURED.

Minneapolis Policeman Knocked Into Coal Chute.

Minneapolis, Aug. 11.—While attempting to put an end to a fight between a couple of intoxicated men in an alley near First avenue north and Fifth street Patrolman Dougherty was set upon by the two fighters and roughly handled. The two men started their trouble in a saloon nearby and were put out by the policeman. Upon their beginning a second fight in the alley in the rear of the saloon Dougherty again attempted to restore peace, but this time, while he was trying to pacify one of the pair, the other caught him unawares with a stiff righthander and knocked him into a coal chute, where he received an ugly scalp wound and numerous cuts and bruises.

LAFAYETTE EMMETT DEAD.

First Chief Justice of Minnesota Expires at Santa Fe.

Minneapolis, Aug. 12.—Judge Lafayette Emmett, the first chief justice of the Minnesota supreme court, died yesterday in Santa Fe at the home of his son-in-law, McGill Otero, governor of New Mexico.

Judge Emmett left Minnesota seventeen years ago after a long life of distinguished public service. His last residence in Minnesota was at Ortonville.

He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Joseph Persham of Roxbury, Mass., and three grandchildren, L. Emmett Lane, the son of L. C. Lane of Minneapolis, and John and Elizabeth Ransom, children of the late Rudolph M. Ransom of St. Paul.

TWO-YEAR-OLD POISONED.

Finds Bichlorate of Mercury Tablet in a Drawer.

Mankato, Minn., Aug. 11.—The two-year-old daughter of Attorney Evan Hughes, president of the school board, got hold of a tablet of bichlorate of mercury while playing in a drawer at his residence and ate part of it. Although discovered at once and medical attendance secured within thirty minutes the child lies in a critical condition, with slender hopes of recovery. The family had not known that there was such a tablet in the house and the box containing it was not labeled as containing poison.

SUSPENDS KELLY AND LIDYARD.

President O'Brien Also Cites Them to Appear for Trial.

Milwaukee, Aug. 13.—President Joseph D. O'Brien has announced the suspension of Manager M. J. Kelley and Secretary L. A. Lidyard of the Minneapolis Baseball club from all privileges in the American association and cited them to appear for trial before the board of directors in Milwaukee on Aug. 22 to show cause why they should not be expelled on account of the charge of irregularities preferred by them against Umpire Owens, who was recently acquitted of the charges.

EDGAR BROWN IS DEAD.

Discoverer of Minnesota Iron Ranges Dies a Pauper.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 7.—Edgar Brown, the discoverer of the famous Mesaba and Vermillion iron ranges in Northern Minnesota, died in a local hospital penniless. Not only did Brown discover these famous iron ore deposits, but it is said he developed them until they were rated as worth $13,000,000.

Will Build Piano Factory.

St. Paul, Aug. 13.—Ground has been broken at University and Pillsbury avenues, St. Anthony Park, for the construction of a piano factory by S. W. Raudenbush & Co., which will have the biggest capacity of any similar plant west of Milwaukee and Chicago. It will produce 1,000 pianos a year, or about three a day. Forty to forty-five skilled men will be employed, who will be engaged in the manufacture of pianos alone. No repair work will be done at the plant.

Prominent Farmer Drowns.

Stillwater, Minn., Aug. 9.—William Garner, a well known Washington county farmer, living on Lake Jane road, was drowned yesterday in one of the lakes Demontreville. Garner attempted to wade across the channel between two lakes to ascertain its depth prior to carrying his little child over and unconsciously he stepped into a hole which had been deepened. He could not swim and sank.

Aged Man Fatally Injured.

St. Paul, Aug. 9.—Edward Gurney, aged eighty-four, was run down by an interurban car at Prior and University avenues at 3 o'clock yesterday, receiving probably fatal injuries. His nose is broken and he has multiple injuries about the head. He was unconscious late last night and it was said that he had a hemorrhage that was considered fatal.

Dakota County Official Dead.

Hastings, Minn., Aug. 8.—F. W. Kramer, for the last six years coroner of Dakota county, died today after an illness of many months from diabetes at the age of thirty-five years. He was well known throughout this part of the state and for the last seven years had been in the furniture and undertaking business in Hastings.

St. Paul Boy Injured.

St. Paul, Aug. 13.—Joseph Ellis, twelve years old, in trying to catch a ride on a furniture van, had his leg caught in a wheel and almost torn from his body. The limb was amputated at the knee. He may recover.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Four hundred St. Paul freight handlers have secured an increase in wages.

J. Adam Bede of Pine City has filed for re-election to congress from the Eighth district.

Anthony Parrent, a resident of Washington county since 1851, is dead, aged eighty.

Oscar Harrison, eight years old, was drowned while bathing in the Mississippi river at Minneapolis.

William Garner, a well-to-do farmer near Oakdale, was accidentally drowned in a lake near his home.

Dr. T. H. Bly, convicted at Minneapolis of performing a criminal operation, has been taken to Stillwater.

The report of the assessor shows that there are nearly 16,000 cows in Steele county and nearly 6,000 horses.

Loren Fletcher of Minneapolis has announced that he will not be a candidate for re-election to congress this fall.

Dr. Henry Austin Gould is dead at Minneapolis, aged eighty-three years. He had resided in Minnesota since 1855.

C. R. Peterson of Cokato, a prominent business man, has filed as Republican candidate for representative from Wright county.

Frank M. Nye of Minneapolis has filed for the Republican nomination for congress in the Fifth district, making the fourth Republican candidate in the field.

Mrs. Benhard Nelson of Cokato, aged fifty years, is dead of lockjaw. A few days ago she stepped on a rusty nail; soon blood poisoning set in and tetanus resulted.

After a year's delay an agreement has finally been completed by which the state acquires the necessary land for the Minneopa state park, two miles south of Mankato.

Harry Brown, a resident of Minneapolis, is dying at St. Joseph's hospital, St. Paul, with a fractured skull received by falling from a scaffold at the new city railway shops at St. Paul.

There has been received into the treasury of the state during the year which closed July 31 a total of $10,162,396.05 from taxes, timber sales, royalty on iron ore and from all other sources.

While riding on a construction gravel train Fay Connell, the eleven-year-old son of Mrs. W. H. Connell of Detroit, stepped off a flatcar of sand and was cut in several pieces by the car wheels.

Alex Johnson of New Ulm won this month's scoring in the butter contest conducted by the state dairy and food department. His score is 98. P. Christensen of Olivia is only a quarter of 1 per cent below him and A. D. Fisher of New Richland is third, with 97¼.

A cablegram has been received in St. Cloud from Florence, Italy, that Mrs. Frank McIntyre, the bride of Professor Frank McIntyre, late superintendent of schools at St. Cloud, who died in Rome, Italy, while on his wedding trip, was seriously ill at Florence and not expected to live.

Henry Prolow, murderer of Charles Zemke at Goodhue, whose death sentence was commuted to life imprisonment, has been taken from Red Wing to Stillwater to begin his sentence. Prolow was smiling and in the best of spirits and thanked his friends for what they had done for him.

The city board of equalization of Minneapolis has levied an assessment against the Standard Oil company on a valuation of $841,500. Counsel for the oil trust appeared before the board and said that the company could not be assessed for credits in Minnesota because it was a foreign corporation, but the board decided to let the assessment stand.

Alfred Dore of Minneapolis, who was stabbed on the morning of July 5, died of his wound in the Minneapolis city hospital Aug. 10. Emil Olson, who was arrested several days after the stabbing, is now in custody in the county jail charged with manslaughter in the second degree, which will probably be changed to a more serious offense.

The Stillwater prison twine plant closed its season's business last week, but the machines will continue in operation without interruption. The season's output was almost 13,500,000 pounds. Many farmers throughout the state have already sent in carload club orders for next season and twenty carloads have already been ordered for the season of 1907.

Willie Perry, eight years old, son of Rev. W. F. Perry of the United Brethren church of Eyota, was instantly killed by a fall. The Perry boy, with a number of youthful companions, was playing in a barn and the Perry boy climbed to the top of the cupola. He lost his balance and fell to the basement, thirty feet below, striking his head on the cement floor and crushing his skull.

Charles P. Thurston, who was murdered by smugglers in Santo Domingo, lived in St. Paul the greater portion of his life. He served three years in the Philippines and in the Boxer campaign in China and later entered the customs service in the Philippines. He went to Santo Domingo at the request of Colonel Colton, his old chief in the Philippines, who had been transferred to take charge of the collections of customs under the new arrangement by which the United States supervises the collections of certain revenue ports for the purpose of paying Santo Domingo's foreign debts.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry; but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

DRINK Hamm's NEW BREW BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE NEWS, THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER, $1.00 PER YEAR

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
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Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the *Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.*

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31. For further particulars see

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to THIEF RIVER FALLS Wednesday, Sept. 5th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, falling memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
301 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

EVERYBODY Is Going to the Fair via "SOO" LINE

At One Fair for the Round Trip:

The Minnesota State Fair, located midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis, is the greatest institution of its kind in the United States, and its so near home that everyone ought to go, have a good time and enjoy themselves.

Tickets on sale Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th inclusive, good returning until September 10, 1906. Ask the agent.

McCall's Magazine

Lady Agents Wanted.

CARE OF A GOOD ROAD

VALUE OF "HONING" ITS SURFACE AFTER A RAIN.

How the Mount Hope Road, Near Middletown, N. Y., Was Improved by This Method—Importance of Gutters and Grading.

The work of the Maple Dale Good Roads club of farmers has attracted quite a good deal of attention in a local way in Orange county, N. Y., and is of general interest, writes O. W. Mapes, president of the Maple Dale Good Roads club, in the Good Roads Magazine.

Just west of the thriving city of Middletown is a section of farming country which is tapped by the Mount Hope road. This is a part of what was formerly the old stagecoach route leading from Newburg, on the Hudson river, to Milford, Pa., on the Delaware river.

The following article by the writer published in the Rural New Yorker in 1904 shows pretty well the methods employed in improving the road:

"The first step is to stake out the work by making a light furrow on each side of the proposed work twelve or fourteen feet apart. If any part of these first furrows comes within the beaten track where it is hard it should be done just after a soaking rain, either with a plow or the point of a road machine. Next put the wheel of the road machine in this light furrow, hold the point of the blade firmly down in place, remove every stone which the point strikes and work down and out until enough dirt is secured to bring a good crown to the center of the road and a good gutter on each side, making suitable outlets from all low points in these gutters.

"This is only a question of applying sufficient team power and removing all stones that interfere with making a good gutter. On portions of our road this alone will give us a good road with proper care in honing down after each heavy rain and raking out all loose stones. Other portions will need a little gravel or shale along the crown of the road. There are several hills where this can be secured, requiring only short hauls. A cubic yard hauled on a twelve foot wagon is enough for the worst places by dumping a full load in a place, and in other places a half or a third of a load in a place will finish the crown of the road. Grading with the machine should not cost more than $25 per mile nor drawing the gravel on the crown of the road more than 40 cents per cubic yard. This makes the cost only $200 per mile were a full load of gravel placed on the crown of the road all the way.

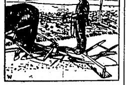

ROAD "HONE" USED IN SMOOTHING THE SURFACE.

"How about the after care of such a road? Here is the secret of success. When the first rain comes passing teams and vehicles will puddle the material along the crown of the road in the beaten track, forming a hard crust as it dries, which will be somewhat rough and uneven. Before it becomes too dry and hard hone the surface perfectly smooth and true with a light hone about five or six feet long. One man and team can hone off a bunch of road in this way if he understands his business at slight cost. He should stand on the hone and guide it by stepping from one end of the hone to the other as the occasion requires. This is very inexpensive and should be repeated after every big rain, though it will never soften much after the first puddling. Now rake off any loose stone, and you have a beaten track on the crown of the road, over which a bicycle or an auto will roll as smoothly as on the best macadam road and on which you can drive a clean buggy an hour after a summer shower without having to avoid mud holes. The only other care needed on such a road will be to sprinkle a very little good gravel, shale or even hardpan right in the center of the beaten track occasionally, according to the amount of wear on the road, and keep the gutters from filling, throwing the stuff scoured out of them away from the road instead of back into it.

"What are the scientific principles involved? The beaten track on the crown of the road is a hard crust almost impervious to water, while the soil beneath this crust and at the side near the lower gutters is porous and open. I cannot illustrate better than by referring to a turtle's back. Using the hone frequently keeps the upper surface of the crust so smooth that rain flows quickly into the gutters at the side, as it would from a turtle's shell. Rain cannot saturate this crust from the under side any more than it could on the under side of a turtle's shell. If any happens to work its way through the crust of the beaten track it falls away quickly through the more porous soil beneath and into the gutters at the side, just as rain would run from the under side of the shell to a turtle's back through the openings for his legs. At any rate, the sample which was built after this pattern and at this cost has stood the test of a year's service and is still in almost perfect condition."

DAD OF SPELLING REFORM.

Joel Barlow Introduced Phonetics In Revolutionary Days.

Spelling reform is no new thing. In the past century it has manifested itself in many different phases. At the beginning of the last century a fad was started for making all compound proper names one word. Thus New York became Newyork, New England Newengland, Rhode Island Rhodeisland, New Jersey Newjersey, etc. Joel Barlow was the most eminent illustrator of this "reform." Joel and all his works are forgotten now, but when he published his Columbiad in 1807 he was looked upon as the great literary light of America.

Joel was the "best seller" of his days. He copied the stilted and artificial style of Pope, without, however, possessing any of Pope's genius. Born in Connecticut in 1754, Barlow was in his young manhood a member of a now forgotten coterie of literary persons known as the "Hartford wits," to whom the new republic looked for an example of all that was elegant and proper in literature. The Hartford wits all spelled Rhode Island Rhodeisland, of course, and the "purists" and distressingly literary characters of the time followed their example. Even as late as 1827 some authors who strove for supernatural elegance and correctness referred to Newyorkbay and Longislandsound.

The mighty Joel went to live in France in 1788, got mixed up with the French revolution and barely escaped with his head. He spent the greater part of his life in France, being United States minister there in 1811-12, and did most of his writing there. In the latter year he died near Cracow, Poland, and his reformed system of spelling gradually went out of use. A good idea of Barlow's literary style, though not of his reformed spelling, is furnished by the following extract from the once lauded and now forgotten Columbiad. It describes the retreat from Bunker Hill.

> There strides bold Putnam and from all the plains
> Calls the tired troops, the tardy rear sustains
> And mid the whizzing balls that skim the lowe
> Waves back his sword, defies the following foe.

"Whizzing balls that skim the lowe" is good. The lowe, whatever it was, doubtless needed skimming, and, considering that Putnam was getting away about as fast as he could, it was very creditable of him, though perhaps unnecessary, to "wave back his sword" and "defy the following foe" who were trying to catch him. But the great Joel and his poem, hailed as immortal, have gone, along with his reformed system of spelling, to join the doughty shade of "Old Put" a century ago, and the present generation must deal with a new set of faddists.—New York Press.

The Pearl.

The pearl is the one gem that comes to us perfect from the hand of nature, and to this its great antiquity as a gem is largely due. Precious stones whose beauty and brilliance depend on polishing and cutting would naturally be discovered and utilized later. The discovery of the diamond, for instance, probably dates within historic times. Though known earlier, it was not generally included among the gem treasures of royalty even as late as the seventh century. The modern cutting of diamonds in regular facets was invented as recently as 1456. Indeed it is quite probable that the pearl was the first gem known and treasured by prehistoric man, since the search for food must have been the first occupation of the earliest of the race, and the shining pearl would thus have been discovered in river mussels if not in marine oysters. Certain it is that the Old Testament and the ancient written histories allude to pearls and that remoter evidence is found in the tombs and excavated cities of still earlier eras. The Egyptians, Babylonians and Assyrians held the pearl in an esteem verging on reverence.

For Black Eyes.

It is often the case that people meet with accidents and bruises that cause disfiguring discolorations, from which they suffer not a little embarrassment and annoyance. It is worth while to know that there is a simple remedy and one quite within the reach of every one. Immediately after the accident mix an equal quantity of capsicum annum with mucilage made of gum arabic. To this add a few drops of glycerin. The bruised surface should be carefully cleansed and dried, then painted all over with the capsicum preparation. Use a camel's hair brush and allow it to dry, then put on the second or third coat as soon as the first is entirely absorbed. A medical journal is authority for the statement that if this course is pursued immediately after the injury discoloration of the bruised tissue will be wholly prevented. It is also said that this remedy is unequaled as a cure for rheumatism or stiffness of the neck.

Toddy.

Fifty years ago, according to a veteran expert witness from Scotland, people drank "toddy"—that is to say, whisky, hot water and sugar. It is not an obsolete beverage even now. The really mysterious point about this "toddy" is how it got its name. "Toddy" is the Hindoostanee "tari" or "tadi," the juice of the cocoanut or other trees, which can be turned into a fiery intoxicant by being left to stand. "If we had a mind to cocoanuts or toddy," says Dampier, "our Malayans of Achin would climb the trees and fetch as many nuts as we would have and a good pot of toddy every morning." Probably some Scottish nabob brought the word back with him from the east.—London Chronicle.

ISOLATED BY MUD.

A Journey Over Some Country Roads In the West.

A writer for a paper who recently took a journey by wagon in a western state describes the condition of the roads in a certain county as follows:

"Whenever we passed a farmhouse some man would come out to see the time of day. They all had leisure to burn, it seemed, during these gloomy, muddy days. Near a creek where the bottoms were yet flooded a farmer said ours was the first wheeled craft that had been along that road in some time. He said he had lived in those parts thirty-one years and this was the first season he had ever been completely marooned. But for the loyal mail carrier the world would have been nearly thirty days ahead of him.

"The mud coiled up stubbornly on the wheels, ever increasing like a rolling snowball. Time and again the driver and his passenger had to get down in the mud and with fence rails and boards pry the sticky stuff off by main strength. In some places the pulling was so difficult the horses would have to stop and rest every twenty-five feet. The axle was oftener dragging mud than above it. When they struck the yellow clay the horses' hoofs would come out with a noise like the crack of a pistol.

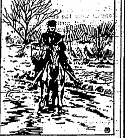

MAIL CARRIER'S DESOLATE JOURNEY.

"'Good roads!' was the prayer of every farmer along the murky journey. They feel deadly certain that something ought to—must be—done, but are helpless in devising a remedy. Of course every man has an idea, some of apparent practicability.

"'You fellows over in town growl because it hurts your trade,' remarked an intelligent looking man at the gate of a neat cottage home, 'but what do you think it means to us? We're shut up here like castaways on a desert island week after week and can't even think of getting to church, let alone with going to town with stuff to sell. It seems to me that if you people wanted to do business with us you'd lend a hand to help us to get to you.'"

A MISSOURI COUNTY IDEA.

Novel Method of Encouraging Road Improvement.

Among the unique methods of promoting interest in good roads is that adopted by citizens of Saline county in Missouri, says Walter Williams in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. From Marshall, the county seat, has been mailed to the farmers of Saline county a circular letter setting forth the plan. The plan proposes to assemble at Marshall on a certain day all the farmers who get their mail at that town. They are asked to bring with them each a drag and team of horses. The farmers thus assembled are to be divided into groups, and each group is to drag and otherwise improve that day from three to five miles of a county road leading into the town of Marshall. The citizens of Marshall are to supply assistance in money, teams and otherwise. It is expected that much road improvement will be accomplished by this one day's united work.

As an added inducement, a photograph is to be taken of the thousand farmers and their teams who are looked for in Marshall on that day. This will be taken in sections four feet by eleven inches in size, and a copy of the photograph will be furnished free to every participant in the road dragging. It will be called "The Good Roads Legion of Honor," and the promoters of the plan say it will be the most wonderful photograph ever taken in the state of Missouri.

Use of Steam Road Rollers.

In reply to an inquiry by W. Pierrepont White, county superintendent of Utica, N. Y., as to the practical value of using on hilly roads and operating the steam roller and road scraper together County Superintendent F. O. Douglass of Canandaigua has given the result of his experience in the following letter, says the Good Roads Magazine:

William Pierrepont White, Esq., Utica:

Dear Sir—Your letter of yesterday received and would say that we have never had any trouble working the Buffalo roller on any hills that we have in this town.

In regard to hauling road scraper with steam roller I would say that we always use the steam roller as far as possible to both scrape and turnpike our roads for the reason that the work performed with the steam roller is vastly better and very much cheaper. As to the comparative cost of doing such work with teams or steam roller, I will submit the following:

Engineer, one day	[illegible]
Two laborers, one day	[illegible]
Coal and oil, one day	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Three teams and driver, one day	[illegible]
One laborer, one day	1.75
Total	[illegible]

Comparing the above figures shows a saving in favor of the work done with steam roller of [illegible] per day, which can be applied to cost of roller, besides having the work done in better shape than can possibly be done in any other way. Very truly yours,

F. O. DOUGLASS.

48-LOTS-48

I have 48 lots that I will sell for $2,000 Cash or trade for farm lands. These lots will soon be worth not less than $5,000.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

G. A. R.

Minneapolis, August 13 to 18, via. the Soo Line—Lowest Rates of the Year.

The National Encampment this year will be one of the greatest ever held in this country, and, as it is so near home, every one ought to go and take advantage of the extremely low rate.

TICKETS ON SALE

From points where the regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $3.50 or less, Aug. 13-16 inc. Return limit Aug. 20, 1906. No extension of return limit on these tickets.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is more than $3.50 and less than $9.00 Aug. 11-14 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Where regular one-way rate to St. Paul is $9.00 or more Aug. 11-13 inc. Return limit Aug. 31, 1906. Extension of limit may be obtained.

Liberal return limits. Ask the nearest "Soo" Line Agent.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News, $1 Per Year.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
August 16, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

The Red Lake Falls papers seem to be very indignant because it seems probable that the voters in northern Red Lake county will vote as unit this year. That is just what the voters of southern Red Lake county have been doing for years, and will continue to do so.

Petitions are being circulated in this and other counties of the senatorial district asking A. L. Hanson, of Ada, to become a candidate for senator. We have not heard whether he will consent. He did not take kindly to the idea some time ago, but with all the effort being made to bring him out it seems probable he may file. Hanson is an advocate of the present reform movement within the republican party and is one of the kind that will stand by what he thinks is right.—Hendrum Review.

A Busy Bureau.

The busiest affair in the country, just now, apparently, is the bureau of corporations of the federal department of commerce and labor, over which Commissioner Garfield presides, says the Duluth Herald.

It has so many investigations of trusts and other economic featurs under way that the idea of summer vacations is almost out of the question, and Commissioner Garfield himself is reported to be sticking at his desk without flinching while his brother chiefs are off at the mountains or the seashore.

The half dozen investigations that the bureau has on hand are being carried on through the summer, so as to be ready if the president calls for special reports on matters relating to any of the big trusts. Here are some of the tasks that the bureau has on its hands just now.

It is looking for additional information on the meat industry, in order that the inspection measure may be uncovered.

It is investigating the oil industry and the Standard Oil company, though this work is practically done, and full reports on the business of the big oil trust may be expected at almost any time. At any rate, congress will get the full details next winter, if the president so directs.

There has been under way an investigation of the steel industry which is about completed.

The investigation of the tobacco trust has been halted pending the prosecutions now in the hands of the department of justice.

The interstate commerce commission is investigating the coal industry, so Mr. Garfield is not pushing the investigations of his own bureau into the coal and railroad trust.

A plan of campaign has been mapped out for the investigation of the lumber industry, and this will be pursued energetically in the fall. This is doubtless due to reports that there is a lumber trust which is engaged in holding up the price of this necessary commodity.

This is a pretty complete program for one bureau, and combined with the work of the interstate commerce commission and the prosecutions of the department of justice, it ought to let a flood of light into the economic conditions of the country, and as publicity is ever a potent implement for good, ultimately the public should benefit very largely.

HE IS A RINGER.

Proven That George F. Was Sailing Under False Colors.

Investigation has shown that George F., 2:12¼, owned by George F. Barnard of Royalton, Minn., which won the race on the local track last year, is a ringer, thus bearing out the suspicions of local horsemen. George F won the free for all last year and his owner then offered to wager $1,000 that the horse was not a ringer.

The Horse Review in the issue of this week has quite an article on the subject and tells how Secretary Knight of the American Trotting association, in company with a gentleman competent to pass judgment, visited the Duluth track last week and established beyond a doubt that George F. is none other than Walter H., 2:14¼, whose record was made at Chillicothe, O., in 1903. Mr. Knight has been investigating the case for the past year. The Review says:

"The so-called George F. created a sensation last season by appearing in the green classes in Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, making a remarkable campaign, the year book crediting him with winning thirteen out of nineteen races and retiring with a record of 2:12¼ made at New London, Wis., September 29. During his progress he attracted much attention and was once protested as a ringer, it being then claimed that he was really Courtland, 2:17¼, by Manager, 2:06¾. This was investigated by the *American Trotting* association and he was found not to be Courtland, who was located elsewhere. At this time George F.'s owner, George F. Barnard, of Royalton, Minn., produced affidavits, etc., which seemed to prove satisfactorily that George F. had been purchased by him from Frank Townsend of Grand Meadow, Minn., who had purchased him from Frank Wolfgram, who bred him; and that he was foaled there in 1900 and was by a horse called Jubilee, dam Flora, by Hamdallah, 2,917."

Hill Denies Report.

New York, Aug. 14: James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, was in New York yesterday after an absence of several weeks in the west. Mr. Hill said the interests he represented had no intention of buying up the Dakota Midland railroad, which it had been reported was to be secured for the purpose of invading the St. Paul territory. Mr. Hill said:

"There is no foundation for the report that I have purchased the Dakota Midland. As a matter of fact I do not know where the road is located. When I desire to enter a new territory I think it is the best policy to build our own lines."

Mr. Hill expressed himself as pleased with the business outlook throughout the country. He was asked about the rumored plan involving the lease of the Hill ore lands to the United States Steel corporation. He said that an announcement would be made in that matter when those directly interested were ready to make it and not before.

Sheldon Vance Stricken.

Crookston Minn., Aug. 14.—Word has been received from Port Arthur that Sheldon Vance, one of Crookston's most influential citizens, has been stricken with apoplexy and is in a very critical condition. His personal physician, Dr. A. H. Dunlop of this city, has been summoned. Mr. Vance left Crookston on the first of the month on a vacation, and when he reached Port Arthur was brought down by the stroke without any warning. His wife, two children and father-in-law are in Paris, and they have been cabled to return by the first steamer.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 11, 1906:

Anderson, Miss Helsy
Bolton, Dr. Joseph
Boxseth, Martin
Bement, Miss Florence
Crevar, Geo.
Dumas, D.
Holverson, Hans
Hanson, Miss Marie B.
Hollan, Miss Barbara
Jensen, Joe
Kjornes, Ingeborg B.
Lerow, Joe
Lindberg, Aug.
Mikanok, John
Moe, Miss Martha
Nerland, Ivar
Nelson, Nels M.
Nelson, C. W.
Nelson Carl
Olson, Miss Olive
Olson, Miss Mary
Over, Jake
Rasmussen, Miss Ole
Snepeard, Miss Ella
Scribner, Mrs. Bessie
Sorenson, Miss Pettra
Soliday, Miss Maggie
Torrison, G.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

Subscribe for the News.

BADLY BURNED.

A Well Known Traveling Man Touches Matches to Gasoline.

A. B. Dagget, a well known travelling man living at Bemidji, had a harrowing experience with an explosion of gasoline gas Sunday morning. He escaped serious injury only by excellent presence of mind and the timely aid of neighbors, but as it is, is rather severely burned about the hands and face.

Mr. Daggett was sprinkling gasoline around in his chicken coop to kill the lice that infest the abodes of fowls, and had thrown a goodly quality of the liquid, when he lit a match.

There was an explosion that was heard for blocks and the traveling man, burned and stunned, and with his clothing on fire, staggered from the coop into the open.

For a moment he did not realize what had happened, then he saw and felt his burning clothing and rushen for an ash heap near at hand. In this he rolled and rolled.

In the meantime, two neighbors, D. D. Harger and A. E. Winter, who had heard the explosion, made haste to come to Daggett's assistance and the flames were extinguished in short order. The The burned man was doctored up by a Bemidji physician and was resting easily yesterday.

Our Old Kentucky Home.

The public is always willing to patronize any good attraction and in this day of quick spreading news it is no easy matter to palm off an inferior play expecting the capacity of the theatre to be tested, and rob the people of their money. In order to take away the least shabow of a doubt, the management of "Our Old Kentucky Home" offer this guarantee, to any one, that after seeing two acts of the play the privilege to have their money refunded if not satisfied. We test the capacity of theatres by honest dealing and by giving the people their moneys worth. You will enjoyed the play, the music, the specialties. At the Evenson Hall Saturday evening, August 18, prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Mahnomen Couple Separate.

Mrs. Elsie Munson, of Mahnomen, swore out a warrant Friday evening for the arrest of her husband, Arnt Munson, for assault and battery. He was brought before Judge Thorgaard Saturday who gave them some good advice and then dismissed the case, on their paying costs. They agreed to separate and live apart for the future. This is a sequel to a love scene enacted in Judge Shulind's court room several months ago when the happy pair were united in marriage.

Middle River Pioneer.—Mrs. Homnes living up the ridge west from Strathcona, came to town Monday with something over 300 pounds of butter and 50 dozen of eggs which she sold to Hjortos & Dalquist. Quite a respectable amount of marketing for one farmer to send in. It was a fine quality of butter too, the Homness family having a separator. This lot with the balance of the butter bought by Hjortos & Dalquist Monday made over 600 pounds, making the day one of the biggest butter days of the summer.

He Met Him.

"When you go to New Zealand I wish you would inquire after my great-grandfather, Jeremiah Thompson." "Certainly," said the traveler. And wherever he went he asked for news of the ancestor, but without avail, according to the Dundee Advertiser. One day he was introduced to a fine old Maori of advanced age. "Did you ever meet with an Englishman named Jeremiah Thompson?" he asked. A smile passed over the Maori's face. "Meet him?" he repeated. "Why, I ate him!"

Mosquito Eggs.

The eggs of the mosquito are fastened together by a viscid secretion from the insect's body. From 250 to 300 eggs are laid at a time, and the little boat shaped mass is so constructed that it will not overset. It cannot be sunk nor in any way injured by wind, rain or water. It is abandoned by the insect and the eggs are hatched by the heat of the sun or atmosphere. A temperature below freezing is said not to destroy the vitality of the mosquito's eggs.

The Regret of His Life.

Sir William Grove, the eminent scientist and jurist, never forgave himself for not discovering the spectroscope. "I had often observed," he said, "that there were different lines exhibited in the spectra of different metals ignited in the voltaic arc, and if I had had any reasonable amount of wit I ought to have seen the converse—viz, that by ignition different bodies show in their spectral lines the materials of which they are composed."

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased, Plaintiff, vs C. L. Nichols, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police officer of Said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. L. Nichols if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the [illegible] day of September 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to plaintiff in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court, and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, municipal Judge, this second day of August A. D. 1906. (Signed) L. M. Hoag, Clerk Of The Municipal Court.

(SEAL)

Fargo & Stanton,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

aug 16

GOG AND MAGOG.

Various Traditions Relating to These Two Famous Giants.

Who were Gog and Magog? English tradition says that they were the last of a race of giants who infested England until they were destroyed by some of the Trojans who went to the British isles after the destruction of Troy. Gog and Magog, it is said, were taken captive to London, where they were chained at the door of the palace of the king. When they died wooden images of the two giants were put in their places. In the course of time a great fire destroyed these, but now, if you go to London, you will see in the great hall of one of the famous buildings—the Guildhall—two immense wooden effigies of men called Gog and Magog.

But there are other traditions of the two giants. One is to the effect that when Alexander the Great overran Asia he chased into the mountains of the north an impure, wicked and man eating people who were twenty-two nations in number and who were shut up with a rampart in which were gates of brass. One of these nations was Goth and another Magoth, from which we readily get the names of the mythical giants. It is supposed, however, that the Turks were meant by Gog and the Mongols were the children of Magog. We shall find mention made of Gog and Magog in many books, including the Bible, but there are the great wall and the rampart of Gog and Magog, whatever may have been the fact that gave the names of the two giants to that portion of the *structure*.

FEES IN ENGLAND.

The Treasury Has Many Schemes That Swell Its Income.

When a young man determines to become a barrister and enters his name at one of the inns of court in London or Dublin he has to pay to the government a fee of £25. And when he is a full fledged English or Irish barrister or a Scotch advocate he has to fork out a further sum of £50.

Should he desire to become a solicitor he is fined even more heavily. When he becomes an apprentice his fee to the government is £80, and his yearly duty when he begins to practice is, for the first three years, £3 in the country and £4 10s. in London or Dublin and after the third year £6 and £9 respectively. So that a solicitor practicing forty years in London will have paid the government over £400.

A law agent (Scotland) pays £60 at commencement of study and £55 or £85 on beginning practice in the sheriff's court or court of session.

If you want to change your surname of your own free will the government charges you only £10, but if you do it under the direction of some deceased benefactor it costs you £50.

Bishops pay £30 for permission to be elected and £30 more for the royal assent to their election, and the fees paid on receiving letters patent are: By a baronet, £100; a baron, £150; a viscount, £200; an earl, £250; a marquis, £300, and a duke, £350.—London Express.

The Ashes of the Dead.

James Russell Lowell was a great favorite in the literary circles of London. On one occasion at a large banquet the peculiarities of American speech were discussed with English bluntness. Lord S. called to Mr. Lowell loudly, so as to silence all other speakers:

"There is one new expression invented by your countrymen so foolish and vulgar as to be unpardonable. They talk of the 'ashes of the dead.' We don't burn corpses. No Englishman would use a phrase so absurd."

"And yet," said Mr. Lowell gently, "your poet Gray says, speaking of the dead:

"E'en in our ashes live their wonted fires.

"And in the burial services of the church of England it is said, 'Dust to dust and ashes to ashes.' We sin in good company." A cordial burst of applause greeted this prompt rejoinder.

The Severest Test.

The severest test of manhood is never found in good times, but only in hard times. It is not the man who has success when others are doing well, but it is the man who keeps up his courage and struggles on when everybody else is wavering or going down who is the hero in the sight of God and men. It is an easy matter to make good time when both wind and tide are in one's favor or when one is moving with the current, but it requires character and skill and daring to make head in spite of opposing forces or to work successfully against the current.—Exchange.

Distinguished.

Visitor (in penitentiary)—Who is that distinguished looking convict? Warden—He is known here as No. 1147. Visitor—He seems to hold himself aloof from his fellows. Warden—Yes; you can hardly expect him to associate with the common herd. His trial cost the state $200,000.

The Only Way.

A person of little tact once remarked to the octogenarian Auber, "What a sad thing it is, this old business!"

"Yes," agreed the old musician, "it is sad; "but," he added, with witty philosophy, "up to the present time no surer way has been discovered to live a long time."

A Cautious Damsel.

"Dearest, with you by my side, I would willingly give up all I possess—wealth, position, parents—everything."

"I know, George, but in that case what would there be left for me."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

It's a queer fact that the higher a man rises the less chance he has of being above suspicion.—Puck.

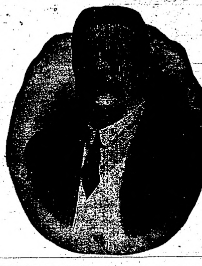

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,
Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

The Principal Cost of a Suit of Clothes Is the Workmanship.
If you want to wear Suits that are made by good tailors, so that you will be as well dressed as any man, go to
Kosin
THE TAILOR.
OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

THE NEWS,
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

J. BORRY
PHOTOGRAPHER
EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66
Oats	25c
Flax	1.01
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Miss Malone was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Chris. Amundson went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Thiverage last Friday.

M. O. Brattland, of Ada, was in the city the first of the week.

W. K. Nichols left last Saturday for Minneapolis to spend a week.

Mrs. Joseph Lang left Saturday for St. Paul to attend to business matters.

Miss Sadie Boutell, of Minneapolis was in the city last week the guest of Miss Bessie Horton.

H. L. Dudley left last Saturday for his old home in Southern Minnesota to spend a week visiting friends.

I. L. Erickson left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days attending to business matters.

Ben Christenson and wife left Sunday evening for Buffalo county, Wis., their old home, to spend about three weeks visiting friends.

Dan Robertson, of Argyle, who is a candidate for the legislature in the district north of here, was in the city last week meeting numerous old acquaintances.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to konw it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin.

Joseph Lang
Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.
Plastering a Specialty.
Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Mr. Will White left Saturday evening for his home at EauClaire, Wis.

W. A. Tautges and wife went down to Minneapolis Saturday evening.

Arnold Bjorkhool left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

Fred's Poketela cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

Miss Aunand left Saturday evening for Lake City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Mrs Nason left Saturday evening for Pine City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Miss Gustie Johnson left Sunday evening for St. Paul to buy her fall stock of millinery.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. C. E. Winslow left last Saturday evening for LaCrosse, Wis., to remain until next spring.

Miss Valda Cheeley left Saturday evening for Waseca, Minn., to visit relatives for a few weeks.

C. L. Dobner and wife were down to Lake City the first of the week visiting Mr. Dobner's parents.

John Dobner Moore, who had spent his vacation here, left Sunday evening for his home at LaCrosse, Wis.

Ed. Ellefson left Sunday evening for his old home in Grove City, Minn., to spend a few days visiting relatives.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Miss Mammie Herron left Sunday evening for Stevens Point, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

A. A. Wasson and wife left Saturday evening for Westby, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting at their old home.

Ed. Evenson and wife left Sunday evening for their old home in Wisconsin to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Mrs McNiven and two children, Margaret and Hughie, left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to visit old friends for several days.

Tom Bjornson, who had been in the city for about a month visiting at the home of Ben Erickson, left Sunday evening for Clam Falls, Wis.

Ed Wilcox spent a few days last week in the country north of Detroit. He reports that the country down there is looking fine and that farmers have good crops.

Harry Diebel, Miss Ethel Diebel and Mrs. C. H. Diebel, of Milton, N. D., who had been in the city visiting, left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few weeks before returning home.

Mrs. Sander Ingebretson, of the town of Sanders, and Mrs. O. T. Tanberg, of this city, left Sunday evening for Mower county, in the southern part of the state, to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Rev. Aastad left Sunday evening for Red Wing to attend a conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod. Upon his return he will be accompanied by Mrs. Aasted who is vititing relatives in St. Paul.

D. C. Lightbourn, of Ada, who is a candidate for state senator in this legislature district, was in Thief River Falls last week sizing up the political situation. Mr. Lightbourn is a very pleasent gentleman to meet.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—Wanted—First class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Nels J. Bergquist and Miss Olena Olson went to Red Lake Falls on Wednesday and were quietly married by Hon. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate. They will shortly move to northwestern Canada where they intend to make their future home and their many friends in this vicinity will wish them every happiness.—Plummer Pioneer.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

Clarence Cummings went down to St. Paul Saturday evening.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 A. M.

Ole Torrison left Monday evening on a business trip to Minneapolis.

Frank Lawerence was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

County Surveyor Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Andy Erickson left Monday evening for Stillwater to visit old friends for a few days.

Miss Goldie Hill left Tuesday evening for Holton, Wis., to visit a sister for a few days.

James A. Wilson left Monday for Reynolds, N. D., to look after the harvest of crops over there.

Mrs. M. P. Evenson left Monday evening for Renville county to visit old friends for a few days.

J. J. Weeks left Monday evening for his old home in Mower county to visit friends for a few days.

Joe Ryson left Tuesday for Emerado, N. D., with three teams and will work there until after harvest.

S. K. Dahle left the first part of the week for Aneta, N. D., where he will work during the harvest.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry and two sons left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

N. A. Nelson is one of the G. A. R. men of Thief River Falls in Minneapolis attending the encampment.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the county board.

Albert Huseth and wife left Sunday evening for Madison, Wis., to spend several days visiting relatives.

W. B. Fuller left Monday evening for Minneapolis to attend the reunion of Spanish-American war veterans.

Frank McGinty will leave the latter part of this week for Norte Dakota with three teams to work during the harvest.

D. P. O'Neill leaves the latter part of this week for Norman county. He will commence harvesting down there next week.

Rev. S. G. Palm, of Sandridge, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Red Wing to attend the Norwegian Lutheran church conferance.

E. J. Morrisey left Saturday for Chicago to spend a few days. While absent he expects to purchase about a car load of plumbing goods.

Misses Julia and Esther Peterson, who had been in the city visiting their Uncle Leonard Peterson, returned to Crookston Monday evening.

Albert Arntz, who has a clain up near Brunkeberg, passed through the city the first of the week enroute to Northwood, N. D., to remain until after harvest.

Miss Clara Hegg, who had spent the summer in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Hamre, returned to her home in Decorah, Iowa, the first of the week.

Few farmers are in town these days, most of them being busy harvesting their grain and according to all reports, the crop this year will be one of the best harvested in many years.

The cheap rates the railroads have been making to Minneapolis and St. Paul this week have resulted in a large number of our residents being absent from the city. The rate is the cheapest ever given.

There was a small wreck on the Soo at Erskine Saturday evening. The Winnipeg flyer, which left Thief River Falls Saturday evening at 10:10 did not get past Erskine until 5 o'clock Sunday morning. Quite a number of people from this city were on the train.

George Curran the first of the week sold his confectionery and fruit store to A. B. Helegeson who is now in charge of this business. Mr. Curran has bought a team of horses of Frank McGinty and will leave the latter part of this week for the harvest fields of North Dakota to work during the fall.

Lewis A. Nelson was down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday and filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county. It is not likely that Mr. Nelson will have any opposition for the nomination, and he proposes to make a hard campaign for the the election.

John Ristau, Louis Hamry, Hartvig Lund, Louis Klabachag and Carl Habedank were down from Germantown Monday with their teams after lumber for a new school house that is to be built up there this fall. The school house will be one of the best county school buildings in Marshall county.

SUPPORT
SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a bridge to carry the weakened and starved system along until it can find firm support in ordinary food.
Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

John Remmen left Tuesday for North Dakota.

C. J. Knox went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city yesterday.

George Curran was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Wanted—At the Hotel Ogahmah, two good girls for general work.

Wayne Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson and T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston last evening.

Mrs. Flesher left Tuesday evening for Iowa to visit relatives for a few days.

D. N. Winton left the first of the week for the Red Lake in his gasoline boat.

W. J. LaBree was down to Fargo the first of the week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal matters.

The Soo Road sold 106 tickets from Thief River Falls to the Minneapolis encampment.

D. B. Bakke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Miss Esther Thomas, of Beaudette, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

Audley Caldwell left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis where he will remain and seek his fortune.

Mrs. David Collis came up from St. yesterday and is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. C. Burns.

Peter Newman and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to take in the G. A. R. encampment.

Miss Evangeline Burns returned yesterday from St. Hilaire where she had been visiting friends.

K. J. Weeks left Tuesday evening for the southern part of the state to visit friends for a few days.

Louis Hanson went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. H. M. Hicks and son, George and Miss Daisy Strom went to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to spend a few days.

Peter Krouse arrived in the city this morning over the Soo line from Green Bay, Wis., and is visiting his son, W. B. Krouse.

T. L. Melgaard and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis and will spend a few days at Lake Minnetonka visiting friends.

E. S. Clinch, of Anoka, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Prince Albert, Canada, to look over a logging contract.

Rev. J. J. Schroeder and daughter, Miss Alma, left the first of the week for Holmes, N. D., to spend a two weeks vacation.

Jennie Cunningham, who has had a long series of contests for her land north of town, this week received the patent for her land.

A report comes from St. Hilaire to the effect that Leonard Holms' barn was badly damaged by being struck by lightning Tuesday night. None of the stock injured.

Goodnow Torrison returned to this city yesterday morning from a trip to Norway where he had spent most of the summer. He reports having had a delightful time.

J. B. O'Brien filed as a Republican candidate for county auditor on Tuesday. There is not much doubt but that Mr. O'Brien will be nominated and elected by a large majority.

Considerable new furniture has been added to the library during the past week, being a present from the old library association which had a small surplus on hand and used the money to buy needed furniture for the library.

The public is invited to make use of the reading room of the library, which has recently been nicely furnished. Magazines that are to be found there are: Everybodies, Harpers, Appelton's Cosmopolitan, Collier's and the Ladies Home Journal.

A Minnesota man went to California and was delighted with the fruit, flowers and sunshine, and the next day flowers fruit and sunshine were still beautiful. The third day he enjoyed the sunshine, fruit and the flowers. After he had been there 6 months he was heard to exclaim to himself; "Fruit, sunshine and flowers sunshine, fruit and flowers: flowers, fruit and sunshine. Oh, land! but I wish I was back in Minnesota, where they have grain, cattle and other substantial blessings.

Johnson Is O. K.

C. W. Johnson, of Wylie, was in the city last week looking after his candidacy for the Republican nomination for clerk of court. Mr. Johnson has a host of friends in Thief River Falls and vicinity who are working hard for his success. He is a young man of sterling qualities—just the kind Red Lake county needs to conduct this office—and if you vote for him you will surely make no mistake.

Subscribe for the News.

A HANDFUL OF COIN
is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.
Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TO THE ASYUN

Local Girl Adjudged Insane at Crookston This Week.

Crookston Journal; Yesterday afternoon Clara Erickson of Thief River Falls, who has received treatment at the hospital here for some time past for brain trouble took a turn for the worse and was taken before Judge Morken for a hearing as to her sanity. She was committed to the asylum and was taken to Fergus Falls last evening by Deputy Sheriff Daniels accompanied by her father and mother.

She had a similar attack five years ago but recovered and it is hoped now that her case will respond to treatment in a short time. She is not especially violent but at times throws her arms wildly and last evening objected entering the depot. There is no insanity in the family and the only cause that can be ascribed for her present condition is brooding over religion.

She immagines she converses with Jesus frequently and insists continually that she has been promised anything she may ask for in the entire world.

May Be a Candidate.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, spent last week in Thief River Falls sizing up the political situation. Mr. Hanson is being strongly urged to become a candidate for state senator in this legislative district, but as yet has not yielded to the wishes of his friends in the matter. He will quite likely arrive at some decission this week. Mr. Hanson is a good clean man, stands for good government and honest legislation, and it would be a pleasure to support him for his office.

Janitors Hired.

At a meeting of the school board held Monday evening, janitors for the different school buildings were hired. Knut Runestrand was hired as janitor of the High school at a salary of $45 per month; R. J. McDonald of the Central at a salary of $35 per month, and S. V. Bailey at the Knox at a salary of $40 per month

STOLE AN EXHIBIT.

Some One Broke Into the Exhibit Building at the Fair Grounds Sunday.

As will be recalled by all who visited the fair, Mrs. H. Fant had a very fine exhibit of hair goods. These goods were not removed from the fair grounds Saturday, and sometime on Sunday someone broke into the building and stole all of her exhibit. Mrs. Fant estimates her loss at over $100 and the police department is making a determined effort to locate the stolen goods.

A Beautiful Play.

Perhaps no author in recent years has received greater recognition than O. L. Jeanson, author of "Our Old Kentucky Home." In this production he has placed his characters on the stage in such an offhand natural sort of way that while watching them you forget for the time being you are in a theatre and live the life that is being portrayed. He has also interpolated several clever dancing and singing specialties and has combined in its entirety a most pleasing entertainment. At the Evenson Hall, Saturday evening, August 18. Prices 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Charged With Theft.

Daniel Allman, a young man who had been night clerk at the Rushford hotel for a few weeks past, was arrested Monday afternooon at one of the resorts across the track upon the charge of stealing articles from various guests at the hotel. Some of the articles were recovered.

Say He Was Eloquent.

Thomas McGrady, the noted Socalist lecturer, delivered a lecture in the Evenson Hall last Thursday evening. Owing to the fact that the fair was in progress the attendance was not as large as it otherwise would have been, but those who were present were well pleased with Mr. McGrady's address and say that he is a better speaker than Debs.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.
Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 16, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

The Red Lake Falls papers seem to be very indignant because it seems probable that the voters in northern Red Lake county will vote as unit this year. That is just what the voters of southern Red Lake county have been doing for years, and will continue to do so.

Petitions are being circulated in this and other counties of the senatorial district asking A. L. Hanson, of Ada, to become a candidate for senator. We have not heard whether he will consent. He did not take kindly to the idea some time ago, but with all the effort being made to bring him out it seems probable he may file. Hanson is an advocate of the present reform movement within the republican party and is one of the kind that will stand by what he thinks is right.—Hendrum Review.

A Busy Bureau.

The busiest affair in the country, just now, apparently, is the bureau of corporations of the federal department of commerce and labor, over which Commissioner Garfield presides, says the Duluth Herald.

It has so many investigations of trusts and other economic features under way that the idea of summer vacations is almost out of the question, and Commissioner Garfield himself is reported to be sticking at his desk without flinching while his brother chiefs are off at the mountains or the seashore.

The half dozen investigations that the bureau has on hand are being carried on through the summer, so as to be ready if the president calls for special reports on matters relating to any of the big trusts. Here are some of the tasks that the bureau has on its hands just now.

It is looking for additional information on the meat industry, in order that the inspection measure may be uncovered.

It is investigating the oil industry and the Standard Oil company, though this work is practically done, and full reports on the business of the big oil trust may be expected at almost any time. At any rate, congress will get the full details next winter, if the president so directs.

There has been under way an investigation of the steel industry which is about completed.

The investigation of the tobacco trust has been halted pending the prosecutions now in the hands of the department of justice.

The interstate commerce commission is investigating the coal industry, so Mr. Garfield is not pushing the investigations of his own bureau into the coal and railroad trust.

A plan of campaign has been mapped out for the investigation of the lumber industry, and this will be pursued energetically in the fall. This is doubtless due to reports that there is a lumber trust which is engaged in holding up the price of this necessary commodity.

This is a pretty complete program for one bureau, and combined with the work of the interstate commerce commission and the prosecutions of the department of justice, it ought to let a flood of light into the economic conditions of the country, and as publicity is ever a potent implement for good, ultimately the public should benefit very largely.

HE IS A RINGER.

Proven That George F. Was Sailing Under False Colors.

Investigation has shown that George F., 2:12¼, owned by George F. Barnard of Royalton, Minn., which won the race on the local track last year, is a ringer, thus bearing out the suspicions of local horsemen. George F won the free for all last year and his owner then offered to wager $1,000 that the horse was not a ringer.

The Horse Review in the issue of this week has quite an article on the subject and tells how Secretary Knight of the American Trotting association, in company with a gentleman competent to pass judgment, visited the Duluth track last week and established beyond a doubt that George F. is none other than Walter H., 2:14¼, whose record was made at Chillicothe, O., in 1903. Mr. Knight has been investigating the case for the past year. The Review says:

"The so-called George F. created a sensation last season by appearing in the green classes in Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, making a remarkable campaign, the year book crediting him with winning thirteen out of nineteen races and retiring with a record of 2:12¼ made at New London, Wis., September 29. During his progress he attracted much attention and was once protested as a ringer, it being then claimed that he was really Courtland, 2:17¼, by Manager, 2:06¾. This was investigated by the American Trotting association and he was found not to be Courtland, who was located elsewhere. At this time George F.'s owner, George F. Barnard, of Royalton, Minn., produced affidavits, etc., which seemed to prove satisfactorily that George F. had been purchased by him from Frank Townsend of Grand Meadow, Minn., who had purchased him from Frank Wolfgram, who bred him; and that he was foaled there in 1900 and was by a horse called Jubilee, dam Flora, by Hamdallah, 2,917."

Hill Denies Report.

New York, Aug. 14: James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, was in New York yesterday after an absence of several weeks in the west. Mr. Hill said the interests he represented had no intention of buying up the Dakota Midland railroad, which it had been reported was to be secured for the purpose of invading the St. Paul territory. Mr. Hill said:

"There is no foundation for the report that I have purchased the Dakota Midland. As a matter of fact I do not know where the road is located. When I desire to enter a new territory I think it is the best policy to build our own lines."

Mr. Hill expressed himself as pleased with the business outlook throughout the country. He was asked about the rumored plan involving the lease of the Hill ore lands to the United States Steel corporation. He said that an announcement would be made in that matter when those directly interested were ready to make it and not before.

Sheldon Vance Stricken.

Crookston Minn., Aug. 14.—Word has been received from Port Arthur that Sheldon Vance, one of Crookston's most influential citizens, has been stricken with apoplexy and is in a very critical condition. His personal physician, Dr. A. H. Dunlop of this city, has been summoned. Mr. Vance left Crookston on the first of the month on a vacation, and when he reached Port Arthur was brought down by the stroke without any warning. His wife, two children and father-in-law are in Paris, and they have been cabled to return by the first steamer.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 11, 1906:

Anderson, Miss Helay
Bolton, Dr. Joseph
Boxseth, Martin
Bement, Miss Florence
Crevar, Geo.
Dumas, D.
Holverson, Hans
Hanson, Miss Marie B.
Hollan, Miss Barbara
Jensen, Joe
Kjornes, Ingeborg B.
Lerow, Joe
Lindberg, Aug.
Mikanok, John
Moe, Miss Martha
Nerland, Ivar
Nelson, Nels M.
Nelson, C. W.
Nelson Carl
Olson, Miss Olive
Olson, Miss Mary
Over, Jake
Rasmussen, Miss Ole
Shepeard, Miss Ella
Scribner, Mrs. Bessie
Sorenson, Miss Peltra
Soliday, Miss Maggie
Torrison, G.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

Subscribe for the News.

BADLY BURNED.

A Well Known Traveling Man Touches Matches to Gasoline.

A. B. Dagget, a well known traveling man living at Bemidji, had a harrowing experience with an explosion of gasoline gas Sunday morning. He escaped serious injury only by excellent presence of mind and the timely aid of neighbors, but as it is, is rather severely burned about the hands and face.

Mr. Daggett was sprinkling gasoline around in his chicken coop to kill the lice that infest the abodes of fowls, and had thrown a goodly quality of the liquid, when he lit a match.

There was an explosion that was heard for blocks and the traveling man, burned and stunned, and with his clothing on fire, staggered from the coop into the open.

For a moment he did not realize what had happened, then he saw and felt his burning clothing and rushen for an ash heap near at hand. In this he rolled and rolled.

In the meantime, two neighbors, D. D. Harger and A. E. Winter, who had heard the explosion, made haste to come to Daggett's assistance and the flames were extinguished in short order. The The burned man was doctored up by a Bemidji physician and was resting easily yesterday.

Our Old Kentucky Home.

The public is always willing to patronize any good attraction and in this day of quick spreading news it is no easy matter to palm off an inferior play expecting the capacity of the theatre to be tested, and rob the people of their money. In order to take away the least shabow of a doubt, the management of "Our Old Kentucky Home" offer this guarantee, to any one, that after seeing two acts of the play the privilege to have their money refunded if not satisfied. We test the capacity of theatres by honest dealing and by giving the people their moneys worth. You will enjoyed the play, the music, the specialties. At the Evenson Hall Saturday evening, August 18, prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Mahnomen Couple Separate.

Mrs. Elsie Munson, of Mahnomen, swore out a warrant Friday evening for the arrest of her husband. Arnt Munson, for assault and battery. He was brought before Judge Thorgaard Saturday who gave them some good advice and then dismissed the case, on their paying costs. They agreed to separate and live apart for the future. This is a sequel to a love scene enacted in Judge Shulind's court room several months ago when the happy pair were united in marriage.

Middle River Pioneer.—Mrs. Homnes living up the ridge west from Strathcona, came to town Monday with something over 300 pounds of butter and 50 dozen of eggs which she sold to Hjortos & Dalquist. Quite a respectable amount of marketing for one farmer to send in. It was a fine quality of butter too, the Homnes family having a separator. This lot with the balance of the butter bought by Hjortos & Dalquist Monday made over 600 pounds, making the day one of the biggest butter days of the summer.

He Met Him.

"When you go to New Zealand I wish you would inquire after my great-grandfather, Jeremiah Thompson." "Certainly," said the traveler. And wherever he went he asked for news of the ancestor, but without avail, according to the Dundee Advertiser. One day he was introduced to a fine old Maori of advanced age. "Did you ever meet with an Englishman named Jeremiah Thompson?" he asked. A smile passed over the Maori's face. "Meet him?" he repeated. "Why, I ate him!"

Mosquito Eggs.

The eggs of the mosquito are fastened together by a viscid secretion from the insect's body. From 250 to 300 eggs are laid at a time, and the little boat shaped mass is so constructed that it will not overset. It cannot be sunk nor in any way injured by wind, rain or water. It is abandoned by the insect and the eggs are hatched by the heat of the sun or atmosphere. A temperature below freezing is said not to destroy the vitality of the mosquito's eggs.

The Regret of His Life.

Sir William Grove, the eminent scientist and jurist, never forgave himself for not discovering the spectroscope. "I had often observed," he said, "that there were different lines exhibited in the spectra of different metals ignited in the voltaic arc, and if I had had any reasonable amount of wit I ought to have seen the converse—viz, that by ignition different bodies show in their spectral lines the materials of which they are composed."

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased, Plaintiff, vs C. L. Nichols, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police officer of Said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. L. Nichols if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls at a term thereof to be holden on the 4th day of September 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to plaintiff in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court, and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this second day of August A. D. 1906. (Signed) L. M. Hong, Clerk Of The Municipal Court.

(Seal)

Fargo & Stanton,
Attorneys for Plaintiff
Thief River Falls, Minn. Aug 16

GOG AND MAGOG.

Various Traditions Relating to These Two Famous Giants.

Who were Gog and Magog? English tradition says that they were the last of a race of giants who infested England until they were destroyed by some of the Trojans who went to the British isles after the destruction of Troy. Gog and Magog, it is said, were taken captive to London, where they were chained at the door of the palace of the king. When they died wooden images of the two giants were put in their places. In the course of time a great fire destroyed these, but now, if you go to London, you will see in the great hall of one of the famous buildings—the Guildhall—two immense wooden effigies of men called Gog and Magog.

But there are other traditions of the two giants. One is to the effect that when Alexander the Great overran Asia he chased into the mountains of the north an impure, wicked and man eating people who were twenty-two nations in number and who were shut up with a rampart in which were gates of brass. One of these nations was Goth and another Magoth, from which we readily get the names of the mythical giants. It is supposed, however, that the Turks were meant by Gog and the Mongols were the children of Magog. We shall find mention made of Gog and Magog in many books, including the Bible, but there are the great wall and the rampart of Gog and Magog, whatever may have been the fact that gave the names of the two giants to that portion of the structure.

FEES IN ENGLAND.

The Treasury Has Many Schemes That Swell Its Income.

When a young man determines to become a barrister and enters his name at one of the inns of court in London or Dublin he has to pay to the government a fee of £25. And when he is a full fledged English or Irish barrister or a Scotch advocate he has to fork out a further sum of £50.

Should he desire to become a solicitor he is fined even more heavily. When he becomes an apprentice his fee to the government is £80, and his yearly duty when he begins to practice is, for the first three years, £3 in the country and £4 10s. in London or Dublin and after the third year £6 and £9 respectively. So that a solicitor practicing forty years in London will have paid the government over £400.

A law agent (Scotland) pays £00 at commencement of study and £55 or £85 on beginning practice in the sheriff's court or court of session.

If you want to change your surname of your own free will the government charges you only £10, but if you do it under the direction of some deceased benefactor it costs you £50.

Bishops pay £30 for permission to be elected and £30 more for the royal assent to their election, and the fees paid on receiving letters patent are: By a baronet, £100; a baron, £150; a viscount, £200; an earl, £250; a marquis, £300, and a duke, £350.—London Express.

The Ashes of the Dead.

James Russell Lowell was a great favorite in the literary circles of London. On one occasion at a large banquet the peculiarities of American speech were discussed with English bluntness. Lord S. called to Mr. Lowell loudly, so as to silence all other speakers:

"There is one new expression invented by your countrymen so foolish and vulgar as to be unpardonable. They talk of the 'ashes of the dead.' We don't burn corpses. No Englishman would use a phrase so absurd."

"And yet," said Mr. Lowell gently, "your poet Gray says, speaking of the dead:

"E'en in our ashes live their wonted fires.

"And in the burial services of the church of England it is said, 'Dust to dust and ashes to ashes.' We sin in good company." A cordial burst of applause greeted this prompt rejoinder.

The Severest Test.

The severest test of manhood is never found in good times, but only in hard times. It is not the man who has success when others are doing well, but it is the man who keeps up his courage and struggles on when everybody else is wavering or going down who is the hero in the sight of God and men. It is an easy matter to make good time when both wind and tide are in one's favor or when one is moving with the current, but it requires character and skill and daring to make head in spite of opposing forces or to work successfully against the current.—Exchange.

Distinguished.

Visitor (in penitentiary)—Who is that distinguished looking convict? Warden—He is known here as No. 1147. Visitor—He seems to hold himself aloof from his fellows. Warden—Yes; you can hardly expect him to associate with the common herd. His trial cost the state $200,000.

The Only Way.

A person of little tact once remarked to the octogenarian Auber, "What a sad thing it is, this old business!"

"Yes," agreed the old musician, "it is sad; "but," he added, with witty philosophy, "up to the present time no surer way has been discovered to live a long time."

A Cautious Damsel.

"Dearest, with you by my side, I would willingly give up all I possess—wealth, position, parents—everything."

"I know, George, but in that case what would there be left for me."—Milwaukee Sentinal.

It's a queer fact that the higher a man rises the less chance he has of being above suspicion.—Puck.

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,

Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

The Principal Cost of a Suit of Clothes Is the Workmanship.

If you want to wear Suits that are made by good tailors, so that you will be as well dressed as any man, go to

Kosin

THE TAILOR.

OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

THE NEWS,

THIEF

RETAKE OF PRECEDING PAGE

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66
Oats	35c
Flax	1.01
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Miss Malone was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Chris. Amundson went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Thiverage last Friday.

M. O. Brattland, of Ada, was in the city the first of the week.

W. K. Nichols left last Saturday for Minneapolis to spend a week.

Mrs. Josehp Lang left Saturday for St. Paul to attend to business matters.

Miss Sadie Boutell, of Minneapolis was in the city last week the guest of Miss Bessie Horton.

H. L. Dudley left last Saturday for his old home in Southern Minnesota to spend a week visiting friends.

I. L. Erickson left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days attending to business matters.

Ben Christenson and wife left Sunday evening for Buffalo county, Wis., their old home, to spend about three weeks visiting friends.

Dan Robertson, of Argyle, who is a candidate for the legislature in the district north of here, was in the city last week meeting numerous old acquaintances.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher

Mr. Will White left Saturday evening for his home at EauClaire, Wis.

W. A. Tautges and wife went down to Minneapolis Saturday evening.

Arnold Bjerkhool left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

Fred's Poketela cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

Miss Annand left Saturday evening for Lake City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Mrs Nason left Saturday evening for Pine City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Miss Gustie Johnson left Sunday evening for St. Paul to buy her fall stock of millinery.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. C. E. Winslow left last Saturday evening for LaCrosse, Wis., to remain until next spring.

Miss Valda Cheeley left Saturday evening for Waseca, Minn., to visit relatives for a few weeks.

C. L. Dobner and wife were down to Lake City the first of the week visiting Mr. Dobner's parents.

John Dobner Moore, who had spent his vacation here, left Sunday evening for his home at LaCrosse, Wis.

Ed. Ellefson left Sunday evening for his old home in Grove City, Minn., to spend a few days visiting relatives.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Miss Mammie Herron left Sunday evening for Stevens Point, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

A. A. Wasson and wife left Saturday evening for Westby, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting at their old home.

Ed. Evenson and wife left Sunday evening for their old home in Wisconsin to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Mrs McNiven and two children, Margaret and Hughie, left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to visit old friends for several days.

Tom Bjornson, who had been in the city for about a month visiting at the

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

Clarence Cummings went down to St. Paul Saturday evening.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 A. M.

Ole Torrison left Monday evening on a business trip to Minneapolis.

Frank Lawerence was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the werk.

County Surveyor Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Andy Erickson left Monday evening for Stillwater to visit old friends for a few days.

Miss Goldie Hill left Tuesday evening for Holton, Wis., to visit a sister for a few days.

James A. Wilson left Monday for Reynolds, N. D., to look after the harvest of crops over there.

Mrs. M. P. Evenson left Monday evening for Renville county to visit old friends for a few days.

J. J. Weeks left Monday evening for his old home in Mower county to visit friends for a few days.

Joe Ryson left Tuesday for Emerado, N. D., with three teams and will work there until after harvest.

S. K. Dahle left the first part of the week for Aneta, N. D., where he will work during the harvest.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry and two sons left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

N. A. Nelson is one of the G. A. R. men of Thief River Falls in Minneapolis attending the encampment.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the county board.

Albert Huseth and wife left Sunday evening for Madison, Wis., to spend several days visiting relatives.

—W. B. Fuller left Monday evening for Minneapolis to attend the reunion of Spanish-American war veterans.

Frank McGinty will leave the latter part of this week for Norte Dakota with three teams to work during the harvest.

D. P. O'Neill leaves the latter part of this week for Norman county. He will commence harvesting down there next week.

Rev. S. G. Palm, of Sandridge, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Red Wing to attend the Norwegian Lutheran church conference.

E. J. Morrisey left Saturday for Chicago to spend a few days. While absent he expects to purchase about a car load of plumbing goods.

Misses Julia and Esther Peterson, who had been in the city visiting their Uncle Leonard Peterson, returned to Crookston Monday evening.

Albert Arntz, who has a clain up near Brunkeberg, passed through the city the first of the week enroute to Northwood, N. D., to remain until after harvest.

Miss Clara Hegg, who had spent the summer in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Hamre, returned to her home in Decorah, Iowa, the first of the week.

Few farmers are in town these days, most of them being busy harvesting their grain and according to all reports, the crop this year will be one of the best harvested in many years.

The cheap rates the railroads have been making to Minneapolis and St. Paul this week have resulted in a large number of our residents being absent from the city. The rate is the cheapest ever given.

There was a small wreck on the Soo at Erskine Saturday evening. The Winnipeg flyer, which left Thief River Falls Saturday evening at 10:10 did not get past Erskine until 5 o'clock Sunday morning. Quite a number of people from this city were on the train.

George Curran the first of the week sold his confectionery and fruit store to A. H. Helegeson who is now in charge of this business. Mr. Curran has bought a team of horses of Frank McGinty and will leave the latter part of this week for the harvest fields of North Dakota to work during the fall.

Lewis A. Nelson was down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday and filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county. It is not likely that Mr. Nelson will have any opposition for the nomination, and he proposes to make a hard campaign for the the election.

John Ristau, Louis Hamry, Hartvig Lund, Louis Klabachag and Carl Habedank were down from Germantown Monday with their teams after lumber for a new school house that is to be built up there this fall. The school house will be one of the best county school buildings in Marshall county.

SUPPORT

SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a bridge to carry the weakened and starved system along until it can find firm support in ordinary food.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

John Remmen left Tuesday for North Dakota.

C. J. Knox went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city yesterday.

George Curran was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Wanted—At the Hotel Ogahmah, two good girls for general work.

Wayne Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson and T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston last evening.

Mrs. Flesher left Tuesday evening for Iowa to visit relatives for a few days.

D. N. Winton left the first of the week for the Red Lake in his gasoline boat.

W. J. LaBree was down to Fargo the first of the week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal matters.

The Soo Road sold 106 tickets from Thief River Falls to the Minneapolis encampment.

D. B. Bakke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Miss Esther Thomas, of Beaudette, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

Audley Caldwell left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis where he will remain and seek his fortune.

Mrs. David Collis came up from St. yesterday and is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. C. Burns.

Peter Newman and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to take in the G. A. R. encampment.

Miss Evangeline Burns returned yesterday from St. Hilaire where she had been visiting friends.

K. J. Weeks left Tuesday evening for the southern part of the state to visit friends for a few days.

Louis Hanson went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. H. M. Hicks and son. George and Miss Daisy Strom went to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to spend a few days.

Peter Krouse arrived in the city this morning over the Soo line from Green Bay, Wis., and is visiting his son, W. B. Krouse.

T. L. Melgaard and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis and will spend a few days at Lake Minnetonka visiting friends.

E. S. Clinch, of Anoka, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Prince Albert, Canada, to look over a logging contract.

Rev. J. J. Schroeder and daughter, Miss Alma, left the first of the week for Holmes, N. D., to spend a two weeks vacation.

Jennie Cunningham, who has had a long series of contests for her land north of town, this week received the patent for her land.

A report comes from St. Hilaire to the effect that Leonard Holms' barn was badly damaged by being struck by lightning Tuesday night. None of the stock injured.

Goodnow Torrison returned to this city yesterday morning from a trip to Norway where he had spent most of the summer. He reports having had a delightful time.

J. B. O'Brien filed as a Republican candidate for county auditor on Tuesday. There is not much doubt but that Mr. O'Brien will be nominated and elected by a large majority.

Considerable new furniture has been added to the library during the past week, being a present from the old library association which had a small surplus on hand and used the money to buy needed furniture for the library.

The public is invited to make use of the reading room of the library, which has recently been nicely furnished. Magazines that are to be found there are: Everybodies, Harpers, Appelton's Cosmopolitan, Collier's and the Ladies Home Journal.

A Minnesota man went to California and was delighted with the fruit, flowers and sunshine, and the next day flowers fruit and sunshine were still beautiful. The third day he enjoyed the sunshine, fruit and the flowers. After he had been there 3 months he was heard to exclaim to himself; "Fruit, sunshine and flowers sunshine, fruit and flowers: flowers, fruit and sunshine. Oh, land! but I wish I was back in Minnesota, where they have grain, cattle and other substantial blessings.

Johnson Is O. K.

C. W. Johnson, of Wylie, was in the city last week looking after his candidacy for the Republican nomination for clerk of court. Mr. Johnson has a host of friends in Thief River Falls and vicinity who are working hard for his success. He is a young man of sterling qualities—just the kind Red Lake county needs to conduct this office—and if you vote for him you will surely make no mistake.

Subscribe for the News.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

TO THE ASYUN

Local Girl Adjudged Insane at Crookston This Week.

Crookston Journal; Yesterday afternoon Clara Erickson of Thief River Falls, who has received treatment at the hospital here for some time past for brain trouble took a turn for the worse and was taken before Judge Morken for a hearing as to her sanity. She was committed to the asylum and was taken to Fergus Falls last evening by Deputy Sheriff Daniels accompanied by her father and mother.

She had a similar attack five years ago but recovered and it is hoped now that her case will respond to treatment in a short time. She is not especially violent but at times throws her arms wildly and last evening objected entering the depot. There is no insanity in the family and the only cause that can be ascribed for her present condition is brooding over religion.

She immagines she converses with Jesus frequently and insists continually that she has been promised anything she may ask for in the entire world.

May Be a Candidate.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, spent last week in Thief River Falls sizing up the political situation. Mr. Hanson is being strongly urged to become a candidate for state senator in this legislative district, but as yet has not yielded to the wishes of his friends in the matter. He will quite likely arrive at some decission this week. Mr. Hanson is a good clean man, stands for good government and honest legislation, and it would be a pleasure to support him for his office.

Janitors Hired.

At a meeting of the school board held Monday evening, janitors for the different school buildings were hired. Knut Runestrand was hired as janitor of the High school at a salary of $45 per month; R. J. McDonald of the Central at a salary of $35 per month, and S. V. Bailey at the Knox at a salary of $40 per month

STOLE AN EXHIBIT.

Some One Broke Into the Exhibit Building at the Fair Grounds Sunday.

As will be recalled by all who visited the fair, Mrs. H. Fant had a very fine exhibit of hair goods. These goods were not removed from the fair grounds Saturday, and sometime on Sunday some one broke into the building and stole all of her exhibit. Mrs. Fant estimates her loss at over $100 and the police department is making a determined effort to locate the stolen goods.

A Beautiful Play.

Perhaps no author in recent years has received greater recognition than O. L. Jeanson, author of "Our Old Kentucky Home." In this production he has placed his characters on the stage in such an offhand natural sort of way that while watching them you forget for the time being you are in a theatre and live the life that is being portrayed. He has also interpolated several clever dancing and singing specialties and has combined in its entirety, a most pleasing entertainment. At the Evenson Hall, Saturday evening, August 18. Prices 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Charged With Theft.

Daniel Allman, a young man who had been night clerk at the Rushford hotel for a few weeks past, was arrested Monday afternooon at one of the resorts across the track upon the charge of stealing articles from various guests at the hotel. Some of the articles were recovered.

Say He Was Eloquent.

Thomas McGrady, the noted Socalist lecturer, delivered a lecture in the Evenson Hall last Thursday evening. Owing to the fact that the fair was in progress the attendance was not as large as it otherwise would have been, but those who were present were well pleased with Mr. McGrady's address and say that he is a better speaker than Debs.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 16, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

The Red Lake Falls papers seem to be very indignant because it seems probable that the voters in northern Red Lake county will vote as unit this year. That is just what the voters of southern Red Lake county have been doing for years, and will continue to do so.

Petitions are being circulated in this and other counties of the senatorial district asking A. L. Hanson, of Ada, to become a candidate for senator. We have not heard whether he will consent. He did not take kindly to the idea some time ago, but with all the effort being made to bring him out it seems probable he may file. Hanson is an advocate of the present reform movement within the republican party and is one of the kind that will stand by what he thinks is right.—Hendrum Review.

A Busy Bureau.

The busiest affair in the country, just now, apparently, is the bureau of corporations of the federal department of commerce and labor, over which Commissioner Garfield presides, says the Duluth Herald.

It has so many investigations of trusts and other economic features under way that the idea of summer vacations is almost out of the question, and Commissioner Garfield himself is reported to be sticking at his desk without flinching while his brother chiefs are off at the mountains or the seashore.

The half dozen investigations that the bureau has on hand are being carried on through the summer, so as to be ready if the president calls for special reports on matters relating to any of the big trusts. Here are some of the tasks that the bureau has on its hands just now.

It is looking for additional information on the meat industry, in order that the inspection measure may be uncovered.

It is investigating the oil industry and the Standard Oil company, though this work is practically done, and full reports on the business of the big oil trust may be expected at almost any time. At any rate, congress will get the full details next winter, if the president so directs.

There has been under way an investigation of the steel industry which is about completed.

The investigation of the tobacco trust has been halted pending the prosecutions now in the hands of the department of justice.

The interstate commerce commission is investigating the coal industry, so Mr. Garfield is not pushing the investigations of his own bureau into the coal and railroad trust.

A plan of campaign has been mapped out for the investigation of the lumber industry, and this will be pursued energetically in the fall. This is doubtless due to reports that there is a lumber trust which is engaged in holding up the price of this necessary commodity.

This is a pretty complete program for one bureau, and combined with the work of the interstate commerce commission and the prosecutions of the department of justice, it ought to let a flood of light into the economic conditions of the country, and as publicity is ever a potent implement for good, ultimately the public should benefit very largely.

HE IS A RINGER.

Proven That George F. Was Sailing Under False Colors.

Investigation has shown that George F., 2:12¼, owned by George F. Barnard of Royalton, Minn., which won the race on the local track last year, is a ringer, thus bearing out the suspicions of local horsemen. George F won the free for all last year and his owner then offered to wager $1,000 that the horse was not a ringer.

The Horse Review in the issue of this week has quite an article on the subject and tells how Secretary Knight of the American Trotting association, in company with a gentleman competent to pass judgment, visited the Duluth track last week and established beyond a doubt that George F. is none other than Walter H., 2:14¼, whose record was made at Chillicothe, O., in 1903. Mr. Knight has been investigating the case for the past year. The Review says:

"The so-called George F. created a sensation last season by appearing in the green classes in Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, making a remarkable campaign, the year book crediting him with winning thirteen out of nineteen races and retiring with a record of 2:12¼ made at New London, Wis., September 29. During his progress he attracted much attention and was once protested as a ringer, it being then claimed that he was really Courtland, 2:17¼, by Manager, 2:06¾. This was investigated by the American Trotting association and he was found not to be Courtland, who was located elsewhere. At this time George F.'s owner, George E. Barnard, of Royalton, Minn., produced affidavits, etc., which seemed to prove satisfactorily that George F. had been purchased by him from Frank Townsend of Grand Meadow, Minn., who had purchased him from Frank Wolfgram, who bred him; and that he was foaled there in 1900 and was by a horse called Jubilee, dam Flora, by Hamdallah, 2,917."

Hill Denies Report.

New York, Aug. 14: James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, was in New York yesterday after an absence of several weeks in the west. Mr. Hill said the interests he represented had no intention of buying up the Dakota Midland railroad, which it had been reported was to be secured for the purpose of invading the St. Paul territory. Mr. Hill said:

"There is no foundation for the report that I have purchased the Dakota Midland. As a matter of fact I do not know where the road is located. When I desire to enter a new territory I think it is the best policy to build our own lines."

Mr. Hill expressed himself as pleased with the business outlook throughout the country. He was asked about the rumored plan involving the lease of the Hill ore lands to the United States Steel corporation. He said that an announcement would be made in that matter when those directly interested were ready to make it and not before.

Sheldon Vance Stricken.

Crookston Minn., Aug. 14.—Word has been received from Port Arthur that Sheldon Vance, one of Crookston's most influential citizens, has been stricken with apoplexy and is in a very critical condition. His personal physician, Dr. A. H. Dunlop of this city, has been summoned. Mr. Vance left Crookston on the first of the month on a vacation, and when he reached Port Arthur was brought down by the stroke without any warning. His wife, two children and father-in-law are in Paris, and they have been cabled to return by the first steamer,

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 11, 1906:

Anderson, Miss Helay
Bolton, Dr. Joseph
Boxseth, Martin
Bement, Miss Florence
Crevar, Geo.
Dumas, D.
Holvorson, Hans
Hanson, Miss Marie B.
Hollan, Miss Barbara
Jensen, Joe
Kjornes, Ingeborg B.
Lerow, Joe
Lindberg, Aug.
Mikanok, John
Moe, Miss Martha
Nerland, Ivar
Nelson, Nels M.
Nelson, C. W.
Nelson Carl
Olson, Miss Olive
Olson, Miss Mary
Over, Jake
Rasmussen, Miss Ole
Shepeard, Miss Ella
Scribner, Mrs. Bessie
Sorenson, Miss Pettra
Soliday, Miss Maggie
Torrison, G.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

Subscribe for the News.

BADLY BURNED.

A Well Known Traveling Man Touches Matches to Gasoline.

A. B. Dagget, a well known traveling man living at Bemidji, had a harrowing experience with an explosion of gasoline gas Sunday morning. He escaped serious injury only by excellent presence of mind and the timely aid of neighbors, but as it is, is rather severely burned about the hands and face.

Mr. Daggett was sprinkling gasoline around in his chicken coop to kill the lice that infest the abodes of fowls, and had thrown a goodly quality of the liquid, when he lit a match.

There was an explosion that was heard for blocks and the traveling man, burned and stunned, and with his clothing on fire, staggered from the coop into the open.

For a moment he did not realize what had happened, then he saw and felt his burning clothing and rushen for an ash heap near at hand. In this he rolled and rolled.

In the meantime, two neighbors, D. D. Harger and A. E. Winter, who had heard the explosion, made haste to come to Daggett's assistance and the flames were extinguished in short order. The burned man was doctored up by a Bemidji physician and was resting easily yesterday.

Our Old Kentucky Home.

The public is always willing to patronize any good attraction and in this day of quick spreading news it is no easy matter to palm off an inferior play expecting the capacity of the theatre to be tested, and rob the people of their money. In order to take away the least shabow of a doubt, the management of "Our Old Kentucky Home" offer this guarantee, to any one, that after seeing two acts of the play the privilege to have their money refunded if not satisfied. We test the capacity of theatres by honest dealing and by giving the people their moneys worth. You will enjoyed the play, the music, the specialties. At the Evenson Hall Saturday evening, August 18, prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Mahnomen Couple Separate.

Mrs. Elsie Munson, of Mahnomen, swore out a warrant Friday evening for the arrest of her husband. Arnt Munson, for assault and battery. He was brought before Judge Thorgaard Saturday who gave them some good advice and then dismissed the case, on their paying costs. They agreed to separate and live apart for the future. This is a sequel to a love scene enacted in Judge Shulind's court room several months ago when the happy pair were united in marriage.

Middle River Pioneer.—Mrs. Homnes living up the ridge west from Strathcona, came to town Monday with something over 300 pounds of butter and 50 dozen of eggs which she sold to Hjertos & Dalquist. Quite a respectable amount of marketing for one farmer to send in. It was a fine quality of butter too, the Homness family having a separator. This lot with the balance of the butter bought by Hjertos & Dalquist Monday made over 600 pounds, making the day one of the biggest butter days of the summer.

He Met Him.

"When you go to New Zealand I wish you would inquire after my great-grandfather, Jeremiah Thompson." "Certainly," said the traveler. And wherever he went he asked for news of the ancestor, but without avail, according to the Dundee Advertiser. One day he was introduced to a fine old Maori of advanced age. "Did you ever meet with an Englishman named Jeremiah Thompson?" he asked. A smile passed over the Maori's face. "Meet him?" he repeated. "Why, I ate him!"

Mosquito Eggs.

The eggs of the mosquito are fastened together by a viscid secretion from the insect's body. From 250 to 300 eggs are laid at a time, and the little boat shaped mass is so constructed that it will not overset. It cannot be sunk nor in any way injured by wind, rain or water. It is abandoned by the insect and the eggs are hatched by the heat of the sun or atmosphere. A temperature below freezing is said not to destroy the vitality of the mosquito's eggs.

The Regret of His Life.

Sir William Grove, the eminent scientist and jurist, never forgave himself for not discovering the spectroscope. "I had often observed," he said, "that there were different lines exhibited in the spectra of different metals ignited in the voltaic arc, and if I had had any reasonable amount of wit I ought to have seen the converse—viz, that by ignition different bodies show in their spectral lines the materials of which they are composed."

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss
City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans [illegible], deceased, Plaintiff, vs. [illegible] L. Nichols, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Peace officer of Said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon [illegible] L. Nichols if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls at a term thereof to be holden on the [illegible] day of September 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to plaintiff in a Civil Action whose complaint is on file in said Court, and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable [illegible] Bishop, Municipal Judge, this second day of August A. D. 1906. (Signed) [illegible], Clerk of The Municipal Court.

(SEAL)

Fargo & Stanton
Attorneys for Plaintiff
Thief River Falls, Minn. [illegible]

GOG AND MAGOG.

Various Traditions Relating to These Two Famous Giants.

Who were Gog and Magog? English tradition says that they were the last of a race of giants who infested England until they were destroyed by some of the Trojans who went to the British isles after the destruction of Troy. Gog and Magog, it is said, were taken captive to London, where they were chained at the door of the palace of the king. When they died wooden images of the two giants were put in their places. In the course of time a great fire destroyed these, but now, if you go to London, you will see in the great hall of one of the famous buildings—the Guildhall—two immense wooden effigies of men called Gog and Magog.

But there are other traditions of the two giants. One is to the effect that when Alexander the Great overran Asia he chased into the mountains of the north an impure, wicked and man eating people who were twenty-two nations in number and who were shut up with a rampart in which were gates of brass. One of these nations was Goth and another Magoth, from which we readily get the names of the mythical giants. It is supposed, however, that the Turks were meant by Gog and the Mongols were the children of Magog. We shall find mention made of Gog and Magog in many books, including the Bible, but there are the great wall and the rampart of Gog and Magog, whatever may have been the fact that gave the names of the two giants to that portion of the structure.

FEES IN ENGLAND.

The Treasury Has Many Schemes That Swell Its Income.

When a young man determines to become a barrister and enters his name at one of the inns of court in London or Dublin he has to pay to the government a fee of £25. And when he is a full fledged English or Irish barrister or a Scotch advocate he has to fork out a further sum of £50.

Should he desire to become a solicitor he is fined even more heavily. When he becomes an apprentice his fee to the government is £80, and his yearly duty when he begins to practice is, for the first three years, £3 in the country and £4 10s. in London or Dublin and after the third year £6 and £9 respectively. So that a solicitor practicing forty years in London will have paid the government over £400.

A law agent (Scotland) pays £60 at commencement of study and £55 or £85 on beginning practice in the sheriff's court or court of session.

If you want to change your surname of your own free will the government charges you only £10, but if you do it under the direction of some deceased benefactor it costs you £50.

Bishops pay £30 for permission to be elected and £30 more for the royal assent to their election, and the fees paid on receiving letters patent are: By a baronet, £100; a baron, £150; a viscount, £200; an earl, £250; a marquis, £300, and a duke, £350.—London Express.

The Ashes of the Dead.

James Russell Lowell was a great favorite in the literary circles of London. On one occasion at a large banquet the peculiarities of American speech were discussed with English bluntness. Lord S. called to Mr. Lowell loudly, so as to silence all other speakers:

"There is one new expression invented by your countrymen so foolish and vulgar as to be unpardonable. They talk of the 'ashes of the dead.' We don't burn corpses. No Englishman would use a phrase so absurd."

"And yet," said Mr. Lowell gently, "your poet Gray says, speaking of the dead:

"E'en in our ashes live their wonted fires.

"And in the burial services of the church of England it is said, 'Dust to dust and ashes to ashes.' We sin in good company." A cordial burst of applause greeted this prompt rejoinder.

The Severest Test.

The severest test of manhood is never found in good times, but only in hard times. It is not the man who has success when others are doing well, but it is the man who keeps up his courage and struggles on when everybody else is wavering or going down who is the hero in the sight of God and men. It is an easy matter to make good time when both wind and tide are in one's favor or when one is moving with the current, but it requires character and skill and daring to make head in spite of opposing forces or to work successfully against the current.—Exchange.

Distinguished.

Visitor (in penitentiary)—Who is that distinguished looking convict? Warden—He is known here as No. 1147. Visitor—He seems to hold himself aloof from his fellows. Warden—Yes; you can hardly expect him to associate with the common herd. His trial cost the state $200,000.

The Only Way.

A person of little tact once remarked to the octogenarian Auber, "What a sad thing it is, this old business!"

"Yes," agreed the old musician, "it is sad; "but," he added, with witty philosophy, "up to the present time no surer way has been discovered to live a long time."

A Cautious Damsel.

"Dearest, with you by my side, I would willingly give up all I possess—wealth, position, parents—everything."

"I know, George, but in that case what would there be left for me."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

It's a queer fact that the higher a man rises the less chance he has of being above suspicion.—Puck.

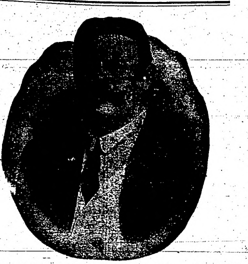

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,

Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

The Principal Cost of a Suit of Clothes Is the Workmanship.

If you want to wear Suits that are made by good tailors, so that you will be as well dressed as any man, go to

Kosin

THE TAILOR.

OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.01
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Miss Malone was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Chris. Amundson went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Thiverage last Friday.

M. O. Brattland, of Ada, was in the city the first of the week.

W. K. Nichols left last Saturday for Minneapolis to spend a week.

Mrs. Joseph Lang left Saturday for St. Paul to attend to business matters.

Miss Sadie Boutell, of Minneapolis was in the city last week the guest of Miss Bessie Horton.

H. L. Dudley left last Saturday for his old home in Southern Minnesota to spend a week visiting friends.

I. L. Erickson left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days attending to business matters.

Ben Christenson and wife left Sunday evening for Buffalo county, Wis., their old home, to spend about three weeks visiting friends.

Dan Robertson, of Argyle, who is a candidate for the legislature in the district north of here, was in the city last week meeting numerous old acquaintances.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

---For Sale---A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quator of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to konw it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Mr. Will White left Saturday evening for his home at EauClaire, Wis.

W. A. Tautges and wife went down to Minneapolis Saturday evening.

Arnold Bjerkhoel left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

Fred's Poketela cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

Miss Annand left Saturday evening for Lake City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Mrs Nason left Saturday evening for Pine City to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Miss Gustie Johnson left Sunday evening for St. Paul to buy her fall stock of millinery.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. C. E. Winslow left last Saturday evening for LaCrosse, Wis., to remain until next spring.

Miss Valda Chesley left Saturday evening for Waseca, Minn., to visit relatives for a few weeks.

C. L. Dobner and wife were down to Lake City the first of the week visiting Mr. Dobner's parents.

John Dobner Moore, who had spent his vacation here, left Sunday evening for his home at LaCrosse, Wis.

Ed. Ellefson left Sunday evening for his old home in Grove City, Minn., to spend a few days visiting relatives.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Miss Mammie Herron left Sunday evening for Stevens Point, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

A. A. Wasson and wife left Saturday evening for Westby, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting at their old home.

Ed. Evenson and wife left Sunday evening for their old home in Wisconsin to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Mrs McNiven and two children, Margaret and Hughie, left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to visit old friends for several days.

Tom Bjornson, who had been in the city for about a month visiting at the home of Ben Erickson, left Sunday evening for Clam Falls, Wis.

Ed Wilcox spent a few days last week in the country north of Detroit. He reports that the country down there is looking fine and that farmers have good crops.

Harry Diebel, Miss Ethel Diebel and Mrs. C. H. Diebel, of Milton, N. D., who had been in the city visiting, left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few weeks before returning home.

Mrs. Sander Ingebretson, of the town of Sanders, and Mrs. O. T. Tanberg, of this city, left Sunday evening for Mower county, in the southern part of the state, to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Rev. Aastad left Sunday evening for Red Wing to attend a conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod. Upon his return he will be accompanied by Mrs. Aasted who is vititing relatives in St. Paul.

D. C. Lightbourn, of Ada, who is a candidate for state senator in this legislature district, was in Thief River Falls last week sizing up the political situation. Mr. Lightbourn is a very pleasent gentleman to meet.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—Wanted—First class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Nels J. Bergquist and Miss Olena Olson went to Red Lake Falls on Wednesday and were quietly married by Hon. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate. They will shortly move to northwestern Canada where they intend to make their future home and their many friends in this vicinity will wish them every happiness.—Plummer Pioneer.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

Clarence Cummings went down to St. Paul Saturday evening.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 A. M.

Ole Torrison left Monday evening on a business trip to Minneapolis.

Frank Lawerence was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the werk.

County Surveyor Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Andy Erickson left Monday evening for Stillwater to visit old friends for a few days.

Miss Goldie Hill left Tuesday evening for Holton, Wis., to visit a sister for a few days.

James A. Wilson left Monday for Reynolds, N. D., to look after the harvest of crops over there.

Mrs. M. P. Evenson left Monday evening for Renville county to visit old friends for a few days.

J. J. Weeks left Monday evening for his old home in Mower county to visit friends for a few days.

Joe Ryson left Tuesday for Emerado, N. D., with three teams and will work there until after harvest.

S. K. Dahle left the first part of the week for Aneta, N. D., where he will work during the harvest.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry and two sons left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

N. A. Nelson is one of the G. A. R. men of Thief River Falls in Minneapolis attending the encampment.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the county board.

Albert Huseth and wife left Sunday evening for Madison, Wis., to spend several days visiting relatives.

W. B. Fuller left Monday evening for Minneapolis to attend the reunion of Spanish-American war veterans.

Frank McGinty will leave the latter part of this week for Norte Dakota with three teams to work during the harvest.

D. P. O'Neill leaves the latter part of this week for Norman county. He will commence harvesting down there next week.

Rev. S. G. Palm, of Sandridge, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Red Wing to attend the Norwegian Lutheran church conferance.

E. J. Morrisey left Saturday for Chicago to spend a few days. While absent he expects to purchase about a car load of plumbing goods.

Misses Julia and Esther Peterson, who had been in the city visiting their Uncle Leonard Peterson, returned to Crookston Monday evening.

Albert Arntz, who has a clain up near Brunkeberg, passed through the city the first of the week enroute to Northwood, N. D., to remain until after harvest.

Miss Clara Hegg, who had spent the summer in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Hamre, returned to her home in Decorah, Iowa, the first of the week.

Few farmers are in town these days, most of them being busy harvesting their grain and according to all reports, the crop this year will be one of the best harvested in many years.

The cheap rates the railroads have been making to Minneapolis and St. Paul this week have resulted in a large number of our residents being absent from the city. The rate is the cheapest ever given.

There was a small wreck on the Soo at Erskine Saturday evening. The Winnipeg flyer, which left Thief River Falls Saturday evening at 10:10 did not get past Erskine until 5 o'clock Sunday morning. Quite a number of people from this city were on the train.

George Curran the first of the week sold his confectionery and fruit store to A. B. Helegeson who is now in charge of this business. Mr. Curran has bought a team of horses of Frank McGinty and will leave the latter part of this week for the harvest fields of North Dakota to work during the fall.

Lewis A. Nelson was down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday and filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county. It is not likely that Mr. Nelson will have any opposition for the nomination, and he proposes to make a hard campaign for the election.

John Ristau, Louis Hamry, Hartvig Lund, Louis Klabachag and Carl Habedank were down from Germantown Monday with their teams after lumber for a new school house that is to be built up there this fall. The school house will be one of the best county school buildings in Marshall county.

SUPPORT

SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a bridge to carry the weakened and starved system along until it can find firm support in ordinary food.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

John Remmen left Tuesday for North Dakota.

C. J. Knox went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city yesterday.

George Curran was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Wanted—At the Hotel Ogahmah, two good girls for general work.

Wayne Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson and T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston last evening.

Mrs. Flesher left Tuesday evening for Iowa to visit relatives for a few days.

D. N. Winton left the first of the week for the Red Lake in his gasoline boat.

W. J. LaBree was down to Fargo the first of the week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal matters.

The Soo Road sold 100 tickets from Thief River Falls to the Minneapolis encampment.

D. B. Bakke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Miss Esther Thomas, of Beaudette, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

Audley Caldwell left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis where he will remain and seek his fortune.

Mrs. David Collis came up from St. yesterday and is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. C. Burns.

Peter Newman and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to take in the G. A. R. encampment.

Miss Evangeline Burns returned yesterday from St. Hilaire where she had been visiting friends.

K. J. Weeks left Tuesday evening for the southern part of the state to visit friends for a few days.

Louis Hanson went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. H. M. Hicks and son. George and Miss Daisy Strom went to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to spend a few days.

Peter Krouse arrived in the city this morning over the Soo line from Green Bay, Wis., and is visiting his son, W. B. Krouse.

T. L. Melgaard and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis and will spend a few days at Lake Minnetonka visiting friends.

E. S. Clinch, of Anoka, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Prince Albert, Canada, to look over a logging contract.

Rev. J. J. Schroeder and daughter, Miss Alma, left the first of the week for Holmes, N. D., to spend a two weeks vacation.

Jennie Cunningham, who has had a long series of contests for her land north of town, this week received the patent for her land.

A report comes from St. Hilaire to the effect that Leonard Holms' barn was badly damaged by being struck by lightning Tuesday night. None of the stock injured.

Goodnow Torrison returned to this city yesterday morning from a trip to Norway where he had spent most of the summer. He reports having had a delightful time.

J. B. O'Brien filed as a Republican candidate for county auditor on Tuesday. There is not much doubt but that Mr. O'Brien will be nominated and elected by a large majority.

Considerable new furniture has been added to the library during the past week, being a present from the old library association which had a small surplus on hand and used the money to buy needed furniture for the library.

The public is invited to make use of the reading room of the library, which has recently been nicely furnished. Magazines that are to be found there are: Everybodies, Harpers, Appelton's Cosmopolitan, Collier's and the Ladies Home Journal.

A Minnesota man went to California and was delighted with the fruit, flowers and sunshine, and the next day flowers fruit and sunshine were still beautiful. The third day he enjoyed the sunshine, fruit and the flowers. After he had been there 6 months he was heard to exclaim to himself: "Fruit, sunshine and flowers sunshine, fruit and flowers: flowers, fruit and sunshine. Oh, land! but I wish I was back in Minnesota, where they have grain, cattle and other substantial blessings.

Johnson Is O. K.

C. W. Johnson, of Wylie, was in the city last week looking after his candidacy for the Republican nomination for clerk of court. Mr. Johnson has a host of friends in Thief River Falls and vicinity who are working hard for his success. He is a young man of sterling qualities—just the kind Red Lake county needs to conduct this office—and if you vote for him you will surely make no mistake.

Subscribe for the News.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

TO THE ASYUN

Local Girl Adjudged Insnae at Crookston This Week.

Crookston Journal; Yesterday afternoon Clara Erickson of Thief River Falls, who has received treatment at the hospital here for some time past for brain trouble took a turn for the worse and was taken before Judge Morken for a hearing as to her sanity. She was committed to the asylum and was taken to Fergus Falls last evening by Deputy Sheriff Daniels accompanied by her father and mother.

She had a similar attack five years ago but recovered and it is hoped now that her case will respond to treatment in a short time. She is not especially violent but at times throws her arms wildly and last evening objected entering the depot. There is no insanity in the family and the only cause that can be ascribed for her present condition is brooding over religion.

She immagines she converses with Jesus frequently and insists continually that she has been promised anything she may ask for in the entire world.

May Be a Candidate.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, spent last week in Thief River Falls sizing up the political situation. Mr. Hanson is being strongly urged to become a candidate for state senator in this legislative district, but as yet has not yielded to the wishes of his friends in the matter. He will quite likely arrive at some decision this week. Mr. Hanson is a good clean man, stands for good government and honest legislation, and it would be a pleasure to support him for his office.

Janitors Hired.

At a meeting of the school board held Monday evening, janitors for the different school buildings were hired. Knut Runestrand was hired as janitor of the High school at a salary of $45 per month; R. J. McDonald of the Central at a salary of $35 per month, and S. V. Bailey at the Knox at a salary of $40 per month

STOLE AN EXHIBIT.

Some One Broke Into the Exhibit Building at the Fair Grounds Sunday.

As will be recalled by all who visited the fair, Mrs. H. Fant had a very fine exhibit of hair goods. These goods were not removed from the fair grounds Saturday, and sometime on Sunday someone broke into the building and stole all of her exhibit. Mrs. Fant estimates her loss at over $100 and the police department is making a determined effort to locate the stolen goods.

A Beautiful Play.

Perhaps no author in recent years has received greater recognition than O. L. Jeanson, author of "Our Old Kentucky Home." In this production he has placed his characters on the stage in such an offhand natural sort of way that while watching them you forget for the time being you are in a theatre and live the life that is being portrayed. He has also interpolated several clever dancing and singing specialties and has combined in its entirety, a most pleasing entertainment. At the Evenson Hall, Saturday evening, August 18. Prices 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Charged With Theft.

Daniel Allman, a young man who had been night clerk at the Rushford hotel for a few weeks past, was arrested Monday afternooon at one of the resorts across the track upon the charge of stealing articles from various guests at the hotel. Some of the articles were recovered.

Say He Was Eloquent.

Thomas McGrady, the noted Socalist lecturer, delivered a lecture in the Evenson Hall last Thursday evening. Owing to the fact that the fair was in progress the attendance was not as large as it otherwise would have been, but those who were present were well pleased with Mr. McGrady's address and say that he is a better speaker than Debs.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR-- THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.

Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates—Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the—

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

THE NEWS,

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

G.A.R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway
will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to
St. Paul and Minneapolis
for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31.
For further particulars see
W. E. BAKER, Agent.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SLAVES OF THE PIPE

A GLIMPSE OF ONE OF THE SECRET OPIUM DENS OF TOULON.

The Eastern Madness and Its Victims in the French Navy—Varying Effects of the First, Second and Third Pipes of the Drug.

"You are going to Toulon?" said an attache of one of the ministries to me some months ago. "Then you will see the curse of the French navy, the eastern madness, which our colleagues at the colonial office and at the ministry of marine are trying hard to suppress."

"The eastern madness?" I asked. "What is that?"

"Opium smoking," said my friend laconically. "Ask some of the Toulon newspaper men to take you round."

It was one of the first things I asked about when I got down to Toulon, and the following is an account of what I saw:

We were in a cafe near the harbor. A tall and very handsome woman sat at the table opposite to us and nodded lazily to my companion. This did not surprise me at all, because all Toulon, from the prefet maritime to the scavengers in the streets, knew him and called him by his name. There was a lazy weariness or, if you like, a weary laziness in the woman's eyes which was curiously noticeable.

"Are you going to smoke a pipe?" she said.

He looked at me inquiringly.

"Oh, bring your friend with you. He doesn't belong to the government, does he?"

And so we all three got up and went out. I do not know exactly where we went, for the back streets of Toulon are a very Alsatia for intricacy. We unlocked a door with a key which madame carried in her pocket. We climbed three flights of dark stairs and knocked at another door.

It was opened at last, after about a quarter of an hour, by a young woman in a kimono and curl papers. She looked even sleepier than our companion and did not trouble to invite us in. She merely left the door open, lounged on in front, and we followed.

Imagine a room in which all you can see at first is the dirty yellow of some cocoanut matting on the floor, a few cushions covered in bright colors and several pairs of feet. It is a little puzzling at first, but you realize after a moment that the only lamp is on the floor and that it has a heavy shade, so that the light does not light up the room.

I became used to the semidarkness soon and saw that I was in a small square room, in which there were six or eight people, three women, including our companion, and several men. I noticed that the trousers which the men wore were those of navy officers. I looked at my friend, the journalist, inquiringly.

"Oh, yes," he said, "and they don't care. Once an opium smoker always an opium smoker."

We had spoken in a whisper, but one of the men, a good looking fellow, who must have been a smart officer not long before, raised himself on one elbow and glowered at us. "Curse you!" he said. "Be quiet. Curse you!" And he dropped back on to the mat again.

"The second sleep after the first pipe," said my friend.

"How do you know?"

"Because they are always irritable then," he said. "After the second pipe it takes a good deal to disturb them, and after the third, unless they are very seasoned smokers, you could let off crackers next to them before they awoke of themselves, and they would think that it was wind flapping the sails."

Another of the men sat up. I must explain that there was no furniture whatever in the room. There was cocoanut matting on the floor, there were a few pillows, and that was all. But the lighted lamp was in the corner, and in the middle, among the feet, was a thing which looked a little like a Turkish hubble-bubble pipe, a lamp of glass, in which I think spirit was burned, making a small flame.

Next to it, a little white pot with a dark brown paste in it that looked like varnish, and on a small rack, like a pen rack, several knitting needles. When the man sat up the woman in the kimono and curl papers crawled over to him, took one of the knitting needles, put her finger and thumb into the paste and cooked a ball of it on the point of a knitting needle over the flame of the lamp.

And I noticed then, as the smell became more acute, that the whole room had a treacly sickliness about it. That, of course, was the opium. Next to the man, where I suppose he had dropped it, was a long cherry wood stem with a bulb of amber at one end and a tiny cup at the other. I think the cup had a pin in it, but I am not sure. The woman put the little ball of opium, which had frizzled and sizzled in the flame, into the cup and held the amber bulb to the man's mouth.

He drew at the pipe, inhaling the smoke, but he was too far gone to hold the pipe for himself. The woman had to do that for him. He stopped inhaling after a moment or two, and she tore the neck of his shirt open.

"Narrow squeak that," said my friend. "I know that chap. He smokes eighteen or twenty pipes sometimes, and then anything might happen to him. He would rather die of suffocation than take the trouble to undo a button."

"But what is the insidious charm of opium?" I asked.

"That I can't tell you," said my friend, "because a first pipe or two won't teach it to you, and, unless you are a fool, you will never smoke a third."

The woman who had brought us in and in whose room we were had just prepared a pipe for herself. "Smoke?" she said, and put her pipe to my lips. I took two or three whiffs and then got out of the room and the house as quickly as possible.

I learned from my friend, who came after me, that all the men in the room were navy officers. I learned, too, the next day, when I felt better, that opium, which in spite of the efforts made by the government to check commerce in the drug, is currently sold in all the ports and particularly on those of the south, is making terrible ravages among the officers of the French navy.

Your opium smoker is a dangerous man on board a ship, for he is like a sleepwalker. He acts unconsciously, but with apparent consciousness, and when under the influence of the drug anything might happen either to him or to the ship under his charge without his caring. The minister of marine is doing his utmost to repress the curse, and all thinking France hopes that he may succeed.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

WAYS OF THE SPANIARDS.

Oriental Habit of Secluding Their Women Still Prevalent.

Oriental usage with regard to women still prevails in Spain, where there are no suffragists and no problems of sex. Even in society in Madrid men do not pay afternoon calls on married women, the chief form of entertainment being the evening party, or tertulia. The jealousy of Spaniards of both sexes is notorious. The eastern habit of secluding their women is still prevalent among most Spaniards; hence the illiteracy of the women, the tiresome formality of Spanish functions, the conventionality of society manners. Occasionally an American lady in the diplomatic "set" tears down the barriers of convention and astounds "society" by her western ways, but Spanish women regard the innovation as we would the capers of a circus horse in Rotten row, and you may live years in Spain on the best terms with a Spaniard before he invites you to meet his wife. You may catch more butterflies in an afternoon than obtain even a sight of the faces of the women whose husbands you meet daily in the course of a whole year's acquaintance.

But in dancing the Spanish woman is queen of her sex. To see the real thing you must get hold of a gypsy band or visit some humble dancing place in Seville or in the south. There is no dancing in the world so poetic, passionate, suggestive or graceful. Spain is the true home of the dance. There are the jota of Aragon, with its fine abandon, yet stately time; the tango, resembling the danse du ventre of Moorish Spain—the dance of gesture and suggestion; the graceful cachuca, with its chironomic play of head and arms; the jaleo de Jerez, which gypsies dance in whirling fantastic measure; the quaint dances of the Basque provinces and scores of minor local dances more or less alike peculiar to different localities. But the great dances are the bolero, the seguidilla, the chacona and the fandango of the south. These dances are the soul and epitome of Spain. In all of them prose gesture, the mystery of true dancing, plays an important part. In all of them the poetry of love and motion is exhibited with extraordinary subtlety and expression.—Austin Harrison in Nineteenth Century.

Weight Before and After Meals.

Why is it that a man does not weigh a pound more after eating a pound of food than he did before? A little reflection will readily explain this apparent mystery. During the process of mastication, deglutition, etc., certain muscles are brought into active play. Now, it is a well established fact in physiology that the exercise of any muscle or set of muscles necessitates a temporary waste of tissue and that a certain amount of carbon is eliminated and passed off during the course of a meal. This loss, however, is trifling as compared with that of respiration and perspiration, both of which functions are increased during the operation of making a meal. The length of time one may take to consume a pound of food makes but little difference in the losses. If it be eaten leisurely, there is but slight increase of respiration or perspiration, whereas if it be hurried through both are abnormally accelerated; hence by the time the meal is finished the consumer has lost appreciably in both moisture and carbonic acid. The above explains in a rough but clear manner why it is that a man may eat a pound of food and yet not weigh but from one-third to five-eighths of a pound more than he did before the meal.

Modern Fire Worship in Scotland.

Burghead, in Morayshire, is unique in one respect. It has "the burning of the clavie." This ceremony is gone through every New Year's eve, old style. It is supposed to be a relic of fire worship. There is now only one other community, it is said, in Britain where the practice is carried on. The clavie consists of half an archangle tar barrel fixed on the top of a fir prop about four feet long. The second half of the tar barrel is broken up, put inside and mixed with tar. A stone must be used to knock in the nail which connects the pole and the barrel. The broken bits in the barrel are then lighted by means of burning peat, no such thing as a lucifer match being allowed.

In the dark winter night the blazing thing is borne up one street and down another at high speed, then carried to the Doorie hill in the middle of the village. Here the pole is fixed on a short, strong column, and the clavie burns out. The women rush in and, picking bits of the new dying clavie to "keep the witches away," disappear into the darkness.—Glasgow Herald.

THE TALE OF THE EYE

DISPOSITION IS REVEALED IN THE COLOR OF THE OPTICS.

The Black Eye Is Not Black and It Fades—The Steely Gray, the Green and the Sweet Brown Eye—Eyes of Shakespeare, Coleridge and Byron.

It has been remarked by those who are most conversant with the anatomy of the optic that the darkest hued eye is most susceptible to change. The fading of the black eye is no secret, as it is almost universal, and this is natural and accounted for from the known fact that the black eye is not black, but a yellow of deep color and sometimes found in combination with one or more colors. The light blue and the gray seem to be the most lasting. The gray eye is an almost universal characteristic of men and women of great intellect.

Shakespeare had deep gray eyes, which were remarkable for their near approach to blue. Up to the death of the poet the original color remained. Lord Byron had the gray eye of the poet. Coleridge also had gray eyes, but, like Shakespeare and Byron, the gray was at times, and under mental excitement particularly, tinted with another color. One biographer of Lord Byron tells of his beautiful changeable gray eyes as one of the chief characteristic features of his physiognomy. The eye of Coleridge was of a greenish gray.

It is an undeniable fact that the colors most common to the eyes—brown, gray, blue, hazel and black or what is called black—are seldom found in all the purity of the individual color. Regarding the black eye, it is distance only that makes it appear to be purely black, for the reason that the deep yellow brown color is in such strong contrast to the white of the eye that the pupil always appears black.

There are also eyes of so bright a hazel as to seem almost yellow, and there are eyes that bear out the often reiterated remark concerning "green eyed jealousy," for they are to all appearances positively green. It is frequently the case that they are very beautiful when they are shaded, as is often the case, with very long and dark eyelashes, but, though beautiful, they are not indicative of a good disposition and belong particularly to a person of jealous temperament. Clear, light blue eyes, with a calm steadfastness in their glance, are said to be indicative of a cheerful disposition, of a serene temper and of a constant nature. The light blue eye is peculiar to the northern nations, and it is mostly to be found among the Swedes and the Scotch. Among the rare blonds of the southern portions of Europe is also found the blue eye. The pleasant light blue eye, with the honest glance, must not be confounded with another sort of eye of a pale blue, almost steel colored hue, which has a continually shifting sort of motion both of the eyelids and the pupils. Human beings having eyes such as these should be avoided, for the color is indicative of a deceitful and remarkably selfish nature.

Very dark blue eyes with something of the tint of the violet show great power of affection and purity of mind, but it is remarked of these that the possessor of such eyes is seldom a person of much intellectuality. It is the universal opinion that blue eyes are more significant of tenderness and of a certain yielding of purpose than either the brown, black or gray eyes. Concerning the constancy of the person, it is agreed that blue eyed people are not inconstant, like those of hazel and yellow eyes, but it is certain that they yield from affection for those they love, and only for those remaining constant in every other case, and even under the strongest temptation.

Gray eyes with a greenish tint and with orange as well as blue in them and which are of ever varying tints, resembling in this respect the sea, are indicative of most intellectuality. These are especially indicative of impulsive, impressionable temperaments.

Passionate ardor in love is to be found in the man or woman who possesses black eyes or what are considered such. The brown eyes, when not of the yellowish tint, but pure russet brown, show an affectionate disposition, and the darker the brown—that is, the more they verge on to that deepest of brown color in eyes we are in the habit of calling black—the more ardent and passionate is the power of affection, while it is agreed that the love of persons with black eyes is most lasting of all. The brown eyes that do not appear to the observer black—that is to say, those which are not sufficiently dark to appear so—are the eyes of sweet, gentle and unselfish natures without the inconsistency of the light brown or yellow eyes—"golden eyes," as they have frequently been called and which are very little more to be trusted than the green eyes.

Although their praises are often sung in Spanish ballads, green eyes show deceit and coquetry in their owner. Sometimes eyes are to be found with a combination of yellow, orange and blue, the latter color generally appearing in streaks over the whole surface of the eyes, while the orange and yellow are set in flakes of unequal size around and at some little distance from the pupil of the eye. Eyes of this variety of tint show intellect, or at least a certain originality of character. No commonplace nature has this particular kind of eyes. Hasty and irritable people frequently have eyes of a brownish tint, inclined to a greenish hue.

Although the purely green eye indicates deceit and coquetry, the propensity to greenish tints in the eyes is a sign of wisdom and courage. Very choleric persons, if they have blue eyes have also certain tints of green in them, and when under the influence of anger a sudden red light appears in them.—New York Times.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Ricksson, H. E. 320, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thomas Bordnarak, " "
Joseph Askie, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 19 aug 23

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 6, 7, 8, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesby, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 12 aug 16 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 291, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Christine B. Shirley, H. E. 1195, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 151 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land; viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 26 aug 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Helm, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Niewerth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Line Olsen Ostreness, now Mrs. Oscar B. Hanson, H. E. 228, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 154 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter H. Stenhgrem, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Berg, " "
Paul Tronhvet, " "
Ole L. Bakken, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 26 aug 30

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed by Peter K. Olson and Lillie C. Olson his wife, mortgagors, to Theo. Hamm Brewing Company of St. Paul Minnesota (a corporation) mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August A. D. 1905, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1905, at eight o'clock A. M. in Book 35 of mortgages on page 514, and

Whereas, it is provided in and by said mortgage that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or any installment thereof, or in the performance of any of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage, said default continuing for a period of ten days, the said mortgagee might elect to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable, and

Whereas said default having continued for more than ten days and the said mortgagee having elected to declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is actually due and owing at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand five hundred and eight and ninety-seven one hundredths ($1508.97) dollars including thirty five and fifty five one hundredths ($35.55) dollars, paid for insurance, now therefore,

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six (6) of the Village of Plummer, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said sale will be at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on Friday the 17th day of August A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including taxes due, together with the costs of said sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated June 21st, 1906.

THEO. HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
[illegible] & STANTON, Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. July 5 aug 9

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION TO SELL, MORTGAGE OR LEASE LAND.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to William Robinson, Annie I. E. Robinson and Jesse Jackson all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of Annie I. E. Robinson as representative of the above named decedent being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to her granted to sell the same.

Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 1st day of August, 1906.

(COURT SEAL.) N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate Court.

[illegible] & STANTON, Attorneys for Petitioner. aug 2 16

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch, president of the council of national defense, narrowly escaped assassination at the hands of the imperial guards in the guard camp at Krasnoye-Selo. Fully 100 shots were fired, but the impatience of the conspirators led them to open fire at such a distance as to frustrate their object.

A bomb was thrown into a crowded waitingroom at the railway station at Sosnowice, Russian Poland. One man was killed and many were wounded. A frightful panic ensued, resulting in injury to many other persons.

The workmen's council has called off the strike in St. Petersburg. This action does not apply to the provinces, but there is little doubt that the workmen there will follow St. Petersburg's example.

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch has declined to accept the post of commander-in-chief of all the troops of the empire "where martial law exists," which was tendered to him Aug. 4.

Seven hundred persons have been killed or wounded during renewed fighting between Tartars and Armenians in the Shusha district of Caucasia.

The government attaches much importance to the defeat of the Constitutional Democrats in the zemstvo elections now under way.

FOREIGN NEWS.

First Lieutenant John F. James and two privates of the Eighth infantry, with Contract Surgeon Calvin Snyder and Internal Revenue Collector Williams of Illinois, were killed in a hand to hand fight with a force of Pulajanes at Julita, island of Leyte. The detachment, which consisted of ten men, was greatly outnumbered but made a gallant fight.

Mrs. Pearl Mary F. Teresa Craigie (John Oliver Hobbes), the authoress and dramatist, died suddenly in London of heart failure. Her death was unexpected, she having been apparently perfectly well when she retired. Mrs. Craigie was thirty-nine years of age.

Leading French senators, deputies, former cabinet ministers and members of the Institute and of the academy have united in an address extolling the outlawed Russian parliament as the bulwark on which Russia's hopes are dependent.

The Panama police have captured seventeen Colombians, former revolutionary generals, on the charge of conspiring against high national authorities. They will be deported.

The announcement of the granting of a national assembly is being received with great rejoicing throughout Persia.

The sultan of Turkey is very ill.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Dr. W. J. Class of Chicago, who achieved a national reputation by his work a few years ago in stamping out an epidemic of cerebro spinal meningitis, is dead at Benton Harbor, Mich.

Professor H. W. Hart of New York, an expert on diet, died suddenly at Atlantic City, N. J., from acute indigestion, believed to have been caused by eating boiled crabs.

Mrs. Ella Smith, wife of former Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith, is dead at Block Island, R. I. She had been ill but a short time.

Dr. James B. McCaw, a native of Richmond and one of the oldest physicians in Virginia, is dead at Richmond, aged eighty-four years.

Alois Turkinsky, aged ninety-five, committed suicide at Manitowoc, Wis., because he failed to win the love of a twenty-year-old girl.

W. H. Whiteman, former judge of the supreme court of Arizona and later adjutant general of the territory, is dead.

John S. Bays, well known lawyer and prominently connected with coal properties, is dead at Sullivan, Ind.

Thomas H. Gaunt, president of the "glucose trust," died on the ocean on his way home from Europe.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Although taking the position that the killing of the five Japanese poachers within the territorial limits of the United States in Alaska was justified this government in all probability will extend to Japan its regrets for the fatal clash between the native lookouts of the North American Commercial company and the Japanese raiders.

Chinese labor will be given a thorough test on the Panama canal. Contracts calling for 2,500 Chinamen for canal work have been prepared and advertisements will be issued by the isthmian canal commission in a few days asking for proposals from labor agents.

It is announced at the treasury department that the purchase of silver bullion for subsidiary coinage will be resumed. The purchases will be made on each Wednesday, beginning on the 15th inst. About 100,000 ounces of silver will be required a week.

According to a census just taken by the health department of the isthmian canal zone the population of the zone is 22,137.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

After paying farewell visits to President Ordonez and the minister of foreign affairs Secretary Root and family embarked on board an Argentine gunboat at Montevideo and sailed for Buenos Ayres.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Henry W. Hering, cashier of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, which closed its doors some days ago, has been arrested and will be refused his release on bail until his connection with the disappearance of nearly $1,000,000 of the bank's funds is cleared up. Paul O. Stensland, president of the defunct institution, is still a fugitive.

Officials of the First National bank of Birmingham, Ala., have announced that Alex R. Chisolm, paying teller of that bank, is $100,000 short in his accounts. Chisolm is under thirty years of age and is a son of Colonel Robert Chisolm, special attorney for the United States government. His family is one of the most prominent in the South.

Frank Kowalski, for five years paying teller of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, which failed recently, shot and killed himself at his home in that city. Criticism by neighbors and lifelong friends, who accused him of a share in the downfall of the bank, is believed to have driven Kowalski to his death.

An indictment charging the Standard Oil company with receiving rebates in the form of non-payment of storage charges to certain railroad companies was returned by the federal grand jury at Chicago. The indictment contains nineteen counts, each count constituting a separate charge.

Conclusive evidence has been unearthed by State Bank Examiner Jones that Paul O. Stensland, the fugitive president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, has been guilty of highly criminal acts in conducting the business of the institution of which he was the head.

The federal grand jury for the Western district of New York has returned indictments against the Standard Oil company of New York, the Pennsylvania Railroad company and the Vacuum Oil company of Rochester for violations of the interstate commerce law.

George Hall has been convicted at Charlotte, N. C., of conspiracy in connection with the lynching at Salisbury, that state, of the three negro murderers of the Lyerly family and was sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

Lewis Foltz of Milwaukee became demented on a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train near Sparta, Wis., and before he was subdued seven men were seriously injured, two probably fatally.

The banks of the Chicago Clearinghouse association have offered a reward of $5,000 for the apprehension of Paul O. Stensland, fugitive president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank.

Clinton Wray, secretary of the Union Trust company of Pittsburg, has been arrested at Toronto, Ont., accused of having stolen over $125,000 of the company's funds.

Mrs. Emma Le Deux has been sentenced at Stockton, Cal., to be hanged Oct. 19 for the murder of Albert H. McVicar, a miner with whom she had been living.

The grand jury at Boston has returned indictments against seventeen ice dealers and six ice companies charging conspiracy to fix the price of ice.

Mayor W. H. Denny of Williston, one of the most prominent men in Western North Dakota, has been found guilty of receiving stolen horses.

John Donahue, a wealthy farmer, was shot and killed at his home near Coyville, Kan., by his wife, whom he had attacked with a butcher knife.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The steamer Troy, a 5,000-ton packet freighter, collided with the 500-foot span of the interstate bridge at Duluth and precipitated it into the channels on either side of the center pier on which the span revolved. Navigation to and from the upper harbor, the most active portion of the Head of the Lakes, is blocked.

Hiram B. Helmick and his bride of two weeks, while driving from Benton Harbor to St. Joseph, Mich., were ground to pieces beneath the wheels of an electric car which struck the runabout in which they were riding.

Five children of Thomas O'Daniels of Seymour Park, a suburb of Omaha, perished in a fire which destroyed the family residence. Mrs. O'Daniels was seriously burned and may not recover.

Between forty and fifty passengers were injured, none fatally but several seriously, by the wreck of a passenger train on the Fort Worth and Denver City railroad near Fruitland, Tex.

Professor Henry D. Smith, general secretary of Beloit (Wis.) college, is dead as a result of his efforts to save the life of Miss Ruth Macumber, who also perished by drowning.

Four boys, all under nine years of age, were struck and killed by a Pennsylvania railroad train while walking across the railroad bridge over Broad street at Elizabeth, N. J.

The passenger steamer Lucille sank in Lake Erie off Toledo, O., but fortunately the steamer was not carrying passengers at the time of the disaster. The crew escaped.

Torrential rains in the mountains east of El Paso, Tex., have washed out twenty miles of track and trains were not able to get through for several days.

Two passenger trains on the Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf railroad collided at Fort Worth, Tex., injuring fifteen persons, two seriously.

Two women and three children were drowned in the Red river near Winnipeg by the capsizing of a boat.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

President Joseph D. O'Brien of the American association has announced the suspension of Manager M. J. Kelley and Secretary L. A. Lidyard of the Minneapolis Baseball club from all privileges in the association and cited them to appear for trial before the board of directors in Milwaukee on Aug. 22 to show cause why they should not be expelled.

Under an ordinance just passed by the Kansas City council natural gas will be furnished at 25 cents a thousand cubic feet for domestic consumption and at 10 cents for manufacturing purposes. If the natural gas supply fails then artificial gas is to be furnished at 75 cents a thousand cubic feet.

The Mutual Life Insurance company has been ordered by Justice Giegerich of New York to furnish a correct list of its policyholders to the international policyholders' committee and to file a similar correction list with the state insurance department at Albany within ten days.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Minneapolis was one of the most successful on record. More than 100,000 strangers visited the city and the percentage of veterans in attendance was unusually large.

President Roosevelt has been appealed to by the Standard Oil company in the matter of its controversy with the department of the interior regarding oil land leases in the Indian Territory.

Grain rates for the state of Wisconsin will be reduced practically 1 cent per bushel by an opinion of the state railroad commission. The order will affect all railroads operating in Wisconsin.

The grand jury has found true bills of indictment against fourteen members of the Philadelphia Ice Exchange, who are charged with conspiracy to increase the price of ice.

The seventh annual reunion of the Army of the Philippines at Des Moines was largely attended.

LABOR NEWS.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has issued a statement criticising the action of the isthmian canal commission in deciding to introduce Chinese coolie labor to the work of constructing the canal across the isthmus of Panama.

The fifty-second annual convention of the International Typographical union is in session at Colorado Springs, Colo. Three hundred delegates, representing 46,000 union printers, are in attendance.

A new labor union to be known as the United Teamsters of America has been formally launched at Chicago as the rival of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

The carpenters of Toronto, Ont., went on strike Thursday for 35 cents an hour and recognition of the union. Over 1,000 men are out.

POLITICAL NEWS.

John A. Henneberry, chief clerk in District Attorney Jerome's office and the manager of Mr. Jerome's last campaign, declares Mr. Jerome will accept the nomination for governor of New York on the Democratic ticket.

The Iowa Democratic state convention nominated a full state ticket headed by Claude R. Porter of Appanoose county for governor, adopted a platform and endorsed William J. Bryan for president in 1908.

After a strenuous two days' convention the Democrats of Idaho placed in nomination a complete state ticket and adopted a platform in which anti-Mormonism is the keynote.

Representative Joseph H. Dixon has announced his candidacy for the United States senate from Montana to succeed William A. Clark.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 13.—Wheat—Sept., 71¼c; Dec., 72¾@73c; May, 77¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 Northern, 75¼c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 71½@72½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 13.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 75¼c; No. 2 Northern, 73¾c; Sept., 73¼c; Dec., 73½c; May, 77¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12¾; Sept., $1.11¾; Oct., $1.09¼; Nov., $1.09¼; Dec., $1.08¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 13.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.60@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.75; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Wheat—Sept., 72¼@72⅜c; Dec., 75@75¼c. Corn—Sept., 48¼c; Dec., 51¼c. Oats—Sept., 31¼c; Dec., 32¼c. Pork—Sept., $17.10; Jan., $13.85. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 17@22c; dairies, 16@20c. Eggs—14@16c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11c; springs, 12@13c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.85@6.50; cows and heifers, $1.15@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.15; Texans, $3.75@4.60; calves, $5.00@7.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.60@6.15; good heavy, $5.75@6.10; rough heavy, $5.45@5.65; light, $5.70@6.20; pigs, $5.15@5.90. Sheep, $3.25@5.35; lambs, $4.60@7.75.

Rochester, Minn., Aug. 3, 1906.

"To the Honorable Railroad and Warehouse Commission, St. Paul, Minn.:

"Gentlemen—In an interview in the St. Paul Dispatch of July 24 Governor Johnson made the implied threat that in the event of your board failing to perform the duty imposed upon it by law to equitably adjust the freight rates between the carrier and shipper on the various lines of railway in this state he would remove you from office.

"I write to ask:

"First—Has your board neglected to do any act or thing which Governor Johnson has requested you to do?

"Second—Prior to the interview referred to under date of July 24, or at any time since, has Governor Johnson made a complaint to your board in writing or verbally complaining that any of the freight rates in this state were too high or unreasonable or asking for a horizontal or any other reduction in the freight rates to the different stations or to any station on any line of railroad in this state?

"Third—Has Governor Johnson made a complaint verbally or otherwise to your board asking for the correction of any discrimination or claiming discrimination existing between any points on any line of railroad in this state?

"Fourth—Has Governor Johnson ever conferred with your board or any of its members regarding freight rates or discriminations or any other question pertaining to the railroads in this state?

"Fifth—Governor Johnson in the interview referred to states that your board assumed to make an order regulating freight rates on all the roads in this state. What official knowledge on that subject has Governor Johnson from which he could make such a statement?

"Sixth—Governor Johnson further states in the interview referred to that he has done and is doing all within his power to stop the abuses and prevent the collection of unjust and exorbitant rates on freight. Has your board or any of its members any knowledge either official or otherwise that Governor Johnson has accomplished or attempted to accomplish up to the present time anything which in any way tends to correct such abuses if any exist?

"Respectfully yours,
(Signed) "A. W. BLAKELY,
"Editor Post and Record."

To the above communication the following reply was received:

"St. Paul, Aug. 11, 1906.

"A. W. Blakely, Esq., Editor Post and Record, Rochester, Minn.:

"Dear Sir—Your favor addressed to the commission enclosing a series of questions which you propound to the commission for answer is received and has been brought to their attention.

"I am directed by the commission to make reply as follows:

"Reply is made because courtesy demands it. The commission prefers very much to have no publicity in matters of this character. It is needless to reply to the questions in detail, a general reply covering all questions is given.

> "Governor Johnson has never, at any time, in the office of the commission, or at any other place, conferred with or consulted the commission or any member thereof in any matter pertaining to rate questions or to the railways of this state, nor has any complaint, either written, oral or otherwise, come to the office of the commission from the governor regarding the matter of railroad rates or matters involving the supervision of the railways of the state.
>
> "Yours truly,
> "A. C. CLAUSEN, Secretary."

The paragraphs in the governor's interview to which reference is made in the above correspondence are as follows:

"In view of the recent enactment of a national rate law and in view of the fact that the state board of railway and warehouse commissioners has begun the work of regulation it does not appear to me proper, on the eve of a political campaign, to do some spectacular thing which might not bring desired results. I am in hearty accord with any movement looking to a betterment of the situation and while governor will endeavor not only to secure the enforcement of the laws of this state, but to secure their enforcement in such a manner as will procure the most lasting and permanent benefit to all our people.

"I am convinced that the great body of the shippers of our state are not receiving the rates of transportation to which they are entitled.

"I am officially informed that the board of railway and warehouse commissioners has undertaken an exhaustive and comprehensive investigation of this question with a view of a general reduction and equalization of transportation rates. This board of executive officers, chosen by the people of the state, is entitled to every opportunity to carry their work to a successful conclusion. If it shall be found that they have been negligent of duty or inefficient it will then be the duty of the governor to take proper action in the premises and I have no hesitation in stating that I would not shirk any public duty which might fall upon me."

St. James Plaindealer: Senators Nelson and Clapp announce their intention of going out and fighting for the state ticket this fall. Uncle Knute and the Black Eagle make a strong team and will win thousands of votes for the ticket.

PROMPTING THAT WENT AMISS

Unfortunate Finger Gets Its Owner Into Trouble.

Herbert F. Cowles, cashier of the Amherst National bank at Amherst, Mass., tells the following story on himself:

As a boy he attended district school with Charlie, now known as "Doc" Shumway. He was very deficient in reading, and Charlie, who sat behind him, was in the habit of prompting him when he came to hard words he could not read.

One morning it was his turn to read the Bible aloud at devotions. He got along finely until he got a difficult passage, when he stopped:

"And the Lord spoke unto Moses," whispered Charlie, who was behind him looking over his shoulder.

"And the Lord spoke unto Moses," repeated Cowles aloud.

"Put your finger down, gol dern yer," whispered Charlie, as Cowles' finger was in the way.

"And the Lord spoke unto Moses, put your finger down, gol dern yer," repeated Cowles.

Needless to say Cowles got a good licking.—Boston Herald.

SIMPLE WAY TO REST NERVES

Deep Breathing and Praying the Method of the Hindoos.

The Hindoo, who has the steadiest nerves in the world, and who is accustomed to concentration, and who can go through feats of endurance that would daunt any other man of any other race, has his own way of resting his nerves. He does it economically and claims that he gets good results. When worn out, so tired that he can hardly stand, the Hindoo will drag himself to the window and rest upon his feet. He will open his arms wide and breathe deeply. This is his way of resting his lungs and his stomach. He will remain by the window taking in deep breaths of pure air; meanwhile he will say his prayers. The two together, the deep breathing and the prayers, restore him. He turns from the window rested in mind and in body. His nerves are light and free again.

Australian Mayor Rebuked.

One of the smallest newspapers in the world is the Dampier Dispatch, a single page of type-written matter issued at a remote spot in northwestern Australia. But, though diminutive in size, the Dispatch fearlessly rebukes persons in authority when it thinks that they deserve it. In a late issue the Dispatch records a "regretable incident" at a recent local ball. When the British national anthem was being played and all the other dancers were standing in loyal and reverent attitudes, the mayor, a man named Doyle, was "bounding about the floor with a partner young enough to learn many things later on." Mayor Doyle is informed that "blood has been shed for a less glaring offense."

Romney's Works Sell Well.

George Romney is an artist whose popularity, although the man himself has long been dead, seems to increase every year. Eight of his canvases went for four figures during the season just closed, and one of these, which brought $30,000, was quite accidentally discovered—rolled up, much creased and soiled with dirt—in a house in the north of England. Romney is believed to have painted nearly 1,000 works, chiefly portraits, and several that have appeared in the sale room of recent years have been brought to light in the most improbable places.

Why Actresses Are Beautiful.

When we are in search of really handsome women we look to the stage and wonder why we find them there. A beautiful actress gives as the reason: "Women on the stage make it their business to become beautiful, which they consider as important as dramatic talent. They do not attempt the footlights unless they have some good looks and a good carriage. They improve their beauty by careful exercise, diet, study, a desire to please, and the pleasure they get from their work."

Could Not Understand Objection.

A writer tells this story of old-time Indianapolis: "The people living near a veteran pork packer's establishment stood the smells a long time, but at last entered a complaint. The case was brought up in a squire's court, and the defendant, after listening to the charges attentively, remarked in an injured tone: 'Well, it seems to me that any man who doesn't like the smell of a hog is just a leetle too good for Indianapolis.'"

Use of Cosmetics Not Wrong.

Father McNulty, who many years ago was connected with SS. Peter and Paul's parish in South Boston, was noted for his droll humor. One of his fair parishioners, who was nearing the "sere and yellow age," asked him on one occasion if he considered it a sin for a lady to use cosmetics on her face. "Well, no my child," said he. "I don't think it is a sin, because, you know, an old house needs painting."

Browns Valley Tribune: A. L. Cole's legislative record, so far as we have been able to learn, is clear and honorable. If he can be trusted to do the right in the legislature he should be trusted in the executive chair, for any man inclined to go wrong usually goes if given one or two terms in the legislature.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Crookston, Minn. Aug. 4, 1906.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Charlie Cook, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 2939, made March 13, 1900, for the N. E. ¼ Section 29, Township 155, Range 41, by J. Ed. Williamson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said J. Ed. Williamson is not bona fida settler on said land and has wholly failed to establish his residence thereon and make improvements thereon according to and in compliance with the homestead laws; that his shanty on said land is not a fit place of residence during all seasons of the year and is not a fit place of habitation at any time of the year; that the improvements that were made several years ago are in a state of decay and have not been kept up by said entryman, and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond, and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 27, 1906, before the Register *and Receiver at the United States Land* Office in Crookston, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 4, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. Montague, Register.

aug 16 sept 6

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of Adolph Boltz, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of Adolph Boltz of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt:

Take notice, that Wm. P. Murphy trustee of the estate of the above named bankrupt, has filed his final account herein, and that the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause if any there be why said final account of said trustee should not be allowed, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated Aug. 6, A. D. 1906.

OLE J. VAULE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Twine! Twine! Twine!
Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

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REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8!!!

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR--THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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RETAKE
OF
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PAGE

SLAVES OF THE PIPE

A GLIMPSE OF ONE OF THE SECRET OPIUM DENS OF TOULON.

The Eastern Madness and Its Victims in the French Navy—Varying Effects of the First, Second and Third Pipes of the Drug.

"You are going to Toulon?" said an attache of one of the ministries to me some months ago. "Then you will see the curse of the French navy, the eastern madness, which our colleagues at the colonial office and at the ministry of marine are trying hard to suppress."

"The eastern madness?" I asked. "What is that?"

"Opium smoking," said my friend laconically. "Ask some of the Toulon newspaper men to take you round."

It was one of the first things I asked about when I got down to Toulon, and the following is an account of what I saw:

We were in a cafe near the harbor. A tall and very handsome woman sat at the table opposite to us and nodded lazily to my companion. This did not surprise me at all, because all Toulon, from the prefet maritime to the scavengers in the streets, knew him and called him by his name. There was a lazy weariness or, if you like, a weary laziness in the woman's eyes which was curiously noticeable.

"Are you going to smoke a pipe?" she said.

He looked at me inquiringly.

"Oh, bring your friend with you. He doesn't belong to the government, does he?"

And so we all three got up and went out. I do not know exactly where we went, for the back streets of Toulon are a very Alsatia for intricacy. We unlocked a door with a key which madame carried in her pocket. We climbed three flights of dark stairs and knocked at another door.

It was opened at last, after about a quarter of an hour, by a young woman in a kimono and curl papers. She looked even sleepier than our companion and did not trouble to invite us in. She merely left the door open, lounged on in front, and we followed.

Imagine a room in which all you can see at first is the dirty yellow of some cocoanut matting on the floor, a few cushions covered in bright colors and several pairs of feet. It is a little puzzling at first, but you realize after a moment that the only lamp is on the floor and that it has a heavy shade, so that the light does not light up the room.

I became used to the semidarkness soon and saw that I was in a small square room, in which there were six or eight people, three women, including our companion, and several men. I noticed that the trousers which the men wore were those of navy officers. I looked at my friend, the journalist, inquiringly.

"Oh, yes," he said, "and they don't care. Once an opium smoker always an opium smoker."

We had spoken in a whisper, but one of the men, a good looking fellow, who must have been a smart officer not

"That I can't tell you," said my friend, "because a first pipe or two won't teach it to you, and, unless you are a fool, you will never smoke a third."

The woman who had brought us in and in whose room we were had just prepared a pipe for herself. "Smoke?" she said, and put her pipe to my lips. I took two or three whiffs and then got out of the room and the house as quickly as possible.

I learned from my friend, who came after me, that all the men in the room were navy officers. I learned, too, the next day, when I felt better, that opium, which in spite of the efforts made by the government to check commerce in the drug, is currently sold in all the ports and particularly on those of the south, is making terrible ravages among the officers of the French navy.

Your opium smoker is a dangerous man on board a ship, for he is like a sleepwalker. He acts unconsciously, but with apparent consciousness, and when under the influence of the drug anything might happen either to him or to the ship under his charge without his caring. The minister of marine is doing his utmost to repress the curse, and all thinking France hopes that he may succeed.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

WAYS OF THE SPANIARDS.

Oriental Habit of Secluding Their Women Still Prevalent.

Oriental usage with regard to women still prevails in Spain, where there are no suffragists and no problems of sex. Even in society in Madrid men do not pay afternoon calls on married women, the chief form of entertainment being the evening party, or tertulia. The jealousy of Spaniards of both sexes is notorious. The eastern habit of secluding their women is still prevalent among most Spaniards; hence the illiteracy of the women, the tiresome formality of Spanish functions, the conventionality of society manners. Occasionally an American lady in the diplomatic "set" tears down the barriers of convention and astounds "society" by her western ways, but Spanish women regard the innovation as we would the capers of a circus horse in Rotten row, and you may live years in Spain on the best terms with a Spaniard before he invites you to meet his wife. You may catch more butterflies in an afternoon than obtain even a sight of the faces of the women whose husbands you meet daily in the course of a whole year's acquaintance.

But in dancing the Spanish woman is queen of her sex. To see the real thing you must get hold of a gypsy band or visit some humble dancing place in Seville or in the south. There is no dancing in the world so poetic, passionate, suggestive or graceful. Spain is the true home of the dance. There are the jota of Aragon, with its fine abandon, yet stately time; the tango, resembling the danse du ventre of Moorish Spain—the dance of gesture and suggestion; the graceful cachuca, with its chironomic play of head and arms; the jaleo de Jerez, which gypsies dance in whirling fantastic measure; the quaint dances of the Basque provinces and scores of minor local dances more or less alike peculiar to different localities. But the great dances are the bolero, the seguidilla, the chacona and the fandango of the south. These dances are the soul and epitome of Spain. In all of them prose gesture, the mystery of true dancing, plays an

lage. Here the [illegible] short, strong column, and the clavie burns out. The women rush to and, picking bits of the low dying clavie to "keep the witches away," disappear into the darkness.—Glasgow Herald.

THE TALE OF THE EYE

DISPOSITION IS REVEALED IN THE COLOR OF THE OPTICS.

The Black Eye Is Not Black and It Fades—The Steely Gray, the Green and the Sweet Brown Eye—Eyes of Shakespeare, Coleridge and Byron.

It has been remarked by those who are most conversant with the anatomy of the optic that the darkest hued eye is most susceptible to change. The fading of the black eye is no secret, as it is almost universal, and this is natural and accounted for from the known fact that the black eye is not black, but a yellow of deep color and sometimes found in combination with one or more colors. The light blue and the gray seem to be the most lasting. The gray eye is an almost universal characteristic of men and women of great intellect.

Shakespeare had deep gray eyes, which were remarkable for their near approach to blue. Up to the death of the poet the original color remained. Lord Byron had the gray eye of the poet. Coleridge also had gray eyes, but, like Shakespeare and Byron, the gray was at times, and under mental excitement—particularly,—tinted with another color. One biographer of Lord Byron tells of his beautiful changeable gray eyes as one of the chief characteristic features of his physiognomy. The eye of Coleridge was of a greenish gray.

It is an undeniable fact that the colors most common to the eyes—brown, gray, blue, hazel and black or what is called black—are seldom found in all the purity of the individual color. Regarding the black eye, it is distance only that makes it appear to be purely black, for the reason that the deep yellow brown color is in such strong contrast to the white of the eye that the pupil always appears black.

There are also eyes of so bright a hazel as to seem almost yellow, and there are eyes that bear out the often reiterated remark concerning "green eyed jealousy," for they are to all appearances positively green. It is frequently the case that they are very beautiful when they are shaded, as is often the case, with very long and dark eyelashes, but, though beautiful, they are not indicative of a good disposition and belong particularly to a person of jealous temperament. Clear, light blue eyes, with a calm steadfastness in their glance, are said to be indicative of a cheerful disposition, of a serene temper and of a constant nature. The light blue eye is peculiar to the northern nations, and it is mostly to be found among the Swedes and the Scotch. Among the rare blonds of the southern portions of Europe is also found the blue eye. The pleasant light blue eye, with the honest glance, must not be confounded with another sort of eye of a pale blue, almost steel colored hue, which has a continually shifting sort of motion both of the eyelids and the pupils. Human beings having eyes such as these should be avoided, for the color is indicative of a deceitful and remarkably selfish nature.

Very dark blue eyes with something of the tint of the violet show great power of affection and purity of mind,

choleric persons, if they have blue eyes, have also [illegible] them, and when under the influence of anger a sudden red light appears in them.—New York Times.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Rickson, H. E. 330, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thoma Bordnarak, " "
Joseph Askie, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

july 19 aug 23

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on August 17, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, and SW¼ SW¼, Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, " "
Albert Hanson, " "
John R. Hesby, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

july 12 aug 16 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 201, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Grieblstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

july 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Christina B. Shirley; H. E. 1195, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 151 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

july 26 aug 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Helm, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Niewerth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

july 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Line Olsen Ostreness, now Mrs. Oscar B. Hanson, H. E. 228, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

he following witnesses to prove
residence upon and cultivation
:
ngrem, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
t, " "
n, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

efault has been made in the
hat certain mortgage executed
lson and Lillie C. Olson his wife,
o Theo. Hamm Brewing Com-
aul Minnesota (a corporation)
ated the 31st day of August
d recorded in the Office of the
eeds in and for the County of
nesota, on the 1st day of Sep-
t eight o'clock A. M. in Book 26
on page 514, and
s provided in and by said mort-
efault be made in the payment
al sum secured by said mortgage
ent thereof, or in the perform-
the covenants and agreements
aid mortgage, said default con-
period of ten days, the said
ght elect to declare the whole
d by said mortgage immediately
le, and
id default having continued for
en days and the said mortgagee
l to declare the whole amount
d mortgage to be due and pay-

ere is actually due and owing at
this notice the sum of one thou-
red and eight and ninety-seven
ths ($1508.97) dollars including
fifty five one hundredths ($35.55)
or insurance, now therefore,
ue of the power of sale contain-
mortgage and pursuant to the
h case made and provided, said
be foreclosed by the sale of said
ribed in and conveyed by said
wit: Lot eleven (11) in Block six
llage of Plummer, in the County
State of Minnesota, which said
public vendue to the highest
h by the sheriff of said Red Lake
esota, at the front door of the
n the City of Red Lake Falls, in
nd state, on Friday the 17th day
D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the
said day to satisfy the amount
said mortgage, including taxes
with the costs of said sale and
ollars attorney's fees stipulated
ge.
31st, 1906.
HAMM BREWING COMPANY, Mortgagee.
for Mortgagee.
er Falls, Minnesota. july 5 aug 9

[illegible] HEARING ON PETITION TO [illegible] LEASE LAND
of Sarah Ann Robinson
County of Red Lake, In
of the Estate of Sarah Ann
of Minnesota to William Robinson, [illegible] Jackson [illegible]
[illegible]

N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate Court.
Attorneys for Petitioner. aug 1 16

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch, president of the council of national defense, narrowly escaped assassination at the hands of the imperial guards in the guard camp at Krasnoye-Selo. Fully 100 shots were fired, but the impatience of the conspirators led them to open fire at such a distance as to frustrate their object.

A bomb was thrown into a crowded waitingroom at the railway station at Sosnowice, Russian Poland. One man was killed and many were wounded. A frightful panic ensued, resulting in injury to many other persons.

The workmen's council has called off the strike in St. Petersburg. This action does not apply to the provinces, but there is little doubt that the workmen there will follow St. Petersburg's example.

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch has declined to accept the post of commander-in-chief of all the troops of the empire "where martial law exists," which was tendered to him Aug. 4.

Seven hundred persons have been killed or wounded during renewed fighting between Tartars and Armenians in the Shusha district of Caucasia.

The government attaches much importance to the defeat of the Constitutional Democrats in the zemstvo elections now under way.

FOREIGN NEWS.

First Lieutenant John F. James and two privates of the Eighth infantry, with Contract Surgeon Calvin Snyder and Internal Revenue Collector Williams of Illinois, were killed in a hand to hand fight with a force of Pulajanes at Julita, island of Leyte. The detachment, which consisted of ten men, was greatly outnumbered but made a gallant fight.

Mrs. Pearl Mary F. Teresa Craigie (John Oliver Hobbes), the authoress and dramatist, died suddenly in London of heart failure. Her death was unexpected, she having been apparently perfectly well when she retired. Mrs. Craigie was thirty-nine years of age.

Leading French senators, deputies, former cabinet ministers and members of the institute and of the academy have united in an address extolling the outlawed Russian parliament as the bulwark on which Russia's hopes are dependent.

The Panama police have captured seventeen Colombians, former revolutionary generals, on the charge of conspiring against high national authorities. They will be deported.

The announcement of the granting of a national assembly is being received with great rejoicing throughout Persia.

The sultan of Turkey is very ill.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Dr. W. J. Class of Chicago, who achieved a national reputation by his work a few years ago in stamping out an epidemic of cerebro spinal meningitis, is dead at Benton Harbor, Mich.

Professor H. W. Hart of New York, an expert on diet, died suddenly at Atlantic City, N. J., from acute indigestion, believed to have been caused by eating boiled crabs.

Mrs. Ella Smith, wife of former Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith, is dead at Block Island, R. I. She had been ill but a short time.

Dr. James B. McCaw, a native of Richmond and one of the oldest physicians in Virginia, is dead at Richmond, aged eighty-four years.

Alois Turkinsky, aged ninety-five, committed suicide at Manitowoc, Wis., because he failed to win the love of a twenty-year-old girl.

W. H. Whiteman, former judge of the supreme court of Arizona and later adjutant general of the territory, is dead.

John S. Bays, well known lawyer and prominently connected with coal properties, is dead at Sullivan, Ind.

Thomas H. Gaunt, president of the "glucose trust," died on the ocean on his way home from Europe.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Although taking the position that the killing of the five Japanese poachers within the territorial limits of the United States in Alaska was justified this government in all probability will extend to Japan its regrets for the fatal clash between the native lookouts of the North American Commercial company and the Japanese raiders.

Chinese labor will be given a thorough test on the Panama canal. Contracts calling for 2,500 Chinamen for canal work have been prepared and advertisements will be issued by the isthmian canal commission in a few days asking for proposals from labor agents.

It is announced at the treasury department that the purchase of silver bullion for subsidiary coinage will be resumed. The purchases will be made on each Wednesday, beginning on the 12th inst. About 100,000 ounces of silver will be required a week.

According to a census just taken by the health department of the isthmian canal zone the population of the zone is 22,137.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

After paying farewell visits to President Ordonez and the minister of foreign affairs Secretary Root and family embarked on board an Argentine gunboat at Montevideo and sailed for Buenos Ayres.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Henry W. Hering, cashier of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, which closed its doors some days ago, has been arrested and will be refused his release on bail until his connection with the disappearance of nearly $1,000,000 of the bank's funds is cleared up. Paul O. Stensland, president of the defunct institution, is still a fugitive.

Officials of the First National bank of Birmingham, Ala., have announced that Alex R. Chisolm, paying teller of that bank, is $100,000 short in his accounts. Chisolm is under thirty years of age and is a son of Colonel Robert Chisolm, special attorney for the United States government. His family is one of the most prominent in the South.

Frank Kowalski, for five years paying teller of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, which failed recently, shot and killed himself at his home in that city. Criticism by neighbors and lifelong friends, who accused him of a share in the downfall of the bank, is believed to have driven Kowalski to his death.

An indictment charging the Standard Oil company with receiving rebates in the form of non-payment of storage charges to certain railroad companies was returned by the federal grand jury at Chicago. The indictment contains nineteen counts, each count constituting a separate charge.

Conclusive evidence has been unearthed by State Bank Examiner Jones that Paul O. Stensland, the fugitive president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, has been guilty of highly criminal acts in conducting the business of the institution of which he was the head.

The federal grand jury for the Western district of New York has returned indictments against the Standard Oil company of New York, the Pennsylvania Railroad company and the Vacuum Oil company of Rochester for violations of the interstate commerce law.

George Hall has been convicted at Charlotte, N. C., of conspiracy in connection with the lynching at Salisbury, that state, of the three negro murderers of the Lyerly family and was sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

Lewis Foltz of Milwaukee became demented on a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train near Sparta, Wis., and before he was subdued seven men were seriously injured, two probably fatally.

The banks of the Chicago Clearinghouse association have offered a reward of $5,000 for the apprehension of Paul O. Stensland, fugitive president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank.

Clinton Wray, secretary of the Union Trust company of Pittsburg, has been arrested at Toronto, Ont., accused of having stolen over $125,000 of the company's funds.

Mrs. Emma Le Deux has been sentenced at Stockton, Cal., to be hanged Oct. 19 for the murder of Albert H. McVicar, a miner with whom she had been living.

The grand jury at Boston has returned indictments against seventeen ice dealers and six ice companies charging conspiracy to fix the price of ice.

Mayor W. H. Denny of Williston, one of the most prominent men in Western North Dakota, has been found guilty of receiving stolen horses.

John Donahue, a wealthy farmer, was shot and killed at his home near Coyville, Kan., by his wife, whom he had attacked with a butcher knife.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The steamer Troy, a 5,000-ton packet freighter, collided with the 500-foot span of the interstate bridge at Duluth and precipitated it into the channels on either side of the center pier on which the span revolved. Navigation to and from the upper harbor, the most active portion of the Head of the Lakes, is blocked.

Hiram B. Helmick and his bride of two weeks, while driving from Benton Harbor to St. Joseph, Mich., were ground to pieces beneath the wheels of an electric car which struck the runabout in which they were riding.

Five children of Thomas O'Daniels of Seymour Park, a suburb of Omaha, perished in a fire which destroyed the family residence. Mrs. O'Daniels was seriously burned and may not recover.

Between forty and fifty passengers were injured, none fatally but several seriously, by the wreck of a passenger train on the Fort Worth and Denver City railroad near Fruitland, Tex.

Professor Henry D. Smith, general secretary of Beloit (Wis.) college, is dead as a result of his efforts to save the life of Miss Ruth Macumber, who also perished by drowning.

Four boys, all under nine years of age, were struck and killed by a Pennsylvania railroad train while walking across the railroad bridge over Broad street at Elizabeth, N. J.

The passenger steamer Lucille sank in Lake Erie off Toledo, O., but fortunately the steamer was not carrying passengers at the time of the disaster. The crew escaped.

Torrential rains in the mountains east of El Paso, Tex., have washed out twenty miles of track and trains were not able to get through for several days.

Two passenger trains on the Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf railroad collided at Fort Worth, Tex., injuring fifteen persons, two seriously.

Two women and three children were drowned in the Red river near Winnipeg by the capsizing of a boat.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

President Joseph D. O'Brien of the American association has announced the suspension of Manager M. J. Kelley and Secretary L. A. Lidyard of the Minneapolis Baseball club from all privileges in the association and cited them to appear for trial before the board of directors in Milwaukee on Aug. 22 to show cause why they should not be expelled.

Under an ordinance just passed by the Kansas City council natural gas will be furnished at 25 cents a thousand cubic feet for domestic consumption and at 10 cents for manufacturing purposes. If the natural gas supply fails then artificial gas is to be furnished at 75 cents a thousand cubic feet.

The Mutual Life Insurance company has been ordered by Justice Giegerich of New York to furnish a correct list of its policyholders to the international policyholders' committee and to file a similar correction list with the state insurance department at Albany within ten days.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Minneapolis was one of the most successful on record. More than 100,000 strangers visited the city and the percentage of veterans in attendance was unusually large.

President Roosevelt has been appealed to by the Standard Oil company in the matter of its controversy with the department of the interior regarding oil land leases in the Indian Territory.

Grain rates for the state of Wisconsin will be reduced practically 1 cent per bushel by an opinion of the state railroad commission. The order will affect all railroads operating in Wisconsin.

The grand jury has found true bills of indictment against fourteen members of the Philadelphia Ice Exchange, who are charged with conspiracy to increase the price of ice.

The seventh annual reunion of the Army of the Philippines at Des Moines was largely attended.

LABOR NEWS.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has issued a statement criticising the action of the isthmian canal commission in deciding to introduce Chinese coolie labor to the work of constructing the canal across the isthmus of Panama.

The fifty-second annual convention of the International Typographical union is in session at Colorado Springs, Colo. Three hundred delegates, representing 46,000 union printers, are in attendance.

A new labor union to be known as the United Teamsters of America has been formally launched at Chicago as the rival of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

The carpenters of Toronto, Ont., went on strike Thursday for 35 cents an hour and recognition of the union. Over 1,000 men are out.

POLITICAL NEWS.

John A. Henneberry, chief clerk in District Attorney Jerome's office and the manager of Mr. Jerome's last campaign, declares Mr. Jerome will accept the nomination for governor of New York on the Democratic ticket.

The Iowa Democratic state convention nominated a full state ticket headed by Claude R. Porter of Appanoose county for governor, adopted a platform and endorsed William J. Bryan for president in 1908.

After a strenuous two days' convention the Democrats of Idaho placed in nomination a complete state ticket and adopted a platform in which anti-Mormonism is the keynote.

Representative Joseph H. Dixon has announced his candidacy for the United States senate from Montana to succeed William A. Clark.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 13.—Wheat—Sept., 71¼c; Dec., 72⅞@73c; May, 77¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 Northern, 75¼c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 71½@72½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 13.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 75¼c; No. 2 Northern, 73⅝c; Sept., 73⅛c; Dec., 73½c; May, 77¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12½; Sept., $1.11⅞; Oct., $1.09¼; Nov., $1.09¼; Dec., $1.08¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 13.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.50@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.75; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Wheat—Sept., 72⅛@72⅜c; Dec., 75@75¼c. Corn—Sept., 49¼c; Dec., 51¼c. Oats—Sept., 31¼c; Dec., 32¼c. Pork—Sept., $17.10; Jan., $13.85. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 17@22c; dairies, 16@20c. Eggs—14@16c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11c; springs, 12@13c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.85@6.60; cows and heifers, $1.15@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.15; Texans, $3.75@4.60; calves, $5.00@7.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.60@6.15; good heavy, $5.75@6.10; rough heavy, $5.45@5.65; light, $5.70@6.20; pigs, $5.15@5.90. Sheep, $3.25@5.85; lambs, $4.00@7.75.

Rochester, Minn., Aug. 3, 1906.

"To the Honorable Railroad and Warehouse Commission, St. Paul, Minn.:

"Gentlemen—In an interview in the St. Paul Dispatch of July 24 Governor Johnson made the implied threat that in the event of your board failing to perform the duty imposed upon it by law to equitably adjust the freight rates between the carrier and shipper on the various lines of railway in this state he would remove you from office.

"I write to ask:

"First—Has your board neglected to do any act or thing which Governor Johnson has requested you to do?

"Second—Prior to the interview referred to under date of July 24, or at any time since, has Governor Johnson made a complaint to your board in writing or verbally complaining that any of the freight rates in this state were too high or unreasonable or asking for a horizontal or any other reduction in the freight rates to the different stations or to any station on any line of railroad in this state?

"Third—Has Governor Johnson made a complaint verbally or otherwise to your board asking for the correction of any discrimination or claiming discrimination existing between any points on any line of railroad in this state?

"Fourth—Has Governor Johnson ever conferred with your board or any of its members regarding freight rates or discriminations or any other question pertaining to the railroads in this state?

"Fifth—Governor Johnson in the interview referred to states that your board assumed to make an order regulating freight rates on all the roads in this state. What official knowledge on that subject has Governor Johnson from which he could make such a statement?

"Sixth—Governor Johnson further states in the interview referred to that he has done and is doing all within his power to stop the abuses and prevent the collection of unjust and exorbitant rates on freight. Has your board or any of its members any knowledge either official or otherwise that Governor Johnson has accomplished or attempted to accomplish up to the present time anything which in any way tends to correct such abuses if any exist?

"Respectfully yours,
(Signed) "A. W. BLAKELY,
"Editor Post and Record."

To the above communication the following reply was received:

"St. Paul, Aug. 11, 1906.

"A. W. Blakely, Esq., Editor Post and Record, Rochester, Minn.:

"Dear Sir—Your favor addressed to the commission enclosing a series of questions which you propound to the commission for answer is received and has been brought to their attention.

"I am directed by the commission to make reply as follows:

"Reply is made because courtesy demands it. The commission prefers very much to have no publicity in matters of this character. It is needless to reply to the questions in detail, a general reply covering all questions is given.

> "Governor Johnson has never, at any time, in the office of the commission, or at any other place, conferred with or consulted the commission or any member thereof in any matter pertaining to rate questions or to the railways of this state, nor has any complaint, either written, oral or otherwise, come to the office of the commission from the governor regarding the matter of railroad rates or matters involving the supervision of the railways of the state.
>
> "Yours truly,
> "A. C. CLAUSEN, Secretary."

The paragraphs in the governor's interview to which reference is made in the above correspondence are as follows:

"In view of the recent enactment of a national rate law and in view of the fact that the state board of railway and warehouse commissioners has begun the work of regulation it does not appear to me proper, on the eve of a political campaign, to do some spectacular thing which might not bring desired results. I am in hearty accord with any movement looking to a betterment of the situation and while governor will endeavor not only to secure the enforcement of the laws of this state, but to secure their enforcement in such a manner as will procure the most lasting and permanent benefit to all our people.

"I am convinced that the great body of the shippers of our state are not receiving the rates of transportation to which they are entitled.

"I am officially informed that the board of railway and warehouse commissioners has undertaken an exhaustive and comprehensive investigation of this question with a view of a general reduction and equalization of transportation rates. This board of executive officers, chosen by the people of the state, is entitled to every opportunity to carry their work to a successful conclusion. If it shall be found that they have been negligent of duty or inefficient it will then be the duty of the governor to take proper action in the premises and I have no hesitation in stating that I would not shirk any public duty which might fall upon me."

St. James Plaindealer: Senators Nelson and Clapp announce their intention of going out and fighting for the state ticket this fall. Uncle Knute and the Black Eagle make a strong team and will win thousands of votes for the ticket.

PROMPTING THAT WENT AMISS

Unfortunate Finger Gets Its Owner Into Trouble.

Herbert F. Cowles, cashier of the Amherst National bank at Amherst, Mass., tells the following story on himself:

As a boy he attended district school with Charlie, now known as "Doc" Shumway. He was very deficient in reading, and Charlie, who sat behind him, was in the habit of prompting him when he came to hard words he could not read.

One morning it was his turn to read the Bible aloud at devotions. He got along finely until he got a difficult passage, when he stopped:

"And the Lord spoke unto Moses," whispered Charlie, who was behind him looking over his shoulder.

"And the Lord spoke unto Moses," repeated Cowles aloud.

"Put your finger down, gol dern yer," whispered Charlie, as Cowles' finger was in the way.

"And the Lord spoke unto Moses, put your finger down, gol dern yer," repeated Cowles.

Needless to say Cowles got a good licking.—Boston Herald.

SIMPLE WAY TO REST NERVES

Deep Breathing and Praying the *Method of the Hindoos.*

The Hindoo, who has the steadiest nerves in the world, and who is accustomed to concentration, and who can go through feats of endurance that would daunt any other man of any other race, has his own way of resting his nerves. He does it economically and claims that he gets good results. When worn out, so tired that he can hardly stand, the Hindoo will drag himself to the window and rest upon his feet. He will open his arms wide and breathe deeply. This is his way of resting his lungs and his stomach. He will remain by the window taking in deep breaths of pure air; meanwhile he will say his prayers. The two together, the deep breathing and the prayers, restore him. He turns from the window rested in mind and in body. His nerves are light and free again.

Australian Mayor Rebuked.

One of the smallest newspapers in the world is the Dampier Dispatch, a single page of type-written matter issued at a remote spot in northwestern Australia. But, though diminutive in size, the Dispatch fearlessly rebukes persons in authority when it thinks that they deserve it. In a late issue the Dispatch records a "regretable incident" at a recent local ball. When the British national anthem was being played and all the other dancers were standing in loyal and reverent attitudes, the mayor, a man named Doyle, was "bounding about the floor with a partner young enough to learn many things later on." Mayor Doyle is informed that "blood has been shed for a less glaring offense."

Romney's Works Sell Well.

George Romney is an artist whose popularity, although the man himself has long been dead, seems to increase every year. Eight of his canvases went for four figures during the season just closed, and one of these, which brought $30,000, was quite accidentally discovered—rolled up, much creased and soiled with dirt—in a house in the north of England. Romney is believed to have painted nearly 1,000 works, chiefly portraits, and several that have appeared in the sale room of recent years have been brought to light in the most improbable places.

Why Actresses Are Beautiful.

When we are in search of really handsome women we look to the stage and wonder why we find them there. A beautiful actress gives as the reason: "Women on the stage make it their business to become beautiful, which they consider as important as dramatic talent. They do not attempt the footlights unless they have some good looks and a good carriage. They improve their beauty by careful exercise, diet, study, a desire to please, and the pleasure they get from their work."

Could Not Understand Objection.

A writer tells this story of old-time Indianapolis: "The people living near a veteran pork packer's establishment stood the smells a long time, but at last entered a complaint. The case was brought up in a squire's court, and the defendant, after listening to the charges attentively, remarked in an injured tone: 'Well, it seems to me that any man who doesn't like the smell of a hog is just a leetle too good for Indianapolis.'"

Use of Cosmetics Not Wrong.

Father McNulty, who many years ago was connected with SS. Peter and Paul's parish in South Boston, was noted for his droll humor. One of his fair parishioners, who was nearing the "sere and yellow age," asked him on one occasion if he considered it a sin for a lady to use cosmetics on her face. "Well, no my child," said he, "I don't think it is a sin, because, you know, an old house needs painting."

Browns Valley Tribune: A. L. Cole's legislative record, so far as we have been able to learn, is clear and honorable. If he can be trusted to do the right in the legislature he should be trusted in the executive chair, for any man inclined to go wrong usually goes if given one or two terms in the legislature.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Crookston, Minn. Aug. 4, 1906.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Charlie Cook, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 2939, made March 13, 1900, for the N. E. ¼ Section 29, Township 155, Range 41, by J. Ed. Williamson. Contestee, in which it is alleged that said J. Ed. Williamson is not bona fida settler on said land and has wholly failed to establish his residence thereon and make improvements thereon according to and in compliance with the homestead laws; that his shanty on said land is not a fit place of residence during all seasons of the year and is not a fit place of habitation at any time of the year; that the improvements that were made several years ago are in a state of decay and have not been kept up by said entryman, and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 27, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 4, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. Montague, Register.

aug 16 sept 6

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of Adolph Boltz, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

To the creditors of Adolph Boltz of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt:

Take notice, that Wm. P. Murphy trustee of the estate of the above named bankrupt, has filed his final account herein, and that the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause if any there be why said final account of said trustee should not be allowed, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated Aug. 6, A. D. 1906.

OLE J. VAULE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Twine! Twine! Twine!
Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

Subscribe for the News.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. [illegible]
Scientific American.
[illegible]

PASSING OF THE LION.

Once Mighty Brute Losing Ground Before Civilization.

The lion, like the other great cats, is a relic of a diminishing race and dominion. In the early stone age the "cave" lion roamed throughout the southern half of Europe, and it is believed that along the Mediterranean, at least, its extinction was due to prehistoric man.

The battle has gone on ever since. Long ago lions were exterminated from Afghanistan, Baluchistan and northern Persia. A century ago they were more or less prevalent on northwestern India, but now none remain save a few in the Gheer, a wooded hilly tract of Kattiawar, where they are "to some extent preserved by the nawabs of Joonaghoor;" Farsistan, where the marshes about Niris lake afford shelter and the hosts of pigs feeding on the acorns of the oak forests furnish subsistence.

Similar conditions enable a few lions to maintain themselves along the lower Euphrates and Tigris, but they were long ago exterminated from all Asia Minor, Syria, Arabia, Egypt and Algeria. From Abyssinia and the southern Sahara southward to the Orange river lions still exist except in the most populous districts, and in some places are very numerous.

There seems never to have been more than one species, nor, in spite of the former belief in the "maneless lions of Guzerat" and the "black maned" ones of other places, is any variety well localized. *Lions with full* manes have been shot in India as well as those with hardly any, and "out of fifty male lion skins scarcely two will be found alike in color and length of mane."—Ernest Ingersoll's "Life of Mammals."

THE FLAG REVERSED.

A Fisherman's Emblem That Tells of Distress and Hope.

One of the frequent sights in the ports along the eastern coast is that of a fishing schooner coming into the harbor with an American flag hoisted at the mainmast head in its reverse position. To the interested spectators that flag always brings a pang of distress, for it means that one or more of the crew are "missing" through some calamity of the sea. But to the members of the craft itself the signal is not always an emblem of woe. The flag is hoisted, from their viewpoint, to notify those concerned that the complement of the ship is not full, and they live on hope for a long time before they acknowledge that the men who have disappeared are really lost.

A stranger to seafaring ways asked the skipper of one of these fishing schooners the other day what the distress signal meant, and he was set right by the captain, who remarked in the most cheerful way in the world:

"They're missing out of th' crew, of course, but we haven't given them up by a long sight. Ye see, they may have been picked up by some other boat an' carried off to th' other side. Oh, no, we don't give them up just because we've missed them! It's more than likely they'll turn up yet."—New York Press.

Elephant Power.

How many men would be needed to pull a weight hauled by an elephant? Fifty. The answer is the result of recent investigations made to determine the respective pulling power of horses, men and elephants. Two horses, weighing 1,600 pounds each, together pulled 3,750 pounds, or 550 pounds more than their combined weight. One elephant, weighing 12,000 pounds, pulled 8,750 pounds, or 3,250 pounds less than his weight. Fifty men, aggregating about 7,500 pounds in weight, pulled 8,750 pounds, or just as much as the single elephant. But, like the horses, they pulled more than their own weight. One hundred men pulled 12,000 pounds.

Proverbs of Assam.

Here are some rather clever proverbs of Assam: "The best crops grow on others' fields, but the best sons are at home." "A bird is a little thing, but it builds its nest on a lofty hulung tree." "Buy land which slopes to the middle, and marry a girl who has a good mother." "The biggest jack fruit always hides under the leaves." "If a man slips down it is always his eldest wife's fault, but if his youngest wife makes a mistake he says he will see about it." "A hasty cook, a hasty broom, and the husband goes fasting; a slow cook, a slow broom, and the husband eats three meals a day."

Mexican Cacti.

Mexico has a cactus which grows toothpicks; another, ribbed and thickly set with toothpick spines, which furnishes the natives with combs. There is another cactus, the long curved spines of which resemble fish hooks. There is another which is an almost perfect imitation of the sea urchin. Still another resembles a porcupine. There is another covered with long red hair which is nicknamed the "red headed cactus."

More of Him.

Miss Mugley—The idea of his calling me homely. I may not be very pretty, but I'm certainly not as homely as he is. Miss Pert—No, dear, but that's simply because he's bigger than you.—Philadelphia Ledger.

He Went.

"Like most men," he said, "I have my shortcomings, I suppose, but"—

"Oh, it isn't your shortcomings father objects to!" interrupted the girl. "It's your long stayings."

His Fatal Blunder.

"Why did you think he had been drinking? He didn't show it."

"Not until he went out of his way to prove that he hadn't."—Philadelphia Press.

A WONDERFUL MEMORY.

The Story Maretus Told of a Young Corsican Marvel.

Maretus tells us that during his travels over Europe he met the "marvel of marvels" at Padua. The marvel in question was a young Corsican who was in the city for the purpose of pursuing his studies at the university. Maretus, having heard that the young man was gifted with an extraordinary memory, desired to put the student to the test.

The person who had informed the traveler concerning the wonderful retentiveness of the young Corsican's memory declared that he was so gifted in that faculty that he could repeat as many as 36,000 words if read over to him but once. Maretus and three distinguished Venetians agreed to test the accuracy of the statement. A committee visited the student of extraordinary memory and found him willing to submit to the ordeal. Accordingly there was read over to him an almost interminable list of words strung together without any consecutive order and without any meaning whatever.

The young man stood all the time with his attention deeply fixed and his eyes half closed. When the long string of words had been read off he looked up cheerfully and repeated the whole of the uninteresting catalogue of words without a single fault. Then to show how carefully his wonderful memory had retained every word he went through the list backward. When that task was finished he took each alternate word—first, third, fifth, etc.—and repeated them until the company was thoroughly convinced that they were in the presence of the most wonderful prodigy of memory that the world had ever produced.

KNOW THY COUNTRY.

A Precept That Every Citizen Should Take to Heart.

Juvenal said, "This precept descends from heaven—know thyself." To this we add—know thy country. Know its area, its population, its products, native and exclusive, agricultural and mineral. Know its present output and its possibilities. Know its states, its territories and large cities and what they are severally noted for. Know its geography and typography, its constitution, principles and history, its literature, its art and its sciences, its philosophy, discoveries and inventions. Know its relation to other nations, both political and financial. Know its possessions—Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines—their history severally, the customs and languages of their people and the sources of their wealth. Many men know these things now and love their country and are serviceable to their fellow citizens in proportion to their knowledge. It costs labor and the sacrifice of so called pleasure to acquire this knowledge, but to the genuinely manly man, whose life's purpose is to make the utmost of his abilities and opportunities and who in one way and another is developing his country's hidden treasures and imparting his own practical enthusiasm to other lives, there are a relish and a delight in the search for knowledge that compensate a thousandfold.

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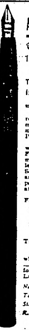

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If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10.05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:25 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn,
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
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Supplement to Thief River Falls News, August 16, 1906

PROCEEDINGS

of the Board of Equalization of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
July 16, 1906.

Pursuant to law, P. A. Ekstrom, Wm. C. L. Demann, O. J. Johnson, Daniel Shaw and Louis Falardeau, constituting the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the court house at one o'clock p. m., and in conjunction with James E. Ford, county auditor, took and subscribed the statutory oath and entered upon their duties at the County Board of Equalization in and for the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota. Wm. C. L. Demann was elected chairman.

The assessment and equalization of real estate was taken up and on motion made by Mr. Ekstrom, seconded by Mr. Shaw and carried unanimously, the following changes were made in the assessment of farm lands exclusive of structures and other improvements:

Assessment District No 5	raised	50	per cent
Town of Black River	"	50	"
" Bray	"	70	"
" Clover Leaf	"	100	"
" Deer Park	"	100	"
" Emardville	"	50	"
" Equality	"	50	"
" Garnes	"	80	"
" Gervais	"	50	"
" Goodridge	"	100	"
" Highlanding	"	100	"
" Kratka	"	100	"
" Lake Pleasant	"	80	"
" Lambert	"	50	"
" Louisville	"	60	"
" Mayfield	"	50	"
" Norden	"	50	"
" North	"	60	"
" Numedal	"	50	"
" Polk Center	"	50	"
" Poplar River	"	60	"
" Red Lake Falls	"	50	"
" River Falls	"	70	"
" Rocksbury	"	50	"
" Sanders	"	50	"
" Silverton	"	130	"
" Smiley	"	50	"
" Terrebonne	"	33⅓	"
" Wyandotte	"	70	"
Village of Plummer	"	50	"
Village of St. Hilaire	"	50	"
City of Red Lake Falls	"	75	"
City of Thief River Falls	"	50	"

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to July 17, 1906.

July 17, 1906, the board reconvened with all members present.

On motion made by Mr. Johnson, seconded by Mr. Demann and carried unanimously, the assessment of all platted property in the city of Thief River Falls exclusive of structures and other improvements was raised 50 per cent, and the assessment of all structures in said city of Thief River Falls except saw mills, flouring mills, grain elevators and storage houses on Ry. right of way, and all brick and cement block business was reduced 25 p. c.

On motion made by Mr. Johnson, seconded by Mr. Demann and carried unanimously, the assessment of all structures in the city of Red Lake Falls was raised 20 p. c.

The equalization of the assessment of personal property in the county was taken up and on motion carried unanimously the following changes were made:

Town of Numedal—working oxen raised 10 p. c., wagons, carriages etc reduced 10 pc.

Town of Bray—horses 3 years old and over raised 20 pc., wagons, carriages etc. raised 60 pc.

Town of Polk Center—wagons, carriages, etc. raised 90 pc., agricultural tools implements and machinery reduced 25 pc.

Town of Louisville—Horses 1 year old, raised 25 pc., horses 3 years old and over, raised 15 pc., cattle 1 year old, raised 33⅓ pc., cattle 2 years old, raised 15 pc., cows, raised 25 pc., wagons, carriages, etc., raised 60 p. c.

Town of Norden—agricultural tools raised 20 pc.

Town of Sanders—horses 3 years old and over, raised 10 pc., wagons, carriages, etc. raised 100 pc., agricultural tools, raised 50 pc.

Town of Black River—horses 3 years old and over raised 10 pc., wagons, carriages, etc raised 90 pc.

Town of Red Lake Falls—hogs raised 75 pc., wagons, carriages, etc raised 90 pc., sewing and knitting machines raised 25 pc.

Town of Lake Pleasant—horses 3 years old and over raised 25 pc., cattle 1 year old raised 75 pc., wagons, carriages, etc. raised 25 pc., elevators on Ry. right of way raised 50 pc.

Town of North—horses 3 years old and over raised 20 pc., work oxen raised 50 pc., hogs raised 100 pc., wagons, carriages, etc. raised 20 pc., pianofortes raised 100 pc., dogs raised 400 pc.

Town of River Falls—wagons, carriages, etc. raised 60 pc., sewing and knitting machines raised 50 pc., household and office furniture raised 50 pc., elevators and warehouses on Ry. right of way reduced 40 pc.

Town of Rocksbury—household and office furniture raised 25 pc., agricultural tools, implements and machinery raised 25 pc.

Town of Gervais—wagons, carriages, etc., raised 20 pc., pianofortes raised 50 pc.

Town of Terrebonne—wagons, carriages, etc raised 33⅓ pc., all cattle 3 years old and over raised 20 pc. household and office furniture raised 50 pc., agr. tools, imp. and mach. raised 40 pc.

Town of Silverton—horses 3 years old and over, raised 25 pc., cattle 1 year old raised 50 pc., cattle 2 years old raised 20 pc., work oxen raised 10 pc., all other cattle 3 years old and over raised 20 pc., wagons, carriages, etc, raised 15 pc.

Town of Smiley—horses 3 years old and over raised 25 pc., dogs raised 300 pc.

Town of Wyandotte—horses 3 years old and over raised 20 pc., wagons, carriages, etc raised 100 pc., household and office furniture raised 25 pc. sewing and knitting machines, reduced 100 pc.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to July 18, 1906 at 9 o'clock a. m.

9 o'clock a. m. July 18, the board reconvened with all members present.

The equalization of personal property assessments was resumed and the following changes made:

Town of Emardville—wagons, carriages, etc., reduced 10 pc.

Town of Poplar River—horses 1 year old, raised 25 pc., horses 2 years old raised 10 pc., horses 3 years old and over raised 25 pc., cows raised 25 pc., wagons, carriages, etc., raised 33⅓ pc., household and office furniture raised 50 pc., dogs raised 10 pc.

Town of Clover Leaf—wagons, carriages, etc. raised 40 pc.

Town of Kratka—wagons, carriages, etc. raised 20 pc., horses 1 year old raised 50 pc., horses 3 years old and over raised 10 pc.

Town of Mayfield—wagons, carriages etc, raised 50 pc.

Town of Garnes—wagons, carriages, etc., raised 50 pc., household and office furniture raised 100 pc., agr. tools, imp. and mach. raised 50 pc.

Town of Lambert—wagons, carriages etc., raised 80 pc., melodeons and organs raised 25 pc., household and office furniture raised 50 pc.

Town of Goodridge—household and office furniture raised 50 pc., wagons, carriages, etc. raised 10 pc.

Town of Highlanding—wagons, carriages, etc., raised 50 pc.

Town of Deer Park—wagons, carriages, etc., raised 80 pc., horses 3 years old and over raised 100 pc., dogs raised 150 pc.

Town of Equality—pianofortes raised 120 pc., wagons, carriages, etc., raised 40 pc.

Assessment Dist, No. 5—wagons, carriages, etc. raised 50 pc.

Village of Plummer—wagons, carriages, etc., raised 40 pc., horses 3 years old and over, raised 25 pc., household and office furniture raised 25 pc.

City of Red Lake Falls—horses 2 years old raised 10 pc., horses 3 years old and over, raised 40 pc. hogs raised 25 pc., wagons, carriages, etc., raised 30 pc., pianofortes raised 33⅓ pc.

The assessment of August Morin in the city of Red Lake Falls on pianofortes was reduced $50.

The assessment of Christine Morin in the city of Red Lake Falls on pianofortes was raised $50.

City of Thief River Falls, pianofortes raised 20 pc. horses 3 years old and over raised 15 pc.

The following changes were made in the assessment of threshing machines and engines:

Town of Wyandotte—reduced 50 pc.

The following changes were made in the assessment of goods and merchandise:

Town of Kratka—reduced 25 pc.

Town of Garnes—reduced 50 pc.

Subdivisions "A" and "B" of Class 17, being stocks of lumber in the hands of retailers and wholesalers in the city of Red Lake Falls was raised 50 pc.

The Red Lake Falls Milling Co. was raised $2000.00 on manufacturer's tools, implements and machinery in the city of Red Lake Falls.

Stocks and furniture of saloons and eating houses in the town of Poplar River were raised 50 pc.

All telephone exchanges in the county were raised 50 pc.

The assessment of Henry Cyr on Class 30 in the town of Poplar River was reduced $75.00

Having examined, compared and equalized the returns of assessment of real and personal property of the county for the year 1906, on motion duly carried, the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) WM. C. L. DEMANN,
Chairman, County Board
of Equalization.

Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio
Clerk of Board.

Remarkable Wreck-Raising.

A somewhat unusual operation in wreck-raising has been carried out in Kiel Harbor. Some time since the torpedo boat S 126 sank in port after collision with another war vessel, and notwithstanding the known condition of the sunken boat, the authorities decided to have it brought to the surface. For this purpose two floating cranes of formidable dimensions were utilized, and the broken and twisted hull was fished up from the depths and swung through the air like a bale of merchandise to a lighter, on which it was laid. The boat was of steel, and it is proposed seriously to essay to turn the apparently inextricable mass to some use.—London Globe.

One frequently comes across curious epitaphs, says the Westminster Gazette, but we have never before heard of that useful and necessary kitchen requisite, the "dripping pan," figuring upon a tombstone. The following curious lines, however, are to be found in Wooditton churchyard, near Newmarket, and let into the head of the stone is a dripping pan:

To the memory of William Simonds, who died March 1, 1758, aged 80 years:

Here lies my corpse who was the man
That loved a sop in dripping pan
But now believe me I am dead
See here the pan stands at my head
Still for sop to the last I cried
But could not eat and so I died
My neighbors they perhaps may laugh
Now they do read my epitaph.

Official Proceedings

of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
July 19, 1906.

Pursuant to adjournment, the board of county commissioners met at the court house at 10 o'clock a. m.

Commissioners Demann, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau were present.

A petition signed by Marit M. Lansdem asking to be set off from School District No. 31 to School District No. 30 in this county was presented to the Board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for August 14, 1906 at ten o'clock a. m.

Engineer's estimates on ditching contracts were allowed as follows:

E. A. Moran, partial estimate on County ditch No. 24	$ 186 20
E. A. Moran, partial estimate on County ditch No. 25	288 44

The list of uncollected personal property taxes for the year 1905 as returned by the sheriff was revised by the board and citations ordered issued against the following persons in the following amounts:

Name of person assesed:	Town or District:	Tax, Penalty and Costs:
H I Simonson & Co	Thief River Falls	$134 53
Anna Anderson	"	32 26
W H Stecher	City of Red Lake Falls	73 85
Ole S Anderson	Smiley	9 52
Keating Music Co	City of Red Lake Falls	4 83
C D Wilfred	Louisville	9 10
J P Gonigam	Red Lake Falls Twp.	8 92
Sjur Sigrudson	Lambert	5 12
David Moreau	City of Red Lake Falls	4 96
Peter Emard	Town of Red Lake Falls	5 47
Kiewel Brewing Co., or Crookston Brewing Co.	City of Red Lake Falls	8 66
Mary Bray	"	36 11
F X Cailler	"	8 00
Jos Lemieux	"	7 85
Louis Lefaivre	"	8 05
Alfred Lacasse	Lambert	6 73
Thos H Elliott	City of Red Lake Falls	6 81
Erick Groven	Thief River Falls	17 34
H W Lee	"	6 11
Barlow & Johnson	"	13 09
J F Cavanaugh	"	111 70

The following is a correct list of personal property taxes in said county for said year which said board is satisfied cannot be collected and so cancelled by said Board, to-wit:

Name of person assessed	Town or District	Tax, Penalty and Costs
Jos Boucher	Lambert	1 46
Nick Picker	Terrebonne	4 36
T S Doyle	Thief River Falls	6 25
K W Dawson	"	5 16
Andrew Johnson	"	6 77
J S Weberg	"	2 99
John Rlsan	"	5 92
Christian M Peterson	"	4 97
Murphy & LaBree	"	40 09
Thief River Press	"	41 16
Annie Halla	"	7 23
John J Larson	"	4 15
Alfred Knutson	"	24 86
Frank Juneau	City of Red Lake Falls	2 40
A M Kitchel	"	8 13
J J Rue	"	4 17
C F Johnson	"	13 48
A J Laplante	"	20 54
H L Veigel	"	20 33
Helmer Ostrom	Norden	20 66
Gust Mostrom	River Falls	8 12
Alfred Mostrom	"	1 60
C Hanson	"	6 15
Will Shannon	"	7 48
Peder Bjerkly	Equality	6 05
Salve T Myrum	"	5 21
Ole Jora	"	2 26
Peder Sulland	Assessment Dist No. 5	2 30
Robert Whalie	"	2 28
C Gjovold	"	2 36
James Johnson	"	2 60
Thos Krile	"	4 43
Nels A Leeborg	"	2 34
John Olson	"	2 75
J W O'Reilly	"	[illegible]
Ernest Schmitz	"	[illegible]
John C Johnson	"	[illegible]
C W Nelson	"	[illegible]
Anton Shoston	"	[illegible]
Olric Rak	Silverton	[illegible]
Ole Umdahl	Assessment Dist No 3	[illegible]
B Berglund	"	[illegible]
Carl Daniel	"	[illegible]
Geo Lantz	"	[illegible]
Celas Raymond	Louisville	[illegible]
Sophia Brouillet	"	[illegible]
Albert Narum	Smiley	[illegible]
John Johnson	Sanders	4 70
John Salveson	Lambert	4 88
P K Olson	Plummer	27 30
J M Reed	"	27 45
A J Keebe	"	5 34
J Porter	Rocksbury	7 44
A F Anderson	"	3 04
Charley Willette	Lake Pleasant	6 38
Wm Willette	"	4 37
J J Haeberle	"	9 88
Nels Steen	Emardville	2 70
John Jacobson	Black River	1 90
Geo E Barth	Gervais	2 48
Theo Jesten	Rocksbury	8 13
Mrs J B Hanson	Bray	1 84
J P McAndress	St Hilaire	5 71
W & A Patnode	Poplar River	11 50
Mrs L Flong	"	6 18
W D Mode	"	2 30
William Delude	"	4 95
J C Keenan	Bray	7 94
Joseph Gaudette	Terrebonne	2 48
K H Chase	City of Red Lake Falls	9 19
S J Jacobson	North	6 14
Anton Erickson	"	20 71

On motion duly carried, bills were audited and allowed as follows:

V. M. Higinbotham, insurance premium	$27 50
Arthur Laree, keeping insane patient in custody 1 day	3 00
Joseph Belair, expenses assisting in conveying prisoners to county jail	1 50
P A Ekstrom, services as member of Co. board of equalization	11 80
Wm C L Demann, services as member of Co. board of equalization	13 60
O J Johnson, services as member of Co. board of equalization	15 00
Daniel Shaw, services as member of Co board of equalization	15 00
Louis Falardeau, services as member of Co. board of equalization	16 80
James E Ford, postage and express, Co. auditor's office	3 15
Joseph Belair, viewer on county ditch No. 26	19 00
James Kreunen, viewer on county ditch No. 26	24 00
Peter K. Olson, viewer on county ditch No. 26	16 00
Zaiser Bros., livery for engineer on Co. ditches No. 22, 23 and 25	22 00
Zaiser Bros., livery for viewers on Co. ditch No. 26	10 50
F L Wood, assistant engineer on County ditches No. 23 and 24	22 00
J K Wood, engineer on Co ditch No 26	26 00
J. K. Wood, engineer on county ditches No. 22, 24 and 25	18 85

The bill of John Drier of $16.00 for taking care of Joseph Vanous, was on motion duly carried, rejected.

The bill of Andrew Ydstie for board of engineer and rodman was referred back for correction.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, County Board.

Attest James E. Ford,
County Auditor,
and Ex-officio clerk of board

V.95
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Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1906 NUMBER 34

LOOKS GOOD TO RAMSTAD

Local Man Who Is Acquainted With A. L. Hanson Gives His Opinion

Says He Is a Man That Will Stand for Honest Legislation.

Olaf Ramstad, of this city, formerly resided at Ada, and being asked as to his opinion of A. L. Hanson, who seeks the Republican nomination for state senator from this legislative district, he said:

"I have known Mr. Hanson very well for the past number of years, and I will say this of him, that there is not a more honorable, *upright and honest man in* the state of Minnesota than A. L. Hanson. He is just the kind of man the people need in the state senate and if he is elected, you can depend upon it that he will favor only honest legislation. In Norman county where he is so well and favorably known, I am told that he will receive almost the unanimous support of the people. I greatly regret that the people of Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami counties are not as well acquainted with Mr. Hanson as the people of Norman county are, for to know him is to respect and place confidence in him. He is one of the largest farmers in Norman county and has done much to develop that section of the state. Why he even built and graded a road from his farm into the village of Ada and it is one of the best highways in Norman county. I have not seen the platform Mr. Hanson intends to run upon, nor would I personally care to. I know the man and that is enough to satisfy me that he will at all times do what is right. It is right and proper, however, that he sould tell the people how he stands upon various matters of public importance and you can depend upon it that he will do just as he says in every matter. Why down in Norman county it is always said that it is an easy matter for A. L. Hanson to do as he agrees for the simple reason that it is always hard to get him to agree to do anything unless he has given the subject some consideration. He is not what could be called a "trimmer," and can say no just as easily as he can say yes. He will not be all things to all men and therefore in campaigning among strangers, it will not be so easy for him to always be on the band wagon, but this much you can depend upon, if you ask him a question as to whether he is for or against any particular piece of legislation, you will receive a frank and honest answer. I believe that his election would be a great victory for the people of this legislative district and they certainly would never regret it if A. L. Hanson was elected to the state senate."

Was Locked In.

The railroad companies have all kinds of difficulties in contending with men who are trying to get to the harvest fields by stealing a ride. A story is told of a man who got into a lumber car bound for the west at Crookston. It seems that the brakeman locked the door after the poor fellow was in. He remained in the car for two days without anything to eat. His extremity increased his ingenuity for by cutting away the door in the neighborhood of the lock he managed to make his escape over in western North Dakota. This is a time when harvest hands are likely to be the victims of a similar calamity if they are not careful.

Wanted—At the Hotel Ogahmah, two good girls for general work.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Young Boy Dragged by a Hay Rake for Half a Mile.

Warren Sheaf: Chester Murk, the son of Oluff Murk, who bought the Shepard place, had a narrow escape from a horrible death last Monday evening. Mr. Murk and the boy had been cutting and burning weeds along railroad track on their farm just north of town. Mr. Murk was done cutting and Chester was raking. Mr. Murk was burning some dry stuff and the smoke was passing over the boy and his team and the wind was from the south. The evening train came from the north and the smoke and the wind prevented its being heard until it dashed by the boy on the rake. The team jumped and struck the ditch bank throwing the boy forward and down into the rake and there he was tossed about for half a mile. Finally he managed to climb out by the doubletrees but was again thrown out, this time dragging behind the rake by one leg and lines wound around one *arm. When the team stopped the father* did not expect to find the boy alive but he had escaped with only some bruises and some large and painful abrasions of the skin.

THE $50 CLASS.

List of Farmers Who Secured Over $50 for Cream in July.

Business was not quite so good at the St. Hilaire creamery in July as it was in June. There were fully as many patrons but the number who drew fifty dollars or more is not as large as in June. Quite a number lacked only a few cents of reaching the amount. The following are the names of farmers and the amount:

C. A. Lindquist	$82 60
Chas. Seeger	63 38
Peter Johnson	59 30
P. A. Ekstom	50 74
O. L. Larson	55 10
H. Hauft	57 18
L. M. Rolland	52 64
Fred Soderberg	54 64
L. A. Carlson	55 80
Swan Wiberg	53 84
Schumacher Bros	51 66
Erick Anderson	57 96
C. A. Molin	57 47

Some 27,258 pounds of butter fat was received during the month for which they paid the patrons 20 cents per pound. Total amount paid out for the month was $5,451.50.

Said He Was Guilty.

Daniel Allman, charged with stealing various articles from the guests at the Rushford hotel, was brought up from Red Lake Falls last Friday by County Attorney Germo and Sheriff Linnihan and pleaded guilty to the charge before Judge Bishop. He was sentenced to the reformatory at St. Cloud, being taken to that institution on Friday night by Sheriff Linnihan.

Mary Came Back.

Many were sad, others were happy last week when the report was circulated here that "sweet" Mary Scott, after seeing the sights in Thief River during the fair, had decided to go to Minneapolis, with a view of remaining in the city permanently. But somebody had another guess coming when on Saturday morning she returned and again took charge of the candy store at this place.—Karlstad Advocate.

Paying a Good Price.

There are evidences of haste on the part of the railroad company to get the balance of the grading done. There is but a small part of the work left, all of which is at the Warroad end, and we learn that 22 cents a cubic yard is being paid for station work, a high price for the character of the grading yet to be done. There is a report that the laying of steel is probable within two months. —Roseau Region.

WHAT HANSON STANDS FOR.

A Candidate for the State Senate Who Is Not Afraid to Tell the People How He Stands on Important Issues.

A. L. Hanson, Esq., Ada, Minn.

Sir: It is essential that this senatorial district should have a candidate for the office of state senator a man who is known to be heartily in accord with the reform movement which is today on the onward march.

During the last year a mighty stride has been taken in the congress of the United States for better government and more equitable laws. The time has come when it is not sufficient to announce that a man is a candidate for this or that offce. Recent civic conditions and events have so aroused the people of this country that before a candidate can ask for, and hope to receive the votes of the people, he must stand for certain well defined principles. There is urgent demand for legislation, both state and national, which shall best serve to promote the welfare and interests of the people. And it is not enough to know that a candidate announces that he believes in certain principles, but that he is a man of unquestioned integrity and unimpeachable character, and who will use his best efforts and exert his influence in securing the enactment of such laws as will be of benefit to the greatest number of people. Where to get the man who will respond to the call of the hour is the vital question.

Believing that you would best answer the requirements of the people of this district we, the undersigned, urgently request you to announce yourself as a candidate for state senator from this district and we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to secure your nomination at the September primaries. Dated July 30th, 1906.

The foregoing request having been presented to me signed by representative men from all parts of Norman County, together with requests from other parts of the 61st Legislative District, I have decided to comply and do hereby announce that I will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator from this district.

I favor and will support if elected the extension of the primary nominating system to include all state officers and United States Senators; the enactment of a reciprocal demurage law; prohibiting the issuing to and the use of railway passes by all State, Legislative, Judicial and County officials whether elective or appointive; reduction in freight, express and passenger rates; increasing the power of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission; thorough control and regulation of all corporations; taxing of corporation property in the same manner as other property; redistricting of legislative districts of the state so as to give to the northern part of the state its proper representation in the state legislature. Local option by counties in the granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors; the enactment of a more stringent pure food law; liberal support of State Sanitarium for care and cure of consumptives; liberal support of schools, educational institutions, drainage, good roads, and for state development; the safe gaurding of state timber and mineral property; the re-electing of Knut Nelson as United States Senator. I will put forth my best efforts to secure the enactment of any other legislation that would be to the best interests of the people of the district and state.

On these principles and promising to devote my best efforts to promote clean and fair politics, I respectfully solicit your good will and vote at the coming primary election.

A. L. HANSON,
Ada, Minn.

A CLOSE CALL.

High Dive Ladder of Cash Carnival Company Fell Down at Bemidji.

The 100-foot ladder of the Cash Carnival company from which the high dive is made into a net one night last week at Bemidji fell to the ground and Mrs. J. P. Duncalf, who ran into one of the guy wires with a horse and buggy, is thanking her lucky star on a fortunate escape. There were no warning lights hung out, she declares, and she was unable to see just where she was going. Suddenly her mare ran into a guy wire and started to run. She had her babe in her arms and had some difficulty in managing the animal, but finally succeeded in getting clear of the entanglement. But the wire had been loosened and as she drove by, Mrs. Duncalf saw the ladder swaying. The tall, slender thing toppled toward her, and the woman was frightened nearly to death then it gave a second lurch and fell with a crash toward the city hall. The rig passed the first crossing just as the ladder fell.

A Good School House.

E. J. Morrisey, of the Thief River Falls Heating and Plumbing company, was up to Orleans, one of the new towns north of here on the Soo Line, last week and secured the contract for a hot water plant for the new school house up there. Orleans will soon have one of the finest school houses of any town of its size in the state. The building is 40x60 feet, two stories high and has all modern conveniences.

Subscribe for the News.

IT IS DIFFERENT NOW

Lumbermen Are Not Passing Up any Pine Trees.

"If some of the lumbermen of twenty-five years ago could see what the mills are sawing for market these days they would rub their eyes in astonishment," says N. T. Colby of Saginaw, Mich.

"In times when the timber supply was seemingly inexhaustible the loggers selected only the finest trees, and allowed to stand unmolested timber that would today command a high price. Jack pine was looked upon by them as utterly worthless, and yet it is being cut quite extensively now and sawed into lumber for market.

"There is still quite a lot of timber in Northern Michigan. But farther south you would hardly know it was ever a logging region. Michigan used to be one of the greatest lumber states in the Union. The hardwood of Northern Michigan, passed up by the loggers of earlier days, is now worth a good deal more than was the white pine when they cut it. Many a settler finds himself in comfortable circumstances as a result of the sale of the hardwood from his land.

A Small Wreck.

The Wheatline passenger was wrecked over in North Dakota last Thursday caused by the heat of the sun expanding the rails. All of the cars left the track and the mail car sustained the most damage. Herbert Fuller the mail clerk in charge of the car, came near being seriously injured, but escaped without a scratch. None of the passengers were seriously injured.

TO THE VOTERS.

John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, Announces His Candidacy.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

MAY NOT BUILD DITCH.

Estimated Cost of Ditch No. 27 is Considered Too Much.

In the matter of county ditch No. 27, in the towns of Black River and Polk Center, petitioned for by Chas. Johnson and others the report of the engineer and viewers has been filed with the county auditor.

The estimated number of acres benefited by the proposed ditch is 3875; the estimated benefits, $5,107.64; the estimated cost of construction $5,650.92; the estimated damages, $357.

A hearing on this ditch will be held by the board September 4, and it is very doubtful if the construction will be ordered and it is beleived the cost of construction is too great as an assessment of at least $2 per acre must be made on much of the land affected. The report of the viewers shows but 31 land owners who will have to bear the expense of $5050.72.

He Is Undecided.

Nels K. Nelson, of the town of Excel, drifted into the city from the north last evening. He has been taking a swing around the circle to see what the chances were to get into the political game this fall. He has just spent some time at Argyle before coming here and seems to have imbibed the opinion that it was a good fight to stay out of. The announcement in the Grygla Eagle is not final he says. He had intended to make the race for the nomination for clerk of court but he may change his mind and make the attempt to secure one of the other offices.—Warren Sheaf.

GOOD NEWS TO FARMERS

Grain Rates Are Reduced 10 per Cent by Three Roads.

Means a Better Price for Grain to the Farmers of This Section.

Last Saturday the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Soo lines filed with the state grain and warehouse commission notice of a 10 per cent reduction in grain rates. The reductions will apply to all territory more than forty miles distant from the terminals and includes practically all of the teritory in which grain is raised.

The three roads named made a proposition recently to the railroad and warehouse commission, offering to reduce grain rates 10 per cent if the commission would suspend the pending hearing on merchandise rates.

The commission declined to accept the proposition and later, on suggestion of Governor Johnson, gave notice of an inquiry into the grain rates. The three roads then voluntarily filed their notice of a reduction.

MINNESOTA BUTTER.

It Will Make a Great Showing at the State Fair.

There will be a larger number of people from eastern states at the Minnesota State Fair this year than ever before and this fact will bring out a better class of exhibits in all the departments which show something of the resources of the state. All will want to show Minnesota at her best. This will be especially true in the dairy department. Minnesota stands for the best butter in the world. Her buttermakers will want to show the best they can do and roll up the highest markings. The dairy division is in charge of A. W. Trow whose success with the work for several years has been marked.

The fair opens on Monday Sept. 3 and the half-fare rates on the railroads go into effect on the previous Saturday. This gives plenty of time to reach the cities for the address of James J. Hill and for the appearance of the world's greatest stallions—Dan Patch and Cresceus, on Monday.

Subscribe for the News.

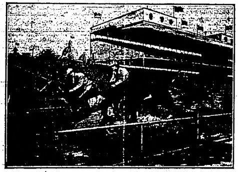

Ladies Relay Race at the Minnesota State Fair All Week, Sept. 3 to 8.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The Star
STEAM LAUNDRY

STANDS THE TEST.

Well done up collars, cuffs, shirts and vests make you look good, and underwear washed in the right way makes them soft and you feel good. Call us up and we will call for your laundry and deliver it again. We feel sure that the work will please you.

WORK HAS COMMENCED

U. S. Civil Engineer Start the Drainage Survey of Red Lake Lands.

Levels to Be Secured of All the Quarter Sections on the Reservation.

Wm. H. Hurn, A. P. Meade, J. C. Hecke and George M. Heath, civil engineers connected with the U. S. geological survey, arrived in the city Tuesday morning and this week will commence the drainage survey of the ceded lands of the Red Lake Indian reservation. A second crew will arrive the latter part of this week and two crews will be kept at work until the survey is completed. A main line of levels will be run from this city to Germantown and from that place one line directly east and one line north. From this line of levels the drainage survey will be made. Lines giving the levels will be run on every quarter section of the whole reservation so that it will be possible to tell without any trouble how it will be possible to drain every foot of land. This work is of more importance to the settlers of this section than anything ever before undertaken.

Estimates of the cost of constructing a large ditch that will drain all of the Grygla and Mud lake country will also be made. Whether or not this ditch will drain the water into the Red Lake or Thief River will not be known until it is found which way the country slopes the most. The ditch of course can not be built until an appropriation is secured from congress.

ABOUT PAYMENTS.

Land Office Issues a Circular Regarding Red Lake Lands.

The following circular letter regarding the extension of the payments on the Red Lake reservation lands has beed issued by the department of the interior at Washington and is official:

The Indian appropriation act of June 21, 1906 contains the following provision: That the homestead settlers on all ceded Indian reservations in Minnesota who purchased the lands occupied by them as homesteads be, and they hereby are, granted an extension of one year's time in which to make the payments now provided by law.

This law applies to homestead settlers on Chippewa lands opened under the act of January 14, 1889, and the Red Lake lands opened under the act of February 20, 1904, except that it does not apply to ceded Chippewa lands opened by circulars of March 27, 1896, and August 12, 1898, as the lands described in said circulars were affected by the free homestead act of May 17, 1900, and payments are not "now provided by law" as to said lands. Inasmuch as proof and payment must be made at the same time, the extension of time for making payments involves a corresponding time within which to make final proof.

COULDN'T AGREE.

Members of the Council Failed to Agree Upon a Park Board.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, the city attorney rendered an opinion to the effect that the council had the appointing of the new park board, and the august members of this body proceeded to ballot for park commissioners, but could not agree upon members. As a result no action was taken, and the selection of the commissioners was laid over until the next meeting. Those who received votes for the office were: D. P. O'Neill, J. M. Bishop, D. B. Bakke, C. C. Jackson, W. J. LaBree, Dr. Grundy and others.

Progressive Supper.

A "progressive supper" will be given by the Epworth League from 5:30 to 8 p. m. on Tuesday, August 28th, at the residences of Messrs. Prichard, Hay and Flesher; cost 25 cents including all the "fixings."

This novel supper will consist of three full courses, one being served at each of the homes mentioned above and in the order given. Everybody come, have a good time and experience the pleasure of partaking of a square meal served in triplicate.

Canadian Crops Ruined.

Traveling men who have come down from Winnipeg this week report that severe frosts have ruined the grain crops in many parts of of the Canadian Northwest. The grain was all in the milk and it froze so hard that everything was ruined and not much of the crop up there will be cut. It will be a severe blow to many of the settlers up there.

Fresh Milch Cows.

I want to buy 200 fresh cows and springers. If you have any for sale drop me a postal card. I am shipping cattle every Saturday the year around. I also buy hides, furs and wool. J. H. Werstlein.

MENTOR BANK IS ROBBED

Some $1,200 in Cash Taken and the Burgars Make Their Escape.

Thought to Be Here and Local Police on the Outlook.

The Bank of Mentor a village, about thirty-five miles directly south of here, was broken into Tuesday morning, the vault was blown open and $1,200 was stolen. There were three in the gang and all escaped. It is thought that they came to Thief River Falls, and the local police are looking for them.

Four massive doors were forced before the vault was reached. The work was carefully planned and skilfully executed.

The same gang probably blew open the Wygaard safe at Crookston Monday morning.

The general store of Camp Brothers, at Dugdale, was also robbed and $300 was taken.

A general alarm has been sent to the police throughout the northwest.

The robbers put the telephone out of commission before operating so that an alarm to surrounding territory could not be given until Tuesday morning.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH

A Brother of Wm. Krause, of This City, Burned to Death at Larimore.

Large Livery Stable Caught Fire and Everything Was Consumed.

Wm. Krause, a man employed on the Soo section in this city, Tuesday received a telephone message stating that his brother, Henry Krause, had been burned to death in a fire at Larimore, N. D., Monday evening. Frank Cottet, of Bemidji, was also burned to death.

The sad affair was the result of the burning of the livery stable of Thomas Kelly, of Larimore and the two men who were enroute to the North Dakota harvest fields with teams were sleeping in the haymow of the barn. Just how the fire originated is unknown. Some 20 head of horses together with a large number of sets of harness, vehicles, feed and two automobiles were also burned.

The presentation of "Our Old Kentucky Home" in the Evenson Hall Saturday did not draw as a large a crowd as a play of this charator should have had. Those who were in attendance were well pleased with the show.

THE WOMEN WILL VOTE

Attorney General Rules That They Will Be Allowed to Vote.

Contests May Result, However, and Their Votes to Be Kept Separate.

Attorney General Young this week has rendered the following opinion as to the right of women to vote at the primaries:

The right of women to vote at the primaries for nomination of School Superintendents, has been the subject of much recent controversy. There never was any question but that the right ought to be given by law.

I advised the State Superintendent sometime ago, in answer to an inquiry on the subject, that in my opinion, under the present law, such right was not given. Many able attorneys think, however, that whatever is deficient in the statute in this regard ought, in construing it, to be supplied by intendment, so that the right to assist in making such nominations would not be denied to women. The question is not free from doubt. The law is so worded that impartial students of statutory construction might reach different conclusions upon it. As the question is important, I feel that no false pride of opinion should be permitted to stand in the way of substantial justice.

A prominent attorney prudently suggests that, if the votes of women should be refused at the coming primary and the courts should ultimately decide that they had the right to vote, very serious wrong would result. On the contrary if the votes of women should be received and kept separate, so that the exact number of votes cast by women, and for whom cast, could be readily ascertained in case of a contest, no serious harm could, in such case, be rejected if judicially determined to be illegal, and the result of the primaries still be ascertainable.

I have, therefore concluded, under the circumstances, for the reasons stated, to recommend, that the votes of women be received at the primary, using separate boxes, so that if, after election, any interested party desires to take the question into the courts it can be conveniently done.

E. T. Young.
Attorney General

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	63c
Oats	40c
Flax	1.05
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Otto Zaiser was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

W. J. McKinley was up from Hilaire Monday.

W. A. Marin was up from Crookston yesterday.

T. P. Hamre was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Miss Rodney was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

C. L. Spalding, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

T. A. Korstad and S. Nelson were down to Crookston the first of the week.

L. M. Hoag entered upon his new duties at the First State Bank this week.

M. C. Burns and family were down to St. Hilaire Sunday visiting with friends.

George Lipscomp left Tuesday for North Dakota to work during the harvest.

Wanted—A good girl for general housework. Good wages. Mrs. O. J. Schei.

There was a smoke social at the Antlers Club last night in honor of C. L. Dobner and W. A. Wright.

Mrs. James Meehan, of St. Paul came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday to visit friends for a few days.

Walter Robbecke left last Saturday for Adams, N. D. to work in the freight house for the Soo at that place.

County Surveyor Wood went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday to do some surveying on a ditch near that place.

Jacob Anderson was in the city the first of the week from Jelle, being enroute to the harvest fields of North Dakota.

George Jarman returned the first of the week from Milwaukee where he had been attending the Eagles convention.

Perl W. Mabey entertained a number of friends Tuesday evening, giving a farewell smoke social for C. L. Dobner.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner and children leave Thief River Falls next Monday for their new home in Kallispel, Mont.

W. A. Wright left last evening for Greenbush, Canada, where he takes charge of a large saw mill and makes his future home.

—Lost—Sunday, a pair of gold spectacles in a leather case. Finder please return to Hankey & Glasiers meat market and receive reward.

The postoffice at Tweet is to be discontinued on the 15th of September. On the 17th of September the free rural delivery route starts.

A regular meeting of the Royal Neighbors Camp, No. 1025, will be held Sept. 5. All members are requested to be present. Special business.

Allen W. Wood, who was formerly engaged in the machinery business here but is now located at Fargo, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Dr. C. R. Crandall, who purchased the practice of Dr. G. R. Lanning, arrived in the city during the past week from Lake Benton, Minn, and established himself here in rooms over the First National Bank. Dr. Crandall comes highly recommended as a dentist, and will no doubt build up a flourishing practice here.

W. W. Prichard went down to Crookston last evening.

T. P. Hamre went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

B. H. Erickson, of Hallock, was in the city the first of the week.

Walter Rosenbury was down to Crookston the first of the week.

D. B. Bakke was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business.

Service in the German Lutheran Church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city the first of the week.

Lost—Two white embroidered towels at the fair grounds.—Finder will kindly return to the Ogamah Hotel.

The Rev. Mitchell, of Hallock, will hold Episcopal Services at the Methodist Church next Tuesday evening at eight o'clock p. m. all are united.

The first new wheat to be marketed in Thief River Falls this year was received at the Hanson & Barzen Milling company's elevator Tuesday. It was of a very good quality.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, who is a candidate for state senator in this district, drove up from Red Lake Falls yesterday afternoon and will remain over today to meet the voters here.

LEE RESIGNED.

Offered a Better Paying Job Over in North Dakota.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, Street Commissioner Nels Lee tendered his resignation. The action was taken by Mr. Lee because he has been offered a better paying position in North Dakota. No action was taken by the council in regard to the resignation and it is probable that Mr. Lee's salary will be raised and he will continue to remain in charge of the streets here. This much can be said and that is that Mr. Lee has made a very efficient street commissioner and has kept the streets of the city in far better condition than they ever were before. All would regret to see Mr. Lee leave and it is hoped that he will reconsider his resignation.

Election Judges.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening the following election judges for the primary election were appointed:

First Ward—S. T. Johnson, Sam Cheeley and Robert Lee.

Second Ward—A. A. Wassen, Alex A. Sweas and Frank Tilton.

Third Ward—C. M. Wilson, John Fuller and Louis Lonson.

Gospel Tent.

Interesting subjects will be considered every evening this week at 7:45 with the exception of Monday and Saturday evenings. Also Sunday at 3:00 p. m. English meeting on Thursday evening. All are welcome.

Subscribe for the News.

Wanted—At the Hotel Ogahmah, two good girls for general work.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get your orders in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

FAIR PREMIUMS.

Women's Building.

Mrs. E. E. Zeh, Jellies and Jams,	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Pickles,	1st
Mrs. Adam Zeh, Red Lake Falls, Pickles,	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum Canned Display,	1st
Mrs. E. E. Zeh, " "	2nd
" " " Cherries,	2nd
" " " Apples,	1st
Mrs. O. Tessum, " "	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Canned Plums,	1st
Mrs E. E. Zeh, " Rasberries	1st
Mrs. Fred Copp, " "	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, " Strawberries	1st
Mrs. E. E. Zeh, " "	2nd
Mrs. I. C. Richardson, Corn,	2nd
" " Canned Currants,	1st
Mrs. E. E. Zeh, " "	2nd
" " " Pie plant,	1st
Mrs. Nels Berg, " " "	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Canned Tomatoes	2nd
Mrs. H. J. Rustad, Tomato Catsup	2nd
" " Picalilli	1st
Mrs. O. Tessum, "	2nd
Mrs. E. E. Zeh, Canned Gooseberries	1st
Mrs. M. Hultin, " "	2nd
Mrs. Kretzschmar, Cranberry Jelly	1st
Mrs. H. E. Mussey, " "	2nd
Mrs. Kretzschmar, Red Currant Jelly	1st
Mrs. H. E. Mussey, " " "	2nd
Mrs. Kretzschmar, White " "	1st
Mrs. H. E. Mussey, " " "	2nd
Mrs. Kretzschmar, Jelly Display	1st
Mrs. H. E. Mussey, " "	2nd
Mrs. E. E. Zeh, Gooseberry Marmalade	2nd
Mrs. E. E. Zeh, Orange Marmalade	2nd
" " Ground Cherry Preserves	2nd
Mar. H. E. Mussey, Spiced Currants	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Canned Blueberries	1st
Mrs. E. N. Elofson " "	2nd
" " Mixed Pickles	1st
Mrs. Adam Zeh, Red Lake Falls, Mixed Pickles	2nd
Mrs. I. C. Richardson, Bean Pickles	1st
Mrs. E. N. Elofson, " "	2nd
Mrs. I. C. Richardson Canned Beans	2nd
" " Peas	1st
Mrs. O. Tessum, " "	2nd
Mrs. Holzknecht, Cucumber Pickles	1st
Mrs. I. C. Richardson, " "	2nd
Mrs. Adam Zeh, Red Lake Falls, Onion Pickles	1st
Mrs Kate Schmitz, Onion Pickles	2nd
Mrs. I. C. Richardson, Watermelon Pickles	1st
Mrs. Adam Zeh, Red Lake Falls, Watermelon Pickles	2nd
Mrs. Adam Zeh, Red Lake Falls, Peach Pickles	2nd
Mrs. Kate Schmitz, Horseradish	1st
Mrs. O. Tessum, "	2nd
Mrs. W. A. Kratka, Yeast Rising Bread (2 loaves)	1st
Mrs. Ed. Aubol, St. Hilaire, Yeast Rising Bread (2 loaves)	2nd
Mrs. W. A. Kratka, Bread Rolls	1st
Mrs. O. Tessum, " "	2nd
Mrs. Ed. Aubol, St. Hilaire, Graham Bread	1st
Mrs. O. Tessum, Collection of Bread	2nd
" " White cookies,	1st
Mrs. C. M. Evenson, " "	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Ginger "	2nd
" " Doughnuts	1st
Mrs. O. M. Evenson, "	2nd
Ida Anderson, Rocks,	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Vanities	2nd
" " Jumbles	2nd
Miss Daisy Strom, Angel Cake	1st
Ida Anderson, Angel Cake	2nd
" " Chocolate "	1st
Mrs. F. Copp, Pound "	2nd
Mrs. O, Tessum, Spice "	2nd
Mrs. F. Copp, German Coffee Cake	2nd
Mrs. O. Tessum, Rye Bread,	2nd
Mrs. John Myhrer, Best Collection Crochet Works,	1st
Mrs. E. M. Erickson Crochet Spread	1st
Mrs. Chas Olson " bed "	2nd
Miss S. Iverson, Tweet P. O. Crochet bed spread	2nd
Mrs. Kate Schmitz, Knitted Stockings	1st
Mrs. O. N. Olson, Knitted Stockings	2nd
Mrs. Adam Zeh, Red Lake Falls Knitted Article	1st
Mrs. J. Draper, Knitted Article	2nd
Mrs. P. O. Reirson, Baltic Knitted Spread	1st
Miss Daisy Strom, Hand Sewing	1st
Miss Ila Ramstad " "	2nd
Mrs. Jas Martin, Hardanger	1st
Miss Emma Anderson, St. Hilaire Hardanger	2nd
Mrs. W. Schrieter, Red Lake Falls, Center Piece	1st
Miss Kringlin, Center Piece	2nd
" " Collection Hardanger	1st
Mrs. W. Schrieter, Red Lake Falls Collection Hardanger	2nd
Mrs. R. J. McDonald, Rug	1st
Mrs. B. C. Torrison, "	2nd
Miss Laura Finke, Yarn	1st
" " Rag Carpet	1st
Miss Mabel Evenson, Sofa Pillow	1st
Miss Olivia Westlein, " "	2nd
Mrs. Jas. Martin, Fancy Apron	1st
" Emil Zeh, Fancy Apron	2nd
Miss K. McNally, Handkerchief case	1st
" Elsie Kratka, " "	2nd
" Tillie Kaufer, Pillow Cases	1st
Mrs. Adam Zeh, " "	2nd
Miss Tillie Kaufer, Tatting Hdkf	1st
" Grace Meehan, Point Lace hdkf	1st
Mrs. P. Westerdahl, " "	2nd
Miss Olivia Werstlein, Battenberg Center Board	1st
" Grace Meehan, Side Board Cov.	1st
Mrs. Emil Zeh, Embroidered Center Piece	1st
Miss K. McNatty, Embroidered Center Piece	2nd
" Mabel Evenson, Table Cover	1st
" Effie Bakke, Cotton Embroidered Center Piece	1st
" Ila Ramstad, Cotton Embroidered Center Board	2nd
" Daisy Strom, Solid Cotton Em.	1st
Mrs. W. A. Schrieter, Table Cloth Drawn Work	1st
" Chas. Olson, Table Cloth Drawn Work	2nd
" O. Vige, Cotton Lace Crochet	1st
" A. Bredeson, Cot. L. Knitted	2nd
" Emil Zeh, Figure in Pastel	1st
" Emil Zeh, Landscape Pastel	1st
Miss Mabel Evenson, Marine in Pastel	1st
Mrs. W. A. Wright, Figure in Pastel	2nd
" Bryant, Landscape in Pastel	2nd
" Wright, Marine in Pastel	2nd
" LaBree, Flowers in Pastel	2nd
Miss Effie Bakke, Flowers in Pastel	1st
Mrs. Bryant, Landscape Oil	1st
Miss Mabel Evenson, Flowers Oil	1st
" " " "	2nd
" " Fruit	1st
Mrs. Vroman, Burnt Wood	1st
" "	2nd
" E. Zeh, Burnt Leather	1st
" " Painted Screen	1st
" Bryant, Landscape Water color	1st
" " "	2nd
Miss Daisy Strom, Marine " "	1st
Mrs. Bryant, China Collection	1st
" " China Flower Design	1st
" " " Convention'l design	1st
Miss Fullerton, Pen & Ink Drawing	1st
Mrs. Allert, Water Color Marine	2nd
Martin Lee, Pen & Ink Drawing	3rd
Miss Elsie Robbecke, Map Drawing	1st
" " Penmanship	1st
Louis S. Olson, Penmanship	1st
Theresa Kellberg, Examination papers	1st
Mrs. Lang, Best Col. Hot House Pts.	1st
" " " " Foliage "	1st
" " " " Begonias "	1st
" " " " Calrus "	1st
" " " " Fuchias "	1st
" " " " Geraniums "	1st
" " " " Carnations "	1st
" " " "Hanging Basket"	1st
" K. Schmitz, Sin. Pt. Geranium	1st
" Lang, Single Plant Geranium	2nd
" Krokstad, Single Pt. Oleander	1st
" Lang, Single Plant Oleander	2nd
" " " " Palm	1st
" Martin, Asters Plant	1st
" Lang, Bouquet Geraniums	1st
" Hultin, Bou. Greatest Variety	2nd
" Lang, Best Single Rose	1st
" " Basket Cut Flowers	1st
" " Greatest Variety	1st
" Geo. Smith, Pieced Quilt	1st
Miss Effie Bakke, Sofa Pillow Fancy	1st
Mrs. Richardson, " " "	2nd
" Kretzschmar, Poster Pillow	1st
" L. Waller, " "	2nd
" Caldwell, Cross Stitch	1st
" Hans Jacobson, Cross Stitch	2nd
Idna Evenson, By a child	1st
Carl Westerdahl, " "	2nd
Miss S. Iverson, Log Cabin Quilt	1st
Mrs. O. N. Olson, Silk Quilt	1st
" Umbriot, Silk Quilt	2nd
" Flattum, Wool Quilt	1st
Mrs. Martinson, " "	2nd
" Archibald, Patch Cotton	1st
" Bailey, " "	2nd
Myrtle Berg, Best Child's Fancy w'k	1st
Edna Evenson, " " " "	2nd
Miss Kringlen, Fancy Article	1st
Miss Bakken, " "	2nd
" Olivia Werstlein, Lunch Cloth (Drawn)	1st
Mrs. Wm. Elofson, Lunch Cloth (Drawn)	2nd
" Richardson, Tatting	2nd
Miss Kringlen, Fancy Towel	1st
" Linda Robbecke, Fancy Towel	2nd
" Kringlen, Bed Spread	1st
Mrs. J. Myhres, " "	2nd
" Gill, " "	1st
Miss Kaufer, Fancy Handkerchief	1st
Mrs. Hawes, Wool Jacket	1st
" P. O. Bergh, Wool Jacket	2nd
" Martin, Shadow Emb	1st
" Waller, Baby Dress	1st
" Tessum, Baby Dress	2nd
" Chas. Olson, Hand Lace	1st
" B. C. Torrison, Collar & Cuffs	1st
Miss Strom, " "	2nd
Mrs. B. C. Torrison, Har. & Cuffs	1st
" Adam Zeh, Netted Col's. & C's.	2nd
" Kretzschmar, Eyelet Emb	1st
" Adam Zeh, Netted Doley	1st
" M. Evenson, Eyelet Emb	2nd
" Malund, Fancy Piece	1st
" Malund, Fancy Piece	2nd
" J. S. Miller, Doley Hager	1st
Miss Kringlen, Fancy Basket	1st

CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c and $1.00; all druggists.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., August, 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 26, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, (Red Lake Series) for the Lots 7 & 8 and SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 17, T. [illegible] N., R. 41 W.,

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka Minn.
Ole Christopherson, of " "
Albert Hanson, of " "
John R. Healy, of " "

aug 23 sept 20 pd

R. J. Montague,
Register.

Twine! Twine! Twine!

Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,

Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

PRIZES FOR THESE.

Partial List of Those Who Secured Premiums at the Fair.

The following is a partial list of those who secured premiums at the county fair. The complete list will be published latter.

	Prize
Erick Hoard, Early R. Potatoes	2nd
Thomas Jacobson, Brood mare and foal	2nd
C J Knox, Stallion any age	1st
" " Single H. in Harness.	1st
John Smith, Bull, 3 year old	1st
" " Homemade cheese	2nd
F T Satre, Whitebush Russian Oats	2nd
R L Muzzy, Bull, 3 year old	2nd
" One Ram	2nd
" One pair of Ewes	2nd
" Ewe lamb	1st
" Team in harness	1st
H O Wiken, Bundle of Alfalfa	2nd
W S Williams, Bundle of B B Oats	1st
D P O'Neil, Clover	1st
John Smith, Filly, 2 year old	1st
Erick Hoard, 5 lbs dairy butter	2nd
Mrs J Borry, Tomatoes	2nd
O Tessum, Single horse in harness	1st
Henry Cook, Filly, general purpose	1st
R J McDonald, Golden Russet Potatoes	2nd
Burbanks	2nd
Crooked Neck S. squask	1st
N A Ahlberg, Stallion, 2 year old	1st
" " Filly, 2 year old	2nd
" " Team in harness	2nd
M J Skogstad, Filly, 3 year old	1st
" " Filly, 4 year old	2nd
F T Satre, Brown-pigeon	2nd
" ½ Bush Macaroni	1st
C H Martz, Bull, 1 year old	1st
" Cow, 4 year old	1st
" Galloway Bull, 1 year,	1st
" Heifer, 1 year	1st
" Jersey Cow, 3 year	1st&2nd
C J Tessum, Sweet Sweet Corn	1st
" Late corn	2nd
Fred Holzkneck, 3 Minorcas Chicken	1st
2 White Leghorn:	1st
Mrs Joe Lang, collection of vegetables	1st
Lemon	1st
Oranges	1st
L Lamberlson, bull calf, under 1 yr.	1st
" Bull, two years old.	1st
" Cow, 4 years	1st
" Cow, 3 years	1st
" Heifer calf, under 1 yr	2nd
" Steer, 2 year	1st
" Herd of 6	1st
" Steer	1st
Harry Prichard, Cheese	1st
A Myrom, Tame Red Top	2nd
Mrs John Mosbeck, 5 lb Roll butter	2nd
St. Hilaire Creamery, 20 lbs Creamery butter	1st
Harvey L Copp, Turnips	2nd
Louise Engelstad, Cucumber	2nd
" " Citron	2nd
" " Rhubarb	2nd
P Engelstad, 1 bull, three years old	1st
N N Larson, Creamery butter	2nd
R L Muzzy, ½ bush. Flax	2nd
L Lamberlson, 1 bull, 1 year old	1st
" Cow, age 5 years	1st
" Cow, 4 years old	1st
" Cow, 2 years	1st
" Heifer, 1 year old	1st
" Heifer calf, under 1 year	1st
Harvy L Copp, Black oats	2nd
" " ½ bush Burbanks	1st
" " String beans	2nd
" " Yellow carrots	2nd
Mrs K Kretzschmar, Cauliflower	2nd
R C M Nelson, Blue Stem	2nd
" Red Top	1st
" 2nd White clover	2nd
Mrs Martin Lee, 1 bucket of Cauliflower	2nd
Mrs T Ness, Rutabagas	2nd
" 2 stock beets	1st
" P. Top Turnips	1st
George Gusa, Parsnips	2nd
W S Williams, Onions	1st
Schmitz, Wax Beans	1st
Fred Copp, Native grasses	2nd
" Blue Stem	1st
" Timothy	1st
M E Beebe, 1 Ewe, yearling	1st
H B Halverson, 1 lb butter	1st
" 2 Hogs	2nd
" Collection of grain	1st
George Gusa, Onions	2nd
" " E H Potatoes	1st
" " Radishes	2nd
M Hultin, Beans	1st
Finke, 1 bush. hard wheat	2nd
" Sheaf of hard wheat	1st
" Red Clover	2nd
St. Hilaire Horse Co., 1 heavy draft Stallion	2nd
N E Beebe, 1 Filly, 2 years	2nd
" Filly, 1 year	2nd
" Brood mare and foal	1st
" 1 team harness,	1st
" 1 Stallion, 3 years	2nd
" 4 Filly, 2 year	1st
" 1 Ram	1st
" 2 Ewes	1st
C L Heinze, Oats	2nd
" Timothy	2nd
" Red Clover	2nd
" 6 Beets	1st
" 6 Yellow Onions	1st
" 2 Cauliflowers	1st
" 6 Rutabagas	1st
" Early Cabbage	1st
" Late Cabbage	1st
Ed Aubol, Red Raspberry	2nd
" W. N. Beans	1st
" ½ B. Pingree Potatoes	1st
" White Onions	2nd
" Carrots	1st
Theressa Kellberg, Carrots	1st
" " Parsley	2nd
John O Nordby, Flax	1st
Ole Flattum, Cow, 5 year old	1st
M Smith, ½ bu. E. O. Potatoes	2nd
Bert Ostvolden, 6 chickens	2nd
C L Heinze, 1 Sheaf Barley	1st
J S Brown, Red Onions	2nd
" Parsley	1st
" Early Rose Potatoes	1st
Charles Gustafson, 1 Guernsey bull	1st
Barley	2nd
Silver Mine Oats	2nd
Manglar	2nd
Halvor Fodstad, 1 Broad mare with foal	1st
P Sullivan, S S Oats	2nd
Palmer Brooten, 3 Plymouth Rock	1st
Mrs. L. Liskowb, 1 dairy cow	2nd
Allen Liskowb, 1 dairy cow	2nd
Bulo Liskowb, 1 Poland China	1st
Ed Aubol, 1 Bush B S Wheat	1st
" Red Currants	1st
Cert Thorstad, Squash	1st
" M Onions	1st
" Yellow Onions	1st
" S Carrots	2nd
" Beets	2nd
A E Peterson, Ill. Rust Proof Oats	1st
" Flax	2nd
J S Brown, 1 Grade cow	1st
" Late Cabbage	2nd
Mrs P Reierson, Wild Peavine	2nd
Tom Holten, Cucumber	1st
V. R. Brink, Alfalfa	1st
Bert Thorstad, Big Yellow Oats	2nd
" " Side Oats	1st
James Walker, 3 Plymouth Rock	2nd
" " 2 " "	2nd
Mrs A Boltz, 1 P R Rooster	1st
Adam Berge, Pigeons	1st
Albert Berger, 1 mare G P	1st
A Clements, Garden collection	2nd
W Williams, 1 bu. oats	1st
Williams Bros. 1 Gelding 1 year	1st
Williams Bros., 1 Gelding 2 year	1st
" " 12 Chickens	1st
R L Olson, Mo. Wheat	2nd
Hans Nelson, 1 Gurnsey cow	1st
Morris Smith, Winter Garden Radishes	1st
Henry Rondorf, Rhubarb	1st
V R Brush, bundle of Winter Rye,	2nd
O Tessum, team in harness	1st
Mrs D Connelly, Cabbage	2nd
Mrs I C Richardson, Corn	1st
Peter Stokken, Wheat No. 303	2nd
Peter Stokken, Winter Rye	1st
S. Smith, 3 Cochin chicken	1st
" 4 turkeys	1st
" Parsnips	1st
" Carrots	1st
" Silver Pickling	1st

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office. Crookston, Minn. Aug. 4, 1906.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Charlie Cook contestant, against Homestead entry No. 2839, made March 13, 1900, for the N. E. ¼ Section 29, Township 155, Range 41, by J. Ed. Williamson. Contestee, in which it is alleged that said J. Ed. Williamson is not bona fide settler on said land and has wholly failed to establish his residence thereon and make improvements thereon according to and in compliance with the homstead laws; that his shanty on said land is not a fit place of residence during all seasons of the year and is not a fit place of habitation at any time of the year; that the improvements that were made several years ago are in a state of decay and have not been kept up by said entryman, and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 27, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 4, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. Montague,
Register.

aug 16 sept 6

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Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

Subscribe for the News.

It Takes Three months for HAMM'S "New Brew" to go from the kettle to you

When it gets to you Hamm's "New Brew" Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious

Bottled and On Draught Everywhere

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

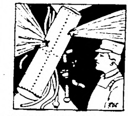

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

48-LOTS-48

I have 48 lots that I will sell for

$2,000 Cash

or trade for farm lands. These lots will soon be worth not less than $5,000.

Now Is the Time to Buy.

D. B. BAKKE

Office South of City Hall

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Sept. 5th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage, also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
304 Ernst Building St. Paul, Minn.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 23, 1906.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

A. L. Hanson a Candidate.

In another column will be found the announcement of A. L. Hanson, of Ada, who seeks the Republican nomination for state senator from this legislative district. Mr. Hanson is an honest and upright gentleman and believes in telling the people of this legislative district the things for which he will stand if he is elected to represent them in the state senate. There are already two other candidates in the field who desire to represent this legislative district—L. O. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, and D. C. Lightbourn, of Ada. Mr. Simons is quite well known to the people of Red Lake county, having served for two terms in the state legislature. As a member of the house last year, he voted against the reciprocal demurrage bill, a bill greatly favored by the people of this district,—and—spent most of his time working for special interest bills, and not one piece of legislation did he favor that was in the interests of the people. Of D. C. Lightbourn, little is known here. It is said upon good authority, however, that he belongs to about the same school of politicians as does Mr. Simons. Suffice is to say that the people of Norman county, who know Mr. Lightbourn and are acquainted with Mr. Simons legislative record, have united in petitioning Mr. Hanson to become a candidate for state senator.

It can be truly said, therefor, that Mr. Hanson is not a candidate just because he may happen to want the honor and the office, but because a sufficiently large number of people who know the principles for which he stands have united in requesting that he become a candidate—a request to which Mr. Hanson felt in duty bound to accede. Whether or not he is now elected depends entirely upon the people, and it is certainly to their interests that a man of Mr. Hanson's stamp is elected to fill this important office.

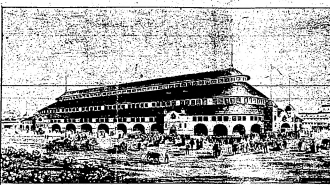

MAMMOTH LIVESTOCK AMPHITHEATER—MINNESOTA STATE FAIR GROUNDS.
Building, 350x250 ft. Arena, 270x120 ft. Seats 7,500. Fair of 1906—Sept. 3 to 8.

In the past too little attention has been paid to the selection of members of the state legislature and as result men that could be purchased or otherwise influenced have in many instances been in the majority and laws not in the interest of the people have been passed. At every session of the legislature the railroads and other large corporations have their paid agents at the state capitol and unless honest men are elected, little legislation of benefit to the people can be secured. It is therefore of the utmost importance to the people that they find out how candidates for the legislature stand upon important matters. Mr. Hanson has stated his platform. Let the others do likewise before you give them your support.

Independent Voters.

While the independent voter is a power in politics—the only real power among the voters, for that matter—much of his effectiveness is lost because he and his fellows are not organized.

An attempt is being made in Michigan, according to the Duluth Herald, to put the independent vote into tangible form, and the result will be watched with great interest. It is not proposed to form a new party, or to seek to win any of the voters away from the parties to which they hold more or less allegiance.

The plan is merely to organize in the interests of good government and good citizenship, and to let the members of the organization work within their own parties. The organization is to be known as the "Progressive Voters' league," and it is proposed to organize the state by securing signers to an enrollment card containing the following statement of principles:

Believing that the people should control the government of Michigan, I hereby enroll myself as one in sympathy with the purposes of the progressive voters' league, which I understand to be as follows: To secure majority rule; to stop corporate and corrupt rule; to bring about the direct responsibility of elected officials to electors by freeing them from subserviency to corporate and financial influences by the adoption of the principles of direct legislation; home rule (including the right of the people of each locality to decide whether they will have public ownership of public utilities or grant franchises); efficient non-partisan civil service. I will exert my influence to secure a legislature and non-partisan constitutional convention free from the domination of the railroads and other public utility corporations, and to support candidates whose character and intelligence gaurantee that their endorsement of the above principles will be faithfully observed.

In any state which is not absolutely controlled by one party or the other such a leauge could dictate the policies of both parties.

The independent vote in such a state is large enough to swing any election. By independent is not meant those belonging to no party, but those members of the two chief parties who care more for principle than for party, and more for good government than for the political profit of the bosses.

The partisan voter is the one that votes for his party and its candidates whether they are right or wrong, good or bad. It is such an unintelligent vote as this that gives the bosses their power to betray public interests to selfish interests, to barter the common good for their own profit. It is the independent voters who prevent such infamous negotiations by refusing to vote for the candidates of their party unless they are the right kind of candidates and own the right kind of principles.

Of course such an organization as the one proposed in Michigan is attended with danger. If it once appeared that it was being used for selfish purposes, its usefulness would be at an immediate end. But so long as it works with a mind single to the attainment of the common good it will be a useful and practical organization.

As to Jury Verdicts.

Down in the Georgia legislature, which has been in session this hot weather, in spite of the fact that all other legislatures are taking their summers quietly, a bill was recently introduced providing that a verdict may be returned in any case upon a three fourths vote of a petit jury.

It may not pass. It probably will not pass, because it is a radical change from ancient custom, and a change that will come but slowly if it comes at all. But nevertheless it is a change that many people will favor, lawyers and clients and judges alike, and it is not at all improbable that a better brand of justice will be worked out of the jury system in that way than is possible with the present rule that verdicts must be unanimous.

Possibly such a change should apply only to civil cases, leaving the criminal cases result in verdicts only upon unanimous votes. But the necessity of securing a full vote in civil cases results in injustice as often as it does in justice.

Where a case is submitted to a jury after a long trial, and the jury disagrees with one, two or three jurors hanging out against all the rest, it is one of the most discouraging outcomes possible. All the labor and expense of the trial has gone for nothing. Unless, perchance, a settlement can be effected, it must be all done over again, and in the meantime witnesses may die or escape, evidence may be lost, or by other means justice may be defeated through the delay.

Another result in civil cases is the compromise verdict, which is seldom just and often absurd. Some years ago a child was terribly injured by a street car in Duluth. The only issue was whether or not the company was liable. If it was, the child's parents were entitled to a substantial verdict. If it was not, they were entitled to nothing. After being out some time the jury returned a verdict for $150 damages, which the court promptly set aside ordering a new trial.

The result was reached, according to the confession of a juror, by getting an average of the amounts the different jurors wanted to give. As a number of them did not believe the street railroad company to be liable, their votes were represented by zero, and this brought the average down to the ridiculous sum mentioned, which the jury gravely produced as its verdict. This method of reaching verdicts is very common in damage cases.

On the whole, in civil cases at least, it seems likely that the three-fourths verdict would give better results than the present unanimous verdict, with its mistrials and miscarriages of justice.—Duluth Herald.

Vote for a man who will go to St. Paul and represent the district and not one that will go down and sell out.

Halleck News: At the coming election the people of this state will have an opportunity of voting for a very important amendment to the constitution. This amendment will remove a number of restrictions placed on the legislature by the constitution that makes it impossible to pass proper tax laws that will tend to make our taxation system equitable. A number of strong interests in this state did not want to have this amendment go before the people, but the legislature put the measure through and it is now up to the people to vote for the amendment, which they they will surely do.

The selection of the right kind of a man to represent this legislative district in the state senate is of more importance to the people than anything else.

We are pleased to publish this week the announcement of A. L. Hanson of Ada for state senator. Mr. Hanson comes before the people in such a way as should appeal strongly to the voters of of the county and of the remainder of this senatorial district. As was recently said of Mr. Wold, we feel that a voter should consider it a privilege to cast his ballot for a man of Mr. Hanson's type.—Twin Valley (Norman County) Times.

The Warren Sheaf has the following to say regarding the drainage of Marshall county lands:

"The eastern part, for example, needs a comprehensive system of drainage and Surveyor Ralph has just shown how the drainage of Mud Lake, for instance, will make dry and tillable that whole region. We, for one, would not be averse to bonding the whole of Marshall county, if necessary, to accomplish such a desirable result.

Preston Times: The Times agrees with Alfred Henry Lewis, the magazine writer, that the people of the country should literally compel President Roosevelt to accept a renomination. No man can fill his place at this crucial period in the country's history, when it is a burning question whether the people or the corporations shall rule, and he has not the moral right to refuse to finish the fight so splendidly begun. The people should refuse to recognize the aspirations of any other man for the presidency.

John O'Brien, of St. Hiaire yesterday filed as a candidate for county auditor. As he is Sphinxlike regarding his attitude in the campaign it is up to the public to consider him the private candidate of the Thief River ring until he announces to the contrary.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mr. O'Brien will give this pledge: That he will at all times do his sworn duty as an officer. That is all that the people of Thief River Falls and a majority of the voters of Red Lake county desire. They are becoming tired of officials who will not do their duty.

There is some prospect of Hon. J. F. Jacobson filing for the house. We know of no person whose services to the state would be of greater value at this time, and it is hoped that he will consent to take up the work he laid down several years ago. A prominent man once remarked that Minnesota could afford to pay the Lac qui Parle member $20,000 a year to sit in the legislature. The value of his services is not overestimated. With Jacobson in the house we may look for some progressive and wholesome legislation.—Alexandria Post-News.

The Canadians have gone a long way ahead of this country in regulating railroads, the Canadian commission having been granted all the power necessary to prevent unjust discrimination or extortionate rates. One of the great reforms the Canadians have accomplished is the prevention of stock watering, so that the people shall not be made to pay tribute on bogus stock as the people of the United States are compelled to do. Our Harrimans, and Morgans, and Vanderbilts, and Cassatts and the other manipulators that have issued fictitious stock from their Wall Street dens must be made to disgorge. The railroad question like the trust and tariff issue will never be settled until justice is done and we have only just entered the opening wedge on regulating the great highway of the nation.—Wheelocks Weekly.

In this issue John B. O'Brien, principal of our village schools for the past eleven years, announces his candidacy for the republican nomination for county auditor. Mr. O'Brien has always been a persistent republican and during his long stay here has won the regard and esteem of all of our townsmen. He announces that if nominated and elected he will so serve the people so as to treat all parties in a fair and impartial manner. Mr. O'Brien is thoroughly capable and if elected will, we think, make an efficient and painstaking official.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette is very anxious to cultivate a friendly feeling with this city just now and says that because there is a county seat fight in progress there should be no bitterness. In so far as the people of Thief River Falls are concerned, there is certainly no bitterness. All that the people of this city ask is that the matter be left to the voters of Red Lake county and if 55 per cent of the voters of this county favor the removal, then the county seat should be removed to this city. They do object to the chicanery of the officers of Red Lake county who have allowed the will of the people to be tramped upon, but in so far as Red Lake Falls is concerned, the people here both love and pity it.

There is a popular belief—evidently well founded on fact, that the corporotions and special interests have control in the upper house of the Minnesota legislature. At the last session the senate stood as solid as the Rock of Gibralter against all popular reform measures passed by the house. This year new senators are elected—and we must have a new deal. The "special interests" are undoubtedly busy trying to get control of the next senate also. This must be prevented. That is the reason why the progressive element of the republican party in Norman county petitioned A. L. Hanson to become a candidate for senator. In common with most citizens of the county we believe he is an entirely safe man for the position, and that he will earnestly try to accomplish the policies he points out in his announcement. Being a man of considerable ability he will be a tower of strenght to the anti-corporation forces in the state senate. Hendrum (Norman County) Review.

Wanted—At the Hotel Ogahmah, two good girls for general work.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased, Plaintiff, vs C. L. Nichols, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County.

You are hereby commanded to summon C. L. Nichols if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on [illegible] of September [illegible] at the hour of [illegible] in the forenoon, and answer to [illegible] whose complaint is [illegible] and have you then and there [illegible]. Witness the Honorable J. M. [illegible], Municipal Judge, this second day of August [illegible]. (Signed) I. M. Haug, Clerk of the Municipal Court.

[illegible]

[illegible], Attorneys for Plaintiff, Thief River Falls, Minn. aug 16

Subscribe for the News.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Peter Eberhardt was down from the Red Lake last week.

John Aos last week purchased the C. L. Dobner residence.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

The Hauges Lutheran church of this city has a new pastor—Rev. M. Dahle, of Chicago.

Miss Johnston, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson, returned Monday evening to her home in Minneapolis.

Dr. Patterson, formerly of this city but more recently of Lancaster, has decided to locate at Brooks again, having removed to that place last week.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Supterintendent of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls last week. Mr. McAnulty will file for the Republican nomination this year again and the chances that he will be successful are very good.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

E. J. Morrisey was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Wayne Richardson was down to Crookston to spend Sunday with friends.

Fred's Poketola cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

Miss Gertrude Meehan was down to Red Lake Falls to visit friends over Sunday.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Middle River last Saturday attending to business matters.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Wanted—About Nov. 1st, a man and wife for general farm work. Must understand care of stock. C. J. Knox.

The post office department has granted the rural mail carriers an annual leave of absence of fifteen days each providing they have been in the service a year or more previous to July 1st.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get, your orders, in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

G. O. Setnas, one of the well-to-do farmers of Marshall county, was married here last Wednesday to Miss Gurine R. Setnas, Judge Wilson performing the ceremony at Mrs. C. Sandmoen's. The bride is a recent arrival from Norway. After the ceremony the happy couple drove to their home.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

E. O. Erickson was down to St. Cloud last week.

Maurice Robbecke was over to Warren last Saturday.

O. T. Tanberg was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

D. W. Conklin was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

—Red Lake Falls is going to make markday a regular institution.

Fr. Adolph was down to Moorhead last week visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Phil Zeh and children were down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with relatives.

Mrs. Ed. Hilson, who had been in the city visiting old friends, returned to Arvilla, N. D., last Saturday.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. A. F. Blomburgh and wife left last Tuesday for Minneapolis where the doctor will stay a short time before leaving for his trip to Germany. His many friends here will wish him good luck on his journey.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

T. R. Palmer, president of the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company, came up from St. Paul yesterday morning, and in company with Ed. Wilcox, of this city, will make a trip over Northern Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. Mr. Palmer's company makes a large number of farm loans in this section and it is for the purpose of looking over the farm lands that he is making this trip.

Word reaches here that Henry J. Kaufer formerly of this city has secured the barber right in a mammoth new hotel being erected at Calgary, N. W. T., and will install a modern barber shop and bath parlor in the new quarters. Arthur Mercier will be a partner with H. J. in the deal, and those who know them are confident that they will make a winner of the venture.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Attorney E. M. Stanton attended to legal business at Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Johnnie Schmitz left last week for North Dakota where he will work during the harvest.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson and Miss Johnstone visited friends at Red Lake Falls last week.

Edward Eckman left Monday for Mayville, N. D., where he will run a threshing rig this fall.

Mrs. Vibert, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. W. A. Wright, returned to Cloquet Monday.

L. Lappgaard left last Saturday for Norway where he expects to remain for about a year visiting old friends.

Miss Minnie May, who had been in the city visiting Mrs E. E. Zeh, returned to Minneapolis last Friday evening.

C. M. Peterson, a former resident of Germantown but at present living at Grand Forks, N. D., was in the city last Friday.

Daniel Gracie, a former resident of Thief River Falls now located at Kelliher, was in the city last week visiting friends.

The $10,000,000 model packing plant which the Armours will soon put in at the twin cities should mean higher prices for cattle in this section.

The Ladies Aid Society of The Hauges Lutheran church will meet at Mrs. Halseth's place on the East Side, August 29th. All cordially invited.

Charles Alexander, who was injured in the mill some two weeks ago by being hit by a log, having one rib broken and sustaining other injuries, is again able to be about.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

There is a rush all over the state to acquire citizenship papers before the new law goes into effect; as it will make the process more difficult and shut out many who can now become citizens.

Phil Robbecke was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday. He says that it is the slowest place he ever saw and would have had a much better time if he had gone to his fathers farm and hoed potatoes all day.

August Carpenter died last Friday after a short illness at his home in Hemmingson's addition. He was 63 years of age and had been a resident of Thief River Falls for a number of years. He was the father of twelve children, ten of whom are still living.

Prof. N. J. Lahre of Jewell college, Ia. will preach in this city Aug. 29 and 30th at Evenson Hall. Meetings begin at 8 o'clock P. M. The meetings will be strictly Gospel meetings. Prof. Lahre is an able speaker. We hope to see a large attendance and "showers of blessings." All are are cordially invited.

When large cities like St. Paul and Minneapolis find the expenditure of money on country roads a paying investment it is time that smaller cities and villages should consider the maintenance of good roads of the greatest importance in securing trade says the Alexandria Post News. The benefits to be derived are porportionately greater for the smaller trading center.

Jas. Power, who has been in the employ of A. J. and A. McKinnon for the past two years, during which time he has worked in their warehouse in this city left last evening for Crystal, N. D., where he will spend the fall running a threshing engine. The large wages offered this year for expert threshermen is drawing a number of the skilled laborers away from the city to the farm.—Crookston Times.

"And it came to pass that after he had advertised his goods, there came unto him great multitudes from all the regions round about and did buy of him. And when his competitors saw it they marvelled among themselves, saying; 'How be it that this man is busy while we loaf idly about our doors?' And he spake unto them: "In this fast age of push and rustle it is easier for a camel to enter the eye of a needle than for a man to flourish without advertising."—Ex.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Pres.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FAMILY SHOE STORE.

SHOE NEWS.

Have you seen the new shoe styles for this fall? They are very handsome. Come in and we will show you the best SHOES the country's best shoemakers know how to build. You do not see a line of shoes every day equal to ours.

Patent, Kid, Calf, Colt Skin, etc. —"All Leathers," "Snappy Styles," "Every Shape."

Lady or Gentleman, it matters not. Come right along and we will shoe you with the best shoes that your price can buy.

THE GOLDEN RULE SHOE DEPT.

A HANDFUL OF COIN is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

About the New County.

Editor News: There is a good deal being said about county division, but I don't think that the parties did right when they started to divide Marshall county because they did not come to us that it affects most, but went to those in the western part that are not interested and don't care much. We are taxed high enough now and only stand about one-third of the expenses of the county. What would our taxes be if we had to support a whole county? Besides it will cost the new county $100,000.00 to get started and we will not be free from the old county's bond until those bonds are paid. Taken from a financial standpoint it would require the people to leave everything and go somewhere else to make a living. Farmers of Eastern Marshall county, do look this thing up before you vote. Don't go to the polls blind. I can't see one cent of benefit we will get from a division, but I can see all loss—loss to every farmer.

Now I urge you once more to look this matter up and don't vote blind.

HENRY ROLLER,
Germantown, Minn.

Democrats to Meet Here.

The Democratic county convention to elect delegates to the state convention will be held in this city on Saturday of this week. As all of the Democrats are for Johnson for governor and there being no strife within the party, it is not likely that the attendance from the country precincts will be very large.

The Best He Ever Saw.

Theo. O. Propp attended the fair at Thief River Falls last week and says it was one of the best county fairs he ever attended.—Fertile Journal.

The Principal Cost of a Suit of Clothes Is the Workmanship.

If you want to wear Suits that are made by good tailors, so that you will be as well dressed as any man, go to

Kosin
THE TAILOR.
OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8 ! ! !

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,044.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

G.A.R. Rates

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets from Thief River Falls to St. Paul and Minneapolis for $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11-14. Final Return Limit August 31.
For further particulars see
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

BOOK ILLUMINATION.

An Early Example of the Artistic Culture of the Ancients.

The underlying thought which has inspired illumination from its very beginning is more interesting even than the gorgeous pages which pass beyond our power of appreciation and defy our comprehension. To the ancients the rarest gems in all the world were the gems of thought. The book was the tangible and visible expression of man's intellect, worthy of the noblest setting. Its covers might be made of tables of beaten gold inlaid with precious jewels, its words might be written in minium of rare brilliancy brought from India or Spain or in Byzantine ink made from pure oriental gold upon parchment soft as velvet made from the skins of still born kids, while upon the ample margins could be displayed miniatures and decorations portraying the highest skill of the great artists of the day.

The earliest example of illumination is a papyrus in the Louvre in Paris, which contains paintings representing funeral ceremonies executed in bright colors, touched in its high lights with pencilled gold. Although we find frequent mention of some poem written in gold, of some magnificent volume or codex of colored vellum or some collection of miniatures or of some magnificent gift book decorated for prince or church, yet this simple, imperfect fragment at the Louvre is the sole tangible evidence we have that so obvious a form of artistic culture as the art of illumination was known to the long period of classical antiquity or to the later luxuries of the life of Athens and Corinth, of Pergamum and Ephesus, of Cyzicus or Rhodes, Syracuse or Tarentum, of Sybaris, of Pompeii and of Rome.

With the invention of printing the demand for the illuminator and the scribe became gradually less, and finally by the end of the sixteenth century illumination ceased to be an art. The book as the developer of the people in science and literature and in learning generally had crowded out the book as an object of art. It need not have done this, perhaps, but as a matter of fact it did.—Boston Transcript.

EAGLES IN BATTLE.

The Daring and Skill of These Fierce Birds of Prey.

Ornithologists are inclined to discourage the idea that eagles are in the habit of attacking large animals, but a contest witnessed by an observer dispels such a theory. The battle was between an eagle and a stag.

The bird singled out from a herd one particular buck, which it succeeded in driving from the rest. It struck the animal with its powerful wings, knocked it down and finally killed it. A still more remarkable spectacle is well authenticated. An eagle attacked a fawn in the highlands of Scotland. The cries of the little one were answered by its dam, which sprang upon the eagle and struck it repeatedly with its forefeet. Fawn, deer and eagle rolled down a declivity, the bird was dislodged from its hold and the fawn rescued.

Many traditions are extant as to the carrying off of children by eagles. The most recent case bearing close scrutiny is one which happened in South Africa. A Boer farmer whose stock had been harried by eagles lay in ambush for the robbers and saw one of them descend and carry off the five-year-old child of one of the Kaffir servants. He shot the bird, which, with the child still clutched in its grip, fell into a thorn bush. The bird was dead, but the child was little hurt.

Two eagles will stalk a covert in concert. While one conceals itself the other beats about the bushes with great screaming, driving out its quarry for the hidden eagle to swoop down upon. An even more insidious method has been observed. An eagle seeing a sheep on the edge of a precipice flew at it, screaming shrilly and with forceful beat of wing hurled it into the valley below, where it could devour it at its leisure. In the light of such records there is good reason for believing the legend of the eagle dropping a tortoise on the bald head of Æschylus, the Greek poet, and so causing his death.

Her Dilemma.

A Doniphan county woman who was ill and found herself in a trying position explained her woe to a friend. "You see, my daughter Harriet married one of these homeypath doctors and my daughter Kate an allypath. If I call the homeypath my allypath son-in-law and his wife will get mad, an' if I call my allypath son-in-law then my homeypath son-in-law an' his wife will get mad, an' if I go ahead an' get well without either of 'em then they'll both be mad, so I don't see but I've got to die outright."—Troy (Kan.) Chief.

Echoes.

Every one is familiar with the phenomenon of echoes. In a cave in the Pantheon the guide, by striking the flap of his coat, makes a noise equal to a twelve pound cannon's report. The singularity is noticed in a lesser degree in the Mammoth cave in Kentucky. In the cave of Smellin, near Viborg, in Finland, a cat or dog thrown in will make a screaming echo lasting some minutes.

A Natural Wonder.

Teacher—What are marsupials? Boy—Animals which have pouches in their stomachs. Teacher—What do they have pouches for? Boy—To crawl into and conceal themselves in when they are pursued.—Figaro.

A person may not merit favor, as that is only the claim of man, but he can never demerit charity, for that is the command of God.—Sterne.

A SUBMARINE FOREST.

Wonders of the Offshore Sierras, a Coast Range of California.

Along the great blue current of Japan that sweeps down the California coast is strung a chain of islands. They are the summits of offshore sierras, a coast range of California that has been partly overwhelmed by the sea. All have a peculiar beard, or protecting growth of weed, that constitutes a perfect forest about them, a giant seaweed growing in water sixty or more feet in depth and forming a natural wave break and a home for countless marine animals. The vines are sometimes 100 feet in length, vast cables, with broad, crimpled leaves of a dark olive hue, which assume graceful shapes in the tide.

When the visitor peers down into the turquoise water the scene is often a revelation. A new world is opened up and the real beauties of oceanic or submarine scenery are appreciated. The great leaves are carried by the fitful currents that sweep these islands in every direction. Sometimes they are extended at full length and appear like a horde of green snakes. Again they lie down upon the surface, listless and drooping, taking myriads of shapes and forming nooks and corners of great beauty.

So attractive are these forests that what is known as the water glass has been elaborated into a glass bottomed boat, which has several large plate glass windows through which the passengers may look down into the kelp forests and view a panorama of the sea. These boats range in size from rowboats to sidewheel steamers, so arranged that they can float over the forest and view its wonders up and down the coast.—Chicago News.

PUMICE STONE.

The Product of Monte Chirica, on the Island of Lipari.

Pumice, as is well known, is of volcanic origin, being a trachytic lava which has been rendered light by the escape of gases when in a molten state. It is found on most of the shores of the Tyrhenian sea and elsewhere, but is at present almost exclusively obtained from the little island of Lipari. Most of the volcanoes of Lipari have ejected pumaceous rocks, but the best stone is all the product of one mountain, Monte Chirica, nearly 2,000 feet in height, with its two accessory craters. The district in which the pumice is excavated covers an area of three square miles. It has been calculated that about 1,000 hands are engaged in this industry, 600 of whom are employed in extricating the mineral.

Pumice is brought to the surface in large blocks or in baskets and is carried thus either to the neighboring village or to the seashore to be taken there in boats. The supply is said to be practically inexhaustible. Pumice is used not merely for scouring and cleansing purposes, but also for polishing in numerous trades; hence the fact that the powdered pumice exported exceeds in weight the block pumice. Between twenty and thirty merchants are engaged in the pumice trade on the island.—London News.

Ragamuffins.

Mr. Birrell's story about the little ragamuffin in a church school stirred a clerical correspondent to write a letter wherein he spoke of ragamuffins as "boys who have more rags than muffins." No doubt that was not meant to be taken seriously from the etymological point of view. The muffin of the word has puzzled many. "Ragamuffin," says Dr. Johnson, "is from 'rag,' and I know not what else." According to Dr. Brewer the word means a ragged "muff" or "muffin" (a spiritless fellow). But the original Ragamoffyn seems to have been a demon in certain old mystery plays, whose name was probably just high sounding nonsense. It is curious, however, that "the ragman" is an old name for the devil.—London Chronicle.

Contradictions.

"The more the merrier." Not so. One hand is enough in a purse. "Nothing hurts the stomach more than surfeiting." Yes, lack of meat. "Nothing but what has an end." Not so. A ring has none, for it is round. "Money is a great comfort." Not when it brings a thief to the gallows. "The world is a long journey." Not so. The sun goes over it every day. "It is a great way to the bottom of the sea." Not so. It is but a stone's cast. "A friend is best found in adversity." Not so. For then there is none to be found. "The pride of the rich makes the labor of the poor." Not so. The labor of the poor makes the pride of the rich.

Cold Blooded Opinion.

"When a man loses his money," remarked the cynic, "he finds out who his friends are."

"Yes," answered Mr. Dustin Stax, "it is a wise compensation. When a man loses his fortune he saves the time he used to spend shaking hands and listening to hard luck stories and gets a chance to make another."—Washington Star.

Little Pitchers.

Willie—Uncle Jack, did you choke on that cake batter ma made yesterday? Rich Old Uncle—Good heavens, no, child! What put such an extraordinary idea into your head? Willie—Why, I heard pa tell ma he made you cough up the dough.—Baltimore American.

This Was Where They Grew.

Mrs. Newly Rich (shopping in Paris)—Show us some wraps—imported, of course. French Saleswoman—Imported, madame? From where, s'il vous plait?

The most insignificant people are the most apt to sneer at others.—Hazlitt.

THE CHILEAN "YAPPA."

It Is Similar to the "Lagniappe" of New Orleans.

Residents of New Orleans and northern readers of Cable's stories of the city are familiar with the interesting and gracious custom of small tradesmen of giving lagniappe. The word, commonly pronounced "lanyap," refers to the small present which the dealers make to their customers as a sort of inducement to call again. The custom is so firmly established that the people are in the habit of waiting for their little present after they have made their purchases, and children ask for it. Mrs. Hort in her book "The Garden of the Pacific" describes a similar custom in Valparaiso. The Chileans, however, call the gift a "yappa," which one readily sees is kindred to the word used in New Orleans.

"I used to frequent the fruit market, which was well stocked. The fresh figs were the largest and sweetest that I had ever seen or tasted, and I made a point of daily bringing some home for breakfast.

"The first time I selected the number which I wanted the girl placed them between leaves in my basket and then laid another half dozen on the top. I supposed that she wished me to buy an extra quantity and shook my head in the negative. She smilingly explained that it was for a yappa. As I had nothing more to pay, I was agreeably impressed by the custom.

"The Chileans exact the yappa as their due. We were in a confectionery shop one day when a small child came in and held up a centavo (halfpenny) for some sweets. The man handed them to her. She held up her other hand and lisped out, 'Mi yappa,' and got it."—New York Globe.

THE SAIS OF EGYPT.

A Warning Runner Who Bellows Like a Bull as He Goes.

The sais is a runner who keeps in front of a carriage and warns common people out of the way and who beats them with a stick if they do not hurry up about it.

It is obvious that to do this he must run quickly. Most men when they run bend their bodies forward and keep their mouths closed in order to save their wind. The sais runs with his shoulders thrown back and trumpeting like an enraged elephant. He holds his long wand at his side like a musket and not trailing in his hand like a walking stick; and he wears a soft shirt of white stuff and a sleeveless coat buried in gold lace.

He is a perfect ideal of color and movement, and as he runs he bellows like a bull or roars as you have heard a lion roar at feeding times in a menagerie.

There are sometimes two of them running abreast, dressed exactly alike and with the upper part of their bodies as rigid as the wand pressed against their sides and with the ends of their scarf and the long tassel streaming out behind.

As they yell and bellow donkeys and carriages and people scramble out of their way until the carriage they precede has rolled rapidly by. Only princesses of the royal harem and consuls general and the heads of the army of occupation and the Egyptian army are permitted two sais; other people may have one.

When Thackeray Struck.

A letter written by Thackeray to the proprietor of Fraser's Magazine is quoted under the head of "When Thackeray Went on Strike." As a matter of fact, Trackeray, so far from acting on the principle of unionism, acted on precisely the opposite principle and asserted his right to individual preference. "Well," he says, "I dare say you will be very indignant and swear I am the most mercenary of individuals. Not so. But I am a better workman than most of your crew and desire a better price." He ends amiably, "You must not, I repeat, be angry or, because we differ as tradesmen, break off our connection as friends."—London News.

A Barbarous Policy.

After the Dutch had taken the Moluccas from the Portuguese they introduced the cultivation of the clove into their own possessions, cut down all the clove trees of the Moluccas and pronounced death on any one who would plant a single clove bush or gather or sell a pound of the product. Expeditions were sent from their other eastern possessions every year to cut down any bushes that might have accidentally started in the Molucca islands. This barbarous policy made the islands a desert, for, deprived of their forests, the volcanic soil was washed away, and the population starved or was deported.

His Fair Share.

The Chinese always have understood the great art of making the punishment fit the crime. Man or joss, if he offends, gets exactly his deserts. Viceroy Shum, who was anxious to see the end of the heavy rainfalls, was very angry with the guardian joss of Canton, who remained deaf to all prayers to bring about a little sunshine. A Weiyuen was dispatched to the temple with orders to uncover the roof over the joss' head and let him have his fair share of the rain.

Logical.

She—I think we should be able to live nicely on $3,000 a year. He—But my salary is only $2,000. She—I know it, dear, but my clothes come to $1,000 a year, and I have enough now to last for the first twelve months.

Woman's Love.

"Which of the two do you think you will love the longest, Peter or Paul?"

"The one who will forget me the quickest."—Paris Figaro.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Andrew Rickson, H. E. 320, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 17, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thoma Bordnarak, " "
Joseph Askie, " "
Andrew Sanders, " "

July 19 aug 23 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 291, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 151 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Christine B. Shirley, H. E. 1136, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Heim, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Niewerth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

July 26 aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906, viz: Line Olsen Ostreness, now Mrs. Oscar B. Hanson, H. E. 258, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E½ SW¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter H. Stenbgrem, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Berg, " "
Paul Troonvet, " "
Ole L. Bakken, " "

July [illegible] aug 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans [illegible], deceased, Plaintiff, vs C. L. Nelson, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of Said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. L. Nelson if he shall be found within the [illegible] of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls at a term thereof to be holden on the [illegible] day of September 1906, at the hour of [illegible] in the forenoon, and answer to [illegible] in a civil action whose complaint is [illegible] in said Court, and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable J. M. [illegible], Judge, this second day of August [illegible] L. M. [illegible], Clerk of the Municipal Court.

[illegible]
Attorneys for Plaintiff
Thief River Falls, Minn. [illegible] aug 16

—Subscribe for the News.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

At 7:52 p. m. Aug. 16 Valparaiso, Chile, experienced an earthquake of great severity and during that night eighty-two shocks were felt. Most of the buildings of the city were either ruined or damaged. The loss will be enormous, probably reaching $250,000,000. Two thousand persons killed is considered to be a fair estimate of the casualties. At Santiago, the capital of Chile, many of the largest buildings were destroyed and many lives lost. Vina del Mar, three miles from Valparaiso and having a population of over 10,000; Quirihue, 225 miles to the southward, having a population of 2,500; Salto Limacho, fifteen miles to the northwest, with a population of 6,500; Quillota, twenty-five miles to the northwest, with a population of 10,000, and villages all around were destroyed. Most of the damage was due to fire, which started immediately after the first shock.

Despite a heavy downpour of rain immense crowds assembled at the docks at Buenos Ayres to witness the arrival of Secretary of State Root and his party, who were received by the ministers of marine and foreign affairs. Later an official reception and banquet was given by President Alcosta in honor of the secretary.

Great satisfaction prevails at the German foreign office over the results of the meeting at Friedrichshof between King Edward and Emperor William. The latter has expressed himself as being highly satisfied with the outcome of his personal conferences with the king.

A serious revolution has broken out in Santo Domingo. Revolutionary bands under the command of General Navarro have landed near Riviere and attacked and captured Dajabon, which was pillaged and abandoned after twenty persons had been killed.

King Edward arrived at Cronburg, Prussia, Wednesday. Emperor William met him at the railroad station. The emperor assisted the king in alighting and then they kissed each other on both cheeks. The meeting was very cordial.

Half a dozen highly prominent leaders of the Liberal party in Cuba have been taken into custody on the charge of conspiracy against the government and plotting to assassinate President Palma.

The sultan of Turkey has ordered the release of all the prisoners in the empire who have completed two-thirds of their sentences as a mark of gratification for the recovery of his health.

Twenty-six thousand miners at Abertillery, Scotland, have struck owing to the employment of nonunion workmen in the mines.

Earthquake shocks of more or less severity have been felt in the island of Martinique, but no damage resulted.

Twenty-one men were killed and many others injured by an explosion in a fireworks factory at Bahia, Brazil.

A tidal wave, attributed to the Chilean earthquake, has occurred in the Hawaiian islands.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

Thirteen policemen, four police sergeants, seven gendarmes and four soldiers were killed during Wednesday's massacre at Warsaw and eight policemen, two sergeants, two gendarmes and six soldiers were wounded. The soldiers, in replying to the attacks on the police, killed thirteen men and two women and severely wounded seventy persons and slightly injured ninety-five.

Acting apparently with a definite plan and at a given signal the terrorists and revolutionists have inaugurated a carnival of murderous attacks with bombs and revolvers on the police and troops in various cities in Poland. At Warsaw alone twenty persons were killed and many wounded.

Reports from the southern and southwestern parts of the interior testify to the spreading of peasant disorders. Reports of only about one-tenth of the number of outrages reach the press. The troops passively obey all other orders, but refuse to fire on the peasants.

The activity of the terrorists and revolutionists and lack of support of the public are steadily forcing the government's hands in the direction of repression. The events in Poland have given a new impetus to the talk of a military dictatorship.

Last week's statistics show that fifty-eight officials were murdered and forty-three were wounded in Russia proper; that fifty bomb depots were discovered; that six safes were rifled of money and that sixty-three persons were robbed.

Since the acute revival of terrorism the ministry of the interior has been flooded with complaints forwarded by chiefs of police in all parts of the empire to the effect that the police are resigning by wholesale.

Seventeen of the sailors of the Russian cruiser Pamyat Azova, who mutinied Aug. 2, and one agitator arrested in connection with the mutiny, were executed at Reval Saturday.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Lewis Morrison, the actor, whose work as Mephisto in "Faust" gained him fame, died suddenly in New York city of shock after undergoing an operation for a disease of the stomach. He was sixty-one years of age.

Michael F. Dwyer, long one of the most prominent figures of the American turf, is dead. At one time he had amassed a fortune, but he died practically penniless.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Plunging through a blinding rain storm at the rate of forty-five miles an hour a fast freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad crashed into a work train at Sang Hollow, Pa., killing seven and seriously injuring seven others of the work train crew.

Two men lost their lives in a fierce fire in the sail loft of a ship chandler's establishment at Buffalo, N. Y. The dead are Captain James Robertson, a veteran lake captain, and Charles Johnson, a sailmaker.

Fannie King, aged seventeen, and Miss Nellie and Lena Jordahl, aged twenty and eighteen, all of Lake Park, Minn., were drowned when a raft on which they were riding drifted into deep water and sank.

Floods in Arizona and the southern part of California, as a result of cloudbursts, have completely tied up the transcontinental lines of the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific.

A Western Ohio interurban car jumped the track while going at full speed at Cridersville, O., killing three and injuring over twenty persons.

Three men and thirty-one horses perished in the destruction by fire of the Kelly livery stable at Larimore, N. D.

Twelve persons lost their lives in the waters about New York Sunday. Most of the victims were bathers.

The Pacific Mail liner Manchuria is ashore near Honolulu and it is feared the vessel will be a total loss.

Six persons lost their lives in Duluth and vicinity Sunday. All but one of the victims were bathers.

One case of yellow fever has been located at New Iberia, La., 125 miles from New Orleans.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Preliminary steps are being taken by the administration with a view to securing the enactment of drastic immigration laws at the next session of congress. By order of President Roosevelt an inquiry is in progress having for its purpose the collection of data on the subject of immigration, which the president will use in his message to congress next winter.

President Roosevelt has appointed James S. Harlan of Chicago a member of the interstate commerce commission. Mr. Harlan is a son of John M. Harlan, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States.

Orders have been issued by the war department for the transfer of the colored troops from Fort Brown, Tex., where there has been serious trouble between citizens and soldiers, to Fort Ringgold, Tex.

Santo Domingo is again in a ferment and according to dispatches received by the state department more revolutionary troubles are expected there at any time.

The government Wednesday purchased 50,000 ounces of silver, 999 fine, at 66.62 cents per ounce.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

In a fit of insanity Emil Berner, a mechanic of Batavia, Ill., murdered his brother-in-law, Ernest Franzen, by cutting his throat with a razor; slashed Mrs. Berner so severely that she will die and then cut his own throat, dying within a few minutes.

The Bank of Smithville, W. Va., has been closed by a state bank examiner and Cashier G. C. Clammer is under arrest charged with falsifying the accounts. The shortage is alleged to be $30,000.

Bob Davis, a negro accused of murderous assault on a white woman, was lynched at Columbia, S. C., despite the personal appeal of Governor Heyward, who beseeched the mob not to lynch the prisoner.

Twenty negro soldiers of the Twenty-fifth infantry went on a rampage at Brownsville, Tex. Several volleys were fired down the main street of the town, killing one person and injuring another.

POLITICAL NEWS.

A letter from President Roosevelt reviewing and approving the work of the present congress and urging the re-election of the present membership has been made public by the Republican congressional campaign committee.

Joseph G. Cannon, speaker of the national house of representatives, was renominated unanimously for congress by the Republican congressional convention at Danville, Ill. He was also endorsed for president in 1908.

E. H. R. Green of Terrell, president of the Texas Midland railroad and son of Mrs. Hetty Green of New York, has been nominated for governor by Texas Republicans.

Former United States Senator Lee Mantle of Butte has formally announced his candidacy for United States senator from Montana.

Nebraska Democrats and Populists have nominated a fusion state ticket.

LABOR NEWS.

The fifty-second annual convention of the International Typographical union at Colorado Springs voted to reduce the strike assessment from 10 per cent to 8 per cent on the wages of employed printers, declaring that the fight for the eight-hour day is practically won. Out of a total membership of over 46,000 only 4,709 are on strike.

As the result of a fight at Butler Junction, Pa., between union and nonunion miners Stef Reaway, a nonunionist was fatally stabbed and John Mosely is missing and is supposed to have been killed. Twenty-five others were more or less seriously hurt.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Sixteen thousand veterans of the Grand Army braved the discomforts of a long march and participated in the fortieth annual parade in connection with the national encampment of that organization at Minneapolis. Before the parade was over fully a score of marchers were prostrated from heat and exhaustion and two of those stricken died within an hour. The parade was a notable affair as such things go, well handled, quick moving and inspiring to see.

The business session of the Grand Army encampment at Minneapolis selected the following officers: Commander-in-chief, R. B. Brown, Zanesville, O.; senior vice commander, William H. Armstrong, Indianapolis; junior vice commander, E. B. Fenton, Detroit; chaplain-in-chief, Archbishop John Ireland, St. Paul; surgeon general, W. H. Johnson, Lincoln, Neb.

The freight bores of the Illinois Tunnel company at Chicago are now carrying merchandise of all kinds in carload lots. This movement marks the practical completion of the Illinois Tunnel company's system of underground freight railroads, the construction of which was begun five years ago and which has cost its owners about $30,000,000.

Prominent foreign bankers associated with Joseph Ramsey, Jr., former president of the Wabash railroad, propose to build a low grade double track electric railroad from New York to Chicago by way of Pittsburg, which will cost about $150,000,000. The new line will be 108 miles shorter than the shortest line between New York and Chicago.

President Roosevelt is the recipient of one of the finest collections of orchids ever sent to this country, the gift of Manuel de Yriarte, a wealthy Filipino planter. Seven thousand varieties are included in the shipment, brought to this country by the army transport Thomas, which arrived at San Francisco on Saturday.

Amid scenes of frantic trading on the Stock Exchange Friday Union Pacific common stock rushed upward 17⅛ points a share and that of Southern Pacific 6⅞ points, after an announcement of dividends far in excess of what the traders had any reason to expect.

With one bullet straight through his heart and another through his temple Charles Williams, a negro of Hattiesburg, Miss., has survived for several days and the prospects are that he will eventually recover.

The First National bank of Chelsea, Mass., has been closed and a national bank examiner placed in charge. Excessive loans to the president of the concern are the cause of the suspension.

The sales of shares in the first hour Monday on the New York Stock Exchange totalled 864,550 shares, which was said to be a new high record.

The E. Y. Townsend, the biggest steamer on fresh water, was launched at Superior, Wis., Saturday.

The Garfield Park bank, a small Chicago institution, has been placed in the hands of a receiver.

The Grand Army encampment for 1907 will be held at Saratoga, N. Y.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

William J. Bryan confirms the report from Melbourne that he intends to visit Australia. He says he will start immediately after the November elections, sailing from San Francisco and making a tour of New Zealand as well as Australia.

According to report John D. Rockefeller has under consideration a proposition to endow a home for chorus girls to the extent of $100,000. The project was planned by Miss Marie Cahill, the actress.

Major General Arthur MacArthur, U. S. A., has been elected commander-in-chief of the Society of the Army of the Philippines.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 20.—Wheat—Sept., 71⅝c; Dec., 72¾@73c; May, 77c. On track—No. 1 hard, 72@77¼c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 71@72½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 20.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 77c; No. 2 Northern, 75¼c; Sept., 73c; Dec., 73⅞c; May, 77⅞c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14⅛; Sept., $1.13⅞; Oct., $1.11¼; Dec., $1.10⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 20.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.80@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.75; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Wheat—Sept., 71⅜@71½c; Dec., 74⅝@74½c. Corn—Sept., 45c; Dec., 44⅛c. Oats—Sept., 29⅞c; Dec., 31@31⅛c. Pork—Sept., $17.05, Jan., $13.57½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@21½c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—14@16c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 11c; springs, 13c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@6.75; cows and heifers, $1.35@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.40; Texans, $2.75@4.60; Westerns, $3.70@5.25; calves, $5.00@7.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.52½; good heavy, $6.05@6.47½; rough heavy, $5.75@5.95; light, $6.00@6.55; pigs, $5.40@6.25. Sheep, $3.25@5.40; lambs, $4.75@8.00.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Bradbury Richardson, postmaster at Glencoe, is dead, aged seventy-four.

James Ralston of Minneapolis, aged nineteen, was kicked to death by a horse.

C. L. Anderson, a substitute mail carrier, was killed by a street car at Minneapolis.

Rev. August Olson, for forty years a resident of Afton, is dead, aged seventy-eight years.

T. S. Gray, for a number of years manager of the West hotel, Minneapolis, died last week at Milwaukee.

Herman and Henry Schultz were badly injured at St. Paul when a street car hit an oil wagon upon which they were riding.

Alexander B. Lyon, for thirty years a conductor on the Hastings and Dakota division of the Milwaukee road, is dead at Minneapolis.

Rue M. Riegel, fifteen years old, only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Riegel, was drowned in the Mississippi river at St. Paul while bathing.

Frank Hodmarck, an eight-year-old boy, was drowned while bathing in a pool of water in a deserted quarry on the outskirts of Minneapolis.

The explosion of a mold used by the city railway company in welding rails at St. Paul injured several people by a shower of molten metal.

James T. McMillan, aged sixty-seven, one of St. Paul's pioneer citizens and the first man to establish a packing plant in that city, is dead.

Monday, Sept. 3, has been designated as Labor day by Governor Johnson in a proclamation in which he pays a high tribute to the laboring man.

W. R. Alexander of Two Harbors, a brakeman on the Duluth and Iron Range road, fell from engine No. 76 at Eveleth as the result of a sunstroke and was killed.

Frank Weaver is the first Blue Earth county farmer to finish threshing and reports a yield of twenty-two bushels of No. 2 wheat to the acre and forty-five bushels of oats.

Mrs. Augusta Windhorn, eighty-two years old, was fatally burned at her home in the town of Stark, Brown county, as a result of attempting to start a fire with kerosene.

Estimates furnished by passenger officials show that the railroads hauled in approximately 164,000 people to the Twin Cities last week on account of the G. A. R. national encampment.

While on his way home from work at Minneapolis Fred Krouse, eighteen years of age, was run into by a supply car on the street railway tracks and was so badly crushed that he died within a few hours.

William Wakefield, aged eighty-one, for fifty years a resident of St. Paul and one of the best known old settlers in the city, is dead. Mr. Wakefield had been ill but a short time and his death was due to old age.

The saloon of Albert Zinsky, West St. Paul, was held up at 3 o'clock in the afternoon by a lone highwayman. The bartender, Joe Glowsky, was beaten into insensibility and the cash register was robbed of all it contained, amounting to $15.

While trying to avoid a collision with a buggy containing a woman and two children Kenneth Rand, the eighteen-year-old son of A. T. Rand of Minneapolis, was thrown from his automobile at Excelsior and received injuries that may prove fatal.

August Bornhardt, a prominent farmer, committed suicide while in a field on his farm in the town and county of Nicollet. Death evidently resulted from poisoning, but the kind of drug used is not known. The body was found in the field after the man had been dead some time.

George Lally, who has had charge of the Minnesota Malting company's elevator at Rice station, Goodhue county, was found dead in the pasture where he had gone to milk the cow. He was forty years old and is survived by a family. It is presumed that death was due to heart failure.

A. L. Cole & Co. of Akeley have closed a deal with the Red River Lumber company for a forty-acre tract of land one and a half miles south of Akeley and at once will begin the construction of a packinghouse. It is said that the firm intends to buy up all of the available cattle in Northern Minnesota.

A popular appeal for campaign contributions has been sent broadcast throughout the state by the Republican state central committee. The appeal is signed by Chairman A. B. Cole and Secretary C. H. Warner and calls upon every voter in the state to contribute as generously as he can to the funds for the Republican battle this year.

In a circular to county auditors Attorney General Young advises that women had better be allowed to vote at the primaries for school superintendents. He does not withdraw his opinion recently given that women have no right to vote at the primaries, but since there has been some controversy on the question he advises that they be allowed to vote and the votes be kept separate.

Governor Johnson has ordered the railroad and warehouse commission to compel the three Northern roads to put into effect the grain rate which they proposed as a compromise early last week. The governor is of the opinion that if these roads were willing to make a reduction of 10 per cent on grain, which they can afford to do by their own statement, they should be compelled to do so.

APPLEBY WILL UPHELD.

Husband Fails to Break Ante-Nuptial Contract.

St. Paul, Aug. 18.—Judge Hallam has decided against Dr. T. E. V. W. Appleby, who sued for a share of the estate of his wife, Cornelia Day Appleby. This is the third division of the A. H. Wilder estate, left to charity, amounting in all to $2,500,000. His own bequest was first in 1894, his widow's like bequest in 1904 was sustained after contest. His daughter's share is involved in this case.

Each of these three wills established a fund for relief of "the worthy poor," to be known as the "A. H. Wilder Charity corporation," each separately managed.

In the estate of Mrs. Appleby funds were set apart to yield an income of $10,000, which was promised to her husband in an ante-nuptial contract. That provision was attacked on the ground that the $10,000 income was a charge upon the whole estate.

Underlying that the ante-nuptial agreement was attacked, by which, before their marriage, Dr. Appleby waived any interest in his wife's estate beyond the $10,000 annuity which she thereby guaranteed him, the allowance to be forfeited if he remarried.

That stipulation was attacked on the ground that it was contrary to public policy as discouraging marriage and it was argued that, if valid, the ante-nuptial contract could not renounce rights to inherit but only present interests. Finally the trust was attacked as indefinite and therefore void.

Judge Hallam upholds the probate court decrees holding the will good in all respects.

VESSELS SAIL FROM DULUTH.

Thirty or More Steamers Clear for Lower Lake Ports.

Duluth, Aug. 15.—The fixed span on the Wisconsin side of the damaged interstate bridge has been floated off its foundation piers.

The accomplishment of this feat was signalized by the blowing of whistles in the harbor and the rush of the thirty or more steamers that have been bottled up since last Friday night to clear for lower lake ports.

The removal of the span provides a channel 230 feet wide, or twenty feet narrower than the old ones at the draw. The engineers have taken the measurements and found there will be a 170-foot channel with from 25 to 30 feet of water while the least depth in any part of the whole 230-foot channel will be 19 feet. With this width it is claimed that the largest lake freighter loaded to its capacity will have no trouble in making the passage.

STEAMER QUINCY RAISED.

Damage to Hull Greater Than Was Supposed.

Winona, Minn., Aug. 16.—The steamer Quincy of the Diamond Jo line, which has been on the bottom of the river near Trempeleau for a month, has at last been floated. After the divers had completed their work of fixing the hull it took nine hours to pump out the water.

The damage to the hull is found to be greater than was at first supposed. The machinery is now being cleaned and put in shape and the boat will be taken to Eagle Point ways under her own steam and will there be thoroughly repaired. She will not go into commission until next spring.

OBJECT TO THE STEWARD.

Firemen on Steamer Northwest Secure His Dismissal.

Duluth, Aug. 15.—The steamer Northwest was about two hours late in clearing from Duluth owing to a strike among her firemen, who are reported to have had serious trouble with the steward.

The strikers demanded that the steward be left behind and to pacify them the officers consented to get a new man and the old one was put ashore. The firemen claimed that they were not getting enough to eat and further alleged that the food was not palatable.

LARGEST ON THE LAKES.

Steamer E. Y. Townsend Launched at Superior.

Superior, Wis., Aug. 18.—With a foam producing splash the E. Y. Townsend, the biggest steamer on fresh water, took her initial dip at noon. The launching was entirely without mishap. Superior and Duluth turned out a social crowd to witness the launching. Miss Emma Phelps, granddaughter of the president of the South Shore railroad, christened the steamer, using champagne.

The Townsend measures 602 feet in length, is 58 feet beam and 32 feet depth.

Robbed and Murdered.

St. Paul, Aug. 20.—Henry Dankert, twenty-seven years old, a boilermaker from Milwaukee, was attacked by two men in the Wisconsin Central yards near the Third street bridge, kicked, robbed and fatally shot. He was found unconscious in the yards at midnight and taken to the city hospital in the police ambulance. The physicians found a bullet wound over his heart and his abdomen showed evidence of many kicks. He died several hours later.

St. Paul Laborer Killed.

St. Paul, Aug. 15.—John Seldquist, a laborer for the Northern Heating and Lighting company, living at Ninth and Pine streets, was killed almost instantly by the cave-in of a trench at Seventh and Sibley streets, and J. C. McCoy, 93 Park place, employed in the same work, was seriously hurt, but will recover.

SIX PERSONS DROWN

WATER CLAIMS MANY VICTIMS AT DULUTH AND NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

Scarcity of Labor Reported by Farmers, Contractors and Railroad Companies—Millions of Dollars' Worth of Property on the Mesaba Range Threatened by Forest Fires—News of the State in General.

Duluth, Aug. 20.—The water claimed six victims in the Head of the Lakes region Sunday. Frank Zutter, aged twenty-three, and his brother, William, aged twenty-one, went bathing in a deep stripping hole a short distance east of Hibbing. They got beyond their depth and, being unable to swim, sank before their brother-in-law, George Kiddam, who witnessed the accident, could reach them.

The sixteen-year-old son of Harry Thom, living seven miles north of Aitkin, was drowned in the Mississippi. He was assisting his father in making a raft of logs when he slipped and fell into the water. He never came to the surface.

Hans Nelson, sixteen years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Chris Nelson of Superior, perished in St. Louis bay in the sight of a number of companions who had warned him not to wade out beyond his depth. His body was recovered.

W. B. Peck, a dry goods merchant of Duluth, was drowned while in bathing at Solon Springs, Wis., in the presence of his two young daughters.

SCARCITY OF LABOR SERIOUS.

Cry for More Men From All Over the Northwest.

Duluth, Aug. 17.—Scarcity of labor is the cry all over the Northwest from the Head of the Lakes to the great wheat fields of the Dakotas, where the demand has reached a critical stage. With the largest grain crop in the history of the country the farmers of the Dakotas are crying frantically for help in the harvest. In many cases the farmers are offering from $2.50 to $3 per day and board and have not more than 50 per cent of the labor they require. The same conditions are being experienced in all lines of industry, including the railroads, contractors and mines, both on the range and in the copper country. The labor famine in the Northwest is pronounced the worst in the history of the section.

DEPENDS UPON THE WIND.

Millions of Dollars' Worth of Property Endangered by Fire.

Duluth, Aug. 20.—The lack of wind is the only thing that now prevents a possible reign of terror from forest fires on the Mesaba and Vermillion ranges.

The Mesaba range is a veritable furnace as a result of the fires that have spread and are still spreading over the parched surface of the ground and swamps, and heat and smoke are almost unendurable. Millions of dollars' worth of property in towns and mines are in peril and the danger hangs solely upon the direction and force that the wind may take at any time.

TWO MEN DROWNED.

Minneapolis Bathers Lose Their Lives in Lake Minnetonka.

Minneapolis, Aug. 20.—Two men were drowned Sunday afternoon at Lake Minnetonka, both at different places and while in bathing.

Ralph Strole, aged twenty-two, lost his life at Salsburg point.

The other, a man named Baker, was drowned while bathing at Shady island. Both victims were seized with cramps and sank before aid could reach them from shore. They lived in Minneapolis and the bodies were recovered.

GRAIN RATES REDUCED.

Certain Minnesota Roads Make Cut of Ten Per Cent.

St. Paul, Aug. 20.—The Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Soo railroads have announced a reduction of 10 per cent on the freight rate on grain.

The reduction will take effect Sept. 1, in time to apply to this year's crop, and the territory it will cover is the whole state, except that part within fifty miles of the terminals, which means practically all the territory in which grain is raised.

POURED KEROSENE INTO STOVE.

Mother and Child Fatally Burned at Madelia, Minn.

Madelia, Minn., Aug. 17.—Mrs. Patrick Osborne, aged forty-seven years, living on a farm six miles southeast of town, was fatally burned while pouring kerosene into a stove from a kerosene can. A two-year-old baby daughter standing nearby was also fatally burned. As a result of the injuries the mother died at 7:30 p. m. and the child at midnight.

Three Girls Drowned.

Detroit, Minn., Aug. 16.—Fannie King, aged seventeen, and Miss Nellie and Lena Jordahl, aged twenty and eighteen, all of Lake Park, Minn., were drowned in Cormorant lake, when a raft on which they were riding drifted into deep water and sank.

A RABBIT DOG.

Not As Good for Hunting Chickens as the Other Kind.

"About the most exasperating thing in the world, to my notion, is to have a bird dog that will chase rabbits," says A. S. Krats. "Two years ago I paid $35 for a pointer that was guaranteed all right by the former owner, and when I got the animal into the field I found he would rather chase a rabbit than eat, and he was pretty fond of eating, at that.

"I'll never forget the first day I had him in the field. Two friends were along with me, and we were in a good chicken country. The dog looked to be a good one, and I had been prasing his qualities quite liberally, depending on the word of the man I had bought him from. From what I said, the other fellows expected I had something real good in the way of a dog, but they soon found occasion to change their opinion. He got on the trail of a rabbit and followed it for an hour, paying not the least attention to chickens even when he flushed a covey. I never felt so cheap in my life, and came nearly sending a charge of shot after the pup. I don't believe there is any way of breaking a dog of the rabbit habit once he has gotten into it."

Corn in Northern Minnesota.

Mrs. A. W. Clark in Middle River Pioneer: The silks are dying on some of our yellow dent corn which was pollenized three years ago with the pollen from squaw corn, and it looks as if we will get a crop of good ripe corn. Should we do so, Professor Bass, agriculturalist at the University farm, at St. Anthony Park, who has been watching the results of our experiments in this line, has written that he would like some or the corn to experiment with in our northern counties.

There is doubt that we have improved the yellow dent corn by making it two to three weeks earlier than it was the first year we brougt it here from South Dakota, We have so much confidence in it that we will plant ten acres of it next year, and feel sure it will get ripe. Now if we can raise corn and alfalfa here, as we hope to prove and have really proved that we can, what more do people expect out of any other part of Minnesota?

Come and see three and four great big ears of corn on a stalk and lots of such stalks. The whole field will average more than six large ears to the hill and many hills have 12 to 15 ears on. Come and be convinced by seeing the corn growing.

Barn and Granary Burned.

On last Tuesday the barn and granary belonging to Dan Carroll, one of the best known and most prosperous reservation settlers, was totally destroyed by fire. The origin of the blaze is unknown but it is thought to have been started by some one stopping at the place to sleep or cook a meal and was careless in the handling of fire. The loss of his barn and granary strikes Mr. Carroll at a bad time as he is at present in Fosston recovering from an operation for appendicitis. It is expected that he will be able to return in a few days when he will proceed to build a new barn and granary which are decidedly necessary to take care of his big crop this year.—Plummer Pioneer.

Two Poor Waiters.

Hewitt — Time waits on no man.
Jewett—I guess that's the name of the new waiter at my restaurant.—New York Press.

To do all in our power to win health and keep it is as much our duty as to be honest.—Seward.

There Are No Certain Ones.

"The only objection I have to this story," said the cynical bachelor, "is the frequent use of the phrase 'a certain girl.' The phrase is grossly inaccurate, as everybody well knows that all girls are exceedingly uncertain."—Chicago News.

Love when true, faithful and well fixed is eminently the sanctifying element of human life. Without it the soul cannot reach its fullest height or holiness.—Ruskin.

Comfort and independence abide with those who can postpone their desires.—Success Magazine.

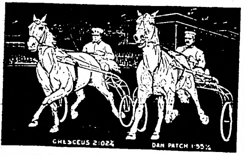

Dan Patch, the Fastest Pacing Horse in the World, and Cresceus, the Fastest Trotting Horse in the World, at the Minnesota State Fair, Opening Day, Monday, Sept. 3 1906.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

EVERY BODY
Is Going to the Fair via
"SOO" LINE
At One Fair for the Round Trip:

The Minnesota State Fair, located midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis, is the greatest institution of its kind in the United States, and its so near home that everyone ought to go, have a good time and enjoy themselves.

Tickets on sale Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th inclusive, good returning until September 10, 1906. Ask the agent.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

THE NEW STORE. A. E. ABRAHAM.
Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO
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FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS
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PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

The Falls Candy Kitchen

For Fresh Home-Made Candies, Ice Cream and Soft Drinks. . . .

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I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $10 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.
Lowest rates.—Call and see me.

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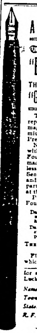

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If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

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TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10.05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:18 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1906 NUMBER 35

WAS LOST IN THE WOODS

Young Girl up Near Warroad Spent a Night Alone in the Woods.

The Family Dog Remained With Her During the Night.

On Monday the young son and daughter of Wm. Nelson, who lives about two miles from Warroad, went into the woods after the cows, and while in search of them, got seperated. The boy returned home at about four o'clock, but the girl, about nine years old, did not appear, and the family became alarmed, and sent word to the neighbors that she was lost in the woods. Everybody who heard of it went in search, with bells and horns, but without success until Tuesday afternoon, when Eugene Guibault came across her and the faithful dog, which had returned to her after having gone home with the boy. The little girl called to Mr. Guibault before he spoke to her, and asked him to show her the way home, saying that she could not find it.

The dog which had remained with his young charge through out her dismal pilgrimage, as soon as he saw her safely in the care of friends, set off for home at the top of his speed.

There is not a drop of water to be found in the woods, not even in the swamps, and the suffering of the child, and her sensations during that night alone in the darkness of the forest can be better imagined than described.

Lots of Threshing Rigs.

Judging from the number of new threshing rigs that have been delivered in Thief River Falls this season, the crop around here must be a good one or farmers will have a chance to get their threshing done cheap this fall. Thus far six complete new outfits have been delivered here.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

A "Soo" Brakeman Sees a "Scare Crow" and Reports a Suicide.

A "scarecrow" mistaken for a suicide, suspended from the strong limb of a tree near lake Irene, so frightened a "Soo" brakeman last Thursday that on arriving in Carlos he hastened to inform Dr. Haskell of the gruesome sight he had seen. The scene was so impressed upon his mind that he was able to give the most minute detail in describing the position of the body, the dress and the manner in which the victim had ended his life. Dr. Haskill passed the story along to Dr. Hensel, the coroner, in Alexandria, but the latter wished more definite information than the say so of a brakeman on a moving train before taking a ten mile drive into the country. He at once telephoned to Chairman Rhinhart, of the town board of supervisors of Miltona, to make some inquiry and let him know the result. *The next morning Dr. Hensel* received word that the suicide was nothing more than a full size "scarecrow," stuffed with straw and suspended to a tree. The brakeman will be seeking another "run."—Alexandria Post-News.

Durum Wheat Is Popular.

The Pioneer Press says that durum wheat is becoming a larger and larger factor in wheat statistics. Presumably the quantity produced this year is even more difficult to estimate than is the total spring wheat crop. One report puts down the production of durum this year as about 45,000,000 bushels out of a total field of wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas of about 210,000,000 bushels. Last year there were produced about 20,000,000 bushels of durum out out of a total wheat crop for the three states of 200,000,000 bushels. This, according to the same report, means only 165,000,000 bushels of "bread wheat" this year against 180,000,000 last year.

---For Sale---A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items Taken from Last Weeks St. Hilaire Spectator.

Dr. A. F. Blomburgh is now in the east and we learn will sail for Europe on August 28th, Next Tuesday.

Mrs O. F. Post, Herman Nelson and wife, Wm. Olson and wife and Miss Alice Hall went up to Thief River Falls last Sunday evening to hear the farewell sermon of Rev. L. W. Nordbus.

O. J. Ott, of Walnut, Ill., was caller at this office yesterday. Mr. Ott is the owner of some land in Rocksbury township and is making his first visit here. He is well pleased with prospects and thinks well of the country and his purchase.

C. D. Carter, of Crookston, district manager of the Northwestern Telephone company, was here last Thursday looking over the town. Mr. Carter informed us that his company was contemplating putting in a local exchange here. That if they concluded to come here they would put in a good system and would only charge $1.00 per month for residence and $1.50 per month for business phones. With both of the long distance companies working we ought at least to have something doing here soon.

N. A. Nelson, of River Falls, has decided to become a candidate for county commissioner for this district and on Thursday he filed for the republican nomination. Mr. Nelson has been a resident of this section for over twenty years and has during that time been a progressive and enterprising citizen. He is at present the secretary of the St Hilaire Creamery company and much of its success is due to his careful management.

If nominated and elected Mr. Nelson will make a good official. He is particularly well informed as to the needs of the county and is recognized as a shrewd, enterprising business man. Mr. Nelson's candidacy seems to be well received by the voters of this part of the district and he will prove a formidable candidate.

Editor Creglow, of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, was in the city last Saturday as one of the spectators of the Democratic county convention.

UNWASHED MEET HERE

Democrats Held County Convention Here Last Saturday Afternoon.

Delegates to the State Convention Elected and County Committee Selected.

The Democratic convention was held in Thief River Falls last Saturday and was a very harmonious gathering. The convention was a very small one, delegates from Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls being about all that were present.

Dr. George Tupper called the meeting to order and surprised the Democrats by making a Republican speech, endorsing the administration of President Roosevelt.

W. S. Cox of Red Lade Falls was unanimously nominated for the office of chairman, and C. C. Jackson was nominated for secretary, but declined and K. M. Hanson was named. The chair then appointed the following committees:

Organization—E. M. Stanton, C. C. Jackson and John E. King.

Credentials—M. McAndrees, Oscar Knaplin and George Williams.

Committee to select delegates to the state convention—E. M. Stanton, M. McAndress and John E. King. This committee reported as follows:

Delegates—John Morgan, George Williams, Joe Lang, H. W. Lee, J. E. Ford, Oscar Knaplin, W. T. Spillan, George Jarman, M. McAndress, O. A. Bishop,

Alternates—E. M. Hoff, P. J. Zeh, Frank Jeffers, John E. King, J. H. Paradis, Anton Anderson and A. A. Odegaard.

John Morgan was unanimously recommended as a member of the Democratic State Central committee.

The following county committee for the coming campaign was then selected:

Chairman—W. S. Cox, of Red Lake Falls.
Secretary— S. T. Johnson, of Thief River Falls.
Emil Larson, of Bray.
H. W. Lee, of Thief River Falls.
Erick Hoff, of St. Hilaire.
Fred Borchers, of Red Lake Falls.
Louis Paranto, of Terribone.

John E. King made a speech in which he said that it was very important that the Democrats elect enough members of the state legislature to sustain any veto that Gov. Johnson might make and suggested the name of Dr. Tupper for this position. Dr. Tupper said that he was undecided in the matter, but might be induced to become a candidate later on.

Has License to Drink.

A Winnipeg special to the Chicago Record-Herald says: Having paid the Dominion government $5,000 for the right to drink intoxicating liquors, Tagish Charlie, of White Horse, the Indian who discovered gold in the Klondike and reported his discovery to white men, becomes intoxicated regulary each day, is arrested, fined $25 and released for the next day's spree. Advices from the Yukon say that Charlie is spending his fortune so rapidly for liquor and in payment of fines that at the present rate he will be penniless in less than ten years.

Charlie probably is the only Indian in the Dominion who is permitted to buy intoxicants, the sale of liquors to Indians being forbidden by law. Charlie felt however, that in consideration of his services in discovering the gold fields he should receive special privileges from the government, and his offer of $5,000 for the permission to buy liquors was accepted in recognition of his claims.

As Indians go, Charlie is very rich. His discovery of the Klondike made his fortune, which is estimated at present at about $100,000. He has no extravagant habit except of squandering his cash in drink and in paying fines. But no day passes which does not see him, hopelessly intoxicated, in the hands of the police.

Shookum Jim, his friend and former partner in the Klondike, sought a similiar drinking privilege, and offered $10,000 but the offer was refused. This refusal benefits Charlie, for Jim looks after him when he is drinking, and then when the time for police interfence is ripe he leaves his friend to the care of the royal Northwest mounted police.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson entertained a party of lady friends at her home last Thursday afternoon, and a very pleasant time was had by all. A music contest entitled "A Soldier's Love Story" furnished the diversion. Cards were given each guest with a set of questions relating to the course of the lovers, answers to be the name of a piece of music or a song. Mrs. Marshall officiated at the piano and played a few strains of each answer to aid the contestants. Mrs. Sivertson proved most skillful and was awarded the prize. Elegant refreshments were served.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The Star
STEAM LAUNDRY
STANDS THE TEST.

Well done up collars, cuffs, shirts and vests make you look good, and underwear washed in the right way makes them soft and you feel good. Call us up and we will call for your laundry and deliver it again. We feel sure that the work will please you.

THE SURVEY IS COMPLETE

State Drainage Engineer Ralph Has Finished His Work.

Report and Maps Now Being Printed for General Distribution.

State Engineer Geo. Ralph has finished the work of preparing the report of his recent topographical survey of the northern part of the state and the work of printing it has been commenced. It will make a large volume, as there are almost 200 pages of printed matter, giving an exhaustive report of the topography of the northern part of the state, besides about fifty maps, which have been prepared at great labor and expense and which cover every inch of ground in the northern part of the state of Minnesota, being approximately all that part of the state north of the Northern Pacific from Fargo to Duluth. It has taken Mr. Ralph and his assistants over a year to complete the survey and they have made a thorough job and the volume which will comprise their report will be a valuable aid to any one who desires to know the nature of the topography of the northern part of the state.

The greatest value, however, will be in determining the matter of drainage for this section. The exact elevation of all swamp lands in this district has been secured and the height above sea level of each section in each township is marked on the maps. It will readily be seen what a great assistance these maps will be in determining the natural outlet for the waters which must be drained from this land in order to make it available for agricultural purposes.

Bear Hunting Good.

If bear hunting continues to be as good as it has in the past, the settlers living out near Kratka will be extending an invitation to President Roosevelt to come out here and enjoy a bear hunt. Last Friday Herman Leslin brought a bear to this city that he had killed out there and about two weeks previous to this another settler killed a bear in this vicinity.

Subscribe for the News.

MUST HAVE A LICENSE

None Allowed to Hunt or Have Game Without the Papers.

Even Farmers Must Have a License to Hunt on Their Own Farm.

According to the new code all persons desiring to hunt take or kill or have in their possession any game within the state of Minnesota, must first procure a license from the County Auditor in the county where said person resides, and for which he must pay a fee of $1.00. The license is good until Dec. 31, following its issuance. According to the law a farmer cannot hunt even on his own land without first obtaining a license. Boys have no more rights, either, than grown persons and must have the required license before going out with their guns. No hunting whatever can be lawfully done within the borders of the state without a license. To many it may seem unjust that no exception is made in the case of farmers hunting on their own lands.

Only one license can be issued to a person and the license is not transferable.

The license must describe the licensee and give the place of residence and it is the duty of said licensee to exhibit the same to any person on request.

The license permits the killing and shipping during the open season of one male antlered moose, two deer, and fifty game birds, the game birds to be shipped in lots of not more than twenty-five birds at a shipment.

The open season for prairie chickens is from the 1st day of Sept. to the 1st day of November following, and the open season for deer and male antler moose is from Nov. 10th to Nov. 30, following.

Affidavits and licenses are now at the county auditor's office and may be obtained by proof of residence and the payment of the fee of $1.00.

A Small Wreck.

The Soo's northbound Winnipeg flyer left the track near Richville last Friday morning. Although nearly every car in the entire train went into the ditch, not one of the passengers were injured. H. G. Dobner was the only local person on the train at the time of the wreck.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FAMILY SHOE STORE.

SHOE NEWS.

Have you seen the new shoe styles for this fall? They are very handsome. Come in and we will show you the best SHOES the country's best shoemakers know how to build. You do not see a line of shoes every day equal to ours.

Patent, Kid, Calf, Colt Skin, etc. ---"All Leathers," "Snappy Styles," "Every Shape."

Lady or Gentleman, it matters not. Come right along and we will shoe you with the best shoes that your price can buy.

THE GOLDEN RULE SHOE DEPT.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	65c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.03
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

E. E. Zeb was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Robert Lee was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Architect Strassburger, of Crookston, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Booren, of Stillwater, is in the city visiting his son, Dr. Booren.

Frank Halda returned to this city Tuesday evening from Prince Albert.

There will be services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard returned the first of the week from a visit with friends at Lake Minnetonka.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins leave tomorrow evening for Minneapolis to spend a week visiting friends.

C. M. Wilson returned yesterday morning from St. Peter where he had been attending to business matters.

M. C. Burns was down to St. Hilaire Tuesday. He says that crops on the east side of the river in Rocksbury are the best he ever saw.

Dr. Penny leaves tomorrow for Stephen where he will spend a few days hunting chickens with Sam Clark, of Minot, N. D., and other old friends.

Mrs. O. R. Pederson, who had been in the city visiting Mesdames John and Anton Pederson, left Monday evening for her home at Astoria, Washington.

School opens again next Tuesday and most of the teachers who have been spending their vacations at various places will return to this city on Saturday.

Greeley E. Carr, a former attorney and newspaper man of this city was here yesterday. He is now practicing law in Minneapolis and reports that he is enjoying a large business.

Street Commissioner Lee, who last week resigned his position on the streets here, has reconsidered his action and will remain. This will be good news to the people of Thief River Falls.

Frank Jeffers was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday. Frank is going to have opposition for the Democratic nomination in the person of Emil E. Zeh and the fight is going to be a warm one.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday night and filed for the Democratic nomination for the office of court comissioner. S. T. would make an excellent official and should be elected.

Henry Johnson, of Henning, is in the city visiting the family of E. O. Erickson.

Rev. C. Olson, of Grand Forks, will hold services in Scandinavian Mission church on the East Side next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

Max Koenig, the butcher, goes to Minneapolis next week and upon his return will be accompanied by a wife. The bride is Miss Lena Hoffmann, a former resident of this city. Mr. Koenig's many friends will extend congratulations.

Albert Lonson left yesterday for Pekin, N. D., where he becomes the cashier of a new bank recently organized over there. That he will "make good" in his new position goes without saying and his many friends here wish him all kinds of success.

The Thief River Falls public schools open again next Tuesday for the fall term. All pupils are requested to report at the school house in the ward in which they live except those belonging to the 7th and 8th grades residing on the East Side. It will be about a week before the Knox school house is completed.

B. J. Bakke was in from Newfolden yesterday.

A. E. Abraham went down to Crookston last evening.

O. T. Tanberg went down to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

T. P. Hamre was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

George R. Kirkpatrick, the noted Socialist lecturer, will deliver a number of addresses in this vicinity in the near future. On September 10th he will be at St. Hilaire, on the 11th at Thief River Falls, the 12th at Highlanding and on the 13th at Greenbush.

GERMANTOWN.

Harvest is about finished, only some flax remain uncut yet. The crop is the best we ever harvested here.

D. Dau & Co., started threshing today and Ristau Brothers starts up tomorrow.

C. L. Dobner and family from Thief River Falls visited with relatives here last Sunday.

Clara and Theresa Hovelsoe have gone to Dakota to work.

Miss Mathilda Jones visited with her folks last Sunday before leaving for Kalispell, Montana.

Charley Cook is staying with U. S. surveying crew on the reservation moving their outfit as they go along surveying.

Hans Pederson was up from the Reservation last Monday, looking after his farm here.

Our creamery paid 20 cents for butter fat for the month of July which must be considered very good owing to the circumstances here.

Mathias Skogstad received the largest check for July also being $18.38.

Henry Cook went to Thief River Falls last Monday after some lumber for the Creamery Association to build a shed for the feed mill which is to be ready as soon as possible.

(from another correspondent.)

Harvesting around here is all done and next week some of the farmers will commence thershing.

Thomas Clauson and Henry Sierts were on the sick list last week, but are rapidly recovering.

Mr. Bakke was out here from Thief River Falls last Sunday canvassing the country for insurance business.

Work on the schoolhouse in district 76 is progressing rapidly and will soon be finished.

J. H. Werstlein bought a carload of cattle around here last week for almost nothing, as the farmers are getting tired of feeding cattle at the present prices.

Mr. Lovestone went to Dakota to work, during threshing.

Last Saturday was pay day at our creamery and the farmers received a good sized check.

J. B. Johnson and some of his neighbors from Liner passed through here last week with 125 head of cattle taking them to Thief River Falls where they will be shipped to St. Paul.

Gust Bergreen was out last week training his dog for the hunting season and made a hard chase after a chicken-hawk but finally succeeded in killing it.

O. Jacobson was around here looking the country over for the insurance business.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

CHANGE PROPOSED.

Great Northern May Change Its Passenger Service on This Branch.

Allen Jackson, traveling passenger agent for the Great Northern railroad, was in Thief River River Falls Monday interviewing a number of citizens here regarding a proposed change to be made in the train service here. It is possible that the road will run its passenger train from Greenbush south in the morning and north from Crookston in the afternoon. The train would run upon about the same time schedule as at present. It is not known whether or not the change will be made.

CALL FOR NATIONAL ROAD.

An Appeal to Have Famous Highway Rebuilt by the Government.

The National Good Roads association, with headquarters in St. Louis, has sent out the following appeal to motorists, says the New York American:

"The National Good Roads association is a powerful force for good, and its work is accomplishing results in all parts of the United States. It is engaged in many things that will benefit the people. One of the great schemes it has in mind and which it has set about to accomplish is the repair and rebuilding of the great national road across Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana.

"That memorable road was intended to be one of the highways between the east and the west before railroads were known. It was built at great expense, costing the federal government over $7,000,000, and during the early days was a famous highway over which thousands traveled every week. When railroads came into existence the national road was neglected, and today it is only a skeleton of what it once was.

"It is proposed to rebuild it, and the National Good Roads association has undertaken to have it done by the government. The length of the road is about 700 miles, and it can be rebuilt for less than $7,000,000. That is about the cost of one good battleship, and we are building lots of them. The appropriation of that sum to make this old road across five states would do as much good as the average battleship, for not one such ship in ten will ever get in a fight. Then when the old road has been put in good shape to the Mississippi river it may be that the price of about three other battleships will be set aside to build the road to the Pacific coast.

"One first class continuous highway across the continent would be a great thing. Many a traveler would spend two or three months going and coming by team, bicycle, automobile or otherwise. It would be easy for the nation to do a thing like this.

"In 1905, 150,000 Americans visited Europe and for the privilege of going over the first class European roads paid over $500,000,000."

THE COST OF INSURANCE.

Commissioners Believe It May Be Materially Lowered.

St. Paul, Aug. 25.—The cost of insurance will be materially lowered, insurance commissioners believe, if a bill approved by the insurance commissioners at their session Friday meets with the approval of the various legislatures next winter. The bill, which requires an annual apportionment and accounting of surplus of life insurance companies, it is maintained by many of the commissioners, strikes at the root of all evil in life insurance company management by holding their officers accountable for the enormous surplus funds accumulated under the deferred dividend contracts, under which nearly all of the large companies operate.

The matter of the apportionment of the surplus was brought before the committee in a report presented by Zeno M. Host, insurance commissioner of Wisconsin.

The Woman In Business.

A New York real estate agent has been telling of some of his business experiences with women. Mrs. A., he says, wanted to find a house that would fit her carpets and wasted several weeks on the job. Mrs. B. had six children of her own, but wanted a guarantee that no other children would be allowed in the building. Mrs. C. signed a lease with a clause that no dogs should be brought in and then deliberately brought several into her family and told the agent such restrictions in a lease were of no account. "Do you wonder," he asks, "that men do not like to deal with women?" Of course, however, Massachusetts women would never do anything like that.—Boston Globe.

TO THE PUBLIC.

During the state fair, from Sept. 3 to 8, Hon. Albert L. Cole, Republican candidate for governor, will have a tent on the fair grounds, where he can be found from 9:30 a. m. to 1 p. m. The people generally are cordially invited to come in and call upon the next governor of Minnesota.

The fact that Mr. Cole is the herald of a vigorous policy, the fuller development of the resources of the state, is widely known. Indeed it is doubtful if he could have been nominated at all if his name had not become so widely familiar in connection with the policy he advocates. He made his appeal to our state pride and our patriotism and that appeal was never honestly made in vain to the people of Minnesota.—Stillwater Gazette.

HAVE FILED FOR OFFICE

List of Those Who Had Filed For Office Up to Yesterday.

Contest in Both Republican and Democratic Ranks This Year.

Yesterday was the last day for candidates who desire to take part in the primary election to make their filing and as a result the politicians were quite busy. Up to six o'clock last evening the following had filed for office and rumor has it that numerous others filed last evening before midnight, but we were unable to get the names:

AUDITOR.
John B. O'Brien, Rep.
James Ford, Dem.

TREASURER.
K. M. Hanson, Dem.
O. H. Nelson, Public Ownership.

REGISTER OF DEEDS.
E. L. Quist, Rep.
Frank Jeffers, Dem.
Emil E. Zeh, Dem.

SHERIFF.
Lewis A. Nelson, Rep.
Robert A. Lee, Rep.
Dan Linnihan, Dem.

JUDGE OF PROBATE.
N. W. Tarrant, Dem.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.
Thomas Gormo, Rep.
E. M. Stanton, Dem.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.
J. K. Wood, Rep.

CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT.
Joseph Perrault, Dem.
H. E. Ives, Rep.
C. W. Johnson, Rep.

COURT COMMISSIONER.
S. T. Johnson, Dem.

SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.
H. T. McAnulty, Rep.
Fred Richards, Rep.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District.
P. A. Ekstrom, Rep.
C. A. Lindquist, Rep.
Third District.
Ed. A. Aubol, Rep.
N. A. Nelson, Rep.
Fifth District.
Joseph Pigeon, Rep.

Park Board Appointed.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, the following were appointed members of the new park board for a term of one, two and three years respectively; S. W. Bagley, Dr. Grundy and T. L. Melgaard. The new board will have the power to issue cirtificates of indebtedness and purchase the new park. It is quite likely that some action will be taken in the near future.

A Great Show.

The celebrated Beaty Bros. present the worlds greatest specialty and comedy show. A company of all star artists consisting of ladies and gentlemen.

Funny comedians, sweet singers and dancers. This is a show that appeals to the interest of the public, amusing, moral and of an educational nature, described both by local and dramatic newspapers as one of the most worthy entertainments ever staged. The Manager has a National reputation as a gentleman and honest show man. Between acts you will see 50000 latest colored moving pictures produced by the largest moving picture machine on earth and the only one made with a diamond projecting lens and a 6 sprocket process doing away with vibrations and blurred pictures, imported from France and England's Lena Harvey, the English Nightingale. Best of Music.

There has never been a show booked so highly recommended here. Opera House, one night, Saturday, Sept. 1 Prices children 25 cts. Adults 35 and 50 cts.

ESPLEE

Harvest is about finished and the crops are fine.

Messers Joe DuChamp and Johnson were here on business last week.

Mr. Kabrick was up to Jelle looking over his interests at that place last week, returning to Iowa Sunday.

Fred Sidmore turned his herd of live stock over to Aksland to be taken care of during the fall.

Misses Hilda Sund and Clara Knudson left for Hannaford, N. D. last week.

John Nelson and Sidmore left for Dakota Monday for threshing. Hope they will return with their pockets full of money, as wages are reported to be high but there quite a number of men have gone from here.

Swamps are fast drying up and water is getting to be a scarce article here now. wonder if it could be because the government surveyors have commenced taking levels.

Miss Gertrude Black has gone to Fertile to work in the missionary field for awhile.

Subscribe for the News.

A. L. HANSON, Candidate for State Senator.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The latest estimate of the loss of life by the earthquake at Valparaiso is about 3,000, while the property destroyed is estimated at $100,000,000 and probably far in excess of that sum. With the first terrible shock of the earthquake buildings collapsed, their falling causing tremendous noise. The inmates in many cases were unable to escape. The shock was followed almost immediately by a fierce storm, the wind prostrating walls that had been weakened by the earthquake. The second shock was even heavier than the first. Five minutes afterward fires started in every direction and immediately the whole town was illuminated by gigantic flames.

It is announced that the Chilean ministry of public works has been advised that it will be necessary to demolish more than 3,000 houses at Santiago as the result of damage which they received during the recent earth shocks.

A cable dispatch to the Japanese embassy at London explains that Port Dalny will be open to the commerce of all nations from Sept. 1.

Osakis Review, Aug. 23: The drainage of public lands to make them agricultural, the building of good roads, the stopping of pine land stealing, the just taxation of lumbermen, are all feathers in Mr. Cole's legislative cap, and show that results can be secured by electing him governor.

Starbuck Times, Aug. 17: "Who is Cole?" Why he is the man who framed and secured the passage of the present law which requires that state lands be sold in small parcels to actual settlers. Under the old law or "system" of selling state lands the speculators and other sharks pooled their interests and bid in the lands at their own figures, involving a loss of many thousand dollars to the state.

The Hallock News in an able editorial advocating the election of Hon. Albert L. Cole concludes: "We fail to find a single reason why a Republican should not vote for Mr. Cole. He is a Republican, a straight, honest business man, loyal and broad-minded citizen and was duly and fairly nominated governor, by a properly elected delegate convention of representative Republicans."

CRIMINAL NEWS.

A decision has been reached by the attorneys for Harry K. Thaw that Thaw's defense to the charge of killing Stanford White will be a plea of emotional insanity. This will include as a part of the defense the declaration that Thaw's insanity existed only until after White was killed and that Thaw is now sane again and has been since the killing.

Professor Charles Frye, formerly superintendent of the Chicago normal school, who returned to his home recently after an absence of thirty-one years, has been arrested on a warrant charging bigamy. The proceedings against Professor Frye were begun by Mrs. Clara Goddard of Hurley, S. D., who declared that he married her under the name of Charles Goddard.

The New York Central Railroad company was indicted by the federal grand jury at Jamestown, N. Y., on a charge of giving discriminating and unlawful freight rates on shipments of oil by the Standard Oil company. The Standard Oil company was again indicted on a charge of accepting unlawful and discriminating freight rates.

The jury in the case of Dave Galbraith, the alleged leader of the mob that lynched and burned three negroes at Springfield, Mo., in April last and who was on trial charged with second degree murder, was unable to agree on a verdict and was discharged after being out twenty-four hours.

Ten indictments, containing in all 6,428 separate counts, were returned against the Standard Oil company on Monday by the two grand juries that for several weeks have been investigating in Chicago the relations between the oil company and the railroads of the country.

Governor Folk, at Jefferson City, has granted a reprieve till Oct. 20 to Mrs. Agnes Myers, now in jail at Liberty, Mo., awaiting execution for the murder of her husband. Frank Hottman' Mrs. Myers' accomplice, now in jail at Kansas City, is also reprieved to the same date.

Michael McNamara, a giant policeman of St. Louis, shot and killed his wife and then sent a bullet through the head of James Brophy, whom he found in the woman's company.

At Colhoun, La., Alfred Schaufnelt, a negro, was lynched for attacking Miss Olive Chambers.

H. T. McANULTY, Superintendent of Schools and Candidate for Re-election.

Respectifully solicits your vote and support for the Republican nomination for superintendent of schools of Red Lake county at the primary election, Sept. 18.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, Sept. 12th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargments and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Twine! Twine! Twine!

Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

Pure Food is an issue

Hamm's

PREFERRED STOCK

No question before the American people today is of more vital importance than that of Pure Food. The health of the nation is at stake. It lies with the individual—with you—to encourage the manufacture of pure food products by asking for them.

Care in selection is your protection.

Choose **Hamm's** for your beer.

When you drink **Hamm's Beer** you can be absolutely sure of its purity. The Dairy and Food Commissions of Minnesota and South Dakota have made analyses and found it to be entirely free from foreign or adulterating matter of every kind.

If you wish to satisfy yourself, have an analysis made. We will cheerfully pay the fee of any reputable chemist.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

G. WIMMER, AGENT, THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

IS THERE IRON?

Sand Drill Being Installed at Kelliher and Work Will Be Pushed.

There is considerable excitement among the citizens of Kelliher, who are awaiting the outcome of the work of a party which has been quietly prospecting on lands adjoining the townsite of Kelliher, looking for deposits of iron ore.

The preliminary well has been dug and the sand drill is being installed, and it is believed at Kelliher that, within ten days, the news will go broadcast that a deposit of iron ore will have been discovered, and that the contention that Kelliher is located on an extended western arm of the famous Mesaba iron range will have been proven to be true.

For several years it has been surmised that there were deposits of iron on and around where the present village of Kelliher is located. Cruisers and others working in the woods complained that their compasses would not register correctly and that it was impossible to get data except with solar instruments, indicating the influences of mineral deposits. These conditions indicate that the deposits extend in a direction south of west and north of east of Kelliher.

Didn't Destroy Stamp.

Frank W. Tuffts, deputy United States marshall at *Bemidji*, arrested Anton Potter at Blackduck last week on the charge of having violated the internal revenue laws. The explicit charge against Potter is that he failed to destroy the internal revenue stamp on an empty barrel which had contained wine, and which had been sold to Potter's place of business. Potter asserts that he was not aware that the stamp had not been destroyed; that he left all such matters to his bartender, and supposed that the latter always destroyed the internal revenue stamps as soon as the liquor was removed from the barrels and casks. Potter was taken to Walker by the marshall and was arraigned before Daniel DeLury, United States commissioner.

Creamery Statement.

The July statement of the business of the Plummer creamery is an excellent one and shows a more prosperous condition than was expected. The best thing about it is the price paid patrons for butter fat which was 20 cents per pound. This is the same price as paid for July by the St. Hilaire creamery. The total amount of cream received during the month was 33,272 pounds which was manufactured into 11,437 pounds of butter and sold for $3,229.78. In July 1905 the cream receipts were 26,917 pounds and the amount of cash earnings $1,550.88. This shows an increase in business this year of $672.90 for the month of July.

Drink Caused His Death.

Joe Delaurie, a character who has made Thief River Falls his home for the past number of years, was taken sick last Friday morning upon the streets and died that afternoon at about six o'clock. All summer he has spent in this city, sleeping in back alleys, and buying liquor with the small amount of money he could earn doing odd jobs. Much of the time he did not have enough to eat and his condition has been a deplorable one. He was 59 years of age and has a father living in this city that is 98 years old. He was married, but his wife secured a divorce from him a number of years ago and married a man living near Crookston who is said to be quite well to do. His son was here Sunday and paid his funeral expenses.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get, your orders, in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

FIGHT IS QUITE WARM

An Editor Arrested for Criminal Libel Last Week At Bemidji.

Makes an Attack Upon One of the Candidates for State Representative

John T. Oyler, editor of the Bemidji Enterprise was arrested last week in Bemidji on a charge of criminal libel, in connection with an article which he published in the last issue of his paper relative to the private charater of J. J. Opsahl candidate for representative to the legislature in the district composed of Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami counties. His hearing was set for August 31, and he was placed under bonds of $100.

A provision of the bond is that he keep the peace while the action is pending.

The preliminary hearing was before Judge Skinvik, and the first order of the court was that Oyler be released on his own recognizance until the $100 bail was secured, but hardly had he got outside the door of the court room when he challenged County Attorney McDonald to a street fight, and was taken back before the court by the sheriff and committed by the Judge to the sheriff's charge until the bond be furnished.

The article construed as libelous appeared in the issue of the Enterprise put into the postoffice Thursday, and makes charges against Mr. Opsahl over the signature of L. C. Michaels, which it is alleged are false and malicious, touching upon his reputation and charater as a private citizen and a business man.

The Bemidji Pioneer says that Wm. M. Ross, owner of the building now occupied by the Enterprise, is trying to oust the editor publishing the alleged libel. Opsahl is a candidate for the Republican nomination for representative and his opponent is Wm. McQuaig, also of Bemidji.

A BIG PRICE.

Local Creamery Patrons Receive 21 Cents For Butter Fat in July.

The Thief River Falls Creamery last week paid out some $4,075 to 107 patrons for cream furnished during the month of July. A good price was obtained for the butter and the farmers received 21 cents for their butter fat, which is one cent more than the other creameries around here paid. P. Engelstad received the highest check which was for $67.

Chicken Season Opens Saturday.

Next Saturday is the first day of the open season for hunting prairie chickens and ducks and a large number of the residents of Thief River Falls are making preparations to be out in the fields on that day. Prairie chickens around here are said to be very numerous and it is quite likely that quite a number of birds will be killed. There seems to be a difference of opinion as to whether or not one has to secure a license to hunt outside of the home county. The new code and the laws of 1905 conflict on this point.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Subscribe for the News.

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,

Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 23, 1906.

TO THE VOTERS.

John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, Announces His Candidacy.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

Lightbourn Objects.

The NEWS is in receipt of a communication from D. C. Lightbourn, of Ada, one of the candidates for state senator from this district, in which he takes serious exceptions to the article published in the NEWS last week stating that "he belonged to about the same school of politicians as does Mr. Simons." It was without doubt placing it too strong to say that Mr. Lightbourn belonged in the Simons class. All that we know of Mr. Lightbourn or A. L. Hanson, who is the other Norman county candidate for the state senate, is that gained by inquiry. Personally there is no one that has ought to say against Mr. Lightbourn. He is spoken of as a very clean man, and the whole objection to him is the class of men in Norman county who are behind his candidacy, and the fear that if he were elected he would be under obligations to these men who would endeavor to influence his vote in the state senate.

When Mr. Lightbourn first announced his candidacy, his platform was one favoring good roads, ditches and the election of Knut Nelson to the state senate. We called attention to this matter, saying that it would be almost impossible to find any candidate in the district who did not stand for all of this, but that there was other important issues before the people. Mr. Hanson was induced to become a candidate by the people of Norman county who stand for the "square deal" and reform legislation, and he at once announced a platform upon which he would stand if elected. Of course it is impossible for any person to state all of bills that he would favor, but there are some issues that are of great importance and we are glad to note that Mr. Lightbourn has now seen fit to declare himself upon some of these important issues. In his letter to the NEWS Mr. Lightbourn says:

"My record is an open one. I have published the Index in Ada for twenty-four years, coming here with the settlers who took homesteads, and if I ever advocated anything that was not for the interests of the people I am not aware of it. I was also judge of probate of Norman county and deputy and acting state insurance commissioner for nearly ten years and my official actions have never been criticized that I am aware of. I am willing to go before the people on my past private and public record. This is a man's best platform.

"As to a platform of principles I consider it ridiculous to attempt to say what measures you will support. It is usual for 1000 to 1,500 bills to be introduced into the legislature and only a demagogue would attempt to enumerate all the reforms he would advocate. In saying this I do not mean to cast reflections upon any opponent, but it is a reason for not making a list of what I will favor or oppose. I expect to vote in every instance for the interests of the people of the district, and will mention a few principal issues:

"I will favor strict regulation of banks and loan agents, and strict usury laws, that the people may have relief and redress from the money power.

"I favor a reciprocal domurrage law, the extension of the primary system to state officers, the prohibition of passes, a reduction in freight and passenger rates, strict regulation of all corporations, liberal support of schools, drainage, good roads and the election of Senator Nelson.

"These are a few of the issues I will stand for. While I am speaking of this I want to take exception to an article which appeared in the NEWS last month, which redicules the importance as an issue in this country, (especially Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake Counties) of the good roads movement. People who have not actually been on the ground do not realize the condition of the roads in the back woods. They are almost impassable as I can personally testify. I have been in business at Red Lake for some time and have driven through there. A man who goes to the legislature to represent those counties should place this issue above all others. A majority are interested in the re-election of Senator Nelson and I for one am not in sympathy with the movement to displace him and shall if elected, actively support him."

About A. L. Hanson.

The Twin Valley Times, one of the most influential papers published in Norman county, last week contained the following article regarding A. L. Hanson, who seeks the Republican nomination for state senator from this legislative district.

We publish this week a brief biography of A. L. Hanson, candidate for senator from this district. In him we believe exists the qualities of an able representative of the people and we are glad to see men of such a wholesome type come forward and devote their energies to the public welfare. It is pleasure to know also that Mr. Hanson is a candidate not of his own seeking, thru the urgent solicitation of the people, who repeatedly urged him to come forward in their behalf. Mr. Hanson made a gallant fight in the county convention for a J. F. Jacobson delegation to the Duluth convention and it was mainly thru his efforts that eleven men were sent to the state convention favorable to the Lac qui Parle statesman. It is not surprising, therefore, that a request, signed by a large majority of the delegates to the county convention and many other representative men of the county, should be presented to Mr. Hanson asking that he come before the voters as a candidate. How different is this introduction to the people than that of Mr. Lightbourn. We have asked many, and so far as we are able to learn he consulted no one, nor was advised by no one to take the step. The remnant of the county seat ring, still dominated and directed by Charlie Ward and laboring under the impression that they are still "it" in Norman county, are very likely his sole advisers in the matter, while the requests for Mr. Hanson is as broad and as long as the county—yes, reaches far beyond into each of the other the counties forming with Norman county the Sixty-first senatorial district. To sum the matter up briefly, Lightbourn is a Charlie Ward candidate; Hanson is a candidate of the people. That Mr. Hanson is a good, clean man is evident as soon as he is met. His frank, open face and sincere manner bear evidence of it. He has never been in politics and would not now be had the present demand for men of his type been less strong. Having never been in politics, he has no political debts to pay and no promises to fulfill except his frank, open platform promises to the people. For this reason he would, if elected, go into the senate a free, fearless man, untrammeled by political strings or promises of any kind. We have known Mr. Hanson for over ten years—and for a short time was his next-door neighbor. We have always found him a kind, thoughtful, unselfish and accommodating man, besides being one of sound judgment. He is a man of strong personality, and one of nature's best gifts to him is the love and feeling he possesses for his fellowmen and a desire to aid them. His fight for the nomination will be based on no selfish motives whatever but wholly with a desire to aid his fellowmen in securing better legislation, purifying politics and giving everyone a square deal. Our opinion of the of the man is that he is just and honest and has led a pure, simple life. So firm are we in our opinion of the wholesomeness of the man's character that we have wondered what charges his opponents can possibly bring up against him, and the only thing we can think of is the fact that he owns some bank stock. In fact, we have recently been told that they are going to center their efforts on this point and make their campaign against him upon it. When, therefore, you are waited upon by some of Charlie Ward's lieutenants and told what a wicked man Mr. Hanson is and how he has robbed the people we wish the voters would stop to consider from whence it comes, for the chances are it will be Charlie Ward ammunition shot out of one of his lieutenant's guns.

The Tax Amendment.

Whether or not the campaign that is upon us becomes very heated or not, it is to be hoped that the candidates will not become so wrapped up in their own political fortunes that they will forget the need of calling public attention to the tax amendment to the constitution that will come up to be voted upon in November.

Unlike personal candidacies, which have a way of pushing themselves to the front, a constitutional amendment is something that is likely to be overlooked unless everybody takes hold and pushes it before the public gaze. The newspapers can and will do their part, and the few people that have found objections to the amendment will also contribute something by their complaints toward arousing public attention.

That is all that is needed to procure the passage of the amendment; that and a thorough understanding of what it means. No ordinary citizen, understanding its provisions, can afford to fail to vote for it. It opens the way for a fair system of taxation, something that this state has never had.

The present provisions of the state constitution governing taxation are antiquated, and never were fair. They are so lacking in elasticity that it is utterly impossible to form a fair system of taxation under them. So long as they continue the state must put up with its present absurd property tax system, a fertile producer of injustice that bears most heavily upon those that have not and lets off most lightly those that have much.

Under the proposed provisions, for instance, it would be possible to enact an income tax law in whatever form the legislature saw fit to put it. It would be possible to enact a registry tax on mortgages, the only feasible method of taxing them. It would be possible to reach intangible personal property that now escapes taxation while the owner of a little household furniture, a stock of merchandise or the tools of trade upon which his living depends, cannot conceal them, and is compelled to pay taxes upon them in full.

Study the tax amendment, and remember to vote for it at the election in November.—Duluth Herald.

Indications are that Polk county will again furnish a member for the "senate combine."

If men like A. H. Hanson are in the majority in the state senate and house next winter, the people will get a square deal.

We sympathise with Charles E. Ward, of Ada, who recently lost his automobile in a fire at Larimore, N. D. Still he can continue to ride about on his G. N. railroad pass and tell us common people how to vote.

Until A. L. Hanson became a candidate, D. C. Lightbourn did not think it of enough importance to tell the people how he stood on on a number of important issues. Next thing we know, L. C. Simons will be announcing a platform.

Judging from the sentiment as expressed by different residents of this senatorial district, L. C. Simons will be a poor third in the contest for the office of state senator. For two years Mr. Simons served in the house and although coming from an agricultural district he has been the accredited representative of the large corporate interests of the state, and his vote—influence he has had none—has always been used to further the interests of the railroads and other corporations. About all the vote Mr. Simons will secure will be around Red Lake Falls where the 'stand by a home man" sentiment will work in his favor. Even his home people, however, are disgusted with his record and would not support him if they had any idea that he stood a show of being elected.

ROBBERS ARE FOILED.

Attempt to Hold Up Gang of Laborers on Train.

Duluth, Aug. 22.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to hold up a gang of laborers on the Northern Pacific train which left Duluth at 8 p. m. Before the train reached Brainerd two men, one a large, powerful fellow and the other a small man, drew revolvers and attempted to make the laborers give up their money. They were attacked by Conductor O'Brien, who was assisted by some of the passengors. The small man was captured, but the other leaped from the moving train and escaped in the darkness.

FOREST FIRES QUENCHED.

Drenching Rain Falls in Northern Minnesota.

Duluth, Aug. 21.—The serious drought which has threatened certain crops in Wisconsin, particularly the potato crop of the northern section of the state, has been broken by a drenching rain. Reports from the Vermillion and Mesaba ranges in this state indicate that the rain there was bountiful and that it came none too soon. Forest fires on the ranges are not entirely smothered, but the danger of a forest conflagration is thought to have passed.

FREIGHT HANDLERS OUT.

Demand More Pay and Recognition of the Union.

Duluth, Aug. 21.—A strike of 200 freight handlers, which went into effect Monday, is still on. The strikers are demanding 35 cents an hour and a further advance for certain hours of labor. They also demand recognition of their union. The Northern Pacific is offering 35 cents an hour for men to handle freight in and out of boats at its dock, but the road is understood to be opposed to union recognition.

Minnesota Girl a Suicide.

Osakis, Minn., Aug. 27.—Frances Simmons, seventeen years old, is a suicide. The story of her life and self-destruction is one of the saddest told in this vicinity. Because there flowed in her veins the blood of a negro, her life at home with her white mother and stepfather became unbearable, and Frances ended it all by swallowing a quantity of strychnine. Dying, she declared that she could no longer endure incessant nagging because of her color.

Dies of Her Injuries.

Minneapolis, Aug. 27.—Mrs. G. A. Ronbeck, who was burned on Friday in a gasoline fire at her home, 99 South Eleventh street, died of her injuries at the city hospital. After she arrived at the hospital Mrs. Ronbeck became unconscious, and for a greater part of the time she remained in a comatose condition. Just before she died she rallied somewhat and was able to speak a few words to her husband.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	63c
Oats	40c
Flax	1.05
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Frank Lawrence returned to this city last Saturday from Fargo.

Mrs. N. Nylan, of Argyle, was in the city last week visiting friends.

H. G. Dobner was down to St. Paul last week attending to business matters.

Fred's Poketola cigar is now made in a new shape. Better than ever try one.

Charles E. Boughton, the Red Lake Falls attorney, was in the city last Thursday.

George F. Diebel went down to Sauk Center last Saturday to visit his family for a few days.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. D. P. ONeill left last Saturday for Norman county to spend a few days on the farm down there.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Vol. I, No. 1, of The Roseau County Advertiser, editor by Harry E. Sandary, reached this office last week. It is a bright, newsy paper, full of promise.

A hay stack containing about fifteen tons of hay belonging to Haldor Erickson, of the town of Norden, was struck by lightning last week and burned.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

The flax mill at Mayville, N. D., is to be re-established; the town gives a bonus of $1,000 for that purpose expecting ample reward in the increased trade it will draw to the town. Four dollars a load for flax straw brings farmers from far and wide.

There's not much money in raising weeds in the Red River Valley! If you don't want them why not seed down your fields? It will look better to the traveling public, and, at the same time, improve the land, so if it ever does dry up will be a better producer to both owner and rentor.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin.

Farming is not a practice of just going ahead and stumbling along, and when you get one thing done looking around for the next, but it is a deep study. Every day in the year there is something new springs up before a farmer, that is a real farmer, not some of those that try to farm and spend half of their time in town. A farmer should be a first class engineer, well educated and having made farming a study, loves the work, takes good care of his stock, keeps foul seeds out his fields, provides for drainage when needed in wet weather, and makes hay while the sun shines. A farmer has lots to look after.—Ex.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

E. B. Bakke was down to Fosston the first of the week.

R. E. Sothoran last week sold his saloon to Tom Butler.

H. G. Dobner was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding last Friday.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

Charlie Kratka was over from Stephen to spend Sunday with his parents.

Wm. Durbin left Monday for North Dakota where he will run a threshing engine during the fall.

D. N. Winton returned Sunday evening from a trip to Prince Albert where he had spent a month.

Mrs. Charles Hoar, of Duluth, arrived in the city Monday and is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. J. LaBree.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Rev. Aastad returned Sunday morning from Red Wing where he had attended a meeting of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod.

Mrs. Hawes, entertained a company of lady friends lady friends last Friday afternoon, giving a farewell party for Mrs. C. L. Dobner.

Prof. Jas. Wilson has accepted a position as one of the instructors in the new state experimental school at Crookston and will remove to that city.

Rev. Palm, of Sandridge, was in the city last Saturday, having just returned from Red Wing where he had attended a conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod.

Lost—On the road between Thief River Falls and Excel, a red broadcloth boy's coat with steel buttons. Finder please leave at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store and receive reward.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get, your orders, in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

As will be noticed by the articles of incorporation published in another column, the Peoples State Bank, is now incorported and will be ready to start business as soon as their new bank building is completed.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Mrs. T. T. Keoland, of Hillsboro, N. D., and Mrs. H. P. Anderson, of Lime Springs, Iowa, who had spent a couple of weeks in the city visiting their brothers. P. O. and Nels Bergh, returned to their respective homes last Friday.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Among those up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday attending the Democratic county convention were: John E. King, N. W. Tarrant, K. M. Hanson, Frank Jeffers, J. E. Ford, W. S. Cox, Jos Perault, Judge Knight and Charles E. Boughton.

Wm. McQuaig, of Bemidji, who is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of representative from this legislative district, was in the city last Friday interviewing some of the voters. There is another candidate in the field for this office—J. J. Opsahl, also of Bemidji. Little is known of either of these men in Red Lake county.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner and children left Monday evening for their new home in Kalispell, Mont. A large number of their many friends here were at the train to bid them good bye. Mr. and Mrs. Dobner have taken a very active part in the social sphere of Thief River Falls in the past and will be greatly missed here.

Daniel Patterson was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston Tuesday visiting friends.

Walter Robbecke was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

J. J. Hankenson, locating engineer for the Soo road, was in Thief River Falls last week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Fargo, of Hamilton, Ohio, are in the city visiting their son; George K. Fargo.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

J. B. O'Brien, who will be the next auditor of Red Lake county, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

The Great Northern will sell tickets to St. Paul and Return from Sept. 1 to 8, at the rate of $9.40 for the round trip.

Miss Bertha Johnson, of Wadena, arrived in the city Sunday morning, and will remain a few days visiting friends.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, candidate for Republican nomination for clerk of court, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10:30.

—I. T. Aasted, pastor.

Mrs. Nels Grue, wife of one of the settlers living up near Erie postoffice, died at the hospital in this city Tuesday.

The Presbyterian church society this week closed the deal for the purchase of the M. V. Evenson cottage on North Main avenue.

Mrs. Louis Halvorson arrived in the city Tuesday from Seattle, Wash., and will remain for a few weeks visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Olson.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church meets with Mrs. A. C. Hanson Sept. 6th in the basement of the church. The Ladies will meet at 3 o'clock sharp. All welcome.

Arnold Bjerkhoel and Miss Lee Sundberg, both well known former residents of Thief River Falls, were united in marriage at Minneapolis yesterday. They will make their future home in North Dakota where Mr. Bjerkhoel will open up a drug store. Their many friends here will extend congratulations.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS.

Thief River Falls Lumber Company to Jas. Bulman & Sextus Bulman, lots 25-26, Block 9, Knox Addition to Red Lake Rapids $1.00.

Anton L. Hall and wife to Christ O. Myrold, lots 8-9, Block 6, Red Lake Rapids $200.00.

Christ O. Myrold and wife to Anton L. Hall, Lots 6-7, Block 6, Red Lake Rapids $200.00.

Anton L. Hall and wife to Adolph Eklund, Lots 6,7, Block 6, Red Lake Rapids $160.00.

Dennis LeSage and wife to Mary R. Kivel, Lots 22, Block 35, Original Town, Thief River Falls $1.00.

Alfred Eve and wife to Louis J. Cerny, Lots 16-17, Block 12, Knox Addition to Red Lake Rapids $138.50.

Edward J. Schultz to Ivor J. Wickum, Lot 9, Block 36, Original Town, Thief River Falls $2500.00.

A. B. Helgeson and wife to George Curran, Lots 5-6, Block 33, Original Town, Thief River Falls $1000.00.

Joseph Ryson to George Diebel, Lots 9-10 & S½ of lot 11, Block 63, & Lots 8-9-10, Block 64, Original Townsite Thief River Falls $2500.00.

Annie Nelson and husband to Peder E. Smidsang, Lot 1, Block 23, Knox's Addition, to Red Lake Rapids $100.00.

Annie Irene Estelle Robinson to Delos L. Sawyer, Lots 10-11-12, Block 5, Porters Addition to Thief River Falls $1.00.

Annie Irene Estella Robinson to Delos L. Sawyer, Lot 5, Block 30, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls $1.00.

Anna Kretzschmar to Charles Rockstad, Lot 7, Block 21, Porters Addition to Thief River Falls $50.00.

J. M. Bishop and wife to Annie Erickson, Lot 3, Block 22, Original Townsite of Thief River Falls $200.00.

The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it *cures the cold*. That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street New York.

MILLIONS TO BE SPENT

Soo to Build About 200 Miles of Road Next Year.

Will Spend Nearly $10,000,000 Is the Announcement Now Made.

Minneapolis Journal: With an appropriation of $6,500,000 for next year's work and a decision to build 200 miles of new road, the Soo line has outlined an extensive campaign for territory conquest in the northwest for 1907.

The Soo line has consistently employed its annual surplus in betterment and extension work and the purchase of rolling stock. In this way it has returned to the people the profits of the year's business over the payment of fixed charges and dividends. The regular program will be carried out next year and between $6,000,000 and $10,000,000 will be used in bringing territory tributary to Minneapolis in close touch with the markets of the metropolis.

Altho it has not been definitely announced what extensions will be made, the Soo is buying steel at $28 a ton and is preparing to increase its rolling stock by the purchase of box and flat cars passenger coaches, and locomotives for delivery next year. Meanwhile, the construction of new and the revision of old lines is going on.

Above the $20,000 a mile for which new construction will be bonded, the cost will be paid from the surplus. Out of this sum, which amounted to $3,267,000 for the year ending June 30, must come the payment of a 4 per cent dividend on $14,000,000 common stock and 7 per cent on $7,000,000 preferred stock or $1,050,000. This leaves a tidy sum for betterment work and addition to equipment.

In the three western states which the Soo line traverses is a great dominion still to be put in touch with railroad facilities. Just what the Soo line will do toward this work will depend a great deal on what the line has already accomplished and what other roads will do. It is generally known that the chief opposition will be from the Great Northern and that the Soo's chief aim will be to secure a hold on anything that might become Great Northern territory which has any revenue in sight, or in promise.

This year the Soo is constructing a branch from Drake, N. D., on the main line westward to Plaza with a short branch from Max to Garrison, on the Bismarck line, also an extension from Flaxton westward to Ambrose. In 1905 the Thief River Falls-Kenmare line was built.

The Soo undoubtedly will soon build to connect its Wisconsin line with Duluth. Whether the Soo will ever build from Thief River Falls to Duluth is a question but it has a definite plan to secure head of the lakes terminals.

—Subscribe for the News.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 11, 1906:

Angeats, Paul
" , Miss Winnie
" , Mona
Bolton, Jos., M. D.
Bement, Miss Florence
Bolger, P. L.
Bergling, Frank
Connaker, John
Casal, Mrs. J. W.
Enderson, Endru
Fundrel, Edward
Hopkins, Mrs. Mark
Holensuss, Miss Gracey
Hood, Chas
Heinrich, J. P.
Hanson, Miss Marie
Kwasts, John J.
King, Ed.
Master, P. C.
Myhner, Tho.
Martin, James H.
McCullough, Rev. J. P.
Nelson, Miss Olga
Odberg Miss Caroline
Person, P. L.
Rowe, Geo.
Swanson, Carl A.
Sinclain, Bert
Sather, Miss Elen
Vick, T. O.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

Killed by a Live Wire.

Ely, Minn., Aug 27.—While trying to repair an incandescent light in a bathroom, John Hegforce, an old resident, was instantly killed. He was standing on a wet floor and touched a live wire. The deceased leaves a wife and five children.

Subscribe for the News.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

James Butler, a resident of Maple Lake for forty-five years, is dead.

Frank Tierney, fourteen years old, was drowned in Thompsons lake near West St. Paul.

Willie Baker, six years old, was drowned in Lake Minnetonka at Excelsior while bathing.

A new double track railroad bridge costing $800,000 will be built across the Mississippi river at St. Paul.

Mrs. Hannah Greeley, one of the early pioneer residents of the state, is dead at Stillwater, aged eighty-seven.

Charles Tucker, aged seventeen, killed a vicious dog in Minneapolis with a shotgun just as it was attacking a little girl.

Mrs. G. A. Ronbeck, aged twenty-four, is dead at the Minneapolis city hospital from burns received in a gasoline explosion.

General H. W. Childs, formerly attorney general of Minnesota, is critically ill with appendicitis at Cobb hospital, St. Paul, and his recovery is very doubtful.

George Sylvester Hill, a laborer employed as a harvest hand on the farm of John Tholssen, living six miles north of Clara City, was killed by the heat last week.

Mrs. Jennie Wold, thirty-eight years of age, committed suicide by inhaling gas at her home in Minneapolis. Her mind was temporarily deranged through sickness.

Mrs. Anna Marie Kjelstrup, eighty-four years old, fell downstairs at the home of her daughter at Minneapolis, sustaining injuries from which she died three hours later.

Gus Anderson, an employe at Winston Bros.' railway camp at Minnoopa, was killed by falling under a gravel train while attending a brake. He was thirty-five years old.

Nine candidates have entered the field at Fergus Falls for the Republican nominations for the legislature and a very interesting contest is expected at the coming primary election.

The annual convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of the state of Minnesota will be held in Winona on Sept. 18, 19 and 20 and the Ladies' auxiliary will meet there at the same time.

Winona is to have a big packing plant. Two men have put up about $100,000 and stock is being sold to raise a capital of $250,000. About one-half of the necessary stock has already been subscribed.

Attorney General Young, in reply to Governor Johnson's inquiry, has decided that the election of the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners is valid and that the commissioners are legally in office.

Real and personal property in Minneapolis has been assessed at a total valuation of $171,669,625 for the purpose of the current tax. That is an increase of $22,000,000 over the total valuation for last year.

Mrs. Jane Clark of Minneapolis, aged seventy-seven, is seeking a divorce from her husband, who is six years younger. Mrs. Clark says her husband deserted her twenty-three years ago and she has not seen him since.

The state board of health examined the Anoka insane asylum herd of cows and condemned thirteen, including a Holstein which cost $125. After death it was found that only six of the animals slaughtered were affected with tuberculosis.

The Soo line flyer from Minneapolis to Winnipeg was ditched at Riceville. Eight coaches were derailed and all turned over, but none of the sixty persons on board received more than slight bruises and a shaking up. About 500 feet of track was torn up.

A school fund of nearly $18,000,000, of which nearly $2,000,000 has been accumulated during the last two years, is possessed by Minnesota. The permanent university fund contains an additional $1,389,000, of which about $22,000 has been accumulated the last two years.

H. W. Stone, Sr., for thirty years a prominent citizen of Morris and Stevens county, is dead at his home at Riverside from apoplexy. Mr. Stone was the senior member of the firm of H. W. Stone & Co., proprietors of the Riverside mill and the Riverside farm. He was elected to the state legislature in 1877.

Albert Kirchner, fifty years of age, called at the home of Mrs. Catherine Fering, St. Paul, saying that he wished to remain there for the night, as he was very sick. The woman gave him shelter and about 3 o'clock in the morning he was heard groaning in his room. A physician was called, but when he arrived Kirchner was dead.

E. K. Slater, dairy and food commissioner, in a bulletin just issued notes that since the passage of the law by the last legislature giving him the power to hold up shipments of goods into the state until it has been ascertained that the quality conforms to the laws of the state there has been a great improvement in the quality of the goods shipped in.

Building a bridge 100 feet long and 22 feet high and making it a permanent structure in a day is the record established by the Chicago Great Western at Claybank, this state. The bridge at that place took fire and was completely destroyed. Division Superintendent Weston and other officials and a large crew of men hurried to that place and in twenty-four hours train service was resumed.

HAD MONEY IN THE BANK.

Stranger in Minneapolis Has to Sleep at Police Station.

Minneapolis, Aug. 27.—With $1,300 to his credit in a local bank, Andrew Herack, seventy-two years of age, slept at the central station for two nights. The old man came to Minneapolis late Saturday afternoon to draw money from the bank. It was too late to draw money and with his available funds reduced to a minimum, Herack wandered about the streets for several hours, at a loss to know what to do. He went to police headquarters and there told his tale of woe. The result was he was taken to central station and given lodgings.

LAKE STEAMER ASHORE.

Big Freighter Frank H. Peavey in Trouble.

Duluth, Aug. 21.—The steamer Frank H. Peavey of the Peavey Steamship company, one of the largest of the lake freighters, is ashore at Gooseberry river, on the north shore about fifty miles from Duluth. The tug Edna has gone from Two Harbors to her assistance.

Later reports indicate that the Peavey is hard on shore, with considerable of her bottom showing, and is pounding hard. C. P. Wheeler and party of Chicago are on board, but every one is safe and in no danger.

Subscribe for the News.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8 ! ! !

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA **STATE FAIR**

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.	Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.	Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.	$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.	$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.	Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
Live stock parade on Friday.	High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Sensational Racing each day.	Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
	Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

EARNEST L. QUIST, of Kratka,

Candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of register of deeds of Red Lake county, and respectfully solicits your support and influence. If nominated and elected he promises to conduct the affairs of the office in a fair, impartial and business like manner.

WHAT HANSON STANDS FOR.

A Candidate for the State Senate Who Is Not Afraid to Tell the People How He Stands on Important Issues.

A. L. Hanson, Esq., Ada, Minn.

Sir: It is essential that this senatorial district should have a candidate for the office of state senator a man who is known to be heartily in accord with the reform movement which is today on the onward march.

During the last year a mighty stride has been taken in the congress of the United States for better government and more equitable laws. The time has come when it is not sufficient to announce that a man is a candidate for this or that office. Recent civic conditions and events have so aroused the people of this country that before a candidate can ask for, and hope to receive the votes of the people, he must stand for certain well defined principles. There is urgent demand for legislation, both state and national, which shall best serve to promote the welfare and interests of the people. And it is not enough to know that a candidate announces that he believes in certain principles, but that he is a man of unquestioned integrity and unimpeachable character, and who will use his best efforts and exert his influence in securing the enactment of such laws as will be of benefit to the greatest number of people. Where to get the man who will respond to the call of the hour is the vital question.

Believing that you would best answer the requirements of the people of this district we, the undersigned, urgently request you to announce yourself as a candidate for state senator from this district and we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to secure your nomination at the September primaries. Dated July 30th, 1906.

The foregoing request having been presented to me signed by representative men from all parts of Norman County, together with requests from other parts of the 61st Legislative District, I have decided to comply and do hereby announce that I will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator from this district.

I favor and will support if elected the extension of the primary nominating system to include all state officers and United States Senators; the enactment of a reciprocal demurage law; prohibiting the issuing to and the use of railway passes by all State, Legislative, Judicial and County officials whether elective or appointive; reduction in freight, express and passenger rates; increasing the power of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission; thorough control and regulation of all corporations; taxing of corporation property in the same manner as other property; redistricting of legislative districts of the state so as to give to the northern part of the state its proper representation in the state legislature. Local option by counties in the granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors; the enactment of a more stringent pure food law; liberal support of State Sanitarium for care and cure of consumptives; liberal support of schools, educational institutions, drainage, good roads, and for state development; the safe gaurding of state timber and mineral property; the re-electing of Knut Nelson as United States Senator. I will put forth my best efforts to secure the enactment of any other legislation that would be to the best interests of the people of the district and state.

On these principles and promising to devote my best efforts to promote clean and fair politics, I respectfully solicit your good will and vote at the coming primary election.

A. L. HANSON,
Ada, Minn.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF

Peoples State Bank,

OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Know all men by these presents, that we have agreed to, and do hereby associate ourselves together as a Banking Corporation, under and pursuant to the provisions of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota governing Banks of Discount and Deposit; and to that end we do hereby execute under our hands and seals the following Certificate of Incorporation, to-wit:

FIRST.

The name of this corporation shall be the Peoples State Bank, of Thief River Falls (Incorporated.) The general nature of its business shall be banking, receiving deposits, buying, selling and discounting notes, bills and other evidences of debt, domestic and foreign, dealing in gold and silver bullion and foreign coins, issuing circulating notes and loaning money on real estate and personal security; and the place where the business of this corporation is to be carried on is Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

SECOND.

Said Corporation shall commence on the first day of September A. D. 1906, and shall continue for the period of thirty years.

THIRD.

The names and places of residence of the incorporators, and the number of shares held by each of them are as follows:

Name	Residence and Postoffice	No. Shares
T. P. Hamre,	Red Lake Co., Thief River Falls,	100
H. P. Sponheim,	Marshall Co., "	75
D. B. Bakke,	Red Lake Co., "	60
John Cronkhite,	" "	20
A. M. Langseth,	" "	10
C. A. Loken,	" "	5
Lars Bakke,	" "	10
Oluf Tessum,	" "	10
P. L. Vistaunet,	" "	10

FOURTH.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of nine Directors, who shall be elected at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the Wednesday succeeding the first Monday of January of each year between the hours of 8 p. m. and 10 p. m. of the said day. The first Board of Directors shall consist of the following members:

T. P. Hamre,
Haldor P. Sponheim,
D. B. Bakke,
John O. Cronkhite,
A. M. Langseth,
C. A. Loken,
Lars Backe,
Oluf Tessum,
P. L. Vistaunet,

who shall hold office until the first annual meeting, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

FIFTH.

The amount of the Capital Stock shall be Thirty Thousand dollars, fully paid in, in cash, which shall be divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each.

The Capital Stock may be increased from time to time by a majority vote of the stockholders, but not to exceed the sum of five Thousand dollars.

SIXTH.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand dollars.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 27th day of July, A. D. 1906.

In presence of	Name	Seal
Lars Backe	T. P. Hamre.	
D. B. Bakke	Haldor P. Sponheim.	
Lars Backe	D. B. Bakke.	
H. N. Hager	John Cronkhite.	
D. B. Bakke	A. M. Langseth.	
G. K. Haavi	C. A. Loken.	
D. B. Bakke	Lars Backe.	
Lars Backe	Oluf Tessum.	
Oscar Sponheim	P. L. Vistaunet.	

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss.
On this 27th day of July A. D. 1906, before me, a City Clerk in and for said County, personally appeared.

T. P. Hamre.
Haldor P. Sponheim.
D. B. Bakke.
John Cronkhite.
A. M. Langseth.
C. A. Loken.
Oluf Tessum.
P. L. Vistaunet.

to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they each executed the same as their free act and deed.

SEAL. LARS BACKE, City Clerk,
Thief River Falls,
Red Lake Co.,
Minn.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.
On this 2nd day of August 1906 before me a Notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared Lars Backe to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same with his free act and deed.

D. B. Bakke,
Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.
My Commission Expires March 4th 1911.

State of Minnesota, Office of Public Examiner, St. Paul, Minn.
I hereby certify that the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls (Incorporated) has, to my satisfaction, been organized for legitimate purposes, and under such conditions as to merit and have public confidence, and that all provisions of law applicable to every branch of business in which, by the terms of its certificate; it is authorized to engage, have been complied with. The name is hereby approved. Dated this sixth day of August A. D. 1906.

SEAL. P. M. KERST,
Public Examiner.

State of Minnesota Department of State.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the sixth day of August A. D. 1906 at 9 o'clock a. m. and was duly recorded in Book M 3 of Incorporations on page 337.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Red Lake, Minn.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 8th day of August A. D. 1906 at 3:30 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book E of Misc. page 448.

FRANK JEFFERS,
Register of Deeds.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Crookston, Minn. Aug. 4, 1906.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Charlie Cook contestant, against Homestead entry No. 2839, made March 13, 1900, for the N. E. ¼ Section 29, Township 155, Range 41, by J. Ed. Williamson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said J. Ed. Williamson is not bona fide settler on said land and has wholly failed to establish his residence thereon and make improvements thereon according to and in compliance with the homestead laws; that his shanty on said land is not a fit place of residence during all seasons of the year and is not a fit place of habitation at any time of the year; that the improvements that were made several years ago are in a state of decay and have not been kept up by said entryman, and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 27, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 4, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. Montague,
Register.

aug 16 sept 6

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., August 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 25, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 411, (Red Lake Series) for the Lots 7-8-9 and SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, of " "
Albert Hanson, of " "
John R. Hesby, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 23 sept 20 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Ole P. Nelson, H. E. 291, Red Lake Series, for the NW¼, Sec. 10, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Griebstein, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Sanders, of Germantown, "
Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, "
Joseph Duchamp, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

july 21 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Christine B. Shirley, H. E. 1166, Red Lake Series, for the NE¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 154 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Carl Overum, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ernest Schmit, of Germantown, "
Carl P. Nordmark, of Thorwick, "
Knute Shirley, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 26 aug 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browing, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 6th, 1906, viz: Charles Helm, H. E. 412, Red Lake Series, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, Tp. 153 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
George Cernousek, " "
John Niewerth, " "
John S. Nelson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 26 aug 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, August 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on October 3rd, 1906, viz: Valerya Benka, H. E. 341 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Section 20, township 154 N. Range 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Mrs. Veronika Benka, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Alex Pacinski, " " "
Joseph Oski, " " "
John Hurt, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 30 sept 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Ole J. Nomland, H. E. No. 107, Red Lake Series, for the S.W. ¼ of Sec. 21, T'wp., 154 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole Grinde, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Hans G. Hansen, " " " "
Charles C. Hoagland, " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 30 oct 4

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date hereof Three hundred thirty-seven and 75-100 Dollars ($337.75) for principal and interest upon a mortgage given by William A. Kratka and Sophia A. Kratka, his wife, mortgagors, to H. G. Dobner, mortgagee, dated December 16th, 1905 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, January 9th, 1906 at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in book 12 of mortgages on page 219, mortgaging and conveying the following described land, situated in said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered forty-five (45), forty-six (46) forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) in block numbered twenty-six (26) of Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the city of Thief River Falls according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County and State, to secure the payment of three hundred fifteen and 95-100 dollars ($315.95), and interest.

Notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises will be sold under foreclosure thereof at public auction on the 16th day of October, 1906, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. by the sheriff of said County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State to pay the sum then due on said mortgage, including taxes, if any, then paid, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, and foreclosure disbursements.

Dated August 25th, 1906.

H. G. DOBNER,
Mortgagee.

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

aug 30 o4

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased, Plaintiff, vs C. L. Nichols, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police officer of Said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. L. Nichols if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the 15th day of September 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to plaintiff in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court, and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this second day of August A. D. 1906, (Signed) L. M. Hoag, Clerk of The Municipal Court.

(SEAL)

Farco & Stanton,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

aug 16

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 6th, 1906 viz: Lina [illegible] Ostreen, now Mrs. Oscar H. Hanson, H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series, for the Lots 3 and 4 and [illegible] SW¼ Sec. [illegible], Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Peter H. [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Berg, " "
Paul [illegible], " "
Ole L. Bakken, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

july 26 aug 30

OPENS THE CAMPAIGN

Speech Made by Albert A Cole At Kenyon Monday.

Urges a Vigorous Enforcement of the Railroad Laws of the State.

Hon. Albert L. Cole, the Republican candidate for governor, opened the campaign last Monday evening at Kenyon. His address, which was lengthy and carefully prepared, was devoted exclusively to state politics. On the railroad question he took strong ground. He regards it as the leading question of the campaign and, if it had not been before, the pronounced stand he has taken could not fail to make it so now. He stands for the strict and vigorous enforcement of the railroad laws now on our statute books and, if they are found in any particular inadequate, for their amendment in such a way as will afford to every producer, shipper and consumer the impartial services of these public highways. He urges such changes as will make the state laws conform to the federal rate regulation law, thus placing himself squarely on the Roosevelt platform, and he is with La Follette in demanding that the actual value of railroad property be made the basis of railroad rates and urges additional legislative enactment to secure such a result. An accurate report of that part of his speech treating of this subject is as follows:

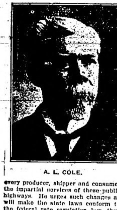

A. L. COLE.

Railroad Supervision Must Be Strict.

The farmer is not only the state's greatest producer; he is also the state's greatest consumer. In both of these relations the question most vital to him and to every citizen is that of railroad facilities, rates and management.

> Under conditions of modern business the railroads are our main highways. In permitting them to be owned and operated by private capital the state has entrusted to their owners the discharge of a function over which it should exercise the strictest supervision.

Excessive Freight Rates Robbery.

Too high freight rates tend to rob both the producer and the consumer and to lessen, if not destroy, all prosperity. The transportation question in all its forms is in the hands of the people. The only limitation in the reduction of freight rates is measured by justness and fairness to the common carrier. That carrier is entitled to just and reasonable compensation for the services rendered, and no more. Within the limitation stated the people have the absolute right to reduce freight rates at will. While there are certain additions to, and changes in, our rate laws, which, it seems to me, are advisable, there are already upon our statute books laws which, when vigorously enforced, will afford very substantial relief, and it is the duty of the state's executive to urge that those laws be justly and honestly enforced. Certainly the executive is clothed with great power in this direction and it is rightly expected of him that he will fearlessly and energetically exercise that power.

> I believe that most of the freight rates now collected in this state are altogether too high and that the railroads of the state are making too much money and I feel that it is my duty to state that, if elected, I shall do all in my power to cause them to be reduced to a point where they are equitable to both carrier and shipper.

The Power of the Executive.

The specific duties which the law imposes upon the state's executive, which affects the people generally, are numerous and weighty and his discretionary powers in that direction are very great. There was no law which, in express terms, declared that President Roosevelt should insist upon action being brought against trusts, but he exercised what had been treated as a discretionary power and the result is the great trust question is being brought before the courts for adjustment to the very great benefit of the general public. Through the exercise of his discretionary powers the Sherman anti-trust law, which had lain for many years as a dead letter upon our national statutes, had the breath of life breathed into it. That which was an inert and worthless statute is now a living force, before which all men have learned to bow in respect and obedience.

The Farmers' Burdens.

For many years the Republican party has been enacting laws giving our railroad and warehouse commission authority to properly adjust railroad rates. The result is we have as good, if not the best, laws of any state in the Union upon that subject. Minnesota was a pioneer and leader in this class of legislation. Two or more men living in the same place, engaged in the same business, are quite likely each to first seek to know that neither one had the advantage in rates over the other. This question settled satisfactorily the next is—has any competing point a rate advantage? When this question is satisfactorily adjusted it makes but little difference to either dealer whether the rate of freight is $2 or $4 per ton. Whatever freight he pays helps to make up the cost of the goods.

> The freight and the profits to be made are both added to the wholesale price of the goods and the sum total falls as a burden upon the consumer. The consumer—the man who eats and wears—is, in the last analysis, the man who pays the freight. The most numerous class of such consumers are the farmers.

They are, necessarily, the ones most directly interested in the cost of transportation, because they not only pay the freight on the merchandise shipped in from abroad, which it is necessary for them to buy, but they also pay the cost of transportation to the market on every product of their farms. The market value of wheat or any other grain at any station in Minnesota is the market price in Minneapolis or Duluth, less the freight. The market price of the farmer's cattle at nearly every station in this state is the South St. Paul market, less the freight. Even if he sells his animal to the local butcher and it is not the subject of transportation at all the price he receives is the St. Paul market, less freight.

Enforcing the Laws.

No one consumer is so much interested in the rate question that he can afford to spend the time and money necessary to secure the benefits which would come to him from a general reduction of freight rates. "What is everybody's business is nobody's business," except the officers who have the matter in charge. The result is the consumer is the last man whose interests are liable to be considered. While we have laws giving to the commission large powers to make rates and modify those that are excessive, and while the commission has done much to relieve the people from excessive burdens, I believe we have not had the enforcement of those laws which insures to the people their full and complete benefit. The courts of no other state have taken a more advanced position than those of Minnesota in holding that the commission, in fixing rates, shall take into account only the cost of reproducing the road and equipment. Under this decision it would seem that the cost of the railroads of the state must be known in order that the commission may intelligently fix what are reasonable rates. I am informed that, for some time, the commission has been engaged in determining such values, with the intention of reducing rates to an equitable basis. Owing to the insufficiency of the law upon a certain point the work has been somewhat difficult to perform and the result of their labors may not, in all respects, be correct.

> It is, therefore, my belief that the commission should be specifically authorized by law to determine the value of the railroads in the state, and, that it may secure all necessary data, should have the power to subpoena railway officials and employes and compel them to give their testimony and to produce books and other evidence required.

The Governor's Duty.

The laws of our state not only give the right to but impose the duty upon the chief executive to remove the commission in the event of its failure to perform its duty, and, in order to know when to exercise that function in a question like this, that affects all the people, the governor should at least from time to time keep himself informed as to what is being done by that body, and I am convinced that suggestions from the governor to the commission when questions of the disobedience of law or the collection of excessive freight rates are known to him are not only pertinent but demanded, and, if elected governor, I will unhesitatingly make suggestions to the commission when the public welfare seems to demand it, and, if necessary, file a formal complaint.

The vigorous enforcement of our laws cannot be emphasized too strongly. Not only should there be a vigorous enforcement of our state laws, but we should at all times endeavor to create public sentiment which may insure the enforcement of our federal rate statutes.

Pass System Vicious and Harmful.

The practice of giving free passes to public officials and favored individuals not in the continuous employment of the railroad companies is vicious and harmful to the public welfare. Therefore, I believe a law should be placed on the statute books prohibiting the giving or receiving of such passes, and this will open a way to the enactment of a law fixing a maximum price for the transportation of passengers at 2 cents per mile.

The Private Car Nuisance.

Great abuses have grown up and wrongs have been perpetrated under what can perhaps properly be characterized the "private car nuisance," by which unjustifiable rebates have been secured. The right of eminent domain is given to railroads on account of their being quasi-public corporations. The use of private cars along those highways is not contemplated and is harmful to the public welfare and it seems to me their further use should be prohibited by law.

> Rebating to favored shippers is one of the most harmful practices in which the railroads have ever engaged. That practice tends to stifle competition and breed monopoly. The legislature has already aimed to reach those abuses by law, but I am in favor of strengthening our statutes on that subject so that this odious and demoralizing practice will be crushed out, or those who attempt it be sent to jail.

Demurrage Charges Excessive.

During recent years great abuses have been practiced by the railroads under what is known as "demurrage charges," and for many years shippers of our state have been compelled to suffer long, damaging and apparently needless delays in getting cars to be loaded. These abuses can only be corrected by the strong and vigorous arm of the state. In my opinion a law should speedily be enacted correcting these evils.

> In all ways that are practicable and beneficial to the shipper should the statutes of our state on the question of railroad supervision be made to conform to the regulation rate law recently enacted by our federal government.

In the event of my election I will not only recommend to the legislature the passage of such laws as I have suggested, but will use all honorable means in my power as governor to secure their enactment.

As our platform declares:

"There should be such a readjustment of freight rates and charges as will afford to every producer, shipper and consumer the impartial service of these public highways."

* * *

But the one point I wish to emphasize, the question of the greatest concern to all the people is the railroad rate question—the vigorous enforcement of the laws we have on that subject and the enactment of such further laws as are necessary, to the end that exact justice be done to all parties at interest.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The cause of an epidemic of typhoid fever among the 1,000 inhabitants of Three Oaks, Mich., was discovered when a member of the board of health climbed to the top of the waterworks standpipe and found the dead bodies of several thousand young sparrows in various stages of decomposition covering the surface of the water.

At Wichita, Kan., Mrs. Mamie Napier, a professional aeronaut, fell 100 feet from a balloon while attempting a parachute descent and was fatally injured.

A rainfall of 5.93 inches in three and one-half hours caused great damage at Kansas City and vicinity.

The heat in Chicago Wednesday was responsible for ten deaths and twenty-nine prostrations.

LABOR NEWS.

Three hundred and fifty telephone girls employed in the central exchange of the Chicago Telephone company have struck, badly crippling the service. The cause of the strike was an order issued by the company directing the girls to enter the building through a rear door leading from a dark and dirty passageway.

The strike of Alabama miners, in force since July 25, 1904, has been declared off. The strike affected 6,000 men and has cost the miners' organization over $1,000,000.

Three hundred freight handlers are on strike at Duluth for increased wages and recognition of their union.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Secretary Shaw has taken steps to increase the deposits of public moneys in national bank depositories in various parts of the country to $50,000 each, the amount authorized by law. It affects about 150 banks and will aggregate about $3,000,000 additional deposits.

Fining of employes as a means of enforcing discipline in the postal service, a system that has been in operation for many years, is to be abolished.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak.

UNDER NEW RATE LAW

WESTERN RAILWAYS WILL STOP ISSUING PASSES TO LAND AND OTHER AGENTS.

In Attempting an Assault a Minneapolis Negro Is Shot and Killed After Fatally Wounding Another Colored Man—Two Minnesota Men Lose Their Lives in a Fire at Larimore, N. D.—General State News.

St. Paul, Aug. 27.—Thousands of land and immigration agents throughout the West will be deprived of passes on Western railroads by the provisions of the new state law. The railroads interpret the statute as meaning that the issuance of transportation to these agents is discrimination. The Wisconsin Central, Illinois Central, Great Northern and Minneapolis and St. Louis already have announced that they will suspend the passes and other railroads will take similar action. Every Western road has been accustomed to carrying from 500 to 5,000 land agents on its books. The beneficiaries are scattered from the Canadian to the Mexican line.

TWO NEGROES KILLED.

Attempted Assault at Minneapolis Results in Double Tragedy.

Minneapolis, Aug. 21.—In attempting an assault on his sister-in-law, Percy Johnson, twenty-two years old, was shot and killed in this city by Arthur Shannon. Shannon himself was shot through the abdomen during the struggle with Johnson and died later at the city hospital.

The shooting took place at 610 Tenth avenue south, the residence of Mrs. Bertha Walker, the woman in the case. All the three principals in the affair are colored, and Johnson and Shannon were lifelong friends and recently came to Minneapolis from Fort Worth, Tex. Shannon roomed with Mrs. Walker, and Johnson, whose true name is Gaines, lived at 1923 Fifth avenue south.

There was no witness to the shooting.

Johnson was shot five times by Shannon after the latter had wrested the revolver away from Johnson, who first shot Shannon in the abdomen.

THREE DIE BY FIRE.

Two Minnesota Men and a Negro Perish at Larimore, N. D.

Larimore, N. D., Aug. 21.—Two Minnesota men lost their lives and a negro is supposed to have been killed in a fire that destroyed the largest livery establishment in the city, owned by Thomas Kelly. The victims of the blaze were Harry Krause of Bemidji and his traveling companion, Andrew Anderson. James Hogge, colored, is missing. The origin of the fire is not known.

Flames were discovered bursting through the front of the barn at about 2 o'clock in the morning, and a few minutes later the entire structure was a mass of flames. The blaze spread to J. W. Smith's blacksmith and machine shop, which was destroyed with its contents. In the livery barn were thirty-one head of horses, some of them of more than ordinary value. The total property loss is placed at $16,000.

NEED MANY NEW CARS.

Northern Minnesota Railways Placing Large Orders.

Duluth, Aug. 27.—The Duluth, Missabe and Northern road, one of the great ore roads of the steel corporation in this state, has asked for bids for furnishing 1,500 new steel ore cars of 100,000 pounds capacity each, 60 gondolas of 80,000 pounds capacity each, 50 box cars, 25 refrigerator cars and 14 locomotives. The new equipment must be delivered early next spring.

The Duluth and Iron Range road is seeking bids for building 700 steel ore cars and a number of new engines as well as additional box cars and refrigerator cars.

The Great Northern has already placed an order for 1,000 new cars.

WILL BUILD TO DULUTH.

Canadian Northern Laying Plans for Extension.

Duluth, Aug. 27.—Port Arthur (Can.) reports that the Canadian Northern railroad is now actively laying plans for a line from the Canadian Head of the Lakes to Duluth. It has been recognized for some time that the Canadian Northern would ultimately take this step. It is understood that the road will run down through Cook and Lake counties from Gunflint.

Burglars Blow Laundry Safe.

St. Paul, Aug. 27.—Burglars got into the building at South Wabasha and Chicago avenue, West side, occupied by the Banner laundry, cracked a large safe with nitroglycerin and secured $200 in cash. The thieves got into the building through a rear window, which had been left open during the night.

Minnesota Bank Robbed.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 22.—After cutting telephone wires to insure a measure of security in their operations, robbers robbed the bank at Mentor, securing $1,200, which they carried off in a cart. They made good their escape.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

President Roosevelt has announced that he has adopted the Carnegie reform spelling and that he has instructed the public printer that all official documents from the White House, including president's messages, shall be printed in accordance with the recommendations of the spelling reform committee headed by Brander Matthews of Columbia university.

Sixty policemen were overwhelmed by a mad rush of men and women who were determined to get the first money paid out of the vaults of the ruined Milwaukee Avenue bank at Chicago. Receiver Fetzer had made arrangements to pay 20 per cent to 5,000 of the 22,000 depositors and 15,000 were on hand when the bank opened.

Information has been filed at Kansas City by the county prosecuting attorney against W. P. Lyons, president of the Central Ice company, and Harry L. Burke, secretary of the People's Ice and Fuel company, charging them with conspiracy to restrict the supply and to raise the price of ice.

The Standard Oil company has taken steps toward acquiring ownership of all the principal distilling plants in the United States. A price has been set on every distillery in Peoria, Ill., and indications are that a deal will be effected and the plants will pass into the hands of the Standard soon.

Thousands of land and immigration agents throughout the West will be deprived of passes on Western railroads by the provisions of the new rate law. The railroads interpret the statute as meaning that the issuance of transportation to these agents is discrimination.

Three hundred and fifty thousand pounds of foodstuffs were destroyed in Chicago last week, according to the last issue of the bulletin of the health department, because they were impure.

The control of the Minneapolis franchise and players in the American association has been transferred to Gus Koch of Milwaukee, who will assume management at once.

The Japanese government has advised the state department that it will open the port of Dalny to the commerce of all nations on Sept. 1.

M. J. Sage & Co., brokers of New York city, with branch offices in many cities, has suspended. The failure involves possibly $2,000,000.

Three Spanish ships captured by Admiral Dewey in Manila bay, May 1, 1898, were sold by the navy department Monday for $103.

San Francisco made the first American contribution for the relief of the Valparaiso earthquake sufferers.

President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation appealing for aid for earthquake-stricken Chile.

Dan Patch broke the pacing record of Illinois at Galesburg by making an exhibition mile in 1:57¼.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Illinois Democratic state convention endorsed Bryan for president in 1908, but refused the Nebraskan's demand that National Committeeman Roger C. Sullivan be repudiated. Great feeling was displayed by the Sullivan and anti-Sullivan speakers and bitter personalities were indulged in.

Nebraska Republicans in state convention nominated Attorney General Norris Brown for United States senator and named a state ticket headed by George L. Sheldon for governor.

As a result of the Georgia primaries the nomination of Hoke Smith for governor by the Democratic state convention is assured.

It is announced that the campaign speech which Secretary Taft will make in Maine will be delivered at Bath Sept. 1.

Ohio Democrats have nominated a state ticket headed by Samuel A. Hoskins for secretary of state.

The Illinois Republican state convention endorsed Speaker Cannon for president.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 27.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅝c; Dec., 73¼c; May, 77½c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14½; Dec., $1.10.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 27.—Wheat—Sept., 71⅝c; Dec., 72⅝c; May, 76⅝@76½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 71½@72½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.40@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@5.00; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.85@6.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@5.20,—stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.30; calves, $5.50@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.50; good heavy, $6.10@6.45; rough heavy, $5.50@5.80; light, $6.00@6.65; pigs, $5.40@6.25. Sheep, $3.50@5.60, lambs, $4.75@8.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Wheat—Sept., 71¼c; Dec., 74¼c. Corn—Sept., 48⅝c; Dec., 43½@44c. Oats—Sept., 29½@29¾c; Dec., 29⅝c. Pork—Sept., $17.02½; Jan., $13.62½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@23½c; dairies, 17@20½c. Eggs—12½@16c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 13c; springs, 13c.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

Thirty-two killed and seventy-eight injured is the appalling casualty list as the result of the attempt made Saturday afternoon by terrorist bombthrowers to kill Premier Stolypin in his own home. Premier Stolypin's daughter had both legs broken by the explosion. Among the dead are the governor of Penza, General Zamestin, who was chief of communication during Russo-Japanese war, and Colonel Stein, who commanded the police at Tauride, where the douma met during its brief session. Many of those who were killed by the bomb are unrecognizable, their bodies being blown to fragments. Premier Stolypin, however, escaped for the reason that the terrorists had not been able to force their way into his presence when one of the bombs with they were armed accidentally was exploded. Four revolutionists dressed as gendarmes were able to secure admittance at the regular Saturday reception held by the premier at his villa on Aptekarsky island. Once inside the house the terrorists attempted to force their way into M. Stolypin's private office. A fight ensued with the guard. During the struggle a bomb, which was concealed in the clothes of the mock gendarmes, fell to the floor and burst. The explosion caused terrible destruction in the room. Every person in the chamber was killed except one of the perpetrators of the outrage.

General Min, commander of the Seminovsky guard regiment, and who, since his promotion to be a general, has been attached as a personal adjutant to the suite of the emperor, was killed on the station platform at Peterhof by a young woman, who fired five shots into his body from an automatic revolver, and then, without resistance, submitted to arrest.

The distribution of crown appanages, the first part of the administration's agrarian programme, by which it is hoped to win the peasantry to the support of the government at the coming elections, was put in effect Monday, when a ukase was published transferring 4,500,000 acres of appanage lands to the Peasants' bank for distribution to the people.

The Russian government has definitely decided to proceed with its original plan of settling the agrarian question by the distribution of land regardless of parliament and to go to the country upon the issue of the coming elections.

In spite of the wholesale arrests and deportation of revolutionists the big centers' daily chronicle of murder and robbery is not appreciably diminishing. The police seem utterly powerless to capture the perpetrators of the crimes.

General von Liarliarski, acting military governor general of Warsaw, was shot and killed Monday while driving in a cab. The assassin escaped.

Colonel Rieman of the Seminovsky guard regiment was assassinated at Luga, where he stopped while on his way to Warsaw.

A policeman, two gendarmes and a conductor were killed on a train by a band of seven revolutionists near Tamboff.

INSURRECTION IN CUBA.

The Cuban insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio have captured San Luis, which is situated on the railroad about ten miles west of Pinar del Rio city. The town was defended by less than 100 rural guards, fifty of whom surrendered to the insurgents and are held as prisoners. By the capture of San Luis, which has about 10,000 inhabitants, the insurgents have obtained an important base for future operations.

Colonel Valle, with a detachment of rural guards and volunteers, was dispatched to Cienfuegos for the purpose of engaging General Guzman and breaking up the band. The encounter of the two forces resulted in the worst disaster which the insurgents have sustained up to this time. They lost seventeen men killed and many wounded, while the loss to the government force was one man killed.

Unofficial advices received from the western part of the province of Pinar del Rio are to the effect that the insurgent forces now concentrating west of San Juan de Martinez are far more formidable than had been supposed and also are better supplied for campaigning and a long and aggressive campaign is decidedly probable.

General Quentin Bandera, the famous negro leader of Havana province, who recently headed an insurgent band and began operating against the government, has been killed in an encounter with rural guards fifteen miles from Havana.

The insurgent forces commanded by Pino Guerra have occupied San Juan de Martinez, the terminus of the Western railroad. The small force of rural guards which held the town fled at the approach of the insurgents.

The Cuban government has been positively informed that General Jose Miguel Gomez, who recently was a candidate for the presidency, is at the head of the present revolution in that country.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Jay C. Morse, at one time president of the Illinois Steel company and brother-in-law of the late Senator M. A. Hanna, is dead at Cleveland of a complication of diseases.

Albert G. Lane, one of the most widely known educators in the West, is dead at Chicago.

Captain Nathan Appleton, the well known author and traveler, is dead at Boston.

OIL AND TAR ON ROAD

EXPERIMENTS TO BE MADE ON WASHINGTON HIGHWAYS.

Cleaning, Harrowing and Thorough Rolling First Requirements—Hot, Dry Weather Best Time to Apply Tar and Oil—Good Results of Oiling.

The war department and the department of agriculture are to experiment with oil and tar on a section of Washington roads. The work will be under the direction of the road office of the department of agriculture, and the war department will furnish the roads, says the Washington Star. Both oil and tar will be tried, and probably a mile of each will be treated. The stretch used will be either the dusty stretch of Seventeenth street below the war department or a part of the Potomac boulevard or both.

The use of oil in road work is new in Washington, so that the experiments will be watched with some interest. But there are other sections where the use of oiled roads has been kept up for years, and the practice has spread over most of California, where the people are quite enthusiastic over the results in the past eight or nine years. The work was commenced in 1898 in California, where petroleum is cheap, and was tried at first in a limited way on a stretch of about six miles simply to lay the dust, which was not only a great nuisance in the long, rainless summers, but injured orchards and fields for a considerable distance on each side of the road.

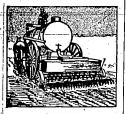

A ROAD OILER.

The result of oiling the roads as soon as the authorities got the right method was more than to lay the dust. It was found that not only was the road dustless, but that the oil became incorporated with the surface and made a good binding crust from one to three inches deep.

The roads stood wear and water well, and after a number of severe rainstorms that cut the unoiled macadam roads to pieces the oiled roads were found in as good condition as ever. The practice in California extended till now there are about 750 miles of roads and streets that have been oiled for from one year upward.

The department of agriculture recently received a preliminary report on some experimental stretches of an oiled and tarred road in Jackson, Tenn. This road had been treated only seven months, but the results so far have been very satisfactory. The section treated with tar formed an almost asphalt-like surface that has stood the wear well so far, has been waterproof and is said to be pleasant to drive over and easy on the horses' hoofs.

The oiled road in that section has been almost equally satisfactory. The same sort of experiments have been tried to a limited extent in Texas, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and other states, and the reports have been uniformly favorable where the work has been properly done. The road has to be cleaned and harrowed and well rolled, and it is best to apply the tar or oil in hot, dry weather. The road has to be protected from traffic for from ten hours to two days till the dressing has had time to set and sink in. After that it is said to be almost as satisfactory as a paved street.

The oil that will be used in the Washington work is a rather heavy oil, with an asphaltum base. The tar is the same as is used in ordinary paving. The tar of course has to be applied hot, but the oil can be put on cold. One side of the road is treated at a time and then roped off for protection till the surface has set.

California is decidedly enthusiastic over the success of her oiling work, which has there passed beyond the experimental stage. Washington will have the benefit of her experience, too, as there were some mistakes made in the earlier stages of the work, and the oil made a nasty mud that injured clothes and everything else it touched. It has been found now that this trouble does not exist if the road is not used too soon, and even the damage that it was feared might result to automobile tires has proved a myth. In fact, it is said that the tires show a longer life on the oiled roads than they do where the rubber is exposed to the sharp cutting grit of the old macadam surface.

Special Road Tax.

Gaston county, N. C., has been collecting $20,000 annually from a special road tax which has been expended in macadamizing the principal highways. So satisfactory and profitable has been the result that the county is to borrow $300,000 on a 4 per cent bond issue with which to hasten the improvement. The $20,000 yearly tax will pay the interest and sinking fund charges, and with no increase in taxation the people will enjoy the benefits of good roads immediately.

Working Out the Taxes.

Towns which have been in the habit of allowing road taxes to be worked out should remember that a properly organized force under good supervision will produce results at a much less cost than is possible under the old system.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

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RIVER AND
RED LAKE
RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER
AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

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Is Going to the Fair
via
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At One Fair for the Round Trip:

The Minnesota State Fair, located midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis, is the greatest institution of its kind in the United States, and its so near home that everyone ought to go, have a good time and enjoy themselves.

Tickets on sale Sept. 1st to Sept. 8th inclusive, good returning until September 10, 1906. Ask the agent.

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I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $10 and up. Terms to suit.
Insurance written in the best companies—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.
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The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen $2.35
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The Pioneer Press
St. Paul, Minn.
Find enclosed $______ for which you will send me The ______ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.
Name ______
Town ______
State ______
R. F. D. No. ______

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free.
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. Robbecke, Prop.
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1906 NUMBER 36

Historical Society

J. J. OPSAHL IN THE CITY

Beltrami County Man Who Is a Candidate for the Legislature.

Is a Practical Man and a Firm Believer in Drainage.

J. J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, candidate for representative from the legislative district composed of Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami counties, spent Tuesday in the city interviewing a number of the voters here. Mr. Opsahl's opponent is Wm. McCuaig, who also resides at Bemidji. The latter gentleman is little known in Red Lake county, but Mr. Opsahl has quite an extensive acquaintance here, having taken a homestead a number of years ago up in the Shotley Brook settlement, where a number of residents of Thief River Falls used to reside. Speaking of Mr. Opsahl, Ben Christianson, who used to reside up in that territory says:

"I became very well acquainted with Mr. Opsahl when he resided up in the Shotley country and to know him is to like him. He is a hustler and did much for the development of Northern Beltrami county, and many settlers who had but limited means were given a helping hand by Mr. Opsahl. There is no question but that where he is well known he will receive a large vote and that is the best recommendation any man can have."

Mr. Opsahl is greatly interested in the matter of drainage and good roads and quotes some interesting figures in that regard.

Minnesota has 119 Representatives and 63 State senators. The State owns over 2,000,000 acres of swamp lands that needs Drainage and development, pratcically all of this land lies in the 6 northern Districts, represented by 6 senators out of 65, and 12 Representatives out of 119.

How much will it cost to drain this large area of land?

Will it be an easy job to get drainage laws and appropriations?

And if so will it be an easy task to properly have the work done?

From a business standpoint if you was to develop a new industry and property that was worth ten million dollars or more, and the development work of same would cost several hundred thousand dollars would you hire as managers for you good fellows that had no practical knowledge of the work to be done or the territory to be worked except that their idea was that it was a very good and proper thing to go ahead and get the money to have the work done some way.

Or would you hire managers that had made it their daily business life for the the last ten years to study this line of work in all its details, as to the lay of the territory, its needs, and on the other hand had the practical knowledge of it also as a contractor?

LAST CONFERENCE.

This District Will Soon Have Another Presiding Elder.

Rev. Dr. Dodds held his last quarterly conference at Fergus last week, his term as presiding elder of this district expiring by limitation with the coming church conference, which is to be held in a few weeks. It is now considered altogether probable, however, that the church will lose the services of Dr. Dodds as presiding elder, but that the district will be divided and that he will be assigned to preside over the new district, with headquarters possibly at Brainerd. The new district would extend as far south as Anoka and northward through the Brainerd-Grand Rapids country and westward to include Wadena. It would take possibly fourteen counties from this district, which would still be known as the Crookston district and would receive some additions from other districts to partially compensate for losses, although although this district is now a very large one and may therefore be slightly reduced. It is generally understood in church circles here that a change of this kind is among the strong probabilities when the coming conference meets.

Subscribe for the News.

FILLING UP THE SILO.

Peter Engelstad at Work This Week Filling His Silo.

Invites the Public to Go to His Farm and Witness The Work.

Residents of Thief River Falls and vicinity who desire to see modern farming are invited to go down to the farm of Peter Engelstad's, four miles southeast of Thief River Falls, and witness the work of silo filling. Mr. Engelstad commenced work this week and it will be about a week more before the job is finished. He has two silos—the only ones in Red Lake county—and expects to store about 250 tons of ensilage which he will use to feed to his stock this winter.

Last fall Mr. Engelstad built his first silo and was so well pleased with the result that this spring he built another and will this winter feed all of his stock, both the milch cows and young stock from the silo. He finds the he is well paid for the extra care that he gives his stock.

Mr. Engelstad is one of the progressive farmers of Red Lake county and we hope to see others follow the lead he has taken. In any event it will be well worth the time of anyone to make the trip to Mr. Engelstad's farm this week and witness filling of the silo.

To Have a Vaudville Show.

Thief River Falls is soon to have a continuous vaudville show. The building now occupied by the Thief River Press is to be used, and the management says that only first class entertainment is to be furnished. There will be a change of program each week. Moving pictures, phonographs and the like will be the chief features.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

POLITICAL NEWS NOTES

What the Hand-Shakers of Red Lake County Are Doing.

Contests on Both Republican and Democratic Tickets.

Karl M. Hanson, who for the past two years has been county treasurer of Red Lake county, again seeks the Democratic nomination. Mr. Hansen has made the most efficient and accommodating treasurer Red Lake county has ever had and the books of the office were never kept in such good shape as they are at present. All who have had dealing with the treasurer's office during the past two years are united in supporting Mr. Hansen, and that is the best recommendation that he can have.

Mrs. J. J. Doe, of Red Lake Falls, will again be a candidate for the office of superintendent of schools in Red Lake county, having filed for the Democratic nomination. Two years ago Mrs. Doe was a candidate on the Republican ticket for this same office, but it would now appear that she had changed her politics. As a woman has a perfect right to change her mind, there will be no great objection to this. Two years ago she was defeated upon the issue that it would be almost impossible for a woman to attend to the duties of the office as it requires a great deal of driving in all kinds of weather. With the new eleven towns now a part of Red Lake county, the duties of the superintendent of schools have been greatly increased and if the voters are of the same mind that they were two years ago, it is hardly probable that she will be elected.

Emil E. Zeh, who seeks the Democratic nomination for the office of register of deeds against Frank Jeffers, (now withdrawn from the race) appears to be about as popular a candidate as there is in the field. Mr. Zeh is a deserving young man, one of the pioneer residents of the county and there is no question but what he would make a competent official. No man in the county has any more loyal friends than has Mr. Zeh, and they will all work hard for his success.

The contest for the Republican nomination for the office of sheriff between Robert Lee and Lewis A. Nelson will be a friendly one and the outcome will not be known until the votes are counted. Both have strong friends.

E. M. Stanton will secure the Democratic nomination for county attorney without opposition as will also Thomas Germo the Republican nomination. Mr. Germo is an honest and upright young man and has many friends but it does not seem probable that he will be able to defeat Mr. Stanton who is without doubt one of the ablest attorneys in the Northwest and is looked upon by many as the proper person to fill the office of county attorney and be the legal advisor of the county commissioners. It is with considerable pride that the people of Thief River Falls presents the name of E. M. Stanton for the consideration of the voters of Red Lake county and the News feels that if Mr. Stanton is elected the people will never have cause to regret it.

As to John B. O'Brien, who seeks the Republican nomination for county auditor, little need be said. Mr. O'Brien is looked upon by the large majority of people as the proper man for the office and he will without a question of doubt be nominated and elected. His opponent for the Republican nomination is Wm. Holberg, of Red Lake Falls, a man little known in the county.

There are an unusual number of candidates this year. The Red Lake Falls gang has put a number of stool-pigeons on the ticket.

Just in order to fool the voters the Red Lake gang has caused the name of T. A. Johnson to appear upon the ticket as a candidate for the office of court commissioner in competition with S. T. Johnson of this city. It furnishes an illustration of the trickery of the down river gang and is one of the chief reasons why the people of Red Lake county want the court house moved from Red Lake Falls to a place where all will be given a square deal. If the people of Thief River Falls cannot win by fair means they do not care to win at all.

The opposition to N. W. Tarrant and K. M. Hansen which is alleged to have been started by Frank Jeffers is going to prove a boomerang to that gentleman. Messrs. Tarrant and Hanson have just as many friends many friends among the Democrats in Red Lake county as has Mr. Jeffers. They were in no way responsible for Emil E. Zeh filing as a candidate for the office of register of deeds against Mr. Jeffers and if they were it would be nothing that they would be ashamed of. Mr. Jeffers will find that he has a big enough contract upon his hand to win his own nomination without trying to dictate the remaining part of the ticket.

E. L. Quist will quite likely receive the Republican nomination for the office of register of deeds. His opponent will be Ralph Green, who became a candidate, it is alleged, at the instigation of Frank Jeffers. Mr. Green was in the city Tuesday and strongly denies this, saying that he is out after Jeffers' scalp and will try to win on his own merits.

The fierce fight on in the Democratic ranks means that there will be a large Democratic vote at primaries in Red Lake county this year. Heretofore the Democratic candidates have always secured their nominations without any opposition and as a result only about 50 votes has been cast at the Democratic primaries in the past. The voters always like to use their pencil as much as possible, and this year both the Democrats and the Republicans are furnishing opportunities.

The report comes from Red Lake Falls to the effect that Frank Jeffers has withdrawn as a candidate for the Democratic nomination and will run as an inpentendent. It was very probable that he would have been defeated for the Democratic nomination had he stayed in the fight.

The contest for the Republican nomination for the office of school superintendent will be between Mr. McAnulty, the present superintendent of schools and Fred Richards, of Red Lake Falls. Mr. Richards is a young man and quite popular and no doubt would make a good official. Mr. McAnulty however, has served but one term and during that time has proved to be such an efficient superintendent and has done such hard work for the schools of Red Lake county that it is generally conceded that he is entitled to another term. He will no doubt win out in the nomination over Mr. Richards quite easily.

Later.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty has withdrawn as a candidate for the Republican nomination and will file later as an independent candidate.

Mr. McAnulty was not afraid he could not secure the Republican nomination, but he was sure to have opposition for the election and the result would be that he would have to make two campaigns for the office. Now he will have to make only one campaign and it will be a winning one, too. Mr. McAnulty was in Thief River Falls Tuesday and said that he could not very well take the time to make a campaign at the primaries now and that was another reason he did not go into the fight at this time. The schools all over the county are now just starting up for the fall term and Mr. McAnulty would not neglect his duties in order to campaign.

The following is a complete list of all who have filed for nomination:

AUDITOR.
John B. O'Brien, Rep.
Wm. Holberg, Rep.
James Ford, Dem.

TREASURER.
K. M. Hanson, Dem.
L. C. Cadieux, Dem.
O. J. Johnson, Rep.
O. T. Tandberg, Rep.
O. H. Nelson, Public Ownership.

REGISTER OF DEEDS.
Ralph H. Green, Rep.
E. L. Quist, Rep.
Frank Jeffers, Dem.
Emil E. Zeh, Dem.

SHERIFF.
Lewis A. Nelson, Rep.
Robert A. Lee, Rep.
Dan Linnihan, Dem.

JUDGE OF PROBATE.
Charles Ecklund, Rep.
Maxmillian Perras, Dem.
N. W. Tarrant, Dem.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.
Thomas Germo, Rep.
E. M. Stanton, Dem.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.
J. K. Wood, Rep.

CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT.
Joseph Perrault, Dem.
H. E. Ives, Rep.
C. W. Johnson, Rep.

COURT COMMISSIONER.
Simon Paul, Rep.
John Matthews, Dem.
T. A. Johnson, Dem.
S. T. Johnson, Dem.

SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.
Mrs. J. J. Doe, Dem.
H. T. McAnulty, Rep.
Fred Richards, Rep.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District.
P. A. Ekstrom, Rep.
C. A. Lindquist, Rep.
Third District.
Ed. A. Aubol, Rep.
N. A. Nelson, Rep.
Fifth District.
Joseph Pigeon, Rep.

The Star STEAM LAUNDRY
STANDS THE TEST.
Well done up collars, cuffs, shirts and vests make you look good, and underwear washed in the right way makes them soft and you feel good. Call us up and we will call for your laundry and deliver it again. We feel sure that the work will please you.

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS.

Heatherbloom and Mercerized Sateen Petticoats, Black and Colors, 98c, $1.25 $1.50, $2.25 and $2.50.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Silk Petticoats, Newest Coloring. Green, Navey, Alice Blue, Black, etc. $4.50 and $6.50.

Complete Showing of
. . . . Fall Styles . . . .
FOR WOMEN AND MISSES.

The new styles are now ready. Come in and see "what's what" for the present season.

New Walking Skirts.

New fall novelties in tailored skirts, panamas, serges, broadclothes, in black, grey, new check and fancy mixtures. All well tailored and stylishly modeled;

$3.00, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.50, 7.25 to $15.00.

New Autumn Coats.

All the new and correct models, suitable for touring and traveling, a choice selection of the fancy foreign weaves,

$10, 12.50, 15, 18, 20 and $25.

The Golden Rule Dry Goods Dept.
EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND
CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

REFUSE TO HAUL LOGS

Railroads Will Not Haul Logs to Minneapolis Next Year.

Great Number of Wrecks Given as Reason for the Action Taken.

The railroads running through Bemidji have decided to discontinue carrying saw logs south and the resolution goes into effect at the close of this season. This action was taken for the reason that a great many wrecks are caused by logs falling from the cars onto the tracks. Not only is property destroyed but life is endangered. In a great many instances men have lost their lives by coming in contact with the heavy wet logs which fall from the cars.

The saw mills at Minneapolis have for some years past been dependent upon a log supply from the northern part of the state and it will come as a blow to those industries to have the supply cut off. This action on the part of the railroads will result in the erection of a larger number of mills in the pine countries and consequently an impetus will be given to immigration to northern Minnesota as well as business generally in this section.

GERMANTOWN.

Threshing has begun and the grain is turning out well.

Last Sunday almost everybody was out hunting and all had a chance to shoot. Some of the boys had the bag full to the limit of the law.

Ole Overum from Highlanding was up here last Tuesday threshing feed.

The ladies aid of the Norwegian church met with Mrs. Overby last Wednesday.

Mesdames Daniel Shaw and John Eastman from Thief River Falls are visiting with Miss Sarah Vaughan.

Henry Roller and family visited with H. Langevin's family last Sunday.

Miss Marie Jensen, of Thief River Falls was visiting friends around here last week.

IMITATE ROMANS.

Sound Advice Given to All Intelligent People.

It is a blind people which fixes its eyes on the railroad and considers it the sum of all transportation, says Pacific Monthly. Only second to it are the wagon roads, and intelligent farming communities ought to appreciate the tremendous yearly loss to the whole community in bad roads.

Not only that smaller loads must be hauled, more trips made, more time taken on a trip and greater wear and tear and breakage—not only this, but the community with good solid roads the year round will outstrip its rivals in settlement and increased values. The Romans for military purposes built through sparsely settled districts roads which endure today, and the ever accompanying result was the rapid settlement of those districts.

The railroad is not the whole thing. Get together, my countrymen, and mend your ways. Be Romans; make your roads everlastingly good.

A Bill For Good Roads.

Representative William R. Hearst of New York recently introduced a bill appropriating $50,000,000 toward the building of good roads for the purpose of extending the postal service and lessening the dependence of the agricultural and industrial interests on railroads, says a Washington dispatch. The plan proposed is that not more than $10,000,000 of the amount shall be expended in any one year. When a country road is built for a distance of ten miles or more the government is to pay half the cost.

Prizes For Good Roads.

At a recent Kansas good roads convention the county good roads committee made the following recommendation to the convention: That each township give $25 in prizes for the five best half mile stretches of road made in the township by the use of the King drag and that the city of Lawrence give a prize for the best stretch of road on the nine rural routes running out from Lawrence, the mail carriers to be the judges.

When to Drag.

When the smiles of spring appear
Drag the road;
When the summer time is here
Drag the road;
When the corn is in the ear,
In the winter cold and drear,
Every season in the year,
Drag the road.

When you've nothing else to do
Drag the road;
If but for an hour or two,
Drag the road.
It will keep them good as new,
With a purpose firm and true,
Fall in line; it's up to you;
Drag the road.

Would you do the proper thing?
Drag the road.
Set the system on the wing,
Drag the road.
Give the drag a lively swing.
Toss the laurel wreath to King
Hats off! Everybody sing
Drag the road.

—National Stockman and Farmer.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	63c
Oats	35c
Flax	1.03
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Additional Locals.

Wm. McKinley was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

James Perkins is here from the Big Fork country.

A. A. Hall has removed to this city from Middle River.

Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

There will be services Sunday in the German Lutheran church.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder Phone 233.

Mrs. O'Comell, of Warren, is in the city visiting the Penneys and Lakins.

Mrs. P. E. Ross left last evening for Crookston to visit her parents for a few days.

News is quite scarce this week. Most everyone is either hunting or talking politics.

Miss Edna Crowe left Monday for Duluth where she will spend the next year attending school.

Quite a few settlers are in town today proving up on their land before U. S. Commissioner L. G. Browning.

Mrs. Charles Hoar, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. W. J. LaBree, returned to Duluth yesterday.

James Curran, who had spent the summer at his uncle's farm in Big Stone county, returned to this city the first of the week.

W. H. Matthews, of Ada, was in the city yesterday in the interests of the candidacy of D. C. Lightbourn for the state senate.

Geese are reported to be very numerous out in the Germantown country and they are quite tame so that it is possible to shoot at them.

The Tri-State Telephone company expects to have the long distance line from Thief River Falls to Grand Forks completed this week.

Monday was Labor Day, but aside from the closing of the banks, no one would have known that it was a legal holiday in Minnesota.

Threshing out of the shock was quite generally commenced in this section this week. Reports are to the effect that grain is turning out very good.

D. C. Lightbourn, of Ada, one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for state senator from this district, was in the city yesterday meeting a number of the voters.

School commenced again on Tuesday after a three months vacation. As usual the attendance the first day was not large, except in the primary departments but by the first of next week the attendance will be greatly increased.

A deal was made in St. Paul the first of the week whereby James Meehan traded the building now occupied by the Press to Dennis Cavanaugh for the three lots on the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street just north of John Morgan's place. It is understood that Mr. Meehan will build a business block upon this property this fall. He will be here the first of next week to make the necessary arrangements.

The young folks pronounce the masquerade dance at the Opera House last Friday evening the event of the season. The best of times was enjoyed by all. Everyone was masked, and darkies, chinese, preachers, dudes and innumerable fictitions characters turned out to be the rising generation of our city. Supper was served at the Hub. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosenbury chaperoned the affair and Mrs. Wright furnished the music.

A resident of this city wishes the News to inform the flax growers of this section that there will be a threshing machine in this section in about four weeks that will thresh flax without breaking the the straw, leaving it fit to be taken to the factory. It would be advisable to stack any flax two feet long or over along some unused ground so that the same can be spread thereon after threshing. More information on this subject will be given later.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 1 1906.

Anne, Mrs. C. J.
Ball, C.
Baker, Mrs. W. C.
Cusal Mrs. J. W.
Carlson, Miss Minnie
Gunderson, Nels
Hansen, Hans
Johnson, Christ
Koch, Miss Lenora
Larson, Lewis
Mandt, Miss May
Mabb, Louis A.
O'Brien, Miss Estella
Olbech gay
Page, Jay B.
Sather, Miss Ellen
Quande, Peter
Queralew, Bernt

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them please say "Advertised."

IRA C. RICHARDSON, P. M.

STATE POLITICS

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—In view of the fact that the campaign for the fall election cannot open in reality until after the primary nominations, Sept. 18, it did take quite a spurt this week owing to the campaign speech of Mr. Cole, the Republican candidate for governor. It was so unusual for a candidate for governor in Minnesota to declare at the very outset of the campaign that he favored regulating railroads and compelling them to reduce their rates of freight that the utterances of Mr. Cole have attracted widespread attention and are the talk of the people in both city and country. The people recognize by the speech that a political John the Baptist has arisen to lead them out of the wilderness of excessive and extortionate freight rates and the change of popular sentiment is noticeable in the very air. Of course, this bold utterance secures for Mr. Cole the hostility of the railroad managers, but, by the same token, the people love him all the more "for the enemies he has made." It is the fight of the people for themselves and the voters see in Mr. Cole, after his bold declaration, that they have a friend at court who rests his cause not with the railroads and their possible campaign subscriptions, but with the people. The people are at last to measure swords with the railroads and determine whether or not the creator is greater than the created.

All over the state the political tide is rising to sweep Mr. Cole triumphantly into the governor's chair, where he will be able to "make good." It is the first real impetus the campaign has had and it is a royal starter.

* * *

The exuberance of the campaign assumed a somber hue when the death of General H. W. Childs was announced on Thursday. Mr. Childs' death is everywhere recognized as both a public and political loss. He was a leader of men and by his clear conception of duty was enabled to teach them and show them the pathway to protect their own welfare. He served the state six years as attorney general and set a pace which any successor of his may well feel proud to emulate. In his official capacity he was the earnest friend of the people and during his term of service he did much to guard against the unjust encroachments of corporations. An ardent Republican he was a delegate to the Republican state convention at Duluth, was largely responsible for the admirable platform and was expected to be heard upon the stump in behalf of his party during the present campaign. He would have carried weight and force wherever he could be heard. He was honored and respected by every one who knew him.

"None knew him but to love him,
None named him but to praise."

* * *

It seems almost superfluous for the Democrats to hold a state convention this year. Governor Johnson is already in the field with his literary bureau and such papers as still cling to his waning fortunes are being deluged with weak praise and diatribes by Frank Day, Rosing and other henchmen who have been dreaming that they were to dwell in marble halls for two years more. In addition, Frank Day has not only made up the rest of the ticket, but has absolutely been indiscreet enough to announce it a week in advance of the convention date. Tom O'Brien, the insurance commissioner, is struggling with the platform and shaping it to face both ways on the railroad question so as not to interfere with the history of two years ago repeating itself and permitting a generous campaign fund to be produced by the "interests" most in peril. The convention is to be held the day after the great race of Dan Patch at the state fair grounds. The matter being thus all arranged in advance it seems almost cruel to go through the motions of a convention. When Frank Day cracks the whip the perfunctory Democrats can dance to the refrain,

"Since so soon I have been done for,
I wonder what I was begun for."

It is almost appalling and spectacular to think that, after all this labor on the part of Frank Day, some of the hard shell Democrats want to prevent him succeeding himself as chairman of the Democratic state central committee because he was once lieutenant governor of the state as a Republican. Governor Johnson may save his protege's bacon, but it can well be said, "Ingratitude, thy name is a hard shell, mossback Democrat."

* * *

In each of the Twin Cities there is a scrap on for the congressional nomination on the Republican ticket. In Minneapolis Uncle Loren struck his colors before time was called for the start in the race, but Dustis, A. H. Hall, Frank Nye and Washburn, Jr., will strive for the persimmon, just as if your Uncle Loren had never lived. In St. Paul Congressman Stevens has an active opponent in E. G. Rogers, at present clerk of courts in Ramsey county.

* * *

Mr. Cole, who has been in the southern part of the state for the past week, has returned. He is enthusiastic over the reception he received everywhere he went and confident of the practically unanimous support of the Republicans in the sections which he visited.

Autumn's Most Favored Apparel, $15.00.

THE CHOISEST AND MUCH SOUGHT FOR STYLES ARE REPRESENTED AT THIS PLACE

There is not that ready-to-wear-sameness about these clothes, but they show painstaking workmanship in every detail of cut or fit. Here are clothes that meet your personal requirements just as you anticipate they should. Our $15.00 clothes have an individuality that places them in a class entirely by themselves. We give you direct service instead of that trust-to-luck hit or miss sort. Your judgement ought never to waver. Any style, color, shade, fabric or cut in either Suit, Overcoat or Raincoat that your fancy may dictate is here for Men and Young Men at

$15.00.

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FRIEND BROS CLOTHING CO.
MILWAUKEE

Unexcelled showing of hand tailored custom made clothes that would do credit to any custom tailor, shown here for $25	Large showing of Florsheim Shoes fresh from the factory in all leathers and shapes, $4, $5 and $6.	Immense showing of suits from English woolens, exquisitely finished and tailored, either single or double breasted at $20

Wilson Clothing Co.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

In all 452 persons lost their lives as the result of the San Francisco disaster of April 18, according to an official report of the city board of health.

Dewitt Adams, aged twenty-seven, and Miss Carroll Jones, aged seventeen, were drowned in attempting to ford fall river, near Fredonia, Kan.

Efforts to pull the transport Sheridan off the rocks near Honolulu have been abandoned and it is now believed the vessel will be a total loss.

Newt Graves, a prominent resident of Brundridge, Ala., and his two grown sons, John and Bascom Graves, were instantly killed by lightning.

The cruiser Boston went aground off the coast of Washington during a fog and was pulled off slightly damaged.

Fire destroyed every business house in the mining town of Stent, Cal. Thirty-three buildings were burned.

Charles W. Lynde, a wealthy retired business man, was killed at Islip, L. I., in an automobile accident.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

In a letter to Charles A. Stillings, public printer, President Roosevelt wrote that if the changes in spelling advocated by the simplified spelling board and put into use in official documents meet popular approval they will be made permanent, if not they will be dropped.

Nothing short of the placing upon meat products of labels which will not deceive the public was the ultimatum which Secretary Wilson delivered to forty representatives of various packinghouses who met in Washington Thursday.

Emphatic denial is made at the state department of all reports that any movement is in progress looking to intervention in Cuban affairs.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

At Helsingfors, Finland, nineteen soldiers, found guilty of participation in the recent mutiny at Sveaborg fortress, were shot, and three civilians, convicted of incitement to mutiny, were hanged and others sentenced to prison for terms varying from five to fifteen years.

Prince Shakoffskoi, a cousin of the secretary of the outlawed parliament, who, with M. Polivanoff, was conversing with Premier Stolypin at the moment of the explosion in the latter's apartment Aug. 25, died of his wounds.

FOREIGN NEWS.

As the result of a collision between troops and striking coal miners at Petroseny, Hungary, 175 miners were injured.

—Subscribe for the News.

Twine! Twine! Twine!
Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Margaretha Kainz, formerly Margaretha Clauser, H. E. No. [illegible] Chippewa Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp 155 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Hans Clausen, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Thomas " " "
Nick Hundhund, " " "
John Ristau, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 6 oct 4

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff, vs. Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 31st day of August, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at One o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of Section six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), Range Forty-Five (45), containing 160 acres of land.

Dated September 3rd, 1906.

D. Linnehan,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

sept 6 to oct 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906 viz: Thom M. Thorson H. E. No. 780 Red Lake Series for the Lots 1, 2, and E ½ of N. W. ¼ of Sec. 7, Twp. 153 N. of Range 40 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Jacob H. Nesheim, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Carl J. Olsen, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "
Aaron E. Abraham, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 6 to oct 4

Subscribe for the News.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Sept. 12th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

Twine! Twine! Twine!
Minnesota State Prison Twine.

C. C. JACKSON & CO. are agents for this TWINE and any one wishing to buy TWINE can save money by calling and seeing them. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF IT.

A. L. HANSON, Candidate for State Senator.

The subject of this sketch, who is a candidate on the republican ticket at the coming primary election for state senator in this legislative district which comprises Norman, Red Lake, Beltrami and Clearwater counties, is a representative citizen and one who would do credit to any position that the people would place him in. He was born on a farm in Allamakee county, Iowa, October 28th 1854. His parents were pioneers in that section and he staid with them until of age, doing farm work in season and attending school during the winter months as much as the busy farm would allow. At the age of 21 he struck out to battle with the world, with nothing but personal pluck and ambition. By teaching during vacation and doing such work as he could find while at school, he worked his way through a four years course at the Iowa state agricultural college, graduating as a civil engineer in 1879. In 1880 he came west, locating at Hillsboro, N. D., where he was engaged in the banking business until 1890, when he disposed of his said business and began farming. Since 1890 he has devoted almost his entire time to his farming interests, which are principally in Norman county, and where he has resided since 1893, living part of the time on his farm in Winchester township and the balance in Ada. He is married and has two children. Mr. Hanson is a man of strong and pleasing personality. He has strong convictions on public questions and the ability and courage to champion their cause. Having worked and studied farming for the last sixteen years, as well as having been raised on the farm, his sympathies and natural bent are with and towards those who labor. These qualities, combined with his business experience, make him peculiarly fitted to represent this district in the state senate. He is willing and anxious that the people should know what policies he advocates and will stand or fall upon these. In another column will be found a comprehensive platform of what he stands for and the things he will work for if sent to the legislature. Mr. Hanson has never before sought public office and would not now be a candidate if he had not been urged to enter the race by citizens of every county in the district.

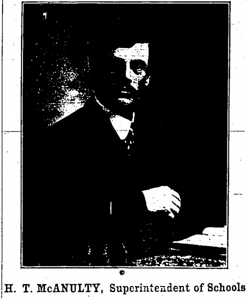

H. T. McANULTY, Superintendent of Schools and Candidate for Re-election.

Respectfully solicits your vote and support for the Republican nomination for superintendent of schools of Red Lake county at the primary election, Sept. 18.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

A TOUGH LOT.

Dakota Towns Being Terrorized by a Gang of Tramps.

The small towns along the Dakota branch line between Larimore and Devils Lake were held up last week by organized bands of hoboes who forced the people to do exactly what was wanted and took possession of the towns. At Lehr, a small town in McIntosh county, tramps numbering two score or more in number moved in force on the little town and took full possession of every place that excited their viciousness and cupidity. The people were simply terrorized, saloons were looted and when the men would not do the bidding of the bandit gang they were roughly handled and in some cases seriously injured. Women were insulted and driven from the stores and streets and children received the fright of their lives. Eventually assistance was secured from the neighboring town of Kuhn and the rioters put to flight and a few arrests made.

At Lawton several robberies have occurred and at Hampden, the hardware store was entered and $75 stolen. At Brocket the hotels were looted and five men held up and robbed. At Edmore two men got in a row and one seriously *stabbed the other. Other small towns* all along the line report ill-treatment from hoboes.

NEXT SPRING?

Said That G. N. Will Build Greenbush Extension This Year.

There is now a rumor going around to the effect that work of laying the steel on the extension from Greenbush to Warroad will not be commenced until next spring whether or not there is any authority for this rumor is not known. The excuse that has always been given before was that the there was a shortage of steel rail. This time it is that there is a shortage of ties. The Roseau Times has the following to say upon the subject:

Outside newspapers are furnishing the statement that the Roseau branch of the Great Northern will be completed soon. The Times has been doing its best to obtain information and the only statement we can make is that the work is in the hands of the Great Northern that the contract called for the completion of the road on June 15, 1906, but that the contractors have been relieved of this part of their contract in order to employ them on roads considered of more vital importance. The contrators are willing to fill their part but the company failed to furnish them steel, and there you are. In two weeks the grade will be all finished from Greenbush to Warroad and ready for the steel gang. A failure of the Great Northern to extend the road to Roseau this fall will engender a feeling among our people that will be nursed for many years.

VALUATION ABSTRACT.

County Auditor Completes Work on Real Property.

County Auditor Ford has completed his abstract of valuation of the real estate of the county as returned by the assessors and equalized by the board. Some of the figures, as given below, will be found interesting.

The number of acres of land in the county, exclusive of city property, 451,750.52. Value of land exclusive of structures and improvements, $1,803,963.

Average value per acre, exclusive of improvements, $3.99.

Value of structures outside of cities, $158,422.

Value of land including structures and improvements, $1,969,456.

Average value per acre, including improvements, $1.34.

Value of city lots, including improvements, $603,300.

Total value, as equalized by the board $2,605,678.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

The Crookston School.

The state agricultural school at Crookston will open its doors October 1. As the last legislature made no provision for its maintenance this year, it was thought for a time that its doors had to remain closed for a year, but through the efforts of that wide-awake Crookston organization, the Twenty-five Thousand club, a sufficient amount of money has been raised and advanced to open the school this fall and maintain it throughout the winter. Next to the common schools, three agricultural institutions are the best educational establishments within the state's borders and are in every way well worthy of the patronage of our youths and maidens. The Crookston school should prove especially helpful to the Red River valley.—Twin Valley Times.

Bank Changes Hands.

The Northern State Bank of Greenbush suspended business last week. T. Lunderall of the State Bank of Greenbush will have control of the business hereafter. Barney Pleflk who has acted as cashier of the institution since it began business, left Wednesday for Ogema to act as cashier in another bank.—Greenbush Journal.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stock, Crookston, Minn.

EARNEST L. QUIST, of Kratka,

Candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of register of deeds of Red Lake county, and respectfully solicits your support and influence. If nominated and elected he promises to conduct the affairs of the office in a fair, impartial and business like manner.

A NUMBER PASSED

County Superintendent Receives Returns From State Examinations.

The returns from state examinations held at the summer school for Red Lake County, show a much larger percentage of success among applicants than at any ever held in the county. There were 10 first grade certificates and 56 second grade certificates received, a total of 66 out of 115 applicants. The highest number ever issued at no time before was 47 and at no time have there been more than 3 or 4 first grade certificates. Those securing first grade certificates: Edith Quist, Thief River Falls, Olga Iverson, Brooks; Florence Columbus, Red Lake Falls; Katie McAnulty, Red Lake Falls; Lydia Anderson, St. Hilaire; Bertha LaFreniro, Red Lake Falls; Constance Nordblad Gadsky; Gertude Meehan, Thief River Falls; Holm Rankin, Middle River and Ida Bjorge Thief River.

A Good Road Candidate.

The polical game seems to be a little warmer over in Aitkin county than here at home. There are two and three candidates for nearly every county office and the Aitkin papers of last week contained several columns of paid political announcements. One of the candidates for a certain office, Frank L. Kinney is making a some what novel bid for votes. He claims that the office to which he aspires brings in from $3000 to $5000 per year fees, and agrees to turn into the road and bridge fund of the county all above $1200 a year and clerk hire that the office may bring in. This fellow is a good roads candidate, sure.

This Is All Right.

James Cassidy of the town of Deer bought 32 ewes in the fall of 1905 and in the spring of 1906 he raised 42 lambs; the ewes sheared him $1.25 worth of wool per head; he now has the lambs, ewes and $1.25 a head for the wool. How is that for sheep raising in the Roseau Valley?—Greenbush Journal.

FIFTY CENTS

IN some conditions the gain from the use of Scott's Emulsion is very rapid. For this reason we put up a fifty-cent size, which is enough for an ordinary cough or cold or useful as a trial for babies and children. In other conditions the gain is slower—health cannot be built up in a day. In such cases Scott's Emulsion must be taken as nourishment; a food rather than a medicine. It's a food for tired and weak digestions.

Send for free sample

Scott & Bowne, 409-415 Pearl St. New York
Chemists
50c. and $1.00. All druggists

COUNTY DEPOPULATED.

Roseau County Settlers All Over in North Dakota Harvesting.

This season of harvesting the Red River Valley and North Dakota will attract many Roseau county people. Teams are said to be in great demand in Dakota, and the wages of man and team is $6.00 per day. Harvest hands and threshers get $2.50 to $3.00 per day while the going wages for engineers, firemen and separator manager is from $4 to $6 per day. The season of work runs from 25 to 40 days.

It is estimated that Roseau county will furnish 700 teams and 2000 men for the harvest fields west, and this is not an over estimate either. With favorable weather the harvesters from Roseau county will earn over $250,000 most of which earnings they bring back to the county with them. For the first time agents are here from North Dakota drumming up teams and men. Roseau county has a male population of about 4000 over 21 years of age, of which about 3,500 are voters going out to harvest, there will be less than 1000 votes cast at the primary election for the republican ticket on September 18th.—Roseau County Times.

A BAD INDIAN

Deputy Marshall Tufts Last Week Arrested a Red Laker.

Frank Tufts, deputy United States marshall last week arrested an Indian named Ka-chi-oke-ma, whom he arrested on the Red Lake reservation on the charge of boot legging on the Cross Lake —a district of the Red Lake reserve.

He took the Indian to Walker for a hearing before Daniel DeLury, U. S. Commissioner.

While Mr. Tufts was on his trip he made a futile effort to locate a brother of the man arrested for boot-legging who is wanted on the charge of being connected with a murder committed on the Cass Lake reservation more than a year ago.

The red who is wanted has many friends among the Red Lake Indians and whenever the government boat appears near where he lives he is warned in ample time to make his escape into the dense forest, where it is utterly impossible to locate him.

The Indian is always armed with a rifle and a revolver is a desperate man to encounter. However, Mr Tufts believes that he will land his man in the near future.

Winter Wheat.

Bergh Bros. threshed their crop of winter wheat this week. It averaged 24 bushels per acre. A number of farmers will seed a few acres this year. The present crop has been the most successful one one. In former years much of it has frozen out, but it is probable more success will be had with the seed grown here for several years, and becoming acclimated.—Hendrum Review.

It Pays to Advertise.

He didn't have a dollar; he didn't have a dime! His clothes and shoes served their time. He didn't try to kill himself to dodge misfortune's whacks. Instead he got some ashes and he filled five dozen sacks. Then, next he begged a dollar. In the paper in the morn he advertised tin polish that would put the sun to scorn. He kept on advertising, and, just now, suffice to say, he's out in California at his cottage on the bay.—Ex.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 6, 1906.

TO THE VOTERS.

John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, Announces His Candidacy.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the Republican nomination for Register of Deeds for Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support of Republican voters at the primary election on September 18th.

R. H. GREEN.

COUNTY TREASURER.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the office of county treasurer and respectfully solicit the support of the voters of Red Lake county. If I am nominated and elected I will conduct the affairs of the office in the same business like manner that I have during the past two years.

K. M. HANSEN.

Legislative Candidate.

In announcing myself as a candidate for the legislature from the sixty-first district, comprising the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake, I desire to assure the voters of the district that I am in hearty accordance with the forward movement and step for the drainage of this northern country and the betterment of its roads which means we will encourage immigration and encourage legislation in that direction.

There are propositions other than these to be taken up, and I will, if nominated and elected, do my best for all things pertaining to my district and will endeavor to follow the wishes of the people.

I believe that drainage and good roads are the paramount issues, and what is needed for the betterment of our district.

I seek the nomination at the request of a number of interests, and will maintain an independent stand, seconded only as the best interests of the state may demand. I have always been an independent in my business, and in this, the people's business will still be independent. I will always seek the best interests of my constituents and the honest carrying out of the work pertaining to the office, and will favor the citizens of my district as a political body.

With the above brief outline of my political intentions, I respectfully solicit your aid and support at the polls on the 18th of September.

J. J. OPSAHL.

Simon's Record.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette attempts to do a little explaining for L. C. Simons, saying that he voted for the Nolan reciprocal demurrage law. It is true that Mr. Simons did vote for this bill when it came up for final passage, there being only seven members of the entire legislature that voted against the bill at that time.

When Mr. Simons' vote was needed, however, he was against the bill. As will be remembered by those who took an interest in the matter at the time, the committee which had charge of this bill was controlled by the railroads, and a majority of the committee voted to have the bill put on the table. The minority brought in a favorable report upon this bill and it was adopted, Mr. Simons voting with the nays. This brought the matter before the legislature and it was placed upon general order. Another attempt was also made to kill the bill by a vote to reconsider the former action and Mr. Simons voted yes upon this proposition, or in reality against the bill. Had either of the propositions which Mr. Simons voted for carried, it would have resulted in killing the bill. When the bill came up for final consideration in the house, it was an assured fact it would be passed, and nearly everyone voted for it, there being only seven nay votes. The bill was later killed in the senate, a horde of railroad lawyers and other paid agents being employed to work among the senators for the defeat of the bill.

We do not know whether or not the Gazette intends to be fair in the matter of Mr. Simons' legislative record, but to claim that he was a supporter of the reciprocal demurrage law, is certainly displaying considerable nerve. True, the house journal shows that he voted for the bill when it came up for final passage, but his vote was not needed at that time. Upon two previous occasions, when the real fight to defeat the bill was made, Mr. Simons voted against it. Now let the Gazette publish the facts in the case or keep still about the matter. That is what Mr. Simons is doing.

The Real Issues.

Last week the NEWS published a long article taken from the Twin Valley Times regarding the candidacy of A. L. Hanson. Today it gives us much pleasure to reproduce an article from the Red River Review, a paper published at Hendrum, and one of the influential papers of Norman county:

Shall this district be represented by a tool of the railways and other corporations or a man who stands for the rights of the people?

This is the question that the voters of this senatorial district will be called to decide on at the polls on primary election day.

The fight between the railway corporations and the people, which is so prominent a factor in the politics of Wisconsin and Iowa for some time, is now on in Minnesota, and those who love a political fight will not lack an opportunity for the next few years, and the fellows who are willing to sell their "influence" will find a ready market, and like in the two states we mentioned, will be lined up solid for the corporations.

Railway rates are much higher in this state than in Iowa and Wisconsin and the only reason it is so is because the legislature—especially the senate—is under the influence of the corporations, so that they are able to prevent legislation which would give the people a square deal.

We consider L. C. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, the corporation candidate in this district. He is undoubtedly a good fellow and popular with his townsmen, but his record as a member of the lower house shows that he stood for the corporation interests and against the farmers and working people.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, is the candidate chosen by the opponents to trust ownership of the legislature. He is a man who can be trusted to do exactly what he says he will, and has issued a statement telling what measures he stands for. The advocates of a square deal for the people in their necessary transactions with the railways, are all flocking to his support in all portions of the district.

Mr. Lightbourn, the third candidate, is an excellent gentleman, and many of those looking for better politics were inclined to favor him, but as a large number were suspicious on account of his past political friendships, it was impossible to unite the reform forces on his candidacy. We believe he is all right, but that it is best to stand by Mr. Hanson, whom a large portion of the voters have requested to become a candidate, because they believe in him.

They say that Hanson is a banker. That's true. While he is at present actively engaged in farming, he owns considerable bank stock. Mr. Simons is actively engaged in the banking business and Lightbourn owns shares in the First State Bank of Ada. We have not heard of any of them having done anything in a business way for which they could be reproached. If it is not right for Hanson to own bank stock, it is not right for the other two, either.

But the fact is, it takes a man with some means to make a successful campaign in this district—which is larger and has more votes than any district in the state. By this we do not mean that it is necessary to buy an election, but that the legitimate expenses of placing the candidacy before all the people of such a district are more than an average citizen could afford. The corporations are not in a hurry to advance campaign expenses for a candidate representing the people so that if a man who can afford to make the sacrifice is willing to do so, we believe they should certainly not oppose him because he has, during a long and industrious business career and by fair means accumulated considerable wealth. It is just such men, who have made a success in private business, that we need in the legislature. It is creditable to any man who has accumulated wealth enough to retire from active business to offer his services, experience and judgment to the cause of the people. Such men can neither be bribed or buncoed by the agents of those seeking special privileges.

The question is "Shall the Corporations Controll the People, or Shall the People Control the Corporations?"

If you favor corporation control vote for L. C. Simons.

If you are in favor of the people being in control vote for A. L. Hanson.

Some Tall Figures.

Just a bit of calculation that will be pleasanter for the people than for the Standard Oil company and the railroads that have secretly given it advantage in rates over its competitors.

Monday the grand juries at Chicago returned ten indictments against the Standard Oil company and certain railroads, involving 6,428 counts.

The minimum fine under the anti-rebate law is $1,000 for each offense, and as each count in these indictments is a separate offense, the minimum amount to be received in fines from the Standard in the event of conviction on all counts is $6,428,000.

Each fine may, however, be as much as $20,000, and if the oil trust is convicted on all counts, and the judge that inflicts the penalty happens to be feeling a bit out of humor when he performs this function, the fines might be as much as $128,560,000.

Furthermore, in each offense of rebating there are necessarily two parties' the giver of the rebate and the receiver. Each is guilty under the law, and subject to the same punishment.

Figuring up the railroads' side of it, and adding it to the count against the oil trust, and we note that the total collection of fines might run from $12,856,000 up to $257,120,000.

And if the maximum amount were collected, it would be but a very small fraction of the enormous sums the oil trust has stolen from the public through its secret conspiracies to destroy competition and create a monopoly through which it might plunder the public at will.—Duluth Herald.

Railroad Accidents.

The accident bulletin of the interstate commerce commission for the first three months of this year shows only a small increase in the number of railroad casualties over the same period last year, but it is in an increase, and it ought to be a decrease.

In the first three months of 1906 the railroads injured 18,296 persons, of whom 1,126 died.

This is only seventeen deaths and fifty-two injuries more than in the same time last year, but it is fearful havoc.

It is all the more fearful when it is remembered that a very large proportion of these accidents are preventable. Most of them are due directly to negligence. It is true that the negligence is not by any means always that of the railroads; the killed and injured are sometimes as guilty of carelessness as the roads and their servants.

But carelessness tells the story of most of them, and it is equally reprehensible whether the blame is that of the railroads or that of the victims.

So far as the latter are concerned, they can look out for coming trains when they cross the tracks, they can be careful about getting on and off moving vehicles, they can pay a little extra and ride in heavy cars less liable to accident than the common coaches they must use if *they pay only the* straight fare.

So far as the railroads are concerned, there are many things they can do, and the pity of it is that they do but few of them except under compulsion. All passenger trains and most freight trains now have air brakes, thanks to a law compelling their use and to energetic enforcement of that law. The block signal system, powerful in the prevention of wrecks, is coming in very slowly, and but few roads have adopted it. When all are compelled to use it the number of accidents will be greatly reduced.

The railroads, too can inspect their rolling stock more closely than they do, and discard more quickly cars and locomotives that are worn out and dangerously weak. They can supplant, as rapidly as may be, the frail wooden cars that are so easily crushed in accidents and so quickly burned and provide in their places strong steel cars that are capable of resisting shocks.

And perhaps greater than any of these, they can limit the hours of service of those responsible for the safety of passengers, and cease making their employes work long after the demand for rest and sleep has unfitted them for proper service.

There is a call for care on both sides from the rairoad and from the public. Let each side do its part and the ghastly roll of railroad horrors will be quickly lessened.—Duluth Herald.

A. L. Hanson, candidate for the senate from this district, is a man who has long been indentified with the interests of northern Minnesota, and is at all times in hearty accord with the paramount issues of this part of the state.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Red Wing Republican: In the general interest it is important that the progressive rise in prices be checked. This can be done without paralyzing industry, without taking from it any of its just profits. Let the reign of monopoly be broken. Force the railroads to treat the small shipper justly and give no rebates to the big one. Relieve the market of the control of trusts. Take away the shield of unnecessary tariff ties. Then all will be able to live better and to save more.

A school fund of nearly $18,000,000, of which nearly $2,000,000 has been accumulated during the last two years, is possessed by Minnesota. A statement just prepared by State Auditor Iverson, showing the condition of the fund at the close of the fiscal year, July 31, 1906, discloses this fact. The permanent university fund contains an additional $1,[illegible], of which about $22,000 has been accumulated the last two year.

The exact amount of the permanent school fund Aug. 1 was $17,[illegible],394.48, while the last biennial report of the auditor showed the fund Aug. 1, 1904, to be $15,97[illegible],477.66.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Men who are known to be honorable, honest and upright should be elected to the legislature.

Roseau Times: The primary election law should be extended to state officers, if for no other reason than that of defeating the machinations of scheming politicians, combinations, corporations, trusts and selfish interests. If the people are capable of selecting local officials by the primary system they are as well fitted to select state officials.

At every session of the legislature the railroads and other large corporations have their paid agents upon hand and by the use of money often influence the votes of many of the members of the legislature. If men like A. L. Hanson are in the majority in the next legislature, the people will get a square deal.

The selection of the right kind of men to represent us in the legislature is one of the most important things to come before us this fall, and in so doing we must not forget to vote for Mr. Opsahl for the legislature and Mr. A. L. Hanson of Ada for the senate.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Austin Transcript: The Wells-Fargo Express company pays 9 per cent dividends and has accumulated a surplus of 40 per cent. Some of the stockholders demand a 16 per cent dividend but are refused. These robber express companies could well afford to reduce their rates to a reasonable figure and still earn good dividends. There has long been a demand for the regulation of express rates, but thus far the companies have won rather than the people.

According to the assessor's returns the total value of all diamonds and jewelry in Minneapolis is only $175,300. Of household goods there are less than four million dollars' worth. To a person who has visited Minneapolis recently these figures appear ridiculous. Tax dodging, especially in our larger cities, has become a science. There are probably single blocks in Minneapolis whose occupants own more than a quarter of a million dollars' worth of diamonds and jewelry, and scores of residences each of which contains $50,000 to $100,000 worth of household goods. If Rockefeller went into the business district of Minneapolis and bought up all the wholesale and retail stocks to be found there at their assessed value, it would cost him less than five millions for the former and not quite three and a half millions for the latter. In Chicago not long ago everybody was telling how "honest" Marshall Field was about his taxes, yet recent investigations have shown that he really beat Chicago out of nearly three million dollars by his false returns to the assessors. John's cow, Bill's horse and Mary's organ or sewing machine, however, got on the books and thereby helped to keep running the government that protected the property of Marshall Field and his friends that they forgot to tell the assessor about.—Warren Register.

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DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

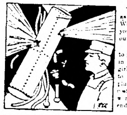

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

C. M. Evenson was up to Middle River last week.

C. L. Spaulding, of Warren, was in the city last Friday.

Milton Forder was down to Crookston the first of the week.

B. M. Dahl, of Mahnomen, was in the city last week visiting friends.

Mesdames Shaw and Eastman were up to Germantown to spend Sunday.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls last week on official business.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Crookston last week attending to some legal business.

Mrs. Perl W. Maber was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday visiting relatives.

Joseph Lang went down to St. Paul Saturday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Dr. F. M. Archibald left the first of the week for Farmington, Minn., where he may decide to locate.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs. James Meehan, who had been in the city visiting friends, left last Friday evening for her home in St. Paul.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city last Saturday looking after his political interests

Miss Grace Meehan and Miss Pauline Day left last Saturday evening for Moorhead to attend the Normal school there this year.

Mrs. H. D. Bagley, of Owattona, Minn., arrived in the city last Friday from Duluth and is visiting her son, S. W. Bagley.

Mr and Mrs. F. F. Fargo, who had been in the city visiting their son, George K. Fargo, left last Friday evening for their home in Ohio.

Miss Erickson, of Strathcona, visited friends in Thief River Falls a few days last week. She was enroute Halstad where she teaches school this year.

Mrs. H. Bishoff left last week for Argyle near which place she has accepted a position as teacher in one of the country schools. The school will have an eight months term.

The nine months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter McAndress, of Highlanding, died in this city last Thursday morning. The little one had been sick only a short time. The parents have the sympathy of all the people of this section.

Adam Zeh was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday saying good bye to a number of his friends here. He left Monday for Missoula, Mont., where he has taken the agency for selling a line of patent medicine. He will not remove his family to Missoula until next spring.

Sez Bulman was in the city from the Red Lake county from Friday until Monday. He reports that Bulman Bros., have made good progress in the building of camps up on the Sandy and are preparing to cut all of the pine owned by the Thief River Falls lumber company in that vicinity this winter.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hansen, B. Accts., Prin.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

H. H. Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city the first of the week.

Robert Lee was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Olaf Ramstad is down to St. Paul attending to business matters.

Sam Torgerson left last week for the harvest fields of North Dakota.

John Voracheck left the first of the week on a business trip to St. Paul.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

Joseph Weeks left the first of the week for Terrebonne where he will teach school this fall and winter.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the county board.

Ben Christienson went down to Wisconsin last Saturday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Helen E. Wallin wishes to dispose of all her household goods. She will have a sale at her residence Thursday.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

David Cuppernoll, editor of the Virginian at Virginia, Minn., was in the city this week hunting with a party of friends.

The team on Lawerence Hanson's milk wagon indulged in a lively runaway Monday evening. Not much damage was done.

Mrs. Umbright and son Roy returned Saturday evening from Hastings, Canada, where they have spent a few weeks visiting relatives.

Lost—On the road between Thief River Falls and Excel, a red broadcloth boy's coat with steel buttons. Finder please leave at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store and receive reward.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get your orders in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

Judge N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday shaking hands with the voters here. Nick has made an excellent judge of probate, and there should be no serious opposition to his reelection.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quarter of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Hon. R. J. Bell, of Roseau, candidate for the state legislature in the Roseau, Kittson and Marshall district, was in Thief River Falls Monday. He reports that he is meeting with a great deal of encouragement and one thing is sure if Mr. Bell is selected as one of the representatives, the district will be well represented. He would make an exceptionally strong man.

A exchange says an agent for a new fangled churn stopped at a farm house and insisted that his churn would get two pounds more butter out of a certain amount of cream than any other. The lady of the house to get rid of him told him to came around next morning, and if what he said was true she would buy. In the meantime she churned the cream and when he came she poured the butter milk in the churn. He churned for an hour, and then told her there was no butter fat in the cream. "I know it," she said, "for I churned it last night, leaving the buttermilk for you to get the extra two pound from."—Ex.

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Fisher.

He E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

F. H. Kratka was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Services Sunday evening at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 7:45.

City Attorney Michelet was down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

Max Koenig left Saturday evening for Minneapolis and will return with his bride today.

Joe Lung Hay, the Chineman, went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to receive medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

H. W. Lee went to Minneapolis Sunday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

C. J. Winton arrived here last week from Prince Albert and will spend a few days hunting in this vicinity.

Mrs. W. S. Day left Tuesday evening for Devils Lake, N. D., to join her husband and make her future home.

Ralph Green who is after the Republican nomination for the office of register of deeds, was in the city Tuesday.

George Jarman and John Morgan went to Minneapolis Monday evening to attend the Democratic state convention.

Judge Page Morris and W. T. Bailey arrived here last week from Duluth and are hunting in the country northeast of here.

Johnnie Schmitz left Monday evening for Greenbush, Canada, to work in the saw mill which W. A. Wright has charge of.

Joseph and Miss Ida Weeks entertained a company of young folks at their parents home on the East Side last Thursday evening.

Hon. Henry Lee and Dr. Caine arrived here Monday from Anoka and will spend a few days in this vicinity hunting prairie chickens.

Daniel Shaw and Andrew Stenseth were down to Crookston Tuesday evening interviewing Congressman Steenerson regarding drainage matters in this section of the state.

One of the carriages in the mill run away last Friday evening and the three carriage riders were thrown from the carriage with considerable force. None of them sustained any serious injures.

S. H. Clark, formerly one of the owners of the Press here, but now publishing the Minot Daily Reporter, was in the city the first of the week. Sam's many old friends here will be glad to know that he is prospering.

J. B. Emerson, of the Griggs Cooper & Co., St. Paul, and W. R. Williams, editor of the St. Paul, Trade Journal, were in the city last week spending a few days hunting with O. J. Shel and Chris Amundson.

John Wahler and Wm. Moeller, two enterprising farmers of Wheeler, Ill., spent the first of the week in the city and purchased two farms near the city from Daniel Shaw. They will remove here this fall and make their future home here.

The sad news was received in the city Sunday morning of the death of Clara, the sixteen year old daughter of Hon. and Mrs. H. O. Hanson of Stephen, who formerly resided here. Mr. and Mrs. Hanson have the sympathy of the people of Thief River Falls.

—We had rented out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Last week about $1000 worth of the newest and latest improved laundry machinery was received here by Bjorkman & Post, the proprietors of the Star Steam Laundry. The new proprietors of this institution are hustlers and are working up a large trade in Thief River Falls and the surrounding territory. They now have facilities for turning out the best of work—and what is more they are doing it, too.

The Hauge's Norwegian Lutheran congregation, have services on Sunday evening Sept. 9th, 7:45 in Evenson's Hall. Everybody cordially invited.

The Ladies Aid Society meets on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 11 at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. K. Olson, on the East Side of the River. A hearty invitation to members and others.

Those who wish to join in a class for catechetical instruction, will meet the pastor at the Buford hotel Sept. 14th at 4 p. m. Instruction can be given in norwegian and English, according to the choice of the members.

M. L. Dahle, pastor.

Chickens Are Scarce.

Prairie chickens are not as numerous in this section this year as hunters had been led to believe by reports in circulation before the 1st of September, at least no big bags of game are reported by any of the hunters. Most all of our citizens who have a gun and a dog have been out in the field trying their luck.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Worth Mills, a prominent young man of South Minneapolis, was drowned at Helena, Mont.

T. C. La Pierre, a jockey and horse trainer, was probably fatally hurt by being thrown from a racing rig at St. Paul.

Mahlon A. Green, eighty-eight years of age, one of the three local veterans of the Mexican war, is dead in Minneapolis.

The army worm threatens Becker county, especially the vicinity of Audubon. It is a little brown worm, about half an inch long.

Harry Belden of Minneapolis defeated his brother, George, in the finals for the tennis championship of Minnesota at St. Paul.

The strike of the freight handlers at Duluth has been settled and the men, 300 in number, reported for work at the merchandise boats.

C. T. Bosch, malster and barley merchant of Davenport, Ia., paid $5,000, the record price for membership in the Minneapolis chamber of commerce.

Mrs. Ole Gounderson, residing on a farm near Bald Eagle lake, was probably fatally injured by being struck by a Northern Pacific train at St. Paul.

Frank A. Jerome, who was run down on the street in Minneapolis on Monday morning by an automobile driven by Peter Blar, died Tuesday from his injuries.

Charles D. Harsin, aged forty-four, a landscape gardner, dropped dead at the Brunswick cafe on Hennepin avenue, Minneapolis, just after ordering his dinner.

Nick Berzovich, an Austrian, was smothered to death while loading sand and gravel at St. Mary's lake, three miles from Eveleth. A ten-foot bank caved on him.

Fire in the Stronge-Warner building at Seventh and Minnesota streets, St. Paul, almost completely ruined the two lower floors and basement and caused a loss of about $145,000.

Nine miles southeast of Crookston, Ed Frank, C. W. Ellinger, M. Miller and Al Jensen succeeded in killing a 350-pound black bear after a wild chase of five or six miles.

The plant of the American Can company, the Heinz Pickle company and a small two-story frame flat building were wiped out by flames at St. Paul. The total loss is $350,000.

The railroads operating in Southern Minnesota have been forced to meet the reduction in grain rates made by the roads operating in Northern Minnesota. The reductions take effect Sept. 1.

At the special city election at Fairmont $50,000 in bonds was voted for improving the water and light plants and putting in sewers and erecting a building for city officials and fire department.

Ninety-five babies died in Minneapolis in August. According to the records of the health department from 20 to 25 per cent of the children born in that month fell victims to summer diseases of infants.

The report of the treasurer shows a total cash balance on hand of $1,724,544.83 at the close of the month. The receipts from the state prison twine sales are expected in November. They are said to be over $1,000,000.

Former Attorney General Henry W. Childs, a man prominent in Minnesota public affairs for a quarter of a century, passed away at Cobb's hospital Minneapolis, at fifty-seven years of age. Death was due to appendicitis.

Building permits for work aggregating $1,139,460 in estimated cost were issued in Minneapolis in August. This is the largest business of any August in the city's history and the figures for that month last year were only $654,445.

Fred Wheelock, fourteen years old, son of A. T. Wheelock, of Bemidji, accidentally shot himself with a shotgun while with a party of boy companions camping a few miles south of that city. Death was instantaneous. One side of his head was torn wide open.

Typewriting and stenography will be introduced in the high schools of Minneapolis as part of the commercial course. At a meeting of the board of education it was decided to purchase twenty-five typewriters for use in the four high schools. A system of stenography was adopted some time ago.

Two eighty-year-old residents at the Hennepin county poor farm engaged in a fight, and Charles Schulander, who is blind, may die from his injuries. Schulander's antagonist was James O'Connor, who has long carried the title of "Fighting Jimmy," and who won a complete victory in this battle.

Complete figures from the summer training schools give the total enrollment of the schools at 6,535 for the summer of 1906. The average daily attendance was considerably less. The total expenditure for the summer schools was a trifle less than $30,000. These figures are taken from a detailed statement just completed by State Superintendent Olson.

Minneapolis labor men are to turn detectives to catch a smooth advance grafter, who is working the hotels, representing that he has the assignment of all delegates to the American Federation of Labor that is to meet there in October. Hotel men have been approached with a proposition whereby they were to pay a fee and be guaranteed so many guests for the federation meet. He has even represented that he could fix the national headquarters and has demanded a fine fat fee for doing it. His prices range from $15 to $100.

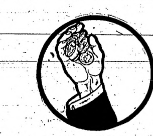

A HANDFUL OF COIN is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

INSURRECTION IN CUBA.

The only fight of consequence reported recently was a three-hours' conflict between 150 rural guards and volunteers and an insurgent band estimated to number 300 near Campo Florida, twenty miles east of Havana. The rural guards and volunteers made a fine charge up a hill, routing the insurgents, who scattered and disappearred. At least twelve insurgents were killed and many more were wounded.

A detachment of rural guards engaged 125 insurgents near Esperanza, ten miles from the city of Santa Clara, with the result that the latter were dispersed, leaving ten dead on the field. In crossing the Sagua La Grande river later eighteen insurgents were drowned.

Insurgent sentiment is looming stronger daily in the country districts of the provinces of Havana, Pinar del Rio and Santa Clara, and is now reported to be gaining headway in Santiago.

A band of insurgents, numbering about 200 men, raided Ranchuelo, near Cienfuegos, province of Santa Clara, taking all the horses and the contents of the treasury, about $1,700.

The situation in Cuba is far darker than at any previous time since the insurrection broke out. The uprising in Santiago province is spreading and caused the gravest concern.

Reports of surrenders in compliance with the government's offer of amnesty are more numerous. The insurgent chief, Tata Sanchez, has surrendered.

BRYAN RECEPTION IN NEW YORK.

Exuberant in spirits and bronzed by the suns of many climates during a year of travel completely around the world, William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska arrived in New York bay Wednesday afternoon on the steamer Prinzess Irene and received an ovation from large welcoming parties which went down to Quarantine to meet and cheer the coming vessel and her distinguished passenger. Thursday night Mr. Bryan was greeted in Madison Square Garden by a throng of welcomers numbering more than 20,000. It was such a welcome as seldom, if ever before, was accorded a private citizen. Mr. Bryan's eyes filled with tears as he stood and acknowledged the thundering welcome from 20,000 throats. The reception, which was given under the auspices of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League, proved really to be the sounding of the Democratic campaign call. Mr. Bryan's speech was a clean cut outline of his ideas as to what the Democratic policy should be. The speaker told his hearers that he had been converted to the cause of government ownership of railroads. "I favor the control of only the trunk lines by the national government," said Mr. Bryan, "and the ownership of all other railroads by the state governments."

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Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8111

THAT'S THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR—THE WEEK OF THE GREAT MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational Racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting Race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 pacing Race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon of fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,614.50.

Half Fare Railroad Rates. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

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THE NEWS,

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RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

WHAT HANSON STANDS FOR.

A Candidate for the State Senate Who Is Not Afraid to Tell the People How He Stands on Important Issues.

A. L. Hanson, Esq., Ada, Minn.

Sir: It is essential that this senatorial district should have a candidate for the office of state senator a man who is known to be heartily in accord with the reform movement which is today on the onward march.

During the last year a mighty stride has been taken in the congress of the United States for better government and more equitable laws. The time has come when it is not sufficient to announce that a man is a candidate for this or that office. Recent civic conditions and events have so aroused the people of this country that before a candidate can ask for, and hope to receive the votes of the people, he must stand for certain well defined principles. There is urgent demand for legislation, both state and national, which shall best serve to promote the welfare and interests of the people. And it is not enough to know that a candidate announces that he believes in certain principles, but that he is a man of unquestioned integrity and unimpeachable character, and who will use his best efforts and exert his influence in securing the enactment of such laws as will be of benefit to the greatest number of people. Where to get the man who will respond to the call of the hour is the vital question.

Believing that you would best answer the requirements of the people of this district we, the undersigned, urgently request you to announce yourself as a candidate for state senator from this district and we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to secure your nomination at the September primaries. Dated July 30th, 1906.

The foregoing request having been presented to me signed by representative men from all parts of Norman County, together with requests from other parts of the 61st Legislative District, I have decided to comply and do hereby announce that I will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator from this district.

I favor and will support if elected the extension of the primary nominating system to include all state officers and United States Senators; the enactment of a reciprocal demurage law; prohibiting the issuing to and the use of railway passes by all State, Legislative, Judicial and County officials whether elective or appointive; reduction in freight, express and passenger rates; increasing the power of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission; thorough control and regulation of all corporations; taxing of corporation property in the same manner as other property; redistricting of legislative districts of the state so as to give to the northern part of the state its proper representation in the state legislature. Local option by counties in the granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors; the enactment of a more stringent pure food law; liberal support of State Sanitarium for care and cure of consumptives; liberal support of schools, educational institutions, drainage, good roads, and for state development; the safe gaurding of state timber and mineral property; the re-electing of Knut Nelson as United States Senator. I will put forth my best efforts to secure the enactment of any other legislation that would be to the best interests of the people of the district and state.

On these principles and promising to devote my best efforts to promote clean and fair politics, I respectfully solicit your good wil and vote at the coming primary election.

A. L. Hanson.
Ada, Minn.

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,

Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF

Peoples State Bank,

OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Know all men by these presents, that we have agreed to, and do hereby associate ourselves together as a Banking Corporation, under and pursuant to the provisions of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota governing Banks of Discount and Deposit; and to that end we do hereby execute under our hands and seals the following Certificate of Incorporation, to-wit:

FIRST.

The name of this corporation shall be the Peoples State Bank, of Thief River Falls, (Incorporated.) The general nature of its business shall be banking, receiving deposits, buying, selling and discounting notes, bills and other evidences of debt, domestic and foreign, dealing in gold and silver bullion and foreign coins, issuing circulating notes and loaning money on real estate and personal security; and the place where the business of this corporation is to be carried on is Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

SECOND.

Said Corporation shall commence on the first day of September A. D. 1906, and shall continue for the period of thirty years.

THIRD.

The names and places of residence of the incorporators, and the number of shares held by each of them are as follows:

Name	Residence and Postoffice	No. Shares
T. P. Hamre,	Red Lake Co., Thief River Falls,	100
H. P. Sponheim,	Marshall Co., "	75
D. B. Bakke,	Red Lake Co., "	60
John Cronkhite,	" "	20
A. M. Langseth,	" "	10
C. A. Loken,	" "	5
Lars Bakke,	" "	10
Oluf Tessum,	" "	10
P. L. Vistaunet,	" "	10

FOURTH.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of nine Directors, who shall be elected at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the Wednesday succeeding the first Monday of January of each year between the hours of 8 p. m. and 10 p. m. of the said day. The first Board of Directors shall consist of the following members:

T. P. Hamre,
Kuldor P. Sponheim,
D. B. Bakke,
John O. Cronkhite,
A. M. Langseth,
C. A. Loken,
Lars Backe,
Oluf Tessum,
P. L. Vistaunet,

who shall hold office until the first annual meeting, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

FIFTH.

The amount of the Capital Stock shall be Thirty-Thousand dollars, fully paid in, in cash, which shall be divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each.

The Capital Stock may be increased from time to time by a majority vote of the stockholders, but not to exceed the sum of five Thousand dollars.

SIXTH.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand dollars.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 27th day of July, A. D. 1906.

In presence of	Name	Seal
Lars Backe	T. P. Hamre.	
D. B. Bakke	Haldor P. Sponheim.	
Lars Backe	D. B. Bakke.	
H. N. Hager	John Cronkhite.	
D. B. Bakke	A. M. Langseth.	
G. K. Haavi	C. A. Loken.	
D. B. Bakke	Lars Backe.	
Lars Backe	Oluf Tessum.	
Oscar Sponheim	P. L. Vistaunet.	

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. On this 27th day of July A. D. 1906, before me, a City Clerk in and for said County, personally appeared

T. P. Hamre.
Haldor P. Sponheim.
D. B. Bakke.
John Cronkhite.
A. M. Langseth.
C. A. Loken.
Oluf Tessum.
P. L. Vistaunet.

to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they each executed the same as their free act and deed.

SEAL Lars Backe, City Clerk,
Thief River Falls,
Red Lake Co.,
Minn.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. On this 2nd day of August, 1906 before me a Notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared Lars Backe to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same with his free act and deed.

D. B. Bakke,
Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.
My Commission Expires March 4th 1911.

State of Minnesota, Office of Public Examiner, St. Paul, Minn. I hereby certify that the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls (Incorporated) has, to my satisfaction, been organized for legitimate purposes, and under such conditions as to merit and have public confidence, and that all provisions of law applicable to every branch of business in which, by the terms of its certificate, it is authorized to engage, have been complied with. The same is hereby approved. Dated this sixth day of August A. D. 1906.

SEAL. P. M. Kerst,
Public Examiner.

State of Minnesota Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the sixth day of August A. D. 1906 at 9 o'clock a. m. and was duly recorded in Book M 3 of Incorporations on page 337.

P. E. Hanson,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Red Lake, Minn. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 20th day of August A. D. 1906 at 3:30 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book 12 of Misc page 448.

Frank Jeffers
Register of Deeds.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Crookston, Minn. Aug. 4, 1906.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Charlie Cook contestant, against Homestead entry No. [illegible], made March 13, 1900, for the N. E. ¼, Section 29, Township 155, Range 41, by J. Ed. Williamson, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said J. Ed. Williamson is not bona fide settler on said land and has wholly failed to establish his residence thereon and make improvements thereon according to and in compliance with the homestead laws; that his shanty on said land is not a fit place of residence during all seasons of the year and is not a fit place of habitation at any time of the year; that the improvements that were made several years ago are in a state of decay and have not been kept up by said entryman, and that he has abandoned said land for more than six months last past; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 27, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 4, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

R. J. Montague,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., August 18, 1906. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 25, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, (Red Lake Series) for the Lots 7-8-9- and SW¼ SW ¼ Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, of " "
Albert Hanson, of " "
John R. Hesby, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 23 sept 20 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, August 22, 1906. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on October 3rd, 1906, viz: Valerya Benka, H. E. 341 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Section 20, Township 151 N. Range 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Mrs. Veronika Benka, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Alex Pselnski, " " "
Joseph Oski, " " "
John Hurt, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 30 sept 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug. 25, 1906. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Ole J. Nomland, H. E. No. 197, Red Lake Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 21, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole Grinde, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Hans G. Hanson, " " " "
Charles C. Hoagland, " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 30 oct 4

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date hereof Three hundred thirty-seven and 75-100 Dollars ($337.75) for principal and interest upon a mortgage given by William A. Kratka and Sophia A. Kratka, his wife, mortgagors, to H. G. Dobner, mortgagee, dated December 16th, 1905 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, January 9th, 1906 at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in book 13 of mortgages on page 219, mortgaging and conveying the following described land, situated in said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to-wit;

Lots numbered forty-five (45), forty-six (46) forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) in block numbered twenty-six (26) of Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the city of Thief River Falls according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County and State, to secure the payment of three hundred fifteen and 95-100 dollars ($315.95), and interest.

Notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises will be sold under foreclosure thereof at public auction on the 16th day of October, 1906, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. by the sheriff of said County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State to pay the sum then due on said mortgage, including taxes, if any, then paid, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, and foreclosure disbursements.

Dated August 25th, 1906.

H. G. Dobner,
Mortgagee.

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. aug 30 o4

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased, Plaintiff, vs C. L. Nichols, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police officer of Said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. L. Nichols if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the 18th day of September 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to plaintiff in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court, and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this second day of August A. D. 1906, (Signed) L. M. Hoag, Clerk Of The Municipal Court.

(SEAL)

Fargo & Stanton,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Thief River Falls, Minn. aug 16

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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[illegible]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF

Peoples State Bank,

OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Know all men by these presents, that we have agreed to, and do hereby associate ourselves together as a Banking Corporation, under and pursuant to the provisions of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota governing Banks of Discount and Deposit; and to that end we do hereby execute under our hands and seals the following Certificate of Incorporation, to-wit:

FIRST.

The name of this corporation shall be the Peoples State Bank, of Thief River Falls, (Incorporated.) The general nature of its business shall be banking, receiving deposits, buying, selling and discounting notes, bills and other evidences of debt, domestic and foreign, dealing in gold and silver bullion and foreign coins, issuing circulating notes and loaning money on real estate and personal security; and the place where the business of this corporation is to be carried on is Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

SECOND.

Said Corporation shall commence on the first day of September A. D. 1906, and shall continue for the period of thirty years.

THIRD.

The names and places of residence of the incorporators, and the number of shares held by each of them are as follows:

Name	Residence and Postoffice	No. Shares
T. P. Hamre,	Red Lake Co., Thief River Falls,	100
H. P. Sponheim,	Marshall Co., "	75
D. B. Bakke,	Red Lake Co., "	60
John Q. Cronkhite,	" "	20
A. M. Langseth,	" "	10
C. A. Loken,	" "	5
Lars Backe,	" "	10
Oluf Tessum,	" "	10
P. L. Vistaunet,	" "	10

FOURTH.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of nine Directors, who shall be elected at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the Wednesday succeeding the first Monday of January of each year between the hours of 8 p. m. and 10 p. m. of the said day. The first Board of Directors shall consist of the following members:

T. P. Hamre,
Haldor P. Sponheim,
D. B. Bakke,
John Q. Cronkhite,
A. M. Langseth,
C. A. Loken,
Lars Backe,
Oluf Tessum,
P. L. Vistaunet,

who shall hold office until the first annual meeting, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

FIFTH.

The amount of the Capital Stock shall be Thirty-Thousand dollars, fully paid in, in cash, which shall be divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each.

The Capital Stock may be increased from time to time by a majority vote of the stockholders, but not to exceed the sum of five Thousand dollars.

SIXTH.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand dollars.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 27th day of July, A. D. 1906.

In presence of	Name	Seal
Lars Backe	T. P. Hamre.	
D. B. Bakke	Haldor P. Sponheim.	
Lars Backe	D. B. Bakke.	
H. N. Hager	John Q Cronkhite,	
D. B. Bakke	A. M. Langseth,	
G. K. Haavi	C. A. Loken,	
D. B. Bakke	Lars Backe,	
Lars Backe	Oluf Tessum,	
Oscar Sponheim	P. L. Vistaunet,	

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. On this 27th day of July A. D. 1906, before me, a City Clerk in and for said County, personally appeared

T. P. Hamre.
Haldor P. Sponheim.
D. B. Bakke
John Q Cronkhite.
A. M. Langseth.
C. A. Loken.
Oluf Tessum.
P. L. Vistaunet.

to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they each executed the same as their free act and deed.

SEAL Lars Backe, City Clerk,
Thief River Falls,
Red Lake Co.,
Minn.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. On this 2nd day of August, 1906 before me a Notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared Lars Backe to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same with his free act and deed.

D. B. Bakke,
Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.
My Commission Expires March 4th 1911.

State of Minnesota, Office of Public Examiner, St. Paul, Minn. I hereby certify that the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls (Incorporated) has, to my satisfaction, been organized for legitimate purposes, and under such conditions as to merit and have public confidence, and that all provisions of law applicable to every branch of business in which, by the terms of its certificate, it is authorized to engage, have been complied with. The same is hereby approved. Dated this sixth day of August A. D. 1906.

SEAL. P. M. Kerst,
Public Examiner.

State of Minnesota Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the sixth day of August A. D. 1906 at 9 o'clock a. m. and was duly recorded in Book M 3 of Incorporations on page 337.

P. E. Hanson,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Red Lake, Minn. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 20th day of August A. D. 1906 at 3:30 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book 12 of Misc page 448.

Frank Jeffers
Register of Deeds.

Subscribe for the News.

PETTY CHARGES.

Immediately after the Republican state convention in Duluth it was announced that A. L. Cole, the Republican nominee for governor, was an old soldier. But his memory has failed so badly since the close of the war that Mr. Cole cannot now remember of what regiment he was a member. It would be dangerous to put a man with such a treacherous memory in the governor's chair.—Faribault Pilot.

The immortal Shakspeare said, "In the great game of life, the gentlest gamest is soonest winner." The same saying might be applied to the political game, but it seems impossible to apply it to that game, each party striving to belittle the candidates of the opposition in which neither party as a rule can claim any exemption, but of all the petty, malicious charges that ever came to the notice of the editor of this paper the charge that Mr Cole claimed to be a veteran of the Civil war is the lowest, and if the opposition party can find nothing else against him the leaders who are working in the interest of Mr Johnson would do well to put a stop to the low business. "Fair play is a jewel" and the party which forgets to be fair, while it may win for a while, is sure to be discredited in time.—Brainerd Arena.

COLE GIVES VIEWS ABOUT STATE LANDS

Republican Candidate for Governor Favors the Passage of Broad Constitutional Amendment Regarding Taxation.

Hon. A. L. Cole in a recent address discussed the question of taxation and made a plain statement of his views on that subject. He said:

"On the tax question I have decided views. The state has developed to a point where the expenditures for governmental purposes has reached an enormous figure. In 1905 more than $22,000,000 was taken by direct taxation from the earnings of our people and spent to run the various departments of our state and municipal administration. When we realize that this sum does not include special local improvement assessments, licenses of all kinds, nor the gross earnings tax of railroads, insurance companies, telegraph and telephone companies and the like, nor the state's income from its own investments, we must be convinced that this is one of the very important subjects which is now before our citizens for consideration.

"A large part of our public expenditures is for objects as to which it is the state's policy to exercise liberality. More than 40 per cent of the total spent goes in one shape or another for the cause of popular education. Our people believe in good schools and approve of their maintenance and improvement. I think in other directions there is room for economy, and I pledge myself, if elected, to investigate thoroughly every avenue of possible waste and extravagance, and to use my influence to reduce and limit outlays wherever this can be done without prejudice to efficient service. But the burden will be heavy, notwithstanding all that can be done in this way, unless we improve our methods of taxation.

"We have now in operation a system which came into existence when business conditions were much different from what they are at present. New forms of wealth have been created and accumulations are held in such shapes which were then unknown, and which our laws contain no provision for reaching. The result is that property of one sort is overtaxed, and property of another sort escapes entirely. For these reasons I am in favor of the proposed tax amendment to the state constitution, which is to be voted on at the coming election. If adopted, it will enlarge the powers of the legislature very materially and make it possible to enact a revenue law in harmony with scientific thought on the subject, and which will more equitably meet the social and economic conditions existing at the present day. If we got no further the first year after its adoption than to rid ourselves of direct taxes for state purposes, leaving this source free for the use of our subordinate political subdivisions, we should have made substantial progress over what we are able to do under our present constitutional provisions."

WHAT COLE'S OPPONENTS SAY.

The St. Paul Daily News, Governor Johnson's St. Paul organ, approves without qualification the reforms urged by A. L. Cole in his Kenyon speech. The article is as follows:

"Mr. Cole's keynote, struck at Kenyon, chimed pleasantly—no dissensions there nor note of quarrel.

"He favors enforcement of law, reduction of railroad rates, correction of insurance abuses, equalization of taxes, economy in expenditures, development of the state, reclamation of waste lands.

"There is not a line in the carefully prepared address to provoke dispute, not an utterance to excite opposition. Every citizen in Minnesota may solemnly cross his heart and soberly subscribe to all that was said.

"Mr. Cole makes no pretense to eloquence and his plain sentences have not disturbed the state's midsummer tranquillity. His supporters will pronounce it pleasing and wholly satisfactory. For that matter, so will his opponents.

"The Daily News is pleased to commend it cheerfully, giving full faith and credit to the good intentions there expressed. Nowise startling, it is a simple and straightforward statement of purposes in which every citizen may cordially concur.

"If every one voted for him who finds in this keynote speech nothing with which to disagree Mr. Cole would be elected unanimously." Contrariwise, if we must elect governor every one who takes the position that is outlined we must elect about 400,000 men governor of Minnesota next November.

"There is nothing in the address—one unconsciously uses negatives in speaking of it—to shake the state with oncoming thunders, nor yet, if Mr. Cole should be elected, to cause the state dismay.

"There is nothing to detract from the esteem in which he has been held deservedly, not an argument to win to him any who demand that he show cause why he should be elected."

To the average reader it must appear that if Mr. Cole's platform is such as every one approves and that if every one votes for him who endorses his attitude he will have a majority of 400,000 next November it is scarcely worth while looking farther for a candidate who will reflect the views of the people of Minnesota. That surely is reason enough why the people should vote for him.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Joe Gans was given the decision on a foul in his fight with Battling Nelson at Goldfield, Nev. The contest ended in the forty-second round and was one of the fastest seen in this country in recent years. Both men were tired when the fight ended, but Gans was apparently the stronger. He was away ahead on points and had smashed and cut Nelson all through the fight without being badly hurt himself.

The largest fleet of American warships ever assembled was reviewed by President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay Monday. There were forty-five vessels in all, ranging in size from the magnificent 16,000-ton Louisiana to the fleet of little torpedo boats and the submarines.

More than 1,000 delegates, representing half of the states of the Union, attended the fourteenth annual session of the National Irrigation congress at Boise, Ida. Vice President Fairbanks was present and addressed the convention.

Nearly 100,000 people attended the Minnesota state fair on the opening day. It was a record breaking crowd not only for the Minnesota state fair but for all expositions of a similar character.

The railroads operating in Southern Minnesota have been forced to meet *the reduction* in grain rates made by the roads operating in Northern Minnesota.

The Japanese government has advised the state department that it will open the port of Dalny to the commerce of all nations on Sept. 1.

Three Spanish ships captured by Admiral Dewey in Manila bay, May 1, 1898, were sold by the navy department Monday for $103.

President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation appealing for aid for earthquake-stricken Chile.

Labor day was generally observed in all the cities and towns throughout the United States.

Walter Wellman has abandoned his attempt to reach the north pole by airship this year.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Edward Rosewater, proprietor and editor of the Omaha Bee and prominently connected with the political, financial and business affairs of Omaha and the state of Nebraska for forty years, was found dead in district courtroom No. 6, on the third floor of the Bee building. Mr. Rosewater had evidently sat down on a bench in the courtroom and fell asleep and died of heart failure.

Rev. C. Winter Bolton, rector of the Church of the Redeemer at North Pelham, N. Y., is dead. He was eighty-six years old. Mr. Bolton was the author of several books for children and of a Sunday school prayer book.

Former Attorney General Henry W. Childs, a man prominent in Minnesota public affairs for a quarter of a century, is dead. Mr. Childs was fifty-seven years old. Death was due to appendicitis.

Dr. Albert A. Hurd, for fifty-five years a professor in Knox college, Galesburg, Ill., is dead, aged eighty-three. Dr. Hurd was one of the best known educators in the West.

George W. Peck, one of the millionaire pioneers in the lumber trade of the Northwest and formerly a resident of Cleveland, is dead at his summer home at Southampton, L. I.

W. F. Hansberger, a member of the city council of Sedalia, Mo., and a prominent Democratic politician, committed suicide by shooting at his home in Sedalia.

Herman Oelrichs, the well known New Yorker, died of Brights disease on board the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse on Sept. 1.

Lady Campbell-Bannerman, wife of the British premier, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, is dead.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 1.—Wheat—Sept., 72⅝@72¾c; Dec., 72¾@72⅞c; May, 76⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74½c; No. 3 Northern, 71½@72c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept., 1.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—New No. 1 Northern, 75¾c; old No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74½c; Dec., 73c; May, 77⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12¼; Sept., $1.11¼; Oct., $1.10¾; Dec., $1.09¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $1.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.50@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@5.15; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.35@6.50; cows and heifers, $1.25@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.30@4.25; calves, $5.50@7.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.47½; good heavy, $5.95@6.40; rough heavy, $5.45@5.75; light, $5.95@6.50; pigs, $5.35@6.20. Sheep, $3.15@6.25; lambs, $4.50@7.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Wheat—Sept., 71¾c; Dec., 73⅞@74c. Corn—Sept., 47¾c; Dec., 43¾c. Oats—Sept., 30¾c; Dec., 31½@31⅝c. Pork—Sept., $16.90@16.92½; Jan., $13.50. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@23½c; dairies, 17@20½c. Eggs—17@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 11@11½c; springs, 12½c.

1906 SEPTEMBER 1906

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CRIMINAL NEWS.

Unable to meet its obligations because of a large amount of money loaned on insufficient securities by its president, the Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia, which was considered one of the strongest financial institutions in the city, closed its doors. Soon afterwards George H. Earle, Jr., was appointed receiver. The liabilities are placed at $10,000,000, against which there are quick assets of about $3,500,000 and collateral of about $8,000,000, which is not negotiable or readily converted. The man responsible for the failure was Frank K. Hipple, one of Philadelphia's best known citizens, who died suddenly under circummstances which, in the light of later developments, lead to the suspicion that he may have committed suicide.

Paul O. Stensland, the president and manager of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, which closed its doors on Aug. 6, has been captured at Tangier, Morocco. The arrest was made by Assistant State's Attorney Olsen, who had been on the trail of Stensland since Aug. 13. The first information regarding the banker's whereabouts came from a woman with whom he had been intimate and who handled his mail after his flight from Chicago on July 12.

Examination of the list of securities held by the defunct Real Estate Trust company has developed the fact that Frank K. Hipple, president of the institution, who committed suicide, was an embezzler. The authority for this statement is George H. Earle, Jr., receiver for the trust company. Mr. Earle declared Hipple had hypothecated $65,000 worth of paper.

Two members of the state constabulary dead, one dying and two others wounded is the result of a fight with Italians at Florence, Pa. One of the Italians is dead, another is slightly wounded and two are under arrest, while the house in which the rioters barricaded themselves is a wreck from dynamite used by the troops to dislodge the rioters.

The suspicion entertained that Frank K. Hipple, president of the embarrassed Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia, who was found dead in his home, committed suicide, has been confirmed by Joseph N. King, coroner of Montgomery county. Mr. Hipple blew out his brains.

Robert Gordon of Chicago, sixteen years old, has confessed that he struck Joseph Reed, eight years old, with a brick, stunning him, and then buried him alive beneath the sidewalk in front of his father's home. The boy's body was found where Gordon said he had buried it.

Herman M. Personius, a member of the Valley City (N. D.) police force, was shot and instantly killed by a desperado whom he was endeavoring to arrest in the Northern Pacific yards. This is the second police officer to be shot here within a few weeks.

Henry Drenter, living near Argo, Ia., shot and killed Grace Reed, severely wounded Sam Moore, a successful rival, and then put the muzzle of a rifle in his mouth and blew off the top of his own head.

As the result of a quarrel over the settlement of an estate at McCracken, Kan., Omar Young shot and killed Alexander Walker, Jr., and Grant Pettijohn. Young then shot himself.

The Yosemite stage was held up by a lone bandit near Ahwahnee, Cal., and the passengers were lined up and compelled to give up their cash.

LABOR NEWS.

Judge Fowler of Fond du Lac has awarded Otto Schulz, a prominent baker of Racine, Wis., $6,000 damages in his suit against some eighty members of the trades and labor council for boycotting his business and placing his name on the unfair list some two years ago because he refused to put the union label on his products.

The rights of labor unions and their sympathizers to call on their friends to withhold patronage from a nonunion tradesman was recognized as not being illegal by Justice Stafford in the District of Columbia supreme court.

Labor day was generally observed in the larger cities throughout the United States by parades of labor unions and appropriate exercises.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Judge Alton B. Parker was elected president of the American Bar Association at its annual session in St. Paul.

William J. Bryan made an address at Detroit on Labor day.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Congressman John S. Little has been nominated for governor by Arkansas Democrats.

William R. Hearst is the candidate of the Independence league for governor of New York.

WHITE BEAR BOATS WIN.

Troubadour and Gopher Capture Cups at Oshkosh, Wis.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 1.—Troubadour and Gopher, both of the White Bear, Minn., Yacht club, are champions in Class A and B respectively of the Inland Lake Yachting association. Skiddoo of the Butte des Morts (Oshkosh) Yacht club takes second honors in Class A and Glyndwr of the Oshkosh Yacht club, winner of the championship a year ago, is a close third.

Twenty-three of the Lake Butte des Morts Yacht club takes second honors in Class B, being but fourteen points behind the leader. Terrier II. of the Minnetonka Boat club is third, but is 100 points lower than Twenty-three.

The ninth annual regatta of the Inland Lake Yachting association came to a close Friday. The final ceremony was the presentation of the cups at the clubhouse. Troubadour and Gopher take away from this city more cups and trophies than it has been the lot of a brace of yachts ever before to win in so short a period. Each has a total of six cups.

EVIDENCE OF MURDER.

Minnesota Man Supposed to Have Been Killed for His Money.

Minneapolis, Aug. 29.—Murder with robbery as its motive is indicated by evidence presented in an inquest here regarding the death of Charles E. Anderson, whose body was found on the night of Aug. 14 lying on the street railway company's tracks near Hopkins. But in the absence of direct proof of murder the jury returned a verdict that Anderson came to his death by being run over by a car between 11 and 11:30 o'clock on the night when his body was found on the tracks. There was convincing evidence that the man had been run over by a car, as he was lying across the tracks and both both legs were severed where they crossed the rails.

Dr. William Russell, in his testimony relating to the post mortem examination of Anderson's body, said that the skull had been fractured, apparently by a blow from some small, sharp instrument, and that in his opinion it was the wound that caused death.

WILL, HELP EXPLOIT VALLEY.

Commercial Clubs to Hold Conference at Crookston, Minn.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 30.—The proposed conference of commercial clubs of the Red river valley, as suggested by Secretary Brown of the Twenty-five Thousand Commercial club, promises to develop into one of the most important conventions that has ever been held in Crookston. The secretary already has received many answers to the letters sent out, and his suggestions are receiving the hearty endorsement of the clubs throughout the valley.

The conference will be held here on Sept. 24 and 25, and the intention is to form at that time a permanent organization which will devote its efforts to a systematic development of the Red river valley and to a certain extent to carry on the same work that has been so successfully tried in Western Canada.

MILLINERY STORE BURNS.

St. Paul Visited by Second Destructive Blaze.

St. Paul, Aug. 31.—Fire broke out in the Stronge-Warner building at Seventh and Minnesota streets about 5 o'clock a. m., almost completely ruining the two lower floors and basement and causing a loss of about $145,000.

The fire started from a defective electric wire in a cloakroom on the northeast corner of the first floor.

The Stronge-Warner Millinery company occupy the entire six floors of the building, and their expensive stock is valued at $320,000, fully covered by insurance.

The Pierce Cloak company occupy half of the first floor and their stock of costly waists, cloaks, lingerie and fabrics, inventoried at $45,000, was totally destroyed.

MEET GRAIN RATE CUT.

Southern Minnesota Railways Make Tariff Reduction.

St. Paul, Aug. 30.—The railroads operating in Southern Minnesota have been forced to meet the reduction in grain rates made by the roads operating in Northern Minnesota. Three of the roads have filed with the state railroad and warehouse commission applications asking permission to make the reduction and many other roads are expected to file similar applications. The reductions take effect Sept. 1.

The roads that filed notice of the reduction were the Omaha, the Northwestern and the Milwaukee.

Labor Ticket Withdrawn.

St. Paul, Aug. 27.—The independent labor ticket in Ramsey county has been withdrawn from the field and the plan of the State Federation of Labor to vote for union men on either party ticket adopted. The independent labor movement was inaugurated at a mass meeting in April this year. June 15 another mass meeting was held and a platform adopted. On July 20 [illegible] delegates nominated nearly a full legislative and county ticket. The [illegible] men are now urged to go to the primaries and work for labor candidates.

Tragedy Follows a Quarrel.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 1.—Vincenzo Siciliano, aged twenty-five, was shot and instantly killed by Frank Calichio, with whom he had quarreled a few days ago. Calichio escaped to a swamp. A posse is in pursuit.

H. W. CHILDS DEAD

FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL OF MINNESOTA SUCCUMBS TO APPENDICITIS.

National Bar Association, in Session at St. Paul, Elects Officers and Adjourns—Fire in Capital City Can Factory Causes a Loss of About $350,000—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, Aug. 31.—Henry W. Childs, a man prominent in Minnesota's public affairs for a quarter of a century, passed away at 12 o'clock noon at Cobb's hospital, at fifty-seven years of age. Death was due to appendicitis.

A week ago the former attorney general was taken suddenly ill while enjoying a vacation at Osakis, this state.

His illness became acute and Mr. Childs was removed to this city hoping that he would improve sufficiently to allow of an operation. But he did not rally, nor did he improve so that an operation could be performed. In fact he continually lost strength, sinking lower and lower, until the attending physician decided that an operation was out of the question, as the patient was growing steadily weaker.

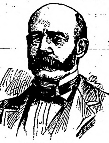

HENRY W. CHILDS.

OFFICERS OF NATIONAL BAR.

Alton B. Parker Elected at Head of the Association.

St. Paul, Aug. 31.—Alton B. Parker of New York was the sole nominee of the general council of the American Bar association for the office of president of the American Bar association for the ensuing year.

The presentation of the name of Judge Parker was greeted with prolonged applause. The committee, at a meeting held in the retiring room previous to the general session, nominated the following slate:

President, Alton B. Parker; secretary, John Hinkley, Baltimore, Md.; treasurer, Frederick E. Wadhams, Albany, N. Y.; executive committee, Charles Monroe, Los Angeles, Cal.; Ralph W. Breckenridge, Omaha, Neb.; Rome G. Brown, Minneapolis; Walter G. Smith, Philadelphia; Charles F. Libbey, Portland, Me.

Mr. Hinckley and Mr. Wadhams are the present secretary and treasurer. Charles Monroe and Ralph W. Breckenridge were members of the previous executive committee.

RESULTS IN HEAVY LOSS.

Two Large Factories Destroyed by Fire at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Aug. 28.—The plant of the American Can company, 51-57 Fillmore avenue, the Heinz Pickle company, Fillmore and Custer, and a small two-story frame flat building were wiped out by flames early in the day. The total loss is $350,000.

The fire started in a storage shed of the Heinz Pickle company. Andrew Shaton, night watchman of the can company, discovered the flames and turned in an alarm.

The fire leaped from the storage to the main plant and then to the building of the American Can company. A high wind fanned the flames and made the efforts of the firemen fruitless.

East of the can company's building there stood a two-story frame flat. When one of the walls of the can company fell the intense heat set fire to the flat and in a few minutes it was enveloped in flames. Later the east wall of the can factory fell with the wind and buried the ruins of the flat.

TICKET BROKERS WILL QUIT.

Offices in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth Will Be Closed.

St. Paul, Aug. 29.—A railroad ticket broker says that the railroad ticket scalper will be a thing of the past in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth after next Friday. One of the local ticket sellers said:

"We are all in, and the railroads have won against us. We might take out a license, but that would not avail anything. A licensed broker is not permitted to handle any tickets marked not transferable, and 95 per cent of all railroad tickets are so marked.

"One of the St. Paul brokers has closed and our offices in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth will close their doors Friday."

Record Price for Membership.

Minneapolis, Aug. 30.—C. T. Bosch, maltster and barley merchant of Davenport, Ia., paid $3,000, the record price for membership in the Minneapolis chamber of commerce.

v.95

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Aug. 29.—Things around the capitol have been more strenuous than they have been and if Governor Johnson doesn't look a little out I am afraid he will be doing something "spectacular." It is only a week or two since there was an air of sublime inactivity around the governor's office, but in that short space of time mighty things have been accomplished, if we allow the governor and his private secretary to tell the story. I referred in my last letter to the fact that Mr. Blakely of Rochester smoked out the governor and made him show his hand on the question of rate discriminations. It so happened that he wrote his letter to the commission at a time when the roads had decided that their best policy lay in a voluntary reduction of rates. They knew it was coming anyhow and probably would be more radical than it would be if they did it themselves. Now the governor and his private secretary are claiming all the glory for his "firm stand." That reminds me of a story I heard a long time ago of a man and his wife who settled on the frontier. One day while they were at their little home, a bear intruded upon them and the man hied himself upstairs in a jiffy. The plucky woman stood her ground and fought the bear and finally killed him. Then the brave head of the house crawled down from his hidingplace and said: Well done, us, Betsy; us killed the bear."

• • •

An official at the state capitol not long ago was heard to remark that the question of the drainage of state lands did not interest the people of the southern part of the state; he said that the lands down there had all been drained. This remark from one in official life led me to believe that there is a vast amount of ignorance on the subject in high places. This being true, what might be expected of the busy farmers and tradespeople who have no particular occasion to study the question. The drainage of the state's swamp lands is of the greatest importance to every part of the state, as it is from these lands that the revenue is derived which the state gives to the common schools. Originally the United States granted to the state of Minnesota about 5,000,000 acres of land. These lands were given to railroads and institutions of different kinds until there remained only about 1,500,000 acres. At this point some wise headed fellow suggested that the remaining lands, and any further grants which might be made to the state, should be set aside for the common schools and the educational and charitable institutions of the state. A constitutional amendment was presented to the people of the state and adopted. This amendment provided that the proceeds from the sale of these lands should form a perpetual fund, the principal of which should never be touched. One-half the income from these funds was to be given to the common schools of the state and the other half divided equally between the educational and charitable institutions. The school funds are distributed among the schools of the state in proportion to the enrollment. In this way the more populous sections of Southern Minnesota get more benefit from the drainage than the counties of Aitkin, Beltrami, Itasca, Roseau, etc., where most of these lands are located, but where the population is small. Without drainage these lands would not sell for more than $1 an acre. Between 1891 and 1904 the average price obtained for these lands was $6.43 per acre. With these facts in mind it will be seen that the question of drainage is a very great one to Southern Minnesota. The young man at the capital who draws his salary every month was very much mistaken when he said it did not interest his section. The more money they can get from the state the less they have to raise by direct taxation for school purposes, and the more money the state can get from these lands the more it will have to give to the schools.

• • •

I understand that Mr. McDermott, the state oil inspector, is making his boasts of being able to deliver the vote of the Commercial Travelers' association to Mr. Johnson. These men are among the most intelligent men in the state and they usually do their own thinking. I have been wondering what would happen when they discovered the pompous claims being made as to how their vote will be delivered.

• • •

Mr. Cole's speech was delivered on Monday evening at Kenyon. It was just what his friends expected of him, a forcible and plain spoken state paper. Mr. Cole takes advanced ground in railroad matters and these are what are most agitating the public mind just now. He makes it very clear that he favors the strictest supervision of railroads and a reduction of rates to a point where they will be equitable to the carrier and the people. He also advocates more power for the railroad and warehouse commission so that it can acquire information as to the actual value of railroad property in order to intelligently make rates. He stands for the abolition of the free pass and the private car and the rebate evil. Mr. Cole left no uncertainty as to where he stands and what he will do if elected governor. His scheme of state development was also elaborated and explained in such a way as to make it appeal strongly to the people of the state. His speech has placed the Republican candidate far in advance on economic questions.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED
BETWEEN THE
RED LAKE
RIVER AND
RED LAKE
RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER
AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

HOW DOCTORS CAN HELP.

Practical Suggestions For Securing Good Roads.

In an article recently in the Auto Advocate, Dr. H. H. St. John of Edina, Mo., told how physicians might help secure good roads as follows:

"If any one man on the face of this earth knows how to appreciate a good road it is the physician. Except it might be a fireman on the call of duty in the suburbs of some town or city none can appreciate better than he or she who has a life to save the inestimable advantage of a good road, particularly when compelled to drive over it at night. What then can the physician do to assist in the promotion thereof?

"There are at least three practical ways or suggestions offering themselves—viz, one is the education of the people, the showing to the practical everyday taxpaying farmer that good roads are good investments and pay over 300 per cent on the net cost.

"Educate them, show them the awful waste, the actual loss of money every time they haul a load or empty wagon over a poor road, the wear and tear on their buggies, wagons or carts; show them that the cost of building a good road is but little greater than that of keeping up a little dirt in the center and that a road once well built is easy to repair and is a good road for many years. What roads have ever superseded those in Great Britain, many of which are in existence yet, but all of which owe their firmness, solidity and durability today to the old foundations built by the Romans centuries ago when Britain was nothing but dense forests, plains and everglades?

"Who, then, better than the physician, who has the entree into our homes and is imbued with all the freedom and privilege of an exclusive member of every family he visits, who has a better right or is better capable of doing a right loyal part in the fight for good roads? He is revered, respected, looked up to, and his views are accepted with a degree of positiveness and assurance bred in the minds of his hearers by his calling and his higher education.

"Secondly, let every physician who owns or controls a section of roadway along his property set the example of building and maintaining a good road. Then his teaching will have effect among his hearers, his efforts in trying to establish county and state good road funds, uniformity of road building, etc., will have weight and effect.

"Thirdly, let physicians as a class, a special class, express their willingness to sumbit in the cause of humanity to a special nominal tax per annum to a state fund apart from whatever other ordinary taxes they in common with others have to meet, said tax to be known and recognized as "the physicians' own good road subscription," and it will become before long such a source of pride and glorification of physicians as a class that not only will it react as a special lever to their teaching qualities, but other professions and classes, like sheep following a leader, will be anxious to emulate them and from a sense of pride to see who can furnish the largest pro rata per annum in the state. Then will come the golden days of good roads in earnest."

CALL FOR PAVED ROADWAYS.

Landowner Willing to Pay $2 an Acre For the Improvement.

"I would tax myself $1 an acre if my neighbors would join me for the purpose of paving the road with brick," said William Jackson, a farmer living on Spring Hill road in Chillicothe, Mo. His suggestion was taken up, and he found others even more liberal than himself, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Among these is J. T. Jackson, who lives on Trenton road. When Jackson heard of the plan he said unhesitatingly:

"Why, I would give $2 per acre to pave Trenton road, and I believe there are others who would do the same. I know one other farmer on the road who would do it. The money collected this way would be enough to pave the road with brick and chert rock. Of course chert rock is cheaper. The road need not be wider than sixteen and a half feet, and it could be put up for $3,000 a mile, I think."

Jackson is actively trying to get the opinions of his neighbors, and he thinks with them he will start to raise a fund for paving the road.

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:45 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

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your eyes water,
your eyes burn
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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1906. NUMBER 37.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.
Historical Society

SUES G. N. FOR $3,000

A Suit Brought That Raises a New Question of Law.

A Cass Lake Woman Alleges Her Feelings Were Hurt.

Walseth & Tautges, attorneys of this city, have commenced an action in the district court of Red Lake county, for Mrs. Jennie D. Beaulieu, of Cass Lake, against the Great Northern railroad for damages to the amount of $3,000.

The points raised are ones that have never before been passed upon by the courts of this state and therefore will be of considerable interest. The complaint recites that on the 20th day of July, 1906, her daughter, Elizabeth, at the age of 13 years and 6 months, died at Cass Lake, and that the body was prepared and made ready for shipment to White Earth for burial. That the body was loaded upon the Great Northern passenger train at Cass Lake with instructions to be transferred to the Soo line at Erskine. That instead of unloading the body at Cass Lake, it was carried through to Crookston and as a result delayed the funeral for twenty-four hours, and caused the plaintiff great annoyance and damage. That by reason of said negligent, wrongful and unlawful acts upon the part of the Great Northern, the plaintiff has been greatly damaged and outraged in her feelings and has suffered great distress of mind and great mental pain and anguish and has become sick and nervous and will continue to suffer great mental pain and anguish in the future.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

TOOK PRIZES

L. Lambertson Secured Over $500 of State Fair Money.

L. Lambertson, the well known Warren banker, had a good exhibit at the Minnesota State Fair last week.

He had a bunch of Herefords, Short horns, and gray Galloways and all of them took prizes as did a Poland China boar. His total cash prizes amounted to over $500 and the people of the Valley naturally take a great pride in the showing made as the exhibit is a great advertisement for the Red River Valley.

The fact that prize winning stock can be raised here is significant and will do much towards encouraging the raising of well bred stock in this section, a branch of farming that has been neglected by too many farmers of the Valley up to the present time.

Camp Meeting.

Will be held in the Tent-church from Sept. 13 to 17. English, Norwegian and Swedish speakers will be present from Chicago, Milwaukee and Minneapolis. Five public meetings will be conducted daily, and some of the most important and vital truths for our time will be considered.

English Meetings.

Thursday,	8:00 p. m.
Friday,	3:00 p. m.
Saturday,	11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday,	3:00 p. m.
Monday,	11:00 A. m.

Scandinavian meetings will be held:

Friday	at 9:00, 11:00 and	8:00 o'clock.	
Saturday	" 9:00	" 3:00	"
Sunday	" 9:00, 11:00	" 8:00	"
Monday	" 9:00, 3:00	" 8:00	"

Children's meetings will be held every day at 5 p. m. Let all the children come. All are cordially invited. Committee.

Ulen Union: A lady of our city has found a sure cure for broken dishes. If the dish to be mended can be tied together with a stout string then place it in boiling milk and left one hour you can never tell the dish had been broken and it can afterwards be put in boiling water without the pieces coming apart. This experiment has been tried and proven and many are the broken dishes wich are thought to be useless which are now as good as new.

SOON TO RESIGN.

City Treasurer Wallin to Remove from Thief River Falls.

J. W. Wallin, who since the organization of Thief River Falls as a city has been treasurer here, expects to leave in November for Beltrami county and will make his home with his daughters there in the future. The removal will necessarily cause Mr. Wallin to resign and his successor will have to be elected by the city council. Mr. Wallin is one of the pioneer residents of Thief River Falls and no man in the city is held in higher esteem. It is with considerable regret that the people here learn of his removal.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

In announcing myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the District Court, I desire it to be known that I did not do so at my own instigation, but I seek the nomination at the request of a number of friends throughout the County.

I have resided continuously in this county for 25 years or since at 6 years of age, when I imigrated with my parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnson, and have always affiliated with Republican party. If nominated and elected I shall discharge the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

Respectfully soliciting your support, I remain.

Very truly yours,
C. W. Johnson.

Macaroni Wheat O. K.

According to Reports from numerous sources the macaroni wheat has done much better in this vicinity this year than the hard wheat has. The average yield of the latter has been much below that of the macaroni. Although generally considered a droughty season crop, the macaroni has withstood weather conditions of the very opposite character this year most satisfactorily. As a result, it is very probable that a much larger proportion of this kind of wheat will be sown in this section next year than ever before.—Warren Register.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

ABOUT THE RED LAKES

Judge Matthew, of Washington, D. C., Visited the Red Lake Band.

Gives Out an Interview Regarding the Indian Situation There.

Judge W. B. Matthews, of Washington D. C., was up at the Red Lake last week for the purpose of attending a council of the Red Lake Indians. In speaking of the Indians and the Red Lake country, Mr. Matthews said:

"The Red Lake agency has charge over *about 1,350 Indians*, constituting the Red Lake Chippewas. A majority of the Indians live on the side of Red Lake where the agency is located. About 500 are across the lake, reside along its shores, and are watched over by John G. Morrison, Jr., superintendent of Indians on the Cross Lake side, and a prince of good fellows.

"Mr. Morrison is, perhaps, the only man who could have been selected for the present position who could have controlled these particular Indians. He is part Indian, speaks the Chippewa language fluently, and by his honest and straightforward dealings has been able to command and hold the respect of the reds. His school has sixty or seventy young pupils (boys and girls), and judging from their appearance, rapid advance is being made and much reflected improvement is made upon the tribe.

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"This building is located on the banks of the great Red lake and commands a fine view of this, the largest and most beautiful of all the fresh water lakes lying wholly within the borders of the United States. This school is presided over by S. O. Norman, a gentleman of education and culture, peculiarly well fitted for his work. The school has some ninety students, boys and girls. All of these are well quartered and fed and clothed. They are given a bath once a week and a change of clothing twice a week. They sleep in dormitories, well ventilated and kept scrupulously clean.

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STEAM LAUNDRY
STANDS THE TEST.
Well done up collars, cuffs, shirts and vests make you look good, and underwear washed in the right way makes them soft and you feel good. Call us up and we will call for your laundry and deliver it again. We feel sure that the work will please you.

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Word has been received from H. J. Kaufer, at Calgary, N. W. T., to the effect that he is doing very well. He is now engaged in selling the famous Watkins remedies in that part of the world and reports meeting with great success. W. A. Murphy is also doing well and the machine line could not be better. Messrs. Kaufer and Murphy have rented a house at Calgary and Mesdames Kaufer and Murphy expect to leave for Calgary in about ten days.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mike Madden had the misfortune to lose one of his horses on Tuesday night in a somewhat peculiar manner. He had been putting up hay and had unhitched the team for the day, and the horse was turned loose to walk home alone. The animal stumbled onto a harrow and fell. The handle of the harrow penetrated the abdomen, killing the horse.—Plummer Pioneer.

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS.

Heatherbloom and Mercerized Sateen Petticoats, Black and Colors,
98c, $1.25
$1.50, $2.25
and $2.50.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Silk Petticoats, Newest Coloring, Green, Navy, Alice Blue, Black, etc.
$4.50
and $8.50.

Complete Showing of
. . . . Fall Styles . . . .
FOR WOMEN AND MISSES.

The new styles are now ready. Come in and see "what's what" for the present season.

New Walking Skirts.

New fall novelties in tailored skirts, panamas, serges, broadclothes, in black, grey, new check and fancy mixtures. All well tailored and stylishly modeled,

$3.00, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.50, 7.25 to $15.00.

New Autumn Coats.

All the new and correct models, suitable for touring and traveling, a choice selection of the fancy foreign weaves,

$10, 12.50, 15, 18, 20 and $25.

The Golden Rule Dry Goods Dept.
EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND
CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Aug. 29.—Things around the capitol have been more strenuous than they have been and if Governor Johnson doesn't look a little out I am afraid he will be doing something "spectacular." It is only a week or two since there was an air of sublime inactivity around the governor's office, but in that short space of time mighty things have been accomplished, if we allow the governor and his private secretary to tell the story. I referred in my last letter to the fact that Mr. Blakely of Rochester smoked out the governor and made him show his hand on the question of rate discriminations. It so happened that he wrote his letter to the commission at a time when the roads had decided that their best policy lay in a voluntary reduction of rates. They knew it was coming anyhow and probably would be more radical than it would be if they did it themselves. Now the governor and his private secretary are claiming all the glory for his "firm stand." That reminds me of a story I heard a long time ago of a man and his wife who settled on the frontier. One day, while they were at their little home, a bear intruded upon them and the man hied himself upstairs in a jiffy. The plucky woman stood her ground and fought the bear and finally killed him. Then the brave head of the house crawled down from his hidingplace and said: Well done, us, Betsy; us killed the bear."

* * *

An official at the state capitol not long ago was heard to remark that the question of the drainage of state lands did not interest the people of the southern part of the state; he said that the lands down there had all been drained. This remark from one in official life led me to believe that there is a vast amount of ignorance on the subject in high places. This being true, what might be expected of the busy farmers and tradespeople who have no particular occasion to study the question. The drainage of the state's swamp lands is of the greatest importance to every part of the state, as it is from these lands that the revenue is derived which the state gives to the common schools. Originally the United States granted to the state of Minnesota about 5,000,000 acres of land. These lands were given to railroads and institutions of different kinds until there remained only about 1,500,000 acres. At this point some wise headed fellow suggested that the remaining lands, and any further grants which might be made to the state, should be set aside for the common schools and the educational and charitable institutions of the state. A constitutional amendment was presented to the people of the state and adopted. This amendment provided that the proceeds from the sale of these lands should form a perpetual fund, the principal of which should never be touched. One-half the income from these funds was to be given to the common schools of the state and the other half divided equally between the educational and charitable institutions. The school funds are distributed among the schools of the state in proportion to the enrollment. In this way the more populous sections of Southern Minnesota get more benefit from the drainage than the counties of Aitkin, Beltrami, Itasca, Roseau, etc., where most of these lands are located, but where the population is small. Without drainage these lands would not sell for more than $1 an acre. Between 1891 and 1904 the average price obtained for those lands was $6.43 per acre. With these facts in mind it will be seen that the question of drainage is a very great one to Southern Minnesota. The young man at the capital who draws his salary every month was very much mistaken when he said it did not interest his section. The more money they can get from the state the less they have to raise by direct taxation for school purposes, and the more money the state can get from these lands the more it will have to give to the schools.

* * *

I understand that Mr. McDermott, the state oil inspector, is making his boasts of being able to deliver the vote of the Commercial Travelers' association to Mr. Johnson. These men are among the most intelligent men in the state and they usually do their own thinking. I have been wondering what would happen when they discovered the pompous claims being made as to how their vote will be delivered.

* * *

Mr. Cole's speech was delivered on Monday evening at Kenyon. It was just what his friends expected of him, a forcible and plain spoken state paper. Mr. Cole takes advanced ground in railroad matters and these are what are most agitating the public mind just now. He makes it very clear that he favors the strictest supervision of railroads and a reduction of rates to a point where they will be equitable to the carrier and the people. He also advocates more power for the railroad and warehouse commission so that it can acquire information as to the actual value of railroad property in order to intelligently make rates. He stands for the abolition of the free pass and the private car and its rebate evil. Mr. Cole left no uncertainty as to where he stands and what he will do if elected governor. His scheme of state development was also elaborated and explained in such a way as to make it appeal strongly to the people of the state. His speech has placed the Republican candidate far in advance on economic questions.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

HOW DOCTORS CAN HELP.

Practical Suggestions For Securing Good Roads.

In an article recently in the Auto Advocate, Dr. H. H. St. John of Edina, Mo., told how physicians might help secure good roads as follows:

"If any one man on the face of this earth knows how to appreciate a good road it is the physician. Except it might be a fireman on the call of duty in the suburbs of some town or city none can appreciate better than he or she who has a life to save the inestimable advantage of a good road, particularly when compelled to drive over it at night. What then can the physician do to assist in the promotion thereof?

"There are at least three practical ways or suggestions offering themselves—viz, one is the education of the people, the showing to the practical everyday taxpaying farmer that good roads are good investments and pay over 300 per cent on the net cost.

"Educate them, show them the awful waste, the actual loss of money every time they haul a load or empty wagon over a poor road, the wear and tear on their buggies, wagons or carts; show them that the cost of building a good road is but little greater than that of keeping up a little dirt in the center and that a road once well built is easy to repair and is a good road for many years. What roads have ever superseded those in Great Britain, many of which are in existence yet, but all of which owe their firmness, solidity and durability today to the old foundations built by the Romans centuries ago when Britain was nothing but dense forests, plains and everglades?

"Who, then, better than the physician, who has the entree into our homes and is imbued with all the freedom and privilege of an exclusive member of every family he visits, who has a better right or is better capable of doing a right loyal part in the fight for good roads? He is revered, respected, looked up to, and his views are accepted with a degree of positiveness and assurance bred in the minds of his hearers by his calling and his higher education.

"Secondly, let every physician who owns or controls a section of roadway along his property set the example of building

THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.
Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO
A. E. ABRAHAM'S
FOR THE BEST GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS
FOR THE MONEY

PHONE 103. THE NEW STORE.

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.,
Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.
Phone No. 235.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

I. WALSETH, Norske Advokat. WM. A. TAUTGES, Deutsche Advokat.
WALSETH & TAUTGES,
LAWYERS.
We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.
(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
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PAGE

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1906. NUMBER 37

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Historical Society

SUES G. N. FOR $3,000

A Suit Brought That Raises a New Question of Law.

A Cass Lake Woman Alleges Her Feelings Were Hurt.

Walseth & Tautges, attorneys of this city, have commenced an action in the district court of Red Lake county, for Mrs. Jennie D. Beaulieu, of Cass Lake, against the Great Northern railroad for damages to the amount of $3,000.

The points raised are ones that have never before been passed upon by the courts of this state and therefore will be of considerable interest. The complaint recites that on the 20th day of July, 1906, her daughter, Elizabeth, at the age of 13 years and 6 months, died at Cass Lake, and that the body was prepared and made ready for shipment to White Earth for burial. That the body was loaded upon the Great Northern passenger train at Cass Lake with instructions to be transferred to the Soo line at Erskine. That instead of unloading the body at Cass Lake, it was carried through to Crookston and as a result delayed the funeral for twenty-four hours, and caused the plaintiff great annoyance and damage. That by reason of said negligent, wrongful and unlawful acts upon the part of the Great Northern, the plaintiff has been greatly damaged and outraged in her feelings and has suffered great distress of mind and great mental pain and anguish and has become sick and nervous and will continue to suffer great mental pain and anguish in the future.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

TOOK PRIZES

L. Lambertson Secured Over $500 of State Fair Money.

L. Lambertson, the well known Warren banker, had a good exhibit at the Minnesota State Fair last week.

He had a bunch of Herefords, Shorthorns, and gray Galloways and all of them took prizes as did a Poland China boar. His total cash prizes amounted to over $500 and the people of the Valley naturally take a great pride in the showing made as the exhibit is a great advertisement for the Red River Valley.

The fact that prize winning stock can be raised here is significant and will do much towards encouraging the raising of well bred stock in this section, a branch of farming that has been neglected by too many farmers of the Valley up to the present time.

Camp Meeting.

Will be held in the Tent-church from Sept. 13 to 17. English, Norwegian and Swedish speakers will be present from Chicago, Milwaukee and Minneapolis. Five public meetings will be conducted daily, and some of the most important and vital truths for our time will be considered.

English Meetings.

Thursday,	8:00 p. m.
Friday,	3:00 p. m.
Saturday,	11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday,	3:00 p. m.
Monday,	11:00 a. m.

Scandinavian meetings will be held:

Friday	at 9:00, 11:00 and	8:00 o'clock	
Saturday	" 9:00	" 3:00	"
Sunday	" 9:00, 11:00	" 8:00	"
Monday	" 9:00, 3:00	" 8:00	"

Children's meetings will be held every day at 5 p. m. Let all the children come. All are cordially invited. Committee.

Ulen Union: A lady of our city has found a sure cure for broken dishes. If the dish to be mended can be tied together with a stout string then place it in boiling milk and left one hour you can never tell the dish had been broken and it can afterwards be put in boiling water without the pieces coming apart. This experiment has been tried and proven and many are the broken dishes wich are thought to be useless which are now as good as new.

SOON TO RESIGN.

City Treasurer Wallin to Remove from Thief River Falls.

J. W. Wallin, who since the organization of Thief River Falls as a city has been treasurer here, expects to leave in November for Beltrami county and will make his home with his daughters there in the future. The removal will necessarily cause Mr. Wallin to resign and his successor will have to be elected by the city council. Mr. Wallin is one of the pioneer residents of Thief River Falls and no man in the city is held in higher esteem. It is with considerable regret that the people here learn of his removal.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

In announcing myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the District Court, I desire it to be known that I did not do so at my own instigation, but I seek the nomination at the request of a number of friends throughout the County.

I have resided continuously in this county for 25 years or since at 6 years of age, when I imigrated with my parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnson, and have always affiliated with Republican party. If nominated and elected I shall discharge the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

Respectfully soliciting your support, I remain.

Very truly yours,
C. W. Johnson.

Macaroni Wheat O. K.

According to Reports from numerous sources the macaroni wheat has done much better in this vicinity this year than the hard wheat has. The average yield of the latter has been much below that of the macaroni. Although generally considered a droughty season crop, the macaroni has withstood weather conditions of the very opposite character this year most satisfactorily. As a result, it is very probable that a much larger proportion of this kind of wheat will be sown in this section next year than ever before.—Warren Register.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

ABOUT THE RED LAKES

Judge Matthew, of Washington, D. C., Visited the Red Lake Band.

Gives Out an Interview Regarding the Indian Situation There.

Judge W. B. Matthews, of Washington D. C., was up at the Red Lake last week for the purpose of attending a council of the Red Lake Indians. In speaking of the Indians and the Red Lake country, Mr. Matthews said:

"The Red Lake agency has charge over about 1,350 Indians, constituting the Red Lake Chippewas. A majority of the Indians live on the side of Red Lake where the agency is located. About 500 are across the lake, reside along its shores, and are watched over by John G. Morrison, Jr., superintendent of Indians on the Cross Lake side, and a prince of good fellows.

"Mr. Morrison is, perhaps, the only man who could have been selected for the present position who could have controlled those particular Indians. He is part Indian, speaks the Chippewa language fluently, and by his honest and straightforward dealings has been able to command and hold the respect of the reds. His school has sixty or seventy young pupils (boys and girls), and judging from their appearance, rapid advance is being made and much reflected improvement is made upon the tribe.

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STEAM LAUNDRY

STANDS THE TEST.

Well done up collars, cuffs, shirts and vests make you look good, and underwear washed in the right way makes them soft and you feel good. Call us up and we will call for your laundry and deliver it again. We feel sure that the work will please you.

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Will Carry His Home County by a Majority of Over 800.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of state senator from this legislative district, was in the city the first of the week interviewing a number of voters. Mr. Hanson is making a very clean and aggressive campaign for the office and it is gratifying to know that he is winning many friends and supporters in all parts of the district. He has taken a firm stand upon the side of the people and is strongly opposed to corporation rule in state politics. His victory will mean that the people will have an able champion in the halls of the state legislature and it is to be hoped that he will win out. In his home county of Norman—notwithstanding the fact that there resides another candidate for this same office—he will have a majority of not less than 800. It is the people that know Mr. Hanson the best that will give him his strongest support, and that is the best recommendation that a man can have.

Word has been received from H. J. Kaufer, at Calgary, N. W. T., to the effect that he is doing very well. He is now engaged in selling the famous Watkins remedies in that part of the world and reports meeting with great success. W. A. Murphy is also doing well and the machine line could not be better. Messrs. Kaufer and Murphy have rented a house at Calgary and Mesdames Kaufer and Murphy expect to leave for Calgary in about ten days.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mike Madden had the misfortune to lose one of his horses on Tuesday night in a somewhat peculiar manner. He had been putting up hay and had unhitched the team for the day, and the horse was turned loose to walk home alone. The animal stumbled onto a harrow and fell. The handle of the harrow penetrated the abdomen, killing the horse.—Plummer Pioneer.

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS.

Heatherbloom and Mercerized Sateen Petticoats, Black and Colors, 98c, $1.25 $1.50, $2.25 and $2.50.

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ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Silk Petticoats, Newest Coloring. Green, Navey, Alice Blue, Black, etc. $4 50 and $6.50.

Complete Showing of . . . . Fall Styles . . . .
FOR WOMEN AND MISSES.

The new styles are now ready. Come in and see "what's what" for the present season.

New Walking Skirts.

New fall novelties in tailored skirts, panamas, serges, broadclothes, in black, grey, new check and fancy mixtures. All well tailored and stylishly modeled,

$3.00, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.50, 7.25 to $15.00.

New Autumn Coats.

All the new and correct models, suitable for touring and traveling, a choice selection of the fancy foreign weaves,

$10, 12.50, 15, 18, 20 and $25.

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EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT.

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ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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With our own splendid facilities and with the resources of all the leading manufacturers at our commance. We have left nothing undone to add to the prestige of our Mens and Young Men's Department, to make it excuse even the expectations of its many patrons.

By contracting designs and patterns of special merit from every worthy source and by securing conceptions of a high degree of artistic excellence, we offer assortments of incomparable interest in variety, in character and in exclusiveness.

"Alma Mater" Young Men's Clothes, Fashionable Fall Suits in gray dark, light and medium shades of worsteds, tweed and cheviots splendidly made throughout. $15.00

The New Form Fit Overcoat is the fasionable garment for fall:- has broad shoulders, long lapel, fits snugly at waist and is full in the skirt large assortment in dark gray, twilight gray and herringbone effects at $25, $20, $18 and $15.00.

Wilson Clothing Co.

REDUCTION IN RATES

RAILROAD AND WAREHOUSE COMMISSION ORDERS CUT IN MERCHANDISE TARIFF.

Supreme Court Decides Contest for Famous Virginia Silver Mine Against the State—Two Men Meet Death at Minneapolis by Inhaling Poisonous Gases While Working in Elevator Shaft—General State News.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—The formal order directing the railroads of the state to reduce their freight rates on merchandise was issued by the state railroad and warehouse commission yesterday and formal notice of the order, together with the schedule of rates for the different classes of freight and different distances, were sent to the railroads in the state. The order is to take effect thirty days after service, which will make the rates effective about Oct. 10.

The rates are the same as proposed in the schedule compiled for the commission by Thomas Yapp, statistician of the department. The table on first class rates was completed early last January and the order was issued to the railroads to show cause why the rates should not be enforced. The hearings have been held at different times between then and Sept. 1 and the railroads presented volumes of testimony intended to show that the rates on that class of goods on state traffic were not unreasonable. The commission heard the testimony, but without waiting for the arguments of the counsel ordered the reduction, which amounts to an average cut of approximately 20 per cent on existing rates.

STATE OF MINNESOTA LOSES.

Supreme Court Decides Famous "Virginia Silver" Case.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—The decision of the St. Louis county district court in the case of the state of Minnesota vs. Mabel Evans is affirmed in a decision handed down by Chief Justice Start of the supreme court. This was the famous Virginia Silver tract, supposed to be very valuable.

The defendant also prevailed in the lower court, where the validity of the lease and its issuance was attacked on the ground of fraud.

In the supreme court the constitutionality of the laws relating to the issuance of mineral leases was assailed. This court holds the laws constitutional.

The defendant, Mabel Evans, was a sister of one Patterson, a former employe under ex-State Auditor Robert C. Dunn and it was claimed during the last state election that favoritism was shown in the issuance of the lease.

The case involved the validity of the sale of iron ore leases in the Mesaba range. Had the Mabel Evans case been decided in favor of the state the commonwealth treasury would have been enriched by over $10,000,000, as some of the most valuable tracts of land in the Mesaba country are held only on leases from the state secured at state sales, the state simply getting 25 cents per ton royalty.

KILLED BY POISONOUS GASES

Two Men Meet Death in an Elevator Shaft in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Sept. 10.—Early Sunday afternoon two men were overcome by poisonous gases and suffocated to death while at work in the elevator shaft in the Oneida block. The dead man are Conrad A. Lind and Nordal Nelson. Lund was the first to be affected and fell to the bottom of the hole. His companion, who was working thirty feet above him, immediately grabbed the rope and went to the bottom trying to rescue his stricken helper. The gases were too strong, however, and both men soon succumbed. Four other men were overcome before the bodies could be taken from the hole. The task took over three hours.

MINNESOTA ON RAMPAGE.

River Out of Banks for Second Time This Season.

St. Peter, Minn., Sept. 4.—For the second time this summer the Minnesota river is on a rampage. Heavy rains throughout this section and at the headwaters have swollen its tributaries and for several days the stream has been rising rapidly until it is higher than at any time this year.

Near New Ulm the river has left its banks and farmers in that vicinity report that their cornfields are submerged. In several instances the farmers who had their corn washed out during the June freshet but who replanted will lose the second crop.

Lid on Saloons and Gambling.

Beaudette, Minn., Sept. 5.—The village council has clapped on the "lid." It served notices on all the saloon men in the village to close down at 11 p. m. Saturday, to remain closed until Monday at 5 a. m., and to close down at 11 p. m. every weekday. They further ordered that no gambling of any nature be permitted in any of their places of business.

Shot in Head by Playmate.

Heron Lake, Minn., Sept. 5.—Johnny Svennes, four years old, was accidentally shot in the head today by Gust Olson, a lad of fourteen. The boy is still alive, but there is little hope for his recovery.

THE WAR ON DUST.

How Coal Tar Is Used on the Swiss Highways.

In ever progressive Switzerland there is an anti-dust league which is carrying on a war against the principal factors of dust composition. The processes under consideration are oiling, watering with deliquescent salts and tarring. It is said that the three processes have given general satisfaction, but that the tar is the most efficacious of anything heretofore tried.

For tarring the product used is a coal tar, the product of gas works. It is black and viscous and its density varies from 1.10 to 1.25. It can be applied hot or cold. Its boiling point varies between 70 and 80 degrees; and thereafter it is impossible to raise it to a higher temperature. It is spread during a warm and dry period, with watering pots, after the road has been thoroughly cleaned. After spreading the tar is gently brushed, and no traffic is allowed upon it for at least twenty-four hours. The tar most preferable is the product from gas made by carbureted water.

The French government, after a four years' trial of the tarring method, has obtained satisfactory results fully justifying the expense of from 2½ to 3 cents per square yard. The annual economy on the wear and tear is found to be about 2 cents a square yard, and for watering 1 cent a square yard, so that the process of tarring is of no expense, while its benefits are evident.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

C. W. Meneilly and his twelve-year-old daughter Vera were severely burned at Minneapolis by an explosion of illuminating gas.

B. F. Webber, for twenty-three years judge of the Ninth judicial district and a candidate for re-election, has withdrawn from the contest.

Philip A. Lier of Ashby, seventeen years old, died in the hospital at Fergus Falls from blood poisoning resulting from a small pimple on his lip.

Viola O. Mahle, eleven years old, daughter of William J. Mahle of Woodbury, was accidentally shot and killed while handling a 32-caliber revolver.

Dan Cronin, aged forty-eight, is dead at the St. Paul city hospital from the effects of injuries sustained by falling from the third-story window of his lodginghouse.

The St. Croix Lumber company's warehouse at Winton was robbed the other night of about $500 worth of merchandise. This is the fourth robbery there in one year.

Alfred Henrichsen of St. Paul, who was crushed under a freight car in the yards of the Minnesota Transfer company, Merriam Park, died of his injuries several days later.

Eighteen new high schools have been added to the list of approved high schools by the state high school board. This makes a total of 192 approved high schools in the state.

Gustaf A. Larson, serving a life term in the Stillwater state prison for the murder of his uncle in Douglas county, is dead. He was seventeen years old when convicted in September, 1902.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, has refused to accept service on a subpoena summoning him to appear as a witness before the state railroad and warehouse commission.

Mathias Zart, a brewer, fell under a switch engine in the railway yards at St. Paul and had both legs horribly mangled. He died at St. Joseph's hospital a few hours later, after his legs had been amputated.

Judge J. L. McCreary of Washington, member of the board of review of the department of the interior, is dead at Duluth after an operation for appendicitis. He came West to attend the national encampment of the G. A. R.

Bemidji is considerably excited over the discovery there of what has every semblance of being genuine iron ore. The find was made by workmen excavating for the concrete foundations for the Northland Produce company's storage house.

Samuel Matthews, a resident of Stillwater since 1856, is dead, aged seventy-four. He was prominent in business in earlier times, was four years mayor of the city and twelve years a member of the board of county commissioners.

Judge Brooks of Minneapolis has denied a new trial to Dr. Jacob F. Force, former president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, charged with having expended for his personal use large sums belonging to the insurance company.

Freddie Mitchell, a twelve-year-old boy living at Burnett, has been mysteriously murdered. His dead body was found lying on the bank of the Cloquet river, with the throat cut from ear to ear. It is believed that the boy was either the victim of tramps or of a maniac.

Samuel Spiesberger and Benjamin Swisky, both of whom were severely injured in the West hotel fire, Minneapolis, have begun suits in the Hennepin county district court against the hotel management, the Charles H. Wood company, to collect damages aggregating $53,000.

Dan Patch's share of the receipts for the first day of the state fair will be about $8,500. He was guaranteed $3,500 with 40 per cent of the increased attendance over the same day last year. M. W. Savage, his owner, advertised the appearance of the horse at his own expense.

The Minnesota railroad commission has issued an order reducing merchandise rates and has served copies of it on every railroad company. It is made to take effect in thirty days, or on Oct. 8. The reduction averages about 20 per cent on existing rates. The railroads are likely to carry the matter to the courts.

Olmsted county, for the third consecutive year, was awarded first prize in the county agricultural competition at the state fair. By this feat the county takes the long end of the $1,200 purse hung up by the state fair managers. Blue Earth county scored second, passing Houston by the narrow margin of less than 4 points.

Because William J. Bates of St. Louis county is alleged to have entered into a contract to pay Jack Miles $500 for filing for sheriff so as to keep others from running and then withdrawing before the primaries so as to give Bates a clear field Attorney General Young holds that Bates is disqualified and would render him liable to ouster proceedings if he should be elected.

Annie Schema, aged twenty-two, employed in the Bemis Bag company's factory in Minneapolis, had her scalp and one ear completely torn off and will probably die. The girl fell ill and lay down on a large machine table to rest. A gust of wind blew her hair into a belt shaft nearby and before she could realize her danger the hair was wound round the belt and torn, with part of her scalp, from her head.

N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate and a Candidate for Re-election.

H. T. McANULTY, Superintendent of Schools and Candidate for Re-election.

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Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
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Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
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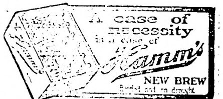
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Bottled and on draught
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

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Wednesday, Oct. 10th, at Hotel Rushford.

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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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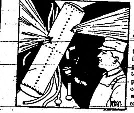

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY
Phone 221

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
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FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff and solicit the support of the voters. If I am nominated and elected, I promise to do the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the Republican nomination for Register of Deeds for Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support of Republican voters at the primary election on September 18th.

R. H. Green.

COUNTY TREASURER.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the office of county treasurer and respectfully solicit the support of the voters of Red Lake county. If I am nominated and elected I will conduct the affairs of the office in the same business like manner that I have during the past two years.

K. M. HANSEN.

SHERIFF.

At the urgent solicitation of numerous friends, I have become a candidate for the office of sheriff of Red Lake county and solicit the support of Republicans at the primaries on Sept. 18.

ROBERT A. LEE.

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

I am a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of Register of Deeds of Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support of the voters at the primaries on Sept. 18.

E. L. QUIST.

Legislative Candidate.

In announcing myself as a candidate for the legislature from the sixty-first district, comprising the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake, I desire to assure the voters of the district that I am in hearty accordance with the forward movement and step for the drainage of this northern country and the betterment of its roads which means we will encourage immigration and encourage legislation in that direction.

There are propositions other than these to be taken up, and I will, if nominated and elected, do my best for all things pertaining to my district and will endeavor to follow the wishes of the people.

I believe that drainage and good roads are the paramount issues, and what is needed for the betterment of our district.

I seek the nomination at the request of a number of interests, and will maintain an independent stand, seconded only as the best interests of the state may demand. I have always been an independent in my business, and in this, the people's business will still be indenpendent. I will always seek the best interests of my constituents and the honest carrying out of the work pertaining to the office, and will favor the citizens of my district as a political body.

With the above brief outline of my political intentions, I respectfully solicit your aid and support at the polls on the 18th of September.

J. J. OPSAHL.

TO THE VOTERS.

John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, Announces His Candidacy.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

Aitkin Republican: Candidate Cole is a good, clean man. No objection can be raised to him. He is clean morally, has had a successful business career, showing that he has first class executive ability; he succeeded in the last two sessions of the legislature in getting legislation enacted which is of great importance to the people now, showing his genius and good judgment in advocating right measures at the right time; and his nomination came to him so fairly, carrying with it no promises to any man or "interest" instrumental in securing it, that even his political opponents had no cause for criticism. On the whole the Republicans of the state have no reason to vote for the Democratic candidate for governor; they have a candidate of their own in whom there is no fault to be found and if they vote for the Democratic candidate it will mean that their fealty to the principles of the Republican party is very weak indeed.

WHAT HANSON STANDS FOR.

A Candidate for the State Senate Who Is Not Afraid to Tell the People How He Stands on Important Issues.

A. L. HANSON, Candidate for State Senator.

A. L. Hanson, Esq., Ada, Minn.

Sir: It is essential that this senatorial district should have a candidate for the office of state senator a man who is known to be heartily in accord with the reform movement which is today on the onward march.

During the last year a mighty stride has been taken in the congress of the United States for better government and more equitable laws. The time has come when it is not sufficient to announce that a man is a candidate for this or that office. Recent civic conditions and events have so aroused the people of this country that before a candidate can ask for, and hope to receive the votes of the people, he must stand for certain well defined principles. There is urgent demand for legislation, both state and national, which shall best serve to promote the welfare and interests of the people. And it is not enough to know that a candidate announces that he believes in certain principles, but that he is a man of unquestioned integrity and unimpeachable character, and who will use his best efforts and exert his influence in securing the enactment of such laws as will be of benefit to the greatest number of people. Where to get the man who will respond to the call of the hour is the vital question.

Believing that you would best answer the requirements of the people of this district we, the undersigned, urgently request you to announce yourself as a candidate for state senator from this district and we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to secure your nomination at the September primaries. Dated July 30th, 1906.

The foregoing request having been presented to me signed by representative men from all parts of Norman County, together with requests from other parts of the 61st Legislative District, I have decided to comply and do hereby announce that I will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator from this district.

I favor and will support if elected the extension of the primary nominating system to include all state officers and United States Senators; the enactment of a reciprocal demurage law; prohibiting the issuing to and the use of railway passes by all State, Legislative, Judicial and County officials whether elective or appointive; reduction in freight, express and passenger rates; increasing the power of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission; thorough control and regulation of all corporations; taxing of corporation property in the same manner as other property; redistricting of legislative districts of the state so as to give to the northern part of the state its proper representation in the state legislature. Local option by counties in the granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors; the enactment of a more stringent pure food law; liberal support of State Sanitarium for care and cure of consumptives; liberal support of schools, educational institutions, drainage, good roads, and for state development; the safe gaurding of state timber and mineral property; the reelecting of Knut Nelson as United States Senator. I will put forth my best efforts to secure the enactment of any other legislation that would be to the best interests of the people of the district and state.

On these principles and promising to devote my best efforts to promote clean and fair politics, I respectfully solicit your good will and vote at the coming primary election.

A. L. HANSON,
Ada, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 13, 1906.

Be sure and vote next Tuesday.

Vote for A. L. Hanson, the man who stands for the "square deal."

Do not believe all of the stories circulated about candidates at the last hour.

A vote for John B. O'Brien for county auditor is a vote for a man who will do his duty.

There is no man in Red Lake county who is entitled to the support of the people more than John B. O'Brien. Vote for him.

A. L. Hanson is making a fight for the people in his candidacy for the Republican nomination for the office of state senator and should have the support of all who desire to see honest legislation.

Vote next Tuesday and do not fail to mark an X opposite the name of John B. O'Brien for the office of county auditor. Mr. O'Brien will do his duty as an officer and not as the Red Lake Falls gang may dictate.

The state board of equalization, looking over the returns of assessed valuation from the various counties of Minnesota, finds that the total valuation of real estate for purposes of taxation has been raised $23,000,000.

Next Tuesday, Sept. 18, is primary election day. The poling place in the various voting precincts will be open from 6 o'clock in the morning until 9 o'clock in the evening. Every voter should make it a point to attend the primaries and express his choice for officers.

Remember this when you cast your vote next Tuesday that a vote for A. L. Hanson is a vote for a man who will honestly do his duty in the next state legislature. He will be a representative of the people and not one that will do as the railroads and other corporations may dictate.

Accordidg to the papers of Marshall, Roseau and Kittson counties, Hon. R. J. Bell, of Roseau, will be one of the representatives in the state legislature from that district. Mr. Bell is certainly a good clean man, possesses a fund of knowledge regarding the needs of his district, and has plenty of ability. Men of his stamp are needed in the legislature and we hope to see him win.

There seems to be hardly any question now but that A. L. Hanson will be elected state senator of this district and it is very probable that he will have a majority over both Lightbourn and Simons. The vote Mr. Simons will receive is going to be in a small territory around Red Lake Falls. Mr. Hanson, it is expected, will carry Norman, Red Lake and Clearwater counties over Lightbourn and in Beltrami county the vote is going to be split up considerable. Lightbourn will probably carry Bemidji but in the remaining part of Beltrami county he will not run as well.

Governor Folk of Missouri in a recent speech impressed the following sentiments which have the true ring and are endorsed by patriotic citizens of the land regardless of party affiliations: "The man who violates the law is neither a Democrat nor a Republican. He is a rascal. And as such he ought to be prosecuted. Politicians today are beginning to realize that honesty is the best politics as well as the best policy. It is now generally conceded that a rascal is a rascal still, whether he calls himself a Republican or a Democrat.

Partisanship is a good thing sometimes, but patriotism is a good thing all the time."

The Olberg Journal rings the bell when it says:

> L. C. Simons, formerly our representative, now candidate for senator, has yet to prove to his constituents that he has ever favored a piece of legislation which was to their benefit. The people are tired of such legislators, and will see to it that Mr. Simons get needed rest.

Voters: This time when you vote for state senator, vote for a man who is not afraid to declare what he stands for, and for a man who will not go down to St. Paul and sell out!

Hon. J. F. Jacobson, who was the real choice of the people of the state for governor, made a speech in southern Minnesota Monday and in it he said:

When the people know that they are being imposed upon they will rise en masse and the railroad companies will have to dance to their music. The transportation question is the most important one before the people today. There is not a railroad company in the state which is not paying dividends on a capital stock amounting to three times the real cost of the road. J. J. Hill made a speech in Fillmore county not long ago. He is a man who is always frank when it pays to be so He told the farmers there, they were not getting the results from their lands as they should, nor doing nearly as well as the Iowa farmers, for they were getting on an average $1.50 more per acre income than the Minnesota farmers. If he had told the truth, he would have said that the railroads collected in excessive freight rates $1.50 more per year, for the rates on Minnesota roads are from 20 to 60 per cent higher than in Iowa.

A Red Tape Tangle.

A New York veteran of the Civil war has been engaged lately in a very diverting study of government red tape, in the meshes of which he finds himself bewilderingly entangled, says the Duluth Herald.

At the beginning of the Civil war he enlisted in his home company, and when his term of enlistment expired he immediately joined another regiment. The official records of his original service, however, mistakenly reported him as killed, and when the home town erected a monument to the dead heroes of the war, his name was among those engraved upon it. For years he took great enjoyment in decorating his own official tomb.

Lately, however, with the chill of age and disability upon him, he concluded he wanted a pension, and the joke lost its savor when his appliction was rejected on the ground that he is officially dead. When he recovered from this blow he had a happy thought, and had his wife apply for a widow's pension, supposing of course that there would be no trouble about getting it. Greatly to his surprise, however, the pension bureau requires his wife to prove she is a widow by proving the death of her husband and this she is unable to do because he is still alive.

It is a little difficult to follow the government's reasoning in these two pension cases, but perhaps the common mind is not supposed to attempt such an exercise of intellect. The man is officially dead, and the government cannot grant a pension to a dead man, so that lets him out. But it requires his wife to prove that he is dead in order to get a widow's pension, and this she cannot do.

New Bank Soon to Open.

The fixtures for the new Peoples State Bank arrived here the first of the week and are now being placed in the bank building on Third street. It is the intention of the parties behind the new institution to open the doors of the bank for business next Monday morning.

—Subscribe for the News.

HARVESTERS FOOLED.

North Dakota Farmers Are Not Paying Such Big Wages.

A number of the newspapers throughout this section and in fact all over the state have been publishing articles telling of the scarcity of farm labor and the high wages for same in North Dakota during the harvest and threshing season. The result of this has been that farm laborers thinking to get more for their services have rushed to North Dakota in large numbers, passing by the harvest fields in northern Minnesota where the wages paid are as large if not larger than in the neighboring state. Not only this but farm hands employed in harvest fields in Northern Minnesota at from $2.50 to $2.75 a day have been induced by these alluring reports to jump their jobs and seek the North Dakota Eldorado only to find that work was not nearly so plentiful over there and the prevailing wages ranged from 50c to 75c a day less.

A Crookston Times representative met one of these men, and he told the story of his experience.

"I had read of the big wages for harvest hands," he said "and as I am always looking for the best of it like every one else, I decided to go over and get a piece of the big pie. I had a job on a farm near Crookston at $2.50 a day and threw it up and started for North Dakota. I found most of the small farmers supplied with men and finally after a week's lost time I took a job on the Grandin farm at $2.00. I at once wrote back to friends here to look me up something and they found me a job at $2.75 and here I am back about $25 worse off than if I had staid here in the first place."

"Uncle Josh Spruceby."

When a person or a number of persons who try to do right—let their manners be ever so ludicrous their dialect ever so uncouth in the end they will impress the people or community in which they live with the sincerity of their motives. In the end they will win out. Just the simple plain and unvarnished story of the struggle for success of such people is often a pathetic as well as humorous recital.

The above is an honest criticism of "Uncle Josh Spruceby" for the reason that the drama is a true blending of the funny and the serious, just as represented by the lives of the persons. The story is dramatic for the reason that it is filled with stage surprises, at the same time it is a simple story because it deals with only simple people. While not claiming to be a homespun story it is at the same time true to life.

At the Opera House, Saturday evening, Sept. 15. Watch for the farmer's band and big street parade.

Want Business Houses Connected.

There appears to be considerable sentiment about town favorable to allowing the Northwestern Telephone company to connect its long distance phone with a number of the business places for long distance purposes only, and it is said that a petition will be presented to the city council next Tuesday touching upon this subject. The sentiment continues to remain strong against having another local telephone exchange here. The proper thing would be to compel all long distance companies to hook up with the local exchange if such a thing were possible. At present it causes business men having two or three long distance calls in a day to spend a large portion of the day at the central booth.

Injured in a Runaway.

Miss Gena Bergebakken, of Fosston, who had been visiting at the home of Henry Granum, of Plummer, was brought to this city Sunday suffering from a badly broken leg. She was out driving Sunday when the horse frightened and run away, and in jumping from the rig struck on a stone. The result was that her right leg was broken twice near the ankle—part of the bone penetrating the flesh—and her right ankle was also sprained. She is now in the hospital here and is getting along as nicely as could be expected.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 8 1906.

Anderson, Elling
Froof, Anton
Jorstad, L. M.
Jacobson, Hans E.
Lucian, Clifford
Larken, N. Y.
Lappegaard, Miss Carolina
Larsen, Hans
Manhul, Miss Mary
Merris, W. J.
Moore, Mrs. S. A.
Ostrum, Oskar
Olsen, Miss Barbra
Peterson, Mrs. Mollie
Page, Jay B.
St. Germaine, J.
Selley, Olaf
Sedy, Olaf
Serbo, Helmer
Weberg, E. G.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of these please say "Advertised."

Ira C. [illegible], P. M.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The following is a complete list of the teachers in the public schools in this city:

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

Superintendent, J. H. Hay; high school principal, Florence Porter; assistant principal, Nellie Rumsey; (Normal department to be filled this week) eighth grade, Hattie Nickerson; seventh, Sadie Sherbino; sixth and fifth, Mary Osborne; fourth and third, Golda Hill; second, Lida McDougall; first, Emma Backe.

CENTRAL BUILDING.

Sixth, Pauline Lind; fifth and fourth, Grace Reiner; third, Mary McGinn; third and second, Vera Wilhelmi; second and first, Marian Annand; first, Imogene Pryor.

KNOX BUILDING.

Eighth and seventh, Mary Nelson; sixth and fifth, Edith Day; fourth and third, Rachel Schropel; second, Edith Coleman; second and first, Emily Lakin; first, Olga Kretzchmar.

Enrollment this week 850, Increasing every day. High school enrollment, 68. About 15 more to attend. Normal department will be opened Monday, Sept. 24 and possibly before that time. This furnishes professional training to those who purpose teaching. The students study those subjects they will take when writing for teachers certificates and that also to teaching in the city schools. Not less than 8, nor more than 30 students can be enrolled. Enrolling must devote their whole time to normal work. Pupils who are recommended by county superintendents are qualified to enroll. Graduates of this school are not compelled to take teachers' examinations. No tuition fees are charged to any students. Students from adjoining counties may attend. There are 11 of these departments in Minnesota. The State High School Board established the one in Thief River Falls last week at their regular meeting. An annual grant of $750 is allowed this school for maintaining it. As we have the room, book, and everything required by law, the department expenses will more than be paid by the state. It will cost this city nothing.

Likes Mr. McCaulg.

As a citizen of Thief River Falls I desire to say relative to the legislative candidates in this district that the writer has known Wm McCauig for several years and knows him to be an upright, capable business man who understands the needs of this district and has the energy and ability to do effectual legislative work for his district along the lines of drainage, Reapportionments, good roads, and re election of Hon Knute Nelson as U. S. Senator.

In his home town he is considered a clean, conservative business man and has been idendified with all movements for the betterment of Bemidji.

He stands for the best class of citizenship and belongs to the class of men who are most to be desired in public office at the present time.

His years of business experience in this district fit him to know he is thoroughly versed as to the business and commercial interests of northern Minnesota.

It is the opinion at the writer that the citizens of Thief River Falls should give Wm McCuaig a good majority at the primary election next Tuesday.

A CITIZEN.

A Homesteader Arrested.

Deputy United States Marshall Stout arrived at Fargo Monday from the northern part of the state, where he made three arrests with bench warrants, as the result of indictments by the recent grand jury L. W. Jordan, Omer and Louis Welsher were charged with perjury in securing land from the United States government. Jordan is the ticket agent at Portal and recently proved up on his affidavits he made false statements as to improvements he had made. The Welsher brothers were witnesses and thus implicated. All three were taken before United States Commissioner Blaisdell where their bonds were fixed at $1,000, which they all furnished.

This is the second batch of arrests that had been made during the past month on bench warrants. It was alleged that there were a great many indictments returned against parties connected with land fraud, what is known as a general cleaning up having been instituted.

Roseau Fair Dates Changed.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the County Fair Association Saturday evening it was decided to change the dates of the fair from Sept 20, 21, as heretofore announced, to Oct 11, 12 and 13. The change was thought advisable to give the farmers better chance to attend, most of whom will be busy with their fall work during the month of September.

The premium list as published will apply to the later dates, however, and the change of time for holding the fair being announced in ample time, it is thought no inconvenience will result.

Another motive that actuated the committee was the fact that it will be very difficult to get proper buildings erected before October, and they feel that the first fair of the association should be made as successful as possible.

—Wanted—First class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who does anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

Fall Millinery Opening,
Thursday and Friday,
September 20th and 21st.

Every Possible Phase of Practical Millinery at
Miss Lakin's.

Millinery Opening

I wish to announce that on next Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 19 and 20, I will have my fall opening of millinery. All the latest styles will be shown.

Gustie Johnson

LaBree Ave., North First National Bank.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS,
THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	61c
Oats	31c
Flax	99c
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

J. K. Wood was down to Plummer last week.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

E. M. Hoff, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week.

Milton Forder was up in the Rollis country the first of the week.

Mrs. Kidder left Monday evening for Winona to visit her parents.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Minneapolis last week attending to legal business.

Mrs. D. J. McNiven and son, Hughie returned from their trip to Minneapolis last week.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. Charles A. Robbecke left last week for Kuhnel to spend a couple of week visiting friends.

Charles Tedford, of Cass Lake, an old time resident of Thief River Falls, was in the city last week.

Miss Flora McNiven, who had spent the summer in Minneapolis, returned to this city last Friday.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Eugene Dempsey, one of the settlers on the reservation, was in the city last week enroute to Red Lake Falls.

Harold Hicks left last Friday evening for Minneapolis where he goes to attend McAlester college during the school year.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city last Friday from an extensive trip through North Dakota where he had been examining farm loans.

Ed Peterson and family came up from Crookston Saturday in their automobile and remained until Monday, the guests of Mrs. and Mrs. Leonard Peterson.

Wm. McGinty returned last week from Calgary, Canada, where he had been and disposed of a carload of horses. He says that things are booming up there and that prices are high.

We don't sell goods on paper or by cuts we have the real thing and our prices are always right, that you can depend upon. When in need of anything in the furniture line call and see us. Torrison Bros.

Frank Kratka left last week for Minot, N. D., to join a Soo surveying party. It is understood that the Soo road will build a number of lines in Western North Dakota next year and the survey for the roads will be made this fall.

O. Jacobson was down to Minneapolis last week. He called at the Socalists headquarters and reports that great progress is being made in the Socalists movement in this state and that they expect to poll a large vote this fall.

P. A. Eckstrom, who is a candidate for re election as county commissioner in district west of town, was in Thief River Falls last week. Mr. Eckstrom has made a conscientious hardworking commissioner and certainly deserves to again be re elected.

C. W. Johnson, of Wylie, who is a candidate for clerk of court, was in Thief River Falls last week interveiwing a number of the voters here. Mr. Johnson has a large number of friends here and it is more than probable that he will be nominated and elected.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Hon. C. M. Haugen, of Pelican Rapids was in the city last week.

Judge Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, was in the city last week.

Miss Hulda Anderson left Monday for Millaca to visit her sister.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder Phone 233.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

J. J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

W. A. Archibald, of Halcomb, Ill., was in the city a few days the past week visiting his brother, Dr. Archibald.

Miss Hazel Prichard left Monday evening for St. Paul and will attend Hamlin University during the coming school year.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Miss Helen Wallin last week disposed of all of her household goods and will make her home in the future with her sister in Beltrami county.

Frank Jeffers was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday. He states that he will probably be an independent candidate for the office of register of deeds of Red Lake county this fall.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get, your orders, in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

The Plummer creamery received a mark of 95 upon the butter exhibited at the state fair, which was the highest mark received by any creamery in the northern part of the state. Plummer is to be congratulated.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

The Hanson & Barren Milling company commenced grinding the new wheat this week. They report that the wheat is of a much better quality than that raised around here during the past few seasons and will make a much better grade of flour.

Mrs. Wm. Herron received a telegram from Stevens Point, Wis., last Saturday announcing the sad news that her father Charles Boortz, one of the pioneers and highly respected residents of that place was very ill and not expected to recover. She left that evening for Stevens Point.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Pat Moylan is one of the settlers on the new reservation that is proving to his own satisfaction that the soil over there is all right. He threshed last week and had an average of twenty three bushels to the acre of oats. He has not threshed his flax yet, but it will average as good as the wheat and oats.

It is indeed good news to our theatre goers to know that we are to have "The Belle of Japan" the most phenomenal hit in years, at the Opera House on Friday Sep. 28th.

We shall hear a lot of good singing, see interesting and amusing dancing, and a company of clever people who can entertain, augmented by beautiful costumes, scenery and mechanical and electrical effects, in short it is the style of a performance to please all classes. It is advisable to get tickets early. They will go on sale at Stebbins.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lang returned to the city Monday.

H. W. Lee was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

O. A. Westin was down to Alexandria the first of the week.

Knut Nelson, of Middle River, was in the city the first of the week.

Frank Lawrence left Monday for Fargo to spend the next two weeks.

Charles Hitchcock was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Hon. O. B. Eckman, of Roseau, was in the city the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Chester Wright last Saturday.

The horse on Torrison Bros., delivering wagon fell dead Monday morning.

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday forenoon at 10:30.

Henry Hermanson left Monday evening for Halstad to visit friends for a few days.

D. B. Bakke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

James Meehan came up from St. Paul Monday to attend to business matters for a few days.

Wayne Richardson left this week for Minneapolis to resume his studies at the State University.

Mrs. S. Kenison, who had been at Grand Forks visiting relatives returned to this city Monday.

Walter Rosenburry left Tuesday evening on a trip to North Dakota to be absent for a few days.

Ed Wilcox went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston and Fosston the first of the week attending to business matters.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday. He was accompanied by his father, Judge Ives, of Cass Lake.

H. E. Gusa returned to this city Monday from the Candian Northwest where he is now holding down a homestead.

Wanted—A man to dig 2½ acres of potatoes in city, on shares. Most liberal terms. Box 211, Thief River Fall. Minn.

L. C. Simons, candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of state senator, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

The local police are on the outlook for burglars that Sunday evening broke into a store up at Karlstad and stole a large amount of jewely.

Prof. Button now has first class teachers in all his various colleges and will spend all his time after Oct. 1st with his Crookston school.

George McCray, of Kalispell, Mont., who is interested with the Winton's and Dobner's in the saw mill out there, spent Monday in the city attending to business matters.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minnesota, will give away absolutely free a six months scholarship to the first pupil from each town who writes for it. Write today.

Sept. 18 and 25 are the last two days that citizenship papers can be issued by Municipal Judge Bishop under the old law to those who have not as yet taken out their second papers to secure them and anyone who desires to become a full citizen should take notice of this fact.

A settler living east of Germantown brought another black bear to town the first of the week that he had shot up there. This makes several bears that have been shot in this vicinity of late and old settlers are speculating on what is the cause of their being so numerous.

A crew of log drivers for the St. Hilaire Lumber company arrived here last Thursday and spent a few days in the city while waiting for the logs to be sorted here. Three of the crew landed in jail and paid a fine before Judge Bishop for being drunk and disorderly.

FIFTY CENTS

IN some conditions the gain from the use of Scott's Emulsion is very rapid. For this reason we put up a fifty-cent size, which is enough for an ordinary cough or cold or useful as a trial for babies and children. In other conditions the gain is slower—health cannot be built up in a day. In such cases Scott's Emulsion must be taken as nourishment, food rather than a medicine. It's a food for tired and weak digestions.

Send for free sample

Scott & Bowne, 409-415 Pearl St., New York
Chemists
50c. and $1.00. All druggists

O. H. Olson of St. Hilaire was in the city yesterday.

Couty Superintendent of schools McAnulty was in the city yesterday.

Martin Nerland went down to Crookston last evening to visit friends for a few days.

Attorney Mabey went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to legal business.

—For Rent—One large furnished room cheap. Five minutes walk from town. Inquire at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Heasley leave this fall for their son's claim up near Tamarac river to spend the winter.

Miss Olga Sherberg arrived in the city from Crookston the first of the week and will remain for a few days visiting relatives.

Mrs. J. J. Crowe was down to Crookston the first of the week to meet her daughter, Miss Edna who had been at Duluth attending school.

George R. Kirkpatrick delivered a Socalist lecture in the Evenson hall Tuesday evening. Last night he was at Highlanding and tonight he will be at Greenbush.

B. G. Covell and A. S. Bolton, grand master and grand secretary of the I. O. O. F. lodge respectively, were in Thief River Falls Tuesday evening to meet with the local lodge.

The Tri-State Telephone company now has its line completed to Grand Forks and connections can be made with Minneapolis, St. Paul Duluth and other important points.

Dennis Cavanaugh yesterday purchased of Ole Helegeson the Soo Hotel property and six lots. Mr. Cavanaugh is getting quite heavily interested in Thief River Falls property and is well pleased with the future propects of the city.

—For Rent—My home near the Central school, eleven rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Also for sale or lease, all of the fixtures in the Soo hotel. Arrangements must be made before the 1st of next month. S. L. Heasley.

Nels Olson, of the town of Clover Leaf is the latest arrival in the city with a bear. Yesterday morning he brought to this city one that weighed about 400 pounds which he had shot on Tuesday evening. It was the largest bear that has been killed in this section this year.

One of our neighbors posted a notice to hunters on his farm "No Hunting Aloud." I suppose he don't object to "Still Hunting," but objects to hunting with a bugle or a brass band as his cows are kind of skittish.—Rollis Correspondent Middle River Pioneer.

A couple of Jews are traveling about this section selling dry goods, clothing, etc., taking the notes of farmers in payment for the goods when the farmer does not have the cash. Farmers should be very careful in any dealings they have with this class of people. They do not intend to hold the notes but have called upon the bankers of Thief River Falls endeavoring to get the notes cashed.

Reports from those who have threshed in the western part of the county are to the effect that the grain yield is light, wheat running from 7 to 13 bushels per acre. The few who have threshed up the ridge report a yield considerably better. John Nelson, who was threshing with the Barneke machine, reports that the oats out west of town are turning out from 50 to 60 bushels per acre, and wheat from 15 to 23 bushels. There have been no reports of wheat threshed out in Rollis and Thief Lake, through Howard Clark's flax and oats was a good crop. There is no doubt however but that the wheat out there is about double the yield of the crop in the western part Eastern Marshall county is strictly in it this year.—Middle River Pioneer.

How long is the longest hay stack in the world? Joseph Johnson was in from Erie the first of the week and claims that he has the longest hay stack in the world, or at least says that all of the settlers out his way believe this to be a fact and he is going to claim the championship belt until someone else "shows him". Joe says that his hay stack is 400 feet long and contains about 150 tons. The people of Thief River Falls always knew that Joe would distinguish himself in some way. When he went to the Spanish-American war, the Spaniards all surrendered before Joe landed in Cuba, and of course he had no opportunity to distinguish himself on the field of battle. The Erie Herald says that he shot at a bear and missed, so he could not win fame as a bear hunter. The only thing left for him to do was to build the largest hay stack in the world, and now he is famous.

Bears to Perform at Middle River.

The continuous vaudeville show idea has become so popular that even the comparatively small cities are establishing them. Crookston has now one in operation and Thief River Falls is soon to have one. Middle River will have one soon after the county seat is established here this fall.—Middle River Pioneer.

Ditch Job Let.

Auditor Ford Tuesday let the job of digging ditch No. 21 to Theodore Halvorson, he being the lowest bidder for the work. The bids, per yard, were as follows:

John Hannigan, 11 cents.
E. A. Morse, 11.75 cents.
Fred Zaiser, 10.80 cents.
Theodore Halvorson, 10.50 cents.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

A BEAVER FARM.

Man Up in Canada Has a Large Number of Beavers.

On the farm of Rev. W. E. Chrismas a few miles from Oxbow exists one of the few beaver farms of Canada. Within the limits of the farm are five large dams, peopled by some 200 beavers. The banks of the Souris river which runs through the farm, are fringed with poplar trees, supplying the beavers with the best of building material and also with their daily bread. According to a law passed in 1896 it is illegal to kill beavers until the fall of 1908, consequently this colony is waxing strong and is multiplying very rapidly. Having been protected from the trappers for the past ten years they are becoming very tame and do not seem to mind a casual onlooker, although they do most of their work by moonlight. One night these beavers cut down fifty-two trees, according to Rev. Mr Chrismas, who takes a great deal of interest in his little tenants and watches carefully to see no harm comes to them. These beavers are very industrious and have no use for one of their number who refuses to do his share of the work. When such a member of the flock is noticed the others drive him away to live in solitude and when such a beaver is found by a trapper it is known as a "bachelor." It takes the beavers but a short time to fell a large sized tree and they are able to throw it in any direction desired. When once felled the tree is quickly cut up into lengths for houses, dams or food as may be required. The house of the beaver is built on the bank of the river with its entrance under water.

Once having built the entrance the rest of the house is started the whole colony working at the house until it is finished, and when completed it is warm, dry and cosy. Although it is impossible for the beavers to live for long under water the entrance is built for some distance under the water and then there is a long tunnel connecting the house with the water. A beaver family usually consists of four or five and comes into the world with its eyes wide open. The young ones live with their parents for two years and then they are made to shift for themselves. The full grown beaver measures about two feet in length with a tail some ten inches long which he can use as a spade or trowel as well as paddle. The average age is 15 years although some have been known to live as long as 20 but such cases are said to be rare. When the animal is nine years of age its pelt is at its prime and will fetch from $10 to $12 in Minneapolis.

A Business Change.

B. D. Bjorkman last week sold out his interest in the Star Steam laundry to his partner, F. J. Post. Under the management of Bjorkman & Post this laundry has built up a large and increasing business and under Mr. Post's management it will continue to prosper.

Mr. Bjorkman will continue to reside in Thief River Falls and will open up a French dry cleaning establishment here, being an expert at this line of business.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

To the Voters of the 61st Legislative District

A few reasons why I ask for your votes:

My business policy has always been, plenty of room at the top, boost and push, never knock, what is good for the country is good for the people.

Have several years experience as cruiser and surveyor, land man, and homesteader in northern Minnesota, and know more about the actual needs conditions and soil in the northern part of the state than any other candidate for the next legislature.

Supporter and admirer of Senator Nelson and will vote for his re-election.

Do not ride on Railroad passes, nor will I if elected.

Have been a large shipper and well versed on Railroad rates, and have secured several rate reductions on Wood, Hay & Grain, and will continue to work for more. My policy is persuasion based on good facts with the people behind it will do more good than a big club.

In 1898 I was elected on drainage board in Felton, Minn. We completed over 40 miles of ditches and 20 miles of roads, and when the contractors failed on part of the work, I personally completed the roads where our people and contractors said they could not be built and maintained, and the roads are good and speak for themselves.

If elected I want every voter in my distaict to be a committee of one by frequent letters, advice and push, to aid me in getting drainage, pushing other good measures and general developments and demand and work for clean politics at home and at the capitol.

J. J. OPSAHL.

GERMANTOWN.

It is very warm out here lately. Something we were not looking for at this time of the year.

Emil Ristau lost a valuable horse last week.

The government surveyors have made their headquarters here of late.

Louis Hamre and Louis Espland were in town last week, where the latter made final proof before L. G. Browning.

Shock threshing is about finished around here, and grain seems to be turning out pretty fair. Wheat runs from 14 to 18 bushels per acre. Oats from 30 to 45 bushels.

Two bears were seen crossing our prairie here last week, one of them was followed up by some of our hunters, but as they were armed only with shot guns Bruno managed to get away from them and made his way toward Mud Lake, most likely to examine the location of the new county seat.

A basket party was held in school district 76 last Saturday evening and it was well attended. About $35.00 was taken in which will go towards buying a bell for the new school house.

A party of Iowa farmers were here visiting Mrs. Daus.

Building a Sidetrack.

On Monday a crew of tracklayers employed by the Soo commenced work of building side tracks up at Strip post-office. The farmers living up there petitioned the railroad and warehouse commissioners last spring asking that this work be done.

Subscribe for the News.

HARRY E. IVES, of St. Hilaire, Minn.,

Respectfully solicits your support and vote for the Republican nomination for Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake County at the Primaries, Sept. 18. If nominated and elected will pledge a square deal to all parties and all men.—Adv.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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St. Paul

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS,

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

PROTECTION FOR POLICY HOLDERS

HON. ALBERT L. COLE URGES MEASURES TO MAKE INSURANCE POLICIES ABSOLUTELY SAFE.

Hon. Albert L. Cole devoted a considerable portion of a recent speech to the consideration of the problem of how best to protect the interest of policy holders. He said:

"Until a couple of years ago most people believed that a life insurance policy was a good form of investment. There was also general national pride in the size and strength of our great American life insurance companies. The recent disclosures as to the scandalous business methods of some of the Eastern life insurance companies have changed all this. Many policy holders have allowed their policies to lapse, comparatively little new business has been written, and the big companies have become a subject of criticism, gibes and sarcasm instead of praise and pride.

"It would be a serious misfortune for the country if this were carried too far. A life insurance policy in a properly managed company is, for most families, a valuable species of saving. If the attack upon life insurance companies generally becomes so fierce that the people acquire a permanent distrust of all life insurance and cease to insure their lives, one of the most valuable instrumentalities for thrift will have been eliminated from our national life. If the attack is carried so far as to effect the solvency of the companies, the resulting calamity will be appalling.

"It is the part of wise statesmanship to so handle the present situation:

"(1.) That the solvency of the existing institutions should not be imperilled.

"(2.)—That the companies which have not been guilty of abuses should not be made to suffer along with those of a different character.

"(3.) That the popularity of life insurance as a family protection may be preserved, and

"(4.) That it may be made safe so that those who invest their money in it may not be deceived or disappointed.

"I do not think that these objects are to be accomplished by a change of management of the companies alone. I am afraid that even if the policy holders participate in the selection of trustees, as they have not heretofore done, the trustees of their selection, however fair their repute, will find it difficult and perhaps impracticable to give that intimate supervisory attention to the several companies' affairs which, in the long run, is essential if evils are not to creep in.

"To secure permanent results, we shall have to have continued regulation and supervision by the state. We think we have discovered some of the sources of the evil. Extravagant salaries, reckless expenditures, and the use of trust funds for speculative purposes and private gain, have been encouraged in the opinion of experts by the accumulation of great surpluses, needlessly exacted, from policy holders. Legislation requiring at least the apportionment among policy holders of their excess payments at frequent intervals will check some of the troubles. But after awhile they will return again in some other shape unless constant vigilance is employed. The state owes it to its people, to itself insure the financial institutions within its borders. The average citizen has not the time nor the facilities for personal investigations. The state must assume the task. Its methods of investigation should be so complete that its license issued to an insurance company or a bank, should be equivalent to a guaranty that it is entitled to public confidence. An insurance company dishonestly or incompetently managed, or a bank becomes insolvent is a public disaster of wide reaching consequence, and should be made an impossibility. This can be accomplished in one way, and in one way only, and that is by a system of the highest publicity. The insurance departments of the several states should devise and enforce the use of such forms of reports that the condition of the several companies as to assets, liabilities and expenses, should be clearly disclosed, and should cooperate one with the other so that the cost of investigations from time to time may be minimized. The revelations of the recent investigation committees would have come years ago had such a plan been heretofore adopted. But the vastness of the work for the insurance department of any one state has prevented its being done in the absence of co-operation, and the reports furnished have served to conceal rather than show the truth. In other words, I think publicity is the great safeguard."

Stewartville Times, Aug. 23: Do not forget that by voting for Mr. Cole for governor, and voting for the Republican ticket this fall, you are voting for railroad fare in Minnesota of 2 cents per mile. Such a thing will come in time; but you may be dead and gone before that time arrives. You can hasten it very much by voting for Mr. Cole.

DRAIN THE STATE SWAMP LANDS

HON. ALBERT L. COLE GIVES HIS REASONS FOR THINKING SUCH WORK WOULD BENEFIT THE ENTIRE STATE.

Hon. Albert L. Cole in his speech opening the campaign discussed the question of the drainage of the state's swamp lands, and incidentally described briefly the law drafted by him which provides for a preliminary topographical survey. The best of his remarks on this subject is as follows:

During the session of 1905 a law was enacted by the legislature, providing for a comprehensive system of drainage of such parts of the state's swamp lands as, in the opinion of the state drainage commission, is advisable. This system involves a topographical survey. In November next, the engineer in charge of the survey is to deliver to the drainage commission, to be filed with the state auditor, a map of the swamp and marshy lands he has surveyed, which will show not only the location, length, size and approximate cost of each ditch suggested, but it will also show each forty-acre tract of land to be benefited by each drain. Any one carefully examining that map and the reports which will accompany it, which are to be printed for the information of the legislature and the people, can distinguish not only the lands owned by the state that will be benefited, but he can tell what lands to be drained are owned by private individuals or corporations. Every essential fact with regard to each drainage ditch will be in possession of the legislature, and they will be in a position to act intelligently on any drainage project they decide to undertake. Thus the legislature will be able to so apportion the cost of drainage, that the burden will fall on each forty-acre tract in proportion to the benefits received. For myself, I will say that I am not in favor of paying a single dollar of public money for drainage of lands owned by private individuals or corporations. State drainage as advocated by me does not mean the drainage of a single piece of property owned by individuals or under any other ownership except the state, and only such lands belonging to the state, as, in the opinion of experts, will be valuable enough after such drainage, to more than repay the money expended upon them.

The state owns nearly 2,000,000 acres of land that is entirely worthless until it is drained. There is afforded unmistakable proof that at least 1,000,000 acres of this land, when reclaimed by ditching, will be as good as the average swamp land that the state has already sold, approximating 50,000 acres, and sold at the average price of $6.43 per acre. Even if the market value of this class of land does not increase in value as time advances, which is altogether improbable, that 1,000,000 acres, when drained, will sell for $6,430,000. The estimated cost of draining these lands is $1,000,000. This sum, however, comes out of the current funds, and the whole of the $6,430,000, when the land is sold, will go into the school and other trust funds of the state. This money, when placed at interest at 4 per cent, will yield a net income of $257,200, which will annually be pouring into the state treasury as interest from the sale of these lands alone. This income is not for one year only, but it is to last for all time. More than one-half of this annual income goes into our school fund, to be paid out annually to support the common schools of the state. Is not the drainage of this land a good business proposition?—one which commends itself to all thinking men?

Bertha Headlight: It is said that the big corporations will refuse to contribute anything towards paying the expenses of the Republican state campaign. So much the better. Cole can and will be elected without the help of the gentlemen composing the great corporations within the state and when the battle is over the people will have the blessed assurance that they have a governor free of debt to railway, trust or combine. It takes votes, not money, to elect a governor and the people have the votes even though they are short of ready cash. A governor elected by the people! Say, there's no kick on that proposition.

Hallock News: The Democrats of Minnesota are getting to be just a bit arrogant. They imagine because they have, by a fluke, succeeded in electing two governors they do what they please. Their self-confidence is due to have a severe jolt this fall. There never was a time when this state was stronger in Republican sentiment than now, nor was there ever a time when there was a greater reason why one should be a Republican and feel proud of it than right now.

Fergus Falls Press: As the campaign progresses the opposition to Cole for governor fades away and will soon be confined to the opposing parties alone. Cole's history and record, when carefully searched, fail to reveal any real reason for Republicans opposing him and, as there is perfect harmony in the Republican party all over the state, there is no reason why A. L. Cole should not be the next governor of Minnesota.

PARK ADDITION

IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm	
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm	
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:13 pm	
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm	

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Subscribe for the News.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., August 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 25, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, (Red Lake Series) for the Lots 7-8-9 and SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, of " "
Albert Hanson, of " "
John R. Hesby, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 23 sept 20 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, August 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on October 3rd, 1906, viz: Valerya Benka, H. E. 341 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Section 20, Township 154 N, Range 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Mrs. Veronika Benka, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Alex Psolnski, " " "
Joseph [illegible]ski, " " "
John Hurt, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 30 sept 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Ole J. Nomland, H. E. No. 107, Red Lake Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 21, T'wp., 154 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole Grinde, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Hans G. Hansen, " " " "
Charles C. Hoagland, " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 30 oct 4

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date hereof Three hundred thirty-seven and 75-100 Dollars ($337.75) for principal and interest upon a mortgage given by William A. Kratka and Sophia A. Kratka, his wife, mortgagors, to H. G. Dobner, mortgagee, dated December 10th, 1905 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, January 9th, 1906 at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in book 13 of mortgages on page 219, mortgaging and conveying the following described land, situated in said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered forty-five (45), forty-six (46) forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) in block numbered twenty-six (26) of Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the city of Thief River Falls according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County and State, to secure the payment of three hundred fifteen and 95-100 dollars ($315.95), and interest.

Notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises will be sold under foreclosure thereof at public auction on the 16th day of October, 1906, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. by the sheriff of said County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State to pay the sum then due on said mortgage, including taxes, if any, then paid, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, and foreclosure disbursements.

Dated August 25th, 1906.

H. G. DOBNER, Mortgagee.

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

aug 30 o4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Margaretha Kainz, formerly Margaretha Clausen, H. E. No. 3009 Chippewa Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 28 in T'wp. 155 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Hans Clausen, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Thomas " " " "
Nick Bundhund, " " "
John Ristau, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 6 oct 4

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff, vs. Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. H. Alderman, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 31st day of August, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at One o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of Section six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), Range Forty-Five (45), containing 160 acres of land.

Dated September 3rd, 1906.

D. Linnehan,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

sept 6 to oct 11

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

NEWS OF THE WEEK

INSURRECTION IN CUBA.

All peace overtures have been blocked by the refusal of Pino Guerra, the insurgent leader in Pinar del Rio province, to enter into any arrangement for an armistice. Guerra's answer to the government's announcement of its readiness to grant a ten days' armistice is the blowing up of two bridges on the Western railway, the cutting of railway communication beyond Pinar del Rio city and an attack on San Juan de Martinez.

President Palma has issued a decree suspending all constitutional guarantees in the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana and Santa Clara. The law enforcing public order, which is equivalent to martial law, also is put into immediate effect in the three provinces named. The decree granting amnesty to repentant rebels has been suspended and the arrest of all enemies of the government ordered.

Advices from Cienfuegos say that a band of thirty rebels sacked the small town of Castella de Jagua, situated on Cienfuegos bay. The rural guards in garrison there and the officials of the place meanwhile shut themselves up in the fort or castle.

A detachment of fifty government troops from Cienfuegos encountered a band of General Guzman's insurgents *near Camarones. In the fight which* ensued the government force was routed, many being killed or wounded.

Two more bridges on the Western railway have been blown up by rebels, one of them situated twelve miles east of Pinar del Rio, near Puerto Golpo, thus cutting off railroad communication with Pinar del Rio.

There are large forces of rebels south and west of Havana and persistent rumors are current that it is their intention to attack the city, aided by rebels within.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

A Jewish massacre surpassing in seriousness all previous ones in that vicinity broke out at Siedlce, Russian Poland, Saturday night and continued for two days. It was carefully planned beforehand, the soldiers warning all of the Christian population in advance to hang out their ikons so that they might remain undisturbed. As a result of the general slaughter it is estimated that fully 200 Jews have been killed and 1,000 wounded.

The open conflict between Premier Stolypin and the reactionists at court, due to the refusal of the premier to acquiesce in the abandonment of the proposed reforms, is reflected by the comment of the reactionary newspapers on the premier's note of Sept. 5, which are now openly demanding the retirement of M. Stolypin.

Terrorists, angered at the refusal of their demands, fired a small village near Powsin, Russian Poland. The whole village was destroyed.

A dispatch received from Tiflis says that the insurrectionary movement in Transcaucasia is suddenly gathering great force.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Bishop Charles C. McCabe of the Methodist Episcopal church has been summarily ousted as a member of the international policyholders' committee because of his alleged disloyalty to the interests of the policyholders.

President Roosevelt will leave Sagamore Hill for Washington Oct. 1. Three days later he will make a flying trip to Harrisburg and York, Pa., where he will deliver speeches.

William Jennings Bryan returned Wednesday evening to Lincoln, Neb., and the "home folks" welcomed him with every evidence of approval and satisfaction.

Francis Xavier Wernz, a German, has been elected general of the Society of Jesus in succession to the late Father Martin, who died last May.

Senator Depew is slowly regaining his health and expects to occupy his seat in the upper house when congress reassembles in December.

Governor Chamberlain of Oregon has been elected president of the National Irrigation congress.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Practically without warning the side of a mountain rising above the township of Kwareli, Transcaucasia, broke away and a sea of semi-liquid mud, sand and stones swept down on the township and overwhelmed and obliterated it. Some 255 persons have been buried alive.

The Dominican insurgents who have been besieging Monte Cristi, on the north coast of Santo Domingo, have been defeated and put to flight. Later they attacked the town of Dajabon and the government forces were compelled to seek refuge in the fort.

Floods have devastated a large section of the Behar district of India. Whole villages have been obliterated, great areas of food crops have been destroyed and the indigo crop is ruined.

Lieutenant R. E. Treadwell of the Philippine scouts has been killed by Pulajanes on the island of Leyte.

Forest fires are causing immense damage in Northern Italy.

LABOR NEWS.

An agreement as to wages has been reached between representatives of the United Mine Workers of the district comprising Montana and Wyoming and the operators to govern for the next year.

Telegraphers on the Pennsylvania railroad east of Pittsburg have secured an increase of wages.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Lawrence D. Cook of Pittsburg, member of the Pennsylvania legislature, who was renominated Saturday, was perhaps fatally stabbed Sunday by Andrew MacMillan, a justice of the peace and one of the wealthy residents of Carnegie. Cook is said to have been in the company of MacMillan's wife at the time of the tragedy.

Rev. Father A. Garstka, rector of the Polish Catholic church of Glassport, Pa., is under arrest for the shooting of Joe Klayenski, one of his parishioners, who is in the hospital with a serious wound in the abdomen. The shooting was the culmination of a factional quarrel in the congregation of several months' standing.

Adolph Segal, promoter of many enterprises; William F. North, the treasurer of the Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia, and Marshall S. Collingwood, the assistant treasurer, have been arrested charged with having defrauded the depositors of the trust company out of many millions of dollars.

The Moorish authorities will interpose no objection to the removal to America of Paul O. Stensland, president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago. A dispatch to this effect has been received at the state department from Minister Gummere, at Tangier.

At Eau Claire, Wis., Bert Tandler shot and killed his divorced wife and Milton Johnson, who was in the woman's company, and then committed suicide. The triple tragedy occurred in the midst of a crowd of people at an outdoor band concert.

While Cashier P. W. Van Ancher lay bound hand and foot, gagged and tied to a table in a back room, two bandits leisurely looted the State bank of Rainier, Ore., securing between $2,000 and $2,500 in gold coin.

B. S. Adams, formerly assistant cashier of the Citizens' National bank of Vicksburg, Miss., has been arrested on the charge of being short in his cash to the amount of $48,000.

Forgeries for more than $250,000 by Frank K. Hipple, the suicide president of the defunct Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia, have been discovered by Receiver Earle.

At Findlay, O., Judge Banker overruled motions to quash the information filed against John D. Rockefeller and all the Standard Oil cases.

At Eufala, I. T., Edwin Potts killed his wife and was himself shot twice during a desperate fight with deputy marshals.

John Williams and Cornelius Coombs, negro murderers, were executed at Pittsburg Thursday.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Three men were killed and a score of others injured in a grade crossing accident near Philadelphia, when a street car containing about fifty workmen was struck by a train on the Pennsylvania road.

Engineer Armstrong and Fireman McDonald were killed and seven others seriously injured by the overturning of a locomotive and tender on the Wisconsin Central road near Waupaca, Wis.

The Western liner Milwaukee collided with the steamer Nelson Mills in the St. Clair river a short distance below St. Clair, Mich. The Mills sank at once and three persons lost their lives.

Two men were killed and two fatally and five seriously injured by the falling of the second floor of the new factory building of the Garford company, under construction at Elyria, O.

Jerry Turner, an experienced balloonist, fell 200 feet from a trapeze suspended from a parachute at a fair at Oskaloosa, Kan., and was instantly killed.

Two persons were killed and ten injured, two fatally, in a headon collision of two passenger trains at Woodland, W. Va.

Twenty-seven persons were injured in a wreck on the Southern Pacific at Sea Cliff, Cal.

Earthquake shocks were felt in various parts of Indiana Friday night.

Five deaths from the heat occurred at Duluth Saturday.

Two persons perished in a hotel fire at Needles, Cal.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Republican candidates were successful in Monday's election in Maine, but by greatly reduced majorities. William T. Cobb was re-elected governor by a plurality of less than 8,000, with few exceptions the smallest margin of votes ever given a Republican governor in Maine. Congressman Littlefield, on whom the labor leaders made a fight, was elected by about 1,000 plurality, a falling off of 4,000 as compared with two years ago.

Minnesota Democrats have renominated John A. Johnson for governor and adopted a platform endorsing William J. Bryan for president in 1908. The platform also favors municipal ownership of public service utilities.

Governor James O. Davidson has been nominated to head the Wisconsin Republican state ticket, having defeated Speaker Irvine L. Lenroot of the last assembly, his only opponent, by a majority of about 45,000.

Fletcher D. Proctor, Rep., son of United States Senator Redfield Proctor, has been elected governor of Vermont by a majority of 20,000.

Congressman James N. Gillett of Eureka has been nominated for governor by California Republicans.

John A. Aylward of Madison has been nominated for governor by Wisconsin Democrats.

DEMANDS ACCEDED TO.

Railroad Employes Secure Better Working Conditions.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—The grievance committees of the various railway employes' organizations have been treating with the officials of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and other roads entering the Twin Cities. In succession the carmen's, boilermakers,' blacksmiths' and machinists' committees have held several conferences with the railway officials.

In general the demands made by the employes upon the railroads have been better working conditions, with an increase in wages. It is said that the demands have been acceded to. The machinists were ready to strike at a moment's notice unless they shared the good fortune of the other organizations. On Monday next the committees of the operators on the Omaha and Chicago Great Western roads will convene and it is expected that a small increase will be granted them. Operators in the East have been accorded increases and those employed on the Western lines hope that the Western roads will follow.

RATES NEED EQUALIZATION.

President Stickney Opposed to Horizontal Reduction.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—President A. B. Stickney of the *Chicago Great Western* differs radically from most high railroad officials on most phases of the rate question, but he stands with them in contending that there should be no general reduction of rates.

"I don't think railroad rates on the average are too high in the United States," said Mr. Stickney. "What is needed is not a horizontal reduction, but equalization. The Pennsylvania charges about the same per ton mile as the Great Western, although the density of its traffic is much greater. Probably our rates are too low, while the Pennsylvania's are too high. We are making money at present rates, but should the country become less prosperous there is no certainty that we could continue to do so. Rates generally in the Northwest are too low compared with those in the East."

INCREASE IN LAND VALUES.

Millions Added to Assessment Rolls in Minnesota.

St. Paul, Sept. 6.—An increase of $23,000,000 in real estate values is shown by the returns of the county boards to the state board of equalization, that is, the returns made by the county boards this year are that much higher than the figures at which values were left by the state board the last time they were considered, two years ago. Two years ago the state board left real estate values at $701,066,777. This year the assessors returned $671,627,115 and the county boards raised this to $717,636,642, the latter figures not including Cass and Lake counties, which have not yet reported to the state auditor. Their reports will make the county board values about $724,000,000. Two years ago the assessors returned $605,178,151 and the county boards returned $652,797,753.

MEETS INSTANT DEATH.

Lineman Grasps Live Wire to Avoid Falling.

Minneapolis, Sept. 6.—Julius A. Doerfler, a university student, aged twenty-five, employed during the summer by the Twin City Rapid Transit company, was instantly killed by coming in contact with a live wire while doing some work for the street railway company near Hopkins.

Doerfler was a student of electrical engineering and was getting practical experience by working as lineman during vacation. At the time the accident happened he was making some repairs to the overhead wires. He slipped and to prevent himself from falling to the ground, a considerable distance, he grasped the trolley wire and received the full charge of the powerful current through his body. Death was instantaneous.

HURLS BOY RIDER TO DEATH.

Horse Throws Lad and Neck is Broken by Fall.

Moorhead, Minn., Sept. 5.—Ben Pasizio, an eight-year-old boy, was thrown from his horse and instantly killed while riding to the home of a neighbor about four miles from Moorhead. The lifeless body of the boy was found along the roadside by his brother, who had been out to look for him when his parents became alarmed at his long continued absence. Examination showed that the boy's neck was broken and that he must have died instantaneously.

Hearing on Freight Rates.

St. Paul, Sept. 8.—The state railroad and warehouse commission has cited all the roads in the state to appear for hearing on freight rates at 10 a. m. on Wednesday, Sept. 19. The commission will then take up the reasonableness of rates on all commodities, except the merchandise rates, which were considered and decided at the hearing which closed last Saturday.

Killed by Corn Cutting Machine.

Hastings, Minn., Sept. 8.—While C. E. Wood, head farmer at the Hastings asylum, was adjusting the overclogging of a corn cutting machine, he was struck by pieces of the machinery and fatally injured, dying three hours later. Mr. Wood suffered the loss of an eye and had nearly every bone in his head crushed, besides receiving fracture of the limbs.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The statement of New York clearinghouse banks shows a deficit in the legal reserve required of $6,577,920. This is said to be the largest deficit in the legal reserve required since 1893, when it was necessary to issue bank certificates.

By the decisive distance of two lengths Cambridge won the great international boat race at Putney, Eng., stalling off by a steady, powerful stroke all Harvard's desperate spurts. Cambridge got away in the lead and was never headed.

Attorney General Moody has brought suit in the federal court at Trenton, N. J., to recover possession of lands in Utah now held by the Utah Fuel company, alleging fraud by the company in securing control of the lands.

Asphyxiation, chloroform and drowning were the methods used by Claude Unger, a wealthy business man of St. Louis, to commit suicide. His dead body was found in a sealed bathroom lying in a tubful of water.

Mrs. David E. Sharretts, wife of a cashier in the war department at Washington, committed suicide by shooting in a Boston hospital over the body of her husband, who had died only five minutes before.

Captain William Matteray, a Chicago aeronaut, who drifted away from Oconto, Wis., in a helpless airship, landed in a swamp near Wolverine, Mich., after a flight of nearly 200 miles.

Manager Roche of the National Athletic club of San Diego, Cal., has offered a purse of $25,000 for a fight between Joe Gans and Jimmy Britt.

An increase of $23,000,000 in real estate values is shown by the returns of the county boards to the Minnesota state board of equalization.

Dan Patch broke his own world's record of 1:55¼ by pacing a mile in 1:55 flat at the Minnesota state fair.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Dr. Francis R. Beattie, one of the widely known ministers in the Presbyterian church and president of the Presbyterian Theological seminary, died suddenly at Louisville, Ky., of heart failure.

Clarence K. Wooster, vice president of the People's Gaslight and Coke company of Chicago and prominent in club and social circles, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

Harry Jacobs, twenty-three years old, known in prize fighting circles as "Kid Murphy," was struck by an automobile at Chicago and suffered injuries which caused his death later.

Edward H. Dunn, president of the corporation of Boston university, is dead. Mr. Dunn had held many offices of trust in business, educational, religious and political life in Boston.

Harry B. Pyne, head of the firm of Harry B. Pyne & Co., machine manufacturers, committed suicide at Louisville, Ky. Ill health is believed to have caused the deed.

Miss Rose Porter, widely known as an author, is dead at New Haven, Conn., aged sixty-six years.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Secretary Shaw has made public a circular letter to all national bank depositories in which he says in effect that he expects public moneys in depository banks to be used in the communities where it is deposited and not loaned through brokers and other agents in New York for speculative purposes.

"Suffering is very great," says Mr. Hicks, American minister to Chile, in a dispatch received by the state department urging the people of the United States to lend a helping hand for the relief of distress caused by the recent earthquake.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 10.—Wheat—Sept., 68⅝c; Dec., 69¾@69⅞c; May, 74@74¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 72⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 70⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 67½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 10.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.70@6.30. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 10.—Wheat—To arrive—No. 1 Northern, 70⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 69⅛c. On track—No. 1 Northern, 71⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 69⅝c; Sept., 70⅛c; Oct., 70⅛c; Dec., 70⅛c; May, 74⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.09¼; Oct., $1.07¼; Nov., $1.07½; Dec., $1.06¼; May, $1.10¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Wheat—Sept., 69c; Dec., 71⅛@71¼c. Corn—Sept., 46⅛c; Dec., 41⅛c. Oats—Sept., 30½@30⅝c; Dec., [illegible]¼c. Pork—Sept., $16.70; Jan., $12.92½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@23½c; dairies, 17@20½c. Eggs—13@16½c. Poultry — Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 11½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@6.80; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.15; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.35; Texans, $3.50@4.40; Westerns, $3.50@5.30; calves, $5.50@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.62½; good heavy, $6.15@6.50; rough heavy, $5.55@5.85; light, $6.20@6.67½; pigs, $5.50@6.35. Sheep, $3.65@5.60; lambs, $4.90@8.50.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—Since my last letter the Democratic convention has passed into history. The page it fills is not a specially illuminating one. It owes its greatest value to the fact that it affords another illustration of how little the Democratic party, even when circumscribed by no responsibility, can invent or is willing to promise. The Democrats appreciate as well as the rest of us that their candidates can never be in a position to fulfill their pledges and that for their non-performance they can always blame their political opponents. Under such circumstances the only wonder is that they did not point the way to an altogether beatific political and social millenium. The failure to do so betrays both lack of imagination and the Democratic constitutional incapacity for taking the initiative.

* * * * *

It is, therefore, scarcely surprising that with all the will in the world the platform makers were unable to think of anything really new with which votes could be caught. Possibly they imagined that the declaration demanding of the legislature that such laws be passed at the next session of the legislature as will facilitate municipal ownership of public service utilities was of that nature. Such ownership is one of the Hearst hobbies, which is really the only thing I know of in its disfavor, but although Republican legislators did not give it so sonorous a name they provided for such ownership so far back that the memory of man runneth not to the contrary. Most municipalities in Minnesota own their waterworks and have for years operated them successfully and profitably without having to appeal to the legislature for more laws. Some have their *electric plants and if other cities want to* put their money into the business there is no reason in the world why they shouldn't do so with perfect ease. Nor is there any but a financial difficulty to prevent the ownership of telephone lines or anything else a municipality may think it advisable to have. The only thing I can think of the state could do to advance this reform, which many no doubt think desirable, would be to furnish the money to build the plants and I am only surprised that some progressive Democrat was not on hand to suggest such action to the legislature. I doubt if there is a city in the state which under such circumstances would not ardently desire the boon of "municipal ownership of public utilities."

* * * * *

Possibly the Democratic platform makers did not know what everyone else does, that to make an economic change like the adoption of an eight-hour day is not under our system a political function and that the power of the state in such matters is quite limited. While personally I believe eight hours is long enough for any man to work, especially at any mechanical occupation which confines him within doors, that is a matter which must be threshed out between employers and employed. So that the demanding it in a political platform is claptrap, pure and simple, designed to catch the labor vote. Of a like character is the screed against government by injunction. Whatever may have been done elsewhere our courts have wisely refrained so far as possible from interfering in labor troubles and quite recently have denied injunctions asked for against striking printers. Possibly it might be desirable to limit the discretion of judges in such matters, but we are not quite ready to give to Mr. Dick O'Connor, whose intimate relations with the Great Northern road are well known, and who is understood to have supervised the making of the platform, credit for any very extraordinary sympathy with wage workers. Another device to catch the same class was the declaration for the initiative and referendum. I have, however, seen no sign that either mechanics or farmers are wildly excited in their demand for this reform. When they really show that they want it the Republican party will doubtless be ready to give it to them.

* * * * *

As other planks in the platform are either devoted to the praise of Governor Johnson and his employees or are plagiarized from the Republican declaration of principles it will not be necessary to refer to them. All at least except one, which endorses Mr. Bryan, whose ten years' presidential candidacy is approved with all that it implies, as a "contest for the common rights of all the people against the vested wrongs and special interests of a few," whatever that may mean. But I am not sorry for the linking together of the names of Bryan and Johnson, which is more suggestive than might at first appear, for I have excellent authority for saying that Governor Johnson's ambition lies in the direction of a more protracted union, and that while he might have been a candidate for governor if he had no such bee buzzing in his bonnet, he would certainly not have betrayed so keen a desire for renomination and re-election. In the event of Governor Johnson's election and the success of the movement for his further advancement it is confidently anticipated that he can land the state's electoral vote for the pestiferous perambulating projector of prolific pernicious political policies.

* * * * *

Two things made the convention noteworthy; one occurred early in its proceedings; the other was at its close. The first was the speech delivered by the chairman, Mr. Winston, who those who know things down deep say has never forgiven either Governor Johnson for the way he treated him after his election or the Republicans who, voting for Johnson, voted against him. And the circumstances were such at the convention that he could take his revenge on both at the same time. And he did it with the timely utterance of a single phrase which bids fair to be as long remembered in this state as the utterance of "Rum, Romanism and rebellion," was on another memorable occasion. To a joyous chorus of Democratic approval Mr. Winston characterized the independent Republicans who voted for Johnson, "the very uncertain and fickle body of our citizens generally known as mugwumps or conservatives."

* * * * *

That the governor agrees with Mr. Winston in regarding as "fickle and uncertain" the Republicans who supported him there can be little doubt, though he is altogether too polite and considerate to call them "mugwumps." At least "to their faces." Rather he pats them on the back and tells them how independent and virtuous they are, and how little of a partisan, and how much of a patriot he is. That will be the burden of his speeches during this campaign. But the cakes and cheese and pie are mostly distributed among the faithful, and you can always judge the man better by what he does than by what he says.

* * * * *

The other incident to which I refer was the blanket instruction given the committee on resolutions to add additional planks to the platform. As submitted the platform had no drainage plank in it; it had no tax amendment plank in it, and, more curious still, it had no 2-cent passenger fare plank in it. What do you think of that for blatant railroad reform? Dick's hand there again, you say? Like enough. What he says goes.

* * * * *

The issue of state development is ridiculed by the Democratic managers, but they had warning from one delegate, who declared that it was an unfair handicap to the governor to leave out mention of state development and drainage, questions of such vital importance to the people and so much emphasized by the Republican candidate. The governor and his advisers evidently do not share this opinion.

Expensive Burial Ground.

Burial in Westminster Abbey is an expensive honor, although the sums exacted are considerably less than they were fifty years ago. The fees for interment are arranged on the following scale: To the fabric fund, £26, £36 or £46, according to the degree of the person to be buried. Other fees to dean, canons, choir, officers, verger, etc., £34 2s. 2d. In lieu of scarves, etc., for the choir, etc., £31 2s. 6d. Making altogether £91 4s. 8d., £101 4s. 8d., or £111 4s. 8d., according to degree. Formerly the fees amounted to £150 or £160, besides the scarves, hat-bands and gloves charged in the undertaker's bill.—London Tit-Bits.

Was Too Honest.

Honesty is one of the leading principles taught in the public schools, and the teachers begin early to impress the value of this trait in character on the minds of the youngest pupils. A South Chicago teacher had a pupil who gave her much sorrow by his unfortunate habit of fibbing on every possible occasion. One day she kept him after school and gave him a serious "talking to." "Just look at the life of George Washington," she said; "he couldn't tell a lie." "Huh," remarked the unregenerate youth, "what was the matter with him?"

Novel Desert Bath.

One of the wonders of the California desert is the hot sand bath, famous from the times of the first Spanish pioneers. The surface water is only a few inches deep; beneath is black sand, constantly in gentle motion. The bather does not touch bottom—his body sinks to the shoulders, and with the aid of a crossbar of timber is then sustained in a position of perpendicular flotation. The temperature is just as warm as can be comfortably borne, and the sensation, like that of soft massaging, is delightful.

Obliged to Smoke.

Every morning, as soon as the trains are relieved of their burden at the New York end of the Brooklyn bridge, every smoker has his cigarette or cigar in one hand and the ever-ready match in the other. It seems as if a minute cannot be lost for this most solacing habit of smoking. The boxes and half-burnt matches which lie like dead soldiers on the pavement are silent vouchers for the importance of the weed in our commercial life.—New York Press.

Ambulance Trains.

In America and in Germany railway ambulance trains are now in use, which are kept ready to be sent out for the purpose of affording speedy relief to the maimed. The train, so far as its narrow limits permit, is as admirably equipped as any modern hospital; its operating-room is fitted up with an operating table, with all the necessary appliances of antiseptic surgery.

Bell-Ringing Record.

A party of bell-ringers, making a holiday tour in Manchester and district, have recently rung at Ashton parish church a peal of Stedman Cinques, consisting of 5,007 changes, in three hours and forty-one minutes, says an English exchange. This is a record, and is the only true peal ever rung in Lancashire, though an attempt was made in Liverpool in 1863.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office Crookston, Minnesota, October 20th, 1906, viz: Anton Kozojed H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Lands, Act Feb. 20, 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 31 Tp 154 N. Rg. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Staska, " " " " "
Andrew Brezena, " " " " "
Frank Cernoocheck, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906 viz: Thom [illegible] H. E. 944 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 8, Twp 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph Ducharme, of Germantown, Minn.
Andrew [illegible], " " "
John Ristau, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

DEFECT[illegible] PAGE

HINT TO THRASHERS

REASONS THAT THEY SHOULD BE HIGHWAY BUILDERS.

None More Eligible to Become Good Roadmakers, as They Are Generally Hustlers—How Their Traction Engines Can Be Used In the Work.

The following paragraphs are from a paper prepared for the southwestern Thrashermen's convention by State Highway Commissioner Horatio S. Earle of Michigan. Limits of space forbid the publication of the entire paper, but the suggestion to thrashermen to go into the road building business is an interesting proposition, says the Good Roads Magazine.

Why good roads are wanted and why they are needed by the owners of farms, of factories, of mines and by producers of any other material requiring transportation can be given in one word—elimination.

The reason thrashing machines are employed to separate the grain from the straw is for the purpose of elimination—that is, it is cheaper to thrash this way than by the use of the flail or beast stamping process, and so a portion of the cost of thrashing is done away with and the money remains in the hands of the grain producer.

There is no sentimental reason for wishing to cut out a portion of the cost of thrashing or of transportation. It is simply avariciousness, a very commendable quality in a man if only coupled in right proportions with the Golden Rule doctrine.

If it costs $2 to draw one ton to market over a bad road and only $2 to draw two tons over that same road when the road has been made good, then the good road is the machine with which to do the thrashing—that is, with which to eliminate a portion of the cost of transportation, provided it doesn't cost more for the machine and its repairs than is saved by its use.

Every bad road is a toll road. Although you may not be compelled to drive under a shed and hand to an old cripple your cash before going through the gate, yet the toll is collected just the same by Cripple Mud or Cripple Sand, who are found along the way. They collect the difference between the cost of transportation over a bad road and over a good one, and this difference is never less than one-half the cost of hauling over a bad road. So a farmer who hauls his produce to market over a bad road if it cost him $100 a year to haul has paid $50 of this amount as toll to Cripples Mud and Sand.

No one is more eligible to become a good roadmaker than the thrasherman. In the first place he is generally a hustler. He has to be in order to be successful in his business, for thrashing doesn't last the year round, and he has to be up and doing while it does last. If anybody obeys the old maxim, "Make hay while the sun shines," it is the thrasherman. Next he has a traction engine, whose power can be used to pull the plow or grader, to haul the stone and gravel and to crush the stone and roll the road. He has the time, too, in spring and early summer as well as in the fall to attend to this work.

"Every dog has his day," and the good roads day is here. The thrasherman who gets a sample permanent road to build and does it well with the advice and help of a technical practical road builder will not only learn how to make good roads, but will create a sentiment for them which will furnish him employment just as long as he continues to do well what he undertakes. He can work out the statute labor for the taxpayer by hauling gravel with his traction engine, and as soon as the taxpayer sees how much more good the gravel does than the worn out earth that he has been scraping out of the ditches year after year and piling up in the center of the road he will not fail to get "Mr. Thrasherman Good Roadmaker" to do his road work for him every season.

Good Roads For Autos.

Robert P. Hooper, the new chairman of the good roads committee of the American Automobile association, recently went to Chicago from New York for the purpose of conferring with President John Farson and several other western advocates of the good roads movement, says the New York Times. Secretary Gorham said that Mr. Hooper's committee intended to pursue a more vigorous policy toward exerting the automobile influence for better highways than had been the case in the past. Mr. Hooper is a member of the Germantown Automobile club, near Philadelphia, and his pet project now is the furtherance of the plan to build a macadamized state highway from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, a distance of 248 miles. All of the automobile clubs of the state are working toward that end. Not content with this Pennsylvania road, Mr. Hooper has also prepared a rough plan for a continuance of the highway from Pittsburg to Chicago. New York and New Jersey automobilists are still discussing plans to improve the roads between New York and Philadelphia.

Value of Cement Gravel.

Many of the roads in the neighborhood of Savannah, Ga., have been improved with a cement gravel, which is said to resemble asphalt in its finished condition. The cost has averaged about [illegible] per mile, and sections that have been in use for eight or ten years are reported to be in good condition at present. Gravel, marl and clay are the constituents of these roads, as they are of good concrete. There are about thirty miles of this kind of roadway already constructed, and as a result there has been added to the ratable property of the city about $500,000 for automobiles alone.

LUSITANIAN HERB.

Spain's Sundew and the African Plant Livingstone Found.

On the dry heaths of Spain and Portugal the eye is surprised to see an undoubted specimen of the marsh plant called sundew. It has long linear red leaves, covered with hairs and dewdrops. Entrapped insects abound. But the heath is dry. The plants around have hard leaves like heather or cranberries. They are, in botanists' slang, xerophiles, and no marsh plants are visible. Has a drosera, or drosophyllum, for so the Lusitanian herb is named, forgotten its nature? If so, whence the supply of water for the glands? It is not so. Drosophyllum has not forgotten the family traditions, but has a long taproot, which extends six, eight or ten feet through the surface soil, usually dry ground, to the stream of water which trickles underneath. Like all its congeners, it is living in contact with water, though its associates on the surface have their roots in arid grounds.

In Britain there are two, perhaps three, species of the sundew (drosera), distinguished by the leaves, which in the one are round, on a hairy stalk, and in the other long and narrow, on a smooth peduncle. Both are common in the marshy lands of Scotland, and the round leaved variety is common in England where the ground is favorable.

As a worldwide plant the sundew is one of those plants which at times are met suddenly by wanderers in the wilderness and recall to their minds the distant and sweet scenes of home. A species of the drosera—and, if we do not err, the very species may be seen in the botanic gardens of Edinburgh—gave a similar delight to David Livingstone in one of his first great journeys. In June, 1855, he was making his way from the west to the east coast of Africa and had reached the marshy plateau of the central watershed, near Lake Dilolo. "While passing across these interminable looking plains another beautiful plant attracted my attention so strongly that I dismounted to examine it. To my great delight I found it to be an old home acquaintance, a species of drosera closely resembling our own sundew (Drosera anglica). The flower stalk never attains a height of more than two or three inches, and the leaves are covered with reddish hairs, each of which has a drop of clammy fluid at its tip, making the whole appear as if spangled over with small diamonds. I noticed it first in the morning and imagined the appearance was caused by the sun shining on drops of dew, but as it continued to maintain its brilliancy during the heat of the day I proceeded to investigate the cause of its beauty and found that the points of the hairs exuded pure liquid in apparently capsules of clear glutinous matter. They were thus like dewdrops preserved from evaporation. The clammy fluid is intended to entrap insects, which, dying on the leaf, probably afford nutriment to the plant."

Livingstone, with the intuition of a powerful mind, strikes on the peculiar habit of the drosera which explains its color, its glandular excrescences, its worldwide extension and the special interest which it has excited among students such as Mr. Darwin. It feeds on insects. It lives not, as other plants, on the pure minerals latent in earth, air and water, but on the same diluted through a body which once had life. It is a plant with something of the habit of an animal. The conspicuous ruddy color attracts the insect, which is caught in the sticky liquor and impaled on the sharp hairs. The peculiar nutriment gives the plant an easy sustenance. It has no rivals; it has not the same fierce struggle to maintain its ground that the tough rooted plants of the hillside endure, before which the tender succumb. Perched on the moss, it draws in by its roots a ceaseless supply of water and is sought by a food which is useless to other plants; hence it has little need for variation, and, granting marshy land, there it finds a home.—Scotsman.

Eating Slowly.

The opinion that hurry in eating is a prolific cause of dyspepsia is founded on common observation. The ill results of bolting food have been attributed to the lack of thorough mastication and to the incomplete action of the saliva upon the food. Two-thirds of the food which we eat is starch, and starch cannot be utilized in the system as food until it has been converted into sugar, and this change is principally effected by the saliva. But there is a third reason why rapidity of eating interferes with digestion. The presence of the salivary secretion in the stomach acts as a stimulus to the secretion of the gastric juice. Irrespective of the mechanical function of the teeth, food which goes into the stomach incompletely mingled with saliva passes slowly and imperfectly through the process of stomach digestion. Therefore, as a sanitary maxim of no mean value, teach the children to eat slowly, and in giving this instruction by example the teacher as well as the pupil may benefit.

Discrimination In Banks.

The fact appears not to be generally known that financial institutions extend courtesy toward each other by according messengers bearing notes, drafts or checks precedence in line at paying tellers' windows regardless of the time of day or the rush of business. An unusually long waiting list was in evidence at the withdrawal window of a bank near Union square the other afternoon, when, a few minutes before closing hour, 3 o'clock, a dapper youth elbowed right of way for himself, at the same moment taking from his coat pocket the conventional foot long document receptacle chained to his belt. A couple of impatient men on the line registered vigorous protests, but that was all the good it did them.—New York Press.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

GEORGIA'S ROAD SYSTEM.

How Her Neglected Highways Are Being Improved.

Throughout the state of Georgia special efforts are being made in the furtherance of good roads in each county, and within a reasonable time it is believed every county seat in the state will be in direct connection with every other county seat and with the state capital by a system of good roads that will deserve to be denominated as public highways, says the Auto Advocate and Country Roads.

Under an act passed by the general assembly of the state in 1903 each county is given the option of working on the public roads or public works all convicts of a term of five years or less except women and others not able to do hard work.

The net proceeds of the hire of convicts go to swell the school fund of the state, so the counties which elect to work their five year convicts on the public roads or on the public works of such counties cannot share in that part of the school fund that comes from the hire of convicts. A county having chosen to accept its share of the school fund rather than attempt to build up public roads by convict labor, or vice versa, must adhere to that policy for a term of two years.

A large number of counties determined upon the "new departure" offered them and since January, 1904, have been energetically addressing themselves to the work of transforming long neglected public roads into beautiful highways. So great a transformation is being wrought in the class of counties alluded to it is confidently believed that their number will soon be largely increased.

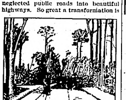

CONVICTS WORKING ON ROADS.

The nonacting have been quick to see and to acknowledge the superior wisdom of those that determined to give extra and systematic attention to their roads. They have begun to realize that first class roads, good in winter as in summer, are in many respects as necessary almost as public schools; that good roads contribute to a larger and more uniform attendance at the schools and enhance the value of property month by month and year by year.

Very naturally, persons who are looking out for a more hospitable climate than rules in the section of which they are now citizens feel a deep interest in this question of good roads. It follows, therefore, that the county and the state which are expending intelligently and effectually extra effort in working out a system of good roads will attract quickest the largest number of home seekers.

The Reason For Bad Roads.

A large number of farmers living in one road district of Jackson county, in Missouri, appeared recently before the county court at Independence to complain of the bad roads and of the work of the overseers, says the Kansas City Star. There were any number of grievances exploited—"The road district is too big;" "The roads are getting worse instead of better;" "It takes four horses to get anywhere with a load;" "The neighbors dodge their poll taxes." The trouble with that road district, as with all others in Missouri where "it takes four horses to get anywhere," is that the farmers want good roads without paying for them. They will pay the cost of that extra pair of horses, wear out their wagons and keep their produce from a ready market as a payment for bad roads and yet not pay a small tax for good roads. Under a new law of Missouri farmers in a district of their own creation can build any kind of a road or roads they desire, from the well packed "dirt" variety to macadam highways, by issuing bonds and assessing the property a small percentage each year to pay them off. But neither that law nor any other can provide good roads unless they are paid for.

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Insurance written in the best companies—Home of N. Y., Largest company in the U. S.; [illegible] of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company. Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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Office first door north of News building.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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Oculist and Aurist.
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The Pioneer Press
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"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.
Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular your money will be refunded at the end of your subscription period.
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THE PIONEER PRESS, St. Paul, Minn.
Find enclosed $____ for which you will send me The Pioneer Press for ____ months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.
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State ____
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1906 NUMBER 38

LIGHT, FUEL AND WOOD

A New Potato That Would Prove a Big Boon to Farmers.

Enough Potatoes Can Be Raised on One Acre of Land.

The department of agriculture at Washington is seeking a plan by which the farmer may cheaply make his own denaturized alcohol for light and fuel. Dr. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry, under direction of Secretary Wilson, has sent agents to study the big potato that has grown in many sections of the continent and arrange for securing seed and transplanting it in this country.

This potato has small value for edible purposes, but is several times as large as the one commonly seen in this country. From an acre of ground it is claimed that enough of them can be produced to make 600 gallons of alcohol, which means light, heat and power for a farm household for a year.

This potato is to be developed and acclimated for the different sections of the United States as soon as possible. After the alcohol is taken from it, the residue is still useful for feeding livestock. Secretary Wilson and Dr. Galloway anticipate that in a few years it will constitute one of the most useful and valuable crops.

The department has completed arrangements with a big establishment in the west for the use of 10,000 tons of its refuse—cornstalks, husks, tops and ends of beets, cobs, etc.—to be devoted to systematic experiments in the reduction of alcohol. It is well known that there is plenty of alcohol in all these things. The proposition is to find whether it can be taken out at a reasonable cost.

Roseau Man Killed.

A long distance message from Grand Forks last Friday afternoon stated that Jose Treske, of Roseau, a member of a threshing crew was instantly killed by lightning at Minnesota Point that morning. Tresko was driving and seeing a storm coming took refuge under a separator. A wheel on the separator was struck by lightning and the bolt entered Treske's back, coming out at his feet and killing him instantly.

Subscribe for the News.

Maybe You Don't Object to Having

Your clothes made of cotton mixed fabrics; possibly you think "a little cotton wont do any harm." All right; but you do object to paying a price based on "a little cotton" for clothes that are more than half cotton.

That's the trouble with all adulteration in Clothes, or anything, you have opened the gate wide. We've seen suits being sold at $20.00 and $25.00 that looked like the price, but when tested showed nearly 50 per cent cotton; worth about $5.00 if you prize by the way they look in a month's wear.

That's why we sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes. They are all wool, and there's no fraud or deception about that. You know exactly what you're getting for your money when you spend it for these clothes: And you get it at

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

A DRAINAGE EXAMPLE.

Warroad Paper Tells of a Ditch Dug By The Great Northern.

An Illustration of How Easily This Section Can Be Drained.

The Warroad Plaindealer supplies from the field of its own observation an illuminating example of the possibilities of drainage of swamp lands in Northern Minnesota.

Five miles west of Warroad the Great Northern has cut a ditch in a large muskeg swamp, in order to carry off the water that interfered with the performance of its grading work. For years that swamp had been a typical muskeg, full of water, with the turf literally floating. To facilitate its grade-building, the Great Northern this summer cut the off-take ditch referred to from the grade toward the Lake of the Woods. The ditch is nine feet wide three feet deep, and a little over a mile long.

Recently, when the ditch was observed by the Plaindealer man, its bottom was absolutely dry. He was able to walk upon the turf itself, where formerly he would have sunk to his ankles or deeper in soft, springy bog, and he found it dry and solid. Even the ditches along the grade had been drained dry.

The turf on the muskeg is about a foot deep, and just under it is a stratum of light-colored, loamy material nearly a foot thick, and below that lies the blue clay that holds the water and causes the swamp.

In two months this ditch, dug merely to help the railroad construction and with no view to drainage for the improvement of the land, has demonstrated, if demonstration is needed, the feasibility of draining the millions of acres of similar swamp lands throughout Northern Minnesota.

What has been done here can be done better, under a system of drainage designed purely for the reclamation of farm lands, all over the northern part of the state wherever there is muskeg swamp. The state owns most of these swamps, because under the swamp land grant act all swamp lands upon the public domain were patented to the state by the federal government.

Advocates to drainage want the state to appropriate money enough to drain these swamps. Not in one year, or two, but in as many years as it has to take, and in as few as it can possibly arrange. If in any cases private parties or corporations own these lands, they must pay their share of the cost.

When drained, these lands will be available for farming purposes, and the state will have no difficulty in selling them for $10 an acre where now they are unsalable at any price, because they will be peculiarly fertile, being composed of vegetable loam that will grow large crops as soon as it is dry.

An Old Swindle Revived.

There are a couple of sharpers doing a big business through certain rural districts of northern Wisconsin on a rejuvenated confidence game. The scheme which has the farmers biting right and left is as follows: A well dressed man in a greatly agitated state of mind is seen searching a road near a farm house, and if the occupants do not come to him and ask what he is searching for he goes to them and tells them that he has lost a very valuable scarf pin. Generally he says that the pin is dear to him for association's sake as well as for its value. No pin is found, but before taking his departure the stranger leaves his address and says he will pay $150 reward if the pin should be recovered. This sets the farmer to thinking and he keeps up the search. Probably two or three days later a shabby looking tramp will knock at the door of the farm house and, after asking for a drink of water, will display a pin that he has found "down the road."

The farmer jumps at the conclusion that he has found the pin that was lost by the rich appearing stranger and, with visions of $150 coming, he buys the pin from the tramp. The latter says he knows it's a good pin and he won't take less than $25 for it. The farmer hesitates, but generally the thought of $125 profit overcomes him and he gives up $25 to the tramp, who often is none other than the well dressed stranger with a make up, or else is a confederate. Needless to say, the pin is worthless and the address given by the loser fictitious.

—We are now selling clean sixteen inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get your orders in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

WANTED THE MONEY QUICK

Big Railroad Company Wanted Money Before Work Was Completed.

Had Quite a Tilt With Auditor Of Marshall County

Warren Sheaf: Those who have had experience in collecting claims for damages, or money of any kind, from a railroad company will appreciate the history of a little tiff that occurred between County Auditor Malberg and one of those soulless individuals a short time ago.

The county commissioners had received one of the many viewers reports that have been made this summer, this one on a ditch which was to cross a railroad right of way in the north part of the county. The ditch made it necessary that the railroad company put in a bridge, but not until the ditch was dug. For this bridge the viewers allowed the company damages in the amount of $640.

As soon as the railroad company found that the viewers report had been accepted by the board they wrote Auditor Malberg to please remit. The suddenness of the request for money made the auditor catch his breath, but he got his wind in a minute and replied that he could not remit except upon bills properly audited and allowed by the county board.

It seems that the railroad company wanted the money pretty badly for they came right back with the information that they were used to geting the money for these things as soon as the viewers' report was accepted. Auditor Malberg replied that he was not disputing their word, but anyhow his county wasn't doing business that way. When the county board had allowed their bill, he would be pleased to remit, until then, they must contain themselves in patience.

By return mail came the request that the auditor call the board in extra session and have the 640 plunks o. k.'d and forwarded to head-quarters. Then Malberg got mad and lost all respect for the mighty corporation and wrote them a real sassy letter. He just told them that this county would not send them that money till the ditch was dug, the bridge built, and surveyor's report accepted. That any other method was contrary to law, and that what other counties did in like instances was immaterial to him. Since then there has been no request for that money.

That a corporation has no conscience and no sense of justice can be known from the fact that they wanted this little $640 from the county before entitled to it; and in many cases they got it too; while if an ordinary individual sustains damages to his person or his property by or through a corporation he has to fight for his rights every inch of the way and wait for his money till his hair grows gray. The man who can find a way to make the railroad companies as prompt in matters of payment as they are in collections is entitled to the gratitude of the law-abiding populace.

IMPORTANT MEETING.

Gathering at Crookston on the 24th Inst. For Valley's Good.

A Red River Development convention will be held at Crookston on the 24th of this month and arrangements are being made to have representatives from every town in the Valley present.

Governor Johnson has been invited to address the convention on the subject of "The Red River Valley From the Minnesota Side" and will probably accept, while Governor Sarles has been asked to tell about "The Red River Valley From the North Dakota Side." Prof. Wm. Robertson of the state experimental farm will speak on "Scientific Farming as a Factor of Development" and W. S. Williams of the St. Paul Trade Journal will have as a topic the "Spirit of Co-operation." Many other prominent speakers have been asked and the program will be replete with good things.

The arrangements for the convention have been attended to, and a great many of the cities and towns in the Valley have already expressed their intention of sending delegations.

Canvassing Board.

Judge Watts last week named the following gentlemen as members of the canvassing board to canvass the vote cast at the primaries in this county Tuesday:

Daniel Shaw, of Thief River Falls, Arthur Daniels, of Red Lake Falls, S. O. Swanson, of Brooks, E. M. Hoff, of St. Hilaire and Lars Bakke, of Thief River Falls.

The Star
STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

MARRIED LAST WEEK.

Former Resident of Thief River Falls Married a Crookston Lady.

J. D. Ward, formerly one of the proprietors of the Central Mercantile company of this city, was married last week to Miss Eleanor Walsh, of Crookston. The Times of Sept. 13 gives the following account of the wedding:

The marriage of Miss Eleanor Walsh and Justin D. Ward was celebrated yesterday afternoon at five o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Walsh in Highland Park Rev. Green read the beautiful Episcopal service and bride and groom stood beneath a bell of white roses at the farther end of the parlor, which was banked with roses and ferns. The house was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and ferns in great profusion. Miss Walsh wore a white gown of crepe de chine and carried a shower boquet of white roses. Her only ornaments were pearls. Her attendant Miss Olvie Fortier, wore a lingerie gown of white and carried pink roses. Mr. Ward was attended by John Pariseau of Minneapolis, Miss Gladys Bucklen played the wedding march. The guests included about fifty friends and relatives of the family and were nearly all old residents of Crookston. Among the guests from out of the city were Mrs. J. B. Wineman Thos. Walsh and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Walsh, of Grand Forks. After the ceremony an elaborate wedding dinner was served and the young couple left on the Great Northern for an extended Eastern trip and will be at home at Granville N. D., after October 1.

The many friends of Miss Walsh will regret to lose her from the city where she is one of the best known and most popular young ladies, having lived here all her life and being a graduate of the Crookston high school. Her parents are among the most prominent people in Crookston and she will be greatly missed among social circles in the city. Mr. Ward is a young business man of Granville and they will make their future home in that city.

Poor Crop in Norman County.

The yield in the western part of Norman county is very poor on account of excessive rainfall, six or seven bushels of flax and wheat and little more of oats and barley being the average. Less than half of the cultivated acreage in the western part of Norman county is in crop, so that the county is by no means prosperous this year. The weather is now fine and warm for fall but during the summer it rained every day.

Subscribe for the News.

CHRIS LOKEN DEAD.

Well Known Business Man Died Last Friday of Typhoid Fever.

Chris Loken, one of the substantial and highly respected business men of Thief Rives Falls, died at the hospital last Friday after an illness of about two weeks. The deceased had been engaged in the harness business here for the past several years and was a man greatly esteemed by all who knew him. He was thoroughly honest in his business dealings and a man that will be greatly missed by the residents of this city. He was unmarried and the only relative that he had in this city was a brother, Halvor Loken.

The funeral services were held Monday.

The Bells of Japan.

At the Opera House Friday Sept. 28th will appear one of the very best performances of the season, namely "The Belle of Japan" written by H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia," "Woman in Black," "Ship Ahoy" and others. The production which is under the management of G. Harris Eldon, is of the highest order of merit, the entire stage settings and scenery which are carried are remarkably realistic and handsome and were made from sketches drawn by the famous Japanese artist K. Tagamo. The play is not of a farcial order, but has a well defined plot that holds the interest of the audience from the rise of the curtain to the very climax of the last act. It is the real theatrical novelty of the season, combining comedy pathos, sentiment and a strong heart story, intermingled with songs and dances, which are the necessary elements of a successful comedy drama. "The Belle of Japan" has met with most flattering success everywhere and will no doubt be greeted by a packed house here. Tickets will be on sale at Stebbins.

And Red Lake, Too.

There were but seven counties participating in the county competition at the state fair and the advertising each received paid well for the trouble and expense incurred. It is remarkable that in each instance these exhibits were made by individuals and paid for out of their own pocket. What is a paying investment for the individual should prove one for the county association which might take the matter in charge. The counties of Minnesota are backward in taking advantage of this rare opportunity of securing valuable advertising. We would like to see Douglas county next year join this small but select class.—Alexandria Post News.

A Dying and Cleaning Establishment

Will be opened on Sept. 20th, 1906 on the corner of Main and 1st streets. The French dry cleaning which especially is to be recommended is done with exclusively "dry liquids" wherefore garments like silks, fine woolens, mercerized goods and gloves cannot spoil but appear like new as unwashed garments always do. With many years experience in Europe as well as different places in the United States, I can guarantee the public the best of work.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

RESULT OF ELECTION

List of Those Nominated at the Primaries on Tuesday.

Vote Was Very Light All Through the County.

While the election returns are not as yet all in, enough is known so that the winners are not in doubt. The following who had opposition on the Republican ticket were nominated:

Auditor—John B. O'Brien.
Treasurer—O. T. Tanberg.
Sheriff—L. A. Nelson.
Register of Deeds—E. L. Quist.
Clerk of Court—C. W. Johnson.

Only three Democrats had opposition and the winners are K. M. Hanson for county treasurer, N. W. Tarrant for judge of probate and S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

The vote in Thief River Falls was as follows:

First Ward

Senator—A. L. Hanson 144; Lightbourn, 33; Simon, 13.
Representative—McCauig, 28; Opsahl, 171.
Auditor—O'Brien, 158; Holberg 35.
Treasurer—Johnson, 66; Tanberg, 120;
Register of Deeds—Green, 25 Quist, 160.
Sheriff—Lee, 74; Nelson, 127.
Clerk of Court—Johnson, 124; Ives, 58.

Second Ward.

Senator—Hanson, 22; Lightbourn, 8; Simons, 6.
Representative—McCauig, 8; Opsahl, 30.
Auditor—O'Brien, 32; Holberg, 7.
Treasurer—Johnson, 9; Tanberg, 25.
Register of Deeds—Quist, 30; Green, 6;
Sheriff—Lee, 21; Nelson, 11.
Clerk of Court—Ives, 11, Johnson, 20.

Third Ward

Senator—Hanson, 81; Lightbourn, 6; 15.
Representative—McCauig, 47; Opsahl, 53.
Auditor—O'Brien, 95; Holberg, 15;
Treasurer—Tanberg, 42; Johnson, 48.
Register of Deeds—Quist, 85; Green, 21
Sheriff—Lee, 47; Nelson, 41.
Clerk of Court—Ives, 36; Johnson, 67.

Town of Smiley.

Senator—Hanson, 11.
Representative—McCauig, 2; Opsahl, 8.
Auditor—O'Brien, 9; Holberg, 2.
Treasurer—Johnson, 1; Tanberg, 9.
Register of Deeds—Quist, 11.
Sheriff—Lee, 1; Nelson, 9.
Clerk of Court—Ives, 1; Johnson, 8.

Town of North.

Senator—Hanson, 26; Lightbourn, 4; Simons, 2.
Representative—McCuaig, 6; Opsahl, 25.
Auditor—O'Brien, 27; Holberg, 6.
Tresurer—Johnson, 13; Tanberg, 19.
Register of Deeds—Green, 8; Quist, 21.
Sheriff—Lee, 14; Nelson, 19.
Clerk of Court—Ives, 9; Johnson, 22.

Town of Clover Leaf.

Senator—Hanson, 9.
Representative—Opsahl, 5; McCuaig, 1.
Auditor—O'Brien, 5; Holberg, 2.
Treasurer—Tanberg, 6; Johnson, 1.
Register of Deeds—Quist, 9; Green, 1.
Sheriff—Nelson, 6; Lee, 2.
Clerk of Courts—Ives, 3; Johnson, 2.

There were only twelve votes cast and seventy-two registered.

The Commission Fight.

The commissioner fight resulted in a victory for Charles Lindquist over P. A. Eckstrom and Ed Auble won out in the St. Hilaire district over Nelson.

Will Be Here Saturday.

The Wanichek family of Bohemian artists will give a concert in the Evenson hall on Saturday evening, of this week. Concerning the company, the St. Ansgar, Iowa, Enterprise has the following to say:

The Wanichek Bohemian Concert Company gave a very fine entertainment at the City Opera House last Saturday evening. This is one of the most unique companies now traveling, being just one family, Mr. and Mrs. Wanichek and children, Karl age 15, Hilda age 14, and Claude age 12. Certainly it is a wonderful family, although the children are neither very old or very large they are experts and giants in handling musical instruments. While they have appeared before in larger companies, this is the beginning of their tour alone, yet their entertainment even now excelled those given by many of the larger companies and we predict that they will soon become one of the most popular troupes in the entertainment field.

Special Notice

Dr. R. A. Torrey's statements and charges made against Seventh Day Adventists in "[illegible]" will be answered in the Gospel Tent Sunday evening Sept. 23rd, at 7:45. Come and hear. Everybody welcome.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Ole J. Johnson was up from Plummer Monday.

—Driver, wanted at the Star Steam Laundry.

James Wilson came up from Crookston Tuesday.

Dr. Archibald left Tuesday for South Dakota points.

Halvor Loken was down to Red Lake Falls last night.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Subdahl Monday.

Hans Burgess left Tuesday evening for Ada on business.

For Sale—One barrel of softsoap. Inquire of S. T. Johnson.

J. J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city the first of the week.

C. M. Evenson was up to Greenbush on business the first of the week.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7:30.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending to business matters here.

Daniel Shaw and Lars Backe left last evening for Red Lake Falls to canvass the election returns.

Attorney P. W. Mabey was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal business.

The prizes in the county seed grain contest will be awarded at Red Lake Falls on the 1st of December.

Mrs. E. M. Stanton was called to Minneapolis last Monday evening by the serious illness of her mother.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church meets with Mrs. I. T. Aasted today at 3 o'clock. All invited.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet next Wednesday afternoon Sept. 25th with Mrs. C. A. Nason.

Charlie Kratka came over from Stephen the first of the week. He expects to leave in a couple of weeks for California.

For Sale—Two good lots on the East Side, also one on the West Side, cheap for cash. Chas A. Peterson at C. O. D. Clothing Store.

The new Bijou Theatre will open up its doors tomorrow afternoon. Attention is called to their advertisment in another column.

An answer to Dr. R. A. Torrey's charges against Seventh Day Adventists will be given in the Gospel Tent Sunday evening at 7:45.

George Jarman left Tuesday evening for Fairbault, taking with him Mose Paronto who will receive medical treatment there.

Mrs. H. Granum and son Harold arrived in the city Monday evening from Plummer and will remain for a few days visiting friends.

The next meeting of Red Lake County teachers association will meet at Red Lake Falls on the last day of November and the first day of December.

For Sale—A two year old colt big enough to break this fall. No scrub stock. Will make a fine driver. Chas A. Peterson at C. O. D. Clothing store.

M. V. Evenson has for sale one of the neatest and best located residence in the city of Thief River Falls. Do not fail to see him if you want to buy a nice home.

Mrs. Caldwell will have no formal opening at her Millinery store but extends a cordial invitation to the ladies to call at any time which suits their convenience.

E. W. Copp left last evening for the state of Washington to join his wife, who has been out there for the past two years. He may decide to sell his farm here and locate out there.

John Holzknecht and family left Tuesday evening for Kalispell, Mont., to make their future home. They are old residents of Thief River Falls and will be greatly missed.

W. E. Tyndall died at the hospital Monday of typhoid fever. The body was taken to Fosston for burial. The deceased was quite well known in Thief River Falls, and has a claim up near Brunkeberg.

The Norwegian Lutheran Congregation will hold its annual harvest and mission festival next Sunday at 10:30 and at 3 p. m. The Thanksgiving Sermon will be delivered in the morning by a visiting pastor and the Mission Sermon will be delivered by the local pastor.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening it was moved that the office of fire engineer now held by John Durbin be declared vacant after the 1st of October. The police officers of the city are instructed to look after the fire apparatus, and keep it in proper condition for use.

James A. Wilson who recently moved to this city from Thief River Falls and who will accept a position as instructor in the local agricultural school is spending a few weeks in the southern part of the state making an estimate for the government of the amount of land that has been submerged by the overflow of the Mississippi river this year. He will return to the city about the first of October.—Crookston Journal.

Ralph Green, of Equality, was in the city last Friday.

ABOUT THE NEW COURSE

Something Regarding the Normal School Course to Be Taught Here.

Will Be of Considerable Benefit to Teachers Living Near Here.

The normal training department of the Thief River Falls High School will open for work on Monday, Sept. 24th, with Miss Rosa Engbeetsen as instructor. For the present, it will occupy a room in the Knox building, this being the only vacant school room in the city. The addition of this department marks an epoch in the history of the local high and is a source of no little gratification to those interested in the growth and development of the city and its schools. There is no doubt but the rural schools of this and adjoining counties will be afforded the students who may take up the work of this department.

Those who are eligible to enroll are high school students and graduates of statutory teaching age, persons already engaged in teaching suitable persons in his judgment, to qualify for the teacher's profession. All books are free and no charges are made for tuition.

The course covers a period of one year and consists of a full year's stuty of those branches that the state requires for examinations for teachers certificates. A portion of each day is also devoted to a study of methods and of school government and organization and to regular practise work as teachers in the several grades of the city schools. The completion of the course entitles the graduate to a diploma carrying certain credits which may be offered in lieu of those earned at a teacher's examination. In fact, the work resembles and largely conforms to that of the elementary course of a state normal. Students who register must devote their time exclusively to the work of this department. No high school student can take advantage of this to make up conditions imposed by failures in school examinations. Not less than eight nor more than thirty can be enrolled in one term. More than the required eight have signified their intention of enrolling next Monday. The state requires a certain equipment of books, etc. which have been supplied.

The instructor who will have charge of this department was elected from a large field of applicants possessing superior qualifications. She is a specialist along normal lines and fully understands the organization and conduct of rural and city schools, so is particularly well qualified to present their needs.

The opportunities afforded by this department are open to all students of this and adjoining counties who possess the required qualifications. No charges are asked for anything connected with it. This northern portion of the state is the only very large section that is not granted state normal school privileges. Those in authority in educational affairs in Minnesota, considering the superior geographical location of this city, have, in their wisdom, established this normal department in Thief River Falls in order that the residents of this great territory might in small measure, through this school secure something of the advantages enjoyed by those residing in counties contiguous to state normals. This will at least, "fill a long felt want", and will continue to form a part of our local school system until something more extensive and more in keeping with the size, population and wealth of this section is secured.

Ant further information regarding the department will be cheerfully furnished by communicating with Supt. J. H. Hay.

If a Cow gave Butter

mankind would have to invent milk. Milk is Nature's emulsion—butter put in shape for digestion. Cod liver oil is extremely nourishing, but it has to be emulsified before we can digest it.

Scott's Emulsion

combines the best oil with the valuable hypophosphites so that it is easy to digest and does far more good than the oil alone could. That makes Scott's Emulsion the most strengthening, nourishing food-medicine in the world.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street New York
50c. and $1.00. All druggists

LAND WAS WHEAT SICK

Prof. Shaw Tells Why Fields Did Not Yield as Appearances Promised.

Time Is Fast Coming When Wheat Raising Will Have to Be Stopped.

In many parts of the northwest this year the yield from the wheat fields was much smaller than was expected just before harvest. That was true in some parts of the territory last year. Some authorities on grain growing believe that this was on account of the continuous seeding of wheat.

Professor Thomas Shaw writes the following about the territory tributary to Devils Lake, N. D:

"The grain is all cut here except flax. It has the appearance of an immense sea of shocks. Threshing has already begun in earnest and the somewhat pessimistic fears of recent weeks as to the outcome are more than justified.

In rare instances only have twenty bushels of wheat been reached per acre. Fields looked upon as really good give but fourteen to fifteen bushels per acre. Many fields give not more than ten bushels, and some do not yield more than six bushels. The average in the area referred to will not go much beyond twelve or thirteen bushels, although the amount of straw would justify looking for fully twenty bushels per acre. The crop, however, is harvested in good shape, and there is apparently the promise of fine weather for threshing. The grade of the wheat is also good.

"The hot season while the grain was maturing is said to be the cause of the relatively small yields. This may be and doubtless is the immediate cause, but, in my judgement, above and beyond this there is another cause, far more serious and certain in its action than the hot winds.

"The lands of North Dakota are getting wheat sick, and the farmers, many of them, are shutting their eyes to this fact. The balance in soil fertility is disturbed. The land will produce straw, but the appearance of the plants is elusive; that is, to the careless observer. They appear strong, but they cannot withstand vicissitude. An old farmer said to me today that in days when the land was new a hot spell in harvest time like that of the last season would not have seriously injured the wheat crop.

"A wise rotation must be practiced, and grass crops must form one feature of that rotation. Nature has her own mute way of avenging herself when her laws are broken."

Silo Filled.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Ye editor made a trip through Rocksbury the first of the week and that township undoubtedly shows greater improvement than any other in this part of the county. It could well be named "Clover township" as it has more of the big red kind than any other township in northern Minnesota.

We called on Peter Engelstad and were fortunate in finding him at work filling the second silo with fodder corn. Last year he erected the first silo in Red Lake county, and this year he has built a second one and he now has about three hundred tons of ensilage for winter feeding. The fodder corn is grown in rows and is very heavy, some of it being ten feet high. It is cut by a corn binder and chopped up and elevated by the aid of a threshing engine. There may be some farms in this vicinity where the soil is too heavy to grow corn successfully, but there are not many of them, and we are convinced that the road to prosperity and success for the Red Lake county farmer will have fodder corn and silos on one side and red clover on the other side.

Helmer E. Albue Dead.

Helmer E. Albue, one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Numedal, died Tuesday afternoon. Albue was taken sick with typhoid fever Sunday and a doctor was called to Numedal Tuesday to attend to his case. The doctor ordered the removal of Mr. Albue to Thief River Falls where he could be properly cared for, but the trip was too much for Mr. Albue and he died on the road to Thief River Falls.

Card of Thanks.

I wish wish to thank the order of modern Brotherhood of America and all its members for the promptness in paying me $[illegible] dollars on Saturday, last this sum being amt. of insurance held in this order by my husband, Henry Brautzau who was drowned in the Red Lake River July 12, 1906. May this order always grow and be prosperous is my wishes.
Mrs. Emma Brautzau.

The Eastern Star Lodge of this city will hold a school of instruction on Thursday, October 11th. Representatives from every chapter in the district, Crookston, Ada, Hallock, Argyle and Warren, will be here. About [illegible] visitor are expected.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The Seniors held a class meeting on Monday. After due consideration it was decided to retain the following officers, who served last year; Clara Blanchard president, William Prichard vice president, Roland Blanchard marshall. Nina Horton and Mary Caldwell were nominated for secretary and treasurer. Only one officer is required for the two offices. No decision could be reached as to who should fill the offices, so cuts were drawn. Nina Horton is as a result, the secretary and treasurer, and Mary Caldwell is Class reporter for the "News." Some other important business was transacted.

The members of the Chemistry class learned that 23 is the combining weight of Sodium, also that Na. is its symbol. Ergo, instead of saying, "Skidoo, 23 for you," which is slang, they remark "Na or Sodium for you."

The high school enrollment is nearing the 70 mark and it will likely pass 80 ere the snow flies. This actually means more work than the present faculty can properly care for, as its members now teach every minute from nine until the close of the afternoon session. Some of the classes number 35 and must necessarily be divided into two sections.

Last week the Juniors held a class-meeting and elected the following officers; *Myrtle Blanchard, president; Iona Higgins*, vice-president; Willis Aker, secretary and treasurer.

All the girls are getting badly used up playing football with the basket-ball.

The wearing of jewelry is prohibited among the basket-ball players, because such havoc has been wrought on that which has already been worn.

Seats are at a premium in the assembly-room. The High-school attendance is the largest in the history of the school. Between sixty and seventy pupils have been enrolled.

Wanted—A boy, by the Class of '07. Almost any boy who has the ability to complete the High School course this year will be acceptable.

Football has not yet gained its full share of popularity, although it is beginning to be discussed.

During the first week of school it seemed rather odd not to see Miss Phillips in the assemble-room. But now the pupils have become somewhat accustomed to her absence, although they still miss her.

Every school room, old as well as new, will be occupied next Monday morning. Most of these are already crowded to the limit where satisfactory work is assured.

If the present eight grade classes do not increase in number during the school year-which they surely shall do-their entrance next year high school will send its enrollment far beyond the 100 mark despite withdrawals, removals and graduation.

The enrollment at the present time is about 125 above that of one year ago at the same date.

The new teachers have all fitted nicely into their respective places and the work is moving along as smoothly as though it had been in operation two months instead of two weeks.

By reason of the great number of little ones recently enrolled in the Knox, Miss Swanson, of Warren, a graduate of the Duluth Normal, has been engaged to care for the overflow. She began work Monday of this week and has second primary.

86 bran new six year olds have enrolled for the first time during the last twelve days of school. Third ward has a large lead in these additions, while the second ward furnishes the fewest.

In spite of the fact that all the Knox rooms are occupied, some 17 students from the upper grades of that building were transferred to the High to relieve the overcrowded conditions of some grades.

The local high school now offers a literary course, a classical course and a normal course. Next year the addition of a complete commercial course with some manual training will place the high school as well as the grades on a par with the best schools of the state. A little planning, a little time, a little work and a long, strong pull together will secure to this city every educational advantage enjoyed by the best schools of the boasted southern portion of the state.

Take a Trip Down the Lakes Via the Soo Line, September 28th.

On September 28th only the Soo Line will run a special excursion to the following points and at the below mentioned rates, from St. Paul and Minneapolis:

Sault Ste Marie	and return	$7.50
Mackinac Island	and return	7.50
Detroit	and return	9.50
Toledo	and return	10.00
Cleveland	and return	10.50
Buffalo	and return	11.50

For rate from your station kindly apply to nearest Soo Line agent, who will also give you other information asked for. This is a chance of a lifetime. Make use of this opportunity.

Card of Thanks.

To those who so kindly rendered aid and assistance during the last illness and burial of my brother, Chris A. Loken, I tender sincere thanks.

Halvor A. Loken.

A. L. HANSON WON OUT

Nominated for State Senator by a Decisive Majority.

Looks as if He Had Carried Every County it the District.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, has been nomination for the office of state senator by a decisive majority, and this fact will be very pleasing to the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity who stood by Mr. Hanson in a very substantial manner. In Norman county it is estimated that Mr. Hanson has a majority of 500 over Lightbourn. In Red Lake county Hanson will have about 500 votes more than Lightbourn and 100 more than Simons. Clearwater county went almost solid for Hanson and the chances are that he has carried Beltrami county. Hanson will come very near having a majority over both Simons and Lightbourn.

Jens J. Opsahl has defeated Wm. McCuaig for member of the legislature.

A SORRY ROMANCE.

Young Girl Run Away With a Mixed Blood Indian.

Frazee, Minn., Sept. 17.—Sheriff Ole Larson arrested Marone Fitch, a young woman in Detroit, who was attired in male clothing. It developed that the girl had been missing for six weeks from her home at Ponsford, where she had suddenly left in the company of an Indian mixed blood, George Martin. Martin has a large family, and the girl told the sheriff a pitiful story of hardship and ill-treatment.

Martin took the young girl to Mahnomen from Ponsford and then to the reservation. He compelled her to have her hair cut and passed her as a boy among the Indians and the whites. As she was large for her age, she was forced to work as a man. They left the reservation and came to Mahnomen and together they worked as carpenters.

The girl has by this time become disgusted and tired of the life, and made good her escape. She secured some money from friends and came to Detroit. The sheriff detected the girl in male attire and put her under arrest, and cared for her until her parents were notified. Mr. Fitch came to Detroit yesterday and took his daughter home to Ponsford. She was a sadder but wiser girl.

Sheriff Larson left immediately for Ponsford to get Martin, but he was missing. The sheriff is hot on his track, and will soon have him.

The whole strange affair has caused much comment, and the story of the girl's hardships has created an intense feeling toward Martin for his inhuman treatment.

ISSUES PHAMPLET.

Teacher of the State Instructed by State Superintendent Olson.

J. W. Olson, superintendent of public instruction, has issued an important bulletin to the teachers who have been attending the summer school throughout the state.

This pamphlet deals with the co-operation of the teachers and the members of the state board of health as to the matter of keeping the school room sanitary and the water at the drinking places pure and wholesome and is a part of the state campaign of the state food and dairy commission. Heating and ventilation will be the opening chapter of the bulletin. Instruction will be given to the teachers as to the methods which must be employed to gain perfect ventilation in the school room, and the teachers are asked to make a perfect study of this matter. The matter of pure and wholesome water will be taken up under Food and Drink. The teachers will be requested to see that the water supplied to the pupils is pure and wholesome and if there is any doubt about the matter samples should be sent to the state board of health, where it will be given a free analysis.

Students will be given training in the matter of pure foods hereafter, as a portion of their hygiene course.

The bulletin will contain the state board of health regulations for the school rooms, and the teacher is expected to live up to the letter. The tests of the eyes of the pupils will be made this fall along the same line as were the past two years. This has rendered assistance in the correcting of optical difficulties in many school children during these two years.

Another Bear Story.

County Surveyor J. K. Wood spent a couple of days here this week looking after the work on the various county ditches in this neighborhood. He told an interesting story of a fight he had with a good sized bear cub last Sunday on his farm on the Red Lake river. Mr. Wood's only weapon was a broken pitchfork and after quite a tussle the bear managed to get into the river and make his escape by swimming across it.—Plummer Pioneer.

Outside Appearance and Inside Worth Distinguish the Clothing We Offer for Sale.

With our own splendid facilities and with the resources of all the leading manufacturers at our command, we have left nothing undone to add to the prestige of our Men's and Young Men's Department, to make it excuse even the expectations of its many patrons.

By contracting designs and patterns of special merit from every worthy source and by securing conceptions of a high degree of artistic excellence, we offer assortments of incomparable interest in variety, in character and in exclusiveness.

"Alma Mater" Young Men's Clothes, Fashionable Fall Suits in gray dark, light and medium shades of worsteds, tweed and cheviots splendidly made throughout. $15.00

The New Form Fit Overcoat is the fasionable garment for fall:- has broad shoulders, long lapel, fits snugly at waist and is full in the skirt large assortment in dark gray, twilight gray and herringbone effects at $25, $20, $18 and $15.00.

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FRIEND BROS CLOTHING CO.
MILWAUKEE

Wilson Clothing Co.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

A MUD SICK DOCTOR.

Physician's Suggestion to Improve an Ohio County's Roads.

In Morrow county, O., we are very poorly provided with pike roads, says Dr. D. B. Virtue of Iberia, O., in the Auto Advocate and Country Roads. Outside of the incorporated villages there are perhaps ten or twelve miles of pike and some indifferent gravel roads. Mostly the roads are earth roads, which in many months are equivalent to mortar beds. However, the number of people who advocate good roads is steadily increasing, so that the enemies of good roads now say, "Something of the kind will be done sooner or later." They hope that it will be later on account of an increase in taxation which would necessarily follow. My idea of what should be done here (Morrow county) is something as follows:

In this township—in fact, all over this county—there is an abundance of sandstone of the kind commonly spoken of as Berea grit; also a good supply of fair quality gravel. Now, if the roads were well graded and ditched with good large culverts where culverts are needed and an earth track constructed at one side and a broken stone and gravel track at the other, we would have good roads comparatively cheap. Of course this sandstone and gravel road should be well rolled as it is laid down and when finished only slightly higher than the earth track. I am well acquainted with the limestone pike roads built in recent years in two adjoining counties—Marion and Crawford—and know that most of them are built too high and too thin and are not rolled. Being loose, they rut immediately. Being high, it is not easy to drive from one track to another, and they spread easily. And being thin I fear they will not stand service well.

As to cost, I believe good sandstone and gravel roads can be built in this region for $1,500 per mile. I think this should be borne by the adjoining property owners, the township, the county and the state, each paying 25 per cent of cost, and then maintained by the township. As to the United States government paying a part, let the government pay one-half the cost of constructing good roads of double width (about twenty feet) between points of military importance.

In conclusion, as a mud sick country doctor, I should rejoice to see the roads improved by "any old plan."

OBJECT LESSON ROAD.

Plans of a Highway Between New York and Chicago.

The New York and Chicago Road association is composed of people who are in favor of the improvement of the highways of the nation, the construction and maintenance of first class modern continuous lines of interstate highways and especially in the construction of an object lesson road between New York and Chicago, says the New York American. This road, it is the intention, shall be of such character that it will be a benefit to every municipality through which it passes and to every individual along its route. It is to be primarily a useful highway, not designed for the special benefit of pleasure seekers or for the exclusive use of those intent on business, but one which all classes of citizens will find a convenience, a benefit and a paying investment.

The association is simply a banding together of people working for a common cause, who feel that united action is more potent than individual effort and that through organization results may be brought about which would be beyond the power of any one to accomplish single handed.

That the cost of constructing a highway such as planned by the association would be too great for any single organization to meet is self evident. This association does not *propose to actually* build this road itself, but its work will consist of arousing public interest and enthusiasm in the project, so that each state, county, city and town will build its individual link in its own locality, eventually forming a complete chain of modern road. In this manner, as can readily be seen, the cost of the construction of this road will not be a burden on any one.

STEEP GRADES.

Why a Good Road Expert Favors Reducing Them.

An expert on roadmaking declares that much can be done at small expense if road supervisors and commissioners exercise judgment in their work, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In every possible case, he declares, efforts should be made to reduce steep grades by cutting the top of each hill and filling in at the bottom. "The best grade and form," he adds, "and the most perfect system of drainage for an earth road constitute the best preparation for a gravel or macadam road should either of these surfaces be added at a later date. The grades of a road limit the size of loads which can be drawn over it."

He illustrates this statement by the following comparative facts: A pair of horses can with the same effort draw 1,600 pounds on a 5 per cent grade, or one foot rise in twenty feet; 3,200 pounds on a 2 per cent grade, or one foot rise in fifty feet, 5,000 pounds on a 1 per cent grade, or one foot rise in a hundred feet, and 4,000 pounds on a level road.

Need of Good Roads.

The awakening of the country to the need of good roads has just begun, says the Boston Herald. The next few years will see some rapid strides in this matter. Two of the most potent factors in the present awakening are the automobile and rural free delivery. The transcontinental automobile race which was pulled off last summer resulted in the accumulation of much valuable information as to the road conditions between New York city and Portland, Ore. The two seven horsepower runabouts which contested made the distance of 4,000 miles in forty-four days, demonstrating the feasibility of the automobile as a means of long distance transportation. The finish of the race was made in Portland in time for the national good roads convention.

Rural Delivery Notes

There are women rural mail carriers in thirty-six states and one territory. Iowa has thirty-four, the largest number; Illinois 28, Michigan 10, Indiana 14, Kansas 13, Missouri 11 and other states smaller numbers.

The morale of the rural mail carriers is remarkably good and always has been. Out of 43,600 employees only 214 were discharged for cause last year, of whom only twenty-six were dishonest and thirty had violated instructions or regulations of the service.

The dirt roads in eastern Jackson county, Mo., are in a bad shape, and in consequence the rural mail carriers are having a hard time getting about. Frequently the teams become mired and the mail wagons are left in a mudhole and the carriers make the rounds on horseback.

Postmaster General Cortelyou recently approved a recommendation for the use by rural carriers of automobiles in serving their routes. The postmaster general, however, expressly reserves the right to require rural carries to discontinue the use of such vehicles and assume the service of their routes in the ordinary vehicles prescribed by the regulations if complaint is made of unsatisfactory service arising from the use of automobiles.

A statement prepared by P. V. DeGraw, fourth assistant postmaster general, regarding the operations of the rural free delivery service since its establishment up to Jan. 1 shows that the total number of petitions received and referred was 51,000, of which 13,125 were acted on adversely. The number of routes in operation on the date named was 34,677. More than 1,000,000,000 pieces of mail were handled by rural carriers during the fiscal year 1905, each piece costing a little less than 1¼ cents to deliver. The approximate net cost of the 32,063 carriers in the service for the fiscal year 1905 was $16,871,732.

MAKING HOES.

Quick Work In Turning Out Garden Implements.

The first hoe ever made consisted of a pointed or forked stick, and it was used both for preparing the ground for planting and in tearing out weeds. This was perhaps 3,000 years before Christ, but it remained for the nineteenth century to witness the introduction of really modern tools for the cultivation of the soil. Since then the evolution has been remarkably rapid until it is possible to produce a modern hoe, rake or fork in about five minutes. I mean by this that the actual operations through which each tool passes, aside from the time which the handles must remain in hot water before being bent, would not exceed the time specified.

The steel for garden tools is made in great quantities at Johnstown, Pa., from which place it is shipped to tool factories in the shape of flat bars a half inch thick. The wood which is used most for handles is second growth white ash and is cut in Tennessee, Arkansas and Georgia. A number of factories receive the handles already made, it having been turned out in the immediate vicinity of the timber supply. Fish oil for tempering the tools as they are made is another of the important products from a distance necessary to the making of our modern garden tools. It is brought from Gloucester, N. H.

The bars of steel, once at the tool factory, are made red hot in a furnace, after which one bar at a time is placed in a stamping machine and cut into the blanks or patterns for rakes, hoes or forks. The pattern for an article comprises the metal for the hoe, rake or fork proper and the shank. The shank is that part of the pattern to which, when completed, the handle will be attached.

After the shank has been drawn out to a desired length the remainder of the blank, which is to comprise the hoe proper, is again heated and is placed between huge metal rolls which, as they continue to revolve, flatten it into a sheet the thickness of a hoe. This sheet is then taken to a die, which is just the size of a hoe, and with a single stroke the form of the hoe blade is acquired. The shank is given its curved appearance in a form. While hot the embryo hoe is immersed in the fish oil for hardening. If a socket is to be used in attaching the handle, the socket is welded on to the shank. Otherwise it is known as a "shank" hoe. In polishing a hoe it is first ground upon a grindstone and then held against a buffing wheel. On some hoes the shank is bronzed with a brush, but this is not until after the handles have been put in place.—Philadelphia Record.

The Drug Store Morgue.

Every drug store has its morgue in which repose bottles of uncalled for medicine.

"Seldom a week passes that we do not put up a prescription that is never called for," said one druggist. "Why in the world the people that thus neglect their remedies after ordering them compounded will go to the trouble of consulting a doctor is more than I can figure out. If they don't want to take the stuff prescribed they certainly don't have to, but they might at least have the grace to come and take it home after we have gone to the trouble to prepare it, and not throw it back a dead loss on our hands. In most cases we keep the mixture indefinitely, hoping that the customer will show up some time and ask for the bottle. If we happen to know the delinquent's address we send it around C. O. D., but people who make a practice of ordering medicine that they never intend to take are not likely to leave their cards with the druggist."—New York Sun.

Hard and Soft Water.

All natural waters contain a greater or less amount of mineral water in solution. Rainwater has the smallest percentage of solid impurities of any, and therefore it is taken as the standard variety of soft water. The terms "soft" and "hard," however, as applied to water are, scientifically considered, purely relative.

A water is usually reckoned to be "soft" when it contains less than one five-thousandth part of its weight of mineral ingredients and "hard" when it contains more than one four-thousandth. Soft water has the property of easily forming a lather with soap and is, therefore, suitable for washing purposes, while hard water will only form a lather, and that imperfectly, with considerable difficulty. A mineral water has more than one two-thousandth of its weight of natural dissolved solids, and a medicinal water is a variety of mineral water containing a varying percentage of dissolved natural solid or gaseous drugs.

Word Peculiarities.

"A respectable minority," writes an English critic, "still insists upon pronouncing the name of the classic horse racing event 'Derby' instead of 'Darby' although almost nobody who is not either American or hopelessly old fashioned any longer calls a 'clark' a 'clerk.' There is really no doubt as to the pronunciation of the name of the great race, since it takes its name from the Earl of Derby's title, which is taken from the hundred of West Derby, in Lancashire, which is 'Darby,' according to local speech. There is evidence as to the pronunciation of the name as far back as 1581, in the fact that a French writer, who had evidently only heard the name spoken, then referred to the 'Comte d'Arbie.' It is an example of the capriciousness of language that, while 'Darby,' 'clark' and 'sarvant' are recognized as correct, 'sarvant' and 'sarpent' are vulgar, and in the case of 'person' and 'parson' we actually have the same word specialized into two.

THE DAIRYMAN

A Sacramento county dairyman has a cow that he has a right to be enthusiastic over. This cow has a gross daily earning capacity exceeding that of the average man. We are told in the census reports that the average daily wage paid to men for their labor is a little over $2. Well, this cow, a pure bred Holstein-Friesian, has produced milk for her owner worth as high as $3.80 a day and for several months she goes right on making over $3 worth of milk a day, which he sells at retail at the usual price of 8 cents a quart. Of course the feed and care must be charged against this, but you can't very well conceive of a cow eating $3 worth of food a day at present prices, or one-third of that amount, so there is a big bargain left for the owner. She is six years old and has never been dry since her first calf. This cow is not kept for her fine breeding, but is one of a working herd whose owner made up his mind that the kind of a cow to make the most money from is the best producer you can possibly get. He got this idea *long enough ago*, so that by the present time the herd consists of several hundred pure bred and high grade Holstein-Friesians and many there are in the herd the daily value of whose milk exceeds the earnings of the average man.—Pacific Dairy Review.

A Shorthorn's Fine Record.

The Shorthorn cow Florence Airdrie VI., owned by the Nebraska experiment station, has just completed a milk and butter record which is a leader for cows of this breed, according to Professor A. L. Haecker, who gives the following account of it in Breeder's Gazette:

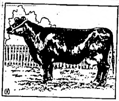

HIGH TESTING DAIRY SHORTHORN.
[Florence Airdrie VI., property of the Nebraska experiment station.]

She produced between April 7, 1905, and April 7, 1906, 10,487 pounds of milk, 413.01 pounds of butter fat and 481.84 pounds of butter. Her average test was 3.94, and she was with calf during the last six months of her lactation.

Florence was purchased from William Ernst, Johnson county, Neb., April 20, 1903, and from that date to the present her milk and butter record is as follows:

	Milk.	Butter fat.	Butter.
1903	7,537.5	328.51	418.26
1904	7,112.5	316.03	368.70
1905	10,487.0	413.01	481.84
Total for three years	25,137.0	1,057.55	1,268.80
Av'ge for three years	8,379.0	352.51	422.93

Florence was calved June 20, 1898, being now about eight years old and in her prime. If she retains her normal condition she will no doubt produce a still larger record next year. During the three years she has dropped three bull calves and is due to freshen again in July of this year.

Good as a Government Bond.

The real thing is the Jersey cow. If you milk her for the Cuero creamery she is a mint. If you offer her on the market for sale she is as staple as a government bond.—Cuero (Tex.) Star.

Ayrshires Preferred.

My thirty cows are pure bred Ayrshires and grade Holsteins, the former preferred to any breed I have tried. It is the poor man's cow. I buy all feeds in June while prices are low.—A New York Farmer.

Clean Milk.

The filth that gets into milk is to a large extent readily soluble in the milk, and no straining, filtering or centrifuging can remove it. Following milking, however, the number of bacteria is constantly being increased from unclean and unsterile utensils and apparatus used in straining, cooling and transporting the milk.

There are of course many other ways in which milk may become impure exclusive of deliberate adulteration. The greatest amount of dirt comes from the exterior of the cow during milking, and much of this may be kept out by using a covered milk pail.

A Business Proposition.

The feeding and handling of cows and cow products is a business proposition, the same as handling dry goods or groceries, and should be done on business principles. The Babcock tester and the milk scales will show where the leaks come in and in which direction the efforts should be directed to remedy the trouble.

To Produce a Heavy Milker.

To produce a heavy milker continue to milk up to within a few weeks of the cow's second freshening; then, before she has had her third calf, dry her off for two months. After the third calf you will have a well developed cow that will continue to be a large milker.—Mrs. A. Howie.

As a Food Producer.

As a producer of human food a good dairy cow is about equal to two beef steers, and the cow has to give only ten quarts of milk per day to do the work. And, besides, the cow is left, while the steer is [illegible].—Exchange.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 20, 1906.

Farmers should be in no great rush about selling their wheat this year. Indications are that the crop in Minnesota and the Dakotas is going to fall far below the estimate of a month ago and prices are quite sure to be higher.

It would sound malicious to congratulate farmers on the shrinking wheat yield, yet it is doubtless true that the lesson of this crop will be of tremendous benefit to the wheat raisers. It will teach thum by the most painful of all process, bitter experience, that the reign of wheat is past; that stock raising, corn, clover, forage and fodder crops, must take its place, if farmers are to prosper and progress. The farmer who sticks to grain raising in the face of nature's repeated hints that its day is past in this region is very slow of understanding. — Wheelocks Weekly.

Struggling Upward.

Bit by bit the American people are struggling upward out of the coils of the antiquated election machinery that has bred more bosses and corruption than a free people could long endure.

Every step brings the machinery of government closer to the people. Every year new states adopt the primary election system, giving the rank and file of the parties the right to chose their candidates directly and doing away with the need of those middlemen, the politicians, who battened on the old system to the prejudice of the people's interests.

Every year, too, these new election systems, introduced in a fragmentary form at first, are enlarged and extended. Minnesota, for instance, first introduced the the primary election law to apply only to one county, and tried it on the dog down in Hennepin. Then it was applied to a part of the officers all over the state, but still United States senators and state officers were excluded, for no reason but that the politicians made their last stand on these offices. Now the people want the system extended to take in every office from United States senator down, and they are going to get it, too.

The people of Texas not long ago put into operation their new primary election system, and they made it apply to every officer from senator down to constable. It worked well too.

Nearly a dozen states now choose their senators this way, and in a measure it forms a substitute for popular election of senators, the next step in order. In Oregon they not only nominate their senators at the primaries, but they vote for them at the general election.

The progress is slow, but it is certain, and nothing can stop it. Ultimately every state will have its primary election law, and ultimately, too, the people will vote directly for their candidates for United States senator instead of letting the legislatures select them.

And the final step, which will probably be slower than the others but not less certain, will be the general adoption of the initiative and the referendum. One state, Oregon, has already adopted it, and when the people tried it out at their June election it worked amazingly well.

If we believe in popular government, we cannot limit its popularity. Better results will be had when the maxium of popularity is reached. In that day the people will all have a chance to vote directly for the nomination and election of all their candidates. They will have the right to initiate legislation, without waiting for reluctant legislatures to act. They will have the right to compel all legislation to be referred to them for approval. And finally, they will have the right to recall legislative representatives whose course they do not approve, and to elect new ones in their places.

Maybe that won't bring about the millenium, but progress so far has accomplished such desirable results that the complete adoption of popular government should bring about still better things.—Duluth Herald.

State Road Work.

In view of the fact that the people of Minnesota are awakening to the need of greater attention on the part of the state to road-building, to supplement the local work of counties and townships, the experience of Massachusetts in building a system of state roads may be of interest, says the Duluth Herald.

The Massachusetts system of state highways was begun in 1894, and the state now has 700 miles of hard, smooth roads of broken stone or macadam, mostly main ways following the most traveled routes between the centers of population. The annual rate of progress has been about sixty miles. Since the beginning of the work about $5,300,000 has been spent in state road building, exclusive of administration expenses. In the twelve years over which this sum was spread, Minnesota has used but little more than $500,000 of state money in road construcrion, or about one-ninth of the amount Massachusetts has spent, though Minnesota's area is many times greater than that of Massachuetts' and her need correspondingly larger.

The counties in Massachusetts, pay back to the commonwealth one quarter of the expense of construction. Roads are now under construction at twenty-seven different points, and contracts for a number of other sections are being let as rapidly as may be.

After the roads are built they are maintained under the direction of the state highway commission, the expenses being borne in the first instance by the state. The annual average cost of the ordinary maintenance, up to date, has been about $100 per mile. The counties pay back to the state 25 per cent. of the cost of maintenance and the cities and towns are assesed each year for the repair of state roads within their boundaries not more than $50 per mile.

Obviously, the best way to have a state system of good roads is to have the state oversee the entire work, and to have the state pay for trunk lines connecting the various centers. For the first time, Minnesota now has an adequate state highway commission law, and the voters will pass at the fall election upon a constitutional amendment increasing the state levy for road purposes from one-twentieth of a mill to one-quarter of a mill, which would increase the available amount from a little more than $50,000 a year to nearly $250,000 a year.

This will help much, but the state can well afford to pay out of its treasury a very much larger sum than this every year, for money properly spent in the construction of good roads will always prove a paying investment.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds, and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

People from all over Ohio were present at the unveiling of the $50,000 bronze statue of the late President McKinley at Columbus. The principal figure of the thousands of persons who packed the streets and the capitol grounds was Mrs. Alice Longworth, daughter of the president, who unveiled the statue.

In answer to an inquiry the state department has responded that in affording protection to American interests in Cuba during the revolution the United States will also give protection as far as possible to British interests and property.

A general strike of all shop employes on the Wabash system has been ordered. The order affects 1,600 skilled mechanics, including machinists, boilermakers and blacksmiths.

Investigation shows that the fire in the Anchor colliery of the Reading company at Pottsville, Pa., which started thirty-seven years ago, is still burning as fiercely as ever.

Brigadier General Theodore J. Wint, commanding the department of the Missouri, has reported to the war department that in his opinion the canteen should be restored at army posts.

Judge Windes of the circuit court of Chicago has upheld the constitutionality of the Mueller law providing for the municipalization of street railways.

The season of the American Baseball association has closed, Columbus again winning the pennant, with Milwaukee second and Minneapolis third.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

John Alexander Dowie, who is said to be in very poor health, will leave for Mexico next week for an indefinite stay.

Lieutenant General Corbin has been placed on the retired list, having reached the age of sixty-four.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 17.—Wheat—Sept., 71⅝c; Dec., 71¼c; May, 75⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 75⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 73⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 72c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 17.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.50@5.60. Hogs—$5.50@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.10; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Wheat—Sept., 70⅝c; Dec., 72¾@72⅞c. Corn—Sept., 46¾c; Dec., 41⅞@42c. Oats—Sept., 32⅝c; Dec., 32⅝c. Pork—Sept., $16.75@17.00; Jan., $12.95. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 15c; dairies, 17@20½c. Eggs—12½@17c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens and springs, 11½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 17.—Wheat—To arrive—No. 1 Northern, 73¼c; No. 2 Northern, 71⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 Northern, 73½c; No. 2 Northern, 72¼c; Sept., 72½c; Oct., 72⅛c; Dec., 72c; May, 76⅛c. Flax—To arrive, $1.12⅝; on track, $1.10[illegible]; Sept., $1.12; Oct., $1.10[illegible]; Nov., $1.10¾; Dec., $1.09¾; May, $1.12½; Jan., $1.09¾.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Cattle—[illegible] $3.55@6.95; cows and heifers, $1.[illegible]@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@4.40; Texans, $3.60@4.[illegible]; W[illegible] $3.65@5.30; calves, $[illegible]@7.7[illegible]. H[illegible]—Mixed and butchers, $[illegible]; good heavy, $6.25@6.42½; rough heavy, $5.65@5.90; light, $[illegible]; pigs, $5.50@6.2[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible]; lambs, $5.10@8.00.

Subscribe for the News

—We are now [illegible] slab wood and can deliver a[illegible] supply. If you expect to use [illegible] this summer get your [illegible] Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

INSURRECTION IN CUBA.

After a protracted conference at Oyster Bay President Roosevelt addressed an important communication to Cuba and arranged to send Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon to that island to make a thorough investigation of conditions there and lend their influence to restore peace. The communication is addressed to the Cuban minister to the United States, Senor Quesada. It is an impassioned plea to Cuba to realize her responsibility as a self-governing republic and to restore peace in the island. Her attention is called in no uncertain languago to the responsibility which the United States bears to the island, and the certainty that such responsibility will necessarily be exercised should peace not be preserved.

The Cuban rebellion seems to be growing in strength. All the smaller towns in Santa Clara province appear to be absolutely in the control of the insurgents. The rebels outside of Cienfuegos continue to receive reinforcements. Reports that the force under Pino Guerra is marching toward Havana, coupled with the very much increased concentration of rebels outside the city, are causing uneasiness in the capital. All the troops which can possibly be spared from duty in Havana province are being brought into the city proper.

The extra session of the Cuban congress called by President Palma completed at one sitting the business for which it was summoned. It granted to President Palma the fullest powers not already constitutionally possessed by the executive for carrying on the war, including the right to use public funds for war purposes.

A small detachment of United States sailors has been landed at Havana and a dispatch from Cienfuegos says the United States gunboat Marietta has arrived and debarked a detachment of marines there. Cienfuegos is besieged by insurgents and some of the fortifications already have been damaged.

The insurgent leaders Marquetti and Casillo have withdrawn their forces from Guanajay and have agreed to the suspension of hostilities pending peace negotiations. Other insurgent leaders, so far as they have been heard from, also are agreeing to the suspension of hostilities.

President Roosevelt's declaration that it is imperative that hostilities cease and arrangements be made to secure the permanent pacification of Cuba is re-echoed enthusiastically on all sides at Havana.

The insurgents in Pinar del Rio and Santa Clara provinces have signalized the resumption of war by blowing up railroad bridges, again blocking traffic and committing other acts of destruction.

The United States cruiser Denver has arrived at Havana and has been placed at the service of the American legation in case of necessity.

United States marines have been landed at Cienfuegos to protect American sugar plantations threatened by insurgents.

FOREIGN NEWS.

In a formal note to France and other powers Turkey draws attention to the warlike preparations which are going on in Bulgaria. While it is declared that the note makes no allusion to retaliatory steps on the part of Turkey this formal notification from the porte is regarded as ominous.

Mail advices from China are disquieting to Americans having financial interests in the Orient. There is no abatement of the anti-foreign feeling and the animosity is no longer confined to Americans, but includes all foreigners except Japanese.

Sunday was George Washington day in Budapest, Hungary, and the entire population from morning until night gave itself up to enthusiasm over the unveiling on monarchial territory of a monument to the first president of the United States.

A column of the Thirteenth infantry under Captain Fassett was fired upon at La Paz, island of Leyte, by Pulajanes on the night of Sept. 10. Corporal D. H. Pierce of Company A and Private A. E. Winegardner of Company D were killed.

Pulajanes on the island of Leyte attacked a detachment of the Twenty-fourth infantry (colored) on the night of the 10th and killed two and wounded eight of the colored soldiers. They were finally repulsed with heavy loss.

The people of Sicily are in a condition of panic because of the earthquake shocks which have been occurring there for a week past. They continue to camp out in the open and many have taken refuge in caves.

Besides eleven schooners wrecked at Belle Isle recently by storms seven others with over 100 people on board were driven ashore on the Labrador coast. Four fatalities only are reported thus far.

The steamer Prinz Adelbert has left Tangier, Morocco, with Paul O. Stensland, president of the wrecked Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, on board.

Albrecht, prince of Prussia, regent of the duchy of Brunswick and the richest prince in Germany, is dead. Death followed a stroke of apoplexy.

Dominican rebels defeated the government troops in a severe battle on the Haytian frontier. The government losses were heavy.

Rear Admiral Sir Edward Chichester, who commanded the British squadron at Manila during the Spanish-American war, is dead.

RESOLVED TO SIN NO MORE.

Wall Street Brokers Converted by Minnesota Evangelist.

New York, Sept. 13.—With the remarkable achievement of having converted Wall street to his credit Rev. William Wilkinson, street preacher, will end his labors in the financial district during the day and seek other fields for his evangelistic labors. While few have suspected the reformation which was going on among the men who promote trusts, water stocks and strip the fleece from the guileless lamb it is said confidently that the work has been thorough and that Wall street has resolved to go and sin no more.

For five days a week Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, who often calls himself plain "Wilkinson," has stood at the noon hour in front of the customhouse and those of every station in life have stopped in the midst of the temples of Mammon to listen to him. Bankers, brokers and merchants have sought him out after his services and have invited the evangelist of the street to their homes. They have taken him to luncheon, offered him the use of their offices and have done everything possible to help him.

Rev. Mr. Wilkinson is general missionary of the Protestant Episcopal church in Minnesota and his home is in Minneapolis.

PROSPERITY IN WEST.

New York Railroad Man Says It Beats the East.

New York, Sept. 15.—Dwight W. Pardee, secretary of the New York Central, has just returned from a trip to the West, which included St. Paul and points west to Portland. From there he went to San Francisco and was in the other more important cities of California. With the exception of San Francisco conditions everywhere he found to be prosperous. He says:

"People in the East cannot realize the enormous business that is being done in the West unless they actually see it. All lines of business are active, with, of course, the crops as the basis.

"The railroads are having all they can do to handle their traffic.

"Even in San Francisco there is great enthusiasm and optimism."

WOULD ENFORCE THE "LID."

Anti-Saloonists Take Steps to Impeach Mayor of St. Cloud.

St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 11.—Another step has been made by Rev. C. W. Stark and other anti-saloonists to enforce the "lid" in St. Cloud and this time Mayor J. E. C. Robinson's office is the storm center. Attorney General Young has been brought into the case.

On complaint of Rev. C. W. Stark and others the attorney general is complainant in impeachment proceedings against Mayor Robinson. The matter is brought up in quo warranto proceedings and the mayor will be cited to appear in court and show cause why he should not be impeached for malfeasance in office.

Three Laborers Injured.

St. Paul, Sept. 15.—A load of stone which was dumped from a runaway tramcar at the government dam Friday afternoon fell on Michael Mahoney, a laborer living at 2170 Marshall avenue. He sustained injuries from which it is not expected he will recover. He is at the Cobb hospital at Merriam Park with the top of his skull crushed. Hall and Peterson, two other laborers who live in Minneapolis, were also injured, but not seriously.

Operator Ends His Life.

Eveleth, Minn., Sept. 15.—John White, the operator at the Duluth and Iron Range depot, committed suicide this morning in the bathroom at M. Sheehy's boardinghouse by shooting himself in the right temple with a revolver. The only reason that can be given for the act is that he was despondent over sickness. He was forty-five years of age and had relatives at Williamsport, Pa.

Red Wing Business Man Killed.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 13.—E. O. Peterson, the hardware merchant of this city who was severely injured Tuesday morning from a fall in his store, died Wednesday morning in an unconscious condition that had lasted since the accident. Mr. Peterson was an influential and prominent business man, always working for the best interests of his city.

Two Boys Killed.

St. Paul, Sept. 17.—Two boys were killed by trains in and near this city. Joseph Michael, colored, nine years old, was run over by a train under the Third street bridge and his leg was badly crushed. Roy Lilljehahl, fourteen years old, had both his legs crushed by a train at Gladstone. Both boys died after their limbs were amputated.

Farmer Killed by Lightning.

Pine City, Minn., Sept. 11.—During a severe electrical storm O. H. Olson, a farmer residing six miles east of town, was struck by lightning and died shortly after without regaining consciousness. Olson's shoes were torn from his feet and the shock threw him from the wagon in which he was riding.

Youth Attempts Suicide.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 17.—Henry Bernard, aged nineteen, son of Fire Chief Bernard, is dying at the city hospital as a result of a self-inflicted bullet wound. Disappointment in love is given as the cause of the shooting, which took place upstairs in Chief Bernard's home.

KILLED IN A QUARREL

MINNEAPOLIS CONTRACTOR FATALLY INJURED BY BUSINESS COMPETITOR.

Burglars Dynamite Safe in Bank of Akeley and Get Away With $10,000.

St. Paul Youth of Nineteen Shot and Killed by a Gambler at Goldfield, Nev.—General State News.

Minneapolis, Sept. 12.—Henry D. Stevenson, contractor, is dead from a fractured skull, sustained during a fight with John E. Layne, another contractor.

Both men were working on a building at Washington and Ninth streets when an altercation commenced. The angry men continued their argument on the sidewalk, when Stevenson was seen to fall backwards from a blow in the face. He struck the curbstone on his head, fracturing his skull. He was hurried to the city hospital, where an operation was performed, but he failed to rally and died several hours later.

Meantime Layne had disappeared and the police were unable to find him. Shortly after midnight, however, he *telephoned police headquarters* that he would give himself up as soon as he was able to get bondsmen.

Layne subsequently surrendered and was released on $6,000 bail.

GOT AWAY WITH $10,000.

Bank Robbers Make Big Haul at Akeley, Minn.

Akeley, Minn., Sept. 11.—The bank here was raided by burglars during the night. They got away with $10,000 after the safe had been blown to pieces with nitroglycerin. Three distinct explosions were required to complete the work. The side of the building was filled with holes, glass was broken and the furniture badly damaged. Silver coins were scattered all over the building and the books and papers were mutilated.

It is thought that the gang consisted of three persons and that one guarded the entrance while the others completed the job. G. F. Warren, who lives next to the bank, heard the explosions and rushed out in front of the building to see what was the matter. He was ordered back into his house and kept there. It was fully thirty minutes before a general alarm was given, but the robbers had made good their escape without leaving a single clue.

ST. PAUL BOY MURDERED.

John Moritz Shot Dead by a Gambler in Goldfield, Nev.

Goldfield, Nev., Sept. 17.—John Moritz, aged nineteen, was shot to death by Jack Thompson, a gambler, early Sunday morning. Moritz was a messenger for the telephone company and had occasion to go to a dance hall. There, it is said, he accidentally bumped into Thompson, who was dancing. Thompson swore at him and threatened that he would fix the boy later. At about 3 o'clock in the morning Moritz was passing a saloon on his wheel when Thompson drew a pistol and fired, one shot striking Mortiz in the hip. He fell from his wheel and Thompson deliberately walked to the fallen boy, leaned over him and delivered another fatal shot. Indignation is at a high pitch and there is talk of lynching.

Moritz was well known. His home was at St. Paul, his mother living at 603 Van Buren street in that city.

SECURE LOOT WORTH $500.

Ten Burglaries Pulled Off in Minneapolis Sunday Morning.

Minneapolis, Sept. 17.—Ten burglaries that netted booty to the perpetrators to the value of nearly $500 were pulled off in this city in the small hours of Sunday morning.

The burglaries all happened in the district bounded by Hennepin and Fifth avenues south and Sixth and East Fifteenth streets and from what the police have been able to learn with regard to the different "breaks" they are satisfied that the entire ten were the work of the same gang.

LIMITED LIABILITY VOID.

Decision Against Express Company in Damage Suit.

St. Paul, Sept. 15.—The Minnesota supreme court has decided in the case of H. Presley & Co. against the Wells-Fargo Express company for $2,000 damages for a shipment of berries that a printed form limiting the liability of common carriers will not hold.

The company, in its printed form, had a clause limiting its liability to $50. The trial court held that common carriers could not impose such a limit and is sustained by the supreme court.

Two Miners Killed.

Eveleth, Minn., Sept. 11.—As a result of a heavier blast than was expected in Adams' No 4 milling pit Monday, John Mcthilich, an Austrian, and Tony Benard, an Italian, were covered with ore and smothered to death, while Oscar Aho and Gus Lauma were injured.

Young Woman Kills Herself.

Albert Lea, Minn., Sept. 13.—Marguerite Baum, a domestic, committed suicide by jumping into Fountain lake. The young woman was thirty years of age and had lived here two years, coming from Norway.

J. BORRY
PHOTOGRAPHER
EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	63c
Oats	25c
Flax	1 00
Butter	15c
Eggs	15c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

C. J. Knox was over to Warren last week.

T. Mork, of Warren, was in the city last week.

J. K. Wood was down to Plummer last week.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Ralph Green, of Equality, was in the city last Friday.

N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

John McKinney was up from Crookston to spend Sunday.

Tom Madden returned to this city last week from Prince Albert.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton last Friday.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder Phone 233.

The Press removed last week to the Dr. Tupper building on Third street.

Your fall needs will be well taken care of if you come to the Golden Rule.

Editor Carr, of the Middle River Pioneer, was in the city last Friday.

The Golden Rule is the shopping center forthe entire city and vicinity.

Editor Cox, of the Red Lake Falls Courier, was in the city last Saturday.

Phil Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

K. J. Weeks came up from Farmington last week to visit with his family for a week.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

F. M. Purdy, of Lake City, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

D. P. O'Neill came up from his Norman county farm to remain until after the primary election.

—For Rent—One large furnished room cheap. Five minutes walk from town. Inquire at this office.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

Miss Josephine Bourque left Saturday for Strandquist where she will teach an eight months term of school.

M. Bothum and wife went up to Roseau last Friday to visit friends for a few days. They returned Tuesday.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Legwold died last Thursday. The funeral services were held Friday.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Wanted—A man to dig 2¼ acres of potatoes in city, on shares. Most liberal terms. Box 211, Thief River Fall, Minn.

Joe Pederson was up from Crookston Monday.

Fred Cook was down to Crookston the first of the week.

N. M. Johnson was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

M. Fricker was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Wm. Curran is in the city visiting relatives and friends.

J. H. Werstlein was up to Middle River the first of the week.

The state board of equalization has increased the valuation of sheep in Red Lake county 40 per cent.

K. M. Hansen was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. E. M. Stanton entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Wm. Knight left Monday evening for Fergus Falls to visit friends for a few days.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Bert Walker, who has been engaged in selling bath tubs in South Dakota, returned to this city last week to visit with his family for a few days.

Miss Laura Halsath has accepted a position as teacher in district No. 135, town of Nordon, for a term of six months commencing October 1st.

Samuel Heasley has decided to continue to remain in charge of the Soo hotel and has leased the place for another year of Dennis Cavanaugh.

Joseph Lang left Monday morning for Glencoe, Minn., where he has charge of he building of a large cement block factory which will be 80 feet square.

An item in the News last week stated that Pat Moylan "secured 23 bushels of oats to the acre. It should read read 23 bushels of wheat to the acre.

Martin Bothum last week sold his store on North Main avenue to H. K. Strand and will devote all of his energies in the future to his store on Third street.

—A good 14 horse traction engine complete and in running order. We will make a very attractive price on this as we have no use for it. Vance & Stone, Crookston, Minn.

Peoples State Bank.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.00.

THE PEOPLES STATE BANK is now open for business and respectfully solicits a share of yonr Patronage.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRY, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

If you are interested in Good Clothes, you should read the Golden Rule write up on First Page—"It's true." Good Clothes, Good Shoes, at The Golden Rule Department store.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

B. Dan Bjorkman opens up his French Dry Cleaning establishment today. Attention is called to his ad published in another column. Mr. Bjorkman is a first class workman and no doubt will be well patronized.

At Daniel Shaw's real estate office in this city there is on exhibition a pumpkin raised by Andrew Clements, the veteran market gardener, that surely is big enough to satisfy any one. It weighs 40 pounds.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

Two sons of Chris Thompson, who resides about five miles southeast of Thief River Falls in the town of Rocksbury, last Friday shot four bear. One, the mother bear, was a very large one and the other three were about six months old.

There is said to be a printing office in Roseau that is opened by prayer every morning. This is a rare exception to the rule, as from time immemorable it has been the custom for the printing office to be opened by the devil and closed by the sheriff.

A man who gave the name of J. H. Armstrong was arrested last Friday morning for breaking a window in the Langseth store. As he had no money, charges were not made against him in the municipal court and he was ordered to leave town.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

John Cyr and wife left Monday evening for North Yachama, Wash., to spend about five weeks visiting relatives. A. Piche, a former butcher of Thief River Falls, is located at North Yachama, and many friends here have sent Mr. Piche their best regards by Mr. Cyr.

At Red Lake Falls last Tuesday fire completely destroyed Ed. Moran's barn and contents including three horses, harness, a cutter and a lot of other things that were stored in the barn at the time. The loss will foot up to nearly $1,000. We are not informed as to the amount carried.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Morten Moe, who six years ago resided in Thief River Falls with his parent came up from Winona last Saturday morning and remained for a few days visiting old friends here. Mr. Moe was more than surprised at the growth of Thief River Falls. Three years ago he was up here visiting and at that time saw a big improvement in the city but the growth the town has made during the past three years is by far the greatest, according to Mr. Moe.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car-fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the Principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin.

Prof. Frank E. Miller, for nearly a year past director of the Red Lake Falls band, has tendered his resignation to that organization to take effect the first of October. He has not yet decided on his future movements nor has the band decided on his successor, though there are several available men in sight. Mr. Miller has made good with the band and there will be many regrets at his departure from Red Lake Falls.

—Subscribe for the News.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SEARCHES FOR GIRL.

Sad and Strange Story of the Troubles of Anna Casmedia.

Crookston Times: Somewhere in North Dakota or Minnesota there is a young German girl with a three weeks old child lost. Anna Casmedia is her name, and her uncle and guardian, Jacob Martin, of Hamilton, N. D., was in Crookston yesterday searching for her.

Martin is a farmer, who went to Hamilton last spring. A year ago he came to the United States with the girl and his family. He has papers showing where she had been allowed to leave the fatherland, Austria. When they arrived in New York Martin was robbed of his money by a companion. He had to remain in the great city till June, when he came west. The young girl Anna, remained in New York, and later came to Minneapolis, where at the Boston Hospital just three weeks ago, she gave birth to a child, whose father she claims to know nothing of, or never to have seen When she became well again, Martin sent money to Minneapolis to pay the hospital bill and her railroad fare to Hamilton from Minneapolis. This was last Saturday night, and on that night, Martin says, the girl boarded the train bound for North Dakota. That is the last heard of her. Jacob Martin was in Minneapolis Wednesday, investigating, but has been unable to secure any trace of the girl after she left that city.

The story of how Martin came to take care of the girl is a sad one. She was employed in the home of some people in Austria but became heart broken over the action of her employers in certian trivial matters. One night she ran away and Martin met her on the street, crying. He asked her where she was going and she told him that she had intended to drown herself. He persuaded her not to do this and promised to bring her to America with his own family, which promise he kept. The girl's father George Casmedia is coming to the United States soon, and Mr. Martin is very much worried over the girl's disappearance.

Mr. Martin is an uncle of the girl, his sister being her mother. It is claimed by the girl that the birth of the child was the result of an attack upon the girl while she slept.

Miss Casmedia is short, dark complexion, with plump cheeks. She could talk but little English.

Merchants Must Advertise.

Geo. Q. Roemer, who travels in this vicinity for a hardware firm, was in the city Monday and stated that he was down to Fosston last week and saw a full car load of catalogues unload at that place. The mail order houses apparently find a fertile field for their paper solicitors in that vicinity as the carload it is said, will be distributed at the towns of McIntosh, Fosston and Erskine. It would seem that the merchants in that vicinity ought to wake up to the fact that they need to go after this business which is getting away from them said Mr. Roemer. If the merchant would get out and advertise in the paper that reaches these people he could hold the trade in spite of the catalogue houses.

The best man we have in our town for the general good of the town is the one you will always see on the front seat in the progressive "band wagon." He is the first one to extend an open and warm hand to greet the stranger and welcome him to the best town in the state. He will resent an insult to our town as quickly as he would a slur at a member of his family. He very politely invites the chronic croaker to "move on." He is ever ready to give his just proportion to every public enterprise. He talks up our town at home and abroad and believes it the best place upon God's green earth in which to live and desires to be buried here when he dies. Let us all try and be like this man for one year and our little city will take on new life and improve as never before in its history.—Ex.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

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There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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I have 10 houses and 60 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $10 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable). Also in the New York Life Insurance company.
Lowest rates. Call and see me.

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE NEWS,
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

The News, $1 Per Year.

THE DUST PROBLEM.

Value of Coal Tar Treatment to Overcome It.

France leads in automobiles and in everything pertaining to the motor car. She has an advantage which has meant just as many thousands to her in connection with the automobiles—she has the finest roads in Europe. But the other side of the picture is this—that no people in Europe have suffered so much from the dust nuisance, says a New York American correspondent. Wherever the motor car is there are the dust clouds all over the road, and one of the most pressing problems in France at the present moment is, how are we going to get rid of the dust nuisance?

The leading expert in Europe on the subject of dust suppression is Dr. Guglielminetti. The doctor, instead of looking after his patients at Monte Carlo, prefers subjecting the roads to the coal tar treatment, and this is his explanation: The dust is simply driving invalids and others from the Riviera, and since automobilism has taken such an extension the dust plague has become such an insufferable nuisance that doctors prefer sending their patients to Swiss sanitariums rather than to the dust poisoned Riviera. Automobiles, with their immense weight and excessive speed, threaten to render the Riviera and other parts of France uninhabitable to persons with weak lungs or bronchial affections. When a motor car tears along a dust laden road at full speed what happens? A sort of whirlwind is created and sucks up the dust, which is driven into the human respiratory organs, causing irritation and injury to the mucous membranes, but Dr. Guglielminetti is an enthusiast, and he has the faith that saves.

For several years he has been trying to find a cure for the dust plague, and if he has not yet discovered it I am convinced that it is not far off. Before the tarring process was tried on the roads at Fontainebleau and Melun the inhabitants were obliged to keep their windows closed throughout the summer. Now they can open them without fear of being blinded or suffocated, and the same thing is taking place elsewhere. A great deal has been done by various systems of road tarring, but the ideal system has probably yet to be found. Its coming is only a question of time, and in that, as in so many other inventions for the good of mankind, France will probably lead the way.

NEED OF SIDE DITCHES.

Valuable In Carrying Off Water From Rural Highways.

Every country road in America should have side ditches, says a correspondent of Farm Progress. Few persons know how great an amount of water falls upon a country road, and it might be surprising to know that on one mile of an average country road in the United States, three rods wide, fall each year an average of twenty-seven tons of water.

So insist upon side ditches. There should be one on each side of the road wherever possible. They are necessary because the thousands of tons of water which fall upon the average country road each year in the form of rain and snow should be at once carried away to a neighboring creek or some other water channel as fast as the snow melts, so as to prevent it from forming deep mud and thus destroying the surface of the road.

A side ditch should have a gradual falling and even grade at the bottom with broad sides. With ditches so constructed there is little danger of the sides of banks caving in, and they will easily clear themselves of snow, weeds and rubbish. In locating the ditch it is best to leave it three feet from the edge of the roadway unless the space is too limited to so permit, but in any case at least two feet should be allowed.

Why Roads Should Be Improved.

There are many striking examples of the value of good roads. Wherever roads have been permanently improved it is found that there has been a very great increase in value of the adjacent property, says Good Roads Magazine. Among examples of this sort is that of Jackson, Tenn. From figures recently published it is shown that since 1900 the city has increased 5,000 in population. The roads were improved through issuing bonds to start with, and they have advertised the city so much that families are constantly coming in from adjoining counties, with the result that land values have increased in some cases from 20 to 100 per cent. Property in the city has also greatly increased in value.

An Automobile Road.

Seven miles of automobile road is to be the latest investment of Uncle Sam. It is to run from the point of Sandy Hook through the government reservation south to Highland Beach under the Navesink light and will be used exclusively by army officers and their friends.

Good Road Notes

It is not a good road unless good the year around.

A good road is rather to be chosen than patent springs.

The state of Rhode Island recently voted in favor of spending $600,000 in the improvement of her highways.

In the state of Pennsylvania all the counties except seven have applied for state aid under the new good roads law.

All the leading farmers and financial interests of Lowndes county, Miss., are behind a determined movement to get better roads for that county. It is likely the county will issue bonds.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

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Wednesday, Oct. 10th, at Hotel Rushford.

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to

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Subscribe for the News.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.......Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.Thief River Falls.Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar....Middle River....Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush......Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches your eyes ache, your eyes water, your eyes burn your eyes itch, your glasses don't fit, you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Rohrbeck, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., August, 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 25, 1906, viz: Charles Kittelson, H. E. No. 444, (Red Lake Series) for the Lots 7-8-9- and SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 17, T. 153 N., R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

William H. Connelly, of Kratka, Minn.
Ole Christopherson, of " "
Albert Hanson, of " "
John R. Hesby, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 23 sept 20 pd

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, August 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on October 3rd, 1906, viz: Valerya Benka, H. E. 341 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Section 20, Township 154 N, Range 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Mrs. Veronika Benka, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Alex Pselnski, " " " "
Joseph oskl, " " " "
John Hurt, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 30 sept 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Ole J. Nomland, H. E. No. 107, Red Lake Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 21, T'wp., 154 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole Grinde, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Hans O. Hansen, " " " "
Charles C. Hoagland, " " " "
Thom H. onsild, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 30 oct 4

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date hereof Three hundred thirty-seven and 75-100 Dollars ($337.75) for principal and interest upon a mortgage given by William A. Kratka and Sophia A. Kratka, his wife, mortgagors, to H. G. Dobner, mortgagee, dated December 16th, 1905 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, January 9th, 1906 at 11:30 o'clock A. M. in book 13 of mortgages on page 219, mortgaging and conveying the following described land, situated in said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered forty-five (45), forty-six (46) forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) in block numbered twenty-six (26) of Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the city of Thief River Falls according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County and State, to secure the payment of three hundred fifteen and 95-100 dollars ($315.95), and interest.

Notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises will be sold under foreclosure thereof at public auction on the 18th day of October, 1906, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. by the sheriff of said County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State to pay the sum then due on said mortgage, including taxes, if any, then paid, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, and foreclosure disbursements.

Dated August 25th, 1906.

H. G. DOBNER, Mortgagee.

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

aug 30 o4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th., 1906, viz: Margaretha Kalns, formerly Margaretha Clausen, H. E. No. 3009 Chippewa Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 28 in T'wp. 155 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Hans Clausen, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Thomas " " " "
Nick Bundlund, " " "
John Ristau, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 6 oct 4

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate, Under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff, vs. Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 31st day of August, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at One o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of Section six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), Range Forty-Five (45), containing 160 acres of land. Dated September 3rd, 1906.

D. Linnehan,
Sheriff of Red Lake County

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

sept 6 to oct 11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office Crookston, Minnesota, October 27th, 1906, viz Anton Korojed H. E. No. 965, Red Lake Lands, Act Feb. 20, 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 2 T'p 154 N. Rg 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Staska, " " " "
Andrew Bresena, " " " "
Frank Cerenocheck, of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18 pd

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls Minnesota, on 5th November 1906 viz: Thom Bednarchik H. E. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec 8, Twp 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph [illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
Andrew [illegible], " "
John [illegible], " "
[illegible] Nelson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 [illegible]

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

POLITICAL NEWS.

In a speech at Louisville William J. Bryan read a lengthy statement elaborating his position on government ownership of railroads, declaring that "the making of platforms rests with the voters of the whole party and I never have and never will attempt to force my opinions or those of a few men on the people."

Democrats of Colorado have nominated a state ticket headed by Alva Adams for governor. The most important action of the convention was the reading out of the party of the Speer faction of Denver county because of their alleged subserviency to local utility corporations.

Philip B. Stewart, recently nominated for governor of Colorado on the Republican ticket, has sent a letter to the Republican state chairman declining the nomination. His reason is the placing of Judge W. A. Gabbert, elected as a Populist, on the Republican ticket.

Senator Dick has been re-elected chairman of the Republican state executive committee of Ohio, a position that carries with it the leadership of the party in that state. Seven of the twenty-one districts opposed his re-election.

William R. Hearst has been nominated for governor of New York by the state convention of the Independence league. When the nominee appeared on the stage to announce his acceptance he was cheered for half an hour.

William J. Bryan was given an enthusiastic welcome at St. Louis by a mass meeting of 12,000 people, who had gathered at the Coliseum to hear his address.

Delaware Democrats have endorsed William J. Bryan for the presidency in 1908.

Autos as Aids to Good Roads.

A recent English periodical finds that the automobile is doing much to improve the character of the rural roads and that people having desirable country places for sale or lease have less difficulty now than formerly in disposing of them. The auto has made English highways fully 50 per cent better than formerly, and the improvement continues. The good roads division of our department of agriculture claims that what is doing for England in this direction is also doing for us, says the New York correspondent of the Pittsburg Dispatch. It has been noticed, for instance, that substantially all the roads leading out of the large cities of the country are today in good order. This is particularly true of the eastern and northern central states. From the Alleghanies to the Mississippi the country roads in many counties are in exceptionally fine condition. The farmers are paying more attention to this subject than ever before, not only under the spur of the owners of autos, but on their own account. They have been educated to understand that good roads will help them to get to market. A farmer living ten miles from his county seat in the middle west and reckoning the distance by the time it takes to drive it is able under the improving highway conditions to reach town in almost half the time formerly consumed. The practical value of this change he is not long in seeing.

Test of Oiling a Roadway.

The half mile of oiled road on the avenue facing the State Agricultural college at Manhattan, Kan., has withstood the cold weather satisfactorily so far, says the Kansas City Star. In a few places the residuum oil did not penetrate the required six inches, and these places will need further working. The work was done last September and required 4,400 gallons of oil, at 1½ cents a gallon at the wells. The freight was about the same, making the total cost about $140. The experiment seems to justify the claims made for it by its supporters. It is now said that Manhattan horsemen will oil the half mile drive in the city park the coming spring.

Stone Roads For a Texas District.

Macadam streets and pikes are now being built in Plano, Tex., which is in the "black wax" soil district, says a Plano special dispatch to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The example was set by the Commercial club, which built two miles of pike. Now the citizens have subscribed money for macadamizing the principal streets of the town. When that is accomplished the pikes will be taken up again, and it is expected that between ten and twelve miles will be built within a short while.

Always Order
when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Sept. 19.—The primary election has interfered considerably with the state campaign in this city. There was a hot fight on here and as it grew in intensity it distracted attention from state issues. That is out of the way now and interest will probably center in the campaign for the state ticket.

• • •

President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western is a most interesting character. He is an original kind of a fellow and has his own way of doing things. In a long article, fully illustrated and published in an evening paper, he exposes some of the trickery of railroad rate making. He demonstrates satisfactorily that the provision of the law requiring the rates to be published is a dead letter so far as its practical effect is concerned, and shows by photographic exhibits the volumes of schedules a shipper would have to go through in order to inform himself of any rate. There are a good many people guessing what Mr. Stickney is up to in informing the public so fully as to "this common form of swindling," as he calls it. Some are inclined to think it is a desire to get even with someone. I don't believe that. Mr. Stickney does not seem to me to be that sort of a man. He sees no reason for existing conditions, and is sick of the whole affair and wants the rate schedules made as plain as the time cards. He believes all the shippers should be treated alike. It is hard for the ordinary man to understand Stickney, for he is by no means an ordinary man. He has pursued his independent course so long now that he deserves to be given credit for sincerity until some act of his exposes other motives than the good of the people and the railroads.

• • •

The "stuff" sent out by the Democratic bureau, I notice, refers to Johnson's speech of Jan. 10 before the Municipal league in St Paul, and recites how accurately he pointed out the matter of rate excesses and discriminations. Instances are given as to how he compared rates with those in force in Iowa to the disadvantage of this state. It also alludes to his speech before the annual meeting of the Northwestern traveling men at Albert Lea when he declared for a 2-cent fare. These things are all right, as far as they go. But the trouble is that they are nothing more than "sounding brass and tinkling cymbal." It reminds me of the illustration in the Scriptures of the emptiness of talk. In the Epistle of James, I think it is, a practical example is given by reciting the condition of the naked and hungry, who are admonished to "depart in peace, be ye warmed and fed, notwithstanding ye give them not those things which are needful for the body—what doth it profit?" The governor did a nice lot of talking, but it ended there, and what did it profit? Had he followed up his talk by some earnest work I would not now have my own credulity strained to believe that he meant business when he finally made the attempt to get into the game.

• • •

I was talking to an ex-representative the other day who sat in the house with Staples. My friend was in a reminiscent mood and he talked of Staples and "Jake," as the gentleman from Lac qui Parle is familiarly known. "That was a great pair," said my friend. "They were very different in character—very different. They differed on some questions and then it was a clash of giants, for both were keen and able, but there was an affinity between them just the same, and that sprang from the common hatred they each had for the grafter and the woodchuck. Staples was probably one of the keenest men who ever sat in the house. He has an analytical mind and the man who introduced a general bill affecting the whole state had to 'show him' before he got it through. If he couldn't do that Staples usually showed the house. I'll bet $100 no man in the state can point to one vote of Charley Staples during his entire legislative experience which has not been on the right side. Mr. Staples is a great deal bigger man than the people have any idea of, because he is modest and unassuming. While he makes little fuss about it he is a natural born student and has a wonderful way of marshalling facts. The state is fortunate in having in office men of the Staples stamp.

• • •

The little squabble between Day and the Hearst followers would not down. The dire straits of the party for a candidate for governor prevented it from breaking out at the time of the convention. The Hearst people then gave Governor Johnson their ultimatum, which proved to be no ultimatum at all. They said to the governor, you must do without Day or without us, but the governor, knowing his advantage, said you must swallow my private secretary or do without me. The nerve of the governor triumphed and the Hearst fellows backed down for the time being. They knew that if the convention did not renominate the governor there would be a fight to which the scrap of the Kilkenny cats would fade into insignificance and they retreated. That they were not vanquished, however, is evidenced by the resignation of W. F. Everts of Foley, one of the Democratic state committee. The committee has succeeded in keeping Mr. Everts' letter out of the press, but enough of it is known to show that between the chairman of the Democratic committee and the Hearst followers is "a great gulf fixed."

Subscribe for the News.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The jury in the case against State Senator Franklin B. Mays, ex-Representative Willard N. Jones and George Sorenson, on trial at Portland, Ore., has returned a verdict finding all three defendants guilty of conspiracy to defraud the government of lands in connection with the creation of the Blue Mountain forest reserve.

A plea of not guilty has been entered in the probate court at Findlay, O., by John D. Rockefeller on the charge of violating the anti-trust law through the Standard Oil company. His trial was set for the first Monday in October.

The grand jury at Chicago has voted indictments against Paul O. Stensland, former president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank and now under arrest in Tangier, and Henry W. Hering, the cashier, now confined in jail at Chicago.

Thomas W. Alexander, head of the largest cotton firm in Augusta, Ga., who two months ago disappeared after having defaulted for a sum approximating $200,000, has been arrested in Pittsburg.

The grand jury at Pittsburg has returned true bills against Augustus Hartje, John S. Welshons and Clifford Hooe, charging them with conspiracy to defame the character of Mrs. Mary Scott Hartje.

Solomon Urbach, a diamond merchant of New York city, was robbed of $40,000 worth of diamonds while on a sleeping car en route from New York city to Baltimore.

A gang of four highwaymen blew open the safes in both banks at Underwood, N. D., obtained about $10,000 in cash and fled into the country.

Henry D. Stevenson, a Minneapolis contractor, is dead as the result of an altercation with John E. Layne, another contractor of that city.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Running without permission a handcar loaded with trackmen of the Wheeling and Lake Erie railroad ran off an open draw over the Maumee river at Toledo and the twelve men on the car were drowned.

Three men were killed at Rushville, Ind., by coming in contact with a barbed wire fence that had been charged with electricity from the plant of the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Traction company.

Two violent and seemingly distinct storms visited Johnson county, Neb., in one afternoon, resulting in the death of four persons, the fatal injury of two others and painful injury of five more.

The big packing plant of the Cudahy Bros.' Packing company at Cudahy, Wis., was badly damaged by fire Thursday night. The loss will aggregate $400,000.

Eleven persons were killed and twelve injured in a headon collision between two Canadian Pacific railway passenger trains at Azilda, Ont.

In jumping from a moving train P. J. Thistlewood, a wealthy grain dealer of Cairo, Ill., fell and broke his neck, dying almost instantly.

Seven trainmen were killed in a collision of freights on the Western and Atlantic railroad at Ringgold, Ga.

Two persons were killed and a score injured, three seriously, in a collision of street cars at San Francisco.

Tremendous rain storms have caused great damage in Nebraska.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

The insecurity of life and property in the Baltic provinces, which culminated Saturday in the murder of Herr Bush, a rich German manufacturer and the leader of the German colony at Riga, has led the German embassy at St. Petersburg again to make energetic representations to the foreign office concerning the adoption of measures for the protection of German subjects.

General Dmitri Feodorovich Trepoff, commandant of the Russian imperial palace, died suddenly in his villa at Peterhof of angina pectoris. Trepoff for years had held the distinction of being the most hated man in all Russia. A score of times attempts have been made to assassinate him, but each time Trepoff has escaped unharmed. He was fifty years of age.

An attempt made by the rural police to arrest seven peasants at the village of Lukonitsa, who had been organizing disorders among the peasantry, resulted in a collision between the mob and the soldiers. The latter fired a volley, killing eight persons and wounding sixty.

Anti-Jewish agitation is rife at Odessa. Wall spaces, the sides of houses and telegraph poles throughout the city have been plastered with a proclamation issued by the "Union of Russian People" urging patriots to combine to exterminate the Jews.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Former Governor Aaron Thomas Bliss of Michigan is dead at Sacred Heart sanitarium, Milwaukee, of apoplexy. He had been in ill health for a year.

J. H. A. Bone, veteran associate editor of the Cleveland Plaindealer and one time boyhood chum of John D. Rockefeller, is dead at Cleveland.

William H. Meyer, president and manager of the Milwaukee Tugboat line and well known in marine circles, died suddenly in Denver.

Daniel O'Day, the Standard Oil capitalist, is dead at Royan, France. Mr. O'Day was sixty two years of age.

Henry K. Wampole, a wealthy Philadelphia manufacturer of chemicals, committed suicide by drowning.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Logs sufficient to run the Minneapolis mills until the river freezes are in sight.

Minnesota butter captured first and second prizes at the South Dakota state fair last week.

The eighteenth annual convention of the United States Brewmasters met at Minneapolis last week.

The State Agricultural society has agreed to give the Twin Cities each a building site on the fair grounds.

The official figures place the attendance at the recent state fair at 295,263, which is an increase of 22,209 over last year.

Colonel [illegible] R. Yolton, the founder of the Modern Samaritans and the imperial organizer of the order, is dead at St. Paul.

Martin Peterson, the man, who gained fame by the capture of the Ulen wild man some time ago, has been committed to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

Ralph Hughes, a stranger working with Castle Bros. on a ditching machine north of Ada, was accidentally struck by the long sweep on the machine and killed.

Automobiles will be given a substantial raise by the state board of equalization. The returns show that the average assessment per automobile is not much over $200.

Ed Moran of Red Lake Falls lost his barn, three valuable horses and eleven tons of hay by fire. It is presumed that some small boys playing on the premises started the fire.

Unable to secure rails with which to equip the roadbed the Red River Lumber company has been forced to abandon for the present the extension of its Mallard branch to Squaw Lake.

While attempting to cross the Chicago Great Western tracks at Dodge Center ahead of a stock car which was being shifted Harvey E. Mathney was struck by the car and instantly killed.

Nine times as many divorces were granted Thursday by Judges Brown and Brooks in Minneapolis as there were marriage licenses issued by Clerk Wiggin of the office of the clerk of the district court.

Major W. D. Hale, postmaster at Minneapolis, wired to Washington last week for authority to employ extra men to assist in the distribution of the vast pile of campaign literature that is accumulating in the Minneapolis office.

The two-year-old son of Dan Powers of Ortonville was burned to death. The parents were absent and the children were playing with matches and the little one's clothes caught fire and he was burned so that the flesh fell from his body.

Tom Welsh, a farmer living about three miles south of Red Lake Falls, killed a big black bear which was roaming on the prairie near his farm. The bear weighed 286 pounds and is the second one killed in that vicinity within the last month.

Peter Blar, the Minneapolis saloonkeeper whose automobile is said to have inflicted the injuries which caused the death of Frank Jerome at the Minneapolis city hospital about three weeks ago, has been indicted by the Hennepin county grand jury on a charge of manslaughter in the second degree.

E. O. Peterson, one of Red Wing's most progressive business men, is dead as a result of injuries received several days ago. He was working in the annex of his hardware store and while removing some wares from a platform above lost his balance and fell ten feet, his head striking a plowshare.

The state railway and warehouse commission has issued an order to the express companies of the state to appear before the commission on Sept. 26 for a hearing at which will be discussed the reasonableness of tariffs, rates and charges for transportation of merchandise and all other commodities between stations in Minnesota.

Peter Jensen, forty years old, was found unconscious on the street car tracks at North St. Paul. He was taken aboard a Stillwater car and hurried to the St. Paul city hospital, but was dead when he reached that institution. Jensen, while intoxicated, lay down on the track and fell asleep. He was hit by the fender of a car and his skull crushed.

Mrs. Knute Brakke, residing on a farm near Rochester, has died of fright. She was lying ill in bed when she saw her husband and son imperilled in a runaway accident. She arose and hurried into the yard, where she was overcome by weakness and fainted. She was revived by members of her family but within fifteen minutes died from shock.

John A. Ryan, hotel inspector under the law passed by the legislature of 1906, is up against it, judging from the quarterly report which he has transmitted to the state auditor. The amount of money collected for inspections did not pay his expenses, to say nothing of his salary. There is no appropriation for the hotel inspector outside of the fees he collects.

Edward Wilkie, alias John Kelly, was arrested at Fergus Falls a week ago on the charge of holding up John Romstad. It has since developed that Wilkie comes from one of the leading families of Paterson, N. J., and his brother has arrived from that city with letters from the mayor, the judges of the municipal court the district congressman and other prominent officials, urging that he be treated of leniently.

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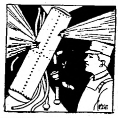

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

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GRADERS FOR ROADS

POINTS ON MAKING GOOD USE OF THE MACHINES.

Season's Work Should Be Planned In Advance—Value of Having Graders In Use as Soon as the Ground Is Dry—Best Way to Work the Horses.

The grading machine is unquestionably the most generally useful of modern roadmaking implements on roads of the class being built in Ontario, says the commissioner of highways in Ontario, Canada, in his ninth annual report. A road grader is a necessity in every township where good roads are being constructed. By their use the cost of grading the roads is greatly reduced and a great improvement in the making and repair of roads is effected. They are of greatest value in townships where gravel and broken stone are not to be had and dependence must be placed on earth roads. At the same time they are none the less a necessity in the construction and repair of gravel and broken stone roads, and even among stumps and stones when properly handled they work in a most surprising manner. It is not their use which it now seems necessary to urge, but rather there is need of guarding against their misuse.

A matter of first importance in making good use of a grader is to plan the season's work in advance. The township road commissioners, councilors or a committee of the council, according to the local system of road management, should go over the roads early in the year and determine what grading is required. This work should be staked out according to the definite width and dimensions of roads as required by township regulations. The grader when it commences in the spring should proceed to each piece of work consecutively and should be in use continuously until the grading is done for that year.

In some townships it is customary for the grading machines to go here and there over the township without method—one day on one side of the township, next day on the opposite side, then to another distant part, backward and forward, wasting a considerable part of the wages of men and teams in moving from one part of the township to another. By following a well considered schedule the cost of moving the machine between different pieces of work is reduced to a minimum.

Arrangements should be made every spring to have the grader in use as soon as the ground is sufficiently dry. The soil is then in its best condition for manipulation, having been mellowed by frost. The roads are rough and most in need of treatment. Roads which are properly graded early in spring are at once compacted by traffic, and they will remain in their best condition all summer. If the work is left until late in the season clay soils become baked and hardened, difficult to handle and rough when finished. Sandy soils if loosened up late in the year will be much more dusty than if treated early in the spring, when they are damp and readily compacted by traffic.

One of the first essentials in providing that the roads will be properly graded is to select the right man to operate the grader. He should be active and energetic, with some mechanical experience, one who will take an interest in his work, who will make a study of roadmaking and who will be willing to follow the instructions given him by the township road commissioner or councilor having supervision of the work. When such a man is found he should be engaged from year to year, so that his growing experience will render him more efficient.

The same horses should be used in operating the grader for an entire season at least. "Green" horses are very awkward, will not pull together, waste much time, and even a reliable man as operator cannot under such circumstances, perform good work. Horses used continuously become accustomed to the work, to each other, to the driver and will produce much better results.

Some townships instead of horses use a traction engine for certain work. Where one can be rented from a local thrasher it can usually be obtained very cheaply in the early part of the year. Where a considerable stretch has to be graded without turning, as in cutting off the shoulders of old gravel roads, a traction engine is much preferable to horses. It is more steady.

The township regulations as to the width and dimensions of the road should be closely followed in grading. These generally provide for a width of twenty-four feet between the inside edges of the open drains on roads of greatest travel, twenty feet on roads of moderate travel and eighteen feet on roads of least travel. A rise of from one-half an inch to one inch to the foot from the inside edge of the drain to the center of the road is ample crown for a new road after the gravel or stone has been placed on it. More than this is unnecessary and an injury. There is a tendency in the use of graders to crown roads excessively, and this should be guarded against.

Where gravel or stone is regularly used for surfacing roads only such an extent of new road should be graded as can be metaled and otherwise completed in the one summer. If this is not done the work of grading has practically to be done over in many cases before gravel can be applied, as the road will be so much cut by traffic and washed out by rains and freshets of the ensuing wet seasons. In addition the road is left in a very soft condition, readily turning it into a deep slough of mud. The ideal method for making a good road for traffic and for conserving the road metal is to roll down and consolidate the grade as left by the grader. On this should be placed a layer of broken stone and this in turn rolled down for traffic.

GOOD HEALTH GIVERS

IMPROVED HIGHWAYS FROM A MEDICAL POINT OF VIEW.

Michigan Physician Points Out the Benefits and Disadvantages to Mankind of Fine and Bad Roads—Value of Trees Along Roadsides.

The medical man in pioneer days was many times one of the first to blaze the path, to lay out the road or to plan the highways, and it is a fact that in modern times he is one of the first to lend his knowledge and aid to further the movement of good roads, says Dr. E. B. Smith, secretary of the Michigan College of Medicine and Surgery, in the Auto Advocate and Country Roads.

Many years ago Michigan possessed a man of sterling worth, broad intellect and keen observation for the requirements of the people of his locality and the needs of good roads and the reclaiming of many acres for new settlers and clearing up of the cause of much sickness and death. Dr. Henry Wyman in about 1844 was a member of the legislature from Lenawee county. The district was a great cottonwood swamp. Malaria and typhoid fever prevailed every month of the year. Through his efforts in the legislative body Dr. Wyman secured appropriations for digging a ditch a considerable distance across Lenawee and well into Monroe. They say that at that time logs were felled, and over the logs was thrown the dirt from the ditch, which contained considerable clay. These logs were either fired on purpose or by chance, and the fire baked the clay into the brick substance, and today going through this country one can see the result of that baking process.

As a result of this ditching and turnpiking there are no more beautiful farms, with people enjoying good health, in any other part of the United States than in Lenawee and Monroe counties. So I believe that as good roads mean good drainage—that is, drainage of the surface of the road, drainage under the road and drainage along the sides of the road—so we have good health to those living along the roads constructed after this manner.

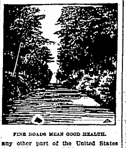

FINE ROADS MEAN GOOD HEALTH.

Man is so constructed that when he walks, runs or jumps the jar is lessened and entirely spent before it reaches tissue or vital organs that are unable to withstand it. This is so on account of the arch in the foot and on account of the elasticity of that arch. This arch is a more perfect one than you builders can make. Between each joint are fluid buffers, and running from one bone to another, keeping the joints from spreading and to aid them to swing, are guy ropes that assume a lax or tense condition, as required, and between each bone in the spinal column are mattresses that make it possible for one to jump from a considerable height, and, striking upon the feet, the force of the blow is carried from part to part of the body and the force spent upon these resisting bodies until it is spent before reaching the brain. I firmly believe that the rough, bad roads of our country are no small factor as a cause of the large number of nervous and insane cases that our rural districts supply.

Catarrhal conditions are aggravated by the dust from the roads, the decaying vegetable life along the roadside breeds disease, and the stagnated pool is a fertile field for low forms of animal life. From these the air is polluted, and man has only to be found in a condition to be infected. It is too bad that these stagnant pools cannot cry out to the passerby: "Unclean! Unclean!" If this were so you and I could turn out of the way and pass by.

Healthy plant life along the roadside is conducive to good health in man. It helps give unto man that which man needs for his growth and for his living. What is pleasing to the eye gives health. That is one reason why the tourist and travelers seek other climes. The eye is delighted. It is pleased. That helps the body. Every special sense is helped, and so the great body is made more healthy. The nose smells, and we are pleased or displeased. We are satisfied, even gratified, or we are disgusted and sickened. The ear hears the sweet songs, the mind becomes joyous, and the heart beats stronger and fuller, and we are made to feel the joy of exhilaration at the pleasant surroundings; we are made to feel that it is good to live. The keen sense of taste begins to manifest itself. The appetite is sharpened, the stomach does better work, and the man begins to feel his power and strength and feels that it is good to be here.

I can say to you farmers, I can say to you men outside of the cities and towns, that good roads are your salvation, your health. I can say that that which improves your everyday life and that which improves your walks in life make you live longer, make you live easier, make you live a little better, and that which makes you live longer, easier and better makes it possible for you to die easier.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

NEW PHASE OF ROAD WORK.

How Agricultural Department Will Use Collection of Lantern Slides.

There is a phase of the road work of the department of agriculture that from now on will receive more attention than ever and will be of the greatest interest to every community in the United States that expects to build a road, and especially to the agricultural colleges that are helping in this work, says the Washington Star. It is the lantern slide department of object lessons and missionary work. The road office since its establishment has accumulated one of the most unique collections of lantern slides on the road question that have ever come together. There are pictures from all over the United States, and many from abroad, showing roads of all sorts, good, bad and indifferent. Some of the bad roads of the United States, by the way, are about the worst in the world. There are pictures of roads in all stages of construction, showing the material used and how it is put together and the machinery used in the work. There is every phase of material getting, from the work of the convicts blasting out rock at the Folsam penitentiary to the latest improvement of rock crushing machinery.

There are enough of these slides to furnish a dozen series of pictures, each a lecture in itself on road building, the need of roads, the difference in transportation that the coming of good roads has made and the history of roads and transportation all over the country. These pictures are being arranged in series and will form an illustrated circulating library for the agricultural colleges of the country that want them. They are to be loaned out to the colleges, with or without lectures accompanying them, and will form a valuable auxiliary to any school that is teaching roadmaking, besides making an interesting lecture for the community at large, and the smaller towns especially are very much alive to this sort of entertainment and education. The set of slides is a collection that none of the smaller colleges could ever get for themselves, both on account of the prohibitive cost and the difficulty of finding just what they wanted to illustrate a particular phase of the work at a given time. It is the sort of thing that the government, with agents everywhere, can get together at comparatively little trouble and expense, and it will be made available for use in a score of colleges year after year at practically no expense to the government and none at all to the school.

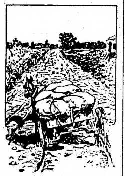

A BAD ROAD IN VERMONT.

Value of Good Roads to Property.

The question "Do good roads pay?" is being continually demonstrated by such facts as this, taken from a Florida paper: J. C. Sloth, the real estate broker, could have bought a certain tract of land a few months ago at $[illegible]. An "object lesson" road was built in the locality, and he was authorized by a client to pay $3,[illegible] for it, but found when he made his tender that it had just been sold for $2,700. The value had been enhanced by an amount sufficient to pay for half a mile of improved road, and the gain in value of half a mile of abutting property at the same rate would pay for ten miles of good roads at the same cost.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1906 NUMBER 39

Historical Society

CROP OVER ESTIMATED

As a Result Farmers Will Not Secure a Good Price for Wheat.

Elevator Companies and Speculators Will Reap a Big Harvest.

The crop in North Dakota has again been over estimated. Instead of 100,000,000 bushels which the crop estimators predicted from the yields that have been received there will be but about 60,000,000 bushels according to conservative estimates. There is simply an average crop there instead of the bumper that the estimators heralded forth from one end of the country say the Crookston Journal.

What is the result?

It is simply this: The price of wheat has been hammered down and will be kept down until the bulk of the crop has left the farmers' hands and then there will be a jump upwards in price and the speculator and elevators will reap a rich harvest.

Time and time again this same trick has been turned and a time is coming when there will be a change. It is dishonest and the money is taken from the pockets of the farmers and they are robbed of the fruits of their labors. The income of the farmer while substantial in this section of the country is not so great that he should not receive all that his produce is worth. To defraud him out of a part of it and divide it up among the speculators and elevator companies is an injustice that passes the outrageous point.

Just how the matter could be remedied is not so easy a question to answer, but it would be a good plan perhaps to have official estimators and publish estimates at least once a week until the threshing has commenced. The trouble with the government report is that it reaches the people too late to be effective. It is also impossible to give anything but a superficial report with the present limited corps of government estimators.

Something should be done before another crop is harvested for the protection of the farmers.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

YOUNG BOY KILLED.

Sad Accident That Happened at Plummer Last Wednesday.

Clarence Flnrow, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Finrow, was accidently killed at Plummer last Wednesday morning as a result of a runaway.

The boy was at the elevator with his father and was left in the wagon to hold the horses, when they took fright and started to run. They made directly for the village main street, and although the lad made heroic efforts to stop them he was unsuccessful. When near his father's store he was thrown out by a sudden swerve of the runaways and the heavy wagon passed over him crushing him terribly. Assistance was at hand immediately but nothing could be done for him and he died in a very few moments.

The accident is one of the saddest that has happened in this county for a long time and has caused universal regret.

A ST. HILAIRE MAN.

John Ellison Steps Into a Separator Feeder at Larimore.

John Ellison a thresher hand is at a Grand Forks hospital for treatment for a badly mangled foot.

Ellison's injury, he claims, was the result of an accident near Larimore when he stepped into a separator feeder. He was standing on top of the machine and slipped. The foot was so badly mangled as to make necessary the amputation of all the toes.

The victim will be laid up for several weeks at least. His home is at St. Hilaire.

A Girl With Nerve.

Miss Kvoalski, a sixteen year old girl of town Sinnott, showed wonderful nerve and presence of mind the other day for one of her age. She has assisted her father during harvest, driving a team attached to a selfbinder as well as any man. On Monday she drove out to the field in a buggy and hitching on to the binder she stepped in front of the sickle while the horses moved a little. Her heel was caught and severly cut by the teeth of the sickle. She was all alone yet she kept her composure, tied up the wound the best she could and unhitched the horses and then hitched them onto the buggy and drove home. She was then brought to Stephen and taken to Warren by train to have her injury attended to at the Hospital. Many a grown person would have given up in despair in such a dilemma and perhaps bled to death.—Warren Sheaf.

Sues Circus Man.

P. J. Russell, the well known Bemidji attorney, has begun an action in the United States court at Fergus Falls against Edward, Doc, Virgie, Fred and Al. Campbell, constituting the firm of Campbell Bros., asking damages in the sum of $5,000 for the loss of his son's eyesight. The complaint alleges that the son, whose name is Byron Russell, was in the vicinity of the circus tent owned by the defendants on June 13 last, and that while some of their performers were engaged in some fancy shooting, a splinter from a glass ball, which had been broken by a rifle shot, struck the boy in the eye, penetrating the eyeball and totally destroying its sigth. The circus was exhibiting at Bemidji at the time the accident occured.

Bank Robbing is Profitable.

Bank robbery has been a very profitable business in the Northwest this fall. Only a few weeks ago, the bank at Akeley, Minn., was looted, the robbers securing $3,000, and on Saturday night, the bank of Underwood, N. D., shared a similar fate, evidently at the hands of the same gang, the plunder amounting to about $12,000. In both instances, citizens were attracted to the scene by the noise of the explosions, but the burglars cooly ordered them away enforcing their orders with loaded guns and went on with their work. The recent Mentor and Crookston robberies were probably the work of the same gang which has thus far succeeded in eluding the authorities everywhere.

Taxation for Good Roads.

The proposed constitutional amendments, authorizing the state legislature to make a direct tax levy for road purposes, which is to be voted upon at the general election next November, should receive the affirmative vote of every citizen. Good roads are necessary and indispensable and of significant importance for the welfare of the state and its inhabitants. It is high time some substantial method is inaugurated in building and maintaining permanent highways to supplant the present abominable system, which is nothing less than farce and graft.—Glenwood Register.

Notice.

House and two lots for sale or rent. Good seven room residence cheap if taken soon. In good location. Inquire at the First National Bank.

HIT BY THE PASSENGER

Section Crew On a Handcar Run Into the Passenger Train.

Thomas T. Sletten Severely Injured as a Result of the Collision.

The Great Northern passenger train ran into the section crew on a hand car as they were coming into St. Hilaire last Friday morning and severely injured Thomas T. Sletten. The train came upon the crew in the bend just south of town and they all jumped off the hand car but Sletten. Engineer Milligan put on all the brakes but was too close to stop the train and it threw the hand car one way and Sletten to the other side of the track. He was picked up and brought into town when it was found that he had a broken shoulder and a severe wound on the head. The south bound freight was abandoned and he was taken to Crookston for treatment. It is expected that he will recover, although his injuries are very severe. Mr. Sletten is well known in this vicinity, having lived at St. Hilaire for over twenty years.

Kelliher to Build Roads.

The special election held at Kelliher last Saturday for the purpose of voting on the proposition to bond the Town of Kelliher in the sum of $7,000 for the building of better roads within the township resulted in a vote of 35 to 1 in favor of issuing the bonds the one vote being cast by a practical joker, and not intended to figure seriously in the result.

The Commerical Investment company of Duluth has signified a willingness to purchase the bonds and when the money is obtained the greater portion of it will be expended on the road between Kelliher and Shotley postoffice, and if the present plans of the town board of supervisors are carried out before another year the hitherto impassable Shotley swamp will be crossed by an excellent road which will be built along the ditch making a permanent dry thoroughfare.

The supervisors of Shotley township have already voted money to improve the road across their town and will cooperate with the officials of Kelliher in extending the road for the benefit of the many settlers who are almost unable to get in and out of the country.

The building of this road will be a great boon to all the residents of that part of the country. It is expected that the bonds will be sold, the money obtained and work commenced on the road October 1.

The Belle of Japan.

At the Opera House Saturday Sept. 29 will appear one of the very best performances of the season, namely "The Belle of Japan" written by H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia," "Woman in Black," "Ship Ahoy" and others. The production which is under the management of G. Harris Eldon, is of the highest order of merit, the entire stage settings and senery which are carried are remarkably realistic and handsome and were made from sketches drawn by the famous Japanese artist K. Tagamo. The play is not of a farcial order, but has a well defined plot that holds the interest of the audience from the rise of the curtain to the very climax of the last act. It is the real theatrical novelty of the season, combining comedy pathos, sentiment and a strong heart story, intermingled with songs and dances, which are the necessary elements of a successful comedy drama. "The Belle of Japan" has met with most flattering success everywhere and will no doubt be greeted by a packed house here. Tickets will be on sale at Stebbins.

Delivery Not Made.

A number of farmers have been roped into what looks like a swindle by a smooth tongued peddler. He sold 20 bars of soap for a dollar and with every dollar order the purchaser was to receive a present of thirty pieces of Haviland china so if three dollars worth of soap were bought the choice was given between an $18 sofa or bookcase. Upon receiving the order the peddler would leave four bars of toilet soap (marked on the wrapper 25c each) and told that the balance would be shipped next week. From the last reports the parties who received the soap are still looking for the delivery wagon.

Have You Lost a Foot?

Considerable of a sensation was caused yesterday afternoon by some boys finding a human foot floating in the river at the foot of Second street. The foot was evidently the right foot of a man and it looked as if it had been sawed off just below the knee.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Subscribe for the News.

The Star STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

FRAUD IS ALLEGED.

Ballots Cast at Red Lake Agency May Be Thrown Out.

Bemidji, Minn., Sept. 21: J. N. Oman; of Red Lake agency, appeared before the county canvassing board this forenoon and protested against the counting of the returns from the Red Lake agency on the grounds of fraud. He stated that two-thirds of those persons who voted at the agency precinct were full-blood Indians, and under the law not entitled to vote; and that a number of those who voted were unduly influenced by John Morrison, Jr., supervisor of the Cross Lake Indian school; and that they were not legal voters, anyway, under the statutes.

Authorities were consulted and the new code says relative to the right of the full-bloods to vote, in Section 3, of Article 7, of the constitution of the state:

"Persons of Indian blood residing in this state, who have adopted the language, customs and habits of civilization, after an examination before any district court of the state, in such manner as may be provided by law, and shall have been pronounced by said court capable of enjoying the rights of citizenship within the state," shall be entitled to vote.

It is claimed that the legislature has never passed an act whereby full-bloods are admitted to citizenship. The law provides that in the absence of fraud, minor irregularities shall be overlooked, but if there is evidence of fraud there is grounds for contest, and the supreme court has upheld the law.

Red Lake agency voting precinct was first established in 1896, by proclamation of the governor, and again was established Oct. 5, 1898 by the board of county commissioners. Nothing else toward the establishment of the precinct was done either before or subsequent to those dates, although the law provides for the establishment of precincts at the regular January and July meetings of the board.

Young Folks Married.

Married, on Sunday, September 16th, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Rolland, in Sanders, Miss Olga Lenora Wig to Mr. John Rolland, Rev. C. W. Gilman officiating. Only the relatives and immediate friends of the happy couple were present.

Both bride and groom were raised in this county and were well and favorably known by a wide circle of friends. The SPECTATOR unites with a large number of their friends in extending congratulations and wishes that their married life may be happy and prosperous. The newly wedded couple left on the Sunday evening Soo train for the cities, where they will spend a couple of weeks.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

HERE IS A GOOD LIST

Farmers Who Received Over $50 For Cream During August.

One man Gets a Check for $94.25 and Another $74.90

Last Friday was pay day at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of August and the business done was exceptionally large. $5,545.37 was the net amount paid to the patrons after all expenses were paid. The settlement was on the basis of 24 cents per pound for butter fat.

August is a busy month with the farmer and it is very gratifying to the management that the receipts are nearly as large as they were in June, and a great gain over a year ago.

The following are the names of the farmers drawing over $50.00 and the amounts:

C. A. Lindquist	$ 94 25
C. A. Melin	74 90
Peter Johnson	70 20
H. Haupt	64 13
Chas Seeger	63 72
Anton Aubol	54 91
N. A. Nelson	54 24
O. L. Larson	55 92
Fred Soderberg	61 41
L. A. Carlson	55 03
F. M. Brevick	51 50
Swan Wiborg	60 23
And Mortensen	54 45
Sdhumacher Bros	52 59
H. J. Hanson	50 33
Claus Hendricks	55 94
J. Longtin, Red Lake Falls	50 76
P. W. Peterson	51 05
Peter Swanson	50 25
H. Sletten	53 71

Special Election.

The village council have decided to call a special election for Tuesday, October 2nd, for the purpose of voting on the proposition to bond the village of St. Hilaire for $10,000 to put in an electric light plant. The council have received a letter from the Crookston Lumber company in regard to renting the water power and they have stated that they see no reason why a deal cannot be made, but at this time no definite arrangements have been made. A good deal will depend on the contract made with the lumber company.

Maybe You Don't Object to Having

Your clothes made of cotton mixed fabrics; possibly you think "a little cotton wont do any harm." All right; but you do object to paying a price based on "a little cotton" for clothes that are more than half cotton.

That's the trouble with all adulteration in Clothes, or anything; you have opened the gate wide. We've seen suits being sold at $20.00 and $25.00 that looked like the price, but when tested showed nearly 50 per cent cotton; worth about $5.00 if you prize by the way they look in a month's wear.

That's why we sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes. They are all wool, and there's no fraud or deception about that. You know exactly what you're getting for your money when you spend it for these clothes; And you get it at

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

A Dying and Cleaning Establishment

Will be opened on Sept. 20th., 1906 on the corner of Main and 1st. streets. The French dry cleaning which especially is to be recommended is done with exclusively "dry liquids" wherefore garments like silks, fine woolens, mercerized goods and gloves cannot spoil but appear like new as washed garments never do. With many years experience in Europe as well as different places in the United States, I can gaurantee the public the best of work.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

RATES HAVE BEEN RAISED

New Rate Book of the Insurance Companies Received Last Week.

Rates of Insurance in Thief River Falls Have Been Raised.

The new rate book issued by the insurance companies for Thief River Falls was received by the local agents last week. In almost every case the insurance rates in the city have been raised, and the result is that there is much indignation upon the part of the business men here.

Heretofore insurance rates here had been considered very high, but the large number of brick and cement block buildings that have been constructed during the past few years that act as a fire wall for the wooden buildings should have greatly reduced the risks of the insurance companies. This taken with the fact that a system of water works was completed last spring, greatly increasing the efficiency of the local fire department, should certainly have resulted in the rates of Thief River Falls being lowered instead of raised. The largest rate in the city is on the west side of LaBree avenue from Fant's store to Westin's saloon where insurance on buildings and stocks is eight per cent. In most all parts of the business portion of the city the rates have been raised from 10 to 25 per cent over what they were a year ago, and the insurance companies had always promised the citizens here that when a system of water works was installed the rates in the city would be reduced 25 per cent.

In the past Thief River Falls has proven a very profitable field for insurance companies and every year since the town was first started they have taken thousands of dollars more out of the city in premiums than they have paid back in losses.

Butter and Milk

No better package for preserving butter, to retain its original choice flavor, has ever been devised than the old stone or earthenware jar. When covered with brine it keeps the butter from the air. If the butter could be prevented from shrinking and rising to the top of the brine it would be still better. An excellent plan is to place only a thin film of brine over the butter and fit a plate into the jar upon the butter; then pour melted wax or paraffin upon the plate, completely sealing it air tight. Stored butter should be kept at as low and even a temperature as possible.—Farm Journal.

Foam In the Churn.

Cream that contains too much skim milk and is too cold will foam. Never add hot water to the cream. It must be taken from the churn and heated by placing the can in a pan of hot water and stirring until the desired temperature is reached.

A Business "on Honor."

Milk making and milk selling are and should be largely transacted on honor. The advantage is with the dairyman. The customer who consumes the milk must take it on faith. Such an advantage imposes obligations upon the dairyman which might not be so binding if the buyer's eyes could be his market guide, remarks an exchange.

Handy Milk Pails.

We use cheap tin buckets with flat bottoms. They are easy to clean and light to carry. When soap is used in washing pails, etc., great care must be taken to have it all rinsed out, says a dairyman.

Just Good "Plain" Milk.

Most of us have to be content with selling just good "plain" milk, so what we most need is not instruction regarding ideal care so much as teaching concerning a few simple, inexpensive precautions which shall tend to raise the general grade of the great bulk of milk. The removal of the manure from the stable every day, cows bedded well enough so that their flanks are not coated with manure and their tails soaked with urine and brushed enough so that hairs and flecks of manure and dandruff scales are not falling in a constant shower into the pail—these are some of the simple things that go to make good milk.—Professor J. Van Wagener, Jr.

In Brief.

Cream is cash.

Don't mix warm and cold milk.

Be gentle when milking, even if the flies do bother.

Keep the milk cans open and in the sun when not in use. They need the ventilation.

Cream and milk should always be kept where surrounding atmosphere is pure and cool.

There are no bacteria in the milk when it comes from the cow's udder. They get in mighty quick, though, afterward.

An ice house is a good thing if you can afford it. But you surely can afford cold water to cool the milk.

The milking machine seems to be doing good work. On one farm sixty cows are milked in an hour with one outfit of six machines.—Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

LOCKMAN TOUCHED.

A Breakman Stole $25.75 from Conductor Lockman.

F. R. Scott, a brakeman employed by the Great Northern, was arrested at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon in East Grand Forks by Special Agent Delany, of the Great Northern, charged with stealing an envelope containing $25.75 from a valise belonging to Conductor Lockman, a former conductor on this branch of the Great Northern and who is well known to all citizens of Thief River Falls.

Scott made no objection to going to Grand Forks and later in the afternoon was arraigned in Judge Purcell's court on a charge of grand larceny. He secured a continuance but before doing this he admitted to the officials that he was guilty of the crime, explaining that he needed the money to meet pressing bills.

Scott was a brakeman on Train 10, which left Grand Forks on the night of Sept. 10. Conductor Lockman was in charge and approaching the division point the conductor made out a cash report slip and enclosed in it $25.75, all of it being in currency except the 75 cents. This he placed in his valise expecting to turn it over to the express messenger. When he came to look for it he found it missing, and reported the loss to the detective department, with the result that Scott who has been under suspicion several days and his actions since the theft were carefully looked up, with the result that his arrest was made Thursday.

The matter of making a case against Scott was very much simplified when he admitted his guilt. Much sympathy is expected for Mrs. Scott, who became a mother a few days ago. Scott has been employed on the Great Northern about a year.

DRIVEN TO DEATH.

Sensational Finding of a Jury in a Marshall County Case.

Warren, Minn., Sept. 21.—A verdict that Ida Anderson came to her death as a result of carbolic acid self-administered but that self-destruction was caused by the cruelty and brutal acts of her husband, Nels Anderson, was returned by the coroner's jury late last evening at Eagle Point township in Marshall county.

After spending two days in the investigation the authorities were unable to find any testimony which would directly implicate Nels in giving the poison, but testimony of threats which he had made to her, and of her statements to neighbors that her husband was going to kill her, was introduced.

It was also shown that on the night of the sucide Nels assaulted his wife and daughter with a revolver, and said that he would kill them but before he got the shells in the gun it was taken from him.

An account of his cruelty to his wife and children, of the repeated beatings they had received, and of his last act of striking a baby three weeks old on the night of the suicide, was related by his two oldest daughters and oldest boy.

Bijou Theatre.

The following is the program at the Bijou Threatre this week:

History of a Pair of Pants.

Adventurers of Mona Brandon.

—Illustrated Song—"Bright Eyes Good night," sang by Mr. Hickman, baritone.

The Camera Fiend Takes a Snap Shot of a Drowning Man.

There will be another complete change of program next Monday.

Be Romans In Road Building.

It is a blind people which fixes its eyes on the railroad and considers it the sum of all transportation, says the Pacific Monthly. Only second to it are the wagon roads, and intelligent farming communities ought to appreciate the tremendous yearly loss to the whole community in bad roads. Not only that smaller loads must be hauled, more trips made, more time taken on a trip and greater wear and tear and breakage; not only this, but the community with good solid roads the year round will outstrip its rivals in settlement and increased values. The Romans, for military purposes, built through sparsely settled districts roads which endure today, and the ever accompanying result was the rapid settlement of those districts. The railroad is not the whole thing. Get together my countrymen, and mend your ways. Be Romans; make your roads everlastingly good.

Maintenance of Gravel Roads.

In order to maintain a gravel road in good condition it is well to keep piles of gravel alongside at frequent intervals, so that the persons who repair the road can get the material without going too far for it. As soon as ruts or holes appear on the surface some of this good, fresh material should be added and stamped into position or kept raked smooth until properly consolidated.

To Teach Good Roads.

Professor R. E. Trask, in charge of the department of civil engineering at Denison university, Granville, O., will take up the work of teaching his department how to make good roads, says a Columbus dispatch to the Cleveland Plain Dealer. This is believed to be the beginning of the colleges of Ohio taking up the subject.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

She really tried to study. Who did?

Avis Aker was absent several days last week because of illness.

Last Friday afternoon Miss Ella Green visited the High School.

Norman Jorstad entered school Monday, going into the Sophomore class.

The members of the Geometry class think that Geometry is worse than Greek.

The Juniors seem to have suddenly acquired a poet. May he instill a little poetry into the class.

Three new pupils entered the Freshman class Monday, Edna Crowe, Frances Schmitz and Samuel Pope.

Mr. Hay will teach the pupils of the High School, Eighth and Seventh grades music; as regards notes, etc.

The grammar and high school students now recite music three times a week under the direction of Supt. Hay.

The schoolmates of Clara, Myrtle and Roland Blanchard extend their heartfelt sympathy to them in their bereavement.

The Seniors and Juniors especially desire to express their sorrow for them and to assure them of their warmest sympathy.

Virgil is really interesting although it is hard. "Parce metu," "Neque me sententia vertit," are favorite phrases of the class.

Burnt cork is a great beautifier—in small quantities, taken externally. At least, so think some members of the chemistry class.

'For want of apron's some dresses were lost.' It wasn't any joke either to those who spilled the "Chemical Compound" over their clothes.

The class in English IV is to have a debate to decide whether or not Hamlet was crazy. It will no doubt settle the question for all time.

Last Wednesday Flora McNiven and Lawrence Higgins entered school. But Flora stayed only two days, and then decided not to attend any longer.

A much needed addition to the high school library arrived last week. It consisted of a complete set of Dodd, Mead & Co's New International Encyclopaedia. Competent authorities consider this the greatest work of the kind published.

The old office in the High School building is now used for the chemical laboratory and the small corner room that was the original laboratory is now the office. This change was made necessary by reason of lack of room for the chemistry in the corner room.

It is to be hoped that the Mandolin Club will be reorganized. It is too good an institution to lose. A committee on "ways and means" has been appointed. If satisfactory arrangments can be made there will, no doubt, be "music in the air" all the time.

This week closes the school month of September. Despite the confusion incident to opening school in unfinished buildings and the distraction created by carpenters, plumbers and painters at their work, all the classes are well organized and the outline of work for the month will be completed.

A student who absents himself from school for a day or more is required to bring an excuse from his parent or guardian. To some parents this may seem an unnecessary request, but its fairness must be conceded when it is known that in three buildings full of pupils there must be some who will play hookey if no check is exercised over their absence from school. By requiring it of all no favoritism can be shown.

It is unfortunate that so many of the most promising students in the high school have so far failed to enroll. Inquiry has shown that their absence is unavoidable, but still the fact remains, that the completion of the course would in all probability have placed the student on the highway to financial and professional success, whereas the dropping out now in all likelihood means the end of his school days and the beginning of a slow, hard climb for success without adequate prepaaation. Of course, their absence lowers the high school enrollment but little, for the assembly room is now overcrowded; the ill effects will be felt most sadly by the innocent absentee.

No one realizes the great amount of time necessarily spent nowadays by the teachers outside of school hours in the correction of papers, laying out of advance work and in maintaining the school records. No less than three sets of records are kept up in the local schools by each teacher. This can hardly be avoided, for every well regulated school must have their records, and work in such condition that were the whole present faculty removed in one day, new teachers could from these books continue the work without one day's loss of time to the students. More and more are the instructors coming to learn that the schools are maintained for the pupils and not for the teachers.

Went Against a Bad Combination.

Ralph Green requests us to convey his thanks to all his friends for their votes and support. He says: "I feel proud of the vote I got considering the combination I had to buck up against: Thief River Falls, Earnest L. Quist, Frank Jeffers and John A. Rathstone, of Plummer."—Plummer Pioneer.

STEENERSON COMING.

Ninth Districts Congressman will Be in Thief River Falls Next Week.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson will arrive here next Monday from Crookston and spend a few days looking over the work of the government serveyors in the country northwest of here. Mr. Steenerson is doing this for the purpose of getting familiar with the country tributary to Thief River Falls in order that he may be better posted as to the cost and needs of drainage of the Red Lake Indian lands. Next winter he is going to introduce his drainage bill in congress and it seems very probable that he will succeed in securing its passage.

GERMANTOWN.

Shock threshing was finished last week and stack threshing is now in progress.

Mr. and Mrs. Crebs from St. Paul are visiting with Mrs. Crebs mother, Mrs. Rohrer.

Last Tuesday was the pay day for our creamery. 21½ cents was paid for butter fat for the month of August. We only had one $50 check man namely, Mathias Skogstad, but the farmers commence to realize that it pays to sell cream in the fall and winter time and and commence to prepare themselves accordingly.

John Ristau bought four fresh cows from a farmer up by Esplee last week. Hope some more of the farmers will follow example.

The country around here seem to be alive with black bears, six or seven bears have been shot around here lately.

Last Sunday as the folks at Germantown were eating dinner, it was reported that there was a big bear in August Ruhnke's pasture. There was a scramble for rifles and shot guns and the grove where the bear was supposed to be was soon surrounded by four or five of the boys. John Olson was to drive him out of the grove and William, Morgan, and John Vaughan were stationed on the southwest and north side of the grove, soon Mr. Ruhnke came up with his shot gun to be stationed on the east side of the grove and wanted to know where the bear was, but before Ruhnke had taken position the bear made a dive for the next grove to the east. Olson sent a bullet after him just as he reached the grove but it failed to take effect, the next grove was soon surrounded and the same tactics used. William Vaughan had just taken position on the corner post of the fence about 2 rods from the thick brush when the bear with remarkable swiftness bounded out from the grove and when William fired his 30-30 Winchester at him he went to the left and was fired at by Morgan Vaughan with a shot gun, by this time he had received more lead than he could stand and laid down. John Vaughan came up with his shot gun and finished the game. He was thriumphantly carried into town half an hour after the boys left. The hunt is said to have been quit amusing to those who witnessed it.

William Jones killed another bear last Monday close up to the house where he lives in the middle of the day and as the bear was looking over the garden to find something for dinner Willie got his rifle and sent him one of his 30 30 Winchester it struck the bears teeth and he hid behind a large fencepost. Soon the dog came up and made a dive for the bear who fought desperately, at last the dog was thrown about a rod away by the bear who went for Willie and when within a few feet from him William stopped him with a bullet through the head.

Mr. Jones killed one bear on Ole Overums land little over a week ago.

We learn that Joe Crebs from St. Paul shot a huge black bear today a few miles from Germantown, it took five shots to lay him out.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; a deep breath irritates it;—these are features of a throat-cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

Scott's Emulsion

is just such a remedy. It has wonderful healing and nourishing power. Removes the cause of the cough and the whole system is given new strength and vigor ∴ ∴

Send for free sample

SCOTT & BOWNE, *Chemists*

409-415 Pearl Street, New York

50c. and $1.00. All druggists

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	65c
Oats	26c
Flax	1 01
Butter	16c
Eggs	17c

—Oscar Post was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Architect Strassburger was up from Crookston yesterday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Our last meeting in the Gospel Tent will be held Sunday evening at 7:45.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson left Tuesday evening for Red Lake Falls to visit friends for a few days.

Rooms for Rent—Four single rooms to rent. Call at Mrs. John Erickson's, west of Tanum's laundry.

F. W. Rolph, of Minneapolis, who had been in the city visiting his brother, E. A. Rolph, departed Monday.

Knut Jorstad removed into town from his claim last week. He will again open up his tailor shop here this week.

Mrs. Frank Bourque and daughter Mrs. H. Bishoff left Tuesday evening for Red Lake Falls to remain for a few days.

Sunday 3:00 p. m. an answer will be given in the Gospel Tent to Dr. R. A. Torrey's charges found in last weeks "Bud og Hilson."

Free admission to Professor George R. Kirkpatrick's lecture at Evenson's Hall next Tuesday, Oct. 2nd 8 p. m. Ladies are especially requested to attend.

Every visitor to the Gospel Tent Sunday afternoon will receive a thirty-two page booklet having six or seven full page illustration. Come and get one!

Parties wanted at once to plow 80 acres of land, $2 per acre. See M. H. Ballangrud, northeast quarter of section 21, town of North or call at Oen & Granum's hardware store.

On next Thursday afternoon, Oct. 4, the Republican county committee and candidates will hold a meeting in Thief River Falls. Senator Nelson speaks here that evening.

H. Fant was down to Crookston the first of the week with Dr. Grundy to receive a medical examination. Mr. Fant was given much encouragement and hopes to again regain his former good health in a few weeks.

The Thief River Falls creamery for the month of August paid out $3,700 to 180 patrons. The rate per pound paid for butter fat was 21 cents, which was as good a price as any of the creameries in this vicinity paid.

Some Deer Park children saw a big black bear this week, which they mistook for a big black dog until he began to walk on his hind legs, when the kids let a yell out of them and ran in one direction, and the bear in the opposit direction.—Sunbeam.

Miss Malone, who for the past year had been stenographer for the Thief River Falls Lumber company left Tuesday evening for her home at Crookston and will remain there in the future having accepted a position as stenographer for the law firm of Steenerson & Loring.

Postmaster Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week attending the Red River Valley Development League convention. Mr. Richardson responded to a toast Monday evening at the banquet given by the citizens of Crookston to the visiting delegates.

The Eberhart steam boat is now at work above the big boom east of here picking up dead heads. It will improve the river for boat running if they can clear out all of them, as it gives a boat a pretty good jar to strike one end of a dead head that is sticking up while the other end is fast in the bottom of the river.—Sunbeam.

Our school board is having a lot of trouble in getting the seats for our new school house. It seems the company they ordered from in Minneapolis did not have the goods on hand but had to get them of another company, which has caused the delay, school can not now be opened before the first week in October. —Sunbeam.

Manager Evenson guarantees his patrons on next Saturday evening when he has the pleasure of offering them the big and magnificent scenic spectacle "The Belle of Japan." In this great novelty the plot and story are new and deals on many of the curious costumes still in vogue in Mikado's domain, the singing, dancing, costumes and scenery will be different from any thing heretofore seen. Just now while there is a sort of a craze among American ladies to wear kimonas they will have an excellent opportunity to see the real thing, for every costume of Japanese character used in this production was made by the Costumers Sagaji and Kito of Yokahama, Japan, and were imported direct from there by Manager G. Harris Eldon who has left nothing undone to make "The Belle of Japan" one of the most complete productions of the age. Tickets can be secured at Stebbins.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city yesterday from Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. Wilson of Altona is visiting her sister Mrs. J. L. Higgins.

J. A. Swore left last evening for Benson, Minn., to visit his parents for a few days.

Carl Peterson returned to this city from Prince Albert, Canada, Tuesday evening.

Miss Linda Robbecke is spending the week up in the town of Highlanding visiting Miss Kuhnel.

Henry Cook and his son, Charlie, left last evening for Crookston. They are interested in a land contest case.

Ed Wilcox left yesterday for a trip to North and South Dakota. He will be absent for about three weeks looking over farm loans.

W. W. Prichard was down to Crookston the first of the week attending the Red River Valley Development League convention.

Don't fail to see it! Grand exhibition of the business population of Thief River Falls at the opera house Friday, October 19th. Admission fee, 25 cents.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday Sept. 30, Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School 10 a. m., Junior League 2:30 p. m., Epworth League 7 p. m. Everybody welcome. Chas H. Flesher, Pastor.

Rev. Flesher will close the conference year next Sunday. He will attend the session of the Northern Minnesota conference, which commences in Hennepin ave. Methodist Church Minneapolis Oct. 3.

Mrs. Henry Kaufer and Mrs. W. A. Murphy and children came up from Red Lake Falls and this morning took the Soo for Calgary, Canada, where they go to join their husbands and make their future home.

Mrs. Charles Latta, of Plummer, left a pocketbook containing a small amount of money and two rings in a seat in the Soo depot Monday. Someone evidently picked it up and appropiated the contents to his own use. Mrs. Latta would like very much to again get possession of rings.

Something new in the way of an evening's entertainment has been planned by the Epworth League of the Methodist church of this city. Each merchant, doctor, lawyer, butcher and in fact, every business man will pay a small sum for the privilege of being advertised in a very unique way by any chosen young person of this town, he himself helping to rig out the advertiser. Each one competes with the others as to who can outdo his contemporaries. The final wind-up of the evening is a grand parade of all the advertisers and the one person adjudged by common consent the best is presented with his entrance fee. This interesting display will take place at the Evenson Hall, on Friday, October the nineteenth, admission 25 cents. Don't forget the date.

Death of Rev. Blanchard.

Rev. Wm. Blanchard died at the Fergus Falls hospital on the 21 th of Sept. In the spring of 1901 the deceased was appointed pastor of the Thief River Falls German Evangelical association church and while serving mission here suffered a physical and mental collapse and has since been at the Fergus Falls hospital. His wife and three children (Mrs. Blanchard at present being libraian of the Thief River Falls public library) will continue to make their home in this city. The funeral services will be held today at Davensport, N. D.

A Coming Attraction.

On the evening of October 12, "The Burglar and the Waif" will be presented at the Evenson Opera house in Thief River Falls. Concerning the play the Daily Journal says:

There are few plays in the English language which possess the elements of heart thrilling interest and awaken the keenest sympathy for human sufferings as does "The Burglar and the Waif," ably presented as it was by the Shaw & Gallagher Marie Young Co., before a large audience at the Lyceum last night. The company is a strong one, every character being ably handled, and the vaudeville features deserve special mention.

Found an Indian Burying Ground.

The government dredge working in the harbor at Warroad has, in digging the new channel surveyed out by the engineers, opened up an old Indian burying ground. The Indians have claimed for years that the lake is much higher than it was years ago, and the find made by the dredge crew a few days ago proves the truth of their statement, as the place where the skeletons are dug up is covered several feet deep with water. Several skulls have been washed ashore some whole and others broken. A number of brass buttons were picked up by men of the crew at the place where the bones came ashore. They are the ordinary convex front brass buttons, and have the crown cast on the front, but on the back bear the imprint of a Connecticut firm.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Miss Helen Helgeson spent Sunday up at Sandridge.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Middle River last Saturday.

W. C. Winton, of Duluth, was in the city last week visiting his brother, D. N. Winton.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

—For Rent—One large furnished room cheap. Five minutes walk from town. Inquire at this office.

Miss Gertrude Meehan, who is teaching school down near Wylie, spent Sunday with her parents.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Misses Inga Iverson, Clara Olson, Nora Smith and Mrs. John B. O'Brien, teachers in the public schools at St. Hilaire, were in the city last Saturday.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Fr. Ansgar, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week visiting Fr. Adolph.

Samuel Chooley returned to this city last week from a business trip to Minneapolis.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

Torrison Bros. have their furniture store partly removed to their new location in the Masonic block.

John B. O'Brien, Republican candidate for the office of county auditor, was in the city last Saturday.

Ray Arndt, son of Henry Arndt living up near Highlanding, arrived in the city last week and is confined at the hospital, having typhoid fever.

Mrs. M. J. Vessey and niece, Miss Dorothy Ford were here from North Dakota last week visiting the former's son, David Vessey, one of the postal clerks on the Wheatline.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

—For Sale—A river farm of 200 acres four miles south of Thief River Falls. A quater of a block east of Oen's hardware store, and my residence on the East Side. For further particulars see W. A. Kratka. All of this property must be sold at once.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Peter Eberhardt left last Friday for Bemidji and Red Lake points to look after his business interests a few days.

Mrs. James Farr and children went down to Red Lake Falls last Friday and remained until Monday visiting friends.

—For Rent—Seven room house on the East Side formerly owned by W. S. Day. Inquire of T. J. Carr at Hotel Ogahmah.

Mrs. Paul Throntveit left last Thursday evening for Lake Mills, Iowa, to visit her sister, Mrs. Dr. Colbey for about three weeks.

For Sale—Two good lots on the East Side, also one on the West Side, cheap for cash. Chas A. Peterson at C. O. D. Clothing Store.

Harry Carr, of Argyle, was in the city last Saturday being enroute to Middle River to visit his brother and spend a few days hunting.

For Sale—A two year old colt big enough to break this fall. No scrub stock. Will make a fine driver. Chas A. Peterson at C. O. D. Clothing store.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

The dredging of the Roseau river is now well under way. The dredge is cutting a deep channel through Roseau Lake and is working night and day. They carry their own electric lighting plant and the huge machine presents a very pretty sight at night.—Roseau Ex.

—The Great Northern railroad company has decided to erect a substantial depot at Warren next spring to take the place of the ram shackle affair that is there at the present time. Last year the Soo built a depot at Warren, which is considered one of the best in the country.

—We had rented out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Cholin.

Word was received here last week to the effect that Mrs. C. L. Dobner had been taken sick with typhoid fever at Kalispell, Mont. She has the fever in a mild form and no serious results are articipated. Miss Sarah Vaughan, of Germantown, sister of Mrs. Dobner, left Friday evening for Kalispell and will remain there for a few weeks.

Mrs. Con Short, of Equality, was in the city the first of the week.

Service in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 A. M.

W. G. Hunt, the editor of the Sunbeam was in the city the first of the week.

N. J. Head, of the Red Lake Indian Agency, was in the city the first of the week.

Sox Bulman and Earnest Weltner left Tuesday for Bulman Bros.' logging camp up near Sandy river.

Fred Niclai was up to Greenbush, Badger and Roseau the first of the week selling Thief River Falls cigars.

Morgan Vaughan, of the town of Goodridge, was in the city the first of the week. He brought with him a black bear that he had shot there on Sunday.

Mrs. J. A. Hendricks and Mrs. Dora Erickson, who had been in the city visiting their brother, Mr. E. B. Bakke, returned Monday to their home at Fosston.

John Anderson, who is threshing south of town, says that all crops are turning out well with the exception of wheat, which is only going from 9 to 14 bushels to the acre.

—The young people of Northern Minnesota have found that the Queen City Business College of Crookston, Minn. is a leading school and are entering in great numbers. Never before has any new school had such liberal patronage.

Glen Farr, who spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls with his mother visiting friends, had the misfortune to smash his foot on the Great Northern turn table at Red Lake Falls while absent. No bones were broken, but the flesh wounds were quite severe.

An editor of a western exchange recently began worrying about how he would get his shirt on over his wings after reaching paradise. An envious contemporary sarcastically observed that his difficuly would likely be in finding out how he could get his hat over his horns.

Charles Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer was up from Plummer Monday to meet his wife and children who had been at Crookston for about three weeks. A somewhat critical surgical operation was performed upon one of Mr. Latta's sons while at Crookston for throat trouble. He is now getting along nicely.

Men who put over-check reins on their horses should be compelled to wear a brace that would elevate their noses in the air at an angle of forty-five degrees. After they had stared up at the sun a few days they would probably be willing to allow their horses a chance to look staight to the front as nature intended.

Every town has some knockers who, if they would heed the following advice would make the community better: "If you haven't any business of your own, for heaven's sake let other people's alone. If you are too short to assist a public enterprise, keep your head closed for it is none of your business what other people do."

John Anderson is now threshing with his large Buffalo Pitts rig south of town and has about two or three more weeks work there, after which he will remove his rig to the vicinity of Germantown. Knut Rogness is taking orders for thresh jobs for Mr. Anderson in that vicinity and farmers up that way are requested to see Mr. Rogness if they have not already done so.

Attorney George K. Fargo leaves next Monday for Ogema, on the White Earth Indian reservation, where he will remain during the winter practicing law, he having been retained by a large number of Indians to assist them in land allotment and probate matters. The removal of Mr. Fargo will necessarily mean that the law firm of Fargo & Stanton will have to be dissolved for this winter at least and Mr. Stanton will continue the law business here. Mr. Fargo will return to Thief River Falls next spring after the rush of work down there is over with. His wife and child will spend the winter in St. Paul.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

The purpose of store advertising is not merely to sell goods, but to sell more goods—to make friends, build up a patronage that will not only stick but grow. Newspapers reach the greatest number of people in the immediate vicinity in the most natural way at the least expense, and therefore they are the best of all mediums for stores. In a newspaper you follow the lines of least resistance—you follow with the stream—you talk to an audience already assembled, to the people who want to read—their mental connection is right—they are on your wire, and they won't ring off if you hold their interest. Attraction is the basis of all advertising—the store is the sun, the customers the planets that revolve around it.—Ex.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire of Andrew

Peoples State Bank.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.00.

THE PEOPLES STATE BANK is now open for business and respectfully solicits a share of your Patronage.

D. B. BAKKE, President.

T. P. HAMRY, Cashier.

OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

A HANDFUL OF COIN is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Hard Times Social.

The Royal Neighbors will give a Hard Times Social in the I. O. O. F. hall Wednesday evening Oct. 3. Everybody cordially invited. All the ladies are to dress in calico, each one wearing an apron. No white aprons are to be worn. A fine of five cents will be charged for wearing of ribbons, or collars and ten cents for jewelry or spectacles. Each lady will bring a poor looking box with lunch enough for two. These boxes will be numbered and duplicate numbers sold. Coffee will be served.

Come everybody and have a good time at the Hard Times Social, Wednesday evening Oct. 3.

Come in your rags,
Come in your tags,
But don't wear your best clothes,
For is you do, there are fines on the card,
The Judges on you will impose,
Tell your best girl,
Her hair not to curl,
And to wear an old calico dress,
If she hasen't got one,
Just tell her for fun,
Her neighbor's she can borrow you guess.
Now for you we will say,
Don't dress up too gay,
But put on an old pair of pants,
And when homeward you whirl,
With your calico girl,
You will think you have been to a social.

Rewls and Regerlashuns.

First—Every womin what kums must ware a poverty dres and apren, er somthing ekelly apropriate, and leve her poodle dorg to hum.

Second—Know gent with biled shirt and dood koller will be aloud to kum onless he pays a fine.

Third—A kompitent komity will intruduse strangers and look after bashful fellers.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

YOUNG MAN MISSING.

Some Years Are Entertained That He Met With Foul Play.

Oliver Severson, a young man about 25 years of age, left St. Hilaire on the 13 th of September, coming to Thief River Falls to visit a sister. That is the last that has been heard or seen of him and his friends and relatives are anxious as to his whereabouts. It is thought that he had quite a sum of money upon his person. He also has considerable money coming to him from the St. Hilaire Lumber company, being in the employ of that institution, and has other personal effects at St. Hilaire. He has a claim up in Canada and it may be possible that he is up there, although it seems rather strange that he did not tell anyone that he was going up. Fear is entertained that he has met with foul play or that his mind has become deranged.

The Belle of Japan.

At the Opera House Saturday Sept. 29 will appear one of the very best performances of the season, namely "The Belle of Japan" written by H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia," "Woman in Black," "Ship Ahoy" and others. The production which is under the management of G. Harris Eldon, is of the highest order of merit, the entire stage settings and senery which are carried are remarkably realistic and handsome and were made from sketches drawn by the famous Japanese artist K. Tagamo. The play is not of a farcial order, but has a well defined plot that holds the interest of the audience from the rise of the curtain to the very climax of the last act. It is the real theatrical novelty of the season, combining comedy pathos, sentiment and a strong heart story, intermingled with songs and dances, which are the necessary elements of a successful comedy drama. "The Belle of Japan" has met with most flattering success everywhere and will no doubt be greeted by a packed house here. Tickets will be on sale at Stebbins.

—Subscribe for the News.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable). Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

Dairy and Creamery

Fern Crest dairy farm, in Georgia, belonging to Dr. William Rawlings, is one of the finest establishments of the kind in the south. The farm contains 1,300 acres, 500 of which are under cultivation. The principal crops grown are corn, oats, rye, hay, peas, amber cane, bur clover, the vetches, potatoes, cotton, etc. The remainder of this plantation is in Bermuda grass, which is extensively used for pastures. Plenty of pure spring water is supplied in every field.

The model dairy, which is now and modern in every particular, is a three room building, two rooms of which are above ground and one beneath, with cement floors, perfect drainage and supplied with all modern machinery and appliances, such as engines, turbine separator, butter-fat tester, steam for heating and sterilizing, hot and cold water, sterilizing apparatus, scalding and rinsing vats, cooling vats, ripening vats, churn and worker combined, butter press, thermometers, shipping cases for cream and butter, scales, etc.

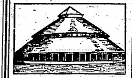

UNIQUE DAIRY BARN IN GEORGIA.

[One of the largest and most complete dairy barns any place in the south. It is 151 feet in diameter and 69 feet high at the highest point. It is thoroughly lighted and ventilated. It is open around the outer edge, but can be closed with a heavy canvas cloth. This is lowered only during cold weather. During the hot season this immense building is practically a pavilion. It contains 210 stalls for milk cows, besides many hospital stalls, calf and bull pens, as well as a large recreation hall.]

The dairy, with the manager's two story residence and nine cottages for employees, is located in a beautiful grove of large oak and nut trees, thoroughly sodded with Bermuda grass and gently sloping from the center in every direction, affording the most perfect natural drainage possible. The barn is sanitary in the highest degree. It is round and thoroughly lighted and ventilated. The outer wall is of heaviest canvas cloth, which in hot weather is raised to the roof and lowered in cold weather, thereby making in hot weather practically a pavilion and in winter protecting the herd thoroughly from the cold.

The barn floor is of cement and is shaped with inclines and falls, so that a glass of water emptied on any part of it will immediately find its way into one or more of the fourteen sewer traps and through them into the labyrinth of sewers under the floor, and finally into a cement vat in the center of the fertilizer house 300 feet away. Through this system all the liquid is carried constantly and quickly from the barn. Dr. Rawlings considers this far superior to gutters behind the cattle.

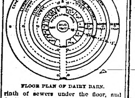

FLOOR PLAN OF DAIRY BARN.

An eight horsepower engine is located in the barn. It furnishes power to make electric lights for the barn, dairy and other purposes. Besides it is also used for cutting the feed and silage crops to fill the immense silo, holding 1,000 tons, in the center of the barn. There are two systems of water supply, one just on the cement floor, supplying the drinking basins, and one overhead supplying water with pressure to flush the floors daily. The barn floors are kept scrupulously clean by sweeping, scrubbing and flushing daily.

Guernsey blood is used entirely on this farm. All the bulls are pure bred and of the best strains in the United States. Standing at the head is the magnificent bull Prince of Wales, who is a blood relative of the late Mary Marshall, who stood first at the great test of breeds at the Pan-American. The herd now consists of 215 head.—American Agriculturist.

Benefits of the Separator.

Users of the farm separator find one of their greatest advantages in having the warm, sweet skim milk, fresh from the cow, for calves, pigs and other feeding purposes. With separator skim milk there is no scouring or other digestive troubles with the calves, and this one point is not fully appreciated, for this trouble impairs the future usefulness of cattle more than is usually realized.

Reasonably Cool Storage.

In some localities it would not be found practicable to harvest ice, but some cold storage place should be provided. Water from a spring can be conducted to the dairy house and cement tanks arranged with overflow, so that reasonably cool storage can be provided for dairy products. In some of the large dairies machinery is installed for artificial cooling.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Wednesday, Oct. 10th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung Disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
301 Ernst Building. St. Paul, Minn.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls, and Middle River.

TIME TABLE

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.	Crookston	Ar	6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar.	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	Middle River	Lv	3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	Greenbush	Lv	2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Christen A. Loken. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christen A. Loken, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Anders H. Loken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, Marit A. Loken, Anne A. Loken and Gurie A. Loken, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Halvor A. Loken, having been filed in this court, representing that Christen A. Loken, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 14th day of September, 1906; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Halvor A. Loken; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of October, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 20th day of September, 1906.

COURT SEAL. N. W. TARRANT,
Probate Judge.
sept 27 oct 11.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota. August 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on October 3rd, 1906, viz: Valerya Benka, H. E. 341 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Section 20, township 154 N, Range 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Mrs. Veronika Benka, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Alex Pacinski, " " " "
Joseph Oski, " " " "
John Hurt, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 30 sept 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Ole J. Nomland, H. E. No. 107, Red Lake Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 21, T'wp., 154 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole Urdahl, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Hans G. Hansen, " " " "
Charles C. Hongland, " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 30 oct 4

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date hereof Three hundred thirty-seven and 75-100 Dollars ($337.75) for principal and interest upon a mortgage given by William A. Kratka and Sophia A. Kratka, his wife, mortgagors, to H. G. Dobner, mortgagee, dated December 16th, 1904 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, January 9th, 1905 at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in book 13 of mortgages on page 219, mortgaging and conveying the following described land, situated in said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered forty-five (45), forty-six (46) forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) in block numbered twenty-six (26) of Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the city of Thief River Falls according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County and State, to secure the payment of three hundred fifteen and 95-100 dollars ($315.95), and interest.

Notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises will be sold under foreclosure thereof, at public auction on the 16th day of October, 1906, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. by the sheriff of said County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State to pay the sum then due on said mortgage, including taxes, if any, then paid, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, and foreclosure disbursements.

Dated August 25th, 1906.

H. G. DOBNER,
Mortgagee.

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. aug 30 o4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th., 1906, viz: Margaretha Kainz, formerly Margaretha Clausen, H. E. No. 3009 Chippewa Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 28 in T'wp. 155 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Hans Clausen, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Thomas " " "
Nick Hundhund, " " "
John Ristau, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 6 oct 4

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff, vs. Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 31st day of August, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at One o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of Section six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), Range Forty-Five (45), containing 160 acres of land.

Dated September 3rd, 1906.

D. Linnehan,
Sheriff of Red Lake County

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney. sept 6 to oct 11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office Crookston, Minnesota, October 29th, 1906, viz: Anton Korojed H. E. No. [illegible], Red Lake Lands, Act Feb. 20, 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 21 Tp 154 N Rg 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Staska, " " " "
Andrew Bretzen, " " " "
Frank Cernoscheck, of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 13 oct 18 p-1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Thom [illegible] H. E. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec 8, Tp 153 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph [illegible] of Germantown Minn.
Andrew [illegible] " " "
J. [illegible] " " "
Ole P. [illegible] " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 13 oct 18

—Subscribe for the News.

The Primary Vote of Red Lake County.

	Black River	Bray	Clover Leaf	Deer Park	Emardville	Equality	Garnes	Gervais	Goodridge	Highlanding	Kratka	Lake Pleasant	Lambert	Louisville	Mayfield	Norden	North	Nemoral	Polk Centre	Poplar River	Red Lake Falls	River Falls	Rocksbury	Sanders	Silverton	Smiley	Terrebonne	Wyandotte	Village of Plummer	Village of St. Hilaire	Red Lake Falls—1st ward	Red Lake Falls—2nd	Red Lake Falls—3rd ward	Thief River Falls—1st ward	Thief River Falls—2d ward	Thief River Falls—3rd ward	Township 152-39	Township 153-39	Township 154-39	TOTALS	Majority
CONGRESSMAN—9th Dist.																																									
Halvor Steenerson	29	15	5	10	5	12	18	3		8	20	6	9	34	7	19	21	5	31	17	0	15	24	15	13	8	7	13	17	66	15	28	33	121	27	71		1		756	
SENATOR—61st Dist.																																									
A L Hanson	13	13	0	8	3	10	10	1		10	48	0	1	5	6	20	26	6	21	0	2	13	29	18	17	11	1	9	4	30	1	0	2	144	22	61		2		570	
D C Lightbourn	2	1	0	2	0	2	0	0		2	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	18	2	4	6	33	8	6		0		103	
L C Simons	21	4	0	1	2	5	10	14		1	1	8	10	30	3	1	2	0	20	22	5	5	4	0	1	0	8	6	16	26	15	25	33	13	6	15		0		538	
REPRESENTATIVE—																																									
McCuaig	23	8	1	2	0	8	2	2		0	6	3	4	16	0	1	0	0	18	10	3	8	1	2	3	0	6	3	9	44	16	14	20	28	8	47		0		336	
Jens J Opsahl	7	10	0	7	5	8	17	2		10	17	3	3	11	9	15	25	6	16	3	3	9	25	9	13	8	3	10	11	41	2	11	4	171	30	53		2		583	
COUNTY AUDITOR—																																									
Wm. Holberg	18	5	5	3	3	6	13	3		0	11	2	2	16	0	6	0	3	23	2	3	1	5	0	0	2	2	2	8	9	15	25	32	35	7	15		0		306	
J. B. O'Brien	10	12	-	5	2	9	5	5		7	12	1	3	18	4	9	27	2	14	10	2	20	29	13	11	0	7	13	12	88	4	2	2	158	32	96		2		650	
COUNTY TREASURER—																																									
O. T. Tandberg	30	17	6	4	1	13	9	14		0	12	0	8	36	7	16	19	5	28	0	6	17	24	15	10	0	8	8	0	48	16	23	37	126	26	41		1		660	
O. J. Johnson	4	2	1	4	4	6	11	1		4	13	3	2	7	3	4	13	1	11	15	2	4	8	0	1	1	1	7	21	37	4	5	2	66	9	48		1		325	
REGISTER OF DEEDS—																																									
Ralph H. Green	11	8	1	10	1	20	17	7		3	6	6	10	18	2	2	6	0	11	18	1	2	9	5	0	0	7	8	15	25	14	23	32	25	6	21		1		353	
E. L. Quist	19	11	9	1	5	0	3	5		12	2	1	1	10	8	10	24	6	23	4	5	19	25	10	18	11	2	8	6	57	3	4	5	106	30	85		1		613	
JUDGE OF PROBATE—																																									
Charles Eckland	27	17	4	7	3	9	16	[illegible]		8	1	1	3	22	7	14	24	2	33	11	4	18	23	9	14	8	7	14	17	66	12	19	21	94	19	56		2		629	
SHERIFF—																																									
Lewis A. Nelson	8	10	6	5	1	7	10	3		12	17	3	3	20	4	16	19	5	18	2	1	14	21	4	14	0	5	7	11	50	9	12	11	127	11	51		1		529	
Robert A. Lee	17	2	2	4	4	6	8	1		1	6	0	2	12	4	4	14	1	13	12	3	5	10	8	4	1	3	7	6	23	3	4	8	74	24	47		1		342	
COUNTY ATTORNEY—																																									
Thomas Germo	28	11	5	8	5	11	10	5		0	10	5	10	39	7	16	25	6	37	17	6	14	22	12	14	10	0	15	18	68	14	27	37	90	13	49		1		700	
SURVEYOR—																																									
J. K. Wood	23	11	6	9	5	10	16	3		10	21	3	5	27	5	14	23	5	31	16	5	16	22	0	18	9	8	12	18	60	15	21	23	98	26	64		2		668	
CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT—																																									
H. E. Ives	8	5	3	3	2	8	7	10		7	7	8	8	23	1	6	9	3	2	10	3	11	11	4	3	1	5	10	10	71	12	23	20	58	11	36		2		425	
C. W. Johnson	20	13	2	8	3	0	12	1		5	16	0	0	12	8	12	22	4	35	3	3	0	19	9	11	8	2	0	10	23	4	2	8	124	20	67		0		520	
SUPT. OF SCHOOLS—																																									
Fred Richards	20	9	5	6	5	13	13	6		7	21	2	0	42	6	7	21	3	23	18	5	13	14	6	14	0	8	13	17	61	17	29	34	96	13	55		2		633	
COURT COMMISSIONER—																																									
Simon Paul	26	13	6	7	5	10	18	5		9	18	7	9	40	5	7	18	4	29	16	6	13	18	5	13	6	2	10	17	59	15	25	37	61	12	30		2		580	
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—																																									
First District																																									
P. A. Ekstrom	11	10												3				6	6																					36	
C. A. Lindquist	28	8												44				0	36																					116	
Third District																																									
Ed. A. Aubol			0	3				0	2	0												12	22			8		14	11	63										153	
N. A. Nelson			8	3				12		3												10	3			3		2	9	21										75	
Fifth District																																									
Joseph Pigeon						6	16					10								22							8													63	
AUDITOR—																																									
James E. Ford		1		5		1	5					7	9	3			2			5	5	1				13				2	11	11	16	11	12	16		2		129	
TREASURER—																																									
L. C. Cadieux		0		0			0					3	6	0			0			2	1	0				12				0	3	3	11	1	1	1		0		46	
Karl M. Hansen		2		3			3					3	0	3			3			1	2	1				1				1	2	7	3	27	34	15		2		115	
SHERIFF—																																									
Dan Linnihan		1		4		1	5					7	8	3			3			5	5	1				12				2	8	10	11	15	27	16		2		147	
REGISTER OF DEEDS—																																									
Emil E. Zeh		2		1		1	2					5	4	4			0			2	4	1				10				2	3	5	6	29	41	16		2		144	
JUDGE OF PROBATE—																																									
Maximillian Ferrus		0		0			0					2	9	0			0			2	3	0				2				0	1	3	10	1	1	1		0		34	
N. W. Tarrant		2		4		1	5					4	0	3			3			2	2	1				10				1	10	8	5	30	30	14		2		144	
COUNTY ATTORNEY—																																									
E. M. Stanton		2		1			0					5	5	2			2			2	2	1				9				2	1	3	2	28	32	15		2		119	
CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT—																																									
Joseph Perrault		2		4			3					6	9	2			2			4	5	0				13				2	5	10	13	12	16	8		2		120	
COURT COMMISSIONER—																																									
S. T. Johnson		1		0			0					1	1	0			1			1	0	0				2				0	2	0	1	22	22	9		1		65	
John Matthews		1		1			0					3	3	1			0			1	4	1				10				1	0	11	13	2	6	0		0		63	
T. A. Johnson		0		1			1					1	1	2			0			1	1	0				0				0	0	0	0	3	4	1		1		16	
SUPT. OF SCHOOLS—																																									
Mrs. J. J. Doe		2		1		1	1					10	6	2			1			3	4					6				0	7	6	12	15	2	10		2		114	

LID ON STILLWATER

MAYOR ISSUES ORDER FOLLOWING DEFIANT ATTITUDE OF SALOONKEEPERS.

Northern Roads Made Voluntary Cut in Coal Rates in Minnesota and the Dakotas—Suit to Dissolve the Duluth Board of Trade Dismissed by the District Court—News of the State in General.

Stillwater, Sept. 24.—Mayor Armson has given directions to Chief of Police Barnes to put on the lid in Stillwater. The order was the result of a defiant attitude assumed by some of the saloonkeepers.

The issuing of warrants for Albert Peterson, Sam Burglund and Oscar Mattson, saloon men, Saturday night, was met with a disposition to fight and other saloon men did some bluff talking.

The mayor called the defi. The saloons were notified that they must close, front and back, at midnight throughout the week and keep their places tight Sunday forenoons.

The order also stated that singing and other noise in saloons must be stopped.

COAL RATES REDUCED.

Railroads Make Voluntary Cut in Minnesota and Dakotas.

St. Paul, Sept. 18.—The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railway companies have anounced a voluntary reduction in coal rates to points in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

In effect the reduction is an average cut of from 5 to 10 per cent in the old rates and represents deep inroads into the revenues of the two companies. The amount is not specified, but the commission believes that it will be close to the $500,000 mark, as the other coal carrying roads will have to follow suit.

The rate covers both the hard and soft products from Duluth and Superior, which are the distributing points for the state, and while the hard product is affected soft coal comes in for the biggest slash. Here the cut is as much as 40 cents a ton, this being the case at Pipestone, a point on the Great Northern which is a heavy factor in making distance tariffs.

At Pipestone the St. Paul road and practically every other road in the state is affected and a cut that will extend even down into Iowa and points further West and South will be necessitated.

BOARD OF TRADE UPHELD.

Suit Against the Duluth Exchange Dismissed.

Duluth, Sept. 22.—Judge Homer H. Dibell's decision in the suit brought by the state of Minnesota at the instance of the Minnesota Farmers' Exchange against the Duluth board of trade has been filed.

The court holds with the board on every point of the contention and the Minnesota Farmers' Exchange has been defeated in its purpose of having the Duluth board declared a conspiracy in restraint of trade and to have it dissolved and its property sold.

The Minnesota Farmers' Exchange claimed that the Duluth board of trade fixed the price of its membership arbitrarily at $1,000 and refused to sell a membership to any of the members of the Farmers' Exchange; that it sought to control the grain trade at the Head of the Lakes and keep the Farmers' Exchange out. It was claimed also that the commission rule of the Duluth Exchange was in violation of the anti-trust law.

BOY SAVES TWO LIVES.

Log Rolling at Duluth Fatal to One Youngster.

Duluth, Sept. 18.—Ernest Olsen was drowned in the bay and two other boys saved from a like fate only through the heroic action of another lad of eleven.

The boys were log rolling with boys of the neighborhood. The two Olsen boys and Ernest Larsen were on the log together when it suddenly turned and they were precipitated into the water. Willie Loney plunged into the water in an attempt to rescue the drowning boys. He got Arthur Olsen and Ernest Larsen out after a great struggle and then plunged in to pull out Ernest Olsen. He was too late, however, reaching the boy just as he disappeared for the last time.

Tie for State Senator.

St. Paul, Sept. 21.—The closest contest in the state at the recent primary election was the battle for the Republican senatorial nomination in Renville county, which resulted in a tie. J. H. Dale, Renville, and former Congressman Dar S. Hall, Preston Lake, were tied on the finish of the count. The primary election law provides that in such a case the county canvassing board shall draw lots for it.

Dentists to Meet in Minneapolis.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 20.—The National Dental association elected its officers for the coming year and selected Minneapolis and July 30, 1907, as the place and time for the next meeting. The officers, who were elected by acclamation include: President, Dr. A. H. Peck, Chicago; corresponding secretary, Dr. B. L. Thorpe, St. Louis.

Congressman Robert R. Hitt of Illinois, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, is dead at his summer home at Narragansett Pier, R. I. Death was due to heart failure following an illness of several years. Mr. Hitt was seventy-two years of age.

While undergoing X-ray examination Martin F. Murphy, Philadelphia financier, one of the wealthiest men in Pennsylvania, was killed instantly. Mr. Murphy had just been examined and his heart pronounced perfect.

Hamilton Richardson, aged eighty-six years, one of the most prominent business men of Janesville, Wis., formerly state senator and ex-postmaster, dropped dead at his home in that city.

D. J. Tobin, one of the founders of the Hibernia bank and its former president and who was one of the best known citizens of San Francisco, is dead.

MONEY TO FIGHT LA FOLLETTE.

Omaha Road's Contribution Charged to Operating Expenses.

St. Paul, Sept. 21.—At the commodity rate hearing before the railroad and warehouse commission at the state capitol Attorney James Manahan of the Minnesota Shippers' association secured from A. W. Trenholm, Omaha general manager, an admission that the Omaha road had charged to operating expense its contribution to the fight on Governor La Follette of Wisconsin.

The commission ruled out further questions along that line.

The examination of Mr. Trenholm went to show that the sugar trust received special favors from the road, which Mr. Trenholm denied, and that he, as an employe of the road, had contracts which were unprofitable to the railroad. Trenholm denied that he had any contracts in recent years.

MAY BE CASE OF MURDER.

Coroner Believes Some One Helped Suicide Kill Herself.

Warren, Minn., Sept. 20.—"Did some one help Mrs. Ida Anderson take a second and fatal dose of the poison with which she had attempted to end her life?" is a question that a coroner's jury is trying to solve in investigating the woman's death in Eagle Point township. Sensational developments are expected.

Mrs. Anderson took the poison in the presence of her husband and eldest daughter Amelia. They called Dr. Waldren of Drayton, N. D., who attended Mrs. Anderson and found but few burns upon her lips.

Before the doctor returned a second time the woman died and upon examination he found additional burns, indicating that the acid had been taken a second time.

FIRE INTERRUPTS WEDDING.

Clergyman's Team and Other Horses Burn With Barn.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Sept. 24.—The barn of A. L. Dennis at Menagha was burned to the ground during a wedding celebration and six horses perished in the flames. A large company had assembled during the evening to attend the wedding of William Kissick and Miss Nettie Dennis, and the barn was filled with horses belonging to Mr. Dennis and the guests when the fire broke out. It burned very rapidly and six of the horses, together with a lot of machinery and supplies, were consumed, the horses of the officiating clergyman being among those cremated. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

Pioneer Killed in Runaway.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 21.—Ole A. Strand, one of the pioneer settlers of Goodhue county and for many years prominent in county politics, was killed in a runaway while driving to his home in Minneola from Zumbrota. He was sixty years old and a veteran of the Civil war.

Cyclone in Minnesota.

Springfield, Minn., Sept. 21.—Eleven buildings were destroyed or damaged in a cyclone which swept over this section of the state Thursday morning, doing damage to the amount of $4,000. No lives were lost, though many people narrowly escaped serious injury.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

William O'Brien, at one time business manager of the Minneapolis Times, is dead in the Mill City.

The sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will meet in St. Paul in September next year.

Julius Wilterstorff, residing at Highwood, had his right arm almost completely torn from his body by being caught in the belt of a threshing machine near Hazel Park.

President W. H. Cook of the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg railroad announces that the company expects to have the road built through to the Rainy river in about four months.

A black bear was shot and killed near the Emerson school at Duluth about midday by Arthur Sellars and others in pursuit. This is the first bear killed in Duluth this season.

The total vote polled at the primary election by the Republican candidates for mayor of Minneapolis was over 23,000. The total Democratic vote for the same office was less than 5,000.

Mrs. J. J. Conway of Minneapolis and her baby were injured by being thrown from a buggy that was struck from behind by an automobile and overturned. It is believed that both will recover.

The state has received an inheritance tax of $92,002 from the estate of the late John Martin of Minneapolis. The estate was valued at $1,880,062, the largest so far to come under the provisions of the inheritance tax law.

John Ludwig of Winona, a member of the board of capitol commissioners, is dead at his home in that city. Ludwig has been mayor of Winona and was appointed to the capitol commission to succeed H. W. Lamberton, who died last fall.

Charges of fraud in connection with the casting of the Indian vote at the Red Lake agency in Beltrami county have been filed in the district court at Bemidji and as a result the total Indian vote, amounting to about 150, may be thrown out.

Superintendent W. F. Kunze, president of the Southeastern Minnesota Educational association, announces that the eleventh annual convention of the educators in the southeastern part of the state will be held at Winona on Nov. 8 to 10.

A bolt of lightning struck the Mound Park schoolhouse at St. Paul last week, boring a hole through the roof, causing a commotion among the children and stunning Miss Mary Z. Dallas, the principal. None of the pupils, however, was injured.

Edward Holmes, formerly postmaster at Detroit, who mysteriously disappeared April 10 last, has returned there. He stated that the most of the time he had been away he spent in San Francisco, but declined to give out a formal statement as to his whereabouts.

John Benson, A. A. Wright and George H. Reynolds, prominent St. Cloud business men, have an option on 6,000 acres of land in the town of Oak Stearns county. An expert found strong needle iron indications and a Duluth company will explore it immediately.

General Manager Trenholm of the Omaha road admitted while on the stand in the railroad rate hearing at St. Paul that his company had contributed funds for campaign purposes. Part of the contribution was used in an effort to defeat Governor La Follette of Wisconsin.

P. D. O'Phelan, for many years a prominent resident of Graceville, is dead at St. Paul of chronic asthma. He was born in New Orleans on March 16, 1839, and when fifteen years old came to Minnesota with his parents. He served as captain in the Civil war and was commended for his bravery at the battle of Lookout Mountain.

Minnesota's school fund is worth $22,975,185.59, according to figures compiled at the state auditor's office. The cash, bonds and contracts belonging to the fund are worth $17,824,136.12. To this the auditor adds the appraised value of the unsold school lands, the 962,705 acres still owned by the state being valued at $5,157,050.47.

The state convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, in session at Winona, elected the following officers: President, Patrick Kenney, Mankato; vice president, J. T. Coughlin, Faribault; secretary Thomas Conlin, Minneapolis; treasurer, John Sherman Winona; chaplain, Rev. O'Brien Graceville. Duluth was chosen as the place for the next biennial meeting.

The Great Northern Winnipeg flyer No. 5, and the local, No. 6, both east bound, were wrecked at St. Joseph eight miles west of St. Cloud. The flyer ran into the rear end of the east bound freight and No. 6 into the rear end of the Winnipeg flyer. A heavy fog and wet track were the causes of the accident. Richard Andrews of St. Paul, brakeman on No. 6, was standing on the platform of the smoker at the time of the compact and his arm was cut off at the shoulder.

State Auditor Iverson has sent out to the county auditors warrants aggregating $5,929 for bounties paid for wolves during the last four or five months. This pays for the killing of 444 full grown wolves and 934 cubs. Red Lake county gets the largest amount, $1,124, for 122 full grown wolves. Carlton county also gets a neat sum, $512, and Wabasha, one of the oldest settled counties of the state, gets $290. In Hennepin county twenty-three wolves have been killed and for this the state pays $133.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 27, 1906.

A Good Land Law.

New Zealand, which has always been a fertile soil for experiments in popular government regarded with more or less horror among special interests in other lands, has a new scheme, and and it looks good says the Duluth Herald.

The New Zealand government proposes a curb for land ownership that promises to prevent the condition that has cursed many other lands—the acquirement of large areas by a few owners to be held for speculative purposes.

Under the proposed regulations owners of 1,000 acres of first-class lands or of 5,000 acres of second-class lands are forbidden to acquire any more, either by purchase or lease. Furthermore it is made compulsory upon land-holders owning property worth more than $250,000 in unimproved value to sell their excess holdings within ten years.

That this will work for the common good goes without saying. There can be no question which is the better for the welfare of a land: Fifty men owning or 20,000 men owning fifty acres apiece and cultivating their holdings. The fifty men who are holding land back upon speculation are holding back their country and particulary that part of it in which their holdings lie. The 20,000 men that are tilling their acres are not only supporting themselves and their families, and enabling themselves to patronize the shops and factories of nearby cities, but they are adding every year to the wealth of the state or county.

There can be no more question of the right of a nation to limit speculative holdings or even to abolish them than there is of the advantage of such regulation. The land is the people's and while productive owner-ship by individuals will never be disturbed and never should be disturbed, nobody has a right to stake out vast holdings of fertile land and put a fence around it until he can command his price for it. This doctrine may seem revolutionary to speculative holders of land, but it will seem much more reasonable to those that suffer from their greed.

In Minnesota the only large speculative holder of land we have is the state itself. It owns millions of acres of swamp lands which it has only to drain to become valuable farming lands, and as yet though bound to do so by a contract with the federal government it has failed to drain them. It also has large areas of dry lands belonging to the state school funds, which it has not offered for sale as rapidly as it should. In fact its policy has been to hold for higher prices thus assuming the position of the speculative landlord whom the government of New Zealand is trying to crowd out of the land.

The Union Pacific Coup.

The Union Pacific was built in good part by the public. The direct debt to the national treasury for aid extended to this road amounted, with accrued interest, to upward of $50,000,000 at the time of the reorganization. The road was also given an empire in public lands. It has been selling these lands for thirty year, but still has about four million acres, with land assets valued at nearly $10,000,000 Keep this in mind.

The directors meet on a Wednesday and authorized the declaration of a dividen for the half-year (the previous dividend having been at the rate of six per cent, a year). Next day the executive committee declared the dividend, but kept its action secret. At the opening of the Stock Exchange Friday it was announced that the dividend had been increased to ten per cent. a year. Union Pacific stock advanced $17 a share. Over 600,000 shares were sold. Next day there was some further advance, with enormous sales. Newspapers blossomed with headlines about the immense winnings of the Harriman pool in the stock. In two wild days about half the total outstanding stock of the road was handled on the Exchange at an average price of about $180 a share. A month before the stock had sold under $140 a share. Estimating the profits of the pool, with a numeral and seven cipers, was, naturally, a pleasant exercise for reportorial imaginations.

Merely operating a railroad is much too slow and dull a game for a really up-to-date captain of industry. Manipulating its stock on the Exchange is far livelier and more profitable. We often wonder why these gentlemen bother about Government regulation, maximum freight bills and the like. They can rig the stock market just the same.

The constant tendency of high finance is to divorce the interests of the men in control of great properties from the interests of the properties themselves. The profit that a Union Pacific director could have made by increasing the tonnage or lowering the operating cost of the railroad would be a mere bagatelle compared with the gain he could have made by buying a proper block of the stock when he knew that the dividend was going to be increased and selling it out after the other stockholders and the public knew. Why should a Hepburn bill trouble him?—Saturday Evening Post.

Stealing From Children.

Crookston Times: He would be thought a hard hearted grandfather who would snatch from his grandson the food he was about to eat and bid the child go work for its dinner or go without. And what would we think should the grandfather make it as impossible as was in his power for the child to find more dinner?

Yet that is what we are doing today in Northern Minnesota, every one of us. So absorbed are we in getting more money than we can use that we are indifferent to what may be the result of greed in the next generation. Here in the Red River valley we are determined to crop the soil year after year, returning it nothing, and caring nothing that we shall leave it valueless to our children. A grandfather who steals from his grandson is a monstrosity but what shall we say of a father who steals from his son? In the timber belt we are determined that not a pine tree which by any means can be made to yield even so much as a stick of fourth grade lumber, shall be left standing. We are determined to have every tree and care nothing that the land shall be left barren for our children and must be slowly and at great pains reforested by our sons and our son's sons to the fourth and fifth generation.

It is not a very pretty thing to be accused of stealing from children but we seem to think that it is a very good thing to do. For we do it right along.

A. L. Hanson may be an inexperienced man in the game of politics, but it would appear from the returns that he had some way of getting votes even if he does not know the rules.

How can a congressman on a salary of $5,000 per annum pay the running expenses of a campaign to continue himself in office at a cost of $35,000?—Lake Crystal Union.

A. L. Hanson carried every county in this senatorial district and had a majority over the combined vote of Lightbourn and Simons. And Hanson, we were told when he first announced his candidacy, would be third in the race.

The voters were not given an opportunity to mark an x after Frank Jeffer's name at the primaries. There is a rumor going around to the effect that Mr. Jeffers will be an independent candidate and that will give the voters an oppprtunity to give him an "ox."

The NEWS wants to make one prediction and that is that Lewis A. Nelson will be elected sheriff of Red Lake county in November by a very decisive majority. There may be some who have a different idea, but after the votes are counted it will be found that Nelson knows something about the game.

The nomination of A. L. Hanson for state senator by the large majority which he received was a great victory for the people of this legislative district. Mr. Hanson stands for something, and it appears that the people are taking enough interest in the matters to see that those candidates who are too busy to announce how they stand upon important questions are elected to stay at home. It always pays to take the people into your confidence when you are looking for votes.

Twin Valley Times: With each succeeding election it becomes more and more evident that a change in the time of holding the primaries is needed. In the middle of September farmers are too busy to attend them. Threshing takes many a long distances from home necessitating a considerable sacrifice if ballots are to be cast. We personally know of several men who drove twelve miles yesterday after a hard day's work in order to exercise their sufferage privilege. We call that true patriotism. But it is demanding too much. If the time could be changed to the latter part of June it would be a much more convenient time, at least for Northern Minnesota. Spring work would then be over, haying would not yet have begun and there would be nothing so pressing to prevent a farmer from taking a day from his farm work in order to attend to his duty as a voter. We hope the next legislature will see fit to do something for us.

Redwood Reveille: Men of ability and experience are needed in the state legislature. That body is too often made up of men who have little or no idea of the mazes of legislative proceedings, whose knowledge of constitutional law is a minus quantity men who mean well but who when it comes to the pinch do not know what to do.

Princeton Union: There are a great many men in this country who envy Mr. Rockefeller his vast riches, but even at that but few of them would care to exchange places with him—that is, to take on his personality, be compelled to lug around his disordered stomach and to fear assassination every time he ventures out to look at his crops.

In his address at the Minnesota state fair on labor, President James J. Hill of the Great Northern, sought to demonstrate that the American people were spendthrifts and he made out a fairly good case against them. He pointed out the serious dangers which would result from squandering the national resources. He declared that in 1950 the population of the country would be 250,000,000 and the greatest problem confronting the present generation was how to husband our resources so that they could be supported.

At present agriculture in the most intelligent meaning of the term is unknown in this country. In contrast, in speaking of the extensive farming carried on in France Belgium and Japan, he said these lessons must be learned unless America's dream of acquiring the world's market should fall before oriental competitors. We must become a nation of farmers, and there must be a national revolt against manufacture and trade as the only forms of progressive industry.

As a step in the right direction, it is proposed that the government establish a small model farm on its own land in every rural congressional district, and later perhaps, in every county; thus the department of agriculture could show exactly what could be done with land with proper cultivation. Mr. Hill thinks that the sight of these fields and the knowledge of yields secured and profits possible would be worth more than all the pamphlets poured out from the government printing office in years.—Valley City Times-Record.

The "He Said" Kind of Girls.

William Allen White's Emporia, Kansas, Gazette, says:

"Did you ever notice a group of little girls between the ages of 14 and 18, chatting away in a corner? The next time you are near a group, listen and hear if about every tenth word is about what "he said." If it is, you have found some of the "he said" girls, and they are not the nicest little girls in the world. The "he said" girls are likely to loiter down town after school too late to help their mothers with their afternoon work. They are likely to wear better clothes than their fathers can afford, so that the neighbors wonder what their mothers can be thinking about. The "he said" girls also too often think more of the boys than of their books, and frequently fail to get through school. They are in for a good time and have nothing in their heads but hairpins and twostepe.

"Sometimes nature takes a girl out of the "he said" family and makes a fine woman out of her, but generally she gets to going out to parties and is developed before her time, and either marries and fades at 20, or hangs on after all the other girls are married off and takes generation after generation of young boys to raise by hand, and becomes known as grandma in the crowd.

"There is nothing so sweet as a simple frank, open-hearted girl; but the boy-struck girl is a abomination. The whole matter rests with the girl's mother. She can either bring up one of the "he said" girls or she can have a daughter to be proud of."

—There are about eight classes of town killers and every town is afflicted with one or more of them. First, those who go out of town to do their trading; second, those who are opposed to improvements; third, those who prefer a quiet town to one of push and business; fourth, those who imagine they own the town; fifth, those who deride public spirited men; sixth, those who oppose movements not originating with themselves; seventh, those who oppose every movement that does not appear to benefit them; eighth, those who seek to injure the credit or reputation of their neighbors.

A SNAKE STORY.

A Big One Said to Be Roaming Around North of Here.

Someone must have been seeing snakes up at Pelan, at least the following item was published in the St. Paul Dispatch last Friday under big headlines:

Pelan, Minn., Sept. 21.—Miss Lona Mathieson, 20 years old, was driving a team of oxen, mowing hay near here. The oxen became frightened at a monster snake, ran away, throwing the young woman to the ground, injuring her quite seriously. Miss Mathieson says the snake was not less than fifteen feet long and its body was as large as the Pelan mill smokestack. A party of citizens, headed by Pat Thompson, has gone to the lake and they propose to capture this snake, or whatever it is, and to send it to some Eastern zoo.

At last reports Pat Thompson had not captured the snake.

Red Wing Republican: The land problem is likely to become the paramount issue in British politics. The great mass of unemployed men is traced by earnest thinkers to the British system of land tenure, which is a *relic of feudalism, and liberal statesman* favor a high taxation of land values as a means of breaking up the vast estates into small farms. There is a warning for America in this condition of affairs in England. Our only safety lies in keeping the lands in the hands of the people. The tenant system is always a failure.

NELSON TO SPEAK HERE

Able Senior Senator to Address the People of Thief River Falls.

Will Be Here Next Thursday Evening, October the Fourth.

Senator Knute Nelson will address the voters of Thief River Falls on political issues next Thursday evening, October 4th. Senator Nelson will need no introduction to the voters of Thief River Falls, he having appeared here upon numerous former occassions and he enjoys the destinction of being one of the ablest speakers in the country. Everyone should turn out and hear him.

Mankato Free Press: What are you doing for your town? If you have no confidence in the growth and improvement of the town and country in which *you live, how on earth do you expect* other people to move among you and cause the country to develop and grow for your benefit?

—We are now selling clean sixteen-inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get your orders in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

When You Buy Clothes This Fall

You're going to take your choice between "mercerized cotton" and all wool fabrics. You'll find either one easy to get, if you go to the right place for it.

If you choose the "mercerized cotton" clothes it will be either because you "think they'll do" and you may save a dollar or so, but in either case you'll be a loser. "Mercerized cotton" goods dont wear the money's worth, dont keep their shape nor look right after a few weeks. If you choose Hart, Schaffner & Mark all-wool you'll have to come to us for it. You'll find here the highest type of clothing, style, hand tailoring, perfect fit and absolutely all-wool, with no sighn of a cotton thread. It pays to make and sell such clothes; pays the wearer most of all. Golden Rule.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Sept. 26.—Governor Johnson's speech has been delivered. It contained a good many surprises. Everybody was looking for the governor to appropriate to himself the credit for a good many things his connection with which would be hard to substantiate, but no one was prepared for quite such a landslide. The governor got into the realm of the humorous when he claimed to be the inspiration behind the bill which put the insurance department on a salary basis and thereby saved the state $35,000 or more. The governor would have hesitated in appropriating to himself the credit for this bit of legislation, probably, if he had taken the pains to look up who really was the author of that measure. The bill was the offspring of Dr. A. B. Cole, chairman of the Republican state central committee, and when I saw him the other day he was in a merry mood. He said there had been some talk of a measure such as this for some years, but it was news to him that the first suggestion came from the governor. The first intimation Dr. Cole had of the governor's connection with the bill was when he read it in the governor's speech the other night.

* * *

Governor Johnson was no more fortunate in claiming that he was the power behind the legislative joint resolution instructing the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners to readjust freight rates. That resolution instructs the commission how to do the work and the distance feature is explicitly mentioned. Now the governor in his message said that it was his opinion that a tariff on the Iowa plan of a distance tariff was not desirable because it might prove to the disadvantage of the Twin Cities. The legislature utterly disregarded the recommendation of the governor and ordered the commission to proceed on the very lines which he told them was not the proper course. If there is any credit coming to the governor by the legislature entirely disregarding his recommendation, and doing the very thing which he told them not to do, I suppose that he should be entitled to all the comfort he can get out of it.

* * *

The more I read of that speech the funnier it seems to me. Mr. Johnson thinks there is enough railroad legislation except the reciprocal demurrage bill. With that law he says that our railroad statutes are "efficient and sufficient." If that is so the remedy for all these ills of which Mr. Johnson has been complaining was in his own hands ever since he has been governor. The constitution makes it his duty to see that all the laws are enforced. If the people have not been getting a fair deal—and from the tenor of his speeches Mr. Johnson seems to have been fully apprised that they were not—why did he not invoke the law and have at least some of these things straightened out a long time ago? If no new laws were needed it ought to be easy, as it is his duty to execute the laws as they stand. It is very evident to those who are really in earnest in this matter of railroad reform that there is some new legislation needed. Whether Mr. Johnson thinks so or not, I know that a great many people here think that it would be a beneficial piece of legislation which would make the orders of the commission operative immediately when promulgated. In this recent rate reduction on merchandise rates the railroads have it in their power to prevent those rates from going into effect for some time by an appeal to the courts. It matters not how unjust or unfair a rate might be it is in the power of the railroad company to delay its correction until the court of last resort has rendered a decision. Other laws that are necessary are a jail sentence for rebaters, anti-pass and 2-cent fares before the railroad laws will be either "efficient or sufficient."

* * *

"Governor Johnson's railroad expert" is a standing joke at the state capitol. It was not, of course, to be expected that the governor would have any special knowledge of the railroad question, or that he was in a position to tell the kind of service he was getting, or, indeed, what expert knowledge of rates really was, and it was not to his discredit that he thought the man he employed was getting out work of tremendous value. But the cat was out of the bag when the result of his labors was submitted to the railroad commission for its edification. Its members saw at a glance that the governor has been egregiously imposed upon. The figures he submitted were of absolutely no value and contained no information whatever that was new to them. Any schoolboy with a moderate knowledge of arithmetic could have prepared the tables presented by Johnson's expert, even if he had never heard of such a thing as a railroad. All the expert did was to compile from the rate sheets on file with the commission a comparison of the Iowa and Minnesota rates, which, as has been said, any one with a very ordinary knowledge of arithmetic could figure out. There was no comparison of conditions, nothing about the average length of haul, nothing about special rates or regulations, nothing, indeed, of the slightest value to anybody except perhaps to the governor himself in presenting to the public the kind of figures orators are so fond of exploiting on the stump. So when Johnson's expert is mentioned now, everywhere, except in the governor's office, a smile goes round. In the governor's office the word "expert" is tabooed.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

A settlement has been reached by which the legatees under the will of Russell Sage are to receive from the executors of the estate double the amounts of the legacies upon condition that the will be not contested. This will give each of the twenty-six nephews and nieces $50,000 instead of $25,000.

Negotiations are in progress between E. H. Harriman, William Rockefeller and the Smith estate by which control of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway may be turned over to the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific companies.

The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railway companies have announced a voluntary reduction in coal rates to points in Minnesota and the Dakotas. In effect the reduction is an average cut of from 5 to 10 per cent in the old rates.

Vice President Fairbanks laid the cornerstone of Chicago's new county building, which, when completed, is to be the largest county courthouse in the world.

John Alexander Dowie delivered his parting message to his followers in Shiloh House Sunday afternoon. He expects to start for Mexico shortly.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company has awarded contracts for the construction of 12,400 freight cars at an estimated cost of $15,000,000.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Twelve deaths, the injuring of scores of other persons and $500,000 damage to property were caused at Jellico, Tenn., when a carload of dynamite standing on a track near the Southern Railway depot exploded with a report that was heard for twenty miles. Buildings were shattered in the business section of the town and nearly every piece of glass within a radius of one mile of the scene was broken. Many people were rendered homeless as a result of the disaster.

Another tragedy of the great fire at San Francisco has been brought to light through the finding of the remains of a score or more of bodies in the ruins of a lodginghouse.

Three men were killed and six others were injured in a collision between a freight train and a work train on the Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley railroad at Rock Cut, O.

The steamship City of Seattle, on route to Alaska, went on the rocks at Trial Island, ten miles from Victoria, B. C., in a heavy fog. The passengers have been taken off.

Roadmaster Dinton, Brakeman Critchell and two stockmen were killed in a rearend Great Northern freight collision near Cutbank, Mont.

At least half a dozen persons perished when a portion of a Rock Island passenger train went into the Cimarron river at Dover, Okla.

SIX FAMILIES POISONED.

Roach Powder Endangers Lives of a Score of Persons.

Pittsburg, Sept. 24.—Six entire families of Allegheny, whose members number over a score, have been poisoned through the product of a bakeshop. The poisoning was caused by eating wares purchased last week, and while the afflicted have not recovered all but two are reported out of danger. The family of Dr. G. G. Graham, which consists of Mrs. Graham, three daughters and a dinner guest, Dr. E. V. Weller, and John W. Davis. Mrs. Davis, her brother, eighty-four years old, and four sons were in the greatest danger. After an investigation it was said the poison was roach powder that had dropped from a shelf in the bakery into a barrel of sugar.

The case will be taken up by the health authorities.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 22.—Wheat—Sept., 74c; Dec., 73¾@73⅞c; May, 78c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75¼c; No. 3 Northern, 73¾@74¾c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.60; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.60; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$5.60@6.45. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@6.60; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.60; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.20@6.67½; good heavy, $6.40@6.62½; rough heavy, $5.80@6.05; light, $6.35@6.70; pigs, $5.00@6.40. Sheep, $3.20@5.65; lambs, $4.50@7.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Wheat—Sept., 72¾c; Dec., 74⅜c. Corn—Sept., 47⅛c; Dec., 42⅝c. Oats—Sept., 33⅜c; Dec., 33⅝@33¾c. Pork—Sept., $16.60; Jan., $13.22½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@24c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—14@18c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 11c; springs, 11@11½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 22.—Wheat—To arrive—No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77¾c; No. 1 Northern, 76¼c; No. 2 Northern, 74¼c. Sept., 76¼c; Oct., 75¾c; Dec., 74¼c; May, 78¾c. Flax—To arrive, $1.12⅜; on track and Sept., $1.12; Oct. and Nov., $1.09⅜; Dec., $1.08¾; Jan., $1.08¾; May, $1.12.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Primary elections in Minnesota resulted in the renomination of all the present Republican congressmen except Buckman and Fletcher. The former was defeated by C. A. Lindbergh and the latter was not a candidate. Frank M. Nye of Minneapolis was named for the place. Mayor Jones, who has put the lid on in Minneapolis, secured a renomination by a small plurality.

In a bitter clash of opposing factions in the primary elections in New York county Congressman Herbert Parsons, president of the New York county committee, won a sweeping victory for the control of the Republican organization, while Leader Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall retained his position at the head of that organization by a narrow margin.

Laura B. Payne of Fort Worth, Tex., in accepting the nomination on the Socialist ticket for congress, comes out strongly for government ownership of railways and goes a step farther than Bryan in advocating government ownership of all packinghouses.

Acting upon the recommendation of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor the San Francisco labor council has adopted a resolution denouncing J. N. Gillette, the Republican candidate for governor, as an enemy to the interests of labor.

Charles M. Floyd of Manchester was nominated for governor at the Republican convention in New Hampshire. Nine ballots were taken and Winston Churchill, the novelist, was Floyd's closest competitor.

Colorado Republicans have nominated Henry A. Buchtel, chancellor of the Denver university, to succeed Philip B. Stewart as the nominee for governor.

The Republican state convention at Seattle, Wash., adopted on a rising vote a resolution "demanding the nomination of President Roosevelt in 1908."

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Young officers for command in Cuba in case the army is sent there is the plan practically decided upon by the war department. General Frederick Funston probably will be in command and his chief lieutenants are likely to be Brigadier Generals Thomas H. Barry and William H. Duvall.

The president has issued a proclamation opening the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indian lands in Oklahoma. The interior department will announce the date for the reception of sealed bids under which the 508,000 acres of land are to be disposed of to homesteaders.

President Roosevelt has extended the eight-hour law to apply to all public works under the supervision of any department of the government. This order affects most particularly work on river and harbor improvements.

Four bids have been received at the isthmian canal department for supplying Chinese labor for the work of canal construction. The bids range from 9 to 11 cents an hour.

With a view to meeting any possible emergency that may arise in connection with Cuba the quartermaster general's department is busy making its preparations.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

A race war of alarming proportions began at Atlanta, Ga., Saturday night. Through the night it raged with varying vigor and when morning dawned it found at least ten negroes and one white man dead, a score of both races wounded and the downtown streets in possession of eight companies of the Fifth Georgia infantry, with a battery of light artillery in reserve. The rioting followed repeated assaults on white women by negroes.

Oscar Napier, aged eight years, was found guilty at Albia, Ia., of the murder of a playmate. The Iowa juvenile law does not cover murder cases, and the boy will be sentenced the same as if he were of mature age.

O. B. Stollard, cashier of the People's State bank of Sedan, Kan., with deposits of $75,000, has disappeared, leaving a note saying he was a defaulter and had fled.

Examination of the books and accounts of the People's National bank of Sedan, Kan., indicate Cashier Stallard to be a defaulter to the extent of $25,000.

LABOR NEWS.

Warfare between the Standard Oil company and the labor unions of the country was begun when a portion of the Whiting (Ind.) employes of the company quit work to enforce their demands for an increase in wages. The strike threatens to tie up the business of the big corporation in the Middle West.

Not a union man is working on the 350 buildings in course of construction at Winnipeg. The strike declared by the unions is in sympathy with the plumbers' demands for higher wages and about 2,500 men are out.

Operators in the Chicago office of the Postal Telegraph company have voted to strike to enforce demands for increased wages and improved working conditions.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Wilbur Glenn Voliva has been chosen by the people of Zion City as their leader by the overwhelming vote of 1,911 to 6 for his opponent, A. E. Bills. The election was held under the orders of Judge Landis of the United States district court.

Secretary Root has arrived at Panama on his return from his South American tour.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

INSURRECTION IN CUBA.

Peace for Cuba, unless accomplished through American intervention, seems to be further away now than when Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon began negotiations to harmonize the opposing factions. The arrival at Havana of three of the largest United States battleships and four cruisers, in addition to those already there, has had little effect on the insurgents in the field and when the leaders of the revolution were apprised of the big squadron now in Cuban waters they greeted the information with Spanish expressions to the effect that "they cannot come to the bush."

Propositions made by the Moderates have considerably changed the situation, having paved the way for suggestions by Messrs. Taft and Bacon for further concessions on both sides which may yet save the republic intact. The proposals, while not broad and farreaching enough to meet the necessities of the case, evidence a desire on the part of the Moderates to maintain the integrity of the republic, even though they are compelled to abandon their control. Consequently the situation is at least somewhat more hopeful.

The rebel leader Pino Guerra has left Artemisa for Guanajay, twenty-one miles southwest of Havana. He is reported to have 5,000 men with him. He will camp at Guanajay awaiting the result of peace negotiations.

Nine American warships, the battleships Louisiana, Virginia and New Jersey and the cruisers Cleveland, Tacoma, Denver, Des Moines, Minneapolis and Newark are now anchored in the harbor of Havana.

The cruiser Dixie has arrived at Cienfuegos, Cuba, with 300 marines aboard, to assist the Marietta in protecting American plantations there.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A terrific storm broke suddenly at Hongkong Sept. 18, lasting two hours and destroying innumerable native craft and causing much loss of life. The harbor was literally strewn with wreckage and the streets of the city were blocked with debris. The loss of life is estimated as high as 5,000, while the property loss is placed at over $2,000,000.

An imperial edict has been issued at Peking ordering the abolition of the use of opium, both foreign and native, within a decade. The edict strongly condemns the vice and commands the council of state to devise regulations for the enforcement of the prohibition against opium smoking and the cultivation of the poppy.

The situation in Morocco is becoming daily more menacing. European properties at Tafilett, Rif, Mogador, Casa Blanca and even Tangier are threatened. Natives are equipping and organizing as if for holy war and the sultan's authority is non-existent.

The entire fleet of 600 fishing junks was lost in the recent typhoon which caused such immense loss of life and property at Hongkong. This increases the mortality to 10,000 persons.

Twelve persons were killed and seventeen were injured in a wreck of the Scotch express on the Great Northern railway at Grantham, Eng.

Fifty-one persons were drowned in the recent floods in Santiago, Ixcuntla and the adjacent districts in the territory of Tepic, Mex.

James F. Smith has been inaugurated governor-general of the Philippines.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

In revenge for the execution of Zenaide Konoplianikovo, the assassin of General Min, the Social Revolutionists are sending broadcast a violent manifesto directed against Emperor Nicholas and vowing to remove one after another of "the props of the cowardly, murderous autocracy."

According to a report received at Tiflis from the governor general of the Caucasus four Tartar villages in the district of Sangezur have been reduced to ashes by Armenians. The Tartar residents of the devastated region who escaped massacre have fled.

General Nicolaieff of the artillery has been assassinated at Warsaw. He was erroneously thought to be a member of the field courtmartial. The assassins escaped.

Lindeberg and Kent, two of the most prominent revolutionary outlaws, have been arrested, tried by drumhead courtmartial and executed.

Seventeen marines condemned to death for participation in the Sveaborg mutiny have been executed.

ON CHARGE OF BIGAMY.

Duluth Man Arrested on Complaint of Father-in-Law No. 2.

Duluth, Sept. 24.—Edward H. Tinslay, a commercial traveler of Duluth, was arrested here on his arrival from Fargo on a charge of bigamy, preferred by C. R. Wilcocks of this city, father of the woman, who is said to be Mrs. Tinslay No. 2.

It is claimed that Tinslay was married before coming to Duluth and that his first wife resides in Hemstedt, Tex.

Tinslay admits that he has married before, but says that he had supposed his first wife had obtained a divorce long ago, as he had signed certain papers which led him to that conclusion. Mr. Tinslay and Miss Ouida Wilcocks of Duluth were married here Aug. 31 last. He claims to be a graduate of Annapolis and to have been a lieutenant in the navy. He is twenty-four years old and his Duluth wife nineteen.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

FAILED TO CLOSE SALOONS.

Action Begun to Oust Mayor of St. Cloud, Minn.

St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 21.—Deputy Sheriff Ed Henneman has served papers on Mayor J. E. C. Robinson and a duplicate has been filed in the clerk of court's office. The plaintiff is the state of Minnesota ex rel. Attorney General Edward T. Young. The complaint says that the action is commenced on complaint of citizens of St. Cloud. It states that upon the powers conferred upon the city licenses for selling liquor were issued to Adolph Lindenberg and others.

The plaintiff alleges that the liquor stores of Adolph Lindenberg and others remained open until 12 o'clock every night and all day Sunday, with the knowledge and approval of the mayor; that the attention of the defendant was called to the fact that the license holders were flagrantly violating the law and desecrating the Sabbath and that the citizens have frequently requested him to prevent the violation of the law. The mayor failed and neglected to perform the duties imposed upon him by the statutes and is guilty of malfeasance in office and for this reason he should forfeit his right as mayor and pay a fine of not less than $100, nor more than $500.

FOR THE PLAIN PEOPLE.

Sanitary Milk That May Be Vended at Moderate Cost.

What is to be done for the great mass of people who cannot afford to buy certified milk delivered in glass jars at an advance price? The following scheme has been suggested to milk producers by the health authorities of one city:

Make the milking pail, shipping can and delivery can one vessel, holding about fifteen quarts, with a small 5½ inch opening and a tight cover. Milk through a sterilized cheesecloth strainer directly into this can until it is full; throw the strainers into a pail; put on the cover and sink the can in ice water. This can is shipped by rail, or carried on the peddler's wagon, and used for a delivery can.

This milking pail and cheesecloth strainer must be sterilized by steam or simply by putting the pail containing some water and strainers on the stove to boil for five minutes. A cooling tank should be made so that it overflows at a level just below the cover of the can. This scheme ought to materially lower the cost of clean milk.

For the house peddling we offer one or two suggestions: The usual method of using a quart dipper or a tightly closed pail with a spout that can be corked; then the peddler turns the pail upside down to mix the milk, removes the cork and pours out the required amount into the customer's glass or tin quart measure, the cleanliness of which the customer is responsible for.

Massachusetts Highways.

During the last twelve years approximately 622 miles of state highway have been constructed in Massachusetts. These roads have cost approximately $5,100,000. Of these highways about 90 per cent are of the kind known as macadam roads, the remaining 10 per cent being of gravel.

An Argument For Good Roads.

The ancient story of the teamster probing with a fence rail for the wagon and horses he had lost in the mud of an Ohio road is recalled by the statement that the sheriff and detectives of West Farmington, O., have been unable to get over the fifteen miles of road between that place and the place where a "wanted" man is staying, because no horses can be obtained at any price on account of the terrible condition of the roads, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. Until the unfathomable mud freezes, it is claimed, justice will remain powerless. That is an incident not to be lost sight of by the apostles of the good roads movement.

State Aid In Road Building.

Sixty of the sixty-seven counties in Pennsylvania have taken advantage of state aid in road building. About 300 applications have been filed with the department. Seventy-one miles of highway have been completed, 138 miles are under construction, and 33 miles are prospected. The point that is the most significant, perhaps, of the enthusiasm of the people in this direction is the claim made by about one-half the counties to the leadership in the work of improvement.

USE OF WIDE TIRES.

How They Affect Traction on Various Kinds of Highways.

The effect of wide tires on traction on different classes of roads is well shown, says the New York Engineering Record, in some experiments made by the civil engineering department of the Iowa State college.

The tires were one and five-eighths and three and one-eighth inches wide. On a well drained earth road of good grade the traction with wide tires was a little higher with slushy snow, and while the frost was coming out and at other times it ranged twenty pounds less to the same figure as with narrow tires. On a badly drained earth road with poor grades, subjected to heavy travel, the wide tires required less traction than the others in dry weather and more when there was mud.

On a well built, well drained gravel road the narrow tires required less traction except when the surface was wet or covered with loose gravel. On a road of fine sand with its surface flat with the ground the wide tires required less pull in every case. On a well drained gravel road with clay binder the traction with narrow tires was lower than that with wide tires only when the surface was smooth and dry, and about the same facts were observed with experiments on a well drained cinder road under heavy travel.

A DUST PREVENTIVE.

Material Discovered In Greece to Be Used by Automobilists.

United States Consul Horton is responsible for the statement made in a recent report to the bureau of commerce and labor that a newly discovered substance, which boasts of ancient Greece as its place of origin and is known by the name of "akonia," is quite as effective as oil as a dust preventive on roads and has the additional advantage of being much cheaper as well as not possessing the objectionable characteristic of the latter, says the Chicago News. The new material will be used extensively in the auto racing game, experts say.

Writing from Piraeus, Greece, Mr. Horton says that the mayor of that city is authority for the statement that one ton of akonia dissolved in 500 gallons of water will sprinkle a thirty foot roadway for half a mile so effectively that no dust whatever will arise from it, either through the wind or travel. As employed there, a second coat is administered fifteen days after the first, the composition of this dose being one-fourth of a ton of akonia dissolved in 400 gallons of water.

The solution is said to form an impervious coating over the surface of the roadway.

MRS. GOULD'S SUGGESTION.

After Auto Trip She Tells How President Could Secure Better Roads.

Ending an automobile trip covering over 1,000 miles, Mrs. Howard Gould, who recently left Bellevue-Stratford hotel in Philadelphia for Castle Gould, said to a New York American reporter:

"I was particularly interested in the roads, which I found to be in execrable condition in the south.

"The farmers, I found, are all anxious to have the roads improved. As a rule, they seem glad to note the increase in the number of automobiles.

"I wish President Roosevelt would take up this matter of good roads. I am sure he has only to interest himself and the good roads will come very quickly. It is not only for automobilists that I speak, but for the commercial interests of the country, and if the papers took the matter up and brought it out in a proper light the president would grasp the situation and lend his voice to the propaganda."

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before [illegible] U. S. Commissioner for [illegible] of Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on [illegible] Nov. 1906, viz: Lars Matson, H. E. 34 Red Lake Series, for the N. E. ¼ Sec 34, Tp. 154 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land viz:

John E. Solomonson, of Thief River Falls Minn.,
Charles F. Peterson, " " " "
John Danee, " " " "
George M. Gunderson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

sept 27 nov 1

THE WINNERS.

Result of the Primary Election in Marshall County.

The following were nominated by the Republication voters in Marshall county:

County auditor, J. S. Hilleberg: county treasurer, Evart Dagoberg; register of deeds, John P. Myhre; sheriff; Wm. Forsberg; county attorney, Wm. J. Brown; clerk of district court, T. Morck: judge of probate, P. H. Holm coroner, Dr. O. F. Mellby; superintendent of schools, Sigurd Olson; commissioner, 1st district C. Wittensten; Commissioner, 3-rd district, F. A. Green.

There were no contests for places on the Democratic ticket, that party's nominees being as follows: County auditor, P. B. Malberg; county treasurer, F. C. Hickman; register of deeds, N. O. Brandt; sheriff, Robert Tell; county attorney, L. S. Bayrell; clerk of district court, A. C. Swandby; judge of probate Nils Malm; superintendent of schools, L. M. Mithum; surveyor, J. R. Mack; commissioner, 5th district, John A. Sorum.

These Will Serve.

Following is a list of petit jurors who have been drawn to serve at the next term of court to be held in Red Lake county on the fourth Monday in October:

Charles Engund, Bray.
E. J. Overland, North.
Robert Bourdon, Red Lake Falls.
Joseph Schmith, Black River.
Joseph Lefebre, Lambert.
Joseph Pouliot, Red Lake Falls.
John Rathsteen, Plummer.
Mike Madden, Wyandott.
August Lindberg, Numedal.
John Bugge, "
Joseph Fortier, Red Lake Falls.
Ed. Moran, "
J. C. Nauman, " twp.
John Platz, Lambert.
D. Dupont, Terrebonne.
John Torrison, Thief River Falls.
Aug. Svenum, River Falls.
W. E. Wood, Smiley.
W. J. LaBree, Thief River Falls.
J. L. Cossette, Terrebonne.
Ole O. Nesja, Highlanding.
W. Remick, Terrebonne.
S. V. Bailey, Thief River Falls.
V. M. Higinbotham, Red Lake Falls.

Wanted—A man to dig 2½ acres of potatoes in city, on shares. Most liberal terms. Box 211, Thief River Fall. Minn.

OPINION DIFFERS.

West Wants Immigration While the East Does Not.

"If a vote on the question were taken, it would be found that the East and the West have different ideas on the immigration question," said W. I. Singer of Fargo, N. D., "The East would be found in favor of more stringent immigration laws, and the West would want them to remain as they are. The East has too many of the newcomers from the old country and out here there are not enough of them at times.

"Certain classes of the immigrants are not the kind that take kindly to farming as soon as they get here, or at any time thereafter, for that matter. They prefer to huddle together in some big city, and are more of a detriment than anything else. Some of the cities of the East are fairly crowded with these ignorant and almost worthless immigrants, and a person can readily see why the people along the Atlantic coast favor more stringent laws.

"Here in the West it is different. The majority of the foreigners who get this far from the coast come with the avowed intention of working on the railroads, at the mines, in the woods and on the farms. Nearly always there is a shortage of this kind of labor in the Northwest and Southwest, and so the employers are glad to see the new people coming in, and are strongly opposed to any legislation which would tend to lessen the tide of immigration. They are too badly in need of additional help to consider the desires of the East."

Fake Peddlers.

A couple of Chicago peddlers have been working in this vicinity selling bundles of cloth. So far, we learn, they have not done very much business. It is a fake scheme of the worst kind and the farmers of this section should know by this time that good honest goods can only be bought from reputable business firms and not from peddlers of that kind.

They are under a great deal more expense than the country merchant. They hire a team and a man to drive and help them sell, besides when they make a sale they sell the note taken at a big discount. Their goods are generally shoddy, shop-worn and old stuff that cannot be sold in any other way, and does not cost them more than one-third of what they ask for the bundle.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

It Takes Three months for HAMM'S "New Brew" to go from the kettle to you

When it gets to you Hamm's "New Brew" Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious Bottled and On Draught Everywhere

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

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THE NEW STORE. A. E ABRAHAM.
Second Door South of First State Bank.

GO TO
A. E. ABRAHAM'S
FOR THE BEST GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS, ETC.

THE BEST GOODS
FOR THE MONEY

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DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.
Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.
Phone No. 235.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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We speak the Scandinavian and German languages.
(Office upstairs in new Dobner-Meehan block)
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LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak.

AUCTION

At R. C. M. Nelson's Farm, Section 8,
Town of New Solum, on Friday,
October 12, 1906.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

Owing to the fact that I going to remove to Texas this fall, I will sell all of my personal property at auction to the highest bidder, as follows:

9 head of horses.
2 spring colts.
10 cows, two coming in in November, 3 in December.
4 heifers.
4 calves.
50 chickens.
1 hog.
3 yearling bulls, one black Pole, one red Pole and one Shorthorn.
1 wide tired wagon.
1 truck wagon.
1 spring wagon.
1 cart.
1 buggy.
All kinds of farm machinery and about 40 tons of hay.
All household goods including 4 iron beds, 1 range 1 heating stove nearly new and other things too numerous to mention.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount bankable paper at 7 per cent interest.

C. M. Evenson, Auctioneer.
R. C. M. Nelson. Owner.

P. S. If it rains on the 12th the sale will be held on Saturday, October, 13th.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

Joseph Lang

Manufacturer of Cement Blocks, Contractor and Builder.

Plastering a Specialty.

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 38.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1906 NUMBER 40

Historical Society

A WARNING TO FARMERS

Government Experts Find Seedsmen Adulterating Clover and Alfalfa.

Seeds of Parasitic and Injurious Plants are Being Used.

In these days of adulterated food stuffs and the restrictions that are being made by the local and national government for the protection of the consumers, the United States department of agriculture has discovered that unscrupulous seedsmen are attempting to adulterate the forage seeds that they are sending out to farmer purchasers *from all over the country.*

Particularly is this true of the shipments of red clover grass and alfalfa seeds.

To the end of protecting the farmers and the innocent middleman from this latest imposition the department of agriculture is making an active campaign in the interest of the forage crop growers against the practice of putting out adulterated seeds.

Although the cultivation of alfalfa has not yet started on any large scale in Northern Minnesota there are a number of farmers in Red Lake and Marshall counties who have signified their intention of experimenting with the forage crop in the Northern soil.

The department has been conducing some investigations simultaneously over many different portions of the United States and it has been found the operations of the seedsmen in adulterating alfalfa seed are not confined to one or two but to all sections, even the Northwest where alfalfa raising is yet in its infancy.

The method pursued by the government has been for its agents to procure samples of the alfalfa, grass and clover seeds in the open market, test the same and if any are found to be adulterated or misbranded, or any seeds or Canada blue grass are obtained, to publish the tests together with the names of the persons by whom the seeds were offered for sale. Over 352 samples of seeds were tested and of these fully 160 or nearly one-half were found to contain seed of the destructive parasitic plant dodder. Nine samples were found to contain seed of the yellow trefoil and nine samples were adulterated with burr clover.

Yellow Trefoil, the government experts explain, is not used to any extent as a forage-plant in the United States, but the seed is imported from Europe at about 5 cents per pound for use as an adulterant of red clover and alfalfa seed. Although burr clover is cultivated in the Gulf states, the seed found mixed with alfalfa is not the commercial burr clover seed of this country, but a by-product secured in cleaning South American wool, and is imported from Germany in lowgrade alfalfa seed.

Farmers in every part of the country are warned by the department to be on the lookout for adulterated red clover and alfalfa seed. The United States department of agriculture, in order to protect the seedsmen as well as the farmers, offers to examine and report promptly as to the presence of adulterants and dodder in any samples of seeds that may be submitted for that purpose. The samples may be sent to the bureau of plant industry, United States department of agriculture.

The department will also furnish at request the names of those seedsmen who sell adulterated clover and alfalfa seeds. The list already prepared contains the names of firms in Milwaukee, Wis.; Fremont, Neb.; Davenport, Iowa; Detroit, Mich.; Toledo, Ohio; Indianapolis, Ind.; Providence, R. I., and Worchester, Mass.

"The Best Is the Cheapest"

Isn't true of everything; but its true of clothes. All wool fabrics wear longer, keep better and fit better than "mercerized" cotton fabrics; and these are the things you want your clothes for.

All wool clothes will cost you more than part cotton, of course; the point we make is that even at the higher prices they're cheaper.

It is a real economy to buy a Hart, Schaffner & Marx suit or overcoat and pay $18.00 or $20.00 or $25.00 or even more, instead of putting 12 or 15.00 into a suit that's "mercerized cotton," fabric which will fail absolutely to do the things which you expect of your clothes. You may save a few dollars; but you lose money in the end by buying such clothes.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."

CORN A SUCCESS.

Result of an Experiment Made in Becker County.

Frazee, Minn., Sept. 27.—The experiments made with the corn by the state experimental farm expert, Mr. Titrud, on the I. J. Collins farm near Frazee, have proved very interesting and profitable for Northwest farmers. Mr. Titrud was here to see the different kinds of corn cut which were planted under his supervision this spring. The experiment has proved a success and the yield was more than an average, as compared with Southern corn growing districts.

Seven varieties were sown besides the local improved white dent, with which Mr. Collins won the first prize at the St. Louis exposition. This corn ripened first, being partly acclimated. The next was improved yellow dent, marked 13. Mr. Titrud was agreeably surprised with the experiment and went from here north to Erskine where some more corn had been sown in that northern latitude.

The corn at Frazee was planted on May 23, by Mr. Collins and was ripe and ready to cut in three months and twenty five days. The most remarkable thing of the whole experiment was that the I. J. Collins corn ripened ten days before the rest. It is therefore better adapted for this climate. Mr. Titrud will give out his data of the experiment later. This year Frazee and Becker county have sown much corn, and now that the exact times of growth has been determined and a corn discovered adapted to the time and climate, it is sure that a larger acreage of corn will be sown next year. Corn maturing in this Northwest climate and giving such a big yield means thousands of dollars to the farmers and may change the whole aspect of farming in the Northwest.

DIDN'T GET MONEY

An Attempt Made to Rob the Bank at the New Town of Carlos.

An unsecessful attempt was made last week to rob the state bank of Carlos, one of the new towns south of here on the Soo line and about seven miles north of Alexandria. The operators were evidently professionals for they cut through the brick wall into the vault and used nitroglycerine on the safe door which was only partly destroyed. Their work was very similiar to that that has been done in this part of the country and they may belong to the same gang. No money was secured as the burglars were evidently alarmed by persons going home late from Alexandria carnival and frightened away. The chain of robberies that have been committed in this part of the country show conclusively that there is a gang well organized with plans made systematically and that their detection and capture will be no easy matter.

Stop for 3 Years.

Many people interested in the preservation of game are advocating a closed season of at least three years for prairie chickens. It is said by sportsmen that the prairie chicken is fast disappearing, and in a very few years will become extinct, unless shooting is stopped entirely for a period of years.

The legislature will be asked to pass such a law, which would give the chickens a chance to increase and is the only means by which this splendid game bird can be preserved.

Experienced hunters claim that the prairie chicken has decreased in numbers fully 20 per cent in the last two years and at that rate will soon be in the same category as the buffalo.

Subscribe for the News.

RETURNS TO FACE WORST

Mysterious Disappearance of Postmaster at Detroit Is Cleared Up.

Matter May Be Brought Into the United States District Court.

The strange and mysterious disappearance and ghost-like reappearance of Ed Holmes, formerly postmaster of Detroit will most likely be revealed in a United States commissioner's court and later before the grand jury of the next term of the district court at Fergus Falls.

Mr. Holmes suddenly disappeared at Minneapolis about April 9, two days after *he had left Detroit.* Search was made for him, and even a body was exhumed at Portal, N. D., in hope of solving his mysterious disappearence. It was also suggested that he might have met foul play somewhere in the Twin Cities. His family was totally in the dark as to where he had gone. It was thought that he had a sum of money, and was going on business to Canada for a land company.

Last Sunday, Mr. Holmes returned to his family, just as mysteriously as he had dissapeared.

For eight yeares Mr. Holmes was the efficient postmaster of Detroit, and was well and favorably known to most people in Becker county. His host of friends were alarmed to hear of irregularities in his administration of the postoffice.

Mr. Holmes says that there were, prior to his retirement, shortages in the postoffice funds for which he could not account satisfactorily. His health was very poor for some time, and his financial troubles in the office combined to unfit him to meet the difficulty. The trouble weighed upon him, and at last he became unaccountable for his acts. In this alarming state of mind he thought of flight and left suddenly for Minneapolis, then on to Chicago, to New Orleans, and finally to San Francisco, scarcely knowing what he was doing or where he was going, impelled onward with the thought of the shortage at the office.

In San Francisco his health returned and with it a desire to return home and face the difficulties and charges.

Meanwhile the postal authorities were investigating the office at Detroit. For over five months the investigation was quietly continued by the inspectors, and a shortage of $900 was discovered in the general postal account. This shortage was promptly paid, without loss to the government or any trouble to the bondsmen. Last week another serious shortage was found of $891 in the money order fund. This also was as promptly paid and the postoffice accounts were balanced without a cent of loss to the postal department.

The final shortage and the result of the inspector's investigation were reported last week to the United States district attorney's office for immediate action and doubtless ere this is printed action will have been taken.

Mr. Holmes never was a drinking man, not a gambler, nor a speculator on the markets. He was always efficient and courteous. Scarcely anyone believes he intended deliberately to defraud the government. But when his accounts became involved he lacked the courage to face the matter, and this may be partly attributed to his constantly increasing poor health.

The affair has caused much comment in Becker county and the action of the United States district attorney's office is awaited with great interest.

Many Machines Destroyed.

The large number of threshing rigs which have been destroyed by fire during the present threshing season in this state would seem to call for some method of protecting the machines while in operation. Not less than twenty-five have been burned and in some instances horses and grain have also been lost, to say nothing of the injuries received by owners and employes in attempting to save the machinery.

The losses are not due to carelessness for owners do not permit anything other than the most careful attention to the matter. The extraordinary dry condition of the straw and stubble are at least partially responsible for the damage. They have been so dry during all the threshing season that the least spark has been sufficient to start a conflagration. Many of the machines have been lost because they could not be connected with the engines quick enough to get them out of the way of the fire.

Notice.

Houses and two lots for sale or rent. Good seven room residence cheap if taken soon. In good location. Inquire at the First National Bank.

The Star
STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

AFTER A BAD MAN.

Karlstad Authorities looking for a Man Who Went Broke in Canada.

Karlstad Advocate: Having gone broke in the Canadian northwest, Elias W. Sundin returned last week to Marshall county to complete his work of rascality. He paid Karlstad a visit last Tuesday accompanied by a lady friend, Miss Erickson, from the vicinity of Strandquist. While here he presented for payment at the local bank and drew the face value of a check for $100 purported to have been made by P. M. Hjerpe of Warren and drawn on the bank of Warren. He was properly identified by E. A. Blom who stated that he had known Sundin for many years. Assistant Cashier Forsberg was satisfied that Hjerpe's check was good and did not suspect anything crooked about the signature. At Hodne's store Sundin passed a similar check for $60 in payment of some notes which Hodne held against him. On Wednesday morning it was learned by telephonic communication from Warren that both checks were forgeries.

Sundin having forged the signature of Hjerpe on the latter's printed check blanks obtained at his place of business in Warren last week. Sundin, however, was in no hurry to leave town. He spent all day here. At the local thirst parlors he spent a portion of his ill-gotten gain for booze and took a goodly supply of tangle-foot whiskey to Strandquist and treated the thirsty ones there who had experienced a dry spell ever since the blind pig was closed down last July. A warrant was issued for Sundin's arrest, but he had suddenly disappeared when the officers arrived in Strandquist to look him up. He had been seen there twenty minutes before and none had seen him leave town. It is a pretty safe guess to state that the miscreant was in hiding there and shielded by friends who are helping Sundin to escape if possible. Parties from here are on his track and an arrest is looked for at an early date. Sundin operated in Marshall county some years ago, forging notes and other papers and skipped to Canada. It is about time the culprit is called in to answer for his rougery.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

TRIED TO HUG SCHOOLMA'AM

Gallant Principal of the Greenbush Schools Stops Bruin With a Bullet.

A Large Bear Killed Near the Village of Greenbush Recently.

Several bears have been killed in the vicinity of Greenbush this fall, the latest one falling before the rifle of the principal of the Greenbush school, his taking off being accompanied by all the elements which go to make up the opening chapter of a first-class romance. When the school closed at night a pretty little "schoolma'am" decided to take a stroll in the woods, just at the outskirts of the town. After she had gone the principal remembered there had been rumors of a bear being seen in the woods, and he became alarmed lest the teacher encounter bruin. He was not afraid that she would meet with physical harm, but that she might receive a bad fright. Shouldering his rifle he set off in the direction the young woman had taken.

Before he had gone far he heard a succession of piercing feminine shrieks, which satisfied him that his worst fears were being realized, and shouting that help was near he broke his way through the brush along the river bank, from whence the screams seemed to come.

When he got to the clearing a remarkable sight met his gaze. Perched on the seat of a small boat which was moored some little distance from shore, stood the little school teacher, who had struck an attitude as if there were a mouse in the boat, while on the bank of the stream, not thirty feet away, squatted a 400 pound bear, quizzically regarding the frightened young woman, his head craned to one side and his ears cocked up. The professor hated to shoot the harmless-appearing brute, but seeing no other way of reassuring the still screaming schoolma'am, he fired, killing it at the first shot.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

A Dying and Cleaning Establishment

Is now opened and is located at the corner of Main and 1st streets. The French dry cleaning which especially is to be recommended is done with exclusively "dry liquids" wherefore garments like silks, fine woolens, mercerized goods and gloves cannot spoil but appear like new as washed garments never do. With many years experience in Europe as well as different places in the United States, I can guarantee the public the best of work.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

IS THE SOO TO EXTEND

Minneapolis Journal Says the Wheat Line Will Be Extended to the Coast.

Would Be a Big Thing for Thief River Falls if True.

The Minnesota Journal of Tuesday contains an item to the effect that the Thief River Falls-Kenmare line is to be extended through to the Pacific coast, thus making another transcontinental road. This, if true, would mean much to Thief River Falls. Concerning the matter the Journal says:

"Continued to the coast, over the Thief River Falls line, would serve some of the finest territory in the northwest. It would pass through grazing, agricultural, coal, mineral and timber lands and would effectually shut out the Great Northern by dividing the territory in two which the Hill lines has left between the rails of their own systems and the boundary. By building an extension half way between the Canadian Pacific's Canadian route and the Great Northern's American route the Soo would cut in half the distance which the shippers as far north as the boundary now have to make overland to reach the Great Northern road. Inasmuch as the Soo would have an even chance for business from the country which will lie between its own lines and the Great Northern and it will control absolutely the territory lying northward to the Canadian Pacific route, the Soo and its parent company, the Canadian Pacific, will practically cinch the traffic from a wide belt of country by the completion of the new line.

The statement is made frequently that enough transcontinental lines have been built already and that there is no room for any more. New York railroad authorities reply that the expansion of the country is so rapid and the development is so great that as many railroads are needed in the west as in the east, where the New York-Chicago or New York-St. Louis cross-country lines are very numerous."

The Independent Scandinavian Workman's Association, the local branch, Ygdvasill, No. 80, are making special efforts to increase its membership. The Grand Organizer of I. S. W. A. Mr. N. J. Jenson of Hudson, Wis., is working to that end in Thief River Falls now. The Order is working for sound Scandinavians among the three nations, Norwegians, Swedes and Danes. It provides for cheap and safe life Insurance and accident and sick benefit for its members. Next Tuesday there will be a mass meeting at Evenson's Hall for discussion of the workings of that order. Every Scandinavian, ladies as well as gentlemen should be present and listen, it is a question which may interest you all.

Remember the date, October the 9th, 8 o'clock p. m.

THIEF RIVER FALLS TRANSFERS

Ernestina Karow to Alex. A. Sweas, lots 13, 14, 15, Blk. 14, Orig. Town of Thief River $500.00

William & Irene E. A. Robinson by Trustee to Robert Sothern, lots 5 Blk. 36, Orig. Town of Thief River Falls $2700.

Peder Rondestvedt to Fred Will, lots 40-41 Blk. 34, Red Lake Rapids $150.

Margarette Eve & husband to Albert Spokely, Lots 12-13, Blk. 9, Knox's Add. to Red Lake Rapids $900.

Alfred Eve & wife to James H. Coleman, Lot 22, Blk. 9, Porter's Add. to Thief River Falls. $1.00

Alfred Eve & wife to Albert Spokely, Lot 11, Blk. 9, Knox's Add. to Thief River Falls $100.00

Sweaas, Axel A. & wife to Ida Butler, Lots 13-14-15, Blk. 14, Orig. Town, Thief River Falls $900.00

Agnes M. Dobner & husband to Agnes and J. A. Aos, Lots 1-2-3-4-5, Blk. 13, Orig. Town Thief River Falls. $5000.00

John A. Aos & wife to Agnes M. Dobner, Lots 8-9-10-11-12, Blk. 12, Orig. Town Thief River Falls $2000.00

Anna Kretzschmar to Gertie Thorstad, Lots 3-4, Blk. 27, Porter's Add. to Thief River Falls $50.00

James Meehan Jr. & wife to Dennis Cavanagh, Lot 23, Blk. 35, Orig. Town, Thief River Falls $1.00

Anna Kretzschmar to Agnes Holzknecht, Lot 8, Blk. 11, Porter's Add. to Thief River Falls $1.00

John Olson & wife to John W. Sundahl, Lots 4-5, Blk. 4, Porters Add. $100.

Christina Brudvik to Charley Westby, Lot 15, Blk. 4, Porter's Add. [illegible]

Elise Culver & husband to Horace G. Culver, Lots 22-23, Blk. 15, Porters Add. [illegible]

John J. Holzknecht & wife to Magdaline Koenig, Lot 8, Blk. 11, Porters Add. [illegible]

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls to William Brunelle, lots [illegible], Blk. 4, Knox Add. to Red Lake Rapids [illegible]

T. P. Hamre to D. B. Bakke, The West 25 ft. of lots 1-2, Blk. 29, Orig. Town, Thief River Falls [illegible]

HANSON'S BIG LEAD

Has a Majority of 453 Over the Combined Vote of his Two Opponents.

The following table shows the result of the contest for the senate and legislature nominations in the sixty-first district. Mr. Hanson leads the field for the senatorship by 1,547 votes and has a majority of 453 over the combined vote of his competitors. Mr. Opsahl has a majority over Mr. McCuaig of 766. These figures are official.

SENATE.

County-	Hanson	Lightbourn	Simons
Norman	968	669	97
Red Lake	570	103	338
Clearwater	389	82	98
Beltrami	875	401	561
	2802	1252	1094

REPRESENTATIVE.

County-	Opsahl	McCuaig
Clearwater	434	107
Red Lake	583	436
Beltrami	1135	943
	2152	1386

AN OLD OFFENDER.

Chief Erickson Arrested a Man Wanted In Wisconsin Tuesday.

Chief of Police Erickson on Tuesday evening arrested a man by the name of A. J. McHale, ex-prize fighter, who is wanted by the police of Shell Lake, Wis. McHale held up a railroad conductor at Shell Lake, robbing him of $15 and a gold watch. He was arrested for the crime, but broke jail before his case came to trail. A local brakeman in the employ of the Soo who used to work at Shell Lake recognized McHale and told Chief Erickson. The sheriff from Shell Lake is expected here today and will take the prisoner back with him.

Here Saturday Night.

The theatre going public of this city is justified in having more than a passing interest in the gifted young player, Miss Ida Root Gordon, who appears at the Opera House Saturday Oct. 6 as "Juliet" in "Romeo and Juliet" for Miss Gordon stands today foremost in ability among the American actresses of this country. Her name is known and favorably so, in every portion of the United States. The rapid rise of this clever artist in her chosen profession has been the cause of more than passing comment among her world of admirers. Even when young and experienced, those who had the pleasure of seeing her could not well refrain from growing enthusiastic in her behalf, and predicting for her a future that would attract attention of the theatre going public throughout the country. It would seem that she has accomplished all and even more than her greatest admirers in her girlhood days had reason to anticipate. From the very beginning her success has been rapid and sure. It will doubtless please the reader to learn that the play to be presented here, "Romeo and Juliet," affords Miss Gordon the greatest scope and opportunity for her talents that she has ever had. The character of "Juliet" suits her dainty personality to a dot and those who have witnessed her perportrayal of of this lovely character.

Lyceum Lecture Course.

The Lyceum Lecture Course of "Thief River Falls, for the season of 1906-07, will open the last week in Oct. There will be one Entertainment a month for five consective months. The Course has been arranged with great care and we believe cultured people will thoroly enjoy each number in it. Tickets for this Course of Entertainments are now on sale at $2.00 each. There will be no more tickets sold than we can comfortably care for in the hall. Before the first number of the Course appeares, each person holding a ticket will be given an opportunity to reserve his seat for the entire season. Do not delay securing one of these Lyceum Lecture Course tickets at once. See F. J. Barackman, Secretary.

The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it *cures the cold.* That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

Have You Any of the Following Articles

Which you would like to have cleaned before the fall entertainments start?

Fine silk or woolen dress, silk or woolen shirt waist, skirt, jacket, cravennette coat, opera shawl, kid gloves, opera gloves, fan, white kid slippers, hat, plumes, feather, bird and all kinds of fur you can get cleaned or dyed. You can have lace dyed to match your dress. I clean also embroideries curtains and draperies.

Do you know that some garments which you now think are of no use to you may look nice if you only had them cleaned and pressed. In the "Dying and Cleaning Establishment" you can get anything cleaned or dyed.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	65c
Oats	30c
Flax	[illegible]
Butter	16c
Eggs	17c

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. Dan Bjorkman Monday.

George Jarman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Victor Sandstrom Monday.

Frank Lawerence was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday evening at 7:45.

F. C. Niclai left Tuesday for a trip down on the Fosston line selling cigars.

W. H. Doege left Tuesday evening for Wolverton to visit friends for a few weeks.

Goodnow Torrison returned to this city yesterday from a trip to North Dakota points.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Bullock died Monday and was buried Tuesday.

George Lipscomb returned yesterday from North Dakota where he had been threshing.

Bernard Koke, of Ulen, was in the city to spend Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Fred Holzknecht.

Mrs. Paulin, of Euclid, who had been in the city visiting the family of Dr. Teal returned Monday to her home.

Mrs. Blanchard returned to this city Monday from South Dakota where she had been to bury her late husband.

Editor Reirsgord of the Ulen Union, was in the city the first of the week attending to some business matters.

Frank McGinty returned to this city the first of the week from Crystal, N. D., where he had been during the threshing season.

Call up 59, and be advertised in the drill at the opera house Friday, October 19th. It costs only one dollar, and is worth ten.

W. A. Kratka the first of the week traded his farm in the town of Rocksburg to C. J. Knox for some acre property north of town.

Mrs. Quam of Underwood Minn., and Mrs. Osterson, of Fargo, N. D., mother and sister respectively of Mrs. B. Dan Bjorkman arrived in the city Tuesday and will remain for several days.

Lewis Johnson, a nephew of Ole O. Neyhus, died at the hospital last Friday after a short sickness with typhoid fever. The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon.

Don't forget the advertising entertainment. Friday, October 19th, is the date, admission 25 cents, Evenson's Hall. It promises to be better than at the last report, don't fail to buy your ticket early!

Word has been received from Kalispell to the effect that Mrs. C. L. Dobner who had been quite sick with typhoid fever, is now almost entirely well, and has been removed from the hospital where she had been during her sickness to her home. This will be very pleasing news to Mrs. Dobner's many friends here.

Chesly and Sorenson has opened up in the old Viking stand under the firm name of "The O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading Co.," and are now prepared to buy and sell hides, furs, pelts, wool, seneca root and machinery iron, job lots of merchandise, second hand goods of all descriptions.

Dr. Doran the St. Paul Specialist will be at the Hotel Rushford Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 10th. The doctor has a case of cancer he has cured for Mr. Henry Wegge of Bagley, Minn., without the use of the knife or drawing a single drop of blood. Mr. Wegge [illegible] be there come and see [illegible].

NOTICE.

The dance in the opera house Friday evening is strictly private, only those who have a written invitation from the committee being admitted.

J. D. Abbott came down from Rollis yesterday.

W. J McKinley was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Henry Diebel left yesterday for Long Prairie to attend to business matters for a few days.

Postmaster Hjortos and wife came down from Middle River last evening to visit friends.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson has recommended to the U. S. postoffice department the appointment of Chas Latta of Plummer for the postmastership of the post office there. If he receives the appointment he will succeed H. H. Finrow who goes out of the office as soon as a new postmaster is appointed.—Crookston Journal.

GERMANTOWN.

It is getting quit dry now and some have to haul water for their stock.

Plowing is now in progress but it is almost to dry to do a good job of it.

Congressman Steenerson came up last Saturday to look over the country. He went up as far as Grygla and came back Monday greatly convinced that drainage will do wonders to this territory north and east of here.

Gust Berggrin entertained some of his friends last Saturday evening.

Carl Klockman Jr. visited with his folks here last Sunday.

Mikkel Blakkestad has sold out his property over in the Town of Moylan and will move to western Canada in the near future.

Theodore Dangerfield was up here with some Land Seekers from Iowa last week. We have not heard if they made any deal or not.

Henry Dan got back from North Dakota last week.

Mrs. Gillfoy and sister is visiting with their folks near Crookston, Minn.

The Ladies of the Norwegian church meets with Mrs. Skogstad Wednesday Oct. 3rd.

WM. A. TAUTGES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Seven years experience in Minnesota courts. All kinds of law business promptly attended to. Office across the street from the postoffice and the First State Bank.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE AVERAGE COW.

Surplus of Products From Cows Kept at the Owner's Loss.

Dairy products are too abundant and prices too low for the man with the average cow. She is no longer an economic factor. Everybody agrees that if a third or half of the cows could be culled out there would be a good profit with the remainder. Why? Because they produce enough to bring down the cost of production to a profit making limit. The great surplus of cow products today comes from cows that are kept at a loss owned by farmers who do not or will not exercise their brains sufficiently to find out that fact, affirms Hoard's Dairyman.

The country needs, the farmers need, a state of knowledge and affairs whereby we can produce just as much milk products as we do today, for instance, with half the number of cows. The true object of dairy breeding should be to induce the farmer to keep half the number of cows and twice as good ones. With such cows it would be difficult to make the price of the product so low that there would not be a good profit in it. Right there lies the secret of economic production and profit. For many years to come there will be a wide open field right here for the breeder of fine dairy cattle to supply those farmers who want first class cows, possibly to breed to a dual purpose sire to raise veals. Back of all other considerations lies the necessity to breed a kind of cow that can make a profit for her owner even with low prices for her products.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Last Wednesday the Sophomores held a class meeting. Ralph Douglas was elected president, Marie Gilbertson vice-president and Agnes Kelly secretary and treasurer.

As yet no boy has seen fit to apply for the vacant position in the Senior class. It is rumored that a certain boy stated his intentions of applying for the positions. But as yet he has not done so. The place is still open to any boy who can fill the requirements.

Last Wednesday the committee interviewed Mrs. Wright in regard to re-organizing the Mandolin club. Satisfactory arrangements were made. The first practice was held Friday night in the assembly room.

"Combining weights!!" "Valance!!" Such sighs and groans as are "raised to the Stars" by the members of the class because of these things. It may seem a simple matter to understand such things—but it is not, as any Chemistry student will tell you.

The members of the class in English held a debate last Friday morning. The question of debate was; Resolved that Hamlet was mad, was won by the affirmative. The debate was very interesting and showed much study on the part of the students.

A certain Sophomore in the German class declined "ein, eine, ein" meaning one in the plural. Suppose he thot that since two are sometimes made one, there must be a plural in the declension.

Colin MacNiven entered school Monday. He is a member of the Junior Class.

More desks, some of them double, have been placed in the assembly-room last week. It has been found that some of them will comfortably accommodate three, or even four pupils, according to their pleasure—and size.

Last Friday Irene Caldwell visited the High School.

The boys are very zealously practicing football. They are determined to have a winning team this year.

There has been great discussion of heights lately. As a result a great many pupils have been measured.

Some were very much disappointed and others were pleased at the result. Will Prichard is altogether too tall to suit some people, because his height entitles him to the back seat.

The German pupils repeat German poetry at all times, some even muttering it in their sleep.

The pupils seem to enjoy the new encyclopedias as a child does a new picture-book. The pictures and maps are particularly interesting. You might have heard one pupil say, "I used to live there" or "I know someone who lived here" when looking at the maps.

OLD BRINDLE.

All She Wants Is a Better Breed of Dairymen.

All Old Brindle wants is a chance. Give it to her. She won't disappoint you. Last year the value of the milk, cream, butter and cheese produced by Old Brindle and her sisters in the United States was worth $665,000,000. That shows what she can do when she has half a chance.

Brindle had about the best chance in 1905 she ever had. The season was long and the pastures good. She had green grass, and plenty of it, from early spring till late fall. In consequence she fairly outdid herself. June pastures make Brindle happy and contented, and when she's that she does her best for you.

The average New York price for extra creamery butter in June, 1905, was 20½ cents. In January, 1906, it was 26½ cents. This is a difference of 6 cents between June and January, caused by the difference in supply. Brindle didn't do as well in January as she did in June. She hasn't had a chance.

Brindle's wants are few. A comfortable shelter, pure air, a little kindness and sufficient food of the right kind are all she requires. When she has these she has a chance, and she makes good. Brindle has a chance in June. With pastures knee deep, with pleasant weather and with no flies to bother her her milk yield goes up by leaps and bounds. That's the result of giving Brindle a chance.

Now, if you could surround Brindle with the same pleasant conditions in January as nature gives her in June she would respond at the milk pail in the same way. Brindle is a grateful creature and repays her owner well—when she has a chance. But she is also just. She pays strictly what she owes and not a cent more.

The dairymen have been crying for many years for a better breed of cows, but what old Brindle wants is a better breed of dairymen. If you want her to do as well for you in January as she does in June you must do as well by her in January as nature does in June—put up a silo and fill it for her winter feed.—Kimball's Dairyman.

Dairyman's Best Friend.

It is settled now beyond dispute that the silo is the dairyman's best friend either for steady all the year work or for an emergency. What is the use of standing in your own light when every intelligent dairyman can show you how a cheaply built silo will remove these hard places and danger conditions besides furnishing you with the best food for cows the farm can raise?—I. S. Hardin, Kentucky.

CONTINUOUS ROADS.

VALUE OF UNITING SHORT STRETCHES OF GOOD HIGHWAYS.

A Review of the Present Conditions and a Demonstration of the Necessity For Improvement as Stated by Colonel W. L. Dickinson.

At the recent annual meeting of the Springfield (Mass.) Automobile club Colonel W. L. Dickinson, chairman of the executive committee of the New York and Chicago Road association, spoke as follows on the movement for continuous good roads, says the Municipal Journal and Engineer:

"The movement for better roads is gradually spreading over the entire country. Their value is so universally understood that undoubtedly within a few years nearly every state in the Union will have taken some action toward improving its highways. The good example set by those eastern states which have given state aid has been followed until seventeen states of the Union have taken steps in imitation of these pioneers. I do not mean to say that all of the seventeen have made large appropriations of money, but they have all provided some state authority to have jurisdiction in the matter of road improvement.

"During the past few years we have been building short stretches of good roads to demonstrate the value of such roads. Their value has been fully established, and their cost cannot be compared with the great benefits derived. The time has now arrived when we should connect these short stretches of roads to make continuous good roads or trunk lines leading across the country in various directions, giving first class roads to the various centers of trade, which will particularly benefit the rural districts.

"Hon. James H. MacDonald of Connecticut is the first state highway commissioner to recommend a state appropriation for connecting these links to make continuous good roads. An appropriation for this purpose has been made by the Connecticut legislature.

"With a continuous good road farmers can haul their products to market with a great saving of horses, vehicles and time as compared with a poor road or one which has short sections in good repair with most of it in poor condition. A perfectly good road enables them to deliver their products at any time and take advantage of a favorable market.

"The benefits derived from continuous good roads are of great commercial value to the country, affecting all branches of trade. Reducing the cost of transportation of our products to market results in a reduction of the cost of these products to the consumer. A large percentage of the freight carried by the railroads and on our waterways is first hauled over our common roads. All transportation companies should be greatly interested in the construction of well built roads, capable of being used at all seasons and in all weathers, as such roads would assist in preventing congestion and in equalizing their freight traffic.

"In large cities where roads are good the motor truck is rapidly superseding the dray horse. It is cheaper, more convenient, more efficient, more humane and more cleanly. Large motor trucks are used for freighting purposes and the delivery automobile is used by merchants to deliver their goods. Express companies use them to collect and deliver express matter. Under fair conditions they everywhere seem to perform their work with convenience and efficiency. In the west the farmer uses the traction engine to plow, harrow and seed his land and cut his grain. With the great improvements that are constantly being made in the manufacture of motor vehicles it is fair to assume that the day is not far distant when they will be used by the farmer to carry his products to market. The motor vehicle is certainly already a success, and how long a list of other important uses the future will show no one can predict. The automobilist and the farmer should get together and work for good roads.

"There is a growing sentiment throughout the country that the federal government should appropriate money to assist in building trunk lines of roads. Large sums of money have been expended by the national government to improve our waterways, to encourage the building of trunk lines of railroads and to build roads in the Philippines. It would seem as if public convenience and necessity demanded that the same government should equally assist in the internal development of our country by improving the highways. It seems strange that a country which leads the world in progressiveness should allow its roads to get into such a deplorable condition, ours being the only civilized country that has neglected its highways. European countries have national systems of roads, the best features of which could well be copied by this country to its great advantage.

"The different elements favorable to improving our highways should unite and urge favorable action by congress. The people of this country are awakening to the economic importance of this great reform, which in the near future will become our next national work for internal development. It calls for concentrated action, and all those interested in this great problem should do everything in their power to aid the movement for better roads and to insure the construction of a system of highways which will meet the real needs of the country."

A Paying Investment.

Roadway improvement is by all odds the best paying investment a community can make.

J. BORRY

PHOTOGRAPHER

EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Joe Gray left last evening for his home at Little Falls.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week.

City Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston last week on legal business.

A. A. Sweaas was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Torgerson left last Saturday for Grand Forks to spend a few days visiting friends.

James Roach returned to this city last week from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

H. H. Finrow, the Plummer merchant, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

James E. Morrissey was up from Crookston last Saturday looking after his business interests here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hanney and Mesdames E. R. Evins and Geo. L. Austin were up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

—The young people of Northern Minnesota have found that the Queen City Business College of Crookston, Minn. is a leading school and are entering in great numbers. Never before has any new school had such liberal patronage.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Carl Peterson was up to Middle River last week.

Allen W. Wood was in the city last week from Fargo.

Attorney Cooke was down to Crookston last week on legal business.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city last Friday.

Hans Burgess returned last Saturday from a two weeks business trip in North Dakota.

Rooms for Rent—Four single rooms to rent. Call at Mrs. John Erickson's, west of Tanum's laundry.

Lost—A seven months old water spanial, white between front legs. Liberal reward. Mrs. G. Torgerson.

—For Rent—Seven room house on the East Side formerly owned by W. S. Day. Inquire of T. J. Carr at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

Miss Mary Arneson was over to Grand Forks to spend Sunday.

—For Rent—One large furnished room cheap. Five minutes walk from town. Inquire at this office.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Herbert Fuller left last Friday evening for Chicago to attend the convention of railway mail clerks of the United States.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Olaf Ramstad was down to Ada the first of the week and while absent closed a deal for the sale of his farm in Norman county.

Parties wanted at once to plow 80 acres of land, $2 per acre. See M. H. Ballangrud, northeast quarter of section 24 town of North or call at Oen & Granum's hardware store.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

Mrs. Lafayette Dodds was up from Crookston to spend Sunday visiting her brother, Rev. Flesher. Dr. Dodds arrived in the city Monday and they both left for Minneapolis over the Soo Monday evening.

Miss Hazel Toye, who had spent the summer in Thief River Falls visiting with her sister, Mrs. W. B. Krouse, left last Saturday for Crookston where she will remain for a few days and then go to Winnipeg to attend school during the winter.

Attorney Greeley E. Carr was up from Minneapolis last week attending to some business matters. Mr. Carr announces that he leaves Minneapolis with his family for Ardmore, Indian Territory, in a few weeks, to make his future home. He has accepted a position as attorney for a bond and trust company.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

N. J. Anderson was down to Fosston last week.

J. A. Swore returned to this city Monday from a trip to Benson, Minn., where he had been visiting his parents.

—We are now selling clean sixteen inch slab wood and can deliver all orders promptly. If you expect to use short wood this summer get your orders, in early. Thief River Falls Lumber Company.

Godfrey Batzli arrived in the city Monday from Minneapolis and has accepted a position as miller in the Hanson & Barzen milling company's flour mill here. Mr. Batzli learned the milling trade in Switerland and for the past year has been working in the Minneapolis mills. He is said to be an expect flour maker and will be sure to keep the product of this institution up to its present high standard.

"The Belle of Japan" as presented at the opera house last Saturday evening was a very satisfactory performance. "Bessie Cifton" is an accomplished and charming actress while all the members of the company were proficient. A Japanese juggler performed some really meritorious feats. The specialties by the members of the company were all good, and the large audience was highly pleased and satisfied.

As predicted in our last issue Oscar Lillemoe did not return from Thief River Falls alone but was accompanied upon his return Wednesday evening by a young blushing bride in the person of Miss Sammeline Iverson. The ceremony that united them as man and wife was solemnized at the bride's home last Sunday. The young couple will make their future home on one of the best farms in the town of Knute. May they live long and be happy is the wish of the Echo.—Erskine Echo.

T. J. Quamme was in on Thursday from his home on the reservation and had with him some excellent flint corn which he has raised and ripened thoroughly on his claim this year. The ears were finely developed and the kernels of corn plump and perfectly solid. Some of the ears are now hanging conspicuously in Julius Pleth's real estate office and furnish abundant proof that flint corn can be successfully raised in this part of the country if carefully cultivated by an intelligent farmer who is willing to work his land properly.—Plummer Pioneer.

Word has just been received here that a bloody conflict occured between drunken Indians at Red Lake a few days ago. Two Indians named Bigberg and Ayshquablow were having a good time over the contents of a jug of liquor when they became involved in a quarrel. In the melee Bigberg, who has the reputation of being a bad Indian, slashed Ayshquablow across the neck, inflicting a probably fatal wound. At last account the wounded Indian was still alive, but with little hopes of recovery. Bigberg has been arrested and is being held pending his victim's fate.

A Negro from Sweden.

Duluth News-Tribune: The secret of humor and wit is said to be a mingling of the incongruous. It was the height of this latter element which drew a crowd of people around a black and shining negro, a veritable giant, who stepped off the train from Minneapolis the other morning at the union depot.

The negro got off the train with a small crowd of immigrants. Aside from the outlandish apparel of the man and a curious-looking carpetbag which he carried there was nothing to distinguish him from any southern darkey. A baggage hauler approached him, gave him a cursory glance and said:

"Baggage?"

The dusky giant moved awkwardly to one side and answered in a sing-song voice something which puzzled the baggage man.

In a manner of tolerant contempt the latter, remembering his divine rights by reason of his color, but at the same time not unmindful of what financial gain might accrue even from a negro, repeated his first question, with some further explanations.

It was then that the crowd took notice for the Ethiopian, black as the ace of spades, answered in the unmistakable accents of the Swedish race:

"Jag forstor not. Jag yust coom from Sveeden."

It so happened that one or two of the Scandinavians of the Zenith City were present. One of them spoke to the negro and his face lighted up with that expression of unspoiled and innocent joy which the worldly wise of America sometimes call greenness. In the mellifluous accents of northern Sweden the negro told his new acquaintance that his name was Hans Torkelson and that he was born and raised in Sweden. He said that he was going to stop a few days in the city. When asked his impression of America, he sang out, wiping the sweat off his brow:

"De er djevla varmt!"

And the crowd at the union station roared.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins'.

Peoples State Bank.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.00.

We are now ready to handle all classes of business in the Banking Line. We can place Loans on Farm or City Property without delay. If you are in need of Loan it will pay you to consult us before placing it. Insurance written in old line companies.

D. B. BAKKE, President.

T. P. HAMRY, Cashier.

OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

A CURIOUS ERROR.

Blunder of Barnesville Dispatcher Ties Up Whole Division for Two Hours.

The Barnesville Record Review tells of a curious mixup in railway orders which resulted in quite a delay for the night trains last Friday. The Record Review states that the train dispatcher on the northern division of the Great Northern sent an order to No. 7, the north bound Winnipeg night train, to meet No. 6, the south bound local passenger, at Downer, some distance north of Barnesville, and at the same time ordered No. 6, to meet No. 7, at Averill, thirty miles further north. No. 7, pulled in onto the siding at Downer and awaited No. 6, and No. 6 did likewise at Averill, and awaited the coming of No. 7. Both of these stations are blind sidings, having no telegraph operators, and neither train crew could imagine what had become of the other train.

Matters remained thus for over two hours, and in the meantine other trains were pulled into the various sidings waiting for these two passenger trains to go by. Finally the crew of No. 7, concluded that there was something wrong, and arousing the section crew at Downer sent it ahead on a handcar with a red lantern and slowly followed with the train. A short distance up the track it met a light engine which had been sent out to tell them to come ahead. The operator at Glyndon, which is between the two points named had become alarmed at the failure of the two trains to appear and had finally wired the dispatcher's office to find out what was the trouble. The dispatcher who had made the blunder had gone home at midnight, but his orders were Examined and the mistake was discovered and the two trains located.

It was the first error in order that had occured in a long time and it was a fortunate error in that the trains were ordered to meet thirty miles before they came together. Had the lap been the other way and their stations been reversed the delay would have taken place after they had met instead of before and a terrible wreck would have resulted.

SENATOR NELSON.

He Will Address a Thief River Falls Audience This Evening.

United States Senator Knute Nelson will arrive in the city this morning over the Great Northern and tonight at the Evenson Hall will address the voters of Thief River Falls on the political issues of the day. Senator Nelson is one of the strongest and most forceful public speakers in Minnesota and there is no question but that he will be welcomed by a large house.

Creamery Statement.

The August statement of business done at the Plummer Creamery shows the 29,890 pounds of cream was received. From this 9,790 pounds of butter was made. The cash receipts amounted to $2,121.68, and the price paid for butter fat was 22.7 cents per pound. For the same month last year the cash receipts were $1,278.04. The increase this year over last is $843.64, or about 65 per cent. Few, if any, of the northern creameries can show better progress than this.

John Larson again received the biggest check which was $48.00. Henry Lemieux got $59.31; Carl Magnel, $54; E. Jacobson, $54; E. Schjeldrup, $54; and several others got about $50.

Big Profit in Bees.

Dr. Hanson says that each one of his five hives of bees have produced honey, this season, worth about $15, or a total of $75. In an average year, with the wholesale prices at 12½c. per comb, the hives—or colonies—should bring about $12 each. Of course the village is exceptionally rich in white clover and fruit blossoms, and not many bees to work on them, so the returns might not be so large everywhere, but it looks as though half a dozen hives on each farm might prove profitable. There is a large amount of basswood along the rivers, and the clover fields are getting more extensive every year—these are two of the principal sources of honey.

Bee keeping requires about 10 per cent of work and 90 per cent of knowing how to do it.—Hendrum Review.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
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St. Paul

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $40 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.

Lowest rates. Call and see me.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

The News, $1 Per Year.

THE DAIRYMAN

The Ayrshires appear to be fast winning popularity and extending their range into new sections. They have long been favorites in the Green Mountain State, and Vermont, New York and Ohio have fine pure bred herds which have maintained themselves so far in the face of the strongest competition from other dairy breeds. There are quite a number of Ayrshires and their grades maintained in the Canadian provinces, especially where the early settlers were from Scotland.

Originating in the highlands of Scotland, many people believe these cattle to be direct and but slightly varied descendants of the original wild cattle of Great Britain. Henry E. Alvord, a dairy expert, has said that the end sought in perfecting the breed has been a large yield of milk without extravagance of food.

Ayrshires are of medium size among dairy cattle. The bulls attain a weight of 1,400 to 1,800 pounds at maturity, sometimes being larger. The cows weigh 900 to 1,100 pounds, averaging probably 1,000 pounds in a well maintained herd. They are short legged, fine boned and very active. The general form is of the wedge shape, regarded as typical of cows of dairy excellence, and this shape is not from any weakness forward, but rather because of uncommon development and strength of body and hind quarters. Good specimens of the breed when in milk do not carry a pound of extra flesh.

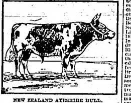

NEW ZEALAND AYRSHIRE BULL.
[Farm, Field and Fireside.]

The Ayrshire is of a highly nervous temperament. The cow has a superabundance of nerves and is willing to employ them upon instant demand in self defense or in self support. The bulls if properly handled are not fractious.

An Ayrshire Estimate.

"The Ayrshire cow will show more net profit every year from her beginning to her ending in old age, taking into consideration the amount, the kind and the cost of food consumed, her easy keeping tendencies and the amount and quality of milk produced, than the cow of any other dairy breed. Her general appearance is striking, being alert and full of life and reserved energy, handsome and attractive, 1,000 to 1,100 pounds in weight, usually white and red, spotted, but varying in these colors from nearly all white to nearly all red." So runs the Ayrshire breeders' score book.

The High Test Not the Only Thing.

Dairymen, and especially creamery patrons, are often carried away with the idea of a high test, and not infrequently they class the highest testing cow as the best in the herd. It should be borne in mind that the test is only one factor in the element of profit. Frequently more depends upon the pounds of milk than upon the test. The experience of the Kansas experiment station, together with that of dairymen who have kept individual records, leads to the conclusion that it is not always the highest nor the lowest testing cows that give the most profit. The medium testing cow that gives a large flow of milk may be classed among the most profitable.

The Skim Milk Calf.

About a month after the calf is taken from the cow it receives twelve to fourteen pounds of skim milk, at two months eighteen pounds and finally reaches twenty-two to twenty-four pounds per day. The grain added to the ration is fed in boxes. The calves begin to eat grain whole at ten days or two weeks old. At first a handful is put in the calf's mouth as soon as it has finished drinking its milk, and it soon learns to eat with a relish from the feed boxes. Never feed grain mixed in the milk. Skim milk calves are fed what grain they will eat up clean. At ten days old they will nibble at hay. Feed them all they will eat of it. Mixed grasses are best.

Feeding During Calving Time.

The performance of a dairy cow during the period of lactation depends largely on the care she receives at the close of her lactation period until she comes in full milk again. We use laxative foods, keeping the cows in the best physical condition to withstand the great strain at that period. We allow the calves to remain with the cows only a short time. The calves are taken away and taught to drink whole milk, which is gradually replaced by skim milk and flaxseed jelly. [illegible] Correspondent in Orange Judd [illegible]

Cow Comfort.

Keep the cows well sprayed with some fly exterminator. The [illegible] or horn flies are [illegible] pester the cows and [illegible] every day to insure comfort to the cow and best results to the owner. [illegible] The cows plenty of salt. Keep it where they can get at it any time they like. Also see that they have plenty of good clean water in the pasture.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Oct. 10th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to

H. FANT'S

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Marie's dray line office.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Ole J. Lund, H. Entry, Chippewa Series for the N. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec. 32, Twp. 155, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lewis Hamre, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Johnson, " " "
Amund Johnson, " " "
Hartvig Lund, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy H. E. 4203, Chippewa Series, for the S. ½ S. W. ¼, Sec 22, N. ½ N. W. ¼ Sec 27, Tp. 155, N. R 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " " "
Tollef C. Hovelson, " " "
Emil Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Charley H Omlid, H. E. 29, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ Sec 11, Tp. 154, N. R 43, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Knut O. Larviand, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Tellef O. Larviand, " " " "
Ingebret Nelson, " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, September 26, 1906

Notice is hereby given that Ole M. Bakke of Garnes, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible] R. L. S. made Oct 4, 1902, for the S. E. ¼ Section 23, Township 152 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 12, 1906.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

R. O. Gomlen, of Plummer, Minn.
Sever Grothe, " Garnes, Minn.
Ole Swenson, " "
Sam Lavaas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906 viz: John [illegible] H. E. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ sec 11, Tp. 155 N Rg 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole T. Vaale, of Kratka, Minn.
Halvor T. Vaale, " "
Ole T. [illegible], " "
[illegible] Myhre, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

—Subscribe for the News.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906. viz: Lars Matson, H. E. 34, Red Lake Series, for the N. E. ¼ Sec.31, Tp. 154 N, R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John E. Solmonson, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Charles F. Peterson, " " " " "
John Baber, " " " " "
George M. Gunderson, of " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 27 nov 1

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Christen A. Loken. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christen A. Loken, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Anders H. Loken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, Marit A. Loken, Anne A. Loken and Gurie A. Loken, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Halvor A. Loken having been filed in this court, representing that Christen A. Loken, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 14th day of September, 1906; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Halvor A. Loken; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of October, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 20th day of September, 1906.

COURT SEAL.
N. W. TARRANT, Probate Judge.

sept 27 oct 11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906. viz: Ole J. Nomland, H. E. No. 197, Red Lake Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 21, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole Grinde, of Thief river Falls Minn.
Hans G. Hansen, " " " " "
Charles C. Hoagland, " " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 30 oct 4

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date hereof Three hundred thirty-seven and 75-100 Dollars ($337.75) for principal and interest upon a mortgage given by William A. Kratka and Sophia A. Kratka, his wife, mortgagors, to H. G. Dobner, mortgagee, dated December 16th, 1905 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, January 9th, 1906 at 11:30 o'clock A. M. in book 13 of mortgages on page 219, mortgaging and conveying the following described land, situated in said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered forty-five (45), forty-six (46) forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) in block numbered twenty-six (26) of Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the city of Thief River Falls according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County and State, to secure the payment of three hundred fifteen and 95-100 dollars ($315.95), and interest.

Notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises will be sold under foreclosure thereof at public auction on the 16th day of October, 1906, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. by the sheriff of said County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State to pay the sum then due on said mortgage, including taxes, if any, then paid, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, and foreclosure disbursements.

Dated August 25th, 1906.

H. G. DOBNER, Mortgagee.

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

aug 30 o4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on October 4th, 1906, viz: Margaretha Kalnz, formerly Margaretha Clausen, H. E. No. 3000 Chippewa Series, for the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 28 in T'wp. 155 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Hans Clausen, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Thomas " " " "
Nick Hundhund, " " " "
John Histau, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 6 oct 4

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff, vs. Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. B. Alderman, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 31st day of August, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at One o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of Section six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), Range Forty-Five (45), containing 160 acres of land.

Dated September 3rd 1906.

D. Linnehan,
Sheriff of Red Lake County

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

sept 6 to oct 11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, October 25th, 1906, viz: Anton Konopel H. E. No. 664 Red Lake Land Act Feb 20 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 24 Tp. 154 N Rg 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Frank Staska, " " " "
Andrew Breasca, " " " "
Frank Ceremocheck, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls Minnesota, on [illegible] November 1906 viz: Thom Hedsarelth H. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec. [illegible] Tp. [illegible] N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Joseph [illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
Andrew [illegible], " "
J. [illegible] Ketan, " "
Ole T. Neste, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18

When in Need of a Sack of Flour. Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

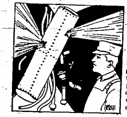

"That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

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U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Official returns show that Congressman McCleary was renominated in the Second district by a majority of 328.

After five years as a "dry" town the Willmar city council has granted licenses to four saloons. The license was fixed at $1,500 a year.

Charles Jackson, colored, aged sixty-one, was found dead in his cell in the Stillwater prison early Friday morning. Heart disease was the cause.

Assessed valuation of stocks of wholesale merchants in Minneapolis was reduced 10 per cent, or $472,429, by the state board of equalization.

The Minneapolis chamber of commerce has decided to establish a "call" board, or special market, for the purchase and sale of grain "to arrive."

Harry Gruber, a clerk in the employ of August Berg, a Minneapolis grocer, is missing; also $210 in cash that Gruber was given to deposit in the bank.

C. A. Lindbergh's majority over C. B. Buckman in the Sixth congressional district was 1,311, several hundred more than supposed from the early returns.

Tom Halverson, sixty years old, a patient at the Walker hospital, cut his throat, death resulting instantaneously. He was suffering from chronic rheumatism.

William Lee, a pioneer merchant of St. Paul and for four years postmaster, is seriously ill at his home of heart trouble. Mr. Lee is eighty-four years old.

The official count shows that Mayor Jones was renominated for that position by Minneapolis Republicans by a majority of 899, the vote standing Jones 17,455, Williams 16,586.

Attorney General Young has decided to force the issue of the right of the state to assess for taxation the intangible property and the Minnesota franchises of foreign corporations.

Ernest Boesch, eighteen years old, was killed at Granada by being crushed under a wagon on which he was riding and which upset. He was employed in driving for a threshing outfit.

John M. Gilman, one of the oldest and most distinguished lawyers in St. Paul, died at St. Joseph's hospital as the result of a fall sustained a day or two before. He was eighty-three years of age.

The state board of equalization has fixed a valuation on all the property of the Western Union Telegraph company in Minnesota at $1,250,000. This is an increase of $250,000 over that fixed by the state board a year ago.

Hans Fredrickson, eighty-one years old, who lived with his wife on a farm near Santiago, Sherburne county, was found dead on his knees by the side of his bed. Around his neck was a rope, the other end of which was tied to an overhead beam.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the State bank at Carlos, seven miles north of Alexandria. The operators cut through a brick wall into the vault and used nitroglycerin on the safe. The door to the safe was only partially destroyed. No money was secured.

The Minnesota Shippers and Receivers' association, the organization which has been carrying on the fight for reduced railroad rates, is going into politics this fall to the extent of putting candidates on record as to their stand on the railroad question and allied subjects.

The local committee in charge of arrangements for the convention of the Upper Mississippi River Improvement association to be held in Minneapolis Oct. 9 and 10 has received acceptances from a large number of the members of congress and other men of prominence who have been invited to attend.

It is apparent that Rock county will be swept clean of its hogs before winter sets in by hog cholera, which developed about a month ago. The loss thus far has been frightfully heavy, it being conservatively estimated that between 5,000 and 6,000 hogs have died and that the financial loss exceeds $75,000.

Iron mine properties have been boosted 15 per cent by the state board of equalization. This means a raise of $10,000,000 over the figures returned by the county boards and $30,000,000 over the assessment values placed on the properties last year. The valuation of the properties now will be about $72,000,000.

The state authorities have determined to ascertain to a pound just how much coal it is taking to heat and illuminate the new state capitol. For this purpose a set of special scales has been installed at the heat and power house of the capitol and every bit of coal thrown into the furnaces will be carefully weighed.

With the aid of two fire departments from Belle Plaine and New Prague a fire which for a time threatened the entire business section of Jordan was subdued, entailing a loss of $30,000. It was the worst conflagration Jordan has ever had and had aid not arrived promptly the loss would have been much greater.

Judge McClenahan, at Bemidji, has handed down an oral order in which he declares that the Red Lake agency vote must be canvassed. The canvassing board a few days ago voted 4 to 1 not to canvass the vote from the agency, contending that it was not a legal precinct, and that there were irregularities in the casting of the vote in that fullblood Indians were allowed to vote.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The Middleport bank, a private institution at Middleport, O., failed to open its doors Friday. It is stated that all the deposits, amounting to $115,000, are missing and great excitement prevails. Most of the depositors are poor people and their deposits represented nearly all their savings.

Mayor E. F. Dunne has been elected president of the League of American Municipalities. Municipal ownership was the dominant note in the last hours of the meeting, during which the members in attendance declined to go on record as favoring or opposing the principle.

The Great Northern Railway company was convicted in the United States court for the Western district of Wisconsin, at La Crosse, of violation of the statute requiring safety appliances on cars. Judge Sanborn imposed a fine of $300 and costs on the corporation.

Frank Blint, a Lee county (Ia.) farmer, has come into possession of a large fortune in a most unusual manner, having found among the rubbish at the bottom of an old well cans containing $50,000 in gold. The farm was formerly owned by a wealthy miser.

Steamboat traffic on the Missouri river between St. Louis and Kansas City has been resumed after a lapse of more than a decade. Resumption of traffic is the outcome of the fight of Kansas City merchants for reduced freight rates.

The mayor of Jellico, Tenn., has requested the Associated Press to publish an urgent appeal for aid for the people of the town, which was practically ruined by a dynamite explosion.

President Roosevelt has appointed W. Morgan Shuster as a member of the Philippine commission.

POLITICAL NEWS.

After the bitterest fight in the history of the Democratic party in New York William Randolph Hearst was nominated for governor by a vote of 309 to 124 for Congressman Sulzer. Mr. Hearst already was in the field as the gubernatorial nominee of the Independence league, which he was instrumental in organizing.

The Wisconsin Republican platform convention met at Madison, adopted a platform and named William D. Connor for state chairman. Connor was opposed by the La Follette faction, but was chosen by a vote of 71 to 47.

Charles E. Hughes, who conducted the insurance investigation before the legislative committee, was nominated for governor by acclamation by the New York Republican state convention.

Mayor McClellan of New York has announced that he will not support Hearst for governor.

Montana Democrats have declared in favor of Bryan for president in 1908

LABOR NEWS.

A report of the New York state department of labor, just issued, states that there are now upwards of 8,000,000 wageworkers in labor unions, one-fourth of which are in the United States.

EMPEROR SURRENDERS LAND.

Will Sell It to Russian Peasants on Easy Terms.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 1.—The final step to set in action the machinery of the government's plan for the distribution of land to the peasantry has been taken by the publication of voluminous regulations to the local agrarian commissions, under which the sale of 11,000,000 deciatines of land in European Russia will begin immediately. The acreage in Eastern Russia and on the Siberian steppes surrendered by the emperor will be sold on easy terms. The price is less than $2 an acre and payments spread over fifty years.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 29.—Wheat—Sept., 74⅛c; Dec., 74⅜c; May, 78⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 76½c; No. 2 Northern, 75c; No. 3 Northern, 73¼@74¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $2.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$5.80@6.55. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 77⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅜c; Sept., 76⅛c; Oct., 76⅛c; Dec., 74⅜c; May, 78⅜c. Flax—To arrive, $1.10½; on track, $1.11; Sept., $1.11¼; Oct., $1.10¼; Nov., $1.10; Dec., $1.08¾; Jan., $1.08; May, $1.12¾.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 29.—Wheat—Sept., 73@73¼c; Dec., 75⅛c. Corn—Sept., 46½c; Dec., 43⅛c. Oats—Sept., 34c; Dec., 34⅛c. Pork—Sept., $17.00; Jan., $13.40. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@24c; dairies, 17@20½c. Eggs—14@18c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 11c; springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.80@6.90; cows and heifers, $1.25@5.35; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.35; calves, $5.50@8.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.25@6.75; good heavy, $6.40@6.72½; rough heavy, $6.00@6.20; light, $6.20@6.72½; pigs, $5.70@6.40. Sheep, $3.10@4.80; yearlings, [illegible]

BIG ORE DEAL SETTLED.

Steel Trust Secures Hill's Iron Lands in Minnesota.

New York, Sept. 29.—Interests representing the United States Steel corporation and the Hill iron ore property in Minnesota held an important conference here and from trustworthy sources it was learned that an agreement concerning this much discussed deal finally has been reached.

Formal announcement giving the terms of the transfer of the ore lands to the Steel corporation will soon be made. Only a few minor details remain to be worked out, according to a statement made by a leading member of the Hill interests, and these, it is understood, are in process of satisfactory adjustment.

The terms of the deal are still withheld, but it is expected they will be to the very material advantage of holders of the Hill railroad stocks, particularly Great Northern.

Negotiations for the lease of the Hill properties have been under way for the last three years. The Great Northern road has held out for a fee based upon the payment of royalty for every ton of ore mined, with an agreement as to the minimum output. The royalty, beginning at a certain figure, is to be increased until it reaches the price of $1 a ton.

The Hill ore properties are declared to be richer in iron ore than any other except that of the Oliver Iron Mining company, which is already controlled by the Steel corporation.

PIONEER MINNESOTAN DEAD.

John M. Gilman Succumbs to Injuries Sustained in Fall.

St. Paul, Sept. 27.—John M. Gilman, a pioneer lawyer and once prominent in politics in this state, is dead as the result of a fall, due to a stroke of apoplexy. He was eighty-three years of age.

John M. Gilman has been closely identified with the early history of the state, coming here and opening a law practice in 1857. He was at first associated with James Smith and later with W. P. Clough. Since the latter partnership was dissolved he practiced law alone.

In political life he was a Democrat and for that reason did not succeed to as many political offices as he might have. In 1860 he was nominated for congress and made a remarkable stumping tour with his opponent, William Windom. In 1864 he ran against Ignatius Donnelly. Though defeated in both instances his canvass is well remembered by the people who were in politics at that time. He was elected to the legislature in 1865, 1867, 1869 and 1876. In the campaign of 1870 he was chairman of the Democratic state central committee.

GREAT NORTHERN CONVICTED.

Fined for Violation of Safety Appliance Law.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 27.—The Great Northern Railway company was convicted in the United States court for the Western district of Wisconsin here of violation of the statute requiring safety appliances on cars. The railway was charged with having cars in operation at Superior, Wis., without the proper automatic couplers. A number of witnesses were procured to prove this charge and the jury returned a verdict of guilty. Judge Sanborn imposed a fine of $300 and costs on the corporation.

The prosecution was conducted by the interstate commerce commission.

BLOWS HIS HEAD OFF.

Melancholy Farmer Shoots Himself With a Shotgun.

Granite Falls, Minn., Sept. 30.—August Dahlberg, a farmer living two and a half miles south of Clarkfield, yesterday morning shot himself with a shotgun. He went into a grove, placed the muzzle of the gun against the side of his head, held it there with the left hand and pulled the trigger with the right hand, literally blowing off his head.

He was forty-five years of age and leaves a wife and six children. He was melancholy over being sick.

Wound Kills Hunter.

St. Paul, Oct. 1.—Frank Lukaszewski, thirty-two years old, a molder living at 831 Jenks street, died at 8 o'clock last night at St. Joseph's hospital, the second St. Paul victim of the hunting season. Lukaszewski shot himself in the left leg just below the knee, severing the large artery. Death resulted from loss of blood. The accident occurred at North St. Paul. Lukaszewski was hurried to this city and died on the operating table.

Woman Killed by Lightning.

Minneapolis, Sept. 26.—While sitting on the couch in her parlor about 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Mrs. Augusta Melby, 4735 Beard avenue south, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Her face was badly burned, her neck and collar bones broken, and three ribs directly over the heart were fractured. The bolt ignited her clothing and the house, which was burned to the ground, causing a loss of $3,500.

Root Arrives in Washington.

Washington, Oct. 1.—The United States naval vessel Sylph, with Secretary Root aboard, has arrived in Washington. Accompanying Mr. Root were Mrs. Root and his son and daughter.

Three Trainmen Killed.

Carthage, Mo., Oct. 1.—Three trainmen were killed and their bodies incinerated in the wreck of two Frisco system freight trains, which collided at Chanal curve, a mile [illegible]

CONFESSES TO CRIME

HENRY SUSSMAN ARRESTED AT MINNEAPOLIS ACCUSED OF MURDERING WIFE.

Prisoner Captured in Mill City Lodginghouse With Gas Jets Turned on in Attempt at Suicide—Captain R. H. L. Jewett, Well Known in Minnesota G. A. R. Circles, Dies in California—General State News.

Minneapolis, Sept. 28.—Henry Sussman has confessed to the murder of his wife, who was found dead in bed at the Glenwood hotel Wednesday afternoon.

Sussman was captured early in the morning in a Hennepin avenue hotel and when located was endeavoring to end his life by asphyxiation, five gas jets being turned on in the room. He was removed to the Central police station only partially conscious and was placed in a cell, a guard being stationed over him to prevent another attempt at self-destruction.

Early in the day the police subjected him to a vigorous "sweating." At first Sussman maintained that he knew nothing of the death of his wife, but later he weakened and finally made a full confession.

Sussman says he called at the home of his wife's parents Tuesday evening and took her to the Glenwood hotel. There the two talked over the charge of forgery hanging over Sussman at La Crosse. Sussman says he pleaded with the woman to go to that city with him and assist him with her testimony. He says she refused and that a quarrel followed, during which he shot her as she was lying in bed.

Sussman says he left the hotel at once and took a train early Wednesday morning for La Crosse, where he claims to have spent the greater part of Wednesday. He says he returned from La Crosse Thursday morning and spent the greater part of the day in St. Paul. He did considerable drinking and was somewhat intoxicated when he returned to Minneapolis late in the afternoon. He continued to indulge in liquor after reaching Minneapolis and late at night secured a room in a hotel on Hennepin avenue, where he turned on the gas jets in an effort to end his life.

Sussman Pleads Not Guilty.

Minneapolis, Sept. 29.—Henry Sussman, the self-confessed slayer of his young wife, Fannie Messenger Sussman, was arraigned in Judge Waite's court during the day. He pleaded not guilty and, at the request of his attorney, the examination was put over until next Wednesday. The colored lawyer, Fred L. McGhee of St. Paul, represented him.

CAPTAIN JEWETT DEAD.

Prominent Minnesotan Passes Away in California.

St. Paul, Oct. 1.—News was received in this city last night of the death yesterday afternoon at Corning, Cal., of Captain Richard Henry Lee Jewett, for many years a resident of St. Paul. Captain Jewett was prominent in Grand Army circles and for ten years he was land clerk in the state auditor's office. He resigned that position about a year ago on account of his health. He had not been real strong and the extra work of moving from the old to the new capitol proved too great a strain.

Captain Jewett took his family to California in the hope that the change would enable him to recuperate, but his health declined steadily after he reached California and yesterday he succumbed to what was diagnosed as nervous prostration.

Captain Jewett was seventy-two years old. He came to Minnesota before the Civil war, but he returned to Massachusetts when the war broke out and was commissioned a lieutenant in the Fifty-fourth regiment, Massachusetts volunteers. He returned to Minnesota after the war and engaged in his profession as civil engineer and surveyor until he was appointed to a position in the state auditor's office. He was at one time commander of Acker post, G. A. R.

INDIAN FIGHTER DEAD.

George N. Lavaque Succumbs to Pneumonia at Duluth.

Duluth, Oct. 1.—George N. Lavaque, a pioneer resident of Duluth, died at an early hour yesterday morning of pneumonia, at the age of sixty-three years.

He was born in Milwaukee in 1843 and moved to St. Cloud in 1850, coming to Duluth in 1870. He leaves a widow and one son, Charles.

Mr. Lavaque during the Indian campaigns on the Minnesota and Dakota frontiers in the early sixties did long service. He was a member of Company D of the First Minnesota mounted rangers and later of Hatch's cavalry.

Death by Electrocution.

Minneapolis, Sept. 25.—William Deeds, lineman for the Northwestern Telephone company, was instantly killed by a live wire at Bryant avenue and Twenty-second street south. He was with a crew cutting down dead wires and touched one [illegible]

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
October 4, 1906.

Voters should not forget to put an X opposite the name of S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

Ever since Red Lake county was organized Frank Jeffers and Joseph Perault have held office in this county. It would appear that there were others who were entitled to some consideration.

John B. O'Brien makes but one pledge to the voters of Red Lake county and is that if he is elected county auditor he will do his duty as an official. That is the kind of a man the people want and that is the reason Mr. O'Brien is going to be elected.

Two thirds of the people of Red Lake county are represented by two county commissioners and one-third of the people are represented by three. County Attorney Germo by an official act, says that this should continue to be so. What do you think about this matter, Mr. Voter?

The residents of the eleven towns are not fools. They are paying taxes in Red Lake county and are entitled to representation on the county board. The territory is large enough for a commissioner district and should have one. The Red Lake Falls gang says that they should not.

Two years and four years ago James E. Ford, the present county auditor and a candidate for re-election, came to Thief River Falls and in soliciting votes for his election told the people here that if ever the county seat question came up while he was holding the office of county auditor, he would do his duty. What has been the result? Mr. Ford has gone out of his way to help delay the proceedings in the matter. He is not entitled to the vote of a single person that believes in fair play.

Grand Rapids Independent: With the primary law, the public servants have passed through two sieves, so to speak, and the people are given a better chance to express their wishes. Not that the best men are always chosen. But the best men are not always chosen at the general election. Some chaff always gets mixed with the wheat, and what is wanted is not the repeal of the primary law, but its perfection so that it will thresh clean.

San Francisco Bulletin: The traffic manager of a big railroad receives $50,000 a year for handling freight—for planning and executing the movement of huge masses of merchandise from one part of the country to another. The train dispatcher who handles human lives, on whose watchfulness and resource depend the safety of thousands day by day, is paid $1,800 a year. Freight is very tenderly regarded by the big roads, but human life is cheap.

A writer in one of the current magazines tells of an interesting phenomena that is taking place in the extreme southwest, along the California-Arizona border. The Colorado river, the largest river in that portion of the world, has for untold centuries been flowing through a section of country that lies only a few miles from what is known as the Salton sink, a vast depression that lies 300 feet below sea level. This depression formed a part of the bed of the ocean in prehistoric ages. A volcanic uplift cut it off from the Gulf of California, and the scorching sun dried up the water and left a vast bed of salt. The Southern Pacific railway ran its tracks through the depression, put in cars, scoops up the salt, and has been doing a profitable business in this line. The whole region is rainless, but there are hundreds of thousands of acres of rich, silt soil outside the salt bed area, and in recent years, a development company has taken hold, run irrigation ditches from the Colorado, and fruit ranches and prosperous villages have been springing up in what has heretofore been a vast desert. The ranchers clamored for more water, and to supply them the irrigation company cut quite a channel from the Colorado, without making adequate preparations to control the flow of the water. Its engineers supposed that several months would elapse before the annual floods that come down the Colorado as it comes down the Nile, and went about the work of constructing locks and dams very deliberately. They had only fairly begun when the Yuma, a tributary of the Colorado, poured an unexpected flood into that river. The water rose suddenly, poured through the irrigation ditch, and cut into the silt soil, which at that point is very soft and yielding. All efforts to check the flow of the water were unavailing, and in a few days, the channel was 4,000 feet wide, and 30 feet deep. The entire Colorado river turned from its course, and instead of flowing to the Gulf of California, poured into the Salton sink. This has now been going on for weeks, and the great river is forming a huge lake in the depression that was once a part of the ocean. Several villages and hundreds of fruit ranches have been swept away, and the damage has been incalculable. The original Southern Pacific railway tracks were submerged, and the company built a new track some distance away. The second track is also in the botton of the lake, and a third has been built still further out. Meantime the engineers have been making frantic efforts to construct a dam that will stay the flood and turn the river back into its former channel, but the yielding soil makes the task an exceedingly difficult one.—Fergus Falls Journal.

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of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

OUR NEXT SHERIFF.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

A People's Lobby.

It is proposed to have a "people's lobby" in Washington to see that the public servants perform their duties properly, and particularly to see that congress heeds the delivering its votes at the call of special interests.

There can be no harm in this and it may do a lot of good. Lobbyists for special interests have always been active in Washington and the various state capitals, but lobbyists for the people will be a new thing. However, the people's lobbyists want to be men that will know what is going on, and not mere figureheads who will sit around the lobby of the New Willard and look wise when they haven't the faintest idea of what is going on beneath the surface.

And if there is to be a people's lobby at Washington; there is no reason why there should not be people's lobbies at St. Paul, at Albany, at Springfield, at Madison and at all other state capitals, to see that the state legislatures do their duty by the people. Of course somebody will have to pay for this because even the people's lobbyists will be under some expense, and of courses such a fund would be hard to gather, because it would have to come from many people in small amount, while the other kind of lobbyist gets his funds in large amounts from a few people. But if the people need lobbyists at Washington, they need them at the state capitals, too.

But there is much, too, in the comment of the Kansas City Star on this proposition. It says: "The real place for such a lobby is at the polls. A little more thought and patriotic care on the part of the voters who are responsible for the personel of congress would not only obviate the need of a people's lobby at the national capital, but it would put out of business the lobbyists employed by the special interests to plunder the public."

If the the people always choose good men as legislators federal and state, there would be no need of people's lobbies, and no opening for the lobbies of special interests. But unfortunately they do not always choose so wisely and it is to be feared that they will not manage to make all their selections what they should be right away.

However, they cannot pay too much attention to these selections, and the more care they give, better the results will be. But in the meantime, until the people get to the point where they make no mistakes there is work for the people's lobby to do, and if enough public-spirited citizens can be found to pay the expenses, it would not be a bad idea at all to have a lobby for the people at every point where the lawmakers gather.

The proposed federal lobby is to be composed of Mark Twain, William Allen White and Lincoln Steffens, and no fault could be found with this selection.—Duluth Herald.

"Back to the Soil."

It is believed by Mr. James J. Hill, whose life work [illegible] by the provision of transportation the unoccupied lands of the United States, has peculiarly fitted him to speak authoritatively on the subject, that the most serious economic question of the future will be to provide the food supply of the 200,000,000 people who will be seeking for homes and work in the United States by the time the present century has run half its course. In the course of an address at the opening of the Annual Agricultural Exposition of the Minnesota State Fair Association, Mr. Hill stated that no nation in history was ever confronted with a more pressing question than that of providing for the 50,000,000 of additional population which, within the next twenty years, must be housed and given employment; furthermore, he believes that the one and only adequate resource before us is the productivity of the soil. In solving the problem, the first fact which must be brought home is that of our dependence upon the cultivation of the soil; for Mr. Hill considers that agriculture, in the most intelligent and comprehensive meaning of the term, is something almost unknown in the United States. The government estimate of the value of all farm products last year was $6,415,000,000, which, after it had been discounted for high prices and current favorable conditions, would be represented by an average total of about $5,000,000,000. Government statistics also state that of the lands taken up in the United States, a little less than one-half is under cultivation. Were the other half utilized the output of the soil would be practically doubled, even if no change were made in the present methods of cultivation. But by directing surplus population, not, as now, so largely into the cities, but to the soil, and by the adoption of the advanced methods of cultivation used elsewhere, the present minimum yield would be so largely increased, that we could add ten billion or even fifteen billion dollars to the national wealth.

The methods by which the yield of the soil could be increased are three, and they are well known though but little practised. First is the rotation of crops, which is so little followed that the majority of our farmers have been raising, year after year, the same crops on the same land, until the soil is all but exhausted. The second method of increasing the yield is the liberal use of fertilizing material, and the third and most interesting of all is better tillage.

As showing what intensive cultivation will do, Japan is quoted as supporting 45,000,000 of people on ten thousand cultivated square miles, aided by the food products obtained from the sea; while a market gardener of Paris is quoted as declaring that all food, animal and vegetable, required for 3,500,000 people of two great departments of that city could be grown by methods already in use on the 3,250 square miles of garden surrounding the city.

What is needed is a return to conservative and economic methods, a readjustment of national ideas which will place agriculture in the very forefront. The present tendency to regard manufacture and trade as the only forms of progressive activity, and the false notion that riches can be built upon these at the sacrifice of the fundamental form of wealth production, must give way to a recognition of the fact, once so well understood, that the soil is the foundation of all wealth and prosperity. Acknowledgment of this principle will have the double advantage of vastly increasing the agricultural output of the country, and at the same time of checking that deplorable immigration from the country to the city, which has lowered the percentage of agricultural labor to the whole body of persons engaged in gainful occupations in the United States from 44.3 in 1880 to 35.7 in 1900.—Scientific American.

Our farmers are beginning to take an active interest in stock raising and cream production, as it makes a steady cash income for that little monthly check from the Thief River Falls creamery comes very handy to pay the grocery bill.—Sunbeam.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

STEENERSON WAS HERE

Ninth District Congressman Looking Over the Work of the Surveyors.

Will Introduce His Drainage Bill at the Session of Congress This Winter.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson came up from Crookston last Saturday and remained until Monday. While here Mr. Steenerson in company with Daniel Shaw and members of the U. S. surveying party made a trip to the country northeast of here to view the work of the surveyors who are taking the levels for the government.

"The work is progressing in a very satisfactory manner," said Mr. Steenerson to a representative of the NEWS on Monday, "and I was very much surprised at the rapid progress that I an been made. By the time congress meets next winter these surveyors will be in a position to give a very comprehensive report. I will introduce my drainage bill this winter, but in congress things do not move very rapidly and therefore the people of this section who are so greatly interested in this matter do not want to be disappointed if we do not get the law passed until a year later. I feel absolutely certain that the bill will be passed in congress. The government, as trustees for the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota, is under a moral obligation to drain this land in order that the Indians may receive their pay for the land. Much of this land can never be sold to homesteaders unless it is drained and under the contract the Indians have with the government, they do not get their pay until the land is sold."

Only about one-half of the $15,000 appropriated for the survey will be used this year and next year the work will again be taken up. Thus far the cost of the survey has been only about two cents per acre and this is much cheaper than the cost of the drainage survey for the state lands.

A GOOD SHOW.

The "Burglar and the Waif" Company to Be Here October 12th.

The Shaw-Gallagher Amusement Co. will appear at the opera house in Thief River Falls on Friday evening, Oct., 12th, presenting Marie Young in the sensational comedy-drama, "The Burglar and the Waif."

The play is highly spoken of by the public press and opera house managers. Amusement loving public will find in it something sensational with refined comedy and heart interest. It is a stage story of life with its ever changing scale of joy and sorrow beautifully interspersed with refined vaudeville.

The Shaw-Gallagher Co. play the larger towns like St. Cloud, Little Falls, Grand Forks and Fargo and it is seldom the people of Thief River Falls have an opportunity of securing so high grade an attraction.

The Vergennes, (Vt.) Enterprise says, "Too much credit cannot be given Messrs Shaw & Gallagher, who are directing the tour of the Marie Young Company which opened a three nights engagement at the opera house in the marvelous melo dramatic success, "The Burglar and the Waif." The company is one of the strongest that has appeared here this season, every member is well up in his or her part. The specialties introduced between the acts were of a pleasing and high class character. Our only regret is that they could not stay longer with us, and when they return they will certainly be greeted with larger crowds and a hearty welcome."

Miss May Quist, of Thief River Falls, has accepted a position as teacher in the C. Knutson school house.—Ulen Union.

HERE IS A CANDIDATE

S. T. Johnson, Candidate for Court Commissioner, Comes of Good Stock.

His Grandfather Fought in the Revolutionary War in 1776.

S. T. Johnson, candidate for the office of court commissioner of Red Lake county enjoys the destinction of being a grandson of a man who fought in the Revolutionary war. Mr. Johnson was born in the state of Maine as was also his father. His grandfather came to America with his parents from Norway when but a child in the year 1754, and first settled in the state of Vermont. When the Revolutionary war broke out in 1776

S. T. Johnson.

Mr. Johnson's grandfather shouldered a musket and remained in service until the close of the war.

Like his grandfather, Mr. Johnson too came to his country's aid when his services were needed. When the Civil war broke out 1861, Mr. Johnson was one of the first men to enlist going in as a private and remained in service until the close of the war in 1865, being discharged with the rank of a colonel.

Mr. Johnson is one of the pioneer residents of this section, coming here in an early day before there was any town of Thief River Falls and taking a homestead in the town of Excel. When the first settlement of Thief River Falls started, Mr. Johnson removed to this city and since that time has resided here. He is one of the most esteemed residents of this city and we do not believe that one vote will be cast against him here.

Marshall County Jurors.

The following who reside in the eastern part of Marshall county have been drawn as members of either the grand or petit jury for the November term of the district court:

Samuel Grovum, Agder
Halvor Ekerdalen, Holt
Knut Knutson, New Maine
John Whiteman, Excel
Olaf Johnson, Veldt
Amund Johnson, Grand Plain
L. A. Johnson, Viking
Lars P. Branstrom, Spruce Valley
Samuel Johnson, New Solum
Charles Larson, Excel
H. A. Largent, New Folden
Simon Warring, Excel
Martin Jensen, Sinnott
John Ellingson, Grand Plain
Emmet Larson, Viking
Charles Anderson, Viking

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 5th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

RAILROAD ISSUES PLAINLY DEFINED

HON. A. L. COLE DISAGREES WITH JOHNSON THAT RAILROAD LAWS ARE EFFICIENT AND SUFFICIENT.

My attention has been called to that part of Governor Johnson's speech in which he criticises me for proposing as a solution of the railway rate question the adoption of new laws. If the governor will read my speech again he will find that his charge is not quite fair.

> It is true I advised the enactment of new laws to strengthen our present statutes. But before doing so I insisted that the first thing to do was to vigorously enforce the laws we now have.

Among other things I said in my speech at Kenyon and have since repeatedly insisted that "There are already on our statute books laws which, when vigorously enforced, will afford very substantial relief," and I added that "the vigorous enforcement of our laws cannot be insisted upon too strongly. Not only should there be vigorous enforcement of our state laws, but we should at all times endeavor to create public sentiment which may insure the enforcement of our federal rate statutes."

This was in line with the sentiments I expressed in a speech delivered last spring at Zumbrota, wherein I said, among other things: "Now, I have a receipt for existing railroad evils, and I will give it to everybody from Governor Johnson down to the humblest citizen. It is this: 'Stop scolding and get to work enforcing the railroad laws we have unless you can work and scold at the same time.'"

But while I hold this view and have emphasized it wherever I have had an opportunity to talk on the subject of railroad regulation to the people,

> I must emphatically dissent from the position taken by Governor Johnson that the laws of Minnesota affecting railroads and railroad rates are both "efficient and sufficient."

If that were the case and Governor Johnson were as zealous for their enforcement as he professes to be, surely in the twenty months that the duty has devolved upon him to take care that all the laws be enforced he could have done something to secure relief for the people from the heavy burdens the railroads have put upon them.

But although he regards the laws as "efficient and sufficient" to afford the people all necessary relief there is no evidence that he ever sought to apply them to secure that relief. We have the authority of the railroad and warehouse commission for stating that up to the middle of last August "Governor Johnson has never at any time in the office of the commission or at any other place conferred with or consulted the commission or any member thereof in any matter pertaining to the rate question, or to the railways of this state, nor has any complaint, either oral or written, or otherwise, come to the office of the commission from the governor regarding the matter of railroad rates or matters involving the supervision of the railways of this state." Surely this should not be the case if our laws "were efficient and sufficient."

> Perhaps in this connection it is worth while to point out that up to the present hour the people have had to pay as high rates as the day the governor was inaugurated; that the discriminations made then are made now, and that every injustice which then existed and which he has on several occasions referred to at considerable length, exists now.

To use his own language, railroad conditions in Minnesota are as "appalling" today as they were Jan. 1, 1905, and the only relief we can certainly depend upon is that voluntarily offered us by the railroads themselves acting under the pressure brought to bear upon them by the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners.

In saying this I do not forget that the commissioners have ordered a readjustment of freight rates on merchandise, which will include a reduction of some 20 per cent in those rates. But while this reduction has been ordered we are not warranted in concluding that all railroads will comply with the order, although they may do so, and just here is where I think one new law is needed to strengthen our system.

> I am firmly of the opinion that it would be merely simple justice to the people of the state, and at the same time fair to the railroads, that orders like this one for a reduction in rates made after prolonged inquiry and investigation and after the railroads had ample time and opportunity to present their side of the case, should become enforcible within a reasonable time, to be decided upon by the commission, and should remain in force until modified or overturned by the courts.

And although the governor now thinks such a law unnecessary I wish to point out that the position I have taken in this matter was sustained by the Democrats in convention assembled when in their platform it is declared that "we demand additional legislation regulating the rate charged by the railroads to the end that complaints from a patron of such common carrier be given speedy and adequate attention and prompt relief granted."

So far from regarding our railroad laws as "efficient and sufficient" I think in addition to the reform I have mentioned and to facilitate and not delay the relief justly demanded by the people and the public interest requires, as I have already pointed out:

> 1. The passage of a law for a jail sentence for rebaters.
> 2. The passage of a law for the abolition of the pass system.
> 3. The passage of a law for the reduction of passenger rates to 2 cents a mile.
> 4. The passage of proper and sufficient demurrage laws.
> 5. The passage of a law to prevent the abuse of the private car system.
> 6. The passage of a law specifically authorizing the railroad and warehouse commission to determine the actual value of railroad property with a view to such value being used as a basis for railroad rates.
> 7. The passage of such laws as are necessary in all ways that are practical and beneficial to the people to make the railroad statutes of the state conform to the rate regulation law recently enacted by the federal government.

THE STATE TICKET.

West St. Paul Times, Sept. 22: The Democratic papers seem to be taking a great deal of comfort out of the fact that apparently the Republican committee has been making almost its entire effort in behalf of Mr. Cole, the nominee for governor. If they don't like this perhaps it won't help their feelings any to remind them that they are themselves to blame for it by intimating that Mr. Cole is not any too well known in some parts of the state. It has been the desire of the committee, we presume, to see that Mr. Cole shall at least get acquainted and their plan seems to be working pretty well apparently from the disquietude which it is awakening in the opposition. However, our friends need not have any anxiety as to the rest of the ticket. In personnel it is made up of men many of whom have rendered distinguished service to the state. In order to show our friends that there is really no partiality we will commence at the bottom. Hon. Charles F. Staples of Mendota is the Republican candidate for railroad commissioner. Where is there a man on the Democratic ticket, from the gentleman named for governor down, who has a legislative record the equal to Staples? His entire service to the state in the legislature is marked by beneficial legislation which is written all over the statutes of the state. No man ever retired from the legislative halls of this state more thoroughly imbedded in the confidence of the people than did Mr. Staples. His record as a railroad commissioner is not so thoroughly understood, because the questions are more intricate and too difficult for the ordinary layman to grasp, but there is every reason to believe that in this work it will be found that Mr. Staples has been as fully devoted to the interests of the people as he was as a legislator. Other names on the Republican ticket and the Democratic opponent are Senator Eberhart and Mr. L. G. Pendergast for lieutenant governor. Mr. Eberhart is a state senator who did good work, as a glance at the recent volumes of state laws will easily verify. Julius Schmahl is opposed by P. M. Magnusson of St. Cloud. Julius has had a training as chief clerk of the house of representatives which admirably fits him for the position of secretary of state. There is S. G. Iverson, against whom A. Aarnes has been nominated. Mr. Iverson's services to the state are known from one end of the state to the other. For treasurer the Republicans have named C. C. Dinehart and the Democrats D. H. Evans, and for clerk of the supreme court C. A. Pidgeon is pitted against F. E. Wheaton. Of the Republican candidates six have had legislative experience and have made themselves useful to the state while acquiring the experience necessary to conduct the offices they seek. With but few exceptions, indeed, the Democratic candidates are not known outside of their own county and they have nothing to their credit in the way of state service. In point of efficiency the gentlemen named for the state offices by the Republicans clearly outclass those put up by the other party. Just make the comparison yourself.

Never "Sassed" a Policeman.

Governor Johnson, in his "keynote" speech at Red Wing, claims considerable credit for "the enforcement of the laws" during his administration, and for the fact that he has officially and personally violated none of them. As to the first clause of the claims, has anybody noticed any difference in the manner in which the laws have been "enforced" during the past two years as compared with the ten or twenty years preceding? As to the second clause, everybody will cheerfully second the claim. The governor has been guilty of no crimes or misdemeanors. He is not known even to have "sassed" a policeman.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Oct. 2.—The flag of distress is out at the Democratic headquarters. The committee—that is Frank Day, Mike Kain, Dick O'Connor and some more of the bunch which generally hangs out at the headquarters except on pay day, when they adjourn to the state treasurer's office for a few moments—got to thinking over the matter of filling out the ticket. There are two vacancies to be filled by the committee. One is the position of justice of the supreme court, which the Democratic convention refused to give to Judge Start "because he was a Republican," and the other is the attorney general, which Tommy Kane would not stand for. Tommy knew there was no show and that it would only be a waste of that fervid oratory for which he has some reputation, and that he would be called upon for a campaign contribution. Recent reports coming from Southern Minnesota in regard to this matter have not been very reassuring. Down in Olmstead county, where Judge Start is well known and highly respected by people of all parties, the attitude of the convention did not take very well, even among the faithful. It had all been fixed by Frank Day and the governor to put the judge on as a stroke of "good politics." But that part of the programme did not work out and I understand some of the Olmstead county Democrats don't like it and have no hesitancy about saying so, even at headquarters. This action of the convention does not comport to that high flown attitude of non-partisanship which the governor assumes when he sees Republican votes in sight. Frank Day made up his mind that something had to be done to stem the tide of defection which the party was suffering through the treatment it had given to Judge Start. Notwithstanding the attitude of the convention Frank thought that they would have to put the judge on anyhow and so he marched up to the capitol one day this week with the papers all made out, but the judge declined with thanks. He really did not need the nomination anyhow and refused to have his name add strength to the other ticket. There is gloom around the headquarters because those two places will in all probability have to go vacant. The average Democrat is hardly patriotic enough to submit to be bled for the campaign fund for these empty honors.

* * *

Of course people posted in politics don't imagine for a minute that there is any show for the Democrats to elect any one on the ticket but the governor. But some of the fellows who have been given these minor places seem to think that there is a chance for them. I understand that it is really true that Mr. Magnusson has got a leave of absence for three months from his St. Cloud school so that he can devote his time to the campaign. It is only about six weeks until election, but I suppose he figures that he will need the other six to get over the soreness of his defeat. I met one of these nominees the other day who had just been at the headquarters. The light had just began to percolate into his brain and he had just discovered that he was only a sacrificial lamb. He referred to the governor's endorsement in his Red Wing speech of the Republican heads of departments as being "the most efficient in the history of the state." This gentleman said that if the governor really wanted to throw down his associates on the ticket the least he could do was to keep his mouth shut about it. He said that some of the candidates would get tired shouting Johnson all over the state while Johnson was shouting for the Republican candidates for re-election.

* * *

The event of the week was the effort of Senator Beveridge of Indiana, who spoke at Minneapolis last Saturday evening. The convention hall was crowded long before the time. The senator was in good voice and he fully sustained the reputation which he has made for himself as being one of the best orators in the United States. He has a captivating style and his elucidation of Republican policies was worthy of him and the occasion. It was a great Republican love feast. The reception given to the Republican candidate for governor and the other officers showed that Minneapolis has changed front and that there will be lots of Republican votes up there this fall.

* * *

Mr. Cole is doing good work throughout the state, not only for himself, but also for the whole ticket. Of course there is really not much work to do for the Republican candidates for the minor offices on the ticket. Governor Johnson says that these are the "most efficient in the history of the state." That ought to be good enough to defeat the unknown and untried bunch which were put on the Democratic ticket just to fill it out. What makes the people like Cole is this. He is not eternally complaining. He has an idea that some things are wrong. When so convinced his is not the spirit of a carping critic. He seeks a remedy. He has the constructive mind and is never so well satisfied as when analyzing some difficult problem and finding the remedy for public ills.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

TAFT IN CONTROL IN CUBA.

An American provisional government assumed possession of Cuba Saturday when War Secretary Taft's proclamation declaring himself provisional governor of the island was formally issued. The terms of the proclamation caused general satisfaction, especially on account of the moderate terms in which it is phrased. The statement is plainly made that the provisional government of Cuba is undertaken only on account of the necessities of the situation and the proclamation promises that the provisional government will be maintained purely for the purpose of restoring peace, order and public confidence until a permanent government is established.

Secretary Taft has cabled from Havana to Acting Secretary Oliver at the war department to send the American troops to Cuba in accordance with the programme already arranged. Immediately on receipt of the dispatch Mr. Oliver issued orders for the departure of 5,500 troops from Newport News as soon as possible.

The first American troops will be landed at Havana next Saturday. Meantime, the marines and bluejackets from the American fleet in Cuban waters will protect American interests and support Secretary Taft, provisional governor of Cuba, in preserving order and protecting life and property.

Secretary Taft has available nearly 5,000 marines and bluejackets who could be landed on Cuban soil in a few hours in case of emergency. Other marines are enroute to Cuba and will be available for emergency service in two or three days.

An additional force of 1,500 marines and 2,000 bluejackets has been sent to Cuba. With those on warships already in the vicinity the United States will be in a position to land 7,000 men.

The first landing of any considerable number of Americans in Cuba took place Sunday night, when 450 marines went ashore at Havana. This force proceeded for Cienfuegos.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

A well laid plot against the life of the Russian emperor and one with all the chances of success on its side was uncovered Friday by the arrest of two armed terrorists, a man and a woman, in the quarters of one of the palace servants within the enclosure of the Alexandria palace at Peterhof, his majesty's secluded and closely guarded summer residence on Cronstadt bay.

In a letter received at Paris from St. Petersburg Professor Alexander Ular, who is regarded in Paris as the mouthpiece of Count Witte, says that many of the highest Russian functionaries are dying from fright or are on the point of escaping from the country. In their case bombs and knives are no longer necessary.

Lieutenant General Stoessel, who commanded the Russian forces at Port Arthur, has submitted his resignation from the army. It is understood that it will be accepted, thereby ending the history of the surrender of the fortress without its indescribable disclosures which would result from a formal courtmartial.

Grave agrarian disorders have broken out in the province of Viatka, the center of disturbance being the important district of Malmuish, with a population of over 100,000, where, according to the reports received, the inhabitants of seventy villages have joined in the uprising.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The city of San Juan and the island of Porto Rico experienced a series of heavy earthquake shocks Thursday. The people were thrown into a condition of consternation and indescribable alarm, but the resultant damage was comparatively slight and there has been no loss of life.

The Gagayan valley, in the northern part of the island of Luzon, was devastated by a typhoon Sept. 18. Barrios, Gallaran, Aniung and Baggao were totally destroyed and four other towns were badly damaged.

A treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, under the terms of the Marblehead pact, has been signed by the governments of Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras and Salvador.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt is in possession of evidence furnished by Receiver Earle of the wrecked Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia, which is expected to result in proceedings by the department of justice against the so-called sugar trust.

Difficulty is being experienced by the quartermaster general's department of the army in obtaining horses and mules. Even at high prices good cavalry horses are scarce and nearly impossible to procure.

The net decrease in the pension roll of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30 last amounted to 12,470, the largest decrease ever known in the history of the country.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

President Roosevelt has contributed $100 to be used by Rear Admiral Thomas in a legal suit instituted recently at Newport, R. I., to determine whether or not a man can be excluded from a public place of entertainment because he wears the uniform of the United States army or navy.

Secretary of State Root has arrived in Washington from his South American trip.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1906		OCTOBER				1906
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Not since the Galveston disaster has such a hurricane swept the Gulf coast as the one which struck Pensacola, Fla., last week with all impelling force and raged for twelve hours, the wind blowing steadily at eighty and ninety miles an hour, with occasional gusts of 100 miles an hour. The known loss of life up to date is thirty, which will probably be increased to seventy-five, while the property loss will exceed $5,000,000. The entire water front is a mass of tangled wreckage.

The loss of life in Mobile, Ala., and vicinity from the great storm of last week will probably reach 120, although the death list in the city itself will not be large. The greatest number of lives lost is at a place known as San Souci Beach, a summer resort near Mobile, where thirty-nine bodies are reported to have been recovered. The property loss in Mobile and along Mobile bay will probably approximate $8,000,000.

During the year ending June 30, 1906, an average of 26 persons were killed a day and 238 injured a day on railroads in the United States. The total number killed during the year was 9,703, while the injured numbered 86,008.

Two men were burned to death, a third man was fatally injured and two others received serious injuries in a fire of unknown origin which destroyed a barn on the farm of John Bohenkampt, near Cogswell, N. D.

Minneapolis and St. Louis passenger train No. 2 ran into a switch engine at New Prague, Minn., and as a result five persons are dead and over twenty-five others are seriously injured, several probably fatally.

Passenger train No. 8 on the Wabash railroad crashed through an open switch into a freight train near Danville, Ill. Six persons were killed and thirty-five or forty injured, most of them slightly.

The old wooden steamer City of Concord, having three barges in tow, went down Saturday night in the storm on Lake Erie off Huron, O. Three of the crew of twelve were drowned.

Three persons were killed and twenty-five or more were injured in a rear-end collision of passenger trains on the Pennsylvania railroad at Eddington, Pa.

A severe hurricane has caused immense damage in the Gulf states. The loss at Pensacola, Fla., is estimated at $3,000,000.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Paul O. Stensland, to whose self-confessed embezzlement of $400,000 was due chiefly the collapse of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, was given an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary within three hours after his arrival in Chicago from Morocco, where he was captured several weeks ago. Stensland pleaded guilty on two indictments, one charging embezzlement and the other charging violation of the state banking laws.

Harry K. Thaw, charged with the murder of Stanford White, is to be examined before a lunacy commission. This step has been decided on by Thaw's lawyers after much persuasion by Mrs. William Thaw. She plans to avoid having him placed on trial, preferring to have him sent to the Matteawan asylum for the criminal insane.

Henry Sussman, charged with killing his young wife in a Minneapolis hotel Wednesday morning, was captured early Friday morning at another hostelry in the Mill City. When discovered Sussman had five gas jets turned on in an attempt at suicide, but was resuscitated and locked up.

For the second time within fourteen months Jacob Schiff, head of the great New York banking firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has been the recipient of an infernal machine.

Frank Ricca of Pittsburg, forty-two years old, a Sicilian and local political leader of his race, was found murdered on the street, a stiletto being the weapon used.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Bloodgood H. Cutter, Long Island's famous "farmer poet," who was immortalized in Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad" as the "poet lariat," is dead. He was eighty nine years old.

Colonel Isaac R. Hill, better known as "Ike" Hill of Ohio, and for thirty-five years an employe almost continuously of the house of representatives is dead.

Tony Faust, Sr., at one time one of the best known restaurant men in the United States, is dead at Wiesbaden Germany, aged seventy.

George E. Poor, inventor of the air brake generally used on railway cars is dead at Portland, Me., aged sixty-one years.

John M. Gilman, one of the oldest and most distinguished lawyers in St. Paul, is dead as the result of a fall

They Come for Hundreds of Miles to See Him

Nothing so Wonderful in the Days of Specialism.

DR. DORAN.

The success of Dr. Doran is attributed to his special study of specialism. Dr. Doran, student, philanthropist, and man of wide reputation, having given his entire time and practice to a line of special diseases, which enables him from long experience in handling these troubles to certainly come forward as a master specialist. His faculty for mastering disease, his ability to diagnose, and his plan of treatment is not to be excelled by few other physicians. Dr. Doran, although a young in life, a plain man, and one who is used to the ups and downs of life, puts himself on a level with his patients and does not profess or pretend to practice the old plan of fashion, which is to look wise and say nothing. He knows disease; he knows how to explain the symptoms of disease; he knows where to look for disease, and the spot where located, and most of all he knows from experience, from what he has done in the past, he can certainly do for others in the future. It is said by Dr. Doran's friends that he can diagnose a disease of any patient without asking them a single question, that being the case, he is not likely to doctor them for the wrong ailment; he will not take an incurable disease and lead the patient to believe that he can cure them when there is really no hope for them. Dr. Doran's business is large and he has plenty to do, even, at times, more than he can do, without taking incurable diseases and deceiving his patients. Dr. Doran is a graduate from one of the best English universities, as well as being a graduate from two of the best schools in America. He has practiced his profession in some of the principal hospitals in this country. His specialty comprises that class of diseases which the ordinary home doctor fails to cure. Dr. Doran's plan of work is to go among those who are unable to come to him in his city offices for treatment. He is charitable, and it is said he has never been known to refuse to treat a patient who is worthy and in need. A number of important cases that we hereby take the liberty to publish, which might be of interest to some who wish to know more of Mr. Doran's great work.

MRS. H. C. DORMAN, Minnieski, Minn. Cured of a long standing case of piles with one treatment, without cutting and without use of medicines. Cured by the famous injection plan, which never fails to cure.

EDGAR PUTMAN, Weaver, Minn. Cured of a chronic skin disease, eczema, after all other kinds of treatment had failed to do him any good at all.

A. FULLWILER, Round Lake, Minn. Cured of chronic kidney troubles and acute Bright's disease after other doctors had failed to do her any good whatever.

ROBT. McWALTER, East Grand Forks, Minn. Cured of liver and stomach troubles and dyspepsia, with Dr. Dorans plan of treatment, combined with the celebrated Cascarine treatment.

A. C. MYER, Ormsby, Minn. Cured of bad cancer of the lip in two treatments Cured by the injection plan.

H. C. MORRISON, traveling man for the Walter A. Wood concern. Cured of chronic rheumatism, cured in three months after he had not been able to do a lick of work for eight months. Cured to stay cured.

OSCAR MORDS, West Superior, Wis. Cured of a chronic blood trouble and the curvature of the spine, when local doctors said he could not be cured and was given up to die.

OSCAR HALSTEIN, Fargo, N. D., Cured of consumption with D. Doran's plan of treatment. Mr. Halstein was cured by another doctor, but used Dr. Doran's plan of treatment.

TOM IRWIN, Magnolia, Minn. Cured of early consumption. The disease had been coming on Mr. Irwin for a long time. He is now thoroughly well and able to work every day.

MRS. SARAH WALTERS, Pipestone, Minn. Cured of chronic female troubles, stomach troubles and ovarian troubles. Mrs. Walters was very bad and was given up to die.

F. DENSMORE, Spring Valley, S. D. Cured of chronic catarrah of the stomach, cured quickly, with medicines such as he had never taken before.

Dr. Doran will continue to visit professionally some of the principal towns throughout the state of Minnesota; his home office is Medical Block, St. Paul, Minn. Consultations, examinations to those interested, $1.00.

Lake Park, Monday Oct. 8 at Hotel Lake Park.
Hawley, Tuesday Oct. 9 at City Hotel.
Thief River Falls, Wednesday Oct 10 at Rushford Hotel.
Bronson, Thursday Oct. 11 at Bronson Hotel.
Stephen, Friday Oct. 12 at Home Restaurant.
Hallock, Saturday Oct 13 Pacific Hotel.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

THE M'MILLEN V DRAG

IOWAN'S DEVICE FOR WORKING HEAVY GRADED STONY ROADS.

Directions For Making the Implement and How It Works—Cost of Construction Small—Claimed to Be Better Than Split Log Drag.

One of the men who have been impelled to turn their attention to the betterment of the roads in their own town is J. H. McMillen of Hesper, Winnesbiek county, Ia., and the problems he has had to meet in dealing with roads extending over heavy grades and stony ground have been the necessity which is the mother of invention, says the Good Roads Magazine.

Mr. McMillen has devised an implement which is termed the V drag to do this work and which he describes as follows:

"The McMillen V drag requires two pieces of plank 2 by 10 inches by 12 feet, one piece of 2 by 6 inches by 14

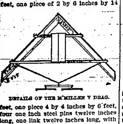

DETAILS OF THE M'MILLEN V DRAG.

feet, one piece 4 by 4 inches by 6 feet, four one inch steel pins twelve inches long, one link twelve inches long, with eye bolt and two staples to hold rear end in position; two staples to hitch to, two pieces of band from nine feet long by four inches wide and one-eighth of an inch thick for shoes and two pieces of band iron three feet long ten inches wide and one-eighth of an inch thick to make the adjustable opening in rear.

"To make the V drag first bolt on the shoes, letting them come even at the front end and extending half an inch below wood for a cutting edge. Next bore through the ends of the 2 by 6 pieces the six inch way; then bore holes six inches deep and twenty-four inches back from front end in the side pieces; then bore holes and put in staples to hitch to. These should be about the center up and down in side pieces and three feet from the front end. Next set up the sides and put the 2 by 6 inch piece on top up edgeways, and drop in the pins; then place the sides together at the rear end with one extending three inches past the other. Pin on the 4 by 4 by 6 feet. Now bore a hole in the side that extends farthest back three inches from the upper edge and two and a half inches from the rear end; put in the eye bolt, which is fastened to the link, and place the link up beside the other side piece; put in one of the staples to hold the extended side from drawing back and the other one to hold them from working up and down on each other; put in a pin as in a barn door fastening. The side pieces should be cut out on lower side at the rear end, starting five inches from the upper side and coming to the lower edge three feet from the rear end, thus making an opening for extra dirt to escape; bore a hole in lower front end of the three foot band irons and three holes in the rear end of each, and by placing them over the opening in rear end of drag the opening can be made adjustable. This opening should be kept closed as much as possible, so that it does not carry too much dirt, though the drag should carry some dirt in the rear all of the time to fill holes and low places. When the surface of the road has been cut and rutted by travel during a prolonged rain and before the earth has dried out, the drag should be drawn back and forth over the road. This fills the holes and ruts and crowns the road, preparing it to shed the water precipitated by the next rainstorm, and, by doing the work before the road has become hard and dry, the material thus scraped up becomes incorporated in the road instead of remaining on the surface to be ground into dust. The cost of the construction of the drag being insignificant, it is possible for almost every farmer living along a road to build one and, by devoting a few spare moments after each rainstorm, maintain a good highway."

The idea of the V drag was derived from the pioneer split log drag, which from the recent earnest advocacy of D. Ward King has come to be known by his name, and it is claimed as an improvement in that, having more slant, it draws more earth to the center; having two sides, one balancing the other, it keeps its position on the road better and, being wide and rigid, it cuts the humps and fills the holes without leaving a wavy surface, as results from using a one sided tool.

Long Macadam Road.

Before many years a macadam road 440 miles long will extend across the state of New York to Buffalo, going through Albany, Utica, Syracuse and Rochester. It will be the policy of the New York state engineer's department in providing good roads under the $50,000,000 proposition approved by the people at the recent election to lay out a single road through each county, so as to form one continuous highway from one end of the state to the other. Nearly all the counties between New York and Albany already have taken action toward the construction of such roads, and plans and surveys have been made for good roads which will form a continuous highway from Albany to Syracuse. Plans also have been prepared for a third of the route from Syracuse to Buffalo. Sixty-six miles of the entire distance already have been completed.

IN THE DAIRY

The accompanying picture, as Farm, Field and Fireside explains, was taken ten miles north of Stony Lake, in Canada. From this section eastward the French Canadian cows have been bred for many years. This breed is little known in the United States, but their performance in the dairy test at the Pan-American exposition gained for them many friends. Unlike the Jersey, they have been bred to look out for themselves.

The original stock is supposed to have come over with the early settlers from Normandy. Their small size—usually from 600 to 900 pounds in weight—facilitated their transportation

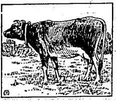

FRENCH CANADIAN COW.

in the small sailing vessels that crossed the ocean at that time. The breed somewhat resembles the Jersey, and many students of cowology claim that the original stock was the same.

Feed and Butter Fat.

Much dispute has arisen in regard to the effect of feed upon the per cent of butter fat. It is very easy to attribute any variation that may happen to occur at the time of changing feed to the feed. Records of tests show that it is possible for a large variation to take place without any change of feed. Where accurate records have been kept it has been found that there is very little if any change in the per cent of butter fat due to feed. A few experiments at other stations indicate that feed may influence in a small degree the per cent of fat in the milk, but this influence is so small that it is hardly worth while for the average farmer or dairyman to pay any attention to it. The test of the richness of the milk seems to be the individual characteristic of the cow, that cannot be changed permanently by the will of man, and if we wish to increase the per cent of fat in the milk we must do it by breeding rather than by feeding.—Kansas Experiment Station.

Silage Versus Grain.

The Ohio experiment station finds it quite evident from data of its own tests that cows fed silage ration have produced considerably more milk and fat at a smaller expenditure for feed, resulting in more than double the profit than those fed a grain ration. The question arises, however, how much of this increase in production is due to the ration fed and how much to the cow? It is probable, says Farm Superintendent C. G. Williams, that the comparison of actual yields of milk and butter fat is not so reliable a guide to the utility of the two rations as the comparison of each cow with herself "before and after" taking the ration. Taking the average of the herds, the cows fed the silage ration shrank 2.84 per cent in milk and gained 1.89 per cent in fat, while the cows fed the grain ration shrank 0.11 per cent in milk and 14.18 per cent in fat.

Extra Size a Handicap.

It is the general opinion that cows of medium size for the breed to which they belong are the most profitable milk producers, and the records of the Wisconsin experiment station indicate that cows somewhat below medium weight have an advantage over those above that medium. In other words, extra size is more or less of a handicap.

No Thoroughfare.

The government established a rule with the force and effect of a law that merchantable butter should not contain more than 16 per cent of water in its compound parts. This seems fair enough, and so far as stopping fraudulent work goes is necessary, but the trouble is 16 per cent, while right enough for creamery, and especially storage butter, is not enough for fine dairy prints, which need more water to quicken the flavor.

But the most serious trouble comes to the buttermaker who cannot tell just how to determine the exact amount of water he is leaving in the butter.

We are told that butter may look dry and hard and yet contain water in excess of the law's standard. The poor buttermaker is not a chemist, nor would he have time to analyze each churning, so he must take his chances between the devil and the deep blue sea.—Home and Farm.

Milking Notes.

Commence milking at the same hour every morning and evening and milk the cows in the same order.

The first few streams of milk from each teat should not be milked into the pail, for this milk is very watery, is of little value and is invariably contaminated, which will injure the rest of the milk.

Milk with dry hands. Never allow the milker to moisten the hand and teat with milk.—Oscar Erf.

The Crop For the Silo.

In planning the silage crop you can figure about fifty pounds of silage to the cubic foot, which will give you an idea of the amount of corn required to fill the silo you intend to build.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Rural Delivery Notes

England has a rural mail delivery *daily except to very distant farmhouses*, which are served triweekly.

The states in the northern part of the Mississippi valley are the ones in which the rural free delivery business has been extended the most. Illinois leads all other states with 2,608 routes in operation. Ohio is second with 2,392.

"Rural free delivery has made a considerable difference in the amount of memorizing that postal clerks on Indiana routes have to do," said one of the number, according to the Indianapolis News. "Five years ago there were 2,202 postoffices in Indiana whose names we had to remember, and now there are only 1,694. The reduction of over 500 offices is due to the rural free delivery."

Miss Susie M. Stoltz is the only woman rural mail carrier in Illinois or in Wabash county, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Miss Stoltz is nineteen years old. Her home is at Gard's Point, ten miles northwest of Mount Carmel, in Wabash county. She has had a route out of Mount Carmel for the past eighteen months and in all that time has only missed one day. That was when she went to a convention of rural carriers at Olney. Miss Stoltz's route is twenty-six miles long. She drives that distance in a buggy every weekday of the year, in sunshine and rain, through flood and mud and snow and ice.

The Girl and the Cows.

Seven years ago a little seven-year-old Indiana girl was made happy by the present of a tiny pig. The pig's life, though short, was a happy one, for he was never neglected by his small owner. At last the pig was sold for $7.50. The most of this money was invested in a full blood Jersey calf. From this small start the girl now has five head of fine Jersey cows. This is no fairy story—the girl and the cows really exist, and it shows what the girl or boy on the farm can do, says Fannie M. Wood in Farm Journal.

Give Us Wealth In Cows.

This is one of the sayings of Buddha, the Hindoo god: "I charge you, O my sons, to follow a herd of cows, quaffing the dust raised by their feet by day, and at night lie down and guard them. O thou mighty Indra, make our pastures wide; give us wealth in cows."

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400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
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your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
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I will examine your eyes free.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1906 NUMBER 41

Historical Society

O'BRIEN IS A FAVORITE

St. Hilaire Man Will Be Elected County Auditor.

The People Are With Him in His Fight For the Office.

John B. O'Brien, candidate for the office of county auditor of Red Lake county, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday interviewing a number of the voters here. Mr. O'Brien is superintendent of the St. Hilaire schools and owing to the sickness of one of the teachers, he has been unable to get out in the country and do any campaign work.

"I am receiving many offers of support from all parts of Red Lake county," said Mr. O'Brien to the News, "and I feel confident that I will be elected. I stand for the best interests of the taxpayers of Red Lake county and if elected propose to be absolutely impartial in all matters. The general impression seems to be that my opponent, James E. Ford, is the candidate of a small faction in Red Lake county that thinks that the whole of Red Lake county is located within the incorporated limits of Red Lake Falls. I stand for all of the people of Red Lake county and therefore it is to be expected that when matters are properly explained to voters, they are giving me warm support."

Mr. O,Brien has been a resident of Red Lake county since '93 and has lived most of that time in St. Hilaire. He will receive almost every vote that is cast in St. Hilaire. People who know Mr. O'Brien the best are his strongest supporters.

Last Chance.

Those who intend to put in a supply of short mill wood will do well to put it in now.

Wood will advance to $2.00 a load as soon as the mill shuts down.

Vote for S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

Years Ago

in the

Clothing Business

There were fabrics called "sattinets," cotton and cheap wool woven together. Ask any old clothing man about "sattinets," he'll remember.

They were an awful fraud, they looked good and they were bad, they were a reproach to the clothing business; made people afraid for years to trust the statements of the clothier. The revival of cotton mixtures, due to the high price of wool has brought the "sattinet" period back in a modified form. You can't trust any clothes offered to you now unless they're all-wool and guaranteed to be. There is at least one concern, makers of good clothes, who will put their label on nothing but all-wool goods, Hart, Schaffner & Marx are one such concern; and we sell their goods, all-wool all-right.

The Golden Rule

DAIRYMEN TO MEET

A Convention to Be Held in Crookston November 14 and 15.

Promises to Be a Very Interesting affair Attendance Will Be Large.

The Red River Valley Dairyman's Association will hold its fourth annual convention in the city of Crookston on Wednesday and Thursday Nov. 14th and 15th. The organization was started three years ago with less then a dozen persons and each succeeding convention has had a larger attendance then the previous one and at the last convention there were about 200 dairymen in attendance and from the interest shown in it this year there will be a much larger attendance. Previous meetings have shown that a one days session is too short and the two days session, even, is crowded with the interesting subjects which the program is made up from. The aim has been to make the program as much as possible of interest to both patrons and buttermakers and will be carried along on the most interesting questions of the present time, and the discussions will be lead by some of the progressive dairyman in the State and the Red River Valley. Special attention will be given to silos and practical feeding of dairy cows. A full program will be printed in a short time. Northern Minnesota is all ready taking rapid strides towards becoming the most important dairy section of the state. We have farmers that drew checks of over $200.00 from their cows in one month last winter and this coming season checks of over $300.00 will be drawn from the same source.

This is not from farmers who have started with silver lined pockets but who have applied their own mind to the business, read dairy papers, and attended dairy meetings and exchanged ideas to their mutual benefit. An other thing which shows the progressivness of the dairymen in the northwest is the nice score we got for our butter at the state fair this fall. Here are some: Calvin Moores Jr. Ada, 96¼., Lauritzen, Plummer, 95., L. H. Flagel, Erskine, 95., C. M. Davidson, Climax, 95., P. Nielson, Winger, 95., H. L. Flagel, McIntosh, 94½., Geo. Houghton, Fisher, 94½., Lars Leffler, Hendrum, 94., A. L. Gunderson, Beltrami, 93¼. These are fine scores and by coming together and comparing notes we can shove up a notch and carry away honors that have been held by Southern Minnesota.

GOV. JOHNSON.

Will Be in Thief River Falls Next Monday Forenoon.

Gov. John A. Johnson will arrive in Thief River Falls next Monday morning over the Soo and at 10 o'clock that morning will address the voters of Thief River

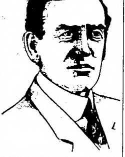

Falls at the Evenson Hall. He takes the 11:30 Great Northern train for Greenbush. Gov. Johnson is one of the most entertaining public speakers in the state and all should turn out and hear him discuss the issues of the campaign.

Says Nelson is All Right.

L. A. Nelson, of Thief River Falls, formerly deputy to Sheriff Green of this county, is the Republican candidate for sheriff of Red Lake county, having come out one of the victors at the recent primaries. Lewis has had considerable experience and should make an efficient and satisfactory official.—Warren Register.

Vote for Lewis A.

ANOTHER BRICK BLOCK

C. M. Evenson and Torrison Bros. to Be the Builders.

Building will Be Located at the Corner of Main Ave. and third St.

Thief River Falls to have another brick block. Papers in a deal to this effect were signed last week by C. M. Evenson and Torrison Bros.

The building is to be 50x100 feet, and will be located upon the corner of Main avenue and Third street, opposite the Golden Rule. The frame buildings which are upon this corner at present, are being removed and the basement for the new building will be dug this fall in order that an early start can be can be made next spring. The building will have two store rooms upon the first floor, the corner to be occupied by the E. & E. Clothing company and the remaining part by Torrison Bros. furniture store. Torrison Bros. will also occupy 25 x 100 feet of the second story of the building.

The erection of this building goes to illustrate the confidence these men have in Thief River Falls and will furnish them a modern building in which to conduct their business.

RAIL LOG SHIPPING.

Two Railroads Have Declared That They Are Not Common Carriers.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Minnesota & International Railway Company have declared themselves not common carriers of logs and in the future will refuse to treat shippers of that commodity on that basis. This is the purport of a letter which is being sent out by the officials of these railways. This announcement on the part of these lines affects and seriously embarrasses a very heavy amount of logs and will place the owners where they will have to materially change their plans with respect to the handling of their logs over a large portion of northern Minnesota.

The letter announcing this position on the part of the railroad states as follows:

"These companies have been considerably embarrassed this season by the tender of logs for transportation, the owners of such logs claiming that they cut and banked tributary to the Minnesota & International lines with the understanding that these companies having in the past handled quantities of logs would continue to do so, rates being made satisfactory.

"That there may be no misunderstanding in the future we desire to notify you personally that these companies are not common carriers of logs.

"We appreciate that there may be some instances where logs are not tributary to water transportation, and where it will be necessary to perform some rail service to prevent great loss to the lumbermen; and where special arrangements are made with these companies in advance, before the logs are cut and banked to handle them to some saw mill or industry located on our lines, where they can be manufactured and the products shipped over our road. We will try to furnish equipment necessary for moving same; such movement must be confined, however, to mill point as the Minnesota & International & Northern Pacific roads."

The announcement comes as a surprise to the logging interests involved and thus far there has been no decisive action taken on their part. An appeal to the state railway commission is not improbable and the question of whether railroads can so consider themselves not common carriers of logs will there be threshed out.

Wedding Bells.

There was a quiet wedding at the Froshaug residence Sunday evening when Miss Anna Froshaug, sister of A. H. Froshaug, was united in marriage to Archie Umbriet of Thief River Falls. The close relatives of the bride and a few personal friends were the only guests present. Rev. Huus officiated. With the exception of an occasional few months absence Miss Froshaug has resided in the village from childhood and is well known in and about Twin Valley. With Mr. Umbriet we are not acquainted but understand he is one of Thief River Falls' bright and ambitious young men and that in company with his brother he is engaged in the shoe business there. The newly wedded couple departed yesterday morning for the Falls where they will make their future home. The Times joins in wishing them success and life long happiness.—Twin Valley

---

THE STAR STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

HE BELIEVES IN T. R. F.

Senator Nelson Says that This City Has a Brilliant Future.

Sees a Big Change in the City in Eight Years.

United States Senator Knut Nelson is a great believer in the future of Thief River Falls and predicts that some day this city will be one of the most important towns of Northern Minnesota.

"It is eight years since I visited your town," said Senator Nelson to the News last Thursday, "and while I had expected that there would be a big change, for I have often heard of your growth and progress, yet I was not prepared to see such a great change. My first visit to what is now Thief River Falls was twenty-two years ago when I came to have a conference with Chief Moose Dung and other Indians regarding the opening of the old Red Lake Indian reservation. That was before there was any Thief River Falls, and yet I predicted at that time that there would sometime be one of the most important cities in Northern Minnesota located at the junction of the Thief and Red Lake rivers. The railroads that have now centered here insure your future greatness. You will have more roads for the country to the east and northeast is fast settling up and railroads will some day be built from Thief River Falls to these points. I can see no reason why Thief River Falls should not some day be much larger than Crookston or Grand Forks is today. You have room for a city up here and as the vast country of which Thief River Falls is the center becomes better developed it means the adding of many people to your population. Try and develope the country, assist the farmers in every way possible and the future greatness of Thief River Falls will be insured."

Vote for E. M. Stanton for county attorney.

KILLED BY A DITCHER

Brother of Mrs. D. W. Conklin of This City Killed Last Week.

Unfortunate Man Was Only Eighteen Years of Age.

The following taken from the Gary Graphic tells of an accident that is of local interest inasmuch as the young man who was killed is a brother of Mrs. D. W. Conklin of this city:

One of the most horrible accidents that has occured in this vicinity for a number of years took place Wednesday afternoon when a young son of I. T. Nordheim, who lives in the town of Godfrey, Polk county lost his life. Mr. Nordheim with his two sons were operating a ditching machine about half a mile east of here, when the horses became entangled and some difficulty was experienced before they could be loosened, it was necessary to cut the tugs, and in doing so the sweep flew back striking the young boy breaking his leg in several places and also his collar bone. The unfortunate victim was immediately brought to town and taken to the hotel, and Dr. Helmark was summoned who pronounced the case as hopeless and that he could live but a short time. The accident occured at about 3:30 o'clock and at 10:30 the young man breathed his last. He was eighteen years of age and his untimely death was a sad blow to his relatives and friends in Polk county. The remains were taken home for interment Thursday morning. The funeral took place Sunday at the Maplebay church. Willie Nordheim is survived by his parents four sisters and four brothers to mourn his loss.

Rural Route Starts.

George W. Biskey, of this village, secured the appointment as carrier on the new rural route and he commenced work last Monday, October 1st. The route runs north from here along the river in Rocksbury to the north line of section 18, thence west through Sanders and into the eastern part of Bray. Nearly one hundred farmers in that vicinity will hereafter get their mail daily.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Have You Any of the Following Articles

Which you would like to have cleaned before the fall entertainments start?

Fine silk or woolen dress, silk or woolen shirt waist, skirt, jacket, cravennette coat, opera shawl, kid gloves, opera gloves, fan, white kid slippers, hat, plumes, feather, bird and all kinds of fur you can get cleaned or dyed. You can have lace dyed to match your dress. I clean also embroideries curtains and draperies.

Do you know that some garments which you now think are of no use to you may look nice if you only had them cleaned and pressed. In the "Dying and Cleaning Establishment" you can get anything cleaned or dyed.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

REDS WANT CHANGE MADE

Red Lake Indians Want Their Pine Sold at $11 per Thousand.

Money Realized to Be Exclusively for the Red Lake Band.

A delegation of Red Lake Indians were in Crookston Tuesday to confer with congressman Steenerson about some very important changes which they wish to have made in the land laws which have to do with the diminished Red Lake Reservation.

The delegation brought a resolution which was adopted in open council by the tribe of Red Lake Indians and which is signed by over 400 of the male Indians of that tribe asking that the lands of the Red Lake Indian Reservation shall belong exclusively to this tribe of Indians alone and that the proceeds shall not be divided amongst the other Chippewa Indians throughout the state. Heretofore the Chippewa Indians throughout the state have always fared exactly alike and every tribe has been given their proportionate allotment of all the moneys realized from the sale of any of the lands or the products of the lands throughout the entire state. The diminished reservation however, is a very valuable piece of property as it contains between 300,000,000 and 400,000,000 ft. of fine pine. Incidentally the Thief River Falls Lumber Mill will probably depend upon this pine for its future supply. As the law now reads neither the Indians nor any one else can touch a foot of this pine, not even if it is blown down, and the resolution presented by the Indians is for the privilege of cutting and selling this pine, and of applying the money received from it to the benefit of this tribe alone.

Their plan is to have the pine on the land sold for the common benefit of the tribe. They wish it to be logged by the Indians exclusively, and sold at a bank scale of not less than $11 per thousand. They ask that the cutting shall extend over a period of several years and that the money received from the sale shall be put in the treasury, the Indians to receive only the interest thereon. They also wish the exclusive privilege of the benefits of the agricultural lands on this diminished Red Lake Reservation.

The delegation consists of an interpreter and several Indians who are headed by Chief Gay-Bay Nodin, the head chief of the entire Red Lake tribe.

Bjornson's Son a Fighter.

Anton B. Lange, formerly editor of a Norwegian weekly at Duluth and now proprietor of the Scandia, a weekly of Chicago, was beaten severely Saturday with a cane that was blackened. Publication of alleged libelous editorials was the cause.

His assailants were Erling Bjornson, son of Bjornestjerne Bjornson, the "Grand Old Man of Norway." and Gustav E. Reimers, son of Associate Justice Reimers of the Norwegian supreme court. Both men are members of Norway's first families and are prominent in the highest society of the Norse capital.

The whipping of Lange occurred at Grand and Center avenues, where Bjornson and Reimers had waited for several hours in a drug store for the editor. After administering what they considered a sufficient trouncing, Bjornson and Reimers left their victim in the street and went into the drug store, where later they were arrested and taken in a patrol wagon to a police station. Lange also was arrested.

Reimers and Bjornson were released on bonds signed by a friend and Lange also was released later in the evening. All were charged with disorderly conduct.

The beating was the climax of a series of editorial attacks made on Bjornson and Reimers since their arrival in the United States early last spring. In South Dakota they obtained a copy of Scandia in which was printed a story regarding alleged compromising actions of Bjornson and Reimers at Belgrade, Minn. It was then that they determined to whip Lange the moment they reached Chicago.

Lange was crossing the street when Bjornson saw him.

"Take that, you scoundrel," said Bjornson, as he struck Lange a terrific blow on the head with the cane. Reimers followed this with a punch in Lange's face, while Bjornson fairly rained blows with the cane on Lange's back and head.

Vote for E. M. Stanton for county attorney.

Vote for S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

POEM.

(Respectfully dedicated to James Ford, who will soon be ex-county auditor.)

.... hired
.... tired
.... fired

P. S.—Fill in the dotted lines to suit yourself.

PRESIDING ELDER DODDS

Has Been Transferred from This District to a Charge at Staples.

Rev. Davies, of Renville, Is the New Presiding Elder.

The Methodist Conference at Minneapolis which ended Monday developed a number of changes. Rev. Lafoyette Dodds, who has been the presiding elder for this district is transferred to a church at Staples and a new district was formed to be known as the Brainerd district and Rev. E. K. Cooper formerly of Staples is the new presiding elder for that district. Rev. J. R. Davies of Renville was appointed elder for this district. Rev. Geo. E. Satterlee who has been pastor at Crookston for the past five years goes to Renville and his place will be taken by Rev. Buckner who comes from the east and is highly recommended. The other pastors in this part of the country were nearly all returned to the same places, Rev. Flesher to Thief River Falls, Rev. Tindall to Warren, Rev. Smith to St. Vincent, Rev. Koch to Hallock and Rev. Peart to Bemidji. The next conference will be held at the Fowler Methodist church in Minneapolis.

In losing Rev. Dodds, the district will miss an energetic and sincere worker who has done much to build up and strengthen the church and whose place will be hard to fill. Rev. Davies comes to this district with a reputation of having accomplished much in his pastorate at Renville.

Live Dairy Practice

Do you know why your milk doesn't test 4 per cent? There is a poor cow or two in the bunch. Each cow has her capacity for milk and butter fat. Find out what it is. Then you'll know whether you need her in your business more than the butcher does.

The Individual Cow.

Individual cows producing the most milk or butter fat on a certain amount of feed should preferably be used for breeding. Only by breeding in proportion to live weight and amount of milk produced is it possible to ascertain which individuals in the herd have the best assimilative and productive capacity.

Knowledge Is Power.

Successful dairying involves considerable testing, both of individual cows and of milk and cream sent to the creamery or skimming station. No dairyman can afford to continue to milk cows unless he knows what they are doing, and he is unable to know this without weighing the milk and testing it from time to time for its butter fat content. For this reason it behooves every dairyman to have a hand tester at least. It will soon pay for itself from a monetary standpoint, besides adding much interest and satisfaction to the owner who is milking the cows. It will enable him to know which cows are his money makers and what cows are his debt contractors.

Making Persistent Milkers.

Heifers, after their first calf, should always be milked for as long a period as possible—say ten months—even if only stripping and never allowed to go dry about six months after calving, as they often will if precautions are not taken. This encourages a most valuable habit, that of persistent milking.

The Registry Certificate.

When a person buys an animal that is claimed to be registered the purchaser should demand the certificate of registry and have the transfer of ownership made with pen and ink on the back of the certificate. This transfer should give the name of the purchaser and date of the transaction and should be signed by the seller.—American Cultivator.

On the Dairy Route.

The intelligent, conscientious dairy farmer, who is ever seeking to condense time and labor, may find the entire secret of success quickly summed up in three great rules that stand at every turn along the entire route of dairying, a simple, plain and straightforward guide board pointing out with immovable hand the royal road to success. The directions are spelled in big capital letters and read "Cleanliness, kindliness and unflagging energy."—Mrs. A. F. Howie.

Quality First, Price Afterward.

Everywhere that dairying is carried on there is a demand for better dairy animals. Men nowadays go halfway around the globe in search of a pure bred high quality dairy bull or an ideal dairy cow. It is quality first and price afterward.—Dean W. A. Henry, Wisconsin.

HE HAS MADE GOOD.

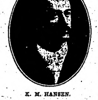

K. M. HANSEN.

Who has served one term as county treasurer of Red Lake county and now desires to be re-elected. It is the unanimous opinion of all who have had business to transact with the treasurer that Mr. Hansen has made the best official the county has ever heard.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Nettie Ove has left school.

New pupils still continue to enroll.

The Teachers have formed a club for social purposes.

Hazel Lang is the latest student to enroll in the Normal.

The Juniors held a class meeting last Thursday afternoon.

Alice Kratka left school last Friday. She expects to leave for California next Monday.

Colin McNiven left school last Wednesday after studying industriously for two whole days.

County Superintendent McAnulty made the high school building a brief call last Monday.

The Lavatories and closets in the Central basement are now in use and prove entirely satisfactory.

For information on the subject of making charcoal apply to Roland Blanchard. He has the latest methods.

The Seniors are "groaning and sighing" and becoming "just a little tired" under the heavy burdens they are carrying.

The members of the Chemistry class have learned how to make diamonds. Don't be surprised if the diamond market is flooded.

Monday noon on account of the storm several pupils enjoyed a most unusual lunch, consisting principally of pickles, cheese and peaches.

Last week a primary pupil in the Knox brought her teacher a large bunch of ripe wild strawberries that she had found near the Soo tracks.

Nine book reviews! Last year there were four. If they increase each year at the same rate the pupils will need to hire stenographers or learn shorthand.

If some pupils are heard singing on the streets do not think that their minds are effected by over study. They will probably be practicing the scale.

The girls would better take notice. One of the boys was heard to remark that the girls were very round shouldered. He didn't mention the boys failings in that direction.

Messrs Higgins and Smith were busy last week adding some windows where needed in the old part of the Knox, and in placing cupboards and shelves in a few of the rooms.

If one does not know the physical properties of an element, just follow the rule given by the teacher and use your five senses, and also your sixth—common sense—if you have such a sense.

But two cases of corporal punishment have been inflicted during the past five weeks. Although all the pupils are not exactly angels in behaviour, still this speaks volumes for their excellent conduct while in school, as well as for the ability of the teachers to maintain a high degree of good order with so little resort to the rod.

State High School Inspector George B. Aiton made the schools the regular annual visit last Monday. He devoted the whole day to this work and every room in each of the buildings was inspected. He declared himself greatly pleased with the additions and improvements at the Knox and Central, and also expressed his satisfaction with the condition of the school work in general.

It is the chief aim of the present school administration to establish and maintain a higher standard of scholarship in the grammar and high school grades. Modern social, business and educational conditions demand it and parents and teachers should be satisfied with nothing less. The steps taken in this direction may make school too great a burden for a few [illegible] students, but they will aid very much in placing our schools on a par with the best schools in this part of the state at least so far as excellence of [illegible] is concerned.

FOODS ARE ADULTERATED

Mail Order Houses Will Have To Observe the Law Soon.

After the 1st of January the National Law Is in Effect.

The National Pure Food Law which becomes operative Jan. 1, 1907 will, if rigidly enforced, correct the abuses which now exist in the transaction of the mail order business. The state law does not operate against mail order houses, but the national law will operate against them preventing the shipment of adulterated or misbranded goods from one state into another.

Following up the work which the state department has instituted, attention is called to the following analyses of groceries shipped into this state within the past thirty days by mail order houses. We have no object in view in making public these analyses other than to inform the consumers of the state as to the quality of the goods. Publicity is the only weapon to use against them. The reports just as received from the labratory are as follows:

Lab. No. 611—Catsup, "Doris" brand Shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Colored with coal tar dye. The law does not permit any kind of color.

Lab. No. 113—Green Fruit Color, Shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Sample is a Coal Tar Dye.

Lab. No. 1331—Extract of Cinnamon "Seroco" brand, Shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Colored with coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 435—Cream of Tartar, Sold for pure. Shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Sample is an imitation cream of tartar. Contains no cream of tartar.

Lab. No. 1332—Extract of Wintergreen Shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Colored with coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 132-Baking Powder, "Index" brand. Shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Can not labelled as required by law.

Lab. No. 9—Evaporated Cream, "Highland" brand, shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Sample is simple evaporated milk.

Lab. No. 791—Colored Sugar, Shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Simple is colored with coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 8—Evaporated Cream "Peerless" brand shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Illegal. Sample is simple evaporated milk.

Corn A Success.

The Thief River Falls News of last week contained a very interesting article giving the results of experiments in raising corn in Becker County. The experiment proved a success, the corn ripening fully and the yield being more than the average yield of the southern corn growing districts. Experiments along the same line with equally satisfactory results have been made right here in our own Marshall county. A. W. Clark, of the town of Rollis, has grown fully ripened dent corn the past three years.

When in Argyle a couple of weeks ago we were shown some specimens of corn grown by H. L. Melgaard on his farm near that village. The corn was fully ripened, and the ears are as large as are usually grown in the fields of Nebraska, where we formerly lived. Mr. Melgaard stated that the ears of which there were about a half a bushel, were not selected but were picked as they came from the field which was all about the same.—Middle River Pioneer.

One Cold and Another

The season's first cold may be slight—may yield to early treatment, but the next cold will hang on longer; it will be more troublesome, too. Unnecessary to take chances on that second one. Scott's Emulsion is a preventive as well as a cure. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

when colds abound and you'll have no cold. Take it when the cold is contracted and it checks inflammation, heals the membranes of the throat and lungs and drives the cold out.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York
50c. and $1.00 . . . . All druggists

ONE DOZEN FINE PHOTOGRAPHS FROM BORREY'S GALLERY WILL MAKE 12 BEAUTIFUL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	65c
Oats	30c
Flax	1 01
Butter	16c
Eggs	17c

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city yesterday.

One thousand tulips for sale at the Lang Greenhouse.

Roy Tabor was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

E. E. Rose was down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

W. B. Fuller was down to Crookston the first of the week.

J. R. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

George Jarman was down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

Andrew Bjorkhoel is in the city from Minneapolis visiting his parents.

Wanted—A good girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Edward Eckman returned the first of the week from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Sex Bulman returned from Bulman Bros. logging camp up near the Red Lake on Tuesday.

T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. Paul Trontvet returned yesterday from a visit with friends and relatives at Lake Mills, Minnesota.

Mrs. W. J. LaBree and children left last evening for Snohamish, Washington, to spend the winter visiting relatives.

Mrs. John Norton of Lockport, Illinois arrived in the city last week for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Erick Bjorke, who a few years ago had his feet frozen off, died Monday. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7:45 Rev. E. Hanson of Warren, will preach. You are cordially invited. I. T. Aasted.

It is rumored that there is to be a change in the running of the train on this branch of the Great Northern, and that the trains will run from Fargo to Greenbush instead of from Crookston as at present. Railroad men do not believe that the change will be made.

C. W. Johnson, candidate for the office of clerk of court, was in the city yesterday from Wylie. He has not made much of a campaign as yet, but in the future will get busy. Mr. Johnson is a deserving young man and we believe that he will win the election.

T. R. Brown, Jr., secretary of the Crookston Commercial Club, and W. H. Williams, of Minneapolis, were in the city yesterday and last evening addressed the citizens here regarding the matter of securing funds to advertise the Red River valley in a number of eastern newspapers.

The Committee on entertainment of the Antlers Club have decided on a series of parties, to be given at the Club during the winter season and next Friday evening has been set for the opening event. Invitations have been extended to a few non-members but in the future, the entertainments will be confined only to Club members or their lady friends. The members of Committee are the same ones that officiated last year, Messrs. Emil Zeh, Wallace Nichols, and Dr. Penney.

Silverton Lutheran Congregation of Rev. I. T. Aastad's call will hold its annual Mission and Harvest festival next Sunday at 10.30. The thanksgiving sermon will be delivered in the forenoon by Rev. E. Hanson of Warren, and a sermon on Home missions will be delivered in the afternoon by the local pastor. In the evening at 7:45 Rev. E. Hanson will deliver a sermon in the Norwegian Lutheran church in this city.

The Advertisement Entertainment is proceeding rapidly to perfection. In this unique affair, each enterprising business man of Thief River Falls is advertised in a drill by some young person of his own choosing, carrying his banner and by his costume representing that man's business. The enthusiasm which the young people take hold of the affair promises well for its success. Don't forget it! At the Opera House Friday, October [illegible]. Reserved seats for sale at [illegible]. Common seats 25c.

Rooms for Rent—Four single rooms to rent. Call at Mrs. John E[illegible], west of Tacum's laundry.

A QUIET WEDDING.

Mr. William Berri Fuller and Mrs. Theresa Bishoff Married Yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of the St. Bernard's Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingman officiating, occurred the marriage of Mrs. Theresa Bishoff to William Berri Fuller. Only immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties were present to witness the ceremony.

Both the contracting parties have a large circle of friends in Thief River Falls who wish them a happy married life. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bourque and a young lady possessing many accomplishments. The groom is one of Thief River Falls pioneer and substantial business men and counts as his friends all of the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuller left last evening on the Soo flyer on a short wedding trip to the Twin Cities. They will be at home in the Wright house on the East Side after the 1st of December.

—For Rent—Seven room house on the East Side formerly owned by W. S. Day. Inquire of T. J. Carr at Hotel Ogahmah.

—We had rented out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Vote for Lewis A. Nelson for Sheriff.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Elizabeth Blanchard, Clara Rose Blanchard, Myrtle Ruth Blanchard and Roland Silas Blanchard.

And all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Elizabeth Blanchard being duly filed in this court, representing that William Blanchard, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 24th day of September 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Elizabeth Blanchard, Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of November 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of October 1906.

(COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

E. M. Stanton, Attorney for Petitioner.

oct 11-25

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal, Anna Maria Rendal.

All persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Charles Elgsten having been filed in this court, representing that Magnus Johnson Rendal, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota died intestate on the 12th day of September 1906; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Charles Elgsten; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 9th day of October 1906.

(COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

oct 11-25

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

NEWS OF THE WEEK

TAFT IN CONTROL IN CUBA.

Secretary Root has made public the correspondence leading up to the intervention in Cuba. An important feature developed in the dispatches was that intervention was asked by the Cuban government as early as Sept. 8 and that as long ago as Sept. 14 President Palma had determined to resign as president of the republic.

The first landing of American soldiers in the present occupation of Cuba was accomplished Sunday with marvelous promptness and 500 men of the Fifth United States infantry and 350 men of the Second battalion of engineers are now settled under canvas in Camp Columbia, near Havana.

A detachment of 200 insurgents rode into Caridad, a suburb of the city of Puerto Principe, waving machetes and threatening people. Twenty American marines from the detachment on duty at Puerto Principe went to Caridad, dispersed the insurgents and arrested thirty-nine of them.

It is expected that the largest ships of the American fleet, if not all of them, will be withdrawn from Cuban waters as soon as there is a sufficient army force landed to afford security to the provisional government and the protection of property interests.

The alacrity with which the Cuban insurgents are laying down their arms is the greatest surprise the provisional government has encountered in its smoothly working programme. This operation is now well under way in the vicinity of Havana.

Governor Taft says that he has no intention of turning back any portion of the expedition of 5,500 regular troops ordered to Cuba. He feels that this number is needed as a precaution against future trouble.

Fred C. Carpenter, Secretary Taft's private secretary at Washington, has received a cablegram from the secretary stating that he should probably remain at Havana not more than two weeks longer.

Governor Taft has ordered the use of any amount of money needed for putting Cuba into a first class sanitary condition and for stamping out yellow fever.

Ex-President Palma has vacated the palace at Havana and Governor Taft has taken up his residence there.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

New Orleans and vicinity has been visited by a series of tornadoes, causing the loss of six lives, with nine persons fatally injured. Reports of sugar cane and cotton crops blown down or sugar mills demolished are coming in from that entire section. The damage, including that done in New Orleans, is placed at over $1,000,000.

Eight men were killed and nearly two score of other persons were injured by the explosion of illuminating gas in the Market street subway at Sixth street, Philadelphia. High buildings were shaken by the force of the explosion and for a block on either side of the scene of the explosion nearly every window was shattered.

While a party of twenty-five students of Oconto (Wis.) high school were standing on a footbridge at Oconto Falls watching the falls the structure collapsed, hurling the whole party forty feet into the stream. One student was killed and a number seriously injured.

Twenty-nine bodies have been recovered from the west fork of the Pocahontas Collieries company mine at Pocahontas, Va., the scene of the recent disastrous explosion, and a conservative estimate places the total number of dead at seventy.

Five passengers were killed outright and a score of others were injured in a rearend collision between a regular passenger train and a military special on the Boston and Maine railroad at Lansingburgh, N. Y.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Democratic campaign book for use in the approaching congressional campaign has been issued by the Democratic congressional committee. It is one of the most voluminous of any similar publication heretofore gotten out, being composed of 243 pages, and containing a vast amount of matter designed to combat the claims and policies of the Republican party, while at the same time it upholds all the principles for which Democracy contends.

Massachusetts Democrats, after a turbulent struggle over endorsing William J. Bryan and William R. Hearst, selected John B. Moran, district attorney for Suffolk county, for governor. Mr. Moran was already the nominee of the Prohibition party and the Independence league.

The regular state election held in Georgia resulted in the practically unanimous election of the Democratic nominees, headed by Hoke Smith for governor.

James H. Higgins, mayor of Pawtucket, has been nominated for governor by Rhode Island Democrats.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Seismographs at Sydney and at Perth, N. S. W., recorded an earthquake Thursday noon, lasting for two hours. The government astronomers believe there was a disturbance somewhere eclipsing the disaster at San Francisco.

An emphatic official denial of the reported betrothal of Grand Duke Michael, brother of the emperor of Russia, and Princess Patricia of Connaught, niece of King Edward, has been issued at London.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Roy Hoyle, a special officer of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, was killed and Alderman Sidney Lyons, chairman of the city council of Mobile, was slightly wounded in the hand during a fight at the county jail at Mobile between deputy sheriffs and a crowd of men who were attempting to lynch Dick Robinson, a young negro, charged with assaulting a twelve-year-old white girl.

The president of the Mormon church, Joseph F. Smith, has been arrested at Salt Lake City on the charge of living unlawfully with five wives. President Smith was arraigned immediately after his arrest and waived preliminary hearing. He was bound over and released on his own recognizance.

Two robbers entered the Kimmon Ginko, a Japanese bank at San Francisco, and after fatally beating S. Urakata, the manager of the bank, and seriously injuring A. Sassaki, a clerk, escaped with $5,000 in gold. Manager Urakata died two hours later from his injuries.

Alderman Thomas E. Ruggles of Chelsea, Mass., has been indicted by the Suffolk county grand jury on a charge of receiving a bonus in connection with the awarding of a contract for city work.

William A. Dowell, city editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, was shot and killed by John Quirk, a retired saloonkeeper, *because of the former's attentions* to Quirk's stepdaughter, Miss Bessie Squires.

Mrs. H. W. Collins, wife of a farmer residing near Parker, S. D., is dead and Collins and two children are very ill, the result of chloroform administered by burglars. The robbers secured $200.

Two negroes named Thompson and Robinson, accused of assault on white women at Mobile, Ala., were taken from a train while being brought from Birmingham to Mobile for trial and strung up.

Martin Sasserson, agent for the Great Western Elevator company at Minnewaukan, N. D., shot Ella Gustofson, his sweetheart, and then killed himself. The girl will recover.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

A bold attack made by a number of revolutionists on the cashier of the branch customhouse at St. Petersburg was frustrated by the quick action of the police. The attack occurred at the bourse end of the palace bridge, one of the most frequented thoroughfares in the city, situated hardly 100 yards from the winter palace and the admiralty.

An investigation made in the Volga district has established the fact that fearful misery and starvation exist there. Several millions of persons are in a state of semi-starvation and have no means for procuring food. Diseases such as typhus fever are widespread and peasant disorders have occurred in many districts.

The emperor and the members of the imperial family, who have been cruising in Finnish waters on board the yacht Standart, have returned to Peterhof. The emperor will move almost immediately to his winter residence at Tsarskoe-Selo.

M. Hager, the Swedish vice consul at Batum, Transcaucasia, was mortally wounded while driving in a carriage in the outskirts of the city and died in the hospital, to which he was conveyed. His murderers escaped.

An armed band numbering forty men held up a mail train near Ufa, Russia. After killing a soldier and wounding three others who were in charge of the mail the robbers decamped with $125,000.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Governor Magoon, who has just returned from the isthmus, is not favorably impressed with the Chinese as a factor in the construction of the canal. "There are at present from 2,000 to 3,000 Chinese on the isthmus," said Governor Magoon, "and as a citizen I do not think they make desirable laborers. They cannot be depended upon as much as can the Barbados or native negro."

It has just become known that Charles E. Halliwell, first vice president of the American Tobacco company, was married a few days ago to Miss Ruth Alice Cole, a trained nurse, who attended him through a long illness a few months ago.

At Cleveland Judge Phillips of the common pleas court has granted a divorce to Mrs. W. J. White, wife of the millionaire president of the American Chicle company, otherwise known as the chewing gum trust.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt have returned to Washington from their summer home at Oyster Bay, where they have spent the past three months.

John Alexander Dowie has abandoned his trip to Mexico and will remain in Zion City indefinitely.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Emma Chatlos, wife of Louis Chatlos, is dead at her home in Tuckahoe, N. Y. Mrs. Chatlos is said to have been the mother of the largest family in that state, having had nineteen children. She was only forty-four years old.

Albert J. Adams, who made a large fortune as the head of the policy gambling combine in New York city, has committed suicide.

Daniel Tarbox Jewett, ninety-nine years old, formerly United States senator from Missouri, is dead at St. Louis.

George Clarke, an original member of Augustin Daly's company, is dead at Norwalk, Conn.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

A street car filled with terrified passengers dashed across New York at full speed while the motorman, suddenly bereft of his reason, stood on the forward platform flourishing a heavy controller bar and threatening to brain any one who approached him. He was finally subdued and the car brought to a stop after a desperate struggle with half a dozen policemen.

The terms of the lease of the Hill ore properties in the Northwest to the companies controlled by the United States Steel corporation have been announced by E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the corporation. The terms are based on a system of royalties and give no indication of the amount of ore to be taken out of the lands.

Louis Wagner, in a 110-horsepower French car, won the third international automobile road race for the William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., cup, completing the distance of 297.1 miles in 290 minutes, 10⅗ seconds, or at the rate of more than a mile a minute.

The baseball season of both major leagues ended Sunday. For the first time since the two big leagues have been organized both championships were won by the same city, the Chicago teams leading in both the National and American leagues.

The Cleveland Plaindealer prints an interview with John D. Rockefeller in which the latter *laments the demand* for government regulation of so-called private industries and makes a strong plea for national development.

The new and powerful armored cruiser North Carolina was successfully launched from the yards of her builders, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock company in the presence of 10,000 persons.

The loss by fire in the United States and Canada during the month of September aggregates $10,852,550, or about $3,000,000 below the record of the same month in 1905.

President Roosevelt participated in the dedication exercises of Pennsylvania's new capitol at Harrisburg, speaking to an immense crowd during a heavy rain storm.

James J. Hill is said to have secured control of the Wisconsin Central road, together with the Milwaukee Southern and the Chicago-Indiana road of John R. Walsh.

The city of New York now has one telephone for each fourteen persons. There are now 276,000 telephones in service in that city.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Two retirements from the president's cabinet are slated for the coming winter. They are those of Attorney General Moody, whose resignation will become effective about Dec. 1, and that of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, who, according to present intentions will retire in February.

A tentative decision has been reached by Chairman Shonts of the isthmian canal commission that the Panama canal be built by contract. An announcement of the final determination is expected in a few days.

It is understood that the president has finally made up his mind to withdraw all of the coal lands, not already taken up, from entry under the land laws of the United States.

HALL-MARTIN FACTIONS CLASH.

One Man Killed and Another Wounded in Feud Fight.

Making, Ky., Oct. 8.—The Hall-Martin factions have clashed again but only meager details have been received here.

As stated, they met at a "blind tiger" resort on Beaver creek.

Upwards of sixty shots were fired at close range but only one man, John Hall, Jr., of the Hall forces was killed. One other man on the Hall side was wounded slightly. Excitement is said to be high in that section.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 6.—Wheat—Dec., 73c; May, 77⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 74⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 72⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 70½@71½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.15@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.00; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 6.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 75⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 74⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 73⅛c; Oct., 74⅝c; Dec., 72⅝c; May, 77⅞c. Flax—To arrive, $1.12; on track, $1.12½; Oct., $1.11⅛; Nov., $1.11⅛; Dec., $1.09⅜; Jan., $1.10; May, $1.13⅛.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.00; cows and heifers, $1.40@3.85; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.65; calves, $5.50@8.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.20@6.80, good, heavy, $6.45@6.80; rough heavy, $5.90@6.30; light, $6.20@6.75; pigs, $5.75@6.25. Sheep, $3.30@5.90; lambs, $4.25@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Wheat—Dec., 74⅛c; May, 78⅛c. Corn—Dec., 42⅛@42¼c; May, 43¼c. Oats—Dec., 34⅛c; May, 35⅛@35⅜c. Pork—Jan., $13.50. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@24½c, dairies, 17½@21½c. Eggs—15@19c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 10½c; springs, 11½c.

MILL CITY MURDER

CITY EDITOR OF MINNEAPOLIS TRIBUNE KILLED BY RETIRED SALOONKEEPER.

Deal Closed for Lease of Hill Ore Lands in Northern Minnesota to the Steel Trust—Minneapolis Negro Shot and Killed by Unknown Assassin, Who Fired Through Screen Door—General State News.

Minneapolis, Oct. 8.—William A. Dowell, a prominent local newspaperman, was shot and killed by John Quirk because of attentions to his step-daughter, Miss Bessie Squires. The shooting occurred at the Quirk residence, 901 Chicago avenue, just as Dowell and the young woman were leaving the house. One bullet was fired, which took effect in Dowell's brain. Quirk calmly awaited the arrival of the officers and was taken into custody. Dowell was taken to the city hospital, where he expired in a few minutes. Quirk seemed pleased when told that his victim was dead.

Owing to Quirk's extreme disapproval of Dowell's attentions to Miss Squires the girl had left his residence and was boarding with friends. Accompanied by Dowell, she went to the Quirk home to call upon her mother. Quirk was home and flew into a rage on seeing Dowell, and a violent quarrel followed.

Dowell finally left the house, accompanied by Miss Squires. Quirk rushed upstairs as the couple went out and a moment later returned and followed them to the porch. Dowell started down the sidewalk when Quirk addressed him and more words followed.

Dowell, determined to put a stop to the scene, started on, but immediately Quirk drew a revolver and fired. Dowell sank to the sidewalk mortally wounded. Quirk walked into the house and went upstairs to his room where he remained until the police arrived.

Quirk does not deny shooting Dowell, but declares that he killed Dowell in self-defense as the latter had drawn a knife and was about to attack him.

Mr. Dowell was city editor of the Minneapolis Tribune.

Quirk is a retired saloonkeeper.

IRON ORE DEAL CLOSED.

Steel Trust Secures Lease of the Hill Properties.

New York, Oct. 6.—The terms of the lease of the Hill ore properties in the Northwest to the companies controlled by the United States Steel corporation have been announced by E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the corporation.

The terms are based on a system of royalties and give no indication of the amount of ore to be taken out of the lands except to show that it is expected to be many millions of tons.

The price to be paid for the first year of the lease is $1.65 per ton, delivered at upper lake ports. This price is to be increased three-quarters of a cent per ton in each succeeding year until the ore lands shall have been exhausted. It is provided also that the United States Steel corporation must take at least 750,000 in 1907 and increase the amount mined by 750,000 tons for eleven years until the amount mined annually has reached 8,250,000 tons, at which rate it must continue to take out the ore annually until it is exhausted.

FIRED THROUGH SCREEN DOOR.

Minneapolis Negro Killed by Unknown Assassin.

Minneapolis, Oct. 4.—Sloma Shields, colored, proprietor of a roominghouse, was shot and killed by an unknown person while in the saloon of Bob Salter, 229 Second street south, at 11:20 p. m.

The shot was fired through the side screen door and came without the slightest warning. Shields was standing at the bar. The bullet struck him behind the left ear and he toppled to the floor, dying in a few minutes.

The patrol wagon was summoned and Shields hurried to the hospital. Later the body was taken to the county morgue.

No one saw the murderer and there is not a single clew as to who fired the fatal shot. The police at once began scouting the neighborhood, but no one could be found who could shed any light on the affair.

ROBBERS SECURE $800.

Safeblowers Made Rich Haul at Bluffton, Minn.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 8.—Burglars entered the saloon of R. M. Stendebeck at Bluffton yesterday morning, blew open the safe with nitroglycerin and secured $800.

They obtained entrance to the building by blowing off the doors with the same explosive. People living nearby heard two explosions about 3 a. m., but no one took the trouble to get up and the burglary was not discovered until daylight.

Mistaken for a Deer.

Duluth, Oct. 8.—Mistaken for a deer by some careless hunter, Frank Miller, a homesteader, living about eight miles from Hibbing, was shot in the abdomen and now lies in St. Mary's hospital in a very critical condition. The man who fired the shot is not known.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 11, 1906.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

"OUR NEXT SHERIFF."

"Jim" Ford should not receive one vote for auditor in Thief River Falls.

Vote for J. B. O'Brien. And vote for the other candidates who are supporting Mr. O.Brien.

The Red Lake Falls gang has held the offices in Red Lake county about long enough. Give some of the others a chance.

Lewis A. Nelson is going to be elected sheriff of Red Lake county according to reports from various parts of the county. Mr. Nelson is as good a man for the office as can be found in Red Lake county.

Vote for O'Brien for auditor, Stanton for county attorney, Lewis A. Nelson for sheriff and S. T. Johnson for court commissioner. And also vote for the other candidates that are standing by these men.

Both candidates for governor in this state favor the 2 cent passenger law. It would seem that the rates would be reduced next year, providing of course that the legislature is right upon this proposition.

"Jim" Ford was in the city last week doing some campaigning. "Jim" did not call at this office and make his biennal promise about doing his duty as county auditor in the county seat fight. Perhaps he thought it was no use.

Do you believe, Mr. Voter, that it is fair to have three county commissioners represent about one-third of the people of Red Lake county, who pay about one-fourth of the taxes? That is the kind of a deal the Red Lake Falls gang desires.

Let the people have equal representation in Red Lake county. Let the people who are paying the bulk of the taxes have some voice in how this money should be expended. That is the "square deal." That is what the Red Lake Falls gang does not want.

The Red Lake Falls gang that has been running Red Lake county in the interest of Red Lake Falls and not for the tax payers of Red Lake county are now out making a frantic fight for votes. They are mighty genial fellows just now, but the day after election whether they win or are defeated, it will be different.

It is the duty of every citizen to cast his ballot on election day. It is a mark of patriotism and good citizenship. If the country was in war you wouldn't hesitate to take up arms in her defense. In reality the country is in peril every election day and it is your bounden duty to take up arms in her defense by the ballots which you cast just as much as if you took up arms physically to shoot the way you vote.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Joseph Pernault and Frank Jeffers have held office in Red Lake county ever since the county was organized and still they are not satisfied, They are both candidates for re-election. The taxpayers have paid these two over $50,000. Is it not about time to give someone else a chance?

Two-thirds of the people of Red Lake county pay three-fourths of the taxes and represented by two county commissioners. One-third of the people pay one-fourth of the taxes and are represented by three county commissioners. That is the kind of a deal the Red Lake Falls gang desires to have continued in Red Lake county. Will the people stand with them?

If "Jim" Ford is a candidate in the interest of the people of Red Lake county, why is it that his campaign expenses are being paid by the Red Lake Falls gang? It is said that Mr. Ford realized that he would be defeated and refused to go into the race unless the people of Red Lake Falls, who are interested in having him remain auditor, would pay his campaign expenses.

WE LOVE HIM FOR THE ENEMIES HE HAS MADE.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN,

Who is opposed by the Red Lake Falls gang in his candidacy for county auditor because he stands for the people of Red Lake county and not for the special interests of the gang at Red Lake Falls. A vote for John B' O'Brien is a vote for the "square deal". His election means a victory for the people. Let no one be deceived.

The Republican county central committee met at Thief River Falls yesterday. There was no invitation extended to any one living on the eleven townships to attend, nor is there a member on the committee from the newly settled part of the county but they will probably allow us to vote next November.—Sunbeam.

The reason why the settlers living on the eleven towns have no member on the Republican county committee or the Democratic county committee for that matter is that these members are selected one from each commissioner district. The eleven towns has no commissioner district, and that is the reason why they have no member of the Republican county committee. Some time ago the people of Red Lake county recognizing the injustice of having two county commissioners represent two-thirds of the people of Red Lake county and three county commissioners represent one-third of the people, and asked the county commissioners to redistrict the county.

The county commissioners started to do this and arranged for five new districts that were about equal in population. The eleven towns was made into one commissioner district. Before the matter could be put through, the county board was served with a "fake" injunction by the Red Lake Falls gang enjoining them from doing this. The matter was taken before Judge Watts by Attorney E. M. Stanton, of Thief River Falls, who had the injunction dissolved. The Red Lake Falls parties took an appeal to the supreme court, not in the hopes of winning the case but for the sole purpose of delay. The case should have been disposed of at the October term of the supreme court and the redistricting should have been done this fall. County Attorney Thomas Germo, however, who is the legal adviser of the board, stipulated with the Red Lake Falls attorneys, who are against having the county re-districted, to have the case put over to the spring term of court, and as a result nothing can now be done in the matter until next spring. Next spring there will be nothing to prevent Mr. Germo, providing of course he is again re-elected by the aid of the Sunbeam, to continue the case over to the fall term and so on for as long as he holds office. If the people of the eleven towns are willing to continue to pay taxes and be without representation, that is their business and they can vote to again elect Mr. Germo. However if they want a square deal, they will vote for E. M. Stanton for this office. The American people always believe in a fair deal and we do not believe that even those living outside of the eleven towns will again vote for anyone who believes that taxation without representation is a square deal. That is why all the Red Lake Falls gang's candidates are going to be defeated.

YOU ALL KNOW HIM.

S. T. JOHNSON,

Who Is Running for Court Commissioner on an Anti-Injunction Platform.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

The Ungrateful Railroads.

It is perhaps too late to do anything about it now, but people are just becoming aware of the manner in which the railroads of the country have hoodwinked the government in the manner of disposing of their land grants, says the Duluth Herald.

The giving of vast areas of wild lands to railroads as a bonus for developing new territory was extravagant, perhaps, but when it was done it did not seem so, and the public was glad to get the railroads by giving away land whose ultimate value was not imagined by any-body, except perhaps the railroad promoters.

But the giving of these lands was surrounded by wholesome restrictions. It was not designed that they should be held for speculative advances, but it was intended that they should go into the possession of settlers at attractive prices. The government sells its own homestead lands for $1.25 per acre, and it was stipulated in every one of the land grant contracts no railroad lands should be sold for more than twice that figure. This made the price very reasonable, and yet it gave the railroads a good return, because the lands cost them nothing.

So far as anybody has discovered the railroads never violated this contract. No railroad has sold lands from its public grants at a higher price than $2.50 per acre. But they beat the government and the people on it just the same, for there is more than one way to get around a little thing like that, and you can trust a railroad to find the way every time.

What the railroads did, in many cases, was to form outside corporations composed of their own officials, and to sell the lands to these corporations at modest figures. Some of them paid as much as $2.50 per acre, but many of them, since the buyers were also the sellers, went for merely nominal prices. The stockholders were plundered through such deals, but to the notion of many devotees of high finance, that is what stockholders were made for.

After the land grants had passed into the possession of these land companies, there was no restriction whatever upon their sale. They could be sold for $2.50 an acre, for $100 an acre, or tied up until the advance of civilization and settlement made them worth enough to make their owners willing to sell.

It has been suggested that proceedings should be instituted against such companies to restore these lands to the public domain. This might accomplish something, but most of the lands have passed into the hands of innocent purchasers, who have contributed handsome profits to the railrord land companies, and it is very doubtful if any large proportion of these lands could be restored. However, it is worth trying, at any rate, in view of the obvious fraud that was committed in thus evading the terms of the land grant contracts.

Anti-pass Complications.

The anti-pass movement has been having a tremendous sweep over the country, and the result is that in a year or two passes, particularly those of public officials, have pretty nearly passed out.

The rate regulation bill passed by congress last winter has practically eliminated the pass on interstate business, and there is no possible way under it by which public officials can legally get free transporation. The ruling of the interstate commerce commission that nothing can be accepted for transportation by the railroads except money certainly bars out the acceptance of political services for transportation, and that is what it meant when a member of the legislature accepted a pass.

But the passing of the pass will not be accomplished without some inconvenience and distress, particularly in connection with the legislatures. In Minnesota, for instance, the free distribution of passes by the railroads has tended in a measure to increase the compensation of the members. It has enabled them to make frequent trips home to attend to their private affairs, and when the pass giving is over it is pretty clear that something should be done to take its place.

A member of the legislature in Minnesota gets $5 a day during the session, and round trip mileage at 10 cents a mile. His mileage will pay his fare both ways for about three trips. After that, if he makes other trips the expense will have to come out of his pay. His living expenses, however, consume most of that, and no member who keeps up a decent front in St Paul will be able to make expense and income meet if he attends to his affairs at home with any regularity and pays his own fare.

This is not an argument for retaining the passes. They should go, and they go. Nothing can stop the adoption of an anti-pass bill applying to this state at the coming session of the legislature. But it is only fair that the state should assume the expense that has been borne in the past by the railroads. Either the pay of members of the legislature should be increased, or arrangements should be made to pay for the transportation of the members out of the state treasury.

The Republican platform adopted in New Hampshire recently contained a plank urging that the next legislature, as soon as it is organized, authorize the state treasurer to contract with the railroads for the transportation of its members from their homes to the capital and return each week on certain specified days, the cost to be paid from the state treasury as mileage of members.

The New Hampshire legislature has 414 members against Minnesota's 182, and Minnesota is better able to afford this expense than the Granite state. It certainly cannot afford to let the railroads stand it, because they expect returns for it, and they have had them. Busy business and professional men can hardly afford to attend the legislature unless they can make weekly trips home to keep in touch with their own affairs without cutting into their private incomes. Minnesota should certainly make some arrangement that will enable good men to go to the legislature without suffering financially.—Duluth Herald.

Not the man who owns the largest number of acres, and who thereby keeps the largest number of his fellow beings from owning any land at all, but the man who puts whatever land he holds to the best possible use, is worthy of the homage of his fellows. The farmer who by the use of intensive cultivation, drainage and "brains" draws an income of $5,000 a year from ten acres of ground—and there are such farmers—is worth twenty times as much to the community as he who gets a bare living off one hundred and sixty acres. The country will by and by, it is hoped abandon the false standard which makes the mere possession of many acres a token of superiority, and award the man who gets the most out of an acre.—Maxwells Talisman.

The Red Lake Falls "gang" candidates are flooding the county with money, but they will not get the votes. You can't fool the people or buy them.

What did Jeffers say? He talks about as much as anyone we know of.

Vote for candidates that stand for a "square deal."

Vote for Lewis A. Nelson for Sheriff.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor.

Vote for E. M. Stanton for county attorney.

Vote for S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

J. BORRY
PHOTOGRAPHER
EVERY PHOTOGRAPH GUARANTEED TO BE PERFECT

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

O. E. Bush was down from Rollis last week.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis last week.

Sam Torgerson returned last week from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

James Meehan was up from St. Paul last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Peter Noysen came up from Crookston last week to visit her daughter Mrs. Will Mullery.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit.—Henry Gorkey.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself."—Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

John Ristau was in from Germantown last Saturday.

Dr. Dunlap, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday.

Leonard Peterson and family were down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Rooms for Rent—Four single rooms to rent. Call at Mrs. John Erickson's, west of Tanum's laundry.

Editor Creglow, of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, was in the city last week sizing up a real live town.

Lost—A seven months old water spanial, white between front legs. Liberal reward. Mrs. G. Torgerson.

—For Rent—Seven room house on the East Side formerly owned by W. S. Day. Inquire of T. J. Carr at Hotel Ogahmah.

Ed Wilcox returned last week from a trip through North and South Dakota examining land for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Frank Zavoral was in the city from Erie last week.

S. A. Swanson was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Walter Robbecke left last Saturday for Grand Forks.

Max Koenig and wife went up to their claim Sunday.

—Andrew Stenseth was down to Crookston on business last week.

Phil Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls last Friday attending to business matters.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

Nick Werstlein left last Saturday for Grand Forks and will work for his uncle over there in future.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

C. W. Nelson, of Kratka, was in the city last Saturday. Mr. Nelson reports that he has his ferry across the Red Lake river in running order again.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

The eight year old son of Peter Engelstad, of Rocksbury, was operated upon at the hospital last Saturday afternoon for appendicites. The operation was a success and the boy is now getting along nicely.

Herbert Fuller returned last Saturday morning from Chicago, where he had been attending the railway mail clerks convention. He reports that the meeting was one full of interest to the mail clerks.

Ed. Porter, an old time resident of Thief River Falls, passed through the city last Friday enroute from Warroad to St. Paul. Ed. is still in the employ of the Great Northern, working with the surveying crew.

—The young people of Northern Minnesota have found that the Queen City Business College of Crookston, Minn. is a leading school and are entering in great numbers. Never before has any new school had such liberal patronage.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

S. W. Bagley was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Morgan Vaughan was in from Germantown over Sunday.

The first killing frost this year was on Tuesday morning.

Joe Ryson has returned from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Ed Hilson returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to North Dakota.

Martin Bjorke was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday visiting with friends here.

Storm windows and storm doors made to order at the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory.

E. M. Stanton was down to Plummer on Monday attending to business matters.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Fred Richards, candidate for superintendent of schools, was in the city Tuesday.

Order your storm windows and doors now at the Pioneer Sash and Door company's factory.

Harry Roberts, of the Finch-Smith company, was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Carl Peterson left Monday evening for Minneapolis and expects to be absent for about two weeks.

For Rent—A six room house near the Thief River bridge. Inquire at Andrew Morin's dray line office.

Prepare for cold weather. Buy your storm windows and doors at the factory. Pioneer Sash and Door company.

Stafford Curran, who had been working on his uncle's farm down in Big Stone county during the fall, returned to this city Tuesday.

House and two lots for sale or rent. Good seven room residence cheap if taken soon. In good location. Inquire at the First National Bank.

Miss Clara Baldwin of the state library commission, arrived in the city yesterday and will remain for a few days assisting in making a catalogue for the local libary board.

Among those who were up from St. Hilaire to attend the Nelson meeting were: O. F. Post, J. B. O'Brien, Daniel Patterson, C. H. Martz, C. L. Hansen, Dr. Nelson, K. O. Gigstad, A. M. Edstrom, H. E. Ives, Jens Nelson and A. S. Wilson.

Thief River Falls' "Kid" band made its first public appearance last Thursday night, the occasion of Senator Nelson's visit here. The boys—sixteen strong—furnished excellent music. They promise to make an appearance upon the street again at an early date.

Arnold Bjerkhoel, our new druggist is receiving large shipments of new up to date drugs etc, and is busy putting the old Kennedy Drug Store, (now Bjerkhoels drug store,) into the most perfectly equipped condition of any drug store in these three counties. And Mr. Bjerkhoel, who is an expert in his profession, knows how to do it.—Kennedy Star.

County Auditor James E. Ford was up from Red Lake Falls last Thursday soliciting votes in his candidacy for re-election as county auditor. For Mr. Ford to come to Thief River Falls and solicit support is certainly displaying considerable nerve. As auditor of the county he has gone out of his way to injure Thief River Falls in the county seat fight and instead of doing his duty as an official of Red Lake county he has acted as a partisan in the matter. He is not entitled to one vote in Thief River Falls and the people throughout the county who believe in the square deal will also be against him.

Cleaning the Cow.

To clean the cow carefully is as good for her general physical well being as for the protection and purity of the milk. The card or the currycomb thoroughly but gently applied will remove all coarse dirt, straw or other matter clinging to the animal that would eventually find its way into the pail. Aside from carefully cleaning the cow with the card or currycomb, the parts immediately surrounding the udder and the udder itself should be wiped with a damp cloth. This had best be done just before the milking begins, as it will remove most of the dust which may still remain after cabling and dampen that which is not removed so that it will not fall into the milk pail.

Get Out the Tally Sheets.

It behooves the man who sets out to buy well bred stock to get behind the statement of the owner and see what the record is. No record, no sale. It is not enough for a man to tell us that this cow or that bull is from registered stock. We must insist that he get out the tally sheets and figure up the actual doings of the father and mother of the animal we propose to buy. That is what counts, and there is not much else that does count, so far as the dairyman is concerned.—Ohio Farmer.

Any Old Thing Won't Do.

There are three things which the winning dairyman must be: progressive, purposeful and persistent. The man who starts out with antiquated methods, any old stock and a haphazard way of doing things, has just about as good a chance of winning in the race as a draft horse has competing with a pacer, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Up to date methods, carefully bred stock and systematic handling are essentials to dairy profits.

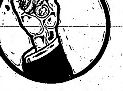

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Fosston Hotel Keepers Fight.

A free for all fight took place at Fosston Monday between two local hotel keepers by the names of Brabender and Lidenberg, in which knives and bricks took a prominent part, resulting in Mr. Lidenberg being cut in several places about the head and neck which will mark him for life. It appears that the Picket Show Company was billed to play at Fosston Monday night and their advance agent had made arrangements for them to stop at a certain hotel. When the company arrived at Fosston there were two hotel keepers at the train to meet them and both claimed that they had contracts for their keeping. Hot words were exchanged between the individuals in question, after which knives and brickbats commenced action with results. Arrests followed and a hearing held Tuesday, the Pickets being held as witnesses. Brabender got a fine of $100.00 and costs. The people of Fosston are very indignant over the matter and think that Brabender should have gotten a jail sentence along with a fine.

Court Term Dates Changed.

Warren Minn., Oct 5.—Judge Grindeland of Warren has issued an order changing the time for holding terms of district court as follows: Marshall county, fourth Monday in November and the fourth Monday in June; Norman county, second Monday in November and third Monday in May; Roseau county, second Monday in January and second Monday in July; Kittson county, second Monday in December and second Monday in June.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—Buttons Business College will open at Thief River Falls Sept. 15, 1906. No matter when you can, start enroll now and get three months free tuition. Send in your name today to J. A. Button, Princ., Thief River Falls, Minn.

MEET HERE THIS EVENING

Large Number of Members of the Eastern Star Order.

To Hold a Special School of Instruction at the Masonic Hall.

The six chapters comprising the Fourth District of the Order of Eastern Stars of Minnesota, viz: Crookston, Warren, Argyle, Hallock and Ada will meet in a school of instruction at the Masonic Temple of this city Oct. 11. The school will be in charge of Mrs. Bailey, of Crookston, Grand Conductress.

The work will be exemplified by Crookston and Warren chapters. The former doing the initiation work and balloting and the latter the opening and closing. Each of these chapters will send about twenty delegates. Wednesday evening is the regular meeting of the local chapter to which the delegation from Warren will be present, as they arrive that evening. Thursday at 11:30 the rest of the delegates are expected to arrive and dinner will be served immediately in the chapter rooms and work begun promptly at 1 p. m. The address of welcome will be given by Mrs. D. J. McNiven and responded to by Mrs. Farrel of Warren. An excellent program of musical and literary numbers in which the visitors will participate has been arranged for Thursday evening, after which, refreshments will be served.

Those who intend to put in a supply of short mill wood will do well to put it in now.

Wood will advance to $2.00 a load as soon as the mill shuts down.

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CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.00.

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210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—I notice that State Auditor Iverson has made the announcement that the state tax is reduced from 3.03 mills to 2.78 mills. Notwithstanding the fact that $42,500 for roads and bridges has been added to the regular taxes it has been possible to make this reduction and I understand Mr. Iverson expects to make it still lower next year. In time it will, no doubt, be possible to abolish state taxes altogether, the revenue derived from taxes on the gross earnings and franchises taking its place. I wonder if the people understand how all this came about. It is due in large measure to the gross earnings tax on railroads and other corporations, which was a distinctly Republican measure, pushed through the Republican legislature by Republicans. To this might be added the wise management of the men in charge of the executive departments, whom Governor Johnson in his keynote speech and, I understand, in other speeches when Republicans predominate, characterizes as the "most efficient in the history of the state."

• • •

Governor Johnson made a boast in accepting the renomination at the convention, that he had appointed a board of equalization that would equalize taxes. That board has had an inning and the governor's appointees are in full swing. The real estate assessments have been reviewed and in more than half of the counties there have been increases of from five to fifty per cent. The town of Brooten gets a 100 per cent raise, while Minneapolis, with its growth and development and the large increase in commercial enterprises, gets a reduction of five per cent. In the last year, it is safe to predict, that real estate values in the Twin Cities have increased from fifteen to twenty-five per cent.

• • •

I have been amused, as every one must have been who has had a chance to scan the country press, at the reception it has given Governor Johnson's speech. It is the same speech he delivers everywhere he goes except that sometimes he transposes the ends and mixes up the middle a little. But it is essentially the same speech. Most of the papers have failed to treat it seriously. It has seemed to them like a huge joke. The Northfield News perhaps approaches as near as any of them to a serious aspect and it is not without its vein of humor at the governor's pretensions. The News is the foremost champion of railroad reform of any paper in the state and it refuses to be comforted at the attitude of Mr. Johnson as to railroad legislation. The fact that a paper which has given the matter so much consideration and which is so decided upon the question of the necessity for further railroad legislation, should be a reason why the voter should consider the subject carefully before committing himself to the support of a man who takes the same ground as the railroad attorney does that the laws are now "efficient and sufficient." The governor's attitude is being criticized as inconsistent with his party platforms.

• • •

That brings to mind the fact that Mr. John Lind, once an accidental governor of the state by a mistake of the Republican party, has come to the rescue of the governor in his attitude on railroad legislation. The only two men in recent years whom that party has been able to elect to any state office are each arrayed on the side of the railroads and both take the same view which the railroad attorneys take, that the laws are good enough. Governor Lind was in office two years immediately preceding Van Sant's administration. What did he do to remedy the rate evil? All these inequalities and discriminations in rates existed when he was governor, but he did nothing. His attitude now in coming to the rescue of the railroads explains his attitude when he was governor and had it in his power to come to the relief of the people.

• • •

I notice that the Star-News, published at Elk River, makes the suggestion that it would be the proper thing for the Democratic candidate for secretary of state to resign his position with the state normal school at St. Cloud if he wants to devote his time to politics. It certainly would be the decent thing to do. When Judge Collins wanted to run for governor he resigned from the bench, and when James Martin wanted to conduct the Collins campaign for his friend he resigned his position on the board of control. I note that a Democrat who is running for the little position of clerk of the district court of Ramsey county has resigned his position as assistant city attorney because he did not think he ought to be in the employ of the city when making his campaign. There are precedents in plenty for Mr. Magnusson to get out of the normal school altogether if he wants to be a candidate for office and the normal schools ought not to be dragged into politics. However, it seems to be the desire of Mr. Johnson's political friends to hold on to the jobs as a sort of side line while they attend to politics as their principal occupation. Look at Rosing, right bower of Frank Day, while a member of a board made non partisan by a Republican legislature, hanging on like a sick kitten to a hot brick. No one who ever held the office before has ever prostituted it to politics. Mr. Magnusson probably does not think there is much hope of beating Julius Schmahl anyhow, and that when the campaign is over it might be all right to fall back on the normal school to make a living.

ECHOES OF CAMPAIGN

Cole's Campaign Clean.

Winnebago City Enterprise: Cole is making a clean campaign and is gaining votes every day. Cole is a good campaigner. He makes friends easily and impresses one as being a man of sound business judgment. While not an orator, he makes a good speech, teeming with common sense. Mr. Cole will make the state a splendid governor.

The Sinews of War.

Swift County Review: The Democratic campaign committee has thus far not issued an appeal for funds to the rank and file. That indicates that the railroads are perfectly satisfied with that part of the governor's speech which says the railroad laws are "efficient and sufficient." No dearth of campaign funds in the Democratic committee. They have funds even to buy up newspapers.

Only Crocodile Tears.

Franklyn Tribune: When one reads the expressions of regret over the defeat of Jacobson for the nomination for governor by our friends, the Democrats, and listens to the fulsome praises of the Madison man he starts wondering hard why Governor Johnson did not retain Jake on the board of control. Jake was chairman of the board and proved a splendid member, but was removed for partisan motives.

Too Egotistical.

Wabasha Standard: The Preston Republican has come to the conclusion that Governor Johnson is too egotistical as the great "It" in Minnesota politics. It says: "Governor Johnson, in his Red Wing speech, used the personal pronoun 'I' 109 times; 'my' 43 times, and 'me' and 'myself' 25 times. And every time that he used it was a brag that he should have credit for something somebody else did.

That Tired Feeling.

Wabasha Standard: The St. Cloud Journal Press, whose editor is a Johnson officeholder and a Republican at the same time, says that he hopes Magnusson, the Democratic candidate for secretary of state, will be defeated by so overwhelming a majority that he never will get into politics again. Don't worry, Brother Eastman. When the learned dominie reads the election returns it will take something more than a dose of sarsaparilla to overcome that tired feeling.

Rosing Plays Politics.

Stewartville Times: Evidently Mr. Rosing of the board of control wants to play politics some more. He got a resolution sidetracked the other day which provided that no member of the board of control or any person under its control should, while working for the state at the state's expense, devote time so paid for by the state to political matters. Apparently, in his opinion, the first duty of a Democratic official is to electioneer for Democratic candidates. The state's business can wait.

Cole Rings Clear and True.

Red Wing Republican: There is not a single question before the people on which Mr. Cole does not ring clear and true. If Mr. Johnson is elected he stands utterly alone, the single Democratic official elected in the state. On the contrary if Mr. Cole becomes governor he will have a Republican legislature in full sympathy with his ideas and this will enable him to make them effective. As a business proposition Mr. Johnson should not be elected, as he is not in a position to accomplish much.

Socking It to the Farmers.

St. James Plaindealer: Hennepin county gave Governor Johnson the substantial majority of 8,272 in 1904 and virtually elected him. That county is now receiving its reward. The governor's board of equalization has reduced the assessment upon Minneapolis real estate by nearly six million (6,000,000) dollars. The same board has increased the assessed valuation of farm property in various sections of the state from five to fifty per cent. It has also increased the valuation of lots in small towns from thirty to fifty per cent. Verily, vote for Johnson and ye shall have your reward.

Alvah Eastman Endorses Cole.

St. Cloud Journal Press: The St. Paul Dispatch for once tells the truth, when it says that the corporations and lumber interests, after nominating Cole in order to defeat Jacobson, have no use for the former. The aim of the corporations was to defeat Jacobson and the only way to do it was to nominate Cole. They tried to nominate most of the other candidates and only took Cole as a last resort, as was plainly stated by the Journal Press a day or two following the convention. Mr. Cole did good work in the legislature in protecting the interests of the people against the lumber thieves. Cole has made good on the railroad rate issue. The legislature will be Republican and a Republican governor who is right and fearless will have more influence with the legislature than will a Democratic governor. The surest way for the people of Minnesota to get some better legislation on these important matters is to elect Mr. Cole governor. The election of a Democratic governor and a Republican legislature would please the corporations, as there would be divided responsibility. Vote for Cole and demand results.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:56 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:13 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Lars Matson, H. E. 34; Red Lake Series, for the N. E. ¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 154 N. R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John E. Solmonson, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Charles F. Peterson, " " " " "
John Bauer, " " " " "
George M. Gunderson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 27 nov 1

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Christen A. Loken. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christen A. Loken, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Anders H. Loken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, Marit A. Loken, Anne A. Loken and Gurie A. Loken, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Halvor A. Loken having been filed in this court, representing that Christen A. Loken, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 14th day of September, 1906; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Halvor A. Loken; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of October, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 20th day of September, 1906.

COURT SEAL. N. W. TARRANT, Probate Judge.

sept 27 oct 11.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff, vs. Frank N. Evans, Betsy J. Evans, John M. Walker, Lottie Walker, and O. H. Alderman, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 31st day of August, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1906, at One o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter of Section six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-Two (152), Range Forty-Five (45), containing 160 acres of land.

Dated September 3rd, 1906.

D. Linnehan,
Sheriff of Red Lake County

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

sept 6 to oct 11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office Crookston, Minnesota, October 29th, 1906, viz: Anton Kozojed H. E. No. 965, Red Lake Lands, Act Feb. 20, 1901, for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 21 Tp. 154 N. Rg. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Staska, " " " " "
Andrew Brezena, " " " " "
Frank Cerenocheck, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18 pd

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissoner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Thom Bednarchik H. E. 845, Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 9, Twp 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn
Andrew Rickson, " " "
John Ristau, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Ole J. Lund, H. E. 6139, Chippewa Series for the N. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec. 32, Twp. 155, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lewis Hamre, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Johnson, " " "
Amund Johnson, " " "
Hartvig Lund, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: Thomas K. Gilfoy H. E. 433, Chippewa Series, for the S. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec 22, N. ½ N. W. ¼ Sec 27, Tp. 155, N. R 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " " "
Tollef C. Hovelson, " " "
Emil Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov 1906, viz: Charley H Omlid, H. E. 72, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ Sec 14, Tp. 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Knute Lovland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Tolef O. Lovland, " " "
Ingebret Nelson, " " "
[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov 1906, viz: John Sorby H. E. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 11, Tp. [illegible] N. R. [illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

[illegible] of Krska, Minn.
[illegible]
[illegible] of Dorothy, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

MACON'S MODEL ROAD

CONSTRUCTION OF FIVE MILE HIGHWAY IN A MISSOURI TOWN.

The Roadbed Is Nearly as Hard as Solid Stone and Will Stand Years of Heavy Wear—The Cost Nearly $5,000 a Mile.

The model road building at Macon, Mo., by government engineers promises to revolutionize country highway building in this part of the state, says a Macon correspondent of the Kansas City Star. Steps have already been taken to add several miles to the road. By the middle of next summer the town will have a five mile stretch of continuous roadway from north to south. The point selected for the model road is just south of the paved boulevard which extends nearly down to Blee's Military academy. The government work begins there and passes directly in front of the academy and along a stretch of country nearly as smooth as the top of a billiard table.

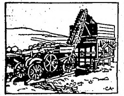

A ROCK CRUSHER.

The rock crusher, which is the important machine of the outfit, is located midway of the work. At the time the construction began a great hill of hard limestone was deposited near the crusher. From the crusher the rock is carried to a revolving screen, which separates it into the three classes used. The power is supplied by an ordinary traction engine. A 20,000 pound steam roller passes over the road constantly, smoothing down the surface until it is nearly as hard as solid rock. The pressure is equivalent to about 425 pounds to the square inch.

D. G. Haire, the expert in charge of the construction, says that any county whose land is worth from $30 to $40 an acre can afford good rock roads.

"The permanent road is the cheapest road," said Mr. Haire. "At the outset it looks like a tremendous expense when compared with country methods of building highways, but in the long run the rock road will pay for itself over and over again. In some sections where we have built such roads the advanced price of land has nearly paid the expense in one year. A farming community to be prosperous must be able to reach the market in bad weather as well as good. The well constructed highways make it a matter of indifference whether it rains or not. Another thing, and it is an important one, investors from the east will hardly look at a country where the highways are full of mudholes. They have been used to good rock roads and would not feel at home without them."

The first mile of a country highway constructed according to government plans may cost anywhere from $4,000 to $7,000. The expense is governed by the distance of the quarry from the road, the price of labor, etc. The second mile, however, can be built cheaper, because by that time the men and teams are more familiar with the work and can accomplish a greater amount in less time. The method employed by the government in its object lesson roads is as follows:

In the first place, a smooth, hard subgrade is prepared, with solid shoulders at the side to hold the grading material firmly in place. The subgrade is of the same contour that the completed road will be. The rock is crushed and screened in three different sizes, the largest from two to two and a half inches in diameter, the next about an inch or an inch and a quarter, the third fine pieces, known as "screen dust." This latter is used for filling and binding the surface. The largest rock is laid on the bottom, the intermediate comes next and the dust goes on top. It is hammered into all the spaces between the larger rock. Each course is rolled several times by the large steam roller. Water is used freely when applying the fine stone. A sprinkling cart precedes the roller, which follows along, creating a wave of cement. The finished road is nearly as smooth and hard as solid stone and as the subgrade is impervious to water it is practically indestructible. Twelve feet is the average width of a government road.

Good Roads and Wide Tires.

There is a growing sentiment in Pennsylvania, which gains strength with the building of every mile of improved highway, to protect the permanence of the good work that is being accomplished by means of a wide tire law. Such a measure should be enacted by the next legislature, says the Good Roads Magazine. The statement that the farmers object on the score of expense or on other pleas draws a picture of a class of farmers which is emphatically not the "backbone of the nation," as our early orators used to designate the tillers of the soil, for the intelligent, wide awake, clear headed man, whose judgment is sound, whose vote is invariably in the line of progress and whose opinions are respected by his neighbors and whose barns are painted, stock well fed and balance at the end of the year on the right side, has in most instances already adopted wide tires as a matter of economy. For any legislator to oppose such a regulation on behalf of his constituents is an added argument for compulsory education.

Dairy and Creamery

There is a kind of stall known as the model stall. Some people call it Hoard's model stall, as Governor Hoard, through Hoard's Dairyman, has advocated this stall long and persistently. Below is given a cut of this stall, redrawn from King's Physics of Agriculture, with slight modifications. The manger in which the cow is fed ensilage and grain is on a level with the platform the cow stands upon. The feeding alley is in front, and the cow is fed her grain through the opening from the feeding alley. To prevent cows reaching through this opening into the feeding alley a door hung upon hinges is used to close the opening. This is swung up against the hay manger when the ensilage and grain are being fed. Two feet above this manger is the bottom of the hay manger. This bottom is made out of eight inch or ten inch plank and is boarded up on the alley side. The front part of the hay manger, or that part toward the cow, is made of slats, the top of which projects toward the cow at an angle of about forty-five degrees. She eats the hay through these slats.

It will be noticed that when the cow is eating the grain or ensilage out of the lower manger she is just as far ahead as she can possibly get. When she raises her head to eat hay the hay manger forces her back a step. Now, the philosophy of the stall is this: When she is eating grain or ensilage out of the lower manger the attendant notices where she stands with her hind feet, and he places a 2 by 4 edgewise across the stall just in front of her hind feet. It must be understood that the ensilage and grain manger is only four to six inches high on the side toward the cow. Now, the space between this manger and this 2 by 4 in front of the cow's hind feet is filled with straw for bedding. It gradually becomes packed in there so that the cow has a mattress of straw four inches deep to lie upon. This is her bed. When she stands up she cannot get into it with her hind feet to soil it. The manger prevents her from getting ahead, so that the droppings will not at any time fall in this bed; consequently it is always clean.

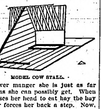

MODEL COW STALL.

When the cow lies down she must lie upon this bed or else lie right over the edge of the 2 by 4, which is so uncomfortable that she soon learns to lie far enough forward to lie comfortably on the bed. The construction of the bed, then, compels the cow to keep herself clean. I have put into my barn fifty-two of these stalls. They are giving entire satisfaction. The cows can be tied with a halter to the plank which forms the bottom of the hay manger or with a rope around the neck or with a cow chain.—Michigan Farmer.

Keeping the Cow's Tail Still.

One of the most unpleasant features of milking is the switching of the cow's tail. With many cows this is a trouble both winter and summer. A single circle of heavy rope laid over the rump helps somewhat, but a persistent cow will soon free her tail. A double rope, kept apart by a bit of a stick on either side, as shown in the cut, will securely hold the tail, according to Farm Journal. The two ropes should be tied together where they pass over the back.

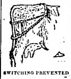

SWITCHING PREVENTED.

How the Cow Came Home.

"For the information of those who are in the habit of sending a dog for their cows I wish to report a little experience which I have had along this line. I tested the milk from a cow after she was brought to the stable by a dog, the dog in turn being in charge of a small boy. She was considerably excited and quite warm. Her milk tested 2.3. The next morning it was 4.1, and a week later, when she was brought in by a man and perfectly cool, her milk tested 6.2. Now, you can figure out whether or not it pays to use a dog around a dairy herd. I should state that the pasture and feed were exactly the same in each instance," says an Iowa man.

Best Time to Make Cheese.

The best time to make dairy cheese is immediately after milking, says Professor A. L. Haecker. The various changes that take place in milk nearly all develop in the milk drawn in the evening and kept over until the following morning. So if milk is made into cheese immediately after it is drawn no difficulty will be experienced.

Separator For Small Dairy.

If you have as many as five cows it will pay you to own a separator. If you expect at any time to milk as many as ten cows you ought to buy about a No. 2, which will cost $125, but if you do not expect to keep more than five cows a smaller size will answer, which will range in cost from $50 to $75.—Southern Cultivator.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Mrs. Thomas Reynolds, twenty-four years old, ended her life with a revolver at St. Paul while suffering from melancholia.

In round numbers Hennepin county has on record over 5,000 divorce decrees which have been granted within the past twenty years.

The receipts at the St. Paul postoffice for September were $80,210.20, as against $69,598.54 for September, 1906, a gain of $10,620.66.

An increase of $26,610,792 over the returns of the county boards has been made by the state board of equalization on the real estate of the state.

The Minnesota university football team will meet its first opponent of the year Oct. 27, when the heavy Ames (Ia.) team will play at Minneapolis.

Ninety-eight persons lost their lives in Minnesota's iron mines during the year ending June 30, 1906, according to the first annual report of Mine Inspector W. H. Harvey.

The state board of equalization wound up its 1906 session by adding $2,477,154 to the assessments of five public service corporations of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth.

The "lid" is on at Owatonna with a vengeance. It not only affects saloons and other places of business, but youths under eighteen are warned that cigarette smoking will result in their prosecution.

John Mingo, a blacksmith, was found dead in the barber shop of H C. Dege, St. Paul. He had adjusted a cord to the top of a door, made a loop at the other end of the string and strangled himself.

Colonel Roscoe F. Hersey, for nearly forty years a resident of Minnesota died suddenly in Bangor, Me. Colonel Hersey left St. Paul in July for Bangor on a business trip and his return was looked for at any time.

Hearing his dog making a big noise in the brush the other evening Ole Omlid, living near Erie, went out and fired a couple of shots in the direction from his Winchester. Next morning he found that he had killed a 300 pound black bear.

At present there are in the Hennepin county jail nine homicide cases all of which are to be tried in this term of court. This is a record which has never before been equaled in the criminal calendar of any court in this part of the country.

Charles Baum of West Duluth twelve years of age, was run over by a street car and killed. He was riding with another boy on a delivery wagon when the car and wagon came into collision and Baum was thrown out and fell under the wheels of the car.

Minnesota taxpayers are to be let off easy during 1907, as they will be required to raise only $2,247,500 to keep the ship of state in deep water which is almost $250,000 less than the revenue tax of last year. The levy will be 2.78 mills, as against 3.03 mills last year.

The last thing the state board of equalization did before adjournment was to place an additional assessment of $50,000 each on the Associated Press franchises owned by the Minneapolis Tribune, the Minneapolis Journal, the St. Paul Pioneer Press and the St. Paul Dispatch.

The St. Paul school board has amended the rules so as to give the principal of each school permission to inflict corporal punishment when other means fail, provided the principal has the written permission of the parent or guardian, and also with the provision that each case shall be reported to the superintendent.

Henry Sussman, accused of the killing of his wife at the Glenwood hotel in Minneapolis, has been indicted by the Hennepin county grand jury on a charge of murder in the first degree. He was taken before Judge Holt in the criminal branch of the district court and entered a plea of not guilty. His case was set for Oct. 17.

An increase of 3,080 in the number of pupils entitled to apportionment is noted in the summary of the returns by the county superintendents to the state superintendent. For the school year closing July 31, 1906, there were in this state 378,246 children attending school at least forty days and the previous year there were 375,166.

The biennial report of Warden Wolfer of the Minnesota state prison just issued, shows that the net profit of the prison twine plant for two years was $409,452.57. The state manufactured nearly 25,000,000 pounds of twine in two years. Warden Wolfer says the profits of the prison for two years exceeded actual expenses in the sum of $371,680.

Patrick White, seventy-five years of age, is dead at Mankato of injuries sustained at the home of P. W. Smith four miles northeast of Madison Lake. A sixteen-year-old boy named Albert Turner was cleaning a shotgun, which was supposed not to be loaded, when it was discharged, the charge passing through the calf of one of White's legs and entering and breaking the bone of the other leg.

During the last few weeks freight cars have been opened in Red Wing and quantities of furs, dry goods and shoes carried away. The railroad detectives and the local authorities finally succeeded in capturing three alleged thieves, who gave their names as Ed Lane, Frank Rush and Frank Kelly. Frank Rush made a break for liberty when arrested and Detective Dougherty shot at him. The bullet only pierced Rush's hat, but he fell and was captured.

HILL'S BITTER CRITICISM.

Says Political Grafter Is Hurting Minnesota.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Congratulated on all sides on closing the most stupendous deal since the organization of the United States Steel corporation, James J. Hill still carries bitterness in his heart.

Asked what would be the effect of his lease of Minnesota ore lands to the steel corporation, with reference to the development of the state, he said:

"Not what it might have been. Minnesota might, under certain conditions, have been the home of the huge steel works that now stand ready for operation at Gary. Most Minnesota people believe they have not the fuel handy, but they have. There are huge beds of peat on the range close to the iron deposits. It is a class of fuel admirably adapted to the use of iron manufacture.

"Lack of fuel is not the difficulty with Minnesota. The state is overrun with a peculiarly vicious type of political grafter whose influence for evil is so tremendous that no sane man entrusted with the investment of great capital would dare to locate works there."

THIS LID FITS TIGHT.

Owatonna (Minn.) Officials Will Enforce All Laws.

Owatonna, Minn., Oct. 6.—The "lid" is on in Owatonna and the people are sitting up and rubbing their eyes.

A notice has been sent out to all tobacco dealers that hereafter they shall not sell to any pupil of any school in this city, nor to any other person under the aged of eighteen years, any tobacco nor give to them any cigarette papers.

All children under sixteen must be off the streets and in their respective homes when the curfew tolls.

The final blow to the "wide open" merchants came in the arrest of half a dozen saloonkeepers for failure to keep their curtains drawn on Sunday and after 11 o'clock so that passersby might have a clear view of the interior of their places of business.

The administration evidently means business and the police officers have instructions to enforce the edict to the letter.

FIVE PERSONS INJURED.

Fire Destroys Laundry Building at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 6.—Five men were hurt, none seriously, and six horses burned to death in a fire in the Hennepin laundry block. Three of the injured men are firemen. The monetary loss is $30,000, generally insured.

Fire from an unknown cause was discovered at midnight by Julius Johnson and Jens Kreg, employes, who were in the building at the time. Johnson was burned about the hands and body. Kreg's arms and hands were burned. The firemen hurt were Edward Benjamin and George Smith, who were on the roof of the building when heat drove them toward an alleyway. They fell to the alley, sustaining painful injuries. Lieutenant Charles Craigie jumped into a blanket and was hurt by the blanket sagging to the pavement.

MINNESOTA YOUTH KILLED.

Puts Gun Down While Talking and Charge Is Exploded.

Winona, Minn., Oct. 2.—Charles Schnipp, the eighteen-year-old son of Michael Schnipp of Bluff Siding, shot himself accidentally and died instantly. Young Schnipp was at the home of Robert Staup, where he had been employed, and in company with a number of others, was going out hunting. He had a gun in his hands and stopped in the yard to talk. He intended to drop the stock of the gun on the wagon tongue, but missed it and the trigger struck the tongue. The charge exploded and took effect in the boy's neck and head, causing instant death.

ACCIDENT CAUSES TWO DEATHS.

Youth Killed by Train and Aged Relative Dies on Hearing News.

Mankato, Minn., Oct. 4.—Arthur Harrein, the nineteen-year-old son of Charles Harrein of Eagle Lake, was instantly killed while attempting to jump across the Chicago and Northwestern railway tracks ahead of an approaching freight train. Mrs. Lucinda J. Reeder, eighty years old, a relative by marriage of Harrein's family, broke down when informed of the accident and died before a physician could reach her. The aged woman had been in excellent health and her death is ascribed to heart failure resulting from the shock of the news.

Troops Start for Cuba.

St. Paul, Oct. 3.—The First and Second battalions of the Twenty-eighth infantry at Fort Snelling, accompanied by headquarters, staff, band and a detachment from the hospital corps, under command of Colonel Owen J. Sweet, left shortly after 6 o'clock p. m. for Newport News, where they will embark on transports as part of the invading force in Cuba.

NO CHANGE WILL BE MADE.

Sir Robert Hart's Status in China to Remain Unaltered.

Shanghai, Oct. 8.—Sir Robert Hart, director general of Chinese imperial customs, has issued a circular to the foreign colony here saying that he has received assurances that his status with regard to Chinese customs will not be changed and that he is satisfied there will be no undue interference with foreign control of the customs.

IN THE DAIRY

Remember, everybody interested, that milk is not of low quality simply because it averages only a medium butter fat content or of high quality simply because it averages high in butter fat content. Milk of the high fat stripe is not high quality milk in the way of food for either man or animals. A cow in advanced tuberculosis may give milk that tests 8 to 12 per cent butter fat, but even a maniac would hesitate to call such milk high quality milk. The fattest milk is always of the coarsest quality, and it sickens calves and children alike. Milk of the medium or even of the lowest butter fat content is generally milk of high quality, because it is a balanced ration for calves and infants and for all other consumers. In milk of medium butter fat content the fat is generally proportioned to and distributed among the other solids in such a way as to make it an ideal food. Such milk is of high quality in every sense of the word. The Holstein-Friesian milk is an example of what is properly called high quality milk, although it averages only medium in fat content.—Holstein-Friesian Register.

Notable Young Holstein Cow.

She has an A. R. O. record of 21 pounds 13 ounces butter, 390 pounds milk in seven days, average fat 4.44 per cent, at three years fifteen days old.

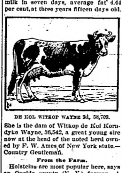

DE KOL WITKOP WAYNE 2d, 58,709.

She is the dam of Witkop de Kol Korndyke Wayne, 36,542, a great young sire now at the head of the noted herd owned by F. W. Ames of New York state.—Country Gentleman.

From the Farm.

Holsteins are most popular here, says an Oneida county (N. Y.) farmer. A full blooded registered bull heads the herd, which is tested occasionally. Record for 1905 was 4 per cent butter fat. The dam of my bull gave 51 pounds daily and made 18 pounds 2 ounces in seven days. Milk goes to creamery which takes about one ton daily. Skim milk is returned free—about 80 pounds for each 100 whole milk. Many farmers use separators at home and carry only cream to factory. My daily feed is 80 pounds corn silage, 7 mixed grains, 20 clover hay. I feed about 1½ pounds mixed feed a day for each ten pounds milk a cow is capable of giving. I buy all feeds in June while prices are low. Fresh cows cost $40 to $60.

Expensive Economy.

The question as to the best amount of grain to feed a cow has been in review at the Vermont experiment station for four years, and the conclusion reached, broadly stated, is the more grain the more milk, total solids and fat. The gains averaged 10 per cent when the four pound ration replaced the two pound feed and about 18 per cent when the eight pound was used in lieu of the two pound ration. It also appeared that a slight lowering of the quality of the milk if not caused by at least accompanied the use of a very low grain ration.

It seems fair to conclude that in these trials the restriction of the grain ration to two pounds was made at the expense of the animals' well being and of the owner's pocketbook.

The Ever Ready Food.

We value the silo as a source of an abundant supply of cheap, succulent food for the winter months or seasons of drought. Silage, if properly put up, will keep for an indefinite time. We have fed it four years old as "good as new," remarks a correspondent in an exchange. It is worth while to have it on hand ready to supply the need at any time.

A Good Ration.

A good ration for a dairy cow of 800 pounds should be found in forty pounds of corn silage, ten pounds of mixed hay, three pounds of wheat bran, two pounds of cornmeal and two pounds of linseed meal, according to McSparran.

When the Cow Looks Over the Fence.

Nearly every dairyman has experienced the shrinkage that comes in midsummer when the pastures dry up and grass is scarce. It is at this time that soiling will pay, and pay liberally. In what better way can a person realize from $25 to $35 per acre for his green corn or green alfalfa? When the cows look over the fence with longing eyes at the corn the efforts usually spent keeping the cows out of the corn had better be spent in throwing the corn over to the cows. The green corn, alfalfa or cane growing alongside the pasture will pay greater profits if marketed to cows in need of extra feed than if held and sold to the local grain dealer, and not only that, but it will keep up the flow of milk and will increase the profits derived from dairying on dry feed next fall and winter.

Entitled to Liberality.

Cows giving forty pounds of 5 per cent milk are entitled to very liberal feeding and ought not to be expected to eat much corn stover or to fill up on silage, says a dairy expert.

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many causes of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:56 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:13 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate and a Candidate for Re-election.

THE WRONG WAS RIGHT

Sheriff Forsberg, of Marshall County Captured a Horse Thief.

A Case of Where the Wrong Man Happened to Be The Right Man.

Warren Sheaf: Last Friday morning sheriff Forsberg received a telegram from Devils Lake requesting him to be on the lookout for a horse-thief supposed to be in these parts. Mr. Forsberg then went to Argyle to look up a suspicious character that had lately come to that town with a team of horses. Playing the role of detective the sheriff got to be quite chummy with the suspected man, who, while not giving himself away as to that particular crime, nevertheless said enough to show that he was a crook, and ought to be arrested on general principles. Shortly before the afternoon local pulled out the sheriff revealed his identity, much to the surprise of his newly found friend, arrested him and brought him along to Warren. Next day an officer from Devils Lake arrived, but an examination of the horses in the possession of the suspected man satisfied him that they were not the ones that had been stolen at Devils Lake. After subjecting the fellow to all sorts of questions, the authorities finally made the discovery that the horses he had, had been obtained at Lewis Larson's livery barn at Alvarado. Mr. Larson was communicated with by phone and said that he had hired out a team on Sept. 26, to a stranger, who represented himself as an insurance agent. Mr. Larson had been a little uneasy for a couple days because the man had not returned with the horses, he had no idea that the animals were stolen. He came to Warren at once to identify his property. At Argyle the thief had traded one horse and with the few dollars received to boot had proceeded to have a gay time in the saloons. Mr. Larson may consider himself lucky that he did get his horses back. And though the sheriff did not get the particular horse thief he was looking for, he got another one guilty of the same offense.

At the hearing conducted by County attorney Brown before justice Keenan on Tuesday, the prisoner, who gave his name as James J. Leroy, knowing that the evidence against him was too strong, decided to plead guilty to larceny in the second degree and receive immediate sentence. He was then brought before Judge Grindeland, who sentenced him to one year's hard labor at Stillwater, whither he was taken yesterday by the sheriff. In a statement made Leroy gave Millington, Wasar Co., Mich., as his place of birth. He was 25 years of age, his mother was dead, but his father was alive as far as he knew. He had roamed about a great deal in his life, of late years in Nebraska and Wisconsin, where he had sold creamery supplies.

Last summer he had worked on farms at Grafton and Ardoch, N. D., and during threshing he had worked for John Kurz, who lives five miles west of Warren. He pretended to be very penitent now, and attributed his downfall to strong drink. The authorities, however, believe that he has had a long criminal career.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor.

A GOOD SHOW.

The "Burglar and the Waif" Company to Be Here October 12th.

The Shaw-Gallagher Amusement Co. will appear at the opera house in Thief River Falls on Friday evening, Oct., 12th, presenting Marie Young in the sensational comedy-drama, "The Burglar and the Waif."

The play is highly spoken of by the public press and opera house managers. Amusement loving public will find in it something sensational with refined comedy and heart interest. It is a stage story of life with its ever changing scale of joy and sorrow beautifully interspersed with refined vaudeville.

The Shaw-Gallagher Co. play the larger towns like St. Cloud, Little Falls, Grand Forks and Fargo and it is seldom the people of Thief River Falls have an opportunity of securing so high-grade an attraction.

Scene in The Burglar and the Waif.

The Vergennes, (Vt.) Enterprise says: "Too much credit cannot be given Messrs Shaw & Gallagher, who are directing the tour of the Marie Young Company which opened a three nights engagement at the opera house in the marvelous melo-dramatic success, "The Burglar and the Waif." The company is one of the strongest that has appeared here this season, every member is well up in his or her part. The specialties introduced between the acts were of a pleasing and high-class character. Our only regret is that they could not stay longer with us, and when they return they will certainly be greeted with larger crowds and a hearty welcome."

A Bad Practice.

A buttermaker from a neighboring creamery was in the Dairyman office the other day, and said to us: "I wish you would say something that would deter my patrons from allowing their morning's milk to stand in a stable all night." We expressed great surprise, and said it could not be that there were any farmers in this enlightened day who would be guilty of so dirty a practice as that. To our astonishment, he said that on investigation he had found that more than half of them were doing just that thing. We inquired as to what kind of men his patrons were. Did they read? Were they [illegible] men? We asked him why they did it. His answer was, "Because they begrudged the labor of taking it into the kitchen." It is very hard to get some patrons of a creamery to see how responsible they are for the good flavor and final price the butter is to bring. If they could see it, they would be a different kind of men, and handle their milk, cream and cows vastly different than they do. [illegible]

Interstate Road.

An interstate highway is planned to extend from the border of British Columbia through Washington, Oregon and California to the Mexican boundary, says the Good Roads Magazine. It is estimated that this road can be constructed at an average cost of $5,000 per mile. King county, Wash., has already come forward with the amount necessary to build its portion, which is made available during the next five years, and if other counties act as promptly the road will be com-

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Bankrupt's Petition For Discharge.

In the Matter of Adolph Boltz, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

Adolph Boltz, of Thief River Falls, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 14th day of June, last past, he was duly adjudged a bankrupt under the acts of congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1906.

Adolph Boltz,
Bankrupt.

Order of Notice Thereon.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.-ss.

On this 1st day of October, A. D. 1906, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 13th day of November A. D. 1906, before said court, at Fergus Falls, in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said district, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1906.

Charles L. Spencer,
Seal of the Court Clerk.
By L. A. Levorsen, Deputy Clerk.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1906 NUMBER 42

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

M. MURPHY ASSAULTED

Father of W. A. Murphy Nearly Killed at Twin Valley.

Two of His Boarders Made a Desperate Assault Upon Him.

Most all of the old time residents of this section are acquainted with M. Murphy, who used to travel in this section collecting for the International Harvesting company and a father of W. A. Murphy, a former business man of this city. The following account of his being assaulted at Twin Valley will, therefore, be of local interest:

At Twin Valley last Wednesday night Landlord Murphy, of the only hotel of that burg, was assaulted by two of his boarders and has since been confined to his bed and will probably be for some time to come if reports we have heard are true. He suffered a green stick fracture of the leg and his head was badly cut, necessitating several stitches to be taken in his scalp. It seems the two boarders, Smith and Aambth, by name, seated themselves at the traveling men's table and being short of seats at that particular table for his $2.00 a day guests Landlord Murphy requested them to take their accustomed places. He is said to have done this in a very gentlemanly manner but when the young men refused to move he ordered them out of the dining room and told them to hunt more congenial quarters. The two then left the hotel but later in the evening returned and started a rough house. They were again ordered out and when Mr. Murphy followed them to the sidewalk they both pounced upon him and gave him a severe drubbing with the above result. No arrests have been made as yet so far as we can learn but interesting developments are looked for as soon as Landlord Murphy is able to get up out of bed.

Of Course.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien is out in the eastern part of the county this week soliciting votes for county auditor. Mr. O'Brien's chances of being elected are considered excellent.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Subscribe for the News.

DO NOT KNOCK

St. Paul Trade Journal Discourages a Prevalent Practice.

In a weekly paper, published in a town less than 100 miles from St. Paul, we read last week a two column "roast" on the merchants of the town, accusing them of "knocking," not only on the merchants of the paper but each other. And this, too, in a town that has a progressive merchants' association. Now this looks bad. We won't go into the merits of the matter, as to whether the editor deserved the knocking he got, but we are going to preach a homily on the whole affair.

In the first place it is a wise thing to follow the dictum of that homely but pointed slang proverb: "If you can't boost, don't knock."

Whoever originated that phrase was wise in his generation. It means a whole lot. We are all too prone when we really may not mean to do anything of that kind and did not intend it as such. It is human nature. Now then, the idea is to overcome that habit. We are all striving toward the same goal, and in a country town, if we can all pull together and help boost for the town let's do it cheerfully and with good grace.

If we go about tearing down the reputation of this merchant and that merchant, of this doctor and that lawyer, of this minister and that editor, we can at once make up our minds that we are pulling down, one by one, the foundations that make for our collective prosperity.

And where this condition of affairs is given publicity so wide-spread as that through the columns of a newspaper it is bound to react with great harm on the community. It was the worst kind of judgement for the editor to publish his two-column roast of the merchants, no matter how keenly he may have felt about the matter personally, and we are glad that these editors are few and far between. As a rule here in the Northwest we have a splendid class of newspaper publishers who rest quietly under any adverse conditions that may exist and constantly boost for their home town.

The moral that we want to bring home to our readers on this subject is this: In the first place don't knock your neighbors. If you don't like them and their methods of business let them go their way and you go yours, but, for the sake of the town, get along as well as you can, especially on matters of common interest to the community. Of the greatest importance, however, is your relation with your editors. They can do a great deal either for the benefit or harm of a town. Again for the common good, be as friendly as you can with them. It is advisable to work hand in hand with the editor. Do not begrudge him your business. A paper is necessary to the welfare of a town, and its publisher must live. Your business relations, however should be on a business basis. Your advertising support should prove sufficient to enable him to publish a good paper and to carry your trade announcements to your customers. On this basis you have a right to ask him to boost for the town and for the town's institutions, which, in the main, are its retail stores.

BIG HOLD-UP ATTEMPTED

Railroads Would Aid Lumber Companies to Buy State Pine for a Song.

Matter Will Probably Be Tried Now in the Courts.

At a stumpage sale held by the state auditor in St. Paul Last week, Attorney General E. T. Young exposed an order made jointly by the Northern Pacific and the Minnesota & International railroads which would give them the control of the shipment of more than a hundred million feet of state timber north of Bemidji.

A few weeks ago the two railroads sent a communication to the state railroad and warehouse commission to the effect "that there may be no misunderstanding in the future, we desire to inform the commission that these companies are not common carriers of logs." It was signed by J. N. Hanaford, second vice president of the Northern Pacific, and W. H. Gimmell, general manager of the Minnesota & International.

This communication, according to S. G. Iverson, state auditor, was answered by the commission to the effect that the railroads issuing the order were common carriers for all kinds of freight and not only that but they could not limit their carriage of logs to mills on their lines. The railroads, in their communication, stated that they would carry logs to mills on their lines, provided they would also be allowed to carry the finished product from the mills.

Mr. Iverson, at the meeting at the sale last week said that any one purchasing stumpage from the state in that district would have to make a special contract according to this order of the railroads. Therefore, the state timber board, which has charge of this stumpage sale, withdrew six million feet which was to be placed on sale. Before this was done, however, Mr. Iverson called upon Attorney General Young to make a statement relative to the order of the railroads as he considered the principle involved of the greatest importance to the state of Minnesota.

Attorney General Young said his attention had been called to the railroads' order by state timber board Wednesday. He said that it was perfectly manifest that the men who did not own mills on this railroad were debarred from bidding on state timber.

"The communication," said Attorney General Young, "says the railroads are willing to transport lumber to mills on the line. There are only two firms in the state, Backus, Brooks & Co. and the Shevlin-Carpenter Lumber company, of Minneapolis, which have mills on this line. The position of the railroad in this matter is an unheard of proposition. It has come to a point where the railroads may designate what they shall carry. The railroads will soon control the state, when a railroad is organized in this state it becomes a common carrier, and has not the right to dictate or designate what it shall carry when the freight is paid. This order of the Northern Pacific and the Minnesota & International, which are practically one road, will not be tolerated. If the state is so feeble as not to compel the railroads to carry logs, it will probably become too feeble to compel the railroads to carry flour or any other commodity, unless to manufacturing establishments or mills that are erected on their lines of railroad, and they will soon have put us all at their mercy.

A peculiar feature of the Minnesota & International railway system of carrying freight is the fact that no freight schedule has ever been filed with the state railroad and warehouse commission. Backus, Brooks & Co., have a private contract with the railroad, but any other firm is prohibited from buying state timber in that district because they know not what the freight charges would be. It is probable that the matter will be taken into the court by some other lumber concerns which own tracts north of Bemidji.

MISTOOK FOR DEER.

Hunter in Beltrami County Shot in the Head Last Week.

Simon Paulus, a homesteader living near Langor in Beltrami county, was found in the woods near his home last Friday morning, with a bullet hole in the back of his head, his body indicating that he had been dead for several hours. The supposition is that he was mistaken for a deer and shot, the man who did the shooting afterwards discovering his error and making his escape from the vicinity.

Paulus, who is married, went out in the early morning with his Winchester rifle, and agreed with his wife that she should blow a horn as a signal the breakfast was ready. Mrs. Paulus, some time after Paulus left the house, gave the signal but received no response, and after waiting nearly an hour went to the home of a neighbor named Andrew Dexter, and ascertained that her husband had not been there, and Dexter went out to search.

The body of Paulus was found in the woods with a bullet hole in the back of the head. Beside the body lay the dead man's rifle, and there was a loaded cartridge in the chamber, indicating that the bullet in the head had come from another rifle. There was nothing near Paulus to indicate the presence of a second party.

Dexter came to Blackduck and notified Coroner Marcum and Sheriff Bailey at Bemidji, and also told about the town of the accident to Paulus. At first it was thought that the shooting might have been accidental and Paulus was killed by a bullet from his own rifle, but when it was learned that the loaded cartridge was still in the chamber, foul play was suspected, and it is now believed that Paulus was shot by some hunter who mistook him for a deer.

VALUES ARE ALL RAISED

Personal Property Valuations Raised by the State Board.

Not One Class of Articles Were Decreased—All Raised.

The state board of equalization made many changes in the assessment of Red Lake county personal property. Not one decrease was made. The following are the raises:

Horses—2 years old, 15 per cent.

Cattle—1 year old, 60 per cent, 2 years old, 60 per cent; cows, 50 per cent; oxen, 20 per cent; all other cattle, 3 years old and over, 75 per cent.

Sheep—40 per cent.

Hogs—10 per cent. (Only the four-legged variety listed.)

Wagons, buggies, and vehicles—25 per cent.

Sewing and knitting machines—15 per cent.

Watches, Clocks, etc.—110 per cent.

Household goods—100 per cent.

Melodeons and organs—50 per cent.

Pianofortes—25 per cent.

Office furniture—40 per cent.

Farm tools, implements etc.—66⅔ per cent.

Goods, of wholesale merchants—10 per cent.

Goods, of retail merchants—10 per cent.

Logs, lumber, etc., of manufacturers—20 per cent; same in retails' hands —20 per cent.

Wheat and flour in manufacturers hands—20 per cent; in hands of retailers 20 per cent.

Manufacturers matrial and manufactured articles—20 per cent.

Pool and billiard, etc.—10 per cent.

All other personal property—10 per cent.

Special personal property raises were made as follows:

First State Bank of Plummer—20 per cent.

First State Bank of Red Lake Falls—25 per cent.

Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls—20 per cent.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls—25 per cent.

First National Bank of Thief River Falls—25 per cent.

Wanted—A good girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

THE STAR STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

WE LOVE HIM FOR THE ENEMIES HE HAS MADE.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN,

Who is opposed by the Red Lake Falls gang in his candidacy for county auditor because he stands for the people of Red Lake county and not for the special interests of the gang at Red Lake Falls. A vote for John B. O'Brien is a vote for the "square deal". His election means a victory for the people. Let no one be deceived.

If You Come Here

And buy a Hart, Schaffner & Marx suit or overcoat, consider all the results of the transaction to you. Leave us out of it. Assume that we make a fair profit. We do.

But you make a better profit than we do; you get the clothes, you get absolutely honest, all wool fabrics; clothes you can respect; that you dont have to apologize for or be ashamed of because they are not what they seem.

You get what no "mercerized cotton" clothes could ever give you---long---satisfying service; shape-keeping service tailoring that fits your ideas and shape, style that's distinctive. Such Clothes preserve and strengthen a man's self respect; "mercerized cotton" makes a man ashamed to look his clothes in the face or ought to.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."

Vote for Lewis A. Nelson for Sheriff.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor.

Have You Any of the Following Articles

Which you would like to have cleaned before the fall entertainments start?

Fine silk or woolen dress, silk or woolen shirt waist, skirt, jacket, cravennette coat, opera shawl, kid gloves, opera gloves, fan, white kid slippers, hat, plumes, feather, bird and all kinds of fur you can get cleaned or dyed. You can have lace dyed to match your dress. I clean also embroideries curtains and draperies.

Do you know that some garments which you now think are of no use to you may look nice if you only had them cleaned and pressed. In the "Dying and Cleaning Establishment" you can get anything cleaned or dyed.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

HERE IS THE TRUTH

County Attorney Germo Refused to Answer Questions Put to Him.

He Probably Now Knows That He Has Been Used as a Tool.

Having read Mr. Germo's explanation as published in the Red Lake Falls papers, giving his reasons for continuing the case of Borchers vs. County Board of Red Lake County, an action enjoining said board from re-districting Red Lake County, also the statement in said papers to the effect that we refused to publish his explanation, we sent the following letter to Mr. Germo, for which we hold his receipt. As yet we have received no reply:

> If you will answer the following question with a plain "yes" or "no" I will be pleased to publish the same in connection with your explanation as published in the Red Lake Falls papers.
>
> 1st. Did not the Supreme Court say in the case of State Ex. Rel. Alex Sweaas vs. Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County: "That any action taken, not authorized by the board in its official capacity is a nullity."?
>
> 2nd. Has any official action ever been taken by the county board authorizing you as its attorney to enter into a stipulation with the plaintiff's attorneys in the case of Borchers vs. County Board continuing the same until the April term of the Supreme Court?
>
> 3rd. Is it not a fact that on the day the alleged request is dated, to wit: Sept. 4th 1906, the board of county commissioners were in session at the city of Red Lake Falls.
>
> 4th. Did you in your capacity as county attorney, on the 4th day of September, 1906, bring the matter of continuing said case to the attention of the board in their official capacity?

The voters of this county do not want "corollaries" but a plain "yes" or "no."

For the benefit of the voters we will answer the questions and challange a contradiction.

1st. The Supreme Court of this state did say in the case of State Ex. Rel. Sweaas vs. County Board, which was an appeal taken by Commissioners Demann and Folardeau from the judgement of the district court of Red Lake county commanding said board to meet and consider the petition for the removal of the county seat, that any action, not authorized by the county board in its official capacity is a nullity.

2nd. No official action was taken by the county board authorizing or requesting that said case be continued, and a majority of said board declare that had the matter been brought to their attention for official action the request would not have been granted.

3rd. It is a fact that on the date the alleged request is dated to-wit: Sept. 4, 1906, the board was in session at Red Lake Falls and the county attorney was in said city at that time.

4th. Having an opportunity so to do, you did not bring said matter to the official attention of said board. Before signing the stipulation continuing said case, why did you wait until the board had adjourned and until after the court commissioner had gone to Plummer and obtained the signature of Commissioner Johnson?

You say, "that by virtue of your office you are the attorney for the county and the attorney for the county officials" This may be technically true but all of the county officials of Red Lake County do not recognize your authority as such. It is not long ago that we saw the statement of Auditor Ford over his signature that "if Tom Germo is constituting himself my attorney he is doing so without my knowledge or consent.

For Your Protection

we place this label on every package of Scott's Emulsion. The man with a fish on his back is our trade-mark, and it is a guarantee that Scott's Emulsion will do all that is claimed for it. Nothing better for lung, throat or bronchial troubles in infant or adult. Scott's Emulsion is one of the greatest flesh-builders known to the medical world.

We'll send you a sample free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street New York

Car Load Michigan Apples

We are now unloading a car of fancy Michigan apples. As we do not wish you to be "soaked" by buying rotten apples from box car merchants, we will almost give away our warranted apples. Just think of it, the finest apples on the market, all winter keepers, at

$2.60 Per Barrel.

Come now, hurry to - - - -

Bothun's

Pure Food Grocery.

C. W. JOHNSON.

CANDIDATE FOR CLERK OF COURT.

C. W. Johnson, republican candidate for clerk of court of Red Lake county was born on a farm in Sweden in 1875. He became a resident of this county in 1881, was educated in the public schools. He attended the academic department of Gustavus Adolphus College at St. Peter, Minnesota, graduating from the commercial department of this school in the year [illegible]. He pledges to devote his entire time to the duties of this office and further that he will conduct the affairs of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

Electric Light Rates Reduced.

The city council at a meeting Tuesday evening decided to make a reduction of ten per cent in electric light rates. The reduction is given in the form of a premium. All who pay their electric light bills inside of ten days after the first of the month will be entitled to the reduction. Others will not. The plant has been making money during the past and the users of electric lights are entitled to the reduction.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

His Excellency, Governor Johnson honored the pupils of the High School by delivering a short address before them on Monday morning. He spoke on "Education", its value and necessity for winning a worthy place in the world. It is to be hoped that the pupils will not soon forget the honor and value of Governor Johnson's address.

Chemistry problem—If a glass tube is heated until soft will it be hot? For an answer, apply to E. K.

The Seniors have set a good example by patronizing "home industry" and ordering their class rings from a town dealer. They are "things of beauty". May be "joys forever"! They are "beyound description" and "must be seen to be appreciated".

Nina Horton never catches cold. So the cold must have caught her.

The Juniors have held innumerable class meetings of late.

Fashion Note—New shoes and white sweaters are the very latest things in wearing apparel.

There have been numerous additions to the Freshman class during the past two weeks.

Last Friday Stafford Curran and Alice Kratka visited High School.

Mr. Hay gave the pupils several precepts to follow to be happy. The most important one was, "Be a millionaire of cheerfulness".

The Junior class presented Alice Kratka with a Thief River Falls [illegible] as a parting gift from her classmates.

Stafford Curran entered school Monday.

Watch the Minneapolis Tribune for the pictures of the football and the basket ball teams and a full account of their glorious (?) careers.

Be careful—five hundred is a large number.

The Seniors have, at least, [illegible] ed treasure that will not appear until "Class Night".

Weeks Has Resigned.

At the meeting of the city council Tuesday evening, K. J. Weeks tendered his resignation as alderman at large. The action was taken on account of the fact that Mr. Weeks is to spend [illegible] much of his time in Southern Minnesota attending to business matters and can not devote any of his time to the duties of alderman.

BOLD BURGLARS.

Store Up at Middle River Robbed of $200.

Some bold burglars got in their work in Middle River Tuesday night. Shortly after 11 o'clock as John Phillips was passing near the depot on his way home, he discovered a couple of men breaking in one of the windows of the depot. He ran up town and aroused agent Gillette, Marshall Hanson and a few others who all repaired to the scene of the depredations as soon as possible. The robbers had fled as soon as discovered, and there was no trace of them to be found.

It being soon people had retired, many who heard Philipbs yelling, paid no attention to it, thinking it was merely some intoxicated fellow leaving town. But yesterday morning when Messrs. Nelson and Olson came to the hardware store they found their safe door open, the inner drawers of the safe broken open, and about Two Hundred dollars in money and a lot of notes and other papers missing. A back window of the store was found open, and on an examination of the stop it was found that it did not work properly and so the robbers may have come in through it. It was supposed by Messrs. Nelson and Olson that they had shut the safe as securely as usual, though they admit that possibly they did not turn the combination quite far enough.

Vote for S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

Vote for E. M. Stanton for county attorney.

Vote for Lewis A. Nelson for Sheriff.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor.

—Subscribe for the News.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

See Bothun's ad.

Joseph Perrault was in the city yesterday.

The apple king sells apples at $2.60 per barrel.

Frank Jeffers came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Fr. Ambros was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Bothun just received a car of fancy Michigan apples.

Frank Carpenter went down to Red Lake last evening.

Miss Horton was down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

C. Fredrickson went down to Crookston last evening.

Mrs. Kretzschmar went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to visit friends.

A. E. Abraham is selling shoes at less than half price. Now is the time to buy.

County Surveyor Wood went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday to attend to official business.

Rev. R. Strutz of Holmes, N. D., was a visitor over Sunday at the home of Rev. J. J. Schoeder.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka went out to Nekoma N. D. yesterday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Fred Goebler.

Two teams for sale or trade for city property. Harness and all, complete. Inquire of Joe Ryson.

The librarian wants all outstanding books brought in at once so she can finish the work of re-checking.

The library will be open Wednesday and Saturday afternoons from 3 to 5 p. m. and every evening from 7 until 9.

After next Monday the library will be in running order again. The public is cordially invited to make use of the reading room.

The council will not pay for grading the streets for sidewalks in the future. The property owner will have to do this at his own expense.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Simonton, of Glenwood, spent Sunday in this city visiting at the home of Mrs. W. A. Hawes. Mr. Simonton is editor of the Glenwood Gopher Press.

White sugar will soon be a thing of the past, if the United Stated pure food commission continues to insist that no mineral bluing substance shall be used for bleaching sugars. The commission may change their mind, but if not, all sugars, granulated included, will soon have a yellow tinge.

Edward H. Thelkle, a brakeman employed by the Soo, died at the hospital Tuesday of typhoid fever. The deceased was about 33 years of age and had he lived until this fall would have been promoted to conductor. His parents arrived from Wausau, Wis., to take charge of the body and it was shipped to Wausau for burial last evening.

Methodist Episcopal church Sunday Oct. 21. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Morning subject: A challenge to our faith.

Evening subject: Christ before Pilate.

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Junior League 2:30 p. m.

Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome. Chas H. Flesher, pastor.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

E. M. STANTON MADE GOOD.

Warren E. Wood Tells of the Services of E. M. Stanton.

Says That He Made Good as County Attorney of Marshall County.

W. E. Wood, one of the settlers living out in the town of Smiley and a brother of County Surveyor James K. Wood, was in Thief River Falls yesterday attending to some business matters. For eight years Wood was a county commissioner in Marshall county and most of that time was the chairman of the county board. E. M. Stanton, of this city, served as county attorney during part of the time Mr. Wood was a commissioner, and so a representative of the News asked yesterday what kind of satisfaction Mr. Stanton gave in Marshall county.

"The voters of Red Lake county will certainly make no mistake," said Mr. Wood to the News," if they elect E. M. Stanton as county *attorney*. *During* the eight years that I served as county commissioner we had four different county attorneys. They were all good attorneys, too, but Mr. Stanton certainly was the best. Every legal opinion that he gave the board was a correct one, and his wise counsel saved the taxyayers of Marshall county thousands of dollars. In my opinion the office of county attorney is one of the most important offices in the county. I don't care how honest and conscientious the county commissioners may be, unless they have an able legal advisor they are sure to make mistakes, and if you have any crooked county commissioners you can make up your mind that Mr. Stanton will make them toe the mark. Although Mr. Stanton lived at Argyle while serving as county attorney, he never missed coming down to Warren to attend each and every meeting of the county board. He always earned his salary as an official and that is the kind of a man I like to see win out. Too much cannot be said in Mr. Stanton's behalf and I wish I could impress upon every voter of the county the importance of this office and the need of a man of Mr. Staton's stamp to fill this important position".

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Joseph Lizotte Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Joseph Lizotte of the town of Louisville in the county of Red Lake in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1906 the above named Joseph Lizotte was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said district on the 29th, day of October, A. D. 1906 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated October 16, 1906.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE NEW STORE

Sells Shoes, Laces, Cloaks, Braids and Trimmings at Less Than 25 Cents on the Dollar.

$3.00 shoes for $1.00.

5c skirt binding for 1c per yard.

$12.00 ladies coats for $4.00.

Corsets worth from 50c to $2.00. We sell for 15c to 75c.

The goods we are closing regardless of cost.

Save 75c on every dollars worth of goods you buy at

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.

PHONE. 103.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

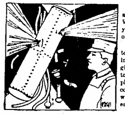

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

DAIRYING DISCUSSED

State Creamery Inspector Joel G. Winkjer gives Some Pointers.

Tells of the Growth of the Dairy Industry in Northern Minnesota.

It may be said that dairying is making rapid progress in the northern part of the state for the output of the creameries the past season is fully 30 percent larger then for the same season last year. While this increase is large it is none too large for every farmer could turn, profitably, his attention to dairying and make it the leading part of his farming and if such had been the case this year the increase would have been hundreds of per cent over last year. While it is the fact that dairying can profitably be made the leading line of farming it is also true that it will not *do to rush headlong into the industry* without the proper foresight and precaution. Look around for information among the most successful dairymen in your own locality and follow along lines on which they have made a success; subscribe for three or four dairy papers and get information from the most successful dairyman in the country. Successfull dairyman will make more successful ones and those unsuccessful will retard the dairy business, to the great loss of the farmers. If this is true regarding the dairymen it is doubtly true when applied to the creameries. An unsuccessful creamery has such a bad influences that it takes years to recover from it. The successful one gives an impetus to the industry that leads forward to greater success. There have been creameries that have failed and the reason can be easily seen and it is not necessary to follow the same course when there are so many creameries that have made the business successful. Do not be in a hurry to sign a contract to any one who comes around to build you a creamery but go to the most successful creameries that you can find and follow along lines on which they have made their success. Remember that the better you organize tne better your success and the best is not too good for us. Get all the information you can from all sources, organize the company yourself and elect the most efficient and trustworthy men you have to manage the business. The state Dairy and Food Department stands ready at all times to help and questions will be answered by the experiment station or any of its branches in the State.

Yours truly,
Joel G. Winkjer,
State Creamery Inspector.

BRIDEGROOM DEAD.

Husband of a Former Thief River Falls Woman Died Last Saturday.

The Crookston Journal of last Saturday contained the following item which is of local interest inasmuch as the wife of the dead man formerly resided in Thief River Falls and created somewhat of a sensation by a breach of promise suit lately:

At noon today Mrs. Tabor Thurston who lives in town of Fairfax on section 27 went to the field to find out why her husband had not yet come in to dinner. Arriving where his team was standing she was horrified to find his dead body laying beside the horses.

Thurston is an old resident of the valley and a hard working man who was respected by all who knew him and his sudden death will come as a great shock to the people of the city. It will be remembered that Thurston was the man who had the much talked of breach of promise suit in this city this spring and shortly afterward married the young lady who won tne suit from him.

He was plowing in the field this morning and had not complained of being ill and the cause of his death is a complete mystery. As soon as she discovered the body Mrs. Thurston hurried to notify the neighbors and secured help and the body was brought to Undertaker Chesterman's rooms this afternoon. A coroner's jury was impaneled and they decided that the man came to his death from unknown causes.

$100,000 Payment.

Approximately the sum of $100,000 will be paid to the Red Lake Indians of Minnesota about the first of next month.

This payment is from the proceeds of the sale of dead and down timber and has nothing to do with the payment for the lands which were sold at auction at Thief River Falls two years ago.

The payments about to be made will average $70 apiece to the Red Lake reds and is a pretty fair sum for them to start the winter with.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

RICHARDSON HAS RESIGNED

Thief River Falls Postmaster Tendered His Resignation Tuesday.

Herbert Fuller a Leading Candidate for the Office.

Postmaster Ira C. Richardson on Tuesday tendered his resignation as postmaster in Thief River Falls. The Resignation came as a surprise to a large number of people here, and Mr. Richardson assigns as the reason for the action he has taken, a desire to devote all of his time in the future to the practice of law. The large volume of business transacted at the Thief River Falls postoffice makes a great deal of labor and the salary does not compensate the postmaster, according to the views of Mr. Richardson.

Herbert Fuller, who is mail clerk on the Soo's Wheatline, immediately upon the resignation of Mr. Richardson, started in circulation several petitions and they have been largly signed by residents here. Of Mr. Fuller's ability to conduct the office in a first class manner there can be no doubt and it is understood that Congressman Steenerson will recommend Fuller for the appointment.

It is also rumored that other candidates are liable to develop, but nothing definite in the matter is known.

E. L. QUIST

Candidate for Register of Deeds.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

ATTEMP TO BRIBE A CANDIDATE FOR OFFICE.

S. T. Johnson, Candidate for Court Commissioner, Makes a Statement.

As is well known, S. T. Johnson, of this city, is a candidate for the office of court commissioner. There is no salary connected with the office, and as a matter of fact it is going to cost Mr. Johnson more to hold the office than the fees will amount to. The Red Lake Falls gang desires to control this office, because the court commissioner is the one that is issuing all of the fake injunctions against the county officials and putting the county to much legal expense. Mr. Johnson desires to hold the office for the sole purpose of giving the people of the county a square deal and issuing injunctions only when there is merit in the case. As will be seen by a communication published below, the gang at Red Lake Falls has attempted to bribe Mr. Johnson. As Mr. Johnson is one of the pioneer residents of the county, well known to most of our residents and possesses a reputation for honesty and integrity that is unimpeachable, his statement cannot be refuted. The following is what Mr. Johnson says:

To the Voters of the North end: Do you think you are being used as American citizens should be when a few of the Red Lake Falls gang say to you that you must vote as we say? That is what they are trying to do by hiring boys here in Thief River Falls to tear down all of the cards that are posted for the few north end candidates, hoping by this method to again elect the gang. Thinking that they could not defeat me for the office of court commissioner (having resided here for more then twenty years and everybody knows that I stand for a square deal) a spotter offered me one hundred dollars if I would not file on the official ballot. *Voters you will* see the name of S. T. Johnson on the bottom of the county ballot. Be sure and mark an X opposite my name. Thanking you in advance, I remain.

Yours Truly
S. T. Johnson.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

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ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 18, 1906.

HE'S OUR CANDIDATE.

E. M. STANTON.

To the old settlers of Red Lake county, E. M. Stanton, candidate for the office of county attorney, is very well and favorably known. Mr. Stanton has been a resident of the Red River Valley since the spring 1891, first locating at Crookston where for a number of years he was associated with Hon. Halvor Steenerson, our present member of congress from the Ninth district. He is recognized as one of the ablest attorneys of Northern Minnesota and is held in very high esteem by the residents of Thief River Falls and Red Lake county. You will make no mistake if you vote for him on the 6th day of November.

You can all vote on November 6. There isn't any way John Duffy can get out an injunction preventing you from doing this.

E. L. Quist is off of the reservation these days and he is making a whirlwind campaign for the office of register of deeds of Red Lake county. His chances of success are decidedly of the best.

The people of Red Lake county, outside of John Duffy and a few others at Red Lake Falls, do not believe in "government by injunction." That is why S. T. Johnson is going to be elected court commissioner.

N. W. Tarrant is decidedly the choice of the people for the office of judge of probate and he is going to be elected by the largest vote given to any candidate upon the ticket. Nick has made a good judge of probate.

The gang at Red Lake Falls thinks that the people of Red Lake county who desire to see the county re-districted into new commissioner district are hogs. Of course there are a whole lot of taxpayers and voters who think otherwise. Can you blame them?

Elect a man for county auditor of Red Lake county who will refuse to do the bidding of the Red Lake Falls gang and will stand for the best interest of all of the people of Red Lake county. Such a man is John B. O'Brien, and the services of this kind of a man are needed by the tax payers.

The Red Lake Falls candidates are trying to create the impression that the northern part of the county is trying to "hog" all of the offices in Red Lake county. The northern part of the county and a large majority of those residing outside of Red Lake Falls in the southern part of the county are supporting candidates pledged to do their duty as county officials. If Red Lake Falls will furnish these kind of candidates, they will get liberal support in the northern part of the county.

The Plummer Pioneer of last week pays the following tribute to the legal profession of this city:

> The city of Thief River Falls has a number of capable and reasonably honest attorneys who make their homes there and practise their profession honorably.

The Pioneer might have further stated our attorneys have a reputation for ability, and that the flower of the flock, E. M. Stanton, is a candidate for the office of county attorney.

Candidates for office who will not do their duty should be elected to stay at home.

Every purchasable ward healer in Red Lake county is working for the Red Lake Falls gang ticket.

The money which the Red Lake Falls gang is spending in this election all comes out of the taxpayers of Red Lake county.

And in the meantime the settlers living on the eleven towns can continue to pay taxes and remain without representation on the county board.

If an official will not do his sworn duty he is an unsafe man to have in office. Vote for those who are pleged to do their duty. Others should not be elected.

"Jim" Ford is reported as saying that he "doesn't give a —— for a vote north of St. Hilaire—he has enough without them." Don't be too sure, James.

The sheriff's office is an important one. A well qualified man is needed. Voters will make no mistake if they cast their ballot for Lewis A. Nelson.

A recount of the votes in Red Lake Falls two years ago resulted in showing that on the office of treasurer there was a change of about fifty votes. The judges of election could not have made this mistake unless it was done intentionally.

If Mr. Germo knew the law when he stipulated to have the re districting case postponed to the spring term of court, he did not do what was right. If he did not know the law he should not fill the office of county attorney.

Every farmer who owes John Duffy money has got to vote for James E. Ford for county auditor or pay up. That is the kind of a political argument that is being used with the farmers around Red Lake Falls. But we have a secret ballot and while many of these farmers dare not openly support O'Brien, it is safe to say that they will cast their ballot for him. This is a free country.

The fight which Red Lake Falls is making against having Red Lake county re-districted into new commissioner districts shows that this town is against the people of Red Lake county. Two-thirds of the people who pay three-fourths of the taxes are represented by two county commissioners and one-third of the people who pay one-fourth of the taxes are represented by three county commissioners. Is that a square deal? What do you think of it, Mr. Voter? And also remember that County Attorney Germo, by an official act, says that there is no need of making a change.

The Red Lake Falls papers are trying to make it appear that Thief River Falls is supporting a ticket for county officers this fall that are pleged to Thief River Falls for the county seat. Nothing could be further from the truth. Thief River Falls is supporting candidates who are pledged to do their sworn duty as county officials. While there is a county seat fight in progress in the county, it is a well known fact that no county official can do anything to further the cause of Thief River Falls in any way. But we have found this out and that is that a dishonest official—one who refuses to do his sworn duty—can do much to delay and hinder matters. The Red Lake Falls people (or to be more specific the "gang" in the down river town) want to elect a set of officers that will not do their duty. All that they are interested in is keeping the court house at Red Lake Falls and they care not how much the taxpayers of Red Lake county are robbed.

YOU ALL KNOW HIM.

S. T. JOHNSON,

Who Is Running for Court Commissioner on an Anti-Injunction Platform.

Now is the time for the honest men in all parts of Red Lake county to stand together.

Vote for candidates that will do their duty. These are the class of men that are needed in office in Red Lake county.

The gang at Red Lake Falls has been milking Red Lake county about long enough. The people are finding them out.

Was Red Lake county created for especial benefit of the Red Lake Falls gang? The voters will have an opportunity to decide this question on the 6th of November.

There are men in Red Lake Falls, (not holding county office) who are making a living out of Red Lake county. Vote for honest men and cut out the grafters.

By the practice of fraud, tampering with the ballot boxes and making false returns, the gang at Red Lake Falls has grown quite strong. The people, however, are finding them out and you will see a big change in the vote of Red Lake county this year.

The city of Thief River Falls alone pays one-fourth of the taxes of Red Lake county. It would be natural to suppose that the people here would be as much interested in an economical county government as the the people of Red Lake Falls.

A vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor, for E. M. Stanton for county attorney, Lewis A. Nelson for sheriff and S. T. Johnson for court commissioner is a vote for men who do their duty, and stand for the best interests of the whole of Red Lake county and not do the bidding of the Red Lake Falls gang.

Look out for fraud. Remember what a change there was in the vote of Red Lake Falls two years ago as returned by the election judges and then counted by the court. There is a gang at Red Lake Falls that will not stop at anything to win an election. All honest people in the county should be on guard. Let us have an honest election and a fair count.

To have any county official do other than his duty, will not in any way aid Thief River Falls in the county seat fight. We defy any person in Red Lake Falls to make a statement to the contrary. To have county officials that will not do their duty is what is helping Red Lake Falls delay the matter of having the proposition voted upon. What do the people of Red Lake county who are not interested in the county seat, desire, officers who will do their duty or officers who will not do their duty? If you believe in a square deal, vote for John B. O'Brien for county auditor. He lives in a neutral territory and the only pledge he is making is that if elected he will do his sworn duty. That is the only pledge he has been asked to make.

What kind of a public servant do you want, Mr. Voter, one who will do his duty and stand for the best interests of the whole of Red Lake county or one who will do the special bidding of the gang at Red Lake Falls?

The greatest trouble with Thomas Germo is that he has not sufficient force of character to take a stand against the Red Lake Falls gang. Personally we believe that Mr. Germo would like to be honest but the gang at Red Lake Falls uses him as a plaything.

No man is being more bitterly opposed by the Red Lake Falls gang than K. M. Hansen. What is the reason? Has not he made a good official? The reason is simply this: Mr. Hansen had to have a contest to gain his election last year. He exposed the rottenness of the elections in the southern part of the county.

James J. Hill says Minnesota is overrun with a "peculiarly vicious type of political grafters." Mr. Hill is undoubtedly expert authority on this question. It is the general understanding that the grafters fatten from the coffers of the Great Northern. When a man of J. F. Jacobson's stamp—clean and honest—comes before the people for office, the grafters under corporation control work for his defeat. Mr. Hill can improve the political honesty of the state by putting the lid on the graft.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

The Red Lake Falls Courier last week states that the NEWS would not be supporting John B. O'Brien for county auditor unless "O'Brien was a Thief River Falls man with all the name implies." For the benefit of the Courier we might state that the NEWS is supporting John B. O'Brien because that gentlemen is giving but one pledge and that is that if elected he will do his sworn duty as an officer, and knowing Mr. O'Brien as we have for the past ten years we know that in giving this pledge he means just what he says. The NEWS or the people of Thief River Falls have no desire to support any candidate for office who will do other than his duty.

> James E. Ford is absolutely and without a chance for dispute, the best man in Red Lake county for auditor.

The above is taken from the columns of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a paper which does not always state things correctly. What has Mr. Ford done since he was elected county auditor four years ago that would entitle him to such praise?

As many of the residents of the county have not lived in the county for four years, it might be well to recite a little history in the matter. Prior to becoming a candidate for the office of auditor, Mr. Ford was a deputy in the auditor's office under the then incumbent, Adam Zeh. The campaign which Mr. Ford made that year against Mr. Zeh was to the effect that the people of Red Lake county were being robbed by the blank book printing establishments of the twin cities; that the county was paying exorbitant prices for all of this class of work and insinuated that Mr. Zeh, being the purchasing agent for the county, was getting a rake-off. Mr. Ford was elected and have you ever heard of the county buying its blank books any cheaper than it did when Mr. Zeh was auditor? No, they are paying exactly the same price and Mr. Ford says it is because there is a combination. The NEWS might further state that Mr. Ford, according to rumor that is going the rounds of the county for the past year, has secured the promise of a position as traveling agent for one of these blank book establishments that Red Lake county buys so much of its supplies from and will go to work for the company after he is defeated for county auditor.

If we have an honest election and a fair count there is no question but what "Jim" Ford and his crowd will be defeated.

Mr. Stanton is one of the ablest attorneys of Northern Minnesota and if he is elected to the office of county attorney there is no question but what the county will be well served.

The eleven towns may have no representation upon the board of county commissioners, but they are going to have a vote at the general election this fall. You can't get out an injunction against that, Mr. Duffy.

John Duffy is going to manage the campaign for the Red Lake Falls candidates. We'll bet that after Nov. 6 the Red Lake Falls crowd will want to put judge Knight in charge of what is left of Duffy's machine.

Was Red Lake county created for the sole purpose of furnishing Frank Jeffers and Joseph Perault a job? These gentlemen have been drawing a salary from Red Lake county ever since the county was organized. Is it not about time a change is made?

County Attorney Germo is explaining why he stipulated to have the re-districting case set over to the spring term of court. His explanation does not explain. Mr. Germo is an attorney and knows that the county board can only take action upon such matters while the board is in session.

Away down at the bottom of the ticket this fall, the voters will find the name of S. T. Johnson, who is running for the office of court commissioner. Don't forget to mark an X opposite his name. Red Lake Falls, by getting out fake injunction suits against the members of the county board, have put the county to considerable expense in the past and the gang has a candidate for this office again this year. Vote for S. T. Johnson and you will be voting for an official that will do his duty and not issue fake injunctions that put the county to expense.

The Plummer Pioneer, edited by Charles W. Latta, is making rather vicious insinuations regarding E. M. Stanton, candidate for the office of county attorney. Of course the Pioneer is making no direct statements against Mr. Stanton, but by making insinuations the paper is doing Mr. Stanton more injustice than it could by a direct attack, for this could be replied to and insinuations cannot.

To those who have known both Mr. Stanton and Mr. Latta for the past number of years, the attitude taken by the Plummer paper is indeed a surprise. For fifteen years they have been warm personal friends. Mr. Latta's paper in the past—when there was no campaign in progress—has contained many eulogies of Mr. Stanton as a public speaker, as an attorney and as a man. When Mr. Stanton was at Plummer he was usually entertained at the home of Mr. Latta and when Mr. Latta came to Thief River Falls he always made his headquarters here at Mr. Stanton's office. What has, therefore, come between these men that should cause the Pioneer to take the attitude that it has? Mr. Stanton certainly has no grievance against Mr. Latta and if Mr. Latta has any grievance against Mr Stanton, let him state what it is in his paper so that the people of the county can judge who is right in the matter. Let us have honest and plain statements of facts and not insinuations.

Vote for S. T. Johnson for court commissioner.

Vote for E. M. Stanton for county attorney.

Railroad Taxation.

The amazing proportions of the railroad business are again shown by the latest report of the interstate commerce commission, showing conditions in 1904 says the Duluth Herald.

At that time the total railroad mileage of the country amounted to 213,904.34 miles, enough to circle the globe eight times and to leave enough over to run a single track straight through the earth, with about 6,000 miles still remaining to start on the voyage to the moon.

Of this mileage, the amount operated, including second, third and fourth tracks, was 297,073.34 miles. The total number of operating roads was 1,086, though if the figures went a little more closely into this item it would be discovered that practically all of the principal roads are grouped in the control of a very few hands. And these hands are reaching out for more, and showing a disposition to ultimately join all together into one great system.

The total number of employes was 1,296,121, who were paid 917,598,810, or an average of about $708 apiece annually.

The total stock was $6,339,899,329, the gross earnings were $1,975,174,091, and the operating expenses were $1,338,896,253. The roads cost $10,784,449,493, and the equipment cost $727,087,638.

A very interesting item is that of taxation. The report shows that the railroads paid in that year $61,696,354 in taxes. Minnesota makes the railroads pay a tax of 4 per cent upon their gross earnings. If all the railroads of the country did that, they would have paid $70,006,963.61 instead of $61,696,354. This would indicate that Minnesota is keeping pretty well up in the procession in the matter of taxing railroads, since they pay a tax in Minnesota greater than the average.

But the railroads do not pay enough taxes, even at that. The impulse to foster these gigantic industries led to light taxation in the early days, and it is slow work getting it up to what it ought to be now that they no longer need protection so much as they need regulation and restriction.

It has been stated, on good authority, that the railroads of this country are worth $16,000,000,000. This must be pretty much a guess because the real value of a railroad property is hard to reach, so much of it being the intangible value of its franchise to do business, but the figure comes from railroad sources, and for want of anything better it may be accepted for this purpose. It has been fixed higher, but it has also been fixed lower.

If that $16,000,000,000 were real estate in about any county in the state, it would be assessed at approximately 40 per cent of its actual value, and would be taxed about 30 mills or 3 per cent upon that assessed valuation. Its assessed valuation would be $6,400,000,000, and at 3 per cent its taxes would be $192,000,000, or more than three times what it actually paid, and about $113,000,00 more than it would pay if it were all taxed, as the Minnesota railroads are, at 4 per cent upon the gross earnings.

There is evidently room for improvement in railroad taxation.

Vote for Lewis A. Nelson for Sheriff.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor.

—The young people of Northern Minnesota have found that the Queen City Business College of Crookston, Minn., is a leading school and are entering in great numbers. Never before has any new school had such liberal patronage.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORREY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

W. J. McKinley was up from St. Hilaire last Friday.

Rev. I. T. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

W. B. Fuller and bride returned to this city Monday from the Twin Cities.

H. H. Zaiser and G. K. Hennings of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last Friday.

Storm windows and storm doors made to order at the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory.

Sex Bulman returned to Bulman Bros. logging camps up on the Sandy river last Saturday.

Conrad Olson arrived in the city last Friday and will spend a month here visiting relatives.

Prepare for cold weather. Buy your storm windows and doors at the factory. Pioneer Sash and Door company.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Milton Forder and Bert Forder went up to Rollis last Saturday to spend a few days looking after their farming interests up there.

Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Miss Brown, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson, returned last Saturday to her home in Crookston.

Mrs. Peter Noesen, of Crookston who had been in the city visiting her daughter Mrs. Will Mullery, returned home Saturday.

P. Peterson was up from Crookston last week visiting his son, Leonard Peterson. Mr. Peterson, Sr., leaves in a few days for California to remain during the winter.

Charlie, Elsie and Alice Kratka left Monday eveneng for Pasadena, Cal., to make their future home. George and Will Kratka are at present living at Pasadena and Charlie expects to find employment there. The two girls will keep house for their brothers.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

H. F. Dudley was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston last Saturday visiting old friends here.

Order your storm windows and doors now at the Pioneer Sash and Door company's factory.

House and two lots for sale or rent. Good seven room residence cheap if taken soon. In good location. Inquire at the First National Bank.

—Two of the newly organized towns on the reservation have no birth or death register and can secure the same by calling at the office of County Commissioner Daniel Shaw.

Lewis A. Nelson spent last week down in the country southeast of here soliciting support in his candidacy for the office of sheriff. Mr. Nelson says that he received much encouragement in the towns of Garnes, Equality and Lambert.

J. S. Hilleboe, of Warren, Republican candidate for the office of county auditor of Marshall county, was in the city last week for a few days. Mr. Hilleboe is a very pleasant gentleman to meet and is making friends wherever he goes.

On Saturday last at the home of E. E. Anderson, in Rocksbury, occurred the marriage of his daughter Ida, to Mr. Hans W. Anderson, of Bowbells, N. D., Charles W. Erickson and Tyra E. Wallin acting as witnesses and Rev. Alex Sand officiating. About Thirty friends were present.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Frank Jeffers spent a few days in Thief River Falls last week doing campaign work. Mr. Jeffers is working hard for votes, but it does not appear that he will secure much support in this part of the county. All of the voters in this section who used to be with him in former campaigns are now against him.

More cows are needed in Minnesota, and more knowledge of the necessity of keeping cows is also needed. Cows must be kept to build up the fertility of the soil that has been lost through excessive grain raising. The best authorities agree that with every ton of wheat sold off the farm there is a loss of $800 worth of soil fertility, while with every ton of butter sold the loss is only 60 cents per acre.—Sauk Centre Herald.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Mike McAndrews was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

—S. S. Stadsvold, of Fosston, was in the city last week.

"Bill" Mass is back from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

E. J. Morrisey was down to Crookston from Friday until Monday.

Twins—two girls—were born to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Geske Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Gambell were up to Winnipeg the first of the week.

Editor Sunders, of the Greenbush Journal, was in the city Sunday.

—Wanted—Two girls for general housework at the Hotel Northern.

D. N. Winton returned Sunday evening from his trip to Prince Albert.

J. G. Prior was up from St. Hilaire Monday attending to business matters.

Attorney Mabey transacted legal business at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Architect Strassberger was up from Crookston Monday attending to business matters.

S. H. Sharbach last week purchased the Day house on the East Side of John Q. Cronkhite.

Misses Anna Sterry and Jennie Morck of Warren, were in the city visiting friends last week.

Miss Agnes Kelley and Miss Nina Horton were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting friends.

C. J. Winton stopped off in the city over Sunday and Monday enroute from Prince Albert to Wausau, Wis.

News was received in the city Monday to the effect that a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Emmit Crowe, of Tacoma, Wash.

Rev. Ross was over to Grand Forks last week attending a conference of the Red River Valley German Lutheran ministers.

E. M. Hoff was up from St. Hilaire Monday and occupied a seat upon the platform during Gov. Johnson's address. Mr. Hoff is an afdent supporter of Gov. Johnson.

The October term of the district court for Red Lake county will convene at Red Lake Falls next Monday. Let us hope that the next term of court will convene at Thief River Fall.

—Word is received here to the effect that W. A. Wright has resigned his position with the lumber comprny he was working for up at Greenbush, Canada, and has gone to the Pacific coast.

At St. Bernard's church Monday morning, Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingman, officiating, occured the marriage of John Cloutier to Miss Clara Fontain. Both are popular young people of the city.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. Se Hager, the Land Man.

Mrs. Annie Delorier was stricken with a paralytic stroke last Thursday morning while at work and died about twelve hours afterwards. The funeral services were held Saturday. The deceased had been a resident of Thief River Falls for a number of years and was greatly respected by all who knew her.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

"Papa" was becomidg impatient at the lateness of the hour when so remarked: "I can't see why that young fellow who is calling on Minnie hasn't sense enough to go home. It's near midnight." The little brother of the family just then came in, heard his father's remark and ventured some light: 'He can't go, father, sister's sitting on him."—Exchange.

The nine year old son of Chris Paulson fell from an ice wagon last Saturday morning and the front wheel of the wagon passed over his head and shoulder. A severe cut upon the back of the head which required several stitches to sew up and a broken collar bone were the injuries sustained. The boy is now getting along nicely and will be entirely well in a short time.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

William Morey, an ex-prize fighter and floater in the city last Thursday entered Peter Newman's restaurant in a drunken condition. Mr. Newman ordered him to leave the place with the result that he made an assault upon Mr. Newman. Chief Erickson at once arrested Morey and before Judge Bishop on Friday he was fined $25 and costs. Having no money he was taken to the county jail to serve out a twenty-seven day term.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

"OUR NEXT SHERIFF."

Lewis A. Nelson, who is making a whirlwind campaign for the office of sheriff, is one of the old residents of this section. He settled in the county north of what is now Thief River Falls nineteen years ago, and until the railroad extended north to Thief River Falls, used to haul wheat and do his trading at St. Hilaire. He is a man well qualified for the office he seeks and no better recommendation can be given him than to publish a letter from ex Sheriff Green of Marshall county.

Stephens, Marshall Co., Minn.
Oct. 6th, 1906.

To the voters of Red Lake County:—

I was pleased to learn that Lewis Nelson has been nominated by the republicans of Red Lake Co. as their candidate for the office of Sheriff. Mr. Nelson served as deputy sheriff under me during the four years I was sheriff of Marshall County, Minn., and I can assure the voters of Red Lake County, that if elected, Mr. Nelson will make a good and efficient officer in every respect.

Hoping that he may receive the support he deserves and that he will be elected, I am,

Yours respectfully,
FRANK A. GREEN,
Ex Sheriff, Marshall Co., Minn.

The Lyceum Course Begins Oct. 29th 1906

The committee having this Course in charge has taken great care in the selection of the numbers and feels confident in giving each one its unqualified endorsement. The first number in this course will be given in Evenson's Hall, Monday evening Oct. 29th.

"The Retz-Nehbras Combination," is the name of the company which will appear, to give the first number of the Lyceum Course.

Miss Josephine Retz has given much time to full evenings alone. She sings

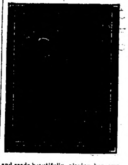

and reads beautifully, playing her own accompaniments. She has the reputation of giving complete satisfaction.

Miss Dorothy Nehbras sings and plays the violin beautifully, and also plays accompaniments. She has a melodious, trained voice and is a violinest of power and feeling. Refined and cultured people will greatly enjoy this entertainment. Both of these ladies are of charming personality, vivacious, winning, magnetic manner. We bespeak for this company a hearty reception. Course tickets $2.00, Single admission tickets 50 cents. See F. J. Barackman, Secretary.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Peoples State Bank.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.00.

We are now ready to handle all classes of business in the Banking Line. We can place Loans on Farm or City Property without delay. If you are in need of Loan it will pay you to consult us before placing it. Insurance written in old line companies.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
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THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The Pion er Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
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W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

K. J. Weeks, Insurance and Real Estate.

I have 10 houses and 50 good residence lots and several good farms for sale. Lots $10 and up. Terms to suit.

Insurance written in the best companies:—Home of N. Y. (largest company in the U. S.) Phoenix of Hartford (the old reliable.) Also in the New York Life Insurance company.
Lowest rates. Call and see me.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
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Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

The News, $1 Per Year.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

Recent floods in the southern part of the state of Jalisco and in the state of Colima, Mex., resulted in great destruction of property and loss of life. The number of fatalities from drowning along the line of the Manzanillo extension of the Mexican Central railway is 123.

A dispatch to a Paris paper from Constantinople declares that the real secret of the recent illness of the sultan of Turkey was that he was shot in the abdomen by a Kurdish woman, who was jealous of his latest favorite in the harem, a beautiful Circassian girl.

The rebellion against Turkish rule in the province of Yemen, Arabia, shows no signs of subsiding and whenever a pitched battle is fought the rebellious Arabs seem to be victorious over the unwilling Turkish conscripts sent to subdue them.

By the death in London of Mrs. "Sam" Lewis-Hill, widow of "Sam" Lewis, the well-known money lender, about $15,000,000 will be distributed in charitable bequests.

The steamer Hankow, with 2,000 Chinese on board, has been destroyed by fire. Hundreds were burned to death and many others jumped overboard and were drowned.

The French cabinet has decided to convoke parliament for Oct. 25. The greater portion of the session will be devoted to the vexed church and state separation question.

Upon the reassembling of the Spanish cortes Oct. 20 the Vatican and the Liberal government of Marshal Lopez Dominguez will cross swords over the church issue.

Nine persons were killed and nineteen others were seriously and many more slightly injured in a railroad accident at Epernon, France.

The earthquake shocks in Sicily continue and are causing serious damage to dwellings and churches, some of which have fallen.

The Jalisco bank of Guadalajara, Mex., will lose $800,000 as a result of the peculations of its recent manager.

Fire at Summerville, P. E. I., destroyed fifty buildings, causing a loss of $200,000.

EVENTS IN CUBA.

The United States, through its peace commissioners, is not ready to announce when it will withdraw from the island of Cuba and surrender the reins of government to the Cubans, but this action cannot be taken until the time arrives when fair elections are assured. This statement was made by Governor Taft as a sort of valedictory address to the revolutionists' committee with which the American commissioners dealt in inducing the rebels to cease hostilities and negotiate peace.

General Frederick Funston will not continue in command of the American forces in Cuba. Governor Taft has announced that he and General Funston will leave shortly for the United States. With them will go Assistant Secretary of State Bacon and the affairs of Cuba will be left in the hands of Governor Magoon and General J. Franklin Bell.

Charles E. Magoon, the newly appointed provisional governor of Cuba, has arrived at Havana. While the arrival of the new governor was not attended by any marked demonstration the Cubans appear to be favorably impressed by his personality.

Secretary Taft received President Stark of the Isle of Pines association at Havana and informed him positively that the provisional government could not consider any movement in the direction of the separation of the isle from Cuban sovereignty.

Charles E. Magoon has assumed the governorship of Cuba, succeeding War Secretary Taft. The latter, together with Assistant Secretary of State Bacon and General Funston, has returned to the United States.

Colonel Barnett has ordered the immediate removal of the American marines from Cienfuegos on account of the appearance of yellow fever. The marines were taken on board the transports.

The last troops comprising the first expedition to Cuba have sailed from Newport News.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Action by the federal authorities against Armour & Co. will be urged by State Dairy and Food Commissioner Warren of Pennsylvania, who has caused warrants to be issued for the arrest of several of the company's agents in Philadelphia on the charge of exposing for sale hams and other meats containing boric acid.

Invitations for proposals to complete the Panama canal by contract have been issued by the canal commission and the form of contract under which the work is to be done has been made public by Chairman Shonts. Bids will be opened Dec. 12 and competition is open to foreign as well as American contractors.

LABOR NEWS.

Two men were killed and a dozen others were wounded in a conflict between striking millhands and provincial police at MacLaren's saw mills at Buckingham, Que. The dead are President Belanger of the Millworkers' union and leader of the strikers, and Xavier Therien, a millhand.

The machinists employed on the Southern Railway system, who number about [illegible], are on strike for an increase in wages.

Every Republican has a reason for his belief. He votes the Republican ticket because he believes in the principles of the national Republican party and because he believes the party can be trusted to administer state and local affairs.

It may interest Republicans to see in a small space some of the reasons why the Republican party is entitled to the support of voters in the coming state election.

No previous period in the history of the state has seen so much progress in legislative reform as the two legislative sessions of 1903 and 1905. New laws of farreaching importance and benefit to the people of the state were placed on the statute books at those two sessions and by the work and votes of Republican members. Both houses were almost solidly Republican and the Democratic minority had little to do with any of the progressive work done. In 1903 the political complexion of the legislature was: Senate—Republicans, 52; Democrats, 11. House—Republicans, 104; Democrats, 15. In 1905 the members stood: Senate—Republicans, 52; Democrats, 11. House—Republicans, 108; Democrats, 11.

The principal work of those sessions may be summed up as follows:

The four per cent gross earnings law, which adds $1,000,000 a year to the state's revenue.

Submission of taxation amendment to the constitution, paving the way for up-to-date tax legislation.

Investigation of freight rates, resulting recently in sweeping reductions in merchandise, coal and grain rates.

New laws clothing the railroad commission with full power to regulate railroad rates and charges.

A complete revision of the statutes.

Progressive pure food laws, protecting consumers from fraud and unwholesome adulteration.

A law taxing inheritances, which is bringing many thousands into the treasury.

A state good roads law, administered by a non-partisan highway commission.

University and normal schools removed from board of control.

Bucketshops wiped out.

State land laws amended to encourage purchase by settlers.

Immigration bureau established.

Comprehensive drainage survey provided for and carried out.

Timber trespass laws made more stringent.

Insurance department placed on strictly salary basis.

There is surely glory enough there for two sessions. The Republican party has shown its confidence in the members who carried through such a programme and has nominated two of them to high office. A. L. Cole, who was a member of the house in both sessions, is the nominee for governor, and A. O. Eberhart, a senator in both sessions, is nominated for lieutenant governor. Both men took a prominent part in the work, supported all the leading reforms enumerated, and helped to frame and carry through some of the most important. Other men on the state ticket had a hand in the work. Attorney General Young drafted many bills and was constantly in the counsel of the members. State Auditor Iverson favored and worked for legislation concerning taxation and land and timber matters. Railroad Commissioner Staples drew the most important railroad laws passed and advocated their adoption. All are candidates for re-election.

"Let the good work go on," say the people of Minnesota.

Then give your vote to the men who have been doing the work and elect the entire Republican state ticket.

Preston Republican: Hon. A. L. Cole stands with President Roosevelt for rate reduction that shall at once go into effect for the immediate benefit of the people, while Governor Johnson has been transformed from a hesitant nonentity into a pronounced obstructionist. It is well that this has happened, however, for it shows the executive's friendliness for the corporations and makes plain the imperative necessity for Mr. Cole's election.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9 15 am Lv. Crookston Ar 6 45 pm
10 25 am Ar. Red Lake Falls Lv 5 25 pm
10 [illegible] am Ar. St Hilaire Lv [illegible] pm
11 25 am Ar Thief River Falls Lv 4 [illegible] pm
12 [illegible] pm Ar. Middle River Lv 3 12 pm
1 [illegible] pm Ar. [illegible] Lv 2 [illegible] pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal, Anna Maria Rendal.

All persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Charles Elgsten having been filed in this court, representing that Magnus Johnson Rendal, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota died intestate on the 11th day of September 1906; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Charles Elgsten; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 1906, at 9 o,clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 9th day of October 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
COURT SEAL
oct 11-25

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Elizabeth Blanchard, Clara Rose Blanchard, Myrtle Ruth Blanchard and Roland Silas Blanchard.

And all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Elizabeth Blanchard being duly filed in this court, representing that William Blanchard, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 24th day of September 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Elizabeth Blanchard, Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of November 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of October 1906.

COURT SEAL
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Petitioner.
oct 11-25

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan. See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906. viz: Lars Matson, H. E. 34, Red Lake Series, for the N. E. ¼ Sec.34, Tp. 154 N. R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John E. Solmonson, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Charles F. Peterson, " " " " "
John Bauer, " " " " "
George M. Gunderson, of " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 27 nov 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office Crookston, Minnesota, October 26th, 1906, viz: Anton Kozojed H. E. No. 965, Red Lake Lands, Act Feb. 20, 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 21 Tp. 154 N. Rg. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Staska, " " " "
Andrew Brezena, " " " "
Frank Cerenocheck, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 13 oct 18 pd

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906. viz: Thom Bednarchik H. E. 845 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec.9, Twp 154, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn
Andrew Rickson, " " "
John Ristau, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 13 oct 18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906. viz: Ole J. Lund, H. E. 6139, Chippewa Series for the N. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec. 32, Twp. 155, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lewis Humre, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Johnson, " " "
Amund Johnson, " " "
Hartvig Lund, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy H. E. 153, Chippewa Series for the S. ½ S. W. ¼, Sec 22, N. ½ N. W. ¼ Sec 27, Tp. 155, N. R 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " " "
Tollef C. Hovelson, " " "
Emil Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Charley H. Omlid, H. E. 29, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ Sec 14, Tp. 154, N. R. 43. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Knut O. Loyland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Tellef O. Loyland, " " " "
Ingebret Nelson, " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: John Sordby H. E. No. 603 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ sec. 11, Tp. 153 N. Rg. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole T. Vaale, of Kratka, Minn.
Halvor T. Vaale, " "
Ole T. Gullekson, " "
Christ Myhre, " Brunkeberg, Minn.,

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

—Subscribe for the News.

SHOT BY A BANDIT

MINNEAPOLIS MAN HAD NOT SUFFICIENT CASH TO SATISFY HIGHWAYMAN.

Route of Proposed Electric Line From Mill City to Dubuque, Ia., Definitely Decided On—Fireman Caught Under Engine in Milwaukee Yards at Minneapolis and Slowly Scalded to Death—General State News.

Minneapolis, Oct. 15.—Joseph Gardout was held up by masked highwaymen in this city Saturday night and because he had only $1.10 and a watch the robber shot Gardout three times in the abdomen, probably fatally wounding him. The robber escaped.

Gardout, who is an assistant chef at the Minnikahda club, left the clubhouse to catch the 7:20 car on the St. Louis Park line. While he stood waiting for the car at Excelsior avenue Gardout saw a man suddenly emerge from out of a dense cluster of bushes.

Gardout was ordered to hand over his money and he complied as quickly as his terror would permit.

He had only $1.10 in cash and a watch and these the man took, but he was not satisfied with his booty and demanded more.

Gardout replied that he had nothing more, whereupon, without warning, the man fired four shots at his victim, three of which took effect in the abdomen. The thug then disappeared.

Gardout was taken to Hennepin and Twenty-ninth street in the street car and from there the police patrol from the Central station hurried him to the city hospital, where it was necessary to operate on him immediately.

MINNEAPOLIS TO DUBUQUE.

Directors of Electric Road Decide on Route of Line.

Minneapolis, Oct. 12.—A meeting of the stockholders and board of directors of the Minneapolis, Rochester and Dubuque Traction company, which is to have an electric line from Minneapolis to Dubuque, has been held here. In addition to the board of directors a number of leading bankers from Southern Minnesota and Iowa were present and listened to the report of Mr. Woodbury, the chief engineer of the company, who presented his plan of the preliminary survey and explained why this route had been chosen.

According to the present plans, which were accepted and declared to be the final route of the new road, the principal towns touched will be Northfield, Faribault, Rochester, Preston, Decorah, Walton, Elkader, Lunnburg and then Dubuque.

The next meeting of the board of directors will be held on Wednesday, by which time the Minnesota and Iowa Electric Railway company will have held its meeting and arrangements for taking over its line will have been completed. When this road has been absorbed the route will be 246 miles in length and about $3,500,000 will have been involved. Work will begin at once as Monday the surveyors are to start over the route, making the final survey, and it is planned by the end of the year of 1907 to have the road in actual operation as far south as Rochester at least.

SLOWLY SCALDED TO DEATH.

Locomotive Fireman Meets Terrible Fate at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—Charles Bouchel, aged thirty, a fireman on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, was slowly scalded to death in a wreck in Minneapolis while fellow railroad men looked on, helpless to rescue him.

The wreck occurred in the Milwaukee yards. A switch engine and a way freight, through a mistake in signals, made for the main track from sidings and met headon. Both engines and five cars were wrecked.

The boiler of Bouchel's engine was jammed off the trucks and the cab demolished. He was pinned in the wreckage and steam from the broken boiler enveloped him.

Crazed by the terrible agony and impending death Bouchel screamed wildly to members of the trains' crews that gathered about to save him. It was impossible to reach him through the scalding vapor, however, and by the time the steam had all escaped from the boiler Bouchel was dead.

VERDICT OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Minneapolis Youth Found Guilty of Homicide.

Minneapolis, Oct. 12.—Stephen Shurba, the sixteen-year-old boy who has been on trial for the past three days on a charge of murdering John Hamernick in a saloon on July 4, has been found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree.

The state expected a verdict of murder in the second degree. The prisoner pleaded self defense.

Operator Beaten by Bandits.

Anoka, Minn., Oct. 15.—After being beaten over the head with a pistol until he was unconscious and covered with blood, William Shepherd, operator in the Northern Pacific depot here, was dragged into a boxcar by two bandits and covered up with rubbish and left for dead. The highwaymen rifled the cash drawer in the depot and escaped with $18.

CONTROLLED BY RAILROADS.

Charge Made Anent River Improvement Convention.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 13.—That railroad emissaries controlled the Mississippi River Improvement association convention just closed at Minneapolis and by their crafty influence secured the passage of a memorial to congress, the realization of which would delay a six-foot channel on the river for eighty years, is the charge that Judge Ray S. Ried, secretary of the La Crosse board of trade and one of the delegates from La Crosse.

Briefly, Judge Ried charges the railroads "steered the meeting."

It is even said that the leading spirit among the delegates is a lobbyist who was the leader in the rump convention held in Chicago some months ago, when, after attempting to control the manufacturers' convention, held to give support to President Roosevelt in his fight for railroad rate legislation, the corporation delegates bolted the regular convention.

This was probably made possible by the fact that the delegates were unsuspicious, a condition that makes it easy for a few smooth men to quietly direct the proceedings of a large gathering.

What actually was done was to urge upon congress the adoption of the six-foot channel plan by the provision of an appropriation of $500,000 at each session of congress.

Judge Ried shows that this plan means the consumption of eighty years in the work, a period so long that it will probably be on obsolete lines before finally done.

DULUTH DENTIST DROWNED.

Prominent Minnesotan Meets Death While Duck Hunting.

Duluth, Oct. 13.—Dr. R. H. Pierce, a prominent dentist of this city, while hunting in company with his wife, his brother and several friends, was drowned in Rice lake. He had gone out in a small boat in the hope of scaring up some ducks and in some unknown manner the craft was capsized. When he did not return to camp at night searchers were sent out in every direction and the upturned boat and his hat were found. His wife, who is a bride of but a few months, returned to the city and a party left Duluth to search for the body. Dr. Pierce two years ago was chosen grand senior sagamore of the Improved Order of Red Men of the United States.

ONE LIFE IS LOST.

Minnesota Man Perishes in North Dakota Blaze.

Larimore, N. D., Oct. 13.—At 2:15 a. m. fire started in the frame building owned by H. E. Arnold and occupied by G. W. Mowris, a barber; Fred Kingston, restaurant and lodginghouse; L. A. Chase, confectionery, and Frank Love, barber. The building was entirely destroyed. The fire spread from there into the new Arnold building and across the alley into the old Pioneer building, owned by Richter & Arnold.

One life was lost, that of Leonard Halmsquist of Sauk Center, Minn. He was a young man about twenty years of age and employed by the Great Northern in the roundhouse. He was sleeping in the second story and probably suffocated.

CONTAINS MILLIONS OF GERMS.

Board of Health Analyzes Minneapolis "Sanitary Milk."

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—"Sanitary milk," a product sold at double the price of ordinary milk, according to the state board of health has forty times more bacteria in it than the law allows.

Some samples of this milk have been found to contain 82,000,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter; under the rules of the board 500,000 to the centimeter is the limit.

The board has adopted a rule drawn up by Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary, to compel dealers in secondhand clothing to disinfect the garments before they were placed on the market.

WITHOUT FOOD OR SHELTER.

Cass Lake Residents Spend Sixty-three Hours on Island.

Cass Lake, Minn., Oct. 10.—Being forced to spend sixty-three hours on an island without food and their only shelter a small gasoline launch was the horrible experience of a party of six prominent Cass Lake people who was rescued yesterday afternoon by the boat Columbia. The party left here Saturday night to take a ride over to Cedar island, a distance of three miles, and intended to return after a short stay, but while on their way to the island a heavy storm blew up and they were forced to stay on land until yesterday when a party of searchers came to their rescue.

ONLY ONE JOHNSON ON TICKET.

Name of John W. Stricken From Minnesota Ballot.

St. Paul, Oct. 13.—The supreme court has directed the secretary of state to remove the name of John W. Johnson from the official ballot. Johnson filed as a candidate for governor on the Socialist Labor ticket. He was present when the order was made, but offered no protest. The court held his nominating petition contained fewer names than required by law.

The action to have his name removed was brought by the Democratic state central committee, who alleged the filing was made to confuse the voters, the Democratic candidate being John A. Johnson.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Simon Eustis, eighty years old, was killed by a street car at Minneapolis.

Theodore Voss, a pioneer settler of Chisago county, is dead, aged ninety years.

Nearly a dozen holdups occurred in Minneapolis during the first two weeks of October.

August Piebuch, a tailor, ended his life by gas asphyxiation at St. Paul while despondent.

Milo Carrier, who was a scout during the Civil war, is dead at St. Paul, aged seventy-three years.

The Tennant & Hoyt flour mill at Lake City has been destroyed by fire, causing a loss aggregating $63,500.

After many years of litigation the Amherst H. Wilder estate of St. Paul has at last begun its charitable work.

Frank B. Bass, the second white American boy born in St. Paul, is dead in that city. Mr. Bass was born in 1848.

Mrs. Henry M. Rice, widow of a former senator from Minnesota, is dead at St. Paul. Mrs. Rice was a pioneer resident of the state, coming here in 1849.

An unidentified man, who had sought shelter from the cold at the city jail in South St. Paul, was found dead in one of the cells the following morning.

Burglars robbed the postoffice and general store of Richner & Summins at Wyoming. The safe was blown open and $500 and an unknown amount of stamps taken.

Peter Lindell, a prominent citizen of Red Wing and owner of the postoffice business block, is a prisoner in the county jail for refusing to comply with the compulsory education law.

Dr. Carl Wenckeke, a pioneer of New Ulm, is dead at the age of seventy-five years. He had resided in that city since 1860 and was mayor of New Ulm continuously for eighteen years, from 1876 to 1894.

While playing with a revolver which she had discovered in a bureau drawer, Irene, the eleven-year-old daughter of Village President Robinson of Big Falls, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of the weapon.

James Kennedy, an employe of a saw mill near Cass Lake, was caught between the resaws and was so badly injured that it is expected he will not recover. One arm was cut off at the shoulder and the other at the wrist.

Dr. Walter J. Marcley, superintendent of the Massachusetts sanatorium for consumptives, has been appointed provisionally to take charge of the Walker sanatorium for consumptives, which is now being erected by the state.

The Austin Progressive league has just completed arrangements with outside parties for a $30,000 opera house. The building will have a seating capacity of 950 and is to be completed in first class handsome style before Feb. 1.

A number of Fergus Falls sportsmen have been arrested for hunting on Sunday and local sportsmen are up in arms over the matter, as nearly all of them hunt and fish on Sunday. One hunter says he can raise $1,000 to fight the case if necessary.

Robbers blew open a safe at the office of the Twin City Coal company at Minneapolis, but in doing so they made such a noise as to arouse the neighborhood and were forced to make a hasty escape, leaving $2,000 in currency in the wrecked strong box.

H. M. Lamberton of Winona has been appointed by Governor Johnson as a member of the capitol commission. He succeeds John Ludwig, deceased. He is a son of the late H. W. Lamberton, who at the time of his death was a member of the capitol commission.

The steamer B. J. Jones of the Jones & Laughlin fleet last week carried out of the Duluth-Superior harbor the largest cargo of wheat that ever was moved on the Great Lakes. It consisted of 370,273 bushels of Durum wheat, shipped by the Ames-Brooks company.

The stockholders and board of directors of the Minneapolis, Rochester and Dubuque Traction company, which proposes to build an electric line from Minneapolis to the city of Dubuque, met last week in Minneapolis to decide on the route to be used. According to the plans accepted the principal towns touched will be Northfield, Faribault, Rochester, Preston, Decorah, Walton, Elkader, Lunanburg and Dubuque.

Several amendments to the live stock sanitary laws will be recommended to the legislature by the live stock sanitary board. One recommendation is for the adoption of an amendment by which the selling and removing of diseased animals will be made an indictable offense in lieu of a misdemeanor and another would amend the law to increase the penalty from $25 to $100, as at present, to $500 to $1,000 for importing diseased animals by rail.

It is estimated that the school fund of the state will be richer by $250,000 as the result of the timber sale held Thursday by State Auditor Iverson in the senate chamber. The highest price ever paid for timber was paid at the sale when the state auditor sold a lot of timber amounting to 1,685,000 feet to R. R. Bailey of Virginia at $13.25 per thousand. The timber had been appraised at $7 a thousand. The record for last year's sale was $12.25, and many thought that the top notch was then reached.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The assignment of J. M. Ceballos & Co., bankers and merchants of New York, with liabilities between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000, has been announced. The statement declared that the failure was due to the defalcation and absconding of Manuel Silveira of Silveira & Co., Havana agents of the New York company. Silveira's defalcation is alleged to amount to about $1,000,000.

In the presence of sixty pupils in the South Euclid (O.) school, Harry Smith, twenty-five years old, shot to death Miss Mary Shepard, a teacher, twenty-two years old. Cornered behind a barn in the rear of his home in Warrensville two hours later Smith shot himself through the head, dying instantly.

After having evaded the United States customs and immigration officers for more than two weeks the schooner yacht Frolic, which left Placentia, N. F., with a cargo of contraband Chinese immigrants, was confiscated at Providence, R. I. The passengers had been landed.

Harry K. Wampole, the Philadelphia drug manufacturer whose body was found recently in the East river, New York, died an embezzler of a large sum of money, it is alleged. Wampole is said to have robbed his business partners systematically of $500,000 and may be more.

Chalburn Hintooth, aged fifty, a farmer near Newport, Tenn., murdered his wife and four children, fatally injured two other children and then committed suicide by cutting his throat. It is believed Hintooth became suddenly insane.

Fresh allegations of the existence of slavery in Southern Florida, below Tampa, have been made to the department of justice and it is alleged that hundreds of men in the state, both white and negroes, are held in virtual slavery.

Ben Jones, a young negro, was shot to death near Vicksburg, Ky., by John Scott, a farmer of that section. Jones brutally assaulted a young daughter of Scott's and was chased down by the father and killed.

Barney Parsons, a farmer, his wife and three children have been murdered near Licking, Mo. A farmer named Hamilton has been arrested charged with the murder and is said to have confessed.

A desperate encounter between policemen and three holdup men took place at East Toledo, O. One of the policemen, Joseph Schlagbeck, was fatally shot and two of the highwaymen were hurt.

Hazing is again being indulged in by the students of the naval academy at Annapolis.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The passenger steamers Adirondack and Saratoga collided on the Hudson river near Glasco, N. Y. Clarence Sherman of Melrose, N. Y., an oiler on the Saratoga, was killed and George Horton of New York city, clerk on the Adirondack, is missing.

Six trainmen were killed in a head-on collision on the Union Pacific railroad at Ridge, Wyo. The collision was due to a misunderstanding of orders. The engines of both trains were demolished.

Three men died of suffocation and fifteen others were partly overcome by smoke and narrowly escaped death in a fire in lock O of the Pennsylvania tunnel in Long Island City.

Two men were killed and five others were injured by the explosion of the boiler of a threshing machine engine on the farm of J. P. Hanson near New Richmond, Wis.

Two persons were killed, one seriously injured and many others slightly hurt in a fire in a five-story negro tenement at New York city.

Fire at Edmore, N. D., destroyed two large grain elevators, causing a loss of over $50,000.

Fire in the business and residence sections of Ripon, Wis., caused a loss of $100,000.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The New York Republican state committee up to the present time has received only one-tenth as much money in campaign contributions as in any year since 1891. This announcement was made by State Chairman Woodruff, who said that the falling off in contributions was due to the recent law forbidding corporations to contribute to campaign funds.

District Attorney John B. Moran of Boston has formally announced his acceptance of the nomination for governor tendered him by the Massachusetts Democratic state convention, but he says that "Bryanism and Hearstism" must be eliminated from the contest.

Secretary Root is to make a campaign speech in Carnegie hall, New York city, Oct. 22. Secretary Shaw and Speaker Cannon will also take an active part in the New York campaign.

George H. Utter has been renominated for governor by Rhode Island Republicans.

RUSSIAN INTERNAL SITUATION.

The commissions appointed by Emperor Nicholas to investigate the causes of the Sveaborg and Cronstadt mutinies have found that the blame was largely attributable to the negligence and inefficiency of the officers.

A general strike is in full swing at Lodz, Russian Poland. There is no traffic in the streets, no papers are published and strong detachments of troops are guarding the main thoroughfares.

H. F. McANULTY,

Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

At Smithville, Mo., Jesse Webb, aged twenty-five years, was shot and dangerously wounded by his wife. Mrs. Webb then shot herself through the heart, dying instantly. The couple had been married but one week, and were on their honeymoon trip. Webb was suffering from tuberculosis and the couple had talked the matter over and decided to end it all.

As the result of a joke on his wife Charles Smith, Mayor of Brooklyn, W. Va., is believed to be dying and Mrs. Smith is also probably fatally wounded. Smith had Elbert Medley dress up as a woman and call him out to the gate. Mrs. Smith, angered by jealousy, shot her husband through the stomach and lung and then shot herself.

The Chicago team of the American Baseball association won the world's championship by defeating the Chicago team of the National association, winning four out of six games. The total receipts for the six games was $105,540. Of this amount the players' share is $33,401.70.

The Portland and Seattle railway, which is being built down the north bank of the Columbia river in Washington by James J. Hill, will give the Hill roads a new and greatly improved line into Portland, Ore.

A cold wave swept over the East and South Thursday and broke all records for this season. In many sections the severe cold snap was accompanied by snowfall.

Snow fell in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky on Oct. 10, in some places the fall being more than a foot. The storm broke all records for October.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Announcement is made that Frederick Cole Fairbanks, son of the vice president of the United States, eloped from Pittsburg with Nellie Scott and, going to Steubenville, O., were married. It is stated that Mr. Fairbanks objected to the marriage. The bride is the daughter of a prominent East Side resident in Pittsburg.

Richard Croker has brought a libel suit against the London Magazine, which recently published an article charging that Croker used his position as head of Tammany Hall for his own personal gain.

President Roosevelt is said to have freely admitted, in conversation with intimate friends, that he would like to go to the United States senate at the expiration of his term to succeed Thomas C. Platt.

John D. Rockefeller has made a conditional gift of $25,000 for a building for the negro branch of the Washington (D. C.) Young Men's Christian association.

United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana is ill in Boston and all his speaking engagements for the present have been cancelled.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Herbert W. Chynoweth, a prominent attorney, who has been identified with nearly all the history making litigation in Wisconsin, is dead at Madison, aged fifty-six years.

Bishop William Arnett of the African-American Methodist Episcopal church is dead at Xenia, O. He was a native of Pennsylvania and has been a bishop since 1888.

Major J. H. Stine, president of the United States Historical society and historian of the Army of the Potomac, is dead at Washington.

Mrs. Peck, wife of former Governor George W. Peck of Wisconsin, died suddenly at Winnetka, Ill., Sunday.

Joseph H. Glidden, the inventor of the barbed wire fence, is dead at De Kalb, Ill., aged ninety-three.

Dr. H. R. Pierce, a prominent dentist of Duluth, lost his life by drowning while hunting ducks.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 13.—Wheat—Dec., 74⅛c; May, 78¾c; July, 79⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 72⅛@73⅛c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 13.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.50@5.75. Hogs—$5.90@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.00; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@6.85.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Wheat—Dec., 74⅞c; May, 79⅝c. Corn—Dec., 42⅜c; May, 43⅝c. Oats—Dec., 33⅞@34c; May, 35½c. Pork—Jan., $13.77½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@25½c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—15@19c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 10½c; springs, 10c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 13.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 78⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅞c; Oct., 77⅛c; Dec., 75⅝c; May, 79⅛c; July, 80⅛c. Flax—To arrive, $1.11⅜; on track, $1.12¼; in store, $1.11½; Oct., $1.11¼; Nov., $1.11; Dec., $1.09; Jan., $1.09⅛; May, $1.12⅜.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.30; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.55@4.50; Texans, $3.75@4.35; Westerns, $3.80@5.75; calves, $6.25@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.25@6.72½; good heavy, $6.35@6.75; rough heavy, $5.85@6.20; light, $6.25@6.72½; pigs, $5.75@6.30. Sheep, $3.65@5.45; lambs, $4.75@8.00.

Princeton Union: The language which Governor Johnson uses with regard to our railroad laws will doubtless commend him to the favor of the railroads themselves.

Warroad Plaindealer: A vote for Cole is a vote for the things you want; a vote for Johnson is—well, it is just a vote for the Democratic candidate for governor; that's all.

Pillager Leader: The state board of equalization, which Governor Johnson appoints, has added 20 per cent to our taxes and reduced the taxes of Minneapolis over six million dollars.

Le Sueur News: The governor claims little because he performed little. He has little chance of success at the polls, it seems, if sentiment stands for existing conditions.

Minneapolis Journal: John W. was really nominated before John A., but he has not complained about the Democratic convention stealing his name to make votes for its candidate.

Crookston Herald: A. L. Cole, the state development candidate, will be Minnesota's next governor, thinks Hon. J. Adam Bede. And Mr. Bede is no mean prognosticator, either.

Granite Falls Tribune: When drainage restores the Northern Minnesota lands they will be settled by thrifty farmers in a jiffy and then this state will blossom like the rose. Vote for Cole.

Senator H. J. Gjertsen: I am supporting Mr. Cole's candidacy for governor and any statement to the contrary is false. I believe that he will be elected and will make a splendid governor.

Austin Register: The Democrats must be getting "skeard" of that man Cole. They are trying to blame the Republican party for the Socialist-Labor gubernatorial candidate, John W. Johnson.

N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate and a Candidate for Re-election.

A FORCEFUL ADDRESS.

Gov. John A. Johnson in Thief River Falls Monday Morning.

Addressed a Largely Attended Meeting at Evenson Hall That Day.

Minnesota's chief executive, Gov. John A. Johnson arrived in the city Monday morning over the Soo line and at 10 o'clock that morning delivered an address to voters of Thief River Falls. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a large crowd greeted Mr. Johnson and he was frequently applauded. At 11:35 Mr. Johnson left over the Great Northern for Greenbush where he delivered an address in the afternoon and in the evening of that same day he spoke at Crookston.

At the meeting in Evenson's hall, Dr. Tupper presided and he paid a glowing tribute to Gov. Johnson in introducing him.

Governor Johnson is a man possessed of a remarkable personality and whether one believes as he does politically, it is only justice to say that he made a strong speech, which was enjoyed by political friend and foe alike.

Governor Johnson first made a plea for independent voting. He counselled his hearers to be more independent in exercising their right of sufferage, voting more for the man or the measure than in the interests of party expediency. He then proceeded to answer the query so often asked, "what has Johnson and his administration done?"

He referred to the bitter gubernatorial contest of two years ago with especial reference to the timber trespass cases. He told what his administration had done to collect for these trespasses and to preserve the remaining pine. He stated that

under his administration nearly [illegible] had been recovered to the state from various individuals and corporations.

He then took up the matter of insurance and told what had been done for the protection of the policy holders of the state from insecure companies and methods. He paid a high compliment to his insurance commissioner, Mr. O'Brien, and said the insurance department of the state had earned [illegible] over and above expenses.

In the matter of railroad transportation, he said that reductions in freight rates had been secured during his administration amounting to an average of 15 per cent. Specifically stated, he said that the rates of merchandise had been reduced 20 per cent, on coal 10 per cent and 10 per cent on grain. He said that these reductions would save the people of the state $5,000,000 annually.

Referring to drainage and state development he said Mr. Cole, his opponent, said the state was going backward. He gave facts and figures refuting this statement. He admitted that early in his legislative career he had voted against a drainage bill, and frankly stated that he had done so because he was not informed on the subject. He denied Mr. Cole's right to take credit for fathering the drainage idea and showed what he had done in the interest of drainage, both as a member of the legislature and as a governor. He said he was a firm believer in drainage, but wanted to see the work carried on properly and for the best interests of all concerned.

In closing his address the governor paid a high tribute to the state of Minnesota and reminded the voters not to forget him when they entered the booth on November 6. He amused the audience at intervals by telling several good stories and by his witty sallies, and on the whole, he made a very good impression.

HE HAS MADE GOOD.

K. M. HANSEN.

Who has served one term as county treasurer of Red Lake county and now desires to be re-elected. It is the unanimous opinion of all who have had business to transact with the treasurer that Mr. Hansen has made the best official the county has ever heard.

Treed by a Big Bear.

For three hours H. J. Wells, a farmer living near Malung, southeast of Roseau, was held up on a slim sapling a few yards away from his house by a big black bear.

Wells had gone through a small woods in search of some cattle which had strayed, and as he went along the trail was confronted by a bear which rose upon his haunches as if to attack him. Wells, being unarmed, threw his hat at the bear, and while the animal worried it the farmer climbed a nearby tree.

The bear found the tree too small for it to climb, and after spending three hours gnawing at the roots was finally driven away by a small dog, which had been attracted by Wells' cries for help.

Grand Forks Wants the Soo.

The Grand Forks papers are filled with an account of the fact that the Soo line is going to run a branch into that city. Fargo is also claiming the line. If the Soo should run into the Forks, and underneath all the rumors, there seems to be some ground for the supposition, it would probably be a branch taken there and Valley City to connect with the main line at [illegible]. A representative of the company has been in the Forks for several days looking over the ground with the idea of procuring a terminal site and the right of way into the city.

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HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1906. NUMBER 43

Historical Society

WARREN GIRL WAS SWIFT

Married Twice, Divorced Once and Now a Chorus Girl.

Her Present Husband a Millionaire and They Are Not Happy.

From stenographer to married life, then divorcee, wife of millionaire and finally chorus girl are the rapid steps in the career of Vida Mohr formerly a resident of Warren and well known to many people in Thief River Falls where she has often visited friends. Her meteoric career has been filled with exciting episodes and now she is demanding $10,000 of her husband before she will leave the comic opera chorus.

Vida Modr was a young stenographer living in a small town in the southern part of Minnesota. She was unusually pretty and attracted attention by her beauty and her striking figure. Her family was among the best in the small town, and she was highly esteemed there. She had numerous admirers and finally married one a fine young fellow, who however, squandered all his money on her and had nothing saved. After a couple of years of married life they moved to Warren and stayed there for a couple of years. Although she was very beautiful, she was an extremely jealous and malicious woman and because she became displeased at one of the young ladies at Warren she began circulating false and malicious reports about her. This finally came to her husbands ears and to the knowledge of the young lady's parents and things became so complicated that Vida was practically forced to leave Warren and was almost driven out of the town. The young woman in question proved the falsity of the statements that had been very uncomfortable for her. During this period of her career she used to visit Crookston often and is well remembered there by a number of people. She always stayed at the hotel and attracted an unusual share of attention on account of her beauty.

After they left Warren, Vida's love for her husband seemed to die a natural death and after a time they were divorced. She drifted to Cleveland and there met M. W. Becton, an old man, who had made a fortune in the manufacture of surgical instruments. He is the senior partner of the well known New York firm of Becton, Dickerson & Co., and attracted like the others by the girl's beauty, married her. That was two years ago.

He took his bride to New York where he has a beautiful home and installed her in it as its mistress. Everything went well for a time and Becton was congratulating himself upon his beautiful wife. After a while the life of sitting and doing nothing became too much for Mrs. Becton and she started out to seek diversion of some sort.

One night Becton went to the theater occupying a box as usual. His wife pleaded a head ache and he left her at home as he supposed. What was his surprise about the middle of the first act—it was a comic opera—to recognize as the most energetic and attractive of the chorus girls who filled the stage, Mrs. M. W. Becton. Then there was a scene that was not scheduled on the program.

Mrs. Becton stuck to her ground and demanded of her husband $10,000 a year if she would leave the stage. He refused and she is quoted as saying in response to inquiries:

"My stage debt and the decision about the $10,000 a year is all due to my husband. He is very parsimonious—rather miserly you might put it. Being a partner in a very prosperous business he can well afford to give me $10,000 a year, which is more than I asked before I took this step."

The people who knew her here and in Warren as the wife of a poor struggling clerk on a salary of $75 a month are wondering whether Mr. Becton is going to put up the $10,000 or whether he is going to let his wife continue in the chorus. It will be interesting to learn the result.

RURAL SCHOOL ADVANCE

Interesting Facts from Superintendent's Annual Report.

County Superintendent McAnulty has forwarded his annual report to State Superintendent Olson and from it are gleaned some statistics that are interesting in their comparison with former years. In 1904 the total enrollment was 3928 and in 1906 it was 4458. In the number of scholars entitled to apportionment was 3338 and 3925; the number not entitled to apportionment, 590 and 373; number of districts having school eight months or more, 20 and 37; number of scholars drawing special state aid, 3 and 20; number of school libraries 6 and 35; number of districts in the county, 79 and 94. During the past two years eighteen districts have been organized in eleven towns, six of them have built school houses and the others will nearly all build this fall. During the past year twice as many first graded certificates have been issued as were issued last year.

Married in Iowa.

Last Wednesday, October 17, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Evans, of Kingsley, Iowa, occurred the marriage of Mr. Clair A. Baker to Miss Erma Evans. The groom is the cashier of the First National bank of this city and a young man possessing many sterling qualities. Mr. and Mrs. Baker will be at home to friends after the 12th of November.

TRYING TO FLIM-FLAM THE PEOPLE OF WYLIE AND VICINITY.

The Great Northern Railroad and the People of Red Lake Falls Are Endeavoring to Destroy the Little Hamlet of Wylie.

The people of the little hamlet of Wylie and the farmers living near that place who are depending upon Wylie for a market place are up against an injunction case somewhat similar to that of Thief River Falls in the county seat matter.

The city of Thief River Falls, however, which is large enough to take care of itself, is able to fight its own battle against the Red Lake Falls gang, but in the case of Wylie it is the weak against the strong for in addition to fighting the Red Lake Falls gang the people of Wylie have to fight the largest corporation in the state of Minnesota—the Great Northern railway.

As is well known, the Great Northern railroad, acting at the instigation of the "business interests" of Red Lake Falls desires to take up the railroad track from Wylie to St. Hilaire. A little over a year ago the company ordered the grain elevators and business men to abandon the town of Wylie, offering special inducements to them if they would do this. All of the elevators (one owned by the Red Lake Falls Milling company) and some of the business men complied with this request. The object of the railroad was to have all business at Wylie abandoned, and the object of Red Lake Falls was to kill the town and to force the farmers living in the vicinity of Wylie to do their trading and sell their wheat (where there is only one buyer) at Red Lake Falls. A few of the business men could not be bulldozed and announced their intention of remaining at Wylie and continuing to conduct their business there. These merchants have the backing of the farmers who live in this vicinity who do not desire to lose their nearest market and be dependent entirely upon the market at Red Lake Falls where there is no competition and they would have to accept the prices paid in Red Lake Falls or keep their produce. Accordingly the business men of Wylie and the farmers living in that vicinity formed a company the purpose of which is to build an elevator at Wylie on the Great Northern right-of-way. Application was made to the Great Northren railroad for a site upon which to construct this elevator. The Great Northern refused to grant this request. These Wylie people are not of the milk and water variety and propose to have their rights as American citizens. Accordingly they commenced the erection of an elevator on the Great Northern right-of-way, that company being a public service corporation and having no legal or moral right to refuse them. The next move of the Great Northern is to get out an injunction restraining the Wylie people from erecting this elevator and in addition demanding damages to the amount of $1,000. The game of the railroad appears to be to wear the small business men and farmers of Wylie out by expensive litigation. Whether or not they will be successful remains to be seen.

One thing is certain and that is that this railroad corporation has no moral right to take up this piece of track between Wylie and St. Hilaire which has been in operation for a period of about twenty years. People who have purchased lots in Wylie and who own farm lands near this place were influenced largely in the price they paid for their property by the fact of a railroad station being located at Wylie. Shall these people, many of them who have small holdings, suffer a depreciation in the values of their property, just because the Great Northern railroad desires to aid a business concern at Red Lake Falls? We do not believe the road has any legal right to tear up this piece of track, and the Great Northern's only hope of winning in this matter is to force the people of Wylie to abandon the fight by making a very expensive legal battle. They should have the sympathy and aid of all the people in this section in their heroic fight against this great corporation and the dastardly treachery of Red Lake Falls.

SEED GRAIN CONTEST

Will Be Held in Red Lake Falls November 30.

The seed grain contest, for which the children of Red Lake county have been preparing during the summer, will be decided November 30, at which time all contestants for the prizes are expected to bring in their samples to Red Lake Falls. There will be judges here from the state agricultural college at Minneapolis. The requirements of the contest call for the exhibition of a peck of wheat or oats and ten heads of the same and for corn 12 heads. The first prize is $200 for each of the three grains, $150 for the second and $50 for the third. A complimentary round trip to Minneapolis will be given to the winners. There are also prizes given by merchants aggregating $250. The contest will be open for two days, November 30 and December 1.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—Subscribe for the News.

WE LOVE HIM FOR THE ENEMIES HE HAS MADE.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN,

Who is opposed by the Red Lake Falls gang in his candidacy for county auditor because he stands for the people of Red Lake county and not for the special interests of the gang at Red Lake Falls. A vote for John B. O'Brien is a vote for the "square deal". His election means a victory for the people. Let no one be deceived.

You fellows who pay good

Money for clothes ought to get good clothes for your money. But you won't if you're not careful where you go for them and what you buy when you get there.

You'll find lots of cheap, "mercerized cotton" goods offered for sale, some of this clothing looks very good, in the window; some of it has style and goes under a good name; but it wears like cotton. It costs less than all wool and is usually worth less than it costs.

We sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes because they're all-wool; because we know they are; because we can depend on it. You know what you are getting when you get a Hart, Schaffner & Marx label. There is no fooling with quality in these goods; no cotton adulteration cunningly hidden to cheapen them, without your knowledge. We offer you honest clothes.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."

The home of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits. The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats.

THE STAR
STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

Have You Any of the Following Articles

Which you would like to have cleaned before the fall entertainments start?

Fine silk or woolen dress, silk or woolen shirt waist, skirt, jacket, cravennette coat, opera shawl, kid gloves, opera gloves, fan, white kid slippers, hat, plumes, feather, bird and all kinds of fur you can get cleaned or dyed. You can have lace dyed to match your dress. I clean also embroideries curtains and draperies.

Do you know that some garments which you now think are of no use to you may look nice if you only had them cleaned and pressed. In the "Dying and Cleaning Establishment" you can get anything cleaned or dyed.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

PRAISE FOR STANTON.

Two Prominent Marshall County Citizens in the City the First of the Week.

L. S. Bayrell, of Argyle, candidate for county attorney of Marshall county, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week, returning from a trip to the eastern part of Marshall county where he had been doing some campaign work. Mr. Bayrell is one of the pioneer attorneys of Marshall county, and has served a number of terms as county attorney, and always gave the best of satisfaction. In speaking of the candidacy of E. M. Stanton for the office of county attorney in Red Lake county, Mr. Bayrell said to the News.

"The voters of Red Lake county will certainly make no mistake if they elect E. M. Stanton as their county attorney. Mr. Stanton was my successor in office and he gave the people of Marshall county the best of satisfaction. No one can say that he made one mistake while he held the office and he was always faithful in attending to his duties."

Robert Tell, who for 27 years has resided upon a farm near Argyle and was well acquainted with Mr. Stanton corroborated all that Mr. Bayrell said and was inclined to make it a little stronger. Mr. Tell is at present a candidate for sheriff of Marshall county.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

The boys of the chemistry class are learning the rudiments of glass-blowing.

Wanted—A supply of pencils, by the chronic whisperers. Those pencils that will write by their own motive power preferred.

Monday was the day of class meetings. The Seniors discussed the coming class-play but arrived at no definite plan. The matter needs much deliberation.

The Juniors discussed the possibilities and probabilities of aiding the Seniors with the class-play.

The Sophomores appointed a committee to look up class mottoes. They also chose their class flower, the dark red rose.

We, the Seniors, beg to say that the Junior reporter who cast such heart-breaking slurs upon the gentler sex of our class, is not himself possessed of those virtues which he described them as lacking. That position might have been filled long ago were we not so careful to accept none but the best. The best is none too good.

The Freshman elected their class officers. Ida Ove is president, Earl Weeks is vice-president and Lillian Mussey is secretary and treasurer. Truly the Freshmen have at last heeded the command to "Wake Freshmen, Wake".

Scientists will no doubt be pleased to learn that has discovered a new weight for water—that is, that one gram weighs about sixteen pounds. That must be the reason that boys so dislike the task of carrying water.

The present Vergil class is prepared to translate any and all parts of Book I. Any one desiring a translation can obtain one at reasonable rates.

Tests to right of them,
Tests to left of them,
To the mysterions tests,
Go they, with bated breath
Hoping that all old tests,
That ever student worried,
May under fathoms, deep of sea
Be everlastingly buried.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the undersigned for the erection of a school house in District No. 44, town of Clover Leaf, ten miles from Thief River Falls.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the jewelry store of Samuel Arneson in Thief River Falls.

Bids must be in the hands of the undersigned not later than Wednesday, Oct. 31. Building must be completed by the 15th of November.

Address bids to C. Torrison, Box 323, Thief River Falls, Minn.

The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it *cures the cold*. That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

GOOD SHOWING.

Local Creamery Pays 25 Cents for Butter Fat in September.

Treasurer Parbat, of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery association, was in the city yesterday and furnished the News with a statement of the business done during the month of September. A total of 16,689 pounds of butter fat was received and for this the sum of $2,931,25 was paid to the farmers of this vicinity, the price paid for butter fat being 25 cents per pound.

It is the intention to keep the creamery running all winter, and next year the business of the institution will be more than double according to the views of Mr. Parbat.

The Lyceum Lecture Course Begins Monday evening Oct. 29th 1906.

Did you ever hear a violin talk? If not, come and hear Dorothy Nehrbas make it talk at the Evenson Hall, Monday evening, Oct. 29th 1906. A program of readings, solos, duets and violin, given by the Retz-Nehrbas

Combination, under the auspices of the local Lyceum Lecture Course Committee. This committee has arranged a splendid course of entertainments, to be given in Evenson Hall during the winter.

The Retz-Nehrbas Combination, (a concert) Oct. 29th 1906.
S. Lorenzo Zwickey, (the "Philosophy of the Beautiful") Nov. 22nd 1906.
The Emily Waterman Concert Company, Dec. 17th 1906.
Hon. G. A. Gearhart, Lecture, Topic to be selected, Jan. 5th 1907.
The Colonial Saxophone Quartette, Feb. 12th 1907.

For the above course we sell season tickets for $2.00 each.
Single admission adult tickets for 50 cents each.
School Childrens tickets (half price) course ticket $1.00 each.
Single admission School childrens ticket for 25 cents each.

No extra charge for reserved seat. Tickets no on sale at Stebbin's Drug Store.

Get your tickets now and come to Retz Nehrbas Entertainment next Monday evening, at 8:30 o'clock in tha Evenson Hall.

A Quiet Home Wedding.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Horton in this city, last evening occurred the marriage of their daughter, Bessie Mae to Mr. Beloit Newell Lewis of Franklin, Pennsylvania. Rev. Stout, of Minneapolis, brother-in-law of the groom, assisted by Rev. Charles Flesher of this city performed the ceremony.

Miss Grace Britton, of Superior, was bridesmaid while Mr. Harold Horton, brother of the bride attended the groom.

Only relatives of the contracting parties and a few intimate friends were invited. They left last night, over the Soo for their home.

Sues For Damages.

Tuesday Michael Murphy, proprietor of the Commercial hotel at Twin Valley, began suit through Attorney Brattland, of Ada, against Alfred Aamoth and Vernon Smith, both of Twin Valley, in the sum of $2,150 in each case or a total of $4,300. The suit is for damages sustained Oct. 3, in an altercation at Twin Valley between Murphy and the two defendants, in which Murphy sustained a broken leg and was otherwise seriously bruised. Murphy asks $150 from each for the doctor's bill and $2,000 from each for personal damages. The case will come up at the November term of court.—Ada Index.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sunday morning worship at 11 o'clock. Subject "The Tempest or Still Small Voice—Which?"

Sunday School at 12 o'clock.

Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:45.

Sunday evening worship at 7:30.

Subject Making the most of Life's Fragments.

Thursday evening prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock.

We will welcome all who come to our church.

F. J. Barackman,
Pastor.

House and two lots for sale or rent. Good seven room residence cheap if taken soon. In good location. Inquire at the First National Bank.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	61c
Oats	30c
Flax	100
Butter	20c
Eggs	20c

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Read Sharbach's ad.

Dr. Tupper was up to Middle River yesterday.

W. J. McKinley came up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

P. W. Mabey went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Architect Strassberger was up from Crookston yesterday.

Dr. Gambell was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Herbert Mark was up from Fosston the first of the week.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston was in the city yesterday.

Peter Eberhardt went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Mrs. Gillick gave a dinner for Miss Horton last Monday night.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday Evening at 7:45.

Read what Sharbach has to say about shoes on another page in this issue.

F. T. Satre left Tuesday for his claim up in the Lake of the Woods country.

Miss Hoover is in the city from Chicago visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Bishop.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

State Senator Ole Masten, of Aitkin, was in the city yesterday visiting his old friend John Morgan.

Read the ad of the Peoples State Bank in this issue and find out their plans of making farm loans.

Harry B. Healy and E. G. Buse, of Red Lake Fake Falls, were in the city the first of the week.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve a supper on the evening of November 6th, election day.

O. L. Bakken, the tailor, left Tuesday night for Benson, Minn., called there by the death of his brother-in-law.

—For Sale or Trade—My store building on North Main avenue. Will trade for farm land. Inquire of E. M. Evenson.

Miss Sarah Vaughan, who had been at Kalispell, Mont., visiting her sister, Mrs. C. L. Dobner is expected to return home today.

Mrs. Bagley, who had been in the city for several weeks visiting her son, S. W. Bagley, returns Friday evening to her home at Owatona, Minn.

Mrs. John Norton, who had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton, returned to her home at Lockport, Illinois, last Sunday night.

Sunday night at 7:30. Scandinavian meeting in the S. D. A. church right across from the Soo Depot. Subject: The Government of God. All welcome.

Edward Ekman has opened up a restaurant in the building formerly occupied by Foss & Kjos' saloon. He has named his restaurant the Maple Leaf and is sure to enjoy a good patronage.

W. A. Kratka this week sold his residence on the East Side to Oscar Sponheim, of the Peoples State Bank. Mr. Kratka and family will leave the latter part of December for California to make their future home.

Mr. H. A. Murphy, representing Gordon & Ferguson, will be here on the 30th and 31st with a complete line of ladies furs and fur-lined coats, men's furs and fur-lined coats. Come and make your selection at the Golden Rule.

Sex Bulman was in the city the first of the week from Island Lake, Beltrami county where Bulman Bros. are logging this winter. They now have a crew of about 60 men at work and Mr. Bulman was here for the purpose of engaging more men.

Nels Nelson, who had been in Chicago for the past year, returned to this city last week and will make his home in the future with Rev. L. J. Parbat in the town of Norden. Mr. Nelson used to live in this sectiona number of years ago and is pleased to again return to Red Lake county.

Allen Benzie an old time Thief River Falls boy, was in the city the first of the week from Warren, where he is now located, and was accompanied by a bride. Last Saturday he was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Keenan, one of the charming young ladies of Warren. Mr. Benzie's many friends here extended congratulations.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

—Wanted—First class dairy farmers. We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gerkey.

Farm Loans!
Easy Terms!

If you desire to make a loan on your farm, it will be to your interest to consult us. One of our plans for loans is on 10 years time, 7 per cent interest, no commission, with privilege of paying 1-5 on the 1st or 15th of any month of the year. Interest on the amount paid will stop on the day it is paid. We also have other plans for making loans on easy terms. We extend to all a cordial invitation to come and see us.

Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE,
President.

T. P. HAMRE,
Cashier.

OSCAR SPONHEIM,
Assistant Cashier.

C. W. JOHNSON.

CANDIDATE FOR CLERK OF COURT.

C. W. Johnson, republican candidate for clerk of court of Red Lake county was born on a farm in Sweden in 1875. He became a resident of this county in 1881, was educated in the public schools. He attended the academic department of Gustavus Adolphus College at St. Peter, Minnesota, graduating from the commercial department of this school in the year 1900. He pledges to devote his entire time to the duties of this office and further that he will conduct the affairs of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

Hallock News: The steel trust extended every courtesy to Governor Johnson during his trip on the iron range. A gorgeously fitted private car and a special train were placed at his disposal. The machine shops were shut down to oblige the governor.

Bigelow Signal: There never was a reform in our railroad laws suggested that railroad lobbyists did not set up the cry "we have laws good enough." Governor Johnson's declaration that our laws are "efficient and sufficient" looks as if the corporations had a new recruit.

Thief River Falls Press: No wonder our governor thinks no more laws are needed, that our laws are "efficient and sufficient." He is possibly afraid that candidates for office will eventually be denied the right to ride on special trains donated by generous railroad magnates.

DUSTLESS COUNTRY ROADS.

Asphalt Used In Place of Macadam on New Jersey Highways.

If the experiments to be conducted by State Road Commissioner E. C. Hutchinson of New Jersey turn out successfully, as he predicts they will, the day of the dustless country road is at hand, and automobiling will be given a boom in New Jersey surpassing even that which its unexcelled macadam road system has given it, says a dispatch from Trenton, N. J. Commissioner Hutchinson will during the summer experiment with the use of asphalt instead of macadam for building country roads. The roads built of this material in the rural districts will not be like the smooth surfaced street pavement of the city streets, but will resemble the macadam roads in that they will have small broken stones for their principal component, and these will be bound solidly together by asphalt. This will present a hard surface from which there will be no wearing of small particles to be whirled in clouds of dust in the faces of travelers and in the homes of bordering residents.

Commissioner Hutchinson's experiments have attracted the attention of road builders all over the United States, who are watching the result with the deepest interest. Mr. Hutchinson asserts that the asphalt country road will cost no more than the macadam, and that its wearing qualities will surpass those of the material at present commonly used.

Within the last few months Commissioner Hutchinson has been bobbing up most unexpectedly at the scenes of new road operations in different parts of the state. This is the result of the recent acquisition by his department of an automobile, which enables the commissioner to keep his eye on new road work much more readily than he could before. Contractors and inspectors receive no notice of the commissioner's approach, and consequently any shortcomings of which they may be guilty in the construction are quickly exposed to the gaze of the official who has the say in the distribution of the state's road appropriations. In several counties Commissioner Hutchinson has pounced down upon derelict contractors and inspectors, and he has not hesitated to call the attention of boards of freeholders to the conditions that he found, and in some instances he has exercised his authority of withholding the state's money until the work was properly done.

Commissioner Hutchinson is at present paying particular attention to applications presented to him for new roads. He insists that only the most traveled roads be improved, and in this way instead of building roads that will benefit only a small section he is accomplishing the joining of the chain of macadam roads crossing the state in all directions. This encourages automobiling, and in consequence the state treasury is enriched the more by the increase of the receipts of its automobile department. The day of the narrow macadam road, ten and twelve feet in width, has passed, and Commissioner Hutchinson now enforces strictly the rule that he laid down when he entered upon his office—that no road less than sixteen feet in width be built in New Jersey.

State Highway Department.

Virginia is to have a state highway department. The bill, which has passed the senate, provides for a state highway commissioner, to be appointed by the governor and confirmed by the legislature, and an assistant, both of whom must be civil engineers, and the commissioner, together with the professors of engineering in the University of Virginia, the Military Institute and the Polytechnic Institute, are to constitute the highway commission. Local authorities are to apply to the commissioner when they desire permanent road improvement, and on his advice the work will be undertaken. The county is to supply necessary materials and tools, and the state will supply convict labor free of cost to the locality. The first year will necessarily be largely devoted to preparation and organization, after which a liberal state aid measure is expected.

Adopts the County Road System.

One-half of the taxes in the village of Munising, Mich., is paid by the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company. This company has agreed to expend $1 for every dollar raised by the village for permanent street improvements, so that, in fact, three-fourths of the cost of street improvements will be paid by the company. Alger county, in which Munising is located, has, following the lead of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, adopted the county road system and voted to raise $100,000 for road improvement in the county.

Dragging South Kansas Roads.

The three rural route carriers from Wellsville, Kan., report forty miles of dragged roads on their seventy-five mile routes, says the Kansas City Times. The work is the direct result of the agitation recently started when the Good Roads special sent out by the Santa Fe railroad stopped there and D. Ward King made a practical demonstration of the possibilities of the "split log" drag. At that time seventy five farmers and business men agreed to build and operate drags.

Subscribe for the News.

Dr. Doran's Cure for Cancer.

Authoritative Insurances of the Treatment's Curative Results.

The Treatment Produces Almost Immediately a Complete Relief From Pain.

Cancer as a rule has no respect for person, climate altitude or position. It is found as often in the larger cities of the United States as it is throughout the country. Dr. Doran affording himself of the opportunity by his frequent visits professionally to the different parts of the United States has had acces to a proportionate percentage larger than that of any other known physician. His plan of treatment beginning some several years ago has extended to now almost all parts of the United States. Doctors in general are willing to admit of his ability and while there are a few in particular who do not like the methods *pursued by Dr. Doran, still* they cannot help from admitting that he is a wonderful element in the profession. The one particular complaint laid at the door of Dr. Doran's method is that of advertising. The old time school of medical ethics and unwritten law prohibits advertising. Not that the plan of advertising detracts or interfers with any physician's professional ability but it is not considered by doctors as a whole as a fair and square deal. In fact the doctor business the code of medical ethics and the adhering to that plan of ethics is what we might term a trust, a law or an understanding that binds physicians socially to carry out a certain plan of laws formulated and known to themselves only, Dr. Doran has always believed in letting the good things be known. He is an explorer, a scientist and a man who is constantly seeking new improvements, new ideas and anything of value intended to be of benefit to his patients. He has demonstrated to himself the localities in which certain special diseases may more or less be prevalent or where certain special deseases may be more or less benefitted and where certain diseases are not especially adapted to the location. As for instance interview with him not long since when he was traveling through Arizona, Mexico and Texas Dr. Doran made the astonishing statement that of all climates that he had ever sent patients with lung troubles to he thought that New Mexico, West Texas and Arizona to be the best, the atmosphere being such as to completely render inactive the germs of the disease and allow the patients to regain rapidly their health. Dr. Doran has a faculty of understanding diseases thoroughly even from the beginning. It is said that he can name the disease of any patient without asking a question and that he is perhaps the only physician who can do so. Numerous cases have come to our knowledge where we know them to have been given up by their family physician, who have gone to Dr. Doran and easily become cured. Not that he possesses any supernatural healing power or any greater amount of medicinal remedies but that he knows the disease, knows where it is located and knows what to do for it without any experimental. Since locating his office in St. Paul, Minn., about ten years ago he has spent about half of his time in this northwest country.

He is treating patients from almost every town and country within this northwest. They all speak in the highest praise of him and claim that his medicines really act wonders.

Diseases of women, which require more ability and skill in their treatment than any other class of diseases are treated with the greatest success by methods original with Dr. Doran and 90 per cent of the usual operations are avoided. Operations, as is well known even the slightest of them are attended with danger and when a system of treatment is so affected as to render a cure possible without operating it is certainly one to be considered. Dr. Doran's system of treatment means natural medication, it means no poisons, given it means no disease produced or injury done, it means a most successful system of medicine known, all as a result of his experience in his large continued practice. Ten years of the largest and most successful practice in the Northwest is evidence of the superiority of his ability and integrity. Dr. Doran furnishes his own medicine. His laboratory is known to contain the largest assortment of pure medicines of any laboratory to be found throughout the United States. He is directly interested in each patient, therefore when he treats them and the medicines are prepared directly under his supervision he knows the patients are getting just what he intended them to have. Dr. Doran has cured chronic diseases at peoples' homes and cured them when all other remedies had failed. Other physicians have come and have imitated Dr. Doran. They have copied his methods all over the country and while he has been imitated he has not been equalled.

We take the liberty to mention some recent cures which had been pronounced incurable. One is that of Mrs. A. W. Martin Nord, Minn. She had cancer of the face. Had been treated by ordinary methods and had been growing worse. Mrs. Martin was treated by Dr. Rea who followed Dr. Doran's line of treatment for this deadly disease.

In the treatment for catarrh, rheumatism, blood diseases, diseases of the nervous system and other general diseases Dr. Doran perhaps has no equal.

A. C. Myer, Ormsby, Minn. Cured of bad cancer of the lip in two treatments. Cured by the injection plan.

H. C. Morrison traveling man for the Walter A. Wood concern, cured of chonic rheumatism, cured in three months after he not been able to do a lick of work for eight months. Cured to stay cured.

Oscar Halstein, Fargo, N. D. Cured of consumption with Dr. Doran's plan of treatment. Mr. Halstein was cured by another doctor but used Dr. Doran's plan of treatment.

Tom Irwin, Magnolia, Minn. Cured of early consumption. The diseases had been coming on Mr. Irwin for a long time. He is now thoroly well and able to work every day.

Mrs. Sarah Walters, Pipestone Minn. Cured of chronic female troubles, stomach troubles. Mrs. Walters was very bad and given up to die.

F. Densmore, Spring Valley, S. D. Cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach cured quickly with medicines such as he had never taken before.

Mrs. C. W. Howard, Edgerton, Minn. Cured of tubercular glands of the neck—cured to stay cured in 3 month's treatment.

Mrs. James Inglis, Hallock, Minn. Cured of articular rheumatism after other doctors failed to give her any relief.

J. W. Nickolsen 16 Nourse st., St. Anthony Park, Minn. Cured of chronic kidney troube of long standing.

D. D. Defenbaugh, 310 Jackson N. E. Minneapolis Minn. Cured of cancer.

A. C. Bruinner, St. Anthony Park, Minn. Cured of varicocele.

Chas. Goswell, Lumber Exchange Building, Minneapolis, Minn. Cured of chronic blood diseases. There is not a pimple on Mr. Goswell's body. He says Dr. Doran's treatment for private and nervous diseases cannot be beat.

Will Older, Mitchell, S. D. Cured of constant drains of his system which would have ruined him mentally and socially.

Mrs. John Grove, Winnibago, Minn. Cured of early consumption. She says Dr. Doran's treatment works like magic.

Mrs. H. C. Dorman, Minniski, Minn. Cured of piles with one treatment, without cutting and without use of medicines. Cured by the famous injection plan, which never fails to cure.

Edgar Putman, Weaver, Minn. Cured of chronic skin diseases, eczema, after all other kinds of treatment had failed to do him any gooh at all.

A. Fullwier Round Lake, Minn. Cured of chronic kidney troubles and acute Bright's disease after other doctors had failed to do her any good whatever.

Dr. Doran will continue to visit professionally some of the principal towns thruout the State of Minnesota; his home office is Medical Block, St. Paul. Consultations, examinations to those interested, $1.00.

Thief River Falls, Hotel Rushford, Wednesday November, 7.

Bronson, Hotel Bronson, Thursday November 8.

Stephen, Home Restaurant Friday November 9.

Hallock, Pacific Hotel, Saturday, November 10

WARREN
MINNESOTA
BUSINESS SCHOOL

Students May Enter at Any Time.

FINEST EQUIPMENT

EFFICIENT INSTRUCTION

Send for Catalog.

W. O. BRAGGANS,
L. L. B., L. L. M. C. of M.
Court Reporter to
the Hon. A. Grindeland.

J. H. KIZER,
B. S., B. A. Valparaiso University
Instructor, Stenographer,
Accountant.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

HUNDREDS KILLED BY STORM.

The death list as a result of Thursday's hurricane along the Florida coast will exceed 1,000. Some estimates go beyond 1,500. Millions of dollars' worth of property was destroyed. Workmen on the extension of the Florida East Coast railroad from Miami to Key West suffered most. Ten barges, each bearing 150 men, were torn from their moorings and carried out to sea. Of these barges Numbers 6 and 7 were blown across Biscayne bay and went aground, with the loss of only a few lives. Another barge, No. 4, was broken up by the heavy sea. Forty-nine of the men were picked up by the Austrian steamer Jennie, which took the refugees to Key West. The other barges, with their 1,050 workmen, have not been heard from and it is feared that they have been destroyed. Fears are entertained for the entire fishing and fruit fleet, as no word has been received from any of the vessels.

During the hurricane of Oct. 17 a tidal wave engulfed Elliott Key, an island twenty-five miles south of Miami, Fla. Of the 250 residents all are believed to have perished. The same wave crushed the steamer St. Lucie and of the 100 passengers on board twenty-five were killed. Sixty others were brought to Miami in an injured condition. A barge containing 100 people is said to have been torn away from its moorings at Elliott Key and afterward picked up near the Bahama islands, fifty of her passengers having been drowned.

A cyclone of unprecedented severity, accompanied by a terrific downpour of rain, swept over the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio Oct. 17 and resulted in twenty deaths in Havana and the serious injury of a dozen or more persons. The damage is estimated at fully $1,000,000. The dead are all Cubans of the poorer class. The United States cruiser Brooklyn dragged her anchor until her stern grounded in the mud off La Regla. She got off thirty-six hours later without injury.

Telegraphic communication with the interior of San Salvador has been restored and news of the disaster wrought by the terrific storm that swept over the country is being received. Over 100 persons have been drowned in Coatepeque. A vast quantity of sulphur water was thrown out of the Chulo volcano and inundated the town of Panchinalco, killing most of the inhabitants. From other points also reports of terrible devastation are coming in.

FOREIGN NEWS.

In an address at Liverpool Richard Robert Cherry, attorney general for Ireland, announced that the government would introduce a measure for the establishment of an even more extended system of constitutional government for Ireland, thus giving Irish men to a great degree management of their own affairs.

According to the latest advices from Caracas, Venezuela, the condition of President Castro, who has been ill for some time, has grown worse. It is asserted that he can no longer speak or move and his death may occur in a few days.

The Russian wooden coasting steamer Warjagin struck a floating mine near Vladivostok and foundered on Oct. 20. Some of her passengers and crew were saved, but 150 persons were drowned.

The imminence of a formidable native rising in Morocco and Algeria is growing and the French military authorities in Algeria are in a state of apprehension.

As a result of an explosion in the Wingate colliery near Durham, Eng., twenty five miners were killed and 200 were temporarily entombed.

The French submarine boat Lutin was lost off Bizerta, Tunis, while making diving tests, her crew of fifteen going down with the vessel.

The French cabinet, headed by Premier Sarrien, has resigned and M. Clemenceau has been requested to form a new ministry.

The Bank of England has raised its discount rate to 6 per cent in order to protect its gold reserve, which is rapidly diminishing.

The libel suit of Richard Croker against the publishers of the London Magazine has been settled out of court.

Manuel Silveira, the alleged absconding banker of Havana, is said to have reached Caracas, Venezuela.

Edward J. Saunderson, Irish Unionist member of parliament for Armagh North, is dead.

EVENTS IN CUBA.

Reports received at Havana from all over the island show that agricultural operations are being gradually resumed. There are no further signs of discontent with the exception of complaints that some of the Moderate officials ought to be removed.

Orders will be issued within a few days for the withdrawal of all but 500 of the marines now in Cuba. They will be replaced by additional levies of troops drawn from the United States until the total force in Cuba numbers about 7,000.

Major Ladd has reported to Governor Magoon that he has finished counting the funds in the Cuban treasury and found that they totalled a little more than $12,000,000, mostly in American gold. The books balanced exactly.

All of the warships in Cuban waters except two or three of the small cruisers are to be withdrawn at once.

Brown County Journal: Cole's aggressive stand on the railroad question is making him lots of friends.

Mankato Free Press: John A. Johnson is a disciple of Bryan and stands for the vagaries of the Nebraskan.

Windom Reporter: Mr. Cole's appearance is that of a modest, fearless, self possessed man, fair, and with impulses in accord with the impulses of the people.

S. H. SHARBACH
CASH MERCHANDISER.

Beginning Monday Morning at 8 o'clock, October 29, the greatest sale ever attempted in this city: over 2,000 pairs of men's, boys' ladies' and children's shoes of all kinds and descriptions; two full factory sample lines, not road samples, of the well known C. Gotzian & Co. shoes, the kind our fathers wore in the war '61-'65. There are none better. A full dray load of shoes. There are shoes for men, shoes for boys, shoes for ladies, shoes for girls and the babies, too. What about the price? You can depend on that being right, or I would not have tackeled such a quantity. Now don't miss this big shoe sale, you can't afford to. Come and see even if you don't buy.

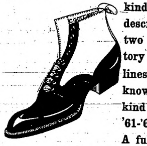

New lot of those famous A. B. C. cloaks all the latest up to the minute fashion. Just in. The swellest that ever came to town.

Big Cap Sale, bought at 50 cents on the dollar, 50c, 75c and $1 caps for, choice, 39c.

Ladies Walking Hats, big selection choice, 98c.

Trimmed hats ready to wear, new lot just arrived, choice $1.98 and $2.48, worth up to $4.00.

Big snap in ribbon, the new plaid and changeable taffeta, values to 35c, sale next week at a yard 18c.

Men's fleece lined underwear, the 50c kind, sale next week, a garment 39c.

Cotton blankets good quality, usually sold at 60c, sale price 48c a pair.

The Store that Leads in Low Prices

First Door West of Postoffice, Dobner-Meehan Block.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:13 pm
1:25 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Subscribe for the News.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 25, 1906.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

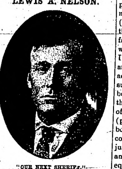

"OUR NEXT SHERIFF."

Lewis A. Nelson, who is making a whirlwind campaign for the office of sheriff, is one of the old residents of this section. He settled in the county north of what is now Thief River Falls nineteen years ago, and until the railroad extended north to Thief River Falls, used to haul wheat and do his trading at St. Hilaire. He is a man well qualified for the office he seeks.

"Jim" Ford, The Great.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette published a whole lot of slush last week to the effect that James E Ford prevented the state board of equalization from raising the valuation of farm lands in this county. The Gazette said that the farm lands in other counties in this vicinity were raised, but in order to do this great man Ford a favor, the state board did not raise the valuation of Red Lake county lands. We know nothing regarding this matter and as it would be too difficult a job to go to all parts of this great state and interview all of the different members of the state board of equalization, we cannot of course successfully contradict the statement made by the Gazette. We presume, however, that the state board of equalization heard that Mr. Ford had the fight of his life on and in order to do him a favor, did not raise the valuation of farm lands in this county.

We had always been of the opinion that the state board was created for the sole purpose of equalizing the assessments of different counties. We have always known that Red Lake county land was assessed at about the same value per acre as our neighboring county of Marshall on the north, Polk to the south and west and Clearwater to the east. We know farther that the county board of equalization, of which Mr. Ford is the clerk, raised the valuation of farm lands in Red Lake county all the way from 50 to 100 per cent. Possibly the valuations in neighboring counties were low as compared with Red Lake and had to be raised to make the tax equal.

But if Mr. Ford had such a great influence with the state board of equalization and in order to help out reservation farmers who were just getting started and the other farmers who have had poor crops for a couple of years past, why did he not use his great and mighty influence with the state board of equalization and prevent that body from making such exorbitant raises upon other articles which the farmers own? We are infomed by the official records of the state board of equalization, which has but recently adjourned that not one article of personal property in Red Lake county was lowered in value. There were a large number of increases made and some of these articles are what farmers usually own. Below we publish from the official records of the state board of equalization some of the articles, together with the per cent the valuation was increased:

Horses—2 years old, 15 per cent.

Cattle—1 year old, 60 per cent, 2 years old, 60 per cent; cows, 50 per cent; oxen, 20 per cent; all other cattle, 3 years old and over, 75 per cent.

Sheep—40 per cent.

Hogs—10 per cent,

Wagons, buggies, and vehicles—25 per cent.

Household goods—100 per cent.

Farm tools, implements etc.—66⅔ per cent.

Now if there is any article of personal property which the farmers of Red Lake county own ("these struggling new settlers on the reservation" and "the other farmers who have had poor crops") we would like to know what it is. It would seem to us that this great and mighty man, Mr. Ford, who according to his own tell had sufficient influence with the state board of equalization to prevent them from raising the valuation of farm lands in Red Lake county (previously raised by the county board from 50 to 100 per cent) could at the same time have used just a little bit of his influence and prevented the state board of equalization from raising the valuation of personal property owned by the farmers all the way from 10 to 100 per cent as enumerated above. By reason of these increased valuations in personal property, the farmers of Red Lake county will have to pay thousands of more dollars in taxes. And why?-Simply because "Jim" Ford (we presume that is the reason) forgot to tell the state board of equalization not to raise the valuation upon this class of property. Mr. Ford told the state board not to raise our farming lands and the state board didn't. It is therefore to be inferred that if Mr. Ford had told the state board not to raise the valuation of personal property, no changes would have been made. This man Ford is truely great and mighty, but a little forgetful.

Candidates for office who will not do their duty should be elected to stay at home.

"One good term deserves another." That is true of K. M. Hansen, who desires and deserves *another term as county treasurer.*

The interests of Red Lake Falls are entirely looked after, so we are told, by John Duffy and Frank Grady. They allow Matt Skala and a few others to pay taxes once a year. Isn't that kind of them!

The attempt upon the part of the Red Lake Falls gang to bribe S. T. Johnson was a failure. Mr. Johnson is not for sale. That is the kind of county officials Red Lake county wants. We have had enough of the bribe-taking kind.

> The Thief River Falls papers, both Republican in politics, are running pictures and write-ups of S. T. Johnson, the candidate of Thief River for court commissioner, who was nominated as a Democrat. —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

This is the first truthful statement we have seen in the Red Lake Falls Gazette for a long time. The News might further state that the reason both Thief River Falls papers are supporting Mr. Johnson for the office of court commissioner is simply this: The court commissioner is the person who issues all of the fake injunctions that Red Lake Falls has had issued against the officials and county commissioners of Red Lake county, thereby putting the county to much legal expense. It was the Red Lake Falls court commissioner that issued the injunction restraining the county commissioners from re districting Red Lake county into five just and equitable districts, and which is depriving the voters of the reservation (eleven whole townships) of having any representation upon the county board. We want a court commissioner that will not issue fake injunctions. We care not whether Mr. Johnson is labeled a Democrat or Republican. We know him as a man, and as a person who can be depended upon to do his duty as a citizen of Red Lake county.

HE'S OUR CANDIDATE.

E. M. STANTON.

To the old settlers of Red Lake county, E. M. Stanton, candidate for the office of county attorney, is very well and favorably known. Mr. Stanton has been a resident of the Red River Valley since the spring 1891, first locating at Crookston where for a number of years he was associated with Hon. Halvor Steenerson, our present member of congress from the Ninth district. He is recognized as one of the ablest attorneys of Northern Minnesota and is held in very high esteem by the residents of Thief River Falls and Red Lake county. You will make no mistake if you vote for him on the 6th day of November.

Now is the time for the honest men in all parts of Red Lake county to stand together.

Government by injunction" is what the people of Red Lake Falls want. They have no use for a square deal.

The Red Lake Falls Courier is making a great fight for nominees of the Democratic party—excepting of course such men as E. M. Stanton, N. W. Tarrant, K. M. Hansen and S. T. Johnson.

If "Jim" Ford had only mentioned it, perhaps the state board of equalization would let Red Lake county off without paying any taxes. But then, James is forgetful. What other reason could he have?

A recount of the votes in Red Lake Falls two years ago resulted in showing that on the office of treasurer there was a change of about fifty votes. The judges of election could not have made this mistake unless it was done intentionally.

The people of Wylie now know something about the injunction business. They are getting a dose of what Red Lake Falls has been dishing up for Thief River Falls. Vote for S. T. Johnson, the man who is running for court commissioner on an anti-injunction platform.

Matt Skala at one time offered the people of Red Lake county the rent of a very desirable building as a court house, free. The people living on the south side of the river in Red Lake Falls fought this proposition. Had it been left to the voters of Red Lake county, Mr. Skala's proposition would have been accepted.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette is doing some kicking because the two Republican papers of Thief River Falls are not supporting a Republican for court commissioner. And yet the Gazette, a Republican paper, devoted its whole front page to booming Ford, the Democratic candidate for county auditor. And is supporting just four of the Republican candidates for office in this county.

A subscriber of the News in Red Lake Falls (by the way he is not a member of the gang down there) writes and tells the reason why the Red Lake Falls candidates are going to lose in the present election and also says that Red Lake Falls will eventually lose the county seat. "Why, what can you expect," says the writer of the letter, "when a man like Frank Grady, who has not a dollar's worth of real property in the town, is made one of the chief moguls, and a man like Matt Skala, who perhaps has more property interests in and near Red Lake Falls than any other man, is entirely ignored?" We can't answer the question, but perhaps Mr. Duffy can.

If an official will not do his sworn duty he is an unsafe man to have in office. Vote for those who are pleged to do their duty. Others should not be electad.

"Jim" Ford may have great "influence" with the state board of equalization, but he hasn't as much influence with us fellows who live in Red Lake county and know him.

By the practice of fraud, tampering with the ballot boxes and making false returns, the gang at Red Lake Falls has grown quite strong. The people, however, are finding them out and you will see a big change in the vote of Red Lake county this year.

There are some honest men in Red Lake Falls. In order to be specific we name Matt Skala. He is one of the heaviest taxpayers in Red Lake county and therefore is interested in an economical government. According to the Red Lake Falls gang, Mr. Skala is a poor citizen. We would give more for one such *citizen of Thief* River Falls than we would for the whole gang at Red Lake Falls. Quality is worth more than number.

The people of Red Lake county desire a fair election and an honest count. That is something they have never had. The gang has been kept in power at Red Lake Falls by fraud. Proof of this fact is not lacking. Two years ago there was a contest for the office of county treasurer. A re count of the vote in Red Lake Falls showed a change of over 50 votes. This mistake could not have been made unless it had been done with the intention of defrauding someone out of an office.

> James E. Ford is just exactly the same man he was two years ago and four years ago.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Yes, he is the same man that came to Thief River Falls four years and two years ago and said to the people of Thief River Falls; "If you elect me county auditor and the county seat question ever comes up while I am holding office I will do my duty as a county official." That is all that Thief River Falls desires. Had Mr. Ford done this he would have been heartily supported by the people of this city this year. Yes, he is the same man that he was four and two years ago, but we have become better acquainted with him. That is the only difference.

The fight which Red Lake Falls is making against having Red Lake county re-districted into new commissioner districts shows that this town is against the people of Red Lake county. Two-thirds of the people who pay three-fourths of the taxes are represented by two county commissioners and one-third of the people who pay one-fourth of the taxes are represented by three county commissioners. Is that a square deal? What do you think of it, Mr. Voter? And also remember that County Attorney Germo, by an official act, says that there is no need of making a change.

The Red Lake Falls Courier of last week boldly charged that the Republicans and Democrats of Thief River Falls were united in supporting certain candidates for office in Red Lake county. The charge is true. The people of northern Red Lake county are making an honest and above board fight. They are trying to decieve no one. The people of Red Lake Falls are doing the same thing. The only difference is that they are not telling the truth about how they are going to vote and desire to have the people of the northern part of the county vote upon party lines, and allow those of the southern part of the county to vote for the candidates of the gang regardless of what party they belong to. That is the way they have always done in the past.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

A Cream of Tartar Powder free from alum or phosphatic acid

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Vote for candidates that will do their duty. These are the class of men that are needed in office in Red Lake county.

Since Mr. Germo has been county attorney, how many criminals, excepting those who pleaded guilty, have been convicted? We would like to have Mr. Germo answer this question?

If you had an important law case, Mr. Voter, what attorney would you employ, E. M. Stanton or Thomas Germo? We do not think you would hesitate for one moment. Why then should you vote for other than E. M. Stanton for county attorney? Is not the business of the county just as important as your own?

The Sunbeam is supporting Frank Jeffers for register of deeds in opposition to E. L. Quist, the only candidate from the reservation. It is supporting Thomas Germo who is endeavoring to deprive the settlers out there of the right to have representation and several others of the Red Lake Falls candidates. Editor Hunt is certainly losing cast with his neighbors for the residents out there are all united for the ticket which he's opposing.

The Red Lake Falls papers are circulating the story that Lewis A. Nelson has not been a resident of Red Lake county but a year. Mr. Nelson has been a resident of Thief River Falls for over a year, and prior to his coming here resided upon a homestead in Red Lake county upon which he made final proof. He is one of the pioneer residents of this section of the state and is known to all of the old settlers of Red Lake county. Circulating such stories only injures the candidacy of Dan Linnihan with those who know the facts.

YOU ALL KNOW HIM.

S. T. JOHNSON,

Who Is Running for Court Commissioner on an Anti-Injunction Platform.

The Lyceum Course Begins Oct. 29th 1906

The committee having this Course in charge has taken great care in the selection of the numbers and feels confident in giving each one its unqualified endorsement. The first number in this course will be given in Evenson's Hall, Monday evening Oct. 29th.

"The Retz-Nehbras Combination," is the name of the company which will appear, to give the first number of the Lyceum Course.

Miss Josephine Retz has given much time to full evenings alone. She sings and reads beautifully, playing her own accompaniments. She has the reputation of giving complete satisfaction.

Miss Dorothy Nehbras sings and plays the violin beautifully, and also plays accompaniments. She has a melodious, trained voice and is a violinest of power and feeling. Refined and cultured people will greatly enjoy this entertainment. Both of these ladies are of charming personality, vivacious, winning, magnetic manner. We bespeak for this company a hearty reception. Course tickets $2.00. Single admission tickets 50

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

THE NEW STORE

Sells Shoes, Laces, Cloaks, Braids and Trimmings at Less Than 25 Cents on the Dollar.

$3.00 shoes for $1.00.
5c skirt binding for 1c per yard.
$12.00 ladies coats for $4.00
Corsets worth from 50c to $2.00 We sell for 15c to 75c.
The goods we are closing regardless of cost.
Save 75c on every dollars worth of goods you buy at

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORREY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

—Cut flowers every week a Lang's greenhouse.

Miss Hazel Toye left Monday morning over the Soo for Winnipeg.

—Wanted—Two girls for general housework at the Hotel Northern.

Ed. Wilcox was up to Middle River the first of the week attending to business matters.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week looking after the interests of the Hanson & Barzen Milling company.

House and two lots for sale or rent. Good seven room residence cheap if taken soon. In good location. Inquire at the First National Bank.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston last week attending to some business matters.

Halvor Loken was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

J. H. Kaiser, manager of the Warren Business School, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

C. M. Rasmussen, proprietor of the West Hotel who has lately recovered from a seige of typhoid fever, left Saturday for Barnesville to visit his son for a few days.

—The Socialist Local of Thief River Falls meets every second and fourth Monday of each month in Evenson's basement. Visiting Socialists are cordially invited to attend the meetings.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Fisher.

Fr. Adolph was out to Radium yesterday holding services.

Game Warden "Billy" Munch was up from Crookston the first of the week.

Storm windows and storm doors made to order at the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory.

Miss Randina Rockne, of the local post-office force, spent Sunday at St. Hilaire visiting friends.

Miss Lenora Duchamp is in the city from the town of Clover Leaf taking music lessons.

George Lipscomb has leased the Evenson opera house of C. M. Evenson for a term of one year.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson will address the voters of Middle River on Friday afternoon of this week.

Prepare for cold weather. Buy your storm windows and doors at the factory. Pioneer Sash and Door company.

D. P. O'Neill left last Saturday for Fisher to spend a few days superintending threshing operations on his Norman county farm.

Joseph Johnson was in from Erie the first of the week. Joe says that all of the settlers living out in his section are patriots and will vote for the north end ticket.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, *cows, machinery, etc. Show us the* wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. Se Hager, the Land Man.

Through the efforts of Congressman Steenerson, Nels A. Nelson, of this city, who served as a private in company E. 19th regiment, Wisconsin volunteer infantry, has been granted an increase in pension. This will be good news to Mr. Nelson's many friends here. Mr. Nelson is a father of Lewis A. Nelson, who is a candidate for the office of sheriff.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

For Sale—My residence in Highland Add.—Lots 110 feet front, new 8 room house with electric lights, barn 16 x 20 with lean 12 x 20, well painted and good well with plenty of fine water.

O. Tessum.

Peoples State Bank.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.00.

We are now ready to handle all classes of business in the Banking Line. We can place Loans on Farm or City Property without delay. If you are in need of Loan it will pay you to consult us before placing it. Insurance written in old line companies.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

HE HAS MADE GOOD.

K. M. HANSEN.

Who has served one term as county treasurer of Red Lake county and now desires to be re-elected. It is the unanimous opinion of all who have had business to transact with the treasurer that Mr. Hanson has made the best official the county has ever heard.

Farnk Zavoral was in from Erie the first of the week.

Frank Reichter was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Karl M. Hansen, of Red Lake Falls, last Thursday.

A number of Mrs. J. M. Bishop's lady friends gave her a surprise party last Monday afternoon.

Miss Lenora Duchamp and Miss Serna Hanson spent Sunday out at Numedal visiting friends.

T. P. Hamre was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week on business before Judge Tarrant's court.

Mrs. E. M. Stanton returned last week from a stay of several weeks in Minneapolis where she had been visiting her mother who is quite sick.

George K. Fargo, now practicing law at Ogema, was in the city the first of the week. He reports that he is doing a rushing business down there.

Iver Hoffland, who had been here from St. Ansgar, Iowa, visiting Ed. Thorstad, returned home Monday. While here he purchased 160 acres of land and will remove here with his family next spring.

Among those who went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to attend court were: S. V. Bailey, W. E. Wood, W. A. Tautges, E. M. Stanton, Phil Zeh, W. Michelet, E. J. Overland, W. J. LaBree, Ole O. Nesja, John Reison and George Jarman.

Steve Nelson came up from St. Hilaire Monday. He reports that the mill finished sawing last Saturday and that work of tearing down the mill was commenced Monday morning. The machinery will be shipped partly to Bemidji, Beaudette and Frazee.

Copper is said to be a marvelous preventitive of disease, and if we would return to the old copper drinking vessels of our forefathers typhoid epidemics would disappear. In China, where cholera often makes its appearance, certain towns are immune, and it is at these places where the drinking water is kept in huge copper vessels which are said to be very beautiful. If a copper cent is examined under a microscope it will be found free of germs, but gold and silver are a wriggling mass of germs, diphtheria and cholera culture spread on a copper cent will die in a couple of hours.—Ex.

Mr. Spencer, the government engineer, who with a crew of five men is making a survey from Crookston as far north as Middle River to be used by the government in connection with the proposition in connection with government drainage is being assisted materially by the Great Northern in the work, the road having promised him a hand car to facilitate the work. The crew works but six miles a day, running their lines for that distance and re-running them back in order to insure accuracy. If they had to drive back and forth, much valuable time would be lost, but with the hand car the work will progress rapidly. The latitude marked with elevation is made every mile and it is hoped that the crew will finish the work and a preliminary report made so that some action can be taken at the coming session of congress looking toward a government drainage scheme for this section of the state.

"Billy" Spears, a noted character who has lived on the Red Lake reservation for several years, was arrested by Frank Tuffts, deputy U. S. marshal, and taken to Walker last Friday, where he was given a hearing on the charge of selling whiskey on the Indian lands. Marshal Tuffts had in his possession four warrants, charging Spears with four similar offences, and he stated that Spears, who is sickley and almost unable to work, had been repeatedly warned to cease his "boot-legging," or he would be severely dealt with. Spears paid no attention to the "hunch" given him, with the result that he was "pinched." At the hearing he was bound over to await the action of the U. S. grand jury, and in default of bail was committed to jail. Spears is a half breed and is very well known to all of the residents of Thief River Falls, having visited this place often in the early days. He at one time conducted quite a large general store at the agency, and while he made lots of money, he also spent much and now it is said he is not worth a dollar.

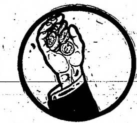

A HANDFUL OF COIN is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Extends Thanks.

On behalf of the Creamery Association, I hereby extend our heartfelt thanks to the many public spirited citizens of Thief River Falls, who made such liberal donations and materially aided us in buying the local plant.

P. Engelstad, Pres.

Following is a list of the contributors:

Langseth Bros.	$75.00
Golden Rule	75.00
Oen & Granum	75.00
First National Bank	75.00
Hanson & Barzen Co.	75.00
John O. Aos	50.00
C. C. Jackson & Co	50.00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co.	50.00
F. J. Stebbins	30.00
J. P. Curtis	25.00
H. M. Hicks	25.00
Andrew Stenseth	25.00
Citizens State Bank	25.00
Andy Erickson	25.00
John Morgan	25.00
Torrison Bros	15.00
H. Fant	10.00
Spiss Bros	10.00
Krouse & Christianson	10.00
The Press	10.00
The News	10.00
Levi O. Robertson	5.00
O. H. Nelson	5.00
Loken Bros.	5.00
C. Froseth	5.00
Fred Roth	5.00
Theo. Kosin	5.00
Wilson Clothing Co.	5.00
J. Borry	5.00
A. A. Wassen	5.00
Total	815.00

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

New War Story.

A southern man figures that the Confederates did great damage to the Union Army at any event.

Fred Raymond spent several months among the picturesque people of the Ozark Mountains while writing his great comedy "Old Arkansaw", and the success with which his play was met in that section last Spring is considered by him the highest compliment that could be paid to a playwright. The scenes of the play are laid near Rogers and Bentonville in Arkansas, and the company appeared at Rogers last summer; jumping from Kansas City, a distance of 300 miles, to reach the town. It goes without saying that they were greeted by a crowded house.

"Is this the play that fellar Raymond wrote, after being here three months?" A native asked the manager after the performance. The manager replied in the affirmative. "Wall, its funny, all right, but I don't call them characters", he resumed. "You see people 'round Rogers like that every day."

Mr. Raymond has a scene painter with him during his stay in Rogers, and Bentonville and the artist had been a Union Soldier. He was more or less inclined to talk and one day got into quite a heated argument with an Arkansas man who had fought with the Confederates. They were discussing the valor displayed by the respective sides during the war: "Wall," said the scene-painter finally, "we whipped you anyway." "Yes, answered the southerner," but according to the pension reports we wounded every man of you that got out alive."

That wondrous story of the wondrous South "OLD ARKANSAW" will be seen at the Evenson Hall on Friday evening, Oct. 26.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

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If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

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That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY
Phone 221

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The fight between two women over the distribution of the $60,000,000 estate of the late William Weightman, the chemist, was abruptly halted in a Philadelphia court by the production of a small piece of notepaper that had turned yellow with age. What the piece of paper contained was not made public.

A severe snow storm with freezing temperature prevailed Sunday in Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Northern New Mexico, Northern Arizona and Northern Texas. The snow storm extends through the Rocky mountain districts and the Plains states eastward.

A loss of speculation and of large speculators has brought business on the Chicago board of trade to a point where it is evident that something must be done at once or some of the large houses will have to go out of business.

Voting in the election which is to decide who shall control the Mutual and New York Life Insurance companies and their $900,000,000 of assets began Thursday and will continue until Dec. 18, when the polls close.

A verdict of guilty was returned in a test case brought by the government against William H. Ellis, a contractor, who was charged with violating the federal eight-hour law on work at the Charlestown (Mass.) navyyard.

Governor Brooks of Wyoming has telegraphed the interior department asking for federal troops to aid in preserving order and to arrest and remove a band of Ute Indians now in the vicinity of Gillette, Wyo.

Stockholders and voting bondholders of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, at the annual meeting at Chicago, authorized the issuance of $100,000,000 of stock, doubling the present capital.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Rev. Sam P. Jones, the well known evangelist of Cartersville, Ga., died suddenly of heart failure in a sleeping car on a Rock Island train near Perry, Ark. Mr. Jones had been conducting a most successful revival at Oklahoma City, Okla., and had left there for his home in Georgia.

Brigadier General William Hemphill Bell, U. S. A., retired, is dead at Arvuda, Colo. General Bell served through the Civil war, but the greater part of his military service was on the Western frontier and in Alaska.

Rev J. P. W. McMullen, eighty years old, one of the pioneer Methodist clergymen of Indiana, is dead at Lafayette. He was one of the best known preachers in the Middle West.

Ex-United States Senator J. D. Walker fell down a stairway at Fayetteville, Ark., and was killed, his skull being fractured. He was seventy-six years of age.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, wife of the late president of the Confederacy, died in New York city of pneumonia after a week's illness. She was eighty years of age.

Mrs. Lenn Potter Cowdin, daughter of Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York, committed suicide by hanging at a private sanitarium at Cromwell, Conn.

Colonel W. L. Hibbs, one of the few remaining ex-Confederate congressmen, is dead at Dalton, Ga., aged ninety-two.

Lord William Scully, who owns immense tracts of land in Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, is dead in London.

LABOR NEWS.

The Reading railway has decided to increase the wages of its engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen, yardmen and other employes of that class on all divisions from 5 to 10 per cent, to take effect Oct. 1.

In a conflict at Milwaukee between merchant police and union molders, who are on a strike, John Feeley, a unionist, was shot and killed.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 20.—Wheat—Dec., 73¼c; May, 77⅛c; July, 78⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 75⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 73¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.50@5.75. Hogs—$5.90@6.35. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.10; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@6.60.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 20.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 77⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 74⅞c; Oct., 75⅞c; Dec., 74⅜c; May, 77⅞c; July, 78⅜c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.13¾; Oct., $1.12¾; Nov., $1.12¾; Dec., $1.10¾; Jan., $1.10½; May, $1.14½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Wheat—Dec., 73@73⅛c; May, 77¾@77⅞c. Corn—Dec., 42c; May, 43⅜c. Oats—Dec., 33⅛c; May, 34⅝c. Pork—Jan., $13.72½. Flax—Cash, $1.11½. Butter—Creameries, 19@25½c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—19@21c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 8½c; springs, 8c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@7.30; cows and heifers, $1.40@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.60; calves, $5.25@8.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.60; good heavy, $6.30@6.60; rough heavy, $5.85@6.15; light, $6.15@6.55; pigs, $5.50@6.25. Sheep, $3.20@5.50; yearlings, $3.40@6.20; lambs, $5.50@8.40.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Judge Holt, in the United States circuit court at New York, has imposed a fine of $108,000 on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company for granting rebates to Lowell M. Palmer, who has charge of transportation for the American Sugar Refining company. Frederick L. Pomeroy, assistant traffic manager of the New York Central, was fined $6,000.

By the verdict of a jury at Findlay, O., the Standard Oil company of Ohio is guilty of conspiracy against trade in violation of the Valentine anti-trust law of Ohio. The penalty is a fine of from $50 to $5,000, which may be repeated for each day of the offense, or imprisonment of from six to twelve months. The case will be appealed.

The supreme court of the United States has denied the petition of former United States Senator Burton of Kansas for a rehearing in the case in which he is under sentence of imprisonment and fine on the charge of accepting an attorney's fee in a case in which the government was interested while he was serving as a senator.

The officials of the treasury department have been informed by T. J. Akins, the assistant treasurer of the United States at St. Louis, that there is a probable shortage in the accounts of his office of about $61,500 and at his request his accounts are now being checked by the treasury experts.

United States Sub-Treasurer Akins, *at St. Louis, has suspended from duty* Marshall B. Ferguson, paying teller, pending the result of the investigation being conducted by government experts into the alleged shortage of $61,200 in the funds of the sub-treasury.

The federal grand jury at Jackson, Tenn., has returned a voluminous indictment against the Standard Oil company of Indiana, charging discrimination. The indictment contains 1,524 counts, the minimum penalty for each offense being a fine of $1,000.

At Chicago Bernard Clohr, a Russian laborer, shot and fatally wounded his son, twenty-nine years of age, and then committed suicide by swallowing carbolic acid. The son had prevented Clohr from killing his mother.

Counsel representing State Senator James P. McNichol of Philadelphia has obtained a warrant for the arrest of Lewis Emery, Jr., Fusion candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, on a charge of criminal libel.

After a trial lasting about ten days Dr. Frank Brouwer of Toms River, N. J., indicted for the murder of his wife by poison, was acquitted. The jury was out less than an hour.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Ten men were burned to death, two seriously and perhaps fatally injured and a third slightly hurt as the result of a fire which destroyed the boarding-house of Mrs. E. E. Moody at Birmingham, Ala. The dead, with several exceptions, were street railway employes.

A strong wind blowing over San Francisco caused the collapse of many of the walls of the ruined buildings that had been left standing since the fire. At least five men were killed.

Two men were killed and more than a score of passengers were injured as the result of a headon collision between two Santa Fe express trains near Manzanillo, Colo.

Passenger train No. 4, eastbound, and a freight train on the Great Northern came together near Whitefish, Mont., resulting in the death of three trainmen.

Four persons were killed and about 100 others were injured by a gasoline explosion in the Meinerding dry goods and hardware store at Fort Recovery, O.

Mrs. Clinton Bryan and her two sons, aged eight months and two years, were burned to death at Lima, O.

Twelve persons were injured in a panic during a bargain sale at a Louisville (Ky.) store.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Secretary Root, who spent two days on the isthmus of Panama on his return from his trip to South America, has written a letter to the president giving the results of his observations of the work on the canal. The amount of actual excavation done and being done in and near Culebra cut, Mr. Root says, both gratified and surprised him.

The president has decided to rearrange the military divisions, making Chicago the headquarters of the Northern division, under command of Major General Greely, and St. Louis the headquarters of the Southwestern division, under command of Brigadier General Funston.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Secretary and Mrs. Taft, Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Bacon, General Funston and others composing Secretary Taft's party have arrived in Washington from Cuba.

John D. Rockefeller has returned to Ohio to personally take a hand in the fight which the state is now making against the Standard Oil company.

The Countess of Carlisle has been chosen president of the World's W. C. T. U. to succeed Lady Henry Somerset, who declined re-election.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, has publicly charged that money has been demanded by representatives of the Independence league in consideration of the withdrawal of their candidates in certain congressional, senatorial and legislative districts in New York state.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal, Anna Maria Rendal.

All persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Charles Elgsten having been filed in this court, representing that Magnus Johnson Rendal, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota died intestate on the 11th day of September 1906; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Charles Elgsten; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 1906, at 9 o,clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 9th day of October 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
COURT SEAL
oct 11-25

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Elizabeth Blanchard, Clara Rose Blanchard, Myrtle Ruth Blanchard and Roland Silas Blanchard.

And all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Elizabeth Blanchard being duly filed in this court, representing that William Blanchard, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 24th day of September 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Elizabeth Blanchard, Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of November 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of October 1906.

COURT SEAL
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Petitioner.
oct 11-25

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Lars Matson, H. E. 34, Red Lake Series, for the N. E. ¼ Sec.34, Tp. 154 N, R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John E. Solmonson, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Charles F. Peterson, " " " "
John Baner, " " " "
George M. Gunderson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 27 nov 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissoner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Thom Bednarchik H. E. 845, Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec.9, Twp 154, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn
Andrew Ricksson, " " "
John Ristau, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 13 oct 18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Ole J. Lund, H. E. 6139, Chippewa Series for the N. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec. 32, Twp. 155, N, R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lewis Hamre, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Johnson, " " "
Amund Johnson, " " "
Hartvig Lund, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy H. E. 4203, Chippewa Series, for the S. ½ S. W. ¼, Sec 22, N. ½ N. W. ¼ Sec 27, Tp. 155, N. R 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " " "
Tollef C. Hovelsos, " " "
Emil Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Charley H. Omlid, H. E. 29, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ Sec 14, Tp. 154, N. R. 43, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Knut O. Loyland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Tellef O. Loyland, " " " " "
Ingebret Nelson, " " " " "
Thom H. Omlid, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: John Nordby H. E. No. 632 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ sec. 11, Tp 153 N. Rg. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole T. Vaale, of Kratka, Minn.
Halvor T. Vaale, " " "
Ole T. Gullekaru, " " "
Christ Myhre, " Brunkeberg, Minn.,

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 4 nov 1

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C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.
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AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.
Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—Look out for roorbacks; they are now in season.

The first one has already been put in circulation by the Democratic Press Bureau. It is to the effect that the reason why Mr. Cole favors the drainage of state lands is because "he owns several thousand acres of northern swamp land." This is a lie made out of whole cloth. I am authorized to state that "A. L. Cole does not own one acre of swamp land or one acre of land of any kind that would be benefitted by the drainage of swamp lands."

• • •

While on this subject I wish to quote here Mr. Cole's attitude on the question of the state's drainage of its swamps. Nothing could be more explicit than his declaration on that subject in his Kenyon speech. Here it is:

"For myself, I will say that I am not in favor of paying a single dollar of public money for drainage of lands owned by private individuals or corporations. State drainage, as advocated by me, does not mean the drainage of a single piece of property owned by individuals or under any other ownership except the state, and only such lands belonging to the state as, in the opinion of experts, will be valuable enough after such drainage to more than repay the money expended upon them."

• • •

I have just got wind of another roorback which will be sprung toward the close of the campaign. It is proposed to attack both Mr. Cole's business integrity and his business capacity. His Fergus Falls failure will be exploited to show that he is not a safe man to be entrusted with the management of the state's affairs. There has never been any attempt made either to deny or obscure the fact of Mr. Cole's failure. He went down with many others in a general crash. The circumstances were plainly set out months ago in his biography, which has been widely published, and are, substantially, as follows:

Mr. Cole went to Fergus Falls in 1881. The first two years he was there he was in the land business and made considerable investments in real estate. For two years following this he was in the grocery business. He then became interested in a general merchandise store and it was while thus engaged that disaster overtook him. Soon after locating in Fergus Falls, beside investing in real estate, he signed notes with friends aggregating what, to the pioneer merchant, was a large amount, the burden of which he was at this time called upon to bear. At this time, too, the railroad shops were moved from the town. Business stagnation followed. These things, together with the fact that his property consisted of non-productive city real estate, on which, owing to the depressed market, he could not realize, made it impossible for him to meet his obligations and failure resulted. But his creditors, who fully appreciated the situation and had confidence in the man, came to his relief with offers of voluntary settlements, and it was not many years before he was on his feet again and on the high road to prosperity. It was at this time that Mr. Cole gave that evidence of the sterling integrity which is a marked feature of his character. He no sooner got in a position where he could do so than he began to pay off his old creditors, and since then he has paid out many thousand dollars to reimburse men who had signed away their legal claims upon him. That is all there is to the story, and for one, so far from seeing anything in it discreditable to Mr. Cole, I think it redounds to his honor.

Again I say—Look out for roorbacks.

Beware the Jabberwock, my son,
The jaws that bite, the claws that scratch;
Beware the jub-jub bird and shun
The frumious bandersnatch.

• • •

I had occasion the other day to make an examination of the journals of the senate for the session of 1899. That was the session, it will be remembered, when the bill was passed to prevent the desecration of Decoration day. It was H. F. No. 640, and the final vote on it was taken in the senate on the 17th day of April, 1899, the vote being recorded on page 1159 of the senate journals. Every senator except one voted for this patriotic measure; but that one seems to me more significant than any other. The extract from the senate journal referring to it reads: "Mr. Johnson voted in the negative." The Mr. Johnson referred to was John A. Johnson, now governor of the state of Minnesota.

• • •

I am informed that the old soldiers do not take kindly to the attempt of Mr. Pendergast, candidate for lieutenant governor on the Democratic ticket, to drag the G. A. R. into his campaign. A meeting of veterans was held at Mankato recently in which a series of resolutions was passed condemning the attempt to make the G. A. R. a political adjunct to the Democratic party. The resolutions commend highly Mr. Eberhart as an able man of high character and strict integrity and say "he is a friend of the old soldier and worthy of their friendship in return." They are signed by a large number of the most influential members of the G. A. R. in that section. I look for the same kind of action to be taken by old soldiers in other parts of the state.

Red Wing Republican: Every voter who wants state and national rate regulation that regulates will vote for Hon. Albert L. Cole for governor, and in so doing uphold the courageous policies and practical methods of Theodore Roosevelt, which compel a "square deal" all round.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.
Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
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Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

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RESIDENTS ALARMED

GENERAL SCARE AMONG PEOPLE OF MINNEAPOLIS DUE TO SERIES OF HOLDUPS.

William Lee, Pioneer Resident and Former Mayor and Postmaster, Dead at St. Paul—Ramsey County Judge Holds Divorced Husband Same as Dead and Wife Is Given Property—General State News.

Minneapolis, Oct. 22.—This city is passing through a veritable reign of terror, according to stories told by conductors on street cars. The series of holdups which have occurred, averaging close to one each day for more than five weeks, has caused the citizens the greatest anxiety and this has been intensified by the occasional shootings which have accompanied the holdups and the apparent inability of the police to stop the outrages.

"There is a general scare among the people in Minneapolis," said a conductor on an interurban car last night, and his statements are supported by those of other employes of the Twin *City Rapid Transit* company. "You would be surprised to hear some of the talk that occurs on the cars. In a number of sections through which our cars run it is nothing at all uncommon to see people board a street car to go two or three blocks if they happen to be on the street after dusk and they will try all sorts of schemes to get transfers to lines which will take them the nearest to their homes or the places which they intend to visit. Some conductors report a falling off in their night patronage, but so far as my experience goes this dropping of long distance travel is more than made up for by the number of people who now ride for short distances."

PIONEER OF STATE DEAD.

William Lee, Former Mayor and Postmaster, Expires at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Oct. 22.—William Lee, former mayor and postmaster, died at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday afternoon. He had been ailing several weeks and ten days ago he was taken to the hospital.

William Lee was born in New Jersey April 14, 1822, and after completing his education established a store at Easton, Pa., where he resided for some time. Shortly after his marriage Mr. Lee came to St. Paul in 1859 and had since resided here. Upon his arrival he established one of the leading jobbing houses of the city and was known as one of the oldest wholesale merchants in the city.

A few years after his arrival Mr. Lee decided to take a hand in local politics and was honored by being chosen as mayor in 1870 and 1871. Later he served on the board of county commissioners and was for four years postmaster of the city.

WIFE GETS HIS PROPERTY.

St. Paul Judge Holds Divorced Husband Same as Dead.

St. Paul, Oct. 19.—"Ivan A. Campbell, the defendant in this divorce suit, is the same as dead in the sight of the law and therefore his wife's request to be awarded his house is granted."

The above interesting statement was made by Judge W. L. Kelly, who recently granted Mrs. Ethel Campbell's plea for immediate possession of her husband's real estate, consisting of their home. The couple were divorced last Tuesday on charges of infidelity preferred by the wife. The law back of Judge Kelly's decision is:

"When a divorce is granted because of the husband's imprisonment or because of his adultery the wife shall be entitled to the same interest in his lands as if he were dead."

BURGLARS CRACK SAFE.

Get Money Belonging to Village of Middle River.

Crookston, Minn., Oct. 21.—Burglars blew the safe of Nelson & Olson's hardware store at Middle River and secured $200 in cash and valuable notes and papers.

Olson was village treasurer and a part of the money taken belonged to the village. A considerable amount of money belonging to the Middle River Hardware company also was in the safe, but the drawer in which it was contained was not disturbed.

Minneapolis Policemen Indicted.

Minneapolis, Oct. 18.—Peter Munger and William Quist, patrolmen, have been indicted by the Hennepin county grand jury for manslaughter in the first degree. Six weeks ago they are said to have clubbed Sigfried Brandenbergh, a drunken prisoner, to death in a patrol wagon. They used their "billies."

Claims He was Robbed.

Duluth, Oct. 22.—J. H. Pinkerton, treasurer of the town of Schroeder, Cook county, Minn., is alleged to have a discrepancy of $2,000, and explains that he was robbed of that amount a few days ago while transferring the money from a Duluth bank to the Cook County bank at Grand Marais.

Messenger Boy Killed.

St. Paul, Oct. 22.—Roy Asp, sixteen years old, an A. D. T. messenger boy, was accidentally shot by Ernest Gustafson, also a messenger boy, at Asp's home, 922 Margaret street. Young Asp was taken to the city hospital, where he died a few hours later.

DEATH FORETOLD IN DREAM.

Wife Not Surprised When Informed of Husband's Demise.

Mankato, Minn., Oct. 16.—Robert Manski, aged fifty years, was found dead in his carriage in an alley. He had died of apoplexy, while his faithful horse waited long for its master's direction to proceed.

When the officers approached Mrs. Manski's residence to inform her of her husband's death she met them on the doorstep and bade them to be silent, for she knew what they had come to say to her. Then she proceeded to say that in a dream Sunday night her husband's sudden death, sitting in his carriage in an alley, had been presented to her. She had pleaded with him to remain at home the following morning, but he had told her that he felt better than usual and after driving down town to get some chicken feed he would return home and assist her with the housework.

She had waited at the window for the officers to come with their news and was not surprised when she saw them.

TWINE PRICE FIXED.

Prison Output for Next Year Estimated at 13,500,000 Pounds.

Stillwater, Minn., Oct. 20.—The prices of binder twine manufactured at the state prison have been fixed for next season by Warden Wolfer in company with the state board of control. This has been done in view of the fact that already blanks are being asked for in large numbers to fill out orders for next season's use. The prices will be the same as the past season and are as follows: Standard, 500 feet to the pound, 8¾ cents per pound; sisal, 500 feet to the pound, 8¾ cents per pound; standard mixed, 550 feet to the pound, 9¾ cents per pound; pure manila, 600 feet to the pound, 10¾ cents per pound. The estimated output will be 13,500,000 pounds and Warden Wolfer expects that will not supply the demand of farmers of the state.

BODY FOUND IN CORNFIELD.

Farmer Shoots Deputy and Later Commits Suicide.

Chatfield, Minn., Oct. 18.—The dead body of Ferdinand Nietzer, aged sixty-five, who barricaded his house against the deputies bringing a physician to attend his sick children and who while resisting the officers shot a deputy, was found in a cornfield near his home, where he committed suicide by blowing off the top of his head.

The deputy went to Nietzer's home to arrest him for not having his children attended by a doctor and while trying to force an entrance was attacked by the old man. A daughter cut the deputy's head open with a garden rake, but it is not thought that he is seriously injured.

FARMER KILLS HIS WIFE.

Wealthy Minnesotan Declares It Was Just a Little Family Affair.

Preston, Minn., Oct. 17.—"It was just a little family affair; a little family trouble," is the nonchalant explanation given by Celestine St. Antoine, a wealthy farmer of Jordan township, this county, of his killing of his wife in a duel which they fought with shotguns and pistol at their son's home. St. Antoine, who is seventy-eight years old, is under arrest, charged with murder. He makes no attempt to deny the shooting.

Minnesota Man Commits Suicide.

Duluth, Oct. 22.—Joseph Jindra, aged twenty-six, whose parents reside at New Prague, Minn., committed suicide here after repeated attempts. He was stopping at a Bowery lodging house, and wrote a letter asking forgiveness of his parents, and then began firing a revolver at his head. He fired five shots at his head without hitting himself, and then placed the muzzle of a rifle against his breast and fired it. He died immediately.

Found Guilty of Manslaughter

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—Alexander McEwan has been found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree in connection with the killing of Frank O. Green on the night of May 27 in a disorderly house here. The jury remained out but one hour before returning with a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment. The penalty for the crime of which McEwan has been convicted is from five to twenty years' imprisonment.

Girl Slain by Hunter.

Hayfield, Minn., Oct. 16.—Mabel Severson, aged eleven years, daughter of Gilbert Severson, buttermaker at the Vernon creamery, six miles east of here, was accidentally shot and instantly killed by a man named Cason, visiting at the place. The girl was fishing in the woods, unbeknown to Cason, who mistook her for a woodchuck, as he only saw the top of her head.

Soft Coal Prices Advanced.

Superior, Wis., Oct. 20.—The dock companies have notified dealers to raise the price of soft coal 45 cents per ton. An advance is generally made at this time of the year and it is believed that even more may come later. While a large amount has been received this season it is mostly contract coal.

Snow in Minnesota.

Duluth, Oct. 22.—From five to six inches of snow has fallen in the past twenty-four hours over Northern Minnesota and the Vermillion range west to Fosston, and possibly farther west. The southern line of the storm was Grand Rapids, in Itasca county, and half way between Duluth and the iron range.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

R. J. Mendenhall, a resident of Minneapolis since 1856, is dead.

Mrs. Marie Langford Spencer, a pioneer resident of St. Paul, is dead, aged seventy-seven.

Edward McDonald, thirteen years old, was run into and killed by a street car at Minneapolis.

The National Association of Fire Insurance Agents will hold its 1907 annual meeting in St. Paul.

Hiram Luce, sixty-seven years old, a resident of Rochester for forty-eight years, was found dead in bed.

D. C. Calhoun, one of the best known attorneys in Stearns county, is dead at St. Cloud, aged fifty-five.

Florence Murphy, aged nine, is dead at St. Paul as the result of injuries sustained while playing near a bonfire.

Mary Kuester, seven years old, fell from the viaduct crossing the Northern Pacific railroad tracks at St. Paul and was fatally injured.

Alfonso Gooding, popularly called "the grand old man of Rochester," is dead in that city of diabetes at the age of seventy-seven years.

Cracksmen entered the store of Hall Bros. at Burtrum, west of Little Falls, and blew the door off the safe, securing about $80 in cash and notes.

Thomas A. Floody has been given a verdict of $15,000 in the Ramsey county district court against the Omaha road for the loss of a leg.

Frank Kappler, aged thirty-one, son of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Kappler, residing a few miles south of Stillwater, met death in a runaway accident.

According to commission men the prices of eggs this season are bound to rise higher than ever and the annual boosting of prices will break all records.

Patrick May, aged sixty-three, night elevator operator at the Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, committed suicide by shooting. Ill health is the supposed cause.

Duluth's population, according to the new city directory's estimate, is 80,305, as compared with 76,262 a year ago at this time, a gain of 5,041 in twelve months.

The survey of the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg, formerly known as the Duluth, Virginia and Rainy Lake railroad, has been completed into Duluth. It follows almost an air line between Duluth and Virginia.

Wholesale naturalization frauds practiced in the Hennepin county district court for political purposes are alleged to have been discovered. All evidence has been turned over to the federal authorities and a thorough investigation is under way.

Henry Hines, a negro resident of Minneapolis, last week killed three full grown timber wolves with a club in the Shevlin-Carpenter lumber yard in the center of the Mill City's manufacturing district. He collected $22.50 from the city clerk for his trouble.

The baby daughter of Mrs. Stella Brennan of Minneapolis, who is serving a life term in Stillwater prison for the murder of her stepchildren, has left the prison in charge of Mrs. Owens of Pearl, Mich., the mother of Mrs. Brennan, who has agreed to bring up the child.

A meeting of the business men of Roseau, Badger, Greenbush and other nearby towns has been called to discuss ways and means to raise money to finance an electric railway which it is proposed to build from Roseau to Karlstad, a station on the Winnipeg line. The distance is about forty miles.

The United States Steel corporation has eight prospecting drills at work on the Cuyuna range within three miles of Brainerd and also at Rabbit Lake, on the same range. Two leases are reported from the town of Klondike, guaranteeing 10 cents a ton royalty on an output of not less than 10,000 tons a year.

The supreme court holds that notice from the parents to the saloonkeeper is not necessary in order to make it a misdemeanor for him to sell liquor to minors, although there is a provision to that effect in the new code and although the general prohibition against the sale of liquors carries with it no express penalties.

An opinion by the state supreme court affirms the order of the Ramsey county court awarding Edward Parker $50 for his dog, which was killed by a street car at St. Paul last spring. In the opinion the court says that evidence was given to show that no attempt was made to check the speed of the car or to give a signal by whistle or bell.

The United States district attorney, acting under instructions recently received from the department of justice, will begin condemnation proceedings for the purpose of acquiring 1,600 acres of land for flowage purposes in the counties of Cass, Itasca, Hubbard and Crow Wing. The land is required for the construction of reservoirs at Mississippi river headwaters.

Chester Armstrong, said to be the man who stole a freight train from the Hibbing yards Oct 13 and ran it until he had a headon collision with the passenger train from Duluth, has been captured near Hibbing. Armstrong jumped from the cab of the freight engine when he saw that the collision was imminent. Two passengers were slightly injured in the wreck when the two trains came together.

HE HAS MADE GOOD.

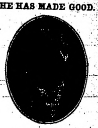

K. M. HANSEN.

Who has served one term as county treasurer of Red Lake county and now desires to be re-elected. It is the unanimous opinion of all who have had business to transact with the treasurer that Mr. Hansen has made the best official the county has ever heard.

Fred Raymond
Presents his famous Comedy
OLD ARKANSAW
The Great "Show Me" Play that has made Millions of People Happy from Coast to Coast.
INTRODUCING
Miss Grace Hayes
As Sue Rogers, and
Mr. Victor Lambert
As John (OLD ARKANSAW)
All Special Scenery which will positively be used here. New and Novel Specialties
An entire Performance that is worth while.
At the Evenson Hall Saturday Oct. 27.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Christen A. Loken.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christen A. Loken Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Halvor A. Loken,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and, that Tuesday the 22nd day of January 1907 at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated October 20th 1906

SEAL
oct 25 nov 8
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 232, Red Lake Series, for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 4, Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Solheim, " " " " "
Abrahm B Newton, " " " " "
Daniel P. O'Neil, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 25 to nov 29

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 103, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 8, Twp. 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Torger T. One, " " "
Andrew G. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlom, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 25 nov 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 844, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 23, Twp. 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Alonzo George, " " "
Nels A. Losberg, " " "
Adolph W. Hanning, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
oct 25 nov 29

—Subscribe for the News.

DEFECT[illegible] PAGE

N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate and a Candidate for Re-election.

EARNEST L. QUIST, Candidate for Register of Deeds.

H. F. McANULTY.

Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

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First State Bank

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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

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Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1906 NUMBER 44

Historical Society

CREAMERIES THE THING

Worth More to St. Hilaire Than the Saw Mill.

That Is the Opinion of George Austin, the Butter Maker.

According to an interview given out by George Austin, butter maker for the St. Hilaire creamery, the loss of the mill is not going to hurt that town so very much for the reason that a new industry is being developed there that is putting more cash into the hands of the farmers residing around that town every month in the year than the saw mill ever paid for labor. Mr. Austin says:

"For the first year or two it will no doubt hurt the town to a certain extent but in the end I think that it will be better for it if the people will turn their attention to diversified farming, and the town will be rid of a class of people that are idle for a number of months every year."

This is the truth of the situation in a nutshell. If the undeveloped land around St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls is cultivated as it should be, more wealth can be produced than a dozen saw mills can turn out.

Not long ago the NEWS was talking with a farmer living near St. Hilaire, one who is a patron of the St. Hilaire creamery. He stated that he did not believe that any farmer who was selling cream to the St. Hilaire institution and was satisfied with his farm would sell out for $50 per acre. That is the kind of farmers that are needed, those that are satisfied with their condition and diversified farming means the prosperity of the farmers of this section and as a natural result the prosperity of the towns of this section of the state. We predict that St. Hilaire will be a *better* town, if the farming resources around there are properly developed, than it ever was when the saw mill was located there.

A PLUMMER FARMER WRITES THE NEWS.

Gives His Opinion of County Auditor Jame E. Ford and the Purchase of the Court House.

Plummer, Minn., October 29.—A year or so ago three county commissioners representing one-third of the people and one-fourth of the property of this county bought for the fancy price *of $4000 an old, worthless*, tumbled down shack of a building that isn't fit for a hen roost. What did they buy it for? A court house! Why did they buy it? For an argument against moving the county seat from a dead village to a live and rapidly growing city.

What was the argument? "Good easy people we have squandered your money so now you haven't any left to move with." See.

Who were back of these worthy representatives of the ruling one-third? Red Lake Falls' financiers, Duffy, et. al. Red Lake Falls' office holders, Ford, et. al.

Yes, voters these unselfish public servants bought this $4000 scrap heap, refusing at the same time the generous offer of M. Skala of the free use for court house purposes of his fine large brick Opera House in Red Lake Falls.

Wonderful economy. Marvelous demonstration of public spirit and interesting effort for the common good.

That Mr. James E. Ford was in on the cheat deal there is absolutly no question. How do we know it? When the deal was closed and all that was lacking to cinch it was the signature of the chairman of the county board, for fear unless they rushed it through the game might go wrong, our worthy auditor drives at night in the dead of winter halfway accross the county to the village of Plummer and gets the signature to the paper that robbed the people and taxpayers of this county of $4000 of good hard earned money.

If some sharper had cheated you out of a nice little bunch of money last year do you think you would be inclined to vote him into a good fat office as a reward for his smartness.

Yet this is exactly what Mr. Ford expects the people of this county to do.

Stupendous indeed is the brazen audacity of the perpetrators of this cheat in asking their victims, the property owners of their county, to re-elect Ford to the office.

They seem to think that you enjoy being robbed. Do you? We await your answer on Tuesday.

—A Farmer.

THE STAR

STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

You fellows who pay good

Money for clothes ought to get good clothes for your money. But you won't if you're not careful where you go for them and what you buy when you get there.

You'll find lots of cheap, "mercerized cotton" goods offered for sale, some of this clothing looks very good, in the window; some of it has style and goes under a good name; but it wears like cotton. It costs less than all wool and is usually worth less than it costs.

We sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes because they're all-wool; because we know they are; because we can depend on it. You know what you are getting when you get a Hart, Schaffner & Marx label. There is no fooling with quality in these goods; no cotton adulteration cunningly hidden to cheapen them, without your knowledge. We offer you honest clothes.

The Golden Rule

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"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."

The home of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits. The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats.

WE LOVE HIM FOR THE ENEMIES HE HAS MADE.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN,

Who is opposed by the Red Lake Falls gang in his candidacy for county auditor because he stands for the people of Red Lake county and not for the special interests of the gang at Red Lake Falls. A vote for John B. O'Brien is a vote for the "square deal". His election means a victory for the people. Let no one be deceived.

PINE DOING WELL.

Gen. Andrews Says State Should Use More Money in Building Up Forests.

Gen. C. C. Andrews has returned from the northern part of the state, where he had been to ascertain the growth of the young trees set out on the Pillsbury forest reserve. He says these trees are all doing well and nine-tenths of them are alive. There are 2,000,000 more seedlings in the nursery at the reserve which they wish to set out next spring, but cannot do so unless the legislature provides funds for the work. Mr. Andrews further states that the growth of young pine that is springing up on the cut over lands in the north part of the state is remarkable and that if it can be protected from fire it will be very valuable in a few years, but that the forestry commission is handicapped by lack of funds to vigorously enforce the law. Cities of the state spend $2,000,000 a year for fire protection, but the state spends only $10,000 for the protection of all its forest.

Says 200 Have Typhoid.

Crookston, Minn., Oct. [illegible]—William Welch, a railroad contractor who is doing work for the Soo near Garrison, N. D., says that over 200 men in the grading camps are ill with typhoid as a result of drinking bad water. Welsh himself has just recovered from an attack of the fever, and his son is now down with the same disease.

Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

They Are Rich.

Speaking of the Northern Minnesota Indians Acting Commissioner Maj. C. H. Labree says:

"They are among the best class of Indians and are becoming rich. Their timber and lands are selling at about six or seven times more than the price aggregated some 20 years ago when I used to make the round of that section of the country.

The White Earth Indians will have a fortune from the sale of their timber. And we are advised that after the first little flurry of excitement, under the provision of the Clapp amendment, that the Indians became wise to their own good and are not fooling away any of their valuable lands.

"The Clapp amendment, adopted by Congress last winter, recognizes the rights of all mixed bloods to receive deeds in place of their trust certificates and hence they are independent citizens.—Mahnomen Plaintalk.

Arrested Trappers.

E. A. Modron, D. W. Bickle and A. P. Mantey were arrested up near Middle River last week for trapping mink out of season. They were found guilty by a justice of the peace at Middle River and in default of paying a fine were given a sentence of thirty days each in the Marshall county jail at Warren. The men are all strangers in this section and their arrest was made by Deputy Game Warden Munch. They were taken through Thief River Falls last week by the village marshal of Middle River who took them to the Warren jail.

CAN SHIP THEIR VEAL.

Farmers Complain to Mr. Slater That They Can't Ship Dressed Veal.

A number of complaints from farmers who ship dressed veal have been received by E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, stating that they could not ship their veal since the new law went into effect, as the express companies refuse to carry it unless it is inspected. Mr. Slater feared that if the law were to be inforced this way it might have the effect of stopping farmers and retail butchers from killing veal for shipment and force them to ship it alive to the large packers. The matter does not come under his duties, however, and he has referred the inquiries, and he says there are dozens of them, to Dr. Ketchum, the government inspector at South St. Paul, says the Pioneer Press.

There is probably some misunderstanding somewhere or the farmers would be able to get the companies to carry their veal and a look at the law and the regulations which the federal department has made for the enforcement of the law shows that there is no danger that the small butcher will be put out of business or that the farmer will be prevented from shipping dressed veal or other dressed meats.

First of all the law compels the inspection only in slaughtering houses which are doing an interstate business. Further the law specifically provides "that the provisions of this act requiring inspection to be made by the secretary of agriculture shall not apply to animals slaughtered by any farmer and sold and transplanted as interstate or foreign commerce, nor to retail butchers and retail dealers in meat and meat food products supplying the customers." The rules provide that meat when shipped must have either a certificate of inspection or a certificate of exemption. A rule of the department of agriculture says:

"If, in the judgment of the secretary of agriculture, the retail butcher or retail customers through the medium of interstate or foreign commerce should be exempted from federal inspection, a certificate of exemption for use with transportation companies and other companies and persons in securing the movement of his products.

Had a Good Meeting.

Hon. Halvor Steenerson was up to Middle River last Friday and held a political rally. Those present say that Mr. Steenerson made a very telling speech and was given very close attention and a great deal of applause by the audience. About 150 farmers were present.

THE WYLIE FARMERS WIN

Judge Watts Refuses to Give the Great Northern an Injunction.

Case to Be Appealed to the Supreme Court of the State.

The injunction case of the Great Northern railway vs. the Wylie Farmers Mercantile and Elevator company came up in district court last Monday afternoon and resulted in a marked victory for the farmers.

The Farmers' company is erecting an elevator and warehouse at Wylie, and had the building nearly complete when the Great Northern company caused an injunction to be issued restraining them from proceeding with their work. The complaint alleged all sorts of things against the Elevator company, among them being that the said company was guilty of trespass in building on the railroad company's ground, but inasmuch as they were insolvent and damages could not be collected and the railroad company was obliged to get an injunction alleging damages in case the elevator was built.

The Wylie farmers showed by counter affidavits they were entitled to build on this ground by right of long term lease, that instead of being insolvent the elevator company was composed of the most substantial farmers of that part of Red Lake county, entirely responsible for any damages that could be proven. They also demonstrated that the building of the elevator could in no wise damage the railroad company as they had long ago stated their intention of leaving their tracks into Wylie and running trains there and naturally the shipment of grain from there should prove a benefit other than a damage. Judge Watts held for the defendants and dissolved the injunction.

The victory is a notable one for the Farmers company as since the removal of the elevators from that place the farmers tributary to Wylie have been greatly inconvenienced in handling their grain. They can now go ahead and build their elevator and warehouse which will mean a great deal to the people living out there.

Attorney Wilkinson for the Great Northern stated that the company would appeal but there seems to be no point where they can hope to win in the higher court.

Have You Any of the Following Articles

Which you would like to have cleaned before the fall entertainments start?

Fine silk or woolen dress, silk or woolen shirt waist, skirt, jacket, cravennette coat, opera shawl, kid gloves, opera gloves, fan, white kid slippers, hat, plumes, feather, bird and all kinds of fur you can get cleaned or dyed. You can have lace dyed to match your dress. I clean also embroideries curtains and draperies.

Do you know that some garments which you now think are of no use to you may look nice if you only had them cleaned and pressed. In the "Dying and Cleaning Establishment" you can get anything cleaned or dyed.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

GIVES UP ALL HE HAS

William Roddeau Would Make Reparation to the Widow.

Sends $300 from Wisconsin and Also Desires to Turn Over His Homestead.

William Roddeau at whom the coroner's jury pointed the finger of suspicion for the killing of Simon Paullis over in Beltrami county a few weeks ago, has confessed.

It was an accident, he declares, nothing but an accident. He mistook his neighbor for a deer and pulled the trigger before he saw his mistake.

Not only has Roddeau confessed, but, in an effort to make some partial reparation for the sad work he can never undo, he has sent a check for $300 (almost every cent he has in the world) to the widow, and has directed that all his property in Beltrami county, including a homestead of 160 acres, be turned over to her.

The confession came a few days ago in the form of a letter written from some point in Wisconsin to a resident of Langer township, Beltrami county. The shooting is as much of a grief to him, aside from the fact that he is to blame, as it was to any of the dead man's neighbors, declared Roddeau. Paullis was one of his best freinds, and there had never been anything but the best of feeling between them.

The point that seemed to bother the fugitive the most was what punishment would be meted out to him if he returned and gave himself up. He says he is willing to do almost any thing but go to prison to atone for the fatal error.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Some of the restrictions on whispering have been removed. But, O! the aches and pains. It seems that it is always more necessary to whisper at the wrong time than at the right.

Irishmen seem to be especially gifted in the handling of pointers. They might give a few "pointers" on the act.

The vice-president of the Freshman class was treated to a ride last week. He wasn't a foot-ball hero, either.

Last Wednesday afternoon Miss Linnie Boutell of Minneapolis, visited the assembly room. After being in the room for some time she innocently asked where the assembly room was.

Did you know that children "see with their hands"? Well, they do, or so at least, one of the teachers say so.

Last week Flora McNiven and Lucian Vorpahl inspected the High School building after school hours.

Miss Nina Horton was absent for a couple of days last week, Did you ask why?

The Junior boys seem to have forgotten that their duty is to protect the Freshmen. Instead they did some mild hazing last week.

Instead of showing how much one knows these tests seem to show how much he does not know.

The Sophomores had another class meeting Monday. Nothing important happened.

Isn't it beautiful weather for driving? Ask A Senior!

Surely it wasn't over-work that made the boys so sleepy Monday afternoon. What could it have been?

The decomposition of water furnished the Chemistry class much delight; except those who had a little too much Sulfuric acid on their hands and rings.

Quicksilver, or mercury has as great an affinity for gold as has a certain Sophomore for jewelry.

It is rumored that Ernest O'Neill will return this week.

Can you spell "separation correctly"? "Practice makes perfect".

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sunday morning worship at 11, oclock

Subject: Not Building, but Rebuilding.

Sunday evening worship at 7:30.

Subject: Using Life's Fragments.

Sunday School at 12 a. m.

Christian Endeavor Prayer meeting 6:45 p. m.

Sunday School teachers meeting and prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m.

The Communion of the Lords Supper will be celebrated at the morning service Sunday one week, Nov. 11th. There will be a reception of new members and baptism of children. Please speak to the pastor.

The women Workers will meet in the church parlors Friday afternoon, Nov. 9th in a Missionary Program.

Rev. Tebbets occupied the pulpit in our church last Sunday evening. He told of the work of The Children's Home Society, which he represents, and received an offering for the cause.

All who come to worship with us will be welcome.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

JIMMIE FORD'S RIDE

........OR........

The Capture of the Court House.

Listen good voters and you shall hear
Of a famous ride, but not by Revere,
For this ride was taken by Auditor Jim
To close up a bargain concocted by him;
Whereby, through the aid of Red Lake's county board,
And under direction from our Jimmy Ford,
The precious scamps who run things down the river
Would settle the county seat question for ever,
By having the board pay four thousand good plunks,
For that rotten old shell, that houses the lunks
Who increase our taxes with salaries high,
And whose sole aim in life is political pie.

Now, this midnight ride of Auditor Jim
Was a great undertaking even for him.
'Twas in dead of winter in 1905.
When Jim had to make this desperate drive.
The weather was cold and the miles they were long,
And the gang had great fears that their plans might go wrong,
For the deal had been made by the county dads,
The shack had been bought, but, what worried the lads
Was the fear that some honest outraged man
Would secure an injunction and upset their plan.

So Jim was appointed to carry the order.
Forthwith, to be signed by the chairman at Plummer.
So he ordered his horses, the best in the place;
Drew on him his coat, and threw into his face
A gallon or two of the stuff, that would brace
Our Auditor Jim in his terrible race.

A word from the gang and the horses were gone,
While Jim with the gad kept urging them on.
He dashed through the streets, skinned over the bridge,
And soon his steeds carried him over the ridge.
When he reached the broad prairies they still held their pace,
And he swore at his horses till black in the face.
He urged and he coaxed; he whipped and he roared;
He drove like a Jehu, for, wasn't he FORD?
The man who with Duffy and Gormo and such,
Had long done as they pleased in spite of the Dutch.
The farm dogs rushed out to see what was the matter,
To learn what could cause such a confounded clatter;

But Jim pushed his horses and soon rein he drew
Where lives Ole Johnson, a good man and true,
This Ole was honest, as most Oles are,
And his good sturdy honesty had oft proved a bar,
To the schemers who live by their wits and their gall,
Whose feet fill the trough and they gobble it all.

Jim's slicker than grease, and he knew his good name
With the gang, could be kept by making Ole his game.
He coaxed and he blustered; he stormed and he tore;
'Twould lower the taxes he said o'er and o'er;
'Twould enrich the farmers, good crops it would bring;
And he told honest Ole most every old thing
Till he made him believe that the right thing to do,
Was to sign his John Hancock and push the thing through.
The dire deed was done and Jim had made good,
Had bamboozled Ole as his pals knew he could.

Buse got his four thousand and we got the shack,
But alas for the gang! Like the cat that came back,
And wouldn't stay dead when 'twas decently killed,
This real estate swindle that couldn't be stilled,
This insult they added to injuries given,
This rank rotten action that smelled to high heaven,
Returned soon to trouble the bunch at Red Lake,
Whose grafting and scheming the high taxes make,
For the story got out as all stories do,
And Jim's political hopes turned a most sickly hue.

The ride of bold Paul Revere, long years ago,
Made his ~~name~~ famous, as all readers know;
While this midnight ride of our Jimmy Ford,
And the way he could handle the county board,
Has made his name famous, but I'm sorry to say
Not quite like Revere's, but in a different way.

His days are now numbered, his doom he can see,
He's most hopelessly beaten: and between you and me,
The voters next Tuesday will end his career;
They'll swipe Jim just once, and then you will hear
No more of the man, of our slick smooth Jim,
For his schemes and his gang will be buried with him.
And this is the story of Jim's desperate drive.
Taken last January, 1905.

Notice.

In order to close up the partnership affairs of Bishop & Elder, the ice business buildings and ground, with all the tools, horses, harnesses, wagons etc., must be sold at once. This is worth investigating. For further particulars address or call on W. W. Prichard at the First National Bank.

AN INTELLIGENT WITNESS.

A Farmer Who Knows the Advantage of Good Roads.

The following extract from a letter from Clayton Conrow of Cinnaminson, N. J., to State Highway Commissioner Sargent of Maine is the intelligent testimony of a farmer on the advantage of good roads, and based upon facts instead of theories, says Good Roads Magazine. And while local conditions vary, the principle involved—that is, the economy of easy transportation—is applicable everywhere:

"I live upon the line of an improved road leading from Philadelphia to New York, ten miles from the former place, and before the road was improved twenty-five baskets of promiscuous farm produce would make a big two horse road. After the road was improved the average load has not been less than 100 baskets, some farmers taking as many as 150 baskets to a load, but this last number is exceptional; also before improvement it would take a team all day to make the round trip of about twenty-three miles to the heart of the city; since improvement it requires an average of about seven hours. Now, assuming that a team and driver would be worth $4 per day, the regular price here, it would cost 16 cents per basket for a farmer to land his produce in the market in the first case and but 4 cents per basket in the latter, allowing the seven hours to make a day.

"It must be evident to every unprejudiced observer that the farmers in this section would have been out of business had not the road been improved.

"It must be evident also that the farmer does not get all the benefit, for the citizen consumer shares a part of it. It often happens during the glut of the season that farm produce sells for less than 10 cents per basket. This is a sufficient justification, I think, for asking the cities to help pay for improving country roads. This is true of everything the resident of the city uses or consumes. It can be delivered to him much more cheaply over a good road than a bad road."

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

GOOD ROADS IN FRANCE.

How They Are Constructed and Maintained.

Consul Brunot of St. Etienne writes of the excellent roads in France and the government method of maintaining them. He says:

"France had wretched roads in former times, and this notwithstanding the good example left by the Roman occupation. Indeed, highroad accidents were a favorite stock in trade of the old romancers. Now the roads are not only nearly perfect and good at all seasons, but are beautified by artistic stone bridges and frequently lined with fruit and shade trees. Spasmodic efforts were made to better the roads, mostly around Paris, under Louis XIV. (1643-1715), but it was not until about 1775 that the serious work of building great roads of national extent was undertaken, and Napoleon I. carried it forward vigorously as a part of his military schemes, uniting frontier points with the capital. Never has the work ceased, except during periods of war, and the more difficult sections, at first left to a more convenient season, are steadily being built, while new cutoffs and connecting links are continually being declared open for service. The roads are divided into six classes, as follows:

"First.—National roads, built and maintained by the government, 21,300 miles.

"Second.—Departmental (state) roads, built and maintained by the political divisions traversed by them, 15,700 miles.

"Third.—Principal local roads, traversing two or more townships (communes), are maintained by them with government aid, 124,000 miles.

"Fourth.—Secondary local roads, the same as the preceding, except that they are of less importance and are maintained by the townships under supervision by the government, [illegible] miles.

"Fifth.—Minor local roads, still less important than the foregoing and maintained by the townships under the supervision of government engineers.

"Sixth.—Rural roads, lanes of small importance entirely maintained by the townships without any intervention or supervision by the government.

"The rules for grades are—national roads, 3 per cent; departmental roads, 4 per cent; principal and secondary local roads, 5 per cent, which is the maximum allowed, except in extremely mountainous regions or on the most difficult sections of the less important roads, where there is too little traffic to warrant the expense of reducing the grade to within the rule. The method of construction formerly was to grade the bed level and lay a stone dressing of a depth of 17½ inches in the middle, diminishing to 14 inches at the sides, but experience proved that a better plan was to give the earth bed the same rounded form intended for the surface, and the thickness of the stone layer was reduced to 11½ inches. This is the method now generally followed, and about 8,700 miles of the most recent construction have been built on this plan, the others being macadam roads, built of material found on the spot, and some minor roads of gravel and earth."

King Drag Work on Roads.

The influence of the D. Ward King road meeting March 31 at Erie, Kan., has already extended to every township in Neosho county, says the Thames City Times. Taxes for road purposes in all the townships were made payable in cash this year, and the township boards are appropriating the funds for the building and operation of split log drags. Fifteen drags are now at work in Erie township under the direction of the trustee, and, in addition to this number, many farmers have built drags for private use. The street commissioner of the city has been using several split log drags on the unpaved streets of the town, and these streets are now quite as smooth and hard as those that were paved. Farmers are enthusiastic over the results obtained on the country roads, and plans are being made for dragging every mile of dirt road in the county this spring.

Philippine Roads.

Reports from the Philippines inform us that the conversion of impassable trails into good highways is proceeding rapidly, and the work is being done by native convicts in charge of white officers, says Motor News. The lack of ordinarily decent roads has been one of the most serious drawbacks to development of our island possessions in that it was impossible to transport products from the interior at anywhere near a figure which left a fair profit to those who handled the stuff at the coast. Present information leads us to believe that the farsighted policy now being followed is to be continued, with the result, perhaps, that the Philippines will possess a network of splendid highways long before such results are reached in the United States.

An Automobile Road.

Seven miles of automobile road is to be the latest investment of Uncle Sam. It is to run from the point of Sandy Hook through the government reservation south to Highland Beach, under the Navesink light, and will be used exclusively by army officers and their friends.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	30c
Flax	1 01
Butter	20c
Eggs	20c

C. A. Baker and bride returned to this city Sunday morning.

Hats marked below cost this week and next at Miss Lakin's millinery.

Postmaster Richardson was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls Monday visiting Fr. Adolph.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Theo Kosin, the tailor, attended to business matters at Crookston last week.

Miss Blanche Holcolmbe, of Warren is in the city visiting at the home of Mrs. E. Hill.

P. Michaelson was in from Thorwick yesterday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole J. Bloom left Monday for Buxton, N. D., to visit relatives *for a few days.*

Old Paulson and family left Monday for Oregon where they expect to make their future home.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka returned last evening from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Goobler at Nekoma, N. D.

Meeting is held Sunday evening at 7:30 in the S. D. A. church, across from Soo Depot. Everybody welcome.

Found—On the road near Thorwick postoffice, two ladies waists. Owner can have the same by calling at this office.

The Ladies aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church meets today with Mrs. Ole Simonson. Everybody welcome.

Miss Freda Gunderson left Monday for Ballard, Wash., to make her future home with her sister, Mrs. Otto Olson.

Mrs. Allert, wife of one of the train dispatchers employed by the Soo here, has opened up a photograph studio at Warren.

Miss Hoover, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Bishop, returned to her home in Chicago Tuesday night.

For Sale—All of my household goods, bed room suites, parlor furniture, dining room furniture, kitchen furniture, etc. W. A. Kratka.

The Ladies of St. Bernards church will serve dinner in the old Press building just north of the city hall on Tuesday, November 6. Election day.

Carl Peterson returned from Minneapolis the first of the week. He will commence traveling on the road for a Minneapolis hardware firm in a short time.

The Duluth Herald of Monday had a page write up of Thief River Falls, containing many illustrated features and many facts regarding the metropolis of Northern Minnesota.

Robert Tell, candidate for sheriff in Marshall county, was in the city yesterday. He says that his chances of winning out are good, but he has a very popular opponent in Sheriff Forsberg.

Ex-Congressman Frank M. Eddy held a political meeting at St. Hilaire Monday evening. After the meeting he drove to Thief River Falls and took the early morning Soo passenger south on Tuesday morning.

Rev. McCullough's family arrived here Monday from Jamesville, Minn., and will occuppy a house on the East Side this winter. Next summer they will remove to Mr. McCullough's claim east of town and remain until next fall.

A young lady came to this city from Plummer the first of the week and hired out as a domestic in a family on the East Side. It appears that this woman was married and had deserted her family but was prevailed upon to go back to Plummer.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard gave a hallowe'en party Tuesday evening, entertaining a number of school teachers and their gentlemen friends. The house was appropriately decorated for the occasion and the guests were entertained in royal style.

Prairie fire did considerable damage out on the reservation during the past two weeks and settlers report that much hay has been burned. About two inches of snow fell Monday morning and this resulted in putting out the fires. The snow has all melted.

Leo S. Bayrell, who is candidate for county attorney in Marshall county was in the city yesterday. He has been campaigning in the eastern part of Marshall county and reports that he is meeting with excellent success. Mr. Bayrell is one of the ablest attorneys of Marshall county and if elected he can be depended upon to serve the people in a faithful manner.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday Nov. 4th. Communion 11 a. m., Preaching 7:30 p. m., Sunday school [illegible] a. m. Junior League 2:30 p. m., Epworth League [illegible] p. m. Everybody welcome.

Chas H Flesher
Pastor.

T. P. Hamre was up to Greenbush this week.

Peter Newman and wife went up to Roseau yesterday to visit friends for a few days.

Phil Zeh went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to business matters.

Mrs. Stebbins entertained some of her lady friends at a Hallowe'en party last evening.

Mrs. Anna Robinson and son, Willie, left for Hamlin last Friday night to remain during the winter.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church will meet next Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the house of Mrs. F. S. Doege.

Carl Bakken, who had been here visiting his brothers, O. L. Bakken and Otto Bakken, returned yesterday to his home in North Dakota.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church held their annual election of officers at the house of Mrs. John Woodcock last Wednesday afternoon. The The following officers were elected:

Pres. Mrs. A. C. Allard.
Vice " ,, Ben Christrienson.
Sec'y ,, John Woodcock.
Treas. ,, Chas. Nason.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

My work as superintendent of Schools which you tax payers have engaged me to do, has occuiped so much of my time that I have been unable to devote but a few days to the present campaign for reelection. As no one denies the fact that I have been a faithful servant during my term of office and whereas the schools of Red Lake county are in better condition than ever before, I am confident the voters of this county will not vote to defeat a man who has done good and efficient work, merely because another candidate wants the office. It is always detrimental to the satisfactory work. I hold a complete state certificate valid in rural and graded schools in Minnesota until March 1, 1908. As no qualifications are required by law for the office of superintendent of Schools it is very necessary for the voters to be informed as to the qualifications of the respective candidate. I have informed them and will leave the voters to decide whether or not it is fair to all parties concerned.

Voters, I thank you for having placed me in this position of honor and trust two years ago. I realize the great responsibility, which rests upon me, as Superintendent of Schools and if re-elected will re-double my efforts to make Red Lake County schools the best in the great state of Minnesota. I am well pleased with the interest which has been taken in school matters by the teachers, trustees and the people in general, during the past two years, let us continue this for another two years, and don't forget to vote for H. T. McAnulty.

A Coming Attraction.

Florence Mogle's, Ladies Concert Band will appear at the Evenson Hall in Thief River Falls Wednesday evening, November 7th, Experience, enterprise, money, genius, have by their magic touch baffled imitations and wins hearty commendation of all, as it brings to our portals millions of the masses hungering for its educational influence, its clean amusement. The entire performance is made joyous by a never ending flow of soul stirring, heart lifting selections by the recognized masters of music.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the Program at the Bijou Theatre for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Adventures of Raffles or the Amateur Cracksman.

The Boarding School Girls.

Illustrated Song—Bell of the Ball.

GERMANTOWN.

Threshing around here is finished and two of the rigs pulled in last week.

The school house in district 70 is completed and is a fine looking structure. School commenced last week with Herman Wegner as teacher.

John Anderson pulled thru here last week with his threshing outfit and will clear up what is left east of Germantown.

Large prairie fires were raging east and south of us last week and as the wind was blowing hard, a number of haystacks were burned.

Hartwig Lund has moved on to Nick Blockstad's place, East of Germantown.

John Olson, one of our old settlers is moving to Dakota where he intends to farm in the future.

Mr. Mithun, our school superintendent and Mr. Swanby, of Warren, candidate for Clerk of Court were around here last week, looking over the political field and we believe that the voters will make no mistake to vote for both of them.

Next Thursday is general election day when the voter can make his choice among candidates and other issues, but the two most important questions that will come before us which we would urge the voter to vote right is this, vote against our county division, and then vote for Governor Johnson.

THE NEW STORE

Sells Shoes, Laces, Cloaks, Braids and Trimmings at Less Than 25 Cents on the Dollar.

$3.00 shoes for $1.00.
5c skirt binding for 1c per yard.
$12.00 ladies coats for $4.00
Corsets worth from 50c to $2.00. We sell for 15c to 75c.
The goods we are closing regardless of cost.
Save 75c on every dollars worth of goods you buy at

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News: $1 per Year.

RED LAKE FALLS GAME

D. B. Bakke Tells of Their Scheme to Get a New Court House.

Will Try and Have a Grand Jury Condemn the Present Building.

"If the Red Lake Falls crowd should win out in this election, a thing that hardly seems possible," said D. B. Bakke to the News, "do you know what their first move would be? They will secure a packed grand jury at the next term of the district court, condemn the present court house, which would be an easy matter and then force the county commissioners to build a new court house at Red Lake Falls. Their whole game is to get some expensive buildings erected there and then use that as an excuse to compel the voters of Red Lake county to vote to have the county seat remain at Red Lake Falls when the county seat election comes up. Notwithstanding the fact that the people of Marshall county were against having an expensive court house erected at Warren, this was the scheme the Warren people put through.

They had a grand jury that condemned the Marshall county court house at Warren and then the county commissioners were forced to erect a new court house there. I know this to be a fact because I was serving as county commissioner in Marshall county at this time. The way to prevent Red Lake Falls from carrying out their scheme is to defeat their candidates for office and then they cannot pick out a grand jury that would do their bidding in the matter."

A SAW MILL ON BATTLE

Thief River Falls Firm to Erect a Saw Mill on Battle River.

Lumber Will Be Brought to Thief River Falls for Factory Here.

Kelliher Journal: Messrs. Diebel and Lang, propreitors of the Pioneer Door and Sash company, are completing arrangements, which if they are carried out, insures a saw mill on Battle River, the exact location of which has not yet been determined upon.

Mr. Diebel is expected to arrive in Kelliher early next week to complete arrangements for the purchase of the site and with Millright Robert Munro who will have charge of constructing the building and installing the machinery.

The plant will be capable of cutting about 50,000 feet per day, and in addition to the mill the company will install a shingle and lath mill, and a planer and matcher.

It is confidently expected that the erection of the new plant will be commenced in a few weeks or as soon as the material can be brought to the grounds.

The lumber will be brought to Thief River Falls and for manufacturing purposes by the Pioneer Sash and Door company.

Hon. H. O. Hanson, of Stephen, who again is a candidate for the legislature in the Marshall, Kittson and Roseau district, was in the city last week attending to business.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

MINNESOTA STATE NEWS.

M. Plouf, eighty years of age, was brutally assaulted and robbed in front of his own residence in Minneapolis.

Leech Lake Indians Saturday received their annual payment from the government, the total aggregating $125,000.

Mike and Joe Cantillon have purchased the Minneapolis baseball team. The price paid is said to be in the neighborhood of $30,000.

Frank A. Johnson, aged sixteen, was hit by a street car at Minneapolis and sustained a fractured skull. His injuries are considered fatal.

Thomas Welch, sixty-three years old, was killed by a train at the railroad crossing in Minneapolis where he had for years been flagman.

A ten-pound daughter has been born to Mrs. Kataro Nakahara at the St. Paul city hospital. It is the first Japanese baby ever born in St. Paul.

John C. Ryan, aged sixty-one, a St. Paul blacksmith, was run down by a street car at Minneapolis and sustained injuries which resulted in death several hours later.

John E. Layne, a contractor, tried at Minneapolis for manslaughter for causing the death of Henry Stevenson, another contractor, during a quarrel, has been acquitted.

While hunting at Long lake, near Grove City, Anton Swanson and Carl Rosander were tipped into the lake and the latter was drowned. Swanson managed to cling to the boat and was rescued.

A genuine epidemic of swamp fever is reported to have broken out among the horses in the town of Meadows, fifteen miles west of Fergus Falls. Eleven of the animals have died and a great many are sick.

Sun Lee, Chinese laundryman, was robbed of $115 in Minneapolis Friday night. Lee left the laundry to deliver a package and on returning found a man rifling his trunk. The latter jumped through a window and escaped.

One of the most daring burglaries of the season at Minneapolis occurred Thursday night when Williams' cigar stand, on the ground floor of the city hall, not more than fifty feet from police headquarters, was broken into and looted.

Six horses and three mules were shot on the farm of Gibson Bros., just north of St. James, by the state authorities. The animals were affected with glanders. This is the first case of glanders in Watonwan county in some years.

W. P. Mason, promoter for the Minneapolis, Rochester and Dubuque Traction company, is in Chatfield with a corps of engineers and surveyors. Mr. Mason says that there is no doubt that electric cars will be running through Chatfield next summer.

An ore train on the Duluth and Iron Range at Mile Post 45 ran over and killed Frank Lord, an old time woodsman in the employ of Abner Smith. It is said that Lord undertook to save a dog from being run over and sacrificed his own life in the attempt.

Hog cholera has again made an appearance in Watonwan county and is literally reaping down the hogs. It first made its appearance near Madelia and in the short space of two or three days brought a loss of about $25,000 to the farmers of that community.

Dr. Henry Dixon Jones, formerly rector of the Church of the Messiah, St. Paul, died suddenly in Portland, Ore. When his wife awoke in the morning she found him dead in bed. A physician was summoned and pronounced the cause of death as heart failure.

John Roehl, a carpenter, was killed by a rapidly moving car at Minneapolis. A heavy rain was falling at the time, which obscured the motoneer's vision. Roehl was very deaf and did not hear the car approaching. His skull was fractured and he died within two hours.

An increase of $8,000,000 over the returns of the county boards and an increase of nearly $20,000,000 over the values fixed on personal property by the state board last year are shown by the completed figures on the increases and decreases ordered by the state board of equalization this year. The total value as determined by the board is $189,459,270.

Joseph Smith, whose home is in Chicago, met a warm reception on his arrival in Minneapolis last week. No sooner had he stepped off the train at the Union station than he was robbed of $13 and while walking to a police station in company with a young man who had volunteered to show him the way the guide turned traitor and took the rest of his money.

Believing that Lemuel Hill, an aged bachelor who died in Winona a week ago, went to his grave with a secret regarding a fortune which relatives supposed he had saved during his long life as a recluse search was begun on his farm at Pleasant Hill. The searchers were rewarded after an all day hunt by finding under the floor of the barn personal property valued at about $50,000.

Hog cholera has broken out in Douglas county along the southern border of Otter Tail and 200 or 300 hogs have already died from the disease. Farmers did not suspect its nature until the arrival of the state veterinarian and eleven farms were immediately placed under quarantine. The dogs in the neighborhood have been ordered tied up or shot and every effort will be made to stamp it out.

Wide Awake Farmers.

During the present season there will be ten different stone macadam roads built near Decatur, Ind., says Motor News. The county auditor's office has been flooded with road petitions since early in January. It seems as though the farmers in this county are determined to do their share, as some of them have affixed their signatures to several different petitions.

Johnson's Example.

Pequot Enterprise, Oct. 19: It might be wondered whether Governor Johnson ever made a study of the report of the bank examiner which was issued at the time he came into office. The conclusions reached in his speech that the department had been most efficiently handled would not seem to bear out the theory that he did. If he had he would have discovered that Sam Johnson, Governor Van Sant's public examiner, had collected $177,000 in back taxes from corporations and that he unearthed $500,000 more which was turned over to his successor for collection. In the face of this the governor in his keynote speech brags about the collection by Mr. Kerst of a paltry $35,000 of that amount. We should think if the governor were really informed as to the conditions that he would have been ashamed to mention it. Mr. Kerst has evidently been pursuing that free and easy do-nothing style which has characterized the governor's administration.

A CAR SHORTAGE.

Soo Line Is Having Much Trouble in Moving the Crop.

The Soo line is having all kinds of trouble in moving the wheat on the line west from Thief River Falls. The trouble is caused by a lack of cars. A large amount of the wheat is transferred at Eskine, being shipped from that point over the Great Northern to Duluth. The result is that the Great Northern is holding all of the Soo's empty box cars at the Duluth terminals, claining that they are not able to handle the business.

There are seventeen freight crews working out of Thief River Falls at present and most of these are now idle owing to a luck of cars. The elevators out on the Wheatline are said to be all full.

The Amendments.

Every voter should make himself familiar with the amendments to the constitution to be voted on Nov. 6th. They are three in number and all of equal importance. One is for the establishment of a read and bridge fund and authorizing the legislature to levy an annual tax for the purpose of constructing and improving roads and bridges. Another relates to taxation, making it more unifrom and equal and giving the legislature greater power in formulating new methods of taxation. Under the proposed amendment an income tax and a registry tax on mortgages could be imposed. The present constitution does not permit of a registry tax on mortgages owned by non-residents. Still another amendment is to permit any person to sell or peddle the products of a farm or garden occupied and cultivated by him without obtaining a license therefor. This latter is of especial importance to farmers and gardeners and they should make a note of it. In fact all three amendments should be adopted. It should be remembered, too, that a failure to vote on the amendments is equivalent to a vote against them.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Subscribe for the News.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

HAD SOME BAD LUCK

Lewis A. Nelson's Team Indulged in a Lively Runaway Sunday.

An Exciting Experience That Took Place on the Reservation.

L. A. Nelson and E. M. Stanton had quite an experience Sunday afternoon. They had attended a political meeting at Highlanding Saturday night and on Sunday were driving to Thief River Falls. When in the vicinity of Brunkeberg postoffice they passed a team loaded with lumber, which was driven by a young man, and a woman of about 75 years of age was also riding upon this load. In going over a bad piece of road, a bunch of shingles fell from the wagon loaded with lumber and fell upon the horses. The man who was driving the team also fell off and the team started to run away, going at a lively gate. Messrs. Nelson and Stanton's attention was called to the runaway by hearing the cries of the old lady who still remained upon the load of lumber. They at once turned their team around and succeeded in overtaking the runaway team in the distance of about a mile. No great amount of damage was done excepting that much of the load of lumber was scattered over quite a piece of the road.

After the affair Messrs. Nelson and Stanton hitched their team to a farmer's wagon at the Brunkeberg store, quite a number of farmers having gathered at this place by this time and were talking the affair over and assisting the man who owned the lumber to get started again. The farmer to whose wagon Mr. Nelson's team was tied, desired to proceed and as Mr. Nelson and Mr. Stanton were in the store talking with some of the people there, he unhitched the team and was going to hitch the horses at another place when they frigtened and ran away. Mr. Nelson and Mr. Stanton took after the team and found them a distance of about five miles miles up the road where they had been stopped by Peter Wold, but not until they had gone through one-wire fence where they left the buggy and had become fast in another wire fence. The legs and sides of the horses were badly cut up, and the team is entirely ruined. The loss is a heavy one upon Mr. Nelson as he needs the team very much to finish making his campaign for the office of sheriff and this will handicap him considerable. Mr. Nelson's buggy was also badly demolished.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 1, 1906.

LEWIS A. NELSON.

"OUR NEXT SHERIFF."

Lewis A. Nelson, who is making a whirlwind campaign for the office of sheriff, is one of the old residents of this secton. He settled in the county north of what is now Thief River Falls nineteen years ago, and until the railroad extended north to Thief River Falls, used to haul wheat and do his trading at St. Hilaire. He is a man well qualified for the office he seeks.

Is He Consistent?

The Red Lake Falls Gazette, published by F. R. Creglow, has had much to say just because the two Thief River Falls papers—both Republican—are supporting Democrats for the offices of county attorney, county treasurer, judge of probate and court commissioner. The Gazette itself is supporting Democrats for more offices in Red Lake county than is either of the Thief River papers yet that paper seems to think that it has a special privilege to do as it desires. In fact this paper is constituting itself as the dictator of Red Lake county politics and is being backed up by the Plummer Pioneer and Sunbeam. The Pioneer is so changeable that it is impossible to say how it will be lined up before the campaign ends and as for the Sunbeam, well that paper will remain true to the Red Lake Falls interests so long as it is paid for so doing.

Inasmuch as Editor Creglow is constituting himself the head and front of the Republican party in Red Lake county, it might be well for the people of the county to learn something about his Republicanism. For several months past he has been the publisher of the Red Lake Falls Gazette and has lived at Red Lake Falls, yet continues to hold his legal residence in Iowa. That is nothing against him. We had always been of the opinion that this displayed excellent judgement upon his part in refusing to take up his residence in Red Lake Falls. A resident of this city, however, who is a subscriber of the Rock Rapids (Iowa) Review, a paper published at Mr. Creglow's home in Iowa, furnishes evidence that throws more light upon the real reason why Mr. Creglow does not take up his residence in Red Lake Falls. It appears from the official ballot published in this paper that Mr. F. R. Creglow is a candidate upon the Socalist ticket for a seat in the Iowa state legislature. Thus, while he is running for the legislature on the Socalist ticket in Iowa, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, he is constituting himself the head and front of the Republican party and trying to read everyone else out of the party.

Mr. Creglow, however, is a good fellow, and we have no objection, providing of course the people of Iowa see fit to elect, to seeing him spend next winter in the Iowa state legislature. We would suggest, however, that if he stands any show of winning out in Iowa, that he go down there at once and look after his campaign there. The people of Red Lake county can choose their county officials without any of his assistance and advice. In fact the battle is now over and all that is necessary to turn the Red Lake Falls gang out of offiie is the count of the votes.

"One good term deserves another." That is true of K. M. Hansen, who desires and deserves another term as county treasurer.

HE HAS MADE GOOD.

K M HANSEN.

Who has serve[d] [illegible] term as county treasurer of Red Lake county and now desires to be re-elected. It is the unanimous opinion of all who have had business to transact with the treasurer that Mr. Hansen has made the best official the county has ever heard.

HE'S OUR CANDIDATE.

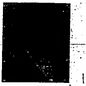

E. M. STANTON.

To the old settlers of Red Lake county, E. M. Stanton, candidate for the office of county attorney, is very well and favorably known. Mr. Stanton has been a resident of the Red River Valley since the spring 1891, first locating at Crookston where for a number of years he was associated with Hon. Halvor Steenerson, our present member of congress from the Ninth district. He is recognized as one of the ablest attorneys of Northern Minnesota and is held in very high esteem by the residents of Thief River Falls and Red Lake county. You will make no mistake if you vote for him on the 6th day of November.

Every voter in Red Lake county should vote next Tuesday. As patriotic citizens this is a duty they owe to themselves and to the county in which they reside. If every voter turns out and votes his honest convictions there is no question but what the gang at Red Lake Falls will be defeated by a decissive majority. Let everyone do his duty.

Next week we will tell you all about it.

Candidates for office who will not do their duty should be elected to stay at home.

With but two exceptions, Red Lake Falls men are candidates for every office in Red Lake county. And they have the nerve to say that the northern part of the county is trying to "hog" all of the officers.

The fight which Red Lake Falls is making against having Red Lake county re-districted into new commissioner districts shows that this town is against the people of Red Lake county. Two-thirds of the people who pay three-fourths of the taxes are represented by two county commissioners and one-third of the people who pay one-fourth of the taxes are represented by three county commissioners. Is that a square deal? What do you think of it, Mr. Voter? And also remember that County Attorney Germo, by an official act, says that there is no need of making a change.

The Red Lake Falls papers have much to say about how much County Auditor James E. Ford has saved the taxpayers of Red Lake county and predict that if Ford is defeated, taxes will at once jump sky-high in Red Lake county. No reasonable person of course will take any stock in an argument of this kind. To get right down to the facts of the matter, these papers cannot name one act of James Ford that has saved the taxpayers money, except to say that his influence, with the state board of equalization resulted in preventing that body from raising the valuation of farm lands. This of course is so nonsensical that it is not worthy of reply. The farm lands of Red Lake county were raised all the way from 50 to 100 per cent by the county board of equalization and were assessed much higher than the lands in adjoining countries. That is why the state board of equalization raised the property in adjoining countries and did not raise the valuation of lands in this county. It is safe to say that the state board of equalization never heard of "Jim" Ford, who by trying to practice a little cheap deception is endeavoring to fool the farmers. It is not going to work, however.

Vote for candidates that will do their duty. These are the class of men that are needed in office in Red Lake county.

"Government by injunction" is what the people of Red Lake Falls want. They have no use for a square deal.

When you cast your ballot next Tuesday remember this: Joseph Perrault and Frank Jeffers have held office in Red Lake county ever since the county was organized. Don't you think it is about time for a change? Haven't they held office about long enough?

"Jim" Ford has saved the people of Red Lake county lots of money. Yes, we remember one time just about a year and a half ago when "Jim" was so anxious to part with some of the county's money that he drove over to Plummer in the night one time, and by the practice of deception (his chief stock in trade) secured the signature of the chairman of the board of county commissioners, to a county warrant and then delivered the warrant before the legal time limit had expired. That was the time the old Buse buildings in Red Lake Falls were purchased for court house purposes. "Jim" appeared mighty anxious at that time to give away some of the county's money.

Do you want to help build a new court house at Thief River Falls, Mr. Farmer, which will more than double your taxes. "This is what you will have to do if you elect the men Thief River Falls is trying to thrust upon you. Elect James E. Ford and you can rest assured that your taxes will be kept down to the lowest possible point.

That is the kind of an argument the Red Lake Falls Gazette is making for Mr. Ford. In the first place if Thief River Falls becomes the county seat of Red Lake county, Mr. Farmer and 55 per cent of the residents of the county will have to vote in favor of removing the county seat to Thief River Falls. This election will not be for a number of years, according to statements made by the Gazette upon numerous previous occasions. If the court house is removed to Thief River Falls, the citizens here have offered to give the county the rent of a building for a period of ten years for the sum of $1 per year. This promise will be fulfilled.

Next Tuesday is election day. Remember and vote.

Don't believe any story that is circulated at the last minute by the Red Lake Falls gang.

If an official will not do his sworn duty he is an unsafe man to have in office. Vote for those who are pleged to do their duty. Others should not be electad.

Right now the NEWS wishes to make the prediction that John B. O'Brien is elected county auditor of Red Lake county next Tuesday and that his majority will be around the 500 mark.

Since Mr. Germo has been county attorney, how many criminals, excepting those who pleaded guilty, have been convicted? We would like to have Mr. Germo answer this question?

E. M. Stanton is receiving much abuse at the hands of the Red Lake Falls papers simply because he has been associated with the attorneys representing Thief River Falls in the county seat matter. Mr. Stanton has won every single legal point thus far in this fight, which shows that he has plenty of ability to conduct the office of county attorney.

Lewis A. Nelson is making a hard campaign for the office of sheriff and reports from all parts of Red Lake county would indicate that the people were with him. Mr. Nelson is an honest, capable and deserving young man and is making warm personal friends everywhere. No mistake will be made by the voters if they elect him.

The gang at Red Lake Falls is getting hard up for campaign managers. The Democrats down there imported Editor Cox of the Courier to tell the Democrats of Red Lake county how to vote and now it develops that the Republicans down there imported Editor Creglow, who is running in Iowa for the state legislature on the Socalist ticket, to tell the Republicans how to vote.

Joe Perrault has held office of clerk of court of Red Lake county ever since the county was organized. He wants to hold the office four more years. His opponent is C. W. Johnson, a young man well qualified for the office and who has been a resident and taxpayer in the county for a number of years. Wouldn't it be a square deal to give Johnson a vote for this office, or do you believe in keeping one man in office for life?

The Red Lake Falls Gazette last week published another long article telling how James E. Ford prevented the raise of Red Lake county lands and gave figures showing what a saving had been made to Red Lake county farmers. The Gazette uses the present valuation and then figures on a supposed increased valuation of 66⅔ per cent. The only difference in the tax rate, supposing the increase in the valuation had been made, would be the one mill levy made by the state. The amount of levy made for school, township, county and other special purposes is always made in a lump sum and the rate in mills is figured out after the valuation of the property is made. If the valuation of real and personal property is high, the taxes in mills is correspondingly reduced and if the valuation is low the rate in mills is of course much higher. So much has to be raised for the purpose of paying the running expense of the county government, township government and for school purposes. It is therefore easy to be seen that the only difference that it makes whether the valuation is high or low is in the amount of state taxes we are obliged to pay. The state tax is only one mill and the average tax in Red Lake county for the past few years has been about 10 mills

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Hence it is that Royal Baking Powder renders the food remarkable both for its fine flavor and healthfulness.

No alum, no phosphate—which are the principal elements of the so-called cheap baking powders and which are derived from bones, rock and sulphuric acid.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Now is the time for the honest men in all parts of Red Lake county to stand together.

If "Jim" Ford had only mentioned it, perhaps the state board of equalization would let Red Lake county off without paying any taxes. But then, James is forgotful. What other reason could he have?

A recount of the votes in Red Lake Falls two years ago resulted in showing that on the office of treasurer there was a change of about fifty votes. The judges of election could not have made this mistake unless it was done intentionally.

The attempt upon the part of the Red Lake Falls gang to bribe S. T. Johnson was a failure. Mr. Johnson is not for sale. That is the kind of county officials Red Lake county wants. We have had enough of the bribe-taking kind.

The Red Lake Falls gang has controlled the offices of Red Lake county ever since the county was organized. Is it a good thing to have one set of men in power so long? Now is the time for you to decide this matter, Mr. Voter. Give the people of Red Lake county a chance.

If you want to vote for candidates who stand for the square deal and will do their duty as officials, vote for these:

Auditor—John B. O'Brien.
Treasurer—K. M. Hansen.
Register of Deeds—E. L. Quist.
Sheriff—Lewis A. Nelson.
Clerk of Court—C. W. Johnson.
County Attorney—E. M. Stanton.
Judge of Probate—N. W. Tarrant.
Supt. of Schools—H. T. McAnulty.
Court Commissioner—S. T. Johnson.

If you had an important law case, Mr. Voter, what attorney would you employ, L. M. Stanton or Thomas Germo? We do not think you would hesitate for one moment. Why then should you vote for other than E. M. Stanton for county attorney? Is not the business of the county just as important as your own?

The Sunbeam tells us that Dan Linnihan should be elected sheriff because he does not go after the farmers who do not pay their personal property taxes. Neither does he go after some of the business men who do not pay their personal property taxes. There are hundreds of dollars in personal property tax that Red Lake county did not collect this past year. We don't say that the sheriff was to blame for all of this, but the fact that he does not collect the taxes is certainly no argument in favor of why he should be elected. It only makes the burden of taxation upon those who do pay their taxes a great deal heavier.

YOU ALL KNOW HIM.

S. T. JOHNSON,

Who Is Running for Court Commissioner on an Anti-Injunction Platform.

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Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORREY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

Joseph Duchamp was in from Clover Leaf last week.

Henry Arndt was in the city last week from Highlanding.

A. Alrick, the Plummer business man was in the city last week.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

Tom Bjoin was up from Crookston last Saturday attending to business matters.

F. H. Kratka was up to Middle River last Friday attending the Steenerson meeting.

Dan Robertson, of Argyle, Republican candidate for member of the legislature from the Marshall-Kittison-Roseau district, was in the city last week. Dan has a whole lot of friends here who hope to see him win out.

—We had rented out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Mrs. Joseph Lang was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

Miss Minnie Sawyer and Miss Mollie Morse, of Crookston, were in the city visiting friends last Saturday.

Mrs. C. E. Boughton and Mrs. Adam Zeh were up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday visiting friends here.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

George Diebel came over from North Dakota last week and is looking after his business interests here this week.

—For Sale or Trade—My store building on North Main avenue. Will trade for farm land. Inquire of E. M. Evenson.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Pat Sullivan, one of the substantial farmers living up near Highlanding, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

The fire department was called out last Friday evening by the burning out of a chimney in the Wallin house. No damage was done.

Fred DuChamp was in from Clover Leaf last week and while here his team indulged in a lively runaway. The team started at the Hanson & Barzen Milling company's elevator and ran for several blocks, being stopped by Henry Jonson.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

C. M. Rasmussen, who had been down to Barnesville visiting his son, returned to Thief River Falls last Friday.

James Meehan came up from St. Paul last Friday to spend a few days looking after business matters and to shoot a few ducks.

Wm. Muller, who last summer purchased a farm west of town of Daniel Shaw, arrived in the city last week and will make his future home here.

Hon. H. O. Hanson, of Stephen, who again is a candidate for the legislature in the Marshall, Kittson and Roseau district, was in the city last week attending to business.

Miss Sarah Vaughan returned to this city last Friday from Kalispell, Mont., where she had been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. L. Dobner, who had been quite sick with typhoid fever. Mrs. Dobner has entirely recovered.

It is announced by the Crookston Times that Rev. J. R. Davis of Renville who was elected presiding elder of this district of the Methodist church has decided to locate at Fergus Falls instead of Crookston and will make his home there.

Miss Lenora DuChamp has returned to her home in the town of Clover Leaf, having spent the past five weeks in the city taking music lessons. Miss Lenora will be the organist at the Germantown Union church in the near future.

The articles of incorporation for the new Presbyterian church to be erected at Middle River have been sent to the church officers. Work upon the building of the new church will be commenced just as soon as business arrangements are completed.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. See Hager, the Land Man.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

C. W. JOHNSON.

CANDIDATE FOR CLERK OF COURT.

C. W. Johnson, republican candidate for clerk of court of Red Lake county was born on a farm in Sweden in 1875. He became a resident of this county in 1881, was educated in the public schools. He attended the academic department of Gustavus Adolphus College at St. Peter, Minnesota, graduating from the commercial department of this school in the year 1900. He pledges to devote his entire time to the duties of this office and further that he will conduct the affairs of the office in a fair and impartial manner.

The funeral of Siver Hanson, who died of typhoid fever at his home in section 24, Bray township, at the age of 15 years, 6 months and 26 days on the 19th of October, was held at the Landstad, church in Sanders last Monday and conducted by Rev. Alex Sand.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

In order to accommodate the large amount of business upon this branch of the Great Northern an extra freight train in additional to the regular daily freight was run up here last Saturday. This is the first time in the history of the road that business was so great that an extra freight train had to be run.

Thomas Sletten, who was hurt several weeks ago by being thrown off a hand car by the passenger train, returned on Saturday from the Crookston hospital. Mr. Sletten came out very lucky from his serious mishap and is now nearly recovered. His left shoulder still pains him but he expects to be in good shape again in a short time.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The total amount of business done by the St. Hilaire creamery last month amounted to $4,739.90, divided between 172 patrons, and the following are the ones that received over $50.00: O. L. Larson, $50.15; H. Haupt, $60.75; L. M. Rolland, $59.60; Fred Soderberg, $50.32; Swan Wilberg, $54.75; Peter Johnson, $59.50. Chas. Seeger, $44.35; H. Sletten, $50.05; C. A. Melin, $53.12; C. A. Lindquist, $77.95. The price paid for butter fat was 25 cents, and prospects for high priced butter during the winter months never were better.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

Every farm properly cared for should be worth more money for each year of its life. The increase of population and demand, the growth of the cities and the development of diversified farming, with density of settlement, should assure a large increasement. When we have added to the national export trade $500 000,000 per annum the country rings with self-congratulation, and we demand the plaudits of the world. If a process for extracting metallic wealth from rocks were discovered tomorrow such as to assure the country an added volume or $1,000,000,000 in wealth every year, the nation would talk of nothing else. Yet these things would be but a trifle when compared with the possibilities of agricultural developement in the United States.

Be Cheerful.

After all there is a good deal in talk. Let a man talk dull times and it is infectious, everybody talks dull times instead of rustling around to take care of what business there is, they all go sit down and mope over dull times. If a customer does happen to drop into one of these "dull times" stores he actually gets frightened out of one half as much as he expects to buy because things look so blue. He catches the spirit of the store and resolves to hang on to all of his money with a death grip, even if his business goes to pieces on account of running short of goods to fill up the empty sleeves. The bugbear of hard times should be sat down upon. It is doing more to kill business than anything else. Tell a man he is sick, keep it up and you will eventually hound him to death.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Praise for St. Hilaire Creamery.

George Austin, now of St. Hilaire is in the city today, looking after business matters. Mr. Austin has been manager of a large Farmers' creamery since leaving this city, and reports business exceedingly brisk. The creamery which he is managing has had as high as 190 patrons during the past summer and is disbursing large sums of money among the farmers of the neighborhood—in fact it is going to pay fully $50,000 in the course of the year, and $50,000 will take the place of an immense amount of wheat at present prices. During the past three months, the creamery has taken in a total of 79,883 pounds of butter fat for which it paid 20 cents per pound during June and July and 21 cents during August. It made a total of 93,800 pounds of butter, and paid the farmers $18,048.25 in cash—a very nice showing.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Commit Suicide.

News of the death of Dr. Cassavat, a well known physician of Overly, west of Thief River Falls on the Soo, who committed suicide Tuesday morning by taking morphine. He had retired to his room and when he did not appear at nine o'clock in the morning, the door was opened and he was found in an unconscious condition. Death resulting at noon.

Unlike many such cases the doctor's act is easily accounted for. His fiance had died but that morning following an attack of typhoid fever, while under his attendance, and life to him was destitute of charms following the young woman's demise.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—Subscribe for the News.

A TAX DODGER.

The Big Minneapolis Lumberman Finds a New Residence.

Orono, not Minneapolis, is the legal residence of Thomas H. Shevlin, according to a decision filed by Judge Andrew Holt of Minneapolis last week. This means that Mr. Shevlin will be taxed on the $12,000 of personal property assessed against him at Orono and not on the $250,000 discovered by the Minneapolis assessor.

This decision is the outcome of a suit for a writ of certiorari begun by Mr. Shevlin for the purpose of having the work of the Hennepin county board of equalization renewed, and to have his assessment reduced.

While the court did not go into the question of the sufficiency of the Orono assessment he held that Orono was Mr. Shevlin's legal residence, and that his taxes were due there and not in Minneapolis.

Alcohol from Sawdust.

The repeal of the tax on denatured alcohol opens up wonderful possibilities in the way of its profitable employment in the industries. The experience of European countries, where spirits are cheap in price and used extensively in the arts and manufacturing, affords some hint of what's in prospect. Germany alone requires over seventy million gallons yearly in its industries, while France makes over 100 million gallons not from potatoes, beets and grain, but even from sawdust. A French savant has been successfully extracting 500 pounds of pure alcohol from a ton of ordinary sawdust. Consequently the supply is practically unlimited, as we can draw power not only from the plants of the field but from the trees of the forest.

For Sale—My residence in Highland Add. Lots 110 feet front, new 8 room house with electric lights, barn 16 x 20 with lean 12 x 20, well painted and good well with plenty of fine water.

O. Tessum.

Farm Loans!

Easy Terms!

If you desire to make a loan on your farm, it will be to your interest to consult us. One of our plans for loans is on 10 years time, 7 per cent interest, no commission, with privilege of paying 1-5 on the 1st or 15th of any month of the year. Interest on the amount paid will stop on the day it is paid. We also have other plans for making loans on easy terms. We extend to all a cordial invitation to come and see us.

Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
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St. Paul

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

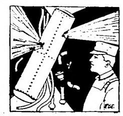

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

NEWS OF THE WEEK

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The following statement regarding prospective changes in President Roosevelt's cabinet has been made public at the White House: "On the retirement of Secretary Shaw and Attorney General Moody from the cabinet the following changes will be made: Secretary of the treasury, George B. Cortelyou; postmaster general, George von L. Meyer; attorney general, Charles J. Bonaparte; secretary of the navy, Victor H. Metcalf; secretary of commerce and labor, Oscar S. Straus."

President Roosevelt and the cabinet have discussed the situation growing out of the anti-American sentiment in Japan and the exclusion of Japanese children from the public schools of San Francisco. It was stated by a member of the cabinet after the meeting that the general opinion of the members was that the Japanese situation was exceedingly grave and would require the most delicate treatment to avoid an open rupture.

Viscount Aoki, the Japanese ambassador, at a conference with Secretary Root at the state department, made the request, in behalf of his government, that the United States see that Japanese subjects in California were accorded their full rights under the treaty of 1894, including the right of children to freely attend the public schools.

While no official statement is obtainable *unofficial information* confirms the report that the president will appoint Attorney General William H. Moody of Massachusetts to the vacancy in the supreme bench.

Under a ruling of the interstate commerce commission transportation over railroad lines no longer may be given to newspaper publishers or editors in exchange for advertising space in their newspapers.

Secretary Shaw has decided to increase available circulation by $18,000,000 through the deposit with the government of approved securities of that value in place of government bonds.

According to the present programme President Roosevelt will stop at San Juan, Porto Rico, on his way back from Panama.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Unusual excitement in connection with the reopening of the British parliament was caused by the presence of about 100 women suffragists, many of whom, despite the protests of the police, managed to find their way into the outer lobby of the house of commons with the intention of buttonholing the members in support of their movement. Reinforcements of police were hurried to the scene and the women forcibly ejected from the building.

A daring robbery was committed about noon Saturday in the center of St. Petersburg, by which a number of highwaymen got away with $193,000 from a wagon which was conveying the cash from the customs department to the state treasury.

The Pulajanes in Samar, Philippine islands, attacked boats carrying supplies on the Surigao river, killed three scouts and wounded one. Five Pulajanes were killed. The supplies were saved. Troops are now pursuing the Pulajanes.

P. MacFadyen, head of MacFadyen & Co., bankers of London, whose suspension was announced recently, committed suicide by throwing himself in front of an underground train.

A hurricane has swept over Southwestern Japan. Several hundred coral fishing boats are reported missing. Each boat is manned by at least two sailors.

In view of the situation in Morocco the French government has decided to send a warship to Tangier.

LABOR NEWS.

The railroads have informed Grand Master Hawley of the Switchmen's union that the demands of the men for an eight-hour day and an increase in wages would be refused. The refusal of the demands of the switchmen was also made to apply to all other organizations of railroad employes which have of late presented demands for shorter hours or increased wages.

The federal law which seeks to prevent interstate carriers from keeping their employes out of labor unions has been held illegal by the United States district court at Louisville, Ky.

A compromise of 2 cents an hour increase in wages offered by the railroads has been rejected by committees representing the Switchmen's unions of the entire country.

Three hundred chauffeurs employed by the New York Transportation company, which operates 350 public electric cabs, have gone on strike for an increase in wages.

A strike of Southern Pacific machinists, which may extend to the entire system, has begun at Algiers, La.

POLITICAL NEWS.

At the conclusion of an investigation by the grand jury of charges made by Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, that Tammany Hall candidates had been "held up for cash considerations" by the managers of the independence league it was announced that the charges had fallen through completely.

The appellate division of the supreme court of New York has rendered a decision practically wiping out the New York city congressional, senatorial and assembly ticket of the independence league.

1906 NOVEMBER 1906						
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The circuit court at Toledo, O., has upheld the decision of Judge Kinkade of the common pleas court in the sentences he gave Reuben Lemon, Rollin Beard and Joseph Miller, convicted of conspiracy in restraint of trade in the sale of ice. The sentences given the men were $2,500 fine each and six months in the workhouse and if the supreme court affirms the lower courts the icemen must serve their sentences.

After a chase lasting thirty-six hours a sheriff's posse succeeded in capturing the five men who robbed the bank at Sawyer, N. D., of $4,600. One of the robbers was wounded in the fight with the posse, but not seriously. Three thousand dollars was recovered, the robbers scattering the remainder along the prairie during their flight.

Louis G. Hampton, aged sixty, assistant secretary of the United States Trust company of New York city, shot and killed Victoria I. Taczkow, a beautiful young woman, in the Hotel Griffou in West Ninth street and then committed suicide.

Former Senator Burton of Kansas, convicted of accepting a fee while senator in a case in which the United States was interested, has begun serving his sentence of six months in jail.

Robbers blew open the safe of the State bank of Sparks, Okla., secured $2,500 and escaped after exchanging 100 shots with a number of citizens drawn to the scene by the explosion.

The Bank of Jamestown, Mo., was entered by robbers, who blew open the safe and secured $2,700. They escaped.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

By the wrecking of a three-coach electric train on the West Jersey and Seashore railroad near Atlantic City, N. J., at least sixty passengers perished. While crossing over a drawbridge, spanning the waterway known as "The Thoroughfare," which separates Atlantic City from the mainland, the train left the track and plunged into the water. The passengers in the first two coaches, with one or two exceptions, were drowned.

Four persons are known to be dead, eight others are missing, two are fatally injured and fifty more are more or less seriously injured as the result of a fire which destroyed the Chamber of Commerce building in Kansas City, Kan., used as a tenement house.

Three persons were killed, four others were seriously injured and twenty more were more or less injured in a terrific explosion of natural gas, which completely demolished five two-story brick business blocks at Coffeyville, Kan.

A maritime puzzle that may be the result of an ocean tragedy came ashore near Cape Hatteras Thursday in the shape of more than 400 life preservers.

Two South Dakota boys, David Ganaway and Herbert Brown of Chamberlain, lost their lives in the severe storm which swept South Dakota last week.

In a headon collision of two freight trains west of Springfield, O., four Indianapolis men lost their lives, while a fifth is not expected to recover.

Seven miners were killed by an explosion in the Cambria rolling mill mine at Johnstown, Pa.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Mrs. William Zeigler, widow of the patron of Arctic explorers, has decided to publish a monthly magazine for the blind. It will be printed in raised characters and will be distributed without cost to all the sightless ones in the United States.

The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, the latter a daughter of W. K. Vanderbilt, have agreed to separate. The duke is given an income of $100,000 a year.

The condition of Congressman Rockwood Hoar, who is ill at Worcester, Mass., is very grave.

Grover Cleveland has entirely recovered from his recent indisposition.

President Roosevelt was forty-eight years of age Saturday.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Samuel McClellan Hay, for fifty-eight years identified with the business interests of Oshkosh, Wis., and a pioneer merchant and banker of wide reputation, is dead, aged eighty-one years.

Dr. Charles P. Russell, known throughout the country as an authority on dermatology and the treatment of cancer, is dead at Utica, N. Y.

Milton M. Price, ex-United States consular agent at Xeres de la Frontera, Spain, is dead at Paris.

Charles A. Snyder, mayor of Dayton, O., was drowned while duck hunting near Port Arthur, Ont.

James W. Forsythe, major general, U. S. A., retired, is dead at his home in Columbus, O.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

```
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.......Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar...Red Lake Falls...Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar....Middle River....Lv 3:19 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush......Lv 2:25 pm
```

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Lars Matson, H. E. 34, Red Lake Series, for the N. E. ¼ Sec.34, Tp. 151.N. R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John E. Solmonson, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Charles P. Peterson, " " " " "
John Haner, " " " " "
George M. Gunderson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 27 nov 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Thom Bednarchik H. E. 845, Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ Sec.9, Twp 151, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of; said land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn
Andrew Ricksson, " " "
John Ristau, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 13 oct 18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th November, 1906, viz: Ole J. Lund, H. E.6139, Chippewa Series for the N. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec. 32, Twp. 155, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lewis Hamre, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Johnson, " " "
Amund Johnson, " " "
Hartvig Lund, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: Thomas E. Gilfoy H. E. 4203, Chippewa Series, for the S. ½ S. W. ¼ Sec 22, N. ½ N. W. ¼ Sec 27, Tp. 155, N. R 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Roller, of Germantown, Minn.
Carl Klockmann, " " "
Tollef C. Hovelson, " " "
Emil Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov. 1906, viz: Charley H. Omild, H. E. 29, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ Sec 14, Tp. 151, N. R. 43. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Knut O. Loyland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Tellef O. Loyland, " " " " "
Ingebret Nelson, " " " " "
Thom H. Omild, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Nov., 1906, viz: John Nordby H. E. No. 653 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ sec. 11, Tp 153 N. Rg. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole T. Vaale, of Kratka, Minn.
Halvor T. Vaale, " " "
Ole T. Gulleksru, " " "
Christ Myhre, " Brunkeberg, Minn.,

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 4 nov 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 232, Red Lake Series, for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 4, T'wp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Solheim, " " " " "
Abrahm B. Newton, " " " " "
Daniel P. O'Neil, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 25 to nov 29

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 109, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 8, T'wp 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Torger T. Ose, " " "
Andrew G. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlom, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 25 nov 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 641, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 26, T'wp 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
[illegible] George, " " "
Nels A. Leeberg " " "
Adolph W. Hatberg of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 25 nov 29

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 27, 1906

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: George M. Gunderson, H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series, for the S. W. ¼ sec. [illegible] Tp 154 N. Rg. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lars Matson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Mart. Quist, " " " " "
Charley Peterson " " " " "
John Hegerness " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 1 dec 6

BURIED HIS WEALTH

SECURITIES WORTH $50,000 DISCOVERED AFTER DEATH OF AGED RECLUSE.

Witnesses Take "Immunity Bath" Before Testifying in Rebate Hearing at Minneapolis—Mill City Librarian Robbed and Beaten by Thugs and Left to Die by Asphyxiation—General State News.

Winona, Minn., Oct. 27.—Notes, mortgages, certificates of deposit and other personal property worth thousands of dollars have been dug up on the farm of Lemuel Hill, an aged hermit of Pleasant Hill, who died last week in a local hospital. Living in seclusion, dressing shabbily and denying himself even the plain comforts of life it was supposed that this old miser had left valuables, but the searching party was amazed by the value of the documents unearthed.

On his deathbed Hill called a friend and told him the name of a man who knew where his valuables were secreted. It developed, however, that this man had only a vague knowledge of the hiding place. A party was organized and much time was spent in digging before the cache of the hoard was uncovered.

No will was left and the property, which will be worth at least $50,000, probably will be divided among his two brothers and a sister.

TAKE THE IMMUNITY BATH.

Great Northern Railway Employes Before Grand Jury.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24.—Seven men were given the immunity sweat bath here by United States Attorneys Houpt and Ewert and Special Agent H. B. Duncan, before the special grand jury summoned to hear evidence in connection with railroad rebating.

They were C. S. Corl of the Devereaux Grain Co.; R. G. Kyle, agent Great Northern at Minneapolis Junction; George G. Ingram of the Great Northern freight claim department, St. Paul; F. E. Draper, auditor of the Great Northern, St. Paul; R. W. Bryan, superintendent of transportation of the Great Northern, St. Paul; J. P. Dooley, freight agent of the Great Northern, Superior, Wis.; W. J. Power, general agent freight department of the Great Northern, Duluth.

It is said that the evidence so far has tended to show that a rebate of half a cent per bushel has been received by a prominent grain firm for all grain shipped over the Great Northern.

Should the grand jury return indictments, the cases will probably be set for the April term. The new term of the federal district court will begin in April and enough time will intervene to enable the defendants, whoever they may be, to prepare their defense.

LEFT THEIR VICTIM TO DIE.

Dastardly Attempt at Murder by Mill City Thugs.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24. — Berimen Ridges, librarian of the North Side library, lies at the point of death at the city hospital, the victim of robbery and attempted murder.

The attack upon him and the desperate, cold blooded attempt to kill him was perhaps the most dastardly of the series of recent crimes that has terrorized the Mill City.

Ridges started to close the library about 9 o'clock when two masked men entered and hurled him to the floor. He was bound and gagged and the thugs then searched the building and found $18.

Then they beat Ridges into insensibility, closed the doors and windows, turned on the gas and fled, leaving him to die.

Ridges recovered consciousness about an hour later, worked the gag from his mouth, butted the telephone receiver from its hook with his head and told the telephone operator to send the police to the library, as he was dying. Officers arrived just in time to prevent his asphyxiation.

JOINS SOCIALIST COLONY.

Young Minnesotan Quits Yale for the Purpose.

New York, Oct. 27.—Advices from New Haven, Conn., report that Harry Sinclair Lewis of Sauk Center, Minn., a member of the senior class of Yale, left the university Thursday and later sent his classmates a letter saying that he had gone to join Upton Sinclair's socialist colony.

Victim of Highwayman Dead.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24.—Joseph Gardout, who was shot down by a highway robber on Oct. 13 near the Minikahda Country club at Lake Calhoun, is dead of his injuries at the city hospital. Gardout was wounded in three places in the abdomen and his intestines were punctured in several places, but he was operated upon immediately after his arrival at the hospital on the night of the shooting and it was hoped that his life could be saved.

Poisoned by Pea Soup.

St. Paul, Oct. 29.—Linton Elliott, a traveling man boarding with T. H. Larke, awoke in the morning and found his wife dead. Death is believed to have been caused by ptomaine poisoning from the fact that Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Clark of Minneapolis, who partook of the same pea soup as Mrs. Elliott, are seriously ill.

SUBSCRIBING FOR ROADS.

How Farmers in a Missouri County Built Fine Highways.

The methods used in obtaining funds to build "subscription roads" in Boone county, Mo., were described a few days ago by W. B. Cauthorn, an engineer in Columbia who helped and who directed the building of some of the finest highways in that part of Missouri, says the Kansas City Star. "I don't think Americans like the toll idea," Mr. Cauthorn said, "especially when they are paying taxes too. The subscription road is more popular than the toll road. In preparing to build the Columbia-Mexico free highway the promoters started with nothing except confidence. They were laughed at, but they said, 'Let us build one mile and you'll want twenty.' And that was true. The county court subscribed half the amount needed. The property owners adjacent to the first mile put up the remainder.

"That was the start. It attracted others living farther away, and they offered to subscribe for a mile, so that the first contributors were given two miles of highway for the price of one. Others joined in, and the work continued, the cost to each subscriber being what he paid for one mile, and yet he had the use of the whole road. It is to be extended this summer in the same way until it is thirteen miles long, all free highway. The highest subscription outside that from the county court was $100. The sums ranged from $5 to $100. Farmers were allowed to give $50 in work. One man who owned sixty acres gave $100 and worked it out. He said the road added 25 per cent to the value of his land."

"We've been hauling rock," a farmer said. "Some of us have got plum tired waiting for laws. We're going to build two roads this season, each five miles long, by the subscription plan. They'll be free roads. The county will contribute one-half the cost. The more we get of these roads the more the farmers demand them. I know one man who gave $1,000, and he owns only 300 acres. That's the effect of road agitation in a community. We get subscriptions from abutting property and from benefited districts. Every one who goes near the road is asked to help, and they all do it."

OIL FOR JERSEY ROADS.

To Be Used to Preserve Them From the Effect of Heavy Auto Traffic.

The freeholders of Hudson county are contemplating treating sections of the country roads with a preparation of crude oil to preserve them from the effect of the great traffic of automobiles, says a Paterson (N. J.) correspondent of the New York Sun. Unless it be the roads from New York to Philadelphia, no county roads in the state are more used by autoists than the roads in Hudson county, which lead to Greenwood lake, Lake Hopatcong, Echo lake and other inland New Jersey pleasure grounds.

The weight of the machines and the dust they create are continually laying bare the underdressing of the roads, making it compulsory on the freeholders to keep repair gangs out almost continually. The oil is said to act as a binder and will prevent the disintegration of the top dressing by the heavy tires of touring machines.

Rural Delivery Notes

Illinois will probably be given the credit of starting the first rural free mail delivery by automobile. It has been started at Plainfield, Will county, on a twenty-six mile route, covered by H. W. Ritzenthaler. The car that the carrier uses looks like an open buggy.

Patrons of the rural free delivery routes throughout the country have been notified by the postoffice department that in the future they may provide themselves with suitable boxes which are weather proof and fit receptacles for mail. The patrons of the rural routes will be allowed the privilege of making their own boxes or buying them from any manufacturer.

Since free delivery of mail in rural districts has been established I have been pleased to discover two or three pairs of bluebirds nesting undisturbed in mail boxes by the roadside, says a writer in St. Nicholas. It is gratifying to know that the birds allowed themselves to be disturbed two or three times a day and yet not abandon their nests. But the thing that gives the bird lover the greatest delight is the fact that no one robbed the nests.

The establishment of the rural free delivery service in Minnesota is tending to bring about a better condition of the country roads traversed by the carriers in a way that is unexpected. Carriers Alfred Johnson and Frank Watts, who have routes 3 and 4 that run out of Mankato, report that the farmers along those routes have improved the roadways by the use of drags. It is expected that the farmers on other routes will follow the example set.

E. L. Fink, a rural mail carrier of Grant county, going out of Medford, is the first man in Oklahoma to use an automobile in the service, installing his machine a few days ago. Mr. Fink has purchased an eight horsepower vehicle, of the low speed, which can be run at the rate of thirty miles an hour at four horsepower. As a result of a roadmaking campaign which has been on in that county for the past three seasons good roads obtain in that section of the territory, and this makes it convenient for the use of the automobile in the delivery of rural mail. Mr. Fink can cover his daily route now in about half the time it formerly required.

WOMAN EATEN BY WOLVES.

Only Her Skull and a Few Bones Found by Her Brother.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 29.—Professor Frank Hewitt of Chicago has just reached Dawson City with all that is mortal of his lost sister, Dr. Emily Chambers, who was eaten by wolves in the Far North. She was a graduate of the Minnesota school of dentistry at Minneapolis, practiced in Chicago and St. Louis, and was getting material for writing a book when she met such a terrible fate.

Only after a two years' search, a 400-mile walk through swamps and terrible suffering, did Hewitt find where his sister last camped. He found only part of the skull and a few bones, and identified them by parts of underclothing, cloth, and a shoe. She left home July 24, 1901, and the remains were found last September.

LE SUEUR HUNTER KILLED.

George Iten Receives Shot From His Own Weapon.

Le Sueur, Minn., Oct. 27.—George Iten of Le Sueur, twenty-one years of age, son of Gus Iten, one of the leading citizens, was instantly killed today by the accidental discharge of his own gun while he was out on a lake in a rowboat hunting ducks. The boy who was with him was so frightened and horrified that he is not able to give a very definite account of the affair.

Le Sueur has been especially afflicted in this respect of late years, three excellent young men having been killed by the accidental discharge of guns while they were hunting.

RANGES SHIP 37,000,000 TONS.

Iron Mines of Minnesota Greatest Producers in Country.

Duluth, Oct. 29.—It is now certain that the ore shipments from the Lake Superior region for 1906 will be approximately 37,000,000 tons, and, with a favorable month of November as far as weather is concerned, the total may reach 37,500,000. The total under any reasonable conditions of weather for the balance of the season is likely to be over rather than under 37,000,000 tons.

The position of Minnesota in the iron ore industry is one of pre-eminence in the United States and is rivaled in the world only by the German empire.

TWO KILLED BY EXPLOSION.

St. Paul Plumber and Negro Laborer the Victims.

St. Paul, Oct. 25.—George C. Harding, aged thirty-seven, and Frank Aldrich, colored, aged thirty-three, were instantly killed in an explosion which took place in a tunnel leading from the plant of the St. Paul Gas company at East Fourth and John streets to the new building which the company is erecting at Fifth and John streets.

Harding and Aldrich were fitting some pipes in the tunnel when the explosion occurred.

BANK SAFE DYNAMITED.

Robbers Frightened Away Before They Get the Cash.

Kerkhoven, Minn., Oct. 25.—The State bank of Kerkhoven was dynamited about 2 a. m. The vault was badly damaged, but the burglars were scared away before the safe was opened. The inner safe did not yield to the explosion. Entrance was made through a back window and tools were taken from the sectionhouse.

Fatal Street Car Accident.

Minneapolis, Oct. 25.—One man was killed and another was seriously injured in two street car accidents which occurred in Minneapolis a little more than an hour apart. No responsibility is assigned for either of the accidents, but it is believed that the slippery condition of the streets and the heavy rain which was falling at the time were the causes. John Roehl was killed by a car near his home and John C. Ryan of St. Paul was badly hurt by a car at Twenty-seventh street.

Colored Robber Captured.

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—John H. Hoerish, a boot and shoe dealer at 377 West Seventh street, was shot and slightly wounded in his store by a colored man whom the police at first suspected of being "the man who shoots," who has been causing a reign of terror in Minneapolis. Investigation, however, convinced the police that he is not the man. The colored man was captured. He gave his name as Luther D. Johnson. He robbed Hoerish of two pair of shoes.

FOUND IN DRESS SUIT CASE.

Embalmed Body of a Baby Furnishes a Mystery.

Philadelphia, Oct. 29.—The finding of the embalmed body of a six-months-old baby in a dress suit case at the Adams Express company office in this city has furnished a mystery which the authorities are trying to solve with the aid of Newark, N. J., officials. The dress suit case was found by inspectors who were going over unclaimed articles preparatory to having them sold within a few days.

The records of the express office show that the case has been in the possession of the express company since July 1 and that it was received from Newark, N. J. It was addressed to M. Joyce, No. 1879 Bainbridge street, Philadelphia, which number the police say does not exist. The bag was sent from the main station in Newark.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

At a meeting of the United Methodist Episcopal conference in New York city the committee on divorce brought in a report forbidding any pastor in the conference marrying divorced persons. The resolution was passed unanimously by the general conference.

The departure from Fort Robinson, Neb., of four troops of the Tenth cavalry makes sixteen troops of cavalry, a total of 766 officers and men, en route to the scene of the depredations of the band of Ute Indians now supposed to be in camp on Powder river in Wyoming.

The president has received the report of a committee recently sent to Oklahoma to investigate charges preferred against Governor Frantz of that territory. The report completely exonerates the governor and undoubtedly will be approved by the president.

A scathing arraignment of the board of regents, the faculty and the general conditions existing in Wisconsin's state university is contained in the report of the legislative investigating committee, which has been inquiring into the affairs of the university.

The blizzard of last week covered the entire district between the Rocky mountains and the Missouri river and was the worst on record for this season of the year. Railroad service was demoralized and much live stock was killed.

After Feb. 1 next the American Bank Note company of New York will manufacture all United States postage stamps. Under a contract just made public the concern must deliver 27,000,000 stamps daily six times a week.

Miss Nettie Brown, aged twenty-six years, said to be the daughter of D. C. Brown of Lincoln, Neb., committed suicide in the Catholic cathedral at Kansas City by taking carbolic acid.

Battling Nelson has accepted the proposition of Joe Gans to fight for the lightweight championship and the best purse offered, the winner to take 65 per cent and the loser 35.

The first class battleship Minnesota, designed as an 18-knot craft, exceeded the expectations of her builders and the government by averaging 18.87 knots an hour.

As the result of a demonstration by colored citizens Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia has forbidden further production in that city of the drama "The Clansman."

District Attorney Jerome has begun an active investigation of recent coercion conspiracy charges against the Mutual Life Insurance company.

The Wisconsin state board of assessments has voted to eliminate all state taxes this year and to assess but half of 1 mill tax for school purposes.

The Mormons of Idaho will be challenged as to their constitutional right to vote in that state.

A sweeping anti-liquor statute has been passed by the supreme lodge, Knights of Pythias.

EVENTS IN CUBA.

Thousands of rifles surrendered by the Cuban insurgents have been thrown into the sea at Havana by order of the American authorities.

STORM IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Causes Loss of Life and Heavy Damage to Property.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 29.—A miniature storm swept the Lackawanna valley at night, causing untold damage and leaving death, injury and destruction in its path. For almost an hour the wind blew at a fearful rate, and when it subsided it was found that one death had resulted, dozens of persons injured, two coal breakers completely ruined and two others damaged and property generally destroyed. The loss will be in the neighborhood of $1,000,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 27.—Wheat—Dec., 73⅝c; May, 77¼c; July, 78¼@78⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 74⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 72½@73½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.80@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.60@5.10; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 27.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅛c; Oct., 76⅛c; Dec., 74⅛c; May, 78c; July, 78⅜c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14⅛; Oct., $1.13⅝; Nov., $1.13⅝; Dec., $1.11½; Jan., $1.12⅛; May, $1.15⅛.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Wheat — Dec., 73⅛@73⅛c; May, 77⅜c. Corn—Dec., 42⅛@42⅛c; May, 44c. Oats—Dec., 33⅛c; May, 34⅛c. Pork—Jan., $13.72½; May, $13.77½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@25½c; dairies, 18½@22c. Eggs—20@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 9c; springs, 10c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.95@7.00; cows and heifers, $1.40@5.15; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; calves, $5.00@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.35; good heavy, $6.25@6.35; rough heavy, $5.95@6.20; light, $6.00@6.30; pigs, $5.50@6.25. Sheep, $3.25@5.50; yearlings, $5.40@6.30; lambs, $4.50@7.65.

Sample - - Ballot

County Ballot

Put a cross "X" mark opposite the name of each candidate you wish to vote for in the squares indicated by the arrow.

Member of Congress — HALVOR STEENERSON, Republican.	☐	Vote for one
Member of Congress — HALDOR E. BOEN, Public Ownership.	☐	
Member of Congress	☐	
State Senator 61st Dist.—A. L. HANSON, Republican	☐	Vote for one
State Senator 61st Dist.—	☐	
Representative—J. J. OPSAHL, Republican.	☐	Vote for one
Representative—	☐	
County Auditor—J. B. O'BRIEN, Republican.	☐	Vote for one
County Auditor—Jas. E. Ford, Democratic.	☐	
County Auditor—	☐	
County Treasurer—K. M. HANSEN, Democratic.	☐	Vote for one
County Treasurer—O. T. TANDBERG, Republican.	☐	
County Treasurer—	☐	
Register of Deeds—ERNEST L. QUIST, Republican.	☐	Vote for one
Register of Deeds—FRANK JEFFERS, Independent.	☐	
Register of Deeds—	☐	
Sheriff—LEWIS A. NELSON, Republican.	☐	Vote for one
Sheriff—DAN LINNIHAN, Democratic.	☐	
Sheriff—	☐	
Judge of Probate—N. W. TARRANT, Democratic.	☐	Vote for one
Judge of Probate—CHAS. ECKLUND, Republican.	☐	
Judge of Probate—	☐	
Clerk of Court—C. W. JOHNSON, Republican.	☐	Vote for one
Clerk of Court—JOSEPH PERRAULT, Democratic.	☐	
Clerk of Court—	☐	
County Attorney—E. M. STANTON, Democratic.	☐	Vote for one
County Attorney—THOS. GERMO, Republican.	☐	
County Attorney—	☐	
Supt. of Schools—H. T. McANULTY, Independent.	☐	Vote for one
Supt. of Schools—FRED RICHARDS, Republican.	☐	
Supt. of Schools—	☐	
Court Commissioner—S. T. JOHNSON, Democratic.	☐	Vote for one
Court Commissioner—SIMON PAUL, Republican.	☐	
Court Commissioner—	☐	

☞ TAKE NOTICE—The polls open in Thief River Falls at 7 a. m., and close at 6 p. m. In the townships the polls open at 9 a. m. and close at 5 p. m.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Christen A. Loken.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christen A. Loken Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Halvor A. Loken.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 22nd day of January 1907 at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated October 20th 1906

SEAL
N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

oct 25 nov 8

For Sale—My residence in Highland Add. Lots 110 feet front, new 8 room house with electric lights, barn 16 x 20 with lean 12 x 20, well painted and good well with plenty of fine water.

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H. F. McANULTY,

Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

L. G. BROWNING,

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your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1906 NUMBER 45

JIM FORD IS DOWN AND OUT.

The Red Lake Falls' Gang Candidate for Auditor Defeated by O'Brien and Other Red Lake Falls Candidates Are Defeated.

With the townships of Wyandotte, Mayfield, Smiley, Kratka and the three unorganized towns on the reservation----all north end towns----the result is as follows:

O'Brien is over 500 ahead.

Tanberg is 180 ahead.

Quist is 161 ahead.

Nelson is 130 ahead.

C. W. Johnson is 300 ahead.

Germo is 98 ahead.

Tarrant is 800 ahead.

S. T. Johnson is 400 ahead.

It will thus be seen that the north end ticket is so far ahead that nothing can cause its defeat. Of the towns above Thief River Falls has returns from Smiley and two of the unorganized town. These give Stanton a majority of 48 and reduce Germo's lead to 40' It is confidently expected that Stanton will win by a small majority.

THE LOCAL VOTE.

How Thief River Falls Voted on Tuesday.

There were some over 800 votes cast in Thief River Falls on Tuesday and it was a very solid line-up for the north end ticket when it is taken into consideration the fact that the Red Lake Falls crowd spent thousands of dollars in this city in making a desperate effort to line up a number of voters. The First ward came to the front in great shape, some 425 male votes being cast in this precinct. The vote in the second ward fell below that of two years ago and was some less than 150, but the Third ward showed an increase and cast about 250. The following is the total vote in town:

AUDITOR.

O'Brien........................727
Ford........................37

TREASURER.

Hansen........................597
Tandberg........................172

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Quist........................651
Jeffers........................108

SHERIFF.

Nelson........................687
Linnihan........................95

JUDGE OF PROBATE.

Tarrant........................654
Ecklund........................102

CLERK OF COURT.

Johnson........................699
Perrault........................[illegible]

ATTORNEY.

Stanton........................[illegible]
Germo........................68

SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.

McAnulty........................882
Richards........................172

COURT COMMISSIONER.

Johnson........................674
Paul........................77

Town of Sanders.

Auditor—O'Brien 52; Ford 13.
Treasurer—Hanson 31; Tandberg 31.
Register—Quist 56; Jeffers 8.
Sheriff—Nelson 46; Linnihan 18.
Judge of Probate—Tarrant 48; Ecklund 11.
Clerk of Court—Johnson 58; Perrault 4.
Attorney—Stanton 46; Germo 18.
Supt. of Schools—McAnulty 67; Richards 6.
Court Commissioner—Johnson 45; Paul 13.

Plummer Village.

Auditor—O'Brien 17; Ford 12.
Register—Quist 13; Jeffers 16.
Clerk of Court—Johnson 15; Perrault 14.
Attorney—Stanton 11; Germo 19.

St. Hilaires Vote.

Auditor—O'Brien 103, Ford 23.
Treasurer—Tandberg 46, Hansen 78.
Register—Quist 60; Jeffers 64.
Sheriff—Nelson 56; Linnihan 68.
Attorney—Germo 91; Stanton 28.
Clerk of Court—Johnson [illegible]; Perrault [illegible]
Supt. of Schools—McAnulty 135; Richards 28.
Court Commissioner—Johnson 30; Paul 73.

Emardville.

Auditor—O'Brien 5, Ford 28.
Treasurer—Hansen 20, Tandberg 13.
Sheriff—Linnihan 24; Nelson 9.
Register—Quist 10; Jeffers 17.
Attorney—Germo 28, Stanton 4.
Clerk of Court—Johnson 107 Perrault 21
Court Commissioner—Johnson 15; Paul 18.

Red Lake Falls.

Auditor—O'Brien 12, Ford 378.
Treasurer—Hansen 67, Tandberg 330.
Register—Quist 17; Jeffers 372.
Sheriff—Nelson 25; Linnihan 383.
Clerk of Court—Johnson 20; Perrault 357.
Attorney—Stanton 13; Germo 369.
Supt. of Schools—McAnulty 47; Richards 657.

WE LOVE HIM FOR THE ENEMIES HE HAS MADE.

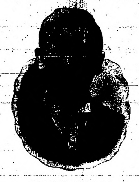

JOHN B. O'BRIEN,

Goodridge Township.

O'Brien,	29
Quist,	23
Nelson,	22
Tarrant,	22
Stanton,	28
McAnulty,	24
C. W. Johnson,	23
S. T. Johnson,	27

Note—31 votes cast practically all for north end candidates. Votes for Red Lake Falls candidates could not be obtained.

Town of North.

Auditor—O'Brien 75; Ford 5.
Treasurer—Hansen 59; Tandberg 23.
Register—Quist 70; Jeffers 8.
Sheriff—Nelson 70; Linnihan 10.
Judge of Probate—Tarrant 67; Ecklund 12.
Clerk of Court—Johnson 69; Perrault 8.
Attorney—Stanton 68; Germo 9.
Supt. of Schools—McAnulty 72; Richards 10.

Smiley.

Auditor, O'Brien 47; Ford 5.
Treasurer, Hansen 33, Tandberg 20.
Sheriff, Nelson 43; Linnihan 9.
Judge of Probate, Tarrant 37; Ecklund 15.
Clerk of Court, Johnson 46; Perrault 5
Attorney, Stanton 40; Germo 5.
Supt. of Schools, McAnulty 35; Richards 15.
Court Commissioners, Johnson 42 Paul 7:

Silverton.

Auditor, O'Brien 49; Ford 1.
Treasurer, Hansen 28; Tandberg 32.
Register of Deeds, Quist 49; Jeffers 1.
Sheriff, Nelson 48; Linnihan 1.
Judge of Probate. Tarrant 37; Ecklund 11.
Clerk of Court Johnson 43; Perrault 3.
Attorney, Stanton 41, Germo 9.
Supt. of Schools, McAnulty 38; Richards 9.
Court Commissioner, Johnson 37; Paul 10.

Norden.

Auditor, O'Brien 68; Ford 2.
Treasurer, Hansen 30; Tandberg 40.
Register of Deeds, Quist 65; Jeffers 5.
Sheriff, Nelson 70; Linnihan 0.
Clerk of Court, Johnson 70; Perrault 0
Attorney, Stanton 55; Germo 15.
Court Commissioner, Johnson 64; Paul 6.

Clover Leaf.

Auditor, O'Brien 46; Ford 6.
Treasurer, Hansen 32, Tandberg 14.
Register of Deeds, Quist 44; Jeffers 2.
Sheriff, Nelson 38, Linnihan [illegible].
Judge of Probate, Tarrant 30, Ecklund 14.
Clerk of Court, Johnson 37, Perrault [illegible]
Attorney, Stanton 32; Germo 12.
Supt. of Schools, McAnulty 30; Richards 11.
Court Commissioner, Johnson 31; Paul 12.

Rocksbury.

Auditor, O'Brien 86; Ford 9.
Treasurer, Hansen 60; Tandberg 31.
Register, Quist 75; Jeffers 22.
Sheriff, Nelson 67; Linnihan 26.
Judge of Probate, Tarrant 65; Ecklund 24.
Clerk of Court. Johnson 80; Perrault 11.
Attorney, Stanton 65; Germo 30.
Supt. of Schools, McAnulty 114; Richards 7.
Court Commissioner, Johnson 75; Paul 15.

There are others living on the reservation besides Hunt.

Quite a number from Red Lake Falls spent Tuesday in Thief River Falls. They helped to line up the town solid.

You might say it was a warm election. Every business man in Thief River Falls was out working. The result of election shows it.

We still love John B. O'Brien for the enemies he has made. The result of the election proves this.

The Soo boys lined up solid for the north end ticket. The vote in the First ward shows this.

Nobody had anything against Jeffers or Linnihan and their best friends voted against them. For some this was a hard thing to do, but then you know the reason why.

The First ward in Thief River Falls cast a larger vote than the wards in Red Lake Falls. The other two wards casts a larger vote than the south tier of townships. Why shouldn't we win.

About all of the citizens of Thief River Falls and Red Lake spent Monday night at St. Hilaire. The Red Lake Falls band furnished the music and our own Dr. Tupper furnished the talk.

Thief River Falls stood for the "square deal."

The First Ward should be divided into two voting precincts and no doubt this will be done at once. There were 425 male votes cast in this ward and owing to the crowded condition of the voting booths, many men could not be induced to vote. The First ward has over 500 votes. Those who canvassed the vote in this ward had a list of over 500 voters.

One of the peculiar things of the election is that Eckland, a man who has left the county and never visited Thief River Falls during the campaign, should have received more votes here than Linnihan, who had a number of supporters and within four as many votes as Jeffers, who has been campaigning here for the past month and has worked hard to line up the voters here.

One of the big surprises of the election was the large vote cast in Red Lake Falls. A careful canvass of the legal resident voters of that town was made, and these figures showed that the vote in Red Lake Falls would not exceed 330. The vote down there was, however, 390 and this is much larger than was to be expected.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Red Lake Reservation to Be Independent of the Leech Lake.

Secretary Hitchcock has ordered two important changes affecting the administration of affairs on both the White Earth reservations in Minnesota. At White Earth the status of Michelet, the agent is changed to bonded superintendent, and at Leech Lake the northern part of the reservation is taken from Agent Frater's jurisdiction and put in charge of Earl W. Allen, bonded superintendent of the Red Lake school.

The change at White Earth has been under consideration for some time For the past year there has been friction between Michelet and the superintendent of schools at the agency which interfered materially with the transaction of public business. Two plans were under consideration—one to place the schools in charge of the superindent with absolute authority independent of the agent and the other to bonded superintendent. It was finally decided to place authority over the agency and schools in the hands of one man, and Michelet will in the future have entire charge of everything on the reservation with the present superintendent as assistant of schools under him.

The change at Leech Lake was brought about because of the great distance of the Red Lake reservation from the Leech Lake agency and the difficulty in administrating affairs in that part of the Leech Lake reservation. Superintendent Allen will have independent jurisdiction, and will be responsible to the Indian bureau and not to Agent Frater.

The secretary's action in regard to Michelet means the end of the fight which has been made on that official for about two years.

BIG GAME SEASON.

Opens on Saturday of This Week and Many Will Go Hunting.

The opening of the big game season in Minnesota is only a few days off; it falls on Saturday, November 10. After that it will be lawful to kill deer and moose for twenty days, or until November 30. No caribou can be lawfully killed, as they are protected by the game law.

Local sportsmen are already preparing for a slaughter of monarchs of the north woods, and from letters received by local persons from friends who will hunt in this vicinity and it is probable that a large number of strangers to the country will also decide upon this neighborhood as the scene of their activities.

Reports from all over the country are to the effect that deer are more numerous than for many years past. Travelers through the country state that they have never seen big game so plentiful, droves of as many as twelve having been seen.

Stories of big killing and the man who says "I saw the biggest deer today, etc." will soon be in order. And it is not amiss to state that stories of narrow escapes, or even fatalities resulting from careless or excited hunters, will also very likely be numerous.

Bijou Theatre.

The following is the program at the Bijou Theatre for tonight, Friday and Saturday night

Humorous Faces.
The Fairy of Spring.
Rescued in Mid Air.
Sights in Chicago
The Greatest of all—"The Living Flowers."
Illustrated Song—"Why Don't you Try Me."

Gov. John A. Johnson has been again elected governor of Minnesota, having received a very large majority estimated as high as 50,000.

In Thief River Falls, Gov. Johnson received far more votes than two years ago and his majority in this city is 215. In the county Johnson also is very strong and will have a majority of about 1,000.

IN DEMAND.

Graduates for Agricultural Schools in Great Demand.

It is a well known fact that Minnesota and Iowa furnish nearly all the teachers in agricultural institutions throughout the country and that by reason of their splendid schools, Minnesota will be in a position now to furnish more instructors than her neighboring state.

There is always a big demand for agricultural teachers and any intelligent student who is a graduate of an agricultural school can find employment as an instructor. In the past three years, Ames College Iowa has furnished the men for two-thirds of the agricultural positions. During the same period, their graduates have been given important positions in seventeen different state colleges. Minnesota has equally as good a record and will have a better now that the Crookston schools running. In speaking of the matter, W. M. Hryes, the assistant secretary of agriculture, recently said:

"Agricultural educators all over the country are following with undisguised interest Minnesota's recent enlargement of its plan shown in the new agricultural high school of Crookston, and our state is regarded generally as the leading force in this important work."

"The work of special interest at present is the development of men trained to superintend and teach in the agricultural high schools. The department in Washington is constantly receiving requests for such teachers and the salary paid ranges from $1,000 to $2,500. Just at this juncture the Minnesota University could not do better work than to gather scores of the right kind of college graduates throughout the west who have had farm experience and train them with a two-year course into the ways and subject matter of the school and college of agriculture at St. Anthony Park and Crookston."

That the people of this county and of northern Minnesota appreciate the work that has been done for them in getting the Crookston school is evinced by the way in which people are supporting it. The attendance the first year is very good considering the fact that it was only decided a month before the opening to run the school this year, and the fact also that many pupils have not been able to attend yet, on account of the fall work at home not being finished.

W. A. Arthur, of St. Hilaire, who has been running a hotel for the lumber company up at Prince Albert, returned to this city last Saturday.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.
Phone 98

W. B. DIXON,
N. W. P. A.,
St. Paul

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Chills and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't let danger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

ROAD IMPROVEMENT

WHAT HAS BEEN ACCOMPLISHED IN RHODE ISLAND.

Fine Highways Have Been Built In Every Section of the State With Good Results—The Repair and Care of Roads.

Much has been done in Rhode Island to improve the highways during the past four years, and there has been a popular demand of the people of the state that there should be built a network of thoroughly up to date and substantial roads, not extravagant, not cheap, but a system where at a minimum of expenditure, yet conserving every qualification of utility and wearing quality, there should be a service for every part of the state. Roads have been built in every section of the state to the furtherance of its social, moral and intellectual interests, and there is not one part of it that has not felt the rebound.

In describing the work done the fourth annual report of the state board of public roads of Rhode Island says:

From every side there goes up the plea for better highways and improved roads, and it is being answered not in the spirit of mere enthusiasm, but out of cold hard sense, for men are coming to see the real value of such roads to the ordinary business and commercial life of the day. Surely it is the best public policy for the state to keep its highways, its feeders of life and commerce, in the best possible state of preservation, for the more compact the life of the community the more necessary do improved, well laid, well kept roads become.

The popular movement for good roads, according to the very nature of the problem, cannot be localized. Therefore the question of a bond issue is one that touches the whole state and one on which the whole state should be heard. There is no question of the expenditure of public money which is more vital than this, and none where a greater number are benefited. Roads cannot in any sense be considered sectional or built for the accommodation of the few. On the other hand, inasmuch as the future is to reap as much if not more of the harvest of utility and is to receive equal benefit, it is only fair that it should pay a proportionate part of the expenses.

The repair of the roads is of vital import. It means the saving of the time, money and engineering skill which have already been invested. It is a question of waste against that of economy. It is a mistaken idea that a macadam road, once laid, needs no further attention. On the contrary, to preserve its fundamental structure it should be cared for continually. The value of a macadam road does not lie in the fact that it is never going to wear out, but in the regulation of grade, the hardened roadbed, the character of drainage that it gives.

The engineering force can make the necessary repairs to better advantage while at work upon the section being extended than should they be obliged to return to it. Repairs should not be left to outside control, which at best would be irregular, spasmodic and unsatisfactory. The causes of disintegration are not altogether travel and usage. There are also those of atmospheric and climatic conditions, those due to the nature of the stone of which the road was primarily constructed. A roadbed will not wear alike in all places. Were it so there would be needed—only the occasional extensive reconstruction. It breaks in patches, and the mending process is therefore constantly necessary.

During the year 1905 contracts were awarded for the construction of 22.08 miles of macadam road, to be built upon the highways included in the plan of improvement as adopted by the general assembly, making a total of fifty-seven miles of macadam road completed since the present plan of improvement.

Now that the electors of the state have voted to authorize the expenditure for this public improvement it is but reasonable to presume that they desire and expect to have the use of these improved roads as soon as they can be judiciously and economically built. We believe, however, that they would not approve of an undue haste in the work, which would result in roads of an inferior quality or of an unnecessary cost of construction. Scientific road building on the scale now being done by the state, like every other large building enterprise, requires adequate time as well as money for its proper completion.

Bill For Good Roads.

Representative Sheppard of Kansas has introduced a bill in congress directing the office of public roads of the department of agriculture to advise with the proper state and local authorities having jurisdiction over the roads used for rural free delivery of the United States mails as to the best methods of maintaining them in a passable condition throughout all seasons of the year, to suggest necessary alterations, relocations and improvements and, whenever desired by the communities tributary to such routes, to co-operate in the manner now pursued by said office in the construction of such sections of object lesson roads along said routes as are necessary properly to illustrate suitable methods of construction and maintenance. The office of public roads is also required to inspect and report the conditions of said roads to the postoffice department whenever requested by it to do so, with such recommendations as may be deemed advisable.

TREES AT ROADSIDES.

Valuable in Prolonging the Life of the Road.

Now that the work of road construction is in full progress it seems a proper time to consider what to do with the roadside, says Good Roads Magazine. The advantages of setting out trees along the highway, the planting of shrubbery and flowers and the elimination of features which do not tend to make attractive have been frequently dwelt upon in these columns.

In some of the states the question is looked upon as much a part of the system as the roadbed itself, and laws have been passed providing for planting trees and cutting noxious weeds, while in others the subject does not appear to have been given the consideration it deserves.

Many farmers believe that nothing but grass should be allowed to grow along the roadside. The reason for this is no doubt due partly to the fact of their conservatism in following in the footsteps of their ancestors, and this prevents them from looking at the subject in any other light than that it is the proper thing to do to make a clean sweep of everything in the shape of trees and shrubbery.

Among their arguments are that the trees cause drifting during the winter season and their shade produces a dampness in summer which is undesirable. The building of macadam roads has materially changed conditions. Trees do make moisture, and that is what is wanted to preserve and prolong the life of the stone road.

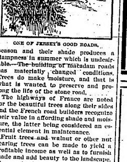

ONE OF JERSEY'S GOOD ROADS.

The highways of France are noted for the beautiful trees along their sides and the French road builders recognize their value in affording shade and moisture, the latter being considered an essential element in maintenance.

Fruit trees and walnut or other nut bearing trees can be made to yield a profitable income as well as to furnish shade and add beauty to the landscape. Flowers in the yard close to the roadside are always attractive. How to beautify the roadside is certainly a matter that cannot be given too careful consideration.

STUPID ROAD WORK.

Piling Weeds In Center of Highway Worse Than Nothing.

There is no more familiar sight in Missouri these days than to see men in all parts of the corn belt working on the highways with graders building up the center of a road with a mixture of weeds, sods and soil, says the Farmer and Stockman. In a recent drive of nine miles the roads on more than half the distance had been operated on some weeks before and the center piled high with the mixture named above—that is, weeds, sods and soil.

The plan of going over the roads in the county with a heavy grader annually is stupid beyond any power of description. When this is done the work of one year simply means the undoing of the previous year's labor, and as a result such roads are usually in a constant state of unfitness for traffic. Our knowledge of good roads has come through practical experience and, incidentally, through the loss of much perspiration. Our conclusion as the result of this experience is that roadmakers should aim to build a perfect piece of earth road each year. We realize that it is often necessary to employ makeshift methods in order to really make all roads in the county passable, and because of this it is not expected that the labor of the year will be put on a few miles of road.

It is impossible to imagine a poorer kind of road material than weeds and sods, and yet, as stated above, you will often see the center of highways piled high with this mixture. When it becomes necessary to pile dirt in the center of the road those doing the work should take the time to mow, rake and burn all rubbish before starting the graders.

When this is done it is then possible to make some kind of a decent job of leveling the surface when the work is completed; otherwise the traffic center simply becomes an ideal mudhole. Weeds soon decay, and as the result one has almost ideal conditions for the absorption of water.

You have, in other words, humus making material on the center of your road, and such material, as every one knows, retains moisture with a remarkable degree of persistency.

Motor Cars and Good Roads.

It is announced on behalf of the American Motor Car Manufacturers' association that a department will soon be provided that will have in charge all matters connected with the making of better highways in all parts of the United States, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. The officials say that investigations show that not 10 per cent of the roads in the United States have been improved and that the showing is one of disgrace for America as against the proportion of good highways found in other parts of the world. It will be the business of this department to not only aid legislation where possible, but also to arouse public opinion.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am	Lv....Crookston	....	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am	Ar.. Red Lake Falls	..	Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am	Ar..... St. Hilaire	.....	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am	Ar. Thief River Falls	,	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm	Ar.... Middle River	...	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm	Ar..... Greenbush	....	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 222, Red Lake Series, for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 4, T'wp. 153 N. of R. 43 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Solheim, " " " "
Abraham B. Newton, " " " "
Daniel P. O'Neil, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
oct 25 to nov 29 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 109, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 8, T'wp. 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota,
Torger T. Ose, " "
Andrew G. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlom, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
oct 25 nov 29 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 611, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 35, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Alonzo George, " "
Nels A. Leeberg, " "
Adolph W. Hanning, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
oct 25 nov 29 Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th. 1906, viz: George M. Gunderson H. E. No. 161, Red Lake Series, for the S W. ¼, sec 28 Tp. 154 N., Rg. 42 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lars Matson, of Thief River Falls, Minn,
Martin Quist, " " " " "
Charley Peterson, " " " " "
John Hegerness, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
nov 1 dec 6 Register.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal,

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Charles Elgaten.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 2nd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated November 2nd, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
COURT SEAL Judge of Probate.
Nov 8 22

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Christen A. Loken.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christen A. Loken Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Halvor A. Loken.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 22nd day of January 1907 at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated October 20th 1906

SEAL N. W. Tarrant,
oct 25 nov 8 Judge of Probate.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

For Sale—My residence in Highland Add. [illegible] feet front, new 8 room [illegible] with electric lights, barn 16 x 20 [illegible] shed 12 x 20, well painted and good well with plenty of fine water.

O. Tessum.

DESTROYER OF ROADS

AUTOMOBILES SAID TO BE CARRYING OFF THE DUST.

Experiments of Government Experts to Ascertain Quantity Blown Away by Motor Cars—Efforts Being Made to Find a Remedy.

The automobile stands accused on official government authority of a high crime and misdemeanor. It is destroying roads. And if it be asked, How so? the answer is: By carrying off the dust. The dust, strange though it may seem, is the life of a road, without which it soon undergoes disintegration. This will be explained later on, however. Meanwhile it will be interesting to describe some experiments which Uncle Sam's road experts are now engaged in making, with a view to ascertaining just how much dust is carried off from a road by an average motor car traveling at various rates of speed.

One method adopted for the purpose is to mount a photographic camera on the front of a motor car, and, following close behind another automobile, to take snapshots of the latter at different speeds. It is quite a picturesque and interesting performance, the exact speeds being determined by means of stop watches held by men stationed along the track, while additional photographers are placed at intervals on the roadside to take *pictures of the machines* as they fly past. The work in question is being done in the neighborhood of Washington under the direction of the bureau of roads, which utilizes a certain stretch of roadway for a given afternoon, warning all vehicles to keep carefully to the right.

Then something begins to happen. The speed law is abrogated for that afternoon over this particular stretch of road. Several motor cars of different types and weights are in readiness. The photographers and the men with stop watches are duly placed at their appointed stations. Whoosh! Off goes a machine at a rapid rate, followed closely by another, in the front of which, with the chauffeur, sits a man who operates a camera. The dust flies upward in a cloud, partly obscuring the automobile in front, but that is what is wanted—to show by photography how much dust is thus thrown up from the roadbed, to be carried off by the breeze, and so, in considerable part, lost.

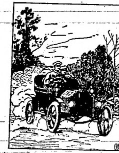

DUST RAISED BY AUTOMOBILE TRAVELING THIRTY MILES AN HOUR.

To say that dust is the life of a road is not putting the fact too strongly. It is the cementing material of the road surface, which, combining with the moisture contributed by rain, holds together the stony particles composing that surface, shedding storm water and preventing the particles from undergoing disintegration. Thus it may be said that dust is to a road what shingles are to a house. If it is taken away the roadbed goes to pieces. The amount of dust thrown up by the automobile is in proportion to the speed at which it goes. But, in order to obtain exact figures on this point, the government experts take a series of photographs of each motor car, traveling over the same stretch of road, at ten miles, twenty miles, thirty miles and so on up to seventy miles an hour.

A stretch of road with a fairly sharp turn is chosen by preference, in order that photographers posted at the bend may, with safety to themselves, snapshoot each motor car from directly in front, as it approaches, and also *directly* from behind, after it has passed by. Now, it is not merely for theoretical purposes that the road bureau is making these experiments. It is trying to find a remedy for the mischief—a practical part of the inquiry which is being carried on simultaneously with the automobile tests above described. Something must be found, obviously, to keep the dust from being carried off the roads, and the preventive seems to be either tar or oil.

For some months past the experts have been applying tar and crude petroleum to different sections of roads, and they have found that either (though the tar seems to be preferred) accomplishes the purpose admirably. It appears that an application of tar costs less than 2 cents a square yard, including labor, and it will last for a year or so, though just how long cannot be stated exactly as yet. The cost of oil is even less. The tar is transported for the purpose in tank cars and heated in the car by introducing a coil of steam pipe into it and furnishing the requisite heat from an engine on wheels which is run up alongside. In this way the material is made fluid, so as to be easily spread by men with brooms or otherwise over the surface of the roadbed that is to be treated. The tar gives a hard and smooth coating, resembling asphalt. It penetrates to a depth of one or two inches, and in the case of macadam forms a sort of matrix into which the stones of the top layer are set. A tarred street is dustless in the same sense that an asphalt street is dustless.

Quantity and Butter Fat.

With reference to quantity it would be correct to say that among the strictly dairy breeds Holsteins rank first, Ayrshires second, Guernseys third and Jerseys fourth. If there is a difference in the quantity of the production from Guernseys it is caused by the large relative size of the Guernseys. With reference to butter fat in the milk Jerseys stand first—that is to say if there is any difference in the richness of Jersey and Guernsey milk—Ayrshires come third and Holsteins fourth. The same differences obtain between the high grades of the breeds of all these, but not quite to the same extent.—American Agriculturist.

Points on Feeding

"Growing the full ration"—I used to dream of that. Now I say frankly I don't know. With good corn silage, alfalfa, mixed timothy and red clover, early cut; cowpeas and soy-bean and crimson clover hays and cured corn for grinding if needed, it would seem that one should build a ration to the taste of the dairy queens, but when it comes to a continued manger test and the yield at the pail net results have appeared to always show that the cows would pay for some of the best mill byproducts.—W. F. McSparran in Ohio Farmer.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to

H. FANT'S

Have You Any of the Following Articles

Which you would like to have cleaned before the fall entertainments start?

Fine silk or woolen dress, silk or woolen shirt waist, skirt, jacket, cravenette coat, opera shawl, kid gloves, opera gloves, fan, white kid slippers, hat, plumes, feather, bird and all kinds of fur you can get cleaned or dyed. You can have lace dyed to match your dress. I clean also embroideries curtains and draperies.

Do you know that some garments which you now think are of no use to you may look nice if you only had them cleaned and pressed. In the "Dyeing and Cleaning Establishment" you can get anything cleaned or dyed.

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

STONE ROADS' VALUE

HOW THEY HAVE BENEFITED A MICHIGAN COUNTY.

Farmers Not Isolated In Rainy Weather and Their Farms Considered More Valuable—Great Drawers of Trade From Other Counties.

It is twenty years or more since the people of Bay county, Mich., decided to pull themselves out of the mud and build a permanent system of public highways, says W. H. Gustin in Auto Advocate and Country Roads. It was Bay county that took the initiative, and had the legislature pass an act permitting the county to establish a stone or macadamized road system, and authorizing it to raise money for the purpose of bonding, and to spread an annual tax on all property in order to raise means to keep in repair and extend these macadamized roads.

Since the commencement of the stone roads there has been a radical change in the manner of building them. At the outset the roadway was excavated to the depth of about eight inches or a trifle more. Then flat limestone was placed in the roadbed, and on top of this was placed a layer of coarse crushed stone, and the top dressing was a layer of finer crushed stone. Experience showed that the foundation stones would work out of place and ruts would form in the road. These flat stones were then entirely discarded and the crushed stone used in their place. This plan is yet followed.

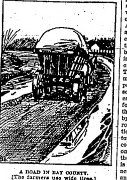

A ROAD IN BAY COUNTY.
[The farmers use wide tires.]

Under the stone road system of Bay county as it is followed nearly every farmer is on a stone highway or within a short distance of one, so that he is never deprived of an opportunity of going to the city. No weather was ever yet experienced when the stone roads were in such a condition where they could not allow a farmer to take a full load of produce to market. During the sugar beet season it is not an uncommon thing to see a farmer station a load of beets upon a stone road and then haul another load from the farm over a clay road to load it upon the standing wagon for drawing to the factory—in other words, he is enabled to draw two and three times as many beets on the stone roads as he can on a clay road.

The farmers invariably use wide tired wagons. Formerly narrow tires prevailed, but it was soon found that in rainy seasons they cut holes through the stone. The size of loads drawn over the macadam roads is limited only by the capacity of the wagon.

There isn't a farmer in Bay county who is not in favor of the stone roads. A farm on one of these highways is considered of much more value than one off on a side road. While it is impossible to say accurately how much more a farm on a stone road is worth than it would be with no stone road, it is known that the owner of the place considers it of inestimable advantage, benefit and value. It saves time, wear and tear on wagon and harness; he can haul larger loads, he is not isolated in rainy weather, a smaller team can accomplish much more than otherwise, and there is the satisfaction of knowing that he can come and go just whenever he pleases without giving any consideration to weather conditions.

While the cost of supporting these stone thoroughfares, these arteries of trade, falls more heavily upon the owner of city property than upon the farmer or the owner of agricultural land, there is no complaint made by the city landowner. He figures that in the long run his city property is made much more valuable by the upbuilding of the farming section, and he pays his stone road tax willingly. What has been the effect of the stone roads upon neighboring counties? Bay City draws trade from as far east as Sebewaing, Huron county, as far southeast as Vassar, Tuscola county, and along the southern line of the county, where the stone roads run bang up to the Saginaw county line. Saginaw county farmers come to Bay City as their market, and they do their trading here. The same can be said of the farmers in the direction of Midland. The farmers all know about the stone roads of Bay county, and they come here on that account as well as the fact that they find a good market here for all of their farm produce.

Bay county has almost reached its limit in the building of main highways. What building will be done in the future will be in connecting the ends of the main roads as a spider connects the main branches of his web. This will accomodate the farmers living off the stone roads and tend to enhance the value of farms which are not now considered desirable, because they are somewhat handicapped compared with others more favored.

WHY GOOD ROADS PAY

MAKE LAND VALUABLE AND CREATE HIGH AVERAGE INTELLIGENCE.

Striking Instances of Importance of Having Improved Highways Told by an Arkansas Man—Serious Effect of Bad Road Tax on Farmers.

At the recent convention of the Arkansas Good Roads association held at Fort Smith, H. E. Kelley, according to the Goods Roads Magazine, spoke on "Good Roads—Why They Pay," saying in part as follows:

"Roads are the foundation of civilization. They form the means of communication between people, and there is no better index of the intelligence of any community than its roads. Good roads pay. They make high land values, and in time they create high average intelligence in the country through which they are built. Perhaps no better example of this can be found than in New Zealand, where the general government undertakes the building and care of all roads—the railroads as well as the wagon roads. The country of New Zealand is much like that of Arkansas, but the government adopted a development policy which is very effective and highly profitable. One of the main lines of business conducted by the government of New Zealand is in real estate. It acquired by purchase or condemnation large tracts of land. The first thing in the way of development was a highway built through the property. Along this the government sells out to settlers on long time and easy payments land in suitable sizes for farms and homes. The settlers on this land are first given employment by working on the roads. After the roads are in good condition the population comes quite rapidly, and it is astonishing what that government is accomplishing in spreading its people out on the soil. There is no congestion of the population in cities. Each citizen is encouraged to get a home of as many acres of land as he can take care of, and the result is a population whose general intelligence and comfort are greater than I have seen elsewhere.

"That good roads pay is a generally conceded fact, and it has seemed strange to me that an argument on this subject should be needed. A visit to any of the rural districts of Arkansas is convincing proof that an argument is required, for the good roads are not there, and I cannot conceive of a greater contrast than that which the squalor, poverty and ignorance displayed in our rural districts make with the intelligence, cleanliness and comfort one sees in a New Zealand rural district. I think this difference is more due to the roads than to any other cause. Whether the lack of roads breeds ignorance or whether the ignorance breeds the bad roads is a subject I will not undertake to discuss. At any rate, both exist to such an extent in our state that our first patriotic duty is to either dispel the ignorance in procuring the roads or procuring the roads to dispel the ignorance.

"I recently purchased a piece of land near Fort Smith past which ran two good roads recently built. This land was timbered, but the timber had been rated an incumbrance on the land. In fact, it hadn't been profitable to steal it and haul it to town, which fact probably accounts for its still being there. I had a lot of this timber cut and put a rather intelligent person looking for a disposal of it. Some time later I was surprised when he told me that it was sold at a net price, after paying for the hauling, which would more than pay for clearing the land. On looking into this I found that the good roads made it possible to haul a cord or more at a load of this wood to market and make about four loads a day, whereas before the good roads were built two loads of one-half cord each were all that one team could do. It cost $3 a cord to haul this wood before the good roads were built and 75 cents a cord afterward. In other words, the wood was worth $2.25 per cord after the roads were put in, while it was absolutely worthless before. I find that the difference in the cost of hauling a ton of hay to market before and after the good roads for a distance of seven miles is about $2. One of my farm teams over the bad roads will bring a ton of hay to town in a day. Over the good roads they will bring three tons, so the product of a meadow of 100 acres is worth about $300 more with a good road to it at seven miles from town than it is with a bad road. Before this good road was built the meadow was worth $10 per acre. Since it is built $30 seems a reasonable price for it.

"I have found by actual experience that the tax the farmers are paying which keeps them poverty stricken is that imposed by bad roads. For many years I tried earnestly to locate an industrious class of farmers in this county. On different occasions I did succeed in getting several such colonies started. None of them remain. Usually they were a hardy class of Germans such as settled the prairies and states to the north and west of us. One by one they would sell out and go back to the prairie country. On close questioning I would find that the lack of roads and schools was so great these people wouldn't stay. The country they came from had a tax three times as large as ours. In fact, many of the school districts in Kansas where they had lived levied a school tax much greater than our total tax, and it was not unusual for the total tax to be 5 per cent in the counties from which these German settlers came. They would try it a year or two in our country of bad roads and low taxes, then sell out and return to the 5 per cent tax rate.

"Good city streets pay just as well as good country roads, and it is almost impossible to have a clean, healthy, wholesome town without paved streets. We in Fort Smith have had a notable example of how good streets pay."

You fellows who pay good

Money for clothes ought to get good clothes for your money. But you won't if you're not careful where you go for them and what you buy when you get there.

You'll find lots of cheap, "mercerized cotton" goods offered for sale, some of this clothing looks very good, in the window; some of it has style and goes under a good name; but it wears like cotton. It costs less than all wool and is usually worth less than it costs.

We sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes because they're all-wool; because we know they are; because we can depend on it. You know what you are getting when you get a Hart, Schaffner & Marx label. There is no fooling with quality in these goods; no cotton adulteration cunningly hidden to cheapen them, without your knowledge. We offer yu honest clothes.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."

The home of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits. The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats.

THE STAR

STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 8, 1906.

Our Vast Railroad System.

The era of extraordinary prosperity now being enjoyed by the United States is reflected in the stupendous railway system which has contributed so largely to that prosperity. We have in this country, as recorded in the latest available figures, a total single-track railway mileage of 218,101 miles. This is an increase of 4,196 miles over the year preceding. The aggregate length of mileage, including sidings and tracks of all kinds, is 305,796 miles which is owned by no less than 2,167 railway corporations. The equipment includes 48,357 locomotives, an increase during the year of 1,614: while the total number of cars is 1,842,871, an increase of 44,310 during the year.

It is gratifying to note that the work of the Interstate Commerce Commission in enforcing the use of train brakes and automatic couplers has been so successful, that out of an aggregate number of 1,891,228 locomotives and cars, 1,641,395 are fitted with train brakes, and 1,871,590 have automatic couplers. To operate the railroads requires the services of 1,382,196 employees; and the total amount of wages and salaries paid out during the year was $839,944,680. The par value of the amount of railway capital outstanding is nearly thirteen billion dollars, and of the total capital stock 37.16 per cent paid no dividends. Of the balance of the stock 9.72 per cent paid from 1 to 4 per cent; 14.77 per cent from 4 to 5 per cent; 10.74 per cent from 5 to 6 per cent; 8.79 per cent paid from 6 to 7 per cent, and 11.68 per cent paid 7 to 8 per cent.

The number of passengers carried by the railways was 738,834,667, an increase of over 23 million during the year. The number of tons of freight carried was 1,428 millions, an increase during the year of nearly 118 million tons. The gross earnings were for the first time over two billion dollars, the operating expenses were $1,390,000,000.

In the annual reports made to the Interstate Commerce Commission, carriers are expected to include all casualties to passengers, employees, trespassers and other persons: and the totals as compiled by the Commission show that the total number of casualties to person on railways for the year ending June 30, 1905, was 95,711, which was made up of 9,703 persons killed and 86,008 injured. Among the employees 1,990 trainmen were killed and 27,862 injured; 136 switch tenders, watchmen, etc., were killed and 838 injured; while of other employees, 1,235 were killed and 36,097 injured. The risk due to the work of coupling and uncouplig cars accounts for 230 lives and 3,543 injuries. The number of passengers killed in the same year was 537, and the number injured was 10,457. In addition to these figures we find that no less than 4,865 people were killed and 5,251 were injured while trespassing on railway property: while of persons other than employees, 4,569 were killed and nearly as many injured by being struck by trains, locomotives, or cars. In applying the test of risk in proportion to numbers, we find that one passenger was killed for every 1,375,856 carried, and one injured for every 70,655 carried. When we apply the same test to the employees, the results are exceedingly discouraging and positively tragic, for we find that one out of every 133 trainmen, that is, engineers, firemen, conductors, and other trainmen emyloyed, is killed and that out of every 9 employed one is injured.—Scientific American.

The Company Store.

New Zealand appears to be the trying-out place for all sorts of social and economic reforms, and they appear to work pretty well there, too, if they are reasonable and practical. New Zealand, therefore, may become the school in which the nations will learn how to govern.

Charles E. Russell in Everybody's Magazine tells how the iniquitous "company store" has been abolished there. Everybody knows what it is here. In many mining regions the company store keeps the workmen in perpetual slavery. They never see much of any real money, but at the end of each year find themselves more hopelessly in debt at the company store. In the course of time the company, through its store with its viciously high prices, will own them as certainly as any Southern plantation proprietor ever owned a a black slave.

Minnesota's great mines, fortunately, are free from this blot upon civilization, but other mining regions are not so fortunate.

In New Zealand, according to Mr. Russell, they did not go after the company stores with namby-pamby laws prohibiting them, as they do in Pennsylvania, where regardless of the law every coal company owns its stores. They made company stores impossible by requiring that all wages must be paid in cash and nothing but cash. Thus if a workman's wages were $30 a month, and he owed $16 the company could not give him $14 and call it square. It had to pay him the whole $30, even if he turned $16 of it back into the same window the next moment.

Furthermore, the New Zealand laws provide that wages must be paid within twenty-four hours of a demand for them, and that wages of less than $10 a week are exempt from attachment from any source. This provision makes it slim picking for the loan shark.

The fight against the company store system is a just fight, and labor should be assisted in any attack it may make upon it in this country. Minnesota needs no such laws, perhaps, because the iron mining companies do not bother with company stores. They pay their wages in cash, promptly, and no instance has yet come to light where workmen in the mines have had trouble in collecting the full amounts due them. But that is Minnesota's good fortune. It is different in many other mining sections, and where this evil system prevails, the workingman will not get a fair show until it is eradicated.—Duluth Herald.

Mr. Field's Wealth.

The President's Harrisburg speech recurred to the "unhealthily swollen fortunes' which he would reduce by a national inheritance tax. Report credits him with regarding the estate of Marshall Field as a striking illustration of the need of such a measure. This estate amounts to $150,000,000, the bulk of it to be left in trust at compound interest for a half century.

The first source of Mr. Field's wealth was the great store that he managed with signal ability and honesty. No one who accepts the institution of private property at all could reasonably object to wealth in any amount so derived. The store accounts for about ten per cent, of the huge accumulation.

Some forty millions of it consists of Chicago real estate that enhanced enormously in price, not at all by virtue of anything Mr. Field did but solely by virtue of what other people—of them—did. He contributed practically nothing to creating the immense accretion of wealth that came to him as the owner of certain plots of ground.

Then Mr. Field made millions as the owner of stock of iron mines and mills that were put into the Federal Steel Company, with a liberal inflation of capital, then into the United Sates Steel Corporation, with a still more liberal inflation.

The heavily-watered Steel Trust stock is so valuable because the trust is able to charge much above what would give a reasonable return upon the actual investment. The tariff, of course materially assists it in this feat.

Mr. Field was also interested in a railroad that scandalously gobbled a fine section of Lake shore. He was a large stockholder in a street railway that gave such cheap service that it was able, in a single year, to pay its owners cash dividends of twenty-four per cent, besides about twenty per cent, in stock and bonds of a rival line.

This is not written for the purpose of criticising Marshall Field, whose fortune, in public opinion, was less tainted than most others of equal size. It is written merely to insist that when fortunes are unhealthily swollen there must be unhealthy causes for it; and that the best plan is to remove the causes.—Saturday Evening Post.

Mankato Free Press: We are sometimes of the opinion that a law should be enacted compelling all men, citizens of this country, to vote, and upon any of them refusing to do so, adequate punishment should be meted out to them. No right-thinking man should remain away from the polls.

School Teachers Interested.

Throughtout the state teachers and pupils are anxiously asking whether the new code will deprive the schools of Minnesota of the holiday which they have always heretofore enjoyed on Thanksgiving Day—the last Thursday in November.

That question has been brought to the attention of the state department of public instruction by school officers and others in different parts of the state. It appears that the new code does not make Thanksgiving Day a holiday for the schools.

Thanksgiving has never been declared a holiday by law, but has been made so each year by proclamation. The old law provided however, that Good Friday and Thanksgiving should be holidays as far as the schools were concerned, and teachers not holding school these days would receive pay for a full week just the same. The new code omits the provision.

Assistant State Superintendent Schultz has announced that, in answer to the inquires that have been received, the department will probably issue a statement to the effect that as long as the president and the governor annually proclaim the last Thursday in November Thanksgiving Day, that occasion will still continue as a legal holiday among the schools of the state.

Opened His Tacoma Bank.

The Register is in receipt of the Oct. 20th issue of the Pacific Banker, which contains the following reference to Andrew Melgaard's new bank at Tacoma, Wash., which will be of interest to many of our orders:

"The Scandinavian Commercial & Savings Bank, with capital of $100,000 Andrew Melgaard as cashier, opened for business on Monday of this week." The Melgaard brothers will be remembered as Minnesota bankers who formerly located at Goldendale, this state, and conducted the State Bank of Goldendale and afterwards sold it at an attractive figure and are now owners of the First Trust Company of Moscow, Idaho, in addition to the Tacoma institution."—Warren Register.

Subscribe for the News.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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Students May Enter at Any Time.

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ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD

In England and France the Sale of Alum Baking Powder is prohibited by law because of the injurious effects that follow its use.

The law in the District of Columbia also prohibits Alum in food.

You may live where as yet you have no protection against Alum The only *sure protection* against Alum in your Baking Powder is to

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is made from Absolutely pure Cream of Tartar,—a pure Grape product. Aids digestion—adds to the healthfulness of food.

WHITE EARTH FRAUDS

Agent Michelet Takes Steps to Stop Them.

White Earth, Minn.,—Agent Simon Michelet is taking vigorous steps towards putting a stop to alleged frauds which have been perpetrated on allottees of lands in this reservation. Thru the United States district attorney, the agent has caused an action to be commenced against Charles H. Sanders of the real estate firm of Sanders Bros. of Mahnomen. The action is brought in the name of Sophia Walker, and it is charged that Sanders secured the transfer of Miss Walker's allotment thru fraud.

Found—On the road near Thorwick postoffice, two ladies waists. Owner can have the same by calling at this office.

Subscribe for the News.

G. N. APPOINTMENT

A. C. Eddy of Minneapolis to be Resident Engineer.

A. C. Eddy, a graduate of the engineering department of the University of Minnesota. Son of Col. George O. Eddy of Minneapolis, an employe of the engineering department of the Great Northern ever since his graduation, has been promoted to the position, of resident engineer of the Great Northern road at Seattle.

He will be in charge of the work on the Cascade division. The position was made vacant by the resignation of C. H. Swiggart. Mr. Eddy has been in charge of construction work for the company in Minnesota and North and South Dakota.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Mr. Eddy was in charge of the work of building the Great Northern from Thief River Falls to Greenbush and is well known to the people of Thief River Falls.

THE NEW STORE

Sells Shoes, Laces, Cloaks, Braids and Trimmings at Less Than 25 Cents on the Dollar.

$3.00 shoes for $1.00.
5c skirt binding for 1c per yard.
$12.00 ladies coats for $4.00
Corsets worth from 50c to $2.00. We sell for 15c to 75c.
The goods we are closing regardless of cost.
Save 75c on every dollars worth of goods you buy at

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORREY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

ARE HOLDING THEIR GRAIN

Collections Are Slow Because Farmers Are Not Selling Grain.

Elevators Are Full and Bins Overflowing in Many Places.

Crookston Journal:—Collectors for implement, houses and other business institutions state that collections are slow, but they do not attribute it to the farmers being hard up so much as to the fact that the tillers of the soil are not selling their grain as in past seasons and hence are not flush with cash, while they have the grain ready to dispose of and which will bring them plenty of money in due time.

There are several causes operating to bring about present conditions. In many places the yield was unusually large and the harvest was late. This was followed by elegant threshing weather and the grain was turned out and transported to the elevators in large quantities swamping the bins in a very short time and quickly using up practically all of the available cars of the railroads, which were already taxed almost to their capacity in caring for the ordinary traffic. The grain blockade has continued. In numerous places not only have the elevators been filled to the roofs with grain but temporary bins have been constructed and frequently it has been deemed necessary to pile large quantities of grain upon the ground, a risky proceeding at best. The railroads have been and are now unable to transport the grain to the markets as rapidly as conditions demand. Another factor has been the low prices for grain. Early reports of the grain crops of the northwest, and especially North Dakota, placed the yield at 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, affecting the market materially and having the result of costing the farmers compelled to ship their wheat thousands of dollars from lower prices, lower than actual conditions warrant. Many farmers have believed it best to hold their grain till the market improves and they can not be blamed for that course. The consequence is that the grain growers are holding off in payment of machinery in some instances. Collections are not poor, but in some instances are slow. They are improving and will continue to improve as the farmers get their grain to market.

SILVER DISCOVERED.

Rainy River Country Said to Have a Rich Mine.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 2.—A silver discovery is reported from the Rainy River district near Port Arthur, which rivals the early discoveries in Cobalt.

Manager Hasoen of the West End mine shows a nugget weighing ninety pounds which assays over $600, and has other samples from the third level of the disused mine which go 10,000 ounces of silver to the ton.

This company has today ordered machinery which will cost over $100,000 and will develop the property to the limit. The reason the deposit was unknown for so long is due to the fact of its great depth. It is supposed the district is phenomenally rich in silver ore which will outrival the famous Cobalt mines as soon as the development of the property goes to greater depth than the miners have just reached.

—Subscribe for the News.

HOG CHOLERA.

Dreaded Disease Has Broken Out in Douglas County South of Here.

Alexandria Post News: Hog cholera is epidemic in the southern part of Hudson township. More than two hundred hogs havd died from the ravages of the disease since last July and as many more are in a diseased condition. Such are the deplorable facts as developed by a recent visit of State Veterinarian Dr. H. S. Ward, of St. Paul.

About the latter part of June Mr. Telford, who lives on the "McCorey farm" began losing hogs from an unknown disease. Mr. Telford came to Hudson from Illinois. In time others in the vicinity also lost several and before the farmers in that locality awoke to the fact that cholera was among them in an epidemic form more than $2,000 worth of animals had died and the entire community was effected. Few of the farmers of the township knew anything about the disease. The authorities became suspicious, however, and Dr. Ward was sent for. He visited Hudson Tuesday and found conditions as stated above. The town board, Geo. W. Fredenberg, John Cooley and John McLellan, took the matter in hand under the direction of Dr. Ward and yesterday quarantined eleven farms. No farmer on a quarantined place is permitted to sell or buy swine for a period of six months. Neither will the party who has the care of diseased animals be allowed to visit neighboring farms. All dogs in the town have been ordered tied up or shot as dogs running about the country are very effective in carrying the disease. Several dogs have already been shot. The authorities express the determination to exterminate the disease and hope to have the co-operation of the farmers. They will enforce the law, however, without fear or favor, and anyone violating the quarantine, or refusing to comply with its regulations will be arrested and fined. The town board is operating under the state law and by the advice of the state board. One or two cases of a serious nature have developed in Lake Mary township, Dr. Ward visited that town yesterday.

The swine industry had become extensive in this county and the appearance of cholera is a serious matter. At the present price of hogs their raising is a chief source of the farmers' profit. The loss to the farmers of Hudson is a heavy one and the sooner the disease is wiped out the less that loss will be.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

WANT HOTEL INSPECTOR

Traveling Men Are Going to Take Action in the Matters.

A New Law May Require Hotels to have a License.

Hotel men who are careless about the way they keep their establishments should beware for the traveling men are after them. If the latter succeed in their plans mine host may be required to take out licenses as saloonkeepers do in other states than North Dakota. Through their organization, the U. C. T. traveling men intend to agitate the question of having a law passed by the legislature at its next session next winter, providing for the establishment of the office of hotel inspector. According to the plans which have been outlined the duty of this official will be to inspect the various hotels in towns all over the state and see that they are properly run for the health of their guests as well as provide for their comfort and convenience.

This movement on the part of the traveling men is due to the unsanitary conditions which prevail in many of the hotels in the smaller towns and in the country and which have been the subject of much complaint on the part of the knights of the grip. So serious have conditions become that the U. C. T. has decided to take official cognizance of them. The committee on hotels and transportation will report on the plan at the next meeting. The first idea was to secure the appointment of hotel inspector, but it is thought that this will not prove a sufficient provision an attempt will be made to have the hotel laws so amended as to provide for licensing of the hostleries.

"In many of the hotels of the state, particularly those in the small country towns sanitary conditions are so bad that it is positively unsafe for people to stop there," said a traveling man in discussing the matter. "The floors never seem to be scrubbed nor the rooms cleaned and the bedding is always soiled. Another bad feature is the sinks. Where there is no plumbing a bucket is set to catch the waste water and this is allowed to stand until it is filled and run over before it is emptied. In consequence the space surrounding it is always foul and damp. It is time something was done to remedy these conditions and I believe that by organized action we will be able to effect a change."

Had to Take Out Papers Twice.

Crookston Times: Peter Boukind, an old resident of Polk county, has had a peculiar experience in becoming a resident of the United States, having been forced to take out naturalization papers twice. He came to this country from Norway and became a naturalized citizen in 1875. Later on he moved to Canada and lived there for eight years. He returned to this country four years ago and it was found that he had to start over again to become a citizen and this morning he made application in the clerk of court's office for his first papers. This is the first experience of the sort that Mr. Lanctot has had since he became clerk of court.

An Argument For State Aid.

Ole Peterson, one of the most ardent advocates of good roads in Minnesota, is making a strenuous effort to arouse the people to support the proposed constitutional amendment, to be voted on in November, empowering the state legislature to make a direct tax levy for road purposes, says the Good Roads Magazine. In discussing state aid he recently said: "You will find that from 40 to 45 per cent of the taxable property of the state is in city and village property, and I think it no more than just and proper that this portion of wealth should be taxed in connection with other property in the state for the benefit of better country roads. The citizens of rural districts should be thoroughly conversant with these facts, in order that they may fully realize the benefit of state aid and that they may better appreciate the importance of the proposed amendment. If it is adopted the legislature can levy one-fourth of a mill, and that quarter of a mill will build some nice stretches of highway."

Motorists to Improve Roads.

Road improvement with the motorists themselves as the chief contributors to the road building fund is under consideration in Great Britain. The London chamber of commerce has taken the initiative in a movement to establish a central government highway department. This department would have jurisdiction over the trunk highways. Automobile users in England already contribute nearly [illegible] yearly in taxes and it is desired by the chamber of commerce that this should be directly applied to the use of the highway department.

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HIGHWAYS OF STEEL

HOW THEY ARE CONSTRUCTED AND THEIR ADVANTAGES.

Cost of Hauling and Force Required Much Less—Haulage Equally Easy In Summer, Spring and Winter. Tracks Must Be Thoroughly Laid.

The modern American steel road is not so much a road of steel as it is an improved railway track adapted to the use of ordinary trucks, says George E. Walsh in Gunton's Magazine. Twelve inch plates of steel one-quarter of an inch thick are laid down on a bed of broken stone or vitrified clay at the standard gauge of four and a half feet. The rails have flaring sides, with downward flanges, which fit evenly with the surrounding surface of stone pavement. This latter is raised slightly over the level of the steel plates, so that by means of the sloping guides the wheels of vehicles are conducted naturally to the steel surface below. The plates are strongly spliced by a channel piece closely fitting underneath the joint in order to form a continuous rail of uniform bearing. The steel tracks thus formed accommodate the widest wheels of the heaviest trucks and give to them far less resistance than the ordinary car tracks. The latter are generally too narrow for truck tires, and the constant friction against the sides partly neutralizes the gain obtained in other ways.

The relative cost of putting down steel roads either for the city or country is one that naturally calls for careful consideration. The amount of metal for a mile of steel tracks would approximate seventy-five to a hundred tons, including the steel splices and bolts. With steel at $18 to $20 per ton, the price for which it has sold in the last few years, the cost of the material for a mile of steel road either for the city or country would run from $1,800 to $2,000. This does not represent the labor and cost of laying the tracks nor of fixing the adjacent part of the road.

In the country districts, where the steel roads would be subjected to much lighter use than in the cities, the rails could be narrower, and the road outside of the line of rails could be left unfinished. This would enable drivers of vehicles to use the steel tracks continually except when turning out for other trucks or wagons coming from the opposite direction.

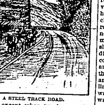

A STEEL TRACK ROAD.

Efforts have been made by the agricultural department to ascertain the relative amount of loss suffered by farmers through the use of poor country roads. In the statistics gathered of the cost of hauling on country roads, with estimates of distances and quantities moved, the total expenditure for this work has been found to approximate $900,000,000, of which two-thirds is chargeable to bad roads. According to the estimates furnished, it was found that the average cost was 25 cents per ton per mile. In Europe, where good country roads have long been in existence, the average cost per ton per mile is as low as 8 cents. But even this rate is exorbitant compared with the cost of hauling on steel roads.

The question of steel roads is consequently one that applies to the country districts fully as much as to the cities. Where only the center of the road is macadamized the cost runs from $2,000 to $2,500.

With our country roads costing from $2,000 to $3,000 a mile, the steel road would prove more serviceable for many reasons. The force required to haul the load over the steel plates would be much less, and it would prove equally easy in summer, spring and winter. On the best macadam country road haulage in the winter and spring becomes almost impossible. The soft mud will work up to the surface, requiring constant and expensive repairing, and when the spring thaw begins heavy loads cannot be hauled. Farmers are thus handicapped in the delivery of their goods at some of the most important seasons of the year. The question of repairs will always show a heavy balance in favor of the steel roads. There should be no repairs required of steel roads oftener than once a year, and these should be of little account. The steel rails should last for upward of a quarter of a century in the ordinary country districts where traffic is light.

A good deal depends upon the thoroughness of putting down the steel tracks. There must be a perfect foundation of stones, gravel or burned clay for the steel plates. The foundation must be built down far enough to insure perfect solidity and the surface finished off with cobblestones large enough to give the rails stability in freezing and thawing weather. The weight of the rails and their continuous length will ordinarily make them firm and steady on almost any kind of a foundation, but where the soil sags and is washed out in places the constant pounding of the rails will in time weaken the channel pieces and ties. The weak parts of the steel roads are at these joints, but if provided with proper stone foundations at each joint there should be little danger of any injurious strain or friction.

THE BUILDING OF ROADS.

Advice About How Not to Make Repairs on Them.

Consul Halstead of Birmingham, England, reports to the department of commerce and labor results of unintelligent, unscientific road repairing. He quotes some excellent advice about how not to make or repair a road. He writes:

"When in London recently I noticed that the great road along the Thames, one of the most important thoroughfares in London, known as the Thames embankment, was very rough, and in a recent article in the London Mail, entitled 'How Not to Make a Road,' some observant person tells of the methods used when the embankment was last torn up and remetaled and reironed, which confirms in many respects the dispatch I recently had published in Daily Consular and Trade Reports, Sept. 9, entitled 'Dust and Motor Cars.' This writer had thought that a sound knowledge would surely be displayed in repairing such a thoroughfare as the Thames embankment. After the scarifier had been at work and the road torn up, loads of 'blue metal,' he said, were dumped down, but this stone was of a very uneven nature, both as to size and shape, many of the pieces being long and narrow, while others were small and approximately cubical, and there was additionally a large proportion of irregularly shaped stones. The loads were roughly spread across the roadway, and in many cases 'the wheel ruts of the carts were not even raked out.'" Continuing his description of what was done as roadmaking for the great thoroughfare, he says:

"Over this chaotic heap was strewn—shade of Macadam!—pulverized clay. Water was then copiously flooded on to this interesting mess to induce the clay to get in between the crevices or chasms in the roadway. This it speedily did, although naturally much remained as mud on the surface. Then the steam roller got to work, and soon the roadway looked quite smooth and nice, and he who knew no better would have passed by and said, 'That is a fine bit of work.' He who knew, however, and saw it done, said, 'Give it a few weeks and it will be as bad as ever.'"

False Shoulders.

Many a highway commissioner, anxious to serve his town and progress his road work, leaves what are known as false shoulders on the side of the road, says the Ogdensburg (N. Y.) Advance. In operating his road scraper he fails to put the toe of the blade clear to the ditch on the side of the road, but places it a foot and a half nearer to the middle of the road, thus making a new ditch and leaving a shoulder of dirt between the new ditch and the old one. Some highway commissioners do this in the expectancy that the next year they will cut this shoulder away to the original ditch and gradually widen their road to the lines of the former ditch. These highway commissioners always open waterways at frequent intervals between the new ditch and the old ditch through the shoulder, letting the water run to the proper place. Other highway commissioners neglect to put these waterways through the shoulder, and they soon find that the roadbed is badly washed, and they wonder why it is that they have such bad luck when they try so hard to serve their town well. It is not an easy thing to build or maintain a road, and it requires experience from the results of mistakes. If a man who has been an indifferent highway commissioner his first year improves in his work the second year, he may be re-elected and become as valuable a highway commissioner as the town could obtain. He must have his heart in his work or he cannot do his town credit.

National Aid In Road Building.

It is as yet a little early to predict what will be done during the next congress with respect to the question of national aid in road building, says Good Roads Magazine. Announcement has, however, been made that bills will be introduced either at the beginning or before the close of the session. Congressman Brownlow, Senator Latimer, Senator Gallinger and other ardent advocates of federal aid are very much in earnest over the measures which they have championed, and it is reasonably certain they will be heard from. On the other hand, many appear to share the opinion that the time is not yet propitious for aid from the national government in the way of a large appropriation. Public sentiment in favor of such aid is no doubt growing throughout the country, but until the individual is thoroughly convinced and his mind made up there is little hope of much favorable legislation in the direction of national aid. Primarily the demand must be made by those whose use of the highways is 60 per cent of the total. Meetings, conventions, all forms of agitation, should be continued in order that people may be fully educated upon all phases of the great question of road improvement. The problem will then be easy.

Working For a Better Road.

No organization in the city is more interested in the movement for good roads than is the Cincinnati Automobile club, says the Auto Advocate and Country Roads. The club is willing to do anything in its power to help along the project, and its committees will be found working hard with those of the local branch of the National Good Roads association. Along this line President Val Duttenhofer of the Cincinnati Automobile club will do some work himself. It is his plan to make trips over all the roads leading out of Cincinnati and then make a detailed report to the club as to their condition. This report will be of value to every automobile driver who contemplates little excursions in this part of the state.

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NEWS OF THE WEEK

FOREIGN NEWS.

The triennial elections of the London borough councils have resulted in an overwhelming victory for the municipal reformers, who, in some of the boroughs, absolutely wiped out the progressives. The victors were formerly known as moderates and represent the Unionist party and the progressives include the Liberal and Labor parties.

The new French cabinet has decided to include in its parliamentary programme the purchase of the Western railroad and a bill providing for the abolition of the death penalty. The project for the revision of the mining law contemplates the taking over by the state of all mines and the participation of the miners in the profits.

In his plea for a divorce for Countess de Castellane (formerly Miss Anna Gould) Maitre Cruppi, her attorney, painted Count Boni in the blackest of colors, declaring him to be rapacious, brutal and licentious, while the countess was held up as the long suffering and innocent victim.

The Universities of St. Petersburg and Kazan, two of the most important in Russia, have been closed on account of the violation by students of the stipulation that open political meetings should not be held within the college precincts.

M. Krustaleff, who was president of the executive committee of the Russian workmen's council, and fourteen leaders of the council who have been on trial for a month past have been sentenced to exile in Siberia and the loss of all civil rights.

George Herring, the noted English philanthropist, who in the course of his life contributed large sums of money to hospitals and charitable enterprises, is dead in London after an operation for appendicitis.

News has been received at Zunguru, Nigeria, that a French patrol consisting of one officer and sixty men was surprised and annihilated by a Senoussi force 200 miles northeast of Lake Chad.

The Archduke Otto, second son of the emperor of Austria's eldest brother, Karl Ludwig, is dead, aged forty years. He had been ill for the past few months.

The German steamer Herrmann, from Antwerp for the Mediterranean, was sunk Oct. 26 as the result of a collision. Twenty-three of her crew were drowned.

Missionaries report a most severe famine in the northern part of Kiangsu province, Central China. It is estimated that 10,000,000 people face starvation.

Gathorne Gathorne-Hardy, first earl of Cranbrook, who was twice British secretary for war and lord president of the council, is dead. He was born in 1814.

The loss to the Ontario bank of Toronto through the peculations of Charles McGill, the former manager, is officially stated as being $1,500,000.

The absence of disorder in Russia and the favorable conditions abroad are causing a steady advance in the price of government securities.

A violent storm has done much damage in the south of France.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The president is preparing to redeem his promise made to the Philippine people through Secretary Taft that they shall have a parliament of their own, conditioned upon their good behavior for a term of two years, and it is understood that Secretary Taft himself will proceed to the Philippines next spring to witness the installation of the new form of representative government.

The interior department has received dispatches from agents in Nevada indicating that when all the facts are known concerning the opening of the Walker Lake Indian reservation Secretary Hitchcock may be compelled to recommend that the opening be declared invalid.

The government's bill in equity attacking the Standard Oil company is nearly completed and probably is ready for the inspection of President Roosevelt. It will be filed in the Eighth circuit, in which the important anti-trust cases have been begun.

Tuberculosis has made alarming inroads upon the personnel of the navy and marine corps in spite of the measures taken by medical officers to check the disease, according to the annual report of Surgeon General Rixey.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury Keep states that a shortage of $61,500 has been found in the St. Louis subtreasury, but when the shortage occurred or who is responsible for it he declined to state.

EVENTS IN CUBA.

The disastrous effect of the Cuban revolution on the importation of sugar from that island to the United States is treated in a bulletin just issued by the department of commerce and labor. The imports fell in September to 53,000,000 pounds, against 23,000,000 pounds in the immediately preceding month and 172,000,000 pounds in September of last year.

For the purpose of ending the feeling of insecurity throughout Cuba, due to the existence of straggling bands called into being by the recent insurrection, Governor Magoon has ordered the employment of strong bodies of rural guards to pursue and scatter the bands and restore order.

Reports received by telegraph from the commanders of the garrisons in all parts of Cuba show that complete tranquility prevails and that no disturbing rumors are in circulation.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Charles Whitney Norton, said by the police and the postal authorities to be responsible for extensive swindling operations, is under arrest at Chicago and will be turned over to the federal officers by the local police, who took him into custody. It is claimed that Norton has defrauded people in all parts of the United States out of bonds and securities amounting to $3,000,000.

Theodore Shafer, thirty-one years of age, was shot and killed in the Empire hotel at Cleveland by W. F. Willis, a Pennsylvania railroad switchman. Shafer, a boarder at the hotel, heard Willis' wife screaming for help and while endeavoring to gain admittance to the Willis apartments the door was flung open by Willis, who fired three shots at Shafer, killing him.

Four men are dead as the result of a battle near Kennewick, Wash., between officers and two men who had robbed two stores in Kennewick. The dead are: Mike Glover, marshal of Kennewick; Jacob Lake, ex-convict; Joseph Holzer, deputy sheriff, and Frank Perry, member of a posse.

The Standard Oil company has been fined $5,000 and costs of prosecution for operating in restraint of trade in Ohio. The defense was allowed forty days to file a bill of exceptions and sentence was suspended sixty days to give the defense time to file petition in error.

Clifford Hooe, the negro, formerly coachman for Augustus Hartje, has been convicted at Pittsburg of perjury in connection with a deposition against Mrs. Mary Scott Hartje and which formed the basis of the recent sensational Hartje divorce trial.

J. Christian Eskilson of Chicago, thrice supreme treasurer of the Danish Brotherhood of America, is missing and simultaneously it is found that from $40,000 to $50,000 of the order's funds is gone.

In a fight between 600 Kentucky state college students and policemen at Lexington, Ky., four policemen were struck on the head with stones and severely injured.

Leonard Leopold, wanted in Chicago in connection with the murder of Mrs. Leslie, an actress, has been arrested at Wausau, Wis.

THE DEATH RECORD.

James D. Yeomans, formerly a member of the interstate commerce commission, is dead in Washington, aged sixty-one. Mr. Yeomans took part in many of the important cases brought before the interstate commerce commission.

Joseph E. Gary, one of the most widely known jurists in the West, who presided during the famous trial of the Chicago anarchists in 1886, is dead. He was eighty-four years old.

Representative Rockwood Hoar of the Third Massachusetts district, son of the late Senator George F. Hoar, is dead at Worcester, Mass., after an illness of five weeks.

William Shepperd Manning, an Albany (N. Y.) lawyer who gained prominence in connection with the legislative insurance investigation, is dead.

Isaac Lee Nicholson, D. D., bishop of Milwaukee Episcopal diocese, is dead after a lingering illness. He was sixty-two years of age.

Mrs. Edgar W. Nye, widow of the late "Bill" Nye, the famous humorist, is dead at the home of her daughter near Morgan City, La.

Thomas J. Devine, a brother-in-law of the late President Benjamin Harrison, is dead at Ottumwa, Ia., aged eighty years.

William B. Minahan, an independent candidate for congress in the Eighth Wisconsin district, died suddenly at Green Bay.

Albert Antisdal, vice president of the American Express company, is dead at Chicago.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

A Rock Island passenger train bound to Sioux Falls, S. D., from Chicago, was derailed three miles west of Ellsworth, Minn., and was thrown down a twelve-foot embankment, injuring twelve passengers seriously and inflicting slight injuries and bruises on twenty more.

Hundreds of men were thrown out of employment and money loss in excess of $250,000 was caused by a fire which destroyed the piano factory of Jacob Bros. company in New York city.

Three enlisted men of the battleship Wisconsin are dead and two are seriously ill as the result of drinking bay rum as a substitute for whisky.

The battleship Virginia was rammed in Hampton Roads by the Old Dominion liner Monroe and several of her guns damaged.

LABOR NEWS.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railway company has announced an increase of wages of 10 per cent to all employes whose salaries are less than $200 per month. The increase is effective from Nov. 1. The increase, it is said, will affect about 25,000 employes.

Railroad managers at Chicago have informed the Switchmen's union that their demand for a raise of wages of 5 cents an hour would not be granted. The railroads declared that the switchmen would accept an increase of 2 cents an hour or nothing.

The striking machinists on the Southern Railway have returned to work and the question of wages will be settled by arbitration.

The threatened strike of street car employes in Pittsburg has been averted.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The United States now holds the record of "farthest north," 87 degrees 6 minutes. This feat was accomplished by Commander Robert E. Peary of the United States navy. The intrepid Arctic explorer failed to reach the North pole, as he had confidently hoped to do with his specially constructed vessel, the Roosevelt, but he penetrated nearer to the pole than the Duke of Abruzzi's expedition, which held the Arctic record, 86 degrees 34 minutes.

A conference between the renegade Ute Indians and troops has resulted in an agreement on the part of the redmen to return with Colonel Rogers to Fort Meade, S. D., to be taken care of there by the government while Chiefs Red Cap and Black Whiskers go to Washington to talk the matter over with President Roosevelt.

Despite all the agitation that has been caused the San Francisco school board is firm in the position it has taken in regard to separating white and Japanese children and will not recede unless compelled to do so by the courts. It contends that the action taken was in conformity with the state law.

Judge Fruit, in the circuit court at La Crosse, Wis., has appointed C. S. Van Auken receiver of the Mexican Plantation company. The company is capitalized at $600,000. A great amount of stock was sold in all parts of Wisconsin, many people of small means being among the purchasers.

The will of William Scully, otherwise known as "Lord" Scully, said to be the largest owner of real estate in America, was filed at Washington Thursday for probate. All his lands he devised absolutely to his wife, E. Angela Scully. Mr. Scully totally disinherits his three daughters.

The long heralded 3-cent street car fare in Cleveland became a reality Thursday, when the first cars were run on the lines of the Municipal Traction company, recently established, and which now has thirteen and a half miles in operation.

Joe Gans, lightweight champion of the world, met "Kid" Herman of Chicago at Cincinnati and signed articles to fight twenty rounds or to a finish, as the club may desire, on New Year's day, before the Tonopah (Nev.) Athletic club.

What is claimed to be the largest lodginghouse in the world has been thrown open to workingmen at Boston. It is known as the People's Palace and was erected by the Salvation Army at a cost of $240,000.

Fifty per cent of all the big corporations chartered in this country during October are connected with the mining industry in one or other of its phases.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Former Governor General Ide, who has just returned from Manila, declares that the Philippines are today in better shape than they ever were under Spanish or American rule. He declares, however, that the islands should be given a square deal in the matter of the tariff.

Colonel Henry Steel Olcott of Adyar, India, the president-founder of the Theosophical society and co-worker of the late Helen P. Blavatsky, has been seriously injured in a railway wreck in Italy.

Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens of Portland, Me., has been re-elected president of the National W. C. T. U.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt have arrived in Washington from their brief outing at Pine Knot, Va.

Senator Clark of Montana denies the story that he will be a candidate for re-election.

Count and Countess de Chambrun and their children have arrived in New York.

Senator Depew has entirely recovered from his breakdown of last spring.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 3.—Wheat—Dec 75⅝c; May, 78⅝c; July, 79⅝@79⅞c On track—No. 1 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 77⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 74@75c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 3.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.60@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.15; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 3.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 77⅛c; Nov., 78⅛c; Dec., 76⅝c; May, 79⅛c; July, 79⅜c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17⅛; Nov., $1.17; Dec., $1.14⅝; Jan., $1.15; May, $1.18⅛.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 3. — Wheat—Dec., 74⅛c; May, 79@79⅛c. Corn—Dec., 43⅜c; May, 44⅛c. Oats—Dec., 34⅝c; May, 35⅜@35⅛c. Pork—Jan., $14.[illegible]; May, $14.12½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@23½c; dairies, 18½@23c. Eggs—20@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; chickens, 8½@9c; springs, 9½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.[illegible]@7.25; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; calves, $5.00@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.42½; good heavy, $6.20@6.45; rough heavy, $5.85@6.05; light, $5.85@6.40; pigs, $5.10@6.25. Sheep, $1.25@5.65; yearlings, $5.50@6.50; lambs, $4.50@7.90.

BOLD ROBBERY IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Three Thugs Hold Up a Man and Take His Money.

Minneapolis, Nov. 3.—After more than a week in which there was not a holdup reported to the Minneapolis police department, the game was resumed when W. F. Phelps, 2114 Hennepin avenue, was knocked down and robbed of $100 in cash and a diamond stick pin valued at $100 by three men at the corner of Fifth street and Second avenue south.

Phelps was unable to offer the least resistance, and was obliged to comply with the demands of the highwaymen to hand over what valuables and cash he had.

Three citizens witnessed the bold holdup from a distance, but they were unable or afraid to come to Phelps' aid and the holdup men escaped.

The police were notified and, after a search of the surroundings, they arrested a man who is alleged to have been connected with the affair. He gave the name of Ben Schilling.

MEETS A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Great Northern Engineer Crushed by His Engine.

Duluth, Oct. 30.—Engineer Frank Gaul of the Great Northern of St. Paul met a horrible death, when his locomotive was wrecked during a blinding storm. For five hours he lay beneath his engine conscious most of the time and suffering the most excruciating agony. At the end of five hours, when the engine was lifted from his crushed body, he was still alive but he died a few hours later in a Superior hospital. The accident happened at 1 o'clock a. m.

Gaul was driving a light freight and because of the blizzard did not see the warning signals of an ore train that was partly on the main line and partly on a siding. His engine collided with the side of the ore train and went over, pinning him to the ground.

FOR CHASTISING BOY.

Principal of St. Paul Public School Dismissed.

St. Paul, Nov. 3.—Charles E. Flitner, principal of the Grant school, has been dismissed by the school board. His offense was whipping a thirteen-year-old boy, Peter Johnson, with a carpet beater, under circumstances contrary to the school board's rules regarding the infliction of corporal punishment.

The charge was that Principal Flitner, after securing the consent of the boy's mother to whip the lad, provided the mother was present, did so before Mrs. Johnson arrived, beating the boy on his bare skin while the janitor held the youngster.

HONOR MILL CITY MINISTER.

Wall Street Financiers Present Watch to Rev. Wilkinson.

New York, Nov. 3.—Under the beetling crags of Wall street, surrounded by the smiling faces of the young financiers of the country, Rev. William Wilkinson, called the "Dominie of the Street," stood with trembling lips and stared at a costly gold watch that had just been put into his hands. Colonel Francis E. Hamilton, solicitor for the collector of the port, read a set of embossed resolutions and presented "from the Wall street congregation" a beautifully engraved watch, for the purchase of which every "big man" in the street had contributed.

BRIDGE PUT OUT OF ACTION.

Steel Barge Hits Railroad Structure at Duluth.

Superior, Wis., Oct. 30.—The steel barge John Fritz, in passing down St. Louis bay channel, took a sheer and bunted into the pier of the Northern Pacific railroad bridge. The draw was caught open and it will take several days to repair the damage. Meanwhile the only entrance to Duluth for railroads is by way of the Grassy Point bridge at West Duluth, making an extra run of about ten miles.

Child Fatally Injured.

St. Paul, Nov. 5.—Emma Maria Galvin, six years old and living with her parents at 2148 University avenue, was run down by a street car near her home at 5 o'clock p. m. and probably fatally hurt. She was taken to her home by the Prior avenue police and was attended by two physicians. Her right shoulder is dislocated and she has many bruises about the body.

Minneapolis Man Drowns.

Wood Lake, Minn., Nov. 5.—E. S. Collins of Minneapolis was drowned in Wood lake, about one mile from here, by the swamping of his boat while hunting ducks. A Mr. Houston was in the boat with him when it went down, but saved himself by hanging to the boat. The body was raised by citizens here after it had been in the water four hours.

Girl Gets $16,000 Damages.

St. Paul, Oct. 31.—The case of Mabel Harrett, aged seventeen, who sued for $30,000 damages from the Soo line for personal injuries, has been settled out of court. She received $16,000 in settlement of the loss of one leg and injury to the other in a train wreck at Detroit, Minn., Nov. 12, 1905. Both her father and mother were killed in the same wreck.

Girl Tries to End Her Life.

St. Paul, Nov. 5.—Henrietta Reid, eighteen years old, was found in her bedroom at her home 600 State street, at night with five bullet wounds in her left breast. She was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where it is said she has a chance to live. It is supposed to be a case of jealousy and attempted suicide.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

John B. Baker, prominent in Elk circles at St. Paul, is dead, aged fifty-seven.

Captain Roald Amundsen, the Arctic explorer, was tendered a banquet in St. Paul last week by the Norden club.

The twentieth meeting of the Southern Minnesota Teachers' association was held at Mankato Friday and Saturday.

The two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Denfield, living near Paynesville, was scalded to death by upsetting a pail of boiling water upon itself.

Since the state free employment bureau was opened in Minneapolis June 1, 1905, it has secured employment for 8,272 men and 6,986 women, a total of 15,168.

The St. Paul police commission has decided that hereafter saloons must close at midnight; also that the order in regard to allowing minors in saloons be more strictly enforced.

Three murders occurred in Minneapolis during the month of October. Seventeen citizens suffered violent deaths in the community either as the result of accident, suicide or murder.

On Nov. 15 400 stonecutters from all over the Northwest will assemble in St. Cloud for a big meeting. The national secretary, Mr. Duncan, of Boston, Mass., will be present and preside.

William Scherck was run down by a street car near South Park, a St. Paul suburb, and killed. His body was horribly mangled. His skull was fractured, his right arm was ground to a pulp and his ribs were fractured.

The total value of real property this year, as fixed by the state board of equalization, is $751,857,611 and personal property $189,469,279. The values a year ago were $701,036,777 on real estate and $170,202,845 on personal property.

Foxes are becoming so numerous in Winona county and are causing so much damage to the farmers by taking poultry and committing other depredations that the county board has been petitioned by many farmers to offer a bounty.

Olaf Skrukrud of Holt township, Fillmore county, has brought to Preston the skin of a Canadian lynx which he caught in a trap set for a fox. The animal was as large as a shepherd dog and the first one seen in Fillmore county in twenty-five years.

Mrs. Hilda Carlson of Cannon Falls was given a verdict of $1,500 in the district court against John Judge of that place. Mrs. Carlson claimed she was injured by Judge's team, which ran away, and says the cause of the accident was negligence and carelessness in hitching up the team.

While oiling the self feeder of a threshing machine near Springfield Ed Heir, blinded by smoke from the engine, slipped into the self feeder and had his legs terribly lacerated by the knives. It was only by the best of good luck that by an almost superhuman effort he was able to save his life.

Russell Daily, a prominent young man of Stillwater, engaged with his father in manufacturing stoves, has been arrested by Chief of Police Barnes charged with stealing many diamond rings and pins, the practice having extended over a period of more than a year. Daily is said to have admitted the charge.

While Ed Nintz, a young farmer in the town of North Star, Brown county, was on a load of grain and about to start for Springfield his wife handed him a basket of eggs. In reaching for the basket his team started, he lost his balance and, falling from the wagon, the hind wheel passed over him, instantly killing him.

Bessie Squires, stepdaughter of John F. Quirk, the man held for trial at Minneapolis for the murder of W. A. Dowell, has recovered so slowly from the shock attending the tragedy, of which she was a witness, that it has been found necessary to send her to a sanitarium. She is being held by the authorities to testify in the case.

By means of injunction proceedings just begun in the Hennepin county district court the Minneapolis chamber of commerce is striving to choke off all opposition from the so-called independent brokerage firms. This action is a part of the same old fight of the chamber against the outsiders, but it is more sweeping in its purposes than any previous movement of the kind.

The Minnesota earnings of the railroads doing business in this state have increased over $10,000,000 during the fiscal year closing June 30, an increase of about 14 per cent. The gross earnings taxes are not based on the business for the fiscal year, but the earnings for the calendar year, but if the same proportion of increase is maintained for the remainder of the calendar year the state will receive $150,000 more taxes than it did last January, when the total railroad taxes were a little over $3,000,000.

Charles E. Flitner, principal of the Grant school, St Paul, has been dismissed by the school board on the ground that he violated the board's new corporal punishment rule. The charge against Mr Flitner was that, after securing the consent of the mother of a recalcitrant boy to whip him on condition that the mother should be present, Mr Flitner, with the assistance of the janitor, took the boy to the basement and there whaled him on his bare skin until there were great welts and the blood was made to flow. The mother was not present at the time.

MANY PERSONS HURT

ROCK ISLAND PASSENGER TRAIN THROWN OVER EMBANKMENT NEAR ELLSWORTH, MINN.

Alphabet Road Will Rush Tracklaying and Begin Operations by Jan. 1. Postman at Winona Reports Robbing of United States Mails by a Squirrel—General State News.

Luverne, Minn., Nov. 5.—A Rock Island passenger train bound to Sioux Falls, S. D., from Chicago, was derailed three miles west of Ellsworth, Minn., at 7:30 o'clock p. m. and was thrown down a twelve-foot embankment, injuring twelve passengers seriously and inflicting slight injuries and bruises on twenty more. The wreck was caused by a spreading of the rails from an unknown cause.

The regular passenger train had been cut in two at Ellsworth in order to run a special to Luverne, and the train that was wrecked was made up only of one day coach and a baggage coach. There were forty passengers in the day coach.

The train was running at high speed after leaving Ellsworth. Nearing the place where the train was wrecked, the engineer thought the track looked a little peculiar, but decided it was only an optical illusion. When the train came to where the rails were spread it was going with undiminished speed.

Suddenly there was a creaking of bolts and the coaches gave a lunge, jumped the track and bumped along on the ties, breaking the windows in the cars, loosening the seats and creating a panic among the passengers. Almost instantly the coaches gave a second lunge and were precipitated twelve feet below into a gravel pit.

The passenger coach turned over, pinning several of the passengers to the ground and hurling others with great violence against the sides of the coach.

Special trains were run from Ellsworth and Rock Rapids to the scene of the wreck, and the injured were hurried to hospitals and private homes, where they received medical attention.

While at least ten of the passengers were seriously injured, it is not known whether their injuries will prove fatal or not.

MATERIAL AT HAND.

Alphabet Road to Begin Tracklaying in Two Weeks.

Albert Lea, Minn., Nov. 1.—Ties, steel rails and bolts are arriving for use on the Duluth, St. Cloud, Glencoe and Mankato road and it is expected that tracklaying will begin at this end of the line in two weeks. A contract has been entered into with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road and a spur track has been put in to facilitate the unloading and a boarding car has been leased for the use of the steel gang.

Manager Toble was in St. Paul yesterday securing men for laying the steel and they will be ready as soon as the grade is completed, which is expected to be in a fortnight. The wet weather has delayed the work considerably and it would have been finished before this but for the mud and rain.

Several bonuses are hanging in the balance and the "Alphabet" company must have the road built and cars running before Jan. 1, 1907, in order to secure them. The indications now are that all will be saved and the line be in operation within the required time.

SQUIRREL ROBS POSTMAN.

Walnut Attached to Advertising Card Takes Animal's Eye.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 3.—The robbing of the United States mail by a squirrel was a most unusual incident which occurred in this city during the day.

Martin Daszkowski, one of the oldest mail carriers in the city, was on his regular rounds and had among his mail to be delivered an advertising card to which was attached a large walnut, inside of which was the matter advertised. A little squirrel, of which there are many in Winona, seeing the nut, jumped upon Mr. Daszkowski's shoulder and, running down his arm with lightning speed, took the nut and card from his hand and then climbed a nearby tree, where it investigated the contents of the nut.

Fortunately, upon discovering that the nut was not the kind it wanted, the squirrel dropped it and the card without damaging either and they were later delivered to the proper address. The squirrels of Winona are tame and frequently climb upon pedestrians' shoulders looking for nuts or other food.

Campaign Auto Kills a Man.

Duluth, Nov. 1.—An automobile bearing J. F. Jacobson knocked down an unknown man, apparently a laborer, at Twelfth avenue west and Superior street, and the victim has since died of his injuries at St. Luke's hospital. The machine was taking Mr. Jacobson from a meeting in the West end to speak at the armory.

Wrecked Near Harbor.

Duluth, Oct. 30.—The schooner Elgin, with a cargo of hay and coal, was blown to pieces by the northeaster on Lake Superior within a few hundred feet of the sheltering shores of the harbor at Grand Marias, Minn., after an unusually hard battle to reach that harbor. The crew was saved.

"SKY PILOT" NOW READY

Rev. Higgins Prepared to Resume Preaching to the Lumberjacks.

Tells How to Win the Hearts of the Men Who Work in the Woods.

Duluth Herald: Rev. F. E. Higgins of Bemidji, superintendent of the logging camp missionary work in Minnesota, under the supervision of the evangelistic committee of the Presbyterian church, has been in Duluth for the past few days. He is preparing for his annual campaign in the woods and his enthusiastic over his work.

While in the city Mr. Higgins held a conference with Dr. Zartman of New York, who is secretary of the Presbyterian evangelistic committee and is greatly interested in the work in the lumber camps.

Mr. Higgins expects to have five men in the field this winter. Two of these are already with him in the work, C. L. Ward and F. C. Davis, both of whom come from Minneapolis and both of whom are former woodsmen.

Of these two stalwart lieutenants, Mr. Higgins has many nice things to say. He wishes that he could secure more as faithful and as competent.

"There is a great work to be done in the woods and it is rather hard to secure the right sort of men to do" says Mr. Higgins. "The man stern clerical appearance, who is accostomed to preaching high-sounding sermons in the cities, has no place administering the gospel to the lumberjack.

"The woodsmen do not take kindly to the city preachers, clothed in black, nor can they understand them. The lumberjack has his peculiarities as does everyone else and those peculiarities must not be ignored if one wants to make a success of religious work among them.

"They respect you and they will listen to your arguments in favor of sobriety and good clean, Christian lives, but you must not keep them on a straight diet of religious topics all the time you talk to them. You must give them religion along with other things and the man who can do that successfully, who can gain the good will of the men among whom he works, can be most successful in making them see a way out of that darkness which envelopes a great number.

"They may be rough, but their hearts are big, as I have had occasion to remember during the many years that I have been working in the woods of Northern Minnesota.

"One must be a diplomat as well as other things to succeed as a 'sky pilot,' as we are called by the lumberjacks in the woods. I remember that a few years ago I had an assistant who was a very fine young man with an excellent education, but did not understand the men.

"On one occasion, during an address before a meeting of lumberjacks, this young man said: 'At one time I had fallen as low as any man in this room'— He got no further. Several of those present informed him in no uncertain language that he was no better than they were at the moment. His break was most unfortunate and I found it necessary to dismiss him from the service, bright though he was.

"The lumberjacks are men and they want to be treated as such. They are brave, too, and most of them have a desire to be good, if you only reach them and kindle that fire.

"The work has been very successful in Minnesota, however. Every year sees an improvement in the men and more of them are persuaded to lead better lives.

"They appreciate the efforts of the missionaries in their behalf and I only wish that the members of the churches all over the country who contribute the papers and magazines for distribution in the lumber camps could see how they are appreciated there."

Rev. Mr. Higgins returned not long ago from the lumbering camps of Oregon and Washington. He says that he did not see another preacher there and that in the spring, when the season's work is over here, he is going west with his workers and preach the gospel to the lumberjacks of the Pacific slope.

Mr. Higgins is a rugged, forceful man, known by all the lumberjacks and Indians throughout this part of the state and liked by all of them. He has had many interesting experiences during his long service in the northland country. He has traveled with dog teams, behind horses and even walked, to carry out his mission.

Just at present he is making arrangements for the launching of a semi-monthly publication, "The Lumberjack," which will contain news of interest to the craft. Rev. Thomas Whittles of Fergus Falls will be the editor.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

TO REPAIR COUNTY ROADS.

A Missouri Judge Would Use Part of Road Fund For That Purpose.

The need of a practical system of maintenance of macadam roads in Jackson county, in Missouri, has at last been recognized by the county court, says the Kansas City Star. Judge G. Lee Chrisman recently announced that he was in favor of using a large part of the road fund, now amounting to $170,402, to maintenance of rock roads already built in repair.

As evidence of his interest in the matter Judge Chrisman went out the other afternoon with Oscar Koehler, the county surveyor, to inspect several macadamized roads which have been allowed to become almost impassable through neglect to keep them in repair.

Among the roads to which the attention of the county court has been particularly called is Sixty-third street from the Wornall road to Elmwood. Sixty-third street is a macadamized road. There are two deep cuts in it, and large quantities of shale and soapstone have blocked it in several places. Yet Sixty-third street furnishes only one of several instances where a macadam road has become practically useless in places through neglect.

The people who are accustomed to using the macadam roads are insisting that some action be taken toward the adoption of a system for permanent maintenance.

"What is the use of building fine macadam roads if they are not kept in repair?" said a Jackson county farmer. "The county road money coming from the dramshop fund has been mostly used in the past for building new roads. Now let the county court use a good part of it for keeping them in repair."

REAL GOOD ROAD ADVOCATE

Nevada Man's Plan to Realize a Dream of Boyhood Days.

John P. Hennessy, a man who has made a fortune in Tonopah, Nev., has given $10,000 to build a good wagon road from Burnt Ranch, Trinity county, Cal., to the mouth of the South Fork, in Humboldt county, and thus realizes a dream of his boyhood days, says the Auto Advocate and Country Roads. Hennessy was born and reared at Burnt Ranch, on the lower Trinity river, a settlement that to this day is reached only by pack trains over rough mountain trails. He was ten years old before he ever saw a wagon road, which was the one which still ends at South Fork, Humboldt county. To him that wagon road was then a great wonder, and he said that when he got to be a rich man he would build the road to his home at Burnt Ranch.

He repeated the promise frequently during his youthful career and was always laughed at by his hearers. He is now a man of great wealth and has returned to Burnt Ranch to visit his parents, who still reside in the remote settlement. He has since made good his childish promise, for he has already set twenty-five men to work building the wagon road to South Fork. It is to be completed in a workmanlike manner and made a first class road on light grades. It is to be free to the public and a monument to Hennessy.

How the Farmers Are Benefited.

It should not take extended argument to convince any farmer of the benefits that will accrue to him by reason of the construction of a good, enduring highway past or through his farm, says the Binghamton Press. The experience of owners of farms along the good roads already built is most encouraging. Their land has increased in value. This increase comes from two causes—first, they are able to market their products easier and with more regularity in all weathers; second, the increasing tendency of city folks to buy small pieces of land for the purpose of erecting summer homes enables farmers to dispose of small tracts of land at a profitable price, and the presence of these summer visitors gives them a nearby market for farm produce.

English Roads.

Dr. Henry van Dyke writes as follows in June Scribner's concerning the English roads: "What good roads they have in England! Look at the piles of broken stone for repairs stored in little niches all along the way, see how promptly and carefully every hole is filled up and every break mended, and you will understand how a small beast can pull a heavy load in this country and why the big draft horses wear long and do good work. A country with a fine system of roads is like a man with a good circulation of the blood—the labor of life becomes easier, effort is reduced and pleasure increased."

Making the Road Attractive.

In the construction of a road the work of beautifying the sides of the highway should not be neglected. Flowers, shrubbery and trees should each have a place along the roadside. They refresh the eye and cultivate a love for the beautiful in nature, making a trip over the road a pleasure to be remembered. The appearance of the roadside is generally a pretty good index to the character of the owner of the premises. A clean, well kept roadside is an advertisement for the owner and adds value to the land.

Good Road Maxims.

If we cannot secure all our rights, let us at least secure good roads.

If you'd have good roads, prepare to make 'em now.

Time is money, and a good road saves much time.

Be sure you've got a good road, then go ahead.

One good road is worth two bad ones, maybe more.

Good wine needs no bush, and good roads need no bushes.

TO DRAIN THE SWAMPS.

National Government May Lend a Hand in Northern Minnesota.

Anent the possibilities of the swamp lands of northern Minnesota the following from the New York Evening Post, giving a synopsis of the situation as reported by the government surveyors, is of more than passing interest;

"It is in Minnesota that the first extended work of the geological survey experts has been undertaken. They went there some months ago under provision of an appropriation made at the last session of congress making available the sum of $15,000 for a comprehensive survey of a great tract known as "the ceded lands of the Chippewas." The region is a land of swamps, some of which approach in depth and area the importance of inland lakes. The whole tract aggregates about 3,500,000 acres, which have been held by the government for allotment to homesteaders at $1.25 an acre in the same way as any other public lands. The country at large has profited none from the sales of land, as the receipts have been held in trust for the Indians. Less than half these lands have been entered upon by homesteaders, however, and all the remaining portion awaits federal drainage before it will be ready for cultivation.

"Advocates of the new principle of land reclamation point to the fact that such lands as have been taken up in this *section of* the country have proved wonderfully productive. The lands first taken were, naturally enough, those on which the amount of surplus water was small, and where it proved objectionable only in winter and early spring. At other times it is above water leaving rich soil deposits on receding. On such lands as these the homesteaders have been able to raise splendid crops of garden produce especially such plants as celery and all kinds of small fruits requiring much moisture. Cranberry bogs have been found to return a fair profit.

"From data obtained from the surveyors in the field, the Minnesota lands can be reclaimated at a cost of approximately $1.25 to $1.50 an acre. Adding this to the price at which the lands can now be obtained by homesteaders who will not now buy it, however, so long as it is covered with water from one year's end to another—all this vast section could be put on the market at less than $3 an acre. Judging by the jump in price of irrigated lands in the west in recent years, as well as the drained lands which have been put under extensive truck farming, the federal government could realize on its present worthless land as fast as the drainage work progressed. Even if the supply of homesteaders attracted to the newly developed region is not enough to take up the lands, there is no doubt the property would find ready purchasers in the persons of speculators who would appreciate its real value under new conditions.

"Exact details of cost will be worth consideration of congress. In general it is known that it will not be as expensive as irrigation, since there are no dams nor costly construction work required. It will be most advantageous to do the work under federal auspices, of course, and to this end, if the approval of congress is gained, negotiations will have to be undertaken with some of the states for a relinquishment of special rights heretofore granted."

The Dixie Jubilee Singers Coming.

The Dixie Jubilee Singers are coming to give a concert in the Presbyterian church Dec. 26th, 1906.

These famous singers are well known throughout the North West, having toured this region three successive seasons. They are so popular where known that concert Halls overflow at a second or third visit of the troop. Thief River Falls is to have the privilege of hearing these famous Jubilee Singers Dec. 26th. This concert does not belong to the Lyceum Course but is an entirely different affair. Please remember The Dixie Jubilee Singers in the Presbyterian church Dec. 26th, 1906.

The Lyceum Lecture Course.

The next number on the Lyceum Course will be a lecture.

Subject: The Beautiful, by J. Lorenzo Zwickey.

The date is November 22nd.

This number on our Course will be a most delightful one and will be anticipated eagerly by all refiner people.

Notice.

In order to close up the partnership affairs of Bishop & Elder, the ice business buildings and ground, with all the tools, horses, harnesses, wagons etc., must be sold at once. This is worth investigating. For further particulars address or call on W. W. Prichard at the First National Bank.

Maintenance of Gravel Roads.

In order to maintain a gravel road in good condition it is well to keep piles of gravel alongside at frequent intervals, so that the persons who repair the road can get the material without going too far for it. As soon as ruts or holes appear on the surface some of this good fresh material should be added and stamped into position or kept raked smooth until properly consolidated.

—Subscribe for the News.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Miss Porter, of the high school faculty spent Sunday in Minneapolis.

Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 7:30 p. m.

John Holmberg returned to this city from Prince Albert the first of the week.

Mrs. Hiram Norton, of Lockport, Ill., is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. D. N. Winton.

D. N. Winton left last week for Kalispell, Mont., to attend to business matters for a few days.

John Walseth returned to this city Monday after an absence of a month spent in Minneapolis.

Congressman Steenerson was in the city from Crookston Tuesday, being *enroute home from* Roseau county.

Joseph Weeks was in the city last week from Terrebonne, where he is teaching school, visiting his parents.

Albert Carlson was in the city last Saturday, being enroute from the harvest fields of North Dakota to his home up near Sorum.

The ladies aid of the M. E. church will give their annual Chicken-pie supper on Nov. 14th, 1906 in the basement of the church. All are cordially invited.

—Strayed—From my farm on section 19, town of Silverton, on Friday, October 26, one bull, all red, weight about 600 or 700 year and a half old. Finder please notify Ole G. Hanson.

John Olson and family were in the city last week from Germantown, being enroute to Nash, N. D., where they wil make their future home. It is with regret that the people of this section learn of the departure of Mr. Olson.

November 17th., come on via the Soo Line to the Twin Cities and see the greatest foot ball game of the season, Minnesota vs Carlisle. Ask the Agent for rates, etc. Many reasons why you should make your trip at this time. No cheaper rates this year.

Prof. R. B. George & Co., of Chicago, will give a free concert in Thief River Falls, Minn., on Tuesday, Nov. 13, at 8 p. m. to organize a Short Training School in Sight Reading, Voice Culture and Chorus Drill. All interested in the upbuilding of Sabbath School, Choir and Congregational Singing should not miss this entertainment. Admission free. Collection will be taken.

Prof. Halvorson, who has made his home in Hallock for the past two years, moved this week to Thief River Falls. Mr. Halvorson is a fine musician and during his stay in Hallock, conducted a large class as a violin instructor. He will be greatly missed by the Hallock Orchestra, for which organization he has been the leading violinist.—Hallock Weekly News.

The Minnesota Receiver's and Shippe's Association is now said to include a membership of 700. Such an organization ought to be able to do more for railway reform than all the promises of all the political parties of the state. The association claims the credit for nearly all the reforms of the past two years, and we suspect that it is nearer right than either the republican or the democrats.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

H. Fant left Tuesday for Grand Forks to attend to business matters.

Little Miss Zella Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls last week visiting friends.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

One fare, and one third for the Round Trip between all stations on the Soo Line for Thanksgiving day.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Found—A pocket book containing a promisary note and check. Owner can have same by calling upon John Havel.

—For Sale or Trade—My store building on North Main avenue. Will trade for farm land. Inquire of E. M. Evenson.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per *yard in the pit.* Henry Gorkey.

For Sale—All of my household goods, bed room suites, parlor furniture, dining room furniture, kitchen furniture, etc. W. A. Kratka.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Through the efforts of Congressman Halvor Steenerson, Abraham W. Dolson of this city has secured an increase in his pension, and will hereafter get $12 per month. This will be very good news to Dolson's many friends here.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. Se Hager, the Land Man.

A Soo brakeman named Frank Philips having arrived at his home at Kimball, Minn., after a severe attack of typhoid fever at Bethany Hospital of this city, who was helped to die by the Thief River Falls Press last week wishes to be resurrected so his friends will not take him for a ghost when he gets around again in the near future.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

—We had rented out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

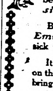

Most people know that if they have been sick they need *Scott's Emulsion* to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about *Scott's Emulsion* is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

The saw mill at Crookston closed down Monday for the season. The mill at Thief River Falls will continue to run until it freezes up.

Peter Maline and Lewis Newstrom went up to Middle River yesterday.

Mr. Tupper went down to Minneapolis last evening to take a rest for a week.

Mrs. Scott Ormsby arrived in the city yesterday from Chicago and is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. L. M. Hoag.

American Sunday School Union Missionary E. F. Olander went to Oslo, Saturday to visit the Sunday school he organized a month ago. This was the first religious organization in the place. Mr. Olander also held interesting service Sunday evening at Alvarado.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

It is too bad that the snow is all gone and that the "children" cannot play snowball on their way to and from school. It was so much fun!

"O, where and O where has the foot-ball-team gone?

O where has it gone?

With its wonderful scores and its wonderful 'boys',

O where and O where has it gone?

Miss Porter went to Minneapolis last Friday night to attend the Minnesota-Nebraska game. She returned Monday morning.

Wanted: A teacher for the Normal department. One who has no "future prospects," preferred.

The boys have a new method of rendering "Auld Lang Syne." It is very musical?

Last Thursday Reverend Barackman addressed the pupils of the High School He spoke on "Future Success" and gave numerous worthy suggestions for reaching the desired goal.

A Sopomore was heard to remark that she wished someone would take in charge a certain Junior. Does anyone desire the position of keeper?

Owing to the fact that Tuesday was Election day there was no school. The pupils occupied their time with electioneering. One of the girls said, "why, this is more fun than going to school."

Chlorine is surely, a very odoriferous gas as the chemistry class can testify. It is also a most excellent bleaching agent. Some of the girls wished to try it as a complexion bleach but abstained for fear of setting a bad example to the boys.

If someone does not speedily lay a few planks from the Mission church to the Knox building, there will be an insurrection among the school children and the teachers who are compelled to wallow through mud where once a sidewalk existed

Supt. Hay is carrying for the normal department until another teacher can be secured.

Germantown.

Election is over and the farmers will get a rest now.

August Ristau lost a valuable horse last week.

Louis Haure and Martin Johnson were to town Monday as witnesses for Mr. Lund who made final proof before L. G. Browning.

Lidia Klockman last week had two fingers torn off of her right hand. While leading a colt, her hand got tangled up with the rope and the colt made a jump and tore her fingers off.

Mr. Cook and son are busy at well drilling and as they have a good rig and know how to run it, they finish a well in a few days. They have so far drilled four in two weeks and all have a supply of water.

Election in our town was well attended 54 votes were cast for Governor Johnson, Hon. Steenerson received 45 votes and was declared Elected in our Town. County Division stood 45 against and none in favor the others not voting for o against, for Auditor Hiliboe received 25 votes and Malberg 25. County Treasurer Dayoberg 20, Hickman 30, Register of deeds Myhre 30, Brandt 20, Sheriff Forsberg 22, Tell 28, Clerk of Cour Mork 30, Swambo 20, County Attorney Brown 43, Byrell 7, Superintendent Mithun 42.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sunday morning worship at 11 o'clock.

Sunday evening worship at 7.30.

Subject: The Personal and Economic Value of our Religious Rest Day.

Sunday School at 12 a. m.

Christian Endeavor Prayer meeting at 6:45 p. m.

Sunday School Teachers meeting and Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m.

The Women Workers will meet in the church parlors Friday afternoon at 3:00 p. m.

We will observe the Lords Supper in Our church next Sunday morning. There will be a reception of new members and Baptism of children at the same service. Those interested are invited to speak to the pastor. All are welcome.

F. J. Barackman,
Pastor.

For Sale—My residence in Highland Add. Lots 110 feet front, new 8 room house with electric lights, barn 16 x 20 with lean 12 x 20, well painted and good well with plenty of fine water.

O. Tessum.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII | THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1906 | NUMBER 46

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY. Historical Society

AN ATTEMPT AT MURDDR

Claude Johnson, While Drunk Nearly Kills Two Men.

Authorities Looking for Him in Thief River Falls and Vicinity.

Deputy Sheriff Gonyea was up from Crookston Sunday looking for a man by the name of Claude Johnson, who is wanted by the Polk county authorities for attempting to murder two men near East Grand Forks last Wednesday. Mr. Gonyea did not find his man, but there are rumors about to the effect that he has been seen here and it is said that he has friends living on the reservation east of town.

The following is an account of the crime which Johnson is wanted for taken from the Crookston Times:

Enraged because he had been discharged by Amiel Peterson, a carpenter at work on the farm of John Anderson, 10 miles north of East Grand Forks, Claude Johnson Wednesday afternoon about 5 o'clock fired two shots at Peterson John Anderson and the latter's son, A. N. Anderson, one bullet grazing the elder Anderson's head and tearing of some of his hair, and another tearing the front of a the vest worn by the younger Anderson. After the shooting Johnson escaped and has not been located, although Deputy Sheriff Quigley spent most of the day looking for him, and Sheriff Gonyea and oter officials in various towns have been notified.

Johnson was discharged about noon Wednesday from the Polk County jail where he had served sentence of 10 days and he at once rode into East Grand Forks on his bicycle and secured a revolver, some cartridges, and a quart of whiskey. He returned to the Anderson farm house and the two Andersons, Peterson and Johnson drank the whiskey and discussed the row between Johnson and Peterson. Johnson drank about three-fourth of the liquor. About 5 o'clock he started to leave the room. He opened the door and stepped out on the porch. Suddenly he turned and fired upon the three men in the house, his evident intention being to murder Peterson. Peterson escaped unharmed and the elder Anderson's only injury was the loss of some hair. The younger lost the front portion of his vest.

Johnson escaped in the darkness. He was traced through a plowed field for about a quarter of a mile but when he reached the stubble his tracks did not show. He fired two shots to scare his pursuers.

Johnson is 25 years old and looks young for that age. His complexion is very light and his hair rather long and lies close to his skull. He is five feet ten inches in height and weighs 160 pounds. He had on a gray cap, duck coat, gray pants and a gray flannel shirt. No effort will be spared by the authorities to effect his capture and a charge of attempted murder will be brought against him.

It is just possible that Johnson has killed himself. *He could not know* whether he had killed any of the men in the room and it is not unlikely that he shot himself. He was intoxicated and in his desperate state of mind was prepared for anything. Jonnson had been employed by Peterson during the summer and at the time of the shooting Peterson was engaged in building a barn on the Anderson farm.

Next Time You Buy Clothes

No matter where you go, or what maker's name is on the garment, ask if it is all-wool.

Don't be put off without a plain answer. The clothier may say-"you know me; you know I wouldn't sell you anything that wasn't all right," but that doesn't answer the question. Does it? If he says "yes" you can't tell, perhaps, whether it is all wool or not; he may think it is; may be he doesn't know. There's only one sure way of knowing what you're getting in clothes this fall, aside from a chemical test of the fabrics; and that is to buy goods that are guaranteed by the maker to be all-wool and all the rest that goes with it.

We offer you Hart, Shaffner & Marx clothes because the makers dare to take a positive ground on the quality question; they don't dodge; they don't keep silent; they're positive in their statement and in their facts you can depend on them and us.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."
The home of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits. The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats.

Highway Manners.

It is generally understood and agreed that when two teams meet on the highway each swerves to the right, where only a single track exists, in order to grant each one-half of the right of way. But it is not so generally known, or recognized, that if a team coming up behind another wishes to go ahead the team in the lead must surrender half the road just as if they were coming from opposite directions. A thoughtful and kindly disposed driver recognizes the rights of others by either keeping in the lead, or slowing up where those behind may pass comfortably; while the thoughtless or heedless person will do neither, but act in a tantalizing manner. And it is well that there are perequisites in this regard which cannot be safely ignored provided the violator of such a breach of road etiquette is occasionally made an example of by someone public spirited enough to undertake it. A writer on this subject recently said:

"When you are driving along and a team comes up behind, don't imagine that you are justified in whipping up and crowding the team attempting to go around out on a rough edge or into the ditch. You perhaps have the right to race with the party attempting to go around, but you must give half the road or you will pay the damage in case of accident. The road does not belong to any one man, and the man who comes up behind knows the gait as well as you do. If he wants to travel faster than you, he has a right to go ahead and if you prevent him from exercising that right you are liable for prosecution for obstructing the public highway."—Farm Stock & Home.

Sore at Middle River.

Warren Sheaf: It was a mean trick of our Middle River friends to turn down every republican candidate on the county ticket just because the commercial club of Warren had sent out a circular calling attention to the vote on county division. The republican candidates had nothing to do with sending out the circular and it was unkind and unfair to make them suffer on that account. Middle River can not blame Warren for looking out for its interests a little, and in this instance her interests and the interests of the whole county are identical. Warren has certainly been very lax in this matter, and actually had to be prodded by the people in the outlaying towns to do what little was done. Middle River has had all the chance in the world to make a campaign for division and could have been at it all summer, but it found out early that the people were so utterly opposed to the scheme, that it was useless to make much of a fight.

LUMBER OUTPUT SMALL.

Cut of Logs 50,000,000 Feet Less Than Last Season.

Nearly 50,000,000 feet less were sawed in Minneapolis this year than last year. The Minneapolis mills closed Saturday night for the season, with a total record of from 300,000,000 to 320,000,000 feet.

The falling off in the output is due to the fact that since last season one mill has been abandoned, and the others have found difficulty at times in securing logs. Two of the mills have not been running nights this season at all.

The figures for the past five years are as follows, 378,947,000 feet in 1905; 38[illegible] 911,000 in 1904; 442,533,000 in 1903; 4[illegible] 204,000 in 1902; 388,591,000 in 1901; 3[illegible] 583,000 in 1900.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.'

GOVERNMENT DRAINAGE.

Report Issued on the Subject of Interest to Northern Minnesota.

Probable that Much Reclamation Work is Soon to Be Done.

An important bulletin on the subject of government aid to drainage of swamp lands has been prepared by Director C. D. Wolcott of the geological survey. The principal features of this interesting report show that there are in the United States over 60,000,000 acres of swamp lands, and now that agricultural lands are becoming scarce and the *government* has demonstrated what it can do to water the barren deserts of the far West, people are beginning to realize that the government might be equally successful in removing superabundant water. The fact has been established that by drainage these waste swamp, lands may be rendered habitable and productive. Since the government has set aside millions of dollars for the reclamation of the desert lands of the arid West through the agency of irrigation, this fact is specially interesting for the vast swamps of the lower Mississippi valley and of Florida, of the Sacramento valley of California, of Northern Minnesota and the southeastern coastal plain are not the only great remaining sources of future agricultural lands. In Florida a governor has recently won an election on the drainage issue, and people of that state are hoping to drain not only their more accessible swamps, but possibly even the great Everglades.

In Minnesota and North Dakota a state drainage commission has been organized and vast areas are being drained and settled under state auspices. The state having taken hold of the subject, it soon became evident that they were unable to cope with it because of complications due to possession of these lands by private individuals by federal government and by the states themselves. As demonstrated by the history of irrigation development the only possible agency through which drainage works can be planned and constructed in a broad way on modern principles, with out the complications resulting from divided ownership is the federal government. Realizing this members of congress have introduced bills for the drainage of swamp lands. None of these has been enacted but several received the careful consideration of the proper committees during the last session of congress: It is safe to assume that favorable legislation will eventually follow, and it is believed it may take a form analogous that under which the similar problem of reclamation by irrgation has been worked out in recent years by reclamation service of the United States.

The above is the first of a series of reports on drainage, and later it will be shown what has been accomplished. In some of the older states local and private efforts have done much. It should be added that the bill of Congressman Halvor Steenerson, which received a favorable report at the last session of congress by the committee on public lands, is now on the calendar. It follows closely the plan of reclaiming arid lands as carried out by the government and sets aside proceeds from sales of public lands in Minnesota to apply for draining the ceded Indian lands of Northern Minnesota.

The Dixie Jubilee Singers Coming.

The Dixie Jubilee Singers are coming to give a concert in the Presbyterian church Dec. 26th, 1906.

These famous singers are well known throughout the North West, having toured this region three successive seasons. They are so popular where known that concert Halls overflow at a second or third visit of the troop. Thief River Falls is to have the privilege of hearing these famous Jubilee Singers Dec. 26th. This concert does not belong to the Lyceum Course but is an entirely different affair. Please remember The Dixie Jubilee Singers in the Presbyterian church Dec. 26th, 1906.

To the Public.

Having returned from the Twin Cities, greatly improved in health, I am again to be found at my office in the Dobner-Meehan Block where I will be pleased to have old and new clients call on me.

Respectfully,
J. Walseth,
Attorney at Law.

And He Will Be Re-elected, Too.

For the first time in the history of Red Lake county a St. Hilaire man will hold a county office.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Dyeing and French Dry Cleaning

Is the only thing that can re-new clothes. Fine silk and wool cannot be washed, but if you want it to look like new, send it to

B. DAN BJORKMAN.
DYER AND CLEANER.
CORNER OF MAIN AVE. AND FIRST ST.

RESULTED IN DEATH.

An Accident Which Caused a little Red Lake Falls Boy His Life.

Louis, the two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Brunnelle, of Red Lake Falls, died last Thursday morning as the result of an accident happening the day before. The little fellow was playing with a tin whistle Wednesday and in some manner fell and the ragged edge where the mouth piece was broken off was driven into his throat, severing an artery. At first, hopes were entertained that he might be saved, but the shock was too great to bear and he died after nearly twentyfour hours of suffering. Louis was the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Brunnelle and was an exceptionally bright, lovable little fellow. He was a universal favorite with all, and his sudden death has cast a deep gloom over the community.

A CLEVER MOVE.

The Soo Line Secures Seats for the Minnesota-Carlisle Foot-Ball Game. November 17th.

A large block of seats have been secured by W. R. Callaway, General Passenger Agent, which are located in the best portion of the great South Stand. These will be sold to the Soo Line patrons. No reason for not seeing the game this year. Ask the Agent, or on arrival at Minneapolis call at 317 2nd Ave. South, Soo Line Building.

A Big Deal in Pine.

Bemidji Pioneer: A warranty deed was filed with Register of Deeds Harris yesterday which indicated a deal in Beltrami and Itasca county lands involving 30,000 acres and a consideration of $100,000.

The land is located in Towns 149-150-151, and is considered very good for agriculture. The transfer of the land was made from Lommers Bros. & O'Brien to Page, Hill & Co., of Minneapolis. The former firm were at one time heavy loggers in this part of the state, and the land was secured originally for lumbering purposes.

Fire Saturday Night.

The fire department was called out last Saturday evening by the burning of Andrew Morin's barn in Hemmingson's addition. The barn was burned to the ground, but about all of the contents was removed. The origion of the fire is unknown. Mr. Morin's loss is placed at about $500 and he did not have any insurance.

Subscribe for the News.

SECOND NUMBER.

A Lecture by J. Lorenzo Zwickey Upon the Subject of Art.

"The Philosophy of the Beautiful." by J. Lorenzo Zwickey. This is an illustrated Art Lecture in which Mr. Zwickey uses the crayon with wonderful raqidly and consumate skill. He keeps his audience on the tip-toe of excitement and in a uproar of laughter all the time. He is a chalk talker and makes the chalk talk. He presents philosophical truth, moral lessons and the beautiful in such a charming way that they engender in the minds of his hearers those tastes which tend in ennoble and exault human life.

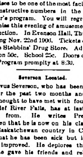

This number in our Lyceum Course promises to be one of the most facinating and instructive numbers in the whole winter's program. You will regret it if you miss this evening of amusement and instruction. In Evenson Hall, Thursday evening Nov. 22nd 1906. Tickets on sale at the Stebbins' Drug Store. Adult admission 50c. School 25c. Doors open at 7.45 Program promptly at 8:30.

Severson Located.

Olavus Severson, who has been missing for the past two months and who was thought to have met with foul play at Thief River Falls, has at last been heard from. He writes President O'Brien that he is now on his claim in the Saskatchewan country in Canada and that he has been sick but is now much improved. He deplores the fact that he gave his friends and relatives cause for alarm.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday, at 10:30.

I. T. Aasted,
Pastor.

THE STAR
STEAM LAUNDRY

The only steam laundry in Thief River Falls that can do the work in a way to please you. The only thing for you to do is to give them a trial and investigate their work when you get it back.

Come and see us for prices on family and hotel washing. Phone 118 will bring the delivery wagon at your door.

F. J. A. POST.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	66c
Oats	30c
Flax	1 06
Butter	22c
Eggs	22c

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

D.P. O'Neil returned to this city Tuesday from his Norman county farm.

T. P. Hamre transacted business in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

J. W. Eastman left last evening for the twin cities to be absent until Sunday.

County Surveyor Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week on official business.

—Lost—A two year old heifer, dark brown. Nels Knutson, two miles west of Thief River Falls.

S. K. Dahle, who had spent the past three months at Aneta, N. D., returned to this city Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Mabey, of Lake City arrived in the city yesterday morning to visit at the home of her brother, Perl W. Mabey.

The Ladies Aid society of the Zion church will have an auction sale and supper this evening in the old Bazaar building.

Thomas Kinslea, who during the past few months had been working at Gilby, N. D. at his trade, returned to this city Monday evening.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

A letter received from James Meehan, asking that his address of the News be changed, states that he has removed from St. Paul to Minneapolis.

E. D. Childs was up from Crookston the first of the week trying to dispose of some of his thorough breed cattle to some of the farmers of this vicinity.

A large number from this city will go to Minneapolis tonight and tomorrow night to witness the foot ball game on Saturday. The Soo is making a very low rate for the round trip.

It is announced that on the evening of Nov. 27th there will be a boxing match in this city under the auspices of the Eagles between Curley Ulrich, of Superior, Wis., and George West, of Los Angeles, Cal.

Herbert Fuller one of the candidates for the office of postmaster at Thief River Falls was in the city Saturday to confer with Congressman Steenerson. The other candidate is Frank Kratka.—Crookston Journal.

Carl Peterson left Monday evening for Minneapolis where he will remain for about a month and then go to North Dakota and travel in that state for a wholesale hardware firm. He will make his headquarters at Grand Forks.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin,

Carl A. Lundgren, of Minneapolis, will deliver a lecture on temprance in the Mission church on the East Side, Monday evening at 7:30. Mr. Lundgren is an eloquent and forceful speaker and an earnest worker. All are welcome. Admission free.

Joseph Johnson was down from Erie the first of the week and brought with him seventeen wolf hides which he sent to the county auditor for the purpose of securing the bounty. Joe can shoot wolves as well as build large hay stacks.

Game Warden Wm. Munch has received such a substantial increase in salary that now he is one of the highest salaried game wardens in the state. The increase was made on account fo the efficient and conscientious work which Mr. Munch is doing.—Crookston Journal.

Prof. R. B. George and Company, of Chicago, and a local chorus of 50 voices will give a pleasing up to date Concert in the Presbyterian Church Monday, Nov. 19th at 8:15 p. m. A good interesting program of high grade music is promised. Admission 25 cents, Children 15 cents.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

O. Tessum went down to Crookston last evening.

C. J. Knox went down to Crookston last evening.

C. M. Gillotte left yesterday for Grand Forks for a few days trip.

J. H. Werstlein was up to Middle River Tuesday purchasing some stock.

Prof. Hay went down to Crookston last evening to attend the meeting of the Red River Valley Teachers association. He will read a paper before the meeting this afternoon. This evening all of the teachers in the public schools here will go down, and on tomorrow afternoon Miss Prior and Miss Porter, of the local faculty, will read papers.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath Morning worship at 11 a. m.

Subject—The Church Treasury.

We wish all interested in our church to be present and hear "Our Church Treasury."

Sabbath evening 7:30.

Lecture on Palestine by Prof. R. B. George and Sacred Concert.

Christian Endeavor Prayer meeting 6:15.

Sabbath School at 12 o'clock.

Sabbath School Teacher's meeting and Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30.

Extend a kindly welcome to the new members.

Cultivate a kindly spirit and a reverent manner in church.

Seek to make strangers of all ages and classes wish to come again because of the good you do them.

F. J. Barackman.
Pastor.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program at the Bijou Theatre for this evening, Friday and Saturday evenings:

Victims of the Storm.

The Guest has troubles.

The Acrobatic Burglars.

Defending a Daughter's Honor.

Illustrated Song—"The Waltz Must Change to a March, Marie." Sung by Prof. Hickman.

An Outside View.

Thief River Falls elected all but two of her candidates for county office over the Red Lake candidates. This looks like a "straw" on the county seat fight, and good Thief River citizens can already see the courthouse adorning the streets of their hustling village.—Bemidji Daily Pioneer.

Attention Meat Buyers.

I, the undersigned, having purchased 23 head of steers and heifers at a cheap price and therefore I will sell them cheap by the quarter. Commencing on Friday and continuing all of next week I will sell front quarters at 3½ cents and hind quarters at 4½ cents per pound. Anyone wishing a quarter of beef at reasonable prices call at my place of business.

O. J. Bloom.

HOW TO USE A DRAG.

Some Points on Improving a Highway by the King Method.

An Illinois highway commission has issued a bulletin on the split log, or King drag, which contains these instructions for its manipulation:

Make a light drag, which is hauled over the road at an angle so that a small amount of earth is pushed to the center of the road.

Drive the team at a walk.

Ride on the drag; do not walk along side.

Begin at one side of the road or wheel track, returning up the opposite side.

Drag the road as soon after every rain as possible, but not when the mud is in such a condition as to stick to the drag.

Do not drag a dry road.

Drag whenever possible at all seasons of the year. If a road is dragged immediately before a cold spell it will freeze in a smooth condition.

The width of traveled way to be maintained by the drag should be from eighteen to twenty feet. First drag a little more than the width of a single wheel track, then gradually increase until the desired width is obtained.

Always drag a little earth toward the center of the road until it is raised from ten to twelve inches above the edges of the traveled way.

The amount of earth that the drag will carry along can be very considerably controlled by the driver, accordingly as he stands near the cutting end or away from it.

When the roads are first dragged after a very muddy spell the wagons should drive, if possible, to one side until the roadway has a chance to freeze or partially dry out.

The best results from dragging are obtained only by repeated applications.

Remember that constant attention is necessary to maintain an earth road in its best condition.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

BIGGEST CUT ON RECORD

Thief River Falls Lumber Company's Saw Mill Closed Down Tuesday.

A Total of 43,000,000 Feet of Lumber Cut This Season.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's large saw mill here closed down for the season Tuesday at noon. The cut this year was the largest in the history of the mill—some 43,000,000 feet of lumber being sawed up. The nearest to this large cut was made three years ago when 42,000,000 feet were cut.

The mill started up this spring on the 11th day of April and with the exception of the Fourth of July and one half day during fair week has run every day and every night since that time.

There are plenty of logs left in the river and the mill will be started up again next spring as soon as the ice goes out.

POTATO PRICES.

Prices Remain About the Same for the Past Thirty Days.

Crookston Times: In the market but slight variation from the prices prevailing for the past thirty days is noticeable, and buyers tell us that there is no indication of an immediate advance. Receipts at the warehouses have this week been much lighter than those of last, which is partially attributable to bad roads and partially to the fact that many farmers have disposed of a sufficient quantity of spuds to supply them with cash necessary for immediate use and awaiting higher prices.

The congested condition of the big markets to which most of the potatoes from this point are shipped seem to preclude the possibility of higher prices prevailing for time to come. Then again, there is the local congestion. Most of the warehouses are filled almost to their full capacity, and this condition has been brought about by the shortage of cars. Orders in large numbers are standing on the books of the local shippers, but it is impossible for them to forward the potatoes in consequence of this shortage. Car shortage is general throughout the country and this cannot do other than have a bad effect on the market.

The potato crop throughout the country is, according to statisticians, below the average, and this should, if the reports be authentic, have the ultimate effect of advancing prices.

Very few potatoes in this neighborhood now remain in the ground and but a very small quantity has been affected by frost.

Germo the only South End Winner.

When the News went to press last week, the only result that was in doubt in the county was who had been elected county attorney. Complete returns show that Thomas Germo had a majority of 108 over E. M. Stanton. Mr. Germo was, therefore, the only Red Lake Fal's candidate that won out, although O. T. Tandberg, who was endorsed by Red Lake Falls for county treasurer also won. All of the other candidates had majorities much larger than Mr. Germo.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 10 1906.

Andrew G. Anderson,
Miss Cilla F. Anderson,
P. L. Bolzer,
Emil Bachmann,
B. J. Bakke,
Otto Chelstrom,
Miss Celia Connery,
Edger Colkins,
E. w. Copp,
Miss Hilareth Debil,
Miss Thora Halse,
Mrs. Tillie Hamr,
Gulbrandson Hanson,
Mrs. J. C. Hoisven,
Miss Lillian Johnson,
Miss Lena Johnson,
Mrs. Sarah Johnson,
Miss Alvina Latinburg,
Miss Marie Lee,
Louis A. Mubb,
John Mortenson,
Alfred Nelson,
Rev. Sigurd Olsen,
Hans P. Peterson,
Mrs. Axel Ringborg,
Ole Roen,
O. W. Robinson,
Sam L. Sorenson,
Miss J. Schridar,
Miss Frances Smith,
Miss Annie Timan,
Miss Fern Thurston,
Charlie Villemin,
Miss Lena Westby,

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Ira C. Richardson, P. M.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Last Wednesday Mr. Hay gave the pupils a very instructive talk on election day. He told them how, where, when and why to vote. The talk was interesting and timely.

Yes, surely Nina was "in the dark" regarding what Mr. Remsen said about the combination of "H" and "I." She had a theory of her own and had proved it, too, as———will testify.

Miss Porter's sister visited her last week.

Why did some of the pupils watch the clock so anxiously last Thursday morning?

Explosions sometimes occur in daylight.

The pupils are learning a new song—"Where Would I Be?" Sometimes they "would" be anywhere but the very place they are.

One of the teachers thinks that girls have an affinity for each other, somewhat as Oxygen and hydrogen have. But "sometimes" it isn't only girls who gravitate toward each other.

—Wanted—A burglar-proof safe, large enough to hold numerous caps and hats. Good price paid apply to any High school boy.

Esther is *willing to give lessons* to those who would become famous "punsters." Sample puns furnished on request.

"Mirabila dictu" are some of the passages of virgil, also "Miserabili visu" are they.

Some of the Juniors are wishing they were Sophomores. An easy way to regain that position is to "flunk."

The Seniors received their class rings on Monday. They are surely things of beauty as reported, only, the "half was not told."

Anonymous letters are being found in various unexpected places. The authors are deserving of high places in the "world of letters!"

We have been told never to believe anything we hear nor half that we see. But it is nearly impossible not to believe what "Dame Rumor" has spread about lately.

When is Thanksgiving? may there be snow on the "twenty third" is the wish of several pupils.

Dairy Talk of Today

A milk sheet should be in every barn and the cows tested regularly and the milkers made known of the results. All these things have a tendency toward interesting them in their work and are productive of better results.

The Milk Herd.

The time has come for all dairymen to look well to their herds to see that they are composed of animals of constitution, and to that end production must be placed secondary, and everything that tends to the development of strength and constitution must be made of the first importance. Given these qualities, from good foundation stock, performance must surely follow.

Breed Tests.

The figures given here are merely types. They do not mean that every cow of the breed will yield milk of this grade. Some Jerseys will not go above 3.7, and some Holsteins will do better than 4.0. But as a whole the tests fairly represent the fat content of the milk of the breed: Holsteins, 3.25 per cent; Ayrshires, 3.7; Shorthorns, 3.8; Devons, 4.4; Jersey, 5; Guernsey, 5.—Kimball's Dairyman.

May Be All Cream.

When you see a man going to the creamery with one can nowadays it's no sign he is running a one cow dairy. That may be a can of cream.

Field Weeds and Others.

The weeds are not all in the fields. Some are in the dairies, the cows that make us useless work, that reduce our profits, that discount our undertakings, so we cannot get 100 cents on the dollar from them, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Let us get rid of these—pull up, cut off, banish the weeds, in so far as they affect our success.

But the real, universal, hopeless dairy weeds are the cows that make 125, 130, 140 pounds of butter a year, the ones the thoughtless farmer owns, feeds and milks. They are his dairy sinking funds; they sink his labor, his profits and his hopes. What train loads of these would go to Packingtown if we would all weed them out at once.

Train the Heifer.

Heifers should be taught to "hoist" the first thing, as it puts the udder in a better position to be handled. Cows that have not been taught this, when they come to develop large udders and are heavy milkers, are quite an annoyance to the milker, especially with cows that do not carry the udder well forward.

Careless Dairymen.

Nine-tenths of the dairymen are still mixing breeds, housing cows in barns that are about devoid of sanitation, refusing to believe that what gets into the milk after and during milking is what injures it and sends it to "the dogs," that it does not pay to read and become dairy wise, that it is economy to ship or transport raw uncooled milk in old, battered, rusty cans, and it is something to be proud of to carry old sour whey back home in the milk cans, and believe a cheesecloth strainer will take all the bad things out of milk.

IN THE DAIRY

Ayrshire breeders for the last fifty years or more have been handicapped in breeding because the standard of excellence has lacked uniformity between the three great breeding sections for Ayrshire cattle, Scotland, Canada and the States. The outlook for the future seems much more hopeful, for all three have practically united on one common scale of points as the standard of excellence, and in future there should be no wide difference between Ayrshires of the different sections. If Ayrshires are to be kept as one breed and one general family, there must be more attention paid to breeding after the pattern as laid down by the different associations, and these associations have united on a common standard. There is no reason why breeders may not in all the different countries work in unison to a given standard, said a speaker at the New England Ayrshire club meeting.

The strongest point of the Ayrshire cow, around which cluster all the other points, are the udder and teats, and this is the same in all countries under the recent revision—a large, square udder with four quarters of equal capacity, held strongly up on the belly, running well forward and behind, up out of the

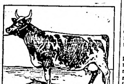

AYRSHIRE COW.

way of dirt and injury; four good sized teats wide apart on the four corners of the udder, in length from two and a half inches to three and a half inches, hanging perpendicularly.

It needs no argument to show that, other things being equal, a cow with the above udder and teats is perfection, and if breeders of Ayrshires would all aim to produce this style of udder on their cows it would in itself cover a multitude of imperfections in other parts of the body. The Ayrshire cow here reproduced from Hoard's Dairyman is owned by Barclay farm, Bryn Mawr, Pa. This cow entered the advanced registry this year and gave 1,155 pounds of milk, 525 pounds of butter in one year.

The Separator In Missouri.

The hand cream separator is a very potent factor in Missouri dairying. It came slowly at first, but of late very rapidly. It has come to stay and has brought additional prosperity with it. Any man with ten ordinary cows who is where he can patronize a creamery, either centralized or local, cannot afford to be without one. The extra cream saved in one year over the deep can or crock system will usually pay for the machine, and the machine if treated decently will last for ten or fifteen years. There are half a dozen makes of separators on the market. Competition has forced them all to become good and stay good. The farm separator is now to the dairy farmer what the twine binder is to the grain farmer. It is possible to cut grain with a cradle, but it would not pay to do it in that way. The milk producer can make some money in the old way of raising cream, but it does not pay.—R. M. Washburn in Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Care of the Cow's Teats.

The care of the teats should always be observed by the milker and when they get hard and rough should be anointed with vaseline, as cracked teats are an annoyance to the milker, hurtful to the cow and have a tendency to lessen the flow of milk. Long finger nails are also a discomfiture to the cow, and the milker should keep them well pared to avoid trouble.

Some cows will not give down their milk for some milkers as readily as to others, and it is often necessary to change milkers and try to find one whom the cow takes a liking to and for whom she will give it down. The holding up of the milk has a tendency to lessen the secretion and consequently the flow.

Grow Feed on the Farm.

The Massachusetts state crop report contains an article by Professor F. S. Cooley on "Some Causes Affecting the Profits of Dairying" on the subject of feeding dairy cattle the professor urges that feeds be produced on the farm as far as possible. Usually the best practice is to purchase only feeds rich in protein and raise the coarse fodders on the farm. Cows fed on starvation rations yield no profit, and those overfed with expensive feeds are also kept at a loss. The point of highest profit in feed must be determined by experiment and calculation and varies with the locality and circumstances of the feeder.

Improving the Herd.

Select as far as possible females which conform to the standard of excellence of the breed. If this is accomplished it will insure a uniformity in type that is highly desirable. If in addition to this it is possible to select cows and heifers that are similarly bred they will be more likely to produce uniformity in their offspring.

STUDY YOUR COWS.

Be Sure That They Are In the Producing Class.

We like our cows. Perhaps we have raised them from calves and we are prejudiced in their favor. We do not quite like to own up that we are not getting as much from them as we should. There is a haziness about the whole matter, says the Farmers Advocate, that ought not to exist in a business upon which we are depending for all that we have and all that we are.

How can we be sure that our cows are all right, that their milk is rich and that they are in the producing class, instead of living on what some one else does?

Not all of us have as yet come into possession of a testing machine. More farmers own them than used to be the case, and still probably not one in a hundred farmers have one of their own. That way of determining the value of our cows is, or seems to us to be, as yet impracticable.

Have the Milk Tested.

But other men have such machines. And, although it may be at some risk of humiliation and the dashing of a certain amount of pride, the best possible thing we can do is to take the milk of our cows to some such man and have it carefully tested. Then we need *the courage to act accordingly.*

But even if this doorway is shut up against us we may get a few bottles and do a little investigating on our own book. Fill them from the milk of different cows and compare the cream that rises to the top. It will soon be possible to tell which are the best cows, the cows that are doing business for us, and the rest will be comparatively easy.

If nothing else presents itself as practicable, we may take some of the milk of our dairy into open teacups and let it stand till the cream has risen and test the individuals in that way. Surely in some way we must find out what our cows are doing. Competition is so sharp in these days, food products are so valuable, and time and labor so important as factors in our farm operations that we cannot afford to be working along in the dark.

Butter and Milk

Close attention to details is necessary in order to produce two tubs of butter exactly alike in quality. A change in the food will affect milk and butter and so will any mistake in keeping and ripening the cream and in churning. The food also flavors the butter, as wild onions have been obstacles in that respect. Lack of cleanliness also affects the quality of butter.

Richness of Milk.

Some people never will learn. There are any number of people who still insist that the feed influences the fat content of cow's milk in spite of the fact that almost every station in the United States has demonstrated that the food has nothing to do with the relative richness of milk, says Farmers Advocate. The food vitally influences the total amount of butter fat a cow will produce in a given time, but it does not make the milk relatively richer. The per cent of butter fat in milk is an individual characteristic of the cow and not influenced by feed to any appreciable extent.

Milk Cows In the Stable.

I saw two girls milking one evening after a heavy shower in an open barnyard where the mud and manure were about four inches deep. Contrasted with doing the work in a clean, darkened stable, it was a most unnecessarily disagreeable job—just the kind of work that drives boys and girls away from the farm.—E. P. Snyder in National Stockman.

Price and Value.

The price of the cow does not indicate her value as a producer. Gilt edged butter is something that depends on how it is made. The cow gives the milk, but upon the management of the milk, cream and butter depends the quality.

When to Skim.

Milk should be skimmed as soon as the least degree of acidity can be detected, as the cream will all have been precipitated when that stage is reached. Cream requires frequent stirring if even ripening is to be secured. It should be smooth and velvety and pleasantly (not decidedly) acid to the taste, and is then ready for the churn. Much of the success of the buttermaker depends on the proper ripening of the cream.—Country Gentleman.

Selling the Butter.

For those who prefer to salt out of the churn the following is the best method: Remove the butter when in the granular state, weigh it and place it upon the worker, spread evenly and salt to suit the taste. Sift the salt evenly over the butter, pass the worker over it, then run the butter and work again or until the salt is thoroughly worked in. It may then be set away for a few hours, after which it should be given a second working.

Cause of Poor Butter.

The farmer has been scolded, shamed and thoroughly lambasted for not taking better care of his cream, and with what result? Poor cream continues to come, and bad butter continues to go.

Milk Before Feeding.

Milk absorbs bad odors very readily; consequently as soon as it is drawn remove at once from the stable and take to the milk house. Always milk in a place free from objectionable odors. This is especially important when silage is being fed. Do not milk while the fresh silage is in the mangers. Milk before feeding.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Dr. Vistaunet was down to Crookston last week.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city Sunday.

Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Mrs. O. F. Post, of St. Hilaire, visited friends in the city last Friday.

—For Sale or Trade for Lots—One Marsh Motor Cycle. See Hager, the Land Man.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

Ole O. Nelson was in the city from Thorwick Monday and made this office a *pleasant call.*

George Jarman returned Sunday morning from a business trip to the twin cities.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Anyone desiring to have knitting work done for the winter can call upon Mrs. Anna Olson, Porters addition.

The Ladies Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church meets today with Mrs. Hans Langseth. All cordially invited.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

For Sale—All of my household goods, bed room suites, parlor furniture, dining room furniture, kitchen furniture, etc. W. A. Kratka.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Dr. White, M. C. Collins and John Casey, of St. Paul, who have claims out on the eleven towns, were here last week making improvements.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week, being a member of the Red Lake county canvassing board, and assisted in counting the returns.

Iron sheeting is being placed on the outside walls of the Pioneer Sash & Door company's factory this week. This factory is enjoying quite a rush of work just at present.

Fr. Adolph left Monday for Highlanding and Pea Soup Island to visit congregations he has in that vicinity. Fr. Adolph took along a rifle and says that if any deer or moose crosses his path, his friends here will have some venison.

Julius Jacobson, who had spent the summer up at Prince Albert acting in the capacity of pilot on the Prince Albert Lumber company's tow boat, returned to this city last week and will spend the winter here with his family.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin,

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls last week congratulating the voters of this city upon the handsome indorsement he was given by the people of Thief River Falls.

A. G. Bernard, of Cass Lake, spent last Friday and Saturday in the city interviewing business men and endeavoring to get them to aid in maintaining a representative in Washington next winter to help secure federal aid for drainage.

Dan Patterson was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

George Jarman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hawes were down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

D. N. Winton returned to this city last Friday from his trip to Kalispell, Mont.

Paul I. D. Ostby was up from Plummer to spend Sunday in Thief River Falls.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder left Tuesday for Virginia, Minn., to spend several weeks visiting their son.

Sheriff Forsberg, who was again elected sheriff of Marshall county by the small majority of four votes, was in the city last week.

Some 231 licenses to hunt big game were issued by the county auditor of Beltrami county. We wonder if all of them will kill a deer or a moose?

—Strayed—From my farm on section 19, town of Silverton, on Friday, October, 26, one bull, all red, weight about 600 or 700 year and a half old. Finder please notify Ole G. Hanson.

Norman county elected a Socalist, M. A. Brattland, to the office of county attorney. He is probably the first Socalist ever elected to a county office in this state. Mr. Brattland is quite well known in Thief River Falls, having visited here quite often.

—Wanted—First-class dairy farmers We will furnish land, houses, barns, cows, machinery, etc. Show us the wheat farmer who dare do anything of that kind. He would rather see the renter furnish even the seed. Se Hager, the Land Man.

Work of digging the basement for the building to be erected at the corner of Main avenue and third street by C. M Evenson and Torrison Bros., is nearly completed. Work of building the foundation will not be started until next spring, and then the work will be rushed.

The farmers in the vicinity of Middle River will meet on Saturday Nov. 17th at 1:30 P. M., to discuss the creamery proposition. Good speakers from the southern part of the state will be sent here by the state Dairy Commission and the meeting will be of interest and benefit to all.

T. P. Hamre was in town over Wednesday night. He was accompanied by his brother George Hamre, and K. K. Neste and Gilbert Steine, all three of Decorah, Iowa, who were looking the county over with a view of investing in real estate. The party went from here to Greenbush on the freight Thursday evening.—Middle River Pioneer.

Thomas Bailey was again elected sheriff of Beltrami county last week, but by a very small majority. This will be good news to Mr. Bailey's many friends in Thief River Falls. The only complaint there is against him in Beltrami county is that he has held the office for too long a time.

He did a fine business while he was in Calgary and was sorry that he was forced to give up his field. The family will leave shortly for eastern Canada, where they will locate if the conditions suit them. Mr. Bray reports the Red Lake Falls people as well and prospering. —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

J. E. Bray and family arrived here last Thursday from Calgary N. W. T., and will spend a few weeks with their old time friends here. Mr. Bray moved to Calgary something over a year ago and engaged in the hotel and saloon business, but owing to the fact that Mrs. Bray was unable to stand the climate, he was obliged to sell out a few weeks ago.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

A rather unusual adoption was that of Miss Lydia Krake by Marquis D. Wallace as the guardian is a widower 65 years old and the "child" adopted is a young lady of 33. The case was filed in the clerk of court's office Tuesday. It is very seldom that adoptions occur in cases like this, when the person reaches maturity. It seems that Miss Krake is the house-keeper for Mr. Wallace who is a widower. The petition also "prays that the name of the child be changed from Lydia Krake to Lydia Wallace" and the petition was granted by the court.—Crookston Times.

When you see a mail car attached to a passenger train it means that the entire cost of operation of that train has been paid in full. That mail car, with only distributing racks and equipment, pays the wages of the train crew, pays for every ton of coal burned by the engine and pays for the wear and tear on the locomotive and cars. Every passenger and every pound of mail, express and excess baggage is carried at clean profit, and still we wonder why it is possible for railroads to meet dividends on their watered stock. Senators seem to think it impossible to prevent this robbery of the government, but our state legislatures can see that part of the blunder is returned in the shape of reduced freight rates and two cent fares.—St. Peter Herald.

H. W. Lee was down to St. Paul the first of the week attending to some business matters.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending to business matters here.

Theo. Kosin, the tailor, was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Albert Arntz, who has a claim out near Brunkeberg, returned from North Dakota the first of the week.

Louis Hanson left last Friday for a trip through Beltrami county selling the product of the Hanson & Barzen Milling Company.

Peter Engelstad went down to Crookston Tuesday to attend the meeting of the Red River Valley Dairymen's association.

Miss Effie Christienson was up from Fertile the first of the week visiting her sisters, Miss Alice Christienson and Mrs. Huseth.

Mrs. Blanchard left Tuesday for Whapeton, N. D., to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Blanchard. During the absence of Mrs. Blandchard, her daughters will look after the work in the library.

Steve Withey, who is conductor on this branch of the Great Northern, is taking a vacation this week and is hunting big game in the Swan River county. His many friends here hope that he will meet with success if that will do any good.

Mr. Chr. Halvorson of Hallock has made Thief River Falls his future home and will stay at Mr. Ed. A. Krohn's residence. He is already known by several people in this town as a piano tuner, and according to the Hallock papers he is a fine musician. It is his intent to organize a violin class here.

Word comes from Crookston, through the Journal of that city, of the sale of the Crookston Times, long owned by W. E. McKenzie, to a Mr. Dodson of Marshalltown, Ia. Dodson is editor of the Marshalltown Times-Republican, and is said to be a first-rate newspaper man. He will not find it an easy task to keep the Times up to the standard set by McKenzie.

Those who remember Asa P. Brooks because of his connection with the Dr. Kock murder trial, will be interested in learning that he is to move to Canada, to Regina, Saskatchewan valley, where he will run a printing plant. Since the trial, as for several years before, Brooks has been editor of the New Ulm Review, and in the last issue of that paper writes his valedictory as a newspaper worker. His new printing establishment will have no newspaper in connection.

MINNESOTA STATE NEWS.

Mrs. Emma M. Jensen, a resident of St. Paul since 1856, is dead.

The proposition to divide Itasca county carried at the recent election.

John Lofgren is dead at St. Paul of lockjaw caused by stepping on a rusty nail.

Otto Larsen, a stranger, fell from the bluff at the foot of Cedar street, St. Paul, and was killed.

Mrs. Caroline C. Auxer was elected superintendent of schools of Becker county at last week's election.

South St. Paul aldermen have passed a resolution demanding enforcement of the laws regulating saloons and gambling.

Oscar Jenson, the seventeen-months-old son of Anton Jenson of Minneapolis, was drowned in a washtub full of water in the yard at the rear of his home.

Alfonse Gellsan, twenty-two years of age, took an overdose of chloral hydrate in his room in Minneapolis. He died fifteen minutes later. It is supposed to be a case of suicide.

Minnesota university football team defeated the University of Chicago eleven by a score of 4 to 2. Thousands of Minnesotans journeyed to Chicago to witness the contest.

Deeds conveying some large timber tracts to the Rainy Lake company have been filed with the register of deeds at International Falls. The total consideration named is $1,422,792.

The South Stillwater council has elected Charles Dahlin village treasurer to succeed Julius Eckert, who mysteriously disappeared and is now known to be living in Washington.

Daniel A. Kemp, one of the earliest settlers of Minnesota, is dead at Langdon, aged seventy-five years. Mr. Kemp reached Minnesota in 1854 and settled on a farm, where he has since resided.

William Kleinfelter of St. Paul, employed as a switchman, was run down by a switch engine in the Payne avenue yards of the Omaha railway and died a short while afterwards from his injuries.

John Carlson, sixty-one years of age, who has been working on a farm near Minnetonka, committed suicide by placing an old shotgun against his breast and shooting the charge of shot into his heart.

There are several cases of diphtheria at Elk River and in order to prevent its spread the board of education has closed the schools for a week, or as much longer as may prove to be necessary. So far there have been nine cases, all of them of a very mild nature.

At the monthly meeting of the trustees of the Massachusetts state sanitarium, Dr. Walter J. Marcley, superintendent of the sanitarium, resigned to become superintendent of the Minnesota state sanitarium for tuberculosis patients now being built at Walker.

An epidemic of influenza which broke out among the horses in Benton county a few weeks ago has spread rapidly and apparently has secured a firm foothold. About 500 animals now are affected and although there have been but a few fatal cases the horses are rendered unfit for use.

Captain J. W. Lawrence, aged sixty, head of the government secret service for the St. Paul district, was found dead in bed at his lodging house in St. Paul Saturday. Death was due to heart disease. Captain Lawrence had been stationed as a government post-office inspector in St. Paul for many years.

Determined to make certain his attempt to end his existence Philip Smith of Cloquet, aged sixty years, weighted his body with heavy stones, waded into the river and fired a bullet into his head. Death probably was instantaneous and the body sank at once to the bottom of the river, where it was found several days later.

At last week's election the question of dividing Norman county was voted upon and carried by a majority of 500 or 600. The White Earth Indian reservation portion of Norman county, consisting of sixteen townships, will constitute the new county, to be known as Mahnomen county, with the village of Mahnomen as the county seat.

Word has been received at Winona from Cameron, Mo., of the death of H. J. O'Neill, a former millionaire of the former city. At one time he owned all the grain elevators in Southern Minnesota and bought most of the barley raised in that section. He was known all over the country as the "barley king." He was fifty-nine years old.

Hearings under the resolution of the legislature directing the railroad and warehouse commission to inquire into the reasonableness of commodity rates in Minnesota will be resumed about Nov. 20. Attorney General Young has practically prepared the state's case and he will present it when the rate hearings are resumed.

H. Burton Strait, an officer of the defunct Scott County bank, convicted in the lower court of receiving a $50 deposit in his bank knowing that it was unsafe and insolvent, has been granted a new trial by the supreme court. The court holds that the state has not proved sufficiently the charge and remands the case for a new trial.

Statistics by the state dairy and food department show that Minnesota is more than maintaining its former reputation as a buttermaking state. During the last year there have been 698 creameries operated in the state, 517 co-operative and 181 independent. For these creameries 453,454 cows contributed 1,593,125,159 pounds of milk, from which was made 77,444,408 pounds of butter.

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

FOR SALE.

1 well machine, mounted on one truck, American Well Works.

1 5-horse steam engine.

400 ft. drill tools, everything necessary for well digging.

The above outfit costs, when new, $850. It has run eight years but is in good shape. Will sell for $300 or trade for stock.

DAN JACOBSON,
Hillsboro, North Dakota.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

LONG GOOD ROADS TRIP.

Special Train Traveled 12,000 Miles In Educational Campaign.

After an itinerary covering 12,000 miles the National Good Roads special train reached Chicago the other night, says a dispatch from that city. The train left Chicago on May 25, carrying the officers and organizers of the National Good Roads association and the directors of the office of public inquiries of the United States government. Eight states in the west were covered during the trip—Wisconsin, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Oregon and Washington—and thirty-eight conventions were held, organization of good roads associations being effected at all points. Seven railway systems were traveled over on the long trip—the Chicago and Northwestern, the Union Pacific, the Oregon Short Line, the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, the Denver and Rio Grande, the Colorado and Southern and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe.

"This has been the most extended and most practical campaign for good roads ever completed in the United States," said President W. H. Moore of the National Good Roads association. "The good roads special has been a veritable college on wheels and will result in the economical expenditure of millions of dollars in the construction of earth, gravel and macadam roads."

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 15, 1906.

The Alleged Assault.

It is not a pleasant duty for the NEWS to indulge in any election aftermath and we certainly would not do so at this time were it not for the purpose of correcting some statements made by the Red Lake Falls Courier. Suffering from defeat, the Red Lake Courier publishes the following story which has just enough semblance of truth to it to perhaps cause some people to believe that it is a fact:

> Maddened in their lust and passion, maddened in their covetousness of the county seat, maddened in their hatred of Red Lake Falls people, maddened unto cowardly brutality that only kinship with wild beasts can show, citizens of Thief River Falls conspired together and in that conspiracy wreaked a *dastardly and* wanton vengeance on Mayor John A. Duffy of Red Lake Falls, subjecting him to humiliation and physical attack by thugs hired for the purpose. It was a fitting conclusion of the Thief River Falls campaign which reeked with falsehood and every form of corruption and violation of law.
>
> Mayor Duffy went to Thief River Falls Tuesday as an official challenger, armed with a proper certificate signed by H. E. Ives as chairman of the republican county central committee and took his stand in his rights under the laws of the state, in the polling room in the first ward at Thief River Falls. Attending to his duties as a challenger, he was seized upon by one, Andy Smith, acting in the capacity of a peace officer, and rudely and forcibly ejected from the room and out upon the sidewalk where he was viciously assaulted by a thug, hired for the purpose, who struck him a heavy blow in the face. Mr. Duffy wore a heavy overcoat and was unable to defend himself. Later Mr. Duffy was followed to the train by a number of Thief River Falls people who jeered at him and taunted him. And in this crowd of hoodlums were men of supposedly high standing in the business and professional ranks of that city.
>
> Since his return home Mr. Duffy has been confined to his home and is under a doctor's care. His assailant was Al. Parentean, a notorious character of Thief River Falls. He has not yet been arrested and will not be until the outcome of Mr. Duffy's condition is determined.
>
> That the attack on Mr. Duffy was premeditated and carried out according to plan is unquestioned. He has been the leader of the Red Lake Falls end of the county seat fight and at Thief River Falls has been the most cordially hated man on earth and everybody who has been at Thief River Falls has heard threats of what would be done to Duffy if he ever dared to show himself in that town,

The above is so far from the truth of the matter, that it is impossible to think that any sane person could write the above. Mr. Duffy came to Thief River Falls to act in his capacity of challenger and as such was *accorded very* courteous treatment by the people of Thief River Falls until he made himself so abnoxious that, we are sorry to say, a small altercation took place which is greatly regretted by the people of this city. Mr. Duffy was stationed as challenger in the populous First ward where 426 male voters cast their ballots. It did not appear that Mr. Duffy was acting as challenger in the interests of keeping illegal voters from voting, but more for the purpose of causing delay and by so doing prevent many from voting. During the hours from 12 to 2, the Thief River Falls Lumber company's saw mill was closed down and the men employed in the saw mill were expected to vote during these two hours. A little after 1 o'clock about thirty of the mill boys were in line at the First ward endeavoring to get an opportunity to vote. Mr. Duffy could not get out any injunction against this, but he attempted to delay voting in such a manner by challenging legal voters without cause, so as to drive men away from the polls. It was surmised that his object was to delay matters so that most of the mill boys could not vote before 2 o'clock when they would be obliged to go back to their work. Mr. Duffy not only did this but by spreading papers over the table occupied by the judges, he greatly interfered with the work and he was ordered by the judges to keep back from the table. This he refused to do and Andy Smith, who was the peace officer appointed by the judges, invited Mr. Duffy to do this and he left the room. He was not ejected from the polling place and left it of his own free will.

As to the assault, if such it could be called, it was something the people of Thief River Falls had nothing to do with and very much regret. This happened about an hour after Mr. Duffy left the First ward and was standing upon a street corner. It appears that there was trouble of long standing between Mr. Duffy and Al. Paranteau and they had some words, with the result that Paranteau struck Duffy (it could hardly be called a blow) in the breast. He was not knocked down or injured in any way and this talk of his being injured so that he is under the care of a doctor is rediculous in the extreme. Not even the Red Lake Falls paper which publishes this story believes a word of it.

That the affair happened at all is regretted more by the residents of Thief River Falls than anything in the whole campaign, but we believe Mr. Duffy was to a great extent to blame. On the day before he came to Thief River Falls to act as a challenger, he blowed about Red Lake Falls what he was going to do in Thief River Falls on election day. He advised everyone that was coming to Thief River Falls to purchase a revolver, and said that he was going to take his along. In fact he came here courting trouble, and, we are sorry to say, he came near accomplishing his purpose. There were dozens of others in the city from Red Lake Falls, and they acted as challengers in the other wards of the city, but they conducted themselves as gentlemen and in return were treated in a courteous manner as they themselves will testify.

Fixing Responsibility.

James B. Dill said the other day that "a good way to prevent collisions on single track railroads is to tie a director to the cow catcher of every train."

Of course Judge Dill did not intend to be taken as seriously recommending this method of attacking an evil to which much attention has recently been attracted says the Duluth Herald. It was merely his forcible way of calling notice to the fact that it is the directors and chief officers of a railroad company that are responsible, in the final analysis, for the conduct of the road, even down to the detail of protecting passengers and employes from the liability to injury.

And by analogy the same idea applies to the directors and chief officers of the trusts. Judge Dill who made the above startling suggestion, was one of the greatest corporation attorneys in the country, and he did the legal work in connection with the manufacture of some of the biggest trusts. He has been, however, one of the most outspoken against trust abuses, and if he had happened to think about it he would have something just as pointed about the responsibilities of the chiefs of the predatory corporations. He is now a judge, and a just one.

It may not be necessary to take up the policy of attaching railroad directors to cow catchers to avert wrecks, but it is certain that if it were done there would be mighty few wrecks. The director who occupied such a position would quickly see that the trains were run carefully, and the equipment was kept up beyond possibility of dangerous breakage, that the employes were not allowed to work too long to retain their vision and judgment, and that the rush for business and dividends did not become so fevered as to crowd out caution.

It is just the same with the directors and officers of the trusts. The trusts don't have any trains with cow catchers to tie the directors on, but the associate proposition that will cover them is this: "If you send the directors to jail for the lawbreaking of their corporations, there will be precious little lawbreaking by their corporations."

We are fighting the trusts, tooth and nail. Congressman Tawney showed in his Duluth speech recently that we have convicted quite a number of them, and dissolved some of them. Have you noticed any difference in the prices you pay for the necessaries, however? We convict them and fine them and they make us pay the fines. The way to stop them is to convict them and send their officers to jail. They can make us stand the punishment when it takes the form of a fine, but they can't make us go to jail for them.

Let the people and not Tom Shevlin do the nominating in 1908. That is the way to win.

This from the Red Lake Falls Courier should be posted in the hat of every north end voter:

> Victory in the early stages of the game has often intoxicated the victors to their own undoing. It may be so in the county seat contest for it will surely spur Red Lake Falls on to greater efforts if it ever comes to a vote.

> Thief River Falls won the fight. Let them rejoice and make merry, we only hope they will build their bonfire big enough to be seen down here.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

We are not going to build that bonfire until we get the county seat and then it will be big enough to be see in all parts of Red Lake county.

> Anyhow we elected two of the county officials. Thomas Germo, county attorney; and O. T. Tandberg, treasurer.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

While we do not wish to rob the Courier of any of the glory, in electing Mr. Tandberg, it might be well to state that he is a resident of Thief River Falls, and a supporter of this city for the county seat. Circumstances were such, however, that he did not receive the endorsement of the north end voters, but he did receive a large percentage of the vote in the north end of the county and that was what elected him.

If the Republicans desire to win the office of governor in 1908, let them nominate J. F. Jacobson.

> Red Lake Falls showed a small increase, polling 390 votes as against 381 two years ago.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Red Lake Falls did not show any small increase. Two years ago 313 were cast in the city of Red Lake Falls and it is the unanimous opinion of all that the town has lost much of its population during the past two years. Just how the increase was secured is hard to understand.

The defeat of Cole was to be expected. There was nothing that could be said against Mr. Cole and we believe that had he been elected he would have given the people of Minnesota a good administration. At the time of his nomination, however, he was almost unknown to the people of Minnesota and he had defeated for nomination the people's real choice, J. F. Jacobson. This, taken into consideration with the fact that his opponent, Gov. Johnson, has made one of the best executives Minnesota has ever had, made his defeat seem a certainty for some time, even though he had received the nomination of the dominant party of the state. The voters of Minnesota are getting independent and if the Republican party desires to remain in power in this state, men of known integrity will have to be nominated. The Republican party has been defeated twice in succession in this state. If victory is desired, let J. F. Jacobson be nominated in 1908. For years he has fought the battle of the people and deserves the honor.

Notice.

In order to close up the partnership affairs of Bishop & Elder, the ice business buildings and ground, with all the tools, horses, harnesses, wagons etc., must be sold at once. This is worth investigating. For further particulars address or call on W. W. Prichard at the First National Bank.

—Strayed—From my farm on section 19, town of Silverton, on Friday, October, 25, one bull, all red, weight about 600 or 700 year and a half old. Finder please notify Ole G. Hanson.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

WARREN
MINNESOTA
BUSINESS SCHOOL

Students May Enter at Any Time.

FINEST EQUIPMENT

EFFICIENT INSTRUCTION

Send for Catalog.

W. O. BRAGGANS,
L. L. B., L. L. M., U. of M.
Court Reporter to
the Hon. A. Grindeland.

J. H. KIZER,
B. S., B. A. Valparaiso University
Instructor, Stenographer,
Accountant.

IF YOU TOUCH your tongue to ALUM

and look in the glass—you will see the effect—You can't help puckering—it makes you pucker to think of tasting it.

By the use of so called cheap Baking Powders you take this puckering, injurious Alum right into your system—you injure digestion, and ruin your stomach.

AVOID ALUM

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal is made from pure, refined Grape Cream of Tartar—Costs more than Alum but you have the profit of quality, the profit of good health.

THE NEW STORE

Sells Shoes, Laces, Cloaks, Braids and Trimmings at Less Than 25 Cents on the Dollar.

$3.00 shoes for $1.00.
5c skirt binding for 1c per yard.
$12.00 ladies coats for $4.00.
Corsets worth from 50c to $2.00. We sell for 15c to 75c.
The goods we are closing regardless of cost.
Save 75c on every dollars worth of goods you buy at

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORREY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

NORMAN DIVIDED.

The New County of Mahnomen Created at Recent Election.

Mahnomen, Minn., Nov. 8.—At Tuesday's election, the question of dividing Norman county was voted upon and carried, by a majority of 500 or 600. The White Earth Indian reservation portion of Norman county, consisting of sixteen townships, will constitute the new county to be known as Mahnomen county, with the village of Mahnomen as the county seat.

This county is one of the most fertile tracts of land in Minnesota, and will in a short time be rich and well settled. Last spring the White Earth Indian reservation was opened for settlement by the passage of the Clapp amendment by congress, giving the Indians their patents in fee simple for their land.

Mahnomen, the new county seat, is a growing town of 500 persons, located on the Soo railroad, half way between Minneapolis and Winnipeg, and is a railway division point.

In the district court of the United States, for the district of Minnesota, sixth division.

In the matter of Warren E. Wood, bankrupt, in bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Warren E. Wood, of Anton P. O., Smiley township, Red Lake county, in said district, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of November, A. D. 1906 the said Warren E. Wood was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston in the county of Polk in said district on the 30th day of November A. D. 1906 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated November 9, 1906.

Ole J. Vaule
Referee in Bankruptcy

THE LAST DAYS.

How the Red Lake Falls Courier Sizes Up the Situation.

Red Lake Falls Courier: The closing days of the campaign were strenuous in the extreme; both Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls had every available man and team scouring the county from one end to the other. There were meetings and speeches wherever half-a-dozen men could be gathered together and day and night the work went on. Thief River Falls won the fight but Red Lake Falls has no reason to reproach herself because of any lack of work. She was just outvoted by the northern end of the county.

An extended account of the happenings of the last days would be utter uselessness for it is all over except the natural regret in Red Lake Falls at the outcome and the corresponding rejoicings in the city to the north. Citizens of the county registered their wishes as a majority—let it go at that.

Next Year's Twine Prices.

A dispatch from Stillwater says that prices for twine manufactured at the state prison will be the same for 1907 as they were last season, the board of control and Warden Wolfer having fixed the price as follows:

Standard, 500 feet to pound	8¾c
Sisal, 500 feet to pound	8¾c
Standard manila, 500 feet to pound	9¾c
Pure manila, 600 feet to pound	10¾c

Many requests for club order blanks are pouring in and Warden Wolfer says that many orders for twine in carload lots are being booked. It is, in his opinion, an indication that Minnesota farmers will again take kindly to prison twine and that the state will have no trouble in disposing of its entire output.

—Subscribe for the News.

PECULIAR ELECTION.

Sheriff Wins Over Opponents, Though His Name Was Not on the Ticket.

Hawley, Minn., Nov. 8—The election of sheriff of Clay county is without parallel. Archie Whaley, of Hawley, whose name was not on the ticket, he having lost the republican nomination for sheriff after a stubbornly fought contest suit, in which the court gave the nomination to John M. Bayer, of Moorhead, by 396 votes, was elected over the regular republican nominee by about 50 majority. Whaley's name had to be written in on the blank line on the ballot, and few, if any, dreamed that it would be possible to elect anybody this way. The Moorhead interest making the boast openly, that the farmers were too ignorant to do this. Whaley's supporters in his home town made an aggressive educational campaign and the result is very gratifying, and shows the farmers of the county to be a very intelligent class of people.

Largest Locomotive in the World.

The largest locomotive engine in the world passed through Wadena Saturday on its way west. The engine was built at Pittsburg for Jim Hill for use in the mountain country of Montana. The Pennsylvania railway could not handle the engine because of some tunnels and weak bridges and it was sent back to New York and west over the New York Central system. The Great Northern had some rather weak bridges and the officials were afraid to send the engine west over that line. There are some tunnels through which the engine would not pass. Arrangements were made to send it west over the Northern Pacific and this was done. The engine was in the Staples yard all day Friday and went through here on a freight train. The company officials were somewhat afraid of the Bluffton bridge which is being constructed, but the engine went over all right. This locomotive weighs 175 tons. It has six drive wheels on each side and there are two cylinders on each side of the engine, one for the rear drive wheels and another for those in front. This arrangement gives continuous power on each side of the engine. It is stated that this engine will start 300 loaded cars on a level track.—Many people turned out to see this new machine.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

—For Sale or Trade—My store building on North Main avenue. Will trade for farm land. Inquire of E. M. Evenson.

HOW IT PAYS.

An Operator of a Threshing Rig in Otter Tail County Gives Figures.

The operators of a threshing rig in Otter Tail county have published the figures for this season's threshing, from which it would seem that $3,000 invested in a threshing outfit doesn't yield much better returns than $3,000 invested in a country newspaper plant Here are the figures:

EXPENSE.	
1 engineer, 26 days at $5 per day	$130 00
1 engineer, 6 days at $2.50 per day	15 00
1 separator man, 26 days at $5 per day	130 00
4 separator man, 6 days at $2.50 per day	15 00
1 tanker and team, 36 days at $3 per day	108 00
1 fireman, 26 days at $2.25 per day	58 50
5 men, 18 days at $2 per day	180 00
2 men, 18 days at $2.25 per day	81 00
Oil	9 25
Sundries	12 25
Extras	62 62
Interest on capital in rig	90 00
Depreciation of rig	300 00
INCOME.	
30,418 bushels grain threshed	$1 128 00
	$ 33 51

"From the above it seems we have had nothing for our rig and we have paid $33.51 for sleeping in straw stacks and barns. We have had nothing for the risk we have run of burning our separator and some farmers setting of grain, barn and granary, and we have paid $33.51 for the privilege of working in dust and wearing greasy clothing all fall."

SHEEP THRIVE HERE

Minnesota Climate Proves Satisfactory for Sheep Raising.

Bemidji Pioneer. That sheep raising in this section of the county can be profitably entered into is evidenced by the experience of the J. Hubbard company of Mankato, which has given the experiment careful attention on a large scale.

Last July Mr. Hubbard decided to give the same, careful attention and bought a large tract of land near Nary a few miles south of Bemidji. This was immediately stocked with 7,200 Montana sheep which have been herded upon these grounds since that time.

The sheep were loaded on the cars at Nary yesterday for the eastern market. In speaking of the results of this experiment, Mr. Hubbard says:

"You have an ideal climate for the raising and fattening of sheep and another year we intend to made a number of improvements to the ranch and in the spring will put 10,000 sheep on the place to feed during the summer."

W. G. Schroeder, who was at Nary yesterday and witnessed the loading of the train of twenty-nine cars of sheep said it was a pretty sight to see and meant a new industry to the country in the near future.

Beltrami county soil raises the best of food for sheep and the farmers should be encouraged to go into diversified farming.

TEACHERS MEETING

State Educators Will Assemble in Minneapolis Next December.

Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. W. Olson says he believes 1,500 teachers will attend the meeting of the Minnesota Educational association which is to be held in Minneapolis Dec. 26, 27, 28 and 29. A. W. Rankin of the state university, president of the association, is arranging the program. Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, the eloquent and famous rabbi of Chicago, will lecture before the association. The mornings and evenings of the convention, will be devoted to general sessions, either in the First Baptist church or the Church of the Redeemer. The afternoons will be devoted to section meetings, each section holding session in some separate hall. These section programs are being prepared by the presidents of the respective section organizations. It is expected the railroads will grant a round trip rate for the convention of a fare and a third, perhaps of one fare, from every point in the state for the convention. This will be the first time the Minnesota Education association has met in the city of Minneapolis since 1883.

Marshall County Results.

The following is the ticket elected by the Marshall county voters at the election on Nov., 6:

Auditor—Malbery.
Sheriff—Forsberg.
Treasurer—Dagoberg.
Register of Deeds—Myhre.
Judge of Probate—Holm.
Clerk of Court—Swanby.
County Attorney—Brown.
County Superintendent—Mithun.

County division was defeated by a very large majority.

The Democrats gained many of the county officers.

Johnson carried the county for governor by nearly 900 votes over Cole.

One fare, and one third for the Round Trip between all stations on the Soo Line for Thanksgiving day.

Farm Loans!
Easy Terms!

If you desire to make a loan on your farm, it will be to your interest to consult us. One of our plans for loans is on 10 years time, 7 per cent interest, no commission, with privilege of paying 1-5 on the 1st or 15th of any month of the year. Interest on the amount paid will stop on the day it is paid. We also have other plans for making loans on easy terms. We extend to all a cordial invitation to come and see us.

Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

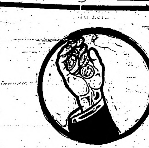

A HANDFUL OF COIN is not so hard to get: but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

STRIKE IS AVERTED

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SWITCHMEN AND RAILROADS AMICABLY ADJUSTED.

H. J. O'Neill, Known as the "Barley King," a Former Prominent Resident of Winona, Dead in Missouri. Office of Agent at White Earth Reservation Abolished—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, Nov. 12.—The demands of the switchmen for an increase in wages has been satisfactorily settled at a meeting held in Chicago. Switchmen employed on the roads from Chicago to the Pacific coast were granted a straight increase of 4 cents an hour, while most of the lines east of Chicago agreed to give an increase of 3 cents an hour. In the case of the Western lines it was a straight settlement of 4 cents, but the agreement with the Eastern lines is that the question shall be submitted to arbitration as to what further increase than 3 cents the switchmen east of Chicago should get.

According to information received by the local committee of switchmen three of the Eastern roads would not accede to the 3-cent increase and wanted to adjust the difficulty entirely by arbitration. Rather than sacrifice the good which would result from the majority of the switchmen it is stated that the switchmen's committee decided to close negotiations as agreed upon by the Western roads and the majority of the Eastern roads. The switchmen of the Northwest are satisfied with the way in which the matter has been adjusted, though they did not get everything they started out to get. Members of the local committees have expressed themselves as well pleased with the treatment which they have received at the hands of the officials at all stages of the proceedings.

The new schedule goes into effect from Nov. 1. The former schedule was as follows: Day foremen 31 cents, day switchmen 28 cents, night foremen 33 cents, and night switchmen 30 cents.

There are 600 switchmen in the Twin Cities who will be benefited by the increase. There are about 1,200 switchmen on the two northern lines who will be affected in a like manner. Altogether it is estimated that there are about 22,000 switchmen throughout the country who will receive a benefit from the new schedule.

BARLEY KING IS DEAD.

Former Prominent Resident of Winona, Minn.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 8.—Private telegrams received yesterday announce the death at Cameron, Mo., of H. J. O'Neill, aged fifty-nine, known as the "barley king" of the world from 1890 to 1898, during which time he was at the head of the O'Neill Grain company, which had offices in the Chicago Board of Trade building at Chicago and also in this city.

The concern during those years controlled the barley market, it is said, and had under its direction the largest string of grain elevators in the world.

The life of the O'Neill company was begun in the early seventies and at one time Mr. O'Neill was reputed to have been worth several million dollars. Family troubles cost the barley king almost his entire fortune.

At the time of his death he was in the employ of a brewing company of St. Louis as barley buyer, with headquarters at Cedar Rapids, Ia. Death was due to heart disease.

OFFICE OF AGENT ABOLISHED.

Bonded Superintendent in Control at White Earth.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Under an order issued by Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock the position of United States Indian agent at White Earth, Minn., is abolished and a bonded superintendent is substituted.

Simon Michelet, who has been agent for several years, it is said, will soon turn over the administration of matters to a new man.

Commissioner Leupp of the Indian office recommended some time ago that White Earth be made a bonded superintendent's district. The Indians there are intelligent and for a great part thrifty. A majority of the adult males are citizens. Agent Michelet will act as superintendent until such time as other changes are made.

TIRED DODGING BULLETS.

Farmer Moves Into Duluth Till Deer Season Ends.

Duluth, Nov. 12.—Gust Anderson, a farmer residing near Kelsey, Minn., has moved his family to Duluth for safety during the deer hunting season.

He says that he is particularly afraid that some of his children will get mistaken for deer and shot, as they often go into the woods, while the danger from stray bullets is not a little for all of the family anywhere on the farm.

JOHNSON FOR PRESIDENT.

Texas Democrats Launch Boom of Minnesota Governor.

Cooper, Tex., Nov. 12.—At a mass meeting of Democrats held here a boom was launched for Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota for president of the United States.

Resolutions were adopted affirming that Johnson is an honest man with not a blotch on his character and of fine executive ability.

HILL SPEAKS AT BANQUET.

Railway Magnate Urges Reciprocity With Canada.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—James J. Hill was the guest of honor at the banquet of the Merchants' club and delivered an extended address upon "Chicago's Interest in Reciprocity With Canada."

After outlining the commercial greatness of Chicago and giving some of the reasons therefor Mr. Hill said: "Today the entire country is suffering from want of transportation facilities to move its business without unreasonable delay. The prevailing idea with the public is that the railways are short of cars, while the facts are that the shortage is in tracks and terminals to provide a greater opportunity for the movement of cars."

The speaker declared that the country today faced a transportation problem which only time, patience and the expenditure of enormous sums of money will remedy.

Mr. Hill recited figures showing that the trade with the people whom the United States will be able to reach by the construction of the Panama canal amounts to only about $54,500,000 annually, while our trade with Canada is over $200,000,000 per annum. He asserted that the conservation and increase of this trade is of greater importance than anything that will accrue to the United States because of the construction of the canal.

Concerning reciprocity with Canada Mr. Hill said:

"The plea for more liberal trade relations is negatived only by unreasoning individual selfishness."

ST. PAUL MAN SHOT.

Mistaken for a Deer by Two Wisconsin Hunters.

Ashland, Wis., Nov. 10.—Severt Hanson, an employe of the Rib Lake Lumber company, whose parents live at St. Paul, was shot and mortally wounded at Rib Lake by two hunters who probably mistook him for a deer. When they saw that they had shot a human being, instead of aiding him they ran away. Hanson, who was engaged in chopping wood at the time, was found by his fellow workmen nearly dead from loss of blood. He was brought to Ashland, but died before reaching the hospital. An effort is being made to find the parties who did the shooting and if caught they will be held for manslaughter.

ECHO OF ST. PAUL CYCLONE.

Damage Case Before the Federal Supreme Court.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The supreme court of the United States has denied the petition of Finch & Co. of St. Paul, Minn., for a writ of certiorari in their case against the Maryland Casualty company, thus leaving in effect the decision of the circuit court of appeals for the Eighth circuit. The suit was one for the collection on an insurance policy because of damage done to the firm's property in a storm on Aug. 20, 1904. The decision in the case turned upon the point as to whether the storm was a cyclone and it had been expected that the decision would elicit a judicial definition of the word cyclone.

MONEY FOR MINNESOTA.

Government Sends Five Per Cent of Land Receipts.

St. Paul, Nov. 12.—Governor Johnson has received a check from the national government for $9,651.28, being the 5 per cent which the state receives from the net proceeds of the sales of public lands within the state for the year ending June 30, 1906. This 5 per cent payment to the state is made under a law passed in 1857.

SICK MAN FREEZES.

Wanders Away and Is Found in a Creek Dead.

Granada, Minn., Nov. 12.—Arthur Deane of Sherburne was found dead in a creek one mile west of Granada during the morning. Mr. Deane has been here about a week taking treatment and on Thursday evening he disappeared. Search was started the next morning, but he was not found until now.

BIG GAME PLENTIFUL.

Light Fall of Snow in Neighborhood of Beaudette, Minn.

Beaudette, Minn., Nov. 12.—The big game season opened Saturday. A light snow fell Friday night. Moose and deer have been reported very plentiful, especially moose. Several parties have started from here to hunt the big game.

Farmer Attacked by Hogs.

Preston, Minn., Nov. 6.—Andrew Maloney, a Carimona township farmer, was seriously injured by two vicious sows. He tried to drive them into the pen, when they turned on him and he fell down and when rescued both hands and one leg were badly lacerated and his clothes nearly torn off. Blood poisoning is feared.

Almost Unanimous Vote.

St. Paul, Nov. 12.—The amendment to the state constitution granting farmers the right of peddling farm products without securing a license seems to be the only thing on the state ticket that ran better than Governor Johnson, for that amendment received almost a unanimous vote, both in city and country.

Fatal Accident on Ore Dock.

Duluth, Nov. 10.—Bart Stringer, wheelman on the big steamer Sahra, fell off one of the ore docks at Two Harbors and was killed. Frank Kelley, an oiler on the same ship, also fell off at the same time, but escaped with serious injuries.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

ELECTION RESULTS IN BRIEF.

The lower house of congress stands 223 Republicans and 163 Democrats. The Democrats lost four and gained thirty-one congressmen, as follows: Illinois 5, Indiana 3, Iowa 1, Maryland 1, Minnesota 1, Missouri 6, Nebraska 1, New Jersey 3, New York 1, North Carolina 1, Ohio 3, Pennsylvania 5. Republicans gained one each in Maryland and West Virginia and two in Kentucky.

John A. Johnson, Dem., was re-elected governor of Minnesota by a plurality exceeding 50,000. The balance of the state ticket, however, is Republican by from 25,000 to 40,000 and the legislature also is strongly Republican. McCleary, Rep., for congress, was defeated in the Second district, the other eight congressmen being Republican.

North Dakota Democrats elected Burke governor and Fisk supreme court judge. The Republicans elected the balance of the state ticket, both congressmen and have a majority in the legislature.

Missouri has again returned to the Democratic fold, the state ticket of that party being elected by a plurality of 18,000. The Democrats also elected twelve of the sixteen congressmen, a gain of six.

The New Hampshire gubernatorial contest has been thrown into the legislature, neither candidate securing a majority of the votes cast. The legislature is Republican.

Governor Davidson of Wisconsin was re-elected by 60,000 plurality. The Democrats gained one congressman, James W. Babcock of the Third district being defeated.

Curtis Guild, Rep., was re-elected governor of Massachusetts over John H. Moran, Dem., by 31,862. The congressional delegation remains unchanged.

Charles E. Hughes defeated William R. Hearst for governor of New York by 60,000. The balance of the state ticket is Democratic by a very close margin.

Republicans elected their state ticket in Indiana, but lost two congressmen, the delegation now standing nine Republicans and four Democrats.

Republicans control the New Jersey legislature by a very small margin. Democrats elected four of the six congressmen, a gain of three seats.

Tennessee Democrats elected their state ticket and have control of the legislature. They also elected eight of the ten congressmen.

Republicans carried South Dakota for their state ticket by 30,000. They also elected both congressmen and control the legislature.

Cummins, Rep., was re-elected governor of Iowa by 20,000, a greatly reduced majority. Lacey, Rep., for congress was defeated.

Colorado Republicans elected their entire state and congressional tickets and will elect a successor to Senator Patterson, Dem.

Governor Beckham of Kentucky defeated Senator McCreary, Republican candidate for re-election to the United States senate.

Warner, Rep., was elected governor of Michigan by 20,000. All the Republican candidates for congress were successful.

Governor Hoch of Kansas had a hard fight for re-election, winning by about 3,000. Republicans control the legislature.

Rhode Island Democrats elected their candidate for governor, the balance of the offices going to the Republicans.

Illinois gave the Republican state ticket more than 100,000 plurality, but the Democrats gained five congressmen.

Nebraska Republicans elected their state ticket and control the legislature, which elects a United States senator.

The fusion or reform ticket was badly beaten in Pennsylvania, Stuart, Rep., being elected governor by 75,000.

Nevada Democrats elected their candidates for governor and congressman. The legislature is Republican.

Gillette, Rep., was elected governor of California. The Republicans also elected their congressional ticket.

Republicans captured the Montana legislature and will elect a successor to Senator Clark.

Ohio Republicans elected their state ticket and seventeen of the twenty-one congressmen.

The states of the "solid South" gave more than the usual Democratic majorities.

Gooding, Rep., was re-elected governor of Idaho by less than 1,000 plurality.

Republicans made a clean sweep in Washington state.

Republicans carried Delaware by reduced majorities.

Democrats made large gains in North Carolina.

Republicans captured everything in Connecticut.

Utah went Republican by the usual majority.

Wyoming went solidly Republican.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

President Roosevelt and party left Washington Thursday for the isthmus of Panama. The party boarded the Mayflower at Washington and were transferred to the battleship Louisiana in Chesapeake bay.

Major General William R. Shafter, U. S. A., retired, is seriously ill with pneumonia at his ranch near Bakersfield, Cal.

J. T. Harahan has been elected president of the Illinois Central Railroad company, succeeding Stuyvesant Fish.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The supreme court of the United States has affirmed the decision of the court of claims in the case of Daniel R. Bird, the Cherokee Nation and others vs. the United States, known as "the white man's case." The cases involved the long pending claims of between 2,000 and 3,000 white persons to participate in the distribution of the lands and the funds of the Cherokee Nation because of marriage with members of the tribe. The decision was favorable to the Indians.

Thousands of acres of the most valuable farm land in Kansas, together with a large amount of land located in towns and cities of the state, is given to the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad by a decision handed down by the Kansas supreme court.

Judge Carpenter, in the probate court at Milwaukee, has decided that the Pabst estate will be obliged to pay inheritance tax on $4,000,000 stock in the Pabst Brewing company transferred to the heirs of Captain Fred Pabst a short time before his death.

The Society of the Army of the Tennessee, in session at Council Bluffs, Ia., re-elected General Grenville M. Dodge president and selected Vicksburg, Miss., as the place of meeting in 1907.

The New York Democratic state committee, by a vote of 30 to 13, has ordered an investigation of the charge that Senator McCarren of Brooklyn "knifed" Hearst at the late election.

LABOR NEWS.

Switchmen employed on the railroads from Chicago to the Pacific coast have been granted a straight increase of 4 cents an hour, while most of the lines east of Chicago agreed to give an increase of 3 cents an hour.

A 5 and 10 per cent advance in the wages of all employes of the refining branch of the Standard Oil company has been announced. The advance affects thousands of employes in different parts of the country.

The question of a strike of the firemen on the Erie railway system because of the refusal of the officials of that company to grant the men's demands for reduced working hours is now being voted upon.

The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company has ordered an advance of 10 per cent in the wages of all employes receiving less than $200 a month.

Twelve thousand employes of the mines and smelters in Montana have been granted an increase of wages averaging 25 cents a day, beginning Nov. 15.

One thousand coopers went on strike at Chicago Thursday asking for an increase in their pay of 3 cents per barrel.

FOUGHT DUEL WITH BURGLAR.

Prominent Young Pittsburger Shot to Death.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Henry Firth Smith, son of Joseph Smith, a prominent and wealthy business man of this city, was shot twice and almost instantly killed at 4 o'clock a. m. by a burglar whom he surprised in the diningroom of his father's residence in the east section of this city.

That a desperate battle took place between young Smith and the burglar is evident from the disordered condition of the diningroom and kitchen of the Smith home. Neighbors adjacent to the Smith home heard the shots and ran to their windows, but say they saw no one running from the house.

The entire police and detective forces are working on the case, but so far no clue has been discovered.

King Haakon Visits England.

Portsmouth, Nov. 12.—The royal yacht Victoria and Albert, with King Haakon of Norway, Queen Maud and Crown Prince Olaf on board, anchored off Spithead at a late hour. King Haakon and his family will be the guests of King Edward and Queen Alexandria at Windsor castle during their stay in England.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 10.—Wheat—Dec., 74¾c; May, 77⅝@77¾c; July, 78⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78¼c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 72½@73½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 10.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.65@6.10. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.15; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 10.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 78⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 70⅝c; Nov., 77c; Dec., 74⅞c; May, 78c; July, 78⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12¾; Nov., $1.10; Dec., $1.16; Jan., $1.16½; May, $1.20.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Wheat—Dec., 72⅞c; May, 77¾c. Corn—Dec., 42⅝c; May, 43⅞c. Oats—Dec., 34⅝c; May, 35⅝c. Pork—Jan., $14.12½@14.15; May, $14.25. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@25½c; dairies, 18½@23c. Eggs—21@23c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 9@9½c; springs, [illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Cattle—Beeves $3.4[illegible]@7.2[illegible]; cows and heifers, $1.[illegible]@5.2[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@4.4[illegible]; calves $[illegible]@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers $6.[illegible]@6.5[illegible]; good heavy, $6.2[illegible]@6.[illegible]; rough heavy, $5.95@6.[illegible]; light, $5.[illegible]@6.27½; pigs, $5.65@6.15. Sheep, $[illegible]@5.50; yearlings, $5.50@6.40; lambs, $4.25@7.80.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

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Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY
Phone 221

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Eleven indictments, charging rebating, have been returned by the federal grand jury at Minneapolis. Those indicted are the Great Northern, the Omaha, the Wisconsin Central and the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroads and four elevator companies of Minneapolis and Duluth.

A lone robber, heavily masked, boarded the rear sleeper of the eastbound Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific train between Slater and Glasgow, Mo., robbed the passengers of a sum placed at between $100 and $500 and escaped in the darkness.

Henry W. Hering, cashier of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, pleaded guilty to embezzlement and forgery after Paul O. Stensland, the convicted president of the institution, went on the stand and told how the institution was wrecked.

In a pistol duel at a saloon in Reno, Nev., Edward Ferrell, a gambler, was killed by Charles Kuchs, a bartender. Kuchs received three wounds, none of which is serious.

The Farmers' and Miners' bank of Ladd, Ill., was held up by two men while the assistant cashier was alone and $7,000 in cash secured.

J. D. Money, brother of Senator Money of Mississippi, shot and killed L. J. Henderson, a prominent planter, in a pistol duel.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Five stories of the central wing of the new $750,000 Bixby hotel at Long Beach, Cal., now under construction, collapsed Friday, carrying nine men to death in the tons of tangled wreckage. About 150 artisans and laborers were scattered through the structure when it fell and of those nearly 100 were carried down in the ruins. The injured, numbering about a dozen, are expected to recover.

Five incendiary fires inside of two blocks within a space of three hours drove thousands of New Yorkers from their homes and would have resulted in considerable loss of life but for the energetic work of firemen and policemen, who rescued scores of people on upper floors cut off from escape.

Mistaken for a deer Leo Hall, a prominent attorney of Ionia, Mich., was shot and instantly killed in the woods near Fibre, that state, by S. G. Miller, a well known lumberman.

The docks of the Lehigh Valley Coal company at Chicago were totally destroyed by fire, causing a damage of $757,000.

A fire in the heart of the business portion of Hamilton, O., caused a loss of $350,000.

A woman and her four children perished in a tenement house fire in New York city.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Unprecedented in the history of the army of the United States is the action of the president in dismissing in disgrace from that army an entire battalion of negro troops of the Twenty-fifth infantry because of their failure to disclose the identity of some of their number who had been guilty of violence and murder at Brownsville, Tex.

The president has announced the appointment of Attorney General William H. Moody of Massachusetts as justice of the supreme court of the United States to succeed Justice Brown, who retired some time ago.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock will retire from President Roosevelt's cabinet on March 4 next and James R. Garfield of Ohio, at present commissioner of corporations, will succeed him.

The president has made an order again classifying deputy collectors of internal revenue under the regulations of the civil service commission.

FOREIGN NEWS.

One hundred Russian revolutionists threw three bombs at a train at Rogow, Russian Poland, blowing the cars into matchwood, killing five soldiers and mortally wounding eleven others. The revolutionists then seized $650,000 in cash, loaded it into wagons and escaped.

A deafening bomb explosion occurred at Tiflis, Transcaucasia, while the police were making a search of an unoccupied house. Three policemen were killed and four wounded.

The births in France for 1905 numbered 807,292, showing a decrease of 10,937 from the total of 1904.

The French chamber of deputies has approved the policy of the new cabinet by a vote of 295 to 96.

The Vatican denies the report which predicts a rupture between Spain and the Holy See.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Riese Wiggles, who claimed to be the smallest man in the world, being four inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, is dead at Retreat, Pa. He was fifty-six years old and most of his life was spent on the stage.

Solomon Hamburger is dead at Chicago following an operation. Mr. Hamburger was one of the best known men in the cigar and tobacco business in the country.

Cashier Vandervoort of the Lake Side bank at Lake Andes, S. D., committed suicide by shooting. His accounts are said to be all right.

Congressman John H. Ketcham of New York is dead.

EVENTS IN CUBA.

An armed band of ninety dissatisfied Cubans, encamped near Sancti Spiritus, Santa Clara province, displays the Stars and Stripes and declares for annexation to the United States.

DRAGGING THE ROAD

A MISSOURI FARMER'S DEVICE FOR IMPROVING THE HIGHWAYS.

How D. Ward King Invented His Road Drag—Highways Put In Excellent Condition and Maintained at Small Cost by the Plan.

Probably no invention for road improvement has been talked about and written about as much as the King road drag, and it has aroused great interest among the farmers throughout the country. In the following article from Farming will be found some new and interesting facts about this method of improving country highways at small cost:

Ten years ago a Missouri farmer who had grown tired of wading through a "slough of despond" every spring when the roads were soft, and who had seen his neighbors lose time, money and patience when their wagons were hub deep in the mire or their horses tugging and straining in their harness to get a half load to market, decided that there must be some remedy for this condition. One day in thinking it over he made the astonishing discovery that what made the roads muddy was mud, and that if the road was worked into such a shape that the water would drain off instead of soaking into the ground after every rain the roads would cease to be muddy.

He rigged up a homemade contrivance out of an old wooden pump stock that the frost had spoiled and an oak post. By means of three pieces of fence board he nailed these together so that they were held parallel to each other. Then he made a rough plank platform on which to stand and by means of wire hitched his team to this clumsy affair at such a point that it would drag along over the road with a slant of about forty-five degrees.

He began with the road that ran in front of his own farm. When it was at its worst he drove up and down from his own front gate to that of his nearest neighbor. Like a huge mason's trowel smoothing off mortar, it scraped along, cutting down the inequalities and rough places and filling up the wagon ruts. He kept at it, and, after a number of draggings, in place of the flat basin that had served as a water course for every storm to settle in, he had built up a road with a crown and surface that was smooth enough to shed water "like a duck's back." In short, he simply demonstrated the soundness of his major premise, "If I can get rid of the mud the roads will cease to be muddy." The device he made he called a "split log road drag." The man who had by such simple means worked such wonders with his road is D. Ward King of Maitland, Mo.

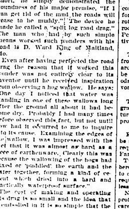
TWO PHOTOGRAPHS, SHOWING A ROAD BEFORE AND AFTER BEING DRAGGED.

Even after having perfected the road drag the reason that it worked this wonder was not entirely clear to its inventor until he received inspiration from observing a hog wallow. He says: "One day I noticed that water was standing in one of these wallows long after the ground all about it had become dry. Probably I had many times before observed this fact, but not until now had it occurred to me to inquire into its cause. Examining the edges of the wallow, I was impressed with the fact that it was almost as hard as a piece of earthenware. Clearly this was because the wallowing of the hogs had mixed or 'puddled' the earth and the water together, forming a kind of cement which dried into a hard and practically waterproof surface."

The cost of making and operating this drag is so small and the idea that is embodied in it is so simple that the wonder of it is that its application has not already become universal. Roads can be worked up into an excellent condition and maintained at a cost of from $3 to $10 a mile. The dragging accomplishes a number of useful things. The most important one is that by giving it a smooth surface and a rounding shape it makes it possible for the road to shed water instead of absorbing it. Then, too, it kills the weeds and takes out the bumps at the sides of the culverts. It also destroys the old trail and thus prevents deep ruts being formed. The time to use the drag and the manner of its use are important. Until a road has been worked into some sort of shape the first dragging should be done when it is very wet or when it is thawed on top during the early spring. After that the time to drag is after a rainstorm or wet spell when it begins to dry out.

SUCCESS IN DAIRYING.

It Is the Small Leaks That Cause the Failures.

Little leaks in the dairy are the cause of every failure in the dairy. The man who ruins his business by some wild venture can justly lay all the blame to a spirit of gambling. He has got the disease called "get rich quick," which has been the ruin of thousands in this money made age and has nothing to do with the business he is regularly following. When it comes to a lifelong occupation like that of dairying we must make preparation for stopping all the leaks we can and thus add to the profit of our work.

The trouble with most of us is that we overlook, don't see, these small leaks that make such a large total when added up at the end of the season's work, says Home and Farm. To begin with, most of our dairymen are not equipped for detecting these leaks. For instance, one has often heard that hay cut when too old has lost a considerable portion of its feeding nutriment—that is, when the horses or cows eat it they do not get as much benefit from it as if it had been cut several days sooner.

But the farmer answers it is much harder to cure it in a half ripe stage, with risk of loss from rain, and, again, if he sells it he gets more because it weighs more. This first excuse is no excuse at all, for without trouble you cannot make money. It is this dodging trouble that keeps many, if not most, farmers poor all their lives. If you have to feed your hay on the farm, then in order to get the greatest income from it you should have it in the very best condition, and the only way to do that is to take more trouble with it, put it up in smaller cocks, so it will cure more rapidly, work a little harder and faster to avoid the rain, and you many times save a great deal more money in the outcome of the crop.

Milk Easily Tainted.

A dirty tin bucket will injure the quality of the milk and affect injuriously the butter made from that milk, no matter how carefully the work is done subsequently.

Do not let dirt get into it and keep it cold enough to make good butter, and then you have mastered the situation. One thing about the milk room—have the floor on the ground and made of cement, for you are sure to spill more or less milk or cream that will spoil and taint the air of the room, but if the floor is made of cement and you wipe it up before it dries no damage is done. If the floor is wood you cannot wipe or wash the oil out of the wood, though painting it will help.

If you have been in the habit of marketing your butter in long rolls or packed in jars or cans, you will be astonished how much better it will sell if you make it into pretty prints wrapped in parchment paper. It will on an average sell for 5 cents more a pound and sell faster if made to suit the fancy of the buyer. The grocer likes to handle pretty looking pats and will recommend it before a better article, for he knows how lady buyers judge by the looks of things rather than the taste.

Have your own stamp, so that those who like the butter will know how to tell it when they come for more; then it looks as if you were ready to guarantee the article and were therefore sure it was good.

The Profitable Cow.

Always have the barn and fastenings arranged so that the cow will be comfortable, as the comfortable cow is the profitable cow.

Feeding Milk Cattle

Root crops cost more to produce than corn ensilage, but are more convenient for a small herd. The cows like carrots best and do not tire of rations of roots if mixed with carrots, says a Pennsylvania farmer in American Cultivator.

Foods That Taint Milk.

The feed should be good and free from aromatic substances. If these aromatic foods are used they should be employed according to those methods which will not cause odors or flavors in the milk.

Look to the Pasture.

The all round food for milk cows is grass. Therefore look well to the pastures and see that their quality is improved.

Study the Cow's Needs.

Each individual in the herd should be studied and given the care that she requires for best production, says Farm Journal.

Two sisters stood side by side in a herd. One required bulky, light food to cause her to do her best. The other required more concentrated food with less bulk.

No herd of cows can ever be really profitable unless they receive just this careful attention.

Grind the Hay and Stover.

Alfalfa meal is a standard commodity on the feed market, yet I see but little in print as to the results of feeding it, but the few dairymen, says I. W. Lighty in National Stockman, I heard speaking about the experience they had with it seemed very favorable. A prominent Pennsylvania dairyman a few days ago told me he is about putting in grinding machinery that will handle the timothy and mixed hay and reduce them to a fine ground, crushed condition. Who ever tried this practically? Is there any available information in the experiment station reports? I would not like to commit myself, but it seems to me theoretically that we could do the rougher part of the chewing cheaper with gasoline or alcohol power than with cow power. It has been amply demonstrated that feeding the cow easily digested food [illegible]

ROAD MAINTENANCE

POINTS ON KEEPING IMPROVED HIGHWAYS IN GOOD CONDITION.

Constant and Careful Attention Very Necessary—Value of Scraping to Improve a Road's Coating—Importance of Draining.

The maintenance of a road already in good condition and of sufficient strength, if properly carried on, is almost entirely a question of wear, says Robert A. Meeker, state supervisor of New Jersey's highways, writing in the Good Roads Magazine. The rapidity of this wear varies with the nature of the rock used for the road covering, but even with the softer rocks there need be no deterioration if proper attention is given to maintenance.

The problem is to reduce the wear, both from traffic and the weather, to a minimum by substituting other material for that worn out, and to do this in the most economical manner.

The conditions under which wear will be reduced to a minimum under a certain traffic are good drainage of surface and subsoil. To attain this object the material used for the surface should be hard in order to resist the wear of the traffic, should not contain too much small stone to absorb moisture and should be thoroughly consolidated and of sufficient depth to bear the loads to which the road is subjected, so that the wear may be confined to the surface.

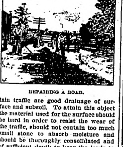
REPAIRING A ROAD.

Drainage almost always requires attention, and there is usually a great deal that can be done to improve it, at a slight expense, and nothing pays so well in the end. Proper care of the surface is generally all that is needed to prevent water from standing on the road or in the gutters, but a dry surface is not enough.

On a flat, water may be seen standing in the ditches to within a few inches of the surface of the road, in which case both the subsoil and the road coating must be softened by it and remain so long after the water in the ditch is gone. A deeper ditch, a larger culvert or a drain cleaned out through the adjoining land is usually sufficient to remove the cause of great mischief. On a hillside, springs under the road and land water from the sides can be cut off and led away by underdrains at a trifling cost.

The road coating may often be improved in composition and rendered harder by scraping, and a fairly good surface can be maintained at all times by proper care. With material of all sorts the influence that a good surface has in keeping down wear is greater than might be supposed.

Everything should be done to make a road strong enough to bear the traffic without bending or cross breaking and a reserve of strength is always desirable. Fluctuations of traffic are most trying. A road may be strong enough to bear the ordinary loads that pass over it and still be unable to support the excessive weights that may be brought upon it. When we know a road is to be subjected to heavy strains, it is always better to strengthen it by placing an extra coating upon the surface rather than wait until the road is broken and disrupted. When a road is broken or cut into by excessive weights it is no longer a mere matter of replacing wear, but of expensive repair, and often of entire rebuilding.

To replace wear that is unavoidable is a very simple matter when constant attention is given to the road. It is only when the surface is neglected for a long period that the matter of repairs becomes a serious one. A little attention to drainage, the removal of slight obstructions from the gutters, the clearing away of rubbish from the mouths of culverts, the removal of grass and brush from ditches and the careful spreading of small quantities of stone over depressions as soon as they begin to appear will keep a road in fine condition until it is almost entirely worn out.

Nothing is more neglected than the removal of worn material from the road. It seems to be regarded merely as a clearing of the surface from the mud and, as such, an unnecessary expense, while in reality this worn material affects the entire composition of the road covering. Consequently, unless the mud is washed away by nature from the surface, scraping or sweeping is necessary to preserve the proper proportion of solid stone in the road. Careful tests of the composition in our best road coverings have shown that from three-fourths to four-fifths of the material is solid stone, the remainder being material fine enough to be washed through a cheese cloth. Further careful tests have demonstrated that as this portion of fine stuff is exceeded will the road be soft, easily acted upon by traffic, water and frost. In consequence there will be an excessive waste of road material.

From the foregoing it is readily seen that the matter of road repair and maintenance is one that requires constant and careful attention. To attain the best results the most successful means so far employed is to assign a certain section to one man and hold him responsible for the road's care.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
10:06 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:56 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar.....Middle River.....Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm
Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

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W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 232, Red Lake Series, for the S. E.¼ of Sec. 4, T'wp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Solheim, " " " " "
Abrahm B. Newton, " " " " "
Daniel E. O'Neil, " " " " "

oct 25 to nov 29
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 109, Red Lake Series, for the N. W.¼ of Sec. 8, T'wp. 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota,
Torger T. Ose, " " "
Andrew G. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlum, " " " " "

oct 25 nov 29
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 644, Red Lake Series, for the N. W.¼ of Sec. 35, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota,
Alonzo George, " " "
Nels A. Leeberg, " " "
Adolph W. Hanning, of " "

oct 25 nov 29
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: George M. Gunderson H. E. No. 164, Red Lake Series, for the S W.¼, sec 28 Tp. 154 N., Rg. 43 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lars Matson, of Thief River Falls, Minn,
Martin Quist, " " " " "
Charley Peterson, " " " " "
John Hegerness, " " " " "

nov 1 dec 6
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal,
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Charles Elgsten.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 2nd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated November 2nd, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
COURT SEAL. Judge of Probate.
Nov 8-22

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Pastor.

TAR IMPROVES ROADS

FINE RESULTS FROM EXPERIMENTS AT JACKSON, TENN.

Highways Thus Treated Stand Wear and Tear, Are Dustless and Beneficial to Public Health—How the Tar Is Applied.

Experiments in tar and oil for road improvement at Jackson, Tenn., are described in a bulletin issued by the United States department of agriculture.

During the spring and summer of 1905, says the bulletin, the office of public roads co-operated with Sam C. Lancaster, city engineer of Jackson and chief engineer of the Madison county good roads commission, in making a series of careful experiments to determine the value of coal tar for the improvement of macadam streets and roads. Tests were also made of the utility of crude Texas oil and several grades of its residue when applied to earth and macadam roads.

The macadam streets in the business center of Jackson were built originally of the hard siliceous rock known as novaculite. About May 1, 1905, after fifteen years of wear, repair of these streets became necessary. The old surface was first swept clean with a horse sweeper so as to expose the solid pavement beneath. This was done because tar will not penetrate a road surface which is covered with dust and loose material. Next, the surface was loosened by means of spikes placed in the wheels of a ten ton steam roller, the street reshaped and new material added where needed. The road was then sprinkled, rolled, bonded and finished to form a hard, compact, even surface and allowed to dry thoroughly before either tar or oil was applied, for neither substance can penetrate a moist road surface. The best results are obtained when the work is done in hot, dry weather, and accordingly the tar was first applied in August. It may be well to add that the novaculite used in the construction of the roads is an almost nonabsorbent rock.

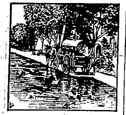
TARRING A ROAD AT JACKSON, TENN.

The tar used was a byproduct from the manufacture of coke and was practically free from moisture. It was brought to a temperature which generally reached 210 degrees F., but when placed on the road it was reduced to a temperature from 160 degrees to 190 degrees F. The hottest tar produced the best results. It was spread with hose.

Laborers, with street cleaners' brooms of bamboo fiber, followed the tank and swept the surplus tar ahead. They spread it as evenly and quickly as possible and in a layer only thick enough to cover the surface. One side of the street was finished at a time and barricades placed to keep off the traffic until the tar had had time to soak into the surface. The time allowed for this process was varied from a few hours to several days. From the results obtained it can be stated that under a hot sun, with the road surface thoroughly compact, clean and dry and with the tar heated almost to the boiling point and applied as described above, the road will absorb practically all of it in eight or ten hours. A light coat of clean sand, screenings or the clean particles swept from the surface of the road may then be spread as evenly as possible and rolled in with a steam roller.

After more than seven months, including the winter season of 1905-06, the tarred streets and roads are still in excellent condition. They are hard, smooth and resemble asphalt, except that they show a more gritty surface. The tar forms a part of the surface proper and is in perfect bond with the macadam. Sections cut from the streets show that the tar has penetrated from one to two inches, and the fine black lines seen in the interstices between the individual stones show that the mechanical bond has been reenforced by the penetration of the tar. The tar is a matrix into which the stones of the surface are set, forming a conglomerate or concrete. A second coating applied a year after the first would require much less tar than the first, as the interstices of the rock would then be filled with tar.

A tarred street is dustless in the same sense that an asphalt street is dustless, though a fine sandy powder wears off, as in the case of asphalt. It can be swept or washed clean. These streets have since been swept regularly and the city government is in favor of treating all of the streets with tar. The cleaning that would soon ruin an ordinary macadam road does not injure the tarred surface, as the stones are not torn up or disturbed. The tar itself has antiseptic properties; hence its use would be beneficial both as a germicide and as a means of securing cleanliness.

Argument For Good Roads.

It is estimated that the summer travel of Maine annually brings into the state between $15,000,000 and $16,000,000, and it is argued that it could be increased by the addition of several millions more if improved roads were universal.

FLORIDA'S FINE HIGHWAYS.

Great Work of Convicts on Good Roads Proposition.

The use of convict labor in the construction of public works is a phase of economics which has been tried in the southern states with a greater or less meed of success, says the Motor News.

Florida is the latest state to fall in line and put her convicts to work, and road building is the task which has been chosen for the wrongdoers. This work has now been going on for some time, and at the results accomplished the Floridians express great satisfaction. The work, they say, is not only beneficial in giving the prisoners an opportunity to do something, but the exercise and outdoor life tend to the improvement of their health.

Under the system adopted in the Peninsular State the prison laborers enter scarcely at all in competition with their free brothers. The roads would not be built if the cost was high, and as the state obtains the labor for the bare cost of keeping the laborers the expense of laying out and building a magnificent system of highways is comparatively slight.

Along the east coast of Florida there are inexhaustible quarries of cochina rock, while in the district lying south of Daytona to New Smyrna great quantities of oyster shells are to be found. Both furnish excellent materials for road building. Thus Florida has close at hand an abundant and cheap supply of road material.

The cochina rock is soft and easily quarried. It requires but simple machinery to crush it, some of it being merely granulated beneath rollers after it is placed on the surface of the road. The beautiful baths at Palm Beach are made of cochina rock, and it has been used in the construction of the excellent road which has recently been completed between Palm Beach and Miami.

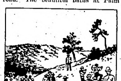
CONVICTS AS ROAD WORKERS.

Roads on which this material has been used require but little repairing, the experience having been that they improve with age, the stone being ground down until it is like the finest macadam.

On the southern automobile circuit the motorists recently encountered many crews and gangs of convicts at work along the Palm Beach-Miami road. They also passed a convict camp where the prisoners were engaged in mining the cochina rock at the roadside.

The convicts are worked in gangs of half a dozen or so. They are under guard of a keeper, who carries a loaded rifle, while dogs are kept at hand to track any prisoner who might feel impelled to take French leave. This, however, rarely happens. Florida is not a land in which one would be tempted to run away.

Model Mountain Road.

J. C. Colgate, a New York banker, has just completed a road at his country residence in Bennington, Vt., that is a model in its way. The road is up the side of Mount Anthony, and, though the distance in a direct line from the starting point to the summit is only half a mile, the length of the road is four miles and a half. The average grade is only 4 per cent. The building has employed from fifty to sixty men for fourteen months and has cost $125,000. An iron observatory 100 feet high will crown the summit and afford an extended view of the surrounding country.

Cash Plan Pays.

The new plan adopted last spring of paying cash for road work is giving satisfaction in Redford township, Mich., says the Motor News. More work has already been done than in all of last year. The township has been redistricted into fifteen districts, to be supervised by pathmasters, each of whom is furnished with a blank order book. For each day's work an order for $1.50 is issued on the township treasurer.

Good Road Notes

Jefferson county, Tenn., has awarded the contract for building forty miles of macadam road for $230,000.

The $35,000,000 increase in farm values shown in Massachusetts in the last ten years is attributed to her system of good roads.

It is announced that the Great Northern railroad is considering the question of sending out a good roads train over its lines and constructing object lesson roads under the auspices of the office of public roads, United States department of agriculture.

The work of highway improvement in Indiana moves steadily forward, though it attracts less general attention perhaps than the road building in states where the question is new and provokes more discussion. Each year since [illegible] Indiana has added about [illegible] miles to her system of gravel roads and now has a total mileage of [illegible] miles. The cost of maintenance has increased from $694,000 in 1902 to [illegible] in [illegible].

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MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXII | THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1906 | NUMBER 47

Historical Society
Dr E H Whitcomb—apr 1 01
388 Wabasha street

SOMETHING OF ROSEAU

Rapid Progress of Our Sister County to the North.

Has Made Many Steps Forward During the Past Few Years

The Duluth Herald of last week contained a write up of Roseau, our sister county on the north, and it illustrates the growth and development of this section as nothing else can.

Roseau county is one of the richest in agricultural lands in Minnesota. The general contour of the county is prairie, with poplar groves and hazel brush dotting it all around. There is no cut over timber land, no swamp, except grass swamps, that is always found in the fertile valley regions of the prairie states. The soil of these lands is a rich black and dark sandy loam, with subsoil of clay, that has been fertilized for ages by the autumnal crops of vegetation, making it an almost inexhaustible soil, that only awaits the civilizing touch of the plow, to convert it into the garden spot of the Northwest. Land is selling from $10 to $15 per acre today, which will be worth $40 to $60 in another five years. This soil is unsurpassed for the growing of all kinds of crops: wheat, oats, barley, flax and corn all root crops, timothy and clover, while the climate is unequalled for dairying and stock raising. This land is located in the high-priced market zone of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. It is this rich soil and superb climate of Roseau county that we propose to talk with you about, and the opportunities that await the farmer settler who takes advantage of the situation as it now exists.

Roseau county was organized in 1895, with the county seat at Roseau. In size it is thirty-two miles wide, north and south, and sixty miles *long, east and west* containing forty-five townships. There are thirty-one organized townships, five incorporated villages, ninety school districts; estimated population 14,000; assessed valuation, $2,500,000. At the time the county was organized in 1895, the population was only 2,400; there were but twelve townships organized, and thirteen school districts, while the assessed valuation was only $74,000.

Quite a change in eleven years in population and wealth. It would have been 50 per cent greater had the fertile agricultural lands of Roseau county been favored with railroads. This has been the great drawback to the development of the county. The Great Northern railroad has graded a roadbed, running from Thief River Falls to Warroad. The road is only built and operated to Greenbush. The Canadian Northern passes through Warroad on its trunk line running from Winnipeg to Port Arthur. This line will give a through passenger and freight service, via Beaudette, with the Duluth Rainy Lake and Winnipeg railroad, not later than March 1907. With this line in operation the Great Northern will no doubt get busy and lay the steel rails on the balance of its graded road, from *Greenbush to Warroad.* These two railroads will give a great boost to the price of Roseau county farm lands, beside trebling the population of Greenbush, Badger, Roseau and Warroad, in a single twelvemonth. The sun has never shone upon more fertile soil for all the requirements of farming, dairying and stock raising.

The county and state are perfecting a system of drainage ditches, which now includes the Two Rivers and Badger ditches, while a channel is being dredged in the Roseau lake, to the international boundary. The estimated cost is $60,000; of this amount $25,000 has been appropriated by the state. In addition there is the Hay creek ditch, that cost $15,000, the county paying $3,000 and the state $12,000. There is a well-developed plan to carry on the work of good roads, besides completing the system of ditches for drainage of all classes of agricultural lands in Roseau county. This is a work that most new counties neglect until the land values make it an object. In this respect Roseau is far ahead of her older sister counties in Minnesota, Iowa and Illinois.

To prove this is a dairy county, where stockraising is one of the leading features we point to the four creameries that are owned and operated by the farmers of Roseau county. The creameries are located at Greenbush, Badger Roseau and Pelan, and produce 14,000 pounds per week of high grade butter. The dairy interest is just developing and in another few years will be equal to that of any county in the state.

Roseau county is noted for her flour mills and the superior quality of the flour made from No. 1 Northern wheat, grown in this favored region. The mills are located to the best advantage of the farmer settlers. They are the Roseau flour mills, daily capacity 75 barrels; Badger, 100 barrels, and Wannaske, 75 barrels.

The grain elevators are well distributed, being located at Warroad and Greenbush, where 900,000 bushels of wheat, oats and flax were handled in 1905, while there is a large increase in the crop grown this year.

As an agricultural county Roseau is the peer of any in the state. The soil is wonderfully rich black and dark sandy loam with clay subsoil; no stones, no wet land, except prairie grass swamp land, which, when drained is the most productive. The soil produces small grain equal to any, while corn is successfully grown; in fact, this will be the future corn belt of the United States. It is today the banner section for all kinds of root crops, timothy and red clover. No better county can be found for dairying. Small fruits, such as strawberries, raspberries, plums and apples thrive here equally as well as in the older fruit growing sections.

In the matter of land values, no agricultural section of Minnesota offers so many inducements as does Roseau county. Nowhere are lands so cheap, where good country roads are the rule; best of schools and churches; central trading points throughout the county. Roseau a village of 800, Greenbush 800, Badger 400, Warroad 600 and Roosevelt 300; a climate that is health giving, that invigorates the whole system, where malaria and fevers are never known; no cyclonic disturbances; no wind or hail storms; the purest of crystal water from flowing wells tapped at a depth of forty to sixty feet. You, who are looking for a new home will do well to investigate this new farming region of Roseau county, Minnesota in touch with the high priced markets of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, a county that will be cut up with railroads in the next few years, which will send present land prices of $10 to $15 per acre to $40 and $60 per acre. This is a region where those who came here five years ago, are now well to do, while many are wealthy in flocks, herds and lands.

Northern Minnesota is still thinly populated, but now that the railroads are traversing it in every direction, it offers the best of opportunities for the man who wants a home, health and contentment. It is said without fear of successful contradiction, that the man without a "pull" but plenty of push and vim, the man who wants to carve out a fortune of his own and has energy, courage and backbone can find here his golden opportunity awaiting him. It will not wait long, for time and tide wait for no man. But today they are here. They are for men who,

"Act in the living present,
Heart within and God o'er head."

They are for no one else. It is that homeseekers may know of it that we have made a study of this vast and fertile region of Roseau county.

While all Northern Minnesota is teeming with life, and prosperity and promise it is in Roseau county that the greatest possibilities both for the homeseeker and the investor exist, for it is here that vast stretches of agricultural lands still remain undisturbed, only awaiting the brawn and brain, the will and muscle of the actual settler to make them give forth wealth and happiness.

This region is one of the most picturesque and delightful in its natural characteristics and its variety of possibilities, as well as substantial and sure in its every-day resources and opportunities to the every-day man, that can be found anywhere. New counties can offer so many and varied resources. Men of all tastes and different trainings can here find something to do, something which will give them both profit and pleasure. It is certainly one of the most beautiful and picturesque spots in Mother Earth's domain, yet like any other it has its limitations. Nevertheless, for the plain, common sense, resolute farmer settler who is willing to face life with nerve, industry and persistence, and who seeks a country where he may have the best fighting chance for the developing of his own resources in helping to develop the resources of the country he seeks, Roseau county cannot be excelled. Is there need to review the subject further, to impress upon your mind the necessity of deciding while the opportunity lasts, whether you desire a home in this, the money making section of Minnesota?

No Bidders in Sight.

Gazette: Monday was the day set for the sale of absolute property for the state, and Auditor Ford, delegated as deputy by State Auditor Iverson was ready with a large list of city lots in the towns and villages of the county, but his willingness to sell availed not as not a single bidder put in an appearance.

Last year the forfeited tax sale in this county was quite well attended, and a large number of bidders were on hand to snap up what good things there were in sight.

This year however, the long delinquent was not attractive and nothing was sold. It is highly probable that the date of sale was lost sight of in the election excitement and that many would have been on hand to bid had they kept the date in mind.

As the law provides that but one sale shall be held in each county in the year, there will be nothing doing in this line until next fall.

Subscribe for the News.

HAY'S PAPER.

An Interesting Account of a Paper Read by Prof. J. H. Hay of this city.

Crookston Times:—Supt. J. Hay of Thief River Falls read an interesting paper, the subject being, "A higher professionalism." In the course of his talk he advocated the establishment of a school of practical education at the University of Minnesota, a building to cost about $75,000, at which students of pedagogy could get practical teaching experience. The building would be a grade school and possibly a high school and Mr. Hay stated that he was going to push the matter as much as he could. Every teacher, he declared, should have some pedagogical training, even if she is only teaching in the rural schools. "Permit" should not be issued to any teachers and soon the standard would be raised. All applicants for teachers' positions should have at least a high school or Normal education and high school teachers should be college or university graduates. We should guard against letting the profession become degraded by incompetent teachers who will lower the standard. He rather deplored the fact that there are less male teachers than formerly, as they do much to keep the profession on a high plane. Teachers who obtain their positions by political influence were roundly scored by the speaker, who also spoke against graft in the profession in any form.

He advised young teachers to speak well of their predecessors, and he stated that a young teacher should always take her first school away from her home, as she develops her capabilities and strength of character when thrown on her own resources among strangers. "A strange public," said Mr. Hay, "will always suspend sentence upon a young teacher until he has proven his merit by his earnest endeavors." Mr. Hay's remarks were closely followed and were listened to with much interest.

Baby Badly Burned.

On Wednesday forenoon Clarence, the two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert R. Harris was almost fatally burned at the family home in this village. Mr. Harris is the section foreman and on that day was with his crew called to Mahnomen to do some work on the road there. During his absence Mrs Harris found it necessary to do down town for some necessary articles and left her four children alone in the house during her absence. She was gone but a little while and on returning heard the children crying in the house and hurried home to find little Clarance lying on the stairway with his clothes on fire. She hastened to extinguish the flames but the little fellow had been severly burned on the body and for some time his life was despaired of. Mr. Harris was notified by wire and medical aid summoned at once. The little one's injuries were found to be very severe and had the mother delayed her home coming but a few moments he would undoubtedly have been burned to death. The older children told their parents that they were playing with pieces of wood which they poked into the cook stove and drew out again when they were burning and that the little one had set his clothes on fire in this manner. Then he began crying and the other children, aged four and six, respectively ran up stairs. Clarance tried to follow them and had just fallen on the stair when the mother returned. Hopes are entertained to the injured child's recovery but he will probably be marked for life.—Plummer Pioneer.

—Gillette safety razors now on sale at Stebbins.

YOU SHOULD KNOW ALUM'S WORST WORK

Some Mothers, unconscious of the injurious effects of Alum, are daily giving it to their Children by the use of so-called Cheap Baking Powder.

What Mother would do so if she only knew?

Alum's Worst Work is its early harmful influence on the child's digestive organs. Positively Never, should Children of tender years be required to eat it in their food.

Secure your Children against Alum in their food.

AVOID ALUM

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is made from Pure Refined Grape Cream of Tartar—Aids Digestion.

Next Time You Buy Clothes

No matter where you go, or what maker's name is on the garment, ask if it is all-wool.

Don't be put off without a plain answer. The clothier may say-"you know me; you know I wouldn't sell you anything that wasn't all right," but that doesn't answer the question. Does it? If he says "yes" you can't tell, perhaps, whether it is all wool or not; he may think it is; may be he doesn't know. There's only one sure way of knowing what you're getting in clothes this fall, aside from a chemical test of the fabrics; and that is to buy goods that are guaranteed by the maker to be all-wool and all the rest that goes with it.

We offer you Hart, Shaffner & Marx clothes because the makers dare to take a positive ground on the quality question; they don't dodge; they don't keep silent; they're positive in their statement and in their facts you can depend on them and us.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT."
The home of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits. The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats.

Dyeing and French Dry Cleaning

Is the only thing that can re-new clothes. Fine silk and wool cannot be washed, but if you want it to look like new, send it to

B. DAN BJORKMAN.
DYER AND CLEANER.
CORNER OF MAIN AVE. AND FIRST ST.

ALL CEDED RED LAKE LANDS WITHDRAWN.

Means That the Government Will Drain the Lands and the Cost Will Be Added to the Purchase Price.

The United States land office in Crookston has received instructions from the Department of Interior which withdrew from sale or homestead entry all ceded Chippewa lands in the state. It would appear from this action that the United States government intended some definite action in regard to the drainage of these northern-Minnesota lands and that the reports which have been made by the different surveying parties which have been at work in this section of the state have had a good effect on the government officials. The instructions are from Commissioner Richards of the General Land Office and are accompanied by an explanatory letter from Secretary Hitchcock which reads as follows:

Department of the Interior, Washington, November 10, 1906. The Commissioner of the General Land Office: Sir—The act of congress aproved June 21, 1906 34 Stat., 352 authorized the Secetary of the Interior to cause to be made a drainage survey of the land ceded by the Chippewa Indians, in the state of Minnesota which remain unsold are wet, overflowed or swampy in character, with a vew to determining what portions thereof may be profitably and economically reclaimed by drainage, etc.

With a view to carrying out the provisions of law, by Departmental letter of July 20 1906, the Director of the Geological Survey was instructed to make the drainage survey thus provided for, and to advise the Department whether or not in his judgment the lands under consideration should be withdrawn from sale and entry pending such survey.

I now have at hand a letter of the 7th instant from the Acting Director, a copy of which I enclose for your information, and in accordance with his recommendation I hereby segregate and withdraw from sale, occupation or any disposition whatever all of the unsold lands known as the ceded Chippewa lands, pending the completion of the survey.

You will take such supplementary action as may be necessary to carry this withdrawal into effect.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) E. A. Hitchcock,
Secretary.

In accordance with which the Commissioner under date of November 15 notifies the Register and Receiver of this office as follows:

This withdrawal extends to all undisposed of lands in the agricultural schedules of March 27, 1896, August 12, 1898, Oct 6, 1900, Sept. 22, 1903, April 20, 1904, Aug. 17, 1904, (Red Lake lands disposed of under Act of Feb. 20, 1904, (33 Stat., 146), and June 23, 1905,

You will see that the proper notes are made on your records in accordance with telegram of November 14, last, and permit no entry to be made on such lands.

W. A. Richards,
Commissioner.

United States Land Office, Crookston, Minnesota. In accordance with the foregoing order on withdrawal and instructions, this office will refuse, until further advised, to accept any homestead entries or original entries of any kind for any lands in this district, except for those known as Public lands. The lands withdrawn are all Chippewa lands and lands within the Red Lake Reservation, and all lands opened to settlement by Act of Congress January 15, 1889, and subsequent acts.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1906.

R. J. Montague, Register.
John Peterson, Receiver.

B. OF R. T. TO ORGANIZE

New Order Will Be Instituted Here on Sunday, December the 2nd.

About Fifty Conductors and Brakemen to Join the Order.

On Sunday, Dec. 2, a lodge of Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will be instituted in Thief River Falls. Not many of the men employed by the Soo here belong to the Brotherhood, but quite a number have signified a desire to become members and the order will start out with a charter membership of about 50. Only conductors and brakemen can join this order, but the engineers and firemen have a similar organization. The order will have headquarters in the Masonic building.

—Strayed—From my farm on section 10, town of Silverton, on Friday, October, 26, one bull, all red, weight about 600 or 700 year and a half old. Finder please notify Ole G. Hanson.

TRAINS DELAYED.

A Genuine Old Fashioned Blizzard Out on The Wheatline.

Traffic on the Wheatline from Thief River Falls to Kenmare has been at a standstill for the past week. The snow storm of last week found the Soo unprepared and the cuts between Adams and Kenmare were all filled up with snow. The passenger train that left Thief River Falls Friday morning for Kenmare did not arrive at its destination until Monday night. The first train coming from the west to Thief River Falls since Friday arrived here Monday night, but this train only came from Adams.

The Soo has a very large force of men at work, as in many of the cuts the snow has to be shoveled out.

MORE MONEY.

The Red Lake band of Indians will receive another payment, sometime during the present week.

It is said that the amount that will be paid is $35,000, and is a partial payment of the amount due the band for the sale of the eleven townships east of Thief River Falls. With the usual red tape, the government doles out these sums that are due the reds in partial payments.

The present payment will amount to about $25.50 for every person enrolled as a member of the band, whether mixed or full blood. There are said to be 1346 enrolled on the list.

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

HE JUST QUIT WORK

That Is Believed to Be the Case of Edward Johnson.

Was Employed by a Crookston Concern Selling Tomb Stones

The proprietors of the Crookston Marble Works are looking for Edward Johnson, who was lately employed as their agent upon the road and was last seen in Thief River Falls. He came here on the 30th of October, left his horse and buggy at Sundahl Bros., livery barn and his sample case at the Hotel Northern. That is the last that has been seen of him. Chief Erickson, who has been investigating the matter, however, believes that the man has gone to the woods to secure work. He had told friends that he could not make a living selling tomb stones and was going to quit. It is believed that he found other employment and did not notify the Crookston concern of his intention to quit working for them.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

There was no school last Friday owing to the fact that the teachers went to Crookston to attend the teachers convention held at that place. Supt. Hay went down on Wednesday and addressed the meeting on Thursday. Miss Porter and Miss Pryor read papers on Friday. All the teachers returned Saturday morning.

"In days of old the students sneaked (that is the correct word) to Spain to study in the Moors' schools there." Those students had a longing for knowledge that has never been equaled in succeeding generations. The students of this age scarcely believe the above note from Miss—'s note book.

"Blame the Greeks!" This is the sentiment of a Senior because the Greeks invented Chemistry.

The pupils are in suspense, wondering what rule Supt. Hay is going to inaugurate. It seems that it is to be one in force in other High Schools.

Some one thot that Scotch ballads were becoming rather tiresome and so for a little variety asked for "Killarney."

"Die wacht am Rhein" or "La Marseillaise" are next in order.

Roland Blanchand appears to be the most studious pupil in the school. He always is carrying about with him one to twelve books.

The boys have organized a "Twenty-three" club. Sodium is their chief article of diet and "Na" (pronounced nay) is the principal word of their vocabulary.

Conundrun—How far can William Prichard see?

Several of the children of the grades took part in a drill at the Presbyterian church on Monday night.

Wanted—A guardian for Nina Horton. One who will take care of her watch and not allow anyone to misplace it "for a joke." High wages.

Agnes Kelley was absent on Tuesday.

The Seniors extend a vote of thanks to the Junior Reporter who so graciously expressed his admiration of the Senior rings.

The pupils, especially the Latin students, mourn the coming departure of their teacher.

The Vergil class is reviewing 'Tiber II.' They "live, move and have their being" in Vergil's Aeneid.

"'Tis time, 'tis pity,
And pity 'tis, 'tis time"
That is, the rumor is true;

Tests are again in order; Ergo, every one wears a worried look.

New Officers.

At a meeting of the Antlers Club held last Wednesday evening, the following new officers were elected for the coming year:

President—Dr. Penney.
Vice President—Emil E. Zeh.
Secretary—C. A. Baker.
Treasurer—A. C. Kvenres.
Trustees—D. N. Winton, W. W. Prichard and Lars Backe.

Mr. A. Madole, supreme director of "The Mystic Toilers," and state deputy Mr. D. O. Bean have been stopping at the Rushford for two weeks. As a result of their services some 20 new members were initiated Monday night at the regular meeting of Star Council 150 of that order. A new board of officers were elected as follows:

Mr. W. McCrum, past president, G. E. Smith, president, Ed. Eckman, vice president, Mrs. Margarete McCrum, secretary, J. F. Lang, treasurer, Anna B. Johnson, chaplain, Earl Doland, conductor, John Morin, outside sentry, Lawrence Smith, inside sentry, Mrs. G. E. Smith, correspondent, Inga Iverson, historian, Gustie Johnson, first guide, Hazel Lang, second guide, James McCrum, third guide, Mr. Ed. Rolph, deputy for installing new officers.

Mr. Bean leaves in a day or two for new fields.

DEER NUMEROUS.

It Is Estimated That 8,000 Will Be Killed This Season.

There will be 8,000 deer killed in northern Minnesota this month. That is the estimate of Samuel F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission. As the period for hunting big game is only from Nov. 10 to Nov. 30, twenty days, it means that 400 deer are being killed each day.

"The killing of this large amount of big game does not in the least mean the inauguration of the extermination of deer in Minnesota," said Mr. Fullerton today. "It is a demonstration that deer are more plentiful in Minnesota than ever before. This year the foliage in the woods was exceptionally heavy, and the great tracts of cut-over timber lands with short undergrowth of hazel and willow, have given the game feeding grounds in plenty.

"This is also a fine season for hunting. There is a light snow on the ground in northern Minnesota, making tracking of game easy, and yet the snow is not heavy enough to retard the progress of hunters."

The new state law permits resident hunters to kill two deer and one moose each; non-residents, one deer and one moose. Mr. Fullerton thinks the complaint of non-residents against the new law is just, in that it permits them to take the deer home with them, but requires that they must leave the moose behind.—Minneapolis Journal.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The Unappreciated Joke.
Lou Fallers, "Fire Dance."
Coons in a Watermelon Patch.
Watching the Crowds at the Yale-Harvard Boat Race.
The Dog Smugglers.
Illustrated Song, "Just at the End of the Class."

Feeding the Milk Maker

Did it ever occur to you that there will be as much difference in the appearance of an animal fed upon well developed grains of corn and one fed upon shriveled kernels as there is difference in appearance in the two kinds of corn?

Good Food at All Times.

Every breeder should have a complete understanding of his business and the individual needs of each animal, so that there will be no time in the year when the cow may not have an abundance of good, rich, juicy foods best suited for milk production.

Nothing Just as Good.

The dairy cow is the hardest worked animal known. She must have the very best feed to produce a large flow of milk and nourish her overworked body. It is a well known fact that the same amount of green forage that will satisfy an animal if allowed to dry out and fed with an equivalent amount of water will not satisfy its hunger. The moisture contained in succulent, juicy feeds has therefore a great digestive value to the remaining part of the feed. Many mixtures have been given, such as bran, beet roots, mashes and soaked or wet feeds of various kinds, but none of these has ever equaled in food value green feed stored up in an air tight receptacle, where it is preserved, as in the case of the silo, writes C. W. Mellick of Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Silage contains just enough lactic acid to stimulate digestion, while the natural unfermented foods do not.

Calf Meals.

Calf meals or milk substitutes are manufactured in large varieties, and there is abundant evidence that they are extensively employed, a circumstance which renders it opportune to give a warning to cattle breeders both in respect to the quality and the price, for in many cases the latter is out of all proportion to their true value at the market rates for feeding stuffs, and no calf meals, however well prepared, can be worth some of the prices quoted. While I strongly impress upon stock owners the necessity of exercising caution and prudence in the purchase of milk substitutes, I do not unreservedly condemn or advise their nonuse. On the contrary, there are several very satisfactory preparations on the market, provided their prices are reasonable.

An Excellent Calf Food.

In case, however, the market price and quality of calf meals are disproportionate the following will be found an excellent calf food, which, when used with a small allowance of pure linseed cake, has so far given the best results in my experience: This may be prepared by mixing two parts, by weight, of oatmeal, two parts of corn meal and one part of pure ground flax seed, all of which should be finely ground. This food should cost just about half the price charged for some calf meals. It should be prepared for use by boiling with water and allowing to stand for twelve hours. Beginning with one-quarter pound per head per day for calves a month old, new milk being the proper food of the calf for the first month, the allowance may soon be increased to one-half pound and more per day as the calf becomes older. This ration may be profitably supplemented by one-half pound to one pound of pure linseed cake per head per day.—W. R. Gilbert in American Cultivator.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M Evenson.

GETS A 5 YEAR TERM

Ole Branden Found Guilty by a Jury at Warren Monday.

Case to Be Appealed to the State Supreme Court.

The case of Ole Branden, of Middle River, and who is well known in Thief River Falls, was tried at Warren on Monday of this week. Brandon is charged with having assaulted Mrs. George Curtis, wife of a settler living near Middle River, and the testimony is said to have proven very plainly that he was guilty. At least the jury found him guilty and Judge Grindeland sentenced him to five years in the states prison at Stillwater. A stay of 40 days in the proceedings was asked for by Attorneys Walseth and Tautges, of this city, who represented Branden, and an appeal will be taken to the supreme court. Owning to some mistake made by the prosecuting attorneys, Messrers. Walseth and Tautges feel confident that they will win out and that Branden will not have to go to prison.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.
Subject: Our Church Treasury.
Sabbath evening worship at 7:30.
Subject: Love and Pleasure.
Sabbath School at 12 o,clock m.
Christian Prayer meeting at 6:45.
Sabbath School Teachers meeting and Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

We are glad to have you come to our church.

F. J. Barackman Pastor

From Town of North and Silverton Mixed.

Mrs. C. H. Omlid went down to Bygland's to visit for a few weeks.

Tellef Loyland has moved his barn from where it was to where it is now.

Ole O. Homme was a guest of S. O. Omlid the other day and purchased a pair of bob sleighs for a fancy price.

S. K. Dahle is going to build a shanty to his house. He must certainly expect something like cold weather.

Mr. R. Gausen lost a valuable horse the other day. What a sad news.

John Sorom brought a large pig to town the other day who tipped the scale 1200 pounds and received $5.50 a hundred.

I believe every body is prepared for winter and so am I. If I had known more news I would have sent it.

ENLIGHTEN THE CONSUMER

Let Him Know the Value of Milk as a Food.

Milk is not a beverage, but an easily digested perfect food. It requires no cooking, contains no waste, is palatable, easily digested and is entitled to be classed among the economical human foods and ought to be more generally consumed.

One dollar spent for milk at 6 cents per quart furnishes 1.1 pounds of protein, 1.3 pounds of fat, 1.7 pounds of carbohydrates and 10,300 calories of energy, while the same sum spent for beef sirloin at 25 cents per pound furnishes .6 pound protein, .6 pound fat, no carbohydrates and 4,100 calories of energy, or the same amount spent for eggs at 36 cents per dozen furnishes .5 pound protein, .4 pound fat, no carbohydrates and 2,020 calories of energy, or the dollar spent for oysters at 35 cents per quart gives us .3 pound of protein, .1 pound fat, .2 pound of carbohydrates and 1,250 calories of energy.

Thus we can show that many of the standard foods are really luxuries in price when compared with milk on the scale of nourishment furnished for a definite sum. Now think you not if the consumer were made cognizant of these and other favorable facts, if they were thrust before his notice as are the claimed virtues of the so called cereal foods, nostrums or worse, would not consumption increase, naturally making a better price?

Advertise the Facts.

Suppose you have a folder printed enumerating these and other virtues milk possesses, with your name and address and business on the margin, this could be printed by your local dairy organization or individually and judiciously but liberally distributed, and then suppose you paint on your barn the legend, "Good Milk Is a Perfect Food—Sweet Clover Farm Produces It—John Jones, Proprietor," instead of the lie that the nostrum man will paint on if you allow it. Do you not think that advertising space would be as valuable to you as to the nostrum man? Would it not be possible to do good to your neighbor and to yourself at the same time? My experience in this line answers in the affirmative. I am a hearty believer in the Russell Sage or Rooseveltian philosophy of strenuosity, but [illegible] alone must not expect more than the compensation usually paid for such exertion. Let us use our brains. It not only pays, but it makes a better world.—National Stockman and Farmer.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Nov. 12, 1906
Date of Call by Supt., November 14, 1906.
Date of Report by Bank, November 19, 1906.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$122,795 32
Overdrafts		2,039 98
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800 00
Other real estate		2,556 56
Due from banks	58,936 18	
Checks and Cash Items	4,949 69	
Cash on Hand, items below	13,459 67	
Currency	10,296	
Gold	1,800	
Silver	1,213 25	
Other	150 42	
Total Cash Assets	77,345 54	77,345 54
Total		206,537 40
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		4,911 22
Deposits subject to check	91,990 97	
Demand certificates	11,399 95	
Due to Banks	6,154 41	
Time certificates	80,080 85	
Total deposits	189,626 18	189,626 18
Total		206,537 40

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, H. G. Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of Nov. 1906. L. M. Hong.
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Oct. 20, 1909.

Attest: (Two) Directors. Math. Barzen, Peel. W. Mabey.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Nov. 12. 1906
Date of Call by Supt., Nov. 12, 1906.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$17,054 87
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		6,925 39
Due from banks	21,165 44	
Checks and Cash items	808 08	
Currency	2,704	
Gold	695	
Silver	726 10	
Other	46 62	
Total Cash Assets	4,171 72	25,645 24
Other resources		158 26
Total		49,783 76
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$30,000
Deposits subject to check	14,292 79	
Demand certificates	5,490 97	
Total deposits		19,783 76
Total		49 783 76

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss I, D. B. Bakke, president of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
D. B. Bakke, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of November, 1906. W. A. Tautges,
[SEAL]
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.,
My commission expires Jan. 5th, 1913.

Attest: (Two) Directors. A. M. Langseth, Lars Backe.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 300, Red Lake Series for the N. E. ¼, Sec 15, Tp. 151, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Charles Thompson, " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, "
Henry Cook, " " "

nov 22 dec 27 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th, Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6769, Chippewa Series for the W. ½ N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Sec 36, Tp. 155, N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Blockhadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

nov 22 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan, 1907, viz: Andrew M. Dyrdahl, H. E. 305, Red Lake Series for the S. W. ¼, Sec 23, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Aslak Olson, of Kratka, Minn.
Andrew Anunson, " Brunkeberg, "
Hans Olson, " Thief River Falls, "
Knut Bjorge, " " "

nov 22 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

One fare, and one third for the Round Trip between all stations on the Soo Line for Thanksgiving day.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NATIONAL DEBT OF SWEDEN

Figures Show That the Assets Are Far in Excess of the Liabilities.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

If the economical position of a country is to be judged by the condition of state finances, then Sweden occupies, in this respect a very prominent place among nations at the present time. Sweden was, for a very long time, the only country in Europe without a national debt, but in the middle of the last century large loans were taken up for the purpose of constructing the state railways and since then the country has on other occasions found it suitable to borrow. The revenue from the railways has enabled the nation, however, to pay off a considerable part of the debts contracted. A great part of the borrowed money has been employed for the purpose of granting loans to private railways or for opening new districts for cultivation. At the close of 1904 the national debt of Sweden amounted to 884,000,000 crowns, that is 73 crowns per capita of the entire population, while the corresponding figures for the whole of Europe show that the debt per capita exceeds 200 crowns. As the value of the national funds, together with the estimated worth of the railways and their rolling material is estimated at about 700,000,000 crowns, irrespective of national estates, forest and realized real property to a value of 350,000,000 crowns, it will be seen that the national assets are far in excess of the debts.

Recent statistics show that trade unions have gained much ground in Sweden during the last few decades. For 1905, the total number of members of co-operative societies was estimated at 100,000 and the capital at their disposition at about 3,500,000 crowns. The turnover amounted to at least 34,000,000 crowns. These societies have mostly the form of co-operative stores. With respect to trade unions, which found footing in Sweden first in the middle of the eighties, it may be mentioned that of about 300,000 workingmen engaged in mining and other industries about 80,000 are members of organized trade unions, these unions being for the most part united after their several trades, into larger societies—national trade alliances—embracing the whole country. These alliances again are joined into one great land organization. The employers on their side have, during the last few years also organized themselves into several associations and unions with varying numbers of members, and by means of negotiations between employers and workmen there is being gradually created a voluntary subcommission to the decrees of non-official arbitrators, wherein collective agreement (scale of wage agreement) is coming more and more into use.

The countries with which Sweden carries on most of her trade are Great Britain, Germany and Denmark. The first named country takes from Sweden a little more than it receives from it (it is about 140,000,000 crowns each way), the chief articles of exchange being coal, timber and butter. Germany, on the other hand, send us considerably more than it receives, the figures being 222,000,000 and 72,000,000 crowns respectively, but a lot of iron ore goes to Germany via Netherland harbors. In addition to iron ore, great quantities of timber, building stone and bar iron are exported to Germany, from which country we import articles of general consumption, raw goods and industrial articles of almost every kind. The balance of trade with the other countries of western Europe and with Africa is considerably in favor of Sweden, while the trade with Asia and America consists almost entirely of import. The exports to Norway and Finland are in excess of the imports, the opposite being the case with the Danish and Russian trade.

Says a Swedish church review regarding church work in Finland: "About the year 1885, Rev. P. B. Carlsson went from Sweden to Finland and began work in the city of Helsingfors as a Methodist Episcopal minister. Since then three other Methodists have successively come from Sweden and labored for a longer or shorter time in that city. The work has progressed to such an extent that on Aug 29, the Methodist Episcopal congregation was able to lay the corner stone for a church edifice of its own. The material used for the new building will be a costly granite. It will have a seating capacity of about [illegible] persons. The congregation numbers in all [illegible] members.

A reception was tendered Holger Drachmann, the Danish poet and playwright, on the evening of Oct 22. After the reception an elaborate dinner was served at Grand Hotel, in which [illegible] guests—members of Stockholm's elite and literary circles participated. Doctor Ranft was the master of ceremonies.

Heavy rains were frequent in the capital last month. Not in many years has such a tremendous downpour visited the city as that which lasted without cessation last month. The southern part of the country is now frost-bitten and in the northern part there is plenty of snow.

Professor Yngve Sjostedt has been made a knight of the North Star Order. Professor Sjostedt is one of the leading educators of the country.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Norway is said to be seriously considering the formal annexation of Spitzbergen, that barren island from which so many polar expeditions have started. The island is not claimed by any power and as it seems to contain valuable mineral deposits which are beginning to be worked, the necessity for some permanent status is felt. Dr. Fridthiof Nansen, the explorer, who is now Norway's minister to Great Britain, denied in a recent interview with a representative of a London paper that the matter had come up for consideration in Norway as yet. "But there is no foundation then, for the rumor?" "In a sense there may be. Spitzbergen is reported to be wealthy in minerals if in nothing else. There are already two companies, one an English-Norwegian and one an American-Norwegian, which have for some time past been working the coal there. So far it has only been surface mining, but it is likely though that operations will be extended. Spitzbergen, you may remember, has absolutely no population of its own. Those who may be working there now are living in a state of anarchy in a lawless land. It is very possible, therefore, that the promoters of industrial schemes there are anxious that some one power should quickly make itself responsible for law and order. If one miner cares to murder another there is no punishment to be meted out to him as things now stand."

The fifty-sixth regular session of the Norwegian storthing was solemnly opened by King Haakon Oct. 22. The queen was present and also the members of the diplomatic crops. Troops paraded in front of the building and thousands crowded the adjacent street, strivings to get a glimpse of the splendor that goes with such functions. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity and the gala uniforms of the officers and diplomats, as well as the gowns worn by some of the ladies made a fine show, such as has seldom been seen in that city. It was the first storthing King Haakon had opened and the first since Norway became an entirely free and sovereign nation. The king's message was delivered by his majesty in a clear and distinct voice, and judging from its contents things look rather bright in old Norway at present and still better times may be expected.

Some of the papers in Christiania lament the low condition of morals in many parts of the city. Some of the places are designated as actual "pest houses" and even in the parks and other public places conditions are often such as to beggar description. Amid such it is refreshing to read also that in August the corner stone for a second Inner Mission chapel was laid. The building is already half finished and the work of completion is rapidly carried on. Rev. C. Hausteen read a report of the progress of the Inner Mission work and Provost Jensen officiated at the corner stone laying. The building is so arranged that it can be used every day in the week. It has a good sized auditorium and a number of smaller rooms for the meeting places of different societies.

After the financial crash in 1897, depression was long felt in all lines of business and still more so in the industries. Of late, however, the prospects for a healthful revival of prosperity seems good. Several items on the export list of the country show a marked increase. It is a well known fact that Norway possesses a great number of waterfalls which in our time means so many horsepowers for industrial purposes. During the last few months special activity has been displayed in harnessing some of the most powerful falls in the country and at some future day there may be nothing but modern factories to look at, where formerly tourists from all countries gathered to enjoy some of the most beautiful sights of the land of the Vikings.

Says a Norwegian correspondent to the Minneapolis Journal: "Autumn is full upon us. The last tourists have left the country and we shall be all to ourselves until the Holemenkollen ski races at least. From a financial standpoint the tourist traffic this year has been most satisfactory, and unless something unforeseen occurs it is sure to be still larger next year. The number of American visitors has been larger than ever and they are considered the best visitors—because they leave so much money behind. The crops have been good in most parts of the country and among the farmers satisfaction prevails, although in some regions the fruit crop proved a failure, owing to frost late in the spring."

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Announcement of the engagement of Count de Moltke of Copenhagen, to Miss Cornelia Thayer, daughter of Nathaniel Thayer, of Boston, is of great interest to Washington, D. C., society, as the bride-elect is a member of the same family as Count Adam de Moltke whose marriage to Miss Louise Bonaparte, daughter of the late Jerome Bonaparte, and niece of the present secretary of the United States navy, took place in Washington about two years ago. Count Moltke, who recently arrived in America, is well known in aristocratic circles of Copenhagen and possesses an independent fortune.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Fearing that the present agitation for increased wages has reached a point where it threatens the successful operation of railroads the executive officials of all lines west of Chicago have decided to ask the interstate commerce commission to become a board of arbitration for the settlement of all disputes between the employes and the railways.

John Baxter, at one time engineer at central high school in Minneapolis and for the past ten years supposed to be dead, has returned to the home of his family in the Mill City after extensive wanderings on two continents in search of gold. Baxter had been decleared dead by the courts and an insurance policy collected.

Ouster suits have been filed in the circuit court at Lima, O., by Attorney General Ellis against four subsidiary companies controlled by the Standard Oil company of New Jersey to prevent the further operation of the alleged combination popularly known as the "Standard Oil trust."

Day & Co., a grain and bond commission firm of Omaha, with branches in several cities in Nebraska, South Dakota, Iowa and Minnesota, have closer their doors. No statement of assets or liabilities have been given, but it is understood that heavy losses will result.

The national congress on uniform divorce laws, in session at Philadelphia, has adjourned after having adopted with few changes the entire uniform divorce bill as originally drafted by the committee appointed at the first meeting held in Washington.

The Standard Oil company of New Jersey has declared a quarterly dividend of $10 a share, or the same amount as was declared at this time last year. Shortly after the declaration the stock sold off 20 points, to 545.

"Canadian reciprocity" is to be the battle cry with members of congress from the Northwestern country during the coming season of congress, according to J. Adam Bede of the Eighth Minnesota district.

William Randolph Hearst, Democratic and Independence league candidate for governor of New York, has certified to the secretary of state that he spent $256,370 in promoting his canvass.

Official election returns from the county canvassing boards in Iowa give Cummins, Rep., 20,453 plurality for governor over Porter, Dem. This is the smallest plurality for many years.

Mike Ward, the pugilist of Carnia, Ont., is dead at Grand Rapids, Mich., as the result of a knockout in a fight with Harry Lewis of Philadelphia.

A coroner's jury at Asheville, N. C., brought in a verdict commending citizens for killing Will Harris, a notorious colored outlaw.

The Boston Elevated Railway company has announced a voluntary increase in wages to its 5 300 employes.

The discovery of manganese in almost unlimited quantities has been made in West Virginia.

Standard Oil stock declined seventy-one points in a week.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

West.

Carlisle 17, Minnesota 0.
Chicago 63, Illinois 0.
Wisconsin 29, Purdue 5.
Kansas 8, Nebraska 6.
Utah 10, Colorado 0.
St. Louis 32, Drake 9.
Ames 25, Grinnell 6.

East.

Princeton 0, Yale 0.
Pennsylvania 17, Michigan 0.
Harvard 22, Dartmouth 9.
Cornell 28, Swarthmore 0.
Syracuse 17, Lafayette 4.
Amherst 0, Williams 0.

Freezing Temperature In Texas.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 19.—The temperature here reached the freezing point. In the Panhandle region snow is falling.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 17.—Wheat—Dec., 77⅛@77¼c; May, 79⅜c; July, 80⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅜c; No. 3 Northern, 75@76c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 17.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veal calves, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.85@6.05. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.10; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 17.—Wheat—No. 1 hard on track, 80¾c. To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 80⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅜c; Nov., 80c; Dec., 77⅛c; May, 79⅝@80c; July, 80⅛c. Flax to arrive and on track, $1.25½; Nov., $1.25¾; Dec., $1.20¼; Jan., $1.21; May, $1.24½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Wheat—Dec., 73⅛c; May, 78⅝@78¾c. Corn—Dec., 42⅛c. Oats—Dec., 34⅛c; May, 35⅝c. Pork—Jan., $14.22½; May, $14.52½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 20@26c; dairies, 19@24c. Eggs, 22@26c. Poultry — Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 9½c; springs, 9c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@7.30; cows and heifers, $1.30@4.90; calves, $5.50@7.75; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.55. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.40; good heavy, $6.25@6.40; rough heavy, $5.85@6.00; light, $5.85@6.35; pigs, $5.60@6.05. Sheep—Sheep, $3.80@5.70; yearlings, $5.60@6.40; lambs, $4.50@7.70.

ROSE AND QUEEN.

The Loafer and Worker In Cow Hide and Their Records.

A circular from the Illinois experiment station gives the record of two cows, Rose and Queen. Rose was bought as a four-year-old for $50. She is now past sixteen, and her record for the past ten years is stated as follows:

Butter fat, 3,840 pounds at 25 cents	$900.00
Skim milk, 73,520 pounds at 15 cents per 100 pounds	110.29
Seven calves (4 heifers), at least	50.00
Total income	$1,120.29
Cost of keep, at $40 per year	400.00
	$720.29

The income for three more years should be added to this in estimating what the cow has done as a life work. In the same herd is a cow called Queen. This cow has also made a record of 912 pounds of butter fat, or 1,062 pounds of butter in six years. Thus while Rose gave an average of 448 pounds of butter per year Queen made only 177 pounds. In her best year Rose made 677.3 pounds of butter, or more than one ton. From their pictures the two cows seem to be of about the same size and would probably consume about the same quantity of food. During the ten years of the record Rose also produced seven calves, four of them being heifers. If these are anything like their mother every one of them should be kept.

The Yearly Income.

It will be seen that Rose gave an average yearly income for butter fat of $90, while Queen gave only $38. It may be possible to feed a cow for $38 a year. The station puts the cost at $40, and if this is a fair figure Queen lost $2 each year, while Rose gained $50 for her owner. Thus Professor Fraser is justified in saying that one cow is a great success while the other is a charity boarder, says the Rural New Yorker. Now, the question is, How many deadbeats like this Queen are there in your herd? Nearly every untested herd can show them. In eighteen Illinois herds, containing 333 cows, there were found seventy-four, or one in five, that were as poor as or poorer than Queen. There they were eating their heads off and expecting their owners to get his pay out of their society and the manure.

What Professor Fraser Says.

It is just as Professor Fraser says: "Quite unsuspected these Queens have everywhere honeycombed dairy society, but they have no rightful standing in the stalls of breadwinners and should be unmasked by the scales and test and sent to the only destination to which they have an honest ticket, without stop over or return—the butcher's block. Look out for these idle, spendthrift Queens. They may not look much different from worthy cows, but they are different—vastly different."

A Profitable Grade Dairy.

Numerous items have been printed of late showing that dairying, when well directed, is profitable. It is doubtful if any dairy can make a better accounting than that of C. S. Morris at Portlandville. While the price paid to Mr. Morris is low, yet the record is excellent. From March 1, 1905, to March 1, 1906, twenty cows gave 185,527 pounds of milk, an average of 9,276 per cow. The milk sold on the average for $1.08 1-3 per hundred pounds, making the total receipts $2,018.80, an average of $100.54 per cow. Three two-year-old heifers were included in the dairy. The cows are all grade Holsteins. To be accurate, it should be stated that Mr. Morris fed to the dairy about $600 worth of grain during the year.—Otsego (N. Y.) Farmer.

Dairy Wisdom

If the pastures begin to get short keep the cows in the stable away from the flies and hot sun and give them plenty of cut green feed, says the Farm Journal. This should have been provided for. Turn them out in good clean pastures at night.

If allowed to shrink in milk at the first shortage in pasture no amount of after feeding will bring cows up to their former profitable production until they come fresh again.

To make a profit in the dairy there must be an even flow of milk during the whole of the milking period.

The feed must be uniform. Good management can easily make this possible.

Frequent changes of pasture and plenty of soiling crops are within the easy reach of every intelligent dairyman.

A fresh bite will stimulate the appetite. The more a cow eats with relish the more she will produce.

Some dairymen try to see how little they can keep their cows alive on. No wonder that they are always in "hard luck."

Don't allow the flies to eat up the calves. Remember that their skin is thin and delicate and that flies can sap more blood than the calves can make.

Give the calves a drink of pure, clean water every day, no matter if they are getting milk.

Always have a chunk of rock salt in every pasture, also in the cow yard.

Did you know that it does make a difference whether or not a cow stands in her own stall at milking time? Just look into this a little. You will see that not one cow out of a dozen will act or feel at home in a stall where she is not in the habit of going. This means that her mind will be on something else. It may be she is having a tussle over the partition with another cow. Anyway, her milk will show a lack in quantity and surely in quality.

THE NEW STORE

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$3.00 shoes for $1.00.
5c skirt binding for 1c per yard.
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Corsets worth from 50c to $2.00. We sell for 15c to 75c.
The goods we are closing regardless of cost.
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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 22, 1906.

Judging from what the papers in this state that supported Johnson, if they have the say of the matter, Sam Fullerton will not continue to be the executive agent of the state game and fish commission. It is well.

Gov. John A. Johnson probably will not be nominated for president of the United States in 1908 and yet there is not a man in the Democratic party that would receive so large a vote for this office as this same John A. Johnson. When once Mr. Johnson is shown that a thing is right, he goes ahead and acts. That is what makes him so popular.

It is not very often that the Red Lake Falls Gazette gets close to the people but the following article taken from the columns of this paper would indicate that the Gazette was going to quit being the organ of the corporations:

The election of 1906 was productive of many things, both in state and county politics. Most notable among those brought forth is the reconfirmation of the fact the state convention is the hot bed of corrupt political manipulation. Before the convention last June it was generally conceded that Jake Jacobson, a man known to be unfriendly to corporate and machine power, was the peoples choice to head the republican state ticket. The nomination of Cole was distasteful to such a number of people that a democrat was relected governor in this overwhelmingly republican state. Not that we would cast any discredit on Mr. Cole's character, we believe him to be a clean, honest man. But the manner in which he was nominated and none can deny that his nomination was brought about thru the machinations of the politican is what was distasteful to the masses. The remedy is a direct primary for the nomination of state officers such as is in vogue for county legislative and congressional offices.

The primary law has its defects, it could be advantageously remodeled, but is by far better than the dirty, farcial, corruptable convention by which party nominations for candidates for state offices are made today. The conventions are merely a duplication of the old New England town meeting. In 1620 it worked splendidly, but things are different now, and it works abominably. Something must be done to bring the old New England town meeting up to date, to cope with present conditions. The way to do this is to extend the primary law to state offices then to nominations for U. S. senators and then to presidential electors. There will be much opposition to the extension of the primary law—all the professional politicians will be against it, for it will take away their jobs—the people can do very nicely without them and they know it. Beware of them for they care not for the people, nor for anything but their jobs.

Congress Again.

In less than a month now the people of this country will have congress on their hands again.

This can hardly be so important a session as that of last winter. For one thing, it is the "short session," ending March 4, when the terms expire and the new congressmen take their places. That is, they begin to draw salaries, but they will not be able to take their seats, unless there is a special session, until a year from next month.

Important matters, however, will press for action. The tariff is foremost in the popular mind, but it will occupy but a small place in the congressional vision. There is no election for two years, and the congressmen do not need to keep so close an eye on their constituencies as they do in the long session just preceding an election. The present house is hopelessly standpat, and those who would attempt tariff revision at this session would find themselves so circumscribed by hostility that they would quickly subside, unless they are possessed of unusual strength and determination.

The pure food bill, the meat inspection law, the denatured alcohol law and the railroad rate law, the important products of last winter's session, will need a little tinkering, flaws having been found in all of them.

Cuba will probably be the subject of some discussion, and those favoring annexation are quite likely to make their ideas known before the session closes. Annexation is not popular, and therefore it may not gain much headway, but it is certain to be discussed.

The merchant marine subsidy, the currency question, the Philippine tariff measure and other important subjects, are very likely to find themselves shunted off on the next congress for settlement.

Labor has some measures still awaiting attention, such as the anti-injunction bill and the bill limiting the hours of employment of railroad workers. The former stands little show of passage, at least in its present broad form, which makes labor the only exception from the operation of the writ of injunction. The bill that would place a reasonable limit on the time during which railroad trainmen may be employed is so obviously in the interests of the public safety that it ought not to have any real opposition, though it is certain to meet with some.

It will be a busy session, with little time for speech-making, and it will be interesting to note whether the warnings of the recent election will have any effect upon the conservatism of congress.—Duluth Herald.

Binding Our Own Hands

James J. Hill says that there is no more reason why this country should dread Canada in unprotected business competition than there is why North Dakota should fear Pennsylvania, and no more reason why Canada and the United States should be separated by a tariff wall than there is why one state should be separated from another by such a partition says the Duluth Herald.

The need of less restrictions upon the trade between this country and Canada is felt very strongly, and while Mr. Hill's plan to do away with the tariff altogether will probably stand little show of being generally accepted soon, there is hope that some reciprocal arrangement that will be to the mutual advantage of both countries may be brought about if the standpatters can be made to receive reason.

Canada has coal that we could use in our business, but we can't get it because of the tariff. Our coal is closely held, and prices are arbitrarily fixed without reference to the value of the product. American coal can be bought across the line cheaper than it can in this country. If there were no tariff on coal, Canada could ship her coal to this country and compete with the American coal trust, to the great relief of consumers.

To use another example, Canada has pulpwood and lumber, and the tariff we have imposed to shut them out is simply an implement that brings about our own undoing. Our lumber and our pulpwood are closely held, and the prices we pay for them are enormous.

As Mr. Hill said in his Chicago speech Saturday night, "if the time is not ripe for absolute free trade, the least that it demands is ample reciprocity. There cannot be a beginning until we have fixed in our minds the desirability of free interchange of natural products and raw materials, giving to the New England manufacturer his fuel and to the farmer of the western plain his lumber, and to the makers of books and newspapers everywhere their print paper free from the exactions that a needless tariff now permits monopoly to impose."

Can anybody figure out a reason why this country, squirming under the exactions of the coal trust, the lumber trust and the paper trust, should voluntarily keep up tariff schedules that prohibit relief from nearby supplies of coal, lumber and pulpwood in Canada?

We have no competition at home because these necessities are held by monopolies that charge us as much as they think we can possibly stand.

We have no competition from abroad because the tariff shuts it out.

Either we must destroy these monopolies, or we must let down the tariff bars and admit foreign competition to free them to give fair play.

And competition from Canada, a neighbor so close that it is almost the same as a sister state, should be invited, not barred out by aggravating and feud-creating tariff schedules.

New National Dairy Association.

A number of important points were brought out in the papers and discussion at the meeting and organization of the new National Association of Dairy Instructors and Investigators. The urgent need was mentioned of scientific work necessary to solve many dairy problems—for example, the control of moisture in butter, a quick and efficient method of determining moisture, causes and remedy of fishy flavor in butter, influence of pasteurization on food value of milk, influence of ripening on digestibility of cheese. Emphasis was placed on the demand for more and better trained men in dairy work and raising the standard of dairy instruction. It was also agreed that less time should be devoted to lectures and more to practical work in short courses. Every effort should be put forth to encourage keeping yearly records of dairy cows. There is much need for more scientific and uniform work in connection with the subject of feeding dairy cows. The scientific principles involved in the manufacture of condensed milk should be studied. The value of cheese as a feed is not sufficiently appreciated in the country, and efforts should be made to increase its consumption.

The Retail Milk Route.

Selling milk directly to the consumer is the most profitable branch of dairy farming.

With clean, sweet, honest milk and a reliable man to deliver it there is usually but little trouble in building up a good reliable route. A few customers well served will advertise the business and the trade will increase.

Keeping the cows clean is a good point. Bed them well and wipe off the udders before milking. Soluble dirt cannot be strained out.

Washing the cans is important. Rinse well with cold water, then use washing powder and hot water. Then rinse again. If hired help wash the cans watch while the work is being done.

Set the cans out of the way of falling chaff and dirt.

Many customers are lost by selling them badly strained milk. Run it through several thicknesses of straining cloth and cool it to 60 degrees.—American Cultivator.

ARGUED ON NOVEMBER 30

The County Seat Removal Case to Be Argued on That Date.

A Decision Favorable to Thief River Falls Is Expected.

Before the Minnesota state supreme court on the 30th of November, the arguments in the county seat removal case will be made. Thief River Falls interests will be looked after by Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston and it is understood that Attorney Knox, of Jackson, will appear for Red Lake Falls.

A decision will probably be rendered in the matter in about thirty *or sixty days from the time the arguments* are made and should the decision be favorable to Thief River Falls, the election on the county seat removal will be held sometime in February or March. Thief River Falls attorneys feel confident that the decision of Judge Watts, which was favorable to Thief River Falls, will be sustained, and if this is the case, the county seat of Red Lake county will be removed to Thief River Fal's before next summer.

John D. Rockefeller's Roads.

In the November Country Calendar an anonymous author writes as follows of John D. Rockefeller on his Westchester estate near New York city:

"Mr. John D. Rockefeller's roadmaking amounts to little less than a passion. In instructing his superintendent on the location of new roads, in supervising the actual construction, then Mr. Rockefeller is seen, perhaps, in his most genial mood. He rubs elbows with the laborers, laughs and cracks jokes with them. Occasionally, it is said, he has been known to lend a helping hand. When he returns after one of his prolonged absences his first inquiries concern the progress upon some pet thoroughfare. And the work is in every way creditable. First the roads, as would be expected, are solidly built. Tarrytown and the surrounding country did not know what a well constructed road was until Mr. Rockefeller came. Above all, they are laid out with intelligence; they always lead somewhere, usually to vantage points from which unusually beautiful views are obtained. You can drive for hours on roads that Mr. Rockefeller has laid out and not exhaust them."

Road Building by a State.

The citizens of Hamden, Conn., held a special town meeting recently for the purpose of voting money for the construction of a good road under state supervision. There was no opposition to the project, and the sum of $9,000 was voted. Two-thirds of this sum the state will pay back to the town when the road is completed.

Subscribs for the News.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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Instructor, Stenographer,
Accountant.

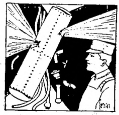

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

NAME YOUR ROUTE

It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.

Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi River. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.

Round trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, December 1 to December 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privilges.

TO

EASTERN

CANADA!

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORREY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

JOHNSON'S PROCLAMATION.

Thanksgiving Comes this Year on November 29th.

In accordance with law and custom, Gov. Johnson has issued the annual Thanksgiving proclamation, setting aside November 29th as a day of general thanksgiving. His proclamation is as follows;

"A shortened day, wind-blown leaf, an air crisp with the tang of the coming of the frost king, these remind us of the near approach of winter and the passing of another year.

"The past twelve months have been *remarkably prosperous ones for the* American people. In material prosperity no nation approaches ours in its enjoyment; in the renewal of the faith of our fathers, typified in the demand for the highest type of public service, we are still more to be congratulated. The year has been rich in blessings. On every hand in the bountiful Northwest there is peace and plenty. Poverty, through press of circumstance, will always exist, but the great mass of our people, provided as they are, with employment that yields a fair return for the labor performed, are prosperous almost to the point of affluence.

"That their better natures have not been lulled into forgetfulness of the higher things by the outpourings of the horn of plenty is significant of the new dispensation. On the contrary, the nation has experienced an awakening of the public conscience that has penetrated to our farthest borders and quickened the entire body politic.

"Recognizing our blessings and remembering, too, that our own fair state of Minnesota has been notably free from any public calamity expressed in fire or flood, famine or pestilence, or other cataclysm of nature, it is not only our privilege but our duty to give thanks to our Heavenly Father, the giver of all good things and the father of all our mercies.

"As an evidence of our gratitude and in conformity to usage and the precedent established by our New England fathers, and continued by the presidents of the United States, I, John A. Johnson, governor of the State of Minnesota, do hereby proclaim Thursday, Nov. 29, A. D. 1906, as a day of general thanksgiving. Upon that date let the people assemble in their customary places of worship, and participate in such services as will indicate the gratitude in their hearts for the manifold blessings of the past, and let them devoutly pray for a continuance of Divine mercy in the future. Around the hearthstone and at *the family altar* let the bounty of our God be the topic of thought.

Thought It Was a Deer.

Crookston Journal: The first "thought-it-was-a-deer" fatality of the hunting season in the north half of the state occurred at Lake Emily, east of Pequot, in Cass county, yesterday, when Louis Kling was shot in the bowels, the wound being so severe that it was reported he had no responsible chance for recovery.

Kling was in the employ of the Cross Lake Lumber company, and was going through the woods, near the shore of Lake Emily, when a shot rang out and he fell to the ground receiving a mortal wound from a heavy calibre rifle.

The wounded man was taken to Pequot but last accounts were to the effect that he could not survive.

William Beauhart, a homesteader living near Pequot, did the shooting, and he stated that he mistook Kling for a deer and fired his rifle before he discovered his mistake.

Great Northern Excursion.

—On November 28th and 29th, we will sell tickets at one fare and one third for the round trip. Final return limit, December 3rd, on account of Thanksgiving Day

BOY IS SHOT.

Young Boy Shot, Out Near Bagley, Last Week.

Bagley, Nov. 16: Clarence Arneson, the 13 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Arneson of this place, was instantly killed this forenoon, by the accidental discharge of a shotgun.

Young Arneson was hunting on the Anderson farm two miles west of Bagley, and had with him a double-barreled shotgun. He had been hunting for an hour or more, when he put the gun to the ground, butt first, with the barrels pointing upward. The boy was leaning against and over the top of the gun, when in some unaccountable manner both barrels were discharged. The entire load in the gun entered the young fellow's side and he dropped to the ground, blood streaming from the gapping wound. Death was instantaneous.

The body was at once brought to Bagley to the home of the boy's parents.

Clarence had lived in Bagley with his parents during the past seven years,

The Dixie Jubilee Singers Coming.

The Dixie Jubilee Singers are coming to give a concert in the Presbyterian church Dec. 26th, 1906.

These famous singers are well known throughout the North West, having toured this region three successive seasons. They are so popular where known that concert Halls overflow at a second or third visit of the troop. Thief River Falls is to have the privilege of hearing these famous Jubilee Singers Dec. 26th. This concert does not belong to the Lyceum Course but is an entirely different affair. Please remember The Dixie Jubilee Singers in the Presbyterian church Dec. 26th, 1906.

Cole Carried 6 of 83 Counties.

A. L. Cole carried six Minnesota counties while Governor Johnson received pluralities in each of the other seventy-seven. Johnson crried every county in the third, fourth, fifth, seventh and ninth districts. Cole carried Houston in the first, Faribault and Jackson in the second, both by small pluralities; Cass and Hubbard in the sixth and Cook in the eighth.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

A NEW SCHEME.

Secretary Bonaparte Would Legalize the Party "Boss."

Secretary of the Navy Charles J. Bonaparte has given to the public a novel plan for the election of a "legalized boss" in each state and city by party primaries—the "boss" to select all candidates for the various elective offices. He believes that in this way better men can be secured for public offices. He outlines his plan as follows:

"He ought to be elected annually by the legal voters of his party, at a primary held under all the sanctions of law, and at which only this one office, or rather position, should be filled. Each voter would only have to say whom he considered the best man in the party to be constituted a nominating convention of one, for all elective offices within the state, city or county, as the case might be. This would be a very simple duty, and I am inclined to think it could be satisfactorily performed by the average voter: and I likewise think it probable that no one of the persons who have been known as 'bosses' since I have known something about politics would have been elected at such a primary.

Result on County Division.

At the election on the 6 inst. 2,276 of the voters of Marshall county voted upon the proposition to divide the county in two on the line running north and south between ranges 44 and 45. Of the votes cast on the proposition 601 were in favor of it and 1,675 against.

The proposition was thus defeated by a majority of nearly three to one. In the territory embraced within the boundaries of the proposed Hiawatha county, the vote was 185 for, to 473 against, an adverse majority of about three and two-thirds to one. In what would, in case of division have retained the name of Marshall county, the vote stood 412 for, to 1002 against, or a majority of not quite two and a half to one. Three towns, Donnelly and Wright in the "old" county and Veldt in the proposed new county made no returns on the proposition. Out of 22 precincts in the proposed county, only six were carried for division in the west end Argyle Middle River and Bloomer alone of the 28 precincts went for division, while in Fork the vote was a tie.

In the proposed Hiawatha county not a vote for division was given by Agder East Valley New Folden or Valley, while Grand Plain, Moylan, New maine and New Solum each gave but one and East Park and Excel but two each.

Middle River, which was to be the county seat of the proposed county, voted solidly for division, but Spruce Valley, the town in which the village of Middle River is situated, gave division a majority of only four votes. The natural inference to be drawn for an examination of the returns is that the towns which it was proposed to set off from Marshall county are overwhelmingly opposed to such action. That the people of Lincoln, West Valley, Marsh Grove and Viking, four easternmost towns of the "old county," knew the sentiment of their neighbors on the east and sympathized with them, is also made manifest by the one-sided majorities they gave against division.

Several hundred of the voters of the county failed to express their sentiments upon the question of division when they cast their ballots on election day, and, strange to relate, Warren furnished nearly fifty of such voters.—Warren Register.

St. Hilaire Won the Prize.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Word was received here yesterday that Buttermaker George L. Austin of the St. Hilaire creamery had been awarded the first prize for hand separator creamery butter at the Red River Valley Dairymen's convention at Crookston.

Yesterday's Crookston Times, in writing up the proceedings of the convention, has the following:

"One of the first things taken up this morning was the scoring of the butter, which was done by H. P. Olson, editor of the Dairy Record, St. Paul; Hon. B. F. Flint, Dairy Commissioner of North Dakota, and Lucian Sweet, president of the State Dairymen's association. There were 25 entries of creamery butter and the scores were mostly above 90 which is considered good. The highest score, 94, was made by Geo. L. Austin, of St. Hilaire, who was awarded a handsome silver pitcher inscribed with his name and the score he made. The next highest score was 93½ made by Calvin Mooers of Ada and the next highest, 93¼, was made by Louis Flagel of Erskine. These three were almost equal in point of flavor and in other points but Austin's proved to have a better body than the rest. During the scoring, which was done behind locked doors, the convention was called to order by Prof. Wilson and he then turned it over to J. R. Morley, secretary of the State Dairymen's association."

Mr. Austin and the St. Hilaire creamery are entitled to congratulations. They have for a long time turned out more butter than any other creamery in northern Minnesota and it is highly gratifying to know that they are now making it the best.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

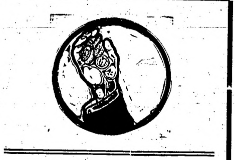

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Farm Loans! Easy Terms!

If you desire to make a loan on your farm, it will be to your interest to consult us. One of our plans for loans is on 10 years time, 7 per cent interest, no commission, with privilege of paying 1-5 on the 1st or 15th of any month of the year. Interest on the amount paid will stop on the day it is paid. We also have other plans for making loans on easy terms. We extend to all a cordial invitation to come and see us.

Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

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Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

LIFE INSURANCE PAID

MINNEAPOLIS MAN RETURNS TO HIS FAMILY AFTER COURTS DECLARED HIM DEAD.

Entire Business Section of the Village of Battle Lake Destroyed by Fire—Aged Man Sentenced to Prison for Life for Wife Murder Begs to Be Executed—News of the State in General.

Minneapolis, Nov. 15.—John Baxter, at one time engineer at central high school in this city and for the past ten years supposed to be dead, has returned to the home of his family in Minneapolis after extensive wanderings on two continents in search of gold. Now the relatives of Baxter and others who participated in a funeral in his memory are wondering whose was the body that figured as the chief feature of that ceremony.

Baxter's return not only shows the funeral of ten years ago to have been illtimed so far as he was concerned, but also upsets the judgment of two courts which have pronounced him dead. In a suit brought by the supposed widow to collect on a life insurance policy of $2,500 the district court decided in favor of Mrs. Baxter. On appeal by the insurance company this judgment was affirmed by the state supreme court and the proofs of Baxter's death were found to be sufficient.

SWEPT BY WAVE OF FIRE.

Entire Business Section of Battle Lake, Minn., Destroyed.

Battle Lake, Minn., Nov. 16.—Fire wiped out the entire business section of this village, comprising all that part of the place on the west side of the river with the exception of one residence. Every ablebodied male citizen of the village joined the brigade of fire fighters, but in the absence of a regular fire department the flames had gained considerable headway before efforts of the citizens were brought under systematic control, the single fire engine being of little avail.

By midnight every business house in the village which had not already been reduced to ruins was in flames and there was no possibility of checking the blaze.

The fire is the worst this village ever has suffered. The exact amount of the damage is not known, but fifteen store buildings with almost their entire contents have been entirely destroyed.

DEATH AFTER ASSAULT.

Man Dies While in Jail at Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Nov. 18.—Paul Meyer was arrested at Richville and brought to this city tonight to answer for the death of Louis Steichen, which occurred in the county jail here yesterday.

Meyer, it is charged, had assaulted Steichen, and injured him severely. He was fined for the assault, but immediately he had Steichen arrested. Steichen died a few hours after being brought to jail.

The coroner held a post-mortem examination yesterday, the result of which he is not yet ready to disclose, but Meyer's arrest followed the examination. The charge against him is manslaughter.

BEGS TO BE HANGED.

Farmer Changes Plea to Guilty and Is Given Life Sentence.

Preston, Minn., Nov. 17.—"But I am guilty and all ready to take what I deserve," said Celestian St. Antoine in response to his attorney's advice, when by his own request he was arraigned in court for the second time on a charge of wife murder. Upon his assuring the court that he desired to change his plea to guilty he was given a life sentence and the sensational case was ended, much to the disappointment of the crowd. While being taken to the jail St. Antoine complained bitterly because he was not to be hanged and censured the judge for neglect of duty in not imposing the death sentence.

PIONEER OF DULUTH DEAD.

Captain Norris Was Formerly Lake Vessel Master.

Duluth, Nov. 14.—Captain M. Norris, a pioneer of Duluth, aged sixty-two years, died at an early hour during the morning of heart trouble. He was the largest individual owner of real estate in Duluth and his estate will run considerably more than $1,000,000. A widow and son survive him. In his earlier life Captain Norris was a vessel master on the Great Lakes.

Fire Fighter Seriously Injured.

St. Paul, Nov. 14.—Assistant Fire Chief Rodecker was very seriously and perhaps fatally injured while making a run to a fire on Tenth and Cedar streets. His buggy was struck by a hose cart at the corner of Ninth and Cedar, overturning it and hurling the chief headlong into the excavation for the new Y. M. C. A. building at that corner.

Child Knocks Over Shotgun.

Hallock, Minn., Nov. 14.—The four-year-old daughter of Arthur Ferguson of this city was killed by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. The little one was playing about the room in the home of her grandfather and knocked down a loaded shotgun, which went off accidentally and blew off the front part of the girl's face.

SENTENCE IS APPROVED.

Decision on Appeal of Faribault (Minn.) Banker.

St. Paul, Nov. 13.—The United States circuit court of appeals has handed down a decision affirming the judgment of the United States district court in sentencing Thomas B. Clement, the Faribault banker, to eight years in the state penitentiary.

Clement was indicted in the United States district court for making false entries and wilful misapplications of the funds and credits of the First National bank of Faribault, of which he was president. He challenged the panels of the grand and petit juries, because they were drawn from the district at large and were not composed of persons who resided in the Third division of the district. He demurred to some counts of the indictment on the ground of duplicity. He moved for a continuance of the case at the time it was first set for trial, on the ground that his physical infirmities disabled him from preparing for trial. At the close of the case he demurred to the evidence on the ground that it failed to establish the commission of any of the offenses charged. He filed a motion in arrest of judgment on the ground that the indictment charged no criminal offenses.

These challenges, demurrers and motions were overruled and denied and the defendant was found guilty on twenty-four of the twenty-seven counts.

ALL TRAVEL BY MAIL.

Plan for Government Control of Transportation.

Minneapolis, Nov. 14.—James L. Cowles of Connecticut, secretary of the Postal Progress league of America, made an earnest plea in the chapel of the University of Minnesota for the support of the students in his project of government control of transportation.

Mr. Cowles declares that the postoffice department of the United States should carry people as well as parcels and letters.

"At no distant date," said Mr. Cowles, "I believe this system will be put into practice and it will then be possible to go to any part of the United States for no more than a dollar. It is now being used to a great extent in Switzerland."

GUN FALLS, KILLS BOY.

Shot While Examining Weapon Belonging to Friend.

Duluth, Nov. 18.—While examining a gun which a boy companion had brought to show him, Harry Widner, seven years old, was shot and accidently killed at his home in Foxboro.

A neighbor boy, who had been presented with a new gun, brought the weapon over to show Harry. The Widner boy was about to take the gun from the hand of his friend when the weapon slipped from his grasp and struck a log. The shell was discharged, the contents striking the boy in the shoulder, passing through his lungs and heart and producing instant death.

FOUND DEAD IN MINE.

Live Wire Kills Man While Alone in Pit.

Chisholm, Minn., Nov. 18.—Gustave Fink, head electrician at the Monroe mine, was found dead in a new pit at the mine last night. He had been engaged in wiring the drift, and it is thought that he unwittingly got hold of a live wire, and, losing his balance when the current struck him, fell to the bottom of the winze and was killed.

He was alone in the pit and his death was not known until a searching party went to look for him when he did not return to his home in the evening.

FOR TAKING UMBRELLA.

Grand Jury at Mankato Returns Indictment.

Mankato, Minn., Nov. 18.—The grand jury has indicted George Devans on the charge of robbing Peter Ulman of $45; Dell Fuller of Lake Crystal on the charge of stealing a $10 umbrella from Miss McManes of Minneapolis from the Lake Crystal depot; G. M. Handerson on the charge of assault in the second degree upon Municipal Judge W. L. Comstock and S. H. Thurston of Garden City on the charge of having embezzled $60 sent him by W. R. Morgan to pay interest on a mortgage. All have pleaded not guilty.

SIXTH INFANTRY ARRIVES

Will Be Stationed at Missoula, Harrison and Lincoln.

Missoula, Mont., Nov. 19.—The Sixth infantry, which served two years in the Philippines, arrived during the day from the Pacific coast. The regiment will relieve the Seventh infantry, which has been sent to Fort Wayne, Mich.

The Third battalion will garrison Fort Missoula and the other two battalions will be stationed at Fort Harrison, near Helena, and at Fort Lincoln, N. D.

FREIGHTS IN COLLISION.

One Man Killed and Two Injured at Sioux City.

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 19.—One man was killed and two injured in a rear-end collision of freight trains on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul near the western limits of the city. The dead man is William Blake, a brakeman, of this city.

The wreck is said to have been due to a misunderstanding of orders by one of the crews.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Alfred S. Tallmadge, for twenty-three years a prominent resident of St. Paul, is dead.

Patrick Gillen, one of the pioneer residents of St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty-three years.

Nels Nelson, aged sixty-five, a carpenter, was crushed to death at the Great Northern shops, St. Paul.

John J. Miller, aged eighty-two, a resident of St. Paul since 1856, is dead. He was a veteran of the Civil war.

Elections in which voting machines are used are legal, under a decision handed down by the state supreme court.

Hendrick Erickson, one of the oldest residents of Douglas county, is dead from the effects of injuries received in a fall.

Dr. George B. Moore, for three years surgeon for the St. Paul police department, is dead of pneumonia. He was thirty-five years of age.

Louis Kling, an engineer, employed by the Cross Lake Logging company, north of Brainerd, was fatally shot by William Butchette, who was hunting deer.

Mayor-Elect Haynes of Minneapolis has issued a positive statement to the effect that he will compel saloons to remain closed on Sunday after he assumes office.

A state's prison term of a year and a day and a fine of $895.11 was the sentence meted out to Edwin D. Holmes, former Detroit postmaster, in the federal court at Fergus Falls.

Matthew D. Flannigan, foreman of a switching crew, was killed between an engine and a car in the Omaha railway yards at St. Paul. His neck was broken and his chest crushed.

Charles A. Nelson, the young man who was charged with robbing the postoffice at Dahl, Becker county, pleaded guilty in the federal court at Fergus Falls and was sentenced to one year in the reformatory.

Moses Ward, a young Indian charged with stealing a check for $150 and cashing it after he had erased the cipher so that it would not be so large as to arouse suspicion, pleaded guilty at Fergus Falls and was sentenced to one year in the reformatory.

Section 16, the now famous Lydick allotments at Cass Lake, will henceforth be known as West Cass Lake. An enthusiastic meeting of the directors of the town was held recently and the town was incorporated under the laws of the state with a capital of $50,000.

Hunters returning from their favorite hunting places in the northern part of the state say that the geese are scarce this year as yet and few are starting on their flight South. They attribute this to the fact of the exceptionally fine weather of the fall, and prophesy a long continuation of the mild temperature.

While answering a call to a fire W. A. Rodecker, assistant chief of the St. Paul fire department, was seriously injured by being hurled into the excavation of the new Y. M. C. A. building. His skull was fractured by striking on the rock bottom of the excavation and it is feared that he received internal injuries.

The sawmill of the Winona Lumber company at Winona will not open again next season, having closed down permanently. This is the third sawmill at Winona to close in the last few years, and there remains only the mill of the Empire Lumber company, which will remain in operation for two or three years more.

Ben Guy, twenty-two years old, an employe of the Crookston Lumber company at Bemidji, was killed in a peculiar manner. Guy was working on a lath machine and raised the rolls to look at the machine, when one of the lath bolts flew through the air and hit him in the abdomen. He died in a hospital several hours later.

While driving a wagon from Madelia to his home, three miles east of that city, John W. Yeager, a farmer, was thrown out by a wheel going into a rut. He was caught in the running gear and dragged backward for a mile, the horses having taken fright when the driver fell out. Yeager sustained injuries from which he died a few days later.

Theodore, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Gottwalt, near Rice, Stearns county, probably fatally shot his four-year-old sister Leon. The mother of the children had gone to town and the father was out in the field. The boy put his little sister in a chair and taking a thirty-two-calibre rifle aimed it at her breast and fired. The bullet passed clear through the body of the little girl, piercing her lungs.

The officials of the United States land office in Duluth have received official notice that the Marshall land district, with its office at St. Cloud will be discontinued after Dec. 15 and the business of the district transferred to and consolidated with that of the Duluth district. The Duluth district will then comprise practically all of that part of the state south of a line running west from Duluth to the Dakota line.

Because he was unable to bear longer the grief of his wife's death William M. Kerkhoff, president of the Yosemite Mining company, committed suicide at Minneapolis. Kerkhoff was at one time treasurer of the Twin City Telephone company, but left that position to become president of the Yosemite Mining company. His wife died some little time ago and since then he has been so overcome with grief as to be unable to attend to his business affairs.

IN THE DAIRY

Writing of the Ayrshire cow, Henry E. Alvord, the dairy expert, has declared that in obtaining subsistence and doing well on a wide range of scanty pasture or in thriving and giving a dairy profit upon the coarsest of forage there is no cow which excels the Ayrshire unless it be the little Irish Kerry.

The natural hardihood of constitution renders these cattle admirably adapted to grazing on broken and rugged pastures and in sterner weather than would be conducive to the well being of cows of other breeds.

Another authority says: Kerry cattle came from Ireland. Only a few of them are now in the United States.

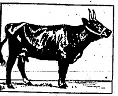

FIRST PRIZE KERRY HEIFER, WALTON EVE. [Owned by Lady Grenall, Walton Hall, Warrington.]

They are adapted to broken and scant pastures. The cows are small, weighing from 600 to 700 pounds. They give a large quantity of milk of good quality, being not far behind Guernseys and Jerseys.

My Little Kerry Cow.

Cusha, cusha, cusha, my little Kerry cow,
The king's own herds of cattle hold none more kind than thou;
But, let one use thee with despite,
And thou wilt kick and toss and bite,
Nor call on law thy wrong to right,
My little Kerry cow.

Cusha, cusha, cusha, my little Kerry cow,
The cud is sweet between thy teeth while I sit leaning now
My forehead 'gainst thy silken side
And looking with my father's pride
At thy brown eyes and night black hide,
My little Kerry cow.

Cusha, cusha, cusha, my little Kerry cow,
Whoever grudged to give her milk to us, it was not thou.
The kindest beast 'twixt Clare and Cong,
And so I make of thee this song,
Lest thou shouldst find the milking long,
My little Kerry cow.

Sanitary Milk Pail.

The covered milk pail is now considered a necessity in the production of sanitary milk or certified milk. It is a first principle that in order to have clean milk the milking must be done in such a manner that dirt cannot possibly get into the pail. This calls for a pail specially constructed for the purpose. A writer in American Cultivator has described the Gurler pail, devised by the well known dairyman of that name in Illinois. The writer has said that the pail was devised that milk might be obtained as exempt from dirt as possible. No one, to his knowledge, was manufacturing the pail and it was not patented. A good local tinsmith should be able to make it for any dairyman wanting it, and its cost even then would not be more than $2 or $2.50.

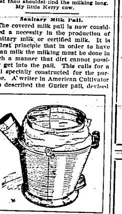

THE GURLER MILK PAIL.

As represented in the picture, the cover is closely fitting, and into it is fastened a layer of absorbent cotton, through which all the milk passes before entering the pail. As the milk is poured out through the covered spout the strainer is not removed from the pail until the milking is through. It is then destroyed and a new one prepared to take its place for the next milking. The expense of the cotton is slight, and along with equal cleanliness in all other directions the pail has never yet failed to give complete satisfaction.

Pretty Good.

A herd of twenty-five cows, grade Guernseys and grade Jerseys, fresh at all times. Cost of feed, $28; returns from cream, $57.18; pounds of milk, 5,800; pounds of butter, 298; price of butter, 19.2 cents; price of milk, 98.4 cents; received for $1, in feed, $2.04; net profit of butter over cost of feed, $29.18 per cow per year. Ration: Bran and malt sprouts, six pounds; well cured ensilage, thirty pounds; straw; fodder corn in fall; in summer, pasture only. Adding value of skim milk at 20 cents per 100 makes profit $40.80 per cow.—Bulletin 5, Ottawa, Canada.

Silo Necessary.

In the majority of cases you cannot run a dairy profitably without a silo. I unhesitatingly recommend it to every dairyman as one of the cheapest means of producing the best results. Silage takes the place of green stuff in winter and keeps the cattle in good, healthy condition. Professor R. H. Rawl, United States Department of Agriculture.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:20 pm
12:40 pm Ar....Middle River....Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK
ADDITION
IS LOCATED
BETWEEN THE
RED LAKE
RIVER AND
RED LAKE
RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER
AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE
& CO.,
Contractors
and
Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS,
MINN

If You Are Going to
Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River
Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 232, Red Lake Series, for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 4, T'wp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Spilholm, " " " " "
Abrahm B. Newton, " " " " "
Daniel P. O'Neil, " " " " "

oct 25 to nov 29

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 109, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 8, T'wp. 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota,
Torger T. Ose,
Andrew O. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlom, " " " "

oct 25 nov 29

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 614, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 35, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Alonzo George, " "
Nels A. Leeberg, " "
Adolph W. Hanning, of " "

oct 25 nov 29

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: George M. Gunderson H. E. No. 161, Red Lake Series, for the S W. ¼ sec 28 Tp. 154 N., Rg. 43 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lars Matson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Quist, " " " "
Charley Peterson, " " " "
John Hegerness, " " " "

nov 1 dec 6

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal,
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Charles Elgstan.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 2nd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated November 2nd, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

COURT SEAL

Nov 8 22

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

One fare, and one third for the Round Trip between all stations on the Soo Line for Thanksgiving day.

IN THE DAIRY

When cows are to be stabled continuously through the year, without any yard privileges whatever, we incline to the opinion that there should be neither stalls nor ties of any kind, except a few stanchions or stalls in a separate compartment, where a few of the cows can be admitted at a time and kept in place during milking and while eating their grain, says Hoard's Dairyman. For the balance of the time provide a comparatively roomy pen, to be occupied in common by the entire herd, with racks for hay and other coarse fodder through the center, around the sides. This necessitates the dehorning of all the animals, but furnishes a measure of freedom and exercise not obtainable in any form of stall or tie.

We reproduce in this connection a floor plan for such an arrangement adapted from circular No. 95, dairy division of the Illinois Agricultural college, and copy from that circular as follows:

A space in the barn 35 by 52 feet is devoted to the cows. A manger running lengthwise extends to within eight feet of the wall at each end. These spaces between the manger and the wall are closed by gates. At milking time all of the cows are driven to the side of the manger where the figures showing dimensions are placed, which contains a watering tank, not shown in the cut, and the gates are closed. The door of the milking room, sixteen feet in width, is then opened, and the boss cows are always ready to enter. Near the end of this room are three stalls, in which the milking is done, and it is surprising to note how quickly each cow learns in which stall she is to be milked and the order in which her turn comes, so that the three milkers (thirty-three cows are cared for in this barn) have little difficulty in always milking the same cows and in the same order. When the milkers are ready the gates at the rear of the stalls are opened, one cow enters each stall, and the gates are closed. The cows eat their grain while being milked and pass out through gates at the front of the stalls into the other side of the shed or main room. As the manger and gates divide this room, the cows that have been milked are forced to remain on one side and cannot come to the milking stalls a second time.

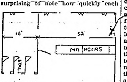

DIAGRAM FOR LOOSE STABLING.

All grain is fed in the milking stalls and the roughage from the large manger in the center of the shed. This manger is raised as fast as the manure accumulates (abundant bedding must be used), so that it is always a convenient height for the cows. In this herd of thirty-three cows not a soiled cow was to be seen.

Best Stock Is Cheapest.

All favor the practice of economy; it is part of the business of life. True economy comes in practice here. Suppose two cows are in the market, costing $20 and $50 respectively, and the question is which to buy, we should consider what each cow will do. If the twenty dollar cow makes $30 worth of butter and the fifty dollar cow makes $75 in a given time, why isn't the latter by far the more economical? The cheap cow will consume as much as the higher priced. In Maine the farmers are losing more in this matter than elsewhere. The quality of a farm animal determines in a measure the profit of the farm. It is not necessary to breed pure thoroughbred animals, but those which will yield their product at a profit. Another point: Is it economy to use a cheap bred or scrub sire or the pure bred for double the cost? I think the latter cheaper in the end. Our stock interests grow poorer every year. I can see a decrease in the quality and value of our farm animals. When stock is high buyers take the best to send to Brighton, and we do business with the rest. We must retrograde, for it is impossible to advance in quality under such conditions.—George Plummer, Penobscot County, Me., in American Cultivator.

Not All Cows Alike.

It is true that a very large per cent of our dairy cows are absolutely unproductive, never paying their own expense. Is it not far better to keep fifteen cows all of which are liberal producers than to add to this number another fifteen that are not self supporting? The second fifteen are kept up by the profit of the first fifteen, but how is the owner to be kept up? This very difficulty with which we are so heavily burdened must be removed before a dairy can be made profitable. But how are we going to judge which animals are profitable and which are unprofitable? By the milk sheet, a pair of milk scales and the Babcock test. At the end of each month we can tell exactly how much milk and butter fat each cow in the herd has produced and hence how much money she has made. From this amount the expense of keeping her could be deducted and the remainder credited to her account as profit for the month.—Professor R. H. Rawl.

COLD STORAGE BUTTER.

Light Salting, Sweet Cream and Low Temperature Are Best.

In an investigation into the quality of butter during a cold storage test of eight months and after removal from the same the following results were obtained by C. E. Grey, dairy expert of the bureau of animal industry:

First.—Butter containing low percentages of salt kept better than did butter of the same lot containing higher percentages of salt.

Second.—Butter in full cans and tubs at —10° and +10° F. scored about the same. At +32° F. there was a slight difference in favor of cans.

Third.—Butter in full cans kept much better than did butter in cans only partially full, the deterioration doubtless being due to the presence of air in the partially full cans.

Fourth.—Butter held at —10° F. kept best, both when in storage and after removal from storage.

Fifth.—Butter made from cream received at the creamery sweet and in good condition kept well while stored at —10° and +10° F. Also after removal from storage, giving results wholly satisfactory.

Sixth.—Butter made from cream received at the creamery sour and in fair condition kept well while in storage at —10° and +10° F., but deteriorated rapidly after removal from storage, giving, on the whole, results which were very unsatisfactory.

Why the Paraffin Cracks.

The cracking and coming off of the paraffin coating on cheese are undoubtedly due, according to Hoard's Dairyman, to not heating the paraffin hot enough before dipping the cheese. The paraffin should be heated from 240 to 260 degrees F. A gasoline stove serves very well for heating it. A cylindrical vessel large enough for taking the cheese is used for the paraffin, and the cheese, supported by a holder, which is so constructed that it rests upon but four points, is dipped for a moment into the hot liquid. A small double pulley is very handy for raising the cheese after it has been submerged for a moment and holding it over the vessel for the surplus paraffin to drain off. Fastening the pulley to a crane permits the moving of the cheese from the table to the vessel containing paraffin and back again with ease. The cheese should be paraffined soon after leaving the press. It has been found that the paraffin sticks better to the cheese when the cloth circles have been removed.

Butter and Milk

"Bank note butter" is made in Holland. It is not made by any particular process, but it has the government seal of purity and superiority. Creameries where it is made are rigidly inspected by the government.

Salting In the Churn.

This is practiced by many buttermakers and especially by farmers. The butter granules are allowed to reach the size of a grain of wheat, the salt is then added and the churn slowly revolved. It will not take the salt long to become thoroughly incorporated in the butter. The maker will soon be able to estimate the amount of salt required for any one churning.

Value of Butter.

Why does good butter bring a higher price in the market than poor butter? Wheat demands a higher price than oats because it contains a great amount of food nutrients. But is this true in regard to the different grades of butter? Is not butter that scores as "seconds" just as nutritious as that which is classed as fancy "extra?" Then why the difference in price? The answer is found in the fact that the American palate has been educated to a desire for fine flavored butter. The value of butter, therefore, is contained in the flavor, and those factors which produce the finest flavored butter possible are the ones which ought to be encouraged.

Milk a Digester.

In experiments by Professor Harry Snyder of Minnesota on the food value of cottage cheese, rice, peas and bacon he found that milk constituted a considerable part of the diet. A general fact of great practical importance brought out by the investigation as a whole was that when milk was used the actual digestibility of the rations was greater than that calculated from the digestibility of the individual foods used, showing that when combined with other foods milk exercises a favorable effect upon digestibility.

Testing Milk.

The following is an outline by a dairy paper of the Babcock method of testing milk. A known quantity of milk (17.6 cubic centimeters) is measured off by means of a pipette into a graduated test bottle. Seventeen and one-fifth cubic centimeters of commercial sulphuric acid of a specific gravity of 1.82 to 1.83 is then measured out by means of a graduated cylinder or an automatic pipette and added to the milk. The two fluids are mixed, and when the curd is dissolved the test bottles are placed in a centrifugal machine and whirled for five minutes at a rate of 800 to 1,200 revolutions per minute, according to the diameter of the machine. The small hand machines on the market require the higher number of revolutions. Boiling hot water is then filled into the bottles, by which means the liquid is brought into the narrow, graduated necks of the bottles. After an additional whirling of the bottles for one minute the length of the column of fat is read off in per cent. The whole process of testing a sample of milk according to this method will take less than a quarter of an hour, when a little skill in manipulation has been reached.

PERCENTAGE MILK.

Every Cow Puts Into Her Milk a Definite Per Cent of Butter Fat.

It might be supposed that the richer the milk the greater its advantage as a food for babies and children, especially as it can be so easily reduced. But those who understand the chemistry of milk know that its degree of digestibility depends upon the size of the fat corpuscles it contains—the smaller the size the more digestible. The milk of the Guernsey and Jersey breeds of cows is unsuitable, even when modified for infant feeding, because it contains fat corpuscles of large size and greater indigestibility than that of other breeds. And even of the milk of the other breeds that which is adapted to one child may not be to another, and in cases of illness the family physician is called upon to prepare for each of his infant patients a separate formula dependent upon the percentage of butter fat in the milk to be used as a basis.

Special Classes of Milk.

These facts, together with the difficulty of obtaining proper milk for babies, induced the proprietor of a farm near Boston to undertake to provide several classes of "percentage milk," a special 6 per cent milk for the use of thin invalids, convalescents and for the "milk cure," a 5 per cent milk for general use (in the family, etc.), a 4½ per cent milk for children after their second summer, a 4 per cent and also a fat free milk for babies. It is possible to guarantee a positive and practically unvarying percentage of fat in each or any of these classes by the selection and grouping of cows according to the quality of their milk as ascertained by the Babcock test.

This enterprise, according to a writer who makes the foregoing statements in Farm, Field and Fireside, is the first and only one known to the writer to take advantage of the fact that every cow puts into her milk a definite per cent of butter fat, a per cent peculiar to herself, which varies but slightly except for a short time at the beginning and ending of each lactation, and that no known methods of feeding can more than temporarily influence this fat content.

Official Tests In Indiana.

The dairy department of Purdue experiment station has established a system of official tests for the dairy herds of its state. The plan is to send out representatives from the station to conduct these tests for any breeders who desire them. Benefits which have been derived in other states where this plan has been tried amply justify the effort. The first official test has been completed. T. H. Jackson of South Bend, Ind., submitted six of his well known Holsteins to a seven days' milk and butter fat test. One of his cows, aged two years and four months, gave a seven day yield of 316.8 pounds of milk. Another made a record of 408 pounds. Applications have been made from several breeders of Jerseys, but these tests have not been completed. Mr. Hunziker, head of the dairy department, says pedigrees are much like titles. Unless they are backed up by the performance of the individuals holding them as well as by the performance of their ancestors they are of little value. Official tests are made for the purpose of determining and recording the performance of each individual.

Feeding Value of Skim Milk.

A correspondent of the Dairy Record has carried on extensive experimental work for a number of years from which he concludes that skim milk has a value of 20.4 cents a hundred pounds—that is to say, when hogs are bought and sold at the same price and corn is worth 25 cents a bushel and oilmeal is worth $1.50 per hundredweight skim milk is worth 20.4 cents per hundredweight. The feeds were fed in the following proportions: One part of oilmeal, six parts of shelled corn of fairly good quality and twenty parts of warm skim milk.

Dairy Talk of Today

Never mix cold cream and warm cream together. After the cream is cooled to the temperature of well water, say 50 degrees, then the two can be mixed. Emptying warm cream into cold cream nearly always develops bad flavors. If the cream is kept cool until delivered at the station or to the cream hauler it ought to reach the factory in splendid condition.

Put the cow that is to calve during these hot days in the stable and give her hay. Keep her out of the hot sun.

A good, clean, thick bedding in the stable is good for the cows and good for the milkers.

You enjoy a variety of food. So does the cow. It can be produced by sowing mixed pasture grass.

By a long list of experiments it has been proved that it costs $3.50 to make a calf gain a hundred pounds the first year, $7 in the second and $11 the third.

A writer in Kimball's Dairy Farmer says: "At no time in the memory of the writer has there been such necessity for the adoption of the silo, and the memory of the writer dates back to the time when the silo was first placed on dairy farms in the United States. He has continually used them on his own farms to store feed in not only for dairy cattle, but for hogs and horses as well, and in no case has he ever found lack of profit in the feeding. He is the first man in the country to have fed silage to hogs with data as to results and the first man to have advocated silage to the general farmer. To-day there are many such farmers to give favorable testimony to the value of silage both in the pen and feed lot."

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

Local Markets.

Wheat No. 1 Northern	68c
Oats	30c
Flax	1 07
Butter	23c
Eggs	23c

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Florence Russell arrived last week from Astoria, Oregon.

George Jarman and wife spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls visiting friends.

John Holnberg left last week for Cloquet to visit friends for a short time.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

Herman Swanke left Tuesday for Ashland, Wis., to visit with his family for a few days.

The O. K. Hide, Fur & Trading Co., buys and sells second hand household good, watches and guns.

—Anyone desiring to have knitting work done for the winter can call upon Mrs. Anna Olson, Porters addition.

Mrs. P. Rud of Silverton died Monday the 19th. Funeral today from Silverton Church Rev. I. T. Aastor officiating.

Miss Porter, one of the faculty in the high school, has tendered her resignation to take effect the 1st of December.

The Thief River Falls Orchestra will give a Thanksgiving ball in the Evenson Opera House on the evening of November 28.

Joseph Jerome, the Battle River merchant, was in the city last week visiting old friends and attending to business matters.

Miss Mabey, who had been in the city visiting her brother, P. W. Mabey, returned Sunday evening to her home in Lake City.

The O. K. Hide, Fur & Trading Co., makes a specialty of buying hides and furs, call and see us, Cheely and Sorenson, proprietors.

Attorney Walseth and Tautges of this city, were over to Warren the first of the week attending the November term of court for Marshall county.

Attention is called to the statement of the People State Bank published in another column. For the few weeks this bank has been open for business, the statement made is a decidedly good one.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30.

Plummer Pioneer:—Paul I. D. Ostby has resigned from his seat on the town board of Emardville township and Wm. Rose has been appointed to take his place. Mr. Ostby left Thursday evening to visit with his parents and old time friends in Freeborn county.

F. C. Leppert formerly in the hardware business at Wylie, but now located at Sarles, North Dakota, was married on October 31st to Miss Rose L. Piehl, of Seymour, Wisconsin. Mr. Leppert is well known to many of the people here who will join with the Gazette in wishing him and his bride a life of happiness and joy.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Crookston Times: The announcement of the marriage of Fred Smith, son of Joe Smith, a former resident of Crookston and at one time one of the most popular young men in the city. He was married on October 24 to Miss Lillie N. Bannixa at the bride's home at Portland, Oregon, and they will make their home in that city. Mr. Smith is employed on the N. P. running out of Portland.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Missionary E. F. Ollander called at the Grace Union Sunday school last Sunday and found a full house of young people regardless of the stormy weather. This Sunday School is second to none, it has unexcelled Superintendent and teachers. Should any of the Thief River Falls people wish to visit a good country Sunday school, visit the Grace Union 5 miles south east of town. Session at 1:30 p. m. every Sunday, rain, snow or shine.

A. D. Hansen, a brother of County Treasurer Karl M. Hansen, was elected to the legislature of North Dakota from Richland county at the recent election in that state. There were three representatives elected from Mr. Hansen's district, which is nominally republican, but he succeeded in defeating one of the Republicans, and was one of the Democrats that was successful in the Flickertail state on the 6th.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

O. T. Tanberg was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. D. B. Bakke was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting friends.

Service in the Norwegian Lutheran Church next Sunday evening at 7.45. I. S. Aastad, pastor.

—Lost—A two year old heifer, dark brown. Nels Knutson, two miles west of Thief River Falls.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday to attend to business matters for a few days.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Quite a number of Thief River Falls people were down to Minneapolis last week to witness the foot ball game.

Mrs. Hiram Norton, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. D. N. Winton, returned home Tuesday evening.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Bring your hides and furs to the O. K. Hide, Fur & Trading Co., North Main Ave., where you will always get the highest prices and best grades.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

It is announced that on the evening of Nov. 27th there will be a boxing match in this city under the auspices of the Eagles between Curley Ulrich, of Superior, Wis., and George West, of Los Angeles, Cal.

John Cyr and wife returned to this city last Saturday from the state of Washington where he had spent the past three months visiting with friends and relatives. Mr. Cyr may decide to remove out there next spring.

—Mrs. Wm. Ryer, living first door north of the Great Northern depot on Main avenue, wishes to announce that she is going to start a guitar and Mandolin class. Those wishing to take lessons are requested to call and see her.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

The sad news reached here the first of the week that Mrs. James McAndress had died at Crystal, N. D., on Tuesday, November 12th, of typhoid fever. Since her husband's death a year ago last month she has been living at Fargo, and was at Crystal on a visit when taken sick. She leaves one child, a little girl, to mourn her loss. The funeral took place on Thursday at Thief River Falls, where she was interred in the Catholic cemetery by the side of her husband.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

A wounded deer, which was being chased by hunters, got in the way of a Missabe switch engine Sunday evening and was run over and killed. A brakeman who was riding on the front footboard of the locomotive, was jammed in between the deer and the engine and had one leg fractured. He was taken to a Duluth hospital for treatment. At the time of the accident the engine was going up to the Glen mine, which is about seven miles east of Hibbing. The crew did not see the animal till the locomotive was right on top of it.

H. L. Dudley has purchased a half interest in the Gazette from F. R. Creglow and the paper will be issued hereafter by the firm of Creglow & Dudley. Mr. Dudley is a practical printer of ability and has been employed on the Gazette for several weeks past. He was formerly connected with the Press of Thief River Falls. Mr. Creglow expects to leave for Florida within the next month or six weeks to spend the winter. During his absence, his interests in the Gazette will be looked after by S. S. Halslet.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

I. B. Olson, of Bemidji was in the city yesterday.

Clair Craig was over from Bemidji the first of the week.

Peter Dainard was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Ole Torrison was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Scandinavian services Sunday evening at 7:30 in church east of Soo depot.

Mrs. F. J. Stebbins left this morning for Warren to visit friends for a few days.

Miss Ina Motz left last Friday for Warren to commence a term of school near that place.

Andrew Stenseth returned Tuesday from a trip to Iowa where he had been closing up some land deals.

Postmaster Olson, of Sorum, was in the city yesterday, being on his way home from Mekonock, N. D., where he had been visiting his son.

H. Fant, who has been at Grand Forks the past several days receiving medical treatment, is expected to to return home today. His health is reported as improving.

The statement of the First State Bank published in another column shows this institution is continueing to enjoy abundant properity. The deposits are nearly 190,000—much larger than they were in the previous statement published a few months ago.

Friends in this city have received letters from Dr. Bockman, who is traveling in Europe. At present Dr. Bockman is at Berlin, Germany, where he will remain for a few weeks and will then go to Vienna. From there he will return direct to Thief River Falls and is expected to arrive here about the 1st of February.

Owing to the freezing up of the Red Lake river, the water fell so low that the service given by the city's electric light plant was very poor. Tuesday night there were no lights at all, but yesterday the water in the river again commenced to raise and there will be no further trouble until next spring when the ice goes out again.

Thief River Falls circuit of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod will hold its semi-Annual meeting in the Norwegian Lutheran Church the 28th and 29th of this month. The meeting will commence with a Sermon by Rev. S. T. Palm. There will be several ministers present and some few delegates from the different congrogregations in the vicinity. The theme for discussion will be "Conversion" Rev. H. Bjornson of Brunkeberg.

STABLING DAIRY COWS.

Some Advantages of the Covered Yard System.

A new scheme for stabling dairy cows has been suggested by Professor Erf of the dairy department of the Kansas State Agricultural college. A covered yard plan consists of building a cheap structure and allowing the cows to run loose in the stable. In other words, it is merely a covered yard, with some cheap roofing material, closed in on all sides. On one end of this yard is a milking stable, into which the cows are driven to be milked every night and morning. They are fed their grain rations while being milked. The roughage is fed in the covered yard proper.

Advantages of the Method.

The advantages of this method of stabling are enumerated as follows:

First.—Cheapness; no stalls, no expensive building and no cement floors are required, except those that are in the milking stable.

Second.—This covered yard is bedded daily. It has the advantage of making the greatest amount of the best manure of any plan that may be devised. The stable is cleaned out at such time as to allow the manure to be hauled directly from the stable to the field. Thus nothing is lost in the way of fertility.

Third.—Cows are more comfortable in such a stable than in stalls.

Fourth.—With plenty of bedding the cows can be kept cleaner.

Fifth.—It saves labor to clean out the stable every day.

Sixth.—All that it is necessary to keep scrupulously clean is the milking stable, which is but a small part of the barn.

OIL ON HIGHWAYS.

How to Subdue Dust by Its Use—Never Apply Before a Rain.

Supervisor E. C. Willets of Mineola, Nassau county, N. Y., gives his experience in the use of oil for the purpose of subduing dust as follows, says the Good Roads Magazine:

"We have had some experience with sprinkling roads with oil and I am at this time using several cars. The oil used is what is known as roadbed oil, that coming from Texas being much the best, as it is about 25 to 40 per cent asphalt. The oil used by us costs, delivered, 3 2-10 cents per gallon. A car contains about 6,000 gallons, therefore costing about $200 per carload on sidetrack. The best result is obtained by clearing your roadbed clean of any and all old wornout material, putting on a thin coating of screened gravel or screenings, and then wetting with oil, putting on about 1,000 gallons of oil per mile, wetting the road about eight feet wide. The oil works out wider with use. Very good results are had by putting oil on first and gravel on top. The applications will keep down the dust and hold the covering on the road the entire season. One application will last the best part of the year. Never put on oil before a rain or while the road is wet."

v195

THE DAIRYMAN

Rose is a bovine matron of rare attainments. She has been growing old "now for several years, but has manifested no intention of retiring from the activity of a remarkable career.

The peculiar, perhaps unparalleled, record of this cow is that for ten years she has produced an average of 384 pounds butter fat or 448 pounds butter per year. This is 1.23 pounds butter for each and every day of the 365—yes, of the 3,650 days. Her largest record for one year was the enormous yield of 580.6 pounds of butter fat, 677.3 pounds, or more than one-third of a ton, of butter. This was worth, at 22 cents per pound, $149.

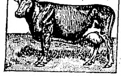

ROSE, AVERAGED 384 POUNDS BUTTER FAT.

In the same herd is another cow bearing the unearned title of Queen, and she has another record—a six years' record of 152 pounds butter fat or 167 pounds of butter per year. While this is almost a fourth better than the average cow in the United States, yet Rose produced two and a half times as much butter fat as Queen for that long period. And in an exact comparison for one year Rose made more than three times as much butter fat as Queen from exactly the same feed, both in kinds and amount and with the same care.

Rose was purchased by the Illinois experiment station when she was four years old, and she is now past sixteen. She was picked up among the cows offered for sale for $50. Her record here given is for ten years in succession, including the times when she was dry, and she has been doing practically as well since.

Her longest milking period in this time was one year and eleven months, completed when she was fourteen and a half years old; her shortest, one year and ten days, and the average one year five and a third months. In this time she produced seven calves, four of them being heifers.

At 25 cents per pound for butter fat or 22 cents per pound for butter the annual income from Rose is $96 and that from Queen $38. The income from Rose is $58 more than that from Queen. But this does not represent the difference between these cows to a man in the practical dairy business.

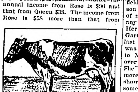

QUEEN, AVERAGED 152 POUNDS BUTTER FAT.

If the market price of feed is such that it costs $35 per year to keep a cow—and Queen's keep cost all of that—Queen would return an annual profit of $3 and Rose a profit of $61, or as much as twenty Queens. If the price of feed were $37 per year Queen's profit would be $1 and that of Rose $59, or as much as fifty-nine cows like Queen.

This means that Queen is entirely out of the list of cows worth keeping; there is absolutely no business in keeping her a single day.—Wilber I. Fraser.

The Silo Pays.

The value of a silo is hardly known in some of our dairy districts. Many farmers in the dairy business, when one speaks to them about a silo, will say it is easy enough to talk silo on paper, but it is not profitable to build one.

I will say that the economy in feeding a cow is not in saving feed. The more you can get her to eat and digest the more she will make for her keeper.

If you feed little you lose the value of that, but if you feed generously she makes you a profit.

The first thing is to procure feed and a place to keep it. In having a silo your feed is cut and put in at a time when it is in the best condition.—Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Cooling the Milk.

Immediately after the milk is separated the cream should be cooled down to the temperature of good cold well water. This can be done by setting the cream can in a tub of water and stirring the cream until it is of the same temperature as the water. The water must be changed occasionally to keep the cream at this temperature until ready for shipping. It does no particular good to cool the cream and then allow it to become warm again before shipping.

The Secret of Success.

The superiority of butter made in Denmark is known the world over where butter is sold. Many investigations of Danish methods have been made and the conclusion is that cleanliness is the secret of the success of the Danish dairyman in making butter.

Dairy and Creamery

Up to a certain point fall pasturage is as good as in any other part of the year. But after one or two hard frosts it is well to offer the cows some nice hay when they come in at night, and if they eat it with relish one may be pretty certain the season has arrived to gradually change the herd from pasture to stable for the winter, says Farm, Field and Fireside. The cows should not be left out at night after it becomes chilly or to be exposed to cold autumn storms. They may be allowed in the field a few hours on all pleasant days until snow flies, but without expecting them to get much besides water and exercise. Before keeping them steadily at the stable and yards the feeding should be, by gradual steps, completely changed to the full stable diet.

Meanwhile, or on leisure days earlier in the year, the cow house should be prepared for its occupancy by the herd throughout the stabling season. Boxes, stalls and feeding troughs or floor should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected, so that no animal can discover or be subjected to any unpleasant traces of another and previous occupant of the place. Then assign every cow her particular place for the winter and gently insist upon every one being always in the right place. The bedding, absorbents and disinfectants should be provided in abundance and in ample time for all to be quite dry. Use no damp material under the cow or rotten straw, and no moist earth or sawdust.

It is a mistake to be satisfied with watering the herd but once a day. If they can be induced to drink twice or three times a day, it should be done. Cows need much water.

A Grand Old Cow.

The Jersey cow Garfield's Black Princess, here reproduced from American Cultivator, was bred on the Billings farm. She was sired by Garfield Stoke Pogis 15,063, which was a son of Exile of St. Lambert, the sire of ninety-four tested cows, more than any other Jersey bull, living or dead. Her dam was Lehigh Black Princess. Garfield's Black Princess dropped her last calf Aug. 30, 1905; her first milk was saved on Sept. 4. From that date to March 1, 1906, she has averaged over thirty pounds of milk each day. She has had during her life probably more than fifty Babcock tests, never showed less than 6 per cent fat and sometimes 7. She was twelve years old the 9th of February past.

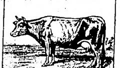

GARFIELD'S BLACK PRINCESS.

Advantage of Thorough Milking.

The milk glands, like the muscles and other organs of the body, are developed by practice, and if the entire secretion of the udder of the cow at the time of milking is not removed the glands will soon become less active and will lessen the flow. Clean milking has a tendency to make persistent milkers, and this is the kind that as a rule are the most profitable. This is especially true in regard to heifers with first calf. By thorough milking, accompanied with proper and liberal feeding, the milk glands are stimulated to greater activity, and she will reach a much higher degree of profitableness, and it is not an unusual thing now to find a heifer that can produce 400 pounds of butter in a year and in some cases even 500 pounds and better.—F. H. Scribner, Fond du Lac County, Wis.

Daily Records Essential.

The dairy record of the herd is a matter of the utmost importance, says Professor C. B. Lane of the United States department of agriculture. The highest degree of success cannot be attained unless dairymen know the productive capacity of each individual cow. The record should indicate not only the dairy performance, but a concise history and description of each animal. The former requires a daily record of the milk yield of every cow and a fat test of several consecutive milkings, if accurate records are to be secured. Samples of this test may be mixed and this composite sample tested, thus obtaining the average.

The Dairy Barn.

The work of the milker can be made more interesting by making the stable more attractive, and partly for this reason should be well lighted and ventilated and made cleanly by dusting and whitewashing, also the use of land plaster and some absorbent in the trenches, like cut or shredded corn fodder, for the purpose of keeping the stable sweet and pure; some pictures of some prominent cows of the breed you are keeping hung on the walls.

Fat Content of Milk.

The quality of the milk varies with the breed, period of lactation and the individual, and very little with the feed. The fat content of the first milk drawn is about 1.2 per cent and that of the strippings 8 to 10 per cent. For this reason careful milking is of the utmost importance.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. Historical Society
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1906
NUMBER 48

EASY PREY FOR WOLVES

Deer Are Being Hunted Down in Large Numbers.

Hunters Are Being Driven In by the Heavy Snow.

"The wolves will get more deer than the hunters this year," said an oldtime woodsman who returned from his annual outing a day or two ago.

The same story is told by other returning huntsmen, all of whom bring back reports of the depth of snow in the woods and the difficulty both the deer and the hunters have in getting through it.

The hunters claim that the snow leaves the deer practically at the mercy of the wolves and they are being hunted down in large numbers.

The heavy snow, while it leaves the deer a prey to the wolves, doubtless saved hundreds of them from death at the hands of the sportsmen. The deep snow drove the hunters in from the northeastern part of the state in particular, before the hunting season was half over, and there are a comparatively small number of parties left in that locality now.

The hunters all agree that the deer are exceptionally fat and well fed this year. Conditions were very favorable for their feeding grounds this summer, and the deer fared well.

Beebe Leads.

Norman E. Beebe, of Rocksbury, leads the list of creamery patrons for the month of October and draws $78.54 for his cream for the month. C. A. Lindquist is a close second with $75.88. Fred Behn received $58.60, L. M. Rolland $55.77, A. W. Lind $55.45, C. A. Melin $55.05, H. Haupt $50.15.

The creamery did about four thousand dollars worth of business during the month and paid their patrons $3,775.07. Patrons received 26 cents a pound for butter fat.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Next Time You Buy Clothes

No matter where you go, or what maker's name is on the garment, ask if it is all-wool.

Don't be put off without a plain answer. The clothier may say-"you know me; you know I wouldn't sell you anything that wasn't all right," but that doesn't answer the question. Does it? If he says "yes" you can't tell, perhaps, whether it is all wool or not; he may think it is; may be he doesn't know. There's only one sure way of knowing what you're getting in clothes this fall, aside from a chemical test of the fabrics; and that is to buy goods that are guaranteed by the maker to be all-wool and all the rest that goes with it.

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IT'S NOT SO EASY NOW

The Requirements of the New Naturlization Law.

Becoming a Citizen of the United States Not an Easy Matter.

Inasmuch as a number of the residents on government land in this vicinity did not take out their second papers before the new naturalization law went into effect the following brief statement of the law will be of interest to them:

Clerk of Court Simon P. Brick will soon receive the new blanks and records for naturalization under the new federal law.

The declaration of intention must contain the age, height, weight, complexion, color of hair and eyes, date and place of birth, etc. This record is made triplicate, the original being kept on file in the office of the issuing clerk, the duplicate sent to the bureau of Immigration and Naturalization at Washington, D. C. The record must also contain the date of arrival in the United States and the part from which the applicant sailed.

The petition for naturalization may be made at any time after five years residence and after two years has elapsed since filing declaration of intention. If application for citizenship is not made within seven years from the date of declaration of intention, then declaration becomes void and applicant must begin all over again.

The application for final citzenship must contain the name and place of residence, including the county, city and street and number, if any, date and place of birth of applicant, and his occupation place and date of emigration to this country, date of arrival and name of ship on which he arrived. It must state whether married or single and if married the name of the wife, date and place of birth, and present place of residence, also the name, age and birth place of each child. The applicant must swear that he is not an anarchist or member of anarchistic society, a polygamist or a believer in polygamy, that he is attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States and renounces absolutely every prince, potentate or foreign power, whatsoever. He must be able to speak the English language, and have never before been refused citizenship.

The statements must be subscribed and sworn to before the clerk of the court before which the application is made. Two witnesses must swear to the truth of the allegations as to his residence, etc., and they must be present, depositions not being allowed to be taken.

A duplicate of the application must be at once set to the bureau of Immigration and Naturalization and notice must be posted in a conspicuous place in the court house for ninety days previous to the time of hearing, giving the name, residence, birth place and date of arrival approximate date of hearing, and name and residence of witnesses.

The clerk is required to make quarterly report of all applications turned down and a quarterly statement of all fees and certificates received. The fees are $1 with declaration, $2 when application is made for final papers and $2 on granting of papers. Half of the fee is retained by the officer and half forwarded to the bureau of Immigration and Naturalization. The citizenship papers are on parchment, made in duplicate, the applicant receiving one and the other being forwarded to the Bureau. The issuing officer has a stub to fill out for a record for his office.

GETS ONE YEAR.

Ed. Holmes of Detroit Entered a Plea of Guilty Last Week.

E. D. Holmes, the Detroit postmaster whose accounts were found to be somewhat short, was indicted for embezzlement in the Federal court at Fergus Falls last week and entered a plea of guilty. Mr. Holmes left Detroit about eight months ago and a shortage of $[illegible] was found in his general postal account and $895.11 in his money order account. He had become financially involved, and as he was in poor health, and generally despondent, he felt unable to face exposure at the time. He went to Minneapolis, then drifted west and spent considerable time in San Francisco. Wearying of exile, he determined to return home and face what ever charges might be brought against him. The shortage was made good by himself or his friends, but this, of course, did not relieve him from liability. He entered a plea of guilty Thursday and was sentenced to spend one year and one day in states prison and to pay a fine of $895.11—the amount of the money order shortage.

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GRADES ARE MANIPULATED

Farms of the Northwest Are Getting the Worst of It.

Figures Submitted to Show How Grain Is Handled at Duluth.

Sensational allegations against the terminal elevators at Duluth are made in behalf of Minnesota and North Dakota farmers in the report of the committee appointed by the North Dakota Bankers' association to investigate the market conditions for the wheat raised by the farmers of this state.

For a period of three months the committee says it was furnished figures alleged to be official. For that time the wheat receipts at Duluth were 800,215 bushels, graded into 91,711 as No. 1 northern, 141,455 as No. 2 northern, 272,047 No. 3 northern, 201,267 No. 4 Northern, 116,021 with no grade and 59,742 rejected.

The out shipments of this same grain, according to official figures, were No. 1 northern, 196,288; No. 2 northern, 407,-764; No. 3 northern, 213,459. There were no out shipments of No. 4 northern, none of no grade and none rejected, and a balance of 12,733 remained in the elevators.

This shows that the out shipments of No. 1 northern and No. 2 northern were more than 300 per cent greater that the receipts of the same grade. The out shipments of No. 3 northern were less than the receipts, and there were no shipments of more than a half a million bushels of No. 4, rejected and no grade wheat that had been bought.

The report has just been completed and will be filed with the association and given the widest publicity in this state.

The committee goes into its investigation in detail, showing how the farmers suffered in the dockages and grades and the careless manner in which the roads handle the wheat, causing leakage and waste.

The committee's recommendations are for the organization of an independent shippers' association, and the preliminary steps will be taken at the meeting of the drainage association in Fargo on Dec. 11 and 12, and the permanent organization effected at the meeting of the Tri-state convention in January. The committee recommends the lease of the Great Northern and the other elevators at Superior, slight amendments to the Wisconsin inspection and untimately federal inspection.

Secretary Macfadden of the bankers' association, who was a member of the committee, has gone to Duluth under subpena before the interstate commerce commission and will file a copy of his report with the commission. He was accompanied by Colonel J. D. Bacon, O. G. Major, president of the independent farmers' exchange; Secretary Borneman of the Farmers' association at Colgate and former Representative Leech of Fargo who are also under subpena to testify.

TO SPEND $50,000.

Capacity of the Saw Mill at Bemidji to Be Greatly Enlarged.

The Crookston Lumber company has decided to increase the capacity of the Bemidji mill and with that end in view will employ forty men during the winter renovating the interior and installing new machinery.

It is estimated that the improvements contemplated will cost not less than $50,-000 and will increase the capacity of the plant at least 20,000,000 feet per year. This will necessitate the employment of more men in the shipping department and in fact all other departments of the mill. The reason that the company decided to enlarge the Bemidji mill was on account of the fact that the company desired to have just as large an output of lumber next year as this year. The St. Hilaire mill was dismantled, but the increased capacity of the Bemidji mill will make just as large a cut next year as this. The three mills at Bemidji, St. Hilaire and Crookston have shipped out over 8,000 cars of lumber this year.

Money in Sheep.

Ed. Quee, one of the well known old residents of this city has returned from his claim 25 miles east of Middle River where he has started a sheep ranch. He is of the opinion that sheep will be very profitable in Northern Minnesota and as a result he invested in the beginning of a flock which he intends to increase as rapidly as possible and in time intends to devote his entire attention to his herd.—Crookston Journal.

Subscribe for the News.

LONG COLD WINTER.

Birds and Animals Indicate an old Fashioned Winter.

Those whose believe that the habits of certain animals indicate the length and severity of the winter are now claiming that the coming winter will be long and cold because of a number of unfailing signs. They say the muskrat houses this fall are unusually large and carefully built, and this indicates that these animals are looking for a cold and long winter. The fur of other animals also indicates a severe winter, and that even now trappers report that fur bearing animals are now in good condition to trap, whereas if the winter was going to be short and mild, the fur of these animals would not be in condition to use until along in December in some case not until January.

The flight of ducks and geese also indicate that the coming winter will be severe, while fishermen on the great lakes say that the fish have gone to their quarters two or three weeks earlier than usual. This movement of the fish invariably means a severe winter. A good many weather prophets pay no attention to those signs, but many others do and we have noticed that the latter are correct as many times as the former. Up to date at least the habits and movements of fur bearing animals, fish and fowls have the best of the argument, as everything certainly indicates thus far a long, cold winter.

The beet sugar factory at Caska, Minn., which commenced doing business this fall, is turning out about 500 barrels, or five carloads, of sugar every day. This industry will no doubt prove a good thing to the farmers of that vicinity. One acre will produce twelve tons of sugar beets, selling at the factory for $5 per ton. As the cost to raise, and market the beets is about $30 per acre a profit of about $30 per acre goes the farmers, who raise the beets.

Dyeing and French Dry Cleaning

Is the only thing that can re-new clothes. Fine silk and wool cannot be washed, but if you want it, to look like new, send it to

B. DAN BJORKMAN.
DYER AND CLEANER.
CORNER OF MAIN AVE. AND FIRST ST.

KRATKA IS THE WINNER

Named Postmaster of Thief River Falls by the President

Appointment Gives Satisfaction to the People of This City.

Upon the recommendation of Congressman Halvor Steenerson, F. H. Kratka has been named as postmaster of the postoffice in Thief River Falls to succeed Ira C. Richardson, resigned. The other applicant for the appointment was Herbert Fuller, one of the postal clerks on the Soo's Wheatline. Mr. Fuller had strong backing and would have made an excellent postmaster but the fact that he has a good position at present worked greatly to his disadvantage.

The appointment of Mr. Kratka is one that will give universal satisfaction to the residents of Thief River Falls. He is one of the pioneer residents of the city and perhaps has done more than any other man to aid the growth and development of the city while he has received little or no financial benefit from the efforts he had put forth in behalf of the town.

"I was Thief River Falls first postmaster," said Mr. Kratka to the News, "and while the position at that time did not pay for the bother, I think that all of the old residents will tell you that I gave good service. That is just what I am going to do now, and the patrons of the Thief River Falls postoffice are going to have good service if I have to spend my entire salary to secure it for them. I am going to increase the force by adding another man who will be on duty all night. The mail that comes in on the late Soo train at night and on the early morning Winnipeg flyer I hope to have all distributed at 7 o'clock in the morning so that business men will not be kept waiting for their mail."

FRANK H. KRATKA,

Who Has Been Appointed Postmaster of Thief River Falls by the President.

SURVEYING STOPPED

Government Engineer Have All Returned to Washington.

Have Made Surveys to Establish Three Large Drainage Ditches.

Work on the government drainage survey came to an end last week. All of the surveyors who have been employed upon this work have gone to different points and Mr. Meade, who has been in charge of the work left Tuesday evening for Washington, where he will be busy this winter preparing maps of this section.

When seen by a representative of the News Tuesday, Mr. Meade stated that less than $5,000 of the $15,000 appropriated for the drainage survey work had been used and that next May the work would probably again be resumed. Enough work has already been done to lay out the course of three large ditches for which Congressman Steenerson will endeavor to secure an appropriation this winter. These ditches when built will be large ones and will drain a vast tract of land. The country to be drained mostly is that in Marshall county east of the Thief river and a portion of Beltrami county north of the Red Lake.

One of the proposed ditches will straighten out the course of Mud river and empty into the Mud lake and from the Mud lake enter in Elm lake. This will drain the country around Grygla, Rollis and Gatzke.

Another ditch will follow the course of Little river a few miles south of the Mud river ditch and will empty into Elm lake and from there run in a southwesterly direction to the Thief River. This ditch will drain the Germantown and Thorwick county.

The other ditch will run mostly north and south and will empty into the Red Lake river near the outlet and will drain the county east of Grygla.

These three ditches will drain a vast amount of land and settlers will be allowed to build ditches from their farms to connect with them.

The supposed outlet of Mud lake, Mr. Meade said, was in reality more of an inlet and this will probably be dammed up.

SHORTAGE OF COAL

Local Dealers Cannot Get Shipments Here From Duluth.

All Small Cities and Villages in Minnesota in the Same Fix.

Thief River Falls is having a genuine coal famine. Local dealers in coal are unable to get shipments from Duluth owing to a shortage of cars, and as a result many residents of the city are without coal. This is not the only place that is suffering from a shortage as the following will show:

St. Paul, Nov. 20.—With a winter's breath upon them the smaller cities and villages of Minnesota and the Northwest are facing a coal famine.

There is coal, but it is not where the consumer needs it in ample quantities. It is at the docks, not in the villages, and a degree of temperature that is *almost a cold wave* prevails over the Northwest.

The peril lies in the fact that many towns are pursuing a "hand-to-mouth" policy as regards coal and on the railroads is placed the blame for this condition. These towns have exhausted the local coal supply and are unable to stock up, although they have exhausted every means in their power.

Whenever a carload of coal arrives it is eagerly seized upon, but in a day or two it is gone, while the people wait anxiously for the arrival of the next carload.

A blizzard which would tie up traffic even for a brief period would cause widespread distress.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Last Tuesday the pupils were much mystified to see Supt. Hay wander around the room with a yard-stick. Every one wondered if he intended to build a fence around the pupils or if he had decided to enlarge the room to give more space for growing brains. On Wednesday the problem was solved.—All the seats were changed about, the pupils also, and "the gang" was broken up.

On Friday Earnest O'Neil, Tom Lonson and Tom Crowe visited school.

One of the teachers said that mathematics were meat and drink to her, and a certain Junior remarked, "well Chemistry is hardtack to me". Rather a disagreeable diet!

Supt. Hay has decided to make our High-school a model. Hence all pupils must be above grade in all studies, and the whispering must "skidoo!"

It is nearly Christmas time! Won't some one present Nina with a volume of "Pattee"? Her constant cry is "Pattee! who has Pattee? I want Pattee."

Last Thursday afternoon Professor Zwickey, who lectured here that night, addressed the High School pupils. He gave them an elemental lesson in drawing and illustrated his remarks by numerous drawings. His witty remarks kept his audience delighted.

Writing and spelling have been formally introduced into the High School course.

Last Friday the pupils were in mourning for their teacher, Miss Porter. Friday was her last day. A number of her pupils went to the depot Friday night to bid farewell to her, but she did not appear. Nevertheless, the rice was not wasted as a Senior and a Junior will testify.

On Monday morning, our new principal, Miss Carlson took Miss Porter's place. She intends to remain all year, at least, so Supt. Hay informs us. The pupils certainly hope that she will, and that she may return next year also.

Ernest O'Neil and Tom Lonson entered school on Monday.

Never say "S. O" to Esther unless you wish to fight.

S. H. SHARBACH
CASH MERCHANDISER.

A few items taken from our well selected stock of reliable merchandise placed on the bargain tables at prices far below the actual value.

Velour Iderdown suitable for Kimonas, dressing saques or children's cloaks extra heavy and fine colors, regular prices 18 and 20c special next week and Saturday *choice of 80010 pieces* a yd **11c**

Dark outing flannel, the 10c kind, special for Saturday and next week, a yard, **8c**

Infant's wool hose, sizes 4½ 5 and 5½, special, choice a pair, **9c**

Wool fascinators, extra good value at 39c, choice each, **19c**

Better and larger kinds, 39c, 69c and 98c. Exceptionally good bargains considering the high price of wool.

Ladies' ready to wear hats at just half the regular price. Now is the time to buy your winter hat.

Ladies' and Gents' fleeced underwear, 50 to 75c qualities, broken sizes take your pick for **39c**

Amber beads the latest out at **25 and 35c**

Shoes small sizes at half the regular prices

Extra special men's mittins all kinds, 100 pair or more of $1 25 to $1.75 goods, samples and odds and ends from stock to clean up quick, take your pick any pair for **98c**

Try our Orient Coffee, there is none better at the price,

20, 25, 30, 35 and 40c.

"LEST WE FORGET"

LIPTON'S

Lipton's Black Tea, the best that is for sale here

35c for ½ pound Tin Can.

Phone Your Orders to 264 for Prompt Delivery.

Germantown.

Winter is here with plenty of snow at once.

John Clausen made a trip to [illegible] last week.

Amund Johnson was over to Warren serving on the grand jury.

Gust Bergren has taken a vacation of two weeks, and is now visiting his parents in the southern part of the state.

The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran Sewing Society held their annual auction sale last week Thursday, and cleared $[illegible] which will go toward building a tower on their church.

Our county division as can be seen by the election returns was [illegible] good and plenty, so much that the [illegible] all courage in ever taking up this same scheme again.

No Contests

Shortly after election there was considerable talk to the effect that some of the defeated Red Lake Falls candidates would contest the election [illegible] candidates from the north end of the county. Saturday was the last day for filing a contest and no one [illegible] of it.

HARD LUCK.

A Settler Living Out in the Town of Clover Leaf Loses His All.

Our Germantown correspondent tells of a hard piece of luck that one of the few settlers living out in the town of Clover Leaf had last week. It appears that while he was visiting a neighbor, his house caught on fire [illegible] manner and burned together with all its contents, [illegible] all his furniture, bedding [illegible]. His barn, which was [illegible] also [illegible] and three tons of hay [illegible]. This is rather hard [illegible] to build his house [illegible].

Subscribe for the News.

Official Meaning of Withdrawal.

Crookston Journal: Special agent of the department of the Interior Layman arrived in the city this morning from Detroit City where he has been since Tuesday on important business. He will remain at the Crookston Land Office today, leaving this evening for Bagley where he will hold hearing on final proofs before returning to Duluth where he at present makes his headquarters. Mr. Layman spoke of the withdrawal of the ceded Chippewa lands from entry and stated that among official circles there is no doubt but that they will be surveyed for reclamation by the federal government in the near future.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

New Magic.

Wanted—A Nurse.

Illustrated Song—"I Never Can Forget Thee"

Roosevelt's Inauguration.

The Great Montana Train Robbery.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	33c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	25c
Butter	23c
Potatoes, bushel	35c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

Sabbath School Convention.

The second annual convention of the Red Lake County Sabbath School Association, was held during Friday and Saturday of last week in the Methodist Episcopal church of Thief River Falls. Prof. A. M. Locker, general Secretary of the state Association, St. Paul, Minn. was present. Delegates were present from Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire, the M. E. and Presbyterian churches entertaining together.

The object of the Association is to arouse and maintain interest in Bible study and to arouse interest and improve methods in Sabbath School work in every portion of the state without respect to denomination. The following well known people appeared on the program: Chas. H. Flesher, L. C. Simons, Mrs. J. D. McNiven and E. W. Chamberlain besides A. M. Locker of St. Paul. The convention was very stimulating and helpful to Sabbath School workers and calculated to enlist the labors of those not in the noble work. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Rev. Chas. H. Flesher, President.

Prof. E. W. Chamberlain of Red Lake Falls, Secretary.

Mr. C. A. Baker, Thief River Falls, Treasurer.

Rev. H. W. Knox, Red Lake Falls, organizer.

Millinery Sale.

Ladies hats, children's caps, infants silk caps everything at half price, Saturday and all next week, at Miss Mo[illegible]land's old stand north of A[illegible] Store. Miss Nordheim.

Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday Dec. 2.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday School at 12 [illegible]

Junior League at 2:30 p. m.

Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher Pastor.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Dellos Douglas was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

P. W. Roark, of Kelliher, was in the city yesterday visiting old friends.

Art Crowe came up from Minneapolis to spend Thanksgiving with his parents.

J. D. Abbott and W. S. Williams were down from Rollis the first of the week.

Miss Marie Arneson is now in charge of the telephone booth at the Rushford hotel.

George Jarman left last evening on a business trip to Minneapolis and Duluth.

Max Koenig leaves this evening for Crookston to attend to business matters for a few days.

A number of young people from this city drove out to Tweet last evening to attend a basket social.

—Wanted—A boy to do chores morning and evening and attend school. Inquire at the News office.

S. J. Guagnese, of Fairdale, N. D., arrived in the city yesterday to spend a few days visiting old friends.

Sam Torgenson, the ice king, wishes to announce that he starts cutting ice today and can fill all orders promptly from now on.

The ladies of the M. E. Aid society will hold a rummage sale on Friday and Saturday, Dec. 14th and 15th. Place to be announced later.

Nels Bergh has opened up a store in his building on Third street opposite the Golden Rule. He will handle groceries, crockery, stationery [illegible].

Charles E. Boughton, the genial Red Lake Falls attorney, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week shaking hands with as many of the [illegible] as he could meet.

Misses Grace Meehan, Pauline Day and Lulu McCann, [illegible] attending the Moorhead Normal school, returned to the city yesterday to spend Thanksgiving with their parents.

Miss L[illegible] Carlson arrived in the city [illegible] to take up her duties as [illegible]. She is a graduate of the state university and [illegible] has a teacher.

Scandinavian services [illegible] Seventh Day Adventist church [illegible] Sunday at 7:30 [illegible] and hear the Truth. Everybody welcome.

O. E. [illegible], pastor.

Mrs J. A. Ralston left yesterday for Climax.

Emil Rupprecht, of Thorwick, was in the city yesterday.

A. Lang and wife left yesterday for Grand Forks to spend Thanksgiving.

Olga Kretzschmar left yesterday for Red Lake Falls to spend Thanksgiving.

—Minnesota Star is put out in 5 and 10 cents sizes. A Havana filled cigar—the best on the market.

H. Fant left again yesterday for Grand Forks to receive medical treatment. He is greatly improved in health.

Dewey Camp No. 1025, Royal Neighbors of America will have their election of officers Dec. 5th. All members are urgently requested to be present. An elaborate lunch will be served by committee.

Frank Jeffers was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday. He came here for the purpose of inviting the 108 men who voted for him at the recent election to Red Lake Falls and enjoy a Thanksgiving dinner with him but was unable to find any of them.

Today at Willmar will occur the marriage of Miss Florence Porter, until recently principal in the high school here, to Roy Carlson, of Rush City. They leave at once for Galveston, Texas, near where Mr. Carlson is engaged as manager of a large rice plantation.

Thanksgiving Dinner at the Rushford.

The following is the bill of fare to be served at the Hotel Rushford to-day at 12:30 noon.

Selects.

Chicken a la St. Mande. Cream of Tomato.

Celery. Queen Olives. Dill Pickles.

Chow chow. Sweet Pickles.

Baked Lake Superior White Fish. Lemon Butter.

Pommes Victoria.

Boiled shoulder of Lamb with Jelly.

Braised Tenderloin of Beef. Mushroom Sauce.

Roast Turkey, stuffed, Cranberry sauce.

Punch a la Romaine.

Fried Young chicken.

Creamed Oysters on Toast.

Rasberry Shortcake. Whipped cream.

Mashed and steamed Potatoes. Baked Sweet Potatoes.

Green Peas. Stewed Tomatoes. Creamed Carrots.

Shrimp salad.

[illegible] Hot Mince pie. Pumpkin pie.

Tapioca with Pears.

Walnut Ice cream. Assorted cake.

Cream Cheese. [illegible] Brick Cheese.

Mixed Nuts. Fruit.

Coffee.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

D. N. Winton was down to Crookston last week.

W. R. Shields, of Ada, was in the city last week.

L. C. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, spent last Saturday in the city.

Miss Randina Rockne was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Morgan Vaughan was in from the town of Goodridge last week.

O. A. Brager, of Fosston, spent Sunday in the city visiting old friends.

Knut Nerland was down to Crookston last week attending to some bussiness matters.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

W. S. Williams, of Pine City, spent Sunday in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Nason.

Miss Ella Anderson left this morning for Fosston to remain until Saturday visiting old friends.

Oscar Bergan came up from St. Hilaire Monday and has commenced work in the Langseth store.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Lee left yesterday for Grand Forks to remain until Saturday visiting friends.

Scott Lamont, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre, went down to Fargo last Thursday returning, this week.

Services in the German Lutheran church this morning at 10:30 and on next Sunday evening at 7:30.

County Commissioner Ed. Aubol, who lives near St. Hilaire, transacted business in the city last Saturday.

Minnesota made 80,000,000 pounds of butter during the past year. There are nearly a million cows in the state.

Joseph Lang, who had been at Glencoe for the past two months superintending the construction of a large factory, returned to this city last week.

Sheriff-elect Lewis A. Nelson, who since election has been hauling cord wood from New Solum to Viking, returned to the city last Saturday.

Anthony Gilsard and Miss Ida Bousquet, living up near Jello postoffice in Beltrami county, were united in marriage last Thursday by Rev. Fr. Adolph.

Ole Simonson left last Friday for the southern part of the state to spend a couple of weeks looking after some business interests that he has down there.

Berthon & Armstrong, who run the only clothing store in Red Lake Falls, are going to leave in a few weeks for Montana, where they will remove their store.

A. L. Mattes, superintendent of the Prince Albert Lumber company, was in the city last week confering with D. N. Winton, one of the principal owners of this company.

Miss Alice Christianson entertains a company of friends tomorrow evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Huseth in honor of her guest, Miss Antonia Pfuhl, of Fertile.

Miss Gunde Wedmer came up from Thief River Falls Tuesday and has accepted a position with the McMahan Telephone Co. as "hello" at this place.—Greenbush Journal.

Peter Eberhardt will leave with a crew of men in a week or so for Prince Albert, Canada, where he goes for the purpose of building a large steamboat for the Prince Albert Lumber company.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

J. K. Hannay, the St. Hilaire banker, transacted business in Thief River Falls on Monday. He was accompanied by Manager Evins of the St. Hilaire saw mill.

The Crookston Journal states that Sylvester Peterson, formerly register of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, had removed from Eugene, Oregon to North Yakima, Wash., where he is now engaged in business.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a lathe for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin,

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Half a dozen Chinese pheasants have been placed in two townships of Otter Tail county. The game and fish commission is anxious to have these game birds increase in the state and the farmers where the birds have been placed over in Otter Tail county, have agreed to protect them.

Saturday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Bernards church the Rev. Fr. Adloph officiating occurred the marriage of Isadore Vaerbrock to Miss Katherine McNallay. The bride is a daughter of Roadmaster McNallay of the Soo line and the groom is a prominent business man of Wisconsin.

Last evening Miss Mollie Sandland and Mr. Torjus Lee were united in marriage, the Rev. Bjornson officiating. Both are popular young people in the city and have a host of friends. On Saturday evening, the brides father, K. S. Sandland, will give a reception for the newly married couple.

Water from the deep well is now being pumped into the city mains. The water has become clear and it is thought that there is a sufficient supply of it to meet the demands of the patrons. At present about 20,000 gallons of water are used each day, but there will be a large number of new connections made next summer and then about 40,000 gallons will be used each day.

The prizes offered by J. J. Hill for the best kept farms in the different congressional districts of Minnesota have all been awarded. The prize winners in the Ninth congressional district are as follows: First prize, Ole Carlson, Erskine, $300; second prize, Henry Gunderson, Flom, $150; third prize, Joseph Laurent, Terrebonne, $75.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge held an important meeting last Thursday evening and elected officers for the ensuing term as follows: O. F. Post, N. G.; A. S. Wilson, V. G.; H. E. Ives, secretary, Leonard Holmes, treasurer, and H. W. Peterson, trustee. The lodge is in a flourishing condition financially, being practically free from debt and owning their own building.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

There are 800,000 miles of telegram and telephone lines in this country at the present time which requires 32,000,000 poles. A pole lasts on an average twelve years and is made from a tree sixty years old. To maintain a continuous supply five times as many must be growing in the forest as there are poles in use. Experiments are being made which if successful will very materially add to the length of a pole.

Ole Torrison was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Architect Strassberger was up from Crookston last week.

W. A. Kratka and family expect to leave next week for their new home at Los Angeles, Cal.

P. O. Bergh left Monday evening for Kalispell, Montana, to look over the country for a few days.

Henry Johnson came up from Henning the first of the week to visit his sister, Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

Leon J. Bourque, cashier at the Great Northern depot, spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with friends.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Anyone desiring to have knitting work done for the winter can call upon Mrs. Anna Olson, Porters addition.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the county commissioners.

I have 200 acres of land in Grant county that I will sell or trade for land near Thief River Falls. Ole Simonson.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

Mrs. D. B. Winton, of Adison, N. Y., will arrive in the city next Monday to spend several days visiting her son, D. N. Winton.

D. P. O'Neill left last Friday for his farm in Norman county to spend a few days looking after his farming interests down there.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and Brunkeberg, a duck coat lined with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

Found—On the East Side last Saturday, a pocket book containing a small amount of money. Owner can have the same by calling at the postoffice.

Charles W. Latta, of Plummer has been named as postmaster of the office in that village. There was quite a contest on for the office and Mr. Latta finally won out.

—Mrs. Wm. Ryer, living first door north of the Great Northern depot on Main avenue, wishes to announce that she is going to start a guitar and Mandolin class. Those wishing to take lessons are requested to call and see her.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week and while there purchased twelve head of cows from the dairy farm of E. D. Childs. He expects to go into the dairy business in the near future and now has a fine herd of cattle.

W. J. LaBree expects to leave in a week or so on a trip to the west. He will spend several weeks in Montana visiting some brothers he has there and will then go to the state of Washington to join his wife. He will not return until spring.

A movement has been started to organize the high schools of the Valley for a yearly foot ball tournament. The following towns will be eligible to membership if the organization is effected. Ada, East Grand Forks, Hallock, Warren, Argyle, Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls, Crookston, Fertile, Fosston and Moorhead. A trophy in the shape of a silver cup will be hung up for the winning team if the project goes through.—Ada Herald.

John B. O'Brien, auditor-elect of Red Lake county, was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday shaking hands with his many friends here. This is the first visit Mr. O'Brien has made to Thief River Falls since election, and he was kept busy thanking the people here for the substantial way in which they stood by him on November 6th. Mr. O'Brien has resigned as superintendent of the St. Hilaire village schools, but will continue to serve until his successor has been elected.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

The United States is a big country and does things in a large way. Most of our tremendous achievements we advertise, but some of them are not good texts for boastfulness. A Chicago judge says that during the past five years 45,000 people were murdered in this country. This is more than died from typhoid fever—and no other country in the world has so terrible a record. The jurist says the remedy is to be found in the enforcement of the law—and the punishment of the guilty. It is a wise people who elect prosecuting officers who can secure convictions of law breakers.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use *Scott's Emulsion* after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

At this Thanksgiving time we have been counting our blessings, and not the least of them is the fact that we have been honored with your favors and confidence during the past year.

We take this opportunity to express our appreciation and the wish that this Thanksgiving Day may be to you full of joy because of continued prosperity.

Respectfully,
O. J. SCHEI & CO.,
Thief River Falls Minn.

Store Closes at 1 O'clock Today.

IMPROVING THE HERD.

Interesting Remarks Made by Dairy Inspector Joel Winkjer.

He Gives Many Valuable Pointers to Farmers of This Year.

It is not one single thing that makes a co-operative creamery successful but it is the combined work of many essential things. The buttermaker is generally considered the most important factor for a successful creamery but his importance is mainly in that he is in a position to bring together and harmonize the forces to bear on the important place. The buttermaker has an unlimited amount of pressure behind his creamery business if he goes to work and developes it right. Of course a buttermaker has his hands full in keeping his creamery presentable and should receive liberal assistance from all concerned mostly in that work are the farmers themselves. While there are many ways in which the farmer may give his assistance I want to point to one, especially that the farmers is even more interested in than the buttermaker. This is the improvement of the dairy herd so as to get a bigger yield from the number of cows already on hand. The farmer is the one who is benefitted most and should feel most interested. Now I want to call attention to one way in accomplishing this that is practical and a way that every dairyman should use and that is to keep a record of each cow in the herd that will show at the end of the year what each individual cow has done. This at first thought, would seem like something that would entail a great deal of work and I will not deny but what it takes some extra work but I think it safe to say that it will be the best paying work you can do in connection with your dairy. The things necessary are a spring scale, pencil and memorandum book all of which need not cost over $2 and the extra work necessary need not be over three minutes a month outside the time it takes to do the figuring. The thing to do with this apparatus is to place it where you empty the milk after milking. Taking the milk from each cow you first hang the pail on the scale and with the pencil and book you have handy you make a record of what the cow has given. You then repeat this for every milking if you wish, but for a beginning about four times a month will give you good results and show you where you have the cow that is stealing her board and where you have the one that is paying for it. In connection with this it is also necessary to have the milk from each cow tested about three times or more a year. With the number of pounds of milk add per cent of fat in milk you have a basis to figure the value of your cow. The value of such a record is well expressed by Mr. Sly when he says. "If a farmer has two cows and loses $10 on one and gains $10 on the other it does not take much of a mathematician to see that he did not make any money; but if he disposed of the cow that he lost $10 on, he would be $10 ahead besides saving the extra work required to care for the extra cow."

The Lyceum Lecture Course.

J. Lorenzo Zwickey delighted all who heard him last Thursday evening in his lecture on the Beautiful. He both delighted and instructed us. His lecture was worth a course in Art.

Monday evening Dec. 17th The Emily Waterman Concert Co. will give the next number in this course. The company is marked away up by judges of Lyceum Course Entertainments and Emily Waterman herself is a star of the first magnitude.

We are looking for something rarely delightful when Emily Waterman and her company visit us Dec. 17th. Jan. 5th 1907 Hon. G. A. Gearhart of New York will give the fourth number of this winters course in a lecture: The Foot steps of The Centuries. Many eminent men pronounce Mr. Gearhart the most powerful speaker on the American platform to day. Hon. Gearhart will certainly treat us to a treat. February 12th 1907. The Colonial Saxaphone Male Quartette will give the last number of the Course. It is difficult to say which of these numbers will be the best. You may depend upon our word that each will be a gem in itself.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.

Sabbath evening worship at 7:30 p. m.

Sabbath School at 12

Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 6:45 p. m.

Teachers meeting and prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. We have something special next Thursday evening and wish a good attendance.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

HAD VERY CLOSE CALL

Milton Forder Suffered a Stroke of Heart Failure While Hunting.

Was in the Woods Over Near Virginia Hunting for Deer.

Milton Forder, who with his wife is visiting his son at Virginia, Minn., had an experience last week that came near resulting in his death. In company with a resident of Virginia, he went out to hunt deer. After they had been out two days, Mr. Forder suffered a stroke of heart failure and became unconscious. They were some distance from any settlement and Mr. Forder being a large man his partner could not carry him alone. Accordingly he built a large fire by the side of Mr. Forder, to protect him from the wolves and struck out for the nearest settlement to secure aid. When he returned the fire was still burning and had burned a part of Mr. Forder's clothing, he still being unconscious. Mr. Forder was removed to Virginia and the latest reports from that place are to the effect that he is recovering nicely and will soon regain his health, a fact which his many friends here will be pleased to learn.

A Peculiar Accident.

Sim Martin, a homesteader of the Shotly country up near the Red Lake, who was returning to his home on the belated train Tuesday night, met with a peculiar accident at the Kelliher station. Being sleepy and tired from the effects of the ride and waiting, he emmitted several yawns, causing the jaw to become dislocated. He was taken to Dr. Shults' office to have the member restored to its usual position, but Dr. Shults proved inadequate to the task, the man's powerful jaw proving too much for one man to replace, and the suffering man was taken to Blackduck Wednesday where Drs. Monahan and Forsberg replaced the dislocated jaw.

This is the third instance Mr. Martin suffered from a like accident, but no serious results followed in either case.

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THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
November 29, 1906.

The Primary Election Law.

There seems to be a disposition among Republican politicans to rail at the primary election law, and to hold it responsible for the ill fortune that has beset that party in this state in the last few years, causing its candidates for governor to be overcome by evil happenings too recent to need relation here.

Of course it is comforting to have something or somebody to blame misfortune upon, but it is hardly fair to try to make the primary election law the scapegoat in this case. In fact, if the primary election law had been extended to state officers in the first place, as it should have been, the chief incidents that led to the disastrous defeat of the last two Republican candidates for governor could not have happened.

Had the nominations for Governor in 1904 been made by the primary election system, there would have been no disgraceful row in a state convention such as that which resulted in throwing out the Hennepin county delegation that came in for Collins, and substituting for it the Hennepin county delegation that came in for Dunn.

Had the primary election prevailed in the selection of state candidates this year, the adroit defeat of Jacobson by a shrewd political trick could not have been brought about, and there would have been no Shevlin banquet in celebration of the event to rankle in the minds of the voters during the campaign.

What the result would of been had the candidates been selected by the primary election in 1904 and 1906 nobody can know of course. The chances are that this year, Governor Johnson having been given a chance to show his mettle, he would have been elected anyway.

The primary election law is not flawless. That is hardly to be expected in a law so comparatively new. But its defeats are not vital. The state has had better results from its elections since the people began to do their own nominating than it ever had before, so it is absurd to proclaim, as several Republican newspapers have recently done, that the law is a failure and should be repealed.

The real objection most of these critics have to the primary election law is that it has destroyed the "vote it straight" idea. Yet that one thing alone has made it worth while. Voting straight tickets was voting for the bosses, and when the people quit it, and showed a disposition to pick the best men regardless of the feelings of the machine leaders, it became evident that in order to win the parties must do their level best in selecting candidates and in compelling them to make good.

There is not a single flaw in the system that cannot be remedied by a simple amendment, and the greatest flaw of all is that the system applies to only part of our elective officers instead of to all of them.—Duluth Herald.

Why Victory is Certain.

Kansas City Star: It is not conceivable that the government of the United States would think of precipitating a legal contest with a corporation which assumes to be more powerful than the government without a strong assurance of victory. It is not to be believed that the administration at Washington would venture upon such an experiment without the sort of preparation that forecasts success.

It is known, in every reading household in America, that Standard Oil is a corporation operating in restraint of trade and to the oppression of its rivals in business. The law forbidding that style of tyrany is strong and specific. The proof of the guilt of Standard Oil is as plain as day. The corporation itself has not been able to refute or discredit the evidence which places it in the criminal class.

The affair, therefore, narrows itself down to the very simple proposition as to whether there is sufficient might in the government to enforce the laws which have been enacted to wipe out commercial brigandage. It is of the greatest importance that this question shall be decided with as much promptitude as is consistent with the dignity and decorum of the judiciary in the United States.

It is believed that, outside of the trusts few people can be found in this country who would be ready to subscribe to the impossible doctrine that the government is weaker than any corporation to which it has given life.

But if such a monstrous fallacy can exist it should be known to the people who have been known to right wrongs which governments have failed through inability or disinclination to correct.

The hope of victory for the administration in its fight against Standard Oil lies in the popular conviction that a government of the people and for the peopel cannot be humiliated or defied by a corporation so universally execrated for just cause as the Rockfeller monopoly.

Our Great Corn Crop.

Following are some interesting figures concerning this years corn crop:

"The year's crop is estimated at 2,730,000,000 bushels. If weighed it would amount to nearly 80,000,000 tons. If it were shucked and thrown in piles in form of pyramids, it would make 76 of each 451 feet high and 750 feet at the base If shelled and sent to the elevators it would tax to the utmost the full capacity of 46 centers of distribution, each as great as Chicago. If put into cars, each containing 1,000 bushels, the corn would require 88,000 trains of 30 cars each to carry it to market. Putting two trains to a mile, they would stretch 15 times across the continent, or twice around the globe at the Kansas parallel:

There is enough of this corn to supply every living person in the world with two bushels. Even after this county's own vast consumption has been fully provided for there will be enough to give every person in Russia's vast empire one bushel. At present market prices this crop would be worth $1,210,400,000. Allowing a decline of 10 cents a bushel in the price when the market becomes glutted, the value of the crop at the decline would be $1,092,000,000, an amount if equally distributed, to give every man, woman and child in the United States $13 65.

J. J. Opsahl, who was elected to represent the people of this legislative district in the house, wishes the News to state that he is desirous of supporting such measures in the state legislature as are wanted by the people of this district, and with that end in view desires to have any parties interested in any particular legislation to write to him and express their views upon the matter. Mr. Opsahl desires to remain close to the people and we believe he is going to make a very creditable representable.

It may cause no less surprise than uneasiness to learn that we are likely to run short of iron inside of a single century if we keep on at the present rate of consumption, figures Leslie's Weekly. As a matter of fact, we are more likely to increase the consumption than to reduce it. The world has only 10,000,000,000 tons of iron ore available. Of these, Germany has twice as many tons as the United States. Russia and France each have [illegible] tons more than this country. Our consumption is placed at 450,000,000 which is more than a ¼ of the world's total consumption, and far in advance of the present rate of production.

One of the weapons that will be used by Corporation Counsel J. Hamilton Lewis in his fight with the Pullman company to secure unpaid taxes for Chicago is a list of nearly one thousand names of circuit and district federal judges, governors and state officers in various states who hold Pullman passes. The list is said to contain the names of members of the Illinois state board of equalization and other prominent officials of Illinois. The list was secured by Maxwell Edgar, special attorney for the city in tax matters. The Pullman company admits its existence and asserts that it was stolen by a former employe who was discharged for dishonorable practices. Before he became an attorney Mr. Edgar was a railroad employe. Aside from the assertion that the members of the board of equalization—soon to pass on the question of additional taxes for the Pullman company—hold annual passes, the only names of passholders made public yesterday by Mr. Edgar were those of Judge Peter S. Grosscup and Judge Christian C. Kohlsaat, both of the United States circuit court of the northern district of Illinois, and Fred W. Upham of the Cook county board of review, which several months ago refused to tax the $28,000,000 surplus of the Pullman company. Judge Grosscup denies that he uses any passes now, although in the old days he did.—Fergus Falls Journal.

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Tobacco
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TRAPPERS NOW BUSY

Trapping has Begun All Through Northern Part of Minnesota.

A Big Drop in the Prices Compared With Last Year.

The operations of Minnesota trappers are now well under way, and the first price lists of the season have just been issued by fur houses of the country. While furs are regarded as prime in this section in the latter part of November, the buyers prefer those caught a little later on, and, as a general thing, the best prices are obtainable for those taken in December and January, althrough February is regarded as good a time as any other in Northern Minnesota for catching the animals, owing to the severity of the winters.

The present season does not promise such large profits as resulted last winter from the work of the trappers, for the prices obtained *will not be so high. Mink* figure to a greater extent in the calculation of the Minnesota trappers than do any other animals, with skunk running a close second, and there has been a substantial drop in the prices paid for these two varieties of pelts, compared with last season. Mink still command a good figure, however. Last winter the prices were extraordinarily high. Skunks are almost 20 per cent lower than a year ago. Otherwise the season's prices compare very favorably with those prevailing last winter.

Where mink, late in 1905 and later in the winter, sold as high as $10 and $12 for the raw fur, the pelts are now quoted at $5 and lower. Two or three years ago $2.50 and $3 was the average price. The highest price commanded by a black skunk, according to a Minneapolis house is $1.75, with striped pelts quoted at $1.45. These are for the prime article, in best condition. Less satisfactory pelts will bring prices according to the manner in which they are graded. Prime furs are red or white on the flesh side, while the unprime article is blue or black.

Bear, fisher, fox, martin, otter, weasal and wolf are also common to Northern Minnesota, and are caught by the trappers of the state. Beaver and otter are getting pretty scarce, and the supply of martin is not nearly so large as might be desired. Following are quotations on the pelts of these animals, the prices quoted being the highest paid at present:

Black bear, $16; fisher, $9; wild cat, $1.50; black fox, $300; silver gray fox, $150; cross fox, $75; red fox, $5; gray, 5 cents; lynx, $8; martin, $25; otter, $18; weasel, 20 cents; Minnesota timber wolf, $1.25; beaver, $5.50; muskrat, 18 cents.

It is only on the rarest occasions that black or silver gray foxes are captured in Minnesota, so they do not enter very largely into the calculations of the trappers. There is good profit in taapping weasel at 90 cents a pelt, for the little animals are quite plentiful, and it was only a few years ago that their pelts were not even quoted in the price lists.

—For Rent—Two suites of office rooms in the Evenson Block. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

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to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

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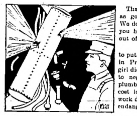

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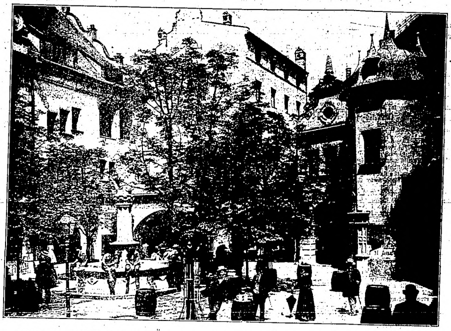

SCENE AT THE ROYAL HOFBRAU HAUS IN BAVARIA.

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Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

TEACHERS TO MEET

Red Lake County Teachers Association to Meet at Red Lake Falls.

An Interesting Program for the Meeting Has Been Prepared

On Friday and Saturday of this week the Teachers Association of Red Lake county will meet at Red Lake Falls. The following interesting program has been prepared for the occasion:

FRIDAY MORNING 9:00 o'clock.

"Some Things We Are Doing In The Washington School,"—Leland E. Healy.

"Second and Third Grade Language,"—Lydia McDougal and Nannie Swanson.

"Fourth and Fifth Grade Language."—Mary B. Anderson.

"Sixth and Seventh Grade Language."—Otto E. Olson. Discussion led by Wm. J. Harlow.

"Eighth Grade Grammer,"—Joseph G. Weeks. Discussion led by Chas. Moller.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON 1:30.

"The Need of Professional Training,"—Prof. E. W. Chambealain.

"Manual Training,"—Prof. Geo. G. Green, Moorhead Normal.

School Devices—"Paper Folding,"—Laura Halseth, Clara Berg, Mabel Hannay.

"Relief Maps,"—Stella Hennemuth.

"Primary Methods,"—Clara Brown, Marie Crompe.

"Letter Writing,"—Ida Zieglar, Eugenia Perrault, Chas. Erickson.

FRIDAY EVENING 8:30.

Musical Program in preparation.

"A Glance At The Sky," Lecture—Prof. C. S. Yeager, Fosston.

SATURDAY MORNING 8:30.

"Elementary Civics,"—Prof. J. B. O'Brien. General Discussion.

The Remainder of the day will be devoted to the Red Lake County Seed Grain Fair. Samples will be judged, prizes awarded and a lecture given by Prof. Wm. Robertson, of the State Agricultural School at Crookston.

The exhibits of work from Moorhead Normal, Fosston and Red Lake Falls, exhibited at the Northwestern Minnesota Teacher's Association meeting at Crookston, will be on exibition here, and every teacher in the county should be present.

Teachers are also requested to inform pupils in their respective schools to send or bring their samples of seed grain and corn to Red Lake Falls on or before Friday, November 30th. Samples may be sent by express to County Superintendent of Schools H. T. McAnulty, or brought in at any time before Nov. 30th and left at Ed. L. Healy's Land Office. Name and address of each contestant should accompany the sample.

—We had rented out out our barn for six months, but will again take it back the first of October. We will have a man in the barn all the the time so that the farmers can get some help. We will run both the boarding house and barn and try and give good service to the farmers. C. A. Chelin.

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BIG ICE GORGE FORMS

RESIDENTS OF RIVER FRONT AT ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS THREATENED.

Census Bureau Values All Classes of Property in Minnesota at Over Three Billions—Walker Man Who Killed Companion in Mistake for Deer Indicted for Manslaughter. General State News.

St. Paul, Nov. 26.—A dam of thin ice in the Mississippi river is all that stands between the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis and a mighty lake of backwater which is liable to descend at any moment upon the flat residents of both cities and sweep away them and their belongings.

The ice gorge formed Saturday night about three miles below Anoka. The warm weather of the last two days loosened the ice that had formed in the river. It became lodged below Anoka and continues to pack up there. The backwater at Anoka is now twenty feet high and many of the residents near the river have had to move their cattle from the barns and if the rise continues much longer they will have to move from their houses.

The danger to St. Paul and Minneapolis lies in the possibility of the water going out with a rush. The ice gorge is half a mile wide, extending across the river, and about four miles long. The ice is not thick and if it suddenly should give way the immense lake which it has formed will move down upon the flat dwellers, endangering lives and property.

Residents of the flats in both cities have been notified of the danger and are making what preparations they can to prevent losses.

WEALTH OF MINNESOTA.

All Classes of Property Valued at Over Three Billions.

Washington, Nov. 24.—According to a late tabulation of the census bureau the wealth of the state of Minnesota aggregated over $3,000,000,000 in 1904. This is an increase of more than $800,000,000 over 1900, when the previous compilation was made.

The exact estimate of the true value of all classes of property in the state is $3,343,722,076 and in this amount Minnesota ranks ahead of such states as Michigan, Maryland and some of the other older states of the Union.

In 1902 the total value of all property in the state was estimated at $2,513,620,826, so that it can be seen that there has been a remarkable jump in value, due in large measure to the development of the natural resources, the influx of various industries and the settlement of its agricultural lands.

HEAVY SNOW SAVES DEER.

Hunters Returning Disgusted From Northern Woods.

Duluth, Nov. 20.—Nature has taken the part of the deer and moose this fall to some extent, at least, by sending a great fall of snow all over the forest region of Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Hunters are returning disgusted in many cases because of the conditions in the woods. The snow is reported from twelve to twenty-two inches deep and this makes it pretty hard for the hunters to get around in the timber. The heavy snowfall will make a difference of several hundred deer in the kill this season and also of many moose.

Very few deer have arrived here to be shipped by rail to points further on. Some venison spoiled early in the hunting season, when there was a week of unseasonable warm weather.

HUNTER IS INDICTED.

Walker (Minn.) Man Charged With Manslaughter.

Walker, Minn., Nov. 24.—William Beauhart, the homesteader who shot and killed Louis Kling at Lake Emily, Cass county, some time ago, mistaking him for a deer, has been indicted for manslaughter by the grand jury of Cass county, now in session at Walker.

The indictment of Beauhart is of special interest at this time as it is one of the first cases of punishment for the careless hunter under the new law making man-shooting while hunting manslaughter.

The shooting of Kling apparently was a pure accident, as the two men were on friendly terms.

MET DEATH ON HANDCAR.

Two of Section Crew Killed in Crash at Akeley, Minn.

Akeley, Minn., Nov. 23.—Albert Olson of Nevis was instantly killed and John Snyder fatally injured while returning to Nevis on a handcar on the railroad. The car was struck by a passenger train near the Crooke Lake spur.

The men had almost removed the car, but the car struck Olsen's head and brained him. Snyder died later at the Union hospital.

Section Foreman Miles Olstedt and Frank Barnham were also on the handcar, but escaped injury.

Minnesota Man Killed.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—Daniel W. Desmond, the carpenter and gardner, was injured by the explosion of the acetylene gas plant on the farm of Calvin A. Goodrich, about eight miles from Excelsior, Minn. He died while being taken to Minneapolis for medical treatment.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey of St. Andrew's Episcopal church, Rochester, N. Y., is condemned to suspension from the church as a result of the decision of the ecclesiastical court of review. The court of review sustains the decision of the lower court, which was that Dr. Crapsey should be suspended for heretical teachings.

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, in session in Minneapolis, sent a telegram in the name of the federation to President Roosevelt at Porto Rico asking him to investigate conditions on the island and with a view to giving the islanders self-government and to better the labor conditions on the island.

The Virginia supreme court of appeals has handed down a decision affirming the decision of the state corporation commission declaring the 2-cent passenger rate act passed by the Virginia legislature contrary to the fourteenth amendment of the constitution of the United States.

The complaints of Superior elevator men against the Duluth board of trade and the alleged discrimination by Superior and Duluth elevators against North Dakota grain shippers were aired before the interstate commerce commission at Duluth Friday.

The stock of the Standard Oil company sold at $500 in New York Friday. This is the lowest price for years. At this price the stock shows a shrinkage in market value of more than $234,000,000 since the high price of January, this year.

Every state in the Union was represented at the Transmississippi commercial congress held at Kansas City last week.

The Republican state committee of New York spent $332,923 at the recent election.

The American Federation of Labor has declared for woman suffrage.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Two big liners, the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and the Orinoco, collided in the English channel off Cherbourg, France. As a result thirteen steerage passengers and sailors were killed, each vessel was seriously damaged and the two steamers have returned to port for repairs.

The torpedo schoolship Algeciras, stationed at Toulon, France, was totally destroyed by fire Sunday. There were 500 men on board when the fire broke out, but it is believed that most of them were saved.

The appointment of Herr von Arnim, president of the German Agricultural society, as minister of agriculture in succession to General von Podbielski, who recently resigned, has been gazetted.

A spontaneous combination of newspapers, tradesmen and consumers has killed the British soap trust, which was launched on Oct. 5 with a capital of $60,000,000.

By a viva voce vote and without a word of debate the French chamber of deputies has voted to increase the deputies' salaries from $1,800 to $3,000 a year.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The elimination of the microscopic examination of pork from the new American meat inspection regulations has resulted in a preliminary decision on the part of the French customs authorities barring American ham, bacon, canned pork, etc.

According to a late tabulation of the census bureau the wealth of the state of Minnesota aggregated over $3,000,000 in 1904. This is an increase of more than $800,000,000 over 1900, when the previous compilation was made.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

Minnesota 8, Indiana 6.
Chicago 38, Nebraska 5.
Carlisle 18, Cincinnati 0.
Illinois 5, Purdue 0.
Ames 2, Iowa 0.
Yale 6, Harvard 0.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 24.—Wheat—Dec., 77½@77⅝c; May, 79¾@79⅞c; July, 80⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 81⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 79⅞c; No. 3 Northern, 76@77c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 24.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veal calves, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.95@6.00. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.10; good to prime spring lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 24.—Wheat—No. 1 hard on track, 79¾c. To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 79¼c; No. 2 Northern, 77¾c; Nov., 80½c; Dec., 77¾c; May, 80½c; July, 80¾c. Flax—To arrive, $1.17½; Nov., $1.25; Dec., $1.16⅝c; Jan., $1.17¼; May, $1.20½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Wheat—Dec., 73@73⅛c; May, 78½@78⅝c. Corn—Dec., 42⅝c; May, 43½c. Oats—Dec., 33⅛@33⅜c; May, 34½c. Pork—Jan., $14.45; May, $14.72½. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 2[illegible]@28½c; dairies, 19@25c. Eggs—22@2[illegible]c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; chickens, 8½@9c; springs, 8½@9c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.[illegible]; cows and heifers, $1.[illegible]@4.50; calves, $[illegible]@7.50; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@4.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.9[illegible]@6.2[illegible]; good heavy, $6.10@6.30; rough heavy, $5.[illegible]@6.0[illegible]; light, $5.9[illegible]@6.22½; pigs, $5.50@5.[illegible]. Sheep, $3.25@5.70; yearlings, $5.[illegible]@6.40; lambs, $4.50@7.70.

TIME TABLE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv.....Crookston	......	Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar...Red Lake Falls	..	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire	.....	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar..Thief River Falls	..	Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar....Middle River	...	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush	.....	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 2[illegible], Red Lake Series, for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 4, T'wp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Solhulm, " " " " "
Abrahm B. Newton, " " " " "
Daniel P. O'Neil, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 25 to nov 29

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 109, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 8, T'wp. 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Torger T. Ose, " " "
Andrew G. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlom, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 25 nov 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 6[illegible], Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 35, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Alonzo George, " " "
Nels A. Leeberg, " " "
Adolph W. Hanning, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 25 nov 29

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: George M. Gunderson H. E. No. 161, Red Lake Series, for the S W. ¼, sec 28 Tp. 154 N., Rg. 42 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lars Matson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Martin Quist, " " " " "
Charley Peterson, " " " " "
John Hegerness, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 1 dec 6

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal,
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Charles Elgsten.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 2nd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated November 2nd, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

COURT SEAL
Nov 8-22

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissoner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 3[illegible], Red Lake Series for the N. E. ¼, Sec 15, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Charles Thompson, " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, " "
Henry Cook, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22 dec 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6709, Chippewa Series for the W. ½ N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Sec. [illegible] Tp. 153, N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Rockstadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan. 1907, viz: Andrew M. Dyrdahl, H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series for the S. W. ¼, Sec [illegible], T. [illegible] N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

[illegible], of Kratka, Minn.
[illegible], Brunkeberg, "
[illegible], Thief River Falls, "
[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on [illegible] Jan. 1907, viz: Adolph W. Hanning, H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼, Sec. [illegible], Tp. 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

[illegible], of Brunkeberg, Minn.
[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22 jan 3

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN SWEDEN

Has More in Proportion to Population Than Any Other Country in Europe

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

In proportion to population, Sweden possesses more railroad mileage than any other country in Europe, the figures being considerably in excess of those of Switzerland, which stands next on the list in this respect. Even if regard is paid to area, those parts of the country which have always formed seats of culture (Scania, etc.) can be considered as being well provided with railways. At the close of 1905, the railroads of Sweden had a total length of 12,545 kilometers (7,527 miles) of which 4,206 kilometers (2,523 miles) belonged to the state, while 8,339 kilometers (5,003 miles) were the property of about 100 private railroad companies. The total capital expended on railway enterprise in Sweden is estimated at about 900,000,000 crowns, on which sum unusually high dividends have been paid rising to as much as 52 per cent. on the cost of construction, the average corresponding figure for Europe being 45 per cent. The gross earings of the Swedish railways have of late years, risen to over 100,000,000 crowns, more than half of which has fallen to the share of the state railroads. The number of passengers has exceeded 38,000,000 annually.

The "Sick" and "Burial club" movement, which to a great extent is supported by the working classes, has, since 1901, come under the control of a special law which, however, deals only with registered societies, by the side of which there exists a number of non-registered societies, possessing somewhat ample funds. At the close of 1901 there were in Sweden 1,610 registered sick-relief clubs, with 203,487 members, equal to more than 50 per cent. of the population. These societies paid during the year mentioned the sum of 2,017,608 crowns in sick-relief, 350,389 crowns in burial relief and 89,445 crowns in doctors' fees, etc. They have received state aid to the amount of 200,045 crowns and at the close of the year possessed a balance to their credit of 4,076,457 crowns.

Since 1842 primary instruction has been obligatory for all children in Sweden between the ages of 7 and 14, who do not enjoy instruction in other public or private educational establishments or—under certain conditions—at home. The primary school possesses two departments—the infant school with a course lasting, as a rule, two years—and the primary school proper, with a four-year's course, to which may be added the continuation courses attended voluntarily by those who have passed through the primary school proper. The instruction given in the primary school is free of charge, the expenses being shared by the state and commune. In 1904 the total cost of primary instruction amounted to 27,055,369.

The number of school children, between the ages of 7 and 14, are at present 845,462. Of these, 429,727 are boys and 415,735 are girls. The number of those attending the public are 700,000, while the remaining 85,462 attend private schools. The total number of teachers engaged in all the schools is 17,063, there being about twice as many female teachers as there are male teachers. It costs about $7,000,000 annually to maintain these schools, about one-half of which amount is spent for the salaries of the teachers.

Captain O. Gylden, of the Swedish navy, has been appointed minister resident and consul general to Buenos Ayres. Captain Gylden was born in 1867 and was leader of the relief expedition sent out to meet the "Antartic." Sweden has never before been represented in Buenos Ayres and much good to Swedish export trade is expected as a result of this appointment.

Colonel Graves, United States minister to Sweden, and Mrs. Graves and Legation Secretary H. L. Hutchinson and Mrs. Hutchinson gave a reception in honor of their countryman, Mr. Floriael von Reuter, on the evening of Nov. 3. Members of the diplomatic crops and of Stockholm's polite society were present.

During the course of the last forty years the annual export of butter from Sweden has risen from 1,000,000 kilograms to about 20,000,000. The greater part of the butter goes to England. The production of cheese has also greatly increased, even if the export lists give little token of the fact.

"A Dream of Hell," is the title of a new novel whose author is Heming Berger. The novel has been dedicated to a traveling companion and has been illustrated by Carl Ebb.

Cirkus Orlando has been doing a land office business during the past season. The circus has now moved to Gothenburg, where it will remain this winter.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Twenty-five years ago a missionary society was organized among the university students in Christiania. In commemoration of this event, a celebration of three days was held in that city in the early part of October. Not only from all parts of Norway had come eminent ecclesiastical dignitaries of the church, but Dr Carl Tries, of Stockholm; Missionary L P Larsen, of Copenhagen, and R. P. Wilder, from England, were present. The proceedings and addresses of this meeting are to be published in book form. This book will no doubt contain much that is interesting and instructive in the line of missions.

It is questionable if any foreign sovereign has ever received a warmer welcome than was accorded to King Haakon of Norway and his English consort, who before her marriage, was Princess Maud of Wales, by the people of London. Roars of welcoming cheers were continuous all the way from Paddington railway station, where they arrived, and from Windsor to the brilliant scene in the Guild hall and from the Guild hall back to the station by another route. The crowds were immense and the acclaim was unmistakeable. King Haakon's pleased reference to the character of his reception, in response to the lord mayor's address of welcome, was no mere formal acknowledgement of the greatest honor that the city of London has it in its power to bestow—an invitation to lunch at the Guild hall—and the people of the metropolis gladly associate themselves with the function by turning out to give the city's guest hearty cheers. Indeed there is hardly an Euporean sovereign of the present day who has not received at one time or other the traditional hospitality of the city of London. Now the king of Norway is added to London's unparalleled list of celebrities. This is practically the first time the king of Norway has visited London, though King Haakon reminded the company at the Guild hall of Haakon I, surnamed "The Good," who, far away back in the tenth century, was educated in London at the court of Athelstane, a remark which brought smiles to some faces, there, because the vague recollections of Anglo-Norwegian relations that one retains from school days are of an entente the very reverse of cordial. At any rate, the majority of Norse and Scandinavian kings who then visited England were not presented with caskets of gold by lord mayors or their equivalent in the midst of an admiring and cheering company. There have been state banquets at Windsor castle nearly every night; one at which King Edward had as his guests the members of his cabinet, and another to which his ministers in the late unionist government were invited. But the most brilliant banquet was that which followed the old and interesting ceremony at which the young king of Norway was invested by his father-in-law, King Edward, with the ancient and most noble order of the garter. The royal procession on that occasion was a sight never to be forgotten by those privileged to witness. King Edward and all the Knights of the Garter being in full dress, with jeweled orders and insignia and blue riband across the breast, and Queen Alexandra, Queen Maud and all the duchesses and other ladies simply ablaze with jewels.

Dr. Karl Hildebrand, chief editor of the ultra-conservative Dagblad (Stockholm), and Charles Lindberg, the social democratic leader, were chosen by the lower house of the riksdag to take part in the welcome which was tendered Roald Amunsen, the explorer, at his arrival in Christiania last Tuesday. Captain Amundsen was brought on a warship coming from Christiansand, where the citizens gave a banquet in his honor. In order to obtain tickets to the banquet people were kept standing outside the place of subscription a whole day and night. The school children of Christiania were given a holiday in honor of the returned explorer.

The Christiania Students' Male chorus which toured the United States last summer has issued an illustrated book entitled "Through Norweg[illegible] American." It is an interesting book and Norwegian-Americans in all parts of the state will be glad to read it.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The forty-third annual report of the deaconess work in Copenhagen gives some interesting facts. The institution has in all 179 deaconesses and 123 probation sisters, in all 302. This force of good women has been laboring during the past year in fifteen hospitals, eight poorhouses, sixteen orphanages, two domestic schools, fifty-one congregations have had from one to five laboring in their midst for a longer or shorter time. A collection taken up in all the churches of Denmark on the thirteenth Sunday after Trinity for the deaconess work amounted to about $5,000. The receipts during the year from all sources amounted to nearly [illegible].

The young people's societies are having a large following in Denmark, as it appears. At Odense a convention of young people was recently held at which [illegible] branch societies were represented, and these represented over [illegible] members. The officers of this general organization are such [illegible] school inspector at [illegible], president, Rev. [illegible] of [illegible], vice-president, A. J. [illegible], secretary, and P. S. Petersen, Odense, treasurer. The secretary is the author of several works. In the old country, where common people have in years gone by not had much to say, these popular movements find a more hearty response.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Nicholas Miller, a veteran grocer of St. Paul, is dead.

Henry Wilt, aged twenty-nine years, was killed by a street car at Duluth.

Lee Raymond of St. Cloud was killed by an explosion near Brandon, Man.

Christian E. Popp, who had resided in St. Paul fifty-two years, is dead.

The gate receipts of the Carlisle-Minnesota game at Minneapolis were $31,000.

Lathrop and William A. Musetter, former St. Paul men, lost their lives in a fire at Regina, Canada.

Mrs. Maria L. Hawthorne, aged ninety-three years, is dead at St. Paul, where she had resided for forty-seven years.

Five residents of Shakopee have been sent to the Pasteur institute at Chicago as the result of being bitten by a rabid dog.

Miss Gertrude Hill, youngest daughter of James J. Hill, was married at St. Paul last week to Michael Gavin of New York city.

The steamer Bun Hersey burned to the water's edge while tied up at Stillwater. A watchman, the only person on the boat at the time, escaped.

Gran receipts at Minneapolis from Sept. 1 to Nov. 20 of the present year are 21,286,470 bushels short of the figures for the corresponding period of 1905.

A. W. Thompson, deputy state auditor, has resigned his position and C. S. Brown, a land clerk in the office, has been appointed to fill the place.

Jacob Frank of St. Paul cut his head almost from his body during a fit of despondency. He had been melancholy, it is said, since the death of his wife two years ago.

Edwin E. Dowesland of Sauk Rapids is dead after having lived for more than fifteen years with a broken back. His case is said to be without parallel in medical practice in this country.

The Industrial Mercantile company, a stock company composed of labor union members that has been conducting a dry goods and novelty store in Mankato since July last, has filed a petition in bankruptcy.

William Beauhart, the homesteader who shot and killed Louis Kling at Lake Emily, Cass county, a week or more ago, mistaking him for a deer, has been indicted for manslaughter by the grand jury of Cass county.

Dr. H. H. Wilcox of Albert Lea, one of the oldest practicing physicians in that part of the state, has been tendered and has accepted the position of surgeon-in-chief of the National Soldiers' home at Hot Springs, S. D.

Louis Brunnelle, the two-year-old son of Albert Brunnelle of Red Lake Falls, is dead as the result of injuries inflicted by a toy tin whistle. The boy was playing about the yard with the jagged end in his mouth. He fell and the jagged edge, where the mouth piece was broken off, was driven into his throat, severing an artery.

Accused of having started a fire in one of the dressing rooms of the Lyceum theater at Minneapolis in an effort to conceal an alleged theft of furs valued at $150 Evelyn Mars, one of the employes of the theater, is under arrest on a charge of arson. The police say the young woman has confessed that she took the furs and started the fire.

Thomas Edgerton, residing near Garden City, while walking to the home of his married daughter, dropped dead and was found by a neighbor who was driving to town. Mr. Edgerton was a prominent farmer and a veteran of the Civil war, being a prisoner for several months in the Cahawba (Ala.) prison. He settled in Blue Earth county nearly fifty years ago.

Frank Quinn, one of the officers of the municipal court at Minneapolis, rescued Mrs. Henry Dutton, a negro woman, and her two small children from death in the old building at 12 Central avenue, Nicollet island. The stairway by which Quinn carried the two little children to the ground floor was all ablaze when he descended with his burden and collapsed as he reached the bottom.

Norman Plufke, a farm hand about twenty-four years old, was killed by a railroad train near Rochester. He and a man named James Clarke, both working for Gus Nelson of Rock Dell, visited town for a shaft for a corn shredder. Returning at dusk they tried to cross the track ahead of the train going south near the old fair grounds. Plufke was killed, but Clarke was only stunned. Both horses were killed and the buggy smashed.

Lower street car fares are being sought by St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior (Wis.) city officials. At a joint meeting in committee room No. 1 of the Hennepin county courthouse officials of the four cities, including two mayors and fourteen aldermen, the first step was taken toward securing, if possible, a lower uniform fare from the Twin City Rapid Transit company, which controls the street railway systems of the four mentioned cities.

The state supreme court has sustained the order of the lower court in the case of the Bonness-Howe Lumber company of Minneapolis vs. the State of Minnesota and the state is entitled to collect triple damages amounting to $2,793 for trespassing. The alleged timber trespass was committed during the winters of 1902 and 1903. The case was appealed from the Hubbard county court by the company on the grounds that the statute of limitations prevented the state from collecting more than single damages.

HILL A WILLING WITNESS.

Great Northern Magnate Testifies in Grain Traffic Hearing.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—James. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern road, was the first and principal witness to give testimony in the inquiry of the interstate commerce commission into the grain traffic.

Mr. Hill's testimony covered the subject comprehensively and provided a basis for the further proceedings and the examination of the later witnesses radiated from his presentation of the situation.

Among those who were heard were representatives of all of the different interests engaged in the handling of grain.

The hearing is being counducted by Commissioners Charles A. Prouty of Vermont and Franklin K. Lane of California. Assisting the commissioners are J. H. Marble, special attorney, and H. Taylor, special agent of the interstate commerce commission. The examination of witness is conducted by Mr. Marble.

Mr. Hill proved to be a willing witness. His answers were given to all questions without hesitation and in detail. He said the Great Northern in 1879 hauled 2,789,000 bushels, while in 1896 this had increased to probably 115,000,000 bushels. In view of the fact that the bulk of the Great Northern's business comes from the farmers, he said, it had always been his policy to aid the farmer whenever possible.

Mr. Hill thought the present legal method of handling grain is wrong, that the farmer is too much the victim of the speculator. He said every receiving elevator should devote itself to that business simply; that operating in grain should be another separate business, and that the business of the grain mixer should be still another separate business.

ABSORBS ROBBINSDALE LINE.

Twin City Company Buys Last Independent Railway.

Minneapolis, Nov. 21.—By negotiations just completed the Twin City Rapid Transit company has acquired the Robbinsdale line of the North Side Street Railway company, of which A. B. Robbins of Minneapolis is president. The Robbinsdale line will be added to the system known as the Minneapolis and St. Paul Suburban railway and through this transaction the Twin City company has secured the last of the independent trolley lines in the vicinity of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

With Mr. Robbins and his company thus put out of the field all prospect of competing trolley lines between Minneapolis and Anoka is at an end and the question of furnishing the citizens of Anoka with electric connection with St. Paul and Minneapolis rests entirely with the Twin City company.

KISS COSTS NINETY DAYS.

Traveling Man Sentenced for Being Too Familiar.

Preston, Minn., Nov. 24.—J. M. Magill, traveling salesman for a La Crosse tobacco house, was convicted here of assault upon Miss Nina Dahl, a young woman living on a farm on the river side.

Instead of pronouncing sentence the court set aside the verdict, as that part of the testimony which was conflicting shows only that the prisoner kissed his pretty companion.

Magill was then allowed to plead guilty of an attempt to steal a kiss from the girl and was committed to the county jail for ninety days.

WILL KEEP TAB ON BANKS.

Twin City Clearinghouses Plan to Hire Examiner.

St. Paul, Nov. 20.—Following the action of the Chicago and Milwaukee clearinghouses, the St. Paul and Minneapolis Clearinghouse associations are planning the appointment, in the near future, of a special examiner for the Twin City banks. It is thought that this action practically will eliminate the possibility of bank failures, increase confidence in the institutions and make the Twin City banks rank higher than ever among the banking institutions of this country.

BRUTAL SPOUSE SENT UP.

Man Alleged to Have Caused Wife's Suicide Gets Five Years.

Warren, Minn., Nov. 23.—Nels Anderson, the Eagle Point man accused by the coroner's jury of impelling his wife to kill herself, pleaded guilty to assault in the second degree upon his helpmate with a shotgun and will spend five years at Stillwater.

Rural Delivery Notes

On Nov. 1 there were 33,948 routes in operation in the entire country.

The total number of free delivery routes now operating in St. Louis county under the rural system is thirty-eight, exclusive of the suburban service under the St. Louis postoffice.

Since June 30 there have been established in Ohio 117 new free rural routes, according to the report of the fourth assistant postmaster general. There are now pending 158 petitions for new routes, and there were Nov. 1 in operation 2,392 routes in the state.

Residents along the free delivery route which takes in Mountain View, Preakness and the surrounding country near Paterson, N. J., were recently surprised when the mail was delivered by a pretty young woman, who did the work in a businesslike manner. She explained that her uncle, Peter Lydecker, regular carrier, was ill and that she would take his place until he recovered.

Dairy and Creamery

The Michigan experiment station has begun a very important line of work and one which deserves wide attention. In the fall of 1904 it purchased twenty grade Shorthorn cows. None of the animals contain a large percentage of Shorthorn blood, yet they have enough to give the evenness and uniformity sought in a foundation herd. The first year's report of this grade herd says:

"In maintaining a grade dairy herd at this institution two chief ends are sought—first and foremost, to show objectively how the common dairy stocks of this state can be improved as to quantity and quality of milk production by a rational and continued system of up grading, and, second, to show the effect of careful feeding and management upon average, common or even inferior dairy animals. While the stocking of farms with pure bred dairy animals is desirable and strongly advised, it is generally recognized that the great mass of improvement among dairy cattle must come from intelligent up grading. In selecting the foundation stock for a grade dairy herd attention was given first to the health and general physical characteristics of each individual selected.

"For breeding purposes the herd is divided into four groups or subherds of five animals each. One of these groups is to be bred continuously to Jersey bulls and the female progeny bred in the same line, another group to be bred continuously to Holstein bulls and the female progeny in the same line. The third group is to be bred in the same way to Guernsey bulls and the fourth to Shorthorn bulls."

The average results of the herd are as follows: Milk, 6,259 pounds; butter, 298 pounds; cost of feed, $33.07; value of products, $69.65, and profit of over feed, $36.58.

The poorest cow gave in the year 1,205 pounds of milk, forty-eight pounds of butter and was kept at a loss of $9.88.

The most profitable cow gave 8,113 pounds of milk, 422 pounds of butter and returned a net profit over feed consumed of $60.61.

Despite the logic of these facts, which are different in no way from hundreds of other instances where records have been kept, how few, very few, farmers and breeders of pure bred cattle think that it pays to test, says Hoard's Dairyman. What can a man do that will pay better?

A Fine Holstein.

The subject of the illustration, from Kimball's Dairy Farmer, is Genie Clothilde, 48,097, a registered Holstein-Friesian, owned by W. W. Cheney of the Clark farms, Manlius, N. Y. She has been tested in four different years and has increased her test each time. At the age of four years and seven months she made seventeen pounds three-ninths ounces of butter in a week. At the age of five years and nine months her record was 21.68 pounds of butter, and when seven years and one month old she made 22.68 pounds of butter.

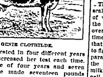

GENIE CLOTHILDE.

Study the Individual Cow.

I see before me in this room men who have grown gray in the business, men who may be considered well off—rich—who do not owe anybody a dollar and have plenty to take care of them. They do not do much now. They have ceased to work. Cows have made them well off. But those men have been good dairymen. They have been students of the dairy cow and have learned the dairy business from start to finish. They have learned that there is an individuality in the dairy cow, just as there is in men, in dogs or in trotting horses, just as much difference in the individual ability of dairy cows as there is in the ability of men, and that is where many dairy farmers fail—in studying the individual cow. We do business with the herd and pay attention to the cows collectively and not individually. It seems to me that it is every dairyman's duty to study each cow in his herd. Every herd in this state has some good cows and some poor ones, and in many of the herds the profit derived from good cows is lost in supporting the poor ones.—C. H. Everett at Wisconsin Dairymen's Convention.

Handling Silage.

For removing the silage from the silo I have found a common four tined manure fork a most convenient tool, writes J. P. Fletcher in the National Stockman and Farmer. The larger the fork and the closer together the tines are the faster the work may be accomplished. It is important, however, that the surface of the silage be left as nearly level as possible and the amount removed from time to time simply be skimmed off the top to a depth of two or three inches each day. It is never best to thrust the fork down into the silage five or six inches as though it were manure you were pitching. Simply take off the top layer in as careful a manner as possible, not loosening up more than is taken out. In this way there will be considerably less waste either by molding or freezing.

THE DAIRYMAN

It is not one single thing that makes a co-operative creamery successful, but it is the combined work of many essential things, says State Dairy Inspector Winkjer of Minnesota. The buttermaker is generally considered the most important factor for a successful creamery, but his importance is mainly that he is in a position to bring together and harmonize the forces to bear on the important place. The buttermaker has an unlimited amount of pressure behind his creamery business if he goes to work and develops it right. Of course a buttermaker generally has his hands full in keeping his creamery presentable, and he should receive liberal assistance from all concerned, and those concerned mostly in that work are the farmers themselves.

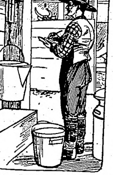

KEEPING A RECORD.

While there are many ways in which the farmer may give his assistance, I want to point to one especially that the farmer is even more interested in than the buttermaker. This is the improvement of the dairy herd so as to get a bigger yield from the number of cows already on hand. The farmer is the one who is benefited most and should feel most interested. Now, I want to call attention to one way in accomplishing this that is practical, and a way that every dairyman should use, and that is to keep such a record of each cow in the herd that will show at the end of the year what each individual cow has done. This at first thought would seem like something that would entail a great deal of work, and I will not deny but what it takes some extra work, but I think it safe to say that it will be the best paying work that you can do in connection with your dairy.

The things necessary are a spring scale, pencil and memoranda book, all of which need not cost over $2, and the extra work necessary need not be over thirty minutes a month outside the time it takes to do the figuring, and that will depend on how quick you are to figure. The thing to do with this apparatus is to place it where you empty the milk after milking. Taking the milk from each cow, you first hang the pail on the scale, and with the pencil and book you have handy you make a record of what the cow has given. You can repeat this for every milking if you wish, but for a beginning about four times a month will give you good results and show you where you have the cow that is stealing her board and where you have the one that is paying for it.

In connection with this it is also necessary to have the milk from each cow tested about three times or more a year. With the number of pounds of milk and per cent of fat in milk, you have a basis to figure the value of your cow. The value of such a record is well expressed by Mr. Sly when he says, "If a farmer has two cows and loses $10 on one and gains $10 on the other, it does not take much of a mathematician to see that he did not make any money, but if he disposes of the cow that he lost $10 on he would be $10 ahead, besides saving extra time and labor required to care for the extra cow."

Keep Utensils Clean.

It pays to be clean about the dairy. Milk pails, strainers, cans, as well as separator and bottles, if used, should first be rinsed with cold water, washed with steam or boiling water with the aid of a scrubbing brush and placed in a clean, airy place to dry. Do not allow any milk to accumulate in seams or corners. In the cleaning process use a cloth as little as possible, for unless frequently and thoroughly scalded it is sure to furnish a lodgment for numberless bacteria.

Falsifying Pedigrees.

The life of a breed depends upon the honesty of the men who make out the pedigrees, and there should be severe punishment for a man who deliberately falsifies a pedigree or certificate of breeding. It is due cattle breeders, however, to say that their transactions have been remarkably free from any tampering with pedigrees.—Holstein Friesian Register.

Docile Cattle.

A pet calf will become a gentle cow. Tending a herd of docile, intelligent cattle is far more pleasant than is the care of a barn full of kicking, nervous brutes. Nearly all property reared cattle are easy to manage.

THE DAIRYMAN

We find as we visit farm after farm all throughout the country that farmers are not paying much attention as to the cost of production. They are clamoring for more price. That is legitimate, but they do not save the 1,000 per cent on profits on their own farm by reducing the cost of production, as they might. A man that is in the agricultural business has to study that question more than anybody else, the dairyman particularly should, and there ought to be an aggressive movement along the line, and the report of the man who has charge of your advanced registry work speaks of the advantages farm associations bring. If I was a breeder of Holstein cattle or any kind of cattle I would work at it day in and day out in order that these farmers should understand that every cow is not a cow simply because she stands on four legs and has four teats, but that they must study the individuality of the animal; that there are good and bad cows in their herds. Our dairy literature is full of this thing, but the farmers either do not read it, or if they do read it they do not read it understandingly. There is one way that we can get at the men who do not have the advantage of the great mass of literature that is being given out by practically doing for them what they will not do themselves. We have only got to go to Europe and see how far ahead of us they are in all they have done along that line. In Denmark they have five or six hundred test associations, where farmers find by mutual interests they can get together. Those started two years ago with two organizations. Six hundred in Denmark today; 400 in Norway and Sweden. They have been extended into Russia and Belgium and Holland and many over into England. This year we have had a little along that line in our own country and Canada. We go back and find nothing in our dairy literature about anything being done along that line, but now we find here and there a little awakening along this line. We have from Vermont a circular urging the dairymen to go into these associations because the dairy production in Vermont is only 175 pounds per cow.—Professor Webster Before the Holstein-Friesian Association.

Ready For the Judging Pen.

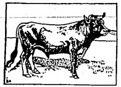

This superb Jersey, illustrated by American Cultivator, belongs to a Massachusetts herd.

Good Butter Producers.

The most remarkable characteristic of the Guernsey is the richness of the animal. This richness is combined with good size and constitution and particularly quiet, gentle and tractable temperament. They are rangy, deep animals, with soft, silky texture of skin and creamy color. As a four-year-old they often give sixteen to eighteen quarts of milk during the first four or five months after calving with ordinary care. They are persistent milkers. Their milk and cream is of marvelous color and richness, and the butter excels in grain and flavor and golden color that of any other breed.

Their ability to produce butter fat at a low cost demands careful attention of dairymen. At the New York experiment station several of the dairy breeds have been carefully tested. The annual report gives the result of the first two periods of lactation. In both instances the Guerneys produced butter fat at the least cost, as follows: Guernsey, first period, 18.4 cents; second period, 15.6 cents; Jersey, 20 cents, 18.5 cents; Devon, 23 cents, 19 cents; Ayrshire, 24.3 cents, 21.8 cents; American Holderness, 26.3 cents, 22.8 cents; Holstein-Friesian, 26.3 cents, 26.4 cents.

This agrees with the work done at other experiment stations.

The Kind of Bull to Buy.

The safest kind of a bull to buy to breed from today is the one least sought after. After bulls reach the age of three or four years no one seems to want them, and they are sold at canner prices. A bull at this age should be a better animal to buy for breeding purposes, providing he has been properly fed, handled and exercised. Too many good bulls are ruined through neglect, improper food and undue confinement in dark, filthy box stalls. In purchasing a mature bull we have the advantage in being able to ascertain the quality of the calves the bull has been producing, while this is not true in the case of the young one.—R. S. Shaw.

Washing Dairy Things.

The milk pails, strainer, milk and cream cans and cream separator should be kept scrupulously clean. They should be rinsed in cold water immediately after using, then washed in warm water containing a little sal soda or dairy washing powder (this washing powder should not contain soap) and then scalded in boiling hot water or steamed and then drained and, if possible, set in the sun to dry. Use a brush in washing the utensils rather than a cloth. Do not wipe with a cloth.

CARE OF CREAM.

Thorough Cleanliness Necessary to Secure a Good Quality.

The cream gathering creamery has many features to recommend it and is alike popular with patrons and factory proprietors, but at the same time we would say this, and say it most emphatically—that unless we are up and doing the advantages of this system will prove wholly or largely illusory, for the gain made at the manufacturing end will more than be swallowed up at the selling end through the manufacturing of butter of an inferior quality that must be sold at a reduced price.

The herculean task before us in connection with our cream gathering creameries is the education of the patrons to properly care for their cream. When the cream leaves the farm, it should be both clean in flavor and sweet. This means care and cleanliness throughout and the providing of facilities for cooling the cream. The utensils used should be of the best quality and properly cleaned, so that there will be no danger of contamination from this source.

Milk In a Clean Place.

Special care should be taken to milk in a clean place and in as cleanly a manner as possible, for particles of dirt which fall into the milk at milking time are laden with organisms which produce the worst flavors with which we have to contend and, while harmful at any time, are doubly so under the cream gathering creamery system, where the cream is held for some time before it is sent to the factory.

The milk should be creamed as soon as possible after milking, and for this purpose we strongly favor the use of a hand separator over any method of setting the milk, as it provides the most efficient and thorough method of creaming the milk and enables us to make a cream of any desired richness. We recommend making a cream testing about 30 per cent. The quantity to be cooled is greatly reduced, and the cream, if properly cooled, will be one of superior quality. Care should be taken to set the separator in a clean place and to stand it on a floor that can be kept clean, and not on an earth or ground floor, which is sure to get into bad condition sooner or later through milk being spilled upon and soaking into it and thus causing bad odors. We would again admonish those who have hand separators to keep them thoroughly clean. We have met more separators than one in such a condition that they themselves would contaminate milk put through them.

The separator bowl and its parts should not only look clean, but should have a clean smell as well. If giving off any bad odors, examine all tubes and crevices about the bowl, for this is evidence in itself that there is dirt being harbored somewhere.

Delivery of Cream.

Frequently cream is seriously injured in delivering it to the creamery. We have even seen collectors using ordinary milk cans in summer for this purpose. Cream received from the patron in the best condition would not under such circumstances reach the creamery in a condition fit for making good butter. The tanks or cans should be well insulated, and where the latter in particular are used they should be protected from the sun by means of a good canvas cover on the wagon.

One of the most disagreeable flavors imparted to cream is that due to the sun's rays striking directly upon and heating the walls of a can, and this flavor is invariably passed on to the butter. Where the cream is delivered by individual patrons the can should be covered with a blanket.—Superintendent Mitchell at Meeting of Eastern Dairymen's Association.

Dairy Wisdom In Brief

In Kansas a progressive dairyman tested his herd of sixteen cows. He found eight were making good profits and the other eight were eating them up.

The best way to improve the test is to better the cow.

Every heifer raised from an unprofitable cow will make one more unprofitable cow.

The dual purpose cow may do for the average farmer, but the dairy farmer wants a profitable cow.

Shivering on the warm side of a straw pile and suffocating in a dark, poorly ventilated stable are two extremes. Avoid both this winter.—Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Teach the children to be careful to close the doors and gates, says the Farm Journal. A prize heifer calf was lost by the barn door being left open and the calf gaining access to the chopped grain, the fact not being known until too late to attempt saving it.

Calves grow into money about as fast as any kind of stock. You have got to keep them moving, though. When a calf stops growing, it is pretty apt to go back first thing you know. Backward things are what swamp the best of us.

The quarters for the cows should be put in order, so that when the frosty nights and cold rains come the herd may have proper shelter. Cows are more sensitive and susceptible to cold than most other animals on account of the double drain upon them. Be wise and do not lay the foundation for disease and loss by needless exposure. Any loss in this way in the fall of the year puts the animals in so much worse condition for wintering. The loss is not only immediate, but is felt all through the winter and causes an extra outlay to restore them to a profitable condition.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1906 NUMBER 49

CASE IS POSTPONED

Arguments in the County Seat Case Were Not Made Last Friday.

Hearing Is Now Set for the 17th of December.

Arguments in the Red Lake county seat case were not made before the state supreme court last Friday, the day originally set for the hearing. Owing to the fact that Attorney Knox, of Jackson, who is to make the arguments for the Red Lake Falls people, was not able to be present on Friday, the attorneys representing Thief River Falls stipulated to have the hearing postponed until the 17th of December, at which time the arguments in the case will be made and the supreme court will take the matter under advisement. It is not expected now that any decision in the matter will be rendered before the latter part of January or the first of March.

Different Here.

The Pembina Pioneer Express says: "No good butter in the market. What is the matter with the farmers? More than half the butter brought in is unsaleable and has to be shipped out to be made into 'creamery.' This ought not to be so." The trouble with Pembina county farmers is probably the same as the case Congressman Bede speaks of. The milk and cream was kept on the shelf in the living room of the house where all the members of a large family dwelt together. In that same room they prepared their meals and ate them, they worked, slept, smoked and did various and sundry other things without covering the cream and milk pans. Mr. Bede said the butter they sold looked very fine but in eating it he could taste every individual member of the family with a slight flavoring of cat and dog.

A SPECIAL TERM NEEDED

Many Settlers Cannot Make Final Proof Upon Their Land.

New Naturalization Law Makes Trouble for Foreign Born Homesteaders.

The new naturalization law has placed several homesteaders in this and other northern counties in rather a peculiar predicament.

The case of Andrew Tonneslan, a homesteader in the town of Deer, Roseau county is typical. Tonneslan has applied to the clerk of the courts to be made a citizen, in order that he may make final proof upon his claim. The notice of application has to be posted sixty days before the term of the district court at which the same is to be heard. Now the general terms of court in Roseau county are held on the second Monday of January and the third Monday of July. The application of Tonneseland, therefore, could not be heard until the July term of court. It will be seven years on April 27, 1907, since Tonneseland filed upon his homestead, and until he has been granted full citizenship he cannot make final proof of his entry.

The July term will be too late, and unless a special term of court can be held so that he can be admitted before the date for final proof, he will be compelled to commute his entry, which will cost him $200.

Furnished Transportation.

Miss Aberdeen Knuth, a young girl who attained considerable notoriety several months ago on account of the fact that she walked from Thief River Falls to Grand Forks, was sent to her home in that city by the city of Grand Forks Wednesday. The girl was employed in a hotel at Grand Forks. transportation was provided for her over the Great Northern.—Grand Forks Herald.

B. OF R. T. LODGE 102.

Soo Trainmen Organize a Lodge Here on Sunday Afternoon.

New Lodge Starts Out With Twenty Charter Members.

Lodge No. 102, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen was organized in Thief River Falls Sunday afternoon. Organizer C. R. Cowell, of Minneapolis, was in charge of the work and twenty trainmen became charter members of the order. Owing to the fact that many of the men were out on the road, the number of charter members were not as large as expected, but the trainmen say that the Thief River Falls order will be one of the strongest on the entire system in the near future. The following are the officers elected:

Master—H. K. Amory.
Secretary—George Stewart.
Financier—William Wohrman.

Three Chicago men who have been hunting deer in the Rainy Lake country claim to have had a remarkable and exciting experience with a caribou. The encounter took place in the center of a lake, and two of the party were in a boat without guns. They saw a caribou swimming from the shore on which they were camped to a point across the lake. With nothing but knives they tackled the animal, who showed fight and upset their boat. They succeeded in turning the caribou around however, and he swam back to shore where there partner was who killed the animal with his rifle. The two who were dumped out in the lake succeeded in getting the boat righted, and they rowed to shore. The caribou was a very large one, and in proof of their story they exhibit the horns and hide of this monarch of the forest.

THEY ARE WELL FIXED

Agent Frater Says that the Indians Are Doing Well.

There Will Be No Suffering Among Them This Winter.

For several years, it has been noted that the Indians of the Red Lake reservations have made complaints to the Indian authorities at Washington, asserting that they were in exceedingly straightened circumstances from a financial stand-point and that they were in great need of help from Washington that they might tide over the severe winter months. In fact, two years ago, Major Scott, the acting Indian agent, succeeded in securing from the Indian officials an appropriation of money with which to purchase supplies for the Indians.

These conditions are decidedly changed, at the present time. John T. Frater Indian agent, states that the Indians of the Red Lake band are especially comfortably fixed. They have been given two large payments this fall, and will undoubtedly be be given another before spring.

While there was some "blowing" of the funds among certain of the reds, they were not allowed to gamble, and for the most part purchased clothing and supplies with their funds. Many of them received large amounts from these payments and have heeded the advice of Mr. Frater and placed the money on deposit for future use.

The Leech lake Indians are also in a fair condition. They have been continually advised by the agent to "think of the morrow" and husband their small earnings for the winter months.

While the wild crop was far from being a large one, the reds were industrious and realized fairly well from the sales of rice. The blueberry season was productive of good sales, also, and supplies have been laid up for this winter.

At the other reservations the conditions are about the same as at Red lake, and the Indians of northern Minnesota are in better condition generally than they have been for several years.

Creameries in Minnesota.

Reports now being compiled indicate that there is an increase this year of seventy. There are said to be 800,000 dairy cows in the state. The production of butter this year is estimated at 90,000,000 pounds, compared with 80,000,000 pounds in 1905. The value of the butter produced in 1905 was $20,000,000 and owing to the increase in supplies and higher prices this year the 1906 value will likely show a material increase over the preceding year.

St. Hilaire is getting to be considerable of a poultry market. Last Monday N. A. Nelson, who has been buying turkeys, shipped to Duluth in one consignment by express four hundred turkeys. Besides this Wilson, Steen & Co. bought and sent a large amount to Thief River Falls, and L. M. Rolland & Sons made shipments to the Twin Cities, all of which goes to show that the farmers in this section believe in diversified farming and the present price of poultry would indicate that it is profitable.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

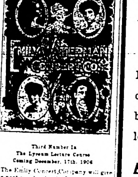
EMILY WATERMAN CONCERT CO.

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The Emily Concert Company will give the next number in the Lyceum Course on Monday evening Dec. 17th. Make no other engagements for that evening. We assure you that the Concert will be a delight.

NEW DRAINAGE BILL.

Senator Flint of California Proposes to Reclaim Swamp Land.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Senator Flint of California has prepared a bill for the reclamation of swamp lands by drainage, which he will introduce early next week. In many of its provisions it is similar to the bill introduced last session by Representative Steenerson of Minnesota.

The bill is general and covers all the states included in the Steenerson measure, including Minnesota, Wisconsin and Iowa. It provides for the segregation of funds derived from the sale of public lands in these states and the creation of a drainage fund, to be expended by the secretary of the interior. The Flint bill, however, makes an appropriation of $2,000,000 to start the work, which the Steenerson bill does not. There is also a provision in the Flint bill for the imposition of a fine upon any person who injures drainage works in any way.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath evening worship at 7:30 p. m.
Sabbath School at 12 a. m.
Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m.
Sabbath School Teachers meeting and prayer Thursday evening at 7:30

We begin a course of Bible study this week, Thursday evening which will be of great value to you. We wish you would come.

Our ladies will serve an oyster supper in the basement of the church, Friday evening Dec. 7th. We will be glad to have you come to eat and worship with us.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

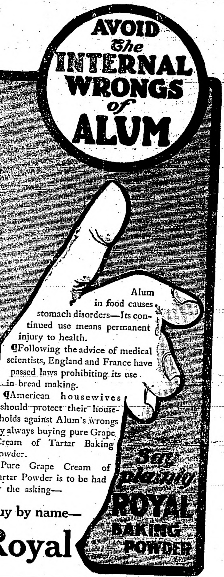
AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM
Say plainly ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—
Royal

It Is Worth a Good Deal to Us

to have you know that this store is headquarters for the best in things for men to wear; but it is worth just as much to you to have the knowledge.

One good evidence of the fact is that we sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes, with the market full of cheap "mercerized cotton" clothes; with most makers of clothing dodging the question of all wool or cotton mixed fabrics, you certainly ought to be glad to know of one place where you can get clothes quality you can depend on.

It's worth something to you to know that Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes are absolutely all-wool and above any cotton suspicion; and to know that this store is the place for them. We can fit you perfectly in suits and overcoats; the label is guarantee of satisfaction.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
EVERYTHING FROM HEAD TO FOOT.

Dyeing and French Dry Cleaning

Is the only thing that can re-new clothes. Fine silk and wool cannot be washed, but if you want it to look like new, send it to

B. DAN BJORKMAN.
DYER AND CLEANER.
CORNER OF MAIN AVE. AND FIRST ST.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs G. Benjeminson on Monday.

Mrs. Krouse and son Rushford went to Crookston Tuesday afternoon.

There will be an entire change of program at the Bijou Theatre this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. DeLancy returned to their home in Red Lake Falls last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard and son John, spent Sunday at Argyle visiting relatives.

Dick Edmonds was down from Rollis the first of the week shaking hands with old friends here.

For Rent—Mrs Douglas residence one block north of Soo depot, inquire of Ralph Douglas High School building.

The Women Workers of the Presbyterian church will serve an oyster supper in the basement of the church tomorrow evening.

An oyster supper will be given next Friday evening in the Presbyterian church under the auspices of the Women Workers Society. Price 25c.

All persons are warned not to drink the city water. River water is being pumped into the city mains owing to the fact that the deep well pump is not in working order.

Auction and Norwegian Lutefisk supper in the basement of the Synod church on the evening of December 14, commencing at 6 o'clock. Supper, 25 cents. All are cordially invited.

Next Sunday evening Prof. J. O. Norlund, of Lincoln, Nebr., will give a lecture (swedish) in the S. D. A. church right across from the Soo Depot. Seats free. Come and hear. Everybody welcome.

Mrs. George Smith who had spent the last two months in Minneapolis with her daughter, Mrs J. W. Hawkes, returned to this city last week to make her home. On account of poor health she could not live in Minneapolis.

Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday Dec. 9.

Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 6:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

Chas. H. Flesher.
Pastor.

The young folks at Red Lake Falls entertained the young people that attended the teacher's meeting, at a dance last Friday evening in the K. P. hall there. Everybody enjoyed themselves to the utmost, and heartily appreciate the way in which they were entertained while there.

Claude Neilson and John Neilson are in the city talking with the business men here about establishing a woolen mill here. They are connected with the Fosston Woolen Mills and desire to make a change. A woolen mill is something Thief River Falls needs badly, and it is possible that the city will have one in the near future.

Miss Alice Christianson very pleasantly entertained a large company of young folks last Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Huseth in honor of Miss Antonia Pfuhl, of Fertile. The first part of the evening was spent in playing progressive cinch, which was followed by a guessing game of "nations." A dainty lunch was served and all present had a most enjoyable time.

At our union Thanksgiving service, last Thursday an appeal was made in behalf of some destitute families out in the region of Germantown. It is gratifying to know that the response to that appeal was cast off clothing of good quality, to to such an amount that one two horse driving sleigh could not take the donation from Thief River to Germantown at one load. We commend the people for their ready response to the call of need.

Henry DeBoinure went to Crookston last evening.

O. T. Tanberg returned from the Lower Falls yesterday.

D. N. Winton went to East Grand Forks last Monday.

Lewis A. Nelson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Walter Rosenberry and John Fuller were in Red Lake Falls the first part of the week.

Supt. Hay was over to Duluth Sunday, called there by the serious illness of an uncle.

Mrs. H. J. Sanders, of Greenbush, was in the city the first of the week visiting friends.

J. P. McCullough, a settler on the eleven towns, returned from Janesville Wednesday.

—Minnesota Star is put out in 5 and 10 cents sizes. A Havana filled cigar—the best on the market.

—Wanted—A boy to do chores morning and evening and attend school. Inquire at the News office.

"Billy" Knight leaves the latter part of this week for Prince Albert where he will work during the winter.

Sheriff-elect Lewis A Nelson has announced that he will appoint Robert A. Lee, of this city, as his deputy.

Mrs. Hjertor, of Middle River, was in the city the first part of the week visiting with Mrs. Christianson.

Lewis Hanson went to Bemidji to attend an initiation given by the Elk's lodge at that point last evening.

Mrs. Marguardt and little daughter have returned from points in North Dakota where they have been visiting.

Master Percival Hawes entertained a few of his little friends last Saturday afternoon in honor of his 8th birthday.

Geo. and Harry Ripley were in town yesterday. They left for their claims up near Lake of the Woods in the afternoon.

Henry Holtz, of Willow City, N. D., who has been in town for the last week looking after his property here, returned to his home Tuesday.

Miss May Lee, trimmer for Miss Lakin returned from Crookston Tuesday. She was accompanied by her sister, Margaret, who will visit her for a few days.

There are now 950 pupils enrolled in the city schools, about 50 more than at this time last year. Of these 950, some 70 are attending the high school, the largest number ever enrolled.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will hold a rummage sale in Rayson's confectionery store in the Rollis building on LaBree avenue on Friday and Saturday, Dec. 14 and 15. This will be a good opportunity to get clothing cheap.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 08
Eggs	25c
Butter	23c
Potatoes, bushel	35c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$1 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our many friends who so ably assisted and comforted us in the hour of our deep bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. C.F. Williams.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

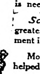

ADRIFT ON ICE FLOES

Some Young Men Had an Exciting Experience Up at Warroad.

Skaters Float for Miles Into the Lake of the Woods.

Traveling men who have recently been up at Warroad, tell of an exciting incident that happened up at that little city a few days ago. It seems that about half a dozen of Warroad's young men betook themselves for a skate along the ice that had frozen along the shore of Lake of the Woods. After a good spin, the boys noticed that the wind was breaking the ice floe from the shore, and there seemed to be a free ride on a cake of ice wafted on the ample bosom of that big lake.

One portion, together with the men, had started in a southern direction, and finally went creaking against the shore ice near Willow creek, a distance of about five miles. Lawrence Hedberg and Earl Escorich got onto the solid ice along the shore and made for Warroad in post haste to get help for some of the other boys. The two Nybo brothers, who have claims on Long Point, had to jump from one cake of ice to another, and finally got ashore and sought refuge among the hospitable farmers around Willow creek.

But John Rowden was destined for a special trip, and rode out into the lake many miles, into the broadest part of the lake, known as the Big Traverse. The gasoline launch belonging to Selvog brothers went out to the rescue, and finally located the castaway. When found he could hardly speak. He had given up hope for help and expected death by drowning or freezing. Fortunately, the boys are now all safe and sound, though they have added considerable to their stock of wisdom and experience.

HIMSELF HE HUNG

A brother of Otto Klingborg Commit Suicide at Warren.

No Particulars Regarding the Sad Affair Could Be Obtained.

Otto Klingborg, one of the proprietors of the Big Wheel Blacksmith shop, was called to Warren Tuesday by the sad news that his brother, who resides at that place had commit suicide by hanging himself.

No particulars regarding the affair could be learned, but it is said that Mr. Klingborg's brother had been in very poor health during the past summer and fall and had other trouble. These are thought to have deranged his mind temporarily and as a result he commit sucide.

Germantown.

Every day leaves us better accustomed to the cold and "snow." The roads for sleighing are fine and farmers through the country are taking advantage to rush out their grain.

August Ruhnke has put up a barn on his claim.

A life insurance agent went the rounds of our country last week in the interest of his company.

Rev. Aarnes passed through to Grygla Friday to conduct services to Rev. Bjornson's congregations out that way.

Nels Moe has been busy lately with the erection of school-house in district 91.

Messrs Holton and Otto hauled up their threshing engine last week with the intention of setting the bundles flying. Threshing machines are welcome as there is yet considerable threshing to be done in the eastern country.

A masquerade ball was given at the Gunderson farm on the evening of thanksgiving.

Gust Berggren, the buttermaker is back from a visit to his former home in southern Minnesota.

After some days lay up the feed mill at Germantown is again at its business, to the great satisfaction of both producers, and consumers of its finished product.

Mat Skogstad hauled up a load of lumber and cement bricks for the completion of the district 91 school house last week.

—I have appointed M. C. Harlow my agent in Thief River Falls and he will attend to the collecting of all rents, make leases or sell the property. Any interested party can call upon him and secure further information. W. A. Kratka.

NEW BRIDGE ADVISED

Present Bridge Across the Thief River Said to Be Unsafe.

To Be Repaired and a New Structure to Be Built Next Year.

Civil Engineer Turner, of Minneapolis arrived in the city Tuesday morning and made an examination of the bridge across the Red Lake river in this city. On Tuesday evening he reported to the city council upon the matter. Mr. Turner stated that the bridge was entirely too light for heavy traffic, and that, while in his opinion it was in good condition, the structure was not one that could be considered safe. He recommended that the iron in portions of the bridge be strengthened, which would cost in the neighborhood of $250 or $300, and that the city make preparations to build a new bridge at a cost of from $12,000 to $13,000 next year. This the council decided to do. New planks will also be placed upon the bridge.

Residents of the East Side, who are obliged to cross the bridge daily, are greatly interested in seeing a safe structure built.

Turks and Meerschaum.

According to the best authorities upon the subject, the idea of using white talc in the manufacture of pipes is of comparatively recent date compared with the age of the habit of smoking, and what is still more curious is the fact that in the oriental countries which produce white talc, or meerschaum, as it is called, and where the use of tobacco forms part of the education of the faithful the people never dream of making this substance into pipes. They make bowls and goblets of it, but no pipes. It may be that the long pipestems which allow the smoke to cool and lose its acridity before reaching the mouth leave the oriental smoker quite indifferent in regard to the quality of the bowl. At all events, one never sees a Turk with a meerschaum pipe.

Enormous Lifting Power.

The shelless limpet pulls 1,984 times its own weight when in the air and about double when measured in the water. Fleas pull 1,493 times their own dead weight. The Mediterranean cockle, Venus verrucosa, can exert a pulling power equal to 2,071 times the weight of its own body. So great is the power possessed by the oyster that to open it a force equal to 1,319.5 times the weight of its shelless body is required. If the human being possessed strength as great in proportion as that of these shellfish the average man would be able to lift the enormous weight of 2,976,000 pounds, pulling in the same degree as the limpet. And if the man pulled in the same proportionate degree as the cockle he would sustain a weight of no less than 3,106,500 pounds.

Two Poor Ones.

During one of Edwin Forrest's engagements in Boston a poor artist called several times to see the great actor at the old Winthrop House. Each time he brought a picture which he had painted. He finally left it with a note stating that he was in needy circumstances. Forrest read the note and took the wrapping from the picture. It proved to be a painting of himself as Spartacus. Forrest gazed upon it a moment and then ejaculated to the clerk: "Give him $10. If he is as poor as his picture, he must be on the point of starvation."

One Way of Saying No.

Beerbohm Tree was once endeavoring to get a well known actor back into his company. Tree received the man in his dressing room as he was making up. "How much would you want to come back to me?" inquired Mr. Tree, busy with his paint pots. The other named an exorbitant salary, to which Tree merely retorted as he went on making up, "Don't slam the door when you go out, will you?"

Two Thoughts.

"I want a business suit now," said Slopay. "I was thinking of something in the way of a small plaid."

"And I," replied the tailor, "can't help thinking of something in the way of a small check."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Wasted Advice.

A beauty adviser says, "For tender eyes make an infusion of—" Oh, bosh! Every girl knows how to make tender eyes without advice from any specialists.—Minneapolis Tribune.

The Signal.

Tommy—Does your [illegible] under the table when you're had enough? Tommy—No. That's when I haven't had enough. When I have [illegible] sends for the [illegible].—Harper's Bazar.

We know [illegible] when we know little. With knowledge doubt increases.—Goethe.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and [illegible], a duck coat [illegible] with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

Closing Out Sale

AT

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

Mother Goose.

The most popular children's book ever written was "Mother Goose's Melodies." Mrs. Goose, or Mother Goose, as she was familiarly called, was the mother-in-law of Thomas Fleet, a Boston printer early in the century. When his first child was born his mother-in-law devoted all her attention to the baby and, it is said, greatly annoyed Fleet by her persistent and not particularly musical chanting of the old English ditties she had heard in her childhood. The idea occurred to Fleet of writing down these songs and publishing them in book form. The oldest extant copy bears the date of 1719. The price marked on the title page was "two coppers." This account of the origin of Mother Goose is discredited by some critics, who declare that in 1697 Perrault published "Contes de ma Mere l'Oye," or "Stories of Mother Goose." The name Mother Goose was familiar in French folklore, being used by writers of this literature over a century before the time of Perrault.

The Status of a Meteorite.

A meteorite fell on a Vermont farm in 1896. It was a valuable meteorite, and the landlord at once stepped up and claimed it. "All minerals and metals on the land belong to me," he said. "That's in the lease."

But the tenant demurred. "This meteorite," he said, "wasn't on the farm, you must remember, when the lease was drawn up."

The landlord perceived the justice of that claim. He thought a moment. Then he said decisively, "I claim her as flying game."

But the tenant was ready for him. "She's got neither wings nor feathers," he said. "Therefore, as ground game, she's mine."

They continued their argument, and in the heat of it a revenue officer, arriving with a truck, proceeded to put the meteorite aboard. "I claim her for the government," he said, "as an article introduced into the country without payment of duty."

A Hotel Experience.

One fashionable hotel on Fifth avenue refuses to give any receipt for jewelry deposited in its safe or hold itself responsible for a greater amount than $250. Its explanation of this rule is based on an experience which seems excuse enough. Two guests of the hotel kept their valuables and money in the safe. They left them there when they went abroad, sometimes to stay for six months. Once the wife came back alone and drew out all the money and valuables. As she had often done so before the clerks gave the box to her as a matter of course. It was not until her husband had returned and wanted the same valuables that the hotel knew of their divorce. The husband brought suit and recovered all he claimed. Since that result of its confidence in its guests the hotel has limited its responsibility to $250.—New York Sun.

A Cholera Belt.

"The cholera belt," said a pale Anglo-Indian, "is not an imaginary girdle like your [illegible] belt, but a real girdle which every foreign resident of India wears day and night. In winter the belt is made of heavy wool. In the summer it is made of light wool. It is never taken off. Even when you are sleeping in a temperature of 105 degrees, tossing and moaning and perspiring, despite the punkah that fans you from above, you still keep on your cholera belt, no matter what else you shed. Every Anglo-Indian has a couple of dozen cholera belts. [illegible] to prevent cholera, and I [illegible] they do so. At any rate, I never heard of any wearer of a cholera belt whom cholera ever [illegible]."

The Light That Failed.

It was [illegible] that Mr. Kipling got [illegible] "The Light That Failed." He [illegible] to call the novel [illegible] [illegible]. One evening as he was sitting in his study reading he [illegible] the light went [illegible] fact. In a second Kipling jumped up exclaiming excitedly, "By Jove, I've got it!" Pointing to the lamp he said: "The Light That Failed."—London Standard.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Rock Fortier.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier, Alice Fortier and Mary Fortier Hill and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier being duly filed in this court, representing that Rock Fortier, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of July 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with the will annexed be issued thereon to Lucius S. Miller, now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of December 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 1st day of December 1906.

[COURT SEAL.] N. W. Tarrant.
Judge.

Miller & Foote,
Attorneys for Petitioner. dec 6 20

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes are,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SWEDEN IS RICH IN FORESTS

One-Half of the Total Surface of King Oscar's Domain Is Covered with Trees.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

No country in Europe, with the one exception of Finland, possesses such a proportion of forest-covered land as Sweden. One half of the total surface of the country is woodland, there being nearly 990 acres of forest per 100 inhabitants, while the corresponding figure for Russia is 490 acres and for England only 7½ acres. England is the principal customer for the products of the Swedish sawmills, but France, the Netherlands, Belgium, Germany, Denmark and non-European countries, too, are also customers. Planks, boards and rafters are sent from our saw-mills as far as Egypt, the Cape and Australia. The by-products of the forest industry are of less importance than those of the saw-mills. In spite of the fact that competition has compelled the timber companies to observe a certain exactness in their methods of working, they have not yet learned sufficiently well the art of utilizing the great amount of refuse that arises in the manufacture of timber. The making of pitch and tar, which in the olden times was an important industry, is falling off more and more and the export of these articles is now less than the imports. Newer industries have come in its place, that of wood pulp, especially, making ever-increasing demands upon the forests of Sweden, while the many iron works of the country continue to procure their chief fuel and charcoal from the same source.

The new theater on Vasa street will be completed one of these days and open for inspection. The dedication day has not been set, but it is likely to be some day next week. The name-to-be of the new theater also has been kept secret and will not be announced until the day when the dedication shall take place. This theater is in many respects one of the finest in Stockholm, which by the way is getting to have a right respectable list of theaters.

Nov. 6—Gustavus Adolphus Day—was observed by all the colleges and public schools of the country and national festivals were held all over the country. In Stockholm there were exercises of a patriotic nature at all the schools and at all the theaters there was more or less observance of the day's significance. Services were held in the forenoon in the cathedrals and churches.

The 50th anniversary of the state railways was observed Dec. 2 with a grand reception in the hall of the North Latin school. To this reception had been invited the king, crown prince and members of the diplomatic corps. About 1,000 persons were present. A regular program was tendered, a feature being the address of the evening delivered by Director Fleming.

A million kronor hotel is to be erected on Strandvagen, the fashionable boulevard, on the corner of Artillery street. When completed this will be the largest hotel in Scandinavia. The manager of the new hostelry will be Mr. Isak Hirsch, who is also one of the largest stockholders in the syndicate which has the enterprise in hand.

Broy Meyer, who holds the championship for fancy skating in Sweden, has been engaged for the season by the fashionable Skating club at St. Moritz, Switzerland, to give lessons in Swedish fancy skating. There are Swedish instructors in fancy skating in Paris, Herr T. Borg, and in London, Herr S. Seldan.

Hotel Continental in Stockholm has recently been sold to Kellarmastar John Henriksson of Rostanga. The price has not been reported, but it is believed that it was not less than 1,200,000 crowns. Mr. Henriksson will, it is understood, remodel the old hotel and erect a large annex.

Stockholm will in the near future have her first autobus line and the first one to start such a line in operation will be Mr. A. Lindgren. The bus autos will run from the villa section on King's Island and Kungsbroplan. The fare will be 25 ore (about 12½ cents).

Miss Greta Strindberg, daughter of the renowned author, August Strindberg, will make her debut at the Ostermalm's theater as "Tero" in a play entitled "The Prodigal Son." The play will be rendered some time in January.

King Oscar and Queen Sofia will celebrate their golden wedding June 6 next year. It will be a quiet affair and there will only be a private reception to which the members of the royal household only will be invited.

Henning Berger, who at present resides in Paris, is at work on the completion of a three-act play consisting of characters based on modern conditions of society. The play will be completed by Jan 1.

There will be four Swedish consulates in Norway, namely in Christiania, Bergen, Trondhjem and Narvik. Vice consulates will be erected in Stavanger, Kristiansand and other Norwegian cities.

A new Swedish opera entitled "Turandot" has just been composed by Erik Akerberg. The libretto, in four acts, has been written by Ernest Wallmark.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

W. B. Chamberlain says regarding England's move for the neutralization of Norway: "A very interesting report comes from London to the effect that at the request of Norway, England has set on foot a movement for the signature of a treaty between herself, Russia, Germany and France, guaranteeing the integrity of the Scandinavian peninsula, but neither Germany nor Russia ever assented formally to its provisions. And the Norwegian government fears that the separation from Sweden may abrogate whatever rights it had under that treaty. At the time of the union crisis, one of the chief arguments urged by Sweden against separation was that it would increase the danger of Russian aggression. Count Gylden Stolpe, the Swedish foreign minister, asserted with great emphasis at the Karlstad meeting that to divide the dual kingdom meant to invite the Russians to seize enough of the northern part of Norway to give her an ice-free Atlantic port. At any rate Norway declined to give heed to these arguments and pursued the policy which resulted finally at Karlstad in separation. The election of a king was especially pleasing to the German emperor, who believes even at this day of the world in the divine right of kings, and who was wont every summer to visit the fjords of Norway in his yacht. It was pleasing to England too, for the limited monarchy proposed closely resembled the English form of government. Moreover it enabled the storthing to elect a king whose queen is the daughter of King Edward, and thus secure as the friend of Norway the foremost royal diplomat of Europe. With Germany and England her friends Norway has little to fear. Nor has Sweden. While the dispatches do not make it clear what position Sweden is to have in the proposed treaty of neutralization, it seems probable that the four great powers will agree to place both the Scandinavian kingdoms on the same basis with Belgium and Switzerland, so far as neutrality is concerned. It is also probable that the status of Sweden under the Anglo-French treaty of 1855, above referred to, has not been altered. But King Oscar's advisers are likely to secure signatures of Germany and Russia to such a treaty. When the danger of foreign aggression has been quite banished, a great obstacle to the reconciliation of the brother peoples will have been removed. Swedish resentment because of the separation will die out more quickly. The three Scandinavian powers if guided by wise statesmanship ought to be able one of these days to make a commercial and political alliance that will be at once honorable and profitable to each."

Raging snowstorms did not prevent people of Christiania from extending a great and hearty reception to Captain Roald Amundsen, the explorer, both on his arrival and during his progress through the streets of the capital on Nov. 21. The speech of welcome made by the mayor at the dock when the captain came ashore was vociferously applauded by the crowd. In the evening a banquet was given Captain Amundsen, which was attended by 600 persons. It takes rank as one of the most brilliant dinners ever given in the history of Norway. King Haakon telegraphed from London expressing regret for the absence of himself and his queen. All the foreign ministers in Christiania were present at the banquet and made speeches. United States Minister Pierce in responding to a toast, assured the guest of the evening that he had the admiration of Americans of every class and condition. He recalled the fact that the Norwegians were among the first to discover America, 900 years ago, and rejoiced that this daring race was still making claims to the gratitude of the world. He placed a high estimate on the importance of the addition which Captain Amundsen had made to the sum of human knowledge. Captain Amundsen replied in simple language, setting forth that his primary aim had been to bring honor to his fatherland. Geographical societies in many lands have sent congratulations to Captain Amundsen. Minister of State Michelsen on behalf of King Haakon, pinned the grand cross of St. Olaf on the captain, while the explorer's comrades were given the crosses of the Knights of the Order.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Danish Colonial lottery, which is doing a big business now, has large patronage from both Sweden and Norway as well as Germany. There are not many who win any large sums, but it happens once in a while that some one makes a haul. On the other hand there are lots of [illegible] who are thus squandering their money, winning small sums of [illegible] perhaps, just enough to encourage them to play again [illegible] the long run they lose [illegible] and the Danish Colonial [illegible]. It has government protection [illegible], so complaints against the lottery are of no avail. Copenhagen's population is rapidly [illegible] and will soon reach the [illegible]. Noticeable is the rapid increase in the Swedish population.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

JAMES J. HILL TESTIFIES.

President of the Great Northern on the Witness Stand.

St. Paul, Nov. 27.—James J. Hill of the Great Northern was a witness at the hearing on commodity rates, which was resumed by the state railroad and warehouse commission. His was the only testimony presented during the day, and he occupied the stand for five hours, answering questions which covered an extensive field.

The examination of Mr. Hill covered a wide range and went with minute detail into railroad operation. The cost of cars, the comparative expense of moving different kinds of traffic and railroad finances were some of the subjects covered.

Mr. Hill said that it has been always the policy of the Great Northern to make transportation rates as low as possible. This was true in the fixing of commodity rates for, he said, it is through these low rates that the country has been developed.

BABY BURNED TO DEATH.

Clothes Take Fire While Playing With the Stove.

Erskine, Minn., Dec. 2.—The two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Rusted, living near here, was burned to death while playing about in the kitchen of the Rusted home.

The mother had left the child alone for a moment and the little one had amused himself by poking a stick into the kitchen fire. Hearing its screams the mother hastened into the kitchen and found it a veritable living torch.

Its light clothing had caught fire and was blazing up, curling about its face and singeing its hair.

When the physician arrived the baby was unconscious, its entire body charred, the flesh on the arms burned to the bone and its face one mass of blisters. It lived but a short time.

MINNESOTA BOY KILLED.

Shot by Police Officer at Fort Scott, Kansas.

Albert Lea, Minn., Dec. 1.—News has just been received of the shooting to death of Nordal Brotten by a policeman in Fort Scott, Kan. Brotten's home was at one time here and his mother lived in St. Paul, but her boy, about seventeen years of age, wandered away and went to Fort Scott, where he was taken in charge by an officer, who thought his face was one he had seen in a rogues' gallery.

While being taken to the station for an investigation the boy started to run and the officer shot him, the bullet taking effect and death ensuing in an hour. The remains will be brought here for interment. Friends in this city raised funds to pay the expenses.

HILL DENIES AGAIN.

Has No Intention of Buying Railroad to the Gulf.

New York, Dec. 1.—James J. Hill has returned to his office here. He was not inclined to discuss any of the reports concerning his railroad plans beyond adding another to his numerous denials that he was after the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, which, recent reports had it, is being purchased in the interest of Mr. Hill's roads.

Mr. Hill said that if he wanted a road to the Gulf he would sooner build a line than buy one already built. He would know then, he said, just what he was getting. Moreover, he added, he would rather see the government build a fifteen-foot canal to the Gulf, which would be vastly better than a railroad.

YOUNG SKATER DROWNED.

Frank Clay, Jr., of Austin Breaks Through Ice.

Austin, Minn., Dec. 2.—Frank Clay, Jr., aged thirteen years, was drowned in the Cedar river here this afternoon while skating on thin ice. His body was recovered after being in the water about half an hour. He was a son of Railway Conductor Frank Clay.

Seven Persons Injured.

St. Paul, Nov. 29.—A street car was overturned on the loop at Fort Snelling at night and one soldier was seriously injured. Five others were bruised and the motorman was cut about the head and badly hurt. It is supposed that the car was making the short turn at the Fort Snelling end of the West Seventh street line with too much speed and tipped over.

Police Fight Safeblowers.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—Three safeblowers, fleeing from Patrolmen Olson and Bleed, fought desperately with revolvers, exchanging numerous shots with the officers. The running battle continued through an alley, the fusillade arousing the neighborhood. No one was wounded, but James Floyce, one of the alleged burglars, was captured.

BLOW ON HEAD CAUSES DEATH.

Keeper of "Blind Tiger" Saloon Kills One of His Patrons.

Linton, Ind., Dec. 2.—Charles Stewart is dead from the effects of a blow on the head with a mace delivered by Frank Launders, the keeper of a "blind tiger" saloon at Dugger, a small town several miles west of here. Stewart, it seems, became involved in an argument with another man and the saloonkeeper, it is said, to quiet the combatants struck Stewart over the head with a mace. The blow was not considered serious at the time, but Stewart soon relapsed into unconsciousness and died several hours afterwards. Launders was arrested.

This is the third murderous assault committed in this vicinity during the past week, the killing of W. A. Watson last Sunday by Louis Shulley and the fatal shooting of Constable Soudders by George Phipps, a saloonkeeper, being the other two.

GIRL TAKES POISON

THIRTEEN-YEAR-OLD PUPIL ACCUSED OF CHEATING ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Verdict of Manslaughter in Emil Olsen Murder Case at Minneapolis—Two Duluth Men Perish in Storm While on a Hunting Trip Near Grand Marais—News of the State in General.

Minneapolis, Nov. 30.—Hazel Scott, aged thirteen, a pupil in Robbinsdale public school, attempted suicide by taking strychnine because she was accused of cheating in an examination at school.

"I would rather die than face my parents," said the girl to companions after school.

She bought the drug on the way home and when alone took five grains. A few minutes later she was found unconscious by her mother and a physician was summoned. Her chance of recovery is slight.

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Emil Olsen of Minneapolis Convicted by a Jury.

Minneapolis, Dec. 3.—The jury in the Emil Olsen murder case after having deliberated over thirty hours, arrived at a verdict of guilty. Judge Simpson immediately opened court and Olsen appeared under the charge of Night Jailer John Ferm.

This verdict, "We find the prisoner, Emil Olsen, guilty of manslaughter in the first degree and recommend him to the mercy of the court," was read by Deputy Clerk Harry Huxton.

Olsen heard the verdict with very little display of emotion, although he had expected either a disagreement or an acquittal.

Olsen and several followers early on the morning of July 5 had some words with Albert Doree and some of his friends on Washington avenue south. It ended in Olsen stabbing Doree with the large blade of his pocketknife. Doree was taken to the hospital, where he recovered sufficiently to walk around. Complications set in, however, and he died a few days later. Olsen admitted he did the stabbing, but pleaded self-defense.

PERISHED IN THE WOODS.

Two Minnesota Hunters Probably Met Death in Storm.

Duluth, Nov. 28.—Cut off by the terrific snowstorm of a week ago Friday, E. B. Caldwell and J. S. Lincoln of this city probably have perished in the woods seven miles west of Grand Marias.

The two men arrived in Grand Marias about two weeks ago and went to Good Harbor hill, seven miles west of Grand Marias, where they joined Pete Woneboo, a Norwegian, and Edward Lindstead of that place. The four pitched camp and hunted for several days.

A week ago Thursday, which was the day before the storm, Woneboo and Lindstead went to Grand Marias to get some more provisions, leaving Lincoln and Caldwell in camp. On Friday the big storm began, and when Woneboo and Lindstead got back to their camp they found Caldwell and Lincoln missing and it is thought the two men perished in the storm while out hunting.

THREE CHILDREN DROWNED.

Minnesota Boys Perish While Skating on Lake Marion.

Hutchinson, Minn., Nov. 27.—Three children, all sons of Peter E. Hanson, living near here, were drowned while skating on Lake Marion. The lads Jurden, aged thirteen; Walter, aged eleven, and Victor, aged nine, were holding hands when they lost their lives. The children were skating and looking for muskrats when they fell into a hole. A cap of one of the boys was found floating near the brink of the ice. All three bodies were found soon after in about six feet of water.

STEENERSON HOPEFUL.

He Thinks the House May Pass His Drainage Bill.

Washington, Dec. 2.—"I am extremely hopeful that the house will pass the drainage bill that I presented at the last session," said Representative Steenerson of Minnesota, who has just arrived. "The measure applies only to the overflowed lands in our state."

Mr. Steenerson is deeply interested in the subject of drainage and will devote most of his time this session in an effort to pass his bill.

TWO BOY SKATERS DROWNED.

Minnesota Farmer's Sons Meet Death in Union Lake.

Northfield, Minn., Dec. 1.—Two sons of Nels Parsons, a farmer living near Union lake, eight miles from Northfield, were drowned in the lake while skating. They were twelve and fourteen years of age. The bodies have been found.

McCleary Doesn't Want It.

Mankato, Minn., Dec. 1.—Congressman McCleary denies the report from Washington that he desires the position of commissioner of the general land office and says that Congressman Lacey is in line for the appointment because of the prominence of his committee work along that line. If he were to desire anything his wishes would not incline toward the position mentioned, he says.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

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The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons and excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

December 6, 1906.

The speakership contest is getting quite warm and no one has any walk away. It looks very much as if some one from the country will be elected.

It would seem to us that it would be perfectly proper to let James Manahan ask Mr. Hill about contributions made to different political aspirants in the state. The people would like to know who Mr. Hill is backing, but perhaps the members of the state railroad and warehouse commission do not care to have this known.

The Duluth Herald last week published some figures relative to the demand for reapportionment in this state. These figures show that the 61st district, which will be represented in the senate this winter by A. L. Hanson, has a population of 54,682, and is the largest district in the whole state. There is no question but that Mr. Hanson will be able to represent this number of people in an honest manner, but a comparison is made with 7th district of Southern Minnesota, which has a population of only 12,757. That does not appear to be a fair and equal representation, does it?

Every newspaper man, says an exchange, has at some time or other in his business experience met the man who "now takes more papers than he can read." He was in town last week. He wiped his nose on the awning, tried to blow out the electric light at the hotel failed to light his cigar on it, paid 25 cents for an almanac, put a nickel in the slot at the postoffice and kicked because the mail did not appear, wanted to lick the banker because he closed at four o'clock, and watched the clock sign in front of a jewelry store, waiting for it to strike, and still he "takes more papers than he can read."

The Mankato Commercial club, by a unanimous vote, has "most earnestly requested" the senator and three representatives from Blue Earth county to refuse to accept passes from the railroads. This action was taken after an address by Dr. J. W. Andrews, who said the reason there had been no railway rate legislation in this state was because the railroad gave rebates to influential business men and passes to members of legislature. He said that business men who were lukewarm on the subject of freight rates, and legislators who refused to do anything, had been "bought and paid for by the railroad." In making his motion, he said: "There will be important railway legislation up next winter, and we do not want our members to have free transportation." Applause greeted this statement, and after some little discussion the motion was passed.

The Plummer Pioneer of last week makes an unwarranted attack upon County Commissioner Shaw accusing him of opposing an appropriation of $250 for the town of Mayfield and $250 for the town of Deer Park. The Pioneer goes on to say that Thief River is opposed to the development of this section of the county and that is why Commissioner Shaw opposed the appropriation. Nothing could be further from the truth. The meeting at which this appropriation was made was attended by just three county commissioners—Messrs Shaw, Felardeau and Deamann. Any action taken by the county board has to be approved by a vote of a majority of all the members of the board. Therefore if there are only three members at the meeting, they have to all vote one way in order to accomplish anything. Had Mr. Shaw voted against the appropriations for the towns of Mayfield and Deer Park, the money would not have been appropriated. The official proceedings of the board of county commissioners will show that Mr. Shaw voted in favor of the appropriation. It is hard to understand just why the Pioneer should be so untruthful about the matter.

NEW RED LAKE AGENT.

E. W. Allen Will Succeed J. T. Frater in a Few Days.

Bemidji, Minn., Dec. 2.—John T. Frater, Indian agent for the Leech Lake, Cass Lake, Winnibigoshish, White Oak and Red Lake reservations spent last night in Bemidji, on his way from the Red Lake Indian agency to Onigum, the Leech Lake agency, and headquarters for these reservations. Mr. Frater had been at Red Lake agency for the purpose of taking an inventory of the government property at that reservation preparatory to turning the affairs of the agency over to his successor at Red Lake, who will take charge of the agency in a few days.

The new agent at Red Lake will be Earl W. Allen of Fort Lapwai, Idaho, whose official title will be superintendent in charge. He will act as superintendent of the Indian schools at Red and will also have full charge of all matters on the diminished Red Lake reservation:

Dr. J. R. Collard, who has for some time acted as physician at the agency and who has been sub-agent, will continue as the agency physician and official doctor for the Red Lake band. It is believed that R. E. L. Daniels will be continued in his present position as clerk, and that Peter Graves will also be retained as official interpreter.

Mr. Frater still retains the position of agent for the other reservations.

Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	04c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Course shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	06c
Pillow slips	03c
Sheets	06 to 08c
Pillow shams	25c
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	50c and up

At the Star Steam Laundry.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Charles Elgsten.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 2nd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated November 2nd, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

COURT SEAL
Nov 8-22

The Enormous Mud Tax.

In the course of a speech Congressman John H. Bankhead of Alabama declared that "the amount of money it takes to haul a ton five miles on our dirt roads will pay the freight for 250 miles on a railroad or 500 miles on a river and 1,000 miles on the lakes. These figures prove conclusively the enormous tax levied by the bad roads on the farmers and how much of their legitimate profit is consumed in hauling from the farms to the railroad stations, river landing and to the towns and cities. Not only have the farmers suffered great loss on account of poor roads, but the people in the towns and cities who depend upon them for their supplies have suffered also."

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Supt. Hay announced to the High School pupils that their conduct had been exceptionally good during the three days of school last week. The new rules have evidently had some effect.

One of the teachers says she thinks a class of one an ideal Chemistry class. Therefore, as the class is constantly increasing it might be a good idea if the superfluous members would take that teachers advice and "commit arsenic by taking suicide." Altho this may seem impossible to accomplish evidently it can be done.

The Sophomore class held another class meeting last Wednesday. A special building is sadly needed in which to hold their numerous meetings. Some patriotic citizen ought to make a donation.

Miss Pauline Day visited the assembly room last Wednesday. Miss Day is an Alumnus of our High School. Another of our Alumnus, Miss Lulu McCrum, paid us a visit on Monday.

The spelling lesson on Monday is reported to have made several pupils dizzy. It contained such words as—"alcohol, whisky," etc.

The pupils enjoyed their Thanksgiving vacation on last Thursday and Friday. Some of them even went so far as to seek enjoyment in Red Lake Falls.

Miss Sherbino spent Thanksgiving at her home in Owatonna.

A Senior, William Prichard, has the signal honor of having formally met our new principal. That is an honor not usually accorded to students.

On Monday morning Supt. Hay returned from a trip to Duluth where he visited a sick uncle.

—Wanted—A girl with a small mouth but a long tongue, to clean test-tubes. For information apply to W. A.

Tom Crowe entered school on Monday.

—Lost—A road! somewhere west of town. Finder please return to Miss Rumsey and receive a liberal reward.

"Things are not always what they seem." A member of the german class discovered this when he translated—"Ich habe einen schonen Vogal bekomen" as "I have become a beautiful bird" instead of—What do you think?

Miss Nelson, the Normal teacher, taught Miss Sherbino's pupils on Monday.

For the benefit of some readers we wish to say that the "Pattee" Nina so ardently desires is not Madam Pattee the great vocolist, but an author of a reference book on American Literature.

We now have seventy High-School pupils enrolled and our Assembly room is filled to overflowing.

There is some talk of a dance for next Saturday night to be given by the younger crowd.

Pete Peterson, or The Troubles of a Swede, a new Swedish Comedy Drama, which has found much favor this season, is the attraction at the Evenson Opera House on Saturday evening. The play is said to fairly bubble with rich lines and uncommon fun, and theatre-goers who enjoy good comedy, catchy songs and pretty scenery should not leave the theatre disappointed. It offers as a hero a comical Swede whose sole ambition is to become a detective, and who has an unhappy love for his employer's daughter. During the action of the piece, the latest and most popular songs are introduced, and four acting dogs perform numerous tricks that delight all who see them.

A CHANGE IS SUGGESTED

Some think It Advisable to Have a Commission Appointed.

City's Water Works and Electric Light System a Big Affair Now.

There is considerable talk of late of having the water works and electric light department taken out of the hands of the city council and placed under the mangement of a commission of three members to be appointed for a long term of years. The reasons advanced for this change is that members of the city council do not become familiar with mangement of the plant in the short term of two years and that a commission that had nothing else to do could give the city much better service.

The business of this branch of the city's government is growing so rapidly that it now requires much of the city council's time, and it will increase every year. According to Supt. Leonard Peterson some provision for additional power must soon be made and he will recommend that an auxiliary steam plant be installed. This would require an investment of about $20,000. Others believe that it would be cheaper in the long run if the city purchase some water power between Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire and own its own dam. By having the entire power of one dam, the city would never be in want for power.

The dam at St. Hilaire would be the one most desired, as it has a large pond and during the freezing season in the fall of the year, the water in a pond of this size would be sufficient to run the plant until the river would rise to its normal stage again.

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Tobacco

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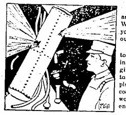

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

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Round trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, December 1 to December 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privilges.

Chicago. Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORRY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Steve Nelson was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

H. Hoberg, of New Folden, was in the city Monday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. Ben Wilson went to Red Lake Falls the first part of the week.

Esther Kretzchmar and Agnes Kelly returned from Red Lake Falls Monday.

John Vessey left Monday evening for Spokane, Wash., to remain during the winter.

—For Rent—Good five room house in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Herman Berndt.

Little Clara Williams died Monday morning of lung fever after having the disease but a few days.

Mrs. Walter Rosenberry left Monday for Spokane, where she will visit her parents for a short time.

Attorney E. M. Stanton left Monday evening for Crookston to attend to some legal business. He will return tomorrow.

Peter Lee formerly proprietor of the Northwestern hotel here was up from his farm near Twin Valley in Norman county to visit from Friday until Tuesday.

Miss Rumsey was down to Crookston last week.

Iver Lee left last week for Norway to spend the winter.

Mrs. J. M. Bishop left Sunday evening for Chicago, called there by the serious illness of her sister, Miss Hoover.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Anyone desiring to have knitting work done for the winter can call upon Mrs. Anna Olson, Porters addition.

—Good gravel, 75 cents per yard delivered to any part of the city. 40 cents per yard in the pit. Henry Gorkey.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and Brunkeberg, a duck coat lined with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

T. K. Torgeson, of Lake Park, who owns a farm in the town of Rocksbury, is here this week looking over his property. He will remove here in short time.

Misses Pauline Day, Flora McNiven, Irene Caldwell, Olga Kretzchmar, Agnes Kelley, Esther Kretzchmar, Schraepel, Minnie, Nora and Annie Connelly were down to Red Lake Falls last week.

—Mrs. Wm. Ryer, living first door north of the Great Northern depot on Main avenue, wishes to announce that she is going to start a guitar and Mandolin class. Those wishing to take lessons are requested to call and see her.

Clarence Peterson, who had been in the city visiting his sister, Mrs. A. E. Abraham, left Monday for Kalispell, Mont.

Dr. Archibald, who is now located at Breckenridge, was in the city visiting with his family last week. He returned Monday.

Business in all lines is exceptionally good in Thief River Fall just now and all of our merchants are doing a large business.

Stamp photos, 25 cents per dozen, extra large size, Cabinets $2.00 per dozen. Gallery over Hick's furniture store, Thorn Bros.

H. E. Stanton, of Almo, Wis., who had been in the city visiting his son, E. M. Stanton, left Monday for Cass Lake where he will spend a few days before returning to his home in Wisconsin.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

On Dec. 6th, Rev. O. A. Oppegaard, the mission superintendent of Hauges Synod, will preach in the Evenson's hall at 7:30 p. m. He is a very gifted speaker and those who understand the Norwegian language should not miss the opportunity to hear him. Everybody is cordially invited.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field; and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

D. P. O'Neil returned Monday from his farm in Norman county.

Harry Roberts was down to Crookston visiting with friends from Friday until Monday.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

H. L. Dudley who has recently purchased a half interest in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, was in the city last week.

George Meehan returned to Crookston Monday having spent Thanksgiving with his parents Mr. and Mrs. John Meehan.

Gilbert Haavi, the well known town of North farmer, left Monday evening for Wisconsin, called there by the death of a brother.

Art Crowe, who had been in the city visiting his parents, returned Monday to Minneapolis. He has a position traveling on the road for a Spokane, Wash., lumber company.

George Jarman has accepted a position as traveling salesman for the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, dealers in wholesale groceries, of Duluth. He will commence work on the 1st of January, but has not as yet been assigned a territory.

H. L. Dudley was up from Red Lake Falls last week. He has purchased a half interest in the Gazette and took possession this week.

The Old Folks concert given at the Presbyterian church last Friday evening was very largely attended and all present had a most enjoyable time.

George Diebel and R. B. Laing came over from North Dakota last week and will spend several days here looking after their business interests.

—I have appointed M. C. Harlow my agent in Thief River Falls and he will attend to the collecting of all rents, make leases or sell the property. Any interested party can call upon him and secure further information. W. A. Kratka.

Pauline Day, Grace Meehan and Lulu McCrum left Monday afternoon for Moorhead where they have been attending the state Normal. Miss Emma Jonas left for the Normal also, and will be ready to enroll for the new term.

At the last meeting of the board of county commissioners an effort was made to have the auditor issue a warrant to pay off the mortgage that is on the court house. Two of the commissioners—Felardeau and Deamann—favored the deal, but Commissioner Shaw opposed it. It did not go through.

The school trustees held a meeting last Monday evening and accepted the resignation of Prof. O'Brien, to take effect at the end of the coming month. They also elected Casper E. Bergh, of Hendrum, Minn. Mr. Bergh is a graduate of the Moorhead Normal and comes exceedingly well recommended.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A man at Little Falls sent $5 to a Chicago catalogue house for a trunk. He paid 75c freight on the trunk, and when it came he found it was one of the smallest he had ever seen and much too small for his use. He went to a local dealer and traded the trunk in for one that suited him and paid a difference of $2.50. He then asked the price of the larger, stronger and better trunk, and learned that it retailed for $1.25.—Litchfield Independent.

Elmer Walters' Swede Drama will be the attraction at the Evenson Opera House, Saturday evening. This play was produced with the idea of giving the public something new, and how well he has succeeded is evident to all. One of the many features is the appearance of four acting dogs of unusual intelligence. All of the scenery and effects are carried complete, and in the company are people well and favorably known. Pete Peterson should meet with approval when presented here

And again our berg is to be represented by another place of business. Helmer Sorbo has erected a building 16x30 and will install a fine feed grinding outfit. He has a large size mill and will be able to grind considerable feed. This is something this place has been in need of since the creamery has proved a success, as the two go hand and hand. Now if the farmers will only see it that way there is no doubt but what both the farmers and Mr. Sorbo will be better off. Here is success to Mr. Sorbo's new venture.—Grygla Eagle.

Occasionaloy ole will hear the remark, "I wish I was out of this town" and then one feels like saying, "I wish you were," for a man who stands on the street corners chewing and spitting, telling obscene stories, cursing the town, finding fault with his grandmother because she was a woman, claiming that the merchants were a lot of thieves, that the lawyers and newspaper men would skin a man to a finish, and a whole lot more, is a nuisance and an abomination. Any town pestered with one or more such worthies would be justified in exercising cowhide authority on the bosom of their pants. No one is obliged to live where he is not suited. If one hasn't an encouraging word for the business enterprises and institutions of his town, he should shut up and "go away back and sit down." If things don't suit you, move to where they will. A growler and a sorehead in a town is an enterprise killer every time. It would pay a town to donate him $5 and tell him to move.—Emerson Journal.

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NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Henry Wallros, one of the oldest residents of Mankato, is dead, aged ninety-one.

The ticket sales at the last Minnesota state fair amounted to $152,541.72, as against $134,736.85 in 1905, a gain of $17,774.87.

The deposits in Minnesota state banks have increased from approximately $50,000,000 in 1904 to over $70,000,000 in 1906.

Twelve valuable horses were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the stable of the Minneapolis Omnibus and Transfer company.

Robert C. Hine, former judge of the municipal court at St. Paul, is dead at Charleston, S. C., after an intermittent illness of long duration.

Agitation for the division of Polk county has again been started by Fosston men and a petition is being circulated asking for the creation of Nelson county.

S. S. Johnson of Iosco township, Waseca county, claims to have seen an antelope on his farm and to have chased it with a gun, but was not able to get close enough to shoot.

Representative McCleary of Mankato is being talked of as a possible applicant for the position of commissioner of the general land office in the place of Commissioner Richards.

William Olson, a lad nine years of age, was almost instantly killed at Duluth while coasting. He ran into a street car at a crossing and sustained injuries that resulted in death in a few minutes.

Miss Anna Thompson, one of the most beautiful and popular young ladies of Moorhead, was struck by a Northern Pacific train in front of the Northern Pacific depot in that city and instantly killed.

After taking a quantity of carbolic acid John Johnson Lang hanged himself from one of the girders of the viaduct on Nicollet island, Minneapolis. Despondency over his wife's illness was the cause of the suicide.

Judge Searle of St. Cloud has tendered his resignation to Governor Johnson because of ill health. His term expires next January and Governor Johnson has appointed M. D. Taylor of St. Cloud, judge-elect, to fill out the unexpired term.

Hector McLean, a farmhand, was found dead in the stable on the farm belonging to John Rae near Glyndon. It is thought that he was killed by a kick from a cow. The cow was standing over him in the stall and the man's body was severely bruised.

Tom McGinnis and his sister, Indians, were drowned in the Rainy river near Laurel while fishing. Their birch bark canoe was struck by an ice floe and sank. The floating ice in the river prevented them from reaching shore and both perished.

Frank Veigel, one of the earliest residents of Blue Earth county, is dead at his home in West Mankato. He was eighty years old. He located on a farm in Blue Earth county in 1862, residing there until three years ago, when he moved into the city.

Rev. J. N. Henry of Champlin, a Civil war veteran and prominent in G. A. R. circles, is dead, aged eighty-five. Dr. Henry came to Minnesota in 1872 and settled in Champlin five years later. He filled the pulpit in the Methodist church and practiced medicine for twenty-nine years.

Charlie Jims, a Chinese laundryman of Spring Valley, faces the danger of deportation at any time on account of the loss of his passport. This and other valuable papers were stolen from his laundry one night last week. All of them were in his pocketbook, which also contained $160 in money.

Little Albert Bower, whose father is a farmer near Lake George, is lying at St. Anthony hospital, Bemidji, in a critical condition as the result of swallowing a short lead pencil, including the brass tip and rubber. The pencil is lodged in the right bronchial tube of the lungs and the possibility of its abstraction is remote.

Mrs. August Niebel, convicted at Mankato of having assaulted Paul Kintze with a heavy caster used for moving stoves, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs. When she handed over the amount she remarked that Kintze had the punishment coming and that it was worth all it cost to her to give it to him.

Mrs. Anna Goodnow of Akeley was wounded in the arms and legs with fine gunshot, the result of putting a loaded stick of wood into the stove. Some one had been stealing fuel and by accident one of the loaded sticks was thrown into the fire. Mrs. Goodnow was before the stove when the gunpowder or cartridge exploded and how her life was spared is a miracle.

The Mankato Commercial club, by a unanimous vote, has "most earnestly requested" the senator and three representatives from Blue Earth county to refuse to accept passes from the railroads. This action was taken after an address by Dr. J. W. Andrews, who said the reason there had been no railway rate legislation in this state was because the railroads gave rebates to influential business men and passes to members of the legislature.

For interest paid on war bonds issued to raise funds for the suppression of Indian troubles in 1862 Minnesota will receive $67,792.23 from the federal treasury. State Auditor Iverson has received a telegram from the treasury department at Washington that it had been determined that the claim of the state in this matter was a just one and that the sum mentioned was due. It will be placed in the deficiency appropriation bill at the forthcoming session of congress.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Charges that illegal methods, ranging in degree of lawlessness from secret rebates on freight shipments to violent seizure of lands belonging to others, the seizure being made and maintained by force of arms, were adopted by the Denver and Rio Grande railway system and its affiliated coal companies were made in the hearing before Interstate Commerce Commissioner Clark at Salt Lake City.

Complaints have been received by the interstate commerce commission that, in spite of the decree of the supreme court dissolving the Northern Securities company formed to destroy competition between the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads, they have renewed their combination under a different form and as a result constitute a monopoly in restraint of trade and commerce.

Judge O'Sullivan, in the New York court of general sessions, has signed an order granting a right to appeal from the decision of a police magistrate in the case of Enrico Caruso, the Italian opera singer, who was found guilty in the municipal court of annoying women in the monkey house at Central park and fined $10.

Ethel Smith, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Special Policeman Leander Smith of Thornton, R. I., shot and killed Elmer Briggs, who had forced his way into the Smith house in pursuit of his wife and children, who had sought refuge there.

Forty-seven members of select councils and twenty-five members of common councils are said to be implicated in a huge graft conspiracy at Pittsburg. The police have the names of these men and are keeping them under surveillance.

Engineer O'Brien was found dead by the fireman in the cab of a westbound Rock Island passenger train near Iowa City, Ia. The train was running fifty miles an hour at the time.

Three banking institutions in McDonough county, Ill., conducted by C. V. Chandler of Macomb, have closed. The aggregate liabilities are more than $700,000.

A fine of $18,000 has been imposed upon the American Sugar Refining company for accepting rebates from the New York Central Railroad company.

C. R. Cawthorn, a prominent Texas sheepman, was found dead in his buggy three miles from Del Rio with a bullet in his heart.

Eight thousand newsboys enjoyed a big Thanksgiving dinner at Chicago. Five hundred turkeys and chickens were consumed.

The Yale, the second ocean-going turbine steamship to be built in this country, was launched at Chester, Pa., Saturday.

Three steamers which arrived at New York Friday from the Mediterranean brought 4,670 steerage passengers.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Augustus Heinze has sent a check for $100,000 to the receiver of the wrecked Aetna bank of Butte. Heinze was president of the bank prior to 1903 and he believes that through confidence in him many persons lost their money, although the fact that he had withdrawn was widely advertised at the time.

Serious charges against the two United States senators from Wyoming and the commissioner of the general land office have been made before E. E. Clark of the interstate commerce commission in his investigation of timber and coal land frauds in Wyoming and other Western states.

President Roosevelt and party have returned to Washington after a delightful trip to the isthmus of Panama and Porto Rico. The president has nothing to say at this time in regard to the canal, but will discuss the subject thoroughly in a special message to congress.

"Sam" Martin, proprietor of one of the best known restaurants in New York city, has filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—Wheat—Dec. 75⅝c; May, 78⅝c; July, 74⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 79¼c; No. 1 Northern, 78¼c; No. 2 Northern, 76¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—$5.75@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.10; good to choice yearling lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 1.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 78⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; Dec., 76⅛c; May, [illegible]c; July, [illegible]c. Flax—In store and to arrive, $1.18¼; Dec., $1.17⅞; Jan., $1.18⅝; May, $1.21⅞.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Wheat—Dec., 72⅞c; May, 77⅞c. Corn—Dec., 42⅛c; May, 43⅝@43¾c. Oats—Dec., 33c; May, 34⅞c. Pork—Jan., $14.60; May, $14.95. Butter—Creameries, 22@29½c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—22@27c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 8c; springs, 9c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.40; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; Texans, $3.75@4.40; Westerns, $3.75@6.00; calves, $5.25@7.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.85@6.25; good heavy, $6.15@6.25; rough heavy, $5.75@5.85; light, $5.85@6.20; pigs, [illegible]. Sheep, $3.75@5.25; lambs, $4.50@7.85.

SHRINE LOVED BY SAILORS.

Mariners Make Gifts to Church of Notre Dame de Bonsecours.

High on the bank of the St. Lawrence at Montreal stands a quaint little old church that dates back to 1657. It is known as Notre Dame de Bonsecours. From the land side it is very unpretentious, but on the river side far aloft stands a great golden image of Our Lady of Good Succor, and there is scarce a pilot or a boatman on the river who passes it without crossing himself. One who steps into its dimly lighted interior will be struck by the rows of miniature ships swung from the overhead arches, each bearing always a burning taper. One who cares to make inquiry will hear a quaint story.

In the beginning the church was a place where all good Catholics might go to say their prayers, make confession and give their alms. There were always river men and ship's men among the pious visitors. Then back in the days of the struggles of the Pope to retain his temporal power, a company of French Canadian Zouaves went from Montreal to offer their services to the Church. In midseas their ship was overtaken by a great storm and only by the merest good chance did they reach Italy in safety. On their return to Canada they had made a small ship of silver, which was given as a thanks offering to this church on the river bank, and hung in the sanctuary, where a light burns perpetually in remembrance of the succor of the Virgin in time of need. Since then various pilots and others who sail on the river have presented similar ships from time to time, until now a double row swings above the worshipers' heads. And the church has come to be known by the name that every sailor on the river loves.

AUTHORITY FOR THE DANCE.

Cardinals Decided 400 Years Ago It Was Proper Amusement.

Louis XII of France held a grand court at Milan in 1501, where the balls are said to have been magnificent. At these the Cardinals de Nairbonne and de St. Laverin footed with the rest of the courtiers.

Cardinal Pallavino relates that the fathers, doctors, bishops and other church dignitaries assembled at the council of Trent, rested for a while, in 1562, from polemics to deliberate upon giving a ball to Philip II of Spain. "After mature deliberation the measure was adopted, the ball given and at it danced with the ladies of the city, who had been invited, the fathers of the council."

The example of David dancing before the ark of the covenant has been often adduced as a sacred authority for this agreeable amusement; but then it must be remembered that in some ages and countries and amongst some sects dancing was considered as much a religious method of expressing devotional feeling as the singing of psalms and hymns.—Stray Stories.

Not Mere Curiosity.

The world has a store of pleasures in waiting for the unaccustomed traveler. Sometimes, indeed, they may be mostly in anticipation, as was the case with Amos Riggs, of Plumtown.

"How d'ye do?" said Mr. Riggs cordially to the stern-visaged man who was his seatmate in the car on the occasion of Mr. Riggs' first trip to Boston. "Now what might your name be? Do you live in Nashuy or beyond?"

"I should like to know what business it is of yours where I live or who I am?" said his companion crossly.

"Well, now, it ain't any partic'lar business o' mine, strictly speaking," said Mr. Riggs mildly, "but it's jest like this: I've got a cousin up in Canady that I've never seen, and I've always thought I might come upon him some time jest by askin' folks their name and so on."—Youth's Companion.

Why He Hadn't Kissed Her.

On Sixth avenue yesterday afternoon a handsomely dressed woman with a profusion of blonde hair was walking by the side of her husband. As the couple passed a department store the woman's attention was attracted by a tailor-made gown, and she left her husband to examine it more closely. When she returned she seemed annoyed. "You never look at anything that interests me any more," she complained. "You don't care how I dress. You don't care for me any more. Why, you haven't even kissed me for a month."

"Indeed, I am sorry, but it is not my fault," said the man to whom she had just been speaking.

Turning the woman looked at him, gasped and mumbled out an apology. She had taken the arm of a stranger.—New York Press.

A State of Mind.

"Two Irishmen, filled with the joy of living, supplemented by countless straight whiskies, were standing in front of the uncompleted Knickerbocker hotel the other day," said Marlyn Arbuckle, "when the following dialogue took place:

"'Tis a foine building, Mike,' said one, saying unsteadily, 'Oi think Oi'll buy it.'

"'Begorrah, if I were as drunk as ye air, I'd sell it to you,' retorted the other."

Usual Performance.

"Then so far as you are aware," said the lawyer who was doing a cross-examining stunt, "your wife was performing her usual household duties when the accident occurred?"

"Yes," answered the witness, "she was talking."

CHANCE FOR A GUESS.

Dorothy's Directions Strong Where Mother's Fell Down Worst.

Twelve-year-old Dorothy is already a cook of no mean proficiency. Saturday morning frequently finds her in the kitchen, being initiated into the making of some simple dish.

"Oh, put in a moderately generous pinch of salt," her mother will reply to her anxious inquiry. Or her grandmother will give a professional glance at the stew pan and say, "Well, if I were making it I think I'd probably put in quite a little more butter."

Such remarks, coming easily from the tongues of artists who have only to look at a bit of cookery in process of making to know exactly what it needs, are exasperating to a youthful cook, especially one who inherits from "the other side" a predilection for scientific accuracy of statement.

Recently Dorothy, returning from a visit, excited the interest even of those past masters, her mother and grandmother, by making a wonderful new salad dressing. The two ladies shortly afterward tried to make the dressing, under Dorothy's instruction.

"Well," said Dorothy, with unnatural deliberation, "if I were making that dressing I shouldn't be surprised if most likely I'd put in a moderately generous heaping tip-end-of-a-medium-sized-tablespoonful!"—Youth's Companion.

WHY HIS ARDOR WANED.

Touch of Real Life Drove all the Romance Away.

On Friday evening two lovers were seated on camp stools, placed in as quiet and romantic a corner as the after deck of a Coney Island steamboat affords. As the boat passed Fort Hamilton, an opening in the trees disclosed a pretty, snug little house, partly covered with vines, and the young man said:

"Wouldn't it be fine to have a little cottage like that, with all the front covered with ivy and honeysuckle and roses?"

"Oh, wouldn't it!" exclaimed the girl joyfully.

"And when a fellow comes home tired from business to have a nice little wife to meet him at the door with a—"

"Y-e-s."

"And then the winter nights, the fire burning brightly in the cozy parlor, and you—I mean a wife—at the piano singing in the gloaming."

"I think it would be just too sweet for anything."

"And then—"

But just there a careworn woman with bawling twins in her arms tottered by them and he changed the subject.—New York Press.

Ancient Indian Observatory.

At Jeypore, the pleasant, healthy capital of one of the most independent States of Rajputana, India, is the famous Jautra, or observatory, the largest of the five built by the celebrated royal astronomer, Jey Sing, the founder of Jeypore, who succeeded the Rajas of Amber in 1693.

Chosen by Muhammad Shah to reform the calendar, his astronomical observations were formulated in tables which corrected those of De la Hire. He built five observatories—at Delhi, Benares, Muttra, Ujjain and Jeypore.

It is not under cover, but an open court yard, full of curious and fantastic instruments invented and designed by him. They have been allowed to go out of repair, and many of them are now quite useless, it being impossible even to guess what purpose they served in the wonderfully accurate calculations and observations of their inventor, but the dial, gnomons, quadrants, etc., still remain of great interest to astronomers.—Scientific American.

Why the Horse Acted So.

"I wonder what's the matter with that horse," said a man to his wife while he was in the act of unhitching the animal at Thirty-fourth street and Girard avenue yesterday. The horse was rearing and plunging and displaying signs of terror whenever his master came near him. A passerby came to his aid, and while quieting the animal explained to the owner, "I noticed," said he, "that you just came out of the Zoo, over there. A slight scent of the wild animals has clung to your clothing, and, although your horse has probably never seen anything wilder than a cow, his instinct tells him that where that scent is there is danger. It will wear off soon, and you will have no more trouble."—Philadelphia Record.

Robert L. Gerry to Have Stable.

Another millionaire's son, Robert L. Gerry, son of Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry of New York, is the latest patron of the sport of kings. He is the proud owner of the steeplechase horse Joe. Gerry had contemplated such a move for a long time, but as his father was opposed to it he put it off from time to time. The delay only increased his desire to follow the lead of Harry Payne Whitney, Clarence H. Mackay and other rich young men. In connection with Gerry's advent on the turf the report was spread that Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt would become his partner. Gerry and Vanderbilt are close friends. At the latter's wedding the former acted as best man.

Russians Seek American Aid.

The Russian government has sent to the California University College of Agriculture specimens of the famous "black earth" of European Russia, which is showing signs of deterioration. The Russians want the advice of the Berkeley scientists as to reviving it.

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10:55 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:30 pm
12:10 pm Ar....Middle River....Lv 3:15 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

FORGAVE MRS. SIDDONS.

She Did Not, According to Her Father, Marry an Actor.

Mrs. Siddons, the actress, was born in 1755 at the Shoulder of Mutton inn, Brecon, south Wales, of parents connected with the theater, her father, Roger Kemble, being a strolling manager. The child Sarah was reared in a theatrical atmosphere, and at ten she was playing Ariel.

As she grew up she became very beautiful and had many admirers, among whom was Henry Siddons, a young actor in her father's company, who had little difficulty in winning the girl's heart. Mr. and Mrs. Kemble had made up their minds that Sarah should not marry in the profession, in consequence of which they strenuously opposed the marriage, and young Siddons in a fit of retaliatory humor composed a song detailing their opposition and his trials, which brought about his speedy dismissal from the company. Sarah left the company, too, and hired out as lady's maid in Warwickshire for two years.

During this time the lovers carried on a lively correspondence and finally, gaining the reluctant consent of the Kembles, were married at Trinity church, Coventry, in 1773, when Sarah was eighteen.

It is said that Mr. Kemble told her if she ever married an actor it would make him discard her forever. After her marriage he said, "I may forgive you without breaking my word, for you have certainly not married 'an actor,' whatever the gentleman himself may think is his vocation." This is on authority of Lady Eleanor Butler, who knew the persons.

JAPANESE SAINTS.

The One Most Beloved by the People Is Binzuru.

Among the many Buddhist-Shinto saints, whose quaint effigies set up in every conceivable nook and corner of Japan make it a "country of graven images," one of the most impressive and interesting is the pathetic person called Binzuru. He was once upon a time a member of that strange company of Buddhist disciples known as the "Sixteen Rakkan." But one day he fell from grace by remarking upon the attractions of a woman, and he was expelled from the society of chaste brethren. The great Buddha gave him, in return for all that his worldliness had cost him, power to heal human ills and to grant the prayers of childless women who longed for motherhood. But he was put outside the temples. He must henceforth sit without, in the midst of the passing throng, and submit himself to personal contact with all that was unclean and healthless. The simple hearted people love him, I think, above all saints. His wooden images in the temple porches are the strangest objects in all Japan. They give him soft cushions to sit upon, and he is always clothed in quaint little cotton stuff collars and mufflers in all sorts of soiled looking colors, and on his head his devotees usually keep a curious little cotton cap.—Eleanor Franklin in Leslie's Weekly.

The Young Member.

Grantley Berkeley tells in his "Life and Recollections" how a member for Ludlow in the last parliament of William IV. "tried to make a maiden speech, and, rising in his place, with a very bald head, known, too, as he was to everybody as one of the oldest stagers in all the ways of the world, he began, with great affectation of inexperience and with an exceedingly mild voice, 'Mr. Speaker, I am but a young member.' On hearing this assertion from so well known and crafty a man, possessing so venerable a pate, the entire house roared with laughter. Twice he stopped, and three times he commenced with these words, but it was useless. The house would not listen, and he never to my knowledge essayed to speak again, or if he did the sight of his bald head set his audience in a roar."

A Stupid Lady Bountiful.

I once showed an old lady much given to good works of the Lady Bountiful order how some proteges of hers who were constantly on the verge of starvation might be placed in possession of a small but regular and sufficient income. "My dear," she said, "I don't think it is a good plan. They would get too independent. I like them to come to me when they are in difficulties and ask for what they want."—"Rich and Poor," by Mrs Bosanquet.

Tennyson Embarrassed.

Great crises affect people differently. With some the hair turns white; with others emotion expresses itself in inconsequent speech. Tennyson, when he first met Frederick Robertson, whom he much admired and who, he knew, admired his poems, was so nervous that he could talk to the "much beloved priest" of nothing but beer!

The Good Out of It.

Landlady—I believe in letting coffee boil thirty minutes. That's the only way to get the goodness out of it. New Boarder (tasting his and leaving it)—You succeeded admirably, ma'am.

Where His Went.

Bacon—They say a man's first $1,000 is the hardest to get. Egbert—Well, I don't know about that. I know a fellow got mine easy enough.—Yonkers Statesman.

Uncharitable.

"Is she a charitable woman willing to give relief?"

"No. She's the kind that never gives even a sigh of relief."—New York Times.

FISHERMEN.

There Are Two Classes, the Genuine and the Pretenders.

It has sometimes been said that fishermen cannot be manufactured. This is true to the extent that nothing can supply the lack of certain inherent, constitutional and inborn qualities or traits which are absolutely necessary to a fisherman's makeup. Of course there are many who call themselves fishermen and who insist upon their membership in the fraternity who have not in their veins a drop of legitimate fisherman blood. Their self asserted relationship is nevertheless sometimes seized upon by malicious or ignorant critics as permitting the assumption that the weaknesses and sins of these pretenders are the weaknesses and sins of genuine fishermen. But in truth these pretenders are only interlopers who have learned a little fish language, who love to fish only "when they bite," who whine at bad luck, who betray incredulity when they hear a rousing fish story and who do or leave undone many other things fatal to good and regular standing. They are like certain whites called squaw men who hang about Indian reservations and gain certain advantages in the tribes by marrying full blooded Indian women. Surely no just person would for a moment suppose that genuine Indians could be treated fairly by measuring them according to a squaw man standard. Neither can genuine fishermen be fairly treated by judging them according to the standards presented by squaw fishermen.—From "Fishing and Shooting Sketches," by Grover Cleveland.

FORCE OF WATER.

The Great Power That Is Exerted by a Six Inch Stream.

The effect of the hydraulic motor, which is now used for the purpose of removing masses of earth, well nigh passes belief. A stream of water issuing from a pipe six inches in diameter, with a fall behind it of 375 feet, will carry away a solid rock weighing a ton or more to a distance of fifty or a hundred feet. The velocity of the stream is terrific, and the column of water projected is so solid that if a crowbar or other heavy object be thrust against it the impinging object will be hurled a considerable distance. By this stream of water a man would be instantly killed if he came in contact with it even at a distance of a couple of hundred feet. At 200 feet from the nozzle a six inch stream, with a 375 foot fall, projected momentarily against the trunk of a tree will in a second denude it of the heaviest bark as cleanly as if it had been cut with an ax. Whenever such a stream is turned against a bank it cuts and burrows it in every direction, hollowing out great caves and causing tons of earth to melt and fall and be washed away in the sluices.

The Eye of a Child.

Who can explain or fathom the wondrous instinct of the child? Lying in the arms of its nurse, in its carriage or elsewhere, its large, round, wondering eyes roam over a sea of faces till suddenly its features break into a sweet smile, a baby laugh dances in its eyes, perhaps the tiny hands are extended, and the little body gives a bound as though it would throw itself through space. What has happened? It has recognized a friend, nothing more and no less. It makes no mistake. Wiser, perchance, in that moment of inexperienced helplessness than it will be years afterward, when the world and its inmates have been studied in the light of instruction and experience, its love offering is seldom if ever mistakenly presented. By what power is this child love directed? By what subtle influence does it see and know what in after years it may strive in vain to discern?

Carlyle and the Ax.

Carlyle as a schoolmaster was a terror to evildoers. Even the biggest and boldest boys wilted when he growled out "dunce" or "blockhead." He did not thrash often, as his scowl was enough to hush a whole school, but when he did thrash he meant business. One day a joiner passing along the road heard the most piteous howls and cries for mercy and help coming from the schoolhouse. Rushing in and handing his ax to Carlyle, he exclaimed:

"Jist doo't ootricht, mon, and no mince maitters."

Ingratitude.

"Were you ever really glad to hang a man?"

"Only once," answered the sheriff. "I had prepared him a hearty breakfast of steak, eggs, potatoes, waffles and coffee."

"Yes?"

"And the infernal ingrate demanded stewed oats instead."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Bad Society.

What you learn from bad habits in bad society you will never forget, and it will be a lasting pang to you. I tell you in all sincerity, not as in the excitement of speech, but as I would confess and have confessed before God, I would give my right hand if I could forget that which I have learned in bad society.—John B. Gough.

Didn't Need to Tell.

"Bobby, I hope you didn't tell your mother that you saw me kissing sister last night."

"Nope. I didn't have to. She asked [illegible] when you went home [illegible] herself."—Minneapolis Journal.

If you wish to remove avarice, you must remove its mother, luxury.—Cicero.

THE HEADLESS BANDIT.

Queer Story From the Archives of the Vienna Courts.

Dr. Loye, a French physician, who greatly interested himself in the question, "What passes in the head of a decapitated human being?" related the following remarkable story, which he stated was taken from the archives of the Vienna courts: It was in the year —— that Schoenenburg, a well known bandit, and four of his associates were caught and condemned to death. They were already on their knees ready to pay the penalty of their bloody deeds by submitting to the awful fate of decapitation when Schoenenburg addressed the judge, asking that his four companions might be pardoned on certain conditions. "If," asked the bandit, "after I am beheaded I get up and walk to the first of my comrades, will you pardon him?" The judge thought that he was pretty safe in complying with the request. "Then," continued Schoenenburg, "if I walk to the second, the third and the fourth, will you pardon them also?" The judge replied that if such a miraculous feat could be performed he would obtain pardons for the other three also. The bandit was now satisfied, and, bending his head, he received the fatal blow. Instantly the head rolled down in the sand, but to the surprise and horror of all present the headless trunk arose and walked alone. Aimlessly, it appeared, the body walked around until it passed the first, the second, the third and the fourth condemned bandit, when it fell down and became motionless. Query, "How could a headless body think?"

GRUB STREET IN NEW YORK.

A Gastronomic Assignment and the Fate of an Epic.

A story is told of a poet who came to the metropolis with a completed epic. This found no acceptance, so after cursing the stupidity of the public and the publishers he took to writing "Sunday stuff." Soon the matter of fact attitude of the workers around him, with the practical view of the market he acquired, led him to doubt the literary value of the work he had done in the sentimental atmosphere of his native place.

Frequently a commission to write a column of humor a week came to him, and he cut his epic into short lengths, tacked a squib on each fragment and eventually succeeded in printing it all as humor at a price many times larger than the historic one brought by "Paradise Lost."

Another newcomer brought unsalable plays and high notions of the austerity of the artistic vocation. Three months after his arrival he was delighted to get a commission to write the handbook a utilitarian publisher proposed to sell to visitors seeing the metropolis. This commission brought not only a fair payment for the manuscript on delivery, but involved a vital secondary consideration. The title of the work was "Where to Eat In New York," and its preparation made it necessary for the author to dine each evening for a month in a different cafe at the proprietor's expense.—James H. Collins in Atlantic.

Be a Man.

According to the order of nature, men being equal, their common vocation is the profession of humanity, and whoever is well educated to discharge the duty of a man cannot be badly prepared to fill any of those offices that have relation to him. It matters little to me whether my pupil be designed for the army, the pulpit or the bar. Nature has destined us to the offices of human life, antecedent to our destination concerning society. To live is the profession I would teach him. When I have done with him it is true he will be neither a soldier, a lawyer nor a divine. Let him first be a man. Fortune may remove him from one rank to another as she pleases. He will always be found in his place.—Rousseau.

Hats In Parliament.

A member of parliament must never stand up with his hat on even if he has only risen to speak to the man behind him. Coming in, going out or speechifying he is always hatless, and he is sometimes hatless when sitting down. Thus if the speaker mentions a bill the member is responsible for he lifts his hat. If his name is mentioned in a speech he lifts his hat. Even if he happens at those times to be bareheaded he must seize a hat, put it on, then lift it.

Tobacco Smoke and Flowers.

A remarkable effect of tobacco smoke on the color of flowers may be seen in the case of the field scabious, named botanically Knautia arvensis, so frequently on the hills and commons from August till October. If its purplish blue blossoms, which form nearly globose heads, are held in the smoke of tobacco, their color will soon turn to a bright green, about the same color as the leaves.—Exchange.

The Dangerous Part.

"See here," feebly complained the victim after the accident, "I thought you said it was perfectly safe to go up in that old elevator!"

"Well," replied the elevator man, "so it was safe to go up. You see, the dangerous part of it was comin' down."—Philadelphia Press.

A Good Patient.

First Physician—Has he got an hereditary trouble? Second Physician—Yes. I hope to hand his case down to my son.—Harper's Bazar.

It is well for one to know more than he says.—Plautus.

THE WILD BALSAM APPLE.

Its Seed Holders Are Suggestive of Lace Purses.

In the brooks of autumn in certain places many little lacelike bags may be seen drifting along with the current or stranded by the shore. They are the inner coats or bodies of the wild balsam apples (Echinocystis lobata) which have dropped from the vines overhanging the stream and now float lightly away with their large seeds.

The green prickly bag of the balsam apple itself began to form in late summer, and by autumn it has withered and faded to a pale straw color. We may see the trailing vines with their shrunken pods decorating the brookside bushes far into the winter. The outer coat of the pod gradually rots away, and the inner bag or seed carrier is now released and exposed as a delicate, webby network of tough fibers. A thin skin or membrane fills up the space between these meshes, but that also falls away through the action of water and the winter storms until only the ball-like tissue of the "purse" is left. These little purses, being extremely light and buoyant, float far and wide over the submerged swamp lands in late autumn, carrying the seeds with them and so planting the vine in new situations. If, however, we take these seeds home with us and plant them there, Mother Earth will suitably reward us in the following year with vines of our own. They will spring up and spread rapidly until all the stone walls and garden fences are decorated with the tracery of their stems and star shaped leaves.—St. Nicholas.

GOLD AND THE SEA.

Why the Metal Is Shipped In Bars Rather Than In Coin.

"When the banks ship gold across the Atlantic," said a banker, "they prefer to ship it in bars rather than in coin. It loses less that way."

"It loses less?"

"Yes, sir. If $1,000,000 in gold coins is shipped across the sea it is only $999,800 on its arrival. It loses from twelve to fifteen ounces, about $200, through abrasion, through knocking about with the motion of the waves. The sea makes gold lose weight, you see, the same as it does human beings. Gold bars lose less. In fine weather they will only lose about $100 to each million. In the ugliest weather they don't lose over $150, whereas in like conditions gold coins have been known to lose $300. As gold shipments of $10,000,000 often occur, to make these shipments in gold bars instead of gold coin is a saving of $1,000 or more. It is odd to think when you cross in one of those gold laden ships that every wave that hits the boat clips off 10 to 15 cents from its golden cargo."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Cruel, but Necessary.

The Eskimos dread the winter and take early precautions to provide against famine. As the season approaches the great herds of reindeer migrate southward, and the walrus or the seal are all that remain for food. When an in wind is blowing the walrus is easily found on the outer edge of the ice packs. When it is blowing off the shore, however, the ice packs sail out to sea with the walruses on them. The natives then class their numbers in a list from the strongest to the weakest. The food that is in store is divided up, the weakest having the smallest quantity, the strongest the largest. Thus the mightiest hunters have strength to provide for the others. It is a cruel system, but nevertheless a necessary one. If all were weak, all would die; if some are strong, they will save many of the weak.

The Largest Pipe.

What is described as the largest pipe in the world is valued at £8,000 and is counted as one of the most remarkable pieces of carving in existence. The pipe is made of one solid piece of meerschaum and represents the landing of Columbus. There are twenty-four figures in the scene, each one four inches high. The carver who executed this masterpiece is dead, and, as the demand for this sort of work has nearly died out, it is practically impossible to find a man to duplicate it.—London Telegraph.

Mouth Ulcers.

Little ulcers that appear in the mouth from time to time are exceedingly annoying and painful. An old fashioned household remedy is alum, the powder or crystals being applied to the yellow center. But this is a bitter, nasty dose. A physician has prescribed the use of a saturated solution of potassium chlorate, applied every two hours. "Saturated solution" means as much potassium chlorate as can be dissolved in a certain amount of water.

Lepers and the Law.

The Norman-English laws enacted that a leper had neither power to sue in any court nor to inherit property. During his lifetime he was permitted to enjoy the usufruct of any property in his possession at the time he was "found guilty," so to speak, of leprosy, but all rights of disposition over it he lost.

Autobiography of a Family Man.

I was born in New York and went to Boston to be born again. For the first twenty-one years of my life I was known as the son of my mother, for the next thirty as the husband of my wife and for the last ten years as the father of my daughter. I claim, therefore, to be a family man.—Independent.

'Tis not the size or grandeur of the structure, but the contentment that abides within, that insures a happy home.—Henry Sutphin.

CUTTLEFISH FARMS.

Where the Queer Creatures Are Cultivated to Be Milked.

Does any one know that cuttlefish are cultivated on farms to be milked? These cuttlefish farms are located on the coasts of Great Britain, and the cuttlefish are kept in tanks or ponds to be milked of their ink. The pond or tank is connected with the sea by a pipe, and a thousand or more cuttles are kept in a single one.

They form a most curious sight as they move about, trailing their long arms and staring out of their bulging eyes. They are guarded by screens which prevent them from being scared, for if they are suddenly frightened they will squirt their milk into the water, and it would therefore be lost. This fluid or milk is very valuable, and a cuttle will yield about $3 worth a year. It is secreted in a bag which can be opened and closed at will, the cuttle ejecting the fluid to darken the water so that it may escape unseen when attacked.

The best cuttlefish are procured in China, where for some reason or other they produce the best quality of milk. When the farmer considers it opportune to milk the cuttles he proceeds by opening the sluices of the pond and gently agitating the water. The cuttles then swim around the pond, and as soon as one passes through the sluice is closed. The cuttle passes down a small channel into a basin or metal receptacle, and as soon as it is securely there the water is drained off. It is then frightened and at once squirts the fluid from the bag. When it is exhausted it is lifted out, the milk is collected and the basin prepared for another.

MODERN CIVILIZATION.

Its Complexity, Hurry and Worry Shortening Our Lives.

Not long ago while traveling I chanced to stop at a village on the river Rhine, where I found an astonishing number of old people. There were a dozen over a hundred years of age and many from eighty years old up to the century mark, yet straight and vigorous. One woman nearly a hundred years old was earning her living by picking hops. Her grandchildren were middle aged. It was quite wonderful. But there was no mystery about it. It was merely the effect of a simple life spent largely in the fields, with plain diet, consisting of a few vegetables and fruits, little meat, and native beer and wine for beverages.

Nothing can be more obvious than that the very complexity of our modern civilization is shortening our lives. But of all the evils that afflict us the worst and most destructive are hurry and worry. Hurry drives the body machine beyond its capacity, while worry racks it inwardly. Of the two worry is probably the worse. This might indeed be called the age of worry. Because of the intense nervous strain to which we are subjected we do vastly more worrying than did our forbears. The average man of today is continually surrounded and pursued by phantom troubles, which, though few of them ever materialize into realities, haunt him continually, ruining his peace of mind and injuring his health.—Reader Magazine.

Getting Married.

I don't know myself what getting married feels like, but it cannot be much more exciting than watching other people getting married. Indeed, I always get something like palpitation of the heart just before the priest utters the final fateful words, "I declare you man and wife." Half a second before you were still free. Half a second after you were bound for the term of your natural life. Half a second before you had only to dash the book from the priest's hands and put your hands over his mouth, and, though thus giddily swinging on to the brink of the precipice, you are saved. Half a second after—

All the king's horses and all the king's men
Cannot make you a bachelor again.

It is the knife edge moment betwixt time and eternity.—From Le Gallienne's "His Quest of the Golden Girl."

The Name "Fife."

The origin of the name Fife is not known. One historian tries to show that it comes from the Celtic word veach, a Pict, and means that the district was inhabited by Picts, but that is obviously absurd, as Fife was not specially the home of any of the Pictish nations. The tradition that finds greatest favor is related by a monk, who states that the first known possessor of the district which has since grown into the kingdom of Fife was one Fifus Duffus, a famous chieftain whose date is lost in the mists of antiquity.

He Cheapened Pens.

Sir Josiah Mason was, according to his biography, walking in Bull street, Birmingham, in the year 1828 when he saw some steel pens, price 3s 6d. each. Josiah was a hard up maker of split rings. No sooner had he seen the pens than he went home, made some better than those in the shop, sent them up to London and got a large order by return. At thirty years of age Mason's capital was 20 shillings. At sixty he had given away [illegible].

Hard Luck.

"Why does Baron Hoffman look so dejected lately?"

"Haven't you heard? He married a rich widow not long ago, and now a banker has absconded with all her money."—Meggendorfer Blätter.

In Egypt the cat was sacred to the moon, and when a cat died its master shaved off his eyebrows in sign of mourning.

ANCIENT EMBALMING.

Not Only People but Animals Were Mummified In Egypt.

Myrrh, which was fabulously supposed to be the tears of Myrrha, who was turned into a shrub, was a plant of handsome appearance, with spreading, fernlike foliage and large umbels of white flowers. It was found principally in Arabia and Abyssinia. In early times the perfume distilled from it was greatly in requisition for embalming.

Herodotus gives a detailed account of the ancient mode of embalming, which is perhaps more instructive than pleasing. After the body had undergone much preparation, which, to spare your feelings, will not be described, it was filled with powdered myrrh, cassia and other perfumes. It was then steeped in natron, a strong solution of soda, for seventy days. After this it was wrapped in bands of fine perfumed linen, smeared with aromatic gums.

Not only people were thus embalmed, but the crocodiles of Lake Moeris, which, after their mummification, were decorated with ornaments and jewels and laid in one of the subterranean passages of the great labyrinth with much pomp and display. The sacred cat, ichneumon and other cherished animals devoutly worshiped by the Egyptians were embalmed with scrupulous and fanatical care. On days special to the memory of the dead the mummies were newly sprinkled with perfume, incense was offered before them and their heads anointed with fresh oil—in the same spirit as we lay new blooms upon the graves of our dead.

WHISTLER AS A TEACHER.

A Genius Who Showed Difficulty in Imparting His Knowledge.

Whistler was certainly a genius, but he showed some difficulty in imparting his knowledge. His criticisms were often foggy and uncertain, and he hardly ever found words in which to express himself. It was almost an impossibility to develop without becoming a slave and copying him in every way. With a majority of the students this was a dangerous method. If one came with a spark of originality it was extinguished immediately by the dominating personality of the master. He could see art only from his own standpoint, and he insisted on all of us using the same palette and the same brushes as himself and on our seeing all objects with his eyes. The result to an ordinary outsider was ridiculously monotonous.

I well remember a Frenchman who wanted to join the class coming to view some of the studies and then remarking, with an amused smile, "Vous avez beaucoup des petus Wheestlairs!" This was perfectly true of the majority, but there were a few matured men who hardly carried out Whistler's formulas as regards the palette and method, but who, owing to their more independent attitude, profited much by the criticisms.—Century.

Voting In Paris.

"In Paris only one-fifth of the voters go to the polls and cast their ballots," said an American who has lived in Paris as a business man for several years past. "This is not because they cannot vote, but because they do not care to. Everybody in the city is interested in politics, but when the time to vote comes few care to go to the polls. The man who wins is most often the man who promises everything. For instance, in my district last time a man was elected who promised to put a new shed on the market. I know of another deputy who was kept in office fifteen years because he promised to add an extra sardine to the daily rations of the soldiers. There are so many soldiers that that made a big difference. They did not get the sardine, but he continued to promise and kept office."—Washington Post.

Man and Art.

In ancient times there stood in the citadel of Athens three statues of Minerva. The first was of olive wood and, according to popular tradition, had fallen from heaven. The second was of bronze, commemorating the victory of Marathon, and the third of gold and ivory—a great miracle of art in the days of Pericles. And thus in the citadel of time stands man himself. In childhood, shaped of soft and delicate wood, just fallen from heaven; in manhood a statue of bronze, commemorating struggle and victory, and, lastly, in the maturity of age, perfectly shaped in gold and ivory—a miracle of art!

Temper.

Temper itself is not a bad quality. It is not to be destroyed, as we sometimes say. Without temper a bar of steel becomes like lead. A man without temper is weak and worthless. We are to learn self control. A strong person is one who has a strong temper under perfect mastery. There is a deep truth here—that our mistakes and our sins, if we repent of them, will help in the growth and upbuilding of our character.

Fair Proposition.

"Don't you throw off anything because of the big holes in these doughnuts?" asked the new wife of the baker.

"I'll tell you," he replied, scratching his chin. "Eat the doughnuts, and we'll make a liberal allowance when you return the holes."

A Sleep Inducer.

Hicks—Did you hear about Macklin? They called the Rev. Mr. Dulley to his bedside last evening. Wicks—Do you mean to say he is in a dying condition? Hicks—Oh, no; only a bad case of insomnia.

GOOD ROAD PROJECT

EFFECT OF THE AUTOMOBILE IN FURTHERING IT.

Physician of Jamestown, N. D., Thinks Instruction on Good Highways Ought to Be Given In Public Schools and Mentioned In Political Speeches

North Dakota, especially that portion lying west of the Red river valley, has a soil that is especially adapted by nature for good roads, says Dr. Dwight S. Moore of Jamestown, N. D., in Auto Advocate and Country Roads. As a general thing, very little attention is paid to the subject of good roads in North Dakota.

Only exceptionally in a wet season is there much necessity for the problem to be considered seriously from the standpoint of traffic and local transportation. The subjects of the advantage of wide tires, of the natural curves which the roads ought to take in order to facilitate the hauling of heavy loads and of a long even pull over comparatively level ground, in preference to short steep ascents in a straight direction toward the goal, are very little considered or thought of apparently by the farmers, the very class of people who should be most deeply interested in such questions.

Even on these prairies a slight impetus was given to the good road movement by the adoption of the bicycle. The use of the bicycle has somewhat died out as a recreation among people of wealth, culture and education, and as a consequence the use of it has ceased to be so much of a factor in the creation or preservation of good roads.

The automobile has been more than a substitute as an incentive to interest in the subject of good roads everywhere among that class of people who are known as "hustlers" and who make things "get along some" when they want to obtain any desired object. The probability is that a dozen automobile enthusiasts in any community will do more in accomplishing the creation and preservation of highways presenting a smooth, round, hard surface and few difficult grades at all seasons of the year than 500 farmers, although the latter should be more strictly interested in the same problem. But the farmers seem to lack organization and just how to go about it to obtain the objects desired, or else they really have not considered the subject enough to get enthusiastic over it. In other words, I think the diffusion of the automobile throughout the country is going to be the principal factor in the furtherance of the movement in favor of good highways.

BAD ROADS KEEP THE FARMER POOR.

Of course a campaign among the farmers ought never to be neglected. They use the roads more than any other class of people, and good roads are more vital problems with them than with any other class. Those interested in the subject of good roads, therefore, ought never to neglect an opportunity to hammer away at the mass of the people on the subject and convince them by every possible means that the problem of good highways for pedestrians, horsemen, bicycles and automobiles is one of the most essential factors in the upbuilding of the wealth and property of the country. I think instruction on the subject ought to be given in public schools, and especially in the country schools, so that every boy might understand how important, in a commercial way, this subject is and how to go about it to improve the local condition of the roads in his immediate neighborhood.

The demonstration by machines, etc., of the making of good roads by special trains going through the country and stopping here and there in different localities is, of course, an excellent proposition, but it would take a century if this were the only means to accomplish anything in the way of results. The country is too vast.

The agricultural department puts out a large quantity of literature on that subject which is accessible to any one having interest in it and who will send for it, but very few of the class of people whom it is desired to reach know about it or will take the trouble to send to the department for literature. Instruction upon the subject ought to be forced upon them through the columns of the farmer's paper, periodicals and popular magazines which are everywhere reaching the homes of the western farmer at this time. No political speech, Fourth of July oration, Memorial day address or Thanksgiving sermon ought to be considered or allowed to be delivered unless it contained a good rousing paragraph or two on the right side of the good roads movement.

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First Class In All Respects.

DAIRY HEIFERS.

They Should Be Carefully Bred to Commence Milking Early.

A correspondent writes asking when, in our judgment, heifers intended for the dairy should be first bred. The general opinion on the subject, and we believe it is correct, says Wisconsin Farmer, is that heifers intended for the dairy should be bred so as to come in with their first calves at about two years old. The milking function, carried to the extent which good dairy practice requires, is a highly artificial one, and early breeding is one of the steps necessary to the intensification of the milking habit. If the heifer be not bred early, she is likely to acquire the habit of using the liberal though not fattening food she should have for the purpose of making flesh. This, if a habit, is quite fatal to the usefulness of the heifer intended for dairying.

Feeding, management, breeding, etc., should be directed to its prevention without, however, starving or stunting the animal. It is alleged, with some show of truth, that early breeding detracts from the size of the cow when matured and also that it is likely to have an adverse influence upon constitution. As has been intimated, there is probably some truth in both of these objections to early breeding, but the world we live in is one to which we must pay the price for anything we get that is worth having.

Early Breeding.

It is probable that the intensification of any quality in the breeding of domestic animals is not attained without a sacrifice of something else. Sometimes the sacrifice is one that can well be made, and sometimes it is one that we would prefer not to make, but in any event we must pay the cost of the quality we desire to exalt. That early breeding does reduce size and scale is altogether probable, but these are qualities that are not particularly essential in the dairy cow, and the early breeding is attended with consequences much more important to the dairyman than any consideration of mere size. It is possible, too, that constitution may suffer to some extent from early breeding, but this, too, is one of the things that must be in part endured and in part compensated by the better care and greater attention to the protection of the cow from consequences of some little weakness in this respect.

It will not do to encourage the milking faculty by every possible means, early breeding included, and then allow the cow to find her only shelter against the winter blasts on the south side of a wire fence or in the vicinity of a straw stack, but if care, shelter and attention to the comfort of the cow are given, that should be given, the fact that she is not quite so hardy as a scrub rustler would be can well be endured and indeed must be endured if a profitable dairy cow is sought for. Heifers should therefore be bred, we think, so as to come in fresh at about two years old. The maternal function, of which milking is but a branch, is thus encouraged early and made a characteristic of the animal throughout her life.

Dairy Talk of Today

If dairymen would expose all milk utensils to the sun and air there would be less trouble from poor milk. Strong sunlight kills bacteria rapidly, and when a can has not been thoroughly cleaned or a crack is left with a little casein that will quickly spoil exposure to the sunlight will to a great extent remedy the carelessness of the dairyman.

Milking For Pastime.

Every cow in the herd should return a profit to her owner, but do they? If they do not they should be discarded and better ones substituted. Milking isn't so much pleasure to many farmers that they would milk for pastime, yet many are really doing so. Weed out the unprofitable cows if it takes the whole herd.

Breeding Jersey Heifers.

Cecil A. Todd of Toledo, O., writes the Practical Farmer on this subject as follows: One mistake a good many farmers make is in breeding Jersey heifers too young. A much better way is to let them get their growth, at least three years. Keep them in a separate lot if necessary after they are eighteen months old. If permitted to bring calves before they have their growth they make small cows and yield less milk. The calves also are smaller, as a rule. It is not always best to be in too great a hurry to get ahead in the world. A space of six or nine months is not so long to wait, and it is infinitely better for the cow. Other things being equal, a cow will sell for more at any kind of sale, public or private, if she is of good average size.

A Convincing Argument.

Lots of dairy farmers are halting by the wayside, wondering if they had better build a silo, says Hoard's Dairyman. One thing is certain—they will never know any more about it where they are. The Ohio experiment station put the question to the following test: They fed one lot of cows a heavy silage ration and another lot a heavy grain ration. The result was in favor of the ensilage fed cow. As L. W. Lighty says in the National Stockman, "Can we make more dollars handling the corn grain by way of the crib or the silo, stalks to be ensiled at the earliest stage we usually cut it up in the shock?" He then cites the results of the Ohio experiment, which was that the ensilage fed cows made their butter for 13 cents a pound, while the cows fed dry fodder hay and a heavy grain ration charged 22 cents a pound.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 23, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: Aaron Anderson, H. E. No. 232, Red Lake Series, for the S. E.¼ of Sec. 4, T'wp. 153 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Ole S. Helgeland, of Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Knute O. Solheim, " " " " "
Abrahm B. Newton, " " " " "
Daniel P. O'Neill, " " " " "

oct 25 to nov 29 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Ole S. Halsa, H. E. No. 109, Red Lake Series, for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 8, T'wp. 154 N. of R. 42 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Gunderson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Torger T. Ose, " " "
Andrew G. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, "
Peter C. Sorlom, " " " "

oct 25 nov 29 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept. 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th., 1906, viz: Anton Hanson, H. E. No. 644, Red Lake Series, for the N. W.¼ of Sec. 35, T'wp. 154 N., of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Olof Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Alonzo George, " " "
Nels A. Leeberg, " " "
Adolph W. Hunning, of " "

oct 25 nov 29 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 7th, 1906, viz: George M. Gunderson H. E. No. 104, Red Lake Series, for the S W. ¼, sec. 28 Tp 154 N., Rg. 42 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Lars Matson, of Thief River Falls, Minn,
Martin Quist, " " " " "
Charley Peterson, " " " " "
John Hegerness, " " " " "

nov 1 dec 6 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th. 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissoner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 7th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 389, Red Lake Series for the N. E.¼, Sec 15, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls Minn
Charles Thompson, " " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, "
Henry Cook, " " "

nov 22 dec 27 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 8th Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6795, Chippewa Series for the W. ½ N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Sec 30 Tp 155 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Bjoerstadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer " " "

nov 22 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 7th Jan 1907, viz: Andrew N. [illegible], H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series for the S. W. ¼, Sec. [illegible] Tp 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Assar Olson, of [illegible]
Andrew Aanson, " [illegible]
Hans Olson, " Thief River Falls
[illegible]

nov 22 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov 22 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on [illegible] Jan 1907, viz: Adolph W. [illegible], H. E. [illegible], Red Lake Series for the [illegible] Tp 154 N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Edward Iverson, of Brunkeberg, Minn
[illegible] Hanson,
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

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THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.,

Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals. . . . .

Phone No. 235.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

WM. A. TAUTGES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Seven years experience in Minnesota courts. All kinds of law business promptly attended to. Office across the street from the postoffice and the First State Bank.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

J. Walseth,

Attorney at Law, (Norsk Advokat) and Notary Public.

Office Upstairs in the Dobner-Meehan Block.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak

If
your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Roeprke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXII. Historical Society — THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1906 — NUMBER 50

Useful Holiday Gifts.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

FOR THE LADIES.

Christmas presents are hard to find, but you will find holiday shopping a pleasure if you take advantage of the many choice offerings the Golden Rule now have on sale.

Dress Goods in white, black, colored and fancy, 15c to $2.
Cloaks cloth, fur and fur lined, $5 to $75
Furs an elegant line of neckpieces with muffs to match, $.75 to $25
Skirts panamas, broadcloths, mohairs and mixtures, $2.50 to $15
Kid Gloves and mocha gloves, $1 to $1.50
Petticoats silk satine or wool all shades, $.98 to $7
Underwear combinations, or 2 piece wool or cotton, 25c to $3.50
Corsets latest styles, 50c to $2
Jewelry and combs, 10c to 25c
Shawls silk mohair wool or icewool, 25c to $4.50
Shirt Waists silk, cotton and mohair, 50c to $5
Night Robes and bath robes, 50c to $5.5
Wrappers and dressing sacques, 50c to $3.50
Hosiery lace and fancy in cashmere wool and cotton, 10c to $1
Neckwear fancy stocks, hand drawn and embroidered turnovers, 8c to $3.50
Belts a new assortment especially for the holidays, 25c to $1
Handkerchiefs hand drawn, embroidered and hemstiched in silk or linen, 1c to $1.50
Doilies eyelet worked, drawn worked and stamped, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags purses and card cases elegant assortment, 25c to $1.50
Toilet Cases 75 cents to $3.50

FOR GENTLEMEN.

It is the easiest thing in the world to select acceptable presents for men or boys if you go to the right place. Men always enjoy fine Haberdashery and our offerings will gratify the most exacting taste and at prices usually charged for the common kind.

Neckwear of rare fabrics and exclusive patterns, 25c to $1.50
Mufflers that give delightful comfort to the wearer, 25c to $2
Gloves and mittens an endless variety, 25c to $1
Handkerchiefs dainty silk and linen, 5c to 50c
Jewelry scarf pins, sleeve buttons cuff buttons etc., 10 to $1.50
Vests fancy and white wool or linen, $1.50 to $2.50
Shirts night shirts, dress shirts any pattern, 50c to $1.50
Underwear two piece or combinations wool, cotton or mixed, 25c to $5
Fancy Hosiery high grade plain and fancy colorings, 10c to 50c
House Coats smoking jackets and bath robes, $3.50 to $6.50
Suits single or double breasted blacks greys or fancy mixtures, $5 to $25
Overcoats in black or oxfords, $5 to $25
Fur Coats fur or furlined, $5 to $75
Sweaters in wool and cotton any shade, 50c to $4
Trunks suit cases and leather bags, $1.50 to $16.50
Shoes and slippers all leathers, $1 to $5
Hats and caps a large assortment, 50c to $3

With Much Plearure We Announce the Children's Greatest Event of the Year

TOYLAND OPENS SATURDAY

WE WISH TO SEE EVERY LITTLE BOY AND GIRL.

TOYS, DOLLS, GAMES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, DRUMS, STOVES, CHINAWARE, ETC., ETC.

Time is of great importance on account of the near approach of Christmas. The throngs of shoppers are becoming more dense everyday. You can shop in greater comfort and be waited upon more quickly now than you can a few days hence.

"HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY GOODS."

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

ORGANIZATION PERFECTED

Public Affairs Committee Named Last Friday Evening.

A Number of other Committees to Be Named by Dr. Penney.

At a meeting the Antlers Club held last Friday evening a Public Affairs committee consisting of the following gentlemen were appointed. Daniel Shaw, Olaf Ramstad, T. P. Hamre, L. M. Haug, M. V. Evenson, Robert Mosher, Matt Barzen, Dr. Penney, O. J. Sather, W. W. Prichard and D. N. Winton.

The duties of this committee is to act in the capacity of a commercial club and will meet once each week in the Antlers Club rooms, but will have no official connection with the club except that there will be a friendly co-operation upon all matters between the two bodies.

Other committees are to be appointed by Dr. Penney, President of the Antlers Club, and these committees will work under the supervision of the Public Affairs committee. The other committees are as follows:

Finance,
Public Entertainment,
Manufactureries and New Industries
Retail Trade,
Public Health,
Real Estate,
Civil Improvement and Municipal Affairs.
Good Roads.

The object of all of the committees is, of course, to further the best interests of Thief River Falls in all matters and to aid in the upbuilding and development of the surrounding country. There is no question but that much will be accomplished as there are many things that need attention.

Special Holiday Offer

Bethune Business College offers any complete course for only $35 to all who enroll the week following New Years.

THIS IS MIRACULOUS

A farmer Near Barnesville Is Struck by a Train.

Rides a Distance of Thirty Rods on Pilot of the Engine.

Barnesville Record Review: One of the most miraculous escapes from death beneath the wheels of a locomotive occurred last Friday evening when J. P. Monahan, a well-known farmer of Prairie View township, was struck by the passenger train known as No. 24, east bound, at the crossing just west of the city. Mr. Monahan had started for home and in some manner became confused, taking the wrong direction out of the city. He wound up at the west crossing and his team started down the railroad track towards the creek. They had gone but a short distance when the engine struck the sled directly in the rear. The horses each took opposite sides of the track, breaking the tongue just behind the evener, and escaping without a scratch. The pilot of the engine carried the wagon box with Mr. Monahan in it for a distance of about thirty rods before the train stopped, and an examination showed him to have sustained but a few slight bruises on the right cheek, caused undoubtedly by some of the broken parts of the wagon box.

The engine was in charge of Engineer Hendry and he failed to see the team owing to the snow and mist that was falling until he was practically on them. He stopped the the train as quickly as possible, and it was this fact to which Mr. Monahan owes his life. The accident occurred about 10 o'clock and as the train was several hours late, good speed was being made. Mr. Monahan was brought to the city and is being cared for at the home of his brother in law, George Whalen, but expects to go his own home the last of the week.

Subscribe for the News.

First Patent Flour, $2.15

R. L. Falls "Mascot" and O. K. "Vivo."

We sell and deliver at the above prices. Rye and graham flour equally as cheap.

ARNESON & SON,

NORTH OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Will Benzie was in town the latter part of last week.

Severt Brandon returned to his home in Middle River last Friday.

John Rogers and James Cahill returned from Crookston Friday.

—Minnesota Star is put out in 5 and 10 cents sizes. A Havana filled cigar—the best on the market.

Miss LaBree, who had been in the city visiting relatives, returned to her home in Montana Monday.

—Wilhelm Michelet returned from the lower falls last Friday where he has been attending to legal business.

Wm. Tessum was in the city the first of the week from Lanesboro visiting his brother, Olaf Tessum.

—*Telephone No. 8 if you want to get* the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Anyone desiring to have knitting work done for the winter can call upon Mrs. Anna Olson, Porters addition.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and Brunkeberg, a duck coat lined with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

A subscription paper was circulated in this city recently to raise money for K. C. Taire, a settler living up near Grygla. Some $53 was raised, and Mr. Taire desires to thank all who contributed.

—I have appointed M. C. Harlow my agent in Thief River Falls and he will attend to the collecting of all rents, make leases or sell the property. Any interested party can call upon him and secure further information.—W. A. Kratka.

The Hendrum Review says there are many farmers along the river who will need a state seed grain loan next spring and suggests that business men and farmers get together and ask the legislature to pass a law authorizing it.

—Mrs. Wm. Ryer, living first door north of the Great Northern depot on Main avenue, wishes to announce that she is going to start a guitar and Mandolin class. Those wishing to take lessons are requested to call and see her.

J. D. Ward, who was formerly in business here, being one of the proprietors of the Central Mercantile company, has gone to Potlatch, Idaho, where he has accepted a position as manager of a store for the Warehouser Lumber company.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron.—Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin,

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Kratka with their children Florence and Walter left last Thursday afternoon for Pasadena to make their future home. The five elder children have been there for some time and seem to enjoy the west and its climate very much.

The supreme court holds that voting machines are legal and constitutional and the sooner they are installed in all cities the better it will be for all concerned. With their use all disputes are eliminated and the result is determined as soon as the polls close.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Greenbush Journal.—Monday morning a strange incident happened to the train crew as the freight was pulling out of the station here. The engine pulled out on time and thinking that the whole train was following them as usual they pulled into Strathcona before they discovered their mistake, they had come away with but one box car. It was a short time however before they were back after the balance of the train. The train reached T. R. F. [illegible] time at that.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough course, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn

Joseph Johnson was in from Erie the first of the week.

Miss Gena Larson has returned to her home in Sandridge.

F. C. Nicalai went on a business trip to Roseau last Monday.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding last week.

Henry Le Boinure returned from Red Lake Falls last Monday.

Mrs. Saxton of Crookston was here between trains last Thursday.

Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Ripley left for Greenbush the later part of the week.

John Jones, brakeman on the Soo left for his home in Minneapolis last Friday.

Ole Brude was taken to the hospital the first of the week, having a mild case of typhoid fever.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse, who had been visiting friends in Crookston, returned to this city Monday.

Olaf Ramstad was down to Gary the first of the week attending to some business matters.

Come to the O. K. Hide and Fur Trading Co., with your hides and furs. Cheely and Sorenson, proprietors.

County Auditor-elect J. B. O'Brien was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday calling upon his many friends here.

Mrs. Marshall came up from Red Lake Falls, last Manday for a few days visit with Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

Emily Swanson, of Steiner, who has been visiting at the town of Clover Leaf returned to her home last Monday.

W. G. Hunt, the sunshine of Sunbeam, was in the city from Saturday until Monday shaking hands with his old friends here.

Miss Augusta Kuhnel came in from Kuhnel last week and left for Chicago where she will remain visiting friends until after the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ralston and son, Forrest, returned from a few week visit at Fargo Monday, where they had been visiting the latters parents.

Mrs. D. K. Bryant will have a fine display of hand painted china on exhibit at her home on the East Side from now until Christmas. Many articles suitable for Christmas or wedding presents.

Ole J. Tweet, one of the former residents of the town of Norden, arrived here Tuesday from near Grand Forks, where he now resides, and will spend about ten days here looking after business matters.

There is a rumor around town that the saw mill property has been sold by the lumber company and that it will be occupied by some industry next year. There seems to be considerable secrecy about the matter as no one here seems to know anything about it. The machinery is being taken down and will be moved.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

No doubt many items, as to visitors coming and going, are omited this and in fact every week, just because we did not know of them. We are just as anxious to publish the news as our readers are to digest them but in order to do this we must know of them. If you are in possession of a piece of news don't be afriad to tell us of it and we will do the rest.

S. F. Deming a farmer living on the shore of Horse Head lake, two miles east of Parkers Prairie, has good reason for thinking that there is gold on the lake shore. He killed one of his ducks the other day and found in the crop of the foul a gold nugget the size of a pea. He will make an effort to locate the deposit of the precious metal, if there is such a deposit.

Prof. James Wilson, of the Crookston Experimental farm, reports that at the present time there are sixteen students in attendance and that by the first of the year double this number will be enrolled. Altho the number of students who are taking advantage of the school is very small this condition is not due to the character of the school but rather to the fact that its value has not been thoroughly appreciated as yet.

The board of directors of the St Paul Commercial club adopted resolutions endorsing the Steenerson drainage bill and the federal topographical survey of this state, at a meeting Tuesday. Three separate resolutions were adopted, the third recommending that both state and national legislation be enacted to place drainage work on the upper Mississippi river in the hands of the reclamation service of the department of the interior.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to [illegible] and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

C. M. Evenson was up to Sandridge yesterday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wilford Monday.

Peter Eberhardt left Monday for the Red Lake country.

H. M. Olson, of Sorum, was in the city the first of the week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Jacob Anderson, of Jelle, was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

John Rogers and John Cahill went up to Roseau Monday to spend a few days.

Robert Teal arrived in the city Tuesday from Euclid to visit his son, Dr. Teal.

E. J. Morrisey was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gobler are visiting the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs F. H. Kratka of this city.

The O. K. Hide and Fur Trading Co., is well stocked with Christmas goods. The place to go to trade.

Calvert S. Eastman arrived in the city yesterday from St. Cloud to visit his brother, John W. Eastman.

John Stoch arrived here yesterday *from Woolverton, Minn.*, and is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Moeller.

Fr. Adolph leaves the first of next week for Southern Minnesota and Iowa points to spend several days visiting friends.

Wm. Doege, who for the past several weeks has been visiting friends in Wilkin county, returned to this city yesterday.

Attorney. E. M. Stanton returned from Cass Lake Saturday where he had been visiting with his brother, Dr. Stanton.

The Peter Peterson show, which was advertised to appear in the Evenson Hall on Saturday evening, did not put in an appearance.

E. L. Quist went down to Red Lake Falls last evening. He will visit with friends at Willmar and in the twin cities before returning.

A masquerade ball was given in the Evenson Opera house last Friday night. It was largely attended and a good time has been reported.

Conductor James H. Morton and wife left Tuesday evening for Kansas and Oklahoma to remain until the first of the year visiting friends.

Henry Wyberg arrived in the city last Saturday from Rockford, Ill., and has accepted a position as clerk in E. J. Stebbins drug store.

Charley Stans and Malcolm McNiven came down from the lumbering camps at Shotley Brook, to take back a few more teams of horses.

H. Fant, who is now receiving medical treatment at a hospital in Grand Forks, is reported to be improving, but not as rapidly as his friends could wish for.

Frank Richter, who is now head miller in Richard Ohm's flour mill at Gully, was in the city the first of the week visiting friends and attending to business matters.

Preaching next Sunday by O. J. Nerlund in the church east of the Soo Depot. Subject: Pilote's question, "What is Truth," Jo. 18:38. Come and hear. All welcome.

Toys, toys, by the piece or by the bushel. We have a tremedous lot of toys that are partly damaged through shipping that we are selling almost for a song O. K. Hide and Fur Trading Co.

Frank Rinnert, a bartender formerly employed by John Rogers in this city, is being tried at Crookston this week for stealing $145 in Canadian money from a man named Hertner at East Grand Forks.

The infant child of Joe Jarr, a resident of the East Side, died Monday night of pneumonia. The child had been sick for several days and died at night while the parents were asleep. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon.

The contract to extend the Minnesota & International railway from Big Falls to International Falls, has been let to the Duluth firm of Doherty & Dempsey. The contract calls for a completion of the work by next July. Men are at work now at Big Falls and a crew of engineers are looking for suitable crossings across rivers and swamps.

Sometime ago the News had an item to the effect that Joe Johnson, of Erie was winning fame as the builder of the largest stack of hay in the world. Joe has been in town this week and has been up against a hay proposition that makes his own stack look like thirty cents. The particular Hay that Joe has been up against is none other than Joe Lum Hay, the chinaman. Joe Lum for the last few years has been living in a building owned by Mr. Johnson on Labree avenue, and according to rumors he has not been prompt in paying his rent. At any rate in order for Mr. Johnson to get possession of the building eviction proceedings had to be commenced and Deputy Sheriff Jarma removed the furniture and personal effects of Joe Lum out into the street. This has made the Chinaman mad and he threatens to go out to Erie and tear down Joe's big pile of hay.

—Dining room girl wanted at the Hotel Northern.

Mrs. J. M. Bishop returned the first of the week from Chicago accompanied by her sister, Miss Hoover.

Miss Lillian Buse, of Red Lake Falls was in the city the first of the week, the guest of Mrs. B. M. Wilson.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets to-day, the 13th, with Mrs. O. J. Schei. All cordially invited.

The rummage sale to have been given by the Ladies Aid of the M. E. Church has been postponed indefinitely.

Rev. A. Ostby, of Minneapolis, who had been conducting revival services in this city, left the first of the week for Reynolds, N. D., where he will hold a series of meetings.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will have their annual auction and supper Friday evening, the 14th, commencing at 6 o'clock. A Norwegian supper will be served.

S. Tunkeim, and daughter Miss Mary Tunheim of Newfolden, and Mrs. Rindahl, of this city, the first of the week from Hatton, N. D., where they had been holding a service of revival services.

From now until Christmas, Mrs. E. E. Zeh will have on exhibition at her home a number of choice water colors by a Minneapolis artist. Also a small amount of her own work in burnt leather, wood, etc.

The president on Monday sent the name of F. H. Kratka, of this city, to the senate to be confirmed by that body as postmaster of Thief River Falls. Mr. Kratba will probably not take the office until after the holidays.

Plummer Pioneer:—Dr. I. F. Seely arrived here from Faribault last Saturday and has decided to locate here permanently for the practise of his profession. He is a graduate of the Iowa School and has been actively engaged in the practise of medicine and surgery for about three years. He is a most welcome addition to the ranks of Plummer's business men and will, without doubt, enjoy an excellent practise as soon as the people get acquainted with him. There is a large territory here which needs the services of a good physician and Dr. Seely seems to be the right man for the place.

EMILY WATERMAN CONCERT CO.

The Emily Waterman Concert Company.

Miss Waterman has made thousands laugh and no one has ever complained of her work. Dozens of requests have been made that she give return concerts. She is versatile, pleasing, delightful; and yet so artistic, strong and refined that she uplifts while she amuses; she makes for good, while she delights. Miss Waterman is supported by Miss Daisy Binkley, Coloratura Suprano, Mr. F. H. Tuttle, flutist and Miss Gail Wilson, piano, saxophone, alto. This will be one of the finest concerts ever heard in Thief River Falls.

Concert in Evenson Hall, Monday vening Dec. 17th, Program begins at 8:30. Tickets on sale at the Stebbins Drug Store.

Powder Habit Among Men.

"In my young days," said an old gentleman from Washington square, "it was considered effeminate for a man to use face powder. The only kind of powder we used was what we put in our pistols. But nowadays it's nothing to see a young fellow emerging from a barber shop as pink and white as a rose. In fact, some young men, who haven't wives from whom to steal it, keep a box of it on their dressing cases—soft, white, flowery, sweet smelling stuff—to use after shaving. When I was young a scrape in soap and cold water, with a stinging application of bay rum afterward, was considered luxurious and dandified enough, but now an average barber insists on giving you a massage with your shave and makes you as velvety and lovely as a sixteen year old schoolgirl. And that isn't all! I see in the department stores that they are selling huge French powder puffs the size of a plate with which to fluff your body all over with dainty talcum after a bath. I would have thought those were for the ladies and would have turned my face discreetly the other way if I hadn't seen two husky chaps investing in them."—New York Press.

How People Don't Get Rich

Husband—What do you think, dear, I've had my salary raised $5 a month.

His Wife—Oh, isn't that nice! Now we can have that second girl, a telephone and a piano, and I can take lessons in china painting, can't I?—Chicago News.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	68c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 07
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c
Potatoes, bushel	35c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

On Monday morning Mr. E. L. Quist, our new Register of Deeds, delivered a short but interesting address to the high school pupils.

The members of the German class are urged to give more expression to their translations. It is really wonderful with what new feeling they render that inspiring line, "woman are you crazy?"

Last Thursday evening a number of the pupils assembled at Supt. Hay's home to organize a Glee Club. There will surely be, "music in the air" now.

A certain Junior has taken the place one of our graduates and has won her reputation as "A striking beauty."

The old Press building has been rented for a gymnasium. Committees have been appointed who are making arrangements for playing basket-ball. Several teams are being organized.

Harry Prichard has devised a new method of declining the latin word 'vis,' in the plural, It is rumored that he will write a "pony" on Ceasar and give all future latin students the benefit of his knowledge.

To break the dull monotony in school a new order of marching to music furnished by various pupils has been instituted. It is fortunate that a number of our pupils have had musical educations.

The Sophomore boys expect to take up a collection to found a home for cats. Each boy in turn is to have charge of the institute so as to have a chance to display his natural affection.

Tom Crowe really ought to have a guardian as it is feared that he intends to commit suicide. He asked in chemistry class how much carbolic acid it takes He didn't state what for but left the hearers to infer what they wished.

If the students do not learn to write a business hand and to spell correctly every word in the dictionary it will not be for lack of practice. They are drilled and drilled and drilled.

Sad is the prophecy that a certain Junior is to grow to be a "garrulous old lady."

What with learning to write german script and read latin poetry, our time is indeed well filled.

Miss Flora MacNiven visited the high school room on Friday.

Nina Horton was absent on Friday.

The Sophomores are planning to give a class play in the near future. Sprightly Sophomores!

TALES OF A WARRIOR.

How Sir Evelyn Wood Felt When Wounded In Battle.

Sir Evelyn Wood served in the Crimean war. He tells this grim incident of the contest: "I was greatly impressed by the courage of a young sergeant who was trying to collect men to accompany him through or over an abatis. After calling in vain on those immediately to follow him he lost his temper and shouted, 'I'll tell my right hand man to follow me, and if he fails I'll shoot him.' He brought his rifle down to the 'ready' and said, 'Private ——, will you follow me?' I was almost touching them and, seeing by the sergeant's eye that he was in earnest, stood for a few second studying the determined look on the man's face. The private looked deliberately on the hundreds of Russians above us and then ran his eye right and left of where we were standing, as if estimating the number of his comrades, who certainly did not exceed 100, and with as much determination as the sergeant said, 'No, I won't.' The noncommissioned officer threw his rifle to his shoulder with the intention of carrying out his threat, but in doing so was struck by a [illegible] and fell dead."

How does it feel to be wounded? Sir Evelyn Wood tells [illegible] war in the [illegible] the [illegible] Arthur Eyre [illegible] of my Norfolk [illegible] really [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] News.

TREASURER IS SHORT

James Reinhert of the Town of Thief Lake Arrested yesterday.

Said to Have Embezzled Funds Belonging to a School District.

Sheriff Forsberg was in the city yesterday having in custody James Reinhert, the well known settler of the town of Thief Lake, Marshall county, who is charged with embezzling the funds of school district No.81. Mr. Reinhert was for a time the treasurer of this school district and it is said that he did not keep the treasurer's books in a very careful manner. Just how much the shortage is, the NEWS is unable to learn, but it is said to be in the neighborhood of $50 or $60. Axel Thompson, the present treasurer of the district, is the complaining witness in the case and he accompanied Sheriff Forsberg and Mr. *Reinhert to Warren. The trial will be* today.

Reinhert is one of the old settlers of the town of Thief Lake and is at present postmaster of Whiteford postoffice.

A. L. Mattis and wife of Prince Albert arrived in the city Tuesday night and spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11
Sabbath evening worship at 7:30
Christian Endeavor at 6:45
Sabbath School at 12

Bible study and prayer meeting at Thursday evening at 7.30

Christmas Tree and exercises for the children of the Sabbath School Christmas night Dec. 25th.

The Dixie Jubilee Singers in the church the night after Christmas.

The pastor will be in the pulpit next Sabbath as usual.

The Christian Endeavor Society had a very nice Social in the church last Tuesday evening.

The Supper served by the ladies of the church last Friday evening was well attended and delightful

Christmas services in the church Dec. 23rd. Come!

F. J. Barackman, Pastor

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship Companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The Steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty-five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. Craig,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The Hunter's Gun License. Saved after a long chase.
Fun at the Wedding.
The Christian Martyrs.
Good Wrestlers.
The Paymasters.
Illustrated Song—He lives in a Little White House.

Bell Likes Kratka.

Frank H. Kratka has been appointed postmaster of Thief River Falls, vice, Ira C. Richardson resigned. Mr. Kratka is one of the prominent citizens of the Falls, popular and always in the front ranks to push along the interests of his town. There ought to be Kratka's in every town.—Roseau Times.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly *Scott's Emulsion* enables you to throw off a cough or cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

NO MISTAKE?

Wonderful Story, of a Former Thief River Falls Horse.

Crookston Times:—No Mistake, the fast young pacing mare owned by Mr. J. D. Ward of this city, was sold yesterday to Dr. Cummerford a veterinary surgeon and horse fancier of Princeton, Idaho, the consideration being $1,100. Mr. Ward has only owned the mare a few weeks, having purchased her of parties at Ironwood, Mich., while on a recent eastern trip. No Mistake has a record of 2:15¼ but has frequently shown a trial mile in better than 2:09. No Mistake was raised by Mr. Ward when he lived at Thief River Falls and was sold when a colt to the parties in Ironwood, who recently sold her back to him. The mare is still young and her now owner thinks she will still surpass the great showing she made. Dr. Cummerford leaves for Idaho with his purchase on Monday.

Here Is the Law.

Any sheriff, constable, village marshall or police officer may remove, shelter and care for any horse or other animal found exposed to the wealther and not properly blankleted, or remaining two successive *hours without attention in cold or* inclement weather, and when necessary may deliver such animal to another person to be sheltered and cared for; but in all cases the owner, if known, shall be immediately notified, and such officer, or other person having possession of the animal, shall have a lien thereon for its care and the expense of the notice. If the owner or custodian be unknown, and can not with reasonable effort be ascertained, or shall not, within five days after notice redeem such animal by paying the expenses incurred as aforesaid, it may be treated as an estray and dealt with as such.—Laws of 1905.

Third Number In The Lyceum Lecture Course. Coming December, 17th. 1906.

The Emily Concert Company will give the next number in the Lyceum Course on Monday evening Dec. 17th. Make no other engagements for that evening. We assure you that the Concert will be a delight.

A Bargain OFFER **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Oldest and Best NEWSPAPER **and** MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for..............$1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.

Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.

Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

Holiday Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

EXTREMELY LOW RATES

between all Points on the

Great Northern Ry.

On Sale Dec. 22to Jan. 1

Final Return Limit Jan. 1

W. E. Baker, Agent, Thief River Falls, Minn.

A. L. Craig, Pass. Traf. Mgr. St. Paul Minn.

MOSCO IS IN TROUBLE

Former Porter for the Antlers Club Arrested at Conway.

Is Charged With Threatening to Do Bodily Harm.

Mosco Yeatman, the "colored gentleman" who last year was the porter at the Antlers Club, is again in trouble. Mosco left this city for Crookston and succeeded in drawing a jail sentence of 60 days there. He is now at Conway and Chief Police Erickson the first of the week received the following letter from E. M. Ruzicka, the townmarshall of that place making inquiry as to Mosco's reputation here:

I would like to gain information regarding one "Mosco Yeatman," a colored male about 30 years old, 6 ft. 8 in. high, skin, copper color; weight, 160. What record has he with the police department of your city: Is he known there? He is supposed to have operated "shine stand" in your city some time in May or June last. The above party is held at present in our county jail awaiting trial for threatening to do bodily harm. Any record of this man will be appreciated.

Legislators Will Amend the Tax.

Whatever the Minnesota legislature may undertake this year in the way of tax reform, one measure is fairly sure of passage. This will be an amendment of the inheritance tax law, designed to secure greater vigilance on the part of county officials in the levying of the new inheritance tax upon estates brought into probate courts for settlement.

The weak point in the inheritance tax law at present is that it offers no reward to counties for reporting and certifying the estates from which revenues are to be derived. The probate clerks report the estates to the county treasurer, and he in turn reports to the state, and the state takes all the revenue.

Now it is proposed to give the counties a share, possibly as high as 24 per cent of the taxes collected. This will be an incentive for a more careful inventory of the estates brought in for probate, and the imposing of an inheritance tax on estates which are now slipping through.

The inheritance tax law has proven an entire success. Although passed less than 2 years ago, it has brought in over $160,000 to the state revenue fund, and estates now in process of settlement will bring this up to nearly $250,000. It is believed the state can well afford to turn part of this back into the county treasuries, in order to secure greater vigilance on the part, of the county officers in the future.

Creamery for Middle River.

The creamery meeting last Saturday at Middle River transacted considerable business. The organization of the Middle River Creamery Association was decided upon and the following board of officers and directors elected: President Wm. Keopp; Vice President, C. A. Anderson; Treasure, A. Dalquist; Secretary Leonard Johnson; Directors, George Moen, Andrew Peterson and Andrew Olson. Mr. Hamre, who was present, tendered the board a free site at Middle River, which was accepted and the location selected in the corner of Block One, on First Street and River Boulevard, being on the river bank near the south end of railroad bridge.—Middle River Pioneer.

Buys the Ice Business.

George Elder last week purchased O. W. Bishops interest in the Thief River Falls ice business, and will conduct this enterprise alone in the future. Two new ice houses will be built and many other improvements made.

Mr. Elder states that next summer he will be in a position to give the residents of this city who use ice a far better service than was ever given here before and the rates will be reasonable.

Sandridge.

(Too late for last week.)

Too much snow now-a-days for the farmers to haul wood.

Tom Severson shot a big wolf last Sunday and wounded another one.

There will be a creamery meeting at Sandridge, December 12th.

East Valley Camp M. W. A. will give a basket party and dance at Sandridge, December 15th. Remember the date.

A Sad Accident.

Ada, Minn., Dec. 8.—The 4 year old son of Jacob O. Jacobson, fell down, while playing with a pair of scissors, and thrust them into his neck, striking an artery and also piercing the wind pipe. He was dead in about two minutes.

Special Holiday Offer

[illegible] Business College offers any complete course for only $35 to all who enroll the week following New Years

WILL ASK MORE PAY

Engineers on Soo Line and Other Roads Want More Pay.

A Conference Is Now Being Held in St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 8.—Locomotive engineers from all parts of the Northwest, members of a general grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, are gathered at the Hotel Foley, where they are holding regular meetings to formulate a schedule of wages which will be presented to the various railroad companies of the Northwest.

"This schedule," said an engineer, "will probably be presented to the various companies on Dec. 15. It will involve increases in pay on nearly all the lines. Engineers of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific will probably be the only *ones who will* not ask for higher pay, their wages being already as high as what the proposed schedule will ask. Even on these lines, however, a raise will be asked for the switch engineers. I think the railroads and the brotherhood will come to an understanding without difficulty and that there will be no disturbance in the handling of the traffic."

MEN IN DEMAND.

Northern Minnesota Offers Plenty of Work Just now.

Men for woods and railroad work are still in active demand. No great scarcity of labor is evident, but there are positions at good wages for all who are likely to ask for them. The railroads are still hiring men for extra gangs and construction work, and numerous orders for woodsmen are heard.

Almost all the large lumber companies have all the men they need in their logging camps, but several of the smaller concerns need many more. While they are not seriously handicapped for lack of help, their camps are in numerous instances short-handed. New camps are also being started, creating a greater demand for woodsmen. Men who cut ties, posts, poles and pulpwood are scarce. They are known as piece workers, and there is plenty of work for them to do. This class of work offers good wages, and requires no particular experience.

Despite the lateness of the season, some of the railroads are calling for additional laborers.

HE IS MISSING.

No Trace Can Be Found of Roy Kelly, Of Crookston.

Crookston Journal: Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber Co., arrived in the city this morning from Milwaukee where he spent a few days trying to get information relating to the mysterious disappearance of Roy Kelly. Mr. Richards said to a Journal representative that notwithstanding the tireless efforts that are being put forth to get some clue as to the missing boy's whereabouts no information has been secured so far.

The supposition is growing stronger every day that Kelly who had a large sum of money on his person was killed and carried away to some secret place where he was robbed. In order to cover up the crime it is inferred that his body may have been thrown into Lake Michigan. If such is the case it is very unlikely that he will ever be located.

M. Kelly the father of the missing boy arrived in the city this morning from Montana where he got word of the disappearence a few days ago but owing to the irregularity of the trains he was unable to get to Crookston as soon as he desired. He will leave this evening for Milwaukee where he will join the party of searchers.

Mrs. Boyd Monroe who heard from her husband who is in Milwaukee says that no further information has been obtained.

Kelly held a responsible clerical position with the company at the Crookston office. He went to Milwaukee about a month ago to spend a short vacation and was expected home about November 20. He failed to come, however, and no trace has been discovered of him since.

New Officers

At the meeting of the Masonic lodge held Monday evening the following officers were elected for the year

W. M.—F. J. Stebbins
S. W.—Dr. G. A. Penney.
J. W.—John Durbin.
Secretary—W. E. Baker.
Treasurer—T. L. Melgaard.
Trustee—Ben Christiansen.

The other officers of the lodge are to be appointed by the worshipful master.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.

PHONE, 103.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

Ivory E. McKusick, a resident of Stillwater since 1847, is dead.

Frank Gunther was seriously injured by an explosion of gas in a well at Minneapolis.

Burglars robbed the fur store of John Mark & Co. of Minneapolis, securing furs valued at $1,000.

John Clark, aged twenty-three, of Minneapolis, suffering from sore throat, choked to death while coughing.

The fortieth annual convention of the Minnesota State Horticultural society was held at Minneapolis last week.

The Winona Law and Order league, which claims a membership of about 1,000, has taken steps to secure a "lid" for that city.

Hans Nelson, a car repairer, was struck and instantly killed by a switch engine at the Spring street crossing in Minneapolis.

Dr. Edward Murray, founder of Murray institutes for inebriates at Minneapolis, Fargo and Seattle, died suddenly in Minneapolis.

Amos Bacon of Wadena has been sentenced to serve fifteen days in jail for "overloading, torturing and beating a horse to death."

Ethel Agnes Krause, aged twelve years, is dead at St. Paul from exhaustion following a severe scalding she received two weeks ago.

Miss Ida Strucke, twenty-six years old, is dead at Lester Prairie as the result of burns received while attempting to start a fire with kerosene.

Henry Murphy, sixty-nine years old, an inmate of the Minnesota Soldiers' home, was struck by a train near Minnehaha falls and instantly killed.

Dell Fuller of Lake Crystal has been sent to the state training school at Red Wing by the Blue Earth county court for the theft of an umbrella.

The new flour mill at Bertha that had been in operation just one month has been totally destroyed by fire. The mill was erected at a cost of $10,000.

Thomas Whelan was struck by a Northern Pacific engine in the Union depot yards at St. Paul and died a few hours later in St. Joseph's hospital.

Although Minnesota failed to take the grand championship this year it has taken more prizes than any other state on cattle at the International Live Stock show at Chicago.

Peter Glassrud, a prominent young farmer living near Eldred, was instantly killed by being struck by a falling tree while engaged in cutting cordwood on the Red river five miles west of Eldred.

Thomas S. Outram, for the last ten years section director of the weather bureau of the Northwest and one of the best known weather men in the United States, is dead at Minneapolis, aged forty seven years.

The payment of a gross earnings tax by a railroad company exempts it from an assessment for benefits accruing by reason of the construction of a public ditch, according to a decision of the state supreme court.

Miss Christine Elgeross was drowned in Solomon lake, near Willmar, while skating. She was in company with Julius Holland and both fell into the water, but nearby skaters succeeded in reaching Holland before he succumbed.

Unless something goes wrong with the plans an ordinance will be passed by the St. Paul city council in the near future limiting the number of saloons in St. Paul to 400. There are now 295 saloons, as compared with 254 in 1903, a gain of forty-one in three years.

Andrew J. Foster, seventy-nine years of age and a pioneer resident of Minneapolis, is dead at his home near Minnehaha falls. Mr. Foster was born at Cooper, Me., June 8, 1827. He settled at St. Anthony in 1849, but twenty years later removed to Minnehaha falls.

Morgan Jones, a negro 101 years of age, is dead at Minneapolis, where he had made his home for forty-three years. Jones was born in Halifax county, Va., of slave parents, on Aug. 10, 1805, and remained a slave himself until the proclamation of emancipation.

The city council of Fergus Falls has decided to take steps to acquire the waterworks system of that city by arbitration. The city will appoint one member of a board of appraisers, the water company will choose one and the two will select a third, the three to agree upon the value of the plant.

The first annual meeting of the Red River Valley Immigration and Development association at Crookston was largely attended by delegates from all portions of the valley. The session was devoted entirely to the business of the organization and especially to the adoption of a constitution and bylaws.

A reduction of five men in the staff of the dairy and food department was decided upon after a conference between Commissioner Slater and Governor Johnson. The reduction will take place at the end of the year, the reason assigned being that the appropriation for the department is not sufficient to allow it to maintain its present force.

William Henry Eustis of Minneapolis, accompanied by Senator Nelson and Representative Fletcher, called on President Roosevelt and made another plea for the pardon of Dr. Malchow, the Hamline university professor, who is now serving sentence for sending immoral literature through the mails. The president again declined to interfere and Dr. Malchow will have to serve his time.

BULLET HITS HIS STAR.

Insignia of Office Saves Life of Town Marshal.

Foley, Minn., Dec. 5.—The fact that he wore his official star was the means of saving the life of the town marshal of Foley this morning when the officer engaged in a running fight with a gang of burglars who were attempting to rob a store in this village.

Twice since Sunday night local stores have been broken into and various articles and some money removed by the thieves. The town officers began to consider steps to capture the men, or at least to prevent further visitations, and the marshal was instructed to be particularly watchful for midnight marauders.

Early this morning the officer while going his rounds found that the store of Hall Bros. was being paid a visit by several burglars and he at once opened fire on them. The men ran, firing at the officer as they did so. The marshal returned their fire and ran after them. None of the shots took effect, but the official felt a sharp blow on his breast and when he came to examine his star after the fight he found the mark of a bullet which had struck it and glanced off from its rounded surface.

JUDGE WEBBER SUICIDES.

Body of Minnesota Jurist Found Hanging in Hayloft.

New Ulm, Minn., Dec. 5.—Judge B. F. Webber, who has occupied the bench in this district for twenty-four consecutive years, committed suicide by hanging, his body being found during the morning in the hayloft of his barn here.

Despondency is given as the cause. He was worried over his wife's illness and the heavy expense in consequence, though he was supposed to be worth $100,000. Judge Webber was seventy-four years old.

Judge Webber was well known in this and neighboring districts and he became known throughout the state through his having sat at the first trial of the Dr. Koch case. It was claimed by some that his permitting the defendant in that case to go free under bond was an indication of weakening mental powers, as he had always been notoriously strict in criminal cases.

During his service Judge Webber was considered one of the most successful men on the Minnesota bench and for many years his decisions were unchanged by the superior courts.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

December 13, 1906.

And now it is announced that the village of Osakis is to have a second newspaper. The Review published at that place is one of the best country papers in Minnesota and it has always bothered us to understand how a village the size of Osakis could support such a good paper. Perhaps the new man will find out.

Cahill & Koch, the new proprietors of the Red Lake Falls Courier, assumed control of that publication last week. The first issue published by the new proprietors shows that they are experienced newspaper men and they will without doubt put the Courier back to its former standing—the time when it was edited by John E. King.

Crookston Times: Four or five Republicans in Northern Minnesota have about as much representation in the legislature as one Republican in Southern Minnesota. Northern Minnesota expects this gross injustice corrected this winter and it will be just as well for Southern Minnesota to consider the matter quite seriously before enlarging upon any Republican plans for Republican success in Minnesota in 1908.

Two cows cost $10 each per year for keep. One of them yields you 4,000 quarts of milk a year, that bring you $86. The other yields 1,200 quarts, that bring you $26. The latter loses for you about $14 and reduces the gain on the former from $46 to $32. Why do you keep the 1,200 quart cow? You would be better off with the one that cleared $16, for you would have only half the work, and half the feeding and you would gain $14 each year. There would be no surplus butter on the market for years to come and prices would rule strong if the cows were eliminated which are kept at a loss. Dairy farmers have not yet half waked up to an understanding of the great practical importance of weeding out the unprofitable cows from their herds. Many a man would make a fair profit that now faces constant loss, if he would keep only such cows as pay a profit on their keep.—Glen Union.

"Wall street interests would not be directly involved in the election," says what is probably the most authoritative exponent of those interests," were it not that Wall Street stands for the highest standard of moral and financial integrity."—This is a rather awful thought to pass on to an innocent populace; but when one remembers the great part that "the Street" plays in fixing the conditions of living for the country, it is worth considering. According to the same exponent, the defeat of the Republican ticket in New York, excepting Hearst, is attributable to that party's having followed President Roosevelt into paths of demagogic radicalism, and it evidently believes that a vast population is eager to rally to a truly "safe and sane" banner. This is worth mentioning, in view of the large part that Wall Street still plans in determining the conditons of our industrial enterprises.—Saturday Evening Post.

Red Wing Republican: One has but to talk with the first man he meets to be fairly startled with the universality and the depth of popular discontent with existing conditions. Times are good, wages are high, employment is plentiful—there are none of the familiar conditions that lead to popular unrest. Yet the unrest is there. And it exists not so much among the masses of the people as among the well-informed, the well-to-do, the people who make public opinion and have the power to carry it into effect. Wherever one of these men expresses himself he talks plainly. He says that the country has passed too completely into the power of great interests; he says that the rule of capital must be broken; he is as indignant over favoritism and injustice and the usual aggregation of wealth as were the idle men on the streets ten years ago over the money question; he protests against high prices, even though perfectly able to pay them, when they are arbitrarily imposed for the benefit of some immense corporation. This discontent is deep seated, fixed, universal, and almost sullen in its intensity. Nothing but the measures taken by the government to bridle or destroy the power of wealth keeps it from some open exhibition. And it is just because President Roosevelt has done this thing that trust in him and admiration of him are unlimited. They will not follow any other man unless he shall approve himself of similar good works. It is suggestive that the men who talk thus openly are not much bothered by ideas of loyalty to party. Republicans and Democrats alike brush aside the idea of party allegience, and declare that the work is to be done; by the Republican party if it will, by the Democratic in the event of refusal. The lowering of the tariff, the curbing of monopoiles, the restriction of inheritance to a modest amount, are asked and expected by the people. The answer given by congress to those demands is going to be an important matter in the future of both party and country.

Public Coal Supplies.

One proposal in the president's message that will meet with universal approval is to have the government keep its control of the remaining coal lands of the country for the benefit of the people.

He does not, of course, advocate public operation as well as public ownership. He would have the lands leased to private concerns upon a royalty basis, to be worked by them instead of by the government. But he would have the contracts carefully guarded for the protection of the public. He would have the price at which the coal is to be sold limited so as to bring a reasonable profit upon the mining of the coal, and he would have strict regulation of the rates charged by the railroads for handling this coal, all to the end that the people may buy it at as reasonable a price as may be.

Nobody knows how much coal there is remaining upon public lands. There are millions of acres of land that should contain large deposits of coal, though whether there is enough anthracite remaining in the control of the nation to amount to anything is doubtful. At least, there should be ample supplies of soft coal, and if any considerable amount of hard coal can be found the public ownership of this coal supply can be made a forceful implement in the hands of a wise government to protect the people from the exactions of the coal trust.

Privately-owned coal supplies are closely held, and the people are charged enormous profits by their owners. Payment of coal bills is accompanied by vast discontent, because everybody realizes that the people are getting the worst of it. There is nothing to do, apparently, but to try to make the best of it, unless by chance there is enough coal left in the control of the nation to base an active competition upon.

It will be necessary to guard these supplies carefully, to see that they do not get into the hands of the trust. Trust profits would be seriously menaced by the opening up of supplies of public coal. The people would naturally prefer to buy public coal rather than trust coal, especially as they should get it for very much lower prices. To sell coal at all the trust would have to content itself with reasonable profits, and the result would be that the people would no longer feel, when they started up the furnace in the fall, that they were about to tap a bin of dollar bills.

How much relief there may be in this depends altogether on the quantity of coal the government may own, and upon the strictness of the regulations, which should seek to put the public supplies in active competition with the trust supplies. The president has already withdrawn all available coal lands from public sale, and congress should adopt a law governing the disposal of coal from these lands at its earliest opportunity.—Duluth Herald.

Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	01c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	[illegible]
Pillow slips	[illegible]
Sheets	[illegible]
Pillow shams	[illegible]
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	[illegible] and up

At the Star Steam Laundry.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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Is the only thing that can re-new clothes. Fine silk and wool cannot be washed, but if you want it to look like new, send it to

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

DYER AND CLEANER.

CORNER OF MAIN AVE. AND FIRST ST.

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BUSINESS SCHOOL

Students May Enter at Any Time.

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Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not neraly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY

Phone 221

NAME YOUR ROUTE TO EASTERN CANADA!

It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.

Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi River. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.

Round trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, December 1 to December 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privilges.

Chicago. Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORRY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

CHIPPEWAS ARE WEALTHY

Each Man, Woman and Child Ownes $3,480 Worth of Land or Pine.

Were Given the Land 40 years Ago by President Johnson.

Forty years ago, next April, President Andrew Johnson, by executive proclamation, set aside the White Earth reservation as a home for the Mississippi bands of Chippewa Indians, scions and descendants of the once royal Algonquins of America. The original reservation comprised thirty-six townships of timber and prairie land. In 1889 the Indians ceded to the government, among other lands, four of the townships along the northeastern boundary, so that the present reservation contains only thirty-two townships.

From the time that the last campfire was extinguished and the last Chippewn had turned his back on the scenes of their old haunts, near Crow Wing, and turned reluctant steps towards the new home, White Earth, their history is replete with struggles and triumphs, forming a brilliant chapter of gradual ascendancy from a primitive state to the goal of a higher civilization.

Schools and churches haves accomplished wonders for these once warlike and untutored sons of nature, and today the Chippewas of the White Earth reservation are, without doubt, the wealthiest people, per capita, in the state. Their home is in the very heart of the "garden spot" of the north star state. Numerous lakes, rivers and springs furnish an exhaustless supply of healthful water, and copses and groves dot its fertile prairies. Careful estimates place the wealth of the Chippewas as follows:

737,280 acres of land, valued at $8 an acre; $5,898,210: 700,000,000 feet of pine timber, valued at $10 a thousand feet, $7,000,000; 300,000,000 feet of oak and other timber, valued at $10 a thousand feet, $3,000,000; improvement and stock valued at $500,000; making a total value of $16,398,210.

Dividing the figures above given among a population of 4,625 gives a per capita of about $3,480.

Besides this handsome individual heritage there is deposited in the United States treasury a large sum of money, accruing from the sales of land and timber, and which will, in all probability, swell this princely fund to between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000 in addition to the amount above noted, so that it is reasonably safe to base the per capita of every man, woman and child on the White Earth reservation at $5,000 each.—Detroit Record.

A New Rhubarb.

Luther Burbank, the famous California plant propagator, has produced a new variety of pie plant, which he thus describes. It is a variety which produces luscious, juicy stalks perpetually throughout the year, and do not have the rank, strong taste, or, as some express it, ground flavor, which we naturally associate with the older rhubarbs. In place of this is a mild, but pronounced fruity flavor, very much resembling strawberries or raspberries, so much so that when this rhubarb is once tasted no one ever cares to taste the old kinds. Being perpetual, it produces a much greater weight of stalks throughout the season than other varieties. If the plant is new to the world, it has not been sufficiently multiplied to introduce.

URGE NEW ROAD LAWS

Highway Commissioners Plan Radical Changes in System.

County Surveyors and Road Overseers May be Displaced.

The next legislature may be asked to revolutionize the good roads work in Minnesota during the next two years.

First to abolish the office of county surveyor and provide for the appointment by the county board of a commissioner of highways under a salary to be fixed by the board, whose duties shall be to provide plans and specifications for and superintend the expenditure of all county road and bridge funds, and to supervise, also the work of town commissioners of highways.

Second to abolish the office of road overseer and provide for the appointment by the town board of one town commissioner of highways, under a salary to be fixed by the board, whose duties shall be to supervise the expenditure of all town road and bridge funds, under the instruction of the county commissioners of highway.

Third, to abolish the statue labor tax and pay all road taxes in cash.

Other changes proposed are, that the state highway commission have full power to construct and repair state roads and that the commission shall not be obliged to pay even the minimum amount of $300 under the present law to counties that refuse to keep their roads in good repair.

If the bill increasing the good roads apportionment from $70,000 to $200,000, is passed, the minimum amount allowed each county would be about $1,200, and, if the sum is not to be expended on improving county roads, the highway commissioners feel that it should not be apportioned. The commission also holds that the present laws of Minnesota are against the construction of good roads and that it should be compulsory for each county to keep its roads in good repair.

Another recommendation was that the state aid for good roads work be increased to one mill, which would bring the total apportionment to $200,000. The commission further wish is the privilege of fixing the salaries of its employes and do not consider that the legislature can rate the ability of men who have yet to appear. The salary paid the present state engineer is considered far from adequate.

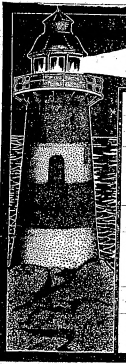

AN UNSEEN DANGER IN FOOD

TO GUARD SHIPS against the unseen dangers at sea, the United States Government maintains lighthouses.

To guard your home against the unseen dangers of food products, the Government has enacted a pure food law. The law compels the manufacturers of baking powder to print the ingredients on the label of each can.

The Government has made the *label your protection*—so that you can avoid alum—read it carefully, if it does not say pure cream of tartar hand it back and

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is a pure, cream of tartar baking powder—a pure product of grapes—aids the digestion—adds to the healthfulness of food.

THE SEED CONTEST.

Name of the Winners Announced Last Week at Red Lake Falls.

Courier: The Teachers' Meeting and Seed Grain Contest Fair held here Nov. 30 and Dec. 1, were well attended by the teachers of the county, the boys and girls who had samples of grain on exhibition, and many others who are interested in educational matters. The program published last week was carried out with a few exceptions. The samples of grain were judged by Prof. William Robertson of Crookston, and prizes were awarded as follows:

Wheat—1st prize, $10 cash and suit of clothes, Peter Lachance, district 27; 2nd prize, 1 pen single comb white leghorn chickens, Olaf Nelson, district 227; 3rd prize, heating stove, Ross Conikson, district 3; 4th prize, $5 hat or pair of shoes and $2 cash, Effie F. Aubol, district 51.

Oats—1st prize, $10 cash and John Deere crossing plow, Medore Robillard, district 27; 2nd prize, suit of clothes or overcoat, Olaf and Elmer Nelson, district 104; 3rd prize, choice seed grain and string of bells, Doree Laurent, district 81.

Field Corn—1st prize, $20 cash and No. 23 Acme harrow, George H. Orr, district 112; 2nd prize, pen of Buff Plymouth Rock chickens or $15 cash, Fred Miller, district 10; 3rd prize, pair of Shropshire sheep, Elmer Konikson, district 3; 4th prize, Planet Jr. garden drill, Emma St. Ives, district 27; 5th prize, violin and $3 in trade at Holmes Bros., R. W. Nelson, district 227; 6th prize, pair $4 shoes and dozen photos from W. A. Reichel, Olivia Nelson, district 227.

Pop Corn—1st prize, cloak, Edmond Orr, district 227.

Sweet Corn—1st prize, $10 cash, Lillie Miller, district 40; 2nd prize, $3 in jewelry at H. W. Anderson's, Louis St. Ives, district 27.

Interesting Bit of News.

When T. M. Roberts, the supply man at Minneapolis, failed some years ago, people were astonished to learn that he owed manufactures large amounts for goods. Roberts always sold for cash and it was supposed he bought for cash. Now comes the Commercial Bulletin with a statement that Sears, Roebuck & Co., of Chicago, owe something over eleven million dollars to tradesmen, customers, employes and in open accounts. The firm has been trying to sell $3,000,000 preferred stock for some months and has not met with very good success. They have been offering to take deposits all over the country and pay interest on the same and have probably secured a large amount of money, as the bulletin shows they owe customers and employers $2,834,673.47. It seems like a risky proposition to loan money to a concern hundreds of miles away, and about which they know so little, but some do it.

Special Holiday Offer

Buttery Business College offers any complete course for only $35 to all who enroll the week following New Years

—Subscribe for the News.

WINKJER OUT.

The Crookston Dairy Inspector to Be Retired January.

A reduction of five men in the staff of the dairy and food department was decided upon after a conference between Commissioner Slater and Gov. Johnson last week. The reduction will take place at the end of the year, the reason assigned being that the appropriation for the department is not sufficient to allow it to maintain its present force.

The men who are booked for retirement are Milton Trenham, assistant commissioner; Frank Shrewsbury, dairy expert; Frank Graham, cheese expert; J. G. Fowler and J. G. Winkjer, inspectors. No complaint has been made as to the efficiency of the men, their retirement being due solely to the financial condition of the department. Commissioner Slater stated that the department will be able to get along with a smaller staff during the winter and that additional men probably will be added to the force in the spring if the appropriation for the department is sufficient.

HANSEN FOR DEPUTY.

County Auditor-elect O'Brien Announces His Appointment.

County Auditor-elect J. B. O'Brien has announced the appointment of Karl M. Hanson, present county treasurer, as deputy auditor, and Mr. Hanson will enter upon his new duties early in January.

Mr. O'Brien is fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Hansen for the deputyship, as Karl is one of the best office men and accountants in the norther part of the state. During the past two years he has the become more or less familiar with the work of the auditor's office, and with Mr. O'Brien will be able to take up the work and continue it in an efficient manner.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Doing a Good Business.

Mrs. W. A. Wright has accepted a position with the Bijou Theatre and now sings the illustrated song.

The Bijou is doing a very goood business and every evening the house is packed. The entertainments given there are first class and the place deserves a very liberal patronage.

Farm Loans! Easy Terms!

If you desire to make a loan on your farm, it will be to your interest to consult us. One of our plans for loans is on 10 years time, 7 per cent interest, no commission, with privilege of paying 1-5 on the 1st or 15th of any month of the year. Interest on the amount paid will stop on the day it is paid. We also have other plans for making loans on easy terms. We extend to all a cordial invitation to come and see us.

Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

The Pioneer Limited

There is no train in service on any railway in the world that equals in equipment The Pioneer Limited train from St. Paul to Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The railway company owns and operates the sleeping and dining cars on its trains, and gives to its patrons an excellence of service not obtainable elsewhere. The buffet cars, compartment cars, standard sleeping cars and dining cars of The Pioneer are the handsomest ever built.

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The News: $1 per Year.

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THIEF RIVER-FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NORWAY AFTER SPITZBERGEN

Talk of That Country Annexing Island Arouses Considerable Interest in Sweden.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The report that Norway is contemplating the annexation of Spitzbergen and its surrounding islands, while not officially confirmed has aroused no little interest in Stockholm and St. Petersburg. This bleak bit of Arctic land has never seemed valuable enough heretofore to lead any of the northern European powers to raise a flag upon it. Recent discoveries of rich deposits of coal, however, and the belief that there are other rich mineral deposits have made Spitzbergen not altogether undesirable. From Stockholm there comes a report that Sweden has a claim prior to that of Norway, and that King Oscar's government may insist upon its rights. Such a contention, if it be true that Norway is seriously contemplating annexation, will give rise to an unpleasant diplomatic controversy, the settlement of which might have to be referred to an international conference. Russia may also decide to lay claim to the islands. "Geographically speaking," says the Minneapolis Journal, "The Spitzbergen group would seem more naturally to belong to Norway. However they extend from the 76th to the 81st parallel of latitude and are decidedly north of Norway. Swedish ships would reach them only after a long sea voyage along the entire coast of Norway. The coal mining companies already active there are Norwegian with financial backing secured in England and America. Before the discovery of coal the islands were endurable only as a base of operations for explorers to the Arctic regions. They are quite uninhabited, being far to the north of the Arctic circle."

A Grip, minister of Sweden to the United States, has, according to a Washington dispatch, been recalled. Mr. Grip, who has been recalled from his position of minister to the United States, has served in that capacity at Washington for a number of years. He is more than 60 years of age and is eligible for retirement, according to the practice in his country. It is said by those who enjoy close relations with the minister that his services have been satisfactory to his sovereign and surprise is expressed at the announcement of his recall. It was generally expected in Stockholm that he would soon leave for the United States for an extended leave of absence.

Where to locate the much talked of Nobel palace is now a question uppermost in many minds. The latest proposition is to locate same at Djurgards Bay. This is a beautiful location and many consider this to be the most favorable location, everything considered. This site has many supporters and it is likely to be the one chosen for the beautiful palace, which the Swedish Nobel committee has decided to erect in memory of the eminent inventor.

An unusual number of moose have been killed in the northern part of the country during the past two months. They are there in plentiful numbers and sportsmen have had good shooting. Not for many years has there been such a large number of hunters visiting the northern section of the country.

There will be a large number of Swedish-American visitors in Sweden during the coming holidays. The steamship companies have heavy bookings from America and indications are that the number of Swedish-American visitors will be almost as large as last season, which was a record breaker.

The directors of the Swedish Tourist society have appointed Gunnar Andersson to succeed Valdemar Langlet as secretary of the society. Mr. Andersson's appointment will take effect Jan. 1.

The annual fall session dinner was given by the first chamber of the Swedish riksdag at Hotel Rydberg Nov. 13. Five hundred guests were in attendance.

Frans R. Sjoberg, who not long ago embezzled a sum of 5,200 crowns, has been arrested in Stockholm and will be arraigned in court next January.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Says M. Alger, the Minneapolis Journal's Christiania correspondent, regarding the death of Fritz Thaulow, the Norwegian painter: "Before the year ends in which two such well-known Norwegians as Statsminister Steen and Henrik Ibsen departed from this life, the name of another must be added to the list, that of Fritz Thaulow. As Ibsen was Norway's great man in literature, so was Thaulow in another capacity—that of an artist. While Ibsen wrote dramas that became known in many lands, Thaulow painted pictures, which likewise gave him international fame. He was an artist in the truest sense of the word, in close touch with his subject. As in Grieg's music you nearly always may detect the national strain, so you will in Thaulow's pictures, with motives from his native country, always behold 'the real thing.' Of his Norwegian winter landscapes this is particularly true. His snow-laden trees and frozen rivers must be regarded as near to perfection in that particular line of art. For years Thaulow had made Paris his home and he was often represented at the famous French art exhibitions, where he won a great number of medals and prizes. His works of later years always found ready buyers at high figures. His works may be seen at many of the leading art galleries of Europe, including the Louvre at Paris. Several of his paintings have also found their way across the ocean and now adorn American walls. Fritz Thaulow was himself personally a friend of many Americans whom he had met in Paris and elsewhere, and also in America, where he visited as a member of the jury at art exhibitions. Thaulow was also occasionally something of a newspaper writer, and I still remember his sympathetic and admiring articles which some years ago he sent to a Norwegian newspaper regarding America and American institutions during one of his visits there. It was in 1897 he had a private exhibition of some of his works at Pittsburg, Pa., and on this occasion he was the guest of Andrew Carnegie. He also made many of the quaint and picturesque places in Holland, Belgium and France the inspiration for his works. Johan Frederick Thaulow was born Oct. 20, 1847, in Christiania, where his father was a druggist. He was originally intended by his father to follow the drug trade, but in 1870 he went to Copenhagen to study painting. It was in 1878 when he went to Paris and studied Manet and Monet that his talent as an artist was fully brought to light. Thaulow had intended to hold a collective exhibition of his work at Paris next year. He had for years been afflicted with diabetes and to this disease he finally succumbed at Vollendam, Holland, Nov. 5. With Thaulow one of Norway's best-known sons and ablest artists is gone away, and his death came, despite his ailment, like something of a surprise, and the many friends and admirers of the deceased artist had hoped that he would still live many a year and produce many more examples of his valuable art. Thaulow was the possessor of many decorations, among them the French Legion of Honor and the Norwegian St. Olaf. Christiania, his native city, had always a prominent place in the heart of Mr. Thaulow. A few years ago he presented to the city a statue, representing 'The Citizen of Calais,' one of the best known works of the famous sculptor, Rodin. His body will be cremated at the crematory at Gothenburg, Sweden."

When King Haakon returns it is pretty certain that Roald Amundsen will be decorated with the grand cross of the order of St. Olaf and besides he will become honorary member of a great number of European geographical societies, by many of which he has been requested to lecture on his famous trip. After resting up a bit Mr. Amundsen returns to America to tell interested people all about how he did it and what he did. He is, however, a very reserved and modest man, more inclined to do things than talk about them. One unique thing about the excursion was that it set out without subsidies either from the state or the municipality. Nevertheless, Mr. Amundsen, a man only 34, with only a handful of assistants, accomplished what no man before him had been able to do and all due honor and recognition will undoubtedly be given him everywhere by everybody, both in Norway and elsewhere. The contents of the appreciative letters sent him by President Roosevelt have been cabled to the press all over the country.

Another well known name in the history of Arctic explorations is that of Captain Otto Sverdrup. This sailor seems, however, to have had all he wants of the frozen north inasmuch as he has now settled in Cuba, where he is endeavoring to establish a Norwegian colony and, according to current reports, the prospects of its becoming a permanent reality seem good, and several persons are reported ready to go there and try their luck next spring.

The emigrant traffic is naturally light at this time of the year and indications are that the grand total for the year will be somewhat less than that of last year. On the other hand, a large number of American visitors are expected and with them and their pocketbooks comes joy to many a home in the "old country."

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Countess Raben Levetzau, wife of the Danish minister of foreign affairs, had a serious mishap the other day while riding horseback. She was suddenly thrown from her horse and broke her wrist and collarbone. She was taken to the hospital in Copenhagen and at last reports was doing nicely and her early recovery is anticipated.

Ludvig August Smith, the landscape painter, died a few days ago, aged 86 years. Another notable death is that of Representative Niels Hansen, of Oure, who was 80 years old. He had served with distinction in the landsthing many years.

Anton Pedersen, a shoemaker, was drowned at Bejle week before last while attempting to cross a swollen stream. He was 55 years old and leaves a large family.

Johanneslund, the beautiful country villa near Allinge, has been sold to J. Nielsen for 75,000 crowns.

MARION S. NORELIUS

Minnesota Baptists will try to open up work among the [illegible] Indians in that state. To this time no Christian effort has been made in their behalf by any of the religious bodies.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

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10:05 am Ar.	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar.	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar.	Middle River	Lv 3:15 pm
1:35 pm Ar.	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

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DISHONEST DOLLARS

COUNTERFEITERS USE RARE SKILL AND MANY DEVICES.

It Takes Experts to Detect Some of the Illegal Coin In Circulation. How Uncle Sam's Officials Detect Fraudulent Currency.

"Although gold coins are not in circulation in the east in comparison with the total amount of paper money which leaves the gray walls of this old building," said an official of the treasury department to a reporter, "there are nevertheless a great many of these coins current, and they are counterfeited, together with our silver coins, more than the average person would suppose.

"I will give you a few suggestions on the manufacture of good and counterfeit coins of various denominations which will be of interest and value to the public. The three principal treasury tests of coins are, first, the weight; second, the diameter, and third, the thickness. The counterfeiter who succeeds in making his dies and the spurious metal alloy which will meet all of these tests is indeed a smart one. With some alloys he may be able to work out the weight, but the diameter of the coin would reveal that it was a counterfeit product, for even a very slight increase in the thickness of the illicitly made article would show at once its counterfeit origin.

"The superior grade of coin counterfeits are made with a die. Some of the more perfect ones are almost replicas of our own mixed products and have a sharp, true ring, smooth, well finished surfaces, with the lettering and milling finely delineated. The reeding—the little raised and indented marks on the edges of the coin—is not as sharp and clear as the reeding on the genuine coins. While many of the fined counterfeits are of full weight, they are usually a little short of weight. Some of these gold coin counterfeits are so well made and are of such a fine appearance that they pass current until they reach the hands of the coin experts in this building.

"The standard gold used by the mint is 900 fine, or 21.10 carats. The most deceptive gold counterfeits are made of a lower grade of gold, or from 600 to 800 fine and as low as 400 fine in the more inferior grades of counterfeits. The most deceptive gold counterfeits are those which are manufactured from an alloy of gold, copper and silver. Platinum is a metal which is used by the expert counterfeiter to gain the necessary weight to his output, and when these platinum counterfeits are struck off in good dies and then very heavily gold plated they prove to be very dangerous counterfeits when first 'shoved' by the accomplices of the man who generally does the spurious minting, he usually keeping out of sight, for he is too valuable a man in the trade to be nabbed in the passing stunt. The gold plating wears off in due time, and the base metal is revealed.

"A comparison of the piece with the genuine of the same coinage and date, together with a critical inspection of the minting, general appearance, die impress, ring, size and weight, will be found an accurate test when in doubt as to whether a coin is genuine or spurious. The familiar acid test may also be applied.

"Counterfeit coins made in molds are the more common and the more easily detected. The mold counterfeit usually applies to silver coins. A number of years ago there were many counterfeits of silver coins made of lead and type metal, but these have largely passed because of their easy detection both as to sight and feeling, as they are slippery to the touch as compared with the real silver coin. The molding process is a cheap one to set up and is largely indulged in by foreigners, who pass their bad products upon their own countrymen when the latter are green as to the genuine coin.

"The sharp, clear cut appearance of the genuine coin is absent, the milling and lettering are dim, while the reeding is usually very faint and poorly delineated. Nevertheless some pretty fair silver counterfeit coins are turned out of molds, but the weight is generally short when an attempt is made to bring them within the specified thickness and diameter.

"That there is considerable counterfeiting in coins still attempted is shown by the fact that our secret service officers captured $6,000 in spurious gold coins and $12,000 in silver coins during the past year. The more expert silver coin counterfeiters use for their product of the larger silver coins an alloy of about two-thirds antimony and one-third lead, and when they heavily plate these productions they get out deceptive coin which has a pretty fair ring. The good old standby test of the required weight gives these coins away in the hands of one used to handling money, though in some sections of the country they get into circulation easily. The dollar piece makes the most dangerous of this class of counterfeits.

"Some of the molds are made of metal, but most of them are made of plaster of paris. The five dollar and the ten dollar gold pieces are the most favored by the counterfeiter, the twenty dollar gold piece being very hard to reproduce so as to baffle detection, as the die of this coin is the most beautiful and the hardest to imitate of our gold coins. The predominating silver pieces of counterfeit production are the fifty and twenty-five cent pieces and the standard silver dollar. The first two pieces of subsidiary coin are the most easily 'shoved.'

"Nickel pieces have been gold plated and passed on immigrants and foreigners at New York as genuine United States gold pieces of the five dollar denomination, but they would not deceive an American. Sometimes a counterfeit of the subsidiary coins is raked in stamped out of brass or copper and plated, but these coins are all of light weight and should not be deceptive. Coins of the commoner metals, as of pewter, are too light to be deceptive except on greenhorns of the far over the sea variety. These coins are thickened to give them a weight approaching the real article and ought to be readily detected.

"Some counterfeiters employ their time in 'doctoring' genuine coins of gold, as it would not pay them to fool with the silver product. Plugging is the favorite method employed, and the larger denominations of the gold coins, especially the twenty dollar gold piece, are selected. They bore out the interior of these large coins with delicate instruments and can get out several dollars' worth of the pure gold from each coin thus 'doctored.' The hole is drilled in the edges, and so expertly is it done and so neatly and skillfully is the interior plugged with bad but weighty metal that these coins often defy detection until they reach the hands of an expert. The puncture in the reeding is so minute and so cleverly annealed with pure gold and then recreded with a fine file that the puncture escapes detection except upon careful examination with sharp eyes.

"Some counterfeiters give the gold coins an acid bath or 'sweat' them out of a dollar or two of the good metal and then pass them along. The coins are genuine, of course, but the 'sweating' deprives them of the required weight. These 'sweated' coins pass circulation from hand to hand until they reach the banks or the subtreasuries, when they are at once caught up by the coin counters, and their careers come to a sudden and abrupt close as coins of the realm."—Washington Star.

CAR SHORTAGE INVESTIGATION.

Commerce Commission Will Begin It at Minneapolis on Dec. 15.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The investigation to be conducted in the Northwest into the complaints of car shortage by the interstate commerce commission will begin Dec. 15 at Minneapolis.

Minnesota Again the Winner.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—Minnesota again is the winner of the big end of the prizes at the International Live Stock exhibition at Chicago. A telegram received by Professor J. M. Drew of the state farm school indicates that the herd exhibited by the school this year has won the championship in several classes, probably in more classes than the cattle from any other state, and that Minnesota has a good chance for the grand championship.

Saloonkeepers Create "Lid."

Duluth, Dec. 4.—Rather than have drastic measures adopted by the city administration, which was being harassed by those in favor of a tight "lid" for Duluth saloons, the Retail Liquor Dealers' association has issued instructions that all saloons must close at midnight and remain closed on Sunday until noon.

Minnesota Boy Killed.

Lamberton, Minn., Dec. 4.—Henry Marlhart, the sixteen-year-old son of John Marlhart, was accidentally shot and killed while returning from a hunting trip. One of the party attempted to move a loaded gun, when the hammer caught in some manner and discharged the gun, the unfortunate youth receiving the full charge.

Ten Years for Killing.

Menominee, Mich., Dec. 10.—Michael Sheridan, who shot and killed Victor Erickson in a drunken row at Northland a few weeks ago, has been found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

The Bedouin's House.

The Bedouin's house is round and surrounded by a round wall in which the flocks are penned at night. It is flat roofed and covered with soil, and inside it is as destitute of interest as it is possible to conceive—a few mats on which the family sleep, a few jars in which they store their butter and a skin churn in which they make the same. In one house into which I penetrated a bundle was hanging from the ceiling, which I found to be a baby by the exposure of one of its little feet. Everything is poor and pastoral. He hardly has any clothes to cover himself with, nothing to keep him warm when the weather is damp save his homespun sheet, and he has not a soul above his flocks. The closest intimacy exists between the Bedouin and his goats and his cows. The animals understand and obey certain calls with absolute accuracy, and you generally see a Socotran shepherdess walking before her flock and not after it, and they stroke and caress their little cows until they are as tame as dogs.

Unconscious Humorists.

That the average schoolboy is an unconscious humorist of the highest order is amply proved by the examples which, supplied by schoolmasters, appear from time to time in print, says Chums. "Rivers flow because no one can stop them," declared one youthful essayist recently, while another, when asked to give the seven great powers of the world, wrote in all good faith, "Gravity, electricity, steam power, gas power, horsepower, armies and navies." In describing the difference between a physician and a surgeon yet another budding writer declared: "A physician is a man who deals with medicines. He goes out to see people. A surgeon is a man who mixes medicines in the surgery for the physician and who takes legs off when any one requires it or arms."

FOREIGN NEWS.

A remarkable scene followed the interpellation of the French government on the Moroccan question in the chamber of deputies by M. Jaures, the Socialist leader. Count Boni de Castellane unexpectedly ascended the tribune, whereupon half the deputies abruptly left the house.

A column of constabulary troops encountered a band of Pulajanes between La Paz and Terragona, on the island of Leyte, Dec. 5. In the battle that followed four soldiers were killed and eight were wounded. Thirty Pulajanes were killed and many were wounded and captured.

A special meeting of the Manitoba cabinet has decided to take steps to put an end to the combination of grain dealers who, it is alleged, have combined for the purpose of keeping down the price of grain as paid by elevator companies to farmers.

Police Inspector Shermetieff, who, after the anti-Jewish outbreak at Bialystok in June last, for which he was said to be responsible, was transferred to St. Petersburg, was shot and killed by an assassin, who immediately committed suicide.

The agricultural chamber of West Prussia has adopted a resolution empowering its executive committee to prepare to import Chinese farm laborers in order to relieve the present scarcity of such labor.

As a result of the failure of crops in the Volga provinces of Russia about 20,000,000 people will need assistance for from four to ten months to stave off starvation until the new crops are available.

A number of sampans (small harbor boats) belonging to the Japanese cruiser Chituse were caught in a squall, a number of them were overturned and sixty men were drowned.

Fire burned out three buildings in the wholesale dry goods section of Montreal, causing a loss of $400,000.

By the recent closing down of factories at Lodz, Russian Poland, 30,000 persons are without food.

Ferdinand Brunetiere, the academician and writer, is dead at Paris. He was born in 1849.

The condition of the shah of Persia remains unchanged.

Dr. Lapponi, physician to the pope, is dead.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The federal grand jury at Salt Lake City, investigating coal land frauds in Utah and charges that the railroad corporations have discriminated against certain shippers, has returned indictments against the Union Pacific Railroad company, the Oregon Short Line railroad, the Union Pacific Coal company, the Utah Fuel company and several of the highest officials representing the Harriman and Gould corporations in Utah.

Political circles in Texas are excited over the disclosures given out regarding the case of United States Senator Bailey and the Waters-Pierce Oil company and mass meetings have been called with a view to instructing members of the legislature in connection with Mr. Bailey's candidacy for reelection.

Viscount Siuzo Aoki, ambassador of Japan, declares the sensational dispatches and articles that are now being printed about the probability of war between Japan and the United States are absolute nonsense.

The supreme court of the United States will be asked to pass on the constitutionality of the eight-hour labor law, the first action to that end being taken in the United States district court at Cincinnati.

The United States circuit court of appeals at Cincinnati has declared the Continental Wall Paper company the most complete and ingeniously organized trust that has come to the knowledge of the court.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad has announced that its new transcontinental line will be completed to Butte, Mont., by Jan. 1, 1908, and to the coast a year later.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 8.—Wheat—Dec., 78c; May, 81c; July, 81¾@81⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81¾c; No. 1 Northern, 80¾c; No. 2 Northern, 78¾c; No. 3 Northern, 75½@76½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.95@6.10. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 8.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 80¾c; No. 1 Northern, 79¾c; No. 2 Northern, 78¼c; Dec., 75¾c; May, 81¼c; July, 82¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.18¾; Dec., $1.18; Jan., $1.18¼; May, $1.21¾.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 8.—Wheat—Dec., 74¼c; May, 79¾@79⅞c. Corn—Dec., 41c; May, 44⅛c. Oats—Dec., 34⅛c; May, 36@36⅛c. Pork—Jan., $16.75; May, $15.95. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—26@30c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 8½c; springs, 9c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.30; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.15; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50; Texans, $3.75@4.60; Westerns, $3.50@6.00; calves, $5.25@7.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.05@6.37½; good heavy, $6.25@6.40; rough heavy, $5.90@6.10; light, $6.00@6.35; pigs, $5.75@6.20. Sheep, $3.90@5.75; lambs, $4.50@7.75.

WILSON'S

Acknowledged the Xmas Gift Center.

Sleeping Apparel	
Egyptian figured night robes, extra length	$2
Domet flannel night robes, English square figured, warm and downy,	1.50
Plain and striped flannel robes military or square collar	$1
Shirts	
High grade Cluett coat shirts $1.50 and	$2
Swell track striped and club check stiff bosom shirts	1.50
Monarch shirts up from	$1
Mufflers and Ties	
Poplin silk mufflers	1.50
Harvard and handkerchief mufflers	$1
Persian blend and tint in wide four-in-hand boxed	$1
75c values in quiet effect shield and band teck neckwear	50c
Quarter size collars per doz	$1.35
Suspenders	
Persian silk suspenders in all colors leather ends to match boxed	1.50
Silk embroidered suspenders boxed	$1
Plain satin suspenders rubber in back rawhide ends only 75 and	50c
Florshiem Shoes	
For the man who cares $4 $5 and	$6

Gloves	
Lamb lined suede brown shade	$2
Kahtrip gloves dogskin	2.50
Foune's E & T and Perrin's gloves	1.50
Underwear	
Silk and wool per piece	2.50
Munsing union suits all wool $2 to	$5
Australian lambs wool and saxony underwear per piece	1.50
All wool natural color per piece	$1
Hosiery	
Fancy Buckeye hosiery	25c
Fine spun lisle hosiery	50c
Silk hosiery	75c
Headwear	
Seal and Alexis shape fur caps from $1.50 to	$15
Patterson Fur in band caps	1.50
Patterson hats spring shapes	$3
Bath Robes and House coats	
Blanket cloth bath robes	$5
Broadcloth smoking jackets	$10
Golf cloth jackets plain colors reversible plaid coats	$7.50
Figured fancy cloth coats silk corded and frogged	$5

PROBE HARRIMAN ROADS.

Two St. Paul Attorneys Selected for the Task.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The preliminary steps incidental to the investigation of the relations of certain roads forming part of what is known as the Harriman system have been taken by the interstate commerce commission. Attorneys have been retained and arrangements made for beginning the hearing later in the month, the exact date of which has not been settled. Chairman Knapp estimates it will take at least sixty days to complete the investigation. The following statement was given out by the commission:

"The interstate commerce commission has ordered an investigation of the relations between the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific systems, growing out of their common management and control. Messrs. Frank B. Kellogg and C. A. Severance of St. Paul have been retained to take charge of the investigation, which will extend from New York to San Francisco. A conference was held between the commission and counsel, at which the general subject was fully considered, but the dates for hearings and other details have not yet been determined."

ON VERGE OF STARVATION.

Chippewa Indians on Grand Portage Reservation Appeal for Aid.

Grand Marias, Minn., Dec. 7.—Many of the Chippewa Indians on the Grand Portage reservation are on the verge of starvation. They expected the customary allowance of flour and pork from the government, but did not get it. The following appeal has been sent to Major S. W. Campbell, Indian agent at Ashland, Wis.:

"Does the government want us to die? We cannot understand how these things can be so, we cannot understand why we cannot sell our pine, and we cannot understand why we cannot have some pork and flour for our old and sick brothers. God put us on earth to live, and he gave us the moose, deer and fish to use in making our living."

ONE KILLED AND SIX HURT.

Freight Train and Engine Collide Near Crookston, Minn.

Crookston, Minn., Dec. 7.—Fireman D. V. Johnson was killed and is missing in the wreckage, Engineer Arnold had an ankle broken, Conductor Devins received a scalp wound, Brakeman John Carey had one leg torn off and three other men were badly bruised and cut up as a result of a head-on collision between freight train No. 226 and engine No. 415 and caboose about two miles north of this city. The engines were badly smashed

NAVIGATION ON GREAT LAKES.

Will Be Held Open to the Last Possible Hour.

Minneapolis, Dec. 6.—Navigation on the Great Lakes will be held open to the last possible hour in order that grain may be moved East and the strained supply conditions caused by the congestion in North Dakota and the failure of the railroads to move the crop may be in some degree overcome. Officially, navigation closed at midnight Wednesday.

Conferences were had between vessel men, insurance men and Minneapolis and Duluth grain firms. The insurance rate per $100 of value out of Duluth is 45 cents, and all vessels that cleared Duluth before midnight Wednesday carried that rate. From Dec. 5 to Dec. 8 at midnight all cargoes will pay 85 cents and from Dec. 8 to 12 at midnight, the high rate of $1 will rule. Notwithstanding these heavy charges it is certain that a number of cargoes will go out.

MANY PUPILS SICK.

Measles and Whooping Cough Prevalent In Mankato.

Mankato, Minn., Dec. 9.—Measles and whooping cough have been cutting down the atendance at the public schools, as many as a dozen pupils in a room being out, in one instance seventeen out of thirty pupils in one room being sick at one time with measles.

The health committee of the board of education and the city health officer are co-operating to arrest the spread of the diseases and have already got them under control.

BORROWS GUN; FOUND DEAD.

Lonsdale Lumberman Is Believed to Have Killed Himself.

Faribault, Minn., Dec. 8.—J. C. Droada, a lumber merchant of the village of Lonsdale, was found dead early this morning with a bullet in his brain and a revolver lying beside him. It is supposed that he committed suicide. He borrowed the revolver from the town marshal, stating that he intended to kill a cat. The coroner will hold an inquest.

President Refuses Pardon.

Washington, Dec. 8.—President Roosevelt has refused to commute the sentence of Professor C. W. Malchow of Hamline, Minn., who is serving a one-year term in the Stillwater penitentiary on a charge of having sent objectionable matter through the United States mails. This is merely a reiteration of the stand the president has heretofore taken in the case.

The Little Minnesota Star—the latest thing in 5-cent cigars—ask your dealer for one.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Thousand and Fifty dollars ($2,050.00) principal which fell due on June 27th 1905, and accrued interest thereon, and in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred One Dollars and Seven Cents ($301.07) additional interest which was due on the 27th day of June, 1906, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. P. Carlson, an unmarried man, and A. L. Bolstad and Mrs. Annie Bolstad his wife mortgagors, to Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of June, 1902, and by reason of such default the entire sum secured by said mortgage having at the election of the holder of said mortgage become due and said entire sum having been declared due by the holder of said mortgage by reason of such default, which said mortgage with a power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 7th day of August, 1902, at eleven thirty o'clock in the forenoon in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 122, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, to George Q. Erskine by a written assignment dated the 30th day of November, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon in Book 15 of mortgages on Page 85, and upon which said mortgage there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars Twenty-Six Cents ($4299.26) and no action or proceedings having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The South East Quarter and the East half of the South West quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) Section Thirty-One (31), Township One Hundred Fifty (150) Range Forty-One (41) West, containing, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, three hundred twenty acres, be the same more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 29th day of January 1907, at twelve o'clock noon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars and Twenty-Six Cents ($4299.26) and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorneys fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

GEORGE Q. ERSKINE,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Dated December 7, 1906.

A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

dec 13 jan 17

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"A GOOD LOOKER."

Appearances Have Much to Do With Success in Business.

"Send me a good looker. I don't mean pretty, you know, but one who knows how to dress—the tailor made kind who visits the hairdresser and the manicure. Of course I know it costs, but we are willing to pay for it." This was a telephone message received by a large employment agency from a business man who required the services of a young woman bookkeeper and general office assistant.

A shabby necktie or soiled linen or a cheap, well worn hat may cost you very dear, for it may be a turning point in some one's mind who has been thinking of patronizing you. Business men are keen eyed, very sharp and often influenced by little things. Many a worthy youth has been sent away when applying for a situation because of some telltale in his dress or manner which made a bad impression.

Young men may so far emphasize the matter of dress that their good appearance is about all there is to them. At the same time appearances have much to do with one's advancement, especially in large cities. In New York it is almost impossible for young men to get a start who are obliged to overcome the handicap of an unfavorable impression. It seems as though New Yorkers would forgive anything quicker than a slovenly or a poverty stricken appearance.—Success Magazine.

STREETS IN A BIG STORE.

The Piles of Merchandise Are Numbered Like Houses.

In a large wholesale grocery house in Kansas City the lanes that intersect the great piles of merchandise have been named as streets, and the stacks of boxes, bags and packages have each been marked with a number, as the houses upon city streets are numbered. The other day a member of the firm gave the following order to a trucker:

"Go over to Easy street, get that bunch of swells and take them to parlor 8."

A stranger in the big store would not have known what that order meant. The trucker knew.

All canned goods that swell from the formation of gases inside are called "swells" in the grocery trade. In this house all "swells" are kept in a room upstairs called "parlor 8." "Easy street" is a lane that leads down to "Fairyland," the big room where many girls work putting up packages.

"Clabber alley" is the lane which passes through the great stacks of condensed milk. "Corncake lane" goes through the cornmeal packages and barrels.

The system of naming the streets and dividing the different brands of goods into numbers facilitates the business of order filling to the extent that almost twice the work can be done now by the same number of order fillers that could be done a few years ago.—Kansas City Star.

The Free Lance's Paradise.

The literary free lance is bred naturally in New York and thrives in its atmosphere because the market for his wares is stable and infinitely varied. The very life of metropolitan publishing lies in the search for new men and variety. Publishers spend great sums upon the winnowing machinery that thrashes over what comes to their editors' desks, and no editor in the metropolis grudges the time necessary to talk with those who call in person and have ideas good enough to carry them past his assistants. Publicly the editorial tribe may lament the many hours spent yearly in this winnowing process. Yet every experienced editor in New York has his own story of the stranger, uncouth, unpromising, unready of speech, who stole in late one afternoon and seemed to have almost nothing in him, yet who afterward became the prolific scribbler or the great D'Auber.—J. H. Collins in Atlantic.

What a Jubilee Is.

Some years ago, before Queen Victoria's death and about the time that the queen's jubilee was to be celebrated, the following conversation between two old Scotchwomen was overheard one day on a street corner in London:

"Can ye tell me, wumman, what is it they call a jubilee?"

"Well, it's this," said her neighbor. "When folk has been married twenty-five years, that's a silver weddin', and when they have been married fifty years that's a golden weddin', but if the mon's dead then it's a jubilee."—Harper's Weekly.

Arnold and His Circus.

Matthew Arnold used to travel in company with Mrs. Arnold, his two daughters and the agent, whom he elegantly called his "impresario." They usually had railway passes given to them, and on several occasions, when presenting these to the conductor, he remarked in a condescending tone, "Oh, the Arnold troop, I suppose!" "Just as if we were a traveling circus," said Mr. Arnold, with a hearty laugh.

The Best Return.

After all, it isn't the way we live or the work we do that matters, but the ideal we put into it. Is there any work too sordid, too prosaic, to yield a return of beauty?—Ellen Glasgow.

Nothing to Steal.

Minister's Wife: Wake up! There are burglars in the house, John. Minister—Well, what of it? Let them find out their mistake themselves.—Christian Register.

Don't speak too plainly. If a man were to set out by calling everything by its right name, he would be knocked down before he got to the corner of the street.—Exchange.

Dandy's Wardrobe, 1714.

The burglary of a dandy's wardrobe meant a serious loss when it comprised, as in John Osheal's case in 1714, "a scarlet cloth suit laced with broad gold lace, lined and faced with blue; a fine cinnamon cloth suit, with plate buttons, the waistcoat fringed with a silk fringe of the same color, and a rich yellow flowered satin morning gown lined with a cherry colored satin, with a pocket on the right side." There is something a little more manly perhaps in the dress of the gallant of 1600, pictured in one of Rowland's epigrams:

Behold a most accomplished cavalier,
That the world's ape of fashions doth appear,
Walking the streets his humors to disclose
In the French doublet and the German hose,
The muffes, cloake, Spanish hat; Toledo blade,
Italian ruffe, a shoe right Flemish made.

There seems to have been no foolish prejudice against foreign made goods in 1600.—London Chronicle.

The Betel Nut.

Chewing the betel nut in Siam, being a common habit, at every little distance as you go through the bazaar of Bangkok may be seen petty merchants busy making and selling the preparation so universally masticated. The leaves in which the prepared mixture is wrapped are from a vine known as the chavica betel. The nut is from the arica betel palm, which reaches a height of about sixty feet, whose branches bear several large bunches of nuts which harden and redden as they ripen and which resemble somewhat the bunches of fruit on the date bearing palm. The dealers cut up their green leaves into the proper triangular form, crack the nuts and with wooden spatulas work the tumeric stained juice into a paste. It is amusing to see how skillfully they form the pieces of green leaf into pointed, cone shaped cups, into each one of which they place a portion of the ingredients.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Hadlo O. Nyland, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

Hadlo O. Nyland, of Wanke, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 12th day of April, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all his debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from discharge. Dated Oct. 2, 1906.

Hadlo O. Nyland,
Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 5th day of December, A. D. 1906, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 24th. day of December, A. D. 1906 before said Court, at St. Paul, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 5th. day of December, A.D. 1906.

{ SEAL OF THE COURT. }
Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
By L. A. Devoroon, Deputy Clerk.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Elizabeth Blanchard and Max C. Gualke.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof, and that Tuesday the 5th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated December 5th, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
[COURT SEAL] Judge of Probate.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Petitioner. dec13-27

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 309, Red Lake Series for the N. E.¼, Sec 15, Tp. 151, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Charles Thompson, " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, "
Henry Cook, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
nov 22 dec 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th, Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6769, Chippewa Series for the W.½ N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Sec 30, Tp. 155, N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Blockstadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
nov 22

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan. 1907, viz: Andrew N. Dyrdahl, H. E. 305, Red Lake Series for the S. W. ¼, Sec 33, Tp.151. N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Aslak Olson, of Kratka, Minn.
Andrew Anonson, " Brunkeberg. "
Hans Olson, " Thief River Falls, "
Knut Bjorge, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
nov 22

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Adolph W. Henning, H. E. 845, Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Edward Iverson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Anton Hanson, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "
Simon Olson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
nov 29 jan 3

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Rock Fortier.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier, Alice Fortier and Mary Fortier Hill and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier being duly filed in this court, representing that Rock Fortier, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of July 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with the will annexed be issued thereon to Lucius S. Miller, now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of December 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 1st day of December 1906.

[COURT SEAL] N. W. Tarrant.
Judge.

Miller & Foote,
Attorneys for Petitioner. dec 6-20

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division

In the Matter of Conrad J. Kaiser, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Conrad J. Kaiser of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake, in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the [illegible] day of December, A. D. 1906, the said Conrad J. Kaiser was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the 21st day of December, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors of said bankrupt may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Dated Dec. [illegible], 1906.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in bankruptcy.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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$1.00 PER YEAR

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

WM. A. TAUTGES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

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DR. G. W. BOOREN;

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Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

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PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS.

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Atttorney at Law, (Norsk Advokat) and Notary Public.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1906. NUMBER 51

CROSSETT SHOES. GORDON HATS. STALEY UNDERWEAR. HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHING.

THE GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE.

Christmas Gifts for All

We have been urging "early shopping" for three weeks past, and with very gratifying effect. But hundreds have yet to make their Xmas purchases. Every day will be a busy day, and we ask as many as possible to come in the morning in order to avoid the great jam. This partial list may be suggestive.

GIFTS FOR THE LADIES.

Handkerchiefs,
Gaiters,
Wool Gloves,
Mittens,
Neckwear,
Bags and purses,
Belts
Mufflers
Shoes
Slippers
Waist Patterns
Dress Patterns
Cloaks, Cloth, Fur or Fur Lined
Dress Skirts
Silk or Wool Shawls
Fur Scarfs
Muffs
Silk or Sateen Petticoats
Silk or Linen Shirtwaist

Box Writting Paper
Umbrellas
Bath Robes
Mittens
Kid or Mocha Gloves
Suit Cases and Leather Grips
Trunks
Fancy Hose
Underwear
Corsets
Overgaiters
Pillow Tops
Table Linens
Napkins
Bed Spreads
Decorated Chinaware
Haviland China
Fancy Lamps

GIFTS FOR MEN

Fancy Vests
Bath Robes
Crossett Shoes
Bed Room Slippers
Gordon Hats
Fur Lined Caps
Seal Caps
House Coats
Smoking Jackets
Mittens
Gloves
Shirts
Neckwear
Handkerchiefs
Mufflers
Fancy Hose

Hose Supporters
Collars and Cuffs
Collar Buttons
Underwear
Sweaters
Night Shirts
Overshoes
Leggings
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats
Trousers
Fur Collars
Suspenders
Pipes
Cigars

GIFTS FOR BOYS

Handkerchiefs
Neckties
Collars
Cuffs
Collar Buttons
Hose Supporters
Stockings
Underwear
Suspenders
Mittens

Wool Gloves
Mufflers
Cuff Buttons
Sweaters
Trunks
Shoes
Suits
Overcoats
Caps
Belts

GIFTS FOR THE CHILDREN

Toys
Dolls
Toy Trunks
Drums
Bells

Hankerchiefs
Musical Instruments
Dishes
Hose Supporters
Cloaks
Caps

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"EVERYTHING IN HOLIDAY GOODS."

THE TAX SETTLEMENT

Abstract of Taxes Collected Since the First Day of June.

Amounts the Different Townships in the County Will Receive.

County Auditor Ford and County Treasurer Hansen have completed the abstract of the November tax settlement and have apportioned the money received between June 1 and November 1 to the various funds. The total state tax collections were $1906.98 and the county, city, town and school taxes collected were as follows,

COUNTY TAXES.

Revenue	$3195 00
Road and Bridge	631 08
Poor	8 27
Bond and Interest, other than state loans	791 21
Other special taxes	3185 25

CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES.

Revenue	1865 86
Road and Bridge	378 36
Poor	190 81
Bond and Interest, other than state loans	303 17
Local assessments	1079 22
Other special taxes	95 60

TOWNSHIP TAXES.

Revenue	780 75
Road and Bridge	1357 57
Poor	422 53
Bond and Interest, other than state loans	388 51
Delinquent road	867 37
Other special taxes	315 28

SCHOOL TAXES.

Local 1 mill	636 74
Bond and Interest, other than state loans	227 49
Special School Taxes	8076 78

The various towns, cities and villages of the county will receive the following amounts through the settlement:

Numedal	$ 244 38
Bray	362 71
Polk Centre	845 04
Louisville	1015 38
Norden	670 79
Sanders	487 23
Black River	825 77
Red Lake Falls twp	1000 07
Lake Pleasant	968 95
North	911 11
Rocksbury	1157 62
River Falls	781 81
Gervais	1064 75
Terrebonne	1387 08
Silverton	2 65
Smiley	161 15
Wyandotte	870 70
Emardville	594 31
Poplar River	335 63
Garnes	621 69
Lambert	1461 76
Equality	372 56
Village of Plummer	87 19
Village of St. Hilaire	305 48
Assessment District No. 3	5 33
" " " 5	1 19
Thief River Falls city	6183 22
Red Lake Falls	3819 58

Delinquent taxes to the amount of $815.57, with interests, penalties and costs in the sum of $250.03, were collected during the same period.

First Patent Flour, $2.15

R. L. Falls "Mascot" and O. K. "Vivo."

We sell and deliver at the above prices. Rye and graham flour equally as cheap.

ARNESON & SON.
NORTH OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

LARGEST TREE.

Ever Cut in the West Felled in Cass County.

Cass Lake, Minn., Dec. 15.—What is claimed to be the largest tree ever cut in the West was felled this week a few miles east of Cuba. It is white pine, and after a careful examination was found to be over 425 years old. The tree is practically all solid, and will be cut into five logs. It is estimated that the first log will close to 3,000 feet. The tree is six feet in diameter, and the scale rule is not long enough to scale it.

LAW SOON OPERATIVE

National Pure Food Law Will be Effective Jan. 1, 1907.

Much Interest is Manifested Over its Many Provisions.

The first day of January, 1907, there will go into effect all over the United State what is popularly known as the national pure food law, a law that is the result of the various bills passed by the senate and house of representatives, as finally agreed on by conference and approved by President Roosevelt.

The operation of the law is being looked forward to with great interest not only by the manufacturers of food products and drugs, but by the wholesale and jobbing concerns, the retailers and last, but not least, the consumers themselves.

The pure food law declares that it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture within the territory of the United States any article of food or drug which is adulterated or misbranded. Any person violating the law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and for each offense, upon conviction, shall be fined not to exceed $500 or shall be sentenced to one year's imprisonment or both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

The penalty is made even more drastic in case of subsequent offenses of the same nature, when a conviction may carry with it a fine of not less than $1,000 or imprisonment for one year, or both the fine and imprisonment.

Local merchants dealing in food stuffs and quite a large number of individuals interested in the provisions of the new law have been receiving copies of the same, and it is reported that some of the large manufacturing concerns that have been distributing goods have been calling in certain brands of their goods from retail stores all over the Northwest with a view of having the shelves cleared before the pure food law becomes operative.

MAY COME WEST.

Vice President Fairbanks May Visit With the White Earth Indian.

Washington, Dec. 12.—Vice President Fairbanks today indicated that he probably would accept the invitative of Chief Hole-in-the-day to visit White Earth reservation when the fiftieth anniversary of founding of the reservation is celebrated on June 14.

To Representative Steenerson, who presented the invitation, Mr. Fairbanks said he had many invitations to visit all parts of the country during the coming summer, but this one appealed to him more than any other. If the vice president goes to White Earth, Mrs. Fairbanks and their daughter Mrs. Timmons, will accompany him.

ROCKFELLERS INCOME.

Oil King's Fortunate Increases $1.90 Every Time the Clock Ticks One Little Tick.

New York, Dec. 10—From authority that should be absolute, John D. Rockefeller's annual income was told to day for the first time, authentically. It will be $60,000,000 when the year 1906 closes.

Henry H. Rogers and John D. Archbold were talking with a prominent financier when the subject came up of how fast the oil king's millions were piling on one another. Said Mr. Rogers: "I know for a fact that Mr. Rockefeller's income this year will be sixty millions." Mr. Archbold assented.

These two men are closer to John D. Rockefeller's finances than any other two in the world.

Mr. Rockefeller's income every day is therefore $164,374 12. Every hour of the twenty four, walking or sleeping, playing golf or skating, sitting in church or superintenning the news house at Pocantico, John D. Rockefeller is sure that $6,840 94 is accumulating. This is $114 a minute. His fortune accumulates at the rate of $1.90 every time the clock ticks.

LANDS TO BE OPENED

Settlers to Be Allowed to File on Chippewa Lands.

Will Have to Agee to Pay the Cost of Draining the Land.

A dispatch from Washington says that Representative Steenerson is preparing a bill to permit settlement on the Chippewa lands in Minnesota, which have been withdrawn from entry by order of the secretary of the interior, pending the determination of the amount needed to reclaim the overflowed lands by drainage. These lands were withdrawn under authority given in the last Indian appropriation bill in connection with the appropriation of $150,000 for investigation of drainage on the Red Lake reservation. That investigatigation as not yet completed and will not be for a year or more, and in the mean while the settlement of all Indian lands and the consequent development of the state is being retarded, as the withdrawal included not only Red Lake lands, but the cut over lands in the ceded Chippewa and Leech Lake reservations.

The Steenerson bill will authorize settlement and entries for these lands, with the proviso that each shall reimburse the government for all expense of drainage, if any is necessary, such agreement to be indorsed on the certificate issued by the local officers when the filing is made. Steenerson believes this will meet the conditions and insure the reclamation of lands by drainage when the government gets ready to construct drainage works. He believes that there will be no trouble in pushing the bill at this session, and may not introduce it until after the holiday recess.

Herbert Mark, of Fosston, was in the city last week.

Is your baby thin, weak, fretful?

Make him a *Scott's Emulsion* baby.

***Scott's Emulsion* is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites prepared so that it is easily digested by little folks.**

Consequently the baby that is fed on *Scott's Emulsion* is a sturdy, rosy-cheeked little fellow full of health and vigor.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

Mrs. Mary Little, one of the oldest residents in the vicinity of Mankato, is dead at her home near Marysburg, aged ninety-six years.

Frank H. Miner, a pioneer merchant of Janesville, died suddenly last week from a stroke of apoplexy. He was sixty-nine years of age.

Edward Dawson, twenty-six years of age, a switchman, was struck by a train in the Northern Pacific yards at St. Paul and instantly killed.

The pearl supply from the clams of the upper Mississippi river for the season just closed is away below the average for a number of years.

Brakeman Cluto of Omaha freight train No. 10, westbound, was instantly killed at Le Sueur while fixing an air-brake. The cars bumped and crushed his head.

Governor Johnson has announced the reappointment of Frank A. Day as private secretary and Harvey Grimmer as executive clerk for the next two years.

Three-year-old Nora Meyer, daughter of John Meyer of St. Wendel, Stearns county, is dead as the result of eating sugar coated pills which she thought was candy.

Ole Niestad, employed by John Werdenberg, contractor, fell from the seventh story of the Great Northern general office building at St. Paul and was instantly killed.

Sanford S. Small, for many years a resident of Minneapolis, was taken ill suddenly while walking along the street in that city and died before medical aid could reach him.

Haakon Johnson, a laborer of Red Wing, was found dead two miles west of that city near the Milwaukee tracks with his skull fractured and legs broken and bruised about the body.

Daniel Dahmans, a prominent farmer of the town of Maywood, Benton county, committed suicide by taking three ounces of laudanum. Despondency brought on by acute alcoholism was the cause of the act.

The roadbed of the Minnesota and International road's extension to International Falls will be ready for the steel by the 1st of next July, according to J. P. Daugherty, whose firm has the contract for grading the line.

The jury in the case of the state against Antonio Pucci, the Italian who was charged with killing a fellow laborer at Grove City on July 19 last, brought in a verdict of not guilty. The trial occurred at Litchfield.

Three peddlers of stale eggs were sentenced at Stillwater to county jail terms. C. P. Dopson was fined $50 or sixty days in jail and chose the latter. Frank Mackey and Thomas McKegney, his pals, were sentenced to twenty days each.

C. M. Olson's clothing store at Mankato was robbed of $252 in cash. The money had been taken in after banking hours and, following the custom in that store, was hidden under a pile of clothing, as the safe was not considered burglar proof.

Mrs. Sarah Critchley, eighty-four years old and a resident of Mankato for forty-six years, while crossing the railway tracks on her way from home to the business section, was struck by a southbound Milwaukee passenger train and received injuries that are expected to prove fatal.

Word has been received from Congressman J. Adam Bede that the government does not approve of the proposed "cut off" of the Mississippi river between Aitkin and Pine Knoll, by which it was hoped to prevent a recurrence of the floods which did so much damage in that neighborhood last spring.

As the result of an examination of the books of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway company the state will be enriched by $26,291.77. This is the amount found to be due the state as a gross earnings tax on earnings amounting to $855,953.92, which the examination disclosed had not been reported to the state for taxation purposes.

Secretary E. W. Randall of the Minnesota State Agricultural society has submitted the annual report of the society to Governor Johnson. The report shows that the society closed the most successful year in its history with a balance of $64,846.69 on hand after expending $80,911.58 for improvements and repairs during the fiscal year ending Dec. 10, 1906.

The disastrous fire which swept away a considerable portion of the business section of Battle Lake a few weeks ago has induced that village to take steps to prevent the recurrence of such a calamity and a special election has been called by the council for Dec. 26 to vote on the question of issuing bonds to the extent of $8,000 for the construction of a waterworks system.

An important and decidedly new step in the history of the Minnesota national guard was taken last week when a resolution was passed by the Minnesota National Guard association recommending to the legislature that the office of adjutant general be made elective. At present the adjutant general is appointed by the governor, but the guard wishes to elect its own general in the future.

The residents of the eastern part of Polk county are going to make another attempt to erect a new county out of that district, to be known as Nelson county. A petition to this effect, signed by 1,496 residents of Polk county, which is claimed to be over 25 per cent of the total voting population of the county, has been filed with the secretary of state. Fosston is selected as the county seat for the proposed new county.

—I have appointed M. C. Harlow my agent in Thief River Falls and he will attend to the collecting of all rents, make leases or sell the property. Any interested party can call upon him and secure further information. W. A. Kratka.

"SHOP AT HOME"

That should be a maxim for every resident of this town—a maxim to be not only remembered but acted upon.

It only needs a comparison of prices to show you that no house in the land undersells us.

It only needs a trial of our goods to prove the folly of distant buying.

There is nothing in all merchandising so deceptive to the general buyer as jewelry. There is nothing else which requires the same acute judgment to decide wisely.

For these reasons you should purchase your jewelry here, where you can get the benefit of our experience for your protection.

A. Anderson,
CITY JEWELER,
Thief River Falls, - Minnesota.

THE SOLDIER'S HOME.

Rules for Admission of Wives, Widows and Mothers

Any honorably discharged soldier in dependent circumstances may with his wife, if he has one, be admitted to this particular building on the same conditions that ex-soldiers are now admited to the Home.

Widows of soldiers, desiring admission to this building must furnish satisfactory evidence on four points, viz:—1. marriage to the soldier husband prior to 1890. 2. Fifty-five years of age or over. 3. Residence in Minnesota for five year preceding date of application. 4. dependence and inability to earn a living.

The regulation governing the admission of mothers of soldiers are practically the same as for widows.

A widow making application for admission must send to the county agent, the soldier's army discharge, pension certificate and marriage certificate. All females seeking admission must be examined by a reputable physican but for mental ills, the sole idea of the examination being to keep out insane persons.

Before being admitted to the Home, each wife, widow or mother must answer in the affirmative the two following questions:

1: If admitted, will you, when called upon, do a reasonable amount of work in and about the Home, unless excused by the Commandant or Surgeon in charge? 2: On account of being admitted to the Home and accepting its benefits, do you hereby agree to promptly pay over and surrender to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota Soldier's Home, such money received from pension to which you are now or may hereafter be entitled, or such portion thereof as the Board may require in accordance with the laws and rules of the said Home?"

LEATHER IS HIGH.

Prices Affect Shoe Dealers and Harness Makers.

In view of the high price of leather the following statement from Mr. G. Van Hoon, a big leather merchant of Holland, concerning the advance in the price of leather, will be of interest:

"Leather and hides are higher today in Europe as well as in this country, than they have ever been before, but it is due to purely natural causes. The fact is that the consumption of leather was never so great, and it is increasing by great bounds. Ten years ago leather was used almost wholly for shoes and harness; there were a few high-priced leather trunks and handbags, but not enough to affect the staple. Now see what is being done: There are thousands of automobiles being made annually, all of which are elaborate in leather, every lady has to have ornaments in her parlor and on her walls, made of leather, with burned figures in them; a tremendous amount of furniture is seated and backed with leather, and, besides most of the strong trunks, nearly all the suit cases, hand bags and valises are made of leather.

"Not long ago you had a leather exhibit in Chicago, and those who attended were astonished to see ladies clothing, men's vests, and an infinited variety of wearing appeal, all most beautiful, made of leather.

Now let us see where all this leather is to come from. In the first place, animals are not killed for their hides, but for their meat, and just enough are killed to supply that demand for the hides grows more rapidly than the demand for the meat; no more animals will be killed, and the only other outlet for the difficulty will be for the price of hides to increase, and this increase must go no until it becomes prohibitive in certain directions, then less of it will be used and some less expensive material will be substituted.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	68c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 07
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c
Potatoes, bushel	35c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	6c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$7 00

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship Companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The Steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty-five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. Craig,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

WILSON'S

Acknowledged the Xmas Gift Center.

Sleeping Apparel

Egyptian figured night robes, extra length	$2
Domet flannel night robes, English square figured, warm and downy,	1.50
Plain and striped flannel robes military or square collar	$1

Shirts

High grade Cluett coat shirts $1.50 and	$2
Swell track striped and club check stiff bosom shirts	1.50
Monarch shirts up from	$1

Mufflers and Ties

Poplin silk mufflers	1.50
Harvard and handkerchief mufflers	$1
Persian blend and tint in wide four-in-hand boxed	$1
75c values in quiet effect shield and band tock neckwear	50c
Quarter size collars per doz	$1.35

Suspenders

Persian silk suspenders in all colors leather ends to match boxed	1.50
Silk embroidered suspenders boxed	$1
Plain satin suspenders rubber in back rawhide ends only 75 and	50c

Florshiem Shoes

For the man who cares $4 $5 and	$6

Gloves

Lamb lined suede brown shade	$2
Kantrip gloves dogskin	2.50
Foune's E & T and Perrin's gloves	1.50

Underwear

Silk and wool per piece	2.50
Munsing union suits all wool $2 to	$5
Australian lambs wool and saxony underwear per piece	1.50
All wool natural color per piece	$1

Hosiery

Fancy Buckeye hosiery	25c
Fine spun lisle hosiery	50c
Silk hosiery	75c

Headwear

Seal and Alexis shape fur caps from $1.50 to	$15
Patterson Fur in band caps	1.50
Patterson hats spring shapes	$3

Bath Robes and House coats

Blanket cloth bath robes	$5
Broadcloth smoking jackets	$10
Golf cloth jackets plain colors reversible plaid coats	$7.50
Figured fancy cloth coats silk corded and frogged	$5

Emily A. Waterman and Company were Grand.

"The best thing that ever came up into this country" is the expression used by some to convey their appreciation of the Concert last Monday evening. Miss Emily Waterman is a strong earnest soul and her reading makes one feel like she is. Miss Blinkley sings like a joyous bird of spring, happy and free. Her effect upon one is like flowers and childhood. Mr. F. H. Tuttle on the flute was singularly pleasing. Miss Gail Wilson is delightful either on the piano or the saxophone. The flute saxophone duetts were of rare charm. The one thing about the entertainment that all regret is that it closed soon. Only two hours long!

The Dixie Jubilee Singers.

No one will be disappointed who comes to hear the Dixies in the Presbyterian church next Sunday Wednesday evening, the night after Chrismas Dec. 26, 1906. The program consists of

Jubilee songs,
Plantation Songs,
Negro Melodies,
Campmeeting Songs,
Negro Lullabys,
Negro Comic Songs,
Cabin and River Songs,
Sentimental Songs,
Ballads,
Ragtime Songs,
Classic Selections.

See the Children or go to Stebbins Drug Store for tickets.

Entertainment begins at 8:30 in the Presbyterian church. The Dixies do not belong in the Lyceum Course.

Public Library.

Owing to the large number of juveniles who patronize the library, the library is short of juvenile books, and on account of the city being so largely in debt the citizens are called upon to supply the demand. Persons having anything to donate for this purpose are called upon to do so. Any donations will be appreciated either in the above line or otherwise. The citizens in general are invited to visit the library and make use of it.

Bids Wanted.

Independent School District No. 18 desires to receive bids for the furnishing of said district with [illegible] cords of green poplar wood. The wood must be good body and split. Bids must be in the hands of Dr. G. A. Penney, clerk of said district, before 8:30 p. m. on January 5, 1907.

—Subscribe for the News.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

Holiday Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

EXTREMELY LOW RATES
Between all Points on the
Great Northern Ry.
On Sale Dec. 22to Jan. 1
Final Return Limit Jan. 1

W. E. Baker,
Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

A. L. Craig,
Pass. Traffic Mgr.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bargain OFFER **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

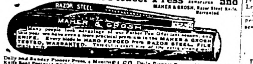
RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH
Many people took advantage of our Farmer Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL. FILE TESTED, WARRANTED.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

News from Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

MRS. ANNA BOBERG'S PAINTINGS

Hardships Endured by the Celebrated Snow Artist on the Isle of Furoen.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

On the lonely isle of Furoen, in the Arctic ocean, perched on a giant rock, stands Mrs. Anna Boberg's studio, the winter headquarters for this painter of northern snows. There she had no companion except the island lighthouse keeper, no means of escape except her tiny sailboat anchored at the rock's base. But all of her time is not spent in this crag-bound home. She makes many excursions further into the polar regions. Clad in thick reindeer skin, paintbox strapped to her back, this ambitious artist climbs the slippery heights to gain some treacherous white-capped peak. In that sublime setting of Arctic splendor her skillful touch catches the opalescent effect of the sun's rays glinting across the glacial expanses. Sometimes the cold is so great she is compelled to bind her brushes to her benumbed hands. Then, when some glorious landscape tempts her to brave the stinging winds and ascend to some dangerous summit, she has been known to remove her shoes and stockings and go barefooted on the hard crust of the snow in order to retain a footing, the warmth of her feet melting the snow crust enough to give her a firm position. Once she slipped over a precipice above the seething sea. Fortunately she landed in a small sheltered bay and as it was low tide, she escaped with a few bruises.

Baron von Bildt, Swedish minister to Italy, arrived in Bologna, Italy, Nov. 10 for the purpose of presenting the Nobel prize for literature to Giosuco Carducci, professor of literature of the university there, and who is generally conceded to be the greatest of modern Italian poets. The presentation was made by Baron von Bildt to Signor Carducci in the presence of the professor's relatives and the local authorities. The baron handed the poet a check for $35,206, the diploma and the gold medal. Signor Carducci asked the names of the other prize winners. Upon being told that President Roosevelt had been awarded the peace prize he said: "Well done; in view of the services he has rendered the world no one deserves it more than the president of the United States."

More than two-thirds of the wood pulp manufactured in Sweden at present is exported; the remainder is being used in the country to supply the wants of the paper industry, which nowadays makes comparatively little use of rags. Together with the wood manufacturing industry, that of paper making has grown to be one of the most important sources of wealth that Sweden possesses. The greater part of the paper works are situated in the east of Sweden and in the vicinity of Lake Vanern. The largest ones are situated in Norrkopping. In 1905 the total number of paper works was sixty-seven with a turnover of thirty-two million crowns. The export of paper is considerably in excess of the imports.

The recent report to the Swedish government that the aggregate known ore resources of the world are 10,000,000,000 tons has been accepted in Europe without serious criticism, but the quantity credited to America is, according to Richard H. Emmons, editor of the Manufacturers' Record, Baltimore, 75 per cent. too small. In the Swedish report the United States is counted as having little over 1,000,000,000 tons, whereas a larger amount than that has been proved up in Alabama alone.

King Oscar and Queen Sofia do not desire to receive any golden wedding presents. Their majesties received so many and costly presents during the king's jubilee that they courteously request their faithful subjects not to send presents. There will during this occasion not be any great "fests" held in Stockholm.

The Gustavus Adolphus chapel on the battlefield of Lutzen, the cornerstone of which was laid Nov. 6, will look like a Swedish church. Its roof will come from Dalevarlie. All expenses are borne by Consul Ekman, at Leipzig.

Prince Carl is now occupying his new villa on Djurgarden. He took possession of same Nov. 16.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Premier Michelsen will remain at the head of the Norwegian government for some time. On the first test of strength in the storthing between the adherents of the government and the opposition the former triumphed, the Berner resolution being adopted by a vote of 113 to 18. The opposition, which had boasted in the most extravagant language, was reduced to eleven socialists, six radical leftists and one nondescript. No opposition could very well have been more thoroughly discredited. On Nov. 1 it was announced that two councillors of state, namely Messrs. Hagerup-Bull and Vinje, had resigned from the ministry and had been succeeded by Abraham Berge and Sven Aarestad. While it is stated that the resignations were entirely voluntary, the opposition and some of the conservative press of Norway incline to the view that the two councillors were sacrificed in order to appease the big leftist majority in the storthing, which demanded that the government adopt its program or platform. Even President Berner, one of the staunchest supporters of the government in his pre-election speeches, saw fit to amend his resolution sustaining the government so as to meet the views of the leftists. The two changes leave only Councillors Lemkuhl and Olsson as the representatives of the conservative and moderate elements in the government. It has been intimated that both will be compelled to retire in favor of vowed leftists before many months have passed, but at present there is no ground for such a surmise. The two men who have retired from the government were members of the coalition ministry formed in March, 1906, which steered Norway through a particularly delicate crisis. Both are men of acknowledged ability. They will both be taken care of and Hagerup-Bull has already been appointed assessor in the supreme court.

O. Hauge, minister from Norway, called at the White House Dec. 10 and informed President Roosevelt that the Norwegian storthing had conferred on him the Nobel peace prize. A message to the same effect came from Mr. Lovland, chairman of the Nobel committee, who conveyed to the president hearty good wishes and an expression of high esteem. United States Minister Peirce, at Christiania, had been told of the action of the committee on Dec. 1 and in advising the president proferred his profound congratulations "on the well merited recognition of your great and wise international policy." He asked that, in compliance with the request made by the Norwegian minister of foreign affairs and if agreeable to the president he be delegated to receive the diplomat medal and prize. The amount of money represented in the prize is 138,536 crowns, or $37,127.65.

The founder of the Methodist church in Norway was Rev. O. P. Petersen. He was converted in America in 1840. He returned to his home country and in 1853 began to preach. Three years later Rev. C. Willerup was sent to Norway to be the head of the work begun there. The work has steadily continued. In September the 50th anniversary of the founding was celebrated in Norway. There are now forty-five congregations, having a membership of 6,272 members. There are fifty-six Sunday schools, with 3,318 pupils, instructed by 635 teachers. The church property has a value of 963,200 crowns. The indebtedness on the property is 273,303 crowns.

Edvard Grieg, the eminent composer, who received a gift of 22,000 crowns on his 60th birthday, has now in turn donated this sum to the city of Bergen, where said amount shall constitute a music fund. There is no doubt but what Bergen—the home of the now famous Grieg—will respond generously to this fund. Mr. Grieg will spend the winter in Norway and England. Many efforts have been made to induce the composer to come to America, but thus far such efforts have been fruitless.

It will not do for military officers to address each other as "du" (Thou) any more. The war deparment has issued an order to the effect that this style of addressing the men in the ranks must be eliminated entirely. The order has been met with much satisfaction by the soldiers, who will now have the pleasure of being addressed by name by their superiors.

Storthings Representative Egede Nissen has been summoned to give an account of himself before the czar of all the Russias because he published the so-called "Oprosskriftene," the contents of which are alleged to have been of a revolutionary character. Mr. Nissen has engaged Lieutenant Puntervold as his attorney and intends to fight his case to a finish.

Admirals Sparre and Barreson have of late been engaged in a wrangle which has incited one of the daily newspapers in Christiania to question whether it wouldn't be a good idea to have only one admiral instead of two. The suggestion has brought about some pertinent comment by the Christiania and Trondhjem papers.

According to Copenhagen papers Bjornstjerne Bjornson's latest novel, "Mary" netted him 25,000 crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Copenhagen prior to the holidays secures an immense business from the southern part of Sweden. Copenhagen business men are naturally well pleased but not so with the Malmo business folk. They lose much trade that rightfully belongs on the Swedish side. Copenhagen, the metropolis, is, of course, a great drawing card, and hundreds of the good people combine business with pleasure and cross the channel to do their holiday shopping.

Ibsen's "Doll House" has been rendered at the royal opera in Copenhagen 100 times, with Mme. Henning as "Nora." This is the last time that Mme. Henning appears on the Copenhagen stage and the company which was an exceptionally efficient one, played to a crowded house every night.

Holger Drachmann, the famous Danish poet, has returned from an extended visit in Sweden and Norway. Mr. Drachmann and wife may spend the winter in France.

MARION & NORELIUS.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Jan. 9th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
Medicle Block. St. Paul, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Elizabeth Blanchard and Max C. Gualke.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 5th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated December 5th, 1906.

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

COURT SEAL
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Petitioner. dec13-27

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Rock Fortier.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier, Alice Fortier and Mary Fortier Hill and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier being duly filed in this court, representing that Rock Fortier, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of July 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with the will annexed be issued thereon to Lucius S. Miller, now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of December 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 1st day of December 1906.

[COURT SEAL] N. W. Tarrant,
Judge.

Miller & Foote,
Attorneys for Petitioner. dec 6-20

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar...Red Lake Falls...Lv 5:35 pm
10:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:20 pm
12:40 pm Ar.....Middle River.....Lv 3:13 pm
1:35 pm Ar.....Greenbush.....Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION

IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan. See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
December 20, 1906.

A man who has had experience, says that if your business isn't worth advertising, advertise it for sale. And there is a lot of truth in the statement.

Gov. Johnson last week again appointed John E. King as state librarian for a term of two years. Mr. King has made a good official and his many friends throughout the state are glad that he has again been appointed.

The Bemidji Sentinel takes this fall out of the generation of young men: "Pick out thirty young men today and not over five of them are making any effort to save money. The indications are that the poor houses of the future will be ten stories high with folding beds in every room.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The government printing office should be put in command of a country newspaper man. It is charged that the government shop is losing a million dollars a year by wastefulness and bad management. We never heard of a country editor losing more than $100,000 a year and this would be a clear saving to Uncle Sam on $900,000 every twelve months.

Some newspapers in the state are advocating a reapportionment of the senatorial districts of the state this winter. It is pointed out that the southern part of the state is getting the better of the northern part in the matter of apportionment. For instance attention is called to the fact that the five senatorial districts comprising Houston, Waseca Scott and Nicollet counties have a population of 71,520 and a senator, for every 14,304 people. Five northern Minnesota districts comprising Red Lake, Norman, Clearwater, Beltrami, Otter, Tail Wilkin Becker, Clay Cass, Itasca, Carlton Aitkin, Todd, Wadena and Hubbard, with 240,465 population have the same number of senators five, or one senator for every 48,091 people.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Stuyvesant Fish.

The manipulators of high finance, of course, need money to perform their tricks with. They have been using life insurance money, not always to the benefit of the policyholders. One of the men that helped make this fact public was Stuyvesant Fish, then president of the Illinois Central railroad.

Edward H. Harriman was one of the chief beneficiaries of life insurance money, and he resented this. The result is that he has deposed Mr. Fish, one of the squarest railroad men in the country, and put his own man in his place. The result of that is that Mr. Fish is doing some talking that cannot help producing public good.

A few days ago Mr. Fish was the principal speaker at the annual dinner of Hope lodge of Masons in East Orange, N. J. His subject was corporation abuses. Among other things he said:

> The contest is no longer between those who have and those who have not, but between those who have moderately, sufficiently and even abundantly, and those who, through the use of trust funds and the power incident thereto, seek by questionable practices to have excessively. This is the issue that is daily brought into every home in America. Like taxation without representation. It involves moral and ethical questions, and also strikes at the pocketbook, which has been called the sure road to the Anglo-Saxon's heart. It will not down.

It certainly will not down, and with such men as Mr. Fish, who know what they are talking about, enlisted on the side of the people, greed can be effectually rebuked and the tyranny of the financially powerful restrained.

The speaker also pointed out a curious inconsistency on the part of what Jerome calls the "criminal rich," and what Mr. Fish thinks should be called the "anarchistic rich." Some men, forgetting that corporate property is particularly in need of the protection of law, have gone to great lengths in seeking to rid themselves of the restraints of law, of equity, of ethics and even of common decency.

By defying law, they invite lawlessness. By anarchistic methods—which means contemptuous treatment of the law—are promoting an anarchy that is not less dangerous—though hardly more so—than their own.

As Mr. Fish pointed out, the managers of great corporations have not only abused the public, but they have abused their own stockholders, the real proprietors of their industries, and have robbed both public and stockholders to their own selfish advantage.

Yet people wonder that there is discontent, even in times of ripest prosperity. There should always be discontent while injustice and commercial immorality prevail, until the discontent becomes so acute that the people will take matters into their own hands and put an end to the evils that exist.—Duluth Herald.

Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	04c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	05c
Pillow slips	03c
Sheets	06 to 08c
Pillow shams	05c
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	50c and up

At the Star Steam Laundry.

Hindoo Moon Lore.

According to the Hindoos, a lunar eclipse is the contact between the moon and another planet called Rahoo, but the masses believe that, owing to the will of God, Rahoo, or the serpent-like planet, catches hold of the moon by its hideous mouth and releases it after a short time. At first contact the Hindoos bathe in the sea and anxiously await the release. After the contact they take another bath. During the interval they are not allowed even to drink a cup of water, as their belief is that all things in the world get polluted during the contact.—Singapore Times.

Bells and the Koran.

It is said in the Koran that beautiful bells are hung upon the trees of paradise in such a way as to be stirred by wind from the golden throne of God whenever the blessed ones in his presence wish for music. It is to this that the author of "Lalla Rookh" refers in the lines:

Bells as musical
As those that on the golden shafted trees
Of Eden, shook by the eternal breeze.

Matches.

"Who are those young people in that box?" asked the man in the parquet.

"There's Elsie Bl[illegible] and her fiance, and Marie Rich and hers, and Belle Browne and hers. They're all to be married next month."

"Indeed! Quite a box of matches, eh?"—Philadelphia Press.

A Vegetable Roast.

Boy — Ma, I thought you said the Specks were vegetarians. Ma—So I did; they are. Boy—Well, I heard Mr. Specks tell pop that when he got home late the other night Mrs. Specks had a roast waiting for him.

Not In His Line.

Lawyer—You should learn shorthand and typewriting, Billy. The Office Boy—Aw g'wan! I never cared for flowers an' candy!—Puck.

Dyeing and French Dry Cleaning

Is the only thing that can re-new clothes. Fine silk and wool cannot be washed; but if you want it to look like new, send it to

B. DAN BJORKMAN.
DYER AND CLEANER.
CORNER OF MAIN AVE. AND FIRST ST.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

WARREN
MINNESOTA
BUSINESS SCHOOL

Students May Enter at Any Time.

FINEST EQUIPMENT
EFFICIENT INSTRUCTION

Send for Catalog.

W. O. BRAGGANS,
L. L. B., L. L. M. U. of M.
Court Reporter to
the Hon. A. Grindeland.

J. H. KIZER,
B. S., B. A. Valparaiso University
Instructor, Stenographer,
Accountant.

Never Fear, the Plummer Is Here.

That's poetry, but not nearly as good as the work we do. We do repairs so promptly that you hardly know anything was out of order.

It's Hazardous

to put off repair work. Lately in Providence, R. I., a little girl died from sewer gas, owing to neglect in calling in the plumber. Coffins and funerals cost lots of money; our repair work doesn't. Moral: Don't endanger life by delay.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HEATING AND PLUMBING COMPANY
Phone 221

NAME YOUR ROUTE TO EASTERN CANADA!

It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.

Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi River. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.

Round trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, 840. Dates of sale, December 1 to December 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privilges.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen fine photographs from BORRY'S gallery will make 12 beautiful Christmas presents.

ENFORCE THE LAW.

State Superintendent Olson Believes in Enforcing the Truancy Law.

J. W. Olson, state superintendent of public instruction, in his annual report to the governor, strongly urges a stringent enforcement of the compulsory education laws, as they tend to improve the citizenship of the people. Records show conclusively that ignorance, crime and poverty go hand in hand.

"Having equipped school houses and employed good teachers, the state, as a means of self-preservation, has a right to require attendance where lessons in civic righteousness and good government may be taught where the manhood of tomorrow may be trained for the *highest individual and social efficiency.*"

"Our compulsory education laws, being left to local enforcement, are in our rural communities and villages, almost a dead letter. Statistics show that large numbers of children of compulsory school age in these communities attend less than half the time required. The members of the school board cannot as a rule be expected to invoke the aid of the courts in having these laws enforced against their neighbors, with whom they must daily associate.

"I recommend legislation providing for a non-resident truant officer, selected in such a manner as to leave him independent in the proper discharge of his duties."

"Provision should also be made for a school census at stated times: and for reports to be made by the teachers or local officers, in order to furnish the necessary data to guide him in his work."

"I beg, also, to recommend that the compulsory age to be restored from 8 to 18 to 8 to 16, as it was prior to the last legislative session."

—Dining room girl wanted at the Hotel Northern.

Postal Regulations.

With the approach of Christmas the postal authorities and postmasters experience a great deal of trouble with improperly wrapped and addressed Christmas packages. It will be well for those sending such packages through the mails to see that packages are well wrapped, properly addressed and have a return card attached. The registry laws are here given:

All valuable letters and parcels, as well as those without intrinsic value, the correct delivery of which is of importance, should be sent in registered mails.

The registry fee is 8 cents for each separate letter or parcel, in addition to the postage, both to be fully prepaid with postage stamps attached to the *letter or parcel.*

In case of its loss, the sender of a registered article prepaid at the letter rate of postage, mailed at, and addressed to, a United States postoffice, is indemnified for its value up to $25.

Can't Tax Railroads.

The supreme court has decided that railroad companies are exempt from all taxes and assessments on their right of way for ditches built by county boards. The case decided by the court relates to an assessment of $1,800 made by the county commissioners of Nobles county against the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway company. The county commissioners made an order in August, 1905, establishing a public ditch, and attempted to levy an assessment of $1,800 on the Rock Island for alleged local benefits in the construction of the ditch. The case was taken to the district court, which decided that inasmuch as the railroad was paying a gross earnings tax of 4 per cent to the state, this assessment was void. The case was appealed to the supreme court by the county commissioners and the higher court has decided that the district court was right in exempting the railroad from assessment.

TO SELL RED LAKE PINE

Congressman Steenerson Has Introduced a Bill for This Purpose.

Pine Will All Have to Be Sawed at Red Lake River Points.

Representative Steenerson, after considerable correspondence with Red Lake Indians and authorities of the Indian bureau, last week introduced a bill providing for the disposal of timber on the unceded portion of the Red Lake reservation. Estimates of the amount of timber on this land vary from 100,000,000 to 400,000,000 feet and most of it is mature and suitable for cutting. The timber will all have to come down the Red Lake river and will probably be manufactured at Thief River Falls.

The bill provides for the sale on the bank scale at not less than $11 per 1,000 feet for white pine, and $9 per 1,000 feet for Norway pine. Seven sections of timber land are reserved for the Indians. The money derived from the sale of timber is to be deposited in the treasury to the credit of the tribe at 5 per cent interest, and the Indians are to determine in council, after five years whether the interest money coming due in the first twenty-year period is to be expended for improvements, or distributed. At the end of twenty years another council is to be held to determine whether the whole fund shall be divided among the members of the tribe.

There is no provision in the bill for the sale of the cut-over lands, which are to be kept as a part of the present diminished or unceded reservation.

William Jennings Bryan does not drink intoxicants and it is said that when he was in Japan a banquet was given in his honor. When it came to drinking to the health of Admiral Togo, Bryan raised a glass of water to his lips. Togo looked at him and said: "We are drinking wine!"

"But you won your battles on water" said Bryan. "When you win any on wine, I'll drink wine to your health."

—Subscribe for the News.

The Right-Kind of a Grocer

will hand you ROYAL even if you go Blindfolded into his store and ask for Baking Powder.

Any maker of ALUM Baking Powder would like to Blindfold the housewives, so that they could not see the *label* on the can.

AVOID ALUM

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is an absolutely pure, Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Aids Digestion–Adds to the healthfulness of food.

NOTICE—You may want to know—if some certain brand of Baking Powder contains ALUM or Phosphate of LIME, send us the name and we will (without cost to you) advise you from official reports.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK CITY

Farm Loans! Easy Terms!

If you desire to make a loan on your farm, it will be to your interest to consult us. One of our plans for loans is on 10 years time, 7 per cent interest, no commission, with privilege of paying 1-5 on the 1st or 15th of any month of the year. Interest on the amount paid will stop on the day it is paid. We also have other plans for making loans on easy terms. We extend to all a cordial invitation to come and see us.

Peoples State Bank.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

NEW OFFICERS.

The Following New Officers Have Been Elected by Local Lodges.

CATHOLIC FORESTERS.

Chief Ranger—Robt. McGinn,
Past Chief Ranger—Wm. McGinty,
Recording sec.—Max Koening,
Financial sec.—Frank Horn,
Treasurer—Wm. Mulry,
Sentinel—John Baker,
Trustees—Fred Holzknecht, Herbert Holzknecht, W. G. McGinty.

Royal Neighbors.

Oracle—Mrs. I. C. Richardson,
Vice Oracle—Mrs. E. E. Rose,
Recorder—Mrs. B. G. Walker,
Chancllor—Mrs. H. D. Cady,
Marshal—Mrs. C. H. Porter,
Asst. Marshall—Mrs. L. S. Waller,
Inner Sentinel—Mrs. J. S. Rayson,
Outer Sentinel—Mrs. F. Protz,
Manager—Ira C. Richardson,
Physician—Dr. H. Grundy,

The Royal Neighbors and the M. W. A. expect to hold a joint installation of officers at their first meeting in January.

Modern Woodman

Consul—Ira C. Richardson,
Banker—H. A. Ohm,
Worthy Adviser—E. E. Rolfe,
Clerk—Louis Lenson,
Escort—R. A. Kromer,
Sentry—John Hofek,
Watchman—J. L. Higgins.

This organization now has one hundred and five members.

Eastern Star.

Worthy Matron—Mrs. Ida McNiven.
Worthy Patron—Rev. C. H. Flesher.
Ass't Matron—Mrs. Nicolene Hawes.
Secretary—Mrs. W. A. Tautges.
Treasurer—Mrs. J. Borry.
Conductoress—Miss Marguret Hill.
Ass't Conductoress—Edith Prichard.

M. B. A. Election.

President—J. S. Rayson.
Vice-President—E. P. Burstead.
Secretary—Louis Rayson.
Conductor—W. J. Jennings.
Chaplain—P. Medridgh.
Treasurer—Ed. Erickson.
Watch—Ole P. Bakken.
Sentry—C. F. Williams.
Physician—Dr. H. Grundy.

Eagles.

President—Jos. Lang.
Vice-Pres.—John Morgan.
Secretary—James Bulman.
Treasurer—Robert McGinn.
Chaplin—C. Porter.
Conductor—John Rogers.
Guards Max Koenig, Joe Ryson.
Trustees C. C. Jackson, Christ Paulson, J. H. Werstlein.

A Slight Mistake.

A strong odor of carbolic acid, a broken door and a very much surprised man in bed, were the ingredients of a combination that caused considerable excitement at a leading hotel in Grand Forks after 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. The odor of the acid was strong enough to reach the lobby floor of the hotel and the clerk felt certain that he had located the room, and the door was finally broken in. The man in bed was very much surprised at the intrusion and demanded to know what was wrong. Matters were explained and the acid was traced to another part of the house where a man admitted that he was using it to mix a dope for his corns—and then the excitement quieted down.

Personal Property Taxes.

Delinquent personal property tax payers who have moved out of the county in which their tax was levied are, under the new code, no longer safe from prosecution. In the new laws it is provided that it shall be the duty of the auditor of the county in which a delinquent tax is recorded to notify the clerk of court of the county in which the taxpayer lives and the clerk shall then furnish a warrant to the sheriff, who in turn must serve it and levy upon the property owner's goods the same as if the tax is due in his own county.

When we read about how people live in the cities, huddled and crowded together like herring in a barrel, eking out a precarious existence in filthy tenements, noisy and nerve racking factories, in dingy office rooms in tall sky scrapers or in underground habitations and subways, we wonder why these people do not move to the country, get a plot of ground and a home of their own, and a whiff of pure air with a touch of nature thrown in gratis.—Warren Sheaf.

A Warning.

The postal authorities at Washington have called the attention of the public to the following postal law: "Any person circulating through the mails any letter or mail matter which contains language of an indecent, lewd, lascivious, obscene, libelous, scurrilous, defamatory or threatening character or that reflects injuriously upon the character or conduct of another may be, upon conviction of each and every offense, fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned at hard labor for not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court."

Ignorance of the law is no excuse.

The Warren Business school is prepared to duplicate any business college offer made now by any school whatever.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Mrs. Martin Bothun visited friends at Warren last week.

John B. O'Brien was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls over Sunday.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week.

Olaf Ramstad was down to Crookston attending to business matters last week.

—Minnesota Star is put out in 5 and 10 cents sizes. A Havana filled cigar—the best on the market.

Fr. Adolph left Sunday evening for points in Southern Minnesota and Iowa to spend the holiday.

The Golden Rule has three different advertisements in this issue of the News. You should read every one of them.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and Brunkeborg, a duck coat lined with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

O. E. Knutson, Alfred Knutson, Albert Knutson and Carl Ottoby, of Grygla, were in the city Monday and while here closed a deal for the purchase of a portable saw mill which they will run this winter up in the Grygla country. W. J. LaBree sold them the outfit.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

Otto Gullingsrud was up from Plummer last week.

Martin Neegard was up from Plummer last Saturday attending to business matters.

W. J. Harlow who is teaching school near Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Friday.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Anyone desiring to have knitting work done for the winter can call upon Mrs. Anna Olson, Porters addition.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

Mrs. L. M. Hoag is entertaining her mother and sister, Mrs. W. J. Tyson and Miss Tyson, of Emmitsberg, Iowa.

H. G. Dobner leaves on Saturday of this week for Kalispell, Mont., to spend the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner and children.

Little Miss Dorris Knox entertained a large company of her friends last Saturday afternoon, the occasion being the anniversary of her birthday.

C. H. Newberry, of the firm of Newbery & Bulman, liverymen, was down to Minneapolis last week and while there purchased four horses and a new hack.

—I have appointed M. C. Harlow my agent in Thief River Falls and he will attend to the collecting of all rents, make leases or sell the property. Any interested party can call upon him and secure further information. W. A. Kratka.

Two young men employed in the saw mill at Bemidji, own an ice boat, and they had an exciting time with it the other morning. While going at express train speed the main mast broke and the boat was tipped over, throwing the occupants out. They were unharmed, but slid fifty feet on ice before the emergency brakes worked.

The G. N. Depot at Greenbush was broken into Tuesday evening and about $40.00 in cash taken besides a few express packages. There is no clue as to the guilty parties yet but suspicion points to a certain individual who floats from town to town with no particular occupation in view. The affair is being investigated by a Great Northern detective.

H. W. Lee was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Dr. Tupper returned to this city last Friday from an extended visit in Illinois.

The annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held at St. Hilaire on Monday, January 7.

Dr. Cumeford, a former resident of this city, was in Thief River Falls last Friday visiting old friends here. Dr. Cumeford is now located in Idaho.

The case against James Reinhert, charged with embezzling the funds of a school district in the town of Thief Lake, was settled last week, and Mr. Reinhert was not tried.

Mr. Andrew Johnson and Miss Emma Thoreson were married at the home of the bride in Sanders, Tuesday, Dec. 4, in the presence of a large number of friends, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.—St Hilaire Spectator.

The Ladies Society of Wyandotte will hold their annual auction sale and Basket Social at Knut Steen's residence, on Friday evening December 28th, beginning at 7 o'clock. Every young lady bring a basket. Free lunch. Everybody welcome.

Drainage appears to be less expensive on the Minnesota side of the Red than in Dakota. 15c to 18c per cubic yard seems to be the ordinary price in Dakota and 11c to 14c on this side of the Red. Bonds for Minnesota ditches sell at 5 per cent and less, while on the Dakota side the usual figure is 7 per cent.

Warren is experiencing a coal famine of such sevity that several manufacting establishments have been compelled to close and many citizens have barely enough fuel to supply their home with heat against the severe cold which has been prevailing. The flour mill has been compelled to close and the electric light plant has but a small supply of coal. The street lights have been cut off and the coal on hand is being used to furnish light for stores and residences.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

Merry Christmas - -

ACCEPT our "Merry Christmas" as a personal one from a friend to a friend, and our earnest and heartfelt thanks for the liberal patronage extended to us during the year just ending.

We certainly feel that we have every reason to wish all our friends a very Merry Christmas.

The Golden Rule Dept. Store

O. J. Schei & Co. Thief River Falls

THE GOLDEN RULE

PURE FOOD DEPT.

SPECIALS FOR YOUR XMAS DINNER

Apples, New York
Oranges
Bananas
Malaga Grapes
Cranberries
Sweet Potatoes
Pimento Stuffed Olives
Peanut Stuffed Olives
Capre Stuffed Olives
Celery Stuffed Olives
Pickle all Varieties
Glace Cucumbers
Glace Cherries
Glace Lemon Peel
Glace Orange Peel
Glace Citron
Assorted Nuts

Assorted Candies
Shelled Pop Corn
Shelled Nut Meats
Fresh Lettuce
Fresh Celery
Fresh Radishes
Fresh Onions
L. L. Rasins
Mince Meat
Canned Punpkin
Home Brand Corn on Cob
Home Brand Canned Fruits
Home Brand Canned Vegetables
Seal Brand Coffee
Home Brand Coffee
Primrose Tea
T. R. F. Creamery Butter

EVERGREEN HOLLY MISTLETOE

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

PROMPT SERVICE--TWO DELIVERIES

If It Is Bought at The Golden Rule It Must Be Good

Mrs. A. H. Fasel left Tuesday of Knox N. D., to spend about a month visiting with friends.

D. W. Conklin went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to spend a few days attending to business matters.

Mrs. Dennis Connelly left Tuesday evening for Eastern Canada to spend several weeks visiting her parents.

George Liard, special agent of the U. S. Land Office, arrived here last week and will remain for a few weeks investigating the rights of several proofs, and had the same held up by Special Agent Layman.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin.

—Mrs. Wm. Ryer, living first door north of the Great Northern depot on Main avenue, wishes to announce that she is going to start a guitar and Mandolin class. Those wishing to take lessons are requested to call and see her.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

The Park Rapids commercial club served free coffee and sandwiches to all farmers and their wives who attend the farmers institute held here last Saturday. This was a small matter, perhaps, but it indicates the enterprising spirit of the Park Rapids people.

Hank Draper, who for the past few months has been working for the Prince Albert Lumber company, returned to this city last week. He will remain until after the holidays and will then return to Prince Albert again where he has the contract for removing several buildings.

According to the Minneapolis Journal, flour made white by the bleaching process will be barred in North Dakota after the first of the year, except that it be labeled so that consumers may know just what they are getting. Flour is commonly bleached by the nitric acid process, and the acid in the flour is said to be injurious to health. Mills that have not modern machinery have to use nitric acid to make white flour. If you buy flour such as is manufactured by the Hanson & Barzen Milling company of this city you are sure to get the pure article. This firm has modern machinery and does not have to adulterate its product.

Ole J. Tweet returned to Grand Forks Tuesday.

John Stuverud, county treasurer of Dodge county, Minn., was in the city last week visiting his sister, Mrs. Robert Lee.

Dilworth, the new railway town a couple miles east of Moorhead, is to be a model city. The N. P. is selling lots here only to employees and a provisiont in each deed prohibits the sale of liquor on the premises, the lots to revert to the company in case this provision is violated.

Loggers who have recently returned from Beltrami county state that the snow is so deep in the big woods that it inferred somewhat with logging operations. Coming before the freeze-up it left the swampy places in dangerous condition and before teams can be taken in over these swampy places to haul out the logs roads must be tramped by the men and then allowed to freeze. When it is remembered that a new road must be made for almost every log it will be seen how much the snow interferes.

Ole Knutson and Claus Quam, of town of Valley, were in the city yesterday making application for their citizen papers at the Clerk's office. Albert Knutson, a son of the former, and Charles Simpson, of Thief River Falls, were their witnesses. Mr. Knutson came to this country over 20 years ago, but had neglected to take out his second paper, until now when he finds it necessary in order to prove up on his homestead. Under the new law there is considerable formality and some expense connected with the acquiring of citizenship. Their application will be considered by the district judge on March, 12, when they again must appear at the Clerk of Court's office, together with their witnesses.—Warren Sheaf.

County Auditor Ford issued 116 hunting licenses this season which was the largest number issued by any other county in the northern part of the state. The law provides for a fee of $1 from each applicant that is granted a license, and when deputies are appointed to issue licenses at points throughout the county, they are paid 10c out of each fee. All licenses issued expire December 31st, 1906. The open season for killing deer and moose came to an end Nov. 30, although the parties holding licenses had five days in December to get their game home. It is now unlawful not only to kill deer or moose, but to ship the meat from one point to another. St. Louis county undoubtedly holds the record for the number of licenses issued this year, the county auditor and his deputies having issued 2730 hunting licenses [illegible] this season.

G. Weiner, the local agen Hamm Brewing company an traveling man had an exciting last Friday. They hired a liv Brooks to drive them to When about two miles out of liveryman said he could not further owing to the deep sno Weiner and the traveling ma to walk the remaining distanc mer. The snow was three or deep in places and as a result was not an easy job. They fin at Plummer, however, but are ious to do any more walking is so much snow upon the grou

A company in an eastern vertises: "We lend money by good security; second or thi gage. How much do you John Smith, for instance, app loan. The company, "thinks of the application," the letters says' "and if the title be satisfactory, the amount wil by return mail. Which wil convenient--an express money New York draft?" John pleased and perhaps doesn't k he reads at the bottom of th "Send an advance $3.75 fee to attorney for searching title." all the "company" wants out Of course he does not get the the return of his $3.75.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't
you need new glas

CONSULT ME

I will examine your eyes

F. J. Stebbi

CITY DRUG AND JEWI
STORE.

STATE MAY PROTEST

ATTORNEY GENERAL TO INVESTIGATE NEW ISSUE OF GREAT NORTHERN STOCK.

Cummings Commission Company of St. Paul, With Branches in Many Cities, Forced to Suspend—Youth Refused Marriage License Because of His Age Fatally Shoots Girl and Kills Himself—General State News.

St. Paul, Dec. 14.—President Hill's proposed issuance of $60,000,000 in new stock to the shareholders of the Great Northern Railway company may be sidetracked for the time being.

Attorney General E. T. Young, in answer to questions regarding the contemplated issue of new stock, issued the following statement:

"In my opinion there is no doubt but that under a proper interpretation of the law as it now stands no new stock can be issued by a domestic railway company without obtaining the consent of the state, through the railway commission.

"Before such consent can be given the commission must give a public hearing on the question, in which hearing the purpose for which the money is to be used and the necessity for the new issue of stock must be fully

"In showing the necessity for this issue the company would have to show what it did with the proceeds of the $25,000,000 stock issued last February, which has not as yet been accounted for in any public way.

"This proposed issue would increase the stock of the Great Northern company to $210,000,000.

"The bonds of the system are now about $215,000,000, which would make the capitalization of the 6,000 miles of road $425,000,000, which exceeds $70,000 per mile for both main line and branches, where much of the road, especially the branch lines, cost not to exceed $2,000 per mile.

"The dividends on this excess capitalization is an unwarranted tax on the patrons of the road and, instead of increasing its stock, which is now about $60,000 per mile, the company ought to show some justification for its present capitalization."

COMMISSION COMPANY FAILS.

One of the Largest in the Twin Cities Suspends Business.

St. Paul, Dec. 14.—The Cummings Commission company, one of the largest and best known brokerage houses in the Twin Cities, has suspended business.

The following statement, sent out to all of the Cummings offices throughout this state, the Dakotas and as far north as Winnipeg, sums up briefly the cause of the failure:

"The systematic 'knocking' that has been going on against this company for some time has created such a condition of affairs that our attorneys advise us to close up all accounts so as to protect in a measure all alike. It will be a few days before we can give results."

A. J. Cummings, head of the concern, says the failure has come about simply because business has fallen off and heavy expenses have eaten up the resources of the company.

The Cummings Commission company is what is known as a private wire house, with a multitude of offices in the towns and cities of the Northwest, catering to the country speculative trade.

TOO YOUNG TO WED.

Youth Seriously Wounds Girl and Kills Himself.

Ivanhoe, Minn., Dec. 14.—Clarence Heasty, living about six miles northwest of Ivanhoe, shot his sweetheart, Miss Jensen, in the neck, inflicting a dangerous and probably mortal wound. He then turned the revolver on himself, dying instantly.

Early this week Heasty applied for a license to marry the girl, but the license was refused on account of his age, as he was less than twenty-one years old.

The girl is a daughter of H. P. Jensen, a pioneer farmer of this county, and Heasty is a son of R. M. Heasty, a former resident of this county but now in Iowa. The shooting took place at the home of a neighbor, Chris Steffeard.

HIS CAP POINTED TO TRAGEDY.

Harold Rogers, Dead by Drowning, Follows Fate of Brother.

Mille Lacs, Minn., Dec. 12.—While skating across the southern end of Mille Lacs lake, near the town of Robbins, Harold Rogers, the fourteen-year-old son of Charles Rogers, broke through the ice and was drowned. When the boy did not return home at the time he was expected search was made for him and his cap and mittens were found beside a hole in the ice. His body was recovered. A few years ago an elder brother of the boy was drowned in the lake while sailing.

NO MORE FREE RIDES.

Hill Roads Give Notice Not to Carry Idle Trainmen.

St. Paul, Dec. 15.—Orders have been sent out by the local officials of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern that trainmen and yardmen, who have a pull with the conductors and brakemen, will have to pay fare after Jan. 1. This class of railroad men have been allowed to ride from place to place on being vouched for by another employe, on stating that they are looking for employment.

BEGINS WAR ON SALOONS.

Brown County Grand Jury Makes Scathing Report.

New Ulm, Minn., Dec. 16.—The grand jury of Brown county has made a scathing report to the district court relative to the violations of the law governing the sale of liquor and the operation of slot machines in saloons. Nearly every saloon in this city had several machines in operation until the grand jury met. That body has urged upon the mayor and police officers of the cities and villages in Brown county to enforce the law and slot machines will be banished from the saloons in this city from now on.

The grand jury indicted Ben Fesenbayer, Peter Laway and Alf Dauer of this city on charges of selling liquor to minors and Paul Jauss of the town of Mulligan with the additional charge of conducting a blind pig. They were each sentenced by Judge Olsen to pay a fine of $50 and costs and besides were sentenced to serve thirty days in jail. The indictment against Dauer, however, was nolled.

MANAHAN FILES CHARGES.

Makes Complaint Against Minnesota Railroad Commission.

St. Paul, Dec. 11.—James Manahan, attorney for the Minnesota Receivers and Shippers' association, has filed charges with the governor against the members of the railroad and warehouse commission. The commissioners are charged with failing to exercise a general supervision over the railroads of the state, with allowing them to charge excessive freight rates and with trying to protect the railroads. The commissioners also are accused of acting as railroad and warehouse commissioners "without warrant of law."

The filing of charges is the result of the action of the commission in refusing to allow Mr. Manahan to continue to conduct the investigation in the commodity rate hearing before the commission a short time ago.

WIFE DESERTION GROWING.

Minneapolis Poor Department Reports Alarming Increase.

Minneapolis, Dec. 12.—An alarming increase in the number of deserted families who become dependent on the city for support is making a serious problem for the city poor department and the board of charities and corrections may ask the legislature to make desertion by a husband a felony.

In the last month five men have deserted their families, compelling the city to care for forty children and five mothers. This will make the expenses of the poor department heavier this month than for any other month in four years.

GREAT PROJECT SET GOING.

Capitol Approach Association Formed at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 12.—The campaign for adequate approaches to the new state capitol was fairly started yesterday at a meeting of representative citizens in the city hall. A permanent organization was formed for promoting the project, officers were elected and the situation in general was discussed from several points of view. The meeting was enthusiastic to a degree, the attendance was as large as could be expected during the business hours of the day and sentiment was unanimous for pushing the campaign with vigor.

HONOR FOR MINNESOTA MAN.

John W. Riddle to Be New Ambassador to Russia.

Washington, Dec. 11.—John W. Riddle of Minnesota, now minister to Servia and Roumania, will be the new ambassador to Russia. This report is confirmed by the state department. It is peculiarly interesting because it is a most striking instance of the carrying out of the policy inaugurated by President Roosevelt and Secretary Root for making promotions in the diplomatic service on merit, and regardless of all other considerations.

Mr. Riddle has long been in the diplomatic service.

AGED WOMAN RUN DOWN.

Struck by a Train at Crossing in Mankato.

Mankato, Minn., Dec. 15.—Mrs. Sarah Critchley was run down by a northbound passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road today at the Poplar street crossing and received injuries that are expected to prove fatal. She hesitated about crossing, then started to cross ahead of the train and the engineer was unable to stop the train in time.

Mrs. Critchley is eighty-four years of age and has lived in Mankato for nearly half a century, conducting a boardinghouse.

IOWA BOY MURDERED.

Beaten to Death in Texas by Drunken Hunters.

Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 17.—Jerry Shepherd, son of a prominent Creston citizen, was brutally murdered in Texas by a party of drunken hunters who beat the lad to death with their cartridge belts and then threw the body into the lake. The crime was committed near Trinidad.

Young Shepherd was assaulted after he had angered the fellows, who had been drinking heavily. Stripping off their belts the entire party began to lash the [illegible] boy until he fell prostrate.

Relatives in Iowa have taken up the matter and have secured the best available legal talent to prosecute the alleged slayers.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The Norwegian parliament has conferred the Nobel peace prize (about $37,000) upon President Roosevelt in recognition of his services in ending the Russo-Japanese war. Mr. Roosevelt announces that he has concluded to use the prize to establish at Washington a permanent industrial peace committee with the view of maintaining righteous peace in the industrial world.

Fines aggregating $150,000 were imposed by Justice Holt in the United States circuit court at New York city upon the American Sugar Refining company and the Brooklyn Cooperage company after the defendants through counsel had pleaded guilty to indictments charging the acceptance of rebates on sugar shipments in violation of the Elkins anti-rebate act.

The state of Minnesota may take steps to block President Hill's proposed issue of $60,000,000 in new stock of the Great Northern road. Attorney General Young declares that under the law as it now stands no new stock can be issued by a domestic railway company without obtaining the consent of the state, through the railway commission.

At a meeting of the directors of the Great Northern railway it was voted to authorize an increase of $60,000,000 in the company's preferred stock, making the total capitalization $210,000,000. The money secured from the sale of the new stock is to be used in improving and extending existing lines and in the purchase of other roads.

The traction committee of the Chicago city council and representatives of the Chicago Union Traction company and of the Chicago City Railway company have agreed on $50,000,000 as the price to be paid for the properties of the two companies, if the city shall ultimately decide to purchase them.

Judge Sanborn, in the United States district court at Madison, Wis., has declared that "the right to strike for any cause or no cause is clear and fully sustained by all authority. Even a conspiracy to strike, followed by legal damage, is not unlawful if formed to better labor conditions."

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road will reduce the rates on all classes of freight fully 10 per cent from Chicago to the territory about Sioux Falls, Sioux City and other portions of the Northwest, especially in the Dakotas.

The Cummings Commission company, one of the largest and best known brokerage houses in the Twin Cities, with branches in many cities in Minnesota and nearby states, has suspended business.

The United States Steel corporation's improvements to existing plants and the construction of the "steel city" at Gary, Ind., call for an expenditure of $60,000,000 in 1907.

Martha Hurt, aged 105 years, has filed suit at Salina, Kan., for divorce against her husband fifteen years her junior and her third husband on the ground of extreme cruelty.

Notices have been posted at all of the cotton mills in Lowell, Mass., of a 5 per cent increase in wages, to go into effect at once. About 17,000 operatives are affected.

Seventeen thousand members of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters in New York city will demand an increase in wages from $4.80 to $5 a day.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Andrew Carnegie, in an address before the National Civic federation, said that he believed that the major portion of the estates of enormously wealthy men should go to the state upon the death of the possessor of the fortune. Mr. Carnegie opposed a graduated income tax.

The famous divorce case brought by Augustus Hartje, the millionaire paper manufacturer of Pittsburg, against his wife, Mary Scott Hartje, in which he named Coachman Thomas Madine as co-respondent, has been decided in favor of Mrs. Hartje.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 15.—Wheat—Dec., 77¼c; May, 79⅞c; July, 80¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 77⅛@77⅝c; No. 3 spring, 74½@75½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 15.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 80¾c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅜c; Dec., 78⅜c; May, 80⅝@80¾c; July, 81c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.21; Dec., $1.20½; Jan., $1.21; May, $1.24.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $2.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—5.80@5.95. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 15.—Wheat—Dec., 73⅞c; May, 78⅛@78⅜c. Corn—Dec., 41c; May, 43¼@43⅜c. Oats—Dec., 34c; May, 35⅞@36c. Pork—Jan., $12.92½; May, $16.27½. Butter—Creameries, 22@31c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—20@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 9c; springs, 9½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.35; cows and heifers, $1.55@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50; Texans, $3.75@4.60; Westerns, $3.90@5.75; calves, $4.00@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.25; good heavy, $6.15@6.27½; rough heavy, $5.75@5.95; light, $5.85@6.20; pigs, $5.40@6.15. Sheep, $2.75@5.70; lambs, $4.60@7.90.

GERMANTOWN.

Cold and stormy weather has been the order of the last two weeks, and to that may be atributed the scarcity of news, as everybody has had their hands full in attending to the daily routine of their respective vacations, and so have been left no time over for doing anything unusual, or of general interest.

Martin Olson left last Wednesday for the pineries where he intends putting in the winter.

The farmers wood piles a ediminishing at a most cruel rate in this cold and constant drifting of snow into the roads makes it a hard proposition to get more.

The directors of the Creamery association met last Monday. Cream will be received again after new year.

A happy Christmas to all in general and Germantown readers in particular.

Taken to the State School.

The six younger children of Nels Anderson, of Eagle Point, were taken to the state school at Owatonna yesterday, in care of Mrs. Bockwald, of Tein, Kittson Co., who has cared for the baby since its birth, and Mrs. P. H. Holm, of this city. They were all boys ranging in ages from four months to eleven years, and looked to be a bright lot. The father, it will be remembered, was sent to Stillwater for five years at the last term of court and the mother's sad death by suicide has also been previously reported.—Warren Sheaf.

We Heard Texas.

It is rumored that our genial friend, Frank Jeffers, will leave Red Lake Falls sometime in February to go to Montana. We hope this is only a rumor, for the loss of Frank to Red Lake Falls will be felt by all who have the good fortune to meet him.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Services in the German Lutheran church on Christmas morning at 10 o'clock. Also Christmas tree on Monday evening.

Frank Peterson, one of the enterprising young settlers of the town of Smiley, left last evening for Grove City, Minn., to spend the holidays.

Smoking Contests.

"Smoking contests are as old as the hills," said an antiquary. "Go to Brittany, take in a Breton 'pardon,' and you'll see a smoking contest sandwiched in between the dancing matches and the wrestling bouts."

The old man took out his notebook.

"The first smoking contest of which we have any authentic record," he said, "came off at Oxford, the English seat of learning, in 1723. The conditions were that you should smoke three ounces of tobacco without drinking or leaving the stage, the person first finished to get a prize of 12 shillings.

"Hearne says—I copied it down here: "'Many tryed, and 'twas thought that a journeyman taylor of St. Peter's-in-the-East would have been the victor, he smoking faster than and being many pipes before the rest, but at last he was so sick that 'twas thought he would have dyed, and an old man that had been a builder and smoked gently came off the conqueror, smoking the three ounces quite out, and he told me that after it he smoked four or five pipes the same evening.'"

A German Duel.

A young officer quarreled with a friend who was a solicitor. Hot words were exchanged, and the officer struck his friend. Here the matter might have ended—there was something to forgive and regret on both sides. But the officer's regiment heard of the affair, and a court of honor decided that he must challenge the civilian. So a duel by command took place, and the young lawyer fell mortally wounded by his friend. When the officer returned home he was arrested, on the information of the president of the court of honor which had forced him to fight. He was tried by an ordinary tribunal and sentenced to three months' imprisonment. The president of the court of honor knew he was urging the officer to an illegal deed when he insisted on the duel, but honor, as he understood it, must be satisfied at all cost.—Berlin Letter.

The Cigar Mouthpiece.

A rich Russian banker had been discovered murdered in his house in St. Petersburg, says a writer in the Green Bag. There was no clew, but in the room there was found a cigar mouthpiece containing part of a cigar of such an expensive kind that it was supposed the banker himself had been smoking it just before the crime had been committed. On close examination the mouthpiece was found to be worn away by the teeth of its owner, but the dead man's teeth did not fit the indentation. The servants were one by one examined, and it was then found that the hollows of the mouthpiece compared exactly to the formation of the front teeth of the cook, to whom no suspicion had been attached. He afterward confessed to the murder.

England's "Fiery Dragons."

In the year 1532 various parts of Great Britain were visited by a remarkable meteorological phenomenon, which the old authors refer to as "the visitation of the fire drakes or dragons." The author of "Contemplation of Mysteries" says, "In ye latter parte of ye yeare (1532) ye fieri dragons appeared flying by flocks or companies in ye ayre, having swines' snowtes, and sometimes were they seene foure hundred flying togither." In speaking of the fire dragons in another portion of his work he says, "Common people thinke fire drakes to be spirits which watch over hidden treasure, but the philosophers affirm them to be ye result of poisonous vapors which are [illegible] lighted in ye ayre."

SMALL FIRE.

Twin City Cafe Destroyed Early Yesterday Morning.

The fire department was called out at about 1 o'clock yesterday morning by the discovery of a small blaze in the Twin City Cafe owned by Bert Glaiser. The entire contents of the building was destroyed and considerable damage was done to the building. Mr. Glaiser estimates his loss at $450 and had $200 insurance. The building is owned by K M. Hansen and it is not known whether or not he carries any insurance.

Will Have to Pay.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening a resolution was passed taxing all owners of resident property who are not in the sewer district the sum of $28 80 for making connections and business property not in the sewer district is taxed $57.60 for making connections.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The Fox Hunt.
A Curious Discovery.
The Story of Red Riding Hood.
The mischevious boys and others.
Illustrated song—The Stars the stripes and you.

Prof. Chr. Halvorson will play the violin this evening.

"Ben Hur," last half of next week.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Last Wednesday forenoon Mr. Flesher spoke to the high school pupils for a few minutes. He expressed his sympathy for the pupils, but said he was sure they would win out at last. There's a good time coming!

A prominent Senior makes a special study of human-nature. He does not plan to become a mere book-worm.

This is the last week of school before our Christmas vacation. The teachers are all worrying for fear the trains will be snowed up and they will be unable to reach home. The pupils are counting the days, yes, even the hours, until Friday. Then, hurrah! for two weeks of fun!

What has become of the Mandoline club? Last year we had a club to be proud of. Now the only club in existence is composed of a few pupils of last year's club. It is not connected in any way with the school, but is a private affair. It would be a pity to lose such an institution from our school We ought to go forward instead of backward.

Miss Olivia Warstlein visited the assembly room last Wednesday.

Tests are again the order of the day.

The Vergil class is planning to study Astronomy as a sort of side issue. Special Instructor wanted.

One day last week the plaster in Miss Osborne's room become terror stricken, at the martial footsteps of the high school pupils, and fell to the floor in a heap. No one was injured.

The Sophomores must be asleep! They are ruining their reputations for holding class meetings.

Basket ball is progressing rapidly. Practice is (not) held every day.

Chemistry teacher, after explaining the results of combining Hydrogen with Chlorine, Bromine, Iodine etc.—Now, if you take Arsenic—?

Senior—Suicide!

It is unofficially announced that the Junior reporter has resigned.

The tapping of the bell seems to pull the pupils from their seats. They are so anxious to recite that they can't wait for the second bell.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 8th, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 and E½ of Sec. 19 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, [illegible]
Ole Holmen, [illegible]
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 21 jan 25

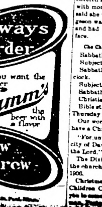
Always Order
when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew

Agents Everywhere.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Ribbons at half price at Miss Lakin

County Attorney Germo was in city Tuesday.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Paul I. D. Ostby was up from Plummer the first of the week.

Lewis A. Nelson was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Charles Alexander and John Holnberg leave today for the Red Lake country.

H. W. Lee was over to Warren Tuesday attending to some business matters.

K. O. Gigstad, the St. Hilaire banker was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

There is no shortage at any of the towns out on the Wheatline according to Supt. Michaels.

Anderson's silverwear is the best that money can buy. See his stock before buying Christmas presents.

Charlie Clark is now running the store at Kuhnel postoffice, having purchased the business of Miss Kuhnel.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Roach died Sunday of measles. The funeral services were held Monday.

The Library will close at 7:15 P. M on Christmas Eve and will be closed all day and evening on Tuesday, December 25th.

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran Church next sunday evening at 7,45. And also on Christmas day at 10:30. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

—J. P. McCullough has started a milk dairy and is prepared to furnish milk morning and evening. Anyone desiring milk will please notify him through the mail.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, Dr. George Tupper tendered his resignation as physician in charge of the city poor, and Dr. Schalaben was elected to fill the vacancy.

The annual meeting of the Norwegian Lutheran Church of the Synod will be held Tuesday Jan. 8th at 10:00 o'clock in church. All the voting members are requested to be present. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Nice line of diamond rings and pearls for boys and girls. Don't wait until the last day before making your purchases as I will not have time to wait upon you then. Best goods for the money in town Anderson, City Jeweler.

—The Ladies Sewing Society of the Norwegian United church in the town of Rocksbury will hold an auction sale and serve supper at S. O. Lee's place on Saturday evening, December 29. All are invited and especially residents of Thief River Falls.

A. D. Brown was down from Little Oak the first of the week and made complaint to County Attorney Germo regarding the disappearence of his thirteen year old daughter. The girl had been living with Miss Augusta Kuhnel, of Kuhnel, and attending school. It is now said that she is in Wisconsin living with her grandmother. Mr. Brown claims that his daughter was spirited away by Miss Kuhnel, and this is denied by Miss Kuhnel, but who alleges that the Brown home is not a proper home for the girl. Mr. Brown states that he very much desires to know the whereabouts of his daughter and that their relations have always been very pleasant. County Attorney Germo went out to Highlanding yesterday afternoon to investigate the matter.

A woman giving the name of Miss Fergeson arrived in the city Sunday evening from Warren over the Wheatline. She was suffering from an attack of heart trouble and on the train from Warren to Thief River Falls was unconscious all of the way. When the train arrived in Thief River Falls a number of the passengers took her to the Rushford Hotel and she remained there until Tuesday evening when she left for Crookston. On Sunday night it was considered doubtful if the woman would live and an effort was made to ascertain where some of her relatives resided, but without any result. She asked to have Philip Petree, a bartender in a Warren saloon, notified if she died. As the woman was without funds, Mr. Petree was called up over the telephone and asked if he would pay her expenses at the hospital here, but he refused. On Tuesday she had nearly recovered and local parties furnished her with money to go to Crookston where she said she would meet friends. Miss Fergeson was rather a handsome young girl and had a decidedly innocent looking face.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock. Subject: Born a King.

Sabbath evening worship at 7.30 o'clock.

Subjects Christmas thoughts.

Sabbath School at 12, o'clock.

Christian Endeavor at 6:45 o'clock.

Bible study and prayer meeting at 7.30 Thursday evening.

Our worship Sabbath Dec. 23rd will have a Christmas tone.

"For unto you is born, this day, in the city of David, a Savior, which is Christ the Lord."

The Dixie Jubilee Singers will be in the church Wednesday evening Dec. 26, 1906.

Christmas tree and program for the Children Christmas night. We invite you to come to our church. F. J. [illegible], Pastor.

THE REPORT ON THE STEENERSON BILL.

The Committee on Public Lauds in the House of Representatives Makes a Very Favorable Report.

The following is the report made by the committee on public lands on the Steenerson drainage bill:

The land sought to be drained is situated in the northern part of the State of Minnesota in what was known as the Chippewa Indian reservation. This reservation originally contained 3,576,000 acres, all of which has been ceded by the Indians to the United States except 403,000 acres. When this land was ceded it became subject to entry under the homestead law upon payment as purchase price for a part of it at the sum of $4 per acre and the balance at $1.25 per acre.

The State of Minnesota never received any swamp land grant inside of this Indian reservation and holds no land there now, but owns swamp and school lands in the immediate vicinity thereof. All of this land is very level and low in character, and has an excellent soil for the raising of all crops suited to that climate but this land is naturally so swampy and subject to overflow that it cannot be depended upon for the raising of crops unless some arrangements can be made to drain it.

About 1,500,000 acres of these ceded Indian lands have been entered by homesteaders, who are attempting to hold them and raise crops out of which to make the payments required under the act providing for disposal of these lands. But these homesteaders have been unable to make these payments for the reason that lack of drainage has prevented them from raising such crops, and there still remains approximately 1,500,000 acres of this ceded Indian land so swampy and subject to overflow that no one has seen fit to enter them, even at $1.25 per acre, though these lands have an excellent soil and are in close proximity to land worth 20 to $30 per acre.

Adjoining these ceded Indian lands are vast stretches of swamp lands. It is not possible to secure drainage of these ceded Indian lands under any state law, nor is it possible to secure drainage of large tracts of land outside of this former reservation under such law. The natural drainage outlet for this territory is toward the north and northwest, into the Lake of the Woods, Rainy Lake River, or a branch of the Red River of the North. To reach this outlet it is necessary to cut across these ceded Indian lands, and it is not practicable to do so, as the state has no authority over these lands and cannot assess the expenses against the lands benefited as long as the title thereto remains in the United States. This does not only prevent drainage of this large reservation but also prevents drainage of lands adjoining the reservation, where the ditches must be cut across such ceded Indian lands.

There is no prospect that these ceded Indian lands will pass into private ownership for many years to come, as they are so swampy in character that they are almost useless. It cannot reasonably be asked that the people who own land outside of the limits of this former Indian reservation or the state should expend their money in the drainage of these ceded Indian lands or in cutting ditches thru them. They need every dollar that they can spare for the drainage of there own lands. The state has in the last few years expended out of its own treasury for drainage purposes in this section (not to be repaid) about $500,000, and there has been paid during that time by counties in that vicinity not less than $2,250,000 for like purposes, as ascertained by the auditor of the state. The state has paid out of its treasury or it has expended from county funds upon county drainage ditches, not counting highway ditches an amount largely in excess of the total value of the swamp land granted to the state as such lands were when the act was passed making the grant.

For a number of years past these people have been unable to seed or harvest any crop. They have no money with which to make these ditches and no authority to pledge the land for expenses of the payment of drainage, nor can they compel contributions from the unentered Indian land, the title to which is in the United States. This situation has strongly appealed not only to the people in this immediate vicinity but to the sympathy of the people of the state, until a campaign for drainage has the enthusiastic endorsement of all parties in the state. The state has district and state drainage associations, which are actively and aggressively pushing drainage projects. The necessity for relief appears imminent and obvious, and it seems but fair that the United States, the largest landed proprietor there, should lend its aid to the reclaimation of this land, so that it may become suitable for homes. Without such it cannot be done.

This measure is fully justified by a legislative policy now well established. The irrigation act rests upon the same principle, and nothing can be said in justification of that act that cannot be said in justification of this. It cannot reasonably be urged that congress is authorized to use public money to put water upon lands in California to raise crops there and at the same time that it is illegal to use money to take water off from lands in Minnesota to secure this same result. The policy of congress, and of those in charge of the reclaimation service, has gone far beyond anything that is asked in this bill.

Not only are lands belonging to the government irrigated, but also lands in private ownership. In a number of irrigation projects nearly all the lands to be benefitted are in private ownership. This congress has placed itself on record in favor of irrigating lands to which this government has no title by passing the act extending the irrigation law to the State of Texas. In which this government has no public lands. Nor can there be any justification between privately owned and government lands so long as the government asks no pay for its lands. Irrigated government lands are given free to the settler who pays for the cost of irrigation. Why should the people who take these lands, for which they are compelled to pay to the government as purchase price from $1.25 to $4 per acre, be treated less liberally? In view of this national policy, identical in principle upon which millions of dollars have been expended, it is not necessary to refer to acts that have been passed from time to time authorizing and paying for surveys for drainage projects.

The State of Minnesota does not ask for any money to drain its state lands. It is now, and has for years, been engaged in that work. There are no railroad lands nor lands in large holdings to be affected by this bill. It is intended to help a poor and deserving class of men who are trying to make actual homes as farmers. Even if it was possible for these men to raise money by bonding themselves, a thing that cannot be done in this case, it would not be fair that this government should insist that they do so as long as public money is used in a large section of this country. The item of interest would in nearly every instance double the cost of the work. Bonds drawing 5 per cent running twenty years require for their payment an amount of interest equal to the principal. Money could not be obtained upon more favorable terms, if at all.

This bill is framed upon the same lines as the same provisions so far as applicable to this situation. It provides for the return to the United States government of every dollar that may be expended for drainage. It has in it the same provisions as that act for a preliminary survey before money is expended upon any work, so as to carefully guard against undertaking any impractical projects. There is at hand official surveys showing that nearly all of this land is swampy and overflowed and that the land is capable of drainage. In this, as in the irrigation project, only main canals would be cut. The extent of these canals will, if this bill is passed, be determined by the secretary of the interior, the same as that officer now determines the extent of irrigation canals. To deny this relief, so pressing and necessary to the people of Minnesota, while we are expending millions of dollars from the public treasury for irrigation to benefit people no more deserving, is neither fair nor just, and your committee urges that this bill become a law.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 309, Red Lake Series for the N. E. ¼, Sec 15, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Charles Thompson, " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, "
Henry Cook, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22 dec 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th, Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6769, Chippewa Series for the W. ½ N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Sec 30, Tp. 156, N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Blockstadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan. 1907, viz: Andrew N. Dyrdahl, H. E. 325, Red Lake Series for the S. W. ¼, Sec 32, Tp. 151, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Aslak Olson, of Kratka, Minn.
Andrew Anonson, " Brunkeberg, "
Hans Olson, " Thief River Falls, "
Knut Bjorge, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 22

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Adolph W. Henning, H. E. 645, Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Edward Iverson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Anton Hanson, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "
Simon Olson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 29 jan 3

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Thousand and Fifty dollars ($2,050.00) principal which fell due on June 27th [illegible], and accrued interest thereon, and in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred One Dollars and Seven Cents ($301.07) additional interest which was due on the 27th day of June, [illegible], upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. P. Carlson, an unmarried man, and A. L. Bolstad and Mrs. Annie Bolstad his wife mortgagors, to Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of June, 1902, and by reason of such default the entire sum secured by said mortgage having at the election of the holder of said mortgage become due and said entire sum having been declared due by the holder of said mortgage by reason of such default, which said mortgage with a power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 7th day of August, 1902, at eleven thirty o'clock in the forenoon in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 122, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, to George Q. Erskine by a written assignment dated the [illegible] day of November, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon in Book 15 of mortgages on Page 85, and upon which said mortgage there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety Nine Dollars Twenty-Six Cents ([illegible]) and no action or proceedings having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statue in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The South East Quarter and the East half of the South West quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) Section Thirty-One (31), Township One Hundred Fifty (150) Range Forty-One (41) West, containing, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, three hundred twenty acres, be the same more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the [illegible] day of January 1907, at twelve o'clock noon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety Nine Dollars and Twenty-Six Cents ([illegible]) and interest and taxes if any, on said premises and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

GEORGE Q. ERSKINE
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Dated December [illegible]
A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee
Crookston, Minnesota.
[illegible]

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIII. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1906 NUMBER 52

SPEAKER IS FAVORABLE

Speaker Cannon Favors the Steenerson Drainage Bill.

House Leaders May Not Permit It to Pass at Session However

A dispatch from Washington says that Speaker Cannon will interpose no opposition to the passage of the bill introduced by Representative Steenerson providing for the drainage of overflowed and swampy lands in Minnesota. The speaker will not, however approve a rule for the special consideration of the measure. The bill is now on the calendar and must take its chances, according to a statement to Representatives Steenerson and Bede, who called on him to discuss the matter.

After a careful canvass of a large number of members in the house, Mr. Steenerson says that he considered seriously whether the measure applying only to the swamp lands in the state can be passed at this time. In fact it is his opinion that action on drainage legislation must be deferred until the next congress.

"All that can be done this winter," said Mr. Steenerson, "is to continue the campaign of education. While the prospects are not as good as they were, I shall leave no stone unturned to put the Minnesota bill through. The leaders evidently are determined that general legislation of the importance of drainage shall not be put thru this winter."

Bids Wanted.

Independent School District No. 18 desires to receive bids for the furnishing of said district with 200 cords of green poplar wood. The wood must be good body and split. Bids must be in the hands of Dr. G. A. Penney, clerk of said district, before 8.30 p. m. on January 9, 1907.

17 CASES.

Quite a Number of Small Pox Cases in the Lumber Camps.

Dr. Blakeslee, the Beltrami county physician, reports that there are at present seventeen cases of small-pox in Beltrami county, and that several others are being guarded and watched for developments. All of the patients are in the county pest-house, where they receive every care and attention.

Unusual care is taken in handling these cases, so that there can be no possible chance of contagion. Most of the cases are found in lumber camps north of Bemidji. The sufferers with the disease are driven overland to the pest house, and speedily taken care of. No quarantine of the patient is allowed, but he is taken at once to the pest house, and the camp where found is quarantined the customary time, in order to prevent the spread of the disease.

THE FORESTRY BOARD

Wants State to Appropriate for Reforesting Cut Over Lands.

The state forestry board at its annual meeting at the capitol decided to recommend to the legislature the making of an annual appropriation of $25,000 to carry out the plans on cut over lands. In addition the report drafted by the board says:

We recommend that provision be made for the examiners of the remaining vacant public lands of the United States within this state, a portion of which are supposed to be adapted for forestry, for the purpose of ascertaining what tracts therein will be available for agriculture and what tracts would be only suitable for forestry, with a view of having the forestry lands, if any, turned over to the state or administered by the United States government for forestry purposes.

The undersigned believe the time has come when reforestation should be undertaken by the state in a business like manner and on a larger scale than at present, and that it would be wise to make a suitable beginning during this period of prosperity.

The board is composed of S. M. Owen, president; C. C. Andrews, secretary; A. C. Wedge, M. M. Williams, Samuel B. Green, F. Weyerhaeuser and W. B. Douglas.

DRAINAGE POINTERS

George A. Ralph Tells of Reclamation of Minnesota Lands.

Much Useful Information Given Upon the Subject of Drainage.

George A Ralph of Crookston, delivered at the drainage congress held recently in Oklahoma City, a paper on "The Reclamation of Minnesota's Waste Lands." It appeared in part in the Oklahoma City Times-Journal, as follows:

With an increasing population of from 1,000,000 to 5,000,000, annually and with practically every acre of arable land over which floats the Stars and Stripes occupied the problem of reclaiming the vast areas of wet and arid lands must be worked out, and to my mind is one of the most momentus problems concerning our internal affairs.

The area of land that can be reclaimed at comparatively small cost and added to the wealth-producing area of this country is from 175,005,000 to 200,000,000 acres; about half of this vast area consists of land which, in its natural condition, is too wet for cultivation, the other half of arid land can be rendered productive by irrigation. Prof. Thomas Shaw, one of the most noted agriculturists of this country, after making an examination of some of Minnesota's swamp lands, says: Two acres of this amazingly fertile land, well cultivated, will yield a good living, annually, for one person.

These lands will be the most productive of all lands. Not only is it vastly important that these swamps be reclaimed on account of their wonderful fertility but it is much more important from a sanitary point of view. Transform these wet areas from ponds, sloughs and disease-breeding marshes to the [illegible] fully productive areas and you [illegible] not only added a value to our arable area, but you have removed the cause of innumerable diseases that are annually taking from us, prematurely in human lives, a large part of our greatest asset, the value of which is not measured in dollars and cents. Very striking examples of what can be accomplished by proper drainage was shown in the work done by Gen. Wood in Cuba and by the drainage work carried out incidental to the construction of the Panama canal.

The state of Minnesota has a land area of 50,335,376 acres and a water area of about 3,608,012 acres, included in this land area is about 8,000,00 acres of land too wet in its natural condition for agricultural purposes. Survey of the greater part of the wet lands of the state recently made, shows that these waste lands can all be reclaimed and can be reclaimed at a remarkably low cost.

The estimates of the engineers engaged on the survey, place the cost of constructing the required number of surface drains in that part of the state, included in this survey, at an average of from $1 to $2.50 per acre to the lands benefitted.

The wet lands of the state, with respect to ownership, are divided as follows:

Federal government, 1,330,000 acres.
State, 2,310,000 acres.
Private parties, 4,360,000 acres.

In the reclamation of these lands—the most important phase of the whole problem is the equitable distribution of the burden of costs.

Under existing laws the lands owned by the federal government cannot be taxed for drainage purposes, consequently these lands cannot be drained, neither can other lands that are contiguous, the drainage of which would incidentally drain government lands and the cost of the improvement equitably distributed. The county drainage law of Minnesota provides for assessing state lands where benefit by the construction of such ditches, this law, however, cannot be applied in manny instances. To initiate proceedings thereunder requires a petition signed by at least six land owners whose lands will be affected by the construction of the proposed ditch. The state, through its officers, cannot initiate proceedings or sign such a petition. In instances where the state, the federal government and non resident land owners, own practically all the lands along the route of a proposed drainage channel, the application of the county drainage law would not be practicable.

"A remedy is suggested as follows:

"That a fund be set apart by congress for the reclamation of wet lands to be placed at the disposal of the department of agriculture, to be expended in the reclamation of wet lands in localities where the federal government owns land. That assessments for the cost of the improvement be levied against all lands in proportion to the benefits received and that the money so collected from such assessments be returned to the government, such assessments to be extended over a period of not less than ten years with the option of paying all when desired. The right to appeal in such proceedings to be given only as to the question of benefits and damages. All public lands in states requiring drainage, to be withdrawn from settlement and market pending the determination of the cost of such improvements. In localities where the state and private land owners only are concerned if the state drainage commission were empowered to initiate proceedings and to have benefits appraised and assessed against lands, benefits, the drainage of such lands could be accomplished in this way and the cost of the improvement equally distributed. This arrangement would require the setting apart by the legislature of a fund to be used by the state drainage commission in carrying out the work, such funds to be reimbursed by assessments.

The topographical and drainage survey of the swamp lands of northern Minnesota just completed, shows that the drainage of all the wet lands can easily be accomplished; that good surface slopes prevail in nearly all localities, in some places a surface slope of as much as fifteen feet to the mile is found and few places in the whole area covered by the survey—had a surface slope of less than two feet to the mile. The numerous natural water channels reach out to all parts of the state, furnishing adequate outlets within reach for the drainage of wet lands. The average cost per acre to lands benefited for surface drainage in the area covered by the survey is placed at $1.40. The average value of these wet lands at the present time is estimated at $4 per acre; the average value per acre when drained at $14.

Compare these figures with the costs and benefits derived from the reclamation of waste lands elsewhere, and it will be found better results can be obtained at such small cost.

Public drainage work in Minnesota has been carried on to a greater or less extent for the last fifteen years. Up to the present time, approximately $2,312,500 has been expended by the state under the direction of the state drainage commission and about $2,000,000 by the several counties of the state under the provisions of the county drainage law.

The work has consisted almost entirely of surface drainage or open ditches, and has resulted in making arable nearly 2,000,000 acres of land, which in its natural condition was too wet for agricultural purposes. The money expended in drainage by the state was almost wholly confined to areas in which the state owned land. The appropriations for the work were made from the general fund of the state in amounts varing from $50,000 to $100,000.

This plan has always met with much opposition from parts of the state in which no state lands were located, it being claimed that owing to the fact that the state's holdings in many places were not in solid bodies and in draining such tracts much private lands were drained which should rightfully contribute to the cost of the improvement.

At the present rate of progress the reclamation of all the waste lands in Minnesota should be accomplished in from fifteen to twenty years. It is the opinion of those who have given this question much study that with the effective work being done towards creating a favorable drainage sentiment throughout the state by drainage work by the state on a more extensive scale than has been done in the past, and with good prospects that the national congress will make provisions for the reclamation of the lands of the state under the control of the federal government, drainage work in Minnesota will progress much more rapidly in the future than it has in the past.

Brought Home a Bride.

John Skog, one of the employes at the Soo round house left last Saturday for Deer Creek, Minn., and returned on yesterday accompanied by a bride, having been married on Christmas day to Miss Maud May Junkin, one of the handsome and accomplished young ladies of Deer Creek. The many friends of Mr. Skog in this city are extending congratulations.

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Pure Grape Cream of Tartar

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ROYAL costs you a few cents more per can than Alum or Phosphate of Lime powders, but it is worth far more than the difference to keep your biscuits, cakes and pastry free from the injurious effects of these cheapening substitutes.

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T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
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B. DAN BJORKMAN.

CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

THE DAIRYMAN

I wish to consider that one trial of all dairymen, the clinging of the manure to the thighs and hocks of the cows, writes W. J. Elliott in American Agriculturist. I have heard it said that this is easily overcome if the dairyman makes it his chore to brush down the thighs of the cows every day. It is a fact that it is not a big chore if we look to the bedding and the brushing each day. At present I am practicing in my dairy a system of keeping clean the cows' thighs. It consists of the clipping very short of the hair on the thighs, hocks and tail of the cows. The accompanying illustration shows what I mean. You will find the portion of the cow's thigh that is clipped is below the dotted line.

With an ordinary pair of horse clippers cut very short the hair from below the hock to a line drawn from the stifle to the tail head. The horse clippers may also be used for clipping the udder, but the clipping of the tail is difficult unless we have some one to hold it.

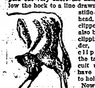

CLIP BELOW LINE.

Now, when the cow gets up, any litter that may cling to her thighs will dry very quickly because it is so close to the hide. When dry it is very easily brushed off and the thigh is as clean as ever. If the thighs are not clipped and the long winter coat of hair becomes wet with manure we all know what a long time it takes it to dry even if brushed off as clean as possible.

This system has worked so successfully and it takes such a short time to clip the animals that I clip not only my cows, but my steers. It is really wonderful how clean they can be kept with very little care when they are clipped in this manner. Besides this, with my steers, we clip a ridge two widths of the horse clipper right along the backbone from the tail head to the back of the head. This is just the place, especially on the steers, where the hair, in a measure, is standing on end and furnishes a splendid position for dust and dirt to drop directly into the hide. When the hair is cut short the slightest brushing will prevent the collection of dust and dirt in this manner, and thus the steers have not that restless, itchy feeling along the shoulders and back.

This system of clipping the cows and steers is practiced regularly twice each winter. Two of my men clip ten cows in an afternoon before milking time, and I certainly figure that these few hours are saved ten times over during the winter by the ease with which the cows are kept clean.

Concentrated Dairy Foods.

In experiments to determine the best forms of roughage for dairy cows along with concentrated foods the Pennsylvania station found that where grass is not available silage was best. Some dry fodder or hay should be fed along with the silage. The experiments show that corn stover can be used to replace timothy hay with excellent results and a considerable saving of cost. If grown in a rotation, timothy hay should be sold and corn used for the dairy animals. Pure cottonseed meal contains a larger per cent of digestive protein than gluten meal and is much richer in fertilizing qualities. It will in most cases prove the best feed to produce milk and butter. As cottonseed meal is often adulterated, farmers should require a guarantee of 42 to 46 per cent of protein. Wheat bran is one of the finest of dairy feeds, but it contains only about one-third as much protein as cottonseed meal and often costs about the same per ton; therefore, the dairyman is paying three times as much for each pound of protein. If the dairyman is obliged to buy feed, the most concentrated will usually prove the most economical.—Farmers Advocate.

Weeding Out.

Whether the cows are grade or pure bred, vigorous selection must still be practiced. In order to select intelligently it is necessary that accurate records be kept of the cow's performance. We need not know what the herd averages, but we must be able to pick out the poor cows that are bringing the average of the herd down. A man says he knows his best cow without bothering with the milk scales and the Babcock test, but experience on trying both ways shows that he does not always know. Frequently the cow that he thinks the best turns out the poorest, says Otto Irwin in Farm Star.

Overhauling the Herd.

This year would be a good one to convert those unprofitable milk cows you have been "boarding" so long into beef. Be sure you do not discard your good cows when you begin overhauling and thinning out your herd, for often the most unpromising cow in the lot from external indications is the best. The sure way to know what is what is to weigh and test the milk from each and all your cows. After you have made a thorough test of their dairy capacity you can rid yourself of the boarders to better advantage. This will be a good time to begin improvement, says the Farmers Advocate.

PARAFFINING OF CHEESE.

It May Be Done on the Farm at Little Expense.

Nearly all factory cheese is now paraffined, and the advantages obtained by covering the cheese with a thin layer of paraffin are:

The loss in weight during curing is much less than without the paraffin, and the cheese will stand a higher temperature in the curing room without damage.

Mold is entirely prevented or at least greatly checked.

Flies cannot deposit their eggs through the paraffin, and that prevents skippers.

The paraffining of factory cheese is done by dipping it in melted paraffin, so that a thin layer adheres to the cheese, but of course it takes quite a large kettle full to dip even a ten pound cheese, and this method would on that account be somewhat expensive for cheesemakers on the farm. The paraffining can, however, be done at practically no expense and with very little work by the following method:

Melt a pound or two of paraffin (costing about 15 cents per pound) in a kettle until it is quite hot and begins to smoke and then cover the surface of the cheese, using a fairly stiff brush, say about an inch in diameter, and rub it in good. Be sure to keep the paraffin hot and dip the brush frequently. Do not try to cover too much *surface* with one dipping of the brush. The coating should be about half the thickness of a dime and adhere well to the cheese. It takes less than 1 cent's worth of paraffin for a ten pound cheese.

The cheese should preferably be from three to ten days old when paraffined, and the surface must be wiped dry. It is best to leave the cheese in a warm room for some hours before paraffining; otherwise it is difficult to get a coating that will stick. As the farmer generally has no regular curing room, says a writer in Hoard's Dairyman, it will pay him well to take the little extra trouble in paraffining all his cheese.

Homemade Butter Worker.

A very effective butter worker, which will save a great deal of labor, can be made by any man at all handy with tools out of some strips of hard wood, maple preferred. Fashion the pieces into a wide, shallow trough, tapering at one end to about four inches. Set this trough on three legs, two under the wide end and one under the narrow end, strengthened by an extra piece underneath to fit them into.

Make a roller out of a piece of the wood four inches square and one foot longer than the trough or body of worker. A very good length for a medium sized dairy would be thirty inches for the body part and four inches for the roller. Cut with a fine tooth saw one inch deep on each side of the stick at a point twelve inches from one end. This extra twelve inches is for a handle and should be dressed down round and smooth to about two inches, so that it is easy to grasp by the operator. The remaining three feet must be made tapering, the small end (that opposite the handle) being not more than an inch in diameter. Dress the wood square, then cut off the four corners to make it octagon in shape.

In the narrow end of the trough drive an ordinary iron staple and in the small end of the roller a short, heavy cut iron nail—not a wire nail, which would be likely to bend. The nail should project about an inch. This fits into the staple, holding the roller in place, and completes about as effective a butter worker as any one need ask for.

Dairy Talk of Today

The best cows do not always have the largest udders. Often udders are deceptive. Scales and the Babcock test is the surest way to determine your most profitable cows.

Test Associations.

It is important to know the yearly yield of every cow in the herd and whether she is paying or not if the best results are wished for. To this end test associations are being formed in some parts of the country to work out the problem of herd improvement.

Just Before Milking.

There are two very practical methods of reducing the amount of hair, dust and filth that ordinarily falls into the milk. By giving the flanks of the animal and the udder a good washing and then wiping dry just before milking; the other, and probably the most satisfactory method, is to wipe the udder and adjacent parts with a damp cloth.

Stable Bacteria.

At Cornell Agricultural college some of the trained scientific men engaged there undertook the study of stable bacteria and how fast they will multiply. A hair from a cow's flank was put into 500 cubic centimeters of sterilized milk. After shaking it for a minute there were fifty-two bacteria per cubic centimeter; after twenty-four hours it contained [illegible] per cubic centimeter. A cubic centimeter of milk is a very small quantity, only a few drops, and is expressed in abbreviation by the letters C. C. Another experiment was made in which a piece of hay taken from the stable floor about two inches long was placed in 500 cubic centimeters of sterilized milk. The milk was shaken one minute and then contained 3,025; after twenty four hours it contained 7,412,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter. Now, it is these bacteria of the destructive kind, says Hoard's Dairyman, that destroy the quality in milk, cream, butter and cheese.

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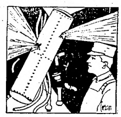

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NOBEL PRIZES ARE GIVEN OUT

Formal Distribution to the Winners with the Exception of President Roosevelt.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The formal distribution of the Nobel prizes with the exception, of course, of the one presented to President Roosevelt, took place on the evening of Dec. 12. J. J. Thompsen, professor of experimental physics at the University of Cambridge, England, was given the prize of researches into the nature of electricity; M. M. Moissan, professor of chemistry at the Sorbonne, Paris, was awarded the prize for his experiments in the isolation of fluorine, his researches regarding the nature of that element and his application of the electric furnace to the service of science; Professors Ramon Cajal and Golgi, of Paris, received the prizes for their works dealing with the anatomy of the nervous system, and Gidsue Carducci, professor of Italian literature at the University of Bologna, was awarded the literature prize.

During the past week there has been much anxiety in Sweden regarding King Oscar, who has been critically ill for some time. According to latest dispatches, however, he is somewhat improved and it may be that he will be able to rally. During the last twenty-four hours the aged king's condition has taken a decided turn for the better. That there is much concern about his majesty's condition can be revealed from the fact that all the members of the royal family are now in Stockholm and Crownprince Gustaf has been appointed prince regent. King Oscar is suffering from heart failure and should he be subject to another attack it is not unlikely that he would die. Last Sunday prayers for King Oscar were offered in all the churches throughout the country.

The Swedish national dancers from the Skansen Enthnographical gardens of Stockholm are again touring American cities and wherever they appear they are receiving great ovations. These dancers are one of the most original attractions that ever came from Sweden. To see the Skansen dancers perform some of their numbers is like listening to the pastoral symphony of Beethoven or the Rustic Wedding of Soderman or Goldmark. These dancers appeal to the learned and cultivated just as much as to every day, unpretentious folk. This season the Swedish national dancers have appeared under the auspices of the state universities of Michigan and Nebraska. Their value also from a purely athletic point of view is considerable.

In a recent interview P. P. Waldenstrom is quoted as follows: "Why I didn't return to the riksdag? I felt that it wouldn't work. I came from the riksdag to the mission covenant and felt bad inwardly; I came from the covenant to the riksdag and felt bad inwardly. It was really impossible to attend to both places at one time."

David Stockman, the new tenor at the Royal Opera, is attracting a good deal of attention. He possesses a remarkably round youthful voice and sings with an expression which does not fail to please the most critical audience. He is at present appearing in "Mignon."

Ernest Josephson, one of Sweden's leading portrait painters, died at his home in Stockholm last month, aged 55 years. He was born in Stockholm in 1851 and had for many years resided in France and Spain, where he diligently pursued his art.

John Forsell, the popular opera star who, during the past few months, has been seriously ill, made his reappearance at the Royal Opera on the evening of Nov. 26. He played to a crowded house and received an ovation.

Crownprincess Victoria recently underwent an operation in Berlin, which was in every was successful. She is still confined to her bed and is receiving the best of care at a private hospital conducted by Professor Passow.

King Oscar has presented to the Danish poet, Holger Drachmann, six volumes of his literary efforts in memory of Mr. Drachmann's recent visit to the royal palace in Stockholm.

Professors Schuck and Montelius are among those mentioned as possibilities for the Svenka Akademien this season. Both men stand high in educational and literary circles of Sweden.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The Norwegian parliament has conferred the Nobel peace prize upon President Roosevelt. The Nobel peace prize is awarded to President Roosevelt in recognition of his services in ending the Russo-Japanese war. Candidates for this distinction must be proposed by legislative bodies, peace organizations or universities. It is understood that the president's sponsors were Professor H. P. Judson, acting president of Chicago university; Professor Baldwin, of Yale; Professor Harberger, of the University of Munich, and the faculty of Georgetown university, Washington. The peace prize went last year to Baroness von Suttner of Vienna, and in previous years to W. H. Creemer, M. P., of England, and Henri Dumant, founder of the Red Cross. The Nobel peace prize is part of a bequest left by Dr. Alfred Bernhard Nobel, the Swedish scientist, who died in 1896. By his will a large portion of his fortune was devoted to five annual prizes, each valued at about $40,000. They were awarded for the most important discoveries in physics, chemistry physiology or medicine, for the distinguished work of an idealistic work in field of literature and for the best effort toward the fraternity of nations and the promotion of peace. The last-named is awarded by the Norwegian parliament. The others are awarded by institutions at Stockholm. The American minister, Mr. Pierce, in an eloquent speech thanked parliament in the president's name, and read a message from President Roosevelt expressing his deep thanks and saying there was no gift he could appreciate more. The president also announced that he had concluded to use the prize to establish at Washington a permanent industrial peace committee with the view of maintaining righteous peace in the industrial world, which was as important as the maintenance of peace in the world of nations. The president said of the proposed committee: 'The object will be to strive for better and more equitable relations among my countrymen who are engaged whether as capitalists or wage workers, in industrial and agricultural pursuits.'"

Railway employes in Norway have from time to time demanded an increase in wages, but thus far their efforts along these lines have been unsuccessful. A massmeeting was recently held in Christiania, which was attended by 1,200 railway employes, who passed a set of resolutions in which they set forth the justness of their cause and also passed a resolution to the effect that if an increase of wages was not forthcoming prior to April 1, that a general strike would be inaugurated. It is the general belief that their wages will be increased.

King Haakon during his recent visit to London gave an audience to Sir Edward Gray, the British minister of foreign affairs. The Royal Norwegian Telegraph Bureau got the report mixed, however, stating that the foreign minister had paid Edward Grieg, the Norwegian composer, a visit at "Hotel Westminster."

The gross receipts resultant from last season's tourist traffic in Norway amounted to 6,000,000 crowns. This includes only the hotel, railway and boat traveling receipts and does not include the immense sums which tourists spend at the shops and stores generally.

Professor Johan Storm celebrated his 70th birthday Nov. 29 and Storthing's President Berner was 65 years old on the same date. Both are grand old men and stand eminent among Norway's great men of today.

The National theater's receipts for last season amounted to 401,000 crowns. The expenses, however, were 450,000 crowns. Hence the theater has been conducted at a considerable loss.

The steam trawler Forsoget was sunk in a storm Dec. 11. All of her crew, numbering twelve men, were drowned. The boat was lost on the coast of Christiansand.

A branch of the Trondhjem's people's library will be opened at Ostbyen in the near future. The Grimstad school has been closed on account of a diptheria epidemic.

The "Jernbanehotellet," in Honefos, has been sold by Proprietor Jens Madsen to Peter Viger and Jacob Aasbel for 75,000 crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Denmark seems by no means to have settled the "Icelandic question," says an editorial writer for the Minneapolis Journal, by its recent concessions to the "isle of snow and fire." The island seems determined upon eventually obtaining practical independence, with the common kingship of Frederick as the only bond to Denmark. The latest movement is for an Icelandic flag, thus paralleling Norway's demand for a "clean flag" in the days before the crisis, when ultra patriots flew a flag from which the Swedish cross had been removed. The flag proposed for Iceland is a white cross on a blue field. If this were a local flag and bore upon it evidence of Denmark's sovereignty, the point would doubtless be yielded at Copenhagen. But as it is supposed to be the intention to use the flag as a national symbol in all waters, the project may be vetoed. Another symptom of insular independence is the dropping of the movement to erect a statue to the late King Christian at Reykjavik on the ground that the first monument to be erected in Iceland's territory should not be in honor of a Danish king, but rather to some national character of the golden days when Iceland was free and independent. A more serious matter, because it affects an important industry, is the movement to treat Danes as "outlanders" as regards fishing in Icelandic waters. This is resented at Copenhagen, in view of the fact that a Danish cruiser has been maintained in Icelandic waters to protect the native fishermen from encroachment of foreigners. Altogether, it is evident that if Iceland is to be retained as "an inseparable part of the Danish monarchy" questions such as these must be handled with deftness.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Soap as a Medicine.

"When I was a boy," said the old man, "they often made me take a little soap as a medicine. It did me good.

"Soap was prescribed in the village for cramps, for sick headache, for a half dozen complaints. The people admitted that it was a nauseous dose, but on the other hand they pointed to its efficacy.

"When I was taken down my mother would cut from the cake of yellow soap in the kitchen a chunk about as big as a chestnut.

"'Now, sonny,' she would say, 'swaller this,' and she'd hold the yellow morsel in thumb and forefinger close to my lips.

"I'd begin to whimper. The smell of it and the idea of the lather that would form in my mouth—the lather I'd have to swallow—would fill me with despair. But my mother was inexorable. With stiff lips I'd take the soap into my mouth, I'd chew the soft and slippery stuff a little and then, with a groan and a dreadful gulp, I'd swallow it. Horrors!

"Horrors!" said the old man, smiling. "I can still taste those doses of soap that were so common in the village in my boyhood."

Jewish Thrift.

The Allgemeine Rundscau, Vienna, in an article on the Jewish question and anti-Semitism, has this to say as to Jewish thrift: "If we could only induce our own lower class to acquire the Jew's thrift, his industry, his sense of order, his scrupulous exactitude, his religious loyalty and love for his family the Jew on his darker side would appear far less dangerous to them than is at present the case. If one Sunday, by way of interesting experiment, one were to conduct an inquiry into the station, wealth and religion of visitors to the various public houses, the following result would transpire: A large number of the guests would be Christians who would do far better to save than spend their money in alcoholic refreshments, gaming and tobacco. There might be a few Jews, but at the most they would content themselves with a cup of coffee."

An Ancient Hebrew Bible.

The highest amount ever offered for a single volume was tendered by a number of wealthy Jewish merchants of Venice to Pope Julius II for a very ancient Hebrew Bible. It was then believed to be an original copy of the Septuagint version made from the Hebrew into Greek in 277 B. C., careful copies of the Hebrew text having been prepared at that date for the use of the seventy translators. The offer to Julius was £20,000, which, considering the difference between the value of money then and now, would in our day represent the princely sum of $500,000. Julius was at that time greatly pressed for money to maintain the holy league which the pope had organized against France, but in spite of his lack of funds he declined the offer.

Weight of a Lion.

"What does a lion weigh?" Ask that question of any acquaintance and see what he will say. Those who best know the look of the king of beasts and how small his lithe body really is will probably come furthest from the truth. About 300 to 350 pounds is a usual estimate. But this is below the mark. A full grown lion will tip the scales at no less than 500 pounds. Five hundred and forty pounds is the record for an African lion. His bone is solid and heavy as ivory. The tiger runs the lion very close. A Bengal tiger killed by an English officer scaled 520 pounds. A tiger of this size has, however, considerably greater muscular strength than the biggest lion.

Millers' Best Customers.

The forty odd million sacks of flour consumed yearly in the United Kingdom are mainly eaten in the form of bread. In the houses of the rich and in the best hotels bread is sparingly eaten, but among the middle classes and in workmen's homes it forms a considerable portion of the diet. As the latter class predominate and as their families are the most numerous, it is not improbable that the children under sixteen consume about three-fifths of the total flour sold in the United Kingdom. In a commercial sense, therefore, the children are the millers' best friends.—London Milling.

Rule the "Roost" or "Roast?"

Steuen Gardener, an under cooke in the Cardinal Wolfe Wolsey hys house, and afterwardes allowed of kynge Henry the eyght to be a master cooke, and hys principall cooke for a longe tyme, ruled the roste in ye kynge's house as boldly and as saucely as hys maister dyd before him, as ye blowe upon his cheke that my Lorde of Warwyke gave him may bare wytnes.—Spirituall Physic, 1555.

Big Differences.

"What!" said the judge. "You expect me to send your husband to prison when you acknowledge that you threw five flatirons at him and he only threw one at you?"

"Yes; that's all right, judge," said the irate woman, "but, then, the one he threw hit me."

Counterfeits.

"They bill and coo a good deal."

"That's all a bluff."

"Then you think they are only mock turtledoves?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Tonics.

Willie—Pa, what's a tonic? Pa—It's something you take to brace you up. Willie—Well, what's teutonic—something to brace you too much?

Look beneath the surface. Let not the quality of a thing nor its worth escape thee.—Marcus Aurelius.

STUDY OF A GLACIER

CURIOUS FEATURES OF THE CREEPING MASS OF ICE.

In the Summer It Is Noisy With the Voice of Many Waters—Often Gray In Color From the Debris Gathered In Its Mountain Journey.

Although we are far removed from the ice age in point of time, the tourist agencies have made it easy for one who has a week or two to spare and a few pounds in his pocket to visit countries where glacial conditions still prevail.

Probably the first impression of most visitors to a glacier is that it is very like its picture. There are the snow crowned mountains. There is the ice filled valley. There are all the varieties of moraine just as the text books depict them. The first impression, however, is a very superficial one. Glaciers are just like most things in this world. When we get to know them we find they are quite different, in some respects, at least, from what we expected.

As acquaintance ripens we find out all sorts of little things which the writers of text books doubtless know perfectly well, but never thought of mentioning, things which perhaps were so familiar to them that to describe them would have seemed like saying that rain is wet or that snow is cold, but which nevertheless fill the novice with the pleasure of having discovered *the unexpected.*

One of the things which first struck the writer when he first spent a few days in the near neighborhood of a glacier was to find what a noisy creature it was. Somehow one associates with snow and ice the idea of intense quiet, and no doubt if one climbs high up among the snow on the mountains one will find it quiet enough. But lower down on the surface of the glacier there is, at least in summer time, continuous noise.

The noise is the voice of many waters. All around are innumerable little rivulets caused by the melting of the ice in the heat of the summer sun. These trickle and babble and splash their sinuous courses for longer or shorter distances, but none go very far before they plunge headlong down one of the numerous fissures or crevasses. Some seem to fall into a larger torrent far below. Others make their way into some glacial mill where stones are churned round and round, just as one may see in the potholes in the stream at East Linton.

By listening intently one may be able to hear this churning sound mingling with the voice of the waters. Miniature avalanches contribute their quota of noise. Now some pinnacle of ice topples over and splinters into a thousand fragments. Anon a handful of stones come sliding down the side of a ridge of ice, perhaps to splash into a pool. All these various causes combine to produce a wonderful amount of noise.

Another curious feature of glaciers is that the surface of the ice in many instances appears quite extraordinarily dirty. This does not seem as it should be. Snow is one of the symbols of purity. Surely the ice descending from the pure white snow on the mountains should be pure also.

Yet when we view a glacier from a little distance we are often surprised at the enormous amount of debris gathered on its surface. Besides the central moraine or moraines—often there are several—composed of considerable masses of stone, we find finer particles of matter imbedded in the ice all over the surface, often in sufficient quantity to give it a grayish color.

All this solid matter has at one time or another fallen upon the surface of the glacier and is being borne along by it as a river bears along the sticks and leaves that fall into it. But in the case of a glacier we may have exposed to view the accumulations of hundreds of years. At the lower end of the glacier there is much of interest. In the first place, there is very often a great cave in the ice, and from this there issues the glacier stream. This cave often looks as if it ought to be explored, and it may be possible to make one's way under the ice for a considerable distance.

But let the traveler beware. Expeditions of this kind are far from safe. The interior of a glacier may be studied safely enough in the grottoes and tunnels which are carved into the living ice of many show glaciers, such as that of the Rhone, but the ice at the debouche of the stream is in an unstable condition. Every now and then the cave partially collapses or great masses of ice fall from the roof, and in a moment an unwary tourist may be trapped or crushed to death.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Trees That Whistle.

The musical tree that grows in the West India islands has a leaf of peculiar shape and pods with split or open edges. The wind passing through these creates the sound which gives the tree its name. In Barbados there is a valley filled with these plants, and when the trade winds blow across the island a constant moaning, deep toned whistle is heard, which in the still hours of the night has a weird and unpleasant effect.

A species of acacia growing abundantly in the Sudan is also called by the same name. Its shoots are frequently, by the aid of the larvae of the forest insects, distorted in shape and swollen into a globular bladder from one to two inches in diameter. After the insect has emerged from a little circular hole in the side of the swelling the opening, played upon by the wind, becomes a musical instrument equal in sound to a sweet toned flute.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 and E.½ of Sec. 19 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hulvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ole Holmen, " " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 20 jan 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th., 1907, viz: Carl Habedank H.E. No. 343 Red Lake Series for the Lots 7, 8, of Sec. 32 T'wp. 155 N., of R. 41 West and Lots 3, 4 of S. ½ of N.W. ¼ of Sec. 5 in T'wp. 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ristau, of Germantown, Minn.
Emil Ristau, " "
Nick Bundhund, of " "
John Ristau. of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 27 jan 31

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Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

December 27, 1906.

Olsen's Recommendations.

The state superintendent of public instruction will recommend in his biennial report that provision be made for the election of county boards of education to exercise powers similar to those of city boards of education. The object of this change is to provide a means for securing a class of county superintendents of schools more nearly on a par with the city superintendents.

At present the county superintendent is an elective office and no legal qualifications are prescribed. Under the proposed system, it is pointed out, the county board will be able to select men because of their qualification to fill the positions without reference to their residence.

In his report Mr. Olsen says:

The country child is entitled to teaching just as inspiring, environments just as healthful and comfortable and supervision just as efficient as is the city child. At present he is not getting these. The city schools of Minnesota are noted for the scholarship, professional attainments and high character of their superintendents, who are elected strictly upon their merits, regardless of politics or the accident of residence, and who without professional certificates secured under rigid supervision of the state examining board would be ineligible.

We have professional city superintendents, college bred, who as a rule have served their apprenticeships as teachers, graded school principals, secured their promotion to the superintendency of small cities and gradually advanced to the most desirable positions in the state. Young men of thorough qualifications and natural fitness may enter the field with reasonable expectations of promotion; the prospects of advancement retaining them and inciting them to their very best efforts.

Superintendents of the 192 state high school districts, including the high school principals in the Twin Cities, are paid an average of $1,357 a year, and under their expert supervision the schools have flourished; meanwhile our county schools, in which the majority must receive their education, have been left to shamefully underpaid supervision, that has too often lacked scholarship, experience, culture and intelligent interest.

Nor is it surprising that the country superintendency fails to attract and retain our best educators. If compelled to go through the turmoil of party contests and if the salary in prospect were so inadequate as to be beggarly it would be impossible to have made our city schools the best in the Union. The plan of selecting and licensing city superintendents is a success. No one thinks of changing it. Why not adapt it to the needs of the country schools?

Why not permit the voters of each county at the annual school meetings when party issues are not an issue to elect a county board of education? Provision could be made for a board of five members, one or two to be elected each year. The expense of such an election would be slight. The same tellers that count the votes on the incoming member of the local board could make the proper returns to the county auditor. This plan has been under discussion for some time and generally commends itself to progressive educators and others interested in education throughout the state. Such a board should assume the school duties now resting upon the board of county commissioners, and should also select the county superintendent in the same manner as a city board of education selects its superintendent, without regard to any consideration other than the best interests of the service. This plan presents many advantages.

Incidentally it would increase the attendance and interest in the annual school meetings.

Under our constitution no educational qualifications can be legally prescribed for the county superintendent, as he is an elective officer. Election by a board would provide a method whereby the legislature could prescribe reasonable qualifications.

It would build up a professional county superintendent. Unlike city superintendent, the county superintendent cannot look forward to any promotion is his specialty. His official experience does not logically lead to promotion. As already stated, a man who gives a smaller city competent supervision may expect advancement; but a county superintendent of exceptional ability in a smaller country cannot expect advancement to a larger one.

Conditions in the country, even more than those in the city, as was set forth at length in the report of this department two years ago, need the best supervisory talent, but for very apparent reasons have not been getting it. Many countries do not have within their boundaries an available person for the office; men and women of scholarly instincts hesitate to make a house-to-house canvass before the primaries; the exposures incident to school visitation are severe; and the pay is small, the average salary of county superintendents last year, including allowances for traveling expenses, being $1,151 per year.

Campaigns in rural communities for the education of public sentiment on school questions are doomed to only partial success without the active leadership of a county superintendent of scholarship, culture, tact, wisdom, energy, consecrated purpose and business ability, who can command the confidence and enlist the active cooperation of teachers, officers, patrons and pupils.

We cannot command the best service in a county superintendency without paying at least living salaries and otherwise making it more attractive, so as to justify our best men and women in placing themselves in special training for it.

The prescribed educational qualifications should not be so rigid as to be discouraging. County superintendents in service prior to [illegible] should be considered legally qualified in the future without further examination.

The plan proposed will without doubt enable county boards to build up a professional superintendency in the same way that city boards have built up a professional superintendency that is generally recognized throughout the entire nation for its high character, scholarship and efficiency.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

Correct returns on the total vote of the state and the constitutional amendments show that the good roads amendment is 135 votes short of a majority, so it will doubtless be declared lost by the state canvassing board. The total vote of the date stands at 284,008, and the road amendment got only 141,870 votes. It would have received 142,005 votes in order to carry. It remains to be seen whether it was the tax amendment that lost. Attorneys for some of the interested parties have been watching the vote, with a view to making a contest if there was any show of winning. It is evident that they could hardly succeed in switching all the votes from one amendment to another. If they changed a large part of the votes it would reduce the tax amendment's big majority and probably pull the road amendment through by a small margin.

Cannon Falls Beacon: When one considers the political animosities that confronted President Roosevelt when he first assumed the duties of chief executive his present standing is nothing short of marvelous. No president has ever been so frequently and so bitterly criticised in the spirit of personal hostilities. No president has ever had the stirring up of so many mares nests charged to him. His very virtues were exaggerated into vices, but he pursued the honest tenor of his way and his honesty, nerve and ability have won. His standing with the people is absolutely impregnable.

The Hon. G. A. Gearhart.

Coming Lecture on "The Foot-Prints of the Centuries." This will be the fourth number in the Lyceum Course. For most of us this will be the best number of all. There is no form of entertainment that can ever surpass in charm and fascination, the noble speech of a great and good man. Mr. Gearhart is a great and good man and is at his best in his lecture "The Foot-Prints of the Centuries." He delights, enthuses and instructs.

Lecture to be given in Evensons Hall Saturday evening Jan. 5th. 1907. Tickets at the Stebbins Drug Store.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship Companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The Steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. Craig,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

TRUANT OFFICER.

School Board to Appoint One in the Near Future.

The attention of parents and guardians in school district 18 is respectfully called to the following facts:

A list of 109 names of children of school age in this city who have not attended school so far this year is in the hands of the Board of Education. For the reasons cited below the Board is forced to take steps to secure the attendance of these children at school.

1. The compulsory school law and the labor laws of Minnesota under the new code compel school officers to take action when the conditions cited above obtain.

2. Each child of school age who attends school for at least forty days each year entitles the district to a share in the state apportionment. Last year it amounted to almost five dollars per pupil, so by the non-attendance of 109 pupils the district loses about $500.

3. Schools, teachers and equipment have been secured and at considerable expense to the school district. These were procured solely to care for education of the children of this city. Having obtained them, it becomes the duty of parents and guardians to see that their children are afforded opportunity of taking advantage of them. Wherein they fail to do this the law forces the board to interfere.

As a matter of self preservation and protection the state insists on and demands the education of its youth. Ignorance and vice flourish together and an intelligent citizenship is the saving power of the state.

5. The future welfare of the child itself demands that it may properly care for itself later.

Acting under authority of the law, the Board will appoint an officer in January whose duty it will be to secure the attendance at school of all children of school age. As there is no truancy in the schools this will apply to non-attendance. Sections of the compulsory school law and of the labor law applicable to these cases as quoted from the code are herewith appended, that all interested persons may govern themselves accordingly.

Section 1445—Every person having under his control a child between the ages of eight and sixteen years shall send him to some school in which the common English branches are taught during the entire time the public schools of the district in which he lives are taught, unless such attendance is excused in whole or in part by the school board or the board of education of such district, as here in after provided.

Section 1448—The board of any district may appoint and remove at pleasure truant officers, who shall investigate all cases of truancy or non-attendance at school, make complaints, serve notices and processes, and attend to the enforcement of all laws and school regulations respecting truant, incorrigible, and disorderly children and school attendance. Whenever any truant officer learns of any case habitual truancy or continued non attendance of any child hereby required to attend school, he shall immediately notify the person having control of such child to forthwith send to and keep him in school. He may arrest without warrant and take to school any such child, and shall act under the general supervision of the board, or, when directed by the board, under that of the city or district superintendent. Such officers shall receive a salary, fixed by the board appointing them, but no fees.

Section 1458—Any person who shall fail or refuse to send to or keep in school any child of whom he has legal charge or control and who is required by law to attend school, when notified by a truant officer so to do, and any person who induces or attempts to induce any such child unlawfully to absent himself from school, or who knowingly harbors or employs, while school is in session, any child unlawfully absent from school, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than thirty days. All such fines when collected, shall be paid into the county treasury for the benefit of the school district in which such offence is committed.

Section 1801—No child under fourteen years of age shall be employed at any time in any factory or workshop or about any mine; nor shall he be employed in any mercantile establishment, or in the service of a telephone, telegraph, or messenger company, except during the vacation of the schools.

Section 1807—Except as provided in section 1808, no child under sixteen years of age shall work for hire during the hours in which the public schools in the place of his residence are in session, unless since his last birthday he shall have attended school at least twelve weeks, six of them in succession.

Section 1808—Whenever it appears upon investigation that the labor of a minor, who would be barred from employment under section 1807, is necessary for his support, or that of the family to which he belongs, the schoolboard or school trustees of the place where he resides may issue a permit authorizing his employment within certain hours to be fixed therein.

By order of Board of Education.

Subscribe for the News.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Gen. Lew Wallace's Greatest Book Dramatized "Ben-Hur."

Two Illustrated Songs—"The Palms" and "The Holy City."

An Abrupt Finale.

Joaquin Miller had just won recognition as the poet of the Sierras and was working on a paper in Oregon. He had been contributing verses and short stories and had just begun a tale about the soldiers on the frontier who suffered with scurvy. The editor wanted the scurvy story for the morning publication, but Joaquin Miller could not concentrate upon his work. His mind leaped to the anticipated joy of a great social function occurring that evening, for at this time he was a social lion. However, he had proceeded in his story up to the point of the conditional cure for the disease where all the soldiers suffering with scurvy had been buried, with only their heads exposed to view. The editor was yelling "Copy!" The poet's mind refused to work. He could not finish the tale, leaving his soldiers in such a plight. Suddenly an inspiration came to him. He grabbed his pencil and wrote rapidly the following words:

"And a she wolf came along and ate off all their heads." Then he made a bee line for the door and was not seen again until the next day. His story was not published.

A Cause of Divorce.

"What is the most frequent cause of divorce?" the lawyer was asked.

"It is nearly incredible," he said, "but a thing that causes divorce oftener than you'd imagine is married people's quarreling over their right to open one another's letters. The husband will claim that he is entitled to open the wife's mail. The wife will claim that she is entitled to open the husband's. In the letters of neither will there be anything of a private or compromising nature, but nevertheless they both want to get their mail inviolate—it enrages them to have it opened and read. Quarrels over this letter opening question vex, I suppose, 90 per cent of married couples. Of this 90 per cent a distressingly large proportion go on from bad to worse till they wind up in the divorce court. So, young man, when you come to marry, leave your wife's mail alone, no matter how she may pry into yours."—New York Press.

Quick Wit Saved His Life.

"The strangest and most thrilling piece of swordsmanship I ever saw," said the fencing master, "was in Vermont. I was spending the autumn in a mountainous part of the state, and there was a military encampment near my hotel. One morning an officer's horse started to bolt with the man during parade and made at breakneck speed toward a precipice. The officer tried to stop the horse, tried to turn his head—no use. On dashed the frantic animal straight for the abyss. We all held our breaths. In another instant we expected to see horse and rider go over the cliff. But the officer when within fifty feet of the edge drew his sword and plunged it twice deep into the horse. The horse staggered, slowed, keeled over, dying. The man had sacrificed the animal's life to save his own."

Ages In the Animal Kingdom.

A great variance as to length of life appears among different animals. Some insects live for only a few hours, while fish, elephants and turtles are frequently centenarians. The average life of the mosquito is three days. Toads usually live to the age of about fifteen years, while carp have been known to reach 150. Chickens live from twelve to fifteen years, dogs to the age of ten and occasionally fifteen and parrots to extreme age. These birds have been known to pass the age of 200 years. Turtles are also frequently centenarians, as are storks, and elephants are said to reach the age of 300 years. Whales have been known to live for 400 years.

Postage Stamps.

The largest postage stamp ever issued was a five cent stamp of the United States intended for newspaper postage. It was 4 by 2 inches in size. The smallest postage stamp, on the other hand, was a twenty-five pfennig stamp of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, issued in 1856. It was one-fourth the size of an ordinary postage stamp. Incidentally it has been calculated that about 13,000 different kinds of postage stamps have been issued by the various countries of the earth.

Fate.

A strange comedy and tragedy was woven into the lives of Ibsen and Bjornson. As young men they were great friends; then politics flung them apart; they quarreled and never met for years and years. Strange fate brought the children of these two great writers together, and Bjornson's daughter married Ibsen's only child. The fathers met after a quarter of a century of separation at the wedding of their children.

Age and Years.

The man of forty must not think himself old. He is only beginning really to live. A man's usefulness is gone only when he ceases to grow. Age is not a matter of increasing years so much as of waning enthusiasm.—Milwaukee Journal.

Measures.

Teacher—Now, you have all studied about liquid measure, and I think you know it. Johnny, you may now tell me what measure treats of inches, feet and yards. Johnny—Tape measure, teacher.

Subscribe for the News.

MAN AND MEMORY.

The Way We Get Our Impressions of a Previous Existence.

"Have we lived before?" is a question discussed by many correspondents of British newspapers. Dr. Andrew Wilson analyzed the strange phenomena of memory given by the contributors in part as follows: "The doctrine of metempsychosis or transmigration of souls represents a very ancient belief. Not merely did it credit the possibility that the soul after death could be transferred from one human being to another, but it also held that the human soul might take up its abode in another form of life and be transferred from the purely human to the lower animal domain. The theory asserts that as each stage is ended and a new era begun the soul sheds most of the features it illustrated in the life it left, retaining now and then, however, vague memories of some of its antecedent states. Such memories, forcibly projected into the foreground of our existence today, it is held, should convince us that we have 'lived before.'

"Everything we have heard or seen or otherwise appreciated through the agency of our sense organs—every impression, every sensation—is really stored up within those brain cells which exercise the memory function. True, we may not be able to recall all of them at will. Many are doubtless beyond the reach of the power that revives and prints off for us positives from our stored up mental negatives. But it is none the less significant that on occasion we can disinter memories of events whose date lies very far back in our lives—recollections, these, perhaps, we have never realized after their reception, but lying latent and only awaiting the requisite and proper stimulus to awaken them and to bring them to the surface of our life.

"This expresses briefly what we mean by our 'subliminal consciousness.' It is that underlayer of stored up impressions and memories which is only fully awakened in certain brain states and of which in our ordinary life we only receive the faintest and most occasional reminders of its existence. We do not recognize the source of every bit of ancient news the subliminal consciousness may bring to light, and so we treat its resurrections as if they were reflections from some previous phase of existence. But often the clew is supplied us, and the apparent mysterious reawakening of past life appears merely as a recollection the origin of which we did not at first recognize.

"Even the idea that sometimes strikes us on entering a strange place, hitherto unknown to us, that we 'have been there before' is capable of rational explanation. Our brain is built on the double principle and acts in appreciating our surroundings through the simultaneous work of its two intellectual centers. If there exists a slight discrepancy in this simultaneous work, so that one half of our brain appreciates the scene a little before the other half, we are presented with the false memory of having seen the place before."

The Antiquity of the Glove.

The antiquity of gloves has long been in dispute. The question turns upon the rendering of a passage in the fourth chapter of the book of Ruth, verses 7, 8:

"Now, this was the manner in former time in Israel concerning redeeming and concerning changing for to confirm all things. A man plucked off his shoe and gave it to his neighbor, and this was a testimony in Israel. Therefore the kinsman said unto Boaz, 'Buy it for thee.' So he drew off his shoe."

For shoe in these verses, it is said, we ought to read glove. On this matter M. Josephs, a Hebrew of great literary attainments and author of several learned works, advanced the following theory: The Hebrew nangal signifies to shut close or inclose. When followed by regel, the foot, it might mean a shoe or sandal, but when it stands by itself, as in the original of the passage quoted, it must be rendered "glove." It is further stated that the ancient and modern rabbins agree in rendering the word from the original as "glove" and that Joel Levy, a celebrated German translator, gave, instead of shoe, his picturesque native term of hand schuh, hand shoe, by which gloves are known in Germany to this day.—"Gloves," by William Beck, 1883, in Notes and Queries.

Grain as Foodstuff.

To most people of our present time, says Dr. A. E. Gibson in the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette, the necessity of bread consumption for the maintenance of bodily existence stands as a central, unquestionable fact. That such a high reward for grain as foodstuff, however, is overdrawn is evident from the circumstance that entire races of men have been and are yet found to sustain a magnificent physical health and strength on a diet wholly exempt from bread. The great majority of African and Australian aborigines are enjoying physical health and strength though in perfect ignorance of a nourishment prepared from our familiar grains, and the entire Mongolian race finds in rice a substitute for bread. In tropical countries fruits and nuts were always found to supply the natives with an ideal diet, while the various species of grass served the roaming herbivorous animals as a means of subsistence. This grass diet, originally a purely animal diet, has, under the influence of cultural incidents and a misguided palate, been turned into a diet for man. For grain, even including the "king of grains"—wheat—is botanically a grass gone to seed.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

Miss Lind is visiting relatives at Warren.

Sheriff Linnihan was in the city Monday.

Miss Reiner is spending her vacation at Glencoe.

John Morgan was down to Mahnomen last week.

Miss Sherbino left last week for Owatonna.

Miss Annand is spending the holidays at Lake City.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Miss Rumsey is spending her vacation at Spring Valley.

Miss Swanson is visiting friends at Warren this week.

Mrs. E. E. Rose and son are spending the holidays at Fargo.

Miss Osborn left last Friday for Glyndon to spend the holidays.

Miss Coleman left last Saturday for Minneapolis to spend the holidays.

Miss McDoughal left Sunday evening for Stillwater to spend the holidays.

E. J. Morrissey was down to Crookston to spend Christmas with his parents.

H. G. Dobner left Saturday evening for Kalispell, Mont., to spend the holidays.

Frank Lawrence arrived here Saturday to spend the holidays with his family.

A. B. Helgeson left last Saturday for Spokane, Wash., to visit friends for several weeks.

T. G. Peterson, of Sorum, was in the city last week and made the News a pleasant call.

Misses Carlson, Slack and Day, of the city schools, are spending their vacation at Minneapolis.

Audin Sherberg, chief devil in the News office, was over to Grand Forks to spend Christmas.

Otto L. Baker, of the town of Nordon, left last Saturday for North Dakota to spend the holidays.

T. P. Hamre and wife left last Friday evening for St. Paul and Iowa points to spend the holidays.

Walter Rosenbury left last Saturday for Spokane, Wash., to join his wife and spend the holidays.

Mrs. Martin Curran left last Friday evening for Eau Claire, Wis., to spend the holidays with her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Mabey and son, Maurice, left last Friday evening for Lake City, Minn., to spend the holidays.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

Knut Rogness, one of the enterprising settlers living out near Germantown, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Miss Lila Jackson arrived in the city last week from Evarts, Canada, and will make her home with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Jackson in the future.

James Bulman left last week for the Red Lake country and will remain there until spring looking after the logging operations of Bulman Bros.

Misses Meehan, McCrum and Jonas, who are attending the Moorhead Normal school, arrived in the city Saturday to remain during the holiday vacation.

Senator Hanson expects to take his family with him when he goes to St. Paul next month. They will reside there during the legislative session.—Ada Herald.

Peter Ebehardt and his two sons, Malcom and Orbin, left Sunday morning for Prince Albert. Mr. Eberhardt will build a steamboat up there for the Prince Albert Lumber company.

"Alcohol" Andrew drank so much hot stuff last Saturday that he appeared upon the streets wearing a straw hat. Chief Erickson took him to the city jail and gave him an opportunity to cool off.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a lathe for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Wm. Warner spent Christmas in Crookston.

Dr. Grundy was up to Middle River yesterday.

C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston Christmas Day.

Miss Prior left last week for Montivedio to spend her vacation.

George Meehan came up from Crookston to spend the holidays with his parents.

Joseph Weeks, who is teaching school at Terrebonne, is spending his vacation in the city.

Harry Roberts, local manager for the Finch-Smith company, spent Christmas in Crookston.

Carl Trisvold, who is attending a business college at Crookston, is in the city visiting his parentr.

—Minnesota Star is put out in 5 and 10 cents sizes. A Havana filled cigar—the best on the market.

Miss Grace Meehan, who is teaching school at Wylie, is in the city spending her vacation with her parents.

Senator A. L. Hanson, of Ada, was in the city Tuesday receiving the congratulations of his many supporters here.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

Wayne Richardson, who is attending the state university, is spending the holidays in the city visiting his parents.

Services by Rev. M. L. Dahle, New Years Day at 3:30 p. m., in the Zoin church. Everybody is cordially invited.

Miss Jennie Wood, one of the teachers in the public schools at Warren, arrived in the city Monday to spend the holidays with her parents.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and Brunkeberg, a duck coat lined with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

The Farmers Co-operative Creamery association of Thief River Falls desires to receive sealed bids up to January 5, for the filling of the ice house.

—The Ladies Sewing Society of the Norwegian United church in the town of Rocksbury will hold an auction sale and serve supper at S. O. Lee's place on Saturday evening, December 29. All are invited and especially residents of Thief River Falls.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

John Pillar, who had been working in the woods up near Blackduck had the misfortune to have two ribs broken by the falling of a tree. He returned to this city the first of the week and will spend the remaining part of the winter up on his claim near Brunkeberg.

It is reported that the Hanson & Barzen Milling Co. of Thief River Falls will build an elevator here next spring which will have a capacity of 75,000 bushels, and a flour storage and exchange will be operated in connection. Does this indicate that the Great Northern intends to move to Greenbush? Doesn't seem credible!—Roseau Region.

The Grace Union Synod Sunday school held their Christmas entertainment at the Rocksbury school house Christmas eve. A very interesting program was rendered by the members of the Sunday school, after which the presents were distributed and refreshments served. The school house was well filled and the enjoyment of the evening not soon to be forgotten.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

The Moorhead Independent says that the past two or three seasons have amply demonstrated to the farmers of the Red River Valley that mixed farming is the only remedy. Had some of the farmers diversified the past season, instead of depending wholly upon wheat, for the little that was farmed, the outlook for the winter would have been much better. The man who has a few milk cows and a bunch of fat hogs, always has something which he can turn into ready cash, and there is no place where such can be raised at more of a profit than right here in the valley if planned right. The Red River Valley is alright for wheat—sometimes—but it pays to diversify and thus be prepared for the bad years when they do come.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7.30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30.

August Bradfeldt, pastor

Mrs. Kidder went down to Crookston to spend Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. John Torrison spent Christmas at Fisher.

Fr. Adolph returned to this city last Saturday from a trip to Iowa.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Stanislous Morin last Saturday.

Andrew Wassen was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Bert Walker left yesterday for Duluth to visit his brother during the holidays.

Miss Lillie Peterson, stenographer in the First State Bank, spent Christmas in Crookston.

Mrs. J. W. Eastman left last evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton and children left last week for Lockport, Ill., to spend the holidays.

Otto Johnson came up from Henning the first of the week to visit his sister, Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

Miss Rose Wendt and Miss Hazel Lang are up at Middle River visiting friends during the holidays.

Frank Reichter left yesterday for Fertile and will work in the flour mill at that place during the future.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Trinity Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. Hultun on the East Side Tuesday, January 8th, 1907.

Word has been received here to the effect that Ruffus Rollis, son of O. J. Rollis, was recently married to a Canadian girl at his new home at Three Hills, Canada.

Dr. Tupper expects to leave the latter part of next week for Switzerland. He will be ablent for about a year and will spend the time in traveling in Europe.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Last Wednesday a sample page of our high school magazine, "The Caldron", floated around the assembly room causing some little excitement.

On Thursday Supt. Hay announced the advent of the magazine on January first, nineteen hundred and seven. This is to be a small magazine, written by a board of high school pupils but not printed by them. It will consist of a history of the high school, topics on athletics. It will be on sale January first for ten cents a copy. Everyone should buy at least one copy and see what our pupils can do. This may be made an annual magazine or it may make its first and final appearance at the given time. At any rat , see one!

Supt. and Mrs. Hay will entertain the Seniors, Juniors and Sophomores on New Year's Eve.

Last Friday the grade teachers received gifts from their pupils. The pupils enjoyed giving as much as the teachers enjoyed receiving the gifts.

Most of the teachers left for their homes last Friday to spend the Christmas vacation.

Irene Caldwell visited the assembly room and some of the grade rooms last Friday.

The Junior reporter has handed in his resignation. At the last class meeting Willis Akre was elected assistant or hindrance, whichever he may prove to be.

The high school boy's vie with each other in seeing who can be the first to uncover the piano for the Snior president, the school pianist. Sometimes it takes as many as three or four boos to perform this courtesy.

Notice.

A meeting will be held in the city of Thief River Falls, on Saturday Jan. 12, 1907, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the City Hall, of those who have subscribed for Stock in the Farmers Elevator Co., temporarily organized on Dec. 18, 1906, and all other farmers interested in this matter, for the purpose of completing said organization and receiving new members.

Be sure to attend this meeting whether you have subscribed for stock or not, so we can have the farmers from all sides of town represented in the permanent organization.

By order of the first meeting of said company.

Andrew Trovaton.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	66c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c
Potatoes, bushel	35c
Turkeys, dressed	15c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	6c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath evening worship at 7.30 p. m.
Sabbath School at 12 o'clock.
Christian Endeavor Prayer meeting and prayermeeting. Thursday evening at 7.30 p. m.

We will welcome you to our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Subscribe for the News.

SECRETARY INVESTIGATES

Patents Will Not Be Issued to Homesteaders Until Land is Examined.

President Roosevelt Sends a Special Message to Congress.

Homesteaders who have made final proof upon their claims and have not yet received their patent, may be caused considerable trouble if they did not comply with the law. President Roosevelt has ordered the secretary of the interior to allow no patent to be issued to any person until the matter has been investigated. The following is a special message he sent to congress regarding land matters and it will be of much interest to most of our readers:

"The commutation clause of the homestead act serves, in a majority of cases, to defeat the purpose of the homestead act itself, which is to facilitate settlement and create homes. In theory the commutation clause should assist the honest settler, and doubtless in some cases it does so. Far more often it supplies the means by which speculators and loan and mortgage companies secure public possession of the land. Actual—not constructive—living at home on the land for three years should be required before commutation, unless it should appear wiser to repeal the commutation clause altogether.

"I am gravely concerned at the extremely unsatisfactory condition of the public land laws, and at the prevalence of fraud under their present provisions. For much of this fraud the present laws are chiefly responsible. There is but one way by which the fraudulent acquisition of these lands can be definitely stopped, and therefore I have directed the secretary of the interior to allow no patent to be issued to public lands until, by an examination of the ground, actual compliance with that law has been found to exist. For this purpose an increase of special agents in the general land office is urgently required; unless it is given, bona fida would be settlers will be put to grave inconvenience, or else the fraud will in large part go on."

NEW HOTEL BILL

Commercial Traveling Men to Ask the Legislature for One.

A new hotel bill to be presented to the next legislature, has been prepared by the hotel legislation committee of the United Commercial Travelers of which J. W. Williams is chairman, as a substitute for the hotel inspection act, passed at the 1905 session. It provides for the appointment of a state hotel inspector, at a salary at $2,000 and a deputy for each congressional district. An inspection fee of $5 for hotels of twenty rooms is provided.

The bill is similar to the provisions for fire escapes and sanitary regulations. In hotels of more than three stories, it requires a hall extending from one end of the building to the other, and at each end of the hall an iron fire escape. Every hotel of less than four stories must provide a manila rope, with knots and loops for each room over the first floor. Elevators must be inclosed with iron sheathing and have tight doors to the shaftways.

Another section makes stringent provisions for drainage and plombing on sanitary principles. Violation of the law is punishable by a fine of from $10 to $100 and each day the hotel runs in violation of the act shall be considered a separate offense.

Prosperous Farmers.

The ones that have their cows coming in in the fall and gives them good care is the one that gets the coin.

The St. Hilaire creamery paid 28c per pound for butter fat in November and will pay 31 cents in December. These are prices that make the farmers that have plenty milk smile.

Those receiving over $50 are:
N. E. Beebe, $76.21.
N. A. Nelson, $53.83.
Gust Konikson, $54.21.
H. Haupt, $59.16.
L. Janke, $53.85.

The total amount of business done amounted to $2,150.21. This will be the lowest month of the year.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

CASED DISMISSED.

No Proof That St. Hilaire Man had Abused His Family.

Judge of Probate Tarrant, County Attorney Germo and Sheriff Linihan went to St. Hilaire Monday where they investigated charges preferred against A. W. Kemp, machinist at the planing mill, for cruelty to his children. It seems that reports have been current at St. Hilaire for several months that Kemp was ill-treating his three young children the oldest of which is about twelve years and the talk become so strong that the people there had the matter laid before the county attorney and petitioned that the children be taken away from Kemp and placed in the state home. The hearing was held on Monday and witnesses were called, but there seemed to be no one who could bring satisfactory proof of the charges made. Kemp denied the allegations, and stated that under no circumstances would he consent to being parted from his children, that they were well fed, well clothed and cared for as well as any children in the county. In view of the evidence submitted Judge Tarrant dismissed the matter. Kemp alleges that the investigation was started for spite work, while others are as emphatic in their statements that charges are true, but could not be substantiated. It is to be hoped, however, that they are not, as no man is so low or contemptible as one who willingly allows a defenseless child to suffer. The state was represented by County Attorney Germo, and Mr. Kemp by Attorney J. K. Hannay of St. Hilaire.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Have Left Town.

A petition was presented to Judge of Probate Tarrant last week, asking that the three children of one Mr. Verboncher, of Thief River Falls, be taken from her and placed in the state school, it being stated that she was not a fit person to raise them. The Judge issued a citation, ordering her to be present at a hearing at the office of the mayor of Thief River Falls at 11 o'clock last Saturday, but before the train left here he was informed over the telephone that she had left for parts unknown, taking her children with her, so Nick did not go up. It is too bad that she was not detained until the court could take her children from under her care and place them where they would at least be brought up as human beings should be. But then, the unfortunate kid of today has to bear many burdens before attaining the age of self support, and the case in question is not as bad as the many that are daily presented throughout the wicked old world.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—Subscribe for the News.

PICTURE FIGHT.

Nelson-Gans Fight to Be Seen in Thief River Falls.

Tomorrow night at the Evenson Opera House, moving pictures of the Nelson-Gans fight will be on exhibition. The following taken from the St. Paul Dispatch will give some idea as to the character of the pictures:

At last St. Paul is to see the real Gans-Nelson fight pictures. They will be shown at Mozart hall tonight, Sunday and Monday. Yesterday afternoon they were shown to a gathering of newspaper men.

St. Paul is having the same experience with the Nelson-Gans dispute that other cities have had. The pictures shown by Bill Noland, with everything favorable to Gans cut out, were first seen here. They were very unsatisfactory. The pictures shown now are complete in every detail, much better than the first set was, and the entire fight is given, no rounds being cut out to favor one man or the other.

The pictures show the main facts of the fight to be just as I summarized them after seeing the other pictures. In all the elements of genrralship Gans was in a class by himself. Nelson was the stronger man physically. Over and over again Gans had Nelson just out as the bell rang, only to have the Battler come back as strong as ever. There was very little actual fighting. After the tenth round Nelson started every round by rushing in with his head down and Gans defended himself generally by holding Nelson's glove under his arm.

The pictures show that Gans did knock Nelson of his feet in the eighth round.

The pictures also show that the press reports sent out from the ringside were tolerably accurate and not made up to give Nelson the worst of it, as Nolan has claimed.

In many of the rounds the action corresponds to a dot with the Associated Press reports sent from the ringside.

The pictures satisfy me that Nelson fouled Gans, but not intentionally.

At the time of the foul both men were very tired and Nelson was the stronger of the two.

The fight could not have gone on much longer as it was becoming almost too dark to see at the time the fight ended.

The most interesting thing in these pictures is the series of preliminary views before the fight, showing every street in Goldfield with the crowds thronging the sidewalks and moving about the town. There is a very complete panoramic picture of the surrounding country showing the sage brush, the mine shafts, and the mining operations in the neighborhood of Goldfield.

The pictures are in every way satisfactory and complete and it is unfortunate that Mr. Nolan in the past has refused to show them just as they are from first to last with nothing left out put in.

Farmers May Build Elevator.

As will be seen by a notice in anoth column, a number of farmers living this vicinity are talking of building elevator in Thief River Falls next A meeting was held on December and a temporary organization was fected. Shares in the company $10 each.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.

MAKES GENERAL CUT

STATE RAILROAD AND WAREHOUSE COMMISSION ISSUES NEW DISTANCE TARIFF.

Judge Isaac Atwater, Member of Minnesota's First Supreme Court, Dead at Minneapolis—Henry Sussman, Convicted of Wife Murder in Mill City, Given Life Sentence—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, Dec. 24.—The state railroad and warehouse commission has sent to the railroads copies of the new carload commodity rate tariff governing in Minnesota, pursuant to the recent investigation by the commission as to the reasonableness of present rates. The new schedule is on a mileage basis, and is to be made effective after Jan. 25.

Substantial reductions are made in all the rates. Deep cuts have been made in the grain and coal tariffs. Lumber rates are likewise slashed, while the live stock rates are not affected so much. Comparatively bigger cuts have been made in the soft coal rates than the hard coal rates. The provision is made in the order that, where any rate on grain or lumber now in effect is lower than the rate provided in the new schedule, the rate shall not be raised. It is noted by the commission in its order also "the commission has not attempted to fix joint rates by this order, but has left it to the companies in adjusting their tariffs to provide reasonable joint rates. If they fail to do this, the commission will undertake to make such joint rates, and this proceeding will be held open for this purpose."

JUDGE ATWATER DEAD.

Member of First Supreme Bench of Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Dec. 23.—Judge Isaac Atwater, a pioneer of Minnesota pioneers, a member of the first supreme bench of the state and of the first board of regents of Minnesota university, died in this city yesterday morning. Judge Atwater was past eighty-eight years of age and for several years had been gradually failing in strength, although he refused to regard himself as an invalid and continued to go to his law office even after it had become necessary for him to make the trip in a wheel chair.

Judge Atwater had lived in Minneapolis for more than a half century and his name stands out prominently in all of the early history of his city and state. Although he was educated to be a lawyer and did follow that profession all of his life he also found opportunity to achieve distinction in other lines of activity. He was editor and afterward owner of the St. Anthony Express, the first newspaper established in the settlement that is now Minneapolis, and through his connection with that paper he became known as an able and forceful writer. Later he wrote several books of Minnesota and Minneapolis history.

MURDER IN SECOND DEGREE.

Verdict of Jury in the Case of Henry Sussman at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Dec. 19.—The jury in the case of Henry Sussman, on trial for the murder of his wife in the Glenwood hotel here on Sept. 26, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. Sussman was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Sussman, in court prior to the announcement of the verdict, and for some time afterwards, showed that he was under a great nervous strain. He had partially recovered himself when taken out of the courtroom and was heard to remark:

"This is a h—— of a Christmas present to give a fellow."

The jury at the outset were divided into three sections—one favoring murder in the first degree, another murder in the second degree and a third manslaughter in the first degree.

FIRE VICTIMS MAY DIE.

Lamp Is Overturned and Two Women Are Severely Burned.

Minneapolis, [illegible] 21.—Mrs. August Hehl of Long Lake, sixteen miles west of Minneapolis, and her maid, Bessie Streibel, were probably fatally burned as the result of a kerosene lamp explosion in the Hehl home. Both are in St. Mary's hospital here and are suffering great pain. Both women are burned all over their bodies, and physicians have small hopes of saving their lives.

Elevator Burned Down.

St. Paul, Dec. 20.—The elevator of Bather Bros., near the Omaha railway tracks in Mendota, Minn., was destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock p. m. The loss is estimated at $20,000. The fire, it is thought, was caused by spontaneous combustion in the top of the building, where dust had gathered.

Former Mayor of Duluth Dead.

Duluth, Dec. 24.—Horace B. Moore, sixty-three years old, secretary and treasurer of the Duluth board of trade, mayor of Duluth in 1885 and customs officer for Duluth during Cleveland's first term, dropped dead at his home in this city after supper.

Speakership of Minnesota House.

St. Paul, Dec. 13.—The fight for the speakership of the next house of the Minnesota legislature has been settled and Lawrence H. Johnson of Minneapolis is busy receiving the congratulations of the house members and other candidates.

FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION.

"Virginia Silver" Mine Case Dismissed by Supreme Court.

Washington, Dec. 17.—In the case of Pearl H. Smith vs. Auditor Iverson of the state of Minnesota, which was dismissed by the supreme court of the United States during the day, there was a charge of fraud and conspiracy against some of the minor officials of the state. The object of controversy was a small tract of land in St. Louis county, which is owned by the state and on which is located the valuable iron mine known as the "Virginia Silver." Smith instituted the suit to secure possession of the lease on the property, which now stands in the name of Mabel Evans. He charged that the lease to Evans had been made immediately after it was denied to him; that the lease was really in the interest of George A. Flinn and L. C. Patterson, both clerks in the office of the state auditor, and that Flinn is the clerk who, after rejecting his lease, accepted the application of Evans. The dismissal was announced by Chief Justice Fuller and was based on the lack of jurisdiction. The effect of the court's action is to leave standing the decision of the United States circuit court for the district of Minnesota, which was unfavorable to Smith.

COAL SUPPLY RUNNING SHORT.

Minneapolis Is in Danger of a Fuel Famine.

Minneapolis, Dec. 22.—The coal supply in Minneapolis is running short and if the weather becomes severe in the near future many people will suffer as a result.

At the present time the city is consuming about 3,500 tons of coal daily and the supply on hand is 35,000 tons. Only 2,500 tons are being shipped into the city daily and at present prospects do not point to an increase in the figures. In November the city disposed of 86,000 tons of coal and over 100,000 tons will have already been used in December.

In other words, the amount of coal being used is increasing constantly and there is no increase worthy of mention in the supply. At the present rate of decrease in the amount of coal on hand a cold snap of a week's duration would put the city in a position where it would forget about the small towns in the Northwest and begin to think about its own troubles.

There is a good supply of coal at the Head of the Lakes at the present time, but most of this is being sent to the small towns in Minnesota, the Dakotas and other Northwestern states.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND'S VIEWS.

Noted Prelate Discusses the Church Trouble in France.

St. Paul, Dec. 24.—Archbishop Ireland spoke at the Cathedral in the evening on "The Church and State in France," giving a review of the present trouble between the church and state in that country, its causes, results and probable outcome. The archbishop does not think that there will be any violent resistance to the laws of associations which the church has refused to accept. But he stated that the law of associations must be amended so as to bring to the church justice and freedom, else the reign of passive resistance will continue.

Infidelity and hatred of religion dominates the minds that govern France, said the archbishop. The idea of hatred of religion and the omnipotence of the state is the cause of the trouble. The archbishop stated that the law of associations is permeated with the sprit of injustice and persecution and that it permits confiscation of the blackest dye. He stated that the Catholic church never will agree to lodge the possession of her temporalities or the regulation of her worship in associations independent of the control of her heirarchy.

BUSINESS GROWTH TOO FAST.

J. J. Hill Says Railroads Cannot Keep Pace With It.

Minneapolis, Dec. 20.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, was the star witness at the final session of the interstate commerce inquiry into the car shortage in the Northwest. He declared that the business of the country, especially of the West, has increased beyond the power of the railroads to handle it. The only solution he could recommend was a largely increased mileage and larger terminal facilities.

Both Mr. Hill and Mr. Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific, denied that the policy of their systems was to make a ton-per-mile showing at the expense of every other consideration.

Other testimony was to the effect that on the Hill roads trains were overloaded beyond the capacity of the locomotives to haul them; that delays ensued through engines breaking down.

BEHEADED BY A TRAIN.

Fifteen-Year-Old Boy Killed at Merriam Park, Minn.

St. Paul, Dec. 18.—The headless body of Gerald MacDonald, fifteen years old, 442 Beacon avenue, was found by Station Agent Fitzgerald lying close to the St. Paul tracks, near the Merriam Park station on Prior avenue. The boy had attempted to catch a ride on the passenger train which leaves the Merriam Park station for Minneapolis.

Young MacDonald and Emil Bergland jumped the train as it was pulling out of the station. MacDonald managed to board a car ahead of his friend and turned around to see if his companion had got aboard when the train swept over the Prior avenue bridge. MacDonald was brushed from the steps, falling beneath the coaches.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

In a special message to congress transmitting the report of Secretary Metcalf on the Japanese controversy at San Francisco President Roosevelt reiterates his declaration that the entire power of the federal government within the limits of the Constitution would be used promptly and vigorously to enforce the observance of our treaty, the supreme law of the land, which treaty guaranteed to Japanese residents everywhere in the Union full and perfect protection for their persons and property.

President Roosevelt has complied with the request of the senate in transmitting to that body a transcript of testimony and documents connected with the discharge of a battalion of negro troops of the Twenty-fifth infantry. The accompanying message, a lengthy document, was decidedly severe in its criticism of the soldiers alleged to be concerned in "shooting up the town" of Brownsville, Tex.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, who has been criticised by the senate committee on Indian affairs, declares that his order withdrawing 4,000,000 acres of land belonging to the Five Civilized tribes will stand and the land will not be restored unless the investigation as to the legality of his act, now in progress, develops that he exceeded his authority.

Oscar S. Straus of New York has assumed his duties as secretary of commerce and labor, Secretary Metcalf being transferred to the navy department. Attorney General Moody was sworn in as an associate justice of the supreme court and Charles J. Bonaparte took the oath of office as attorney general.

A reduction of more than $4,000,000, or 27.83 per cent, in the excess of expenditures over receipts of the postoffice department is shown in the annual report of Edwin C. Madden, third assistant postmaster general.

President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to contribute funds for the relief of millions of famine sufferers in China, who are on the verge of starvation.

The supreme court of the United States has held the quarantine order of Secretary Wilson to be unconstitutional because it covered state as well as interstate movements of cattle.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS

Resolutions denouncing President Roosevelt's message to congress on the Japanese situation in San Francisco and resenting his interference in the domestic affairs of the state were adopted at a mass meeting held in San Francisco under the auspices of the Japanese and Korean Exclusion league.

The car shortage hearing of the interstate commerce commission at Minneapolis has closed, a mass of testimony being heard during the three days of investigation. All the railroad officials claim that the heavy increase in traffic is responsible for the present situation.

L. B. Hicks, who was rescued from the Edison company tunnel at Bakersfield, Cal., where he was imprisoned nearly sixteen days because of a cave-in, apparently is suffering no ill effects from his unusual experience.

The Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission has sent to the railroads copies of the new carload commodity rate tariff governing in Minnesota. Substantial reductions are made in all rates.

Edward H. Harriman has repaid James J. Hill in his own coin by wresting from him control of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, which Morgan and Hill confidently believed to be theirs.

By an overwhelming majority Manitoba has voted in favor of government ownership of long distance telephone lines and municipal ownership of local exchanges.

A merger of the leading woolen mills of the South, involving a capitalization of $1,250,000, has been effected.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 22.—Wheat—Dec., 76c; May, 78⅞c; July, 79¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; No. 3 spring, 73⅜c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.90@6.05. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 Northern, 78¾c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅝c; Dec., 77c; May, 79¾c; July, 79¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.19½; Dec., $1.18¾; Jan., $1.19; May, $1.22½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Wheat—Dec., 74⅛c; May, 77⅜c. Corn—Dec., 41c; May, 43⅝c. Oats—Dec., [illegible]; May, 35½c. Pork—Jan., $16.20; May, $16.67½. Butter—Creameries, 22@31c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—21@24c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 9c; springs, 9c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.90; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50; Texans, $2.55@4.50; Westerns, $3.50@5.60; calves, $5.75@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.25; good heavy, $6.15@6.25; rough heavy, $5.85@6.00; light, $5.85@6.20; pigs, $5.40@6.10. Sheep, $3.75@5.60; lambs, $4.75@7.65.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

State buttermakers and dairymen will meet in Owatonna Jan. 23.

Frank Johnson, a resident of Stillwater for many years, is dead, aged sixty-three years.

Andrew Magnuson, a resident of Stillwater for thirty-eight years, died suddenly of heart disease.

George Burton Young of the Young-Quinlan company, Minneapolis, is dead after a brief illness, aged thirty-seven years.

Frank Grandfield, a section man, was struck by a westbound passenger train at Anoka and instantly killed. He was fifty years of age.

Colonel Frank T. Corriston of the First regiment, Minnesota national guard, will be chief of police of Minneapolis under the new administration.

H. Alden Smith, head of the firm of Smith & Wyman, the biggest sash and door firm in the Northwest, dropped dead at his home in Minneapolis.

The nineteen-months-old daughter of Joseph Veigel of Mankato is dead as a result of morphine poisoning, due to having been given too much of a patent soothing syrup.

August Ohlius, an old pioneer of Stearns county, is dead at St. Cloud of old age. His aged wife, not able to stand the separation, died a few hours later. Both bodies were interred in the same grave.

Minnesota railroads have announced their intention to fight the forthcoming order of the state railroad commission reducing commodity rates on grain, coal, lumber, live stock and other bulk freight.

The policemen of the city of Winona have sent in a petition to the city council asking for an advance in wages of $10 a month. The reason assigned is that the cost of living has increased and their present wages are inadequate.

As a result of overturning a lighted lamp the baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Dietz of Owatonna is terribly burned and the mother of the little girl is suffering severe injuries from the burns received in her attempts to rescue the child.

Consolidation of rural school districts is one of the plans suggested by a committee of the Minnesota Educational association to raise the standard of the rural schools and at the same time provide for a higher minimum salary for the teachers.

Christian Olstead was instantly killed at Wanamingo, Goodhue county, while operating a wood sawing machine with several other men. The flywheel broke and a piece struck Olstead in the head, killing him almost instantly. He was forty-seven years old.

Eighty-five accidents in factories and workshops of the state are reported for November by the state labor commissioner, W. H. Williams. Three of the accidents proved fatal. The largest proportion of the accidents was in railroad shops, where there were thirty-six.

A fire originating from a defective chimney in the Coates hotel at South St. Paul partially destroyed the hotel, ruined the stock of the Co-Operative Grocery company and caused the deluging of the office of the South St. Paul Reporter, inflicting a total damage estimated at $15,000.

Mayor A. J. Halsted of Brainerd, editor of the Tribune, has tendered his resignation to the city council and it was accepted. The reason for his resignation was the fact that the city attorney declared the mayor could not legally contract for the city printing, for which he was the lowest bidder.

Thomas J. Coleman, the Minneapolis private detective convicted in the Hennepin county district court of extortion and sentenced to five years at hard labor at Stillwater, must serve his sentence. In an opinion handed down by the supreme court the decision of the lower court is sustained and the sentence approved. Coleman is at present out on $6,000 bail and it is said that he cannot be located.

One of the biggest verdicts ever rendered in Ramsey county in an action for personal injuries was returned by a district court jury in the case of Albert H. Sprague of Abbotsford, Wis., against the Wisconsin Central railroad. The jury awarded the plaintiff $40,000. The plaintiff, a freight brakeman on the defendant's road, lost both legs as the result of an accident at Gladstone, Minn., June 14, 1906.

Charges of malfeasance in office have been filed with Governor Johnson against James H. Pinkerton, treasurer of Schroeder township, Cook county. The complaint is made by W. C. Smith, a county supervisor. The charge against Pinkerton is the loss of $3,000 of the county's funds. Pinkerton declares that the money was stolen from him on a boat while he was transferring it from a Duluth bank to a Cook county bank. He says he had the money in a satchel.

The good roads amendment to the constitution voted upon at the late election is lost. It failed by about 300 votes. Governor Johnson's plurality is 72,518. His total vote was 168,480, against 96,162 for A. L. Cole, the Republican nominee. The biggest vote and the honor of leading both tickets goes to Attorney General Young. His plurality is 84,754. The smallest plurality was that on the lieutenant governorship. O. E. Eberhart, the Republican candidate, pulled through by 19,938. The wide open tax amendment and the one known as the peddlers' amendment prevailed. The majority for the latter was large.

"SHOP AT HOME"

That should be a maxim for every resident of this town—a maxim to be not only remembered but acted upon.

It only needs a comparison of prices to show you that no house in the land undersells us.

It only needs a trial of our goods to prove the folly of distant buying.

There is nothing in all merchandising so deceptive to the general buyer as jewelry. There is nothing else which requires the same acute judgment to decide wisely.

For those reasons you should purchase your jewelry here, where you can get the benefit of our experience for your protection.

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Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

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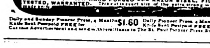

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

AN ADVANCE PAYMENT.

Mark Twain, His Good Brother and the Broken Sugar Bowl.

My mother had a good deal of trouble with me, but I think she enjoyed it. She had none at all with my brother Henry, who was two years younger than I, and I think that the unbroken monotony of his goodness and truthfulness and obedience would have been a burden to her but for the relief and variety which I furnished in the other direction. I was a tonic. I was valuable to her. I never thought of it before, but now I see it. I never knew Henry to do a vicious thing toward me or toward any one else, but he frequently did righteous ones that cost me as heavily. It was his duty to report me when I needed reporting and neglected to do it myself, and he was very faithful in discharging that duty. He is Sid in "Tom Sawyer." But Sid was not Henry. Henry was a very much finer and better boy than ever Sid was.

It was Henry who called my mother's attention to the fact that the thread with which she had sewed my collar together to keep me from going in swimming had changed color. My mother would not have discovered it but for that, and she was manifestly piqued when she recognized that that prominent bit of circumstantial evidence had escaped her sharp eye. That detail probably added a detail to my punishment. It is human. We generally visit our shortcomings on somebody else when there is a possible excuse for it. But no matter. I took it out of Henry. There is always compensation for such as are unjustly used. I often took it out of him—sometimes as an advance payment for something which I hadn't yet done. These were occasions when the opportunity was too strong a temptation, and I had to draw on the future. I did not need to copy this idea from my mother and probably didn't. Still, she wrought upon that principle upon occasion.

If the incident of the broken sugar bowl is in "Tom Sawyer"—I don't remember whether it is or not—that is an example of it. Henry never stole sugar. He took it openly from the bowl. His mother knew he wouldn't take sugar when she wasn't looking, but she had her doubts about me. Not exactly doubts, either. She knew very well I would. One day when she was not present Henry took sugar from her prized and precious old English sugar bowl, which was an heirloom in the family, and he managed to break the bowl. It was the first time I had ever had a chance to tell anything on him, and I was inexpressibly glad. I told him I was going to tell on him, but he was not disturbed. When my mother came in and saw the bowl lying on the floor in fragments she was speechless for a minute. I allowed that silence to work. I judged it would increase the effect. I was waiting for her to ask "Who did that?" so that I could fetch out my news. But it was an error of calculation. When she got through with her silence she didn't ask anything about it. She merely gave me a crack on the skull with her thimble that I felt all the day down to my heels. Then I broke out with my injured innocence, expecting to make her very sorry that she had punished the wrong one. I expected her to do something remorseful and pathetic. I told her that I was not the one—it was Henry. But there was no upheaval. She said without emotion: "It's all right. It isn't any matter. You deserve it for something you've done that I didn't know about, and if you haven't done it, why, then you deserve it for something that you are going to do that I shan't hear about."—From Mark Twain's Autobiography in North American Review.

Christianity, Buddhism and Nirvana.

Buddhism and Christianity are at one in that they perceive our life here is but for a moment and if rightly lived it must be lived in view of an eternal life or a life hereafter. Life does not cease with our departure. It continues still beyond, and that life beyond will be shaped by the life here. Both insist on this, yet there is here a strange difference of emphasis, for that which is promised in Buddhism is that in proportion as we are righteous here so shall existence hereafter be shortened, whereas in Christianity it is promised that in proportion as we are righteous here we may be assured of an immortal life hereafter. In Buddhism desire is regarded as the evil thing and as that which produces existence. When a man is filled with desire up to the moment of death thereafter that self asserting desire goes on. He is reborn and given further opportunity. He may still maintain a degree of self assertion and be born over and over again. This is the immortality of Buddhism. But if he succeeds in altogether suppressing desire, if he can entirely obliterate personality, then he has attained to Nirvana here and hereafter.—Exchange.

"Keys" and "Quays."

The keys off the Florida coast illustrate, by the spelling and pronunciation of their name, the remarkable power words have to affect other words more or less like themselves. These keys, deriving their name from the Spanish "cayo," a shoal rock or barrier reef, would still have been called "cays," no doubt, but for the influence of the kindred word which we now write "quay," but still pronounce "kee." The new spelling is modeled on the modern French "quai," but the pronunciation is a trace of the old spelling "key," which prevailed from the fourteenth to the eighteenth century. Yet undoubtedly this "key" used to be pronounced "kay," and so, as Shakespeare's and Dryden's rhymes prove, did the key of a lock. It was the door "kay's" change to "kee" under Scottish influence that set the example to the others.—London Chronicle.

BEATEN BY A HAIR.

Hannibal Hamlin's First Try For the United States Senate.

When Hannibal Hamlin was speaker of the Maine house of representatives, away back in the forties of the last century, there was in that body a certain gentleman of faultless attire, pleasing manners, good address and some reputation, but he had one foible. His hair was very thin, and he was highly sensitive in regard to it.

To hide his approaching baldness he had a habit of carefully stroking with bandoline or other preparation each particular hair in its place. One day while in the chair as speaker Mr. Hamlin, in the innocence of a good and joke loving nature, sent for this gentleman and, looking fixedly at his smooth and polished pate, said with a chuckle:

"Blank, old fellow, I just wanted to tell you that you've got one of the hairs of your head crossed over the other."

"You insult me, sir! You insult me!" replied the member, with unexpected and altogether unnecessary indignation, and then, refusing to listen either to reason or explanation, he left the speaker's desk and returned to his seat.

When Mr. Hamlin became a candidate for the United States senate this gentleman was a member of the upper house of the Maine legislature. Although a member of the same party and only one more vote was needed to secure Mr. Hamlin's election, he positively refused to vote for the man by whom he believed he had been insulted.

He was defeated for a seat in the senate—by a hair, but when the next vacancy occurred he was elected.—"Lives of Twelve Illustrious Men."

THE FIRST AUTOMOBILE.

It Was Made In 1572 and Was Worked by a Coiled Spring.

"The first automobile," said the chauffeur, "was made by Johann Haustack of Nuremberg in 1572. Its motive power was neither oil, steam nor electricity, but a coiled spring.

"The first steam automobile was built in France by Cugnot in 1770. It is still to be seen. It is one of the star exhibits of the Conservatoire des Arts et Metiers in Paris. Steam carriages modeled after it were built by William Murdoch, James Watt, Nathan Read and Richard Trevethick. These are, most of them, in museums in London and Birmingham.

"Several steam carriages plied for hire on the streets of London at the beginning of the nineteenth century, but they were so slow, noisy and heavy that the people did not take to them.

"The first modern automobile was built by Amadee Bollee in 1873. Bollee exhibited his car in Vienna and in Paris, and other men, as is always the case, devised improvements on it. Automobiles, by about 1890, began to appear in the jokes of the day. They had taken their place. But it was not until the annual cup races began in France in 1894 that the automobile became a really popular institution."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Bowdoin College.

Bowdoin college (pronounced Bod'n) was founded at Brunswick, Me., in 1794. It was named in honor of James Bowdoin, an American statesman in high standing, who died in 1790. His son, James Bowdoin, a gentleman of wealth, who later served in diplomatic circles, being United States minister to Spain, 1805-08, gave to the college at its founding 1,000 acres of land and $5,000 in money. At his death in 1811 he willed to the institution a number of valuable gifts—6,000 acres of land, a library of several thousand books, a collection of fine paintings and an assortment of scientific apparatus. This institution, where the poet Longfellow taught for five years, has preserved its high standing from the first.

Seven In Human Life.

A writer divides the human life as follows: At three times seven a man reaches a competent age in the eyes of the law; at four times seven he is in full possession of his strength; at five times seven he is fit for the business of the world; at six times seven he becomes grave and wise if he is ever destined to; at seven times seven he is in his apogee, and from that time he begins to decay; at eight times seven he is in his first climacteric, at nine times seven he is in his grand climacteric, and at ten times seven he has reached the allotted span of life.

A Tough Chicken.

A New Orleans man has proved that a chicken can live twenty-three days without food or water. He makes affidavit that when his family moved recently a chicken securely nailed in a box was in the cellar of the new house, having been forgotten by the former tenants. Twenty-three days later the cook was moved to explore the cellar and discovered the chicken, emaciated, but still much alive.

The Insanity.

"I want to get a divorce from my husband."

The lawyer was interested. "What are your grounds?" he asked.

"Insanity."

"Was he crazy at the time of the marriage?"

"Oh, dear, no; I was."

Breaking It Gently.

"How much coal is there, Susan? How long will it last?"

"Well, ma'am, it will last quite awhile if you don't have any fires."

"Then there isn't much left?"

"There isn't any left, ma'am."

Reputation is what men and women think of us. Character is what God and angels know of us.—Thomas Paine.

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America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Jan. 9th, at Hotel Rushford.

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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
Medicle Block. St. Paul, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Elizabeth Blanchard and Max C. Gualke.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 5th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

Dated December 5th, 1906.

COURT SEAL N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Petitioner. dec13-27

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Rock Fortier.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier, Alice Fortier and Mary Fortier Hill and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Harriet Watts Campbell Wurtele Fortier being duly filed in this court, representing that Rock Fortier, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of July 1906, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with the will annexed be issued thereon to Lucius S. Miller, now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of December 1906 at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 1st day of December 1906.

[COURT SEAL] N. W. Tarrant,
Judge.

Miller & Foote,
Attorneys for Petitioner. dec 6-20

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office [illegible] block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:25 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:25 pm

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
W. E. BAKER, Agent,
Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

THE DAIRYMAN

A writer in Farm and Fireside says the cow stanchion shown in the illustration has been used in his stables with much satisfaction. We have used both chains and the old stationary stanchions and have seen some of the modern patented cattle ties, but consider this stanchion superior to any of them, he says. With this stanchion the cows are given sufficient freedom without undue liberty. They can turn around to lick themselves, yet cannot get back on the walk or ahead in the manger.

Fig. 1 shows the stanchion closed. Fig. 2 shows it open. The two sides are made of hard wood, four feet long, one and one-fourth inches thick and two and one-half inches wide. The end pieces are also of hard wood and are one foot long by three and one-half inches square and are mortised to receive the sides, as shown in Fig. 3. The sides are fastened to the ends with bolts, one side on bolt at X and being held when closed by clevis, C. Eyebolts are affixed at each end, to which short chains are fastened and by which the stanchion is suspended.

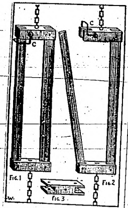

A GOOD COW STANCHION.

The whole stanchion, including bolts, labor, etc., should not cost more than 60 or 75 cents and may be made for even less than that amount.

Parentage Valuable.

Cows, like men, are good or bad ofttimes because of their environment, bringing up and education. We look for and expect men to be good if brought up in good, religious families and communities. I have often heard it said, "Give me the first six years of a child's life, and I will tell you with a great deal of certainty what the future of that child's life will be." So I believe that the conditions under which an animal is reared determine in a large measure her future usefulness or uselessness, says a writer in Kimball's Dairy Farmer. As with men, the parentage is of great value, and we look for and have good reason to expect cows to be better cows from a long line of productive ancestry. This, then, is the stepping stone in the developing of a dairy cow.

The Good Bull.

Authorities say that "daughters take after their fathers and sons after their mothers" in predominant characteristics. This is true of all animal life. If a bull's lineage can be traced through a line of remarkable milkers his value will be enhanced. He will transmit the qualities of his dam to his offspring. It often happens that the farmer who buys cows with the idea of raising heifers is disappointed. He is impatient. He cannot wait for the second generation. He thinks his cows are unprofitable because their heifers are not as good as he had hoped they would be. It usually takes at least two generations to get a herd into good working condition. You can't do it in a minute. Don't get hasty, but keep the facts in mind and work toward a definite purpose. Above all, use a good sire. You need good cows. That is plain. And you need a good sire to get good cows. That isn't as plain as it ought to be. By a good bull we mean one whose maternal blood stands for milking qualities and performance.

Care of the Dairy Calf.

The young calf should be taken away from the mother after it is three or four days old. It should be fed pure milk for a time, the temperature being about 98 degrees F. Care should be taken not to feed the calf too heavily, or it may get the scours. The calf should be taught to drink from a pail at the outset. This can be done by putting the finger in its mouth and gradually lowering the hand until it is beneath the [illegible] in the pail. In a short time it will drink by itself. After being fed on the pure milk for a week or so the calf may be fed on skimmed milk. If the calf does not run on pasture it will be profitable to put a little meal or shipstuff in the skimmed milk. After a month or two it should be fed some good timothy or clover hay.

Use the Tester.

A good cow is known by her performances at the milk pail. If she doesn't do her duty by that, she is not a good cow and should be converted into beef. Use a pair of scales and a tester and know what your cows are doing.

WATCH THE COWS.

Get Good Returns For Good Feed and Treatment.

It is too often the case with many farmers or dairymen that they keep their cows, regardless of their producing capacity, till they are old before they replace them with others. A cow should be, as it were, a trial. And her owner should be exacting enough to demand large returns from good feed and treatment. Every generation of cows can for many years yet be made an improvement on their dams. Then the more rapidly one generation of cows is made to replace another the more rapidly will the herd improve in producing capacity if the proper care is exercised in breeding. It is possible to have all cows in the herd approach and even equal the best cow in the amount and quality of milk given. A little ambition and enterprise on the part of dairymen should soon bring this about.

Reducing the Herd.

Our pasture fields and feed supply should be used to their full capacity. When a cow on account of some accident or for some other unforeseen cause does not give sufficient milk to make it profitable to keep her, there should be heifers ready to take her place. It is a good plan to raise a certain number of heifers each year, and if no vacancies should occur in the ranks of the older cows then create some vacancies by selling the least productive ones. A farmer must *see to it* that his herd is reduced in numbers. With improvements in methods of growing and handling the farm crops, the farmer is easily enabled also to enlarge his dairy herd. To renew the herd is the only way to keep it possessed of vitality and thrift with capability or capacity for large productions.

We should make a sort of civil service examination of our herds, says the Cheese and Dairy Journal. That is the only way to be up with the times. It is the only way to get the profit.

A Difference In Bulls.

But few men appreciate the wonderful difference in bulls, and probably one of the greatest hindrances to the development of a good dairy herd is the indifference which is paid to the selection of a sire. There is no surer or quicker way of building up a dairy herd than the use of a strong, vigorous and prepotent bull which comes from a family of good milking cows. Good animals cost more than scrubs, and consequently farmers do not think there is enough difference in bulls to pay the extra cost for a good sire, but here is an expression, says Hoard's Dairyman, from a practical breeder: W. J. Gillett of Rosedale, Wis., a prominent Holstein breeder, says about the purchase of a high priced bull: "The hardest battle I ever fought was years ago to lead myself to pay the sum of $300 for a bull calf for use on our pure bred herd, but I can now say had I paid $3,000 for this same sire the sum would not have equaled his worth or been commensurate in value to the great dairy characteristics he stamped upon his offspring."

Give the Cows Exercise.

Cows in milk will consume and digest more food and give more milk with moderate open air exercise than if kept in closed quarters.

DAIRY WISDOM

The cow appropriates a certain amount of food to sustain life. What you give her above this is clear profit.

Quick fattening makes tender meat. Let it help out with the old cows. Round up all the poor cows for the butcher.

The cow that tests less than 3 per cent butter fat had better be sold.

Deliver the cream before it becomes too old. Cool it promptly and use great care in milking and cleaning the separator. Then your creameryman will have no objection to the hand separator.

Burn the rag you used to wash the milk utensils with. Then use a brush.

There is much in breed, but more in care and feeding.

To make your dairy pay better study how to produce milk at less cost.

Silaged fed cows winter better, give more milk and do better when put on pasture than others.

If the silage molds and decays on the top do not begin to worry. This seals up the rest and keeps all that is under it in prime condition.

Pack the silage well at the sides. The middle will settle of its own weight, but the contact with the sides of the silo keeps it from settling around the outer edge, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

The great principle to be observed in winter dairying is to feed economically as regards cost so as to secure the best result.

Dutch Belted cattle may be regarded as strictly dairy cattle, but I have found that they make good beef owing to their size and easy keeping qualities.—F. R. [illegible], New Hampshire.

A good hardworking cow should have sixty days' rest before starting the fresh period. Many cows will keep up a good flow until a very few days before calving, but it is a poor plan to let them do this. The most persistent milkers are the ones who will do this, and they are just the cows which need a good long rest. They will more than make up for lost time when they freshen.

Ropy or stringy milk is caused sometimes by stagnant water. The cows are permitted to stand in water holes, and this gets the old water and mud on their hind legs. When they lie down their udders come in contact with the mud and trouble follows.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 300, Red Lake Series for the N. E. ¼, Sec 15, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Charles Thompson, " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, "
Henry Cook, " " "

nov 22 dec 27

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th, Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6769, Chippewa Series for the W. ½ N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Sec 30, Tp. 155, N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Blockstadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

nov 22

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan. 1907, viz: Andrew N. Dyrdahl, H. E. 306, Red Lake Series for the S. W. ¼, Sec 32, Tp. 151, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Aslak Olson, of Kratka, Minn.
Andrew Anonson, " Brunkeberg, "
Hans Olson, " Thief River Falls, "
Knut Bjorge, " " "

nov 22

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Adolph W. Henning, H. E. 615, Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 154, N. R. 41. W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Edward Iverson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Anton Hanson, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "
Simon Olson, " " "

nov 29 jan 3

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Thousand and Fifty dollars ($2,050.00) principal which fell due on June 27th 1906, and accrued interest thereon, and in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred One Dollars and Seven Cents ($301.07) additional interest which was due on the 27th day of June, 1906, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. P. Carlson, an unmarried man, and A. L. Bolstad and Mrs. Annie Bolstad his wife mortgagors, to Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of June, 1902, and by reason of such default the entire sum secured by said mortgage having at the election of the holder of said mortgage become due and said entire sum having been declared due by the holder of said mortgage by reason of such default, which said mortgage with a power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 7th day of August, 1902, at eleven thirty o'clock in the forenoon in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 122, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, to George Q. Erskine by a written assignment dated the 5th day of November, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, 1903, at two o'clock in the afternoon in Book 15 of mortgages on Page 85, and upon which said mortgage there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of [illegible] Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars Twenty-Six Cents ($[illegible]) and no action or proceedings having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The South East Quarter and the East half of the South West Quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) Section Thirty one (31), Township One Hundred Fifty [illegible], Range Forty one (41) West, containing according to the United States Government Survey thereof, three hundred twenty acres, be the same more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the [illegible] day of [illegible] [illegible] to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of [illegible] Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars and Twenty-Six Cents [illegible] and taxes [illegible] and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within [illegible] from the day of sale as provided by law.

GEORGE Q. ERSKINE,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Dated December [illegible] 1906.

[illegible]
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

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U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

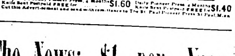

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong [illegible] made knife.

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PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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Atttorney at Law, (Norsk Advokat) and Notary Public.

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Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak

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Candies
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Tobacco
Go to
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Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1907 NUMBER 1

SURVEYORS AT DULUTH

Corps Employed by the Soo Running a Line Out of Duluth.

It Is Said That the Survey Will Go South of Former Surveys.

Duluth Herald: A big corps of surveyors in the employ of the Soo road is again at the Head of the Lakes. There are sixteen men in the crew, and they are running a line southwest from the city. It is said that this new survey will be a little farther to the south than the one that was first surveyed.

Several routes have surveyed for the extension of the Soo through the country west of here, and it is thought no definite decision has been reached as to which it will be best to follow. It will not affect Duluth to any material degree which route is given preference over the other, for whichever is chosen the road will enter this city.

For some time past there has been no doubt that the Soo would connect with the South Shore at Duluth, and the fact that the surveyors are now at the Head of the Lakes, and that other crews are running lines in this direction, lends double assurance that the road will be built.

A Warning.

The teachers in all country schools in localities covered with rural free delivery mail routes are requested to instruct their pupils that meddling with mail boxes is a crime against the government. The postoffice department long ago decided that mail boxes, including those erected by individuals on rural routes, were as much under the protection of the government as are the postoffices. To handle or interfere with mail in the box of another is to invite trouble if the offence is reported to any postoffice inspecter, or even to the carrier. Parents should all inform their children that mail boxes are not to be meddled with under any circumstances. Teach them that this government does not deal gently with offenders against the mail regulations.—Exchange.

The Professor Pinned.

At the close of the school term last Friday afternoon the school children presented Prof. J. B. O'Brien with a handsome diamond pin as a token of their appreciation of his services. In leaving Prof. O'Brien has the good will and esteem of all of his pupils who wish him success in his new position. He has ably conducted the schools here as principal for the past twelve years and leaves with the best wishes of all who know him.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

FRIENDS SURPRISED.

C. W. Stewart and Miss Olga Kretzschmar Married Saturday at Crookston.

The many Thief River Falls friends of Miss Olga Kretzschmar and C. W. Stewart was very pleasantly surprised last Saturday by the announcement of their marriage. The bride is a young lady that has grown to womanhood in Thief River Falls and is the daughter of the late Carl Kretzschmar one of the founders of the city.

The groom is a young man very well and favorably known in Thief River Falls. For a number of years he was ticket agent for the Great Northern here and now holds a similar position with the Great Northern at Crookston. The News extends congratulations.

Prospects Good For the Mill.

Monday Mr. Sjoberg showed us a letter he had received from Mr. Torlin, of the Wannaska Mill, in reply to his communation to Mr. Torlin relative to the moving of the mill to Middle River. Mr. Torlin, while he did not say definately what he wanted, asked Mr. Sjoberg if the people of Middle Rived and vicinity would donate the moving of the property and give a free site; which would imply that is all he would require. From the expressions of the farmers who have been interviewed on the matter, it appears that there will be no difficulty in getting them to donate the teaming. And, if the townsite company exercises the same liberality regarding the millsite that it did in the creamery site, which we beleive it will, there is good reason to believe Middle River will have a flouring mill in operation before many weeks. This means much to the town and community, and every citizen should lend his aid towards pushing it along.—Middle River Pioneer.

A Contest Case.

The attention of the U. S. land office officials at Crookston was taken up last Thursday with the contest case of Tollof B. Brokke vs. Hans Pederson. The land in question is a quarter section 9 miles north of Thief River Falls and is a valuable farm. The same case was decided in the Crookston office three years ago and was taken before the secretary of the interior by the defeated party. After hearing the evidence in the case the case was sent back to the Crookston office for retrial. Both parties contend for a preference right to make homestead entry under a claim of prior settlement.

Meeting Called.

A meeting is hereby called of the stockholders of the Farmers' Mill & Elevator Company of St. Hilaire to meet at the village hall at St. Hilaire on Friday, January 25, 1907, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing officers and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. A full attendance is desired.

C. H. Martz, President
Peter Engelstad, Secretary.

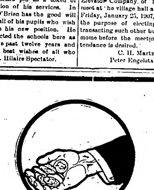

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

ASK BIG DAMAGES.

Wife of Transient Merchant Wants $20,000 Damages from Detroit.

She Refused to Pay a Transient License and Was Lodged in Jail.

Mrs. E. Mark, of Princeton, wife of the transient merchant, who had stores in Thief River Falls at various times during the past year or two, is going to bring suit for 20,000 damages against the city of Detroit for false arrest and imprisonment.

A week or so ago Mrs. Mark, who sometimes acts as the advance guard for her husband, went to Detroit and opened a store in a building which had been previously rented. The authorities in Detroit called upon her to pay the regular transient license and she refused to pay. She told the officer to arrest her if he chose to do so, and she was lodged in jail after she refused both to pay the license and close the store.

Detroit has an ordinance similar to that in this city, which provides that transcient stores shall pay a heavy daily license fee. Mrs. Mark invited the authorities to molest her and in Detroit the opinion is expressed that the Marks courted trouble, so that they might have a claim against the municipality. At any rate the woman found the officers ready to arrest her and she spent the better part of two days in jail.

Finally in the court the matter was threshed out and it was held that the transient license could not be legally collected from the Marks, as they had leased a building in the regular way, and had been properly taxed on their goods.

After winning on the license question, Mr. Mark engaged Attorney M. J. Daly, of Perham, to commence an action against the city of Detroit for $20,000 damages for false arrest. Mrs. Mark is really the complainant in the action, as it was she who languished in jail and suffered the wound to her pride and womanly dignity.

It will be interesting to watch the result of this action. Many towns in the state have been trying to protect home merchants from the transient kind, by enforcing a transient merchants license.

The home of the Mark family is at Princeton, where Mr. Mark was formerly a member of the legislature. His wife is an attractive woman and she is regarded as being to a large extent the brains of the family. She is a good business woman and, to say the least, she has proven a great aid to her husband in a business way.

TRUANT OFFICER.

School Board to Appoint One in the Near Future.

The attention of parents and guardians in school district 18 is respectfully called to the following facts:

A list of 100 names of children of school age in this city who have not attended school so far this year is in the hands of the Board of Education. For the reasons cited below the Board is forced to take steps to secure the attendance of these children at school.

1. The compulsory school law and the labor laws of Minnesota under the new code compel school officers to take action when the conditions cited above obtain.

2. Each child of school age who attends school for at least forty days each year entitles the district to a share in the state apportionment. Last year it amounted to almost five dollars per pupil, so by the non-attendance of 100 pupils the district loses about $500.

3. Schools, teachers and equipment have been secured and at considerable expense to the school district. These were procured solely to care for education of the children of this city. Having obtained them, it becomes the duty of parents and guardians to see that their children are afforded opportunity of taking advantage of them. Wherein they fail to do this the law forces the board to interfere.

As a matter of self preservation and protection the state insists on and demands the education of its youth. Ignorance and vice flourish together and an intelligent citizenship is the saving power of the state.

5. The future welfare of the child itself demands that it may properly care for itself later.

Acting under authority of the law, the Board will appoint an officer in January whose duty it will be to secure the attendance at school of all children of school age. As there is no truancy in the schools this will apply to non attendance. Sections of the compulsory school law and of the labor law applicable to these cases as quoted from the code are herewith appended, that all interested persons may govern themselves accordingly.

Section 1445—Every person having under his control a child between the ages of eight and sixteen years shall send him to some school in which the common English branches are taught during the entire time the public schools of the district in which he lives are taught, unless such attendance is excused in whole or in part by the school board or the board of education of such district, as here in after provided.

Section 1448—The board of any district may appoint and remove at pleasure truant officers, who shall investigate all cases of truancy or non-attendance at school, make complaints, serve notices and processes, and attend to the enforcement of all laws and school regulations respecting truant, incorrigible, and disorderly children and school attendance. Whenever any truant officer learns of any case habitual truancy or continued non-attendance of any child hereby required to attend school, he shall immediately notify the person *having control* of such child to forthwith send to and keep him in school. He may arrest without warrant and take to school any such child, and shall act under the general supervision of the board, or, when directed by the board, under that of the city or district superintendent. Such officers shall receive a salary, fixed by the board appointing them, but no fees.

Section 1458—Any person who shall fail or refuse to send to or keep in school any child of whom he has legal charge or control' and who is required by law to attend school, when notified by a truant officer so to do, and any person who induces or attempts to induce any such child unlawfully to absent himself from school, or who knowingly harbors or employs, while school is in session, any child unlawfully absent from school, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than thirty days. All such fines when collected, shall be paid into the county treasury for the benefit of the school district in which such offence is committed.

Section 1804—No child under fourteen years of age shall be employed at any time in any factory or workshop or about any mine; nor shall he be employed in any mercantile establishment, or in the service of a telephone, telegraph, or messenger company, except during the vacation of the schools.

Section 1807—Except as provided in section 1808, no child under sixteen years of age shall work for hire during the hours in which the public schools in the place of his residence are in session, unless since his last birthday he shall have attended school at least twelve weeks, six of them in succession.

Section 1808—Whenever it appears upon investigation that the labor of a minor, who would be barred from employment under section 1807, is necessary for his support, or that of the family to which he belongs, the schoolboard or school trustees of the place where he resides may issue a permit authorizing his employment within certain hours to be fixed therein.

By order of Board of Education.

Farm Methods in Ohio.

Wm. Denniston, an Ohio farmer visiting in Wadena, said, as quoted in the Wadena Pioneer-Journal:

Speaking of farm lands and their comparative values Mr. Denniston says that he believes that Wadena county lands will become very valuable, but not until much work is done on them and different methods are adopted in farming. Land where he lives is worth from $100 to $150 per acre, but he calls attention to the fact that the buildings alone are worth from $5,000 to $10,000 on each farm. Not only this but an immense amount of work has been done on the farms. The roads are all macademized, every foot of ground is utilized and there is no waste land. The low lands and meadows are drained and tiled and the farms are in a high state of cultivation. None of the places are run down. Clover is the principal fertilizer, but diversified farming and rotation of crops helps to keep the land in good shape.

The other day A. C. Breese brought in three dressed hogs and sold them to Carl D. Anderson. Two of the hogs were last spring's pigs, about eight months old. The other was the mother of these two and was eighteen months old. It weighed [illegible] pounds dressed while the two pigs weighed 2[illegible] pounds each dressed. They were sold at 7 cents per pound and thus netted Mr. Breese $72.20. This is an example of what intelligent effort in the right direction will accomplish. These hogs were as fine specimens and as large for their age as is often seen in the corn belt farther south. There was certainly good money in them. We asked Mr. Anderson how long these porkers would last him. He said not long as the farmers were buying them in halves and quarters. It seems to us that any farmer who buys his pork from his neighbor is not managing things right.—Middle River Pioneer.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

The Hon. G. A. Gearhart.

Coming Lecture on "The Foot-Prints of the Centuries." This will be the fourth number in the Lyceum Course. For most of us this will be the best number of all. There is no form of entertainment that can ever surpass in charm and facination, the noble speech of a great and good man. Mr. Gearhart is a great and good man and is at his best in his lecture "The Foot-Prints of the centuries." He delights, enthuses and instructs.

Lecture to be given in Evensons Hall Saturday evening Jan. 5th. 1907. Tickets at the Stebbins Drug Store.

Notice.

A meeting will be held in the city of Thief River Falls, on Saturday Jan. 12, 1907, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the City Hall, of those who have subscribed for Stock in the Farmers Elevator Co., temporarily organized on Dec. 18, 1906, and all other farmers interested in this matter, for the purpose of completing said organization and receiving new members.

Be sure to attend this meeting whether you have subscribed for stock or not, so we can have the farmers from all sides of town represented in the permanent organization.

By order of the first meeting of said company.

Andrew Trovaton.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship Companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The Steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty-five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. Craig,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

3--House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

LOGGING AT A STANDSTILL

Ground Has Not Been Frozen And Hauling is Impossible.

Fully Three Feet of Snow on the Level Near Blackduck.

Logging is at a standstill in and about Blackduck. That is what a number just returning from Blackduck state and if an extreme cold spell does not come in the near future, logging in that vicinity will have to be given up during the winter. There is snow galore, it being about three feet deep on the level. The snow fell, however, before the ground had frozen to any extent, and there was no foundation for heavy hauling. During the past month only light hauling was done and this only to a limited extent. The logging firms are laying their men off daily. In some instances, the men have nothing else to do for the winter and do not want to leave, so their wages are cut, and the board made poorer, so that they are compelled to leave. A number have been employed cutting cedar. The cedar cutters are paid by the piece. This kind of timber is located in swamps and on the edge and it is very difficult work to get at the timber. The daily receipts, therefore, are very much smaller than usual and the cutters are giving up their work. The condition is the same farther north. The snow fell there, also, before the ground froze. The camps in that section of the state have not suffered at all with smallpox.

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice: I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—all iron. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallin,

Subscribe for the News.

"SHOP AT HOME"

That should be a maxim for every resident of this town—a maxim to be not only remembered but acted upon.

It only needs a comparison of prices to show you that no house in the land undersells us.

It only needs a trial of our goods to prove the folly of distant buying.

There is nothing in all merchandising so deceptive to the general buyer as jewelry. There is nothing else which requires the same acute judgment to decide wisely.

For these reasons you should purchase your jewelry here, where you can get the benefit of our experience for your protection.

A. Anderson,

CITY JEWELER,

Thief River Falls, - Minnesota.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

Ole Fjoser Killed Last Saturday Forenoon.

Was Crushed Between a Box Car and Oen & Granum's Warehouse.

Shortly before noon last Saturday, Ole Fjoser was crushed to death between a box car and Oen & Granum's warehouse on the Great Northern right of way near the Hansen & Barzen Milling company's mill. Mr. Fjoser was to unload a car load of coal in the Oen & Granum's warehouse and was telling the Great Northern freight crew where he desired to have the car spotted. He stood between the track and warehouse as the car came down. At the upper end of the warehouse there is plenty of room for a person to stand and let a car pass by, but at the lower end this space is quite narrow. Mr. Fjoser was caught between the building and the car and rolled around a number of times. A large number of bones in his body was broken and he died almost instantly.

The deceased has been a resident of Thief River Falls for the past several years and is well known to most of the people of the city. He was about 45 years of age and worked in the saw mills during the summer and at odd jobs during the winter months. He was married and leaves a wife but no children. Mrs. Fjoser has never been in very good health and the sudden death of her husband has nearly prostrated her.

KENNY ARRESTED.

Charged With Stealing $26 from Johnson and Jenkins.

Pat Kenney, a laborer employed by the Soo road in shoveling snow on the Wheatline, was arrested Monday charged with stealing $26 from Johnson & Jenkins saloon. There is no direct testimony against Kenney and when he was arrested he did not have any of the stolen money upon his person. The case will be tried on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Kenney was formerly section boss for the Soo here and his family resides in the city.

The County Seat Case.

It is is stated that the supreme court will probably hand down a decision in the county seat case on the 8th of January. Judge Brown, it is further stated will write the decision.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.

Sabbath evening worship at 7.30 o'clock.

Sabbath School at 12 o'clock.

Christian Prayer meeting at 6.45 o'clock.

Bible study and sabbath School Teachers meeting Thursday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Communion of the Lords Supper will be celebrated Sabbath morning Jan. 27th.

Foreign missions Sabbath morning Jan. 20th.

Election of officers in the Sabbath School next Sabbath morning Jan. 6th.

All are welcome at our church.

F. J. Barackman,
Pastor.

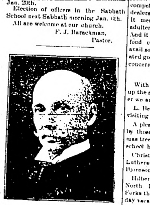

Great Lecture by Hon. G. A. Gearhart, in Evenson Hall Saturday evening Jan. 5th 1907. Comments: The finest lecture I ever listened to. "The Footprints of the Centuries" delighted a large and critical audience. My opinion is that Mr. Gearhart is one of the most valuable figures on the American platform today. I wish all our young men could hear him. By far the best lecture ever offered to our people

A great opportunity will be offered to the people of Thief River Falls when Mr. Gearhart appears in Evenson Hall next Saturday evening. No earnest person can afford to miss this lecture.

Go to the Stebbins Drug Store for your ticket.

—Subscribe for the News.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Mike McAndress was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

George Jarman went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Walter Robbecke was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

C. A. Nason left last evening for Duluth to spend about a week visiting friends.

Attorney Mabey went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to some legal business.

E. L. Quist returned the first of the week from the Twin Cities where he had spent a few weeks.

The Antlers Club gave a smoke social last evening to Dr. Tupper who soon leaves for Europe.

Halvden Bjerkhoel left yesterday for Seattle, Wash., and expects to remain there for a year visiting with a brother.

Otto L. Bakken returned to this city Monday from a trip to North Dakota where he had been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosenburry returned yesterday from Spokane, Wash., where they had been to spend Christmas.

C. M. Evenson left Monday evening for Wisconsin points to be absent for about a week attending to business matters.

A. C. Kevennes, of the Citizens State Bank left yesterday for Middle River to spend a few days taking charge of the State Bank at Middle River during the absence of Cashier Torkelson.

W. J. Kelley left Tuesday for Shotley Brook on the Upper Red Lake with a team of horses and a sled. The snow of Tuesday night and yesterday morning means that he will not need a wagon.

A surprise was given to Rev. H. Pope, superindent of the Grace Union Sunday School in the town of Rocksburg last Friday evening. A very enjoyable time was had by all and a purse was given to Rev. Pope for the effient services he has rendered the school.

D. and R. McLean, of Hannah, N. D., L. McLean, of Langdon, N. D., Miss Christena McLean, of Lariver, Minn., and Miss Tena McLean, of Backoo, N. D., have been in the city the past week visiting their sister, Mrs. James Farr, who has been dangerously ill. Mrs. Farr is now rapidly recovering.

The voters of Marshall county will again vote upon the matter of dividing that county at the general election two years from now. According to R. D. V. Carr, of Middle River, the people of that village are going to keep at it until they succeed. He says that the fact that the proposition was defeated by a majority of over 1,000 at the recent election has not discouraged the citizens of Middle River and they are going to try again.

Attention is called to the advertisement of H. M. Hicks in this issue of the News. Mr. Hicks has purchased this space in the News for a period of one year and proposes to tell the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity what he has to sell. Eleven years ago Mr. Hicks started in business in Thief River Falls in a small way and the growth of his business has been equal to that of our city.

The Retailers' Journal says that Sears Roebuck & Co. finding that they will be unable to cope with the national pure food laws, which go into effect in January have discontinued their grocery department. This means that the firm cannot compete at its old prices with reputable dealers without adulterating its goods. It means that with the prohibition of adulterants the profits would be removed. And it also demonstrates that the state food commissions are absolutely of no avail so far as the prevention of adulterated goods by foreign catalog houses is concerned.

GERMANTOWN.

With the holidays over, we must take up the struggles of the new year, whether we are done with the old or not.

L. Bendickson and family entertained visiting relatives during the holidays.

A pleasant evening spent is reported by those who attended at the Christmas tree entertainment in the Dist. 76 school house.

Christmas services on Dec. 25th in the Lutheran church, conducted by Rev. Bjornson was well attended.

Hilbert Berve who is attending the North Dakota University at Grand Forks this winter is spending the holiday vacation with his parents here. He returns after New Year.

Anton Jensen was up from Thief River Falls Christmas enroute to Grygla.

Emil Hanson drove out to Liner Friday returning Saturday.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

—Farmers—I will exchange [illegible] for hay. Geo. Elder

PLENTY OF SNOW

About a Foot More of the Beautiful This Week.

Roads Are Impassable and Railroad Are Badly Handicaped.

Nearly a foot of snow fell Tuesday night and yesterday and this taken with the large amount of snow already upon the ground makes traveling in the country almost an impossible thing to do. Farmers are not the only ones that are hard hit by the elements for the railroads are having a far worse time. The Soo's Winnipeg flyer which was due in Thief River Falls yesterday morning at 2:45 did not arrive until 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The conditions out on the Wheatline are far worse and it is very doubtful if the Soo will be able to operate this line before next spring. For the past month there has been little or no service upon this line and the present snow has filled up all of the cuts again and it will take an army of men to shovel out the snow. All of the engines are out at different points along the line snowbound.

Most of the towns along the Wheatline are well supplied with coal it is said so that there will not be much suffering.

OLD PUZZLE ABOUT CHECKS

When They Could Not Be Drawn In Favor of Any One Person.

Discussing, at the London King's college Gilbart lectures on banking, the rise of the bank check system, Sir John Paget, K. C., had the following to say:

"The origin of crossing checks is well known. It began in the clearing house for the convenience of those employed there, and then it began to be adopted by the general public. There was no statutory interpretation, no statutory sanction; still, when done by the drawer of a check, it had some effect. If a man drew a check on his banker and wrote across it the name of another banker he obviously meant his banker to understand something by it. He meant to convey something to his banker. Following the analogy of the clearing house and looking at the natural meaning of writing another banker's name across the check, one might be inclined to say that the reasonable interpretation was that the customer forbade his banker to pay the check except to or through the medium of that banker.

"But in those days and indeed later judges and lawyers could not reconcile this interpretation with the continued negotiability of the check. All checks were up to 1853 made payable to bearer, and the objection was: 'How can a check be at the same time payable to bearer and only payable to a specified banker? If it be payable to a banker, why cannot the bearer demand payment of it himself over the counter?' We know better now. We know that no crossing, except the 'Not negotiable' one, in any way affected the full negotiability of the check, but in those days the problem was a terrible stumbling block. Consequently, as pointed out by Lord Cairns in Smith and the Union bank, the crossing prior to statutory enactment amounted only to a caution or warning to the paying banker to exercise special care if he paid the check otherwise than to a banker, for they drew no distinction in the days prior to 1858 between a special and a general crossing.

"That was so even after the first act in 1856. All that the crossing, whether special or general, amounted to was, as I say, to warn the banker to be careful if he paid the check direct to the bearer. If he took no precautions he might be liable to his customer on the ground of negligence if the payment were to a person with no title and the customer suffered loss thereby."

Wanted the Credit.

Anything in regard to Ethan Allen, the hero of Ticonderoga, is interesting, but some of the anecdotes told of him make plain the fact that he was not wholly free from human weaknesses. One story, whether true or not, is often told of Allen and is recorded in Mr. Morrill's "Self Consciousness of Noted Persons."

Ethan Allen was not wont to bridle his tongue, especially when flushed with success. His bravery was not to be disputed, but sometimes his words were even bigger than his deeds. "Had I but orders I could go to Albany and be monarch in three weeks, and I've half a mind to do it," he once boasted. On the Sunday after the capture of Ticonderoga Parson Dewey thanked God in his long prayer for the great deliverance. The hero of the occasion was one of the congregation.

"Parson Dewey! Parson Dewey!" was heard in a whisper by those sitting near Ethan Allen.

The clergyman was absorbed in his own thoughts and continued to thank the Lord.

"Parson Dewey!"

This time the exclamation was heard all over the church by every one but the preacher. Allen could stand it no longer and shouted in a stentorian voice, "Parson Dewey, thank the Lord, but just mention that I was there!"

Subscribe for the News.

MURDER WILL OUT

Man Living Down at Jackson, Minn., Desires to Give Information.

Says a Grain Buyer Was Murdered in Thief River Falls.

Chief of Police Erickson the first of the week received a letter from Jackson, Minn., written by a man signing his name Thorn Edel. The letter stated that in the year 1900 or 1901 a wheat buyer had been killed at Thief River Falls and robbed of his money. The letter further stated that John Beaver, of Kimbrea, Minn., could give full information regarding the murder and robbery. No grain buyer was ever murdered in Thief River Falls, but in the year 1904, when the Great Northern was extended north to Greenbush a laborer was murdered up near the Langseth farm and supposed to have been robbed or a considerable sum of money.

About four or five years ago the grain buyer in an elevator at Northcote, a station north of Hallock on the St. Vincent line, was killed and robbed of quite a sum of money and there have been similar happenings in North Dakota upon numerous occasions. The matter is being investigated.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of William E. Speiss and Edward P. Spiess individually and as copartners as Spiess Brothers, Bankrupts, In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Spiess Brothers of Thief River Falls in the county of Red Lake in said District, Bankruptys:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of December A. D. 1906, the above named William E. Spiess and Edward P. Spiess individually and as copartners as Spiess Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston in the county of Polk in said district on the 15th day of January A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated December 31, 1906.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Frank Carlson H.E. No 2230 Public Series for the N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of Sec. 30 in Tp. 156 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Gustaf Peterson, of Sorum, Minnesota.
Carsten Gonvold, " " "
John Carlson, " " "
Albert Carlson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan 3 31.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

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HOW LINCOLN WON.

A Bad Looking Legal Case That Was Saved by Frankness.

The lawyer whose honesty is proved has the confidence of the judge and jury. A story of Abraham Lincoln is an illustration. He was appointed to defend one charged with murder. The crime was a brutal one, the evidence entirely circumstantial, the accused a stranger. Feeling was high and against the friendless defendant. On the trial Lincoln drew from the witnesses full statements of what they saw and knew. There was no effort to confuse, no attempt to place before the jury the facts other than they were. In the argument, after calling attention to the fact that there was no direct testimony, Lincoln reviewed the circumstances and, after conceding that this and that seemed to point to defendant's guilt, closed by saying that he had reflected much on the case, and, while it seemed probable that defendant was guilty, he was not sure and, looking the jury straight in the face, said, "Are you?" The defendant was acquitted, and afterward the real criminal was detected and punished. How different would have been the conduct of many lawyers! Some would have striven to lead the judge into technical errors with a view to an appeal to a higher court. Others would have become hoarse in denunciation of witnesses, decrying the lack of positive testimony and the marvelous virtue of a reasonable doubt. The simple, straightforward way of Lincoln, backed by the confidence of the jury, won. —D. J. Brewer in Atlantic.

A MONKEY'S ROLES.

Defined by Customs Men as a Bird, a Package and a Dog.

On the travels of a monkey from Genoa to Heidelberg an amusing farce might be written. A German gentleman brought from southwest Africa a tiny monkey weighing barely a couple of pounds. From Tanga to Genoa all went well with the lilliputian animal. It was a favorite with every one and traveled free until Genoa was reached, when its troubles began.

Brought under the notice of the Genoese custom house authorities, it was promptly deprived of its identity. It was no longer an animal; it became a bird, and as a bird, on which 28 cents was charged, it was conveyed to the Swiss frontier, where at a stroke of the custom house officer's wand it was transformed into a cat at the increased assessment of $1.56 and borne by train to Zurich.

On its arrival there it ceased as a cat to exist and became a mere package, an item of luggage that was conveyed to Constance for the nominal sum of 16 cents.

Still as luggage, though metamorphosed from a package into a hand bag, it went on its way to Stuttgart, where a great honor awaited it. It was on payment of $2.64 exalted into a dog, and it was as a dog that it ended its journey at the university town of Heidelberg.—Stray Stories.

Caution.

"Sister Henderson," said Deacon Hypers, "you should avoid even the appearance of evil."

"Why, deacon, what do you mean?" asked Sister Henderson.

"I observe that on your sideboard you have several cut glass decanters and that each of them is half filled with what appears to be ardent spirits."

"Well, now, deacon, it isn't anything of the kind. The bottles look so pretty on the sideboard that I just filled them halfway with some floor stain and furniture polish just for appearances."

"That's why I'm cautioning you, sister," replied the deacon. "Feeling a trifle weak and faint, I helped myself to a dose from the big bottle in the middle."—Life.

Wedding Gifts of Long Ago.

In the list of presents received at the wedding of the daughter of Mr. Moor of Losely, in 1567, from M. Balam, Esq., out of Marshland, in Norfolk, appear the following: "Cranes 9, Hernshawes 5, Curlewes 1, Ducks Mallards 44, Teeles 26, Plovers 9 dozen, swannes 9, larks 38 dozen, Bytters 16, Knotts 4 dozen and 4, Styntes 7 dozen, Godwytts 22." It is a formidable list, including some 850 birds, of which 456 are larks, and must, one would imagine, have been something of an embarrassment to Mr. Moor's daughter.—Country Life.

A Hearty Laugh.

Never lose an opportunity for relaxation from the stress and strain of your business or profession. Every draft of laughter, like an air cushion, eases you over the jolts and the hard places on life's highway. Laughter is always healthy. It tends to bring every abnormal condition back to the normal. It is a panacea for heartaches, for life's bruises. It is a life prolonger. People who laugh heartily keep themselves in physical and mental harmony and are likely to live longer than those who take life too seriously.

Getting a Fit.

"What's the matter across the way?" asked the tailor of a bystander as the ambulance backed up to the door of his rival.

"A customer fell in a fit, and they are taking him to the hospital," was the reply.

"That's strange," said the tailor. "I never knew a customer to get a fit in that establishment before."

Man.

These are the real facts about the standing of the noblest work of God—man. He is first known as the son of his mother, then the husband of his wife and ends by being known as the father of his children.—Atchison Globe.

THE GOLDEN FLEECE.

Most Highly Prized of the Surviving Orders of Chivalry.

Of all the orders of mediaeval chivalry which have survived the shock of successive revolutions on the continent of Europe since the great cataclysm of 1789 that of the Golden Fleece is perhaps the most distinguished and the most highly coveted by personages of royal birth or of illustrious patrician lineage.

The badge of the order is a figure of a sheep in embossed gold suspended from a heavy chain of gold. The full robes consist of a long mantle of crimson velvet cut in the fashion of a sacerdotal cope, richly embroidered at the borders with emblematic devices of stars, half moons and fleeces of gold and lined with white satin, over a doublet and hose of crimson damask.

The full robes also comprise a "chaperon," or hood, with a long, flowing streamer of black satin, but this head gear has in modern times been generally dispensed with.

Originally the robes of the order, which was founded in 1429 by Philip the Good, duke of Burgundy, were of crimson cloth lined with white lamb's wool, and this circumstance has somewhat strengthened the theory that the Golden Fleece was instituted by Philip the Good in grateful recognition of the immense treasures which the Duke of Burgundy had acquired from the wool of the flocks reared on his vast estates in Flanders. Be it as it may, the woolen costume was changed in 1473 at a chapter held in Valenciennes for the more costly materials of velvet, taffeta, damask and golden embroidery.—London Telegraph.

FALSE MIRRORS.

Many Varieties Are Made For Special Business Purposes.

"It is not enough to make true mirrors," the dealer said. "If that were all, ours would be indeed a simple business.

"Dressmakers and milliners require mirrors of all sorts. They need, for example, a mirror that makes one look taller and thinner. When they dress a fat, short patron in one of their new hats or suits they lead her to this mirror, and she is so surprised and pleased with the change for the better in her looks that straight off she buys.

"For masseurs I make a mirror that, like a retouched photograph, hides blemishes, wrinkles, scars. The masseur takes the wrinkled face of some rich old woman, steams it, thumps it, pinches it and smacks it for an hour and then holds up to it the mirror that gives a blurred, blemish hiding reflection. The woman thinks her wrinkles are gone and is happy till she gets home to her own true mirror.

"Altogether I make some twenty varieties of false mirrors. Salesmen and saleswomen in millinery and dressmaking establishments can double and quadruple their business if they are quick and deft in their selection of the mirror that flatters each patron best." —Philadelphia Bulletin.

Housekeeping In Japan.

I never could regard housecleaning seriously in Japan, where the walls can be put aside by one hand, where there is no particular furniture to worry one and where even the matting can be laid and lifted without tacks or nails. But the Japanese housekeepers of my acquaintance rather resented my light attitude, assuring me, quite after the manner of housekeepers all over the world, that it is all very hard and requires much work—oh, very much work indeed. In order to justify myself to one housekeeper I drew a comparison of her own difficulties and those of an American woman, but the American picture seemed to her so terrible and she became so deeply sympathetic that I had to stop short to save her feelings.—Housekeeper.

First Man Dressmaker.

One day in 1730 a beautiful carriage appeared on the boulevard of Paris with an escutcheon in the shape of a pair of corsets and an open pair of scissors painted on the panel of each door. This was the coat of arms of Rhomberg, the first man who made a name as a woman's dressmaker. Rhomberg, who was the son of a Bavarian peasant from the neighborhood of Munich, owed his rapid success to his genius for concealing and remedying defects of figure. He left an annual income of 50,000 francs to his heirs.

Byron and His Title.

Professor Masson in the first published records of the ancient grammar school of Aberdeen recounts this school legend about the poet Byron: "It was said that on his coming to school the first morning after his accession to the peerage was known and on the calling out of his name in the catalogue no longer as 'Georgi Gordon Byron,' but as 'Georgi Baro de Byron,' he did not reply with the usual and expected 'adsum,' but, feeling the gaze of all his schoolfellows, burst into tears and ran out."

Result of Laziness.

"When Mark Twain was a boy at school in Hannibal," said a veteran Missourian, "the schoolmaster once set the class to writing a composition on 'The Result of Laziness.'

"Young Clemens at the end of half an hour handed in as his composition a blank slate."

Her Valuation.

"Elizabeth, has that man any expectations?"

"Fine, mamma."

"What do they consist of?"

"Me."

That which is seen at a distance is most respected.—Tacitus.

What Fishing Develops.

To those who are satisfied with a superficial view of the subject it may seem impossible that the diligence and attention necessary to a fisherman's success can leave him any opportunity while fishing to thoughtfully contemplate any matter not related to his pursuit. Such a conception of the situation cannot be indorsed for a moment by those of us who are conversant with the mysterious and unaccountable mental phenomena which fishing develops. We know that the true fisherman finds no better time for profitable contemplation and mental exercise than when actually engaged with his angling outfit. It will probably never be possible for us to gather statistics showing the moving sermons, the enchanting poems, the learned arguments and eloquent orations that have been composed or constructed between the bites, strikes or rises of fish. But there can be no doubt that of the many intellectual triumphs won in every walk of life a larger proportion has been actually hooked and landed with a rod and reel by those of the fishing fraternity than have been secured in any one given condition of the nonfishing world.—"Fishing and Shooting Sketches," by Grover Cleveland.

Calling the Chickens.

In England the calls chuck, chuck, or coop, coop, prevail; in Virginia, coo-che, coo-che; in Pennsylvania, pee, pee. This latter call is widely employed, being reported from Germany, *Spain (as pi, pi)*, Bulgaria, Hungary, Bavaria and the Tyrol. In the Austrian province the term is used in combination—thus: Pulla, pi, pi. The call pullele, pul, pul, also occurs there. In some parts of Germany the poultry are called with tick, tick; in Prussia, put, put, and young chickens with tuk, tuk (Grimm), and schip, schip, the latter being an imitation of their own cry. In eastern Prussia hens are called with kluckchen, kluck, kluck; also tippchen, tipp, tipp. Grimm records also pi, pi, and tiet, tiet. Weinhold reports from Bavaria bibi, bibeli, bidli; pi, pi, and pul, pul. In Denmark the call is pootle; in Holland, kip, kip; in Bohemia, tyoo; in Bulgaria, tiri, tiri.

An Old Medicine.

"Ground oyster shells," said the physician, "were used as a medicine by the mediaeval doctors—a medicine for the rickets and scrofula."

"How absurd!"

"Absurd? Not at all. Oyster shells contain lime, nitrogen, iron, sulphur, magnesia, bromide, phosphoric acid and iodine. Those are all excellent tonics. You know how hens eat ground oyster shells and thus produce eggs with good, thick, strong shells? Well, as the oyster shell powder acts on eggshells so I have no doubt it acted in the middle ages on the bending, crumbling bones of the rickety, putting strength and firmness into them. Ground oyster shells, I am convinced, would be good things for frail children today. They would strengthen the frame, increase the appetite and have a splendid effect on the teeth."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

A Curious and Rare Book.

The most curious as well as one of the rarest books known to collectors is the edition of the Vulgate issued by Pope Sixtus V. some time between 1585 and 1590. The book, as Disraeli described it, "fairly swarmed with errata." So numerous were they that a number of printed paper slips containing the proper words were pasted over the errors, and, this device proving inefficient on account of the immense number of mistakes, as many of the copies as could be found were called in and destroyed. Only a few remain, and the book with its paper patches commands an extremely high price.

Scott's Narrow Escape.

The world had a narrow escape of never having known a Sir Walter Scott. When a tiny babe he was left in charge of a maid, but the girl's heart was in Edinburgh, whither she wanted to go to rejoin her lover. She was, however, compelled to stay and look after the infant at Sandy Knowe. The girl regarded her charge as an obstacle to be removed and afterward confessed that she carried young Scott up to the Craigs (under a strong temptation of the devil, as she expressed it), fully intending to cut his throat with her scissors and bury him under the moss.

Historic Grapevines.

The celebrated "king's vines" at Fontainebleau, planted under the reign of Henry IV., grow against a wall in the park not far from the castle, and the grapes are highly esteemed by gourmets. Since the republic was established the grapes have always been sold by auction, the proceeds going into the coffers of the minister of finance.

Her Intense Sorrow.

He—I called to see you last evening and the servant told me you were not in. She—Yes; I was sorry to have missed you. He—I thought you must be; I heard you laughing upstairs in such grief stricken tones that I almost wept myself out of sympathy.

The Obstinate Cook.

Father—Cooking schools are of some use after all. This cake is delicious. Daughter—Is it? I thought it would be a terrible failure. Father—Why? Daughter—I told the cook exactly how to make it, and she went and made it some other way.

The Freshman.

"Is Henry improving by his life in college?"

"Oh, yes; he's already learned to tee in with one foot!"—Detroit Free Press.

After the joy which springs from right doing the purest and sweetest is that which is born of companionship with spirits akin to our own.

CARE OF MILK.

Some Good Rules by a State Dairy Instructor.

Remove the milk of every cow at once from the stable to a clean, dry room, where the air is pure and sweet. Do not allow cans to remain in stables while they are being filled.

Strain the milk through a metal gauze and a flannel cloth or layer of cotton as soon as it is drawn.

Aerate and cool the milk as soon as strained. If an apparatus for airing and cooling at the same time is not at hand the milk should be aired first. This must be done in pure air, and it should then be cooled to 45 degrees if the milk is for shipment or to 60 degrees if for home use or delivery to a factory.

Never close a can containing warm milk which has not been aerated.

If cover is left off the can a piece of cloth or mosquito netting should be used to keep out insects.

If milk is stored it should be held in tanks of fresh, cold water, renewed daily, in a clean, dry, cold room. Unless it is desired to remove cream it should be stirred with a tin stirrer often enough to prevent forming a thick cream layer.

Keep the night milk under shelter so rain cannot get into the cans. In warm weather hold it in a tank of fresh, cold water.

Never mix fresh, warm milk with that which has been cooled.

Do not allow the milk to freeze.

Under no circumstances should anything be added to milk to prevent its souring. Cleanliness and cold are the only preventives needed.

All milk should be in good condition when delivered. This may make it necessary to deliver twice a day during the hottest weather.

When cans are hauled far they should be full and carried in a spring wagon.

The Utensils.

Milk utensils for farm use should be made of metal and have all joints smoothly soldered. Never allow them to become rusty or rough inside.

Do not haul waste products back to the farm in the same cans used for delivering milk. When this is unavoidable insist that the skim milk or whey tank be kept clean.

Cans used for the return of skim milk or whey should be emptied and cleaned as soon as they arrive at the farm.

Clean all dairy utensils by first thoroughly rinsing them in warm water; then clean inside and out with a brush and hot water in which a cleaning material is dissolved; then rinse and, lastly, sterilize by boiling water or steam. Use pure water only.

After cleaning keep utensils inverted in pure air and sun if possible until wanted for use.—S. C. Thompson, Maine State Dairy Instructor.

Strive For the Best.

The essential requisites for successful rearing of calves are a high ideal of what is wanted—a good place to keep the young calves, good blood as a foundation to work upon, careful, regular, liberal feeding; attention to all details, keeping the calves healthy, a love for the work and the desire to make each calf develop and prove to be a little better than its predecessors. No branch of dairying offers so great a possibility for improvement and satisfaction to the owner as a well bred bunch of dairy type heifer calves, and none will prove more remunerative. Let us set our mark high and strive for the best.—H. O. Daniels in New England Homestead.

Dairy Wisdom

Regularity in feeding and milking counts a great deal toward success. To get best results be systematic in your work.

Use a milk cooler, but never use it in impure air.

A cow tail holder is humane and saves a lot of profanity.

Good milk depends on something more than the milker and the cow.

You harvest corn and wheat once a year. You harvest milk twice a day.

The points that make a cow a good milker make her a poor beef animal.

You can't grind corn and get flour. Neither can you feed straw and get butter.

Your barn yard is not purely a place for storing manure—not if you want the best milk.

A safe rule, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer, is never to sell any milk you would be unwilling to use on your own table.

Cleanliness is a requisite for the production of a good grade of milk. You can't keep milk sweet if you allow filth to get into it. Filth means bad milk, bad cream and bad butter. Beware of filth. Keep the cows clean.

Skim milk is the best food for growing pigs. Every particle of skim milk should be utilized to turn the wastes into pork.

If you cannot afford to buy a herd of pure bred cattle you can buy a good bull and grade up your herd. Pedigree doesn't make production, and production is what most of us are after. It wouldn't be altogether profitable for all of us to be breeders of pure bred stock, but we could all increase the productiveness of our herds to great advantage. A good dairy bull will accomplish that end more rapidly than many suppose.

The care of the cow just after calving determines to a large degree her future profit as a milker. If she is not at once brought up to a high state of milk production the chances are she cannot be during that period of lactation. If a cow is permitted to fall in her milk production, says the Farmers Advocate, it is next to impossible to get her back to her former yield.

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January 3, 1907.

Who Is Subsidized?

The executive committee of the Minnesota Editorial association has prepared the following statement and send it to Washington:

Assistant Post Master General Madden declares that "publishers are subsidized" because they pay the government only one cent a pound, whereas the government pays for the mere railroad haul on second class mail five cents a pound besides two cents more for "distribution."

If so who is subsidized in view of the fact that express companies solicit the business of hauling second class mail matter at the following rates:

100 miles, at a quarter of a cent.
250 miles, at half a cent.
500 miles, at one cent.

These are the general express rates and as express companies are private business enterprises, they make a profit at these rates after paying the railroad companies.

It looks as though the railroads were the ones that got the subsidy—the graft. Eh?

The average distance the second class mail is hauled is less than 300 miles, hence at express rates the average cost of the railroad haul is only half a cent a pound.

Why then should the government pay the railroads five cents for identically the same service the same railroads give to express companies at half a cent a pound? Why should the government pay ten times as much as a private corporation pays?

But in some cases even the above express rates are beaten. The American News company gets newspapers and magazines hauled by express from New York and Boston at one-fifth of a cent a pound!

Yet the Third Assistant Post Master General, Mr. Madden, says publishers are recipients of a subsidy because they pay the government only five times as much per pound as the American News company pays express companies.

Now if members of congress would turn their attention to the "subsidies" that congress allows the postoffice department to pay the railroads, there would be no deficit, but there would be a surplus instead.

Busy Victor Murdock.

Our respects to Victor Murdock as a member of congress, and he hails from Kansas. He is not a very old member, but he has shown himself possessed of the uncommon idea that he was sent to congress to look out for the interests of the people, and that if great corporations happen to stand in his way when he is seeking that interest why so much the worse for the corporations.

Incidentally, Mr. Murdock is red headed, which may or may not have something to do with the determined and persistent manner in which he has pushed his way to the bottom of a certain matter which he deemed it worth while to take up. At any rate, he is said to have a head of hair that illuminates the gloomy halls of congress and that is a beacon light wherever he goes.

The "certain matter" that he has taken up and made his business to probe to the bottom is the way the government pays the railroad for carrying the mails. If he took it up with any idea that he would find that the great and powerful government was imposing on the weak and defenseless railroads, he was disappointed. In fact, he found it very much the other way, and he must have gained great respect for the wit of the railroad people who were able to come it over a government that will pursue to the uttermost ends of the earth a culprit who will impose upon it by trying to use a cancelled postage stamp a second time.

For instance, not only did he find that the rate of pay is extraordinarily high, high enough to account for a good deal of the postoffice department, but he found that the system of weighing the mails triannially to fix the rate of pay is a farce. Just one detail may be mentioned. Sundays are excluded from count in the number of days of a weighing period. When this practice began, thirty-three years ago there were no Sunday mails, and there was some excuse for leaving them out of the count. Now Sunday mails are heavy, but they are still omitted.

Thus the mails will be weighed for ten days, including Sunday, and in striking the daily average the total weight is counted, but Sunday is left out of the number of days, and the total weight for ten days is divided by nine. The result is supposed to be the daily average, for which the railroads are paid. This results in padding the accounts, which must be pleasant for the railroad.

For instance, the last weighing on the New York Central between New York and Buffalo covered an actual period of ninety days including Sundays. But instead of dividing the total by ninety they cut out the Sundays and divided it by seventy-eight, so that the daily average was figured at 411,000 pounds, when it should have been 365,000 pounds. This makes an annual steal of about $250,000 on this one mail route alone.

More power to Victor Murdock of Kansas. Perhaps if he keeps it up he may convince the postoffice department that the deficit is due to something besides the rate on second-class mail matters.—Duluth Herald.

What is purported to be the finest railroad train in the world has just been built for the king and queen of England. So far as we know they are both entitled to all the modern luxuries, but just the same they will not enjoy their first ride on this new train nearly as heartily as the Minnesota boy making his first trip to the state fair in one of Jim Hill's branch trains.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Attorney General Young last week started an action to prevent the Great Northern from increasing its capital stock $60,000,000. Supposing Mr. Young is successful, what good will he accomplish? What interests the people most is that railroad rates be so adjusted as to pay only a fair rate of interest upon the money actually invested in the property. The stocks of all railroad companies are watered more or less and it does not make any difference to the people whether the railroads pay big dividends upon stock that contains a small percentage of water or whether they pay small dividends upon stock that is mostly water. To those who live along the line of the Great Northern railroad it is a matter of little importance whether the capital stock of that company is increased or decreased $60,000,000, so why not let Mr. Hill have his own way about this little matter.

The German government has taken possession of a small strip of tracks near Berlin and is planning to execute a unique series of railroad "accidents" made to order. Every variety of misplaced switch will be tested, every possible defect in wheels, axles and car equipment will be tried out, and the grand finale is to be an immense head on collision of locomotives. These spectacular exhibitions are not planned by the government as a national amusement. They are for the purpose of scientific experiment, so that the engineers and railway experts may study ways and means to prevent accidents of all kinds in the future. Railroad disasters have occurred with alarming frequency in German railways, and lose $1,250,000 annually through damages. After the causes and effects of each variety of wreck have been noted it will be the task of the government officials to devise safe guards.

There is no one who has lived in the Northwest for the last twenty years, but who has seen the picture just as Mr Phelan painted it before the Interstate Commerce Committee. Mr. Phelan was a division superintendent on the Northern Pacific before he became a cattle raiser and a big shipper of stock, so he has seen the proposition from both sides of the counter. The story which he told was true to nature and it was a touch of real life when he said he was within forty miles of the Great Northern but drove his cattle 140 miles to reach the Northern Pacific but for the past three or four years the Northern Pacific was growing more and more like the Great Northern. People who have been watching and suffering by the situation, will agree with him when he says there have been cars enough but the great difficulty has been that they have not hitched onto them and moved them along. The controling motives seem to be economy in moving freight, and for the various divisions to make a record for economic managment. It is undoubtedly quite true that there is a shortage of engines, but to the ordinary observer it seems as though there was lack of energy and a lack of good judgment in utilizing what cars there are. Empties certainly stand around much longer than they need to when cars are so scarce, but the greatest source of criticism seems to be the manner in which they hook onto a car and haul it along some distance and then sidetrack it and forget it. This scheme of bunching up and consolidating trains to make a maximum trainload seems to be fatal to moving cars with any rapidity. The cost per ton per mile may be low, but the freight doesn't arrive. The engines are loaded until they are over strained and break down. It is a good deal like loading your team until you break your wagon or stick your horse,

It would seem as though it would be much better to start a train of moderate size and take it through to its destination than to let the cars stand around waiting for a big train. In any event the cars have not got there, even within an unreasonable time, under the present system of handling them. It is undoubtedly economical to do it as it is done, just as it is to skimp the service on the branches and run small stations without agents, but it is hard on the public.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Nordon.

The basket sociable held in the "North Star" school house Dist. twenty-five was a splendid success. An excellent program was rendered by the pupils who did credit to themselves and their teacher. The sale of the baskets amounted to forty-three dollars and sixty-five cents. The money will go toward securing an organ for the school.

Messrs Jno. Emil, Walter and Miss Hattie Meier from Star City, Canada are in this vicinity visiting old time friends.

John Erickson left Monday for Crookston where he will begin work for the Shevlin Lumber Company.

F. M. Shanahan the popular and worthy teacher in Dist. 25 will spend the last week of his vacation in Thief River Falls.

R. Feragen contemplates going to Canada in the future to look after his land.

Throen Solville from Otter Tail is visiting here with his cousins the Mesdames Hitterdahls.

John Funnesdahl has clairvoyant propensities but he is puzzled where it comes to guessing baskets.

Fredolph Anderson would be a jolly and much loved pedagogue if we can tell for any thing from the part he acted in a dialogue entitled, "A scene in the Beech Hill's School."

A temperance meeting was held in the Standvold school house last Sunday.

A number of popular young people from the city attended the basket social Saturday Eve. in the North Star school house and generously assisted in making it a success both socially and financially.

Miss Laura Naiseth, teacher in Dist. 135 is spending her vacation at home in the city. Observer.

LIST OF PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Personal Property Taxes Are Now Due and Must Be Paid Before March 1 to Avoid a Ten Per Cent Penalty Added on That Date if Not Paid.

City of Thief River Falls.

Anderson, A I	$ 2 31
" A C	3 05
" N J	09
" Andrew	7 53
Arneson, Ole	22 40
Auson, E K	76
Akre, A H	5 78
Albert, A C	4 12
Allnes, E S	4 48
Abraham A E	20 25
Aspelund, E. E	2 68
Boen & Vistaunet	10 04
Bishop, W. A.	4 03
" J. M.	1 84
" Ella G.	7 34
" O. A.	3 51
Bishop & Elder	8 15
Baker, W E	2 96
Bakken O. L.	2 42
Bakke, D B	8 60
" Gilbert	1 30
Burns Michael	62
Bjorkhoel Jacob	1 62
Bloom, O J	5 92
Bulman, James	3 23
Bagley, S W	21 37
Borry, Jacob	2 47
Bothun, M	18 77
Brager Bros	9 77
Blanchard Mrs Wm.	3 13
Berg, Nels	62
Bredeson A.	3 27
Bockmann, M W H	8 07
Booren, G W	8 65
Brown August	3 07
Backe, Lars	91
Barzen, Math	72
Brady, N	1 39
Christianson, Ben	9 46
Citizens State Bank	301 61
Capitake, Ernest	1 52
Conklin Boiler Works	8 04
Chelin, Helen	4 30
Cyr & Huseth	10 97
Curran, Geo	1 39
Curtis, J P	54 07
Caldwell Minnie A	94
Cheeley, Sam	2 86
Carlson, O W	13 07
Duluth Brewg Co	35 30
Dobner C L	10 58
" H G	1 12
DeLaurier T	1 03
Diebold & Laing	28 07
Eberhardt, Peter	24 00
Evenson, Dora	67
" M V	2 78
Ellingson, Peter	13 48
Emerson, E T	3 05
Eastman J W	13 89
Evenson, Ole	27
Erickson, Anna	6 68
" Andy	17 68
" John	81
Crawford, W W	11 50
Erickson, Ben	58
Elder, Geo	5 51
Evenson C M	3 90
Fant H	83 60
Froseth, Carl	12 01
Fjoss, Ole	61
First National Bank	333 31
First State Bank	207 20
Finch Smith Co	112 00
Fargo G K	9 72
Fargo & Stanton	10 97
Forsberg J P	4 71
Frederickson, Carl	12 77
Foss & Kjoss	17 25
Gilbert, Ed	99
Granum, C O	3 51
Gambell, F H	7 08
Gullingsrud, E O	4 62
Grundy, H	14 43
Haakonson & Johnson	7 26
Hanson, A L	45
Hagen, Ole	1 08
Holland, G C	2 82
Higgins, A J	2 24
Horton, G	13 20
Helgeson, O B	2 74
Halvorson, Halvor Jr	54
Haws, G W.	3 32
Holzscknecht, Clara	71
" Fred	4 71
Hagen, F L	6 85
Herron, Wm	3 13
Halseth, A	2 28
Hileman Brg Co	27 11
Hankey, T B	58
Hankey & Glaser	9 36
Hoag, L M	8 38
Halda, Joe	10 31
Hanson, Louis	1 66
Harlow, M C	2 86
Helgeson A B	6 63
Hill, Golda	4 48
Hicks, H M	39 07
Heasley S L	3 76
Halvorson, N F	3 59
Hanson & Barzen Millg Co	216 20
Hanson & Barzen	5 20
Hannabahl Minnie	10 58
Hamre T P	33 60
" T P	4 05
John, Gund Brg Co	49 46
Jensen, Jens P	15 55
Johnson C P	89
Johnson, J P	1 62
Johnson & Jenkins	17 07
Juneau R.	13 44
Johnson, Gustie	4 48
Johnson, S T	2 21
" Samuel	1 52
Jackson, C C	6 14
Jackson & Co	70 64
Jorgenson, Geo	1 35
Hay, J H	0 05
Kenyon, T	3 27
Kretschmar, Anna	6 32
Kenison & Annundson,	76 16
Korstad, Wm	13 44
Krouse & Christianson,	66 08
Kristopherson, C	4 75
Kratka, W A	4 48
LaBree, Jesse	2 15
Lee, Nels N	4 12
Leanport, John	9 50
Lanning, Geo R	9 95
Langseth, A M	3 90
Loken, Lusa	5 60
Lansing, E W Jr	4 48
Legvold, Ole A	3 45
Kevil Brg Co	23 25
Lonson Gib	4 30
Lee, Torkel	4 16
Lee, Martina	1 16
Langevin, Ed	5 02
Loken C A	6 27
LaCount, Fred	1 88
Langseth, Bros	107 66
McGnity, J W	1 48
McEleney, P J	5 21
McMahon, Amy	56
McGinn, Robert	4 57
Mulhall, M	1 70
Monro, M	9 03
Michelet, Wm	2 28
Mabey, Perl W	4 88
Mulry & Ellinger	9 85
Martin & Roark,	17 25
Melgaard, T L	9 50
Moran & Sevreson,	9 72
Morrissey, E J	4 98
Morgan, John	17 60
Mark, Louis	4 48
Mpls, Brg Co	20 12
Mussey, H E	2 90
Nerland, Knut	31
Nelson, O H	11 51
Nelson, Hans	40
National Elevator Co	22 40
Nelson Lewis A.	3 30
" N A	5 83
Nyhus, Ole O	72
Newberry & Bulman,	31 81
Newman, Peter	2 60
Nelson, Bros	41 17
Nason, Chas A	4 60
O'Neill, D P	3 00
O'Nora, Edw	3 30
Olson Bros & Tandberg,	14 33
Olson, Chas	8 90
Oen & Granum,	100 03
Oas, John	96 50
Ohm, H A	26
Patten Mrs J K	1 03
Peterson, O A	3 30
Peterson, Gilbert	5 86
Peterson & Klingborg,	11 74
Penney G A	13 35
Peterson, Leonard	2 24
Paulson & Johnson,	19 71
Prichard, W W	12 14
Paulson, Peter	3 59
Prestebak, Hans	5 56
Langseth, Annie	5 73
Queen City Bot Wks,	24 64
Quam, Ole	81
Reodahl, Ole R	2 42
Rud, Ole	81
Rumniski, John	8 15
Richardson & Coak,	10 97
" Ora M	2 51
" Ira C	1 08
Rose, E E	8 78
Roth, Fred	5 20
Robertson, L O	27 01
Ramussen, C M	8 38
Rogers, John	19 71
" Mrs J	3 76
Rolph, T A & Son	13 44
Ramstad, Oluaf	8 15
Rolean, Joe	3 30
Red Lake Falls Milling Co	35 84
Robbecke, C A	22 04
Ralston, J A	9 41
Remmem, A B	17 05
Stenseth, A	7 26
Simonson, Ole	8 90
Standard, Oil Co	16 18
Stodalm, Martine	1 56
Sandberg, Chasz	81
St. Anthony & Dak El Co	22 40
Swenson, S	89
Sorenson, John	9 68
Skogen & Thompson,	41 21
Schei, O J & Co	149 72
" O J	9 65
Sharback, S W	45 07
Sworo, J A	2 20
Speiss, Mrs W E	2 00
" Bros	37 99
Sothern, R	31 61
Sedlacek, Emil	2 78
Stebbins, F J	55 00
Sundahl, Bros	23 52
Shaw, D	3 63
Sandum Gilbert	43 41
Shorley, Chas	2 11
Thief R F Cement Blk Wks	25 09
Torreson, Bros	04 07
Tandberg, O T	7 30
Torgeason & Helgland	22 17
Torstvet, A J	6 90
Tautges, W A	3 05
Tessum, O	6 30
Tanem, A	7 28
T R F Co-op Cry Co	13 44
T R F Lumber Co	1820 43
Vorachek, J J	19 80
Vistaunet, P L	7 71
Voss, Albert	3 63
Votava, Jos	1 35
Warner, R & Co	25 53
Wilson Stein Co	8 90
Wassen A A	13 98
Wilson, C M	2 37
Walseth, J	5 93
Weston, O A	16 53
Warring S	2 20
Williams, G G	23 65
" G G & Co	8 90
Wilson, Clothing Co	44 80
Walker, B	1 03
Weeks, M L	8 05
Weichman, Albert	81
Wright, C E	4 70
" W A	4 12
Walter, L S	5 87
Winton, D N	17 88
Tri State Tel Co	89 00
Theo. Hamm Brg Co	43 01
Zavoral, John	18
Zeh, Emil E	4 28
Zeh, P I	2 27

Most people know that if they have been sick they need *Scott's Emulsion* to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about *Scott's Emulsion* is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	65c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 04
Eggs	30c
Butter	25c
Potatoes, bushel	35c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

—Carpenters and woodworkers take notice. I have for sale one combined machine of four tools—circular saw, scroll saw, shaper and boring attachment. Also a layth for wood turning—[illegible]. Call and look them over. J. W. Wallis.

—House for sale—A good seven room house and two lots for sale cheap if taken soon. Inquire of Lars Backe, city clerks office.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

D. P. O'Neill was down to Red Lake last week.

O. T. Tanberg was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Dr. Penney was confined to his home last week by sickness.

F. T. Satre left last Friday for his claim up near Warroad.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Richard Sjoberg, of Roseau, was in the city the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Ole Torrison left last Friday for Fisher to visit his parents for a few days.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week attending to legal business.

Attorney W. A. Tautges was down to Fergus Falls last week attending to legal business.

Paul I. D. Ostby, of Plummer, was in the city last Saturday visiting with friends there.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley, who had been visiting friends in North Dakota, returned Monday.

Miss Helen Green came up from Crookston Monday and is the guest of the Misses Lakin.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

Attorney Michelet returned Monday morning from Minneapolis where he had been spending the holidays with his parents.

Lost—Nov. 9, between Thief River Falls and Brunkeberg, a duck coat lined with dog skin. Finder please return to this office and get reward.

Julius Jacobson and family left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert to make their future home. Mr. Jacobson is captain of one of the Prince Albert Lumber company's tow boats.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

William J. Harlow and bride are in the city visiting at the home of M. C. Harlow. On Christmas day at Red Lake Falls he was united in marriage to Miss Francis Alberta Orr, of the town of Gervais. The bride is a handsome and accomplished young lady and the groom is at present teaching school in the town of Gervais.

C. M. Carlson, the enterprising real estate dealer, of Strandquist, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters. Mr. Carlson says that Strandquist is coming to the front and gives promise of making one of the best towns upon the Soo line north of here. A weekly newspaper may be established there in the near future.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7.30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30.
August Rosdfeldt, pastor.

A. Spokley spent Sunday at Climax.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

A. Hulseth left Monday for Lake Park to visit friends.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hans Rosodahl last Thrusday.

L. O. Robertson left Monday for *Barnesville to visit friends.*

Editor Carr, of the Middle River Pioneer was in the city Monday.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

Most of the merchants are busy these days taking an invotory of their stock.

George Curran was down to Red Lake Fall the first of the week visiting with friends.

Editor Matson, of the Warren Sheaf, was in the city Monday, being enroute home from a trip to the twin cities.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday and held services in the Norwegian Lutheran church at that place.

Mrs. Andrew Lang left Monday for Grand Forks and points in Southern Minnesota to spend about three weeks visiting relatives and friends.

H. W. Lee excects to leave in about a month for the state of Washington to look over the country with a view of removing to that state in the near future.

Tolef and Knut Loyland, C. H. Omlid and Engbret Nelson, all settlers on the eleven towns and subscribers of the News were in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Carl Korstad left Tuesday for Duluth and in about a week he will go on the road traveling for the Lake Superior Paper company. He will have the territory tributary to Thief River Falls and will make this city his headquarters.

Register of Deeds Frank Jeffers announces that after January 15th., next, he will go to Montana, where he will act as the western representative of the Miller-Davis Printing Company, of Minneapolis, makers of blank books, blanks, county supplies, office furniture, etc.

The board of commissioners will meet at the auditor's office in Red Lake Falls on Tuesday, January 8, in the most important meeting of the year. Three new commissioners will take their seats at this meeting—Lindquist, of the First district, Aubol of the Third district, and Pigeon, of the Fifth, leaving Commissioners Demann and Shaw as the old members. At this meeting the bonds of the newly elected officers will be approved, contracts for the different county committees made, the financial statement compared and a large number of other matters attended to. The meeting will probably last several days.

Some dissatisfaction is evident among the citizens of Dent, on the Soo line south of here, as to the proper privileges of the saloons in that village. When the question of license or no license was submitted to the voters a majority voted for license and as a result there are several saloons operating there by license of the village council. But now a dispatch from Dent says that the citizens of that town have joined in a petition to Gov. Johnson asking that he clap a lid upon the saloons doing business there. The signers of the petition allege that some of the saloons are operating in violation of the state laws; that they keep open after 11 o'clock at night, sell liquor to minors and habitual drunkards. The petition requests the governor to command the proper authorities to see that that the state laws regarding the sale of liquor are enforced.

Mrs Osborn Upper, who came from Prince Albert, in the Canadian north west, to spend a few weeks at Bemidji with relatives, had an experience which wasn't very pleasant. Her train was blocked in North Dakota for three full days, and she and the other passengers simply sat in the cars and put in the time as best they could. The train was stalled some few miles from any village, and at one time it was feared that nothing could be obtained for food. A farmer was located, however, a mile or so from the track, and the passengers purchased many young chickens, so they got along alright. Finally Mrs Upper and two or three passengers secured a team and drove fifteen or twenty miles across country, and caught the Great Northern train. The train they left was stalled for several days after she left it.

Dr. Schalaben was up to Middle River Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag New Years Day.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

Leon Bourque was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. M. C. Burns visited friends at St. Hilaire the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Goebler New Years day.

Miss Esther Kretzschmar was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Orvil, mother of Fred Orvil, of Crookston, died Monday morning at her home up near Gatzke, Marshall county.

Misses Meehan, Jonas and McCrum returned Tuesday to Moorhead to resume their studies at the Normal school at that place.

Perl W. Mabey returned Tuesday morning from Lake City where he had been spending the holidays. Mrs. Mabey will return Sunday morning.

Speiss Bros., who have conducted a small general store here, have filed a petition in bankruptcy. Their assets are placed at $3,850 and liabilities at $4,381, 84.

Otto Ramstad, who had been in the city spending his vacation visiting with the family of Olaf Ramstad, left Tuesday for Moorhead to resume his studies in the Normal school at that place.

Michael Ready and his two children, Patrick and Miss Bridget Ready arrived here last week from Ontario to visit Mr. Ready's daughter, Mrs. M. Mulhall. On Tuesday Miss Bridget Ready left for Montana to make her future home.

The Pioneer Sash and Door Factory is doing a rushing business just at present and a large number are being employed. The company is now manufacturing tables and other furniture articles which are being sold to wholesale jobbers and others.

Last Friday was the 20th anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Robbeck and in order to commemorate the event a number of their old and intimate friends surprised them upon that evening. A very enjoyable social event was the result.

Miss Gertrude Dingman, of Avon, and Mrs. Louis Wieber and daughter, Miss Hildegard, of Martz, arrived in the city last Thursday and are the guests of Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingman. The two former are Fr. Adolph's sisters and the two latter are mother and sister respectively of Miss Sophia Wieber, who is Fr. Adolph's housekeeper.

Congressman Steenerson and eight other congressmen have gone to Panama to see the canal. They will have a nice holiday trip and will get a good opportunity to see the big ditch as they expect to spend five days on the isthmus. They go on their own account and will try and decide whether the ditch should be dug by the government or by contract.

The state railroad and warehouse commission has sent to the railroads copies of the carload commodity rate tariff governing in Minnesota, pursuant to the recent investigation by the commission as to the reasonableness of present rates. The new schedule is on a mileage basis, and is to be made effective after Jan. 25. Deep cuts have been made in the grain and coal tariffs and lumber rates are likewise slashed. Live stock rates are not effected so much.

The Marshal-Well hardware firm of Duluth will put out three new men in this teritory to take the place of F. F. Bolton, who goes into the house. The new men are Ed. H. Ness, of Thief River Falls, who spent yesterday in the city, Sam E. Hunt of Red Lake Falls, and R. R. Ashley of St. Paul. Mr. Ashley has made this city his head quarters for some time having been connected with a St. Paul hardware firm, but has resigned his position with them to accept one with the Duluth firm.—Crookston Times.

Bemidji has recently rejected 600 feet of hose sold the fire department by the Eureka Fire hose company, through its Minneapolis agent. The hose was first tested and appeared to be all right, but when a member of the council suggested that they cut off a foot of the hose and compare it carefully with the sample used to get the order, it was found that the hose company had attempted to be sharp, and had sent an inferior grade. Every city and village would do well to follow Bemidji's example in this matter, there is no doubt but that many towns have been swindled in purchasing fire hose.

In many kinds of sickness, especially among children, boiled water is a necessity. To boil it would seem to be a very simple thing, and yet but few people know how to boil it properly. The secret lies in taking good fresh water, putting it into a clean kettle already quite warm, and setting the water to boiling quickly and taking it right off the stove before it is spoiled. To let it steam and simmer and evaporate until the good water is in the atmosphere, and the lime and iron and dregs only left in the kettle, makes a great many people sick and is worse than no water at all. Water boiled in this way and flavored with a few drops of lemon juice makes a cool and refreshing drink for little sufferers.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Eleven years ago we started in business with a rented floor space of 240 sq. ft., now we occupy a floor space of 6656 sq. ft., being nearly double the floor space occupied by any other firm in this city. We have built up this large business by honest and fair dealing. The past year has been the most prosperous in our business, we hope to make the coming year double the previous.

We buy our goods for cash and in car lots, and are therefor in a position to meet and all competition. For the year 1907 we have rented this space in the NEWS and propose to give a list of the many bargains we have to offer from time to time. It will pay you well to read it each week.

Hicks House Furnishing Co.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

John S. Glennon, deputy warden at Stillwater prison, is dead of pernicious anemia. He was forty-six years old.

Edward Henry Judson, aged sixty-four, a pioneer resident of St. Paul and a veteran of the Civil war, is dead.

The Minnesota State Educational association held its forty-fourth annual convention in Minneapolis last week.

Dr. Charles Griswold, seventy-four years of age, for many years a practicing physician of North St. Paul, is dead.

Dr. Emanuel L. Hess, for eleven years rabbi of Mount Zion temple at St. Paul, died suddenly last week of heart trouble.

Dr. Cyrus K. Bartlett, a well known alienist and a physician who ranked high in the state, is dead at Minneapolis, aged seventy-seven.

Captain P. H. Ryan, a resident of St. Paul since 1853 and a veteran of the Civil war, is dead. He was seventy-eight years of age.

At a special election last week the village of Battle Lake voted $8,000 bonds to buy an acetylene lighting plant and waterworks system for the village.

Thomas Cochran, prominent in St. Paul business circles and well known as a public spirited citizen, orator and scholar, is dead after an illness of two months.

Chester Tracy, the two-year-old son of Edward Tracy of Minneapolis, fell into a tub of boiling water and was so severely scalded that he died a few hours later at the city hospital.

Despondent because of the death of his wife a year since and his own ill health Peder Medlo, a contractor, choked himself with a small piece of rope in the timber near Minneapolis.

Samuel G. Iverson, state auditor, last week distributed $4,405.50 in accumulated claims against the state for wolf bounties. The payments cover bounties on 561 full grown wolves and 198 cubs.

Six children were badly burned, two perhaps fatally, and a number of people were bruised and trampled on as the result of a mishap at a Christmas celebration at the United Brethren church at Le Sueur Center.

A prisoner convicted of larceny at Mankato escaped from the sheriff of Blue Earth county while being taken to Stillwater by jumping through a window of a railroad coach. The prisoner was handcuffed at the time of his escape.

George Hare is dead at Rochester as the result of an accident which happened to him on Dec. 11. On that day he was at work on a corn shredder when the sleeve of his coat became caught in the machinery, drawing his arm into the feeder.

Dr. L. W. Babcock of Wadena, a physician and a leading politician, died at St. Luke's hospital, St. Paul, of a complication of nervous diseases. He was sixty-six years of age and was speaker of the lower house of the legislature during the session of 1903.

Minneapolis is to have a new passenger station to occupy the site of the present Union depot and considerable additional land. The work of tearing down the old building will be begun in the spring and when that is out of the way building operations will proceed.

State Treasurer Block, in his annual report, recommends that the low interest bearing securities of other states held by the state be disposed of in order to get funds with which to meet the increasing demand for loans from municipalities within the state.

C. L. Benedict will succeed himself as postmaster at Mankato, Minn. The recommendation for his reappointment has been filed by Representative McCleary. Mr. McCleary also recommended the reappointment of J. E. Haycroft as postmaster at Madelia and C. E. Fuller at St. James.

Fayette Tyler, a brakeman on the Northwestern railroad, was caught between two cars at Janesville and his breast was badly crushed. A special train hurried him to Rochester and he was operated on at St. Mary's hospital, but died on the operating table. His home was in Rochester.

The entire town of Ulen, which is located in the northeastern part of Clay county, has been almost entirely wiped out by fire. All of the business section was destroyed and only the hardest kind of work on the part of the volunteer fire department saved the residence portion from destruction.

Edward T. Young, attorney general of the state, has transmitted to the governor his annual report in which he recommends important changes in the laws, covering anti-trust laws, timber matters, the inheritance tax and public service corporations and recommends an appropriation for extra help in his office.

Fred Zimmerman of Owatonna, while intoxicated, shot through a window, hitting Mrs. H. O. Quam, mistaking her for his wife, who had fled to the Quam home for safety. He was about to commit suicide when knocked down by the infuriated husband of the wounded woman, who is in a precarious condition.

Henry Hughes of Itasca county has served notice on Secretary of State Hanson of his intention to appeal to the district court in Itasca county for a recount of the votes cast at the election last November on the proposition of creating Koochiching county out of Itasca. The state canvassing board's return shows that the proposition carried by a vote of 1,370 to 892.

Love and Dyspepsia.

Young Wife (sobbing)—I am afraid, Karl, you have forgotten what the Herr Pastor said so beautifully at our wedding—how love believes anything, suffers anything— Young Husband—Oh, no; I haven't, but I didn't hear him say that love can eat anything.—Fliegende Blatter.

Self Made Man.

A rich financier said to one of our confreres who has more wit than wealth, "When I began business, sir, I had nothing."

"But those with whom you did business had something."—Independance Roumaine.

Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	04c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	06c
Pillow slips	03c
Sheets	06 to 08c
Pillow shams	25c
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	50c and up

At the Star Steam Laundry.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

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I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in contact with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commiision. Write to-day if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAN,
210 Armory Blk., Ottawa, Ill.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER, $1.00 PER YEAR

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dairy and Creamery

Preparing cream for city trade was a subject discussed at a recent eastern dairy meeting. In the larger cities the price of this luxury varies from 5 cents to 15 cents per half pint. Cream that brings 15 cents must be of the very highest quality. Pasteurization usually enters into the process of preparing it for market, but this is not necessary. Following is part of the address given at the meeting by C. T. Thompson. It will be of interest to all dairymen:

"Cream will keep sweet for a longer period than milk. The thicker the cream or the more fat it contains the longer it will keep. This will very materially help the producer.

"The method of preparing cream without pasteurization, to be marketed as sweet cream, is as follows: The cows are kept in clean stables frequently whitewashed, their udders and flanks carefully brushed and wiped with a damp cloth; the hands of the milker are clean; no odors are in evidence, and no dust from recent feeding or from bedding. The milk is drawn into hooded pails through absorbent cotton, then taken at once to the dairy room, where nothing but the dairy utensils and the cooling tank are allowed to remain. It is run through a scrupulously clean separator into cans which have been sterilized and set immediately into clean ice water, where the temperature is below 38 degrees F.

"After the cream is cooled to 40 degrees or less it is bottled and set into cases. These have a compartment for each bottle and an ice box in the center. It is then ready for market, and if the work has been carefully done it will keep for as long a time as that which has been pasteurized in creameries. I have known cream prepared in this way to be used in coffee sixteen days after shipping and show no effects of age whatever. There is nothing in the above method which cannot be successfully employed by any dairyman who has cleanly tastes and habits, and it does not require any great outlay for expensive machinery or for expensive stables. When cream containing 40 per cent fat can be sold for 10 cents per half pint or $1.60 per gallon, the producer is getting at the rate of 40 cents per pound for his butter, which is the net wholesale price received by people of my acquaintance, with a steadily increasing demand and prospects of still higher prices."

An Imported Guernsey.

The subject of the illustration, from the National Stockman and Farmer, is the imported Guernsey cow Itchen Daisy III., which was recently sold to F. Lathrop Ames of Massachusetts for $4,000. She made a most creditable record as a two-year-old—9,958.7 pounds milk, 553.83 pounds butter fat—which placed her at the head of her class, and has just completed another year's test which places her at the head of the four and a half-year-old class, she gaining that position by 700 pounds milk and 10 pounds fat. She is the first cow to have the distinction of standing at the head of two classes in the Guernsey register. The record was made under the supervision of the New Jersey experiment station.

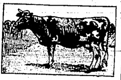

ITCHEN DAISY III.

How One Breeder Succeeds.

Talking with a breeder of dairy cattle who has had cows make some high records, who seldom loses a calf or a mature animal and who sells his stock at good prices, a friend says: "You are the luckiest mortal I ever knew. Things always seem to come right for you." "Luck has nothing to do with it," said the breeder in question, "unless you would call staying up all night with a calving cow when it is necessary, watching with the greatest care the cows that are on test, as well as the other members in the herd, and seeing that everything is attended to personally and working from twelve to sixteen hours a day, luck. And if persistent advertising, attending breeders' meetings and sales and doing missionary work with the neighbors at home in the interest of pure bred stock and for the further purpose of disposing of my surplus stock is luck, I have it, but not otherwise." There is a little sermon in this for the beginner in the pure bred stock business.—Holstein-Friesian Register.

The Cows to Keep.

As the cows are to bring in most of the cash it is very important that they be carefully selected. Breed is not nearly as important as performance, says the National Stockman and Farmer. It is a very good plan to start with pure bred registered animals if within reach, but let the pedigree not deter you from using the scale and test, and if any fall below the standard dispose of them quickly, pedigree and all. Indeed, my friend, with a favorable season you may succeed in growing enough roughage and some grain for eight cows and two horses the first year if you go at it heart and soul, but it means long days of hard work, careful thinking and prompt execution.

CARE OF DAIRY UTENSILS.

Some Valuable Points on Keeping Them Clean and Sanitary.

The first requisite is to purchase dairy utensils that can be easily cleaned, which have smooth, hard and nonporous surfaces and corners so made that they are easily accessible to a brush or cloth. Unnecessary corners and angles should be avoided.

The principal things necessary for keeping utensils clean are hot water or steam, some alkali and a scrubbing brush or coarse cloth, combined with plenty of elbow grease to make these agents effective. All utensils should be cleaned immediately after using. The method for cleaning varies slightly, according to what the utensils have contained. If they have been used for milk, they should first be rinsed with cold or lukewarm water, so as to wash off the viscous albuminoids, which if subjected to boiling water would coagulate and adhere firmly to the tin, thus becoming difficult to remove. They should then be thoroughly washed in hot water with some cleansing material, such as washing powder or caustic soda, in order to remove the grease. The water should be quite hot, and the washing powders should not be used sparingly, for we too often find vessels where the grease has not been removed, but simply smeared over the tin. Caustics and washing powders are not only effective in cleaning the grease from utensils, but they also act as a means of destroying bacteria. Common soaps, and especially if perfumed, should be avoided.

Destroying Bacteria.

It has been found that a 5 or 7 per cent solution of good fresh washing powder applied in hot water will make a good material for destroying germ life, provided the utensils are subjected to this solution for at least ten minutes, after which they should be rinsed in hot water and set away in the pure air to dry. The latter method requires more time to accomplish the same purpose than with steam, but is better adapted to farm use.

There are other methods for conveniently destroying bacteria on dairy utensils. They are, however, more expensive, but very effective. A practical way is to rinse the utensils, after they have been thoroughly washed in some alkali, with a hot solution containing 6 to 12 per cent borax. This solution also preserves the tin to a slight extent, but care must be taken not to get it into the milk.

Sunlight and pure air are the cheapest and most effective means of keeping the utensils pure and sanitary after they have been cleansed. When these conditions do not exist it is then advisable to put them in a hot drying room.

Old, unclean dishcloths should never be used for wiping dairy utensils after they have been steamed or subjected to the hot washing solution, as the germs which are lodged in the cloth will again be distributed over the surface of the vessels, thus reinfecting them. If utensils must be wiped dry, it is always best to use a coarse linen cloth which has previously been steamed or boiled.

Scrub brushes are the best articles for use in cleaning dairy utensils. Coarse linen cloths may also be used, but they require more care in keeping them clean. The same methods for cleaning utensils should be followed for cleaning cloths.—Extract From a Bulletin of the Kansas State Agricultural College.

THE BUTTERMAKER

It is just as easy to make good butter as it is to make poor butter, and you can get a much better price. The main secret is to keep the milk dishes clean.

Use Good Butter Salt.

This is an exceedingly important matter. A good way to test it is to dissolve some in hot water. If the salt has a bad flavor it will be easily detected. Sometimes a sediment will be seen in the bottom of the vessel. A bad odor in butter many times is caused by the use of poor salt.

Cool the Cream Quickly.

Temperature has a great deal to do with the making of fine butter, not only at churning time, but from the time the milk is drawn from the cow until the butter is placed on the table. Unless the cream is cooled quickly after milking and kept right from that time on it is impossible to make really good butter.

Make the Best.

If you are making butter to sell, hunt up good customers who are willing to pay a little extra, then give them exactly what they want, says the Farmers Advocate. Give them the very best there is in butter and put in the quantity of salt that pleases them. You can get 5 cents above the market price in this way, and this 5 cents is clear profit. It costs no more to make good butter than poor butter; in fact, it costs less, because you are more likely to watch all the little leaks, and the result is you get more pounds of butter.

Fishy Flavor in Butter.

This serious defect is declared by A. J. Walker in the Chicago Produce to be due to the use of washing powder in tanks and churns where care insufficient has been taken to rinse out the powder with fresh water. Mr. Walker states if a strong solution of washing powder is put in a tumbler the fishy flavor can easily be detected. This flavor has been very puzzling to all investigators, and it will be interesting to know if the washing powder is the cause of it, as suggested.

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 and E ½ of Sec. 19 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " "
Ole Holmen, " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

dec 20 jan 24

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Carl Habedank H. E. No. 311 Red Lake Series, for the Lots 7, 8, of Sec 32 T'wp 155 N., of R. 41 West and Lots 3, 4 of S ½ of N.W. ¼ of Sec. 5 in T'wp 154 N. of R 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Rustad, of Germantown, Minn
Emil Ristau, " "
Nick Bondhard, of " "
John Ristau, of " "

dec 27 jan 31

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

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Grand Forks, North Dak

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:15 pm
10:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
10:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35 am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:20 pm
12:40 pm Ar	Middle River	Lv 3:12 pm
1:35 pm Ar	Greenbush	Lv 2:26 pm

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SEA SERPENT NEAR STOCKHOLM

One of the Highest Officials of King Oscar's Court Declares He Saw the Remarkable Animal.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following sea serpent story has gained wide circulation among the upper class of people of Stockholm says Hugo Vallentin in one of his recent American letters: "Although it is rather late in the season, the sea serpent was seen a few days ago at Saltsjobaden, a seaside resort near Stockholm. Victor Anckarcrona, one of the highest officials at King Oscar's court and the king's best personal friend, was walking out there the other day with three *other people*, when suddenly a remarkable animal rose out of the water about 200 yards from the shore. The animal had a decidedly snakelike appearance, moved with great speed and struck the spectators as being about twenty yards long. Mr. Anckarcrona communicated this experience at once to the press and, of course, a discussion of great dimensions has been the result. The men of science pooh-poohed the affair and said either it was some great seals swimming in a line or a whale that had strayed into the Baltic. But Mr. Anckarcrona, who is a great sportsman and who has shot seals in his day and knows their habits very well and who may also have harpooned whales in his day, says decidedly that it was nothing of the kind, but an animal of an unknown kind and a very great size. The great head, which sometimes was visible above the surface, resembled that of a tortoise. That Mr. Anckarcrona and his friends saw something unusual is beyond doubt, the only question is what. Now that Mr. Anckarcrona, who holds such a high social position, has dared give publicity to his experience, others, who have been afraid of the ridicule that always follows in the wake of the sea serpent, begin to add their experiences to his. It seems that in the last three years this remarkable animal has been seen by different people at different places in remote parts of the Stockholm archipelago. Both fishermen and others have seen it and at one time it nearly upset a boat and so frightened the inhabitants on a small island that they dared not go out fishing for several days."

All Sweden has during the past month or so been startled at the forgeries of Count Fritz von Rosen, captain of the royal bodyguard and a prominent figure in court circles. He has been arrested at Copenhagen on a charge of forgery and fraud and his extradition to Stockholm has been all provided for. The Rosen family has played an important role in the history of Sweden during the last 200 years and is indebted for its title of count to the fact that Gustav Frederick von Rosen saved the life of King Charles XII in the defense of Stralsund in 1715. A Chicago Tribune correspondent relates that the young count, Fritz von Rosen, is a cousin of those counts of Rosen who are so well known in America, especially in Philadelphia and New York, as the grandsons of the late Mrs. Bloomfield Moore of the Quaker city. Their father, Count Gustav Rosen, grand chamberlain of the court of Stockholm and married to Miss Ella Moore of Philadelphia, is the brother of Count Frederick Thomas von Rosen, father of the young nobleman now in jail at Stockholm. Count Fritz Rosen's troubles are mainly due to extravagance and to gambling debts, and by rights he should have forfeited his commission some time ago for the nonpayment of his gambling debts to the late Baron Dickson, master of the horse to the king of Sweden. The count took advantage of the baron's death to insist that his pecuniary obligation to the baron were the result of a loan instead of losses at the card table. Having exhausted every possible means of raising the wind the young count seems to have ended by forging the names of relatives, friends and fellow officers to bills, which he discounted and when confronted with discovery fled from the country. Instead of making his way to America or even to some remote portion of Europe he was foolish enough to content himself with proceeding to Copenhagen, where he was well known and where he took up his residence under his own name, not at any of the first class hotels, but at a fifth rate hostelry, where, of course, his presence attracted attention. Tracked by the Swedish police to the Danish capital he was found there in the company of a chorus girl, who had been the companion of his flight, and was taken back to Sweden, where the sensational trial will soon be held.

Bank Director L. Fraenckel, who has just returned from an extensive trip in the United States and Canada, stated to a Stockholm newspaper representative not long ago that a movement was on foot to build an East Asiatic railway which would connect Malmo, Sweden, with Port Said, Egypt. It is but needless to add that should such an enterprise ever be started that Sweden would be only too glad to add her share of money and good will to welcome its successful completion.

Editor E. Hammarlund, founder of "Svensk Lararetidning," which has been in existence for twenty-five years, has now resigned from his post and will be succeeded by F. Berg. Mr. Hammarlund will, however, retain his position as president of the board of directors of the company.

Crownprince Gustaf and Prince Gustaf Adolph have ordered two new automobiles of German make, which were delivered at the royal garage a few days ago.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

London has entertained all manner of social lions, from savage chiefs to rulers of world-empires and from musical prodigies to victorious soldiers, but not many have obtained the widespread popularity which follows little Prince Olav of Norway. It was long ago acknowledged that he was the most popular "man" in Norway, but he is fully as warm favorite in England as in his home country. All kinds of things are written about him and his mother. Queen Maud is keeping a scrap book of the stories of sayings and doings attributed to him, but *which are untrue*. Among these, doubtless, is the story that when his grandfather, now Fredrik VIII of Denmark, was crown prince, little Olav at a family dinner party turned to him with a cup in his fat little hand and said, "Skaal Kolega!" (Your health, colleague). Olav will be 4 years old on Feb. 7, and is a manly and goodnatured little chap. When he drove out with the royal family people cheered him along the way, and the little chap was never contented to remain sitting, but always insisted upon standing up on the carriage seat, and with his finger to his little blue cap returned the salutations with charming and childish dignity. Little Olav is perhaps the most popular, and certainly the most talked about, of all the little princes of Europe. He has had the affection of the Norwegian people ever since his entrance into Trondhjem for the coronation ceremonies. He was carried high on the shoulder of a grizzled old naval officer, and kicked his chubby legs with glee, and enthusiastically kissed both hands in response to the cheers of the delighted people. Again, at the coronation, when he became weary with the speeches, he darted away from the royal party into a throng of little boys, trying to reach a Norwegian banner that had caught his eye, before he was dragged back by horrified attendants. During the remainder of the day King Haakon took the little fellow in hand and somewhat restrained his enthusiasm. In the evening, when the people gathered in front of the palace, the new king and queen appeared on the balcony, but so loud were the calls for "Olav, Olav!" that the little fellow was brought out, and held by the king himself at arm's length above his head. Little Olav's daily constitutionals in the park are almost royal progresses, so eager are the people to see at close range this lad of 3. Olav is unaffectedly delighted and meets their advances in so friendly a way that he not infrequently, even more than the people, has to be restrained. At first he would kiss any one who attracted him and his attendants had to keep at a distance many other children to whom he would rush if he were allowed. The little white sweater and knickerbockers that the prince usually wears on informal occasions have come to be called the Olav suit. Every little boy in Norway has one like it, and since the visit to England the English youngsters are clamoring for them too.

An art auction has been held during the past few days in Christiania where some productions of Norway's leading artists have been sold for remarkable low prices. One of Fritz Thaulow's pictures netted only 610 crowns, a few brought 500 crowns, while the average price of the pictures did not exceed 100 crowns.

Helmer Hansen and Anton Lund, two members of the Gjoa expedition, were met by a procession headed by a music band upon their arrival at their native town of Tromsoe last week. On the evening of the day of their arrival a banquet and ball was given in their honor at the Grand hotel.

The palace will not be ready for occupancy by the first of the year as had been calculated.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Danish invention of wireless telegraphy has now been sold to an American syndicate for 1,800,000 crowns. The inventor has in all received 4,000,000 crowns for his invention. Poulsen cannot lay claim to Marconi's invention, but his simplified system has brought him the above mentioned fortune. A wireless station using the Poulsen system has been erected at Newcastle. On Nov. 7, Valdemar Poulsen delivered a lecture in Queen's Hall, London, regarding his invention within the sphere of wireless telegraphy, making a number of practical experiments, which were enthusiastically applauded. Sir William Preece, who was one of those present, declared that Poulsen's invention meant the death of the telegraph system now in use.

The holiday trade in Copenhagen has been the liveliest and greatest for many years and business activity in commercial lines generally has been unusually brisk all fall. The country's export trade has been something enormous.

MARIAN S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Attorney General Young of Minnesota has brought suit against the Great Northern Railway company in which he seeks to restrain the company from issuing the $60,000,000 of stock which it was announced recently would be issued on Jan. 4. The complaint alleges that the Minnesota laws require a railroad company to secure the permission of the state railroad and warehouse commission before increasing its capital stock. This, it is alleged, has not been done by the Great Northern and the court is asked to restrain the company from issuing the stock until the consent of the railway and warehouse commission has been secured.

A monster mass meeting of the citizens of Washington of various religious denominations was held Sunday night to condemn the action of the French government in confiscating the property of the Catholic church and imposing restrictions on the Catholics in France. Some of the most prominent citizens and religious workers in the city attended.

The judiciary committee of the Chicago Bar association, which has been investigating charges against Superior Court Judge Chetlain of having become interested in various financial transactions which came under the jurisdiction of his court, has found the jurist "guilty of grave infractions of conduct."

Secret service agents at San Francisco have had their attention called to an inflammatory paper published in Berkeley, Cal., by Japanese entitled "The Revolution," in which the assassination of the mikado, President Roosevelt and others in authority is advocated in plain language.

The Standard Oil company won a victory in common pleas court at Findlay, O., when Judge Duncan decided that the probate court had no jurisdiction in the case brought against it in the probate court and threw out the recent verdict of guilty against the company.

The Minnesota state board of control recommends in its annual report that a factory for the manufacture of farm machinery be established at the Stillwater penitentiary.

Fifteen hundred members of the American Association for the Advancement of Science are attending the fifty-seventh annual meeting in New York city.

Since Jan. 1 last 6,607 miles of railroad track have been laid on 388 lines in forty-four states and territories. This breaks all records since 1888.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Alexander J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company and one of the foremost railroad men and financiers in the country, died suddenly at his residence in Philadelphia of heart disease. Mr. Cassatt was sixty-seven years of age.

Bishop A. Coke Smith of the Methodist Episcopal church South is dead at Asheville, N. C. Mr. Smith was elected bishop at the general conference in Dallas four years ago.

G. G. Leonard, once a millionaire wheat speculator, the partner of "Old Hutch" in the Chicago wheat pit, is dead at the county poor farm at Spangle, Wash.

Walter Appleton Clark, the well known artist and illustrator, is dead in New York city. Mr. Clark was thirty-one years old.

Thomas M. Bowen, formerly United States senator from Colorado, is dead at Pueblo, Colo., aged seventy-one years.

Dr. Charles H. Culpepper, a leading and wealthy physician of Portsmouth, Va., committed suicide by shooting.

George Brooks Young, sixty-six years old and one of Minnesota's pioneer lawyers, is dead at St. Paul.

Mrs. A. U. Popolaski, a woman of Polish birth, is dead at Fairmont, Minn., aged 104 years.

Former United States Senator Donelson L. Caffery is dead at New Orleans.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 29.—Wheat—Dec., 75½c; May, 77¾@77⅞c; July, 78⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78¾@79c; No. 1 Northern, 77¾@78c; No. 2 Northern, 75¾@75⅝c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.00@6.15. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 77⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 77⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅛c; Dec., 75⅛c; May, 78⅝c; July, 79c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.19; Dec., $1.18¾; Jan., $1.18½; May, $1.22½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Wheat—Dec., 73@73⅛c; May, 77@77⅛c. Corn—Dec., 40⅝c; May, 43⅜@43½c. Oats—Dec., 33½@33⅝c; May, 36c. Pork—Jan., $15.87½; May, $16.45. Butter—Creameries, 22@31c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—21@31c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10@11c; chickens, 10c; springs, 10c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@[illegible]; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.60; Texans, $2.75@4.50; Westerns, $3.90@5.40; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.43½; good heavy, $6.30@6.45; rough heavy, $5.95@6.25; light, $5.95@6.37½; pigs, $5.50@6.20. Sheep, $3.75@5.70; lambs, $4.65@7.75.

ONE DEAD, THE OTHER DYING.

Two Brothers Hit by a Train Near St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 27.—Joseph Indkage, twenty-eight years of age, a farmer living about thirteen miles from the city on the Hamline road, was instantly killed by a Northern Pacific freight train at Rosetown crossing, and Nicholas Indkage, a brother, was probably fatally injured. Their wagons were smashed into kindling wood and two of their horses were killed.

The brothers were accompanied by a third brother, Stanley Indkage, when they came to St. Paul yesterday morning with three loads of hay. The two in the wreck had started for home a short while ahead of Stanley. They had their fur collars above their ears and heads and they were riding in the front wagon, while the second team followed. When hit by the train they were crossing Livingston avenue at Bennett lake. Nicholas Indkage was hurled from his wagon and fell on the frozen lake about fifty feet away, where he was found by the train crew. Joseph was found near the tracks in a mangled condition. The horses killed were found in a ditch on the south side of the tracks and parts of the wagons were thrown 100 feet across the lake.

MINNEAPOLIS MAN MISSING.

Big Reward Offered for Information as to His Whereabouts.

Milwaukee, Dec. 28.—A reward of $1,000 is offered by a detective agency for information leading to the discovery of the whereabouts of Le Roy J. Kelly, son of a Minneapolis millionaire, who disappeared in Milwaukee on Nov. 20.

Detectives have been in the city trying to find some trace of the young man, but their efforts have been fruitless. Whether he met with an accident or whether he was murdered the detectives cannot say.

Kelly was employed by the Crookston Lumber company of Minneapolis. He came to Milwaukee on his vacation Nov. 20. During the afternoon he visited several downtown saloons and amusement resorts, and in the evening he was seen at one of the red light resorts on the East Side.

The last time that he was seen was when he left that place and walked westward toward the river.

BREAKING THE GRAIN TIE UP.

Railroads Bringing Hundreds of Carloads Into Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28.—The backbone of the grain tie up will soon be broken, as hundreds of cars of grain are now coming into the city daily, particularly over the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Soo, the roads which handle the most grain.

Great Northern officials assert that they will have handled over 7,000 grain cars locally by the end of December, as against 3,000 in the month of November.

The Northern Pacific will have handled between 1,200 and 1,500 cars at the end of December, as against 553 in November.

The other roads do not show any increase worthy of mention, but the increase on the two big roads is growing daily, and it is therefore believed that the tie up will not last long.

KILLS HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Minnesota Man Refuses to Say What Caused the Tragedy.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—Clyde King, aged twenty-five, shot and killed Elias Jobes, his brother-in-law, in the latter's barn at Osseo, a town a few miles from Minneapolis. The murder took place early in the afternoon and two shots were fired, both taking effect near the victim's heart. King is in jail but refuses to say what caused the shooting, except that it was done in self-defense.

King was caught by the marshal at Maple Lake, while telephoning to his father in North Dakota.

Prisoner Jumps From Train.

Shakopee, Minn., Dec. 29.—Convicted of grand larceny in the second degree and sentenced to five years at Stillwater a prisoner made his escape from the custody of Sheriff Freer of Blue Earth county and his son while on the way to the prison. The party of three were on the Omaha train and the man made his escape by jumping through a window in one of the coaches while the train was slowly moving through the city.

CENTRALIZATION IN BUSINESS.

John D. Rockefeller Gives His Views on the Subject.

New York, Dec. 31.—Discussing the subject of centralization in business, John D. Rockefeller said:

"It is natural that the man who drove the stage coach should be antagonistic to the railroad and that the man who used to keep the small inn should look with disfavor upon the big, magnificent hotels. But it was progress; it had to come and for a while it was a harship for these men to adapt themselves to the new conditions. They had my sympathy, I assure you, but we all must continually meet new conditions and adapt ourselves to them. It cannot be otherwise.

"Of course, I am sorry that I am so misunderstood, but I have the best feelings for everybody. I bear ill will to no one and it is a great thing to think that this is so by the grace of God."

Severe Storm in Honolulu.

Honolulu, Dec. 21.—Honolulu and vicinity Sunday experienced the severest electrical storm in many years. The schooner Lavinia and hundreds of canoes were wrecked. So far as known no lives were lost.

THE CREAMERY.

Much of Its Success Depends Upon the Work of Its Patrons.

The creamery is an important and many times an underestimated factor in the welfare and progress of a farming community. The farmers who are patronizing a well built, well equipped and well managed creamery can readily tell what it has done for them individually and collectively. There was a time (and we find about the same conditions now where a new creamery is being started) when the success of the creamery was believed to depend almost entirely upon the skill of the buttermaker. While we willingly acknowledge that his training and experience have made him the main spoke in the wheel, he very generously admits that much of his success depends upon his patrons.

The highest scoring butter made by the best buttermaker at the best creamery we always find is backed by patrons who bring the largest per cent of good, clean milk and cream. While the ability and interest of the buttermaker are items to be reckoned with, he can produce the best results only when he has the hearty co-operation of his patrons. The buttermaker must start early and work fast if he gets ahead of the barn yard starter that the patron can carelessly and ignorantly introduce into his milk.

Flavor Depends Upon Patrons.

In judging butter from a commercial standpoint flavor is given forty-five points, which is almost half necessary for perfect butter, and flavor is largely dependent upon the condition of milk and cream, for which the patron is responsible. The buttermaker is responsible for the texture, twenty-five points; color, fifteen points; salt, ten points, and package, five points, and it depends entirely upon him whether his product is right in these particulars, but in order to get the highest flavor he must depend mostly upon the patrons. By means of pasteurizing, using starter, properly ripening cream, churning at the right temperature and keeping everything clean, a buttermaker may be able to control the flavor to a great extent, but he cannot do so entirely. Creamery buttermakers know and dairymen ought to know that the better the quality of the milk and cream delivered at the creamery the better the butter that can be made.

I once asked an expert judge of butter what were the most common undesirable flavors he found in scoring butter, and these are what he gave:

A rusty flavor, due to keeping milk in rusty cans.

A musty flavor from keeping cream or milk in a damp or moldy cellar.

An unclean flavor that comes from improperly washing separators and milk vessels.

A cowy flavor, caused by unclean milking or allowing the milk to stand in a dirty or poorly ventilated stable.

Sometimes he found a tobacco flavor. That, he supposed, was the result of smoking while milking.

If he had ever visited kitchens where the cleaning of separators or milk vessels was done without brushes he might have added a dishcloth flavor. Of all the abominations known to the dairy business this is the most indescribable.

Every one understands that the co-operative creamery is of the greatest benefit to the patrons because they will get all the profits of the business, and to increase that profit there must be co-operation of creamery and patron. The buttermaker must add to his ability tact, common sense, honesty and firmness enough to deal with every patron alike. The patron must furnish each and every day the very best quality of milk and as much as he can possibly get by the best of care and feeding.—Mrs. Viola K. Wilcox in Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Feeding the Milk Maker

Butter flavor is a thing largely determined by the feeding and care of the cow. While owing to bad management good feed often produces poor butter, it is impossible to produce fine butter with a fine flavor from poor feed.

Food Value of Corn.

Some stations have published results of their experiments, which prove that 45 per cent of the food value of corn is in the stalks, leaves and husks. This makes the stalks nearly as valuable as the corn. If it is put into the silo at the right time it will be excellent food and will be eaten up clean. For this reason it is good policy to work the corn crop into silage.

Feeding Grain.

The amount of grain to feed should be only two-fifths the number of pounds of milk the cow is giving, says the Holstein-Friesian Register. If a cow gives thirty pounds of milk she should get two-fifths of thirty, or twelve pounds of grain daily. A cow giving fifteen pounds of milk daily should get two-fifths of that, or six pounds of grain.

Weighing the Grain.

When you suggest to a farmer that he weigh the grain he feeds his cows he will naturally say that it is out of the question. He has not the time. It will seem to him a big job to weigh the grain that is fed to each animal at night and in the morning. There is a very simple way to get around this and yet know just what you are feeding, says a writer in Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Every farmer has a pan or a measure of some kind with which his grain or meal is proportioned to the stock. If he will simply take this measure and weigh it once, it will be an easy matter to estimate the amount which is fed each time. I had a small measure which held four pounds of chopped corn. I weighed this once, and that was sufficient to keep close tab on what the stock were getting.

CHARGES DISMISSED

GOVERNOR WILL TAKE NO ACTION IN CASE OF RAILROAD COMMISSION.

Three Laborers Killed Near Hawley While Engaged in Thawing Dynamite—Board of Control Recommends Agricultural Implement Factory for Stillwater Penitentiary—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, Dec. 29.—Governor Johnson has notified C. F. Hubbard and James Manahan of the Shippers' association that he had decided to take no action on the charges filed by Mr. Manahan against the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners.

The governor states that upon consultation with the attorney general he has arrived at the conclusion that the attorney general is the legal adviser of the commission, which was within its rights in refusing Mr. Manahan permission *to take part* in conducting examinations at the recent rate hearing.

Mr. Manahan's charges were that the commission had purposely favored the railroads at the hearings and that its members were in other respects guilty of neglect of the state's interests. He also charged malfeasance.

THREE DEAD AND ONE DYING.

Railroad Laborers Tried to Thaw Dynamite Near Hawley, Minn.

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 29.—Three men were killed and a third so badly injured that he may die by an explosion of dynamite which was being thawed between Hawley and Muskoday, small stations on the Northern Pacific about fifty miles east of Fargo. The dead are:

Nick Osterbaas, Fargo; Siverto Bergerson, Fergus Falls, Minn.; Nick Webber, residence unknown.

John Hanson is in a critical condition as the result of his injuries.

The Northern Pacific company is cutting down a big hill near Muskoday, and the men were working with a steam shovel. Near where they were at work a fire had been built, over which a number of sticks of dynamite were being thawed out. During the absence of the man who had charge of the thawing operations, the dynamite suddenly exploded with terrific force.

Osterbaas and Bergerson were almost blown to atoms, fragments of their bodies being scattered for several yards around. The steam shovel was wrecked by the force of the explosion, and as it fell the heavy scoop caught Webber beneath it, and crushed him so badly that he died a few hours after being released.

TO FIGHT MACHINERY TRUST.

Prison Factory Recommended by Minnesota Officials.

St. Paul, Dec. 27.—If we must have war with the twine trust give us an open field and a fair fight. With this request the state board of control, in its annual report to Governor Johnson and the legislature, asks that all restriction on the sale of twine outside the state be removed. And, further, that the law authorizing the sale of twine to dealers be modified.

The activity of the twine trust, the board says, is becoming menacing and if the prison plant is not put in shape to meet the octopus on its own ground the state institution will be throttled.

Dealers selling trust farm machinery are affiliated with the twine trust and, the board declares, absolutely refuse to sell to farmers using prison twine. That this may be met the board recommends that it and the warden of the Stillwater prison be authorized to investigate the feasibility of farm machinery manufacture by the state and that with the approval of the governor the same be begun immediately in connection with the prison twine plant. The cost is to be met out of the twine revolving fund.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

Court Takes Action in Great Northern Injunction Suit.

St. Paul, Dec. 28.—Judge Orr of the district court, at the instance of Attorney General Young, has signed an order directing the Great Northern company to show cause why a temporary injunction should not be granted pending the final adjudication of the proceeding to restrain the proposed issue of $60,000,000 of Great Northern stock. This stock was to be issued Jan. 4.

The order is returnable and will be argued Jan. 3. The case can hardly be tried on the merits before the February term of court.

Woman Dies From Burns.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—Miss Vernie Foster died from burns received in a fire that partially destroyed her home at 123 Second avenue south. Charles Brundidge, a photographer, who was with her at the time of the accident, is suffering much from several burns, but will recover. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp in Miss Foster's room on the second floor.

Minnesota Centenarian Dead.

Fairmont, Minn., Dec. 26.—Mrs. A. U. Popolaski, a woman of Polish birth, aged 104 years, is dead here. Except that she was blind the old lady retained her faculties almost unimpaired.

IN THE DAIRY

The practice of blanketing cows has become somewhat popular in certain parts of the country. It is found that a cover of this kind in cold weather helps hold bodily heat and prevents cows from sudden shrinkage of milk during cold spells, the cattle being able

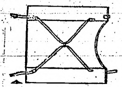

COW BLANKET.

to devote their entire attention to the production of milk. Those who have noticed the subject carefully say that the covers make the cows more quiet and contented and that the nervous ones are less troublesome. These rugs are easily made out of old grain bags or similar material. The method of fastening these covers is shown in the

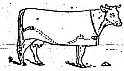

THE BLANKET IN PLACE.

illustrations from the American Cultivator and is superior to the wide girths or straps often used and which are apt to be displaced.

Age Limit of Dairy Cows.

A bulletin from the Wisconsin station states that a cow is at her best during her fifth and sixth years, up to which time the production of milk and butter fat by cows in normal condition increases each year. The length of time the cow will maintain her maximum production depends upon her constitution, strength and the care with which she is fed and managed. A good dairy cow should not show any marked falling off until after ten years of age. Many excellent records have been made by cows older than this.

The quality of the milk produced by heifers is somewhat better than that of older cows, for a decrease has been noted of one-tenth to two-tenths of 1 per cent in the average fat content for each year until the cows have reached the full age. This is caused by the increase in the weight of the cows with advancing age. At any rate, there seems to be a parallelism between the two sets of figures for the same cows. Young animals use a portion of their food for the formation of body tissue, and it is to be expected, therefore, that heifers will require a larger portion of nutrients for the production of milk or butter fat than do other cows. After a certain age has been reached, on the average seven years of age, the food required for the production of a unit of milk or butter fat again increases, both as regards dry matter and the digestible components of the food.

A good milk cow of exceptional strength kept under favorable conditions, whose digestive system has not been impaired by overfeeding or crowding for high results, should continue to be a profitable producer till her twelfth year, although the economy of her production is apt to be somewhat reduced before this age is reached.

To Deliver Cream Sweet.

These are directions of Professor Dean as presented in the Canadian Dairyman:

Clean the pails, cans and separator daily or twice daily.

Cool cream to 50 degrees by the use of ice or cold water.

Have rich cream, testing not less than 25 to 30 per cent fat.

Fresh cream should not be added to older cream until after it is cooled to 50 degrees.

Proper weighing, measuring and sampling are essential for satisfaction among the patrons.

Cream should be pasteurized and cooled at the creamery, especially in the fall and winter, to remove objectionable flavors and to add keeping quality to the butter.

Co-operation on the part of the drivers, patrons and creamerymen is necessary in order to improve the quality of the cream and butter.

Ideal Fastening For Cow.

Years ago the old fashioned stanchion was considered the ideal fastening for a cow. Then followed a number of other devices, all calculated to hold the cows securely, but none of them intended to give freedom of movement. Beyond a doubt the ideal fastening for a cow is the one which permits her to move her head in any direction at will, with a fastening sufficiently long so that she may lie down or step around a little. Of course it will not do to give her rope enough so that she will get herself in trouble or get other cows in trouble. Arrange the feed, both the grain and the roughage, so that she can reach it readily yet not so she can get at and trample it underfoot. Any sort of arrangement which will enable the cow to live in the manner described is ideal, says Denver Field and Farm, whether it is a box stall of black walnut or a fence stall with a [illegible] rope.

THE DAIRY BARN.

Importance of Its Location and Keeping the Cows Clean.

In the production of clean milk no one thing is of more importance than keeping the cows out of the mud. Many yards into which dairy cows are turned each day for their drink and exercise are knee deep with mud and manure during the winter and spring, if not nearly the entire year. In summer when the cows are on pasture they would keep comparatively clean were they not obliged to wade through a filthy yard in going to the stable.

In locating a dairy barn care should be taken to have a gentle slope from the barn in at least one direction, affording good natural drainage for both barn and yard. If the barn is already built and poorly located, drainage and grading will do much to remedy the evil. In most cases it would take but a small amount of labor with plow and scraper, when the ground is in suitable condition to handle, to give the surface of the yard a slope from the barn sufficient to carry off the surface water. Even if dirt has to be hauled in from outside the yard to accomplish this it will not be expensive. Tile drainage alone under a yard is not sufficient, as the tramping of the cattle soon puddles the surface.

A Good Hard Yard.

After the grading is done the yard should be covered with gravel or cinders. By putting the coarser in the bottom and the finer on top a good hard yard can be obtained and at a comparatively small expense where material of this kind is available. If this cannot all be done in one year it is of the utmost importance that a beginning be made by grading and graveling a portion of the yard next the barn, so that the cows may have some place on which to get out of the mud and filth. By grading a part of the yard each year and applying a thick coat of gravel or cinders to the graded part the entire yard will in a few years be in good condition. When gravel does not contain enough clay to pack hard a small amount of clay should be mixed with the top layer. It will then form a firm surface.

A portion of the yard should be bedded, thus affording the cows a place to lie in the open air on pleasant days. If straw is scarce, the cleanest of the soiled bedding from the stable will answer for this purpose. When the straw and manure on this bedded portion of the yard become too deep and soft they should be hauled into the field and the bedding commenced again on the solid yard.

It is advisable to haul the manure directly to the field from the barn, but if this is not feasible it should be removed at least 100 feet from the barn. In no case, says Professor Fraser of Illinois, should it be allowed to accumulate against or near the dairy barn, and no swine pen should be nearer than 200 feet on account of the odors being readily absorbed by milk.

FEEDING FOR MILK

Corn and cob meal, a little oilmeal and alfalfa hay produce a flow of milk equal to any other ration we know, says Farmers Advocate. Ground oats added in small quantities increase the palatability of the ration without adding greatly to its cost. Corn silage or root crops make valuable additions to any ration.

Must Be Well Fed.

Cows that are capable of producing a large quantity of milk may be ruined by improper feeding. Dairy cows must be well fed and must have the right kind of food or they cannot produce a large flow. Milk is a substance rich in protein, and this cannot be manufactured by the cow from anything that does not contain protein. In other words, the cow cannot produce milk from carbohydrates and fats and must be fed a comparatively narrow ration.

Requisites For Calf Feeding.

Always keep the calf pens dry and clean, using plenty of litter. A dirty pen is conducive to scours. For several calves fed together fit up narrow stalls at one side of the pen and fasten each calf by a rope or stanchion to feed each separately. This will prevent the stronger calves from getting more than their share. Keep them fastened or tied for half an hour after eating to prevent their sucking each other's ears. The pails used for feeding milk should be thoroughly cleansed and scalded with boiling water each day.

Value of Dried Beet Pulp.

The dairy cow ration is always a live subject, and we want to make a suggestion in that direction, says the New England Homestead. We suggest that every dairyman who isn't using dried beet pulp in his ration would do well to investigate this supplementary feed to make sure that he isn't missing something. While dried beet pulp is no new thing as a dairy feed by any means, still it is only recently that its use has become general, and we think it has now thoroughly established itself in this country, the same as it has in Germany, Denmark and other European countries. To fully appreciate why dried beet pulp is such a profitable feed one must realize that in addition to its feed value it is a great aid to digestion and assimilation. Its light, [illegible] "green" character relieves the [illegible] portion of the other heavier feeds and is a great aid to the mechanical operation of the stomach. Its cooling, soothing effect upon the entire alimentary canal prevents any feverish condition arising, keeps the bowels regular and the animal in a general state of thrift.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 20th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Elizabeth Duchamp, H. E. 300, Red Lake Series for the N. E.¼, Sec 15, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Porter, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Charles Thompson, " " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " Germantown, "
Henry Cook, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 22 dec 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th. Jan. 1907, viz: John Olson, H. E. 6769, Chippewa Series for the W.½ N. E.¼, S. E.¼ N. E.¼, Sec 30, Tp. 155, N. R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Peter A. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn
Martin Olson, " " "
Arne Blockhadt, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 22

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan. 1907, viz: Andrew N. Dyrdahl, H. E. 305, Red Lake Series for the S. W.¼, Sec 23, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Asink Olson, of Kratka, Minn
Andrew Anonson, " Brunkeberg, "
Hans Olson, " Thief River Falls, "
Knut Bjorge, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 22

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 5th Jan., 1907, viz: Adolph W. Henning, H. E. 345, Red Lake Series for the S. E.¼, Sec. 25, Tp. 154, N. R. 41, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Edward Iverson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Anton Hanson, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "
Simon Olson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 29 jan 3

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Thousand and Fifty dollars ($2,050.00) principal which fell due on June 27th 1906, and accrued interest thereon, and in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred One Dollars and Seven Cents ($301.07) additional interest which was due on the 27th day of June, 1906, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. P. Carlson, an unmarried man, and A. L. Bolstad and Mrs. Annie Bolstad his wife mortgagors, to Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of June, 190[illegible], and by reason of such default the entire sum secured by said mortgage having at the election of the holder of said mortgage become due and said entire sum having been declared due by the holder of said mortgage by reason of such default, which said mortgage with a power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 7th day of August, 190[illegible], at eleven thirty o'clock in the forenoon in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 122, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, to George Q. Erskine by a written assignment dated the 5th day of November, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon in Book 15 of mortgages on Page 85, and upon which said mortgage there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars Twenty-Six Cents ($4299.26) and no action or proceedings having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The South East Quarter and the East half of the South West quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) Section Thirty One (31), Township One Hundred Fifty (150) Range Forty One (41) West, containing according to the United States Government Survey thereof, three hundred twenty acres, be the same more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 29th day of January 1907, at twelve o'clock noon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety Nine Dollars and Twenty Six Cents ($4299.26) and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorneys fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

GEORGE Q. ERSKINE, Assignee of Mortgagee.

Dated December 7, 1906.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minnesota.

dec 13 jan 17

Subscribe for the News

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
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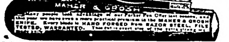

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong [illegible]

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1907 NUMBER 2

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MORE NEWS OF THE SOO

Report That The Road Is to Build from Glenwood to Duluth.

Also Stated That the D.&S.S. Will Build to Thief River Falls.

The Minneapolis Journal contains the following piece of railroad information:

Indications are plentiful in central Minnesota that the Soo line is preparing to take the bull by the horns and settle the annual car congestion bugaboo, so far as that line is concerned, by building from Glenwood to the head of the lakes. The indications are satisfactory to the settlers of the territory thru which the line will pass. When the line is completed the Soo will be able to handle its own traffic to Duluth. Now this traffic is transferred to the Northern Pacific at Glenwood, or at Bald Eagle Junction. The line will also penetrate the Mille Lacs district which is ideal for summer resorts.

The survey of the new line has been extended from Glenwood to Lawrence and Cove on Mille Lacs, and apparently to Barnum on the Great Northern line from Minneapolis to Duluth. The purchasing department is buying ties and stacking them up on the proposed right of way.

That the Soo line has been handicapped by the car congestion at Duluth and Superior has been well known. The Shoreham yards and sidetracks along the line from Glenwood to Minneapolis have been lined all the late fall with loaded cars destined for Duluth. These cars should have been turned over to the Northern Pacific at Glenwood, that line finally cried "quits" and ordered 500 cars to Bald Eagle Junction, where it agreed to take them. After 100 or so had been accepted, the Northern Pacific cried quits again. As a result the traffic backed up as far as Glenwood. The Soo was at the mercy of the Northern Pacific.

Besides being a good feeder for grain traffic and for coal business westward, the new route will open up a fine hard wood country and a rich farming district.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic is surveying a line between the Red lakes to connect the Soo line at Thief River Falls with Duluth, and the Soo is pushing northward in Wisconsin from Frederic toward Duluth. With a new line from Glenwood the Soo would have the need of large terminals in Duluth and Superior, which it could share with the South Shore.

The Duluth Herald publishes the following information regarding the Soo road and says that three different lines will be built into Duluth:

When the Soo road is extended to Duluth, will its trains enter the city over the tracks of the Wisconsin Central? Since the visit here, Saturday, of officials of the latter road, some of the aldermen have been answering this question in the affirmative, H. C. Starr, vice president of the Wisconsin Central, during the conference with the ordinance committee of the council, made the statement that, should the Soo road wish to run its trains into Duluth over the Wisconsin Central tracks, the necessary arrangements could be made within a very few minutes time.

It is thought in some quarters that such arrangements may already have been made. If such is the case, it means that all reports to the effect that James J. Hill has acquired control of the Wisconsin Central are probably groundless, for Hill and the interests behind the Soo road are known to be bitterly opposed to each other, and it is hardly thought likely that they could arrive at a working agreement, particularly in a territory where the Soo and Great Northern will be keen rivals, as will be the case when the Soo gains entry to Duluth. The chances are that Mr. Starr would have had no authority to make the statement he did if Mr. Hill has a controlling interest in the Wisconsin Central.

The Soo is backed by the same interests as the Canadian Pacific, and Hill and the Canadian Pacific people have been at outs for years. The head of the Dominion road has even gone so far as to say that for every mile of road Hill builds in Canada, the Canadian Pacific will build two miles in the United States in territory already tapped by the Hill lines. This construction is already being carried on under the name of the Soo, and it looks very much as if the threat about two miles for every one would be carried out, for the indications are very strong that the Soo will build three separate and distinct lines into the Head of the Lakes, one from the south and two from the west, besides other Western extensions.

On the face of things it looks very much as if all the available right of ways into the city proper have been taken up, and unless the Soo arrives at some agreement with one of the roads now entering or about to enter Duluth, it does not seem that it will be able to gain entrance to the city.

Notice.

A meeting will be held, in the city of Thief River Falls, on Saturday Jan. 12, 1907, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the City Hall, of those who have subscribed for Stock in the Farmers Elevator Co., temporarily organized on Dec. 18, 1906, and all other farmers interested in this matter, for the purpose of completing said organization and receiving new members.

Be sure to attend this meeting whether you have subscribed for stock or not, so we can have the farmers from all sides of town represented in the permanent organization.

By order of the first meeting of said company.

Andrew Trovaton.

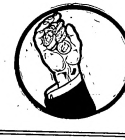

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

ENDORSES H[illegible]

Minnesota's State [illegible] Pays a Compliment to K. M. [illegible]

County Treasurer Karl M. Hanson has received a communication from Julius H. Block, who has been state treasurer for six years past, in which Mr. Block compliments him on his work as county treasurer of Red Lake county.

Mr. Block has had much to do with the treasurers of Minnesota and his letter of indorsement which follows, naturally pleases Mr. Hanson:

Dear Sir:—My services as State Treasurer terminate with the close of this term. My relations with you as County Treasurer covering a period of the past two years, have been indeed pleasant, and I take this opportunity of thanking you for your promptness and uniform courtesy in your dealings with this department. Wishing you a happy and prosperous New Year, I remain,

Yours very truly,
J. H. Block,
State Treasurer.

AN EARLY EASTER.

Dates On Which The Holidays Will Fall.

Easter will come early this year, falling on March 31, and all of the other days in connection with it are correspondingly early. Palm Sunday comes on March 24, and Good Friday on March 29. The first Sunday in Lent is February 17 and this makes the social season quite short.

The holidays in most cases always come on the same dates. Thanksgiving and Labor day, however, are two that set differently. Thanksgiving this year comes on November 28 and Labor day on September 2.

The vernal equinox which marks the beginning of spring comes on March 21, just ten days earlier than the monthly division. The summer solstice marking the true beginning of summer will occur on June 22. The autumnal equinox marks the opening of autumn on September 24.

Then on December 22 the winter solstice begins and winter is on.

Four eclipses of the sun and moon are scheduled for 1907, two in January, on the 14th and 29th, and two in July, the 10th and on the 24th. The star event of the eclipse line will be a partial eclipse of the moon visible from 9:01 to 11:41 on the night of July 24th.

TEACHERS' EXAMS.

Semi-Annual Tests Will Occur Last of This Month.

Superintendent McAnulty announces that the semi-annual teachers' examinations for Red Lake county will be held at Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, January 31, February 1 and 2.

All teachers who expect to teach and haven't at present sufficient state certificates will be obliged to take this examination, as Superintendent McAnulty states positively that no teacher holding only a county certificate will be allowed to take a school, until after all teachers holding state certificates are engaged.

He feels that this is no more than justice to those who work hard for their state honors, and to this end is desirous of seeing every teacher in the county not already qualified take the January examinations.

Editor Mattson's Views.

Warren Sheaf: The west bound train on the Wheat line Monday was held at Thief River Falls from 7:00 o'clock in the morning until 4:30 in the afternoon on account of not having a fireman for the locomotive. At last a man from the yard was secured to perform the service, and the train started on its run westward. It is not snow altogether that is delaying and almost suspending traffic on the Soo's west line, but it is also lack of competent help to run the trains. The company is paying good wages and it is a wonder that more young men do not try to learn the business of railroading. No doubt the labor unions throughout the country are to a great extent responsible for this condition of affairs, as that organization no doubt discourages the drafting of new men into the service. Nor has the company the proper equipment for coping with the snow in the deep cuts on the Dakota side. It should have rotary snow plows to keep the Wheat line open. We are told that a rotary has been ordered built for use on this line but will not be ready for some time yet. The people in the towns reached only by the Soo have been greatly inconvenienced, and in many cases have actually suffered on account of the irregular service. The Great Northern has also had a hard time fighting snow on its Dakota line, but that company is better prepared to cope with the snow and storms of winter. The Soo officials are being very much criticised for the poor service, but they claim they are doing all they can under the circumstances.

O. P. SELLS OUT.

Former Thief River Falls Merchant Sells Out His Business.

O. P. Johnson, who was one of the pioneer merchants of Thief River Falls, and a few years ago left Thief River Falls for Virginia, one of the hustling towns up on the Minnesota iron range, has disposed of his business at that place. The Virginian published at that place says:

O. P. Johnson, who has been conducting the Economy store in the Fay block for a year past, has made a deal for sale of his business to Susman Cohen, of Granite Falls, Minn. Mr. Cohen has been in business for several years at Granite Falls, carrying dry goods and a general stock of shoes and furnishings. He will move his stock here and add it to that carried by Mr. Johnson. He is said to be a man of considerable means. He and his wife, and three children will make their home here.

Mr. Johnson is as yet undecided as to what he will do in the future. He will take a rest for two or three months and look around for a new opening.

TO EXTEND THE TIME.

Ed. Healy Given Time to File Acceptance.

Grand Forks, Jan. 4.—At a special meeting of the city council held Tuesday afternoon Edward L. Healy, Red Lake Falls, was granted an extension of time to February 4 in which to file his acceptance and bond for his lighting contract with the city of Grand Forks. The bond is for the completion of the work and it to be for $5,000. According to the franchise granted Mr. Healy he should have filed his acceptance and a bond for $5,000 within 90 days after the passage and approval of the ordinance granting the franchise.

Tracy R. Bangs appeared for Mr. Healy who was unable to come from Red Lake Falls on account of pressing business. Mr. Bangs stated that Mr. Healy had been disappointed in his negotiations with an eastern capitalist who had been backing him. The capitalist had backed out after agreeing to furnish the funds and Mr. Healy succeeded in getting another to interest himself in the project. This capitalist had agreed to furnish the money if certain shore rights could be secured. Since then Mr. Healy has been very busy securing the shore rights along the Red Lake River and yesterday he telephoned that he was negotiating for the last two tracts needed to protect his pondage and flowage rights. Mr. Bangs asked that Mr. Healy be granted 30 days in which to file his acceptance and bond. He promised that there would be no further time asked by Mr. Healy.

The resolution to extend the time was unanimously adopted.

OFFICES CLOSED.

St. Hilaire Lumber Office Removed to Crookston.

The offices of the Crookston Lumber Co., at St. Hilaire have been closed owing to the fact that the saw mill is being removed from St. Hilaire. Workmen who have been busy for the last two or three months have just about completed their work of dismantling the mill. E. R. Evens who has been acting as manager of the St. Hiliare plant will from now on have charge of the shipping department in connection with the Crookston mill.

William Irland who was employed in the St. Hilaire offices has been removed to the Crookston offices where he has commenced his duties as chief clerk, the position that was formerly held by Roy Kelly.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning Worship at 11 o'c.
Sabbath evening worship at 7, 30 o'c.
Sabbath School at 12 o'c.
Christian Endeavor Prayer meeting at 6, 45.
Bible study and Sabbath School Teachers Meeting Thursday evening at 7.

We wish a Meeting of the Teachers next Thursday evening.

We will celebrate the Communion in the morning service Jan. 27th.

We will present Foreign Missions and ask for an offering Jan. 20th.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Dakota Solons Get Passes.

Contrary to expectations, members of the legislature in North Dakota have been furnished with annual passes by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific. The passes are only good for a trip wholly within the state, and cannot be used for any portion of an interstate trip nor can reservations be made or sleeping car reservations be made for the interstate trip. Governor Burke will recommend an anti pass law in North Dakota and the issuance of passes may have some effect on such a measure.

Mrs Marshall Reappointed.

The Red Lake Falls Courier states that Mrs. Marshall has again been appointed postmistress at Red Lake Falls for a term of four years.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

SCHOOL NOTES.

It is said that, no news is good news. We hope all our readers enjoyed last week's school notes which never were written.

New Years Eve Supt. and Mrs. Hay entertained the Seniors, Juniors, Sophomores and some of the Alumni. The time until after twelve o'clock was pleasantly passed in unravelling cobwebs, playing progressive peanuts, telling fortunes and lunching. Everyone spent a most enjoyable evening and exhausted all adjectives in trying to thank their host and hostess.

And still another teacher has gone and "done it." Will this prove to be the third and last? Or is the end not yet?

School opened on Monday, press notices to the contrary not withstanding.

A certain Junior has stated his intention of writing a book on "A visit to the Dressmaker." We have not learned whether it is to be history, biography or fiction.

The Caldron did not appear on New Year's day as predicted. The publishers were unable to get it out until January fourth.

Everyone seems well pleased with the paper. We have as yet heard no complaints. We feel privileged to state that the paper is a success financially and also from a literary standpoint.

We regret to say that the Junior ambitions were omitted for several reasons. They will be laid on the shelf for a future edition of the paper.

The following definition of "octogenarian" was given by a prominent Junior, 'an animal with eight legs.'

The Seniors have received catalogues and are busy selecting a class play.

The Freshman class has gained a new member, Paul Otis.

The first Semester will be at an end the last of next week. All half year subjects will be finished at that time. New subjects will be given in their place after finals are over.

And the Sophomores have not had a class meeting this year! Will wonders never cease?

Miss Flora MacNiven visited the high school on Monday.

Ida Weeks has returned to School.

Agnes Kelly has been absent from school because of illness of her Grand mother.

Miss Marsh of St. Cloud, a teacher of seven years experience, has arrived and now teaches the seventh and eighth Grades in the Knox. Miss Slack who filled this position last term could not return on account of illness.

The report cards for December were issued this week. They demand the attention of the parents. They show more clearly than anything else can the standing of the pupils.

All high school and seventh and eighth grade pupils are unable to prepare their work in school. Parents from this can understand that these children must study at home. No excuse should be taken by the parents for not studying the pupils are always assigned home work.

There are exactly 70 pupils now enrolled in the 8th Grade.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

WANT PLANT DOUBLED.

Supt. Peterson Recommends That Electric Light Plant Be Doubled.

Proposed New Machinery to Cost in the Neighborhood of $20,000.

At the regular meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening very little business was transacted. About all of the time was taken up by the aldermen in discussing a proposed improvement to the electic light plant that would cost in the neighborhood of $20,000. Supt. Peterson recommends that the size of the present plant be doubled and a steam plant installed that would be run during the fall when the ice is forming in the river and in the spring when the ice goes out. The way in which this money could be raised and many other matters in connection with the plant were discussed by the aldermen at length and no conclusion was arrived at. All of the aldermen seemed to have different opinions in the matter and it will probably take some time before any definite action is taken.

WAR ON COMMISSION.

Bill Likely to Be Introduced to Change the Present System.

Reports are current that a bill is in preparation for the displacement of the present elected railway and warehouse commission and its reorganization under a new law, to be drafted to conform with the old act, in which the chief executive names the board. The talk seems to be definite enough to assume that the bill will be introduced.

Shippers and persons over the state in conflict with the present commission are said to be behind the movement.

Gearhart a Master.

A very unusual occasion was afforded the people of our city last Saturday evening in the lecture of the Hon. G. A. Gearhart of Buffalo, N. Y. "The Footprints of the Century," was handled in such a charming manner and with such personal power that every eye was riveted to the speaker for more than one and one half hours. One astonishing idea succeeded another in the most dignified and sonorous English, till the mind was charmed, facinated, and lost to time and place. It is safe to say that no nobler address has ever been heard in our city. The effect of the lecture was to make one feel that the noble and pure things were the only ones worth while in this life.

The address of Mr. Gearhart in the Presbyterian church Sabbath evening was on as high a plane and as inspiring as the lecture in the Hall Saturday evening. In this address on Civic Righteousness, he touched some of the putrid sores of society and disclosed the moral leprosy that lurks beneath the surface of respectability in many of our cities and towns. His lurid pictures of festering immorality were recognized as pretty fair glimpses of local conditions.

This address was calculated to arouse every lingering spark of patriotism in the citizen, to seek to defend his country from the fatal disease of moral leprosy which is eating her life away.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses at the Rockford.

LIST OF PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Personal Property taxes Are Now Due and Must Be Paid Before March 1 to avoid a Ten Per Cent Penalty Added on That Date if Not Paid.

Clover Leaf.

Bergling, Frank	6 34
Bednoncek, Tom	1 11
Byen, Andrew	72
Berg, Nels J.	63
Duchamp, Fred	1 64
" May	1 26
" Joe. A.	313
" Lizzie	2 71
Drydahl, Andrew	8 61
Alouge, George A.	2 98
Hurt, A. C.	3 10
Hennings, Andrew	55
Hureyh, John	3 02
Holmen, Ole	9 82
Henby, Joseph	15 83
Iverson, Ed. T.	6 09
Johnson John C.	08
Jacobson, Hans H.	1 83
Kjesbo, John O.	5 90
Kratashvil, Frank	5 52
Kotlan, Anton	7 90
Leeborg, Nels A.	1 39
Marosh Josephine	6 05
Mrack, Frank	4 20
Moris, Owen	25
Nygaard, C. O.	3 21
Olson, Nels	6 95
Ptacek, Joseph	6 11
Przybyczeski, Frank	5 62
Price, T. A.	2 12
Payne, Jay	4 40
Sudland, Peder	76
Solheim, Iver O.	3 68
Sander, Andrew	2 35
Skaar, Thor. J.	11 24
Schmidt, Ernest	67
Thomson, Thom	78
Traften, Ole	2 06
Tajnuka, Joseph	1 22
Nivild, John	11 16
Wahlberg, Olaf	2 27
Torrison, Cornelius	1 80
Skrelvet, Gunner	5 12

Goodridge.

Brachman, P.	02
Bjorke, H. Christen	2 26
Baker, H. A.	1 73
Blowers, Wm.	66
Bessaucon, H. E.	3 05
Hanson, Torkel	1 39
Jacobson, Nels	22
Markuson, John	3 47
O'Reilly Theresa	20
Olson, Nils M.	25
O'Brien, Mrs H. J.	81
" D:	53
Solie, Fred	1 20
Sjolsvold, John	2 57
Nrdal, Osmund	2 51
Vaughan, Morgan	1 47
" D. J.	02
Nrdal, N. G.	08
Werstlein, J. H.	27
Wagner, George	2 31
Alfred Rice	1 61
Dobner, H. G.	63
Nrdol, Christen	2 37

Bray.

Ault, Mike	10 78
Akerlund, M. J.	6 01
Anderson, A. E.	5 00
" Mrs Caroline	3 31
Crown, Ed.	2 96
Dahlen, J. & G.	2 15
Ecklund, Mrs. Anne	12 35
Englund, Chas	2 43
" Selma C.	2 82
Hanson, Dora	5 27
" Mrs. John B.	3 51
Hogstrom, A. P.	6 79
Jenson, Mattie C.	2 15
Johnson, Ivar A H	7 45
Johnson, Mathilda	4 92
Kron, axel	2 73
Larson, Emil	2 63
Lindquist, C A	8 51
Lindblom, Henry	31
Lindblom, Peter	9 51
Nelson C A	1 41
Olson, Alfred C	5 13
Person Christ	2 60
Swanson Mrs Johanna	5 27
Swanson Sarah M	5 88
Schumacher J B	2 65
" W F	3 42
Scholin Swan	6 21
" John	2 33

Numedal.

Aibus, Helmer	1 21
Blomberg A J	1 82
Bugge, John	1 84
" Christ	[illegible]
" Peder T	7 16
Forslund, A fred	7 56
Haysen, Sivert	2 83
Johnson, Halvor	3 00
Jorngbal, Elias	9 2[illegible]
Larson, Olaf	9 23
Sander, Peder L	10 27

Swanson, P. P	3 87
Stevens, Charlie	8 07
Syverson Tom	5 90
McKulecky Frank	98
Albue, Erick H	1 50
Olson, Sophia	2 45
" Olaf	1 17
Rass, Gust A	3 71
Running, Mrs D	2 14
Roesner, Fred	3 87
Waslie, John O	3 51
Winberg, Magmis	7 17

Silverton.

Nash, Andrew N	6 59
Sorum, John J	8 73
Gausen, R A	4 27
Omlid, T H	9 18
Smidt, John A	5 27
Bergh P E	6 84
Hansen, Lars	14 07
Sovlom, P O	8 19
Hausen, Ole G	5 77
Hiltie, P O	3 89
Sorenson, H C	9 23
Lansey, W M	1 25
Ovnan, Gilbert	8 68
Hanson Henry	8 06
Fodstad, Halvor	8 97
Rude, P C	5 19
Letnes, Jens	2 14
Berggren, Gust	3 46
Trurstvet, Paul	4 70
Stenbjem, P H	4 31
Bergh, Martin J	13 63
Ottum, Ole S	8 62
Quist, Martin	1 11
Gunderson, Geo M	1 11
Peterson, Charley F	3 60
Hegrness, John J	6 80
Graude, Ole E	5 84
Otrom, Oskar	5 71
Ommdson, Peder	8 26
Ommdson, Ole	10 45
Anderson, Anton	5 56
Chouland, F S	1 81
Iverson, Andrew	1 90
Rud, H P	8 36
Quist, C P	1 57
Breznay, Andrew	5 77
Skogstad, Hans G	5 15
Hjelden, Havor	6 32
Placek, Fred	5 87
Gunderson, Thor	2 39
Peterson, A E	2 60
Kozajed, Anton	4 70
Mal, Arne	4 94
Staska, Matt	1 75
Hansen, H G	2 14
Schneidler, Peter	1 52
Forthon, Ole	4 00
Blackey, H B	1 26
Coon, John T	5 58
Larson, L	87
Lantenback, August	4 70
Johnson, Raner John	2 62
Miklastastad, Andrew	2 80
Matson, Lars	2 99
Nemland, O J	5 11
Anderson, Carl	1 72
Conland, F L	1 37
Sterlberg, Simon J	1 11
Dahl, Albert	1 63
Helnen, Joseph	1 10

Sanders.

Anderson, H F	2 23
" Nels K	5 60
" J A	3 36
Amble S J	2 70
" John	1 22
Aoseby R I	5 40
Brosten Erick	65
Braudvald John	2 91
Bakken Carl	1 62
Carlson C A	5 87
Dahlstrom Alfred	3 79
Engebretson, Sander	5 29
Fromm Carl	2 90
Haard Erick	4 21
Hanson Lorenz	3 01
" Hogan	3 79
Hoppe, A	6 12
Hohner, Wm	2 39
Jensen, John	43
Johnson, Gust	6 69
" Ivar	2 77
Krause, Aug	5 01
Lind, Matilda	4 52
Larson, O L	4 83
" Ole	4 44
Mossbeck, Martina	7 29
Ness, S N	[illegible]
" P N	2 53
Narreson, Betsy	6 45
Ortloff Herman	2 81
Olson Erick	[illegible]
Ostness Lena J	2 81
Peterson C H	4 42
" H J	5 71
Rolland, L M	9 79
Rus, F	2 73

" Fred B	2 90
Sevre H E	2 79
Swenson Karna	3 40
" Oscar	6 02
" Bengt	7 17
" C T	5 09
" J M	4 01
Thorstad J O	2 67
Thhreson Ole	1 19
" Swen	2 84
Yankey Aug	4 64

St. Hilaire.

Aimer, R H	2 16
Anderson, Mike	10 21
Abrahamson, Anna	6 18
Arthur, W A	11 99
Bjerk, M E	20 59
Brink, Bros	8 43
Blomburg, Dr	6 84
Burkee, B E	2 29
Branum, J J	1 62
Blizt, Paul A	8 46
Berglund, August	2 43
Brink, O W	22 46
Cummings, Dr	14 19
Crookston Lmbr Co	1,004 74
Collins, D	3 30
Carpenter, F R	1 07
Duntley, Mrs A J	17 70
Dahl, J A	4 49
Eichoff, Mrs E L	2 31
First State Bank	128 08
Forseen, John	2 19
Fellman, Chas	5 90
Fellman, Albert	2 87
Gigstad, K O	3 64
Gorgun, H	7 8
Hoff, E M	69 32
Homles Bros	6 99
Holmes, Leonard	44 29
Hanson, M L	51 68
Hall, Andrew	10 48
Hanney, J K	18 94
Ives, H E	7 58
Jorgenson, Ole	6 20
John, J M	17
Johnson, Carl	4 24
Kolland Henry	3 03
Killand, K R	3 57
Lindberg, Peter	5 12
Merchants State Bank,	107 86
Minneapolis Brewing Co	5 05
Martz, C H	13 21
Miller, N	2 63
McKercher, R J	6 88
Nelson, Jens	33 29
Olson, Wm	4 51
Post, O F	99 51
Patterson, Dan	19 01
Payment, A	7 75
R L F Millg Co	29 05
Remington, Mrs M J	1 88
Rolland, L M and Son	19 29
St Anthony & Dak Elev Co	23 01
St Hilaire Creamery	10 13
Swenson, R R	2 10
Sorsoliel, Wm	19 14
Standard Oil Co	9 28
Setterberg, A	3 40
Soll, J J	8 60
Sandmoen, Mrs C	9 17
Soderberg, Fred	5 07
Strom, C	3 40
Thompson, Tollef	13 04
Val Batz Brewing Co	9 27
Wallen, Richard	2 53
Wilson & Stean Co	7 15

Polk Center.

Anderson, Alfred	5 36
Borgen, C G	6 03
Boutain, Jacob	25 54
Baumgardner, L	1 03
Carlson, Emil	3 08
Coe, Fred	5 14
Draeger, Albert	3 89
Durheim, C C	2 70
Domstrand, John	3 84
Gothea, Fred	8 38
Gerlach, Dan	1 31
Gerlach, Johanna	38
Gerlach, C G	1 07
Hallstron, Otto	2 17
Huot, Regis	22 50
Hout, Eucharis	4 19
Huot, Leon	13 10
Hallstrom, P A	4 02
Hansel, Peter	22
Johnson, Swan	3 25
Johnson, Chas	6 07
Garceau, E J	3 88
Johnson, Nels	5 43
Koldal, H O	4 10
Knaack, A R	1 76
Lindquist	1 11
Lubitz, Fred	1 22
Lubitz, Gustav	3 77
Larson, S J	3 77
Lehrer, Andrew	2 94
Lillaboe, O G	2 48
Lorentzson, Olaus	3 48
Landa, Albert	6 21
Melin, C A	6 49
Meyer, Fred L	10 37
Manr, Nick	4 06
Naplin, S J	3 08
Naplin, C E	3 98
Ortloff, Wilhelmina	3 60
Olson, Olina	1 80
Prior, J G	1 50
Person, Nels	[illegible]
Petterson, John P	3 02
Person, Sam	3 37
Roberge, Ameda	5 49
Squires, Earl	2 31
Scherrick, Frank	3 79
Schultz, Leo	9 23
Swenson, John E.	4 71
Smiddeang, P. E.	6 80
Sortedahl, M. O.	[illegible]
Sandberg, Anna M.	7 21
Zutz, Chas	8 52
Dargen, M. P.	20
Imperial Elevator Co	1 03
Leppert Bros.	4 40
R. L. F. Milling Co.	2 50
Smideang & Son	2 70
St. Anthony & Dak Elev Co	6 00
Squire, C. L.	42
Squire, Earl R.	1 42

Bank of Wylie	2 25
Wylie Dairy Assn	77
Ransoe Bros	4 32
Anderson, H. P.	63
Baumgardner, E. J.	36
Baumgardner, M. A.	46
Walker, John M.	82

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of Warren E. Wood Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota.

Warren E. Wood, of Anton in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and in said district, respectfully represents, that on the 9th day of November, last past he was duly adjudicated a bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy, that he has duly surrendered all of his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all of the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, excepting such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated December 14, 1906.

WARREN E. WOOD,
Bankrupt.

Wm. P. Murphy,
Attorney for Bankrupt,
Crookston, Minnesota.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss

On this 1st day of January, A.D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at St. Paul, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon: and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls NEWS a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted:

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 1st., day of January, A. D. 1907.

{ SEAL OF THE COURT } Charles L. Spencer,
Clerk.
By L. A. Levarsen,
Deputy Clerk.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Thousand and Fifty dollars, ($2,050.00) principal which fell due on June 27th 1906, and accrued interest thereon, and in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred One Dollars and Seven Cents ($301.07) additional interest which was due on the 27th day of June, 1906, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. P. Carlson, an unmarried man, and A. L. Bolstad and Mrs. Annie Bolstad his wife mortgagors, to Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of June, 1902, and by reason of such default the entire sum secured by said mortgage having at the election of the holder of said mortgage become due and said entire sum having been declared due by the holder of said mortgage by reason of such default, which said mortgage with a power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 7th day of August, 1902, at eleven thirty o'clock in the forenoon in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 122, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, to George Q. Erskine by a written assignment dated the 30th day of November, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, 1903, at two o'clock in the afternoon in Book 15 of mortgages on Page 85, and upon which said mortgage there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars Twenty-Six Cents ($4299.26) and no action or proceedings having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof:

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The South East Quarter and the East half of the South West quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) Section Thirty-One (31), Township One Hundred Fifty (150) Range Forty-One (41) West, containing, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, three hundred twenty acres, be the same more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 29th day of January 1907, at twelve o'clock noon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars and Twenty-Six Cents ($4299.26) and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorneys fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

GEORGE Q. ERSKINE,
Assignee of Mortgagee
Dated December 7, 1906.
A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.
dec 13 jan 17

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
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DEFECTIVE PAGE

LIST OF PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Personal Property taxes Are Now Due and Must Be Paid Before March 1 to avoid a Ten Per Cent Penalty Added on That Date if Not Paid.

Roxbury.

Amundson, Hans	2 74
Aubol, A. A.	6 88
" Ed. A.	5 51
" Sec. Farmers Threshing Machine Co.,	11 80
Anderson, E. E.	2 74
" A. F.	92
" A. E.	4 59
Beebe, N. E.	12 48
Bakken, M. P.	5 30
Berger, David	6 57
Barzen, Math	3 98
Bergen, L. L.	1 95
Bol, Peder A.	2 21
Berg, Axel F.	2 80
Borgen A. C.	4 85
Brandvold S.	3 06
Campbell J. F.	4 02
Callaway R. K.	6 35
Dahl John	4 39
Elgsten C.	5 85
Erickson Jorgen	2 99
" Carl J.	3 81
Eastman G. W.	1 71
Fallman J. P.	5 72
Falk Casper	4 52
Finhart S. O.	2 95
Finsand Knud H.	5 55
Frisvold K. K.	4 59
Geske Carl	5 19
Gustafson C.	6 37
Haraldson Ole	1 38
Hanson H. J.	6 69
Hagglund P. O.	70
Hogl Jos. A.	4 88
Husby A.	3 36
Holm E. G.	6 20
Johnson Sven	3 55
" Swan	6 56
" John	5 43
Johanson Johan	3 64
Kittelson Chris	3 80
Kval John	1 46
Lee S. O.	6 10
Lian L. O.	5 68
Meehan John J.	6 91
McAndrass Mike	5 40
Moengen A. E.	4 37
Moland A. O.	2 60
Moe Chris.	9 51
Matheson Chris	2 51
" Ole	2 42
Nelson Nels S.	4 31
" John S.	4 20
" John.	3 78
" Herman	39
Netteland L. G.	4 71
Olen C. E.	3 87
Olson Olaf	1 30
" H. E.	5 74
Odegaard A. A.	8 35
Olson Christen	1 48
" Paul	2 95
" Christian	3 56
Paulson Peter C.	4 43
Ronning O. A.	3 09
Rondorf Henry	6 31
Rockstad M. C.	1 79
Satre F. T.	5 14
Soderberg A.	5 51
Stroberg John P.	4 82
Soeland M. H.	2 79
Steenerson G. L.	4 00
Skottern H. O.	2 98
Sletten Tom T.	1 33
Thompson Chris.	8 60
Turnquist Fred	1 03
Torgesson A.	3 88
Torstvit H. J.	2 69
Welberg Swan	6 65
Welo A.	6 03

Wold Bernt	1 00
Engelstad P.	17 55
Pope Henry	5 68
Loberg Lars A.	3 48
" O. A.	1 97
Langseth A. O.	2 73
Liden Charles	1 80
Locken Lars A.	1 16
Schramm Wm.	1 92

Kratka.

Amundson Andrew	4 06
Bjornson H.	5 57
Brenden Lars	3 22
Breiland Ole S.	4 47
Bravick Olaf	3 81
Bjorby C. P.	3 12
Conely Mike	2 92
Christoferson Ole	1 08
Dangerfield S.	8 85
Ellefson Thorsten	8 42
Gjerwald S. T.	5 12
Gullingsrud O. T.	4 29
Hadeen Pete	59
Hansen Albert	7 00
Husby J. R.	1 84
Hommestvedt D.	8 30
Henry Chas.	5 75
Hemstead Pete	2 40
Johnson J. S.	77
" Stiner	4 32
" R. M.	7 95
Jensen Carl	12 52
Kilen Joe	41
Knutson Sam	5 42
Langlie Bros.	27 45
" O. H.	4 39
Larson Ludvig	8 31
Leslie R. H.	9 66
Lendobeja Pete	4 90
Meyb Christ	3 88
Nordby John	3 29
Nesje Ole	14 24
Oleson Ed.	1 21
" Theo	9 81
" Aslak	1 70
O'Brien Jas	2 29
O'Toole Pete	3 61
Oleson Carl	2 05
" Ole	8 13
Paulson Pete	4 90
Parnow Wm.	11 27
Peterson Chas	2 09
Quirk John	1 94
Quist E. L.	8 49
Ronnestrand Henry	2 56
Sundland Andrew	2 71
Skog Anton	2 97
Tienen B. E.	3 56
Tweeden Thos	18 59
Tronnes H. A.	8 21
Wright P. H.	1 94
Watle Ole	4 80
" Halvor	5 39

North.

Adolph, Gotfred	1 52
Adzero, Jorgen M	4 86
Bertelsen, Jens	2 27
Brevig, Halvor O	99
Conely, D	17 55
Dahl, P A	4 47
Devereax, L O A H E	18 06
Dahlow, John F	23
Douglas, Mrs L F	5 11
Dean, Hugh	05
Dosdal, Joseph	74
Duis, Carly	1 59
Erickson, L E	4 55
Elde, Jorgen	5 08
Edenholm, Fred	7 50
Erickson, Olaf	91

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Eugen, Christian	8 67
Flattinn, Ole S	5 99
Frieberg, John	1 52
Gusa, Geo A	3 55
" Bros	8 44
" Ford	4 73
Heyen, Martin	12 87
Hanson, Mrs Marit	5 15
Hovenslad, Andreas	1 63
Haave, F K	4 77
Isackson, Ole	5 44
Jacobson, Thos	1 25
" B	1 61
" Bernt	1 04
Jorde, Andrew	04
Johnson, Reynold	3 25
Jacobson, Peter	1 73
Jorde, Mikkel	2 30
Knutson, Nels	2 53
Kanshagen, Henry	1 62
Kleven, Marie	13
Layland, Tollef O	06
" K A	1 12
Langren, John	10 33
Long, N O	17 68
Myrin, Nels	3 67
Moylan, Pat	12 74
" Martin	2 47
Nelson, Engebret	1 12
Onlid, Salve	76
" Charlie	1 35
Olson, Albert	5 15
Overland, E J	2 85
Posten, S M	7 89
Roesner, John	10 64
Rustebakken, Alfred	11 77
Rustad, Christ	2 55
Rynestad, T K	1 90
Sandstrom, Victor	51
Swanson, N	4 05
Soderberg, Aug	3 85
Smith, John	6 18
Stenseth, A	4 64
Steen, Christian	3 00
Trowaton, Andrew	1 73
Williams, H R	2 00
Wald, M T	05
Weble, David	67
T R F Cement Brick Wks	22 79
Balangrud, M H	93
Diebald, H R	93
Gusa, H E	1 63
Johnson, S T	2 00
Rashalt, Theo	1 81
Vixness, Joseph	44
Erickson, Anton	5 00
Mal, Christ	3 45
Amren, Nils	96
Devereaux, L E	5 29
Knox, C J	1 12

Highlanding.

Arndt Henry	10 93
Bozdech Martin	99
Dunn Jacob	82
Donneker Anthony	2 82
Davis Edon	71
Dalle T. S.	3 82
Ellingson Andrew	10 67
Eve Alfred	5 70
Erickson Matt	2 64
Eliason H.	4 02
Forst John	66
Gjernes E. K.	2 63
Zillis John	53
Zeving Ole	3 68
" Arndt	6 35
Gulrud G. O.	1 30
Gunderson Anton	4 18
Halverson H. H.	2 45
Hanson Andrew	4 97
Haner Ole	3 03
Hammersten Alfred	4 14
Holt Oscar	80
Homme John	4 07
Hommery Hans O.	91
Hale Isak	51
Hunt W. G.	91
Johnson John M.	2 86
" Bernt	2 37
" A. M.	1 18
Kelly J. A.	31
Kolestrand D. A.	2 30
Kveste Ben K.	2 48
Krebeck John	1 48
Lee Ole G.	3 87
McAndress Walter	3 25
Nelson A. F.	4 73
" Sever	2 19
Nesheim J. B.	7 02
Olson Carl	1 15
Oftedahl John	37
Omlid Ole	1 16
Olson Tobias	3 82
Opsahl Knut	3 82
" Simon	1 28
Overum Ole	8 76
Stixrud Nils	2 19
Pedersen E.	1 56
Rustad P. A.	6 25
Reierson Dan	2 08
Rienre E. C.	83
Sigrudson Sjot	22
Schasten Mrs. A. W.	10 08
Snoback Olaf	3 11
Sundahl Ole O.	6 17
Sullivan Pat	8 72
Swanson John M.	2 25
Frenda Jas	3 27
Tyndall Wm. G.	1 97
Thorson Thos M.	3 97
Thoreson Oscar	3 87
" Edan	2 17
Vorlicky Jas.	1 75
Vralsen J. O.	3 21
Nattendahl Ole O.	3 16
Wold P. C.	10 04
Wentzel Aug. J.	11 40
Zavoral Frank	31

Smiley

Amundsen, Ole	[illegible]
Anfinson, Mrs Ellen	[illegible]
" Torkel	[illegible]
" Ole T	[illegible]
Anderson, Oscar N	[illegible]
Brekke, Anna	[illegible]
Baismager, Carl	[illegible]
Bjorge, Ole B	[illegible]
Balstad, Ole O	[illegible]
Breden, Jens	67

Berg, P O	4 61
" S A	5 78
Christianson C	2 87
Dahl, John A	4 26
Erickson, Tolef	6 14
Fredrickson, Hans	6 44
Tronos, G	37
Gustafson, G O	3 19
Hendricksen, Torvald	99
Hviding, B P	4 43
Hestekind, Ole	4 24
Helgeland, O S	17 41
Hustvedt, H J	5 77
Helgeson, H A	5 11
Holland, C H	5 38
Johnson, Mrs E	15 80
Jorstad, K	2 33
Johnson, L E	1 01
Johnson, Daniel	4 74
Pederson, Gunder	70
" O M	9 68
Larson, Oscar	33
Larson, Ole E	6 28
" Carl J	6 20
" K	66
Lomdson, Mrs	7 14
Lone, Fred A	9 34
Lura, Salve	4 01
Lom, Erick J	72
Sordahl, Tollef J	2 48
Svanley, H S	1 93
Stenseth Timan	1 35
Ceruoneck, George	06
Salamonson, J E	4 73
Tobias, Steno	2 31
Skjerping, Tobias	7 33
Sovenson, Anton	3 58
Nelson, Mrs Martha	5 17
Ness, Albert	1 57
Newton, A B	30 78
Narum, A J	6 47
Torge, J M	3 43
Tune, Peder	1 99
Voltinson, Betsy	2 52
Vilkim, Joseph	8 90
Viken, Halvor O	3 29
Wood, J K	09
" W E	3 35
Weiner, Casper	2 12
Valavik, Ole J	22
Pederson, Christian	04
Knox, C J	33
Holm, Chas	32
Eidsvold, Robt	20
Higgins, L J	1 14
Danielson, Solomon	1 01
Stromme, O T	10
Nichols, W A	17
Nordahl, Bndrew	19
McNivin D J	65
Barstad, Adolph	35
Anderson, C A	42
" A A	06
Swenson, Amund	30
Mussey, H E	17
Harnmer, Bertol	23
Hoinn, Iver	1 15
Eugen, Olaf	15
Danielson, Alfred	44

Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	04c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
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The Car Shortage.

Freeman K. Lane, the member of the interstate commerce commission who recently conducted an inquiry in this state into the car shortage and the resulting coal famine and the general inconvenience, loss of business and money and the general stagnation of commerce throughout the Northwest, has filed his report.

It confirms our suspicions that there really is a car-shortage, and that it is doing a lot of damage. It appears, also, that the shortage is due to the fact that the railroads have not equipment enough, that they have not men enough, or that they do not know how to handle their business. For some or all of *these reasons the Northwest has* been and still is vastly inconvenienced, and it has even been threatened with a dangerous condition because of a lack of fuel in certain parts.

Commissioner Lane leaves room for an inference that there is more or less incompetence of management about the railroads, which would explain the trouble if it were true. That cannot be the whole reason, but there certainly must be some incompetence either on the part of the modern railroad system itself or on the part of its operators.

What would people think for instance, of a business man who opened up a shop on Superior street to supply the people with, say, boots and shoes, and who never had the right kind or the right size in stock when people wanted to buy? The chances are that people would say that he was a pretty poor business man, and that they would go and patronize somebody that was alert enough to keep up with the demands of his trade. Presently the slovenly shoe dealer would have no business at all, and his next appearance would be in the bankruptcy court.

But it's different with the railroad. All we can do about the railroad is to complain; there are no other dealers to go to. We can appeal to the authorities about it, and that we have done, Mr. Lane's report being the consequence. The report is to be followed by some suggestions for legislation, which will come later.

One or two points in the report are significant. Mr. Lane says that the coal scarcity was due to "such an abundance of westbound traffic at the head of the lakes that cars were not available for carrying coal to North Dakota—a comparatively short haul for a low-class commodity." In other words, coal did not pay enough, so it was put aside for higher priced freights, which paid better.

Further, the situation on the moving of the 1906 grain crop is very much worse than in former years, though the crop is no greater than that of last year, and not so great as in at least one preceding year. There have been ugly whispers to the effect that the railroads held up the grain until it was too late to get it to the East by lake, in order to force a rail haul all the way, but there is no proof of this.

The condition is nothing new; it is only worse this time than in previous falls; but the car shortage and the consequent damage to the business interests of the Northwest is an annual occurrence, and has been for a long time.

Yet, in spite of this fact, the railroads appear to be less able than usual to cope with the business that it is their duty to handle. There must be something fundamentally wrong in such a system.

Harriman's Political Program

Kansas City Times: The nation at large will contemplate with interests the move of E. H. Harriman to nominate Charles W. Fairbanks president, rehabilitate Odell and defeat any aspirations which Theodore Roosevelt may have to go to the senate from New York. When it comes to craft and cunning Harriman has a well earned reputation, not surpassed in Wall street. As for the "sinews of war" he has the backing of the Rockefeller crowd. Such a fight as the one predicted would bring squarely before the public the issue whether Standard Oil is more mighty than the people.

The trusts could scarcely select a more logical leader than Harriman. He places wonderful stress on the power of unlimited money and the uses which it may be put. He has never evinced any sentiment in any of his dealings, and boasts that he has no friends. Mr. Roosevelt has convinced Wall street that he cannot be manipulated. His anti-trust policy, his views regarding inheritance and income taxes as well as his attitude *on all questions where swollen for*tunes are a factor, are menacing to the future of combinations in restraint of trade.

With the money power solidly against Roosevelt under the direction of the shrewdest and most cold blooded man in high finance today, the struggle would be rich in spectacular possibilities.

A man like Harriman who has the financial ability to milk $7,000,000 out of a railroad in one deal and who can clear $10,000,000 in three days by a Wall street stock jobbing scheme is not to be despised as a foe. But if he has tackled the job of trying to run the government with an idea that he will succeed he is liable to be keenly disappointed. Harriman is resourceful, but if you will keep your eye on him for a few years longer you will discover that he has his limitations particularly if he has decided to try conclusions with the American people.

DEATH BY A BOMB.

Imaginary Incident of the Crimean War by Tolstoi.

The following imaginary incident of the Crimean war is found in Count Tolstoi's "Sevastopol:" "The bomb, coming faster and faster and nearer and nearer, so that the sparks of its fuse were already visible, descended. 'Lie down!' some one shouted. They lay flat on the ground. Praskoukhin, closing his eyes, heard only the bomb crashing down on the hard earth close by. A second passed, which seemed an hour. The bomb had not exploded. He opened his eyes and at that moment caught a sight of the glowing fuse of the bomb not a yard off. Terror, cold terror, excluding every other thought and feeling, seized his whole being. He covered his face with his hands.

"Then he remembered the 12 rubles he owed, a debt in St. Petersburg that should have been paid long ago and the gypsy song he had sung that evening. The woman he loved rose in his imagination, wearing a cap with lilac ribbons, and yet, inseparable from all these and from thousands of other recollections, the present thought, the expectation of death, did not leave him for a moment. 'Perhaps it won't explode,' and with desperate final decision he wished to open his eyes, but at that instant a red flame pierced through the still closed lids, and, with a terrible crash, something struck him in the middle of the chest.

"He jumped up and began to run, but, stumbling over the saber that got between his legs, fell on his side. 'Thank God, I'm only bruised,' was his first thought, and he wished to touch his chest with his hand, but his arms seemed tied to his sides, and it felt as if a vise were squeezing his head. Soldiers flitted past him, and he counted them unconsciously. Then lightning flashed before his eyes, and he wondered whether the shot were fired from a mortar or cannon. 'Cannon, probably, and here are more soldiers—five, six, seven soldiers. They all pass by.' He was suddenly filled with fear that they would crush him. He wished to shout that he was hurt, but his mouth was so dry that his tongue clove to the roof of his mouth.

"He felt it wet about his chest, and this sensation of being wet made him think of water. Fearing lest the soldiers might trample on him, he tried to shout 'Take care with you,' but instead of that he uttered such a terrible groan that he was frightened to hear it. Then other red fires began dancing before his eyes, and it seemed to him that the soldiers put stones on him. He made an effort to push off the stones, stretched himself, and saw and heard and felt nothing more. He had been killed on the spot by a bomb splinter in the middle of his chest."

—Farmers—I [illegible] exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

A TRIBUTE TO GRASS.

Poetic Eulogy That Was Pronounced by Senator Ingalls.

The following tribute to grass, written by the late Senator Ingalls of Kansas, should be preserved:

"Majestic, fruitful, wondrous plant! The corn triumphant, that with the aid of man hath made victorious procession across the tufted plain and laid foundation for the social excellence that is and is to be. This glorious plant, transmuted by the alchemy of God, sustains the warrior in battle, the poet in song and strengthens everywhere the thousand arms that work the purposes of life.

"Next in importance to the divine profusion of water, light and air, those three great physical facts which render existence possible, may be reckoned the universal beneficence of grass. Exaggerated by tropical heats and vapors to the gigantic cane congested with its saccharine secretion or dwarfed by polar rigors to the fibrous hair of northern solitudes, embracing between these extremes the maize, with its resolute pennons, the rice plant of southern swamps, the wheat, rye, barley, oats and other cereals, no less than the humbler verdure of the hillside, pasture and prairie in the temperate zone, grass is the most widely distributed of all vegetable beings and is at once the type of our life and the emblem of mortality. Lying in the sunshine among the buttercups and the dandelions of May, scarcely higher in intelligence than the minute tenants of the mimic wilderness, our earliest recollections are of grass, and when the fitful fever is ended and the foolish wrangle of the market and the forum is closed grass heals over the scar which our descent into the bosom of the earth has made, and the carpet of the infant becomes the blanket of the dead.

"Grass is the forgiveness of nature, her constant benediction. Fields trampled with battle, saturated with blood, torn with the ruts of cannon, grow green again with grass, and carnage is forgotten. Streets abandoned by traffic become grass grown like rural lanes and obliterated. Forests decay, harvests perish, flowers vanish, but grass is immortal. Beleaguered by the sullen hosts of winter, it withdraws into the impregnable fortress of its subterranean vitality and emerges upon the first solicitation of spring. Sown by the winds, by wandering birds, propagated by the subtle horticulture of the elements, which are its ministers and servants, it softens the rude outline of the world. Its tenacious fibers hold the earth in its place and prevent its soluble components from washing into the wasting sea. It invades the solitudes of deserts, climbs the inaccessible slopes and forbidding pinnacles of mountains, modifies climates and determines the history, character and destiny of the nations. Unobtrusive and patient, it has immortal vigor and aggression. Banished from the thoroughfare and the field, it bides its time to return, and when vigilance is relaxed or the dynasty has perished it silently resumes the throne from which it has been expelled, but which it never abrogates. It bears no blazonry of bloom to charm the senses with fragrance or splendor, but its homely hue is more enchanting than the lily or the rose. It yields no fruit in earth or air, and yet should its harvest fail for a single year famine would depopulate the world."

Animals' Tails.

Though most animals possess a tail, either in the full or the incipient stage of growth, few of them use it to the same extent as the kangaroo, the scorpion, the horse and the giraffe. What was its destined use? That it was not destined for ornament is shown by the fact that in certain vertebrae it is proved to be an extension of the vertebral column. A satisfactory solution is to be found, I think, in the hypothesis that the tail in animals is nothing else than the taproot of vegetables, which has become obsolete or useless owing to the fact that the living being has long since adopted another method of struggling for existence.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Powerful Writer.

The late Rufus E. Shapley, the brilliant Philadelphia lawyer, wrote "Solid For Mulhooly," which had an immense success. Once at a dinner an editor congratulated Mr. Shapley warmly on "Solid For Mulhooly." The editor said it was powerfully written. Mr. Shapley replied: "Yes, I suppose I am a powerful writer. The other day I wrote a letter of condolence to the widow of an old friend, and I understand that the lady no sooner read my letter than, changing her black gown to a pink one, she went to a matinee."—Argonaut.

Both Prospered In Consequence.

Father-in-law — Extravagance, extravagance! You offer me a fifteen cent cigar! When I was your age I couldn't afford anything better than a fiver! Son-in-law (who has just got a girl with a fortune)—Exactly; otherwise I could not afford anything better now myself.—Fliegende Blatter.

Plain.

Lecturer on Woman's Rights—Woman has risen. We will no longer be the slaves and playthings of the tyrant man. Am I plain? Unsympathetic Male Voice—You are.—London Magazine.

They Don't Speak Now.

Jess—He hadn't got sense enough to propose to a woman. Tess—Is that so? Well, he and I are engaged! Jess—Well!—Cleveland Leader.

There's nothing makes a man madder than to know he has made a fool of himself after having his own way in it.

DRESS OF THE ESKIMO.

Made by the Women From the Skins of Northern Animals.

The chief material of the clothing of the Eskimo is the skin of the reindeer, which is used in various stages of pelage or tanning. Fine, short haired summer skins, especially those of does and fawns, are used for making dress garments and underclothes. The heaviest winter skins furnish extra warm jackets for cold weather. The white spotted skins of the tame Siberian reindeer are especially valued for full dress jackets.

The skins of the white mountain sheep, white and blue fox, wolf, dog, ermine and lynx are sometimes made into clothing. Underjackets of elder duck skins are often pressed into service. Sealskin dressed with the hair on is used only for breeches and boots, and for those rarely. Of late years drilling and calico have been introduced into the makeup of some of the minor garments.

The dress of the men consists of a loose hooded frock without opening except at the neck and wrists. This reaches just over the hips and very rarely to midthigh, where it is cut off square and usually confined by a girdle at the waist. Under this garment is worn a similar one of lighter skin and sometimes without a hood. The thighs are clad in one or two pairs of tight fitting knee breeches, rather loose, but fitted to the shape of the leg. They are very low in front, but are much higher behind, sometimes as high as the small of the back. They are held in place by a girdle or thong around the waist and are usually fastened below the knee over the boots with a drawstring.

On the legs and feet are worn, first, a pair of long deerskin stockings, with the hair inside, then slippers of tanned sealskin, in the bottom which is spread a layer of whalebone shavings and outside a pair of close fitting boots, held in place by a string around the ankle, which reaches above the knee and ends with a rough edge covered by the breeches. Dress boots often end in an ornamental border, with drawstring just below the knee. The boots are of reindeer skin, with white sealskin soles for winter and dry weather, but in summer waterproof boots of white whaleskin are worn. Overshoes of the same material, reaching just above the ankles, are sometimes worn over the winter boots.

The women wear tight fitting deerskin pantaloons, with the hair next the skin, and outside of these a similar pair made of the skins from deer legs, with the hair out, and having soles of sealskin, but no ankle strings. The women's pantaloons, like those of the men, are fastened with a girdle just above the hips. It appears that they do not stay up very well, as the women are continually hitching them up and tightening their girdles, like some old sailor.

Until they reach manhood the boys wear pantaloons like the women, but their jackets are cut just like those of the men.

The well to do Eskimos generally own several complete suits of clothes and present a neat appearance when not engaged in dirty work. The poorer classes wear one suit for all occasions until it becomes shabby. New clothes are seldom put on till winter. The outer frock is not often worn in the iglu, or hut home, being usually taken off before entering the room.

At present there is no such thing as an Eskimo tailor, for the women of each Eskimo household usually make the garments of all the members of the family. Not only this, but the Eskimos are extremely conservative in the matter of changes in the style of their raiment and respond very slowly to the modernizing influences in this particular which have reached their neighborhood.

Convict Regiments.

At the beginning of the eighteenth century the British army had a bad reputation at home, and it was very difficult to get recruits for it. For this reason it was officially proposed to find the men by an impressment falling on "any sturdy beggar, fortune teller or the like idle, unknown, suspected fellow in the parish; or, if there be none such, then any one that has already been in a gaol or before a justice of the peace for his idle, disorderly life." The advice was acted upon. Debtors were released from prison on promising to join the army or the navy, criminals were pardoned on the same terms, and persons with no visible means of subsistence were marched off to death and glory. The system worked out better than might have been expected. In the peninsular war, for instance, three new regiments were composed entirely of convicts, and one made for itself an illustrious name.

New England and Napoleon.

The hostility of New Englanders to the first Napoleon was sincere and deep. A remarkable instance of this feeling is to be found in the manner in which the townsmen of Boston received the news of his first abdication. The incident has been brought to notice through an interesting exhibit in the historical collections of the public library of that city. It is a ticket admitting the bearer to a "solemn festival at the Stone chapel, in commemoration of the goodness of God in delivering the Christian world from military despotism. Boston, June, 1814."

Doing Right Well.

"John's done right well up in the city, after all."

"Do tell!"

"Yes; I've just heard that he's recovered from one appendicitis, two automobiles, one heart failure an' three business crashes.—Atlanta Constitution.

Better the world should know you as a sinner than God know you as a hypocrite.—From the Danish.

HIS REWARD

[Original.]

Far back in the past when Europe was composed of petty kingdoms Jean Teterault, a country lout, drove his mule cart into the capital of his country, loaded with cabbages. He had scarcely passed the wall before he noticed flags flying from the houses, crowds in the streets and every appearance of a holiday.

"What is going on?" asked Jean, gaping.

"What is going on, stupid? Why, do you not know that the queen comes of age today?"

"The queen comes of age? What are they going to do?"

"She receives congratulations and presents and enters upon directing the government."

"Presents?"

"Yes, you fool, presents. Have you a present for her?"

"Why, no," Jean replied musingly, "unless she would accept my cabbages."

"The very thing," replied the informant. "Her majesty is very fond of them. I would advise you to offer them by all means."

Jean whipped up his mule and as soon as he had gone there came a burst of laughter from those who had heard the conversation, but Jean, not hearing it, drove to the palace, bent on laying his present at the queen's feet. Many loungers were there, and he said to one of them:

"I wish to see the queen."

"Oh, you do? Well, go right in there."

"I am going to offer her these cabbages. Will you watch them for me while I am gone?"

"Certainly. Here, comrades. This fellow has brought a load of cabbages for the queen."

Jean left his cabbages with them and, going to the door, joined with magnates who were going in to congratulate her majesty, and so dense was the crowd that he was not noticed by the attendants. Once in he was suffered to go on with the rest and soon found himself in a line near the throne. When it came his turn to speak to the queen she drew back in surprise.

"I have come," said Jean, "to congratulate your majesty and have brought my present—a load of cabbages."

The attendants, seeing something was wrong, pressed forward to remove the countryman, but the queen would not permit. She asked Jean where his gift was and directed that it be brought into the palace; then, giving Jean her hand to kiss, she ordered that he be conducted to the door. There he found his guard, whose laughter was turned to astonishment at seeing an official of the palace conduct Jean and his cart to the royal kitchen.

Ten years passed. The queen was at war, and the marshal in command of her forces was driving everything before him. In his army was a general who had risen from the ranks. Having a genius for war he had risen rapidly and now commanded one of the wings of the army. One day he was missing from his command. He had gone secretly to the capital and solicited an audience with the queen, which was immediately granted.

"What, general, can be the meaning of your return from the front at such a time?" asked the queen in surprise. "Certainly the marshal needs your services."

"I have come to warn your majesty of danger."

"Danger? What danger? Have not my armies been successful everywhere?"

"Too successful, your majesty. Success has turned our leader's head. He proposes to march back to the capital, seize the treasury, enrich his generals, give to the men plentifully, depose his sovereign and put himself in her place."

The queen paled; then suddenly recovering her confidence she said angrily, "Give me proof of this or march away from the palace to your execution."

The general produced a paper signed by the marshal which had been sent him for his signature. It stipulated that for his support of the intended movement he was to receive a fortune. The queen well knew the marshal's signature and sank down overcome.

"Who will save me?" she cried.

"I will," said the general. "Give me the command of your troops and I will hold them to their duty."

"Can you?"

"I am sure of it."

"And why have you alone stood by me?"

"Do you remember the day you came of age and how a countryman ignorant of royal ways brought you a load of cabbages for a present?"

"I do."

"And your majesty instead of turning him over to be flogged accepted his present and permitted him to kiss your royal hand?"

"I do."

"I am that peasant. I will save your throne for you."

The queen quickly called for pen and paper and in a moment General Teterault was appointed commander of all her forces. As she handed him the paper she said:

"If you are faithful and succeed your reward shall be—"

"Pardon me, your majesty, I prefer to fix my own reward!"

A few [illegible] later General Teterault rode into the capital at the head of a victorious [illegible] army. Alighting at the palace he was received by his sovereign.

"Your reward, general?" she asked after her congratulations.

"That I may once more kiss your majesty's hand."

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Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken.—Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
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POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A sick man talks about everything except death.

No man is big enough to laugh at a real worry.

While loafing a man usually thinks about a big scheme that won't work.

An apology never gives satisfaction to but one person—the one who makes it.

If you must kick, make it swift and sure, and do not prolong the agony by making excuses.

A boy thinks, "What a good time a man has!" And a man thinks, "What a good time a boy has!" And what a poor time both have!

It may be as good a feat to have all of a little girl's petticoats the same length as it is to have everything that goes on the stove cooked at the same time.—Atchison Globe.

In a Mexican Hat Store.

Half a million straw hats is no uncommon sight to be met with at one time in the hat stores of Mexico. The hats are made of a long pampas grass which grows nowhere else in the world. It is specially cultivated for the hat industry. So rapidly are the hats made that some skilled workmen can turn out ten or a dozen a day, and they are then sent to all parts of the world. They cost about fourpence each to make, are retailed at from 1 shilling sixpence to 4 shillings and are so durable that it not infrequently happens that those of an economical turn of mind make a single hat last ten years.—London Queen.

Chesapeake Bay.

Few people fully appreciate the great size of the Chesapeake bay. It is the largest indentation on the Atlantic coast, and it has often been called the Mediterranean of America. On its bosom the navies of the world could easily float. It is 200 miles long, and in some places it is forty miles broad. It has an area of over 2,000 square miles, and it shoots off into great rivers with an aggregate length of thousands of miles.—Baltimore American.

The Latest.

Customer—You say, then, that this material is the latest? Shopman—The very latest, madam. Customer—But will it fade in the sun? Shopman—Why, it has been lying in the window for two years, and look how well it has stood!—London Mail.

Quite Different.

Papa—No; he's not the proper sort of a husband for you, my dear. Daughter—Oh, papa, he'd die for me! Papa—Oh, that's all right. Tell him to go as far as he likes. I was afraid he wanted to marry you.—Cleveland Leader.

Gratifying Progress.

"Your son is studying art, I believe. Has he made much progress?"

"Oh, yes. He is able to talk the language quite fluently."—Judge.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Fr. Adolph was up to Pelan Sunday.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

J. K. Wood went down to Red Lake Falls Monday.

Will Vaughan was in from Germantown Monday.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

C. M. Evenson returned to this city Monday from a business trip to Wisconsin.

Mrs. Hawkes, who had been visiting friends in the city, returned to Minneapolis Monday.

Mrs. E. E. Rose and son, who had been spending the holidays at Fargo, returned to this city Monday.

D. P. O,Neill left Monday for St. Paul to witness the opening of the state legislature and attend to business matters.

George Diebel and R. B. Laing came over from Milton, N. D., Monday to look after their business interests here.

Ole Trofton, one of the enterprising settlers of the town of Clover Leaf, was in the city Tuesday and subscribed for the News.

August Ruhnke, proprietor of the Germantown hotel, was brought to Thief River Falls Monday and is confined at the hospital. He is suffering from a complication of diseases.

Harold Hicks, who had been spending his vacation in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hicks, returned Monday to St. Paul where he is attending McAlster college.

The case against Pat Kenney, charged with stealing $26 from Johnson & Jenkin's saloon, was dismissed last Saturday, the state having no witnesses that could in any way implicate Kenney with the crime.

S. T. Johnson went down to Red Lake Falls Monday to be sworn in as court commissioner. As Mr. Johnson is an anti-injunction man, it is not likely that business in his office will be very rushing during the next few few years.

Dr. Tupper left Monday for Minneapolis where he will spend a few days and from there go to New York City and remain for several weeks. In the spring he will sail for Europe and will spend about a year in Germany and Switzerland.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Hon. T. M. Hugh, representing the Duluth Engineering Co., was in St. Hilaire last week making preliminary surveys and estimates for the village council in regard to the probable cost of the proposed electric light plant. The Duluth Engineering company, of which Mr. Hugo is a member, will submit an estimate of the cost and if the plant is ordered installed they will also act as supervising architects during the construction. Nothing further will be done in the matter until Mr. Hugo's report has been received.

—Your Opportunity—Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field, and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say, "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

Miss Kuhnel left last week for Chicago to visit friends.

W. J. Harlow and bride returned to Red Lake Falls last Friday.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Mrs. A. B. Miller and children left last week for Grove City, Minn.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Sheriff Nelson removed to Red Lake Falls last Saturday with his family.

Miss Elen Leslie, who has a claim out near Kratka, left last week for St. Paul.

C. M. Narveson was in from Brunkeberg last Friday and subscribed for the News.

A. H. Baker, of Brunkeberg, was in the city last Saturday and made the News a pleasant call.

Conductor Morton and wife, who had been visiting relatives in Oklahoma, returned to this city last week.

Miss Stella and Elsie Robbecke, who had been visiting friends at Warren, returned to this city last Saturday.

Miss Irene Caldwell returned to Thorwick Sunday to resume her duties as school teacher in a district up there.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

E. L. Quist went down to Red Lake Falls Monday and on Tuesday took charge of the register of deeds office.

County Commissioner Shaw went to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to attend the first meeting of the county board.

Mrs P. W. Mabey returned to this city Sunday morning from Lake City where she had been to spend the holidays.

C. A. Peterson clerk in the C. O. D. Clothing House, left Monday of the Pacific coast to spend a couple of months visiting relatives and looking over the country.

All who are thinking of putting in a telphone are requested to do so at once so that a number can be assigned to them. A new telephone card is to be printed in a short time.

—The annual meeting of the stockholders and directors of the First State Bank of Thief River Falls will be held Saturday evening, January 12, 1907. H. G. Dobner, Cashier.

H. G. Dobner returned last Friday from Kalispell, Montana, where he had been to spend the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner and family. He reports a very pleasant trip.

Odeo, the new town upon the Soo line west of here, has been suffering from a beer famine. When it is known that Odeo, although having a population of a few hundred, has seven saloons, it is realized that the people there are more anxious to get beer than coal.

The friends of Joel G Winkjer in this county will be pleased to learn that he has been re-appointed as dairy inspector. The result is gratifying to the dairymen throughout this part of the state who realize how much Mr. Winkjer has done for dairying and who hoped he might be retained.

Sixteen wolf bounties have been paid by County Auditor Ford since December 1st, the last being yesterday. Wolves are said to be quite numerous this winter, and the deep snow has made it easy to track them. The bounty is $7.50 for the grown wolves, which makes it worth the hunter's time if he can nab one occasionally.—Gazette.

The St. Hilaire creamery statement for the year 1906 will not be out until the latter part of this month when they hold their annual meeting. Enough however, is known to indicate that they manufactured over fifty thousand dollars' worth of butter the past year, which is about a fifty per cent increase over the year before.

According to a recent issue of the Daily Pioneer, Bemidji expended in public and private improvements the past year a good round sum. Its figures are that [illegible] were spent in public improvements, and nearly [illegible] in private improvements. That is a good showing and Bemidji has reason to be proud of the record.

Andrew Lang was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Rev. Aastad was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Supt. Michaels left Tuesday for a trip out on the Wheatline.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church at 10:30 Sunday morning.

Wayne Richardson left Monday for Minneapolis to resume his studies at the state university.

J. E. Stewart arrived in the city Tuesday from Prince Albert to visit old friends for a few days.

Henry Hanson town clerk of Silverton, was in the city Monday and made the News office a pleasant call.

A. G. Loftness, one of the settlers on the reservation, was in the city Tuesday and paid up his subscription to 1908.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club tomorrow evening. Cards and dancing will be the amusement.

H. R. Leslie, one of the settlers living out near Kratka, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Services by Rev. M. L. Dahle next *Sunday morning Jan. 13th.*, at 10:45 in the Zion church. A cordial invitation to all.

Peter Peterson returned to this city Monday from Douglas county where he had spent a couple of weeks visiting his parents.

The Soo line has again opened up the Wheatline for general traffic. A freight train left for the west Tuesday, the first one to go out in a number of days.

Mrs. H. J. Conklin received a telegram Tuesday from Duluth announcing the death of her mother. The funeral services will be held Friday and Mrs. Conklin left yesterday to attend.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening the plat of Zeh's addition to Theif River Falls was approved. This land is situated south of the lumber yards and contains many desirable residence lots.

Postmaster Kratka announces that in the future the postoffice will be open from 7 o'clock in the morning until 5 in the afternoon for lock boxes. The general delivery window will be open on Sunday morning from 10:30 until 11:30.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's planing mill was forced to close down this week owing to the car shortage. Both the Great Northern and Soo are using all of their cars now to haul fuel into North Dakota and all other shipments are being refused. A large number of cars of coal are now being taken into North Dakota daily and the situation over them is said to be getting better.

Supt. O. C. Gregg, of the state farmer's institute corps, recently stated in a public interview, with reference to this particular section of the state, that clover grew so much easier here than where he had a farm, the farmers here could look into the future with a feeling of security. He says that in Lyon county where he owns a 400 acre farm, clover does not start easy, and for that reason this country had an advantage over that. "The clover plant is one of the foundation plants for successful agriculture. Where it cannot be grown generally for the future are not very good in my judgment."

At the last session of the legislature a law was passed granting a state pension to survivors of the Indian wars of the early sixties, providing evidence could be produced showing that the applicant sustained wounds during his service. This provision does not appear to be satisfactory to the old Indian fighters, a number of who still live in the state, as it is claimed that some of them fought just as many privations as one in the service, but were not wounded, and therefore not elligible to a pension under this law. A number of the survivors met at Hutchinson a few days ago, and they will make an effort to have the coming legislature remedy the bill.

The Ada district of the Hauges and Lutheran Synod will have their annual mission meeting in this city commencing Jan. 31st continuing to Feb. 3.

The place of meeting will be announced later. Able and well known workers will be present, and we hope to see a large attendance. Those who understand the Scandinavian language should not fail to be present. A cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle.

The Man Fish.

Mathew Buchinger, mentioned in old English wonder books as the "man fish," was the most remarkable monstrosity of his time. He had neither hands, arms, feet nor legs. From his shoulders grew two finlike excrescences, and along his back there were several rows of scales. He had the lidless eyes characteristic of the fish species and a queer puckered mouth and no ears.

The Two Garricks.

George Garrick, brother of the celebrated David, was the latter's most devoted slave and laborious pack horse. On coming behind the scene he usually inquired, "Has David wanted me?" It being asked once how George came to die so soon after the demise of his famous brother, a wag replied, "David wanted him."

E. A. HICKS, Carpet and Drapery Dept.
H. W. HICKS, Buyer.
H. M. HICKS, Proprietor.

The Hicks House-Furnishing and Carpet Company.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME.

LICENSED. UNDERTAKING. PHONE 30 OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION.

Kitchen chairs, f. o. b. St. Paul, at $5.25 per dozen, or $3 for a half dozen. Dealers would do well to take advantage of this offer, as the wholesale factory price is $6.50 per dozen.

Mahogany dressing tables with 16x20 patern bevel glass while they last (worth $16.50) for $9.50.

If you are looking for a sewing machine, no matter what kind you want, a call at our store will convince you that we can save you money. We keep your sewing machine in repair free.

McKinley 10c sheet music, 3 for 25c.

ACME HYGIENIC COUCH

In couches we have them from $4.98 up. Genuine leather at $25 each.

Extension tables, solid oak, good finish, at $5.50 each.

In iron and brass beds we have them in all the latest design at prices that will induce you to buy.

Ask for our 1907 catalogue. It is free.

All of the above prices apply only for this week or until the next issue of the paper and for cash only.

Hicks House-Furnishing and Carpet Co.

Corner Main Avenue and Second Street,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - - - - - MINNESOTA.

Ireland's Coast Cliffs.

The finest cliff scenery in the United Kingdom is on the coast of the county of Donegal, at the northwest of Ireland, facing the Atlantic, where the variety and grandeur of the cliffs are most thrilling and impressive. Slieve League, south of Glen Columbkille, is a superb introduction to Donegal's coast splendors. In less than half a mile from the sea the mountain rears its height of nearly 2,000 feet. In the island of Achill, off the west coast of Ireland, the cliffs of Croghan, at Achill Head, rise sheer from the water's edge to the dizzy height of 3,000 feet.—London Standard.

Smoked Glass.

Murphy—Well, this bates the mischief. Dooley tole me that if I shmoked a piece of glass I'd be able to see the sphots on the sun. Sure, ain't I fairly kilt wid thrying to make me pipe draw? 'Tis the way, I'm thinking, that either I haven't the right kind of glass or else Dooley's been fooling me.—London Tit-Bits.

Took Wind Out of Their Sails.

Addressing one of his southern audiences, Sam Jones once requested all the husbands present who had not spoken a harsh word to their wives for a month to stand up. He shook hands with those who arose and then introduced them to the rest of the audience as the "twenty-seven biggest liars in Tennessee."

A King's Logic.

George IV. of England prided himself on lifting his hat to every one who saluted him in public, but once it was observed that he bowed to every one on the street till he came to a man who swept a crossing, whom he passed without notice. He explained the matter afterward, when points of etiquette were under discussion, by saying, "To salute a beggar without giving him something would be a mockery, and to stop for the purpose of bestowing sixpence would wear the semblance of ostentation in a prince."

The View of Experience.

"What I want," said the constituent, "is a nice, easy position."

"My friend," answered Senator Sorghum, "give up that idea. When an easy position is discovered so many people are after it that a man has to fight ten hours a day to hold on to it."—Washington Star.

First Thing In Order.

Teacher—Johnny, if I gave you 5 cents and your brother 10 cents, what would that make? Johnny—Trouble.—Denver News.

None can injure him who does not injure himself.—St. Chrysostom.

Lindquist Is Chairman.

The first annual meeting of the board of county commissioners was held at Red Lake Falls Tuesday and much business of an important nature will be transacted at this meeting. Commissioner Lindquist was elected chairman and the bonds of various county officials were approved. Little other business had been transacted up to last evening.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Edison's latest featured film.

"The Indians Revenge," also a special Xmas film.

Illustrated Song—"You're the Flower of my Heart, Sweet Adeline."

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Jan. 5 1907.

Anthony, J. S.
Atlantic Elevator Co.
Brevik, C. H.
Beohne, Miss Roebert,
American Express Co.
Danielsen Mrs. Angelina,
Fegenson, Blanch
Fortier, Peter
Fossen, Miss Agnes
F X Anhin,
Helseth, Severin
Hall, Miss Mable
Hansen, Gustav.
Horton, John
Hermanson, John
Holseth, Mrs. Hansine,
Hansen, Olaf
Jacobson, Hans K.
Kalstad, Didrick
Knouf, Miss Mary
Kringland, John
Larson, Gust
Mabb, Louis A
Mabis, Miss Clara
Nickerson, Ezra,
Narune, Mrs. J. A.
Nelson, Henry L.
Olson, John
Palm, Geo.
Peterson, F. A
[illegible], Miss Sophi
Rude, Miss Mery
Saltvedt, Tandrup
Westby, Miss Inga
Williams R. H.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	65c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

Has Found His Parents.

The following taken from the Warren Sheaf refers to a young man well-known in Thief River Falls:

"Clifford Dufour, of Crookston has lately discovered that his father is Ole Olson Holson, of the town of Vega, and that he had a brother and sister residing at Warren. He came up Christmas Day to introduce himself to them, and a happier family reunion can hardly be conceived. Mr. Dufour is 23 years old, and had never seen his father nor his brother or sister, here until now. He is a prominent and highly respected young man of Crookston and is enployed as traveling salesman for the American Biscuit Company of that city."

Kratka Now Postmaster.

Frank H. Kratka is now postmaster of Thief River Falls and Ira C. Richardson is a private citizen. The transfer of the postoffice was made Monday night. Mr. Kratka has retained all of the postoffice employes that held office under Postmaster Richardson.

Frank Beckwith, of Park River, N. D. was in the city last week visiting Prof. J. H. Hay.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

UBBY WAS IN LUCK

TLE NEST EGG DROPPED IN JUST AT RIGHT TIME.

Wife's Economy in Telegraph Tolls Proved in the End Just a Little Expensive—Her Letter Home Was Interesting Reading.

On the day after she reached the country with the children she wanted to telegraph to her husband—whom she had left parboiling in Washington—that she had thoughtlessly left some of her money behind, and to have him forward it to her by registered mail.

Now, there never was a woman yet that would send a telegram of more than ten words unless the circumstances were extraordinary, even if all words beyond ten words were only tariffed at the rate of a mill a word.

In order properly to convey her meaning to her husband the shortest message possible, after all sorts of deletations, would have been about as follows:

"Forgot part of money. In bottom third drawer of chiffonier, spare room, beneath shirts. Send immediately registered."

Here, however, were sixteen words. She bit the end of her pen in the telegraph office over the problem and screwed up her forehead and dabbed at her face with her moist handkerchief, and was in a sad stew over the thing.

But wild horses wouldn't have forced her beyond the ten-word deadline. Women are instinctively against all sorts of corporations, but their objection to hurling a single penny more than necessary into the coffers of a telegraph company is a rooted, elemental passion.

So, after much heated worry, she crowded it down this way:

"Left money in bottom of third drawer chiffonier spare room."

That made a pat ten words, and she sent the message off, blissfully believing that she'd receive a registered letter on the following morning.

Her husband was sitting in the dining room in a state of gloom when he received the message. He had sat into a small game on the previous evening and when it was all over he was counting on the ends of his fingers the days to elapse before the next walking of the disbursing clerk's ghost.

The receipt of his wife's telegram had found him speculating upon what sort of delirious riot it would be possible for him to engage in that evening on a cash capital of eleven cents, and his negligee shirts still unredeemed from the laundry around the corner.

He tore up the stairs three at a clip when he had read the telegram, and when his prowling hand brought up from the third drawer of the spare room chiffonier the little bundle of $54 mostly in one and two-spots, he experienced a sensation of genuine emotion.

"Well, she's a good girl," said he to himself. "What other woman would have been so thoughtful? She just had a premonition that I'd be broke and she took the trouble to go down to the dinky country telegraph office and wire me where I'd find this little stack of the papers! She's the best ever, that's what she is, and when I get the time I'm going to sit down and tell her that in my opinion she's the hull works and the running gear. Why, the idea—$54! No, I shall not do a single, solitary thing with it!" and then he shaved and prettied himself up and fared forth and figuratively kicked a few slats out of his favorite suburban resort, dwelling woozily at intervals upon the lovely thoughtfulness of his spouse.

However, he received a few terse lines from the country a couple of days later.—Washington Star.

Japanese Quick to Learn.

When in 1868 Lord Elgin visited Japan and insisted on making the shogun a present of a yacht and also insisted on arranging a treaty with him in behalf of England, he noted the extraordinary thirst for knowledge and quickness in learning which distinguish the Japanese. Within a week a raw Japanese crew had learned how to manage the shogun's new yacht. The Japanese commissioners ever took pains to imitate the cheers which their guests gave after dinner when the queen's health was drunk, as soon as they understood that "when you in the west wish to honor a person especially, you roar and shout after your meals."

Work for Christian Endeavorers.

The pastor of a church in England had appealed to his people in vain to be promptly notified of sickness among the congregation and in the community, and at last mentioned the fact to his Christian Endeavor society. At the next business meeting a "floral and visiting committee" was formed, its duties being to keep the pastor posted with a sick list, visit and read to the sick, carry flowers to them, and see that the church was decorated each Sunday. The success has been such that the whole church is cooperating in similar philanthropy.

No Longer Glad.

"I don't know what's come over Jenkins. When I told him about my salary being raised to $15 and again to $20 he patted me on the back, but yesterday when I told him that it had been raised to $30 he didn't enthuse at all."

"Well, that simply means that Jenkins' salary is about $25."

CLEMENT GETS EIGHT YEARS.

Banker to Serve Twenty-Four Terms Concurrently.

St. Paul, Nov. 15.—Eight years' imprisonment in the state prison at Stillwater was the sentence imposed yesterday by Judge Page Morris in the United States district court on Thomas B. Clement, the Faribault banker convicted on twenty-four counts of misapplying the bank's funds and of making false entries in the books and in reports to the controller of the currency. The sentence imposed was eight years' imprisonment on each of the twenty-four counts, making a total of 192 years, but the court ordered that the sentence under the counts be served concurrently. When Judge Morris asked the defendant if he had anything to say why sentence should not be imposed, he answered:

"No. Only to say that I am innocent of the charges—certainly perfectly innocent of any intention to defraud any one."

A new bond in the sum of $10,000, the same amount as the previous bond, was accepted, with Arthur B. Cooley and Charles Hutchinson as sureties. The bill of exceptions was completed in the afternoon and the case now will go to the court of appeals on a writ of error.

TO BUILD INTERURBAN LINE.

Road From Winona to Decorah or Cresco in Iowa Is Projected.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 15.—Ohio capitalists with engineers are here making a personal inspection and investigation into the feasibility and practicability of constructing an electric road south from this city into Iowa. The names of those interested could not be learned, but it is known that they are inspecting the routes out of the city. As soon as one is chosen it is said that the project will be publicly launched. The proposed line is meeting with much encouragement from the farmers, and it will not be difficult to secure the right of way. The line will run from Winona to either Decorah or Cresco, Iowa, and will pass through a rich agricultural country.

FALLS OFF LIFT INTO MINE.

Timber Boss Is Killed While on Way to Surface.

Eveleth, Minn., Nov. 15.—Joe Kersonitch, timber boss in the Adams mine, was killed by falling a distance of 100 feet down the timber shaft at No. 6 shaft yesterday morning. Kersonitch and other timber men had finished their night's work and were returning to the surface through the timber shaft. When loaded the lift at this shaft rises slowly and it is customary for the men to help it by leaning their weight on the timber sets, thus relieving the counter balance to that extent. Kersonitch missed the sets and his weight threw him over the edge of the lift and he fell to his death.

JUMP FOR PILOT IS FATAL.

Railroad Carpenter Misses Footing and Is Run Over by Train.

Two Harbors, Minn., Nov. 15.—John Hammerson, a railroad carpenter employed at a construction camp two miles east of Mitchell on the Messaba range, was killed by being run over by an ore train on the Duluth, Messaba & Northern road. He was walking on the track when an ore train of twenty-eight cars approached. He attempted to jump on the pilot, but missed his footing. The locomotive and all the cars passed over him.

BOY INSTANTLY KILLED.

Gun Carelessly Held by Companion is Accidentally Discharged.

Annandale, Minn., Nov. 15.—A fatal shooting accident occurred near here yesterday. Six boys, 7 to 14 years old, while out hunting, began throwing up their hats to shoot at. Samuel, a son of Nels Sather, failing to catch aim, lowered the cocked gun, and was talking to his companions, when the gun was discharged, shooting Philip, son of Emil Hendrickson, in the abdomen killing him instantly.

PRISON OVERCROWDED.

Many Inmates at Stillwater Pen Sleep in Corridors.

Stillwater, Minn., Nov. 15. — There are now 714 prisoners at the penitentiary, and owing to the crowded condition, many have to sleep on cots in the corridors. E. E. Buck, who was brought here from Mankato to serve a term of six years, is working in the laundry while suffering from an injured ankle. When able he will be given other work.

"WHITE BEAVER" IS DYING.

Noted Scout and Friend of Buffalo Bill Takes Turn for Worse.

Cody, Wyo., Nov. 15.—Col. D. Frank Powell, the noted scout and friend and partner of William F. Cody, who has been ill at the Irma hotel here for several weeks, has suddenly taken a turn for the worse and his death is expected to occur at any time.

Drinks Carbolic Acid.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 15.—Mrs. Helena Davis, twenty years old and the mother of an infant child, drank a wine glass of carbolic acid at Red Lodge and died despite the efforts of several doctors.

Extradition Is Granted.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 15.—[illegible] yesterday granted an extradition warrant on request of the governor of Nebraska for J. W. Marshall, who is wanted at Omaha on a charge of embezzlement.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

Dairy and Creamery

The milking machine idea is certainly making rapid and favorable progress in the minds of dairymen.

A writer in Hoard's Dairyman describes a milking machine exhibited at the New York state dairymen's convention, the invention of a Mr. Klein of Roanoke, Va. In many respects, he says, it resembles the Burrell machine. It consists of a pail, smallest at the top, with a cover which fits closely, making it air tight. On the cover are metal tubes for the attachment of the rubber tubes leading to each of the two cows that are simultaneously milked into the one pail. There is also an automatic arrangement on the cover called the pulsator. It is by means of this that the intermittent action of the machine is made possible. As the pulsator oscillates, which it does at the rate of about sixty oscillations per minute, the vacuum is alternately turned on and off the teat cups, causing suction and release from suction at each alternate stroke. This gives opportunity for the teat to fill after each act of suction by the machine. The method of operating the pulsator seems to be the chief point of difference between this machine and the one previously described. Mr. Klein has a specially constructed apparatus, operated by power, which consists of an exhaust pump and a compressor, both coupled to one arbor. The exhaust produces the suction and operates the pulsator in one direction, while the compressor operates the pulsator in the opposite direction.

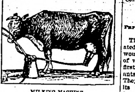

MILKING MACHINE.

At the convention the milking of four cows was witnessed by the writer, and even with that short experience the cows actually seemed to enjoy the operation. One cow made a few demonstrations not unfamiliar to a dairyman, but the cause seemed to be that the operator was on the wrong side rather than any real objection to the machine. It is evident that with the pail standing between the cows and two cows milked at the same time one of them must be milked from the side opposite that which a man usually approaches when going to milk.

As everybody was saying, the machine milked the cows all right. There was a little stripping to be done, though not much. Whether the cow decreased in flow of milk by the use of the machine can hardly be stated positively, though it was claimed that the quantity was about as usual.

So far as the dairyman is concerned with the various inventions in milking machines it would seem advisable to observe awhile.

Germs In the Dairy.

The conditions most suited to the growth of germs are food, warmth and moisture. Milk furnishes the proper food for their growth. Bacteria are especially numerous in and around [illegible]

The Lobsters.

"Well," said the first lobster in a bored tone, "what are you going to do now?"

"Get dressed for dinner," the second lobster answered, yawning.

A present joy is worth a thousand past sorrows or future tips.—State Journal.

THE OCEAN LINER.

Safety Devices That Are Operated From the Bridge.

It is in its safety devices and the provision made to meet every possible accident that the ocean liner is perhaps most remarkable. All the machinery which may be set in motion in case of danger is centered on the bridge, and so perfectly has it been arranged that the entire vessel could be controlled if the necessity should arise by means of a series of levers and push buttons. About the walls of the wheelhouse are arranged curious looking indicators, much the same as one sees behind the desk of a great hotel. About them are hung a surprising variety of barometers, thermometers, thermostats, wind and rain gauges and other less familiar looking instruments. There are rows upon rows of buttons and levers on every hand, all highly polished and in the most perfect working order. The danger of fire at sea, for instance, is anticipated by a thermostat connected with the frame filled with little squares like the hotel indicator. There are thermometers in every part of the ship electrically connected with this box which are constantly on guard. If a fire should start in any part of the great ship the temperature would of course rise, and the fact would instantly be announced in the wheelhouse by the ringing of a bell, while a red light would flash at the same time in one of the squares of the indicator. The man at the wheel could tell at a glance the exact point of danger.—Francis Arnold Collins in St. Nicholas.

POTATOES IN FRANCE.

Parmentier's Wily Plan to Kill the Prejudice Against Them.

The way in which Parmentier created a demand for potatoes in France would have done credit to the wiliest of wily tradesmen. Nothing would at first induce the simple minded peasants to cultivate the popular tuber. They would not listen to lectures on its virtues nor accept seed potatoes free of cost for planting.

Parmentier therefore decided to get the better of their prejudice by artifice and with this object leased as much land as he could round Paris and planted it with potatoes. Just before the ripening of the crop he posted watchers round the fields and issued notices that all persons stealing potatoes would be severely punished, the crop being intended for the tables of the king and nobles.

Such delicacies, continued the notice, were too good for ignorant peasants, who would touch them at their peril. Of course watch was only kept during the day, and at night the fields were robbed right and left by the peasants, who were curious to taste the strange vegetable and jealous that it should be reserved for their betters.

As soon as they had tasted the succulent tubers the pilferers were only too anxious to plant as many as they could possibly purchase, the wily Parmentier's scheme thus succeeding beyond the most extravagant anticipations.

The Chinese Lily.

To raise the Chinese sacred lily in water remove the brown dried skin and all the hard callous at the base of the bulbs. Do not separate the bulbs, but take a sharp knife and score the main bulb as though to quarter it, but do not cut more than a quarter of an inch deep. Cut the offshoot also. This wastes the bulb, but develops the foliage growth. Arrange the bulbs in a glass bowl, steadying them with pebbles, bits of marble and shells, also put in broken charcoal to keep the water sweet. The water may be changed once or twice before they bloom. Place in a dark cupboard or closet for ten days until the roots are well started.

A President's Pipe.

General Jackson was a poor eater, and well for him that he was, or he would have often gone hungry in the days when large crowds came to the White House for a free lunch. It is related on one occasion the [illegible] was moved to thank the [illegible] that after the crowd had gone there was a raw piece of steak [illegible] which he could make a dinner. There seems to be absolutely no foundation for the stories of Jackson being a hard drinker, for his [illegible] forbade all excesses. He liked his toddy in company with his comrades [illegible], but he was no lover of all kinds of intoxicants.—Home Magazine.

ODD FOUNDATION.

A Town Built on an Immense Bank of Oyster Shells.

The secondary foundation of Crisfield, Md., is the bottom of the Chesapeake bay, and between the bottom of Crisfield and the bottom of the bay are oyster shells to the number of millions, probably hundreds of millions. On this great stratum of oyster shells stand houses, wharfs and business places. A railroad runs along on it, bridges cross its dividing places, men walk and talk and do business, steamboats and sailboats—yes, hundreds of sailboats—have their landings alongside it; merry boating parties put off from the shore by moonlight and fish and crab and return in the early morn—all to this great bank of oyster shells sunk in the blue water.

Crisfield lives by oysters and crabs—not by eating them, for Crisfielders rarely eat either, but by catching them, boiling them, packing them, shipping them, selling them. He who would know the crab can best learn it by visiting this wholly and solely crab town on the Chesapeake. Men in boats quickly fill barrels with crabs and bring them ashore to the "factories." Here they are counted, sorted, steamed, packed in barrels and shipped until one wonders who can possibly eat all these mountains and myriads of crabs. There are many people in this country. "A crab apiece for them all once a year in the season would mean some crabs." At least so one of the crab dealers put it.—Philadelphia Record.

MUSKRAT BUILDERS.

The House In the Meadow and How It Is Constructed.

I have always been told that muskrat houses mean a severe winter. Instead of a sign of cold weather, the muskrat house means simply that one or more muskrats have chosen to live in the low meadow or at the shallow head of the pond, where there is no chance to burrow underground and have a bedroom that cannot be flooded by the high tides of winter.

These same muskrats, along the steep banks of a river, would tunnel into the earth and there dig a bedroom out of reach of the highest flood. They do not always succeed, however, as they are often washed out of their winter beds by spring freshets.

The house in the meadow is usually built over a tall, stout tussock, whose grassy top forms the bed. This is domed over, making a large room big enough for one or for half a dozen, according to the number of muskrats sharing the work. At least two openings or dives lead from the bed into open water at the foot of the tussock. And this water never freezes. When ice forms outside, the warmth of the muskrats' bodies is sufficient to keep the doors free, through which the dwellers shoot at instant alarm, for these passages lead into winding burrows and waterways that run far out through the rich, rooty meadow.—Country Life In America.

Parliament.

The name "parliament" is derived from the French word "parler," to speak. The word was originally written "parlement," as in French, and, although the spelling has gradually changed, the pronunciation remains the same. The earliest mention of the word "parliament" in the English statutes is in the preamble to the statute of Westminster in 1272. For the origin of the institution itself we must go back to Anglo-Saxon times, when it flourished as the witenagemot. In the reign of Henry III. parliament was formally separated into the two houses of lords and commons, and the deliberations were conducted in separate chambers.

Honesty and Ability.

Uncle—You see honesty is absolutely necessary, but ability is equally indispensable. Nephew—That may be, but what end does honesty serve? Uncle—To maintain your [illegible]. Nephew—And ability? Uncle—To avoid having them. [illegible]

Is Man a Harder Proposition?

Mrs. R[illegible] Eve first [illegible] wanted [illegible]—New York Press.

Necessary Limitations.

Physician—I would suggest a diet. Patient—Well, it will have to be something that agrees with the cook.—New York Sun.

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Dairy and Creamery

The cause and treatment for cream which becomes strong and foamy were discussed recently by Professor E. S. Guthrie of the Ohio State university as follows: The cause of the cream becoming strong and foamy is most likely due to abnormal fermentation. In order to determine the source of the bacteria, I suggest that the patrons thoroughly cleanse a jar for each cow by scalding the jar in boiling water. Label a jar for each cow, and after each milking pour about a pint of each cow's milk into her particular jar. From these samples the patrons may determine whether the trouble comes from a certain cow or a few of them or from the entire herd. Set these samples away where they may have the same temperature at which the cream has been souring. In about twenty-four hours examine them by tasting and smelling. If the strong flavor or the foamy condition is found in one or two of the samples cut out the milk from these cows for a few churnings. If all the samples seem to be about the same look out for a mud hole or for some other source of filth and remove the cause. If the trouble lies with but one or two individuals make a careful examination for a cause of the contamination and remove the cause.

A Drainer For Milk Pans.

On every dairy farm there is needed a rack for draining milk cans, and one can be made by any dairyman with little trouble and expense. A most convenient drainer is shown in the illustration from the American Agriculturist.—It was made by the Rev. J. D. Detrich and is used on Harvest Home farm in Chester county, Pa., where he is successfully conducting a large dairy.

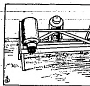

GOOD DRAINING RACK.

Milking Cows Clean.

It is well known that the average milker gets less milk than he who does a thorough job; that incomplete milking means not only direct, but indirect loss, not only an immediate lessening of the fat yield, but tends toward drying the cow. A Danish scientist has recently developed a special system of udder manipulation, a sort of massage of the mammary gland, as it were, which, it is claimed, augments the flow. The Hegelund method, as it is called, involves three manipulations, each thrice repeated or until no more milk is obtained. First, the pressure of the quarter on each side against each other thrice repeated, followed by removal of the milk; second, the pressure of the glands together on each side, the fore quarter being first manipulated and then the hind quarters, followed by removal of the milk, and, third, the fore quarters are pressed between hand and body, the hands holding the teats loosely, then the hind quarters also, followed by milking.

Trials of the scheme made at the Wisconsin and New York stations afforded a daily average increase per cow of a pound of milk and two ounces of butter. The after milk was very rich in fat, testing above 10 per cent. This after milking takes not to exceed five minutes' time, often only two or three minutes. The two ounces of butter may be held at a low estimate to be worth 2 cents. This would be a fair pay for five minutes' work, 24 cents an hour, and the skim milk thrown in. Not only are more milk and butter made, but the secretion is stimulated and the lactation period prolonged. It may be remarked, however, that the differences in milk and butter yields between this method and careful stripping are not great. This Danish method, says Professor Hills of the Vermont experiment station, emphasizes more perhaps than has hitherto been done the actual and potential losses due to incomplete milking.

Brighten Up the Stables.

The sun is setting earlier every day and rising later. The stables are dark a greater part of the twenty-four hours. A coat of whitewash will do much to brighten things up. It will not take the place of sunlight, but it will make what sunlight there is go a good deal farther. It also has a wholesome effect on the air of the barn. Especially where dairy cattle are confined through the winter months will whitewash be beneficial. The barns will not only look cleaner; they will smell sweeter, and the milk in the pails will smell sweeter too. A white surface, too, tells the truth about dirt, which dull timbers are willing to hide. A coat of whitewash is well worth while, and the sooner you put it on the better.

A Dairy Disinfectant.

There is no better purifier, disinfectant and germicide for use in the dairy than ordinary lime. It is so cheap as to be within the means of every dairyman, while at the same time it is thoroughly efficient and easy of application, whether as a wash for the walls or as an addition to water used for cleansing vessels which contain milk or cream.

IN THE DAIRY

One of the largest and most successful dairymen in this country is Horace L. Bronson of Cortland county, N. Y., whose dairy business is conducted on the same plans as a modern department store. In a recent issue of the American Agriculturist Mr. Bronson tells of the importance of light and ventilation in the cow barn as follows:

Cows are infinitely better off in a cold, dry stable with plenty of light and good air than in an overheated dark room. I never know a cow to get pneumonia or tuberculosis from being in cold, dry, well lighted quarters, but I have known whole herds to be affected and destroyed from overheated, ill lighted stalls. The component parts of air are oxygen and nitrogen. Oxygen supplies life to the animal kingdom and nitrogen to the vegetable. Without oxygen animal life cannot be maintained, for the reason that when pure air is taken into the lungs the oxygen is appropriated to vitalize the blood.

There are people, I believe, who wrongly suppose that all cold stables are supplied with fresh air. This is a mistake, and you should see to it that your cow barn is supplied with intakes through which fresh air from the outside shall be introduced in front of the cattle, and then provide a central shaft leading from near the stable floor, up through the stable and through the roof. This is an outtake and will maintain a moderate current, drawing the impure gases from the bottom up through the shaft and into the open space.

If your stable is not well lighted—by that I mean thoroughly lighted—simply put in more windows, sufficient to give your stock a room as well lighted as your own living room. Do not minimize the importance of sunshine, for it is one of the most effective germ destroyers in nature. Thirty minutes of sunshine will generally put out of business many disease germs. An abominable, poorly lighted and ventilated stable can be changed over into a model one at trifling expense. This can be done generally by the farmer and his help without employing skilled or high priced labor.

Land plaster should be used liberally. Sprinkle it over the drop when filled and again after it is cleaned. The mixing of the plaster with the compost induces a change wherein the nitrogen or ammonia becomes fixed. Without this the ammonia will to a large extent escape and float off into the surrounding atmosphere. Independent of the health of the animals, permitting the ammonia to escape is a waste which no farmer can afford. Bear in mind that this ammonia is the most expensive fertilizer that you have to buy. In the form of nitrate of soda, it often costs us $35 per ton, while muriate of potash can be bought for about $40, sometimes for about $35; phosphoric acid about $15 per ton. Again, the plaster is generally worth its cost if applied directly to the land. I generally buy the plaster in carload lots, costing from $2.50 to $3 per ton. If you haven't used it in the past, try it and just see how nice it will seem for you to sit down to the milking in a clean, sweet smelling stable.

Regularity in milking and feeding is necessary for best results. Many farmers pay little heed to either point. Generally farmers are compelled to depend to a greater or less extent upon hired help to do their milking. In all such cases the farmer should be careful to see that his hired men are good milkers. There are plenty of shiftless fellows, who, when left to themselves, will ruin the best cow by bad milking. A poor milker is an abomination. No cow can keep a sound udder for any considerable time unless she is milked clean at least twice daily, and even this does not quite cover the ground. She must be milked quickly or else she becomes a stripper—that is, she will hold back her milk for awhile, and then it is but a short time before she has lost one or more of her quarters.

A Fine Holstein.

One of the finest Holsteins in this country is Pietertje Josephine Abberkerk. This cow took first prize at the

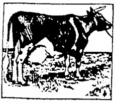

PIETERTJE JOSEPHINE ABBERKERK.

Pan-American exposition and at the New York state fair and wherever shown has attracted great attention. She is one of the Brookside herd at Lacona, N. Y.

Dust at Milking Time.

Just before the cows are let into the stable for milking it is common to shake up the bedding and scatter it about the stalls. This is objectionable because the dust raised makes a lodgment for bacteria, and as it settles it gets into the milk pails and on to the cows and is brushed off into the milk. Fix the stables as soon as the cows are out. It is impossible to have absolutely clean milk unless the dust is kept down at milking time.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Ole Trotten H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 and E½ of Sec. 19 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " "
Ole Holmen, " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 21 jan 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Carl Habedank H.E. No. 313 Red Lake Series for the Lots 7, 8 of Sec 32 T'wp 155 N., of R. 41 West and Lots 3, 4 of S.½ of N.W.¼ of Sec. 5 in T'wp. 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ristau, of Germantown, Minn.
Emil Ristau, " "
Nick Hundhund, of " "
John Ristau, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 27 jan 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Frank Carlson H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the N E ¼ of N E ¼ of Sec. 31 in Tp 156 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Gustaf Peterson, of Sorum, Minn.
Carsten Conrad, " "
John Carlson, " "
Albert Carlson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

jan 3 31

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

APPREHENSION AT STOCKHOLM

Condition of King Oscar's Health Causes Anxiety Among the People at the Capital.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Latest reports regarding the king's health are not encouraging and while there does not appear to be any critical turn in his condition just at present, there exists, however, the gravest apprehension at the Swedish capital. His good work during the past two years therefore comes up afresh to the Swedish people and to the entire civilized world, which is interested in the fate of this kindly monarch, who has been pre-eminently "a prince of peace." To him belongs unquestionably the credit of having averted a war between Sweden and Norway. While there were other strong influences to bear to prevent such a catastrophe, there can be no doubt that King Oscar's inflexible determination to permit no declaration of war or any action on Sweden's part looking toward war, was the most potent single influence in averting hostilities. It has been repeatedly pointed out by newspaper correspondents and others that the old king, though hurt by Norway's action, was resolutely determined that no war between the brother folk should sully his long and peaceful reign. It was by no means an easy matter for him to take and maintain this attitude, for the crown prince, the Swedish nobility and most of the members of his court favored taking up arms against Norway. The war party was strong and influential, but the king stood firm as a rock for peace. This act on the part of Oscar has not been fully appreciated by Norway. It is a singular fact too that the workingmen were for peace almost to a man. The Swedish socialist party, composed entirely of the workingmen of the great industrial centers, like Stockholm, Malmo and Gothenburg, was unitedly against war. It announced openly that a declaration of war would be followed by a general strike that would paralyze all the industries of the country and prevent military preparations. Of course there was also the strong influence of the powers of Europe against war in the north. As for Norway, war was the last thing she wanted. The sum of all these influences, happily, was sufficient to bring about a peaceful compounding of the dispute. The share of Sweden's king in this was a most benign and creditable one.

A pioneer in Algiers, North Africa, is Dr. E. Nystrom, of Sweden. The learned doctor, who has established himself as a missionary on the dark continent, has made it possible to place in the hands of the common people books in several dialects, the classic Arabic being understood by the educated classes only, who are, of course, in the minority. For the first time a translation of the New Testament has been published in a dialect understood by all the Arabs in that country. Dr. Nystrom has also published other books in the Moorish dialect.

The friendly feeling between Sweden and Norway seems to be on the increase and the sores caused by the separation of the united kingdom seem to be gradually healing. At the recent national holiday of Sweden the Norwegian flag floated for the first time over the Norwegian consulate in Stockholm. The Swedish government also proposes to establish four consulates in Norway, the same as Norway has established four such in Sweden. These consulates are to be put in Christiania, Bergen, Trondhjem and Narvik.

Dr. Emile Bertrand, of Paris, France, has been visiting Sweden during the last month or two to awaken an interest in and to gather funds for preaching the gospel in France. He was sent by La Societe Evangelique de France, which for many years has been working for the evangelization of the French Catholic population. It has met with very gratifying success.

The election of bishops is an important item in Sweden. There now exists a vacancy in Carlstad's diocese caused by Bishop Rundgren's death. Among the candidates are Dean S. P. Troslland, Cathedral Provost J. A. Eklund, of Calmar, and Bishop N. Lovgren, of Vesteras, have been nominated, the two last mentioned receiving an equal number of nominating votes.

A banker and his wife have presented the Young Men's Christian association of the city with [illegible] crowns. The money is to be used for the erection of an additional building to be used by the association. The new building will be erected during the coming year.

Isaak Hirsch, the Jewish Stockholm merchant, has donated 40,000 crowns to the Stockholm Sailors' Home. Mr. Hirsch has on many occasions given evidence of a generous spirit.

King Chulalongkorn of Siam will pay a visit to Sweden next summer. He visited the Stockholm exhibition in 1897 and was at that time royally entertained by King Oscar.

The holiday season is in full career all over the country, but owing to the king's illness the usual Christmas cheer, especially at Stockholm, has been dampened. In the country districts of Sweden and Norway the Christmas holidays last for a month or more.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says S. C. Hammer, the Christiania correspondent: "On a peaceful spot in Our Saviour's churchyard at Christiania the remains of Henrik Ibsen were returned to the earth on June 1, 1906 —a day of sunshine and showers, full of light and shade like his own poetry. His grave, in the midst of what looks like a sea of grass is inaccessible, as he was himself in life, but in the birches above the birds fly in and out by summertime, and in winter the leafless branches bow under the weight of snow. A few days ago Dr. Sigurd Ibsen, the poet's son, in honor of his father has raised the worthy bauta. The grave is entirely covered by a stone, which bears the name of Henrik Ibsen, and the date of his birth and his death. The high stone bears a miner's hammer, indicating the laborious work of Henrik Ibsen, the great miner of human character. The wreath at the foot of the stone is of bronze, a tribute from Italy placed on his grave by the officers and sailors of an Italian man-of-war that visited us last summer. "Hail to the man to whose honor his son raises a stone by the roadside," runs a line in an old Norse poem. This noble bauta goes far to confirm the truth of it.

Labor conditions are improving in Norway. This is noticeable now more than ever, for in Christiania, for example, where so many hundreds of men and women used to lay idle during the holidays and hundreds of other poor families had to be fed by the charity organizations, there are this season comparatively few who have been in actual need of assistance. The charity organizations are not, however, lagging behind. They realize in full measure that their services may be needed in the future and thus they continue to solicit funds whenever opportunity affords.

The Mormons are keeping up a vigorous propaganda in Norway. A new president has recently been sent from Utah, who is to make his residence in Trondhjem and superintend the mission work. Twenty missionaries, mostly young men, are expected to begin work in northern Norway and in Finland for the cause of Mormonism. A great Mormon conference is to be held in Trondhjem next summer, at which representatives from all the Scandinavian countries are expected to be present.

Harry Randall, the well known Minneapolis gentleman, who is Mr. Roald Amundsen's lecture manager, is at present arranging a lecture tour for the celebrated explorer, who returned to Norway not long ago. Mr. Randall has arranged lectures for Mr. Amundsen in Copenhagen, Berlin, Paris and London.

The well known "Savage club" in London, held an elegant banquet last month in memory of its fiftieth anniversary. Fridtjof Nansen, the Norwegian minister to England, was toastmaster for the evening. Present were many representatives from London's scientific, literary and musical circles.

Bergen will have a tourist and export exhibition in 1908 and that active city is already making strenuous preparations for making as complete and unique an exhibition as possible. Business men generally are much interested and a substantial appropriation is expected from the storthing.

A wife in Nordland, who is an extreme vegetarian, has for several years protested against living with a husband who persists in eating meat. As she was unable to convert her husband to her belief she at last applied for a divorce and is now legally separated from her husband.

Hulda Garborg's five act historical drama has now been completed and rendered with great success at the National theater in Christiania. The drama depicts court life from the time of Louis XIV of France and is declared by critics to be an unusually strong presentation.

In a late report Missionary Skrefsrud, of the Santal mission, which has been published in Norway, says that his mission field received during the last year 26,000 crowns from Norway, 22,000 from Denmark and 18,000 from America.

An international ski exhibition will be held some time this month in Christiania. It will be given in connection with the annual Holmenkollen ski tournament, which many foreign skaters and ski runners will attend.

Paul Hayse, the German author, has severely criticised John Poulsen's book on Ibsen, stating that he has done the [illegible] injustice and plainly recommends that the less Mr. Poulsen's book is read the better.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Danish Countess Schimmelmann, an evangelistic noblewoman, known on both sides of the Atlantic, called on the emperor of Germany in order to [illegible] his [illegible] in her work among the [illegible] [illegible] a few days ago, the [illegible] [illegible] She was [illegible] the emperor [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Hans [illegible] has been [illegible] by the [illegible] [illegible] Copenhagen. [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] S NOVELLETS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

At the interstate commerce inquiry into the Harriman lines at New York it was brought out that Harriman and his associates control the Union Pacific Railroad company, the Southern Pacific company, the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company and also several lines of steamers on the Atlantic and Pacific.

Two hundred delegates representing boards of trade and commercial organizations in all parts of the country met at Chicago last week and formed the National Reciprocal Demurrage association. The organization will take steps to force the railroads of the country to furnish sufficient cars for the adequate movement of freight.

All previous records of collections of customs in the port of New York were surpassed during the year of 1906. Statistics made public by Collector Stranahan show the amount to have been $209,909,335, an increase of $26,147,301 over the year 1905, which in itself was a record.

The Great Northern Railway company has filed with the secretary of state of Minnesota a notice of the action taken by the board of directors in ordering an issue of $60,000,000 additional stock. The notice also states the purposes for which the stock is to be issued.

Judge Landis in the United States district court at Chicago, has overruled the demurrer of the Standard Oil company to eight indictments pending against that corporation, but sustained the demurrer as to two other indictments because of technical defects.

The jury in the case of Willard Zibbell against the Southern Pacific company, on trial at Fresno, Cal., gave a judgment against the railroad for $100,000. This is said to be the largest verdict ever rendered in the United States for personal injuries.

Governor Sheldon of Nebraska, in his inaugural address, urged that the lobby be banished from the statehouse and insisted that the legislature enact a law making it illegal to give or accept railway passes.

A print paper mill syndicate, capitalized at several million dollars and including every newspaper mill in Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota, is said to be in process of formation.

At Tonopah, Nev., New Year's day Joe Gans, colored, defeated "Kid" Herman by a knockout blow in the eighth round.

Joe Gans and Jimmy Britt have signed articles for a finish fight at Tonopah, Nev., for a purse of $25,000.

Fire at Portsmouth, Eng., destroyed army stores valued at $1,250,000.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Senator Culberson of Texas, in a speech in the senate, defended the president's action in dismissing three companies of negro troops for alleged connection with the Brownsville riots.

RIOT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

Greek Laborers Attempt to Kill Their Foreman.

San Francisco, Jan. 7.—In a riot of 1,400 Greek laborers employed on the United railways, Markos Rouhatos, a Greek, was struck on the head by a brick and killed. The men were working on the street car tracks at Sixteenth and Valencia streets under Maurice Buckley, a foreman.

Shortly before noon Buckley discharged William Christ, the interpreter, and Rouhatos, a laborer. This, it is said, angered the Greeks, who sent a shower of stones, bricks and other missiles at the foreman. One of these accidentally struck Rouhatos, killing him instantly. Buckley took refuge in a saloon, which was almost wrecked by the Greeks in their efforts to get the foreman, who defended himself with a sledge hammer until rescued by the police.

Buckley, Christ and Nicolas Petratos have been arrested, pending an investigation. The Greeks refused to return to work.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—Wheat—May, 76⅝@76⅞c; July, 77⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77⅞@78⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅞@77⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 74⅞@74⅞c; No. 3 Northern, 71@72c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.15@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.40.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 76⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 74⅜c; May, 77⅝c; July, 78⅜c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.15½; Jan., $1.18; May, $1.22; July, $1.23½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 5. — Wheat—May, 75¾@75⅞c; July, 75c. Corn—May, 42c; July, 42⅜@42⅝c. Oats—May, 35⅝@35⅞c, July, 33⅝c. Pork—May, $16.62½, July, $16.80. Butter—Creameries 22@31c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs —[illegible]@27c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens and springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@7.20, cows and heifers, $1.55@5.25, stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.65, Texans, $3.75@4.50, calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.20@6.42½, good heavy, $6.40@6.55, rough heavy, $6.20@6.35; light, $6.10@6.42½, pigs, $5.70@6.35. Sheep, $3.75@5.40, lambs, $4.50@7.75.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Minneapolis has 404 saloons, a decrease of thirteen in two years.

Erik Paulson, a pioneer resident of Cokato, is dead, aged eighty-seven years.

Mrs. Ellen Taylor, mother of Mayor Charles T. Taylor of Mankato, is dead in that city, aged seventy-eight years.

The state dairy and food commission will ask the legislature for an appropriation of $50,000 a year, an increase of $15,000.

George B. Palmer of Minneapolis was crushed between two freight cars at the Minnesota Transfer yards and probably fatally injured.

The coal chutes of the Great Northern railway, located near the shops at St. Paul, were destroyed by fire last week, causing a loss estimated at $15,000.

The National Refining company of Dubuque, Ia., has purchased land in Mankato for the location of a large oil plant, which is to be erected at once.

John M. Storrs, formerly well known in Minneapolis, was killed in a freight wreck at Coal Spur, a station on the Northern Pacific twelve miles west of Livingston, Mont.

Alexander Saari slipped and fell from the top of the trestle of the coal dock of the Zenith Furnace company at Duluth and met almost instant death on the dock, thirty-five feet below.

Some veteran Indian fighters who defended Hutchinson from Little Crow's band met at Mankato last week to formulate plans in regard to the state pension law, which they believe unfair.

William Rantz, a brakeman on the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg road, is dead as a result of injuries received in making his first trip on the road. He was thrown from the bumpers of a car.

H. C. Griggs, a pioneer of Murray county and one of the leading attorneys of Southwestern Minnesota, is dead at Slayton, aged fifty-three years. He was for several times a member of the legislature.

Dr. C. L. Francis, a pioneer physician of Blue Earth county, is dead in Oklahoma City, Okla., where he moved two years ago from Mapleton for the benefit of his health. He was eighty-three years of age.

The building improvements at Albert Lea for 1906 footed up $257,165 and mark one of the best years for a decade or more. Over $18,000 was paid out for cement and brick sidewalks and crossings.

John B. Anderson, one of the early settlers of Cokato, aged about sixty-five years, while feeding his stock, fell dead and was found by his wife shortly afterwards. The cause of his death was heart failure.

John Markel, a well known young man of Butterfield, committed suicide by hanging himself. Markel was a butcher by trade and was twenty-two years of age. The reason for taking his life cannot be accounted for.

Oscar Elstan, the nineteen-year-old son of O. C. Elstan, a prominent farmer living two miles south of Sandstone, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a rifle. There is no cause known for the act.

F. E. Hoffman, the state labor inspector who also acted as truant officer in Mankato during part of December, has returned there to see that the truants go back to school after the holiday vacation and to attend to any new cases that may come up.

Governor Johnson has reappointed Captain W. H. Harries of Caledonia and Captain George A. Whitney of Wadena as members of the Soldiers' home board and has named former Governor L. F. Hubbard as a member to succeed former Mayor F. B. Doran of St. Paul, whose term expired on Jan. 1.

George S. Mabey, a well known resident of Lake City, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. He committed the act in his home, within sight of his wife and three children. He was thirty-seven years old. Despondency over money matters is ascribed as the cause of his deed.

The bankers from the towns along the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad met at Madison last week and organized an association for the purpose of encouraging immigration from the older states and especially the development of manufacturing institutions at the towns and villages along this railroad.

John Entgelmeier of South Park, a suburb of St. Paul, is dead of consumption, aged forty-six years. New Year's day the twelve-year-old daughter, Ethel, died of typhoid fever and there are three other children seriously ill at the hospital at present. Mrs. Entgelmeier has been blind for two years.

Governor Johnson has given Eric Olson, the railroad [illegible], $100 out of his contingent fund in recognition of his services in preparing railroad statistics which he presented before the state railroad commission at the recent general commodity rate hearings. Olson put his services into the case on his own initiative.

Alderman W. J. Miller of Winona has been declared insane. Alderman Miller came in contact with a live electric wire about two years ago and since that time his mental condition has gradually been growing more serious. For some time he has been unable to perform his duties as alderman properly and finally his condition demanded attention.

PURPOSES OF NEW ISSUE.

Great Northern Files Notice of Increase of Capital.

St. Paul, Jan. 2.—The Great Northern Railway company has filed with the secretary of state a notice of the action taken by the board of directors in ordering an issue of $60,000,000 additional stock. The certificate is signed by President James J. Hill and Secretary Edward T. Nichols. The notice also states the purposes for which the stock is to be issued.

The notice filed certifies that at a meeting of the board of directors in New York on Dec. 11, 1906, a resolution was adopted for increasing the capital stock by an issue of 600,000 shares of the par value of $100, in addition to the present stock issue of 1,500,000 shares. This new issue is for the following purposes:

First—To provide funds for such further and additional equipment as the board of directors may from time to time determine to be necessary.

Second—To provide funds for additional terminals and facilities on existing lines, including a good second main track, and for reductions of grades and improvements of the line, as they may be authorized from time to time by the board of directors.

Third—To acquire the bonds or stocks, or both, of the following companies: Dakota and Great Northern Railway company; Montana and Great Northern Railway company; Billings and Northern Railroad company; Washington and Great Northern Railway company; Portland and Seattle Railway company; Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation company; Brandon, Saskatchewan and Hudson Bay Railway company; Midland Railway company of Manitoba.

Fourth—To acquire such other securities as the board of directors may from time to time authorize to be acquired.

ACCUSED OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Minneapolis Man Arrested for Killing a Woman.

Minneapolis, Jan. 2.—William J. Sullivan of 625 Ramsey street northeast, is in the central station charged with killing Miss Ida Duford of 624 Ramsey street northeast.

While the charge against Sullivan on the station tab is manslaughter in the second degree the officials hardly expect to convict him on that charge. Miss Duford was killed as the result of carelessness on the part of some New Year reveler while she stood on her front porch with two older sisters.

The presumption is that it was a bullet from Sullivan's revolver that did the work. The prisoner admits that he fired several shots in rapid succession in celebration of the arrival of the new year. He also told Chief Doyle that he, in all probability, is responsible for the young girl's death. He says, however, that he had no intention to commit murder and that if he really did kill the girl it was through carelessness.

JUMPS INTO THE MISSISSIPPI.

Bride of Two Months Suicides at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Jan. 2.—A bride of two months, Mrs. Conrad Sabo, committed suicide by jumping off the Washington avenue bridge into the Mississippi river. The only motive for her act is believed to be ill feeling which existed between the husband and brother of the woman.

Two men witnessed the tragedy, William Budd and Joseph Krisko. They were walking on the bridge going to their homes in Southeast Minneapolis. They saw the woman climb on the iron railing of the bridge and leap to her death.

SUICIDES IN HIS CELL.

Owatonna (Minn.) Man Accused of Shooting Woman.

Owatonna, Minn., Jan. 2.—Fred Zimmerman, accused of shooting down Mrs. Quam at her home in this city last Thursday evening, committed suicide some time during the night by hanging himself in his cell in the Steele county jail. His lifeless body was found on the floor of the cell by Deputy Sheriff Fisher, where it had fallen, the knot that the would be murderer had tied about his neck having become loosened, allowing the body to slip to the floor.

Killed by a Train.

Minneapolis, Jan. 3.—The dead body of John Petrek, whose home was in St. Louis Park, was found beside the Minneapolis and St. Louis tracks near Hopkins at an early hour in the morning. His skull was fractured. He had been struck by a train while walking the tracks on his way home from Hopkins, where he had been spending New Year's day with relatives.

BROKEN RAIL CAUSES WRECK.

Two Men Killed and Six Injured in Accident in Canada.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 7.—The transcontinental train No. 2, which left Winnipeg in the afternoon, had six cars derailed at [illegible] p. m. one-half mile west of Kaministiquia, a station on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway twenty-five miles west of Fort William. Two men of the company were instantly killed and six passengers were injured. The wreck was due to a broken rail. The dead are:

H. Smith, Montreal, waiter; K. Campbell, Montreal, waiter.

The [illegible] [illegible] the first [illegible] [illegible] car and the first class [illegible] were [illegible]. The [illegible] car in which the dead and injured were travelling was badly smashed by [illegible] of the following coaches.

ROBBERY THE MOTIVE

AGED WOMAN BRUTALLY MURDERED WHILE ALONE IN HER HOME AT ST. PAUL.

Two Capital City Boys Probably Fatally Injured and a Dozen Others Hurt in Coasting Accident—Business Section of Milaca Practically Wiped Out by Fire—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Wilhelmena Kunde, aged seventy-nine, was found murdered in her home at 216 Fairfield avenue. Her son, who resided with her, discovered the body on his return from work in the evening.

The body of the aged woman was found hanging head down on the cellar stairs. Robbery was plainly the motive for the murder, for not another article save the $500 she possessed was disturbed in all the premises. It seems plain, too, that the murderer must have had some knowledge of the deposit of money in the Kunde home, for it had been snatched from its hiding place by the murderous hands of the assassin without disarranging the furniture or wasting any time in the search.

CRASH INTO DEATH TRAP.

Boys' Coasting Party at St. Paul Results Disastrously

St. Paul, Jan. 7.—A coasting accident at Edgerton and Jenks streets at 9 o'clock last evening resulted in probably fatal injuries to two boys and serious injury to several others.

There were thirteen boys on the sled and they were coasting on the hill that extends from Geranium to Jenks street, a distance of seven blocks. There is a slope toward the sidewalk on the east side of Jenks street at the junction with Edgerton and owing to the momentum the boy who was steering was unable to control the sled and it crashed into a telephone pole. The front of the bob bored into the pole three inches and the boys were thrown in all directions.

Roy Ringius, 750 Rose street, who was at the front of the sled and whose abdomen was penetrated by the steering rod, received probably a fatal rupture. Roy Norman, 771 Rose street, is suffering from hemorrhage of the brain.

BUSINESS SECTION BURNS.

Citizens of Milaca Have Hard Battle With Flames.

Milaca, Minn., Jan. 3.—Milaca began the new year with the worst fire in its history, and three-quarters of the business section of the town is in ruins, including all the leading stores and offices, besides the State bank of Milaca and the postoffice.

For fourteen hours, from 3 o'clock a. m. until after 5 o'clock p. m., nearly the entire male portion of the town's 1,800 population was engaged in fighting the fire, which at several times during the day threatened to wipe out the whole place. It was impossible to save the smallest articles from any of the stores or offices in the blocks which burned, and the efforts of the volunteer fire brigades were turned entirely to keeping the blaze from spreading.

It is impossible at present to secure accurate figures on individual losses. The total amount of damage is estimated at $50,000.

OVERCOME BY COAL GAS.

Aged Minneapolis Couple in a Precarious Condition.

Minneapolis, Jan. 2.—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Swenson, who live at 703 Third avenue northeast, and who are both past the age of eighty years, were found unconscious in their home from the effects of gas poisoning. It is supposed that they were overcome by coal gas from a small stove in the room where they were found. Both were taken to the East Side hospital and it is reported that Mr. Swenson was improving and might recover, but his wife was still in a very serious condition.

FIND BIG COAL VEIN.

Well Diggers Strike Fuel on Farm Near Owatonna.

Owatonna, Minn., Jan. 5.—A large vein of coal has been discovered on the Kasper farm two miles south of this city. The vein is five feet or more in width and 100 feet under ground. The coal is said to be valuable for fuel purposes, being a species of soft coal but still resembling anthracite.

Baby Thrown From a Train.

Minneapolis, Jan. 7.—Thrown from the window of a Great Northern passenger car, the body of a baby boy about a week old was found beside the track at Second avenue north. The body was frozen stiff and indications are that life had been extinct several [illegible]. Coroner Kistler is conducting an investigation and has hope of finding the person who abandoned the [illegible].

Duluth Wants Big Match.

[illegible], Jan. 5.—William H. Lang [illegible] a prominent sporting man of [illegible] has written to Frank Gotch [illegible] to accept a $15,000 purse [illegible] between himself and [illegible] Hackenschmidt to take place [illegible] some time within the year, [illegible] selected by the local management [illegible] being the most likely to bring the largest monetary returns.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1907 NUMBER 3

Historical Society

FARMERS EXCHANGE

Farmers Meet in the City Last Last Saturday and Organize a Company.

Attendence Mostly from the Newly Settled Land East of Town.

A large number of farmers, most of them from the newly opened lands east of town, met in Thief River Falls last Saturday afternoon and organized the Farmers Exchange.

Andrew Trovoten, the great human dynamo of the eleven towns, acted as chairman and that alone was a gaurantee that interest in the meeting was not allowed to lag. P. E. Bergh acted as secretary. The first business to come before the meeting was the reading of the minutes of the meeting previously held at the home of Mr. Trovoten and these were approved.

A discussion as to the advisabilty of building an elevator, leasing one or simply having a track buyer was then indulged in and no definate action was taken. Those who had not previously subscribed for stock were invited to do so and the matter of adopting a constitution was then taken up. The constitution provided that the name of the organization should be known as the Farmers Exchange and the principal place of business is to be in the city of Thief River Falls. The principal business of the concern is to buy, sell, store, ship, deal in and handle, coommission, grain, seeds, flour, feed, twine, fuel and lumber. Also to manufacture flour and feed.

The capitol stock was placed at $10,000 and the highest amount of indebtedness fixed at $15,0 0. Shares are $10 each and no one person is allowed to own more than ten shares. When thirty per cent of the stock is subscribed, the company will commence doing business.

The constitution provided for nine directors and considerable time was taken up in the electing of these. Some seventeen nominations were make and the directors finally elected were as follows: Andrew Trovaten, P. E. Bergh, D. P. O'Neill, Nels Gunderson, Peter Jacobson, Peter Sorlom, T. H. Omlid, John Johnson and Martin Berg. From these directors the following officers were elected:

President—Andrew Trovaten.
Vice President—D. P. O'Neill.
Secretary—P. E. Bergh.
Treasurer—T. H. Omlid.

W. E. Baker, local agent for the Great Northern, appeared before the meeting and said that if the farmers built an elevator, the Great Northern very much desired to have it located upon their right of way and offered a site at a point where the Great Northern crosses LaBree Avenue. Mr. Baker further stated that if this site was not satisfactory, the Great Northern would build a side track to any place the farmers may designate.

At present not enough stock has been subscribed so that the company could commence business and a number of canvassers will be sent out to work among the farmers west and north of town.

OLD DITCH MATTER UP.

Rocksbury North Ditch Will Now Be Completed This Spring.

County Auditor Instructed to Again Let the Contract for Doing the Work

The board of commissioners at their meeting last week, took up the old matter of Rocksbury-North ditch No. 1, and a lively discussion ensued over this much-talked-of waterway. Several Rocksbury farmers appeared before the board in the matter, and demanded that something be done, and after a lengthy discussion the auditor was authorized to advertise for bids and re-let the contract for the completion of the waterway.

Rocksbury-North ditch No. 1 was established over four years ago, and the contract was let to Wm. Eickhoff, of St. Hilaire, with Geo. Ralph, of Crookston, as the engineer. The work proceeded very well at first, but for some reason not apparent the waterway was never fully complete. The county paid out nearly all of the cost of the ditch, on the recommendation of the engineer, it apparently being thought at that time that the work was to be finished. When the engineer put in his final estimate, the board refused to accept the ditch, and some $200 remaining due was never paid.

The matter was passed over from time to time until last May, when the board realizing that some steps should necessarily be taken to complete the waterway, instructed the county attorney to take such steps as he deemed necessary to inforce the completion of the work. Attorney Germo took the matter up with the bondsmen and had assurances that the desire of the board would be complied with. It seems that men were sent up to make a bluff at doing the work, but it resulted in no good to the people who are daily being damaged by the ditch.

The matter was again laid before the board, last week, with the result as above stated. The contract for completion will be let as soon as possible, and steps taken to give the farmers some benefit for the money they have been paying for this ditch.

No announcement is made as to what action will be taken, if any, against the engineer and bondsmen but it is probable that some effort will be made to save the county from further expense in the matter.

The Young People's society, of the Synod church, meets this evening with Miss Mable Evenson. Everybody cordially invited.

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get: but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum: we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE FIRST SESSION

County Commissioners Held an Important Meeting Last Week.

Much Business of Importance Was Transacted by the County Dads.

Considerable business was transacted at the first meeting of the board of county commissioners held last week.

The auditor, county attorney and chairman of the board were named as the purchasing committee for the ensuing year.

The salary of County Superintendent McAnulty was fixed at $1250 for the ensuing two years. The salary of the superintendent has heretofore been $1050, with additional allowances for expenses of traveling, etc., but this term he will receive $1250 and must pay his own expenses. In addition to this he will be entitled to the sum of $50 for institute work. Mr. McAnulty has done much good work for the schools during his term in office, at a considerable expense to himself, and the board deemed it proper that he should be allowed more money with which to continue his good work.

The Board examined the books of Ex county Treasurer Hansen and found the same correct.

The township of Polk Center was allowed the sum of $75 from the road and bridge fund to aid in bridge and road work.

The petition of A. Bergdal, of Mayfield, to be set off from school district No. 35 to district No. 25 was granted. A. C. Mayfield was present and opposed the granting of the petition, but the board refused to listen to the opposition.

A new school district was formed in Smiley, to be known as the Casper Weiner district.

The day of the hearing on the petitions of John L. Rodnicchi and Henry Hansen for new school districts on the reservations was set for the next meeting.

The petition of Frank Larage for a new reservation school district was granted.

The bids for wood were rejected and the auditor was isturucted to procure 45 cords of green popular wood at a cost not to exceed $2.75 per cord.

B. H. Costello was named an assessor for assessment district No. 1.

Tom Green was allowed $11.00 on a judgment against the county. It appears that some buggies belonging to another party were assessed to Mr. Green, and on suit brought to collect the county won. The original owner afterward paid the amount, and Mr. Green recovered from the county on a judgment.

The auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for the placing of proper piers under the new Louisville bridge, and was instruced to correspond with W. F. Murphy, of Minneapolis, regarding the matter. The orignal site for the bridge was changed on the application of said Murphy, with the understanding that he was to take care of the expense incurred, and he will be asked to comply with his agreement.

The county attorney was allowed the sum of $250 as a contingent fund.

The bid of H. E. Ives to do the the county printing of Red Lake county for the ensuing year was allowed. Publication of all official matters will be made in the papers at Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire, Plummer and Red Lake Falls.

The town of Louisville was allowed the sum of $150 from the road and bridge fund to aid in building a bridge between section 10 and 15.

It Pays to Advertise

A subscriber to an eastern papers has the following to say on the subject:

"I tell you it pays well to advertise. I hung a valuable rug out of my window to air a few days ago, and somebody stole it. I put an advertisement in the local paper that the thief was known, and that he would save much trouble by returning the rug. When I opened the door today to take in the milk and the morning paper I found two bundles awaiting me. One contained my rug and the other contained another rug.

CUMMINGS IS NAMED.

Appointed Health Officer of Red Lake County Last Week.

Is to Have General Supervision Over Sanitary Matters in the County.

In compliance with the provision of a law of 1905, the board of county commissioners on last week appointed the members of the county board of health to hold office in Red Lake county. The law requires that the board shall consist of a physician and two members of board of county commissioners. Those appointed are Dr. J. C. Cummings, of St. Hilaire, and Commissioner Aubol and Demann.

The state having required that each county have a board of health, the question naturally arises, what are the duties devolving upon the members of the board. The physician appointed is known as the county health officer and it shall be his duty to make quarterly reports to the state board as to the general sanitary condition of the county, such reports having special reference to communicable diseases. Special attention must be given to rabies and glanders. He shall also keep close watch over apparent epidemic or epidemic diseases see that the proper returns of births and deaths are made, note the condition of slaughter houses and rendering establishments, reporting to the state secretary from time to time. In short, the officer has general supervision of sanitary affairs in this county, calling upon the state board of health, when, in his opinion, conditions demand it. These county officers meet once annually at the call of the state board. All necessary expenses are met by the county board of commissioners. It is believed that the new county board of health will be a source of economy to the county in that it shall advise local boards of health how to proceed in dealing with sanitary problems, and audit bills for the care and control of contagiuos diseases.

Steenersons Views.

Washington, Jan. 10.—For the real thing in local government the canal zone leads all nations, according to Halvor Steenerson of Minnesota, who has just returned from a trip to Panama.

I am not going to criticise what I saw down there," said Mr. Steenerson, today, "because the undertaking is of such gigantic character and tremendous responsibilities that it fairly takes a visitor's breath away when he beholds the magnitude of the canal.

But a few things struck me as being rather peculiar. For instance, the government erected a house of state for the governor of the zone and over $300,000 has been expended upon it. There is no governor now to occupy it. If the state of Minnesota should exercise such judgment the officials who were in authority would soon be ousted.

"Uncle Sam also erected residences for the local judges, but they will not live in them.

A great hotel equal in style and appurtenances to any in New York and Washington is a big losing proposition for the government.

I paid $6 a day there and the service was first class, but the expenses are five times the income from the establishment.

There are more than 20,000 people on the government pay roll in Panama.

Good work is being done and there are good men in charge of the various branches of canal construction. It will be nearer ten than six years before it is completed. We enjoyed the trip because this is the dry season and the weather was fine."

Sandridge.

To late for last week.

As our correspondent has not written for a long time a few items from this place may not be out of way.

Roads out this way are in bad condition this winter on account of the large snow fall and almost constant wind set in drifting, making the roads high.

Miss Rosa Releraon, a daughter of R. Releraon the merchant here, was married on Dec. 25th, to Mr. Andrew Ness. a large number of friends and relatives were present.

Mrs. Olson and Miss Marie Moland conducted religious meeting here Sunday.

Julius and Martin Olson has left for the Siberian ridge again.

Mr. A. Bjerk was here yesterday trading.

A. Stenseth and C. Everson was on todays train looking over Real Estate.

Subscribe for the News.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

TAKEN BACK.

Henry Freckler Arrested for Deserting his Family in Wisconsin.

Deputy sheriff John Mohr, of LaCrosse, Wis., was in the city Sunday and together with Chief Erickson arrested Henry Freckler. The man is wanted at LaCrosse for deserting his wife and four children about a year and a half ago and was just recently located. Freckler came to Thief River Falls a little over a year ago and hired out to the Soo as an engineer. He worked for this company until a month or so ago when he was discharged. Since that time he has had no employment.

Wins $200 Prize.

The daily papers contain the information that Olaf Nelson, son of N. A. Nelson of River Falls, is a winner of the first prize of $200 for the best sample of wheat in the grain growers' contest for the rural school pupils of the state. The contest was decided at the meeting of the State Agricultural society and the inspection was made by A. D. Shamel, government expert. The contest covers a term of three years, this being the first year.

Olaf Nelson, the prize winner, was raised in Red Lake county and is at present at Crookston attending the state agricultural school. The Spectator extends congratulations to Mr. Nelson on his good fortune.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Bray Mutual.

The Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company held their annual meeting at the village hall last Monday and a large number of the stockholders were present. The figures are not at hand but the business was in a prosperous condition and considerably increased over last year. Something over $1200 was paid out in losses the past year. The stockholders gave the present officials the compliment of re-electing all of them. Agents will receive a slightly increased compensation for the coming year.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A New Village

Congressman Steenerson has introduced a bill providing for the platting as a townsite of the 2 0 acres of land on which the White Earth Indian agency and village of White Earth are located. Lots are to be appraised by a commission of which the agent is to be one member, another to be selected by the secretary of the interior and the third by the Indians. The present occupants are to be given preference in the right to purchase lots, and the lots are to be sold only to Indians on that reservation entitled to allotments. The patents for the lots are to contain a provision forbidding the sale or storage of liquor on them.

A Novel Suggestion.

The voters of this legislature district have done their parts, by electing Senator Sundberg and Representatives Hanson and Robertson to the state legislature, and it is up to these gentlemen to make good.

If these three politicians "got together" and each week one of them, in rotation, wrote on a manifold typewriter headings of the legislation they are interested in, and pasted copy of same to the local editors, it would be most interesting reading when published.—St. Vincent New Era.

Creamery Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Thief River Falls Creamery Association will be held at the City Hall on Saturday the 24th. of January at 10.30 a. m.

Farmers, make it a point to attend the first annual meeting of our association.

P. Engelstad, Pres.

Subscribe for the News.

GOVERNMENT IS STRICT

No One Must Inclose Any Public Lands in the Future.

Special Agents Will Investigate Matter from Time to time

E. A. Hitchcock, secretary of the interior, has just issued the following order:

Referring to the circular of instructions to special agents of your office, approved by me on January 29, 1904, relative to their duties under the act of February 25, 1885 (23 Stat., 321), entitled "An act to prevent unlawful occupancy of the public lands," you are advised that said circular is hereby amended and modified as follows:

Strike out form said circular paragraphs 5 and 6, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

It shall be the duty of the special agent on receipt of any charge or complaint or upon information being acquired by him from any source, that an unlawful inclosure is being maintained by any person or persons, association, or corporation, to at once proceed to secure sufficient data, including a description of the lands inclosed, with reasonable certainty, not necessarily by metes and bounds, nor by Governmental subdivisions of surveyed land, but only so that the inclosure may be identified and the person or persons guilty of the violation as nearly as may be, and by description if the name can not, on reasonable inquiry, be ascertained, and to at once submit such case, with the data thus obtained, to the United States attorney for prosecution.

It shall be the duty of the special agent, and he shall be so instructed, to be alert and vigilant to detect the existence of unlawful inclosures in his district and to proceed in accordance therewith as hereinabove directed, and that he is not to construe his duties as requiring that, before proceeding in the matter of an unlawful inclosure, there must first be filed with him a formal complaint by some person or persons acquainted with the facts, but it shall be his duty, as hereinabove stated, to take the initiative himself.

In this connection you are further instructed, by direction of the President, to at once notify all of the special agents and receivers and registers of local land offices throughout the United States, and to give the widest publicity thereto that the provisions of said act of February 25, 1885, for the summary destruction of inclosures and obstructions existing in violation of said act will be rigidly enforced on and after April 1, 1907.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

A VERY BAD MIX UP

Itasca County Has But Four Commissioners and They Don't Agree.

As a Result All Official County Business at a Standstill.

St. Paul, Jan. 15.—Itasca county, as one result of the recent division of the county, finds itself in a peculiar situation, under which it has no county attorney and practically no board of county commissioners, since the board is at a deadlock and refuses to do any business of any kind. County Attorney-elect Alfred L. Thwing was here yesterday trying to get the matter straightened out, and as a step toward that end he wired the members of the county board yesterday afternoon that if they did not break the deadlock and get busy at once he would file charges against them with a view to removing them from office.

When the county was divided it left only three of the old county board members living within the present county of Itasca, two of them living in Koochiching county. One of them, A. A. Tone of Northome, moved over the line into Itasca county, Northome being close to the boundary, and continued to act as a member of the board. However, this left a board of four members, and it was up to that board to redistrict the county and appoint a fifth member. The board stands two and two, and thus it cannot agree upon any proposition. The bond of the new county attorney, Mr. Thwing, is not yet approved, so he cannot act. George H. Spear, the old county attorney, has vacated his office, so there is no county attorney.

One matter on which the county is split is on the poor farm property, which is supposed to overlie important iron deposits. Wishing to have the property explored and a mine developed, in order that Grand Rapids might have the benefit of its payrolls and of the assessed valuation of the mine to help out on taxes, the board gave an option on the property to W. C. Gilbert for $35,000. Gilbert gave an option to the steel trust for $100,000, and the company began exploring.

The option expired before anything was found, and the steel company wants a renewal. It was over that the board split. It is said that Gilbert offered to throw up his direct option to the steel company at $100,000, but the board cannot even agree on this.

Matters stand thus, and meantime business languishes and nothing is done. At first it proposed to put a bill through allowing the chairman of townships to appoint a commissioner at large, in order to break the deadlock. Now it is proposed to file charges and try to have the entire board removed if it fails to get busy at once.

The Corpse Plant.

The corpse plant is a remarkable carnivorous specimen that grows in the colony of Natal. Its principal feature is a bell shaped mouth, with a throat opening into a hollow stem. It is almost black and covered with a thick, glutinous secretion, while its odor is very offensive. This attracts carrion feeding birds to it, and once they alight on it they are lost. Their claws become entangled in the secretion, the bell shaped mouth folds up, and they are literally swallowed.

Costliest of All Fish.

The fish was no bigger than a silver dollar. Its color was bright gold, and it had a beautiful bushy golden tail.

"That," said the pet stock dealer, "is the finest aquarium fish in the world, a Chinese brush tailed goldfish. It is handsome, healthy and long lived. A good brush tailed goldfish," he concluded, "costs $250 or $300, and some fine specimens have sold for as much as $700 apiece."

Good Some Other Time.

"Just as Jack was about to kiss me last night father walked into the room."

"What did you do?"

"I gave Jack a rain check."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

No matter how poor a man's memory is about other things, he never forgets the time and place where he once found money on the street.—Atchison Globe.

Jarring Realism.

A popular novelist described at a dinner in New York the difference between realism and romanticism in fiction. "To make my meaning clearer," said the author, "I will take the case of a young man and a [illegible] sweetheart. The young man, a romanticist, said passionately to his girl: 'Darling, it shall be my life's one purpose to surround you with every comfort and to anticipate and gratify your every wish.' The girl, a realist, sighed faintly as she answered, 'Oh, Jack, how good of you, and all on $12 a week too!'"

—Farmers—I will exchange [illegible] hay. Geo. Elder.

TO WIPE OUT A LAKE

Steel Trust to Drain Trout Lake Located Near Grand Rapids.

Company Is Prepared to Spend $2,000,000 if it Is Necessary.

The steel trust is preparing to spend nearly $2,000,000 in draining Trout lake, seven miles from Grand Rapids, Minn., and reducing what is now a beautiful body of water four miles wide, to a more mudhole.

Trout lake is in close proximity to the Canisteo mine, which has been opened by the steel trust. The mine will be one of considerable depth. The nearness of a deep body of water is resulting in much moisture soaking through the soil and into the shafts, from which it is necessary to pump continually. With enlargement of the underground workings, the menace and expense from the excessive moisture in the soil will increase. So the owners decided to get rid of the lake. For some time past agents of the steel trust have been at work purchasing and securing options on the land abutting on the lake shore. This work has been about completed, and it is expected before long to begin the digging of a canal which will drain the lake into the Swan river.

The towns of Bovey and Colerain are both situated at one end of Trout lake. They are at present beauty spots, especially in summer, because of the lake. Both towns are supported and practically controlled by the iron mine interests.

SCHOOL NOTES.

A senior reception to the two succeeded classes of the high school and to the whole city faculty and the members of the board of education, their wives included, will be held in the assembly room on Saturday evening. An appropriate program of music, oratory and games will be presented and refreshments will be served. As this marks the institution of this annual school event it is hoped that all who have the honor of being included in the invitation will not fail to attend.

Marie Burgess had charge of the primary room in the Knox school on Monday. The Teacher who has taught there since Christmas was ill.

Monday was indeed "blue Monday," in regard, both to lessons and weather.

Teacher in English history class.—"Now ——, tell me what you know about the Revolution."

Sophomore, in answer—"Oh, it was only a little skirmish. Didn't amount to much." That Sophomore must see things from an English view-point.

The Basket-ball proposition seems even harder to solve than Euclid's proposition. The committee hopes to secure the upper room in the city-hall. It is to be hoped that basket ball will not drop to the "bottomless pit" where football has gone.

The practical side of chemistry seems to appeal to the students. They are prepared to test any paint manufactured, in order to determine whether it is pure. Anyone desiring information on the subject apply to Stafford Curran or Tom Crowe.

The glee club seems to be progressing rapidly in its study of music.

No, the Seniors have not as yet chosen their class play. But don't worry! Important matters must not be decided to quickly.

The question of the day is "Shall students study on Sunday". Discussion invited.

The members of the Cicero class are worried for fear they will not have work enough to keep them busy all year and yet they all take Chemistery!

Mid year examinations in all half year subjects are to be held on Friday.

Next Monday begins the new Semester. Beginnning then Civics and Physiography will be given. English History will also be given to a second class.

Supt. Hay heated up the pupils on Monday and at the same time gave a lesson in the proper method of walking by having them march to music. May the good work continue.

The two primary rooms of the Knox were dismissed Monday forenoon because they could not be heated. It is found that the old part of the building is ten degrees warmer all the time than the new.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high class circulation, a representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O, New York.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

Norman Merrill, aged eighty-two, is dead at Stillwater.

Christ Peterson, a farmer residing near Albert Lea, was killed by the kick of a horse.

E. N. W. Shook, a farmer living ten miles southwest of Preston, was killed by the limb of a falling tree.

P. L. Marvin, a switchman employed by the Omaha road, was killed while coupling cars in the outskirts of St. Paul.

Deaths in Minneapolis last year from all causes numbered 2,825, which was 358 more than the total figures for 1905.

Mike England, living at Edina Mills, was instantly killed by a St. Louis passenger train at Hopkins while he was on his way home.

William Burbite, on trial at Brainerd charged with manslaughter in shooting Lewis King by mistake for a deer on Nov. 14, was found not guilty.

James J. Hill has donated $50,000 to the endowment fund of Macalester college at St. Paul on condition that the endowment be increased to $200,000.

This year's annual hunt at Amboy proved to be a success. The trophies of the chase consisted of 300 cottontails, one jackrabbit, one crow and two owls.

Sam F. Fullerton, executive agent of the Minnesota game and fish commission, has resigned and Governor Johnson has offered the position to Carlos Avery of Hutchinson.

In an effort to save $1,400, the savings of a lifetime, Andrew Peterson, a farmer eighty-two years old, living near Caledonia, lost his life in a fire which destroyed his home.

One of the first official acts of Mayor J. C. Haynes of Minneapolis was to issue an order to all saloon men of the city that their places must be closed promptly at midnight.

John Cooper, once president of the Minnesota State Fair association, a real estate and live stock dealer well known in Stearns county, is dead at Redlands, Cal., where he had gone to spend the winter with his wife.

Public Examiner P. M. Kerst has resigned. Mr. Kerst will become examiner for the Twin Cities' banks, a position but recently created by the Clearinghouse association and of which he will be the first incumbent.

The Mankato postoffice receipts for 1906 were $40,310, a gain of more than $5,000, insuring the placing of the office in the list of first class postoffices July 1, with an additional clerk and a raise of $100 in the salaries of the postmaster and deputy postmaster.

The dead body of Iver Iverson, an old settler of Redwood county, was found upon the road between Echo and his home. Iverson had been in Echo and started for home late in the evening. It is supposed he fell from his wagon and that a wheel passed over his head.

W. J. Sullivan, who was held responsible for the death of Ida Duford, the young girl who was killed on the porch of her home at Minneapolis early New Year's morning, was released from custody when the grand jury after investigating the case returned a "no bill."

Representatives Stevens and Fletcher of St. Paul and Minneapolis, respectively, have notified the house committee on ways and means that if any action is taken at this session on measures proposing the establishment of additional sub-treasuries they shall insist upon the Northwest being recognized.

Mrs. Maria Novack, wife of Thomas Novack, living near Holding, Stearns county, was found dead in the woods about two miles from her home. She had, it is thought, become lost in the woods while on the way to visit her daughter, Mrs. M. Lasoda, who lives about three miles from the Novack home, and had become exhausted.

A jury of twelve Winona men has removed the lid from the opera house. Manager O. F. Burlingame had been arrested on the charge of having given and permitted a show on Sunday evening in violation of the law. His attorney argued that the spirit of the law had not been violated and a jury of representative citizens within five minutes after retiring returned a verdict of not guilty.

The following postmasters have been appointed in Minnesota: W. Peterson, Atwater; J. C. Hermack, Chatfield; J. Lohn, Fosston; E. P. le Masuriere, Hallock; B. A. Shaver, Kasson; A. Gilmo, Kenyon; O. A. Wilson, McIntosh; Emma F. Marshall, Red Lake Falls; S. C. Johnson, Rush City; F. T. Schlegel, Arlington; S. Matson, Braham; C. A. Pearson, Roseau; C. A. Coborn, Sauk Rapids.

Edwin Bradley, a former mayor, alderman, county auditor and marshal at Mankato and one of the historic figures of the Minnesota valley, is dead at Mankato, aged seventy-seven. During the Sioux Indian outbreak in 1862 Mr. Bradley was appointed by General Sibley, who was in charge of the military operations, marshal for Blue Earth and the counties southwest of it and rendered excellent service.

Diphtheria antitoxin will hereafter be sent out free by the state board of health to the local boards over the state in quantities sufficient to combat all cases of the disease that may arise. The state board at its quarterly meeting last week voted on the recommendation of Dr. Bracken to provide all local boards with the medicine. Although it is expensive the board holds that when it comes to saving human life no expense should be spared.

Subscribe for the News.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Ex-Sheriff Linnihan was in the city Tuesday.

C. W. Stewart and bride were up from Crookston Tuesday visiting with friends.

Miss Tyson, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. L. M. Hoag, returned to Iowa Tuesday.

Rev. J. F. Danns the Presiding Elder will preach at the Methodist Episcopal Church Monday night the 21st of Jan.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city last week from an extended trip in Southern Minnesota where he had been looking up farm land loans.

Lewics Holberg was married to Gena Sedig on Jan. 15th, by Rev. I. T. Aasted. Both are prominent young people of Red Lake Falls.

—Lost— A brown leather pocket book containing a bill and several pieces of silver on the evening of January 15 Finder please leave at the City Drug Store.

Rev. P. A. Hanson, who left this city about a year ago for Oregan, returned Tuesday and will spend a couple of weeks here attending to some business matters.

Miss Pearl Peterson celebrated her 21st birthday on the 9th of January and a party which was largely attended by her friends was given in honor of the occasion. She received many handsome and costly presents.

There will be a meeting of the voting members of the Norwegian Synod, church Tuesday Jan. 22nd at 10 a. m. All the voting members are hereby requested to be present. The meeting is called by the committee appointed at the annual meeting. I. T. Aasted.

August Ruhnke, the Germantown hotel keeper, who was brought to this city a little over a week ago suffering from a complication of diseases, died at the hospital Tuesday afternoon. The body was taken to Winona, the old home of the deceased, for burial yesterday.

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday, the 27th, at 10:30. All are welcome.

I. T. Aasted, Pastor.

Found between the Thief River bridge and Patrick Moylans farm, a gun, the owner can have the same by calling on Patrick Moyland proving property and paying the expense of this notice.

Patrick Moylan.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

A pair of light bobs and a second hand cream separator for sale by M. C. Burns.

Carl Peterson, who is now traveling on the road for a Minneapolis hardware company, was in the city the first of the week.

In western Canada this winter when fuel was getting scarce the government issued a ukase to the railroads ordering them to stop all shipments of wheat and everything else till fuel had been furnished to settlers. The roads lost no time in doing as they were told, for they knew if they did not the government would take control of the roads and do business anyway. The United States might issue a similar order but the result would be different the railroad magnates would thumb their offilial noses at Uncle Samuel and tell him to go to——.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Jan 20.
Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School at 10 a. m.
Junior League at 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.
Chas. H. Flesher, Pastor.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath Morning at 11 o'c.
Subject: Some Fruits of Foreign Missions.
Sabbath Evening worship at 7:30 o'c.
Sabbath School at 12 o'c.
Christian Endeaver at 6.45 o'c.
Bible Study and Teachers meeting, Thursday evening at 7.30 o'c.

We will celebrate the communion Sabbath morning Jan. 27th.

Our Missionary meeting, last Friday p. m. was extra good.

Let us have no late comers next Sabbath. Be on time!

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Special Notice.

Elder P. A. Hanson, a former citizen of this place, will speak in the S. D. A. church across from Soo Depot Thursday and Sunday evenings at 7:30. I am sure all that know Elder Hanson will be glad to hear him once more. A hearty invitation is hereby extended to all.

O. E. Johansen.

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

GOOD COMMITTEES.

Our Senator and Representative Receive Good Appointments.

Senator A. L. Hanson has been named a member of many important committees by Lieutenant Governor Eberhardt. Mr. Hanson is chairman of the committee on State Public Schools and the committee on Inigration and is a member of the following other committees: Claims, Corporations, Census, Public Accounts and Expenditures, Reapportionment and State Fair and Agricultural Societies.

Representative Opsal has been made chairman of the committee on Immigration and will also be a member of the following other committees: Board of Control, Drainage, Elections, Sleeping and Private Car Companies, Taxes and Tax Laws.

Snow Hard on Wild Animals.

On account of the deep snow wild animals have a hard time to find food and shelter, and have no fear of man in obtaining the same. Only a few days ago a wolf and a lynx were killed on the streets of Winnipeg and on the streets of Duluth four wolves made their appearance and were killed; but Jim Benson, grain-buyer at Chatam (a city located south of Hallock) beats them all by killing six jack rabbits in one day with a club.—It was fortunate that it occurred early in the morning before many people were on the streets or there would have been a general stampede. Mr. Benson is now complaining of a cold in his wind pipe. We are not at all surprised. It is a wonder he has not a few more ailments, considering the primitive methods he uses in getting after big game.—Hallock News.

Ore Under Kelliher.

Kelliher, Minnesota, January 14.—One of the most important transactions of the year one that will possibly change the entire manner in which this village will develope is the work being done in prospecting for iron ore. A crew has been drilling for ore since last August and it is believed that Kelliher is located directly on the range that contains the vein that extends westward from the Mesaba iron mines. This crew on several occasions have struck ore but in insufficient quantities to be considered "pay dirt" as yet. However in the last two weeks the drill has worked through a vein four feet in thickness.

Bill Introduced.

Representative Steenerson on Monday introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the interior to permit entries to be made for ceded Indian lands in Minnesota, each entryman to bind himself to repay the cost of reclaimation by drainage. This land was withdrawn from settlement and entry last summer, when appropriation of $15,000 was made for an investigation of a drainage system for this land.

Court in Roseau County.

Judge Grindeland, of Warren passed through the city Monday enroute for Roseau where he will hold a term of court. He states that there are 11 civil cases and 2 criminal cases on the calendar at present and as there are always a lot of cases there which have been appealed from the justice court he expects a fairly long term. Roseau county is singularly free from criminal cases for a new country and the sheriff's business is so small that there is not enough money in the office to support him and he has to have other business to make a living.

Fullerton Is Out.

Sam F. Fullerton has tendered his resignation as executive agent of the state game and fish commission and the position has been tendered Carlos Avery, of Hutchinson. Mr. Fullerton has been executive agent of the commission for the past eleven years.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 4th day of every month. [illegible] importance to those suffering from defective eye sight [illegible] Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses at the Rushford.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	25c
Butter	23c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

Sandridge.

Where is the open winter? The farmers are getting uneasy on account of wood shortage. It is impossible to haul wood, the snow is three feet on the level.

A masquerade ball will be given by East Valley Camp M. W. A. at Sandridge, January, 26th. Come and have a good time.

Dairy inspector, Joel G Winkjer came up last Friday to help organize the Farmer's Co-operative Creamery Association, of Sandridge on Saturday last. A ceamery is just what the farmers need and we will have it.

C. M. Evenson and A. Stenseth came up from Thief River Falls Friday and went out to find some land but were unable to find it on account of too much snow. They returned the same day to the Falls.

A Stenseth and T. P. Hamre came up Saturday to take in the Creamery meeting.

Sandridge is going to have a blacksmith shop, soon.

Miss Esther Thomas came up from Thief River Falls, Tuesday to resume her duties as school teacher in District 59.

County Commissioner J. A. Sorum returned Saturday from Warren where he attended a meeting of the County board.

If you want a good home paper, subscribe for the "News".

School Examinations.

The following is the official program for the school examinations to be held in Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls on January 31 and February 1 and 2:

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31ST.
(First Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:15 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography or General History.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1ST.
(Second Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:15 Geography.
2:45 Composition and Penmanship.
3:20 Reading.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND.
(Second Grade Studies Continued.)
A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

—For Sale A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

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Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	04c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	06c
Pillow slips	03c
Sheets	06 to 08c
Pillow shams	25c
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	50c and up

At the Star Steam Laundry.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Two Thousand and Fifty dollars ($2,050.00) principal which fell due on June 27th 1905, and accrued interest thereon, and in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred One Dollars and Seven Cents ($301.07) additional interest which was due on the 27th day of June, 1906, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. P. Carlson, an unmarried man, and A. L. Bolstad and Mrs. Annie Bolstad his wife mortgagors, to Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of June, 1902, and by reason of such default the entire sum secured by said mortgage having at the election of the holder of said mortgage become due and said entire sum having been declared due by the holder of said mortgage by reason of such default, which said mortgage with a power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 7th day of August, 1902, at eleven thirty o'clock in the forenoon in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 122, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said Hiram B. Wells, mortgagee, to George Q. Erskine by a written assignment dated the 30th day of November, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon in Book 15 of mortgages on Page 85, and upon which said mortgage there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety Nine Dollars Twenty-Six Cents ($4299.26) and no action or proceedings having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The South East Quarter and the East half of the South West quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) Section Thirty One (31), Township One Hundred Fifty (150) Range Forty-One (41) West, containing, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, three hundred twenty acres, be the same more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 29th day of January 1907, at twelve o'clock noon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Nine Dollars and Twenty Six Cents ($4299.26) and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorneys fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

GEORGE Q. ERSKINE
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Dated December 7, 1906.
A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee
Crookston, Minnesota.
dec 13 jan 17

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KING OSCAR MAY NOT RECOVER

Gradual Decline of His Majesty's Powers Appears To Be Going On—Officials Silent.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The bulletins issued in regard to the condition of King Oscar continue ambiguous, so that the public has really little idea of his actual condition, but the prevailing view in well informed quarters is that the recovery of his majesty is doubtful, owing to his age and the depression incident to the separation of Sweden and Norway. A gradual decline of the king's powers appears to be going on, although the palace officials maintain inpenetrable secrecy, preventing outsiders from making an exact estimate of his majesty's condition. The bulletins issued by the king's physicians from time to time practically confirms the suspicion that the king's condition is by no means satisfactory. Yet it is a well known fact that the old king possesses wonderful recuperative powers.

The women of Finland have achieved the franchise. In the recasting of the Finnish constitution, says a well known editorial writer, which followed the czar's manifesto of a year ago restoring ancient liberties of Finland, the women found their opportunity to be admitted along with the men to the privilege of universal suffrage. The constitution committee of the Finnish diet recommended this course on three grounds: That women get the same education in Finland as men; that they do the same work as men; and most important of all, they had shown that they wanted the franchise. It is a significant fact that the moment it became evident from the series of women's meeting held and the general enthusiasm that the women really wanted to vote, there was scarcely a masculine voice raised in protest. The vote of the Finnish senate was practically unanimous. Henceforth Finnish laws are to be made by a diet composed of but one house. To membership in this house men and women, married and unmarried, over 24 years of age are equally eligible. We are accustomed to think of Finland as perhaps a rather benighted country, where civilization is of the barbarized Russian kind. The real fact, however, is that Sweden's long domination there gave Finland the priceless gift of a civilization little inferior to that of Sweden itself. Certainly this experiment in universal suffrage, bestowed on men and women alike, puts Finland far in advance of most European countries so far as liberal institutions are concerned. The results will be watched with great interest by the political world.

Peterson Berger, the prominent Stockholm critic, and Johan Forsell, the eminent opera singer, who, during the past three or four years have been such bitter enemies, have now entered into peace negotiations and the chances are that they will soon become good friends, at least such is the prediction of the Stockholm papers. These two gentlemen, both men of impulsive characters, have been in the public limelight for a long time, and have furnished much material for the newspaper men.

Count Carl Axel Wachtmeister has been appointed Swedish consul general at Alexandria, Egypt. The count is well known among Swedish-Americans, having been a resident of Chicago for a number of years. A number of years ago he married Miss Hubbell, an American girl, of Sioux City, Ia.

Count Fritz von Rosen has now been sentenced to two years' imprisonment and was brought to "Langholmen," Dec. 13. The Rosen case is the most sensational one on record and has been the topic of the streets of Stockholm during the past two months.

The Lig St. Eriks bridge has now been completed and was opened for traffic Dec. 11, when it was dedicated in the presence of Crownprince Gustaf and other members of the royal family. The bridge has been erected at an expenditure of 1,270,000 crowns.

The new postmuseum was formally opened Dec. 15 in the presence of the duke of Skane, the postmaster general and members of the diplomatic corps. In the evening a reception was given at Grand hotel, which was attended by about 500 guests.

Twenty five thousand school flags has been donated to the Stockholm public schools by Banker Cervin, [illegible] and the De Laval Separator company.

Editor Wallenstrom departed for China Jan. 12 for the purpose of inspecting the Swedish mission covenant stations there. Mr. Wallenstrom will be absent for a whole year.

Mme Anna Hellstrom's American trip netted her 25,000 crowns. She has now returned to Stockholm and is taking her part at the Royal Opera as usual.

[illegible] of the [illegible] the page of [illegible] visiting old [illegible] Stockholm.

C. M. Andersson has been appointed Belgian vice consul at Gefle. Mr Andersen has been in the consular service the past ten years.

Brazil has decided to appoint one minister for all three countries, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, with headquarters at Stockholm. The South American republic is the only country which has adopted this procedure.

G. Aspelin has been appointed Swedish consul in Christiania. Mr. Aspelin is a native of Stockholm.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

There is a lull in business activity in Christiania which has caused much newspaper comment. It is not traced to the dissolution of the union directly, but undoubtedly this had much to do with it. Business men in general believe that the lull is only of a temporary nature. The export business continues to increase steadily and in this respect the country is growing strong, but wholesale and retail business interests are not what could be expected.

The Nobel prize medal recently conferred on President Roosevelt by the Norwegian storthing has been received at the White House. It contains about $250 worth of solid gold. On one side is a raised face of Nobel, the author of the prize, and on the other side is a representation of two men fighting and a third attempting to part them. Around the outer edges of this side are the words: "Pro Pace et Fraternatate Gentium."

The directors of the Nansen fund have published one of Nansen's books in English entitled "Northern Waters," dedicated to Roald Amundsen. The book gives a complete description of Amundsen's oceanographic observations and his trip with the Gjoa.

The Norwegian steamer "Inger" has been totally wrecked off the eastern coast of England. The entire crew was saved by the English trawler "Marie," which arrived just in time to save the crew. The crew consisted of twenty-seven men.

The Trondhjem Savings bank has subscribed 20,000 crowns for the restoration of the Trondhjem cathedral. It will require another five years to complete the restoration and an immense sum of money will be needed.

The king of Siam, who will visit Stockholm and Copenhagen next summer, will make an extensive tour in Norway also and visit some of the most important cities and tourists places of the country.

Consul Larsen of Christiania has purchased the water power of four falls in Aardal for the small sum of 12,000 crowns. It is the consul's intention to erect a large flour mill at Aardal.

Madame Thea Nielsen of Orendal has donated 25,000 crowns to the Norwegian Sailors' Home. She has on many occasions made liberal donations to institutions of charity in Christiania.

Money orders to the amount of 224,000 crowns arrived during Christmas to Christiania from the United States. The postal authorities state that these are the largest receipts on record.

A light earthquake was felt in Norway Dec. 10. It traveled from the extreme north in a southerly direction and was plainly felt in Christiania.

During the first six months of last year Norway's imports amounted to 16,000,000 crowns and her exports amounted to 21,500,000 crowns.

There has been excellent sleighing in the Norwegian capitol during the holiday season and the weather is ample for winter sports.

Felix Johnson has been appointed United States consul in Bergen. Mr. Johnson has not previously been in the consular service.

A number of old friends and schoolmates tendered a reception to Roald Amundsen at the "Holmenkollen" Dec. 15.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Myllus Erichsen, the Greenland explorer, has involved himself and his friends in debts in Copenhagen amounting to more than 60,000 crowns. Most likely the government will have to pay for it all. Meantime the newspapers are roasting Arctic explorers. Denmark has had some expensive Greenland expeditions and the question now arises if these explorations are really worth while. A Danish editor recommends that they be discontinued in the future.

The house where Hans Christian Andersen, the novelist, lived in Odense has been purchased by the citizens of that town and been submitted to a thorough renovation. It will be turned into a museum and will be known hereafter as the "Hans Christian Anderson museum."

Owing to a rumor that King Oscar was dead Admiral Lund delivered a memorial address on King Oscar before the Danish Yachting club in which he highly praised Sweden and her King. When it was learned that the king still lived, the meeting was immediately broken up.

A new bank has been started in Viborg, Finland. The new institution starts out with a capital stock of 400,000 marks and its president will be William Hackman, one of the wealthiest business men of Viborg. The bank will have ten directors, all of Viborg.

His majesty, King Frederick, contemplates a trip to Iceland next summer and he is scheduled to arrive in Reykjavik during the latter part of July next. It will be the first time that a Danish king sets foot on Iceland.

[illegible] will provide homes for pardoned prisoners and [illegible] has been forwarded to the directors for this fund by King Frederick who has also donated 500 crowns to the same cause.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Suits to dissolve the alleged merger of the Wabash, Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain Railway companies and the Pacific Express company and to revoke the licenses and charters of the Pacific Express company, American Refrigerator Transit company, Western Coal and Mining company, Rich Hill Coal Mining company and Kansas-Missouri Elevator company have been filed in the supreme court of Missouri by Attorney General Hadley. The concerns are all controlled by the Gould interests.

The overdue steamer Ponce of the New York and Porto Rico Steamship company, which left Porto Rico Dec. 26 for New York, was towed into Hamilton, Bermuda, Jan. 11 by a steamer which picked her up disabled. A broken shaft was the cause of her delay. The Ponce had on board seven passengers and a crew of fifty-two men. She drifted helplessly at sea for more than a week before sighting a vessel.

The sugar trust and its principal officers will be called upon within a few days to defend actions for damages aggregating $20,000,000 and to answer in the federal courts the direct charge that by conspiracy they brought about the financial ruin of a competitor, wrecked the Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia last summer and drove its president, Frank K. Hipple, to suicide.

Governor Deneen of Illinois has sent to the legislature a message asking that body to appropriate $150,000 for the prosecution of a suit to be instituted immediately against the Illinois Central railroad for the collection of a large sum of money, which the state alleges is due it from that corporation.

The attorneys who are, for the government, conducting the investigation into the management of the Harriman lines, have announced that they have determined to take steps to prevent E. H. Harriman, Henry C. Frick and H. H. Rogers from leaving the jurisdiction of the commission.

The report on the board of coroners of New York city for 1906, just published, shows a remarkable year of accident and crime. In all there were 5,890 deaths reported to the coroner's office, of which 2,160 were by violence.

George B. Cortelyou has announced his retirement as chairman of the Republican national committee. Hon. Harry S. New, vice chairman, will become acting chairman of the committee.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

William J. Oliver, in conjunction with Anson M. Bangs of New York, has been practically awarded the contract for the construction of the isthmian canal. Their bid, the lowest submitted, was 6.75 per cent on the estimated cost. Accepting the figures most commonly mentioned, $140,000,000, as the total estimate, the profit of the successful bidder would be $9,450,000 on the entire work.

The president has sent to congress a message urging some action by that body towards remedying the situation caused by the break in the Colorado river four miles below the international boundary line in Mexico and which threatens the property interests in the Imperial valley of California.

It is said at Washington that pledges have been given which insure the selection of Champ Clark of Missouri to be the Democratic leader in the house of representatives and the party candidate for speaker in place of John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, the present leader.

In answer to inquiry by the state department as to the truth of the reports that there has been a renewal of the anti-American boycott in China American Consul Bergholtz, at Canton, has cabled the department confirming the accuracy of the report.

Secretary Root, accompanied by Mrs. Root, will leave Washington Jan. 17 for Ottawa, Can., where he will be the guest of Earl Grey, governor general of Canada.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 12.—Wheat—May, 78⅞c; July, 79⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 77⅝@77⅞c; No. 3 Northern, 74@75c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 12.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 77⅛c; May, 79⅝@79¾c; July, 80⅛c. Flax—To arrive, on track, in store and Jan., $1.19; May, $1.22½; July, $1.23½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 12.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.75. Hogs—$6.10@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Wheat—May, 76⅝c; July, 76⅛c. Corn—May, 43⅛c; July, 43⅛c. Oats—May, 36¼@36⅜c; July, 33⅝c. Pork—May, $16.45; July, $16.60. Butter—Creameries, 20@29c; dairies, 18@25c. Eggs—20@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 10½c; springs, 11½@12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.20@7.15; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.85; Texans, $3.75@4.25; calves, $4.00@8.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.20@6.52½; good heavy, $6.40@6.55; rough heavy, $6.20@6.30; light, $6.20@6.47½; pigs, $5.70@6.25. Sheep, $3.60@5.75; lambs, $4.85@7.55.

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January 17, 1907.

If a bill introduced in the legislature passes, the state will manufacture farm implements as well as binding twine. The twine plant has been of great benefit to the farmers and we see no reason why the state could not successfully manufacture farm impliments.

Three bills providing for a 2 cent passenger fare in the State of Minnesota were introduced in the house of representatives last week. All of them provide for a straight 2-cent fare. The only difference in the bills is the time they go into effect and the penalties provided for violation of their terms. We hope that the bill that goes into effect first will be the one to pass.

Rockefellor is said to be worth a billion dollars. Do you understand the vastness of this sum? Reduced to gold it would require 23,000 men each with 150 pounds on his back to carry it. If a man saved $1.25 each day, it would require about 2,200 years to save up one million and 2,200,000 years to save up a billion. Think of it, and this immensity centered in in the control of one man in the United States.

The papers of the state are making much of John R. Howard for returning his legislative railroad pass, but the St. Cloud Times asks: "Who can be added to the roll of honor." And the Herald echoes. "Who?"—Duluth Herald.

The sixty-first legislative district—the largest district in territory and population in the state—has a senator that returned his railroad pass, and is now in St. Paul working for the best interests of the people in all matters. We refer to Hon. A. L. Hanson, of Ada.

The Bank of Preston gave a Times reporter some astounding figures. This institution handles the funds for our poultry merchants, Messrs I. N. Smith & Son and A. Weigand, probably the most extensive dealers in their line in Southern Minnesota. For nineteen days from Dec. 1 to 24 the bank paid out on account of poultry $10,064.48 or a daily average of $529.71. During the same time $8,840.57 or an average of $165.29 were paid out for stock, a total daily average of nearly a thousand dollars. It is estimated that more money is paid out at this point for eggs alone during the year than for grains of all kinds, a most remarkable showing It is this diversified farming that is making the farmers rich, contented and happy, with money to spend all the year around. Ten thousand for chickens alone in nineteen days! What do you think of that?—Preston Timesr

Strong efforts are to be made in Minnesota this year, to have the state given a fairer show in the trial of the criminal cases. Heretofore, all the laws and all the court rules have given the defendants so much the best of it that every state's attorney in the state is at a disadvantage. But now they purpose setting things right as rapidly as possible by having new laws enacted. One of the first things needed is a law providing for an appeal for the state in criminal cases. At present the defense has an opportunity to appeal for aim at any cause or no cause for that matter, while the state's attorney, acting for the people must sit back and take any amount of injustice a misguided or bribed jury may give him, and he has no redress by appeal. It is argued that no county attorney would ever care to appeal a case unless the work of a jury was a manifest and barefaced injustice. Another reform wanted is in the jury lists themselves. Complaint has come from all over the state to the effect that in important criminal cases, juries are approached individually by unscrupulous attorneys and friends of the accused, which makes it almost impossible for a state's attorney to secure a fair show in the trial of any case of importance.

A tax on net incomes in excess of $5,000 is proposed in a bill introduced in the house last week by Representative W. C. Bicknell of Morris. The bill provides a graduated tax of 1, 2 and 3 per cent. The bill is made effective May 1, 1908, and provides a tax upon all gains, profits and income in excess of $5,000 of each person, company or corporation, except such as are exempt from general taxation, whether derived by sale or exchange of property, real or personal, rents, interest, dividends and salaries. The tax shall be in addition to the other taxes paid by the person or corporation. In case the income is between $5,000 and $10,000 the tax shall be 1 per cent on the excess above $5,000. If the income is between $10,000 and $15,000 the first $5,000 shall be exempt, the second $5,000 shall be taxed 1 per cent and the remainder 2 per cent. If the income exceeds $15,000 tax shall again be 1 per cent on the amount between $5,000 and $10,000, 2 per cent on the amount between $10,000 and $15,000 and 3 per cent on the remainder. In computing the income the necessary expenses of conducting the business of the individual, firm or corporation, the amount of the interest on the indebtedness, the amount of all other taxes and the losses incurred by fire or accident not covered by insurance shall be deducted. The different assessors are intrusted with the work of determining the amount of the income, and penalties are provided for failure to report an income correctly and for failure to pay at the specified time. The bill was referred to the committee on taxes.

Senator LaFollette's Work.

Senator LaFollette, the Wisconsin statesman "who does things," won another decisive victory in behalf of the people when he secured from a grudging and unwilling senate the passage of his measure to limit the hours of consecutive labor of train employes of the railroads of the country to a maximum of sixteen, such prolonged term of service to be followed by at least ten hours of rest.

The great mass of the people had called for the humanitarian measure, especially because of repeated evidence that train wrecks were often due to the inability of the men in charge of those trains to stand the strain of the inordinate hours of work exacted of them by their merciless employers. And organized labor all over the land had stood as one man in demanding the enactment of such a law.

It is significant that, though the friends of the corporations in the senate had made prolonged opposition to the measure and had delayed its passage for months, yet, when the final test came, only one member of the upper house voted against it. That one, Mr. Pettus of Alabama, was not opposed to the principle of the bill but based his opposition solely on the old question of state's rights.

Why the railroads — or any one else for that matter—should have found fault with the proposition, it is difficult to understand, for, if they had been really alive to their own best interests, they would never have compelled the necessity for such legislation. But the fact remains that they did oppose it with all the vigor, cunning and power that they possessed. And its final triumphant passage through the senate is yet another handsome feather in the cap of Senator La Follette.—Duluth Herald.

—For Sale—A [illegible] Residence, [illegible] Geo. Elder.

LABRADOR.

Its Fascinating Procession of Colossal, Fantastic Icebergs.

It is the icebergs that make Labrador fascinating. They greet you when you steam out of the strait of Belle isle, the northern gateway of the gulf of St. Lawrence, and head northward up the coast of Labrador. They come floating from the north, an endless procession, all shapes, fantastic, colossal, statuesque, even grotesque—a magnificent assemblage of crystal domes and turrets and marble fortresses. Your steamer picks its way carefully among them lest they be jealous of her intrusion and fall over upon her. And in the midst of this glorious company you come to Battle Harbor.

The settlement is on an island perhaps 200 yards in diameter, which is the outpost of a larger island, and plows the waves of the ocean like the prow of some gigantic ocean liner. In storms the spray leaps almost across its ledgy surface. A cove hides behind the bluff sea wall, and on its rim nestles a tiny village of whitewashed cottages. You climb the hill to the lookout. Away to the north and south spreads out the vast procession of the icebergs. They come out of the north, the fog surrounding their tops and streaming like smoke from their pinnacles. They move slowly southward, perhaps three or four miles a day. Some go directly south down the Newfoundland coast, some turn west as they approach the strait and are swept by the tide into the gulf of St. Lawrence.

Day by day from the hilltop you note their slow progress. Each day sees new forms emerging on the northern horizon, while old, familiar bulks are lost to view in the south. Each month's icebergs are natives of a more northern region. Hence the bergs of the late summer, though fewer in number, are individually larger than those of the earlier part of the season, because they have been longer in the making, coming from farther north.

June's icebergs are Labrador's own product and have broken off from the ice field that has filled the bays and extended far into the ocean in the previous winter. July's bergs come from Baffin Land, while the huge bulks of August are natives of Kane bay and the far northern rim of Greenland, where man has never been.—W. B. Conant in Boston Transcript.

DOG DON'TS.

Don't take the dog calling on a friend who owns a cat.

Don't make his life a miserable burden by taking him shopping.

Don't permit him to jump on a caller, wiping his dirty paws over her best gown.

Don't take him calling at all, to have him run around a friend's house chewing up rubbers, etc.

Don't permit him to salute you with his tongue and then say rapturously, "See how he kisses me."

Don't let him hop up on the chairs, so that the next person who sits there will acquire a coat of dog hairs.

Don't tie him up and go off for the day in order that he may make the neighbors miserable with his howling.

Don't expect outsiders to have the same admiration for him and accord him the same indulgent treatment you do.—Exchange.

Beyond Him.

In the staging of one of his earlier plays Joseph Jefferson, accompanied by a friend, attended a rehearsal, at which a lively disagreement arose between two of the actresses as to the possession of the center of the stage during a certain scene. While the manager poured oil upon the troubled waters Jefferson sat carelessly swinging his feet from the rail of an adjoining box. The friend could stand it no longer.

"Good gracious, Jefferson," he exclaimed, "this will ruin your play. Why don't you settle matters? You could if you only would!"

Jefferson shook his head gravely, but with a twinkle in his eye. "No, George," he replied, "the Lord only made one man who could ever manage the sun and moon, and you remember even he let the stars alone."—Harper's Weekly.

One Cause of Eye Disease.

A Scotch surgeon recently called attention to the connection between an uncared for mouth with carious teeth and a form of eye disease. He describes three cases, in each of which the teeth were in very bad condition. The gums were soft and spongy, bleeding easily, while tiny drops of pus could be pressed out from their margins. The breath had a sour smell, and the complexion was of a muddy, sallow tint. In caring for these cases the first step was to purify the mouth and put the teeth into good condition. Such procedure, together with suitable tonics and local eye treatment, brought about a perfect recovery. This is only one example of the serious nature of dental diseases.

Iron.

In an article on prehistoric iron the Industrial World states that during Roman occupation, from the middle of the first century to 411, England had a commercial iron industry, which has been continuous to the present time. The Swedish industry has been continuous from the thirteenth century or earlier. In the American colonies the first successful attempt at iron making was at Lynn, Mass., in 1645.

A Hard Slap.

"Very well, sir," cried Dr. Kwack after his quarrel with the undertaker. "I'll make you sorry for this."

"What are you going to do?" sneered the undertaker. "Retire from practice?"—Philadelphia Press.

DEAD WATER.

Effect of This Queer Marine Phenomenon Upon a Ship's Speed.

One of the most curious marine phenomena known to seamen is that called by Norwegian sailors "dead water," which, without any visible cause, makes a vessel lose her speed and refuse to answer her helm. The sailor's only definite knowledge of its origin is that it exists solely where there is a surface layer of fresh water resting upon the salt waters of the sea. Several explanations have been advanced by the captains of ships of the effect of dead water, the commonest of which is that the two water layers move in different directions. The true explanation, however, recently offered by Swedish navigators and verified by mathematical calculation, and direct experiment, is that in addition to the "resistance waves" at the surface the vessel creates a second line of subaqueous waves between the two strata of water.

The experiment carried out to demonstrate the truth of this theory was an exceedingly pretty one. A large plate glass tank was first mounted on a wooden frame. The tank was then filled to a certain depth with salt water, and a layer of fresh water was carefully poured on to the surface, so that two separate water layers were obtained.

The salt water was blackened with liquid Chinese ink before the water layers were prepared, and in this way the different layers were made clearly visible. A boat model was then towed along the tank and a silhouette of the waves produced was obtained by placing a white screen at a short distance behind the tank. The waves were also photographed by flashlight, and the results showed conclusively that waves actually were set up at the boundary line between the two liquids.

Further experiments were made to verify the sudden loss of speed due to dead water. The boat model was drawn across the tank and the towing string suddenly slackened when the boat was about halfway across. In cases where the tank contained salt water only the boat stopped gradually, moving some boat lengths after the towing string had been slackened. When the tank contained a layer of fresh water resting on salt water, on the other hand, the boat slackened speed quite suddenly and moved only a very short distance.

These experiments, carried out on a small scale, prove conclusively that the difficulties encountered within a dead water zone are really due to the resistance experienced by the vessel in generating invisible waves at the fresh water salt water boundary, although in some particular cases the influence of undercurrents must also doubtless be taken into account.—New York Herald.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The most acceptable form of politeness is cleanliness.

Because you say you intend to do a thing it isn't done.

About all some men are good for is to "second the motion."

You may think you are entertaining, but there are people dodging you all the time.

Don't send ten dollar flowers to the funeral of a man whose family is left without any income.

The man in a dangerous location never thinks he is in a dangerous location or he wouldn't be there.

The owner of a horse and buggy tries to be modest, but he can't help showing that he feels a little superior.

The first insurance against trouble that children learn about is to get a promise from mother that she will not tell father.—Atchison Globe.

On Their Way.

During a newspaper men's convention, a number of journalists were one afternoon talking of the tricks of "the faithless types," when Henry Watterson said:

"While I've heard of a great many funny typographical breaks in my time, about the oddest and most humorous transposition of the types that ever came within my observation was that in a New York paper some years ago. That sheet used to print its shipping news on the same page with the obituaries. Imagine the glee with which its readers found the captions exchanged one morning, whereby a long list of respectable names were set forth under the marine head, 'Passed Through Hell Gate Yesterday.'"—Harper's Weekly.

Men Have Not Degenerated.

It is common to hear of the giant people who lived in the old days, yet it is decidedly uncommon to find proof that the average ancient was any larger or more powerfully built than the average person of the present day. The Egyptian mummies show these people to have been of medium size. The remains taken from the catacombs do not differ in size from the people of the present, while the armor which was worn by the warriors of the long ago fit as readily the forms of people who are not at all gigantic or at least extraordinarily above the average either in girth or stature. There were great men in the old days, but as great still obtain in this twentieth century.

These Tourists.

M. Perr[illegible] (visiting Switzerland)—Well, Mary, we'll take another view of this lake and then we can return to Paris. Mme P.—Why not see some of the others? M. P.—Well, I don't see the necessity. It seems to me that one lake must be very much like another.—Bon Vivant.

He is not only idle who does nothing, but he is idle who might be better employed.—Socrates.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14 k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

THE DAILY JOURNAL The Greatest Daily of the Great Northwest

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL BEST THERE IS. Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TODAY.

THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

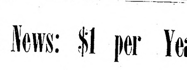

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ON DRAUGHT.
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE NEWS.
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LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

Dr. Grundy was up to Middle River Monday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Styles, of Thorwick, Sunday.

Attorney W. A. Tautges attended to legal business in Crookston the first of the week.

P. B. Salyards left Monday for North Dakota points to attend to business matters for a few days.

Contractor F. S. Doege was over to Devils Lake, N. D., the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Toye, of British Columbia, and Mrs. M. E. Wright were up from Crookston the first of the week visiting with Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Krouse.

The farmers living up in the neighborhood of Sandridge decided to build a creamery at a meeting held up there last Saturday. Work upon the same will be commenced the first thing in the spring.

Hereafter the farmer who sells the merchant a bad egg or the merchant who sells the customer a bad egg may be arrested and fined: Bad eggs are classified in the list as impure food. The only party not lible to fine is the hen.—Ex.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Railroad building in Minnesota during the year of 1906 was not of a volume to startle the railroad world. During the whole year there were only 138.07 miles of track constructed, and nearly all of this was in short connecting lines to bring into closer contact some of the large main lines. A great proportion too went to make up several small branches of lines in the iron range for the purpose of conveying the ore to the docks.

J Kelly, representing John Parker one of the big logging contractors, was here Monday looking over the river banks with a view to ascertaining the best point at which to land a big lot of cedar and tamarac ties and poles during the coming spring. Mr. Parker is getting out the ties for use in Wisconsin and they will be driven here on the Clearwater river and loaded here on trains for transportation to their destination in Wisconsin. It is estimated that the work of landing and these ties will take a big crew of men about three months.—Plummer Pioneer.

Beer comes under the provision of the new pure food law, and after Feb. 1 1907, all kegs and bottles leaving the breweries will have to be labeled to show what the contents of the various receptacles are. Some claim that the law demands that the exact ingredients of the beer must be given on the labels, while others claim that the label "beer" is sufficient in the case of that beverage, to distinguish it from the "malt tonics," "malt extracts" and such like, which are so closely allied to beer as to permit of distinction only by experts. The new law also aims at the short measure bottles.

A resolution presented by Secretary Doane of St. Cloud at the recent educational meeting in Minneapolis which was passed at that meeting without a vote recorded against it, read as follows: "Resolved that this convention pledge itself to do all in its power to prevent a teacher who has signed a contract from breaking the same, first by requesting all the school boards not to hire a teacher who has already signed a contract with another board."

School boards have generally been having considerable trouble over this matter and believe that the cooperation of other boards will remedy the condition.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

J. J. Becker was up from Crookston last Friday.

County Attorney Germo was in the city last week.

M. V. Evenson was up to Middle River Monday.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bakke Monday.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

W. K. Nichols was down to the twin cities the first of the week.

Paul I. D. Ostby was up from Plummer the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

C. M. Evenson was up to Sandridge Monday attending to business matters.

Rev. Flesher delivered a lecture to the high school pupils at Fosston last evening.

T. P. Hamre was up on the Greenbush line Saturday attending to business matters.

Iver Erickson left Monday for Duluth to attend to business matters for a few days.

Thomas Kenslea left last week for Gilby, N. D., to spend a few weeks visiting friends.

Mrs. Ole Evenson returned to this city Monday from Perly, where she had been visiting friends.

Peter Hedeen was in the city from Kratka last week and found time to make this office a call.

Miss Ihla Ramstad left for Fargo Monday where she goes to attend the ladies' seminary at that place.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. W. D. Russell left Saturday morning for Winnipeg and will remain a few days visiting her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Hamre returned to this city last week from Iowa where they had been visiting friends.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

T. P. Hamre left Monday for Grand Forks and other North Dakota points to attend to business matters for a few days.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Synod church meets this afternoon with Mrs. Ed. Evenson. Everybody cordially invited.

James Farr left Sunday evening for the twin cities to spend a few day days buying some fire apparatus for the local fire department.

John Meyers and family, who have spent a few weeks visiting old friends in this vicinity, expect to return to their home in the Canadian Northwest the first of next week.

W. J. LaBree left Monday for Washington to join his wife and son who have been spending the winter out there visiting with friends. Mr. LaBree will return in about six weeks accompanied by his family.

D. P. O'Neill returned to the city last week from St. Paul where he had been attending to business matters. Mr. O'Neill had a very pleasant visit with old friends in the state legislature, and he predicts that much legislation of importance will be passed at this session.

The deep snow this winter is bringing out the timber wolves in large numbers according to farmers who live in the sparser settled regions of the valley and especially out on the east line along the outskirts of the timber country, and the wolves are becoming very bold in their search for food.

—Wanted—By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O, New York.

THE NEW INDIAN BILL

Bill That Provides for the Disposal of the Red Lake Pine.

Indians to Be Allowed to Take Pine Land Allotments.

The following is the bill introduced into Congress by Congressman Steenerson on December 15. It was referred to the committee on Indian affairs and was ordered to be printed:

To amend article four of an agreement with the Red Lake Indians for the sale of a part of their reservation in Minnesota as amended and ratified by the Act of Congress approved February twentieth, nineteen hundred and four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled that article four of an agreement with the Red Lake Indians for the sale of a part of their reservation in Minnesota, as amended and ratified by the Act of Congress of February twentieth nineteen hundred and four, be amended as follows:

"Article 4. It is further agreed that the said Indians belonging on the said Red Lake Indian Reservation, Minnesota shall possess their diminished reservation independent of all other bands of the Chippewa tribe of Indians and shall be entitled to allotments thereon of one hundred and sixty acres for each man woman and child, of either agricultural or pine lands. The merchantable pine timber on section five, township one hundred and fifty north, range thiriy-three west; sections thirty-two and thirty-three township one hundred and fifty-one north, range thirty-three west; sections thirty-three and thirty-four township one hundred and fifty-one north, range thirty-four west, and section thirty-three, township one hundred and fifty-three north, range thirty-three west, shall be reserved for the common use of the Indians. The remainder of the merchantable pine timber on said reservation shall be sold for the benefit of all of the Indians, as herein provided and the allotments authorized by this Act shall be subject to the timber as herein provided for."

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he hereby is authorized to sell, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, the merchantable pine timber on said reservation, except that reserved for the common use of the tribe as mentioned in section one of this Act. The timber shall be sold on stumpage under sealed bids, to the highest bidder or bidders, after due advertisement inviting proposals, and in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior may direct:

Provided, that no white pine shall be sold for less than eleven dollars and no Norway pine shall be sold or less than nine dollars per thousand feet board measure. And the Secretary of the Interior shall appoint a competent man, who shall be a practical logger, to superintendent the marking and cutting of the timber and the scaling of the logs, the timber to be paid for according to the Government scale, no scale, however, to be valid until approved by said Secretary. The Secretary shall also appoint a suitable number of scalers to scale the logs under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe. The compensation of the superintendent and scalers shall be fixed by the Secretary. It is the intention of this Act that the United States shall simply act as trustee for the said Indians in the cutting, scaling, and sale of the timber and in paying to them the net proceeds received from such sale, as herein provided and that the purchaser of the timber shall at his own expense, cut and remove the timber purchased, and that the amount of the timber purchased shall be determined by the Government scale after the logs are banked. The expenses of every kind in connection with the sale of the timber shall be paid from the proceeds of the sale.

Sec. 3. That the net proceeds of the timber shall be deposited in the United Stated Treasury to the credit of the said Red Lake Chippewas, and shall draw interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, the interest to be paid annually to the Indians per capita: Provided, that if the adult male Indians in general council shall so determine, the interest for the first five years may be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior in the purchase of material and the construction of houses and for farming implements necessary for the advancement of the Indians in civilized life. At the expiration of each twenty-year period, counting from the time the first money is deposited in the Treasury, the said Red Lake Chippewas may determine by general council to be convened in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior may direct whether the principal fund shall be paid to them per capita or be retained in the treasury to draw interest for another period of twenty years.

Sec. 4. That all things necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this Act not otherwise herein specifically provided for shall be done under the authority and direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

Furniture Bargains!

China Closet, Special.

The one shown is one of our handsome patterns that we always take pride in selling. It is solid oak with bent glass and bird's eye maple back, regular $22 value for one week at $18.00

Iron Cribs.

Iron cribs are always clean and we have some very fine ones at $7.95 each

Look at This.

Three spindle, bow back, golden gloss finished, good construction, the right kind. Special for one week, each, 49c

Here Is Your Chance.

Cobbles oak rocker, fancy turned spindles, embossed back, high posts, arms well brased and strengthened with iron rods, golden finish, only one to a customer, $1.98

E. A. HICKS, Carpet and Drapery Dept.
H. W. HICKS, Buyer.
H. M. HICKS, Proprietor.

The Hicks House-Furnishing and Carpet Company.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME.

LICENSED. UNDERTAKING. PHONE 30 OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION.

READ THE ADS.

An Iowa Woman Finds That It Pays Her Well.

I am an ad. reader, writes a lady to the Ionia Sentinel. I am firmly addicted to the habit. Ever since I began reading anything I have read ads. I read them as readily as the stock market or the news columns. Every week when my paper comes I read it thoroughly then I take a day off and go carefully through the advertisements. I can't help it any more than I can help taking a check for my farm produce. The advertisements in our home paper are one of our assets I keep track of them just as I do my bank account. In the course of a year I save many dollars just because I am an ad fiend. I study them. When I discover after careful reading of all the advertisements in a certain line of merchandise, that I have saved myself 50 cents on a $10 purchase I feel happy. I have saved 5 per cent. It would have taken my ten dollars one year and a half to earn it in the bank. I saved it in an hour by the discovery that by buying such and such an article at So-So's store I saved a few cents. There are many articles that I, as the mother of a family and housekeeper, must have. So I investigate to find out where I can get them at the most reasonable price. John Jones will sell me a pair of socks for 25 cents. Another man across the street says I can have the same thing for 24 cents. I have saved 4 per cent, a better rate of interest than I can get at many banks; as large rate as I could get at any.

This is a small investment, but in the twenty-five years during which I have superintended the household expense account, my small investments have bought the farm.

Of course, anybody could do this. I presume I could do this myself by going around and inquiring. In fact, I do it in some instances where I have to. But if the dealer has anything he wishes to sell me I expect him to let me know it. Every week I sit in my chair by the fire and go through the ads. I make up a list of what I need, where I can get it and what it will cost then on a certain day I go to the store I have selected, tell the clerk what I want and pay him for it. There is no tramping around from store to store and no wasting of breath in asking again and again, "How much is this or that?"

I know as much about it as the clerk does. I have been told by the proprietor of the store and the clerk gets information from the same source.

The clerk is told personally and I have been informed in a weekly chat with the owner himself through the medium of my weekly paper. If the clerk doesn't know the price of an article I want I can tell him and I could have told him before I ever climbed into the wagon at the farm with my little list tucked away in my pocketbook.

I have saved my husband money and myself many unnecessary steps and useless conversation by my ad reading. That is the reason I am superintendent of the household account book. It was my habit of ad reading that I could manage the finances of the home better than he could. My twenty-five years experience has proven the wisdom of his decision.

County Seat Case.

It is confidently expected that the decision in the county seat case will be handed down by the state supreme court tomorrow.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Jan. 12 1907.

Bartleson A. L.
Berg Peter A. O.
Tharlson C. A.
Doyle Martin.
Dinimen Sivert
Dewitt M. L.
Erwich Sweed
Erickson Miss Mary
Engen Olaf
Froyland Tones
Fosen Miss Agnes 2
Getty A. K.
Hoppe K.
Hovelson Clara
Heider John
Hegland Gunar
Hayes Geo.
Kelsey Mrs. P. H
Iverson Mine,
Lee Miss Marie
Lee Mr. and Mrs. John
Leline Mrs. Mary
Larson Hans
Kalas Frank
Rena Erickson,
Norin Anders
Olson Otto
Styner Carl
Thorn James H.
Thorstenson Miss Annie 2
Reed Miss Marquette
Rude Mrs. Rose. Package

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS.

Norden.	
Aaseby, I L	3 53
Anderson, John	1 81
Aas, Christ	2 34
Anderson, Ben	6 90
Bakken, Otto L	8 81
Blom, John	4 93
Braating, John	2 93
Bearbaner, Fred	2 83
Brevick, H O	2 11
Christenson, Carsten	14 29
Carlson, John F	2 72
Duumen, S L	7 31
Eklund, Andrew	7 98
Erickson, Haldor	4 30
" Elias	4 27
Feragen, John O	1 47
" Andrew	4 07
Finke, J L	5 53
Funnesdal, A J	6 33
Gravie, Ellef	4 57
Hitterdahl, L K	5 87
Iverson, A N	5 51
Johnson, Andrew	4 05
" Nels E	4 35
" August	4 06
Knutseth, Knut	3 04
Lee, Lars	2 75
Lappegaard, Ole	3 23
Lallegaard, Ole E	8 71
Mossestad, Mrs L	2 18
Martinson, Rasmus	3 35
Myram, Amund	5 04
Monsebraten, Ole N	4 24
Morstal, Amund	7 43
Nordhagen, Mrs Sire	11
Nora, Nels O	6 43
Nordland, August	2 46
Nordhagen G J	78
Ness, Ole E	2 54
Ordahl, Olous O	3 98
Prichard, W W	5 73
Parbst, L J	6 18
Pederson, Ole	5 18
Peragaard, Ole E	3 03
Ragna, Ole P Jr	3 83
Rust, Martin	4 04
Rodegaard, Nels	5 67
Roderberg, P E	2 78
Sletten Hans I	4 23
Skjogren, R	5 40
Savre, Mrs L	2 11
Strandvold, H	4 05
Sovenson, Soren	7 28
Skaar, Mrs Anna	6 54
Samuelson, Nels	6 90
Thoreson, Albert	1 48
Tweet, Jacob O	39
Veldnees, P A	6 82
Wikre, A H	3 [illegible]
Wig, John A	3 [illegible]
Winberg, S E	3 [illegible]

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bargain OFFER **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Oldest and Best NEWSPAPER **and** MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for........ $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

SLEIGH TURNS OVER

FOUR PERSONS SERIOUSLY AND MANY SLIGHTLY INJURED AT SOUTH ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—Four persons were seriously injured and a dozen others shaken up and bruised in an accident which befell a sleighride party near South St. Paul.

The rear bob of one of the busses conveying the party slewed over an embankment in the narrow part of the road, and the horses and occupants of the bus were thrown into the ditch ten feet below. The bus turned turtle and many of occupants were pinned underneath.

The most seriously injured are: Miss Belle Ramsey, Miss Mary Kneip, Mrs. H. Lawrence, Paul Thuet, Lou Delaney, Miss Annie Reid, James Kirk and Ray Pemble.

MINNESOTA'S SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

Commission Would Expend Million Dollars to Commemorate Event.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Expenditure of $1,000,000 or $1,500,000 in enlargement and permanent improvement of the state fair grounds for the exposition to be held next year in commemoration of Minnesota's semi-centennial is proposed and vigorously advocated in the annual address of C. N. Cosgrove, president of the Minnesota State Agricultural society.

Mr. Cosgrove delivered his address before the society at the closing meeting of the annual convention in this city and his plan was received with general enthusiasm and was ably supported by other members of the society.

Three of the five commissioners appointed two years ago to formulate plans for a semi-centennial celebration spoke at this meeting, and all approved the principal features of Mr. Cosgrove's suggestion. This commission was appointed by Governor Johnson on authority furnished by the state legislature of 1905, and its report will be submitted to the legislature at its present session. The members who were present at the meeting are J. T. Mannix, Minneapolis, chairman of the commission; F. B. Lynch of St. Paul and Dr. C. H. Kohler of Minneapolis.

NELSON IS NOMINATED.

Minnesota Senator Is Assured a Third Term.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—Without a dissenting voice the caucus of Republican members of the legislature nominated Knute Nelson of Alexandria as the Republican candidate for the United States senate. This assures his election when the vote is taken on Jan. 22.

Speaker L. H. Johnson of Minneapolis called the caucus to order and Representative H. G. Hicks of Minneapolis was chosen chairman and R. I. Wells secretary.

Senator Gunderson of Alexandria nominated Senator Nelson and several other members of the caucus made seconding speeches.

On the roll call Senator Nelson received the votes of 133 of the 145 Republican members of the legislature. There were twelve absentees.

AVERY TAKES IT.

Hutchinson Man Will Be Head of Game and Fish Board.

St. Paul, Jan. 12.—Carlos Avery of Hutchinson, selected by Governor Johnson to succeed Sam F. Fullerton as executive agent of the state game and fish commission, sent word today that he would accept the position. He is not ready to take hold at once, as he needs time to get his business affairs at home in shape. It has been arranged to have Mr. Fullerton remain in charge of the office for a few weeks until the new agent is ready to take hold.

The governor is waiting to hear whether Captain Anton Schaefer will accept the post of public examiner. Some business matters had to be settled before Captain Schaefer could give an answer.

ONE DEAD, THE OTHER DYING.

Man and Girl Thrown From a Bridge by a Runaway Team.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 10.—While driving over the Mississippi river wagon bridge in the evening, a team driven by James Nichols, a dairyman of Centerville, Wis., ran away, throwing Nichols and Rosa Rotz, aged fifteen, of Bluff Siding, Wis., from the bridge to the ice, eighty-five feet below. Nichols died in a hospital. The girl is still unconscious and physicians declare she cannot live.

Covered With Burning Oil.

Mankato, Minn., Jan. 12.—Erick Johnson sustained extensive burns by the explosion of a kerosene lamp he was carrying last evening at his residence on Belgrade avenue. The oil chamber popped suddenly, sprinkling Mr. Johnson with the burning liquid. Before the flames were extinguished the victim's hands and shoulder and chest were badly burned, his clothing was burned off the upper part of his body and his escape is considered most fortunate.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

Thirty-fifth Session Convenes at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—The thirty-fifth session of the Minnesota senate was called to order by Lieutenant Governor O. E. Eberhart of Slayton at 12:05 p. m.

Chief Justice C. J. Start swore in the president of the senate, Lieutenant Governor Eberhart, who took the oath of office.

Each of the senators, by districts, advanced to the rostrum and was sworn in by the chief justice of the supreme court. Samuel A. Langum was chosen secretary and the other employes selected by the Republican caucus were approved.

The house was called to order by Secretary of State Schmahl. After the oath of office was administered to the members Lawrence H. Johnson of Minneapolis was elected speaker and Adolph E. L. Johnson of Minneapolis chief clerk.

BIG DEMAND FOR TIES.

Extensive Railway Construction Booming the Industry.

Bemidji, Minn., Jan. 12.—On account of the heavy demand for railroad ties, on account of the great amount of construction work proceeding in this section of the country, a shortage is feared during next summer. Good prices are being paid, but the output, although large, is not meeting the demand.

The Minnesota and International, the Wisconsin Central, the Soo and the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg are all taking ties out of the same territory. The old lines also are using their regular quota. The supply is pretty low. The settlers and small loggers are able to make good profits getting out pulp wood, poles and posts.

SHOT BY A MASKED MAN.

Minnesota Girl Tells Strange Story of Crime.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 8.—Deputy Sheriff Olson has been called to the vicinity of Erhard, twelve miles north of here, to investigate the shooting of Mollie Thorson. She tells an extraordinary story. Shortly after her father left for town a man covered with a white sheet and wearing a mask walked into the house and taking a small rifle from under the folds of the sheet began shooting at her. Four shots were fired, one bullet passing through her arm near her shoulder and another cutting her dress slightly. The other two shots went wide of the mark. The man then turned and left.

ONE MAN SERIOUSLY HURT.

Elevator in Minneapolis Courthouse Drops Four Stories.

Minneapolis, Jan. 7.—An elevator in the courthouse, containing seven persons, dropped four stories during the morning. All the inmates were injured, one very badly.

Deputy Sheriff Clausen had just started to take some prisoners to the courtroom and had them safely stowed on the elevator when something gave way and the elevator shot down four flights.

The man seriously injured was John P. Quirk, the slayer of W. A. Dowell, who is to be tried for murder at this term of court. He was removed to the city hospital.

North Dakota Man a Suicide.

Minneapolis, Jan. 14.—Elmer W. Fish, a druggist of Fargo, N. D., ended his life in his room in the Russell House on Fourth street south by taking a dose of morphine. The reason for the deed is not known. On Saturday Mr. Fish was arrested in Fargo on a charge of selling liquor, contrary to the state law, and was bound over for examination next Wednesday. He furnished $200 bonds.

Minnesota Man Killed in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Five hours after his arrival in Chicago from Winona, Minn., and one hour after he had obtained employment as a brakeman for the Chicago and Northwestern Railway company, Emanuel Martin was killed while coupling cars.

NEW YORK POLITICS.

Subject of Conference Between Roosevelt and Wadsworth.

Washington, Jan. 14.—James Wadsworth, Jr., speaker of the New York assembly, had a conference at night with President Roosevelt in which the New York political situation was thoroughly discussed. Mr. Wadsworth came here by invitation of the president and proceeded immediately to the White House. The conference lasted about two hours. Mr. Wadsworth would not discuss the conference further than to say that it related to the New York political situation and the New York legislature, but said anything further on the subject or any result of that conference would have to be given out at the White House. Mr. Wadsworth stopped for a few minutes to see his father, Representative Wadsworth of New York, and left for New York shortly after midnight.

CHILDREN IN FIRE.

St. John's Academy at Grand Forks Almost Totally Destroyed.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 14.—The lives of over a score of children were imperilled by a fire which almost totally destroyed St. John's academy. There were thirty two children in the building when the fire broke out at 9:20 p. m., and all were rescued.

The building was valued at $20,000 and the loss is $17,000, with insurance of $7,500. There was $1,000 insurance on the furniture and household goods.

The fire started in a bathroom in the dormitory on the third floor.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Ole Trofim H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the lots 3, 4 and [illegible] of Sec. 19 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sievart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ole Holmen, " " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 21 jan 24

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Carl Habedank H. E. No. 343 Red Lake Series for the lots 7, 8, of Sec 32 T'wp 155 N., of R 41 West and lots 2, 4 of S. ½ of N.W. ¼ of Sec. 5 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ristau, of Germantown, Minn.
Emil Ristau, " "
Nick Handlund, of " "
John Ristau, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 27 jan 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Jan 2 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

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ORIENTAL JUGGLERS.

Feats Performed by Chinese and East Indian Magicians.

"During a trip through the far east I was much impressed with the wonderful feats performed by some of the Chinese and Indian jugglers and sleight of hand artists," said a Chicago man the other day. "In American theaters we see some skillful work along these lines, but the performer is usually at a considerable distance from the spectators and could employ many aids that the orientals do not use.

"I have seen Chinese and Indian magicians come on board a ship and in the center of a circle of passengers perform tricks that are little short of marvelous. For instance, one of the Chinese would ask a spectator to place a coin in the latter's hand. The Chinaman would close the fingers one after another over the piece of money and then, by passing his hands over the closed fist of his 'subject,' would in some mysterious manner extract the coin. I have had this trick worked on me a number of times, and I am no nearer to knowing how it is done than I was the first time.

"Then I have seen an Indian magician come out on deck, place a small seed on the planks, pour a little water over it, cover with a small cloth for a moment and then remove the cloth to disclose a living plant a foot or more high. These fellows do not wear long, baggy sleeves in which a piano might almost be concealed, but have bare arms. There is said to be a clan of jugglers, among whom the secrets of the craft are jealously preserved and handed down from father to son."—Detroit Free Press.

DRESSED SEALSKIN.

The Way This Beautiful Fur Is Brought to Perfection.

If a lady's sealskin jacket be compared with the coarse, hard or dry-salted sealskin as imported, or, still better, with the coat of the living fur seals, one is struck with the vast difference between them.

Passing our fingers among the hairs of the cat or dog, we may notice fine short hairs at the roots of the longer, coarser general covering of the animal. This is so called under fur. But in the greater number of these animals the short hairs are so few and often so fine as to be, comparatively speaking, lost sight of among what to our eyes constitutes the coat.

The operation which the skin undergoes to bring out, so to say, the fur, may be briefly described as follows:

The skin, after being washed to rid it of grease and so forth, is laid flat on the stretch, flesh side up. A flat knife is then passed across the flesh substance, thinning it to a very considerable extent. In doing this, the blade severs the roots of the long, strong hairs, which penetrate the skin deeper than do the soft, delicate ones under the fur. The rough hairs are then got rid of while the fur retains its hold.

A variety of subsidiary manipulations, in which the pelt is softened and preserved, are next gone through, and then the fur undergoes a process of dyeing, which produces that deep uniform that so well known and admired.

Proved It.

Bjones—Why the grouch? Psmith—My wife called me a fool. Bjones—Cheer up. It may not be true. Psmith—But it is. She proved it. Went and dug up a bunch of my old love letters and read 'em to me!—Cleveland Leader.

Letters.

Answer a letter the day it is received and you will experience a sense of duty well done. Delay it, and after too long a time has elapsed shame will put a stop to its acknowledgment altogether.

While Europe has 107 people to the square mile, Asia has but fifty-eight, Africa eleven and Australia one and a half.

Marrying an Opera Company.

The late "Aunt" Louisa Eldridge, meeting a reporter on one of the New York papers, learned that Lillian Russell was to be married to Signor Perugini.

"Isn't she clever?" quoth Mrs. Eldridge. "Why, she first married a leader of the orchestra, then a composer of comic operas, and now she will wed a tenor. Bless my heart! If she keeps on, she'll have an entire operatic outfit of her own."

Baby's Progress.

"How is Bilkins' baby boy getting along?"

"Fine. I was up there yesterday and was surprised to learn that he is beginning to talk."

"Does he pronounce his words plainly?"

"Not very. They sound like a railroad brakeman calling out stations."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Nerve.

Lazy Larry—Say, lady, I'm dat hungry I don't know w'at to do. I ain't had nothin'— Mrs. Goodart—Walk around to the kitchen, poor man, and you shall be fed. Lazy Larry—Aw say, dat's a purty long walk, lady. Couldn't yer hand it out here jist as well?—Catholic Standard and Times.

Irremediable.

Fan—I wasn't expecting to be called on to say anything, you know, and when the president of the club asked me to make a few remarks I just went all to pieces. Nan You remember I told you those buttons on the back of your waist wouldn't stand the slightest strain, don't you?—Chicago Tribune.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
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A CAT'S EYES.

The Chinese Discovered Their Use as a Time Indicator.

The first European to learn of the use of a cat as a time indicator was M. Huc, who in a work on the Chinese empire tells how he was initiated into the mystery.

M. Huc and a party of friends set out to visit a Chinese Christian mission settlement among the peasantry. They met a young Chinaman on the road, and to test his intelligence they asked him if he could tell them the time. The native looked up at the sky, but the clouds hid the sun from view, and he couldn't read any answer there. Suddenly he darted away to a farm and returned in a few moments with a cat in his arms. Pushing up its eyelids with his hand, he told Huc to look at them, at the same time volunteering the information that it was not noon yet. While they were puzzling over the case the boy went about his business.

When the party reached the village, they asked the Christian converts if they could tell the time by a cat's eyes and how it was done. Immediately there was a wild hunt, and all the cats obtainable in the neighborhood were brought before them.

The Chinese pointed out that the pupils of a cat's eyes were gradually narrower up to 12 noon, when they became scarcely perceptible lines drawn perpendicularly across the eye, and after that dilation recommenced. Huc examined the eyes of several cats and verified what the Chinese had told him.—Chicago Chronicle.

AN ODD WAGER.

The Peculiar Bet a Foreign Prince Laid and Won in Paris.

Gambling has always been a favorite occupation for the sons of royal houses, but none of them probably has ever exhibited so much wit and ingenuity in his betting as a foreign prince did at his stay in Paris.

He laid a heavy wager with a member of the Imperial club of the French capital that within two hours he would be arrested by the police without committing any offense or provoking the officers of the law in any fashion. Accordingly, having clothed himself in rags of the most disreputable appearance, he walked into one of the most aristocratic restaurants in the city and ordered a cup of chocolate. The waiter refused to serve him unless he showed evidence that he could pay. The prince at once drew a roll of bank notes from his pocket and offered one of large denomination to the astonished attendant. The latter took the bill and carried it at once to the proprietor, who sent for the police, in the meantime allowing his strange guest to be served.

As soon as the authorities arrived they arrested the incognito son of royalty and took him to the nearest station, where of course he was released after he had disclosed the facts of the affair.—New York Tribune.

Color Blindness.

The term color blindness implies an entire absence of the color sense, and there are a few persons who are in this condition, but it also includes all the forms of partial color blindness in which the perception of one of the fundamental colors—red, green and violet—is wanting, and which are known as red blindness, green blindness and violet blindness. The line between these various kinds of color blindness and a perfect perception of colors is not sharply drawn, so that a large number of persons have what is called a feeble color sense, which falls short of actual color blindness. There is no doubt that color blindness in its various forms is much more common than is generally supposed, and it is more common among the imperfectly than the well educated classes.

Barbers Ages Ago.

The first barbers of whom there is any record plied their trade in Greece in the fifth century B. C. In Rome the first barbers operated in the third century B. C. In olden times in England the barber and the physician were identical. Thus a king's barber was also his chief medical adviser. In the time of Henry VIII. of England laws were made concerning barbers, of which the following is an extract: "No person occupying a shaving or barbery in London shall use any surgery, letting of blood or other matter, except the drawing of teeth."

After It Is All Over.

When yarns are being spun one hears a good deal concerning the curious antics people go through when highly excited, but very little is said about the man who "gets scared after it is all over." And the latter, not being so constituted that he can faint, as a woman often does after a fright, generally keeps his own counsel and often is given the credit of being cool and "nervy" when the fact is that his knees are ready to bump together for mutual support.—Forest and Stream.

On the Safe Side.

They had been engaged for fully thirty minutes by the cuckoo clock.

"I have a surprise in store for you, Alfred, dear," she said. "I can cook as well as I can play the piano."

"That being the case, darling," he replied, "it will be well for us to board."

Appropriate.

The society editor was writing up a church fair.

"Mrs. Green, the wife of our prominent milk dealer," he wrote, "was appropriately gowned in watered silk."

You must bear that which hurts that you may gain that which profits.—Selected.

WALT WHITMAN.

Ways of the Poet Who Was Loved by All Who Knew Him.

This is the Walt Whitman who was known and loved by those who met him daily:

"After some conversation Whitman proposed a walk across to Philadelphia. Putting on his gray slouch hat, he sallied forth with evident leisure and, taking my arm as a support, walked slowly the best part of a mile to the ferry. Crossing the ferry was always a great pleasure to him. The life of the street and of the people was so near, so dear. The men on the ferry steamer were evidently old friends, and when we landed on the Philadelphia side we were before long quite besieged—the man or woman selling fish at the corner of the street, the tramway conductor, the loafers on the pavement—a word of recognition from Walt or as often from the other first; presently a cheery shout from the top of a dray, and before we had gone many yards farther the driver was down and standing in front of us, his horses given to the care of some bystander. He was an old Broadway 'stager,' had not seen Walt for three or four years, and tears were in his eyes as he held his hand. We were now brought to a standstill, and others gathered round. George was ill, and Walt must go and see him. There was a message for the children, and in his pocket the poet discovered one or two packets for absent little ones. But for the most part his words were few. It was the others who spoke and apparently without reserve."—"Whitman as Carpenter Saw Him" in Craftsman.

A CRUEL ENDING

The Lonely Death and Desecrated Grave of Laurence Sterne.

Laurence Sterne, the great writer, was left alone in his rooms on Bond street, London, in those last bitter days, with a servant of the lodging house for his only attendant. As he lay dying a knock was heard at the door and a footman entered, come from a house near by to inquire as to his health.

The footman waited till the end, saw the thin arm raised as if to ward off a blow and heard the almost inarticulate murmur from white lips, "Now it is come!"

Then he went back to the house, where a large party was gathered, and told the news to the feasters, most of whom were Sterne's friends. For the space of half an hour they lamented him, and then the talk turned on other things—so soon are we forgotten in this workaday world.

"Alas, poor Yorick!" His publisher and a single friend followed him to the tomb, while ghouls watched outside and marked the spot where he was laid. Two nights afterward the body was stolen, shipped to Cambridge and placed, strangely enough, upon the dissecting table at his own university. A friend recognized his features and fainted away when it was too late to stop the desecration.—Myrtle Reed in Book News Monthly.

The Typewriter.

Although he was not the first to devise a machine for typewriting, John Pratt won the distinction of inventing the first working typewriter that secured a sale. He was born in Unionville, S. C., on April 14, 1831, and in 1864, with his wife, he went to England, Pratt devoting his time to the invention of a mechanism which he designated the "pterotype," the first practical typewriter. Provisional protection to the invention was granted by the British government in February, 1864, and on Dec. 1, 1866, letters patent No. 3163 were granted to Pratt. On returning to the United States, in 1868, he secured letters patent in this country. Mr. Pratt was the first inventor of a machine in which a type wheel was moved by key levers, and he was the first man to make and sell typewriters, having sold several in London in 1867.

Mexican Musicians.

We were listening to the playing of a military band the other night when my friend said: "Do you know that, although I have heard just about all of the best orchestras and bands in this country at different times, I have not discovered a single one that can hold a candle to Mexican musicians? Those fellows are something wonderful, all full of music, and, although half of them cannot read the language of their country, they read the music and get notes from their instruments that would really astonish you."—Columbus Dispatch.

A Little Sarcastic.

An old woman went into a grocer's and ordered a pennyworth of carrots. After being served she inquired, "D'ye not thraw something in wi' them?" "Oh, yis," replied the greengrocer; "if ye wait a minute I'll thraw in a sack o' tetties an' a barrel o' apples an' a hundredweight o' turnips an' a box o' oranges! An'," he shouted as the old woman flounced out of the shop, "when I'm busy I'll thraw in the horse an' cairt! If yer not satisfied then, come back for the shop!"—London Mail.

A Half Length Picture.

A countryman bargained with a California photographer for a half length picture of himself at half price, and when the artist delivered a fine view of the subject from the waistband down the victimized sitter indulged in remarks more forcible than polite.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

All Wrong.

New Curate—Your husband is a confirmed invalid, is he not? Mrs. Billyus—Confirmed, sir? No, sir; he ain't Church of England. New Curate—I mean, is he a permanent invalid? Mrs. Billyus—Permanent? Lor', no! Doctor says he can't last a month.

HANDLING A TIGER.

How a Turkoman Subdued a Snarling, Angry Man Eater.

"In a cage near the room in which I lived while in Khiva," says Langdon Warner in the Century Magazine, "was a tiger from the Oxus swamps. He had taken a dislike to me, and every time I passed his cage he got up and paced angrily toward me, snarling.

"Into the cage of this beast, at the command of the prince, a Turkoman stepped, armed with a short stick as big round as his wrist. With this stick he struck the tiger's nose as he made for him, and then, with palms out and eyes fixed, he walked slowly up to the shrinking beast and stroked his face and flank.

"The tiger snarled and took the man's hand in his open mouth. I held my breath and looked for the bleeding stump to fall away; but, keeping that hand perfectly still, with the other he tickled the tiger's jowl and scratched his ear till with a yawn and a pleased snarl the big cat rolled over on his back to have his belly scratched.

"The man then sank to his knees, always keeping his hands in motion over the glossy fur, and with his foot drew toward him a collar attached to a chain. This he snapped round the beast's neck and, rising to his feet, *laid hold of the chain* and dragged the tiger out.

"This was only the second time that the cage had been entered. As soon as the tiger was outside he espied the watching party and started for them, but came up short on the collar. If he had chosen to use his weight and strength no four of them could have held his tether, but as it was the Turkoman found little difficulty with him and held him, snarling, while a camera was snapped."

THE STAR MIRA.

A Sun of Great Size That Is Struggling For Existence.

For the greater part of the time the variable Mira, which has been known to astronomers for 300 years, is altogether unnoticeable and indeed invisible, except with telescopes. It once disappeared entirely for a period of four years, but afterward attained extraordinary splendor, only to fade again to invisibility. It is a sun of great size, brighter than our sun when it shines at its brightest, but some trouble, some solar disease, seems to be sapping its vitality, and it resembles a patient almost at the last gasp. Once in about 331 days—but the period is irregular—it has a sudden accession of energy and flares up for a little while with several hundredfold brilliancy only to sink back into a dull red point that nearly escapes the ken of the telescope. One interesting explanation that has been suggested is that the surface of Mira periodically bursts into a vast flame of burning hydrogen, so great and powerful that it is visible across millions of millions of miles of space. It is a star for the imagination of a Dante, yet there is reason to believe that the time is coming when every star in the sky, not excepting the sun, will have to confront a similar struggle for existence, just as every mortal being must some time see death.—Garrett P. Serviss in New York American.

What He Wanted.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations."

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity. Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered, "I don't know whether that man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

Strange Fog Signal.

When fogs prevail in Boston harbor, the attention of passengers on the Nantasket Beach line of steamers is attracted by a faint metallic sound which might be mistaken for the sound of a bell. But it is not the clanging of a bell which the passengers hear. Suddenly through the mist there appears ahead, like a specter, a large tripod, from the apex of which is suspended a big steel triangle. It is this which causes the strange sound and signals vessels as to how to guide their course through the difficult channel of the fog.

A Line on Her Age.

"Oh!" gasped the beautiful woman as she fell back, clutching at her heart, and permitting the telegram to flutter to the floor.

Her fashionable guests rushed forward, crying:

"What is it? Has your husband met with an accident?"

"No, no," she moaned. "It is from my son-in-law. I am a grandmother!"

The Alteration He Wanted.

Customer—Yes, I like this suit. I suppose you will make any alterations I may require free. Tailor—Oh, yes, sir; certainly. Customer—Very well, then. Just alter the price from £4 to £2 and I'll take it with me.—London Tit Bits.

To do the wise thing at all times and under all circumstances is difficult—yes, impossible, but to make a fool of one's self is as easy as rolling off a log.—Springfield Republican.

THE CHILD'S MIND.

Give It a Chance to Develop by Its Natural Processes.

The littler they are the better, because farther removed from the world that is ours and deeper placed in their own world. A good baby radiates peace. Every one who is rightly constituted smiles at the sight of it.

They are busy, they are cheerful. As a rule, they seem to be kind to one another. They are not bored, and unless the weather is insufferable or they are sick they are not depressed.

What philosophers! What heroes! Is it strange that the attitude of an unperverted child should be the Christian ideal?

The great merit of children as companions lies in the breadth of their tolerations. They are easy to please, agreeable to most propositions and not very critical.

They do not "know better." That is one of their delightfulest traits. Children will trust you, and that is one of the most gratifying compliments possible.

In the company of children you have relief in considering what will pay. The things that they do and prefer to do, do not pay, as a rule, except in the doing of them.

Wise elders who are qualified to train the mind of a child are pretty scarce. The next best thing is the elder who is wise enough to respect the child's mind and give it a chance to develop in a sympathetic atmosphere by its own natural processes.—E. S. Martin in Harper's Magazine.

AN OLD GERMAN LEGEND.

The Skull With the Nail Driven Through Its Temple.

At Freiburg, Baden, in front of an old chapel rich in mediaeval painting depicting the rewards of virtue and the wages of sin, stands a great cross, at its foot a skull with a nail driven into the temple.

A shoemaker of Freiburg, according to tradition, died suddenly in the good old days before coroners and juries were too inquisitive and was buried near where the cross stands. Scarcely had the earth upon his grave been wet by the rains before his wife took a second husband.

Neighbors talked, but that was all. One night the priest of the parish awoke to find standing at the foot of his bed the ghost of the dead shoemaker. The ghastly figure raised a gory lock from its forehead and pointed to a nail driven in the temple.

The body was exhumed, and there was the evidence of the crime just as the specter had indicated. The wife confessed the murder and was executed. But the skull was placed at the foot of the cross as a warning.

"The effect was most wholesome," relates the truthful chronicler, "for since then not a wife of Freiburg has murdered her husband."

A Contrary Flag.

If ever there was anything in the world that went by contraries, it is the Chinese flag. It will be recalled that it is one of the gayest of national standards. The body of the banner is of a pale yellow. In the upper left hand corner is a small red sun, and looking at it is a fierce Chinese dragon. About 1,000 years ago, so the story runs, the Chinese made war upon the Japanese. They prepared for a great invasion. As a prophecy of victory they adopted a standard which is that of the present time. They took the sun of Japan and made it very small. This they put in front of the dragon's mouth to express the idea that the Chinese dragon would devour the Japanese. It happened, however, that the Chinese fleet, conveying an army of 100,000 men, was wrecked on its way to Japan by a great storm, and all but three of the 100,000 perished. The result of recent events has not been any more convincing than the first affair that the Chinese flag has been correctly conceived.

Humor In the Far East.

Abdur Rahman, the late ameer of Afghanistan, had a grim sense of humor which was sometimes exercised without scruple. On one occasion a durbar he was holding was interrupted by a man who, in a state of the greatest excitement, rushed in declaring that the Russians were advancing to invade Afghanistan. Turning aside for a moment from the business in progress, the late ameer in the most unconcerned tones ordered his shahgassi to conduct the man to the summit of a certain watch tower. "Look you out well for the Russians," commanded Abdur Rahman, "for you do not eat until you see them arrive."—Grand Magazine.

Cooks Ruin Their Taste.

"I never season things up to my own taste," said a man who has cooked in a restaurant for many years. "Very few cooks do. They have palates that crave high seasoning. The longer they cook the more salt and pepper and spices they require. If I should send up my dishes as I like them, they would be so hot and peppery that half the patrons in the restaurant would be unable to eat them."—New York Press.

The Accident.

Hizonner—You are charged with breaking a chair over your wife's head. Prisoner—It was an accident, your honor. Hizonner—What! Didn't you intend to hit her? Prisoner—Yes, but I didn't intend to break the chair.

The Lazy Horse.

An Irishman once tapped a poky horse with a whip and said, "Pick up your feet, and they'll fall themselves."—Atchison Globe.

The readiest and surest way to get rid of censure is to correct ourselves.—Demosthenes.

THE STAR CHAMBER

CONDENSED HISTORY OF A FAMOUS SCHEME OF OPPRESSION.

At First Its Objects Were Laudable, but It Subsequently Became a Cruel and Unjust Power—Some of Its Outrageous Penalties.

When the Earl of Richmond had defeated Richard III. at Bosworth and had been crowned king as Henry VII., he found the times in so troubled a state that men whose rights were infringed upon or denied them dared not apply for justice to the ordinary courts. The unblushing manner in which bribes and threats were resorted to by those that had influence over the proceedings of these courts denied to them the security of a juror's oath.

To reach a mischief that had grown so intolerable Henry, feeling himself strong enough with his second parliament, created a court made up of the highest officers of the kingdom, embracing, theoretically, the king himself, who was considered the author of all justice, to which were confided unlimited power and discretion over a large, undefined class of offenses, many of which were of a political character, without the restraint of a jury and subject to no revision by appeal.

This was afterward known as the court of the star chamber, so called because the ceiling of the room in which it met was studded with stars or because in this apartment prior to the time of Edward I. the contracts of the Jews, called starrs, were deposited in boxes or chests.

This scheme had good results at first. Wealthy landowners who had oppressed their neighbors with impunity were brought before this court, where neither fear nor favor could avail, and tried for their offenses. The greatest merit of the court was that it was not dependent on a jury, for juries were unable or unwilling to render a verdict in keeping with their consciences.

One said, "A court thus constituted, with powers so broad and a discretion unlimited by prescribed rules, though called into existence for wise and salutary purposes, was in the end like invoking the spirit of mischief without a corresponding power in reserve to lay it or check its excesses if inclined to abuse its authority."

Instead of losing power as the necessity for its existence passed away it drew to itself new elements of strength and enlarged the extent of its jurisdiction. It became, after successive administrations under the hands of ambitious leaders such as flourished in the time of Henry VIII., Elizabeth and the two Stuarts, a most potent engine of despotic rule and intolerance. Torture, intimidation and other devices were used to compel the accused to incriminate himself.

Charles I., through the star chamber, filled his coffers. During his reign such enormous fines were imposed for trivial offenses that the audience gathered about the courtroom at 3 o'clock in the morning to secure seats to hear the proceedings. The discretionary power of the court in the way of punishment made it a means of cruel injustice in the hands of bad men, instances of which disgrace the history of its administration during the reigns of James I. and Charles I.

One of the most remarkable cases was that of Bishop Williams, who had been lord keeper of the seal, a popular prelate and a man of learning and spirit and at one time a special favorite of James. While enjoying his patronage he exerted his influence in behalf of Laud, afterward archbishop, who owed his first promotion to his good offices. Some disagreement arose between them. Nothing would satisfy Laud but the ruin of the man who had befriended him.

On some slight pretext the bishop was brought before the star chamber and fined £10,000, committed to the Tower during the king's pleasure and suspended from office. His furniture and books were levied upon to pay the fine. Among some refuse papers were found some letters from Obaldiston, a schoolmaster, directed to the bishop. In these letters the writer spoke of a "little great man" and in one place of a "little urchin." As Laud was small of stature, it was conjectured that these terms referred to him. They were both tried, one for receiving such scandalous letters and the other for writing them. Williams paid a fine of £8,000 and Obaldiston £5,000, and he had his ears nailed to the pillory.

Prynne, a barrister at law, of Lincoln's Inn, a Puritan of the strictest sect, published his famous "Histrio Mastix," a huge volume of 1,000 quarto pages, aimed at stage plays, music, dancing, public festivals, Christmas sports, bonfires and maypoles. For this alleged libelous volume he was arraigned before the star chamber.

Mr. Prynne, in his general sweep for his historical illustration of the mischief of frequenting plays, referred to Nero and spoke of Flavius and others who conspired against him for his bad example upon the magistrates and the people. The chief justice from this inferred that the author intended to instigate the people to murder the king, and Prynne was deprived of his right of practice as a barrister, condemned to stand in the pillory at Westminster and Cheapside, to lose his ears, one at each of these places, to pay a fine of £5,000 and to be imprisoned for life.

There was hardly a man in the realm who had not personal experience of the harshness and greediness of the star chamber. It became odious, and not without reason. It was abolished in 1641 as one of the acts of concession made by Charles I. to the demands of an indignant nation. Prynne and his fellow martyrs were recalled from prison. They entered London in triumph amid the shouts of the multitude, who threw laurels in their path.

PERIL IN ATHLETICS

PHYSICAL EXERCISE SHOULD BE TAKEN IN MODERATION.

Muscle Building Is Not Necessary to Good Health, and Severe Training Weakens the Heart and Nerves and Lowers Vitality.

Once beyond the bounds of moderation, physical exercise and physical training not only weaken the heart for a lifetime, predispose to pneumonia, cause pulmonary tuberculosis and make extra possible a dozen other ills, but they unfit a man from being the ideal husband and father.

Dr. Robert E. Coughlin of Brooklyn, says the New York Times, has been collecting statistics upon and following the careers of athletes for years. He examined the contestants in amateur boxing matches, and the abnormal development of the best of them struck him. Magnificently developed as to their muscles, they were far from being men of normal health and strength. Beyond a certain point the muscular training was at the expense of their vitality. It took away from the heart and lungs. There was scarcely an organ of the system not affected and made less efficient. It seemed worth while to explore further into the cause.

"In regard to the benefit to be derived from athletics," says the doctor, "one has only to remember the physiology of exercise to become convinced of the fact that exercise, per se, may be very beneficial. The point to bear in mind is to advise the person to stop before fatigue becomes evident. We can do this readily when the athlete is interested in games for the mere exercise, but such advice cannot be offered when his aim is to excel in an athletic contest. Here is where athletics do great harm, and it would be a safe rule to advise against all forms of athletics in the nature of a contest.

"Athletics may be said to be beneficial until the heart begins to be markedly hypertrophied. This is the danger signal."

Hypertrophied is the medical man's way of saying enlarged—that is, the walls or muscles of the heart increase in size. Though this is the "danger signal," there is no real danger here, only a warning. The danger comes when, in consequence of additional exertion, the heart dilates, its interior grows larger, displacing the delicate machinery, causing the valves to leak. Then come "murmurs," and though a man may live for years with weakened valves he may die any day and any moment.

Does physical exercise, then, build up the general health and make a better man out of a man? There seems to be a question, with some scientific men saying today very emphatically, "Not unless that physical exercise is very moderate indeed."

Health, one of the big English authorities (Sir Michael Foster) puts it, does not exist. It is like happiness. Each has a goal or limit which, while seemingly attainable, eludes perfect possession. The body consists of a number of mechanisms which have the closest and most exact relations, and as they approximate to harmony there is health, but when disordered there is ill health.

Not necessarily does a man by physical training and much exercise become a better man, nor does he even get better health. Here is the striking evidence of it in scientific statements of the day.

To obtain good health, muscle building is not a necessity. One cannot judge of a person's health by the size and hardness of the muscles. We have seen that the converse may be true. To obtain health one must not be in a perfectly trained condition owing to the effects of severe training on the nervous system. There is no evidence to prove that athletics and muscle building improve the constitution. One should always keep in mind the fact that built up or hypertrophied muscle has a tendency to degenerate. The heart, being a muscular organ, shares in this tendency.

But the athlete is a man who goes through the severest physical strain and training. If he boxes, runs, is a gymnast, a football player, a wrestler, an expert at baseball or tennis, any sport requiring violent exercise and the constant keeping in trim for it, all the rest of his body is sacrificed for the overdevelopment of these special muscles, and the rest of it must somehow suffer.

All the body should develop together, as it were. Body and mind should be built up evenly. If overathletics does nothing else it produces a wearing and tearing nervous strain.

When it comes to the actual athlete, the man who specializes on some form of physical force and muscle power, these conditions are greatly aggravated. Severe athletic training and muscle building, it is now an acknowledged fact of science, are at the expense of the nervous and glandular systems.

"An experienced athlete," says one authority, "gave as his opinion that a man sacrifices a certain part of his life every time he enters a contest of any kind. He also said that a man when 'fit,' as expressed by athletes, is in an abnormally nervous condition. In other words he can never remain at ease for a minute at a time and, like the caged lion, is forever on the move during his waking moments. It has been noticed by observers that athletes are often [illegible] particularly susceptible [illegible] and appendicitis."

What He Cleaned Up.

"Did you ever speculate in that railroad?"

"No; I washed my hands of it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

If rich be not elated, if poor be not dejected.—Socrates.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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ROBBING A BANK SAFE

THE EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD TIME EXPERT CRACKSMAN.

He Was Hired to Do the Job, and He Did It Well, but the Reward Was Not What Had Been Promised by His Unscrupulous Employer.

"One day in the fall of 1874," said an old retired detective, "one of the most finished and successful bank burglars that ever used a drill in this country was walking across Sixth avenue, New York, enjoying his parole and the mellow sunshine. There were a whole lot of indictments hanging over him, of course, but they didn't worry him any, for he happened to be on pretty fair terms with some of the men attached to the municipal administration at that time. As he swung along he was accosted by a prosperous looking man whom he did not know, although the prosperous looking citizen addressed the burglar by his right name. The crook, finding after some stalling that the man who knew his name wasn't a detective, took him into a cafe and asked him some things.

"'In the first place, how did you know me?' he inquired of the stranger.

"Well, it appeared that the burglar had been pointed out to the stranger by a detective who was so shady that he afterward did time for surreptitiously extending aid and comfort to the enemy; one of the old time bands of New York crooks.

"'All right,' said the cracksman then. 'Now, I don't suppose you are seeking my acquaintanceship for the sake of being introduced into society or for the enjoyment of my winning ways. What's your lay?'

"Then the stranger up and told the burglar what his graft was.

"'I'm the cashier of a bank a bit up the state,' said he to the burglar. 'The directors don't know anything about it, but I'm short in my accounts. There's only one way out of it. The bank will have to be robbed by professional cracksmen. That will let me out, and in addition I'll expect to get my rakeoff from the robbery. I want you to rob the bank. You'll find $35,000 in cash in it on the night you arrange the job. I'll attend to that. Of course I want my bit out of that, $10,000 at least. I've always heard that you're square in these divisions of plunder, and therefore I'll trust you to hand me my share after you've done the job for putting you on to it.'

"'This sounds good enough to eat,' replied the cracksman. 'Fact is, it's so sweet that it's almost cloying. Now, I've heard your proposition. You give me a couple of days to investigate you, and then we'll talk business.'

"They arranged another meeting at the same place a couple of days later, and in the meantime the cracksman, whose facilities were the best, looked into the job. He found that his man really was the cashier of an up state bank in a town not more than an hour's run from New York. So when the cashier called at the appointed time the burglar was ready to talk business.

"'You'll have a hard night's work,' said the cashier, 'for in order to avert suspicion I'll have to leave the vaults and safes locked tighter'n a drum, as usual. You'll need several assistants.'

"'That's my end of it,' replied the cracksman. 'You just let me handle those little details. Every man to his trade. They don't make 'em so strong that I can't get into 'em.'

"Then all of the details were arranged, and the robbery was fixed for a certain night in the following week. The cashier was especially solicitous that he should get his share of the proceeds of the crib cracking. The cracksman assured him that if there was $35,000 in the job $25,000 would be enough for himself and his associates and the cashier would get the rest. On the night fixed the cracksman and three of his best men went up to the town and pulled off the job. It was a matter of four hours before the gang after overpowering and gagging the watchman got into the main safe. They found it empty. Then they tackled the smaller safes. These, too, were empty. The top notch cracksman was pretty mad, naturally.

"He had been played for a good thing, and he knew it. The cashier had simply looted the bank himself, and the robbery which he had arranged was to cover up his own trail. There have been Napoleons of finance with a number developed from among bank cashiers, but I never heard of a neater job than that.

"Of course the cracksman and his pals had nothing for it but to pack their kits and drill back to New York. They weren't, of course, in a position to say anything about how they'd been done. The top notch cracksman had to read in the afternoon papers the lurid accounts of how the bank had been robbed of cash and securities 'approximating $100,000 in amount' and grind his teeth and cuss. The bank's failure was announced a few days later.

"The cashier? Oh, within a dozen years he died a beggar on the streets of New York."

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

First Written Laws.

The first written statutes are comprised in the law of Moses, 1491 B. C. The first Greek laws were systematized by Draco 623 B. C. The laws of Lycurgus were made about 844 B. C. The Roman laws were first compiled by Servius Tullius and amended by the twelve tables in 449 B. C. The pandects of Justinian were compiled in 533. Blackstone's Commentaries were published at Oxford in 1765 and 1769.

Every human soul has the germ of some flowers within, and they would open if they could only find sunshine and free air to expand it.—Mrs. Child.

KILLED THE LAUGH.

The Story of the Prayer In Rossini's "Mose In Egitto."

The sublime prayer of the Hebrews, when preparing to cross the Red sea, is, perhaps, one of the most solemn and majestically grand compositions that can be found in the choral repertory, yet, at the same time, simple to a degree. This was an afterthought of the composer and was not introduced until the second season of the production of "Mose In Egitto" at Naples.

The opera then, as now, terminated with the passage of the Red sea by the Israelites; but, although the audiences were entranced with the music, they invariably saluted the passage of the Red sea with peals of laughter, owing to want of skill of the machinist and scene painter, who contrived to render this portion of the affair superbly ridiculous and brought down the curtain amid uproarious mirth.

Rossini exhibited his usual indifference, but poor Tottola, the poet, was driven nearly crazy by this unwelcome termination of his literary labors and intensely chagrined at the idea of so sacred a subject exciting laughter. This lasted throughout the first season; the next it was reproduced with similar brilliant success on the first nights, for the music, and similar laughter at the end of the opera. The next day, while Rossini was indulging in his usual habit of lying in bed and gossiping with a room full of friends, in rushed Tottola in a most excited state, crying out:

"Evviva, I have saved the third act!"

"How?" asked Rossini [illegible].

"Why," replied Tottola, "I have written a prayer for the Hebrews before crossing the dreadful Red sea and I did it all in one hour."

"Well," said Rossini, "if it has taken you an hour to write this prayer I will engage to make the music for it in a quarter of the time. Here, give me pen and ink," saying which he jumped out of bed, and in ten minutes he had composed the music without the aid of a piano and while his friends were laughing and talking around him. Thus, owing to the blundering ignorance of a stage carpenter and scene painter, the world is indebted for the most sublime preghiera ever penned.

Night came. The audience prepared to laugh as usual when the Red sea scene came, but when the new prayer commenced deathy silence prevailed, every note was listened to with rapt attention, and on its conclusion the entire audience rose en masse and cheered for several minutes, nor did they ever again laugh at the passage of the Red sea.

HOW MUCH PEOPLE EAT.

In finding a unit for the food consuming power of each family it was assumed as generally true that—

Husbands consume a like amount of food.

The wife consumes 90 per cent as much as the husband.

A child from eleven to fourteen years of age consumes 90 per cent as much food as the husband.

A child from seven to ten years of age consumes 75 per cent as much food as the husband.

A child from four to six years of age consumes 40 per cent as much food as the husband.

A child of three years or under consumes 15 per cent as much food as the husband.

Children of fifteen years of age and over are considered as adults so far as the consumption of food is concerned.—Boston Transcript.

Monkeys and Colors.

In order to prove its power of discriminating between colors the scientist Dahl made some interesting tests upon a monkey. He colored some sweets with a certain colored dye and some bitter substances with that of another color. After a few attempts the monkey learned to leave without even tasting those articles of food colored with the dye which indicated bitter tasting substances and seized at once upon those which indicated sweets. Varying the experiments sufficiently he found that the monkey distinguished all the different colors readily, save only dark blue. Many savage tribes cannot distinguish dark blue from black and even children distinguish this color later than all others.

Robespierre.

Robespierre of the French revolution, the man who was destined to deluge France with blood, was not long before his frightful career of power began one of the most strenuous opponents of capital punishment. While he was still an obscure advocate at his native Arras he threw up an appointment because of his opposition to this form of penalty. And just when his star was in the ascendant he boldly harangued the national assembly to prove that the punishment of death is essentially unjust, that it has no tendency to repress crimes and that it multiplies offenses much more than it diminishes them.

Why He Was Lost.

Average Man—There's a run on an other bank. Just look at the [illegible] crowd [illegible]. [illegible]

[illegible] Friend—[illegible] You are [illegible] deposit to remain, I presume.

Average Man—Unnerved! haven't any funds in that bank.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XX[illegible] Historical Society
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 1907
NUMBER 4

CASE COMES BACK AGAIN

Supreme Court Says County Commissioners Must Act Again.

County Seat Removal Petition Is Legal in Every Way.

The decision of the state supreme court last Friday deciding the county seat question was considerable of a surprise to the people of both Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls. The court held with Thief River Falls in all points and says that the petition for the removal of the county seat is a legal one in every way and will allow no further litigation up on this matter. The decision of Judge Watts, however, is reversed in that the court holds that the notice of calling the board together was not made by the county auditor and therefore sufficient notice was not given to the voters of the county. This means that the board of county commissioners will have to again meet and consider the petition, but the only matter that they are allowed to consider is whether or not the petition contains the required number of signatures. The board will probably be called together sometime in February or March to consider the petition. The following is the decision of the supreme court in the matter:

L. A. Kaufer, appellant, vs. James E. Ford, as county auditor of Red Lake county, respondent.

A petition for the removal of the county seat of Red Lake county was dismissed by the board of county commissioners when presented to it for action, without a consideration of its merits, on the ground that because of certain defects in the proceedings leading up to its presentation, the board had no jurisdiction to entertain the same. Immediately thereafter proceedings in mandamus were commenced against the board by a taxpayer and legal voter, on behalf of himself and all other legal voters of the county, to compel the members thereof to reconvene and hear and determine the petition upon its merits. Issue was joined, and all questions affecting the jurisdiction of the board to proceed in the matter were raised by the pleadings. Judgment was finally rendered therein, to the effect that the board had full and complete jurisdiction to hear the petition upon its merits, and its members were commanded to convene on the 11th day of June, 1906, then and there to consider and determine whether it had the requisite number of signers to justify calling an election to vote upon the proposition, and if so to certify to the county auditor accordingly. Pursuant to the commands of the judgment, the board convened at the time stated, considered the petition upon its merits, found it in sufficient compliance with the statutes and directed the auditor of the county to give notice of an election to vote upon the proposition, as required in such cases by the statutes. Thereafter this action was brought to restrain and enjoin the auditor from complying with the directions of the board, on the ground that the board had no jurisdiction to act in the matter, the grounds assigned being those which prompted the board originally to dismiss the petition; and, further, that the court below had no authority by the judgment in the mandamus proceedings, to direct the commissioners to meet at a specified time, without further providing for the notice required to be given in such cases by section 396, R. L. 1905.

It is held:

That the judgment in the mandamus proceedings was final and conclusive upon all questions affecting the jurisdiction of the board to hear and determine the petition upon its merits, and those questions cannot be further litigated in this or any other action.

That proceeding was brought by a legal voter of the county, on behalf of himself and all other legal voters, and the judgment therein is conclusive as to all legal voters of the county upon all issues which were, or might have been, litigated therein, it not appearing that it was obtained by fraud or collusion.

That the trial court exceeded its authority in commanding the board to convene on a date named, then and there to determine the merits of the petition, without further requiring notice to the voters of the county, as required by section 396, R. L. 1905, and to this extent the judgment is invalid on its face.

That no valid certificate by the board of county commissioners to the effect that a proper petition has been filed can be issued by the board until after a hearing duly had, pursuant to the notice required by the statute referred to.

Order reversed. Brown, J.

The Roadmaster's Birthday.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Regan entertained a large party of friends at their North Side home last Friday evening, in honor of Mr. Regan's birthday anniversary. The evening was spent at cards and other amusements, and elaborate refreshments were served to the guests. The merry making continued until a late hour, and even then the guests were loath to depart as the time had been so enjoyable to all. Mr. Regan was the recipient of the good wishes of all for many years of health and happiness.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

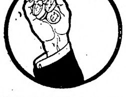

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment---there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

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BOUGHT A SNOW PLOW

Soo Road Pays a Premium of $2,000 to Get One for the Wheatline.

Blockade to Be Raised and a Supply Train to Follow.

Minneapolis Journal: Bidding against the Great Western railroad of England E. Pennington vice president and general manager of the Soo line put up such a stiff premium for a snowplow that his competitor was backed clear off the boards.

The plow is now being hurried to the northwest with all possible dispatch, and and will do its first work in opening up the the Kenmare line of the Soo.

The story of the purchase is one of the most stirring incidents of the Great Blockade. For many days onethird of the Kenmare line, from Adams to Overly, has been blocked with snow. All the other roads operating in the northwest have been struggling against the same handicap of huge, shifting drifts, and plows—especially the big rotaries—have been working overtime.

The Soo beleived it had a sufficient equipment of snow fighting apparatus, but when the present emergency arose, the necessity of another rotary became painfully apparent. There was only one lone machine of the sort available. It had just been completed at the shops of the American Locomotive company at at Paterson, N. J., and it was the understanding that it was to go to the big English railway. Several American roads had learned that the machine was ready and were already trying to secure it when Mr. Pennington came into the field as a bidder.

From the first he made up his mind that rotary was coming to the Soo and he was prepared to spend money like water to insure the more speedy opening of his road. The bidders for the plow began to offer premiums and the competition assumed the aspect of a poker game with everybody standing pat. The Great Northern was among the bidders, but when the general manager of the Soo boosted the price he was willing to pay to a figure a plump $2,000 above the actual price of the plow, the others pulled out and the Soo had won.

Arrangements were made at once with F. D. Underwood of the Erie to rush the rotary westward in emergency time. It started on its journey on Jan. 15. The Erie is to deliver it to the Milwaukee, and General Manager W. J. Underwood promises to push it along as fast as if it were a president's special. When the big plow reaches the Soo it will be hurried out to its work of eating up the huge drifts on the Kenmare line. In its wake will go special trains bearing fuel and provisions in sufficient quantities to relieve for remainder of the winter any apprehensions of the residents in that part of the state.

All this will be done on an emergency basis with every effort devoted to speed. It costs money, but the territory served by the Kenmare line is newly opened up and the settlers there have not had time to accumulate stores to carry them thru a long period of blockade. Mr. Pennington appreicates this fact which in a large measure explains the premium he paid for the rotary.

The rotary snow plow referred to above is expected to arrive in Thief River Falls the latter part of this week and be used exclusively upon the Wheatline in the future. It is said to be one of the best plows built and can work its way through any snow drift.

BAD FOR TRAPPERS.

"Skin George" Says That the Snow Causes Much Trouble.

"So much snow makes it very bad for the trappers through Northern Minnesota," says George Osmann, the well known fur buyer better known as "Skin George." "Men engaged in the business would not mind it so much if the snow would come all at once, but what they object to is having it fall every day or two, burying the traps out of sight and making them worthless until dug out and reset.

"A few inches of snow over the pan make the trap worth about as much as if it were sprung, and in the case of a deadfall, or other contrivance made of sticks and trees, it doesn't take much snow to put them out of commission. There have been periods this winter when snow fell practically every night, and morning after morning the trappers would go the rounds and get almost nothing but work.

"Furs command a fair price this year, taken as a whole, and the successful trapper stands to make good profits from his season's work. Mink and martin are in good demand, and there is no trouble in disposing of weasel and muskrat pelts, or any kind of fur in fact."

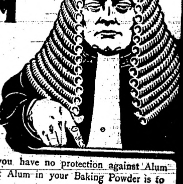

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD

In England and France the Sale of Alum Baking Powder is prohibited by law because of the injurious effects that follow its use.

The law in the District of Columbia also prohibits Alum in food.

You may live where as yet you have no protection against Alum. The only *sure protection* against Alum in your Baking Powder is to

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is made from Absolutely pure Cream of Tartar,—a pure Grape product. Aids digestion—adds to the healthfulness of food.

BIG CANAL PROPOSED

An Old Scheme to Connect This Section With Lake Superior Revived.

Proposed Canal Would Run Through Thief River Falls.

Hon. Asher Murray of Wadena has received a blue print from Engineer R. J. Mershon of Chicago, showing several prosposed routes for a great canal to be designed to carry the surplus water from the northern and western borders of Minnesota to the Great Lakes.

Mr. Mershon visited Wadena within the past year while engaged in the work of investigation to ascertain the feasibility of the proposed canal. When there he expressed the belief that the canal would follow Leaf river if it was ever built, but it now seems that it will pass across the state to the south of that river.

The blue print shows the starting point of the canal at Rainy Lake, a short distance above Rainy Lake, which has an elevation of 1,115 feet. The water will, it appears, be taken out of the Rainy River below International Falls so as not to interfere with the water power at that point.

From International Falls the route of the canal is southwest for 140 miles passing a short distance north of Red Lake, to a point not far south of Thief River Falls which has an elevation of 1,0[illegible]0 feet.

From Thief River Falls the canal goes directly south along the high ridge or tableland at the east edge of the Red River Valley, and within about five miles from Red Lake Falls, and strikes a point east of Breckenridge. A branch from Lake of the Woods comes south to connect with the main canal at Thief River Falls.

From Breckenridge several routes are proposed to carry the water to Lake Superior. One is down the Minnesota river to St. Paul, and thence following parallell with the St. Croix river to Lake Superior.

Another route goes east from Breckenridge, passing through or near Royalton and Mille Lacs lake, thence over into Wisconsin, and down the Brule river into Lake Superior.

Still another route goes east from Breckenridge, passing just north of Milaca, through Pine City and thence northeast to Lake Superior.

Another route passes through Princeton, Willmar and Sauk Rapids. All of the routes enter Lake Superior, which has an elevation of [illegible] feet.

This great canal is not going to be built at once. Many years may elapse before it is constructed, if indeed, it is ever built. Unquestionably large interests are behind the project which has for its principal aim the giving of additional water to supply the Erie canal, the Chicago drainage canal and other waterways and water powers in the east.

Before the canal could be built international obstacles would have to be brushed aside and many interests would have to be satisfied. The United States government would also have a hand in the building of the waterway. This canal would furnish another great transportation route, besides providing water power along its route.

The Estray Law.

"In answer to many enquires regarding the law of estrays, we publish the following legel requirements," says the Waseca Herald. "Every finder of an estray shall within seven days thereafter notify the owners to pay all reasonable charges and take said estray away. If the owner be to him unknown he shall file a notice with the town clerk within ten days who will transmit a copy of said notice to register of deeds, who shall record the same in book designated "Estray Book." If the estray be of less than $5 value finder must give posted notice thereof in said town, but if the value exceed $5 he shall give four weeks published notice thereof. Failure to give notice render finder liable to the owner of such estray in double the amount of damage sustained by him. If there be no claim of said estray, after having been appraised the estray becomes the property of the finder provided its value is less than $10. If the animal is worth more than $10 it must be sold by a constable and the receipts there from after the charges and the costs are paid must be turned over to the county treasurer. If the finder fails to cause such sale to be made he shall pay to the town the value such estray. No person is allowed to take away an estray without paying all lawful charges. These provisions do not apply to beasts taken up while doing damages.

DRAINAGE BILL.

One Indroduced in the Senater by Senator Clapp Last Week.

Washington, Jan. 16.—An extensive plan for the reclamation of swamp and overflowed lands will be considered at an early meeting of the senate committee on public lands. The scheme is advanced in a bill introduced by Senator Clapp, which provides for the establishment of a "drainage fund" from all moneys received from the sale of public lands in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Michagan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio and Wisconsin, except the 5 per cent set aside by law for educational and other purposes.

Under the bill the secretary of the interior is directed to make examinations and surveys for construction of works for the drainage of swamp lands and to report to congress on or before July 1 each year as to the result. The reports are to include estimates of all contemplated works, the quantity and the location of the lands which can be reclaimed and all facts relative to the practicability of the proposed projects.

NEW PENSION BILL.

McCumber Bill Passes the Senate and Is in the House For Disposition.

Senator McCumber's new pension bill has passed the United States senate and has gone to the house. The bill provides that all old soldiers who passed through the Civil and Mexican wars, and who have reached the age of 62, shall receive $12 per month. All who are 70 are to receive $15 and all 75 or over $20 per month.

It is estimated that this new bill will increase the pension expenditures five million dollars a year and some say three times that amount.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE

B. DAN BJORKMAN.
CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

DIED VERY SUDDENLY

L. B. Nichols Stricken With Paralysis a Week Ago Today.

Died Yesterday a Little After the Noon Hour.

A week ago today L. B. Nichols suffered a stroke of paralysis and for a few days was in an unconscious condition and little hopes were entertained for his recovery. The first of the week, however, his condition was greatly improved and it was thought that he would regain his former health, but on Tuesday evening he become unconsious again and died shortly after noon yesterday.

The deceased had been a resident of this city for about three years, coming here at the opening of the eleven towns. He was nearly 60 years of age and had made a very large circle of friends here during his residence in Thief River Falls. He is survived by a wife and one son, Wallcae K. Nichols.

No announcement has as yet been made as to the funeral services, but the remains will be taken to the old home of the deceased at Marshall, Minn., for burial.

L. B. Nichols was born in Londerry, N. H., 59 years ago, and when a boy removed with his parents to Waukegan, Ill. At the age of 12 he came to Mantonville, Minn., and remained there until 1872. He then removed to Marshall, Minn., where he engaged in business and remained there until 1902, removing from there to Seattle Wash., and stayed there until 1904, when he came to Thief River Falls. Out of a family of eight children, only a brother and sister, both of whom reside at Minneroukon, N. D., survive him.

Special Notice.

I would like to call the attention of the readers of this paper that I will open a music store in the near future in the Johnson building, LaBree Ave., 1st door south of Swore's confectionery.

You will now have an opportunity of buying your sheet music and music books here in town instead of sending away for same and also select the music you may like before buying, as I will have everything in the line of new and up-to-date sheet music and music books.

I will also have a stock of musical instruments on hand and will be able to supply you with anything in that line.

I also announce that in connection with same, repairing of all kinds of musical instruments will be done neatly and to perfect satisfaction.

What I trust and depend upon is your trade and patronage as it is the only thing that will keep my business going and give me success. Hans Angell.

ESPLEE

Mrs. Alvina Lange returned home Saturday from Thief River Falls.

Pete Carlson and James Chapman are hauling cordwood to Germantown and it is certainly needed on these cold days.

Leo Hanson and John Mohre went up to Lovestone's mill to get some timber sawed.

Gust Fundanet and Andrew Braaten went through here Sunday enroute home from Thief River Falls.

Ben McCormack is staying on his claim now.

Alf Olson called at Oatnio last Saturday.

The Nelson Bros. have commenced cutting cordwood and we suppose some one will get warmed up.

The taxpayers have already been notified, and all in this neighborhood are about satisfied, yet there is some kick as we are not all good citizens.

Last Saturday we had another snow storm and there are snowdrifts about ten feet deep in some places.

Praise for Rev. Flesher.

Fosston Thirteen Towns:—Seldom is the opportunity given here for enjoying as able an address as that delivered in the high school assembly room last Wednesday evening by Rev. Chas. H. Flesher of Thief River Falls. The lecture, "Filling the Niche; or, the Man for the Place," although especially intended for the young men and women, students of the high school, should be profitable to the older generation as well and it is safe to say that the parents who were present appreciated the address as much as any of the scholars listening to it. Mr. Flesher is a clear, forceful speaker, [illegible] his hearers with his naturalness at all times. [illegible] his lecture was of benefit to all who listened to him Wednesday evening cannot be doubted. The singing by the High School glee club and the music of the High School orchestra were excellent and deserving of commendation.

Notice

The Experience Social which was to have been given Friday evening by the Epworth League has been postponed on account of unfavorable weather.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

On Saturday night the class of '07 entertained the Juniors, Sophomores, school faculty and members of the school board. Despite the stormy weather quite a crowd was present. The assembly room was decorated in the school colors, crimson and Yale-blue, and the recitation room, where lunch was served, in Senior colors, green and white. A short program was rendered. Mr. Backe, the the only member of the school board present, gave a short address. Ice cream and cake was served, the Senior boys acting as waiters. Altho the inclement weather prevented many from attending, the first Annual Senior Reception may be pronounced a success.

The school attendance has been somewhat limited this week owing to the fact that many of the pupils have been in the "grip of the grippe." A number of the teachers also have been ill.

The Juniors have two new members in their class, Colin McNiven and William Spoonholm.

Isn't it wonderful what a habit the radiators have of turning into geyser? It might be well to institute a course in plumbing in the school curriculum so as to have a plumber at hand to mend accidental (?) leaks.

One half the school year has passed, Seniors. Four months and a half, and we'll be free. We'll be out of misery.

The Sophomores are harboring in their midst a future authoress. Who is she? Guess!

Supt. Hay has been quite ill this week.

The question of "Self government has been discussed in school of late. Many of the pupils are in favor of installing that form of government in our high School.

Governess—A female governor, or wife of a governor. The definition given by the boys of the civics class.

Teacher—Of what age must one be to take charge of his own affairs? Junior—Of age.

Miss Carlson says she will teach the members of her higher latin classes something of Grammar before spring. We hope the task will not prove too much for her.

Wanted—A kindergarden teacher to take charge of the boys of the Junior class. Will be expected to amuse them during school hours. Apply to the school board.

GERMANTOWN.

The blizzard of last Saturday evening was the record-breaker in severity for this winter, and we are pleased to relate that no casualties have been reported.

The second annual meeting of the Germantown Creamery Association was held monday, and everybody is satisfied that they spent an interesting day. Officers for the ensuing year were elected follows:

President; Louis Hamre.
Vice President; John Ristau.
Secretary; N. Bundhund
Treasurer; Wm. Vaughan
Directors; Hans Clausen, Amund Johnson, A. P. Johnson, T. C. Horelsos and Henry Cook.

A fairly good year for the creamery ended and a far better one is generally predicted for the coming year.

Germantown.

The farmers are kept busy now a days shoveling snow, to keep buildings and haystacks clear, as every other day we have a good hard blizzard.

Frank Pinishepske and family from Clover Leaf township, were visiting with Mr. Ristau last week.

Henry Dau, and Carl Dommer and Louis Betten made a trip to town last week.

The roads to town are getting terribly high and whenever two loads meet on the road, the one that turns out is always liable to get stuck in the snow.

Our creamery is taking cream every Friday and more and more is coming right along and a few years from now we will be right in it.

We are sorry to state that Rohnke our hotel keeper died last week, after a short illness and was taken to Wilmar, Minn., for interment. Whether or not Mrs. Rohnke will continue to run the hotel, we are unable to state.

Our creamery association held its second annual meeting last Monday, the business done last summer was better than was expected for a starter and will no doubt be more than doubled this year as the farmers realize that a creamery is a good thing for a country. Louis Hamre was elected President, and N. Bundhund secretary and Wm. Vaughan treasurer.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Jan. 27
Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 6:30 p. m.
Willie Prichard, leader.
Prayer meeting and Bible Study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Presiding Elder J. R. Davis preached a much appreciated sermon Monday night.

The public is welcome to all these services.

Chas. H. Flesher, Pastor.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

Load of Green Poplar Poles Falls Upon Martin Helgeson.

Resulted in Almost Instantaneous Death—Happened on Tuesday.

Martin Helgeson, a young man about 22 years of age and owner of the confectionery store formerly conducted by George Curran, was killed Tuesday afternoon on the road about two miles southeast of town. In company with his cousin, Henry Helgeson, he was bringing a load of green poplar poles to the city. Martin was walking along beside the load and Henry was walking behind the sled. A bad piece in the road was reached and the load tipped over falling with full force upon Martin. The result was that Martin's lungs were crushed so badly that he died almost instantly.

The deceased is a young man very well and favorably known by the residents of this city and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Helgeson. The funeral services will be held either tomorrow or Saturday afternoon.

A RARE TREAT.

Evans Male Quartette to be Here on Saturday Evening.

Evans Male Quartette, one of the best male quartettes in the United States, will be at the Evenson Opera House on Saturday evening of this week and will render one of the finest musical programs that it has ever been the pleasure of any Thief River Falls audience to hear. The quartette comes very highly recommended and in addition to vocal selections, a number of musical selections will be rendered. Anyone who enjoys good music will not be disappointed by attending this entertainment. Prices are 75, 50 and 25 cents. Reserved seats on sale at Stebbins.

Bijou Theatre Program.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Soap Bubble Fairies.
Children at Play.
King Soloman's Judgement.
Stealing Tomatoes.
Huntsman and Lion.
A Venetian Tragedy.
Illustrated Song: When the Robins Sing up in the Maple Trees.

Also other pictures to be announced later.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

The Southern Minnesota Horticultural society met last week at Austin.

Aaron Hill, a veteran of the Civil war and a pioneer resident of Olmsted county, is dead.

John Wilkinson, aged sixty-four, secretary of Tibbs, Hutchings & Co., is dead at St. Paul.

Fire at the state training school at Red Wing destroyed the cold storage room. The loss amounts to $8,000.

Governor Johnson has announced the reappointment of Adjutant General Fred B. Wood of Austin for a two years' term.

The annual meeting of the board of managers of the state fair was held in St. Paul last week. All the old officers were re-elected.

Judge Ozro B. Gould of Winona, a member of the state board of control and for many years prominently identified with Republican state politics, is dead at a Minneapolis hospital.

A full blooded Winnebago Indian, believed to be James Hall, who was tenting near Minnesota City, was run down by an eastbound Milwaukee train west of Winona and instantly killed.

The jury in the Towers murder case at Brainerd brought in a verdict of murder in the third degree. Towers took the verdict coolly, a slight tremor and a twitching of the face alone being noticeable.

Charles A. J. Marsh, seventy-six years of age and a resident of Minneapolis for many years, died at Asbury hospital Friday while his wife's funeral was taking place at their home, 215 Fifth avenue southeast.

The Mankato Commercial club canvassing committees have thus far raised about $20,000 toward building a street railway and have only begun their labors. No trouble is anticipated in raising a sufficient amount.

The farmers of the town of Wheeling and merchants of the village of Nerstrand, Rice county, will build a farmers' elevator at that place in the coming season. An organization has been perfected and officers elected.

P. M. Ringdahl of Crookston has been appointed a member of the state board of control. Mr. Ringdahl fills out the unexpired term of O. B. Gould, who died recently, and he will be reappointed for the six-year period in April.

Miss Lydia Fielder of Los Angeles, Cal., recently married to Verne Fuller at Blue Earth, this state, committed suicide by taking morphine. She was of a despondent nature and it is thought homesickness brought on insanity.

Seventy square miles of valuable pine timber lands have been acquired by Chicago and Duluth capitalists in a deal which has just been closed. The tract is located on the Canadian Northern road about sixty miles east of International Falls.

Mrs. Erland Peterson, one of the very earliest pioneer settlers of Northern Washington county, is dead at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Grandstrand, at Otisville, aged ninety-three years. Mrs. Peterson came to Minnesota in 1854.

Eric Johnson, a North Mankato resident who stumbled and broke the lamp that he was carrying down cellar one evening recently, is dead of the frightful burns that he received, his clothing having ignited. He was about forty-five years old.

Ernest Dunlop of Brainerd, eighteen years old, was accidentally shot at Tamarack. He was hunting and set the gun down against a log. It went off, the charge entering his abdomen and causing death in about three-quarters of an hour.

Sakri Sandberg, eighty years old and helpless, was burned to death at his home near Hitterdal. During the absence of his aged wife Sandberg, who was bedridden, attempted to light his pipe and in doing so set fire to his beard and the bed clothing.

The city council of Fergus Falls has adopted a resolution urging congress to pass a postal savings bank law. The resolution was adopted by unanimous vote following the presentation of a petition by a number of citizens asking that such action be taken.

Alexander Anderson was sentenced at Moorhead to the penitentiary for life by Judge Baxter for the murder of Thomas Crume, a bartender of that city, last June. The jury was out forty-eight hours and returned a verdict of murder in the second degree.

The indications are that the Great Northern will soon begin work on the extension of its road from Greenbush to Warroad. Thousands of ties have been purchased and are being delivered along the right of way of the extension, so that active construction work can begin within a short time.

Plans looking toward enlargement of the state university campus, higher salaries for the members of the faculty and the erection of a new building for the college of education received qualified approval at the hands of the executive committee of the state board of regents at its last regular meeting.

St. Paul is to be the headquarters for the Northwest of the pure food bureau operated by the United States department of agriculture and probably by May 1 the bureau will be in working order. It is very probable that the laboratory will be installed in the old capitol, as Governor Johnson, through State Dairy and Food Commissioner Slater, has placed the building at the disposal of the department of agriculture.

Subscribe for the News.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use *Scott's Emulsion* after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Subscribe for the News.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

Frank Jeffers was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Miss Margaret Lee visited with friends in Crookston last week.

Anton Gunderson was in from Germantown last Saturday.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Peter Peterson was down to St. Hilaire last week visiting friends.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Mrs. E. D. O'Hara left last week for Wykoff to visit friends for a few weeks.

L. O. Stenseth was in from the town of Smiley and had his name placed in the News 1908 class.

Albert Klungness, of Thorwick, was in the city last Saturday and paid for the News a year in advance.

Val Yager, of Ada, last week purchased the Johnson & Jenkins saloon, and is now in charge of that place.

Moses A. Beauregard and family left last Friday for Euclid to spend a few weeks visiting with relatives.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

—Attention—All underwear done up at 4c at the Star Steam Laundry. Bring in your work and let us do it for you.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Monday shaking hands with old friends here and attending to business matters.

Rev. J. R. Davis the new presiding elder for the M. E Church in this district was in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Charles N. Bordon, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to his home from a trip to Calgary, Canada.

Emil Sweaas and Emil Love were down to St. Hilaire Saturday evening and furnished the music for a dance at the Hotel Markham.

Salaries of Mahnomen county officials are: Auditor $50 a month, treasurer $20, attorney $35, probate judge $25, register $300 and 40 per cent, of all fees received over the first $600, clerk of court all the fees.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.
August Roadfeldt, pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and son, Edwin, left Tuesday evening for St. Charles, Minn., to visit friends for a few days. Mr. Stebbins stops off enroute at St. Paul to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M.

Alex McDonagh was in the city last Friday visiting his brother, John E. McDonagh. Mr. McDonagh was enroute to his home in Russell, Manitoba, from a visit to his parents in Ontario. He reports that there is no snow in the east.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder returned to this city last week from Virginia, Minn., where they had been to visit their son. Mr. Forder was quite sick during most of his stay in Virginia, but he is now considerably improved in health.

A. J. Mercer arrived in the city last week from Calgary, Canada. On Saturday of this week will be united in marriage to Miss Emma Lonson, one of the charming young ladies of this city and a few weeks later the newly married couple will leave for Calgary to make their future home.

According to the Plummer Pioneer Julius Pleth, the enterprising real estate dealer at that place will remove to St. Paul about the 15th of March and open up an office down there. Mr. Pleth will continue to deal in Red Lake county lands, but he will also extend his activities to North and South Dakota.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen—A black and w[illegible] bird dog about two years old. Has black ears and [illegible]; large black spot on [illegible] also one on back running down to hips. [illegible] yellow on the back [illegible], also heavy strap around [illegible] to the name of "[illegible]". Finder please return to Sam McMahon, Thief River Falls, Minn.

—Wanted—By a [illegible] monthly magazine, with large, high class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box [illegible], Station O, New York.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Frank Jeffers is in the city from Red Lake Falls.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed Longevin Tuesday.

Dr. Gambell was down to Crookston the first of the week.

George Gusa was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Walter Quist was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

Halvor Loken to Red Lake was down Falls the first of the week.

Frank Lawrence spent Sunday in the city visiting with his family.

Burt Anderson returned to the city the first part of the week from Fowlds, Minn.

—For Sale—An Empire cream separator, nearly as good as new, cheap. M. C. Burns.

F. S. Doege was over to Grand Forks the first of the week attending to business matters.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse and Miss Toye left this morning for Winnipeg for a short visit with friends.

Services by Rev. M. L. Dahl in the Zion church Jan. 27, in the morning at 10:45 and evening at 7:30.

Joe Coture and family and John Le Sage and family left Monday for Idaho to make their future home.

Attorney Wilkinson was up from Crookston Tuesday attending to some legal business for the Great Northern.

Found—A pocket book was found in the postoffice on Tuesday. Owner can have same by applying to F. H. Kratka.

Hans Angell has given up his position in the grocery department of the Golden Rule and has opened up a music store on LaBree ave.

About six inches more of snow yesterday. We are not high enough up in mathematics to tell how much this, added to the total would make.

The Misses Hermanson and Miss Alice Christienson gave a linen shower for Miss Emma Lonson at the home of Mrs Albert Huseth last evening.

The firemen will give a grand ball in the Evenson Hall to morrow evening. It is anticipated that a large crowd will be in attendance and as is well known, the firemen always give their guests a good time.

The Ladies Aid, of Trinity congregation will have their auction sale and oyster supper Jan. 21, in the old stand of Maple Leaf Restaurant. Everybody cordially invited.

Olaf Wahlberg, one of the settlers living out near Brunkeberg, was in the city yesterday being enroute from Blackduck to his home. Mr. Wahlberg drove his team across the country from Blackduck and reports that there was a sufficient amount of snow so that he did not have to travel over any ground during the trip.

A SHORT BILL.

One That Will Again Open Up the Red Lake Lands.

The following is a copy of the bill introduced by Congressman Steenerson for the opening of the Red Lake lands that were last fall withdrawn from settlement:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That the lands withdrawn by the Secretary of the Interior, under the provisions of chapter thirty-five hundred and four, Fifty-ninth Congress, first session, approved June twenty first, nineteen hundred and six, authorizing a drainage survey of the lands ceded by the Chippewa Indians, shall be subject to entry in the same manner as other lands so ceded, subject to the condition, however, that the entrymen shall be required to pay any charges which may hereafter be authorized by Act of Congress for the drainage or reclamation of such lands.

Plenty of Snow.

This section enjoyed another bad snow storm Saturday night and Sunday morning and as a result traffic upon the railroads was nearly suspended. The Soo Winnipeg flyer due to arrive here Sunday morning did not reach the city until Sunday evening about 5 o'clock and two engines were required to haul it. The Great Northern trains on Monday were quite late and little attempt could be made to open up the Wheatline. According to old settlers there is considerable more snow upon the ground now than was ever seen before and about every other day it snows more. Just how much there will be on the ground before spring is a hard matter to predict.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 *THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE*

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14 k solid gold point, 50c extra.

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THE SUNDAY JOURNAL *BEST THERE IS.* Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

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THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

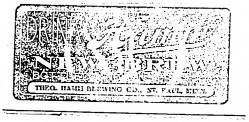

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Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

BOSTON'S LACK OF HUMOR.

An English View of the Landmarks of the "Hub."

I have said that Boston loves relics. The relics which it loves best are the relics of England's discomfiture. The stately portraits of Copley are of small account compared to the memorials of what was nothing else than a civil war. Faneuil hall, the Covent Garden of Boston, presented to the city by Peter Faneuil some thirty years before the birth of "liberty," is now but an emblem of revolt. The Old South meeting place is endeared to the citizens of Boston as "the sanctuary of freedom." A vast monument, erected a mere quarter of a century ago, commemorates the "Boston massacre." And wherever you turn you are reminded of an episode which might easily be forgotten. To an Englishman these historical landmarks are inoffensive. The dispute which they recall aroused far less emotion on our side of the ocean than on the other, and long ago we saw the events of the Revolution in a fair perspective. In truth, this insistence on the past is not wholly creditable to Boston's sense of humor. The passionate paeans which Otis and his friends sang to liberty were irrelevant. Liberty was never for a moment in danger, if liberty, indeed, be a thing of fact and not of watchwords. The leaders of the Revolution wrote and spoke as though it was their duty to throw off the yoke of the foreigner—a yoke as heavy as that which Catholic Spain cast upon Protestant Holland. But there was no yoke to be thrown off, because no yoke was ever imposed, and Boston might have celebrated greater events in her history than that which an American statesman has wisely called "the glittering and sounding generalities of natural right."—Charles Whitley in Blackwood's Magazine.

IMITATIVE WOMAN.

A Cynical English View of Feminine Human Nature.

Decidedly women are an imitative class. From her earliest age the small girl apes the doings of her elders and, had she her own way, would be a miniature epitome of fashion. Such entertainments as she is permitted to witness in her mother's drawing room she imitates, with dolls and nurses for company, in the nursery. In her school days she invariably "forms" herself on some special friend whom she elects as a model of feminine perfection. And at a certain stage of their lives girls are as much alike as peas in a pod. As they mature and develop they may perhaps show some signs of individuality, but in all the main issues of life they continue to be more imitative than original.

Fashions, housekeeping and entertaining are all more or less conducted on the same lines, and the only true sign of friendship that is shown to the young married woman is to beg her to order her life and her home on her friend's principles. Any departure from those principles or any symptom of individual taste or strength of mind will sound the first challenge of unpopularity for the budding matron. Her mother and her mother's friends will alike desire imitation of their methods as the "sincerest form of flattery," and every decline from the original system will be pronounced wrong or injudicious.—Rita in London Mail.

Too Rapid Growth.

The minister's six-year-old son is of a very critical, literal turn of mind, and his father's sermons sometimes puzzle him sorely. He regards his father as the embodiment of truth and wisdom, but he has difficulty in harmonizing the dominie's pulpit utterances with the world as it really is. His parents encourage him to express his opinions and clear up his doubts as much as possible. So one Sunday at dinner, after a long period of thought, they were not surprised when he said gravely, "Papa, you said one thing in your sermon today that I don't think is so at all."

"Well, what's that, my boy?" asked the clergyman.

"Why, papa, you said 'The boy of today is the man of tomorrow.' That's too soon."

Incredulous.

"Cousin Henry's seasickness that time he crossed the water must have touched his head a bit."

"Why so?"

"Well, here he wrote in his di'ry: 'June 14.—Most everybody seasick, includin' myself. Saw two spoutin' wales.'"

"Don't see anything very loony about that."

"Why, Abner Dobbs! Do you mean to tell me that you believe that any of them passengers had ever swallered a whale?"—Life.

British Military Inventors.

The war office has long been proverbial for its discouragement of inventors in general, but they seem to reserve a special brand of ill treatment for an inventor who is unlucky enough to wear a soldier's coat. General Shrapnell, the inventor of the formidable projectile which bears his name to this day, died a poor man after spending thousands of pounds on his invention.—London Regiment.

To the Point.

Little Fred—Uncle John, did you ever hear the story about the good little boy who had a nice uncle? Uncle John—No. Tell it to me. Little Fred—Well, the nice uncle gave the good little boy a quarter. That's all.—Exchange.

Nothing is impossible to the man who can will.—Mirabeau.

TRIAL MARRIAGES.

A Queer Old Custom That Existed For Ages In Scotland.

"Handfasting" was a custom that existed for ages in Scotland. The contracting parties met at the annual fairs in their several districts. There young men chose the maids who best pleased them. They joined hands and by that act became man and wife until the corresponding day of the following year. If the love and fortunes of the pairs had prospered during the year, on the anniversary of their meeting they were legally married by the priest; if all had not been well, then they parted.

The practice is supposed to have arisen from the scarcity of clergy. If the pair decided to part at the end of the twelvemonth, the bride was at liberty to marry another man, her apprenticeship to matrimony not carrying with it any reproach to her. Such marriages were by custom made legal. Any issue resulting from the union would in the case of a second marriage be taken by the father and rank as heir after the children of the marriage which lasted for life.

Many weddings were unmade at the end of the year, but it was dangerous if the initiative were taken by the man who had wedded the kinswoman of a chief. When a Macdonald of Sleat availed himself of his right to send back the sister of a Macleod of Dunvegan, *the latter resented it as an* indignity. "He had no bonfire to celebrate his wedding, but he shall have one to solemnize his divorce," Macleod swore. He kept his word, and a terrible vendetta between the clans resulted.

ODDITIES IN GRAVES.

A Woman Who, Born, Living and Dying Cross, Was Buried Cross.

There is a curious old gravestone in Prestbury churchyard which records the fact that one woman at least in England died a bachelor. Her name was Sarah Pickford, and the stone gravely informs the reader she was there interred "August ye 17, Anno Dom. 1703, and died a Bachelour in the 48th yeare of her age."

A stone in Westminster abbey records the interment there of George Graham, who was the only workman that received the honor of being buried in Westminster abbey. He was a scientific instrument maker, who in 1700 invented the deadbeat escapement in clocks. His funeral was attended by the Royal society in a body.

In East Ham churchyard there is a tombstone placed crossways. The woman interred is said to have been born cross, lived cross, married a Mr. Cross and died cross. Her dying request was to be buried cross, and this was carried out.

As to more ancient graves, that of Noah is reported to be in the small town of Nakhitchevan, near the foot of Mount Ararat, and is sixty feet in length. Another tradition says that the grave is merely a niche in the wall of an abandoned fortress.—London Chronicle.

A Direct Appeal.

A story is told of a New York car conductor who had once been in the ministry and who retained some of his former ways of speech in his new calling. He had been at the front of the car collecting fares, and when he returned to his platform a well disposed person told him that a man had boarded the car at Houston street and had found a place inside. The conductor stepped inside the doorway and ran his mild gaze up and down the car, but could not be sure which of the tightly packed passengers was the late arrival.

"Will the gentleman who got on at Houston street please rise?" he asked calmly.

The gentleman rose involuntarily, and, with a bow and a "Thank you!" the conductor collected his fare.

Irving's Uphill Fight.

When Irving first appeared in a certain midland town critics declared that his curious mannerisms of voice, gait and gesture destroyed his chances of becoming a great actor. How Irving confounded his critics by creating triumph after triumph and redeeming the English stage from the charge of mediocrity is now a matter of history. This great Shakespearean actor rose from the ranks to the head of his profession by sheer force of his histrionic power, ability and originality. And withal he was one of the most kindly of men, generous to a fault when the distress and troubles of others came under his notice.—London Mail.

Adam and Eve.

Adam was making his avowal to Eve.

"No power shall ever take you from my side," he declared fervently.

"That's a pretty rash promise, isn't it," inquired Eve, winking, "since you know I was taken from your side the first thing after you arrived here?"

Perceiving that the woman was giving him a rib roast, Adam went off sulking in the apple orchard.—Exchange.

He Was Right.

"See here," feebly complained the victim after the accident, "I thought you said it was perfectly safe to go up in that old elevator?"

"Well," replied the elevator man, "so it was safe to go up. You see, the dangerous part of it was comin' down."—Philadelphia Press.

Considerate.

Mr. Younghub—Did you bake this bread, darling? Mrs. Younghub—Yes, dear. Mr. Younghub—Well, please don't do anything like that again. You are entirely too light for such heavy work.

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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

January 24, 1907.

The appointment of P. M Ringdal, of Crookston, as a member of the state board of control by Gov. Johnson is a decidedly popular one in Northern Minnesota. Mr. Ringdal is a man of integrity and ability and will make a valuable member of the board.

If a bill introduced in the house by Representative Davidson of Mapleton goes through, the fat living of the political hangeron will disappear. It prohibits candidates or committees from giving away money, liquor or cigars, and from using carriages to bring voters the polls unless they are disabled.

The initiative and referendum bill, providing for a constitutional amendment to be submitted at the next election, appeared in the senate last week being offered by Senator Fitzpatrick, ot Winona. It would give the people a chance to initiate legislation and to pass upon laws adopted by the legislature.

In Fergus Falls some of the aldermen are endeavoring to arrange to have the city engage in the coal and wood business, their idea being to establish a municipal coal and wood yard, to be owned and managed by the city. They take the ground that the city could bring coal directly from the mines in trainload lots and sell it for considerably less than combination prices, and that farmers would come long distances to make purchases and incidentally do their other trading there.

A change in the rules for surveying logs sold on state lands is the object of a bill introduced in the house by J. A. Dalzell of Morton. At present logs are surveyed under the so-called Scribner's rule, a rule formulated sixty years ago. Mr. Dalzell believes that this rule gives the measurement of the logs at only about two-thirds of the actual amount of lumber they contain and he proposes to remedy this by amending the code and adding that in all surveys and scales hereafter made the number of feet shown by Scribner's rule shall be increased by 40 per cent, and in all cases of purchase from the state no settlement shall be accepted that does not include penalty for the additional 40 per cent.

A comprehensive system for draining state lands is the intention of a bill which was introduced in the house in the early part of the week by F. B. Wright of Minneapolis. chairman of the house drainage committee. The bill provides for the drainage of practically all the state lands in the northern part of the state in one complete system of ditches. This work will be done under the supervision of a drainage commission of three members to be appointed by the governor, and this commission will have complete control over all the drainage of state lands. The bill will provide that wherever private lands are drained these lands will be assessed for the costs of the drainage in proportion to the benefits, and where damages are done to state lands these will be paid out of the general fund for the drainage. The bill, however, does not contemplate the construction of all the ditches at once, but intends that they should be constructed through a period of years. It will carry a running appropriation of about $100,000 for each of ten years.

Two bills to prohibit donations to political party committees or candidates by corporations were introduced in the state senate last week. Senator J. T. McGowan of Minneapolis is the author of both bills, one of which confers certain powers upon the public examiner for the purpose of discovering whether such contributions have been made. The first bill, after prohibiting donations by corporations in political campaigns, provides that the corporations shall certify to the public examiner on Feb. 1, 1908, and each succeeding year, that no money or other valuable consideration has been paid or used during the preceding year in violation of the provisions of the act. Failure on the part of the corporations to make such reports forfeits to them the right to bring an action in any court in the state until the report is filed. The making of any payments prohibited by the act is made a felony punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not more than one year nor less than six months or a fine of not less than double the amount or value of such contribution, or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or by both the fine and imprisonment, and the forfeiture of the corporation's right to sue in the state courts. The other bill authorizes the public examiner whenever he may deem it advisable, on complaint of any citizen offering to pay one-half of the expense of the examination, to examine the accounts of any domestic or foreign corporation of joint stock company doing business in the state, bearing upon the receipts and disbursements, and if in his opinion any of the disbursements are unlawful or detrimental to the interests of the people of this state he shall report such fact to the governor.

Some Plain Facts.

The Red Lake Falls Courier has been running a series of articles about patronizing home industries and pointing out that the only way in which to build up a town is by so doing. There is no question as to the truth of this, and it cannot be impressed to firmly upon the people.

Take for instance our local flour mill. Here is an institution equipped with as modern machinery as any similar institution in the state, not excepting the large mills of Minneapolis where the best flour in the world is supposed to be manufactured. The product of the local mill is shipped from one end of the United States to the other as well as to many foreign countries. Strictly upon its merits alone, this flour is building up a reputation for itself in the world at large and in competition with the best mills in the country. And yet here in Thief River Falls where this flour is manufactured there is a large amount of flour sold that is made in Red Lake Falls, Ada and other places. Just why this should be, we are unable to understand. The home flour is sold as cheaply and in many instances is a superior article to other brands that find a market here. If we want to make Thief River Falls grow, the only way to do it is to patronize home industries; That is the secret of the success of every town. Every dollar paid for flour manufactured in Thief River Falls stays right here and does not go to help build up some other town.

A Business Proposition.

The following article written by W. H. Porter upon the subject of advertising should be read by every business man of Thief River Falls:

Advertising is neither art, literature nor typographical vaudeville, but just plain business—the plainer the better so far as the business facts of it are concerned. Ornament and grace are neither superfluous nor necessary, but to be used as accessories where they are justified. But plain business is first, last and always.

Good advertising is invariably done according to a plan that is extremely simple.

The publicity of a circus is meant to draw people into town to see the parade. Their half dollars hang upon the prestige created by gilded dens and sixteen horse teams. The main purpose of retail dry goods advertising is to get people into the store. Each day's ad is printed for the purpose of bringing that particular day's business.

Prestige depends upon prices, quality and store methods in about the order named, although in certain high classes of trade prices do not figure so largely.

It takes time to extract all the juice from the advertising. That is why one cannot be successful without starting with enough capital to keep the machine in motion for a long enough time to secure the full benefit of what has been done during the last months. It usually takes from six months to a year to get up a steady motion that will afterwards keep things going along largely by their own momentum.

The Proctor & Gamble Co, owners of Ivory soap, awarded a contract for a full page in each issue of the Ladies' Home Journal for three years. The price agreed upon is the Journal's full rate, $4,000 per page, making an expenditure of $48,000 per year or $144,000 for the three years absolutely contracted, for and $96,000 for the two optional years, representing a contract in only one periodical for $240,000—all to come out of a five cent piece of soap—and yet there are plenty who say: "Advertising don't pay."

If some merchants appreciated the value of advertising as much as some politicians do, their business would prosper accordingly. No big business has ever been built up without the publicity given it by judicious advertising, and in this era of advertising it is more than ever important that a business expecting success should be liberally advertised.

After advertising has built up a flourishing business the work of the ad writer is by no means at an end. It remains for him to keep business in a prosperous condition with the co-operation of the other departments.

The best way to get ahead of the other fellow is to advertise oftner and better and pay better attention to your business.

The public has a short memory. That's the reason that a business to continue profitable must be advertised continuously. You never know how much your business can amount to until you advertise and find out.

I contend that poor advertising is better than none at all. Give the subject some careful consideration and the poor ads will improve.

A man may, or may not read a poster in a way to receive a distinct impression, for the mind is not always receptive. A man may read a circular or he may toss it into the scrap basket. A daily newspaper, however, he buys voluntarily, because he wants to read it. He may not read the advertisements the first day or for many days, but some day he will read it and will take it all in. That's why I regard the newspaper as the one efficient medium of publicity.

I know a man with a $50,000 stock of goods, who is doing a fair business, but who should be doing as much business as two other stores in his town with similar stocks. The trouble lies in his advertising lies. He will advertise specials on Saturdays such as $1.00 wrappers for 48 cents when in the first place he only has four or five such wrappers in stock to sell at 48 cents, and the crowds of women who inquire for 48 cent wrappers after 9 or 10 a. m. are told "they're all gone." These women will be disappointed and the chances are they will not stay to buy anything else and perhaps not give any attention to his next ad. In this way he does not hold the "come again trade." His largest business is done with the transient element and the extremely poor of his town. Nothing but honest advertising will succeed in the end, and the yearly failures of mercantile possibilities can in a measure be traced to dishonest advertising—adopting the Barnum plan of publicity as their criterion but Barnum only made one day stands. Barnum, with all the circus business wouldn't be a "tray spot" in a dry goods store.

Appearances count for much in business—in advertising. Every man in business wants his place of business to have an atmosphere—an appearance of progress about it and in this day and age the commerical progress of our country has just about reached a point where a merchant finds it necessary to advertise.

People are prone to judge a business by its advertising. Other things being equal, the merchant who uses a page space to exploit his wares makes a much stronger impression on those who are not acquainted with the actual situation than does the merchant who uses his half page.

Perhaps this is the reason that a large space pays proportionately better than a small one. The advertisment ought to above all things present a good appearance. The printed "ad" is a silent salesman and whether it appears in the form of a circular, booklet or catalog, or newspaper advestisement, it ought to reflect the store.

People judge a business often by the appearance of its advertising and advertising that presents a poor appearance induces a poor opinion of the advertiser, store or article advertised. The best way to convince the public that an article possesses merit, is to put merit in the advertising.

And, above all, don't feel, when paying the printer his advertising bill, that you are throwing money away, or donating so much money each month for the charitable purpose of supporting a paper in your town. The printer earns his money and if your "ad" is not attractive or properly designed and written up, and does not bring results it is your fault and not the printer's. Success to the "moulders of public opinion," and may they live long and prosper.

Practicing by Ear.

When Grover Cleveland was practicing law at Buffalo among his associates was a young lawyer who, though a bright fellow, was rather inclined to laziness. He was forever bothering Cleveland about points of law rather than look them up himself. At last Cleveland became tired of it, and the next time the young man sauntered in Cleveland knew what he wanted and, getting up, pointed to his bookcase and said: "There are my books. You are welcome to them. You can read up your own case." The fellow was caught, but he rose to the occasion. "See here Grover Cleveland," he said, "I want you to understand I don't read law. I practice entirely by ear, and you and your books can go to thunder!"

Women Rule as Babies Do.

The ordinary man would still much rather glorify women and set them on a mock throne, whence he can depose them at will, than have to acknowledge in them a real title to regard. It is difficult for a man to overcome his essential self importance. Most of us perhaps prefer to have inferiors round us—an abject trait of character, but natural. And only very slowly have we men been getting to prefer our womankind as friends and equals rather than as queens and pets, ruling us as a baby or a spoiled dog does.—London Saturday Review.

A Clever Hint.

"You are so popular," sighs the swain. "You have so many suitors!"

"The idea!" smiles the fair young thing. "Why, I can count them all on the fingers of my left hand. See. The index finger is Mr. Smugforth, the second finger is Mr. Balder, and the third finger—the third finger of my left hand—the third finger is you."

Next day he got the ring for it.—Chicago Post.

News to Him.

"The beauty of this great and glorious republic," said the American proudly, "is that any boy born here may become president."

"Fawncy!" exclaimed the British tourist. "I was under the impression that the president had to be at least forty years of age."—Catholic Standard and Times.

A Philosopher.

A philosopher is a man who when he has hard luck, due to his own carelessness and idiocy and other shortcomings, can blame it all on fate.—Somerville Journal.

Nobody Else to Look Like.

She—Mr. Dudleigh is looking more like himself, don't you think? Chappie—Ya-as. His twin brother is dead.—Puck.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SPIRIT OF SPECULATION RIFE

Wonderful Headway Made by Industrial Manufacturing Companies in Sweden.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Some of the leading industrial manufacturing companies of Sweden are making wonderful headway of late years and the spirit of speculation is rife. Says Hugo Vallentin, the Stockholm correspondent, regarding the tendency and the brokerage system: "It is not necessary to take into consideration concerns in which the development has covered a period of years, such for instance, as the well known separator company, which manufactures the world-famed milk and cream separators and whose shares of 1,000 kronor par value are worth fifty times that amount; nor the Ericsson Telephone company, which sells telephones all over the world and whose shares have by degrees gone up tremendously. I am thinking of other affairs, as for instance, the Stockholm tramways, belonging to a private company. These were electrified two years ago, and the shares, originally worth perhaps 100 kronor par value, worth perhaps 300 kronor at this moment or perhaps twenty times this amount, are made an object for speculation. It was pure gambling. People worth not a penny one day were rich the next. I am also thinking of several such transactions that have taken place in the last year, such as when a combine of speculators has bought a sawmill and large tracts of forests and sold them in a couple of months with 2,000,000 kronor profit. I am thinking of the speculation that has been going on in almost every kind of security, some of which do not deserve that name, and in which not only business men, but everybody has taken part without any other intention than making money as quickly as possible and in as great an amount as possible. Stockholm does not possess a stock exchange in the sense as it is found in the great centers of commerce. To be sure, a stock exchange exists, but very little business is transacted there. The business really is done by outside brokers, the majority of whom are not brokers, but speculators. Boys, who have just left school, have entered a broker's office as junior clerks without the slightest knowledge of the business. Perhaps after two years they have been well established brokers themselves in beautifully equipped offices, with ten telephones through which they have transacted nine-tenths of their business, which generally has consisted of spreading as many rumors as possible. Young fellows who behind a counter, in a warehouse or on the road would not have been worth their keep, have made 100,000 kronor a year through sheer audacity. Everybody has talked about the great fortunes made and those who have not made them have been envious and tried to imitate. The result has been that a perfect gambling spirit has arisen, but luckily for us this has taken place during a period when real values have increased simultaneously on a sound basis. The excellent crop this year has certainly saved us from financial scares in these days of dear money. Although three months' bills cannot be discounted under 7 per cent. and there is a possibility of the interest going up to 8 per cent., there is no visible decrease in values and prices are keeping up."

The direction in which a great deal of speculation has been going on in house property in Stockholm recently is remarkable. This year houses have been changing hands constantly. A great number of old houses have been pulled down and rebuilt. In this respect Drottninggatan, the principal thoroughfare of Stockholm, has undergone a great change. House after house has changed hands, been pulled down and risen up again, generally with doubled rents. In fact, rents are now enormously high in Stockholm and the cost of living generally is very high. This means really great hardships for all those who have to exist on salaries, which have not risen in comparison. The workmen with their trade unions have so far been better situated, in that they have been able to enforce their demands for raised wages, which those employed by the state and the community have not been able to do. If the good times and the development of industries continue in the natural course without disturbances, then, of course, everything will find its level. Sweden is advancing industrially in a remarkable degree, but a speedy and thorough solution of the franchise question would undoubtedly contribute much to this.

The duchess of Dalarna celebrated her 70th birthday Dec. 21. She received many congratulations from [illegible] at home and abroad and received a deputation from Dalarne, which presented her with a [illegible] oil painting [illegible]. The duchess presented [illegible] a sum of [illegible] to the [illegible] of the [illegible].

Professor [illegible], one of the Nobel prize winners, who has just returned from Stockholm to Paris, is enthusiastic over Sweden and the Swedes. He has already made arrangements for a long visit to Stockholm next summer, when he will also make an extensive tour into the interior of the country.

"Old Peoples' Day" has now been established as a holiday in Stockholm, which also has the popular "Children's Day." The date fixed for this holiday will be Dec. 30. On that date last month a number of concerts were rendered in the churches and large sums of money were collected for Stockholm's poor old folks.

The famous Dalaro summer hostelry has recently been purchased by Director Lovander, the present proprietor of the "Hotel Kronprinsen," in Stockholm. The sum in consideration has been withheld from publication.

Greta Stringberg, a daughter of the well known author, August Strindberg, has become engaged to her cousin, Henry von Phillip. Both are well known in the higher circles of society at the Swedish capital.

The much talked about agitator, Hinke Bergegren, has made his debut as a playwright, having written a political play entitled "Stafkarlens Saga," and naturally enough the political "stars" receive their jolts.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says the Chicago Tribune's correspondent: "Baron Palle Rosenkrantz, probably the most distinguished of contemporary Danish authors and playwrights, who is now in London, is a lineal descendant of that family whose name was borne by one of the courtiers in Shakespeare's 'Hamlet.' He traces his ancestry directly from the learned Holger Rosenkranz, who came to England as a messenger from the Danish king to his brother-in-law, King James I. This ancient representative of the family, though he undoubtedly furnished the great bard with a name, bore no resemblance to the character who cut such a poor figure in the play. He was, in fact, a famous theological and classical author, and down to the present time members of the family have always been noted either for their literary, scientific or artistic tastes. Their coat of arms, a chessboard held by two crossed lions, adorns many an old castle and manor in Denmark. Baron Rosenkrantz, appropriately enough as the bearer of such a name, was born at Elsinore, where the principal scenes in 'Hamlet' are laid. He is 30 years old. He studied law, and after a short term in the army became a magistrate. But his strong feeling of independence made him ill at ease in the service of the state, and he left the bench to become a practicing lawyer. His first writings, which appeared in newspapers, were scathing attacks on the Danish system of administering justice. His excursions in the realms of journalism led him into the pleasanter fields of literature and the drama. In the course of eight years he has produced fifteen novels and seven plays. Of his books the most notable is 'Royal Love,' written in 1902, which tells the story of Henry VIII and the ill-fated Anne Boleyn, founded on a historical study of the period and unpublished letters and documents."

There is much apprehension in commercial circles regarding Sweden's attitude. It seems that ever since the dissolution of the union it has been difficult for Denmark to maintain the old time friendship of the Swedes. Every effort is being made to keep Swedish trade, and Danish merchants everywhere are extending the glad hand.

The duke of Orleans announced to his intimate friends in Copenhagen that it is his intention this spring to make another expedition north with the "Belgica." He contemplates joining the Mylius Erichsen expedition, which started for the Greenland coast last fall.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The Poststeamer Lindholmen, which plies between Bergen and Christiania carrying mail and passengers, was set on fire Jan. 3 directly outside of Farsund. At the time when the fire broke loose there was a strong storm and the thirty seasick passengers came scrambling up on deck. Four of them were killed by fire and smoke before they came on deck, others jumped overboard and two of them were drowned. One of the life boats became a prey of the flames, so there was practically no avenue of escape. When the captain saw that it was fruitless to put out the fire, he steered the burning steamer directly towards land and with one remaining life boat he succeeded by means of his cool headedness to save twenty-four lives. The entire crew remained at their posts during the fire and conducted themselves as heroes.

Eduard Grieg and wife will spend the remainder of the winter in Paris. The eminent composer is fond of the French art center and outside of his own country seems to thrive there best. It is also a well known fact that Mr. Grieg likes London, where he loves to give his concerts. Many efforts have been made to induce the famed composer to come to America, but thus far such attempts have been fruitless.

Latest newspaper dispatches relate that sensational charges have been made at Washington, D. C., against Herbert H. D. Peirce, United States minister to Norway, who was formerly third assistant secretary of state. The charges were made before the [illegible] on ways and means [illegible] by Professor H. Elliot, of [illegible], in connection with a [illegible] for the further [illegible] on the high seas.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

GIVES SOME POINTERS

Paper Read by Peter Engelstad of Rocksbury on Silos:

Some Interesting and Pertinent Facts Given By a Successful Farmer.

The following is a paper read at the *meeting of the Red River Valley Dairymen's* association, held at Crookston recently, by Peter Engelstad who was assigned the subject of the first silo in Red Lake county:

Putting the whole story in a nutshell the raising of the corn fodder and the filling of the silo was a success from start to finish. Now for the details. In the latter part of May I put in the corn with a common shoe drill, rows 30 inches apart, (this is too narrow) 15 acres in all, using the Giant Fodder corn. In spite of the unfavorable season we had in 1905, I raised a good crop. On account of the frequent rains during the summer, I could not do any cultivating that in any way amounted to what it ought to, but nevertheless a large part of the corn attained a height of 10 and 11 feet. In the middle of September I commenced cutting the corn; some of it had to be cut by hand as ground in many places was too soft for the binder. For power to run the cutter I hired a threshing engine and both binder and cutter did splendid work. For the reason of being short of teams and quite a distance to haul, it took about three days to fill the silo the first time. It could have been done easily in two days if I had had teams enought for hauling. The machine which is of a large capacity, costing nearly $200, cut and blow the fodder to the top of the silo as as fast as two men could handle bundles from the load to the feed table. The machine is of the most modern type equipped with self-feed table and blower pipes for a 33 foot silo. My silo is 16 feet in diameter and 26 feet high. Having filled it to the rim the first time I let it settle a week and refilled it.

It took about 10 acres of my heaviest corn to fill the silo, but then imagine what an enormous amount of fodder stored safely away in a comparatively small room, not affected either by rain storm or snowstorm and ready at all times to feed.

I commenced feeding the silage in the middle of November and have been feeding it twice a day ever since. After having fed it for some time it was a noticeable increase in the milk flow as well as in the cattle laying on flesh. All the stock down to the small calf like it so well that it is a pleasure to feed it, because I know that I am feeding something which gives some return.

The silo is no longer an experiment. It is spoken of in the highest terms from institute platforms and its merits discussed and held forth in every agricultural paper you can get hold of, so I am only another one who will add a testimonial in its favor. I firmly believe that dairying can not successfully be carried on without one. The corn as a fodder can easily complete with any kind of roughage in cheapness. It is without any question the cheapest roughage that can be procured, even in this country where land is cheap and grass has been plentiful. Of course, it is quite an expense for one who is interested in it, but in a community where two, three or four farmers could co-operate about machinery it would lessen expenses considerably. The silo, binder, cutter and a two-horse riding cultivator cost me $500, but I am satisfied money is well invested.

Another important point which frequently has been mentioned by institute speakers is the fear of freezing in the silo in this northern latitude. To prevent this to a certain extent at least, I put a straw coat on my silo, that is, I put up poles long enough to reach to the edge of the silage just close enough to hold straw, put a couple hoops of wire or twine near top of poles and then tramped straw between poles and silo about a foot on an average. This is a cheap remedy, but think it is effective. Probably a foot of straw in a severe cold would not be enough, but then, put on more. Of course, this has been an exceptionally mild winter, but still cold enough sometimes to cause freezing, if it had not been for this provention. So far there has not been any frost in mine.

I ran short of insilage for the cows in the spring and while I had pretty good hay it did not take the place of silage; they always looked for something, they did not get and in the milkpail we could see a difference too. As long as I had insilage, they had better appetite for hay also. Never before during a winter were my cows in such a thrifty condition and looked so well as last winter although I fed very little grain. So I made up my mind then, to build another silo, so I could have insilage enough not only for the cows but for the young stock as well. And this year then, I built one of a larger dimension than the first one; one 18 feet diameter and 20 feet deep with a capacity of 150 tons, at an estimated cost of about 300 Dollars. The lumber for this silo as well as the first one, I ordered from the Thief River Falls Lumber Company and the hoops from the Kalamazoo Tank and Silo Company in Michigan.

The cutter was run with a threshing engine this year, the same as last and filling was done just before threshing commenced I had my grain threshed between fillings. It took about 4½ days to fill and refill both silos. Having the silos filled I harvested and shocked what cornfodder I had left, about 7 or 8 acres. I fed some of this cornfodder in barn to the cows early in the fall before I opened the silo, but they wasted at least one third of it, which had to be carried out and hauled away while on the other hand if it had been fed as insilage there would have been no waste, they would have when all slick and clean.

I put in my corn this year with a corn planter using the same kind of seed corn as the previous year namely the Giant Fodder Corn, but as this corn is a very late variety, I think I will try another kind next year which will ripen earlier.

I noticed an article from Mr. Sweet in an issue of the Dairy Record in regard to the cost of producing insilage, I went to work to find out the cost of mine.

I had on hand the several items of expense from the times of filling and they amounted to about $1 per ton supposing I had 250 tons in silos. Previous to the time of filling I had not kept tab on expense and could not give any exact figures It would be well to state that I had to haul a large part of my corn half a mile and from that field I had 5 teams and 6 to part of the time while 3 teams would keep the machine going from a field close by.

Of course it did not cost me $1.00 per ton in cash outlay because I had considerable own help. For instance 2 boys at the respective age of 12 and 14 with a yoke of Oxen each is charged up at $1.00 per day and another boy 16 years with 3 horses and binder at $7.00 per day and hands being scarce one of my girls helped in the silo a large part of the time and I counted her wages the same as the men $2.00 per day. This help besides myself and some additional change work with neighbors reduces the cash outlay about 90 dollars.

In a neighborhood where several farmers were interested and were willing to co-orporate, the cash outlay could be reduced to a trifle. Binder and cutter could be used by 3 or 4 and change work done during filling time and in this way and by this method it seems to me that the expenses ought not to scare any dairyman from taking a hold of this matter and break away from old trodden trails of farming in general and dairying especially.

In this age of keen competition if we want to derive any profit from our toil we must study modern methods and apply them whenever and wherever conditions would allow.

In conclusion, I would say in regard to the silo, that it is the best thing I ever did, the only thing I regret is, that I did not have it years before.

P. Engelstad,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Not for G. N. to Crack

Does not the fact that the stock of the Great Northern Railway is quoted at $[illegible] indicate that the earnings of the road are more than enough to pay the average interest upon the stock at par, or $100? And does that not indicate that the rates are a great deal higher than are justified in order that the stockholders should receive a just return upon their investment of $100 per share?—Cooperstown Sentinel.

PRIZE FOR BEST COW.

Red River Valley Dairymen's Association to Have a Contest.

Farmer Having Cow Giving Most Butter Fat to Be the Winner.

The cow is boss and that is the reason why we want the boss of bossies to ornament the badges for the next convention of the Red River Valley Dairymen's Association in Crookston on Nov. 6th, and 7th, 1907. In order to find out which one of the bossies is the best one they will be given a chance to show it between Feb. 15th and Sept. 15 1907. To the owner of the cow giving the greatest amount of butter fat in that time will be given $25.00 in cash besides the honor of having the photograph of the cow with the owners name on the badges.

Rules for the Contest.

Those wishing to compete must notify the secretary of the association before *Feb. 15th 1907*, stating that he or she desires to enter the contest.

Records must be based on weights taken at least every tenth day during the contest. Each cow must have her milk tested at least every month, according to directions given by the butter maker of which he is a patron. The butter maker or creamery Inspector shall do the testing and shall testify to the correctness of the record. The record must be in the hands of the secretary before Sept. 20th, 1907 and must give name of cow: breed; age; number of calves; number of pounds of milk; and number of pounds of butter fat given between Feb. 15th, and Sept. 15th, 1907 and these records must be sworn to before an officer qualified to take oath.

Contestant must be a resident of the 9th congressional district. No entry fee required.

Executive committee Red River Valley Dairymens Association, Joel G. Winkjer, Sec'y, Crookston, Minnesota.

GIANT IS DEAD.

Donaldson Man Who Weighed 540 Pounds Died Last Week.

A. N. Rowe, of Donaldson died at the Warren hospital Saturday. He had for a number of years been a familiar figure at Donaldson where he led a precarious existence and earned a bare livelihood running a restaurant and as a justice of the peace. What made him especially noticable was his enormous girth, his waist measuring over 100 inches. For many years he had been a very heavy man, but during the past year the rapidity with which he had accomulated flesh was something appalling. He finally became helpless and the town sent him to Warren for treatment several weeks ago. According to his own statement he weighed 540 pounds when he arrived at Warren.

When he died it was necessary to construct a special coffin to receive the remains. As he was without means and no relatives came forward to claim the corpse, it was interred in the potter's field at public expense. Mr. Rowe bore his affliction cheerfully, and those who knew him at Donaldson say he was always jovial and good humored, ever ready to tell a jolly story or indulge in a hearty laugh at any good thing gotten off by another.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Jan. 12 1907.

Atlantic Elevator Co.
Baye, John
Bimely, Miss Martha
Dempsy, Bill
Enderly, Albert
Edin, Miss Annie
Fox, Arther P.
Gunderson, G. M.
Holins, Guy
Holins, Guy F.
Iverson, Robert
Jacobson, J. R.
Myer, Lue
Munson, Mrs. Babe
McGillus, Miss Cassie
Sten, John
Sutton, E. C.
Tompson, R. J. G.
Wolter, Miss Anna
Ulstad, John A.
Walters, Miss Annie

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

Messrs. Kenyon and Wright two prominent engineers on the Soo road have been spending a short time in the city on their return from Adams N. D., to their home at Thief River Falls. They report that they were snow stalled at Adams for two weeks and that they were obliged to drive across country forty miles in order to get home. So severe has the weather been in the north country that two engines were snow bound on the main track for several days.—Crookston Journal.

At Half Price for One Week.

Heavy brass beds, nearly like the cut, regular price $45.

Iron Beds.

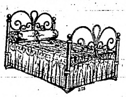

We have them at from $1.85 Up.

A Few More Left Look at This.

Three spindle, bow back, golden gloss finished, good construction, the right kind, Special for one week, each, 49c

High Grade Brooms.

We have a large quantity on hand of special made to order brooms, with our own label on at the price of the kind usually sold by notion stores. We sell them this week at from

20 Cents Up.

China Closets, Special, Only Four Left, While They Last.

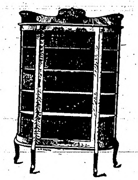

The one shown is one of our handsome patterns that we always take pride in selling. It is solid oak with bent glass and bird's eye maple back, regular $22 value for one week at $18.00

Bring in Your Pictures.

A low price on picture framing this week.

E. A. HICKS, Carpet and Drapery Dept.
H. W. HICKS, Buyer.
H. M. HICKS, Proprietor.

The Hicks House-Furnishing and Carpet Company.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME.

LICENSED. UNDERTAKING. PHONE 30 OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION.

JACKSON IS PRESIDENT

Fair Association Held Annual Meeting Monday Evening.

Officers for the Year Elected and Other Business Transacted.

The annual meeting of Red Lake County Agricultural association was held Monday evening and officers for the coming year were elected as follows:

President—C. C. Jackson.
First Vice President—John Morgan.
Second Vice President—O. J. Schei.
Secretary—M. V. Evenson.
Assistant Secretary—Melvin Evenson.
Treasurer—F. J. Stebbins.

As the lease for the present fair grounds expires next fall and the owner of the land, C. J. Knox, does not desire to again rent this property to the association, a committee consisting of the following were appointed to make the purchase of a piece of land suitable for fair grounds: J. J. Vorachek, C. M. Evenson and Louis Hansen.

The following is a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the association for the year 1906, and it shows that there is now a cash balance on hand of $295.27 and the association also owns a large number of buildings all of which are paid for:

RECEIPTS 1906

Cash on hand	448.53
County Aid	200.00
State Aid	498.51
Interest Received	6.00
Subscription	370.00
Privileges	143.00
General entries	48.50
1st day	
Grand stand	21.00
Gate	108.00
2nd day	
Grand stand	80.00
Gate	84.75
3rd day	
Grand stand	52.50
Gate	[illegible]
Unpaid premiums	20.00
Total	3033.58

DISBURSEMENTS.

Premiums	518.05
Musical expense	[illegible]
Grounds & Buildings	367.04
Advertising & Stationary	171.49
Entertainment	361.50
Livery, bus & dray	55.10
Police & ticket office	61.50
Horse and foot race	1020.00
Cash on hand	295.27
Total	3033.58

SENSATION AT BEMIDJI

Caused by Arrest of Paul Fournier and George Cyr.

Charged With Murder of Dahl and Daughter in 1904.

A sensation has been caused at Bemidji by the arrest of Paul Fournier and George Cyr of Quiring, on the charge of killing N. O. Dahl and his daughter, Argot, near Quiring, in April, 1904. The murder of the Dahls a very mysterious and cold blooded affair, and although several men were arrested, no tangible evidence has ever been secured directly connecting any one with the crime. The murder caused a great sensation all over the state and especially in Thief River Falls where the Dahls were well known.

Fournier and Cyr were brought to Bemidji Monday morning and lodged in the county jail. County Attorney Funkley is positive that he has the right men who committed the murder, and that at least one of them will never be released from the shackles which he is wearing.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock
Sabbath evening worhip at 7:30
Sabbath School at 12 o'clock
Christian Endeavor at 6:45 o'clock
Teachers meeting and Bible study Thursday evening at 7.30

We will celebrate the communion in the morning service.

The Woman Workers will give an entertainment in the Evenson Hall, Monday evening Jan 28th. Subject: The Old Style Literary Society. Pastor.

F. J. Barachmen.

Subscribe for the News.

MAY LEAVE THEIR CLAIMS

Homesteaders Are All Given a Leave of Absence for Three Months.

Ruling Is on Account of the Deep Snow and Bad Weather

To Crookston Land Office:

Homestead settlers in your district are granted leave of absence from their land for a period of three months from January 18th, provided that the period of actual absence shall not be deducted from the full time of residence required by law. Application for leave is not necessary. G. F. Pollock, Acting Commissioner.

The above telegram was received at the Crookston U. S Land Office Monday and is fully self-explanatory. It is presumably the result of the bill which was put through congress by Senator Hansborough of North Dakota and the reason of the deep snow and unusually inclement weather which prevails throughout North Dakota and Northern Minnesota this year. It is believed that homesteaders especially in northern North Dakota would be in peril of their lives in attempting to live on the isolated claims during this severe weather and they are to be allowed the privilege of holding their claims whether they live on them for the next three months or not. The ruling is one of the most important to homesteaders which has been made for some time and many will learn of it with gratification. It applies to North Dakota and Minnesota.

The Great Northern, Northern Pacific, Soo, Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Northern hope to put on the same one-way settlers' rates this year as last. The rates apply to points east of Montana and the Canadian Northwest. They will be in effect every Tuesday during March and April. The lines got together earlier than usual this year because they have to give thirty days' notice before the rates can become affective. There was an immense movement on these rates last year, and there is every indication that the business will be larger this year than last.

Closing Out Sale

—AT—

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

A Bargain OFFER **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR-STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60. Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40.
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St Paul, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

The News: $1 per Year.

HEROES OF THE SEA

CAPTAINS WHO GO DOWN TO DEATH WITH THEIR SHIPS.

Working of the Honor Code In the Deep Sea Fraternity—Noble Examples of "Living the Faith" When a Move to Escape Meant Dishonor.

Tradition, which is to say the honor code of the deep sea fraternity, decrees that in event of mortal disaster to a vessel of whatever kind, sail or steam, large or small, the master must be the last person to leave.

From this law, unwritten though it be, no captain is exempt. So stern is it, so inexorable and so jealously upheld, not only by those of the sea, but by landsmen, that where escape is impossible for passengers and crew the commander of a stricken ship stands rigid on the bridge until she sinks, carrying with her, it may be, a score or hundreds of human beings, considering his sacrifice but slight in the face of the alternate of self preservation at a price too great for any man to pay, at the price of worldwide scorn, the averted faces of those who had formerly held him in esteem and the pain of those who had loved him as husband, father, son or brother.

Death and a name written bold on the roll of those who have perished sublimely at sea is infinitely the easier way. Many have found it so. And not a small element of the dignity and the nobility which attach to the calling of the ocean is due to that exalted army of martyrs who in the heart of fearful darkness, in the wreck of elemental fury triumphant, have kept the faith unfalteringly, alone, unwatched, unaided—men who in dying have put up a steadfast star which leads far from sordid things and ennobles the credit of mankind.

Annals of the sea record not a few instances of captains who have refused to leave their vessels even after every other human being has been saved. Love of their ships, for which many skippers evince such affection as they bestow upon wife or child, may explain this, or pride or despair, where the master has been at fault, or—oh, ever so many reasons may be advanced.

The captain of a great liner not many years ago, whose boat had met with an accident which seemed likely to bring him before a court of inquiry, was found dead in his cabin when the vessel finally made port. He brought her in safely—and then he died. Apoplexy, they said at first. Later came a rumor that has never been satisfactorily explained away to the effect that this captain died by his own hand. It is not at all unlikely. He had been eminently successful. His pride could not bear up under his first great setback.

Another case of the kind was that of the suicide of Captain Brunswig of the beautiful cruising steamship Prinzessin Victoria Luise after he had run her on the rocks near Port Royal, in the West Indies. The invariable comment of the shipping world has been that the German commander did the only thing possible under the circumstances. Brunswig would probably have lost his certificate, and since steamship companies as a rule prefer to "grow" their own captains and in addition have absolutely no use for a skipper with a lost ship against his name poor Brunswig's future must have looked dark to him indeed.

It is far more pleasant to turn to the case of a man who, paradoxically enough, was not a captain, but who is one now if rewards in the next world are meted out in accordance with big, brave things done on the waters of a lower creation—to the case of Chief Officer Paterson of the British King. He left New York in that craft one winter day in 1905, and on the banks great rending waves simply beat in her bow plates. Tons of water flowed in, and before the leak was discovered she was listing seriously. Captain O'Hagan led his men into the hold to shift cargo and thus right the wallowing steamship.

Barrels, boxes, what not, were flying wild, and a case of machinery finally caught the captain against a brace, crushing his leg so that splintered bones were driven out through the skin. He was carried to a lifeboat made ready for launching, and Paterson took command. From his post on the bridge he never moved. Lower and lower drove the British King, and the crew of Belgians, verging on panic, but held by the personality and calm assurance of their new commander, watched him like dogs ready to obey his will. From his post the chief officer signaled the Mannheim and the Bostonian, which were plunging through the riotous waters to the rescue, and he it was that maneuvered his sinking craft so that small boats from the succoring vessels could come alongside. Three boats filled with the British King's men were carried to safety, and as the storm increased, prohibiting further attempts at rescue, the stricken vessel took her long plunge, with Paterson on the bridge blowing a farewell blast upon his mate's whistle.

"Paterson was fine, Paterson was noble," said an officer of the British King brought to New York on the Mannheim. "He was not a captain. But when he took O'Hagan's place he took O'Hagan's responsibilities without a murmur and died as O'Hagan would like to have died." As it was, O'Hagan was the first man by Paterson's express order to be lowered into the rescue boats. He died the day before the Bostonian reached port. The British King was only a freighter. There were no passengers aboard, but Paterson saw his light clear and acted in accordance with it.

Even more dramatic was the death of Captain Deloncle of the ill fated French liner La Bourgogne, rammed and sunk by the Cromartyshire, a sailing vessel, on the banks in the summer of 1898. La Bourgogne was a gilded ship, and her commander was the pride of the line. He was a poet, influenced in style by Edgar Allan Poe and by Baudelaire, not only in style of verse, but in demeanor, the last no doubt inherent. His conversation was brilliant, but fantastic. As a raconteur his trend was morbid, melancholic, his humor saturnine—in other words, no ordinary man and a good sailor. On the evening of the disaster the liner ran into a dense fog. Deloncle was on the bridge, considering abstractedly no doubt new poetic themes while watching, waiting, guiding his immense vessel with her thousand odd passengers through the pall.

Suddenly out of the darkness, without a sound, rushed a tall bark, which dealt her her deathblow, and then stole away in the darkness toward a Canadian port, into which she crawled, like the murderer she was, some days later. La Bourgogne was sinking. The crew had gone mad and, assisted by the crazed coal passers and firemen thronging up from below, were stabbing and beating the passengers—men and women who ran about as senseless cattle run. Deloncle saw all this from the bridge, but he was powerless to do anything. Some of his officers had fought to suppress the panic at the cost no doubt of their lives; others were at the boats. Lower and lower went La Bourgogne. Her captain seems now to have abandoned himself to a mood of strange exaltation in the presence of death, for he seized the whistle rope, and while steam lasted his wild, wailing, roaring salute to death rocked over the heads of those who were drowning below him. And with this last salute Deloncle bade farewell to the face of the sea.

Captain Griffith of the Atlantic Transport line steamship Mohegan ran his vessel on the rocks near the Needles, in the English channel, in October, 1898, under conditions which, had he lived, would have justified capital punishment. It was not darker than twilight, landfalls were unshrouded, and yet the Mohegan, miles out of her course, went on the rocks and sank with most of her passengers. Griffith directed his crew from the bridge, without avail, however, as the work of lowering the boats was bungled atrociously. The last seen of him he was still on the bridge, shaking his fist and cursing the waters as they rose over the deck or the floundering crew or both.

Admiral Tryon, standing on the afterdeck of the British battleship Camperdown, had no thought other than dying with his great flagship as she sank in the Mediterranean off Tripoli after collision with the battleship Victoria. Tryon had given the signal calling for a maneuver within dangerous distance, and its disastrous ending placed him in such position that no doubt he deemed death a far simpler solution to the problems that must have flashed through his mind.

Inspired by the ethics of his profession and by the dignity of his office, Captain Tunis Augustus Craven of the monitor Tecumseh died in a way that will live as long as the history of this country lives. His monitor was one of the vessels attached to Admiral Farragut's squadron, then collected for the attack on Mobile. On the morning of Aug. 5, 1864, the Tecumseh, in the post of honor at the head of the attacking squadron, engaged the defenses of the city. The orders to fleet captains were that in order to avoid torpedoes at the entrance to the bay vessels must pass to the eastward of a certain red buoy, which was directly under the guns of Fort Morgan. The Confederate ram Tennessee was lying to port of the Tecumseh and inside the line of torpedoes. Captain Craven, in his eagerness to engage this craft, neglected the course warning and passed to the westward of the buoy. The penalty was immediate. There was a muffled explosion, the monitor listing sharply. As she began swiftly to sink Captain ~~Craven and~~ his pilot, John Collins, met at the foot of the ladder leading to the top of the turret—a ladder of iron leading to a manhole above, to safety. The turret was nearly submerged. There would be time for one to mount the ladder perhaps, but only one. The pilot knew this; Craven knew it. There was no hesitation. With a smile Craven stepped away from the ladder.

"After you, pilot," he said.

Collins sprang up the ladder, and as he gained the top round the vessel went to the bottom and Craven, the "Sydney of the American navy," with her.

In a humbler but wonderfully heroic way the captain of the oil ship Loodiana, burned at sea several years ago, saw every man jack of his crew clear of the doomed ship before thinking of his own safety. Then it was too late. Foot by foot he was driven forward until he hung over the bow, the flames shooting far out above him. A tramp steamship came up. It was too rough to lower, and there she stayed, watching the unequal fight on the part of a man who could not know that human eyes were upon him and human hearts aching for him—stayed until at last the man released and cleaved the dark waters, while his ship burned on.

There are many such as he—men who have fought the good fight and died calmly where they might have lived—whose names will never be known, whose deeds are enwrapped in that mystery which invests the sea. But, for that matter, it is not for glory that a captain sacrifices his comfort or happiness or life. It is only because his calling includes such things as a part of everyday routine.—Lawrence Perry in New York Post.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Feb. 6th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goitor, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
2 2 Medicle Block. St. Paul, Minn.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Ole Trotten H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 and E½ of Sec. 19 in Twp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Stewart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ole Hoimen, " " " " "
Kjartan Sweldsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 20 jan 24

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Carl Halvorson H. E. No. 341 Red Lake Series for the Lots 7, 8, of Sec. 2 Twp 153 N., of R. 41 West and Lots 3, 4, S ½ of N W ¼ of Sec. 3 in Twp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

August Rustad, of Germantown, Minn.
[illegible] " "
[illegible] of " "
John Rostad, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 20 jan 24

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 7, 1907.

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

—Subscribe for the News.

Dr. Andrew [illegible]
Oculist and Aurist.
[illegible]
Grand Forks, N. D.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION

IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	70c
Oats	33c
Flax	$1 06
Eggs	25c
Butter	23c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

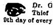

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Cut Prices.

Skirts ,pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
Collars	03c
Cuffs, per pair	01c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	06c
Pillow slips	03c
Sheets	06 to 08c
Pillow shams	25c
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	50c and up

At the Star Steam Laundry.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made [illegible] June [illegible], for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N W ¼ Section 5, Township 153 N, Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on [illegible].

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Hans Olson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Djerdahl, " " " "
[illegible] " " " "
Barney Thieman, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan 24 Feb 28

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PROBE GRAIN BOARDS

MINNESOTA HOUSE AUTHORIZES INVESTIGATION AT MINNEAPOLIS AND DULUTH.

Insane Man Shoots and Kills Chief of Police and Patrolman at Red Wing. Driver and Team Drowned in the Mississippi River at Winona—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, Jan. 15.—The Minneapolis chamber of commerce and the Duluth board of trade will be investigated by the legislature.

A resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to "investigate the organization, rules, methods, policies and practices" of the two organizations was introduced in the house by J. A. Gates of Kenyon and was passed without debate.

The charge against the chamber of commerce and the board of trade is that they constitute a monopoly of the grain trade of Minnesota, shutting out from trade all who do not own seats in the two bodies.

Such an investigation was recommended by Attorney General Young in his last annual report.

KILLS TWO OFFICERS.

Insane Man Shoots Chief of Police and Patrolman.

Red Wing, Minn., Jan. 17.—James Daily, chief of police, and John Peterson, the second police officer who was shot by August Bloom, an insane man, Monday evening, are both dead.

Red Wing, Minn., Jan. 15.—August Bloom, who shot and fatally wounded Chief of Police James Daily and Patrolman John Peterson, was arrested in a house on the outskirts of the city. Bloom was found asleep and was captured by a posse of officers and securely bound before he could make effective resistance, although a loaded revolver was at his side, left there in anticipation of a possible visit from the police.

The shooting of the two officers occurred at the Hotel Sibley. Bloom, who escaped from a train while being taken from the Minnesota state hospital at Rochester to the incurable insane asylum at Hastings a year ago, was located in the hotel and the two officers attempted to arrest him. Bloom shot Daily twice, through the lungs and kidneys, while Peterson was shot through the intestines. Both men are still alive, but there is no hope of the recovery of either.

Bloom was a barber at Rochester, Minn., from which place he was committed to the insane asylum two years ago, after exhibiting homicidal traits. Under the law he can simply be returned to the asylum.

GOES THROUGH ICE.

Man Drowned While Crossing River at Winona.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 20.—A man supposed to be Barney Sheridan was drowned in an airhole in the river in front of the city Saturday night. Two men heard his calls for help and threw boards toward him, but failed to get them within his reach and he went under the ice.

Sheridan came to Winona with a load of wood in the morning and nothing has been heard of him since. It is believed his horses were taken to the bottom of the river by the heavy sleigh.

TRIES TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

Minneapolis Man Shoots Himself in the Head.

Minneapolis, Jan. 16.—When Mrs. Lars O. Bjerke of Rushford, Minn., went to the South Side hotel here with her little daughter to meet her husband, she found him lying in bed, shot through the head. In his hand he still clutched the weapon with which he had attempted to take his life, and the pillow on which his head rested was covered with blood. The only reason given for the act is that the husband, after being out on a long spree, was ashamed to meet his wife.

Breaks Ski Jumping Record.

Duluth, Jan. 21.—More than 5,000 people, one of the largest crowds that ever witnessed a ski jumping test in this country, saw the American record of the long distance jump broken by six feet on the hill of the Duluth Ski club. Ole Feiring of Duluth was the successful contestant. His longest jump was 112 feet, but on each of his three trials he broke the former world's record, made by Gustav Bye, also of Duluth, in a tournament at Red Wing two years ago.

Will Enriches Carleton College.

Boston, Jan. 19.—By the will of the late Mrs. Louisa J. Brown, probated here, $5,000 is given to Carleton college, Northfield, Minn. Dr. J. W. Strong, former president of the college, is to derive the benefit of the fund until his death, when it will revert to the trustees of the college. This endowment is to be known as the "Louisa J. Brown fund."

Girls Injured by Folding Bed.

St. Paul, Jan. 21.—Katrina Tschida, eighteen years old, and Annie Tschida, fifteen years old, daughters of M. A. Tschida, [illegible] Oxford street, were seriously hurt by the closing of a folding bed. Miss Annie has a compound fracture of the right arm below the elbow. Miss Katrina received internal injuries and her recovery is doubtful.

BLAMES THE COAL TRUST.

Vice President of Great Northern Road Talks of Coal Famine.

Minneapolis, Jan. 15.—Louis W. Hill, vice president of the Great Northern railroad, declares that the company should not be blamed for the coal famine in North Dakota, particularly in Larimore. He blames the coal trust.

Mr. Hill is making an investigation and he sent a telegram to J. J. Hill, in substance as follows:

"The coal dealers at the Head of the Lakes are very largely responsible for the present conditions. I find that in every town parties tried to get coal in early, but they were refused by the dealers in Duluth and Superior and were referred to the dealers of their respective towns. Dealers did not begin placing orders for coal until late in the fall, when wheat congestion was on. We ran seven coal specials Sunday night from one point and will continue to do all we can to help matters."

RETAINS THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Frank Gotch Foils Efforts of Fred Beell to Throw Him.

Minneapolis, Jan. 17.—Frank Gotch of Iowa still retains the championship wrestling title of America, though Fred Beell of Wisconsin gave him a hard match here at the Dewey theater. Beell stayed the limit, fifteen minutes, and Gotch forfeited $100 and a big side bet. Beell put up a strong contest, feeling confident that he would win back the championship, which he lost at Kansas City ten days after he had won it at New Orleans.

Twice he got the champion, Gotch, to the floor but he could not get a hold on him. Twice Gotch threw Beell to the mat but failed to hold him, Beell succeeding in breaking clever holds which looked good for a time to put his shoulders to the mat.

LUMBERMEN ELECT OFFICERS.

Iowa Man Again Chosen President of Northwestern Association.

Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—Ralph H. Burnside of Oskaloosa, Ia., was reelected by a unanimous vote to the presidency of the Northwestern Lumbermen's association. M. T. McMahon, Fergus Falls, Minn., was elected vice president; Charles A. Finkbine of Des Moines, Ia., director to serve one year; James S. Hart of Aberdeen, S. D., director to serve three years, and Stanley D. Moore of Waterloo, Ia., to serve as a director for three years, after which the convention adjourned sine die, to meet probably next year in Minneapolis.

Boy Killed by Cars.

St. Paul, Jan. 21.—In trying to jump from one freight engine to another yesterday afternoon at the White Bear yards of the Northern Pacific road Emil Labore, fourteen years old, son of Felix Labore of White Bear, was crushed so severely that he died within an hour. Young Labore was playing about the yards, jumping the engines and cars. Labore attempted to jump onto the fender of an engine and fell under another engine passing in the opposite direction.

Body Terribly Mangled.

St. Paul, Jan. 15.—Joseph Reidel, generally known as "Holy Joe," was struck by a Great Northern freight train in the Great Northern yards near Mississippi street and instantly killed, his body being horribly mangled. To St. Paul people Reidel has been known by no other name than "Holy Joe," the name having been given him because of his religious fanaticism.

Removed for Accepting Fee.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—Alfred S. Bassett of Faribault, referee in bankruptcy, has been removed from office by Judge Lochren in the United States district court after hearing arguments by attorneys. Bassett was accused of taking a fee for drawing up a schedule in bankruptcy and practically acting as attorney for a petitioner in bankruptcy.

Bad Fires in St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 21.—Two fires that occurred simultaneously in this city at night caused a total loss of $70,000. The warehouse of the Midland Supply company was burned, entailing a loss of $40,000, and the Minne-Paul hotel was destroyed and adjoining buildings damaged, the losses aggregating $30,000.

Tied Up for Ten Days.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—After being delayed for ten days in Montana and North Dakota Great Northern train No. 4, from Seattle, finally arrived in St. Paul at 12:40 p. m. The coaches were literally covered with ice and snow and the train crew showed the results of days of unceasing toil.

Ortonville Hotel Burned.

Ortonville, Minn., Jan. 20.—The Arcade hotel of this city was destroyed by fire at 7 o'clock this morning. The building and contents are a total loss, insured for $6,500, about half the value. The guests escaped without injury.

BLIZZARD IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Completely Demoralizes Traffic on All Railroads.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 21.—The terrible blizzard which swept over North Dakota during the past twenty-four hours has ceased, leaving traffic on all railroads in the state, both branches and main lines, in a completely demoralized condition. Telephone and telegraph wires in several directions are down and wagon roads are impassable. As a result of these conditions, communication is difficult and it is impossible to learn the full effects of the storm, which was one of the most severe in many years.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt has sent to the senate a special message regarding the Brownsville incident, which gives the additional evidence collected by Assistant Attorney General Purdy and Major Blocksom, who were sent to Texas by the president to investigate the affair. The president declares that the evidence is positive that the outrages of Aug. 13 were committed by some of the colored troops that have been dismissed and that some or all of the members of the three companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry had knowledge of the deed and have shielded the guilty ones.

In a remarkable letter addressed to Chairman Foss of the house comittee on naval affairs President Roosevelt urges the immediate construction of two of the most powerful battleships afloat. The president in summing up the necessity for the new battleships contends that America's power to control the Atlantic and Pacific oceans must not be left in doubt by allowing other nations to outdistance us in naval construction.

William J. Oliver, in conjunction with Anson M. Bangs of New York, has been practically awarded the contract for the construction of the isthmian canal. Their bid, the lowest submitted, was 6.75 per cent on the estimated cost. Accepting the figures most commonly mentioned, $140,000,000, as the total estimate, the profit of the successful bidder would be $9,450,000 on the entire work.

Rear Admiral Sigsbee, who commanded the battleship Maine when that vessel was blown up in the harbor of Havana in February, 1898, has been transferred to the retired list on account of age.

The United States has begun two suits in San Francisco for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of the treaty with Japan giving to the Japanese equal school advantages.

The president has nominated Richard A. Ballinger of Seattle, Wash., to be commissioner of the general land office to succeed W. A. Richards, who is to retire on March 4.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Suits for alleged violation of the anti-trust laws of Arkansas have been filed by the district attorney against Armour & Co., the Waters-Pierce Oil company, the Hammond Packing company, Morris & Co. and the Cudahy Packing company for amounts aggregating $1,833,000 each.

All of the public schools of the town of Evanston, Ill., twelve miles north of Chicago, have been closed for an indefinite period because of an epidemic of scarlet fever which is raging in the place.

The January panel of the Hancock county (O.) grand jury has returned 939 separate indictments against the Standard Oil company of New Jersey and its officers and subsidiary companies.

Railroads are practically at a standstill in Oregon and Washington because of the inability of the companies to obtain fuel for locomotives.

Adolph Busch, the millionaire St. Louis brewer, has suffered another relapse and his condition is again critical.

POLITICAL NEWS.

By a party vote, 20 Republicans to 11 Democrats, the Colorado senate defeated and then expunged from its records a resolution for an investigation of the so-called smelter trust. The preamble to the resolution declared that "Simon Guggenheim, the Republican nominee for the United States senate, is now and has habitually been engaged in violating the laws of the United States relating to the receiving of rebates."

Simon Guggenheim, Republican, has been elected United States senator to succeed Thomas H. Patterson, Democrat, by the Colorado legislature.

The Idaho legislature has elected William E. Borah United States senator to succeed Fred T. Dubois.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—Wheat—May, 79¼@79⅜c; July, 79⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82¼c; No. 1 Northern, 81c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 76@77c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$6.20@6.30. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 19.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 80⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅜c; May, 79⅝@79¾c; July, 80⅝c; Sept., 79c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.19¼; in store, $1.18¾; Jan., $1.18¾; May, $1.22¼; July, $1.22⅞.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Wheat—May, 77¾c; July, 77⅛@77¼c. Corn—May, 45¾c; July, 45¾c. Oats—May, 38@38¼c; July, 35⅝c. Pork—May, $16.42½; July, $16.57½. Butter—Creameries, 20@28c, dairies, 19@26c. Eggs—22½@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c, chickens, 10½c; springs, 11½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@7.00; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.75; Texans, $3.75@4.50; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.20@6.52½; good heavy, $6.40@6.52½; rough heavy, $6.20@6.30; light, $6.25@6.45; pigs, $5.70@6.25. Sheep, $3.60@5.75, lambs, $4.60@7.80.

THE PASSION PLAY.

Its Origin, According to the Tradition of Oberammergau.

According to local tradition, the origin of the Oberammergau Passion play was as follows: When in the year 1633 a deadly plague threatened to depopulate the districts of Partenkirchen, Escheloke and Kohlgrub, which are separated from Ammerthal, or the valley of the Ammer, by a rampart of mountains, the Ammerthalers succeeded for a time in protecting themselves against the dread contagion, but one day a native who had been working all summer at Escheloke evaded the quarantine and entered the Ammerthal by a secret path in order to celebrate an annual church festival with his family. Two days afterward he was a corpse, and in less than three weeks the plague had carried off eighty-four of the Ammerthalers.

Despairing of all human succor, the terrified survivors addressed themselves to God and registered a solemn vow that if he heard their prayer and removed the scourge they would represent, every ten years, "for thankful remembrance and edifying contemplation, and by the help of the Almighty, the sufferings of Jesus, the Saviour of the world."

Not a single person died of the plague after the vow was made, though many were affected by it. The first representation of the Passion play in fulfillment of the vow of these simple villagers took place at Oberammergau in the following year, and it has been repeated every ten years without a single omission.

FEMININE INFLUENCE.

Nowhere Is It More Felt and Less Recognized Than In France.

There is still in every Frenchman a great deal of the oriental way of looking at woman.

And the French wife knows it, but she goes on helping her "man," be she duchess or midinette. She will forgive again and again; she will let him squander her dot and will learn how to do with fewer frocks (the delight of every Frenchwoman) in an ever pitiful attempt to patch up the fortune and happiness he has wrecked. If she happen to be a shopman's wife he needs no bookkeeper or manager; she will be there from morning till night, the slave of the ledger, careful of every centime, while he, too, often will leave the heavier part of the business in her capable hands and turn his attention to a domino party at the nearest cafe. If she be a peasant's wife no one on the farm will slave harder than she. There is scarcely any labor which she will not undertake.

In every sphere woman is too often the man of the house. Nowhere is feminine influence more active, more felt and less recognized than in France, and nowhere among the civilized nations is man more dependent on woman, more attached to her and less respectful.—London Mail.

Speed of Sounds.

"Judge David Torrence of Derby, Conn.," said a New Haven man, "uttered many an epigram from the bench. In a case concerning a noise nuisance a scientist was once testifying before him about the speed of sound.

"'Sound,' said the man, 'travels at the rate of 400 yards a second.'

"'All sound?' asked Judge Torrence.

"'All,' replied the scientist.

"The judge smiled.

"'I'm sure you're wrong,' he said. 'I have noticed a great difference between the speed of certain kinds of sound. Thus, slander travels at the rate of quite 1,000 yards a second; flattery, 500 yards, while truth makes only a few feet a second, and, slow as its progress is, truth often fails to reach the goal, no matter how short the distance.'"—Indianapolis Star.

The Persians.

Socially I found the Persian people a great improvement on the other orientals of the farther east whom I had met. They are of a happy disposition and bright imagination, doubtless produced by the dry, clear air of their high table lands, which relieves from dullness and depression. They enjoy a joke and laugh heartily, and they are able to see that most things have their amusing side. I was struck with much among all classes which showed that their manners and ways had been favorably touched and turned by a softening civilization of ancient date.—General Gordon's "A Varied Life."

The Woman of Poise.

It is the creed of the up to date woman never to give herself away. A cup of coffee may be spilled over her delicate silk gown; she simply holds the breadths together and goes on with her flow of feminine talk. "Enfant terrible" makes agonizing remarks, a rival gives some cruel stab; all is met with the same absolute immobility of countenance.—London Lady.

The Rehearsal.

Bobby—Sister will be down in a few minutes, Mr. Softly. She's upstairs rehearsing. Mr. Softly (who has come prepared)—W-what is she rehearsing, Bobby? Bobby—I don't know, but she's standing in front of the mirror and blushing and saying, "Oh, Mr. Softly—er—this is so sudden."

Makes a Difference.

"George told me today he loved me more than his very life."

"Nonsense. All the young men say that."

"That may be true. But they all don't say it to me."

He removes the greatest ornament of friendship who takes away from it respect.—Cicero.

ROBUST DOUGH ROLLERS.

Work In a Pie Factory Is on the Scale of Athletics.

To properly describe the processes of making pumpkin pies would require one skilled in the technicalities of the art. This is the way it looks to a mere man: First, the coarse yellow rind is removed, and then the pumpkin is cut open and the seeds taken out, after which the two halves are thoroughly washed. Then a husky lad takes a sort of cleaver and cuts the pumpkin into large pieces, which are fed into a steam chopping machine and reduced to small fragments. These are placed in a huge copper boiler capable of holding perhaps twenty-five gallons. After the boiling has been completed a pasty mixture of eggs, milk, sugar, cinnamon and other spices and condiments is added and well stirred in, and then the yellow mass is ready to be filled into the skeleton pies. The crust is prepared in another department, where the dough is mixed, rolled and placed in the pans ready to receive the filling. If any one thinks that piemaking is an easy and effeminate employment he should visit a pie bakery and inspect the muscles developed on the arms of expert pie crust mixers and rollers. They would be creditable to a trained athlete and would put many a mill worker and blacksmith to the blush. Finally the pies are placed on racks and shoved into huge ovens that resemble nothing else so much as the kilns used for burning brick. These kilns are constructed in any size desired, with a capacity of anywhere from fifty up to several hundred at a time, while they can be refilled every half hour or less.—Pacific Monthly.

PECULIAR EYES.

The Organs of Sight of the Spider and the Snail.

The next time you catch a spider try to find the eight shiny little eyes at the anterior end, some above and some put under the edge of what we may imagine to be its forehead. To examine these parts to the best advantage hold the spider in tweezers, or it may be better to use a spider killed by being dropped into a bottle of diluted alcohol. These eight eyes vary in arrangement and in relative size in various species of spiders—in some they may be arranged in two rows, in other in three; some may be very small and others large and prominent, and so on—but there they are, rather poor eyes, nearsighted, looking in several directions at once, and the spider, which can never shut any of them, is sure to see everything that approaches unless it is asleep, in which case the sight is dead. For some purposes it may be convenient to have eyes that roll up and disappear at the approach of danger. And these are exactly what the snail has, situated at the end of two long and sensitive palpi, or feelers. When all is quiet their owner extends these organs, and you can see at their tips small round knobs upon which the eyes are placed. But if you touch one of the palpi or even jar the snail a little the eyes begin to back into these feelers as the tip of a glove finger may be turned in, and they no longer see any danger that may be lurking at hand.

Dangers of the Revenue Service.

The officers of the internal revenue service make little fuss over their accomplishments. The world scarcely hears of them unless they have had a desperate hand to hand fight with mountain desperadoes which has resulted in the death of several of their number. But day after day and night after night they go about their work calmly, quietly, in constant danger of death from a shot from some ambushed moonshiner or blockader. Yet these men are an absolute necessity for the safeguarding of the country's interests, and they deserve much credit for their hard task, scarcely appreciated by the great mass of the people.—David A. Gates in Metropolitan Magazine.

When the Wire Tires.

"Messages," said a telegraph operator, "always slide over the wires better on Monday than on any other day. The wires, you see, have profited by their Sunday rest. It is a fact that inanimate as well as animate things get tired and need a vacation occasionally. You know how true this is of razors, of automobiles, of locomotives, and it is just as true of telegraph wires. A wire after its Sunday rest gives a quicker, a fuller and a more delicate transmission. It is like a piano that has just been tuned."

The Thumb.

The radical difference between the hand of man and of the monkey lies in the thumb. In the human hand the thumb has the "opposing power," which means that the thumb can be made to touch the tip of each or any of the other fingers on the same hand. The monkey's thumb is nonopposable.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Needed the Money.

"Say," queried old Wedderly, "why don't you get married?"

"Because," replied young Singleton, "I'm too poor."

"Huh!" rejoined the old man. "When I was your age I was so poor I had to marry."—Chicago News.

They Must Like It.

"Does this powder really kill the cockroaches?" asked the housekeeper at the grocery.

"Why, certainly not!" replied the grocer. "If it did we wouldn't sell a third of the quantity."

The truth is always the strongest argument.—Sophocles.

CARING FOR THE OLD.

The Humane Way Vienna Treats Its Aged Poor People.

In most towns there is a tendency in this our day to deal more generously with destitute children than with destitute men and women. In Berlin and New York, for instance, both money and thought are lavished on the young whom the community supports, while, as for the aged, what is given them is given only of necessity. In Vienna it is otherwise. There the arrangements for the relief of the old people are better—both more carefully considered and more liberal—than those for the relief of children, a fact that says more perhaps for the hearts than for the heads of the authorities.

If a man or a woman above sixty is without money wherewith to provide for himself or the strength to earn the money, he applies to the guardian of his ward for help. Then, if he has a home to live in and some one to take care of him or is able to take care of himself, he is granted relief, a money allowance if he can be trusted to spend it wisely; otherwise relief in kind. Supposing, however, he is homeless, feeble and "alone standing," he is sent to a versorgungshaus, or old age home, if there is a vacant place there, and, if not, to a small poorhouse until there is.

Versorgungshauser are the distinctive feature of the Austrian poor relief system so far as the aged are concerned. Already in the days of Joseph II. Vienna had two, if not more, of these homes, and at the present time it has six. One of them is reserved exclusively for citizens; another, that at Mauerbach, is reserved for persons who, owing to their perverted notions as to what is seemly, cannot be accorded the full liberty the old people in the other homes enjoy. In all the six together there is space for more than 6,000 inmates. As the versorgungshauser are looked upon by classes and masses alike as the homes of the aged poor, the place where they have a right to be, no disgrace is attached to going there. It would no more occur to an Austrian ex-worker to be ashamed of living in a versorgungshaus than it would to an English veteran to be ashamed of being at the Chelsea hospital. There is not a touch among the inmates of that pariah feeling which is so painfully evident among the inmates of our workhouses. On the contrary, they all seem to be extremely glad to be where they are and to be rather proud than otherwise of being there. And as it is with them, so it is with their relatives. There is no inclination on their part to look askance on these old people or to shun them. On Sundays and holidays, indeed, the homes are thronged with visitors come to have a chat with old friends and relatives and tell them the family news. They bring them little presents more often than not—caps with bright ribbons for the old women, neckties, perhaps, for the old men—for great importance is attached to personal appearance in the homes, and, although the inmates are provided with good clothes and are given a voice in deciding their color and form, they are not provided with finery.—Edith Sellers in Contemporary Review.

Worse Than Murder.

An old negro preacher of southern Georgia had been given a fine fat possum by some of his admirers and was keeping it in a barrel, feeding it heavily, to still further increase its weight. He had decided to have it killed the next day, when, to his rage, it was stolen in the night.

Shortly afterward a revival meeting was being held, and among those who went up to the mourners' bench was a certain very black Jim, and his grief seemed inconsolable.

"Dat's all right, mah brudder!" the old man shouted. "Don' matter what yo' done, de good Lawd gwine fergib yo'!"

"But Ah's been powerful mean," Jim declared, weeping.

"Is yo' stole chickens?" the old man demanded.

"Oh, wuss en dat!"

"Good Lawd, he'p dis po' nigger!" the old preacher entreated. "Is yo' used a razor?"

"Wuss dan dat!"

"Is yo'—yo' ain't done killed nobody?"

"Wuss dan dat!"

"Den' hyah's whar we tangle!" the old man shouted, throwing aside his coat. "De good Lawd kin fergib yo' ef he wants ter, but Ah's gwine skin yo' alive. Yo's de vermint dat stole mah possum!"

Carrying Out Instructions.

There was a young man whose social education had been somewhat neglected, and it chanced that he received an invitation to a church wedding. The morning of the ceremony found him quite excited, and he started for the church some time before, as he would have said, "the show was billed to come off." Under his arm he carried a small bundle, and before he had proceeded far he met a friend.

"Hello," said the friend, "and where are you going all dressed up at this time in the morning?"

"Wedding," answered the young man briefly and proudly.

"Indeed! Going to do some errands on the way?"

"Certainly not."

"But you're not going to a wedding with a bundle under your arm?"

"Of course I am. That's my present."

"Present! But you don't take your present with you, man. You send it beforehand."

"That's all you know about it. I've got a card right here in my pocket, and the card says, 'Present at the church.'"

OUR TROUBLES.

They Are of Three General Kinds, and There Is a Remedy.

Troubles are of three different kinds:
The troubles you have had,
The troubles you have,
The troubles you are looking for.

The first of these three kinds of trouble will not press heavily upon the philosophical mind. It is a closed incident, and on the principle that pains and perils through which we have come to safety are negatively pleasant memories, we ought to extract the semblance of happiness from the troubles we have had and disposed of.

Remorseful dwelling on what is done forever is a mistake of fools.

The common sense of the situation resides only in casting out of mind the regrettable act of circumstance and turning to the present with a determined spirit that will fight for its own—for the right to happiness now and here, in this tangible instant that we call time present.

As to the second class, there is a fact in nature to the point. The nettle is armed with the most penetrating of needle pointed thorns, but they are formidable only to the timid and hesitating. Approach the plant without apprehensiveness of "trouble," seize it boldly and defiantly with a strong clutch, and the prickers that draw blood on the weak kneed or the weak handed will take on a velvety caress.

The lesson is obvious. The trouble that is now trying to swamp you will loosen its hold on your spirit and take to its heels if you but turn on it. "The eye of childhood ever fears a pointed devil." The very devil himself cunningly contrives not to materialize.

The trouble you are looking for need not dismay you. If you go out in the morning resolved on finding it, even if you have to fight for it, the likelihood is that some time during the day it will take on a form that you will recognize.

But that will be largely your own lookout. There are men that resent insult before it is offered. You will metaphorically see them suspiciously and belligerently peeking around a corner to discover who it is that is presently to come along and offer some indignity.

A sense of personal injury has possession of them, though if you appeal to them for a reason or for a fact or an act in support of their indictment to somebody—anybody—they are necessarily dumb. The whole thing is but a monstrous birth of their imagination.

The trouble you are looking for will never trouble you if you stop looking for it.—Exchange.

The Secret of Good Health.

The doctor took off his nose glasses, looked through them at the window, fished out a piece of chamois skin and began polishing them.

"The trouble with most people," he began as he rubbed harder at a particularly stubborn spot, "is that when they get up in the morning feeling well they say: 'My, I'm in fine shape this morning! I feel as if I could eat most any old thing!' And then they proceed to do so. Before night they say: 'I felt so well this morning, and now I feel so terribly worn out and tired. I believe it's a bad omen to get up in the morning feeling so fine.' If the idiots would only eat nothing at all or very sparingly of something dainty and nourishing they could preserve their feeling of elation till considerably later in the day. The very moment," the doctor concluded as he placed his glasses where they belonged, "that the human digestive apparatus begins to be cheerful over a good rest and to believe that its owner has some sense after all, the aforesaid owner thinks he is starving and thereupon stuns it with a load of indigestible garbage."—Chicago News.

Grass Snakes.

The somewhat natural prejudice which exists against vipers is extended, unfortunately—though not, perhaps, unnaturally—to everything resembling a snake, and on this account the common grass snake is often needlessly destroyed. It is perfectly harmless and in its fresh grayish green skin is quite unmistakable, yet if suddenly encountered in a hedgerow or issuing from a ditch death is generally its portion. The way in which, on its own account, it deals death to frogs is somewhat awful in the denouement. The victim, seeming to realize the hopelessness of any attempt to escape, becomes literally paralyzed with fright and, leaping with enfeebled power, is soon seized by a hinder leg and drawn into the jaws of the enemy. The adder's method of feeding is similar, but death is more speedy from the wound inflicted by its tubular teeth. The grass snake altogether lacks those teeth and swallows its prey alive. A frog has been heard to scream after being entombed.—London Times.

A Noted Basso's Egotism.

Once in London were four great bassos singing at the same time, Lablache, Marini, Staudigl and Karl Formes. Fashionable opinion was undecided as to which of the four was the greatest, and finally the members of a leading club determined to have the quartet of singers interviewed separately by one of the members to find out to whom each of the singers awarded the palm of being the greatest basso then in London.

[illegible] promptly and [illegible] "Lablache is the best."

[illegible] "I will not say who [illegible] but I am sure La[illegible]"

[illegible] "If [illegible] were not here, I certainly would be the best."

Formes without hesitation instantly said: "The greatest basso, sir—that's me, Karl Formes."

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HIS SATANIC MAJESTY

CURIOUS OLD LEGENDS CONCERNING THE EVIL SPIRIT.

In Popular Folklore the Prince of Tempters Is Constantly Outwitted, and Pacts With Him Are Broken by the Simplest Expedients.

There is a curious legend of the devil making his confession in Cologne cathedral. He professes to repent his crimes and to be willing to endure a thousand years of penance. "My son," says the priest, "all you need is to bow before the image of the Crucified and ask him for pardon."

"What!" cries the devil. "He who swept up the chips for Joseph, he who hung on a gallows?" And he turned on his heel, with a curse.

In popular legend and folklore the devil is outwitted constantly, contracts made with him are broken, and he is again and again deceived by the simplest expedients as substituting a lantern for the sunrise. This, if I remember rightly, occurs in the legend of the Devil's Dike at Brighton. As a child terrified by a very different Satan I remember the light brought to my own spirit by some story of the kind. The expedient in this case was cutting the sole out of the shoe which the devil had to fill with silver. The shoe was never filled, and so he could never claim his part of the bargain. I remember feeling a thrill of relief at seeing that it was possible to evade and elude him after all.

There is an Icelandic legend which is possibly the origin of the proverb, "The devil take the hindmost." He had agreed to instruct seven scholars in all the mysteries of magic for no other reward than that when their seven years' apprenticeship was over he should have as his thrall the last to leave for the last time by the single narrow door. On that fatal day the last to leave literally escaped him—eluded him by slipping out of his cloak, which the devil had grasped. He became a most worthy parish priest, venerated all over the island. As the iron door slammed to it crushed his heel.

The devil is constantly represented in tradition and folk tales as childish, grotesque, spiteful. With his bellows he tries to put out St. Genevieve's candle as she carries it alight through rain and wind to church. A very well known legend is that of St. Dunstan, who, when attacked by him while busy at the forge, brought the conflict to an end by seizing the adversary with the redhot tongs. This incident was the most popular pageant provided by the goldsmiths on lord mayor's day, when the mayor happened to be elected from their company.

The lion and the dragon are the animals typical of the devil. It is said that the ancient idea of the animosity between the lion and the cock is the origin of the placing of the weathercock upon the steeple. A mediaeval rhythm says of the cock, "In nocte dum concinat leo perturbatur," and the idea was to terrify Satan by the sight of the enemy on the highest point of the sacred building. The dragon was the symbol of the powers of darkness everywhere. In many of the stories of saints delivering a countryside from a devouring dragon the dragon obviously represents paganism destroyed by the labors of the Christian apostle. Up to the French revolution a prisoner was set free at Rouen every year on Ascension day in commemoration of the deliverance of the people from a dragon by St. Romain. In Provence St. Martha bound a monster called the tarasque with her girdle so that the people could slay him "with swords and glaives;" hence the name Tarascon. In Spain a monster snake called la tarasca is dragged in the Corpus Christi processions to signify Christ's triumph over death and hell. By the way, the Elizabethan injunctions decreed that in the rogation processions "there should be neither George nor Margaret, but the old dragon to come on alone and shew himself."

He was believed to have special power over the air, to be continually stirring up thunderstorms and tempests of wind and hail, hence the ringing of the bells during thunderstorms to frighten the evil spirits away. It was by the help of Satan that Simon Magus, according to the early Christian legend, floated in the air till commanded by St. Peter to descend. It is significant that Leonardo da Vinci, the typical figure of the renaissance, spent many years of his life in the endeavor to invent a flying machine. The opposition he met with from the clergy and devout people was intense. It is indeed difficult to imagine a more concrete symbol of all that is most opposed to what has been known historically as the Christian spirit than a flying machine. It must have seemed a partaking of Lucifer's daring presumption, to be speedily followed by a similar fall.—National Review.

Modern Luxurious Living.

The fact is, the laborer of today has luxuries that neither Queen Elizabeth nor King George of our great-grandfathers' time ever dreamed of—daily mail, telephone, street cars, electricity for domestic purposes, homes well lighted, well plumbed and well heated, to say nothing of the thousand and one articles that we daily use and do not regard as luxuries—for example, matches. Nowadays contagious diseases do not devastate our cities, because state and municipal laws unite to enforce protective sanitation. Never were homes so clean and well cared for as by the housekeepers of today.—Syracuse Journal.

BESSEMER STEEL.

Just What It Is and What It Has Made Possible.

Most persons are unaware of the revolution created in industrial circles by the introduction of the bessemer process of making steel. This process belongs in the same category with the invention of the printing press and the introduction of the steam engine in its relation to human progress.

Steel is a compound of iron with a small percentage of carbon, which is rendered malleable by being cast while in a state of fusion. Cast iron is iron with a much larger percentage of carbon and other impurities. Bessemer's process converts cast iron into steel by blowing a blast of cold air through melted cast iron. The oxygen of the air burns out the carbon, silicon and other unwelcome elements until the right proportion is reached, and then the steel is cast.

The effect of the process was at once to cheapen steel and to increase its use enormously. In 1855, when Bessemer took out his first patent, steel sold in England for five times its present price.

Sir Henry Bessemer shared the common lot of inventors in encountering incredulity when his discovery was first announced, but he was more fortunate than most inventors. He lived to enjoy the rewards of fame and fortune and to witness the worldwide adoption of his process.

The first bessemer steel rail ever laid down was at Derby, England, in 1857. It was placed at a point where it had been necessary to renew the iron rails once in three months because of incessant wear. It was not taken up for sixteen years, during which time 1,250,000 trains passed over it.

It is to the bessemer process that we owe the rapid development of our great railway systems. The giant locomotives that draw long trains across the continent and the steel rails upon which they run are due to its discovery. It is estimated that the bessemer process has reduced the cost of land transportation two-thirds, and it has also greatly cheapened transportation by water. It has opened great tracts of fertile country which could not have been reached otherwise and has given the farmer good markets. In the development of electric railways it is all the time bringing together scattered villages and giving new opportunities for intercourse.

We owe to Sir Henry Bessemer the improvements in our modern steamships, the strength and lightness of the bridges which cross our rivers, countless modern forms of machinery and their cheapened products and the skyscrapers which could not have been built save by the use of steel.—New York Herald.

The Island of Jersey.

There was a time when a reverend bishop always walked from France to Jersey on a plank. This sounds somewhat like a modern Blondin performance, and one could imagine the crowd that would assemble to witness such a feat. In reality it was an event of common occurrence during the [illegible] century. Existing documents relating to the monastery of Mont St. Michel in Normandy reveal the fact that the island was separated from the French district of Coutances by a narrow stream only and that the stream was bridged by a single plank. The inhabitants of Jersey were compelled to keep this plank in good repair, for it was used by the bishop of the diocese when he made his periodical visits to that portion of his flock, and the worthy prelate desired to make the crossing in safety. In the year 709 and again in the year 824 there were seismic disturbances, called by ancient writers "cataclysms," which submerged towns and forests on the French coast, thus widening the stretch of water and making the separation of Jersey more complete.—London Standard.

The Family Honor.

"Bobby," asked the teacher of the class in arithmetic, addressing the question to one of the younger pupils, "how many pints are there in a gallon?"

"I've forgot it again, ma'am," said Bobby, who found it hard to commit to memory the tables of weights and measures.

Thinking that perhaps by turning from the abstract to the concrete she might succeed better in stimulating his power of recollection, the teacher tried another tack.

"Bobby," she said, "your father is a milkman, isn't he?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Well, now, think as hard as you can. He sometimes sells a gallon can full of milk, doesn't he? Just so. Well, when he does, how many pints of milk are there in that gallon can?"

"It's all milk, ma'am!" indignantly exclaimed Bobby.—Youth's Companion.

"Put Into a Book."

Thomas Mitton was Dickens' solicitor as well as his schoolfellow and used to say that he was the only one of all of "Charlie's" friends whom the novelist had never "put into a book." Mitton's hearers smiled inwardly, because they recognized obvious pieces of Mitton in several of the novels, the most conspicuous fragments being in Wemmick ("Great Expectations") and Tappertit ("Barnaby Rudge"). Not much in common, it may be said, between these two eccentrics. Nevertheless, life being more various and more inconsistent than fiction, there he was visibly. Dickens was greatly and long attached to him, and it was in a letter to the lawyer that he described most admirably the frightful railway accident from which he escaped physically unhurt, but gravely shaken in nerve.—London Chronicle.

DORMOUSE DELICACIES.

Titbits That Were Relished In Ancient Roman Times.

Brawn was originally a Roman dish and was eaten with garum, and cow's and calf's foot jellies were likewise dainties with Rome's upper ten in the time of the Caesars. One would hardly suppose that black puddings were so old as the reign of Tiberius, but this is the fact. They were made of pig's blood, with little cubes of fat interspersed in the compound, and were the invention of a gentleman who rejoiced in the name of Bambonselverglus. It was he who invented all kinds of sausages—that is, meat stuffed into skins, which, we take it, is the ground plan, so to speak, of a sausage.

This gentleman also wrote a learned treatise on the fattening of dormice for the table, for at one period dormice were a craze. There were dormouse soup, dormouse sausage, dormouse brawn, dormouse cooked in every conceivable way, and the demand for this delicacy in prize sizes was so great that there was room for a book on the subject, though unfortunately this book is lost to posterity, and the only knowledge which we have of the fattening of dormice in Rome is from Petronius Arbiter, who tells us that they became fat by sleeping.

He also tells us that the best sauce to eat with dormouse is a mixture of poppy seed and honey, a mixture which probably had the merit of inducing sleep after a meal.

Cheering Tommy Up.

The obstacles which beset the pathway of a photographer when he endeavors to secure "a pleasant expression" are many, particularly when his sitters are of a tender age.

"I don't believe anything does children a particle of good," said Mrs. Green, returning flushed and discouraged from a visit to the photographer with her Tommy. "Here I've spent over an hour in that place trying to make this child look pleasant. I've slapped his hands twice, and he looked crosser each time than he did before."—Youth's Companion.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

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Historical Society

WATER IS IMPURE

Health Officer Cummings Says Water in Pond Is Bad.

Gives Instructions to Ice Dealers and Also Going After the City.

Dr. Cummings, of St. Hilaire, who is the new health officer of Red Lake county, was in the city Monday. Complaint was made to Dr. Cummings by some residents of Thief River Falls that local ice houses were cutting ice in the Red Lake river at points below where the sewers from the hospital and of private families empty into the river. Dr. Cummings investigated the matter and decided that no ice cut below the junction of the Thief and Red Lake rivers would be allowed to be sold for domestic purposes and that where ice is delivered a card stating where the ice was cut must be hung up. Already some of the ice houses are partly filled with ice.

Dr. Cummings further investigated the intake pipe of the city's water works plant and will issue an order to the city council compelling the local board of health to see that the intake pipe for the local plant is extended to a point up the river where the water is not contaminated by sewerage or to compel all those using the river for sewerage above the dam to stop doing so at once.

"So long as I hold the position of health officer," said Dr. Cummings to the News. "I am going to see that the law is lived up to. Of course I very much desire to have the co-operation of all local boards of health, and if the local health boards do their duty, my services will not often be required. If local health boards, however, do not do their duty, you can depend upon it that I will bring the matter to the attention of the state board. The health of the people of Red Lake county is the most important thing to be considered, and that will be my main object while holding the office."

A Good Showing.

That the Plummer Creamery has had a remarkable growth in the past year was proven at the meeting of Directors held recently when the secretary submitted his annual report for the year just passed.

Here are the figures:

Total Cream received	211,070 lb
Total Butter Fat	57,6707 lb
Total Butter Mf'd	66,039 lb
Average test	27
Average yield	31 2-10
Total cash received	$13,561 59
Running expenses	1,109.90
Sinking Fund	576 67
Total Paid patrons	11,873 02

STUCK IN SNOW.

Well Known Traveling Men Had Quite an Experience.

Messrs. L. J. Stranahan, John Sabin, M. Thornton and B. Oosley all prominent traveling men who make Thief River Falls regularly had an exciting experience to relate of how they got stuck in a snow bank in trying to drive one day last week from Bronson to Helena.

Wrapped up in warm furs and equipped with all the accessories that are necessary to make a trip across country in an open rig as comfortable as possible they started out from Bronson. When they reached a small grove two miles out of the city the horses plunged into snow that went up to their necks. Their progress was immediately arrested. With great reluctance but still with outward cheerfulness the traveling men got out of their rig and with their united strength succeeded in pulling the rig out of the deep snow. After much hard work they managed to get the horses turned around in the direction from which they started. They gave up the trip, returned to Bronson where they enjoyed for the rest of the day the comforts of the fireside.

A Cow and Dog Fight.

A fight for life occured in A. J. Ferguson's barn one night last week. Before retiring Mr. Ferguson had chained his bull dog in the usual hitching place, an empty stall in the barn where some horse and cow feed was kept. A Jersey cow and a dog fighter too, by the way, became loose during the night and discovering the dog in the stall, charged upon him and a fight that no doubt equalled the famous Mexican bull fight followed. The dog fastened his jaws in the cow's nose and from all appearances each bite was held until the flesh had given away, because, when found in the morning the cow had retreated to a safe corner noseless, earless, and the head and neck were in riddles and scarcely holding together. The dog was still chained but so badly goared and covered with blood that he resembled a piece of liver. The cow had to be killed. The dog still lives.—Hallock Enterprise.

Steam Haulers O. K.

Kelliher Journal: That steam log haulers are a success and have come to stay, and will hereafter be found in most well-equipped logging outfits has been proven beyond a doubt, the trial trips of the machines having proved successful, performing all the work required of them.

This week the Ross & Ross Cedar company received a hauler similar to that purchased by the Beltrami Cedar & Land company, and this machine has also proven entirely successful, and demonstrated its superiority over horses, on a straight haul. And especially this winter should the new machines prove their worth, when the price of horse flesh and laborers is almost prohibitive. The haulers are capable of carrying ten heavily loaded logging sleighs, at an average speed of six miles per hour.

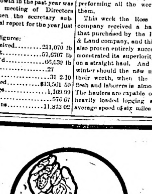

A HANDFUL OF COIN

is not so hard to get; but to save it for future use and enjoyment—there's the rub. We can help you take care of the handfuls, if you will let us. Bring your money here when you have a certain sum; we will keep it for you, and will pay good interest for use of it besides. In a few years the "handfuls" will amount to a little fortune. If you want proof, open an account with us.

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CAUSED A SENSATION

People Discuss Arrest of Men Supposed to Be Dahl Slayers.

Case Comes Up Before Judge Skinvik at Bmidji. Today.

The arrest of Paul Fournier and George Cyr and their incarceration in the county jail at Bemidji on the charge of having killed N. O. Dahl and his daughter Aagot, has caused a decided sensation and the possibility of the county authorities being able to clear up the mystery surrounding the murders has been hailed with satisfaction.

At the time the bodies of the Dahls were found feeling ran high concerning the brutal manner in which they had beed made away with and had the guilty parties been actually discovered at that time, it is more than likely that Judge Lynch would have held an impromptu court. Although the matter has been apparently lost sight of by other occurrences, it has always been thought by parties familiar with the circumstances surrounding the murder that it would only be a question of time when some one directly connected with the crimes would reveal the true murderers, and while County Attorney Henry Funkley is very reticent concerning the information he possesses, he expresses confidence that the matter will be cleared up.

Fournier and cyr were taken before O. M. Tkinvik, justice of the peace last week where, at the request of the county attorney, the cases against them were continued until today. Neither of the men show any signs of being at all worried over their arrest and are holding their own counsel. They have employed G. W. Campbell as their attorney.

In connection with the arrests that have been made in the past, it is stated that "Shorty" Wesley who was held for several months on the charge of being one of the murderers and was subsequently released, was shot and instantly killed during a drunken row in an upper Michigan town.

Important to Teachers.

Superintendent McAnulty desires to call the attention of the teachers of Red Lake county to the following notes regarding the teachers examinations to be held at Red Lake Falls, Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire on January 31, February 1 and 2:

It will be remembered that Civics is required for a second grade or a limited certificate. The rule observed at the last August examination with reference to civics will be observed at this examination as well; i. e., "All second grade certificates will remain in force until the date of expiration, but for their renewal, and for the exchange of a limited for a complete, civics will be required. To give applicants additional time for preparation, however, a conditional second grade, allowing two conditions, one in civics and one in any other second grade subject, will be issued on this February examination. Also a limited second grade will be issued, in like manner, allowing the condition in civics alone." Beginning with the examination next summer, only one condition will be allowed on a second grade, and no condition on a limited.

Persons who will have taught the five months required for a second grade, or the eight months required for a first grade, by March 1, of this year, may be reported as having taught that length of time, as that is the date from which certificates based on this examination will be dated.

On recommendation of county superintendent the department will extend a conditional first or second grade certificate expiring March 1, 1907, and make it valid, without further examination, until September 1, 1907, thus allowing its holder to remove condition at the next summer examination. This may serve to accommodate many teachers whose schools are now in session, or who by reason of bad roads, and inclement weather, may find it difficult to attend the examination. It is understood that all such certificates for extension are to be sent in with the other examination returns.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11, o'c.
Sabbath evening worship at 7, 30, o'c.
Sabbath School at 12, M.
Christian Endeavor at 6,45.

There will be no Mid-week service this week.

Dr. D. K. Laurie of Crookston will occupy the pulpit next Sabbath.

The pastor will be absent in Middle River this week.

IF YOU TOUCH your tongue to ALUM

and look in the glass—you will see the effect—You can't help puckering—it makes you pucker to think of tasting it.

By the use of so called cheap Baking Powders you take this puckering, injurious Alum right into your system—you injure digestion, and ruin your stomach.

AVOID ALUM

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal is made from pure, refined Grape Cream of Tartar—Costs more than Alum but you have the profit of quality, the profit of good health.

DYING OF STARVATION

Stockmen in the Northwest Will Lose More Than a Million.

Farming Conditions Out There Not All They Are Painted.

Farming conditions in Western North Dakota, Montana and the Canadian northwest are not all they have been painted. According to J. R. Howles of Minot, one of the leading buyers of cattle and sheep in the west, the cattlemen of the west would stand to lose more than a million dollars by the severe winter. He has made a tour of inspection along the transcontinental lines both in the United States and Canada, and says that the losses will not be so great in North Dakota as in Alberta and Montana.

In the Alberta country, according to Mr Howles, cattle by the thousands had huddled together along the railroad tracks and dead cattle were to be seen for a hundred miles or more lying twenty deep in some places. The same conditions, he says, prevail in Montana.

About a week ago, Mr. Howles says, he was at Havre, Mont., and a ranchman offered him 10,000 sheep for $3,000 which last fall were worth $30,000. The ranchman could not get the sheep out of the country and they were dying by hundreds for want of food.

Last year Mr. Howles' company shipped out of Havre nearly 400 cars of cattle but this year it has been unable to get out a single carload.

Died Suddenly.

Mrs. Carl Gullingson received a telegram Sunday announcing the death of her father Olous Eeg, one of the pioneer and highly respected citizens of Norman county who resides upon a farm near Gary. Death was due to heart failure and the deceased was sick only a short time. He was little over 71 years of age. Mr. Eeg had often visited his daughter in Thief River Falls and had made many warm personal friends here who will greatly regret to hear of his sudden death.

Mr. and Mrs. Gullingson left Monday evening for Gary to attend the funeral.

Sues for $3,200.

Papers in a suit for $3,200 brought by Pat Kenney, who was recently arrested and acquitted for stealing some money from a local saloon, against Andy Erickson were served the first of the week. Kenney alleges that Mr. Erickson threw him out of the saloon owned by the latter and damages to the amount of $3,200 were sustained. W. A. Tautges is attorney for Kenney and the case will be tried at the March term of court for Red Lake county. It will be a case in which all saloonkeepers will be interested.

TO TAP THE SOO.

Crookston Has a Scheme to Get Connected With the Soo.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 28.—A project is under way for the building of an electric line between Crookston and Maple Lake and that a franchise for such a line is to be asked from the city in the near future. While the line is primarily for accommodation of citizens who desire to make summer homes at the lake, it is intimated that it will be pushed to a connection with the Soo, near Erskine and that it will be so constructed as to afford shippers a chance to avail themselves of the accommodations afforded by that road, and will give this city communication with the territory tributary to the Soo.

Several railroad men have been in the city with the view to looking over the project and they unanimously pronounced it practicable and that it would prove a paying investment. They are agreed, however, that in order to get the best returns, such a line would eventually have to be extended to Grand Forks.

Well Provided For.

J. P. Foote who returned the fore part of the week from a trip through the country north of Thief River Falls reports that the people are well protected against the cold of winter. They have on hand large supplies of wood and food and notwithstanding the bitterly cold weather and the deep snow the people seemed happy and contented. During his drive of seventy-five miles Mr. Foote saw very little game. The low temperature has forced most animals to take shelter.—Crookston Journal.

The Colonial Male Quartette is coming and will give a concert in Evenson Hall Tuesday evening Feb. 12th.

A GOOD SHOWING.

Report of the St. Hilaire Creamery for the Month of December, 1906.

Amount of cream, 24,901 lbs.
Amount of butter fat, 6,648.93 lbs.
Average test, 26.50.
Amount of butter made, 7,465 lbs.
Butter sold to patrons, 49 lbs.
Butter sold out of state, 6,381 lbs.
Butter sold in state, 1,035 lbs.
Churn overrun, 11 per cent.
Total money received, $2,191 38.
Amount paid to patrons, $2,000.36.
Running expenses, $191.02.
Cost of making one pound of butter, 2c55.
Price paid for butter fat 30c per lb.

The following are the ones receiving over $50:

N. E. Beebe, $74.51.
H. Haupt, $73.95.
N. A. Nelson, $64.44.
Gust Konikson, $61.88.
L. Janke, $52.50.

To Sell More Stock.

At the meeting of the directors of the recently organized Farmers Exchange held in the city hall last Saturday it was decided to commence a canvass for the sale of more stock. Each of the directors was given the power to sell stock, and Surveyor Johnson was also employed to do some soliciting.

At Thief River Falls last Saturday evening Paul I. D. Ostby, Justice of the Peace, officiated at the wedding of William A. Robbins and Mrs. Lizzie Bjerk. The bride is the widow of Erick Bjerk, who died at Thief River Falls last summer and the groom is a well known resident of the the north end of the county. The groom is one of the biggest men in the northwest standing six feet and nine inches in height.—Plummer Pioneer.

Subscribe for the News.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE
B. DAN BJORKMAN.
CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

ORDER WILL PARALYZE LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

All Final Proofs Are Held Up by the President, and Land Offices Cannot Issue Final Receipts Until the Land Has Been Examined by a Special Agent.

It is not going to be an easy matter for any of the settlers to prove up on their land in the future, especially if they have to borrow money, for land officers are instructed not to issue any more final receipts and money loaners will not be liable to loan money to settlers unless they have final receipts.

President Roosevelt has just handed down a sweeping order in regard to the issuing of final receipts and patents or other evidence of title to public lands, which if it remains in force, will practically put a stop to the issuing of any final receipts from the land offices throughout the country for an indefinite time.

A copy of the order, which is dated at Washington, Jan. 25, has been received and is accompanied by a circular from G. F. Pollock, assistant commissioner at Washington, instructing the local officials to carry out the rulings of the order in every particular.

The order, which is made in lieu of the one given out by the president on Dec. 13, directs that no final receipts, patents or other evidence of title shall be issued under the public land laws until an actual examination has been made on the ground by an authorized officer of the government, with the exception of a few cases.

While the new order is aimed at the frauds, which have been discovered in some of the land districts of the country, and as that of the December order, it goes further and deeper and makes it practically impossible for a title to land to be obtained unless the claimant is acting in good faith. The first order stated that no patents should be issued unless there had been an examination by the government's special agent. But as the patents are issued from the office of the secretary of the interior at Washington, and the final receipts issued by the local land offices are taken as sure proof of the honesty and good faith of the applicant by the Washington authorities, the first order did not accomplish the wish of the president.

Heretofore at the time the notice of the hearing for final proof is published, the land officials have sent notice of the hearing to the government's special land agent, and he has been supposed to make an examination of the land and see if the applicant is acting in good faith. At the hearing he has been supposed to turn in his testimony to be compared with that of the applicant. But as there are only three men in Minnesota authorized to do this work and nearly 700 cases to attend to each month, very few of the claims have been actually visited.

Therefore, at the time of the hearing, the special land agent merely sends in his statement to the register that he has not visited the claim and knows nothing about it. The land officials then proceed on their own judgement without the testimony of the special agent. According to the order of President Roosevelt this can no longer be done and no final receipts can be issued unless the government's special agent has made a personal examination. The president's order in full is as follows.

The Secretary of the Interior: Sir: To prevent the fraud now practised in the acquisition of public lands of the United States, I have to direct that hereafter no final certificate, patent, or other evidence of title shall be issued under the public land laws until an actual examination has been made on the ground by an authorized officer of the government; but the following shall be excepted from the force of this order:

"(1) All claims which have heretofore been examined on the ground by an authorized officer of the government whose report is found satisfactory.

(2) All claims where heretofore an officer of the government other than officers authorized to take final proof, shall have been present at the taking of final proof to cross-examine claimant and witnesses, if such proof is found satisfactory.

(3) All claims where claimants compliance with law has been established by contest or other regular adverse proceedings.

(4) Entries which may have been confirmed by virtue of any act of congress.

(5) Selections and entries in which no residence or improvement is required by law, when the lands embraced therein are strictly speaking in agricultural districts, or when their character has been fixed by investigation and classification made in accordance with law.

(6) Cases of reissuance of patents because of some clerical error occurring in the patent heretofore issued.

(7) All Indian allotments which have been regularly approved in accordance with instructions of the secretary of the interior.

You will issue all necessary instructions to carry this order into effect.

This order is in lieu of my order of Dec. 13, 1906.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

No honest man of course need have fear that he will not secure a patent to his land eventually, but the new order is going to delay matters for months and perhaps for years. No information as to an increase in the force of special agents is announced. It will take a small army of men to do the work properly.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Walter McAndress was in from Highlanding yesterday.

H. Fant who is still confined at the hospital is reported to be improving.

A. B. Helgeson has returned to this city from his trip to the Pacific coast.

Joe Halda yesterday removed his saloon to the McGinn building just across the street from the Ogahmah.

The Colonial Male Quaraette is coming and will give a concert in Evenson Hall Tuesday evening Feb. 12th.

City Treasurer J. W. Wallin was taken quite sick the first of the week, and his many friends hope for speedy recovery.

Mr. J. Klam and Mrs. F. H. Schroeder, of Hunnea, N. D., are in the city visiting Mrs. J. J. Schroeder, who is quite ill.

Miss Cooke, who has spent the past year in the city with her brother, Attorney S. Cooke, will leave this week for California.

C. A. Robbecke and Math. Barzen leave this week for a trip through the south to spend a few weeks looking over the country.

The new Minnesota traveling library has arrived in the city and those desiring books can secure the same at the Thief River Falls public library.

The Thief River Falls Bowling team was defeated in Crookston Tuesday nigh by a team in that city, the total score being 3530 for the Thief River Falls team and 3713 for the Crookston team.

The debate of the "Old Style Literary Society" given under the auspices of the Woman Workers of the Presbyterian church in the Evenson Hall Monday evening was largely attended and considerable interest in the affair was taken.

The American Tuberculosis exhibit will be held in Minneapolis from Feb 2 to 12 at which time it is proposed to form a state organization. All interested persons are requested to be present and attend the meetings as a very interesting program has been prepared.

County Attorney [illegible] was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday to investigate a case in the municipal court. It appears that Sandahl [illegible] the liveryman caused a warrant to be issued for the arrest of John Mostrom, of Little Oak, upon the charge of obtaining a livery rig of them under false pretenses. Mostrom had driven the rig a distance out upon the reservation and the sleigh was broken. Mr. Germo stated that he considered it a case of prosecution for the purpose of collecting a debt and ordered the case dismissed. Sandahl then at once commenced a civil action.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	70c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 08
Eggs	25c
Butter	23c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	6c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

A London Banquet of 1582.

A Spanish visitor to London in 1582 describes a banquet of that day. "I will tell you no lye," he begins cautiously. "I saw such kindes of meate eaten as are wont to be sene and not eaten—as a horse rosted, a cat in gely, little lizars with whot broth, frogges fried and divers other sortes of meates, which I sawe theme eate, but I never knew what they were till they were eaten." The "quaking custard" of that period was a huge dish in the middle of the table, into which, "at a private signal, the city fool suddenly leaped over the heads of the astonished feasters, who were instantly bespattered with this rich and savory mud." Undeterred, however, by this nasty behavior, the citizens not only ate plentifully of the custard, but even took some home to their wives. Nor were the women of those days backward in demanding expensive dainties for themselves, it seems, for an essayist of 1601 sarcastically asks: "Who will not admire our nice dames of London, who must have cherries at 20 shillings a pound and peascods at 5 shillings a peck? Yong rabbettes of a spanne and chickens of an inch?"

Slaves In Scotland.

Were there once slaves in Scotland? A volume on Scottish industrial and social history in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries has some passages on the subject:

"It shocks us very much to learn that the men, and even the women, who worked in the coal mines at that time—i. e., the eighteenth century—in Scotland still continued to be, as of old, little better than slaves. By a law passed by the Scottish parliament in 1606 every man who once went to work in a coal mine was bound to labor in it all his life as a "necessary servant." If he tried to run away he was tried and punished as a thief. If the land was sold on which the coal pit stood in which he worked he was sold with it like any of the machinery of the pit. In 1775 an act of parliament was passed which set free most of the pit workers, but it was not till the end of the century that this form of slavery was quite abolished."

Odd Occurrence In the Hunting Field

On the afternoon of Feb. 8, 1794, the hounds of his grace the Duke of Beaufort were in full cry. The run had been a long one, and they knew that the fox was almost spent. Suddenly the scent turned abruptly from the open, leading straight into the garden of a cottage in the little village of Castle Coombe. Those who were following wondered what had happened and were more astonished still to see the entire pack, without checking for an instant, dash through the open door into the little room. A shrill scream was heard, and when the whipper in threw himself from his horse and gained the threshold he saw a sight which probably no fox hunter has ever met before or since. A white faced woman stood clasping a child in her arms, and right there in the cradle, from which the infant had just been snatched, eighteen couple of fierce hounds were struggling to devour their fox.

The Auto Habit.

Some delver has found in the Bible what he believes to be a hint of automobiles. It is contained in the story of the vision of Nahum, the Elkoshite, concerning the burden of Nineveh. In the account given by this seer of the military array of the Medes and Babylonians against Nineveh occurs this verse: "The chariots shall rage in the streets, they shall jostle one against the other in the broad way, they shall seem like torches, they shall run like the lightning." If that doesn't describe a street full of motor cars what does? Then, again, a variant of the word "jostle," which the original Hebrew will, it is said, bear even better, is "pass swiftly, without particular purpose, to and fro." Isn't that the automobile habit?

Smoking a Pipe.

The Canadian Cigar and Tobacco Journal gives some hints to those who smoke pipes. Everybody thinks he knows how to smoke a pipe, but to do it perfectly is not easy. "Time is a keynote of successful pipe smoking," says the Journal, "and another is gentleness. Take it easy. Don't crowd the pipe to the top of the bowl. Never get a pipe hot. Keep cool, and keep your pipe cool. You can relight a pipe, and if you are an old smoker you will be all the better for it. When you have finished do not refill a heated pipe."

Washington Monument.

The towering Washington monument, solid as it is, cannot resist the heat of the sun poured on its southern side on a midsummer's day without a slight bending of the gigantic shaft, which is rendered perceptible by means of a copper wire 174 feet long hanging in the center of the structure and carrying a plummet suspended in a vessel of water.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Thief River Falls Creamery Patrons Held Meeting Saturday.

New Officers and a New Board of Directors Elected.

The annual meeting of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery association was held in the city hall last Saturday afternoon and was a well attendeded meeting. President Engelstad, of the association, opened the meeting by making the following remarks.

When, I last winter commenced to advocate that the farmers ought to form an association for the purpose to buy the Thief River Falls Creamery, I was in a little doubt whether such an undertaking could be successfully carried out, but nevertheless the Thief River Falls Cooperate Creamery Association was formed, but I did not dream then, that we would enjoy the success which we have had during the past and *being our first* year.

As probably most of you know our neighboring creamery to the south of us The St. Hilaire Creamery stands as an example of a well managed and successfull co-operative institution and are posing as one of the best and most successfull creameries in the Red River Valley. Let it be so. I am exceedingly glad that it enjoys this reputation, and when our own creamery reaches a point when it does just as good business—that is, paying just as much for butter fat as they do, then our creamery ought to be put in the same class- and that is practicably what we have been doing over since we started the wheels to roll both summer, and fall and winter for that matter and we have not been bragging much about it either. Well, Gentlemen, I beleive that the time is not very far distant, when the St. Hilaire creamery will have to scratch in order to keep up with us.

A large part of the business during the summer came to us from the several stations but as a general rule the shipped in cream has been of inferior quality to that of our own farmers who haul it directly to the cremory themselves. The man with the poor cream has received just as much for his stuff as the man with the best cream but so long as we have not got a graded system for buycream, then this injustice will prevail.

If we had facility so we could churn the bad cream separety and pay for this raw material what it would bring in the market, then a large part of this injustice would be done away with. We had a good example here last fall when a batch of bad cream arrived from one of the stations. It was churned into three tubs of butter, shipped with other butter but marked differently, and the difference, I think was a trifle over 2 cent.

Our aim must be to develop our home territory for profitable dairying by increasing our herd and gradually improving it. Supposing every patron in our home territory increased his herd with 2 cows it would soon be a couple hundred quite an increase. If any one is entertaining this one idea, that this creamery will be a kind of a centralizing plant where all kinds of raw material can be shipped from far off stations he had better leave that idea.

We have to be on a look out for quality just as much and more than quantity.

I noticed during the summer that there frequently was kicking from patrons about low tests. There are many causes for variation in tests. Cows vary in tests from time to time, irregular operation of the Seperator. Mistakes may be made by buttermakers and also by Secretary.

To eliminate to a large extent this kicking and dissatisfaction about low test every patron should have a small tester and test his cream occasionally. Whenever a former becomes suspicious that he is not treated right in this respect he can test his cream and then he knows what he is kicking about. Every farmer needs a tester for testing his cows anyway so as to be able to know which of his cows gives him any profit.

If one farmer thought he could not afford to buy one 2,3 or 4 could buy one together. Supposing 4 farmers bought a 4 bottle tester in Company. Each provided for a sample bottle and a few pills and at the end of the month these 3 good farmers went over to John to test that months cream. The next month it was thirteen to go over to Jim and test the cream and have a good time talking dairying, politics and so forth thereby promoting a better neighborhood on one side and for the other do away a whole lot of kicking which is most unjustly is hurled against the buttermaker.

Not in the state would you find a creamery unless there is complaints now and then in regard to this. In a cooperative creamery where a buttermaker has a fixed salary, there is no motive for any wrong doing in this respect.

The indebtness of the Co. is about 500 dollars and for the next year a new churn has to be installed and also a vat in order to better handle the product during the busy season. Supposing during the flush of the time the one churn we had should break down were would we be. It would be a loss which would go far toward paying for a churn. To meet this expenditure as well as the 500 dollars debt on the creamery it could be left to the sinking fund at the present rate to take care of it. I hope that the sale of shares during the coming year would help out the sinking fund some so it won't be necessary to increase the present rate but let it run another year with 1 cent for nonshare-holders and ½ cent for shareholders and see how we are coming out at the end of the year. With these few remarks I leave the mat'er to you for further discussion.

The election of officers was the next thing in order and there was rather a warm election, the result being as follows:

President—M. Bakken.
Secretary—P. Engelstad.
Treasurer—John T. Finke.
Trustees—R. L. Muzzey and L. J. Parbst.

After the election W. W. Prichard took the floor and stated that he would donate the sum of $50 to be given as prizes in such a manner as the officers of the association may designate and further that as a premium to all patrons *of the creamery* up to the number of one hundred that had at least five cows he would pay the subscription for a period of one year to a well known agricultural paper.

Secretary's Report.

Annual report of the treasurer of the Thief River Falls Creamery Association is as follows:

Pounds of cream received	329,002
Total pounds of Butterfat	890,174
Total pounds of butter made	96,124
Cash received for butter sold	$21,492.87
Total amount of cash received for the season	22,670.99
Salary to buttermaker	$ 630.00
" assistant	140.50
" secretary	271.75
" treasurer	92.76
" P. Engelstad	21.15
" R. L. Muzzy	7.50
" Olof Larson	6.00
Paid into sinking fund	687.48
Paid out of sinking fund	714.13
The total paid during the season	22,575.28
Balance on hand	101.70

Treasurer's Report.

The following amounts paid out the first seven months:

May	$2,108.67
June	4,574.12
July	3,084.29
August	4,259.29
September	3,669.56
October	2,251.63
November	1,078.58
Incidential expenses	94.08
Balance	79.74
Total	22,099.96

Annual report of receipts for the first seven months as follows:

May	$3,835.70
June	4,281.00
July	4,006.07
August	4,082.72
September	2,352.23
October	2,343.07
November	1,163.18
Total	$22,099.96

Great Northern Snowbound.

The Great Northern has been forced to abandon all traffic upon its branch lines in North Dakota and is now battling hard to keep open the main line. Orders were issued on Tuesday of this week to all agents instructing them not to sell tickets to points west of Grand Forks unless these points were upon the main line. It will probably be some time before traffic is resumed.

Shooting a Rabbit.

In Sullivan county there is a man who spent a whole day hunting, and at nightfall he was returning homeward empty handed when he found a rabbit in a snare and still kicking. He released it and was about to dispatch it with the back of his hand when it occurred to him that he could not say he shot it, as no shot marks would be found to corroborate his story. So he tied a string to one of the hind legs of the rabbit, tied the other end to the fence, backed away twenty yards and fired. The shot cut the string and bunny ran away. Such a good joke on himself was too good to keep, and he told it at the village grocery, little thinking that it would be handed about until now if you want to anger him the mere mention of the yarn opens the old sore.—Forest and Stream.

The First Dancers.

People have danced for thousands of years and will probably continue to do so for ages to come. This custom is of ancient origin. The first people to dance were the Curetes, who adopted dancing as a mark of rejoicing in 1543 B. C. In early times the Greeks combined dancing with the drama, and in 22 B. C. pantomimic dances were introduced on the Roman stage. At the discovery of America the American Indians were holding their religious, martial and social dances.

Subscribe for the News.

BIG PLOW IS HERE

Left This Morning for the West Over the Wheatline

It Is Now Expected That Traffic on the Soo Will Be Resumed.

The Soo's large new rotary snow plow, after being on the road for nearly twenty days, arrived here last evening from Patterson, N. J. The plow left this morning for the west over the Wheatline and is expected to open up this road for traffic in a few days. Following the snow plow was a train load of merchandise and coal to be distributed along the route of the Wheatline for the relief of the people living in the towns along the route. Supt. Michaels accompanied the snow plow and will superintend the work.

The rotary is of the largest and strongest make in the world, the blades being ten feet in circumference, and all snow upon the track will be thrown a distance of one hundred feet. While the rotary is not long, the machine is very compact and very strongly built in every way. It is expected to progress at the rate of about ten miles an hour.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

On Tuesday Supt. Hay presented to the pupils an outline of the plan to be followed next year in the High school. In view of the large number of pupils who will enter the high school next year the rooms are to be enlarged and refitted. The whole upper floor will be given up to the high school. Four complete courses will be given,— a commercial course, a normal course, a literary, classical and a scientific course. The high school faculty will be increased to meet the requirements. These improvements are found upon the board by the growth of the school and will place our high school among the first in this part of the state. The good will and co-operation of all the town people is required to make this move a success.

A number of the high school pupils took part in an entertainment given in the opera house Monday night.

Mysterous disappearance! A bottle of Arsenic suddenly disappeared from the midst of the assembled Chemistry class one day last week. A long and thorough search failed to discover it. But, mirabile dictu! the next day it as mysteriously appeared. If only that Arsenic could talk what a wonderful tale it might tell about its wanderings.

The second german class has finished Wilhelm Tell and is now reading Emilia Galotti.

Yes! "When the cats away the mice will play." But no harm is done.

Miss Nelson writes that her mother is very low and that her recovery is impossible.

Miss Lakin is on the sick list this week.

Harry Shuster re-entered the eighth grade Tuesday.

The Seniors, aided by the Juniors, expect to present a class play about the latter part of March. The play which has been selected is "The Cheerful Liar" a comedy. It is a carefully selected play and we are sure the actors will present it to the entire satisfaction of the school and town.

One day last week Supt. Hay discussed current events with the pupils. He showed them what a pleasure and profit it would be to study and be acquainted with the world's progress.

Bijou Theatre Program.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
The Poor Tutors Troubles.
The Serenade.
Crushed Alive.
The Witch.
Illustrated Song. I Long to See You Once Again.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Jan. 26, 1907.

Date of Report by Bank Jan. 30, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		[illegible]
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		[illegible]
Due from banks	[illegible]	
Checks and Cash Items	[illegible]	
Currency	[illegible]	
Gold	[illegible]	
Silver	[illegible]	
Other	[illegible]	
Total Cash Assets	[illegible]	[illegible]
Other resources		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		[illegible]
Deposits subject to check	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Time Certificates	[illegible]	
Total deposits		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, T. P. Hamre, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. T. P. Hamre, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, 1907. [illegible], Notary Public. Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn. My commission expires March 4th, 1911. Attest (Two) Directors. A. M. Langevin, John G. Crookston.

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Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

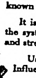

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

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It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

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Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

A SOURCE OF DISEASE.

Beware the Man Who Blows Smoke Through His Nostrils.

A popular practice of many smokers consists in discharging the smoke inhaled, especially from cigarettes, through the nostrils. This is even considered by some to be essential to the full enjoyment of the flavor of the tobacco.

The London Lancet, while acknowledging that perhaps under ordinary circumstances no harm is done to the smoker save to his sense of smell, has sounded a note of warning against the habit as a possible disseminator of disease. Hay fever and other annoying complaints have been spread through unsuspecting households by the unthinking visitor who habitually blew smoke through his nose.

The surface traversed by the tobacco smoke before issuing from the nose, it is remarked by the Lancet, is moistened with the natural secretion of the mucous membrane lining it, and this secretion is mingled with the fluid discharged from the conjunctival sac protecting the eyes. It therefore contains numerous micro organisms, which, floating in the air, have become attached to the moist and stick surface of the conjunctiva, as well as those which pass over the surface of the nasal membrane. As Tyndall long ago showed, germs are completely filtered off from the air inhaled by the extensive and *irregular surfaces* presented by the turbinal bones. These germs are carried into the air by the man who blows smoke through his nostrils.

A SENSE OF DIRECTION.

The Prime Requisite For Making a True Woodsman.

A sense of direction I should name as the prime requisite for him who would become a true woodsman, depending on himself rather than on guides. The faculty is largely developed of course by much practice, but it must be inborn. Some men possess it; others do not—just as some men have a mathematical bent, while to others figures are always a despair. It is a sort of extra, having nothing to do with criterions of intelligence or mental development, like the repeater movement in a watch. A highly educated, cultured man may lack it; the roughest possess it. Some who have never been in the woods or mountains acquire in the space of a vacation a fair facility at picking a way, and I have met a few who have spent their lives on the prospect trail and who were still and always would be as helpless as the newest city dweller. It is a gift, a talent. If you have its tiniest germ you can become a traveler of the wide and lonely places. If you have it not you may as well resign yourself to guides.—Stewart Edward White in Outing Magazine.

Science and Morality.

The true student of the professional or technical school becomes heir to a comprehensive and clear understanding of his duties and responsibilities in his relations to his fellow men and to the community. Those duties and responsibilities present themselves to his trained mind in their real proportion. He is neither nondeveloped nor maldeveloped in his judgment of affairs. His university training, especially in the technical school, has taught him accuracy and penetration in the analysis of any proposition confronting him and that truth and knowledge must be sought with the directness of a plumb line. Science yields nothing but confusion to the shifty, devious and dishonest inquirer. The fundamentals of morality are the very stepping stones to technical success or professional attainment.—Scientific American.

The Hellbender.

"There's no reason why the hellbender shouldn't be good to eat," said a scientist. "Its principal food is the crayfish, the same as the principal food for bass. The hellbinder belongs to the same family of amphibians as the frog and is very closely related. Both are hatched from the egg, and both pass through the tadpole stage before reaching maturity. The hellbender is a mighty fine fish, as any one can prove to himself if he will conquer his natural aversion." The hellbender is found principally in streams about the foothills of the Alleghany mountains.

The Saddle.

Early Greeks and Romans rode horses bareback. They regarded it as effeminate to ride in a saddle. The modern saddle, with pommel, crupper and stirrups, was unknown to the ancients. Nero gave out fancy coverings to his cavalry, and the bareback riders of the German forests used to laugh at them. Saddles with trees came into use in the fourth century, stirrups three centuries later.

Standing and Sitting.

David Slowpay—I shall bring you back those dark trousers to be reseated, Mr. Snip. You know I sit a good deal. Mr. Snip (tailor)—All right, and if you'll bring the bill I sent you six months ago I will be pleased to receipt that also. You know I've stood a good deal.—London Tit-Bits.

Properly Situated.

"They may say what they like against him," said the convicted one's defender, "but his heart is in the right place."

"Yes," assented the other, "and so is the rest of him for a few years."

Practical.

"What did she say when she heard he was dead in love with her?"

"She wanted to know if he carried any life insurance."—New York Times.

FAMOUS GAMBLERS.

Old Time London Betting Clubs and Their Members.

There were three principal clubs—White's, Brookes' and Boodles'. White's was originally a "chocolate house" in William III.'s time, but became a private club early in the eighteenth century and was used by the Tories. It was a club always noted for high play and betting, and very curious some of their bets were, the old wager book being still preserved. Brookes' was the Whig club and was then conducted by that

Liberal Brookes, whose speculative skill
Is hasty credit and a distant bill;
Who, nursed in clubs, disdained a vulgar trade,
Exults to trust and blushes to be paid.

Among the members of this club were the Prince of Wales, and, of course, his fidus Achates, Sheridan, besides the great Charles James Fox, who here played deeply and whose name is oft recorded in the wager book, which, however, is of older date and was kept when the club was held at Almack's. "Lord Northington bets Mr. C. Fox, June 4, 1774, that he (Mr. C. F.) is not called to the bar before this day four years." "March 11, 1775, Lord Bolingbroke gives a guinea to Mr. Charles Fox and is to receive a thousand from him whenever the debt of this county amounts to £171,000,000. Mr. Fox is not to pay the £1,000 till he is one of his majesty's cabinet." "April 7, 1791, Mr. Sheridan *bets Lord* Lauderdale and Lord Thanet 25 guineas each that parliament will not consent to any more lotteries after the present one voted to be drawn in February next."—From "The Dawn of the Nineteenth Century," by John Ashton.

HE DIED FIGHTING.

How Prince Louis Napoleon Was Killed by the Zulus.

How Prince Louis Napoleon was killed by the Zulus June 1, 1879, is told graphically in the book by Sir Evelyn Wood, who took part in that war. The little party which the prince accompanied was surprised and attacked. Sir Evelyn writes: "The Zulus in pursuit ran first after the two white soldiers who were on the flanks, three or four men, headed by Labanga, following the prince. His horse had jumped just as he was mounting, and his sword fell out of its scabbard. He was very active and was vaulting on his horse in motion when the wallet on the front of the saddle broke away, and he fell to the ground, being at this time only sixty yards behind the (British) fugitives. There were seven men who actually fought the prince. When Langalebele, pursuing the fugitives, first saw Labanga, he was running away from the prince, who was rushing at him. Labanga, crouching in the grass, threw an assagai at him. The first assagai stuck in the prince's thigh, and, withdrawing it from the wound, he kept his foes at bay for some minutes. In the native's words: 'He fought like a lion. He fired two shots, but without effect, and I threw an assagai at him, which struck him, as I said at the time, but I always allowed Labanga's claim to have killed him, for his assagai hit the prince in the left shoulder, a mortal wound.'"

Some Odd Wills.

One of the oddest documents of the will kind known was that of Queen Austrigilda, consort of King Goutram of Burgundy. The dying princess enjoined upon her husband to slay and bury in the same grave with her the physicians who had attended her. Another will was that of a husband who forbade his wife's marrying on pain of his returning to haunt her. This is quite different from that of a woman who instructed her executors to seek out "some nice, good, pretty girl" who would make an affectionate second wife to her spouse. It is a fact interesting in this connection that the first Napoleon actually bequeathed 10,000 francs to a fellow named Cantillon, who had been tried for attempting the assassination of the Duke of Wellington.

A Problem In Life.

They had met in the subway and in the interval of passing a few stations had fallen to talking of a lovely woman friend who had died.

"How did she die? Do you know?" he asked.

"She nursed a little niece through an infectious disease, then took it herself and died of it," said she.

"A strange Providence!" he mused sadly. "She, lovely, gracious, charming, everything to live for and a blessing to her friends, to die in order that a child might live. A strange and unaccountable Providence!"—New York Press.

Good and Osgood.

The subject of ancestors is often an interesting topic of conversation. A lady extremely proud of her mother's family created a sensation and made her listeners wonder a little when she remarked: "My father filled many responsible positions. We all have the greatest respect for him. My father was a good man, but"—and a certain stiffening of the shoulders and an added expression of firmness in the good lady's face added importance to her conclusion—"my mother was an Osgood!"

Man to Blame.

Women are more prone to deceit than men. From the time when Scheherazade told her lord 1,001 lies to keep the peace it has been the accepted way. And the men, not the women, are the most to blame. It is what they like, and they get it.—Good Words.

Love is intoxicating, it is said. What a good thing it is that marriage has a tendency to sober a man.—Terrell (Tex.) Transcript.

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DEFECTI[illegible] PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

January 31, 1907.

Questionable Vinidcation

A case that attracted considerable attention throughout the state was tried in Todd county last week. William E. Lee, ex-speaker of the Minnesota house of representatives and at one time a prominent candidate for governor, brought a suit for $5,000 against Editor A. W. Sheets for an alleged libelous article that appeared in Mr. Sheets paper, the Long Prairie Argus.

During a recent political fight in Todd county where there are two strong political factions that are always battleing for control, Mr. Sheets stated in his paper that Mr. Lee had misrepresented the people of Todd county when a member of the state legislature. Mr. Lee is a man of great wealth, being the owner of a large number of banks, and in bringing the suit for $5,000 gave as the only reason that he desired to be vindicated. There were a great number of prominent attorneys employed upon both sides of the case and it took several days to try the case.

Mr. Sheets' attorneys took up the famous "Skinner land deal," of which much has been heard during recent political contests in that legislative district. While the public has heard a great deal about the Skinner land deal, comparatively few really understand what that deal was, and what connection Mr. Lee had in the matter. This was all brought out at last week's trial.

Briefly stated, the following facts were set forth, taken from the records and supplemented by Mr. Lee's own admissions.

While Mr. Lee was a member of the legislature in 1887, and a member of the committee on taxes and tax laws, a bill was introduced into the legislature providing that the taxes on what were known as the "Skinner lands" should be abated. This bill was introduced on Jan. 19 1887, and the lands in question were St. Paul railway lands.

As finally passed the bill provided that the taxes should be abated on all of these railroad lands, except for the three years last preceeding the passage of the bill.

Knowing that this bill, if it passed, would beat his home county out of from $11,000 to $15,000 in taxes, besides being petitioned by his home people to protest against the passage of the bill, Mr. Lee only presented a protest by proxy and failed to submit a minority report against the passage of the bill.

The bill passed on March 3 and on March 5 it was signed by the the governor. But before the bill was passed, on Feb. 19, 3,000 acres of these "Skinner lands" were deeded by the St. Paul & Chicago railroad company to Mike Doran, of St. Paul, and on June 5 following Mr. Doran deeded 649 acres of these lands to Sam Lee, a brother of Banker Lee. Subsequently a goodly portion of these lands were acquired by Banker Lee. He claimed on the witness stand last week that he bought them, and denied that they were given to him as a reward for his political services to the railroad company in the matter of abating the taxes on these lands.

However, the entire transaction did not look square to Editor Sheets and to many other people, and it was to this matter that Editor Sheets referred in his newspaper article which caused Mr. Lee to bring suit for damages on the grounds of libel.

While having no connection with the suit tried last week it may not be out of place to state in this connection that some of the "Skinner lands" found their way into the possession of other members of the legis'ature and their friends besides Mr. Lee along about the time the bill for the abatement of taxes was being considered in the legislature.

The "Skinner land deal," as it was shown up in court last week reflected nothing to the credit of Banker Lee, and did not add anything to his peace of mind nor to his "vindication." It simply had the effect of giving the people of Todd county a better knowledge of what the "Skinner" land deal really was, and what connection Mr. Lee had with it.

After the G. N.

Attorney General Young began mandamus proceedings in the supreme court last week to compel the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad company to show cause why its charter should not be forfeited. This company, formerly known in this state as the Minnesota & Pacific company, is really the parent company of the Great Northern Railway company and the Great Northern is joined in this issue as it is the owner of the Manitoba company's stock. Attorney General Young has given the Associated Press the following digest of the claims set up in the bill filed in the supreme court. The complaint covers about eighty typewritten pages and goes into all transactions of the Great Northern Railroad company with its constituent companies forming the "meiger" known as the Great Northern Railway company.

Attorney General Young says:

"We have commenced an action in the name of the state against the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company to forfeit its charter, for the reason that ever since it transacted its railroad with all equipment and appurtenances, to the Great Northern Railway company on Feb. 1, 1890, it has ceased to perform the functions for which it was created and has therefore forfeited its right to exist under our laws as a railway company. We have joined the Great Northern Railway company as a party to this action because it is the owner of all the stock of the Manitoba company, and for the further reason that in the alleged purchase of the property the assets of the Manitoba company by the Great Northern company a very large amount of watered stock was issued by the latter company, which we claim is void under the law of this state, upon which the public are now, and ever since its issuance have been, paying large dividends. We ask that this stock be declared void and the payment of further dividends thereon be prohibited.

"We have proceeded with deliberation in this matter on account of the magnitude of the interests involved, and the great importance of the questions both as to the state and the companies affected. It will assist in understanding the transactions between the Manitoba company and the Great Northern company to know that the Great Northern company was created by the stockholders of the Manitoba company, and at the time of the transfer of the properties the stockholders in both companies were identical. It seems that the Great Northern company was created solely for the purpose of making it possible to inflate the capitalization of the system by making a sale of the properties to the Great Northern at a price in excess of their value. It is easy to see why, under these circumstances, the Great Northern company should pay a premium of $5,000,000 on the purchase of the stock of the Manitoba company.

The public are doubtless aware that when the gross earnings tax on railroads was raised from 3 to 4 per cent in 1905, the Great Northern company refused to pay the increased rate on that portion of its road in this state which was originally constructed by the Minnesota & Pacific company. The latter company had a charter from the territory, in which it was provided that the company never should be called upon to pay more than 3 per cent on its gross earnings. The company became bankrupt, and in 1879 the Manitoba company purchased its road and franchises, with the approval of the legislature, and ever since the purchase the Manitoba company has claimed that it acquired, by the purchase, the same immunity from any raise in its rate of taxation that the Minnesota & Pacific had.

Last March, when the taxes for 1905 became due on this road, the Great Northern, which operates the road under an alleged lease from the Manitoba company, paid only 3 per cent, and soon afterwards the state commenced an action against it for $120,000, being the unpaid 1 per cent of its taxes under the new law. In that suit the claim to immunity from any increase above 3 per cent in its taxes is claimed under the charter of the Manitoba company by virtue of the rights it claims to have acquired at the purchase of the road in 1879. The suit is not yet disposed of, and it will probably take many years to get it through all the courts. The railroad taxes for the year 1906 will be due in a few days, and there will be an additional amount greater than that above mentioned in dispute for that year.

We are convinced that the Manitoba company is no longer entitled to exist as a railway company, and that the speediest way to dispose of its claim to exemption from the rate of taxes paid by other railway companies is to have its charter wiped out; in which event the Great Northern would be obliged to pay taxes at 4 per cent, the same as other companies.

We are also of the opinion that the Great Northern should not be allowed to continue to pay dividends on watered stock heretofore issued, and that it should be required to show whether the large amount of stock which, according to the records accessible to the public, appears to be fictitious, has any right to further recognition as a part of its capitalization.

This suit will involve also the question of the company's right to create a lot of subsidiary companies, composed of its own stockholders, to build all extensions, and then issue stocks and bonds at will without any public supervision, and the right of the Great Northern company to divert the proceeds of the sale of its capital stock to the purchase of the stocks and bonds of such subsidiary companies.

Chief Justice Start ordered the writ to be issued and directed that a return be made on April 2 next.

Mistaken Ideas.

People going from a large city to a country village expects to find little to interest them, and imagine that unless they are transacting business all of the time that the days will be long and dull. After they have been in the midst of a small community a little while, wherein the absence of great events, the smallest incident is magnified to large proportions and all individual affairs become public concern, they will find a certain compensation. One can often learn more of life in many phases more of the motives and interests of humanity in the village than in a large city, where the arena is so great that the actors are not visible to us in all their movements. In the village the subjects that were so vital to us in towe, and we find that they are no longer on our mental circuit. We have become unconsciously interested in our neighbor and his affairs, just as he has manifested an interest in ours. At first we were inclined to think of his manner as being meddlesome. We laughed at the narrowness of his views, but now we are not only accustomed to, but interested in the daily routine of the village and there is decided a local flavor to our conversation. The little town is a world in itself, with its characters, its joys, sorrows, and sometimes tragedies. A marriage, a birth or a death is an occurrence to call forth the comment of the entire village. If at any time one thinks that too personal remarks have been made regarding his actions, or that something has been said which might be termed unkind, he has only to wait until he is in trouble or affliction of some sort when the kindest treatment will be accorded to him. The village gossip may seem to talk unnecessarily, but the very persons who are active in such matters are no less active with their kind words and cheering aid, given often at great personal inconvenience, even sacrifice. These persons, set in a small sphere, must have liveliness, and most of them have a keen sense of humor, so many a chance word which sounds to us malicious is in reality the display of interest in minor matters, and the genuine pleasure which can be extracted from them, if one only goes to work in the right way. As for philosophy, one finds chucks of it at every turn, and it is a lementable oversight on our part if we fail to get the good things that come to us by the way of the small town.—Greenbush Journal.

The railways of Minnesota are evading the spirit if not the letter of the new federal law by issuing passes to the members of the legislature. The passes are good only within the state and the roads claim that this relieves them from the penalty of the federal law. The people are willing to pay their legislators enough so that they need not use a railway pass, which can be nothing else than a suggestion of reciprocity and political corruption. There should be such a demand for an anti-pass law for Minnesota that the legislature will be compelled to heed the demand to pass such an act.—Fairmont Sentinel.

Senator B. E. Sandberg of Kennedy introduced a bill in the senate last week which authorizes the state to levy an acreage tax on lands insured against loss by hail or wind to provide a fund for the payment of such losses. The payment of such a tax is made optional with the owners of the land and only such as signify their willingness to submit to the tax will be eligible for the benefits thereof. The bill provides for a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to provide for the payment by the state of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, and to provide a fund for this purpose it is proposed to authorize the legislature to impose a tax on the land where the owner has listed it with the county auditor for that purpose, and no payment shall be made for any such damage except from the fund so provided. The bill provides that the amendment shall be submitted to the people at the next general election in 1908.

There will be no advantage in raising hens that lay small eggs, if a bill introduced in the house last week by C. M. Bendixen of Morgan is adopted. Eggs must then be sold by weight and the consumer that picks out the big ones will have to pay accordingly. The bill does away with all sales by the dozen or by the bushel. This is made to apply to all grain corn, grass seed, clover seed, flax, butter, cream, eggs, live stock sold for meat, dressed meats, live and dressed poultry and vegetables unless sold by the bunch. Hereafter these articles must be bought and sold by the pound, hundred pounds or fraction of a pound. Grains now tested by the bushel for dockage must be tested by the hundred pounds and the per cent of dockage is to be "ascertained by a good fanning mill." For the purposes of facilitating trade with states that do not have such an arrangement the author proposes the word "cental" for a hundred-pound unit.

There is no denying the fact that there is a very keen disappointment all over the state over Lieutenant Governor Eberhardt's work in appointing the important committees of the state senate. So many important bills were defeated in the senate during the past four years that the people of of the state were very much wrought up over the combination which controlled that body and as a result many of those who had been prominent in defeating wholesome legislation were beaten at the primaries or at the general election. All of these whose record was bad were not defeated and the Lieutenant Governor seems to have been singularly unfortunate in placing them where they are going to have great power in defeating legislation which the people of the state greatly desire but to which the special interests are opposed. Before the committees were announced, many of the presiding officer's friends warned him of the mistakes he was making so that whatever has been done has been deliberate.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

A TEST CASE.

Coal Companies Refuse to Sell to Men Not in the Association.

The companies of the east have refused to sell any of the precious article to C. E. Jackson of St. Cloud because he is not a member of the Retail Coal Dealers' association. Mr. Jackson reported the matter to the interstate commerce commission and the matter will be taken up by them. It is said that they are going to make a test case. The affair in St. Cloud is not of very great importance except that the same method has been used throughtout the northwest and the commission will attempt to make the coal companies sell the product to anyone who wishes to buy. Mr. Jackson secured a permit from the Northern Pacific Railway company about two months ago to build the sheds on their premise. He has just completed them at a cost of about $500. Now when he wants to do business the big coal concerns cannot see him.

GERMANTOWN.

The wolves are beginning to pay visits about in the settlement in search for food and we predict that the town clerk will be given something to do in filling affidavits for wolf-bounties.

That our farmers are already preparing for the spring work is evinced by the fact that Arne Overby has added another ox to his working force.

Henry Roller was reported on the sick list last week but is now recuperated.

Mrs. Ruhnke and son Walter returned Friday from Winona, to which place they accompanied the remains of the late August Ruhnke who, as has previously been stated, died recently in the Thief River Falls Hospital.

Thor Skaar of Clover Leaf was a Germantown visitor on Sunday.

Henry Cook and O. P. Nelson drove out to Little River Friday to investigate the condition of the ice in the interest of the creamery.

Anton Horejsh our professional trapper has already caught twenty-five mink this winter. At this rate he will probably double or treble that amount before spring. Getting furs at this rate and at the prices now ruling makes trapping a paying pastime.

We wish to acknowledge the receipt of a circular describing the many superior merits of a new disc drill, from a certain implement firm. Very well, but if any concern intends to send out circulars in the near future in view of soliciting trade we venture to suggest that such circular be a clear and comprehensive description of some new design in snow shoes.

The thermometer registers between 30 and 40 below zero almost every morning these days, and sometimes when we don't see the thermometer we guess it must be down to about 60.

MRS. KELLY DEAD.

Passed Away Last Friday Morning After a Long Illness.

Margaret Kelly died at her home on the East Side last Friday forenoon at the age of nearly 79 years from a complication of diseases due to old age. The funeral services were held Sunday from St. Bernard's church, the Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingman officiating.

The deceased was born in County of Roscommon, Ireland and came to America with her parents when but a girl of six. Fifty-five years ago she married Patrick Kelly and ten children were born as a result of this marriage six of whom are now living as follows: W. J., of this city, James, of Rochester, Mrs. Agnes Campion, of Eyota, Katherine Cronin and Miss Maggie of Chicago, and P. R. Kelley, of Luverne.

A strange co-incident regarding the death of Mrs. Kelly was the fact that her husband died on Thursday the day before Mrs. Kelley's death, at Stewartsville, Minn. Mr. Kelley was 85 years of age.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Preaching 11 a m and 7:30 p m
Sunday school 10 a m
Junior League 2:30 p m
Epworth League 6:30 p m
Lawrence Higgins, Leader Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30 p m

A welcome is extended to all. Pastor.
Chas H Flesher.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Jan. 12 1907.

Ahlstrom, J P
Baardson Hans
Carlson, Albert
Evenson, Mrs. Karolina
Feragen, Anders O
Nieforth Miles A 2
Northwestern Fuel Co.
Obert, Odio
Przybylski, Mike 2
Quirk L M
Rendbaken, Albert
Runke, Miss Elizabeth
Ranck, Fom
Snievig, Anton
Sothern & Wood
Swanson Ola
Teige, Nelvin
Thompson, Mag
Tompson Miss Hanna
Trenda, John

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Christian A. Loken.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christian A. Loken, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Andrew H. Loken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, Marit A. Loken, Anna A. Loken and Guri A. Loken and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 28th day of January 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
jan 31 feb 14

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

F. S. Deege was down to Crookston the first of the week.

John Ristau was down from Germantown the first of the week.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston attending to business matters the first of the week.

—For Sale—An Empire cream separator, nearly as good as new, cheap. M. C. Burns.

M. Bakken and his daughter, Miss Alma, were down to Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to legal business.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Traveling Freight Agent Hawes, of the Soo line, was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

W. J. Jennings returned to this city Monday from a two weeks visit with friends at Fargo and Moorhead.

The Colonial Male Quarastte in coming and will give a concert in Evenson Hall Tuesday evening Feb. 12th.

Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Jafre, of Gatzke were in the city the first of the week visiting their daughter, Mrs. John E. McDonagh.

Paul I. D. Ostby has removed to this city from Plummer. He has secured a a position in the freight department at the Soo depot.

The M. B. A. lodge will give a grand ball and an oyster supper in the Odd Fellows Hall on Monday evening, Feb. 11. Good music and a good time to all who attend.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O, New York.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

Attorney Stanton was down to Crookston last week attending to some legal business.

H. G. Dobner was down to Lake City the first of the week attending to business matters.

Rev. Barackman went up to Middle River Tuesday to hold services up there until Saturday.

Carl Peterson, who for the past several weeks has been visiting friends in the west, returned to this city the first of the week.

Johnnie Woodcock was taken suddenly sick last Thursday with appendicits and an operation was found necessary. He is now getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry are removing to their new house on north LaBree avenue this week. The house has been in the course of construction for nearly two years and is perhaps one of the best built residences in Thief River Falls. Mr. Borry will continue to have his photograph gallery at his present location.

Sheriff Forsberg was down to Alvarado Monday and raided a blind pig kept by Henry Hill. The sheriff confiscated the liquors and made Mr Hill accompany him to Warren, where he had to appear in Justice Keenan's court to answer to the charge of selling liquor without license. Mr Hill plead guilty and a fine of $75.00 and costs, amounting in all to $92 was imposed upon him and which he immediately paid.—Warren Sheaf.

They are telling the following good story on Mike McAndress. We will not swear it is true but simply let you be the judge: "One morning long years ago when Mike was younger than he is now and less experienced in farming, his father told him to salt a calf out in the pasture. Mike took a quart of salt with him and thoroughly rubbed it all over the calf, working it into the hair. A gang of colts in the pasture scented the salt and got after the calf. They licked all the hair off the calf and nearly took the hide too"—but why tell any more. We are all liable to make mistakes.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Miss Margaret Lee, who had been visiting friends in Crookston, returned Monday.

John Sjolsvold was in the city from Anstad last Friday and made this office a pleasant call.

Halvor Todstad left last week for Denver, Col., to remain until spring for the benefit of his health.

A. Stenseth left Tuesday evening on a trip to Crookston and Warren to attend to business matters.

Miss Laura Peterson left last Friday for Frankfort, Michigan, to visit relatives for a few weeks.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc. in the market. John P. Forsberg.

A. J. Mercer and bride left Monday for Red Lake Falls to visit friends for a few days before leaving for their new home at Calgary.

The Ladies Aid society of the United Norwegian Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. N. E. Borsheim next Wednesday Feb 6.

—For Sale—Good second hand organ $30, good scond hand piano $35. Excellent for house, school, church or hall. See Hager the land man in old State Bank Bilding Thief River Falls.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Martin Helgeson, the young man that was killed by a load of wood falling upon him, were held Monday afternoon and was very largely attended by the friends of the deceased.

The members of the Thief River Falls Bowling club went down to Crookston Tuesday evening and played a matched game with a team in that city. Those going down were: Messrs. Carlson, Kjos, Nelson, Rooth and Winslow.

Miss Sadie Lee went down to Minneapolis last evening to make her futur home. She will be engaged in the dress making business. Miss Lee and has been living in Thief River Falls for the last four or five months was formerly employed as a dressmaker in this city.—Mondays Crookston Journal.

A couple of mallard ducks have been spending the winter in a little pool of water made by the artesian well on John Maakrud's farm just south of town. They located there early last fall and got quite tame and John took good care that they had plenty to eat. Someone shot one of them a couple of weeks ago and the other soon after left for a warmer climate.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Liquor dealers in Thief River Falls are considerably interested over a bill which has been introduced into the Minnesota legislature by Senator S. A. Nelson. The bill provided that in Minnesota the number of saloons shall be limited to one for every 500 inhabitants in all towns and villages having a population of less than 10,000. Some it is said favor the bill while others of course object as the number of saloons would have to be reduced.

Now that the time for ice cutting is here the following provision passed by the last legislature will be of interest: "A person or corporation cutting ice in or upon any waters wholly or partially within the boundaries of this state, for the purpose of removing for sale, must surround the cuttings or openings made with a fence or other guards sufficient to warn all persons of such cuttings and openings, which fences or guards must be erected at or before the time of commencing the cuttings or openings, must be maintained until ice has again formed to a thickness of at least six inches. Whoever omits to comply with this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Dr. Geo. E. Spafford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Squaw Frozen to Death.

Word comes from Walker that Maggie Smith, an Indian woman, known on the reservation as "Mink Eye," was found frozen to death near the old agency, about three miles from Walker, early Sunday morning. She was seen in Walker Saturday, and had received sufficient liquor from men about town to intoxicate her, and the supposition is that she started to walk to her home in the night and succumbed to the extreme cold, as the night was the coldest of the year. She was a young girl and rather prepossessing in appearance.

Subscribe for the News.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

HICKS HOUSE-FURNISHING AND CARPET COMPANY.

UNDETAKERS.

LICENSED EMBALMER.

LADY ATTENDANT. PHONE 30.

OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

Kitchen Cabinets.

We have them with two drawers, white wood top, 27x38 only 9 left, while they last at $3.85

Fxtension Table.

Extension table like cut, 42 inch top, solid oak, 6 feet, gloss finish set up in your house complete with castors for $6.50

ACME HYGIENIC COUCH

Couches.

In buying a couch it always pays to buy the best. Above you will find two cuts showing the one we sell. If you are interested call in and get our little book entitled how to buy a couch. It is free.

We also have an assortment of the kind catalog houses and other stores handle at from $3.50 and up, about one-third to one-half what others ask.

1000 different copies of McKinley sheet music at 10 cents per copy.—Others ask 25c for the same.

If You Wish to Buy or Rent a House, We Have Them in All Parts of the City.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

Patrick Kelly, an Olmsted county pioneer, is dead of pneumonia at the age of seventy-nine years.

A. N. Rowe of Donaldson is dead. Mr. Rowe measured 100 inches around the waist and weighed 540 pounds.

Frank P. Czech of Holding, Stearns county, is dead as a result of freezing both hands to the elbows and both legs to the knees.

Fredolin Marty, a resident of Minnesota since 1852, is dead at the age of seventy-six years at his home in Woodbury, Washington county.

Fergus Falls is without coal of any kind. A limited supply of wood can be secured in the neighborhood, but the roads are almost impassable.

John Magner, a territorial pioneer of Nicollet county, is dead, aged seventy-six years. Mr. Magner was born in Ireland and arrived in Nicollet county in 1850.

Mrs. Brit Lee, aged ninety-nine years ten months and fourteen days, is dead at St. James. She is believed to have been the oldest resident of Watonwan county.

Frank Butterfield of Windsor, Wis., a switchman for the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, fell between cars in the company's yards in Minneapolis and was instantly killed.

John P. Quirk, on trial at Minneapolis for the murder of William A. Dowell, a newspaper man, was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree and recommended to the mercy of the court.

Earl W. Whitehead, who lost both legs while employed as a brakeman on the Wisconsin Central, secured a verdict of $25,000 against the company in the Ramsey county district court.

Representative Buckman has introduced a bill in the lower house of congress authorizing the construction of a dam across the Mississippi river between the counties of Stearns and Sherburne, in this state.

The cornerstone of the new Roman Catholic cathedral at St. Paul will be laid Sunday, June 2, and plans have been inaugurated for making the event a notable affair in the history of the Catholic church in the Northwest.

From $3,000 to $4,000 worth of pearls were taken from the Cedar river by Mankato pearl hunters during the year 1906. Some beautiful pearls were found, one selling for $100 and another for $88. Others ranged in price up to $50 each.

Workmen who were engaged in dressing ducks for a Fairmont concern were astonished to find one with five legs. One of the extra legs was fully developed, with a foot that had been used to some extent by the bird in running about the barnyard.

Hon. B. F. Langworthy, aged eighty-four years, is dead at his home near Brownsdale. He was one of the pioneers of the state, settling in Mower county in 1856. He was a member of the house in an early day and helped to nominate William Windom for United States senator.

State dairymen held their annual convention at Owatonna last week. The following officers were elected: President, Lucien A. Sweet of Fairmont; vice president, Robert Crickmeyer of Owatonna; secretary, John Morley of Owatonna; treasurer, August Ahlswede of Jordan.

The total receipts and shipments of the Duluth-Superior harbor for 1906 were 29,171,221 tons, as compared with a total of 22,676,145 tons in 1905 and 16,617,017 tons in 1904. The increase in freight tonnage over 1905 was 28.64 per cent, while the increase in freight tonnage of 1906 over 1896 was 92.4 per cent.

Patrick Fallihee, a resident of this state since 1854, is dead at St. Paul. He was a member of the First Minnesota volunteer infantry and participated in every battle in which that regiment was engaged. Mr. Fallihee was one of the forty-seven who stood in line at the close of the battle of Gettysburg. He was seventy-eight years old.

The Minneapolis city council's committee on legislation is preparing for a campaign to secure the passage of the bill in the state legislature authorizing a $2,000,000 bond issue, which would enable the city to purchase the plant of the Minneapolis Gas Light company in 1910 if it should be desired by the city to purchase the plant at that time.

According to a decision by Judge Lochren of the federal court the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company loses its suit to enjoin the city of St. Charles from preventing it installing a telephone exchange there. The court holds that under the legislative act of 1893 cities and villages have authority to admit or keep out telephone companies as they may desire.

John T. Byrnes, an attorney of Litchfield, has been disbarred by the supreme court. He is charged with willful misconduct in dealing with clients. The case was prosecuted by the state board of examiners at law and a hearing before a referee had. A report of testimony was submitted to the supreme court and the court, after considering this, handed down a decision disbarring Byrnes.

A meeting of the Tri-County Good Roads association was held at St. Cloud last week and it was decided to hold a big convention of the farmers of Stearns, Benton and Sherburne counties at St. Cloud on Feb. 22 and 23. Members of the Minnesota Farmers' club were invited to participate on one day and invitations are to be extended to President Hill of the Great Northern and Governor Johnson.

Shopping.

Shopping is a form of cruelty indulged by married ladies toward their husbands. It is incipient in young girls, reaches an active condition in brides and arrives at its most virulent stage between the tenth and the twenty-fifth year of married life. A small, delicate, slight, nervous, sensitive woman who would faint away at an empty mouse trap will go through the shopping district in from two to seven hours and come out refreshed and sustained by an unfaltering trust if her husband's credit is good, while that gentleman at the end of forty-five minutes has to be carried home on a stretcher. Some women are born shoppers, others achieve it, but not one of them has it thrust upon her. Shopping is extensively practiced on week days, beginning on Monday with a rush and ending on Saturday in time for the opera. It promotes industry. Without it married men would have time to rest.—Delineator.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

A Bargain OFFER **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Oldest and Best NEWSPAPER **and** MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife Warranted

RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for......$1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for......$1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THEATRICAL TEMPESTS.

The Way a Rainstorm Is Produced on the Stage.

Probably not more than one person in a hundred stops to consider how a rainstorm is produced on the stage. Few perhaps have ever given the subject any serious thought.

During the coming up of the storm there is seen vast clouds of dust, the wind blows a gale, and suddenly the rain comes down in torrents. It is an effect so natural that one almost imagines the elements are genuinely on the warpath. Yet, though the rain is real water, not a person is actually drenched, because the water comes down at the very front of the stage, while the players are well back and not at all exposed to its moisture.

It might be thought that to produce a storm many intricate bits of machinery would be necessary, yet such is not the case, for the simplest devices produce the effect desired. These are some gas pipes punctured by myriads of holes, through which the water runs from small barrels, each about half full, at either end. The sound of the wind is made by a revolving barrel which touches a heavy piece of canvas in its rounds. The thunder effect is caused by the artistic manner in which a man beats a bass drum, and the gusts of dust are blown across the stage by an electric fan. The flashes of lightning come from an electric battery connected by wires which when placed in contact throw out the dazzling flashes. A metal plate, which had been specially prepared by first being heated to white heat and then scratched by a knife, is placed in a calcium light machine and gives the effect of lightning in the distance.—New York Mail.

POETICAL DEATHS.

Welcoming the Grim Reaper With a Greeting In Verse.

There have been numerous instances of poetical deaths. The Emperor Adrian made a poetical address to his own soul as death was casting the seal of final silence over his lips, and Margaret of Austria while almost within the grasp of death in a terrific storm at sea calmly sat down and composed her epitaph in verse. The ship weathered the gale, however, and the epitaph was not needed.

Philip Strozzi when imprisoned and awaiting death on the gallows resolved to commit suicide. Before he killed himself he carved with the sword upon which a few minutes later he impaled himself the following verse from Virgil on the wall: "Rise some avenger from my blood."

The Marquis of Montrose when he was condemned to have his limbs nailed to the gates of four cities said that he was sorry that he did not have enough limbs to nail to all the cities in Europe, and this he put into beautiful verse as he was walking to his execution.

Patris, a poet of Caen, finding himself at the door of death, composed a poem, and De Barreaux, it is said, wrote while on his deathbed a well known sonnet which was soon afterward translated into English.—New York Tribune.

His Horse's Finish.

"Dear me, cabby," said an old lady as she alighted from a four wheeler at Liverpool street station, "your horse's knees are bad."

"Don't you go and think it's becos 'e's got into a silly 'abit of tryin' to stand on 'is 'ead in the street, ma'am, 'cos it ain't," was the reply. "That there 'oss is a serious thinkin' 'oss, 'e is, ma'am. A werry prayerful animile 'e is too. 'E's been prayin' this last six year as 'ow 'is pore old master'll one o' these days come across a kind 'earted party what'll give 'im a copper or two over 'is bare fare, but, Lor' bless yer, ma'am," he added as he looked at the shilling the old lady had handed him, "'e's losin' faith fast, and unless somethink soon 'appens 'e'll die a bloomin' hinfidel."—London Tit-Bits.

Why We Get Indigestion.

Recently a medical man gave it as his opinion that the oven was responsible for more dyspepsia than any other household contrivance. The modern cook finds it much easier to bake than to roast. The spit dog has almost gone out of existence, and there is seldom any one in the kitchen to take its place. It follows very reasonably that any food cooked within a confined space will not be so digestible as that done before an open fire, where all gases have freedom to escape.—Country Life.

A Jolt.

"Did you tell your teacher that I helped you with your French exercise, Sidney?"

"Yes, father."

"And what did he say?"

"He said he wouldn't keep me in today, 'cos it didn't seem fair that I should suffer for your ignorance."

How We Do Change!

"Aha!" exclaimed Mr. Jellus. "Been treasuring another man's picture all these years, hey?"

"Not exactly," answered his better half. "That's a photo taken of you, dear, when you had hair."—Washington Herald.

Brought Home to Him.

Crusht—After all, right doesn't always make might, does it? Franklinn—I don't know about that. The matrimonial rite seems to have made a mite of you.—Richmond Dispatch.

Hear, Hear!

"Pa."

"Well?"

"What's women's rights?"

"Everything they want. Run away."—Cleveland Leader.

A POINTER FOR TOURISTS.

Put Your Prayer Book on Top of the Things In Your Trunk.

"If you ever go to Bermuda I can tell you how to make time at the custom house," said a returning Washingtonian. "I reached Bermuda early in the morning. I made up my luggage rather hastily before leaving the ship.

"Just as I was ready to close my suit case I noticed that I had left my prayer book on the lounge. I pitched it in rather unceremoniously, strapped down the case and hurried ashore.

"You don't have to wait to declare as you do when coming into the port of New York. As I stepped into the office of the Johnny Bull official I unstrapped my case and opened it up. The official talked at me as if I had been a telephone.

"'Hello!' he said the first thing. 'What's this?' he asked, picking up my prayer book. 'Prayer book, eh? All right. Shut up your case.'

"'Want to look at anything else?' I asked.

"'No. You're all right, my friend. Any man who will put his prayer book on top of his traps isn't likely to beat the government. I'll take that for your declaration.'

"I threw him half a dozen cigars. That's where I made my mistake.

"'Got any more like these in that case?' asked the official.

"I said I hadn't, but do you know he wouldn't believe me, and I had to open up the case again, and he went through it as if he thought I was a smuggler."—Washington Post.

A PRODUCT OF MILK.

Galalith Is So Strong You Could Build a House With It.

You could build a house of milk if you liked, and it would be as strong and lasting as though made of Aberdeen granite, says M. Glen Fling in Technical World Magazine. Moreover, all the fittings could be made of the same substance, and they would outlive the finest ordinary material that was ever constructed.

Billiard tables, combs, fancy boxes and many other things are made from galalith, which is made from milk.

There is really no limit to the articles which can be made from galalith. It takes dyes readily, and inferior grades are colored. The best remain white, however, for white galalith brings the highest price because of its similarity to ivory. The first grade of galalith is made up into knife handles, and it brings almost as high a figure as would so much ivory.

Galalith is the best substitute for ivory ever discovered, for it is smooth to the touch, retains its soft, creamy tinting for years, is not marred by soap and water and, unlike celluloid, is proof against fire. It does not chip or crack like bone and can be cut into the most delicate shapes, being tough and not easily broken.

Cave Dwellers.

Grottoes and caverns are used, more or less, as shelters by primitive peoples, and thus inhabited caves are of course most frequent in Africa. A considerable number of natives make their homes in caves along the southern shore of the strait of Gibraltar, and in some of those caves are found the polished stones and arrowheads of the stone age. Troglodyte villages are frequent in the Tebessa territory of Algeria, one of which at Djeurf, 250 feet above the gorge of the Wadi Hallail, is reached by steps cut in the rock. The inhabitants of the Tunisian island of Galite are cave dwellers, their habitations being grottoes which they have dug out of the limestone or ancient burial caverns that they have enlarged. The subterranean villages of Matmata and of Medenine, hewn out of the rock, are in southern Tunisa.

Racine at His Work.

Racine, the French writer, composed his work while walking rapidly about, shouting out the lines in a loud voice. One day while he was thus composing part of his play of "Mithridates" in the Tuileries gardens in Paris he was surrounded by a group of workmen who took him to be a maniac. On his return home from these walks he would write down scene after scene in prose, and when they were finished he would exclaim, "My tragedy is done!" considering the transposition of the lines into verse only a trivial thing.

A Remarkable Church.

A small watering place in Austria named Eichwald can boast of possessing a remarkable church. It was first built by an Italian architect at Venice at the expense of Prince Carlos Clary-Aldringen, who is a great admirer of Italian architecture. When it was finished the church was taken to pieces and packed in thousands of numbered cases for transportation to Eichwald. At that place it was eventually rebuilt and then made over to its inhabitants as a gift from the prince.

Almost an Insult.

Bess—Yes, the engagement's off. He told her she ought to give up novels and read something more substantial—something that would improve her. Ben—Well? Bess—Gracious! Don't you see? The idea of a man intimating to his fiancee that she could be improved in any way!—Exchange.

But He Realizes It Now.

Mrs. Benham—Many a true word is spoken in jest. Mr. Benham—That's so. I little dreamed when I said, "With all my worldly goods I thee endow," that you would take every cent I had.—Twinkles.

When a man is drifting with the stream he is likely to think that the stream has ceased to flow.—New Haven Leader.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, Feb. 6th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Ole Trofton H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 and E ½ of Sec. 19 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ole Holmen, " " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 20 jan 24

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Carl Habedank H E No. 341 Red Lake Series for the Lots 7, 8, of Sec 32 T'wp 155 N., of R. 41 West and Lots 3, 4 of S ½ of N W ¼ of Sec. 5 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ristau, of Germantown, Minn.
Emil Ristau, " "
Nick Hundhund, of " "
John Ristau, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 27 jan 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. [illegible] 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has [illegible] notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal [illegible] River Falls, Minn., at [illegible] on February [illegible] No. 27[illegible] Public Series for the [illegible] of Sec. [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

—Subscribe for the News.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office [illegible]
Grand Forks, North Dak

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

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Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

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H. FANT'S

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest In Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

LIVELY SPORT IN STOCKHOLM

Skating Rink at the Athletic Ground Furnishes Entertainment for Hundreds.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Athletic ground (Idrottsparken) in Stockholm offers during these brisk winter days a most lively and picturesque scene, with a skating rink in its midst, on which hundreds of the general public perform their evolutions, while the masters of the art skillfully execute their figures within the space reserved for them, where sometimes a couple of hockey teams vie with each other in skill and suppleness of movement. But skate sailing holds a higher place in Sweden than in any other country of Europe. The sport is nowadays carried on throughout nearly the whole of central and southern Sweden, the heavy snowfall in the north of the country preventing its exercise there. It may thus be said that Stockholm is the center for this branch of sport also. There exists in the capital a very active skate-sailing club, which arranges collective trips, issues ice reports every Saturday, and so on. In the skate-sailing matches last year there were once as many as 110 competitors, who started simultaneously along a great fiord, which runs for miles within land. Ice yachting is another kind of ice sport which is much in vogue at present. Ice yachting clubs, too, exist in Stockholm, and one can see their yachts rushing over the frozen surface of the "Storavartan," a large fiord in the neighborhood of the city and the chief place of resort for the members of the clubs. The construction of ice yachts is continually being brought nearer to perfection and the same may be said of the skill of those who handle them. "The society for the promotion of skid running" arranges every winter great national competitions, as well as local meetings in the vicinity of the capital, where first-class skid hills are arranged. There are a great number of skid running clubs in various parts of the country and these, too, arrange club matches, so that, altogether, more than one hundred competitions in skid running take place every winter in Sweden. These matches are of a magnificent description and awaken a feeling of the greatest wonder in those who have not witnessed them before, especially when a competitor is seen to make a bold spring into the air from some projecting point and come to the ground about thirty-three yards from the starting point, after having fallen through a height equal to that of a two story house.

Count Rosen has now begun his term of imprisonment at Langholmen. He seems to be in good spirits and has attracted attention among his guards because of his genial and winning ways. He is fond of gymnastics and takes lots of exercise in his cell. Christmas at Langholmen is always a dull period and the count seemed terribly depressed. Two or three of his nearest relatives were allowed to see him for a few minutes Christmas day. He receives exactly the same food and the same treatment as the other prisoners.

Church dedications are not as common in Sweden as they are in America. There are many places that do not have a church dedication in a hundred years or more. But the town of Falun had one on the first Sunday of December last. The dedication sermon was preached by Bishop Lovgren and the music was furnished by a musical organization of the city, consisting of 500 voices. In the summer of 1902 the work was begun on the erection of the new temple, the building cost of which amounts to 200,000 crowns.

George Skanberg, one of Stockholm's leading actors, died very suddenly from heart disease about two weeks ago, aged 49 years. During his entire theatrical career—a period of twenty years—he had been connected with the Dramatic theater and won a reputation for himself which many a Swedish actor would well envy. He possessed an excellent figure, a magnificent voice and rendered his parts in a free natural way and proved himself an actor according to closest definition of that term.

Ex-United States Minister W. W. Thomas sent as a Christmas gift a beautiful silver loving cup to J. E. Elfstrom, of Aspes, bearing the following inscription: "Hearty thanks for ten years services on the glorious Fjells—Christmas, 1906." For a number of years Mr. Elfstrom has been Mr. Thomas' guide during his long hunting trips in this section of the country.

Johan Kindborg, the landscape painter, died in Stockholm Jan. 4 after a few days illness. During the past five years he had made wonderful progress as an artist and had he lived to complete the work he started would undoubtedly have taken rank as one of Sweden's greatest painters.

Crown Princess Victoria spent the holidays in Berlin. She is in ill health and has been so for many years. The crown princess will spend the remainder of the winter in Italy.

The medical board of the hospital in Visby, the home of Bishop Von Scheele, will petition the coming parliament for a sick pavilion. The same is to accommodate thirty-eight patients, and will cost about 154,000 crowns. The half of this sum is to be paid in 1908.

Lieutenant C. G. Vestdahl has been appointed police commissioner of the Johannes district of Stockholm. Lieutenant Vestdahl was born in Lund and has served in the Swedish army ten years.

A merchant in Stockholm by the name of Isaac Hirsch, has donated 40,000 crowns to the Seamen's Mission as a thank offering on the forty-fifth anniversary of his starting in business.

The Swedish riksdag convened Jan. 15 and the throne speech was read by Crownprince Gustaf, prince regent. King Oscar's illness prevented him from being present.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

A number of leading educators and artists are entering strenuous objections to Gerhard Munthe's plans for decorating the "Haakonshallen." Munthe intends to decorate the hall with a series of paintings depicting "The Wedding March of the King's Daughter"—scenes from the times of Haakon the Good, and his supporters maintain that the decoration for Haakon's Hall—rather a court room—should be historic, to say the least, but not so with Professor L. Dietrichson, Archivarius Hertzberg, Architect Paul Due and others. They maintain that inasmuch as the city of Bergen is to pay for the decorations that the citizens of that city alone should have the right to decide what the decorations are to be irrespective of what Christiania thinks about it.

The following Norwegian-Americans have been created Knights of St. Olaf and may now be addressed as Sir Knights by their friends on the other side: Editor B. Amundsen, of Decorah, Ia.; Dr. E. Boeckman, St. Paul, Minn.; Dr. Anders Doe, Chicago; Editor Grevstad, Chicago; Consul E. Hobe, St. Paul; Dr. K. Hoegh, Madison, Wis.; Professor Kildahl, president of St. Olaf college, Northfield, Minn., and Consul Steensland, of Madison, Wis.

The number of divorce cases are increasing slowly but surely in Norway. Compared with the United States and England there are, however, comparatively speaking, but few divorce cases in Norway, yet they are increasing. In 1890 there were 40, 1893 there were 102, 1902 there were 139, in 1904 there were 180 and in 1905 there were 238 and in 1906 there were 250 divorce cases.

More than 100 attorneys in Norway are seeking positions in Congo. The law business in Norway is dull in the extreme and a good many of them are scarcely able to make a living. Indeed some of them cannot. They are therefore seeking new fields and many have already started for Congo, where quite a large number have already secured employment.

On the suggestion of Professor George Davidson in San Francisco, chief of the United States hydrographic bureau on the Pacific coast, the English admiralty has decided that the gulf of Herschel island, where a good many whalers seek a haven, shall be named "Amundsen gulf" in honor of Captain Roald Amundsen.

The Hotel Halsoem, in Stjordalen, which some time ago was deprived of the right to sell liquors and which enjoyed a good trade, has had to close up owing to lack of patronage. There is now a bitter fight being waged in Stjordalen between the teetotalists and the general public in that vicinity.

The shipping industry gives promise of much this year in Norway. Sailing vessels, especially those constructed of iron, are in great demand. The prices on new as well as old ships are continually increasing.

The Bergen steamer "Garibaldi," the property of C. Mathiesen, was stranded off the coast of Newfoundland during the early part of this month. The vessel was valued at 300,000 crowns.

Not less than 192,000 postal cards and 40,000 letters arrived at the Bergen postoffice on Christmas day. This was the biggest day in the history of the Bergen postoffice.

Fredrik Wahge, of Minneapolis, formerly Swedish-American vice consul in St. Louis, has been appointed secretary to the Swedish legation at Washington, D. C.

A. H. Sorlie has started a national trade school in Trondhjem. The school starts out in good hands and its prospects for success are the brightest.

In 1905 there were 27,300 persons who emigrated from Norway; in 1906 there were 31,128. Five per cent. of those who emigrated were Swedes.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The papers have been making much complaint against the people of Iceland because they want a flag of their own. Not long ago a Danish flag firm sent a large consignment of Icelandic flags to the Icelandic capital and this fact was immediately noted by the Copenhagen newspapers, who all agreed that "under no conditions should any but the Danish colors be used. The Danish flag must be respected," etc.

Business has been dull in the Danish capital since the holidays and prices on retail goods have been cut down to remarkably low figures. The shipping and general export business [illegible]

Over 7,000 students are now in attendance at the University of Copenhagen. It is one of the most prosperous years in the history of the institution.

MARION E. NORLIUS.

COMMISSION ENJOINED

RAILROADS STOP ENFORCEMENT OF COMMODITY RATES IN MINNESOTA.

Lumberjack at Minneapolis Kills One Alleged Robber and Seriously Wounds Another—John P. Quirk, on Trial in Mill City for Murder of William A. Dowell, Convicted of Manslaughter—General State News.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—The ten railroads operating in Minnesota have secured from Judge Lochren in the United States circuit court a temporary injunction restraining the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission from enforcing the schedule of commodity rates, which the commission ordered some time ago to become effective Jan. 25.

The order is made in connection with an order to Ira B. Mills, Charles F. Staples and William E. Young, as members of the railroad and warehouse commission, to show cause on Feb. 13 why a temporary injunction should not issue pending the final determination of the suits filed to enjoin the enforcement of the new rates.

The ten railroads filed their complaints and the order to show cause was served on the members of the railroad and warehouse commission.

The complaining roads allege that these proposed commodity rates practically amount to confiscation and are much lower than the rates prevailing in Iowa, Wisconsin, Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas, notwithstanding the fact that the actual cost to the railroads for such service is higher in Minnesota than in any of these states. It is alleged that the cost of fuel in Minnesota is higher than in these states and that climatic conditions here in the winter are such as to make railroad operation difficult and expensive.

ATTEMPTED TO ROB HIM.

Lumberjack Kills One Man and Wounds Another.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—Henry Biggs was shot and instantly killed and Michael Murphy was seriously wounded by Michael Jans, a lumberjack, whom Biggs and Murphy were fighting with.

The killing was done in the alley in the rear of Gruber & Palmer's saloon, Washington avenue and First avenue north.

Facts concerning the shooting are meager, but it is thought by the police that Biggs, Murphy and a third man, whom they have not yet been able to locate, took Jans into the alley for the purpose of robbing him. They were foiled in their attempt by Jans, who drew his revolver and wreaked vengeance on his assailants.

Jans was arrested by the police and lodged in Central police station pending a thorough investigation of the affray.

The police say that Biggs, who was killed, and Murphy, the injured man, were both members of the notorious Western avenue gang, which has caused the police much trouble. Both have been arrested many times for intoxication, but had never been charged by the police with serious crime.

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Verdict of Jury in Quirk Case at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—John P. Quirk, on trial for the murder of William A. Dowell, has been declared guilty of manslaughter in the first degree and recommended to the mercy of the court. The jury was out twenty-nine hours. The penalty for this offense is not less than five nor more than twenty years.

Quirk seemed little affected by the verdict and declared later he was satisfied with the result. His wife, who sat beside him when the verdict was read, seized his arm and squeezed it, but that was all.

Members of the jury said that the verdict was agreed upon so that Quirk could get good treatment and still be punished. He was a very sick man and a long term would have killed him.

Quirk killed Dowell, who was a newspaper man, because he objected to the latter's attentions to Bessie Squires, stepdaughter of Quirk.

BUSINESS SECTION BURNED.

Minnesota Village Visited by a Destructive Fire.

Appleton, Minn., Jan. 28.—Fire early in the morning completely destroyed the main business street of Holloway, a village of 200 people, seven miles north of here. Three general stores, the village hall, postoffice and the Bank of Holloway were burned. The origin of the fire is unknown but is supposed to have started from a defective stove in C. M. Minett's general store. The loss is estimated at $50,000, covered by $25,000 insurance.

Minnesota Sheriffs Meet.

St. Paul, Jan. 24.—The sheriffs of Minnesota, at their annual meeting in this city, went on record by an almost unanimous vote in favor of legislation placing the office of sheriff on a salary basis. The following officers were elected for 1907: President, J. W. Dreger, Minneapolis; vice president, E. H. Vine, Rochester; secretary, J. K. Lindgren, Alexandria; treasurer, William A. Gerber, St. Paul.

CASES WILL GO TO TRIAL.

Court Upholds Indictments Against Rebaters.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—Judge Morris of the United States district court has handed down his order on the demurrers interposed by the defendants to the indictments found in the rebate cases in this city and argued before Judge Morris and Judge Lochren on Dec. 13 and 14 last.

The order in all things sustains the position of the United States, overruling the demurrers, finding that the indictments are good and that section 10 of the Hepburn law does not repeal section 1 of the Elkins law, under which latter law the indictments were found.

Judge Lochren does not agree in the views or the conclusions arrived at by Judge Morris, but he does not file a dissenting opinion because he was sitting only in an advisory capacity and the law does not provide for more than one judge sitting in a hearing of the character of this hearing on these demurrers.

The title of the case in which Judge Morris now makes his order is: The United States against the Great Northern Railway company, the "Omaha" road, the Wisconsin Central road, the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, the Ames-Brooks company of Duluth, the Duluth and Superior Milling company, Devereaux & Co. of Minneapolis and the McCaull-Dinsmore company of Minneapolis.

COSTLY FIRE AT BRAINERD.

Minnesota City Suffers Heavy Loss From Flames.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 23.—Fire, which broke out shortly after 6 o'clock p. m. in the Reilly block, totally destroyed three store buildings and their contents, entailing a loss in the neighborhood of $75,000, partially covered by insurance. The fire started apparently in the furnace room in the basement of the Reilly block, and shortly afterward the stores occupied by M. J. Reilly and Brockway & Parker were in flames.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cossins, aged ninety-two, a mother-in-law of two of the men who were burned out, died instantly from the shock when informed that the stores and stock were a total loss.

NELSON IS RE-ELECTED.

Succeeds Himself as Senator From Minnesota.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—The state legislature, in separate session, balloted for United States senator, Knute Nelson of Alexandria, the present incumbent, receiving the full vote of the Republicans as well as four Democratic members of the senate, though the latter excused themselves on the ground that campaign pledges necessitated it. In the house a strict party vote prevailed. The vote in detail follows:

Senate—Nelson (Rep.) 44, Schaller (Dem.) 14, John A. Johnson 1, Frank A. Day 1.

House—Nelson 98, Schaller 13, W. J. Dean (Pro.) 3.

IN NORTHWESTERN STATES.

Congress Extends Time of Settlement on Homesteads.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Persons who have made homestead entry on land in the states of North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Washington and Wyoming, where the period in which they were required by law to establish residence expired after Dec. 1, 1906, are granted under a joint resolution passed by the house during the day until May 15, 1907, in which to make such settlement. The provision also applies to soldiers' declaratory statements.

FAVORS INCREASED WAGES.

President So Informs Representative Davis of Minnesota.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The president during the day told Representative Davis of Minnesota that he was committed to the principle of the proposition in Mr. Davis' bill for an increase in the salaries of government employes. The president, however, thinks that any increase which may be made by congress should include also the salaries and pay of army and navy officers and enlisted men.

Minnesota Masons Elect Officers.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—The annual meeting of the State Grand Lodge of Masons closed with the election of officers and reports of committees. The secretary's report showed that the membership in the 245 lodges in the state is 22,104. The election of officers is as follows: Grand master, Gustaf Widell, Mankato; deputy grand master, W. P. Roberts, Minneapolis; senior grand warden, E. P. Swan, Stewart; junior grand warden, S. L. Fraser, Duluth; grand treasurer, R. W. Knowlton, Minneapolis; grand secretary, Thomas Montgomery, St. Paul.

Youth Accidentally Shot.

St. Paul, Jan. 24.—Charles Kellerman, nineteen years of age, was found in his room at the home of his parents in South St. Paul in the afternoon with a gunshot wound in his abdomen. A double-barrel shotgun was beside the bed of the young man and it is supposed he accidentally shot himself. He died in an ambulance while being brought to this city.

Youth Badly Frozen.

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—Frank Becham, fifteen years old and living at 180 Page street, was found on Oakdale avenue outside the city limits in the morning unconscious, with his hands, feet and ears frozen and in a serious condition from exposure. He had been exposed to the weather unconscious for several hours.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Attorney General Young of Minnesota has made application to the state supreme court to have the charter of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railroad company, now owned by the Great Northern, forfeited on the alleged grounds that it has ceased to perform the functions for which it was created and therefore forfeits the right to existence as a railway company under the laws of this state.

Former Governor McConnell of Idaho, in an interview in the Salt Lake Herald, charges gross mismanagement of the Indian schools. The blame for these conditions he places upon Secretary Hitchcock, who, he says, he acquainted with these conditions during his (McConnell's) tenure of office as Indian commissioner, but who pigeonholed his report.

The ten railroads operating in Minnesota have secured from Judge Lochren in the United States circuit court a temporary injunction restraining the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission from enforcing the schedule of commodity rates which the commission ordered some time ago to become effective Jan. 25.

With arms entwined an unknown young man and a young woman stood on the tracks of the Pennsylvania electric railroad over Newton creek at Camden, N. J., and calmly waited until an express train ran them down. Both were killed and their bodies were hurled into the water.

A temporary injunction has been issued by Judge Hallam of St. Paul restraining the Great Northern from increasing its capital stock by $60,000,000 without the consent of the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission. The Great Northern will appeal from the decision.

John Mitchell has been re-elected president of the United Mine Workers of America.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Senator Gamble of South Dakota has been re-elected by a vote of 100 out of the total membership on joint ballot. The stalwarts, who refused to accept Gamble, selected as their choice Thomas Sterling, dean of the law department at the state university, and cast 15 votes for him, 3 in the senate and 12 in the house.

In an address before the Texas legislature United States Senator Bailey accused William R. Hearst of inspiring and inaugurating the campaign in opposition to the senator's re-election by "publishing libelous articles in his newspapers and flooding Texas with them."

Shelby M. Cullom, who has been United States senator from Illinois continuously since 1883, has been re-elected by a unanimous vote of the 132 Republican members of the legislature.

United States Senator Joseph W. Bailey has been re-elected from Texas by a total vote in the state legislature of 108 to 15.

Benjamin R. Tillman has been re-elected United States senator from South Carolina.

United States Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota has been re-elected for a third term.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Dr. Charles W. Townsend, one of the best known physicians and surgeons on Staten Island, was shot and fatally wounded while in bed in his home at New Brighton, S. I. The case is surrounded by mystery.

The trial at Chicago of President Shea of the Teamsters' union has come to an end, the jury failing to agree. When discharged the jurors stood seven for acquittal and five for conviction.

The plant of the Honduras Lottery company at Mobile, Ala., was raided by government officers, the contents seized and the employes arrested.

John P. Quirk, on trial at Minneapolis for the murder of W. A. Dowell, has been convicted of manslaughter in the first degree.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—Wheat—May, 80⅝@80¾c; July, 81⅛@81¼c; Sept., 79¾@79⅞c. On track—No. 1 Northern, 83⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 80⅝@81c; No. 3 Northern, 78⅝@79c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 26.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 82⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 82⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 80⅝c; May, 81⅝c; July, 81¼c; Sept., 80c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.12¾; May, $1.14½; July, $1.21.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$6.55@6.65. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Wheat—May, 78⅝c; July, 78⅛@78¼c. Corn—May, 45⅜@45½c. July, 45¼c. Pork—May, $16.72½. July, $16.87½. Butter—Creameries, 20@31c; dairies, 19@28c. Eggs—22@24c. Poultry — Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 10@10½c; springs, 8½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@7.00; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.75; Texans, $3.75@4.50; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.45@6.80; good heavy, $6.75@6.80; rough heavy, $6.60@6.70; light, $6.65@6.85; pigs, $6.05@6.60. Sheep, $3.75@5.75; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn,
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Cut Prices.

Skirts, pleated	15c
Skirts	12½c
Negligee shirts	08c
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Cuffs, per pair	04c
Drawers	04c
Undershirts	04c
Combinations	10c
Nightshirts	10c
Flannel shirts	08c
Coarse shirts	06c
Socks, per pair	03c
Handkerchiefs	01c
Handkerchiefs, silk	05c
Neckties	03c
Linen vests	15 to 20c
Linen coats	15 to 20c
Linen pants	20c
Jackets	10c
Overalls	15 to 20c
Towels	2 for 05c
Napkins	01c
Table covers	06c
Pillow slips	03c
Sheets	06 to 08c
Pillow shams	25c
Bedspread	10c and up
Blankets	25c and up
Lace curtains	50c and up

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 274 made 28th June 1904, for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N.W. ¼ Section 4, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 8th March, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans Olson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " " " " "
Hans Rued, " " " " "
Barney Tiseman, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

jan 24 feb 28

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on February 6th, 1907, viz: Carl Habedank H.E. No. 341 Red Lake Series for the Lots 7, 8, of Sec 32 T'wp 155 N., of R. 41 West and Lots 3, 4 & S ½ of N W ¼ of Sec. 5 in T'wp 154 N. of R. 41 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

August Ristau, of Germantown, Minn.
Emil Ristau, " "
Nick Hundhund, of " "
John Ristau, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 27 jan 31

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

LOVE CHARMS.

Some of the Queer Superstitions That Live In Sicily.

The love charms of Sicily are many and curious. One, very popular and considered very powerful, is to put into an eggshell a few drops of the blood of the lodging lover. The shell is exposed to the sun for three days and to the dew for three nights. It is then placed on hot ashes until calcined, when the whole is reduced to a fine powder and administered secretly in a cup of coffee or a glass of wine to the object of affection.

Another charm is for the witch to undress at midnight and tie her clothes up in a bundle which she places on her head. Then, kneeling in the center of her room, she pronounces an incantation, at the end of which she shakes her head. If the bundle falls in front of her, it is a good sign; should it fall behind her, the charm will not avail.

Yet another is worked in the following manner: Pieces of green, red and white ribbon are purchased in three different shops, the name of the persons to be charmed being repeated mentally each time. The shopkeeper must be paid with the left hand, the ribbon being received in the right. When all the pieces are bought they are taken to a witch, who sets out to find the person to be charmed. On finding him or her the witch mutters to herself, "With these ribbons I bind you to such a one." Then she returns the ribbons to the purchaser, who ties them beneath his or her left knee and wears them at church.—Macmillan's.

DIED A BEGGAR.

The Pathetic Career of John Stow, the English Antiquary.

John Stow, the celebrated English antiquary, was a remarkable man. He was born of poor parents about 1525 and brought up to the tailor's trade. For forty years his life was passed among needles and thread, but in the few leisure hours which his trade allowed him he had always been a fond reader of legends, chronicles, histories and all that told of the times that were past. By such reading he grew to be so attached to old memoirs that when about forty years of age he threw down his needle, devoted himself to collecting them and followed his new profession with the faith and enthusiasm of an apostle. Short of means, he made long journeys afoot to hunt over and ransack colleges and monasteries, and, no matter how worn and torn might be the rags of old papers which he found, he kept all, reviewing, connecting, copying, comparing, annotating, with truly wonderful ability and good sense. Arrived at fourscore years and no longer capable of earning a livelihood, he applied to the king, and James I., consenting to his petition, granted to the man who had saved treasures of memoirs for English history the favor of wearing a beggar's garb and asking alms at church doors. In this abject state, forgotten and despised, he died two years later.

From the Bountiful East.

A small proportion of the flora is indigenous. The majority came from the east, like all the great ideas on which our culture is founded, and were developed and improved on this classic soil. Italy received the lemon and the orange from the Semites, who in their turn had obtained them from India. The olive, the fig, the vine and the palm were grown by the Semites long before their cultivation penetrated to the west. The laurel and myrtle, indeed, are indigenous in Italy, but their use for ceremonial purposes came across the Mediterranean from the east. The home of the cypress is not in Italy, but in the Greek archipelago, northern Persia, Cilicia and Lebanon.—From Strasburger's "Riviera."

The Difference.

Small Boy—Pa, what is the difference between a pessimist and an optimist? Pa—Well, let me see if I can illustrate. You know I am often discouraged, and things don't look to me as if they'd ever go right. Well, at such times I can be said to be a pessimist. But years ago, when I was a young man, everything looked bright and rosy, and I was always hopeful. Then I was an optimist. Now, my son, can you understand the difference between a pessimist and an optimist? Small Boy—Oh, yes; one is married and the other isn't.—Harper's Weekly.

Cause of His Joy.

"What are you looking so happy over, old man?"

"I am rejoicing over the birth of twins."

"Great Scott! I congratulate you!"

"Don't congratulate me. Go and congratulate Evans. He's the lucky man. I never did like him."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Stole His Livelihood.

Tattered Timothy—I hate doctors. Tiepass Thomas—What fur? Tattered Tim—One of 'em cured me o' fits w'en I was a kid. Gee, I cud work up some sympathetic crowds if I c'd have one fight now!—Cleveland Leader.

She Was the Girl.

The Widower—I've always said that if I married again I should choose a girl who is as good as she is beautiful. Miss Willing—Really, this is very sudden, George, but I accept you, of course.—Pick Me Up.

When money does not talk too much it may properly be termed a modest sum.—Nashville Democrat.

MYTHICAL CREATURES.

The General Belief In Fabulous Monsters In Olden Days.

Now that the cold light of science has thrown its ray upon the most remote parts of our globe there is no longer room for legendary creatures—save the sea serpent—and we are told that the mermaid is nothing more than a dugong, a unicorn either a rhinoceros or a Tibetan antelope, while the cockatrice, the phoenix and the roc appear to be pure imaginations.

But in the Elizabethan age—an age when the dodo had but recently been discovered—these and many other mythical creatures were, if not living, at all events actual realities to the ordinary public, and as such were referred to in the works of the great dramatist and other contemporary writers. We meet, for instance, in the "Winter's Tale" the line, "Make me not sighted like the basilisk," and in "The Tempest," "Now I will believe that there are unicorns." But not only was more or less of credulity given to the existence of these and such like fabulous monsters, but a web of mystic lore encircled the most common and best known of beasts, birds and fishes. Who, for instance, is forgetful of the popular superstitions connected with the salamander, the newt and the blindworm, and who fails to remember White's account of the "shrewash" at Selborne? And if such superstitions still survive among uneducated peasants of the present day we may be assured that two centuries ago they were fully believed by the higher classes.—Academy.

WORKS OF A WATCH.

All the Parts Are but the Expression of One Idea.

To one who has never studied the mechanism of a watch its mainspring or the balance wheel is a mere piece of metal. He may have looked at the face of the watch, and while he admires the motions of its hands and the time it keeps he may have wondered in idle amazement as to the character of the machinery which is concealed within. Take it to pieces and show him each part separately, and he will recognize neither design nor adaptation nor relation between them, but put them together, set them to work, point out the offices of each spring, wheel and cog, explain their movements and then show him the result. Now he perceives that it is all one design; that, notwithstanding the number of parts, their diverse forms and various offices and the agents concerned, the whole piece is of one idea. He now rightly concludes that when the mainspring was fashioned and tempered its relation to all the other parts must have been considered; that the cogs on this wheel are cut and regulated—adapted—to the ratchets on that, etc., and his final conclusion will be that such a piece of mechanism could not have been produced by chance, for the adaptation of the parts is such as to show it to be according to design and obedient to the will of one intelligence.

Fifty Miles to Market.

It is not an uncommon thing in France to see a farmer forty or fifty miles from home in wet weather with a load. If he sees a prospect of a three days' rain, he puts his tarpaulin over his load, a cover over his horses and a waterproof coat on and starts off to market. He may go fifty miles before he finds a market that suits him, or he may know in advance just where he is going. You do not often see anybody driving fifty miles through a rainstorm in the United States to find a market for a load of hay, but it is not uncommon to see farmers' wagons forty or fifty miles from home in France. They choose the wet weather for that purpose. Their roads are just as good then as at any time.

The Chinese.

Conservative historians among the Chinese claim for their race an antiquity of at least 100,000 years, while those whose estimates are a little "wild" assert that the Chinese were the original inhabitants of the earth and that Chinese history goes back at least 500,000,000 years. The government records of China place the foundation of the empire at 2500 B. C. and claim that it was established by Tohi, who, they assert, is the Noah mentioned in the book of Genesis, B. C. 2240.

How It Struck Her.

"You seemed greatly impressed," said the minister, "with my description of how they brought the head of John the Baptist before the king on a salver."

"Yes," sighed Mrs. De Style; "I was thinking how much better they trained servants in those days. Now, mine, when they bring me things, are forever forgetting the salver."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Sure Way.

First Author—Oh, the unutterable monotony of existence! I am thoroughly disgusted with it all. Would that I might completely disappear for awhile. Second Author—Then why don't you marry a famous woman?—Judge.

Her Mourning.

Maud—Why is that lady over the way always in black? Is she mourning for any one? Bess—Yes, a husband. Maud—I didn't know she'd been married. Bess—No, but she's mourning for a husband all the same.

Of Course.

Professor (a little distracted)—I'm glad to see you. How's your wife?

"I regret it, professor, but I'm not married."

"Ah, yes. Then of course your wife's still single.—Fliegende Blatter.

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SACRED THREADS.

The Cords Worn by the Three Castes of the Hindoos.

The sacred thread of the Brahmans is well known. It is a caste distinction assumed at an early age and never parted with. It must be made by a Brahman and should consist of three strands, each of a different color, forty-eight yards in length, doubled and twisted together twice, the ends tied in knots. It must be worn next the skin, over the left shoulder, hanging down to the thigh on the right side. The three castes of the Hindoos are distinguished by the material of these threads—cotton for the Brahmans, hemp for the warriors and wool for the artisans. The Parsees also wear the sacred thread, and boys of seven or nine are invested with it, the threads used being made always of fibers of the suru tree. Monier Williams describes the sacred girdle of the Parsees as made of seventy-two woolen threads, forming a flat band, which is twined three times around the body and tied in two peculiar knots, the secret of which is known only to the Parsees.

The use of "medicine cords" is common among North American Indians. Mr. Bourke describes those worn by the Apaches. These consist of one, two, three and four strands, to which are attached shells, feathers, beads, rock crystal, sacred green stones and other articles, doubtless employed symbolically.—Chambers' Journal.

THE PARIS CLUBS.

Election to the Most Exclusive Ones Is a Serious Business.

Election to the exclusive clubs of Paris is a very serious business. The proposer and seconder must not only know all about their candidates, but be able to bear witness to their antecedents and even to their forefathers. They must write to all their friends and ask them to support their candidates. When the election takes place, they must not only be in the room, but approach each member individually as he comes up to the ballot box and ask him for his support.

When the member has been elected, he arrives the first day as a kind of stranger and with his hat in hand. He is then formally introduced by one of his proposers to each member separately who happens to be in the room at the time. On the second occasion he has ceased to be a stranger and may leave his hat in the hall, but he is still expected to go round the room with one of his proposers and be formally introduced. This lasts for a week, by which time he is assumed to know all his colleagues, though a foreigner who is extra punctilious and insists on being introduced to every member of the club gains considerably in popularity.—London Saturday Review.

A Puzzled Author.

When Alphonse Daudet brought out "Sappho" an American publishing house that issued religious books, not knowing its character, offered M. Daudet a large sum for advance sheets of the work. He accepted the offer, and the advance sheets were sent. When the publishers received them they decided that they could not issue the book, and they cabled to the author, "'Sappho' will not do." This dispatch puzzled Daudet. He consulted with numbers of friends, and this was the conclusion at which they eventually arrived: "Sappho" in French is spelled with one "p"—"Sapho," after the Greek fashion. In English it is spelled with two. An unusually acute friend pointed this out to Daudet, which much relieved the novelist, and he cabled back to the publishers, "Spell it with two p's." It is needless to state that the publishers were more astonished at Daudet's reply than he had been at their cable dispatch.

Her Head Was Hot.

Lady Dorothy Nevill in her reminiscences tells this story of the two Misses Walpole, her cousins: "On one occasion, when both of the two were well over ninety, Miss Fanny, the younger, who had that day been rather ill, only joined her sister in the sitting room just before dinner. On her arrival downstairs the latter (Miss Charlotte by name) remarked: 'Fanny, I am going to be ill too. I feel so hot about the head. It must be apoplexy.' 'Nothing of the sort,' exclaimed Miss Fanny, making a dash at her sister's head. 'Your cap's on fire, and I'm going to put it out.' And so the brave old thing did."

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

What This Great British Institution Represents.

At first sight there is not much likeness between the comfortable country gentlemen, retired lawyers, blase men of fashion and liberal subscribers to party funds, who now drop into rather than frequent their magnificent hall, and "the mail covered barons, who proudly to battle led their vassals from Europe to Palestine's plain." In the days of the Henrys and Edwards, but in one point the house has always maintained its character through centuries—it is an aristocracy of birth, but it is still more emphatically one of wealth. The law of entail and primogeniture has kept the landed estates together as far as the law can. Many have passed by heiresses to new names or been sold by spendthrift lords, many holders of ancient titles have lost the wealth that gilded their ancestors' coronets, but new peers are almost always rich, and a title is still an attraction to an heiress. We sometimes hear that the house of lords represents nothing. This is false. It represents property. Tennyson's new Lincolnshire farmer, whose horse's hoofs "trotted 'proputty, proputty, proputty,'" is the type of a vast number of Englishmen. Such men are not only content, but proud, to be represented by the house of lords. They know that as long as the lords have their say "proputty" will have a stanch body of organized champions.—William Everett in Atlantic.

NATURAL KITCHENS.

Places Where Cooking Is Done In Boiling Springs.

There are one or two countries—Iceland, for example—where washday is not dreaded, because nature provides the hot water at one's very door in the shape of steaming springs of spouting geysers. But there is only one country where the native women do practically all their cooking by unaided nature, and that is the North Island of New Zealand. Here is a wonderland of a thousand square miles so volcanic that a fire may be lighted by inserting a few sticks in the earth, and wherever one makes a hole he speedily has a pool of boiling water, into which a pudding may be lowered incased in a cloth and cooked expeditiously.

Frequently in perfectly cold streams a boiling hot current may be seen and felt running along the edge of the river, and here the Maori women do their own and the white man's washing. Naturally the volcanic region of New Zealand is a dangerous country to wander in without a guide, and many tourists have lost their lives as the result of such carelessness. Maori servants boil coffee and eggs in this way.—New York Tribune.

A Vile Performance.

On the occasion of his brother's benefit Edwin Booth was standing behind the scenes when a character actor who had been giving imitations of noted actors was about to respond to an encore.

"Whom do you imitate next?" inquired Booth.

"Well," was the reply, "I was going to represent you in Hamlet's soliloquy, but if you look on I'm afraid I shall make a mess of it."

"Suppose I imitate myself?" remarked the tragedian, and, hastily putting on the other actor's wig and buttoning up his coat, he went on and delivered the well known lines.

Next morning the newspapers stated that the imitations ruined the performance, "the personation of Edwin Booth being simply vile enough to make that actor shudder had he seen it."—Toledo Blade.

Costly Windsor Castle.

No royal castle has cost Great Britain more in hard cash than that of Windsor, says the London Chronicle. When George IV. announced his intention of making it a family residence parliament granted him £300,000 toward its reconstruction. For four years the work went merrily on under fresh grants, and the king then took possession of the private apartments. That did not end the expenditure however. By the time William IV. had satisfied himself that there was nothing more to be done the castle had swallowed up close to a million pounds.

Pope's Skull.

The skull of Alexander Pope, the poet and satirist, is in the private collection of a phrenologist. During some alterations in the churchyard where Pope was buried it was necessary to move his coffin, which was opened at the time to ascertain the state of his remains. By bribing the sexton of the church possession of the poet's skull was obtained for the night, and in the morning a different skull was returned instead. The cost of the skull, including the bribe, was £50.

His Stubbornness.

"Haven't you and your friend got through that argument yet?" asked a parent of his youngest son.

"It isn't any argument," answered the boy. "I am merely telling Jimmie the facts in the case, and he is so beastly stubborn that he won't understand."—Chums.

Escaping the Organ Grinders.

Reside close to a dentist's if you are not fond of street music. Itinerant organ men carefully avoid playing anywhere near the house of a practitioner who can effectually stop or remove all troublesome grinders.—London Punch.

A niggardly rich man does not own his estate; his estate owns him.—Bion.

England's Historic Miser.

John Camden Neild, whose magnificent bequest to Queen Victoria supplied the funds out of which the prince consort built the present Balmoral castle, deserves a place among the great misers and was as remarkable a man as any of them. He was educated at Eton and Trinity college, Cambridge, and was a barrister at Lincoln's Inn. At the age of thirty-four his father's death placed him in possession of a fortune of £250,000, and from that moment he became a confirmed miser. Neild lived at 5 Cheyne walk, Chelsea. His big house was so meanly furnished that it did not even boast of a bed. Two old women, who did his chores, and a black cat were his sole companions. When he visited his large estates in the Midlands, which he did frequently, he generally walked unless he could get a lift for nothing, and he was not even above taking a gratuitous seat on a dung cart. Sometimes he was compelled by the weather to take a seat on the stagecoach, and there he would sit outside, shivering and dripping, for he never wore a greatcoat, an object of commiseration to his fellow passengers.

Lincoln's Rebuke.

The saying that there are few honest lawyers did not hold true in the case of Lincoln. A man once called to retain him on a suit.

"State your case," said honest Abe. The man did, and then Lincoln said: "I cannot represent you, for you are wrong, and the other party is right."

"That is none of your business if I employ you," said the client.

"Pardon me," said the man who afterward became president; "my business is never to defend wrong. I never take a case that is manifestly wrong."

"Well, but you can make trouble for the other fellow."

"Yes," said Lincoln, "I can set a whole community at loggerheads, I can make trouble for this widow and her fatherless children and by so doing get you $600 that rightfully belongs to her, but I won't do it."

"Not if I pay you well?"

"Not for all the money you are worth," was the reply.

A Warrior Too.

The wooden boards that had marked the graves in a certain rural cemetery rotted off and were raked up in the spring cleaning. Consequently on Memorial day when the delegation from the G. A. R. arrived with flags and appropriate floral decorations for their departed comrades the decorating committee found itself somewhat in doubt as to which grave belonged to Captain Hickett and which to Hannah Ericson. The mistaken delegates heaped their offerings upon Hannah's last resting place and departed. That afternoon Ericson, the widower, drifted, with the rest of his world, to the cemetery. When he saw the flag and the flowers above Hannah the astonished Swede fell to chuckling joyously.

"Vell," he exclaimed delightedly, "dose faller bane pooty smart too! Ay tank dat ver all right and som gude yoke on Hannah—be vor pooty gude fighter herself!"—Youth's Companion.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1907 NUMBER 6

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RECOMMEND $1,100,000.

Secretary of the Interior Recommends a Large Drainage Appropriation.

Money to Be Spent on Red Lake Lands in This Vicinity.

Last Friday's Minneapolis Journal contained the following dispatch from Washington which is of great interest to the people of this section:

> Washington, Jan. 31.—The report of experts of the geological survey on the investigation of drainage in northern Minnesota went to the senate yesterday afternoon. The substance of the report was covered in these dispatches last Saturday. In addition to stating the probable cost, the director of the geological survey and the secretary of the interior recommend that congress make an appropriation of $1,100,000 to drain these lands, approximating 400,000 acres in extent, the cost to be assessed against the lands benefited. With the price of the Chippewa Indian fixed under the original Nelson act at $1.25 an acre, and of the lands on the Red Lake reservation at $4 an acre, the cost to settlers after drainage will be in some cases $4.48, in others $2.87. A little land will cost $5.62, and perhaps some $7.23 an acre, the price depending on the location and the character. Director Walcott says there is no doubt, however, that all this land could be disposed of, when drained, at much higher prices.

The fact that the Secretary of the Interior has approved the passage of the Steenerson bill makes it almost certain that the bill will pass at this session of congress and if that is the case the work of building the ditches will be commenced next spring. All of the $1,100,000 will be spent in the territory northeast of Thief River Falls and means much to the settlers of that section as well as to the people of Thief River Falls and the residents of Red Lake and Marshall county generally. The ditches the government proposed to build will be large affairs and will thoroughly drain all of the land in the section through which they pass. Settlers who have already filed upon land or those who have made final proofs will not be called upon to pay any of the assessments for the benefits they may receive. The actual swamp lands that are now government lands will have to bear the burden of the tax and settlers who take these lands will be called upon to pay a drainage tax.

$200,000 FOR DRAINAGE

Committees of Two Houses Get Together on Appropriation.

A joint of the drainage committees of house and senate was held Thursday night at the Metropolitan hotel, St. Paul. As a result of long discussion, sentiment crystalized in the passage of two motions one expressing the sentiment that $200,000 should be appropriated this session for drainage, and $15,000 more to be given to the drainage commission for co-operation with the federal government in preparing a complete topographical survey of the state.

L. C. Spooner of Morris was in favor of having all drainage work done under supervision of the state, that it might all tend toward building up a state along scientific lines. The county ditch system he contended, is expensive, dilatory, and complex. In the drainage of private lands, Senator A. D. Stephens thought the initiative should come from the land owners and not the state. R. J. Wells of Breckenridge opposed the creation of a salaried drainage commission, believing the money should all go into the drainage work. George A. Ralph, engineer of the drainage commission gave a summary of the tographical survey work.

Landby Wins Suit.

The suit entitled A. M. Landby against the Board of supervisors of the town of Moranville, Roseau county has been decided and town orders issued by the supervisors approximating the sum of $10,000 are declared illegal and void. The action was brought by A. M. Landby a taxpayer and resident of Moranville and the complaint asked that all the orders issued by the town from its orgianization be adjudged illegal and void and that a temporay order be issued restraining the treasurer from paying the same. The court heard the case at Warroad and took the matter under advisement. The orders outstanding with interest amounted to about $12,000. Some of the orders were stipulated to as valid and the court adjudged others valid. A permanent injunction is granted, restraining the payment of the orders adjudged void. Most of the orders affected were issued in payment for road grading contracts and are owned by banks and business men.—Roseau Times.

Names Another Deputy.

Sheriff Lewis A. Nelson announces the appointment of Ben Isaacson as deputy sheriff. Mr. Isaacson will live here and will have charge of the office work, sales, etc., and look after the sheriff's business while L. A. is away. Mr. Nelson is called from here very often in his official capacity, and found it necessary to have a resident deputy. Mr. Isaacson is a brother-in-law of Sheriff Nelson, and is making his home with Mr. Nelson here.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEED OF A SIXTH STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

And a Number of Reasons Why It Should Be Located in the City of Thief River Falls.

CLAIMS OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.

A bill locating a sixth state normal school at the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has been recently introduced in the state legislature. In order that the conditions which compel this action may be made known and that all may become familiar with the reasons that prompt this movement, the following facts are respectfully submitted for consideration:

1. It is conceded by all disinterested persons that the time has arrived when a sixth state normal school is a matter of necessity to northwestern Minnesota. In support of this statement it may be cited that the five normals are, at the present time, seeking large appropriations from the state legislature with which to increase the capacity of their buildings and procure equipment, in order to care for the great number of students seeking normal training; and this despite the extremely generous grants of every preceding legislature of the state.

2. These schools now possess buildings, grounds, equipment and faculties of instructors which place them second to no college in the state; while, in money invested and in the enrollment of students, they are surpassed only by the great state university. That there is a limit to the size of a normal school whereby satisfactory results may be obtained is the opinion held by many persons prominent in educational circles.

3. The state is rapidly raising the standard of certification of teachers and at the same time holding out inducements to rural and city schools, by means of special appropriations, in order that they may secure professionally trained instructors. For these reasons the supply of normal graduates utterly fails to satisfy the demand; and this, also, in the face of a decidedly increasing wage scale. In no part of the state do these conditions obtain so largely and is the scarcity of trained teachers so embarrassing to the school authorities as in this northwestern portion. The wages offered teachers in this section are the highest paid in the state with the exception of the Iron Range.

4. The unparalleled increase of population that this territory has experienced during the last decade; the extension of several railways with their branches and the consequent growth of new towns thereon; the organization of hundreds of new school districts and the opening of schools in city and country, and the general prosperity prevailing in so marked a degree in this section have all combined to create conditions that can only be met by the organization of a sixth state normal school, at or near the center of this large and populous territory.

5. It cannot be honestly or fairly maintained that the youth of the northwestern part of the state seeking normal training attend the Moorhead school, the nearest state normal. The distance is great and this institution is now crowded beyond its capacity, having, at the present time, an enrollment of about 450, which is a larger attendance than that enjoyed by nearly every college in the state. Despite these conditions, very many students from this section do attend the Moorhead normal, while the overflow passes on to St. Cloud and Duluth, as the records show.

6. The tail should not wag the dog; and it is an established principle in educational affairs in the state of Minnesota, that the schools are brought to the people, not the people to the schools. This principle holds good and has always been recognized in the location of rural school houses, of city school buildings and in colleges and normals; but it is grossly violated when the youth of a population of 118000 is forced to travel long distances to secure the advantages of normal schools. It is acknowledged that a state normal school is a state institution, but only in its means of support; it is sectional and always belongs to and is of value only to the territory wherein it may be located.

7. The counties of Kittson, Roseau, Marshall, Polk, Red Lake, Beltrami and Clearwater, comprising the territory which now lacks normal school opportunities, had, according to the state census of 1905 a population of 112161. To be fair, this should be increased to 118000 to meet the natural increase of the last eighteen months. Neither has this section like that of portions of southern and central Minnesota, attained its maximum of population. Ten years hence will see it supporting 200000 people, according to the estimation of competent judges. In this territory today are 709 school districts, 29,727 school children, 900 teachers and school property valued at $1,017,594.00.

8. It is now netted with railways, telephone systems and rural routes. Railway stations have grown to towns and the towns to cities. The rapidly increasing population and the railroad facilities are compelling the establishment of many manufacturing plants within its borders, but the farming communities, that most greatly require normal trained teachers, are the chief pride of this section as well as the main source of its wealth and prosperity.

9. And further, this northwestern portion of Minnesota has never received from the state treasury, as a gift, one cent in support of any state institution or state interest, save the experimental farm at Crookston; although, within its confines is found more real property subject to state taxation than in several other portions of the state that are now honored with important state institutions. Can any fair minded person, in view of the facts and conditions cited above, deny that a state normal school should be located in this northwestern portion of the state?

AS TO LOCATION.

The city of Thief River Falls should be the location of this proposed normal school for the reasons given below:

1. It is absolutely the geographical center as well as the center of population of this territory.

2. Five main lines of railway radiate from it as from the hub of a wheel, reaching, with their connections, every county in the section, while a sixth is to be built towards the east. It excels every other town in the district in its accessibility by rail.

3. It is sufficiently large to properly care for any normal school population, the census of 1905 giving it a population of 3502 people, though today there are not less than 4500. Its public school enrollment for the past year is over 1100, according to the records. This assures the necessary number of pupils for practice work in the normal, an important and essential fact not to be ignored in locating such a school.

4. It is situated at the junction of the Thief and Red Lake rivers, thus assuring a most healthful and sanitary site.

5. The city owns its own electric light plant and city water system, the source of the latter being an artesian well furnishing an abundance of pure drinking water. The main streets have sewers and twelve foot cement pavements.

6. It is a city of homes and churches all of the leading and many of the minor church bodies having organizations here.

7. Its public school facilities are the best, consisting of three eight room modern buildings and the high school offering four courses of instruction.

8. It boasts a public library and all the other features of a well regulated modern city.

9. It stands ready to donate to the state for normal school purposes a site of sufficient acreage anywhere in or near the city, the extent and exact location of the same to be left to the State Normal School Board or to any other persons whom the legislature may see fit to designate.

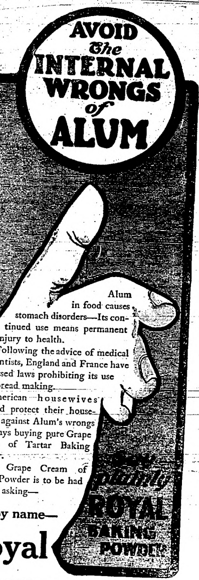
AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM
ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—

Royal

"OLD BUG" AGAIN.

Tries to Raise another Indian Outbreak at Langville.

Advices from Bongville, about thirty miles from Pine River on the edge of the Leech Lake Indian reservation, say that a large number of Indians were on the verge of a general outbreak two weeks ago.

Old Bug-ah-na Geshig, who was the cause of the last trouble on this reservation several years ago, is again in the lime light, in being the chief leader of the dissenters.

Homesteaders arriving at Longville, driven there by the demonstrations of the Indians, said that the red skins kept up their war dance for nine days at a point about twelve miles from that place.

However, all hostile signs have disappeared and a feeling of safety has again taken the place of fear in the hearts of a a few who were so situated that an out break would have been disastrous to them. No reason is known for the Indians' discontent, nor why they ceased their hostile demonstrations so quickly after so much preparation.

Putting the feet in hot water will invariably cure a headache, from whatever caused it arises. The head aches when, from any cause the little blood vessels in the brain are too full. Putting the feet in hot water draws the blood from the head. Sleeplessness, by the way, results from the same cause—that is, the blood vessels in the brain being overcharged—and this may be prevented by a hot foot-bath the last thing at night.—Ex.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE

B. DAN BJORKMAN.

CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

See Bothun's Ad.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

At 48 below zero, Bothun fights the "Trust."

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Fr. Ambrose, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday visiting Fr. Adolphs.

Tolef Strand, of Ada, was in the city the first of the week visiting Olaf Ramstad.

D. N. Winton returned to this city last Friday after an absence of over a month.

County Surveyor Wood returned to this city Monday from a trip to Red Lake Falls.

—For Sale—An Empire cream separator, nearly as good as new cheap. M. C. Burns.

A number of lady friends of Mrs. Barackman surprised her last Friday afternoon.

James Cullin was in from Germantown last week and made this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. G. S. Spokley arrived in the city Tuesday from Climax to visit her son Albert Spokley.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

W. M. Grant, of Tacoma, Wash., was in the city last Friday visiting his old friend, H. G. Dobner.

Prof. J. H. Hay went down to Minneapolis Monday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Harry Healey came down from his claim up near Kellihor the first of the week and will spend a few days here.

Miss Cooke left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days and will later leave for California to spend a year or more.

John Havel who for the past few months has been building snow fences in North Dakota for the Soo line, returned to this city Tuesday.

D. N. Winton left Tuesday for a trip to the various lumber camps of the Thief River Falls Lumber company and will be absent for about two weeks.

F. F. Satre, who had been spending a couple of weeks visiting his his family in the town of Rocksbury, returned to his claim up near the Lake of the Woods Tuesday.

The average temperature during the month of January at 7 o'clock each morning, as taken at the Hotel Ogahmah, is given out as being 17 below. We believe it.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and son, Edwin, returned to this city Monday from a trip to the southern part of the state. They were snow bound at Detroit for two days on the Winnipeg flyer.

The M. B. A. Ball and oyster supper to be given in the Odd Fellows hall Monday evening, Feb. 11, promises to be a grand success from every point of view. Tickets, including supper, are 75 cents.

The St. Hilaire Fire Department is to give a grand masked ball on tomorrow evening, and it promises to be one of the biggest social events in Red Lake county this year. Quite a number from this city are making preparations to go down

Albin Krouf was down from Sandridge last week. He reports that all the shares of stock in the Sandridge creamery have been sold and it is now an assured fact that this creamery will commence doing business the first thing next spring.

Sol Anderson, who resides near Stephen, was in the city Monday and purchased a house on the East Side, of Daniel Shaw. Mr. Anderson will remove to this city in the near future as will also a number of other families residing in the vicinity of Stephen.

Mrs. Paul I. D. Ostby received a telegram Tuesday from Freeborn county announcing the death of her father, Ole O. Gavle, one of the pioneer and highly respected citizens of Southern Minnesota. Mrs. Ostby left Tuesday evening to attend the funeral.

The Pioneer Sash and Door Factory is turning out a piece of work for St. Bernard's Catholic church of this city that is certainly a work of art. The work is a cabinet for investments and is equal to anything that could be turned out in Minneapolis or St. Paul.

There will be a double auction sale on Wednesday Feb. 27, at O. O. [illegible] farm in the town of [illegible], two miles and a half west of Sandridge station. C. M. Evenson will be the auctioneer and a very large amount of farm machinery, stock etc will be disposed of.

War on flour Read Bothun's ad.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Gribstein Sunday.

H. N. Hagor, the land man was up to Greenbush yesterday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Eric Albue, of Numedahl, last Thursday.

Frank Zavoral was in the city from his claim out near Erie the first of the week.

The man who say's he cant save money at Bothuns, dont konw what saving is:

—For Sale—Good second hand organ $30, good scond hand piano $35. Excellent for house, school, church or hall. See Hager the land man in old State Bank Bilding Thief River Falls.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

For some unknown reason, the water *in the river has gone down so low that it* is almost impossible to get enough water to run the electric light plant. On Tuesday evening for a short time there was no light at all. The water is rising now, however.

There was a double funeral in Thief River Falls on Tuesday. The two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Evenson died Sunday and the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Johnson, of Crookston also died Sunday. The two children were cousins and were buried together in Greenwood cemetery.

The ground hog saw his shadow last Friday that if he emerged from his hole at the right time, and ducked back for another six weeks snooze unless he forsook the custom of his grand-dads. The shadow was not as distinct as it would have been on a cloudless day of July but was plainly discernable.

Attorney A. C. Wilkinson was up from Crookston Tuesday to look after a case against the Great Northern railway. Sometime ago George Diebel commenced an action against the road for damages to the amount of $100, caused by the shipment of a car load of household goods from Long Prairie to this city. W. A. Tautges is Mr. Diebel's attorney and the case will probably be tried in the near future.

Julius Pleth, the enterprising Plummer real estate dealer, was in the city Monday being enroute to St. Hilaire. Mr. Pleth states that on the 1st of March he will remove to St. Paul and open up an office in that city. He will continue to deal in lands in this vicinity, but as he also has an office in Texas and as there is a big land boom on down there, it is quite likely that much of his time will be spent in the southwest. Mr. Pleth is a hustling real estate dealer and we are sorry to see him leave Red Lake county.

Blindpigging is becoming an unprofitable industry in Marshall county. County Attorney Brown started proceedings last week against O. B. Syverson and Clarence Brotten, who were charged with operating a blind pig at Radium. Deputy Sheriffs Dady and Bjurseth served the warrants on the accused Thursday evening and brought them to Warren. Their cases came up before Justice Keenan on Friday and both defendants plead guilty. Syverson was fined $70 and Brotten $50, the two fines with costs amounting to about $163, which Mr. Syverson paid, and the defendants were then discharged.—Warren Register.

Railroad men are telling of a sad case that happened recently out at Kenmare, N. D. Only a few days ago a young girl left Kenmare to go to her claim, where she was to spend the required time. She took with her ample provisions, fuel and everything that she could possibly need for several months. She hired a driver and team in Kenmare to take her load to the claim. They reached the cabin about nightfall, just as a blizzard was coming up. The girl told the driver he had better hurry back to town, as she could start the fire and if he waited he might be lost in the storm. He unloaded the provision and started back to Kenmare. He discovered shortly after reaching Kenmare that he had forgotten to leave the matches, and when a relief party was sent to the cabin, the girl was found frozen to death.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

—There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7.30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30.

August [illegible], pastor.

J. W. Wallin is able to be around again.

T. J. Carr was able to leave the hospital Sunday.

John Woodcock's condition continues about the same.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Miss Florence Wallin arrived in the city last week to visit friends for a few days.

C. J. Knox went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to business matters.

Mrs. T. Evers, of Jamestown, N. D., is here visiting her brother, Rev. J. J. Schroeder.

Theo. Kosin, the taylor, went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Anton Jensen, son of Jens P. Jensen, the liveryman, and Miss Tillie Johnson, of Germantown were united in marriage in this city yesterday.

A. J. Mercer and bride returned to this city yesterday from a trip to Red Lake Falls. On the 14th of this month they will leave for their new home at Calgary.

The Soo's new rotary is having a mighty battle with the snow on the Wheatline. Progress is not being made as rapidly as could be hoped for and it is not expected that the rotary will reach Adams, the first division point west of here, until this evening.

County Attorney Germo was in the city yesterday called here to investigate a case. It seems that a young man took a package from the Soo depot Tuesday evening, and was arrested upon the charge of stealing. Before Judge Bishop he claimed that he took the package to play a joke upon a friend and was allowed to plead guilty to a minor offense and fined a small amount.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person, Address Publisher, box 59, Station O

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Feb. 10 a. m.
Preaching 11 a. m. and 7,30 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2,30 p. m.
Epworth League 6,30 p. m.
Harry Prichard, Leader.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7,30 p. m.
Everybody welcome. Chas. H. Flesher, Pastor.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	71c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 08
Eggs	25c
Butter	23c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

A Freshman.

A freshman who had entered one of the large universities and was not much accustomed to the ways either of institutions of learning or of cities was returning late one evening from a lecture. When near his lodgings he was halted by two masked men, who "held him up" in true metropolitan style. One of the men leveled the conventional revolver at the young man, while the other relieved him of his watch, pocketbook and other valuables. He made no mention of the matter to anybody at the time, but a few days later he reported it to the president of the university.

"It wasn't a great deal," he said "but it was more than I like to lose, and I think it's an outrage to treat a boy that way."

"Why didn't you tell me of this sooner?" asked the president.

"I supposed they would bring the things back to me next morning," he answered. "It was a couple of sophomores hazing me, wasn't it?"—Youth's Companion.

Weary Watches.

"I suppose," said the watchmaker, "you do not know that watches, like human beings, sometimes don't 'go' for the very good reason that they are tired. Sometimes a watch is brought to me which is all right. Nothing about it is out of order, and it is fairly clean. When it becomes sulky and refuses to go except by fits and starts the best thing to do is to lay it aside and give it a rest. The mechanism in a 'tired' watch seems to be in perfect condition, but it won't work. The fact is that long and faithful service has thrown it slightly out of adjustment in perhaps ten different places. Scraping and cleaning and readjusting a fine watch is the worst thing that could be done to it. A month's rest will instead cause the works slowly to readjust themselves, and at the end of that time after careful oiling the watch will go as cheerfully as ever."—Washington Star.

300 METORS PURCHASED

City to Pat Electric Light Plant on Metor System.

A New Schedule of Rates to Be Prepared By the Superintendent

All the patrons of the Thief River Falls Electric light plant will be obliged to go upon a metor rate in the near future, and the flat rate is to be abolished. At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening an order was placed for some 300 metors at the rate of $14 each. These metors are all to be delivered within a year and as fast as received will be installed. If the patrons of the light plant so desire, they can purchase the metors at cost from the city otherwise they will be obliged to pay a monthly rental of 25 cents per month for the use of each metor.

It is estimated that by putting all of the patrons upon the motor system, it will result in increasing the capicity of the plant at least *one-third, as all will* them be more saving in the amount of of light they use. The plant is now taxed to its full capacity and many who desire to put in lights cannot be accommodated.

Superintendent Peterson has been instructed to get out a new schedule of rates and those using a large amovnt of lights will be given a cheaper rate than those who do not have but a few lights.

The "Official Call" for the Minnesota Sunday School Convention.

The forty-ninth annual convention will be held in the city of Minneapolis, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 10, 11 and 12, 1907.

This will be a mass convention and every county will be allowed to send as many delegates as it can get to come. However, all delegates must obtain credentials from either pastor or superintendent in order to receive entertainment.

We are assured of the presence of the following noted persons during the entire convention: Dr. H. M. Hamill Chairman of the committee on education of the international Sunday School Association, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs Mary Foster Bryner, international Field Worker, Peoria, Ill.; E. A. Fox, President Inter Field Workers Association, Louisville, Ky.; Prof. S. H. Meyers, Chicago, Leader of Convention Chorus; W. H. Iawin, General Secretary Manitoba Sunday School Association, Winnipeg, Can.; and other noted specialists from our neighboring states will be present during part of the convention; and last but not least, the best Sunday School specialists of Minnesota will be there.

No such array of talent has ever been offered to any Sunday School convention in Minnesota and therefore we earnestly ask the hearty co-operation of all pastors, superintendents and other Sunday School workers of the state in giving the greatest publicity to this convention.

All railroads in the state will give a fare and one third for the round trip on the certificate plan.

In behalf of the Executive Committee,
J. H. Martin,
Chairman.
Dated at Minneapolis,
Feb. 1, 1907.

ESPLEE

John Nilson and family visited at P. C Succ's Sunday.

A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Loui Carlson last week.

The Carlson Bros., were to Germantown Saturday with cordwood.

Louis Jelle was over to Reiner Post office the other day on business.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Tenold are the happy parents of a baby girl born Jan. 28.

Our nurse Mrs. Gullenback is here again doing good amongst the neighbors who are in need of her.

The Herberg boys returned from Thief River Falls last week where they have been on business.

Charles Dillon and Knute Lien went to Thief River Falls last week and were caught in the blizzard Saturday.

Mr. Fred Sedmore is making regular visits over in school district 116. We may soon expect some invitation.

John Henricks of Thief River Falls came up Friday on the stage and is visiting Hans Henrick his Uncle.

Last Saturday we had another record breaker of a snow storm we were wishing it was the last one, as we are getting tired of the hard weather.

Small Soo Wreck.

Six freight cars on a south bound Soo train left the track Tuesday night at a point four miles south of Ogema and caused a temporary blockade of the road. As there was no available engine here, the wrecking outfit was attached to No. 110 and taken to the scene of the wreck. Little or no damage was done.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly *Scott's Emulsion* enables you to throw off a cough or cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Next Thursday morning Judge Bishop will speak to the high school pupils. He has not announced his subject as yet but it will be one of general interest. For the following week Supt. Hay has secured another speaker. His name has not been announced.

Junior—"If one swore in German would he be speaking high or low Dutch"?

Senior—"Low Dutch, most assuredly very low and vulgar indeed".

Miss Vina Carver of Red Lake Falls visited the high school Monday afternoon.

Last week was a week of tests examinations. It was not all bliss, either.

Owing to the fact that the teachers examinations were held here last week the Eigth Graders did not hold session on Thursday or the high school on Friday. The rooms were used to hold the examinations in. A number of teachers and would be-teachers took the exams, particularly those required for second grade certificates.

Chemistry teacher after a lengthy discussion of arsenic—"This conduct of arsenic is taken advantage of in the testing in cases of suspected arsenic poisoning". Student—"What good would that do after the person is dead"?

Owing to the very cold weather and the great epidemic of grippe the attendance at school has been some-what limited.

The monthly reports were given out on Monday. Some sighs of relief were heard and some sighs which were evidently of another sort.

Cheer up! Not quite four months left of this year's school term.

Lost, strayed or stolen—Junior reporter. Magnificent reward offered for information that will lead to knowledge of his where abouts.

Supt Hay has gone to St. Paul to present a petition in regard to the proposed Normal school.

Joe Hay vs. Joe Sheep.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week the case of Joe Lum Hay, the Chineman against Joe Johnson, the sheep raiser of Erie, was tried before Judge Bishop. Johnson foreclosed a mortgage upon property belonging to the Chineman and the latter sued to recover $160. About all of the legal lights in the city were employed upon one or the other side of the case and it was a hotly contested affair. On Tuesday Judge Bishop rendered his decision and awarded the Chineman damages to the amount of $5.

Subscribe for the News.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

We All Have Wood.

There is a report current on the streets today that a young woman was frozen to death on a claim near Thief River Falls, but inquiries fail to substantiate the report. The Times telephoned to Thief River Falls, but it was stated that there was no truth in the story and that it was the same one which had been circulated a week ago about two women who were reported to have frozen to death at Germantown.—Crookston Times.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Jan. 26, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$100,464 77
Overdrafts		742 66
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800 00
Other real estate		2,556 56
Due from banks	57,780 21	
Checks and Cash Items	1,263 15	
Cash on Hand, items below	7,696 47	
Currency	5,159	
Gold	1,400	
Silver	573 75	
Other	263 72	
Total Cash Assets	66,741 83	66,741 83
Total		178,308 82

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		1,150 70
Dividends Unpaid	100	
Deposits subject to check	79,587 56	
Demand certificates	5,645	
Due to Banks	3,112 17	
Total immediate liabilities	88,414 73	
Time certificates	76,713 39	
Total deposits	165,158 12	165,158 12
Total		178,308 82

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, H. G. Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of Feb. 1907. L. G. Browning. [SEAL.]
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Feb. 18, 1908.

ATTEST: (TWO) L. M. HOAG,
DIRECTORS. PERL. W. MABEY.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of John A. Anderson, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota.

John A. Anderson, of Thief River Falls in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 24th day of May last past he was duly adjudicated a bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all of his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all of the requirements of said acts, and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, excepting such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge Dated January 7, 1907.

John A. Anderson,
Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 1st day of February, A. D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at St. Paul in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Thief River Falls News a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 1st. day of February, A. D. 1907.

Charles L. Spencer,
SEAL OF THE COURT Clerk.
By L. A. Levarson,
Deputy Clerk.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Mathilde Ruhnke, widow of August Ruhnke deceased, of Germantown, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June [illegible] for the Lots 7 & 8 Sec. [illegible] N. W. [illegible] Lots 3 & 4 Section [illegible] Township [illegible] N. Range [illegible] W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 18, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:
Henry [illegible], of Germantown, Minnesota,
William Vaughan,
N. [illegible],
Albert [illegible].
Feb 7 mar 14

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14 k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

THE DAILY JOURNAL The Greatest Daily of the Great Northwest

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL LEST THERE IS. Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TODAY.

THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

DRINK Hamm's NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00

Hunt For a Hangman.

The British army was once in difficulties through the lack of a hangman Murder was committed by a soldier in the Crimea, but nobody could be found to carry out the sentence of the court martial. It was announced that £20 and a free discharge would be granted to the man undertaking the task. At last a man did volunteer. He was a newcomer to the army. On the night prior to the date fixed for the execution they locked up the hangman in a stable to keep him safe. In the morning the party at the gallows waited, but there was no hangman. He had gone mad during the night or else he was now simulating madness. The officer in command turned to one of his captains with, "Captain, you will have the goodness to hang the prisoner!" The captain changed countenance, but he pulled himself together and appealed to the sergeants with, "Which of you will hang this man?" And to spare his captain one of the men volunteered. He afterward had the satisfaction of flogging the man who had volunteered and failed.

The Way to Work.

If work has to be done the only way to escape will paralysis is to launch oneself upon the task, realizing that if it is difficult it is not likely to grow easier and that some sort of a beginning must be made. "Keep the faculty of effort alive in you by a little gratuitous exercise every day," writes a canny psychologist in his chapter on "Habit." This gratuitous exercise it is that trains the will to rule life and destiny; it is the one great secret of success. Postponing of disagreeable duties means laxness invading the will, a certain slackening of all the mental nature, an invasion of a paralytic tendency. If the will failed to obey at a given moment yesterday it is vastly less likely to obey today, whereas a daily habit of forceful inhibiting or commanding makes for that most desirable of all endowments, "a completely fashioned will."—Harper's Weekly.

The First Nails.

The first nails were undoubtedly the sharp teeth of various animals. Then it is believed pointed fragments of flint followed. The first manufactured metal nails were of bronze. The nail with which Jael killed Sisera was a wooden tent pin, probably pointed with iron. Bronze nails have been found in the Swiss lake dwellings, in several places in France and in the valley of the Nile. Until the nineteenth century iron nails were forged, a blacksmith being able to make only two or three dozen a day. The first cut nails were made by Jeremiah Wilkinson in Rhode Island in 1775. The first patented nail machine was by Perkins, 1795, and its product of 200,000 nails a day was considered so enormous that some persons deemed the result due to supernatural agency.

How to Grow Miniature Oaks.

Secure a good ripe acorn and suspend it by a piece of cord within half an inch or so of water contained in a glass. There let it stay, for if permitted to remain without disturbance for a few months it will burst, send a root into the water and shoot upward a straight, tapering stem covered with beautiful little green leaves. In this manner a young oak tree can be cultivated and become an interesting object to all that behold it. As soon as the plant has made its appearance it will be found beneficial to change the water frequently.

Exorbitant Premiums.

"What would you think of a 99 per cent premium?" said an insurance agent. "A premium of $99,000 on a $100,000 policy. Hardly worth taking out, eh?" Such a policy was once taken out, though, on a ship thought to be lost. It is a common thing on overdue ships to take out policies at 80 or 85 or 90 per cent. On the Bulgaria and the Croft in 1899 policies at 90 per cent were taken out, and on the Adelaide Mary, even after two of her lifeboats had been picked up, a policy of 92 per cent was issued.

One Evil Chases the Other.

Visitor to the West Indies (who has been warned against bathing in the river because of alligators, but has been told by the boatmen that there are none at the river's mouth)—By Jove, this is ripping! But, I say, how do you know there are no alligators here? Boatman—Well, you see, sah, de alligator am so turr'ble feared ob de shark.—Punch.

English Men and Women.

Englishwomen are inherently shy, and half the bad manners with which we are credited as a nation is the result of this shyness. Englishmen suffer from it to the same extent, only in their case shyness is merely self consciousness and part and parcel of an immense conceit.—London Ladies' Field.

Saw Her Chance.

Wife—Mrs. Flareup threw a flatiron at her husband last night because he accidentally sat down on her new bonnet. Now, I couldn't do a thing like that. Husband—You couldn't? Wife—Of course not. I haven't any new bonnet.

Took Her Part.

Mamma—You must always remember to take your little sister's part, Tommy. Small Tommy—I do. I took her part of the cake not five minutes ago.—Chicago News.

Original.

"My wife is a most original woman," said Brown. "Why, when I proposed to her instead of saying, 'This is so sudden,' she said, 'Well, I think it's about time.'"

Life, Not Death.

There is much difference in the psychological effect of the two ideas "life" and "death." This was illustrated, says the writer of "Letters From a Surgeon," in the case of General Frank Bartlett, who was wounded on the Fredericksburg pike in 1864. General Bartlett was brought to the surgeon bleeding profusely from a wound in his head. He was unconscious and white as death. The surgeon called his name, but could not rouse him. Passing his finger into the wound, he found the ball had not penetrated the bone, but had simply cut an artery in the scalp. This the surgeon bound with a ligature. He laid the general on the ground and completed dressing the wound.

"No harm done, old boy!" he shouted. "This is only a flesh wound. You will be all right when I take a stitch or two."

The good news seemed to bring General Bartlett to consciousness. He rallied completely.

"I thought I was done for," he said. "Well, if I'm all right, here goes."

Before the surgeon could stop him he was in the saddle and riding at the best gait of his horse back to the front again.

The Ways of the Moonshiner.

The ways of the moonshiner are pretty much the same everywhere. A suitable location consists of a secluded spot with water in abundance. It is important, *should he ever be called* upon to defend a case in court, for the question of the ownership of the land upon which the still is located, to be involved in doubt; hence the moonshiner gets as near the line of his own land or the land he controls as possible. The stills are primitive affairs and are often made complete in the neighborhood in which they are operated. With two or three square yards of sheet copper the still maker requires but a few hours to make the "b'iler." Homemade hogsheads are usually used as fermenters, and the only thing that the illicit distiller has to send "off yander arter" is the worm. Being difficult to secure, the moonshiner prizes his "worm" highly, and that part of the distillery is usually taken away when the operator leaves.—David A. Gates in Metropolitan Magazine.

Origin of "Bluestockings."

Burke, apropos of "Evelina," paid Fanny Burney this high compliment: "We have had an age for statesmen, an age for heroes, an age for poets, an age for artists, but this"—with a gallant bow to Fanny—"is the age for women." The name "bluestockings," given to these distinguished women, arose, according to Fanny Burney in her "Memoirs of Her Father," from an apology made by Mr. Stillingfleet in declining an invitation of Mrs. Vesey's to a literary meeting at her house. "I am not properly dressed for such a party," he pleaded. "Pho, pho," she cried, taking him and his dress all in at a glance, "don't mind dress! Come in your blue stockings." This he did, and "those words ever after were fixed in playful stigma upon Mrs. Vesey's associations."—T. P.'s London Weekly.

What We Stand On.

The density of the earth as a whole has been estimated, with close agreement among the scientists who have made the determination by different methods, to be about 5.5, or five and a half times as heavy as an equivalent sphere of water. On the other hand, the average density of the materials forming the accessible parts of the earth's crust is between 2.5 and 3, so that the mean density of the whole globe is about twice that of its outer part. This indicates that the central part of the earth is composed of heavier materials and may even be metallic, which condition, says the Engineering and Mining Journal, would accord perfectly with the nebular hypothesis.

Nature and Broken Bones.

In the splicing of broken bones nature can give the best surgeon pointers. When a bone is broken the splintered ends are surrounded with cartilage until they are firmly held in position. Then gradually a layer of bone is placed between them and soldered together. All the physician has to do is to bring the two ends of the bones together so that the point will be smooth and even. Nature's little agents do the rest.—New York Tribune

Taste Governs Spelling.

Shakespeare spelled his own name in sixteen different ways which have survived, and it is evident that Elizabethan spelling "depends upon the taste and fancy of the speller." It is the printing press which made spelling by stereotyping it, and it is, after all, on the printer's reader more than on the professor that the spelling of the future depends.—London Star.

Napoleon's Name.

The name Napoleon written in Greek characters will form seven different words by dropping the final letter of each in succession. When read, these words form a complete sentence, meaning, "Napoleon, the destroyer of whole cities, was the lion of his people."

Wrong.

"There is a word of one syllable in the English language that is always spelled wrong, even by the most educated people."

"What is that?"

"The word 'wrong.'"

Obviously.

"Let me see," mused the sporting editor. "What is an incubator?"

"An incubator," replied the agricultural editor, "is an egg plant."

Discouragement is but disenchanted egotism.—Marital.

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February 7, 1907.

Has the Right Ring.

There are a few members of the Minnesota state legislature that have a proper conception of their office, and those are the ones that have returned their railroad passes. Both the senator and representative from this district returned their railroad passes, although they are making no display of the matter. Here is a copy of a letter sent to a railroad company (both the names of the writer and the railroad company being omitted) which has the proper ring to it and we wish there were more men in the legislature who realized that they were in the employ of the people and not working for the special interests while spending their time at St. Paul:

"Yours of yesterday enclosing annual pass number —— over your Minnesota lines for 1907 is at hand.

"I believe:

"That railroads, properly managed, constitute one of the greatest blessings that the inventive genius of man ever handed down to posterity;

"That railroads when not properly managed may become a curse, a blight, a corrupt and cankerous sore on the body politic;

"That railroads of this country are run on the latter plan of management, and that through fraud, bribery and corruption they rule, in a large measure, the legislative, executive and judicial branches of our government;

"That it is the duty of every public servant to do all in his power to oppose railroad influence in governmental affairs, and that the annual pass is one of the tools used by the railroads to encourage the people's servants in neglecting this duty;

"That it is just as impossible, under existing conditions, to serve both the people and the railways, as it always has been to serve two masters;

"That railroads in granting free passes expect men with such convictions to smother them as a consideration for the pass, and to my mind free transportation is a poor argument for public men remaining silent when it is their duty to speak.

"It is very evident to my mind that railroads must either be controlled by the government, or owned by the public, and they will never either be owned or controlled by the government as long as the government is controlled by the railroads.

"Free transportation is not offered to private citizens, generally, and I see no reason why it should be offered to public servants except for political support, and I must assure you that my political influence, (If I have any), in this section of Minnesota will be used to the limit in favor of those who pay transportation charges rather than those who receive them.

"Believing that it would be wrong to accept free transportation while in the employ of the people, and that it would be equally wrong to accept transportation from your company and then wage war on you, I beg leave to decline to accept such transportation. Yours truly."

Is Tax-Dodging Universal?

Are any of our multi-millionaires honest and honorable in the matter of making returns on their personal property holdings for taxation? Or do one and all without exception "prejure themselves like gentlemen" to escape paying their just taxes that nowhere are so oppressive as to seriously diminish their income? Is there even one wealthy man who is not a tax dodger?

Judging from the almost deplorable expose of the course of the late Marshall Field of Chicago, one is forced to the belief that the oath of the rich man is, so far as personal property returns are concerned, not worth the paper on which it is written. For years, Mr. Field was held up by the Chicago papers to the admiration of the world as the one multi-millionaires who was as honest as the day in regard to assessments and taxes and other very rich men were exhorted to "go and do likewise."

Now, after the death of Mr. Field, when his executors cannot escape telling the truth, it is found that his personal property was worth $19,797, 270, and not the $2,500,000 to which he swore, and that he did not pay the county within $300,000 a year for years what he should have done had he been strictly honest.

The habit of the late Russell Sage in swearing grudgingly that he had only about $250,000 of personal property whereas he had nearly $80,000,000 caused little surprise because it was in consonance with the nature of the man. The discovery, however, that Marshall Field's assessment conscience was almost equally elastic cannot but prove a national shock because of his much heralded reputation for extreme probity.

What is the cause of this lapse in practically all men of wealth? Are their sworn words virtually valueless? If they cannot tell the truth in this instance, can their words be relied on in other matters? What is the remedy, if there be one? These are questions that the general public well may ask in view of the Marshall Field tax-dodging expose.—Duluth Herald.

Richer than Rockefeller.

At last John D. will no longer have to bear the lonely isolation of being the richest man in the world. An obscure lumberman of the Northwest, a Mr. Weyerhaeuser has been rediscovered. He owns or controls, it is said, an acreage of timber lands about five times the size of the State of New Jersey, which at present prices of lumber, would figure out a fortune that puts the Standard Oil man into the second class.

Mr. Weyerhaeuser has outdone Mr. Rockefeller in another respect: He has managed hitherto to avoid that excessive newspaper publicity so harassing to the Rockefeller spirit. He must be a clever man to have been able to hide his talents so long under the bushel in these days of investigations and Roosevelt. However, they are out now in the limelight of the daily press.

Mr. Weyerhaeuser has made his fortune in the good old way often celebrated by the Sage of oil; first thrift—saving the pennies—then a gradual lumping up of a natural source of wealth. He has taken lumber instead of oil for his exploitation, and, at the present rate of consumption of that necessary article, especially if a paternal Government can be induced to maintain the tariff against Canadian lumber, his holdings will come to have a value above oil, copper or coal.

It is said, moreover, that Mr. Weyerhaeuser has the same retiring nature, the same simplicity that Mr. Rockefeller has illustrated so conspicuously. Some college president will hurry now to explain that he has been but a beneficent agent in the hand of Providence, and the political economists will talk of the laws of production and exploitation.—Saturday Evening Post.

Untold Wealth in Iron.

The people of Minnesota have never fully realized the stupendous amount of iron ore that is being taken from the ranges in the northern part of the state. Governor Johnson, in his recent message to the legislature, put the figures in concrete form and some of them are truly astonishing.

The iron ore thus far surveyed and tested measures approximately one half of the reserve deposits of the continent. The 1906 shipments of 25,483,000 tons from the Minnesota mines is over one half of the American total and one-fourth of the world total. But the state itself is receiving a very meager share of the net revenues and general benefits.

The great iron ore beds are being yearly depleted for the benefit of a few, and these chiefly non-resident corporations.

There have been taken from the mines of Minnesota and shipped out of the state from the opening of the first mine, in 1881, down to to the last shipment for the season just ended, on Dec. 15, a total of 148,131,306 tons of iron ore, which, valued at the low average of $1.70 per ton, was worth to the shippers $251,723 220. The total revenue derived by the state during this period of twenty-two years has been $315,280 from mineral leases and contracts, $685,301 from royalties on iron ore and less than $1,500,000 all told from taxes, including both state and local revenue, or a total of about $5,500,000, which amounts to the trifle of a little over 2 per cent as the aggregate share of the state from all sources and for all purposes from its great iron ore production and resources.

The aggregate gross earnings of the three iron range ore carriers in hauling the total of 148,131,000 tons of iron ore from the mines to the lake, at 80 cents per ton, is $118,000,000, of which approximately $[illegible], as shown by official reports, represent net earnings.

The royalty profits from iron ore tonnage to the United States Steel corporation, which holds the fee simple to the majority of the properties which it operates, and on the remainder pays no royalties on contracts made at one-fourth the present royalty values, are beyond computation.

From a portion of these iron properties, which are operated under lease, private fee-holders during the past year have realized royalties exceeding $6,500,000 on the single year's output.

During the seven years, 1900-1906, inclusive, the two iron range roads, namely, the Duluth & Iron Range and the Duluth & Missabe & Northern, have declared dividends aggregating $21,000,000 on a total of $7,112,000 of capital stock and had on hand on June 30, 1906, after the payment of $6,453,000 of dividends during the past fiscal year, an accumulated surplus of $8,122,000.

Thus, the state of Minnesota, which holds the resources and has yielded these magnificent incomes to a few private and corporate interests, is the one party that receives only a beggardly income.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Farm Sections Compared.

Why any home-seeking farmer, especially one from New England or New York, should pass by Northern Minnesota, where the farm lands are as reasonable in price as those of any portion of the United States, and go to Wyoming or Northwestern Colorado, where the lands capable of cultivation are held almost, if not quite as high as those of any Eastern state, is one of the mysteries of life that is past reasonable explanation.

The excuse sometimes given that the climate of the two Western states is milder and the crop season longer than in Northern Minnesota is not borne out by facts. The frosts begin in Wyoming and Northern Colorado as early in the fall as in Minnesota the changes in temperature in the former states are even more violent and the blizzards more severe because there are no forests whatsoever to act as storm brakes the winters are equally as long and the springs just as late.

The objection that Northern Minnesota farm lands require immense work in clearing the tracts of the timber is easily to be met by the fact that, in Wyoming and Northwestern Colorado, not an acre can be cultivated without irrigation and the constructions of of the proper kind of irrigating ditches requires fully as much hard work as clearing off timber. Besides and this is by no means unimportant item in these days of steady advancing lumber the felled trees command goodly prices at the nearest market while the irrigation labor yields no returns.

The farmer from the East, or even from one of the Central states who goes to Wyoming has to unlearn all he has known about farming and acquire, instead, a knowledge of irrigation and its methods —almost invariably a costly experience. In Northern Minnesota the heavy snows of winter put the ground in fine shape for spring work and rains never fail the crops.

In Wyoming, as in other prairie states, the fuel question is a serious one each winter. In Northern Minnesota, the farmer has his fuel, and to spare, all about his farm and, by thrifty conservation of his timber, he need not worry, for his own or several future generations, as to how he will meet the winters. In Wyoming, the problem must grow increasingly more difficult.

The arguments are all in favor of Northern Minnesota farm lands as against those of Wyoming or any other part of the Northwest, for that matter. Some day homeseekers will discover this and then the advance in the values of Northern Minnesota farm lands will be greater in one year than Wyoming's 81.3 in the last five years.—Duluth Herald.

Professor J. L. Haecker of the Minnesota College of Agriculture at the Experiment Station is quoted in an exchange as follows: "The dairy industry in the northwest is still in it's infancy and we confidentially look for even more rapid growth in the future than it has made in the past. The time is not distant when Minnesota alone will derive an annual income from this one industry of $30,000,000. We will invade not only the eastern but the foreign markets. We can produce better and cheaper butter than can Denmark or any other country, for they all must look to America and especially to the northwest for their food stuffs, and whenever we can convince the western grain grower that it is to his advantage to convert his surplus feed into butter, ship the more concentrated product, realize a greater income and at the same time improve the fertility of his farm the change will surely be made."

Bray Mutual Prospering.

The annual report of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company as published in the St. Hilaire Spectator, shows this excellent society to be in tip-top condition, both financially and as to the new business secured. The company received from new policies and assessments levied during 1906, $1,203.58; and paid losses of $1,110.00 during the same period. The company had a cash balance on December 31, of $59.50, after paying all losses and expenses. The company had 308 policies in force December 31, 1906, in the total amount of $382,295.00, a gain of about $100,000 during 1906. The company does business in fourteen townships in Red Lake county, the town of River Falls having $56,195 insurance inforce, the largest amount in any of the towns in which business is written. Nels K. Anderson, of Sanders was re-elected president, and C. P. Swanson, of Bray, was re-elected secretary. These men have been largely responsible for the great success of the company, and are held in high esteem as careful and competent officers.

The Latest Conundrum.

A man came to the ticket agent at the union depot at Minneapolis and laid down two dollars for a ticket to Sauk Centre. The agent said, "That isn't enough, a ticket to Sauk Centre will cost you three dollars." As this was all the money that the man had to make the town named, he thought of a way to get out of the hole. He went to a pawn shop and pawned the bill for $1.50, and secured a pawn ticket which said he could recover the bill upon payment of $1.50. He took the money and pawn ticket and walked down the street. Here he met a friend. "Hello, Fred," he said, "I am kind of on the rocks and need a dollar and a half at once. Will you give me $1.50 for this pawn check. You can secure $2 for it at the pawn shop?" The friend said, "Sure, Mike," and the bargain was closed. The man now had his three dollars and went to the depot and purchased his ticket. The question now is, Who lost the dollar?

New Officers Qualify.

The newly elected officers of the Thief River Falls Co-operative creamery met in this city last Friday and qualified. The secretary was instructed to furnish the local papers with a statement of the business done each month. A new helper was hired at the creamery and other business transacted. It is estimated that the business done by the creamery this year will be double that of last and it is quite probable that a number of improvements will be made.

A VERY BAD BLIZZARD

Worst in the History of the Country Last Friday.

Trains All Tied Up for a Number of Hours and Weather Cold.

This section was visited by the worst blizzard in the history of the country last Friday and it was followed by extremely cold weather. The result was that all traffic on the Soo and Great Northern roads was suspended and not a train entered Thief River Falls on Saturday except No. 110 the south bound Winnipeg flyer which passed through Thief River Falls Saturday evening twenty-four hours behind time. No. 109, which was due to arrive in Thief River Falls Saturday morning at 3:10 did not arrive here until late Sunday evening. The Great Northern made no attempt to run any trains on Saturday and spent all of their efforts in an attempt to open up their main line.

Sunday morning it was 45 degrees below zero and this cold weather made it very difficult to get shovelers to work and open up the line.

New Breed of Pigs.

Supt. Robertson of the Crookston Experimental farm expects to receive by express in a few days two Duroc Jersey pigs to be used for breeding purposes at the farm. The pigs were shipped from London, Minn., where they are being bred very extensively. They command a price of $25 each.

The Duroc Jersey is a breed of pig which is very uncommon in this part of of the country but which is found extensively in the state of Iowa. In the southern part of the state this special breed is growing in popularity. The Duroc Jersies are superior to other breeds of pigs in that they are stronger boned and are extremely prolific.

The Poland China is the breed of pigs that is common to this part of the country, but owing to the circumstances that they have been fed upon corn year after year they are not prolific. The introduction of the new breed should be hailed by the farmers of this locality.

Wood High at Badger.

Never before in the history of the village has wood been as scarce as it is this winter. This is of course owing to the great amount of snow in the timber and the badly drifted roads. Farmers in this vicinity claim they have all they can do to supply themselves with fuel on account of the deep snow. It is safe to say that wood is 100 per cent higher in price in this village this winter than in former years. But since we need the wood we are glad to get it at any price and those who have it to sell are the gainers. We are however in no worse fix than our sister village on the railroad where they ship in wood from Strathcona. Some wood has been hauled to to this place from Roseau and there are prospects that more will be hauled from the same place.—Badger Herald.

Wood Is Scarce.

Although you would hardly believe it, some of the farmers living in the vicinity of Thief River Falls have been suffering from a wood famine. It is reported that one farmer chopped up a rail fence and others living as far as fourteen miles from town have come to town to buy mill wood. The reason for the shortage of wood, these farmers say, is on account of the deep snow making it almost impossible to make roads into their wood lots.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.

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You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

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OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

Just received, a large assortment of artificial flowers at live and let live prices.

Special Prices on Sewing Machines.

Special prices on chairs and rockers to make room for a car load of Webester chairs that are now on the road and will be here in a few days.

CATHOLIC HISTORY.

Tells About the Discovery of America by the Northmen.

Congressman Steenerson has received an interesting letter from Professor C. H. McCarthy, Professor of history in the Catholic university, relative to his bill for the erection of a statue of Leif Erickson, to commemorate his discovery of America in the year 1000. Professor McCarthy talks interestingly of that early time and throws some valuable sidelights on the Roman church history of that period.

"I have long been interested in the subject of Norse settlement, exploration and discovery," he says. "Serious students of history, I believe, regard as reasonably well established the discovery in 986 by Hjeruif' son, Bjarni, of a part of the American coast, the careful exploration of that coast by Leif, the son of Erick, in the year 1000, the later voyage to Vinland of Leif's brother, Thorvald, and the attempt in 1007 of Karlsefni to colonize the new land. From that time until the appointment by Pope Paschal II, 1112, of Eric Gnupsson as bishop of Greenland and Vinland, the allusions to the country discovered by Leif are numerous. The existence and the intercourse of the Greenland settlements with Rome are about as well ascertained as are many other important events of medieval history. From 1112 down to 1409, when the last of the Greenland settlements were destroyed, we have an unbroken list of bishops.

The failure of Karlsefni's attempt at colonization is sufficiently explained by European conditions in the year 1007. Indeed, when, nearly five centuries later, we come to the independent discovery of Columbus, the planting of independent colonies was no easy matter. The fact that the Norse discoveries were followed by no results of permanent value in no way diminishes the character of Leif's achievement."—Washington Correspondence in Minneapolis Journal.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath evening worship at 7.30 p. m.
Sabbath School at 12 o'clock.
Christian Endeavor at 6.45 p. m.

There will be no mid week service. we regret the failure last Sabbath. The storm stopped the train and Mr. Laurie could not get to Thief River Falls on Saturday as planned.

The pastor will be home Saturday this week. F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

SEED GRAIN LOAN.

Senator Hanson Has Introduced a Bill for Benefit of Farmers.

Senator A. L. Hanson of Ada has introduced a bill appropriating $75,000 to be given out in seed grain loans. It is designed for the benefit of farmers over the state whose lands were overflowed during last years wet season, and who have no money to buy seed grain with this spring.

Several seed grain loans have been made by the state previously and one was declared unconstitutional by the courts but other loans have since been made successfully, and Senator Hanson's bill avoids the mistakes made in the law that was knocked out.

The counties are made responsible to the state for the collection of the loans. Applications are to be made to the county boards, which will request from the state money enough to care for all the applications in the country. If the run over the appropriation the counties will share proportionally. The counties will collect interest and principal and remit to the state, and will have liens on the land to secure the notes. Four per cent interest is to be charged.

Hungry Wolf In Sleigh.

Tenstrike, Minn., Feb. 1.—The wolves in this neighborhood have been made exceedingly tame and hungry by the deep snows which have driven them from the woods. As H. J. Botting was driving from lumber camp No. 2 to camp No. 1 with a sled on which he had a carcass of a hog, he discovered a gaunt-looking wolf in the sled box making a meal on the porker.

He drove the animal away with a whip, but it followed him several miles and at every opportunity would again jump into the sled and take a fresh nibble at the hog. Wolves are numerous in this section and it is said they are slaughtering the deer in large numbers.

Representatives of the American Society of Equity, commonly called the farmers' trust, with headquarters in Chicago, at a recent meeting fixed a price at which all products raised by the farmers of the country should be held. To begin with wheat was fixed at $1.00 per bushel, this being the minimum price and other products in proportion. The American Society of Equity has a large membership in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota and Nebraska, and was formed for mutual protection.

Subscribe for the News.

HELD FOR MURDER

Fournier's Case to Go to the Grand Jury of Beltrami County.

George Cyr, who Was Also Arrested Has Been Discharged.

Bemidji, Minn., Feb. 2.—The preliminary hearing of the case of the state against Paul Fournier and George Cyr, charged with murdering N. O. Dahl and daughter Aagot near Quiring in April, 1904, was finished today.

Fournier was held to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of murdering Dahl, but waived examination to the charge of killing Miss Dahl. Cyr was discharged. The evidence is of a circumstantial character, but is strong against Fournier. Nothing whatever was found against Cyr. The case will come before the grand jury at a term of the district court beginning March 19.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Jan. 12

Carmikle Mark
Connery Miss Hilda
Erickson Miss Aulda
Erickson Master Elvid.
[illegible] Mr. B
[illegible] Miss Laura
Gunderson [illegible] M
Ha[illegible] Sivert
Hermanson John
Jacobson Mr. and Mrs. Hans
Knutson Siver
Kvenbraaten Erik Ch
Larson Kristian
North Western Fuel Co.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O, New York.

Closing Out Sale
—AT—
THE NEW STORE
Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

...Shoes sold for 25 per cent off cost.
...Caps sold for half price.
...Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
...Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S
Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
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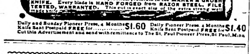

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife Warranted
RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH
Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.
Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for .... $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St Paul, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE HINDOO FAKIRS

THEY ARE PRINCES OF JUGGLERS AND MAGICIANS.

Some of the Wonderful Feats of Illusion and Dexterity These Masters of the Mystic Arts of the Orient Are Said to Perform.

"Stopped!"

In the sudden stillness that pervades the great liner's saloon everybody pauses without knowing it and looks at the captain.

This gentleman merely settles to his luncheon more comfortably than before, while anchor chains rattle out and the steam whistle blows and the passengers hasten on deck to feel a heavy, tropical wind blowing off a low shore, along which tigers and alligators may creep to the water's edge by night, but where now a noon sun lies yellow on the huts and rice fields which are the stranger's first glimpse of Calcutta.

The liner swings well out in the stream.

Presently flashes through the brown ripples of the Hoogly river a dusky body, and up the anchor chain nimbly as a monkey scrambles a man, clad only in a loin cloth and having a tiny, tight rolled red bundle fastened at the back of his neck out of reach of the water.

The man's first action is to pick up from the deck a ball of twine with which a sailor is mending a pawlin and unwind the string, which goes straight up in the air in defiance of the law of gravitation which should have trailed it along the deck.

As the fakir passes another sailor who has bought a coconnut and is cracking it open, he gently takes from the man's hand half of the still full shell, holds it high above a ship's bucket, into which water streams from the coconnut until the bucket has been twelve times filled and emptied. Next the juggler asks for a large earthen dish, pours into it a gallon of water, raises it aloft in his left hand—his right being laid against his forehead. The dish grows smaller by almost imperceptible degrees of shrinkage until it completely disappears. Then, after a pause, a tiny brown speck is seen in the juggler's hand. It grows larger and larger until the dish is visible as at first, filled to the brim with water, which the juggler pours out and which runs down into the deck gutters.

A little aloof from the eager circle of spectators sits a young American woman, her baby swinging in a hammock, her five-year-old daughter on a cushion at her feet. The juggler stands perfectly still, his eyes fixed absently upon the group, apparently concentrating his forces upon some fresh wonder. The American shrinks backward with a movement of repulsion, which the juggler evidently notices, for he turns his gaze upon an English miss of fifteen who stands on the opposite side of the semicircle.

Suddenly the young mother sees the English girl begin to rise from the deck and float across the space between her and the hammock in which rests the sleeping baby. To her horror, the girl stoops over and takes up the infant. Then the girl rises from the deck, higher and higher, until she is lost in the clouds.

The mother is helpless to cry out or to move. She is in a sort of waking nightmare. As she stares she perceives a spot in the fleecy clouds—nearer, nearer it comes—she discerns the form of her baby—safe in the arms of the English girl, who gradually descends to the deck and lays the infant back in the hammock.

With a frantic effort the mother bursts the spell that binds her and snatches up the child to find it sound asleep. "How could you let that strange girl take your little brother away?" she screams to her startled daughter, who sits quietly on the cushion.

"Why, mamma," replies the child, "brother has been asleep in his hammock all the time. No one has touched him."

It was but one more trick of the senses played by the holy man from India. It was utterly inexplicable.

The fellow came over the ship's rail dripping wet after a long swim from shore. The liner has just dropped anchor after a voyage of several thousand miles. A confederate is an impossibility. An audience of about 300 skeptical persons crowds close around the juggler. There is no chance for deception.

Now the Hindoo unties the bundle from behind his neck, opens a square of red cloth, passes it to the audience for inspection and then spreads it flat on the deck. His eyes turn inward and become fixed. He mutters to himself, and, after walking three times around the square, he thrusts his bare hand and arm under the cloth and brings forth a rudely carved little boat measuring not more than 8 by 4 inches. It is undecked and empty. The one thwart across it is pierced with a mast hole. With the boat he brings out a small cocoanut.

He offers the boat and the nut for the scrutiny of the passengers. By those who see and touch it the nut is pronounced to be scraped clean and to be pierced with three small holes.

The juggler sticks a thin bamboo wand of about two feet into the mast hole, then places the nut on the end of the wand, retreats to a distance of five yards and commands (in Hindostanee):

"Spout!"

A glittering jet of pure water springs upward from the nut into the blazing sunshine and scatters diamond drops until the juggler again gives a command:

"Stop!"

"Stop!" And it stops.

Once more:

"Spout!"

And thus the crystal fountain spouts and stops as bidden until more water is running over the deck than is altogether comfortable for bystanders.

During his whole performance the juggler repeats over again the mystic but apparently irrelevant words:

"Bandar ka kopra! Bandar ka kopra!" ("Skull of a monkey! Skull of a monkey!")

"Backsheesh!" the holy man now suggests and indicates the red cloth as an appropriate receptacle for cash acknowledgment of his occult power.

As coins fall he deftly recovers them and bites each one to test its genuineness. At last he piles the contributions neatly, shakes the cloth and again spreads it on the floor.

Again the juggler's eyes fix themselves in cataleptic trance. Again he paces around the red square, muttering outlandish words.

Something begins to move beneath the cloth. It grows in size as the spellbound audience gazes. There is a faint sound—and—out hops a grinning, chattering monkey, while from the farther edge of the red rag a cobra pokes its venomous head and writhes its bulk along the planks.

The passengers—even the sailors—shrink and shudder, but their feet seem *spiked to the deck. No one moves,* though disgust and horror are manifest on every face.

A much larger object heaves beneath the cloth—slowly, gracefully, a Hindoo girl rises to her feet, casts the red cloth from her shoulders and smiles upon a ship's company, as "silent and aghast as were the voyagers in that dread ship, the Mystery."

Before anybody is able to stir the juggler claps his hands, his creatures vanish, he rolls up his coins in the red cloth, ties it around his neck, leaps over the rail into the stream and swims away.

There can be no doubt as to these mystic performances being illusions, for any attempt to photograph them results in an empty plate.

Hindoo jugglers simply have the power to make not only one person, but an unlimited number of persons, see, taste and hear things which do not exist. To attribute this power to hypnotism does not detract from the marvel of the phenomena. We must admit that the basic principle of the mystery is the subjugation of the weaker to the stronger will.

Secondarily, there is in the Hindoo race an increase in the power of thought, resulting from their intense love of solitary meditation, one of the nation's most pronounced traits from time immemorial. We cannot dispute that the Hindoos have acquired mental faculties of which the younger western civilizations are altogether ignorant, as a matter of experience.

The Hindoo has attained marvelous results on speculative philosophy. Through centuries he has developed his mental powers by persistent exercise and persistent effort—as with us, athletes develop and perfect the muscles of the body.

The Hindoo conjuror is no unlicensed charlatan. He is a man with a "vocation." It may be while he works in the rice field that the Hindoo boy hears the mysterious call of Brahma and tells his parents:

"Kopal me likkha." ("It is written upon my forehead.")

At first "the chosen" wanders through the streets of his native town—black ropes of dank hair falling about his face, streaks of clay across his forehead and down his nose, a single cotton rag wound about his middle. The million gods that 3,000 Hindoo years have accumulated for faithful souls know that the "chosen" has vowed a pilgrimage to Benares—the residence of the gods — the Hindoo Olympus, not striding over the journey erect, with strong young limbs, but falling flat on his face, measuring his length with his brass water bottle for all the weary way.

Thus does the "chosen" accomplish his pilgrimage, never lacking food or drink or sleeping mat, for all dwellers in the land know that he is "a Bairagee!"—he helps to keep the world straight with the gods. At last, eyes bloodshot, feet blistered, he washes in the sacred Ganges and bows in the great temple at Benares and the priests recognize his holiness and say, "It is written upon his forehead." After which the "chosen" is for years secluded in the silent places of India that by prayer and austerity and meditation he may subdue the body and develop the mind until he acquires the occult force whereby he compels his fellow mortals to see things which are not.

In the wild recesses of his mountains—behind the walls of his temples carved into the solid rock—the Hindoo still holds the key of mysteries that defy the ingenuity of the best, most logical and most scientific reasoners of the modern civilization.—Los Angeles Times.

The Difference.

A rich man once visited his stables and watched an old groom currying a favorite horse. "You have worked for me a long time, haven't you, Sam?" queried the rich man. "Yes, sir," replied the groom. "Me an' this hoss have worked for you seventeen years." "Ah, and I hope you have been well treated, Sam," said the employer. "Yes, I ain't complainin' none," said Sam. "But me an' the hoss was sick at the same time, an' I noticed that, while you hired a doctor for the hoss, you docked my pay for the time I lost."—Commoner.

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Wednesday, Feb. 6th, at Hotel Rushford.
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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.
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Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.
Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00
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RATES $1 PER DAY.
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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 374 made 28th June 1904, for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N.W.¼, Section 5, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th March, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans Olson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " " " "
Hans Rued, " " " "
Barney Tiheman, " " " "

jan 24 feb 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Christian A. Loken.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christian A. Loken Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Andrew H. Loken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, Marit A. Loken, Anna A. Loken and Guri A. Loken and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 29th day of January 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
COURT SEAL Probate Judge.
jan 31 feb 14

—Subscribe for the News.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

The Stale Bread of Hungary.

In Hungary they do not eat fresh bread. Whether it is because the Hungarians believe in hygiene more than their American or European brothers and sisters or not has never been told, but the Magyar is partial to stale bread, and the staler the better. His "rozskenyer," or ordinary black bread, as it is eaten by the very large majority of the Magyar population, is carefully laid away on a shelf and dug out for consumption months and months after it has come out of the great ovens. If the huge loaf, weighing something like five pounds and for which the Hungarian pays 6 or 7 kreutzer, equivalent to about 3 or 4 cents in American money, has carefully been hidden away for two years, it is considered all the better. The Hungarian never thinks of where the bread is to come from tomorrow. He thinks of where it is to come from next year, for he has at least a year's supply on the shelves. The Hungarian bakes her bread 365 days ahead of time. Her Wednesday baking is for the Wednesday of a year to come; her Thursday baking for the Thursday of a year to come.

To Cut the Night In Two.

Professor Victor Hallopeau, member of the Paris Academy of Medicine, says:

The true secret of long continued, valuable brain work is to cut the night in two. The scholar, the inventor, the financier, the literary creator, should be asleep every night by 10 o'clock, to wake again at, say, 2 in the morning. Three hours' work, from 2 to 5, in the absolute tranquillity of the silent hours should mean the revealing of new powers, new possibilities, a wealth of ideas undreamed of under the prevailing system.

From 5 to 8 or 8:30 sleep again. Taking up then the day's work, the brain will be still saturated with the mental fruits of the midnight vigil; there will be no effort in putting into practice or carrying further what was planned or begun those few hours before.

The habit may be hard to acquire, but mechanical means of waking at first will induce the predisposition.—New York World.

The Military Death Sentence.

"You know how a soldier traitor is put to death," said the colonel. "The traitor stands blindfolded, and half a dozen privates shoot at him simultaneously. But perhaps you don't know that each of those privates, though he take the most careful aim, may afterward say without fear of contradiction that the traitor's blood does not stain his hands. This is the reason: Two of the rifles for this ghastly shooting are always loaded with blank cartridges. Then they are shuffled, and no one knows which the harmless ones are. The executioners draw, and each is as like as not to draw a harmless gun. So when they shoot they can solace themselves with the thought that maybe they are only shooting a blank cartridge at the poor blindfolded wretch before them."

Hans Breitmann's Philosophy.

I have found that if we resolve to be vigorous of body and mind, calm, collected, cheerful, etc., we can effect marvels, for it is certainly true that after awhile the spirit or will does haunt us unconsciously and marvelously. I have, I believe, half changed my nature under this discipline. I will continually to be free from folly, envy, irritability and vanity, to forgive and forget, and I have found, by willing and often recurring to it, that, while far from being exempt from fault, I have eliminated a vast mass of it from my mind. It is certainly true, as Kant wrote to Hufeland, many diseases can be cured by resolving them away. He thought the gout could be.—Letters of Charles Godfrey Leland.

Time to Change.

It was at a table d'hote dinner at a hill station in India that a very young officer just up from the plains found himself seated next to a lady whom he took for one of the grass widows common in those parts. He made himself agreeable, but his neighbor seemed a good deal out of spirits, so he said sympathetically:

"I suppose you can't help thinking of your poor husband grilling down below?"

But the lady was a real widow, and when he learned that he changed his seat.—London Answers.

Sparing the Smasher.

"I told you," said the merchant, "to mark this box 'Handle With Care.' What's this nonsense you've painted here?"

"That," said the college graduate, "is the Latin for 'Handle With Care.'"

"How do you expect a baggageman to understand that?"

"He won't, and therefore he won't get mad and smash the box."—Philadelphia Press.

For Feminine Jurors.

In breach of promise cases the presence of female jurors among the male jurors would certainly benefit the men, as they would at once see through the wiles of their own sex, discount the picture hat and the pretty gown and disclose the hussy at heart in the pleading, innocent betrayed one.—Lady Violet Greville in London Opinion.

Superimposed.

In the hall of a philharmonic society the following notice was posted:

"The seats in this hall are for the use of the ladies. Gentlemen are requested to make use of them only after the former are seated."—Il Riso.

We love to expect, and when expectation is either disappointed or gratified we want to be again expecting.—Johnson.

Birds and Kites.

No bird, so far as known records show, has ever alighted on a kite or attacked one. While a scientist was flying a train of five kites some years ago a large silver tipped eagle came suddenly out of the higher air and swooped round and round the first kite, looking against the sunset sky like a huge silver ball. As the train of kites was pulled in the eagle followed, visiting one kite and then another, seeming uncertain just what to do. In a few minutes, when he seemed to have decided that they were not good to eat and he knew nothing about them, anyway, he indignantly flew off and was lost to view. While the scientist's kites were high in the air one March flocks of geese flying in the wedge flew over. They invariably stopped, broke up, hovered above the queer object and at last slowly reformed and flew away. While the larger birds all come from heights above the kite, the small birds of the air will alight on the string holding the kite and away to and fro.

Mysterious Glass Balls.

According to a foreign correspondent of the geological survey at Washington, among the most interesting features of the small island of Billiton, between Sumatra and Borneo, an island long famous for its rich tin mines, controlled by the Dutch government, are the "glass balls of Billiton," found among the tin ore deposits. These natural glass balls are round, with grooved surfaces. Similar phenomena are occasionally *found in Borneo and Java* as well as in Australia. The correspondent quoted thinks they cannot be artificial, and there are no volcanoes near enough to support the theory that they are volcanic bombs. Besides, it is claimed, the glassy rocks produced by the nearest volcanoes are quite different in their nature from the material of the balls. It is suspected that the mysterious objects were ejected ages ago from the volcanoes of the moon and afterward fell upon the earth.

"Caracul"—Its Etymology.

I have often been asked for the etymology of "caracul," which is a term now largely used by furriers to denote a variety of the fur called astrakhan. The new English dictionary does not contain caracul, but it has caracal, which is liable to be confused with it, though really quite a different word. The caracal is an animal, but caracul, like the nearly synonymous term, astrakhan, is the name of a place—Kara Kul—i. e., the Black lake, near Bokhara, which has long been celebrated for its output of furs. The earliest reference I can find to it in English is in Matthew Arnold's "Sohrab and Rustum:"

> And on his head he set his sheepskin cap,
> Black, glossy, curled, the fleece of Kara Kul.

—London Notes and Queries.

Living In the Electric Light.

Writing to a friend in the country, a New York merchant says: "I live in the electric light. I leave my home at 7 o'clock, after dressing and taking my breakfast by electric light. Then I go to the subway, one block distant, and ride to within a block of my office. There I work all day by electric light and go home again by the subway and spend the evening in the glare of the incandescent lamp. The weather conditions make no difference, because my flat and my office belong to the semidark kind. Sometimes I wonder what I would do without electric light, and sometimes I ask myself when I yearn for a little sunlight, is the new light really a blessing?"—New York Tribune.

John Stuart Mill.

The genius of this great Englishman was such that before he was twenty he was recognized as the champion and future leader of a powerful school of philosophy and politics. John Stuart Mill is said to have studied Greek at the age of three and at fourteen had begun logic and political economy. The writings and doctrines of this master mind were and are still read and preached not only in this country, but throughout the world. John Stuart Mill stands out prominently among nineteenth century thinkers.—London Mail.

Hardened.

"Listen to this, Maria," said Mr. Stubb as he unfolded his scientific paper. "This article states that in some of the old Roman prisons that have been unearthed they found the petrified remains of the prisoners." "Gracious, John!" replied Mrs. Stubb, with a smile. "I suppose you would call them hardened criminals."—Chicago News.

But He Was Cured.

"I think I'll have to take treatment for the forgetting habit. From whom did you take your treatment that was so satisfactory and successful in improving your memory?"

"From—ah, from—ah—oh, I forget his name, but wait a minute, and I'll get one of his cards out of my desk."—Exchange.

Supremely Exasperating.

"Don't you think Mrs. Spurrell has an awful temper?"

"She has, but can you blame the poor woman? She has a husband who just absolutely won't get mad at all."

Dear, Indeed!

"The dear, dear girls!" exclaimed Mrs. Pawkins, looking at her fashionable daughters enthusiastically.

"Yes, the dear, dear girls!" muttered Mr. Pawkins despondently.

Man yields to custom as he bows to fate—in all things ruled, mind, body and estate.—Crabbe.

Forbidden Games.

Almost every one of England's popular games has at one time or another been made illegal. Scotland is the home of golf, yet in 1457 the Scottish parliament passed an act entailing severe penalties on any one caught playing the game.

Edward III., Henry IV. and Henry VIII. all strongly objected to football, and Queen Elizabeth made it an offense punishable by imprisonment to play football. There is a record of sixteen people being imprisoned at once for breaking this law.

Football is still under a ban in some parts of the world. Two of the Swiss cantons refuse to allow it, and in Turkey it is absolutely illegal, and those who dare to play it are punished.

Among oddities of laws about games must be mentioned a French decree of the thirteenth century. By the king's command the gallants of the court were forbidden to play tennis "in their shirts." Whether his majesty of France insisted upon coats only or whether the unfortunate players were doomed to practice in complete suits of armor does not appear.—London Graphic.

Agriculture In Africa.

Excepting perhaps some Malayan tribes the African negroes are said to be the finest agriculturists of all the natural races. The Bongos are said to have a greater variety of garden plants around their huts than are found in the fields and gardens of a German village. *Irrigation is practiced.* The Angolas, in the Kongo district, have practical irrigation. The Wachangu show wonderful skill in irrigating their terraced hillsides by tunnels of water diverted from the main stream. "They have a clear mode of irrigating equally a given surface. As the little canals of water are always elevated above the cultivated plants, they will tap them at a convenient spot above the beds to be watered and then turn the stream into a rough conduit made of the hollow stems of bananas cut in half, the end of each stem overlapping the next. Then as the water enters the last joint it is freely turned right and left, distributing the vivifying stream in all directions."—Southern Workman.

Too Cold For Overcoats.

"You do not find any one wearing overcoats in Alaska, even in the winter," said a man from that territory. "The principal thing to be careful about is keeping the head, hands and feet warm. In that part of Alaska where I have been the only land transportation is by dog sleds, and to follow them one has to drop into a dogtrot beside the sled. An ordinary suit is plenty thick enough to keep you warm, and an overcoat is dangerous in that temperature. Trotting alongside a sled wearing an overcoat would make you perspire, and the bitter cold would freeze the perspiration. The men there wear a fur cap that covers every part of the head and face except the eyes, and there is only a little peephole for them. Wool lined mitts are worn on the hands and moccasins with woolen stockings on the feet."—Baltimore Sun.

Tragedy of a Wooden Leg.

A man who travels on a wooden leg says: "About the worst accident we ever heard of befalling a wooden legged man is the time one such unfortunate was going home after being to a late supper, along about 3 o'clock in the morning, when his peg leg went through an auger hole in the grub plank sidewalk, and he kept circling about that hole all night thinking he was going home. The editor of this paper wants it distinctly understood that we cannot vouch for the truthfulness of this story."—Kansas City Journal.

All the Same.

At one of the large north country churches recently a fashionably dressed lady happened to go into one of the private pews. The verger, who is known to be a very stern old chap, immediately bustled up to her and said:

"I'm afraid, miss, you'll ha'e to cum out o' that. This is a paid pew."

"Sir," said the young lady, turning sharply round, "do you know who I am? I'm one of the Fifes."

"I dinna care," said the old man. "If you are the big drum. You'll ha'e to cum out."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Dainty If Not Substantial.

The wife of a farmer had a sister come from Chicago to make a visit. One day the thrashers came, and the guest insisted on doing the work alone and sent her sister away to rest. When twenty-seven thrashers filed in to supper that night they found a sandwich tied with ribbon, one chicken croquette, one cheese ball the size of a marble and a buttonhole bouquet at each plate.—Emporia (Kan.) Gazette.

Long Sight.

The longest distance ever compassed by human vision is 183 miles, being the distance between the Uncompahgre Park, in Colorado, and Mount Ellen, in Utah. This feat was accomplished by the surveyors of the United States coast and geodetic survey, who were engaged, in conjunction with representatives of other nations, in making a new measurement of the earth.

Cheerfulness.

The cheerful man's thought sculptures his face into one of kindliness, touches his manner with grace and his business life with friendliness toward humanity.—Jacksboro (Tex.) Gazette.

Both Are There.

Teacher—Is there any connecting link between the animal and the vegetable kingdom? Bright Pupil—Yes, mum; there's hash.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Noses of Great Men.

Prominent noses seem to have been the property of many great men. Lycurgus and Solon had noses six inches in length, and Ovid was surnamed Naso on account of his large nose. Scipio Nasica derived his name from his prominent olfactory organ, and Alexander the Great and Cardinals Wolsey and Richelieu all had large noses. On the medals of Cyrus and Artaxerxes their noses came clear out to the rim of the coin. Washington's was the true aquiline type, indicative of firmness and patience, as was the nose of Julius Caesar. Mohammed had a singular nose. It was so curved that a writer has told us that the point of it seemed continually striving to insert itself between his lips. The noses of Franklin, Shakespeare and Dr. Johnson all had wide nostrils, betokening strength and love of thought. The nose of Napoleon was exquisitely though firmly chiseled. He often said, "Give me a man with plenty of nose!" Frederick the Great had so large a nose that Lavater offered to wager that blindfolded he could tell it among 10,000 by merely taking it between his thumb and forefinger.

The Fly That Buzzed For Mendelssohn

The following story is told of the music of the overture to "A Midsummer Night's Dream:" While Mendelssohn was deep in the making of this same fine overture he went riding one day with a friend. In order, after awhile, to rest their horses the two boon companions dismounted and stretched themselves out under the shade of a great tree. Suddenly there came an excited "Hush!" from the great composer, who half arose very cautiously. A large fly was buzzing over them, and Mendelssohn was anxious to catch the true sound of the insect's hum as it gradually drifted farther away. Many days later when the overture had been completed the artist called his friend's attention to that passage in progression where the violoncello modulates in the chord of the seventh of the descending scale from B minor to F sharp minor. "There, that's the fly that buzzed past us at Schonhausen," said Mendelssohn.

Crushing a Critic.

School superintendents in New York among their many duties are expected to report on the personality of the teachers in their district. It is not always easy to get "a line" on that quality of a teacher, so many are lenient in the work. One of the superintendents, however, is never satisfied until he has made the test for orderliness by asking the teacher to open his or her desk. One day he found one of his fair subordinates with things in great confusion. She was evidently violating heaven's first law.

"My dear," said he to the blushing delinquent, "I don't believe you would make a good housekeeper."

The desk closed with a bang. There was fire in her eye as she calmly replied:

"Oh! Are you looking for a housekeeper?"—New York Press.

Falling Into Hole In Air.

One of the strange experiences of a balloonist is that of falling into "a hole in the air," which Mr. Rolker reports as follows: "So you continue sailing, enjoying the present with little thought of the startling surprises that may be before you. Ahead of you, unseen, may be what the balloonist calls a 'hole in the air,' resembling the vortex of a maelstrom, and down this you may literally fall at a rate which is terrifying until by sacrificing two or three bagfuls of sand at once your pilot checks your downward flight. But these 'holes' are scarce, and as a rule the atmosphere is of uniform carrying power."—American Magazine.

When Dogs Were Cooks.

"There was a time," said the antiquarian, "when dogs did our roasting for us—at least they kept the meat turning so it would not burn. 'Spit dogs' they were called, and we call their descendants 'spitz' to this day. Spit dogs were trained to turn the spits on which roasted chickens, beef, ducks and turkeys. The little fellows did their work well. They were never known to let a fowl burn or to snatch a mouthful or two from it. As late as 1810 spit dogs were employed in the old Philadelphia inns on Second and Third streets."

The Servant Question.

The proud millionaire entered his garage haughtily. "Francois," he said, "you took out the new sixty horsepower again last night without permission. I'm afraid I'll have to get another chauffeur."

"I wish you would, sir," Francois answered. "With those four big cars there's quite enough work for two of us."—New York Press.

Historic New York.

New York city has more points of historical interest than any other city on the continent, there being scores of them, extending from Fort Amsterdam, where the new custom house stands, at the Battery, on the south, to Fort George, Fort Washington and the Van Cortlandt manor house on the north.

Equalized.

The larynx of man is twice the size on an average of the same organ in woman, although this disproportion is equalized by the fact that woman uses her larynx a little more than twice as much as man.

Not Needed.

"I have here a neat and pretty little letter opener," began the agent.

"So have I at home," said the business man sadly. "I'm married."

Fox Terrier's Points.

The fox terrier is the most intelligent of all the smaller breeds, and there is hardly a trick that he cannot learn in a very few lessons. He is usually healthy, makes the best kind of a watch dog, and his ability to catch and kill rats and other vermin is another story. In symmetry, size and character the dog must present a generally gay, lively and active appearance. The terrier, like the foxhound, must on no account be "leggy," nor must he be too short in the leg. He should stand like a cleverly made hunter, covering a lot of ground, yet with a short back, as before stated. He will then attain the highest degree of propelling power, together with the greatest length of stride that is compatible with the length of his body. Weight is not a certain criterion of a terrier's fitness for his work—general shape, size and contour are the main points, and if a dog can gallop and stay and follow his fox up a drain it matters little what his weight is to a pound or so, though, roughly speaking, it may be said that he should not scale over twenty pounds.—Eugene R. Cole in Home Magazine.

A Patient Snake.

One does not often attribute the virtue of patience to a snake. "Letters From a Surgeon," however, contain an anecdote in which its existence is evident. Dr. Perry, surgeon of the Twentieth Massachusetts, wakened in camp one morning to find himself tightly held in the clutch of Dr. Hayward, his senior officer.

"Don't move, John, till I say three!" ordered the senior sharply. "Then seize my hands and spring to your feet. One, two, three!"

At the word Dr. Perry jumped, and he never made a cleaner leap. He was just in time to see a moccasin dive under the coat which he had been using for a pillow. Armed with sticks, they dragged the coat away, but saw only the hole into which the snake had glided. The surgeon had accidentally blocked the entrance to the reptile's abode, and it had lain all coiled under the back of his neck, waiting patiently for him to move so it could enter.

The Wrong Man.

"Now, my dear sir," said the life assurance agent persuasively, "I wonder if I might put before you one or two powerful reasons why you should insure your life?"

"Certainly, my dear sir," replied the victim; "fire away. I shall be delighted to listen to you."

Accordingly the life assurance man delivered a lecture of nearly half an hour's duration on the advantages of life assurance, setting forth all the reasons why his listener should insure his life immediately for a large amount. When he was done the other man said:

"Well, that's not bad, but nothing new."

"Nothing new?" asked the life assurance man. "What do you mean?"

"Oh, well," said the other, "you see, I'm a life assurance agent myself, and I wanted to see if you had any new ideas to give me."

Appreciating Wagner.

"The Ring of the Niebelungen" was first produced in London under the special patronage of King Edward VII. when he was Prince of Wales. He loyally remained in his box from beginning to end, although he confessed afterward that it was the hardest work he ever did. When Wotan came on the darkened stage to an accompaniment of discords the prince took a doze and an hour later was awakened by a double forte crash of the large orchestra. He fell asleep again, but in fifteen minutes was startled by another tremendous crash and found Wotan still singing against time. After the performance the prince told the manager in great confidence that if there was a Wotan in other Wagner operas he would withdraw his patronage.

Even the Sultan.

On one occasion when the famous Nasr-ed-din was pressed for money he went to the sultan for permission to levy a tax of a penny on every man in Turkey who was afraid of his wife. The sultan gave him leave, and at the end of a few months Nasr-ed-din returned with a hundred mules laden with gold. "But what am I to get out of all this?" inquired the sultan. "I have brought you a beautiful Georgian slave," replied the sage. "Hush!" said the sultan, glancing over his shoulder. "Don't let my wife hear!" And the wily Nasr-ed-din Hedja added another penny to his store.

The One Exception.

The topic of debate at the Poets' club meeting was, "Which of the Sexes Contributes Most to Life's Happiness?"

"I think," said a woman called upon to speak on the feminine side, "that there is no doubt that man contributes most to the life happiness of woman—that is" (upon second thought) "unless he happens to be her husband."

Not Innocent.

"Tommy, I'm going to punish you severely."

"What for, pa?"

"Now, don't try that innocence game. I know all the bad things you've done today."

"No, you don't, pa. You don't know where I hid the strap you whack me with."

Cure For Profanity.

The cure for profanity—reformers and educators please make a note—is merely wit enough to handle your words so that swearing will seem baby talk in comparison.—Patriot.

One might call employment agencies the laboratories in which human lives are vivisected.—Phelps.

The Cooking of Food.

There is no reason in the world why men, whether average men or men of genius, should despise the cooking of their food. They never show, or are required to show, the same contempt toward any other art, and on no other is their mental calm more completely dependent. An ill fitting coat is a worry, but not such a worry as dinners perpetually ill dressed. To many men, and especially to men whose work is sedentary or whose brains are fully taxed, food which is at once light and nourishing is an absolute necessity if they are to exert their highest powers, and food of that kind is obtainable only by care in selecting meats and good cooking when they are selected. A man should not think too much of his dinner or devote too much time to preparation for it or enjoy it too visibly when it has arrived, for all those are animal peculiarities. But to remain content with bad food, when a little more thought or carefulness or criticism would procure it in a state fit to be eaten, is only what Scotchmen used to describe as "a wasting of the maircies."—London Spectator.

Cheerful Advice.

A number of railway men were once discussing the question of accidents.

"The roads in Scotland," said one official, "used to have a bad name, indeed, in respect to accidents. No one thought of embarking on a railway journey unless he had provided himself with an accident policy of insurance.

"The famous Dr. Norman Macleod was once about to set off on a long journey through the Scotch country. Just as the train was pulling out the clergyman's servant put his head in through the window and said:

"'Ha'e ye ta'en an insurance ticket, sir?'

"'I have,' replied the doctor.

"'Then,' continued the servant, 'write ye'er name on it and gi'e it to me. They ha'e an awfu' habit o' robbin' the corpses on this line.'" — New York Times.

Think Lightly of It.

The road to home happiness is said to lie over small stepping stones. So small sometimes are the causes of our unhappiness that we wonder the consequences can be so great. One great palliative is the determination by every member of the family not to dwell on the circumstances, whatever they may be, which are alike sad to all. If it be poverty let it be cheerfully and silently borne; if it be the ill temper of grandpa try to make a joke of it. If it be something infinitely worse and also hopeless accept it bravely; do not talk of it. Try in the family circle to ignore it. Accept every little enlivening circumstance. Let in all the sun and air. Work on cheerily and hopefully, knowing that there is the ray of sunshine somewhere that has only to be looked for to be found.

Squeezing the Grapes.

"In wine making," said a wine expert, "the grapes are squeezed from one to six times, and from each squeeze a different grade of wine is made." That is why from one district and from one firm so many varieties of wine come. These varieties don't mean that each is made from a different kind of grape. They mean, as a rule, that they are made from different squeezes of the same grape. The first squeeze of course makes the best and dearest wine. When you buy this grade you will always find on the label the words 'Premier Cru,' first squeeze."

Tricks of the Types.

A laughable error occurred in one of the large publishing houses a number of years ago. A poet had sent in a manuscript in which was the line, "See the pale martyr in a sheet of fire." The reputation of the writer was nearly ruined when the work came out with the line, "See the pale martyr with his shirt on fire."

When a favorite speaker rose and was greeted with thunderous applause his party paper came out and said, "The vast concourse rent the air with their snouts."

More Exciting.

Tout—Has Jones quit the race track because of reform, or what? Jockey—Reform nothing! He wanted something more uncertain to bet his money on. Tout—But what could he find more uncertain than a horse race? Jockey—He's taken to betting whether or not the weather man will correctly predict the day's condition.—Florida Times-Union.

Not Cheap.

Aged Husband—You are going to ruin me with your extravagance. You don't need that cape any more than a cat needs two tails. How often have I told you never to buy anything because it is cheap? Young Wife (with an air of one who has got the better of the argument)—But it was not cheap. It cost 10 guineas.—London Fun.

In a New Light.

Fair Visitor—So you have really decided not to sell your house? Fair Hostess—Yes. You see, we placed the matter in the hands of a real estate agent. After reading his lovely advertisement of our property neither John nor myself could think of parting with such a wonderful and perfect home.

Her Way.

"What's the reason you never put things in their places?" asked the irate and methodical husband. "Why, because," replied his easy going wife, "I want them where I can find them."

My body's old, but that's not my fault. I am not to blame for an old body, but I would be to blame for an old soul.—Deland.

A GEM OF A LIBRARY

ITS WONDERFUL SCHEME IN COLOR TONE AND CLASSICS.

The Delightful Harmony of the Surroundings Was Only Excelled by the Ingenuity of the Twelve Volume Edition of Ennius.

A St. Louis professor who makes a specialty of the classic languages and is particularly fond of the Latin literature was treated not long since to a surprise he is not likely soon to forget.

An old friend who for many years resided in a distant state not long ago moved to this city and sent to the professor notice of his arrival. The twain met downtown by appointment, and the new arrival invited the professor to call at his home "as soon as we get things fixed up." After a decent interval allowed for the fixing up the professor called, and as the gentleman of the house was momentarily engaged the man of much Latin was ushered into his friend's library, where he sat delighted with the elegant appearance of the superb carved oak bookcases and the long rows of gilt and Russia. His chair was close to one of the cases, and, glancing round, he noted with keen satisfaction the names of Greek authors who had been his lifelong library companions. He also noted that each half of each case to the middle of the door contained exactly twelve volumes and *that each author's* works constituted a set of the same number. Homer, twelve volumes; Sophocles, twelve; so also with Aeschylus, Euripides, Herodotus, Thucydides and even Theocritus, each had its appointed number.

"This is peculiar," said the professor to himself, for he knew that some of these authors wrote little and others much. "Extensive commentaries perhaps," was his reflexion, and, rising, he stepped to the next case, and on the top shelf here was Ennius in twelve volumes, heading a long line of most respectable Roman historians and poets. "What's this?" The professor gave a start, for, although he knew perfectly well that Ennius was the first in time of the Latin poets, he knew also that there were only about a couple of dozen lines of him left and that these had been preserved as quotations in the works of later writers.

"Ennius in twelve volumes! I never heard of such a thing. What in the world can it be?"

He glanced involuntarily at the lock. But there was no key. And while his marvel greater grew the door opened and in came his friend.

Half an hour later, after old times had been discussed and former friends recalled, the professor, who grew more and more curious to find out how any commentator could expand twenty or thirty lines of an old time poet into twelve large volumes, brought up the subject.

"By the way, I notice you have an Ennius here in twelve volumes. Now, remembering that only twenty or thirty lines of his poems are known to exist, I have a great curiosity to know what this can be. Is it a commentary, history or, if not, what is it?"

His friend smiled. "Oh, that's a little idea of my wife. You see, she has a taste for Latin and Greek stuff like that, and when we went to buy books for our library she determined to have a Greek case and a Latin case, but when we looked at the Greek and Latin books she found they were of all sizes, some too big to go in the shelves and some so little that they looked like babies alongside the others, so she would not take 'em.

"But having her heart set on filling up the Greek and Latin cases, she kept worrying about them until finally she hit on a great idea. The ladies always do, you know, if you give 'em time enough.

"She took her idea to the binder and told him the exact length of the shelves and their height. The binder grinned a little to himself as she explained, but he was not the man to lose a job, so he took a lot of thick pine boards, trimmed one side so that it bulged regularly like the backs of books, and she went to a library somewhere and got a list of names for him to put on the backs, and he came and tacked in the boards, and so she filled up her Greek and Latin cases in sets of twelve volumes each, twenty-four volumes on every board, and was perfectly satisfied. I don't know what she did with the keys. Ah, here she is now! Allow me to introduce my friend, Professor Blank. I was just telling him, my dear, of your little idea of the Greek and Latin cases."

"Oh, I hope, professor, you admire the sets!" said the lady. "Aren't they lovely?"

"Perfectly lovely, madam!" echoed the professor.

"And don't you think it's a good idea?" rejoined the lady. "You see nobody ever reads those old books anyhow, but the uniform sets look pretty, and the red contrasts well with the carpet."

"Beautifully," murmured the professor, and the subject was dropped, but he is still wondering how much lower classical learning will sink after that twelve volume edition of Ennius.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Gave Immediate Thanks.

"The first thing Columbus did on landing in America was to kneel and express his gratitude."

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne; "I suppose he was thankful to get here under circumstances that did not bring him into contact with the customs officers."—Washington Star.

INTESTINAL INDIGESTION.

Its Symptoms and the Way It Should Be Treated.

It was formerly thought that the stomach was the main organ of digestion, and dyspepsia was supposed always to have its seat there. But this question has been much studied of late, with the result that the stomach has been found to be of little account comparatively in the preparation of the food for absorption. The most important part of digestion occurs in the upper part of the intestine, where the food, after leaving the stomach, is churned and mixed thoroughly with the bile and pancreatic secretion.

Since, then, the intestine takes such an important part in digestion, it is natural to suppose that a failure to perform this function properly would give rise to serious disturbances of health, and such, in fact, is the case.

Intestinal indigestion is a not uncommon affection at all periods of life and is especially prevalent in children. The chief symptoms are flatulence, or wind, more or less colic, diarrhea, or more often constipation, or an alternation of the two and practical starvation, as shown in weakness and emaciation.

The treatment is mainly through diet, but this will vary, of course, according to age. In an infant the problem is a difficult one. If the child is fed artificially all prepared foods containing starch should be taken away, and cows' milk, modified as to the amount of fat, sugar or casein it contains, according to the physician's directions, *should be substituted.*

If the infant is nursing the life of the mother should be studied, for the state of her health may affect the milk injuriously.

In older children and adults the amount of fats and of starchy foods must be carefully regulated. Cereals, pastry, rice, potatoes and bread must be cut out of the dietary for a time or taken in very small quantity. When eaten at all they should be most thoroughly, even excessively, chewed, for in this way they may be in great measure digested by the saliva before reaching the intestine.

The diet should consist mainly of milk, white of eggs and the most digestible meats and fish. The diarrhea or constipation should be regulated, and sometimes the administration of intestinal antiseptics is beneficial. Regular exercise in the open air is of great value in the treatment. The cold bath or shower bath is often of service when it is followed by a healthy reaction.—Youth's Companion.

A Picture In Wood.

There are various glimpses of Whistler in the reminiscences of the late Sir Wyke Bayliss, whilom president of the Society of British Artists. Here is an incident of "hanging day" while Whistler occupied the presidency:

A carpenter held in his hand a piece of wood, with which he was about to steady a heavy frame. It was a batten of yellow deal, with a large knot of lovely color, pitch brown and gold, running the whole length of the board. Seizing the board, I made the carpenter saw out of it a fragment to fit a frame which stood on the mantelpiece. At a little distance the thing assumed the appearance of a golden sunset seen across an open country, with a little hill or clump of trees against the luminous sky. The gradation of color was beautiful beyond description. At that moment the president entered. We pointed across the gallery to the new "harmony in gold and brown" and congratulated him on its loveliness. Mr. Whistler, hastily putting his eyeglass to his eye, exclaimed: "Eh, eh! What's that? Who lent that?" He was as much delighted as we were.

Premature Burial.

Statistics have been prepared to show that in Europe out of every 100 supposed deaths one person is resuscitated. Although members of the medical profession refuse to take any interest in the matter, it is probably true, says Suggestion, that many persons are buried while in a state of suspended animation. It is stated that in the cemetery just outside the town of Weimar there is special provision made against the danger of premature burial from suspended animation. No bodies are placed in the ground until they have spent a considerable time in a receiving vault. In the fingers of the corpse are placed strings which communicate with an alarm. The least movement will ring a bell in an adjoining chamber, where a guardian is always on the watch. In several instances by this timely alarm persons prematurely buried have been rescued. It is said that the provision arose from the tradition that one of the princes of Saxe Weimar, this being their family burial place, was buried alive.

Oriental English.

Recently a [illegible] lawyer offered a delicious example in his defense of a woman client. She was accused of an assault, but he endeavored to show that she herself had been assaulted and had suffered damage of the most conspicuous feature of her countenance.

"My learned friend with mere wind from a teapot thinks to browbeat me from my legs," he asserted. He had probably [illegible] "tempest in a teapot" [illegible]. "I only seek," he continued, [illegible] "to place my bone of contention [illegible] in your honor's eye. My learned friend vainly runs amuck upon the [illegible] of my case. My [illegible] been deprived of a nose of leather [illegible] leather skin, the leather [illegible]. Until the witness explains what is name of my client's nose leather he cannot be believed. He cannot be allowed to raise a castle in the [illegible]."

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

COLD IN THE YUKON.

Some of the Effects Experienced by Dwellers In Dawson City.

An old time Yukon miner tells some remarkable stories of happenings at Dawson City when the thermometer drops many degrees below zero. He says:

"Strange manifestations appear as a result of the extreme cold. One is the way a fire burns in the stove. It roars and crackles like a great forge, and wood in the stove seems to dissolve in the flames like a chunk of ice. The wood is gone, and we wonder where the heat went. At 60 degrees below every stovepipe throws out a great white cloud of smoke and vapor resembling that from a steamboat stack in its whiteness, and this cloud streams away for fifty to a hundred feet, mingling with the other white-gray mist or haze that remains permanent in the atmosphere of the town like a dense fog whenever it is 30 or more degrees below zero. The white-gray fog is not a fog as you know it, but a frozen mist, and every man, woman, child, animal and even the fire that burns is throwing out moisture into the air which is immediately turned into a cloud of frozen vapor which floats away and remains visibly suspended in the air.

"Exposed hands, ears and noses freeze in this temperature while going a few yards unless they are well protected. The breath roars like a mild jet of steam, while a dipper of boiling water thrown out into the air emits a peculiar whistling hiss as it drops through the frosty air.

"Prospectors in attempting to boil a dish of rice or beans upon a campfire unprotected from the weather find that the side of the dish which is in the fire will boil, while the part of the dish exposed to the weather will freeze. Edged tools subjected to this temperature become as hard and as brittle as glass and will break as readily under strain. I have seen a safety valve blowing off steam, with the temperature 60 below zero, with icicles hanging to the valve, having formed from condensation, the icicles not melting with the outrushing steam, but remaining there for days. All vegetables, apples, fruit, eggs, etc., can be allowed to freeze until they become like bullets. To make ready for use place them in cold water for half a day before using, and the frost will slowly withdraw without injury to the article. To attempt to thaw them out by a more rapid process, with fire or hot water, spoils them for use.

"It is possible to thaw out a frozen foot, ear or hand by immersing the member in coal oil for several hours. This is an absolutely safe remedy, and a person thus escapes the surgeon's knife, as no bad results follow. This is not mere hearsay, for a man from our camp was found several years ago, after he had been out all night, with the thermometer 50 degrees below zero, and both his hands were frozen to the wrists. He was taken into camp and his hands were soaked in coal oil for five hours, and all the frost came out of his hands without his even losing a finger tip. The doctors were amazed, as they thought amputation would have to be resorted to. His hands were as white and as hard as marble, and when placed in the oil they snapped and crackled as the oil began to act upon the ice crystals. The temperature of the oil should be about the same temperature as that of the living room.

"Great caution must be exercised in the extremely cold weather not to freeze the lungs, which one will quickly do if he hustles about at the ordinary pace. Quick and fatal pneumonia can be contracted in a few moments. One has to be careful about touching things with unprotected hands. It is dangerous to take hold of a [illegible] when it is 60 degrees below [illegible] unless you are careful to release your hand instantly, for if you do not it will freeze your finger [illegible] in five seconds, be very painful thereafter, and the result be the same as from touching a redhot stove. Canned goods undergo frightful contraction in extreme cold and suck in air, and in summer, with a temperature of 100 degrees, the reverse condition occurs, causing leakage and loss."—Winnipeg Cor. New York Tribune.

How a Great Canvas Was Moved.

The moving of a painting from a pavilion of the city of Paris in the Champs Elysees to the Auteuil gallery offered a very difficult problem to the Paris city authorities. The painting, by M. Roll, representing the celebration of July 14, is thirty-two feet long by twenty-three feet high and with the massive frame weighs over 2,200 pounds. It was impossible to move the *painting in the ordinary way, by taking* the canvas off the frame and rolling it, for the painting, being varnished, would probably have cracked in several places. It was therefore decided to move the canvas and frame as a whole. After much deliberation a special chariot was constructed over two of the floats which were used in the Mardi Gras procession. The city engineer, with eight laborers, proceeded to the pavilion, and the painting was carried by eight men, eight others bracing the upper part of the picture to keep it in an upright position until it was deposited in the chariot. It was finally got out without accident and slid upon greased planks upon the chariot. Arrived at the Gallerie d'Auteuil, the picture was similarly carried to its new quarters. The painting is one of the largest in existence and was painted by order of the French government in 1880 to perpetuate the memory of the first national holiday of the third republic.

DIAMONDS THAT ARE LOST.

Many Valuable Stones Disappear, Never to Be Recovered.

At what figure can we estimate the diamonds that get lost? One can only reply approximately. Although it may seem enormous, it appears that one can place at 15 per cent the diamonds that no longer belong to anybody. First of all, says Le Diamant, what do we mean by lost diamonds? When a stone goes astray it generally occurs that if the owner does not find it again it has fallen into other hands. It is not lost to commerce. It is not thus, however, when a diamond, badly set, for example, falls to the ground. At least unless it be of size sufficiently important to attract attention one must see there is little chance of its being saved.

In the city it goes directly into the gutter and thence to the sewer. In the country, on the main road, it becomes covered up by the pebbles and earth that are stirred up by vehicles and pedestrians. One can feel sure in this case the gems are lost to the world and will never return to usefulness.

But, one will say, we are still far from the 15 per cent given as the actual loss of diamonds. There are, after all, not such a great number that get lost and are never found again. That is true, but it is necessary to take into account numerous other sources of loss, such as those occurring in fires, shipwrecks, etc. Again, there are persons who express in their wills the formal desire to be decorated with their jewels when dead. This is customary in some countries.

All these causes explain easily how nearly a sixth of the diamonds can completely disappear.

In this reckoning are not computed the losses arising from recutting. The splintered fragments and pieces are serviceable still in some way or other. We do not admit bort, black diamonds and diamonds used in the industries, but refer only to gem qualities.

One might mention the 25 per cent indicated by the loss on rose cut stones. Of all stones these roses show the greatest loss.—Boston Herald.

The Last Straw.

A certain small boy much given to punctuating his remarks with the interrogation point rather exceeded himself the other day. All morning and all afternoon did he keep up a steady fire of questions. If it wasn't "Why does the wind blow?" it was "What makes the leaves green?" or "How many drops of water are there in the ocean?" At last his poor, long suffering mother could stand it no longer, and shortly before dinner she hustled him off to bed and told him to stay there until he could break himself of the foolish troublesome habit of asking questions. But the child safe in bed and the house quiet, the mother began to repent. How cross she had been, how impatient and how unwise and unmotherly it was to thus check the aspirations of the childish mind for useful knowledge! Here was this young, growing intellect, eager to reach out and grasp whatever was of interest and value, and here was she, to whose charge that young intellect had been committed, shirking her duty. At this stage in her reflections the mother rose and, repairing to her son's bedside, told him that he wasn't such a dreadful boy, after all, and that if he had any more questions to ask she would do her best to answer them. "All right," replied the little boy. "Mamma, how far can a cat spit?"

The Burmese Maidens' Prayer.

Behold the Burmese maidens among the pagodas. Watch them as they glide up the marble stairs to the great golden pagoda. Their little bare feet flutter in sandals of green and amber. Can you imagine these sunny, smiling nymphs going to the temple to pray that in the next transmigration they may be mere men? Yet such is the perversity of feminine nature. For this they pray as fervently as they love. Follow them up the marble steps, past the grinning monsters of stone that guard the approach, past rows of stalls where they pause to buy offerings of roses, tapers of beeswax and bundles of aromatic wood; up and up the marble steps to the broad white platform of shrines where cross legged Buddhas—great and small, marble and gilt and bronze—look unmoved on these divinities of the earth kneeling at their feet with uplifted hands. Crowned with triple miter, a constellation of gold and flashing gems, hung about with golden bells that tinkle and twinkle in the sunlight, springs from the white plain the great golden pagoda, Shwe Dagon, the soul of a people.—Chicago Tribune.

Three Centuries on a Throne.

There has been only one monarch who for 350 years sat on his throne, crown upon his head, scepter in his hand and dressed in the royal robes, keeping solemn dominion over the dead. Charlemagne, the great Frankish ruler, during his life built for himself at Aix-la Chapelle, in Prussia, a chapel and beneath the chapel a tomb. When the monarch died in 814 his body was placed, fully dressed, with scepter and crown, in a sitting position upon a marble throne in this tomb. Nearly 200 years afterward the Emperor Otto III. had the vault opened, and it is said that the body of the great emperor was found in a state of wonderful preservation, still seated upon his throne, with his sword by his side and the gospels open in his lap. Again in 1165 the Emperor Barbarossa (Frederick I.) had the vault opened, and in 1215 Frederick II. took the remains from the silent chamber over which for so many years they had kept guard and had them put into a casket of gold and silver, in which they are still kept.

BEES IN WARFARE.

Two Instances In Which the Insects Were Used as Weapons.

History records two instances in which bees have been used in warfare as weapons against besieging forces. The first is related by Appian of the siege of Themiscyra, in Pontus, by Lucullus in his war against Mithridates. Turrets were brought up, mounds were built, and huge mines were made by the Romans. The people of Themiscyra dug open these mines from above and through the holes cast down upon the workmen bears and other wild animals and hives or swarms of bees.

The second instance is recorded in an Irish manuscript in the Bibliotheque Royale at Brussels and tells how the Danes and Norwegians attacked Chester, which was defended by the Saxons and some Gallic auxiliaries. The Danes were worsted by a stratagem, but the Norwegians, sheltered by hurdles, tried to pierce the walls of the town when "what the Saxons and the Gaeidhil who were among them did was to throw down large rocks, by which they broke down the hurdles over their heads." What the others did to check this was to place large posts under the hurdles.

What the Saxons did next was to put all the beer and water of the town into the caldrons of the town and boil them and spill them down upon those who were under the hurdles, so that their skins were peeled off. The remedy which the Lochlans applied to this was to place hides outside on the hurdles. What the Saxons did next was to throw down all the beehives in the town upon the besiegers, which prevented them from moving their hands or legs from the number of bees which stung them. They afterward desisted and left the city.

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Office over First National Bank

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Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1907 NUMBER 7

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.
Historical Society

NO MORE CESS POOLS

Builders of This City Will Have to Do Away With Them Hereafter.

Law Prohibiting Them Went Into Effect Just Recently.

Those who are figuring on building residences in this city during the coming summer must bear this fact in mind: they cannot dig cesspools whether they are on a street having the sewer mains or not. This law went into effect on January 1. The bill was passed at the last session and has probably been forgotten but it is stated that several people are planning on digging cesspools this coming summer. One of the local physicians stated that the law is one of the best from a sanitary point of view which has ever been passed. Before the sewerage system was put in this city cesspools were scattered all over town. It is his opinion that these cesspools have done more towards polluting the water of this city than any other one thing. The law of course will affect seriously those who do not happen to have property where the sewer mains run. It will probably be up to the city then to extend the mains or the builder will have to do without the convenience. The health officer of municipalities is instructed to keep a look out and report all who attempt to dig the pools.

"ANOTHER FIRE."

Red Lake Falls Visited by One Last Wednesday Evening.

The store building occupied by J. R. & R. Fortier in Red Lake Falls was burned last Wednesday evening, being one of the first fires Red Lake Falls has had for some little time. The origin of the fire was a mystery and concerning it the Red Lake Falls Gazette says:

> The origin of the fire is a complete mystery. Mr. Fortier had closed his store yesterday for a few days to mark down his goods preparatory to inaugurating a closing out sale. During the day yesterday his store had given trouble, and it is thought that after closing up last evening the store must have again blown up and set fire to the contents.

The loss to the stock of good carried by Mr. Fortier is said to be $3,000. It is not stated how much insurance he carried.

Notice.

The accounts of Speis Bros., bankrupts, will be sold at the Peoples State Bank on February 14.

T. P. Hamre, Trustee

THE LAW IS NEEDED

Bill Provides That the Public Examiner Look After Matters.

Townships, Villages, Cities and School Districts to be Under His Supervision.

The bill introduced by Representative Case of Cloquet, providing that the public examiner shall be authorized to look into the books and accounts of townships, school districts and villages, seeks to reach much the same end as the bill prepared by the St. Louis county delegation, though the latter applies only to St. Louis county while Mr. Case's bill applies to all the counties.

There is little question of the need of such provisions. As it stands at present, there is absolutely no check upon the expenditures of any township, school district or village in Minnesota, and there are many cities of which the same thing is true. That no more corruption exists than has been disclosed is a splendid commentary upon the people and the officers they select.

Mr. Case said that he had interviewed the public examiner on his bill, and found that it has his approval. He also found that the public examiner, the attorney general and other state officers are constantly in receipt of letters showing the need of some check on the financial affairs of the subdivisions of the state, but as there is absolutely no provision of law for investigation nothing could be done. The state's expenditures are checked, the counties are checked, the larger cities are checked, but the smaller communities and school districts, that spend more money than the counties and cities combined, are under no check whatever.

The Case bill provides that the public examiner's office shall examine the books and accounts of each subdivision once a year, the expense to be borne by the county, and the examiner to receive $5 per day and expenses. His reports are to be filed with the county auditor, and the county attorney must look them over, and if he finds that anything is wrong he must prosecute. The Public examiner has figured that this would necessitate about seventeen additional examiners in his office.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Subscribe for the News.

HURRAH FOR HALVOR

Our Congressman Steenerson Leads Fight Against the Railroads.

Believes That Their Pay For Hauling Mail Should Be Cut.

Representative Steenerson of Minnesota and a few other bold men on the house committee on postoffices and postroads, are responsible for one of the biggest fights to occur on the floor of the house in recent years. The fight has not come off yet, but it is anticipated with confidence when the postoffice appropriation bill comes up for consideration. The committee recently reported the annual appropriation bill, and in it they lopped off about $9,500,000 from the amount to be paid per annum to the railroads for carrying the mails. It is on this that the fight is expected. It raged in the committee while being drawn, and there is no reason to expect a cessation of hostilities when the measure is considered in the house.

While the bill was being drawn little was heard of what was going on in the committee room, but now that the bill is reported it is leaking out that for the first time in years the postoffice committee has been having a real "go" to a finish. In spite of the abolition of railroad passes the railroads have their friends in the house and they have some on the postoffice committee, as well. And in this case they were there to stay. They fought each of the four steps taken by the committee to reduce the railroad mail pay, and they fought so hard and effectively that at the very last they needed but one vote to reconsider and table the railroad reductions.

Three men in the committee were particularly energetic in combatting the cut in the railroad pay. They were Sibley of Pennsylvania, Hedge of Iowa and Snapp of Illinois. These three at one time promised to support the bill if certain concessions were made to the railroads on one of the points at issue, and this was agreed to. But a little later Victor Nurdock of Kansas, a redheaded member who makes a specialty of thinking, showed the committee another place where the railroad wings might be clipped a little and as the committee adopted his idea the three gentlemen mentioned gave notice that the truce was at an end and that they proposed to carry the fight to the floor of the house.

The fight is now at this stage. The men on the committee who want to reduce the railroad pay are asking the speaker for a special rule under which to shove the bill thru. If they get the rule it will have to be from the committee on rules, the republican members of which are the speaker, Dalzell of Pennsylvania and Grosvenor of Ohio. With the rule the measure will pass the house in spite of all the opposition the railroads can put up, altho in that case the railroad men on the postoffice committee will bring in a minority report and make as good a battle of it as they can.

But if the committee on rules proves to be favorable to the railroads and does not permit such a rule to be promulgated then the bill will have to take its chances in the house and the likelihood is that the portion doing things which the railroads do not like will be stricken out. This will not be accomplished by a vote of the house, as the railroad men know full well that if they ever get where the house votes on the proposition, it will go thru like grease. But without a special rule a point of order would probably lie against the reduction of railroad pay on the ground that it would be new legislation, and therefore cannot be carried in an appropriation bill, a point which the railroad members would raise as quick as a wink. The majority of the postoffice committee are now therefore working to get the special rule and the railroad members are working to defeat them.

But whether a special rule is secured or not the debate in the house will undoubtedly be as acrimonious as the most bloodthirsty could desire. If a point of order is raised against the cut in railway mail pay the majority of the committee will hold that the reduction is not new legislation and in the forensic contest over this point the real situation will at least be spread before the country and the friends of the railroads unmasked. That much will be accomplished in any event.

A Preacher had a three hour sermon upon the "Major and Minor Prophets." He talked for an hour and a half upon major profits. The congregation grew restless. He talked another hour and a half upon the minor prophets. The congregation grew more restless. Finally he said "And what place shall we give Malachi?" An old sinner in the back seat rose wearily and said: Malachi can have my place—I'm going home.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

AVOID ALUM

AN UNSEEN DANGER IN FOOD

TO GUARD SHIPS against the unseen dangers at sea, the United States Government maintains lighthouses.

To guard your home against the unseen dangers of food products, the Government has enacted a pure food law. The law compels the manufacturers of baking powder to print the ingredients on the label of each can.

The Government has made the *label your protection*—so that you can avoid alum—read it carefully, if it does not say pure cream of tartar hand it back and

Say plainly—
ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is a pure, cream of tartar baking powder—a pure product of grapes—aids the digestion—adds to the healthfulness of food.

DAIRY MEETING.

One to Be Held in St. Hilaire on February 22nd.

Under the auspices of the Farmers Club, a dairy meeting will be held in St. Hilaire on Friday, Feb. 22. Prominent and practical speakers will open at 10 o'clock in the morning and free dinner tickets will be given out to all present. A great deal of interest is being manifested in the meeting and it is the intention to make it the most successful one ever held in Red Lake county and is held for the purpose of celebrating the fifth anniversary of the organization of the St. Hilaire creamery.

BEMIDJI'S STAND.

Wants to Leave Location of Normal School to Committee.

The following resolutions have been adopted by the Bemidji Commercial club:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives, St. Paul, Minn.

At a meeting of the Commercial club of the city of Bemidji, held on the 5th day of February, 1907, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, The need of a sixth normal school in this state is generally conceded, and:

Whereas, The greatest good to the greatest number will be best subserved by locating said school at some point in northern Minnesota, and:

Whereas, Bills have been introduced providing for its location at Cass Lake, Bemidji and Thief River Falls; and the claims of each have been presented more or less fully to your honorable bodies; now, therefore, be it:

Resolved, That the Senate and House of Representatives be, and they are hereby respectfully invited to send a committee of their members, or such other committee as may to them seem best, to personally inspect the proposed locations, and the sum of five hundred ($500.00) dollars is hereby pledged to defray the expenses of such committee in making such personal inspection, and be it further:

Resolved, That the Bemidji Commercial club, and the citizens of Bemidji and Beltrami county, generally, will cheerfully acquiesce in the findings and decision of such committee.

Care For Your Horses.

We always like to see a farmer or horseman drive up to the hitching post these wintry days, says an exchange, jump out of his rig unfold a big warm blanket and carefully cover his faithful horse. There is a big heart in that man. He'll do to tie to. He is thinking of something else besides himself and he takes as much pleasure in caring for the comfort of his horse as for himself. On the other hand it makes us sad to see a great big man, warmly clad from head to foot, drive a sweating horse up to the rack, hastily tie him fast, leave him shivering and make for the nearest hot stove. There is something wrong about this fellow. He may be a nice man, belong to the church, may not smoke, swear nor have any bad habits, but we wouldn't want to be his horse. No, sir!

RURAL CARRIERS.

Will Have Their Pay Increased Some $120 a Year.

The rural mail carriers, of whom there are quite a number in this county, are to receive an increase of $120 per annum on their salaries in the near future. This increase will be highly gratifying to the carriers and their friends, and is brought about in very large measure by the efforts of Congressman Halvor Steenerson, of this district, who, as a member of the committee having the matter in charge, has worked unceasingly in their behalf.

The rural carriers are certainly entitled to the increase now proposed. Their duties involve no little responsibility and they must be out in all weather. They must carry the mail in summer's heat or winter's cold, in rain and mud—in fact if it is physically possible to cover their routes they are expected to cover them, and their routes are of such length that a drive over them occupies a full day. They must keep at least three horses, and must have a substitute in readiness to take their places in case of illness. All things considered, an increase sufficient to bring their salaries to the very moderate figure of $840 per annum cannot be regarded otherwise than as just and desirable.

In a letter to a friend Congressman Steenerson says:

"Many propositions have been made to increase the compensation of rural carriers in various amounts. I have had frequent consultations with the members of the Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads, as well as with other leading members of the House on the subject and came to the conclusion that an increase to $840 a year, or $10 a month, is as much as we can expect this year. You will understand that there is great pressure for increase in salaries all along the line.

The railway mail clerks, the postoffice department clerks and in fact all the employees under the Civil Service are, with more or less justice on their side, clamoring for increased pay and all classes have their friends. The city carriers are especially strong in Congress because the representatives from the large cities are very aggressive in their demands for increased pay for the city carriers.

A very large increase all around would be more than the Treasury could stand. If the Postoffice Committee should have singled out the rural carriers alone for increase they would have incurred the opposition of a majority of the House, so in order to frame a bill that would go through and have a majority at its back we have made concessions and have succeeded in having an item put into the appropriation bill to increase the salary to $840 a year for rural carriers in the Northwest where the weather is severe and the snow is deep, have the hardest task and I have had this in mind continuously in my efforts in this matter. Perhaps in the near future we may be able to do still better. I wish them to understand that I have not forgotten their interests but have done the best that could be done under the circumstances and I have given the matter a great deal of attention being a member of the Committee that has had to deal with this matter."

Thanks, Mr. Herald.

Both Thief River Falls and Bemidji have got into the game for the securing of the proposed new Normal school which it is desired to have established by the present legislature. Senator A. L. Hanson, of this place, last week introduced, by request, bills favoring both the above places. If Ada cannot have the new Normal here's our best wishes for Thief River.—Norman County Herald.

FOR DYING, CLEANING AND FUR REPAIRING SEE
B. DAN BJORKMAN.
CORNER SOUTH OF CITY HALL.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. Joseph Lang has been confined to her home by sickness this week.

Twins—both boys—were born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Halda on Monday.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 7:30 in the evening.

The local lodge of Eagles will celebrate Washington's birthday by giving a grand ball.

A number of the lady friends of Mrs. C. A. Robbecke surprised her Monday evening.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

J. L. Spillane, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis Tuesday to attend to business matters for a few days.

Prof. J. H. Hay returned to this city Tuesday morning from St. Paul where he had been on business.

Ed. Gilbert left Monday for the Pacific coast to look over the country with a view of locating out there.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 21, town of Norden.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs. Archibald and son left Tuesday evening for Breckenridge to join Dr. Archibald and make their future home.

The dance and oyster supper given by the M. B. A. lodge Monday evening was a very successful and well attended affair.

There will be Lenten services in the German Lutheran church every Wednesday evening at 7:45 from now until Easter Sunday.

D. P. O'Neill returned to this city Sunday morning from a trip to St. Paul where he had been attending to some business matters.

Henry Diebel, manager of the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory, was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Olaf Ramstad left Monday for the central part of the state. He expects to bring back a car load of horses to sell to the farmers of this vicinity.

The warm weather the fore part of the week has resulted in settling down the snow considerable, although it is no easy matter to travel about in the country at present.

H. W. Lee expects to leave about the first of March for the Pacific coast to look up a new location. Mr. Lee was out there a year ago but found nothing that suited him, but is going to try again.

Mrs. Oscar Carlson died early Sunday morning of consumption after a long sickness. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon and the remains were buried in the Greenwood cemetary.

President C. L. Hanson, of the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire and Daniel Patterson, the pioneer liveryman, drove up from St. Hilaire Monday. Mr. Patterson says that he believes there is much more snow upon the ground now than in the spring of 1897.

Dr. Smith was up from Crookston last Saturday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

45,000 pounds of flour sold at Bothun' in five days.

T. P. Hamre was up to Greenbush last Friday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Steve Waring last Friday.

Frank Lawrence was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

Miss Mabel Evenson was down to St. Hilaire last week to visit friends.

Register of Deeds E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

C. M. Evenson was up to Greenbush last week attending to some business matters.

Knut Jorstad and wife left Monday for Grand Forks to visit friends for a few daws.

—For Sale—An Empire cream separator, nearly as good as new cheap. M. C. Burns.

Miss Alice Christienson left last Friday for Fertile to visit friends for a few days.

Joseph Jerome and his daughter, Miss Elsie, are down from Battle River visiting friends.

H. N. Hager was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

H. P. Hanson, of Tomahawk, Wis., is in the city visiting his daughter, Mrs. John Woodcock.

Attorney George K. Fargo, was up from Ogema to spend Sunday with friends in the city.

Attorney W. A. Tautges was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls last week to show the people of that place that he was still alive.

Louis Hanson spent a few days last week up on the Greenbush line selling the product of the local flour mill.

Charles H. Woodcock, of Rinelander, Wis., was in the city to attend the funeral of his brother, John Woodcock.

Mrs. Kirk was operated upon at the hospital for appendicitis the first of the week. She is now getting along nicely.

Pat Sullivan, of Highlanding, was in the city Monday being enroute to Crystal, N. D., to visit a brother who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Dennis Connelly, who had been visiting old friends in the state of New York for the past several weeks, returned to this city last Friday.

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant. Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

Hans Peter, the two and a half year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Sand, died last Saturday of typhoid fever. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Jorgan Erickson were held Saturday afternoon. The six oldest sons acted as pall bearers, this having been the last request of the deceased.

Jens P. Jensen was awarded the contract for hauling the mail from Thief River Falls to Germantown last week for another period of four years. It is rumored that Mr. Jensen is thinking seriously of purchasing an automobile to put upon this run, and believes that it would be cheaper than using a team.

The Soo has again established train service on the Wheatline to points a few stations west of Adams. By next Monday trains will be running as far as Overly and it is expected that within a week the line will be opened to Kenmare. The new snow plow is doing good work, but is running up against some big snow drifts.

Last call—See Bothun's ad.

Flour 40 cents below retail price. See Bothun's ad.

Miss Sarah Vaughan, of Germantown, is visiting friends in the city.

T. V. Hoffman was in from Erie yesterday and and made the News office a pleasant call.

R. N. Johnson, of Kratka, was in the city yesterday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Andrew Stenseth, the enterprising real estate dealer, spend yesterday up on the Greenbush line.

D. N. Winton returned to this city yesterday from a trip to the lumber camps of the Thief River Falls Lumber company in the Red Lake county.

Two new teachers are expected to arrive here Saturday. Miss Lilly Danielson, a normal graduate, will take the primary school in the Knox building, and Miss Estella Slaven, a graduate of the state university, will take charge of the normal department in the high school.

We desire to thank all those who so kindly gave their assistance during the illness and death of our beloved husband, father and brother.

Mrs. J. N. Woodcock.
Irene Grace Woodcock.
Mr. Chas. H. Woodcock.
Mr. H. P. Hansen.

P. O. Sorlom has been appointed agent for the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company in the town of Silverton and is now prepared to write insurance with that company. This is a local company that has done a large and successful business in this county in the past and furnishes fire insurance at a much cheaper rate than any of the old line companies.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Charles Alexander, who has charge of the scaling of logs for the Thief River Falls Lumber company up in the Red Lake country, was in the city to spend a few days with his family during the past week. Mr. Alexandria says that owing to the deep snow not any of the lumber companies will cut much more than 70 per cent of what they had been figuring upon cutting.

—Wanted; By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O. New York.

A woman was accused of having stolen an iron soap kettle and cracked it so that its usefulness was forever ended. Her defense was that she was innocent on three counts "Oi have witness here, yer honor," she said, "t' prove, first, Oi niver had th' kettle in my possession; sicond, that Oi returned it t' Mrs. Chasey widout a crack in it; and third th' auld kittle was cracked whin Oi took it."

Mrs. J. E. McDonagh received a telephone message from Gatzke Monday informing her that her mother, Mrs. Tale had died very suddenly. Only two weeks ago Mrs. Tale was in the city visiting her daughter and at that time was enjoying the best of health. She was about 47 years of age and had always enjoyed good health heretofore. Mr. and Mrs. McDonagh left Monday for Gatzke to attend the funeral.

There is not a sufficient amount of water in the Red Lake river to furnish power to run the electric light plant during the day at present and this is causing a great deal of inconvience to the patrons of the plant. From all appearences there is as much water in the river as usual and where it is going to is one of the questions that is being discussed quite frequently. One thing is certain and that is that when the snow melts off there will be plenty of water.

A lady who understands advertising says: "No lady wishes to be looked upon as a shopping fiend; she does not care to go into a store and have a merchant show all his stock in order to find out whether he keeps what she wishes to purchase and whether the article is sold at a price she can afford. It is much easier and pleasanter to look thru the advertisements of a paper than it is to bore the clerks and waste her own time. Next to the local news items, the advertisements in a paper stating articles for sale with prices, will keep much of the money that goes to the large cities at home."

There is considerable speculation as to whether or not the melting of the large amount of snow upon the ground at present will cause a flood this spring in certain sections of the Red River Valley. Ten years ago when there was a large amount of snow on the ground there was no flood except down along the Red River. This section of the valley is in good condition. The Red Lake river is quite low and the ground was quite dry last fall before freezing up and can soak up a large amount of water. There is but a very small amount of frost in the ground, and this will also help considerable.

Is your baby thin, weak, fretful?

Make him a *Scott's Emulsion* baby.

Scott's Emulsion is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites prepared so that it is easily digested by little folks.

Consequently the baby that is fed on *Scott's Emulsion* is a sturdy, rosy-cheeked little fellow full of health and vigor.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Unprecedented Sale

Of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

Commencing Friday, Feb. 15th.

We have just closed a trade for a $5,000.00 stock of Men's suits, overcoats, pants, hats and caps, shoes, some underwear, shirts, gloves, and a lot of other goods. We will sell for half and less than half of actual wholesale prices as we want the stock all sold by March 1st. Come and inspect these goods and see if you can find anything to suit you at these unheard of prices.

This sale will be held in the Bean Building on North Main avenue.

O. K. Hide, Fur & Trading Co.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	70c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 09
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

Animal Voices.

A cow will moo about an octave; a dog will bark a fourth or fifth of an octave; a horse's neigh is a descent on the chromatic scale, while the donkey will bray in octaves. No donkey has ever yet given evidence of proficiency in the study of voice production.

Success.

The Youth—Yes, I'm in business for myself, but I don't seem to be able to meet with any success. The Sage—Nobody ever meets with success, young man. He must overtake it.

A good way to teach a child to behave is to behave yourself.—Quincy Whig.

The Golfer.

Bertie (to caddie searching for [illegible] ball)—What are you looking there for? Why, I must have driven it fifty yards farther! Diplomatic Caddie—But sometimes they hit a stone, sir, and bounce back a ter[illegible] distance.

Willing to See.

Mrs. Enpeck—The philosophers tell us that [illegible] Mr. Henpeck (with a sudden show of [illegible])—Maria, when are you going to [illegible]

The Pets.

Little M[illegible] What a [illegible] Tommy [illegible]

The [illegible]—Clarke.

—Subscribe for the News.

FIRE YESTERDAY.

House Occupied by Hank Draper Burned Yesterday Noon.

For the first time in a number of months the fire department was called out yesterday at the noon hour by the burning of the house occupied by Hank Draper. The building is almost entirely burned, and is owned by C. F. Wisner, of Grand Forks. As to whether or not he had any insurance upon the building is not known, but if so, none of the local insurance agents have any knowledge of the fact.

Mr. Draper, who occupied the house, succeeded in getting out about all of the contents. He had no insurance.

The house was one of the first erected in Thief River Falls, having been built by that old pioneer, Frank Tilton, and the lumber was all hauled to this city from Grand Forks.

Devonshire Terrace.

Dickens was twenty-seven years old when, in 1839, he moved from Doughty street to Devonshire terrace. George du Maurier lived for some years in 1 Devonshire terrace. In this celebrated house Dickens wrote no fewer than ten of his books—"The Old Curiosity Shop," "Barnaby Rudge," "The Christmas Carol," "American Notes," "Martin Chuzzlewit," "The Haunted Man," "The Battle of Life," "Dombey and Son," "The Cricket on the Hearth" and "David Copperfield." Devonshire terrace was situated at the corner of the Marylebone road and used to be called the smallest terrace in London.

It Varied.

The late Judge Saunders of North Carolina was noted as an angler, but he had a poor memory as to the weight of the fish he had taken. On one occasion a friend trying to entrap him, said, "Say, Judge, what was the weight of that [illegible] you caught the other day?"

The Judge turned to the waiter and said: "[illegible] what did I say that catfish weighed?"

"What time yesterday, boss—in de mawnin', at dinner or after suppah?"

The Moon.

Astronomers long since came to the conclusion that the moon's surface is very hot during the height of the lunar day, which, as will be remembered, lasts two weeks, and very cold during the lunar night, which is equally long. These extremes of temperature reach their height at the lunar noon and midnight and are greater than any natural temperatures on the earth.

DIED VERY SUDDENLY

John N. Woodcock Died at an Early Hour Sunday Morning

Deceased Was Sick but a Short Time—Funeral Monday.

John N. Woodcock died early Sunday morning after a short sickness. About a week ago, while enjoying the best of health, he was taken suddenly ill with an attack of appendicitis. He was at once taken to the hospital where an operation was performed. After the operations complications set in which caused his death. For a few days before his death, little hope was entertained that he would live, but the fact that he possessed a very strong constitution caused friends to hope for the best until the final end came.

John Nelson Woodcock was born in Ontario, Canada, April 11, 1863. Died Feb. 10, 1907, aged 43 years, 9 months 29 days. His father James S. Woodcock was born in Kingston, Ontario, and his mother in Wicklow, Ireland. He was the 8th in a family of 10 children. In 1882 he went to Michigan and in 1888 to Wisconsin, June 17th 1893, he married Dagmar Hansen. To this union one child was born, Irene Grace, who with her mother and his 5 sisters and 4 brothers survives him.

Mr. Woodcock came with his family to Thief River Falls in 1901 during which time with the exception of a few months spent in Idaho has been a trusted employee of the Lumber Company.

His death came as a great surprise to his many friends as he was ill but a short time.

Mrs. Woodcock and Irene have the deepest sympathy of their many friends.

The funeral occurred from the Methodist Episcopal Church Monday at 2:30 Interment in Greenwood Cemetery.

Bijou Theatre

There will be an entire change of program at the Bijou Theatre this evening. The illustrated song to be sung by Mrs. W. A. Wright will be "Iola," a beautiful Indian song.

TWO END THEIR LIVES

UNEMPLOYED LABORERS COMMIT SUICIDE AT MINNEAPOLIS BY INHALING GAS.

John P. Quirk, Convicted of Mill City Murder, Given Fifteen Years in the Penitentiary—General M. D. Flower, Postmaster at St. Paul, Dies After Illness of Only Four Days—News of the State in General.

Minneapolis, Feb. 4.—Two men, George Kirkmyer and Sans Valentine, carried out a suicide pact in a local hotel by inhaling gas. Both men were laborers and had been out of work for some time. They both had said that they were badly in need of money. In the afternoon Valentine made several remarks that they had planned to commit the deed, but friends took the matter as a joke.

The bodies were found side by side in a bed in their room.

LONG TERM FOR QUIRK.

Minneapolis Man Given Fifteen Years in Prison.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—John P. Quirk, slayer of William A. Dowell, has been sentenced to imprisonment in the state prison for fifteen years.

Under the law fixing the punishment for manslaughter in the first degree a sentence of five to twenty years may be imposed and in his remarks to Quirk Judge Brown clearly indicated that only the jury's recommendation for clemency prevented his imposing the maximum sentence of twenty years.

F. L. Morrison, one of Quirk's attorneys, asked the court for a stay of execution of sentence for twenty days and it was allowed. In the meantime a notice of appeal will be filed and should a retrial be denied in the court below the case will be carried to the state supreme court.

E. S. Cary, attorney for Quirk, said, on hearing the verdict:

"We will appeal this case and fight it to the last ditch. The jury in that case never intended that Quirk should be confined in prison for fifteen years or anything near that length of time."

GENERAL FLOWER DEAD.

Postmaster at St. Paul Expires After Brief Illness.

St. Paul, Feb. 4.—General M. D. Flower, postmaster of St. Paul and president of the Union Stock Yards company, died at 7 o'clock p. m. after an illness of less than four days. General Flower was stricken with an acute stomach trouble last Thursday, and his condition soon became critical. This affected the heart action so much that for a day or two his heart action had been hardly perceptible. From the time he was first confined to bed he sank gradually.

The death of General Flower came as a great shock to his family and friends. He had been in apparently good health and had been going about his business up to last Wednesday. The news of his death spread quickly and caused genuine regret among his associates in the business, political and social world.

MAD DOG'S BITE KILLS MAN.

Becomes Violent and Dies Eight Months After Injury.

Brainerd, Minn., Feb. 2.—Gustave Brinkman of Sylvan, fifty years old, is dead at St. Joseph's hospital here of rabies. Brinkman was bitten by a dog about eight months ago. He was very violent before death, smashing furniture and trying to beat down the door of the room where he was confined.

Costly Fire at Princeton, Minn.

Princeton, Minn., Feb. 4.—Princeton suffered the second severe fire within less than forty-eight hours. The blaze broke out about 6 p. m. in the rear of Patterson's grocery store in the Townsend block, and before it could be got under control the entire block was in ruins, together with most of the stock of its tenants. The total loss is $60,000 or more, and the insurance is about $28,000. The cause of the fire is a mystery.

Minnesota Woman Lost.

Pierre, S. D., Feb. 2.—Parties coming in from the vicinity of Topbar, 100 miles northwest of here, announce the loss on the prairie in that section of a Mrs. La Gran, who had come to a homestead in that section with her husband from some point in Minnesota. She was visiting a neighbor and started for home in the evening. She became lost and probably perished in the storm. The body has not been found.

Boy Killed by an Elevator.

Minneapolis, Feb. 4.—Valdemar Mortensen, the sixteen-year-old son of Mrs. Johanna Mortensen, 2222 Sixteenth avenue south, was killed instantly in an elevator in the Journal building. Mortensen either became frightened and tried to jump out or fell and was caught between the elevator platform and the floor. Almost every bone in his body was crushed.

Kills His Mother.

Duluth, Feb. 4.—The news that David Aho, a young Finlander living near Tivoli, on the Boyer branch of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern road, shot and killed his mother has reached the sheriff's office in Duluth. It is reported that Mrs. Aho took her son to task for drinking too much.

TO MAKE ROBBERY EASY.

Minneapolis Apartment House Fired by Thieves.

Minneapolis, Jan. 31.—The police believe that the apartment house at 610-615 Eighth street was fired at 2 a. m. for the purpose of robbery. The fire was extinguished before damage of any consequence was done.

Several bundles of cotton were found blazing in the basement and a torch that had been used to ignite the cotton was found nearby.

Suspicion was aroused when F. W. Brooks, one of the tenants in the apartment, grappled with a stranger whom he intercepted going into a closet on the first floor. The intruder slipped out of his overcoat and escaped.

The police were notified and went to the scene, when the fire, which had begun to burn briskly, was discovered.

It is believed the fire was started to create a panic so that the building could be robbed during the excitement.

There are twenty families living in the building.

GIVEN HIS FREEDOM.

Lumberjack Who Killed One Man and Wounded Another.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—Mike Jannus, the lumberjack who on Jan. 25 shot and killed Harry Biggs and wounded Mike Murphy during a fight in an alley near First avenue north and Washington, has been given his freedom. When he was arraigned in the police court during the day the county attorney moved that the case be dismissed, as no one had made a complaint against the man. Judge Waite granted the request and Jannus was allowed to go his way.

Mike Murphy, the injured man, now at the city hospital, refused to swear out a complaint and the police believe he was to blame for the fight which resulted in his pal's death. He is improving somewhat, but is still very weak and is not out of danger.

MANGLED BY MACHINERY.

Boy Terribly Injured While Brother Looks on Helpless.

Minneapolis, Feb. 4.—While his brother stood looking on in helpless horror William Taubert, seventeen years of age, was terribly mangled in the machinery of a tannery at 625 Bryant avenue north, which is owned by his mother, Mrs. Margaret Taubert, and operated by members of the family. With his left arm torn off at the elbow, both legs fractured below the knee and his entire body badly crushed and bruised the boy is still alive and conscious at the Swedish hospital and Dr. J. M. Kistler, who is attending him, says there is some slight hope of his recovery.

BISHOP STANGE PASSES AWAY.

Catholic Prelate of Fall River, Mass., Dies at Rochester, Minn.

Rochester, Minn., Feb. 2.—Bishop William Stange of Fall River, Mass., died at St. Mary's hospital here at 6 a. m. Bishop Stange came to Rochester on Jan. 20, accompanied by several Catholic dignitaries. On Jan. 21 he underwent an operation for the removal of a tumor from the bowels. The operation was a delicate one and little hope was held out for his recovery. The bishop realized this when he decided to go under the knife. The remains were taken to Fall River for interment.

LIFE COULD NOT BE SAVED.

Child Dies After Record Run to Save Him.

Duluth, Feb. 2.—Joseph Rosseau, the eight-year-old son of the operator and station agent of the Duluth and Iron Range railroad at Knife River, was struck by a train and fatally injured. The train was stopped and the injured boy put aboard and a record breaking run was made to this city, where he was taken to the hospital. It was necessary to amputate both arms. The child could not withstand the shock and died soon after the operation.

LOCKUP IS EMPTY.

Not a Prisoner in Otter Tail County Jail.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Feb. 3.—For the first time since its erection twenty years ago the Otter Tail county jail is without a prisoner, the last man occupying a cell having been released yesterday.

The jail here accommodates the prisoners of both Otter Tail and Wadena counties and also a large proportion of the federal prisoners who are awaiting the action of the United States court.

Minnesota Furniture Dealers.

Minneapolis, Jan. 30.—The adoption of a mutual insurance company plan, resolutions placing the association squarely on record against catalogue houses, and the election of officers, were the important points of the session of the Minnesota Furniture Dealers' convention here. Carl Brodt, Fairmont, was elected president to succeed W. L. Grapp; George H. [illegible], Winona, was elected vice president; L. Schoen, Ortonville, treasurer, and G. M. Porter, Minneapolis, secretary.

Child Killed by Morphine.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—George Moberg, the [illegible]-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Moberg of 822 Seventh avenue south, lies dead at the county morgue as the result of morphine poisoning. Coroner Kistler is conducting an investigation to ascertain who is to blame for the baby's death. The coroner says that a roomer in the Moberg household administered the drug that killed the child, who was ill.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE IRON INDUSTRY IN SWEDEN

Country Will Soon Be in a Position to Successfully Compete with the World.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Says Hugo Vallentin, the Stockholm correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal: "There is no doubt that Sweden is going forward with great strides from a commercial and industrial point of view. There is also no doubt that Sweden has a great future before it, especially in the iron industry. The enormous wealth of minerals, especially iron, which is to found in the north and which has been made accessible through the overland line, has up to now only been exported in its raw state, but inventors are at work and before long an economical method of extracting the iron by electricity will be ready for use. With almost unlimited waterpower in the cataracts that dot the country we have the motive power for any amount of electric machinery. Our state railways have already completed a short electric-line which works admirably and where runs of over 200 kilometers per hour (nearly 125 miles) have been made. The plan for electrifying our whole system of railways is already made. What this will mean in the way of saving for a country that has to import every ton of coal can easily be imagined. With home-made electricity we will make the best steel in the world and successfully compete with all the world. But already before all this has been achieved, there is a great deal doing in the industrial and commercial world. Values have gone up and futures have been discounted to an extent that is perhaps not altogether salutary. Speculation has been going on in many directions. Fortunes have been made in a few months without anybody's having visibly been made any poorer. The extent to which some shares have risen is really remarkable."

The "Boston waltz" is the name of a new dance which has been introduced in Sweden lately and which has become exceedingly popular. Mme. Callmen, who claims to have introduced the dance, says that she learned it from some foreign naval officers who were paying Sweden a visit a number of years ago. But this kind of a dance proved too difficult to master so it was discarded. Princess Ingeborg, who is an ardent enthusiast in dancing, however, came to its rescue. She introduced it at court and it now is in popular demand. The "Boston" has this become an established form of amusement in old Sweden.

Consul General Simon Sachs, one of Stockholm's most prominent business men, died Jan. 8 after a very long and painful illness. Mr. Sachs was born in 1839. Early in life he became connected with Josef Leja, who owns the largest department store in Stockholm, and married one of Mr. Leja's daughters, who died about two months ago. In 1893 he was appointed consul general for Sweden and Norway at Constantinople and served in this capacity for five years. Consul Sach leaves a large fortune and has on many occasions given freely to institutions of charity in Stockholm.

Mme. Jungstedt, one of the leading "stars" at the Royal Opera in Stockholm, has, at the suggestion of her physicians, gone to Switzerland to take care of her health, which has been failing her rapidly for some time. It is feared that her lungs are affected. Mme. Jungstedt is one of Sweden's greatest if not the greatest prima donnas. She is the Nordica of Sweden and has appeared at Berlin and Paris, where she acquired fame. Mme. Jungstedt has cancelled all her engagements in Sweden.

Olaf Strandberg, a young singer, made his debut at the Royal Opera a few evenings ago and made a great hit with the audience. He possesses a fine voice and critics believe that in him Sweden has secured a new "star," whose magnitude is in the ascendency. His father has for many years been connected with the Swedish stage.

The 4-year-old son of Mr. Norman Hutchinson, secretary to the American legation in Stockholm, died about two weeks ago because of frigidness of the Swedish climate. The little fellow was born in Venezuela and the sudden change of climate was too much for him.

H. L. F. Lagerkrantz has been appointed minister of Sweden to the United States. Mr. Lagerkrantz is well known in diplomatic circles in Stockholm and has for years been one of King Oscar's closest advisers.

Elizabeth Henrietta Kellgren, wife of Dr. Arvid Kellgren, has inherited 2,750,000 crowns from her father, Carl L. Leffler, who died in Switzerland, Nov. 17, 1906. Mr. Leffler's fortune is estimated at 10,000,000 crowns.

New Year's greetings were less this year in Sweden than formerly. Last year the Stockholm postoffice handled 1,500,000 New Year's cards, but this year there were only 1,000,000 and next year they will be less.

P. P. Waldenstrom, the well known head of the Swedish Covenant church, departed for China, Jan. 10 accompanied by his wife and a missionary named Nilsson. The Waldenstroms expect to reach Shanghai in about five weeks and it is their intention to be present at the 100th anniversary of the Christian missions in Shanghai next April.

The site chosen for the new Nobel building to be erected by the Nobel committee will be directly opposite Djurgarden. It will be beautifully located and when completed will, from an architectural standpoint, be one of the finest public building in Stockholm.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

A terrific hurricane has during the past few days been raging along the coast of Norway and the fishing season, which up to this time has been good and unattended with calamities, has been interrupted. The steamer Skolai Knutson was wrecked near Svellingen, but the crew was saved. The fishing steamer Braken, anchored at Snarset-Bogen, was torn away and wrecked. On land the traffic along the coast has been stopped. The barometer has fallen to a point indicating an exceptionally heavy gale.

Miss Hildur Andersen, assisted by Sigrid Wolf Schöller, gave a concert a few days ago in Christiania, which attracted much attention. It was attended by the king and queen and the elite of Christiania society. Miss Andersen possesses a remarkably full and fresh voice and her singing has attracted the attention of the leading musical critics of Europe.

Aalesund has already 145,599 inhabitants and has since the great fire there a few years ago been making rapid progress. Nearly all of the residences that are being erected now are built of stone and the city has at the present time the most efficient force of firemen of any city of its size in Europe.

In 1906 there were sent from the United States to Norway 103,000 money orders, representing 9,500,000 crowns, the largest amount which has ever been sent from that country to Norway. No other country in the world sends as much money to Norway as the United States.

A German syndicate of Berlin will erect a large bath establishment at Sola, near Jaederen. It will be erected at an expenditure of 300,000 crowns and will be one of the most commodious establishments of its kind in all Scandinavia.

There has been a large export of Norwegian "skees" to Denmark, Sweden and Germany this winter. This sport has now become popular in the United States and Germany and in the latter country it has awakened much enthusiasm among lovers of outdoor sports.

Stavanger's exports to the United States amounted to $874,000 last year. In 1905 Stavanger exported goods to the United States valued at $759,000. Stavanger exports about $100,000 worth of sardines to the United States every year.

Ole Vollan celebrated his 40th anniversary as an organist in Bergen. Mr. Vollan has been organist during all these years at the Bergen cathedral and is now the oldest organist in active service in Norway.

Lieutenant Wolmer Marlow, of Trondhjem has received a lieutenant's commission in the Belgian army at Congo. Lieutenant Marlow is well and favorably known in military circles of Christiania.

Temple West, a wealthy Scotchman, has donated 2,000 crowns to the Red Cross society of Christiania. He has on many occasions visited Norway and Christiania is his favorite resort in summer.

Ludvig Berney, director of the Royal Opera at Berlin, has been made a commander of St. Olaf. Mr. Berney appeared in a series of plays in Christiania two years ago.

Carl Nissen, the pianist, and Halfdan Rode, the baritone, gave a number of free concerts in the prisons and hospitals of Christiania the first week of this month.

Nicolay Halvorsen celebrated his 30th anniversary as an actor Jan. 17. A number of his friends in Christiania tendered him a dinner on this occasion.

There are now 830 telegraph stations in Norway. In 1900 there were only 540 and in 1895 there were only 200.

There were 1,076 deaths in Bergen last year. In 1905 there were 1,170.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A Swedish machinist named Lundin was suddenly killed a few days ago by being run over by a runaway team. He was found in an unconscious condition and was brought to the city hospital, where he died before his physicians could reach his bedside. Mr. Lundin was a native of Stockholm.

The Schleswig-Holstein muddle, which for years has been a bone of contention between Denmark and Germany, has now been amicably settled through an amendment to the so-called "articles of 1864." It concerns directly the Danes and Prussians who reside in Denmark.

King Frederick and Queen Louise will visit Christiania and Stockholm early next summer. They will, when in Christiania, be the guests of their son, King Haakon. On this occasion King George of Greece will also be one of the guests.

Agricultural products to the amount of 333 millions were exported from Denmark last year. This is the largest on record for Denmark.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

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PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

LAST CALL

Only a few days more and you must pay 40 cents more per hundred. I sold 450 one hundred pound sacks or 45,000 pounds in five days, and must soon chop off.

BEST PATENT

FLOUR

$2.05

PER SACK OF 98 POUNDS.

Guarantee: We guarantee every sack. If this flour is not as good as any flour you can buy from any other Merchant in the city.
We will refund you the money and charge you nothing for what you have used. To farmers we will pay for the hauling if flour is not satisfactory.

For a Few Days Only!

BOTHUN'S EDITORIAL.

Competition is the life of trade, every time I have a war with my competitors, I feel as though I had just come back from the Sunny South. I guess this time my competitors feel as though they had just come back from the snow banks of North Dakota. It is said that the Ground Hog saw his shadow, and went back to his hole in the ground. I believe my competitors went with him, they must be hiding somewhere because they don't show up to meet me on the price of flour. I am getting tired of fighting by myself and will soon quit.

Yours for business,

M. BOTHUN.

YOU SAVE MONEY and HEALTH IF YOU USE BOTHUN'S PURE FOOD GROCERIES.

All goods we sell are guaranteed to obey the pure food laws.

Bothun's Pure Food Grocery

Phone 115. Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
February 14, 1907.

Legalizing a Trust.

There have been many and diverse kinds of legislation on trusts by the various state legislatures. It remains for Kentucky to add a new one. That state has recently passed an act and its supreme court has affirmed its constitutionality, definitely and clearly legalizing and encouraging the formation of a trust.

The law in itself is intended to fight the tobacco trust, and proceeds on the well-known principle of fighting fire with fire.

For years that state has been as abolutely at the mercy of the tobacco trust as some of the populist states were beneath the heel of the elevators and railroads.

The result of this fight in Kentucky is to place an absolutely original piece of legislation upon the statue books. Here is the exact law, and it will repay a careful study:

"1.—It is hereby declared lawful for any number of persons to combine, unite or pool, any or all of the crops of wheat, tobacco, corn, oats hay or other farm products raised by them, for the purpose of classifying, grading, storing, holding, selling or disposing of same, either in parcels or as a whole, for the purpose of obtaining a greater or higher price therefor than they might might or could obtain or receive by selling said crops separately or individually.

"2—That contracts or agreements made or entered into by persons with each other, the object and intent of which is to unite, pool or combine any or all of the crops of tobacco, wheat, corn, oats, hay or other farm products raised by such persons, for the purpose of classifying, grading, storing, holding, selling or disposing of said crops or any of them, either in part or as a whole, in order, or for the purpose of obtaining a better or higher price therefor than could or might be obtained by selling said crops individually, are hereby permitted, and shall not, because of any such combination or purpose of said persons be declared illegal or invalid.

"3.—Such persons so entering into such agreement or contract as is set out in the foregoing sections, are hereby permitted to select an agent or agents through or by or with whom said parties so entering into such agreements may classify, grade, store, hold, sell or dispose of such crops or any of them, and said agent or agents shall have the right to take, receive hold store, classify, grade, sell, or dispose of said crops so placed in such agreement so directed or authorized by their principal for the purpose of accomplishing the object of such combination or agreement between such principals and contracts and agreements entered into by such agent or agents for for the purpose of classifying, grading, storing, holding, selling or disposing of said crops so combined, united or pooled, either in parcels or as a whole, are hereby permitted and shall not, because of any such combination or purpose of such original agreement of such principals so entering into said combination, or of such agent or agents be declared illegal or invalid."

Behind this law is the American Society of Equity the new farmer's organization that by its affiliation with the trade unions and its proposal to co-operate directly with the organized laborers of the city is introducing some new phases into the industrial and political life of this country.

When a farmer who had entered into one of the trusts provided for in the law broke his contract and sold his product by individual bargain, the society proceeded to prosecute him and carried the case to the highest court, which has just rendered a decision affirming the constitutionality of the law and ordering the enforcement of the contract.

The county board of education bill was introduced in the house last week. The committee on education, which has been working on the bill for some time, completed the work and now has a bill which it will recommend to pass. The main discussion on the bill was over the problem of providing a method of electing the board that would be inexpensive, that would take the board entirely out of politics and at the same time secure the voice of as many as possible of the people who are interested in schools. As the bill will be reported it will provide for a board of one from each commissioner district except in the three large counties. The members will be elected by the voters in the district at the annual school meeting in July. The ballots containing the names of all the candidates in the district will be prepared by the county auditor and sent to the school clerks. They will be voted at the school meeting and counted by the tellers that count the vote for the district officers to be elected that evening. The returns will be made out the same evening and mailed to the county auditor.

A bill authorizing the state drainage commission to co-operate with the United States government in the making of a topographical survey and map of the state was introduced in the senate last week by Senator J. T. Elwell, of Minneapolis. The commission is authorized to confer with the officials of the United States geological survey concerning such survey and map, its scale, method of execution, form and all details of the work and to co-operate in the execution of the work. This work is authorized under the condition that the government shall agree to expend for the work a like amount to that appropriated by the state, which is $15,000. The commission shall require that maps resulting from the survey shall show accurately the outlines of all townships, counties and extensive wooded areas in the state existing at the time of the survey, the location of all roads and railways, streams, canals, lakes and rivers, and shall show by contour lines the elevation and depression of the surface of the country. The commission is to be furnished with copies of the maps and with transfers from plates thereof, and may accept or reject the work of the geological survey.

The St. Paul correspondent of the Moorhead Independent says: "The ten most important measures before the Minnesota legislature, are without question the following: (1) The bill which has for its object a distance tariff and reduced schedule of freight rates; (2) the taxing of the iron ore properties of the state; (3) reciprocal demurrage; (4) extension of the primary law to all state officers; (5) two cent passenger fares; (6) revision of the state tax laws; (7) abolition of passes; (8) county option; (9) extensive drainage of the wet lands of the state; and (10) the agricultural school extension idea. If the legislature were to place upon the statue books only the bills already introduced relating to these ten subjects, "indefinitely postponing" the seven or eight hundred other laws which have or will be introduced, the thirty-fifth session would go down to history as the most productive of good to the whole state of any that ever assembled at St. Paul."

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Judge Bishop did not deliver his address before the High School pupils last Thursday according to schedule. He will probably speak some time in the near future.

There was no school on Tuesday "den ganzen Tag" as it was the anniversary of Lincoln's birth, and therefore a legal holiday. No pupil would object to a few more "legal holidays."

The German Club met at William Prichard's home last Thrusday evening.

The Red Lake County Teachers' Association will hold session in town next week, on Friday and Saturday, the twenty-second and twenty-third of February. The meetings will be held at the High School building. A number of out-of-town teachers are expected to be present. An interesting program has been arranged.

The Freshmen had a class meeting on Monday. The results have not been made public.

The Seniors are busy practicing for their class-play.

Yes, the Junior reporter has "loomed up" but has not been seen by mortal eyes. It is suspected that "It" can boast of more parts than even the "three-formed Hecate" of whom the Juniors will learn when they reach the exalted plane of "mean Seniors."

The Sophomores must have quaffed a little of that "soporific poppy seed-oil." They are not living up to their reputation as a class of class-meetings.

Wake, wake, Sophia, O wake!
Wake ere the Freshmen outwit.
For now let us warn you
We'll heartily scorn you
If you your opportunities pass by.
(Parody.)

After all those essays on "The Injury I do Myself by Disobeying" the pupils seem to have profited by their own conclusions and settled down to work.

The second year german class has started to read Storm's "Immensee."

German's hard, Latin's harder, but Greek's hardest of All. Moral—Don't take Greek.

There will be services in the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday evening at 7.30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30.

August Roadfeldt, pastor.

—Wanted—To buy two yokes of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

ANOTHER ARREST.

James Wesley Again Arrested for the Murder of the Dahls.

Another arrest has been made in the Dahl murder case. James Wesley, once before a prisoner in connection with the same case, is under arrest again and will be forced to meet renewed charges of complicity in the murder of N. A. Dahl and his 17-year-old daughter, Aagot, who were last seen alive on April 3, 1904, at their home near Quiring.

"Shorty" Wesley was arrested first at his home in Green Bay and brought to Bemidji and indicted, but was released for lack of evidence.

Henry Funkley, who has succeeded to the office of county attorney, took up the investigation of the Dahl tragedy where his predecessor dropped it and declares he has evidence that makes the prosecution of Wesley imperatively necessary. He asserts his belief that this prosecution will result in cleaning up one of the most sensational murder cases in the history of Minnesota.

Deputy Sheriff Solberg arrested Wesley at Jackson's lumber camp forty miles west of Deer River. He pleaded not guilty and the examination was adjourned to Feb. 18.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Feb. 17.
Preaching 11 a.m. and 7,30 p.m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2,30 p. m.
Epworth League 6,30 p. m.
The Pastor, Leader.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7,30 p. m. Everybody welcome.
Chas. H. Flesher, Pastor.

Flax that will yield from 20 to 25 per cent more flaxseed an acre than the common variety has been developed at the Minnesota experiment station. It has been tried with uniform success for two years, and it is unhesitatingly recommended to the farmers of the state. The new variety is known as number 25. In 1905 seed was distributed among forty-eight farmers in various parts of the state, and three reported an acreage increase in the yield of 20 per cent. The experiments in 1906 showed that it was 20 per cent better as a yielder than the common flax. There are now several thousands of bushels of the new flax available for seed.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

HAD A PAYMENT.

Red Lake Reservation Indians Each Get $26 50.

A payment of money due the Indians on the diminished Red Lake reservation was made Tuesday, when the adults of the Red Lake band received money that was very acceptable to the reds.

The money which available for this payment amounted to some $35,000, but the actual payment made was $21,210. There are 800 adult Indians, members of the Red Lake band, who were entitled to a share of the money due.

All of these received $26.50 each. Every minor Indian, under the age of 18 years, who is a member of the Red Lake band, is also entitled to a like sum, but the money is held in trust by the government for these minors until they come of age.

This payment was made under the supervision of Earl W. Allen, the new agent at Red Lake, who recently assumed charge of the Red Lakers.

Of late years the Indians are cutting loose from their habit of spending their payment money for liquor and gambling and are beginning to accustom themselves to the buying of clothing and provisions.

At a payment made a few months ago the Indians purchased thousands of dollars worth of provisions for the present winter and have tided over the severe weather in good shape.

Worth Trying.

A writer in the Rochester Post and Record who claims to have knowledge of the fact indites the following: "A tried remedy, yet few seem to know of it as a cure. Don't cut your hand or foot off when you have been so unfortunate as to freeze them but pack well in fine salt as soon as possible, and leave so until frost is all out, and all will be well as before frosted and without pain." This should be printed at the beginning of cold weather every year by all newspapers—it would save hands and feet.

An Unknown Hero.

During the great epidemic of yellow fever at Memphis the members of the relief committee were at their wits' end to obtain watchers, when a man with coarse features, close cropped hair and shuffling gait went directly to one of the attending physicians and said, "I want to nurse." The doctor looked at him critically, concluded he was not fitted for the work in any way and replied. "You are not needed." "I wish to nurse," persisted the stranger. "Try me for a week. If you don't like me, then dismiss me. If you do, pay me my wages." "Very well," said the doctor, "I'll take you, although, to be candid, I hesitate, to do so." Then he added mentally, "I'll keep my eye *on him.*"

In a few weeks he had soon proved that he needed nobody's eye on him and had become one of the most valuable nurses on that heroic force. He was tireless and self-denying. Wherever the pestilence raged most fiercely he worked hardest. The suffering and the sinking adored him. To the neglected and the forgotten his rough face was as the face of an angel. He acted so strangely on paydays, how-ever, that he was followed through back streets to an obscure place, where he was seen to put his whole week's earnings into a relief box for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers.

Not long afterward he sickened and died of the plague, and when his body was prepared for its unnamed grave, for he had never told who he was, a livid mark was found which showed that John, the nurse, had been branded a convicted felon.—Ex.

A farmer wanted to weigh a pig, but had no scale. Knowing that his own weight was 160 pounds and that his wife 130 pounds he placed a board over the top of the fence like a see-saw that a perfect balance was made, he on one end she on the other. Then they changed places on the board, the wife taking the pig on her lap, which again perfectly balanced the board. How much did the pig weigh?

NEW BILL INTRODUCED

Thief River Falls and Bemidji Withdrawn Their Bills.

New Bill Does Not Designate Loaction of Normal School.

The two bills introduced locating a sixth state normal school at Thief River Falls and at Bemidji have been withdrawn, and in their place has been introduced a bill which calls for a sixth state normal school to be located at some city located upon or north of the Great Northern railroad running from Duluth to East Grand Forks. The bill provides that the state normal school board shall select the location and that the city selected will be asked to donate not less than five acres of land for a site.

This new bill is in the nature of a compromise and includes all of the territory that the new school would be built to serve. There is no question but what a new school is badly needed in this section of the state and the bill in its present form stands a very good show of passing both the house and senate. The bill does not call for any appropriation.

Concerning the new bill, the St. Paul Dispatch says:

"The latest bill introduced into the legislature, providing for a normal school is, we trust, the last bill. It deserves to be the final word. For several bills with this purport have been admitted to the grist, each one calling for a similar appropriation for a similar object, and differing in no material way except that the site in each of the half dozen—or was it only three?—was decidedly different. All the towns along the "Foston" branch were evidently hot-foot for this state institution, from Dan to Beersheba, that is, from Duluth to Grand Forks. And it was the intention of the fathers of these bills to prove themselves good citizens and devoted, to argue out the merits of their town, the supreme merits. And each man expected to convince the legislature by his eloquence by his facts. It was an opportunity to advertise his town too good not to be seized even though only one town out of the lot could succeed, and therefore the others must take lower rank."

All of this discussion of town superiority may be excluded if the latest bill is the one reported out of committee. This bill provides for a normal school from the north central portion of the state. It appears to be very well established that such a new normal is a necessity. There are already three normals in what we call the north half, but anyone who looks at the map of Minnesota will see that neither Duluth, Moorhead nor St. Cloud is in the geographical northern half. And that northern half promises to be important in the next two or three years. Therefore it demands consideration. Therefore the new normal is asked. And the latest bill creates this normal, but instead of adding another difficulty in the name of another town, it leaves to the normal board of the state the decision as to where this school shall be located.

T. is appears to us the only legitimate method. It is not for the legislature to sift the claims of these many towns and decide which has the normal claim. There is the state normal board, which certainly should know what the need is. Or there is the board of control, which knows the general requirements of the state. We do not believe the time and energy of the legislature should ever be consumed in picking the site of institutions. Given the necessity of a new institution—and it is the province of the legislaturere to consider that necessity most thoroughly—it should be left to some supervising board to determine the the site. That cannot be done without prejudice in the legislature itself, where votes are to be exchanged, favors given. It can only be done, with the best interests of the state in mind when a board covering the state, is given the power to determine sites of institutions, without taking into the reckoning local prejudices.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

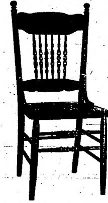

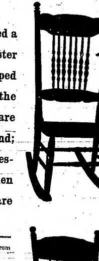

Just recieved a car of Webester chairs, shipped direct from the factory, they are the quality kind; ask for Webester chairs when you buy; there are none better.

Dining room chairs from 75c up.

Rockers from $1.25 up.

Child rockers from $1 up.

We can save you about 25 per cent on any thing you need in our line, call and be convinced.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.

Special Rates.

The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 25c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

The Deadly Tongue.

The second most deadly instrument of destruction is the dynamite gun. The gun merely kills bodies; the tongue kills reputations and ofttimes ruins characters. Each gun works alone; each loaded tongue has a hundred accomplices. The havoc of the gun is visible at once. The full evil the tongue lives through all the years; even the eye of Omniscience might grow tired in tracing it to its finality. The crimes of the tongue are words of unkindness, of anger, of malice, of envy, of bitterness, of harsh criticism, gossip, lying and scandal. Theft and murder are awful crimes, yet in any single year the aggregate sorrow, pain and suffering they cause in a nation is microscopic when compared with the sorrows that come from the crimes of the tongue. —William George Jordan.

ESPLEE

James Chapman came back from Thief River Falls Sunday.

Charley Stange is working for Rindebak now days.

Mr. P. Sund and wife took a drive over to Grygla last Saturday.

Mrs. Henrikson visited with Mrs. Ostmo Sunday.

Henrikson and the Herberg Bros. are busy hunting wolves now days.

Thos. E. Lewis has received word from Washington that he was accepted as mail carrier for the next four years between Esplee and Jelle.

Mr. C. A. Wood and J. Tegard called at Oscar Ostmo's Saturday on business affairs.

Miss Emma Swanson has commenced teaching school over on hungry Island, Peter Brochman's house being used as schoolhouse.

H. Aksland is working at Morgan Vaughan's house now.

Gust N. Olson left for Iowa where he will visit his parents and relatives.

Carl Hanson transacted business at H. Halvorson's Monday.

A Pioneer Gone.

The funeral of Mrs. Halvor O. Skotom took place last Monday afternoon from the United Norwegian Lutheran church Rev. L. W. Nordhus Walpum officiating.

Mrs. Halvor O. Skotom came to the township of Rocksbury with her husband in 1880 and took a homestead on the banks of the Red Lake river where she has resided continuously for the past 27 years. She was taken sick on January 20th and died on January 30th. Besides her husband and seven children she leaves a large number of warm friends to mourn her loss.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Feb. 9

Bartley A. L.
Cook Geo.
Carpenter L. M.
Doyle C.
Dengerud Levor
Everson Peter,
Johnson Sina
" Mrs. Ellen
Knouf Mary
LaDu Wm.
Northwestern Fuel Co.
Maloney Edward
Paranteau Dan
Sherping Johanes A.
Suderberg Heldore
Warner William
Wagedahl Miss Christina

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

North Star School.

Report of school district 25, for month ending Feb. 1st, 1907. Number of pupils enrolled 31.

Attendance for the month by all pupils 507 days. Average attendance for month by all pupils who were neither absent nor tardy during month 10 viz: Elda Anderson, John Anderson, Lilly Anderson, Annie Christensen, Carrie Ficke, Andy Finke, Laura Ficke, Annie Finke, Eddie Johnson and Carl Johnson.

Frank M. Shanahan,
Teacher.

—For Sale—Good second hand organ $30, good second hand piano $35. Excellent for house, school church or hall. See Hager the land man in old State Bank Bilding Thief River Falls.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free,

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

A Bargain OFFER **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Oldest and Best NEWSPAPER and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for........ $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Weed Munro, a prominent Minneapolis attorney, is dead.

Charles A. Anderson, a well known painter of Clarkfield, is dead from the effects of drinking wood alcohol by mistake.

F. B. Van Hoesen, president of the First National bank of Alexandria and prominent for forty years in the life of that section, is dead.

Carl Finstad died at his home in Frontenac from blood poisoning resulting from the cutting of a corn. He was seventy years of age.

Salaries of all teachers in the graded schools of Minneapolis will be increased $5 per month, according to action taken by the board of education.

Na-Tah-We-Gah-Bow, chief of the Cass Lake Indians, is dead at the mission near Cass Lake. His death had been expected for some time. He was seventy years of age.

Governor John A. Johnson has announced the appointment of Robert Hornab of Fergus Falls as a member of the state game and fish commission to succeed Henry G. Smith.

Fire at Dexter village, about eighteen miles east of Austin, destroyed the fine double brick block belonging to Modberry Bros., general merchants. The aggregate loss is estimated to be $20,000.

Mrs. Hilda Axlund, a Balaton (Lyon county) milliner and dressmaker, has been convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the county jail for conducting a blind pig in connection with her establishment.

The total amount of water used in St. Paul during 1906 was 3,730,441,455 gallons, or 10,225,470 gallons daily, a daily increase of 322,778 gallons over that of 1905. The daily increase over four years ago was 2,158,991 gallons.

The charter commission of Rochester has accepted a petition signed by 5 per cent of the city's voters to recommend that the liquor license be raised from $500 to $1,000. The matter will be decided at the spring election.

The Minneapolis Bridge and Construction company has begun work on the steel shaft No. 5 of the Genoa mine near Sparta and expects to have it completed in the next month. This will be the first steel shaft in mines of the Sparta district.

The officials of the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg road and the committees representing the conductors, trainmen, firemen and engineers have reached an agreement in the formation of a wage scale. The men have secured more pay and less hours.

At the last public meeting of the Olmsted County Medical society it was decided to appoint a committee of women to visit the farms of the dairymen who furnish the city's milk. Dr. Crewe, the president of the society, has made the appointments.

Dr. Thomas J. Gray, formerly president of the St. Cloud normal school and a practicing physician in Minneapolis for several years, is dead at Tonopah, Nev., of typhoid pneumonia. He was well known in both medical and educational circles of the state.

United States District Attorney Haupt has filed a suit in the United States circuit court at St. Paul against the Northern Pacific railroad to recover penalties in the sum of $1,000 for violating the federal statutes in regard to caring for interstate shipments of live stock.

Rochester business men have organized a crusade against cigarettes and there promises to be some interesting developments. Over 100 of the city's prominent business firms have signed their names to a resolution agreeing not to knowingly employ any person that smokes cigarettes.

Mrs Margaret Kelly is dead at the home of her son at Thief River Falls. Her husband, Patrick Kelly, died two days previously at their home at Stewartville, Olmsted county. They were pioneer settlers of Olmsted county and they passed away each unconscious of the death of the other.

Captain James G. McGrew of St. Paul, a Minnesota pioneer and a prominent character in some of the stirring affairs of Minnesota territorial days is dead at St. Anthony Park at the age of seventy-three years. Captain McGrew was born near Dayton, O., in 1833 and came to Minnesota territory in 1854.

That there are valuable iron deposits on the Black river in Northern Minnesota appears to be verified. Claimholders in that section are extremely enthusiastic over the richness of the ore and say that district before long will compete with the Mesaba range for the distinction of being the greatest iron producing country in the world.

The laying of rails on the "Alpha bet" road has been completed to Cream and a switch laid. This completes the laying of rails for this winter, as the grade beyond Cream is not completed. The rails now cross Freeborn and Waseca counties and enter Blue Earth county. As soon as the track has been properly ballasted the operation of trains on a regular schedule can begin.

The monthly statement of balances in the state treasury shows a much better condition of the state funds than the report of the same date a year ago. On Jan. 31, 1906, the revenue fund was overdrawn [illegible] and in addition to this there were loans on banks amounting to about [illegible]. This year's statement shows an overdraft in the revenue fund of $251,715, while the loans on banks are very small as compared to last year.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The sub-committee of the military affairs committee of the house, by a strict party vote, laid on the table the resolution of Representative Sims of Tennessee commending the president for his action in discharging the colored soldiers engaged in "shooting up" the town of Brownsville, Tex. The motion to lay on the table was made by a Republican and carried by the Republicans.

A compromise of the proposed reduction in railway mail pay has been agreed upon between representatives of various railroads which have mail contracts and the house committee on postoffices and postroads. The reduction will amount to more than $3,000,000 annually.

By a unanimous vote the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce decided to make a favorable report on a resolution for the investigation of the methods of cotton exchanges by the department of commerce and labor.

The senate committee on the Philippines has authorized a favorable report on the bill providing for the establishment of a bank in the Philippines for the encouragement of agriculture by loans.

The senate has passed a bill increasing the pension of survivors of the Indian wars from $8 to $10 a month. The committee report says there are now 5,000 survivors of these wars.

The house has adopted an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill providing for a continuation of the distribution of free seeds.

The senate has agreed to vote on the resolution declaring Senator Smoot not entitled to his seat at 4 o'clock Wednesday, Feb. 20.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

In a speech before the National Geographical society at Washington Senator Perkins of California said: "We have laid the foundation for commercial supremacy on the Pacific ocean and at some point in the future course of national destiny the pathways of national progress on the part of Japan and the United States will converge to a point of inevitable conflict."

In discussing the fuel and food shortage in portions of the Northwest James J. Hill said in an interview at New York: "Notwithstanding the severity of the winter a wrong impression prevails in the East regarding the sufferings of our Western citizens. That idea has been fostered out there by the little politicians who have been sending telegrams to Washington."

Grover Cleveland, former president of the United States, has been elected chairman of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents. Mr. Cleveland also will act as chief counsel for the association. He will receive $25,000 a year.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Judge Beitler, at Philadelphia, has handed down a decision for the city in the suits against D. J. McNichol & Co. to recover $5,000,000 which it was alleged had been fraudulently received by the firm on contracts for the construction of the city's filtration plant.

The suit of the receivers of the Bay State Gas company of Delaware against Henry H. Rogers, in connection with the ownership of stock of the Boston Gas company, has been settled by an agreement to pay the receivers $1,500,000.

The Union Pacific and Northwestern railroads have refused to make any special rates to the government for the shipment of soldiers en route to the Philippines to and from San Francisco.

The Harriman railroads are buying coal in Australia and shipping it to the United States for use in the locomotives of the lines of the system.

Edward H. Harriman has begun to extend the jurisdiction of Harriman system officers over the Illinois Central railroad.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—Wheat—May, 80½c; July, 80⅝@80¾c; Sept., 78¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 85¼c; No. 1 Northern, 83¼c; No. 2 Northern, 81¼c; No. 3 spring, 75½@79½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$6.70@6.80. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 2.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 82¼c; No. 1 Northern, 82¼c; No. 2 Northern, 80¼c; May, 81¾c; July, 81¾@81⅞c; Sept., 79¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and in store, $1.22¼; May, $1.24¼; July, $1.23¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Wheat—May, 78¾c; July, 78⅛@78⅜c. Corn—May, 46@46⅛c; July, 45¾@45⅞c. Oats—May, 39¼c; July, 36⅛c. Pork—May, $17.40; July, $17.50. Butter—Creameries, 21@31½c; dairies, 20@28c. Eggs—25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c, chickens, 11c; springs, 9½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.90; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.70; Texans, $3.60@4.50; calves, $6.00@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.70@6.97½; good heavy, $6.90@7.00; rough heavy, $6.70@6.80; light, $6.60@6.95; pigs, $6.00@6.80. Sheep, $3.80@5.75; lambs, $4.75@7.70.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 374 made 28th June 1904, for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N W ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th March, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans Olson, Andrew Dyrdahl, Hans Rued, Barney Thieman, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

Jan 24 feb 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

If

your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

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PARK ADDITION

IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

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Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Christian A. Loken.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christian A. Loken Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Andrew H. Loken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, Marit A. Loken, Anna A. Loken and Guri A. Loken and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 28th day of January 1907.

(COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
jan 31 feb 14

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that Mathilde Ruhnke, widow of August Ruhnke, deceased, of Germantown, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June [illegible] for the Lots [illegible] Section [illegible] Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 18, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Cook, William Vaughan, N. [illegible], Albert Roarer, of Germantown, Minnesota.

feb 7 mar 14 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NEW THEATER AT STOCKHOLM

Exclusive Literary Set of the City Will Be the Patrons of a Unique Playhouse.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

A theater, which in many respects will be a departure from the conventional opera house or Swedish "teater," will be erected in Stockholm in the near future by Theater Director Falck and will be known as "The Literary theater." It will be completed in September next and the economic end of it has already been vouchsafed by substantial business men of Stockholm, Malmo and Helsingborg. The theater will be characteristically simple in all its appointments and will be modeled after the Kleines theater in Berlin, and will have a seating capacity of 500. The walls of the theater will have no decorations, but Swedish artists will be given the privilege of here exhibiting their paintings free of charge. The exclusive literary set of Stockholm will constitute the patrons of this unique playhouse and only those plays of strictly literary and dramatic value will here be rendered. The first series of plays will be from the pen of August Strindberg, the initiatory play to be given being his charming Dromspelet (Dream Play). No restaurant or buffet will be erected in connection with the new theater. The literary and critically inclined people of Stockholm are much interested, for now they can have a theater which they can really call their own.

The directors of the Separator company at their annual meeting decided to issue applications for more stock, about 600 shares, at 1,000 crowns each, thus making the maximum capital stock of the company 60,000,000 crowns. The De Laval cream separator is known the world over and is in general use all over the United States. Perhaps no other Swedish invention has been so useful to the world as the De Laval cream separator and the separator company is now one of the largest business institutions in Sweden.

The new Gustav Vasa church, which has but recently been completed at an expenditure of 1,009,167 crowns, has proven to be an expensive undertaking by the communicant members, who now have to raise a sum of 40,000 crowns, which represents the extra sum of money it took to complete this massive edifice. A series of concerts and entertainments have been arranged for the season and everything is being done to pay up this large debt. The edifice is now one of the most beautiful in its style in all Sweden.

A large "fest hall" with a seating capacity of 12,000 will be erected in the near future near Sture street in Stockholm. The money to be expended on this structure will be raised by popular subscription and about 10,000 crowns have already been secured. In this immense hall will be held all the great annual song festivals and international sporting tournaments. Stockholmians generally are enthusiastic over the project and little doubt is entertained that the necessary funds will soon be forthcoming.

Erik Hakansson is the name of a promising young actor who died a few days ago in Veijle sanatorium in Denmark from a fatal attack of tuberculosis. Although only 26 years old he had already gained a place for himself in the stage world, which might well be envied. He was the leading man with his mother, Julia Hakansson's theatrical company and wherever he appeared he scored successes.

Crown Princess Victoria is seriously ill in Karlsruhe and there are grave apprehensions anent her condition. Crown Prince Gustaf has departed for Karlsruhe. King Oscar on the contrary is improving gradually and has during the past few days been able to walk about in his rooms. His appetite shows a marked improvement and his temperature is absolutely normal.

Charlotte Bergstrom, a well known and popular actress in Sweden, died in Copenhagen Jan. 12. She was born in Stockholm and made her debut when but 16 years old with Pierre Deland's company and appeared for a number of years in every country town of any consequence until 1878 when she retired. She was married to Gustaf Bergstrom, a theatrical director, in 1883.

The population of Gothenburg is now 165,757, showing an increase of 3,720 during the last year. No city in Sweden has shown such a marked increase in population. Next in order comes Malmo, with a population of 75,101, showing an increase of 2,135. Sweden has now twenty three cities with a population of over 10,000 people.

W. T. Stead, the world renowned writer and traveler, who has been spending the past few weeks in Rome, is expected to visit Stockholm. During his sojourn in Stockholm Mr. Stead will be the guest of Baron Taube on Fano and Lord Barnekow on Stora Sundby. Mr. Stead will visit Norway some time next month.

Since the death of Bishop Charleville, the [illegible] among Sweden's bishops are Bishops Ullmann and Johansson, both of whom were born in 1837. The youngest bishop in the country is Bishop Bergquist, who was born in 1862.

The Riksbank (National bank) of Stockholm has opened an account with the National City bank of New York and has been doing business with that banking institution since Jan. 1.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

In a letter to Foreign Minister Lovland, who is president of the Nobel committee, President Roosevelt, who was awarded the peace prize, Dec. 10 last, writes that he will value the diploma and medal as long as he lives and after his death they will be as highly prized by his children. The president, in informing Minister Lovland of the disposition of the money part of the prize, adds that peace among the various classes of society in modern civilization is of just as great importance as peace between nations. He believed, therefore, that the use to which he was putting the money was entirely in sympathy with the aims of the Nobel foundation.

Captain Otto Sverdrup, who was captain of the crew of the famous "Fram," has become a plantation owner in Cuba and is at present visiting his old home in Christiania. The captain thrives well in Cuba, where he now owns 1,400 acres of land on which he has planted 30,000 banana trees. A number of his friends will accompany him to his return to Cuba and may determine to locate there.

A number of English and German journalists have been invited to attend the Winter Carnival of Sports in Trondhjem this month. The executive committee of the carnival association has been authorized to pay their fares going and coming from their respective destination.

Eggs to the value of 1,100,000 crowns have been sent from Stavanger to Christiania during the past six months. The egg industry in Stavanger and vicinity has been a great thing for the farmers there and some of them are now in comparatively good circumstances.

The earthquake shock which passed over Norway Jan. 10 was distinctly felt in Christiania. People rushed from their beds and many ran out of their houses. The shock was felt in the Mjos meadows, but was but slightly felt in Bergen and Trondhjem.

Much Norwegian capital finds its way to Swedish banks nowadays in order that the tax commission may be avoided. The Vermland Private bank (Swedish) is advertising its rate of interest in Norwegian papers and is securing many patrons.

F. E. Hay has been appointed British consul in Christiania. Mr. Hay has for a number of years been in the consular service, having been in South American republics and on the continent. His last post was in Bordeaux, France.

The site for the king's villa has now been chosen, viz., on a commanding point in Holmenkollen, where an excellent view can be had over the surrounding country. Building on the villa will commence some time next May.

An English company, known as the Alma Wood Export company, has been organized with headquarters in Holmestrand. The capital involved is 25,000 crowns. A number of Christiania business men are also interested.

Bergen has now a population of 82,000 and is growing more rapidly than any other Norwegian city at the present time. Bergen, too, does a larger export business than any other city in the country.

The population of Christiania is now 228,000. During the year of 1906 there were 6,033 births and 2,934 deaths. The population of the city is therefore on a slow increase.

Bergen's representative in the Norwegian maritime commission, Olaf O. Bergh, has declined a reappointment. His successor has as yet not been chosen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

According to newspaper reports, King Fredrick has founded a new order to be known as a "husorden", in memory of his esteemed father, King Christian. The decoration consists of an oval silver shield in the center of which is engraved the king's name. On the shield is mounted the royal crown—all in gold. Originally it was King Fredrick's intention that the decoration should be awarded to only members of the royal household on the anniversary day of King Christian's death. A number of these orders were, however, awarded to a few members of the Danish royal family prior to Jan. 1 of this year.

Peter Peterson's farm house and outbuildings in Tollerup were burned to the ground Jan. 14. A large number of horses and cattle were burned and the occupants of the house barely escaped with their lives. Two servant girls employed on the place have since confessed that they put fire to the house because they tired of their work. They also confessed that their plans were to poison the entire family. The two girls have been placed under arrest, but will, owing to their age, be given a lenient punishment.

A new steamship company has been organized in Copenhagen for traffic on the North sea and the Baltic. The company will have its headquarters in Copenhagen and will be known as the Stanton Steamship company. One large steamer has been purchased in Gothenburg and two new steamers have been ordered from Burmeister & Wain in Helsingfors.

MARION S. KORELITZ.

SAVES WIFE AN BABY

ST. PAUL FIREMAN FINDS HIS FAMILY UNCONSCIOUS IN BURNING HOME.

Letter Telling of Good Fortune Received After Despondent Mill City Laborer Kills Himself—Austrian Stabbed to Death in Hibbing Saloon Following Quarrel Over Cards—General State News.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Patrick J. McDonough and her one-year-old baby, 472 South Robert street, were found unconscious on the floor of the kitchen of the family apartments at 4 o'clock a. m. by her husband, a fireman, who had responded to the call, not knowing where he was going.

Mrs. McDonough keeps a lamp burning in her room during the night, and it is said to have exploded. The noise awoke her, and by the time she got out of bed the carpets and furniture were ablaze.

She grabbed her babe in her arms and managed to get past the flames. In running through the kitchen with the baby her neck struck a clothes line. The contact with the line threw her, and the mother and babe fell backward on the floor stunned, where they remained until rescued by McDonough. The property loss is small.

GOOD NEWS CAME TOO LATE.

Man Who Committed Suicide Was Heir to a Small Fortune.

Minneapolis, Feb. 11.—If he had only borne his misfortune a little longer Santa Valentine, the young German who committed suicide in the Kendall hotel in this city a week ago, would now be on the way to Germany to claim $5,000 that had been left him by an uncle. Henry Braun of this city received word from a friend in Germany who wrote telling of the division of a large estate. Mr. Braun, not knowing that Valentine was dead, started out to find him. After searching lodginghouses in vain he went to police headquarters, where Captain Riviere told him the facts.

The letter stated that Santa Valentine had been named as heir to a portion of an uncle's estate and that his portion will amount to about $5,000.

Valentine committed suicide because he was in poor health and hard up.

FATAL QUARREL OVER CARDS.

Austrian Stabbed to Death in a Saloon at Hibbing, Minn.

Duluth, Feb. 11.—A game of cards played in the rear room of a saloon, run by an Austrian named Kloinz, at Hibbing, Minn., resulted in the killing of Mike Robovina, an Austrian, by John Bosic, his fellow countryman. Robovina, Bosic and the barkeeper were playing until about 2:30 a. m., when Bosic, who was 50 winner, announced that he was going to quit. He walked into the barroom and invited the others to have a drink with him, and threw a handful of silver on the bar. Robovina made a grab for the money, and as he did so Bosic pushed him aside. This resulted in a quarrel, during which Robovina pulled out a knife with a four-inch blade and stabbed Bosic in the right shoulder.

COAL BY EXPRESS.

Shipments Sent From Duluth to Bottineau, N. D.

Duluth, Feb. 9.—Coal is being shipped by express from Duluth to Dakota points. Orders for two 500-pound sacks were filled during the day, the coal being consigned to Bottineau, N. D. Families living there telegraphed friends in Duluth that they were in danger of perishing from the cold. The shipments also included provisions and candles. The roads running out of Duluth are taking radical steps to avert the threatened coal shortage in the Twin Cities and in one day a total of 850 cars of coal left the Head of the Lakes on the three roads.

FOR SHIPMENT TO RUSSIA.

Minneapolis Firm Sells 560,000 Bushels of Durum.

Minneapolis, Feb. 9.—The Interior Elevator company of Minneapolis has sold 560,000 bushels of durum wheat to an importing firm in Russia which is buying in this country on account of the famine conditions at home. The shipment, part of which is already en route, will be shipped to Riga and thence distributed through the Russian area where there has been a crop failure.

ROLLING MILL BURNS.

Vesta, Minn., Has Early Morning Fire, Causing $15,000 Loss.

Vesta, Minn., Feb. 9.—The Vesta roller mill burned to the ground early this morning. The loss is estimated at $15,000. The mill was built during the summer of 1904 and was owned by Charles A. Fleming. The fire originated in the engineroom and was not discovered until the whole building was enveloped in flames.

Four More Victims of Dogs.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Four more victims of rabid dogs have reported their injuries to Health Commissioner Ohage, making a total of eleven reported for two days. Three other persons known to have been bitten have not reported their cases to the health department. Dr. Ohage says all dogs running at large that are not muzzled will be shot.

GUESTS FORCED TO JUMP.

Hotel at Kelliher, Minn., Destroyed by Fire.

Kellihor, Minn., Feb. 10.—Fire at 5:15 yesterday morning destroyed the Hotel Kellihor and contents and the Boston building, occupied by Noble & Johnson's grocery store and Titus & Chapman's meat market.

The origin of the fire is a mystery, but from what can be learned the night clerk at the hotel had just lighted the fire in the kitchen and when he returned in a short time the interior of the kitchen was a mass of flames and spreading rapidly to the adjoining rooms and the upper story. An alarm was immediately turned in, but so rapidly did the fire spread that the occupants had barely time to escape with what clothing they could carry, some being forced to jump from the upper story.

Peter Larkins of Bemidji was among those who jumped from the second story of the burning hotel building and in falling to the ground he sustained serious injuries about the head and shoulders.

The flames spread quickly to the Boston building, adjoining the hotel, the contents of which were being rapidly carried to places of safety. Both buildings were completely destroyed, but the damage to the contents of the Boston building is but slight.

ENGINE BACKS INTO HOUSE.

Minneapolis Family Narrowly Escapes Death.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—The family of Charles Swedblom suffered a miraculous escape from injury when a Great Northern freight engine backed into the family dwelling at 601 Polk street northeast and tore one-half of it completely away.

The house is situated across the street from the end of one of the company's stub lines and in some manner the engineer miscalculated the distance to the end of the spur and the engine continued across the street and into the dwelling.

Six members of the family were in the house at the time of the accident. Mr. Swedblom had just stepped out doors and when he saw what was coming he yelled to the inmates to run to the kitchen and this is what saved them, that part of the house remaining uninjured.

TWO MEN BURNED TO DEATH.

Cook and His Assistant Perish in a Fire Near Duluth.

Duluth, Feb. 7.—Ruben Olson, a cook, and John Salberg, a cookee, were burned to death while asleep in their cook shanty at Shields station, about thirty miles from Duluth.

The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed that the blaze started from the stove, in which a fire was kept burning all night. The two men bunked there together, while the other men slept in the large building nearby.

When the fire was discovered about 2 o'clock in the morning the cook shanty was one mass of flames. Efforts were made to save the two men, but it was too late to render them any assistance. The charred bodies were recovered

MILL UNDER GUARD.

Strike at Montgomery, Minn., No Nearer Settlement.

St. Peter, Minn., Feb. 10.—Strikers at the Quirk flour mills in Montgomery resolutely refuse to compromise or arbitrate and the trouble is no nearer adjustment than it was when the packers walked out three weeks ago.

Sheriff John Traxler of Le Sueur Center has a force of deputies guarding the company's property, but there have been no serious clashes, although John Maraska, a young man living at Montgomery, was arrested charged with assaulting Park Quirk, one of the owners of the mill. His trial was held at Waterville, but the prosecution failed to convict, the jury disagreeing.

FIVE MEN ARE STABBED.

Austrians Battle With Knives at Duluth and One May Die.

Duluth, Feb. 7.—A desperate free-for-all fight occurred late at night in an Austrian boardinghouse at 209 Central avenue, West Duluth.

Five or six men were wounded with knives, four being given medical attention at the police station.

Mike Bozichk received such severe slashes over the head that his recovery is in doubt and he was hurried to a hospital.

The efforts of five patrolmen were required to suppress the riot. Nobody has ascertained yet what it was all about.

BANK CLOSES ITS DOORS.

Depositors Notified to Call and Get Their Money.

Faribault, Minn., Feb. 9.—The Lonsdale bank has closed its doors and will wind up its business. The depositors have all been notified to call and get their money, as the bank wishes to quit business. The depositors will be paid in full. Lonsdale is a new town in the northwestern part of Rice county and is not large enough to support a bank.

CAUSE OF TRAGEDY UNKNOWN.

Buffalo Man Kills Two Other Persons and Himself.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Grover Lockwood shot and killed Joseph Snyder and his wife, Elizabeth Snyder. Then he ran across the street and seeing policemen about to take him, shot and killed himself. The cause of the tragedy has not yet developed.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Edward Yanish will, it is said, be appointed postmaster at St. Paul to succeed the late General M. D. Flower.

Frank P. Nantz of Minneapolis has been appointed collector of revenue of Porto Rico, with headquarters at San Juan.

Thomas Lowry, the Minneapolis traction magnate, has donated $10,000 to the Lombard Universalist college at Galesburg, Ill.

An epidemic of grip prevails at Mankato. Court officials are on the sick list and the regular term has been postponed for two weeks.

Ira H. Shattuck, for sixteen years associated with the late Colonel Wood and A. E. Zonne as part owner in the Nicollet hotel of Minneapolis, is dead.

Mrs. John Barnard of Blue Earth is dead, aged eighty years. Her husband was an itinerant Methodist preacher in Minnesota in pioneer days.

Dr. Louis Dwight Shipman of Minneapolis, a specialist on diseases of the throat, is dead of malignant diphtheria, which he had contracted from one of his patients.

Mrs. Harry Footner of Mankato was badly burned while shaking down the ashes in a coal stove. The coffee pot on the stove was overturned, the hot contents running over her head and shoulders.

A Syrian peddler of unknown name was burned to death in the village jail at McKinley, where he was confined for disorderly conduct. Only the man's headless and charred trunk was found in the ruins.

While repairing the track of the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad in Fritsche's ravine, two miles north of New Ulm, Charles Brandt, the section foreman, met his death by being struck by a southbound freight train.

C. R. Lord of Wells has the champion cow of that locality. He kept a record of her achievements the past year and finds that she gave 9,280 pounds of milk, with a fat test of 4.20 per cent. The milk was sold and brought $220.

Because the concerns engaged in granite polishing at St. Cloud cannot profitably quarry and polish the stone a movement is on foot to organize a company with a capital of $200,000 which will take entire charge of the quarrying of the stone.

Rex Clay, a brakeman on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road, was awarded $35,000 damages by jury at Austin for personal injuries. Clay's back was broken and he has lain helpless since the accident, which occurred at Lyle, this state, in December, 1905.

As a result of the determined movement towards securing cheaper street car fares the Minneapolis city council has passed an ordinance requiring the street railway company to sell six tickets for 25 cents, each of which is to be good for one ride. This applies only to those lines within the Minneapolis city limits.

Frank P. Noyes, thirty-six years old, a switchman in the employ of the Northern Pacific road, was killed at Duluth last week. He threw a switch for a train and, stepping backward, got in the way of another train and was run down. Both legs and one arm were severed and he died without recovering consciousness.

Touston Heggerson, twenty-two years old, is dead at Red Wing after an illness of several months. Nine years ago he was accidentally shot by the discharge of a revolver held by a companion. The bullet lodged near the heart and was never extracted. His heart had troubled him ever since and death was due to that cause.

Progress on the preliminary work of the Minneapolis, Rochester and Duluth Traction company's route is so rapid that early operation of the electric line from Minneapolis to Dubuque is a strong probability. It is reported at the head offices in Minneapolis that 190 miles of right of way have been secured, leaving only fifty-six to be obtained. Twenty-six men are now at work on the remainder of the line.

Ray W. Jones, former lieutenant governor of Minnesota, will leave Minneapolis soon to go to the Pacific coast with the intention of making his home there permanently. Mr. Jones has lived in Minneapolis for thirty years and for a greater part of that time has taken an active interest in the politics of the state. He will engage in business in the Canadian Northwest, with headquarters at Vancouver.

Mayor Ward of Fairmont, backed by the city council, is getting after the bucketshops at that place. The council has passed a resolution directing the city attorney to draw up an ordinance imposing a license fee of $100 a month upon every bucketshop that does business in Fairmont. A resolution was also passed calling upon Senator Hinton and Representative Schrooten to do all they can to secure the passage by the legislature of a law prohibiting bucketshops in Minnesota.

The Minnesota Tax league was formally launched at St. Paul last week as an organization devoted to the study of problems in taxation as well as to aid in legislation making for the best results to both the state and the taxpayer. The first formal action of the league was to direct the executive committee to communicate with the members of the legislature with a view to passing a bill providing a direct tax on mortgages and also to urge the passage of an act providing for the creation of a permanent tax commission.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Count John A. Creighton, the philanthropist, who has been ill with pneumonia and other complications, is dead at Omaha. Because of his great charities to Catholic school organization the late Pope Leo made Mr. Creighton a count of the papal court.

Brigadier General Samuel Beckley Holabird, retired, one of the oldest and best known United States army officers in the country and former quartermaster general, is dead in Washington after a brief illness, in his eightieth year.

Congressman John Franklin Rixey of the Eighth Virginia district is dead. Mr. Rixey entered the house with the Fifty-fifth congress and has been continuously a member of that body since that time.

Right Rev. A. K. Sagen, bishop of the Norwegian Lutheran synod for the district including the United States east of the Mississippi river, is dead at La Crosse, Wis.

Mary B. Anthony, sister and lifelong co-worker of Susan B. Anthony, is dead at Rochester, N. Y. Miss Anthony would have been eighty years old in April.

Preston H. Leslie, who had the distinction of having been governor of Kentucky and of the territory of Montana, is dead at Helena, Mont.

United States District Judge Charles D. Parlange died suddenly of apoplexy at New Orleans.

Rear Admiral Albert Kautz, U. S. N., retired, is dead at Florence, Italy.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

John B. McDonald of New York, the contractor who constructed the subway, has been elected president of the Panama Construction company. This company was formally organized under the laws of the state of New York for the purpose of building the Panama canal in the event that the contract is awarded by the government to William J. Oliver, one of the contractors, and his associates.

John D. Rockefeller, through his son, John D., Jr., announced to the general education board at a special meeting in New York city, a gift of $32,000,000 in income bearing securities. Mr. Rockefeller had previously given the board $11,000,000.

James J. Hill, in an interview at New York, is quoted as saying that instead of a further reduction in railroad freight rates he believed the railroads would soon have to consider the making of an advance.

The heaviest snowfall in years has impeded traffic in the Atlantic coast and Eastern states. Decidedly cold weather accompanied the storm.

Frank O. Briggs, Rep., has been elected senator from New Jersey to succeed John F. Dryden.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Justice of the Peace Robert Cortese was fatally injured in his office at Paterson, N. J., by the explosion of an infernal machine sent him by express. The office was wrecked and the detonation could be heard for blocks. Judge Cortese was removed to a hospital, where he died.

Democratic Congressman-elect G. K. Favrot has been indicted by the grand jury at Baton Rouge, La., on a charge of murder for shooting Dr. Harry Aldrich, one of the leading physicians of Baton Rouge.

The jury for the second trial of President Shea of the Teamsters' union and other Chicago labor leaders on charges of conspiracy founded upon the teamsters' strike of 1905 has been completed.

The jury in the case of Dr. J. W. Simpson, on trial at Riverhead, L. I., charged with the murder of his father-in-law, returned a verdict of not guilty.

At Buffalo, N. Y., Grover Lockwood shot and killed Joseph Snyder and his wife, Elizabeth Snyder. He then shot and killed himself.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 9.—Wheat—May, 81⅞@82c; July, 83@83⅛c; Sept., 79¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 87⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 85⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 83⅛@83⅜c; No. 3 Northern, 80½@81⅛c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$6.80@6.90. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 Northern, 84c; No. 2 Northern, 82c; May, 82⅝@82¾c; July, 82⅝c; Sept., 80c. Flax—To arrive, $1.23; on track and in store, $1.23½; May, $1.24½; July, $1.23⅞; Oct., $1.18.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Wheat—May, 80¼@80⅜c; July, 79⅞@80c. Corn—May, 46@47c; July, 46¾c. Oats—May, 41c; July, 37⅛c. Pork—May, $17.95; July, $18.02½. Butter—Creameries, 21@31½c; dairies, 20@29c. Eggs—23@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.25; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.70; Texans, $3.60@4.50; calves, $6.00@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.15; good heavy, $7.00@7.15; rough heavy, $6.80@6.95; light, $6.80@7.10; pigs, $6.10@6.90. Sheep, [illegible]

Closing Out Sale

—AT—

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES,
FINAL
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THIEF R

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Weed Munro, a prominent Minneapolis attorney, is dead.

Charles A. Anderson, a well known painter of Clarkfield, is dead from the effects of drinking wood alcohol by mistake.

F. B. Van Hoesen, president of the First National bank of Alexandria and prominent for forty years in the life of that section, is dead.

Carl Finstad died at his home in Frontenac from blood poisoning resulting from the cutting of a corn. He was seventy years of age.

Salaries of all teachers in the graded schools of Minneapolis will be increased $5 per month, according to action taken by the board of education.

Na-Tah-We-Gah-Bow, chief of the Cass Lake Indians, is dead at the mission near Cass Lake. His death had been expected for some time. He was seventy years of age.

Governor John A. Johnson has announced the appointment of Robert Hornah of Fergus Falls as a member of the state game and fish commission to succeed Henry G. Smith.

Fire at Dexter village, about eighteen miles east of Austin, destroyed the fine double brick block belonging to Medberry Bros., general merchants. The aggregate loss is estimated to be $20,000.

Mrs. Hilda Axlund, a Balaton (Lyon county) milliner and dressmaker, has been convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the county jail for conducting a blind pig in connection with her establishment.

The total amount of water used in St. Paul during 1906 was 3,730,441,465 gallons, or 10,225,470 gallons daily, a daily increase of 322,778 gallons over that of 1905. The daily increase over four years ago was 2,158,991 gallons.

The charter commission of Rochester has accepted a petition signed by 5 per cent of the city's voters to recommend that the liquor license be raised from $500 to $1,000. The matter will be decided at the spring election.

The Minneapolis Bridge and Construction company has begun work on the steel shaft No. 5 of the Genoa mine near Sparta and expects to have it completed in the next month. This will be the first steel shaft in mines of the Sparta district.

The officials of the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg road and the committees representing the conductors, trainmen, firemen and engineers have reached an agreement in the formation of a wage scale. The men have secured more pay and less hours.

At the last public meeting of the Olmsted County Medical society it was decided to appoint a committee of women to visit the farms of the dairymen who furnish the city's milk. Dr. Crewe, the president of the society, has made the appointments.

Dr. Thomas J. Gray, formerly president of the St. Cloud normal school and a practicing physician in Minneapolis for several years, is dead at Tonopah, Nev., of typhoid pneumonia. He was well known in both medical and educational circles of the state.

United States District Attorney Haupt has filed a suit in the United States circuit court at St. Paul against the Northern Pacific railroad to recover penalties in the sum of $1,000 for violating the federal statutes in regard to caring for interstate ship

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The sub-committee of the military affairs committee of the house, by a strict party vote, laid on the table the resolution of Representative Sims of Tennessee commending the president for his action in discharging the colored soldiers engaged in "shooting up" the town of Brownsville, Tex. The motion to lay on the table was made by a Republican and carried by the Republicans.

A compromise of the proposed reduction in railway mail pay has been agreed upon between representatives of various railroads which have mail contracts and the house committee on postoffices and postroads. The reduction will amount to more than $3,000,000 annually.

By a unanimous vote the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce decided to make a favorable report on a resolution for the investigation of the methods of cotton exchanges by the department of commerce and labor.

The senate committee on the Philippines has authorized a favorable report on the bill providing for the establishment of a bank in the Philippines for the encouragement of agriculture by loans.

The senate has passed a bill increasing the pension of survivors of the Indian wars from $8 to $10 a month. The committee report says there are now 5,000 survivors of these wars.

The house has adopted an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill providing for a continuation of the distribution of free seeds.

The senate has agreed to vote on the resolution declaring Senator Smoot not entitled to his seat at 4 o'clock Wednesday, Feb. 20.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

In a speech before the National Geographical society at Washington Senator Perkins of California said: "We have laid the foundation for commercial supremacy on the Pacific ocean and at some point in the future course of national destiny the pathways of national progress on the part of Japan and the United States will converge to a point of inevitable conflict."

In discussing the fuel and food shortage in portions of the Northwest James J. Hill said in an interview at New York: "Notwithstanding the severity of the winter a wrong impression prevails in the East regarding the sufferings of our Western citizens. That idea has been fostered out there by the little politicians who have been sending telegrams to Washington."

Grover Cleveland, former president of the United States, has been elected chairman of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents. Mr. Cleveland also will act as chief counsel for the association. He will receive $25,000 a year.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Judge Beitler, at Philadelphia, has handed down a decision for the city in the suits against D. J. McNichol & Co. to recover $5,000,000 which it was alleged had been fraudulently received by the firm on contracts for the construction of the city's filtration plant.

The suit of the receivers of the Bay State Gas company of Delaware against Henry H. Rogers, in connection with the ownership of stock of the Boston Gas company, has been settled by an agreement to pay the receivers $1,500,000.

The Union Pacific and Northwest-

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, March 6th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 67.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

ation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Christian A. Loken.
State of Minnesota, County of Red ke in Probate court.
n the Matter of the Estate of Chris n A. Loken Decedent:
The State of Minnesota to Andrew H. ken, Ole A. Loken, Halvor A. Loken, rit A. Loken, Anna A. Loken and ri A. Loken and all persons interest in the final account and distribution the estate of said decedent: The rep entative of the above named dece nt, having filed in this court his final ount of the administration of the es e of said decedent, together with his ition praying for the adjustment and owance of said final account and for tribution of the residue of said estate the persons thereunto entitled; erefore, you, and each of you, are eby cited and required to show se, if any you have, before this court the Probate Court Rooms in the rt House, in the City of Red Lake ls in the County of Red Lake, State Minnesota, on the 23rd day of Feb ry 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said ition should not be granted.
Witness, the Judge of said court, and Seal of said Court, this 25th day of uary 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
jan 31 feb 14

Notice for Publication.

epartment of the Interior, Land Office at okston, Minn., Feb. [illegible] 1907.
otice is hereby given that Mathilde Ruhnke, w of August Ruhnke deceased, of Germ town Minnesota, has filed notice of his tion to make final commutation proof in port of his claim viz Homestead Entry No made June [illegible] for the Lots [illegible] Sec. [illegible] N., R. [illegible] W. [illegible] N. W. [illegible] Lots [illegible] tion [illegible] Township [illegible] N. Range [illegible] W. and said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land e, at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 19, [illegible]
names the following witnesses to prove continuous residence upon, and cultivation the land, viz
[illegible] of Germantown, Minnesota.
[illegible] Vaughan, [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] Roarer, [illegible]
[illegible] mar 14

R J MONTAGUE, Register.

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RETAKE OF PRECEDING PAGE

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NEW THEATER AT STOCKHOLM

Exclusive Literary Set of the City Will Be the Patrons of a Unique Playhouse.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

A theater, which in many respects will be a departure from the conventional opera house or Swedish "teater," will be erected in Stockholm in the near future by Theater Director Falck and will be known as "The Literary theater." It will be completed in September next and the economic end of it has already been vouchsafed by substantial business men of Stockholm, Malmo and Helsingborg. The theater will be characteristically simple in all its appointments and will be modeled after the Kleines theater in Berlin, and will have a seating capacity of 500. The walls of the theater will have no decorations, but Swedish artists will be given the privilege of here exhibiting their paintings free of charge. The exclusive literary set of Stockholm will constitute the patrons of this unique playhouse and only those plays of strictly literary and dramatic value will here be rendered. The first series of plays will be from the pen of August Strindberg, the initiatory play to be given being his charming Dromspelet (Dream Play). No restaurant or buffet will be erected in connection with the new theater. The literary and critically inclined people of Stockholm are much interested, for now they can have a theater which they can really call their own.

The directors of the Separator company at their annual meeting decided to issue applications for more stock, about 600 shares, at 1,000 crowns each, thus making the maximum capital stock of the company 60,000,000 crowns. The De Laval cream separator is known the world over and is in general use all over the United States. Perhaps no other Swedish invention has been so useful to the world as the De Laval cream separator and the separator company is now one of the largest business institutions in Sweden.

The new Gustav Vasa church, which has but recently been completed at an expenditure of 1,000,167 crowns, has proven to be an expensive undertaking by the communicant members, who now have to raise a sum of 40,000 crowns, which represents the extra sum of money it took to complete this massive edifice. A series of concerts and entertainments have been arranged for the season and everything is being done to pay up this large debt. The edifice is now one of the most beautiful in its style in all Sweden.

A large "fest hall" with a seating capacity of 12,000 will be erected in the near future near Sture street in Stockholm. The money to be expended on this structure will be raised by popular subscription and about 10,000 crowns have already been secured. In this immense hall will be held all the great annual song festivals and international sporting tournaments. Stockholmians generally are enthusiastic over the project and little doubt is entertained that the necessary funds will soon be forthcoming.

Erik Hakansson is the name of a promising young actor who died a few days ago in Veijle sanatorium in Denmark from a fatal attack of tuberculosis. Although only 26 years old he had already gained a place for himself in the stage world, which might well be envied. He was the leading man with his mother, Julia Hakansson's theatrical company and wherever he appeared he scored successes.

Crown Princess Victoria is seriously ill in Karlsruhe and there are grave apprehensions anent her condition. Crown Prince Gustaf has departed for Karlsruhe. King Oscar on the contrary is improving gradually and has during the past few days been able to walk about in his rooms. His appetite shows a marked improvement and his temperature is absolutely normal.

Charlotte Bergstrom, a well known and popular actress in Sweden, died in Copenhagen Jan. 12. She was born in Stockholm and made her debut when but 16 years old with Pierre Deland's company and appeared for a number of years in every country town of any consequence until 1878 when she retired. She was married to Gustaf Bergstrom, a theatrical director, in 1863.

The population of Gothenburg is now 153,737, showing an increase of 3,720 during the last year. No city in Sweden has shown such a marked increase in population. Next in order comes Malmo, with a population of 73,101, showing an increase of 2,132. Sweden has now twenty-three cities with a population of over 10,000 people.

W. T. Stead, the world renowned writer and traveler, who has been spending the last few weeks in Rome, is expected to visit Stockholm. During his sojourn in Stockholm Mr. Stead will be the guest of Baron Tamm on Fano and Lord Barnekow on Stora Sundby. Mr. Stead will visit Norway some time next month.

Since the death of Bishop Charlesville, the eldest among Sweden's bishops are Bishops Ullmann and Johansson, both of whom were born in 1837. The youngest bishop in the country is Bishop Bergquist, who was born in 1862.

The Riksbank (National bank) of Stockholm has opened an account with the National City bank of New York and has been doing business with that banking institution since Jan. 1.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

In a letter to Foreign Minister Lovland, who is president of the Nobel committee, President Roosevelt, who was awarded the peace prize, Dec. 10 last, writes that he will value the diploma and medal as long as he lives and after his death they will be as highly prized by his children. The president, in informing Minister Lovland of the disposition of the money part of the prize, adds that peace among the various classes of society in modern civilization is of just as great importance as peace between nations. He believed, therefore, that the use to which he was putting the money was entirely in sympathy with the aims of the Nobel foundation.

Captain Otto Sverdrup, who was captain of the crew of the famous "Fram," has become a plantation owner in Cuba and is at present visiting his old home in Christiania. The captain thrives well in Cuba, where he now owns 1,400 acres of land on which he has planted 30,000 banana trees. A number of his friends will accompany him to his return to Cuba and may determine to locate there.

A number of English and German journalists have been invited to attend the Winter Carnival of Sports in Trondhjem this month. The executive committee of the carnival association has been authorized to pay their fares going and coming from their respective destination.

Eggs to the value of 1,100,000 crowns have been sent from Stavanger to Christiania during the past six months. The egg industry in Stavanger and vicinity has been a great thing for the farmers there and some of them are now in comparatively good circumstances.

The earthquake shock which passed over Norway Jan. 10 was distinctly felt in Christiania. People rushed from their beds and many ran out of their houses. The shock was felt in the Mjos meadows, but was but slightly felt in Bergen and Trondhjem.

Much Norwegian capital finds its way to Swedish banks nowadays in order that the tax commission may be avoided. The Vermland Private bank (Swedish) is advertising its rate of interest in Norwegian papers and is securing many patrons.

F. E. Hay has been appointed British consul in Christiania. Mr. Hay has for a number of years been in the consular service, having been in South American republics and on the continent. His last post was in Bordeaux, France.

The site for the king's villa has now been chosen, viz., on a commanding point in Holmenkollen, where an excellent view can be had over the surrounding country. Building on the villa will commence some time next May.

An English company, known as the Alma Wood Export company, has been organized with headquarters in Holmestrand. The capital involved is 25,000 crowns. A number of Christiania business men are also interested.

Bergen has now a population of 82,000 and is growing more rapidly than any other Norwegian city at the present time. Bergen, too, does a larger export business than any other city in the country.

The population of Christiania is now 228,000. During the year of 1906 there were 6,023 births and 2,930 deaths. The population of the city is therefore on a slow increase.

Bergen's representative in the Norwegian maritime commission, Olaf O. Bergh, has declined a reappointment. His successor has as yet not been chosen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

According to newspaper reports, King Fredrick has founded a new order to be known as a "husorden" in memory of his esteemed father, King Christian. The decoration consists of an oval silver shield in the center of which is engraved the king's name. On the shield is mounted the royal crown—all in gold. Originally it was King Fredrick's intention that the decoration should be awarded to only members of the royal household on the anniversary day of King Christian's death. A number of these orders were, however, awarded to a few members of the Danish royal family prior to Jan. 1 of this year.

Peter Petersen's farm house and outbuildings in Tollerup were burned to the ground Jan. 14. A large number of horses and cattle were burned and the occupants of the house barely escaped with their lives. Two servant girls employed on the place have since confessed that they put fire to the house because they tired of their work. They also confessed that their plans were to poison the entire family. The two girls have been placed under arrest, but will, owing to their age, be given a lenient punishment.

A new steamship company has been organized in Copenhagen for traffic on the North sea and the Baltic. The company will have its headquarters in Copenhagen and will be known as the Stauton Steamship company. One large steamer has been purchased in Gothenburg and two new steamers have been ordered from Burmeister & Wain in Helsingfors.

MARION E. [illegible]

SAVES WIFE AN BABY

ST. PAUL FIREMAN FINDS HIS FAMILY UNCONSCIOUS IN BURNING HOME.

Letter Telling of Good Fortune Received After Despondent Mill City Laborer Kills Himself—Austrian Stabbed to Death in Hibbing Saloon Following Quarrel Over Cards—General State News.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Patrick J. McDonough and her one-year-old baby, 472 South Robert street, were found unconscious on the floor of the kitchen of the family apartments at 4 o'clock a. m. by her husband, a fireman, who had responded to the call, not knowing where he was going.

Mrs. McDonough keeps a lamp burning in her room during the night, and it is said to have exploded. The noise awoke her, and by the time she got out of bed the carpets and furniture were ablaze.

She grabbed her babe in her arms and managed to get past the flames. In running through the kitchen with the baby her neck struck a clothes line. The contact with the line threw her, and the mother and babe fell backward on the floor stunned, where they remained until rescued by McDonough. The property loss is small.

GOOD NEWS CAME TOO LATE.

Man Who Committed Suicide Was Heir to a Small Fortune.

Minneapolis, Feb. 11.—If he had only borne his misfortune a little longer Santa Valentine, the young German who committed suicide in the Kendall hotel in this city a week ago, would now be on the way to Germany to claim $5,000 that had been left him by an uncle. Henry Braun of this city received word from a friend in Germany who wrote telling of the division of a large estate. Mr. Braun, not knowing that Valentine was dead, started out to find him. After searching lodginghouses in vain he went to police headquarters, where Captain Riviere told him the facts.

The letter stated that Santa Valentine had been named as heir to a portion of an uncle's estate and that his portion will amount to about $5,000.

Valentine committed suicide because he was in poor health and hard up.

FATAL QUARREL OVER CARDS.

Austrian Stabbed to Death in a Saloon at Hibbing, Minn.

Duluth, Feb. 11.—A game of cards played in the rear room of a saloon, run by an Austrian named Kloinz, at Hibbing, Minn., resulted in the killing of Mike Robovina, an Austrian, by John Bosic, his fellow countryman. Robovina, Bosic and the barkeeper were playing until about 2:30 a. m., when Bosic, who was $4 winner, announced that he was going to quit. He walked into the barroom and invited the others to have a drink with him, and threw a handful of silver on the bar. Robovina made a grab for the money, and as he did so Bosic pushed him aside. This resulted in a quarrel, during which Robovina pulled out a knife with a four-inch blade and stabbed Bosic in the right shoulder.

COAL BY EXPRESS.

Shipments Sent From Duluth to Bottineau, N. D.

Duluth, Feb. 9.—Coal is being shipped by express from Duluth to Dakota points. Orders for two 500-pound sacks were filled during the day, the coal being consigned to Bottineau, N. D. Families living there telegraphed friends in Duluth that they were in danger of perishing from the cold. The shipments also included provisions and candles. The roads running out of Duluth are taking radical steps to avert the threatened coal shortage in the Twin Cities and in one day a total of 850 cars of coal left the Head of the Lakes on the three roads.

FOR SHIPMENT TO RUSSIA.

Minneapolis Firm Sells 560,000 Bushels of Durum.

Minneapolis, Feb. 9.—The Interior Elevator company of Minneapolis has sold 560,000 bushels of durum wheat to an importing firm in Russia which is buying in this country on account of the famine conditions at home. The shipment, part of which is already en route, will be shipped to Riga and thence distributed through the Russian area where there has been a crop failure.

ROLLING MILL BURNS.

Vesta, Minn., Has Early Morning Fire, Causing $15,000 Loss.

Vesta, Minn., Feb. 9.—The Vesta roller mill burned to the ground early this morning. The loss is estimated at $15,000. The mill was built during the summer of 1904 and was owned by Charles A. Fleming. The fire originated in the engineroom and was not discovered until the whole building was enveloped in flames.

Four More Victims of Dogs.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Four more victims of rabid dogs have reported their injuries to Health Commissioner Ohage, making a total of eleven reported for two days. Three other persons known to have been bitten have not reported their cases to the health department. Dr. Ohage says all dogs running at large that are not muzzled will be shot.

GUESTS FORCED TO JUMP.

Hotel at Kelliher, Minn., Destroyed by Fire.

Kelliher, Minn., Feb. 10.—Fire at 5:15 yesterday morning destroyed the Hotel Kelliher and contents and the Boston building, occupied by Noble & Johnson's grocery store and Titus & Chapman's meat market.

The origin of the fire is a mystery, but from what can be learned the night clerk at the hotel had just lighted the fire in the kitchen and when he returned in a short time the interior of the kitchen was a mass of flames and spreading rapidly to the adjoining rooms and the upper story.

An alarm was immediately turned in, but so rapidly did the fire spread that the occupants had barely time to escape with what clothing they could carry, some being forced to jump from the upper story.

Peter Larkins of Bemidji was among those who jumped from the second story of the burning hotel building and in falling to the ground he sustained serious injuries about the head and shoulders.

The flames spread quickly to the Boston building, adjoining the hotel, the contents of which were being rapidly carried to places of safety. Both buildings were completely destroyed, but the damage to the contents of the Boston building is but slight.

ENGINE BACKS INTO HOUSE.

Minneapolis Family Narrowly Escapes Death.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—The family of Charles Swedblom suffered a miraculous escape from injury when a Great Northern freight engine backed into the family dwelling at 601 Polk street northeast and tore one-half of it completely away.

The house is situated across the street from the end of one of the company's stub lines and in some manner the engineer miscalculated the distance to the end of the spur and the engine continued across the street and into the dwelling.

Six members of the family were in the house at the time of the accident. Mr. Swedblom had just stepped out doors and when he saw what was coming he yelled to the inmates to run to the kitchen and this is what saved them, that part of the house remaining uninjured.

TWO MEN BURNED TO DEATH.

Cook and His Assistant Perish in a Fire Near Duluth.

Duluth, Feb. 7.—Ruben Olson, a cook, and John Salberg, a cookee, were burned to death while asleep in their cook shanty at Shields station, about thirty miles from Duluth.

The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed that the blaze started from the stove, in which a fire was kept burning all night. The two men bunked there together, while the other men slept in the large building nearby.

When the fire was discovered about 2 o'clock in the morning the cook shanty was one mass of flames. Efforts were made to save the two men, but it was too late to render them any assistance. The charred bodies were recovered

MILL UNDER GUARD.

Strike at Montgomery, Minn., No Nearer Settlement.

St. Peter, Minn., Feb. 10.—Strikers at the Quirk flour mills in Montgomery resolutely refuse to compromise or arbitrate and the trouble is no nearer adjustment than it was when the packers walked out three weeks ago.

Sheriff John Traxler of Le Sueur Center has a force of deputies guarding the company's property, but there have been no serious clashes, although John Maraska, a young man living at Montgomery, was arrested charged with assaulting Park Quirk, one of the owners of the mill. His trial was held at Waterville, but the prosecution failed to convict, the jury disagreeing.

FIVE MEN ARE STABBED.

Austrians Battle With Knives at Duluth and One May Die.

Duluth, Feb. 7.—A desperate free-for-all fight occurred late at night in an Austrian boardinghouse at 209 Central avenue, West Duluth.

Five or six men were wounded with knives, four being given medical attention at the police station.

Mike Bozichk received such severe slashes over the head that his recovery is in doubt and he was hurried to a hospital.

The efforts of five patrolmen were required to suppress the riot. Nobody has ascertained yet what it was all about.

BANK CLOSES ITS DOORS.

Depositors Notified to Call and Get Their Money.

Faribault, Minn., Feb. 9.—The Lonsdale bank has closed its doors and will wind up its business. The depositors have all been notified to call and get their money, as the bank wishes to quit business. The depositors will be paid in full. Lonsdale is a new town in the northwestern part of Rice county and is not large enough to support a bank.

CAUSE OF TRAGEDY UNKNOWN.

Buffalo Man Kills Two Other Persons and Himself.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Grover Lockwood shot and killed Joseph Snyder and his wife, Elizabeth Snyder. Then he ran across the street and seeing policemen about to take him, shot and killed himself. The cause of the tragedy has not yet developed.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Edward Yanish will, it is said, be appointed postmaster at St. Paul to succeed the late General M. D. Flower.

Frank P. Nantz of Minneapolis has been appointed collector of revenue of Porto Rico, with headquarters at San Juan.

Thomas Lowry, the Minneapolis traction magnate, has donated $10,000 to the Lombard Universalist college at Galesburg, Ill.

An epidemic of grip prevails at Mankato. Court officials are on the sick list and the regular term has been postponed for two weeks.

Ira H. Shattuck, for sixteen years associated with the late Colonel Wood and A. E. Zonne as part owner in the Nicollet hotel of Minneapolis, is dead.

Mrs. John Barnard of Blue Earth is dead, aged eighty years. Her husband was an itinerant Methodist preacher in Minnesota in pioneer days.

Dr. Louis Dwight Shipman of Minneapolis, a specialist on diseases of the throat, is dead of malignant diphtheria, which he had contracted from one of his patients.

Mrs. Harry Footner of Mankato was badly burned while shaking down the ashes in a coal stove. The coffee pot on the stove was overturned, the hot contents running over her head and shoulders.

A Syrian peddler of unknown name was burned to death in the village jail at McKinley, where he was confined for disorderly conduct. Only the man's headless and charred trunk was found in the ruins.

While repairing the track of the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad in Fritsche's ravine, two miles north of New Ulm, Charles Brandt, the section foreman, met his death by being struck by a southbound freight train.

C. R. Lord of Wells has the champion cow of that locality. He kept a record of her achievements the past year and finds that she gave 9,280 pounds of milk, with a fat test of 4.20 per cent. The milk was sold and brought $220.

Because the concerns engaged in granite polishing at St. Cloud cannot profitably quarry and polish the stone a movement is on foot to organize a company with a capital of $200,000 which will take entire charge of the quarrying of the stone.

Rex Clay, a brakeman on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road was awarded $35,000 damages by jury at Austin for personal injuries Clay's back was broken and he has lain helpless since the accident, which occurred at Lyle, this state, in December, 1905.

As a result of the determined movement towards securing cheaper street car fares the Minneapolis city council has passed an ordinance requiring the street railway company to sell six tickets for 25 cents, each of which is to be good for one ride. This applies only to those lines within the Minneapolis city limits.

Frank P. Noyes, thirty-six years old, a switchman in the employ of the Northern Pacific road, was killed at Duluth last week. He threw a switch for a train and, stepping backward, got in the way of another train and was run down. Both legs and one arm were severed and he died without recovering consciousness.

Touston Heggerson, twenty-two years old, is dead at Red Wing after an illness of several months. Nine years ago he was accidentally shot by the discharge of a revolver held by a companion. The bullet lodged near the heart and was never extracted. His heart had troubled him ever since and death was due to that cause

Progress on the preliminary work of the Minneapolis, Rochester and Duluth Traction company's route is so rapid that early operation of the electric line from Minneapolis to Dubuque is a strong probability. It is reported at the head offices in Minneapolis that 190 miles of right of way have been secured, leaving only fifty-six to be obtained. Twenty-six men are now at work on the remainder of the line.

Ray W. Jones, former lieutenant governor of Minnesota, will leave Minneapolis soon to go to the Pacific coast with the intention of making his home there permanently. Mr. Jones has lived in Minneapolis for thirty years and for a greater part of that time has taken an active interest in the politics of the state. He will engage in business in the Canadian Northwest, with headquarters at Vancouver.

Mayor Ward of Fairmont, backed by the city council, is getting after the bucketshops at that place. The council has passed a resolution directing the city attorney to draw up an ordinance imposing a license fee of $100 a month upon every bucketshop that does business in Fairmont. A resolution was also passed calling upon Senator Hinton and Representative Schrooten to do all they can to secure the passage by the legislature of a law prohibiting bucketshops in Minnesota.

The Minnesota Tax league was formally launched at St. Paul last week as an organization devoted to the study of problems in taxation as well as to aid in legislation making for the best results to both the state and the taxpayer. The first formal action of the league was to direct the executive committee to communicate with the members of the legislature with a view to passing a bill providing a direct tax on mortgages and also to urge the passage of an act providing for the creation of a permanent tax

THE DEATH RECORD.

Count John A. Creighton, the philanthropist, who has been ill with pneumonia and other complications, is dead at Omaha. Because of his great charities to Catholic school organization the late Pope Leo made Mr. Creighton a count of the papal court.

Brigadier General Samuel Beckley Holabird, retired, one of the oldest and best known United States army officers in the country and former quartermaster general, is dead in Washington after a brief illness, in his eightieth year.

Congressman John Franklin Rixey of the Eighth Virginia district is dead. Mr. Rixey entered the house with the Fifty-fifth congress and has been continuously a member of that body since that time.

Right Rev. A. K. Sagen, bishop of the Norwegian Lutheran synod for the district including the United States east of the Mississippi river, is dead at La Crosse, Wis.

Mary B. Anthony, sister and lifelong co-worker of Susan B. Anthony, is dead at Rochester, N. Y. Miss Anthony would have been eighty years old in April.

Preston H. Leslie, who had the distinction of having been governor of Kentucky and of the territory of Montana, is dead at Helena, Mont.

United States District Judge Charles D. Parlange died suddenly of apoplexy at New Orleans.

Rear Admiral Albert Kautz, U. S. N., retired, is dead at Florence, Italy.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

John B. McDonald of New York, the contractor who constructed the subway, has been elected president of the Panama Construction company. This company was formally organized under the laws of the state of New York for the purpose of building the Panama canal in the event that the contract is awarded by the government to William J. Oliver, one of the contractors, and his associates.

John D. Rockefeller, through his son, John D., Jr., announced to the general education board at a special meeting in New York city, a gift of $32,000,000 in income bearing securities. Mr. Rockefeller had previously given the board $11,000,000.

James J. Hill, in an interview at New York, is quoted as saying that instead of a further reduction in railroad freight rates he believed the railroads would soon have to consider the making of an advance.

The heaviest snowfall in years has impeded traffic in the Atlantic coast and Eastern states. Decidedly cold weather accompanied the storm.

Frank O. Briggs, Rep., has been elected senator from New Jersey to succeed John F. Dryden.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Justice of the Peace Robert Cortese was fatally injured in his office at Paterson, N. J., by the explosion of an infernal machine sent him by express. The office was wrecked and the detonation could be heard for blocks. Judge Cortese was removed to a hospital, where he died.

Democratic Congressman-elect G. K. Favrot has been indicted by the grand jury at Baton Rouge, La., on a charge of murder for shooting Dr. Harry Aldrich, one of the leading physicians of Baton Rouge.

The jury for the second trial of President Shea of the Teamsters' union and other Chicago labor leaders on charges of conspiracy founded upon the teamsters' strike of 1905 has been completed.

The jury in the case of Dr. J. W. Simpson, on trial at Riverhead, L. I., charged with the murder of his father-in-law, returned a verdict of not guilty.

At Buffalo, N. Y., Grover Lockwood shot and killed Joseph Snyder and his wife, Elizabeth Snyder. He then shot and killed himself.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 9.—Wheat—May, 81½@82c; July, 83@83¼c; Sept., 79¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 87½c; No. 1 Northern, 85½c; No. 2 Northern, 83¼@83½c; No. 3 Northern, 80½@81½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$6.80@6.90. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 86c; No. 1 Northern, 84c; No. 2 Northern, 82c; May, 82⅝@82¾c; July, 82⅝c; Sept., 80c. Flax—To arrive, $1.23; on track and in store, $1.23¼; May, $1.24½; July, $1.23¾; Oct., $1.18.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Wheat—May, 80¼@80⅜c; July, 79⅞@80c. Corn—May, 46⅞@47c; July, 46½c. Oats—May, 41c; July, 37¾c. Pork—May, $17.95; July, $18.02½. Butter—Creameries, 21@31½c; dairies, 20@29c. Eggs—22@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.25; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.70; Texans, $3.90@4.50; calves, $6.00@7.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.85@7.15; good heavy, $7.00@7.15; rough heavy, [illegible]; light, [illegible] 7.14; pigs, [illegible]

TEACHERS WILL MEET.

Next Gathering to Be Held in Thief River Falls This Month.

An Interesting Program Is Now Being Prepared.

The next meeting of the Red Lake County Teachers' association will be held at Thief River Falls on Friday and Saturday, February 22 and 23.

The committee in charge of the program preparation reports fair progress, and hope for one of the largest and most interesting gatherings in the history of the association. While all the details are not fully completed, the following is a brief outline of the program that will be rendered:

Friday Afternoon, Feb. 22.

Discussion of State Teachers' Examination questions written upon Jan. 31st, Feb. 1st and 2nd, 1907.

Friday Evening.

Lecture on Alaska by Dr. Gamble. Music and entertainment will be furnished by the High School Mandolin Club, and by the faculty and students of Thief River Falls schools.

Saturday, Feb. 23.

Discussion of examination questions continued.

All teachers are requested to bring exhibits of work done in their respective schools by pupils in all grades.

Prof. Hay has charge of the evening's entertainment, and a good time is assured.

The "Official Call" for the Minnesota Sunday School Convention.

The forty-ninth annual convention will be held in the city of Minneapolis, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 10, 11 and 12, 1907.

This will be a mass convention and every county will be allowed to send as many delegates as it can get to come. However, all delegates must obtain credentials from either pastor or superintendent in order to receive entertainment.

We are assured of the presence of the following noted persons during the entire convention: Dr. H. M. Hamill Chairman of the committee on education of the international Sunday School Association, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. Mary Foster Bryner, International Field Worker, Peoria, Ill.; E. A. Fox, President Inter Field Workers Association, Louisville, Ky.; Prof. S. H. Meyers, Chicago, Leader of Convention Chorus; W. H. Iawin, General Secretary Manitoba Sunday School Association, Winnipeg, Can.; and other noted specialists from our neighboring states will be present during part of the convention; and last but not least, the best Sunday School specialists of Minnesota will be there.

No such array of talent has ever been offered to any Sunday School convention in Minnesota and therefore we earnestly ask the hearty co-operation of all pastors, superintendents and other Sunday School workers of the state in giving the greatest publicity to this convention.

All railroads in the state will give a fare and one third for the round trip on the certificate plan.

In behalf of the Executive Committee,
J. H. Martin,
Chairman.
Dated at Minneapolis, Feb. 1, 1907.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O.

FINCH-SMITH TO BUILD.

Local Wholesale House to Erect a Building in the Spring.

The following is taken from the last Friday's issue of the Crookston Times:

Finch-Smith company of this city will build as soon as spring opens at Thief River Falls. They have maintained a branch house there for some time, and the business from the Soo road has proved so good that they will put up a building of their own on land which they own there. They have not yet decided on the size of the building or the material of which it will be built. The lot which they own is just opposite the Thief River Falls Milling company's building, and is convenient to the Soo road upon which they will ship most of their goods from this house.

C. R. Winslow of this city and W. K. Nash of Grand Forks spent yesterday at the Falls looking into the matter of putting up the building and they decided to build this spring. Mr. Winslow stated today that they intended to increase the amount of stock carried at the Upper Falls city, and that they expected a splendid business from that branch of the Soo road. While this road has been tied up most of the winter, they are now getting it open and the big new rotary recently secured by the Soo is doing good work in opening it up. They have got the line open as far as Adams, and it will only be a question of a short time before the entire line will be open. The new house at Thief River Falls will be supplied from the big house in this city.

MUCH SNOW FALLEN.

U. S. Weather Observer Grasse Gives Comparative Snowfall Figures.

U. S. Weather Observer Grasse of the Moorhead office has furnished the following comparative figures anent the snowfall during the seasons 1896-7 and 1906-7:

	winter of 1896-7	winter of 1906-7
November	30.4	14.6
December	7.1	13.8
January	15.5	17.5
February	13.6	
March	7.3	
Total	73.9	45.3
Total to Jan. 31	53.	

It will be noted that while the snowfall of the winter of 1896-7 to Jan. 31 was 53 inches whereas the snowfall during the present winter to Jan. 31 was 45.8 inches, the difference is only 7.2 inches.

The heavy snowfall in the winter of 1896-7 was in November, the first month of the winter, being more than double that of November of last year, but the snowfall during December of 1906 was nearly double that of December, 1896 and the snowfall during the past month was nearly two inches greater than during January, 1897. Should February and March make a record to that of December and January, the snowfall for this winter will exceed that of 1896-7 and render the recurrence of a big flood probable. February and March have a chance to become very popular months in the Red River Valley.

Road-Making in Winter.

It is something out of the ordinary to see a grading machine at work on the roads at this time of the year, but that is what is being done on the road between Hallock and Lancaster this week. There is a good deal of traffic between the two towns and the road has become built up so high with snow that teams could not turn out to pass one another. The wooden plow that has been made for the purpose proved too light to level off the hard packed snow and the Era road grader has been brought into use.

The front wheels were taken off and a strong front bob substituted. In place of the rear wheels a bob was made of 6x6 timbers with ten foot runners set ten feet apart. This device is said to do the work satisfactorily. W. J. Beattie is engineering the job and deserves a good deal of credit for the good work he is doing.—Hallock News.

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Patti's First Audience.

Adelina Patti once gave the following account of her first audience: At six years of age I was a prima donna of the nursery. When I had been put to bed on my return home with my father and mother from the opera I used to make sure that they and the rest of the family were asleep, and then I would hop out from beneath the counterpane and fancy myself a great cantatrice, bowing before the plaudits of a huge audience. I admit my audience was a little apathetic, but, after all, that is not to be wondered at, for they were only a row of dolls which I had ranged on chairs before me.

In Doubt.

On a famous rifle range there was an important team match one day, and the men were firing in pairs, one for each team, side by side. The best shot on the home team was given to aiming so long that bets were made on whether or not he had gone to sleep at the firing point. Presently he withdrew his head from the stock of his rifle, lowered the barrel and asked his opponent in a low voice:

"Did I fire or did you?"—Forest and Stream.

Work and Fatigue.

What fatigues the motive power is getting to work. Once the mind is fascinated and the field of consciousness restricted to a single object the brain works without exhausting itself. Let us apply ourselves for a good time to whatever we do and have several hours of sustained labor. By quitting the task to dream, to smoke a cigarette or to watch a fly one becomes exhausted. —Paris Revue.

Might Have Made a Killing.

A physician took it into his head to go rabbit shooting. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon he returned, tired out and empty handed, telling his wife that he hadn't killed a thing. Thereupon she remarked: "I told you so. If you had stayed at home and attended to your legitimate business you might have been more successful."—Chicago News.

Sweetly Said.

The influence of locality upon speech is illustrated by a reply received from a Vermont farmer and quoted in the Boston Herald. The old man had been questioned in regard to the value of an estate left by one of his neighbors. "Waal," said he, with great deliberation, "we cal'late he'll sugar off about $50,000."

No Wedding Bells For Him.

Weary Willie (reading "ad.")—Man wanted to chop wood, bring up coal, tend furnace, take care of garden, mind chickens and children. Frayed Fagin (groaning)—Gee! Dem matrimonial advertisements make me tired. —Judge.

Between friends frequent reproofs make the friendship distant.—Confucius.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.
In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal and Anna Maria Rendal and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of February 1907.

SEAL.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
feb 14-28

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1907 NUMBER 8

SOO HAULS THE MAIL

Gets a Part of the Business Between St. Paul and Winnipeg.

A Keen Contest for the Business Between the Two Roads.

For the first time yesterday the Soo's Winnipeg flyer hauled mail from Winnipeg to St. Paul. For the past two years there has been a spirited contest on between the Soo and Great Northern.

After careful consideration of the question of the transportation of mails going west from the twin cities by way of the Canadian Pacific, to which road transfer is made at Winnipeg, the postmaster general has directed the transfer of a portion of the business from the Great Northern to the Soo road.

The contest over this contract has been waged here for several weeks, altho it has been kept very quiet. The Great Northern wishing to continue to carry all the mail, and the Soo demanding a large share. The decision is in the nature of a compromise. It provides that mails going and coming from the west over the Canadian Pacific shall be carried by the Soo, which road connects with the Canadian Pacific at Winnipeg and in the same station. All other mail going to and coming from the west by way of Winnipeg will continue to be carried by the Great Northern.

So intense was the fight that it is understood that the Canadian government made a request to have the mail go over the Soo, on the ground that it would save the Dominion postoffice department the expense of transferring the mail in Winnipeg between the Canadian Northern and the Canadian Pacific stations, as well as insuring connections in that city. There is a hint also that the visit of Secretary Root to Ottawa had something to do with this order, altho no definite information could be had on this point.

United States government will save something by this change in route. The Great Northern is paid a rental for cars and in addition for the weight of the mail carried, while the Soo will be paid only for the weight carried, the latter road using what is known as an R. P. O. car, and the Great Northern its own cars, which are rented to the government.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

TWO BIG LAW SUITS.

Local Parties Sue the Great Northern for an Aggregate of $25,000.

Were Injured in a Wreck Out Near Minot Last December.

Two important law suits have been started in the district court of Red Lake county and will be tried at the March term of court. John Haley and his wife, Eliza Haley, of Thief River Falls, have commenced actions for damages to the amount of $10,000 and $15,000 respectively for damages alleged to have been sustained in a wreck out near Minot, N. D., on the 28th day of December last. W. A. Tautges, of this city, is attorney for both Mr. and Mrs. Haley.

The complaint recites that on the 28th day of December the plaintiffs were en-route from DesLacs, N. D., to Minot and were traveling on a Great Northern train which was wrecked. Mrs. Haley was pregnant and suffered the loss of her child as well as other injuries, the effects of which she believes she will never fully recover from. Mr. Haley also sustained injuries, and in addition sues for the loss of services of his wife.

—Subscribe for the News.

A DAKOTA BLIZZARD.

Traveling Man Tells of the Experience of a Dakota Family.

One Girl Frozen to Death and Others Exhausted.

A traveling salesman at the Ogahmah hotel last week told of a horrible experience that was brought to light a few days previous at Crosby, N. D. Jens and Hilda Mattson, who live on a claim southwest of Whitaker, accompanied by Miss Emma Helmerson, drove out into the hills to visit their sister. While there the provisions ran low and the fuel became exhausted and they were unable to sleep for several nights on account of the cold, so decided to return, although the storm was still raging. In driving Mr. Mattson's hands became cold and he dropped the reins and started to clap his hands. The team ran away, and the occupants were thrown out and left in a terrible raging blizzard. They had only gone a short distance when they lost their way and they wandered several miles, when Miss Bessie Mattson's strength gave out and she declared she could go no farther and sinking down in the snow begged them to go on without her. Her companions entreated her to make another effort and as it was useless to remain they left her lying in the snow and started onward, with every prospect of sharing her fate in a few hours. They were soon overcome by cold and fatigue and lay down in the snow. Mr. Mattson found that he still had some strength and covered his companions up and went on. He was about to give up when he saw a light ahead and found himself at the home of a farmer. A searching party was immediately formed and Mrs. Mattson and the girl were brought to shelter. The body of the dead girl was found the following day.

A NEW SEED CONTEST

Plans Outlined by the State School of Agriculture.

Arrangements to be Made for Better and Larger County Exhibits.

Principal D. D. Hayne of the School of Agriculture, has given the following brief statement of the plans for the contest to be held in Minnesota for 1907. The contestants are students in the schools of the state.

The plans for the contest this year are not fully matured, but a general outline is here given so that the county superintendents and teachers throughout the state may commence the work immediately.

Corn—The contest in corn will be carried on just as outlined in Rural School Bulletin no. 2.

Wheat and Oats—The contest in wheat and oats will be simplified somewhat. Instead of requiring each contestant to have a seed plot of one-fourth acre or more set aside especially for him, he will be allowed to make his selection of ten heads of the grain from any field on his home farm and may present these with a peck of the grain from the same field. The student then becomes the selecter and grader of wheat and oats, and not the grower necessarily. This will avoid the necessity of the student being put to the trouble of threshing seed plots separately.

Vegetable Exhibits—Prizes will be awarded for the best potatoes exhibited and grown by the contestants. Prizes will also be awarded for the best exhibit of five different vegetables grown by the contestants.

Fruit Exhibit—Prizes for the best apples grown on the home farm of the student, and selected by him will be awarded. The various classes in this contest will be published later and the prizes stated.

Contests is sewing and cooking for the girls are here outlined:

Needlework—Five classes: Handmade work apron; hand-made fancy apron; hand-made fancy apron; specimen of patching; specimen of darning; dressed doll.

Cooking Exhibit—Four classes: Wheat bread, one loaf; brown bread, one loaf; corn bread; one loaf; cake (fruit, chocolate, cocoanut or sponge.)

The State contest will be held December 19, 20 and 21. The first day of the contest will be given to placing the exhibits and viewing the State capitol. The second day will be spent at the School of Agriculture, where instruction will be given in agriculture, horticulture, domestic science and domestic art.

It is to be hoped that each County Superintendent will head a delegation of teachers and students from his or her county and that the school boards throughout the state will allow teachers who go with the pupils to the state meeting to close their schools on the 19th and 20th of December.

The best work can be done when the boys and girls in the schools of the State are organized into clubs. It is suggested that a "Boys Farm Club" and a "Girls' Home Club" be organized in each school, also that the county organization of these schools clubs be formed. At the next annual State contest a state federation of Boys' and Girls' clubs will be organized on this basis.

Sufficient plans are here given to enable the County Superintendent to organize and push the work in his county. The study and work in the schools this winter are a necessary preliminary to successful contests in the fall. It is urged that the work in each county of the State be pushed forward immediately.

How to Put Out a Fire.

Here as a simple and easy way to stop a chimney fire used by the fire department of the city of Appleton. The quickest, surest, neatest, easiest and most effective way to stop a chimney fire is to take a large wet cloth and wind it around the stove pipe just above the stove. The moisture from the cloth forms a cloud of steam inside the pipe which raises and smothers the fire in the chimney almost at once. This method has proven effective in the case of a fire so fierce that the stove pipe all the way from the stove to the chimney was red hot. The scheme was worked out by the fire department of Appleton from a pointer received in a causual observation and is now in use in the Appleton fire department to the exclusion of all other methods the chief beauty of the plan is its simplicity and the ease with which it can be used by any one. Simply saturate a large cloth with water, wind it around the stove pipe at any point where it is hot, the hotter the better, and the steam generated by this inside will do the rest.

Births and Deaths.

The report of births and deaths for the past year show an increase for Red Lake county of 160 births over the deaths; the total figures being 263 births and 103 deaths.

Thief River Falls leads in the number of births as well as deaths, having 105 births and 24 deaths. Red Lake Falls comes next with 36 births and 4 deaths Plummer has 1 birth and 1 death, while Terrebone has 21 births and 7 deaths and Equality 9 births and 0 deaths. St. Hilaire had 34 births 12 deaths.

NEW ORDER IS RECEIVED

Modified Order of the President Received at Crookston.

Effects five Year Proofs and Proofs on Ceded Lands.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 12, '07. Register and Receiver Land Office, Crookston, Minn.

Pursuance to conference with President, executive order of Jan. 25, was today ordered modified by excluding therefrom five year homestead proof and proofs on ceded Indian lands. H. Steenerson.

United States Land Office, Crookston, Minn., Feb. 14, '07. To the Press and to all Officers of the Crookston, Minnesota, Land District authorized by law to take final or Commuted Homestead Proofs.

Notice is hereby given that on February 12, 1907, the President modified and made clearer his order of January 25, 1907, so that now, in accordance with the modified order of February 12, 1907, all final five year homestead proofs and all commuted homestead proofs on ceded Indian lands, where annual payments are required to be made for the lands, may be taken and accepted and receipts are required to be issued in the same manner as prior to the order of January 25, 1907. That is, all final five year proofs on either public or ceded Indians lands may be taken the same as they were before January 25th, and also all commuted proofs on ceded Indian lands where $1.25 an acre or more has to be paid may be accepted as before said order of January 25th, 1907, but all commuted proofs on public lands and free Chippewa lands must be taken subject to the provisions of said order of January 25th. This means that no final receipt nor patent shall issue on commuted proofs made for free lands until an investigation and report has been made by a special agent and all other proofs will be taken as prior to January 25th. This order of February 12th supercedes the order of January 25th. R. J. Montague, Register.

LARGE LOT TIMBER CUT

F. A. Grace Thinks About the Usual Amount Is Cut.

White Pine Cut Will Be Short That of Last Year.

While the total cut of pine logs in Northern Minnesota this winter will probably be smaller than last, the total amount of all classes of timber cut will be larger than it was last season, says F. A. Grace of Bemidji

A few years ago the attention of the loggers was confined almost entirely to pine, but now it is different. Camps employing hundreds of men cut nothing but cedar and pulpwood.

Some very large cedar camps are established through the northern part of the state, particularly in the territory tributary to Bemidji along the Minnesota & International road. Large cedar swamps are to be found all over Northern Minnesota, and the quality of the timber along the Minnesota & International is particularly good, and the quantity large. Other camps are devoted exclusively to getting piling, posts, poles, railroad ties and pulpwood.

It is true that there has been a big scarcity of men for the woods almost all winter. This scarcity is very apparent at present. The camps have large enough crews to carry on operations with, but in many instances the crews really should be larger. Men sent to the cities to hire lumberjacks have not been meeting with very good success, and orders left with employment agents are only partly filled, because of the scarcity of men in the labor centers.

"Probably the average wage in the woods is higher this year than it ever was before in the history of Minnesota. A man who works steadily all winter in a camp and saves his money, can come out in the spring with a wad that will carry him through until next Christmas, and then leave him a little cash with which to purchase Christmas presents.

Lots of Suffering.

"People in Minnesota have no idea of the terrible suffering that has been going on in North Dakota during this cold spell," says W. W. Woolsey of Fargo. "An intimate friend of mine, a Portal merchant, went out a few days ago with a rescue party and brought back to that village as a result of one day's find, 12 bodies of people who had been frozen to death. I haven't the slightest idea but that hundreds of bodies will be found on the prairies when the snow clears away, as the suffering has been something horrible."

New Spring Goods

Complete line of new spring Dress Goods of every description in the latest styles, consisting of

Checks, Plaids and Plain Materials

in tan, black, blue, grey and all the new shades, ranging in price from 25c to $2.00 per yard. Also

NEW WHITE GOODS
NEW LACES
NEW EMBROIDERIES
NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS
NEW RIBBONS
New SHIRT WAISTS
NEW GINGHAMS
NEW PERCALES
NEW CHAWBRAYS
NEW CALICOS
NEW SKIRTS
New LINE OF CORSETS.

Call and see our new and elegant line of Ladies' Shoes for spring wear; all leathers, any style,

$2.00 TO $4.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THEO. KOSIN,
Merchant Tailor.

I am prepared to make suits cheaper than any of my competitors. Also suits cleaned, pressed and scoured and all other work done by the latest method.

THEO. KOSIN,
Thief River Falls.

A NEW LAW DESIRED

City Attorney Michelet Instructed to Draft One.

City Wants to Bond for Additional Improvements to Light Plant.

At a regular meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening the city attorney was instructed to prepare a bill which will be introduced in the state legislature allowing cities that own their own water works and electric light plants to bond for a sum not exceed to twenty per cent of the taxable valuation of the city. The city desires to have the bill passed as under present conditions the city cannot be bonded for some $20,000 more that is needed to make additional improvements to the electric light plant.

A motion was also made be Alderman Evenson, seconded by Alderman Lang that an expert be employed to look over the water works and electric light plant and make a report as to its condition.

A large number of bills were allowed and much time was taken up in reading over the new ordinances.

Had Fine Sport.

Last Wednesday the Sjoberg boys and Will Willer had some rare ski sport. There was a very strong wind blowing from the north and the boys each rigged a small sail which they held on their backs and started for Thief River. Orie Sjoberg went only as far as Sandridge, returning the same day on train. The other boys went on though to Thief River.

They claim they made the trip in about the same time the train does, but perhaps they exaggerate just a little in this statement. At any rate, they made it lots quicker than a team of horses could have done it and got an immense amount of sport out of the trip. They returned on the train Thursday.—Middle River Pioneer.

Shareholders Meeting.

The shareholders of the Farmers Exchange are requested to meet in Thief River Falls at the city hall on Friday, March 8 at 1 p. m.

Meeting called for the purpose of ratifying the by laws and considering the proposition of building or buying an elevator.

Those farmers who have not already taken shares are request to call and subscribe for shares. By order of the Directors.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O New York.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald Block
Grand Forks, - North Dak

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. [illegible]
Scientific American.
[illegible]
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, [illegible] F St., Washington, D. C.

FOSSTON MILL SOLD.

Duluth Wholesale House Buys the Fosston Woolen Mill.

It Is Quite Probable That a New Location Will Be Sought.

F. A Patrick & Co., wholesale merchants of Duluth, last Saturday closed a deal whereby they become the owners of the Fosston Woolen Mills plant. This concern for years has manufactured a very high grade of woolen goods and enjoys an excellent reputation. For the past year or so the business has not been paying very well, and last fall representatives of that company were in Thief River Falls endeavoring to have the plant removed to this city where it was believed woolen goods could be manufactured much cheaper than at Fosston.

It is understood that Patrick & Co., intend to enlarge the plant and greatly increase the output. It might be a good idea for the people of this city to make an attempt now to get the woolen mill located here. This city could offer many attractive inducements.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

—Sabbath morning worship at the usual hour 11 a. m.

Sabbath School at the usual hour 12.

All our other services will be in union with the people of the Methodist church in their church. We wish to press earnestly upon the attention of our people, the great opportunity which is ours in those meetings. Let all work and pray.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	68c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 07
Eggs	20c
Butter	22c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2¼c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4.00
Timothy hay	$5 00

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 16.—Wheat—May, 78⅝@78⅝c; July, 79⅝c; Sept., 77⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81⅝@81⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅝@80⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅝@78⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 75@76c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 81¼c; No. 1 Northern, 80¼c; May, 79⅝c; July, 80¼c; Sept., 78c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.21½; May, $1.22½; July, $1.22¾; Oct., $1.18½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $[illegible]; common to fair, $[illegible]; good to choice cows and heifers, $[illegible]@4.75; veals, $[illegible]. Hogs, $[illegible]. Sheep—Wethers, $[illegible]; good to prime spring lambs, $[illegible]@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Wheat—May, [illegible]; July, [illegible]. Corn—May, [illegible]; July, [illegible]. Oats—May, [illegible]. Pork—May, $17.[illegible]. [illegible] Creameries, [illegible]; dairies, [illegible]. Eggs—[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, [illegible].

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $[illegible]; cows and heifers, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]; Texans, $[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $[illegible]; good heavy, $[illegible]; rough heavy, $[illegible]; light, $[illegible]; pigs, $[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible]@5.40; lambs, $4.75@7.60.

ROAD IS NOW OPEN

Soo Gets the Wheatline Opened Up to Kenmare, N. D.

Passenger and Freight Service Again Established on This Line.

The Soo's big rotary snow plow arrived at Kenmare, N. D., on Sunday and on Monday started again for Thief River Falls. The rotary did excellent work and plowed its way through many banks of snow from ten to twenty-five foot high. Passenger and freight service has again been established on the line, although it is quite probable that trains will not be run on schedule time until Monday of next week.

The rotary is to remain in Thief River Falls and will be used exclusively for the Wheatline in the future. With this snow fighting machine it is not probable that the line will ever be blocked again this or any other winter.

Financial Report of Lyceum Course for 1906 and 1907.

Receipts.	
Sale of 100 Course tickets at $2	$218.00
Sale of 2 Course tickets at $2	2.00
Door Receipts	40.75
Rebate on Hall Rent	1.82
Total	262.57
Expenses:	
Contract for talent	$225.00
Hall Rent	30.00
To-night Bills	5.50
Express on advertising	2.07
Total	$262.57

The committee desires to thank all who helped to make our Course a Success.

Anouncement.

There will be scandinavian service Sunday evening in the S. D. A. church by Soo depot. Pastor J. F. Anderson from St. Paul will speak. Come and hear! Everybody welcome.

MEET AT RED LAKE

Firemen's Tournament to Be Held at That Place in June.

Meeting Promises to Be a Successful and Well Attended Affair.

Monday evening the executive committee of the North Western Minnesota Firemen's Tournament Association held an important meeting in Crookston for the purpose of setting the date for the annual tournament which will be held this year at Red Lake Falls. There was a large attendance of delegates and many matters in connection with the journey were discussed and plans laid for a big meeting.

A.A. Glenn acted as chairman of the meeting and after calling the delegates to order it was first decided that the dates for the tournament should be the 18-19-20-21 of June, four days. The program was not definitely decided on and but few minor changes were made in the races.

The banner for the association coupling contest was won for the third time consecutively last year by Bemidji and as a result the coveted trophy became the property of the Bemidji department which makes it necessary for a new banner to be provided this year. This will be furnished by Red Lake Falls this year, it being the custom for the city where the tournament is held to furnish the banners.

While the program of races and the prizes were talked over informally nothing definite will be done in that connection till later in the season. All the members of the committee were enthusiastic and look forward to some new records being made at the Red Lake Falls meet. The delegates from that place stated that the residents of their home town were making great preparations and planned on giving the firemen and other visitors a time they would not forget.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Read Hicks Ad.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

Dick Edmonds was down from Rollis last week.

C. M. Evenson was up to Middle River Monday.

A son was born to Dr. and Mrs Penny last Saturday.

Fr. Adolph was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Tom Lewis was down from Espele the first of the week.

Supt. J. H. Hay was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Alfred Boe was down from Greenbush the first of the week.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

Dr. Vistaunet was down to Crookston the first of the week on business.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Charles Newberry, the liveryman, was up to Middle River last Friday.

T. P. Hamre transacted business up on the Greenbush line last Friday.

H. M. Hicks was up to Greenbush Tuesday attending to business matters.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10.30.

Found—A ladies switch. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city, Monday, from Red Lake Falls.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Mrs. K. Skahl, of Thorwick, is reported as being low. She is suffering from consumption.

H. N. Hager, the land man, transacted business in Crookston the first of the week.

Albert Tenka, of Erie, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

Andy Erickson was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

E. K. Aasen came over from North Dakota last Friday to visit friends here.

W. E. Chapman, of Esples, was in the city last week and made the News office a pleasant call.

Andrew Stenseth transacted business at Warren and Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney Richardson was down to the county seat last week attending to some business matters.

The two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Granum died last Saturday from pneumonia.

P. N. Peterson, of Stone, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

E. J. Morrisey went down to Crookston Monday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

—Fred Goebler was over from Nakoma, N. D., the first of the week visiting his wife and young daughter.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 21, town of Norden.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters and visiting friends.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Dr. Spofford will miss his March and April visits to Thief River Falls. Next visit May 9, at the Rushford.

E. C. Nelson, of Red Lake Falls, was taken to the hospital for insane at Fergus Falls the first of the week.

An exchange remarks that this country is all right as you can plow every month of the year, even if it is only a snow plow.

L. W. Nordhus Walnum will hold services in the Gospel Mission church on the west side next Sunday evening at 7.30

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Krouse will entertain a company of friends tomorrow evening at a masked ball at the Rushford.

I desire to thank all of those who kindly gave their assistance during the illness and death of my late wife. Oscar Carlson.

Mrs. Fred Foebler and young daughter leave tomorrow for Nakoma, N. D. Mrs. F. H. Kratka will accompany them and remain for several days.

The county commissioners will meet next Tuesday at Red Lake Falls. Not much business of importance is expected to come up before the meeting.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley and Mrs. J. M. Bishop will entertain the women workers of the Presbyterian church tomorrow afternoon at the home of the latter.

Warden Wolfer of the Minnesota State Prison has sent out notice to the binding twine agents throughout the state to the effect that all orders for twine this year should be completed and turned in by the 1st of March.

It cost something to shovel snow on the railroads during the recent blockade. The Northern Pacific spent $61,000 in January for snow shovelers alone.

Bishop Morrison, of Duluth, assisted by Rev. Green of Crookston, will hold Episcopal services in Methodist church this evening at 8 o'clock. All are welcome.

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant. Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

Mrs. Knut Oso, of Thorwick, died last Friday during child birth. The deceased was 46 years of age and very well and favorably known to the people of this section.

Lewis Lonson and Dennie LeSage were down to Crookston Monday evening attending a meeting of the executive committee of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's association.

Albert Lonson, a former resident of this city but now located at Pekin, N.D., where he is cashier of a bank, arrived here Monday to visit old friends for a few days. He will return Saturday.

—For Sale—Good second hand organ $30, good scond hand piano $35. Excellent for house, school, church or hall. See Hager the land man in old State Bank Bilding Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Steve Nelson and little daughter went down to Fargo again last Saturday. The little girl's eyes are not improving and it is feared that an operation will be necessary.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Messrs. and Mesdames Germo, Knox and Simons, of Red Lake Falls, will entertain a company of friends this evening at a Washington Birthday party. A number from this city all go down to attend the function.

The Rushford Quartette sang the illustrated song at the Bijou Theatre on Monday evening which proved a great treat to the patrons of that popular place of amusement.

In a letter asking that a change be made in the address of News, ex-Register of Deeds Frank Jeffers says that he is now on the road for the Miller & Davis Printing company, his territory being Wisconsin and Michigan. He says that he likes the work very much.

Mrs. W. B. Fuller, who is teaching temporarily in the Central school, was very pleasantly surprised at her home on the East Side Monday evening by the pupils of her school. It is needless to say that all had a very pleasant time.

Don't throw salt on cement sidewalks. The composition of which they are made won't stand for it. The salt has the effect of softening the cement, rendering the walks honeycomb. Ashes and sawdust are the proper things to place on them. The best way to treat them, however, is to use a snow shovel in good season, then there will be no need of anything else.—Ex.

E. D. Ellsworth, of the firm of Ellsworth & Jones, Iowa Falls, Iowa, died last week. This firm, through their local agent in Thief River Falls, L. M. Hoag, has loaned out many thousands of dollars upon farm lands in this section. The death of Mr. Ellsworth will not effect the business of the firm in any way as his son will take charge of the affairs.

Port Arthur may yet rival Duluth in grain shipping. It is the Lake Superior outlet for all the products of Western Canada, and already has many large elevators. But they still need more and a contract has been let for the construction there of the largest grain elevator in the world. It will hold 10,000,000 bushels and four trains can discharge grain into it at one time. It will be built in time for the 1907 crop.

The advertising merchant is the man who does the business in these days of enterprise. There are more newspaper readers than ever before in the history of the world. The newspapers place your business under the eyes of the buyer. He sees what he wants, and knowing where to find it, looks up the wide awake merchant who asked him to come and see him. Success in these days of hard competition calls for eternal vigilance. You can't keep a hustler down.

The towns and villages cannot get along without the farmer—nor can the farmer get along without the town. Do you realize, Mr. Farmer, that $75 and $100 an acre farm is worth that wholly because of the town and market for your products? Do you realize, Mr. Merchant, that your business is prosperous and valuable because of the farmer? It is the truth! Each is dependent on the other. Then why not stand together? Live and let live. That is fairness. That is justice.—Wykoff Messenger.

R. T. Jamison, who was in the city last week attending to some business matters states that he took a trip through Kansas and Nebraska recently and made a thorough investigation of the conditions which exist in the farming communities of those states. Land in Kansas which has to be irrigated, Mr Jamison states that he would not own at all and land which receives plenty of rainfall is not nearly as good as land in this vicinity, although selling at prices ranging from $75 to $125 per acre. He believes that there will be a greater influx of actual settlers into Minnesota than ever before.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

W. A. Schrieter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Fr. Adolph went down the Red Lake Falls last evening.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

T. P. Hamre was up to Strathcona yesterddy attending to business matters.

O. J. Schei went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

Charley Cook was in from Germantown yesterday and filed upon a piece of land he won in a contest.

"Stub" Brager went down to Crookston last evening to attend a social session of the Elks.

There will be services in the Norwegian Synod next Sunday Evening at 7:55.

I. T. Aastor, Pastor

—To introduce our work we will give 25 pictures for 25 cents and a button FREE. Penny Gallery, Hicks Block.

Mrs. Emil E. Zeh will entertain a company of lady friends tomorrow afternoon at a Washington's birthday party.

The Ladies Aid of the Lutheran Synod meets Thursday, February the 28th at 3 o'clock with Mrs. G. Granum. All cordially invited.

The roads in the country are reported to be the best they have been this winter just now. The warm weather resulted in settling down to snow considerable.

Helen Elder had a party on St. Valentine Day and a number of her friends were present. Games were played and refreshments were served and all had an enjoyable time.

Reports from Washington are to the effect that the bill extending the payments for lands on the eleven towns is quite sure to pass again this year. This will be good news to the settlers living out there.

Charley Clouse, who for years has been the town drunkard, was sentenced to a term of 10 days in the county jail yesterday by Judge Bishop. This is not the first time that Charley has served time for a like offense—but let us hope that it will be the last.

FINED FOR SMOKING.

Alexandria, Minn., Pupil Punished Under Law Rarely Enforced.

Alexandria, Minn., Feb. 19.—Under a law which is not frequently invoked, one of the students at the Alexandria high school has been arrested and fined $5 and costs for smoking, and the amount was paid in order to escape a week's imprisonment.

The law is aimed more at the dealer who sells a minor tobacco than at the minor himself, altho a part of its provisions is that "every person under 18 years of age and every minor pupil in any school, college or university who shall use cigarets, cigars or tobacco in any public place or place of business shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not to exceed $10 or five days in jail.

Several pupils of the high and graded schools formed the cigaret habit, and this law has been enforced in an effort to break up the nuisance.

Must Be Really Pure.

In order to be "pure food" it not only will be necessary that food be free from coal, tar, dies, preservatives and adulterants and properly labeled, but, if a bill introduced in the house by J. Gates of Kenyon is passed, it must be made of pure and fresh ingredients. His bill makes it unlawful for any person to deal in or sell for use as food any filthy, decomposed, diseased, tainted, or otherwise unwholesome, meat, flesh, poultry, fowl, fish, eggs, fruit, vegetables, milk, cream or dairy products, either in their natural state or manufactured, mixed or prepared.

The dairy and food commission is given power to seize any articles of food found on sale in violation of this law, and destroy them, or treat them in any manner to make them unsalable for food purposes. The seizure may be made without warrant, and the commissioner and his deputies shall not be liable for any action for damages. They may also have a search warrant issued, if necessary, to find unwholesome articles.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Feb. 24.

Preaching 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. by Rev. A. H. Mckee of Detroit.

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Junior League 2.30.

Epworth League 6.30 p. m.

Katharine Dunn, Leader.

The Presbyterians will unite with the Methodists in union service at 7.30 p. m. and will continue union special meetings throughout the week. Rev. Mckee assisting. Everybody Welcome Chas. H. Flesher, Pastor.

Bonds for Roads

County bonds for roads are authorized in a bill introduced in the house by C. B. Miller of Duluth. The bill comes in the form of an amendment to the present section of the code which makes provision for the issue of bonds by counties, by adding as one of the purposes for which bonds may be issued "for laying out, opening, building and improving public highways in the nature of county roads."

ALL ABOUT OUR "LID."

HAD THE "LID" OFF

Tom Butler's Saloon Open on Sunday and He Is Fined $50.

City Authorities Are Going to Keep the Lid on Sundays.

Upon the complaint of Chief Erickson, Tom Butler was arrested Monday charged with keeping his saloon open upon Sunday in violation of the law. Before Judge Bishop on Monday, Butler acknowledged his guilt and was fined $50 and costs by the court.

There has been some complaint of late to the effect that some of the saloons have been keeping open on Sunday, and the authorities announce that this practice will have to stop and all saloons will be required to observe the law.

Any saloon keeper convicted of any violation of the law in the municipal court cannot again be granted a licence by the city council.

VALUABLE GIFT.

Senator Clapp to Donate the City a Valuable Gift.

J. M. Bishop last week received a letter from Senator Clapp offering to donate the records of the Union and Confederate armies during the Civil War. The records are an accurate history of this great war and will prove very valuable to the students of the public schools and others who desire to gain any information about any battle during the war. Senator Clapp's letter to Mr. Bishop is as follows:

> The Government has recently reprinted the records of the Union and Confederate Armies. It is a set of books of some sixty or seventy volumes. I do not know whether you have room for them, but there ought to be a set up there somewhere, in one of the libraries. Let me know as early as possible whether you can place them where they can be used for reference.

Mr. Bishop has requested that the books be sent to the public library and it is expected that they will arrive here in a short time.

Lots of Wolves Up North.

Roseau Region: Speaking of wolves Auditor Bertilrud says there is no abatement of the steady stream of hides that come to his office for bounty. For the winter months his books show that in November, 32 were killed in the county—assuming that the slayers collected bounty on every one killed. In December 140 lost their lives, and 96 encountered a similar fate in January. Up to the 12th of this month an even 50 had been reported and paid for. All were adult wolves. A bounty of $10 is paid for dead wolves, of which amount the state pays $7.50 and the county $2.50. Last year over $5,000 was paid to Roseau county residents on wolf account.

Farmers Meeting.

The following is the program for the farmers' meeting to be held at St. Hilaire tomorrow:

Opening Address—Chairman Joel G. Winkjer.
Creamery Reflections and Future Plans—N. A. Nelson.
The Silo—P. E. Engelstad.
Selection—Crookston Male Quartette.
Heart to Heart Talk to Patrons—Geo. L. Austin.
Selection—Crookston Male Quartette.
Successful Farming—C. O. Carlson.
Address—A. J. McGuire
Selection—Crookston Male Quartette.

"LID" ON TIGHTER?

Mayor, Municipal Judge and City Attorney Issue a Statement.

Want People to Make Complaint to the Proper Authorities.

To the Public:—Whereas, there have been brought to our attention, rumors of violations of State laws, and city ordinances in certain places in our city, and whereas, it is the duty of all persons to inform the authorities and make complaint to them on oath of any crimes committed within their knowledge, We, the undersigned officers of the City of Thief River Falls, will deem it a privilege to assist to the utmost of our ability in the apprehension and conviction of any and all persons violating any State law or City ordinance of our city, and we most cordially solicit your assistance in our efforts for good government.

HENRY GRUNDY, Mayor.
J. H. BISHOP,
Municipal Judge.
WILHELM MICHELET,
City Attorney.

CAUGHT FIVE.

White Earth Police Bag Alleged Timber Thieves.

The White Earth agency police, under the direction of Simon Michelet, made a raid among timber trespassers operating along the southern boundary of the reservation, resulting in the arrest of John J. Crause, Frederick J. Crause, Edward Ulitiche, Winfield Wilkins and Walter Wilkins who were caught hauling green pine and other timber off of the reservation lands and from lands recently allotted under the Steenerson act and for which patent has not yet been issued.

The offenders were brought to the agency and turned over to H. A. Ryder, a United States deputy marshall, who took them to Detroit. They appeared before Peter Schroeder, United States commissioner, where they waived examination and were held on $500 bonds each pending their appearance before the United States grand jury at the May term in Fergus Falls.

This timely action on the part of Major Michelet will undoubtedly have a tendency to put a check to the wholesale and indiscriminate vandalism which has been going on along the borders of the reservation for several years.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Feb. 16

Anderson Nils
Anderson John W.
Bjorgum Lars A. 2
Doyle Mrs L. V. 2
Dahl Miss Bertha
Erwik Swend
Egan M. J.
Holmberg John
Hallin A. D.
Hall Viola
Johnson Tory
Lindberg Mrs Anna
Linth Mrs J. M.
Mabb Louis
Marsch Miss Stella
Marsch Miss Francis
Norton T.
Olson Hans
Swanson Charley S.
Tevgard Joseph.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

WAR ON IN SILVERTON

Mighty-Ballot Battle to Be Fought the 12th of March.

Fight Caused by the Purchase of a Grader Last Spring.

Annual town meeting day in the town of Silverton this spring is going to be a warm affair if reports coming from that town are true. The purchase of a road grader is the cause of the battle, and both sides appear to be confident of winning out.

Last spring the board of supervisors, by a vote of two to one, purchased a Russell grader, issuing town orders to pay for the same. The one supervisor who was in the minority later discovered that one of the supervisors who voted for the purchase of the grader was not a citizen of the United States and therefore not qualified to hold office, and declares that the purchase was not a legal one. That the town needs a grader seems to be the unanimous opinion of all. The Russell grader purchased last spring did not give the best of satisfaction and caused considerable trouble at times. There are, therefore, a considerable number who believe that the Russell grader should be kept, but that a new settlement should be made with the company and a less amount paid for the machine than the supervisors had agreed to give last spring. Those who take this position say that the town will be compelled to keep the grader, even if one of the supervisors who voted to purchase the grader was not a citizen. There is another faction, however, headed by Supervisor Blackey, that is opposed to the purchase of the Russell grader under any conditions, and favors the purchase of a new grader of a different make.

The campaign of the two factions has been in progress for some time and by the 12th of March, the day of the annual town meeting, things are quite liable to get to the boiling point.

CASE CONTINUED.

"Shortey" Wesley Not Given a Hearing on Murder Charge.

James Shortey Wesley, who was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Arne Solberg of Bemidji north of Deer River, on the charge of killing N. O. Dahl, was arraigned in justice court, Monday morning before O. M. Skinvik, justice of the peace, and at the request of the county attorney his case was continued until the 28th inst.

The charge on which Wesley was arrested will necessitate his being tried on murder in the first degree, and will require some very strong evidence to secure a conviction.

As has before been stated, Wesley was once before arrested on the charge of complicity in the murder of N. O. Dahl and his daughter Aagot and was brought to Bemidji and indicted, but was subsequently released for lack of evidence. The present county attorney seems to believe he has evidence that will convict Wesley of the crime of killing N. O. Dahl, and will prosecute along that line.

When the case was arraigned Monday morning, Wesley had no attorney, but will probably secure one.

IKE IN TROUBLE.

Former Crookston Music Dealer is Charged With Forgery.

Charged with forgery, F. J. Ike, a former resident of Crookston and a young man well known in Thief River Falls, has been bound over to the district court in the sum of $1,000 at Grafton, N. D. About a year ago Mr. Ike sold a piano to Mrs. S. Olson, a widow living three miles west of Grafton, and in settlement she gave him a note for $100. It is charged that he raised this note to $400 and sold it to the Grafton National bank. The note was filled out by himself, evidently with the intent of raising it. The bank held the note for several months, discovering the forgery when it was presented for payment. Mr. Ike has reimbursed the bank, but his case must come up for trial just the same.

Attention Comrades!

The Act of Congress, approved Feb. 6, 1907, gives a pension to all soldiers of the civil war who served ninety days, or in the war with Mexico sixty days. Also an increase to many now on the pension roles. I am now prepared to file applications for the above claims. Office in the O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading Store, Main Avenue, North.

S. T. JOHNSON,
Court Commissioner.
Thief River Falls, Minn

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O New York.

THE PURE FOOD LAW

State Commission Says It Applies to Interstate Commerce.

Adulterated Goods Can Be Manufactured and Sold Within the State.

The State Dairy and Food commission has issued the following bulletin:

Confusion apparently prevails quite extensively in regard to the application of the National Pure Food Law and the effect its enforcement will have upon the enforcement of the existing state laws.

The National Law will effect only commerce in foods and drugs of an interstate nature. Goods produced and sold within the state will not be under the supervision of the federal authorities, and this class of goods make up the larger portion of foodstuffs consumed in the state.

Further than this it is the expressed purpose of the federal officials to collaborate with the state officials in the work and to only reach such offenders as the state officials cannot reach.

In the absence of a state law the manufacturer could carry on a fraudulent business within the state and if he chose to extend his activities to another state all that would be necessary would be for him to establish a branch house in that state and mix his goods after they had crossed the state line. For instance if a maple syrup distributor in Chicago wished to dispose of adulterated maple syrup in Minnesota he could ship in original packages, pure maple syrup and pure cane syrup into Minnesota, thus complying with the federal law, and then mix the two articles and sell the mixture in the state as absolutely pure maple syrup.

Further than this the enforcement of the federal law will open up new avenues for the enforcement of the state law owing to the fact that extensive investigations will be carried on by the federal authorities and both federal and state departments will enjoy the benefits of such investigations. It would be a disastrous policy for any state to minimize the work or power of its food department in any way.

The attention of retail dealers especially is called to the attempt of D. Akerback & Sons, New York, manufacturers of confectionery, to create the impression among dealers that this department has modified its ruling prohibiting coal-tar dye in confectionery. This they have attemped through correspondence with dealers in the state. Coal-tar dye is prohibited in confectionery by law, it is not a ruling, and the commission has no authority to take such a course were it so disposed. Dealers will be held responsible for the sale of any confectionery colored with coal-tar dye.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Supt. Hay returned from St. Paul Monday night. He was unable to attend school on Tuesday because of illness.

Last Thursday, Valentine's Day, a number of the lower rooms celebrated the day appropriately by having valentine boxes.

The two new teachers engaged for the rest of the year took charge of their respective rooms on Monday.

The plumbers were at work at the high school last week.

A new pupil entered the Freshman class last week.

One of the teachers furnished a new definition of laughing last week when she said of a certain upper classman, "his diaphragm jiggles."

Don't worry, Juniors! The Senior class play will be presented as soon as possible. It is in preparation now. Remember, "All things come to him who waits." Be patient!

The members of the civics class have been working overtime lately.

The "Moon-goddess" is also known as the "brightest glory of the star-land." Juniors, would you disclaim such a title for your reporter?

Teacher to scholar who has been laughing, "——, I wish you wouldn't do that". (at that instant a dog howls mournfully) Pupil—"I didn't do that. THAT was a dog."

Friday will be Washington's Birthday.

The Chemistry class has been reviewing principally for the benefit of those who entered the class late.

A Sad Death

Mrs. Knut Olson Kolstad, wife of the harnessmaker employed at Locken's, died at the hospital last Friday night of typhoid fever. The funeral services were held Monday afternoon from the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church. The deceased was 24 years of age and besides her husband leaves two children, one six months and one three and a half years of age.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

WARREN
MINNESOTA
BUSINESS SCHOOL

Students May Enter at Any Time.

FINEST EQUIPMENT
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W. O. BRAGGANS,
L. L. B., L. L. M. U. of M.
Court Reporter to
the Hon. A. Grindeland.

J. H. KIZER,
B. S., B. A. Valparaiso University
Instructor, Stenographer,
Accountant.

The News, $1 Per Year.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

February 21, 1907.

The State's Land.

The joint committee of the senate and the house appointed to investigate the state's right in pine and mineral lands held its first session last week and secured from the state auditor a general knowledge of the extent of the state's lands and the manner in which it has been and is being acquired.

Mr. Iverson stated that the state now owns about 2,900,000 acres of land, a large percentage of which is located north of the main line of the Northern Pacific from Duluth to Moorhead. Much of the land is scattered, although there are some tracts of several thousand acres. The state owns sections 16 and 36 of every township, all of the swamp lands and indemnity school lands, which are lands selected in lieu of sections are found to contain less than the full number of acres which is 1,280 in each township. The shortage is generally due to the presence of lakes and sometimes to Indians reservations. The state auditor selects the lands which the state is to receive from the federal government in lieu of such shortages. The selection is made upon the recommendation of the land clerk after inspection by him.

When the government completes a survey in a district, the auditor receives a certified plat of the country which shows the swamp lands and the school sections. The state has never taken any steps to check up the accuracy of these surveys.

Taxing of Bachelors.

In no less than eleven of the states in which legislatures are in session, movements have been started to impose taxes on bachelors. Almoust invariably it has been proposed that the levy be devoted to the benefit of the schoolmarms who have been condemned to lonely spinsterhood and dreary old-maidage because heartless men have not seen fit to rescue them from their lives of single-nubless-edness.

A bill was prepared for introduction in the Minnesota legislature, but it met with quiet but strong protest and it is probable that it will not see the light of day. The most effective argument against it was that the bachelors of this state were all only to anxious to marry but that young women are at a premium. It is significant that, in one of the range towns, no less than six teachers have resigned to marry and in some parts of the state, school boards are figuring on ironclad non-marriage contracts for teachers.

Bills for the taxation of selfish men who refuse to do their duty have have been introduced in the legislatures of Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Indiana, Texas, Wisconsin, West Virginia, Delaware and Nebraska. A Pennsylvania solon promises to have a stringent measure ready before long and the spinsters of Wakefield, Mass., have petitioned the legislature of that state for a tax to begin at $5 at 20 years and double each five years to 40 when the persistent bachelor is to be chloroformed.

The chances of these various anti-bachelor measures are dubious, to say the least. The Illinois bill has been referred to the committee that has the perenuial woman suffrage in hand and it will never be heard from again. The Iowa measure is backed by the Old Maids' and Old Bachelors' association and imposes no tax on bachelors whose incomes are less than $1,000 a year and it may get to a vote. Missouri once had a bachelor tax of $2 a year and it is barely possible that it will try the system again, the assessment being fixed at $10. In Indiana, Mr. Oberting, sponsor for the anti-bachelor proposition, proposes to force it to a vote. In Texas, it is declared that a law will surely be enacted to tax all bachelors of between 25 and 30 years $5 a year and to double the levy on those between 30 and 40. In Nebraska, there is said to be small hopes of legislation. In Wisconsin, one sixth of the legislators are bachelors and they are making a bard fight that, it is believed, will win, though there are practically enough women in the state to go round and give the 100,000 young bachelors helpmates.

The most dispassionate analysis of the situation, therefore, holds out little hope of taxing bachelors into matrimony, but the fact that the movement is so widespread shows that married legislators, as well as lonesome old maids, are marching onward toward anti-bachelor reform.—Duluth Herald.

The senate committee on education has made a favorable report on Senator Nelson's bill, providing for county boards of education to be composed of five members. The bill provides that the members of the board shall be elected at the annual school meeting or election, and that they shall appoint a county superintendent of schools. The members of the board are to serve without compensation, but are to receive their mieage for the travel necessary in the performance of their duty. The house education committee also has made a favorable report on a similar bill introduced in that body and it is quite certain now that this bill will become a law.

A bill to prevent owners of personal property from removing it before paying taxes upon it has been introduced in the house by J. T. Johnson of Fergus Falls. It provides that if at the time of the assessment or at any time before the taxes are due the assessor believes that there is danger of the personal property being removed he may demand an undertaking to be made in favor of the county treasurer, signed by two resident freeholders, that the taxes will be paid. Until this promise is given he mey seize and hold enough of the property to cover the taxes and costs, but this shall not be over 10 per cent of the value of the property.

This interesting dispatch from St. Paul is published in last evening's Duluth Herald.—Robert C Dunn of Princeton has taken quarters at the Merchants hotel for an indefinite period, and rumor says that it is with a view to beginning his campaign for the Republican nomination for governor in 1908. It has always been understood that Mr. Dunn is far from satisfied with his first trial for this place, is friends have intimated that he would not object to begin giving a second chance. The fact that he has located himself in St. Paul for perhaps the remainder of the legislative session in taken to mean that he is going to keep in touch with state affairs, and to lay the wires for another governorship campaign.

The bill providing that chattel mortgages may be registered with the register of deeds instead of the town clerks, was killed in the house last week by a close vote. In the discussion of the bill in the committee of the whole it developed that most of those coming from county seats were favorable to the bill and the others opposed to it. The argument was made for the bill that town clerks have no place to keep records safely and that many of them have no system, that they are difficult to reach and are not always at home. On the other hand it was said that it would be far to go to the county seat to register a chattel mortgage in many cases. The claim was also made that the bill was in the interests of machine men. The motion for indefinite postponement was carried by 56 to 53 votes.

Up to date the present winter has been one of the most severe ever experienced in the Northwest. On the prairies of the Dakotas and the Canadian Northwest many lives have been sacrified, and not until the snow goes off in the spring, when the bodies of all those lost will be found, will the exact number be known. Much of the suffering and deaths was caused by a lack of fuel, as scores of peoples were frozen to death in their houses, which could not be kept comfortable because of a lack of fuel. Others were lost in storms while after fuel. In this section there is no serious fuel shortage and no fatalities. The terrible sufferings experienced in the territory west and north of us should be taken into consideration by all those who have some notion of moving out there. That country may have its good points, but its bad ones should not be easily forgotten. Any winter a repetition of the experiences of the present one is liable to occur. Either in summer or winter, no matter what the emergency, we can all be physically comfortable here.

A bill intended to prevent the Standard Oil company and others from driving competitors out of business by descriminating in the price of the products was introduced in the house last week by J. P. Cummings of St. Paul. The bill provides that any person, firm or corporation, foreign or domestic that shall intentionally and for the purpose of destroying the business of a company in any locality discriminate between different sections, communities, or localities by selling such commodities at a lower rate in one community than in another, after making allowance for the actual cost of transportation from the point of production or manufacture, shall be deemed guilty of unfair discrimination. The penalties for violation of the law are drastic. The person, firm or corporation, or any of its agents or officers, connected with any violation of the law may be fined $5,000 or imprisoned for one year or both. All contracts made by such a company are declared void, and at the instance of the proper state officers the company, whether foreign or domestic, may forfeit its right to do business in the state. The county attorneys and the attorney general are charged with the enforcement of the law.

The Times Acquires.

Crookston Times:—Announcement has been made that Bemidji and Thief River Falls have withdrawn their bill in the legislature calling for normal schools in those towns and have agreed upon a substitute measure that provides for the establishment of a normal school two years from now at some town on the Great Northern between Duluth and East Grand Forks, and leaves the selection of the site with the normal school board—where it belongs. The bill provides for no appropriation from this legislature. This seems to be a fairly reasonable measure. It merely asks the legislators to put themselves on record as favoring the creation of another normal school.

The times acquires in this proposal. While not recognizing at this time the need of another normal school in this state, it willingly concedes that the developments of the next two years may cause it to change its views on the subject. However, the compromise bill appears to us to be a piece of unnecessary lawmaking. The present legislature cannot by any action it may take in this matter, bind the following legislature to appropriate for the normal whose creation it may favor. Why shouldn't the wise ones at St. Paul busy themselves in passing resolutions recommending the conviction of Harry Thaw, the abolishment of blizzards in Minnesota, and a change in the canal system of Mars? These would serve as well to mark time with and restrain the impetuous zeal of some member to put such laws on the statutes as would provide for the two cent passenger fare, reciprocal demurrage equitable taxation, primary election reform, and railroad pass abolishment.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal and Anna Maria Rendal and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 8th day of February 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
SEAL Probate Judge.
feb 14 28

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.

Special Rates.

The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 15c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

J. BORRY, PHOTOGRAPHER.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. ; : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Supplement to the Thief River Falls News, Thursday, February, 21, 1907.

DELINQUENT TAX LIST

For Red Lake County, Minn.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

The State of Minnesota, to all persons, companies or corporations who have or claim any estate, right, title or interest in, claim to or lien upon, any of the several pieces or parcels of land described in the list hereto attached:

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the county of Red Lake remaining Delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1907, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the County of Red Lake, of which that hereto attached is a copy. Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby required to file in the office of said Clerk, on or before the twentieth day after the publication of this notice and list, your answer in writing, setting forth any objection or defence you may have to the taxes, or any part thereof, upon any piece or parcel of land described in said list in, to or on which you have or claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim or lein, and in default thereof judgment will be entered against piece or parcel of land for the taxes on said list appearing against it, and for all penalties, interest and costs.

C. W. JOHNSON,
Clerk of the District Court
[Seal] of the County of Red Lake.

A List of Real Property, for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on which Taxes remain Delinquent on the first Monday in January, A. D., 1907:

TOWN OF NUMEDAL.

Township 154, Range 45
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
J A Blomberg	ne¼ nw¼ and s½ nw¼	15	$ 13 53
L D Hagler	n½ ne¼ and sw ¼ ne¼	16	7 51
E G Larson	ne¼	18	15 66
John Stone	sw¼	18	17 64
Borgan & Albue	nw¼	23	15 93
Oscar Sigbjorlson	ne¼	25	14 81
Fred Marti	sw¼	27	18 30
Wm Stenwager	se¼	27	18 65

TOWN OF BRAY

Township 153, Range 45
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec.	Sec.	Total Tax and Penalty
St P M & M Ry Co.	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	7	$15 71
C A Nelson	nw¼	12	14 45
Henry Kienne	se¼	13	19 17
N S Moen	w½ ne¼ and w½ se¼	14	8 06
N S Moen	e½ nw¼ and e½ sw¼	14	7 63
Katherine Pleth	ne¼	16	7 01
"	se¼	16	8 16
W H Reker	sw¼	26	16 71
"	se¼	26	18 47
White and Jones	sw¼ nw¼	27	3 97
"	ne¼	28	15 96
A D Stephens	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	30	17 88
Axel E Kron	e½ nw¼ and e½ sw¼	32	12 75
St P M & M Ry Co.	s½ se¼	35	8 68
First State bank of St. Hilaire	n½ sw¼ and se¼ sw¼	36	14 45

TOWN OF POLK CENTER.

Township 152, Range 45.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Wm Stivers	sw¼	6	$ 17 17
W H Reker	se¼	7	14 81
Charles F Sandberg	n½ sw¼ and n½ se¼	12	24 31
Emma B Squires	se¼ w½ sw ¼ and se¼ sw¼	15	22 84
St P M & M Ry Co.	sw¼	17	16 29
S A Swanson	ne¼	18	17 30
Ed J Garceau	se¼	22	27 34
A O Letvig	ne¼ exc 35 29-100 acres	25	24 93
W O Linderman	nw¼ exc r r of w	25	23 83
O T Romsos	100x150 ft out of ne¼	25	4 11
Duffy and Gaass	e½ ne¼	29	17 43
Chas Lunda	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	30	38 57

TOWNSITE OF WYLIE.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Samuel Leppert, south part of	3	1	$ 80
Samuel Leppert	12	2	3 29

TOWN OF LOUISVILLE.

Township 151, Range 45.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec.	Sec.	Total Tax and Penalty
Ed L Healy	se¼	1	$ 25 22
Henry Kiene	se¼	8	30 [illegible]
John Grove	ne¼	9	33 99
Clorintha Berry	s½ sw¼ and s½ se¼	10	19 35
George and Cyprim Haymond	se¼	11	23 54
Harry B Healy	sw¼	12	19 30
Jules Brunelle	nw¼ ne¼ w ½ ne¼ nw¼	14	22 73
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	n½	15	43 81
John Grove	ne¼	16	33 40
"	nw¼	16	33 99
"	sw¼	16	34 53
"	se¼	16	34 79
Ernest Hilse	lots 1 and 2	19	9 04
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	ne¼ sw¼	21	12 61
	and nw¼ nw¼	21	16 37
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	se¼	21	17 13
Mpls St. Cloud R. R. Co.	e½ nw¼ and sw¼ nw¼	21	9 83
Ernest Buse	lot 2	24	[illegible]
	lot 1	[illegible]	63
Ernest Buse	lot 4	[illegible]	63
T B Walker	lots 2 and 3	[illegible]	61
John Lacrosse	sw¼ se¼	[illegible]	6 47
Charles Huot	part of lot 2	[illegible]	1 80
Fred Kruse	ne¼	34	34 15
Louis Ducharme	w½ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼ (exc 208 ft w side)	36	23 94
Security Trust Co	nw¼ se¼	36	10 47
Louis Ducharme	sw¼ se¼	36	8 54

TOWN OF NORDEN

Township 154, Range 44
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
John Brating	ne¼ sw¼	7	$12 70
Louis Law	nw¼ se¼	11	10 74
Ole J. Tweet	e½ se¼ w½ sw¼	19 20	18 81
John Johnson	e½ nw¼ sw¼ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	27	11 41
Ole B Engen	lots 1, 2 and 3	30	14 03
John A Wig	w½ ne¼ and e½ nw¼	31	21 13

TOWN OF SANDERS.

Township 153, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Oscar A Johnson	se¼	2	$ 22 90
J N Miller	e½ ne¼	3	9 15
C T Carr	[illegible] and sw¼ se¼	[illegible]	21 5[illegible]
Helmer E Severs	e½ sw¼	[illegible]	7 6[illegible]
August L Jaske	w½ ne¼	[illegible]	14 9[illegible]
	nw¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
J M Ball	w½ se¼ & sw¼ se¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
	sw¼ se¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Minnesota Land Co.	sw¼ se ¼ and e½ sw¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
J N Miller	ne¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
N G Stark	ne¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
John F Campbell	e½ sw¼ ne ¼ nw¼ and se¼ nw¼	24	23 94
John F Campbell	se¼	24	[illegible]
I W Keel	sw¼	[illegible]	34 21
John Branvold	s½ sw¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	21 [illegible]
Lizzie F Blunt	ne¼	[illegible]	23 30
Unknown	sw¼ nw¼	[illegible]	3 40
Joe C Brown	sw¼	[illegible]	21 34

TOWN OF BLACK RIVER

Township 152, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
D M Fitzimons	se¼	5	$22 21
Erick Adolphson	ne¼	8	19 16
Johanna Adolphson	nw¼	8	19 94
Ditlew M Fredrickson	sw¼	10	15 35
Peter Johnson	se¼	15	22 07
Claus Adolphson	sw¼	17	17 09
Michael Dreager	se¼	18	18 91
G Vandeltuuk	s½ sw¼	20	18 93
Michael Dreager	nw¼ and n½ sw¼ (exc R R of W)	20	30 66
First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	nw¼	21	30 42
W G Vanderburgh	sw¼	23	12 73
Ole Opperud	nw¼	24	20 26
S W Lee	ne¼	25	26 54
Robert Ford	sw¼	33	20 38
Jerry Chagnon	sw¼	34	21 12

TOWN OF RED LAKE FALLS.

Township 151, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
August C Spilker	sw¼ se¼ w½ ne¼ & ne¼ ne¼	3 10	$ 20 88
M O Sortedahl	sw¼	5	26 77
S A Swanson	nw¼	11	24 63
John Peter Carlson	s½ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ and lot 4	17	32 61
Eli Emard	e½ sw¼ ex 5 acre	24	13 89
"	lot 7 ex 638-100 acre	24	3 95
Wilfred Laframboise	s½ ne ¼ and lots 2 and 3	24	12 46
L A Dautremont	commencing at nw corner of e½ sw¼ 25-151-44, the e 16½ rods s 160 rods, w 10½ rods n 160 rds to place of beginning	25	1 33
Theodore Garceau	commencing 23½ rods e of nw corner of e ½ sw ¼, 25-151-44, e 12 rods s 160 rods w 12 rods n 160 rods to beginning		1 90
John H Glass	com 53 10-100 rods e of nw corner of e½ sw¼ 25-151-44, th e 12 rods s 160 rods w 12 rods n 160 rods to beginning		1 90
Adolf and Edward Dufault	ne¼	31	23 98
Owen Morris	sw¼	34	75 43
Chas Perrault	nw¼ ne¼	36	8 61
J T Beaudry	sw¼ ne¼	36	6 61

TOWN OF LAKE PLEASANT

Township 150, Range 44
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
T J Morinville	se¼	3	$23 80
George J. Schoenhals	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	7	22 87
Wendolin Luxemb'ger	nw¼	13	10 98
E R Overbaugh	ne¼	14	21 78
Jane B Eddy	nw¼	15	23 41
Wm Thomas	nw¼	20	13 25
"	sw¼	20	18 53
May Cassely	se¼	21	17 98
N E Gaass	nw¼	22	10 43
Wendolin Luxemb'ger	nw¼	24	30 15
Daniel B Welsh	nw¼	25	27 33
Ambrose & Zimmermann	nw¼ (ex r r of w)	27	28 28
J B Keeler	ne¼ (ex r r of w)	28	27 52
Wm Thomas	sw¼	28	13 19
M T O'Brien	se¼ (ex rr of w)	28	29 00
William Thomas	se¼ sw¼ and lot 4 ne¼ nw¼ and lot 1.	30 31	13 07

TOWN OF NORTH.

Township 154, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Rudolph Meire	e½ ne¼	20	$ 13 20
Mayme Knox	s½ nw¼ (exc. 3 4-100 R. R. W.)	21	29 06
Luella E Devereux	n½ sw¼ (exc. RR of W)	21	29 70
Mayme Knox	se¼ sw¼ ne¼	21	75 34
Mayme Knox	lots 1 & 2	22	9 00
Little Kinsler	2½ acres n of s 8½ of se¼ se¼	29	87
K K Kinsler	5 acres n of s 8½ of se¼ se¼		10 87

P Meehan's Addition to City of Thief River Falls.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Erick Olson	1	[illegible]	$ 1 84
"	2	[illegible]	1 71
Tina Borry	3	[illegible]	2 87
"	4	[illegible]	2 82

City of Thief River Falls—Townsite of Fairfield.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
E C Eshelby	21	[illegible]	$ [illegible]
Minn. St P & S St M ry co	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
E C Eshelby	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	24	[illegible]	[illegible]
M. St P & S St M Ry Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
E C Eshelby	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M. St P & S St M Ry Co.	34	[illegible]	[illegible]
E C Eshelby	35	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	36	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	37	[illegible]	[illegible]
Joseph Bolton	40	[illegible]	[illegible]
Christine H Bjerke	46	[illegible]	[illegible]
E C Eshelby	50	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	51	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Soo Ry Co.	64	[illegible]	[illegible]
Elizabeth Holst	68	[illegible]	[illegible]

City of Thief River Falls—Eshelby's Re-arrangement of Smiley's Addition to Townsite of Fairfield.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
E C Eshelby	1	[illegible]	$1 29
"	2	[illegible]	1 29
"	3	[illegible]	1 29
"	4	[illegible]	1 08
"	5	[illegible]	1 08
"	6	[illegible]	1 08
"	7	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	8	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	9	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	10	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	11	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	12	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	13	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	14	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	15	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	16	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	17	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	18	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	19	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peter Johnson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
E C Eshelby	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

City of Thief River Falls—Thief River's Addition to Townsite of Fairfield.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
E C Eshelby	[illegible]	1	[illegible]
"	[illegible]	1	[illegible]
"	10	1	[illegible]
M. St. P. & S. St. M Ry Co	1	2	2 04

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY

Township 153, Range 43
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Martin C Rockstad	w½ sw¼ [illegible] 2 acre [illegible]	[illegible]	$45 [illegible]
Patrick Meehan	e½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	5	30 47
Annie Meehan	w½ ne¼, lots 1 and 2	4	13 53
Mrs C J Hendrickson et al	nw¼	6	22 21
Henng Torgerson	e½ nw¼ and w½ sw¼	11	30 43

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY

Township 153, Range 43
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Mary J Calloway	n½ ne¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	17	$29 19
William D Hemmiel	s½ ne¼, nw¼ ne¼, se¼ nw¼ & lot 2	19	25 97
Andrew Stengseth	n½ ne¼	24	22 33
Charles E Warner	se¼	26	35 50
George Crocker	lot 9	29	3 45
Henry Gonigam	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 and 4	30	27 51
Elizabeth McAndress	lot 3 and unplated portion of lots 4 and 5	32	5 14

Village of St. Hilaire—C. C. Nelson's 1st Addition.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Andrew A Norander lots 20 to 22 inclusive		7	$ 1 31
Andrew A Norander	24	7	09

Village of St. Hilaire—C. C. Nelson's 2nd Addition.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
St Hilaire Lmbr Co. 23 lots	all	56½	$ 54
J W Wheeler, 1 lot	all	57	20
" 24 lots	all	58	40
1st Nat'l Bnk of Crookston, 12 lots	all	59	20
" 12 lots	all	60	20
" 21 lots	all	61	40
" 6 lots	all	62	20
" 6 lots	all	63	20
J W Wheeler	24	64	08
1st Natl Bank of Crookston, 23 lots		64	40
" 12 lots		65	20
" 12 lots		66	20
" 24 lots		67	40
" 16 lots		68	20
" 24 lots		69	40
" 24 lots		70	40
" 12 lots		71	20
" 12 lots		72	20
" 12 lots		73	20
" 6 lots		74	20
" 6 lots		75	20
" 24 lots		76	40
" 12 lots		77	20
" 12 lots		78	20
" 24 lots		79	40
" 26 lots		80	40
" 24 lots		81	40
" 24 lots		82	40
" 12 lots		83	20
" 12 lots		84	20
" 24 lots		85	40
" 6 lots		86	20
" 6 lots		87	20
" 24 lots		88	40
" 12 lots		89	20
" lots 1 to 5 inc		90	18
J W Wheeler	6	90	08
1st Natl Bnk of Crookston, lots 7 to 12 inc		90	20
" 24 lots	all	91	40
" 24 lots	all	92	40
" 24 lots	all	93	40
" 9 lots	all	94	11
" 24 lots	all	95	40
" 13 lots	all	96	20
" lots 1 to 3 inc		97	11
Ole A Ordal	4	97	08
Edward Keeler, lots 5 &	6	97	15
1st Natl Bnk of Crookston, lots 7 and	8	97	08
Armstrong & Bushel	9	97	08
1st Natl Bank of Crookston, lots 10, 11 and	12	97	11
" lots 1 to 16 inc		98	24
Karl N Pepin	17	98	08
1st Natl Bank of Crookston, lots 18 to 23 inc		98	20
Karl N Pepin	24	98	08
1st Natl Bank of Crookston, 6 lots	24	99	20

TOWN OF RIVER FALLS

Township 152, Range 43
Years for which taxes are due, 1905

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Washington Adams	lot 5	8	$2 45
S G Brooks	nw¼ w½ ne¼	9 9	11 79
John D Johnson	s½ sw¼ (ex 2 acres)	13	8 08
Ole G Lee	ne¼ ne¼, se¼ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼	[illegible]	14 64
Magnilda Brevig	sw¼	[illegible]	30 74
John D Johnson	n½ nw¼	24	8 01
Kallman & Settlage	sw¼ nw¼	27	[illegible]
Kallman & Settlage	ne¼	28	41 06
Rebeca S Brown	ne¼ se¼	30	6 57
Ernest A Allin	ne¼ ne¼	31	6 57
	w½ nw¼ and lots 2 and 3	32	21 66
R E Farley	e½ ne¼	34	8 [illegible]
	w½ nw¼	35	9 05

Village of St. Hilaire—Bramsness' Addition to St. Hilaire.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Carl Person	8	1	[illegible]
"	9	1	[illegible]
"	10	1	[illegible]
"	1	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	2	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	3	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	4	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	5	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	6	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	7	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	8	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	9	[illegible]	[illegible]
"	6	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOWN OF GERVAIS.

Township 151, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
K O Gilgstad	se¼ ne¼	1	$ 7 06
Fred Woelpern	ne¼	1	24 75
Ole J Ellingson	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 and 4	7	12 45
Theresa Schwalen	e½ sw¼	7	17 06
William Schwalen	se¼	8	31 63
Andrew Erickson	ne¼	12	35 11
Henry M Martinson	nw¼	14	44 84
W M Erb	e½ sw¼	15	14 10
Joseph Emard	se¼ se¼	17	8 92
Henry Feltman	se¼ se¼	21	8 29
J N Miller	w½ se¼ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼	25	72 00
M O Sortedahl	w½ nw¼ and w½ sw¼	26	30 03
Julia Brown	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	27	43 10
Bruno Derosier	und ½ of s½ sw¼	[illegible]	4 93
M O Sortedahl	sw¼ se¼	[illegible]	9 97
J C Mathews	e½ se¼ nw¼ sw ¼ and se¼ sw¼	29	22 87
M O Sortedahl	n½ ne¼ and n½ nw¼	34	35 52
Kankel & Zaiser	n½ se¼ (exc 6 acres)	34	16 33

TOWN OF TERREBONNE

Township 150, Range 43
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Joseph Beaudin	w½ sw¼, sw¼ nw¼ and lot 4	1	$30 04
Jacob Nelson	70x132 ft west of mill reserve		18
Hans Nelson	218x132 ft west of mill reserve		40
J B Archembeault	100x150 ft in s½ of sw¼		2 20
Esther Archembeault	33⅓ acres s of n 33⅓ a of se¼		11 34
Annie Pombriant	s 33⅓ acres of se¼		11 80
Artemis Yves	se¼ nw¼ and 20 acres of nw¼ sw¼		12 21
Adelor Laurent	n½ sw¼ (ex 20 acres)		12 80
Richard & Sheehan	ne¼	12	[illegible]
C E Keeler	se¼	[illegible]	43 61
Richard & Sheehan	e½ sw¼	14	31 61
Frederick J. Brous	se¼	15	24 79
Alcede Perrusse	ne¼ nw¼ and nw¼ ne¼	16	21 06
Alcede Perrusse	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thomas H Carver	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John Beaudry	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Catherine McAnulty	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
George J Schoenhals	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
George J Schoenhals	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Henry Kienne	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John A Duffy	nw¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Catherine McAnulty	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J P Wagner	sw¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ola Swanson	lot 1	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marcus Maurin	lots 3 and 4, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOWNSITE OF TERREBONNE.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Kankel, Zeigler & Cadieux	5	[illegible]	$1 09
"	6	[illegible]	06
"	7	[illegible]	06
"	8	[illegible]	06
"	9	[illegible]	06
"	10	[illegible]	06
Louis Cadieux	35	[illegible]	06
	36	[illegible]	06
Samuel Goodboo	3	3	1 35
"	4	3	06
"	5	3	06
"	6	3	06
Samuel Lepage	21	5	07
"	23	5	07

TOWN OF SMILEY

Township 153, Range 42
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Wm H Mathews	lot 1	20	$6 37
Pedef Olson	sw¼ se¼	30	10 67
Kaari A. Braatin	ne¼	31	43 29
Hans Frederickson	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	22 05
Charles Q Larson	se¼	31	19 54
Unknown	lots 1 and 2	28	6 26
"	nw¼ nw¼	29	4 76
"	lot 2	29	6 16

TOWN OF WYANDOTTE.

Township 152, Range 42.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Gabriel Wilson et al	ne¼	8	$ 27 17
Michael and John Krebsbach	se¼	10	49 43
Joe C Brown	lot 1 lots 1 & 2.	13 24	15 27
Ness & Johnson	s½ ne ¼ & ne¼ ne¼	25	32 37
J A Duffy	w½ nw¼ and w½ sw¼	29	19 54
Caroline A Bjorneby	s½ sw¼	35	8 30

TOWN OF EMARDVILLE.

Township 151, Range 42.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
M O Sortedahl	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	2	$ 20 63
D G Gillespie	e½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	3	10 77
Bertel C Hage	s½ nw¼ and n½ sw¼	8	21 70
Andrew O Holland	se¼	10	28 91
Nels Borgquist	sw¼	11	17 40
Henry J Enderle	se¼ se¼	13	13 21
Ed L Healy	ne¼	15	23 03
Hans J Gulbrandson	s½ sw¼ exc ¼ acre	20	7 11
Joseph Bronseth	n½ se¼ and se¼ se¼ exc 2 acre	21	17 36
Hilda Sortedahl	n½ sw¼ & sw¼ sw¼	23	19 15
M O Sortedahl	se¼ sw¼	25	6 19
Bredo Bredeson	ne¼ nw¼	26	4 58
Paul G Ostby	sw¼	27	22 51
M O Sortedahl	se¼	28	21 61
Hans T Gulbrandson	n½ nw¼ exc 1½ acres	29	5 46
Ed L Healy	s½ se¼ n½ ne¼	30 31	29 73
J K O Sherwood	se¼ nw¼	31	7 45
J N Miller	se¼	31	29 54
Ferdinand E Rose	e½ se¼ se¼ ne¼ and sw¼ se¼	32	8 45
P G Ostby	w½ ne¼ & e½ nw¼	33	27 07
M O Sortedahl	se¼	33	24 55
Patrick Lemay	sw¼ sw¼	34	5 43
Joseph Baril	ne¼ se¼	36	5 43

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Township 150, Range 42
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Maxim Champagne	sw¼	1	$24 92
E J Bjoin	sw¼ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	4	9 48
G P Baker	w½ sw¼ e½ se¼	5 6	20 20
Marcisse Martineau	w½ se¼	7	31 38
Rose Poirier	e½ se¼ and e½ ne¼	9	24 68
John Burnham	ne¼	10	33 20
Rosanna Cyr	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	11	33 84
Fred Cyr	w½ ne¼ and e½ nw¼ (exc Ry R of W)	11	18 65
Peter Champaigne	nw¼	12	25 37
Ed & Victoria Hebert	w½ ne¼	14	12 48
J A Duffy	sw¼ sw¼	14	17 81
Theodore Beffinkamp	w½ nw¼ and sw¼ sw¼	15	11 79
Arthur Laniel	e½ nw¼	16	16 29
Oliver Paradis	n½ se¼ ne¼ sw¼ and lot 3	18	24 98
Marcus Paranteau	sw¼	20	22 30
Louis Boise	s½ sw¼ n½ nw¼	21 28	19 81
Josephine Kienast	se¼	24	35 52
Christian Hallas	nw¼	25	18 03
	sw¼	25	24 80
H B Wells	se¼	25	31 82
F J McGinty	ne¼	26	30 54
J J McNight	ne¼	29	14 19
J T McNight	se¼	32	21 26
R C Green	sw¼	33	33 57
Odelon Bissoneau	sw¼	34	13 83
Rock Fortier	nw¼	34	14 65
Nellie R. F J McGinty	nw¼ (exc r r of w)	35	27 64

TOWNSITE OF BROOKS.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Ed and V Hebert	5	3	$ 5 84
Hulce & Leraux	[illegible]	5	2 05
Minn Loan & Trust Co.	[illegible]	5	2 05
H C Selden Land Co.	20	[illegible]	2 06
Minn Loan & Trust Co.	21	[illegible]	5 39
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 06
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	71
Harvey L Primo	4	[illegible]	71

TOWN OF GARNES.

Township 151, Range 41.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Ole Swenson	lots 3 & 4 and s½ nw¼	1	$ 10 55
Carl Sorenson	lots 4 and 5 w½ se 153-41	4 33	9 15
Soren Halvorsen	e½ ne¼ & lots 6 and 8	4	10 63
Annie M Berg	lot 7 lot 5	4 5	6 66
Torger O Lofthus	e½ se¼ & e½ sw¼	7	34 02
Roken H Haaven	sw¼	8	22 13
Hans Haaven	se¼	8	23 80
Mary Germo	sw¼ ne¼ and lots 1 & 2	[illegible]	6 72
Elsie Haaven	s½ se¼ and e½ sw¼	9	14 14
Carl J Hokenson	ne¼	14	30 [illegible]
J A Duffy	s½ nw¼ & lots 3 & 4	14	31 78
John A Duffy	e½ ne¼ sw¼ se¼ and lot 7	14	25 66
Thomas Johnson	20 rds w of nw corner of lot 3	15	[illegible]
J A Duffy	lot 3	[illegible]	4 25
T O Kra[illegible]	e½ se¼ and lots 1 and 2	15	12 13
Martin E Foldos	w½ ne¼ & n½ nw¼	17	25 81
Sortedahl Loan & Ab Co	[illegible]	[illegible]	43 02
Onstay H Start	[illegible]	[illegible]	40 54
Jorgen B Hegland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ekspreath & Rovang	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arne Olsen	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brude M Thoreson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M O Sortedahl	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Charley Olson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bude M Thoreson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bertha Olson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tollef S [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M McKinnon	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
O M [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alfred Perkins	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] 153-41	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lars Kleve	[illegible] 153-41	[illegible]	[illegible]
Carl Sorenson	[illegible] 153-41	[illegible]	[illegible]
John A Duffy	[illegible] 153-41	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOWN OF LAMBERT.

Township 150, Range 41.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Little Falls & Dak Ry Co.	se¼ ne¼	1	$ 9 87
Merceline Lajambe	w½ se¼ sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	5	45 84
Charles Olson	lot 3	6	9 57
R H Bourdon	lot 7	6	5 48
Chas Boisvert	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	7	18 36
John Platz	sw¼	7	57 35
Adelard Hinco	n½ se¼ and se¼ se¼	9	48 96
Napoleon Paulin	s½ nw¼	9	33 05
R H Bourdon	lots 1 and 2	7	10 88
Zelia Banchand	50x150 ft of se¼ sw¼	10	5 21
Alfred Lessard	sw¼	12	56 40
Osmund T. Vigen	sw¼ ne¼	12	9 27
Margaret McGuire	se¼	12	28 57
F H Lambert	ne¼ nw¼	13	18 77
C T Lanman	sw¼	16	44 48
Peter Burk	se¼ sw¼ & lot 4	18	23 64
Andrew O Tolford	ne¼	19	37 90
Lizzie Brohman	ne¼	20	39 74
Herman W. Wyer	sw¼	21	31 30
Edward Lessard	nw¼	22	31 41
Louis Farlardeau	nw¼	27	29 80
Rudolph Warberg	ne¼	28	31 92
Nicholas Holzman	ne¼	29	30 44
E & C Plum	se¼	29	31 49
L D Foskett	e½ of nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	20 85
George F Ramsey	nw¼	32	31 92
Alphonsene Belland	nw¼ ne¼	33	7 46
Michael Lux	n½ sw¼ & n½ sw¼	34	34 13
Michael Lux	s½ sw¼ and e½ se¼	34	14 13
Berth H Frazee	nw¼	35	31 21
McCormick Harvesting Machne co.	n½ nw¼ sw¼ nw¼	36	23 22
Joseph Bergeron	627x156 ft in s½	23	88

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township 151, Range 40
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Robinson & Miller Co.	s½ ne¼ and lots 1 and 2	1	$25 55
Martha Skolstoe	e½ se¼	1	11 36
Knute O Lintvet	s½ ne¼ and lots 1 and 2	2	22 01
Ole S Bendekson	se¼	2	23 06
Olaf G Jore	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	3	21 76
Knud E Syverud	sw¼	9	29 46
Stener A Anderson	se¼	13	19 93
Ole S Brekelund	w½ se¼ w½ ne¼	14 23	24 24
Bjorn Torstenson	se¼	15	14 64
James Gaston	n½ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼	20	16 80
K K Lee	ne¼	21	21 10
Gundor Herjusson	sw¼ sw¼ e½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	23	10 72
Jorgen Askelund	e½ se¼	24	11 29
Bjorguf D Aakness	sw¼	25	16 70
Peder A Lybeck	w½ sw¼	24	11 55
	n½ nw¼	25	9 81
Knute T Korstad	se¼ nw¼ w½ ne¼ and ne¼ ne¼	[illegible]	21 83
Olof Brievold	s½ sw¼ s½ se¼	[illegible] 27	13 61
Henry J Enderle	s½ ne¼ and n½ se¼	27	22 25
Knute Kittelson	ne¼	28	19 61
Paul T Sorenson	sw¼	33	25 73
Asbjor Anstad	se¼	33	24 07
Knud O Krossen	ne¼	35	15 23

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township 152, Range 40
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of sec.	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Gunstan Lunden	sw¼	28	$26 77
Maron Iverson	lots 5, 6, 7 & 8	26	11 67
John Gunderson	sw¼	35	22 70
Ralph H Green	sw¼ sw¼ and lots 6, 7 and 8	32	31 26
Sam Gunderson	nw¼	35	23 12
Sarah Lagvold	lot 6, s½ sw¼ nw¼ sw¼	35	22 23

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Township 152, Range 43
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Martin McAndress, vacated block 61	6		$ 95

Township 152, Range 44

Years for which taxes are due, 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
C A Brink, s½ ne¼ and lot 1 and 2	1		$77 54
R J McKercher, sw¼ (ex r r of w	12		83 32

ORIGINAL TOWNSITE OF ST. HILAIRE

Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Julius C Peterson lots 1 &	2	34	$ 6 19
Ole P Melting, lots 3 and	4	34	5 90
E O Tompkins	2	36	48
M A Hall	23	39	18 78
Mike Fucker, lots 1 and	2	41	4 06
Townsite Co.	3	41	48
"	4	42	9 26
O A Skie	8	49	6 37
K L Kolstad, lots 1 and	2	49	10 41
Tolley Thompson lots 1 &	2	51	3 77
N K Olson	3	52	44
Lars K Kolstad	4	52	3 33
Townsite Co.	10	52	58
"	11	52	68
J K Hannay	8	53	2 08

St. Hilaire Townsite Co. First Addition.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Clara Wensole	21	78	$ 12
	22		12

St. Hilaire Townsite Co. Second Addition

Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Karl Peterson, lots 5 &	6	17	$3 40
J O Karlson, lots 11 and	12		4 92
Josephine Jorgenson, lots 1 and	2	23	4 98

Morgan's Addition to Village of St. Hilaire.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Annie King	3	1	$ [illegible]

Ives' Addition to Village of St. Hilaire.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Crookston Lumber Co. Out lot	A	1	$ 12 55

Gilgstad's Addition to Village of St. Hilaire.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Charles H Martz	1	1	31
"	2	1	31
"	3	1	31
"	4	1	31
"	5	1	31
"	6	1	31
"	[illegible]	1	31
"	8	1	31
"	A	1	31
"	B	1	31

Kolstad's Subdivision of Lot 11, Sec. 6, Township 152, Range 43.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
John L Hageseth, lots 6 &	7		2 03

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Township 154, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Subdivision of Sec	Sec	Tax and Penalty
Hanson & Barsen, part of [illegible] (ex RR of W)		33	$ 4 03
John Nelworth 1 acre of lot 4		33	9 87
Fred Holzknecht, 1 acre of lot 4		33	64

ORIGINAL TOWNSITE OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Andrew C Anderson	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 44
Henry Knudson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Derick Knudson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John W Wheeler	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Joseph H Westerlies	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

ORIGINAL TOWNSITE OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Charles Wilcox	5	5	2 51
Joseph Johnson	1	7	[illegible]
"	2	7	1 90
"	3	7	1 90
Chas G Wright	19	10	1 58
Thomas Lucas, Jr.	20	10	1 88
"	21	10	6 26
Amelia Olson	7	11	1 26
"	8	11	17 41
Martha Rogers	14	13	10 02
"	[illegible]	13	11 60
"	15	13	8 77
Olof Tessum	19	14	31 09
First S Bank of T R Falls	20	14	15 48
Alfred Carlson	7	15	7 64
"	9	18	1 11
"	10	18	3 61
Thomas J Mjoseth	11	18	2 21
"	12	18	2 21
Mattie L Weeks	10	19	2 51
"	11	19	24 37
Anton Skog	17	21	6 66
E M Pranty	7	[illegible]	2 51
Carl Hanson	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 58
Jacob Morck	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 90
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 90
B J McDonald	5	[illegible]	96
"	6	[illegible]	96
John Hallan	11	26	1 90
"	12	[illegible]	18 78
N K Nelson	8	27	13 44
C M Evenson	9	27	1 26
"	10	27	1 26
"	11	27	16 88
"	12	27	1 26
C Retallick	8	28	21 62
Casper Falk	11	28	43 00
Daisy L Kratka	11	29	12 14
Alice B Kratka	12	29	12 14
"	13	30	12 14
N Swanson	14	30	12 14
Oskar Johnson	16	30	24 28
Roseanna Cyr	19	30	36 78
"	6	31	13 44
Mary Massalt	7	31	2 51
"	1	31	10 95
"	2	31	10 95
"	3	31	10 95
"	4	31	10 95
"	5	31	10 95
"	6	31	10 95
Harriet Fant	1	39	1 90
"	[illegible]	39	1 90
"	[illegible]	39	1 90
"	[illegible]	39	1 90
O G Wright	6	39	1 90
F H Kratka	7	39	1 90
Harriet Fant	11	39	1 90
"	12	39	1 90
Bernhard Jacobson	13	39	1 90
Catherine Parker	13	40	1 90
"	14	40	1 28
"	15	40	1 28
"	16	40	1 28
David Mansfield	17	40	1 28
"	18	40	1 28
"	19	40	1 08
"	20	40	1 28
"	21	40	1 28
"	22	40	1 28
"	23	40	1 28
"	24	40	1 28
Harriet Fant	1	41	96
George Crocker et al.	2	41	96
"	3	41	96
"	4	41	96
"	5	41	96
"	6	41	96
Gardner & Neuman	7	41	96
J A Marmarine	8	41	96
J M Spousel	18	43	64
Frank H Kratka	17	54	1 58
William Lennon	9	56	24 28
"	10	56	24 28
"	11	56	24 28
"	12	56	35 49
Robert E Sotheran	8	57	21 50
S & J Bulman east 50 ft of lots 13 and	14	57	36 23
Alice B Kratka	1	58	2 15
"	2	58	2 15
"	3	58	1 63
"	9	58	1 63
Daisy L Kratka	10	58	1 26
Jas Meehan Jr.	17	58	24 28
Alice B Kratka	10	59	1 87
"	11	59	1 26
"	12	59	1 26
"	13	59	19 99
"	14	59	1 28
"	15	59	1 28
"	16	59	1 28
"	17	59	1 28
" except 10 ft on south side of	18	59	84
Chas F Misner	3	61	22 29
"	4	61	19 54
W A Kratka	5	61	8 21
"	6	61	8 21
Martha Thomas	[illegible]	61	55 40
Charles J Knox	13	61	26 28
Bank of Fisher	21	61	16 41
"	[illegible]	61	16 41
Church Property	3	64	11 71
"	4	64	11 71
"	5	64	11 71
"	6	64	11 71
"	7	64	11 71
Al Paranteau	24	64	2 78
George Paranteau	25	64	2 78
Anna Kretschmar	27	64	1 90
"	28	64	1 90
"	29	64	1 90
"	30	64	1 90
"	[illegible]	[illegible]	1 27
May R Walker	17	67	1 27
"	18	67	1 27
"	19	67	1 27
"	20	67	1 27
"	21	67	1 27
"	22	67	1 27
Thomas Nelson	11	68	96
"	12	68	96
"	13	68	96
"	14	68	96
"	15	68	96
"	16	68	96
"	17	68	96
"	18	68	96

Hemmingson's Addition to Thief River Falls

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Olof Jacobson	3	1	$ 1 90
Ole Rude	[illegible]	1	9 53
"	[illegible]	1	96
"	[illegible]	1	96
Emil Carlson	10	1	11 23
"	11	1	1 90
"	12	1	1 90
George Holst	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
George Hemmingson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
O G Wright	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
George Holst	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Axel Thoreson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hemming Hemmingson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Olof J Westman	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Andrew Murphy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nels A Bergene	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C O Wright	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John Soderberg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellef Gravlie	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Porter's Addition to Thief River Falls.

Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
August Riddle	[illegible]	[illegible]	$ [illegible]
Staal S Nordgaard	1	4	42 61
O W Nelson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
James Magne	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Caroline Robinson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ole Pederson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Edward Langevin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
D N Winton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louis Winberg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aleana Stenerson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louis Hanson, North ½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hawkinson & Johnson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
L M Hoag	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Walters & Borchers	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Floyd J Stebbins	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary Zeh, n 15 feet	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
James Holomka, s 15 ft	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
William Michelet	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Paul Kisch	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Harriet Fant	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary Green	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wilberg Zeh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John Havel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Porter's addition to Thief River Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
John Havel	2	16	$1 27
Rose L Boughton	3	16	1 27
E M Evenson	6	16	1 27
"	7	16	1 27
Harriet Fant	22	16	1 27
"	23	16	1 27
"	24	16	1 27
Fred Holzknecht	1	18	5 01
E B Bakke	11	18	1 90
"	12	18	12 83
"	13	18	1 90
"	14	18	1 90
Jesse LaBree	19	18	1 90
"	20	18	19 06
"	21	18	1 90
Robert Kettleson	27	18	1 58
"	28	18	1 58
"	29	18	14 08
"	30	18	1 58
Wilburgh Zeh	7	20	1 58
"	8	20	33
"	9	20	33
"	10	20	33
"	11	20	33
Alfred Swanson	8	20	33
"	9	21	96
"	10	21	96
Albert C Monson	4	22	96
"	5	22	64
"	6	22	64
Wm G Porter	10	22	64
Wilburga Joh	11	22	52
"	12	22	52
Henry Olson	6	24	52
"	7	24	52
"	8	24	52
"	9	24	33
Chas E Todford	1	25	33
"	2	25	33
"	3	25	33
"	4	25	33
"	5	25	33
"	6	25	33
Marie Charpa	7	25	33
"	8	25	33
Henry Gorkey	4	26	33
"	5	26	64
"	6	26	64
"	7	26	64
"	8	26	64
"	9	26	64
"	10	26	64
"	11	26	64
"	12	26	64
"	13	26	64

Townsite of Red Lake Rapids to City of Thief River Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Anton L Hall	3	6	1 27
"	4	6	1 27
"	5	6	1 27
Charles Harwitz	38	6	1 27
Edward Schulz	1	7	2 21
"	2	7	64
"	3	7	64
"	4	7	64
Peter M Hjergo	11	7	1 27
Ira A Fagaly	21	7	1 27
Andrew W Nelson	33	7	1 27
Aline Runingen	35	8	1 27
"	36	8	1 27
"	37	8	1 27
"	38	8	1 27
"	39	8	1 27
Andrew Stenseth	1	11	1 58
F E Rydberg	17	14	52
"	18	14	52
"	19	14	52
"	20	14	52
Chas Johnson	21	14	52
Chas Johnson	23	14	52
"	23	14	52
"	24	14	52
Gustav Erickson	35	14	52
"	36	14	52
Lillian Nelson	37	14	52
"	38	14	52
Martin Lamdell	41	14	52
F E Rydberg, lots 5 to 8 inc (4 lots)		15	2 02
John H Johnson, lots 22 to 24 incl (3 lots)		15	1 52
S O Lindquist	10	16	64
"	11	16	64
Lars O Netteland	18	16	64
"	19	16	64
"	20	16	64
"	21	16	64
"	22	16	64
B J Bakke, 48 lots	all	18	44 90
Peter M Hjerger	1	19	1 27
"	2	19	1 27
"	3	19	1 27
Joseph Bulman	20	19	1 27
"	21	19	1 27
Nels N Lee	22	19	1 27
"	23	19	1 27
"	24	19	1 27
Chas J Knox	25	19	14 89
"	23	19	1 90
Joseph Halter	20	20	13 82
"	21	20	1 90
John J Vorachek	22	20	1 90
"	31	20	11 25
Wiley Tindolph	18	21	1 90
"	19	21	1 90
"	20	21	11 89
Casper Weiner	H	23	8 14
"	C	23	16 10
"	D	23	2 51
"	E	23	2 51
John Olson	18	24	1 26
"	19	24	10 64
"	20	24	1 26
"	21	24	1 26
O A Bishop	5	25	1 26
east 100 feet of lots 6, 7 and	8	25	21 75
Minnie A Caldwell	31	25	2 51
"	32	25	16 88
Margaret J McCrum	1 2 3 4	26	13 61
Nels J Bergland	23	26	8 77
Jesse A Penny	42	26	20 63
"	43	26	2 51
"	44	26	2 51
Joseph F Lang	1	27	12 83
"	2	27	1 90
"	3	27	1 90
"	4	27	1 90
Andrew Stenseth	5	27	4 56
"	6	27	4 56
Ina Motz	18	27	1 90
Thos E Devereux	47	27	1 90
"	48	27	1 90
Aline Remingen	19	29	96
"	20	29	96
A I Anderson	5	30	96
Stenseth & Rollag	8	30	96
O A Anseth	27	30	96
"	28	30	96
F E Rydberg	4	32	96
"	5	32	96
"	6	32	96
"	7	32	96
E L Quist	8	32	18
"	9	32	96
"	10	32	96
"	11	32	96
Oscar A Anseth	15	32	96
"	16	32	96
"	17	32	96
"	18	32	96
"	19	32	18
"	20	32	96
"	21	32	96
"	22	32	96
Chas Johnson	37	32	96
"	38	32	96
Chas J Johnson	40	32	96
"	41	32	96
"	42	32	96
"	43	32	96
"	44	32	96
Rollag & Stenseth	7	33	1 21
"	8	33	1 21
"	9	33	1 21
"	10	33	1 21
"	11	33	1 21
"	12	33	1 21
"	13	33	1 21
"	14	33	1 21
Andrew Stenseth	47	33	1 21
Chas J Johnson	1	34	1 08
"	2	34	1 08
"	3	34	1 08
"	4	34	1 08
"	5	34	1 08
"	6	34	1 08
"	7	34	1 08
"	8	34	1 08
"	10	34	1 08
"	11	34	1 08
"	19	34	1 08
"	20	34	1 08
Stenseth & Rollag	24	34	1 08
Chas J Johnson	25	34	1 08
"	26	34	1 08
"	27	34	1 08
"	28	34	1 08
H M Evenson	29	34	1 08
Chas J Johnson	40	34	1 08
"	41	34	1 08
"	42	34	1 08
"	43	34	1 08
"	44	34	1 08
"	45	34	1 08
"	46	34	1 08
"	47	34	1 08
All land east of the Red Lake river owned by Marit Hanson			88

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Connelly's Second Addition to Red Lake Rapids, City of Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Denis Connelly	1	3	3 14
"	2	3	3 14
Catherine Miller	12	5	3 14

Knox Addition to Red Lake Rapids, City of Thief River Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
S W Bagley & H L Dudley	36	5	1 02
Thomas Nelson	37	5	1 02
"	38	5	1 58
H G Dobner	4	6	1 58
"	5	6	4 70
"	6	6	1 58
Iver Winberg	9	6	1 58
Henry Olson	19	6	1 58
"	20	6	1 58
Per P Linden	32	6	1 90
Chas S Sandberg	33	6	1 90
"	34	6	12 82
"	35	6	1 90
Agnes M Dobner	34	7	64
"	35	7	11 10
"	36	7	96
"	37	7	96
W A Wright	8	8	1 90
"	9	8	1 90
Hanson & Barson	16	8	11 42
"	17	8	1 90
Florence J Haskins	26	8	1 90
"	27	8	1 90
Florence J Haskins	28	8	1 90
"	29	8	1 90
Thos E Devereaux	35	8	1 90
George M Knox	37	8	1 90
"	38	8	1 90
"	39	8	1 90
Albin Young	3	9	5 43
"	4	9	5 43
Normand Frederick	21	9	20 03
"	22	9	1 90
"	23	9	1 90
"	24	9	1 90
Perl W Mabey	13	11	1 90
"	14	11	1 90
"	15	11	1 90
"	16	11	1 90
Chas W Plain	7	12	16 02
"	8	12	1 97
"	9	12	1 97
"	10	12	1 07
C W Pain	12	14	1 05
"	13	14	1 05
"	14	14	1 05
Margaret McCrum	3	23	1 02
"	4	23	1 02
"	5	23	1 02
Margaret McCrum	6	23	1 02
Andrew C Bratton	25	23	1 60
"	23	23	1 66
Carrie Gilbertson	8	24	11 91
"	9	24	1 60
Louis Muzzy	10	24	1 66
"	11	24	1 66
"	12	24	1 60
"	13	24	1 66
George Turville	20	25	1 70
"	21	25	1 70
John W Ryson	22	25	2 01
B J Falk	21	26	1 90
"	22	26	1 90
"	23	26	1 90

Mechan's Addition to City of Thief River Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
John Thivlarge	12	1	11 58
R J McDonald, part of lot C and	22	1	4 40
R J McDonald, part of lot C and	23	1	18 45
R J McDonald, part of lot C and	24	1	4 70
Paul L Hagen	5	3	3 44
Annie Johnson	8	8	9 82

Highland Addition to the City of Thief River Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
A H Akre	3	5	$3 77
Gilbert Backe	3	8	3 14
John Sorenson, 25 ft s of n 25 ft of	3	9	1 74
H H Skagen, s 4.7 ft of lot	3	11	32
Christian Krolm	6	11	4 07
Olaus K Vaksvek	2	10	9 38
O K Bakke, south 10 ft of lot 3	4	10	10 01

Riverside Addition to the City of Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Theophelo DeLaurier	1	1	$3 14
"	2	1	2 51
Albert H Fasel	6	2	2 51

Oakland Addition to the City of Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Howe Paige	1	2	$1 28
"	2	2	2 21
"	3	2	2 21
"	4	2	2 21
"	5	2	2 21
"	6	2	2 21
"	7	2	2 21
"	8	2	2 21
"	9	2	2 21
"	10	2	2 21
"	11	2	2 21
"	12	2	2 21
"	13	2	2 21
"	14	2	2 21
Howe Paige	15	2	2 21
"	16	2	2 21
"	17	2	2 21
"	18	2	96
"	1	3	3 64
"	2	3	2 81
"	3	3	2 21
"	4	3	2 21
"	5	3	2 21
"	6	3	2 21
"	7	3	2 21
"	8	3	2 51
"	9	3	2 51
"	10	3	2 51
"	11	3	2 51
"	12	3	2 51
"	13	3	2 51
"	14	3	2 51
"	15	3	2 51
"	16	3	2 83
"	1	4	2 83
"	2	4	2 51
"	3	4	2 51
"	4	4	2 51
"	5	4	2 51
"	6	4	2 51
"	7	4	2 51
"	8	4	2 51
"	9	4	2 83
"	10	4	2 51
"	11	4	2 83
"	12	4	2 83
"	13	4	2 83
"	14	4	2 83
"	15	4	2 83
"	16	4	2 83
"	1	5	2 51
"	2	5	2 83
"	3	5	2 83
"	4	5	2 83
"	5	5	2 83
"	6	5	2 83
"	7	5	2 83
"	8	5	3 14
"	9	5	3 14
"	10	5	3 14
"	11	5	3 14
"	12	5	3 14
"	13	5	3 14
"	14	5	3 14
"	15	5	3 14
"	16	5	2 51
"	1	6	2 51
"	2	6	3 14
"	3	6	3 14
"	4	6	3 14
"	5	6	3 14
"	6	6	3 14
"	7	6	3 14
"	8	6	3 14
"	9	6	3 14
"	10	6	3 14
"	11	6	3 14
"	14	6	3 14
"	15	6	3 14
"	16	6	2 21
"	1	8	1 58
"	2	8	2 51
"	3	8	2 51
"	4	8	2 51
"	5	8	2 51
"	6	8	2 51
"	7	8	2 51
"	8	8	2 51
"	1	10	3 45
"	2	10	3 45
"	3	10	3 45
"	4	10	3 45
"	5	10	3 45
"	6	10	3 45
"	7	10	2 83
"	8	10	2 83
"	9	10	2 83
"	10	10	2 83
"	11	10	2 83
"	12	10	2 83
"	1	11	3 45
"	2	11	3 45
"	3	11	3 45
"	4	11	3 45
"	5	11	3 45
"	6	11	3 45
"	7	11	3 45
"	8	11	3 45

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Oakland Addition to the City of Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Howe Paige	9	11	3 45
"	10	11	3 45
"	11	11	3 45
"	12	11	3 45
"	1	12	3 77
"	2	12	3 77
"	3	12	3 77
"	4	12	3 77
"	7	12	3 77
"	8	12	3 45
"	9	12	3 45
"	10	12	3 45
"	11	12	3 45
"	12	12	3 45
"	1	13	2 83
"	2	13	2 83
"	3	13	2 83
"	4	13	2 83
"	5	13	2 83
"	6	13	3 14
Chas S Green	7	13	3 14
"	8	13	3 45
"	9	13	3 45
"	10	13	3 45
"	11	13	3 48
"	12	13	3 45
Howe Paige	1	14	2 51
"	2	14	2 51
"	3	14	2 51
"	4	14	2 51
"	5	14	2 51
"	6	14	3 14
"	7	14	3 14
"	8	14	2 83
"	9	14	2 83
"	10	14	2 83
"	11	14	2 83
"	12	14	2 83
"	1	15	2 51
"	2	15	2 51
"	3	15	2 51
"	4	15	2 51
"	5	15	2 51
"	6	15	2 83
"	7	15	2 83
"	8	15	2 83
"	9	15	2 83
"	10	15	2 83
"	11	15	2 83
"	12	15	2 83

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township 151, Range 44
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Sec	Tax and Penalty
Russel E Vance, n½ se¼ nw¼ sw¼ and lot 1 & 3	16	$70 67
Constant Nwyttin, 5 51-100 acres in ne¼ nw¼	22	9 96
Mathias Skalla, se¼ ne¼	23	7 51
Jerry Carlson, 3 acres in nw¼	26	1 81
M O Sortedahl, e½ se¼ ne¼	27	3 99
Lama Gracy, w½ sw¼ se¼ nw¼	27	2 64
Theo Garceau, a strip of land 60x140 ft s of blk 104 Kretzschmars add in ne¼	22	1 81

Original Townsite of City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Mary Kaus	5	1	$2 10
Otto Zaiser	24	2	2 44
"	25	2	16 76
Anderson & Healy, (ex ry r of w)	27	3	5 20
Mrs E L Healy	4	4	52 95
"	5	4	6 90
"	6	4	6 90
"	7	4	1 73
Andreas Aberle	24	4	1 06
"	25	4	1 06
"	26	4	1 06
"	27	4	1 06
"	28	4	1 06
M O Sortedahl	A		1 38
"	B		47 79
"	C		2 10
Mary R Kaus, 25 feet fronting on Main-st off s side Reserve "B"			2 78

Kretzschmar's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Joseph H Graham	9	14	$ 30
Christine Erdman	13	14	30
"	14	14	30
Karl Sletten	1	24	37
"	2	24	37
"	20	25	37
"	21	25	37
C Kretzschmar	9	29	37
Joseph H Graham	13	30	37
E O Pinkerton	21	30	37
"	22	30	37
Andrew J Hays	17	31	72
Joseph H Graham	24	30	37
Joseph H Graham	15	31	72
Christopher Jung	6	33	72
Christopher Borgerding	6	34	72
Mary B Tollman	1	41	72
"	2	41	72
M O Sortedahl	3	41	23 67
"	7	41	37
"	8	41	6 13
"	10	41	37
"	11	41	37
"	12	41	37
John Deutchman	11	44	69
"	12	44	69
Herman Kriel, 59ft west of e 16 ft		49	3 93
John Schmitz, beg. 55ft e of n w corner S. 200 ft e 69 ft n, 200 w 69 ft		49	7 56
John Deutchman	6	51	83
Cora Elsass	1	55	37
"	2	55	37
"	3	55	37
Maggie L Pirath	1	61	37
"	2	61	37
"	3	61	37
John Deutchman	8	65	6 48
"	9	65	69
"	14	65	69
Francis Schilling	14	66	1 06
"	15	66	1 06
R H Bourdon	23	71	11 06
"	24	71	72
Edward Shea	7	78	16
"	8	78	16
"	9	78	16
"	10	78	16
"	11	78	16
"	12	78	16
Ellen Shea	13	78	16
"	14	78	16
"	15	78	16
"	16	78	16
"	17	78	16
"	18	78	16
Wm D Washburn	19	81	37
"	20	81	37
"	21	81	37
"	22	81	37
Leonard Hudtner	11	92	57
"	12	92	57
Barlia Mattson	1	101	57
"	2	101	57
"	3	101	57
"	4	101	57
"	5	101	57
"	6	101	57
Adele Gervais	16	103	54
"	17	103	1 95
"	18	103	54
"	19	103	54
"	20	103	54
O & C Mattson	24	103	1 06
Neil Crawford	23	104	72
"	24	104	79

Champagne & Dow's Addition to City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
L A Dautrement	6	7	$10 50
"	10	7	5 15
"	11	7	2 67
Camp 3,46 M W A	3	8	35 74
Chas N Bourdon	13	10	24 72
Wm M Krb	20	10	12 73
A D Dufault lots 23 and	24	10	3 91
Rose Lafreniere	4	10	15 00
"	5	10	1 40
"	6	10	7 90
E L Dow	1	40	3 10
"	8	19	3 15
Jane Bourdon	[illegible]	21	3 77
J W Bourdon	15	21	19 34
"	16	21	14 71
Melina Demarais	17	21	2 10
"	23	21	8 72
Edward Langevin est	24	21	1 10
"	1	22	1 75
"	2	22	1 75
"	3	22	1 75
"	4	22	1 75
"	5	22	1 75
J W McGlaty	15	25	1 75
Joseph Mortaville	17	25	[illegible]
Moses Allard	13	26	[illegible]
"	14	26	[illegible]
Dalla Allard	15	26	[illegible]
"	17	26	[illegible]

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Miles Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Frank M Seeley	18	3	$ 16
Ira Schanbock	6	13	16
"	12	14	16

E & O Buse Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Ella A Boyd	3	6	$ 21
"	4	6	21
"	5	6	21
"	6	6	21
"	7	6	21
"	8	6	21
"	9	6	21
"	10	6	21

Holmes Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
B Wallace	1	4	$ 16
"	2	4	16
O Michaud	11	7	16
"	12	7	16
Warren E Vroomen	8	7	16
"	9	8	16
"	10	8	16
"	11	8	16
"	12	8	16
Lauretta A Skerey	21	8	16
"	22	8	16

Buse & Bottineau's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Andrew Knudson	27	1	$3 48
Leo Steinert	3	2	1 40
"	4	2	10 03
"	5	2	1 40
Marie Nesno	1	3	13 09
Leo Steinert	2	3	37
"	3	3	37
A D Dufault	4	3	72
"	5	5	72
Marie Benoit	16	5	4 94
"	17	5	37
"	18	5	37
A D Dufault	9	9	2 76
"	10	9	2 76
Ernest Buse	16	9	1 75
"	17	9	1 75

Bottineau's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Alphonse Berthiaume	13		22
"	14		22
Frank Pribylo	1	7	37
"	2	7	37
"	3	7	37
"	4	7	37
"	5	7	37
"	6	7	37
"	7	7	37
"	10	9	22
"	11	9	22
"	12	9	22
Northwestern Trust Co.	13	11	22
"	14	11	22
"	15	11	22
"	16	11	22
"	17	11	22
"	18	11	22
"	19	11	22

Champagne, & Dow & Gierets Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
John McSharry	1	8	$ 72
Mrs Julius Brault	7	8	3 61
William F Witte	13	9	72
"	14	9	6 43
"	15	9	72
"	16	9	12 24
"	17	9	72
"	18	9	72
Jane A Bourdon	23	9	72
"	24	9	72

Kretzschmar's Second Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Bertinus Hetland	12	17	$ 16

Railroad Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Antoine Laurence	1	1	$5 78
"	2	1	1 06
Fermine Boyer	1	7	2 64
"	2	7	37
Adelade Benoit	13	7	37
"	14	7	6 09
August Riechel Jr	9	10	43
"	10	10	43
"	11	10	43
"	12	10	43
E I Page	1	11	30
"	2	11	30
"	3	11	30
"	4	11	30
"	5	11	30
"	6	11	30
Walter Wood Har Manf Co.	6	28	72
Ferdinand Hartman	18	28	67
"	19	28	57
"	20	28	77
"	21	28	57
P S Evenson	17	43	37
Elizabeth Gray	18	43	19
"	19	43	5 95
"	20	43	19
"	21	43	19
"	22	43	19
C F Case, 24 lots (exc R Ry of W)	all	45	1 68
C F Case, 8 lots all block		69	57
"	1	70	09
"	1	71	09
" 24 lots	all	72	1 68
" 24 lots	all	101	1 68
" 10 lots	all	102	69
" 22 lots (exc RRy of W)	all	103	300 52
" 24 lots	all	104	1 68
" 12 lots	all	133	84
" 12 lots	all	134	69

Charles Bottineau's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Anna Schreoder	8	3	37
"	9	3	17
J A & Edward Bray	14	4	22
"	15	4	22
John A Duffy	16	4	22
Laura J Duffy	17	4	22
"	18	4	22

River Side Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
M O Sortedahl	19	1	$1 06
"	20	1	1 06
Joseph H E Bourdon	6	2	72

Salsbury's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Alfred Cypreason 2 lots	all	1	3 33
" 2 lots	all	2	3 33
" 2 lots	all	3	3 33
" 12 lots	all	4	1 68

Hodgson's Subdivision of NE¼ SE¼, Sec. 22 and NW¼ SW¼ Sec. 23, Township 151, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Julia Carson	7		4 60

Central Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
James Hance	5	3	3 71
"	6	3	54

Langevin's Subdivision of Church Block to the City of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1905.

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Mary Bray	10	1	$ 26 75
M O Sortedahl	8	2	15 00
"	3	2	1 00
"	7	2	5 00
Joseph Laframboise	4	3	20 75

VILLAGE OF PLUMMER

Township 151, Range [illegible]
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Sec	Tax and Penalty
A L Plummer, 6¼ acres of sw¼ se¼ of	8	$1 71
John A Duffy, that part of the sw¼ sw¼ w of the river	9	1 70

VILLAGE OF PLUMMER.

Original Townsite of the Village of Plummer
Years for which taxes are due 1905

Name of owner	Lot	Blk	Tax and Penalty
Bovey Shute Lbr Co	7	2	$5 09
"	8	2	80
"	9	2	72
Minn Loan & Trust Co	3	5	1 79
"	4	5	1 79
"	5	5	1 79
"	6	5	1 79
"	7	5	1 79
"	8	5	1 79
"	9	5	6 93
Village of Plummer	10	5	10 70
Minn Loan & Trust Co	13	5	1 25
"	4	6	2 69
Brown & Buskirk	9	6	17 97
Louis Sieff	11	6	17 97
Minn Loan & Trust Co	16	6	2 24
"	17	6	1 70
"	5	9	1 02
"	6	9	16 46
Henry J Enderle	19	9	5 05
John M Reed	1	10	19 23
"	2	10	2 83
Minn Loan & Trust Co	4	10	2 02
"	5	10	2 02
"	1	12	80
"	2	12	51
"	3	12	51

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

John B. O'Brien, being by me first duly sworn deposes and says that he is the County Auditor of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, that he has examined the foregoing list and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is a correct list of taxes delinquent for the years therein appearing upon real estate in said County.

(Signed)
[Auditor's Seal] JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of January A. D. 1907.

(Signed)
[Notarial Seal] CHAS. E. BOUGHTON,
Notary Public,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
My Com. Expires, April 18, 1911.

(Endorsed)
District Court,
Red Lake County, Minn. }
Filed this 1st day of Feb, 1907.
C. W. JOHNSON,
Clerk District Court.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake, } ss

I, John B. O'Brien, County Auditor in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing copy of the list of real estate taxes in said County remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1907, was this day received from the Clerk of the District Court in and for said County and State.

Witness my hand and official seal this seventh day of February, A. D. 1907.

(Signed)
[Seal] JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

PORTABLE VILLAGES.

Turcomans Move Their Houses From Place to Place.

The Turcomans, who live on the eastern shore of the Caspian sea, carry their villages about with them when they travel. As a tribe sets out on a journey every man packs his wooden house upon a camel, which the animal can easily carry, and when a spot is reached where he and his friends intend to remain for any great length of time the camels are unloaded and a village started which it takes about an hour or so to build.

It is to be remembered that the houses are real houses and not tents and that the settlement is not a camp, but a village. The traveling house of the Turcoman is a marvel of skill and ingenuity and is really much lighter, more portable and can be packed into a much smaller compass than any of the so called portable houses that are manufactured and sold in some parts of our country.

The frame is made of strong, light wood laths about an inch broad by three-quarters of an inch thick, crossing each other when set up in position at right angles about a foot apart and fastened at each crossing by the thongs of rawhide so as to be movable, and the whole framework may be opened or shut in the same manner as those toys for children that consist of a squad of wooden soldiers and will expand or close at will so as to form open or close columns.

One part or more made in this way and all inclosing a circle fifteen or twenty feet across form the skeleton of the walls and are firmly secured in place by bands of ropes made of hair or wool fastened round the end of each rod. From the upper ends of these rods similar rods bent near the wall and into something less than a right angle are so disposed that the longer portions slope to the center and, being tied with rope, form the roof.

Over this is thrown a covering of black felt, having in the center a large hole which answers both for a window and a chimney. Large pieces of the same coarse black felt are wrapped round the walls, and outside these, to keep all tight, is bound another frame of split reeds or canes or of some very light, tough wood bound closely together with strong cords.

When Making Fast the Flag Halyards.

"Many a slender flagpole has been ruined," said a rigger, "by drawing the halyards down too snugly when making them fast after hauling down the flag. If this is done in dry weather and it comes on wet, the shrinking of the halyards thus drawn taut to start with may be enough to bend the pole, and if it should be left in that way long enough the pole would be permanently bent. Flag halyards when no flag is flying should be made fast with a little slack."

With a Home.

The great millionaire looked up impatiently.

"Well," he said, "what is it?"

"I desire, sir," the young man faltered, "to marry your daughter, provided"—

The other frowned.

"Provided what?"

"Just provided," murmured the youth.

Vocabularies.

The English language, according to a German statistician who has made a study of the comparative wealth of languages, heads the list with the enormous vocabulary of 260,000 words; German comes next, with 80,000 words; then Italian, with 75,000; French, 30,000; Turkish, 22,500, and Spanish, 20,000.

THE APACHES.

This Tribe Holds the Record as Bad Indians.

Scarcely a tribe of our American Indians but what have engraved their record of crime and infamy high up on history's wall, yet above them all is the Apaches'.

From 1540 to 1853 New Spain and Mexico carried on a so called warfare with these people. The Apaches were vastly outnumbered by the Mexican soldiery, but what they lacked in numbers was more than made up in courage and craftiness. The Apache ever had a thorough contempt for the Mexican soldier, and in later years, when they were fighting with firearms as well as arrows, they would not waste cartridges on the Mexicans, but would kill them with arrows, spears and stones, saving their cartridges for other and more worthy foes.

When this southwest region became a part of the United States the Apaches were a serious problem with which we had to contend. Our government vacillated between a simpering peace policy and the other extreme, their extermination.

Their zone of wandering being intersected by the international boundary line further complicated matters. They would raid down into Mexico and then rush back with the plunder to our side of the line, out of reach of the pursuing soldiers. Next it would be a raid on the Arizona side and a flight into the wild mountains of Sonora. The Mexican government attempted to assist their miserable army by giving a scalp bounty, and for years they paid out their gold coin for Apache scalps. Scalp hunting became a recognized industry. The horror of this was that to the Mexican official all scalps looked alike, whether from the head of a hostile or a friendly Indian. The price was $100 for a man, $50 for a woman and $25 for a child. It is small wonder that the tribe sank deeper into savagery than ever when we stop to think that the men knew there was a price set on the scalps of their wives and children, and there was a horde of human fiends, white in color, but more savage than the savage himself, who were hunting them as they would a cougar of the mountains.—E. S. Curtis in Scribner's.

QUICKER THAN LIGHTNING.

Action of the Human Body Outstrips Everything In Motion.

"As quick as lightning" is a phrase colloquially used to express the maximum of rapidity, but, according to a well known scientist, electricity itself is outstripped by that old fashioned machine, the human body, by which it appears powers can, so to speak, be generated in the brain, transmitted through the nerves and developed in the muscles in an infinitesimal fraction of a second.

It is stated that a pianist in playing a presto of Mendelssohn played 5,595 notes in four minutes and three seconds. The striking of each of these, it has been estimated, involved two movements of the finger and possibly more.

Again, the movements of the wrist, elbows and arms can scarcely be less than one movement for each note. As twenty-four notes were played each second and each involves three movements we would have seventy-two voluntary movements per second.

Again, the place, the force, the time and the duration of each of these movements were controlled. All these motor reactions were conditioned upon a knowledge of the position of each finger of each hand before it was moved, while moving it, as well as of the auditory effect to force and pitch, all of which involves equally rapid sensory transmissions.

If we add to this the work of the memory in placing the notes in their proper position as well as the fact that the performer at the same time participates in the emotion the selection describes and feels the strength and weaknesses of the performance, we arrive at a truly bewildering network of impulses coursing along at inconceivably rapid rates.

Such estimates show, too, that we are capable of doing many things at once. The mind is not a unit, but is composed of higher and lower centers, the available fund of attention being distributed among them.—Pearson's Weekly.

Legend and Reality.

Legend tells how Napoleon, while Moscow was in flames, found time to draw up a decree organizing the Theatre Francais. Alas, the story is not true. Napoleon was in Poland when he received the decree ready to be signed. He there signed it and sent it back to Paris, but in the margin wrote the following: "To be forwarded when the army will be at Moscow. It is his majesty's intention that the decree should be dated from that town."

Obedience.

Every duty, even the least duty, involves the whole principle of obedience. And little duties make the will dutiful—that is, supple and prompt to obey. Little obediences lead into great. The daily round of duty is full of probation and of discipline. It trains the will, heart and conscience.—Woman's Life.

A Biography In a Nutshell.

Born, welcomed, caressed, cried, fed, grew, amused, reared, studied, examined, graduated, in love, loved, engaged, married, quarreled, reconciled, suffered, deserted, taken ill, died, mourned, buried and forgotten.

Sure on One Point.

"Out late last night? What time did the clock say when you got in?"

"I don't remember what the clock said, but I will never forget what my wife said!"

EASTERN MARSHALL

List of Personal Property Tax-Payers Who Pay Over $3.

For Towns of Holt, Agder Thief Lake, Rollis, Excel and Grand Plain.

AGDER
$3.00 and over.

Aaguard, Miss K	$ 7 02
Anderson, A G	4 70
Adolphson, Gust	6 64
Evanson, Chas	3 01
Flo, Peter	5 86
Gunderson, G	7 16
Grovom, Sam	5 93
Gunderson, Fels	7 00
Halsa, E O	3 55
Halsa, O S	4 65
Hanson, Edw	5 84
Johnson, Aug	4 74
Johnson, Martin	4 01
Klungness, Albert	5 00
Klungness, Jacob	11 22
Larson, Lewis	4 82
Listol, Halvor	7 35
Larson, Ludvid	5 32
Michaelson, Tonnes	5 18
Moe, Soren J	4 94
Nelson, Christ	8 24
Nustvold, Geo	17 68
Nustvold, A J	7 59
Nabben, H P	5 13
Olson, G	7 96
Panek, K	3 20
Peterson, H H	7 10
Rystad, G	4 52
Rude, Peter	7 81
Sordal, Nels	4 40
Stenseth, Lewis	3 25
Torgerson, Silas	3 82
Tharaldson, T	3 21
Tainian, Jaroslav	7 26
Thorwick, Arthur	15 81
Westphall, Albert	10 26

HOLT
$3.00 and over.

Anderson, Casper	$ 3 33
Anderson, Anton	3 63
Anderson, Hagen	3 22
Bjerk, Andrew	6 97
Bergquist, Peder	21 68
Dovre, T	4 46
Elseth, H P	3 07
Ekerdalen, H O	3 53
Engebretson, Oleanna	12 68
Hanson-Engebretson Co	7 35
Heinze, Chas	3 06
Heinze, Herman	3 37
Hanson, John E	3 03
Hanson, Halfdan	3 65
Hellesylt, L L	5 42
Hanson & Barzen Mfg Co	42 73
Johnson, Sven H	9 31
Johnson, Otto	3 76
Johnson, Olof	7 46
Johnson, Erick	3 72
Knudson, Ole	5 32
Larson, Mat	3 17
Larson, Fred	3 75
Ness, August	5 26
Offerdahl, Nels	3 15
Reierson, R	20 40
Rogny, Christ	8 10
Red Lake Mfg Co	40 24
Sorter, Peter G	3 05
Smith, C E	3 11
Saastad, Tom	3 59
Saastad, Christ	3 60
Wegge, Ludwig	3 86
Wickstrom, Ole	4 92
Wegge, Henrich	3 50

THIEF LAKE
$3.00 and over.

Anderson, Bernhard	$ 4 54
Anderson, C R	4 89
Anderson, Ole	5 99
Borgen, Carrie	3 39
Czarnowski, Anton	3 30
Clark, H M	7 03
Edmunds, Richard	3 18
Ellefson, Thos	3 77
Gustavson, Albert	3 31
Henning, John	10 00
Hudak, Geo	3 03
Koudelka, Joseph	3 36
Kloven, G O	3 21
Larson, Hans	7 70
Larson, Philip	3 50
Mannum, John	6 59
Moe, Ingeborg	4 75
Moe, T O	6 26
Olson, Nels	5 51
Olson, Olaus	4 06
Polanski, John	6 27
Holanski, Mike Jr	5 33
Pearson, John	6 02
Reinhart, James	8 67
Rynne, Anton	3 39
Sjoberg, Jonas	6 72
Satterlund, E O	4 30
Skramstad, Tollef	6 38
Thompson, Matilda	7 51
Westdin, E G	8 09

EXCEL.
$3.00 and over.

Borg, John J	$ 4 09
Borg, A J	7 81
Borsheim, S I	3 61
Bergland, S O	3 68
Bromley, James	8 88
Coppe, Fred	4 44
Erickson, John E	11 78
Esthouse, Ole	6 51
Espliden, J O	3 22
Furstman, Wm	3 30
Gutterud, A N	5 54
Hoffman, Aug	3 30
Hanson, Oscar	4 51
Halvorson, H B	9 96
Hoffmann, C	3 86
Hanson & Barzen Mfg Co	25 38
Haugen, Esten	2 71
Johnson, Mikkel	3 67
Johnson, Sarah	3 60
Joppru, A T	3 05
Koglin, Aug	3 09
Knutson, Gunstein	11 75
Kisch, M	4 99
Loftnes, A G	6 93
Larson, Chas	7 24
Larson, N O	5 62
Muzzy, R L	10 33
Meyers, Katie	4 24
Nielson, Carl F	3 15
Nelson, N K	3 30
Nelson, Ole E	4 67
Olson, Mathias	5 90
Olson, R L	4 28
Oen, Harald	11 68
Ose, K T	4 80
Peterson, Ole A	7 31
Rindal, And J	3 44
Rupprecht, Otto	5 05
Riedl, John	5 84
Reierson, Ole	8 04
Reierson, R	3 30
Simonson, H	3 87
Soo Railway	139 50
Songen, Bertha	1 82
Skomedal, J G	5 06
Skomedal, G J	6 66
Steinhauer, Carl	5 50
Skahl, And	4 53
Sorum, Theodore	5 30
Swanson, J P	7 40
Sponheim, H P	5 51
Steiner, Carl	3 84
Whitman, John	5 07
Williams, L O	3 14
Warring, Simon	5 44
Wendt, Theresa	3 24
Heirs of O Olsgaard	3 44
Cummerford, Patrick	61 60

ROLLIS.
$3.00 and over.

Aas, Lars E	9 07
Abott, J D	6 28
Abrahamson, Oscar	4 85
Anthony, J S	27 59
Aune, Ole J	8 28
Backness, O P	33 74
Balle, K J	8 18
Clark, John	7 08
Dahl, C E	4 71
Drew, W H	3 32
Drew, Geo. A	5 55
Engelstad, C A	35 52
Engen, J O	4 31
Fjordon, J A	5 75
Hansen, Adolf	3 15
Haugen, John	12 32
Johnson, Hans C	5 89
Jorulin, T A	4 64
Larson, I A	5 05
Loven, H I	6 05
Lian, P H	5 09
Lian, I H	4 89
Lunsetter, H A	6 13
Moberg, H M	3 69
Moberg, J A	5 00
Marsh, Orson	3 81
Marsh, Mrs. Orson	5 69
McMillin, Mrs. A C	5 59
Mugaas, Nils P	4 60
Noeseth, M G	5 08
Noeseth, H C	8 04
Olofsen, Charley	3 56
Ruud, Ed. J	4 06
Ruud, Herman	5 92
Senholt, John	3 26
Sterriken, Herbert	4 85
Stuverud, And	4 83
Skogseth, And	3 85
Shager, John J	6 38
Whitcomb, E H	3 54
Whitcomb, Geo F	8 72
Waller, M E	8 40
Williams, C E	11 94
Williams, W S	6 16

GRAND PLAIN.
$3.00 and over.

Bettin, Carl	$ 5 06
Bundhund, N	5 24
Beaudry, Oliva	3 01
Bendickson, Louis	11 02
Cook, Henry	11 46
Clausen, Hans	10 06
Clausen, Thos	7 84
Dau, D	7 39
Dommer, John	8 42
Germantown Cream Assn	11 60
Halvorson, John	7 77
Hovelsos, T C	7 90
Haggy, A K	3 87
Hamre, Louis	7 27
Habedank, Carl	8 77
Horejsh, Anton, Jr	3 59
Johnson, Amund	5 28
Knudsen, B	5 21
Kratochvil, John	6 96
Klockman, Carl	8 29
Kainz, Frank	6 78
Longevan, H	6 95
Moe, Nels	6 78
Neston, J M	6 96
Nelson, O P	7 43
Sierts, Henry	4 29
Vaughan Bros	37 52
Overby, Arne	4 87
Olson, Martin	5 62
Olson, John	4 72
Phillip, John	5 93
Ristau Bros Co	3 45
Lodstad, M J	5 13
Ristau, John	4 98
Roller, Henry	8 30
Ristau, Aug	6 38
Ristau, Emil	4 22
Jonson, Jens P	3 12

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

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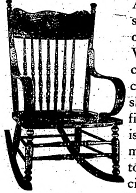

Solid Comfort.

A few more samples out of our car of Webster chairs. These cuts do not show the finish which is the best and most be seen to be appreciated.

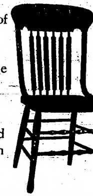

A Good Chair—a Webster Chair.

We have also many other good lines of furniture. Our motto is the best goods we can sell you for the money. Our best references is our customers.

Just received—McKinley sheet music. Let us know your wants. We can get you any piece we do not have in stock on short notice. A few of the sample pieces just received:

My Name is Morgan But it ain't J. P.	Gee but This is a Lonesome Town.
The Isle of Spruce.	Everybody Works but Father.
In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree.	Teasing.
Savannah Anna.	The Whole Dam Family.
Nedra Waltzes.	Skidoo for You.
	And many others.

When the Children come home from School

They usually want something from the pantry

You remember the hunger you had—Home cooking counts for much in the child's health; do not imperil it with *alum* food by the use of poor baking powder.

Have a delicious, pure, home-made muffin, cake or biscuit ready when they come in. To be sure of the purity, you must use

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal makes a difference in your home—a difference in your health—a difference in your cooking.

ROYAL is absolutely Pure.

Death of Ole Odie.

Word was received here Tuesday of the death of Ole O. Odie at Alida, Minn. Saturday morning. Mr. Odie had been working on a private contract cutting logs for some weeks and was taken suddenly sick last Friday morning and before Saturday noon he had passed away. It was later learned that he died of blood poison contracted thru the kidneys. Mr. Odie was born in Slire, Valders, Norway, March 19, 1855. In the spring of 1865 he came with his parents to Fillmore Co., Minn., where he spent his boyhood. He came to the Red River Valley about 30 years ago and settled on his farm about four miles east of here about 10 years later. He was engaged in the machine business at Ada some time before he settled on his farm. In the spring of 1906 he moved to Thief River Falls, where he and his family have conducted a boarding house. He leaves besides his wife, four sons, Obert, Elmer, Victor and Oscar, and daughter, Sophia, one brother, Oliver, of Hot Springs, Ark., and one sister, Mrs. R. J. Brothem, of this place, to mourn his loss. The family have the sympathy of all in their bereavement.—Hendrum Review.

Roosevelt Family of Spruce Valley.

Ingalls, Minn.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Syver Thorson on Jan 13, a son. This is the eleventh child, there being four sons and seven daughters. Mr. and Mrs Thorson settled 21 years ago in Spruce Valley, by the two large spruce trees which stood as a land mark and are familiar to many of the old settlers. They had taken Horace Greeley's advice and had come west, being among the first settlers of this town. To say they have succeeded in making a good home for themselves, is putting it mildly. Mr. Thorson is now 46 years old and Mrs. 42. The community congratulates them in general and wish them many happy years to come.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Shears and Sawbuck.

Shears and Sawbuck kept a store
Such as never was before.
City folks they wouldn't sell,
Wouldn't let them have a smell.
Fetched their money—but by jing!
Couldn't buy a blessed thing!
Couldn't meet them face to face,
An' thed sell 'm with good grace.

Country trade was what they sought—
Folks who'd pay for what they bot
'Fore they saw it, hipe or tail.
They sent catalogues by mail
Out to every blessed one
Gittin mail at Possum Run.
We set up all night and read
When we'd orter been to bed.

Book was 'bout as big as sin—
Had a lot of picters in,
And a list of merchandise,
Ev'ry kind and ev'ry size—
Givin' prices that they swore
Knocked out every country store.
Looked so straight and seemed so true
I bit at it—Jim did, too.

Jim's my neighbor cross the way—
Best man ever worked in hay.
Just let him top of a stack—
Sheds rain like a turtle's back.
Pleasure just to see him work,
Never knew ol' Jim to shirk;
Swings a scythe like it was play—

Big Receipts

4,500 pounds of cream was received yesterday at the St. Hilaire creamery. This is the largest amount of cream ever received here in one day in the winter season and shows conclusively that there will be a decided increase in the output the coming year. This will make over 1,500 pounds of butter which will sell for nearly five hundred dollars. Pretty good for one day is it not.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Railroad Men Interested.

A bill introduced in the house last week is of considerable interest to local railroad men. The bill provides that railway employes shall never work longer than sixteen hours consecutively, and after working that length of time shall not resume work until they have rested ten hours nor shall they work more than sixteen out of any consecutive twenty four hours.

The bill provides that this shall not apply where they are working for the protection of life and limb in cases of accidents or casualties of any kind.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit;
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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-AT-
THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S
Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

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U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

A Bargain OFFER The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best NEWSPAPER and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for............ $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CLAIMS ERICSSON INVENTION

Man Named Timby Says He Evolved the Revolving Turret Idea of the Monitor.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following editorial in the Minneapolis Journal bearing date of Feb. 12, will not fail to interest every patriotic Swedish-American in the United States: "A man with the classic name of Timby now comes forward to claim the credit and usufruct for the invention of the revolving-turret idea, which enabled Captain John Ericsson's Monitor to put the dreaded Merrimac out of business in the memorable battle of March 9, 1862. Incidentally, he wants the government to pay him $300,000. The court of claims will pass on Timby's suit, but it seems quite unlikely that the laurel wreath which crowns the fame of the great and unselfish Swedish inventor will be disturbed. Fortunately, there are men still alive who know of the priority of Captain Ericsson's invention, which he gave so freely to the government of the United States at the very moment when it was most needed. When he died, in 1889, honors were showered on his memory and his great deeds by both the land of his nativity and the land of his adoption. His statue now stands in New York, and a great mausoleum was reared to him in Sweden, whither the remains were taken in an American battleship. The claim of Timby forty years and more afterward seems absurd. It is recalled that Ericsson presented his novel ideas to Napoleon III in 1854, several years before the war of the rebellion broke out. Despite the priority of his invention, he made no effort to get a patent when he was commissioned to build the Monitor. His achievement in turning the fortune of war at the critical moment toward the union cause will never be forgotten by a grateful nation."

News from Sven Hedin, the Swedish traveler, who last year started from Chinese Turkestan on a journey of exploration to Tibet, reached Calcutta Feb. 5. Hedin, who then sent off his courier had already explored 840 miles of unknown country, said he hoped to reach the monastic city of Shigaste, 130 miles from Lhassa, at the end of this month. The geographical and geodetic results of the expedition are exceptionally rich. Hedin has discovered many unknown mountain ranges, rivers and gold fields and traveled eighty-four days in the solitude of an arctic winter, not seeing a single Tibetan. Hedin's report concludes: "The journey is the most wonderful I have made in Asia in my twenty-two years of travels."

Direct steamship communication between Stockholm and the United States will soon be effected through the recent organization of the Cosmopolitan Steamship company, representing powerful American railway corporations and the firm of Heckscher & Son of Copenhagen. The first connecting points will be Stockholm and Philadelphia, and other eastern American harbors are to be reached later. From Stockholm will be shipped Swedish iron and lumber to American ports and Stockholm will thus become a distribution point for American goods in the Scandinavian peninsula. It will be a gigantic undertaking and the Stockholm agents for the company will be Messrs. Lindegren and Wagern.

The king's birthday was observed this year in the customary manner. His majesty's health seems steadily improving. In consequence, the daily bulletins regarding his condition have been discontinued. The king and queen gave a family dinner on his majesty's birthday and the latter was well enough to participate and enjoyed it. A persistent rumor claims that King Oscar will abdicate the throne in favor of his son, Crownprince Gustaf, on the king's and queen's golden wedding anniversary, which will be celebrated June 6, this year.

"The Happy Widow" is a play which has taken the Swedish capital by storm. The initiatory performance, which was given on the evening of Jan. 22, was attended by the crown-prince, the duke and duchess of Skane and Prince Eugen. The play is given to crowded houses every evening and seats have been sold for weeks in advance.

A war museum will be erected on Kastellholmen in the near future, where all Swedish war relics and trophies will be kept. This would mean that all the historic war flags, relics and the royal sarcophagi of the Riddarholm's church would be transferred to the new museum.

Another new bank will soon be started in Stockholm out in the Osterholm district with a capital of 8,000,000 crowns. The business section in this end of the city is rapidly expanding and there is a splendid field for a new bank.

Salchow, the Swedish skating king, beat the world's record at Vienna the other day and easily beat the Russian skater Bohatch. Salchow will next appear in Berlin, where he is scheduled for a race with the German skater Gorlen.

Selma Lagerlof, Sweden's foremost woman author, has purchased G. L. Vetterdal's beautiful villa near Falun. Miss Lagerlof will make her permanent residence in Falun.

There are 8,000 Norwegians in Sweden, 7,000 Danes, about 6,000 Finns, 5,000 Germans, 5,000 Americans and 1,500 Russians.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The Norwegian central bureau of statistics has just published an interesting history of Norwegian statistics containing also a compilation of Norwegian laws and giving also a resume of the increase of the country's increase in trade and population. According to this book, Norway's population in 1340 was only 300,000. A pest came along and the population dwindled down to about 200,000 and not until the year 1500 did the country regain its former population. But from this time on the population has increased slowly, but surely. In the year 1600 we note an increase to 400,000, in 1668 the population had reached the 500,000 mark. In this number are, however, included the population of Swedish Jamtland, Herjeralen and Bohusten, which at that time amounted to about 50,000. In 1700 Norway had 504,000 inhabitants, in 1800 there were 883,000, in 1900 there were 2,243,000 and in 1905 Norway shows a population of about 2,310,000. During the last thirty years 425,000 people have emigrated from Norway. The heaviest immigration from Norway took place from 1865 to 1885, the United States being the country toward which the Norwegian youth and vigor turned its attention.

It may seem peculiar, but it is nevertheless true that a country like Norway, which is the home of "Norway pine," imports lumber from another country, but this is true. A country paper published at Hommelvik states that not less than three big ship loads of lumber arrived at that point from Canada a few days ago. The paper says further that this lumber will be re-exported to another country, presumably Germany. The Hommelvik paper regards this as a rather roundabout way of doing business, but it adds laconically that if Norwegian lumbermen must cross the big ocean for lumber." That it further suggests that "our enterprising lumbermen may in the near future be doing business with Alaska in order to secure ample building material." In a country like Norway, which is creditably one of the big lumber countries, the like of the above-mentioned incident can only serve to cause amused interest in "lumber circles."

Premier Michelsen and his friends won a parliamentary victory two weeks ago last Saturday in the storthing, when that body unanimously recognized the government's right to control all commissioners appointed by the king. This move has received the cordial recognition of the people at large and the country now desires to settle down in peace and quiet and wishes no further political controversies. Michelsen and his colleagues have now won their point at all stages and the people are satisfied with the arrangement.

Johan Thorsen, a wealthy exporter of Haugesund, has subscribed a legacy amounting to 125,000 crowns for the old and poor of that city. Mr. Thorsen has for years been a loyal friend of the poor and aged and has donated thousands of crowns to their cause during the past twenty-five years. He is now an old and retired business man and is devoting the remainder of his time to a proper distribution of his immense wealth.

The Hafslund mills in Christiania were totally destroyed by fire on Jan. 21. The property was insured for 100,000 crowns, but there was still a direct loss of 50,000 crowns. The mill was owned and controlled by a stock company, consisting chiefly of farmers.

Captain Johan Isachen of Fredrikshald, who during the past thirty years has been running passenger steamers between Christiania and Smaalens, died a few days ago, aged 67 years. He has two sons residing in Chicago.

Johan O. Sorensen has been appointed police inspector of Christiania. Mr. Sorensen has for a number of years been connected with the Christiania police force.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Moritz Nathanson, director of the Copenhagen Exchange bank, who not long ago was arrested on a charge of embezzling $40,000 crowns, has been sentenced to 100 days in jail. Mr. Nathanson was a business man who enjoyed the confidence of the people and his embezzlements caused no end of surprises to the Copenhagen business world.

Copenhagen's free harbor has proven too small for the general shipping traffic and the Danish government has therefore decided to expand and improve the same at an expenditure of 5,000,000 crowns. The harbor and extension work has already begun and will be completed about two years from now.

H. Praetorius, a well known banker of Copenhagen has suddenly disappeared with a sum of 50,000 crowns. Efforts to find him have thus far proven futile. Mr. Praetorius has been in the banking business for many years in Copenhagen and was considered a reliable business man.

The Aalborg horse show began Feb. 1 at Aalborg and has been attended by a large number of visitors from at home and abroad. Some 800 horses, including German, Swedish and English breeds have been on exhibition. It was one of the largest horse shows ever held in Denmark.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 274 made 28th June 1901, for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N.W. ¼ Section 5, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th March, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans Olson,	of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl,	" " " " "
Hans Rued,	" " " " "
Barney Tiheman,	" " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

jan 21 feb 28

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal and Anna Maria Rendal and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 8th day of February 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
SEAL. Probate Judge.
feb 14 28

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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Mathilde Ruhnke, widow of August Ruhnke, deceased, of Germantown, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 251 made June 25, 1901, for the Lots 7 & 8, Sec. 35, T. 155 N., R. 41 W. S ½ N. W. ¼ Lots 3, 4, Section 2, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 19, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Cook,	of Germantown, Minnesota.
William Vaughan,	" " "
N. Hundhaut,	" " "
Albert Bonrer,	" " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

feb 7 mar 14

No. 105—Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Rock Fortier, deceased.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, decedent.

Letters of administration with the will annexed this day having been granted to Lucius S. Miller,

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the sixteenth day of August, 1907, at eleven o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court rooms at the court house at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated February 14th, 1907.

N. W. TARRANT,
SEAL Judge of Probate.
A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Estate, Crookston, Minn.

Feb. 21 Mar. 7.

A COIN OF COURTESY

THE GUINEA OF THE ENGLISHMAN IS NOT A COIN AT ALL.

As a Piece of Real Money It Has No Existence, and It Is Used Only In Imagination as a Rather Awkward Standard of Monetary Value.

Of all the obstacles that confront the Englishman the guinea is the most amazing. The other day an American guest inquired of me, "What is a guinea?" He had been asked for one by a circulating library. It seems an easy question to answer, but as I had been puzzling over the division of an imaginary guinea into four parts the explanation took time. It was as difficult as explaining cricket to a German—in German.

"Show me one," said the American.

I confessed that I did not possess one.

"What, not $5.25?"

"Yes, but not a guinea. We don't have a guinea in England any more."

"But you talk in guineas!"

"That's our fun," I replied lamely.

Nevertheless there is something to be said for our system. Indeed, one might argue that this incessant obstacle race over the multiplication tables that we have to enter insures a bracing of the *muscles.* We are always kept on the alert to fathom the relations between a pottle, a perch and a guinea or some such absurd and fortuitous combination. And one may suspect that this tightening and strengthening of the muscles in the obstacle race is really the source of England's greatness.

For all practical purposes the guinea—in which we talk—is the most preposterously absurd coin in the world, for it does not exist—corporeally. Some few honest citizens wear spade guineas on their watch chains. But if they tried to pass them over to the booking clerk on the underground railway they would be in danger of the judgment. There are no guineas in England. Yes, in imagination they exist.

And never more accuse yourself of belonging to an unimaginative nation of shopkeepers! The guinea is the coin of courtesy, just because it is not a coin at all. And its preservation as an anomaly is a curious proof of the innate courtesy of the Englishman, who will face any arithmetical inconvenience rather than put a slur on a friend.

This you may see from the lists of subscriptions for the gentleman in distress. You cannot offer him the necessaries of life. When the friend falls by the wayside it must be guineas, not sovereigns, that you supply, and one feels glad that the remarks of the meanest sport that exists—the sport of kings—offers prizes in "sovs." It is merely the analogue of that convention which regulates gifts between equals.

Etiquette forbids your sending a friend a leg of mutton—that is, a sovereign, the ordinary, humdrum coin. But you may send him pheasants, oysters, grouse or salmon, more especially if the salmon is the victim of your own "rode, pole and perch." Possibly the real explanation is that, as a matter of courtesy, you may not give a man what he could obtain at the nearest shop—it must be something that is not easily obtainable.

Now, a guinea is not easily obtainable, and the difference between offering a man a guinea and offering him a sovereign is the difference between sending a man a leg of mutton and sending him a barrel of oysters. That little silly shilling stuck on to the sovereign, that retention of the ghost of a coin long dead and borne on a watch chain, with the locket containing a twist of great-great-auntie's hair, was its significance.

It is the embodiment of the Englishman's innate idealism. It is like the equally silly "Esq." which we tack on the names of friends. There are no esquires nowadays and no guineas, but we see them with the eye of faith. And we sacrifice to our faith considerable muscular exertion, many blobs of ink and sundry shillings that might otherwise stock our houses with cheap reprints of the world's best books.

You will naturally conclude that I did not put this view before my American friend. He would scarcely understand it. I led him gently to the palatial bank premises into which I hurriedly cast my weekly wage for fear I should lose it on the way home and pointed out to him (lowering my voice discreetly, as becomes the suppliant in the temple of wealth).

"Note that young man," I said. "He is adding up three columns of figures. There are guineas, things that won't fraternize with half crowns or four shilling pieces or florins or half sovereigns or sovereigns, but you will perceive that this young man is taking them in his stride. Now, what about his muscles?"

"I should conclude," said the American guest thoughtfully, "that a young man who can put 12 guineas together and make 'em dollars can do anything."

"The guinea," I explained as we went out into Piccadilly, "is the source of England's greatness." And the American guest remained thoughtful.—London Chronicle.

Kind of Him.

"No, dear," said he, "I don't intend to have you do your own work after we are married."

"Is that so, dear?" she cooed.

"Yes," he went on. "I have just been looking up your business affairs and I find that you are perfectly able to keep a hired girl."—Detroit Free Press.

Power, unless managed with gentleness and discretion, does but make man the more hated. No intervals of good humor, no starts of bounty, will atone for tyranny and oppression.—Jeremy

GAMBLERS' LUCK.

A Joke Which Brought a Fortune to Its Innocent Victim.

Having lost every cent of his ready money at the gaming tables, an English visitor at Monte Carlo wired a pathetic appeal for help to a friend in England. Two days later he received a letter addressed in the friend's handwriting which on being opened revealed a five pound note.

Without pausing to read the letter, the plunger hastened to Ciro's, the famous restaurant in the Galerie Charles III., and changed his "fiver" into French money. From Ciro's he went straight into the Casino, where, experiencing an extraordinary run of luck, he not merely retrieved all his previous losses, but gained a substantial increase into the bargain.

Weary of play, he retired with a few cronies to Ciro's again to celebrate the occasion. The usually genial M. Ciro met him at the door of his establishment with a flood of reproaches and upbraidings. The five pound note was bad! He waved it angrily in the plunger's face—mais oui, it was false, this five pound note!

The plunger took the guilty "fiver" and scrutinized it carefully. It was one of the sham bank notes issued by Sir Augustus Harris and bore on its face an advertisement of the Drury Lane pantomime. The English friend, himself as "broke" as the Monte Carlo plunger, had posted him the flagrantly worthless note as a joke—a joke which had the plunger taken the trouble to examine the "fiver" or read its covering letter he would have seen only too clearly himself. It was fortunate that he did not do so. He merely paid Ciro his £5 and, inviting the pacified restaurateur to share in the champagne, pretended that the whole affair was an intentional witticism.

The conceit of a croupier, who fondly imagined that he understood the English language, was instrumental in presenting another and far less experienced Britisher with 1,000 francs. This gentleman, handing a 1,000 franc billet to the croupier in question, asked for plaques in exchange for it. Plaques are the large five louis gold pieces peculiar to Monaco. The croupier, fancying that the player had said "black" and was requesting him to place the note on the "black" compartment of the cloth, did so unobserved. Black duly turned up, and the croupier politely handed 2,000 francs to the surprised Britisher.—Ward Muir in Chambers' Journal.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Ignorance may not be bliss, but it is often contentment.

Everybody has trouble of some kind. What is the nature of yours?

The average wish is about as valuable as the check of a bankrupt.

People are confronted every day with little problems and do not know what to do with them.

Some men's idea of perseverance is to see how long they can cherish ill feeling for some real or fancied grievance.

No matter how busy a man is he thinks he isn't wasting time if he takes an hour to prove he was right in a most trifling question.

After you have worked hard and saved your money it makes you mad to be approached by a man who has spent his and be invited to go into a scheme that is solely for his benefit.—Atchison Globe.

Queer Drummers.

"There's a story," said a drummer, "about a commercial traveler, whose line was tunnels and post holes for fences. Him I never met. I did meet once, though, a drummer selling iron churches and suspension bridges. Another time I met a drummer who said his line was pupils. What did he mean by pupils? He meant, I found, glass eyes for stuffed animals, for dolls and for human beings. One of this man's favorite amusements was to open his sample case and ask the people present to pick out the eye that best matched their own. The people made awful mistakes in this, for nobody, it seems, knows the color of his own eyes."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

What Father Does.

Mothers may talk, work, struggle to make their sons models by which to shape a new heaven and a new earth. But the boy's world is in the man who is his father, and the boy believes that whatever may be right on Sundays or at prayer times the things that are really good, that really count in life, are what father does. Moreover, it is what father does which defines the means with which the boy shall work, the sphere wherein his efforts shall be shaped. In a word, what father does is the beginning as it is the end of the boy's achievements.—Harper's Bazar.

Precocious Fox.

Charles James Fox is probably the only man who ever made a maiden speech in the commons while still a youth in his teens. He was nineteen when he took his seat for Midhurst, and within a few months he had made three excellent speeches. And yet even at this early age Fox used frequently to sit up all night drinking and gambling.

An Explanation Wanted.

"I'd like to know," began the thoughtful boarder.

"Would like to know what?" asked the boarder who knew it all.

"I'd like to know how 'matches are made in heaven' when they keep all the brimstone in the other place."—Chicago News.

Bringing It Home.

Rob—Don't you think that love is a species of insanity? Ethel—Sometimes. Who has been falling in love with you?

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Miss Flora Steipol, a cashier in the employ of N. Snellenburg & Co., owners of a big Philadelphia department store, has been arrested on a warrant issued by a member of the firm in which she is charged with embezzling funds of the company to the amount of $25,000.

Securities valued at $565,000 were taken from the vaults of the Savings bank of New Britain, Conn., by the missing treasurer, William F. Walker, according to a statement issued by the board of directors following an examination by the state bank commissioners.

Mrs. Lottie Wallau, wife of Leopold Wallau of New York, has been arrested charged with murder in the first degree in having caused the death of her mother, Mrs. Ida Binge, a wealthy widow, by the use of poison.

Frederick A. Holbrook, a manufacturers' agent, has been arrested at Chicago on a federal warrant charging him with conspiracy to violate the Sherman anti-trust law in dealing in church furniture.

Mrs. Anna M. Bradley has been indicted for murder in the first degree for the shooting at Washington on Dec. 8 of former Senator Arthur M. Brown of Utah.

Clyde King, slayer of his sister's husband, Elias Jobes, has been found guilty at Minneapolis of murder in the second degree.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Judge Bunn, in the district court at St. Paul, on the application of the attorney general of Minnesota, granted an alternative writ of mandamus, returnable March 9 directing ten railroads doing business in Minnesota to comply with the recent order of the state railroad and warehouse commission, which became effective Jan. 24 last, fixing commodity freight rates between stations in Minnesota for carload and less than carload lots.

If the decision handed down by Circuit Judge Artman at Lebanon Ind., holding that the legislature has no more legal right to license the sale of intoxicating liquors than it has to license gambling, is upheld by the higher courts it will close every saloon in that state.

Counsel for the James Dunlap Carpet company, which operates large mills in Philadelphia, has announced that the company is temporarily embarrassed. It was stated that in round figures the liabilities are $600,000.

Mgr. Manuel Santander, formerly bishop of Havana, is dead at Madrid. He resigned his bishopric in 1899, when Cuba was lost to Spain.

The merger of all the traction lines in Southwestern Ohio and Eastern Indiana, involving a total capital of $100,000,000, is under way.

LABOR NEWS.

The federal grand jury at Cleveland has returned indictments against eight contracting companies and firms on the charge of violating the eight-hour labor law in connection with government work in that federal district.

Chicago milliners have organized a union and a number of society women have given the movement both moral and material support by agreeing to demand hats that are the product of members of the union.

Eleven hundred boilermakers, boilermakers' helpers, blacksmiths and blacksmiths' helpers employed on the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain systems have quit work to enforce a demand for more pay.

An increase of 10 per cent in the salaries of telegraph operators at the company's principal offices throughout the country has been announced by the Western Union Telegraph company.

Organized employes of the Pennsylvania railroad have reached an agreement with the management on the question of wages.

Big Game Birds.

The capercailzie, or "black game bird of Norway," is one of the largest species of game birds in the world, being very hardy and frequently attaining a weight exceeding fifteen pounds, but when the birds are young they are easy prey of hawks. The birds are what are known as "rangers" for the reason that while in quest of food they cover a wide expanse of territory. During periods of heavy snowfall they burrow into the snow and remain until the storm subsides before venturing out again. Their food in winter consists chiefly of birch buds, and in summer they catch mice and other small animals. They are rated as members of the grouse family and in habits are much like the partridge.—Forest and Stream.

Cockfighting Among the Greeks.

The sport of cockfighting seems to have originated with Themistocles of Greece. When he was leading an army against the Persians he noted two rocks in a desperate battle. To stimulate the courage of his soldiers he pointed out the bravery of birds, and, having won his battle with the Persians, he ordered that an annual cockfight should be held to celebrate his victory. In England the records show that the first cockfight took place in 1191.

What He Meant.

"Don't forget to visit the mystery show while you are in Europe."

"Let's see, that's in one of the German cities, isn't it?"

"No, it's in Berne, Switzerland. I refer to the international [illegible] exhibition."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Mrs. Britta Holcombe, a resident of Otisville since 1854, is dead.

Frank Keogh, an early settler and well known citizen of St. Paul, is dead.

The crusade against unmuzzled dogs in Minneapolis has so far resulted in the slaughter of over 500.

Thomas W. Sheehy, who opened the first wholesale grocery house in St. Paul, is dead in that city.

Horatio Nelson Davis, father of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, is dead at Buffalo, N. Y., aged ninety-five.

Rabies caused the death of H. M. Colbysen at St. Mary's hospital, Minneapolis. He was bitten by his own dog on Christmas day.

The eleventh annual convention of the retail grocers was held at Duluth last week. Red Wing was selected as the next meeting place.

Dan Regan, a switchman, was killed at St. Paul by being struck by a freight engine as he was throwing a switch for an incoming train.

Duluth mining brokers have decided to organize a mining exchange. The membership will be limited to 200 and the cost of membership will be $2,000 or $2,500 each.

Olmsted county is becoming infested with wolves. Reports are coming in from the towns around Rochester to the effect that the animals are becoming alarming in number.

Anton Kleir is dead at Albany, Stearns county, at the age of more than 100 years. He is said to have been at the time of his death the oldest living survivor of the Mexican war.

Calvin Wagner, an inspector for the St. Paul Gas and Electric company, employed in the gas department of the company, was asphyxiated while at work in one of the company's manholes.

Fire at Sacred Heart destroyed the only hotel there, also Joe Dieter's saloon and the bucketshop operated by the Wisconsin Grain company. The total loss is about $10,000 on buildings and fixtures, partly insured.

As the result of an outbreak of scarlet fever at Tower the school board has, on the petition of many parents, closed the schools for a week and the police have been instructed to keep the children off the streets.

Despite the fact that the animal had on one of the muzzles approved by the Minneapolis police department a rabid dog managed to bite Stephen G. Miller of that city. Mr. Miller has left for Chicago to take the Pasteur cure.

During a minstrel show at the opera house at Crookston a square of plaster fell from the ceiling, knocking Mrs. Zeb Lusian unconscious. The accident almost caused a panic among the audience, but as soon as the excitement had subsided the show continued.

The body of John C. Lies, a prominent citizen and merchant of Shakopee, was found lying alongside the Omaha railway tracks about one mile west of that city. He is supposed to have taken the wrong train by mistake and to have jumped off instead of riding to the next station.

In order to give the state more time to make preparation on its arguments the injunction proceedings regarding the commodity rates promulgated by the railroad and warehouse commission, which were scheduled to come up before Judge William Lochren in the United States district court at St. Paul last week, have been postponed until March 25.

The state game and fish commission met at St. Paul last week and reorganized, electing O. J. Johnson president, J. H. Grill first vice president, Robert H. Hanna secretary and Carlos Avery executive agent. S. F. Fullerton, retiring executive agent, was elected to the position of superintendent of fisheries, an office created by the last legislature.

After making a thorough investigation into the deaths of Mrs. Caroline Hanson and her five-year-old son, Alfred Hanson, who were shot while asleep at the family residence near Tansen, Clay county, the coroner's jury returned a verdict declaring that the father and husband, Stephen Hanson, committed the crime while insane, but that he is criminally responsible.

Charles Faber, proprietor of the Grand Pacific hotel at Perham and one of the most widely known citizens of Otter Tail county, is dead. Mr. Faber's death was due to blood poisoning, resulting from paring a corn. The knife cut a little too deep and gangrene set in in the wound. It was found necessary to amputate the leg at the knee, but this proved ineffective and death followed.

The primaries for the Mankato city election, which will be held on April 2, were held in that city last week and there were many hot contests, both on the Republican and Democratic tickets. Dr. J. W. Andrews, candidate for mayor on the Republican ticket, had no opposition and received 760 votes. Charles E. Taylor (Dem.), present mayor and candidate for renomination, defeated Dr. J. A. Hielscher by 195 votes.

Gross earnings of the Twin City Rapid Transit company for 1906 showed an increase of 16.41 per cent and net earnings an increase of 14.37 per cent over the preceding year. The passenger earnings of the company for the entire system, embracing the street railway properties of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, with their interurban lines, were [illegible]

TO ENFORCE NEW RATES.

State Secures Writ of Mandamus Against Ten Railways.

St. Paul, Feb. 12.—Judge Bunn in the district court here on the application of Attorney General E. T. Young granted an alternative writ of mandamus, returnable at special term Saturday, March 9, directing ten railroads doing business in Minnesota to comply with the recent order of the state railroad and warehouse commission, which became effective Jan. 24 last, fixing commodity freight rates between stations in Minnesota for carload and less than carload lots.

The writs were served on the following roads: Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha; Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; Chicago and Northwestern; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul; Chicago Great Western, Great Northern, Northern Pacific, Soo, Minneapolis and St. Louis and the Wilmar and Sioux Falls.

While the attorney general is trying to have the district court compel the railroads to comply with the order of the railroad and warehouse commission, injunction proceedings are pending in the United States circuit court, at the suit of the railways, to restrain the railroad and warehouse commission from enforcing its new rate schedules, upon the principal ground that rates are so low as practically to amount to confiscation.

RUNS OUT IN NIGHTGOWN.

Boy Delirious With Measles Chases Through Mill City.

Minneapolis, Feb. 18.—Pedestrians in the vicinity of the Minneapolis hospital were startled last evening by a small figure clad in a white "nightie" which flitted along the sidewalks, barefooted, bareheaded, like a small sprite. Close behind in hot pursuit came three hospital attendants and the runaway was finally captured and hurried back to the hospital.

The cause of all the excitement was Walter Lider, twelve years old, who was recently taken to the hospital suffering with measles. Yesterday afternoon the little fellow became delirious and, seizing an opportunity when the nurses were absent, managed to escape from the building.

DRANK WOOD ALCOHOL.

Three Men Found Dead in a Tie Camp in Minnesota.

Duluth, Feb. 13.—William Fitzgibbons, Robert Starr and a man named Burns, whose given name is unknown, died in terrible agony in a tie camp twelve miles out on the Sand Lake branch of the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg road recently.

Just how long they have been dead is unknown, for their bodies have just been discovered. A quantity of wood alcohol was found and it is evident that they had been imbibing it. The attitudes of the bodies on the floor of the cabin indicated that they suffered great agony.

A scaler happened to visit the camp and made the discovery.

MINNEAPOLIS POSTOFFICE SITE.

Secretary of the Treasury Ends Long Contest.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The secretary of the treasury has selected a site for the new federal building at Minneapolis. It is described as block 40 and is on Washington and Second avenues and Second and Third streets. The price to be paid is $369,900. Thirty per cent of the property, however, has to be condemned, but the owners of the 70 per cent of the block guarantee that the price for the whole block shall not exceed the amount stated. Other offers were made, but the prices asked were in excess of the appropriation.

BLAST INJURES TEN MEN.

Hangs Fire Until They Get Too Close to It.

Duluth, Feb. 13.—Ten miners employed in the Hull property at Hibbing had narrow escapes from death as a result of an explosion. A series of blasts had been set, fifteen in all. To all appearances each of them went off, but it developed later that one had hung fire and it exploded just as the men were approaching it. Ten of the men were thrown down by the shock and were more or less injured, but it is believed that none will die as a result of their experience.

Railroads Must Pay Tax.

St. Paul, Feb. 14.—Judge Hallam, in the Ramsey county district court, has decided that the Minnesota and North Wisconsin and Duluth and Northern Minnesota railroads are under the operation of the 4 per cent gross earnings tax law. The state sued to recover $7,000 claimed as taxes under that law and the defense of the roads was that they came under an earlier law allowing younger roads to get out on a 2 per cent tax.

THREE BOYS DROWNED.

Two of Them Perished Trying to Save Their Playmate.

Dixon, Ill., Feb. 18.—John Hilbert, Ralph Schertner and Laurence Nye, boys, broke through the ice and drowned in Rock river. They, with two other lads, the eldest ten years, were playing on the ice when Nye broke through. Hilbert, in a vain attempt to rescue Nye, fell into the icy water. Schertner followed in a like attempt. A fourth boy likewise fell into the water but he was saved by the remaining boy, who lay on the ice and extended his feet into the water as a support. The two survivors went home, but agreed to say nothing about the accident. When the three drowned boys were missed, the survivors told

MANY STUDENTS ILL

DISEASE RESEMBLING PTOMAINE POISONING EPIDEMIC AT STATE FARM SCHOOL.

Minnesota Editorial Association, in Session at St. Paul, Denounces Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden—Clay County Farmer Arrested on Charge of Killing Wife and Child—General State News.

St. Paul, Feb. 18.—Conditions at the state farm school, where 150 are suffering from something resembling ptomaine poisoning, are said to be improved. Only twelve new cases were reported, where thirty had been reported the previous day. There were only fifty confined to their beds in the school and none of them was reported to be in a critical condition.

The sick are being well taken care of, the faculty being assisted by special physicians and nurses. It has been deemed advisable to keep the sick in the school, as it might be dangerous to attempt to move them to a hospital for special treatment.

Dr. M. H. Reynolds says that the infectious disease that has attacked the students did not originate in the drinking water, as the water used is from springs on the grounds and is free from the ordinary dangers of drinking water.

WOULD OUST MADDEN.

Minnesota Editors Declare War on Postoffice Official.

St. Paul, Feb. 16.—The State Editorial association, in session here, devoted considerable time to a discussion of the proposed increase of postage on second class mail matter and Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden was handled without gloves. Among the resolutions adopted was the following:

"To do everything in our power to fight the second class postage bill which is pending and to confer with our senators and representatives to have them fight the measure.

"To do everything in our power to bring about the disbarment of Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden, who has proved himself entirely inefficient to hold public office. It is also moved that all the evidence as to Madden's inability be collected and submitted to President Roosevelt, so that if he sees fit the third assistant might be removed."

The following officers for the ensuing year were chosen:

President, A. J. Halsted, Brainerd; first vice president, A. M. Wallace, Fairfax; second vice president, J. E. Casey, Jordan; third vice president, Colonel A. L. Ward, Fairmont; secretary, C. P. Stine, St. Paul; treasurer, David Ramaley, St. Paul; executive committee, C. C. Whitney, F. J. Meyst and William E. Easton.

ACCUSED OF DOUBLE MURDER.

Minnesota Man Suspected of Having Slain His Wife and Child.

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 14.—While under the influence of liquor of which he had partaken freely during a visit to Barnesville, Stephen Hanson is believed to have shot and killed his wife and five-year-old son as they lay asleep at his home near Tansen, Clay county, Minn., late Tuesday night.

The shots were heard by neighbors, who in the morning instituted an investigation, which resulted in the discovery of the dead bodies of Mrs. Hanson and the child. The husband and father was found asleep in the barn, and was at once placed under arrest and taken to Barnesville, where he is being held charged with the double murder.

Hanson, who is reputed to be the wealthiest man in Tansen, was five years ago an inmate of an insane asylum in Minnesota, but after being confined for a short time was released.

KILLED HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Clyde King Convicted of Murder at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Feb. 13.—Clyde King, slayer of his sister's husband, Elias Jobes, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree, the jury returning a verdict after an all night session.

King shot his brother-in-law dead at the latter's home near Osseo, Hennepin county, on Christmas eve. His sister and her three children were eye-witnesses. The two men had been in Osseo and had quarreled when they returned. King's defense was an allegation of insanity.

FEVER CLOSES SCHOOLS.

Children Will Be Kept Off Streets by Police.

Tower, Minn., Feb. 16.—As the result of an outbreak of scarlet fever the school board, at the petition of many parents, has closed the schools for a week and the police have been instructed to keep the children off the streets. It is hoped that this action, together with other strenuous measures adopted by the citizens, will prevent a spread of the disease. Two children died from the disease last week.

Woman Fatally Burned.

Minneapolis, Feb. 16.—Coming in contact with a gasoline stove, Miss Dora Olson set her clothing afire in her room at 400 East Fifteenth street and before the flames were [illegible]

THE GOORALS OF POLAND.

Honest, Hospitable and Brave, but Obstinate and Quarrelsome.

The character of the goorals has nothing in common with the humble peasants of the low country. In their good qualities and faults they rather resemble the proud noblemen of Poland. They are vivacious, honest, hospitable and full of pride, bravery and chivalry, on which one may always count. But their defects are grave. Obstinacy and quarrels lead them often to bloody fights, the lack of thrift is frequent among them and superstitions haunt them at every step. They love nature and in their songs praise their gigantic peaks, spruce forests and the clouds and rain. They build their houses facing Tatra, which they constantly observe and consult about weather conditions. A gooral cannot live without his mountains, and if he sometimes leaves them homesickness will soon bring him back.

They are very religious, but their Christian faith is mixed with old superstitions, and the Roman Catholic rites are mingled with weird, often very picturesque, usages which have their origin in the old Slavonic paganism. So, for instance, on St. John's night Sobotka is celebrated by burning bonfires on fields and hills and by dancing, a festivity which in pagan times was held on the summer solstice in honor of Swiatovit, the god of sun, fire and love.

On Easter holidays from every house various kinds of food are brought into the church to be blessed by the priest, or the priest, accompanied by a sexton, goes to the house, where on a long, white covered table cake, eggs and venison await his blessing. This is called swiocone. The table remains covered with food for a week to await all friends of the house that may come.

The Polish tongue among the mountaineers has pleasant, soft inflections, and their dialect resembles the old Polish of the fifteenth or sixteenth century. The picturesque and practical costume of the goorals consists of a coarse linen shirt fastened with a brass brooch; a serdak, which is a sleeveless sheepskin jacket of a reddish color, richly decorated with applique ornaments of colored leather and silk embroidery and lined with fur; tight fitting trousers of coarse, whitish, homemade woolen cloth, and a cloak called tsuha, worn usually over one shoulder. A black felt hat shaped like a mushroom and soft leather sandals (perpce) complete a costume that weighs from thirty-five to thirty-eight pounds, but is a good protection against cold and the rain which in these regions is frequent, for twenty days in a month are at least drizzly.—W. T. Benda in Century.

Fort Saratoga.

With the history of Old Saratoga the names of Schuyler and Livingston are closely associated. Fort Saratoga was built in 1690 by Major Peter Philip Schuyler, and around it grew up a small settlement which suffered many vicissitudes during the troublous times of the next hundred years. Lying on the thoroughfare from Canada to New York, this northern valley of the Hudson was always in dispute in the French and Indian war, and in the Revolution until the great battle of Saratoga—the first victory over which the American flag waved, and one of the fifteen decisive battles of the world. The actual battleground is several miles away from the settlement and is marked today by many stones recording the brave deeds of our American soldiers. The house still stands in which Arnold was confined as prisoner and from which he escaped in time to help turn the tide of battle toward victory.—Four Track News.

A Too Familiar Snake.

Seeing snakes is a common experience with the inhabitants of India and one unconnected with any suggestions of bibulousness. An English nurse tells of a little boy who lived in the next bungalow to hers and had his bread and milk every day on the veranda sitting in a child's high chair. One morning, hearing him talking and crowing to himself apparently, she was paralyzed on looking out to see him gently tapping the head of a cobra with his spoon, saying, "Naughty, naughty!" The snake was drinking the milk out of the bowl, paying no heed to the child. In that mysterious country the snakes may be heard rustling across the verandas and have an untidy habit of shedding their skins anywhere.

He Showed the Way.

On the 16th of August, 1807, Colonel Michel Ney, duke of Elchingen, having received orders to charge, turned to his men and shouted to them in a voice of thunder:

"My lads, I have an income of 200,000 francs, and you haven't a farthing. Keep your eye on your colonel as he charges, and do as he does."

So saying, he rode off as hard as he would tear in the direction of the enemy. The whole regiment followed him as though electrified.

Modern Cannon.

In modern high velocity cannon the pressure of the gases at the moment of firing generates tremendous heat. It is estimated that this heat runs as high as [illegible] degrees and even 9,000 degrees. The white hot gases eat away the steel lining of the guns in much the same way as streams of boiling water eat away a block of ice.

A Puzzler.

Johnnie—Pa, equine is a horse, isn't it? Father—Yes. Johnnie—And cow is a kind of an ox, isn't it? Father—Yes, a sort of an ox. Johnnie—Then what is an equinox?—Philadelphia Record.

Politeness is a coin destined to enrich those who give it away.

MAKING MAPLE SUGAR.

The Modern Way and the Crude Methods of Early Days.

The sugar season opens a busy industry in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. Buckets are loaded on to the ox sleds, boxes of spiles and axes, and away to the sugar orchard!

Sugar making nowadays is a science. Only in the extreme rural sections still remain the wooden buckets and cedar spiles, but there is still a sugar warmth, a bursting of healthy joy that breaks forth just as the swelling buds on the maples.

No longer are there the crude methods of an open fire, of the kettles strung on green forked poles. Possibly sugar making has lost some of its genuine savor in the modern evaporators, but the product—and its commercial feature is of all importance—is finer grained, of purer color, freer from bits of bark and other foreign refuse.

Important changes in the sugar industry have lessened the work of the farmer. In the early days wooden buckets and handmade cedar spiles were used. That made bother in the orchard, for the bucket had to be placed on the ground, and the spile could not be far above it else the wind would blow the sap to one side and thus waste it.

As the snow melted the spiles had to be drawn, new holes nearer the ground made and the bucket replaced.

Nowadays the spiles are of metal and the pails are hung on them. The evaporator is a sample of the rapid strides in sugar making facilities. The modern orchard has tin or galvanized pails and metal spiles.

Occasionally a tree runs a bucket full every fair day during the season, an average of ten quarts, although the general run is about half that amount, unless the weather holds so the trees run during the night.

Good, honest sirup weighs eleven pounds to the gallon, and it takes a barrel of thirty-two gallons of sap to make a gallon of sirup.

THE MAGNETIC COMPASS.

First Used on European Vessels In the Twelfth Century.

Some Asian people, perhaps the Chinese, discovered many centuries ago that a kind of iron ore possessed a very peculiar quality. We call this ore magnetic ore, or, in more common language, lodestone, and it is very widely distributed, especially in the older crystalline rocks. It was found that if a bit of lodestone were placed in water upon a piece of cork or straw braid it would turn till the axis of the stone assumed a north and south position. A phenomenon of magnetism had been discovered by means of an ore that is peculiarly susceptible to magnetic influence.

It is an open question whether the Chinese utilized the directive power of the lodestone, but it is certain that the first rude compass was not used on European vessels before the twelfth century of our era. By that time the true magnetic compass had been evolved through the discovery that if an iron or steel needle were stroked on a lodestone it would receive the attractive and directive power of this ore. With this appliance placed at the service of navigation the vessels that had hugged the coasts soon dared to venture even out of sight of land. A new impetus was gradually given to cartography, for now the true directions of the coast lines might be charted with some approach to accuracy. It was the happy fortune of Italian sailors to make the surprisingly excellent surveys of the directions and lengths of the Black sea and Mediterranean coasts and along the Atlantic to British waters that have come down to us in the so called Portulan maps.—Cyrus C. Adams in Harper's.

Twins.

Talking to a physician about twins and commenting upon the marvelous likeness they sometimes bear to one another, he gave an interesting fact regarding them. "You can always distinguish one from the other," said he, "no matter how great the resemblance, for the elder invariably has the broader face. Notice twins hereafter, and you can say with certainty that the narrower faced one is the younger of the two. I have no authority for saying that fewer male than female twins are born, but I am of the opinion that the couple are more frequently girls or girl and boy than boys. Twin brothers are few and far between."

A Husband's Retort.

A man, accompanied by his wife, visited a merchant tailor to order a suit of clothes. The couple differed as to the material and the manner of making, and the wife lost her temper.

"Oh, well," she said, turning away, "please yourself. I suppose you are the one who will wear the clothes."

"Well," observed the husband meekly, "I didn't suppose you'd want to wear the coat and waistcoat."—Everybody's Magazine.

A Mistaken Idea.

"It may be laid down as a broad proposition," said the professor of political economy, "that you cannot get something for nothing."

"I once got the measles for nothing, professor," interrupted the young man with the wicked eye.—Chicago Tribune.

An Editor's Reply.

"Why didn't you retaliate when that fellow attacked you?"

"I don't know him, and it is our [illegible] pay any attention to anon[illegible]"—Bohemian.

To take for granted as truth all that is alleged against the fame of others is a species of credulity that men would blush at on any other subject.—Jane Porter.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

LIVING ON AN ACRE.

How It Would Help the Man of Family and Little Money.

A family, with a modest house surrounded by an acre of good soil, even where the work has to be performed by members of the family who are occupied during the long hours of the day at various occupations, will produce almost everything used in the family. An acre of ground thoroughly well cultivated, with a little chicken yard as an adjunct, will reduce in a very material way the expenses of the family.

Of course acre lots are impossible inside of the city limits or even very close to the city limits. The person seeking so large a lot must go to a considerable distance from the business center, but the extension of electric lines enables even working people to live at a considerable distance from their place of employment. A man who earns $2.50 to twice that sum a day and who has a family consisting of a number of children often finds some difficulty in bringing them up properly and giving them the kind of an education he would wish. Such an investment as this, saving rent of say $20 a month and yielding eggs and all kinds of vegetables as well as considerable of the fruit that goes to make up the daily ration of each member of the family, will make his struggle in life much lighter. A man who has such a stake in the country will be in every way a better citizen than the one who spends his week's earnings as soon as they come into his hand, if not a week before they are earned.

Varied occupation exceeds all other processes in drawing out whatever of ability a man possesses. Here lies the advantage to the community—one superior to all economic gain—of the suburban acre lot for the home of the city wage earner. The cultivation of that acre in alternation with his other employment will bring him intellectual and spiritual enlargement, while it gives him a healthier body and wholesome surroundings in which to bring up his family.—Maxwell's Talisman.

THE GROWTH OF TROUT.

Age, Food and Temperature Seem to Have No Bearing on Size.

The Salvelinus fontinalis, which is currently but inaccurately called brook trout, was supposed for many years to be a small fish. Agassiz was largely instrumental in exploding this fallacy. It is not an uncommon thing for an angler with ordinary luck to get a six or seven pound trout of this variety. It is known that a trout may grow to weigh eleven or twelve pounds. There is, however, great difficulty in accounting for its variation in size.

In northeastern Canada there are large streams and lakes in which only fingerlings have ever been found. In the immediate vicinity of such waters three and four pound trout are quite common and seven and eight pounders are not phenomenal. In all these waters crustacea do not abound; there are no small fish of any kind except small trout. All the fish are pure fly feeders. At some places, it is true, frogs abound, but taken as a whole the difference in food supply is not an adequate explanation for the difference in growth.

There is no substantial difference in the waters as to temperature, size, origin and course. Climatic conditions are the same. The small trout taken to virgin lakes in which there are no fish have sometimes grown to a great size, have sometimes remained small and sometimes have not thriven. The anglers who haunt these waters have not yet found a satisfactory explanation of this peculiar condition of things. It is one of the mysteries which lends fascination to the art. "You never can tell what is going to happen when you go fishing."—St. Paul Dispatch.

Long Words or Short?

Which shall we prefer in speech and writing? Almost everybody will vote for the short word, and almost everybody will be voting for the best candidate. The short words are usually the strong words. They make up in muscle and liveliness what they lack in size, says the Manchester Union. And they are readily in the eyes of men who have thoughts that they wish to lodge in other minds. A man who should run out into the street and yell "Conflagration! Conflagration! Conflagration!" when his house was burning would be thought to be making a jest of the affair. And so in all matters where ideas are to be handed out quickly and clearly—the short word has first choice.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

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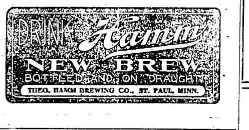

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1907 NUMBER 9

RAILROADS SHOULD HELP.

Immigration Could Be Diverted from Southwest and Canada.

Better and Cheaper Lands to Be Found in Northern Minnesota.

In less than a month, the first of the regular annual homeseekers' excursion to the West and Southwest will be initiated and tens of thousands of farmers from the Eastern and Central states will be on their way to look over and, in the most cases to buy what are known as cheap lands in those sections, says the Duluth Herald.

At the same time, there will be little increase in the usual passenger traffic of the railroads running into or connecting with lines traversing Northern Minnesota and those roads will do nothing in the way of special rates to induce even a portion of the homeseeker host to make an investigation of the lands of this section that are far less costly than those of West and Southwest, unless the movement being talked of in Duluth shall result in something tangible.

And yet Northern Minnesota lands are as rich as any in all America, are capable of producing practically all of the crops that Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, Utah, Eastern Washington and Colorado produce, do not require expensive irrigation, are never parched by drouths, will make the finest dairy farms in America, or the world, and are much less expensive in every way than even the cheapest lands of the states named, while the climate is really not one whit more arduous than that of any of those regions.

The reason for this neglect of Northern Minnesota is, as has been pointed out before, the short-sighted policy or the indifference of the railroads, entering this field to scatter advertising matter setting forth these facts, the lack of means of the people of that section to go into the advertising business for themselves and the past policy of the state itself is not providing adequate facilities for setting forth all over the Eastern and Central states the preeminent advantages of Northern Minnesota. It is to be hoped, however, that something will come of the Duluth movement.

The timber on the unoccupied lands of Northern Minnesota is today worth far more than the cost of the tract and it is growing in value at a remarkable rate. The swamp lands, when drained, as were the great Kankakee marshes of Illinois and Indiana, will produce unequalled crops. The snows of winter protect the fall sown wheat and give ample moisture in the spring. The trouble and cost of clearing a tract are not so great today as they were when the pioneers settled the heavily timbered states of the middle west and south and the removed trees down to the very root give income and fuel.

The immigration movement to Northern Minnesota may be little, if any, larger this year than in the past. It is, however, bound to come with a rush some day and, when it does, those fortunate enough to secure farming tracts will be considered the luckiest agriculturists in all America.

State Raises Rate.

No more money will be loaned from the state school fund for less than 4 per cent interest. The state board of investment met last week and decided to discontinue the practice of buying county drainage bonds bearing 3 per cent interest. All interests desiring to borrow school money will have to stand on the same basis.

Section 2135 of the revised statues provides for loaning money from the state funds. When loaned on city, village, township or school district bonds it must draw 4 per cent interest but it may be loaned on county drainage bonds "bearing not less than 3 per cent interest."

A good many loans have been allowed at 3 per cent but none will be granted in the future. The board consists of Gov. Johnson, State Auditor Iverson and State Treasurer Dinehart.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

SEIZED LOGS.

Special Agent Layman Gets Busy Over Near Bemidji.

A. W. Layman, of Duluth, special agent for the general land office at Washington, last week made a seizure of a quantity of logs on the Mississippi river, about twelve miles southwest of Bemidji. The logs had been cut from a stand of Norway and white pine on a fraudulent homestead in Section 29-146-35, near Bootleg lake. The logs had been piled on the ice in the river and on the bank. Mr. Layman seized the logs and put the government mark on them. It is said that at least one arrest will follow in connection with the seizure of the logs; but when Mr. Layman was asked concerning the matter, he courteously refused to say anything concerning probable prosecution to follow.

ELECTION TALK.

There Has Been Considerable of It of Late in Thief River Falls.

It is a little early to commence talking about city election, which will not be until next November, yet there has been considerable election talk of late and it is possible that the city campaign may be in full progress by the time the snow goes off.

If we are to have a warm election next fall what the is matter with having some stated issues rather than the more personal of the candidates who may want to serve the city?

Stands Them in Hand.

One of our prominent citizens stood in the post office last Friday reading his copy of the Courier. Looking over the births and deaths in the county for the past year he remarked: "Thief River Falls 105 births and Red Lake Falls, 31. We had better get busy." Then he wondered why those who heard him smiled.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Pays to Advertise.

A Willard man at least is convinced that advertising pays. He advertised for a lost $5 bill, and a friend, finding one on the street, gave it to him. A few days later the original supposedly lost bill turned up in an old vest pocket. He treated the boys and says he will advertise again.—Kansas City Journal.

DIED VERY SUDDENLY.

"Shorty" Lawrence Found Dead in His Bed Monday Morning.

The Deceased Was a Well Known Cook Employed by Bulman Bros.

Word was received in the city from Bulman Bros., logging camp at Fowlds, in Beltrami county last week to the effect that Lewis Lawrence, better known in Thief River Falls and among the lumbermen of Northern Minnesota as "Shorty" Lawrence, died very suddenly. The deceased retired on Sunday evening, Feb. 17, apparently in his usual good health and was found dead in his bed Monday morning. His body was laying in a natural position and there was nothing to indicate that he had suffered any pain.

For a number of years Lawrence had been employed in the Lumber camps in the Red Lake county as a cook and for the past four or five winters has been employed by Bulman Bros., In the summers he always made his headquarters in Thief River Falls and was well known to most of the residents of this city. There is nothing known as to his relatives.

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Bill Before the State Legislature That Would Help Some.

A bill which the people of Thief River Falls would very much like to see passed is the one that would force telephone companies to connect with rival systems.

The house committee on express, telegraph and telephone companies gave a public hearing on the Thundale bill which propose the placing of telephone companies of the state under the control of the railway and warehouse commission. It compels competing lines to exchange business too. The proposition involved was vigorously combatted by J. O. P. Wainwright representing the Northwestern Telephone company.

He said that state supervision was impracticable and as to forced connection with rival lines it would practically be a confiscation of private property. Their lines would be burdened with the business of other companies from which they would not derive any benefit. Representatives of a number of other city companies spoke against the bill.

A Bunch of Troubles.

Editor Pierce, of the Walsh County Record, Grafton, tells us some of the woes of his friend, Poison Carrots, in this clever way. If you get tired you needn't read it all. The Record says:

"Poison Carrots dropped into the printing office the other day with a large batch of bad news. The hired man has been indisposed for two weeks; he also has a broken leg and his stomach is out of order like the new member of the legislature who tries to pass a bill with a motion before the house and nothing behind it. The hired man's stomach trouble was brought on by himself by eating frozen turnips before breakfast. He broke his leg getting down off of the barn. The day after the hired man's leg was set, Mary, the white cow, got cast in a snow drift back of the flax barn, and Poison tramped around half a day calling 'Mary' in a large half section tone of voice. A school teacher by that name going by gave him a piece of her mind. Poison said he added it to what he already had and by using it quickly found the cow. He pried her out with a fence rail, explaining to the cow as he got her up that he expected to be wearing a new pair of cow hide boots before long. When he got in the house he found that his mother-in-law had mislaid her glasses and given the hired man sewing machine oil instead of the regular torture. The home troubles were not all. Poison tipped over three times coming to town, broke the vinegar jug, seven dozen of eggs and a few new year's resolutions. After securing a copy of the Fargo Forum for his mother-in-law, who has a cousin in the Fargo jail, Poison hurried out followed up the street by two dogs who seemed to know his coat."

Planer Shut Down.

At six o,clock last Thursday evening the planing mill whistle sounded a long blast and it is probably the last one in this village. The crew has been discharged and orders have been received to tear down the mill and ship the machinery. Work of dismantling the mill will commence at once.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—To introduce our work we will give 25 pictures for 25 cents and a button FREE. Peavy Gallery, Hicks Block.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

New Spring Goods

Complete line of new spring Dress Goods of every description in the latest styles, consisting of

Checks, Plaids and Plain Materials

in tan, black, blue, grey and all the new shades, ranging in price from 25c to $2.00 per yard. Also

NEW WHITE GOODS
NEW LACES
NEW EMBROIDERIES
NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS
NEW RIBBONS
New SHIRT WAISTS

NEW GINGHAMS
NEW PERCALES
NEW CHAWBRAYS
NEW CALICOS
NEW SKIRTS
New LINE OF CORSETS.

Call and see our new and elegant line of Ladies' Shoes for spring wear; all leathers, any style,

$2.00 TO $4.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

TRAVELER'S TROUBLES.

A Traveling Man Tells of His Experience in North Dakota.

"I suppose you have heard so many snow stories during the last few weeks says K. E. Olson of St. Paul. "I had about as much trouble as any that is saying a good deal. While trying to make the rounds in the Dakotas during the period of blizzards I was stuck in snow drifts nine times, and in each instance was held up from five hours to a few hours more than two days. The average was about ten hours.

"If there is anything more discouraging than being stuck in a snowdrift twenty miles from the nearest station, I have yet to hear about it. The longest wait more than two days, was forty miles from anything in the shape of a village, although there might have been a water tank nearer than that. There were not many people on the train, for conditions along the road were so bad by that time that only those who absolutely had to were traveling at all. Not a single woman was numbered among the passengers, so we were particularly fortunate. You may consider that an ungallant remark, but it is not intended as such. What I mean is that it would have added to our discomfort to have seen a woman as uncomfortable as we were.

"The train had no diner attached," although how the railroads could find the heart to send out even a local freight without a diner attached with all the danger there was of the train becoming blocked, is more than I can understand. We got hung up in the drift at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and by the next morning you can imagine just about how hungry we were. I was one of a scouting party that set out in search of food. By that time it had stopped snowing, and by keeping in the hollows between the drifts we were able to find pretty fair walking, although occasionaly we struck snow four and five feet deep that we had to flounder through.

"About three miels distant we could see smoke, supposedly from some chimney, curling lazily toward the sky, as the novelists put it, and we made for it as fast as our legs would. I'll bet a hundred farmers through North Dakota alone could tell stories of being swooped down upon by hungry passengers from snow-bound trains. Our fondest hopes were realized when we found a farmer's house fairly bulging with good things to eat, and a man and his wife, with three bright kids, all delighted to help us out. We ate ourselves, and then took a toboggan load back to the train with us, hiring the oldest boy to go along with us to return the sled.

"These supplies lasted us until relief came, for there were less than twenty-five fellows on the train, and we took just as big a load as the toboggan would hold. The wait was spent in playing cards, eating and smoking. I never smoked so many rotten cigars in my life. All private supplies were soon exhausted, and we had to depend on the stock the train boy had. The bad cigars were the worst part of the whole affair."

DOES IT PAY?

Farmers of This Section Sell Feeders to Iowa Stock Raisers.

Crookston Times:—V. M. Stetse of Sioux City Iowa has been in the city for the past two weeks purchasing feeders, which he will ship to Iowa where they will be fattened for the market. He has been buying cattle from the farmers in this vicinity and shipped some of them yesterday and will ship more today. The cattle will be sold in the Chicago market after they have been fattened and after they have been butchered in some of the Chicago meat packing establishments some of them will undoubtedly be shipped to Crookston as dressed meat and Crookston people will pay from 15 to 20 cents a pound for the meat. The cattle which Mr. Stetse has been buying have cost him about 3 cents per pound. "It is quite evident that there is a screw loose somewhere in our economic system,' said a prominent man today in speaking of this matter, "or else we are not taking advantage of our opportunities, when the market conditions are adjusted in this way. We are paying the railroads freight two ways on our meat, paying Iowa farmers to fatten these cattle, on products which they raise there in competition with what we raise in the Valley, and on top of that pay the Chicago packers a handsome profit for working this little transaction for us.

There is one consolation,' he added, "and that is that in Minneapolis, Valley farmers may be induced to fatten their own cattle. It has been proved that we can raise just as good dent corn here as they can raise in Iowa and when more Valley farmers realize that as they will when they see the opportunity offered by the nearness of the new Armour plant, these conditions will undoubtedly be changed for the better."

Better Cattle.

The managers of the South St. Paul Stock Yards are sounding a cry for better cattle. In spite of all that has been said, shippers continue to send in common, scrub cattle, which, in many instances, have to be sacrificed at any price to prevent total loss. The fault does not lie entirely with the shippers. The farmers are certainly blamable, for it is they who put this common stock on sale. It costs very little more to raise good cattle than to grow common ones, and the prices realized are sure to be much greater. Our farmers might just as well send in stock of quality as stock of poor quality. But this cannot be done without thought and care. Send in an inferior animal that weighs 1,200 pounds when finished, in the one instance, and a superior animal that weighs the same in another, and note the difference in the returns.

The first will probably sell at 3 cents a pound and the second at 5 cents a pound. The difference is $18.00. The difference on a carload of such animals would be $900.00.

This is just a little hint for our farmers to think over.—Farmer.

SOON TO INCORPORATE

Langseth Mercantile Co. the Name of the New Company.

Will Succeed to the Business of Langseth Bros.

An important business change is to take place in Thief River Falls on the 15th of March. Upon that day an incorporated company having a paid up capital of $30,000 will assume control of the general merchandise business of Langseth Bros. The new company will be known as the Langseth Mercantile company and, among the stockholders will be Mrs. Hans Langseth, T. P. Hamre H. P. Spoonheim, Anton Langseth, P. P. Hamre, of Detroit, Minn., and others whose names are not now made public.

The Langseth store is the pioneer general mercantile establishment of Thief River Falls and for years did the largest business of any establishment in the city. Since the death of the late Hans Langseth the business of the concern has been conducted by an administrator.

The incorporation of the new company will greatly strengthen the concern and add considerable new blood to the firm. The stockholders are all substantial and enterprising business men, and that they will make a success of the new company goes without saying.

A SLICK SCHEME.

Red Lake County to Pay the Bill of Red Lake Falls Attorneys.

At the meeting of the county commissioners held this week a resolution was passed authorizing the employ of F. A. Grady and C. E. Boughton to conduct the county seat case. No limit is put to the amount they may receive for their services and the county will probably have to pay any bill they may render. The passing of this resolution means that the county seat case will be delayed for sometime, and will have to go to the supreme court court again.

It further means that Red Lake county will have to pay the bills of the Red Lake Falls side of the case in the future.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—While there have been a good many breaks in the legislative session owing to holidays and over Sunday adjournments about the usual pace has been set for the general work. Up to the adjournment for the Washington birthday holiday there had been 506 bills introduced in the house and 418 in the senate. Only fifteen of this aggregate of 923 have been signed by the governor as yet, but that is to be expected. It would not be wise, even if they could, to rush these bills through without much consideration and much committee work, so that while the public may criticise the legislature as inactive in reality they are doing the most important part of their work in committees, which does not appeal to the public. There has been considerable feeling between the house and senate as to which body will make the quickest record in the anti-railroad legislation. The legislature has come to St. Paul very strongly impressed with the theory that the railroads must be very severely attacked. A good many ways have been planned, but the most popular one is to reduce railroad transportation in the state of Minnesota to 2 cents per mile. They have felt that they could not ask this of the railroads without doing a little something in return and consequently the popular plan has been to propose the passage of a bill forbidding the issue of passes to the public by the railroads and also forbidding the acceptance of the same by members of the legislature or other public officials.

House Passes Two-Cent Fare Bill.

The Interstate commerce law already forbids the railroads from issuing interstate passes, but that does not interfere with the issue of passes within the boundaries of Minnesota. It is therefore quite an anomaly to know that in spite of this intended legislation the majority of the members of the legislature have passes in their pockets good between St. Paul and their homes. A few who were tendered them refused them, but the majority, having considered it their last chance, accepted them. There does not seem to be any special impropriety in this except as a matter of taste, because there is so much anti-railroad steam on that it would be unfair and unjust to even intimate that any member of the legislature would be governed in his official actions by the possession of a pass.

One day this week the senate undertook to push along the bill reducing railroad fare to 2 cents per mile, but after quite an animated debate postponed action for four or five days, when it is to come up for final consideration. The house took the alarm and in order to be first in the field the next day passed a bill making 2 cents the legal rate in Minnesota under suspension of the rules by 115 affirmative votes to 1 negative. This shows the temper and spirit of the legislature almost better than any comment I can make.

CAN'T VOTE ON LICENSE

City Council Has the Say in the Matter of Issuing Licenses.

Saloon men Were Going to Unite With the Temperance People.

A petition asking that a special election be called for the purpose of voting upon the license question was circulated last week. It is said that the petition had the backing of certain saloon keepers who wanted to force the city council to reduce the saloon license lower than $1,000 and if they failed to do this would unite with the temperance people of the city and vote out the saloons.

The petition will not be presented to the city council, however, for the reason that under our city charter the question of license cannot be voted upon. The members of the city council have the arbitrary right as whether or not liquor licenses shall or shall not be granted, and they also have the power to fix the license fee.

While the saloon keepers claim that they cannot make any money when forced to pay a license of $1,000, the fact remains that there are now sixteen saloons in the city and there would be more were it not for the fact that the council has limited the number to sixteen.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Supt. Hay is quite ill and unable to attend to his school duties. Reverend Barackman has taken charge of Mr. Hay's classes in mathematics until the latter is again able to be about.

Certain Junior—"My life-line is crossed in numerous places. And one of the greatest crosses is Chemistry." Cheer up Junior! Only three more months of Chemistry—provided you pass.

The Red Lake County teachers held their meeting at the High School on Friday and Saturday of last week. The sessions were very well attended. Quite a number of the town teachers were present. As were also a number of high school pupils. Friday evening Dr. Gambell lectured about Alaska to the teachers and others at the Presbyterian church.

—For sale or exchange—I will sell or exchange for a more central location my seat on the outskirts of the Junior class—Junior Secretary.

Last Thursday morning Judge Bishop addressed the high school pupils. The gist of his remarks was that "no one can govern himself," and "no one can learn what he is not prepared to learn."

A certain Sophomore said last week, "Spring is surely coming. I saw two 'Crows' on my way to school today." Surely they must have been scare-crows, to judge by this week's weather.

Tests are again the order of the day.

Teacher in German class—"———, what is the word for principal, Literally, it means one who stands before."

1st. Pupil—"Vorstandor!"
(laughter)

2nd. Pupil—(sotto voce) "Carlson!"
(more laughter)

The Seniors are beginning to realize that there are only three more months left, in which to do "heaps" of work.

Opinion of pupils—
Before Test—"I don't think. I know"
After Test—"I don't think I know"

A certain Senior is anxious to change her name.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Feb. 16

Berger Albert
Berg Mrs.
Carmicke M. M.
Baker Nick.
Baker Geo.
Eagen Michiel
Fatland Lars
Hoppa John
Hoppa Paul
Hanson Mrs. Rosa
Jackson Paul
Jackson Mrs. Addie
Olson & Johnson
Larson Miss Nellie
Leves H. L.
Lee Martin
Morque Miss Lusie
Ness Miss Thea. N.
Olson Miss Minnie
Petterson Miss Bell
Parlson Annie
Rasmussen J. R.
Rud C. C. Mrs.
Sande Daniel J.
Schereesler N. L.
Smith Geo.
Sorenson Robert
Swanson Ole
Wenberg Nicholi
Westby Miss Lina

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

Big Auction Sale, Monday, March 11, 1907.

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock A. M., on Monday, March 11, 1907, I will sell at public auction the property named below, at my farm located on Sec 25, town of Kratka:

1 bay horse, 8 years old,
1 chestnut mare, 9 years old,
1 brown mare, 3 years old,
1 bay horse, 3 years old,
6 milch cows, 4 to 6 years old,
4 heifers, 3 years old,
3 yearling heifers,
3 steers 2 years old,
3 yearling steers,
1 bull, 2 years old,
1 brood sow,
80 Leghorn chickens,
10 tons of hay,
Potatoes,
300 bushels, white Russian oats free from foul seeds.
1 four horse harrow,
1 12 disc harrow,
2 breaking plows,
1 gang plow,
1 sulky plow,
1 walking plow,
One sleigh,
2 wide tire wagons,
One deering mower,
2 hay rakes,
One single buggy,
2 sets of work harness,
One hay sling, complete,
One grind stone,
One cream separator,
One cultivator,
And other articles too numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash; over that amount, bankable paper due November 1, 1907, drawing 8 per cent interest.

C. M. Evenson,
Auctioneer.

Peter O'Toole,
Owner.

EXTRADITION GRANTED.

Two Well Known Residents of Crookston Will Have to Go to Iowa.

Are Charged With Taking Money Under False Pretences.

Yesterday's St. Paul Dispatch contained the following item which is of considerable local interest:

Gov. Johnson has granted the request of Gov. Cummings of Iowa for the extradition of R. W. Purvis and Charles Hitchcock. They are charged with taking money on false pretences and participating in an alleged conspiracy.

Both Purvis and Hitchcock reside at Crookston and are very well known in Thief River Falls. The charges against them are the result of a land deal made a year or more ago by Purvis with an Iowa party. A number of horses were taken in the deal by Purvis and these he sold to Hitchcock, and that is the way the latter got mixed up in the deal. Attempt to get extradition papers was attemped a year or so ago, but were not granted.

Both parties have been indicted by a grand jury in Iowa and will now have to go back and stand trial.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday, March 3.
Communion at 11 a m.
Union revival services at 7 30 p m.
Rev Barakman will preach.
Sunday school at 10 a m.
Junior League at 2 30 p m.
Epworth League at 6 30 p m.

The union Meeting will continue throughout the week.

Everybody welcome

Chas. H. Fleher,
Pastor.

Bijou Theatre.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Troubles of the Moving Picture man.
No wedding bells for him or the attractions of married life do not appeal to this Bachelor.
Magic Roses—hand colored.
A difficult problem.
In search of adventure.
The latest march song illustrated, Sister.

Subscribe for the News.

GERMANTOWN.

Ole Holmen of Cloverleaf visited with friends here last week.

Hans Skogstad of Silvertown was up last Sunday visiting with friends and relatives and attending to business matters.

Postmaster Vaughan, in order to better accomodate the busy, has moved the postoffice nearer to the main street.

All the dairymen have turned out to haul ice for the creamery and undoubtedly will keep at it until there is no more space in the ice house if it don't require too much.

Frank Krotochvil was in from Cloverleaf Friday visiting with his brother John.

Emil Hanson has a new pair of horses that he purchased last week.

A joint meeting of school officers and teachers for Eastern Marshall County was held on Saturday in the Germantown school house Dist. 120. County Supt. L. M. Mithun, who called the meeting was present and presided and a good number of school officers and teachers from surrounding districts were in attendance. Many topics of general interest to the schools were discussed and many valuable suggestions offered so that all present were well profited for their presence.

Martin Berg was up from Silverton on Saturday and Sunday looking after his farming interests and eventually taking subscriptions for stock in the recently organized Farmer's Exchange at Thief River Falls. He being a member of the board of directors of that institution.

The effects of the late August Ruhnke were sold at public auction on Monday. H. M. Hicks was up from Thief River Falls to conduct the sale.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	[illegible]
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 00
Eggs	20c
Butter	[illegible]
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	15c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city Tuesday.

Mr. Leroy Tabor left Monday evening for Minneapolis.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Peter Engelstad was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Alfred Rasmussen left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

President Hanson, of the Merchants State bank at St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting Mrs. K. M. Hanson.

County Commissioner Shaw drove to Red Lake Falls Tuesday morning to attend a meeting of the county board.

The ladies Aid of the United Norwegian Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. Gilbert Bakke next Wednesday March 6.

The local lodge of Eagles will hold a smoke social next Monday evening. Lief Flenner, deputy grand president, will be present.

Olaf Brevick was in the city yesterday being enroute to his claim up near Kratka from the lumber camps of the Red Lake country.

At the recent timber sale in Montana, a large number of local people purchased pine land. This week they disposed of it to the Northwestern Lumber company of Kalispell.

Mrs. C. A. Robbecke went down to Minneapolis Monday evening. She will return tomorrow accompanied by her husband who has been in Indiana taking the mud baths.

Hank Draper went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening and will spend a few days loading the boilers in the old Meehan mill for shipment to Minneapolis. The boilers have been sold to a scrap iron concern.

Services in the Zion church every Tuesday evening commencing Feb. 28 at 8 o'clock. Efforts will be made during these meetings to renew the acquaintance with the passion story. Cordial invitation to all. W. L. Dahl.

The Grace Union Sunday school, which is located in Rocksbury township, has since the time it was organized July, 8, 1900 conducted their song services without the use of music. But have now purchased the beautiful organ held for sale by the I. O. O. F. lodge and will hereafter have the sweet and harmonious tones to lead the melodious voices in hymns of praise.

K. O. Gigstad was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Mrs. Granum was up from Plummer the first of the week.

H. H. Finrow, the merchant prince of Plummer, was in the city yesterday.

Wanted—A good girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. D. K. Bryant.

Mr. Ole N. Trontviet from Erie is staying at Paul Trontviet while Paul is absent.

Mr. P. J. Trontviet left last night for his old home in Lake Mills, Iowa on a business trip.

House for rent, second house across the street and south of Park Hotel. Inquire of M. C. Burns.

Mrs. Whaley, who has a homestead up in the Rapid River country, returned to this city the first of the week.

Rev. A. H. McKee of Detroit has been assisting in the Union Meeting at the Methodist Episcopal Church.

At the meeting of the county commissioners held this week, the sum of $350 was secured by Commissioner Shaw to be spent upon the road between sections 25 and 36 in the town of North.

K. O. Kittelson will in a few days move to Thief River Falls where he has secured the position of section foreman on the G. N. While regretting Mr. Kittelson's departure from town, we rejoice in his good fortune in getting a good job.—Middle River Pioneer.

Clair Craig, superintendent of logging for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, came down this morning from Blackduck, where he has been looking after the timber operations which his company is carrying on in that vicinity this winter. He left this afternoon to visit the Thief River company's camps on Sandy river, southwest of lower Red Lake. Mr. Craig states that work under his jurisdiction is progressing very well and that the cold spell which we are now enjoying has been a Godsend in the matter of hauling big loads of logs.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Attention Farmers.

The Minnesota Farmers Exchange will hold its annual meeting and a general convention at the court house in Minneapolis on March 6, 7 and 8. A general invitation is extended to all farmers in the state to attend this meeting.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 21, town of Norden.

A photograph of yourself from BORRY'S gallery will be as nice as any Easter card

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

Louis Hanson was down to Plummer last week.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Lars Backe went down to St. Paul Sunday evening.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Miss Annand spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls visiting with friends.

Mrs A. B. Helgeson entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday evening.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston the first of the week visiting her mother, Mrs. Carl Kretzschmar.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 21, town of Norden.

D. P. O'Neill and E. E. Zeh went down to St. Paul Sunday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McDonagh, who had been up at Gatzke attending the funeral of Mrs. McDonagh's mother, returned to this city last Friday.

—For Sale—Good second hand organ $30, good second hand piano $35. Excellent for house, school, church or hall. See Hager the land man in old State Bank Bilding Thief River Falls.

—Supt. Michaels returned last Saturday with the crew that for the past three weeks had been opening up the Wheatline with the big rotary snow plow.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Morck, of Warren, were in the city over Sunday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Jackson. They left Monday evening for Wisconsin to visit friends for a few days and from there will go to Sacremento, Cal., to make their future home.

Olaf Tando was here yesterday on his way home to Garnes from St. Hilaire with a fine three-weeks-old bull calf which he purchased from Chas. Gustafson. The calf is from a pure bred Guernsey sire and a choice grade Holstein dam which will make a choice dairy sire if he lives for two or three years more. Mr. Tando deserves credit for the efforts he is continually making to improve dairying conditions in this part of the country.—Plummer Pioneer.

D. K. Bryant left last Friday for Moorhead.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Albert Louson returned to Pekin, N. D. last Saturday.

Mike McAndress was up from St. Hilaire last Friday.

Leonard Peterson was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

Treasurer Tanberg was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Charles A. Hitchcock was up from Crookston last Friday.

Ex-Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Dennis Le Sage and Christ Porter last week purchased Tom Blutler's saloon.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Miss Alice Christienson, who had been visiting with relatives at Fertile returned to this city last Saturday.

Halvor Loken was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters before Probate Judge Tarrant.

—To introduce our work we will give 25 pictures for 25 cents and a button FREE. Penny Gallery, Hicks Block.

Mayor Grundy last week appointed George Jarman night policeman in place of Dennis La Sage who resigned to engage in business.

The teachers meeting held in this city last Friday and Saturday was a successful one and quite well attended. A very entertaining program was rendered

Julius Pleth writes us from Plummer that he will not be able to arrange his business affairs so that he can move to St. Paul on March 1st, as planned, and that he may be detained at Plummer two or three months longer.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Representative Alexander's bill permitting local school boards to designate a bank or banks as depositories for school funds has been passed in the house and is now in the hands of the committee on education in the senate. Senator Wright of Litchfield has been having a hard time of it with a similar bill in the senate. The Wright bill differs from Mr. Alexander's bill in that it affects only independent districts. It appears that some of the bankers in the senate are opposed to this bill.

Cut Prices!

We Will furnish hay and barn room for a team over night for

25 Cents.

Remem's Livery and Feed Barn.

—Max Koenig was up to Esplee last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

George Newberry has been appointed agent for the Reeves Threshing machine company for this territory.

C. C. Jackson went down to Minneapolis Monday evening to attend the convention of retail hardware dealers.

Miss Esther Stebbins entertained a company of her friends last Friday afternoon in honor of the anniversary of her birth.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Mrs O. T. Tandberg came down from Thief River Falls Saturday evening and spent Sunday with her husband here. Mr. Tandberg will move his family here within the next few weeks.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

County Treasurer Tandberg reports that the personal tax collections are coming in rapidly and the treasurer is kept very busy as a result. Today is the last day for the payment of the personal property taxes before the penalty attach.

Sam Cheeley was up to Greenbush last Saturday and while there made arrangements for renting a store building. The O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading company of this city will in a few days open up a branch store at that place.

Wannaska has been figuring on building a creamery, but its farmers have come to the conclusion that it will be better to wait another year before doing so. The reason for this is that there are hardly a sufficient number of cows in the neighborhood to warrant the kind of creamery desired.

A farewell reception was tendered Mr. and Mrs. T. Morck by the members of the local Eastern Star chapter at Masonic hall Tuesday evening. Mrs. W. N. Powell, worthy matron, on be-half of the chapter, presented Mrs. Morck with a jeweled comb, accompanying the presentation with expressing feelingly the high regard in which she was held by the members of the chapter and their great regret because of her leaving Warren to make her home elsewhere.—Warren Register.

A petition signed by Joseph Johnson, et al., of Eric, has been filed with County Auditor O'Brien, praying that the unorganized township 153-39 be organize as a town, and the matter came up before the meeting of the commissioners this week. Mr. Johnson wants the new town named Zenith, but several other names have also been suggested, some wanting Eric, others Loiland and still others, Equity. 153-39 is the center town of the three unorganized towns on the reservation and when the organization of this town is complete it will leave but two unorganized towns in the county.

Ole O. Vattendahl, a prominent Highlanding farmer, spent Sunday and Monday in this city. Mr. Vattendahl was interviewing the people here regarding the sale of shares in the Red Lake River Transportation company. This company was organized by a number of Highlanding farmers for the purpose of building a boat for freight and passenger traffic on the Red Lake river. They are now selling shares in the company, and expect to commence work early in the spring to get the boat in operation as soon as possible. Mr. Vattendahl was quite successful here, and disposed of a large number of shares.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

A farmer's wife living only a short distance from Longby and who does not wish her name published has kept a record of eggs and butter sold from her 35 hens and five cows during last year. Her egg sales amounted to $77 and her butter sales to $82, making a total of $159. It must be understood that this does not represent the total product, but only the surplus after deducting all eggs and butter which has been used by the family during the entire year. These people do not pretend to make this their business, but rather as a by product besides the regular proceeds from the farm. It is a splendid example to copy by all the rest of the small farmers around here.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

There's the man who builds the railroads, and the man who builds the tanks; the man who builds a pipe line, to fill a system's tanks. There's the man who builds the breweries, and the man who builds a town; the man who builds a skyscraper, warranted not to tumble down. There's a man who builds up Broadway and the elevated lines; the builder of our mammoth trusts; the builder of combines. The man who builds the whalebacks, that ply our lakes and streams; the builder of our autos and our ocean submarines. There's the man who builds his business up by using printer's ink; and the builder of the theory that the ape's the missing link. But the greatest of all builders is the one you chance to know; who builds the kitchen fire when it's thirty five below.—Ex.

C. M. Evenson was up to Sandridge Tuesday.

H. M. Hicks was out to Germantown Monday.

W. G. Potter was up to Orleans the first of the week.

Mayor Grundy went down to St. Paul Sunday evening.

John Sorenson was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton returned to this city Tuesday.

"Slim" Sheperd and bride are in the city visiting friends.

H. W. Lee leaves tomorrow for a trip to the Pacific coast to look up a new location.

Ole Teigen, a Crookston real estate dealer, transacted business in the city the first of the week.

Halvor Olson returned to Plummer Monday after a month's stay with Paul I. D. Ostby in this city.

Mrs. Maggie Moriariaty returned to Grand Forks Monday after a few days visit with friends in this city.

Mrs. Paul I. D. Ostby returned Sunday morning after a three weeks visit with friends and relatives in Freeborn county.

On the Thursday, March 14, at Liner, will occur the marriage of Rev. S. T. Palm, the popular pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church at Sandridge, to Miss Randle Sandland, of Liner.

Wm. Stullich, a farmer of Sauk Rapids, was arrested during the week for selling the meat of a cow inferred with milk fever. The complainment was a Sauk Rapids butcher. The farmer was fined $50.

A large number of the Red Lake dian reservation Indians were in Thief River Falls the first of the week. Many of them were Indians that formerly lived on the eleven towns. They all had quite an amount of money and did considerable trading with our local merchants.

Three men were found dead in a tie camp near Virginia and indications are that they died from the effects of drinking wood alchol, as a jug of the fluid was found in the cabin and also a pint bottle half emptied. Their bodies were frightfully twisted and contorted and the appearances would lead one to believe that they had died in frightful agony.

This case breaks the record for early marriage: Laura Hill, now aged 20, seeks a divorce in Duluth from Ellsworth Hill to whom she was married seven years ago, the husband being of about the same tender age as the wife. They soon discovered that bread and butter did not appear simply for the yearning, and five years ago the cares and troubles of the married children became so great that the husband and protector left for parts unknown and has not been seen or heard from since.

A Jew named Lewis married a Melrose girl. He bought a store at Morris and they went there to live. All went well until he burned out and they started for Walker to look up a location. She left him at Sauk Center and paid a visit to her parents at Melrose. Lewis wrote her stating that he had found that a Jew could not live happily with a Gentile girl and suggesting that she forget him as he was about to leave the country to return no more. The authorities are looking for him.

State Drainage Engineer George Ralph had a narrow escape from drowning while engaged in surveying along the Long Prairie river for the purpose of straightening that river. He was walking along on snow shoes, the snow being more than three feet deep. Suddenly the snow gave way under him. He threw his surveyor's instruments away and held on to the tripod. He was helpless, but his men were close by and came to his assistance. He was taken to a nearby farm house and was soon able to go to work again.

A movement is on foot to raise all sunken logs, known as "dead heads" from the bottom of the Mississippi river from its source to Minneapolis, a distance of 250 miles. It is said the bottom of the river is fairly lined with sunken logs which will yield a large sum of money. Many millions of logs have been floated down this river and many were sunk. The plan is to bring the logs ashore when they will be inspected by a government official and when the marks are visible they are to be credited to the firms to which they belong at the rate of $8 per thousand. It is said that the sinkers or "dead heads," are mostly Norway pine, known as "pig iron" Norway.

Perl W. Mabey received a letter last week from his two brothers who have a cattle ranche up in the Canadian Northwest. The Mabeys had put up hay and provided shelter for their large heard of cattle and up to the time of writing the letter had lost but two head. They estimate that over 65 per cent of the range cattle will never live to see green grass next spring. Reports of the unprecedented destruction of unsheltered stock from the server weather and deep snows come from every quarter of the ranching country, and the popular opinion of the people of this country is that laws should be passed compelling large holders of cattle to provide food and shelter for them, so that in emergencies like the past couple of months have brought out they would be in a position to prevent so wanton destruction to their herds as can now not be helped.

Most people know that if they have been sick they need *Scott's Emulsion* to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about *Scott's Emulsion* is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

THE WAY TO CELEBRATE.

Elmer E. Adams a "Semi Centenial Bridge Fund."

Money Spent in This Way Would Accomplish Good Results.

Elmer E. Adams, member of the legislature from Fergus Falls has introduced a bill in the house appropriating $1,500,000 for a "Semi-Centenial Bridge Fund" to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of the State of Minnesota into the Union. Various schemes have been proposed for celebrating the coming anniversary, the principal one being the holding of a six weeks' exposition at the State Fair grounds for which a strong lobby is at work to have the legislature appropriate $1,000,000. The Memorial which Mr. Adams proposes is certainly the most practical and it is one which will appeal to the people of every county in the state for everywhere there is need of permanant bridges, and the townships are unable to build them unaided. The bill provides for issuing certificates of indebtedness by the state for $1,500,000 bearing 4 per cent interest and these are to be paid off at the rate of $100,000 a year. This is the plan on which the $4,000 000 capitol was built and the one on which it is proposed to raise $1,000,000 for the "expanded" State Fair and the $1,500,000 for the capitol approaches. The bill divides the $1,500,000 among the counties of the state according to their size and needs and is to be used in building iron, stone or concrete bridges, and on each bridge there is to be a tablet of iron which shall read "Erected in 1908 in Commemoration of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Admission of Minnesota into the union." The money when paid to the counties will be apportioned by the County Boards, which will determine what proportion of the cost of the bridge shall be provided by the township or village and what proportion shall be paid out of the Semi-Centennial fund.

The following amounts are apportioned to each county.

Aitkin, $10,000; Anoka, 8,000; Becker 18,000; Benton, 7,000; Beltrami, 18,000; Big Stone, 7,000; Blue Earth, 11,000; Brown, 8,000; Carlton, 10,000; Carver, 6,000; Cass, 14,000; Chippewa, 10,000; Chisago, 8,000; Cook, 6,000; Clay, 12,000; Clearwater, 10,000; Cottonwood, 10,000; Crow Wing, 10,000; Dakota, 10,000; Dodge, 6 000; Douglas, 12,000; Faribault, 10,000; Fillmore, 12,000; Freeborn, 10,000; Goodhue, 10,000; Grant, 8,000; Hennepin, 10,000; Houston, 8,000; Hubbard, 12,000; Isanti, 8,000; Itasca, 10,000; Jackson, 10,000; Kanabec, 8,000; Kandiyohi, 12,000; Kittson, 10,000; Koochiching, 10,000; Lac qui Parle, 12,000; Lake, 5,000; Le Sueur, 10,000; Lincoln, 8,000; Lyon, 10,000; McLeod, 8,000; Marshall, 12,000; Martin, 10,000; Meeker, 8,000; Mille Lacs 10,000; Mahnomen, 10,000; Morrison, 15,000; Mower, 10,000; Murray, 10,000; Nicollet, 8,000; Nobles, 10,000; Norman, 10,000; Olmsted, 10,000; Ottertail, 35,000; Pine, 18,000; Pipestone, 6,000; Polk, 20,000; Pope, 10,000; Ramsey, 5,000; Red Lake, 10,000; Redwood, 12,000; Renville, 12,000; Rice, 9,000; Rock, 8,000; Roseau, 12,000; St. Louis, 20,000; Scott, 6,000; Sherburne, 8,000; Sibley, 8,000; Stearns, 22,000; Steele, 8,000; Stevens, 10,000; Swift, 10,000; Todd, 14,000; Traverse, 8,000; Wabasha, 10,000; Wadena, 10,000; Waseca, 8,000; Washington, 8,000; Watonwan, 8,000; Wilkin, 10,000; Winona, 10,000; Wright, 10,000; Yellow Medicine, 10,000.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Miss Lambertson, of Warren, Died Sunday Morning.

Miss Flora Lambertson, of Warren and a young lady well known in Thief River Falls, died at the Astoria hotel at Minneapolis Sunday morning of consumption. She was 25 years of age and had been ailing for about a year. Her father J. A. Lambertson is a prominent banker and land dealer at Warren.

The young woman was taken to Minneapolis by her mother about three weeks ago. Miss Lambertson failed rapidly after arriving in the city. When it was seen that she could not survive, her mother who had returned home, was sent for, but she did not get there until Sunday morning after her daughter had breathed her last.

The death of Miss Lambertson will come as a great shock to her many friends in Thief River Falls and thruout this section of the state where she was well known and highly esteemed. Few knew of her critical condition and even her parents did not realize the seriousness of her condition. She was a musician of more than ordinary ability and a young lady highly esteemed by all who knew her.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath School at 12

All our other services are suspended during the progress of the union meetings between this church and the M. E. people of the Methodist church in their building.

Preaching service each evening this week by Rev. McKee of Detroit, Minn., at 7.30 no services Sat., evening. Our members are earnestly urged to be faithful in prayer and attendance during these meetings. F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Subscribe for the News.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Full line of Carpets and Rugs.
Agents for Singer Sewing Machines.
Lace Curtrins, Brass Beds and Bedding of All Kinds.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

February 28, 1907.

Five Years of Progress.

Five years is not a very long time and yet this epoch in this section of the state has been one of remarkable progress, and means that in the near future the country tributary to Thief River Falls is going to be the greatest dairy country in the world. This statement may seem a little strong, yet time will prove that it is correct.

Five years ago there was not a creamery in this whole section. Farmers were raising wheat and other cerials exclusively and they were not only losing money, but also greatly impoverishing their land. Those who could sell out were doing so and seeking new land in newer sections where they could raise wheat. Some who were forced to stay considered their lot a hard one, but it remained for a little band of farmers living in the vicinity of St. Hilaire to solve the problem.

Five years ago last Friday they met at St. Hilaire and organized the St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery company, and the success of this company is best told by a statement of the amount it has paid out to farmers during the five years it has been in existence. It is as follows:

1902	$ 4,834
1903	14,901
1904	18,935
1905	32,376
1906	50,307

This year it is estimated that the St. Hilaire creamery will pay out in the neighborhood of $70,000 to the farmes. The next creamery built was in Thief River Falls and the success of our local institution is equal to that of the St. Hilaire creamery, in fact the stockholders of the local concern believe that they will do a larger business this year than the St. Hilaire concern. Other creameries were built in the surrounding towns and last year in the country which is tributary to Thief River Falls thirteen new creameries were built. This year there will be a number of more creameries built, the farmers living at Sandridge and Middle River having already organized companies and will build as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

The remarkable fertility of our soil for the growing of clover, timothy and corn fodder and other grasses means that the dairy business will continue to increase each year. There are many farmers who are drawing monthly checks of from $50 to $100 the year-around and it would be hard to try and induce any of them to return to wheat raising.

Last Friday in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the organization of the St. Hilaire creamery, the stockholders met at St. Hilaire and held a jubilee. Instead of putting in their time—as farmers usually did a few years ago—making eloquent speeches at the note counter of the bank, they listened to many practical talks upon dairying and paid cash for what they purchased at the stores.

Five years from now, the farmers will be most prosperous people of this section, and their success means the continued prosperity of the cities and villages of this section.

Great Record of Amity.

For well nigh one hundred years—ninety-three to be exact—the United States and Canada have lived side by side in the most perfect amity with never so much as a serious difference, not even at the time of the historic but futile Fenian raid—a record of which both may well be proud, especially when it is compared with Europe's history says the Duluth Herald.

In fact, so long and so harmonious have been the relations between Uncle Sam and "Our Lady of the Snows" ever since the close of the War of 1812, and the sons of both had grown so accustomed to the amity that they had completely overlooked the fact that a peace of ninety-three consecutive years between neighbors, a large portion of whose boundaries are imaginary, is almost unexampled in the past history of civilization.

To Secretary of State Root, with his "rocking chair and cigars" diplomacy, belongs the credit for calling to the minds of the people of both nations this remarkable fact. So much were our northern neighbors impressed that a measure is now before the Canadian parliament for a jubilee on the border in 1909 to celebrate the ninety-fifth anniversary of the close of the last conflict and the preservation for all of this long time of a friendship unstained by either blood or taint of dishonor.

It is to be hoped that the proposal shall be prosecuted to a successful outcome, the congress of the United States making an especially liberal appropriation for the purpose. The spectacle of Canada and the United States joining in a celebration of lasting peace instead of commemorating war victories cannot fail to have a marked influence on the sentiment of the whole world. Such a celebration would be an effectual answer to the claim that war is a necessity and to the false charge that the United States is greedy and domineering. A colossal statue or series of statues of the Prince of Peace at commanding points on the boundary line should be made a feature of any celebration.

State Road Fund.

The Duluth News-Tribune has the following very sensible editorial upon the subject of state road funds:

"The state highway commission is preparing to distribute $60,000 of road funds to the counties of the state. It is understood that it will take as a basis for the distribution the number of miles of road in each county and the assessed valuation of its property. It will then give the maximum to the richest and those already best provided with highways.

"Ministers have been known to find much consolation in the text, "For whosoever hath to him shall be given, and whosoever hath not, from him shall be taken even that which he seemeth to have."

They have held it to be exact justice.

"And when the principle is applied by the state commission, it may also be defended by those who have. But those who have not, yet are trying to get, will hardly submit with biblical meekness to any such rule.

"The largest sum that can be alloted is $1,800. This amounts to little to such counties as Hennepin, Ramsey of St. Louis; and several others like Stearns and Goodhue; it would be a considerable amount to Pine, Carlton, Sherburne, MilleLacs and of the smaller and less opulent counties. These counties, however under the contemplated plan would get but $300 or $400 each.

"The commission which is patriotic and disinterested and wants to do what is right and best will do rank injustice and make a grevious mistake if it does not exactly reverse its rule. It should distribute on the basis of wealth and present road mileage, but to the rich give nothing or as little as the law will permit

To the newer counties, blessed less with wealth than with energy, whose highways are few and poor, which still have cheap lands for settlers and to which new roads are still a necessity the maximum should be given.

"St. Louis county will certainly agree with Hennepin, Ramsey and the other wealthier counties to take the minimum in order that the less fortunate counties of the north and northwest may receive the maximum."

To Prevent Cruelty to Land.

Rockwell Sayre, a farm owner residing in Illinois, has framed a law for the "prevention of cruelty to land."

It is to be modeled after the prevention of cruelty to animals measure.

Under the proposed bill land may not be planted more than two years at a time with corn, oats, wheat or other small grains.

Provision is made for "resting" the soil every seven years by seeding it with alfalfa for meadow or pasture.

Every five years it must be "toned up" with a top dressing of stable manure or some other fertilizer.

A penalty of $20 a year for each violation is provided.

Land that is "abused" by "heartless" farmers, who plant the same crop year after year without any regard for the feelings of the soil is to be protected under the proposed measure.

Failure to plant different grains in rotation, Mr. Sayre explains, destroys the fertility of the land. He calls it cruelty.

He has a bill drawn for the Illinois and other state legislatures for passage, forbidding the planting the same crop year after year on the same land.

Copies of the proposed measure have been sent to Governor Deneen and to the governors of North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin and Nebraska.

Mr. Sayre recently visited Governor Elrod of South Dakota and outlined the movement to him.

The governor promises to co operate in bringing about the proposed reform.

President Wurst, of Fargo college, N. D., also took an interest in the Sayre plan and drew the bill which has been sent to the various governors.

John Pogue, the "Lid" candidate, was elected mayor of Bemidji last week after a very hot election by a majority of 307 votes. He promises to reform the town.

Both the senate and the house last week passed bills authorizing the state board of control to establish a plant at the state prison at Stillwater for the manufacture of farm machinery, such as binders, mowers and rakes. While two separate bills were passed, each house acting on the measure introduced in its own body, the two bills are essentially the same.

THEO. KOSIN,
Merchant Tailor.

I am prepared to make suits cheaper than any of my competitors. Also suits cleaned, pressed and scoured and all other work done by the latest method.

THEO. KOSIN,
Thief River Falls.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. **T. P. HAMRE,** Cashier. **OSCAR SPONHEIM,** Assistant Cashier.

The Ada Herald is one of the latest papers in Northern Minnesota to purchase a new power press. The Herald is a good paper and is entitled to be properous.

Making absence for several years equivalent to death as far as the estate of a person is concerned is the object of a bill introduced in the house by J. A. Gates of Kenyon. Under the bill when the head of the family has been gone for seven years and has not been heard of by any of the members of his family, the probate court shall have full power and jurisdiction to distribute and assign the property to those who would be entitled to it if the person were dead.

A general increase in the appropriations for special aid to state high, graded and rural schools is proposed in a bill introduced in the house by C. M. Bendixen of Morgan. The annual appropriation for the state high schools is raised from $217,000 to $310,000; graded schools, $79,000 to $82,500; semi-graded schools, $67,000 to $80,000; rural schools, $100,000 to $177,000, of which $150,000 is for the first class and the remainder for the second class rural schools. In addition, $12,000 is appropriated for the necessary expenses of the state high school board, the salaries of the state high school inspector, graded school inspector and for the examiners.

Non-partisan judges and county officers is the aim of a bill introduced in the house last week by T. E. Noble of Albert Lee. Under the bill all candidates for judges of the supreme court, district or municipal courts, for county auditor, county treasurer, register of deeds, judge of probate, surveyor, coroner, clerk of court, court commissioner, superintendents of schools and county commissioner, may file without making any declaration of party affiliation and their names are to be placed on the ballots of all the parties at the primary election, but without any party designation. The three receiving the highest number of votes are to be placed on the general election ballot without a party designation.

A bill declaring the ownership of the state in lands lying beneath the waters of meandered lakes or rivers was introduced last week by Senator S. B. Bedford of Rushmore. The bill is in conformity with a recommendation of State Auditor S. G. Iverson, who stated that in the northern part of the state there is a great deal of valuable ore in lands covered by the bill. The bill provides that the title to such lands is vested in the state and such title shall not be affected by the subsequent draining of such lakes or rivers. The proper officers are authorized to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of or use the whole or any part of such lands in the same manner as other lands belonging to the state.

We commend the following admirable sentiments from the Winnebago Press-News to the business men of Thief River Falls for their thoughtful perusal. No town will become a good business center so long as its business men rely on a few merchants to make the effort to bring trade to town. Too often the men in a few lines of trade are about the only ones that reach out after customers. Other merchants wait until these men induce the people to come to town and content themselves with what naturally drifts to their place. A public spirited man should ask himself if he is doing his part to attract people to come to town and trade in helping the entire business community, and no town is a success unless all lines are working to extend the trade as far as possible and trying to bring a larger territory into the circle of which the town is the business center.

A few more injunctions granted by Judge Lochren, and we shall be inclined to join the labor organizations in the belief that this power can be taken away from the courts without harm to the government. The railroad commissioners of Minnesota, after a series of public hearings, became convinced that freight rates should be reduced, and made such an order. This is clearly a matter within the state, but Judge Lochren grants an injunction at the request of the railroads, to stop the reduction. The council of Minnepolis passes an ordinance for "six rides for a quarter" on the street cars, and Lockren, kindly grants another injunction. We refrain from comment because we are too busy to serve in jail for contempt of court.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

There is a lesson for the man who says newspaper advertising does not pay in what has transpired in Butte, Mont., within the past few days. On account of irreconcilable differences which have arisen between the newspaper publishers of that city and their employes, all the newspapers of the city have suspended publication for an indefinite period. Here is what a press dispatch from Butte has to say regarding the effect the suspension of the newspapers has had upon the business interests of that city: "Big mercantile establishments are resorting to all kinds of schemes for the advertisement of their wares. Bands are parading the streets with banners telling of bargains, and the streets are adorned with gaudily colored streamers imparting an almost gala appearance to the city while handbills have been scattered broadcast with utter abandon, in some cases the posters simply covering the walk.—Warren Register.

Miss Anita Moore, of St. Louis, in a recent address before the Missouri Immigration Association, said: "Here, then, is the problem for the philanthropic people to solve. Instead of giving all of their money to charity in the cities, either personally or through organizations, let them help the people to go back to nature. The charity that simply supplies the immediate material needs of a man is not worthy of the name. It robs the individual of his divine inheritance—independence—and makes of him a chronic pauper, without his self-respect. Charity given in a city is a makeshift. The same money applied to getting the same people independently established in the country will make of them splendid citizens; it will enable them not only to exist but to prosper; will help them to educate their children in the excellent schools which are provided in every town and hamlet, and will add to the prosperity and greatness of our nation."

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant. Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

WILL BEGIN WORK SOON

Soo Road May Have Line to Duluth by Fall.

Will Use the South Shore Road's Terminals at Superior.

The Soo road will have a line into the Head of the Lakes by next fall. This information is not yet officially announced, but it comes from reliable sources, from persons who are in very close touch with the Soo road's operations and who are in a position to speak of the facts.

The assertion is furthermore, backed up by the fact that a contracting firm in the interest of the Soo road is at the present time buying immense quantities of ties from the farmers all through the country where the new line has has been surveyed, and the farmers are delivering the same along the route staked out.

Construction work is to be started on the extension just as soon as the snow is off the ground and the frost out of it. There will be in the neighborhood of 175 miles or 185 miles of line to build, and it is claimed that the character of the country is such that the grading and filling will not be very heavy and that trackage can be laid very fast.

It is now practically certain that the Soo extention, from the company's main line at Glenwood, Minn., will cross the Northern Pacific road at Royalton, Minn., and again between Moose Lake and Barnum, Carlton county. The new road will also cross the Great Northern line, probably at or near Melrose, Minn. Next year the Soo will probably build from Thief River Falls to Barnum, thus making another line into Duluth.

The Soo line has already been surveyed from Glenwood through the Mille Lac Lake country to a point where it will cross the Northern Pacific road between Moose Lake and Barnum. A surveying crew began to work out from Superior this week toward the point where the other survey stopped. It is expected that the survey will be completed within a short time.

It is learned on good authority that the Soo road will connect with the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway line at Superior and that the Soo company will use the South Shore's terminals in that city.

This arrangement is claimed to simplify matters very much for the Soo road by reason of its having terminals already established. This fact, it is said will facilitate the plans of getting the new road into Superior by next fall.

Reports that the Soo would build from Glenwood to the Head of the Lakes have been current for three years past and have been brought to attention more in the past several months by the knowledge that surveying crews were laying out a line around Mille Lacs lake, and and were working through Carlton county. It has also been rumored that when the Soo road builds a line to the Head of the Lakes that it will make its connections with the South Shore road. The present plans appear to substantiate that report.

The importance of the new road to Duluth and Superior is readily seen. It will open up one of the best farming and hardwood districts in the state and will give easy access to the Head of the Lakes from some twenty-five or thirty farming towns around Mille Lacs lake, that have never before had any railroad facilities.

In that country there is a vast amount of hardwood, and tamarack that has had little market value heretofore on account of the lack of transportation facilities. The new railroad project has already had the effect of greatly strengthening prices and timber lands of all classes are being eagerly sought after by outside investors. A number of Duluth people who know of the possibilities for investors in that country, as soon as a railroad was assured, got on the ground and have purchased a large acreage in various sections near to the surveyed line for the Soo extension.

The road will, practically, give the Duluth jobbers a clear field among the towns along the extension, as the merchants will have more direct connections with Duluth than they will have with the Twin Cities.

Another interesting feature about the new road is that it will place within a few hours ride from Duluth one of the finest summer resorts in the Northwest. Mille Lacs lake has long had the reputation of being one of the prettiest spots for summer resorts among the hundred of lakes in Minnesota, and all that has been needed to develop the resort idea has been a railroad. The Soo line will skirt the lake for a long distance, and there is quite a rush of people to secure acreage or plots of ground on the shores of the lake, either for the purpose of erecting summer houses for themselves, or of holding the ground for investment.

Things to Forget.

A writer gives out the following, which, if followed out, would help to make the world better and happier:

If you would increase your happiness and prolong your life forget your neighbor's faults. Forget the slander you have heard. Forget the fault finding, and give a little thought to the cause which provoked it. Forget the peculiarities of your friends, and only remember the good points which make you fond of them. Forget all personal quarrels or histories you may have heard by accident and which, if repeated, would seem a thousand times worse than they are. Blot out as far as possible all the disagreeables of life; they will come, but they will grow larger when you remember them, and the constant thought of the acts of meanness, or worse still, malace, will only lend to make you more familiar with them. Obliterate everything disagreeable from yesterday, start out with a clean sheet for today and write upon it for sweet memory's sake only those things which are lovely and lovable.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Subscribe for the News.

VERY GOOD SHOWING.

Local Creamery Paid 32 Cents for Butter Fat in January.

Some 10,000 Pounds of Cream Received and Average Test Was 27,70.

The Thief River Falls Farmers Co-operative Creamery company paid 32 cents a pound for butter fat for the month of January and all things considered did a very satisfactory business. The following is statement as furnished the News by secretary P. Engelstad:

Amount of cream received, 10,001 pounds.

Amount of butter fat, 2,770,30 pounds.

Average test, 27,70

Price paid, 32 cents per pound.

Receipts.		
Balance from Dec., '06		$ 139.35
Received for butter sold		300.80
Estimated returns of butter shipped		430.50
Sales at creamery:		
Butter	$181.21	
Cream	41.20	
Buttermilk	16.45	
Sweet milk	14.25	253.14
Total		1,123.79
Disbursements.		
Estimated expenses		$ 159.83
Paid Thief River Falls patrons		835.14
One cent back pay for Nov.		20.51
" " " " Dec.		20.41
Viking patrons for Dec.		29.06
Milk patrons		17.43
Placed in sinking fund		16.83
Balance in general fund		24.08
Total		1,123.79

THE LOG CUT.

Conservative Estimate That It Will Be 40 per cent Short.

Speaking of the log shortage a local man who keeps well posted upon the logging operations in Northern Minnesota says:

"It will be about 40 per cent. This is to be a fair estimate: the shortage is all the way from 33 to 50 per cent, and some of those who have at first fixed upon 33 per cent have since concluded that it might reach 50 per cent. It is manifest then, that there will be a very large shortage of lumber in Minnesota this year. The loggers do not look for good conditions later on, because the snow is so deep that the mild weather to reduce it to a moderate quantity would leave it in such a shape that a heavy crust would form with the return of cold weather, and the cold weather would be absolutely essential to good conditions at any time."

Attention Farmers.

The Minnesota Farmers Exchange will hold its annual meeting and a general convention at the court house in Minneapolis on March 6, 7 and 8. A general invitation is extended to all farmers in the state to attend this meeting.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made from Pure Grape Cream of Tartar

The only excuse for buying anything but a Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder is to save a few cents in price.

ROYAL costs you a few cents more per can than Alum or Phosphate of Lime powders, but it is worth far more than the difference to keep your biscuits, cakes and pastry free from the injurious effects of these cheapening substitutes.

Continued use of Alum means permanent injury to health.

Avoid Alum Ailments—Say plainly ROYAL BAKING POWDER

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

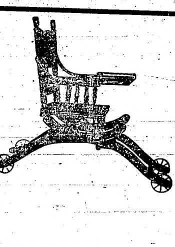

A Good Chair---
a Webster Chair

One of our adjustable highchairs, just the thing these cold winter days. Takes the place of a go-cart.

DON'T buy carpets, rugs, lenolums, window shades or lace curtains until you see our line.

DON'T buy sheet music until you have look ours over. We handle all of the latest pieces.

DON'T buy anything in the house furnishing line until you have seen our goods. We can save your money on the quality kind.

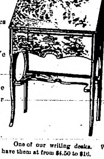

One of our writing desks. We have them at from $4.50 to $16.

AS TO SPRING FISHING.

State Game and Fish Warden Explains what can be Allowed.

The state game and fish warden gives out the following explanation of the fish law regarding which there seems to be considerable confusion, he is daily in receipt of letters asking his advice as to the sale of fish: "No fishing is allowed in Minnesota during March and April with hook and line as these two months are spawning months for fish, and everybody who wishes to protect the fish will realize that this is a necessity.

Spearing can be done, pickerel and rough fish, at all times, but these fish are only for domestic use not for sale.

No Minnesota fish will be allowed to be sold during March and April. Frozen fish that have been in stock, lake trout and lake white fish, may be handled but no Minnesota fish, such as perch, crappies, wall eye pike, pickerel or bass will be allowed to be sold or had in possession for purpose of sale during these months.

Regarding the sale of perch. There is nothing in the law that prohibits the selling of perch at any time except during the closed season (that is from the first of March to the first of May) all fish can be sold during the open season (except trout and bass) providing they are legally caught. First: Fish that have been speared are not allowed to be sold. Second: Fish that are to be sold must conform to law in regard to size and weight. Lake trout and white fish not less than two pounds round or one and one-half pounds dressed; wall-eyed pike not less than fourteen inches in length. Fish that are less than six inches in length must be returned to the water from whence they came except sunfish, rock bass, bullheads or minnows for bait.

I think however, that the law will be amended and not allow any fish to be sold that the state propogates. I will write further on matter if the law is amended."

A bill of much interest to farmers has been introduced in the legislature appropriating $1000 to the first rural consolidated school in each county. Said school districts are to comprise not less than 16 nor more than 36 square miles, the school building must have at least four rooms and must have a principal who can teach the elements of agriculture, with at least one assistant. At least ten acres of land shall be provided for planting of crops, etc.

SHOW PATRON SUES.

All Kinds of Trouble at Parkers Prairie Over Free Dance to Follow Show.

There is all kinds of trouble at Parkers Prairie because a show company refused to give a free dance after a performance as they had advertised to do.

The Eclipse Entertainment company advertised that after each performance a free dance would be given. One night the attendance was light and the management announced that the free dance would not be given.

George LaFond, of Henning, thereupon demanded his money back and the company refused to pay. LaFond brought suit and the matter is now in the court.

The advertising paper put out by the Eclipse company says that money will be refunded in case any one is dissatisfied and LaFond thinks this is a strong point in his favor.

House Burned Down.

Erie Eleven Towns: On last Thursday while George Wagner, living three miles north of Erie, was in Thief River Falls as a witness for John Piller in making final proof, his house caught fire and burned to the ground with nearly all of its contents. He had ten pounds of dynamite in the house to be used in drilling wells, that blew up everything as soon as the fire reached it. It seems that Mr. Wagner had one of his neighbors keep up a fire while he was gone so as to keep his potatoes from freezing and that the fire caught in some way from the stove pipe. It is a big loss to M. Wagner, as he carried no insurance.

Hits the Nail on the Head.

A Minneapolis senator accuses those of his colleagues who do not favor rushing through his bill appropriating $10,000 of the state's money for a silver service for the battleship Minnesota of a lack of patriotism. His idea of patriotism seems to be that it consists chiefly of the flag and an appropriation. If a silver service will increase the efficiency of the battleship, make its officers greater strategists, render its gunners better marksmen, and in other ways add to the prestige of our navy and redound to the honor and glory of our state and nation, by all means let the appropriation be made and the service purchased. As a matter of fact, however, it would do vastly more good if used for drainage purposes or by being added to the school fund.—Warren Register.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F.J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Closing Out Sale
-AT-
THE NEW STORE
Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S
Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND
CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press and
MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

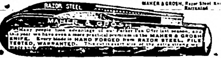

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.
Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60
Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

FIGHT REDUCED FARE

STREET RAILWAY COMPANY OPPOSES ACTION OF MINNEAPOLIS COUNCIL.

Supreme Court Upholds Law Forbidding the Publication of Details of Executions—Farmer Residing Near Chisholm Dead From Hydrophobia as Result of Bite of Pet Dog—News of the State in General.

Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—This city will have its chance to test the right of the city to regulate fares on the street railway system and enforcement of the ordinance to establish six fares for a quarter must await a settlement of that question in the courts. The company has begun the fight and its declaration of war is a temporary injunction secured from the United States circuit court, which restrains the city officers not only from enforcement, but also from legal publication of the new ordinance, which was adopted by the city council on Feb. 8 and signed by the mayor on Monday list. The writ of injunction is signed by Judge William Lochren and by its order J. C. Haynes, the mayor; L. A. Lydiard, city clerk, and Frank P. Healy, city attorney, are required to appear in court March 2 to show cause why an injunction should not be issued against them as prayed for in the complaint.

STATE LAW IS UPHELD.

Minnesota Papers Must Not Publish Details of Executions.

St. Paul, Feb. 22.—The supreme court has filed an opinion which in effect upholds the constitutionality of the John Day Smith law, which prohibits newspapers from printing details of the execution of criminals in this state.

The case originated from the publishing of the details of the William Williams execution by the daily newspapers of St. Paul. The newspapers were indicted at that time and they interposed a demurrer to the indictment attacking the constitutionality of the law and contending that the facts stated were not sufficient to constitute a public offense.

The demurrer was overruled by Judge Bunn and the case went to the supreme court on appeal. The decision of the supreme court sustains Judge Bunn and the case now reverts to the district court to be tried on its merits.

BITE OF PET DOG KILLS.

Rabies Victim Near Chisholm, Minn., Dies in Convulsions.

Chisholm, Minn., Feb. 23.—Bitten in the face some time ago by a pet dog George Peterson, fifty-four years old, who lived about four miles from here, is dead of hydrophobia. The dog had developed symptoms of rabies and its master was attempting to doctor it when the animal suddenly snapped at him, tearing a slight gash in his cheek. The wound appeared to be trivial and soon healed, but a few days ago Peterson developed symptoms of the disease and rapidly grew worse, dying in terrible convulsions.

GETS 8,343 WILD FURS.

Lake Crystal Man Sells Season's Products for $1,559.39.

Lake Crystal, Minn., Feb. 20.—C. J. Peterson, a local trapper and fur buyer, has done a good stroke of business in the last fall and winter. His total catch and purchase is 8,202 muskrats, 32 mink, 3 racoons, 20 weasels, 74 skunks, 5 civet cats and 7 other furs, making a total of 8,343 furs. The price received for rats was from 15 to 22 cents apiece and for mink $3 to $7 each. The total cash received for the furs was $1,559.39.

JOHN W. NELSON DEAD.

St. Croix Logger and Former Legislator Victim of Pneumonia.

Stillwater, Minn., Feb. 23.—John W. Nelson of Taylors Falls died last night in a hospital in St. Paul of pneumonia and acute Brights disease. He was a logger and for several years was associated with Lammers Bros. of this city. Two years ago he was a member of the legislature. He belonged to the Stillwater lodge of Elks. His body was taken to Taylors Falls, where a wife and several children survive him. He was fifty-one years of age.

FIFTEEN PERSONS INJURED.

Stock Train Hits a Passenger Train at Sargent, Minn.

Winona, Minn., Feb. 23.—While passenger train No. 6, southbound on the Chicago Great Western, was waiting on the main line at Sargent, Minn., to meet a freight train, an extra stock train, also southbound, crashed into the rear end of the passenger train. Every coach and the baggage car were overturned. No one was killed, but fifteen were injured, one, the baggageman, perhaps fatally.

Victim of Thugs Dead.

Minneapolis, Feb. 25.—Chris Hansen of this city, who was struck down by highwaymen in the St. Paul road passenger yards [illegible] a week ago Saturday, died in the city hospital without regaining consciousness. Detectives have been baffled in their efforts to solve the mystery. While it is conceded that Hansen was the victim of thugs, the police have been unable to find any trace of the men who committed the crime.

STICKNEY IS ALARMED.

Fears Railroads May Be Forced Into Bankruptcy.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—The intimation from the Wisconsin railroad commission in its report fixing the passenger fares at 2½ cents a mile that a reduction in freight rates is imminent caused some uneasiness among railroad traffic officials and caused President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western to advance the query: "Are we riding for a fall?"

"The railways of the United States carried in 1905 a total of 28,706,960 hundredweight of freight," said President Stickney. "A reduction of 6¾ mills a hundred pounds, regardless of the distance hauled, would have reduced the net income of the companies $14,566.96 more than the aggregate amount of their dividends.

"If apparently insignificant reductions are made by legislation and the railroad companies are thus forced into bankruptcy what would happen to the merchants, the manufacturers and the banks of the country?"

AGREE ON LACEY BILL.

Indians to Get Tribal Funds If They Are Competent.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The house and senate conferees have agreed on the Lacey bill, which provides for the distribution of the Indian tribal funds pro rata to all those mixed and full-blood Indians whom the secretary of the interior may decide to be competent to run their own affairs.

This is of much importance to the Northern Minnesota tribes, as there are many of them who have considerable amounts to their credit. When Simon Michelet, superintendent at White Earth, arrives here in a few days he will take up the matter of proper distribution with the Indian office.

FINDS BABY ON HER BED.

Mankato Woman Surprised on Returning From Shopping Tour.

Mankato, Minn., Feb. 22.—Mrs. August Magin, returning yesterday from a brief shopping tour, found a week-old child lying on the bed in her bedroom, crying lustily. Beside it was a small valise, a bundle of baby clothes, two bottles and some baby food. There was no clue to show who the mother might be nor has Mrs. Magin learned anything since. The child is a healthy boy. Mrs. Magin has children of her own and the authorities will doubtless be asked to make provision for the child pending the finding of the parents.

BLACKSMITHS FIX SCALE.

Advance in Wagon Materials Results in Price Agreement.

Mankato, Minn., Feb. 20.—The blacksmiths and wagon repairers of Southern Minnesota are the latest to form an organization to fix a uniform scale of prices and for mutual protection, in view of the fact that all materials in their line have advanced. Delegates from Mankato, Good Thunder, Mapleton, Amboy, Vernon Center, Garden City, Butternut, Hanska, Madelia, St. James and Lake Crystal met at Lake Crystal and fixed matters up to suit themselves.

GETS DOMINION OFFICE.

Former Duluth Attorney Solicitor General of Canada.

Duluth, Feb. 20.—Word has been received here that Jacques Bureau, formerly a well known attorney in this city, has been appointed by Premier Laurier to the important office of solicitor general of Canada. Mr. Bureau now lives at Three Rivers, Can., where he went from Duluth in 1896.

Killed in a Minnesota Quarry.

Red Wing, Minn., Feb. 19.—To meet death about one hour and a half after he commenced work was the sad fate of L. Sigurdson, who was killed at the stone quarries back of Barn Bluff in Red Wing operated by L. M. Gray of Minneapolis. Sigurdson arrived in Red Wing late in the afternoon from Minneapolis and was placed on the night shift. He was engaged in hauling dirt at the base of the quarry, when a sharp pointed rock weighing ten pounds fell from above and struck him on the head, crushing his skull to a pulp.

Kills Herself With Chloroform.

St. Paul, Feb. 21.—Mrs. Lulu Field, aged thirty-eight years, a nurse in the family of Carl L. Miller, suicided by covering her head and face with a towel steeped in chloroform. She was alone in her room and the body was not found until morning. The towel which she had wrapped around her face was covered with a newspaper.

PANIC IN CHICAGO CHURCH.

Women and Children Injured in Fake Fire Scare.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—More than a dozen women and children were injured, several of them seriously, in a fire scare in an Italian church here. Two hundred persons became frightened by escaping vapor from a radiator and rushed from the building. Most of the injured were trampled upon or cut by glass from a window which was demolished.

Brother of Senator Dolliver Dead.

Fort Dodge, Ia., Feb. 23.—Victor B. Dolliver, forty-six years old, a brother of Senator Dolliver of Iowa, was found dead in bed in the evening. Dolliver went to bed apparently in good health. He was found lying on the bed as though he had died while asleep. Dolliver was known as a campaign orator, a business man and benefactor of Morning Side college of Sioux City.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.
America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.
Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, March 6th, at Hotel Rushford.
☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 374 made 28th June 1901, for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N. W. ¼ Section 5, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th March, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans Olson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " " " " "
Hans Rued, " " " " "
Barney Thieman, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
jan 24 feb 28

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal and Anna Maria Rendal and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 8th day of February 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
SEAL
feb 14 28

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
W. J. LA BREE
Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Mathilde Rohnke, widow of August Rohnke, deceased, of Germantown, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 281 made June 25, 1901, for the Lots 7 & 8, Sec. 35, T. 155 N., R. 41 W. S. ¼ N. W. ¼ Lots 3, 4, Section 2, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 19, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Cook, of Germantown, Minnesota.
William Vaughan, " " "
N. Hundhand, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
feb 7 mar 14

No. 105—Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Rock Fortier, deceased.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, decedent.

Letters of administration with the will annexed this day having been granted to Lucius S. Miller,

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the sixteenth day of August, 1907, at eleven o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court rooms at the court house at Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated February 14th, 1907.

N. W. TARRANT,
Seal. Judge of Probate.
A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Estate,
Crookston, Minn.
Feb. 21 Mar. 7.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Registration at the state university has passed the 4,000 mark.

William H. Dodge, a prominent lumber dealer at Rochester, is dead of old age.

The municipal gas plant at Renville has been destroyed by fire. The loss will exceed $6,000.

Warren G. Stearns, twenty-three years old, a member of the junior class at Macalester college, is dead at St. Paul from ptomaine poisoning.

John Wilson, convicted for the fourth time for robbery in Minneapolis, has been sentenced to serve thirty-five years in the state penitentiary.

George Peterson, fifty-four years old, living about four miles from Chisholm, is dead of hydrophobia. He was bitten in the face some time ago by a pet dog.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen was held in Minneapolis last week with upwards of 500 delegates in attendance.

Washington county has sent eight persons to the hospital for the insane at Rochester within a month and three of them were men confined in the county jail on alleged offenses.

Mrs. Margaret Loftus of Winona has been committed to the asylum for the insane at Rochester because of a mental condition brought about by loss of sleep following the extraction of some teeth.

Matthew G. Norton, a millionaire lumberman, has announced a gift to the Winona General Hospital association of $50,000 in New York city bonds running for fifty years and bearing 4 per cent interest.

Charles F. Swanander, nineteen years of age, employed as a helper at the Northern Pacific roundhouse at Gladstone, had his life squeezed out by being caught between an engine and the wall of the roundhouse.

Woolen manufacture, a new industry in the Northwest, is to be introduced in Minneapolis with the erection of a plant by the American Kersey company. The plant will have a capacity of 500,000 yards a year.

The Bemidji Electric Light and Power company has let a contract for the machinery to develop the water-power in the Mississippi river eight miles east of that city, which will operate manufacturing plants in Bemidji.

At the city election at Moorhead 865 votes were cast. The race for mayor was very one sided, E. Wheeler, the business men's candidate, receiving 586 votes and A. J. Rustad, the open policy candidate, receiving 252 votes.

Chris Hansen, who was struck on the head by highwaymen while he was walking through the Milwaukee railroad yards at Minneapolis several nights ago, is in a critical condition in the city hospital and probably will not recover.

After an exceptionally hot campaign Mayor A. A. Carter of Bemidji was defeated for re-election by John Pogue, head of the "Reform" party. The vote for mayor stood 530 to 223, a ratio which was closely followed throughout the ticket.

Clyde King, who recently was convicted at Minneapolis of having committed murder in the second degree in the killing of his brother-in-law, Elias Jobes, at Osseo, on Christmas eve, has been sentenced to imprisonment in the state prison for life.

A. W. Layman of Duluth, special agent for the general land office at Washington, has made a seizure of a quantity of logs on the Mississippi river about twelve miles southwest of Bemidji. The logs had been cut from a stand of Norway and white pine on a fraudulent homestead near Bootleg lake.

Mayor Haynes has attached his signature to the ordinance requiring the Minneapolis Street Railway company to furnish six street car rides for a quarter. In returning the signed ordinance to the council Mayor Haynes accompanied it with a special message recommending further action along the same line.

Rev. Edwin M. Moore is dead of old age at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Dr. Gaugh of Granada. He was nearly ninety years old. He was a Presbyterian minister until 1891, when he retired on account of his health. He had held charges in the states of New York, Ohio and Missouri and was pastor of the Third Presbyterian church at Chicago.

D. L. Wellman, an old and widely known pioneer, is dead at his home in the town of Hobart, Otter Tail county. Mr. Wellman was a prominent member of the G. A. R. and served as captain of Company I, Fourth Minnesota, during the Civil war. He was a frequent contributor to the columns of Twin City papers and his articles on crops were widely read.

After hearing many witnesses Judge Kingsley at Albert Lea ordered the proposed judicial ditch No. 1 for Freeborn county. It is said that [illegible] acres will be more or less affected by the ditch, much of which land is now worthless except to furnish slough for aquatic fowl. The cost of the improvement is estimated at [illegible] and the benefits are estimated at twice that amount.

Fifty-six murder prosecutions in the last two years is the record made by Minnesota as shown by the county attorneys' reports listed in the biennial report of the attorney general's office. Of this number thirty-nine were first degree, fifteen second degree and two third degree. Out of the fifty-six trials three death sentences were imposed and executed and thirteen life sentences were imposed.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Bitter denunciations of the Republican members of congress and of President Roosevelt were uttered in the Oklahoma constitutional convention in the discussion of the separate coach proposition. Judge Baker declared the same federal bluecoated "big stick" hung over the convention that hung over the conventions in the South in the days of the reconstruction.

The supreme court of Minnesota has filed an opinion which in effect upholds the constitutionality of the John Day Smith law, which prohibits newspapers from printing details of the execution of criminals.

Governor Hughes has recommended to the New York senate the removal from office of Otto Kelsey, state superintendent of insurance, on the ground of unfitness for the position.

The administration ticket of the Mutual Life Insurance company was elected by a majority of approximately 120,000 in the recent policyholders' election.

The Japanese training squadron, consisting of three cruisers, has arrived at Honolulu and was given an enthusiastic welcome.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Secretary Taft has announced his purpose of paying another visit to Cuba to look for himself into conditions there and compare them with those he left in Havana when he quitted that city last fall.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway company, expresses the conviction that the tide of prosperity is turning and that there are indications of a significant recession in business.

Congressman John E. Reyburn, Republican, has been elected mayor of Philadelphia over William Potter, the Democratic-City Party candidate, by a plurality of 33,003.

Frank J. Hearne, president of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, is critically ill at Denver of peritonitis.

Edward F. Dunne has been renominated for mayor by Chicago Democrats.

THE DEATH RECORD.

James A. Kirk of Chicago, the well known soap manufacturer, is dead at his home at Pine Lake, Wis., of heart disease. He was sixty-five years of age and leaves an estate of several million dollars.

Patrick C. Sheehan, aged forty-eight years, one of the best known members of the Crawford county (Pa.) bar, was burned to death at his home in Conneautville.

Jabez Bunting Snowball, lieutenant governor of New Brunswick, dropped dead while on his way to attend service in the cathedral at Fredericton.

William Foster, Jr., a personal friend of President Lincoln, is dead of old age at his home in New York city. He was eighty-three years old.

Victor B. Dolliver, forty-six years old, a brother of Senator Dolliver, was found dead in bed at Fort Dodge, Ia.

LABOR NEWS.

President Cornelius P. Shea of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters and his fellow defendants, who have been on trial at Chicago on a charge of conspiracy committed during the teamsters' strike two years ago, have been found not guilty by a jury. This was the second trial of the case, the first jury being unable to agree.

Further concessions have been offered the trainmen and conductors by the railroad managers and the negotiations proceeding at Chicago, which seemed on the verge of being broken off, are to be continued.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad has granted an increase in wages of 10 per cent to its engineers, effective March 1. An increase of 30 per cent for overtime was also ordered.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 23.—Wheat—May, 79⅝c; July, 80[illegible]c; Sept., 78⅜@78¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82⅜@82⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 81⅜@81⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 79⅜@79⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 75@77c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 81⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅝c; May, 80⅝c; July, 81⅝c; Sept., 78⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.20⅝; May, $1.22⅞; July, $1.22; Oct., $1.15½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.75. Hogs—$6.50@6.95. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.15.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Wheat—May, 78@78⅛c; July, 78⅛@78⅝c. Corn—May, 47⅝c; July, 47@47⅛c. Oats—May, 42@42⅛c; July, 37⅞c. Pork—May, $16.77½; July, $16.87½c. Butter—Creameries, 22@32½c; dairies, 20@30c. Eggs—22@26c. Poultry—Turkeys, chickens and springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.[illegible]@7.00; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]; Texans, $[illegible]@4.75; calves, $6.[illegible]@7.[illegible]. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $[illegible]@7.15; good heavy, $7.05@7.15; rough heavy, $6.80@6.95; light, $6.[illegible]@7.07½; pigs, $6.15@6.90. Sheep, $[illegible]@5.65; lambs, $4.75@7.65.

THE SPANIARD.

His Courtesy, His Cigarette and His Lottery Ticket.

Of the courteous manners of all Spaniards a traveler writes: "So anxious is every one to be of service to others that the stranger is apt to consider the Spaniards very inquisitive people. An experience in a Madrid tramcar was enlightening in this direction. A woman in getting into the car appeared to have slipped and hurt her foot. She and her husband began an animated discussion upon the incident, and of the dozen others in the car every one except ourselves craned forward to listen. The passengers were well assorted, ranging as they did from a captain in uniform down to a woman almost of the beggar class. But one and all in turn joined in the discussion without exciting the least resentment, opinions being apparently welcomed. Gentlemen arriving at their destination ceased arguing, raised their hats and went out, leaving others in possession until the principals left."

"There is no hour of the day or night which a Spaniard deems inappropriate to the practice of smoking," the same writer observes. "Whenever he finds time hanging heavily, which is frequently, he lights a cigarette. Time hangs heavily on a Spaniard's mind in the brief interval between the courses at lunch and dinner, whenever he wakes at night, when traveling between station and hotel in an omnibus and always when in a railway train, regardless of ladies. The practice of smoking is so universal in Spain that railway compartments for nonsmokers exist in theory only, and the habit, combined with that of loud talking at all hours of the night and morning, makes the average Spaniard undesirable as a traveling companion, especially at night."

Of the sturdy beggars who overrun Madrid: "The beggars usually have some pretense for asking alms in the shape of a decrepit guitar or fiddle under the cloak, where it remains. Another plea is the sale of lottery tickets, the lottery being a great institution in Spain. Each ticket costs 5 pesetas (about $1), and beggars in absolute rags, as often as not children, rush about with strings of these for sale."—Chicago News.

WIT IN CONGRESS.

Some Famous Retorts Made During the Heat of Debate.

One of the most famous of Reed's retorts was made at the expense of Springer of Illinois. The "Maine giant" had just read one of Springer's own speeches in refutation of the latter's argument just concluded. The Illinoisan launched into philosophy upon the privilege of progressive thinkers to change their opinions.

"I honor them for it," he continued. "An honest man is the noblest work of God. As for me, Mr. Chairman, in the words of an eminent American statesman, 'I would rather be right than be president.'"

"The gentleman from Illinois needn't worry, Mr. Chairman," drawled Reed. "He'll never be either!"

During the bitter fight against "Reed rules" the house was thrown into convulsions by General Spinola, who, pointing to the painting of the "Siege of Yorktown" hanging in the hall, gravely accused Speaker Reed of counting the Hessians in the background of the picture in order to make up a quorum.

The general always wore a tremendously high collar, so high, in fact, that Representative Tim Campbell tapped it one day with the ferule of his cane and inquired, to the amusement of the house, "Is General Spinola within?"

During the famous deadlock fight in the house over the civil rights bill General Ben Butler favored a Sunday session.

"Bad as I am, I have some respect for God's day," replied Sam Randall of Pennsylvania.

"Don't the Bible say that it is lawful to pull your ox or ass out of a pit on the Sabbath?" asked Butler. "You have thirty-seven asses on your side of the house, and I want to get them out of this ditch tomorrow. I think I am engaged in holy work."

"Don't do it," replied Randall. "I expect some day to see you in a better world."

"You'll be there, as you are here, a member of the lower house," flashed back the general, with telling effect.—American Magazine.

A Hundred Million Suns.

A peep into the heavens through a modern telescope is a peep into the very depths of mystery. With such an instrument one may gaze upon 100,000,000 stars, each of them a burning, blazing sun. From what little we know of creation we cannot but believe that each of those suns is giving light and heat to a train of planets, just in the same manner that our sun gives light and life to his little flock of worlds. Beyond those 100,000,000 suns there may be hundreds of millions more. Thus they may continue "system after system and worlds without end."

A Serious Breach.

Intimate Friend—What was the breach of senatorial courtesy of which you accused Senator Graball? Senator Grafton (fiercely)—Why, the scoundrel approached the interests I represent and offered to work for 25 per cent less legal expenses than they're paying me!—Puck.

The Poet's Troubles.

Friend—What did you find the most difficult thing when you wrote your first verses? Poet—To find some one who would let me read them to him.—Fliegende Blätter.

No one loves the man whom he fears.—Aristotle.

FINGER FELONS.

There Are Three Varieties of These Very Painful Sores.

A felon, or whitlow, is an inflammation of the hand or finger, usually of the last joint of the finger. Its importance varies with the seat of it—that is to say, with the portion of the finger involved. It may affect the skin only, the tendons or sinews or the fibrous covering of the bone—the periosteum.

A superficial whitlow, where the inflammation is confined to the skin, may be extremely painful, but otherwise it is not a very serious matter. But this cannot be said of the other two forms.

In the tendinous whitlow pus forms in the fibrous sheath surrounding the tendon, and unless the inflammation quickly subsides or the matter is let out by the surgeon's knife the pus may burrow down through the sheath into the palm of the hand and result in a permanent crippling of the member.

The third variety—called by physicians the subperiosteal—is that in which matter forms beneath the membrane which covers the bone. As this membrane is tough and inelastic the tension due to the increasing volume of matter becomes very great and gives rise to a throbbing, maddening pain. The relief afforded by a deep cut into this inflamed finger, right down to the bone, is magical, although the cut hurts. This is the only treatment for this form of felon, and the incision should be made early, for if it is too long delayed the bone will be killed and a discharging sore will remain which will later necessitate a surgical operation even if it does not result in the loss of the last joint of the finger.

The superficial whitlow does not usually call for such radical treatment. A clay poultice often affords great relief. This may be made by making a paste of clay previously sterilized by baking in a very hot oven and adding glycerin to prevent too rapid drying, or the clay may be obtained ready prepared in the drug store. This protects the finger from injury, keeps it cool and, if applied early enough, may prevent the formation of matter. When once pus has formed, however, no matter what the variety of the felon, the safest plan of treatment is to cut into the inflamed finger and give exit to the confined matter and relieve the tension of the parts.—Youth's Companion.

CARE OF CANARIES.

A piece of cuttle bone is needed always, and now and then a lump of sugar.

Guard the cage from draft, from exposure to cold at night and also from too much heat.

Canary seed principally should be given, though now and then a little rape seed is beneficial.

Do not use a painted cage. The bird will peck the cage more or less, and the paint thus imbibed is very injurious.

The larger the cage the better it is for the birds, and if not new it should be scalded and well dried before putting them into it.

Avoid frightening the birds in any way. It is very easy to have them know you and welcome your coming, but they do not like to be handled.

The cage should be thoroughly cleaned every morning, placing a piece of clean brown paper, not newspaper, on the bottom. Perches should also be washed daily.

The Best Weight Guessers.

Butchers are the world's best weight guessers. The butcher's difficult trade gives him a skill in weight guessing that is almost incredible. It is a commonplace thing in a meat shop to see a butcher seize hold of a huge red round of beef and slash off with a great knife four pounds just, or two and a half pounds just, or six pounds just, according to the order. The buyer of meat wants to get the weight he asked for, no more and no less, and he wants this weight in one piece, not in one big piece and two or three little ones. To satisfy the buyer the butcher has been compelled to acquire extraordinary skill in judging just how much a certain portion of a round of meat weighs and in cutting off that portion smoothly and accurately.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Most Nutritious Food.

Taking all the ordinary foodstuffs, the one which would best fulfill the requirements of life and strength would be substantial slices of whole meal wheaten bread, eaten with crust and spread with good butter. Practically all the constituents necessary for the support of life and the building up of tissue are contained in this food. It has the further advantage of being extremely satisfying. If fresh milk or buttermilk were drunk with it an almost complete diet would be obtained, so far as the mere sustaining of physical health and strength was concerned.

Undermined Streets.

A modern city's experiences with undermined streets are not unique. More than three centuries ago Bristol, England, had to face a situation somewhat similar. On his visit there Pepys noticed that the only carts allowed in the streets were those that could be drawn by dogs, for Bristol had dug cellars beneath her streets and stored her wealth therein—rum, tobacco and Bristol milk, the sherry that is still mysteriously tapped.

The Love of Liberty.

That we should wish to see the people of other countries free is as natural and at least as justifiable as that one king should wish to see the kings of other countries maintained in their despotism.—Thomas Jefferson.

He'd Be a Winner.

Mrs. Benham—You'll surely win baby's love if you carry him around in your arms. Benham—Yes, I'll win it in a walk.—New York Press.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway
Are You Going to Travel?
If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.
Special Rates.
The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.
Souvenir Playing Cards.
Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 25c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.
W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 5, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No. 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4, & E ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 19 in Tp. 154 N. of R. 41 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
feb 28 mar 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, February 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charles P. Quist of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commuted proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 206 made June 27, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 25, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Fall, Minn., on April 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans P. Rued, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Baner, " " " " "
H. B. Blackey, " " " " "
John T. Coan, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
feb 28 mar 28

THE NEWS.
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CLUB LIFE ECONOMIES

POOR MEN IN THE SWELL ORGANIZATIONS OF NEW YORK.

A Democracy Where All, Regardless of Income, Are Equal—Membership In a First Rate Club Regarded as a Profitable Investment.

A good many country visitors are disappointed when they learn the sober truth that New York has no clubs composed exclusively of millionaires. It is harder still to make country folk believe that hundreds of men join the so called swell clubs in large part from motives of economy.

There are scarcely three clubs in the city that do not include a considerable number of poor men in their membership. The average income of the whole membership of the ten best known clubs in the city is probably nearer $10,000 a year than $50,000 a year, and almost every one of these clubs includes some scores of men with incomes well below $10,000 and a good many with incomes well below $5,000.

There is a real democracy of New York club life. Youths in their early twenties and just beginning their careers on very moderate salaries frequent truly palatial clubhouses, breakfast in rooms such as few princes ever use and lounge before fireplaces that are to be matched only in the most splendid buildings of Europe.

The poor man's credit at the club is as good as the rich man's, and both are impartially posted when they neglect to pay their bills in good season. There are a good many instances also in which the monthly bills of the poor man are higher than those of his rich fellow member, for the frequenters of clubs are apt to be the poorer rather than the richer members.

Many a man of small means regards his membership in a first rate club in the light of a profitable investment. Such a man, if a confirmed bachelor, has probably lived for twenty years within half a block of the club, paying a few hundreds a year for a small bedroom and finding all his luxuries in the apartments of the clubhouse.

Without being in the least mean he makes of the club a money saving institution for himself. Its comfortable lounging rooms save him annually from $500 to $1,000 a year in rent, according to the location in which he has his modest lodgings. After that he saves a fair percentage on everything he eats and drinks at the club.

His simple breakfast costs him perhaps 10 per cent less than it would cost at any restaurant he would be likely to frequent, and the same is true of his dinners. If he takes three-fourths of his meals at the club he saves annually about $100 in tips.

If he drinks wine at dinner he saves from 10 to 25 per cent upon every bottle. If he permits himself the luxury of a cab he saves a handsome percentage by ordering it through the club and avoids all possibility of a row with the cabby over the amount of the fare. Many a man writes all his letters of a social character and some of a business character at the club, and thus saves from $15 to $40 a year in stationery.

He need buy no books, nor need he subscribe to a library, for there is the club library free for his use. He never need buy a periodical or even a newspaper save when he travels, for all that he reads are freely supplied by the club. And the enjoyment of all these things imposes upon him no considerable expenditure for extravagant luxuries. He is sure, especially in the college clubs, to find plenty of men with like modest incomes and simple tastes as himself, and he may sit for hours with cronies over the cafe table without spending money that he cannot afford and without giving offense to the servants of the house committee.

Most club members probably do not keep a debit and credit account with the club, but the man of modest means and moderate habits would find the examination of such an account a matter of great satisfaction. Such a man, paying $250 as an entrance fee and $75 a year in dues, is likely to find himself at the end of twenty years a long way ahead of the game. The club in twenty years has cost him rather less than $2,000 for entrance fees, dues and contributions to the Christmas box, and his savings by reason of the club have been from $10,000 to $16,000.—New York Sun.

A Sister's Love.

A Boston clergyman whose work takes him among the poor of that town tells a pretty story of sisterly love existing among the humble and unfortunate. One day a pale and ragged girl of about ten years was seen going along the street carrying on her back her crippled brother, nearly as old as she. A stranger stopped her by saying that she was overexerting herself. "He is too heavy for you to carry," he said. The child of the ghetto looked up at him reproachfully, saying: "He ain't heavy. He is my brother."

Capsicine.

The active principle of capsicum, or red pepper, is a volatile oil known as capsicine. It is so exceedingly acrid that a quarter of a grain exposed to the air in a room will diffuse itself throughout the apartment and cause all present to cough and sneeze as though the pepper had been taken into the mouth or nostrils.

The Height of Fame.

Superlative fame is where a man has not only forced his name into everybody's mouth, but has kept it there until the first class newspapers are spelling it the same way every time they mention it.—Puck.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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AUCTION SALE

At the Home of Eugene Safford in Northern Part of Thief River Falls on
Saturday, March 2nd.

The following described personal property will be offered for sale:

1 bay mare 8 years old.
1 brown mare 9 years old.
1 sorrol horse 9 years old.
1 three year old colt.
1 pair mules.
2 cows.
1 hay rake.
1 mower.
3 wagons.
3 pair sleighs.
3 pair work harness.
1 set light double harness.
1 good top buggy.
1 cheap buggy.
Households furniture, etc.

TERMS: Sums under $10, cash; over that amount approved paper due next fall.

H. M. Hicks, Auctioneer.
W. Safford, Owner.

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1907 NUMBER 10

Historical Society

FAIR DATES ARE FIXED

Red Lake County's Fair Will Be Held on August 7, 8 and 9.

Daniel Shaw Will Act as Secretary of the Association.

At a meeting of the directors of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society held Monday afternoon in Daniel Shaw's office, the date for holding the Red Lake county fair was fixed this year for Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August, 7, 8 and 9. This is the second week in August and the date upon which the fair has always been held.

Daniel Shaw consented to act as secretary of the association during this fact alone insures that the fair will be a success as Mr. Shaw understands the business in all details, having acted as secretary of the association upon a former occasion.

Every effort to make the fair bigger and better this year than ever before is the aim of the directors. In the way of amusements an effort is going to be made to secure an air ship as one of the attractions.

A new lease of the present fair grounds for the years 1908 and 1909 has been made with C. J. Knox so that the association will hold at least three more county fairs at the present location. The association will then be in a position purchase grounds it is thought.

Attention Farmers.

The Minnesota Farmers Exchange will hold its annual meeting and a general convention at the court house in Minneapolis on March 6, 7 and 8. A general invitation is extended to all farmers in the state to attend this meeting

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house.—Geo. Elder.

Butter May Be Colored.

Washington, March 2—Under a decision promulgated by the secretary of agriculture in construing the provisions of the pure food law, butter and cheese may be colored with harmless ingredients such as are customarily employed in such coloring. The department holds that the pure food law does not repeal or amend laws of 1886 and 1896 authorizing such coloring of butter and cheese.

RED LAKE GOING UP.

Only 23 Counties in the State Receive Larger Apportionment.

A Few Years Ago This County Was Near the Bottom.

Red Lake county is certainly coming to the front in great shape, and this is shown by the advancement made in the number of school children attending the public schools of the county. According to the state apportionment for the past six months just made public by State Auditor Iverson, there are eighty-three counties in the state and only twenty-three receive a greater sum than Red Lake, there being fifty-nine that receive less. The appointment is based upon the number of pupils attending the public schools and only a few years ago Red Lake county was down near the bottom of the list. The wonderful growth and development of the county in the past few years places us near the top of the list, and certainly shows a greater gain than any other county in the state.

According to the statement Red Lake county has 3,837 pupils in the public schools and the amount of the apportionment for this county is $6,133 20. Nearly one-third of the school children of the county attend the Thief River Falls schools.

LICENSE IS THE ISSUE

A Large Number of Villages to Have a Warm Election.

"Wet" or "Dry" Is the Issue in Most of the Towns.

Next Tuesday, March 12, is the day upon which all of the numerous villages in this vicinity will hold their annual village election. In most every village there is a contest on as to whether or not saloon licenses shall be granted, and in many places it is quite a fierce struggle.

St. Hilaire, which has always had saloons and the question of license has never been voted upon, will this year vote upon the license question.

About the hottest fight is in progress up at Karlstad, one of the new towns north of here upon the Soo line. Reports from that place state that there are just 45 voters in the village and all that those who favor license can depend upon is reported as being 22. This will give the "drys" a majority of one, but the "wet" have not given up the fight by any means and will keep at work until the ballot are all counted.

The township of Lambert in this county will vote upon the license question, and it is said that the proposition is almost sure to carry.

In Polk county, McIntosh, Fosston, Erskine, Fertile and other towns will vote upon license. In Norman county it is said that every organized village will vote upon the question, as will also all of the villages in Kittson county. Both Roseau county will vote upon license and in Marshall county, Warren is the only place where it will be made an issue.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay.—Geo. Elder.

WITHDRAW PATRONAGE

Merchants of Plummer Do Not Like the Pioneer.

Say That the Paper Does Not Represent Them Properly.

According to reports coming from Plummer, there is a fierce battle going on in that town. The fight started some weeks ago and was caused by alleged vicious attacks made upon the butter maker of the creamery at that place and and upon the village officers, being made by the Plummer Pioneer. The Pioneer seems to be alone in its fight for at a meeting of the business men of that place held recently, Mr. Latta, the editor of the Pioneer, was unanimously requested to retract the statements he had made or suffer a loss of his local patronage. This Mr. Latta refused to do and accordingly the Pioneer appeared last Saturday without one line of advertising from any of the local merchants.

According to a business man of Plummer who was in Thief River Falls the other day, the attack which Mr. Latta has been making against the butter maker of the creamery was causing much dissention among the patrons of that institution which is of great importance to the village of Plummer and the surrounding country. That the butter maker is one of the best in Northern Minnesota seems to be the united opinion of all and the product of the Plummer creamery since he has been manager of the institution has even taken a premium over other creameries. It is said, however, that the butter maker has always been very particular about the condition which patrons bring in their cream and upon this account has made some enemies among the shareholders of the institution. The large majority of the farmers who bring in the bulk of the cream are said to be in favor of retaining the present butter maker, but a minority led by Mr. Latta, who has a personal grievance against the butter maker, have been making a bitter fight against him. To have a fight of this character continued was sure to work to the detrement of the creamery, and the business men realizing this asked Mr. Latta to stop making his attacks upon the butter maker. In other words the business men believed that it would be to the best interests of the institution to have the patrons select their own butter maker and that there should be no outside interference. The result is that all of the merchants of that town have withdrawn their patronage from the Pioneer and while the paper will continue to be published, it will not represent the business men of that place.

The Pioneer was established a little over two years ago, and Julius Pleth, the enterprising real estate dealer and banker of that place, furnished the money to buy the plant. Mr. Latta was engaged as the editor and later, it is said, through the financial help of John Duffy, of Red Lake Falls, who desired to control the paper in the interests of Red Lake Falls for the county seat, Mr. Latta became the owner. Mr. Pleth, however, continued to be the main support of the paper and through his influence the paper was kept alive and Mr. Latta secured the appointment of postmaster. Now it is said Mr. Latta threatens to be the undoing of Mr. Pleth and according to an announcement which appears in the Pioneer, Mr. Latta says that he is to engage in the real estate business and asks the farmers to list their lands for sale with him.

Plummer is well located and should become one of the thriving villages of Red Lake county and it is too bad that the business men and the local paper are not working in harmony.

ERIE NEWS.

Olaf B. Hanson has removed his general store from Hilda to Erie.

Ole Vastraad, of Kratka, came up here Saturday for a short visit with his friend Carl Anderson. He is selling school supplies for the Grand Rapids Company, and also disposing of shares for the Farmers' Exchange of Thief River Falls.

Sarah Srande and Christine Jacobson of Wanke, came up Monday with Ole Strande, and will spend a couple of weeks visiting in this neighborhood.

Ole Strande and Carl Anderson drove down to Wande last Friday, and while there ordered a stock of merchandise, which they intend to get up here some time next week and start a new store in Knut Strande's house three miles east of Erie. They are both prosperous young farmers of Town 153, Range 39.

—Subscribe for the News.

Bill Passes.

The bill introduced by Congressman Steenerson opening up all of the Indian lands in Northern Minnesota recently withdrawn from entry, passed at the session just closed. The bill provides that the land may be entered; but the person making the application is required to agree to pay the cost of drainage.

This will be good news to many prospective settlers.

NEW GAME LAW BILL.

One Introduced That Would Make Everyone a Game Warden.

Reward for Information of Game Law Violations.

Every man in the state will be a deputy game warden if the general game and fish bill, which has been introduced in the house this week, is passed. The bill is introduced by Representative Alvin Rowe of Ramsey county and embodies his suggestion that a reward be given to any person furnishing information to the game and fish commission which will lead to the conviction of violators of the law. In the case of moose and caribou the reward will be $50, for deer $25 and for game birds $10. This amount will be paid for each bird or animal, but not more than $250 can be paid to any person at one time.

The bill will be a re-enactment of the present game laws with some amendments and corrections. The date for the expiration of hunting licenses will be changed from Jan. 1 to Dec. 15. The penalties for shipping game will be made more severe.

The bill also embodies the suggestion of Senator C. A. Johnson of St. Peter making the open season for muskrat from Nov. 15 to April 1, instead of Nov. 1 to May 1, as at present, and also the provision against shooting muskrats. It is stated that hunters shooting muskrats in the spring occasionally shoot ducks at the same time, and the provision is intended to stop such mistakes. Only trapping hereafter will be allowed.

Spearing fish by artificial light also will be prohibited in the bill and the seining of minnows in lakes where they have been planted by the game and fish commission will be stopped.

The date for the fishing season on Lake Superior will be changed to conform with the laws of other states. At present Minnesota sportsmen have fifteen days less on the lake than the sportsmen of other states.

Authority to arrest violators of the law when caught in the act will be extended to the executive agent and wardens without warrants.

BUSINESS IS BOOMING

Soo Line Is Hauling Many Cars of Wheat to Market.

Will Be Late in Summer Before 1906 Crop Is Moved.

The Soo line is moving a large amount of freight these days and all of the train crews are being kept busy. All of the elevators out on the Wheatline are full of grain, and there is a considerable amount piled up on the ground out there. The wheat that is on the ground will have to be loaded in cars before the frost goes out of the ground or it will spoil and this is that wheat that is being shipped now. There is a large amount of wheat in the hands of the farmers also, as all of the elevators out there refused to buy wheat early last fall when it became apparent that the car shortage and snow blockade was going to handicap the railroads to such an extent that the crop could not be moved until spring. It will be almost harvest time again before the wheat now in the hands of the farmers and that stowed in the elevators is moved to the Duluth and Minneapolis markets, and it means a busy spring and summer for the railroads.

SECOND PAPERS.

Judge Watts to Hold a Special Term of Court in July.

For the benefit of those who wish to procure their second citizen papers, Judge Watts will adjourn the march term of court at Red Lake Falls until Tuesday the ninth day of July, 1907, for the purpose of having final hearing on petitions for naturalization and granting certificates of citizenship.

The petitioner must appear before the clerk of district court at least 90 days before said date, together with two credible witnesses, and file his petition. Said petition must be posted at least 90 days before hearing can be had on the same.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The January report of the St. Hilaire creamery makes a good showing for the coldest and stormiest month of the year. 31 cents a pound was paid for butter fat and butter made during the month sold for $2,504.25. This is a big increase over last year when the business for January amounted to $1643.53.

The following patrons received checks for over fifty dollars.

N. A. Nelson	$84.19
Gust Kjonlakson	82.21
H. Haupt	77.31
N. E. Beebe	67.77
L. Janke	52.12

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
MERCHANTS OF FINE CLOTHES.

CORRECT SPRING CLOTHES

SPRING SHOWING OF

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits.
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cravinettes and Top Coats.
Gordon Hats.
Crossett Shoes. Gordon Spring Hats.
Monarch and Cluetts Shirts.

The Golden Rule Clothing Department.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Val Yager was down to Plummer last week.

Ben Christienson was up to Greenbush yesterday.

Dick Edmons was down from Rollis the first of the week.

W. E. Baker was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Stephen Singer of Rhoda, transacted business in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. E. E. Rose left Monday evening for Fargo to visit friends for a few weeks.

There will be services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 7:30 p. m.

Matt Barzen returned to this city Tuesday morning from his trip to Mudlava, Ind.

For Rent—The Miller building on LaBree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

Sam Cheeley went up to Greenbush yesterday to look after his business interests up there.

Peter Lofgren, the Pelan merchant, spent Sunday in the city attending to business matters.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday at 2 o'clook.

Claus Rasmusson, who had been in St. Paul for the past two weeks, returned to this city, Tuesday.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal business.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to legal business.

The ladies of the Eastern Star will entertain a number of people at the Antler's Club rooms this evening.

S. Swanson, wheat buyer for the Red Lake Falls milling company at Warren, was in the city to spend Sunday.

J. C. Jarr and J. F. Busse, of Plummer, were in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Bjorkhoel, of Kennedy, were in the city the first of the week visiting friends and relatives.

H. B. Blackey was in from Silverton last Saturday. He says that town election will be rather a warm affair out in his town this year.

Miss Randina Rockne, who for the past few years has been one of the efficient clerks at the postoffice, resigned her position last week.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty is spending this week visiting the various schools in the northern part of Red Lake county.

Paul Paulson and Miss Adilia Wheeler, both of Myron, Beltrami county, were united in marriage by the Rev. I. T. Aastad in this city last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Robbecke returned to this city Sunday the former from a trip to Mudlava, Ind., and the latter from a trip to Minneapolis.

T. H. Oneill, of the town of Silverton, has accepted a position as expert for the Russel Grader company and left Monday evening for the state of Montana which will be his territory.

Ben Olson, Claud Smith, Charlie McLeas and Johnnie Gilbertson left Tuesday evening for Kalispell, Mont., and will go to work for the lumber company out there.

Miss Irene Calwell closed a successful term of school up at Thorwick last Saturday. The first of the week she left for the town of Lambert where she will teach a four months term.

Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Schei and children and Mrs. J. P. Schei, who had been in the city visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Schei, returned Tuesday to their home in Fergus Falls.

The shipping of ice from this city to North Dakota points over the Soo line is getting to be quite a business. George Elder, of the Thief River Falls Ice company, states that his company will ship in the neighbohood of one hundred cars of ice this season.

The Grace Union Sunday School will give a basket social on Friday evening at the Rocksbury school house. A most cordial invitation extended to all. The ladies will please bring their baskets. The men their purses and a good time will be assured.

C. C. Jackson returned the first of the week from St. Paul, where he had been attending the meeting of the retail hardware merchants convention. He reports that a very successful meeting was held and many topics of importance to the trade were discussed.

The Soo's rotary snow plow started west again Sunday afternoon and will clean the snow off of the track that has drifted in during the past week. The rotary will also open up the branch line from Egeland to Armourdale this trip and it is expected to reach Kenmare about Saturday evening.

Harry Carr came down from Middle River last evening.

O. W. Nelson was in from Kratka yesterday attending to business matters.

Miss Effie Bakke left last evening for Grand Forks to visit friends for a few days.

Miss Randina Rockne left last evening for Crookston to visit friends for a few days.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday to look after his business interests here for a few days.

Olaf Holdahl and wife, of Roseau, were in the city yesterday. They will enroute to California on a pleasure trip.

Mrs. Aasland, residing four miles north of town, died last week and the remains were taken to North Dakota for burial.

A number of settlers living out on the reservation were in the city yesterday and made final proof before L. G. Browning.

Special Agent Laird of the U. S. Land Office, spent several days in this vicinity the past week examining the improvements of settlers who had made final proof.

The Conklin Boiler Works is now at work manufacturing the Carmichael milking machines and in a few weeks some of these machines that will save the farmers so much labor will be put upon the market.

Alex Dixon, the mulatto, has commenced divorce proceedings against his wife, a well known charater about the city. The Dixons have lived together for a few years and Alex has been making his home at Grafton, N. D., of late. It is not likely that Mrs. Dixon will offer any opposition to the divorce proceedings.

C. J. Johnson, who formerly was employed in the barber business in this city but who has made his home at Thief River Falls for some time past where he has engaged in the same business, has been spending a few days here. He returned to Thief River Falls this morning and states that he will return to Crookston to make his home here April 1st.—Crookston Times.

A calf on the C. J. Knox farm was taken sick last Saturday morning and at once commenced to bloat to an abnormal size. About three hours after taken sick the calf died. Mr. Knox cut the calf open after the death to ascertain if possible what was the cause and found that the intestines of the calf had all been broken from the strain of the swelling and that had been the cause of death.

In view of the fact that in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, goat skins to the value of $31,700,000 were imported into the United States to be manufactured into shoes, gloves and other articles the wonder is that goat production is not more generally encouraged in this country, so valuable for the raising of live stock of all kinds. In 1896 the importation of goat and kid skins amounted to $10,300,000, and the importation for the last year shows an increase to three times the value in ten years. During the last ten years these importations have amounted to $210,000,000.

EDDY SELLS OUT.

Former Congressman in Line for a Federal Job.

Minneapolis, March, 5.—Frank M. Eddy, former congressman has sold the Sauk Center Herald which he has been editing the past three years to A. M. Welles of Redwood Falls. Mr. Welles is proprietor of the Redwood Reveille, which it is reported he has disposed of. Mr. Eddy is now serving as clerk of the house reappointment committee at the state capitol. It is understood that after the adjournment of the legislature he will be given a federal appointment. He was one of the strongest supporters of Congressman-elect Lindberg, and as a former member himself has a claim to recognition.

Arithmetical.

"Yes," said the old mathematician, with a gleam in his eyes. "I've always looked at it that way. Marriage is addition, when the little ones come it's multiplication, when dissension looms up to cloud the horizon of their happiness it's division and when the final parting comes it's subtraction."

"And how about divorce?" asked the listener.

"Oh, I guess that would come under the denomination of fractions."—New York Press.

A Rare Article Indeed.

A little girl not long ago displayed a bit of feather—black, as it happened—to a caller at the house. This man looked impressed and inquired gravely, "What is that, Nelly, an angel's wing?" The child slowly shook her head. "Oh, no," she answered at once. "Angels' feathers are white, and I think they are very scarce."

Silence.

Johnny—What's silence, Freddy? Freddy—It's what you don't hear when you listen.—Kansas City Independent.

The man who is trying to keep his head above water realizes that a floating debt is a poor life preserver.

MARRIED YESTERDAY.

A. I. Anderson and Miss Edith Prichard United in Marriage.

Yesterday afternoon at 5:30 at the home of the bride's parents, occured the marriage of A. I. Anderson, of Prince Albert, Canada, to Miss Edith Prichard, the Rev. Charles H. Flesher officiating.

The bride is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Prichard and a young lady held in high esteem in this city where she has a large circle of friends. The groom is a bright young business man who formerly resided in Thief River Falls but now has a responsible position with the Prince Albert Lumber company at Prince Albert.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson left last evening for a trip to Wisconsin and Iowa points and will visit friends and relatives for a few weeks before leaving for Prince Albert to make their future home.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 07
Eggs	22c
Butter	20c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	5c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 2.—Wheat—May, 77⅜@77½c; July, 78½c; Sept., 76⅞@77c. On track—No. 1 hard, 79⅜@80⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅞@79⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅞@77½c; No. 3 Northern, 73@75c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.75. Hogs—$6.65@6.85. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to prime lambs, $6.50@7.20.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 2.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅝c; May, 78¾@78⅞c; July, 79¼c; Sept., 77⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.20; May, $1.21; July, $1.21½; Oct., $1.18½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 2.—Wheat—May, 75⅞@76c; July, 76⅞c. Corn—May, 46⅝@46⅞c; July, 46c. Oats—May, 41⅝c; July, 37⅝c. Pork—May, $16.22½; July, $16.37½. Butter—Creameries, 22@31c; dairies, 20@29c. Eggs—19c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens and springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@6.85; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.90; Texans, $3.75@4.75; calves, $6.00@7.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.05; good heavy, $6.97½@7.05; rough heavy, $6.80@6.90; light, $6.80@7.00; pigs, $6.15@6.75. Sheep, $3.75@5.60; lambs, $4.75@7.65.

RECKONING TIME.

The Watch of the Man in the Street Is Set by the Stars.

Time is a perennially interesting subject. Before the chronometer in the jeweler's window a procession is constantly passing. The banker pulls out his $700 repeater, compares it with the chronometer and moves on. The office boy with just as much dignity consults the dollar timepiece that bulges his little waistcoat. Both are equally under the spell of time.

As most persons know, England supplies the world with that valuable but impalpable commodity, that purely arbitrary thing which we call time. The meridian of the Royal observatory at Greenwich is the point from which the day of the civilized world is reckoned, but in America the United States Naval observatory in Washington determines Greenwich time and distributes it by telegraph.

In the end the watch of the man in the street is set by the stars. Out of the vast number in the heavens there are some 000, visible either to the eye or the camera, which are known to be practically invariable. The astronomer selects one of them. Through the transit instrument—a telescope pointed at the meridian—he watches, telegraphic key in hand. On the lens of the telescope are eleven hair lines. The center one marks the meridian. As the star crosses each of these lines the operator presses his key, the wires of which connect with an automatic recording clock called a chronograph.

This shows at what time the star crossed the meridian. Astronomical tables determine the time at which it should have crossed. Comparison of the standard clock with these tables shows whether or not the clock is right.

The time is distributed at noon. Three minutes before 12 o'clock thousands of telegraph operators sit in silence waiting for the click of the key which shall tell them that the "master clock" in Washington has begun to speak. At one minute before 12 it begins, beating every second until the fifty-fifth. Then, after the pause, comes a single beat, which marks exact noon, and for another day the world knows that it has the correct time to the fraction of a second.—Youth's Companion.

THE BEST SHOE MADE:

Walkovers

How often do you hear it said; "They don't make shoes like they used to".

Walkover shoes were first made 60 years ago in the good old fashioned, substantial way. They are made the same way now. They are shining note worthy example to the rule of imitation, disappointing, inferior goods. Made to fit in the latest style lasts. More good leather in them than any other make. More satisfaction to the wearer because more quality. More wear, more style. They cost you no more than the ordinary kind.

$3.50 AND $4.00

LET YOUR NEXT PAIR BE WALKOVERS.

WILSON CLOTHING CO.

POSTOFFICE BLOCK.

SELL DIRECT TO PUBLIC.

State Dairymen Plan to Eliminate the Middle Man.

The Dairymen of the state will meet in the former secretary of state's office in the old capitol, March 22. The meeting is the outcome of a plan proposed at a meeting of the Minnesota State Dairymen's association, held at Owatonna in an organization among the the members of the trade in disposing of their butter products without having to do so through the commission man.

The dairymen have for some time felt the need of an organization of this kind, and while it will be in the nature of an experiment, it is thought that the plan is a practical one. The idea is to have the managers of the different dairies in the state ship their butter direct to St. Paul, where it will be stored and sold by grades. The buyers can then buy direct from the manufacturers, instead of going to the creameries.

No Information as Yet.

Many of the settlers residing upon the eleven towns are anxious to know whether or not the bill extending the payments upon the land for another year passed at this session of congress. No information has yet been received upon the matter, but it is more than likely that bill passed, as it was made an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill, and it is quite likely that no one made any objection to this item, although a number of the amendments to this bill were stricken off.

Mr. Thom, Thief Lake, was telling us that on Wednesday Feb. 20th one of the coldest and windiest days this winter, he came near losing his youngest boy, three years old. He was away from home himself and his wife had occasion to go to the barn. She gave the child some bread and milk to keep him busy and left him alone in the house, the other children being at school. On her return she missed the child and just as he was going out of sight, by the merest chance, saw him wandering off in the storm some 30 or 40 rods in the direction of the school house, evidently intent on going to meet the other children who were not due for two or three hours.

He had nothing on his head or hands. Both his ears were frozen solid and both hands were frozen to the wrists. Though Mr. Thom has hopes of saving all the injured members, it was a narrow escape.—Middle River Pioneer.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

BIJOU THEATRE.

For tonight, Friday and Saturday evening, the Bijou will have a great spectacular drama entitled "Mephisto's Son," showing beautiful scenes in Purgatory and a visit to Paris. The life in Paris is too strenuous for young Mephisto, so he returns to the interior.

Also a piece entitled the "Little Wood Choppers" and "A Cleaver Detective."

The illustrated song for this week will be "Dear Old Dixie Land." The illustrated song for the change of program next Monday evening will be the season's hit, "Dreaming Love of You."

A Good Load of Poles.

The best load of timber that has to our knowledge been landed at any point along the line between here and Baudette this winter, was brought to Roosevelt one day last week by Tom McArthur for Leo Garren whose place is a couple of miles from that town. The load consisted of 29 cedar poles 25 of which were 35 foot sticks and four 30 foot sticks. It was hauled in an ordinary snow road, with one team, and brought in the yard $92.—Warroad Plaindealer.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Feb. 16

- Anstad Peter L.
- Anderson Mrs. Andy.
- Berger Miss Mary
- Dale Birjit Stenadatter.
- Hagen Miss Sigie,
- Hall Miss Hazel
- Huet Anton,
- Yorshaugen
- Johnson B. J.
- Klemenarud Mrs.
- Kringsberg Miss Ellen
- Kuleeth Miss Serine
- Kasanda Joseph
- Narveson Cristian,
- Norby Bert O.
- Olssen Oskar,
- " Mrs. Lina
- Pardeehu August
- Peterson Alfrad
- Peterson Mrs. Lina
- Peterson Jens P.
- Reudebakken Alfred
- Smith Perry
- Simonsen Hanna,
- Syoberg Jonas
- Swanstrom Miss Theo.
- Sanders Alio.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Supt. Hay is again taking up his work at school, altho he has not fully recovered from his illness.

Those "inceptive" verbs proved "deceptive" to the Vergil students.

Nina Horton, the secretary and treasurer of the Senior class, spent several days in Minneapolis.

A certain Junior spoke of herself as a "mine of laughing-gas" because of her inclination to laugh.

The monthly reports were received the first of the week. Some pupils were disappointed in their marks, while others were pleasantly surprised.

Did you ever see butterflies with feathers? There must be some! The chemistry teacher mentioned butterflies' feathers one day.

One of the Juniors has been accused of talking on the installment plan. We wonder if it is because he talks so much or if he has to "Think twice before he speaks once".

The pupils of Miss Annand's room presented a short program last Friday afternoon. Several high school pupils visited the room to hear the exercises.

The Senior marshal begs to inform the Junior reporter that he intends to work his way thru college. He says he will do anything that a character of that boy's book, "In the Line," did. But he will not sell steropticon views. No, not even to please a Junior.

Would you believe it? The high school principal says there is a disadvantage, some times, in knowing too much. She did not refer to the pupils.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

DRS. CRANDALL, & BARKE.
DENTISTS.
Office over First National Bank

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.,
Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.
Phone No. 235.
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TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

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LAWYERS.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel
Ogahmah
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

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THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

TO OUST SHERIFF.

Serious Charge Filed Against Cass County Official.

P. M. Ringdahl, chairman of the state *board of control, last week filed* charges of malfeasance in office against Sheriff Alexander B. Riddell of Cass county. Mr. Ringdahl filed a lengthy complaint with specific charges, and asked that Gov. Johnson remove Sheriff Riddell from office.

Mr. Ringdahl alliges in his complaint that Sheriff Riddell made false reports of expenses incurred while in the performance of his duties in removing prisoners from Walker, Cass county, to the reformatory at St. Cloud, and that he was paid this money by the state on these false reports.

It is alleged that on Nov. 27, 1900, Sheriff Riddell took a prisoner from Walker to St. Cloud, and that in his statement to the state auditor he certified that he was accompanied from Walker to St. Cloud by one Fred Reitz, who acted as a guard, and that the additional aggregate expense incurred by this guard was $16.40. The bill was presented to the state auditor, was allowed and paid. Mr. Ringdahl alleges that Sheriff Riddell was not accompanied on this trip by Fred Reitz, and that the sheriff appropriated this money for his own use.

Mr. Ringhahl also cites a similar case several months previously in which he alleges that Sheriff Riddell obtained a similar amount from the state upon presenting false items in his bill. It is alleged that the trick was tried again, when Sheriff Riddell was detected and the bill was headed off, and that this led to an investigation, which resulted in the charges being filed with the governor.

Gov. Johnson will investigate the charges and he has appointed Harvey W. Grimmer a special commissioner to investigate the charges and gather testimony. The persons interested have been notified that Mr. Grimmer will receive testimony at St. Cloud on March 9.

Sheriff Riddell was appointed sheriff of Cass county less than a year ago to fill the unexpired term of George L. Hardy, deceased. He was elected to the office for a new term at the last election.

The state authorities have been aware of the charges preferred against Sheriff Riddell for some time, but the formal complaint was deferred, as it was not known whether he could be removed from office because of alleged irregularities committed during a previous term. Special Council Jelly of the attorney general's office investigated the matter and gave it as his opinion that it made no difference in what term the offense was committed so far as the governor's power of removal is concerned.

People Should Be Careful.

A patron of the Red Lake Falls postoffice was called upon to pay $10 as a penalty for enclosing a letter in a package of Flodora tags and mailing as fourthclass matter. Under instructions the postmaster at St. Louis examined package finding letter reported facts to the department and collection was made.

Any person who shall knowingly conceal or enclose any matter of a higher class in that of a lower class, and deposit or cause the same to be deposited for conveyance by mail, at a less rate than would be charged for both such higher and lower class matter, shall, for every such offense, be liable to a penalty of $10.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Adrain Murphy Dies.

A telegram was received here Tuesday from Calgary, Canada, bearing the sad intelligence that Adrian the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Murphy had died that day from at attack of diphtheria. No particulars were conveyed as to whether or not any of the other members of the family were ill. Adrian was an exceptionally bright and pretty baby, and the news of his sudden death will be received with profound sorrow by the Red Lake Falls people, who have known the Murphy family so long.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 24, town of Norden.

TEACHERS WHO PASSED

County Superintendent Receives Returns on State Examinations.

A Large Percentage of the Teachers Passed.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty has received his returns from the recent state teachers' examinations held in this county, and considering the number of actual teachers who wrote the examinations the returns are highly satisfactory.

The following is a list of those who passed, and the grade of certificate they secured:

Florence Columbus, Terrebonne, first; Bertha L. Lafeniere, Red Lake Falls, first; Marie A. Burgess, Thief River Falls, con. first; Irene A. Caldwell, Thief River Falls, second; Anna J. Fallman, St. Hilaire, second; Wm. J. Harlow, Red Lake Falls, second; Maymo M. Linnihan, *Red Lake Falls*, second; Caroline Nettleland, St. Hilaire, second; Frank M. Shanahan, Thief River Falls, second; Marius Rolland, St. Hilaire, second; Bridgetta Connaughty, Red Lake Falls, con. second; Winifred M. Henry, Kratka, con. second; Morah E. Anderson, St. Hilaire, con. second; Clara Berg, Red Lake Falls, con. second; Pauline A. Boe, Thief River Falls, con. second; Bertha M. Dougherty, Red Lake Falls, con. second; Anna B. Johnson, Thief River Falls, con. second; Ella Krueger, Red Lake Falls, con. second; Dora Rasmussen, Thief River Falls, con. second; Julia Toban, Red Lake Falls, con. second; Alyce Mae Wichterman, Red Lake Falls, con. second; Minnie A. Brown, Thief River Falls, limited second; Margaret McAndrees, St. Hilaire, lim. second; Edwin J. Dahl, St. Hilaire, lim. second; Esther N. Johnson, St. Hilaire, lim. second; Ole Lund, St. Hilaire, lim. second.

In explanation Mr. McAnulty desires to call the attention of the school boards and others to the fact that this list is only of those who passed at the recent examinations. A great many of the teachers of the county, already holding sufficient state papers, did not participate in the exams. A first grade state certificate is good for five years, a second grade for two years, a conditional second grade for one year, a limited second grade issued to applicants without experience one year, after five months continuous teaching this can be exchanged for a complete second. Practically all of the conditional certificates this year are for Civics, a study that will not be required in second grade work until the August examinations, so that this showing is highly satisfactory. The superintendent wishes it understood plainly, and desires the co-operation of all school officers, that no one holding a permit be given a school until after all the teachers with state papers have been engaged.

The schools of the county were never in better shape, and Mr. McAnulty is working hard to make 1907 the most successful school year in the county's history.

Again Continued.

The preliminary hearing of "Shorty" Wesley, who is charged with murder in the first degree, was held at Bemidji Thursday morning and the case was continued until March 7th at 10 o'clock. Wesley is charged with the murder of N. O. Dahl on April 7th, 1904. County Attorney Funkley appeared for the state and Attorney G. W. Campebloe appeared for Wesley. Funkley moved that the case be continued until March 7th in order to secure more witnesses, while the defendant's attorney objected to the delay. It is probable that the case will be continued until the time of the Fournier trial which is set for the 19th of March, at which time there will be at least 14 additional witnesses in Bemidji, who can testify both at the trial and at the preliminary hearing of Wesley. State's Attorney Henry Funkley is quite confident that there is enough evidence against Wesley, to bind him over to the grand jury.

Weed Seeds Make Good Fuel.

A North Dakota man has found that weed seeds make good fuel. When out of coal recently he went to the elevator to figure on how expensive a proposition burning wheat would be when he discovered that the elevator had a large quantity of weed seeds which they had screened out of the grain before shipping. He purchased a ton of the stuff and found that it would burn and produce as much heat per pound as soft coal and is using it now in preference to coal. He says the thought that comes to us now is that farmers could gather up this seed which is left in large quantities under the separator at every setting in the fall, clean their grain before shipping, keep the screenings at home and consume them for fuel instead of paying freight on them to the cities and letting the elevators make a big profit on something the farmers are paying the freight on and for which they are getting nothing.

G. N. WANTS OUR TRADE

Say if the Distance Tariff Bill Passes: It Would Handicap Them.

Soo Has the Shortest Line from Twin Cities to this City.

Great Northern road is opposed to the distance tariff bill now before the state legislature and agrees that if the bill become a law it would not be able to secure any of the business from Thief River Falls in the future. A public hearing was given before the senate railroad committee last week and W. R. Begg, general solicitor of the Great Northern, spoke against the bill. He said the present law is more advantageous to the manufacturing interests of the small towns than the proposed bill would be.

"The statues now allow the railroad and warehouse commission to make lower rates for a long than for a shorter haul in some cases. This is because the rates are made by the company having shortest line between any two points, and if the other lines could not meet the rate there would be no competitive point."

As an example of that condition he mentioned that the Soo has the shortest line to Thief River Falls and the Great Northern has to meet its rate to that point. If as is proposed by the Cashman bill, the Great Northern would have to make the same rate per ton per mile for all points beyond Thief River Falls on that line. It would simply have to retire from the field and give the Soo road all of the business at Thief River Falls. Otherwise it would have to reduce its rates all the way to Crookston on the basis of the competitive rate to Thief River Falls.

The Cashman bill also forbids a railroad from making a higher rate for passenger or freight business over any part of the road than it does over any other part for the same distance. This he said, would work an injustice, as in some parts of the state the business is so light that slightly higher rates must be charged than where the traffic is heavy. If this can be done, the territory where the traffic is heavy will have to pay for a part of the traffic at low rates through the poor territory.

Mail Order Creed.

Twelve commandments make up the decalogue of the mail-order house.

These commandments were not written on stone by Moses, but they are thoroughly understood and frequently bumped into by anyone who deals with the catalogue mail-order concern.

Following are the twelve commandments, which thoroughly indicate the business side of these concerns.

1. You shall sell your farm products for cash wherever you can, but not to us; we do not buy from you.

2. You shall believe our statements and buy all you need from us because we want to be good to you, although we are not acquainted with you.

3. You send in the money in advance to give us a chance to get the goods from the factory with your money; meanwhile you will have to wait patiently a few weeks because that is our business method.

5. You shall buy your church bells and interior church fixtures from us and forward the money in advance, for that is our business method.

6. You shall collect from the business men in your vicinity as much money as you can for the benefit of your churches. Although we get more money from you than they do, still it is against our rules to donate money for building country churches.

7. You shall buy your tools from us and be your own mechanic in order to drive the mechanic from your vicinity, for we wish it so.

8. You will induce your neighbor to buy everything from us, as we have room for more money.

9. You shall often look at the beautiful pictures in our catalogue so your wishes will increase and you will send in a big order, although you are not in immediate need of the goods; otherwise you might have some left to buy necessary goods of your local merchants.

10. You shall have mechanics that repair the goods you buy from us book the bill, so that you can send the money for his labor to us for new goods, otherwise he will not notice our influence.

11. You shall believe us in preference to your local merchants.

12. You shall, in case of accident, sickness or need, apply to local dealers for aid and credit, as we do not know you.—Yazoo (Miss.) Sentinel.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

March 7, 1907.

For a new member of the house of representatives, Donald Robertson, of Argyle, is certainly coming to the front in great shape and is taking a bold stand upon the side of the people in all legislative matters. Men of his stamp are the kind needed to make our laws, and we hope to see Mr. Robertson serve his district again.

Say, you residents of Minnesota, get right down on your knees and thank the Creator of the Universe, that you live in this state. Study the situation in North Dakota, in Washington, and in California, where snow, storm and cold have struck them, without fuel sufficient to keep warm and then count up your blessings in Minnesota. No matter if twenty to thirty degrees below zero weather here you are comfortable and have plenty to eat, wear and burn. There may be better sections of the country than Minnesota, but I havn't learned their location yet.—Anoka Union.

Another effort to stop the use of pump guns in hunting small game is being made in the legislature this year. The effort was made two years ago and failed, but last week J. A. Gates of Denyon introduced a bill in the house to prohibit the use of any automactic gun in hunting quail, prairie chicken, grouse of all varieties wild geese, brant, wild duck and other water fowl. The use of such guns in hunting rabbits, squirrels and similar animals in places likely to be frequented by birds and the sale of such guns for use in violation of the law are probited. Having possession of such a gun while hunting shall be deemed to be the use of a gun. The fine is made $25 to $100, with the alternative of thirty to ninety days imprisonment, for the first offense. For the second offense the fine is $100 to $500, or imprisonment for sixty or ninety days.

A bill aimed at the business methods of the standard Oil company was introduced last week by Senator W. A. Hinton of Truman. The bill is general in its terms and prohibits discrimination between localities in the sale of any products for the purpose of destroying the business of a competitor. Its purpose is shown by the fact that it was referred to the committee on illuminating oils. The bill provides that any person or company engaged in the production, manufacture or distribution of any commodity in general use that intentionally or otherwise, for the purpose of destroying the business of a competitor in any locality, descriminates between different localities or cities of this state, by selling such commodity at a lower rate in one section than is charged in another, after making due allowance for the cost of transportation, shall be deemed guilty of unfair discrimination, which is prohibited and declared unlawful. A penalty of a fine of not to exceed $5,000 or imprisonment for not to exceed one year, or both, is provided for violations. Contracts in violation of the act are declared void and money paid thereunder shall be paid back within ten days after a demand for the return is made. If a suit is necessary to secure the return of the money, attorney's fees of not to exceed $25 may be added. Complaints against companies violating this to revoke the license of such companies to bo business in the state.

The following from the Princeton Union strikes the nail directly on the head:

> Frank Eddy thinks he could do a whole lot with that $1,500,000 asked for by the State Fair Association for a semi-centennial celebration. Frank is inclined to believe that the *Fair association will get* what it wants from the legislature, as "it will only mean a small sum to each person and it will mean a harvest of dollars for the transportation companies and a six month's carnival of bargians for the Twin cities, and that for six months country business men will sit on dry goods boxes and pick their teeth with a splinter and watch people take the trains for St. Paul and Minneapolis. That is all, God made the country and man made the cities. It is up to the Lord to take care of what he has created, but man-made institutions must be fostered.

The San Francisco Star recently published a lengthy article showing the excess rates that Uncle Sam is paying for the carrying of mail as compared with other charges. The following table, based on 100,000,000 ton miles of mail is significant:

At average railway express rates would cost perhaps	$5,000,000
At average excess baggage rates would cost perhaps	6,000,000
At average freight rates would cost about	800,000
At average freight rates making correction for difference of dead load	8,000,000
At average passenger rates, making correction for difference of dead load	8,000,000
At actual mail rates (1898)	34,754,000

In addition to the regular mail rates the government pays an extra charge for postal cars averaging $6,250 a year per car, although the cost of construction of cars is but $2,500 to $5,000 each. For two 30 foot apartments in two combination cars, each carrying one ton of mail, the railways get no car rental; nothing but the mail weight rates; but for a 60 foot postal car with an average load of two tons of mail, heated and lighted like the compartments, and with the same fixtures as the aforesaid compartments plus a water tank, the roads receive $6,250 a year special car rent in addition to full rates for the weight of mail carried. This means about $5,268,000 a year for the rental of cars worth about $4,000,000.—Ada Herald.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

The State's Timber.

That the state has been losing much timber without recompense and that sections have been sold with estimates of only a tenth of the actual scale, is charged by persons who appeared before the joint committee which is investigating the state's rights on pine and mineral lands. The assertion was made that on one section, where the timber had been sold under an estimate of 50,000 feet, the firm that bought the timber actually had out and sold 500,000 feet.

T. S. Finney and A. R. Bacheller, cruisers who have been working for the state, testfied before the committee, Mr. Bacheller related that on one section near Bemidji the state sold the timber for $200, when it should have received ten times that much.

Under the law, when the estimated amount of timber is less than 100,000 feet on one description the timber may be sold for cash, but if the amount is above 100,000 feet, it is sold at a fixed price per thousand, the amount to be determined by sale is made to the highest bidder.

In this particular case the cruiser had estimated the amount on the section to be 50,000 and timber was sold to a firm for $4 per thousand cash. The firm sold the lumber to a lumber mill and in figuring the amount employed a scaler from the surveyor general's office. His report of the scale of logs showed that 500,000 feet were cut and Mr. Bacheller asserted that some had been cut later on the section.

This section has been brought to the attention of the state timber board which sent three men to find out if there was more timber cut than was paid for. According to Bacheller's testimony, they made a hasty examination of the section and reported that the cut had not been in excess of the amount paid for and upon this report the timber board decided not to prosecute the case.

Mr. Bacheller stated that he went to the surveyor general's office and secured the scale made for the company showing that 500,000 had been cut. He laid this before C. S. Jelly special counsel for the timber board, yet so far nothing has been done.

Bacheller and Finley told of other sections where the state had not been paid for its timber. One section where 800,000 feet had been cut the state had been paid for only 285,000.

The committee will have another session this afternoon. B. M. Bendixen of Morgan is chairman.

Dairy and Truck Farms.

Northern Minnesota lands, experts and authoritities who made personal investigations declare, should be in great demand right now for dairy farms, while all of the tracts within five or ten miles of the cities and towns should be held at goodly prices for truck gardens. That these are not present conditions is due to the fault of some one in not setting the advantages before Eastern homeseekers versed in the arts of dairying and raising garden produce.

Experts agree that the lands of Northern Minnesota afford infinitely better opportunities for preminm dairy farms than do those of Denmark and Sweden. It is declared that the finest, richest, most suculent clover of any in the world can be produced on the ground that has been mulched for centuries and centuries by the forest trees. Such clover will, beyond all manner of doubt, produce the best of milk and cream and the butter products, by experience and care, can be made to take rank even above the world-renowned butter of Denmark.

As for the truck farming industry in the vicinity of the cities and towns, Northern Minnesota will certainly produce everything that Southern Canada, Northern Vermont and New Hampshire and central Maine will. There is almost undisputable evidence from limited experience, as well as from the nature of the soil, that the yields of such truck-farms will, in the hands of skilled garden workers, far surpass even the famous yields of Maine and Ontario. The steady growth of the cities of this section and the present high cost of importing "garden sass" from other states assures ready and steady markets for all vegetables at good profits.

Of course, the healthy timbered nature of most of the land will necessitate considerable work in clearing, but an expert farmer and dairyman would welcome an encircling belt of timber as the best of wind and storm breaks and as affording shelter for the cattle in summbr and whenever the inclemency of the season does not necessitate confinement in barns. The experiences of those who have so far made eminent successes of dairy places in this region prove these claims.

To the objection that there are few roads through Northern Minnesota and that rail communication is of the poorest, it may safely be answered that roads will be constructed and electric or steam lines will follow quickly on the demand for service. That has been the experience everywhere else and there is no reason for thinking that it will fail in this section. That all of Northern Minnesota, except, of course, the forest reserve, will be a string of dairy and truck farms before many years is a safe speculation.—Duluth Herald.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. **T. P. HAMRE,** Cashier. **OSCAR SPONHEIM,** Assistant Cashier.

New Rules for Escaping Typhoid.

The Department of Agriculture is making a thorough study of how disease germs are transmitted by vegetables, fruits, other foods and drinking water. Chief Albert F. Woods, of the division of plant pathology, who is co-operating in this new work, has issued to the employes of his office the following instructions to enable them to escape typhoid fever. They are based upon the latest researches of the Department and contain many novel points.

"Either boil suspected water and cool it for domestic use, or, at least, heat it to 149 degrees Fahrenheit for twenty minutes. In the field carry water in a keg, bottle or canteen which is lined with copper or contains copper foil or wire at the rate of ten square inches of surface (five square inches of foil) to each quart. After the water has stood exposed to the copper for five hours it will be reasonably safe to drink. This system may also be applied to water coolers, etc. Copper sulphate may be used in place of metalic copper at the rate of five to fifteen drops of a one per cent solution to the quart After five hours the water will be safe to use.

"Do not drink milk or eat cream or butter unless you know that it comes from an inspected dairy and is handled in a thoroughly cleanly manner from the cow to the table. If you are not sure heat the milk and cream to 149 degrees Fahrenheit (65 degrees Centigrade) for twenty minutes. This will kill typhoid bacteria. Butter can be heated in the same way. Ice may contain typhoid bacteria. The cooler or receptacle in which it is kept should be rinsed every day with water containing a couple of tablespoonfuls of a one per cent copper-sulphate solution to the quart. Do not put the ice directly in the water.

"Green vegetables are often grown with 'night-soil' or sewage or fertilizer made from garbage and thus become contaiminated. If green vegetables are eaten raw they should first be thoroughly cleaned and then soaked for at least three hours in water containing two teaspoonfuls of a one per cent copper-sulphate solution to the quart. Berries, especially when they are picked or handled by people with dirty hands or allowed to stand exposed to the dust of the streets or the markets, are likely to become contaminated. They should be thoroughly washed and then well rinsed in copper-sulphate water, two teaspoonfuls to a quart of water. Throw out all injured or partically decayed fruit and buy only from dealers who handle it carefully, protecting it from flies and dust. Numerous bacteriological examinations of berries obtained in the market have demonstrated the necessity of these precautions. Keep flies out of the house and protect all food from them. They are great carriers of typhoid germs. Dishes and utensils used in connection with food or drink must be washed in hot water and rinsed in scalding water. Towels used to dry dishes, and dish rags or metallic washers must be thoroughly cleaned and scalded after using and hung in the sun if possible. Cut down weeds and keep everything clean around the premises."

Subscribe for the News.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.

Special Rates.

The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 25c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
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LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

ROYAL
BAKING
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Makes the finest, lightest, best flavored biscuit, hot-breads, cake and pastry. Renders the food more digestible and wholesome.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

T. P. Hamre was up to Sandridge last Friday.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

Simon Bergseng of Liner, was in the city last Saturday.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding last week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Alex Dixon was over from Grafton, N. D., last week visiting his parents.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Joseph Johnson was in from Erie last week attending to business matters.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city last Saturday.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

C. M. Evenson was up to Middle River last Friday attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Fredrickson spent Sunday up at Sandridge visiting relatives.

Albert Eve was down from Highlanding last week attending to business matters.

Ben Wilson was down to the twin cities last week attending to business matters.

Ole Hauger and Mike Nelson, who are going to start a store up at the location of the new creamery in the town of Rollis were in Thief River Falls last week buying a stock of goods.

Andrew Stenseth was up on the Greenbush line last Friday attending to business matters.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

March came in like a lion last Friday, and if the old saying holds good it will go out like a lamb.

George Wilson was over from Reynolds N. D., last week visiting his daughter, Mrs. S. W. Bagley.

Miss Emma Hazeltine arrived in the city last Saturday and is the quest of Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Wanted—A good girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. D. K. Bryant.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 21, town of Norden.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Weeks, who is teaching school in the town of Terrebone, spent Sunday in the city with his parents.

K. M. Hansen and family are expected to remove to this city about the first of April from Red Lake Falls.

W. D. Russell arrived in the city last Friday from Winnipeg and remained a few days visiting with his family.

—To introduce our work we will give 25 pictures for 25 cents and a button FREE. Penny Gallery, Hicks Block.

H. W. Lee left last Saturday for Snohomis, Wash., where he will open up a law office and engage in the practice of law.

Ludvig Bakken, son of Otto L. Bakken of the town of Norden, left last Friday for Tioga N. D., and expects to remain there until next fall.

Senator Hanson's seed grain loan bill passed the senate Tuesday, but the appropriation was cut from $70,000, the amount asked for, to $25,000.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

For Sale—Quarter section of land in Hubbard county. Will trade for horses, cattle or Thief River Falls city property. Inquire at this office.

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

According to the St. Hilaire Spectator J. G. Prior has given up his lease of the Hotel Markham at St. Hilaire and engaged in other business. It is not said who is now conducting this hotel.

Olaf Ramstad returned to this city last Friday from Wilkin county with a car load of work horses which he had purchased of farmers down there. He will sell them to farmers around Thief River Falls.

Houses for rent are very scarce in Thief River Falls and it is said that a number of them will be built this coming spring by parties who desire to secure a good rate of interest upon their investment.

Leroy W. Tabor, of this city, and Margariet Haight, of Grand Forks, were united in marriage at Grand Forks last week. They will make their home in this city where the groom is employed by the Soo.

Last Friday the shareholders in the Sandridge creamery paid for their stock. The creamery will be built early this spring and the fact that the stockholders own 700 cows insures the success of the institution from the start.

R. D. V. Carr, the editor of the Middle River Pioneer, was in the city last week attending to business matters. Mr. Carr states that the new creamery at Middle River will be in operation about the latter part of May.

Senator Stephens has introduced a bill into the state senate authorizing the appointment of one assistant in each township by the county superintendent of schools when acting as school inspector under the state high school board. The bill has been referred to the committee on education.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or novous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

The receipts at the United States Land Office at Crookston for the month of February amounted to $5,102.95, of which $4,1977.53 was from the sale of land and $125.42 was from fees and commissioners. This one of the largest months that the land office has ever had.

Orders have been given out by the Post Office Department to have the Rural Free Delivery routes inspected and those which have been established a year or more and do not have at least 3,000 packages per month delivered will either be discontinued or the service curtailed.—Ex.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

A Missouri legislator has introduced a bill limiting a woman to two hats a year at a price not to exceed $1.98 each. Another law-maker wants to impose a fine from 50 cents to $1.00 for every cuss word used in a public place. The women are likely to object to the former and the men to the latter. Both bills would no doubt produce considerable silent cussing.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O New York.

The snow blocade has cut down railroad earnings. The Great Northern's gross earnings for January were the smallest in years and show a decrease of 30 per cent under the earnings of last year. The net earnings will probably show a greater decrease relatively than the gross earnings, owing to the enormous expense Northwestern roads have been put to in their attempts to keep their lines open.

For the convenience of the farmers living in the northern part of Red Lake county who have business to transact with the county superintendent of schools, Supt. McAnulty announces that he will be in Thief River Falls on the last Friday of each month and will make his head quarters while here at the office

Dave Paradis, one of Poplar Rivers foremost hustlers was a caller here Monday. Dave reported that early last week a son was born to them—being their thirteenth child—eleven of whom are living at present. Mr. Paradis scoffed at the idea that it was hard to support a family of this size, and seemed of the opinion that most of the hardships in this life were imaginary ones. Mr. Paradis has a fine farm in Poplar River and has prospered very nicely during the past few years.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDERTAKING.

LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

One branch of our business has outgrown its present quarters and we have decided to remodel one of our buildings for this branch. In order to make room we have several close-outs which we will put out up to be sold at

Auction at Your Own Price.

Auction sale to commence Thursday afternoon March 7, at 2 o'clock. Ladies especially invited to attend this sale.

Also a street auction will be held every Saturday afternoon on the south side of our store for the public. Bring in anything you have to sell. We will pay you the cash for what we sell.

Terms of Sale: Sums under $10 cash; over that amount approved notes due next fall.

H. M. Hicks, Auctioneer

A full blood Indian from Detroit, Minn, calling himself James Bear, called at the recruiting station in the federal building at St. Paul on Wednesday and wanted to enlist in the United States navy. He told a long and pathetic story of having come to the city and being unable to find work and claimed to have been a student at Carlisle. His application for enlistment was turned down.

Charles Ungerth, mayor of Lancaster, north of here on the Soo line died Saturday afternoon and was buried at Hallock on Monday Mayor Ungerth who from his frequent visits here was well known, was one of the oldest settlers of Kittson county and will be remembered as one of Hallock's most prominent business men in the early 80's. He was also the first business man of Lancaster having his store all ready and doing business before the Soo line rails struck town. He was elected mayor at the first election in 1905 and re-elected in the fall of 1906.

William Hubbard of Mankato will take 7,500 sheep to Nary a small village about nine miles south of Bemidji this summer and will put them on his land there. Mr. Hubbard owns 3 sections of land in that part of the country and the entire land is surrounded by 12 miles of wire fencing. He brought 7,500 sheep up last year and will bring the same number the year. The sheep clear out the underbrush and it is a fine thing for the country. Sheep raising is an industry that is meeting with much encouragement in the north country and a number of farmers are taking it up on a larger scale this year than in the past.

Nelson and His Mother.

Knute Nelson, for two terms governor of Minnesota and for more than eleven years United States senator from that state, is the only Scandinavian in the upper branch of Congress, says an exchange. His mother, Mrs. Ingeborg Nelson, now more than 91 years old lives in Deerfield, Wisconsin. When her son attained prominence and his income exceeded his expenditures, he promised his mother that he would give her $10 for every pair of stockings which she should knit. Notwithstanding her advanced age and loss of sight she keeps at the knitting which she learned eighty years ago when a little girl among the mountains of Norway. "I'm glad to give her the money," said Senator Nelson recently, "but if she keeps up her present pace, I'll have to introduce a bill to increase the salary of senators."

Subscribe for the News.

NEW TOWN ORGANIZED.

Township 153-39 Will Hereafter Be Known As "Star"

The petition of Joseph Johnson et al., of township 153 39, for organization as a town, came before the commissioners at their meeting last week and was acted upon favorably. The new town will be known as "Star" and the first town meeting for the election of officers, etc., will be held at the Johnson place sometime in March, on a date to be set by Auditor O'Brien.

The new town has many progressive citizens, and after the organization is completed will make rapid strides. There are only two unorganized towns left on the reservation, and they will probably come in the organization during the coming year.

Northwest Is Favored.

Crookston Journal: J. W. Wheeler accompanied by Mrs. Wheeler returned this morning from a four weeks' trip east during which time they visited the Twin Cities, Chicago, Boston, New York and other centers on a pleasure trip, tho Mr. Wheeler attended to some business matters also. The jaunt was a very pleasant one in every way. Speaking of conditions to a Journal man today Mr. Wheeler said:

"Money in the east is scarce and high, and this is a condition that is not temporary, but will prevail for the next two or three years. Development has progressed with such leaps and bounds that there is too great a portion of the money tied up in fixed form of capital such as bonds for gigantic railroad enterprizes, sky scrapers, etc.

For instance the Pennsylvania R. R. alone is expending from $35,000,000 to $50,000,000 in New York terminals alone. Manufacturing plants have all been spreading out and millions have been tied up in this manner.

"However the money market is as close in New York as it is in Chicago and the stringency will be more keenly felt in manufacturing circles than it will in this section of the country."

Makes Profit on Pigs.

Carl Steffin, of Wanger, sold seven pigs to A. J. Marsh last week and we venture to say that he realized a better profit than from the sale of wheat.

The pigs were but five months old and consequently had cost him but little for feed, care etc., altho he fed them well and had them in prime conditions when put on the market. The sold for $13.50 each. Thus it will be seen that Mr. Steffin made a nice profit made it quick and on a small investment.—Argyle Banner.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

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Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 108.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Guaranteed

RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Farmer Fun Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong [illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

BERLIN IS MACHINE MADE.

English Writer Calls It Stiff, Rigid and Rectilinear.

Was Berlin made last year or the year before? It is impossible to say from looking at it. Some of the trees in the streets look at least ten years old, but they must have been planted long before the city was thought of. The houses and the streets and the lampposts and the statues are all much too neat and new to have endured the rains of more than one winter. It is all, in fact, quite too new to be comfortable. One feels afraid to sleep in any of the houses lest rheumatism should be lying in wait in rooms where the plaster has not had time to harden.

I drove from the station in a "droshki" with a monstrously old horse. Time had bent his forelegs into a very good imitation of a switchback railway, and as we plodded solemnly along the brand new asphalt roadway, with the brand new houses on either side and an occasional brand new electric car, with a brand new driver in a brand new uniform, I found myself wondering what the old horse must think of it all. One day he may have been grazing in an open field, and when he passed that way a week or so later he found a new broad boulevard, with hotels and shops and churches and great blocks of flats, all sprung up like mushrooms.

Berlin, then, is a great deal too perfect to be satisfactory. It is the machine made, not the hand made, article—it was very decidedly made, not born. There is no spontaneity in it, no life. Compared to, say, London, it is like a beautiful marble statue to a living woman.

Berlin is, in fact, an awful object lesson to emperors and others who try to make a capital city out of a respectable village. It is easy to put up imposing buildings—if you have the money—and to cut out broad tree lined roads and have everything neat and nice and fine, but you only make your village bigger and finer without making it any the more a capital city. There is no getting away from the feeling that Berlin is a village—a big village, a beautiful, rectilinear, new-out-of-the-bandbox village, but a village all the same.—London Chronicle.

GIRGENTI THE BEAUTIFUL.

"No Place of Ruins In the World More Beautiful Than This."

Every one has heard of Girgenti, as of Syracuse, before coming to Sicily. The most beautiful city of antiquity has left an endearing name, and if the Girgenti of today be far from the Agrigentum of Roman splendor and still further from the Acragas of Greek beauty and magnificence it is still nobly worth seeing. Even the least responsive imagination can hardly fail to apprehend some idea of what this town must have been of old, when Acragas, with its vast extent and over 200,000 inhabitants, looked out across the dark blue waters of the Greek sea or Mare Africano from a lordly wilderness of superb temples and magnificent buildings of all kinds. Today it is worth a pilgrimage from the ends of the earth. There is perhaps no place of ruin in the whole world more beautiful than this. To see it, as the present writer last saw it, in a golden sunset glow, with the great temples gleaming like yellow ivory and the town itself of a dusky gold and the sea beyond and uplands and mountains behind irradiated with a serene glory of light, is to see what will be for life an unforgettable impression, an ever deeply moving remembrance.

To localize the three loveliest views in Sicily (and I fancy that most travelers would agree with me) I should specify that from the terrace of the Hotel Timeo at Taormina; that from the monastery-hostelry of Madonna del Tindaro over Tyndaris and the Aeolian isles and that from the terrace of the Hotel Belvedere on the south wall of Girgenti, looking out on the lovely temples, the beautiful uplands and slopes and the blue sea washing Porto Empedocle below.—Century.

How Canada Was Named.

According to an eminent authority, when the Portuguese under Gaspar Cortereal in 1500 first ascended the St. Lawrence they believed it to be the strait of which they were in quest, through which a passage might be discovered into the Indian sea. When, however, they arrived at the point when they could clearly ascertain that this was no strait, but a river, they exclaimed repeatedly in their disappointment, "Ca nada" ("Here nothing"). These words, remembered by the natives, were repeated to the next Europeans who visited the land. The newcomers, hearing the phrase so frequently, conjectured that it must be the name of the country, so "Canada" it remains.

Money Made No Difference.

A poor but worthy old couple had a rare stroke of luck. Some relative died and left them a fortune of £20. The night of the arrival of the lawyer's letter telling them of their good fortune they sat up late, discussing the future and what they were to do with the great sum they had inherited. When they had done and were rising to go to bed the old man said, with a grand air of magnanimity: "Weel, I suppose, Janet, this'll mak' nae difference. We'll just speak to the neebours as before."—London Standard.

The Fact For the Figure.

"Of course," said the bachelor girl, "I am lonely, but I am afraid marriage would be out of the frying pan into the fire."

"It's more likely," answered Miss Cayenne, "to be out of the chafing dish into the gas stove."—Washington Star.

There will never be universal peace. It is an idle dream. People will always get married.

A HUMBLE HEROINE.

Mother Mary Teresa and the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

Some years ago in a city in France all the soldiers were drawn up on the plaza. A woman in the habit of charity was called out in front of the governor general, and this is what he said:

"Mother Mary Teresa, when you were twenty years of age you received a wound from a cannon ball while assisting one of the wounded on the field at Balaklava. In 1859 the shell from a mitrailleuse laid you prostrate in the front ranks on the battlefield of Magenta. Since then you have been in Syria, in China and in Mexico, and if you were not wounded it was not because you have not exposed yourself.

"In 1870 you were taken up in Reischoffen covered with many saber wounds. Such deeds of heroism you crowned a few weeks ago with one of the most heroic actions which history records. A grenade fell upon the ambulance which was under your charge. You took up the grenade in your arms; you smiled upon the wounded who looked at you with feelings of dismay; you carried it a distance of eighty meters. On laying it down you noticed that it was going to burst. You threw yourself on the ground; it burst. You were seen covered with blood, but when persons came to your assistance you rose up smiling, as is your wont. You were scarcely recovered from your wound when you returned to the hospital whence I have now summoned you."

Then the general made her kneel down and, drawing his sword, touched her lightly with it three times on the shoulder and pinned the cross of the Legion of Honor on her habit, saying:

"I put upon you the cross of the brave in the name of the French people and army. No one has gained it by more deeds of heroism nor by a life so completely spent in self abnegation for the benefit of your brothers and the service of your country. Soldiers, present arms!"

The troops saluted, the drums and bugles rang out, the air was filled with loud acclamations, and all was jubilation and excitement as Mother Teresa arose, her face suffused with blushes, and asked:

"General, are you done?"

"Yes," said he.

"Then I will go back to the hospital."—From "The Companionship of Books," by Frederic Rowland Marvin.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

There is no such thing as a secret.

A reasonable probability is the only certainty.

Men who have violated the law say it is not hard to do.

Romance is like fire—if you play with it you are liable to be burned.

There is too little attention given to two mighty important words, "Don't tell."

It is a bad plan to seek to make a good impression by following every statement with an apology.

The trouble is when we do things for our friends we do things we want to instead of what they would be pleased to have us do.

We can't understand why people try to deceive others, but cannot understand why they should try to deceive themselves, as so many seem to do.—Atchison Globe.

When Musicians Were Scarce.

In these days of conservatories and music schools, when each house has its piano or its organ, to say nothing of devotees to the cornet, violin and banjo, it seems strange to assert that there ever was a time when musicians were in demand, yet such was really the case. "In the fifteenth century," says Mr. Henry M. Brooks in his "Olden Time Music," "musicians were so scarce in England that they were impressed by government order, as in more recent times seamen had to suffer in like manner. Henry VIII. also issued warrants for the impressment of children with good voices for the choirs of the cathedrals, and in Elizabeth's time children with the proper qualification for her majesty's choirs were taken from their parents without any compensation being given to the latter."

Weighing Common Air.

The weight of air has often been tested by compressing it in receptacles by the air pump. That it really has weight when so compressed is shown by the fact that the weight of the vessels is increased slightly by filling them with compressed air and that such vessels become specifically "lighter" as soon as the air contained in them is exhausted. Many elaborate experiments on the weight of air have proved that one cubic foot weighs 536 grains, or something less than one and a quarter ounces. The above experiment on the weight of air is supposed to be made at the surface of the earth with the temperature at 50 degrees F. Heated air, or air at high elevations, is much lighter.

Lunar Athletics.

The "man in the moon" must surely regard with amused contempt our much vaunted athletic records. A good terrestrial athlete could cover about 120 feet on the moon in a running broad jump, while leaping over the barn would be a very commonplace feat. He would find no difficulty in carrying six times as much and running six times as fast as he could on earth, all because the moon attracts bodies with but one-sixth of the force of the earth.

Table Daintiness.

I could better eat with one who did not respect the laws than with a sloven and unpresentable person. Moral qualities rule the world, but at short distances the senses are despotic.—Emerson.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

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Wednesday, March 6th, at Hotel Rushford.

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knute Bjorge, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 374 made 28th June 1901, for the Lots 3, 4, and S ½ N.W.¼ Section 6, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th March, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans Olson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Andrew Dyrdahl, " " " " "
Hans Rued, " " " " "
Barney Tibeman, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
Jan 24 feb 28

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal and Anna Maria Rendal and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 8th day of February 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
SEAL Probate Judge.
feb 14 28

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All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Mathilde Rubnke, widow of August Rubnke, deceased, of Germantown, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 281 made June 25, 1904, for the Lots 7 & 8, Sec. 35, T. 153 N., R. 41 W. S ½ N. W. ¼ Lots 3, 4, Section 2, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 19, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Cook, of Germantown, Minnesota.
William Vaughan, " " "
N. Bundhund, " " "
Albert Rohrer, " " "

feb 7 mar 14 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

No. 105—Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Rock Fortier, deceased.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, decedent.

Letters of administration with the will annexed this day having been granted to Lucius S. Miller,

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the sixteenth day of August, 1907, at eleven o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court rooms at the court house at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated February 14th, 1907.

N. W. TARRANT,
SEAL Judge of Probate.
A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Estate, Crookston, Minn.
Feb. 21-Mar. 7.

Big Auction Sale, TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1907.

At the Nelson Ferry, Sec. 21, Town of Kratka.

Having purchased the following described property of C. W. Nelson, I will offer the same at public auction:

One black mare, ten years old, weighing 1500.
One black mare, heavy with foal, ten years old, weighs 1400.
One gray horse, 9 years old, weighs 1400.
One brown horse, 9 years old, weighs 1250.
One buckskin mare, 10 years old, weighs 950.
Three fresh milch cows, three and four years old.
One big cow, seven years old, giving milk.
One three year old heifer.
One two year old steer.
One two year old heifer.
One yearling shorthorn bull.
Two yearling heifers.
Three calves.
One six months old pig.
One drill, three horse.
One fourteen disc harrow.
One iron drag, five sections.
One brush breaking plow, 14 inch.
One stubble plow.
Two wide tired wagon.
One narrow tired wagon.
One Concord top buggy.
One cart.
One Plano mower.
One self dump hay rake.
One scraper.
One double wagon box.
One hay rack.
Two sets of heavy working harnesses.
Two sets of heavy buggy harnesses.
One 16 inch brush plow.
Three pair of bob sleighs.
Two set of light bobs.
One Empire cream seperator.
One hay bucking pole.
One feed mill.
One circle saw.
One blacksmith outfit complete.
One ferry boat complete.
Some household furniture consisting of one cook stove, one hearter, two bedroom suites, book case and other things two numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH WILL BE SERVED ALL DAY.

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash, over that amount bankable paper. Five per cent discount for cash on sums over $10.

H. M. Hicks, AUCTIONEER.

K. O. Gigstad, OWNER.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

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Wednesday, April 3rd, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

French Economy.

France in her system of finance and in her whole scheme of economy aids and encourages saving among the people. The government conducts a vast banking institution whereby every postoffice has its savings bank department—its "caisse d'epargne." Here any one may make a deposit as low as 1 franc (20 cents), which deposit is recorded in one's "livret de la caisse d'epargne" (savings bank book). A convenient feature of this system tending to make saving easy is that one may make his deposits in any postoffice anywhere in France and may withdraw any part or all his savings at any postoffice, without regard to where the deposits have been made. I have never had a servant in France who had not her "livret de la caisse d'epargne," and yet the girl or woman, if she had no family of her own to support, almost invariably contributed to the support of her father's family. I have had one middle aged "femme de chambre" on whose face each day I could read pretty well how the house was going.—From McDonald Thompson in Harper's Bazar.

Danger In Soap.

A Philadelphia boy who was washing his face got soap in his eyes, fell off a step and broke his elbow. Small boys can show this to mamma.—Seattle Post Intelligencer.

Ambition is pitiless; every merit that it cannot use is contemptible in its eyes.—Joubert.

Subtle.

"What did you get out of that will case?" asked the first lawyer.

"Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars," replied the second lawyer.

"Good round sum, eh?"

"Yes; but I thought the old man left more than that."

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

A bill in equity to secure an accounting of the financial affairs of Mrs. Baker Eddy, head of the Christian Science church, has been filed in the superior court at Concord, N. H., by Mrs. Eddy's son, George W. Glover of Deadwood, S. D., and his daughter, Mrs. Mary Baker Glover, and George W. Baker of Bangor, Me., nephew and "next friend" of Mrs. Eddy. The bill is directed against Alfred Farlow and other trustees of the Christian Science church.

The lower house of the California legislature has passed a sweeping anti-Japanese and anti-Chinese measure. The bill is known as the "anti-alien property holding bill." It is aimed at the Japanese and Chinese property owners in California and is intended to prevent them from acquiring and owning property for a longer period than five years.

When on the stand in the interstate commerce hearing in New York city E. H. Harriman sprung a sensation while explaining the recent change of presidents on the Illinois Central. He accused the deposed president, Stuyvesant Fish, of using his position to further his personal ends and of other acts inconsistent with his duty as head of the road.

General Manager Mohler of the Union Pacific has cancelled the contract for the erection of the twelve-story headquarters building which E. H. Harriman was to erect in Omaha at a cost of $1,200,000. He did so, he said, under orders from Harriman because of the recent action of courts and legislatures.

The Western railroads have determined to fight in the courts all state laws making 2 cents a mile the maximum passenger rate. Attorneys of several of the largest railroads held a conference at Chicago with a view to having all roads pursue the same policy as to litigation over the 2 cents a mile rate.

An agreement to build passenger and freight terminals at Kansas City at an estimated cost to the railways of $50,000,000 has been reached at a conference of railroad and city officials.

Japan has placed an order with the United States Steel corporation for 50,000 tons of steel rails for immediate shipment.

The Lord's day act went into force throughout Canada Sunday. It prohibits nearly all Sunday amusements.

TRIAL OF HARRY THAW.

District Attorney Jerome has finished his long cross-examination of Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw at the trial of her husband on the charge of having murdered Stanford White. Mrs. Thaw had been under the district attorney's fire for nearly five court days. To the observer it is not evident that the young woman's story has been broken to any great extent. The cross-examination brought out the fact that Evelyn Nesbit lived with Thaw as his wife for a year and a half before they were married. Mrs. Thaw also admitted that her relations with White continued for several months after her alleged ravishment. Aside from these admissions, however, her story stands practically as she told it on her direct examination.

Harry K. Thaw enlivened an extremely dull session of his trial Thursday by giving out to the newspaper men a brief statement in which he accused District Attorney Jerome of having made unprofessional remarks in court, asserted that his wife's testimony was absolutely true and in conclusion declared that Mrs. Thaw's "natural real goodness" was above the comprehension of the prosecuting officer. Dr. Britton D. Evans was on the stand the entire day undergoing cross-examination.

During his cross-examination of Dr. Britton D. Evans and other alienists called by the defense in the Thaw trial District Attorney Jerome gave further indication of his purpose to apply for a commission in lunacy to report upon the present mental condition of the defendant.

Daily Duties.

The best part of one's life is the performance of one's daily duties. All higher motives, ideas, conceptions and sentiments in a man's life are of little value if they do not strengthen him for the better discharge of the duties which devolve upon him in the ordinary affairs of life.

Woman's Marked Down Age.

Howell—You have a sister older than yourself, I believe? Powell—She was born first, but she isn't older.—New York Press.

PLACE FOR M'CLEARY.

Congressman to Become Assistant Postmaster General.

Washington, Feb. 27.—President Roosevelt has accepted the resignation of Second Assistant Postmaster General W. S. Shallenberger.

Representative James T. McCleary of Minnesota, who is to retire from congress at the close of the present session, will be appointed as Mr. Shallenberger's successor.

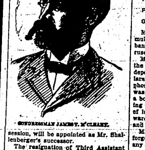

CONGRESSMAN JAMES T. M'CLEARY.

The resignation of Third Assistant Postmaster General Edwin C. Madden, it is expected, will be submitted to the president in a day or two. No intimation yet is given of his successor.

WOMAN WOUNDS HUSBAND.

Fires Five Shots but Only One Takes Effect.

St. Paul, Feb. 28.—Charles Jobst is lying at the city hospital with a gunshot wound in his left thigh, the result of an argument with his wife in a wineroom of a local saloon.

Jobst and his wife have not got along very well of late and when the pair, with two others, were in the saloon drinking Mrs. Jobst accused Jobst of having made similar excursions with other women. Jobst became enraged and swore at her, whereupon she pulled a revolver and shot at him. The first shot missed and Jobst ran outside, where his wife followed him. She fired several more shots and finally hit him. Jobst was picked up and taken to the hospital, where it was found he had merely a flesh wound in the leg and would soon recover.

Mrs. Jobst was arrested and disarmed and taken to Central station.

WEDS INDIANA HEIRESS.

Grandson of Minnesota's War Governor the Lucky Man.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 1.—Miss Berenice Wyeth, reputed to be the richest girl of this city, and Alexander Ramsey Furness, a railroad clerk, who formerly lived in St. Paul, Minn., were married here. The bride is a granddaughter of the late William M. Wyeth, founder of the Wyeth Hardware and Manufacturing company of St. Joseph and is a niece of Huston Wyeth, present head of that institution. Her grandfather left her a large fortune in her own right and she will inherit a fortune from her grand mother. Miss Wyeth's wealth is estimated at from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000. Mr. Furness came here a few months ago and obtained a position in the offices of the Chicago Great Western. He is a grandson of Alexander Ramsey, Minnesota's former war governor.

SUIT FOR $250,000.

Ownership of Cananea Copper Stock Involved in Action.

Duluth, March 1.—A lawsuit involving the ownership of 6,000 shares of Cananea Copper stock, worth $250,000, has been instituted in the district court here.

It is understood that the litigation is practically a three-cornered legal fight between Lycurgus Lindsay, former president of the company owning the American mine, the bonanza property in the Cananea group; Colonel Espes Randolph, who represents E. H. Harriman, and Colonel W. C. Greene, president of the Greene Consolidated.

Child Trampled to Death.

Minneapolis, Feb. 26.—Marvin Erickson, three-year-old son of M. B. Erickson of this city, was crushed to death under the hoofs of a team of horses in front of his home. The child was playing in the street about noon when a delivery wagon from one of the bakeries came that way. The little fellow started to run but slipped and fell, and before he could regain his feet the horses were upon him and his body was badly mangled. Life was extinct before help could reach him.

Amend Meat Inspection Law.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The reports in St. Paul regarding a recent death through trichina poisoning has been brought to the attention of the department of agriculture by Representative Stevens. It is the opinion of Mr. Stevens that if the meat inspection law does not cover trichina the meat inspection system of the government is defective and should be changed at the earliest opportunity.

Express Rates Slashed.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—Express rates in Minnesota received a slashing at the hands of the state railroad commissioners at their hearing here. The schedule proposed by the commission some days ago was accepted by the companies, but under protest. The officials, while willing to submit to a small reduction, thought the schedule unjust.

BY SIMPLE SWINDL

HENNEPIN COUNTY SAVIN BANK OF MINNEAPOLIS OUT $2,500.

Oliver Mining Company Practically Reaches Decision to Construct Steel Plant at Duluth—Two Trainmen Killed in a Wreck in the Northern Pacific Yards at Head of Lakes.

General State News.

Minneapolis, March 1.—Swindlers mulcted the Hennepin County Savings bank of $2,500 by a clever, yet simple ruse.

Michael J. Shelley, vice president of the Crystal Lake Ice company, had a deposit of several thousands of dollars in the bank. Some one telephoned the bank, representing that he was Mr. Shelley, saying he would send a boy with a check for $2,500 and asking that the check be cashed in bills of large denomination. Shortly afterward a boy appeared with the check and was handed $2,500.

Mr. Shelley says the check is a forgery and that he never telephoned any message about it to the bank.

STEEL PLANT FOR DULUTH.

Oliver Iron Company Directors Adopt Resolutions.

Duluth, March 1.—T. F. Cole, president of the Oliver Iron Mining company, has returned from New York and it is learned that as a result of the united efforts of the officers of the Steel corporation located in the Northwest the finance committee of the United States Steel corporation on Feb. 19 unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this committee that a substantial plant for manufacture of iron and steel be constructed and operated in the vicinity of Duluth, provided it is practical and will be reasonably profitable; and

"Resolved, further, That the subject matter be referred to a special committee consisting of Messrs. Gary, Corey, Perkins and Frick to make an exhaustive study of the question and to report facts at their earliest convenience to this committee."

The special committee has appointed experts to visit Duluth and make thorough examination of the whole subject and they are expected here early next week.

MINNESOTA MEN KILLED.

Two Perish in Crash of Trains at Duluth.

Duluth, March 2.—A switch engine pulling three box cars crashed into a fast freight train in the Northern Pacific yards on Garfield avenue, a short distance below the roundhouse in Duluth. Ole Bergstrom of Moose Lake, Minn., engineer on the switch engine, and Morris Spearin of Duluth, fireman on the same engine, were both fatally injured.

One of Spearin's legs was amputated at the hospital, where the men were taken. Bergstrom's legs were also badly crushed. In addition to the broken and crushed limbs the bodies of both men were cut and bruised.

While pinned in the cab Bergstrom was severely burned by escaping steam. Both of the injured men died later.

THREW SELF UNDER ENGINE.

Crazed Canadian Figures in Sensational Suicide at Carlton.

Cloquet, Minn., Feb. 27.—John O'Brien, aged forty-six, whose home was in Canada, committed suicide at Carlton last night by boarding a slowly moving engine and dropping under the wheels when the engine gathered speed. His legs were badly mangled, but he was conscious and stated that detectives had been chasing him for some time. He was brought to a Cloquet hospital and died soon after his arrival.

MAN DRAWN UNDER ICE.

Foreman of Dam Drowned at Sauk Rapids, Minn.

Sauk Rapids, Minn., Feb. 27.—Dan McCarthy, thirty years old and single, one of the foremen of the dam of the Watab Paper company, was drowned yesterday afternoon. He went out in a boat to place some dynamite and the boat upset. McCarthy crawled to apparent safety on some planks, but was drowned under the ice before he could be rescued.

Young Woman Ends Her Life.

St. Paul, March 2.—Miss Anna Blase, thirty-two years old, committed suicide by shooting herself with a revolver. The suicide is believed to be due to an attack of nervousness, following serious headaches and toothache. Miss Blase had complained of violent headaches for the past three weeks.

Referee Stops Fight.

Minneapolis, Feb. 27.—Tommy Mowatt of Chicago lost the decision to Jimmy Potts, lightweight champion of the Northwest, in the sixth round of what was to have been a ten-round go, the referee calling a halt just as the police were ready to step in and stop the slaughter.

Two Firemen Injured.

Minneapolis, Feb. 27.—Peter Coleman, lieutenant of Engine Company No. 1, and Arthur Turovh, a [illegible] of Company No. 12, were both [illegible] burned in a fire at the [illegible] 600 [illegible]

BIG MARKET TO THE EAST

Facts Regarding the Advantages of Northern Minnesota.

Iron Range Country to Be Our Future Market.

A. J. McGuire of the state experintal farm at Grand Rapids, gives the following facts regarding the farming conditions of Northern Minnesota:

The question is still being asked: What is the future of Northeastern Minnesota? The question might also be asked, "What is the matter with northern Minnesota since the rank and file of emigration is still passing on into western Canada?

The future of northern Minnesota is no longer a speculation. It is only a matter of time. Its agricultural possibilities are past the experimental stage There are various reasons why it is not receiving its share of emigration, but more particularly due to the fact that in the past its disadvantages were better known than its advantages.

While northern Minnesota has considerable land which is unfit at the present time for agriculture, it also has millions of acres that are well adapted to profitable farming, and the time is now come when this land should be farmed.

Already northeastern Minnesota has the greatest iron mining industry of the world. At the head of Lake Superior preparations are being made for manufacture that will rival the Eastern cities

During the year 1905 ten thousand car loads of vegetables other than potatoes were shipped into Duluth and Superior Practically all of this was grown outside of northern Minnesota. The same may be said of the butter, meat and eggs consumed in Duluth and tributary cities.

The point is this: Northern Minnesota thru its mining, manufacturing and shipping industries, is fast developing what is to be the largest and best market for farm products in the state, and in fact in the whole northwest. This being the case it is self-evident that the agricultural lands of northern Minnesota will be used for that purpose, and it is to the interest of the whole state to assist in the development.

The floating population and adventurous class fostered by the lumbering industry is being replaced by permanent settlers.

An industry which is for the lasting development of the country is in its begining: That of farming The system of farming we take up and the intelligence we use in our work will determine our progress. There is a right and a wrong system of farming and it is the part of wisdom in the beginning to begin right The Northeast Experiment Station has been working out a system of farming for this section of the state and this system will be given in succeeding bulletins.

The greater part of the northern Minnesota is adapted by nature to agriculture, and whatsoever its possibilities may be in mining and manufacturing it is only thru agriculture that the greatest good may be brought about for the greatest number of people.

"Sounds Good to Us."

If your town is good enough to live in—
Good enough to make your money in—
It's good enough to spend your money in.
(That's Gov Jos. Folk of Missouri, and he knows.)
Does the mail order house trust you?
Do you see the goods before you buy them?
Do you send your good money abroad?
And owe your home merchant for a year?
(That's us, and we know.
Buy your goods in Thief River Falls and make it grow.)

Half "Behind" Things Outclassed.

In almost every newspaper you pick up you are pretty sure to find a lot of gush about the man behind the counter and the man behind the gun: the man behind the buzz saw and the man behind the sun; The man behind the times and the man behind his rents; the man behind the plowshare and the man behind the fence; the man behind the whistle and the man behind the cars; the man behind the kodak and the man behind the bars; the man behind his whiskers and the man behind his fists; and everything is entered on the list.

But they've skipped another fellow of whom nothing has been said—the fellow who is even, or a little way ahead; who pays for what he gets, whose bills are always signed. He's a blamed sight more important than the man who is behind. All the editors and merchants, and the whole commercial clan, are indebted for existence to this honest fellowman. He keeps us all in business; and his town is never dead; and so we take off our hats to the man who is ahead.—Judge

Burned Out.

Last Thursday while C. A. Hull and wife were in town shopping, their farm dwelling in River Falls caught fire and burned to the ground including all of the contents. H. Haupt, who lives nearly two miles away, was the first to see the fire and drove over but the building was almost entirely destroyed before he arrived. He succeeded in saving several small articles not to exceed five dollars in value, which was all of the property saved. It is not known what caused the fire.

Mr. Hull estimates his loss at $1,500. The dwelling was insured for six hundred dollars in the Bray Mutual and the contents for $200. The loss will be a particularly hard one for Mr. Hull as he is just starting in farming —St. Hilaire Spectator.

Not On Your Life.

Every time you get a nice letter from a Minneapolis or Chicago catalogue mercantile firm, telling you of the "great bargains" they have to offer you, just drop them a few lines and ask them to send you the goods for inspection, at their expense. Will they trust you. not on your life, but did you ever stop and think of the onesided way they do business. You must send your money in advance and trust to luck for a square deal. Are these people more honest than you. On the other hand your home merchant displays his goods for inspection—and doesn't ask you one cent in advance. Give the home dealer a fair chance—Cambridge Independent.

Loud Concern Does Good Work.

Postmaster Kratka has been making some important changes in the postoffice during the past week, and considerable new furniture has been added. Part of the furniture was purchased in Chicago and part was manufactured by the Pioneer Sash and Door company of this city In this connection it may be stated the furniture which was manufactured by our home company was of a far better finish and quality than that made in Chicago, and local company's prices were about 50 per cent lower than the Chicago manufacturers charges.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath School at 12 noon.

We make our offering for Home Missions next Sabbath morning. Kindly come prepared to make a large offering.

The union Gospel meetings will continue this week except Saturday evening, in the M. E. church.

The union Service will be in [illegible] church next Sabbath evening. [illegible] Chas H. Flesher will preach. We [illegible] cit your presence and your prayers.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor

—To introduce our work we will give 25 pictures for 25 cents and a button FREE. Penny Gallery, Hicks Block.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrances in Norway Sweden and Denmark.

Items of Interest to Those Who Have Come to America.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

A permanent monument to the memory of John Ericsson is now proposed as Sweden's contribution to the Jamestown exposition the coming summer. At the initiate of Commander C. C. Engstrom, such a plan has been taken up for consideration, both by the export association and the Technical society and met with much favor. Mr. Engstrom suggested that the people of Sweden and of the United States join hands in paying just tribute to their common countryman and commemorating the triumph of the Monitor in the famous battle of Hampton Roads, March 9, 1862. He would have the Swedes furnish the statue proper, leaving it to the Americans to provide the pedestal.

Counsul Kjellberg and wife of Gothenburg, figured in an accident a few days ago, which might have ended fatally. When Mr. and Mrs. Kjellberg, who were enjoying an afternoon drive, reached what is generally known as "Gumperts corner," the horses became frightened and broke into a wild runaway. Both of them were thrown out and sustained serious, but not fatal injuries. They have since the accident [illegible] confined to their beds at a private [illegible].

At the last meeting of the Elektrotechnischer Verein in Berlin, Einar [illegible] of Gothenburg, was unanimously elected a member of the society. This society has an exclusive reputation and Mr. Wikander is the first [illegible] engineer in Sweden who has been honored with a membership in the society.

[illegible] Kullenbergh has severed connections with the Gothenburg [illegible] and will now edit the [illegible] (Stockholm) edition in Gothenburg. Mr. Kullenbergh has for years also been a contributor to the Gothenburg's Aftonblad.

Consul Oscar Ekman, of Gothenburg, has subscribed 10,000 crowns to the city library. The generous hearted consul donates freely every year and his noble ambition is to give away his entire fortune to worthy institutions.

Immigration from Falun and vicinity is much increased lately. From this section of the country there immigrated last year 740 persons. The year previous there were 500 who left their native land for foreign shores.

A Grecian writer named George Sus has been recommended by the Grecian parliament to receive the literary Nobel prize in literature. It may be possible that his application will be favorably considered.

Five British students are at present studying at the Central Institute in Stockholm. They arrived at Stockholm last fall and intend to take the full course.

Crownprincess Victoria is still confined to her bed in Karlsruhe. She is somewhat better, but her physicians are still worried about her condition.

Much snow has fallen in Gottland recently. Not for many years has this section of the country been visited by such a heavy snow fall.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The following editorial in a recent issue of the Minneapolis Journal on the Norwegian Samlag system will interest the readers of these columns: "The plan of turning the sale of liquor to a disinterested company, whose object is to cut down and regulate the sale, was first tried in Sweden, whence it was transplanted with some modifications to Norway. It is difficult to mistake the significance of the statistics of the consumption of alcoholic liquors in Norway, which during the Samlag period has decreased 40 per cent. per capita, while the population in the same period increased nearly 25 per cent. The great advantages claimed for the system are that nobody has a vested interest in pushing the sale of liquors, that the profits go to the development of all the influences that foster other tastes than the taste for strong drink, and that it is much easier under the system to maintain peace and order. Under the modern development of the Samlag system, 65 per cent. of the profits goes to the state treasury, 15 per cent. goes to the municipality and the remaining 20 per cent. is devoted to philanthropic purposes. Since the establishment of Samlags in Norway some $7,000,000 of profits have been expended on 'objects of public benefit.' In the past eight years, the proportion paid the state has been 65 per cent. instead of 25 as formerly. Out of this increase has already been set aside an old age pension fund of $2,[illegible]. This is to be allowed to accumulate until 1910, when it is expected the [illegible] old age pension system will be undertaken. Under the Norwegian system the rural and sparsely settled communities prohibit the sale of liquor entirely, while the urban communities control it admirably through the Samlags. Recently the Scottish Temperance League [illegible] board sent commissioners to Norway to study the system with a view to introducing it in Scotland. Their report has been submitted with strong recommendations. The question of its adaptability to conditions in this country is certainly well worth serious investigation."

W. T. Stead arrived at Christiana from Stockholm on Feb. 23 and was in high spirits. Mr. Stead had an interview with King Haakon and M. Loevland. Both declared themselves in favor of a peace budget and of making article eight of The Hague program obligatory. The Hague conference will open about June 15 and be in session for two months. There seems to be no doubt that the question of disarmament and the limitation of armaments will be "piece de resistance" of the program and if either the British or the United States governments have really decided to propose this question the powers will be obliged to discuss it. There is no probability of any serious political complications.

The ski sport has had the greatest season in the history of Norwegian outdoor sports. Every Sunday great contests are held, and several record-breaking jumps have been made. Two weeks ago an enthusiastic sportsman made a leap of 120 feet. King Haakon made a special trip to Gjovik to see the great annual ski race there, and a few days ago he went to Trondhjem where he remained three *days and attended the different winter* sport events.

The accounts of the Christiania "Samlag" for 1906 have just been published. The profit for the year amounts to about 600,000 crowns, of which 65 per cent. goes to the state treasury and 15 per cent. to the municipality of Christiania. For charitable purposes there will be 146,000 crowns, which is 9,000 crowns less than the sum available in the previous year.

Another distinguished visitor to Christiania during recent days was General Booth, head of the Salvation Army, who has been there to review his Norwegian troops. The general had a private audience with King Haakon, who expressed to him his thanks for the good work done by the army in Norway.

The gayeties of the season are at their height. Several balls have been given, and the royal family participated in such an affair given by the Royal Norwegian Yacht club. King Haakon was present at the ball given for the purpose of restoring the historic Fort Akerhus at Christiania.

Queen Maud's sister, Princess Victoria of Great Britain, is in Christiania visiting the royal family. In order to give her the best chance to enjoy Norwegian winter sports, the whole family moved up to Voxenkollen sanatorium, on the hillside near Christiania.

Although it is too early to predict what the result of the cod fisheries will be, the outlook for a good catch is the best. Large shoals of cod of first class quality have been observed, but owing to stormy weather, the quantity caught has been small.

Of the notable persons who have passed away lately should be mentioned Lieutenant General L'Orange, formerly commanding general of the Norwegian army.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Captain Roald Amundsen lectured to a large audience in Copenhagen Feb. 5. He was received at the Central station by the secretary of the Geographical society, Lieutenant Oluffsen, State Geologian Dr. Madsen, Lieutenant Godfred Hansen. Among those who attended the lecture were all the members of the royal family and members of the diplomatic corps, etc. After the lecture a banquet was held in his honor, when Count Raben was the master of ceremonies.

King Frederick has awarded Madame Betty Nansen the medal "Ingenio et arti," a medal which has not been awarded to any one during the last half century. The medal first made it appearance in 1848 during the reign of King Christian VIII and corresponds to the Swedish medal "pro litteris et artibus."

A Swedish-Russian company has been organized in Stockholm for the purpose of encouraging Russian-Swedish export trade. There have for a long time been strained relations between Russian and Swedish exporters and effort will be made to ameliorate these conditions.

The winter in Copenhagen has been a delightful one. There has been just enough snow to make excellent sleighing and winter sports have been much patronized. There have been many skating contests and sleighing parties have been the order of the day.

H. Langballe, a wealthy landowner and for many years the proprietor of Drumlingborg, died Feb. 10 after a long and painful illness. He has for years been prominent in the community and had amassed a great fortune.

Major General Baumann died at his home in Copenhagen a few days ago after a week's illness. He was 71 years old and has for many years been one of the leading figures in the military contingent in Copenhagen.

Justice Holck, for many years editor of "[illegible] Nyheder," died in Copenhagen a few days ago after a short illness, age [illegible] years. He was well known in Danish newspaper circles and was a forcible writer.

Another notable death is that of Major Stephen Bjerring, who for years has been a prominent figure in Copenhagen military circles. He entered the Danish army in 1860.

The Hjerring House Building association held its annual meeting at Hjerring, Feb. 5-10. The meeting was attended by about 200 delegates.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

A photograph of yourself from BORRY'S gallery will be as nice as any Easter card

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

Charles Ungerth, mayor of Lancaster and one of the oldest settlers in Kittson county, is dead.

S. S. Drake, an old settler and prominent business man of Echo, dropped dead while standing in the door of his harness shop.

Secretary of War Taft has definitely accepted the invitation to deliver the commencement day oration at Minnesota university June 13.

Mrs. Herman Leudtke, aged seventy-eight, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid while standing beside the grave of her husband in Crystal Lake cemetery, Minneapolis.

William Magnivny, secretary of the Sioux City Stock Yards company, has been appointed president of the South St. Paul Stock Yards company to succeed the late General M. D. Flower.

Plans for reconstruction of the West hotel at Minneapolis are now in preparation and the extent of the work projected may be inferred from the estimated cost, which is $200,000

Joseph Bural committed suicide at the Steele county poor farm at Owatonna by hanging. Bural was about seventy-six years old and had been an inmate of the poorhouse for some years.

The three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Keuthe of Pickerel Lake, near Albert Lea, accidentally got hold of some medicine prepared for her mother and ate part of it and died in great agony before antidotes could be administered.

By a decision of the state supreme court the firm of J. E. Wells & Co. of Minneapolis is estopped from posting in its place of business any quotations originating on the floor of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce. The firm is not a member of the chamber.

Thomas Foley, vice president of Foley Bros. & Kelly, wholesale grocers of St. Paul, known throughout the Northwest and over Canada from Quebec to Vancouver as a member of the firm of Foley Bros., railroad contractors, is dead at St. Paul, aged sixty-six.

The Mankato city council has passed a resolution limiting the number of saloons to twenty-eight, the number now existing. Several years ago there were thirty-three saloons with the same license fee, $1,000, but while all other lines of business have increased this one has fallen off.

Construction on the extension of the Minnesota and International from Big Falls to International Falls is being pushed and it is estimated by those in a position to know that 80 per cent of the grading will be completed by March 20. The prospect is that trains will be running over the road by July 4.

While his mother was sweeping snow off the porch not twenty feet distant from her child little Albert Rinehart, the fourteen-months-old son of Albert Rinehart of Minneapolis, took several pills containing belladonna and strychnine. The dose proved fatal despite the efforts of the family physician.

Walter Murphy, nineteen years old, was accidentally killed while at work on a farm near Pipestone. The accident was the result of the breaking of a tumbling rod which connected a feed mill with the power. A piece of the rod was hurled through the air and struck young Murphy on the head, crushing his skull.

The thirty-two railroads operating in Minnesota will pay into the state treasury in taxes for 1906 the sum of $3,380,881.14, an increase of $371,204.20 over 1905. The total gross earnings for the roads in 1906 was $84,741,818.03, while the total earnings in 1905 were $75,391,924.83, making an increase for 1906 of $9,349,923.20.

Sewage in the artesian well which supplies the whole school with water for both drinking and cooking is the cause of the mysterious malady which has been epidemic at the state agricultural school at St. Anthony Park for the last three weeks to such an extent as almost to bring work to a standstill. The source of the trouble has been located by the state board of health.

W. L. Hixon and H. E. Hance of Mankato have returned from the East, where they arranged for the financing of the Mankato Traction company, which is to be organized this month to build an electric street railway in that city. Chicago and Milwaukee capitalists have agreed to carry the construction of the road through provided that about $50,000 in preferred stock is placed among the citizens of Mankato.

P. M. Ringdahl, chairman of the state board of control, has filed charges of malfeasance in office against Sheriff Alexander B. Biddell of Cass county. Mr. Ringdahl alleges in his complaint that Sheriff Biddell made false reports of expenses incurred while in the performance of his duties in removing prisoners from Walker, Cass county, to the reformatory at St. Cloud, and that he was paid this money by the state on these false reports.

One hundred farmers of the towns of Milford, Siegel, Cottonwood, Courtland, Lafayette and West Newton, in Brown and Nicollet counties, met at New Ulm last week and organized the New Ulm Farmers' Elevator company. The capital stock is $25,000 and indebtedness is limited to $20,000. It is proposed to erect a building with a capacity of about 40,000 bushels as soon as a site is selected on either the right of way of the Minneapolis and St. Louis or Northwestern railways.

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THE NEWS

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 5, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No. 377 Red Lake Series for the Lots 2, 4, & E. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 19 in Tp. 154 N. of R. 41 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

feb 28 mar 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, February 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charles P. Quist of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commuted proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 2?0 made June 21, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 25, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J.M. Bishop Municipal Judge of Thief River Falls Minn., at Thief River Fall, Minn., on April 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans P. Roed, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Bauer, " " " " "
H. B. Hackey, " " " " "
John T. Coan, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

feb 28 mar 28

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1907 NUMBER 11

FOLEY BROS. GET CONTRACT

Building of Soo Road to Duluth Now a Sure Thing.

Road Leaves Main Line at a Point Near Glenwood.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: Announcement was made yesterday that the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railway was awarded a contract for the construction of a line to Duluth, Minn., and Superior, Wis., from Brooten, Minn., a distance of about 200 miles. The contract has been secured by Foley Bros., St. Paul contractors, who are making arrangements to have the extension finished with as little delay as possible.

That the Soo was planning to gain entrance into the Head of the Lakes has been a matter of common discussion for several years, but it was generally supposed that the extension would be built from Thief River Falls. It was stated that surveying crews had been looking over the land with the view of locating a line from Thief River Falls into Duluth. This report was set at rest, however, by the knowledge that the Soo line has been shipping supplies along the main line, and the announcement made yesterday simply confirms suspicions which have been entertained by railroad men as to the plans of the Soo.

The contractors announce that the line will cross the Northern Pacific at Moose Lake and Royalton. This will make practically a direct line from Brooten to Superior. While it will be easy to construct the line, it is stated that some heavy cuts will have to be made.

At the Head of the Lakes the Soo will connect with the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, which is controlled by the Canadian Pacific interests. It will be necessary for the Soo line to build additional terminals to what the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic already has, for the new extension is constructed primarily for handling wheat from Soo points, which at present has to be hauled to the Head of the Lakes by other lines.

Brooten is just below Glenwood, which is the intersection of the main line and the Winnipeg line of the Soo, so that the connection for the extension will offer an easy outlet for traffic which will come from the north as well as from the west.

The necessary equipment for the construction of the extension is to be placed along the route immediately, so that everything will be in place when the ground is in such condition that grading work can be started. The contractors were not in a position to state when the line will be ready for operation. The question of labor and material, a representative of the contractors said, will decide when the work will be finished.

A PIONEER GONE.

One of The First Settlers of Red Lake County Died Monday.

Monday morning at about 4 o'clock occurred the death of Jadiah Draper, one of the pioneer citizens of Red Lake county. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The deceased was born in the state of Pennsylvania 85 years ago and came to Minnesota in 1883, settling at Red Lake Falls where he remained until 1897 when he removed to Thief River Falls. During the last few years owing to his advanced age, the deceased had not enjoyed the best of health. Besides a wife who is 76 years of age the deceased leaves two sons, Hank and Fay Draper, both of this city.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday March 17 Preaching 11 a. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Union revival services will be held in the Presbyterian Church.
Everybody welcome.

Chas. H. Flesher, Pastor.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

KILLED IN NORTH DAK.

W. C. Andrews, Veteran Traveling Man Killed Last Friday.

Was Well Known in this City and Throughout the State.

W. C. Andrews, one of the best known traveling men in the Northwest, was killed in a wreck on the Great Northern a few miles west of Grand Forks last Friday.

Mr. Andrews traveled for Wright, Barrett & Stillwell, the well known St. Paul paper house, and for the past ten years has been making regular trips to Thief River Falls and sold the News much of our paper stock in the past. He was about sixty-five years of age and had been traveling upon the road for thirty-five years in this state. He was making his farewell trip upon the road when killed. Mr. Andrews was a very genial, warm hearted and likeable person and had thousands of friends throughout the state who greatly mourn his untimely death.

Death of Mrs. Schroeder.

Mrs. Schroeder, wife of Rev. Schroeder, died Monday morning after an illness of several months. The body was taken to North Dakota for burial. The deceased was 36 years of age and had made many friends during her residence in this city.

Katharine Schroeder was born in January Nov. 9. 1870. She came to N. D. in 1887. She was married to Rev. J. J. Schroeder, Nov. 15 1890. To this union ten children were born. The funeral occured from the home Monday at 2 p. m. conducted by Rev. Pope assisted by Rev. Barackman and Rev. Flesher.

Subscribe for the News.

ACCIDENT OR SUICIDE?

The Life of Lars Brenden of Kratka Ended Monday.

Was Driving to Thief River Falls to Consult a Doctor.

Lars Brenden, a settler living out near Kratka postoffice, was either accidentally shot or committed suicide Monday morning while on his way to Thief River Falls for the purpose of consulting a doctor. The affair happened on the road a short distance east of Anton postoffice. Brenden was driving a few rods behind a team driven by John Larson. Mr. Larson and two other occupants of his sleigh who were going to town with him, suddenly heard the report of a gun and looking around they saw Brenden's hat up in the air. They stopped their team and waited for Brenden's team to come up and found Brenden lying in the bottom of his wagon box, nearly the entire back of his head being blown off. Death must have been almost instantaneous. The full charge from a shot gun entered his head just back of his ear and the entire back of his head was blown off. The body was at once taken to Thief River Falls and his wife was notified of the affair.

To many it does not look reasonable to believe that he committed suicide as he certainly took a very unique method of ending his life if the suicide theory is correct. He was started for Thief River Falls and had made preparation for feeding his team after arriving here as he had put up a sack of oats and it was found in the back end of his sleigh.

The fact that Brenden had been in poor health of late and acted quite strangely at times leads to the suicide theory. Mrs. Brenden says that for a number of nights prior to Monday he had not been able to sleep and had acted quite strangely at times. Sunday when he decided to come to Thief River Falls and consult a doctor, he had asked his wife to accompany him, but she did not desire to make the trip, and decided to remain at home. Monday morning when he started for town he took his wife and three children to a neighbors, and this was against her wishes as she desired to stay at home and keep the house warm. Mrs. Brenden says that her husband had not been in the habit of carrying a gun with him when making the trip to town and she did not know that he had the gun with him when he left home on Monday. He had, however, mentioned several days before that he had seen some wolves on the road recently and that the next time he went to town he would take the gun along with him and endeavor to shoot one of them if possible and get the bounty.

Mr. Brenden was one of the first settlers on the eleven towns. He came here with his family a few months before the first land sale and after purchasing his land immediately removed upon the same and had made quite a number of improvements. Besides a wife, he leaves three children the oldest one being 5 years of age.

GERMANTOWN.

Anton Jensen has been kept busy lately hauling up wood and etc., from Thief River Falls preparatory to taking charge of the Scandia Hotel at this place on March 15th.

Hans Bergseng the Liner merchant was taken through here to Thief River Falls for medical treatment last week. He was sick and had been ailing for some time. It is learned that he is improving.

Hilbert Berve sundayed at home. He is teaching a term of school in Agder township.

Thor Skaar and Ole Holmen were Grand Plain visitors last week.

Rev. Aornes occupied the pulpit in the Lutheran church on Sunday. He had just returned from the Wild Rice district conference meeting held at McIntosh.

Hans Skogstad and Pete Schindler of Silverton was up the first of the week, the former after a load of oats from his farm here.

T. C. Hovelsas hauled three loads of oats to Thief River Falls last week.

A number of young folks attended a dance at Gunderson's place Saturday night. According to report the party was in the nature of a surprise, one feature of which was a collection taken up for the benefit of the Synod church at Thief River Falls.

Your correspondent was pleasantly entertained by graphaphone music at Henry Bolken Sunday evening.

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items of Interest Taken from the St. Hilaire Spectator.

Frank Borglund and Oscar Seeland went over to Bemidji last Monday where they will work in the saw mill.

Olaf Olson will hold an auction sale at his farm in N. E. ¼ of section 21, town of Rocksbury, on Tuesday. March 19th.

Mrs. Jas. H. Cross, of Grand Forks, arrived last Saturday and will make her sister, Mrs. H. E. Ives, an extended visit.

H. O. Jackson received word this week from his son Alton, to the effect that he had quit school at Crookston and had accepted a position as assistant operator in the Great Northern office at Langdon, N. D.

It is announced that the Markham hotel will be kept open for lodgers, but that for the present no meals will be served. It is to be hoped that the right *party can be found who will* run the hotel in a first class manner.

Ole Gunderson and family left last Monday for Crookston, where they will make their home. Mr. Gunderson has accepted a position with the lumber company.

Miss Ananda Gigstad, of Berwick, N. D., is here this week visiting with her uncle, K. O. Gigstad. Miss Gigstad has recently proved up on a North Dakota claim.

Chas. Hellberg and family departed on Wednesday for Everett, Washington, where they will make their future home.

Charley Lindahl and Chas. Bengtson returned last Monday from the woods, where they have put in a successful winter.

Al. Swanson left last Wednesday for North Yakima and other points in Washington and will locate there if he finds any place that pleases him.

C. L. Hanson while returning from Red Lake Falls last Sunday evening, had quite a serious accident in which one of his horses was badly hurt.

J. G. Prior left last Wednesday for Livingstone, Montana, where he will look over the country with a view to locating. Mrs. Prior and the children will remain here for awhile.

Card of Thanks.

We greatly appreciate the assistance and tender sympathy extended to us during the sickness and death of our beloved wife and mother.

Rev. J. J. Schroeder and family.

Grunde Austad was in on Tuesday from his home in section 11 of Mayfield township after a load of merchandise for his new general store. He started his store about two weeks ago and says that business promises to be good. He expects to have a new postoffice established there in the very near future. The name of this postoffice will be Austad and it will receive its mail supply from Rhoda for the present—Plummer Pioneer.

SOO ROTARY SMASHED UP.

Main Shaft of the Machine Broke Last Friday.

Will Take a Long Time Before Repairs Are Made.

The big rotary snow plow recently purchased by the Soo line was badly wrecked last Friday while at work out on the Wheatline and will not be in commission again until next fall. The cause of the breakdown was a flaw in the main shaft of the machine *and the* breaking of this shaft while the machine was at work under a full pressure of steam caused great havoc. The cylinder head of the rotary engine blew out and about all of the machinery of the plow was badly damaged. The plow passed through the city Sunday billed to the Shoreham shops of the Soo line near Minneapolis. It is the general opinion, however, that the rotary has been so badly damaged that the repairs cannot be made at Shoreham and that the machine will have to be sent to the factory at Patterson, N. J., and the repairs made there.

New Postoffice Rules.

March first marked the enforcement of several new postoffice regulations which should be of general benefit to the public. One of them regards the issuing of 1 cent stamp books.

The books are similiar to the books which have been used for some months past for 2 cent stamps.

Another important regulation which went into effect is the allowing of writing on the left hand side of post cards. This rule has been in force in European countries for a number of years, and the fact that the United States rules did not conform with it caused considerable confusion. Parties traveling in foreign countries and sending post cards to this country at times wrote on the left hand side of the card and it was necessary to hold the missive for letter postage. Then foreign post cards on sale here were made in the same way, and at times the postal regulations were violated by purchasers. The new rule will allow the sale and use of post cards on which the left hand side of the card will be marked off for writing.

Thus pictures or writing will be allowed on the face of the card in addition to the address. The regulation applies solely to private posts cards, and not to the government postal cards sold in the postoffices.

For Rent—The Miller building on La Bree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
MERCHANTS OF FINE CLOTHES.

CORRECT SPRING CLOTHES

SPRING SHOWING OF

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits.
Hart, Schnaffner & Marx Cravinettes and Top Coats.
Gordon Hats.
Crossett Shoes. Gordon Spring Hats.
Monarch and Cluetts Shirts.

The Golden Rule Clothing Department.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

HAY!

Jensen & Sons, the liverymen, want to purchase 100 tons of hay and will pay the highest market price for the same. If you have hay to sell, now is the time to bring it in.

Jensen & Sons,

Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

De Witt Clinton Conkey, one of the earliest residents of Minneapolis, is dead.

J. C. Bennett, who served in the Fourth Minnesota during the Civil war, is dead at Aitkin.

W. E. Young, a member of the state railway and warehouse commission, is seriously ill at Mankato and his recovery is doubtful.

Mrs. Charlotte Kemper, aged eighty-seven, is dead at St. Paul. Mrs. Kemper was a pioneer resident of that city, having lived there fifty-six years.

Thomas Dartnell, formerly mayor of Morristown, is dead, aged nearly seventy years. He was a prominent business man and formerly lived in Mankato.

The upper branch of the St. Paul city council has followed the lead of the lower branch by declaring war on the street car company unless adequate service is afforded on all the St. Paul car lines.

President Cyrus Northrop of the state university believes that college students can play football and still be gentlemen. In this he disagrees with the recently published opinions of President Eliot of Harvard.

Pasquale Demperil, a seventeen-year-old boy, who came to America from Italy less than a year ago, was run over by two underground tram-cars at the Elba mine near Eveleth and bled to death in twelve hours.

With his neck broken and shoulders crushed Roger Chesebro of Minneapolis, eighteen years old, still survives and his recovery is not impossible. He was caught in an elevator gate in the Commercial building and his head and chest badly crushed.

Charles Bjornson, a cedar contractor who is in charge of a camp thirty miles north of Deer River, paid a fine of $50 and costs for having venison in his possession and feeding the luscious wild meat to his employes in lieu of the regulation beef and pork.

The wife and three-year-old child of Robert Swartout, a settler who lives at Scott Meadow, about twenty miles northeast of Aitkin, were terribly burned by the overturning of a lamp on the table. Both succumbed to their injuries within twenty-four hours.

Commander Guy A. Eaton of the Minnesota naval reserves practically has secured a new training ship for the Duluth squadron. The new vessel, it is expected, will be the modern gunboat Isla de Cuba, which was captured by Admiral Dewey when he overwhelmed the Spanish fleet in Manila bay.

In a report made to Governor Johnson Public Examiner Schaefer says that the Minnesota and International railroad is liable to the state for back taxes amounting to $6,256.27. The report says the railroad omitted gross earnings during the period from 1889 to 1894, amounting to $349,702.85, on which the tax would be $6,258.27.

Recent rich finds of ore in Aitkin county have caused much excitement and a number of syndicates have been formed and have taken options on land where the indications of ore are good. The latest find has been on the farm of J. G. Jacobson, who lives on Rice River, northeast of Aitkin, where drilling has been in progress for several months.

State Auditor Iverson has announced the dates for holding the June and July land sales. There are about 300,000 acres of land to be sold at public auction to the highest bidders. The law requires 15 per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale. The balance may run for forty years at 4 per cent interest. The title to all land is perfect.

The creamery men of Freeborn county are to hold a meeting in Albert Lea shortly and one of the principal topics to be considered will be the advisability of securing an inspector for the county to be paid for by the various creameries. His duties would be to inspect barns, give instructions in feeding, handling milk and testing herds and cows.

The remains of Dr. Fred Schacht, the famous university athlete and football player, have been brought from Seattle and buried at his former home in the town of Elizabeth, Otter Tail county. Dr. Schacht's death was due to Brights disease and heart trouble. He was one of the stars in the big football games which he helped Minnesota to win a few years ago, when he was known all over the Northwest as "Germany."

William Munger, a Minneapolis police officer, has been declared not guilty of the charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of Sigwald Brandenberg, whom Officers Munger and Quist arrested shortly after midnight Sept. 30 and who died in the patrol wagon on the way to the police station. The prosecution charged that Munger had beaten Brandenberg with his billy, but the officer swore he did not have his billy with him on that occasion.

The Minnesota Farmers' Exchange will ask the legislature to establish grain and produce markets at the two chief terminal points, Minneapolis and Duluth, to be open and at the disposal of any person who may have grain or produce of any kind. These markets the exchange would place under the control of a commission to be named by the legislature and a payment of a small fee by the seller would be charged, making the markets self-sustaining. The object is to overcome the necessity of having to allow the chamber of commerce at Minneapolis and Duluth board of trade handle the grain of the exchange and its patrons.

HIS PAST LIFE A BLANK.

St. Peter (Minn.) Boy Curiously Affected by Accident.

St. Peter, Minn., March 8.—In a fall from a load of straw at his father's farm Walter Johnson, aged sixteen, received an injury to the brain that has affected him curiously. He has lost his memory completely and can recall nothing that occurred prior to the time he was hurt.

Doctors say that he will recover, but declare that the first sixteen years of his life will always be a blank. He will have to begin his education anew and gradually develop his memory.

MONEY FOR ROADS.

Highway Commission Makes Apportionment.

St. Paul, March 7.—The state highway commission yesterday announced its apportionment among the counties of the $54,000 fund allowed by the legislature for state roads. The law provides that each county shall receive at least $300 and that no county shall receive more than $1,600. Only four counties received the maximum appropriation, Ramsey, Hennepin, St. Louis and Beltrami.

Despondent Operator Suicides.

St. Paul, March 8.—W. J. Muhs, a telegraph operator, was found in his room at the Great Northern hotel close to death from asphyxiation and he died before a physician could reach him. The gas was turned on from a jet, evidently with suicidal intent, and the room was full of escaped gas. Muhs has been despondent for some time through not being able to secure employment and it is thought that this was the cause for his act.

St. Paul Man Killed.

Lexington, Neb., March 11.—A man carrying a card bearing the name Joseph W. Willard, 250 Grove street, St. Paul, Minn., was found dead on the Union Pacific tracks near here. He had fallen from the eastbound train during the night. Coroner Birkhofer took charge of the body.

GREAT AND GOOD WORK

E. F. Olander Tells of His Visits With the Poor.

Has Done a Work of Great Importance in This Vicinity.

E. F. Olander, who has been in charge of the work of the American Sunday School Union Mission in the country tributary to Thief River Falls for the past year, left yesterday for Bemidji where his headquarters will be in the future. Rev. Williams, of Crookston, will again take charge of the work here. Before leaving Rev. Olander requested the News to publish the following account of his labors in this field:

I arrived in this city and entered the work of the American Sunday school Union last June, and I have enjoyed the work very much. Though not always pleasant, yet it is encouraging, when I reflect on the results accomplished.

I have organized 9 sunday schools with a membership of 18. Also 1 home department, making a total of 194 brought under Bible instruction. I have also delivered 81 sermons and addresses, visited and aided 18 Sunday schools, 3 preaching stations have been opened for pastors, and I have given away 1,200 magazines and periodicals, besides the Sunday school literature given me by the American churches of this city for distribution.

I take great pleasure in pressing my appreciation and gratitute to the citizens who have so kindly responded to the appeals made for clothing to supply the needs of the poor, and also the friends who, so kindly took me about the neighborhood and helped distribute as each had needed. Perhaps I should give an account of the conditions of one or two of the homes visited. The very first place we called on was a home, where the father had gone to the woods for the winter and had left the family to care for themselves.

As we entered this home we found that the mother and five children had neither shoes nor clothing. When they went out of doors they wrapped gunny sacks about their feet to protect from the cold. Neither had they any under wear nor a change of garments of any kind.

Another home we visited a birth had taken place but a few days before and the mother had nothing in which to wrap the child except a cotton garment given her by a neighbor. We supplied these families among others, with clothing given us by friends of this city.

Each place thus visited considered it a God send.

F. A. Bartlett state superintendent of the American Sunday School Union, has found it necessary, to remove me to take up this same work in another field, and to make my headquarters at Bemidji, C. M. Williams of Crookston my predecessor will also be my successor. May God bless you and him in advancing the great cause of Jesus Christ.

E. F. Olander

American Sunday School Union Missionary.

TERMS OF SALE.

Buyers of State Land Must Make Certain Improvements.

The following is the terms of the state land sale to be held in Red Lake county in June:

No sale can be made for less than the appraised price, which cannot be less than $5 00 per acre. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price, and interest on the unpaid balance until June 1st, 1908, at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, must be paid in advance. In addition thereto the value of the merchantable timber, if any, must be paid at the time of sale. The balance of the principal can run for forty years at 4 per cent annual interest. If the balance of the purchase price is paid within ten years the annual will be 5 per cent. Within five years of the date of sale the purchaser or his assigns must perform at least the following requirements:

1—Fence at least 25 per cent of said tract for pasture and convert such portion into pasture land, or

2—Cultivate at least 5 per cent of said tract, or

3—Build a house and actually reside on said tract for a period of twelve months.

Not more than 320 acres can be sold or contracted to be sold to any one purchaser. No land can be sold at private sale. The state reserves the mineral on all lands.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's

Red Clover Seed, Fancy

Timothy Seed, Fancy

White Clover Seeds

Lawn Grass Seed.

very well posted upon the laws governing the county auditor's office, and it is therefore hard to understand why the money was not turned over to the county at the proper time.

THE BEST SHOE MADE:

Walkovers

How often do you hear it said, "They don't make shoes like they used to".

Walkover shoes were first made 60 years ago in the good old fashioned, substantial way. They are made the same way now. They are shining note worthy example to the rule of imitation, disappointing, inferior goods. Made to fit in the latest style lasts. More good leather in them than any other make. More satisfaction to the wearer because more quality. More wear, more style. They cost you no more than the ordinary kind.

$3.50 AND $4.00

LET YOUR NEXT PAIR BE WALKOVERS.

WILSON CLOTHING CO.

POSTOFFICE BLOCK.

HAD A HOT ELECTION.

H. B. Blackey Defeated for Supervisor Out In Silverton.

Reports from a Few Other Townships Around Here.

The various townships and villages in this vicinity held their annual election on Tuesday. The mightiest battle of all was fought in the town of Silverton and both factions seem to have won a victory. The News not able to give as full a report of this election as we would like to, but it is said to have been a lively one.

H. B. Blackey, the supervisor who has led the fight against the purchase and acceptance of the Russell grader, started the fire works by making a few choice remarks about the deal the Russell Grader people had given the town of Silverton and it is said that he gave a talk that was straight from the shoulder and raked the grader company fore and aft. C. K. Stockland, of Minneapolis, manager of the Russell Grader company company, replied to Mr. Blackey's remarks and told the people the final proposition that he would make in regard to a new settlement for the grader. Others than made remarks and then commenced the battle of the ballots.

The fight all centered over the election of H. B. Blackey or Martin Berg as supervisor and the latter won out by a very close vote. This means that a new settlement will be made for the Russell grader. The Blackey forces, however, contend that they won the first victory in the fight when the report of the supervisors, which contained a statement to the effect that the grader be not accepted was adopted. It is not probable, however, that this will cut any figure.

There was quite a fight out in the town of Grand Plain over the selection of a supervisor and Mr. Koller was again elected.

Town of North.

The election in the town of North was very well attended and much interest was taken in the reading of the annual statement of the clerk. The statement showed that the town had issued more orders than there was money in the treasury and more money had to be raised by taxation this year. There was the usual friction between the residents of the old town and those living upon the reservation, but in a few years after all are paying real estate taxes and are on an equal footing this will disappear. The following officers were elected:

Supervisor—W. O. Long.

Town Clerk—E. J. Overland.

Treasurer—August Soderberg.

Assessor—G. K. Haave.

Justice—Nels Myrin.

Constable—Albert Olson.

Village of Plummer.

President—H. L Finrow.

Councilmen—J. A. Rothsteen, Ole O. Gullingsrud and E. B. Langer.

Treasurer—Henry J. Enderle.

Clerk—Ole J. Johnson.

Justices the Peace—Otto O. Gullingsrud and Ole J. Johnson.

Constable—Oscar Carlson.

Ministers Organize.

Several ministers of Thief River Falls met Tuesday afternoon and organized the Ministers Association of Thief River Falls. The following officers were elected:

President—Rev. Flesher.

Vice President—Rev. Dahle.

Secretary—Rev. Barackman.

Treasurer—Rev. Johnson.

Town of Smiley.

Supervisors—A. B. Newton and Hegeland.

Clerk—Tobias Stene.

Treasurer—A. Sorenson.

Assessor—O. M. Peterson.

Justice—W. E. Wood and Tobias Stene.

Constable—John A. Dahl, Anlin Brekke.

Rocksbury.

Supervisor—Chas. Gustafson.

Clerk—P. Engelstad.

Treasurer—Ed A. Aubol.

Assessor—Ole A. Aubol.

Justice—P. Engelstad.

Constable—John Hansen.

The election in Rocksbury was a very quiet one and the above elected officers are the ones that have been serving during the past year.

Result at Warren.

Warren will have no saloons during the next year. It is understood that the vote upon the liquor question Tuesday resulted in a tie vote and this means that no licence carried as the laws are said to give the "drys" the benefit of a tie vote.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Last Friday afternoon Marie Burgess, Lottie Ramstad and Aema Gilbertson visited the high school.

The Juniors have acquired an artist. Perhaps he will sketch the pictures of the Juniors and leave them to the school as a memorial. The school attic might be turned into a gallery, (Of course we don't mean a rogues gallery!)

Lillian Connelly visited school last week.

The Chemistry class has finished that review. The next thing in order is a test. You will be able to tell the outcome by the general air, either of elation or despondency, on the the part of the class members.

The Senior class play will probably be presented about the first part of April. Those who are to present the play are practicing every spare moment in order to make the presentation a success.

Ella Green was another visitor at the high school last week.

You may speak—Perhaps.

If you'll cross your heart you'll study,
If you'll promise not to laugh and play,
If you'll 'member that Prof. told me
I should tell you to obey.
You must not talk playtime secrets,
You must learn your lessons all "by heart."
Then I'll let you whisper, maybe,
Once or twice, really, if you'll cross your heart.

School happenings are few and far between. Hence the lack of notes.

A Certain Junior can't see why his own signature on his report card is not as important as his father's, since he is of age.

Several of the pupils are wearing their "Easter spectacles" to school. In this case "spectacles" mean eye glasses. They are a little early.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Furnberg.

Supplement to The Thief River Falls News, Thursday, March 14, 1907.

Financial Statement

—OF—

RED LAKE COUNTY, MINN.

For the Fiscal Year Ending December, 31, 1906.

OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR,
RED LAKE COUNTY, MINNESOTA,
Red Lake Falls, Minn., January 2, 1907.

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

GENTLEMEN:—I submit to you herewith, a statement of the financial condition of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the close of the fiscal year December 31, 1906, showing the receipts and expenditures for the year, the cash balance in the different funds and the total amount of cash in the County Treasury together with a statement of the finances of the County at the end of the year, including all debts and liabilities and the assets and other means of discharging the same.

Respectfully submitted,

[SEAL] John B. O'Brien

County Auditor.

TRIAL BALANCE.

Auditor's General Ledger at the close of business December 30, 1905

	Dr	Cr
County Treasurer	$ 31058 56	
Warrants Account		$ 784 70
Taxes and Penalties		11050 55
Current School Fund		837 25
County Revenue Fund		523 38
County Poor Fund		350 01
County Road and Bridge Fund		500 18
County Bond and Interest Fund		2317 06
General Ditch Fund		8270 86
Private Redemption Fund		250 50
School District Funds		2946 87
Town, City and Village Fund		3427 10
Incidental Fund		5 76
State Revenue and School Fund	1 81	
State Lands Fund		392 16
Special Bond and Interest Fund		175 25
Court House and Jail Fund		112 00
Refunding Fund	10 15	
Totals	$ 31070 52	$ 31070 52

RECEIPTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending December 31, 1906.

Balance in treasury January 2, 1906	$ 31058 56	
Current tax collections	114365 72	
Delinquent tax collections	1621 12	
Interest, penalties and costs	1285 98	
Ditch liens paid	5000 79	
Private redemptions	5550 01	
Collections prin. and int. on state lands	7508 63	
State Auditor wolf bounties refunded	1124 50	
" school apportionment	14752 63	
" state aid to schools	3847 00	
Hunters' licenses	130 50	
Interest on deposits, county funds	1354 62	
Auctioneers' licenses	40 00	
Rent	58 00	
Fees probate court refunded	19 65	
Jury fees	38 00	
Fines justice court	80 00	
Insurance premium refunded	47 50	
Liquor licenses	1500 00	
Bounty for capturing horse thief	200 00	
Sewer assessments	846 51	
Warrants outstanding December 31, 1906	4088 16	
Total		$ 208123 13

DISBURSEMENTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending December 31, 1906.

Warrants drawn on County Revenue Fund	$ 20228 65	
" " " Poor Fund	201 42	
" " " Road and Bridge Fund	7180 00	
" " " Bond and Int. Fund	2156 90	
" " " Private Redemp. Fund	5616 07	
" " " General Ditch Fund	22333 76	
" " " Incidental Fund	800 30	
" " " School District Fund	66715 30	
" " " Town, City and vil Fund	28480 98	
" " " Court house & jail fund	157 00	
" " " Spl. bond and int. fund	534 04	
Refunding Warrants	119 98	
Principal and interest on state lands	7483 43	
State revenue and school tax	1007 83	
Hunters license	130 50	
Warrants outstanding January 2, 1906	784 70	
Balance cash in treasury December 31, 1906	32330 62	
Total		$ 208123 13

TRIAL BALANCE.

Auditor's Ledger at close of business December 31, 1906.

	Dr	Cr
County Treasurer	$ 32330 62	$
Warrants Account		4088 16
Taxes and Penalties		5157 28
Current School Fund		1261 14
County revenue fund		294 10
Poor fund		443 54
Road and bridge fund	1845 58	
Ditch fund		4046 17
Redemption fund		253 10
School district funds		8705 19
Town, city and village funds		4811 11
Incidental fund		85 37
State revenue and school fund	1 70	
State lands and interest fund		324 82
County bonds fund		364 42
County bond and interest fund		5470 66
Courthouse and jail fund		946 07
Refunding fund	12 85	
Total	$ 34190 73	$ 34190 73

Receipts and Disbursements By Funds:

County Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS

Balance in treasury January 2, 1906	[illegible]

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued.

County Officers' Salaries.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	James E Ford	$ 100 00
Total		[illegible]

COUNTY TREASURER.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8894	H T McAnulty	87 50
9011	"	87 50
9206	"	87 50
9383	"	87 50
9477	"	87 50
9570	"	87 50
9650	"	50 00
9733	"	87 50
9790	"	50 00
9846	"	87 50
9900	"	87 50
9967	"	87 50
10047	"	87 50
10204	"	100 00
Total		$ 1162 50

JUDGE OF PROBATE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8892	N W Tarrant	97 91
9000	"	97 91
9204	"	97 91
9331	"	97 91
9475	"	97 92
9568	"	97 92
9731	"	97 92
9844	"	97 92
9898	"	97 92
9964	"	97 92
10044	"	97 92
Total		$1077 08

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8803	Thomas Germo	100 00
8883	"	100 00
9010	"	100 00
9205	"	100 00
9332	"	100 00
9476	"	100 00
9569	"	100 00
9732	"	100 00
9845	"	100 00
9899	"	100 00
9965	"	100 00
10045	"	100 00
Total		$1200 00

CLERKS IN COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8762	Adam Zeh	$ 24 00
8788	S L Lewis	24 00
8895	A A Latendresse	50 00
9012	"	50 00
9207	"	55 00
9334	"	55 00
9478	"	55 00
9571	"	55 00
9734	"	55 00
9794	Adam Zeh	15 00
9847	A A Latendresse	55 00
9878	S L Lewis	9 00
9901	A A Latendresse	55 00
9966	"	55 00
10046	"	55 00
10114	S L Lewis	15 00
10325	"	15 00
10347	"	15 00
10360	"	15 00
Total		$727 00

CLERKS IN COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9018	Clara Marchand	$ 5 00
9198	"	15 00
9350	Joseph Perrault	8 00
9502	Carl Schusser	4 38
9528	E E Fletcher	10 00
9563	"	40 00
9647	Doretta Mathies	4 50
9728	E E Fletcher	4 00
9795	Clara Marchand	10 00
9902	"	16 50
10110	"	6 01
10374	S L Lewis	14 00
Total		$137 38

COURT REPORTERS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8897	Chas M Lohn	$ [illegible]
8898	WO Braggans	[illegible]
9014	Chas M Lohn	[illegible]
9015	WO Braggans	[illegible]
9200	Chas M Lohn	[illegible]
9210	WO Braggans	[illegible]
9301	Chas M Lohn	[illegible]
9364	WO Braggans	[illegible]
9480	Chas M Lohn	20 45
9481	WO Braggans	20 45
9573	Chas M Lohn	20 45
9674	WO Braggans	20 45
9736	Chas M Lohn	20 45
9737	WO Braggans	20 45
9849	Chas M Lohn	20 45
9850	WO Braggans	20 45
9903	Chas M Lohn	20 45
9904	WO Braggans	20 45
9969	Chas M Lohn	20 45
9970	WO Braggans	20 45
10049	Chas M Lohn	20 45
10050	WO Braggans	20 45
Total		$ 472 30

JANITOR.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8896	J O Gjerberg	$ 50 00
9013	"	50 00
9208	"	50 00
9335	"	50 00
9479	"	50 00
9572	"	50 00
9735	"	50 00
9848	"	50 00
9902	"	50 00
9968	"	50 00
10048	"	50 00
Total		$550 00

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8820	P A Ekstrom	14 80
8824	James Sutor	3 00
8927	P A Ekstrom	9 00
9107	"	16 80
9230	"	8 33
9347	"	8 33
9452	"	11 00
9500	"	8 33
9605	"	8 33
9706	"	3 00
9768	"	8 33
9870	"	8 33
9984	"	16 66
10015	"	8 33
Total		$142 57

SECOND DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8871	Wm C L Demann	$17 80
8928	"	11 40
9108	"	10 40
9228	"	8 33
9344	"	8 33
9464	"	8 33
[illegible]	"	8 33
9587	"	23 16
[illegible]	"	1 40
9719	"	8 34
9772	"	8 33
9847	"	6 00
9981	"	8 33
[illegible]	"	8 33
[illegible]	"	8 33
[illegible]	"	1 00
Total		$146 07

THIRD DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	O J Johnson	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

FOURTH DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	Daniel Shaw	[illegible]

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.—FOURTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9700	Daniel Shaw	4 00
9729	"	8 33
9827	"	7 20
9871	"	8 33
9986	"	16 66
10020	"	8 33
10284	"	5 00
10358	"	8 33
Total		$ 146 50

FIFTH DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8873	Louis Farlardeau	10 80
9103	"	10 80
9225	"	8 33
9354	"	8 33
9467	"	8 33
9609	"	8 33
9710	"	4 80
9869	"	8 33
9987	"	16 66
Total		$90 71

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9752	Wm C L Demann	$13 40
9753	P A Ekstrom	11 80
9755	O J Johnson	15 00
9756	Daniel Shaw	16 00
9757	Louis Falardeau	16 80
Total		$73 00

BOARD OF AUDIT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9064	Daniel Shaw	24 00
9066	James E Ford	27 00
9067	Joseph Perrault	27 00
9436	"	6 00
9437	James E Ford, co. auditor	6 00
9438	Daniel Shaw, chair. co. board	6 00
Total		$96 00

District Court Expenses.

GRAND JURORS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9160	John Allstad	$ 9 20
9161	Dennis Conelly	13 40
9162	Hdage Baril	9 00
9163	D Collins	11 40
9164	K Killand	11 40
9165	Gilbert Hoover	13 00
9166	P O Sorlom	14 40
9167	W J McCrum	13 60
9168	M Bakken	13 40
9169	Peter Swanson	10 40
9170	Max Perras	12 00
9171	Joseph Remick	9 20
9172	Andrew Anderson	14 80
9173	O M Evenson	13 00
9174	Rudolph Warberg	14 00
9175	Ed Miller	15 00
9176	G C Gulrud	17 60
9177	Henry Busso	10 40
9178	Ole G Lee	18 20
9179	Frank Laplante	10 20
9180	Morse Guerard	12 60
9181	Wm Holberg	9 20
Total		$277 60

PETIT JURORS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9182	Charles Latta	$ 4 80
[illegible]	Caster Christenson	4 40
9143	O O Kankel	4 00
9145	Frank Bush	2 20
9188	Dan Gerlach	2 60
9227	John Naplin	10 00
9231	Wm Marleau	6 00
9237	Geo J Willer	6 00
9238	W J Kelly	20 00
9239	Ole J Hegg	25 00
9240	Felix Anderson	22 40
9241	Richard Mellin	23 40
9242	Axel Kron	23 80
9243	A A Odegaard	23 20
9244	P Engelstad	23 00
9245	Peter Wold	27 80
9246	G Shirra	24 00
9247	Henry Arndt	27 80
9252	A A Momerak	23 00
9253	Ovide Moreau	19 00
9254	J B Demarais	17 20
9255	Omer Delorme	20 00
9256	Jos Tschirhart	17 20
9257	A J St Mars	17 20
9258	Charles Ford	17 00
9259	Joseph Normandin	17 20
9260	John Drier	21 00
9261	Louis Perrault	24 60
9262	Eli Lasha	1 80
9263	Frank Bourque	26 40
9265	Evangelist Quesnelle	23 00
9288	Frank Glass	19 40
9292	Jas Brady	8 20
9338	George Marchildon	6 00
9924	John Platz	10 20
9927	W E Wood	11 40
9929	Emil Just	2 00
9930	J O Nauman	6 00
9931	John Rothstien	11 00
9932	Ed Moran	4 20
9933	Joseph Schmitz	7 40
9934	Aug Swenson	10 00
9935	J L Cossette	10 20
9936	Joseph Lefeovre	12 40
9937	S V Barcley	11 60
9938	E J Overland	13 40
9939	Ole O Nesja	15 60
9940	W J LaBree	11 00
9941	V M Higinbotham	6 20
9942	George Jarman	12 00
9948	Robert Bourdon	6 20
Total		$ 750 60

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9134	Axel Sandgreen	4 40
9135	E O Erickson	4 40
9136	Christ Amundson	4 40
9137	M M Johnson	4 40
9138	W J Kelly	4 40
9140	Chas Gilbertson	[illegible]
9142	W B Fuller	4 40
9144	Oscar Hicks	[illegible]
9146	Moses Ducharme	1 72
9148	Emil Just	1 04
9152	N A Nelson	2 20
9153	Gust Konikson	2 20
9154	Leon Rewertz	[illegible]
9155	John Kivel	4 40
9156	Mrs Caroline Evenson	3 40
9157	Mrs Anna Berry	3 00
9158	Mrs E E Birck	3 40
[illegible]	Norman Hanson	4 12
[illegible]	C B Carlson	4 12
[illegible]	Ole Knutson	4 12
[illegible]	Axel Sandgren	4 40
9248	N M Johnson	5 44
9249	John Collins	5 40
9250	Oscar Hicks	[illegible]
9251	George Jarman	1 12
9252	Daniel Linnihan	1 12
[illegible]	A P Toupin	1 12
Total		$161 58

ATTORNEY'S FEES IN STATE CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9214	P A Grady	$10 00
Total		$10 00

CLERK'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	Joseph Perrault	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

DEPUTY CLERK'S FEES.

SHERIFF'S FEES.

SHERIFF'S FEES—CONTINUED.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9424	Dan Linnihan	8 00
9425	"	118 32
9426	"	120 32
9697	"	102 82
9803	"	13 80
9804	"	128 00
9805	"	52 50
9806	"	1 00
10311	"	50 70
Total		$601 61

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8843	John Ilson	$ 8 80
8842	Adam Zeh	11 40
8863	George Jarman	[illegible]
8914	"	[illegible]
9059	S A Swanson	[illegible]
9001	Geo Jarman	33 13
9424	Gust Braggren	37 00
9127	George Jarman	80 30
9428	"	71 00
9698	Fred Zatser	7 00
9699	Joseph M Patnode	7 90
9700	Joseph Belair	6 40
9702	Arthur Lizee	12 50
9703	George Jarman	11 00
9704	A S Wilson	1 50
9705	S A Swanson	4 30
9754	Joseph Belair	1 50
9707	Arthur Lizee	3 00
9815	George Jarman	67 18
9912	"	8 34
10312	"	54 95
10313	Louis Gonyea	1 20
Total		$601 61

COURT DEPUTYS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9187	Peter K Olson	$13 50
9269	Fred Zatser	33 00
9270	John Kivel	36 00
9461	Adam Zeh	3 00
9946	Fred Zatser	12 00
Total		$97 50

JAILERS' SALARIES

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8781	Dan Linnihan	$ 31 00
8900	"	31 00
9020	"	28 00
9201	"	31 00
9351	"	10 00
9429	William McIntosh	22 00
9692	Dan Linnihan	18 00
9991	"	27 00
Total		$198 00

BOARDING PRISONERS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8846	Daniel Linnihan	$102 60
8847	Polk County, Minn	12 78
9056	"	62 48
9057	Daniel Linnihan	72 30
9421	Polk County, Minn	61 77
9422	Daniel Linnihan	60 70
9423	"	14 75
[illegible]	"	10 20
Total		$403 22

Probate Court Expenses.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS' FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8789	Dr N M Watson	$ 7 65
8790	George Tapper	7 65
8829	I Lemieux	15 25
[illegible]	F H Gamble	7 65
[illegible]	Henry Grundy	7 65
[illegible]	N M Watson	15 30
9635	I Lemieux	7 65
[illegible]	J F Carman	7 65
9889	I Lemieux	5 15
9890	N M Watson	5 15
9913	J C Wilkinson	5 15
9914	N M Watson	5 15
Total		$ 97 65

WITNESS FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8802	Christ Anderson	$ 3 40
9051	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	3 10
Total		$ 6 50

MISCELLANEOUS FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued For what purpose	Amount
8891	George Jarman, expense in taking Jno Norman to state hospital at Fergus Falls	$32 48
9027	Dan Linnihan, expense in taking E Premo to state hospital Fergus Falls	28 70
9028	Joseph Belair, expense in taking E Premo to state hospital Fergus Falls	22 41
9634	D Linnihan, fees and mileage for taking Jos Vanous before the court	3 75
9888	Geo Brunelle, fees and expense conveying Mrs Gibeau to hospital for insane	40 28
9995	Arthur Lizee, expense attending court and bringing Mrs Gibeau before court	2 40
Total		$ 138 71

Municipal Court Costs

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9435	J M Bishop, municipal judge	$76 73
9978	J M Bishop, municipal judge	37 50
Total		$114 23

Justice Court Expenses

WITNESS FEES

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	S L Lewis	$10 55
[illegible]	A P Toupin	21 55
[illegible]	S A Swanson	3 20
Total		[illegible]

Coroner's Inquest

CORONER'S FEES

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8866	Joseph Belair	$47 65
[illegible]	"	35 05
10250	"	12 90
Total		[illegible]

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	Mike Madden	$ 2 20
[illegible]	F J Miller	[illegible]
[illegible]	H C Jahr	[illegible]
[illegible]	A C Mayfield	[illegible]
[illegible]	Louis Huse	[illegible]
[illegible]	Val Yeager	[illegible]
[illegible]	L P Bergh	[illegible]
[illegible]	Isaac Dalton	[illegible]
[illegible]	John Kjenaas	[illegible]
[illegible]	Carl Egen	[illegible]
[illegible]	Edward Peterson	[illegible]
[illegible]	Joseph Falardeau	[illegible]
[illegible]	Mrs Pierre Papin	[illegible]
[illegible]	Agnes Falardeau	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

Light.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

Fuel.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8833	Jacob O Valdal	$32 50
9068	Swan Akonson	165 00
Total		$197 50

Reporting Births and Deaths

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8976	P A Ekstrom	$2 00
8977	E J Akerlund	75
8978	Albert Bakken	1 00
8979	A J Hemstad	[illegible]
8980	Lewis Sall	[illegible]
8981	Olof Tande	[illegible]
8982	Alex Patnode	[illegible]
8983	A J Hemstad	[illegible]
8984	F J Madden	[illegible]
8985	B M Johnson	[illegible]
8986	A D Berry	[illegible]
8987	M Ducharme	[illegible]
8988	Louis Doucet	[illegible]
8989	E J Overlund	[illegible]
8990	G J Nordhagen	[illegible]
8991	H E Albue	[illegible]
8992	Olof Larson	[illegible]
8993	Ole T Ronison	[illegible]
8994	Arthur Laniel	[illegible]
8995	Peter Hansel	[illegible]
8996	F O Leppert	[illegible]
8997	A S Andersen	[illegible]
8998	P Engelstad	[illegible]
8999	Hdage Baril	4 50
9000	J C Wilkinson	15 00
9001	N K Anderson	[illegible]
9002	Wm J Potts	[illegible]
9003	A F Blomburgh	11 50
9004	Lars Backe	[illegible]
9005	J L Cossette	7 75
9006	Christ Morsing	5 00
Total		$131 00

Printing and Advertising.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8861	Carl M Borgen	$11 30
8918	Red Lake Falls Gazette	3 30
9102	Carr & Clark	3 25
9113	St Hilaire Spectator	200 90
9672	Chas W Latta	4 35
9797	S W Bagley	18 50
9798	St Hilaire Spectator	34 10
9799		146 25
9800	A F Lattimore	2 00
10154	St Hilaire Spectator	286 70
9417		585 75
10146	Red Lake Falls Gazette	65 30
Total		$1450 70

Blank Books, Blanks, Stationery and Supplies.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8825	A L Reichert	$14 85
8848	W A Schreiter	1 75
8852	Pioneer Press Co	70 13
8853	Northwest'n Sch Sply Co	4 20
8854	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	124 79
8855	Carl M Borgen	13 75
8856	Red Lake Courier	20 00
8857		6 50
8858	Elliott Fisher company	6 50
8859	Free Press Printing Co	32 20
8915	Pioneer Press Co	1 40
8916	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	24 00
8917	Red Lake Falls Gazette	20 50
[illegible]	James E Ford	1 37
[illegible]	K M Hanson	3 55
[illegible]	N W Tarrant	[illegible]
[illegible]	Geo D Barnard & Co	[illegible]
[illegible]	McGill Warner Co	5 70
[illegible]	Free Press Ptg Co	20 00
[illegible]	Pioneer Press Co	33 70
[illegible]	Miller Davis Ptg Co	1 87
[illegible]	C F Greenwood	[illegible]
[illegible]	John E King	[illegible]
[illegible]	W A Schreiter	7 50
9101	Carl M Borgen	13 50
9111	Red Lake Falls Gazette	11 75
9112	Red Lake Falls Gazette	4 00
9409	Pioneer Press Co	15 35
9410	Eli S Warner, surveyor general	112 00
9411	P E Hanson, Sec. of State	17 50
9412	Miller Davis Ptg Co	73 40
9413	Free Press Ptg Co	21 08
9414	McGill Warner Co	6 00
9415	John E King	15 75
9416	Red Lake Falls Gazette	38 50
9450	Red Lake Courier	9 15
9451	Red Lake Falls Gazette	13 00
9671	W M Welch Co	7 20
9674	Walter S Booth & Son	50
9675	Brown Treacy & Spy Co	7 80
9676	Red Lake Falls Gazette	38 00
9677	Review Publishing Co	20 00
9678	Miller Davis Ptg Co	69 61
9679	George D Barnard & Co	24 72
9680	Free Press Ptg Co	118 75
9681	McGill Warner Co	64 50
9682	Red Lake Courier	39 85
9683	Pioneer Press Co	57 00
9807	Northw'n School Sply Co	8 25
9808	The Pioneer Press Co	10 50
9809	Miller Davis Ptg Co	40 07
9810	Review Publishing Co	1 00
9811	Red Lake Falls Gazette	21 40
9812	George D Barnard & Co	74 40
10145	The Red Lake Courier	[illegible]
10147	George D Barnard & Co	57 16
10148	Pioneer Press Co	102 60
10149	Free Press Printing Co	99 55
10150	Miller Davis Printing Co	18 10
10151	A L Reichert	9 15
10153	Typewriter Exchange	12 25
Total		$1807 81

Election Expenses

RECEIVING PRIMARY ELECTION SUPPLIES

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10163	J L Cossette, Town of Terrebonne	$ 3 20
10164	Olaf Tande, Town of Garnes	1 40
10165	Lewis Sall, Town of Equality	2 20
10166	Halvor Johnson, Town of Numedal	1 80
10167	Jay Payne, Town of Clover Leaf	1 80
10168	A Laniel, Town of Poplar River	1 10
10169	Tobias Stene, Town of Smiley	0 60
10170	Ernest J Akerlund, Town of Bray	1 00
10171	Nels K Anderson, Town of Sanders	3 00
10172	Lars Lee, Town of Norden	2 80
10173	A J Hemstad, Town of Emardville	3 00
10174	P Engelstad, Town of Rocksbury	2 15
10175	K O Ofstad, Village of St Hilaire	1 20
10176	A D Berry, Town of Louisville	2 60
10177	Joseph Johnson, Town 151, Rge 39	1 40
10178	Max Perras, Town of Lambert	1 00
10179	A P Toupin, City of Red Lake Falls	2 40
10180	C W Johnson, Town of Black River	3 00
10181	A S Anderson, Town of River Falls	2 20
10182	Hdage Baril, Town of Red Lake Falls	1 60
10183	E J Overland, Town of North	1 30
10184	C L Naplin, Town of Polk Centre	4 00
10185	[illegible], Town of Mayfield	1 60
10186	Alex Patnode, Town of Gervais	2 00
Total		$50 05

MAKING PRIMARY ELECTION RETURNS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	David Haugen, Town of Wyandotte	$ 2 70
[illegible]	Swan Wallaug, Town of Garnes	[illegible]
[illegible]	Peter J [illegible], Town of Numedal	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], Town of Equality	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], Town of Poplar River	[illegible]
[illegible]	Joseph A [illegible], Town of Clover Leaf	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], Ward of T R Falls	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], Town of Norden	[illegible]
[illegible]	H B Blackey, Town of Silverton	[illegible]
[illegible]	Frank [illegible], Town of Polk Center	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], Town of Black River	[illegible]

MAKING PRIMARY ELECTION RETURNS (Continued)

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10198	Louis Lonson, 3rd ward R L Falls	$1 20
10199	Frank Mousley, 2nd ward T R Falls	1 20
10200	Alcide Perrusse, town of Terrebonne	3 30
10201	Nels Knutson, town of North	1 20
10202	John A Rorestein, village of St Hilaire	4 00
10203	Mathias Waldorf, town of Lake Pleas	2 00
10204	Charles Sieger, town Gervais	1 80
10205	A L Reichert, 3rd ward T R Falls	1 20
10206	Jacob Froiland, town Emardville	3 80
10207	John S Johnson, town Kratka	1 00
10208	Joseph Johnson, town 153 range 39	1 60
10209	C P Swanson, town Bray	2 00
10210	Charles Gustafson, town Rockbury	2 00
10211	Eus Normandeau, 2nd ward R L Falls	1 20
10212	R O Garden, town Mayfield	2 30
10213	Philip Gibeau, town Lambert	1 10
10214	Herman Ortloff, town Sanders	3 00
10215	A S Anderson, town River Falls	2 20
10216	Daniel Patterson, village St Hilaire	1 20
	Total	$61 50

JUDGES OF PRIMARY ELECTION

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10273	Olof O Omlid	$7 25
10274	Joseph Johnson	7 25
10275	Hans Fjeld	7 25
	Total	$21 75

COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD PRIMARY ELECTION

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10276	Lars Backe	$13 00
10277	E M Hoff	11 40
10278	S A Swanson	9 20
10283	Daniel Shaw	13 00
	Total	$46 60

RECEIVING GENERAL ELECTION SUPPLIES

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10217	O J Johnson, Village of Plummer	$1 20
10218	E J Overland, Town of North	1 60
10219	Alex Patnode, Town of Gervais	2 00
10220	Olof Tande, Town of Garnes	1 40
10221	Max Perras, Town of Lambert	1 60
10222	A D Berry, Town of Louisville	2 60
10223	A J Hemstad, Town of Emardville	3 20
10224	W A Swanson, Town of Deer Park	2 30
10225	A Laniel, Town of Poplar River	1 10
10226	Tobias Stene, Town of Smiley	2 40
10227	Lewis Sall, Town of Equality	2 20
10228	Ernest J Akerlund, Town of Bray	1 00
10229	J L Cossette, Town of Terrebonne	3 20
10230	C E Naplin, Town of Poplar River	4 00
10231	Henry Hanson, Town of Silverton	2 00
10232	A S Anderson, Town of River Falls	2 20
10233	P Engelstad, Town of Rocksbury	2 00
10234	C W Johnson, Town of Black River	3 00
10235	G J Nordhagen, Town of Norden	2 40
10236	Sam Lovaas, Town of Mayfield	1 00
10237	Joseph Johnson, Town 153, Rge 39	1 40
10238	Jay Payne, Town of Clover Leaf	2 20
10239	Nels K Anderson, Town of Sanders	3 00
	Total	$49 60

MAKING GENERAL ELECTION RETURNS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10240	David Haugen, town Wyandotte	$2 72
10241	Nels Knutson, town North	1 45
10242	N A Nelson, town River Falls	2 44
10243	C O Lindberg, town Deer Park	1 13
10244	C M Wilson, 3rd ward T R Falls	1 20
10245	Herman Hortloff, town Sanders	3 00
10246	Sam Walbaug, town Garnes	1 52
10247	Philip Gibeau, town Lambert	1 10
10248	A S Wilson, Vil St Hilaire	1 45
10249	A D Berry, town Louisville	2 00
10250	Wm Hebert, town Poplar River	1 10
10251	Sever Maaren, town Mayfield	2 22
10252	P E Bergh, town Silverton	2 64
10253	John Froiland, town Emardville	3 00
10254	Ernest J Akerlund, town Bray	4 00
10255	Chas Sieger, town Gervais	1 80
10256	Mathias Waldorf, town Lake Pleasant	2 00
10257	A L Reichert, 3rd ward R L Falls	1 20
10258	Alfred Rice, town Goodridge	2 00
10259	L G Browning, 1st ward T R Falls	1 20
10260	H W Lee, 2nd ward T R Falls	1 20
10261	A Drager, town Polk Center	2 80
10262	Joseph Johnson, town 151 rge 39	1 75
10263	J P Harren, 2nd ward R L Falls	1 10
10264	Ed Enright, town Black River	2 40
10265	Louis Paranteau, town Terrebonne	3 20
10266	Hdalge Baril, town Red Lake Falls	1 20
10267	Peder J Bugge, town Numedal	4 00
10268	O N Olson, town Smiley	3 40
10269	Ellef Gravlie, town Norden	2 40
10270	Charley Gustafson, town Rocksbury	2 00
10271	A O Watsend, town Equality	3 00
10272	Erick Iverson, vill of Plummer	4 00
	Total	$72 82

COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD GENERAL ELECTION.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10279	James E Ford	$9 20
10280	Chas W Latta	11 80
10281	S A Swanson	9 [illegible]
10282	Daniel Shaw	[illegible]
	Total	$43 20

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATIVE CANVASSING BOARD.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
[illegible]	S A Swanson	$6 [illegible]
[illegible]	Daniel Shaw	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chas W Latta	[illegible]
[illegible]	James E Ford	4 20
	Total	[illegible]

PRINTING BALLOTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
10166	Red Lake Falls Gazette	[illegible]
	Total	[illegible]

Fire Wardens.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
9021	S G Iverson, state auditor	5 25
9304	" "	1 13
9601	" "	1 00
10363	" "	1 00
	Total	$8 38

Telephone Service.

LONG DISTANCE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8863	Thomas Germo	$10 83
8869	Daniel Linnihan	6 10
9062		5 80
9411	Thos Germo	3 35
10156		7 20
10157	James E Ford	2 82
10162	N W Tarrant	70
10293	W A Schreiter	8 10
	Total	$44 00

RENT OF TELEPHONE.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8835	Red Lake Falls Tel Ex	$21 00
9110	" "	10 04
9402	" "	10 35
10286	" "	30 00
	Total	$71 35

Wolf Bounties.

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
8787	Henry Cyr	$15 00
8790	Math Thompson	7 50
8792	Frank Bush	7 50
8793	Joe Ford	15 00
8797	Philip Demerais	7 50
8800	Henry Runnestrand	7 50
8808	Delos Douglas	22 50
8809	Ole Anderson	7 50
8810	Tosten Elefson	7 50
8811	Harry Hallas	15 00
8812	Richard Gothier	7 50
8814	Edward Lessard	7 50
8816	Alfred Flatum	7 50
8821	Chas Rustad	22 50
8822	John O Hagen	7 50
8875	John L Evenmo	15 00
8878	Henry Lemieux	7 50
8883	Harry Hallas	7 50
8901	Gust Konikson	22 50
8902	Lars Runnestrand	7 50
8903	John O Johnson	15 00
8905	Ole S Brolland	7 50
8908	Lewis Sattre	7 50
8910	Calixte Robedout	7 50
8911	Jas H Cyr	7 50
8912	Ole Mathison	7 50
8913	A B George	7 50
8931	Carl Olson	7 50
8932	Henry Lemieux	7 50
8933	Edward Hyland	7 50
8934	Archie Whaley	7 50
8935	Christ Rustad	7 50
8936	Henry Cyr	7 50
8945	Alcene Juneau	7 50
8946	F Gjerberg	15 00
8947	Casper Falk	15 00
8948	Mauratz Brink	7 50
8949	Harry Hallas	7 50
8950	Targe Lofthus	7 50
8951	Gunder Hagen	7 50
8952	William Rose	7 50
8964	Andreas Hoverstad	7 50
8965	George Mamey	15 00
8956	John Evenmo	7 50
8957	Henry Starken	7 50
8959	Henry Cyr	15 00
8962	Christ Weine	7 50
8963	Olof Kolstoe	7 50
8969	Gunder Skaar	7 50
8970	Lauris Skaar	7 50
8971	Magnus Soderberg	7 50
8974	Henry Runnestrand	7 50
8975	AJ Anderson	7 50
9016	Oscar Johnson	7 50
9017	Christ Winsen	7 50
9020	Gust Konikson	30 00
9032	Clara Mannel	7 50
9035	Alcime Juneau	7 50
9037	Ernest Janko	15 00
9038	Henry Lemieux	7 50
9039	Anton Jacobson	7 50
9040	A J Anderson	7 50
9041	Torje Lofthus	7 50
9054	Andreas Hoverstad	7 50
9121	B G Haga	7 50
9123	Ole S Brelland	7 50
9129	Lawarence Madden	7 50
9141	Harry Hallas	7 50
9182	F Gjerberg	7 50
9184	Bohnuil Hrulfy	7 50
9189	Christ Storken	7 50
9200	Charles Nelson	7 50
9215	John A Markuson	7 50
9261	Ole Peterson	45 00
9277	Carl J Anderson	7 50
9340	Mike Connaughty	5 00
9341	Joseph Noel	9 00
9342	Frank Kodla	5 00
9369	Peter Thume	7 50
9371	Joe Starken	3 00
9376	"	2 00
9462	Alfred Carpenter	6 00
9464	Hummer Herjusson	2 00
9510	C O Linberg	7 50
9508	Wilfred Beaudry	7 50
9530	Ole H Roisland	7 50
9975	Charles Anderson	7 50
10023	Simon Opsahl	7 50
10024	Chas A Nason	7 50
10027	Omer Haule	7 50
10031	Oscar Johnson	7 50
10036	Henry Gerlach	7 50
10033	Jesse Luxemburger	15 00
10034	Artel Audette	7 50
10024	Andreas Hoverstad	7 50
10029	John O Hagen	7 50
10331	Henry Runnestrand	15 00
10317	Gjermund Kleven	7 50
10352	Emil Ostma	7 50
10350	Mike Madden	7 50
10303	George Coo	7 50
10304	Henry Cyr	7 50
10366	Herman H Halverson	7 50
10367	Louis Sall	7 50
10368	John O Johnson	7 50
	Total	$902 00

Miscellaneous Items.

No. of warrant	To whom issued For what purpose	Amount
8828	Nick Helm, painting jail and offices	$50 00
8829	Anderson & Wander, window shades	19 75
8830	Garceau & Zaiser, clothing for prisoners	6 00
8831	W A Reichel, photos of prisoners	4 50
8836	James Brady, carpenter work	12 00
8837	Franz F Freund, painting and paperhanging	6 50
8839	Frank E Hunt, hardware and supplies	53 83
8840	Inga Brynildson, stenographer work	1 00
8841	Napoleon Delage, meals for insane patient	1 50
8842	L A Kaufer, enameled covering for desk	9 20
8843	W A Schreiter, medicine for prisoners	2 10
8864	The Robertson Lumber co lumber for repairing sidewalk	45
8865	O'Brien Bros, hardware for court house	2 75
9019	Frank St Martin, carpenter work	10 75
8920	Joseph Salley, moving safes and hauling cordwood	20 40
[illegible]	Klick Johnson, rep spec dog tax	5 88
9047	Albert Normandeau, express charges	1 13
9069	Lucien Phillion, scrubbing county jail	3 50
9070	Adam Zeh, insurance premium	55 00
9071	V M Higinbotham, insurance premium	13 75
9074	James Brady, repairs on court house	1 00
9076	Frank Jeffers, list of decrees and foreclosures	11 00
9077	Ben Puschinsky, repairing jail and furniture	4 72
[illegible]	Town of Black River, exp in contagious disease cases	6 70
9079	W A Schreiter, medicine for prisoners	2 40
9080	John Drier, nursing prisoners	4 00
[illegible]	Wm Beisly, nursing prisoners	2 00
[illegible]	[illegible], medical attendance on prisoners	10 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], board and nursing pauper	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], board and nursing pauper	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], medicine for prisoners	[illegible]
[illegible]	Town of Gervais, exp in [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Town of Polk Center, [illegible]	[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.

No. of warrant	To whom issued For what purpose	Amount
9405	City of Thief River Falls ½ exp in con disease cases	103 22
9407	F A Grady, premium for insurance on county jail	5 64
9408	Adam Zeh, premium for ins on furniture and fixtures	91 50
9430	Frank Jeffers, rec town tra bond and making list of mortgages	32 90
9439	Chas Moller, asst supt of schools	9 00
9440	John B O'Brien, asst supt of schools	9 00
9441	S A Swanson, justice fees state vs John Doe and Wm Frenzke	4 70
9442	A L Roy, hauling wood to county jail	2 00
9443	Mary Phillion, washing bed clothing and cleaning co jail	10 50
9444	James Brady, inspecting construction of Louisville bridge	27 60
9445	Joseph Lachance, carpenter work at court house	50
9446	Nick Helm, calcimining, plastering and painting co jail	34 00
9447	B Puschinsky, repairing windows and making key for county jail	3 50
9448	Thief River Falls Lbr Co, lumber for co house and repairs	4 93
9468	Albert Lizee, express	45
9053	K M Hansen, postage for co treas	30 10
9054	Joseph Perrault, postage and exp for clk court	7 05
9084	Frank St Martin, carpenter work at co house	1 50
9085	Peter Fevre, carpenter wk at court house	1 00
9086	James Brady, carpenter wk at court house	1 20
9088	James Brady, services inspecting Louisville bridge	21 00
9089	Adam Zeh, ins prem	15 00
9090	Arthur P Toupin, insurance premium	36 00
9091	J R Fortier, supplies for co jail	30
9603	Peter C Wold, assessing district No 5	45 00
9605	Town of Terrebonne, exp con disease cases	7 50
9631	V M Higinbotham, insurance premium on court house	27 50
9758	James E Ford, postage co Auditors office	3 15
9777	L M Hoag, sec R L Co. Agr Society, app Thief River Falls fair	200 00
9801	John Drier, keeping J Vanous in charge	16 00
9802	Joseph Belair, keeping J Vanous in custody	5 25
9813	John B O'Brien, conducting teachers examinations	9 00
9814	Wm Zaiser, livery for Com Demann	2 00
9816	John A Duffy, mileage inspecting the Louisville bridge	15 00
9840	James K Doe, exp of Hendrickson, school for the blind	37 42
9841	A C Rogers, exp Frank Hendrick and J W Leppert	87 72
9867	Patrick Normandeau, exp charges	45
9917	Albert Lizee, exp charges	2 48
9925		3 80
10152	Midland Chemical Co. 5 gal anti-germine spray	12 50
10158	James E Ford, postage stamps and express	52 27
10159	H T McAnulty, postage stamps and express	9 35
10160	K M Hansen, postage stms and express	31 18
10161	Frank Jeffers, postage and express	32 55
10280	C C Jackson & Co, ballot boxes and locks for unorganized voting precincts	5 50
10297	C Martin, cleaning chimneys on court house	1 50
10299	Dan Guerin, livery for co road and bridge com	2 50
10300	Frank Jeffers, transcribing records and recording town treasurers bonds	6 35
10203	J C Carroll, inspecting the Louisville bridge	25 00
10304	J H Hay, asst supt schools	9 00
10307	K Runnestrand, janitor teachers training school	30 00
10292	Z Bray, services and exp state vs Holdman and Benjamin	10 00
10203	W H Krueger, board of non resident pauper	3 75
10309	The Robertson Lumber Co lumber to repair court house	1 52
10311	N W Tarrant, postage for judge of probate	3 00
	Total	$1742 51

County Poor Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$350 01
Tax collections	295 37
Total	$645 38

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$201 42
Refunding orders	42
Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1907	443 54
Total	$645 38

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8624	A Linvik	$78 00
9718	"	77 57
10301	F J Stebbins	5 35
10302	Torrison Bros	40 50
	Total	$201 42

County Road and Bridge Fund.

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$500 10
Tax collections	4836 00
Debit Balance, Jan. 2, 1907	1845 56
Total	$7181 83

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$7180 00
Refunding orders	1 83
Total	$7181 83

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8885	Joseph Marcotte, treasurer town Louisville	$130 00
9020	Edward E Havik, treasurer town Equality	100 00
9278	Cyrille Lussier, treasurer Poplar River	200 00
9391	Chas P Quist, treasurer town Silverton	[illegible]
9469	Louis Falardeau, treasurer Lambert	[illegible]
9472	P E Smidesang, treasurer Polk Center	[illegible]
9511	L [illegible] Cadieux, treasurer Terrebonne	[illegible]
9525	Hans Jacobson, treasurer Clover Leaf	[illegible]
[illegible]	Albert Anderson, treasurer Black River	[illegible]
[illegible]	Aug Soderberg, treasurer North	[illegible]
[illegible]	Edward E Havik, treasurer Equality	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], treasurer town Red Lake Falls	[illegible]
[illegible]	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	[illegible]
9742	Hennepin Bridge Co	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], treasurer town Rocksbury	[illegible]
[illegible]	O L Larson, treasurer town Sanders	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible], treasurer [illegible]	[illegible]

COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED.—Continued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9915	Cyrille Lussier, treasurer Poplar River	200 00
9076	A E Anderson, treasurer town Bray	100 00
10121	Elias Joringdal, treasurer town Numedal	73 00
	Total	$7180 00

County Bond and Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$2317 06
Tax collections	3213 00
Total	$5530 06

DISBURSEMENTS:

Warrants issued	$2156 99
Refunding orders	2 39
Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1907	3370 68
Total	$5530 06

Warrants issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8794	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	$5 73
8870	John Paulson	91
8944	Theo LaBissoniere	15
9374	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	630 00
9531	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	300 00
9560	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	160 00
9503	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	400 00
9504	State of Minnesota	120 00
9742	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	240 00
9743	Thomas Thibodeau	20
10357	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	300 00
	Total	$2156 99

Incidental Fund.

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$5 76
Transferred from Co. Revenue Fund	440 00
Total	$445 76

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$360 39
Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1907	85 37
Total	$445 76

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8783	K M Hansen	$7 80
8813	H T McAnulty	6 00
8823	N W Tarrant	2 00
8867	Frank Jeffers	16 00
8870	James E Ford	21 20
8907		8 02
8939	K M Hansen	7 42
8953	N W Tarrant	2 05
8972	Joseph Sally	3 05
9021	N W Tarrant	3 00
9022	Joseph Perrault	9 70
9047	H T McAnulty	8 00
9034	N W Tarrant	75
9036	A L Roy	00
9089	K M Hansen	28 28
9000	James E Ford	9 35
9001	Frank Jeffers	17 50
9233	N W Tarrant	3 00
9315	James E Ford	3 15
9338	Joseph Sally	6 29
9307	Frank Jeffers	21 40
9338	James E Ford	27 20
9359	K M Hansen	22 07
9340	H T McAnulty	6 33
9485	N W Tarrant	2 50
9496	Frank Jeffers	11 35
9577	H T McAnulty	6 85
9599	Joseph Sally	7 13
9617	K M Hansen	5 00
9641	N H Tarrant	3 00
9744	K M Hansen	5 00
9784	H T McAnulty	8 00
9785	Joseph Perrault	10 00
9793	Frank Jeffers	11 00
9851	K M Hansen	5 00
9874	N W Tarrant	3 00
9881	Joseph Sally	5 84
9982	N W Tarrant	2 00
10111	Joseph Salley	1 82
10300	James E Ford	15 00
10371	Joseph Perrault	5 00
9613	Albert Lizee	25
	Total	$360 39

Redemption Fund.

RECEIPTS:

Credit balance, Jan 2, 1906	$260 56
Redemptions	5559 01
Total	$5819 57

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$5616 67
Credit balance Jan 2, 1907	202 90
Total	$5819 57

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8794	John A Duffy	$72 06
8795	W W Prichard	12 52
8798	O Vandertuuk	33 08
8799	W W Prichard	8 43
8804	Peter Kleue	29 66
8805	O Vandertuuk	15 00
8807		26 07
8815	F H Welcome	18 91
8820	J A Duffy	80 80
8824	F H Welcome	1 63
8877	"	204 83
8886	"	141 52
8809	O Vandertuuk	17 50
8847	James Egan	[illegible]
8838	Wm M Erb	39 04
8840	W W Prichard	105 83
[illegible]	F H Welcome	31 94
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	John A Duffy	14 42
[illegible]	O Vandertuuk	14 74
[illegible]	F H Welcome	46 74
[illegible]	John A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	O Vandertuuk	20 64
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	F H Wellcome	[illegible]
[illegible]	John A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chas G Wright	[illegible]
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	J A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	Martica Lee	[illegible]
[illegible]	John A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	F H Wellcome	[illegible]
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	J A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	F H Wellcome	[illegible]
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	Duffy & Gaass	[illegible]
[illegible]	J A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	F M Perrault	[illegible]
[illegible]	Wheeler Misner Ln Co	[illegible]
[illegible]	O Vandertuuk	[illegible]
[illegible]	F H Wellcome	[illegible]
[illegible]	A P Toupin	[illegible]
[illegible]	W W Prichard	[illegible]
[illegible]	John A Duffy	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	F H Wellcome	[illegible]
[illegible]	P B Gaass	[illegible]
[illegible]	F H Wellcome	[illegible]

REDEMPTION FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED—Continued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9612	W W Prichard	20 14
9616	John Duffy	25 57
9618	"	21 85
9621	F H Wellcome	77 94
9534	"	160 47
9539	John A Duffy	31 58
9565	G Vandertuuk	8 55
9587	John A Duffy	83 42
9600	G Vandertuuk	18 95
9613	E M Perrault	45 79
9614	W W Prichard	41 63
9625	G Vandertuuk	17 58
9630	F H Wellcome	63 40
9640	J A Duffy	33 00
9642	F H Wellcome	108 10
9648	"	139 77
9725	J A Duffy	1 39
9745	"	35 20
9771	"	29 74
9791	F H Wellcome	42 50
9796	G Vandertuuk	40 71
9873	F H Wellcome	90 17
9875	W W Prichard	9 74
9877	Perl W Mabey	9 83
9881	W W Prichard	43 63
9885	Wheeler Misner Ln Co	21 80
9888	W W Prichard	15 20
9891	F H Wellcome	60 14
9905	W W Prichard	46 81
9909	E M Perrault	7 95
9911	W W Prichard	22 80
9921	A P Toupin	13 68
9922	L O Simons	5 10
9923	F H Wellcome	78 94
9928	P B Gaass	63 24
9944	G Vandertuuk	12 69
9949	A P Toupin	32 00
9950	W W Prichard	25 70
9972	F H Wellcome	61 04
9973	W W Prichard	30 03
9974	Anna Sieff	20 13
9979	F H Wellcome	115 12
9981	G Vandertuuk	17 58
9990	F H Wellcome	154 71
9994	John A Duffy	1 20
9997	F H Wellcome	146 33
10012	Hiram Brown	11 53
10019	F H Wellcome	26 72
10084	P B Gaass	21 42
10109	F H Wellcome	91 37
10119	"	35 32
10127	G Vandertuuk	23 71
10334	"	75 85
10335	F H Wellcome	33 90
10339	John A Duffy	62 28
10340	"	18 25
10349	E M Perrault	21 31
10355	John A Duffy	29 50
10372	Miller & Foote	17 15
10373	G Vandertuuk	40 12
10374	F H Wellcome	42 11
10361	John A Duffy	2 87
10382	"	42 20
	Total	$5616 67

General Ditch Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$8279 86
Tax collections	18103 35
Total	$26383 21

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants issued	$22333 76
Refunding order	3 28
Credit balance, Jan. 2, 1907	4046 17
Total	$26383 21

Warrants Issued.

EXCAVATING.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9553	E A Moran	$82 11
9585	John G Anderson	94 55
9645	E A Moran	288 44
9646	"	180 20
9772	X Sauve	170 34
9780	John G Anderson	48 10
9781	E A Moran	240 19
9782	"	129 06
9783	"	123 44
9879	John G Anderson	216 76
9880	E A Moran	121 88
9884	"	183 82
9892	John G Anderson	238 13
9894	X Sauve	772 74
9918	Theodore Halvorson	689 43
9919	John G Anderson	163 75
9951	E A Moran	130 51
9954	"	651 72
9955	"	381 12
9966	X Sauve	918 84
9977	Theodore Halvorson	536 50
9992	John G Anderson	1051 89
9993	X Sauve	1350 21
9998	Theodore Halvorson	1444 37
10008	E A Moran	1364 05
10021	John G Anderson	821 10
10022	Theodore Halvorson	216 08
10025	Gjernes and Hawkinson	618 35
10058	E A Moran	304 72
10023	John G Anderson	40 43
	Total	$14333 66

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9104	O J Johnson	$6 00
9105	Daniel Shaw	7 00
9108	P A Ekstrom	5 00
9109	Wm C L Demann	4 40
9449	P A Ekstrom	5 00
9450	O J Johnson	6 00
9451	Daniel Shaw	7 00
9711	P A Ekstrom	6 00
9712	Wm C L Demann	4 40
9713	O J Johnson	6 00
9714	"	6 00
9715	Daniel Shaw	7 00
9716	"	7 00
9717	Louis Falardeau	7 80
9741	Wm C L Demann	4 40
9819	P A Ekstrom	6 00
9820	Wm C L Demann	4 40
9821	O J Johnson	13 50
9822	Daniel Shaw	7 00
9823	Louis Falardeau	7 80
9828	Daniel Shaw	4 40
10314	P A Ekstrom	6 00
10315	O J Johnson	18 50
10317	Daniel Shaw	28 00
10318	"	9 80
10319	Wm C L Demann	51 00
10320	Louis Falardeau	7 80
10321	Wm C L Demann	4 40
10322	Daniel Shaw	7 00
	Total	$255 80

ENGINEERS-FEES AND EXPENSES

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9623	James K Wood	$19 10
9791	Geo A Ralph	5 00
9862	James K Wood	138 80
9656	"	22 00
9657	"	47 00
9658	"	96 75
9705	"	28 20
9716	"	18 85
9837	"	76 75
10128	"	306 00
10129	George A Ralph	30 00
	Total	[illegible]

INTEREST ON BONDS AND WARRANTS

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9025	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	$2145 00
9227	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	450 00
9434	J A Duffy	10 24
[illegible]	Theo Garceau, cashier	13 21
9529	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	165 00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	178 75
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	300 00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2145 00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	178 75
	Total	[illegible]

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
[illegible]	Carl M Bergen	[illegible]
[illegible]	St Hilaire Spectator	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
	Total	[illegible]

GENERAL DITCH FUND—Con.

VIEWERS FEES AND EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9382	Ingwald Husby	$43 50
9383	Otto Zaiser	30 25
9384	Gilbert Hanvi	33 00
9759	Joseph Belair	16 00
9760	James Evenson	24 00
9761	P K Olson	16 00
9834	Joseph Belair	4 00
9835	P K Olson	4 00
9836	Carl Johnson	14 85
9837	Fred Zaiser	11 25
9838	Robt K Lee	15 35
10139	Fred Zaiser	11 25
10140	O W Brink	11 85
10141	Peter K Olson	8 00
10142	Carl Johnson	5 50
10143	R A Lee	7 40
	Total	$255 30

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued For what purpose	Amount
8928	Benjamin Iverson, chainman ditch no. 24	$6 00
9087	James E Ford, auditor's fees ditch no. 25	25 00
9088	Thief R F Lbr Co, stakes for ditch no. 24	70
9385	Dan Linnihan, posting notices ditch no. 25	28 60
9386	P A Ekstrom, rodman ditch no. 25	18 20
9387	M Miller, axman ditch no. 25	12 70
9388	H Peterson, chainman ditch no. 25	10 50
9389	Alfred Dahlstrom, chainman ditch no. 25	3 00
9390	J A Anderson, chainman ditch no. 25	1 50
9393	Joseph Morisette, livery for engineer ditch no. 24	2 50
9394	Zaiser Bros. livery for viewers ditch no. 25	12 00
9395	James E Ford, auditor's fees ditch no. 25	25 00
9396	W H Kruger, board for engineer and viewers ditch no. 25	17 75
9655	F L Wood, assistant engineer co. ditch no. 25	23 10
9659	Zaiser Bros. livery for eng. on ditch no. 22, 23 and 24	12 00
9660	O E Ekstrom, rodman & board of engineer on ditch no. 25	25 25
9661	Daniel Patterson, livery for engineer co. ditch no. 25	2 50
9662	Newbury & Bulman, livery for engineer co. ditch no. 20	10 50
9653	F L Wood, rodman co. ditch no. 22, 23 and 24	7 05
9664	F L Wood, rodman co. ditch no. 25	4 00
9665	Wm M Erb, rodman co. ditch no. 22, 23 and 24	4 00
9666	Lyndon Wood, rodman co. ditch no. 22, 23 & 24	8 00
9667	C E Ekstrom, rodman co ditch no. 25	8 00
9668	D. Linnihan, posting notices and serving notices on viewers co. ditch no. 20	19 00
9669	James E Ford, co. aud. fees co. ditch no. 22, 23 and 24	137 64
9670	Otto Zaiser, viewer co. ditch no. 25	3 00
9701	Arthur Lizee, posting notices of hearing on ditch no. 27	8 00
9762	Zaiser Bros. livery for engineer on county ditches no. 22, 23 and 25	22 00
9763	Zaiser Bros. livery for viewers on co. ditch no. 20	10 50
9764	F L Wood, assistant engineer co. ditch no. 23 and 24	22 00
9826	E E Fletcher, services as stenographer, co. ditch no. 20	1 00
9829	Andrew Ydstie, board & livery for eng. co. ditch no. 22 and 24	7 00
9830	Charley Moren, service as chainman co. ditch no. 27	14 00
9831	Zaiser Bros. livery hire for viewer co. ditch no. 27	10 50
9832	Zaiser Bros. livery hire for engineer co. ditch no. 22, 21, 25 and 27	30 00
9833	F L Wood, services as rodman co. ditch no. 27	13 05
9983	John Larson, refundment on Garnes no. 1	0 74
10131	James E Ford, co. aud's. fees in county ditch proceeding	112 00
10132	Harry B Healy, typewriter spec. on county ditches no. 27 and 28	2 00
10133	W H Kruger, board for engineer	13 50
10134	Zaiser Bros. livery for engineer	31 00
10135	Zaiser Bros. livery for engineer	33 50
10136	Daniel Patterson, livery for engineer	15 00
10137	Sundahl Bros. livery for engineer	2 50
10138	Newbery & Bulman, livery for engineer	16 50
10144	Wm Linnihan, rodman on county ditch no. 28	4 00
10291	Vil. of St. Hilaire, lumber for repairing bridge across Sanders B River ditch no. 1	27 47
10306	Thief R Falls Lbr Co. lath and stakes for co. ditches	3 00
10310	Dan Linnihan, serving and posting notices on county ditches	30 00
	Total	$872 35

Special Bond and Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Credit balance, Jan 2, 1906	$175 26
Tax collections	724 22
Total	$899 48

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$534 63
Refunding orders	13
Credit balance Jan 2, 1907	364 42
Total	$899 48

Warrants Issued.

No of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9133	Treas Polk county, Minn.	$149 63
9741	W L Vannet, Treas Polk Co.	385 00
	Total	$534 63

Court House and Jail Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Credit balance Jan 2 1906	$117 0[illegible]
Tax collections	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	[illegible]
Refunding orders	[illegible]
Credit balance Jan 2 1907	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Warrants Issued.

No of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Total	[illegible]

SAYS IT'S A GOOD LAW

Duluth Citizen Says the Clapp Law Is All Right.

Indians Will Be Better off When They Are Independent.

The sale by half breeds on the White Earth reservation of their individual allotments and the stories of dealings between land men and the full bloods, representing themselves of mixed blood has caused a great deal of comment.

A prominent Duluth man, who has had extensive dealings with Minnesota Indians for many years and who has a large personal acquaintance among them, made the following statement with regard to the current matter challenging the attention of all who are interested in the affairs of the Indians:

"The act passed by the last congress, known as the Clapp law, empowering the mixed bloods on the White Earth reservation to sell their allotments, is a good law and a move in the right direction. The only fault to be found with it is that it does not go far enough. It should extend to all the reservations in Minnesota and in the country. It would be better still if the government would give all the Indians, mixed bloods and full bloods, perfect title to their allotments, and the same right to sell them that a white man has to dispose of his property. It would be better still if the government would go still further and pay over to the Indians—in full to every Indian in severalty, as fast as he reaches the age of maturity—all the money due the different tribes for timber and land.

"The way to get the best results from an Indian or a white man is to put him on his own resources. Then it is a case of survival of the fittest. If any Indian or mixed blood does not want to use his allotment and prefers to sell it he should be allowed to do so. Then if he wants to squander the proceeds of the sale let him do so, and the sooner he has to get down to work for a living the better. This idea of the government treating the Indians as wards or children is a mistake.

"Under the old laws and rulings of the department if the heirs desired to dispose of the allotment of a deceased Indian it must be sold through the agent, who would deposit the money in a bank and eke it out to the heirs as he took a notion.

"The fact is that a large majority of the mixed bloods on the White Earth reservation, and many of the full bloods, are better capable of handling their personal affairs than the agents are to handle them for them. And I do not mean this as any reflection on the present Indian agents in Minnesota, as I believe them to be exceptionally good men for their positions.

"Certain interests have always opposed any policy that tended to allow the Indian to handle his own property, especially his timber lands, because they would rather buy his timber and land from government officials than in the open market. These interests are now proclaiming the Clapp law a failure and insist that full bloods are posing as half breeds and selling their allotments illegally. This matter only interests the Indians and the land buyers, and I don't know why any of the rest of us should worry about it. Some of these Indians may practice fraud in their land transactions. If they do they will not be the only ones.

"There are over 10,000 Indians and mixed bloods in Minnesota and living on the frontier who are brought into contact with the rougher element of the white people, yet will venture the assertion that there isn't a village or community in the state of Minnesota or in this country containing a like number of white people whose record of crime for the last ten years is not larger than that of these Minnesota Indians.

"It would not be strange if the Indians were dishonest in view of the example set for them by the government. While it may not be the intention of its officials to treat the Indians unfairly, the fact is that about the blackest page in the history of our government is the record of its transactions with the Indians. The sooner we get our consciences and good sense at work and pay the Indian what we owe him, and turn over to him such property as belongs to him, not only in the White Earth reservation but on every reservation in the country, the better it will be for all concerned, and it is certainly a move in the right direction that the half breeds on the White Earth reservation have been given the right to sell their allotments without interference on the part of government officials or other interests."

—To introduce our work we will give 25 pictures for 25 cents and a button FREE. Peeny Gallery, Hicks Block.

Wanted—To purchase 50 cords of green popular wood. Inquire at the Hotel Ogahmah.

RICHES GO TO WASTE

So-Called Worthless Weeds Passes a Great Deal of Value.

In Some Cases They Are Worth More Than Wheat.

In the wise economy of nature, nothing is misplaced, nothing is wasted, nothing is utterly useless, has long been an axiom of those who have devoted their lives to the study of the great mother's ways, says the Duluth Evening Herald. If they have failed to find any use for different varieties of products, they have never blamed nature herself but have only redoubled their exertions to extract or compel her secrets from her.

Everyone can remember how for years and years the Canada thistle and the cactus were placed side by side as absolutely useless pests of the farmers of the sections where they flourished. Then, all of a sudden, investigators discovered that both of these thorny, spiny weeds possessed great and varied values and they are no longer despised by intelligent agriculturists.

The national agricultural department, part of the business of which is to search out the secrets of nature, has published recently a bulletin in which it declares that the average American farmer has riches going to waste in many kinds of so called noxious weeds that are destroyed ruthlessly. It avers that millions of dollars may be made each year by the farmers if they will study their weeds and keep in touch with the demands of commerce.

One of the most profitable of these weeds, the moderate cultivation of which would pay better than wheat or any other staple crop, is the heretofore despised and reviled jimson weed. Such uses have been found for it that leaves, stalks and seeds are in steady demand. Equally valuable is the lowly poke root, the bane of many thousands of farmer boys. Burdock and yellow dock are imported in goodly quantities because the American farmer will not take even the trouble to dig them up and prepare them for market. Other weeds are in the same category.

Of course, if the farmers or farmers' boys should go extensively into the cultivation of the weeds named in the list, present profitable prices would fall to a level to make cultivation useless. But, nonetheless, the agriculturist, and their children should not berate and consign to a warmer climate the hated weeds until, at least, they shall learn whether nature did not place them on the farms for wise purposes.

BUYING LOTS HELPS.

When Residents Become Property Owners They Are Interested in the Town.

"When a man buys a lot he adds to his value as a citizen," says a real estate broker.

"The man who lives on just what he earns, never gets anywhere. To get ahead in the world a man must invest in something. Investing makes good citizens."

"As soon as a man buys something, if it is only a lot, he has more of an interest in the community and welfare of things and becomes a better citizen."

"This city's wonderful growth, which is subject for so much comment now, is largely attributed to its home makers. It is not alone in its industrial growth. Many cities throughout the country are now experiencing a wonderful growth, due to the general prosperity, but it gets its great lead over them all by being an attractive city for home makers. When people come to this city they want to live here and, although their interests at the time may be elsewhere, they go away with the idea that some day they will return to make their homes here. Their plans center on that end. They make it the Mecca. That is why it is growing. People come here with the idea of making permanent homes, because they are pleased with the city."

"It really is one of the best cities in the country, for no matter how high priced things seem to be, more can be obtained here for a dollar than in any other city in the United States. This fact, too, adds to the number of its homes."

Hard Case to Decide.

According to information received at this office this week the county officers of Norman county will soon have a perplexing legal point to dispose of. A certain party in the eastern part of the county set a trap for a wolf and caught one. Before the wolf died a second party came along and shot the animal. Now both parties claim the reward.—Ada Herald.

For Sale—Quarter section of land in Hubbard county. Will trade for horses, cattle or Thief River Falls city property. Inquire at this office.

IMPORTANT DECISION

Crookston Land Office Upheld by the Secretary of Interior.

Paper "Nearest to the Land" Is Not All That Is Required.

Mr. A. F. Lattimore, of Erie, Minnesota, in December 1905, established at that point a newspaper known as "The Eleven Towns," and at different times thereafter applied to the register of the Crookston Land Office to have final proof notices published in that paper. The register refused to recognize his paper as entitled to publish final proof notices. Mr. Lattimore appealed to the commissioner of the general land office from the register's decision. The commissioner of the general land office sustained the decision of the register. Mr. Lattimore then appealed to the secretary of the interior, and the secretary of the interior rendered his *decision of* February 27th, also sustaining the contention of the register in refusing to recognize the paper, basing the decision mainly on the fact than in the publication of final proof notices the register is, by statue, specifically required to designate the newspaper in which the notice shall be published; that in the publication of such notices neither the commissioner nor the Department has the authority in advance of the action of the register in the exercise of the authority and discretion specifically conferred on him by law to control such action.

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant. Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

MINNESOTA LAND OFFICE

State to Dispose of Much Land in June and July.

Sale in Red Lake County to Be Held on July First.

At the following time and place, State Auditor Iverson will dispose of state lands in various counties in Northern Minnesota as follows:

Tuesday, June 11, Grand Rapids, Itasca Co. 10 a. m. 35,000 acres.

Wednesday, June 12, Duluth St. Louis Co. 10 a. m. 35,000 acres.

Thursday, June 13, Carlton, Carlton Co. 10 a. m. 21,000 acres.

Friday, June 14, Aitkin, Aitkin Co. 10 a. m. 35,000 acres.

Saturday, June 15, Brainerd, Crow Wing Co. 10 a. m. 21 000 acres.

Monday, June 17, Bagley, Clearwater Co. 1 P. M. 15,000.

Tuesday, June 18, Bemidji, *Beltrami* Co. 1:30 p. m. 20,000 acres.

Wednesday, June 19, Walker, Cass Co. 10 a. m. 20,000 acres.

Thursday, June 20, Park Rapids, Hubbard Co. 10 a. m. 17,000 acres.

Friday, June 21, Wadena, Wadena Co. 2 p. m. 15,000 acres.

Saturday, June 22, Long Prairie, Todd Co. 1 p. m 8,000 acres.

Monday, June 24, Hallock, Kittson Co. 1 p. m. 25,000 acres.

Tuesday, June 25, Warren, Marshall Co. 1 p. m. 3,000 acres

Wednesday, June 26, Crookston, Polk Co. 10 a. m. 3,000 acres.

Friday, June 28, Roseau, Roseau Co. 10 a. m. 30,000.

Monday, July 1, Red Lake Falls, Red Lake Co. 1 p. m. 5,000.

Tuesday, July 2, Detroit, Becker Co. 10 a. m. 23,000 acres.

Wednesday, July 3, Pine City, Pine Co., 1 p. m. 10,000 acres.

These lands will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price must be paid at the time of sale. The balance may run for 40 years at 3 per cent annual interest if desired. The title to all state land is perfect. Valuable illustrated book of Minnesota lands free: also list of lands offered.

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Something In It.

The story of a country merchant who met a farmer with a windmill pump in his wagon, which he had purchased from a Chicago catalogue house is going the rounds of the press. The merchant chided the farmer for sending his money out of the community and the following conversation took place: "I would have sold you a pump just as cheap right here at home, saved you the freight and you could have seen what you were buying." "Then why didn't you tell me so," replied the farmer. "I've been reading our home paper for years and have never seen a line about your handling windmill pumps and I'm no fortune teller, how am I to know what you've *got and what price you can make on it?* You have not even got a pump on display. The Chicago concern sent its advertisement to my house, telling me it had just what I wanted and that it could sell me a pump much lower than any local merchant could. It took the trouble to ask for my trade and got it. If you had taken the trouble to let me know that you could have sold me not only this pump but probably a lot of other stuff I've sent away for during the past seven years, I would have bought of you."—Ex.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Big Auction Sale, TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1907.

At the Nelson Ferry, Sec. 21, Town of Kratka.

Having purchased the following described property of C. W. Nelson, I will offer the same at public auction:

One black mare, ten years old, weighing 1500.
One black mare, heavy with foal, ten years old, weighs 1400.
One gray horse, 9 years old, weighs 1400.
One brown horse, 9 years old, weighs 1250.
One buckskin mare, 10 years old, weighs 950.
Three fresh milch cows, three and four years old.
One big cow, seven years old, giving milk.
One three year old heifer.
One two year old steer.
One two year old heifer.
One yearling shorthorn bull.
Two yearling heifers.
Three calves.
One six months old pig.
One drill, three horse.
One fourteen disc harrow.
One iron drag, five sections.
One brush breaking plow, 14 inch.
One stubble plow.
Two wide tired wagon.
One narrow tired wagon.
One Concord top buggy.
One cart.
One Plano mower.
One self dump hay rake.
One scraper.
One double wagon box.
One hay rack.
Two sets of heavy working harnesses.
Two sets of heavy buggy harnesses.
One 16 inch brush plow.
Three pair of bob sleighs.
Two set of light bobs.
One Empire cream seperator.
One hay bucking pole.
One feed mill.
One circle saw.
One blacksmith outfit complete.
One ferry boat complete.
Some household furniture consisting of one cook stove, one hearter, two bed room suites, book case and other things two numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH WILL BE SERVED ALL DAY.

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash, over that amount bankable paper. Five per cent discount for cash on sums over $10.

H. M. Hicks,
AUCTIONEER.

K. O. Gigstad,
OWNER.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

March 14, 1907.

It affords the NEWS much pleasure to announce that John Duffy of Red Lake Falls, has no string upon the Plummer Pioneer. At least Mr. Latta, the editor and proprietor of the paper so states and he had ought to know.

According to the treasurer's statement, the village of St. Hilaire has 2,000 deposited in one of the banks at St. Hilaire on time deposit drawing five per cent interest. There is not many villages in this state that have money to lend and St. Hilaire is to be congratulated.

Some of the jobbers in smaller cities who are getting a better rate as compared to the rate which the railroads charge the twin city jobbers have prepared a table which gives some interesting figures says the St. Cloud Times. Sauk Centre is taken as the basis of calculation, being centrally located. Those acquainted with conditions can hardy make others believe that such differences in rates on the railroads exist in favor of the twin cities.

In all the ensuing comparisons the smaller distance lower rate are from Sauk Centre, and the longer distance and higher rate are from the Twin Cities. Points on the Northern Pacific are specified as having rates per 100 pounds on first class: Grey Eagle, 15 miles, 14 cents. 131 miles, 32.6; Little Falls, 40 miles, 18.9 cents; 106 miles, 30.6 cents; Millard, 20 miles 14 9; 158 miles, 34.5 cents; Morris, 21.8 cents; 193 miles, 40.8 cents. On the Great Northern: Osakis, 15 miles, 14 cents; 131 miles, 35.5 cents; 160 miles, 40.4 cents; Long Prairie 20 miles, 13.9 cents; 137 miles, 36.5; Akeley, 109 miles, 32.6 cents; 227 miles 52.2 cents; Melrose, 10 miles, 13 cents; 110 miles, 30.6 cents; Avon, 30 miles, 16.9 cents; 01 miles, 27.7 cents. In the case of Evansville, the distance from Sauk Centre is one-fourth that from the twin cities, yet the charge is practically half. Osakis is about one-eighth as far from Sauk Centre as from the twin cities and the rate is over one-third while Villard is about one-eigth the distance from Sauk Centre is one-fourth that from the twin cities, yet the charge is practically half. A little arithmetrical calculation on any of the rates and mileage shown will demonstrate a remarkable disproportion in favor of the twin cities, which the local jobbers have among those of other Minnesota cities, been trying to have remedied. The rates on all other classes when compared will show the same lack of mathematical gradation.

Governor Hughes' Maxim.

"I shall count nothing a failure but a failure to do what is right."

With such a guiding principle as this enunciated slowly and with the utmost distinctness in a recent public address, Governor Charles E. Hughes, New York's new chief magistrate, cannot go very far wrong and, if he shall be found making mistakes, they will be errors of the heart or of political inexperience rather than of the head or will.

Is it any wonder that the new chief magistrate of the Empire state has put to rout all of the calculations of the politicians, has dumfounded his foes and has caused his friends to marvel? Is it at all surprising that already he is being called an even "harder nut to crack" than was Theodore Roosevelt when governor? Is it a matter for marvelling at that he is being compared by Democrats and Independents with Samuel J. Tilden, universally conceded to have been the greatest executive in New York's history?

It may be that the political leaders are aiming to try to get Mr. Hughes to dig his own grave by giving ready assent to the "governor's public service commission bill" that provides for the abolition of the state railroad and gas and electricity commissions, the New York city inspectorship of gas meters and the rapid transit commission and for the substitution for the four of two public service commissions of five members each to be appointed by the governor, with strict safeguards about franchises and stock and bond issues by corporations. But, if this be so, they will most probably fail to their own discomfiture.

Certain it is that no serious errors, resulting in anything even remotely resembling failure, can possibly cause the downfall of a governor who aims ever to "do what is right." Nor can the political sharpers force such a chief magistrate into deals and get him into their power.Duluth Herald.

The Mortgage Lifter.

Supt. A. J. McGuire of the Northeast experiment station at Grand Rapids, Minn., has issued a press bulletin giving the record of the dairy herd there, consisting of 13 cows which from October 1st 1905, to Oct., 1st 1906 showed a net profit of $504. Every pound of fodder was charged to the cows and they were credited with only the net profit on the butter sold, the value of the skim milk off-setting the value of the labor easily. In a table giving the record made by each cow the net profit varies from $18 per cow to $60 per cow, showing how the average net profit can be raised if the poorer animals are weeded out. One suggestion which should be given special attention is the one made regarding keeping the number of cows in proportion to the size of the farm and other conditions.

The bulletin is given practically complete below:

Number of cows milked	13
Pounds of milk per cow	5,500
Pounds of butter per cow	279
Value of butter at 25c lb	69.81
Cost of feed per cow	31.03
Net profit per cow	38.88

Because the natural conditions of northern Minnesota are especially favorable for dairying and because dairying is one of the most profitable branches of agriculture, special attention is being given to this industry at the Northeastern Experiment Farm.

In order that the results obtained may be applicable to the average farm only common cows have been kept, and fed and cared for in such a way as any farmer may feed and care for his herd.

The feed used in winter is bran and shorts half and half, clover and timothy, hay and fodder corn ensilage. Roots may be made to take the place of ensilage and can be grown in abundance on every farm. The summer pasture is mostly wooded pasture.

During the past year 13 cows were milked. The milk from each individual cow was weighed every day and tested once a month. The feed was also weighed for each individual cow so that the record is complete of each cow, the cost of feed and the net profit realized. The profit is for butter alone, not including the value of the calves, skim milk or manure.

The cost of labor is not taken into consideration for the reason that hired labor is neither necessary nor desirable on the average farm, unless for special work.

Let the number of cows and the size of the farm be in proportion to the help of the family. A 16 year-old does as well in the dairy as a $30 a month man, and if the barn is warm and clean and well lighted, and the work systematized and done within proper hours the objection so often raised against dairy work will be entirely overcome.

About Good Roads.

W. W. Jermaine, the Washington correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal, has the following interesting article about the cost of transportation:

The goodroads advocates of the country ought to get a vast amount of comfort out of some digging recently completed by Frank Andrews, transportation expert of the department of agriculture. Mr. Andrews' digging was into the immense subject of the cost of marketing farm products, and his researches covered hundreds of counties in all portions of the United States, so that his figures, while in part estimated, are fairly accurate. His investigation had to do with the twelve leading crops only, and, therefore, do not cover all the hauling done by the farmers of the country.

Of the twelve leading crops, it was found that nearly 50,000,000 tons were hauled from farm to market in the past crop year, at a cost of about $85,000,000, or more than 5 per cent of their value at the local market. Of this traffic, 40,000,000 tons represented the weight of corn, wheat and cotton, and the cost of hauling those three products was $70,000,000.

The number of working days taken to haul the twelve leading crops from farm to shipping point is estimated at 21,417,500, and the number of loads taken at 30,319,000. The greatest time consumed in hauling any one crop to market was 8,494,200 days for corn. But if the time taken for hauling to local mills the wheat consumed in the counties where grown be included, the total number of working days consumed in hauling wheat would be over 8,900,000.

Altho there were fewer loads of cotton than of oats, it required 1,000,000 more working days for men and teams to haul the fiber than this grain, the average time for a round trip for hauling oats being three fifths of a day, and for cotton one day. Including wheat hauled to local mills for grinding, the total number of wagon loads of the twelve crops was 34,200,000, and the services of men and teams for 24,500,000 days were required to move these loads.

The average cost to the farmer for hauling wheat to market is 9 cents per 100 pounds, the average distance hauled is nine and two fifths miles, and the average wagon-load weighs 3,323 pounds, containing about fify-five bushels. For cotton the average load is 1,702 pounds, distance from market eleven and four-fifths miles, and cost of hauling 16 cents per 100 pounds. Per ton per mile wheat costs 19 cents and cotton 27 cents. The highest cost for hauling is for wool, which is carried on an average 38.8 miles, at the rate of 44 cents per 100 pounds. The lowest cost is for hemp, which is taken to market for an average of 6 cents per 100 pounds.

Corn, oats and barley are each taken to market at an average cost of 7 cents per 100 pounds; hay, flaxseed, rye and timothy seed 8 cents; wheat, potatoes and beans, 9 cents; tobacco and live hogs, 10 cents; rice, hops and buckwheat, 11 cents; apples and peanuts, 12 cents, vegetables, other than potatoes, and cotton seed, 15 cents; cotton and fruit, other than apples, 16 cents; wool, 44 cents.

It was found that the greatest distance over which it will pay to haul a crop will practically limit the production of that crop for the market. Beyond that limit a more valuable product must be raised. But the distance limit for profitable farming may be vastly extended by improved roads and improved means of hauling. Improvements of this kind tend to lessen the expense of hauling a load and thus make it profitable for farmers to haul from a greater distance. The average load varies in the different communities directly with the state of the roads. In some states the loads of a given crop are regularly twice as large as in other states, and thus the farmer in the state where the roads have been improved can haul a longer distance at a profit, and he also makes much more money when the distance is the same.

Again, the most remote farms from which a certain product is marketed in small quantities may be several days away from the market, and still the product marketed without loss, provided a part of the load is composed of something more valuable. This means that high-class dairy products have made it possible for a farmer in some cases in the west to profitably haul wheat and oats 100 miles, and cotton in the southwest 110 miles. But on every load there were enough dairy products which sold at a more or less fancy figure to make the long trip pay. One report from west of the Rocky mountains gives 165 miles as the distance wool is taken to the nearest shipping point, but wool is valuable enough to make even this long haul profitable for the farmer.

A FEW DON'TS.

Don't be reckless, especially in your lying.

Don't give to the Lord and then go out and rob a widow.

Don't acquire the borrowing habit, or the day will come when you will run out of friends.

Don't marry an indolent man expecting him to brace up, or you may have to take in washing to pay for the brace.

Don't be so mean minded that you can see no good in a man. He may be the first to loan you money in time of need.

Don't lay up everything for a rainy day and go hungry all through life. Besides, where you are going it may never rain.

Don't spread butter on both sides of your bread just because you have $3 in your pockets. An earthquake may come along and shake the change out of them.—Denver News.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.

Special Rates.

The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 25c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

THE NEWS
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Royal
Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DISTINCTIVELY A CREAM OF TARTAR BAKING POWDER

It does not contain an atom of phosphatic acid (which is the product of bones digested in sulphuric acid) or of alum (which is one-third sulphuric acid), unhealthful substances adopted for other baking powders because of their cheapness.

FARMERS EXCHANGE

Shareholders of the Company Held a Meeting Last Friday.

No Definite Action Was taken by the Farmers.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers Exchange was held in this city last Friday and a large number of farmers were in attendance. Those who had sold stock reported that about $2,000 worth of stock had been sold. The matter of building or buying an elevator was discussed at some length, but no definite action was taken. Andrew Trovaten, president of the association, stated that he had received a letter from L. D. Marshall, of the National Elevator company stating that his company would sell their elevator in this city to the Farmers Exchange at the actual cost of the building and this proposition met with much favor. As the shareholders of the Farmers Exchange had no definite offer from Mr. Marshall's company, they voted to offer the National Elevator company $1,400 for the elevator located as it is now, or $2,000 if it was removed to the site opposite Mayor Grundy's house.

It was further decided that if a new elevator was to be built, a site upon the Soo road would be chosen.

Married at Tacoma.

E. M. Hoff received a wire on Tuesday evening announcing the marriage of his eldest daughter, Selina, to Mr. Oscar A. Storaasli, of Tacoma. The ceremony was performed on last Tuesday evening at Tacoma, Washington, at the residence of the bride's uncle, John E. Burkee. The bride has been a resident of St. Hilaire since early childhood and is known and admired by everyone. She has hosts of warm friends who will rejoice in her marriage and wish all kinds of good luck and happiness.

The groom is not known here but we learn is a well known and respected resident of Tacoma. We are not informed as to the future intentions of the happy couple.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The people of the northwest corner of Mayfield township had a special school meeting last Saturday to vote on the question of where they would build their new schoolhouse. The site selected was on the southeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 7. The school board expects to have the necessary building in shape to open up a term of school by the first of June.—Plummer Pioneer.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Roseau Paper Says This Branch Will Be Extended Soon.

International Falls Said to Be the Destination of the Road.

Roseau Times: For the past year there has been considerable talk about the Great Northern building from Warroad to International Falls, and the report of such contemplated extension of the Thief River-Roseau branch to Koochiching Falls has in some instances eminated from official sources. It is expected that in a few weeks the work of laying the track from Greenbush on the completed grade to Badger, Roseau and Warroad will begin and the work pushed as rapidly as possible. The appearance of Great Northern surveyors at Warroad this week means something and from remarks dropped by the engineer while in Roseau enroute to Warroad, it can be stated that a preliminary survey is to be run from Warroad to International Falls before the frost leaves the ground. The Great Northern people are alive to the importance of occupying this territory with its immense wealth of timber and manufacturing possibilities, knowing that the road once built, would be a paying proposition from the start.

The Dairy Cow.

C. O. Carlson, of Erskine, who won the first prize in the Jim Hill contest last summer, spoke at Twin Valley recently and talked interestingly and in a business way about the dairy cow and how to handle and feed her. He stated that on his farm 41 cows are being milked this winter. The milk is weighed and tested the 1st and 15th of each month, samples taken and tested for butter fat. The figures for Feb. 1st are as follows: Pounds of milk for the day, 879.2. Percentage of butterfat, 4.1 or 36 pounds of butter. Price, 31c per pound, giving a daily income of $11.16 per day, or $334.80 per month. The cost of feeding the cows per month is $120.43, leaving a net profit of $214.37 per month. One object of weighing and testing the milk is to enable one to feed the cow the proper amount of grain, one third the amount in weight of the milk given. Another object is to enable one to know the relative values of his cows that the best ones may be kept and the poorer ones gotten rid of.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

SUIT BY THE GOVERNMENT.

Former Residents of Thief River Falls Sued for $18,461.

Timber Cut from Homestead Land in the Red Lake County.

The Crookston Journal of last Saturday contained the following item of local interest:

> Word was received here yesterday that upon the suggestion of the attorney general U. S. District Attorney Butterfield has filed an action at Milwaukee to recover the sum of $18,461 the value of timber alleged to have been cut from public lands in Wisconsin and Minnesota.
>
> The defendants in the actions are James and Patrick Meehan formerly of Thief River Fall and the Thief River Falls Lumber company. The complaint recites the fact that the defendants during 1898 and 1899 cut timber from lands belonging to the government in the two states amounting to 2,735,000 feet.

The officers of the Thief River Falls Lumber company in this city state that no service has been made upon them regarding this suit, although it is probable that they may be made parties to the action. The suits are the result, it is said, of the purchase of pine from homesteaders in the Red Lake country a few years ago, and the pine was purchased before the homesteaders had made final proof. The Meehan's later sold the logs to the Thief River Falls Lumber company and for a number of years there have been rumors to the effect that suit would be brought.

PASTURE FOR DRUNKS.

It is to Be Supported by Percentage of Saloon License Receipts.

A state farm for inebriates is proposed in a bill introduced in the house last week by W. L. Hollister of Austin. The expense of the institution is to be borne by an assessment of 2 per cent of the amounts received by cities and counties from saloon licenses. The institution is to take in chronic cases, whether they be suffering from too much liquor, morphine, opium, cocaine, chloral or other narcotics.

The institution is to be under the state board of control, which is to purchase a suitable farm of 640 acres and equip it with the necessary buildings.

The bill makes provisions for the commitment of patients to the hospital by special examiners and for the release of those who are cured of the habit.

For Woman's Department.

Senator J. F. Calhoun introduced a bill to establish a woman's department of state, which shall be assigned an office in the state capitol.

The bill prepared recites, "the object of this department shall be the collection, gathering, systematizing, classifying, filing, tabulating, indexing and disseminating of information and knowledge relative to all questions, matters and things in which the women of this state are especially interested. All such matters shall be subject to inspection by the public examiner, and January 1 each year, the superintendent of this department shall make a printed or written report to the governor, covering in a general way all work done and expenditures made or incurred during the proceeding year."

Mrs. C. C. Whitney, wife of Capt. C. C. Whitney, of Marshall, is the initiative power behind the bill, and is named in the measure to be the first superintendent of the new department of state. She is to receive $1,800 a year, which shall include the cost of a stenographer. The bill says she shall act as head of the department until Feb. 1, 1909. The position shall then become appointive by the governor for two-year terms.

Mrs. Whitney says the governor has endorsed her bill. The measure carries an appropriation of $30,000.

Harry Ives a Papa.

Crookston Journal: Harry Ives, the genial editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator has been joshed more or less for years for being swelled up; but he certainly has full justification for being swelled up as on Wednesday there arrived at his home about the finest specimen of femininity that ever made its appearance in Northern Minnesota. The event was one of more than ordinary moment in St. Hilaire and the supply of cigars melted away so rapidly that rush orders were telegraphed to this city for more.

Mrs Ives and the little girl are both doing well and scores of friends thru out Northern Minnesota will extend congratulations and the proud appelation "papa" will be hitched in front of the name of the heavyweight editor with genuine satisfaction by the ink slobberers of the entire state.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDERTAKING.

LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

Advance Sale of Go-Carts.

Having purchased a large number of rubber tired folding go-carts, regularly sold at $2.75, while they last, our price, $1.85

We have a large number of oak drop-leaf breakfast tables, regular price $4, now $3.00

This Chair at 49c

See us before buying anything in our line.

Remember the auction sale on the south side of onr building every Saturday afternoon.

Bring in what you have to sell. Terms of sale: Under $10, cash, over that amount approved paper.

H. M. HICKS, Auctioneer.

List of Grand Jurors.

The following is a list of the Grand Jurors down for the March term of court:

Alfred Olson, Bray.
John Beaudro, Red Lake Falls.
Ed. Whaley, St. Hilaire.
Adolph Zutz, Louisville.
E. J. Akerlund, Bray.
John Banner, Silverton.
John Sorenson, Thief River Falls.
Sam Pemon, Polk Centre.
Rusell Vance, Louisville.
John Luxemberger, Lake Pleasent.
Napollon Pouliot, Red Lake Falls.
Noah Wolf, "
Henry Rondarf, Rocksbury.
Ellof Gravelie, Norden.
John O. Valie, Numedahl.
Gustaf Johnson, Sanders.
Joe Helm Jr, Red Lake Falls.
John Westerland, Gervais.
Peter Johnson, River Falls.
Halvor Olson, Numedahl.
Jule Lizee, Terrebonne.
Karl Hundredmark, Red Lake Falls.
Carl Sorenson, Garnes.

Made Iron Excitement.

For several years it has been known that there were iron deposits in the eastern part of Becker county, but it has not been known if the metal existed in paying quantities. During the past year certain interests have been making a thorough investigation into the subject.

Within the past two or three weeks many tracts of land in the eastern townships of Becker county have either been purchased outright or have been secured under option and land prices have in consequence advanced rapidly and land owners in that vicinity are afraid to sell their land or give options on it. Some of the land sold has brought double the actual value of farming purposes.

Clover Leaf.

Nice winter weather, 30 above zero feels better than 30 below.

Joe Hurdy was at Germantown, Tuesday for a load of oats.

A sack of coal was lost between Clover Leaf and Silvertown. The name on the sack was D. P. McLeod.

C. A Hurt visited O. Rak on Tuesday.

F. I. Staak was visiting in Clover Leaf Tuesday.

Mr. O. Rak visited the Hurdy family Monday.

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant. Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

Railroad Men Interested.

Local railroad men are quite interested in the demand for a new wage schedule which is being made by all the railroad employes throughout the United States and Canada. The new schedule means an increase of about 15 per cent in the wages of the trainmen and also that nine hours shall constitute a days work. The nine hour day is not favored by the railroad managers and the the matter may result in a general strike throughout the country. On March 25 the representatives of the labor organizations and the railroad managers will meet in Chicago and settle the matter.

John George Fairbanks Dead.

John George Fairbanks, died at his home at White Earth Monday morning at one o'clock after an illness of some years with rheumatism.

Mr. Fairbanks was forty-four years of age at the time of his death and has lived the greater part of his life in the White Earth country. He leaves a wife and four children the oldest about fourteen years old, to mourn his untimely demise. Mr. Fairbanks was employed as clerk at the store of his uncle, Ben Fairbanks, at White Earth, until his illness prevented him from working. He was a man well and favorably known to his associates.

The funeral was held Tuesday morning at ten o'clock from the Catholic church at White Earth and interment was made in the cemetery there.

The farmers in the Prinsberg district meet every Saturday afternoon and discuss matters of especial importance to them, such as good roads, the markets, methods in farming, etc. We will wager that those farmers are on the road to quick and sure prosperity. They are trying to profit by each others mistakes as well as successes, and if farmers in every other neighborhood would follow their example it would be a great thing for our state.—Exchange.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year: four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

A Bargain Offer **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** Daily and Sunday and MAHER & GROSH Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

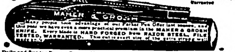

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months & Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60. Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months & Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40. Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

The News: $1 per Year.

LEGEND OF THE GARTER.

Contradictory Versions of the Foundation of the Order.

I know, as every schoolboy knows, the legend that a certain Countess of Salisbury dropped her garter at a ball and that the king, picking it up amid the smiles of courtiers, handed it to her with the happy and now immortal phrase, "Honi soit qui mal y pense." But this legend, I recalled, had had to go the way of the story of King Alfred and the cakes, the story of William Tell and the apple and many another pretty fairy tale of history. At last I went to Sir Nicholas Harris Nicolas' "History of the Orders of Knighthood," where I found a delightful mass of contradictory authority produced.

The tale of the ensign and name of the order were first told by Polydore Vergil (1470-1555), who wrote in the time of Henry VII. and Henry VIII. and who said that the lady was "the queen or the king's mistress." Segar, whose work, "Honor, Military and Civil," appeared in 1602, 250 years after the order was founded, was the first to say that it was the Countess of Salisbury. Other writers say that it was the Countess of Kent. John Anstis (1669-1744), garter king of arms, who published several heraldic works, ridicules the whole story. He confesses that an author of Henry VI.'s time, who wrote in Latin and whose work is now entirely lost, upheld it.

Raphael Hollinshed, a chronicler, who died in 1580, tells the story in detail and says the lady was the queen, which surely rather spoils the significance of the legend. Sir Harris Nicolas himself thinks the story is not improbable, although he urges the fact that Jean Froissart, who is the best contemporary authority on the reign of Edward III., while he has much to say about the order in his hundredth chapter, does not refer to it, and Nicholas admits that this tells very much against the supposed origin of the story, but Froissart may have thought the matter too trivial to relate. By the way, I feel very much aggrieved that G. C. Macaulay in the abridged volume of Froissart that he published through the Macmillans should have ruthlessly cut this hundredth chapter.

It is not, I may add, claimed that the incident caused the foundation of the Order of the Garter, but only that it gave Edward III. the idea for naming the order which he had resolved to found in any case. In the absence of any other solution than that which rests on these shadowy foundations I think we may still go on accepting the pretty legend, but I repeat my expression of dissatisfaction with the popular histories that they should leave such matters as this severely alone.—London Sphere.

One of the Wonders of Physics.

An experienced mechanic who was asked what he regarded as the most wonderful thing for general utility replied: "The tracking of a car wheel is the most wonderful thing to me in the whole range of science and invention. Here are two rails, uphill and downhill, round the sharp curves and along false tangents, and upon them fly at more than a mile a minute, without jar or jostle, a dozen heavy cars drawn by an engine weighing sixty tons. Passengers realize no danger, yet there is only the little flange of a wheel between them and eternity. An inch and a half of steel turned up on the inner side of the wheel holds up the whole train as securely to the rails as if it were bolted there in grooves."

Hide Your Fruit Trees.

As lawn specimens fruit trees are nearly always disappointing. They have more insect enemies and fungous diseases than first class ornamental trees and shrubs. If you spray them they are unsightly; if you do not your lawn is covered with wormy fruits, which look bad and smell worse. The peach is a short lived, delicate tree which is particularly subject to San Jose scale. Plums and cherries are sure to yield wormy fruit unless you jar the curculios out of them long before breakfast or unless you let the chickens run beneath the trees. Both are violent suppositions for a home lawn.—Country Life In America.

A Natural Inference.

For no other reason than that his poultry book told him to feed lime he slavishly fed lime and asked himself no questions.

The hens were variously affected.

The Leghorns found difficulty in keeping their hot Italian blood from open revolt. The Cochins, with true oriental apathy, said it was fate anyway. But the old Plymouth Rock had the American sense of humor.

"He thinks we're going to lay bricks," she cackled.—Puck.

No Back Action.

Mr. Gladstone knew how to admit that he was in the wrong. On one occasion he did so candidly and handsomely, as becomes a gentleman. But he preferred to keep clear of the necessity for apologies and had scant belief in their efficacy. "You can't unpull a man's nose," he once said to his private secretary, Sir Algernon West.

Knew How It Was.

"I presume you spend all you make?"

"No; I don't spend a tenth of it."

"Then you must have a nice little balance in the bank?"

"Nope, not a cent."

"Shake, old chap. I'm married myself."—Houston Post.

Had Heard Papa Say It.

The Schoolteacher—Willie, can you tell me the meaning of leisure? The Bright Pupil—It's the place where married people repent.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Power exercised with violence has seldom been of long duration, but temper and moderation generally produce permanence in all things.—Seneca.

PENGUINS FEEDING.

The Change That Takes Place When They Enter the Water.

The appearance of the keeper of the penguins at the zoo, with his pail of live gudgeon, is the signal for sudden and intense excitement in the cages. The penguins wave their little flippers and waddle to the door, whence they peer eagerly down the wooden steps leading to the pool. The cormorant croaks and sways from side to side, and the darters poise their snaky heads and spread their batlike wings. At the water's edge the penguins do not launch themselves upon the surface like other water fowl, but instantly plunge beneath.

Once below water an astounding change takes place. The slow, ungainly bird is transferred into a swift and brilliant creature, beaded with globules of quicksilver, where the air clings to the close feathers, and, flying through the clear and waveless depths with arrowy speed and powers of turning far greater than in any known form of aerial flight. The rapid and steady strokes of the wings are exactly similar to those of the air birds, while its feet float straight out level with the body, unused for propulsion or even as rudders and as little needed in its progress as those of a wild duck when on the wing.

The twists and turns necessary to follow the active little fish are made wholly by the strokes of one wing and the cessation of movement in the other, and the fish are chased, caught and swallowed without the slightest relaxation of speed in a submarine flight which is quite as rapid as that of most birds which take their prey in midair. In less than two minutes some thirty gudgeon are caught and swallowed below water, the only appearance of the birds on the surface being made by one or two bounds from the depths, when the head and shoulders leap above the surface for a second and then disappear.

Any attempt to remain on the surface leads to ludicrous splashing and confusion, for the submarine bird cannot float. It can only fly below the surface. Immediately the meal is finished both penguins scramble out of the water and shuffle with round backs and drooping wings back to their cage to dry and digest.—London Spectator.

YOUTHFUL WARRIORS.

Pizarro completed the conquest of Peru at thirty-five and died at forty.

Cortez effected the conquest of Mexico and completed his military career before the age of thirty-six.

The great Condé defeated the Spaniards at Rocroi at twenty-two and won all his military fame before the age of twenty-five.

Peter the Great of Russia was proclaimed czar at ten years of age, organized a large army at twenty, won the victory at Embach at thirty, founded St. Petersburg at thirty-one and died at the age of fifty-five.

Napoleon was a major at twenty-four, general of brigade at twenty-five and commander in chief of the army of Italy at twenty-six. He achieved all his victories and was finally overthrown before the age of forty-one.

Frederick the Great ascended the throne at twenty-eight, terminated the first Silesian war at thirty and the second at thirty-three. Ten years later, with a population of but 5,000,000, he triumphed over a league of more than 100,000,000 people.

British Army Red Tape.

A letter of instruction said to have been sent to a British army officer, who reported that Private Blank had lost his greatcoat, runs as follows: "The calculation of the value of a lost greatcoat should be made by deducting the value when worn out from the value when new, as given in article 75, 1865, clothing warrant, dividing the remainder by the number of months the garment should wear, multiplying the quotient by the number of months the garment has actually been worn and subtracting the sum thus obtained from the total value of the new greatcoat. The balance is the amount that should be charged."

A Sort of No Man's Land.

Australia's least known and least developed section is the northern territory. It is a sort of no man's land. Its capital, Palmerston, contains more Chinese than Caucasians and is the only place in greater Britain where the Mongolian is the master and the white man the servant. The climate is very trying to whites, and the aboriginal blacks are of a fierce and sanguinary disposition. Vast herds of buffalo, the descendants of a few experimentally liberated a century ago, roam over the plains, and the place will some day, it is believed, be a sportsman's paradise.

"Will Return Early."

Mr. Rounder (tenderly)—Do you remember, dear, during our courting days how I used to tell you the "old, old story"?

Mrs. Rounder—Yes, and you still tell me the old, old story.

Mr. Rounder (in surprise)—When, dear?

Mrs. Rounder—When you start for the club.—Chicago News.

Modern Existence.

To dress better, live better and occupy better houses that are better furnished forces men to work harder and longer than their predecessors did. The result of this is that the ordinary man is separated from his wife and family almost as much as if he were absent.—Truth.

Want to Know the Reason Why.

Costigue—It's funny that some people are never satisfied to know a thing is so and so, but must ask the why and wherefore. Sappy—Yes. I wonder why it is.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

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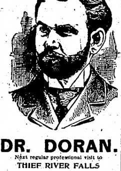

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, April 3rd, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken.—Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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First Class In All Respects.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 5, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4, & E. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 19 in Tp. 154 N. of R. 41 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sievart A Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " "
Ole Hulmen " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

feb 28 mar 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, February 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charles P. Quist of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commuted proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 23, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 25, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J M Bishop Municipal Judge of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Fall, Minn., on April 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hans P. Rued, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Bauer, " " " "
H. H. Blackey, " " " "
John T. Coan, " " " "

R J MONTAGUE,
Register.

feb 28 mar 28

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Johnson Rendal, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Magnus Rendal and Anna Maria Rendal and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 8th day of February 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

SEAL

feb 14 28

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION

IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

W. J. LA BREE

Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Mathilde Rubnke widow of August Rubnke, deceased, of Germantown, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 26, 1904, for the Lots 7 & 8, Sec. 30, T 155 N., R 41 W. S.½ N. W. ¼ Lots 3, 4, Section 2, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 19, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Cook, of Germantown, Minnesota
William Vaughan, " " "
N. Sandlund, " " "
Albert Bonrer, " " "

feb 7 mar 14

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

No. 105—Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Rock Fortier, deceased.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rock Fortier, decedent.

Letters of administration with the will annexed this day having been granted to Lucius S. Miller,

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the sixteenth day of August, 1907, at eleven o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court rooms at the court house at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated February 11th, 1907.

N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

SEAL

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Estate,
Crookston, Minn.

Feb. 21-Mar. 7.

Current School Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1906	$ 837 25
State apportionment	14752 03
Interest penalties and costs	1424 22
Tax collections	663 03
Fines	80 00
Total	$ 17756 53

DISBURSEMENTS.

Apportionment to school districts	$ 16465 39
Credit balance Jan. 2, 1907	1291 14
Total	$ 17756 53

Taxes and Penalties Account.

RECEIPTS.

Credit balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$10250 45
Current tax collections	114365 72
Delinquent tax collections	14024 12
Interest, penalties and costs on current taxes	1285 98
Total	$139926 27

DISBURSEMENTS.

Taxes and penalties distributed	$133264 97
Refunding orders	34 04
Balance undistributed	6657 26
Total	$139956 27

Warrants Account.

RECEIPTS.

Warrants outstanding, Jan. 2 1906	$ 784 70
Warrants issued in 1906	175007 81
Total	$175792 51

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants redeemed in 1906	$171704 35
Warrants outstanding December 31, 1906	4088 16
Total	$175792 51

State Revenue and School Fund

RECEIPTS

Tax collections	$8921 29
Hunters licenses	130 50
Overdrawn	1 70
Total	$9053 49

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit balance, Jan 2, 1906	$ 1 81
Warrants issued	9046 34
Refunding orders	5 34
Total	$9053 49

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8899	State of Minnesota	$ 65 51
9218	"	2880 17
9219	"	130 50
9615	"	4034 08
10125	"	1906 08
	Total	$9046 34

State Lands and Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS

Credit balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$ 362 16
Collections	7808 08
Total	$ 8200 24

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 7875 42
Credit balance, Jan 2, 1907	324 82
Total	$ 8200 24

Warrants Issued

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9016	State of Minnesota	$ 7009 94
10124	"	473 49
9220	"	391 99
	Total	$ 7875 42

Refunding Account.

RECEIPTS.

Amount charged back	$ 117 28
Balance warrants outstanding	12 85
Total	$ 130 13

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants issued	$ 119 98
Debit balance Jan. 2, 1906	10 15
Total	$ 130 13

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
6373	John Berry	$ 7 57
6380	Henry Reese	8 61
6486	W W Pritchard	2 47
6489	F H Wellcome	12 84
6620		9 82
6624	Mrs M Walters	1 40
6635	T R F Lmbr Co	5 48
6780	M E Bjerk	19 06
6740	Emery Dion	10 30
6771	W W Pritchard	9 53
10034	Gunder B Regland	11 53
10046	Matt Saala	14 57
10056	Dennis Cyr	5 80
	Total	$ 119 98

School Districts Fund

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
[illegible]	Peter Thune	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chas G Sall	[illegible]
[illegible]	Andrew Soderberg	[illegible]
[illegible]	Jacob Boutain	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED—Continued

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9127	Frank Hagl	65 68
9128	Henry Granum	166 64
9129	M Winberg	158 64
9131	Max Perras	142 42
9147	Eli Lasha	60 47
9149	M P Bakken	144 84
9151	Lars P Brandrud	162 24
9159	Jacob Boutain	112 43
9183	Max Perras	50 00
9185	B O Haga	106 18
9186	Chas G Sall	229 63
9190	A J Homstad	141 89
9191	Emil Zeh	1650 00
9194	T A Crompe	1092 00
9195	Charles Perrault	160 68
9196	C F Elvidge	30 00
9197	John A Reinschmidt	24 00
9199	Ludvig Weiss	54 77
9211	August Nordlund	148 79
9212	Rasmus I Aaseby	105 92
9213	Swan Walhaug	157 58
9216	Michael Kees	58 00
9217	Ole E Helgeland	45 42
9224	Bengt Swenson	103 71
9225	August Soderberg	112 63
9228	O F Stenhammer	115 59
9267	Joseph Robideaux	76 57
9268	Narcisse Robideaux	328 37
9278	Joseph Laurent	101 11
9287	Geo Marchildon	70 71
9289	J F Mathews	179 42
9290	Martin Foldoe	105 80
9294	Joseph Pigeon	242 64
9295	Emery Dion	63 58
9296	Ole Larson	206 39
9298	Arthur Archambeault	91 53
9300	August Swenson	90 01
9302	Ford Gother	137 20
9306	Amelia Miller	66 00
9307	Otto L Bakken	72 08
9309	K K Sannes	48 00
9312	Ole O Lee	111 62
9313	Regis Gagnon	214 68
9314	John Powers	34 00
9317	A E Anderson	58 66
9319	O M Peterson	144 12
9320	Anton Peterson	166 97
9321	Andrew Anderson	165 82
9322	Sam Person	104 05
9325	John Jacobson	82 37
9328	Ralphael Trudeau	49 13
9330	A O Davidson	191 65
9337	Joseph Brohman	198 67
9349	Carl Gerlach	48 00
9355	Alfred Dahlstrom	85 45
9356	Chas Seeger	62 85
9357	Louis Falardeau	462 60
9360	Annie Carriere	24 27
9367	Alfred Brunelle	34 60
9370	Peter Thune	112 00
9373	Ellef Gravlie	135 59
9377	Andrew Soderberg	70 00
9457	John A Reinschmidt	60 00
9458	Fred Anderson	188 78
9484	Thomas Crompe	1000 00
9490	A Welo	123 05
9497	G Swenson	107 84
9498	Gust Bergren	33 57
9501	Ludwig Weiss	50 00
9508	Ole O Slettvold	58 38
9514	John Kelberg	71 01
9515	Joseph Martell	127 33
9519	Joseph Laurent	191 57
9522	B C Haga	102 00
9524	Martin Foldoe	138 31
9526	Emil E Zeh	5501 28
9527	Octave Beauchene	265 97
9532	Narcisse Robidoux	280 00
9533	Jacob Boutain	187 62
9536	Michael Kees	63 10
9537	John A Reinschmidt	128 73
9541	Aug Soderberg	171 61
9544	Fred Anderson	146 01
9543	Emery Dion	108 86
9544	Andrew Soberberg	103 21
9545	A Welo	151 60
9546	Eli Lasha	32 35
9548	C F Stenhammer	167 98
9549	Frank Hagl	169 78
9550	A E Anderson	105 80
9552	Max Perras	108 84
9554	Arthur Archambeault	157 20
9555	Amelia Miller	176 16
9556	Thomas Crompe	1569 83
9559	L C Cadieux	480 35
9561	Henry Granum	250 07
9562	Andrew Boden	104 83
9578	Geo Marchildon	89 10
9578	George Charest	250 18
9581	O M Peterson	18 24
9584	Chas G Sall	291 33
9588	Joseph Robidoux	110 02
9589	Ole Larson	142 04
9592	M Winberg	201 67
9595	State of Minnesota	803 02
9597	Regis Gagnon	104 20
9602	Louis Weiss	43 28
9603	Charles Perrault	101 29
9610	H Haupt	211 15
9611	R I Aaseby	135 47
9612	Otto L Bakken	128 28
9618	Lars P Brandrud	148 44
9622	August Swenson	184 05
9623	Joseph Brohmann	140 01
9628	John Power	91 52
9629	A J Hemstad	85 01
9632	Bengt Swenson	72 00
9637	Louis Falardeau	224 37
9644	Lionel Gouthier	316 63
9649	C F Elvidge	[illegible]
9722	K K Sannes	125 96
9724	A S Anderson	150 68
9727	Alfred Brunelle	62 80
9746	Swan Walhaug	128 46
9770	Ferd Gother	102 45
9773	L P Thyren	155 90
9775	Chas Seeger	122 24
9778	E M Hoff	1001 11
9783	Marius Miller	251 81
9787	J F Mathews	152 98
9788	A A Odegaard	268 82
9789	August Nordlund	137 01
9802	John Johnson	51 78
9807	John Jacobson	140 21
9808	Carl Gerlach	201 53
9810	Emil E Zeh	1000 00
9816	John S Hanson	250 61
9820	J F Mathews	26 00
9841	John A Reinschmidt	50 00
9845	G Swenson	146 00
9847	Ellef Gravlie	90 44
9853	P O Gorden	50 00
9857	Alfred Dahlstrom	110 70
9858	Joseph Pigeon	108 62
9860	James Jones	131 10
9863	Ole Overum	4 88
9880	Joseph Laurent	100 00
9888	Thomas A Crompe	1100 00
9889	Michael Kees	30 00
9890	Andrew T Nelson	69 16
9999	A J Hemstad	31 87
10000	J F Mathews	154 04
10001	A E Anderson	34 58
10002	Sam Person	100 30
10003	T A Crompe	1244 88
10004	Michael Kees	79 04
10005	Eli Lasha	57 17
10008	Raphael Trudeau	70 46
10009	Emil E Zeh	2267 56
10010	H J Hastvet	101 21
10011	Amelia Miller	100 57
10014	Anton Petterson	119 24
10014	B C Haga	70 70
10016	Arthur Archambeault	32 11
10017	Max Perras	74 10
10018		144 83
10020	Thomas A Crompe	1090 00
10023	John A Reinschmidt	106 65
10030	M P Bakken	242 36
10031	A S Anderson	134 63
10032	Joseph Pigeon	101 74
10037	Chas Perrault	181 68
10038	Regis Gagnon	142 81
10045	Jos Laurent	301 21
10050	Octave Beauchine	161 13
10051	Chas Seeger	121 76
10052	Andrew Solerberg	229 37
10064	Fred Anderson	205 10
10065	C F Stenhammer	162 87
10067	A E Anderson	30 55
10069	Arthur Archambeault	98 83
10060	Ole O Lee	218 63
10061	Alfred Dahlstrom	76 63
10062	Emery Dion	64 75
10064	L C Cadieux	606 31
10066	Rasmus Aaseby	37 40
10067	Gust Berggren	20 71
10068	P O Sorlom	24 64
10069	H J Hastvet	18 04
10071	Thor Skaar	16 84
10072	Otto L Bakken	132 62
10073	Joseph Brohman	111 40
10074	M Winberg	225 61
10075	P O Gorden	96 16
10076	Lars P Brandrud	112 76
10078	John Power	174 71
10079	Aug Soderberg	174 19
[illegible]	T G Helie	[illegible]
[illegible]	O H Langlie	[illegible]
[illegible]	Edward Seeger	[illegible]
[illegible]	Henry Granum	[illegible]
[illegible]	Narcisse Robidoux	[illegible]
[illegible]	O M Peterson	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ole O Slettevold	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED—Continued

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
10350	A J Hemstad	$ 42 89
10351	Louis Weiss	68 88
10354	Swan E Walhaug	101 46
10309	Chas G Sall	213 28
	Total	$ 60715 30

Town, City and Village Fund.

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8785	Merchant State Bank of Red Lake Falls	$ 90 00
8786	Merchant State Bank of Red Lake Falls	30 00
8791	Louis Falardeau	271 99
8803	Leonard Holmes	156 49
8880	Merchant State Bank of Red Lake Falls	150 00
8884	Joseph Marcotte	186 68
8887	Elias P Joringdal	74 58
8908	Aug Soderberg	193 29
8942	Albert Anderson	73 25
8943	R C Jefferson	60 00
8958	Wm Sharper	255 85
9044	L C Cadieux	351 33
9116	JohnG Hagen	146 59
9119	Leonard Holmes	1631 89
9162	Ovide Emard	2418 44
9214	Cyrille Lusier	240 55
9271	J W Wallin	2732 70
9272	O L Larson	180 08
9273	Nels O Nora	175 02
9274	R C Jefferson	60 00
9275		210 00
9280	Henry J Enderle	350 01
9282	John Linnertz	242 62
9283	Edward E Havik	319 16
9284	Aug Soderberg	60 42
9286	Wm Scharper	207 22
9291	Ed A Aubol	331 31
9301	August Swenson	215 49
9310	O G Skreland	293 13
9311	Elias Jorlngdal	103 73
9316	Albert Anderson	120 00
9318	A E Anderson	281 84
9344	Christ Larson	85 81
9318	H P Kolseth	121 64
9358	Louis Falardeau	430 78
9365	Chas P Quist	81 20
9368	Joseph Marcotte	380 11
9450	P E Smidesang	370 01
9540	Albert Anderson	344 82
9547	Cyrille Lussier	433 14
9551	A E Anderson	623 16
9557	Aug Soderberg	190 91
9558	Oscar G Skreland	432 19
9564	George Orr	747 00
9575	Ovide Emard	2158 72
9579	R C Jefferson	60 00
9580	"	90 00
9581	Leonard Holmes	830 48
9590	O L Larson	471 48
9598	J W Wallin	4254 87
9604	Wm Scharper	542 40
9621	Edward E Havik	424 65
9629	August Swenson	499 60
9631	Henry J Enderle	224 39
9636	Louis Falardeau	814 51
9638		250 00
9643	H R Kolseth	243 07
9652	Nils Nora	422 32
9723	Christ Larson	55 06
9729	John G Hagen	533 05
9765	John Linnertz	455 58
9774	E A Aubol	678 46
9776	L C Cadieux	787 38
9872	Joseph Marcotte	511 81
9887	P E Smidesang	368 47
10035	Cyrille Lussier	660 08
10041	J W Wallin	2600 32
10056	A E Anderson	150 55
10065	L C Cadieux	418 57
10070	Albert Anderson	148 25
10077	H R Kolseth	104 40
10088	Nels O Nora	163 40
10090	Edward E Havik	170 54
10097	O L Larson	88 86
10098	Leonard Holmes	111 21
10113	August Swenson	170 10
10126	Henry J Enderle	41 80
10127	John G Hagen	108 20
10330	Aug Soderberg	63 08
10332	Ovide Emard	1382 19
10348	Oscar G Skrelund	84 78
9122	George Orr	258 97
9624	Elias P Joringdal	419 70
	Total	$ 38180 96

Financial Condition of Red Lake County, December 31, 1906.

ASSETS.

Taxes of 1905 and prior years, county funds	$ 12360 36
Taxes for 1906 county funds	37311 88
Cash in treasury	9543 79
Total	$ 59252 03

LIABILITIES.

Warrants outstanding, county funds	$ 3231 02
Excess of assets over liabilities	56021 00
Total	$ 59252 03

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1906.

Real estate	$2290462 00
Personal property	817082 00
Total	$3107464 00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY.

Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 3 of Champagne & Dow's addition, and lots 13 and 14, blk 1, Longevin's subdivision of church block in Red Lake Falls	$ 9000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	4000 00
Total	$ 13000 00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

8 per cent Funding Bonds	$ 10000 00
4 per cent " "	20000 00
4½ per cent " "	14300 00
4 per cent Jail Bonds	3000 00
Polk County Bonds	6339 13
Total	$ 56339 13
DRAINAGE BONDS OF RED LAKE COUNTY	$ 107500 00

5,000 Rifles FREE TO BOYS

SEND NO MONEY

Just send us your name and address so that we may tell you how to get this fine rifle Absolutely FREE.

YOU CAN HAVE ONE

[illegible]

BE SURE and WRITE AT ONCE

[illegible]

Peoples Popular Monthly,
[illegible] Arcade Building,
DES MOINES, IOWA.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1906	Receipts from all tax collections and licenses	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Refunded	Debit balance January 2, 1906	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1907
Numedal	74 58	615 52	690 10	598 01			92 09
Norden		792 39	792 39	792 39			
North	193 29	386 87	580 16	513 70			66 46
Bray	139 37	916 18	1055 55	1055 55			
Sanders	97 84	824 72	922 56	741 23			181 33
Rocksbury	82 25	1445 90	1528 15	1009 77			518 38
Polk Center	145 65	849 71	995 36	775 38			219 98
Black River	72 25	619 07	691 32	691 32			
River Falls	15 96	869 57	885 53	885 53			
Wyandotte	200 67	532 36	733 03	470 01			263 02
Louisville	186 68	1230 72	1417 40	1078 60			338 80
Red Lake Falls twp.	174 50	999 14	1173 64	938 50			235 14
Gervais	513 84	1361 86	1875 70	1006 03			869 67
Emardville		848 80	848 80	848 80			
Garnes	134 53	745 11	879 64	780 10			99 54
Equality		914 35	914 35	916 47		2 12	
Lake Pleasant	313 01	1112 70	1425 71	1005 53			420 18
Terrebonne	33 58	1527 11	1560 69	1560 69			
Poplar River		1349 19	1349 19	1351 07		1 88	
Lambert	271 99	1916 60	2188 59	1767 20			421 39
St. Hilaire village	156 49	2581 58	2738 07	2738 07			
Thief River Falls cty	478 16	10133 24	10611 40	9657 98			953 42
Red Lake Falls city	144 86	6443 20	6588 06	6477 24			110 82
Silverton		81 70	81 70	81 20			50
Smiley		165 28	165 28	140 89			24 39
Vil. of Plummer		625 20	625 20	625 20			
Total	$3429 52	$39888 07	$43317 59	$38506 48		$4 00	$4815 11

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

Number of District	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1906	Received from state apportionment and tax collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payment to State Treasurer on account of State School Fund	Debit balance Jan. 2, 1907	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1907
1		380 15	380 15	380 15			
2	46 85	342 31	389 16	285 80			103 36
3	55 82	237 26	293 08	155 09		*5 01	129 98
4		206 93	206 93	206 93			
5	63 68	140 67	204 35	164 83			39 52
6	24 57	301 06	325 63	286 21			39 42
7	10	241 09	241 19	244 44		3 25	
8	21 82	336 81	358 63	285 64			72 99
9	250 95	550 69	801 64	701 08	8 75		91 81
10	193 02	804 22	997 24	997 24			
11		417 80	417 80	413 44			4 36
12	10 47	441 23	451 70	327 34			124 36
13		344 77	344 77	348 93		4 16	
14		270 70	270 70	270 70			
15		10613 00	10613 00	10622 10		9 10	
16		651 67	651 67	651 67			
17	91 21	548 54	612 75	391 50	60 00		188 10
18		19887 24	19887 24	16122 07			3765 17
19		330 55	330 55	330 55			
20	25 56	348 62	374 18	366 38	5 60		2 20
21	163 76	106 23	269 99				269 99
22	50	633 66	634 16	529 44			104 72
23		391 61	391 61	391 79		18	
24	29 26	306 13	335 39	228 62			106 77
25		458 45	458 45	458 45			
26		102 13	102 13	102 13			
27	124 00	586 24	710 24	501 78	60 00		88 46
32	01	443 55	443 56	443 56			
36	115 66	389 53	505 19	358 32			146 87
40		174 60	174 60	174 60			
43		277 96	277 96	276 96			1 00
45		48 97	48 97	48 97			
48		73 06	73 06	73 06			
49		331 90	331 90	235 46			96 44
54	24 85	361 70	386 55	565 72		179 17	
63	89 16	587 22	676 38	676 38			
73		397 69	397 69	274 65			123 01
76	189 10	819 40	1008 50	686 97			321 53
79	68 16	1390 27	1458 43	1275 91	92 80		89 72
80		482 90	482 90	482 90			
81		931 17	931 17	873 89			57 28
88	68 08	336 85	404 93	404 93			
94		528 41	528 41	345 90			182 51
99		303 68	303 68	265 01			38 67
102	14 88	4081 50	4096 38	2265 66	40 00		1790 72
103		737 22	737 22	720 17			17 05
104		300 47	300 47	293 78			7 69
108	55 41	65 44	120 85	55 41			65 44
112	4 41	555 02	559 43	561 70		2 27	
115	47 67	365 18	412 85	342 54			70 31
124		350 07	350 07	452 52		102 45	
125	66 07	357 35	423 42	423 42			
[illegible]		941 70	941 70	941 70			
127	135 51	377 13	512 64	512 64			
130		256 52	256 52	256 52			
133		342 77	342 77	340 57			2 20
135		431 31	431 31	431 31			
141	99 71	475 35	575 06	455 30	54 00		65 76
147	68 10	539 90	608 00	585 62	20 00		2 44
148	43 72	463 28	507 00	599 95	14 00	106 95	
149	16 22	282 57	298 79	298 79			
151	49 04	481 12	530 16	459 08	27 00		44 08
153	41 40	385 81	427 21	427 12			09
154	15 45	391 56	407 01	268 89			138 12
165	96 53	377 94	474 47	385 61	26 88		60 05
166	157 02	335 06	492 08	492 08			
167	08	353 55	353 63	347 93			5 70
178		400 37	400 37	400 37			
180		239 59	239 59	239 59			
191		144 58	144 58	128 59			15 99
194	25 61	337 92	363 53	279 18	54 00		33 35
204		182 70	182 70	182 70			
208		476 44	476 44	476 44			
210	62 48	456 50	518 98	254 20	162 00		102 78
214		321 18	321 18	321 18			
216		255 34	255 34	255 34			
219	49 39	77 53	126 92	126 92			
221	61 94	290 14	352 08	352 08			
227	111 91	432 62	544 53	322 96			221 57
228	114 82	361 01	475 83	316 93	15 75		143 15
233		377 37	377 37	377 37			
173	22 65	13 75	36 40				36 40
31		216 74	216 74	216 74			
[illegible]		153 33	153 33	153 33			
[illegible]		66 27	66 27	66 27			
[illegible]		99 76	99 76	99 76			
34		124 11	124 11	124 11			
35		15 44	15 44				15 44
37		81 45	81 45	81 45			
[illegible]		10 76	10 76				10 76
[illegible]		49 40	49 40				49 40
[illegible]		49 40	49 40				49 40
41		76 57	76 57	76 57			
42		20 64	20 64	20 64			
44		54 34	54 34				54 34
46		79 04	79 04	79 04			
47		69 16	69 16	69 16			
	$4983 57	$66593 94	$69577 51	$60144 74	$640 75	$407 53	$4403 52

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by the Board, and respectfully submitted to the taxpayers of Red Lake County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1907.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
ED. A. AUBOL,
DANIEL SHAW,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
JOSEPH PIGEON,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest:
JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
(Seal) County Auditor

Going for the Doctor

through the storm and darkness while the suffering one at home is in danger, perhaps of death, is a terrible trip. Why not have a good, sure family remedy in the house? One that has proven a life saver in thousands of cases during the last forty years.

Watkins' Vegetable Anodyne Liniment.

Think what a world of terror and anxiety was saved this man.

DISPENSES WITH DOCTORS.

[illegible]

Made only by
The J. R. Watkins Medical Company
WINONA, MINN., U. S. A.

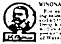

For sale by our traveling salesman whose name and address appear below. [illegible]

SUBTERRANEAN RIVERS.

Yucatan's Only Streams Flow Beneath Coral Rock.

There are no streams in Yucatan which flow above the ground, but the whole peninsula is one vast table of coral rock and beneath it are immense sheets of fresh water, with regular though ill defined tides and currents. Along the coasts these subterranean waters are quite near the surface, but in the interior, where the calcareous layer is of great thickness, the waters are low down. At intervals they break into caverns formed by earthquakes by pressure of their own force or by the infiltration of surface water into the natural grottoes of the coral rock and wherever the water can be reached, whether through artificial pits or by the operations of nature, the place is called a cenote. There are a great many of them scattered all over Yucatan, and those near Merida are utilized as public bathhouses, affording most refreshing resorts.

Centuries ago the Indians marked the courses of the subterranean rivers by heaps of stones and always built their cities close by the water caves, as their ruins show, and it is interesting to note to this day all the civilized centers of Yucatan have arisen around these natural reservoirs. There are many forms of cenotes. When the water flows at a slight depth and the calcareous layer has been only partially eaten away there follows an irregular sinking, which forms a cave, opening from side to side, but when the crust is thicker and the underground stream has a regular course the soil is generally corroded in a circular space and the vault thus formed, lacking support, falls in, making an immense open wall. Often the crust is so deep that the soft parts only crumble down, leaving a small aperture toward the top, fashioning a real grotto, with stalactites and stalagmites galore. Again, it happens that the crust is exceedingly thick, when a colossal subterranean passage, like a tunnel, is formed. In short, all the variations which an undisturbed stream may produce in a friable soil by the silent work of ages may be here witnessed. The cenote of which I write is a natural cavern nearly fifty feet deep, broken down at one side, thus forming a gigantic arch. Within it appears every form of stalagmite and stalactite, and its roof is perforated with holes, in which are thousands of birds' and hornets' nests. At the bottom of it, reached by a flight of stone steps from the charming garden above, is an extensive sheet of clear, fresh water, containing a multitude of tiny fish (Pescado cenote) similar to those found in the Mammoth cave of Kentucky, only these are not eyeless. The overhanging roots of trees fringe its broken arch, affording shelter to innumerable lizards and iguanas, which dart along the ledges like embodied sunbeams, while above them countless swallows circle in masses so dense that the whirring of their wings produces a deafening noise, echoed from below in hollow reverberations.

The Italian Baby.

No infant receives a warmer welcome to the world or is more happily born than the Italian baby. No infant is the object of more caresses or is more fondly admired. Indeed, no matter how poor the mother and father may be, no matter how large the family, they have very merry times when another son or daughter comes to them. The neighbors are invited in, a feast is prepared, a gallon or two of cheap wine is procured, and the merriment sometimes lasts several days. The Italian considers there are only three great events in the life of man—namely, his birth, marriage and death. These three events never pass without a gorgeous and elaborate celebration. In this simple way they strive to carry out the tender life lesson: "When you were born you wept while those around you smiled. So live that when you die you alone may smile and those around you weep." And so they laugh and drink wine and [illegible] for they believe it will have [illegible] effect upon the life of the [illegible] form soon to take its place [illegible] them.—London Standard.

Machinery of Memory.

The machinery of memory was thus interestingly described by an authority on the brain: "The act of remembering something," he said, "involves a distinct change in the brain substance. The thing to be remembered is recorded by a little nerve cell. The first time the cell does its work an impression is made upon it. But that impression is apt to wear off unless the action of the cell is repeated, and the oftener this is the case the more fixed becomes the impression, or 'cell memory,' as it is called. Suppose that the work of this particular cell is to enable you to recognize a certain smell. If the impression is made but once, the cell may fail to retain it, but if it is repeated several times a lasting impression will be made, and you will recognize the particular odor when you meet with it again."

Southern Wit.

In the early days of the civil war, says Mrs. D. G. Wright in "A Southern Girl In '61," many northern senators were especially violent in their denunciations of the seceding states, occasionally much to the amusement of their listeners.

On one occasion a western senator ended a speech by declaring that were certain threatened events to occur he would "leave this country and join some other nation. Even the Comanches he would prefer to this government in such a case."

Senator Wigfall of Texas rose in answer and stated in a tone of grave remonstrance that he trusted the senator would consider well before he took such a step, "for the Comanches had already suffered too much from contact with the whites."

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE: 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

LEGEND OF THE GARTER.

Contradictory Versions of the Foundation of the Order.

I knew, as every schoolboy knows, the legend that a certain Countess of Salisbury dropped her garter at a ball and that the king, picking it up amid the smiles of courtiers, handed it to her with the happy and now immortal phrase, "Honi soit qui mal y pense." But this legend, I recalled, had had to go the way of the story of King Alfred and the cakes, the story of William Tell and the apple and many another pretty fairy tale of history. At last I went to Sir Nicholas Harris Nicolas' "History of the Orders of Knighthood," where I found a delightful mass of contradictory authority produced.

The tale of the ensign and name of the order were first told by Polydore Vergil (1470-1555), who wrote in the time of Henry VII. and Henry VIII. and who said that the lady was "the queen or the king's mistress." Segar, whose work, "Honor, Military and Civil," appeared in 1602, 250 years after the order was founded, was the first to say that it was the Countess of Salisbury. Other writers say that it was the Countess of Kent. John Anstis (1669-1744), garter king of arms, who published several heraldic works, ridicules the whole story. He confesses that an author of Henry VI.'s time, who wrote in Latin and whose work is now entirely lost, upheld it.

Raphael Hollinshed, a chronicler, who died in 1580, tells the story in detail and says the *lady was the queen*, which surely rather spoils the significance of the legend. Sir Harris Nicolas himself thinks the story is not improbable, although he urges the fact that Jean Froissart, who is the best contemporary authority on the reign of Edward III., while he has much to say about the order in his hundredth chapter, does not refer to it, and Nicholas admits that this tells very much against the supposed origin of the story, but Froissart may have thought the matter too trivial to relate. By the way, I feel very much aggrieved that G. C. Macaulay in the abridged volume of Froissart that he published through the Macmillans should have ruthlessly cut this hundredth chapter.

It is not, I may add, claimed that the incident caused the foundation of the Order of the Garter, but only that it gave Edward III. the idea for naming the order which he had resolved to found in any case. In the absence of any other solution than that which rests on these shadowy foundations I think we may still go on accepting the pretty legend, but I repeat my expression of dissatisfaction with the popular histories that they should leave such matters as this severely alone.—London Sphere.

One of the Wonders of Physics.

An experienced mechanic who was asked what he regarded as the most wonderful thing for general utility replied: "The tracking of a car wheel is the most wonderful thing to me in the whole range of science and invention. Here are two rails, uphill and down-

PENGUINS FEEDING.

The Change That Takes Place When They Enter the Water.

The appearance of the keeper of the penguins at the zoo, with his pail of live gudgeon, is the signal for sudden and intense excitement in the cages. The penguins wave their little flippers and waddle to the door, whence they peer eagerly down the wooden steps leading to the pool. The cormorant croaks and sways from side to side, and the darters poise their snaky heads and spread their batlike wings. At the water's edge the penguins do not launch themselves upon the surface like other water fowl, but instantly plunge beneath.

Once below water an astounding change takes place. The slow, ungainly bird is transferred into a swift and brilliant creature, beaded with globules of quicksilver, where the air clings to the close feathers, and flying through the clear and waveless depths with arrowy speed and powers of turning far greater than in any known form of aerial flight. The rapid and steady strokes of the wings are exactly similar to those of the air birds, while its feet float straight out level with the body, unused for propulsion or even as rudders and as little needed in its progress as those of a wild duck when on the wing.

The twists and turns necessary to follow the active little fish are made wholly by the strokes of one wing and the cessation of movement in the other, and the fish are chased, caught and swallowed without the slightest relaxation of speed in a submarine flight which is quite as rapid as that of most birds which take their prey in midair. In less than two minutes some thirty gudgeon are caught and swallowed below water, the only appearance of the birds on the surface being made by one or two bounds from the depths, when the head and shoulders leap above the surface for a second and then disappear.

Any attempt to remain on the surface leads to ludicrous splashing and confusion, for the submarine bird cannot float. It can only fly below the surface. Immediately the meal is finished both penguins scramble out of the water and shuffle with round backs and drooping wings back to their cage to dry and digest.—London Spectator.

YOUTHFUL WARRIORS.

Pizarro completed the conquest of Peru at thirty-five and died at forty.

Cortez effected the conquest of Mexico and completed his military career before the age of thirty-six.

The great Condé defeated the Spaniards at Rocroi at twenty-two and won all his military fame before the age of twenty-five.

Peter the Great of Russia was proclaimed czar at ten years of age, organized a large army at twenty, won the victory at Embach at thirty, founded St. Petersburg at thirty-one and died at the age of fifty-five.

Napoleon was a major at twenty-

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, April 3rd, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

Hotel Northern

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

THE
CIGAR STORE

CHOICE CO
ICE CO
JOHNSON'S VE
PURE, SMOOTH

ROLPH
SECOND DOOR WE
THIEF RIVER

Newberry
LIVERY, FEED
BUS IN C
Thief River Falls,

Are Going to
Farm Loan, See
LA BREE
n Thief River
d Middle River.

RETAKE

OF

PRECEDING

PAGE

for Publication.
the Interior, Land Office at
Feb. 4, 1907.
y given that Mathilde Ruhnke
Ruhnke, deceased, of Ger-
sota, has filed notice of his
final commutation proof in
im, viz: Homestead Entry No.
1901, for the Lots 7 & 8, Sec.
W. S½ N. W. ¼ Lots 3, 4,
nip 151 N. Range 41 W. and
ill be made before The Regis-
of the United States Land
ton, Minnesota, on March 19,
following witnesses to prove
sidence upon, and cultivation
of Germantown, Minnesota

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Limiting Time to File Claims
Hearing Thereon.
ck Fortier, deceased.
innesota, County of Red
ate Court.
r of the Estate of Rock
ent.
ministration with the will
ay having been granted to
t,
d, that the time within
tors of the above named
present claims against his
court, be, and the same
ted to six months from
ate hereof, and that Fri-
nth day of August, 1907,
k A. M., in the Probate
the court house at Red
said county, be, and the
ixed and appointed as
place for hearing upon and
the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated February 11th, 1907.

SEAL N. W. TARRANT, Judge of Probate.
A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Estate, Crookston, Minn.
Feb. 21-Mar. 7.

Had Heard Papa Say It.

The Schoolteacher—Willie, can you tell me the meaning of leisure? The Bright Pupil: It's the place where married people repent.—Brooklyn Eagle

Power exercised with violence has seldom been of long duration, but temper and moderation generally produce permanence in all things.—Seneca.

result of this is that the ordinary man is separated from his wife and family almost as much as if he were absent.—Truth

Want to Know the Reason Why.

Critique: It's funny that some people are never satisfied to know a thing is so and so, but must ask the why and wherefore. Sappy—Yes. I wonder why it is

at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of March 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 8th day of February 1907.

SEAL N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
feb 14 28

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul
RAZOR STEEL
MAHER
Many people took advantage of this year we have even a more pro KNIFE. Every blade is HAND TESTED, WARRANTED.
Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

The News: $1 per Year.

Current School Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1906	$ 837 23
State apportionment	14752 03
Interest, penalties and costs	1424 23
Tax collections	663 03
Fines	80 00
Total	$ 17756 53

DISBURSEMENTS.

Apportionment to school districts	$ 16455 39
Credit balance Jan. 2, 1907	1301 14
Total	$ 17756 53

Taxes and Penalties Account.

RECEIPTS.

Credit balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$10280 45
Current tax collections	114365 72
Delinquent tax collections	14024 12
Interest, penalties and costs on current taxes	1285 98
Total	$139956 27

DISBURSEMENTS.

Taxes and penalties distributed	$133264 97
Refunding orders	34 04
Balance undistributed	6657 26
Total	$139956 27

Warrants Account.

RECEIPTS.

Warrants outstanding Jan. 2 1906	$ 784 70
Warrants issued in 1906	175007 81
Total	$175792 51

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants redeemed in 1906	$171704 35
Warrants outstanding December 31, 1906	4088 16
Total	$175792 51

State Revenue and School Fund

RECEIPTS

Tax collections	$8921 29
Hunters licenses	130 50
Overdrawn	1 70
Total	$9053 49

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit balance, Jan 2, 1906	$ 1 81
Warrants issued	9046 34
Refunding orders	5 34
Total	$9053 49

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8899	State of Minnesota	$ 65 51
9218	"	2880 17
9219	"	130 50
9615	"	4034 08
10125	"	1906 08
Total		$9046 34

State Lands and Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS

Credit balance, Jan. 2, 1906	$ 342 16
Collections	7858 08
Total	$ 8200 24

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 7875 42
Credit balance, Jan 2, 1907	324 82
Total	$ 8200 24

Warrants Issued

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9016	State of Minnesota	$ 7009 94
10124	"	473 49
9220	"	391 99
Total		$ 7875 42

Refunding Account.

RECEIPTS.

Amount charged back	$ 117 28
Balance warrants outstanding	12 85
Total	$ 130 13

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants issued	$ 119 98
Debit balance Jan. 2, 1906	10 15
Total	$ 130 13

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
6379	John Berry	$ 7 57
6380	Henry Reese	8 40
6488	W W Prichard	2 47
6489	F H Wellcome	12 84
6630		9 92
6724	Mrs M Walters	1 40
6625	T R F Lmbr Co	5 46
6730	M E Bjerk	15 66
6740	Emery Dion	10 30
6779	W W Prichard	9 63
10034	Gunder B Hegland	11 53
10036	Matt Skala	14 57
10036	Dennis Cyr	5 80
Total		$ 119 98

School Districts Fund

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
[illegible]	Peter Thune	$421 04
[illegible]	Chas G Sall	[illegible]
[illegible]	Andrew Soderberg	21 85
[illegible]	Jacob Boutain	94 21
[illegible]	Elief Gravlie	[illegible]
[illegible]	T A Crompe	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chas Seeger	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Carl Gerlach	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	L C Cadieux	[illegible]
[illegible]	Amelia Miller	[illegible]
[illegible]	Carl Gerlach	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Michael Kees	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Otto L Bakken	[illegible]
[illegible]	K K Sannes	[illegible]
[illegible]	John Powers	[illegible]
[illegible]	Andrew Soderberg	[illegible]
[illegible]	E M Hoff	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	J A Reinschmidt	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED—Continued

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
9127	Frank Hagl	65 68
9128	Henry Granum	166 03
9130	M Winberg	168 84
9131	Max Perras	142 42
9147	Eli Lasha	66 47
9149	M P Bakken	144 84
9151	Lars P Brandrud	162 24
9159	Jacob Boutain	112 43
9181	Max Perras	50 00
9185	B C Haga	108 18
9188	Chas G Sall	329 61
9190	A J Hemstad	141 89
9191	Emil Zeh	1650 00
9194	T A Crompe	1092 00
9195	Charles Perrault	160 68
9196	O F Elvidge	30 00
9197	John A Reinschmidt	24 00
9199	Ludvig Weiss	54 77
9211	August Nordlund	148 70
9212	Rasmus I Aaseby	105 92
9213	Swan Walbaug	157 58
9216	Michael Kees	58 00
9217	Ole E Helgeland	45 42
9224	Bengt Swenson	103 71
9225	August Soderberg	112 63
9253	O F Stenhammer	115 59
9267	Joseph Robideaux	76 57
9268	Narcisse Robideaux	328 37
9276	Joseph Laurent	101 11
9287	Geo Marchildon	70 71
9289	J F Mathews	170 42
9290	Martin Foldoe	109 80
9294	Joseph Pigeon	242 64
9295	Emery Dion	63 58
9296	Ole Larson	288 30
9298	Arthur Archambeault	91 51
9300	August Swenson	96 61
9302	Ford Gother	137 26
9306	Amelia Miller	68 00
9307	Otto L Bakken	72 08
9309	K K Sannes	48 00
9312	Ole O Lee	111 92
9313	Regis Gagnon	214 68
9314	John Powers	31 00
9317	A E Anderson	58 66
9319	O M Peterson	144 12
9320	Anton Peterson	168 97
9321	Andrew Anderson	165 82
9322	Sam Person	101 65
9323	John Jacobson	82 39
9328	Ralphael Trudeau	49 13
9330	A O Davidson	191 66
9337	Joseph Brohman	198 67
9349	Carl Gerlach	48 00
9355	Alfred Dahlstrom	85 45
9356	Chas Seeger	62 85
9357	Louis Falardeau	402 60
9360	Annie Carriere	21 17
9367	Alfred Brunelle	34 00
9370	Peter Thune	112 09
9373	Ellef Gravlie	165 59
9377	Andrew Soderberg	70 00
9457	John A Reinschmidt	60 00
9458	Fred Anderson	188 78
9484	Thomas Crompe	1000 00
9490	A Welo	123 05
9497	G Swenson	107 84
9498	Gust Bergren	35 57
9501	Ludwig Weiss	50 00
9508	Ole O Slettvold	58 38
9514	John Kelberg	71 91
9515	Joseph Martell	127 12
9519	Joseph Laurent	191 57
9522	B C Haga	102 00
9523	Martin Foldoe	138 31
9526	Emil E Zeh	5501 28
9527	Octave Beauchene	265 99
9532	Narcisse Robidoux	289 60
9533	Jacob Boutain	187 62
9536	Michael Kees	63 10
9537	John A Reinschmidt	128 73
9541	Aug Soderberg	171 61
9542	Fred Anderson	146 01
9543	Emery Dion	108 88
9544	Andrew Soberberg	103 21
9545	A Welo	151 00
9546	Eli Lasha	122 35
9548	C F Stenhammer	167 98
9549	Frank Hagl	109 78
9550	A E Anderson	105 80
9552	Max Perras	108 82
9554	Arthur Archambeault	157 20
9555	Amelia Miller	170 46
9556	Thomas Crompe	1560 53
9559	L C Cadieux	489 35
9561	Henry Granum	167 07
9562	Andrew Boden	104 83
9576	Geo Marchildon	254 18
9578	George Charest	18 10
9581	O M Peterson	82 24
9584	Chas G Sall	201 33
9588	Joseph Robideaux	119 02
9589	Ole Larson	142 94
9590	M Winberg	201 67
9595	State of Minnesota	803 62
9597	Regis Gagnon	104 30
9602	Louis Weiss	43 28
9603	Charles Perrault	101 20
9610	H Haupt	211 15
9611	R I Aaseby	135 47
9612	Otto L Bakken	128 28
9618	Lars P Brandrud	148 41
9623	August Swenson	184 65
9625	Joseph Brohmann	140 01
9626	John Power	91 52
9627	A J Hemstad	85 64
9637	Bengt Swenson	121 37
9638	Louis Falardeau	124 37
9644	Lionel Gouthier	316 63
9649	C F Elvidge	67 29
9722	K K Sannes	125 93
9724	A S Anderson	150 92
9727	Alfred Brunelle	62 80
9746	Swan Wathaug	128 46
9770	Ferd Gother	102 45
9773	L P Thyren	155 09
9775	Chas Seeger	122 24
9778	E M Hoff	1001 11
9786	Marius Miller	251 81
9787	J F Mathews	152 98
9788	A A Odegaard	298 08
9789	August Nordlund	137 01
9862	John Johnson	51 78
9867	John Jacobson	146 21
9908	Carl Gerlach	201 53
9910	Emil E Zeh	1000 00
9916	John S Hanson	295 61
9920	J F Mathews	25 00
9943	John A Reinschmidt	50 00
9945	G Swenson	146 30
9947	Ellef Gravlie	98 44
9953	P O Gorden	59 00
9957	Alfred Dahlstrom	110 70
9958	Joseph Pigeon	108 02
9959	James Jones	131 10
9960	Ole Overum	4 88
9980	Joseph Laurent	100 00
9984	Thomas A Crompe	1100 00
9985	Michael Kees	30 00
9988	Andrew T Nelson	62 16
9989	A J Hemstad	51 87
10000	J F Mathews	154 04
10001	A E Anderson	34 58
10002	Sam Person	100 30
10003	T A Crompe	1244 88
10004	Michael Kees	79 04
10005	Eli Lasha	57 17
10006	Raphael Trudeau	79 46
10009	Emil E Zeh	[illegible]
10010	H J Haatvet	101 21
10011	Amelia Miller	100 57
10013	Anton Petterson	110 24
10014	B C Haga	24 70
10016	Arthur Archambeault	34 11
10017	Max Perras	74 10
10018		144 83
10020	Thomas A Crompe	1090 00
10025	John A Reinschmidt	106 03
10030	M P Bakken	242 38
10032	A S Anderson	134 61
10033	Joseph Pigeon	103 74
10037	Chas Perrault	181 68
10038	Regis Gagnon	122 81
10039	Jos Laurent	301 21
10040	Octave Beauchine	161 12
10051	Chas Seeger	121 76
10052	Andrew Soderberg	220 37
10054	Fred Anderson	285 16
10055	C F Stenhammer	162 87
10057	A E Anderson	30 55
10060	Arthur Archambeault	60 65
10060	Ole O Lee	218 63
10061	Alfred Dahlstrom	76 63
10062	Emery Dion	64 75
10064	L C Cadieux	606 31
10066	Rasmus Aaseby	37 40
10067	Gust Berggren	30 71
10068	P O Sorlom	29 64
10069	H J Haatvet	16 84
10071	Thor Skaar	73 04
10072	Otto L Bakken	132 42
10073	Joseph Brohman	111 40
10074	M Winberg	225 61
10075	P O Gorden	49 16
10076	Lars P Brandrud	112 74
10078	John Power	51 71
10079	Aug Soderberg	124 19
10080	T Holle	[illegible]
10081	O H Langlie	[illegible]
[illegible]	Edward Seeger	121 11
[illegible]	Henry Swenson	[illegible]
[illegible]	Narcisse Robidoux	[illegible]
[illegible]	O M Peterson	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ole O Slettevold	124 [illegible]
[illegible]	Elief Gravlie	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ole S Hegland	[illegible]
[illegible]	Knud O Krossen	174 [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ferd Gother	[illegible]
[illegible]	K K Sannes	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bengt Swenson	[illegible]
[illegible]	T A Crompe	[illegible]
[illegible]	August Swenson	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Geo Marchildon	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	B C Haga	[illegible]
[illegible]	Carl Gerlach	[illegible]
[illegible]	Eli Lasha	[illegible]
[illegible]	Amelia Miller	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED—Continued

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
10350	A J Hemstad	$ 42 90
10351	Louis Weiss	58 88
10354	Swan E Walhaug	101 46
10369	Chas G Sall	213 26
Total		$ 60715 30

Town, City and Village Fund.

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	In whose favor drawn	Amount
8785	Merchant State Bank of Red Lake Falls	$ 90 00
8786	Merchant State Bank of Red Lake Falls	30 00
8791	Louis Falardeau	271 09
8803	Leonard Holmes	156 49
8860	Merchant State Bank of Red Lake Falls	150 00
8884	Joseph Marcotte	186 68
8887	Elias P Joringdal	74 58
8908	Aug Soderberg	103 29
8942	Albert Anderson	73 38
8943	R C Jefferson	69 00
8968	Wm Sharper	255 85
9044	L C Cadieux	351 33
9116	JohnG Hagen	140 59
9110	Leonard Holmes	1031 89
9162	Ovide Emard	2418 44
9214	Cyrille Lusier	240 55
9271	J W Wallin	2732 79
9272	O L Larson	180 08
9273	Nels O Nora	175 02
9274	R C Jefferson	60 00
9275		210 00
9280	Henry J Enderle	350 01
9282	John Linnertz	242 62
9283	Edward E Havik	310 16
9284	Aug Soderberg	60 42
9286	Wm Scharper	207 25
9301	Ed A Aubol	331 31
9301	August Swenson	215 40
9310	O G Skreland	261 13
9311	Elias Joringdal	103 78
9316	Albert Anderson	120 00
9318	A E Anderson	281 84
9344	Christ Larson	85 81
9348	H P Kolseth	121 64
9358	Louis Falardeau	430 78
9365	Chas P Quist	81 20
9368	Joseph Marcotte	380 11
9439	P E Smidesang	370 01
9540	Albert Anderson	344 82
9547	Cyrille Lussier	433 14
9551	A E Anderson	123 10
9557	Aug Soderberg	190 91
9558	Oscar G Skreland	432 10
9564	George Orr	747 00
9575	Ovide Emard	2158 72
9579	R C Jefferson	60 00
9580		60 00
9581	Leonard Holmes	830 48
9590	O L Larson	471 48
9596	J W Wallin	4204 87
9604	Wm Scharper	542 46
9620	Edward E Havik	424 65
9621	August Swenson	490 98
9631	Henry J Enderle	224 39
9636	Louis Falardeau	814 51
		250 00
9643	H R Kolseth	243 97
9652	Nils Nora	422 22
9723	Christ Larson	55 08
9726	John GHagen	533 66
9766	John Linnertz	455 68
9774	E A Aubol	678 46
9776	L C Cadieux	787 38
9872	Joseph Marcotte	511 81
9887	P E Smidesang	398 47
10025	Cyrille Lussier	609 68
10041	J W Wallin	2680 32
10050	A E Anderson	150 55
10065	L C Cadieux	418 57
10070	Albert Anderson	148 25
10077	H R Kolseth	104 40
10088	Nels O Nora	163 46
10090	Edward E Havik	170 54
10097	O L Larson	88 86
10098	Leonard Holmes	111 21
10113	August Swenson	170 10
10126	Henry J Enderle	41 80
10327	John G Hagen	168 98
10330	Aug Soderberg	63 08
10332	Ovide Emard	1342 10
10348	Oscar G Skreland	84 78
9122	George Orr	258 97
9624	Elias P Joringdal	419 70
Total		$ 38480 93

Financial Condition of Red Lake County, December 31, 1906.

ASSETS.

Taxes of 1905 and prior years, county funds	$ 12366 36
Taxes for 1906 county funds	37341 88
Cash in treasury	9543 79
Total	$ 59252 03

LIABILITIES.

Warrants outstanding, county funds	$ 3231 03
Excess of assets over liabilities	56021 00
Total	$ 59252 03

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1906.

Real estate	$2690462 00
Personal property	817032 00
Total	$3507494 00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY.

Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 3 of Champagne & Dow's addition, and lots 13 and 14, blk 1, Longevin's subdivision of church block in Red Lake Falls	$ 9000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	4000 00
Total	$ 13000 00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

6 per cent Funding Bonds	$ 10000 00
4 per cent " "	20000 00
4½ per cent " "	14000 00
4 per cent Jail Bonds	6000 00
Polk County Bonds	6339 13
Total	$ 56339 13
DRAINAGE BONDS OF RED LAKE COUNTY	$ 107500 00

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1906	Receipts from all tax collections and licenses	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Refunded	Debit balance January 2, 1907	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1907
Numedal	74 58	615 52	690 10	598 61			92 09
Norden		792 39	792 39	792 39			
North	103 29	386 87	580 16	513 70			66 46
Bray	139 37	916 18	1055 55	1055 55			
Sanders	97 84	824 72	922 56	741 23			181 33
Rocksbury	82 25	1445 90	1528 15	1009 77			518 38
Polk Center	145 65	849 71	995 36	775 38			219 98
Black River	72 25	619 07	691 32	691 32			
River Falls	15 98	869 57	885 53	885 53			
Wyandotte	200 67	532 36	733 03	470 01			263 02
Louisville	186 68	1230 72	1417 40	1078 60			338 80
Red Lake Falls twp.	174 50	999 14	1173 64	938 50			235 14
Gervais	513 84	1361 86	1875 70	1006 03			869 67
Emardville		848 80	848 80	848 80			
Garnes	134 53	745 11	879 64	780 10			99 54
Equality		914 35	914 35	916 47		2 12	
Lake Pleasant	313 01	1112 70	1425 71	1005 53			420 18
Terrebonne	33 58	1527 11	1560 69	1560 69			
Poplar River		1349 19	1349 19	1351 07		1 88	
Lambert	271 99	1916 60	2188 59	1767 20			421 39
St. Hilaire village	156 49	2581 58	2738 07	2738 07			
Thief River Falls city	478 16	10133 24	10611 40	9657 98			953 42
Red Lake Falls city	144 86	6443 20	6588 06	6477 24			110 82
Silverton		81 70	81 70	81 20			50
Smiley		165 28	165 28	140 89			24 39
Vil. of Plummer		625 20	625 20	625 20			
Total	$3429 52	$39888 07	$43317 59	$38506 48		$4 00	$4815 11

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

Number of District	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1906	Received from state apportionment and tax collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payment to State Treasurer on account of State School Fund	Debit balance Jan. 2, 1907	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1907
1		380 15	380 15	380 15			
2	46 85	342 31	389 16	285 80			103 36
3	55 82	237 26	293 08	155 09		*8 01	129 98
4		206 93	206 93	206 93			
5	63 68	140 67	204 35	164 83			39 52
6	24 57	301 06	325 63	286 21			39 42
7	10	241 09	241 19	244 44		3 25	
8	21 82	336 81	358 63	285 64			72 99
9	250 95	550 69	801 64	701 08	8 75		91 81
10	193 02	804 22	997 24	997 24			
11		417 80	417 80	413 44			4 36
12	10 47	441 23	451 70	327 34			124 36
13		344 77	344 77	348 93		4 16	
14		270 70	270 70	270 70			
15		10613 00	10613 00	10622 10		9 10	
16		651 67	651 67	651 67			
17	94 21	548 54	642 75	394 56	60 00		188 19
18		19887 24	19887 24	16122 07			3765 17
19		330 55	330 55	330 55			
20	25 56	348 62	374 18	366 38	5 60		2 20
21	163 76	106 23	269 99				269 99
22	50	633 66	634 16	529 44			104 72
23		394 61	394 61	394 79		18	
24	29 26	306 13	335 39	228 62			106 77
25		458 45	458 45	458 45			
26		102 13	102 13	102 13			
27	124 00	586 24	710 24	561 78	60 00		88 46
33	01	443 55	443 56	443 56			
36	115 66	389 53	505 19	358 32			146 87
40		174 60	174 60	174 60			
43		277 96	277 96	276 96			1 00
45		48 97	48 97	48 97			
48		73 06	73 06	73 06			
49		331 90	331 90	235 46			96 44
54	24 85	331 70	356 55	535 72		179 17	
63	89 16	587 22	676 38	676 38			
73		397 69	397 69	274 65			123 04
76	189 10	819 40	1008 50	686 97			321 53
79	68 16	1390 27	1458 43	1275 91	92 80		89 72
80		482 96	482 96	482 96			
81		931 17	931 17	873 89			57 28
88	68 08	336 85	404 93	471 93			
94		528 41	528 41	345 99			182 51
100		303 68	303 68	265 01			38 67
102	14 88	4081 50	4096 38	2256 66	40 00		1799 72
103		737 22	737 22	720 17			17 05
106		300 47	300 47	292 78			7 69
108	55 41	65 44	120 85	55 41			65 44
112	4 41	555 02	559 43	561 70		2 27	
115	47 67	365 18	412 85	342 51			70 34
124		350 07	350 07	452 52		102 45	
125	66 07	357 35	423 42	423 42			
126		941 70	941 70	941 70			
127	135 51	377 13	512 64	512 64			
130		256 52	256 52	256 52			
133		342 77	342 77	340 57			2 20
135		431 31	431 31	431 31			
141	99 71	478 35	578 06	455 30	54 00		68 76
147	68 16	539 90	608 06	585 62	20 00		2 44
148	43 72	463 28	507 00	599 05	14 00	106 05	
149	16 32	282 57	298 79	298 79			
151	49 01	481 12	530 16	459 09	27 00		44 07
153	41 40	385 81	427 21	427 12			09
154	15 45	391 56	407 01	265 89			[illegible]
165	96 53	377 94	474 47	386 64	26 88		60 95
166	157 92	335 00	493 98	493 98			
167	08	353 55	353 63	347 93			5 70
178		400 37	400 37	400 37			
180		220 59	220 59	220 59			
191		144 58	144 58	128 59			15 99
194	28 61	337 92	366 53	279 18	54 00		33 35
204		182 70	182 70	182 70			
208		476 44	476 44	476 44			
210	62 48	456 50	518 98	254 20	162 00		102 78
214		321 18	321 18	321 18			
216		255 34	255 34	255 34			
219	40 30	77 53	136 92	136 92			
221	21 94	230 14	252 08	252 08			
222	111 91	432 63	544 53	322 96			221 57
223	114 82	361 01	475 83	316 93	15 75		143 15
233		377 37	377 37	377 37			
172	22 65	13 75	36 40				36 40
31		216 74	216 74	216 74			
32		153 32	153 32	153 32			
33		66 27	66 27	66 27			
30		99 76	99 76	99 76			
34		124 11	124 11	124 11			
35		15 44	15 44				15 44
37		81 45	81 45	81 45			
29		19 79	19 76				19 76
38		49 40	49 40				49 40
39		49 40	49 40				49 40
41		76 57	76 57	76 57			
42		39 64	39 64	39 64			
44		54 34	54 34				54 34
45		79 04	79 04	79 04			
47		69 16	69 16	69 16			
	$9983 57	$66503 94	$76577 51	$60140 74	$640 78	$407 53	$16203 52

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by the Board, and respectfully submitted to the taxpayers of Red Lake County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1907.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
ED. A. AUBOL,
DANIEL SHAW,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
JOSEPH PIGEON,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest:
JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
(Seal) County Auditor.

5,000 Rifles FREE TO BOYS

SEND NO MONEY

Just send us your name and address so that we may tell you how to get this fine rifle Absolutely FREE.

YOU CAN HAVE ONE

BE SURE and WRITE AT ONCE

Peoples Popular Monthly,
407 Arcade Building,
DES MOINES, IOWA.

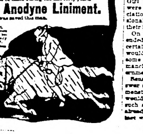

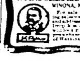

Going for the Doctor

through the storm and darkness while the suffering one at home is in danger, perhaps of death, is a terrible trip. Why not have a good, sure family remedy in the house? One that has proven a life saver in thousands of cases during the last forty years.

Watkins' Vegetable Anodyne Liniment.

Think what a world of terror and anxiety was saved this man.

DISPENSES WITH DOCTORS.

Made only by
The J. R. Watkins Medical Company
WINONA, MINN., U. S. A.

For sale by our traveling salesman whose name and address appear below.

SUBTERRANEAN RIVERS.

Yucatan's Only Streams Flow Beneath Coral Rock.

There are no streams in Yucatan which flow above the ground, but the whole peninsula is one vast table of coral rock and beneath it are immense sheets of fresh water, with regular though ill defined tides and currents. Along the coasts these subterranean waters are quite near the surface, but in the interior, where the calcareous layer is of great thickness, the waters are low down. At intervals they break into caverns formed by earthquakes by pressure of their own force or by the infiltration of surface water into the natural grottoes of the coral rock and wherever the water can be reached, whether through artificial pits or by the operations of nature, the place is called a cenote. There are a great many of them scattered all over Yucatan, and those near Merida are utilized as public bathhouses, affording most refreshing resorts.

Centuries ago the Indians marked the courses of the subterranean rivers by heaps of stones and always built their cities close by the water caves, as their ruins show, and it is interesting to note to this day all the civilized centers of Yucatan have arisen around these natural reservoirs. There are many forms of cenotes. When the water flows at a slight depth and the calcareous layer has been only partially eaten away there follows an irregular sinking, which forms a cave, opening from side to side, but when the crust is thicker and the underground stream has a regular course the soil is generally corroded in a circular space and the vault thus formed, lacking support, falls in, making an immense open wall. Often the crust is so deep that the soft parts only crumble down, leaving a small aperture toward the top, fashioning a real grotto, with stalactites and stalagmites galore. Again, it happens that the crust is exceedingly thick, when a colossal subterranean passage, like a tunnel, is formed. In short, all the variations which an undisturbed stream may produce in a friable soil by the silent work of ages may be here witnessed. The cenote of which I write is a natural cavern nearly fifty feet deep, broken down at one side, thus forming a gigantic arch. Within it appears every form of stalagmite and stalactite, and its roof is perforated with holes, in which are thousands of birds' and hornets' nests. At the bottom of it, reached by a flight of stone steps from the charming garden above, is an extensive sheet of clear, fresh water, containing a multitude of tiny fish (Pescado cenote) similar to those found in the Mammoth cave of Kentucky, only these are not eyeless. The overhanging roots of trees fringe its broken arch, affording shelter to innumerable lizards and iguanas, which dart along the ledges like embodied sunbeams, while above them countless swallows circle in masses so dense that the whirring of their wings produces a deafening noise, echoed from below in hollow reverberations.

The Italian Baby.

No infant receives a warmer welcome to the world or is more happily born than the Italian baby. No infant is the object of more caresses or is more fondly admired. Indeed, no matter how poor the mother and father may be, no matter how large the family, they have very merry times when another son or daughter comes to them. The neighbors are invited in, a feast is prepared, a gallon or two of cheap wine is procured, and the merriment sometimes lasts several days. The Italian considers there are only three great events in the life of man—namely, his birth, marriage and death. These three events never pass without a gorgeous and elaborate celebration. In this simple way they strive to carry out the tender life lesson: "When you were born you wept while those around you smiled. So live that when you die you alone may smile and those around you weep." And so they laugh and drink wine and sing, for they believe it will have an effect upon the life of the quivering form soon to take its place among them.—London Standard.

Machinery of Memory.

The machinery of memory was thus interestingly described by an authority on the brain: "The act of remembering something," he said, "involves a distinct change in the brain substance. The thing to be remembered is recorded by a little nerve cell. The first time the cell does its work an impression is made upon it. But that impression is apt to wear off unless the action of the cell is repeated, and the oftener this is the case the more fixed becomes the impression, or 'cell memory,' as it is called. Suppose that the work of this particular cell is to enable you to recognize a certain smell. If the impression is made but once, the cell may fail to retain it, but if it is repeated several times a lasting impression will be made, and you will recognize the particular odor when you meet with it again."

Southern Wit.

In the early days of the civil war, says Mrs. D. G. Wright in "A Southern Girl in '61," many northern senators were especially violent in their denunciations of the seceding states, occasionally much to the amusement of their listeners.

On one occasion a western senator ended a speech by declaring that were certain threatened events to occur he would "leave this country and join some other nation. Even the Comanches he would prefer to this government in such a case."

Senator Wigfall of Texas rose in answer and stated in a tone of grave remonstrance that he trusted the senator would consider well before he took such a step, "for the Comanches had already suffered too much from contact with the whites."

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Of The Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
Feb. 26th, 1907.

Pursuant to call, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the office of the county auditor, at the court house, at ten o'clock a. m.

Commissioners present, C. A. Lindquist, Wm. C. L. Demann, Daniel Shaw, Ed. A. Aubol and Joseph Pigeon.

Minutes of meeting of January 8th were read and on motion duly carried.

The resolution paying the one thousand dollars mortgage on the court house property corrected to read that the warrants for the balance of mortgage be drawn on the county revenue fund.

On motion duly carried the minutes of the meeting of January 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th, 1907, be accepted as corrected.

On motion duly carried the financial statement as prepared by the county auditor was approved.

The petition of Joseph Johnson and others for the organization of township 153, north of range 39, west in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was read and on motion carried unanimously the following order organizing said town was made,

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake. } ss.

Upon receiving a petition of a majority of the legal voters of congressional township number one hundred fifty three (153), north of range number thirty-nine (39) west, in said county, asking that the same be organized as a new town under the township organization law, to be named "Star." We, the county commissioners of said county, did on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1907, proceed to fix and determine the boundaries of such new town, and to name the same "Star," in accordance with said petition, and designated, as the place to hold the first town meeting, the home of Joseph Johnson on section 20, in said town, to be held on the 16th day of March, A. D., 1907. The boundaries of said town of "Star", as fixed and established by us, are as follows: All that territory comprised in township number one hundred fifty three (153), north of range thirty-nine (39) west in said county aforesaid.

Dated this 26th day of February, A. D. 1907.

—C. A. Lindquist,
(Seal) Chairman, Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake county, Minn.
Attest: John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until one o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at one o'clock, p. m. All members present.

On motion duly carried a day of hearing was set for the hearing of the petition of Fred Ptacek and Joseph Johnson for new districts in this county, the same to be held on May 27th, 1907, at 1 o'clock p. m.

On motion duly carried the petition of B. Henry Costello, and others for the formation of a new school district was rejected.

On motion duly carried the petition of H. B. Blackey was granted and the following order was made:

Whereas, A petition signed and duly acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, residing within the territory of the proposed new school district, asking for the formation of a new school district which shall embrace the territory hereinafter described was presented to the county board of this county at a session of said board held on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1907, for the action of said board thereon;

And, Whereas, It was then ordered by said board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said board commencing on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1907, at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county.

And, Whereas, Due notice of the time and place of such hearing has been given by posting a copy of said notice in three of the most public places in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition ten days prior to the day of such hearing, and by mailing to the clerk of each school district so affected thereby a true copy of such notice at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing and by the publication of such notice for two weeks in the legal newspaper printed and published in said Red Lake county, to-wit: The St. Hilaire Spectator, which said newspaper [illegible] printed and published in said county and was duly designated by said County Board for the publishing of the same; and due proofs of the posting and service and publication of said notice of hearing having been made and filed by the affidavit of H. B. Blackey who posted said notice and by the certificate of the county auditor of said county who served said notice upon each of the clerks of said districts so affected thereby and by the affidavit of the publisher of said newspaper in which the same was published, respectively;

And, Whereas, at the session of said county board commencing on said 8th day of January, A. D. 1907, said petition was publicly read and considered and arguments of all persons interested therein for and against the organization of said proposed new district duly heard and considered.

It is hereby ordered and determined, that said petition be granted and the following described territory, to-wit:

The south half of sections 22, 23 and 24 and the whole of sections [illegible] 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, township 154, range 42, be and the same is hereby organized and constituted a new school district and shall be hereafter designated and known as Common School District No. [illegible] of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota.

It is further ordered and determined, That the [illegible] day of March A. D., 1907, at two o'clock in the afternoon at the house of Charles P. Quist in said district be and the same is fixed as the time and place when and where the first meeting of the electors of said district who are qualified to vote at school meetings will be held to organize said district and that the County auditor cause ten days posted notice to be given of the time and place of such meeting as required by law. The county auditor will mail to the clerk of each of the districts affected by this order a true copy hereof.

By order of the board of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Chas. A. Lindquist,
(Seal) Chairman of Board.
Attest: John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor of said Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Dated this 26th day of February, 1907.

The petition of Erick J. Lom asking to be set off with his land from school district No. 51 to school district No. 30 was presented to the board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for May 27th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The petition of Stephen Jacobson asking to be set off with his land from school district No. 51 to school district No. 30 was presented to the board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for May 27th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The petition of Ole J. Valsvik asking to be set off with his land from school district No. 51 to school district No. 30 was presented to the board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for May 27th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The petition of Anfin Torkelson asking to be set off with his land from school district No. 51 to school district No. 221 was presented to the board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for May 27th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m.

On motion duly carried an auctioneer's license was granted to H. K. Homme.

Resolved, that the sum of $50.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid township 153 north of range 39 west in repairing the road between sections 28 and 33 in said town.

On motion made by Commissioner Shaw and seconded by Commissioner Aubol the bond of E. G. Buse, as official abstracter was accepted

Resolved that the sum of $200.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the town of Terrebonne in repairing a bridge across the Clearwater river at a place known as the Ohm and Kankel dam in the northwest quarter of Section 2 in said town.

Moved by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Aubol, that the bond of Ernest L. Quist as Register of Deeds be accepted; motion carried unanimously.

On motion a recess was taken until 7 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by chairman at 7 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bill of L. A. Kaufer, appellant. vs James E. Ford as County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota, respondent, amounting to $163.05 be allowed and ordered paid; motion carried.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann, who moved its adoption, and duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

"Whereas it has been made to appear to this Board that judgment in the case of State of Minnesota Ex Rel William Erb, Relator, and Alex A. Swaus and Charles M. Evenson, Intervenor, against Ole J. Johnson, P. A. Ekstrom, Wm. C. L. Demann, Louis E. Falardeau and Daniel Shaw, as County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, Respondents, was erroneously entered on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1906, in favor of the relator and intervenors and against the Respondents, as such Board of County Commissioners of said County;

Be It Resolved, By the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, that F. A. Grady and Charles E. Boughton, attorneys at law, are hereby retained and authorized by said Board of County Commissioners, to take any step or steps, proceedings or action in their judgment deemed best to have said judgment above mentioned, vacated, and set aside, and interpose an answer in said case."

Commissioners voting aye, are Wm. C. L. Demann, Joseph Pigeon and Charles A. Lindquist

Commissioners nay, are Daniel Shaw and Ed. A. Aubol.

Resolved, that the sum of $350.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the City of Thief River Falls in repairing the road on the section line between sections 25 and 36 in the Town of North.

The application of Alex F. Lattimore and others for an appropriation from the county road and bridge fund was on motion duly carried, rejected.

On motion carried unanimously the applications of Joseph Lachance and Frank Brouillet for abatement of taxes for the year 1906 on certain lots in the City of Red Lake Falls, was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

On motion duly carried the applications of Dan J. Doran, clerk Camp No. 3415 M. W. of A., and Mrs. Conrad Lajambe, for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes, the same were laid over for reconsideration at the next meeting of the board.

The applications of Octave Morissette, Carrie Pirath and S. L. Ely for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes were on motion duly carried, rejected.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller-Davis Ptg Co., supplies for county offices	[illegible]
Miller-Davis Ptg Co., supplies for county offices	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, [illegible]	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff's fees in case of State vs. Charley Clause and mileage	5 53
Frank Hoveld, two men and team ½ day clearing away snow	3 00
Morisette and Sieff, livery for county surveyor	5 25
Swan Akenson, thirty cords of wood for county buildings	82 50
H R Hanson, witness fees and mileage State vs. Kemp	1 12
Mrs H R Hanson, witness fees and mileage State vs Kemp	1 12
O W Johnson, postage and express Clerk of Court's office	4 50
A D Roopello, fourteen cords of wood for county buildings	38 50
Bethany Hospital, nursing Mrs Nels Crue, operation and medicine	12 00
John B. O'Brien, postage and express, County Auditor's office	25 27
O W Johnson, misc. district court fees	6 20
O T Tandberg, postage in County Treasurer's office	10 00
V M Higinbotham, fire ins. policy on court house property	13 75
George Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees	9 40
Thomas Germo, long distance telephone calls	5 50
Northwestern School Supply Co., two reams Exm paper	5 50
Bank of Red Lake Falls, int. and exchange on $1,000 mortgage against court house property	17 50
S A Swanson, drawing petit jurors one day and mileage	3 20
First State Bank of Red Lake Falls typewriter for Judge of Probate's office	40 00
G O Johnson, expense in the insanity of Mrs. G Aaknes	42 55
Dr J E Carmon, medical service and care of A Amundson	35 00
Tennis Leroue, board and care of A Amundson 3 days	6 00
E G Buse, int. on $842.00 mortgage against court house property, from Jan. 4 to Feb. 4, 07	3 75
Chas Hout, livery for road and bridge committee	3 50
Newbury & Bulman, livery hire for Co Surveyor on county ditch No 28	7 00
Pioneer Press Co., supplies for county offices	27 00
St. Hilaire Spectator, miscellaneous publication	319 35
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery for county offices	57 50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery for county supt of schools	13 25
Red Lake Courier, stationery for county offices	9 75
John W Eastman, stationery for county offices	10 50
Free Press Ptg Co., stationery for county offices	21 75
Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co., stationery for county offices	11 25
Minneapolis Stamp and Pencil Co., rubber stamp for county offices	3 20
Ed Iverson, carrying general election returns, town of Clover Leaf	3 85
Henry Hanson, carrying general election returns, town of Silverton	3 00
William Luxemburger, taking care of James Nelson two days insane	4 00
Paul Schoennauer, taking care of James Nelson, and livery to Red Lake Falls	6 00
Wm C L Demann, taking care of James Nelson and livery to Red Lake Falls	4 00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage attending commissioners meeting	3 20
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage attending commissioners meeting	3 60
C A Lindquist, mileage attending commissioners meeting	4 00
Wm C L Demann, mileage attending commissioners meeting	1 40
Daniel Shaw, mileage attending commissioners meetings, Jan. 8th and Feb. 26th, 1907	8 00
Daniel Shaw, long distance telephone calls	75

On motion, duly carried the following bills were laid over:

James K Wood, engineers fees and expense on county ditch No 24 and 28	11 10
Harry Schockley, to serving citation on Anna Anderson for nonpayment of personal property tax	4 20
Orin Daniels, in the matter of the insanity of Clara Erickson for conveying her to state hospital for insane at Fergus Falls	29 75
Fred Zalser, service as viewer on co ditch No. 28	4 00
Red Lake Falls Electric Co. to lighting court house and jail Dec. 1906 and Jan. 1907	28 85
Daniel Linnihan, office rent for the years 1904 and 1905	140 00

On motion, duly carried, the following bills were rejected:

John Carlson, service on county ditch No. 25	27 22
Leoneh Gouthier, service on county ditch No. 27	11 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing notices for teachers exams	4 35

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 8 o'clock a. m., February 27, 1907.

February 27, 1907.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

On motion duly carried the county treasurer was allowed $150.00 or such part thereof as is necessary for clerk hire in said treasurer's office for the year 1907.

On motion, duly carried, Commissioners Lindquist, Pigeon and Demann be a committee to examine and decide on the necessary protection for the Louisville bridge.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Hunt and Kankel, supplies for court house	39 98
Joseph Perrault, clerk of court fees	52 05

On motion, carried unanimously, the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) —C. A. Lindquist,
Attest: Chairman County Board.
—John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Harry Mitchell's
EDITORIAL.

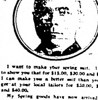

I want to make your spring suit. I want to show you that for $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00 I can make you a better suit than you can get at your local tailors for $30.00, $35.00 and $40.00.

My Spring goods have now arrived, and they are the most beautiful fabrics I ever saw.

Write me today for samples and tell me about the kind of clothes you are thinking of getting. By return mail I'll send you a bunch to select from, also self-measurement blanks.

Remember, I have the largest tailoring establishment in the world, that I absolutely guarantee perfect fit and satisfaction or refund your money; and I pay all express charges, so your clothes cost you no more than if you got them right here in Minneapolis.

Yours truly,
HARRY MITCHELL.
310 Nicollet Ave Minneapolis, Minn.

YEARS OF THE EARTH

THIS WORLD OF OURS COUNTS THEM BY THE MILLIONS.

Various Calculations by Which the Famous Scientists Have Endeavored to Figure Out the Age of the Planet Upon Which We Live.

The time has admittedly gone by for attempting to "reconcile the facts of nature," to use a recognized phrase, with the chronology of the Bible, which makes the age of the world rather less than 6,000 years.

Indeed, in the Egyptian rooms at the British museum the visitor can see for himself objects which go back to an authenticated period long antecedent to 4000 years B. C., and great is the wonder produced on the minds of those who first make their acquaintance.

In that same department, among the mummies, there is what is in many respects the most striking of the exhibits in the department—the body of a man who belongs to the stone age. It lies in an accurate representation of the peculiarly shaped grave in which it was found, and it has been in consequence somewhat irreverently nicknamed by the habitues of the museum "the man in the pie dish."

The particular interest in that corpse, which men, women and even children look upon without the least thought or suggestion of the fear or horror usually inseparable from death, is that it is unquestionably the oldest exhibit in the museum, and scientists have been rather struck by the fact that the authorities of the great institution in Great Russell street have not, so to say, taken the bull by the horns, boldly labeled that exhibit as dating from 50,000 B. C. Thus with one single stroke of the pen Bishop Usher's Biblical chronology is multiplied by about nine, and it may be that an even higher number would be required to satisfy the requirements of the age of that particular specimen.

How long has the earth been a planet capable of supporting not only human, but all forms of life?

In an address Lord Kelvin once delivered on the subject he gathered together the opinions of various scientific men which cannot but be of interest to every thinking being. Darwin, in his "Origin of Species," stated that, "In all probability a far longer period than 300,000,000 years has elapsed;" while later on, in the same book, he wrote: "He who can read Sir Charles Lyell's grand work on the 'Principles of Geology,' which the future historian will recognize as having produced a revolution in natural science, yet does not admit how incomprehensibly vast have been the last periods of time, may at once close this volume."

Lord Kelvin himself—then Professor William Thomson—later made an attempt to calculate the length of time during which the sun has been burning at its present rate, and in that connection he wrote: "It seems on the whole most probable that the sun has not illuminated the earth for 100,000,000 years and almost certain that it has not done so for 500,000,000 years. As for the future we may say with equal certainty that the inhabitants of the earth cannot continue to enjoy the light and heat essential to their life for many million years longer unless new sources, now unknown to us, are prepared in the great storehouse of creation."

It is a remarkable evidence of the acute perception of Lord Kelvin's mind, as of the rare prevision of his intellect, that the last words—"unless new sources, now unknown to us, are prepared in the great storehouse of creation"—should have been added to that remarkable sentence.

As an example of the very extraordinary range of time given to the age of the earth, consider the following statement from Professor Jukes' "Students' Manual of Geology." He wrote: "Mr. Darwin estimates the time required for the denudation of the rocks of the weald of Kent, or the erosion of space between the ranges of chalk hills known as the north and south downs, at 300,000,000 years. It may be possible, perhaps, that the estimate is a hundred times too great, and that the real time elapsed did not exceed 3,000,000 years; but, on the other hand, it is just as likely that the time which actually elapsed since the first commencement of the erosion till it was nearly as complete as it now is was really a hundred times greater than his estimate, or 300,000,000 years."

Professor Phillips in a lecture at the University of Cambridge considered the rate of erosion between the ranges of the north and south downs to be rather one inch a year than Darwin's estimate of one inch in a hundred years, so that on mere geological grounds he reduced the time to about a hundredth. Calculating, however, the actual thickness of all the known geological strata of the earth he came to the conclusion that life on the earth's surface may probably date back to between 38,000,000 and 96,000,000 years.

Professor Sollas of Oxford, working on new principles applied to the stratified rocks, reduced this time very considerably, for he wrote, "So far as I can at present see, the lapse of time since the beginning of the Cambrian system is probably less than 17,000,000 years, even when computed on an assumption of uniformity, which to me seems contradicted by the most salient facts of geology."

What are the data, it will naturally be asked, on which calculations of this magnitude are made? Among the most important are the consideration of the underground heat which is constantly being conducted out of the earth—in other words, the cooling of the earth—the speed at which the earth rotates on its axis, as well as physical properties of rocks at high temperatures.

The loss of heat by conduction was

THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

Some Facts Which Give an Idea of Its Immensity.

In all the heavens, with the exception of passing meteors or meteorites, not one body occupies a position closer to earth than the moon, which is some 240,000 miles away—very far, of course, side by side with any earthly distances, but a mere fraction side by side with other astronomical distances. Next to the moon our nearest occasional neighbor is Venus, and then Mars. Both Venus and Mars, however, are often farther away from us than the sun, which remains always at somewhere about the same distance, roughly at from 90,000,000 to 93,000,000 miles.

This dividing space between sun and earth is of great importance in thinking about the stars, and it should be clearly impressed upon the mind. Next to the sun in point of nearness come the more distant planets—Jupiter, which is about five times as far from the sun as our earth is; Saturn, nearly twice as far as Jupiter; Uranus, nearly twice as far as Saturn, and Neptune, nearly three times as far as Saturn. All these planets belong to our sun, all are members of his family, all are part of the solar system. The size of the solar system as a whole, consisting that of the sun and his planets, including our earth, may be fairly well grasped by any one taking the trouble to master two simple facts. They are these, that our earth is roughly about 92,000,000 miles away from the sun and that Neptune, the outermost planet of the solar system, is nearly thirty times as far distant from the sun as our earth is.—Chambers' Journal.

AN ODD BIRD.

The Kiwi of New Zealand Has Some Remarkable Peculiarities.

That queer bird, the kiwi, is a native of New Zealand. Its remarkable peculiarities are, first, the apparent absence of wings, as the plumage so covers the small, rudimentary, sticklike appendage of a wing that none whatever is apparent. The situation of the nostrils at the bill's extremity is a second peculiar feature. While hunting for earthworms it probes the soft ground, making a continual snuffing sound. Thus the scent is evidently of great help in finding food and the reason for the position of the nostrils quite apparent.

A third peculiarity is the very disproportionate size of the egg in comparison to the bird, it being a little less than one-fourth the bird's own weight. One kiwi's egg found weighed fourteen and one-half ounces, while the bird weighed just under four pounds (sixty-four ounces) and was about the size of an ordinary hen.

The plumage of the kiwi is a dull brown streaked with light gray, and the body resembles a miniature hay shock, rather badly hacked off at the rear part, as nature has not provided the kiwi with such decoration as a tail. The absence of wings is compensated for by its swiftness of foot, and the large, clumsy looking legs, which are sometimes used as weapons, are placed far back on the oddly shaped body.—St. Nicholas.

That Was All.

A young girl who is always trying some new thing was present once when the doctor set a neighbor's broken arm. She was sure that she knew exactly how it was done, and rather anxious to put her new knowledge into practice. Some time later a hen out in the chicken yard broke its leg. The girl directly announced that she meant to set it "and make it as good as new." Accordingly it was put into a plaster cast and left for the proper length of time to knit. When the day came to take off the cast the girl ran out to the henhouse in great eagerness to see the result. Presently there was a scream that brought every member of the family to her side. The chicken was jumping miserably over the ground sidewise instead of directly forward You know a hen's leg has a crook Well, she had crooked it the wrong way, that was all.

Aliens In Old London.

Here is a curious report of the aliens in London in the year 1567: "There being a great increase of foreigners in the city, her majesty ordered the lord mayor to take the name, quality and profession of all strangers residing within the city of London." The list was headed by the item, "Scots, 40." Other nations were represented by "French, 428; Spaniards and Portuguese, 45; Italians, 140; Dutch, 2,030; Burgundians, 44; Danes, 2; Liegeois, 1."

Shark's Tail For Luck.

Attached to the extreme end of the bowsprit of a sailing vessel there may sometimes be seen a piece of some material that looks remarkably like leather. This seeming piece of leather is really a shark's tail. It is placed there because the sailors think that it augurs good luck, believing that pleasant voyages will be their lot while it remains there. Instead of the bowsprit the tail is at times nailed to the top of one of the masts.—London King.

Different.

"Why don't you elope with her?"

"But, good gracious, man, if you are perfectly willing for me to marry your daughter I cannot see any object to be attained by our eloping."

"Can't you? How will it be if I offer you half of what I save on the wedding?"—Houston Post.

The Main Point.

"What do you think? That boss politician says he has divorced himself from politics."

"Then I'll bet he secured alimony."—Baltimore American.

Common sense in an uncommon degree is what the world calls wisdom.—Coleridge.

A QUEER POKER GAME

IT WAS PLAYED BY TWO STOCKMEN IN A DENVER HOTEL.

The Turn That Came When the Fortunes of Both Men Were Piled on the Table—A Side Bet and a Card That Was Not Shown to the Board.

The old St. James hotel in Denver was one of the landmarks of the city for over a quarter of a century, and many famous sporting men were among its guests. Numerous stories are told of the "stiff" poker games that used to be played there in the late eighties and early nineties of the last century.

A game was played one night between two stockmen, a banker and a mining man. The story goes that the mining man and the banker played until they were "all in," leaving the two stockmen to battle it out. It came up to the "consolation" jack pot, and those who had lingered to see the finish were not disappointed when they expected something spectacular to take place. The stakes were running high, the ante being $500, with no betting limit. One of the stockmen opened for $2,500 and was promptly raised before the draw. Then there followed a series of raises and counter raises until the pot contained $11,000 before cards were drawn.

"Gi' me that one," blandly announced the man who had "seen" the last raise. The dealer slipped one card across the table, laid the deck down, relighted his neglected cigar and said unconcernedly, "I'll play these."

Then the betting commenced in earnest. The player had opened, and he led off with $2,500 as a "feeler." The dealer raised a like amount, and the other fellow followed suit. It was plain that one or the other of the men was going to lose his fortune. Checks were written, torn up and made out for larger amounts, and finally mortgage papers on real estate and cattle were passed into the pot. Finally one man said to the other:

"Say, Henry, I'm going to stay with you until everything I've got, right down to the clothes on my back, is represented on the table. Now, I'm in doubt as to some of my property holdings, so I'll make you a proposition. Give me until tonight (it was then 4 a. m.) to find out just where I stand and we'll play the hand out. Meantime let us seal up my hand in one envelope, yours in another and the deadwood in still another. We'll leave the three envelopes in the office safe, to be delivered to both of us together."

The other player agreed, and envelopes and sealing wax were sent for. The hands and remaining cards in the deck were duly sealed and deposited as per arrangement.

Meantime friends of the two players endeavored to get the men together on some sort of compromise proposition, knowing full well that neither could afford to bank his entire fortune on a poker hand, leaving his family destitute, but both men were obdurate and would listen to no proposition to split the pot. An interested and expectant group gathered in the lobby about 8 o'clock in the evening, among them being the man who had opened the pot. They talked together in a friendly manner, speculating upon what would happen when the man who went to look up his assets returned. While they were talking he walked in.

"Well, Henry, I'm ready to resume our little argument," he announced in a matter of fact tone. Then the crowd repaired to the room where the game had been played. The man announced that he had $33,000 to "play back." Securities and certified checks representing this amount were piled on the table. Then, and not until then, did either of the men show signs of nervousness. The opener had drawn a check for $33,000 and started to tear it out of the book when the other man said in a slow, deliberate voice:

"Looks a little strong for either of us, doesn't it, Henry?"

"Well," rejoined the other man, toying with the check, "what would you consider a fair proposition at this stage of the game?"

"It's not gambling, I know," said the other, "but if you want to split the pot and"—

"She's split," calmly announced the man who had opened for $2,500. The currency, gold, checks, mortgage papers and securities were equally divided. Not a word was spoken. Silently the man who opened took up the envelopes, tore them open and laid the two hands on the table, faces downward.

"Bet you a cigar I had you beat," he bantered.

"You're called," said the other, turning over four cards, jacks and sixes. The opener also turned over four cards. They were jacks and sixes.

"I'll bet you," said the dealer, "a thousand dollars that I've still got you beat."

The other man peeped at a corner of his buried card, toyed a moment with a stack of currency and shoved $1,000 to the center. Then, without waiting for the man he had called to show his hole card, he turned up a four spot. The dealer looked at it, smiled, touched the bell and put his hand in the deck. He never told what the other card was.—Denver Times.

Lights of London.

A farmer who visited London for the first time was walking along Oxford street, [illegible] his pipe, when a matchboy came up to him with the usual "Lights, sir?" The farmer took a box from the boy, extracted a match, lit his pipe and handed the box back to the astonished lad, passing on with the remark, "Lor, what a wunnerful place London is, to be sure!"

A photograph of yourself from BORRY'S gallery will be as nice as any Easter card

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	69c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 06
Eggs	22c
Butter	20c
Potatoes, bushel	40c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Chicken dressed	12½c
Hides, per pound	9c
Pork live	6c
Beef, live	2½c
Poplar wood, per cord	$3 50
Hay, wild, per ton	$4 00
Timothy hay	$5 00

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 9.—Wheat—May, 79⅝@79½c; July, 80¼c; Sept., 78⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82¼@82½c; No. 1 Northern, 81¼@81½c; No. 2 Northern, 79@79½c; No. 3 Northern, 75½@77½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; common to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.70@6.75. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.65; good to prime lambs, $6.50@7.10.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 81½c; No. 1 Northern, 80¾c; No. 2 Northern, 78¾c; May, 80¾c; July, 81¼c; Sept., 79¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.19¼; May, $1.20¾; July, $1.21½; Oct., $1.18½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 9.—Wheat—May, 77⅜c; July, 78⅝@78¾c. Corn—May, 47⅜c; July, 46⅝c. Oats—May, 42¼c; July, 37⅝c. Pork—May, $16.50; July, $16.67½. Butter—Creameries, 22@30½c; dairies 20@28c. Eggs—16c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens and springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.90; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.00; Texans, $4.25@4.75; calves, $6.25@7.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.85@7.07½; good heavy, $7.00@7.07½; rough heavy, $6.80@6.95; light, $6.85@7.02½; pigs, $6.20@6.80. Sheep, $3.75@5.65; lambs, $4.75@7.60.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Mrs. Werstlein.

Mrs. W. Bishop was down to Plummer last Tuesday.

Robert McGinn was over to Grand Forks Sunday.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—Tender and Sweet rutabagas, at Langseth Bros.

Joseph Johnson was in the city last week from Erie.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last Friday.

A. R. Wilkinson, attorney, was in the city last Saturday.

C. L. Spaulding, of Warren, was in the city last week.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Mrs. N. J. Anderson visited friends at Plummer last Saturday.

Rev. Knox was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

D. N. Winton last week sold his driving team to Joseph Duchamp.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

Mrs. Kretzschmar was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Saturday and Sunday.

Phil Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Henry Wahlberg, the efficient clerk at the City Drug and Jewelry Store, spent Sunday in Crookston.

—For Sale—Three horses, two cows and a four horse drill cheap. O. Rogne, Jr., Section 21, town of Nordon.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

The first rain of the season was on Monday of this week and the rain turned into snow after the sun went down.

Jonas Sjoberg the merchant prince of Roseau country was in the city last Saturday being enroute to the Twin cities.

Henry Diebel's wife and family arrived in the city last Friday from Long Prairie and will make this city their home in the future.

Antoine Laurent, of Bemidji and Miss Anna Sedig, of Red Lake Falls, were married in this city last Thursday by Rev. Flesher.

Chas. Elgsten, of the town of Rocksbury, was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business in the probate court.

Joseph Duchamp was up to the Red Lake Agency last week and while there disposed of a number of head of horses to the Indians.

Postmaster Kratka has increased the number of clerks at the postoffice, Joe Votova having commenced work in the office last week.

Mrs. Emil Torgerson and two children who had spent a couple of weeks in the city visiting Mrs. W. B. Fuller, returned to Radium last Friday.

William Schalaben was in the city the first of the week enroute from Southern Minnesota to North Dakota visiting his brother, Dr. Schalaben.

James Robinson, assistant general freight agent for the Great Northern, was in the city last Friday doing business with our local merchants.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

MILLINERY OPENING

MISS LAKIN

Will have on display the most up-to-date styles in millinery on Tuesday and Wednesday,

MARCH 26 AND 27.

I cordially invite the ladies of this city and vicinity to come and see my exhibit whether they wish to purchase or not.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city the first of the week.

Joseph Blair was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

S. M. Severtson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Nason Tuesday.

Knut Bjorge went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Will Vaughan was in from Germantown the of the week.

Wanted—A good girl for general housework. Mrs. G. A. Penney.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

John Haley of Orleans, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30

John Guinan left last evening for Kalispell, Mont., to spend several weeks.

John Gullingsrud left last evening for Gary to visit his parents for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Ed Gilbert and children leave today for Idaho to join Mr. Gilbert and make their future home.

For Rent—Residence of Mrs. Douglas in Meehan's addition. Inquire of Ralph Douglas at the high school.

Mrs. John Vessey and children left last evening for Portland, Orgen, to join Mr. Vessey and make their future home.

Joseph Hjorejsh, a young man residing upon the East Side about twenty-five years of age, died Sunday of consumption.

D. N. Winton left the first of the week for the lumber camps of the Thief River Falls Lumber company in the Red Lake county.

Ben Bjorgo and Miss Annie Berg, both of this city, were united in marriage last Saturday by Judge Bishop.

Mrs. O'Hara and children, who had been visiting relatives at Wykoff, Minn., for several weeks, returned to this city yesterday.

Paul A. Dahle returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Dalton, Minn., where he had been visiting relatives and old friends.

Found—A large picture in a frame addressed to J. D. Johnson, Thief River Falls. Owner can have same by calling at News office.

Mrs. Caldwell returned to the city Tuesday evening from a trip to the twin cities where she had been to purchase her spring millinery.

Fresh strawberries, celery, lettuce, onions, radishes and sweet potatoes for your Sunday dinner at the Golden Rule Grocery Department.

The town of Rocksbury voted $750 for the improvement of roads in that township this year and will keep eight split log drags in operations.

K. M. Hansen was up from Red Lake Falls last week making arrangements for the removal of his family to this city the latter part of this month.

F. C. Niclai went up to on the Greenbush line yesterday to sell the product of his cigar factory. He expects to visit Roseau and Badger before returning.

For Sale—The Oyster Bay restaurant Doing a good business—from $6 to $20 every day. Reason for selling is on account of leaving town. Inquire at the restaurant.

D. P. O'Neill, who had been spending several days in St. Paul, looking after business matters and watching the proceedings of the legislature, returned to this city Sunday.

Brick for the new block to be erected by Torrison Bros., and C. M. Evenson this spring is now being hauled and work upon the building will be commenced early this spring.

C. K. Stockland, manager of the Russell Grader company was in the city the first of the week. He had been out in Silverton looking after his interests in the grader fight in that township.

It is said there are good prospects that a bill will pass the legislature providing that cities may acquire public utilities without issuing new bonds, and simply issuing certificates of indebtedness against the plant.

H. W. Lee writes from Snohomish, that he has formed a partnership with an attorney with an established business at that place and is now busy in the practice of law. He says he likes his new location very well and that the firm with which he is connected enjoys a good business.

Carl M. Wedmer, manager of the Sjoberg store at Middle River, was married Tuesday evening to Miss Pauline Gilbert, Judge Bishop performing the ceremony. Both are well known in Thief River Falls and the News joins with their many friends in extending congratulations.

The divorce proceedings in the case of Alex Dixon and his wife promises to be quite a contest. Both parties desire a divorce, but the point upon which they fail to agree is over the custody of a five year old girl. Mr. Dixon now has two of the children, one three years old and one two years old, and Mrs. Dixon has the five year old girl. Mr. Dixon will endeavor to gain the custody of all of the children now, and expects to prove that the mother is not a proper person [illegible]

The basket social given by the Grace Union Sunday school in Rocksbury was well attended. The proceeds were beyond the expectations of the school, amounting to $38.85. This will not only off set the debt on the organ purchased but a few weeks ago, but will also equip them with a beautiful Sunday school library.

Conductor Workman was dismissed from the service of the Soo road recently and there was a report about town to the effect that Workman was discharged on account of the fact that he was one of the main organizers of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen recently organized here. Those who are in a position to know say that Mr. Workman's connections with this order had nothing to do with being discharged. He was in charge of the train which run into a Great Northern train at Erskine recently, and while the operating department exhonorated him from any blame in the matter, the legal department of the road objected and requested that he be discharged.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Mar 9.

- Ahlstrom, J. P.
- Anderson, Mrs. E. A.
- Brokk, Miss Tillie,
- Clark Miss Rosie
- Carpenter Lester
- Gahl Oscar
- Erickson Miss Thea,
- Ferguson Mrs. A. C.
- Granbois A. J.
- Helgeson K. H.
- Hilmoe John
- Nelson Doras
- Olson Mable
- Olson Orden
- Olson Louis
- Siverson Gust
- Torleson Miss Annie
- Urdahl F. L.
- Wilson J. E.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

CONTRACT AWARDED

SOO ROAD WILL BUILD TO THE HEAD OF THE LAKES AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE.

Duluth Man Plans to Kill Three Persons, but Only Succeeds in Wounding One—Steel Trust Experts Investigating the Feasibility of Erecting a Steel Plant in Minnesota—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, March 9.—The Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railroad is to build its new line to Duluth at once. Foley Bros., railroad contractors of St. Paul, have been awarded the contract and construction gangs are being sent to the scene of operations.

The new line is to run from Brooten, Minn., to Superior and thence to Duluth. The distance is about 200 miles and the road will cross the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads at Freeport, Royalton and other points. It will skirt the southern shores of Mille Lacs in its course and will open up a great territory. It is estimated that, counting terminals at Duluth and Superior, the line will cost in the neighborhood of $8,000,000.

PLANNED TO KILL THREE.

But Duluth Man Only Succeeds in Wounding One.

Duluth, March 6.—Calmly reading a newspaper in his own home Fred Argyle, for whom the police scoured the city all last night, was today found and arrested for shooting Miss Bessie Butchard about 7 o'clock last evening and blinding her in one eye.

A letter found on Argyle told the coroner that he intended to shoot his wife, who was with Miss Butchard at the time; his wife's sister, Miss Butchard and finally himself. His wife's sister was not present when he fired at his wife and Miss Butchard and he evidently lacked the nerve to carry out the programme and shoot himself.

Argyle was angry because he believed Miss Butchard and his wife's sister had come between him and his wife and had broken up their home. After the shooting Argyle fled to his own home and hid himself, locking the door. The police, finding the door locked, did not search the house thinking he had not gone home, but sat down outside and watched it all night.

The chief, when he heard of their failure to search the house, at the change of watch today immediately ordered the door broken in and they found Argyle reading a newspaper.

EXPERTS ON THE SCENE.

Will Decide Regarding Steel Plant at Head of Lakes.

Duluth, March 7.—A committee of six officials of the United States Steel corporation and kindred companies arrived in a private car over the Northwestern line during the day. It was stated by the committee that the trip is for the purpose of getting data for a report on the proposed erection of a steel plant at the Head of the Lakes and to recommend a site.

In the party are T. W. Robinson of the Illinois Steel company; John Remis, M. A. Neeland and W. B. Dickson of the United States Steel corporation; S. A. Benner and E. K. Stich [illegible]

TOTS IN BLAZING HOUSE.

Neighbors Arrive In Time to Save Children, Who Are Alone.

Duluth, March 5.—But for the timely arrival of neighbors two young children of Joseph Chareau would have been burned to death in a fire which destroyed their dwellinghouse last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Chareau had gone to make a visit to some friends, leaving their two children in bed. Neighbors later discovered smoke issuing from the house and made an investigation. Fire was found to be raging fiercely in the interior, but one of the neighbors managed to enter the house and went through the several rooms to discover if any one was there.

In a bedroom they found the two children sleeping peacefully. They were carried out and soon afterward the roof of the burning house fell in.

MAN IS BADLY BURNED.

Returns Into Blazing House for Some Papers.

Rochester, Minn., March 6.—Fire at midnight, in the residence of D. T. Johnson in Pleasant Grove township, nearly cost the lives of Mr. Johnson and his daughter, who first were warned of their peril by the bursting of the flames into their rooms. The girl escaped by jumping through a window, but the father, after he had reached the air, smashing through his bedroom window, remembered that there were some papers of importance in the house. Regardless of the risk he took he plunged back into the dwelling. It was thought that he had perished in the flames, but finally he emerged with the papers, though he was terribly burned about the face, hands and feet.

RIVAL PLANT PLANNED.

Owatonna to Have Another Heating and Lighting System.

Owatonna, Minn., March 5.—Owatonna is to have another and independent electric and heating plant company. The announcement is made that local parties, headed by J. P. Thon, a local laundry and plumbing man, soon will commence the erection of a two-story building almost in the heart of the city, from which the new plant will be operated. This move is an outgrowth of the local gas war. The council has not yet granted the new company a franchise, but the promoters believe they will experience no difficulty in this regard, as the aldermen generally are in favor of the new concern.

IN WISCONSIN AND MINNESOTA.

Suit to Recover for Lumber Cut From Public Lands.

Milwaukee, March 8.—Upon the suggestion of the attorney general United States District Attorney Butterfield has filed action to recover the sum of $18,461, the value of timber alleged to have been cut from public lands in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

The defendants in the actions are James and Patrick Meehan of this city and the Thief River Falls Lumber Company of Minnesota. The complaint recites the fact that the defendants during 1898 and 1899 cut timber from lands belonging to the government in the two states amounting to 2,725,000 feet.

Invalid Commits Suicide.

Minneapolis, March 5.—Rather than to linger along fighting an affliction from which he could never hope to recover, Frank Johnson, twenty-two years old, shot and killed himself as he lay in his bed at 1021 Washington avenue south. The deed was committed while a nurse was in the room. Taken unawares, she was unable to prevent the desperate man from ending his life. He suffered from consumption.

Girls Sent to Reform School.

Faribault, Minn., March 6.—Cora Sellers, aged sixteen, and Gertrude Emmlott, aged twelve years, both living in Northfield, were brought before Judge Buckham in this city charged with stealing a gold watch from a lady's room in Northfield. They pleaded guilty and both were sentenced to the state training school at Red Wing.

St Paul Man a Suicide.

St. Paul, March 7.—Joseph Bespolec, thirty years of age, was found dying in the bathroom of the house at 419 Toronto avenue, with a bullet wound in his head. He was taken to the city hospital, where he died thirty minutes later. Mr. Bespolec was employed as a delivery clerk for the Elite laundry. No motive for the suicide is known.

The Minnesota in Commission.

Norfolk, Va., March 9.—The United States battleship Minnesota, a sister ship to the battleship Vermont and one of the latest additions to the navy, was placed in commission here with Captain John Hubbard commanding.

Six "Blind Pigs" Ousted.

Mankato, Minn., March 6.—Five "blind pigs" have been put out of business at Delavan and one at Winnebago. The Winnebago man pleaded guilty and was fined $50 and costs.

Miner Killed by Cavein.

Chisholm, Minn., March 6.—Frank Seddlesock was killed by a cavein while working in a drift at the Chisholm mine yesterday. He is survived by a widow and several children.

Peasants Plundering Estates.

Bucharest, March 11.—The agitation among the farm laborers in the Botosani district threatens to assume large proportions. The peasants are aggressive and are plundering estates and [illegible]

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

......OF......

Langseth Mercantile Company.

Know all men by these presents: That the undersigned do hereby associate themselves together for the purpose of forming a body corporate, pursuant to Chapter 58 of the Revised Laws of 1905 of the State of Minnesota, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end do hereby adopt and sign the following Articles of Incorporation, to-wit:

I.

The name of said corporation shall be "Langseth Mercantile Company.

The general nature of its business shall be to engage in and to conduct a general mercantile business, and as such to buy and sell both at retail and wholesale, all manner, form, and kinds of merchandise, produce, manufactured articles and products, and to do such other business as may be necessary and incidental to its said business.

The principal place of transacting said business shall be in the City of Thief River Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the 22nd day of March A. D. 1907, and said corporation shall continue to exist for thirty (30) years.

III.

The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be Thirty thousand ($30,000) Dollars, which shall be paid in as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000.)

V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are:

T. P. Hamre, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Andrew Buringsrud, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Bernard Docken, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

P. P. Hamre, of Detroit City, Minnesota.

Anton M. Langseth, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Haldor P. Sponheim, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Annie H. Langseth of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Herman H. Skagen, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

VI.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five directors, who shall be elected annually, on the 22nd day of March, beginning with the year 1908. The said board shall, immediately, upon its election, choose a president, secretary, and treasurer, all of which officers as well as the directors, shall be chosen from among the stockholders of the corporation. The names of the first board of directors are:

T. P. Hamre, Haldor P. Sponheim, P. P. Hamre, Anton M. Langseth, and Bernard Docken, above named and residing at the places above designated.

VII.

The stock of said corporation shall consist of three hundred (300) shares of One Hundred ($100) Dollars each.

In witness whereof, the undersigned have hereunto set their hands and seals this 27th day of February A. D. 1907.

T. P. HAMRE. (SEAL)
ANDREW BURINGSRUD. (SEAL)
BERNARD DOCKEN. (SEAL)
P. P. HAMRE. (SEAL)
ANTON M. LANGSETH. (SEAL)
HALDOR P. SPONHEIM. (SEAL)
ANNIE H. LANGSETH. (SEAL)
HERMAN H. SKAGEN. (SEAL)

Executed in presence of
Wm. A. Tautges.
Oscar Sponheim.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake. } ss.

Be it known that on this 27th day of February A. D. 1907, before me, a notary public in and for said County and State, personally appeared T. P. Hamre, Andrew Buringsrud, Bernard Docken, P. P. Hamre, Anton M. Langseth, Haldor P. Sponheim, Annie H. Langseth, and Herman H. Skagen, to me known to be the persons who executed the within and foregoing Articles of Incorporation, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

(SEAL.) Wm. A. Tautges,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
My commission expires January 5th, 1913.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 8th day of March A. D. 1907, at 4 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book N 3 of Incorporations on page 513.

Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrances in Norway Sweden and Denmark.

Items of Interest to Those Who Have Come to America.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

"Other nations," says a Washington correspondent, "are following in the footsteps of Great Britain and have decided to send the best men they possess to represent them in Washington. To one who has followed closely the generation process that is going on in Sweden, there was nothing strange in the announcement that the Swedish government had decided upon the retirement of M. Grip from the post of Swedish minister at Washington. It is plain that the period of purely ornamental representatives is at an end and that business men will be appointed in their places." Herr Wallenberg, a prominent banker of Stockholm, has been sent to Japan and Herr Lagerkantz, a steel mill manager, has been appointed minister to the United States. Mr. Lagerkrantz is a great deal more than an energetic business man and his career is of much interest. Born in 1857, he is the son of a councilor of state. After finishing his school education he entered the military academy and in due time he was appointed second lieutenant in one of the famous crack regiments. He soon afterward attracted attention as an uncommonly capable officer, and, in conjunction with a good sized fortune and powerful family interests, there appeared to be every inducement for his following a soldier's career. His resignation from the regiment in 1889 for the purpose of devoting his life to the promotion of the propaganda of the Salvation Army caused a small sensation in the capital. Although of a warm religious temperament, the young officer did not devote himself to the strictly religious side of the movement, but worked from the first in the social field. He and his wife went to London, where they stayed for several years, working exclusively in the worst slums. Mr. Lagerkrantz became a colonel and in 1893 was transferred to India, devoting his tremendous energy to the organization of the extensive social work of the army out there. In 1896 he and his brothers became owners of the Virsbo steel works in the central part of Sweden, of which he assumed active management. He has proved himself an organizer of exceptional ability and has extended his influence over the entire industrial movement of that part of the country. It is his work in the field that attracted the attention of the government and decided it to place him in a position which is now recognized as being of utmost importance to the commercial interests of Sweden.

A correspondent for a London journal writes: "Over all Sweden the dreary season of the year is the most favorable time for business activity and social intercourse. The merchant finds a path to distant markets across the frozen gulfs and over hardened snows which otherwise he could not visit. Among the people, pleasures and amusements are kept up in constant succession. Near the towns the plains and the borders of the lakes are converted into frozen race courses, where the elegance and the richness of the sledges, the splendor of the harnessing and the beauty of the horses—fleet as the wind, and making the air resound with the clear tinking of their little bells—present a scene surpassing in animation, more brilliant than assemblages that crowd the public promenades of softer climes. Military bands often accompany these lively assemblages, and the pleasures sometimes are prolonged by torch light, which gives a picturesque effect to the train of carriages filled with merry-makers, moving rapidly over the whitened fields of snow and ice. The climate may be severe, but it is the parent of robust health; the long dark nights call into play the streaming glories of the aurora borealis; and the dreariness of winter lends additional enchantment to the variegated beauties of spring."

Mme. Anna Lundberg, the Swedish Yvette Guilbert, of Stockholm, arrived in New York a week ago last Tuesday night and is now making a concert tour in the United States. Mme. Lundberg stands in line with Judic, Charlotte Wiehe-Bereny and others as the highest exponent of the Parisian school of mimicry in song. She has made a specialty of the humorous tropical song which has sprung into life in recent years and has more than a hundred songs in her repertory, and is considered one of the most versatile and fascinating artists of Sweden.

Gothenburg is growing rapidly and is becoming the greatest business center of Sweden. A number of new export firms have been organized and real estate business will, according to all indications, be booming there this spring and summer. The business "ways" of Gothenburg differ from any other Swedish city in the fact that they are typically "British."

Lieutenant Lennart Grut, of the navy, who about a year and a half ago started on a trip around the world has now returned to Stockholm and has, much to the surprise of many of his Stockholm friends, brought a wife with him. Young Mrs. Grut is of American-Japanese descent and is a daughter of Professor Condor, of the University of Japan.

A Russian-Jewish colony has been established in Gothenburg. It consists of fifty Russian-Jewish fugitives, who arrived in Sweden but a short time ago. They have since their arrival, however, met much opposition from Jews who came to Gothenburg forty or fifty years ago.

The subscription fund for the King Carl X Gustaf monument has now reached 10,000 crowns. More than 25,000 crowns will be needed before the monument can be erected.

King Oscar is now so much better that he can enjoy walks in the open air and soon he can regularly resume his old time "constitutionals." He is in the best of spirits.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The "Gjoa" expedition, of which Roald Amundsen was the leader, and which has attracted so much attention among European geographical societies, will evidently be taken care of by the Norwegian government. The proposition for an appropriation of 50,000 crowns is now being considered by the assembly and the chances are that it will be unanimously granted. This expedition entailed an expense of over 160,000 crowns, one-fourth of which *should originally have been paid by* the government. King Oscar and King Haakon each donated 10,000 crowns to the expedition, besides the 30,000 crowns which Mr. Amundsen expended himself. The ethnographical collections are very valuable and the magnetic observations, which have all been carefully recorded by learned scientists the world over, are deemed of sufficient importance to interest the Norwegian government in the most noble effort which Mr. Amundsen has made in behalf of geographic research. It is stated that the collections alone are by scientific authorities valued at 150,000 crowns, all of which will be placed on exhibition at the Christiania museum.

Hendrick Ibsen's "Doll's House," with Mme. Henning as "Nora" and Jerndorff as "Dr. Rank," has been rendered not less than 100 times in the royal opera at Copenhagen and every performance has been given to a full house. Copenhagen society and members of the royal family attended the performance during its opening week and the play is still being given to crowded houses.

Small game has been plentiful in northern Norway this season and many Scotch and English hunters have come over to enjoy the sport. Especially has there been an abundance of pheasants and "ryper" have also been plentiful. Some pot hunters have sold them in large quantities to export firms, who ship them to England and America.

William T. Stead, of London, has been royally entertained in the Norwegian capitol during the past two weeks. He cames as a "peace" representative and was naturally enough very peacefully received.

Bergen's greatest dairy was sold a few days ago to a Christiania syndicate for 150,000 crowns. The "Ornen" Dairy company has been doing an excellent business in Bergen during the past twenty years.

A party of fifty English sportsmen paid a visit to Christiania lately and attended the "Holmenkollen" festivities. They were entertained by the Christiania Ski club and other club organizations.

Central hotel, in Kragero, has been sold to William Sundblad, of Christiania, for 75,000 crowns. Central hotel is the leading hotel of Kragero and an old historic landmark.

Edvard Grieg and wife gave a concert in Copenhagen Feb. 21. As might be expected the world-famed couple drew a large and selected audience.

E. A. Paulson has celebrated his twenty-fifth anniversary as associate editor of The Aftenposten. Mr. Paulson is known as an able and forcible writer.

Horses valued at 200,000 crowns were sold at the Lillehammar horse show last month. Most of them were purchased by Swedish horse dealers.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Through the recent death of Madame Ilicher-Clausen Denmark has lost one of its most genial woman authors. Although she was the wife of a pastor having charge of a large congregation she still found time to write a series of delightful stories for women. At her funeral, which occurred Feb. 1, were present many men of letters and hundreds of people from Sollerod and vicinity, where she has always made her home.

Director Boeck, of Copenhagen, recently paid a visit to Christiania, where he entertained King Haakon in regard to an antiseptic wafer bread, which the former is trying to introduce in all Protestant countries. Mr. Boeck maintains that the present way of serving the communion wine often transmits contagious diseases.

Dr. S. Christian Klein is the name of a prominent Danish physician who died at his home in Vejle a few days ago, aged 87 years. For a number of years Dr. Klein was a practicing physician in Copenhagen, where he made a considerable fortune.

Dr. T. Fursie, head surgeon and superintendent for the insane asylum in Oringe, died a few days ago, aged 75 years. He was one of the country's foremost surgeons and has been a Knight of Dannebrog since 1884.

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MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Chief Wilkie of the United States secret service, who has been in charge of the investigation in Chicago of the disappearance of $173,000 from the sub-treasury, has returned to Washington. His departure is an indication that the secret service operatives have failed in their effort to solve the mystery of the supposed robbery.

The South Dakota legislature has passed the divorce bill requiring a residence of one year in the state and three months in the county before beginning a divorce suit, with all hearings in open court. This law kills the divorce industry of that state.

In retaliation for adverse legislation, culminating in the passage of the 2-cent per mile passenger fare bill by the Nebraska legislature, all Nebraska railroads have issued circulars absolutely abolishing all classes of reduced fares.

Judge Gilchrist of the superior court of Evansville, has rendered a decision in the Presbyterian church union controversy in which the unionists won an overwhelming victory.

It is authoritatively announced in a private report of official character that the railroads of Nebraska will contest the 2-cent fare law now in effect in that state.

President Roosevelt, in a letter to the Russian famine relief committee of New York, appeals for contributions in behalf of the famine sufferers in that country.

The Milwaukee Gas Light company has announced a reduction of rates to an 80-cent basis. When used in large quantities the price for fuel gas will be 60 cents.

A furious snow storm raged in New York city and vicinity Sunday, greatly interfering with street car traffic and paralyzing shipping business in the harbor.

The letter carriers of Butte, Mont., who resigned as a body because of the small compensation paid by the government, now desire to remain in the service.

Saratoga, N. Y., has been definitely decided upon for the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic this year.

Louisville street car employes are on strike to enforce a demand for increased wages and shorter hours.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

George W. Perkins, former first vice president of the New York Life Insurance company, has sent to the New York Life his personal check for $54,019.19 to reimburse the company for the Republican campaign contribution made from its funds in 1904.

Suit for divorce has been filed in common pleas court at Cleveland by Elizabeth Gordon Hanna, second wife of Dan R. Hanna, only son of the late Senator Hanna. Hanna is accused of gross neglect of duty, abandonment and extreme cruelty.

Several members of congress, including Speaker Cannon, have sailed from New York on the steamer Ilthcher to inspect the government work now in progress on the isthmus of Panama.

After a long conference with his lieutenants Congressman John J. Esch of La Crosse has decided to become a candidate for United States senator from Wisconsin.

Senator Spooner denies the story that he is to enter the service of J. J. Hill of the Great Northern railway at a salary of $50,000 a year.

Archie Roosevelt, the president's son, who is ill with diphtheria, continues to improve, according to the physicians' bulletin.

James R. Garfield has taken the oath of office and assumed his duties as secretary of the interior.

Sir A. Conan Doyle, the author, is seriously ill from ptomaine poisoning.

William R. Hearst is seriously ill at his home in New York city.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1907 NUMBER 12

INTERESTING INFORMATION

A. J. McGuire Tells of Crops Grown in This Section.

Amount per Acre Raised at Grand Pupils Experimental Station.

The yield of farm crops are influenced by three factors: First, the natural conditions of the section of the country in which they are grown. Second, the season, and third, the system of farming under which they are grown.

Under normal conditions the crop yield may be taken as a fair index to the productiveness of the country and its adaptability to the growing of different kinds of crops.

Due to the many inquiries regarding the yield of different crops in northeastern Minnesota it is deemed advisable to publish a general statement covering the yield of all the crops instead of treating each crop separately as heretofore.

The yield of the different crops grown on the Experiment farm under normal field conditions during the season of 1906, is as follows:

Wheat 20 bushels per acre. Variety—University, 169. Soil—sandy loam. Manured and in potatoes 1905.

Oats, 40 bushels per acre. Variety—Improved Ligono. Soil—Clay Loam. In clover and timothy 1905.

Barley, 19 bushels per acre. Variety—Manschuri. Soil—clay loam. Low and very wet.

Peas, 21 bushels per acre. Variety—Canada Field. Soil—sandy loam. Manured and in peas 1905. Manured lightly in 1906.

Hay, 2¾ tons per acre, single cutting. Medium red clover and timothy. Soil—from clay loam to sandy loam. Most of crop first year cutting.

Fodder corn from 5 to 10 tons per acre, green weight. (Put in silo.) Spring wet and cold, unfavorable for fodder corn. Some fields were mostly drowned out. Soil varying with different fields from clay to sandy loam. Most of fodder corn ground in meadow (clover and timothy) 1905. Variety of seed—Minnesota 13.

Potatoes, 246 bushels per acre: 984 bushels on four acres. Soil—Sandy loam. In fodder corn 1905. Manured lightly 1905 and 1906. Variety—Carmen No. 1. A white potato, oval in shape, medium to late in maturing. This variety has yielded highest on the Experiment Farm for 8 years; 70 varieties tested.

Stock carrots, 15¼ tons per acre or 570 bushels. Soil, sandy loam. In roots 1905. Manured 1905 and 1906. Variety—Mastodon Stock Carrot.

The above mentioned crops were grown under a system of practical farming and the yields the average of the fields, not of experiment plots.

Various varieties of wheat, oats, barley, flax, rye, speltz, millet, etc., were *grown in experiment plots, but the yield* of the fields is given as a better comparison of average crops.

Crops grown in plots for test of varieties, etc., will be taken up later.

The season 1906, while very unfavorable in many respects, was fair as a whole, so that the yield of the different crops with a few exceptions is about an average.

—A. J. McGuire.

Janitor of School Quits.

A Janitor in a neighboring school threw up his job the other day. When asked what was the trouble, he said, "I'm honest and I won't stand being slurred. If I find a pencil or a handkerchief 'bout the school I hang it up. Every little while the teacher or some one that is too cowardly to face me, gives me a slur." "In what way?" asked the officer. "Why, a little while ago I saw written on the board, 'find the common multiple.' Well, I looked from cellar to garret, and I wouldn't know the blamed thing if I met it on the street. What made me quit my job? Last night in big writin' on the blackboard, it said 'find the greatest common divisor.' Well, I says to myself, both of them darn things are lost now, and I'll be blamed for swipin' 'em, so I'll quit."

ST. HILAIRE ELECTION.

Usual Scrap on Between the Two Banks of That Place.

The St. Hilaire village election this year resulted in a victory for the First State Bank crowd, and as the Merchants State Bank people won out a year ago, honors are about even. The following was the vote:

President	
A. S. Wilson	100
John Hegseth	1
Trustees	
Jens Nelson	100
E. M. Hoff	101
C. H. Martz	50
D. Patterson	53
Treasurer	
B. E. Burkee	61
Leonard Holmes	48
Clerk	
Carl Johnson	56
K. O. Gigstad	54
Assessor	
A. F. Ittner	104
O. H. Peters	6
Justice of Peace	
O. H. Peters	109
Constable	
H. C. Adams	100

His Own Grandfather.

It doesn't at first glance look quite reasonable that a man can be his own grandfather, and yet some chap with an eye for the curious has figured it up in this way: "I married a widow who had a grown up daughter. My father visited our house very often, and fell in love with my daughter and married her. So my father became my son-in-law and my step-daughter my mother, because she married my father.

Sometime afterward my wife had a son. He is my father's brother-in-law and my uncle, for he is the brother of my step-mother. My father's wife, namely my step-mother, had a son. He is my brother and at the same time my grand-child, for he is the son of my daughter. My wife is my grandmother, because she is my mother's mother. I am my wife's husband and grandchild at the same time and as the husband of a person's grandmother, is his grandfather, I am my own grandfather.—Ex.

Subscribe for the News.

A RESUME OF HIS WORK.

What Congressman Steenerson Accomplished in Congress This Session.

Important Legislation With Which Our Congressman Was Connected.

The first session of the 59th Congress convened on the 4th day of December, 1905, and continued until the 30th day of June 1906; the second session convened on the 3rd of Dec. 1906, and expired by limitation of law on the 4th of March 1907.

In addition to taking part in the general legislation enacted of great importance to the country, such as regulation of railroads and corporations, the pure food law, removing the tax on denatured alcohol and the new naturalization and immigration laws, Mr. Steenerson has a record for special work accomplished of great importance to the district and country at large.

As a member of the committee on post office and post roads he was the first to agitate the abolition of special railway mail subsidies to railroads in the south and southwest. This subsidy of $167,000 per year had a narrow escape at the first session of the present congress, having carried by only one vote. His fight against this subsidy in the committee at the present session was sufficient to keep it out of the appropriation bill and for the first time since the railway mail service was established this item has disappeared from the bill.

He was also the first to advocate the reduction of railway mail pay upon the routes where the traffic was dense and where it has been demonstrated by overwhelming evidence that the railway mail pay is excessive. The reduction in the appropriation for the next fiscal year is estimated by the department to amount to saving to the people of the United States of five million dollars.

Mr. Steenerson was also active in support of the increase of compensation to rural and city mail carriers, railway mail clerks and post office clerks, which increase will go into effect on the 1st day of July next.

Of special interest to this district is his advocacy of federal aid to reclamation of swamp and overflowed lands by drainage. He introduced several bills looking to the appropriation of the proceeds of all the remaining public lands outside of those devoted to irrigation to form a drainage fund to be used as a revolving fund in reclaiming swamp lands. These measures met with opposition especially from the irrigation states who believed that it might lead to an encroachment upon their reclamation fund, and the Secretary of the Interior refused to recommend the measures in the last Congress. Not despairing however, Mr. Steenerson secured the insertion of an item in the Indian Appropriation Bill appropriating $15,000 for a survey of the swamp and overflowed ceded Indian lands with view to reclamation by drainage and with a view to determining whether or not such reclamation would be practicable and whether the cost could not be added to the price charged for the land. This bill was passed on the 30th day of June 1906, and within sixty days thereafter the geological survey undertook the work and surveyed some 400,000 acres of the ceded Indian lands to the north and east to Thief River Falls. A report was made upon this survey strongly favoring the project and showing that the cost of the improvement could easily be recouped by raising the price of the land which is now subject to homestead mostly at $1.25 per acre. The report was sent to the Sec. of the Interior who transmitted the same to Congress with a recommendation that a sufficient appropriation be made, estimated at $1,090,000 which money was to be reimbursable out of the augmented price of the land. On the strength of this report and recommendation an additional $10,000 was appropriated in the current Indian appropriation bill for the completion of the surveys and it is believed that a strong case will be made in the next congress for an appropriation to construct the required works. This scheme will reclaim more than one million acres and render the same suitable for settlers and will greatly enlarge the territory tributary to Crookston and the business opportunities of this section.

Under the law of the first session of this congress giving this drainage appropriation authority was granted to withdraw the land with a view to raising the price in order to pay for the contemplated improvements and Mr. Steenerson secured the insertion of a clause in the present Indian Appropriation bill restoring these ceded Indian lands to entry subject, however, to any future charges for drainage surveys and drainage reclamation works and it is expected that notice of such opening of the lands to entry will soon be received at the land office. Mr. Steenerson expects to continue the agitation for a general drainage act whereby a revolving fund will be established to be used to encourage drainage generally and this movement is receiving a great deal of agitation and support throughout the whole country.

Steenerson took an active part in promoting more liberal pension legislation, the result of which was the passage at the last session of Congress of the service pension bill giving every soldier who served in the Civil War that is over 62 years old a pension of $12.00 a month; over 70 years $15.00 and over 75 $20.00 regardless of any disabilities. He has also promptly aided all soldiers in establishing their claims to increase and at no time have so many of these applications been favorably considered. In addition to this during the Congress just closed a total of 10 special pension bills to soldiers who were totally disabled from taking care of themselves and whose allowance under the general laws was insufficient.

In relation to local or special bills may be mentioned bills authorizing the building of a bridge for the Soo railroad across the Red Lake River and the Red River of the North, and of a pontoon bridge for the village of Oslo; also a bill authorizing the construction of a dam across the Red Lake River for water power purposes 12 miles northeast of Crookston and two bills for power purposes across the Mississippi in the vicinity of Bemidji, also the so-called "Steenerson Act" for an additional allotment for the Chippewas of the Mississippi on the White Earth reservation also authorizing the village of White Earth, and the appropriation of $50,000 for the construction of a public building at Crookston.

When Mr. Steenerson assumed the office four years ago there were eight rural routes in the 9th district and today there are 158 routes in actual operation, with complete county rural service in Ottertail county and one about to be established in Clay and Becker counties. In addition to this numerous star routes have been extended so that the improvement secured in the mail service has been commensurate with the rapid advance of the district in settlement and population.

As is well known, in January last President Roosevelt was induced to issue a a drastic order preventing the issuance of final receipts in all land entries and practically stopping the operation of the land laws. As soon as attention was called to the order, especially in the Times, to the great hardship resulting from this action, Mr. Steenerson called on the President and had several conferences with him and on the 12th of February secured a modification of the order so as to exclude from its operation the five year homestead proofs and all proofs upon ceded Indian lands, which practically cover all the land proofs in Minnesota.

Mr. Steenerson also took an active interest in the cause off tariff revision, holding that the party was committed to revision of the tariff at once, and tried to secure the call of a caucus to consider the question of an extra session with a view to revising the tariff.

He was also active in opposition to ship subsidy and opposed it to the last making a strong speech on the subject.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, *including New Solum and Holt*, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

ELKS TO ORGANIZE

Thief River Falls to Have an Elks Lodge Soon.

About Twenty Members of This Order Now Reside Here.

A meeting was held last week by a number of the members of the Elk lodge with a view of organizing a lodge of this character in this city. Some twenty residents of this city are members of the Elks lodge and and it is believed that at least 80 applications could be secured from other residents who are desirous of joining this order. Under the rules of the Elks lodge, a city has to show a population of at least 5,000 before a charter can be secured. The 1905 census showed our population to be some over 3500 and as the city has made great advancement since then it is an assured fact that we have a population of considerable in excess of 5,000. In order to ascertain this fact, however, a census of the town will have to be taken, and a committee of Elks will probably commence work upon this task in a short time.

Stays in Red Lake County.

Julius Pleth the hustling real estate man of Plummer was a business visitor here last Thursday. Mr. Pleth has given up his idea of moving to St. Paul and has decided to stay in Red Lake county and help boost the best dairy county in northern Minnesota. Mr. Pleth has a large amount of farm lands in the eastern part of the country and he has concluded that they can be handled better by staying here. His decision means much as he brings a large number of people every year into the county and a good percentage are purchasers.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Does This Mean a Flood.

Marshall Killand had a caller at his residence last Thursday evening in the shape of a large musk rat which he killed. Mr. Rat must have figured that there was going to be a damp, bad time down at the river soon and that it was time to look for dryer quarters. This may indicate that there will be something doing soon in the flood line.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Aim Straight

If you aim to be well dressed, aim for this store and a HART SCHAFFNER & MARX SUIT. You'll make a hit in it.

Will show other good things to wear such as:

Spring styles in GORDEN HATS.

Spring styles in CROSSETT SHOES.

Spring styles in FURNISHINGS.

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

- - - THE HOME OF - - -

H. S. & M. SUITS. H. S. & M. OVERCOATS.

A photograph of yourself from BORRY'S gallery will be as nice as any Easter card

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

E. G. Buse, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Friday.

Charles Shirley was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

T. P. Hamre was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

"The Cheerful Liar".

Frank Cernousick was down to Crookston last week on business.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

County Treasurer Tanberg was up to spend Sunday with his family.

Wanted—Good girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. G. A. Penney.

Ole Siminson was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

J. D. Abbott, of Rollis, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Yes, it is known that "The Cheerful Liar" excites your curiousity.

Mrs. Kidder left Saturday evening for Winona to visit her parents for a few days.

Mrs. F. H. Gambell left Saturday evening for the twin cities to visit friends.

A. W. Hanson, of Erie, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

James Meehan was up from Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

C. P. Nelson, of Germantown, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

"Kid" Traverse is down from the Red Lake country where he had been working this winter.

Robert McGinn was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

M. V. Evenson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Confirmation and Communion services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

D. P. O'Neill went down to his Norman county farm last Friday, returning the first of the week.

Oscar O. Svein and Miss Jennie Lillemon were united in marriage Monday evening by Judge Bishop.

A. O. Berglang, of Thorwick, left last Saturday for Fisher to visit relatives and friends for a few days.

Rev. Palm and bride, of Sandridge, was in the city last Friday, being enroute to Park River, N. D.

PERSONAL acquaintance and actual wear experience with one pair of Walkover Shoes will do more to spread the merits of this footwear---through the word of mouth advertising you'll give them---than volumes of type advertising. Become a Walkover enthusiast. We are exclusive local sellers.

$3.50 AND $4.00.

WILSON'S

POSTOFFICE BLOCK.

S. H. SHARBACH,

Cash Merchandiser.

First Special Sale of the Season.
Muslin Underwear Sale.

Beginning next Monday and for the entire week, I will have on sale the largest and most complete line of reliable muslin underwear ever shown in the city at remarkable low prices, in fact less than you can buy the material for, say nothing about making.

Read over the list of prices, and call and examine the goods I guarantee every garment as represented or your money cheerfully refunded.

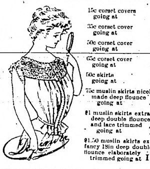

15c corset covers going at 9c
35c corset cover going at 23c
50c corset cover going at 39c
65c corset cover going at 48c
50c skirts going at 39c
75c muslin skirts nicely made deep flounce going at 48c
$1 muslin skirts extra deep double flounce and lace trimmed going at 78c
$1.50 muslin skirts extra fancy 18in deep double flounce elaborately trimmed going at 1.18
$2 muslin skirts the finest goods made very double at 1.48

75c drawers tucked and very fine goods going at 69c

65c muslin night gowns at 48c
75c muslin gowns yoke and sleeves nice trimmed with lace and embroidery going at 58c
$1 gowns very fancy tucked and lace trimmed going at 78c
$1 gowns the finest make and cheap at 1.50 going at 1.28

Ladies white lawn waists extra special for this sale at reduced prices for opening sale.
85c white lawn waists for 69c
$1 white lawn waists for 78c
$1.25 white lawn waists for 98c
$1.50 white lawn waists for 1.28
$2 white lawn waists for 1.48

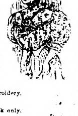

35c muslin drawers lace trimmed for 15c
50c muslin drawers trimmed with embroidery and tucked, good value for 50c going at 39c

Bargains in Laces and embroidery.

These prices for next week only.

Yours for Bargains,

S. H. SHARBACH,

One Door West of Post Office, Dobner-Meehan Block.

What an interesting person must "The Cheerful Liar" be!

Rev. Neal Gilchrist, traveling missionary for the Presbyterian church, was in the city the first of the week.

George A. Ralph, the Crookston surveyor, was in the city last Saturday enroute from Roseau to his home.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to some legal business.

Attorney F. A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday at 7:45. All cordially invited.

One nine room house and one six room house for sale. Located south of Soo depot. Inquire of A. B. Helgeson.

County Commissioner Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the county board.

A. I. Anderson and bride arrived here Saturday and left again yesterday morning for Prince Albert, their future home.

Henry Cook, of Germantown, was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business before the land office.

Don't forget the auction sale on the south side of Hicks store on Saturday afternoon. Bring in anything you have to sell.

Miss Hazel Prichard, who is attending Hamlin university, arrived in the city Saturday to spend her vacation with her parents.

Pat Sullivan was in the city last week from Highlanding to meet his wife, who had been visiting with friends in North Dakota.

Otto Johnson has accepted a position as operator with the Soo line and left last week for a station in North Dakota on the Wheatline.

Mrs. August Ruhnke and children passed through the city Monday enroute to Superior, Wis., where they will make their future home.

The Ladies of the Eastern Star tendered a farewell reception to A. I. Anderson and bride Tuesday evening at the Antlers Club rooms.

For Sale—Quarter section of land in Hubbard county. Will trade for horses, cattle or Thief River Falls city property. Inquire at this office.

Will Vaughan, of Germantown, was in the city the first of the week, having been down to Crookston to attend to some business matters.

Fred A. Freitag and Miss Lettie Barstad were united in marriage last week at the home of the brides parents on the East Side by Judge Bishop.

Joseph Johnson, of Erie, postoffice, Star township, Red Lake county, Minnesota, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

Mrs. Hathaway and Miss Butman very pleasantly entertained a company of friends at a moonlight ball Monday evening. About seventy-five couples were entertained and all report a most enjoyable time.

There are many farmers who neglect to skin the horse that dies thinking that it will not pay. The dealers in hides pay from $2 to $3 for horse hides and it pays to save this sum. The tail and mane should always be left on the hide.

Morgan Vaughan was in the city Monday from the town of Goodridge, being enroute to Bemidji. He had a couple of teams working in the lumber camps near Blackduck this winter and was obliged to put a lein of the logs in order to get his pay.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. McLean Sunday.

Next week's issue will disclose "The Cheerful Liar".

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

"The Cheerful Liar" is no common brand of prevaricator.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hagerose, of Silverton, Sunday.

D. N. Winton left the first of the week for Alabama, where he is interested in a saw mill.

On Tuesday Judge Bishop united Pat Farigher and Miss Martha Johnson in marriage.

Chas. Alexander is down from the Red Lake country for a few days to visit with his family.

Don't ask your neighbor who "The Cheerful Liar" is. He or she might tell you. Wait for next week's issue.

Miss Ramsland, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Schalaben, returned to Minneapolis Tuesday evening.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold an Easter sale on Saturday afternoon, March 30, in the basement of the church.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran Congregation will meet with Mrs. Iver Horum next Wednesday March 27.

Miss Kuhnel returned to this city the first of the week from an extended trip to Chicago. She will again take charge of her store up at Kuhnel-posoffice.

A big leak has been discovered in the water mains that extend to the East Side and water will be turned on only from 9 to 10 each morning until further notice.

The police of the city have shot a number of dogs of late. There are quite a number of dogs in the city that apparently have no home and these are the ones that are being killed.

Andrew Carlson, Oscar Carlson, Gustaf Opseth and Emil Carlson were in the city last week from the new town of Strip on the Soo Line. The two former are going to open up a general store and the two latter will manufacture cement building blocks and do a general contracting business.

Paul A. Dahl, of the town of North last Saturday received a telegram from Dawson, Minn., announcing the death of his brother, Jacob Dahl. Mr. Dahl had but recently returned from a trip to Dawson and his brother at that time was suffering from a cancer of the stomach, so that death was not unexpected.

Judge Bishop has been doing quite a stroke of business in the matrimonial line of late, and during the past two weeks has made twelve hearts beat as six. When the Judge starts two hearts off beating in unison he guarantees that they will keep running that way until the end, and that is why so many of the brides insist that he tie the knot.

G. H. Hooper of Crookston has been here a couple of weeks looking over the prospects of putting in a local telephone system. Mr. Hooper is connected with the Polk County Telephone company and has considerable experience in the work. It is probable that Mr. Hooper will ask the village council for a franchise at the next meeting.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Congressman Steenerson received notice Monday morning that the pension claim of Julius Chapman of Henning, Minn., had been allowed. This is the first claim to be allowed under the new act of Congress which went into effect on Feb. 6th, 1907, and which is known as the age pension law. Since this law went into effect Mr. Steenerson has received hundreds of applications for pensions under this act and he has them all filed away.

Iver Erickson went down to Crookston last evening.

C. J. Knox went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Sam Cheeley was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Mrs. John Woodcock went down to Crookston last evening.

Walter McAndress was in the city yesterday from Highlanding.

Ole O. Neeje left last evening on a trip to Norman county to visit friends.

Attorney Michelet spent last evening in Crookston attending to business matters.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Minneapolis the first of the week attending to business matters.

At a meeting of the county commissioners held Tuesday, the township of Reiner was organized. This is the township located in the northeast corner of Red lake county and leaves but one unorganized town in the county.

It is again rumored that the Great Northern is going to make a change in entering this city and instead of backing in the trains will build a road upon about the line of the old original survey. This would give them a straight line through town.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka and Mrs. Fred Goebler left last Saturday for Nakoma, N. D., on the Wheatline. Mr. Kratka received word from them yesterday and they had only got as far as Adams. Snow continues to block up the road out there, but the line will be opened up for good this week it is said.

George Elder, the ice man, sustained a very badly broken leg Tuesday and one that will keep him laid up for some time. While at work loading a wagon with sawdust south of the mill yard, the bank of sawdust caved in and a large frozen chunk struck Mr. Elder on the right leg breaking it in two places. The break was a very bad one, as the bone perforated the flesh in places.

E. M. Nelson the well known citizen of Friberg was in the city Saturday on his return from Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls, Crookston and other northern points. Mr. Nelson's health has not been particularly good for a year or two past and he thinks of giving up farming and engaging in the real estate business in some of the cities to the northward, but has not yet come to any definite conclusion.—Fergus Falls Journal.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening little business was transacted. Notice was served upon the Tri-State Telephone company and H. Fant that unless they paid the costs in the case of the Northwestern Telephone company against the city, the matter could be dropped and the appeal to the supreme court would not go on. This Mr. Fant and the Tri-State company promised to do and so the matter will go to the supreme court.

The choir of the Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod, assisted by some of the best local talent, will give a Lenten Cantata—"The Seven Last Words of Christ" by Theodore Dubois—on the evening of Good Friday at 8 p. m. in the church. The cantata is given under the auspices of the Young Peoples' society for the purpose of raising funds for a pipe organ. Tickets will be sold next week and the society will greatly appreciate your presence. The cantata is a grand musical composition and every effort on the part of the singers will be made to give it its due justice.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday March 24th.
Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Junior League at 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

MILLINERY OPENING

MISS LAKIN

Will have on display the most up-to-date styles in millinery on Tuesday and Wednesday,

MARCH 26 AND 27.

I cordially invite the ladies of this city and vicinity to come and see my exhibit whether they wish to purchase or not.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

DROUGHTS UNKNOWN.

Northern Minnesota Has Many Advantages to Offer Homeseekers.

Fine Farming Lands Can Be Purchased Here Very Cheaply.

Confident predictions of a droughty, hot summer all over the West and Southwest, based on annual averages of rainfall and temperature, ought to prove warnings to homeseekers from the East, who are now setting out to inspect the lands of that section, that they may reasonably expect hard times for at least a year, if they decide to buy in any of the regions where acres are not held at well-nigh prohibitive figures to the man of Small means, says the Duluth Evening Herald.

If, instead of going to western Kansas or Nebraska or to Wyoming or Oklahoma or Texas or even Colorado, all of which states are likely to come under the malign spell of the predictions, eastern farmers, in quest of new homes and independence, shall turn their footsteps to Northern Minnesota, they will find farm lands at as low prices as any in the states named and they may also feel absolute confidence that no drought will ever cut short the fruits of their labor.

The heavy snows of the past winter throughout Northern Minnesota will melt so slowly that nearly all of the water will sink deep into the fallow ground. This will assure beyond peradventure ample moisture for all crops, even if there shall not be an inch of rain throughout the summer. As one familiar with Northern Minnesota conditions has phrased it: "Grass and clover will keep green until next fall's snows, even if not a drop of rain shall come in the meantime."

With these ideal conditions for farming giving strongest assurance of ample returns for the labor expended, it is a wonder that, so long as there is any vacant land in Northern Minnesota to be secured at from $3 to $7 an acre, any wise farmer from the East, who has ever heard of this section, shall seek a home in a region threatened with drought and blithting heat and the consequent loss of a year's hard work.

Further than this, Northern Minnesota offers unequalled opportunities for dairy farms and for the breeding of fine livestock of all kinds. With the establishment of great steel and other plants in Duluth, such as are now virtually assured, there will be an ever growing market for all of these dairy products and livestock for home consumption.

If the Eastern homeseekers of this year be wise they will turn to Northern Minnesota. Whether they shall do so or not, that section is bound to come into its own in a very few years. Then lands will be worth from ten to twenty times as much as they can be secured for now.

Clover Leaf.

Supervisor—Andrew Sanders
Clerk—Joseph Duchamp
Treasurer—Peter Sullund
Assessor—Jay Payne
Justice—Joseph Duchamp
Constable—John O. Kjesbo
" Fred Duchamp

Holt.

Supervisor—Christ Engen
Clerk—Halfdan Hanson
Treasurer—F. B. Folden
Assessor—B. O. Waagedahl
Justice—C. H. Gundheim
" M. Grondal
Constable—Ole Davidson

Moylan.

Supervisor—P. A. Johnson
Clerk—K. Rogness
Treasurer—Arne Blakkestad
Assessor—Ole Wiseth
Justice—K. Rogness
Constable—George Wold

Plummer Creamery.

The following is the statement of the Plummer creamery for the month of January and it is indeed a good statement:

Number of pounds of cream received, 8152.
Pounds of butter made, 2388.
Pounds of butter fat 1,081.90.
Net proceeds, $728 82.
Running expenses and sinking fund, $81.94.
Price paid to patrons for butter fat 31 cents.

Agdar.

Supervisor—G. Olson
Clerk—Silas Torgerson
Treasurer—Silas "
Assessor—S. Brokke
Constables—Louis Larson and Gjermund Johnson
Road Overseer—Ingvald Wold, Dist. 3.
" " —Gunder Gunderson, Dist. 2.

Grand Plain.

Supervisor—Henry Roller
Clerk—John Philipp
Treasurer—Martin Hovelsos
Assessor—N. Bundhund
Justice—John Philipp
" N. Bundhund
Constable—Emil Hanson
Road Overseers—Nels Moe, August Ristau, T. C. Hovelsos.

East Valley.

Chairman—Ole J. Lunke held over
Supervisor—Gustaf Peterson held over
" —E. A. Johnson, elected
Clerk—Dan Dahlstrom "
Treasurer—John Hanson "
Assessor—Dan Dahlstrom "
Justice—John Hanson, held over
" Gunesious Olson, elected
Constable—Hendrick Ericksen, elected
Constable—H. M. Olson, held over

Noisy Old London.

Modern cities are not as noisy as those of other days. For example, in London in the time of King George II. the streets were still cobbled and the pack horse of Elizabethan memory had been replaced by heavy carts and wagons. Barrels of beer and heavy cases were dragged about on drays of iron without wheels, and to add to the tumult heavy signs in immense frames of ironwork hung out in front of shops and houses and creaked interminably. Street cries never ceased for a moment all day. All the smaller necessaries, such as pins, thread, string, ink, straps, fish, milk, cakes, bread, drugs, herbs, matches, were hawked in the streets.

The Modern Way.

"My dear, you must really take Freddy in hand about the way he uses slang. Today he asked me what entomology was, and I told him the science of bugs."

"Well?"

"Then he asked me if an entomologist was a crazy man."—Baltimore American.

GRAND JURY AND WHY?

There Are at Present No Criminal Cases in the County.

Rumured That Some Surprises May Be Spring.

A grand jury has been drawn for the March term of the District Court for Red Lake county, what particular purpose no one seems to know.

At present there are no criminal matters on tap that require the attention of a grand jury, and whether or not there is a sensation or two to be sprung when they get together is a matter for speculation.

No hint has been given as to what will come before this most august body, but there appears to be a general opinion that there is something ready to be sprung. Evil doers, if there are any within the confines of the county, will do well to take the hint and hunt up the tall timber, lest the grand jurymen be given an opportunity to get a turn at them.

The county attorney's office is mum regarding the object of drawing a grand jury, so all the anxious ones can do is to wait and see what will develop.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Buys Brooks Store.

Frank E. Hunt has purchased the hardware stock and fixtures of the Wilber store at Brooks and will conduct the same from now on. Mr. Hunt will place a competent man in charge of the Brooks store, and will also give it his personal supervision. The Brooks people are to be congratulated upon securing a man of Mr. Hunt's recognized business qualities as their hardware man, and they will always be sure of good treatment at his hands.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Norden.

Supervisor—C. Crestenson
Town Clerk—G. J. Nordhagen
Treasurer—Nils O. Nora
Assessor—Lars Loe
Justice—G. J. Nordhagen
Constable—C. E. Aas

Excel.

Chairman—John Simonson
Clerk—John Whitman
Treasurer—C. Hoffman
Assessor—Simon Warring
Constable—John Whitman
Overseer—Aug. Hoffman

Big Auction Sale, TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1907.

At the Nelson Ferry, Sec. 21, Town of Kratka.

Having purchased the following described property of C. W. Nelson, I will offer the same at public auction:

One black mare, ten years old, weighing 1500.
One black mare, heavy with foal, ten years old, weighs 1400.
One gray horse, 9 years old, weighs 1400.
One brown horse, 9 years old, weighs 1250.
One buckskin mare, 10 years old, weighs 950.
Three fresh milch cows, three and four years old.
One big cow, seven years old, giving milk.
One three year old heifer.
One two year old steer.
One two year old heifer.
One yearling shorthorn bull.
Two yearling heifers.
Three calves.
One six months old pig.
One drill, three horse.
One fourteen disc harrow.
One iron drag, five sections.
One brush breaking plow, 14 inch.
One stubble plow.
Two wide tired wagon.
One narrow tired wagon.
One Concord top buggy.
One cart.
One Plano mower.
One self dump hay rake.
One scraper.
One double wagon box.
One hay rack.
Two sets of heavy working harnesses.
Two sets of heavy buggy harnesses.
One 16 inch brush plow.
Three pair of bob sleighs.
Two set of light bobs.
One Empire cream seperator.
One hay bucking pole.
One feed mill.
One circle saw.
One blacksmith outfit complete.
One ferry boat complete.
Some household furniture consisting of one cook stove, one hearter, two bed room suites, book case and other things two numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH WILL BE SERVED ALL DAY.

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash, over that amount bankable paper. Five per cent discount for cash on sums over $10.

H. M. Hicks, AUCTIONEER.

K. O. Gigstad, OWNER.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.

Special Rates.

The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 25c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
March 21, 1907.

"What is to become of ex-President Roosevelt" is a question the St. Paul Dispatch is trying to solve. For our part we are willing to wait until Mr. Roosevelt becomes an ex-president, and then we believe he will be able to take care of himself.

A petition to the state legislature asking for an appropriation for the state agricultural school at Crookston was quite generally circulated in Thief River Falls last week. This school is of much importance to Northern Minnesota and the NEWS sincerely hopes that the legislature will deal liberally with this institution.

A good roads bill was introduced in the house last week by the committee on roads and bridges. The bill provides that in counties of less than 200,000, all the townships shall vote whether or not they shall collect the road and bridge tax in money or labor or both. Under the present laws, they may vote to abolish the statute labor tax, but if the question is not taken up, the statute labor tax is used. The bill also provides that when the term of the present county surveyor expires the office shall be abolished. In his place the county board shall appoint a surveyor and road builder as county superintendent of highways whose duties it shall be to lay out roads, bridges and ditches, and do the work of the present surveyor. The town road overseers also are abolished in the bill, and in place of the six or eight road overseers elected in each town, the town board is to elect one town road builder and inspector.

Rural route No. 1, to start here and run northwest was started last year and we learn that some of the business men of Thief River Falls have started an agitation to induce the patrons of the route to have it changed so as to go out from that city. It is rather dirty work for a neighboring town to try and steal a little thing like that, and if they persist it is more than probable that they will lose a great deal more friends than they will make. We hardly think it will pay Thief River Falls to spread out too thin at present or try too hard to make hog of themselves.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

If the Spectator would take the trouble to learn the truth regarding this matter, that paper would not make the above statement. As a matter of fact Thief River Falls does not want this route, and all of the sentiment in favor of having the route run out of Thief River Falls was worked up by a resident of St. Hilaire. There is no probability of any change.

Following the Wall street flurry we are told how many millions of dollars have been lost in the panic. And yet there is as much real value in every railroad and every industry represented by slaughtered stock as there was before the alleged panic. There has not been the loss of a real cent to the country. It is true that a few Wall street gamblers have been squeezed quite dry, but these men were simple betting on the price of stocks. The stocks took a drop in price and their wealth went with it. The Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, the Reading, the Union Pacific and other roads will keep right on hauling freight and paying dividends. There is more business for these roads to do than they can care for with ease and comfort. The sun will keep on shining, crops will continue to grow, and the business of the country will go right along regardless of the Wall street crowd. In fact, if the newspapers did not report the drop in stocks nobody in the country, outside of the handful of men who own them, would ever know there had been a clean-up of the gamblers.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

State Treasurer Dinehart, who has just commenced to serve in the important place to which he was elected last November, is evidently worthy of the confidence of the public says the Wadena Pioneer Journal. Without any grand stand movements or notoriety of any kind he quietly but firmly insisted the other day upon the payment into the state treasury by the Canadian Northern Railroad company of a penalty of some $666, which was added to the taxes of the company on the first day of March. It seems that a small portion of the line of this company runs through Minnesota, and the amount of the taxes due was $13,331. He notified the company a couple of times, as he would have done with any company or citizen, that if the tax was not paid by March 1 a penalty would be added but the company didn't get around with the money until March 4. He then insisted upon the payment of the penalty, and turned a deaf ear to the entreaties or bluffs of the company's officials. They finally paid up, and shut up. It now comes to the surface that this is the first time a railroad company was ever compelled to pay a penalty in this state on delinquent taxes, although the citizen who neglected to pay his personal taxes on time was always charged with the penalty. Mr. Dinehart is evidently going to follow out the law in cases of this kind, rather than the precedents of former treasurers.

AUCTION SALE!

Monday, March 25, 1907.

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock A. M. on Monday, March 25, 1907, I will sell at public auction the property named below, at the Brenden farm located on Section 10, Town of Kratka, One and one-half miles north of Kratka postoffice:

1 grey mare, 8 years old,
1 brown mare, 13 years old,
1 bay horse, 8 years old,
3 young milch cows,
1 3 year old heifer,
1 10 year old cow,
3 young calves,
12 chickens,
1 McCormick mower,
1 McCormick hay rake,
1 Binder,
1 14 shoe disc drill,
1 disc harrow,
1 Moline wide tire farm wagon, with wagon box, complete, good as new,
1 bob sleigh,
1 breaking plow,
1 walking plow,
1 3 horse drag,
1 cream separator,
And other articles too numerous to mention.

HOT LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT NOON

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash; over that amount bankable paper due November 1, 1907, drawing 8 per cent interest.

C. M. Evenson.
AUCTIONEER.

Mrs. Lars Brenden.
OWNER.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.
CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

Refusing To Invest.

Editor Pierce of the Grafton Record recently hit off this letter to the "Happy Thought and Fairview Mining Company, Pheonix, Arizona":

"We have carefully looked over your proposition of February 23 and have decided that we cannot take advantage of you by dipping into your unlimited quantity of high grade ore either in the Fairview or Happy Thought mines. It would not be right. You have worked long and faithfully in the mining field, going for days at a time without porterhouse steak and Sunday dinners in your endeavor to get a gold mine that would pay out at a spout every time you throw a pick into it. You did this that your friends might profit by it and not from any selfish motive to enrich yourself, or you would keep your Happy Thought to yourself. We have looked over the list of directors as you asked us to, and can conscientiously say that they are all pleasant gentlemen and have a high standing on your letter head. The name of Smith seems familiar to us, but we can't place him. The name of Luck looks good in our list of directors. We do not know Mr. Luck personally, but you certainly have shown good sense and solid business judgment to add Luck to your list of directors. Other mining companies have, no doubt, endeavored to get him away from you, but a good many of them have not succeeded. We notice with considerable pain that you have lately lost your reduction plant by fire. This is indeed a calamity. Most of the mining companies which have done business around here have worked their reducing plant day and night, reducing a good deal of the mining stock that has found its way into our town to a fareyouwell. No, as we said before, we feel compelled to let this exceptionally fine opportunity to get rich pass. Two well developed mines are not to be sneezed at and so we can't cough."

Free Razor Fake.

A razor racket is being worked in this county, dozens of them having been received at the Litchfield postoffice. This scheme is probably much like the fakes that have been worked in other counties of the state for the past two months.

A firm with headquarters in one of the big cities obtains the names of all the reliable farmers in a certain locality that can be got. A razor is mailed to every name. A man will follow in the course of time and demand payment. If the razor has been taken out of the postoffice and the party to whom the razor has been sent still has it in his possession, the man has good grounds for demanding his money instead of the return of the razor.

In case the razor has been returned to the company, as soon as the party to whom it is sent finds what is in the package, the agent will claim that they never received the razor and demand payment just the same. In a case like this use your boot to the best of your ability.

The best way out of the difficulty is to leave these gifts in the postoffice. They are worth about thirty-five cents and to pay the price demanded in any case is robbery.—Litchfield Independent.

Chas. Hughes Gets Pension.

Chas. Hughes this week received a communication from Congressman Halvor Steenerson regarding the allowance of his pension claim. The letter advises Mr. Hughes that his claim has been allowed and that he will receive $17 per month, with back pay from Dec. 1, 1898. Mr. Hughes was a member of Troop F of the Rough Riders.

Mr. Steenerson has been untiring in his efforts to secure favorable action by the pension commission on the allowance which has been pending for several years, and Mr. Hughes feels greatly indebted to Mr. Steenerson for the interest taken in his behalf.—Kelliher Journal.

Oslo is Now Soo City.

At the villages election in Oslo on Tuesday last week the citizens decided to change the name of their town to Soo City. Several reasons were given for wanting a change, one of them being that mail and telegrams were frequently being missent to a discontinued office by that name in southern Minnesota.

Subscribe for the News.

MINE BURNING UP.

Mine Near Kenmare Has Been Burning for Nearly a Year.

Kenmare, N. D., March 16: Fearful lest the fire which broke out in the Soo mine, a short distance from this city, last July, and which has been burning ever since, will consume the valuable vein of lignite coal which underlies the land in this vicinity, a movement is being agitated to extinguish the flames.

Two entrances lead to the mine in which the fire is raging, and these, together with the air shaft, permit considerable draft in the interior of the mine and give life to the flames.

The property on which the mine is located was filed on several years ago by Dr. Jas. Vidal of Fargo, and is now controlled by his wife. Although she has been communicated with regarding the destruction of the property, no reply has been received, and it is evident that unless something is done to check the rapid spreading flames, much of the valuable supply of coal in that vicinity will be consumed.

Fake Mining Concerns.

Of one thousand and ninety-three mining companies incorporated in King county, Washington, but one has ever paid a dollar in dividends. Seventeen in Alaska and in British Columbia have paid or are paying dividends. The remainder, one thousand seventy-five, have never paid one cent to the multitude of men and women who have been induced to purchase stock therein, paying vast sums to the promoters. The total capitalization of these King county companies amounts to the enormous sum of $1,398,644,700. If but ten per cent of this entire capitalization has been subscribed there has been dumped into the coffers of the mining promoters the huge sum of $139,864,470. Half of that amount of money is a sum that staggers the conception of any one but a Rockefeller. These millions have been diverted from the channels of productive industry. They are represented in most cases by abandoned holes in the ground.—Seattle Star.

Was It Rabies?

Anton Leo was in yesterday from his home north of town and told the Pioneer that a dog belonging to him was taken violently ill during the first part of the week and that he at once tied the dog up to prevent his doing any possible harm. On Tuesday the dog was in a bad condition and was continually snapping and biting at pieces of wood or anything else that he could reach. Mr. Leo became alarmed and killed the dog at once rather than take any chance of his breaking loose and doing serious damage. Mr. Leo could not say for certain what the disease was but he thought the dog was suffering from rabies. Such being the case he deemed it his duty to make the matter public so that people in this vicinity may be on their guard against a possible spread of the disease and take every precaution to keep their dogs from doing any injury.—Plummer Pioneer.

Route Will Be Established.

N. E. Norton, U. S. postoffice inspector for rural routes arrived here on Thursday and started yesterday over the proposed rural route north and east of here. Upon his report depends whether or not the route is established. Inspector Norton came in last evening and reported that he was well satisfied with the condition of the proposed route. All differences among the patrons was satisfactorily adjusted and Mr. Norton will report favorably on the establishment of the route. It is probable that the route will be established inside of three months.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

West Dry.

The villages of Pelan and Karlstad voted out license. The vote in Pelan on license stood 11 to 7 for no license and in Karlstad no license carried by a vote of 21 to 19.

THEY WILL GET NO PAY

Red Lake County Will Not Pay Expenses of Red Lake Falls.

County Commissioner Amend a Resolution Recently Passed.

At a meeting of the board of county commissioners held Tuesday, the resolution passed at a former meeting in which O. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady were given power to attempt to open up the county seat judgment case, was amended to read to the effect that the county will not pay any of the expenses of the case or any of the attorneys' fees. The original motion was passed by the board through a misunderstanding as to its real meaning by the commissioners and now the matter has been placed in such shape that Red Lake county will not be obliged to pay any of the costs of the Red Lake Falls side of the case.

The decision recently rendered by the supreme court upon the county seat question said that all proceedings up to that time were legal in all matters passed upon and upon all questions that might have been raised. There is therefore not the least chance for the Red Lake Falls attorneys to again open up this judgment, and they are trying only to make more delay. By some it was looked upon simply as a scheme to have the Red Lake Falls attorneys do some work for the county in order that they might receive a fat fee and thus relieve the Red Lake Falls citizens from paying them.

Now that the Red Lake Falls attorneys will have to pay their own expenses in the county seat litigation, they can proceed to have this judgment opened up or anything else they like, but the tax payers of Red Lake county will not have to pay for any of their foolishness.

In so far as Thief River Falls is concerned, this city will continue the fight until the people of Red Lake county by their votes have decided which place shall be the county seat.

HAS AN IDEA.

Representative Opsahl Would Stop Timber Trespass.

In figuring out a plan to secure better protection for the timber on state lands Representative J. J. Opsahl of Bemidji has conceived the happy thought of making it worth while for school officers to assist the state in fighting the trespassers. Large quantities of valuable timber are stolen from state lands every year, and the practice can not be stopped as there is not sufficient force at the disposal of the authorities to guard the state lands. Thefts are committed not only by the lumbermen but by settlers, pulp mill men, tie makers, woodcutters, and in fact, by all interests having business in the northern woods.

By giving school officers authority as deputy forest wardens and providing that a portion of the fines and penalties collected from trespassers be turned over to the school districts, two birds may be killed with one stone. The school districts in the northern woods, which naturally have a struggle to exist, would have an additional source of revenue, and the state would obtain much better protection for its forests.

It is Mr. Opsahl's idea for the state board to cause trespass notices to be posted in and about lumber and wood camps, the notices to also declare the local school directors to have authority to prevent trespassing and to bring trespassers to justice. The plan is being put in the form of a bill by Mr. Opsahl.

Found—A large picture in a frame addressed to J. B. Johnson; Thief River Falls. Owner can have same by calling at NEWS office.

REV. AASTAD OBJECTS.

Takes Exception to an Article Published in Last Weeks News.

To Editor of News: In the last issue of your paper I find the following item in a correspondence from Germantown: "A number of young folks attended a dance at Gunderson's place Saturday night. * * * one feature of which was a collection taken up for the benefit of the Synod church at Thief River Falls." If the above is true, I regret that it could occur to any one to try to collect money for a Christian congregation in such a manner. The parties making that collection were not authorized or asked to do so, and the money collected at that dance will be refused by the Synod church at Theif River Falls. I hereby protest against any one collecting money, in such a way for the purpose of building up or maintaining any congregation which I am called to serve.

P. S. After the above had been written and the type set it is reported to me that the incident spoken of in the Germantown correspondence did not take place at all.

I. T. Aastad,
(Pastor Synod Church.)

BURIED 45 DAYS.

Pigs Without Food for That Length of Time and Live.

Talk about your stray pig stories, here is one that is vouched for by two gentlemen of unquestioned veracity, and for lost-in-the-straw-stack tales it takes the bun. O. A. Blegen, who occupies the F. W. Perry farm in Prairie View township, purchased two hogs at the winter sale six weeks ago. A blizzard arrived the next day after he got the porkers home and the next morning they were nowhere to be found. Mr. Blegen hunted high and low for them and finally gave them up for lost. The other day he went out to the straw stack for some straw and as he was driving through the drift around the edge of the stack one of the horses stepped into a hole underneath the crust, and lo and behold, there were the missing pigs. Thin and so weak they could barely grunt, yet alive and able to eat well enough to insure their recovery after being buried for just forty-five days. There was a little straw in one end of the hole but otherwise the pigs had lain on the bare ground and had had absolutely no nourishment during their long confinement. The pigs were about nine months old and we think their experience stands without an equal.—Barnsville Record Review.

SOON TO ORGANIZE.

A Lodge of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen.

About twenty-five of the engineers and firemen who run out of Thief River Falls have sent in a petition for a charter and in a few weeks will organize a Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen. The trainmen at this point organized a few months ago and now have a strong and flourishing lodge. It is quite likely that the engineers and firemen will have equally as strong an organization here when all who have signified a willingness to become members of this organization have the joined order.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.
Sabbath evening worship at 8 o'clock.
Sabbath School at 10 o'clock.

☞ Please note the change in the hour for S. S.

Christian Endeavor at 7:15 o'clock.

The mid-week meeting, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

The communion will be celebrated Easter morning at the hour for worship. There will be public reception of members at the same service.

A most cordial welcome is extended to all.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

PATENTS TO BE ISSUED

Order of Much Interest to Minnesota Homesteaders.

Secretary Orders Patents to Be Issued as soon as Possible.

Those who have proved up on government land in this vicinity and have not yet received their land patents will be pleased to read the following dispatch sent out from Washington:

Secretary Garfield of the department of the interior today issued an order to Commissioner Ballinger of the general land office intended to expedite the issuance of patents to 30,000 entrymen whose applications have accumulated in the general land office.

The order is based on President Roosevelt's recent action making easier the process of "proving up" under the law. It directs the commissioner of the land office "to take up for action all locations, selections and entries upon which final certificate has been issued, and if the proof is found regular and complete and there is no pending protest or objection the same will be passed to patent in the regular way."

The order further says:

"You will instruct local officers that it is equally their duty to facilitate the issuance of final certificates to bona fide settlers as to guard the interests of the public and the government in preventing illegal entries.

"It is expected that registers and receivers in their respective districts will obtain knowledge of the general character and quality of the public land over which their jurisdiction extends, and in the disposition of cases before those officers they should make use of such knowledge, either in aiding the entrymen or in preventing an illegal entry, as the case may be.

"In accordance with the conference which we have had you will at once take such action as is necessary to so organize your field and office force, either by way of redistribution or concentration, as will make it possible most effectually to carry out the order of the president.

"All regulations or instructions in conflict herewith are revoked."

In discussing this order, Secretary Garfield said:

"This order is one of unusual importance to the citizens of the public land states, involving as it does about 30,000 entries and a large number of locations and selections which have accumulated in the general land office pending examination before the issuance of patents."

Big Receipts.

Butter maker Geo. L. Austin reports the biggest day of the year on Friday of last week, when the creamery received 5,600 pounds of cream in one day. Both churns had to be started to handle this large amount.

Considering the time of the year and the backward condition of the spring this showing is truly remarkable. It is by far the largest amount of cream ever received in this or any other northern Minnesota creamery in any one day in the winter.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Star Organizes.

The new town of Star organized a week ago Tuesday and elected the following officers:

Supervisors—Ole Stranda, Hans Fjeld and Olaf Omle.
Clerk—Joseph Johnson.
Treasurer—Carl Anderson.
Assessor—Chris Odegaard.
Justices—O. S. Loken and Mike Stangle.

All section lines in the township were declared to be public roads.

☞ ☞ WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE. ☜ ☜

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS.
LICENSED
EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE
IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

Your credit is good at Hicks', the firm that is not afrad to quote prices. Our goods are all bought from firms that put quality before price. Call and see how much we can save you on an outfit.

This solid oak extension table and six Webster chairs, on our easy payment plan for a short time only, $9.98

We can furnish your house complete on the monthly payment plan.

MARSHALL COUNTY FAIR

Agricultural Society Organized at Warren Last Week.

A Marshall county fair association was organized in this city Tuesday evening. A board of directors was elected, officers chosen and articles of incorporation adopted. The association is capitalized in the sum of $5,000, divided into one thousand shares of $5 each. The organization is the culmination of a movement that has long been under way. Many have for years felt that a county fair should be held annually at Warren. The driving park east of town is admirably adapted to such use and to fit and equip it for fair purposes would not necessitate the expenditure of a very large sum. Those placed in charge of the undertaking are among our leading business men and under their direction it cannot be otherwise than a success from the start.

In the older states there are few counties that do not hold yearly fairs or expositions, where the products of the home, the farm and the garden are shown and prize or awards of merit given those whose products possess marked excellence. County fairs have an educational value also in many ways, and their tendency is to stimulate in those who attend them an increased determination to attain the very highest possible results in business or industry in which they are engaged.—Warren Register.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Mar 16

Allen Miss Jennie,
Beiswenger Charles,
Dahlberg Hj.
Erickson Lars,
Ellerson Petter,
Gilbertson G.
Han Mr. & Mrs. A.
Hanson Carl,
Keogh Fred,
I. E. Martin & Lady,
McCullough Wm,
Peterson Mr. & Mrs. Chas.
Sothern & Wood,
Simonson Ole,

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Walter Robbecke visited school last week.

The Seniors made a pennant last Saturday. Thereby hangs a tale that is more intricate in its mazes than the Labyrinth in Creite. On Monday the Senior secretary brought the pennant to school and hid it away until such time as it should be tacked up on the wall of the assembly room, a lasting memorial of the class of '07. But alack, alas, the Juniors stole the pennant. But, they say the Sophomores stole it from them, as they could not find it where they had hidden it. The Seniors demand that the Juniors must either produce the banner by Wednesday or purchase a new one. The Seniors beleive that some Junior has spirited away the banner in order to deceive them.

Such is the history of the only "class scrap" of 07. How will it end?

What has become of the basket ball team, the glee club, the German club, and other school organizations. Nothing has been heard of them for some time.

A certain Senior is of the opinion that most "fellow ships" are given by outside colleges because "a fellow's work is never appreciated at home".

The date of the Senior class play has been set as Thursday, April fourth during the spring vacation.

A popular Junior says she would like to express her sentiments for mathematics as Macauley did "Discipline of the mind! Say rather starvation, confinement terture, annihilation!"

Why is the Junior reporter so fond of school that he stays there so late?

Did you see the new arm bands the Seniors are wearing?

Dr. Geo. E. Spafford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

NO NORMAL THIS YEAR.

State Senate Kills Both of the Normal School Bills.

A Sixth School Badly Needed and Bill Will Pass Next Time.

Both bills providing for a sixth state normal school—one locating the school at Cass Lake and one at some point in Northern Minnesota to be selected by the state normal board—were killed in the senate Monday. Had Cass Lake joined with Thief River Falls and Bemidji there is no question but that the general bill would have passed the legislature. Cass Lake was upon the ground first and had done considerable work before Thief River Falls and Bemidji got into the game, and yet that town failed to develop as much strength as the two latter. At the next session of the legislature two years from now it is quite apparent that a bill establishing a sixth normal school will be passed as the work done this winter showed very plainly that a new normal is badly needed in the state.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	23c
Butter	20c

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O New York.

You can make better food with
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Lighter, sweeter, more palatable and wholesome.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW-YORK.

Closing Out Sale

—AT—

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.

Caps sold for half price.

Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.

Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.

PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

A Bargain Offer

The St. Paul Pioneer Press and [illegible] MAHER & GROSH Razor Steel Knife [illegible]

[illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months $1.40

[illegible] The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

......OF......

Langseth Mercantile Company.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the undersigned do hereby associate themselves together for the purpose of forming a body corporate, pursuant to Chapter 58 of the Revised Laws of 1905 of the State of Minnesota, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end do hereby adopt and sign the following ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION, to-wit:

I.

The name of said corporation shall be "Langseth Mercantile Company."

The general nature of its business shall be to engage in and to conduct a general mercantile business, and as such to buy and sell both at retail and wholesale, all manner, form, and kinds of merchandise, produce, manufactured articles and products, and to do such other business as may be necessary and incidental to its said business.

The principal place of transacting said business shall be in the City of Thief River Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the 22nd day of March A. D. 1907, and said corporation shall continue to exist for thirty (30) years.

III.

The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be Thirty thousand ($30,000) Dollars, which shall be paid in as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000.)

V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are;

T. P. Hamre, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Andrew Buringsrud, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Bernard Docken, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

P. P. Hamre, of Detroit City, Minnesota.

Anton M. Langseth, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Haldor P. Sponheim, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Annie H. Langseth of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Herman H. Skagen, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

VI.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five directors, who shall be elected annually, on the 22nd day of March, beginning with the year 1908. The said board shall, immediately, upon its election, choose a president, secretary, and treasurer, all of which officers as well as the directors, shall be chosen from among the stockholders of the corporation. The names of the first board of directors are:

T. P. Hamre, Haldor P. Sponheim, P. P. Hamre, Anton M. Langseth, and Bernard Docken, above named, and residing at the places above designated.

VII.

The stock of said corporation shall consist of three hundred (300) shares of One Hundred ($100) Dollars each.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have hereunto set their hands and seals this 27th day of February A. D. 1907.

T. P. HAMRE. (SEAL)
ANDREW BURINGSRUD. (SEAL)
BERNARD DOCKEN. (SEAL)
P. P. HAMRE. (SEAL)
ANTON M. LANGSETH. (SEAL)
HALDOR P. SPONHEIM. (SEAL)
ANNIE H. LANGSETH. (SEAL)
HERMAN H. SKAGEN. (SEAL)

Executed in presence of
WM. A. TAUTGES.
OSCAR SPONHEIM.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss.

Be it known that on this 27th day of February A. D. 1907, before me, a notary public in and for said County and State, personally appeared T. P. Hamre, Andrew Buringsrud, Bernard Docken, P. P. Hamre, Anton M. Langseth, Haldor P. Sponheim, Annie H. Langseth, and Herman H. Skagen, to me known to be the persons who executed the within and foregoing Articles of Incorporation, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

(SEAL.) WM. A. TAUTGES,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

My commission expires January 5th, 1913.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 8th day of March A. D. 1907, at 4 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book N 3 of Incorporations on page 513.

JULIUS A SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

THE LUNACY OF LOVE.

Bulwer-Lytton's Letters to His Own "Adored Poodle."

To Miss Louise Devey, the former friend and the executrix of Lady Lytton, had been confided a packet of 298 letters, representing the correspondence of Bulwer Lytton with Miss Wheeler in the days of their early courtship. Miss Devey published these with a preface, stating that she took this action in order to vindicate the memory of her dead friend. In what manner the letters could be regarded as a vindication it is difficult to see, though they serve as a remarkable contribution to the literature of epistolary lovemaking. The extravagant absurdity of some of them is almost beyond belief, and two passages may be quoted as illustrative of many others. In the letters Bulwer Lytton addresses Miss Wheeler as "Poodle" and signs himself "Puppy" or "Puppo."

"My Adored Poodle: Many, many thanks for oo darling letter. Me is so happy, me is wagging my tail and putting my ears down. Me is to meet oo tomorrow. O day of days! I cannot tell you how very, very happy you have made me! No, my own love, don't come before 12; but really I shall meet you! Oh, darling of darlings * * * O zoo love of loves, me is ready to leap out of my skin for joy! Adieu. Twenty million kisses.

"And so they dressed my poodle in white and black? O zoo darling! How like a poodle! And had oo oo's bootiful ears curled nicely, and did oo not look too pretty, and did not all the puppy dogs run after oo and tell oo what a darling oo was? Ah! Me sends oo 9,000,000 kisses to be distributed as follows: 500,000 for oo bootiful mouth, 250,000 to oo right eye, 250,000 to oo left eye, 1,000,000 to oo dear neck and the rest to be equally divided between oo arms and hands.

"Ten million more kisses, my own darling, for your letter which is just arrived. It is read, and now before it is answered take the following (marks of kisses). Pray, darling, shall we not kiss prettily tomorrow, darling (d) (a) (r) (l) (i) (n) (g)?

"Adieu, my own Rose, my life of life, very poodle of very poodles, adieu!

"Adieu, oo own idolatrous puppy.

"Ever my dearest, dearest, dearest, fondest, kindest, bootifulest, darlingest, angelest poodle. Oo own puppy."—Lyndon Orr in Bookman.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Experience is a great teacher. So is a real estate boom.

The more a man knows the less he admits to knowing.

All of us can't be in the same boat. If we were, we'd sink it.

Let the other fellow have his way as long as he only wants to talk.

Elections and marriages are just alike. There is nothing the candidate will not promise beforehand.

If you are going to give both barrels, do it like a man—give them to the victim's face and not behind his back.

Nothing makes a man quite so ill natured as to be expected to be grateful for something that does not please him.

There is a great deal said about love at first sight; not much said about the hatred at first offense, which is more sure.—Atchison Globe.

Chickens In the Rain.

On a rainy morning a good deal of wisdom may be learned from the chickens. If it is to be a soggy, rainy, drizzly day all day, the chickens will get out and stand about in the rain with an utterly indifferent manner. They look just as human beings feel, and they keep it up all day. But if the rain is to continue but a few hours the chickens will stay under shelter. They cannot be kept out. They hurry under cover when disturbed and stay there till the fair weather comes, which it does presently. And then they go out and enjoy the sunshine. The chickens know.

Quaint Customs In Abyssinia.

Quaint customs prevail in parts of Abyssinia. When a father is getting on in years the son bids him climb into a tree and jump down from the branches. If the old man staggers on landing the son spears him on the spot—his usefulness is over. One tribe had a custom of sewing chance visitors up in green hides and leaving them to be killed by the contraction of the skins. With another the only orthodox way of dealing with strangers was to tie them in a bundle and roll them over a precipice.—London Mail.

Just Quit Worrying.

Nobody knows what produces earthquakes, although it is often claimed that they do. The earth quakes somewhere every day. Nobody knows when the earth came or when it will go, where it came from, how it came or how it happened to be here. The fact is, when you get down to the truth, nobody knows anything about anything—past, present or to come—and about the only way to get along in this know-nothing world is not to try to know very much.—Eldorado Republican.

Dull Times.

"Just set it for 5 o'clock," said the young lawyer, who was purchasing an alarm clock. "I'll never want to change it."

"Do you always get up at that hour in the morning?" asked the clerk.

"Oh, no. That's the hour in the afternoon when I always close my office and go home."—Philadelphia Press.

Talking.

Wife—You were talking in your sleep again last night, dear. Why do you persist in doing it? Husband—Good gracious, Maria, a man ought to be allowed to talk sometimes, oughtn't he?—Bohemian.

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Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 4, 1907, viz: Ole Troften H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4 & E ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec 19 in Tp 154 N. of R 41 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rustad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden,
Ole Holmen
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown.

Feb 28 mar 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, February 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charles P. Quist of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commuted proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 21, [illegible], for the S. W. ¼ Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range [illegible] W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April [illegible], 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Hans P. Reed, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Haner,
H. H. Backer,
John T. Coan,

[illegible] R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

OSCAR'S HEALTH IS RESTORED

Sweden's King Able to Resume His Customary Drives About City of Stockholm.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

King Oscar's health is now almost completely restored and the aged monarch may now be seen enjoying his daily promenades. His physicians will not, however, as yet allow him to go unattended, as it is believed that he still should exercise the utmost care. During the past two weeks he has been taking his customary daily drives about town and seems again to be in the very best of spirits.

An autograph of Carl von Linne's handwriting is in possession of a publisher named Gustaf Johansson in Lindkoping. He also has in his possession the original manuscript of Linne's "Hortus-Uplandicus," containing a prolouge dated in May 1781. Mr. Johansson has from more than one source been offered a handsome sum for this copy, but thus far he has declined to give it up.

The Swedish academy has, with the consent of King Oscar, filled the two vacancies caused by the death of Professor Ljungren and Bishop Rundgren. The former will be succeeded by Vitalis Norlstrom and the latter by I. Afzelius. Judging from the comments of the papers the choice of these successors does not create any agreeably warranted surprise on the part of the public.

A Norrkoping paper states that when Prince Bernadotte and Princess Bernadotte paid a visit to I. W. Engwall at Malsjo in Grodinge a few weeks ago, they offered Mr. Engwall a handsome sum for his home, with which the princess is very much in love. It is likely that the prince will purchase this property provided Mr. Engwall can be persuaded to sell it.

The old "Stadshotellet" (Gastis) which since 1872 has been the property of Svanfeldt, has been offered for sale. The city is unwilling to renew the contract regarding the sale of liquor (including students' special privileges) which the company has had, and therefore this popular students' resort will fall into new hands.

Director Sachs and wife, of Stockholm and Aurthur Thiel and wife have donated 400,000 crowns for the erection of a children's hospital in the Swedish capital. This hospital will also be backed up by an endowment fund of 200,000 crowns and its future financial success is therefore practically assured.

Dr. Axel Thedenius, for many years a practicing physician in Upsala and also a lecturer on medical science at the Upsala university, died March 1, aged 52 years. His father was the well known botanist, Professor Thedenius, of Stockholm.

Crownprincess Victoria, who has been seriously ill in Berlin, is now very much improved in health and her physicians now entertain the best hopes for her recovery. The chances are that she may return to Sweden some time in May.

A new high school chorus has been organized in Gothenburg and consists at present of fifty voices. The chorus will make a concert tour in central and southern Sweden during the summer. The leader of the new chorus is Edward Naumann.

Three children were burned to death on the night of Feb. 28 at a farm house near Borsta, which is the property of Consul Peter Olsson of Helsingborg. The father and mother had gone away for the night and left the children alone.

Station Agent O. Skog, of Katrineholm, died very suddenly after eating breakfast the other morning. His physician found upon investigation that he had been eating potato pancakes and been eating them so rapidly that he died.

Professor Hjarne has been giving a series of lectures at the royal palace over Sweden's history. The auditors who are especially interested in these lectures are the duchess of Skane and the younger members of the royal household.

The bridge between Dronninggatan and Helgeand island, which was to have been completed about the middle of last month, has not yet been completed and will in all probability not be ready for traffic before April 1.

Prior to his departure for America General Booth was given an audience by Queen Sofia, who spent the better part of two hours with the general, her majesty desiring to know all about the work of the Salvation Army.

Anna Hellstrom and Knut Frankmann, the opera artists, have been engaged for next season by Anton Salmson's Opera company. Mme. Hellstrom is well known among Swedish-Americans.

Rev. J. A. Eklund, of Kalmar, has declined to be a candidate for the vacant bishop's chair in Kalmar diocese. Candidates for this position are not lacking, however.

The oldest inhabitant in Borgholm celebrated her 102d birthday a few days ago. Her name is Kjerstin Persdotter and she is a minister's daughter.

J. C. Schneider has been appointed marine attache at the Swedish legation. He has for years been a captain in the Swedish navy.

The surplus funds of the Riksbank in Stockholm for last year amounted to 7,133,360.07 crowns, the largest amount on record.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Norway will send a company of its best dramatic stars to America next season for a tour of the larger cities. The engagement will be of interest to students of the drama in America, as it will be the first of its kind in the history of the American stage, and will be somewhat under the patronage of the king of Norway and the National theater, which is supported by the state. Permission has been granted by the powers for a leave of absence of four months, dating from Sept. 15, to Johanne Dybwad, Sofie Reimers, Ludwig Bergh, Herr Odvar and Harald Stormoen. They will take the principal roles and the minor parts will be filled by artists selected from the other theaters in Christiania. It is understood that the company's repertoire will consist largely of Ibsen's plays, such as "A Doll's House," "Hedda Gabler," "A Wild Duck" and others. The route is not yet known, nor the dates, but it is taken for granted that the company will visit all the leading cities of the east and west, where the Scandinavian population is heavy.

Olaf Selberg, the great Norwegian organist, is now on a concert tour in America. He is assisted by Mme. Sofie Selberg, soprano. According to the leading papers of Norway, Mr. Selberg is a virtuoso of the highest order and is without a doubt the most accomplished organist of Norway. The bishop of Christiania, Dr. Bang, primus of the church of Norway, says: "Mr. Selberg, the organist, has the reputation of being our best and most accomplished organist and his wife is an excellent soprano, whom it is a pleasure to listen to. The two are in every way talented and will certainly bring to the hearts of our countrymen in the far west the dearest remembrances of our fatherland."

From the Norwegian expedition which started for the extreme southern seas under the leadership of Alexander Ball, word has been received from Australia stating that the vessel "Katrine," carrying the expedition, was wrecked west of Kerguelensland Dec. 4, 1906. Fortunately no lives were lost. On Jan. 4 three or four of the crew started in a sail boat for the Australian coast and have finally arrived at Melbourne after suffering untold hardships. The remainder of the crew are left on an uninhabited island and a British vessel has now started out to save them if possible.

Roald Amundsen, who accomplished the northwest passage in his 47-ton "Gjoa," has been lionized in Paris. President Fallieres decorated the explorer a commander of the Legion of Honor. Amundsen has delivered lectures before the various scientific societies. All he was able to say in a general way was that the ocean bottom traversed by him was flat and sandy and that the old dream so long entertained by explorers of a short northwest passage for trade purposes was exploded.

Norway's foreign minister has signed the extradition treaty with Sweden and criminals, either going or coming between the two countries, will have a hard time to evade the strong arm of the law. The new treaty takes effect at once.

Bishop Erichsen, of Bergen, celebrated his 65th birthday a few days ago. He is enjoying vigorous health and is at present one of the most popular bishops of Norway.

Architect Christie has donated 5,000 crowns to the Trondhjem deaconess institute. The plans for this building were drawn by Architect Christie a number of years ago.

Stavanger's cathedral is now being restored after the drawings of Architect John Myer. The work of restoration will last at least eight or ten years.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The theatrical season has been especially attractive in the Danish capital and never before have all the theaters been so well patronized. Leading European artists have visited Copenhagen and music loving Danes cannot complain of any lack of visiting talent. There have been comparatively few lectures, but those that have been given have been well attended. The restaurants and cafes seem as much patronized by night as by day and Copenhagen is well deserving of her title "Little Paris." In few European capitols is the tourist or foreigner as heartily welcomed as in Copenhagen and their general comment is that the Danish capital is the most hospital rendezvous on the continent.

The war department has received a proposition from the "Forsvars" commission to erect three new forts, one at "Store Belt" and the other at "Lille Belt" and the third at Oresund. The commission is urging the building of these forts because in such an event the natural position of the surrounding country would prevent an enemy from passing through either Oresund or the two Belts if these forts were erected.

Experiments with the Paulsen wireless telegraph system between Denmark and the United States were made a few days ago and they were, according to all reports, gratifying. The experiments were made at Paulsen's station in a Copenhagen suburb.

A party of British dairymen recently paid a visit to the country district of western Denmark to study the Danish dairy industry.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

FOUND DEAD IN SWAMP

ST. PAUL WOMAN PIONEER SUCCUMBS TO ALCOHOLISM AND EXPOSURE.

Hotel and Annex at Brainerd Destroyed by Fire, Causing a Loss of $60,000—Federation of Labor Proposes to Fight Alleged Peonage System in Vogue in Lumber Camps. General State News.

St. Paul, March 18.—The body of Mrs Rose Gagnon was found in a swamp near State street yesterday afternoon by two boys.

Apparently the woman died of acute alcoholism and exposure, an empty whisky bottle being found beside her, and her appearance indicated that she had been drinking. Joseph Gagnon, the woman's husband, was brought to the central police station and when questioned declared his wife had not been home all Saturday night. She had left home in the afternoon to visit friends and when she did not return in the evening he supposed she had gone to visit her sister in Minneapolis. Mrs. Gagnon was sixty years of age and came to St. Paul when she was about ten years of age.

COSTLY FIRE AT BRAINERD.

Big Hotel and Annex in Minnesota City Burned.

Brainerd, Minn., March 12.—The new Ransford hotel of this city with its annex, valued at $60,000, and containing property which is valued in the neighborhood of $20,000, was destroyed by fire.

The fire broke out in the afternoon and gained such headway before the fire department arrived that the hotel was doomed. The fire spread to the annex, where five of the leading stores of the city were located.

All the city officials and many professional men had their offices on the second floor of the annex.

It is believed that no lives were lost in the fire, which is one of the most disastrous that has visited this city.

The Ransford hotel, which was built two years ago, was the finest hostelry in the state outside of the Twin Cities.

JAILED FOR QUITTING WORK.

Labor Men Denounce Minnesota Law as Peonage.

Hibbing, Minn., March 11.—Four Finlanders, John Pekkala, Adolph Long, Rukard Kiuhtila and Anton Autio, are serving a fifteen-day sentence in the St. Louis county jail at Duluth on complaint of the A. J. McDonald Lumber company, for "jumping their jobs" after working one day, after their fares had been paid by the company from Duluth to the lumber camp. The men were sentenced by Judge Brady of the Hibbing municipal court.

The Federation of Labor has taken up the matter at Duluth and has charged that the men and others similarly sentenced are held in "involuntary servitude" and that the jailing of lumbermen under the law in Northern Minnesota is just like peonage.

AUTO HITS STREET CAR.

Minneapolis Woman Probably Fatally Injured.

Minneapolis, March 18.—Mrs. John M. Murray was seriously and possibly fatally injured in an automobile accident at Seventh street and Hennepin avenue. She was taken to her home at 2617 Harriet avenue. Her skull is fractured at the base and she is suffering internal injuries.

An automobile in which she was riding with several other persons struck a street car and Mrs. Murray was thrown fifteen feet and landed on her head on the pavement. None of the other occupants of the auto were badly hurt.

Has Graphaphone Mania.

Fergus Falls, March 16.—George Swanson of East Grand Forks was brought to this city today and was committed to the insane hospital here. Mr. Swanson has a peculiar mania. He imagines that graphaphones are continually talking to him. There are a great many peculiar manias among the 1,500 inmates of the insane hospital here, but the graphaphone mania is one of the latest.

Hospital Patient Killed.

St. Paul, March 12.—Robert O. Granville, a patient at the city hospital, escaped at night clad in his nightgown, ran two blocks and was killed by a passenger train as he was crossing the railway tracks on West Seventh street. Mr Granville, who was thirty years old, was suffering from erysipelas, but had shown no symptoms of being irrational.

Woman Eats Rat Biscuit.

Minneapolis, March 12.—Rat biscuits, evidently eaten while she was temporarily deranged, nearly ended the life of Miss Mary Jones of this city and but for the prompt work of physicians summoned by workmen who found her half conscious body lying across a grave in Lakewood cemetery she would have died.

Whirled to Death.

Minneapolis, March 16.—Whirled to death by the machinery, which he had attempted to oil was the fate of D. D. Dittrich in the Soo shops in Northeast Minneapolis. Every bone in his body was broken by the terrific force of the pulleys and his clothes were torn from him.

AFTER PROLONGED FIGHT.

Part of Cass Lake (Minn.) Reserve to Be Thrown Open.

Washington, March 14.—Over 231,400 acres of land included within the Cass lake forest reservation in Northern Minnesota will be thrown open to settlement, in spite of the strenuous protests on the part of those who believe that the preservation of the remaining timber in the state demands that the reserve be maintained intact.

The land includes all the tracts between ranges 29 and 30 and townships 144 and 145. It will be opened for immediate entry.

For some time an agitation for the opening of the reserve has been carried on by those who claim that the land is better fit for agricultural purposes.

On the other hand foresters and those interested in the preservation of our timber have bitterly opposed the opening of this land, claiming that this would be a step backward and that it was only prompted by real estate dealers whose sole object was to sell the lands to the unwary, which would yield fair crops for a few seasons and then be absolutely worthless.

They assert that large sections of the land are under water and that it would necessitate the expenditure of large sums of money to drain it and that even when drained it would be unfit for farming purposes.

ELECTIONS IN MINNESOTA.

Municipal Contests Hinge Upon the License Question.

St. Paul, March 13.—The lid fared but poorly at the hands of Minnesota voters Tuesday, when the elections were held in various cities, towns and villages. In some places the no-license vote was the heavier, but in many of the places where the license was the issue there was a decided vote in favor of the liquor traffic. In others there was a close race. Among the larger places in which the lid policy was sustained was Rochester. The heaviest vote in favor of license was at Brown's Valley, where the antagonists of the lid corralled 101 votes for that policy. Hayfield reported the closest vote, with a bare two to spare in favor of license, and Duck Creek came next with a majority of five.

REMORSE CAUSE OF SUICIDE.

Young Man Who Killed Mother Ends Life in Jail.

Duluth, March 11.—Using his suspenders as a rope Daniel Aho, the young Finlander under indictment for second degree murder, hanged himself in his cell in the county jail during the night.

Aho was the young man who shot and killed his mother a few weeks ago while in a drunken frenzy. Since that time he has been almost demented with grief and has spent a large part of his time weeping and moaning to himself. He knotted his suspenders about his neck and, tying the end to the top of his cell, he jumped from his cot.

SETTLERS GET NEW LAND.

Two Townships Opened in Duluth District.

Duluth, March 11.—The land office was thrown open at 9 a. m. to a long line of settlers which has been forming in the federal building for nearly three weeks. When the doors were opened 126 settlers were in line waiting to file. The opening was very orderly, no attempt being made to rush the doors. The settlers filed in order of positions in line. The land is rich farming country in the Big Fork valley.

Boy Crushed to Death.

Brainerd, Minn., March 16.—Ervine Bailey, the fourteen-year-old son of Levi Bailey of the town of Crow Wing, was killed by a fall from an engine on which he and a chum were trying to ride home from school. The engineer did not know the boys were on the engine and they fell when going twenty miles an hour. His skull was crushed and death was almost instantaneous.

TRIED TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

Aged Michigan Couple Planned to Die Together.

Hillsdale, Mich., March 18.—Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Terpening, an aged couple, attempted to commit suicide together by wrapping their heads in clothes soaked with chloroform. When they were found the woman was dead and her husband, unconscious, responded to resuscitation. They had evidently planned their suicide together for some time. The choloroform was purchased ten days ago and Saturday Terpening gave $275 to a neighbor to be used for their funeral expenses.

WISCONSIN WOMAN A SUICIDE.

Miss Grace Parish Ends Her Life at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, March 18.—Miss Grace Parish, who attained her twenty-seventh year Saturday, committed suicide at the home of her parents during their absence by inhaling illuminating gas. The young woman's father is a lumber dealer of Moorehead, Wis., who recently brought his family to this city for the winter. The suicide of Miss Parish is attributed to worry resulting from ill health.

Flood Handicaps Firemen.

New Martinsville, W. Va., March 18.—The plant of the New Martinsville Glass company and several adjoining buildings have been destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $125,000. On account of the flood the firemen were handicapped and for several hours a large section of the city was threatened.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

S. J. Svejha of Montgomery committed suicide by shooting in a St. Paul lodginghouse.

Fred Demm, a wealthy farmer residing near Gaylord, committed suicide by hanging.

Mrs. Eliza Bostwick, a resident of Minneapolis since 1850, is dead, aged ninety-three years.

Edward H. Wood, aged seventy, is dead at St. Paul. He had been a resident of the city since 1856.

Dr. G. A. Renz, assistant health commissioner, has been appointed health commissioner of St. Paul.

Lake Crystal is suffering from an epidemic of measles. One hundred cases are reported at the present time.

Professor E. T. Critchett has been re-elected superintendent of the New Ulm public school for the thirteenth time.

By an act of the legislature the salary of the chief of police of St. Paul has been increased from $2,500 to $4,000.

Frank Graves, one of the oldest residents of Nobles county, was run down and killed at Bigelow by a train on the Omaha.

A. B. Pederson, county commissioner for Wilkin county, is in a serious condition as the result of injuries received in a fall upon the ice.

The plant of the St. Paul Foundry company has been damaged by fire to the extent of $10,000 and as a result 300 men will be out of employment for some time.

The ninth annual convention of the South Central Minnesota Educational association was held at Austin last week and was largely attended, about 500 teachers being present.

The Farmers' elevator at Blooming Prairie has been destroyed by fire, causing a loss of about $3,500, which is partially covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is not known.

W. C. Burns, a switchman employed by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad company, was almost instantly killed by a fall down a stairway in Ernest Krause's saloon at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis has won the second legal battle in the war to compel railroads whose tracks cross city highways to erect and maintain bridges. The Great Northern was the defendant in the latest case.

Since Dec. 26 the state has paid bounties on 1,228 full grown wolves and 299 cubs, the bounties aggregating $9,556.50. Roseau county leads the list with 361 wolves, thereby securing almost $3,000.

Alexander B. Riddell, sheriff of Cass county, has been removed from office on a charge of padding his expense account, Governor Johnson having granted the request of the state board of control that Riddell be removed.

A valuable find of iron ore is reported to have been made at Randall, in Morrison county, on the cutoff on the Cuyuna range. The ore is said to be red hematite of a 60 per cent grade and equals anything yet found on the range.

Secretary William H. Taft has announced to President Northrop that he will remain in Minneapolis after delivering the commencement oration at the university on June 13 and will attend the annual banquet of the Minnesota Law alumni.

Charges of common ownership and mutual understandings between the principal wholesale coal companies of the Twin Cities will be investigated by the joint legislative committee that is looking for combines in coal and lumber business.

While playing on a low shed with several companions at Minneapolis Arthur Swanson, thirteen years of age, fell to the ground, a distance of about eight feet, and was instantly killed. The boy struck on his head and his neck was broken.

Word has been received in Minneapolis of the death of George E. Cole, the former well known football player of the university, at San Antonio, Tex. Mr. Cole had been fighting death for three years and had traveled extensively in search of relief from tuberculosis.

Struck by an automobile, driven by an unknown chauffeur, on the morning of May 14, 1904, Robert G. Lester of Minneapolis never recovered possession of his mental and physical faculties and died last week, nearly three years after the accident as the direct result of his injuries.

While driving in from Kratka to Thief River Falls Lars Brandon was shot and killed by the discharge of his gun. A neighbor, with several companions riding near him, was driving less than 300 feet in advance of Brandon's sleigh at the time of the occurrence. Circumstances cause suspicion of suicide.

Dying of starvation and neglect Andrew Arneson, a man fifty-nine years old, was found by Minneapolis police in a filthy attic room with $24 near him and with a bank account that showed $4,497 to his credit. The man was unconscious when discovered by Detective Passolt and died soon after being removed to the city hospital.

John Sewack, a rural mail carrier whose route is out from Brandon, has been brought to Fergus Falls to answer a charge of embezzlement preferred by Postoffice Inspector Drake. Sewack, it is alleged, was entrusted with $45 by Anton Peffer to buy a money order and failed to make the purchase. He is said to have confessed.

COMPANY TO BE FORMED.

Local Telephone Exchange to Be Owned By a Stock Company.

New Concern Will Have a Paid Up Capital of $40,000.

A movement is on foot to have the Thief River Falls Telephone exchange pass into the hands of an incorporated stock company having a paid up capital of $40,000. About all of the arrangements for the transfer have been made, but there are some few details that will have to be worked out before the new company takes possession. The stock of the new company is to be owned largely by H. Fant, the present owner of the system, the Tri-State Telephone company, a number of Iowa parties and there will also be a number of local parties interested in the new company.

The entire telephone system is to be overhauled and remodeled, a central energy plant installed and other improvements made that will make the local exchange one of the most up-to-date plants in the country.

The local telephone exchange was established about eight years ago by H. Fant and for the first few years it was not a paying proposition. Now, however, the exchange has in the neighborhood of 300 subscribers and is one of the best paying plants in the Northwest. With the new equipment to be added to the plant, the service will be greatly improved.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Travels of a barrel.

Stepmother.

"Kathleen Mavourneen," a thrilling Irish melodrama in seventeen scenes. The following is the cast of characters:

Kathleen.
Terence O'More, Kathleen's lover.
Capt. Clearfield, an Irish landlord.
Dugan, Clearfield's willing tool.
David O'Connor, Kathleen's father.
Fr. O'Cassidy, the parish priest.
Danny Kelly, friend of Terence.
Kitty, an odd Irish character.
Black Rody, the robber chief.
Red Barney, Darby Doyle and Dennis O'Goff of the robbers' band.
Soldiers, constables, robbers and peasants, etc.

Illustrated Song—"In the Spring Time When the Roses Bloom Again."

I will give my annual opening of spring and summer millinery at my store on Wednesday and Thursday, March 27th and 28th. A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies of this city and vicinity to attend this opening.

Miss Gustie Johnson.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person! Address Publisher, box 59, Station O New York.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Rudolph Warburg and Katharine Warburg his wife, mortgagors, to Josiah Little, mortgagee, dated October 16th, 1901, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on November 4th, 1901, at 3:00 P. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 381 thereof; and said mortgage having been assigned by mortgagee to Ellsworth and Jones, Incorporated, by assignment dated December 13th, 1904, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on March 5th, 1907, at 11:30 A. M. in book 32 of mortgages on page 470 thereof.

That the amount claimed to be be due on said mortgage at this date and for taxes paid is $1104.32; that the premises described in the said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota are to wit: The northeast quarter of section No. twenty-eight in township No. one hundred fifty N. of Range Forty one west 5th P. M. That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the Village of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State on the 14th day of May, 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on the said mortgage together with the taxes and costs of said sale and the attorney's fees as provided by law.

Dated March 20, 1907.

ELLSWORTH AND JONES (Incorporated),
Assignee of Mortgage.

L. M. Hoag,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

march 22 april 26

THE BIRTH OF WORDS

A WEALTH OF EXPRESSIONS FROM THE HUMAN BODY.

More Than Four Hundred Words In Our Language Are Related to the Hand Alone and Almost as Many Are Derived From the Head.

The human body—its limbs, fingers, toes, mouth, nose, ears, head and some of the internal organs—has originated hundreds of words. In one of the large dictionaries more than 400 are found related to the hand alone and almost as many to the head.

Index, indicate, predicate, from a Greek word for finger, mean that which points out. So oracle and orator refer to what comes out of the mouth. Audience, audible, auscultation, the auditing of accounts, originally after a "hearing" of the officials, are traceable to the ear. Spirit means the breath and is also found in conspiro, "to breathe together;" inspire, "to breathe in," and even in perspire, "to breathe through." Impediment is something against the foot. Ell, the cloth measure, is the length of the forearm. The hair in capillary attraction means the power exerted through the capillary or hairlike tubes.

The heart (cordis) is to be observed in a cordial, or heartening, drink; a cordial, or hearty, manner; the core of an apple. Dents in wood or metal get their name from their resemblance to tooth marks. The tongue sticks out in several words, like language and linguist.

In some countries anybody may rise by his own merits to be somebody, even to the "head" of the nation or of the church; be a head master of a school, head a revolution, take up "arms" and prove to be a capital—that is, a headmost—soldier and the chief (head) of the army.

Corporal punishment is bodily punishment; capital punishment is punishment by decapitation, or taking off the head. A corporal—that is, a caporal—means the same as captain—that is, the head of a body of foot soldiers. A colonel is one who has been crowned. The commander in chief, or head commander, compels the chieftains, or headmen of the enemy, to capitulate—that is, surrender according to an agreement that is divided into capitulas, or little heads, or chapters.

A heady and headstrong ruler sometimes makes people wish he was headless. To make headway against his foes he may have to rush headlong into difficulties or take a header into the unknown sea of politics. Among some peoples one with the big head is likely to lose it. Under some the headship of the ship of state does not make headway against the head winds of events or around the "cape," or headland, just ahead. He may plunge into trouble over head and ears, and his opponents have to put their heads together to head him off, so as to prevent a head-on collision with another nation. Some men hate to be treated as deadheads at political headquarters or as so many head of cattle or as mutton heads or cabbage heads, cabbage itself being from an old Spanish word meaning head.

Some men "play their hand" for all there is in it. Some stretch out the glad hand to every one. Some keep hand in glove with those engaged in underhand proceedings as well as with those who have climbed to high places hand over hand. When the right man says "Hands off!" even his right hand man would not lay hands on what was forbidden. The clock hands tell us if we are beforehand or behindhand.

A handsome man originally was one who used his hands skillfully and so was graceful and probably, therefore, good looking. Although every one carries a palm in his hand, people no longer, with palms in their hands, welcome their heroes. One may have his finger in too many pies and tread on too many toes. One's chirography, manuscript, handwriting—they are all one—may be rather coarse, but his fine hand is detected in many a public document and so arouse opposition to his handling the funds. This might prove a severe handicap, which was originally so called from the jockeys putting their hands into a cap and drawing lots for the places that their horses were to have in the race. Footstool and foot rule sound alike, but in the first foot is the literal, in the second the figurative, use of the word.

Though the politician put his best foot forward he may find his foothold getting insecure and begin wondering what's afoot. His coachman, mounting the footboard, may be insolent; his footman, contemptuous; his chef, or head cook, neglectful. He may be ridiculed before the footlights as a social footpad, living a hand to mouth existence at the expense of the taxpayers. While they are insisting on his toeing the mark and he is hanging to his position by the toe nails, as the saying is, he may well wish he was back on his native foothills.

Were he arrested he might be handcuffed and fetters, or feeters, placed upon his feet. He might not even have an opportunity of making mouths or showing his teeth at his enemies. He might in other days be turned over to the headsman, but there would be no newspaper headlines proclaiming that fact. Only a small headstone might tell his fate to the pedestrians, or foot passengers, going by.—New York Tribune.

The Height of Simplicity.

"Awfully simple, isn't he?"

"I should say he was. Why, it's an actual fact that he played poker with a stranger on an ocean liner."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

We have no right to say that the universe is governed by natural laws, but only that it is governed according to natural laws.—Carpenter.

VANISHED TREASURES.

Masterpieces of Art That Are Lost to the World.

The "Venus de Milo," which has been in the Louvre for many years is, as all the world knows, an imperfect piece of sculpture, though it is the greatest treasure of its kind the world has ever seen. A great reward would be given the man who could find the missing parts. About 1878 the most important of them—the right arm—came to light in London and was proved by experts to be genuine. The owner, however, refused to part with it and concealed it for fear it would be stolen. Unfortunately he died without revealing its hiding place, so it is as much lost as ever.

A bronze drinking cup which was stolen from an Egyptian temple in 1739 and brought to Europe has miraculously disappeared. On it is engraved the whole history of the Pharaohs, and it could easily be sold for $100,000. In fact, the French government offered a reward of $14,000 for its discovery, but the famous cup has vanished, probably forever.

Another treasure which has vanished in as strange a way is the Marcella vase of the Dresden collection. This is the only piece missing from the famous Dresden Marcella collection, the value of which is said to be $75,000. It bears the cross arrows and the lion's head. Not long ago the vase was said to be in England, but, be that as it may, the person who rediscovers this treasure may command any price in reason for it.

How it is possible that a treasure so large as a painting could be lost sight of entirely is not easily explained, but this has often happened. One of Reynolds' paintings, "Countess of Derby," which is considered his best portrait, has disappeared. Not long after it was painted it disappeared from the collection of the Earl of Derby and has never been heard of since, though it would bring $150,000 to the finder. There are also two Vandykes and a Rembrandt missing, for which collectors are willing to pay $200,000. The Earl of Crewe would give a large sum for the return of a Cupid which some vandal cut from the portrait of the former Countess of Crewe and her son, who was painted as the sprite.—St. Louis Republic.

A Good Answer.

A shopkeeper had for his virtues obtained the name of "the little rascal." A stranger asked him why the appellation had been given to him.

"To distinguish me from the rest of my trade," quoth he, "who are all great rascals."—London Mail.

Proved.

Stella—Professor Lee says candy is a cure for fatigue. Bella—That's true. A man who brings me chocolate never makes me as tired as a man who does not.—Harper's Bazar.

—Subscribe for the News.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, *decedent*

The State of Minnesota to Elizabeth Blanchard, Clara Rose Blanchard, Myrtle Ruthe Blanchard and Roland Silas Blanchard and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of April 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 14th day of March, 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
SEAL Probate Judge.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney—for Petitioner. mar 21

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS.

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Grand Forks, - North Dak

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Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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A Notable OFFER The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best NEWSPAPER and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

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Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the [illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

DRINK Hamm's NEW BREW

BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1907 NUMBER 13

GOES UP TO 2ND CLASS.

Receipts of Local Postoffice Will Exceed $8,000 This Year.

That Means That Office Will Be Raised to Second Class.

There is nothing that shows the development and prosperity of any city like the growth of the postoffice. In this respect Thief River Falls has made a very excellent showing. The fiscal year of the government ends on Sunday, March 31 and enough is now known to insure that the receipts of the Thief River Falls postoffice will exceed $8,000 which will raise the office from the third to the second class. Under the second class the salary of the postmaster will be $2,000 a year, the assistant postmaster will receive a salary of $1,000 a year and the clerks of the office will receive a salary of from $50 to $75 per month. It is not known at present how many clerks the local office will be allowed.

The receipts of the postoffice must exceed $10,000 a year before free delivery is established in the city, but if the business of the local postoffice continues to grow as it has in the past and there is every reason to believe that it will—next year the people of the city will have their mail delivered to their residences by mail carriers.

"T. M." Roberts Goes to Crookston.

Harry Roberts, who has been the resident salesmen for the Finch-Smith company, wholesale grocers, leaves for Crookston the latter part of this month and will take a similiar position with the Finch-Smith company at that place. Just who will take Mr. Roberts place here here has not yet been announced.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

DOWN TO THE BOTTOM.

A 1700 Mare Fell to the Bottom of a 25 Foot Well.

Hans A. Swandby who has a claim out on the eleven towns east of Hazel, was in the city Monday attending to business matters. Mr. Swandby made the News office a pleasant call and told of rather a strange experience that happened to a mare on his farm recently. The mare, which was heavy with foal and weighs 1700 pounds, fell to the bottom of a twenty-five foot well. The well was four foot square and the mare went down hind feet first. Ropes and other material were borrowed from neighbors and after considerable delay the mare was raised out of the well and aside from a few bruises is now in as good condition as ever. Mr. Swandby says that the mare cost him $225 and he considers the affair a most fortunate one for him.

RED RIVER HIGH

At Fargo Water Is as High as Ten Years Ago

Fargo, N. D., March 25.—The Red River of the North is higher now than at any time in the last decade. Ten years ago this spring it reached larger proportions than ever before and did great damage to city property and to farms along either side of the stream. After a somewhat rapid rise yesterday it advanced today about an inch an hour.

A rise of two feet more now will flood the Fourth street tracks of the streetcar company, and four feet will put the regular pumping station at the waterworks out of commission. An auxiliary station is being prepared for use.

The river now is twenty feet above the low water mark. Three feet more will put out the fires in the power-house at St. John's hospital, which is crowded with patients.

The situation is not regarded as critical unless there should be a warm rain. In such an event the property loss and suffering of ten years ago undoubtedly would be repeated, as there is a great volume of snow at the headwaters of the stream.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT

R. B. Hamilton, a Soo Brakeman, Arrested Sunday Afternoon.

Charged With Assaulting Miss Annie Christienson of Viking.

R. B. Hamilton, a brakeman employed by the Soo line, was arrested Sunday afternoon upon the complaint of Miss Annie Christienson charged with assault. Miss Christienson is a domestic, and has worked for various people of Thief River Falls. Her parents reside at Viking and on Sunday afternoon she was enroute from Viking to Thief River Falls. She took passage upon a Wheatline freight in charge of Conductor Butman and paid her fare. While making the journey to this city she alleges that Hamilton assaulted her. There was no other passenger in the caboose, but another brakeman rode in the top of the caboose and it is said that he claims to have heard no outcries.

The grand jury being in session at Red Lake Falls, no complaint was sworn out before the municipal judge in this city and Hamilton was taken to Red Lake Falls for a hearing before the grand jury Monday.

Hamilton has been a resident of Thief River Falls since last summer and has a wife and child residing in this city. His wife's mother and sister are also visiting in Thief River Falls at the present time.

Considerable of a change has been made in the newspapers of Red Lake Falls the past week. Sam Haislet who has been working for the Gazette has taken charge of John King's paper, the Courier. H. M. Dudley formerly of this city will continue to publish the Gazette.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Aim Straight

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

If you aim to be well dressed, aim for this store and a HART SCHAFFNER & MARX SUIT. You'll make a hit in it.

Will show other good things to wear such as:

Spring styles in GORDEN HATS.

Spring styles in CROSSETT SHOES.

Spring styles in FURNISHINGS.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

- - - THE HOME OF - - -

H. S. & M. SUITS. H. S. & M. OVERCOATS.

A PIONEER DEAD.

John Faragen, of Norden, Passed Away Last Week.

John Faragen, one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Norden, died last Thursday at the advanced age of 73. The funeral services were held Sunday.

The deceased was born in Norway and came to this country in 1855. He served his adopted country during the Indian wars of the sixties and twenty-five years ago filed upon a government homestead in the town of Norden, where he has since resided. He was the father of eleven children, five of whom are now living and he is also survived by his wife.

CONDUCTORS WANTED.

Soo Line Wants 75 Conductors and Brakemen for New Line.

The officials of the Soo Line have made a call for 75 conductors and brakemen to be employed on the new Glenwood and Duluth line when it is completed next fall. The company has a number of men out scouring the country for capable men to take the positions. It is the plan of the company to secure these men as soon as possible and train them on the present Soo line. When the Duluth line is completed these will then be transferred. Many are responding to the call and it is believed that there will be little trouble in securing the required number.

BOILER BLEW UP.

Saw Mill at Shotley Brook Wrecked Last Week.

The boiler in the engine used in furnishing power for the Shotly saw mill exploded last Monday morning, but beyond wrecking the engine and driving several pieces of iron through the sides and roof of the building no damage was done.

About eight men were working at the saw mill at the time of the explosion and their escape from injury is miraculous. Splinters of wood and pieces of iron flew in all directions, one large piece of iron just grazing Mr. Espe, the engineer.

The engine was running along smoothly just before the explosion and nothing was thought to have been wrong with the boiler.

Mr. Sandell, owner of the saw mill, [illegible] Kelliher Tuesday, [illegible] to Minneapolis where he will purchase another engine.—Kelliher Journal.

FORDE IS FOUND.

Body of East Grand Forks Operator Found in the River.

East Grand Forks, March, 25—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Thomas Forde, the N. P. operator of East Grand Forks who was last seen Jan. 20th last was cleared up yesterday by the finding of the body under a barge in the river by Capt. Hayes in charge of the government fleet at that place, who brought it to the surface with a pike pole.

On Saturday afternoon Forde's cap was found and later identified by Mrs. Forde, and arrangements were being made yesterday to drag the river but the body was found by Capt. Hayes before the work started. Forde was 37 years of age and leaves a wife but no children. All sorts of theories were advanced as to his disappearance many believing that he was not in his right mind at the time and had boarded a train and was now in some distant part of the country. His wife offered a reward of $200. It will probably never be known whether death was accidental or suicidal.

FAST WORK

Soo to Build Duluth Extension in a Big Rush.

The building of the Duluth extension of the Soo line is liable to be a record-breaker in point of rapidity of construction. The company is reported to be very anxious to have the road completed in time for handling the Northwestern grain crop.

It is even said that Foley Bros., who have the contract for grading, will, if necessary, prosecute the work of construction both day and night in order to have the line completed before the movement of the fall crops begins.

The work of preparation for grading is being rushed with all possible haste. Several carloads of supplies and equipment for construction work have arrived at Milaca and Mora, and every team in that section of the country has been mustered into service for the hauling in and distributing of these supplies at camps which are being established along the survey of the new line.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O New York.

"A CHEERFUL LIAR"

This popular farce comedy in three acts will be presented by the High School Seniors at the Evenson Opera Hall on Friday, April 5th. An afternoon matinee for children under fifteen will be held, admission being 15 cents. The evening performance begins at 8 p. m. and admission will be 35 and 50 cents. The reserved seat plan is at the Stebbins Drug Store.

The students have given the play thorough preparation and are well prepared to present the same in an entertaining manner. It is full of "go" and abounds in laughable scenes and amusing incidents. On its merit alone it is worthy of patronage, but chiefly so because it is the first annual senior class play given by the High School, and also from the fact that the major portion of the proceeds will be applied on the purchase of a memorial to be left in the High School by the class on '07. Music will be furnished by the High School Mandolin Club.

The following is a cast of the players and a synopsis of the play:

CAST OF PLAYERS.

Hastings Hussel—Judge	William Prichard.
Randolph Dearborn—An Accessory before the fact	Willis Akre.
"Rev." Ezra Stiggins—Gold cure practitioner	Stafford Curran.
Gen. Boomer—Chicago real estate millionare	Ernest O'Neil.
Guy McGuffin—A county constable	Roland Blanchard.
Flora Boomer—A modern girl	Nina Horton.
Birdie Sweetlove—Housekeeper at Gold cure Hospital	Clara Blanchard.
Lucretia Spriggins—A Hoosier schoolmarm	Ione Higgins.

SYNOPSIS OF PLAY.

Act 1-Deception.

Randolph, eloping with Flora, appears before Judge Hussel to be married, but finds that a license is needed. While procuring one, the irate father appears, finds that they have registered under an assumed name and threatens to murder them, but is prevented by the Judge.

Act 2-Detection.

The Judge induces Miss Spriggins and Rev. Ezra Stiggins of the fake "gold cure" to personate the aristocratic parents of Randolph who was a foundling. He is about to acquaint Gen. Boomer with Randolph's supposed parents and sees success crowning his efforts when Birdie Sweetlove appears and denounces the conspiracy.

Act 3-Destruction.

Gen. Boomer determines that Flora shall be married at once and offers her to Judge Hussel, who accordingly goes to Boomer's villa to pay his court. Flora, to thwart him, disguises herself in her cousin Josephine's clothes, telling the Judge that Flora has gone. Hussel seeing the resemblance between the supposed "Joe" and her cousin Flora, in order that he may procure Flora for himself, proposes that Joe shall masquerade as Flora. The climax is reached when Judge Hussel, to carry the joke to its limit, marries the supposed Joe to him. Of course, when the General returns it is found that the marriage is legal, so the two old fellows make the best of a bad job.

REOPENING OF LANDS.

Ceded Red Lake Lands Will Again Be Opened for Settlement.

Applicants Must Agree to Pay Cost of Draining the Lands.

Under the Provisions of the Indian appropriation bill for 1905 an appropriation of $15,000 was made for a drainage survey of the ceded Indian lands in Minnesota, and the lands were withdrawn from entry pending the survey and report. Under the last Indian bill it was provided that these withdrawn lands should be made subject to entry upon the settlers' agreeing to pay for drainage when the same is actually made. Many settlers are desirous of making entry on these withdrawn lands. Last Saturday Congressman Steenerson telegraphed the Commissioner of the General Land Office inquiring on what date they would be subject to entry, and received a reply that the instructions relative to the reopening of the withdrawn ceded Chippewa lands had been prepared and would be forwarded to the local land office at an early date.

It is therefore expected that persons desiring to file on these withdrawn lands will know within a couple of weeks when they can file on the land and under what conditions the filings will be accepted.

For Good Roads.

The year 1907 will see some active road building in Kelliher and surrounding townships, and by next fall the roads leading into Kelliher will be greatly improved, if not in excellent shape.

The town of Kelliher has $10,000 cash with which to construct highways, and the town of Battle, Shotly and Cormant are all in good shape financially to construct roads.

The Shotly-Kelliher, the Battle-Kelliher and roads along the south line of Battle township are the ones that will receive the greater portion of the expenditures and by the fall of 1907 these should be in excellent shape.—Kelliher Journal.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

COUNTY SEAT REMOVAL PETITION IS STOLEN.

Red Lake Falls Gang Wins Another One of Their Contemptible "Victories."

Thief River Falls May Have to Start the Fight All Over, but It Will Be Continued.

Where is the petition calling for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls? Has it been stolen, and if so by whom?

As will be remembered, the state supreme court in February handed down a decision in the county seat case. The decision was to the effect that the petition was a legal one in every way "upon all points raised or which might have been raised," to use the language of the supreme court. It was referred back to the county commissioners and the only question left for them to decide was whether or not the petition contained the required number of signatures.

Last week the decision came back from the supreme court and on Monday the local attorneys started to prepare notices to be issued calling the commissioners together to consider the petition. It was then discovered that the petition had been stolen from the vaults of the county auditor's office. There is of course no proof as to who took it, but suspicion rests upon the men who have been at the head of the Red Lake Falls county seat committee, as they would be more concerned in the matter than anyone else.

The vault in which the petition was kept is one used by other county officers and it is said that a dozen or more residents know the combination as this had not been changed when Auditor Ford went out of office. The stealing of this petition has resulted in placing Thief River Falls, somewhat at "sea," but of one thing there can be doubt and that is that the county seat fight will be continued until the people, who are to be the final judges of the matter, have had an opportunity to vote upon the proposition. It is quite probable that it may be necessary to circulate a new petition and commence the fight all over again, although some of the local lawyers believe that there is a chance of having the courts make a special ruling upon this case. In all of the county seat fights that have been carried on, this is the first time a county seat removal petition was ever stolen so that it raises a new point of law.

EXPENSIVE SESSION.

Present Legislative Session Is Costing More Than Usual.

St. Paul, March 25.—The current legislative session promises to be the most expensive in the history of the state. The $150,000 appropriated at the beginning of the session has already been broken in upon to the extent of $115,667.19. This includes the last ten-day payroll, settled March 18. This payroll was $15,-000, and the thirty-seven days remaining will at that rate require $57,720 more, just for the per diem of members, officers and employes. The mileage has not been paid, and it will amount to $6,-000 more. Without counting printing and supply bills yet to come in, there is $179,387.10 accounted for. The total expenses will probably run over $285,000.

No previous session has spent more than $170,000. That amount was appropriated at the last two sessions, and was nearly used up both times. In 1905 the total expense was $160,517.31.

A deficiency appropriation for legislative expenses will go into the omnibus bill, and it will probably carry $35,000 or $40,000.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Easter Sabbath, March 31st 1907.

Celebration of the Communion and public reception of new members at 11 o'clock.

Special Easter services at the evening worship.

An Easter sermon, Music by the Rushford Male Quartett and the Choir. Service at 8 o'clock.

Sabbath School at 10 o'clock.

Christian Endeavor at 7:15 o'clock.

Subject: The Progress of the Aro-American. Ps 116, 16, 19.

Sunday School Teacher's meeting and Bible study every Thursday every at 8 o'clock.

We welcome all at our worship.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Notice to Parents.

It is suggested that the small children who will begin attending school for the first time this spring, be permitted to enroll on Monday, April 8th, the first day of the spring term. This will permit the primary teachers to organize new classes and thus assure the child's immediate progress. A later entrance than this will prohibit any classification and thus discourage, rather than aid the little beginner.

J. H. Hay,
Superintendent.

—Subscribe for the News

TOMORROW NIGHT.

Program for the Cantata to Be Given Good Friday Evening.

Under the auspices of the young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, a sacred cantata—"The Seven Last Words of Chirist" by Theo. Dubois—will be rendered in the church. The following are the participants:

SOLO VOICES.

Sopano—Mrs. W. A. Wright.
Tenor—Dr. P. L. Vistaunet.
Baritone—Mr. W. B. Krouse.

CHORUS.

Sopranos 1—Mesdames H. B. Borneman, F. M. Hathaway, Misses Linda and Elsie Robbecke, Emma and Clara Backe.

Sopranos 2—Misses Anna Anderson, Belle Hermanson, Stella Robbecke, Marie Sponheim, Minnie Agnes Bakke.

Tenors—Messrs. B. Dan Bjorkman, Carl Angell and D. B. Bakke.

Basses—Messrs. Rev. Barackman, Elias Angell, Lars and Bertel Backe.

Pianist—C. A. Baker.

PROGRAM.

Introduction—All Ye People—Soprano Solo.

First Word—Father Forgive Them—Baritone and Tenors Solo, with Chorus.

Second Woad-To-day Shalt Thou Be—Tenor and Baritone, with chorus.

Third Word—Woman, Behold Thy Son-Soprano, Tenor and Baritone Solo, with chorus.

Fourth Word—My God, Why Hast Thou Forraken Me?—Baritone Solo.

Fifth Word—I Thirst—Tenor and Baritone Solo and chorus.

Sixth Word—Father, Into Thy Hands I Commend My Spirit—Tenor Solo, with chorus.

Seventh Word—It Is Finished—Soprano, Tenor, and Baritone Solo, with chorus.

Prayer—Thee We Adore, O Christ—Chorus.

Same Over Here.

What this country needs in the way of settlers is good practical farmers, each with a family of boys and girls. Farmers who want to get where land is cheap and they can get enough land now so that when the boys get older and desire to establish homes of their own the farm can be divided and furnish plenty of land for all. A good practical farmer willing to diversify his crops, raise some stock and who knows the value of drainage, can make good in this country every year. This portion of the Red River Valley has never had a total failure of crops, and that is more than can be said of many portions of the country where settlers are rushing.—Donaldson Record.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

County Superintendent McAnulty spent Monday afternoon with Mr. Hay visiting the Knox school. He delivered an address to the normal students.

County Supt. W. B. Stewart of Bemidji called at the high school Monday forenoon. He was on his way to Beltrami county some 25 miles east of Germantown to visit some schools that never before in their history had seen a county superintendent. By way of this city was the only road to reach them.

School closes Friday for one week of Easter holidays.

The grammar grades wrote on the state examinations last Thursday and Friday. The opinion of all was that the questions were rather more difficult than usual.

The teachers are more anxious than the parents to have good schools, this being their particular business. Both must co-operate to attain this end. How necessary and businesslike and sensible it is then, when a parent is aggrieved or dissatisfied or hears a story consisting of one grain of truth and a ton of falsehood, that he call on the teacher, who will receive him gladly and courteously meet him more than half way in an endeavor to sift the difficulty to an amicable issue. Try it once in a while and in this simple way help to build up rather than tear down.

Contractor Morrisey has completed the installation of the lavatories and closets in the High School basement. They are a duplicate of those in the Central.

A great deal of interest is being taken in the play to be given a week from Friday by the Seniors. The proceeds are to purchase a memorial for the assembly room.

The heart of the small school boy rejoices in the disappearance of the white mantel of snow, while the same event with its accompanying mud and dirt creates consternation in the minds of the teachers and janitors.

More than a few children have left school and town, most of them removing with their parents to the west and Canada.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Crookston Citizens Honor the Late W. C. Andrews.

The Crookston citizens held a memorial service Sunday afternoon in the opera house for the late W. C. Andrews of Minneapolis, the veteran traveling man for Wright, Barrett & Stillwell of St. Paul who was killed in the wreck at Ojata recently. The house was packed not only the citizens and merchants of Crookston attending but men came from all over the valley.

Pres. F. P. Wright of Wright, Barrett & Stillwell was present and spoke at the meeting, besides several other prominent men. A large delegation came from Grand Forks and from Grafton. The meeting was under the auspices of the Crookston merchants and J. W. Wheeler president of the First National bank, presided.

Board of Health Notice.

The Board of Health of the city of Thief River Falls, in order to improve the general sanitary conditions of the city and to guard against disease, at a regular meeting held on Tuesday March 26, 1907 adopted the following resolutions:

1. That all owners and occupants of lots within the city limits be required to move from their respective premises before April 15th, 1907, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter. Manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

2. That the keeping of hogs within the city be prohibited, except on special permission.

3. That the carcasses of all dead animals, such as horses, cattle dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners or, upon failure to do so, by the occupant or owner of the premises.

4. That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate, unless suitable receptacles be provided therefor, neither will they be permitted to be thrown upon streets or alleys. If such slops and kitchen refuse are placed in suitable barrels they must be removed at frequent intervals.

5. The board recommends that all private wells in the city be thoroughly cleaned in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter and directs special attention to the cleaning and disinfecting all privy vaults cellars and cisterns, as these are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

6. After April 15 the annual inspection by the board of health will take place, and any person found guilty of disobeying the above resolutions will be dealt with according to the statutes made and provided.

Dated March 26, 1907.

P. L. Vistaunet, M. D.,
Health Officer

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

SETTLED FOR $1,500.00

Suit Of John Haley and Wife Against the G. N. Settled.

Jury Was All Drawn and Witnesses Upon Hand to Testify.

The suit of John Haley and his wife against the Great Northern railroad for injuries sustained in a wreck out at Minot, N. D., last winter, did not come to trial at this term of the district court. The jury was all drawn and the witnesses for both sides upon hand when the attorneys for the railroad company and the attorneys for Mr. Haley got together and settled the case out of court. The company paid Mr. Haley $1,500. W. A. Tautges was attorney for Mr. Haley and says that his clients are well pleased with the settlement made.

TEN INDICTMENTS.

Grand Jury Had Returned That Many Up to Noon Yesterday.

Up to noon yesterday the grand jury had returned ten indictments. Two of these were against Hamilton of this city and the other eight were against residents of other places in Red Lake county.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Julia at the Barracks.
Glimpses of Quaint old Holland.
Burglar and the Policeman.
Married for Millions.
Illustrated Song—Aren't you coming back to Old New Hampshire, Molly.

Hanson's Father Dead.

Minneapolis Journal, March 26.—H. O. Hanson of Stephen answered to his name last evening for the first time in a week Has been at Nelson, Wis., to participate in the funeral services over his father, Ole Hanson, who died last week at the age of 89. Mr. Hanson, Sr., was a pioneer of Buffalo county, having lived continously for more than fifty years.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday March 31.
Easter sermon 11 a. m.
Preaching 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7 p. m.
Prayer meeting and bible study Thursday at 7:30 p. m.
Every body welcome.

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Mar 23

Bonnet, H. G.
Brooten Miss Emma
Hattestad Oscar
Hanson S.
Homlin Walter H.
Jackupson Mrs. Mary
McMurry T. L.
McLees Chs
Staples S. L.
Torstenson Tomas H.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

Development of a Chick.

The development of a chick within the egg is one of the most wonderful things in nature. At the end of the fifty-eighth hour of incubation the heart begins to beat, two vesicles are seen and a few hours later the auricles also appear. On the fourth day the outlines of the wings may be perceived and sometimes of the head also; on the fifth day the liver is visible; on the sixth other internal organs appear. In 100 hours the beak is fully formed; in 200 hours the ribs are clearly developed; in 240 hours the feathers are visible; in 268 hours the eyes appear; in 288 the ribs are completed and the feathers on the breast; in 330 the lungs, stomach and breast have assumed a natural appearance. On the eighteenth day the first faint piping of the chick is sometimes audible.

Don't refuse to tell or show the apprentice what to do, for you once had to learn all that you know.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Varrik, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible], made June [illegible] for the NE¼, Section [illegible], Township [illegible] N., Range [illegible] W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Mat Stecha, of Thief River Falls Minn.
Frank Kratochvil, of Germantown "
John Vakse "
Frank Cermonsek, of Thief River Falls "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register

mar 29 may 3

NEWS IN MINNESOTA.

B. Lambrechts, veterinary surgeon and member of the state veterinary board, is dead at Granite Falls.

Daniel Bergan, aged eighty-one years, a pioneer of St. Paul and Dakota county, is dead at St. Paul.

Anton Grethen, one of the oldest settlers in Minneapolis and for forty-nine years a practicing attorney in Minnesota, is dead, aged seventy-two.

A. L. Cole of Walker, the Republican nominee for governor last fall, is in Florida seeking to recuperate his health. His condition is said to be serious.

J. A. Willd, fifty-five years old, a prominent lumberman of Hoffman, this state, died on a Missouri, Kansas and Texas train just before reaching St. Louis.

The Blanchett hotel at Zimmerman burned at 3 o'clock Friday morning and the occupants were forced to seek safety clad only in their night clothes. The loss is about $12,000.

Twin City surveyors have located a site for a power dam on Rum river, nine miles above Anoka. The dam will develop 12,000 horsepower and will be used for electric railroad power.

C. P. McClure, a well known resident of St. Cloud, was drowned at Santa Monica, Cal., while bathing in the surf. Mr. McClure was forty-four years of age and a man of considerable wealth.

Haircuts in Minneapolis will cost 35 cents hereafter. Barbers in the down town district have reached an agreement to boost the price of their services for cutting hair, although other prices will remain the same.

F. H. McGuigan, at present connected with the Grand Trunk road, on April 1. will become first vice president of the Great Northern Railway company, the position now held by Louis W. Hill, son of President Hill.

C. W. Stanton, county attorney of Koochiching county, has been appointed a member of the state game and fish commission by Governor Johnson to take the place of S. F. Fullerton, whose term expired Feb. 1.

The first cattle to be killed in Minnesota for export were slaughtered at the Swift & Co. plant at South St. Paul last week for the London (Eng.) market. The bunch consisted of 232 steers, the product of Minnesota and the Dakotas.

About seventy representatives of co-operative creameries throughout the state met at St. Paul last week and decided to hereafter have a central agency for disposing of their product, thus doing away with the commission men.

While crossing the railroad track near Osseo Adam Yeager, a well known farmer of the town of St. Joseph, Stearns county, was instantly killed and his daughter Ida fatally injured by a train striking the rig in which they were riding.

Mrs. A. A. Bronson, widow of the late Rev. S. M. Bronson, is dead at Evansville from infirmities incident to old age. Mrs. Bronson came of Revolutionary ancestry, both her paternal and maternal grandfathers serving throughout the Revolutionary war.

Marie B. Sundby of Minneapolis has commenced an action in the district court to recover $25,000 from her father-in-law and mother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. George O. Sundby, who she charges with robbing her of the affections of her husband, C. A. Sundby.

Edmund Beatty, aged eighty years, who came to Minnesota in 1855, is dead at his home in Mantorville of pneumonia and his wife, with whom he celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his wedding about two years ago, lies seriously ill of the same disease.

The village of New York Mills, Otter Tail county, which had a tie vote on the license question at the recent election, will have saloons during the coming year. Both sides have been consulting legal authorities, but as the saloons were in and a majority did not vote against them it is the consensus of opinion that they can remain.

—Some of the leading citizens and business men of Fairmont have formed a memorial association, the object of which is to take charge of and conduct the ceremonies of Memorial day in a patriotic and proper manner. All members have agreed to do all in their power to discourage the desecration of the day by games, races or any public sports.

Messrs. Gray and Webster, who have charge of the establishment of a dairy testing station for the bureau of animal industry of the federal government for the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska and North and South Dakota, have decided to locate the plant in Albert Lea and have arranged to operate it in connection with the creamery there.

While Mrs. Hinseman of Lake Itasca, near Warren, was returning through the woods to her home she was confronted by a monster lynx. Mrs. Hinseman was armed with a repeating rifle and without hesitation she fired at the animal. She fired eight bullets into its body before she finally succeeded in killing it. The lynx measured six feet in length.

H. Watson, a farmer living four miles north of Lamberton, was awakened early in the morning by dense smoke pouring into the bedroom where he and his wife and little children were sleeping. He leaped from bed and found that the house was in flames. By hard work he managed to save his wife and four children, but his household effects, including all the family's wearing apparel, was a total loss, with not a cent of insurance.

Light of the Stars.

Various attempts have been made to estimate the light of stars. In the northern hemisphere Argelander has registered 324,000 stars down to the nine and one-half magnitude, with the aid of the best photometric data. Agnes M. Clerk's "System of the Stars" gives the sum of the light of these northern stars as equivalent to 1.440 of full moonlight, and the total light of all stars similarly enumerated in both hemispheres to the number of about 900,000 is roughly placed at 1.180 of the lunar brightness. The scattered light of still fainter celestial bodies is difficult to evaluate. By a photographic method Sir William Abney in 1896 rated the total starlight of both hemispheres as 1.100 of full moonlight, and Professor Newcomb in 1901 from visual observations of diffused sky radiance fixed the light power of all stars at just 728 times that of Capella, or 1.80 of the light of the full moon. It is not certain, however, that the sky would be totally dark if all stars were blotted out. Certain processes make the upper atmosphere strongly luminous at times, and one never can be sure that this light is absent.

Dog That Climbed a Tree.

Can a dog climb a tree? A correspondent writes: "While on a walk on snowshoes in New Hampshire we tracked a porcupine to a balsam fir, in which it had taken refuge. My Scottish terrier climbed the tree, pulling herself up from branch to branch to a height of about seven feet, where a space of bare trunk separated her from the porcupine, which had watched her progress with evident alarm. The terrier made several ineffectual attempts to scale the smooth bark and finally jumped down into the snow." And of another curious trait the same writer continues: "This little dog and her mate, now dead, though enthusiastic fire worshipers at home, never sat near the bonfires built at luncheon or tea time on winter walks, but dug holes in the snow at a little distance, in which they curled themselves up after the manner of their primitive ancestors."—Chicago News.

Processes Which Defy Analysis.

I think that the more thoroughly and conscientiously we endeavor to study biological problems the more we are convinced that even those processes which we have already regarded as explicable both by chemical and physical laws are in reality infinitely more complex and at present defy any attempts at a mechanical explanation. Thus we have been satisfied to account for the absorption of food from the alimentary canal by the laws of diffusion and osmosis. But we now know that, as regards osmosis, the wall of the intestine does not behave like a dead membrane. We know that the intestinal wall is covered with epithelium and that every epithelial cell is in itself an organism, a living being with the most complex functions. We know that it takes up food by the active contractions of its protoplasm in the same way as observed in independent naked animal cells.—A. Bunge.

Her Valentine.

A young woman wrote about the year 1750: "The night before St. Valentine's day I got five bay leaves and pinned four of them to the four corners of my pillow and the fifth to the middle. And then if I dreamed of my sweetheart Betty said we would be married before the year was out. But to make more sure I boiled an egg hard and took out the yolk and filled it with salt and when I went to bed ate it, shell and all, without speaking or drinking after it. We also wrote our lovers' names upon bits of paper and rolled them up in clay and put them into water, and the first that rose up was to be our valentine. Mr. Blossom was my man. I lay abed and shut my eyes all the morning till he came to our house, for I would not have seen another man before him for all the world."

Beethoven's Oddities.

Beethoven used the snuffers for a toothpick. It was one of his peculiarities that he never allowed his servant to enter his study. He insisted that this room should remain exactly as he left it, no matter how deeply the dust lay on the precious musical manuscripts. He seldom looked in the glass when he tied his stock. Half the time he forgot to brush his hair. Every morning he carefully counted out seventeen beans from the coffee canister. These served for his breakfast. When he composed, he would pour cold water over his hands, and often people below him would complain of the water that soaked through his floor.

Suggestive.

"Miriam," said her mother, "have you ever given young Mr. Stapleford any reason to believe you cared for him enough to marry him?"

"He seems to think so," answered the daughter, "because I told him the other evening that he was sending me too many costly flowers and ought to begin to save his money."—Chicago Tribune.

They Began Early.

Gummey—Women's habit of going to their husbands for money is as old as the human race. Gargoyle—That can't be, for the human race had no such thing as money for many ages. Gummey—Nevertheless Eve got a "bone" from Adam.

Physical Culture.

Police Surgeon (to would be cop)—How is it, my man, that your right arm is developed out of all proportion to the rest of you? Italian Applicant—Grinda da org', shina da fruit, roosta da peanut.—Puck.

Subscribe for the News.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use *Scott's Emulsion* after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

DON'T BE A KICKER.

Statement by Louis H. Flagel Manager of Erskine Creamery.

Says Creamery Tests Are Correct and Tells Why.

Kicking on the test of butter fat in the cream is the common thing in most of the creamery communities by the patrons who kick on the test don't know what they are talking about when they talk testing cream.

How often do we hear a patron say that he can make more butter at home than his test is in the creamery the question then arises, is it all butter fat that you make when you churn at home. No, it is about 73 to 75 per cent butter fat and the rest water and salt, if your cream tests 25 per cent butter fat per 100 pounds of cream, and when you make a churning at home you get 30 pounds of butter you have nothing to be proud of in the way you think nor proven that the buttermaker is crooked or beating you, or that you are a better buttermaker than he is, this simply shows the ignorance of a great many people. If we butter makers should make butter in the creamery as 75 per cent of the farmers do on the farm and send such butter to the New York or any other market, we would be sent to state prison twenty-four hours after the butter was put on the market.

The butter maker certainly has a great deal to put up with, in the first place the patrons want their test to read about two points higher than it actually is, still the creamery association expects him to make a 16 to 20 per cent over run and two cents premium on the butter above the regular market price and the patrons wouldn't be satisfied if they got 50 cents a pound for their butter.

During the past three or four months I have had one or two farmers with me when doing the month's testing, and I haven't heard any kicking from them since that, simply because they saw how the testing was done and know how the work is carried on.

There are several of the farmers here that have a Babcock testing outfit at home and from these I hear no kick but have been told by some of them that they are perfectly satisfied, so if you want to be satisfied, get a testing outfit of your own and be convinced.

Don't be a kicker, all the world kicks the kicker, my advice is, don't even kick a kicker; don't listen to him. When there is no ear there is no sound, if you don't seed you won't reap. The kicker will not kick long where no appreciation is shown. Kick not, lest ye be kicked. Be charitable to others and you will show the truest charity towards yourself. Kicking is a sign of envy. The kicker envys his stronger brother so he takes out his little hammer and tenderly, but none the less irritatingly, taps him on the head until he has him out of existence. Kicking is the worst habit a fellow can get. Break it. Don't lose your friends or have your friends lose confidence in you because you have contracted a kicker's habit, don't lose your individual reputation by joining the hopeless. Despise ranks of selfconfessed failures, or so known by one and all as a "Chronic Kicker." The wise man has no use for a kicker. You never see a kicker happy, so break away from that rank and you will again regain happiness.

I remain yours for brotherly and neighborly ways,

LOUIS H. FLAGEL.

After Weeds.

Senator A. D. Stephens of Crookston declares war on weeds in a bill introduced last week. It calls for appointment of a state inspector of weeds by the governor and appropriates $2,500 a year for salary and expenses.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc. in the market. John P. Forsberg.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

LUMBER IS MUCH HIGHER

An Advance of $2 per Thousand Since January 1st.

High Prices Said to Be Due Largely to Natural Causes.

Prices of lumber are soaring. With a steadily increasing demand for it for building purposes, the price is going up. It was high enough last year, the builders say, but it is still higher now. On all kinds of lumber the price has advanced $2 per thousand since the first of the year. The advance is in line with the general increase in the price of all commodities which has marked the last few years, but there is also an additional cause for it in the case of lumber, and this is found in the fact that the material itself is year by year becoming more scarce.

Practically all the giant trees which once stood in the forests of northern Minnesota have been cut down, leaving only those of smaller growths, and the mills at Minneapolis and Duluth are now sawing into board logs which ten years ago the lumbermen would not have taken the trouble to cut and which the mills would not have touched as a gift. All the big timber and long dimension stuff now has to be shipped from the Pacific coast and the lumber barons are making serious inroads on the immense forests of Oregon and Washington to supply the demand. It is costly to ship by rail from the Pacific coast and when it has to be hauled some distance before being loaded on the cars the cost is considerably increased. Added to this has been the car shortage which has affected the shipments of lumber as well as other things, making it impossible to secure all the lumber which was ordered.

"The higher price is simply due to the fact that the mills have not enough lumber on hand to supply the demand," said a local lumberman in discussing the situation. "I do not think the alleged lumber trust has anything to do with it nor do I believe that the removal of the tariff on lumber between here and Canada would furnish much relief.

"Western Canada has been developing very rapidly of late, more rapidly even than the northwestern United States, and the demand there has been so great that the Canadians have been ordering lumber from the mills on this side of the boundry and paying the tariff duty on it to secure it, in place of having lumber to ship to us."

"The present high price of lumber is not a fictitious one. It is on an equivalent basis with the value of timber and it is not created by a monopoly. One cause of the steady advance in price lies in the fact that people from the east will frequently go to the mills and offer to pay a higher price than that which is listed, and take the entire output off the hands of the miller."

But there is little encouragement to those who think to put of building until another year when they hope lumber will be cheaper for all who are conversant with the lumber situation unite in saying that the tendency is steadily upwards. The days of cheap lumber are over, and what is regarded at present as a high price will be considered a low one a few years from now.

Lumbermen estimate that within five years the Minnesota mills will have to cut all the standing timber in that state that is of much use for lumber purposes. Second growth timber is springing up where the primeval forests have been cut away, but the utilization of this for lumber purposes is a matter of the future. It will be a number of years before it is ready to cut.

Dakotan Too Much for Texan.

A Dakotan and a Texan who met in Chicago were disputing about the greatness of their respective districts and among other things traded marvelous stories about the work of the wind in each locality. "How fast does a Texas norther blow?" asked the Dakotan at last. "How fast? Well, the only thing that will measure it is lightning. When a Texas norther is coming, they telegraph ahead, so people can get underground, but when it gets under good headway it will just about run a neck and neck race with the telegram. How fast is a Dakota blizzard?" "Oh, you can't measure a blizzard. There is nothing like it. I've seen a blizzard just skip a telegram of the wires and carry it on. I never saw but one the speed of which could be measured. There seemed to be something the matter with that one. It went rather slow, only about a million miles a second, and we couldn't tell what was the matter with it until it went by when we found it was dragging one of those infernal Texas northers a long behind."—Chicago Tribune.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seed.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.
CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

HOLDS HIM LIABLE

Supreme Court Holds That Person Who Refused Shelter Is Liable.

The supreme court has decided that one who refuses to allow another to remain at his home on a cold winter's night, when this refusal results in physical damage, the party who refuses to befriend the other is liable for monetary damages. The case decided was an action brought by Orlando Depue against John Flateau, a farmer of Riverdale, in Watonwan county.

Justice Brown of the supreme court, in writing the opinion, reverses a decision of the district court, which decided that Flateau was not liable for damages. Depue was a cattle buyer and on Jan. 3, 1906, drove seven miles into the country to inspect some cattle which Flateau had for sale. When Depue arrived at the house, he was taken ill and asked permission to remain over night.

It was an exceptionally cold night, but Flateau, it is alleged, denied Depue permission to remain. Instead they carried him out and placed him in his vehicle, threw the lines over his head, and started his horses toward Madelia, where Depue lived. Depue was found the next morning about three-quarters of a mile from the Flateau farm almost frozen to death.

Since that time, owing to the exposure, Depue has been mentally unsound. Flateau was sued for $5,000, but the district court of Watonwan county dismissed the case.

The supreme court reversed this decision.

To Make Snuff at Roseau.

A snuff factory is the latest addition to Roseau business enterprizes and Messrs. Sjoberg Bros., are the promoters. They have secured the services of Mr. A. T. Barkman of Stockholm, one of the most scientific and skillful makers that ever engaged in the production of snuff, and will carry on the manufacture of the genuine article at Roseau.

Mr. Barkman practiced several years in his father's factory in Stockholm, where the Barkman methods were given the most thoro study and scientific tests, with the result that no other snuff has made such splendid advance in Europe during the same period as has theirs. Mr. Barkman has great hopes as to the future demand for his snuff in this country.

The quality that will be produced in Roseau will equal that of the the Copenhagen and Horseshoe, manufactured by the American Snuff Co., and will be known as "Uncle Tom" and "Ljunglof" snuff.

Joachim Rose Dies.

Joachim Rose, an old and highly respected resident of this part of the county, died at his home east of town Tuesday, after a several weeks illness with paralysis. Mr. Rose was well advanced in years, but prior to the time he was stricken with his final illness had always enjoyed good health. He has been a resident of southern Red Lake county for a great many years, and has several grown sons and daughters residing in this neighborhood. The funeral was held from St. Joseph's church this morning, a large number of sorrowing relatives and friends following the remains to their final place of rest in the Catholic cemetery east of the city. A more extended obituary will be printed next week.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

This Would Be All Right

Senator A. L. Hanson's bill for a new normal school to be located on the line of the Great Northern between Grand Forks and Duluth was reported for indefinite postponement Tuesday, but the bill is on general orders and will come before the senate. The bill locating a normal school at Cass Lake was reported favorably.—Ada Index.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are planing a trip north, south, east or west, it is always best to consult a reliable person. Let us help you plan it.

Special Rates.

The season of special rates will soon be at hand and it would be a capital idea to keep well posted by consulting me.

Souvenir Playing Cards.

Great Northern playing cards 15c a pack. Northern steamship playing cards 25c a pack. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost and are the highest grade of playing cards ever offered for the money.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

March 28, 1907.

Messrs. Pryor and Rutledge have purchased a controling interest of the Bemidji Pioneer and will publish this paper in the future. The Pioneer is one of the best newspapers in Northern Minnesota and deserves to be prosperous.

Miss News and Comment in the Duluth News Tribune talks back like this:

> "Pick out the man you think to be the most useful man in town. Then pick out the man you believe to be the most useless man in town. Then answer this question: "Don't you hear a good deal more abuse of the useful man than you hear of the useless man?"

Anent the decision of the secretary of the interior upholding the Crookston land office in refusing to recognize the "Eleven Towns" as a proper paper for the publication of land office notices, the Middle River Pioneer has the following to say:

"This ruling is only right and proper. It is an imposition on reputable newspapers that these final proof sheets are established solely for the purpose of making what they can out of the final proof publication." And the Pioneer adds: "There is one of them in the eastern end of this county that should come under the same ruling. It contains no news and has no editorials or other essentials that go to make up a newspaper. Yet through the publication of final proof notices it has existed for several years to the financial detriment of the legitimate publications of the territory."

An important amendment to the constitution is proposed in a bill introduced last week by Senator L. O. Cooke of Kellogg, relating to special laws. The bill proposes an amendment to section 33 of article 4 of the constitution, which was adopted Nov. 8, 1892. The amendment cuts out the prohibition against the enactment of special laws creating offices, prescribing their powers and compensation or the mode of electing officers of any county, village, city, town, township or school district; authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, and maintaining of roads, highways and alleys; remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures; authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children; changing the law of descent or succession; conferring rights upon minors; declaring any named person of age: giving effect to informal or invalid deeds or wills, or affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability; regulating the management of public schools, the building and repairing of school houses, and the raising of money for such purposes; exempting property from taxation and regulating the rate of interest on money; and creating corporations or extending, amending, renewing or explaining the charters thereof.

Who Lost the Money?

The dispatches from Wall street announce that a billion of dollars was lost in the recent market slump.

Who lost the money? Who found it? Who produced it?

A billion of dollars is quite a large sum. It is almost half as much as all the wages paid to all the men, women and children employed in all the manufacturing plants in the United States in the year 1900. It is almost exactly the total value of all the manufactued products of the United States fifty years ago

The loss of such a sum is a serious thing, if true.

When we come to look for the [illegible] tremendous loss we make some surprising discoveries.

We are informed that the country is one billion dollars poorer than it was a few days ago.

We take a rough inventory of the wealth of the country to discover from what department this immense mass of wealth has disappeared.

No portion of the land of the country has sunk beneath the sea. No devastating flood or raging holacaust has swept away cities or devoured homes and factories. No upheaval of the earth has turned a great metropolis into a heap of shapeless ruins.

No plague has devoured the cattle and sheep on the farms, and there comes no news of failing crops or destruction of those already harvested.

Yet we are told that wealth equal to double the wheat crop of last year was lost in a day.

When we examine a little closer we discover that what really happened was that "stocks fell off fifteen or twenty points."

That is, the paper titles in which our capitalists gamble were marked down in price upon a bulletin board in Wall street.

One body of men had bet that these stocks would go up, and another body had bet that they would go down. The latter won, because the money, the counters with which the game is played, was so manipulated that those who had bet on the rise were not able to take and pay for all the paper titles that the other gamblers had forced upon them.

If the whole mass of paper titles together with the gambling owners had been swept into the ocean, there would have been scarcely a cent less of wealth in this country.

The mills, and mines and factories, and farms and stores and railroads would still have been here, together with the men who use these things for the production of wealth.

We are told that this stock gamblers' panic was started in Europe for the purpose of compelling the government of this country to do certain things in the interest of one particular gambling clique.

If so, it furnishes a startling illustration of the international power of the ruling class of gambling capitalists who are the rulers of modern industry.

If the legal titles to the wealth of the world are so completely the counters of a few international capitalists that they can be tossed upon the table and juggled up and down in value whenever a few trust magnates wish to frighten the people, then it is truly time for that gang of gambling owners of the earth to be deposed.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Two Kinds of Success.

E. H. Harriman may be right in his recent declaration that "everybody hates a successful man" if, by that designation he means such men as himself, John D. Rockefeller, John W. Gates, the late Russell Sage, H. H. Rogers, "Gas" Addicks and others of that ilk. All of these have made their successes simply by riding roughshod over the people by acts that savor strongly of those of pirates and by ruthless disregard of the rights of others.

But there are thousands of men in all walks of life who may justly claim to have been eminently successful—business men, lawyers, doctors, ministers, public men, even financiers—who certainly are not only not hated but are universally admired. Such men and their names are legion, and help up to the world as the truest and best models of marked success and the growing generation is constantly advised to pattern after them.

The class of men to which Harriman certainly referred, is that of the unscrupulous builders of big fortunes at the expense of the mass of the people. These are hated, not because of their wealth, for there are many very wealthy men who have been deservedly popular, but because of the methods they have adopted to win their so called [illegible] and pile up their billions on millions and because they have adopted toward the great mass of the people the "public be—" policy of William H. Vanderbilt.

Harriman and his like have not shown any inclination to win the friendship and esteem of the public. Even John D. Rockefeller's colossal bids for popularity came so late that his every gift is suspected. Why then should the Harrimans of today expect anything except hatred? Contrast them with Mark Twain, A. Edison, President Roosevelt, the late Bishop Philips Brooks, D. L. Moody and others, who certainly measure far beyond Harriman's type of successful men and who will dare say that the public is wrong in its discrimination as to men to be hated and those to be admired?—Duluth Herald.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

An Egyptian Custom.

More than 1,000 years ago Herodotus observed a remarkable custom in Egypt. At a certain season of the year the Egyptians went into the desert, cut off branches from the wild palm and, bringing them back to their gardens, waved them over the flowers of the date palm. Why they performed this ceremony they did not know, but they knew that if they neglected it the date crop would be poor or wholly lost. Herodotus offers the quaint explanation that along with these branches there came from the desert certain flies possessed of a "vivific virtue," which somehow lent an exuberant fertility to the dates. But the true rationale to the incantation is now explained. Palm trees, like human beings, are male and female. The garden plants, the date bearers, were females, the desert plants were males, and the waving of the branches over the females meant the transference of the fertilizing pollen from the one to the other.

The Dangers of the Mines.

Great and mystically dreadful is the earth from a mine's depth. Man is in the implacable grasp of nature. It has only to tighten slightly and he is crushed like a bug. His loudest shriek of agony would be as impotent as his final moan to bring help from that fair land that lies like heaven over his head. There is an insidious silent enemy in the gas. If the huge fanwheel on the top of the earth should stop for a brief period there is certain death, and a panic more terrible than any occurring where the sun has shone ensues down under the tons of rock. If a man may escape the gas, the floods, the "squeezes" of falling rock, the cars shooting through little tunnels, the precarious elevators, the hundred perils, there usually comes to him an attack of "miner's asthma" that slowly racks and shakes him into the grave.—Stephen Crane.

Ptolemy's Big Boat.

Ptolemy (Philopator) was fond of building big boats. One of these is said to have been 420 feet long, 57 feet broad and 72 feet deep from the highest point of the stern. This vessel had four rudders or what some would call steering oars, as they were not fastened, each forty-five feet long. She carried 4,000 rowers, besides 3,000 marines, a large body of servants under her decks and stores and provisions. Her oars were fifty-seven feet long, and the handles were weighted with lead. There were 2,000 rowers on a side, and it is supposed that these were divided into five banks. That this extraordinary vessel ever put to sea is doubted, but that she was launched and used at times, if only for display, several historians are agreed.

Getting Round It.

A famous mountaineer said of mountain climbing at a dinner in Brooklyn: "Peaks that seem inaccessible may be climbed by turns and twists. Mountain climbing is a question of getting around the bad places. Getting around your difficulty—that is the secret of mountain climbing. Liszt, the great musician, had the ability to get around things; hence I am sure he'd have made a good mountaineer. Once at a dinner Liszt's hostess cried in a terrified voice that there were thirteen at table.

"'Don't let that alarm you, madam,' said Liszt, with a reassuring smile. 'I'll eat for two.'"

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DENTISTS.

Office over First National Bank

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.,

Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.

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NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 *THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE*

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14-k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

THE DAILY JOURNAL The Greatest Daily of the Great Northwest

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL *BEST THERE IS.* Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TODAY.

THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

DRINK Hamm's NEW BREW BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE NEWS. THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER. $1.00 PER YEAR

The News: $1 per Year.

Respect YOUR Stomach

Give it food that will not irritate or retard the performance of its natural functions, and it will reciprocate in a way agreeable and comforting.

No single ingredient contributes so largely toward wholesome, nourishing, agreeable food as Royal Baking Powder.

Royal Baking Powder's active ingredient, Grape Cream of Tartar, is the most healthful of the fruit products.

This is why Royal Baking Powder makes the food finer, lighter, more appetizing and anti-dyspeptic, a friend to the stomach and good health.

Imitation Baking Powders Contain Alum

"The use of alum and salts of alumina in food should be PROHIBITED. The constant use of alum compounds exerts a deleterious effect upon the digestive organs and an irritation of the internal organs after absorption.

"EDWARD S. WOOD, M.D.
"Professor of Chemistry
"Harvard Medical School, Boston."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

NORTHERN MINNESOTA

Many Advantages Offered Here Over the Canadian Northwest.

Room for a Large Number of Farmers to Engage in Dairying.

Cannot something be done to divert at least a part of the present tide of emigration to the Canadian Northwest to Northern Minnesota asks the Duluth Herald. Reliable reports are that almost as many farmers from all parts of the United States and Eastern Canada are preparing actively to take up homes in Manitoba and British Columbia this year as last. It is but reasonable to believe that, if the superb conditions of the northern part of this state, were strongly presented to them, at least a goodly portion would locate in this section.

That Northern Minnesota offers the best opportunity in the whole United States for dairy farms is not questioned by any one at all familiar with that industry. That creameries will follow the opening of such farms is also assured.

If, instead of dairy farms, the homeseeker desires to engage in truck farming, in fruit raising or in general agriculture, experts declare that all vegetables that can be produced in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont or Eastern Canada can be raised more bountifully in this section and that the same is true as to fruits and all other agricultural products while this region is undoubtedly an ideal one for establishment of a high-grade sheep industry that will surpass even that of Vermont whose reputation is well-nigh world-wide. For all of the products—vegetables, fruits, lamb, mutton and general agricultural products—Duluth and the range towns offer eager markets.

All through the past winter, when Manitoba settlers were suffering for lack of fuel, all of which had to be brought from long distances and was delayed sometimes for weeks by the blockading of the railroads and highways by snow, the farmers of Northern Minnesota were comfortable. They had large supplies of fuel at their very doors and not one report came during the entire blizzard season of even one person being frozen seriously while not a death was noted. This alone ought to be a most effective argument for Northern Minnesota as against Manitoba or British Columbia.

Certainly, Manitoba and British Columbia cannot offer as varied inducements to homeseekers as can Northern Minnesota. Again the question recurs: Cannot something effective be done to divert at least part of the tide of emigration to the Canadian Northwest to Northern Minnesota? And the answer is that it can, if state, counties, towns and railroads of this section shall unite on such steps as have built up Manitoba.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDERTAKING.

H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.

OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

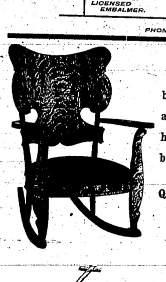

You can always find the best goods for the least money at Hicks. It is not always the high price that makes goods best.

Quarter sawed oak, best leather, spring seat. Special this week, - $11.98

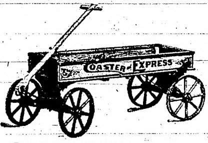

Just the kind to haul cream on.

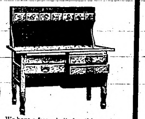

We have a few cabnits for this week at from $3.85 up

LOCAL FIRM LOWEST.

Underbid Crookston Contractors But Do Not Get the Job.

Crookston Times: The contract to build the new Washington school was let yesterday afternoon to Larson and Larson of this city. There were seven bids in to do the work from various contractors in this city and in other valley towns. The bids were as follows:

Ole N. Sivertson, Crookston, $6,675.
F. S. Doege, Thief River Falls, $6,587.
Larson & Larson, Crookston, $6,750.
John Fiorin, Crookston, $7,733.
C. Eickhoff, Crookston, $6,900.
Jefferson & Cooper, city, $6,915.
Chas. Ross, Fertile, $6,893.

It will be seen that F. S. Doege of Thief River Falls has the lowest bid but as Mr. Doege was absolutely unknown to any of the members of the board it was thought best to take no chances and to let the bid to a firm which was known to be absolutely reliable. There were other considerations also, which the board took into consideration in letting the contract which made the bid of Larson and Larson the best bid received. Work will be started on the new building as soon as possible.

If the Crookston school board wanted to learn anything about the reliability of F. S. Doege they should have called up the local school board. Mr. Doege built two school houses in Thief River Falls last year—and secured the work because he was the lowest bidder and not on account of any pull he may have had with the board.

Cattle Should Be Inspected.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature which provides a compulsory examination of all cattle within the state by an inspector appointed by the governor. It would not be a bad idea, as consumption among the herds of cattle in the state is said to be on the increase. There is no good reason why a person shipping cattle into the state should not be compelled to have their herds tested either before their arrival or immediately afterward, any more than those already here should be tested. There is certainly just cause for alarm over the rapid increase of tuberculosis in the state, and everyone should join hands in stamping out the white plague, no matter the cost.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Bill of Local Interest Passes.

The bill which will allow Thief River Falls to issue additional bonds to make many improvements to the electric light plant, passed the house last week and is now in the senate. As there is no opposition to the measure in the senate, it is sure to pass and will soon be a law.

—Subscribe for the News.

PERSONAL acquaintance and actual wear experience with one pair of Walkover Shoes will do more to spread the merits of this footwear—through the word of mouth advertising you'll give them—than volumes of type advertising. Become a Walkover enthusiast. We are exclusive local sellers.

$3.50 AND $4.00.

WILSON'S

POSTOFFICE BLOCK.

ABOUT ROUTE NO. 1.

Town of Rocksbury Farmer Does Some Explaining.

Editor News: I see from the St. Hilaire Spectator that the business men of Thief River Falls are accused of having started an agitation to induce the patrons of the route No. 1 from St. Hilaire to have it so changed as to go out from Thief River Falls. This is a mistake for to the best of my knowledge the business men of Thief River Falls never agitated anything of the kind. But the patrons of that route desire a change for the reason by having their mail come out from Thief River Falls they would get it just one day sooner.

Yours respectfully,
H. Pope.

The mail carrier on route No. 1 out of St. Hilaire in a signed statement published in the Spectator last week says that he did not call at the Thief River Falls postoffice with other farmers and ask to have a petition made out to change the route so that it would run out of Thief River Falls. Postmaster Kratka says that he did and that the local postoffice refused to give him any assistance.

A Hard Job for the Special Agent.

Those who have heretofore proved up before a U. S. Commissioner and been subjected to the many questions the special agent has put to them would enjoy the novel situation that will transpire in the near future. Three deaf mutes will make final proof on their homesteads and each of them will be a witness for the others. They are J. J. Kocera, J. Clauson and Miss Etta Masters from the Rat Root river. Unless the special agent and the mutes are short hand writers we predict the interrogatories to be few and far between.—International Falls Press.

Got Guy at Greenbush.

Mr. Chase, who landed in Greenbush a couple of weeks ago with the idea in his head that he still was working for the G. N. Railway Co., and was here for the purpose of sizing up the tie situation, has got himself into a bad little mix up. On the strength that he was working for the the company he was allowed to run a nice little livery bill and a few of his friends lent him some money. He flew around for a few days having a good time and at last was put in the sweat box at the county seat to find out where he was at. He is still there.—Greenbush Journal.

BASE BALL NEWS.

Crookston Fans Want a Red River Valley League.

Crookston Times:—Several of the baseball fans of the city gathered at the Harris Cigar store last night to discuss plans for the coming baseball season. The meeting was not as largely attended as it should have been but those present were all of the opinion that the city should have some kind of organized ball this year. The principal discussion was as regards a valley league and a committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Pierson and Handy to correspond with the valley towns and find out about how much they could raise as a salary limit per month and then canvass the city to see how the business men of Crookston feel in regard to a valley league and what they would do toward supporting it. It was the unanimous opinion of every one present at last night's meeting that the team should be composed for the greater part at least of local boys and it was suggested that only the battery be hired. This would put all the towns on a fair basis and it was thought that, the people who will be depended on for the support of the game would rather see local boys who they know play the game than an entire professional team. The towns suggested last evening were: East Grand Forks, Ada, Warren, Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls and Crookston. This would make a compact little league which would furnish some royal sport during the summer. Some of those present however, did not feel very favorably inclined toward a valley league, but thought that the same kind of a league as we had last year would be the best. It is early enough, however, to allow of plenty of time in discussion and another meeting will be held after the committee have canvassed the situation and definite plans will be arranged. Crookston should have some good ball this summer as there are a number of very good players in the city.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The following is the statement of the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of February:

Total receipts, Feb. 1907	$3,133.00
Total receipts, Feb. 1906	2,019.97
Price per pound butter fat	.32
Those drawing $50.00 or over	
H. Haupt	$88.23
N. A. Nelson	82.52
Gust Kjonikson	75.40
N. E. Beebe	60.91
L. Jahnke, Red Lake Falls	66.51
Chas Seeghr	84.37

[illegible]

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items Taken from the St. Hilaire Spectator of Last Saturday.

P. A. Blixt made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

Mrs. John Gilbertson, of Thief River Falls, spent several days here visiting with Mrs. Herman Adams, returning home on Tuesday.

Miss Lakin, of Thief River Falls, will show her fine and up-to-date line of millinery goods at E. M. Hoff's store in a week or two.

Cyr Brothers, who have been baling hay here, left for Red Lake Falls on Thursday. They expect to return in about ten days to complete their work.

Ed. O. Hauske and Mrs. Anna Malmquist were united in marriage at the home of the bride last Wednesday, Rev. O. H. Broadland, of Neilsville, performing the ceremony.

Oscar Gunstad left last Saturday for Spokane and other Washington points where he went to look up a place to locate. Mr. Gunstad's many friends here will wish him success.

Talk about the past winter being a cold one, Henry Peters was around yesterday with pansies which he had picked in the garden. They had been covered with straw and snow.

Jack Christie has his job of taking the machinery out of the mill nearly completed and they are now waiting for cars to ship the last of it. Mr. Christie will be night foreman this season at Crookston.

A Charivari is nothing but a relic of a barbarous age and a little of it goes a long way. When, however, it is continued for several evenings some one should turn the hose on the noise makers and the authorities should step in and stop the nuisance.

A wedding of considerable interest will take place today at the residence of the groom's parents in Rocksbury when Miss Amanda Peterson, daughter of Ole Peterson, of River Falls, will be united in marriage to Ole Odegaard, son of Andrew Odegaard, of Rocksbury. The services will be read by Rev. Aastad. The happy couple have many friends who wish them joy and abundant prosperity.

—300 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

—Wanted—To buy two [illegible]

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

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Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

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ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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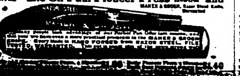

PLIGHT OF THE ACTOR.

Behind the Scenes He Is, in a Manner, a Prisoner.

In a way, behind the scenes is a prison. It is surely one of the very few places where intelligent men and women are locked in their place of work and where no message from the outside world is allowed to reach them. There is a tradition that actor folk are of unusually emotional temperament, and if therefore a telegram is received at the stage door it is never delivered until after the performance. The message might be an invitation to supper, or it might announce that the actor's favorite brother has been hanged, or it might be an offer in a stock company to play twelve times a week, or it might tell the actor that he was the father of twins or that his wife would die without seeing him again unless he came at once to her bedside, but all of this information is supposed not to be good for the actor's emotional disposition, and the telegram is therefore given the same distinction as the "mash" note and kept until after the performance is finished. It cannot be said that the actor's emotional disposition is very seriously considered beyond the cast iron rule in regard to telegrams. His comfort and intelligence have been slightly flattered in a few theaters of very recent date, but for the most part the condition of behind the scenes in most playhouses is not calculated to breed particularly high thoughts of any kind. As a matter of fact, he is treated little better than when he was only a "strolling" player—a gypsy—several centuries ago.—Charles Belmont Davis in Outing Magazine.

"PLUG" TOBACCO.

An Old Farmer's Story of How the Name Originated.

In the jury room at the courthouse a few days ago an old time farmer said as he took a chew of tobacco:

"All the difference in the world in tobacco. I've tried twenty different kinds, and none is as good as that we used to make ourselves down on the farm. We would take a maple log while 'twas green and bore a dozen holes in it with a two inch auger. They were our molds. We selected our choicest tobacco and soaked it for a week or more in wild honey. Then we'd take the leaf to the log, get a good hickory tamping stick and go to work.

"A little ball of the honey soaked tobacco would be put in the auger hole and tamped in with the stick and a hammer. We'd pound it in solid. Ball after ball would be rammed in and pounded until the whole became a solid plug. When the hole was nearly full, we would pound in the plug, and then the log would be put away to season. As the wood dried the moisture would be drawn from the tobacco. And when it was split the sweetest tobacco ever made was taken from it. We called it 'plug' tobacco, and that's where the name originated."—Kansas City Star.

Cat Laughter?

What was the origin of the phrase "Enough to make a cat laugh?" Dr. Murray's Dictionary notices only "Enough to make a cat speak," which is explained as signifying something extraordinary, especially something very good to drink. "Old liquor able to make a cat speak" is quoted from an early eighteenth century source, and therewith Stephano's remark to Caliban is compared, "Open your mouth; here is that which will give language to you, cat." Miss Squeers' maidservant said that only to see Miss Squeers' friend, Miss Price, toss her head was "enough to make a tomcat talk French grammar." But even that is not exactly laughing. Has it anything to do with the mythical Cheshire animal?—London Chronicle.

Dress In Old Massachusetts.

There was an ancient law in Massachusetts that ladies' dresses should be made long enough to hide their shoe buckles. In 1660 an act of the general court prohibited short sleeves and required garments to be lengthened so as to cover the arms to the wrists and gowns to the shoe buckles. "Immoderate great breeches, knots of ribbon, broad shoulder bands, and they be silk roses, double ruffs and cuffs" were forbidden. In the same colony, in 1653, I. Fairbanks was tried for wearing great boots, but was acquitted.

The Early Worm.

Entertaining a children's party at a certain millionaire's house in New York, a woman professional teller of stories to juveniles happened to employ the old proverb, "The early bird catches the worm." A little boy questioned the proverb promptly. "But wasn't the worm foolish," he asked, "to get up early and be caught?" "My dear," said the story teller, "that worm hadn't been to bed at all. He was just getting home."

Girl Friends.

Nell — Did you tell her I couldn't come? Belle — Yes, and she seemed surprised. Nell—But didn't you explain to her that I've got the chicken pox? Belle—Yes; that's what surprised her. She said you were no chicken.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Five Indispensable Drugs.

"You need five drugs," said a foolish physician to a patient—"water, fresh air, sleep and exercise." But the patient sought another doctor, and the foolish physician died poor.—Saturday Evening Post.

Turn your sorrows outward into currents of sympathy and deeds of kindness, and they will become a stream of [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The most sensational decline in prices for several years occurred on the New York stock market Wednesday. Except that money rates were higher and that the tone on the foreign exchanges was unfavorable, there was no news to account for the break in prices. Hill stock led the slump, Great Northern and Northern Pacific falling more than 10 points.

Under the effect of 25 per cent money and the generally pessimistic sentiment developed as a result of the recent heavy decline trading on the New York Stock Exchange Thursday reached a stage of demoralization bordering on actual panic. The leading active stocks declined from 10 to over 20 points, Reading and Union Pacific being the greatest sufferers.

The situation between the cattlemen and sheepmen in Wyoming has reached a crucial point and notices have been posted at all sheep camps in the northern part of the state warning the herders to take their flocks and get out of the country on pain of death.

The big mail carrying railroads have decided to make an appeal to the postmaster general against the rule which the former incumbent of the position promulgated, requiring a change in the methods of weighing the mails.

The San Francisco board of education, keeping its word with President Roosevelt, unanimously rescinded the resolution of last October by which Japanese children were segregated in the public schools.

Anthracite operators have agreed to make the usual 50 cents reduction in the price of prepared coal on April 1, when the new spring schedule will go into effect.

Western railroad officials are discussing the advisability of lengthening out the running time of fast trains with a view to greater economy of operation.

LABOR NEWS.

By a unanimous vote the 800 striking union employes of the Louisville Street Railway company decided to accept the terms agreed upon by their executive committee and the officers of the company. The strike began last Sunday and caused a practically complete tieup of all the company's lines.

Forty-seven thousand men, the membership of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen west of Denver, are voting whether to go on strike to enforce demands for an increased scale of wages.

Eleven hundred boilermakers and their helpers struck at the plant of the Chicago Shipbuilding company after their demand for increased wages had been refused by the company.

The citizens of Goldfield, Nev., have organized to fight the Industrial Workers of the World. Every mine and every store has been closed indefinitely.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Colonel George S. Rathbun, a distinguished Confederate veteran who served with Shelby and Marmaduke through the Missouri campaign, is dead at Springfield, Mo.

Judge Thomas Maloney, who was private secretary to President Andrew Johnson and who has lived in Ogden, Utah, for twenty years past, is dead.

Clinton Babbitt, Democratic member of congress from the First Wisconsin district in 1891 and 1893, is dead at Beloit, aged seventy-five years.

Monsignore Thomas P. Thorpe, well known prelate in the Cleveland diocese of the Roman Catholic church, is dead.

Horace G. McDowell, president of the Farmers' bank of Canton, O., committed suicide by shooting.

Maurice Grau, the well known impressario, is dead in Paris.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 16.—Wheat—May, 77⅛@77¼c; July, 78⅛c; Sept., 77⅞@78c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅛@79⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅞@77⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 73@75c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.60@6.65. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25@5.80; good to prime spring lambs, $6.50@7.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 79⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 78⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅜c; May, 78⅞@78⅞c; July, 79⅞c; Sept., 78⅛c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.19¾; May, $1.20¼; July, $1.21; Oct., $1.18.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 16.—Wheat—May, 75⅝@75⅞c; July 77⅛c. Corn—May, 44⅞c; July, 45⅛c. Oats—May, 39⅞c; July, 36⅝c. Pork—May, $15.75; July, $15.90. Butter—Creameries, 22@29c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 13½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.40; calves, $3.75@7.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.60@6.82½; good heavy, $6.75@6.82½; rough heavy, $6.45@6.65; light, $6.60@6.82½; pigs, [illegible]; Sheep, $3.90@6.15; lambs, [illegible]

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America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, April 3rd, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION

IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

Andrew Stenseth

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If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See

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Offices in Thief River Falls and Middle River.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 5, 1907, viz Ole Trotten H. E. No 347 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3, 4, & E ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 19 in Tp 154 N. of R. 41 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Sigvart A. Rostad, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor H. Hjelden, " " " " "
Ove Holmen " " " " "
Kjartan Swendsgaard of Germantown.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

feb 28 mar 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, February 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charles P. Quist of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commuted proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 28 made June 23, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 23, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge at Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 8, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Hans P. Reed, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Raber, " " " " "
H. B. Becker, " " " " "
John T. Coen, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

feb 28 mar 28

Subscribe for the News.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	22c
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 23.—Wheat—May, 77⅝@77⅝c; July, 79⅛c; Sept., 78¼@78⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 79½c; No. 2 Northern, 77¼@77½c; No. 3 Northern, 75@76c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 80⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 78¼c; May, 79c; July, 80c; Sept., 79c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.18¼; May, $1.19¾; July, $1.20½; Oct., $1.17.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.05@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@5.90; good to prime lambs, $6.50@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 23.—Wheat—May, 75⅞@75⅝c; July, 77¼@77⅝c. Corn—May, 45⅜@45⅞c; July, 46⅝c. Oats—May, 41¼@41⅝c; July, 37c. Pork—May, $15.62½; July, $15.75. Butter—Creameries, 22@29½c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—16½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 13c; springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@6.70; cows, $1.60@4.75; heifers, $2.60@4.75; calves, $5.50@7.50; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.70; poor to medium, $4.00@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75. Hogs—Light, $6.25@6.42½; mixed, $6.20@6.42½; heavy, $6.10@6.37½; rough, $6.10@6.20; pigs, $5.70@6.30; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.40. Sheep, $4.00@6.20; lambs, $6.00@7.90.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

Cass Gillette came down from the woods last week.

C. W. Nelson, of Kratka, was in the city last week.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

Sheriff Nelson, accompanied by his young son, was in the city last Friday.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

M. V. Evenson and W. W. Prichard were down to Crookston last week.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston last week attending to business matters.

For Rent—The Miller building on LaBree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

Postmaster Hjertos and wife, of Middle River, visited friends in the city last week.

W. A. Chubb, foreman at the Soo round house, was down to Crookston last week.

Mrs. Oscar Post and Miss Mabel Hannay, of St. Hilaire, were in the city last Saturday.

The Thief River Falls Heating and Plumbing company last week completed a job of plumbing at the high school.

One nine room house and one six room house for sale. Located south of Soo depot. Inquire of A. B. Helgeson.

Cut flowers for Easter at the Lang greenhouse. Send in your orders early to insure prompt delivery.

Services in the Zion church Good Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Also on Easter day evening at 7:30. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle.

T. S. Jacobson, of Highlanding, and James O'Brien, of Kratka, were in Thief River Falls last week in the interests of the Red Lake River Transportation company.

Otto Ramstad and Misses Meehan, Jonas and McCrum, who are attending the state normal school at Moorhead, arrived in the city last Saturday to spend their Easter vacation.

Norman the 16 year old son of John Johnson of the East Side had the misfortune to break his leg last Friday afternoon. In company with some other boys he was jumping from the roof of a house into a snow bank.

Instead of a $10 raise per month in their salary the rural free delivery carriers of the country will draw $75 per month after July 1st, next, a raise of $15 per month over their present salary. This is more like living for the boys and it is needless to say that the carriers are satisfied.

For your Easter Sunday at the Golden Rule grocery department: Celery, green onions, lettuce, strawberries, radishes, pineapples, rhubarb, sweet potatoes, cabbage, spinach, and cucumbers.

Joseph Johnson was in from Erie last week.

P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week.

Miss Marie Arneson spent Sunday in Crookston visiting friends.

County Treasurer Tanberg was in the city the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Miss Nora Smith of the St. Hilaire schools, spent last Saturday in the city.

Services in the German Lutheran church Easter Sunday at 7:45 p. m.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

James Patton, who spent the winter in Bulman Bros. camp, returned to this city last week.

Mrs. D. Collins was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday visiting her sister, Mrs. M. C. Burns.

The O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading company have closed up their branch store at Greenbush.

Carl Wedmar and bride left Monday for Roseau where they will make their future home.

W. W. Prichard and M. V. Evenson transacted business at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week looking after his business interests here.

E. B. Launger, Jacob Voldal and John Kotschevar, of Plummer, were in the city last Saturday.

Scott Lamont, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre, left last Saturday for Fargo to spend several days visiting old friends.

George Diebel came over from North Dakota the first of the week to look after his business interests here for a few days.

Peter Bisto, Henry Freng and Tom and Chris Peterson, of Strathcona, were in the city Monday enroute to Portland, N. D., to visit relatives.

Mrs. C. A. Robbecke returned to this city Monday morning from an extended trip to Minneapolis and other Southern Minnesota points.

W. A. Chubb, foreman at the Soo round house, will resign his position on April 1st and leave for Barnesville, Minn. where he has accepted a similiar position with the Great Northern.

Sven Alfred Johnson, who has been working up in Bulman Bros. camp at Fowlds during the past winter returned to this city last week and is now living on his claim up near Kratka.

Peter Eberhard and son, Orbin and Merrit Warren came down from Prince Albert, Canada, last Friday. They built a steamboat for the Prince Albert Lumber company while at Prince Albert.

Fr. Michael Ott, O. S. B., of St. John's University, is expected to arrive in the city Saturday and will assist Fr. Adolph in the Easter Sunday services at St. Bernard's church.

Charles Gustafson, was in the city Monday, returning from a trip to the twin cities where he'had been attending a state dairymen's convention. He represented the St. Hilaire creamery.

Col. Davenport, in charge of the river improvements made by the United States government in the Northwest, was up from St Paul Tuesday looking after the flow of water in the Red Lake river.

The contract for building the Sandridge creamery was let to Opseth & Carlson, of Strip, on Monday, their bid being $1787, just $13 lower than the bid of Contractor Fazel of this city. Work upon the building will be commenced at once.

"Have one on me," will be an unknown remark soon if a bill introduced in the house Monday escapes being killed off and laid silently away. The bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person to "treat" another to intoxicating liquors in any place where it is sold, and imposes heavy penalties on the saloonkeeper, the man who "buys" and the man who "accepts" the treat. This will be awfull hard on some fellows who are always hanging around on the off chance of getting a "treat."—Roseau Region.

Get interested in your town. Stay by it. If a rich man starts a project stand by him, or a poor man help him. Don't be afraid to stick your hand into your pocket. If you have the means invest in something that will give employment to somebody. Do not kick on every proposed improvement simply because it is not at your door. Do all you can to beautify the town and your property also. Be friendly to everybody and never forget that your department does its share in giving the town its character. Sell and buy all you can at home. Stand by all enterprising citizens, and be ready to do some of the work yourself and don't grumble and spend your time prophesying failures.

Service will be held in the Swedish Mission Church on the East Side Wednesday April 3rd, 1907, at 7:30 p. m. by Missionary Dalquist of Warren Minn. Everybody cordially invited.

County Attorney Gormo was in the city Monday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart were up from Crookston Tuesday.

Leonard Holmes, one of the prominent business men of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Albert Draugsvelt, one of the hustling young settlers of Highlanding, was in the city Monday.

Services in The Lutheran Church of the Norwegian Synod Easter day at 10:30. I. T. Aastad pastor.

O. G. Clay, right of way agent for the Great Northern, was in the city Monday. As usual Mr. Clay had nothing to say regarding his business here.

There will be a special communication of the Masonic lodge on next Monday evening. Five candidates will take the third degree and a smoke social will be held after the lodge meeting closes.

Seeding is not so many weeks away. A farmer on the Dakota side advises his brother farmers in the local paper to sow seed early this year, as there is very little frost in the ground under the snow. The advice is very likely good on this side also. There should be no delay getting onto the fields after the snow is gone.

The potato dealers and growers of the Red River Valley are face to face with a serious condition. With an excellent market in the south for seed stock, they are unable to secure transportation for their potatoes. The station of Sabin has an order for 100 cars and this order is being filled by the spotting of three or four cars a day.

Every train that passes through here on the Soo line is loaded down with cars of stock, household goods, etc., of people who are going to make their home in the Canadian Northwest and it would seem that country would have another land boom this summer. Sunday evening 56 cars were in the yards here and the passenger trains are all loaded down.

Newspapers in the southern part of the state are calling attention to the fact that the farms in that section are not being kept up as they once were. The reason for it is that the owners of many farms live in town and rent their farms. They invariably adopt a niggardly policy toward the renter and will make no improvements in the way of new buildings or in keeping up the old ones.

Go to the Golden Rule grocery department for your celery, onions, lettuce, strawberries, radishes, pineapple, rhubarb, sweet potatoes, cabbage, spinach or cucumbers for your Easter Sunday dinner.

A rumor is going the rounds that the Great Northern will commence laying steel on the extension from Greenbush to Warroad as soon as the snow is all off of the ground up there. This, if true, will be good news to the residents up there, but they have been disappointed so many times that they will not take any stock in rumors and will want to see the cars before they will believe the extension is to be built.

Among these going down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to attend court were: John Sorenson, Lars Lee, Ole O. Nesja, L. J. Higgins, E. Gravlie, W. A. Tautges, Louis Lonson, P. W. Mabey, Ole Johnson, George Williams, A. A. Sweaas, E. O. Erickson, Dennis LeSage, James Farr, Wilhelm Michelet, L. J. Parbst, Dr. Grundy, John Sundahl, Dr. Schalaben, Robert Lee, John Reson and others.

Here's a good story well told. The scene is laid in southern Minnesota on a passenger train. A farmer and lawyer occupied the same seat. When the conductor came the farmer presented his ticket, the lawyer a pass. The farmer's features did not conceal his disgust when he discovered that his seat-mate was a deadhead. The lawyer, trying to assuage the indignation of the observing granger, said to him: "My friend you travel very little on this road." "I think so myself," replied the farmer "considering the fact that I have to pay fare for the both of us."

Red Lake Falls Courier: Messrs. Cahill and Koch, who purchased the Courier last November, have decided that the cares of country newspaper work are too onerous, and on Monday the plant and business was surrendered to the former proprietor, John E. King, who came up from St. Paul to keep the machinery in motion. Both of the gentlemen and their families are moving back to St. Paul, although Mr. Koch has a position in view at Duluth, and is going there to see how he likes it.

During the past week about all of the snow has gone off the ground in Thief River Falls and notwithstanding the large amount of snow that was on the ground and the rapidity with which it melted, the streets are quite dry. This is accounted for by the dryness of the ground when it froze up last fall and the further fact the the sewers have taken off a large amount of the surplus water. In the country not so much of the snow has disappeared, but many of the fields are bare and the ground will soon be in shape for seeding. The roads are in a bad condition, and travel west and north on the graded roads is no easy undertaking.

Lars Backe went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Phil Zeh went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Prof. M. E. Wright was up from Crookston the first of the week.

D. N. Winton returned to this city the first of the week for his trip to the south.

Nels F. Olson, of Brunkeberg, was in the city yesterday. He is going to the Canadian Northwest.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday to attend to business matters for a few days.

Among those who went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening were: C. M. Wilson, Ole Auble, Bernt Wold, and Otto Olson.

Mrs. Tyson, who had spent several weeks in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. M. Hoag, returned Tuesday to her home in Iowa.

The members of the Junior League will serve sandwitches, baked beans, cake and coffee in the basement of the Methodist Episcopal Church Monday evening April 1st.

There is a rumor going around to the effect that Miss Annie Christienson, who claims to have been assaulted by Brakeman Hamilton, will in short time bring a damage suit against the Soo road for a large sum of money.

The Women Workers of the Presbyterian church will hold an Easter sale in the lecture rooms of the church on Saturday afternoon. Aprons and numerous articles of sewing will be offered for sale as well as cakes, bread, baked beans, etc., and cut flowers. Lunch will also be served during the afternoon for 10 cents.

Last week a man stepped up to us and said he would pay us every cent he owed us if he lived till Saturday night. We presume the man died. Another man said he would pay us in a day or two as sure as we were born. Query: Did the man lie or were we never born? Another said he would settle as sure as shooting. We presume that shooting is very uncertain. Another man said he hoped to go to the devil if he did not pay us within three days. Haven't seen him since; suppose that he has gone but trust he did not hope in vain. Quite a number said they would see us tomorrow. They must have been stricken blind, or tomorrow has not come. One man told us six months ago that he would pay us as soon as he got some money. The man would not lie, of course he has not got a cent since.—Ex.

Crowds of Ladies

Are Flocking

to Her Parlors!

The fame of the celebrated Mme. Verlain, astrologer and psycee palmist at the Rushford Hotel seems to have percolated to every nook, cranny and corner of the city, and so great has been the interest created, that she is being kept busy as the proverbial nailer from early morning to a late hour of the evening. This is an unusual thing in Thief River Falls. It is not often that such is found among us, and the fact that she is besieged with crowds of people is evidence that the genuine will win in any a vocation of life. Mme. Verlain is the source of ecstatic joy to some hearts and sorrow just as keen to others. She insists on telling the truth to all callers, not comforting some by honeyed sophistry and others by glittering tales of fortunes in store for them. But to each and all she carries the conviction of honestry and straightforwardness not often found in the fickle world; like-wise her ability to perform all she promises to perform.

Mme. Verlain will remain here this week and all who wish a careful, concise scientific reading should call at once as her stay is brief in this city her parlors are open from 10 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m. parlors 37 and 39 Rushford Hotel.

For the Future.

The secret of happiness is inward. People had good times when there were no friction matches, no brilliantly illuminated streets, no steamboats or railroads, no sewing machines, no postage stamps, no comfortably heated homes, no telegraphs or trolleys. The elements of happiness are not in things, but in human nature itself. But the fairer conditions, the greater opportunities, which the marvelous modern inventions afford to the masses of our humanity should augment our joy and expand our hopes. The most obvious fact of human history is that of progress. The race is following a flying and a growing ideal. It is inspired and saved by hope. Every helpful invention, every improvement of sanitary conditions, every new ray of intellectual and spiritual illumination, every scientific achievement, every amelioration of physical suffering, every new avenue of enjoyment, every victory of righteousness, every faithful deed in lowly and lofty places, increases the splendor and the power of our vision of the future.—Leslie's Weekly.

Surf Riding Is a Fine Sport.

At Waikiki, near Honolulu, is a famous bathing beach. Here winter and summer the surf canoes or, better yet, the surf boards come dancing in on the long rollers, and men become amphibious. There is no sensation quite comparable to *riding a surf board on a* Pacific roller. It is tobogganing on a moving hillside of water, or, if you are clever enough to stand up on your board, it is taking this hillside on a single big skee. The beach runs far out before it shelves into deep water, and at high tide the breakers begin to mount almost half a mile from the shore line. You go out there with your surf board and wait for the wave. You learn to catch it at the right moment, throw your board inshore and climb upon it just as the crest of the roller mounts and catches you. Then on this crest you sail in toward the shore, to slide down at last when the wave breaks, down the foaming incline into shallow water and churning foam. It is royal sport.—Travel Magazine.

Strenuous Chivalry.

It is complained that modern conditions are killing "the chivalry of the middle ages." But mediaeval tales and romances show what that chivalry really was. Wife-beating was a common incident on the part of those knights and gentlemen whose gallantry was a mere convention. The Chevalier de la Tour-Landry in his book of counsels to his daughters tells them the story of a woman who used to contradict her husband in public. One day, after expostulating in vain, he knocked her down, then kicked her face and broke her nose. "And so," comments the good chevalier, "she was disfigured for life, and thus, through her ill behavior and bad temper, she had her nose spoiled, which was a great misfortune to her." But not a word is said about the husband's brutality.

False Messiahs.

The defense of different persons claiming to be the Messiah has cost the Jews a great expense, both in treasure and human life. One of these, Coziba, who lived in the second century of our era, put himself at the head of the Jewish nation as their Messiah, and many of that people adhered to and defended him. The Romans made war upon Coziba and his followers, and, according to admissions made by eminent Jewish authority, they lost somewhere between 500,000 and 600,000 men in his defense. The last of these impostors was Mordecai, a German, who first claimed to be of divine origin in the year 1682. When the authorities threatened to punish him as an impostor he fled, and his end is not known.

Rapid Growth.

The most remarkable instance of rapid growth was recorded by the French academy in 1729. It was a boy six years of age five feet six inches in height. At the age of five his voice changed; at six his beard had grown and he appeared a man of thirty. He possessed great physical strength and could easily lift to his shoulders and carry bags of grains weighing 200 pounds. His decline was as rapid as his growth. At eight his hair and beard were gray, at ten he tottered in his walk, his teeth fell out and his hands became palsied; at twelve he died with every outward sign of extreme old age.

Cheap.

The clubwoman giggled.

"You know, my husband's birthday is next week," she said, "and I"—

Laughter overcame her for the moment.

—"and I have been taking a cigar out of his case every day for the last three months. Well," she went on, "I've got a hundred now, and I'll give them to him for a birthday present." — Exchange.

Cash Better Than Time.

"Have you a few moments to spare?"

"Young man," said the capitalist severely, "my time is worth $100 an hour, but I'll give you ten minutes."

"If it's all the same to you," thoughtfully replied the visitor, "I believe I would rather take it in cash."—Exchange.

Over There.

"And, best of all," said the boastful American, "we have no titled aristocracy to support over here."

"No," replied the foreigner, "but you have a good many titled sons-in-law to support over there."—Judge.

"There are some people who believe that the whole human race will be saved," said an old lady, "but for my part I hope for better things."

Knives Are Tiny Saws.

Knives, no matter how carefully sharpened, are little saws. The grinding away of the steel, done by the stone, is not an even work, but when the edge gets thin is a process of tearing away tiny bits of steel by the grit of the stone. This tearing makes the teeth. A fine stone makes fine teeth, a coarse stone coarse teeth. A carving knife used on meat is sharpened on a coarse stone or a steel and has coarse teeth, although its edge is thick. Its action in parting the meat is more that of a saw than a fine wedge. No matter how soft it may be it will not cut easily unless it is drawn over the meat and not simply pressed down. A razor, however, with its paperlike edge, will cut into flesh with a simple pressure. It is a wedge dividing the fibers of flesh just as a wedge of iron divides the fibers of the log it splits. But a razor is a saw, too, only as it is ground on the finest stones and later finished with a leather strap, its teeth are very fine indeed—hundreds and hundreds to the inch of blade.—C. H. Claudy in St. Nicholas.

Origin of Curtain Calls.

The first curtain call took place on the evening of Feb. 20, 1743. On that memorable evening Voltaire's "Merope" was performed for the first time in Paris. The author was known to the Paris public, but nothing that they had seen of his had pleased them so much as "Merope," and the enthusiasm found expression in noisy demands to see the author. In a letter Voltaire says this of the incident: "They dragged me out and led me by force to the box occupied by the Duchesse de Villars and her daughter-in-law. The whole theater seemed to have gone mad—all shouted to the duchesse to kiss me. The noise became so great that the lady finally obeyed. So I was, like Alain Chartier, publicly kissed, but he was asleep, while I was wide awake." Now authors answer similar calls by appearing before the curtain. They gain in so far that they can be seen better by their audience, but they must dispense with the duchesse's kiss—at least in public.—Berliner Tageblatt.

Pronunciation of "Theatre."

If "theatre" was originally written "theater" in English, has its pronunciation also varied among the orthodox—that is to say, was there ever a time when correct speakers said "theayter," as many of the incorrect still do? There is no direct evidence in verse of a serious kind for such pronunciation so far as we know. Shakespeare certainly pronounced the word as we do now, says a London journal. But since "theayter" does really represent a long "a" of the original Greek and Latin it is not easy to understand how the vulgar could have blundered on to it of their own accord. It would have been more comprehensible if they had turned an orthodox "theayter" into "theater," just as the second "a" in "Amasis" goes too often popularly shortened now. The French language has had to mark the length of the "a" in "theatre" by giving it a rather irregular circumflex accent.

Luck In Falling.

"It's a peculiar thing the tricks that luck will now and then play a chap," said a prominent physician recently. "Take, for instance, the breaking of bones in one's body. Did you ever stop and think how very many hard and high falls a man can have, light on rocky ground with half his body twisted under the other half, so to speak, and come off with not even a scratch? Then, again, a fellow will just trip over his own foot and, falling to the ground, break a leg or an arm. A good many will say it all depends on how one alights, but that seems to have absolutely nothing to do with it, as I have seen a man alight in a certain way from a high fall and never injure himself, and then again have I seen a second chap alight in the same identical way and break a leg and an arm."—Columbus Dispatch.

Diplomatic Reticence.

The social reformer was paying a visit to the convicts in the penitentiary and asking them various questions.

"And what are you doing here, my friend?" he said to a good looking man in the shoeshop.

"Making shoes," was the reply that discouraged any further inquisition in that direction.

Discharging the Cook.

"Well, cook's gone at last, John," said Mrs. B.

"Good. You must have had more courage than I gave you credit for to discharge her."

"I didn't do it. She discharged herself. I flattered her so about her cooking that she thought she was too good to stay with us, and off she went."

Music Hath Charms.

"Waiter!" called the customer in the restaurant where an orchestra was playing.

"Yes, sir."

"Kindly tell the leader of the orchestra to play something sad and low while I dine. I want to see if it won't have a softening influence on this steak!"—Tit-Bits.

Shifting the Blame.

Husband—Where did I leave my spectacles last night? Wife—Let me see! I saw them somewhere, but I can't remember where it was. Husband—That's just like a woman—can't remember anything.—Exchange.

Coming Forth.

Stage Manager—Why didn't you go on when you got your cue, "Come forth?" Super—Oi was waitin' for the other three to go on first. Sure, an' how could Oi come fourth if I wint first?

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrances in Norway Sweden and Denmark.

Items of Interest to Those Who Have Come to America.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The committees appointed for making the necessary arrangements for Sweden's participation in the Jamestown exposition have now submitted their report to the Swedish Technological society, wherein it is stated that the committees, acting on Admiral Engstrom's suggestion, cannot at the present time recommend the erection of a suitable monument at Jamestown to the memory of John Ericsson. The committees in their various reports recommended instead that Sweden would give an exhibition showing the country's progress industrially, materially and in connection with the exposition hold a memorial over such of their countrymen who have made their mark along these lines. The committee, through Count Cronstelt, further recommends the erection of a building similar in architecture to those erected on the first arrival of the Swedes in America in 1838. This building will be erected at an expenditure of 105,000 crowns.

Two distinguished Chinamen, who have during the past month resided at Saltsjobaden, bade Stockholm farewell the other day, but they return to the celestial empire with Sally Cederquist, a young laundry girl, whose home is in Motala. The elder of the two celestials became enamored with Sally, who promptly decided to accompany the Chinaman to Pekin, where they are to be married according to the stipulated Chinese regulations. Sally's parents were notified, but not until the trio were well on their way to the far east.

Crownprince Gustaf, accompanied by Hofmarskalk Lilliehow, is now at the bedside of his consort, Crownprincess Victoria, who is ill at Karlsruhe. Her physician, Dr. Munthe, in his last bulletin says that her condition remains serious and that her nervous system has during the past two weeks been in very bad shape. Her pulse is working very irregularly and all in all her physician's latest bulletins betray grave apprehension anent her condition. Her usual trip to Italy has, of course, been indefinitely postponed.

A young variety actress, who was popular in Stockholm because of her vivaciousness and beauty, committed suicide in Copenhagen at one of the down town hotels about two weeks ago. Her name was Bertha Matsen and her last engagement was at the Folke teatern in Copenhagen. She was last seen with a young Dane, who has for a long time been known as a "man about town," and it is believed that he jilted her and that this was the cause of her rash deed.

Within less than two months the Stockholm public will have at its disposal—for the usual fare consideration—fifty autocabs, thus enabling the Stockholmians, or the visiting tourists to travel by means of autos to all parts of the city for a nominal sum. The company which will control this transportation is composed of foreigners, principally English and French, and is known as the "Continental Motor Cab Co., Limited."

Prince Bernadotte has purchased the Engwald villa at Malmsjo, in Grodinge, and he and the princess have already taken possession of the same. The purchase price was 220,000 crowns and the princely pair will now use this as their permanent summer home. The property is beautiful, bordering the lake, has fine meadows and valuable timber and is altogether befitting a prince and princess.

G. W. L. Lonegren, for many years director of Stockholm's customs house, died at his home after a short illness a couple of weeks ago. He was born in Landskrona in 1828 and after completing his course at Lund university he entered the customs service, where he advanced from one responsible position to another until he finally became the official head of the customs department in Stockholm.

King Oscar will this spring move out to Saltsjobaden (the salt sea baths) where he will reside at Grand hotel. His physicians believe at no other place will the old king feel as well as here and be in a position to take good care of his health, which now has taken such a favorable turn for the better.

Marquise Claes Lagergren, who is at the Vatican in Rome called on King Oscar during his recent visit in Stockholm and forwarded the pope's greetings to the aged monarch. The pope has lately evinced a great interest in Sweden and her king, in whom his holiness is especially interested.

The Press club of Stockholm has received a donation of 5,000 crowns from a newspaper publisher, who desires his name withheld from publication. The club contemplates building a home itself in the near future and has now a building fund amounting to 20,000 crowns.

The "Alhambra Girls" is the name of a new operetta written by Mme. [illegible] Lambert, says the "Musiken" [illegible]. The piece is a saga play [illegible] is laid in Spain.

[illegible] the historic Riddarholm's church are to be moved to the artillery museum, where there is already a large collection of historic Swedish flags.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

When Captain Amundsen returns in March from his lecture tour before the leading geographical societies of Europe, where gold medals and honors of every kind have been so freely bestowed upon the hero of the northwest passage, he will spend some time lecturing in the provincial towns of Norway. In May his impressario, Mr. Harry Randall, leaves for America, where Captain Amundsen will make an extensive lecture tour next fall. The captain has still another project in mind. He believed that when he could find the magnetic pole he would try his luck in finding the hitherto undiscovered "north one," and many believe that he is the very man for the task. The "Fram," the famous ship of Dr. Fritthjof Nansen and Captain Otto Sverdrup, has also been spoken of in connection with Amundsen's intended venture. The "Fram" is now the property of the Norwegian government and is in custody of the navy department. Should this ship not be obtainable or unsuitable Captain Amundsen will have a new ship built. Mr. Amundsen has not as yet determined when he will make the start northward.

The loss of the Norwegian steamer "Skuld" has been reported by the officers of the steamer "Bosnia," which arrived from Hamburg March 18. The "Bosnia" sighted the "Skuld" lying on her beam ends in latitude 41.14 north and longitude 54.10 east, about 150 miles south of the island of Miquelon on March 13. Her crew had evidently abandoned her and it was believed by the "Bosnia's" officers that they were taken off by some vessel which sighted her before the "Bosnia." It is believed that the "Skuld" was upset during one of the heavy gales reported by steamers during the last two weeks. She was a freight steamer running on no line, but picking up freights wherever offered. It is believed that she carried no passengrs. The "Skuld" was of 1,132 tons, was 265 feet in length, hailed from Tonsberg, Norway, and was owned by Otto Thoresen.

Since the fatal avalanche and tidal wave at Nordfjord in 1905, no disaster of the same character has taken place which approaches that which is chronicled on Feb. 22 and 23 at Vesterrass, in Gieranger, and at Opstryn, Nordfjord. At the first place thirteen persons and at the latter seven lost their lives and several houses and cattle were buried under huge avalanches coming down from the overhanging mountains. Several persons have been rescued, but the death roll is likely to remain as stated. The snowfall has been extremely heavy in Norway this year, and this catastrophe, like most such occurrences, was not lacking in thrilling incidents and wonderful escapes from death.

The annual Holmenkollen tournament was a splendid success this year and all the ski and skating races in all their varieties were well attended. King Haakon made a trip to see the great games and a number of well known British, German and French newspapers sent their best men to cover the affair. The week was undoubtedly a great advertisement for Norway as an excellent tourist country even in the winter season. Some of the British newspaper men say that Norway beats Switzerland for scenery, even in winter.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "It is a sure sign of spring when some of the theatrical companies of European cities put in an appearance in Christiania. At present the well known French actress Suzanna Despres, with her company is at the National theater. Her opening performance was Ibsen's "Doll's House," and was, of course, given in French. This has given Ibsen's countrymen an opportunity to see how the dramas of the master are interpreted by the artists of sunny France.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Elections for members of the Finnish diet were held March 15, says the "Politiken" (Copenhagen). These are the first elections since the revision of the constitution and the abolition of the ancient four-house legislature that perpetuated the privileges of the nobility, the burgesses and the clergy at the expense of the peasantry. The bestowal of a universal ballot, proportional representation and women suffrage have combined to awaken wide popular interest in the present political situation which has aroused the people as completely as did the universal strike movement of two years ago, which resulted in the birth of Finnish liberties. There are eighty women candidates in the field, and it is probable that not less than a dozen will be elected. The most acute question before the electorate is that of the total prohibition of the sale of liquor, which is advocated by a strong section of public opinion.

Russian fugitives are flocking into Copenhagen day by day, and there are now over 2,000 Russians there. Most of them are Russian Jews and they are colonizing in the Norrebro section of the city. Most of them are very industrious people, although they are slow in acquiring the use of the Danish language.

The Danish training ship Viking was blown over during a storm in a ship building yard in Copenhagen March 19. She had 450 workmen on board at the time. Only ten workmen were injured and there was no loss of life. The Viking was only recently completed.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

AGED MAN IN PERIL

RESCUED ALIVE AFTER BEING ENTOMBED IN WELL FOR MANY HOURS.

Steel Trust Officials Declare That a Big Plant Will Be Installed at Head of Lakes—Fred H. Merritt, Prominent Duluth Mining Broker, Caught by Recent Decline in Stocks—General State News.

St. Paul, March 22.—Forty feet below the ground, hip deep in icy water, which, rising steadily, threatened to creep above his head; shut off from freedom by tons of boards and earth, and imprisoned in a narrow tomb reeking with dampness, Ernest Adams, seventy-four years old, a well digger, 227 Page street, was rescued from an old well on the farm of Albert Unrub, on the Sunfish road, West St. Paul, after having been imprisoned by a cave-in over twenty-one hours.

He was conscious when taken out, and had been able to aid the rescuers an hour before his removal by directing them how to proceed. Although an old man, Mr. Adams does not appear to have sustained any serious injury from his experience, and beyond the shock and exposure is unhurt.

STEEL PLANT FOR DULUTH.

Plans for Construction Will Soon Be Completed.

Pittsburg, March 23.—That the United States Steel corporation will build a $10,000,000 plant at Duluth is confirmed by Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the executive board.

The corporation intends to locate the plant at Duluth to be in a better position to fight the Illinois Steel company. The corporation ships a large percentage of its product over the Great Lakes and thence to Chicago, which is a distributing point, therefore a plant such as is proposed would add greatly to its resources.

"Officials of our company," said Judge Gary, "for some time have favored the erection of another plant. At one of our meetings we took official action on the matter with the result that a committee was appointed to look into the feasibility of the matter and also to look over the ground, select a site, prepare plans and estimate the cost of such an undertaking."

Another official of the Steel corporation says it is a foregone conclusion that the corporation will soon complete plans for the building of an enormous plant at Duluth.

DULUTH BROKER HARD HIT.

Fred H. Merritt Compelled to Close His Doors.

Duluth, March 21.—Fred H. Merritt, probably the largest dealer in curb stocks in Duluth, has closed his doors and his affairs are now in the hands of trustees. Mr. Merritt was reputed to be worth $500,000 made in the last two years in coppers, but he was very heavily hit by the recent slump in the New York and Boston markets. It was stated by his attorney that the claims would be met in full and that possibly Mr. Merritt would pull out with a small margin for himself. The other brokers are affected, but they will probably weather it. This is the first brokerage failure since the copper craze struck Duluth.

MINNESOTA MAKES ANSWER.

Commodity Rates Are High Enough for Reasonable Profit.

St. Paul, March 20.—The state railroad and warehouse commission has filed its answer in the suit brought by ten railroads to restrain it from putting into effect its proposed new schedule of commodity rates.

The state denies that the federal court has any jurisdiction in the matter and denies that the rates proposed are so low as to amount to confiscation of the property or taking it without due process of law.

The state insists that the proposed rates are liberal enough to yield a fair return on the value of the property.

DAUGHTER STABS FATHER.

St. Paul Man Sustains Probably Fatal Injuries.

St. Paul, March 20.—Charles Howard, a tailor, is dying at the city hospital as the outcome of a family row during which he was stabbed with a carving knife by his eighteen-year-old daughter, the blade penetrating his left lung. The girl claims that Howard was threatening his wife with the knife and declares she seized the weapon as her father poised it over her mother and wrested it from his grasp. Then followed a struggle, during which the girl stabbed her father in the left side.

Frederick Driscoll Dead.

Chicago, March 23.—Frederick Driscoll, for more than forty years a prominent figure in Minnesota and a leader among those who built up the city of St. Paul, is dead at his home, 1632 Graceland avenue. He had been ill only a short time, and his death came as a shock to his many friends in this city and the Northwest.

Big Department Store Burned.

Breckenridge, Minn., March 21.—Mikache & Vertin's department store has been totally destroyed by fire with the entire contents, causing a loss of $100,000. The First National bank building was badly burned. The loss of the latter is covered by insurance.

DAN PATCH AIR LINE.

M. W. Savage Back of Minneapolis-Dubuque Electric Road.

Minneapolis, March 21.—M. W. Savage of the International Stock Food company, but better known as the owner of Dan Patch, has been elected president of the new electric road known as the "Dan Patch Air Line," which the Rochester and Dubuque company is to build between Minneapolis and Dubuque.

Announcement was made of the election of officers and directors of the company which is to build the trolley line. The other officers are: W. D. Boutell of Minneapolis, vice president; W. P. Mason, secretary and general manager; E. W. Murphy, treasurer; G. M. Bleeker, counsel. The directors, besides the officers, are D. W. McKenna of Minneapolis, A. L. Ober of Chatfield, Minn., and John R. Turner, Jersey City. Mr. Savage said of the subject:

"I am convinced that there is no richer country in the United States than that which will be tapped by the Dan Patch Air line. This country is practically without north and south railroad facilities and the line will be a great boon to the inhabitants. I feel confident of the success of the project and work will be pushed as fast as the present condition of labor and the material markets will permit."

It is expected to have the line open for traffic in about two years.

MAD MAN ON RAMPAGE.

Wounds Two Pursuers After Attempting to Kill Father.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 20.—Farmers of the town of Elizabeth had an exciting chase after a maniac yesterday. Axel Field, who was at one time an employe of the insane hospital here, went violently insane at his home in that town and attempted to kill his father. He fired three shots at him, but the father hid in the cellar and the young man then declared he would commit suicide and would reach heaven before his sire. He climbed to the top of a hill, flourished a revolver several times, but apparently thought better of the suicide idea and started for a swamp. Neighbors collected but kept at a safe distance and Field wandered about for several hours and finally becoming exhausted with his exertions lay down and appeared to be asleep.

A posse closed in and made a rush for him, but he managed to get his hand in his coat pocket, where his revolver was located. His captors prevented him from drawing it out, whereupon he proceeded to pull the trigger vigorously. One man got a bullet through the hand and another was shot directly through the foot before the weapon was emptied.

WELL FILLED WITH FISH.

Railroad at Klondike, Minn., Unable to Secure Water.

Brainerd, Minn., March 20.—The Northern Pacific Railway company has been having trouble for some time in getting water at its well which supplies the tank at Klondike. A few days ago a crew of men was set at work to clean out the well and it was found to be absolutely filled with fish. There were suckers, bullheads, shiners and other small fish almost by the millions. Suckers weighing seven pounds were found.

The pumps had refused to work and an examination showed that two large bullheads had got into the cylinder, clogging it completely, and it was necessary to take the pump apart to get them out.

The well is connected by a large intake pipe with Lookout lake and it is thought that the screen over the end of the pipe must have rusted out, thus allowing the fish to pass into the well.

Girl Loses Both Legs.

Brainerd, Minn., March 19.—Muriel O'Brien, sixteen years of age, daughter of P. F. O'Brien of this city, is dead as the result of being run down by a train. She was walking on the track around a curve and met a Minnesota and International freight train. She started to step off the track, slipped on the ice and fell. The engine struck her, cutting off both her legs close to the body. One arm was broken and her head badly cut.

Foul Play Suspected.

Granite Falls, Minn., March 22.—Granite Falls has a mystery in the death of Helge G. Weflen, whose body has been found in a small slough within the corporate limits of the city. He last was seen about town about Dec. 5, when he disappeared one night, but it was supposed he had gone to the woods to work, and his absence gave his wife no particular uneasiness. Some phases of the case give basis for a foul play theory.

Murder Is Suspected.

St. Paul, March 25.—The body of a three-months'-old male infant, dressed in laces and richly embroidered flannels, was found near the home of John Carr, 1901 West Seventh street. Coroner A. W. Miller was called and the body of the child was removed to the morgue. Dr. Miller says that the child had died after it had been abandoned. He believes murder was committed and referred the case to the police department.

Wealthy Minnesotan Dead.

Winona, Minn., March 19.—Colonel E. K. Tarbell, proprietor of the Winona hotel and one of the wealthiest residents of this city, is dead, aged sixty. Mr. Tarbell served two terms as mayor of Winona and was a member of the staff of former Governor Van Sant. He was a candidate for state senator on the Republican ticket in the last election but was defeated.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Following a raid on an alleged gamblinghouse at Fort Worth, Tex., County Attorney Jeff D. McLean was shot and killed and Hamil P. Scott, a member of the raiding party, was fatally wounded by William Thompson, proprietor of the resort. Half an hour later Thompson was surrounded in a lumber yard and captured after a desperate fight in which he was mortally wounded.

Seventy-five graft indictments have been returned by the grand jury at San Francisco. Of the indictments sixty-five are against Abraham Ruef charging him with bribing the board of supervisors to grant franchises to certain corporations and ten are against T. V. Halsey, former general agent of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company.

In the case of Charles H. Moyer, William D. Haywood and George A. Pettibone, accused of being accessories to the murder of ex-Governor Steunenberg, Judge Wood at Caldwell, Ida., overruled the motion made by the defense to dismiss the case. The motion was based on the long delay in the trial.

The counting of the $62,000,000 in the Chicago sub-treasury to determine if the shortage of $173,000 discovered Feb. 20 was due to a mistake in bookkeeping has been finished without the discovery of anything to explain the shortage other than that the money had been stolen.

Charged with having used a razor with probable fatal effects on Mrs. Ella Rheton, a white woman, and her daughter and kicking her son, a small child, about the road, two colored women were shot to death at McKamie, Ark., by a mob.

Ernest W. Bowman, assistant cashier and clerk in the Citizens' National bank of Tionesta, Pa., was committed to jail charged with misapplication of funds. The alleged shortage will amount to about $30,000.

Joseph Pettus, president of the People's bank, a negro institution of Hattiesburg, Miss., has been arrested and charged with the murder of Edward Howell, the cashier of the bank.

Two brothers, Italians, who loved the same woman, fought with knives and clubs in a New York saloon until both were so desperately injured that they probably will die.

Frank H. Jones, assistant cashier of the Charlotte (N. C.) National bank, is missing with $60,000 of the bank's funds.

LABOR NEWS.

The strike at the plants of the Republic Iron and Steel company and the Interstate Steel company at East Chicago has been settled by the agreement of the men to accept a 10 per cent increase in place of the raise of 25 cents per day asked for by them.

A lockout against union labor has gone into effect at Seattle. The laborers thrown out of employment number over 5,000 and construction work on sixty buildings is at a standstill.

The Lorain (O.) plant of the American Shipbuilding company has closed down in practically all departments as a result of the strike of 100 fitters. About 1,800 employes are now idle.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

All new construction work on the Erie railroad which had been under way in New York state during the past year will be stopped until further notice, according to an official statement issued from the Erie offices.

Fred H. Merritt, probably the largest dealer in curb stocks in Duluth, has closed his doors and his affairs are now in the hands of trustees. Mr. Merritt was reputed to be worth $500,000.

Another demoralized slump in stocks Saturday revived a great part of the nervousness and apprehension prevailing in the panic period of ten days ago.

The Peculiar Frigate Bird.

The frigate bird is a native of tropical seas and rarely comes to land except during the breeding season. It has the habit, unusual among sea birds, of nesting in trees, large companies of them building together in the tops of the tallest mangroves. Like the cormorant and the albatross, the frigate bird lays but one egg. It lives by fishing and also by robbing other fishers of what they have caught. In plumage the frigate bird is brownish black, with metallic green and purple reflections. The dilatable throat sac in the male is of bright scarlet, while the female, of a duller general hue, has a white patch on the breast. It is a beautiful sight to watch one or more floating overhead against the deep blue sky, the long forked tail alternately opening and shutting like a pair of scissors and the head, which is, of course, kept to windward, inclined from side to side, while the wings are to all appearance fixedly extended, though the breeze may be constantly varying in strength and direction.

The Nursery of Statesmen.

A debating society in which the members are really keen is an institution of immense value in a school or a house. Success in the school debating society is frequently the beginning of a great career. — O. C. Williams in "The Captain."

Then the Mercury Froze.

"I think London is a lovely place for a honeymoon. Isn't you, dear?"

"Yes, darling," he replied in an abstracted manner. "I shall always come here in the future."—Stray Stories.

Some evils admit of consolations, but there are no comforters for dyspepsia and the toothache.—Bulwer.

Citation for Hearing on Final account and for Distribution.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Elizabeth Blanchard, Clara Rose Blanchard, Myrtle Ruthe Blanchard and Roland Silas Blanchard and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of April 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 14th day of March, 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
SEAL Probate Judge.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney—for Petitioner. mar 21

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Candies
and
Tobacco
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H. FANT'S

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free.
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1907 NUMBER 14

A NEW PETITION WILL WILL BE NECESSARY.

No Way in Which a Certified Copy Could Be Substituted for the Stolen County Seat Removal Petition.

A new petition calling for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls will have to be circulated. This much has been decided upon by the attorneys representing Thief River Falls in the county seat case, and a vigorous fight will be waged until the removal of the county seat comes before the voters of Red Lake county for final action.

The stealing of the county seat removal petition was an act that has raised more complicated questions than was at first supposed, and no doubt is going to accomplish the one thing Red Lake Falls has always been playing for—delay. Had the petition not been stolen, nothing could have been done to have prevented an election being held this spring. The supreme court had declared that the petition was a "legal one upon all points which were raised or might have been litigated" and the only thing left for the county commissioners to do was to certify as to the number of signatures upon the petition. As the petition contained between 600 and 700 more names than the law required, it would have been an almost impossible task for Red Lake Falls to have secured the required number of withdrawals. The fact, however, that the law requires the commissioners to meet and pass upon the "genuineness of the signatures to the petition" is a bar to having a certified copy used as the original as it would be an infringement upon a constitutional right of the signers. Therefore there is nothing left to do but circulate a new petition. That is not such a hard proposition were it not for the fact that the supreme court held that the stolen petition would stand "until withdrawn or abandoned." Nothing was said in the decision about what to do in case the petition was stolen, and it is quite probable that the august supreme court judges never contemplated any thing of this kind. Who can withdraw the petition? That is what the legal fraternity of the city is now trying to figure out, for a new petition cannot be circulated until the present petition is withdrawn. It is quite likely that an action in court may have to be commenced to withdraw the stolen petition and then the circulating of the new petition will be commenced.

In the meantime search for the missing petition is being continued although it is not probable that it ever will be found.

The new petition will have to contain about 400 more names than was required on the old petition as the vote last fall was much larger than the vote cast two years previous, but most of this increase was in the northern part of the county which is favorable to Thief River Falls.

Died Out in Denver.

The following taken from a Denver, Colorado, paper tells of the death of a young man well known in Thief River Falls and a son of Henry Cook, of Germantown:

Mr. Henry B. Cook of Thief River, Minnesota, who with his sister, Elizabeth had made Denver their home for the past two years, died last week at his late residence, 507 Kalamath street, of acute tubercular pneumonia, at the age of twenty-six years.

The funeral took place from St. Joseph's Catholic church Monday morning at 9 o'clock, where Requiem Mass was said by Father Brown. Interment was in Mount Calvary cemetery.

Besides his sister, Elizabeth, the survivors include a father and mother, seven brothers and three sisters in the East.

The G. N. Extension.

Railroads are apparently realizing the resources of our section as well as the many other industries. We are practically assured that two railways will reach us in the next few months and now comes the report that one will be built from the west and that the survey will be made this spring. The Great Northern will complete their line to Warroad at once and immediately after the line is to be extended from Warroad through Baudette to International Falls. The possibility of this move has been suspected for some time but the railroad company has heretofore avoided giving out any public report.—International Falls Press.

Gordon Hats, Any Style $3.00.
The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
Crossett Shoes, All Leather, $3.50 & $5
The Family Shoe Store.
Take a peep the next time you are along whether you want shoes or not. and see what masterful way we have prepared for the spring shoe business.
Men's Shoes, high or low cuts, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 to 750.
Ladies' Shoes, any leather, any style, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00 3.50, to 4.00.
Misses', Children's and Boys' .75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50.
All sorts of shoe wants well provided for, and done the way we always do things. That means not only a large variety for selection, but better shoes for your money. We'll get your business if you are realy in earnest about getting the best shoes your money can buy. We are ready to show you when you are ready to look.
THE GOLDEN RULE SHOE DEPT.
- - - THE HOME OF - - -
H. S. & M. SUITS. H. S. & M. OVERCOATS.

LOCAL OFFICE EXPLAINS

The St. Hilaire Mail Carrier Is Exhonorated from All Blame.

Statements Made That He Was Trying to Have Route Changed.

Editor News: In order to set right, as far as possible, a wrong impression prevalent relative to the changing of the R. F. D. Route No. 1 from St. Hilaire to this city, I submit herewith the following facts:

About a month ago J. A. Thorstad from St. Hilaire appeared at this this office and inquired of Mr. Kratka if he could help him to prepare a petition so as to change the St. Hilaire R. F. D. R. to this city. Mr. Kratka turned Mr. Thorstad over to me. I promised him that I would write out a petition for him as soon as I had time. Afterwards I found that in order to prepare the petition properly I had to have the description of the route they proposed to travel, and I wrote to Mr. Thorstad in regard to the matter. He came up here again and tried to show me the road on which he wanted the carrier to travel, but failed to do so to my satisfaction. He then returned to St. Hilaire and a few days later appeared with the route marked out on a map. I then made arrangements with him to send the petition to him as soon as I could get time to prepare it, but as I never found time to prepare the petition I turned the matter over to an attorney of this city who prepared same and sent same to Mr. Thorstad at St. Hilaire.

We all had the impression here that Mr. Thorstad was the mail carrier of that route, and that is why the prevailing opinion became current here that the carrier was the orriginal mover in the matter.

As the original carrier was up here to explain matters we are now better informed, and can certify to the fact that the carrier had nothing what ever to do with the matter as far as we know, and that he was not the one who was up here in the first place. I spoke to some of the business men here that they were trying to change the route from St. Hilaire to this city, and there was not one in favor of the project. They said that they would have nothing to do what ever with any thing that would hinder the welfare of St. Hilaire.

And as far as this office is concerned, we are not in favor of the change, as we have our hands full here now.

N. K. Nelson,
Deputy Postmaster.

I hereby certify to that the above is a true statement of the matter as it occured, that our only aim was to accomodate Mr. Thorstad in the matter, and that I am not in favor of the move, as we have our hands full here without the additional mail to be handled.

I had the impression from the first that Mr. Thorstad was the carrier and that is why I made the former statement that the carrier was the mover in the matter. But as I have now found out the truth I can certify to the fact the the carrier had nothing what ever to do with the matter as far as I know.

Frank H. Kratka
Postmaster.

M'EWIN IN TROUBLE.

Action Brought Against Him in the Courts at Winnipeg.

A statement of claim was filed last week at Winnipeg against P. H. McEwen, who is giving performances at the Walker theater there. The plaintiff, J. W. Phillipson, is the guardian duly appointed by the surrogate court of Manitoba of his brother, G. E. Phillipson, who is under age, and brought this action in his capacity of such guardian.

He alleges that McEwen has been using G. E. Phillipson as a hypnotic subject at his performances at the Walker theater without the authority or license of J. W. Phillispon, his guardian, and also exposed him in a hypnotic trance on the afternoon of Monday, March 25, in the window of the United Cigar store in Winnipeg. The guardian warned McEwen not to use his brother, but McEwen still used him on Monday and Tuesday night, and has induced him to promise to accompany him (McEwen) when he leaves the city.

It was contended that McEwen has injured the boy both physically and mentally, and an order of the court was asked for that McEwen be restrained from using or exerting any hypnotic influence over the boy or removing or attempting to remove him from the control and authority of his guardian. Justice Mathers, on the application of attorneys acting for the plaintiff, granted the injunction asked for.

Hypnotist McEwen is well known in this city, having given numerous exhibitions [illegible]

THE GRADER DEAL AGAIN.

Silverton's Fight Over the Purchase of a Grader Getting Warm.

Criminal Proceedings Instituted Against One of the Leaders in the Fight.

H. B. Blackey, of Silverton, who was indicted by the grand jury for accepting a bribe, was down to Red Lake Falls last week and gave a bond in the sum of $1,500 to appear in court this morning at 9 o'clock and stand trial.

Not much is known regarding the facts of the matter except that the Russell Grader company is charged with being the instigator of the affair, and this company has employed Charles A. Loring, of Crookston, to assist County Attorney Germo in prosecuting the case. Mr. Blackey states that the charges made against him are trumped up ones upon the part of the Russell Grader company and are being pushed against him on account of the fact that he has taken a lead in the fight against this company in the town of Silverton, which last year purchased a Russell grader.

As near as can be learned it is alleged that the bribe was given to Mr. Blackey by E. H. Akerman, a man in the employ of the Austin & Weston Grader company, for the purchase of Mr. Blackey's support to purchase an Austin & Weston grader. Later Akerman left the employ of the Austin & Weston people and went to work for the Russell Grader company. He was also indicted by the grand jury, as the giving of a bribe is just as serious an offense as accepting one, but no one seems to know his present whereabouts and it is not likely that he will be brought up for trial.

Mr. Blackey engaged attorney Tautges to fight his case for him and went down to Red Lake Falls with a large number of witnesses from Silverton. The outcome of the case will be one of great interest to the people of Silverton and Mr. Blackey's friends predict that there can be no doubt but that he will be acquitted.

Will Visit Norway.

Rev. L. W. Nordhus Wanum preached his farewell sermon last Sunday evening at Imperial hall before a large audience. He was presented with a neat sum of money and many expressed their apppreciation of his work and hope he will some time return here. He left on Monday for Eau Claire, Wis., where he will spend a few days before departing for an extended trip to Norway.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—Subscribe for the News

VIEWS OF A FARMER

P. Engelstad, Well Known Rocksbury Citizen States His Views.

Says People May Find It Necessary to Remove the County Seat.

Rocksbury, Minn., March 30, 1907—Editor News: Most all of the residents of Red Lake county were taken by surprise the other day upon receiving the news that the county seat removal petition was missing from the vaults of the court house at Red Lake Falls. And while this may by quite a few at first glance be considered as a joke on Thief River Falls, still at the same time all fair minded and law abiding citizens of the county consider it not as a joke but as a matter of serious character, and nothing but a mean dirty trick which should not pass unpunished. If this is an act of Red Lake Falls partisans—and we cannot but help entertain some sort of suspicion in this respect—then that person or persons have done their home town more harm than good. Even in Red Lake Falls there is a difference of opinion in regard to this matter. It is needless to say that there is just as good and upright citizens in Red Lake Falls as in Thief River Falls or anywhere else for that matter, and that Red Lake Falls put up a fight against the removal petition is nothing but natural, as any other town or city would have done the same thing.

On the other hand if the removal of the county seat petition was done by Red Lake Falls parties, it demonstrates clearly that city is housing within its borders a set of worst crooks and sharpers that can be found anywhere, as this incident is without parallel in all county seat fights known of. Be it a community or an individual, that will resort to such tactics, must certainly feel that they have very little ground to stand upon, and that their cause must be a forlorn hope.

So far as the people from Thief River Falls and tributary country are concerned, they have not asked anything out of the way, but simply submitted to the county authorities a fair proposition, to-wit: A majority of the legal voters of the county ask to be allowed to vote on this county seat removal question. Could there be anything more fair than this? If a majority of the people vote in favor of Red Lake Falls, it will retain the county seat. If a majority (55 per cent) vote in favor of Thief River Falls then it will be the seat of government of the county.

Moreover, the last act played in this county seat fight will have a tendency to cause a few more to find it to their advantage and maybe a necessity to remove the county seat to another locality with healthier surroundings.

P. Engelstad.

1906 Taxes
Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.
We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.
Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

LAND MEN WATCH CASE

The Trial of Robert Purvis of Much Interest in This Section.

Misrepresented Land That Was Sold to Parties From Iowa.

Land men and others in the Red River Valley are very much interested in the prosecution of Robert H. Purvis, of Crookston, one of the most prominent farm land dealers in Northern Minnesota at Marshalltown, Iowa, for an alleged fraudulent land deal. The case has been pending for over a year and results are now expected in a short time. About a year ago the Iowa authorities sought to secure the extradition of Purvis and C. A. Hitchcock on the same deal, but in some manner the case was dropped. Mr. Hitchcock was never connected with the firm further than having been employed by Purvis and knew none of the details of the case, and when requisition was made for him a year ago the case was prompty dismissed.

Some weeks ago another requisition was applied for both men, but the case against Hitchcock was again dismissed, as he had nothing to do with it, but the Iowa authorities were determined to land Purvis, and finding that he was not in Crookston finally located him at Indianapolis, Ind., and the governor of that state honored a requisition for his return to Iowa. When arrested, Purvis was in a hotel in Indianapolis with an aggravated case of the measles, and officers entertained him in his room for some time before he was able to travel.

When he recovered he was taken to Marshalltown, Iowa, where he is at the present tame, and it is thought the case will be tried in the near future, as Dr. F. O. Mitchell, of Euclid; Fred Tiedt, a merchant of Argyle; W. E. Rowe, an attorney of Crookston, and others have been subpoenaed and will go to Marshalltown to appear as witnesses.

The charge against Purvis is that he sold a farm to an Iowa party, and when the purchaser came up to view the farm before the deal was closed he claims Purvis showed him a farm near Euclid that was very valuable, and thinking this was the farm he was buying he paid a fancy price for it.

Later, however, it developed that he had been deeded a farm east of Angus, which the purchaser says is mostly a wild goose preserve and worth nothing for cultivation. It is this alleged fraud that the prosecution is based upon.

Recently word has been received to the effect that the old man who purchased the farm from Purvis had invested practically his all and that, brooding over his loss, claimed to be the savings of a lifetime unbalanced his mind and that he is now in an insane asylum. This story, however, is not in connection with the same deal, but another one wherein the purchaser simply got a contract for a deed and never got the deed.

SUPERINTENDENT HERE.

General Superintendent Huntington of the Soo Line Was in the City.

General Superintendent Huntington, of the Soo Line was in the city the first of the week and a rumor was put in circulation to the effect that the round house here was to be enlarged by the building of twelve new stalls. More room is badly needed at the round house and it is quite likely that an addition will be built this summer although at present there is no official information to obtained upon the subject. It was intended to have an addition built last summer, but the Soo was so rushed with work in other places that this could not be done. The Soo will have a very busy summer this year in making improvements and building new lines and it is possible that the work cannot be done this year.

If Lion Pulls and Horse Pulls.

If a lion and a strong horse were to pull in opposite directions, the horse would pull the lion backward with comparative ease. But if the lion were hitched behind the horse and facing in the same direction and were allowed to exert his strength in backing he could easily pull the horse down upon his haunches or drag him across the ring. So much greater is his strength when exerted backward from the hind legs than in forward pulling.—Chambers' Journal.

ARE THROWN OPEN AGAIN

Lands in Chippewa Reservation May Be Filed On.

Matter of Drainage is Left Undecided By Government.

Lands in the Chippewa Indian reservation, which were withdrawn from entry last fall by the government, have again been thrown open to settlement. A letter was received at the Crookston land office this week giving the necessary instructions and how anyone may file upon the land.

The lands were withdrawn last fall in order that the government could make a survey of the territory to see if it would pay to have it drained, and if so, those who filed upon it would be compelled to pay their share of the assessment for this work. The survey has been partly completed, but there is still much work to be done.

It has been decided by the government, however, that the lands will be thrown open to settlement immediatly but those who file upon it must agree to pay for any drainage which is done upon it after the survey is completed. The government later will go ahead with the survey and it will be determined later on whether or not the territory is to be drained.

It is only on this condition that a person can file upon the lands.

The territory which is thrown open by this order of the government includes all of the reservation, except that which has already been settled upon prior to the order withdrawing the land, last fall.

Farmers Trust in Providence.

Farmers are the only people who put all their trust in providence. The farmer not only trusts providence for the rain and the sunshine, but also for the price he is to get. If there is no rain in Russia and a drouth in the Argentine Republic while there is plenty of it in North America, the farmer of this country harvests a big crop and gets a good price. If there is drouth in North America and not much rain in Russia the farmer here gets a fair price for what little he has, but if providence favors him with plenty of rain all over the earth he hardly makes enough to pay for the seed he plants, because the bulls and bears of commerce eat up all the profits. They bet millions of dollars that the price will be only fifty cents when natural causes would let it go to a dollar, because it is worth that to raise it and to ship it to the places of distribution in the United States. Yes, the farmers trust to providence; but not so with the millers nor with the shippers. They know that the Lord helps him who helps himself, and they know how to do that to the Queen's taste. In fact, everybody helps himself, but the farmer. He tries to follow out the bible doctrine. If a man steal your coat give him your pants, also. Some farmers do that, but others are learning better. The farmers who are organized in the American Society of Equity mean to give the speculators a race for their money. They propose to set the price on whatever they produce and to get that price, if they have to hold the surplus until there is a demand. They are going to act the part of Joseph and save up during the fat years and during the fat months and the fat days for the years, and the months and the days of leanness.

Machinery Damaged.

Some time between Saturday night and Monday morning a crowd of boys damaged a couple of electric light machines which had been taken out of the mill to be shipped to a firm at Minneapolis. They took a large casting and broke off all of the brass fixings on the machines and some of the stuff taken has been found in dealers' hands where it had been sold. The machines are about ruined and the damage will amount to several hundred dollars. The matter is being looked up and it is more than probable that several of the boys will have a good chance to attend the state reform school. There has been considerable complaint lately from different quarters that articles are being stolen and it is time it was stopped. The machine damaged is owned by a Minneapolis firm who handle second hand machinery.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

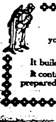

That hacking cough continues

Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.

Take *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds up and strengthens your entire system.

It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

AGREE ON NORMAL BILL.

House Passes the Bill Favored by Thief River Falls and Bemidji.

Leaves Location of School to State Normal School Board.

The bill for a sixth state normal school is again alive and it is in the shape Thief River Falls, Bemidji and other towns desire to see it pass. As will be remembered, the bill was killed in the senate a short time ago, and it will now be up to the senate to do this job over again. The following taken from the St. Paul Pioneer Press of last Friday explains the situation:

The house committee of the whole yesterday adopted the bill for the establishment of a normal school in the northern part of the state. The bill recommended by the committee of the whole was the Knox bill establishing a school at Cass Lake but J. J. Opsahl of Bemidji, who was the author of another bill establishing a normal somewhere on or north of the line of the Northern Pacific from Duluth to Wadena, had the bill amended so that the location of the school is left open. He had it amended so that the selection of the place would be left to the state normal board who should select some point on or north of the Great Northern from Wadena to East Grand Forks. This would give Park Rapids and several other towns a chance.

G. W. Knox of Aitkin and W. L. Case of Cloquet fought this amendment, but several members stated that unless this was adopted they would not vote for the bill.

"I do not know which is the best location and I have not time to find out." said A. J. Rockne of Zumbrota. "We have a normal board whose business it is to find out."

Mr. Case and Mr. Knox agreed to a compromise leaving it to the state board of control to select the site.

NOTARIES MUST KNOW.

Cannot Take Acknowledgements of Parties They Do Not Know.

The supreme court of Minnesota has recently handed down a decision that will be of a more than ordinary interest to notaries public and to those who employ their services. In the case of Barnard et al. vs. Schuler et al., appealed from the district court of Ramsey county, the appelate court sustained the original decision and directed a judgment of $1000 in favor of the plaintiffs against the sureties of a notary on his bond.

The action was one to recover from the defendant Schuler and the sureties on his bond as notary public, damages claim by plaintiff to have been sustained by reason of an alleged false certification of acknowledgment made by him. The gist of the opinion is "a notary public is not a guarantor of the absolute correctness of his certification of acknowledgment, but he does undertake to certify that the party personally appearing before him is known to be the person described in and who executed the instrument." In other words, the wording of the notarial acknowledgment must be interpreted literally; it means just what it says. No notary has the legal right to certify to a signature unless the party so signing is personally known to him to be the one whose name is signed. Acknowledgments may no longer be taken over the telephone; nor will it be safe to certify to an instrument with the notorial seal and take the fee without personal knowledge of the other party. A notary public in this state is required to give a bond of $2,000, and according to this decision by the court said bond is not a mere matter of form but implies a real liability.

No Longer Worried.

"I thought," said the visitor, "I'd drop in and tell you what your hair restorer did for a friend of mine. When he started to using your elixir there were only a few hairs on his head, but now it's completely covered."

"Indeed?" explained the patent medicine man.

"Yes: by six feet of earth."—Catholic Standard and Times.

A Martyr.

The Friend—If your married life is so unhappy, why don't you get a divorce from your husband? Unhappy Wife—Because he would then marry some other woman and make her unhappy.—Chicago News.

His Intelligence.

Purchaser—You told me that parrot I bought of you was the most intelligent bird in your collection, while the fact is he doesn't talk at all. Dealer—That's what I meant when I spoke of his intelligence

The Secret.

He—Why did you tell me this if it was such a secret? She—But if I didn't tell it to somebody how could anybody know I could keep a secret?—Baltimore American.

Age does not make us childish, as some say. It finds us true children.—Goethe.

PERSONAL acquaintance and actual wear experience with one pair of Walkover Shoes will do more to spread the merits of this footwear---through the word of mouth advertising you'll give them---than volumes of type advertising. Become a Walkover enthusiast. We are exclusive local sellers.

$3.50 AND $4.00.

WILSON'S

POSTOFFICE BLOCK.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

The Great Northern Railway company may increase its capital stock by $60,000,000 without the consent of the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission. The Minnesota supreme court has declared invalid the law requiring railroad corporations to secure the consent of the commission for stock issues.

The Standard Oil company has advanced its price for Somerset Kentucky crude oil 16 cents per barrel. It is said this unusual advance is made as a result of the entrance of independent companies in the Kentucky field.

Following the example of the Erie and the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroads the Pennsylvania is about to countermand orders for improvements in which the expenditure of $25,000,000 was involved.

The Corbin Banking company of New York city has assigned for the benefit of its creditors to George C. Austin. Mr. Austin said a rough estimate placed the liabilities at $1,700,000 and the assets at $3,000,000.

The Minnesota supreme court has upheld the so-called Appleby will and as a result an estate of $2,000,000 will be used for the benefit of the worthy poor of St. Paul.

The Standard Oil company has advanced the price of all grades of gasoline, naphtha and refined oil in barrels one-quarter cent per gallon f. o. b. at Cleveland.

Only two deaths occurred among the 5,554 white laborers in the Panama canal zone during February.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

An important conference was held at the White House Wednesday at which the railroad situation generally was discussed. Present were Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou, Secretary of the Interior Garfield, Assistant Secretary of State Bacon, Chairman Knapp and Special Counsel F. B. Kellogg of the interstate commerce commission and nearly all the members of that commission. The conference lasted two and a half hours and was devoted to outlining a plan for presentation to the next congress for federal regulation of railroads.

Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the interstate commerce commission, in an interview, discussed the causes of Wall street distress, the evils existing in railroad management and the remedies therefor and expressed the opinion that the states have exceeded their constitutional rights in some of the anti-railroad legislation they have passed.

Secretary Garfield has found it necessary to inform Governor Frantz of Oklahoma, as he did Governor Brooks of Wyoming, that he can make no exception in favor of Oklahoma in respect to the order for the removal of the fences on public lands and he so notified the governor.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

Charles P. Taft, on behalf of his brother, Secretary Taft, has accepted the challenge of Senator Foraker to submit to the voters of Ohio the question of their choice between the two men for the Republican presidential nomination, as well as for the senatorship.

Andrew Carnegie, in an interview at Washington, absolutely endorses the president's attitude towards the railroads. He says the president is the best friend the railroads have and they ought to realize it.

Hugh J. Shaugh, the organizer of the Brotherhood of Railway Postal Clerks, has been dismissed from the railway mail service.

Secretary Taft and party have arrived at Colon and will spend some time inspecting work on the canal.

Richard Mansfield, the actor, is ill and has cancelled all engagements for the balance of the season.

General Kuroki will represent the Japanese army at the Jamestown celebration in April.

—Subscribe for the News.

DRINK Hamm's NEW BREW

BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

"A CHEERFUL LIAR"

This popular farce comedy in three acts will be presented by the High School Seniors at the Evenson Opera Hall on Friday, April 5th. An afternoon matinee for children under fifteen will be held, admission being 15 cents. The evening performance begins at 8 p. m. and admission will be 35 and 50 cents. The reserved seat plan is at the Stebbins Drug Store.

The students have given the play thorough preparation and are well prepared to present the same in an entertaining manner. It is full of "go" and abounds in laughable scenes and amusing incidents. On its merit alone it is worthy of patronage, but chiefly so because it is the first annual senior class play given by the High School, and also from the fact that the major portion of the proceeds will be applied on the purchase of a memorial to be left in the High School by the class on '07. Music will be furnished by the High School Mandolin Club.

The following is a cast of the players and a synopsis of the play:

CAST OF PLAYERS.

Hastings Hussel—Judge	William Prichard.
Randolph Dearborn—An Accessory before the fact	Willis Akre.
"Rev." Ezra Stiggins—Gold cure practitioner	Stafford Curran.
Gen. Boomer—Chicago real estate millionaire	Ernest O'Neil.
Guy McGuffin—A county constable	Roland Blanchard.
Flora Boomer—A modern girl	Nina Horton.
Birdie Sweetlove—Housekeeper at Gold cure Hospital	Clara Blanchard.
Lucretia Spriggins—A Hoosier schoolmarm	Ione Higgins.

SYNOPSIS OF PLAY.

Act 1-Deception.

Randolph, eloping with Flora, appears before Judge Hussel to be married, but finds that a license is needed. While procuring one, the irate father appears, finds that they have registered under an assumed name and threatens to murder them, but is prevented by the Judge.

Act 2-Detection.

The Judge induces Miss Spriggins and Rev. Ezra Stiggins of the fake "gold cure" to personate the aristocratic parents of Randolph who was a foundling. He is about to acquaint Gen. Boomer with Randolph's supposed parents and sees success crowning his efforts when Birdie Sweetlove appears and denounces the conspiracy.

Act 3-Destruction.

Gen. Boomer determines that Flora shall be married at once and offers her to Judge Hussel, who accordingly goes to Bommer's villa to pay his court. Flora, to thwart him, disguises herself in her cousin Josephine's clothes, telling the Judge that Flora has gone. Hussel seeing the resemblance between the supposed "Joe" and her cousin Flora, in order that he may procure Flora for himself, proposes that Joe shall masquerade as Flora. The climax is reached when Judge Hussel, to carry the joke to its limit, marries the supposed Joe to him. Of course, when the General returns it is found that the marriage is legal, so the two old fellows make the best of a bad job.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14-k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

THE DAILY JOURNAL The Greatest Daily of the Great Northwest

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL BEST THERE IS. Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TODAY.

THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

The News: $1 per Year.

CREAMERY STATEMENT.

Report of the Local Creamery for Month of February.

Amount of cream received, 12,289 pounds.

Amount of butter fat, 3360.30 pounds.

Average test, 27.30.

Price paid, 31 cents.

Number of patrons, 58.

RECEIPTS.

Balance from January		$ 32.30
Received for butter shipped		1060.40
Sales at Creamery:		
Cream	44.15	
Butter	68.56	
Butter Milk	31.75	
Sweet milk	8.81	153.27
Total		$1252.15

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons, cream	$1054.40
Paid patrons, milk	6.31
Estimated expense	162.91
Balance	28.53
Total	$1252.15

The following patrons drew checks for over $50:

Rasmus Oen $87.42.

P. Engelstad 60.07.

C. Christenson 59.80.

P. ENGELSTAD, Secretary.

A Strawberry Farm.

The Sheaf had the pleasure today to meet Mr. C. S. Bartlett, a gentleman who has recently arrived from Illinois to occupy a farm which he has purchased a mile west of town. One reason why it was a pleasure to meet Mr. Bartlett was because he proposes to follow an entirely new line of agricultural activity with us, namely the growing of strawberries and small fruit as the principal crop. He has a great deal of experience in strawberry culture and is confident that our soil and climate will produce the most perfect berries, a conclusion that cannot be incorrect inasmuch as the wild varieties grow here in great profusion.

Mr. Bartlett will plant about an acre to berries this year, and if the business is a success will add several more next year. The Sheaf is glad to see people come here who will strike out on new lines and demonstrate that this country is adapted not for one or two kinds of crops, but for a great, almost endless, variety of products. There is no reason why we should send to Arkansas or Washington for our strawberries when we can raise the most luscious berries right at home—Warren Sheaf.

Setting Fruit Trees.

A well known horticulturist gives out the following valuable information: "I have planted young apple trees for 25 years in different ways but the most successful method I have tried was to prepare the hole in the usual way, then put in the bottom a large tough sward on which to set the tree, and thoroughly wet it. I then put in the tree, fill the hole with pulverized soil and shake the tree as the hole is filled to a depth of 4 inches. Then stamp well with the feet until the hole is full and cover with one inch of loose soil to prevent evaporation. Trees set in this way will withstand dry weather and grow for the sod will stay damp a long time. Every farmer, and every man who has the room on his town property, should plant at least a few trees, and in a few years he will be able to gather apples for home use.

What We Smoke.

The pure food department recently had samples of tobacco examined and analyzed and the fact was revealed that the trust is preparing all kinds of stuff for the innocents to put in their pipes and smoke. The kinds known as English Curve Cut and Lucky Strike contained forty per cent of tobacco and the balance was common brown paper cut fine. Bull Durham contained not a particle of tobacco but was made of finely chopped straw paper soaked in the juice of tobacco stems and refuse. Duke's Mixture was only ten per cent tobacco and the rest brown paper. When a man thinks he is suffering from nicotine poisoning, it may be nothing but the taste of straw smoke creosote in his mouth.—Fairmont Sentinel.

Don't Seem to Be "Busting."

When the "busting" of the paper trust some months since was made public there was great rejoicing throughout the land, all of which was apparently premature. The price of paper has been going up steadily ever since the "busting" took place, and indications are strong that the end is not yet. The buyer of paper is almost forced to wonder if the "busting" process was a good thing after all. Possibly the paper trust was really a friend in disguise, whose value was only learned after it was made an outcast. At any rate the price of printing and building papers is an unpleasant proposition to the buyer.—Willmar Gazette.

Violets in Bloom.

P. Sinclair assures us positively that spring is here. He took a stroll out into the country a mile or so Sunday and along his way saw a number of violets in blossom, some of which he picked and brought back to town with him, not for sentimental reasons, but lest those whom he should tell of his find should doubt his story and accuse him of trying to string them, he being known to his friends as an inveterate joker.—Warren Register.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

STATE LANDS BOOMED.

Auditor Iverson Publishes Booklet Describing Merits of Minnesota Soil.

Authentic information regarding state lands is contained in a booklet entitled "Great Opportunities in Minnesota" published by Samuel G. Iverson, state auditor, and circulated by him.

These lands are to be offered for sale in June and July, and one page of the book is devoted to an explanation of the terms and conditions under which the lands will be sold. On the next page is stated the place, date, hour and quantity of land to be offered. Legal descriptions of the lands are being prepared by a corps of clerks, which will be issued later or with another circular regarding Minnesota lands and the resources of the state.

The book is well gotten up and is illustrated to show in the best possible form the qualities of the 200,000 acres school and other lands included in the sale. The preface is from the pen of Fred D. Sherman, superindent of the state immigration department. Several pages of the book are given to reproductions of letters from settlers and editorials regarding Minnesota lands and their successful village.

Wilson on Seed.

Prof. James Wilson of the Crookston School of Agriculture spent yesterday at Reynolds, N. D., where on investigation he discovered that the farmers have in many instances sold their grain so that they have little or none left for seeding purposes. As a result of this undesirable condition the agriculturalists will be obliged to secure seed that has been grown in other latitudes and thus not so well suited to the conditions as seed that has been produced where it is to be planted. Prof. Wilson who spoke upon the subject of "Seed Selection" at Warren to-day told the farmers in a most emphatic is manner that they should not introduce seed from without.—Crookston Journal.

Our Mayor Don't Have To.

The mayor of Warren has announced a standing offer of a fine residence lot to each of the first five Warrenites of either sex that shall assume the matrimonial yoke (this expression is sanctioned by time-honored usage). We dare the mayor of Thief River Falls to do likewise. It is said that in the past year, almost half of the teachers employed in the schools there resigned to get married. This fact may explain the number of applications coming to Thief River Falls from the normal schools over the state.—Crookston Times.

Takes Nerve to Say This.

County Treasurer Tandberg's family are again residents of Red Lake Falls, having moved into their north side home Thursday last. The people of Red Lake Falls are pleased to welcome this estimable family to the ranks of the residents of the best town in the valley again.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Farm Home Burns.

The farm residence of Paul Cyr, west of the city was completely destroyed by fire Tuesday night, the building and all the contents being entirely consumed. The origin of the fire is not known, but it had gained such headway when discovered that nothing much could be saved. Mr. Cyr estimates his loss at $1500, with $100 insurance.—Red Lake Fall Courier.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not apply in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost. For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,

Local Agent.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News, $1 Per Year.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 4, 1907.

Warren Sheaf: After a good old-fashioned winter, we have reason to believe will come a good old fashioned summer with abundant crops and general prosperity for all. That is, what we all hope to see.

Warroad Plain Dealer: The state of Minnesota has been manufacturing binding twine for a number of years, and now it is going into the manufacture of mowers and binders. And yet you find lots of men who declare it would never work;they could not do it.

The greater part of Northern Minnesota is adopted by nature to agriculture, and whatever its possibilities may be in mining and manufacturing, it is only through agriculture that the greatest good may be brought about for the greatest number of people.—International Falls Press.

Worthington Herald:—The Mankato Daily Free Press "sincerely hopes that our legislators will not become afflicted with brain storms' before the session closes and pass some of the ridiculous measures that have been introduced." Probably that disease is responsible for their introduction.

Red Lake Falls has two good newspapers and they usually cover the field in very good shape, yet both papers failed to make any mention about the stealing of the county seat removal petition. Why this silence? Usually the down river papers cover the front pages of their paper with black type when a temporary victory is won. Can it be possible that these papers are ashamed of the act?

The state supreme court last week upheld the Great Northern railroad in its contention that it had the right to issue the $60,000,000 of stock authorized by the board of directors some months ago and which was enjoined by Attorney General Young, who claimed that the state railroad should first come before the state railroad and warehouse commission and submit to an examination to show the necessity and the purpose of the proposed issue.

In commenting upon the stealing of the county seat removal petition, Editor Ives, of the St. Hilaire Spector, has the following to say:

> If the stealing of the county seat removal petition was done by a partisan of Red Lake he has done more harm for his home town than has been done before. The people of Red Lake county will not countenance work of this kind. The petition should be given a fair hearing and stealing it will do more harm than good. Such work may prove a temporary gain but will lose in the end.

In discussing appropriations for special agents to make field examinations of land Mr. Steenerson said: "Now, the idea that a man who goes upon wild land on the frontier complies with the homestead laws, and in addition pays from $1.25 to $25.00 an acre for it, is trying to defraud the government is decidely a novel idea. I believe if more were required in the way of visible improvements on the land instead of residence there would be less opportunity for fraud and less need of expensive investigation by special agents." What the settlers want is prompt action. We are doing them a poor service if we do anything that will tend to delay."

The Outing Magazine gives the following on the experience of starving: "Novelists write a lot of nonsense about the pangs of hunger and the extreme suffering that accompanies starvation. It is all poppycock. Any healthy person, with a normal appetite, after missing three meals is as hungry as he ever gets. After awhile there is a sense of weakness that grows on one, and increases with the days. Then there comes a desire for a great deal of sleep, a sort of lassitude that is not unpleasant, and this desire becomes more pronounced as the weakness grows. The end is always in sleep. There is no keeping awake until the hour of death."

Give the state highway commission a chance. With the means at its disposal the commission is doing good work. If the legislature will submit a wide open good roads constitutional amendment which will permit of the levying of a decent state road tax and remove restrictions with which the commission is hedged around, better results will be obtained. It would be a grievous blow to the cause of good roads to legislate the highway commission out of office.—Princeton Union.

It is with much satisfaction that the people of Thief River Falls learn that even in Red Lake Falls there is a strong feeling against the contemptible action of those suspicioned—and quite likely guilty, though it can never be proven—of having been instrumental in stealing the county seat removal petition. In all of the county seat fights that have been carried on throughout the county, this is the first time a petition was ever stolen, and it simply goes to show that in Red Lake Falls there is a class of men who will not stop at anything to gain a point. By the actions of these same men in the past, a sentiment has formed in Red Lake county that is very strongly against Red Lake Falls and when the county seat question comes before the people of Red Lake county there will be nearly a unanimous vote cast in favor of Thief River Falls.

We have in mind a man whose type is common, yet which might be multiplied with advantage to the community in which he lives, the state and the nation. He is past fifty. While nature did not endow him largely along the line of either physical or mental powers yet he is industrious and faithful to the obligations of life as he comprehends them. He has given his children the best educational advantages within his power and provides for the home as his earnings permit. He is never idle when there is work that he can get to do. He is economical and does not squander his wages in vicious or extravagant habits. He is sober, faithful, honest, industious, a kind husband, a considerate father and a law abiding citizen. While he does not occupy a large place in the community there is no type of citizenship which should be given a higher rating and none which more largely constitutes the backbone and worth of the nation.—Exchange.

The Prohibitionists appear to have matters well in hand in the North Dakota legislature this year and seven laws were passed, designed to aid in the better enforcement of the state Prohibition law. The first of these provides that all persons securing government licenses shall publish the fact in at least three papers of the state; the second is a law providing for the punishment of any person leasing a building for blind pig purposes; a third provides for the seizure and sale of liquors imported into the state for beverage purposes; a fourth provides that premises may be searched and liquors seized by any person who has reason to believe that liquors are kept upon such premises; a fifth prohibits minors and students from visiting pool rooms and temperance saloons; a sixth forbids the soliciting of orders for future delivery of intoxicants; and a seventh provides for the appointment of an enforcement commissioner. With these laws and the new governor the blind piggers are liable to have hard sledding in that state for *some time to come:—Fergus Falls* Journal.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

J. Pierpont Morgan to President Roosevelt; "Your policy, of enforcing the laws causes uneasiness among the people." Who are the people? Washington Herald.

Mail Car Graft.

There are cars in the railway mail service which, though costing the railroads, who own them only about $6,000 each, have drawn rentals over and above maintenance and repairs, of more than $100,000 each. This statement is perhaps so startling as to be incredible to some, and yet it is borne out by figures of the pospoffice department.

An examination of the debates in the Fifty-eigth and Fifty-ninth congresses on the subject shows figures furnished by the department in this relation. According to these figures the average rental, paid for railway postal cars for the last fiscal year was $5,447. According to these same figures the average annual expenditure per car for maintenance, repairs, etc., per car was about $1,200. This leaves a net annual rental of $4,257 per car. Figures cited by Representative Tawney in the Fifty-eigth congress show that there are cars which have been doing duty for twenty-five years, some, in fact, since 1871. A car in the service for twenty-five years would earn net rentals amounting to $106,175. Mr. Tawney also showed that the average life of a mail car is fifteen years. On this basis the net earnings of a railway postal car costing $6,000 would be over $70,000, on an average.

These figures are over and above the rates paid for the transportation of the mails themselves which are carried at a cost deemed excessive by many well informed people. Those who have studied the subject say that these rates, if they ought not to be lowered, ought at least to entitle the mails and those who handle them to every safeguard that can be provided. It is said that steel cars and electric lighting apparatus would render the mail practically immune from destruction from fire or other causes in case of wrecks, whereas mails are now often burnt up representing many thousands of dollars in a single wreck.

Evil Fortunes And Cures.

Melville E. Ingalls, former president of the Big Four railroad student of economic conditions and an acknowledged authority on many of the financial problems of the day, in a recent address in Boston, divided great fortunes into two sections—those in good hands and those used only for the selfish purposes of the holders and acquired as the result of taking advantage of conditions that could be and should be remedied.

Of the former, Mr. Ingalls had only good words which will find ready echo in the hearts and minds of the people generally. To the danger of both alike, however, he referred with mild pessimism, saying: "The worship of wealth which is so apt to grow in a republic cannot but be deleterious and possibly fatal, as was the case with both the Grecian and Roman republics."

The fortunes produced from evil conditions, Mr. Ingalls divided into three classes—those built up, fostered and made constantly greater and greater by the high protective tariff which he called "the shield under which combinations are made, which enables the rich to grow richer and keeps the toiler, who is unable to enter a combination, from getting his fair share;" those "made through the illegal acts of the railways," not unfair, oppressive or selfish acts but simply illegal; and those that have "resulted from the purchase of officials of municipalities, thus obtaining rights for the use of the streets and properties of the cities virtually without compensation.

Mr, Ingalls offered no suggestion of remedies—that would have been outside the limits of his subject—but any thinking man can form his own idea as to the best effective remedies—reformation of the tariff on a revenue basis with no favoritism to great corporations needing anything but protection and with complete free trade as to the products of monopolies; restraint of railroads within the strict letter of the law with publicity and complete regulation and control; and the placing of franchises for public utilities on such a basis that either the municipalities shall own them or shall have them under supervision at all times and shall receive adequate compensation for all privileges.

The president, with congress at his back and the interstate commerce commission as his agents, is doing all that in him lies to correct the second of these evils and the cities have learned wisdom by experience and are either holding public utitities for themselves or are exacting adequate compensation and control. The tariff evil will certainly be corrected in due time, for the people are slowly but surely awakening to a realization of what they have brought on themselves.—Duluth Herald.

Citation for Hearing on Final account and for Distribution.

Estate of William Blanchard.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Blanchard, decedent

The State of Minnesota to Elizabeth Blanchard, Clara Rose Blanchard, Myrtle Ruthe Blanchard and Roland Silas Blanchard and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of April 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 11th day of March, 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
(Seal.) Probate Judge.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Petitioner. mar 21

Tom Corwin's Education.

The father of Tom Corwin, the famous Kentucky statesman, orator and wit, felt that he was too poor to make a scholar of more than one child of his *large family, and so the elder brother,* Matthias, was kept at school and Thomas placed at hard work on the farm. The breaking of a leg proved a happy incident in the life of the boy, as the enforced confinement gave him time for devotion to his beloved books, and he committed a Latin grammar to memory. Upon his recovery he again importuned his father to send him to school and, meeting a refusal, deliberately broke his leg the second time that he might have leisure to study. His heroic determination to learn resulted in his being placed in the same institution attended by his brother, where his natural ability and great industry gathered a thorough knowledge of the best English literature and a fair acquaintance with the Latin classics.—Ohio Magazine.

Why Horses Shy.

The horse shied at a piece of white paper, and the rider tumbled off into the mud.

"It is well for the world," said an automobilist, smiling, "that it is ceasing to use the horse for a servant. The horse is a half blind giant, with the mind of a baby. No wonder, then, that when we trust out lives in his keeping he is apt to go back on us.

"His main trouble is his eyes. So poor is the horse's sight that he mistakes a bank of snow for a fierce white beast. A mud puddle at his feet is a yawning chasm. A shadow flung across his path is a black terror seeking his life; hence the weakminded, nearsighted, powerful horse goes through life beside himself with fear. He is no more to be trusted than a maniac, and, like a maniac, he sees a monster awaiting him at every corner. Yet we get on his back, fools that we are."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

How Clouds and Fogs Differ.

Clouds are bodies of moisture evaporated from the earth and again partially condensed in the upper regions of the air. Fogs differ from clouds only in one respect—they come in contact with the surface of the earth while clouds are elevated above our heads When the surface of the earth is warmer than the lower air the vapor of the earth, being condensed by the chill air, becomes mist or fog. But when the lower air is warmer than the earth the vapor rises through the air and becomes cloud. Fog and mist differ in this respect—that mist is a fine rain, while fog is vapor not sufficiently condensed to allow of its precipitation in drops.

The Fata Morgana.

The most singular aerial phenomenon is the fata morgana, a sea mirage seen off the coast of Calabria and between Italy and Sicily. It presents the phantoms of cities, houses, temples, palaces and ships, sometimes in their proper position, sometimes inverted, occasionally at an angle. The phenomenon has been known for many ages and formerly occasioned great and widespread alarm, being regarded as an evil omen that betokened some general and severe calamity.

Curious Effects of Frost.

An egg expands when it is frozen so much that the increased bulk breaks the shell. Apples, on the contrary, contract to such an extent that a full barrel will shrink until the top layer will be a foot below the chime. When the frost has been slowly and carefully drawn out they again assume their normal size and appearance. Apples can be transported when the mercury is 20 degrees below zero. Potatoes once touched by frost are ruined

An Easier Trip.

"The president of this road," remarked the man in the corner of the smoking compartment, "is one of those old fashioned railroaders. He began as a brakeman. Instead of riding over the line in a private car to inspect it, he walks over it." "I don't blame him," declared the man who was making his first trip on the road.—Cleveland Press

A Lasting Impression.

"Well, Bertha, I hear you met Mr. Cooke yesterday. Did you like him?"

"Do you know, dear, he made an impression upon me that nothing will obliterate."

"Really! How—what did he say?"

"It wasn't what he said; it was what he did. He spilled a cup of tea over my new white silk dress."

DRS. CRANDALL, & BARKE.

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O. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in
Every Way.

For Fruit,

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Go to

H. FANT'S

Delicious
Hot Biscuit
MADE WITH
ROYAL BAKING POWDER

are the most appetizing, healthful and nutritious of foods

Much depends upon the Baking Powder

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Fr. Adolph was up to Badger last Friday.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

Matt Barzen was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Harry Carr was down from Middle River last week.

Harry Carr was down from Middle River last week.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last week.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

Attorney Tautges was down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Grand Forks visiting with friends.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard last Friday.

Attorney Mabey transacted business in Red Lake Falls last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Malafa last Saturday.

Miss Gustie Johnson went down to Crookston Saturday evening.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

Miss Blanchard spent the first of the week at Fargo visiting friends.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

For Rent—The Miller building on LaBree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

Dr. Barke left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting friends.

A. Brevick went down to Crookston last Friday to spend a few days visiting friends.

Miss Katie McAnulty of Red Lake Falls was in the city last week visiting friends.

County Attorney Germo and Sheriff Nelson were up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Scott Lamont returned last Saturday from a trip to Fargo where he had spent a week visiting old friends.

Miss Irene Caldwell is up from Lamber, where she is teaching school, to spend the Easter vacation.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Weeks, who teaches school in the town of Terrebone, is spending his Easter vacation with his parents in this city.

J. E. McDonagh and family left Tuesday for Mr. McDonagh's old home in Lucknow, Ontario, and will reside there in the future.

Edwin Stebbins entertained a company of his young friends last Friday afternoon in honor of the 9th anniversary of his birth.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 16, town of North.

Dr. Geo. E. Spafford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Harry Roberts who has been city salesman for the Finch-Smith company left last Saturday for Crookston. Ole Sorholm will look after the local trade in the future.

At a meeting at White Earth last week officers were elected to take charge of the big annual Indian celebration there in June. It is expected to be bigger than ever this year.

Louis Seidl came down from the Red Lake country last Friday. He reports that eleven horses were killed for glanders in Irwin's camp recently and others may have to be shot later.

Mahnomen expects to have one of the best amateur base ball teams in the state this year, composed largely of mixed bloods, some of whom have played with leading college teams.

The book advertising the state land sale contains a picture of the home and buildings of Dennis Connelly, just west of Thief River Falls, Mr. Connelly has one of the best farms in the county.

Judge of Probate Tarrant officiated at the wedding of Ole G. Sander and Miss Anna Johnson of Highlanding township, last Thursday, and as usual conducted himself with becoming dignity.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The Hotel Markham at St. Hilaire opened Monday under the management of Hans Wilson, of Wylie. Mr. Wilson has thoroughly overhauled the place and put it in first class condition and should receive the patronage of all.

Some farmers south of the river opened up a ditch in a novel way this week. They hitched two teams onto a big log, one team on each side of the ditch opening it up so the water would run very quickly.—Ada Index.

An order has been received at the local Great Northern offices which will be received with joy by section foremen on the Great Northern. The order provides that beginning April 1st all section foremen on this division of the Great Northern get a raise of $5 per month.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city last Friday meeting the numerous school officials in the northern part of the county who had business to transact before his office. Mr. McAnulty will be in Thief River Falls on the last Friday of each month.

The cantata rendered in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church last Friday evening by local talent was a treat to the music loving people of Thief River Falls and was a great success in every way. Those who participated in the affair are receiving many words of praise.

The flour mill at Pelin is to be removed to Karlstad, north of here on the Soo line, and a new company formed to run the institution which will have a capital of $15,000. Peter Lofgren, the well known Pelan and Karlstad merchant, is the largest stockholder in the new concern.

On April 1 the dealers at the head of the lakes reduced the price of coal, both anthracite and bituminous, about 50 cents a ton. This is the usual reduction that becomes effective at this season of the year, although last year, owing to unusual conditions, it came later, and amounted to only 40 cents a ton on hard coal.

In the case of O. A. Auble, of the town of Rocksbury, against the St. Hilaire and Crookston Lumber companies for damages sustained to land owned by Auble by reason of the building of a dam across the Red Lake river between Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire, the jury awarded Auble a verdict of some over $500.

Subscribe for the News.

Railroad men who run out on the Wheatline say that enough prairie chickens and grouse are to be seen now to insure a fairly good crop next fall. The birds make it their custom to come out to the railroad tracks during the winter to pick up gravel and grain, and in this way the train crews are able to keep them spotted.

The attorney general has given the state superintendent of public instruction an opinion that a child who is of sufficient age cannot be kept from attending school, whether the child enters the school at the beginning or the middle of the school year. A ruling was asked by N. E. Soderberg, of Dawson, of Dawson board of school trustees.

An attempt was made last week to have the grand jury condemn the court house and county jail, but the scheme did not work. If the court house and jail were condemned by a grand jury, the county commissioners would be compelled to furnish new buildings, which is just what Red Lake Falls wants. It was a nice scheme, but it did not work.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential Good opportunity for the right person! Address Publisher, box 59, Station O. New York.

The case of Joseph Brohman against George Singer, an appeal from the justice court, was tried last week and resulted in a verdict in favor of Brohman again. Both of the parties live in the town of Deer Park and the dispute is over a money matter of some $5.50. It is easy enough to see that it cost both parties considerable more than $5.50 to carry the case along this far in courts.

The business men of Bemidji recently "got together" and cutting out all factionalism organized a local commercial club for the promotion of the best interests of that city. They will advocate the advantages offered by that section and will boost for the establishment of "infant industries in their town." That's the proper spirit and the only way to build up a good town.

A refunding bond of Red Lake county for $10,000 is due and becomes payable April 12th. There being insufficient funds to meet this obligation at the present time, the county board has made application to the state for a loan to take up these bonds. This $10,000 obligation was incurred at the time of the organization of Red Lake county in 1896 to pay running expenses until tax money should begin to come into the treasury.

At the station of Klondike the Northern Pacific well from which water is supplied railroad engines, was found to be literally alive with fish of various kinds. When the well was cleaned out the workmen found suckers, bull heads, shiners and other small fish. Some of the suckers weighed as much as seven pounds each. Many basketfuls were taken out. The well is connected by intake pipe with a lake nearby, but heretofore it was believed that there were no fish in the lake.

C. J. Knox is usually looked upon as a live wire. A little incident happened last Saturday morning at the Ogahmah hotel which causes his friends to doubt this. He was telling a crowd of gentlemen of a new seed wheat that he had purchased, and in order to prove his assertions put his hand in his coat pocket to remove a handful of the wheat. He brought out the wheat all right and also a full grown live mouse that had grown quite fat living on the wheat in his pocket.

A North Dakota paper says: "Most of the people who were frozen to death in North Dakota the past winter—on paper—are coming forward and denying the charge in forcible and indignant language. Like the average healthy North Dakotan, they are bubbling over with life and naturally object to having their obituaries printed in the eastern papers. If some of these "frozen stiffs" could be rounded up and exhibited at the Jamestown Exposition it would be a good advertisement for North Dakota."

A couple of men returning to this city from the Red Lake country where they had spent the winter in the woods created quite a disturbance at the Great Northern depot last Friday. The men claimed to have been robbed on the train at Red Lake Falls and refused to leave the train here until they secured their money. Conductor Withey had to call Chief Erickson to remove the men from the train. They had been drinking quite freely and were unable to give any connected story as regards to who took their money or how much they lost.

The House passed a law authorizing farmers to erect stills for making denaturized alcohol under proper government control. This is called the German system and as it has worked well in that country, it is thought it will greatly benefit farmers in this country as well. By this process farmers can convert their refuse potatoes, corn and other vegetables into alcohol to be used by themselves for fuel or power or sold in the markets to be used by others. The whiskey distilleries, who want a monopoly of the business, are fighting this law.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDERTAKING.
H. M. HICKS,
LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

Special Bargains in Up-to-Date Goods at Hicks'

Just Received: Floor coverings, all the latest designs. Axminister rugs, carpets by the roll and in matting several designs. This sale they go at 35c, 335c and 29c per yard. Worth more. Couch covers that make your couch look like new. Tapestry curtains, all new goods at very low prices, lace curtains, shades, etc., just received.

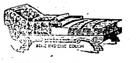

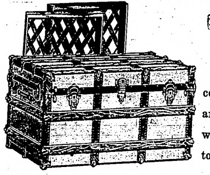

When you buy a couch, be sure you get an Acme. A glance will show you which to buy.

We keep the best line of trunks and at prices that sell them

Our Good Sell to Stay Sold.

President Worst of the agricultural college of Fargo, will leave for Europe about the middle of May where he will make a study of intensified farming in Holland, the northern provinces of France and Belgium and dairying in Denmark. Professor L. Van Es, of the department of veterinary science of the same college, has already left on a six months' leave of absence granted by the faculty for an investigation of the governmetal laboratories of Holland. Both men expect to collect valuable data for use in the work that will vastly increase the scope of the work at that instiution.

An exchange says: Running a newspaper is just like running a hotel only different. When a man goes into a hotel and finds something on the table that does not suit him, he does not raise hades with the landlord, and tell him to stop his old hotel. Well hardly. He sets that dish aside and wades into the many dishes that suit him. It is different with some newspaper readers. They find an article occasionally that does not suit them exactly, and without stopping to think it may please hundreds of our readers make a grand stand play and tell the editor how it should be run and what to put in it.

The "hayseed" and "Rube" stories of the yellow press, put forth to show what suckers farmers are, find contradiction in the following amusing incident, which shows that at least one tiller of the soil was fully equal to the occasion: An old Pennsylvania farmer, while on a visit to to Philadelphia, was taken with a violent toothache, and, calling on a dentist, was informed that the tooth must be extracted, and that he had better take gas for the operation. The patient agreed to this and then started to count his money. The dentist remarked, "Oh, you need not pay me until I have finished." "I reckon not," replied the farmer, "but if you are going to make me unconscious I thought I'd just like to see how I stand."

Ex-governor Hoard of Wisconsin: A truer sentence was was never uttered than that by a Minnesota butter maker at a recent convention in that state. He was describing how the great centralizing plants entice the farmers to forsake the local creameries where they have some influence and send their cream to the centralizer in some distant city. The sentence he uttered was this: "The trusts, where they thrive, get the people to help them." The people today are all wrought up over the villainy of the Standard oil trust but this trust debauched the people into selling out their liberties by furnishing oil cheap. If the people can only get anything cheap they are ready to barter their rights as citizens for it. If the farmers can get only a few cents more a hundred for their cream just now, they are willing to break down the local creamery by sending their cream away, not realizing that when the competition is destroyed the game will be to rob them. The game has been played in Kansas until the farmers have been forced to sell their cows. What won't some men do to rob themselves?

A. M. Arpin, of Grand Rapids, Wis., one of the builders of the saw mill at St. Hilaire, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Board of Health Notice.

The Board of Health of the city of Thief River Falls, in order to improve the general sanitary conditions of the city and to guard against disease, at a regular meeting held on Tuesday March 26, 1907 adopted the following resolutions:

1. That all owners and occupants of lots within the city limits be required to move from their respective premises before April 15th, 1907, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter. Manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

2. That the keeping of hogs within the city be prohibited, except on special permission.

3. That the carcasses of all dead animals, such as horses, cattle dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners or, upon failure to do so, by the occupant or owner of the premises.

4. That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate, unless suitable receptacles be provided therefor, neither will they be permitted to be thrown upon streets or alleys. If such slops and kitchen refuse are placed in suitable barrels they must be removed at frequent intervals.

5. The board recommends that all private wells in the city be thoroughly cleaned in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter and directs special attention to the cleaning and disinfecting all privy vaults cellars and cisterns, as these are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

6. After April 15 the annual inspection by the board of health will take place, and any person found guilty of disobeying the above resolutions will be dealt with according to the statutes made and provided.

Dated March 26, 1907.

P. L. Vistuust, M. D.,
Health Officer.

ARBOR DAY.

Governor Johnson Proclaims April 26 the Day for Planting Trees.

Spring poetry stirred the blood of Governor John A. Johnson Friday when he dictated his annual Arbor day proclamation. The governor grew sentimental when he thought that for one day Minnesota people will plant trees instead of destroying them. Here is what he said:

"When, following the law and custom of our state, I hereby proclaim Friday April 26, as Arbor and Bird day for 1907, private pleasure collaborates with official duty.

"The place and purpose of the tree in history, its dignity and worth, are they not set forth in the chronicles of christendom that all the world may read, from it's first mention in the first book on to that last Revelation of the world inseen, where, "In the midst of the street of it * * * was there the tree of life, * * * and the leaves of the tree were for the healing of the nations?

Throughout all time man has been the tree's sincere worshipper. In his boyhood he sought its green heights; in his youth he walked beneath its whispering branches; in his age he sat content in its sympathetic shade; 'after life's fitful fever, he sleeps well'—at the foot of it. The influence of this lifelong companionship is deep, lasting and visible.

"Quite apart from the indirect force in the mass as a factor of climate, we have daily testimony of its power to mold in the character of the Norseman, austere, independent, strong as his native pine; the Briton, rugged, honest, outspreading as his much sung oak; the German, true forester and forest-lover that he is, full of sentiment as his linden, musical as his fir, sturdy as his beeches. Out of a state peopled by such races, what may we not hope for? Surely, the rights of the forest will be reverenced; surely the forest will make royal return.

"Let the day of this proclamation be observed far and wide among us, in deed and in spirit, in school, home and mart. Let the highways be embellished; make crooked paths straight, rough places smooth. Let consecration on aim unite with concentration of effort toward making of Minnesota one vast landscape garden, where the workings of nature are cunningly aided, not held in thrall; by man: where song sparrow may sing in the hedgerows, while meadow lark and bobolink trill their sweetness from the topmost boughs, "and none shall make them afraid."

Closing Out Sale
—AT—
THE NEW STORE
Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S
Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE 108.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent "Flour" Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND
CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME
ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

CARE OF CHAMELEONS.

How These Little Creatures Can Be Kept Alive For Years.

Chameleons can be kept alive for years by making a frame to fit over a plant in a flower pot and covering it with mosquito netting, which must be long enough to tie with a string about the pot. Keep the pot in the sunniest window and water the plant every day through the netting. You will be surprised to see how eagerly the little creatures will drink the running water after they get over their fear. Set a wire fly trap for flies, which you can liberate under the netting. The chameleons will not be backward about helping themselves.

In winter they do not require much food, but will relish a meal worm occasionally on sunny days. Meal worms can sometimes be got at the grain stores for the asking or can be purchased at the bird stores, or small spiders can be found in cracks and crannies asleep for the winter. They may be frozen stiff if found out of doors, but they revive in a warm room.

Chameleons enjoy a place to sleep in nights and winters. Take a piece of red flannel four inches wide and eight inches long; roll it over a stick as large round as your finger and sew it while on the stick so that it will not come unwound; then slip off and run a wire through it long enough to suspend it from one of the branches on the plant. The chameleon will crawl into this cozy bed and go to sleep.—St. Nicholas.

GRAFTING FISH TAILS.

An Interesting Art In Which the Japanese Are Experts.

Among the many interesting arts in which the Japanese excel is that of the making of fish tails. Almost every one has seen the bush tailed goldfish, with its four, five and sometimes more long, wavy tails, but it is not generally known that most of them are not its own.

When the little goldfish are very, very young their flesh is as clear as glass, so that one can see every bone in their tiny bodies. At this time the few that are born with two or more tails are put by themselves, and then a queer looking old Jap, with a great magnifying glass fastened in front of his eye and wee sharp tools handy, reaches down under the water and cuts off the tails of the plain little fish, and then three or four of these tails are joined on to the backbone where the one was cut off and fastened there with tiny bandages until they grow fast.

The Japanese, who are very skillful in queer things of this kind, grow the finest goldfish in the world, and it is a very good business, for very fine fish of this kind often bring as much as $300 to $500, and one sold not long ago for $1,000.

The Lady of the Lake.

"In the Days of Scott" there are two anecdotes about Sir Walter Scott's children in connection with his poem, "The Lady of the Lake."

One day his daughter was met by James Ballantyne, the publisher, in her father's library and asked what she thought of the poem. She replied that she had not read it and added:

"Papa says there is nothing so bad for young people as reading bad poetry."

Scott's son Walter returned from school one day with evidences of having been engaged in a fight. His father asked him what he had been fighting about. He replied that he had been called a "lassie" and had resented it.

A little questioning showed that young Walter's schoolfellows had nicknamed him "The Lady of the Lake," which name the boy did not understand except as a reproach to his manliness.

The Joys of Relic Hunting.

Quite apart from the beauty and intrinsic worth of such things, it is astonishing on looking back on one's experiences of collecting to realize how much pleasure one has got out of even a dilettante quest of antiques. The exhilarating joy of this treasure hunt, the finding of the treasure, the bargaining for it and the final bearing of it home in triumph, unwrapping it and discussing its beauties and merits, are things which add zest to life. And, as the taste for beautiful old things is more or less an acquired one and can be cultivated, this is a joy in which most people who are fortunate enough to have a little spare cash and a little spare time can share.—London Tatler.

The Joy of Owning Land.

There is a distinct joy in owning land, unlike that which you have in money, in houses, in books, pictures or anything else which men have devised. Personal property brings you into society with men. But land is a part of God's estate in the globe, and when a parcel of ground is deeded to you and you walk over it and call it your own it seems as if you had come into partnership with the original proprietor of the earth.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Cause of His Joy.

"What are you looking so happy over, old man?"

"I am rejoicing over the birth of twins."

"Great Scott! I congratulate you!"

"Don't congratulate me. Go and congratulate Evans. He's the lucky man. I never did like him."—Philadelphia Enquirer.

His Attentions.

Nan—How attentive young Mr. Allgawn is to his pretty wife! Fan—I don't wonder you notice it, but you must have been misinformed. They are not married yet.—Chicago Tribune.

ALASKA SALMON.

Procession of the Four Varieties of This Superb Fish.

"There is nothing more curious connected with the finny tribe than to watch the doings of the salmon family in Alaska," said an Alaskan dealer.

"The most singular thing of all is that after the females deposit their spawn their earthly career terminates, and I have seen the bottoms of creeks covered with their dead bodies. They give birth to thousands of their kind and immediately die. The young ones are then taken care of by the male salmon, and it is a well known fact that in three years from their birth the offspring reappear on the very ground of their origin. There are four varieties of this superb fish which make their appearance in regular order of succession.

"In the spring the first to arrive is the magnificent king salmon, which weighs all the way from fifteen to ninety pounds. About June 1 comes the sookey or red salmon, which visits our shores in enormous numbers and which is the common canning variety. A little later appears the log salmon, which only the Indians will eat, and finally, in August and September, the beautiful silver salmon arrives, the prettiest fish in all the world and one of the most palatable.

"When the salmon enter the fresh water by a curious trick of nature their skin becomes red, but this pink hue does not affect the whiteness of their flesh. It is seldom that salmon will journey up a glacier stream, but the streams that have lakes at their heads literally swarm with them."—Washington Herald.

ATTACKING A SYSTEM.

It Involves Attacking the Men That Uphold the System.

On every side I hear strange insistence upon the fact that it is only the system that is wrong. I hear people utter the following extraordinary words: "We do not attack individuals."

What, in the name of the seven planets, can you attack except individuals? How can one fight a system? If a system came into this room, what would you do to it? Would you take a gun or a fencing foil or a butterfly net or a horsewhip or a disinfectant?

A system only exists in the minds of men, and if there is a very vile system in the minds of men there must be something very vile about their minds.

I do not say that they may not have other virtues along with the qualities that make the bad system. I do not say that the upholders of any bad system are without any moral merits. I do not say that Italian brigands are without any moral merits. But, however good or evil may be mingled in the character of an Italian brigand, nobody ever said that in dealing with persons of that profession you were not to attack individuals.

You do not, in dealing with brigands, say that you merely attack the system. You attack the brigands—that is, supposing that you are in possession of the adequate bodily courage.—G. K. Chesterton in Illustrated London News.

Thackeray's Pantomime.

William Makepeace Thackeray was always too genial, too generous, too open handed, to be an accumulator of this world's goods, and in spite of the large earnings of his pen he died a poor man. Shortly before his death his friend, John Leech, the cartoonist, called upon him and found him in his study writing—writing and sighing at the monotony of his work.

"Why don't you have a holiday," said Leech, "and take your girls to the sea side?"

The great novelist made no verbal answer, but, rising slowly, plunged his hands to the very bottom of his pockets, brought these receptacles out, shook them vigorously without eliciting a rattle of coin, replaced them and then resumed his seat.

Strength of the Condor.

The enormous strength of the condor is only equaled by his voracity and boldness. This immense bird often pounces upon small animals, but from the shape and bluntness of his claws he is unable to carry anything very heavy, so he contents himself with fixing it against the ground with one of his claws, while with the other and his powerful beak he rends it to pieces. Gorged with food, the bird then becomes incapable of flight and may be approached, but any attempt at capture is furiously resisted.

Cure For a "Nagging" Woman.

Having advertised as a widower in search of wife No. 2, a man of St. Gall, Switzerland, showed the fifty replies and photographs which he had received to his wife, and, stating that if she did not want him there were others who did, he effectively cured her of her "nagging" habits.—Petit Parisien.

He Read the Signs

"And now, little boys," said the pretty Sunday school teacher, "we have seen that it is ordained that every human being must some day come to his death. And what comes after dying?"

"Cleaning and pressing," yelped a boy who was familiar with window signs.—Chicago News.

Influence of Scotchwomen.

It is not surprising to find that those qualities—intellect, grit and strenuous endeavor—that have brought the man host of Scotland to the front should also be a marked characteristic of Scotchwomen.—Englishwoman's Review.

When we read, we fancy we could be martyrs; when we come to act, we can not bear a provoking word.—Hannah More.

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America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.
Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Wednesday, April 3rd, at Hotel Rushford.
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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

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A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

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IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
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If You Are Going to Make a Farm Loan, See
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RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Varrik, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. 251, made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 21, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 6th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Kratochvil, of Germantown, "
John Vakoc, "
Frank Cerrousek, of Thief River Falls "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register
mar 29 may 3

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Subscribe for the News.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	67c
Oats	32c
Flax	$1.05
Eggs	22c
Butter	20c
Creamery butter	30c

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 30.—Wheat—May, 78½c; July, 79⅞@80c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81¼@81½c; No. 1 Northern, 80¼@80½c; No. 2 Northern, 78¼@78½c; No. 3 Northern, 76@77c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.25@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@6.00; good to prime lambs, $6.50@7.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 30.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 81⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 79⅛c; May, 79⅞c; July, 81c; Sept., 79¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17⅞; May, $1.18⅝; July, $1.20¼; Oct., $1.17½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 30.—Wheat—May, 76¼c; July, 78¼@78⅜c. Corn—May, 46¼c; July, 46⅛c. Oats—May, 42⅞@43c; July, 37⅝c. Pork—May, $16.30; July, $16.25. Butter—Creameries, 22@29½c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 12½c; springs, 11½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.20@6.75; cows, $1.75@4.50; heifers, $2.70@5.35; calves, $5.50@7.65; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.75; poor to medium, $4.20@5.45; stockers and feeders, $2.80@4.90. Hogs—Light, $6.40@6.70; mixed, $6.40@6.72½; heavy, $6.30@6.70; rough, $6.30@6.45; pigs, $5.80@6.60; good to choice heavy, $6.50@6.60. Sheep, $4.25@6.50; yearlings, $6.25@7.35; lambs, $6.00@8.00.

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A SURPRISED ARTIST

The Picture That Brought a Fortune to a Poor Painter.

AN AUCTION ROOM ROMANCE.

Dramatic Incident of the Sale That Brought a Dealer and a Collector Into Competition For the Starving Artist's Masterpiece.

Samuel Duboiret was a poor painter whom Albrecht Durer, the famous engraver and artist, had admitted into his school out of charity. He was employed in painting signs and the courser tapestry then used in Germany. He was about forty years of age, little, ugly and humpbacked. He was the butt of every ill joke among his fellow disciples, but he bore all with patience and ate without complaint the scanty crusts given him every day for dinner, while his companions often fared sumptuously.

Poor Samuel had not a spice of envy or malice in his heart. He would at any time have toiled half the night to assist or serve those who were wont oftenest to laugh at him or abuse him loudest for his stupidity. True, he had not the qualities of social humor or wit, but he was an example of *indefatigable industry. He came to his* studies every morning at daybreak and remained at work until sunset. Then he retired into his lonely chamber and wrought for his own amusement.

Duhobret labored three years in this way, giving himself no time for exercise or recreation. He said nothing to a single human being of the paintings he had produced in the solitude of his cell by the light of his lamp. But his bodily energies wasted and declined under incessant toil.

One morning Duhobret was missing at the scene of his daily labors. His absence created much remark, and many were the jokes passed upon the occasion. No one thought of going to his lodgings to look after him or his remains. Meanwhile the object of their mirth was tossing on a bed of sickness. Disease, which had been slowly sapping the foundations of his strength, burned in every vein; his eyes rolled and flashed in delirium; his lips, usually so silent, muttered wild and incoherent words. In his days of health poor Duhobret had his dreams, as all artists, rich or poor, will sometimes have. He had thought that the fruit of many years' labor disposed of to advantage might procure him enough to live, in an economical way, for the rest of his life. He never anticipated fame or fortune. The height of his ambition or hope was to possess a tenement large enough to shelter him from the inclemencies of the weather, with means enough to purchase one comfortable meal per day.

Now, alas, however, even that one hope had deserted him. He thought himself dying and thought it hard to die without one to look kindly upon him, without the words of comfort that might soothe his passage to another world. He fancied his bed surrounded by fiendish faces, grinning at his sufferings and taunting his inability to summon power to disperse them. At length the apparitions faded away, and the patient sank into an exhausted slumber.

He awoke unrefreshed. It was the fifth day he had lain there neglected. His mouth was parched. He turned over and feebly stretched out his hand toward the earthen pitcher from which since the first day of his illness he had quenched his thirst. Alas, it was empty! Samuel lay for a few moments thinking what he should do. He knew he must die of want if he remained there alone. But to whom could he apply for aid in procuring sustenance?

An idea seemed at last to strike him. He arose slowly and with difficulty from the bed, went to the other side of the room and took up the picture he had painted last. He resolved to carry it to the shop of a salesman and hoped to obtain for it sufficient to furnish him with the necessaries of life for a week longer. Despair lent him strength to walk and to carry his burden. On his way he passed a house about which there was a crowd. He drew nigh, asked what was going on and received for an answer that there was to be a sale of many specimens of art collected by an amateur in the course of thirty years. It has often happened that collections made with infinite pains by the proprietor were sold without mercy or discrimination after his death.

Something whispered to the weary Duhobret that here would be the market for his picture. It was a long way yet to the house of the picture dealer, and he made up his mind at once. He worked his way through the crowd, dragged himself up the steps and after many inquiries found the auctioneer. That personage was a busy, important like man, with a handful of papers. He was inclined to notice somewhat roughly the interruption of the lean, sallow hunchback, imploring as were his gesture and language.

"What do you call your picture?" at length said he, carefully looking at it.

"It is a view of the Abbey of Newbourg, with its village and the surrounding landscape," replied the eager and trembling artist.

The auctioneer again scanned it contemptuously and asked what it was worth. "Oh, that is what you please—whatever it will bring," answered Duhobret.

"Hem! It is too odd to please, I should think. I can promise you no more than 3 thalers."

Poor Samuel sighed deeply. He had spent on that piece the nights of many months, but he was starving now, and the pitiful sum offered would give bread for a few days. He nodded his head to the auctioneer and, retiring, took his seat in a corner.

The sale began. After some paintings and engravings had been disposed of Samuel's was exhibited. "Who bids at 3 thalers? Who bids?" was the cry. Duhobret listened eagerly, but none answered. "Will it find a purchaser?" said he despondingly to himself. Still there was a dead silence. He dared not look up, for it seemed to him that all the people were laughing at the folly of the artist who could be insane enough to offer so worthless a piece at a public sale.

"What will become of me?" was his mental inquiry. "That work is certainly my best." And he ventured to steal another glance. "Does it not seem that the wind actually stirs those boughs and moves those leaves? How transparent is the water! What life breathes in the animals that quench their thirst at that spring! How that steeple shines! How beautiful are those clustering trees!" This was the last expiring throb of an artist's vanity. The ominous silence continued, and Samuel, sick at heart, buried his face in his hands.

"Twenty-one thalers," murmured a faint voice just as the auctioneer was about to knock down the picture. The stupefied painter gave a start of joy. He raised his head and looked to see from whose lips those blessed words had come. It was the picture dealer to whom he had first thought of applying.

"Fifty thalers!" cried a sonorous voice. This time a tall man in black was the speaker. There was a silence of hushed expectation. "One hundred thalers!" at length thundered the picture dealer.

"Three hundred!" "Five hundred!" "One thousand!" Another profound silence, and the crowd pressed around the two opponents, who stood opposite each other, with eager and angry looks.

"Two thousand thalers!" cried the picture dealer and glanced around him triumphantly when he saw his adversary hesitate. "Ten thousand!" vociferated the tall man, his face crimson with rage and his hands clinched convulsively. The dealer grew paler; his frame shook with agitation; he made two or three efforts and at last cried out, "Twenty thousand!"

His tall opponent was not to be vanquished. He bid forty thousand. The dealer stopped. The other laughed a low laugh of insolent triumph, and a murmur of admiration was heard in the crowd. It was too much for the dealer. He felt his peace was at stake. "Fifty thousand!" exclaimed he in desperation. It was the tall man's turn to hesitate. Again the whole crowd were breathless. At length, tossing his arms in defiance, he shouted, "One hundred thousand!" The crestfallen picture dealer withdrew. The tall man victoriously bore away the prize.

How was it meanwhile with Duhobret while this exciting scene was going on? He was hardly master of his senses. He rubbed his eyes repeatedly and murmured to himself, "After such a dream my misery will seem more cruel!" When the contest ceased, he rose up bewildered and went about asking first one, then another, the price of the picture just sold. It seemed that his apprehension could not at once be enlarged to so vast a conception.

The possessor was proceeding homeward when a decrepit, lame and humpbacked invalid, tottering along by the aid of a stick, presented himself before him. He threw him a piece of money and waved his hand as dispensing with his thanks. "May it please your honor," said the supposed beggar, "I am the painter of that picture," and again he rubbed his eyes.

The tall man was Count Dunkelsback, one of the richest noblemen in Germany. He stopped, took out his pocketbook, tore out a leaf and wrote on it a few lines. "Take it, friend," said he; "it is a check for your money. Adieu."

Duhobret finally persuaded himself that it was not a dream. He became the master of a castle, sold it and resolved to live luxuriously for the rest of his life and to cultivate painting as a pastime. But, alas for the vanity of human expectation, he had borne privation and toil. Prosperity was too much for him, as was proved soon after when an indigestion carried him off. His picture remained long in the cabinet of Count Dunkelsback and afterward passed into the possession of the king of Bavaria.

The Ruling Passion.

It is an evident fact that the body when it has long been a slave to evil passions finds it next to impossible to break its chains. The mind may passionately desire righteous living, but the abused nervous system, fallen into iron habits, refuses the soul's behest.

Canon Gore wrote that he was once present at the deathbed of a pickpocket, a man who professed himself to be sincerely penitent and who believed in the forgiveness of sins.

He had said goodby to this world, and the clergyman sat by his side waiting for his last moment to come. Suddenly the sinking man exclaimed in a hoarse and painful whisper:

"Look out for your watch."

They were his last words. He had died in their utterance, and the clergyman's watch was found in his lifeless hand. He had not been able to resist the nearness of an article that could be stolen. His enfeebled will could not prevent the muscles from falling into their old habits, but his mind—his soul, shall we say?—protested to the last.—London Standard.

Polish.

"You have a bright look, my boy," said the visitor at the school.

"Yes, sir," replied the candid youth. "That's because I forgot to rinse the soap off my face good."

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Cheating Justice.
Capture of the Poachers.
The Colored Man's Revenge (comical)
The Wrestler's Wife Gets Busy.
Vist to Spitzbergen (nearest inhabitated island to the North Pole) by the Recent English Polar Expedition.
Illustrated Song—Alice, Where Art Thou Going?
Song Monday evening, April 8, by Chas. K. Harris— Why Don't They Play With Me?

WILLIE IN TROUBLE.

Stole a Copper Boiler and Sold It to a Local Dealer.

Where is little Willie Ewart? A warrant has been issued for his arrest and since Saturday he has not been seen. Willie is the eleven year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ewart and is their only child. He is charged, in company with another boy against whom no complaint will be made, with stealing a copper boiler and selling it to a local dealer. Willie's father admits his inability to control his son and swore out the complaint for his arrest before Judge Bishop. The boy cannot be found.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.
Sabbath evening worship at 8 o'clock.

The evening worship will be the seven last words of Jesus, the beautiful Canta ta which was given Good Friday evening in the Norwegian Lutheran Church. Come prepared to make a silver offering at the door.

Sabbath School at 10 o'clock.
Bible study and Teacher's meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.
Christian Endeavor at 7:15 o'clock.
All are welcome at our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

The 2 Cent Fare Bill.

The 2 cent fare bill passed the house Tuesday afternoon by a vote of 105 to 4. The bill has now passed both houses and awaits the signature of Governor Johnson. It will go into effect on May 1. The railroads, it is given out, are going to take the matter into the courts, so that it will be sometime before the new rate is actually in effect.

GERMANTOWN.

The geese and crows have made their appearance long ago; but knowing that they do not live on snow and ice flavored with cold north wind our heart went out to them in pity the past week.

Tom Gilfoy was up sometime ago removing his effects from here to Crookston where he will engage in farming.

A. D. Brown is a new member of the creamery association, having purchased Joseph Duchamps interest in the same.

Miss Lula Lovestone visited with Germantown friends last week.

Miss Minnie Bendickson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bendickson died Monday March 25th. Although the deceased had not been in good health for a long time past, it was not generally known that her illness was of the serious nature it proved to be, so the news of her death was a surprise to many of her friends. The funeral took place on Friday from the Lutheran church and interment made in the church cemetary and in spite of inclement weather the building was packed to its full capacity by relatives and friends eager to pay their last respects. Rev. H. Bjornson spoke at the home, church and cemetery. The pall bearers were Henry and Frank Dau, Carl and Emil Dommer, John Clausen, and Oscar Hovelsoe. During their four years of residence here, the deceased had made a large circle of friends that now join the bereaved family in mourning her untimely demise.

Mrs. Rondestvedt went down to Goodhue county last week.

John Rondestvedt returned last Wednesday from Thief River Falls where he had been a week under treatment for an ugly wound in the head, inflicted by accident with an axe while he and Oscar Gunderson were splitting wood at the latters home.

Rumor has it that our pioneer blacksmith Lars Rondestvedt has gone and married out in North Dakota. We have not learned the brides identity.

In regard to our report sometime ago of a certain social event alleged to have taken place in this vicinity and to which Rev. Aastad found occasion to take exception we limit ourself, beside complimenting the pastor for his promptness to say that if his source of information to the contrary was more truthful than ours we are simply pleased with the knowledge and have certainly no objection.

Rudolph Manthey is back from the woods.

Miss Rose Beaudry had a raffle on a phonograph Saturday.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Steve Nelson was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

W. A. Chubb and family left Monday for Moorhead.

Carl Carlson, Wylie, was in the city the first of the week.

For Sale—One lumber wagon, nearly new. Frank Chittick.

J. K. Hannay, the St. Hilaire banker, was in the city Monday.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

W. W. Prichard was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River was in the city yesterday.

Jerry O'Brien, of Highlanding, was in the city the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hyen last Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Moderigh Easter Sunday.

Miss Perl Peterson visited friends in Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Services in the German Lutheran church Sunday morning at 10:30.

W. J. Kelley came down from the Red Lake country the first of the week.

Mrs. D. N. Winton entertains a company of lady friends this afternoon.

Wanted A good girl for general house work. Mrs. Geo. W. Elder. Phone 233.

D. P. O'Neill is down to his farm in Norman county looking after spring work.

The city council held a meeting Tuesday evening, but little or no business was transacted.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosenbury left the first of the week for Minneapolis for a short trip.

Edward Skare, of Brunkeberg, was in the city Tuesday and made this office a pleasant call.

Miss Josephine Bourque leaves tomorrow for Stephen to commence a term of school.

Severt Frisvold left Tuesday for Park River, N. D., to work upon a farm for a few months.

—For Sale—All of my household goods. Almost new. D. W. Vessey, Dobner-Meehan block.

Fr. Adolph left Monday evening for Port Madison, Iowa, to attend the funeral of his aunt.

O. A. Bishop, who has spent the winter in the state of New York, returned to this city yesterday.

K. M. Hansen will remove his family to this city from Red Lake Falls the latter part of this week.

Otto Ramstad returned Monday to Moorhead to again take up his studies at the Normal school.

John Telke, lineman for the Northwestern Telephone company, was in the city the first of the week.

Miss Gertrude Meehan, who is teaching school at Wylie, spent Easter Sunday with her parents here.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to the Rapid River country northeast of here.

Mail Clerk Vessey expects to be transferred from the run on the Wheatline to Grand Forks in the near future.

Court convened again at Red Lake Falls yesterday morning and the case of the state against Hamilton was tried.

Daniel Shaw and F. S. Doege left last week for the Canadian Northwest to attend to business matters for a few days.

W. J. LaBree and family returned to this city Tuesday from the state of Washington where they had spent the winter.

Misses Meehan, McCrum and Jonas returned Monday to Moorhead to resume their studies at the Normal School at that place.

Lost—A gray pocket book containing 9 tickets for the "A cheerful liar," and 50 cents. If found please return to Helen Elder. Phone 233.

Mrs. Marshall, of Jamestown, N. D., nee Miss Bessie Bailey, arrived in the city Monday and is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs S. V. Bailey.

The local postoffice received a handsome new flag from the government the first of the week and will have it upon exhibit on holidays in the future.

Mrs. J. K. Hannay, of St. Hilaire, left yesterday for Washington to spend the summer with her sons who are engaged in the banking business out there.

Married at the residence of C. M. Gellette yesterday at 2:30 p. m. Miss Hulda S. Erickson, of St. Hilaire, to Mr. William DeGrave, of Lake Elmo, Rev. Flesher officiating. Mrs. DeGrave is a sister of Mrs. Gellette.

H. Fant who since last Christmas has been confined in a hospital at Grand Forks receiving medical treatment returned to this city Monday greatly improved in health. Mr. Fant expects to leave again soon for Hot Springs, Ark., to take another course of medical treatment. He states that the new company to take control of the Thief River Falls Telephone Exchange will be organized in a short time.

E. B. Bakke went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

T. L. Melgaard went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Attorney Richardson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Dr. Bockman is expected to arrive here from his trip to Europe about the 1st of May.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. Torbjor Hofta next Wednesday April 10th.

Ray Herron, the sixteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Herron, had the misfortune to chop his foot quite badly the first of the week. No bad results are anticipated.

J. A Beard of the Standard drainage company was in town yesterday. He has charge of Judicial ditch number 4 in Polk and Red Lake counties and was on his way to Roseau.

Among those going to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening were: P. W. Mabey, Wilhelm Michelet, Louis Lonson, L. J. Higgins, M. V. Evenson, Joe Johnson, Dr. Grandy, Lars Lee and L. J. Parbst.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday. He will commence work building on the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street in a few days. The bilding will be 75x60 feet and two stories high.

The school board will hold an important meeting this evening and engage the teachers for the city school for next year. Some twenty-three teachers are to be hired and there are a large number of applicants.

Among those from the town of Silverton who went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to appear as witnesses in the Blackey case were: C. P. and J. E. Quist Henry Hanson, Fred Homebohl and Ole O. Ottum.

Fred Hanible and Minnie Smith, charged with running a house of ill fame in this city were arrested this week and will have to stand trial. Hanible was arrested in this city and Minnie gave herself up to the authorities yesterday.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka returned Tuesday from Nakoma, N. D., where she had been visiting her daughter. When Mrs. Kratka made the trip out the train was snowbound for several days and she speaks in highest praise of the many courtesies extended to herself and the other passengers by Conductor Morton and Brakeman Hill.

The Bradly Post News says that when a business man stops advertising in the local papers, what does it mean? Heretofore he has advertised liberally and his business has grown and he has prospered. Just as he stops advertising his trade seems to be at the top notch, and without any apparent reason he begins to curtail incidental expenses and why? There is the rub. He hasn't gone out of business; but he may expect to. He will eventually if he quits making a stir in the newspapers. The public as a rule is suspicous. When the people find no mention of a local business in the local papers, they naturally conclude there is something wrong, whether there is or not and ten to one the man who does not blow in money on advertising will find the other fellows getting his customers. No matter how small or how large the business it pays to keep your name before the public, even if it is a line or two.

Announcement.

Services are held every Sabbath and Sunday in the S. D. A. Church across from Soo depot, as follows:

Sabbath School at 1:45 p. m.
Preaching at 3:00.
Sunday evening preaching at 7:30.
Everybody welcome.

E. O. Johansen.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday April 7.
Preaching 11 a. m. 8 p. m.
Sunday school 10 a. m.
Junior League 2 30 p. m.
Epworth League 7 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday at 7 30 p. m.
Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Mar 31

Amundson, Carl
Erickson, Emelia
Finstad, Knut
Hamilton, David
Halvorson, Tollef 2
Knox, W. E.
Kjesbe, Mrs. Jensine
Lee, Martha
Melo, Nels T.
McGowen
Overson, Ole
Parker, Hary
Styer, C. E.
Taylor, Chas. E.
Thorson, Thomas

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

"FYLGIA" TO BE AT JAMESTOWN

Swedish Cruiser Will Take Part in the Coming Great Naval Exhibition.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Crownprince Gustaf's announcement that the armored cruiser "Fylgia" would participate in the naval exhibition at the Jamestown exposition in Hampton Roads has caused unmeasured satisfaction, both among Swedes and Americans. The fact that Prince Gustaf Adolph will also accompany the "Fylgia"—as its nominal commandant lends unusual interest to Sweden's part in the Jamestown exposition. The last time a Swedish prince visited America was in 1876, when Prince Bernadotte, then known as Prince Oscar, was Sweden's official representative. It is doubtful, however, if Prince Gustaf will take a trip westward to the northwestern centers, where the Scandinavian population is densest.

Bank Director Knut Wallenberg has just returned from his extensive east Asiatic trip and has given the newspaper men of Stockholm a long interview, in which he relates in detail his experiences during his long trip. When asked as to what possible future there could be for Swedish exports in China, Mr. Wallenberg stated that Sweden's chances in this direction were but meager, but that in Japan Swedish goods would find a market if properly introduced. Mr. Wallenberg believes that a Swedish-Asiatic export company should be established in the near future and that such a company would make a splendid success.

Rumor has it that Prince Bernadotte contemplates selling his "Tridhem," on Gotland, where the prince and princess have spent so many happy summers together. It is thought that an enterprising Stockholm cafe and restaurant proprietor is speculating on the property for the purpose of catching the tourist trade which comes to this section of the island, viz., Visby. A Visby paper states that the prince should rather have turned this place into a sanatorium for consumptives, as it is ideally situated for this purpose.

Warren's match factory in Fredriksdahl was entirely destroyed by fire a few days ago, entailing a loss of 100,000 crowns. It is suspected that an incendiary had been at work and a number of suspicious characters have been arrested. The Warren Match company has been doing a big export business, shipping its matches mostly to England, Germany and America. The plant will in all probability be rebuilt during the summer months. The property was amply insured.

J. A. Carlson, proprietor of the railway hotel in Eksjo, committed suicide a few days ago by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. During the past two or three months he has been worrying considerably about money matters and this is believed to be the reason why he committed the rash act. He was a much respected man in the community and was well known among hotel men in Stockholm. He leaves a wife and three children.

A delegation of Stockholm policemen will during the coming summer visit London, England, to study at close range the English police system. A notable feature about the Swedish police force of Stockholm is that nearly all of them are well educated men, there being a score or more of them who are university graduates.

The Svenska akademien (the Swedish academy) will, for a time at least, be without a home, for its property, Skeppsbron, No. 18, was sold the other day for 235,000 crowns to the well known firm of Lundstrom & Co., which will erect a large department store on this lot. The old building will be torn down.

The well known Stockholm banker, Algot Burman, departed a few days ago for India, accompanied by his intimate friend, B. Linderoth. The two gentlemen are to visit India for the purpose of participating in a lion and tiger hunt, which has been arranged for them by two of their English friends in Calcutta.

Stockholm's newest concert hall will be completed within a few days. It is located at Brunkebergstorg and has a seating capacity for 600 persons only. The hall has been dedicated to music and only those who are true music lovers are invited to patronize the talent which will here bid for applause.

The much talked of Strindberg theater will, if Architect Klemming has his way about it, be erected on [illegible], No. 28, and will be erected in the shape of an annex to that building. If this concession cannot be secured then the intention is to erect the theater at No. 14 Gotgatan.

There are at present 27,340 children enrolled in the public schools of Stockholm. This does not include pupils above 15 years who are attending the so-called high schools of Stockholm, which are equivalent to a college in the United States.

The twin brothers, Captain K. S. Sjobohm and Telegraph Operator Laurentius Sjobohm, celebrated their 60th birthday March 10. They are both residents of Vixio and both say that they are now in the prime of life.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Improvement is the order of the day, says a Christiania correspondent. This also holds good even for the methods of catching cod. For centuries the Norwegian fishermen have followed their primitive and ancient methods of catching fish and the majority of them still do it in the same old way. They use their small sailboats and rowboats and their old-fashioned implements. During the last two seasons, however, some changes have taken place, inasmuch as steam vessels and motorboats with all sorts of modern apparatus have put in their appearance. These new outfits are generally backed by city capital and they have great advantages over those clinging to the old ways. So far, continues the correspondent, the weather has been stormy and the catch of cod in the Lofoten islands has been comparatively small. The main part has been gathered by those using modern methods, as in their steam and motor boats they can go out on days too stormy for the small open boats. In other words it is something like a fight between the trusts and the *individual operators*. The latter disapprove much of the new methods, by which they claim that the cod is caught far out in the open sea and thus prevented from coming near enough to the shore for the old-fashioned fisherman to get his share. Their complaints are many also in regard to other features connected with the new methods of fishing, and they now want legislative restrictions against their modern competitors. Whether they will succeed or not remains to be seen, but should "politics happen to get into the affair"—who knows what the result will be.

Louis With, of Christiania, who is at present in America in the interest of the Washburn-Crosby Co., has given out the following interview, which shows that Norway has begun to wake up in regard to her economic welfare. For years, Mr. With says, the heavy stream of emigration has saddened the hearts of patriotic Norwegians, for while they realized that the young men and women leaving the old country would build up America and preserve the best traditions of the race in the new land, they could not but regret the loss of this fresh young blood to Norway. All this will change. The old political unrest has gone, the people are delighted with the personality of their young king and are in love with their queen. Michelson is giving attention to the upbuilding of the country. The mountains hold stores of iron and copper and latent water power that in this age of electricity can be developed to the great advantage of the country. American, English, French and German capital is knocking at the door, and all the money needed is available, but Michelson, while welcoming foreign capital in Norway, is determined that the regeneration of Norway shall be accomplished by the Norwegians themselves, and so it will be. When these things are done the sturdy sons of old Norway will not have to go across seas to find the opportunity for work. The atmosphere of Norway is filled with this new optimism.

Besides winter sports, concerts and balls there has been but little going on of importance in Christiania lately. One branch of sport which hitherto has not been general in Norway is fencing, but from now on it may be different. Some of the best European masters have been in Christiania showing their skill, and the Norwegian young men and women seem to have taken a great fancy for the proper handling of the rapier. Last week a prominent French and Danish master gave an exhibition which drew a distinguished crowd, including the royal family.

Christiania's harbors and wharves are undergoing great improvements at the present time. A so-called harbor railway is nearly finished and it will connect by rail the two different stations in Christiania, in other words, the railways of western Norway with those of eastern Norway, Trondhjem and Sweden. This new harbor railway will be taken through two tunnels and when completed it will be of great commercial value to Christiania and Norway in general.

On the evening of March 9 the artists of Christiania gave their masked ball at Grand hotel. This function is always considered the climax of the season's gayety, and this one proved to be a splendid success. The entrance fee was $10 a couple.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A delegation of Copenhagen business men departed for Cuba about a week ago where they will investigate at close range the opportunities for Danish export trade. Among the delegation are also three of the city's wealthiest tobacco dealers.

The patient on Ellehain's motor cycle has been sold in England, where a syndicate has been started with a capital of 500,000 francs. Branch offices and factories will be established in France and Germany.

The Folketing passed a bill last Tuesday adopting the introduction of the "meter system." The landsting had previously passed the same bill.

Editor Kjeist has sold the "Vestjyllands Dagblad" and book bindery to Editor Jerne, the proprietor of the "Herning Avis."

—MARION S. NORELIUS.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

EVENTS OF A WEEK THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Harry E. Burdette, for twenty years a practicing physician of St. Paul, is dead.

I. D. Swan, for more than forty years a resident of Rochester, is dead, aged eighty-four years.

Paul Caplazi, a resident of Stillwater for more than fifty years, is dead, aged seventy-nine.

William Lower, seventy-four years old, for many years station agent at Vernon Center, this state, is dead.

Mrs. Harriet L. Crane, one of the oldest residents of Blue Earth county, is dead at Good Thunder, aged ninety-five.

W. H. Knowlton, one of the oldest settlers of St. Cloud, is dead after a lingering illness. He was seventy years old.

Thomas McLaughlin, a former old resident of Wabasha city, is dead at Farm Hill, Olmsted county, aged seventy-six years.

Colonel W. W. Johnson is dead at Albert Lea, aged seventy-five years. He was one of the pioneer business men of that city, where he settled in the early seventies.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Hugh Johnson, an aged painter, while despondent over money matters, committed suicide by hanging at Minneapolis.

Louis Glau, a sectionhand, was instantly killed in the Milwaukee railroad yards in Minneapolis by being run down by a switch engine.

After one unsuccessful attempt to end his life Nels Peterson, a Minneapolis carpenter, succeeded in killing himself by hanging in the woodshed of his home.

Minneapolis is all stirred up officially over the charge of bribery against one of its aldermen, who is said to have asked the General Electric company for $15,000 to secure a favorable franchise.

Albert Staiger, a pioneer resident of Hay Creek, Goodhue county, was instantly killed in an accident at his home. Mr. Staiger was carrying a box of grain down the barn stairs and lost his balance and fell headforemost down the stairs. He was found dead by his son-in-law a few minutes after the accident.

Mrs. Matt Biersdorf, a prominent resident of Owatonna, is in a critical condition as the result of a runaway accident. Mrs. Biersdorf was driving when her carriage was run down by a runaway team. She was thrown from the rig and trampled upon by the horses, serious and perhaps fatal injuries being inflicted.

GENERAL NEWS.

Seeding is in progress in several parts of Blue Earth county.

J. W. Morrison, general yardmaster of the Great Northern, has been appointed superintendent of the St. Paul Union depot.

The condition of Judge Lovely, who is seriously ill at Albert Lea, has not materially changed during the last few days, although he seems to be losing his physical strength.

Minneapolis painters have voted to strike unless their demands for a raise of 5 cents an hour from the present rate of 40 cents be granted them by the master painters.

Six hundred team owners employed in various capacities by the city of Minneapolis have asked for an increase of 20 per cent in wages. The city council has granted the demand.

Rumor among the lumbermen of Minneapolis indicates that a secret agent of the federal government is making a quiet investigation into the so-called "lumber trust" and that he has attended some of the hearings of the legislative committee which is investigating the same matter.

With 513 civil actions set for trial at the coming term of the Hennepin county district court the judges will be called upon to dispose of the largest civil calendar in the last twelve years. Not since the April term of court in 1893 have so many civil actions been placed upon the calendar.

J. H. Ryan, state hotel inspector, who was appointed two years ago, has tendered his resignation to the governor. Mr. Ryan says that the fees received from the annual inspection of state hotels did not cover his traveling expenses and that he used part of his private means to carry on the work.

The vote on license at Dunnell, in Martin county, was a tie and as the council elected favored license the saloons were notified that they could continue to run. County Attorney Palmer, however, has notified them that if they sell intoxicating liquor they will be prosecuted on the ground that license did not carry.

The meat dealers of Rochester have been relieved from the necessity of killing all their meat in a public abattoir, as voted at the recent election, on condition that they equip their slaughterhouses according to the requirements of the state law and that their meat pass the examination of a city inspector, who is also to be the inspector of milk.

State Auditor Iverson has issued a booklet entitled "Great Opportunities in Minnesota." The booklet contains full information regarding the sale of school and other state lands during June and July. Each county is dealt with separately and the booklet is illustrated with views of farms throughout the state where the land is to be offered for sale.

COMPROMISE PROPOSED.

Railroads Make Offer to Minnesota Legislature.

St. Paul, March 26.—The railroads doing business in Minnesota have made a compromise proposition to the conference committee from the house and senate which is considering the proposed 2-cent passenger fare bill. In return for a bill fixing the maximum passenger fare at 2½ cents instead of 2 cents, as proposed, the railroads agree to the following concessions:

First—Grant a reduction in commodity rates of 13⅓ per cent, based on schedules prepared by Mr. Staples of the railroad commission.

Second—Agree to continue all present accommodations enjoyed by the public in the way of special excursion rates, etc.

Third—Not to raise any freight rates beyond the present rate.

Fourth—To put on sale 1,000-mile interchangeable mileage books at the rate of 2 cents a mile, the purchaser to always have the privilege of returning unused portions and receiving money back.

Fifth—To place on sale 500-mile family mileage books, good on the road of issue and good until used up, to be used by any member of a family, at 2 cents a mile.

Sixth—Round trip tickets anywhere within the state at 2 cents a mile, good at any time, and returnable at any time or money back.

Seventh—The withdrawal of the ten injunction suits pending in the federal court, the state also to withdraw its suits in the state courts.

QUIT WORK TO HUNT GOLD.

Many Farmers of Winona County Turn Prospectors.

Winona, Minn., March 27.—Gold has been discovered in this county within a few miles of St. Charles. The ore was found on the Gainey farm and it is said that there is a tract of fifteen acres in which pay dirt is plentiful.

The farm belongs to the family of Deputy Boiler Inspector Gainey. The first ore was discovered some time ago and, while the family was convinced that there was gold present in considerable quantities, before announcement of the find was made samples of the ore were sent away for assay. The result, which has just been received, shows that the metal runs in good pay quantities.

The gold fever has caught practically all the farmers in that section and they have left the more peaceful pursuit of agriculture and have turned prospectors. Spring work is being neglected while they dig holes in their farms in the hope of finding fortunes.

PRISON SENTENCE UPHELD.

Dr. Force of Minneapolis Must Go to Penitentiary.

St. Paul, March 28.—Dr. Jacob F. Force of Minneapolis, former vice president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, will spend the next three and a half years at the state prison at Stillwater under the terms of a decision by the state supreme court denying his appeal from his conviction in the district court of Minneapolis.

Dr. Force was convicted of appropriating $675 of the funds of the company while he was its vice president and three other indictments charging similar offenses were not tried. He was convicted May 29, 1906. Dr. Force is now in California, having been released on bail pending a decision on his appeal.

TWO TRAINMEN KILLED.

Northern Pacific Passenger Derailed Near Carlton, Minn.

Carlton, Minn., March 28.—Engineer Thomas M. Quinlan and Fireman Arnold Mehalkomer of St. Paul were killed and one passenger injured in the derailment of a Northern Pacific passenger train two and a half miles east of here. A broken rail is believed to have caused the disaster.

The train was speeding at a rate of forty miles an hour when it struck the bad track and the men killed had no notice of their fate.

The engine, mail car and combination baggage and smoking car were piled up in the ditch, the dead men being taken from under the wreckage.

ANGRY LOVER SHOOTS.

Farmhand Near Marshall, Minn., Attempts to Kill Girl's Mother.

Marshall, Minn., March 26.—Mrs. Francis Loke, wife of a farmer, was shot and dangerously wounded by Jake Boardman, a farmhand who had been refused permission by Mrs. Loke to marry her sixteen-year-old daughter. The shot entered her side over the heart. She will probably recover. Boardman has been arrested.

Woman Attempts Suicide.

St. Paul, April 1.—Mrs. E. M. McDermott, 268 Robertson street, was found unconscious in a pool of blood at her home. There is a long gash in her throat and a blood-stained razor was beside her. The police were notified and she was taken to the city hospital. The windpipe was not severed, but it is said that the injury probably will prove fatal. Mrs. McDermott had been despondent for some months on account of ill health.

Win Racquet Championship.

Boston, April 1.—It required only thirty minutes for Robert D. Wrenn and Reginald Fincke of the Racquet and Tennis club of New York to win the racquet championship in doubles by defeating Willing Spencer and Edgar Scott of the Philadelphia Racquet and Tennis club in four straight games 15-4; 15-0; 15-0; 15-8.

MAY ISSUE ITS STOCK

MINNESOTA COURT DISSOLVES INJUNCTION AGAINST THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Minneapolis Laborer Kills His Wife, Attempts to Shoot His Daughter and Then Ends His Own Life—Great Northern Stockholder Begins Action to Prevent Transfer of Ore Lands to Steel Trust—General State News.

St. Paul, March 29.—The Great Northern Railway company may increase its capital stock by $60,000,000 without the consent of the state railroad and warehouse commission. The state supreme court has declared invalid the law requiring railroad corporations to secure the consent of the commission for stock issues.

The supreme court decision reverses Judge Oscar Hallam of the Ramsey county district court, who held that the law is valid, and who had granted the application of Attorney General E. T. Young for an injunction restraining the Great Northern from issuing the stock.

The court sustains the contention of the railroad company that the law is invalid in that it delegates legislative authority to an administrative body. The court holds that passing on proposed stock issues in the manner prescribed by the law is purely a legislative function, and that under the constitution the legislature has no power to delegate its powers. The other contention of the railroad, that the railroad under its charter has authority to increase its stock and that therefore the law is an impairment of contract, the court does not agree with.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Minneapolis Man Kills His Wife and Himself.

Minneapolis, April 1.—A murder, an attempted murder and a suicide ended a series of family troubles in this city.

The principal in the tragedy was Joseph D. Havel, who shot his wife, killing her instantly, fired once at his nineteen-year-old daughter Rose, and ended by blowing out his brains.

The affair occurred at a boarding-house kept by the woman at 1924 Washington avenue north. It is believed that the motive for the murder was revenge.

Havel and his wife had been living apart and the man had been warned by the police to let the woman alone. Havel, however, disregarded the warning and went to the back door of the house, where he met his wife.

The woman was frightened at seeing her husband and ran into the house, but he pushed the door open and followed her to the dining room. He drew a revolver from his hip pocket and fired two shots at the woman, both of which took effect in her head just over the left ear, killing her instantly.

Before any effort could be made to stop him he turned and ran back to the kitchen, through which he had passed when pursuing his wife, and where their daughter Rose was at work. He stopped and fired one shot at the girl, but the bullet went wide of its mark.

Without waiting to see the effect of that shot, Havel placed the muzzle of the revolver against his own head, fired two shots and died almost instantly.

WOULD BLOCK ORE DEAL.

Suit Brought by Great Northern Stockholder.

St. Paul, March 29.—Clarence H. Venner, well known for his propensity for litigation, has commenced an action in the district court asking that a receiver be named for the Lake Superior company. Besides the latter corporation the Great Northern Railway company, James J. Hill, Louis W. Hill, Robert I. Farrington and James N. Hill, Louis W. Hill, Walter J. Hill and Edward T. Nichols, trustees, are named as parties defendant.

Plaintiff seeks to declare null and void certain agreements between the Great Northern and Lake Superior companies and to have the property of the latter converted into cash and distributed among the Great Northern stockholders, of whom the plaintiff himself is one.

MONEY FOR POOR OF ST. PAUL.

Minnesota Supreme Court Decides Appleby Will Case.

St. Paul, March 29.—The state supreme court has affirmed the decision of Judge Bunn of the Ramsey county district court in the so-called Appleby will case, in which Dr. T. E. V. Appleby sought to break the will of his wife. The opinion of the supreme court was written by Judge Brown. Judge Jaggard dissented from the opinion of the majority of the court, holding that the ante-nuptial agreement was void. Dr. Appleby receives by the decision $10,000 a year, as fixed by the ante-nuptial agreement, the great part of the estate amounting to about $2,000,000, going to constitute the Wilder charity for the worthy poor of St. Paul.

McCleary Takes Oath of Office.

Washington, March 29.—Former Representative James T. McCleary of Minnesota has been sworn in as second assistant postmaster general in succession to William S. Shallenberger, resigned. The office was held by General Shallenberger for ten years and he vacated it in order to engage in private business.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Mar. 22, 1907.
Date of Call by Supt. Mar. 26, 1907.
Date of Report by Bank Mar. 30, 1907.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$37,008 95
Overdrafts		101 56
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,119 78
Due from banks	10,743 95	
Checks and Cash items	277 99	
Currency	1,740	
Gold	440	
Silver	998 05	
Other	168 07	
Total Cash Assets		14,223 06
Total		59,142 35
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$30,000
Undivided Profits, Net		113 05
Deposits subject to check	17,637 70	
Total Immediate liabilities	17,637 70	
Time Certificates	11,390 70	
Total deposits	29,028 40	29,028 40
Total		59,142 35

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss.
I, T. P. Hamre, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. T. P. Hamre, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of April, 1907. D. B. Bakke, Notary Public
[SEAL]
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.,
My commission expires March 4th, 1911.
Attest: (Two) A. M. Langseth,
Directors. Lars Backe

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Mar. 22, 1907

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$109,884 55
Overdrafts		2,567 57
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800 00
Other real estate		2,003 41
Due from banks	39,901 79	
Checks and Cash Items	753 09	
Cash on Hand, items below	9,444 01	
Currency	6,487	
Gold	1,530	
Silver	1,246	
Other	181 01	
Total Cash Assets	50,108 89	50,108 89
Total		167,264 42
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		1,182 15
Dividends Unpaid	100	
Deposits subject to check	68,405 09	
Demand certificates	6,537 90	
Due to Banks	1,961 45	
Total immediate liabilities	77,004 44	
Time certificates	77,077 83	
Total deposits	154,082 27	154,082 27
Total		167,264 42

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss.
I, H. G. Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of Apr. 1907. L. G. Browning, [SEAL]
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Feb. 18, 1908.
ATTEST: (TWO) L. M. HOAG.
DIRECTORS. PHIL. W. MARKY.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April, 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jerry O'Brien of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1126 made April 10, 1905, for the N. W. ¼ Section 32, Township 153 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndress, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Katie O'Brien, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 4 may 2

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Katie O'Brien, of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. 1127 made April 10, 1905, for the Lots 1, 2, & E½ N.W. ¼ Section 31, Township 153 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndress, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Jerry O'Brien, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 4 may 2

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If
your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses.

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1907 NUMBER 15

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.
Historical Society

PASS HUNT A HOT ONE.

Red Lake River Transportation Company Says Who Is Who.

He in No Way Represents the Stockholders of This Association.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Red Lake River Transportation company was held a week ago Saturday at Highlanding and about seventy farmers were in attendance.

It was voted that the freight boat to be built should be 50 x 14 feet instead of 40 x 12 as had been previously agreed upon. The contract for the construction of the boat was let to Ole J. Hanson, who gave bonds in the sum of $3,000 to have the boat completed and in running order by the 10th day of June. Mr. Hanson was advanced $800 upon the contract.

A committee consisting of James O'Brien, Ole Howard and Joseph Duchamp was named to come to Thief River Falls and confer with D. N. Winton in regard to using the lumber company's small boat for passenger service.

W. G. Hunt was present and presented a bill for $40 for publishing articles of incorporation. As it was alleged Mr. Hunt was to do this work free of charge, it not being required by law that these articles of incorporation be published, considerable discussion followed and the result was that Hunt was allowed $20. Then the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, an alleged newspaper published at Sunbeam by one W. G. Hunt has made many petit attacks upon the city of Thief River Falls, giving the impression that there is enmity existing between the residents of the eleven towns and the city of Thief River Falls.

And, whereas, the said Hunt has further taken it upon himself to make it appear that he was the mouthpiece of the Red Lake River Transportation company, an organization composed of nearly one hundred farmers residing along the Red Lake river in the eleven towns, and was organized for the purpose of promoting commerce between the farmers of the eleven towns and the business men of the city of Thief River Falls, for the mutual advantage of both the farmers and the business men of the two places.

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that we repudiate all statements which the said Hunt has made in his paper, and wish to have it emphatically understood that the said Hunt is not an officer or in any way connected with the management of the Red Lake River Transportation company and that any statements he has made in the past or may make in the future are his personal ones and in no way reflect the sentiment of the stockholders in the Red Lake River Transportation company.

Be it futher resolved that this resolution be published in the Thief River Falls NEWS.

Red Lake River Transportation Co.,
JAMES O'BRIEN, President.
T. S. JACOBSON, Secretary.

Prof. Hay to Deliver Address.

It was quite a disappointment to Prof. Kisser and the students of the Warren Business School as well as to the citizens of Warren that the commencement exercises scheduled for last Friday evening could not be held owing to the non-arrival of the lecturer, Byron W. King, who was to deliver the address of the occasion. Mr. King missed his train at Omaha, and could not get here in time. The exercises therefore have been postponed to April 26, when Prof. J. H. Hay, of Thief River Falls will deliver the commencement address.—Warren Sheaf.

Married Yesterday.

At the home of the bride's parents in the town of Clover Leaf yesterday afternoon, occured the the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Duchamp, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Duchamp to Rudolph Manthy, one of the energetic and hustling young farmers of the town of Grand Plane. Both parties are well known in Thief River Falls and the NEWS joins with their many friends in wishing them a happy and properous life.

WESLEY IS NOW CRANKY

Convicted Murderer of Dahl Greatly Changed in Bearing.

Work of Securing Jury For Fournier's Trial Still Proceeding.

Reports from Bemidji are to the effect that James "Shorty" Wesley, convicted on the charge of having killed N. O. Dahl, is standing pat relative to confessing any knowledge of or connection with the Dahl murders. Wesley, up to the time of his conviction and afterwards, was cheerful and conversed freely with those in the jail with whom he came in contact. His attitude during this past three days has changed materially. He is cranky and about every other word he utters is an oath. He talks but little and is keeping up a good front, but it is believed he will break down and tell of his connection with the tragedies which occured near Quiring.

The same intense interest is being shown in the trial of Paul Fournier, charged with the murder of N. O. Dahl, as was evinced in the trial of Wesley. The work of securing a jury for the Fournier trial was necessarily slow; counsel for both the state and defense question every veniremen very closely.

A jury was secured Monday morning. Fournier continues composed and collected. He is neatly dressed and his face wears a determined look.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday April 14.
Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

TEACHERS ARE HIRED

School Board Selects Faculty For the Next School Year.

Thirteen of the Present Teachers Will Return Next Year.

The following teachers have been re-elected and signed contracts to teach during the next school year:

Prof. J. H. Hay, Misses Anand, Marsh, Nickerson, Wilhelm, Backe, Schrapel, McGinn, Day, Lakin, Reiner, Lind and Danielson.

The following teachers were re-elected but resigned: Misses Carlson, Shaven, Rumsey, Pryor, Osborn, McDougal and Coleman.

Miss Hill did not again apply for a school here, having accepted a position in the Minneapolis school.

The following new teachers were elected:

Miss Clarice Grindeland, of Warren, assistant principal of high school.

Miss Evelyn King, of Ceylon, Minn., seventh grade.

Miss Tillie Johnson, of New York Mills, second grade.

Miss Gertude Meehan, city, second grade.

Miss McCrum, city, second grade.

Miss Myrtle A. Wold, of Lake Benton second grade.

There are still two more teachers to be hired, a principal of the high school and a teacher for the Normal department.

The salaries paid the teachers are not made public at this time.

POINTERS BY BORRY.

Local Photographer Gives His Thoughts on Posing.

Don't primp. Don't make of your hair such a spectacle that it attracts attention from your face. Don't color your face. Don't attract attention to jewelry. A wrinkled hand may be beautiful—one with a mass of metal and stones is not so. The consciousness that the rings are there is expressed in the face.

At the last meeting of the National Photographers' Association a photographer of national reputation related his experience with a subject which is only slightly more ludicrous than some of the daily experiences of every artist.

A woman past middle life had by some chance become suddenly wealthy. She applied at the studio for a sitting. One hand was heavily loaded with rings. Upon learning the price she decided to look further. She soon returned, however, declaring that though his price was higher he made his subjects look better, and so she preferred to pay the difference. She sat, and as she did so, presistently stuck up the ringed hand into great prominence. The artist finally asked her to dispose of the hand in some less offensive position. But she declined saying that she thought she was paying him enough for the job so he could afford to take the rings too.

She had recognized the superior attractiveness of his work, but did not discern that the cause was in elimination of inartistic features and insistence upon simplicity.

Don't go to the studio with the purpose of taking your own picture or with a feeling of serious responsibility in the matter. It is enough for you to do to bring your own true natural self there. Let the artist do the rest. Don't make a dummy of yourself upon which to display frills and baubles. Don't wear the new dress because it is new. Wear the one best suited for the purpose. In nine cases out of ten some older gown is better, even a very old one, for the new one is very likely to be stiff and intractable. Soft goods that falls into flowing lines are best. Not to startle you, your night-gown would be your best gown for a picture if it were drawn to approximate the lines of the figure.

Chicago social leaders are now wearing kimonas in the studio. The results, though by no means ideal, are an artistic revelation to themselves and their friends and a mighty relief to the artists. A plain gown, without distinct figure, and of such softness as to fall in uninterrupted, sweeping lines, following the figure from neck to feet, is most suitable.

Don't wear a linen shirt-waist, with long sleeves, stiff cuffs, and high neck stock. Don't visit a studio for a sitting when you are not feeling well or when you are tired or hungry. Upon entering a studio don't add gray hairs to the artist by telling him you had rather have a tooth pulled any time than have your picture taken, nor ask him if his camera is insured. Don't prepare a child's mind for the mysterious performance of picture-taking, but lead it unconsciously into the studio, where it may find diversion among toys and pictures. It is the artist's work to catch the opportunity, and the moment is when the child is itself and not a prompted statue, prim and primped.

Years ago I had an extreme illustration of this fault. A little boy had been especially well coached for the task. He was prepared to do his utmost to help the man out, and his efforts were indeed strenuous. I asked him to close his mouth and he sealed it with a pronounced pucker. "Not so tightly, my boy," I said, whereupon the mouth flew open to the limit. A painful case of self-consciousness in a child.

The list of don't might be continued indefinitely but, the list of do's though a short one, will make an extension of the don't list unnecessary.

Concerning dress favorable to best photographic results: In case of doubt, consult the artist. Then, for your own sake, for your friend's sake (including the artist), bring your own true, artless, soulful self to the camera and you will not be disappointed.

J. BORRY.

AGAIN STARTS UP.

Fosston Woolen Mills Now Being Operated By Patrick & Co.

Fosston, Minn., April 8.—After remaining idle almost all winter, the woolen mill resumed operations last Monday. The spinning jacks have been busy turning out warp this week and the merry clatter of the looms will be heard during the first part of next week. During its period of idleness, general manager John Neilson has been at work repairing the machinery and getting everything in good condtion for a long and prosperous season.—Business Manager I. O. Brandt has employed almost all the former employees and affairs will soon be moving along with clock like precision, no time being lost in instructing the new employees. Claude Neilson has been secured as foreman for the loom room and as yet the second floor is under the supervision of John Neilson. The tailoring department has been taken out and the cloth will be shipped to Duluth, where the firm has their large tailoring department already operating about 100 sewing machines. It is the purpose of the new owners, F. A. Patrick & Co., to increase the output of the mill and increase the number of men employed.

Bemidji to Have a Fair.

At a meeting of the membership of the Bemidji Commercial club held last week, it was the sense of the meeting that they should hold a fair this fall. At the meeting the club passed a resolution wherein they showed their willingness to assist in making a fair a success. The fair committee will now confer with the Agricultural association and in all probability a date for the holding of the same will be set.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

BOYCOTT A POSTMASTER

Residents of Plummer Have Adopted a New Method.

Are Now Mailing All of Their Letters on the Train.

The residents of the village of Plummer have invented a new boycott. For some time past the business men of this village have been in an open war against Charles W. Latta, the editor and propietor of the Plummer Pioneer, and withdrew all of their patronage from the paper. As a result the Pioneer has appeared each week and although it does not contain the advertisement of any business house in Plummer, it dishes up a few hot roasts for some of the residents of that place each week. Mr. Latta also happens to be the postmaster and has a little over three years more to serve before his term of office expires. His salary depends upon the number of stamps canceled, and in order to deprive Mr. Latta of revenue he would otherwise secure from the canceling of stamps, the people of that place make it a point to mail all of their letters on the train, and are conducting a campaign to induce all others to do likewise. As a result the postmaster editor is not making much money out of the office and the war goes on.

Filing On Land.

Crookston Times; During the past few days, or since the order was received at the Crookston land office restoring the lands to homestead entry which were withdrawn last fall, pending a government survey, the land office in this city has a rush of business and every day several applicants have filed on government land which was restored by the recent order. That they will have to promise to pay for their share of any drainage that the government decides to do later on does not seem to deter any one from making entry, as they consider that the land is well worth the price and any damage which is done will be more of a benefit to the land than the amount which they will be assessed to pay for it.

Prospects Good.

It was clearly the intention of the new council at their first meeting last Tuesday night to take up the work of putting in the municipal electric light plant where the old councils left off. The work of securing a contract from the lumber company will be pushed as fast as possible, and if a favorable contract is secured the plans will follow in a few days and the actual work begin. In a very short time the matter ought to be definitely settled—St. HilaireSpectator.

Gordon Hats, Any Style $3.00.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Crossett Shoes, All Leather, $3.50 & $5

The Family Shoe Store.

Take a peep the next time you are along whether you want shoes or not. and see what masterful way we have prepared for the spring shoe business.

Men's Shoes, high or low cuts, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 to 750.

Ladies' Shoes, any leather, any style, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00 3.50, to 4.00.

Misses', Children's and Boys' .75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50.

All sorts of shoe wants well provided for, and done the way we always do things. That means not only a large variety for selection, but better shoes for your money. We'll get your business if you are realy in earnest about getting the best shoes your money can buy. We are ready to show you when you are ready to look.

THE GOLDEN RULE SHOE DEPT.
- - - THE HOME OF - - -
H. S. & M. SUITS. H. S. & M. OVERCOATS.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	69c
Oats	35c
Flax	$1 01
Eggs	15c
Butter	2 c
Creamery butter	30c

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 6.—Wheat—May, 78⅛c; July, 80@80⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81¼@81⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 80¼@80⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅛@78⅜c; No. 3 Northern, 75@76c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 6.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.25. Hogs—$6.50@6.65. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@6.30; good to prime lambs, $5.25 @7.60.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 6.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 81¼c; No. 1 Northern, 80¼c; No. 2 Northern, 78¾c; May, 79½c; July, 80⅞c; Sept., 80c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16¾; May, $1.16¾; July, $1.18½; June, $1.17½; Oct., $1.16¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 6.—Wheat—May, 76¼c; July, 78⅜c. Corn—May, 46c; July, 46¼c. Oats—May, 42⅝c; July, 37⅝@37⅞c. Pork—May, $15.85; July, $15.95. Butter—Creameries, 22@29½c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 13½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 6.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.70; cows, $1.80@5.00; heifers, $2.75@5.40; calves, $5.25@7.50; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.70; poor to medium, $1.25@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.85@5.00. Hogs—Light, $6.60@6.80; mixed, $6.60@6.82½; heavy, $6.45@6.80; rough, $6.45@6.60; pigs, $6.00@6.70; good to choice heavy, $6.70@6.80. Sheep, $4.50@6.85; lambs, $6.25@8.30.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk

James O'Brien was down from Kratka last week.

Register of Deeds Quist spent Sunday in the city.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

H. H. Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, in the city last Friday.

J. J. Weeks was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

S. S. Warren, White Earth, was in the city Sunday.

Michael Fricker was up from St. Hilaire last week.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Joseph Duchamp was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

160 acres of land to trade for horses or cattle. W. J. LaBree.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Sex Bulman came down from the Red Lake country last week.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

County Attorney Germo was in the city the first of the week.

Dan Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph returned the first of the week from his trip to Iowa.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city the first of the week.

H. Fant left Monday for Grand Forks to attend to business matters for a few days.

K. M. Hansen and family removed to this city last Friday from Red Lake Falls.

For Rent—The Miller building on La Bree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

C. A. Turner, the Crookston creamery man, was in the city the first of the week.

Miss Sarah Vaughan, of Germantown, visited with friends in the city last week.

Ben Christienson last week sold his residence on the East Side to J. P. Curtis.

Andrew T. Nelson and family removed out to their claim near Highlanding Tuesday.

Rev. Flesher is at Hawley this week attending a conference of Crookston District.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw entertained a large company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon.

D. N. Winton left Monday evening for Milwaukee to attend to business matters for a week.

—For Sale—All of my household goods. Almost new. D. W. Vessey, Dobner-Meehan block.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Dr. Barke returned Monday from a trip to Minneapolis where he had spent a week visiting friends.

Daniel Shaw and F. S. Doege returned last Friday from their trip to the Canadian Northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Tautges went down to Minneapolis last week to spend a few days visiting friends.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday and held services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of that place.

Mrs. Joe Sally and son arrived here from Red Lake Falls Monday and will spend a week with Mrs. Fred Holzknecht.

Ed. Porter was in the city the first of the week visiting old friends. He was enroute from the Canadian Northwest to St. Paul.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last Friday. He will return to this city the first of next week and commence work upon his building.

Franklin Jackson last week purchased an acre of land on the south side of the lumber company's yards of Fred Holzknecht and will erect a home upon the same.

O. A. Brager was pleasantly surprised Monday evening by a large number of his friends, the occasion being in honor of his birthday on that date. He was presented with a handsome fob.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

While experimenting in the labratory of the Glenwood high school several pupils were badly injured last week by the explosion of an unknown mixture of chemicals. One boy had his neck cut by flying glass, another may lose the sight of an eye and others were less seriously hurt.

Many people are ignorant of the fact that they should report all births and deaths to the president of the board of health and in case there is no board of health, to the town clerk. Failure to report these in ten days is considered as a misdemeanor and subject to a fine from $5 to $25.

Minnie Smith and Fred Hanibal were each fined $200 and costs last week by Judge Watts for running a house of ill fame in this city. Judge Watts gave the two to understand that if they were ever brought before his court again charged with a similar offense, they would not get off so easily.

At McIntosh the newly elected council under a mistaken idea, did not qualify for office or take the reins of office until the first Tuesday in April. The question now arises, not having qualified or assumed office within the ten days as provided by law, whether the new set can now assume the duties of office.

The case against H. B. Blackey was not tried at this term of court. Mr. Blackey appeared at Red Lake Falls with his witnesses and demanded an immediate trial, but the county attorney said that a material witness, T. H. Omlid, of Silvertown, who is now out in Montana, could not be secured and the case was postponed until the October term. Mr. Blackey was allowed to go without furnishing a bond.

Lewis Sieff, accompanied by ten or twelve men and boys from this vicinity, left Monday evening for Billings, Montana, where they will put in the summer at railroad work. Mr. Sieff and his partner have a large contract out there and will rush it through with all possible speed from now on. The care of horses were also shipped to that point the same evening by Mr. Sieff.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Miss Inga Viker left for Hillsboro on Thursday.

I. I. Hillestade spent Sunday with his family at Fosston.

Bob Lonson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Mrs Walter Rosenbury entertained a company of lady friends Tuesday afternoon.

The Ladies of the Swedish Mission church will meet with Mrs. John J. Fillman next Saturday at 2 o'clock.

-Notice—You will have to hurry if you want any of these famous penny photos. Located only for a short time. Hicks building.

Miss Jose Midgaarden, who had been visiting with Mrs. E. B. Bakke, returned to her duties at the Fosston schools on Saturday.

The Swedish Mission congregation will hold services in the mission church on the East Side next Sunday at 11 o'clock. Rev. M. Dalquist of Warren will deliver the sermon.

The presentation of the "Cheerful Liar" by the senior high school class last Friday evening was a big success in every way, and the participants are entitled to great praise for the masterly manner in which they presented the comedy. This was the first annual class play of the Thief River Falls high school and the present senior class has set a pace that will be hard for subsequent classes to keep up with. Each and every one who took part in the play acted his or her part in a decidedly professional way.

A mercantile company posted a large poster on a bridge. The wind caused it to flutter and scare a team. This tipped the wagon over, broke two dozen eggs, a hame strap, the driver's leg and an axle-tree. The horses ran away and run through a garden, tipped a beehive over the bees stung the young lady of the house until her lip swelled to such proportions that her best fellow left her and went to the Philippines. The driver sued the firm for damages; one hundred witnesses were called. When they were asked what was on the poster none of them could tell. Moral: Paste your advertisement on the home paper and keep it alive not the paper, but the ad.

—Coroner Joseph Belair was called to Wyandotte yesterday, by a message announcing that a man was found dead in that township. On arriving there Mr. Belair found it to be Ole T. Omoth, who lived alone on Section 18 of Wyandotte. Mr. Omoth was here last week on the petit jury but was excused on account of illness and left for home. He went out from St. Hilaire and seemed to be feeling better for a few days. A young man from a neighboring farm assisted him with his chores, and on going to the Omoth place yesterday morning he found him dead in a chair. Heart failure was the cause of his death. Mr. Omoth was a bachelor and had lived in that part of the county for a great many years.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Much has been said and written as to the crop outlook for the Northwest for the coming summer and while the greater portion of this talk is purely speculative, there is a general feeling of optimism as to the outcome which has not been apparent for years. Just what is the cause for this would be hard to say. The weather has not been more favorable so far than it has for years, but perhaps the greatest factor in causing this feeling is the generally prevalent idea that the exceptionally deep snow was a splendid thing for the land. Whether there is any foundation for this belief remains to be seen, but it is a fact that it is held by a great many of those who would be in a position to know considerable about crop conditions.

It is a strenuous job to hold certain offices in Beltrami county, which is as big as some states and is almost a wilderness in certain parts. As an instance last week W. B. Stewart, superintendent of the Beltrami county schools went from Bemidji to Thief River Falls in Red Lake county in order to reach a number of rural schools in northwestern Beltrami county. Even after reaching that city Mr. Stewart was fifty or more miles from his destination and had to drive from there northeast on the Grygla road to the rural districts east of there, making a trip of several hundred miles in all. To get to Beaudette and other towns on the international boundary line it is necessary to go by rail via Winnipeg, a distance of 400 or 500 miles.—Ada Index.

The making of boxes use annually an enormous amount of lumber. A circular recently issued by the forest service department of agriculture gives the number of box factories in the six New England states alone in 1906 as 344. The consumption of lumber in the same was 600,463,000 board feet. The woods used were white pine, spruce, hemlock, beech, birch, maple, fir and a few other kinds. The regrettable feature about the whole matter is that all this material when used but once was practically destroyed. It was turned into kindling wood. To prevent this waste, the effort is now being made to put boxes on the market that can be folded up each time when they have served their purpose and be sent back again. It will be a great matter if some such system can be introduced.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Miss Lakin went down to St. Hilaire Tuesday evening.

W. A. Tautges was down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

S. T. Johnson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

C. M. Gillette was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Wanted—A good girl for general housework. Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Attorney Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mike McAndress was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday and sold four horses while here.

O. W. Siminson, a former wheat buyer, of this city now located at Inkster, N. D., is in the city.

Mrs. John Skog, who had been visiting friends at Deer Creek, returned to this city last week.

George Diebel and Will Johnson left Tuesday evening for Devils Lake, N. D., to spend a few days.

Judge Knight arrived in the city Tuesday. He spent the winter with his son up in the big fork country.

Elling Brevick, who had been visiting with friends at Crookston, returned to this city the first of the week.

Steve Nelson was up from St. Hilaire yesterday. He is going to work for the East Grand Forks Lumber company this season.

Dr. Booren the first of the week let the contract for the construction of the new house he will erect on the East Side to Ed. Krohn.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets Thursday, the 18th at the usual hour with Mrs. H. P. Sponheim. All cordially invited.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday at 7.45. All welcome.

I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Fr. Charles, formerly pastor of St. Bernard's church in this city was up from Moorhead the first of the week visiting with old friends.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow evening. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusements and refreshments will be served.

Just a year ago to-day the saw mill started up last season and one year the mill was started up in March. This year the ice will probably not go out much before to 20th.

Mrs. J. J. Crowe was very pleasantly surprised on Tuesday evening by a number of the older residents of the city, the occassion being the anniversary of her birth. A very enjoyable time was had by all.

The Conklin Boiler Works have nearly completed the Carmichael milking machine and expect to have one all completed in a week or so. There seems to be very little doubt but that the machine will do the work of milking cows, and if it proves a success it will make a fortune for the inventor.

Attorney W. A. Tautges has formed a partnership with Col. Douna, one of the leading attorneys in Minneapolis, and expects to leave for that city in the near future. Mr. Tautges is somewhat reluctant about leaving this city, having built up a large practice here, and if he goes to Minneapolis will continue to keep a branch office here for the next few months and not get out of touch with local affairs.

ABANDON N. D.

Liquor Men Find That New Law Is a Strict One.

The agents of brewing companies have practically decided to abandon North Dakota as far as traveling salesman are concerned before the new liquor law goes into effect July 1. The new law providing that liquor can be seized and confiscated wherever found has resulted in business being completely demoralized.

Three traveling salesmen for liquor houses and who make Grand Forks their headquarters have already handed in their resignations and several others have stated that they will do so in the next few weeks.

The attitude of Governor Burke, who insists on the enforcement of the liquor laws and the fact that a temperance commissioner is already at work, has resulted in the lid being tighter in North Dakota than at any time since the prohibition law was passed. That there will be a great drouth after July 1 is certain. Some rabid resubmissionists are in favor of a strict enforcement of the law as they claim it will mean high license before a great while.

Dieted 110 Days.

Last fall a bunch of hogs got snowed under in a hay stack on the farm of George N. Brown of Antwerp. Mr. Brown the next day shoveled them out as he supposed, but one day last week after the thawout one lone hog came out of the stack, after an imprisonment of 110 days. It was very poor and almost nude, as it had worn the hair off its back chasing around through the hay.—Grand Forks Times.

FOR A NEW COUNTY SEAT REMOVAL PETITION

New Petition to Be Circulated and Filed to Take the Place of the Stolen Petition.

Thief River Falls to Continue the Fight Until the Voter Are Given an Opportunity to Decide.

As will be seen by an official notice published in this issue of the News, notice is given of the intention to start circulating a petition calling for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. The stealing of the original county seat removal petition makes this step necessary and yesterday notices were posted in Red Lake Falls and this week will be published in the papers of Red Lake county.

A little over two years ago the first fight for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls was commenced and while the down river town started an endless amount of litigation, they could not have prevented an election being held this summer had not the original county seat petition been stolen. The fight now commences again practically where it started two years ago with the exception that the county now has a county auditor who will not have to be mandamused to do his duty, and a court commissioner that will not issue fake injunctions.

The new petition will be circulated and prepared in the same careful manner that the old one was, and no loop hole will be left for the Red Lake Falls people to crawl out of. It is now the intention to furnish the auditor with a safe in which to keep the petition and no opportunity will be allowed any sneak thief to get his hands upon it.

Owing to the increase in the vote of Red Lake county at the last election, it will be necessary to secure a larger petition than the one originally filed and in the neighborhood of 1800 signatures will be required to secure the 60 per cent. The old petition had in the neighborhood of 2,200 and it is the intention to secure more upon this petition if possible.

Wednesday, May 1st, is the day designated for starting to circulate the new petition and sixty days is allowed in which to finish the work. It is quite likely that most of the sixty days will be used to circulate the new petition as it is the intention of having as few as possible in the field doing the work and a thorough canvass of the entire county will be made.

Many farmers living in various parts of the county have already volunteered their services to the committee and some have come forward with cash contributions to help pay the expenses. From all appearences there is more interest taken in the country than in the city and when once the matter gets before the voters of Red Lake county there is very little doubt but that Thief River Falls will receive a large majority of the votes.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday the First day of May A. D. 1907, the undersigned along with other legal voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will begin the circulation of a petition among the legal voters of said County of Red Lake, addressed to the County Board of said Red Lake County, the object and prayer of which will be, that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls which is situated in township one hundred and fifty-four north, of range forty-three in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

Dated April 9th, 1907.

Ben Christianson.
John Sorenson.
Sevedra Kenison.
M. V. Evenson.
L. M. Hoag.
K. M. Hansen.
Emil E. Zeh,
W. W. Prichard.
T. P. Hamre.
Ira C. Richardson.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

The Senior class-play is now a thing of the past. It may be said to have been a complete success. No complaints have been heard, but many compliments have been given. It is most fortunate that the first class-play was such a complete success as it will aid the future classes to have such a precedent established. The actors are surely deserving of all credit for their production of the play.

The Seniors are doing extra work now in order to have some time later on for "frills and essays".

Supt. Hay has been elected president of the Northern Minnesota Teachers Association. This is a great honor for Mr. Hay and, incidentally, for the town.

They were discussing cinnabar in chemistry class. A number of the pupils said it was red, but some were as positive it was white. "Yes", said a Junior, it is read (red) if you read it, but otherwise it is white.

Only two more months of school. Teachers and pupils are all mapping out their work with a view to having time for review before "those dreadful state exams".

The principal topic of conversation among the Seniors is "Essays". Whenever two or more Seniors are together one is sure to hear the question, "Have you chosen your subject or started your essay?" Then follows a discussion of topics.

All the pupils are rejoicing in the fact that they will have no more book-reviews to write this year.

52 new pupils enrolled last Monday. Of those 42 appeared in the three primary rooms.

The pupils and teachers in the Knox are exceedingly thankful to the road overseer for placing some planks from the Mission church to their School building.

There will be services in the Evenson Hall Monday Apr. 14th. In the morning at 10:45 and in the evening at 7:45.

Cordial invitation to all.
M. L. Dahle.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

TO UTILIZE ELECTRICITY.

Great Northern to Put on Electric Motors in North Dakota.

Believed That It Will Prove Cheaper Power Than Steam.

Electricity will be utilized by the Great Northern Railway company instead of steam as motive power on at least one division of its transcontinental line in North Dakota, as well as in hauling its trains thru the famous Cascade tunnel in the Rocky mountains. The particular stretch of road where it has now been decided to use electricity is between Minot and Williston, where the railroad's supply of water is so full of mineral salts that an engine must be taken into the roundhouse after every run to have its boilers cleaned.

Plans for the substitution of electricity on this stretch of road in North Dakota have been under consideration for some time and the company practically has decided upon the change. Cary T. Hutchinson, an expert electrical engineer from the east and several others from the twin cities have been called in consultation with the superintendent of motive power for the railroad company, and from their figures it has been determined that the particular section of the road under consideration, which is 121 miles long, could be operated by electricity at a great saving as compared with present expense.

The road between Minot and Williston has been giving the company a great deal of trouble and at times the difficulties experienced have been sufficient to interfere materially with the operation of trains. After every run it has been necessary to put an engine into the roundhouse for an over hauling of several hours duration and this loss of time made it necessary to use more engines on that portion of the road than any other.

It is estimated that with the adoption of electric power six or eight locomotives will be sufficient for better operation of this part of the road, and the cost will be greatly cut down.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Steer Sold For $79.40.

Emanuel Sjoblom, whose farm is in the town of Aungsburg, Marshall County, sold last Saturday at Strandquist, a three year old steer for the handsome price of $79.40. The animal weighed 1930 lbs. was delivered to Israel Bengtson, who shipped a car of cattle to St. Paul. Bengtson reports that it was the best steer ever brought into the yards of the Commission Co. Mr. Sjoblum is to be congratulated for having delivered for market, so valuable a beef. Farmers in this section will do well to follow his example, mamely: feed cattle with grain during the winter months to prepare them for market. This is about the only way they will bring substantial profits.--Karlstad Advocate.

—For Sale—All of my household goods. Almost new. D. W. Vessey, Dobner-Meehan block.

AUCTION

Saturday, April 20.

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned will sell at his farm three miles west of Thief River Falls, the following described personal property:

One bay horse, six year old, weighing 1,500.
One black mare, heavy with foal, seven years old, weighing 1,450.
One gray horse, fifteen years old, weighing 1,300.
One gray horse, fifteen years old, weighing 1300.
Eleven cows, some fresh and some coming in, none over 11 years old.
Two new milch cows.
Two three years old heifers with calves.
Three yearling calves.
One wide tired wagon, new.
One narrow tired wagon.
One double seated surry.
One single buggy.
One binder.
One McCormick mower in good running order.
One two horse drag.
One three horse drag.
One two horse corn cultivator.
One fanning mill.
One hard coal heating stove.
One cook stove with reservoir.
One writing desk.
One bureau.
One DeLaval cream seperator.
One gang plow.
One walking plow.
One clock.
About 75 grain sacks.
About 50 chickens.
One cupboard.
One road cart.
One washing machine.
One sink.
One pair of bobs, nearly new.
One pair of bob sleighs.
Three sets of working harnesses.
One set of buggy harnesses, nearly new.
One single harness.
One sewing machine.
Other things too numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS OF SALE: All sums under $5, cash; over that amount approved paper due November 1, 1907.

Otto L. Bakken, Owner.

H. M. HICKS, Auctioneer. H. G. DOBNER, Clerk.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

DRINK *Hamm's*

NEW BREW

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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 *THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE*

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14-k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

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THEPAPERTHATDOESTHINGS

The News: $1 per Year.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 11, 1907.

If Red Lake Falls had a sufficient number of withdrawals from the county seat removal petition, why was an attempt being made to have the case again opened up?

We would like to remind the esteemed Red Lake Falls Courier that the Thief River Falls papers might have said you did it, but they never said you "done it."

The 220,000 miles of main track of the railways of the United States represent property to the extent of $16,000,000,000, or as much as the total value of all the property in the country in 1860, the year of Lincoln's election. Their income of over $2,000,000,000 a year is very nearly four times the annual revenue of the United States Government. The number of men on their rolls is 1,500,000, an army as great as the combined forces that Oyama and Linevitch had in Manchuria at the time of the peace of Portsmouth.--Leslie's Weekly.

The past long winter has caused several of the old timers of this locality to get the "warm clime" fever. Don't get "cold feet" just because we have had a little more snow than usual. For the past ten years the winters in Minnesota have been mild and we should expect a winter like the past one occasionally; at least we shouldn't kick if they come only once in ten years. Take warning from those who have left our state and now wish they were back again. Those who went and lived on the prairies surely experienced a colder winter and many were unable to procure enough fuel to keep them warm. We need not fear a fuel famine here, besides the winters are pleasant to what they are in many places in this latitude. A great number of the old settlers came here with very little means and owe their financial success to the advantages of the country. Where can you better yourself? Last winter they had a frost in the states that border on the Gulf of Mexico that killed all vegetation. Hard years will come to every part of the globe. Stay by the state, which, when fully developed, gives promise to be the richest in the union; work for everybody, consequently no paupers; the state that has many acres of school land and promises to be noted for its educational facilities, that's Minnesota, the state that is making faster progress than all others. Think of what she has done for you before you leave her.---International Falls Press.

About the Petition.

The Red Lake Falls people certainly have considerable nerve and the papers of that town now accuse Thief River Falls of having stolen the county seat removal petition. Of course when there is any stealing done, there is always a motive for the crime. In this case they say the Red Lake Falls committee has in its possession enough withdrawals to kill the petition and for that reason Thief River Falls stole the petition. We have no knowledge of how many withdrawals the Red Lake Falls committee has, but if they had a sufficient number to kill the petition, let them produce their evidence in the matter and the blame for stealing the petition will not longer be laid to them. If on the other hand they cannot produce the required number of withdrawals, it must be admitted that there was an object for Red Lake Falls to steal the petition.

The Courier also says that if Red Lake Falls had wanted to steal the petition it could have done so easier at any time previous to Jan. 1st than after that date. That is probably true, but the last decision of the supreme court so completely took the wind out of their sails that it left them only one thing to do in order to cause any delay. The supreme court held that the petition was a legal one in every way upon all questions raised or which might have been litigated. It left the county commissioners to call another meeting and certify as to the number of names upon the petition. That was the only question to be decided. If Red Lake Falls had the required number of withdrawals, it would have been an easy matter to kill the petition, and the county seat fight would have been dropped, for Thief River Falls fully realizes that if it cannot secure enough signers to a county seat removal petition, it certainly could not secure 55 per cent of the votes at an election.

In order to show our readers the absurdity of Red Lake Falls' claims we here produce an article upon the subject taken from the Red Lake Falls Courier:

According to the Thief River Falls papers of last week, the much discussed (and cussed) county seat removal petition—which cost the up river burg a good part of a small fortune and an endless amount of worry to obtain, and which has rested serenely in the vault at the auditor's office for 'steen months past—has been stolen bodily—and as might be expected the Red Lake Falls "gang" is blamed for the theft. Just why Red Lake Falls wanted the petition, or what real object they would have in stealing it, is not made plain, but inasmuch as this "Red Lake Falls gang" is responsible for everything bad that has happened since Lot's wife turned to salt down to the time Billy Patterson was swatted such a terrific jolt it naturally follows for the Thief River partisans to claim that their petition has been confiscated by the members of the "gang."

It might be well for them to make this claim if there was anything to substantiate it, but instead of trying to show reason why Red Lake Falls would have any use for this costly document, the injured innocents of the polluted mud hole further north simply howl "you done it"—and expect the people to take it for granted that such is the case.

In the first place, admitting that the petition is gone, why should Red Lake Falls want it? The recent decision of the Supreme Court sent this document back to the county board for final action, but so far the Thief River leaders have made no effort to have it acted upon. The Red Lake Falls committee now has in its possession and has had for some time past sufficient withdrawals to kill the petition deader than the up river town is at present and with an impartial board of commissioners such as we now have there was not the least reason to fear the result. Then again, if Red Lake Falls had really wanted the petion it could have been stolen just as easily any time within the past year and a half as it could be now. Red Lake Falls really had no object in wanting the petition and just why anyone here should be charged with its theft is not made plain in the up river papers.

And there are other facts, too, that the up-river papers forgot to mention. It was Thief River men who first spread the news of the loss of the petition. There was nearly a hundred Thief River partisans around the court house all of last week; Thief River Falls had an object in wanting the petition—and today if it is missing at all it is in the hands of the (in) famous Thief River county seat committee.

The up-river leaders realized all too well that their petition was a dead duck should it come up for consideration at the hands of the commissioners and the withdrawls be presented, and in order to try and create a feeling of sympathy for their lost cause they stole the thing themselves and then set up the cry of how the Red Lake Falls "gang" done it. They figured, and rightly, that with a fair and impartial board such as the majority of the present one is, that there would not be enough left of their petition---which cost them so dearly to procure---to wad the proverbial shot gun, and in the hopes that some day conditions might change so that the Thief River "master hand" could dictate again they have taken their paper with its long row of dead men, and will hold it pending future developments.

They may also try and go the Supreme Court again on the strength of the fact that they once had a petition, in the hopes that they might stumble onto a way to pull the wool further over the people's eyes.

Thief River Falls has the petition--Red Lake Falls is blamed for its theft, along with many other things. The proverbial fox always "hunteth his own hole first" and it is worth while to consider where the first holler came from in this instance. In the meantime the farmers---who have this far been obliged to dig up the costs for Thief River's expensive fight---are resting easy, perfectly contented with the hope that the Thief River partisan who has the petition will get hopelessly lost in some of the swamps up there before he makes up his mind to reproduce it.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Great Opportunities.

We reproduce from the Herald of Duluth the following article. It seems to us worthy the reading of all Minnesotans, and those whom it may be possible to interest in Minnesota. The Herald says:

"Great Opportunities in Minnesota," a booklet compiled by State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson, is a good method of advertising to the world at large the preeminent advantages and superb prospects of the northern part of the state as well as could be devised. If copies could be placed within the reach of all of the tens of thousands of homeseekers now moving, or preparing to move, out of the East, the result would inevitably be that hundreds of these people would turn from the far West and Manitoba and be delighted to take up lands in this state.

As a simple collection of facts relative to Northern Minnesota and as an exact statement of conditions that will bear the closest investigation, Mr. Iverson's booklet is a capital guide and compendium. It does not ask any homeseeker to take things for granted but it invites, as the Herald has done over and over again, such an one simply to come to this section, examine everything for himself and make his own unbiased decision with perfect confidence as to what that decision will be.

The original object of the booklet was to set forth the great and attractive opportunities offered by the coming sale of 300,000 acres of school and other state lands during June and July next, but it will in the end do far more than that. These 300,000 acres will be appraised in advance and the minimum price, which may be as low as $5 an acre, will be fixed. These lands are sufficient to furnish good homes, in a well-timbered region where there is no danger of a fuel famine, to from 1,875 to 3000 families of men who are seeking good livings, good homes and good profits from reasonable work.

Plain condensed descriptions of each of the counties in which the lands lie — St. Louis, Itasca, Carlton, Aitkin, Crow Wing, Clearwater, Beltrami, Cass, Hubbard, Wadena, Todd, Kittson, Marshall, Polk, Roseau, Red Lake, Becker and Pine--are given. Liberally interspersed through the book are views from real life in each of the various counties that, in themselves should be sufficient to induce hundreds to come and see the attractions for themselves. As an addendum, likewise of much value to homeseekers, are letters from settlers in all sections telling of their experiences and the prosperity they have found in the rich and grandly productive lands of Northern Minnesota. It closes with a copy of an editorial that appeared in the Herald of Saturday, Feb. 23.

If a number of these booklets could be placed in every railroad station or other public place in the East as well as in farming centers of Northern Europe, there is no doubt that Northern Minnesota would gain this year not a few hundred citizens but thousands of sturdy home makers. That they will come sooner or later is beyond question and then Northern Minnesota will become justly famous in the world of agriculture.

Two Cent Fare Bill.

The following is the two cent fare bill passed by the state legislature last week:

"Section 1. No railroad company owning, operating or using a line of railroad within, or partly within, the state of Minnesota, shall charge or collect more than two (2) cents per mile for carrying over its road on any trip wholy within this state, any passenger of twelve (12) years of age or over together with baggage not exceeding one hundred and fifty (150) pounds in weight, or more than one (1) cent per mile for any such passenger under twelve (12) years of age, together with baggage not exceeding seventy-five (75) pounds in weight.

Section 2. Any railroad company, or any officer agent or representative thereof, who shall violate any provision of this act, shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding five thousand (5,000) dollars or by imprisonment in the state prison for a period not exceeding five (5) years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of May 1907."

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O, New York.

MUSIC AND SHORTHAND.

Two Lines of Work That Are Particularly Bad For the Eyes.

A St. Louis oculist, chatting with friends about the ins and outs of his profession, said that there were two lines of work which for professional reasons both the oculist and the optician would be glad to see widely encouraged. One is music, particularly piano playing.

"Have you ever noticed," said he, "that the pianist's head as he sits upright at the piano is generally almost three feet from the music? He reads at long range. This of itself is bad, involving as it does a continual strain upon the eyes. If the pianist only sat still, however, the case would not be so bad; but very few do. In executing difficult passages or extended scales they sway first to one side, then to the other, sometimes a foot in each direction, lean back six inches, then toward the music, all the time keeping their eyes fixed upon the notes, and during all the changes of distance and direction the delicate mechanism of the eye is constantly seeking to adjust itself to the distance so as to obtain the clearest possible image of the notes. The result is, of course, an overstrain, and it is a common thing when the practice hour is over to see the musician rub his eyes and to hear him remark that music is bad for the eyes, anyhow. It is not good, indeed, for, although in ordinary piano sheet music the notes are large enough, the signs of expression are often so small as to cause an effort to see them properly, and, besides, much piano playing, particularly of the standard classics, is done from small size editions, which are to be had at much cheaper rates than sheet music.

"Shorthand work and typewriting are as bad for the eyes in their way as music. Most stenographers write with a medium pencil and in small characters. The dots and dashes are thus hard to decipher and themselves strain the eyes. Then comes the transcription, which is worse. If stenographers would only learn to use a typewriter as a pianist does the keyboard—that is, to write without looking at the keys—the eye strain would not be so severe, but very few of them acquire this degree of confidence and proficiency, so the focus of the eye is always changing, first reading the notes, then dancing back and forth over the keys, then looking at the typewritten page and repeating these processes all day long until the wonder is not that their eyes are bad, but that they don't go stone blind. If pianists would learn to sit still while they are playing and stenographers would acquire the art of using a typewriter without looking at the keys, the demands on the time of the oculist and the services of the optician would be lessened very materially, but as it is these two classes are a great help both to the specialists and to the man that makes spectacles, furnishing more business than any one would suppose who is not in the profession."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Tombstone Lunch.

The waiter in the indigestion dispensary, towel in hand, gazed with reflective eye at a corpulent victim consuming a midnight repast of lemonade and an egg sandwich and unburdened his speculative mind thus: "If I was a kid again, I'd go to college and learn to be a doctor, even if I did have to work my way through. 'Cause why? Well, there's more money and respectability, to say nothing of peace of mind, in curing dyspepsia than in making it. See what the gent's eating? Well, that ain't a fair sample. Some of 'em comes in here and orders lobster salad and chocolate, and for dessert they pull out a little box and eat a dyspepsia tablet. I used to have a young feller come in every night and eat what he called a tombstone lunch. It was a Welsh rabbit made on mince pie instead of toast. He don't come any more, though. He's dead."—Philadelphia Record.

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RULES ARE STRINGENT

A Bill Introduced to Regulate the Cement Block Industry.

Places Block Manufacturing Under Supervision of the State.

Inasmuch as the cement block industry is quite an important one in Thief River Falls and many of our business blocks are built of this material much interest will be taken in a bill which has been introduced in the legislature by Swan Nelson, of Minneapolis. The bill is calculated to regulate the cement block industry and the following are some of the provisions:

Before any person can construct buildings walls of concrete or cement blocks he must comply with the following conditions.

Secure a license from the secretary of state at a cost of $25.

Thoroughly mix the material with a mixing machine, then sprinkle down with clear water and mix to the consistency of stiff mortar.

All machines used for the manufacture of cement blocks must be inspected by the inspector provided by law.

The machines must be able to handle a wet process stripping immediately and use a gliding movement in stripping all blocks except ornament facings.

Cement blocks shall be composed of five parts clean coarse sand to one part of Portland cement. When gravel is used the proportions shall be two parts gravel, three parts sand and one part Portland cement.

All cement blocks shall attain 1,000 pounds per square inch compression before going into a building.

A number of other details regarding the size of footings and construction of building are also provided.

Subscribe for the News.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

TAXING CHIPPEWAS.

Agency Officials State That Proposed Taxation Would Be Hardship.

H. S. Dahlen, auditor of Becker Co., paid a visit to the agency at White Earth last week at the instance of S. G. Iverson state auditor, to look into the matter of listing for taxation the realty holdings of the mixed blood members of the reservation whose lands came within the purview of the Clapp restriction measure. The state officials have been furnished copies of the reservation land allotment schedule by the department, but without a list separating the mixed blood from the full blood element, leaving officials practically without a starting point in the premises.

The agency officials contend that the indiscrimination taxation of all adult Indians as is now proposed cannot be carried on without great annoyance and extreme hardship especially to the aged and infirm and poorer classes of the full-blood element of the reservation, a large portion of which would be without necessary means to defray the expenses of a court of inquiry.

It is maintained by agency officials and the intelligent classes of the reservation that since the agency office posses a complete schedule of land alloted and also a list of names of all allottees and their ancestry, it would not be a very difficult matter to segregate the mixed from the full blood element.

Simon Michelet, superintendent and special disbursing agent speaking of the subject a few days ago, expressed himself as being satisfied that a reliable list of mixed and fullblood allotees could be readily compiled from the agency files and records, which would answer all needed purposes in the premises.

FIGHT FOR FAIR.

Fargo Starts Action to Prevent Grand Forks for Getting Money.

—Friday morning, in the supreme court of North Dakota an action was started by the State Fair association of Fargo against the state fair association of Grand Forks to enjoin the auditor of North Dakota from giving to Grand Forks the appropriation of $10,000 provided for by the act of the legislature of 1901. The Fargo Fair association will also ask that the supreme court remove the state fair to that city permanently, claiming that Grand Forks had failed to meet with certain provisions of the state fair law. A section of the law provides that in case either city fails to carry out the law's provisions, the other city shall have the state fair permanently. Fargo claims that the Grand Forks association has neglected to make proper reports.

OFFERS BIG RETURNS.

Northern Minnesota Lands to Be Near to an Excellent Market.

Dairy and Truck Farmers Could Not Find a Better Location.

The assured doubling of the present population of Duluth consequent on the establishment of the great steel plant and attendant industries, with their thousands of busy workmen and their families, and the great increase in the working forces in the iron mining sections, because of the added requirements of the new plant at Duluth as well as the one now being constructed at Gary, Ind., will inevitably result in a grand demand for lands in Northern Minnesota adapted to dairy and truck farming and will surely give that section the greatest possible impetus.

It is estimated that every year no less than $3,000,000 worth of farm and dairy products are imported from other states to Duluth and the range towns to supply the needs of the present healthily hungry population. With the great increase in the number to be fed, the above amount is more likely to be tripled than doubled. And experts agree unanimously that there is no reason why practically every cent of this should not be kept in Northern Minnesota. It is declared that all of the present demands, except that for tropical fruits, could easily be supplied from the unoccupied farm lands of one county while the rich acres of the remainder of Northern Minnesota, now going to waste, could be made to feed a goodly empire.

Certain is it that this entire section of the state offers unrivalled opportunities for most profitable dairy farming of the very highest grade, for the breeding of fine beef cattle and hogs and for the raising of sheep equal to those of Vermont. In addition, it has been thoroughly proved in isolated cases that all sorts of vegetables can be made to produce as prolifically as in any of what are now known as the most favored truck-farming sections of America and that, acre for acre, the Northern Minnesota average for most vegetables will surpass those of any other portion of the country.

In about two months, 300,000 acres of highgrade farming lands owned by the state will be sold publicly. Those who are wise will eagerly bid for and secure all of this land and begin immediate preparations for supplying the ever growing needs of the people of Duluth and the mining towns, certain to be doubled in the immediate future. Those who shall first embark systematically in the business will reap comfortable fortunes in a few years and will at the same time see the values of their farms increase many fold.

No portion of America offers greater opportunities for the intelligent homeseeker than does Northern Minnesota today, and nowhere can good lands be secured at as low rates. The apparent difficulty of getting products to market will inevitably be swept away as soon as the supplies are ready for shipment. There is no reason why this entire section should not in a few years become the ideal dairy and truck farm region of America. And it surely will.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Granum and family left on Sunday evening for the old home in Norway, where they will spend the summer months visiting relatives and old time friends. They expect to be gone for about six months, when they will return to this country and re-engage in business at some other place than Plummer.—Plummer Pioneer.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDERTAKING,
H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE. IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

Racing for the Bargains at Hicks'.

This week we are enabled to offer our customers a few New Era Cook Books, consisting of 500 pages of selected receipts and choice suggestions on home economics, etc. The regular price is $3.00 each. You can have one while they last for the ridiculously low price of 50c each.

We handle all the leading makes of sewing machines at live and let live prices.

The Seatel Clothes Dryer, equal to 30 feet of line, regularly sold at $3.50 each; our special price $1.50

We seldom lose a sale when we get a chance to figure on a bill. Call and see us before buying. No trouble to show goods.

Rotary Washing Machine, the kind usually sold at $7.50; our special price $5.75

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

MUCH RUSH STOCK.

Bill Requiring Stock Shipments to Be Rushed, Passed.

The state senate last week passed a bill of much interest to local cattle buyers and farmers.

Senator James Johnson's bill regulating the transportation of live stock was passed after several amendments had been adopted. The amendments led to considerable discussion of the provisions of the bill, but when the roll was called but two votes were cast against the bill.

The bill requires the transportation of live stock at an average rate of fifteen miles an hour from the point of shipment to the destination, with an allowance of two extra hours when the stock must go through cities having a population of 50,000 or over. The original bill allowed one extra hour for passing through cities.

The bill provided that the railroads must designate one day each week as a stock shipping day, and it is with relation to the shipments on such days that the time limitations are to apply. This was ammended so as to read that at least one day a week must be designated.

ST. HILAIRE'S CLUB.

Business Men of Down River Town Organize a Commercial Club.

The St. Hilaire Spectator:—The Commercial Club held their first meeting under their new constitution and by-laws at the village hall last Wednesday evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—O. F. Post.
Vice President—J. C. Cummings.
Secretary—Jens Nelson.
Treasurer—K. O. Gigstad.
Directors—Daniel Patterson, H. E. Ives, Leonard Holmes, M. L. Hanson, J. K. Hannay.

Considerable business was brought before the meeting. A special committee was appointed to report at a special meeting next Wednesday evening on the prospects of a telephone line. Outside parties are asking for a franchise and local parties are also figuring on the matter.

The secretary was instructed to correspond with parties who may conclude to put in a flour mill. It is the intention of the club to have a list prepared of all the vacant farms in this vicinity with a view of securing tenants or purchasers.

—For Sale—All of my household goods. Almost new. D. W. Vassey, Dobner-Meehan block.

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items Taken from the St. Hilaire Spectator of Last Saturday.

Mrs. J. G. Prior held an auction of her personal effects yesterday and will leave soon for Washington to join her husband.

Ed Miller came in from Mayfield on Tuesday and informed us that he is a proud "daddy" of a little girl born at his home on Monday evening.

Mike Fricker is around again with a bad limp after having his left foot badly smashed while loading some machinery at the planing mill.

J. O. Hagglund who has been spending the winter with his father, P. O. Hagglund of Rocksbury, left on Monday for Park River, N. D., where he runs a painting and decorating business.

The appointment of Wm. Eickhoff as marshall by the council seems to meet with general approval. There are a bunch of youngsters here who need rounding up and we hope Marshall Eickhoff will do the work.

"St. Hilaire," says the McIntosh Times, "has discovered that as a business producer a creamery beats a sawmill. Wherever there is a prosperous creamery you you will always find prosperous merchants."

Cost of Hauling.

It costs seven cents a hundred pounds, average, to haul corn from the farm to the railroad, eight cents for hay, flaxseed, rye and timothy seed, and nine cents for wheat, potatoes, and beans, ten cents for live hogs, eleven cents for apples and twelve cents for other vegetables, except potatoes. The average distance wheat is hauled is 9.2 miles with an average load of 3,322 pounds, requiring an average time on the trip of three fifths of a day. These are factors to be considered by farmers when they buy a farm. It costs about a half a cent a bushel less to raise and market wheat for every mile deducted from that 9.2 miles to the railway station. If the haul is only two miles to the railroad, there should be an advantage amounting to about four cents a bushel on wheat over the farm which is nine miles from the station. These figures are based upon a government investigation recently published.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.

Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

HAMILTON ACQUITTED.

Jury Brought in a Verdict of Not Guilty Last Week.

R. B. Hamilton, the Soo brakeman, indicted for rape upon the person of Miss Annie Christienson was tried last week and the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. It took three days to try the case and was a hotly contested one upon both sides. P. W. Mabey of this city, who was Hamilton's attorney, naturally feels quite elated over the outcome.

Hamilton was also indicted for assault, but this case will not be tried until the October term of court, and Hamilton has been released upon a bail bond of $1,000.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

Land Office Tells How Withdrawn Lands Can Now Be Entered.

Department of the interior, United States land office, Crookston, Minnesota, April 3, 1907. Prior to November 10, 1906, certain lands, including the ceded Chippewa and Red Lake Lands in this district, were open to settlement and entry. On that day an order was issued, withdrawing such lands from settlement and entry. That order has been rescinded and all lands subject to entry prior to November 10, 1906, are now subject to entry, the only difference being that in the issuance of the receipt by this office the reservation will be made providing the lands may be subject to taxation for right-of-way and cost of drainage, to be paid before the issuance of the final receipt. All persons who had acquired preference right of entry by reason of contest, or having the right allowed them to make an additional or an amended or a second entry, and who could not assert that right on account of the withdrawal of the lands, will have thirty days from the date hereof as preference right within which to make such entry.

All applications for entry should be made in precisely the same form as required before November 10, 1906.

R. J. Montague,
Register.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

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Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE, 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

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CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

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ODD NAVAL CUSTOMS

British Officers Ruled by Iron-bound Traditions.

A SYSTEM OF PETTY FINES.

The Way the Ever Ready Scran Bag Helps to Keep the Ship Looking Spick and Span—Some Rules That Are Enforced In the Officers' Messes.

In the British navy to say that a thing is a custom of the service is to say that it must be done that way and no other. It is nowhere laid down, for instance, that the senior officer shall always enter a boat last and leave it first, but the expression on a certain captain's face might have led one to believe that one of the laws of the Medes and Persians had been broken when, on taking the newly joined chaplain ashore with him on one occasion, he said, "Now, then, padre, jump in," and the reverend gentleman politely replied, "After you, sir."

This custom is one of the oldest in the service, says the Grand Magazine. It doubtless dates from before the days of Drake, if not, indeed, from those of Noah himself, probably the last to enter the ark after all his juniors and proteges had been safely embarked.

The gunroom mess consists of the sublieutenants, all other commissioned officers of equivalent rank and all midshipmen and cadets. Midshipmen are divided into two lots, senior and junior. The former are over eighteen years of age and are allowed many privileges, such as smoking and so on, denied to the juniors.

As a specimen of the customs which remind the juniors that they are still in bondage the one known as "fork in the beam" is worth notice. It may be sprung upon its victims at any time during or after dinner.

When the president of the mess sticks a table fork into one of the beams overhead, it is a signal for all juniors to clear out of the mess as fast as legs, arms or anything else can carry them. The last one receives several good whacks with a dirk scabbard on the most convenient part of his body as he disappears through the door. The scramble that results would disturb the equilibrium of most older and more sedate diners than those usually found in a gunroom.

One of the most important and best known institutions in the service is the scran bag. It is well known that the allowance of paint and materials for keeping a ship clean, as laid down by the British admiralty, is quite inadequate for that purpose. My lords are much more generous nowadays than they used to be, but the first lieutenant commander has still to put his hand in his pocket if he wishes his ship to look really smart.

The small supply of these necessities which the admiralty provides for cleaning brasswork, etc., is augmented from the takings of the scran bag. A ship must be spick and span and tidy as any housewife could wish to see her home.

Nothing must be out of place, and nothing must be left lying about, but sailors, like other mortals, are only human and consequently leave articles of clothing and personal property in places where they ought not to. This is an offense for which they are liable to disciplinary punishment. But a brilliant though unknown officer many years ago devised a scheme by which all the articles thus found are promptly seized by the ship's police and placed in the scran bag.

There they remain until the next Thursday afternoon, which is the time set aside for men to make and mend clothes. The bag is then opened by the master at arms, and the owners may redeem their lost property by paying a fine of an inch of yellow soap for each article.

The price of this soap is a penny an inch, and the fine is usually paid in cash, not in kind. Should a man have something confiscated without which he can not manage to get on till the next Thursday he can redeem it at once by paying double. Not even officers are exempt from these penalties.

Several quaint rules are enforced in the officers' messes, the origin of which is lost in the oblivion of antiquity. For instance, one rule lays down that no officer may place his feet on the table unless he has sailed around both capes—i. e., Cape of Good Hope and the Horn. Any one not eligible found in this elegant attitude is fined drinks around by all the members who happen to be in the mess.

English Lawyers' Smart Speeches.

Of wit or humor Scarlett had little or none. He was not the man to invent on the spur of the moment a telling nickname for his client, as Erskine did for a client named Bolt, whose character having been traduced by the other side Erskine confidently assured the jury that he was known among his neighbors as "Bolt Upright." Nor could Scarlett tickle the fancy of judge and jury by such a flash of wit as that with which he opened a certain coach accident case. "Gentlemen of the jury, my client is a respectable Liverpool merchant, and the defendant, Mr. Wilson, keeps the Swan With Two Necks in Lad lane, a sign seemingly emblematic of the number of necks people ought to possess who travel by his coaches." Nor would it have occurred to Scarlett to tell a jury that the plaintiff, the owner of a wild beast show, claiming damages for the loss of a trunk, "ought to have followed the example of his own sagacious elephant and traveled with his trunk before him."—Temple Bar.

THE SHORT NOSES.

Something to Be Said In Favor of Those Who Wear Them.

"Physiognomists tell us that the big nosed people do the world's work," said a short nosed man the other day, "and they generally add a lot of rubbish about Napoleon's big nose and how he always selected big nosed men to carry out daring undertakings.

"That Napoleon story was invented by some one with a nose like Cyrano de Bergerac, who wanted an excuse for his proboscis and therefore pretended that his nose was but the introduction to a massive, imposing character. It is true that a big nose is sometimes indicative of firmness and determination, but only when it is associated with a strong jaw and long chin. A big nose with a retiring chin is almost idiotic in the expression it gives to the countenance. Every cartoonist knows this. Whenever you see a cartoon of a society dude it shows a long nose and a small chin.

"But there is something to be said in favor of the short noses. The short nose shows wit, imagination, tact, judgment, discretion. Socrates had a snub nose, and of the lively imaginative writers in almost any language a considerable proportion was short nosed people. Long nosed men may do their share of the world's work, but the short noses write the clever books and the entertaining plays. If Shakespeare had had a nose like the Duke of Wellington, do you ever suppose that he would have written the 'Merry Wives of Windsor?' He might have been a successful theater manager, but would never have become a literary artist.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

POLITICAL SPIES.

They Are Quite Common All Over the Continent of Europe.

On the continent of Europe it is quite a common thing for royal personages to be subjected to espionage, mainly, of course, for political reasons.

In France, Spain, Russia, Germany and Austria the practice obtains. At one time during the reign of Napoleon III. a small army of political spies was engaged in watching royal subjects. In fact, the vigilance of the different parties was so great that there were three or four distinct secret services. The emperor had his; the empress had hers; the government and the republicans respectively had theirs—all employed to watch the other parties and their spies.

Moreover, Bismarck had his spy over the emperor. So that France was overridden by spies, the most important, however, being Bismarck's, to whom the war was indeed to a great extent due.

This secret service agent was a German doctor, whose advice the unfortunate emperor even preferred to that of his own court physicians, and thus Bismarck knew even better than Napoleon the real state of the latter's health, which was, of course, a very important factor in the political situation at those times.—Pearson's Weekly.

He Could Run.

He could run, all right, all right. He had to. Talk about your amatoors that spring for sport—this party had learned to run or starve, as a boy, an' had never forgot how. Why, say, when he tore hisself loose from a vicinity it seemed like the whole landscape was crippled. I used to try him out by givin' him a start an' shootin' at him. If he beat the bullet, we figgered he was up to form, but if the lead overtook him we'd call it an off day an' unload the ca'tridges. I've seen him scare a jack rabbit up till it was workin' under forced drafts, then limp up to it from behind an' kind of yawn an' stretch, an' then goad it to wake up or else get off the trail an' let somebody run that knowed how.—McClure's Magazine.

Oh, Yes, of Course.

Of the many children and women in Nazareth, Palestine, who have picked up a little English all have a way of saying "of course" instead of a simple "yes." The expression which French people catch up as characteristic of the American and Englishman is always "Oh, yes!" A correspondent, who has cycled down the Rhone valley, about Provence and along the Riviera, found himself greeted with "Oh, yes!" by the children in the streets of nearly every town. And he discovered when his attention had been called to the point in this way that "Oh, yes!" was really what he and his companions were always saying.

His Business.

The lady in black pointed toward the sky.

"My husband," she sighed, "is up there, but he is looking down. Perhaps he sees all that we do."

"How long has he been dead, ma'am?" we inquired gently.

With a frown, she answered:

"Dead? He isn't dead. He's an aeronaut."—Exchange.

Suspicious Signs.

"You better hurry up en collect de rent from Br'er Williams."

"How come?"

"Well, fer de las' six nights he been a-singin' 'Jerusalem, My Happy Home,' en it's my opinion he's a-fixin' ter move."—Atlanta Constitution.

Saving Him.

Little Johnnie—Mother, tell me how papa got to know you. Mother—One day I fell into the water, and he jumped in and fetched me out. Little Johnnie—H'm! That's funny; he won't let me learn to swim.—Tit-Bits.

The dread of ridicule extinguishes originality in its birth.—Blackwood.

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Wednesday, May 1st, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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your eyes water,
your eyes burn
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you need new glasses,

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RIVER AND
RED LAKE
RAPIDS.
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AND SEE
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Hotel Northern

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Vavrik, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 851, made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 21, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 6th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Kratochvil, of Germantown, " "
John Vakoo, " " "
Frank Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 28 may 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April, 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jerry O'Brien of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1126 made April 10, 1906, for the N. W. ¼ Section 32, Township 153 N, Range 40, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndreas, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Katie O'Brien, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Apr 4 may 9

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Katie O'Brien, of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz Homestead Entry No. 1127 made April 10, 1906 for the Lots 1, 2, & E ½ N.W. ¼ Section 31, Township 153 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndreas, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Jerry O'Brien, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 4 may 9

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, North Dak

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

Construction of the packing plant proposed by J. Ogden Armour for Northeast Minneapolis may be delayed for at least another year. It is believed that the high interest rates prevailing at this time, the unusually high price of building materials and the unsettled condition of labor are the chief causes of the delay.

Public boxing contests in Minneapolis must stop. Governor Johnson has notified Sheriff J. W. Dreger that a recurrence of recent exhibitions of so-called "athletic entertainments" must not be permitted, as they violate the laws of the state, and the sheriff must put an end to all fistic encounters as an officer of the state.

A suit for divorce has been brought in the district court at St. Paul by Eva May Sizemore against Otto M. Sizemore. The wife is but fifteen years of age and has been married to Sizemore two years. She is the mother of one child.

Winona's municipal election proved a landslide for the Democrats, every city office going to a member of that party. Only one Republican was elected in the city, that being Henry Hess, alderman of the Second ward.

Two Minnesota men who have served many years in the consular service are about to be promoted by order of President Roosevelt. They are Thomas E. Heenan and William Dulany Hunter.

The report of the state insurance commissioner shows that during 1906 the premiums paid fire insurance companies in this state aggregated $7,601,505 and the losses paid $4,263,032.

At Iowa City, Ia., Minnesota defeated Iowa in the annual debate and at Minneapolis the University of Minnesota debaters won from the University of Illinois.

J. C. Jacobson of Minneapolis has purchased the waterpower at Clearwater and will erect a paper mill. He intends to raise the dam twenty-five feet.

Minneapolis painters and their employers compromised their differences regarding wages after a strike of two days and work has been resumed.

George Wood, formerly of Biwabik, this state, was found dead in a shack at Edmonton, Alberta, under circumstances that point to murder.

St. Paul's new $350,000 Auditorium was formally opened last week with a concert, reception and ball.

Eight hundred carpenters are on strike at Minneapolis.

OBITUARY.

General John H. Mullen, one of the early settlers and prominent men of the state, is dead at Wabasha. General Mullen served in the Civil war and at its conclusion came to Minnesota and settled in Grafton, Sibley county. While there he engaged in farming and in the mercantile business. Later he moved to Wabasha and in 1883 he was admitted to the bar of this state. A. R. McGill appointed Mr. Mullen to the position of adjutant general Jan. 22, 1889. Two years later he was reappointed to the position by ex-Governor William R. Merriam. In 1895 Governor Nelson appointed Mr. Mullen surveyor general of the Fourth district for a term of two years.

Mrs. Charlotte O. Van Cleve, aged eighty-eight, one of the oldest residents of Minneapolis, is dead. Mrs. Van Cleve was the first white child brought into what is now Minnesota, having been born at Prairie du Chien, Wis., while her parents were on their way to Fort Snelling, her father being an army officer.

N. Nelson, senior member of the firm of Nelson Bros. and one of Luverne's oldest merchants and most prominent citizens, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal., of Bright's disease. He had been spending the winter in California for his health.

William Listoe, son of Consul General Soren Listoe, formerly of Fergus Falls, is dead from consumption at Rotterdam, Holland.

Rev. Richard Hall, a pioneer Congregationalist missionary of this state, is dead at St. Paul, aged eighty-nine years.

Henry Sanders, a pioneer settler of Owatonna, is dead at his home in that city.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Fire at Hampton destroyed three elevators, 40,000 bushels of grain and the Chicago Great Western station. The Colonnade hotel, directly across from the elevators, was damaged by the heat.

The Cargill elevator at Delavan has collapsed, letting 10,000 bushels of grain out on the ground. The building was erected in 1870. No one was injured in the collapse.

Andrew Troppman of Winona is in a critical condition, blood poisoning being feared from the bite of an infuriated Arabian stallion by which he was attacked.

Myra Hillman, aged three, is dead at St. Paul as the result of burns sustained by her clothes catching fire from a gasoline stove.

Smallpox has appeared at St. Thomas college, on the outskirts of St. Paul, and the institution has been quarantined.

C. E. Freary is dead at Minneapolis from bichloride of mercury poisoning. He took the drug by mistake.

PACIFIC LUMBER RAFTS.

Huge Log Piles That Are as Large as Ocean Steamers.

Nearly as large as the largest transatlantic liners are some of the huge sea rafts by means of which timber is transferred from the Columbia river and Puget sound to San Francisco or southern California. Occasionally these bundles of logs measure 650 feet from end to end and contain as many as 5,000 pieces of timber. To fasten such a raft so that it will withstand the force of the seas to which it is exposed in the trip down the coast no little engineering skill is required. As the cigar shape offers less resistance to the force of the waves than any other, this has been adopted. In order to pile the timber in this form a huge skeleton or shipway is constructed. This is practically a cradle, which is moored in the water adjacent to the boom where the raft timber is confined. By means of a boom derrick the poles and piling are lifted from the boom singly and placed in the proper position in the cradle. They are so adjusted as to overlap each other, the plan followed being somewhat similar to that in laying a brick wall, the end of each stick being placed opposite the center of the one adjacent to it. While to a novice the raft looks as if it were made up of timber thrown in without any order, every pole is carefully placed in position. Sometimes the work of filling the cradle occupies several months.

After completion the raft is wrapped with iron chains lashed around it at intervals ranging from twelve to twenty feet apart. These chains are composed of one and a half inch links, and the ends are toggled together after the chains have been stretched taut by a hand or steam windlass. To prevent the chains from slipping iron staples are driven through the links into the outside poles. In addition to the chains, however, "side lines," as they are called, consisting of wire rope, are stretched around the raft between the chain sections, so that when the wrapping is completed the mass of logs is bound together very securely. When the wrapping is finished, the raft is ready for launching.

In building the raft two two-inch chains are stretched lengthwise from end to end through the center. One of these is bolted to a sort of bulkhead at one end, consisting of a band of iron, which is fitted around the projecting ends of the outer pieces. The other chain is connected at the forward end with the towing hawser and secured inside the raft by lateral chains. To move this unwieldy bulk two powerful steamers are usually employed at sea, one for pulling directly ahead and the other to keep the raft in the right course.—Chicago News.

Pure Salt.

The purity of salt depends upon the source from which it is obtained and the sanitary conditions under which it is prepared for the market. The supply of common salt, the most indispensable of all the seasoning substances both as a relishing condiment and a well nigh universal food preservative, is exhaustless, yet even so there is salt and salt. Formerly salt was obtained by evaporating ocean water, a process that left many impurities in the residuum, to say nothing of its exposure to all kinds of dirt in its shipment from seaports. The Turk's island or rock salt, which is still largely used in pork packing and in the manufacture of ice creams, comes to the United States in holds of vessels continually subjected to dirt and foul odors. Upon its arrival it is again handled, then packed in coarse burlap bags, permitting dust to sift into the salt. In this condition it reaches the consumer. Latterly, however, the product of salt springs has largely taken the lead in this country, not only for table salt, but for meat packing.—London Pictorial Review.

A Magazine of Famous Editors.

One of the most interesting of periodical adventures in the first quarter of the last century was the establishment of the Liberal, a literary journal planned by Lord Byron in Italy conjointly with Shelley and Leigh Hunt, who were then with him there, but to be published in London, with Hunt as editor. The consultation took place at Leghorn a week before Shelley was drowned in the gulf of Spezia. The Liberal was started in the summer of 1822, but only four numbers were issued, the first of these containing Byron's great satire, "The Vision of Judgment," two years before the poet's death. Leigh Hunt had ten years earlier set out on his journalistic career in the Examiner, established by his brother, in which appeared some of his most noteworthy sonnets. His most important writing was in the Indicator, in the Companion and in the Talker, "a daily journal of literature and the stage," lasting during two years and written almost entirely by himself.—H. M. Alden in Harper's.

Chopin's Superstition.

Chopin, unlike most musical geniuses, was a late riser. He practiced so long at the piano, with his back unsupported, that his spine was permanently injured. He never composed except when seated at the piano, and he always had the lights turned out when he was improvising. A public audience unnerved him to such an extent that he could not properly interpret the music before him. Seated in the midst of a small select circle, he easily extemporized and improvised. He "talked" to his piano whenever he was melancholy. He thought more of his manservant and his cat than he did of his intimate friends. Chopin had a superstitious dread of the figure seven and would not live in a house bearing that number or start upon a journey on that date.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Dr. W. H. Dwight, cashier of the State bank of Goddard, Kan., was found dead a mile east of Goddard and it is believed he committed suicide. Officers of the bank say his accounts were straight.

Bishop James N. Fitzgerald of the Methodist Episcopal church is dead at Hongkong. Pleurisy was the cause of death. The bishop was sixty-nine years of age and his home was in St. Louis.

While suffering from suicidal mania George B. Boswell, fifty-two years old, a retired business man, millionaire and art connoisseur, committed suicide at Pittsburg.

Myer L. Wilson, aged twenty-three years, son of H. L. Wilson, a prominent business man of Kansas City, committed suicide by shooting.

Bishop John C. Granberry of the Methodist church South died suddenly at his home in Ashland, Va. He was seventy-six years old.

Judge Jacob W. Wilkin, for eighteen years a member of the supreme court of Illinois, is dead at Danville, Ill., aged seventy years.

Stanford Newel, former United States ambassador at The Hague and a pioneer resident of Minnesota, is dead at St. Paul.

Theodore D. Buhl of Detroit, a multimillionaire banker and steel magnate, is dead in New York city.

TRIAL OF HARRY THAW.

Harry K. Thaw has been declared sane by the unanimous report of the commission in lunacy appointed to inquire into his mental condition. The moment the decision was handed down from Justice Fitzgerald's desk District Attorney Jerome was on his feet vigorously protesting against its confirmation by the court. He charged that he had been excluded from the last session of the commission and demanded to be allowed to have access to the minutes and stenographic notes of what transpired at the final mental and physical examination of the defendant. When Justice Fitzgerald declined to turn the minutes over to the district attorney Mr. Jerome declared he would carry the case to the appellate division of the supreme court, asking that a writ of prohibition or mandamus be granted to prevent a continuance of the Thaw trial until the higher court had ruled upon the legality of the commission's course. He was allowed several days to make his appeal, the Thaw case adjourning in the meantime.

The trial of Harry K. Thaw for the murder of Stanford White probably will be concluded this week. District Attorney Jerome has decided that he will not ask the appellate division of the supreme court for a writ of prohibition against the continuance of the trial before Justice Fitzgerald.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

It is announced that the finance committee of the United States Steel corporation has authorized the construction of the new steel plant at Duluth. It is expected that the new plant will cost about $10,000,000.

Judge Landis, in the United States court at Chicago, has overruled the motion of the Standard Oil company that the case brought against them charging the illegal taking of rebates be dismissed.

Preliminary reports of the Nebraska railroads for March indicate increased earnings, although for three weeks of the month the roads were operated under the 2-cent passenger rate.

A bill making it unlawful for brewers and wholesale liquor men to own saloons has passed both houses of the Nebraska legislature and will be signed by the governor.

Republicans won in the Michigan state election by a plurality of 75,000.

Snails and Odors.

A professor in the University of Geneva says that snails perceive the odor of many substances, but only when not far away. In order to prove this it is necessary merely to dip a glass rod in a strongly smelling substance and bring it near the large tentacles of a snail in motion. If it is put close to these horns the tentacles are violently drawn back. As the animal perceives the odor it changes its course. Snails also smell by means of their skin. Contact is not necessary, for the mere vicinity of a perfume causes an indentation of the skin.

A Wise Scheme.

"No matter what opinion is offered, you express a contrary view," said the impatient friend.

"Well," answered Mr. Biggins, "that's a way I have of acquiring knowledge. A man is more likely to give up all he knows on a subject if you get him to warm up with a little controversial indignation."—Washington Star.

His Influence.

"Do you think a man's influence lasts after he is gone?" asked the philosopher.

"Well, I should say!" cried the young woman. "My husband tied my property up so that I can't ever marry again!"—Detroit Free Press.

Fame.

Fame is the inheritance not of the dead, but of the living. It is we who look back with lofty pride to the great names of antiquity, who drink of that flood of glory as of a river and refresh our wings in it for future flight.—Hazlitt.

Evil spreads as necessarily as disease.—Eliot.

SURVEYORS WERE HERE.

Quite Probable That Route Through City Will Be Changed.

No Information Is Given Out as to Any Proposed Changes.

The Great Northern had a party of surveyors in Thief River Falls on Tuesday and much surveying was done about the city. Although no information was given out, their work indicates that the Great Northern is going to change its line through the city. Instead of having their trains back into the city, it is quite probable that a line will be built leaving the main line south of town at a joint near the county ditch and running just west of the high school building and again joining the main track at some joint in Hemmingson's addition. This route would be a very desirable one, although it would probably cost the Great Northern a large amount of money, and if this is built, the depot will probably be removed to the block back of the Masonic building.

Some surveying was also done in front of Dr. Grundy's residence and might indicate that more side tracks are to be built in that vicinity. It is also understood that the elevators desire a more central location and it is quite probable that they will all be removed down town this summer.

A Good Suggestion.

I would suggest that it is none too early for the managers to get out their premium list for the bi-county fair at Thief River. $100 hung up as a premium for the best township exhibit would be a great drawing card for the fair as well as to stimulate the different townships to do their level best in making up their exhibits, which should not include live stock but be limited to the products of the ground. New towns cannot complete in live stock with older settled parts. We can make the bi-county fair a wonder if it is managed rightly and begun in time.—Mrs. A. W. Clark, Rollis, Minn.

Steinhauer's Statement.

Editor News: Please put this in your paper for Manor news:

Last week C. Schwartz from Manor put some awful news in the Press, nothing but lies, to get even for a piece about him which was all true, the week before last, which I had nothing to do with.

It is a good thing he didn't scratch his head two years ago to put something in or maybe we would have seen some more dirt in the paper then now.

Respectfully yours,
Carl Steinhauer.

The Baron's Order.

A worthy Welsh baronet, a member of one of the parliaments of William IV., was asked by one of his constituents who chanced to be in town at the time for an order of admission into the house. With his characteristic disposition to oblige, Sir —— immediately complied with the request and wrote an order in the usual terms and addressed it thus: "To the Door Ceeper of the House of Kommons." The person for whom it was intended discovered the errors in the spelling after he had gone ten or twelve yards from the worthy baronet and, turning back and running up to him, said: "Oh, Sir ——, there is a slight mistake in your order. Two letters have been transposed. You have spelled 'keeper' with a C instead of a K and 'commons' with a K instead of a C." "That's all right," was the answer. "The doorkeeper will see to it. He is sure to know which is which."

Washington's Advice.

Here is a bit of advice given by George Washington on Jan. 15, 1873, to his young nephew, of whom he was very fond:

"Be courteous to all, but intimate with few, and let those few be well tried before you give them your confidence. True friendship is a plant of slow growth and must undergo and withstand the shocks of adversity before it is entitled to the appellation. Let your heart feel for the afflictions and distresses of every one and let your hand give in proportion to your purse, remembering always the estimation of the widow's mite. Do not conceive that fine clothes make fine men any more than that fine feathers make fine birds. A plain, genteel dress is more admired and obtains more credit than lace and embroidery in the eyes of the judicious and sensible."

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

MUST BE HUNT.

Strange Animal Killed out on the Reservation Resembling Sunbeam Editor.

Crookston Journal:—A homesteader from near Germantown who spent yesterday in the city says that Bennie Moe who is spending a few weeks on his claim in that section, claims to have shot a monster Korwhigulums last Friday while scouting thru the woods. The animal, according to Mr. Moe has the Cass Lake "Hogag" skinned four ways from a jack. It has cloven hoofs behind and claws in front, but the most pecular formation is its head.

The lower jaw resembles that of a Bengal tiger while the upper jaw is exactly like that of the great American eagle. Draped from the lower jaw in a long goatee, a la Billy Goat, while from the crown of its head rises majestically a comb similar to that worn by a rooster only larger, being 28 inches deep and 8 inches thick at the base. It also has fins and a set of wings, being at home in the air, under water or on terra firma.

It is said to be an ensemble of a jackal, a shark, a moose, an ostrich and a snake. Last Wednesday it laid an egg in Thief Lake and cased a flood which reached Thief River Falls yesterday. The egg of the freak floats down the river and hatches in a log jam.

Mr. Moe says he will not bring it home as it is too big, weighing about ten tons, so he is preparing a great barbecue to which all the Indians in the Red Lake Reservation have been invited and Chief Halvor Steenerson will be invited to preside and deliver an address on "Monster of the Jungles of Northern Minnesota.

Board of Health Notice.

The Board of Health of the city of Thief River Falls, in order to improve the general sanitary conditions of the city and to guard against disease, at a regular meeting held on Tuesday March 26, 1907 adopted the following resolutions:

1. That all owners and occupants of lots within the city limits be required to move from their respective premises before April 15th, 1907, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter. Manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

2. That the keeping of hogs within the city be prohibited, except on special permission.

3. That the carcasses of all dead animals, such as horses, cattle dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners or, upon failure to do so, by the occupant or owner of the premises.

4. That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate, unless suitable receptacles be provided therefor, neither will they be permitted to be thrown upon streets or alleys. If such slops and kitchen refuse are placed in suitable barrels they must be removed at frequent intervals.

5. The board recommends that all private wells in the city be thoroughly cleaned in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter and directs special attention to the cleaning and disinfecting all privy vaults, cellars and cisterns, as these are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

6. After April 15 the annual inspection by the board of health will take place, and any person found guilty of disobeying the above resolutions will be dealt with according to the statutes made and provided.

Dated March 26, 1907.

P. L. Vistunet, M. D.,
Health Officer.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Apr. 6

Anstensen, Miss Live
Ault, Nick
Bjerk, Freeman
Gorlid, Sigurd O,
Haugh Henry
Holt Ole Olson
Jenson H. L.
Johnson Carlie O.
Johnson Emil
Johnson Arthur
Johnson Lenord
Knap Miss Myrtle
Moon———
Osmundson Sjovat
Pederson Christian
Rice Fred
Russel, James
Rud, Mrs Agnetta
Snowbeck, Olaf
Shoomaker, Mr.
Schwinke, Edmond
Shover, Jake
Shafer, Jake 2
Undine, Alt.
Vefsl, Gullik
Wold, Segneard
Wentzel, August

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11.
Sabbath evening worship at 8.
Sabbath School at 10
Christian Endeavor at 7.15
Teachers meeting and Bible study Thursday evening at 8.
All are welcome at our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

THE JUDGES SELECTED

Fair Association Held a Meeting Tuesday Evening.

Judges, Committees and Superintendents are all Named.

A meeting of the fair association was held Tuesday evening and numerous committees and judges were appointed for the fair to be held in Thief River Falls on August 7, 8 and 9. The association also decided to join the American Trotting Association this year.

The following committees were appointed:

Subscriptions—Robert Lee, A. Stenseth, L. G. Browning and Joseph Lang.
Premiums, Printing and Transportation—M. V. Evenson, Daniel Shaw, and L. M. Hoag.
Privileges—L. M. Hoag and Daniel Shaw.

The following were appointed superintendents:

Transportation—O. J. Schei.
Grounds and Buildings—C. C. Jackson.
Track and Races—John Morgan.
Police—Robert McGinn.
Agricultural Building—A. Stenseth.
Stock Exhibit—Ben Christienson.
Poultry—George Lipscomb.
Education—J. H. Hay.
Woman's Building—Mrs. D. K. Bryant.

The following were the judges named:

Stock—Daniel Patterson, Mike McAndrews and C. A. Lindquist.
Dairy Products—Wm. Long, P. Engelstad and Chas. Gustafson.
Grain and Produce—M. V. Evenson, Matt Barzen and Ed. A. Auble.
Poultry—F. J. Stebbins, N. W. Tarrant and Andrew Trovaton.
Fancy Work, Plants, Flowers and Art—Mrs. Emma Marshall and Mrs. S. M. Severtson and Mrs. Oscar Post.
Culinery Exhibit—Mrs. C. C. Jackson, Mrs. M. V. Evenson and Mrs. Daniel Shaw.
Educational—Prof. Hay, H. T. McAnulty and Mrs. S. W. Bagley.

INSTITUTE A CONTEST.

Prizes to Be Distributed among Patrons of Red Lake Falls Creamery.

An unique contest has been instituted by the Red Lake Falls creamery association which promises to be a popular one with the patrons of the institution. The contest has as its object both the securing of additional patrons for the creamery and the promotion of interest in the most up-to-date methods of farming, and as an incentive to contestants, substantial cash prizes have been offered, the money for which has been secured by a subscription list which was circulated recently among the business men of this city. The citizens were not slow in recognizing the value of such a contest and as a result enough money was subscribed to assure the carrying out of the project in every detail as far as necessary funds were concerned.

The project is instituted under the head of "A Fodder Corn and Root Crop Contest for the Season of 1907," and is open to all farmers who will bring their cream to the local creamery thruout the season of 1907-08., up to March 1, 1908. The conditions of this contest are made with the object of benefitting all who wish to participate by promoting their interests in dairying, and the prizes offered are large enough to make them well worth striving for.

The prizes offered are as follows:

For ten acres of fodder corn, first prize $25.00, second prize $15, third prize $10.00

For five acres fodder corn, first prize $10.00, second prize $5.

For one acre mangles, first prize $15, second prize, $10, third prize $5.

A Sudden Death.

On Tuesday afternoon Adolph, the seven year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Eggen, of Kratka township, died very suddenly at the home of his parents. On Monday afternoon he was out playing with the other children and got wet. He was taken into the house and his clothing changed at once. During the night he seemed to be feeling unwell and complained of pain in his stomach. He kept on complaining at intervals until Tuesday afternoon when he was taken with cramps which succeeded each other with great rapidity every few minutes. In about an hour death came to his relief. His stricken parents have the sympathy of all in their sad bereavement which is the second in the family this winter. Another son, a young man of 23, died about three months ago, which makes this, the second death in the family, particularly sad.—Plummer Pioneer.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

0395

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRESENT PROGRESS IN SWEDEN

Swedish Newspapers in the United States to Publish a Series of Articles Thereon.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Swedish-American society in Stockholm has decided to publish a series of articles in Swedish newspapers in America regarding present day progress of Sweden along economic, industrial and social lines, the object being to give Swedish-Americans a better idea of present day conditions in the home country. The Swedish-American society was organized in Stockholm about two years ago and its effort to bring about a better understanding among Swedes and Swedish-Americans will it is hoped be crowned with success. A similar society also exists in Gothenburg which in fact was organized some time before the Stockholm society. It has a large membership and all visiting Swedish-Americans are well received and chaperoned by members of this society during their summer sojourns in Gothenburg.

A 16-year-old lad in one of the orphan asylums in Gothenburg committed suicide a few days ago in the presence of a large number of his playmates. He held a small pistol in his hand which he aimed at his forehead stating that "now I am going to kill myself." It developed, however, when he pulled the trigger that the pistol was not loaded. "So it isn't loaded? Well, I'll soon fix that," at which he immediately loaded it, pulled the trigger and shot himself through the heart, dying almost instantly. A few weeks ago the lad had run away from home and when he came to Gothenburg the authorities placed him in an orphan asylum. He told his comrades the day before he killed himself that he could not endure the disgrace of being kept in an orphan asylum and so preferred death to the life which lay before him.

A report from Helsingborg says that King Oscar and Queen Sofia will spend a month at Kulla-Gunnarstorp this summer as guests of Countess Elizabeth Wachtmeister. The king is at present recuperating at Saltsjobaden, where he has a suite of twenty rooms, the purest air and the best of care. There is every indication that the old king will be able to celebrate his golden wedding anniversary in June. The queen is now in comparatively good health. Perhaps the greatest gloom now over the royal house is the protracted illness of Crownprincess Victoria at Karlsruhe. This princess, who is seldom seen at the Swedish court, has for years been a patient sufferer and her position has indeed been a trying one. Crownprince Gustaf is still at Karlsruhe.

A violinist named Karl Tiren, of Kiirunn, has after several years of patient experimenting discovered a method of rejuvenating old violins, which is said to be as wonderful as the Stradivarius method. He succeeds in turning ordinary factory violins into really wonderful instruments, producing the full clear tone which is required of the concert instrument. Tiren keeps secret his method, but has been offered a handsome sum for his discovery by a wealthy violin maker of Paris.

Compulsory military service is not popular in Sweden if one is to judge from the number of persons last year who were fined for not submitting to this clause in the Swedish law. During the year of 1906, for instance, not less than 7,800 persons were fined, the total amount representing about 40,000 crowns. It is also a well known fact that scores upon scores of young men immigrate to foreign lands, especially America, in order to avoid military service.

The old Blanch cafe occupying the building on the corner of Hamn street and the King's garden may now be placed at the disposal of the naval academy, which is very much in need of additional quarters. It is ideally situated, facing as it does the beautiful park where thousands of people promenade every afternoon and evening.

Herman Lagerkrantz, the newly appointed minister to the United States, will depart for Washington, D. C., April 16. An April 6 he was given a farewell reception by the Swedish American society at Stockholm. He will present his credentials to President Roosevelt May 1.

A new villa town will be started on Essingen island in Lake Malar this summer. A Stockholm real estate company has purchased the building rights there for [illegible] crowns and a number of villas will be under course of construction by May 1.

Herr Furst, the newly elected representative from the Fourth voting district, took his place in the second chamber of the Riksdag March 13. Herr Furst is an able debater and one of the best educated lawyers in Stockholm.

The well known woman novelist, Mme. Mathilda Lenneberg, died at her home, Vista parish, a few days ago, aged 69 years. Her novels have been extensively read in Sweden and were exceptionally popular among women.

King Oscar has given the insignia of the Carl XII order to Rev. H. N. Afzelius, Admiral C. O. Olsen and Major A. V. Tauvon. All the gentlemen are prominent men, representing as they do the church army and navy.

The oldest man in Sweden died the other day at his home in Harsele, Angermanland, aged 105 years. Up to his 100th year he was able to chop wood and do all the chores about his place.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The Norwegian sailors are many and so are their experiences. Just now the rescue of eleven of them is in the public eye. December 12 last, the Norwegian whaling steamer Cathrine was shipwrecked on the uninhabited Crozet islands in the southern Pacific. Her destination was Kerguelen, but on the way there she anchored on the Crozet islands, which lie at 46 degrees south latitude and 50 degrees east longitude. On the island an abundance of seal is found, and the crew every day went seal hunting and returned to the ship every night. On Dec. 12, however, a hurricane struck the place, threw the vessel ashore and demolished it entirely. The main part of the ship's provisions were also destroyed. After a month had passed the men succeeded in getting one of their boats on the water, and in this Captain Anders Ree and two of the seamen set out. After sailing for nine days they were observed by the steamer De Ruyter which took them to Port Philip. The Norwegian consul at Melbourne was communicated with, and from him the Norwegian department of commerce received information about the wreck and a request to send a relief expedition. The Crozet islands are far out of the common route of ships. The nearest place from which relief could be sent was Cape Town. The distance between the two places is 1,200 miles, or five or six days' journey. The department cabled instructions to the Norwegian consul general at Cape Town, who replied that the tug boat Panther the next day would go to the Crozet islands. This steamer started out in stormy weather and had to return. March 2 another steamer was sent out, but before it reached its destination, the shipwrecked men had been rescued, presumably by the British passenger steamer Turakina. This steamer, which belongs to the New Zealand shipping company, Ltd. of Plymouth, England, sailed from London via Cape Town to New Zealand on Jan. 24. Its master promised, before leaving Cape Town, Feb. 16, to touch at the Crozet islands, if this could be done without too much delay. On its trip further the Turakina was to call at Habart, the capital of Tasmania, and here it has, according to a cablegram, safely landed the eleven stranded Norwegian seamen, who for months must have had some strange experiences on the desolate islands in the far south.

Mrs. Brækstad, wife of the Norwegian consul general, who recently came to visit his friends in Christiania, fell down and broke her arm in front of the National theater the other day. Mrs. Brækstad had a narrow escape from drowning near Trondhjem last summer.

"The Happy Widow" is the play which will appeal to the popular fancy at the Central theater in Christiania next month. The leading lady is Dagny Skarstedt, who has made much success in light opera of late.

The French south polar explorer, Charcot, of Paris, delivered a lecture about "A winter in the antarctics," at the University of Christiania week before last. The lecture was given in the English language.

Bernard Shaw's "The Devil's Children" in its Norwegian garb seems to have made a hit at the National theater. It has had a big run and will undoubtedly be presented again next season.

Alaf Paulus, the composer, has just finished a new composition entitled "Finshaugen." The piece has been arranged for a male chorus. The words are from the pen of Jonas Dahl.

Roald Amundsen lectured in Budapest March 11. About 2,000 people attended the lecture. Mr. Amundsen's manager is Mr. Harry Randall, of Minneapolis, U. S. A.

Consul Person has refused 20,000,000 crowns for the Sulithelma mine. It is regarded as one of the greatest copper ore properties in Scandinavia.

The spring herring fisheries are generally reported of an average yield. Last year's yield was even a little heavier.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Chulalongkorn of Siam will visit Copenhagen this summer and will bring with him only two of his wives. Last time the royal gentleman visited the Danish capital was in 1897, when he had a score or more of wives with him besides a large retinue of servants. He will be the guest at the royal palace.

George Brandes has become involved in a series of controversies with a number of Swedish newspaper men and "hot shots" are being fired across the channel back and forth in a very spirited manner. Thus far Mr. Brandes seems to hold his own in a way which is only characteristic of him.

Crownprince Christian departed for the Danish West Indies with the steamer "Birma," escorted by a Danish cruiser March 30. He will visit Jamaica and the United States.

A Danish-American society will be organized in Copenhagen next month. The society will have about 100 members from the start.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

COMPROMISE TURNED DOWN

Minnesota Railroads and Legislature Cannot Get Together.

St. Paul, April 2.—The much-talked of compromise on the 2-cent passenger fare bill is off and now it is to be a case of "do your worst." If talk counts for anything the railroads can expect little mercy at the hands of the two legislative branches from now on. Much of the legislation now pending will be passed, drastic as the roads say it is.

The compromise proposed by the roads originally contained many good things beyond the fondest dreams of those interested, but what the committee was offered was a rank disappointment. For a 2½-cent fare the roads agreed to continue the issuance of the present 2,000-mile books, to sell a 500-mile family mileage book for $10 and to give a reduction in commodity rates approximating about half that promulgated by the railway and warehouse commission and which is now in litigation. On grain rates the three Northern roads, the Great Northern, Soo and Northern Pacific, would make no reductions whatever, and as for the Southern roads the best they would do would be to make their schedules to bring them in line with the 5 per cent cut made by the Northern roads a year ago.

As to the passenger rates the roads would not entertain a proposition of a 2-cent return ticket good until used, nor would they grant a 2,000-mile book on all roads to be sold at $40, with a rebate of $10 if used in a year. The withdrawal of the pending suits was not even mentioned in the offer submitted. All this was included in the original offer.

HIRED MAN KILLS FARMER

Murderer of Minnesota Man Then Ends His Own Life.

Fergus Falls, Minn., April 2.—H. J. Gilbertson shot and killed Jacob Grimstad, and then after arming himself to the teeth in apparent preparation to resist capture, committed suicide. The dual tragedy was enacted on Grimstad's farm, sixteen miles north of Fergus Falls.

For about a year Grimstad had employed Gilbertson as a farm hand. Gilbertson was a young man of a quiet disposition. Grimstad had but little work for a hired man during the winter, but Gilbertson is said to have agreed to remain and work for his board. With the opening of spring he announced that he was going to North Dakota, and demanded pay for his winter's work. The two men had a dispute several days ago as to their agreement, and some words passed since.

Grimstad hitched up his team and prepared to start for this city. There had been no quarrel, but just as Grimstad was about to drive away Gilbertson picked up a repeating rifle, and fatally wounded Grimstad.

Gilbertson stepped back into the house, secured two rifles, a shotgun, a revolver, and, filling his pockets with ammunition, started for the woods. Later he returned and going to the hayloft, placed the muzzle of a rifle in his mouth and pulled the trigger, killing himself instantly.

TWO CHILDREN BURNED.

One St. Paul Tot Dead and the Other Dying.

St. Paul, April 2.—Eleanor Mullar was probably fatally burned at a bonfire near her home in this city. Some boys had started a fire and the little girl went to watch it. In some manner her clothing caught fire and in an instant the flames spread about her body. Shrieking with pain, she ran home, but fell before she could reach the house. Her father, attracted by her cries, rushed to her assistance and managed to extinguish the flames, but not before she had been terribly burned.

While her mother was down in the cellar Myra Hilman, three years old, passed too close to a gasoline stove while playing about the room. A bunch of paper which the baby was carrying in her hands caught fire. When Mrs. Hilman returned the little girl was on the floor a mass of flames. The mother managed to beat out the fire, but not before the baby had been horribly burned. She was taken to the city hospital, where she died.

Indicted Official Shoots Self.

St. Peter, Minn., April 2.—G. A. Blomberg, Jr., former clerk of the court of Nicollet county, is dying at his home in this city from a self-inflicted wound. Fearing the outcome of his approaching trial for the alleged misuse of public funds he fired a revolver bullet into his head. It entered the right ear and it is a miracle that death was not instantaneous. The ball lodged in his brain and the wound will prove fatal.

Prize Fights Must Stop.

Minneapolis, April 2.—There will be no more prize fights in this city. Governor Johnson has notified A. W. Dreger, sheriff of Hennepin county, that the so-called athletic exhibitions in this city were in reality prize fights and that the laws of the state of Minnesota did not permit them. This puts an end to all fight plans, a number of "exhibitions" having been scheduled to occur in the near future.

Minnesotan Murdered in Canada.

Edmonton, Alberta, April 6.—George Wood, formerly of Biwabik, Minn., was found dead in a shack here under circumstances that point to murder. Albert Jones, a friend of Wood, claims to have seen "Dick" Hood, the owner of the place where the body was found, strike Wood on the back of the head with a bottle.

EIGHT HUNDRED OUT

Minneapolis Carpenters Strike for an Increase in Wages.

Minneapolis, April 6.—Carpenters to the number of 800 have quit work and construction on a number of big buildings is at a standstill.

The master builders had announced to the strike committee of the union that all compromises were off and that the men would be expected to go back to work for 40 cents per hour.

The union men decided upon a mass meeting to discuss the matter. The master builders offered a compromise at 42½ cents an hour, but the carpenters refused this. The builders then agreed to pay 45 cents an hour after July 1, but the carpenters wanted the raise at once. This was refused and a strike followed on all jobs where the master builders refused to give the workmen 45 cents an hour.

CASE IS PROMPTY APPEALED

Great Northern Convicted and Fined in Federal Court on Charge of Granting Rebates.

ROAD ACCEPTED REBATES.

Great Northern Found Guilty by a Jury at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 8.—Guilty of accepting rebates was the verdict against the Great Northern railroad in the United States district court in this city after the jury had been out exactly four minutes. Calling of the trial, examining and swearing in the jury, hearing the arguments of the attorneys and the charge of the judge and the decision and sentence of payment of a fine of $15,000 all occupied only one hour.

No evidence was offered in the case, the attorneys of the railroad company admitting the statement of facts as offered by the prosecuting attorney, Paul Ewart, for the government. The object of thus allowing the case to be decided against it is to provide grounds for an immediate appeal to the higher court and get the case into the May term of the United States circuit court of appeals.

Assistant Attorney Ewart argued the case for the government before Judge Page Morris. He alleged that the railroad had given rebates to the W. P. Devereaux company on shipments of grain in 1905 to the Pacific coast. Fifteen counts appeared in the case on trial and it was alleged that by a clever system of substituting other way bills the grain company was allowed to ship its grain for 35 cents instead of 50 cents, the regular rate. This the government contends is a concession contrary to law.

Romo G. Brown, counsel for the Great Northern, interposed an objection to the taking of evidence at the close of the argument by Mr. Ewart. He stated that the road admitted the facts as set forth in the indictment, but moved that the court dismiss the action on the grounds that neither the indictment nor any counts thereof state sufficient facts.

Judge Morris denied the motion, and Mr. Brown was allowed to state to the jury that the facts were admitted because the case is a test case. The judge then charged the jury that it should bring in a verdict if it believed the defendant guilty of the allegations charged in the indictment. In four minutes the verdict was rendered.

STANFORD NEWEL DEAD.

Prominent Minnesota Pioneer and Diplomat Dies in St. Paul.

St. Paul, April 8.—Stanford Newel, pioneer resident of St. Paul, lawyer, diplomat and man of affairs, is dead at his residence in this city.

Mr. Newel had been ill for several months, but until a few days ago his condition was not considered alarming. Mr. Newel had long been a sufferer from asthma, which seriously affected his general health, so that when nearly a month ago he was attacked by pleurisy there was a struggle between life and disease. He apparently recovered from this attack, but about three weeks ago he slipped on the steps of the Minnesota club and broke one of his ribs. This injury was healing when he was again attacked by pleurisy. The asthma became much worse and the complication of ailments culminated in his death.

Mr. Newel was president of the Pioneer Press company and in 1897 was appointed as United States minister to The Hague, where he served until 1905. Mr. Newel was sixty-eight years old.

Young Man Killed by Fall.

Minneapolis, April 6.—L. Hargrave, aged seventeen, an usher at the Lyceum theater, fell from a box at the theater and died some hours later at Asbury hospital. Some of the ushers were playing "tag" about the building and Hargrave tried to jump from a tier of seats to a box. He did not rightly calculate the distance and fell to the floor below, thirty feet. His skull was fractured.

Theft of $1,000 in Diamonds.

Minneapolis, April 6.—Mrs. John Louden, wife of a prominent business man, lost or had stolen from her $1,000 worth of jewelry on a Minneapolis street car. The police are of the opinion that the woman lost her jewels, but Mrs. Louden says she is positive they were stolen.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not apply in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost. For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 7, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hilma Westman, formerly Hilma Skogland, of Sorum, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Dec. 14, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County at Warren, Minnesota, on May 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn.
John Hedlund, " " "
Emanuel Andeen, " " "
Lars P. Larson " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 11 may 16

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made November 24, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 9, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 16, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K. Austam, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Ole E. Wieseth, " " "
Peter A. Kostad, " " "
Otto Tanaseth " " "

Apr 11 may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1907 NUMBER 16

Historical Society

DESERTED IN OLD AGE.

John Vesey Does Not Prove a very Dutiful Son.

Asks Mayor to Have His Aged Parents Ejected in Five Days.

Mayor Grundy last week received the following letter which will explain itself:

LaCrosse, Idaho, April 7, 1907.
—To Dr. Grundy, city mayor, and the city council of Thief River Falls:

This is a notice to remove from my property Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Vesey within five days after you receive this notice as they are making trouble with the people renting my place, and they must be removed within said time. The little house can go with them without injuring any of the property. If not I will sell it with the rest of the property for by good right it belongs to me for I built it and paid the taxes.

I wish you to attend to it at once for they went on the town of their own accord and I did not even know of it at the time, so they will have to stand what is done for them. As for me I can do nothing more for them.

And oblige,
MR. AND MRS. JOHN VESEY.

The Veseys have been residents of this section for the past fourteen years and the circumstances are well known to all of the old residents. Thomas Vesey is 90 years of age and his wife is about 80. They are the father and mother of John Vesey who signed the above communication. When they first came to this section the senior Mr. and Mrs. Vesey resided upon a farm out on the ridge which they cultivated until old age required them to sell and remove to Thief River Falls. At that time their son, John, lived in Thief River Falls and work was not so easy to obtain then as now. It is said by old residents that during those years the elder Mr. and Mrs. Vesey practically supported John and his wife and brought them much of what is produced upon a farm such as butter, eggs, pork and vegetables for which they never received any pay. When the saw mill was built, John went to work for the lumber company and recieved good pay all of the time. He worked for the lumber company until last fall when he went out to LaCrosse, Idaho. When the elder Mr. and Mrs. Vesey removed to Thief River Falls they built with their own money a little home upon lots owned by Mrs. John Vesey and upon which Mr. and Mrs. John Vesey's home stood. About two years ago—while their son was working for the lumber company and receiving good wages—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Vesey made application to the city for aid and since that time they have been public charges. Whether or not John Vesey knew of the circumstance at that time is not known, but it must be admitted that he was not providing for them in a very generous manner or they would not have been obliged to ask the city for aid.

NOT ALL SUNSHINE.

Settlers Enroute to Their New Homes in Canada Are Snow Bound.

"Billy" Knight arrived in the city Tuesday evening from Prince Albert, where he spent the winter working in the woods. The railroads up in that section are all tied up owing to numerous snow storms of late and it took Mr. Knight sixteen days to make the trip from Prince Albert to this city. At Rejina he reports that there were 1500 car loads of stock, farm machinery and household goods on the side tracks belonging to settlers who are enroute to the Canadian Northwest to make their future home.

Many of these had been tied up there for over a month and restaurants and hotels were reaping a big harvest and charging exhorbitant prices for meals. Many of the new settlers had spent most of their cash and wishing they had never started for the Canadian Noathwest.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

CHANGES ON THE G. N.

Depot, Track Scales and Water Tank to Be Removed.

Also a Rumor to the Effect That This City Will be a Division Point.

Reliable information is to the effect that the Great Northern is going to make a number of changes in Thief River Falls during the coming year. Just what the changes are to include it is not possible to gain any information, but it is known positively that the depot, the track scales and the water tank are to be removed from their present location, but where the new location is to be is a matter of speculation. It is a well known fact that the road is not satisfied with its present facilities for doing business here and additional track room has got to be secured in order to accommodate shippers and other enterprises desiring locations upon their right-of-way. If a new line was surveyed through town, it would be possible to secure the required additional right-of-way, or it may be that the depot will be removed further east from its present location and placed down upon the Moylan property near the bridge.

There is also a rumor going the rounds to the effect that when the Great Northern is extended from this city north to Warroad this city is to be made a frieght division point. The distance is too far to run freight trains from Crookston to Warroad, and almost too short for a division point between the two places. From Thief River Falls to Warroad would be about right for a division point and it is quite likely that from Crookston to Thief River Falls will be made a division point, the train crew doubling this run every day.

For Rent—The Miller building on La Bree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

BOTH GO TO PRISON

The Men Who Murdered the Dahls Found Guilty by a Jury

Sentenced to Live Life Imprisonment at Hard Labor by Judge Spooner

The brutal murder of N. O. Dahl and his daughter, Aagot, which was committed during the spring of 1904 near Quiring, in Beltrami county, is avenged and Judge Spooner has sentenced the two murderers to life imprisonment at hard labor.

James Wesley and Paul Fournier, who have been on trial during the last three weeks charged with having killed N. O. Dahl on April 7, 1904, both have been found guilty as charged. Wesley was adjudged guilty on April 3, and last Friday the jury which has sat in the trial of Fournier brought in a verdict of guilty.

The work of the jury in returning a verdict in the Wesley case is believed to have been the shortest on record in the annals of criminal trials in the state. The members of the jury were out but twenty-seven minutes when they returned a verdict of guilty. The case against Fournier was given to the jury at 5:45 and at 8:10 the foreman announced that they had agreed on a verdict, having been out two hours and twenty-five minutes, a half hour of which was given up to eating supper.

The word that the jury had agreed on a verdict spread rapidly over Bemidji and in less than fifteen minutes the court room was crowded with an eager throng anxious to hear the reading of the verdict and to watch the effect on the defendant Fournier. As the members of the jury filed into their seats there was an expectant look on Fournier's face and he closely scrutinized the twelve faces to anticipate, if possible, their decision. But the jurors looked neither to the right nor the left and it was impossible to judge what their findings were.

When Judge Spooner requested the jury to listen to the reading of their finding as it would be recorded there was a breathless silence and every eye was riveted on the defendant to note his actions. As the words "We, the jury, find the defendant guilty as charged in the indictment," were read there was an audible sigh from every person in the room, indicative of a lessening of the tension at which the nerves of the people of Bemidji have been during the progress of the trials.

The little man who has been cool, calm and collected throughout it all, never giving a sign of nervousness while his life was hanging in the balance, swallowed two or three times with difficulty and then set his teeth and was as quiet as ever. His iron nerve never deserted him, although he was convicted of committing one of the most cold blooded murders in the history of the state.

It was with difficulty that the crowd could be dispersed from the court room and immediately surrounding the prisoner.

Fournier was committed to jail to await sentence, and a correspondent saw both Wesley and Fournier in the county jail immediately after Fournier was taken back to his cell. Wesley, asked if he had anything to say, replied:

"I've got nothing to say to any damned newspapers. I think I have been advertised enough already. I've got nothing to fear. I can walk right up to the gallows withing flinching. I don't care a dam."

Several vile oaths accompanied his words, and he refused to talk further. Fournier, seen in his cell, was much different and was courteous. He readily agreed to say something and replied to the query for a brief statement as to how he felt at the verdict.

"I don't know what to say. it is so sudden. I didn't expect a verdict of guilty. I am innocent of that crime, but they thought me guilty."

He was smoking a pipe and seemed collected, and not at all nervous.

Wesley is abusive. He uses the vilest of language, and is the most obstreperous prisoner in the jail.

The closing day of his trial was a hard one for Fournier. County Attorney Funkley gave him a grueling cross-examination, which lasted from 9 in the morning until noon, revealing his life from infancy and getting answers regarding some damaging circumstances that were sprung before the attorneys for the defense thought to stop their getting to the jury, although objections to their record were sustained by the court. The defendant was unable to fix the dates of anything except the day when the Dahls were killed, according to the indictment.

At one time the state's attorney suddenly asked Fournier if he had been accused of killing a man named Barclay at [illegible] that Barclay's squaw had been found dead the next morning after demanding money from Fournier and threatening to tell who killed Barclay if she did not receive it. It was also developed that Fournier has a son by this squaw living at Leech Lake.

Fournier's actions after finding the body of N. O. Dahl were not satisfactorily explained on the cross-examination.

County Attorney Funkley began his address to the jury at 3:10, and was followed by Mr. Schrutchin. Both had finished at 5:10. Both were able efforts, the county attorney confining himself to summing up the evidence for the state, while Mr. Schutchin delivered a stirring address, ending with a burst of oratary when he feelingly alluded to "the unnatural brother of the accused" swearing his brother to the gallows.

Judge Spooner's charge to the jury was fair and impartial and covered every phase of the case, especially dwelling on the circumstantial character of the state's evidence, backed up by confusions, and he especially charged the jury to weigh carefully the evidence and the credibility of the witnesses.

CAUSING MATT TROUBLE.

Red Lake Falls People After Matt Skala's Scalp Again.

Considerable of a fight has been started at Red Lake Falls by an attempt upon the part of Matt Skala to tear down the old Red Lake county opera house and from the material taken from this building to erect a large business building on the north side.

The Red Lake county opera house was built several years ago by a stock company and practically all of the stock was owned by Matt Skala. The opera house did not prove a paying proposition, however, and Mr. Skala obtained possession of the property upon a tax title. He now desires to tear down the building and erect a modern business building. There would be no serious objection to this as practically all of the stock in the company is owned by Mr. Skala and as an opera house the property is not worth paying taxes upon. The business men of the south side of the river, however, object to seeing any new business enterprises started upon the north side and it is for the purpose of harassing and bothering Mr. Skala that the present legal proceedings are started.

Mr. Skala is a man of tremendous force and energy and perhaps has done more to develop Red Lake Falls and the surrounding country than any other one man. We predict that he will come out on top even if the professional litigants of that town do for a time cause him some little annoyance.

O. A. Ostby, a new resident of the city who came here for the purpose of conducting religious services, was taken to Minneapolis last week by an officer of that city charged with grand larceny. He has been released on a bail bond of $1000. Very little is known of the man or the charge against him in this city.

HIS BROTHER POISONED

Brother of John Mikulecky Is Poisoned Down in Kansas.

Robbery Evidently the Purpose of the Unknown Murderer.

John Mikulecky, the pioneer resident of the East Side, last week received a telegram from Kansas announcing that his brother, Joseph Mikulecky had been murdered. Since that time Mr. Mikulecky has received no information about the affair, but an Associated Press dispatch published in the Duluth Evening Herald gives the following information regarding the matter:

Fort Scott, Kan., April 10.—Joseph Mikulecky, aged 65, and Josef Salava, aged 35 years, both of whom lived near Burlington, Kan., where they owned farms, were poisoned by a stranger here Monday night, evidently for the purpose of robbery. Both men died a few minutes after they had been found in a dark side street.

Mikulecky was Salava's father-in-law. They had recently sold their farms and were on the way to Springfield, Mo., to look for a new location. They were met here by a stranger who engaged them in conversation and offered them whiskey, which they drank. They were taken violently ill and fell ill in the street. The stranger fled. Strychnine was found in the stomachs of the men.

About the Size of It.

One of the worst graft bills introduced in the legislature is the one creating a weed inspector and we are surprised that Senator Sundberg, who is a bonanza and practical farmer, has not shown it up. Every township and village board has full power to act, every renter of land can have a weed clause inserted in his lease, and if a farmer board of supervisors and the owners of land do not, or can not have weeds exterminated it is rediculous to suppose that a single official, highly paid, roaming over the whole state can pull weeds.—St. Vincent Era.

Mail Route Changed.

The star mail route from Red Lake Falls to Lambert has been discontinued and the government is now advertising for bids to supply the Lambert office from Brooks. For over two years the people of Brooks and Lambert have desired to have this change made, but heretofore all of their efforts have been without success. By getting their mail from Brooks, the Lambert people will receive their mail two days earlier than from Red Lake Falls.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"The Store That Lives Up to Its Name."

Every Mother of a Boy.

We want every mother of a boy to come and see our showing of Boys' and Children's apparel for spring and summer of 1907:

Young Men's Suits,
(for lads 15 to 20 years) single and double breasted styles, in plain gray and smart overplaid worsteds, blue serges, blacks, etc.
$5, 7.50, 10, 12.50, and 15

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits,
(7 to 17 years) Norfolk belted and plain double breasted coat effects. Trousers cut extra full and every seam reinforced.
3.75, 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50

Boys' "Uncle Dudley's"
(8 to 17 years) The Uncle Dudley suits come with 2 pair of trousers; exceptional values.
5.00 and 6.00

Little Boys' Russian Suits, Sailor Suits, Etc.
3 to 9 years, in blue serge, gun metal grey. Special values at
2.50, 3.50, 4.50 and 5.00

Boys' Knee Pants,
any shade, any size,
1.00, 75c and 50c.

Boys' "Bunker Hill" Shoes,
in BxCalf, Vici Valour Calf, Crome Calf, any size; special values,
1.50, 2.00, and 2.50

Boys' Hosiery. Boys' Caps. Boys' Shirts and Blouses.

The Golden Rule Clothing Department.
"Everything From Head to Foot."

The Home of S. H. & M. Suits. The Home of the Gordon Hats.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRESENT PROGRESS IN SWEDEN

Swedish Newspapers in the United States to Publish a Series of Articles Thereon.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Swedish-American society in Stockholm has decided to publish a series of articles in Swedish newspapers in America regarding present day progress of Sweden along economic, industrial and social lines, the object being to give Swedish-Americans a better idea of present day conditions in the home country. The Swedish-American society was organized in Stockholm about two years ago and its effort to bring about a better understanding among Swedes and Swedish-Americans will it is hoped be crowned with success. A similar society also exists in Gothenburg which in fact was organized some time before the *Stockholm society. It has a large* membership and all visiting Swedish-Americans are well received and chaperoned by members of this society during their summer sojourns in Gothenburg.

A 16-year-old lad in one of the orphan asylums in Gothenburg committed suicide a few days ago in the presence of a large number of his playmates. He held a small pistol in his hand which he aimed at his forehead stating that "now I am going to kill myself." It developed, however, when he pulled the trigger that the pistol was not loaded. "So it isn't loaded? Well, I'll soon fix that," at which he immediately loaded it, pulled the trigger and shot himself through the heart, dying almost instantly. A few weeks ago the lad had run away from home and when he came to Gothenburg the authorities placed him in an orphan asylum. He told his comrades the day before he killed himself that he could not endure the disgrace of being kept in an orphan asylum and so preferred death to the life which lay before him.

A report from Helsingborg says that King Oscar and Queen Sofia will spend a month at Kulla-Gunnarstorp this summer as guests of Countess Elizabeth Wachtmeister. The king is at present recuperating at Saltsjobaden, where he has a suite of twenty rooms, the purest air and the best of care. There is every indication that the old king will be able to celebrate his golden wedding anniversary in June. The queen is now in comparatively good health. Perhaps the greatest gloom now over the royal house is the protracted illness of Crownprincess Victoria at Karlsruhe. This princess, who is seldom seen at the Swedish court, has for years been a patient sufferer and her position has indeed been a trying one. Crownprince Gustaf is still at Karlsruhe.

A violinist named Karl Tiren, of Kiiruna, has after several years of patient experimenting discovered a method of rejuvenating old violins, which is said to be as wonderful as the Stradivarius method. He succeeds in turning ordinary factory violins into really wond

producing the f

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Tiren keeps sec

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of Paris.

Compulsory m

popular in Swed

from the numbe

of the Carl XII order to Rev. H. N. Afzelius, Admiral C. O. Olsen and Major A. V. Tauvon. All the gentlemen are prominent men, representing as they do the church army and navy.

The oldest man in Sweden died the other day at his home in Harsele, Angermanland, aged 105 years. Up to his 100th year he was able to chop wood and do all the chores about his place.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The Norwegian sailors are many and so are their experiences. Just now the rescue of eleven of them is in the public eye. December 12 last, the Norwegian whaling steamer Catharine was shipwrecked on the uninhabited Crozet islands in the southern Pacific. Her destination was Kerguelen, but on the way there she anchored on the Crozet islands, which lie at 46 degrees south latitude and 50 degrees east longitude. On the island an abundance of seal is found, and the crew every day went seal hunting and returned to the ship every night. On Dec. 12, however, a hurricane struck the place, threw the vessel ashore and demolished it entirely. The main part of the ship's provisions were also destroyed. After a month had passed the men succeeded in getting one of their boats on the water, and in this Captain Anders Ree and two of the seamen set out. After sailing for nine days they were observed by the steamer De Ruyter which took them to Port Philip. The Norwegian consul at Melbourne was communicated with, and from him the Norwegian department of commerce received information about the wreck and a request to send a relief expedition. The Crozet islands are far out of the common route of ships. The nearest place from which relief could be sent was Cape Town. The distance between the two places is 1,200 miles, or five or six days' journey. The department cabled instructions to the Norwegian consul general at Cape Town, who replied that the tug boat Panther the next day would go to the Crozet Islands. This steamer started out in stormy weather and had to return. March 2 another steamer was sent out, but before it reached its destination, the shipwrecked men had been rescued, presumably by the British passenger steamer Turakina. This steamer, which belongs to the New Zealand shipping company, Ltd. of Plymouth England, sailed from London via Cape Town to New Zealand on Jan. 24. Its master promised, before leaving Cape Town, Feb. 16, to touch at the Crozet islands, if this could be done without too much delay. On its trip further the Turakina was to call at Habart, the capital of Tasmania, and here it has, according to a cablegram, safely landed the eleven stranded Norwegian seamen, who for months must have had some strange experiences on the desolate islands in the far south.

Mrs. Brackstad, wife of the Norwegian consul-general, who recently came to visit his friends in Christiania, fell down and broke her arm in front of the National theater the other day. Mrs. Brackstad had a narrow escape from drowning near Trondhjem last summer.

"The Happy Widow" is the play which will appeal to the popular fancy at the Central theater in Christiania next month. The leading lady is Dagny Skarstedt, who has made much success in light opera of late.

The French south polar explorer, Charcot, of Paris, delivered a lecture

COMPROMISE TURNED DOWN

Minnesota Railroads and Legislature Cannot Get Together.

St. Paul, April 2.—The much talked of compromise on the 2-cent passenger fare bill is off and now it is to be a case of "do your worst." If talk counts for anything the railroads can expect little mercy at the hands of the two legislative branches from now on. Much of the legislation now pending will be passed, drastic as the roads say it is.

The compromise proposed by the roads originally contained many good things beyond the fondest dreams of those interested, but what the committee was offered was a rank disappointment. For a 2½-cent fare the roads agreed to continue the issuance of the present 2,000-mile books, to sell a 500-mile family mileage book for $10 and to give a reduction in commodity rates approximating about half that demanded by the railway and warehouse commission and which is now in litigation. On grain rates the three Northern roads, the Great Northern, Soo and Northern Pacific, would make no reductions whatever, and as for the Southern roads the best they would do would be to make their schedules to bring them in line with the 5 per cent cut made by the Northern roads a year ago.

As to the passenger rates the roads would not entertain a proposition of a 2-cent return ticket good until used, *nor would they grant a 2,000-mile book* on all roads to be sold at $40, with a rebate of $10 if used in a year. The withdrawal of the pending suits was not even mentioned in the offer submitted. All this was included in the original offer.

HIRED MAN KILLS FARMER

Murderer of Minnesota Man Then Ends His Own Life.

Fergus Falls, Minn., April 2.—H. J. Gilbertson shot and killed Jacob Grimstad, and then after arming himself to the teeth in apparent preparation to resist capture, committed suicide. The dual tragedy was enacted on Grimstad's farm, sixteen miles north of Fergus Falls.

For about a year Grimstad had employed Gilbertson as a farm hand. Gilbertson was a young man of a quiet disposition. Grimstad had but little work for a hired man during the winter, but Gilbertson is said to have agreed to remain and work for his board. With the opening of spring he announced that he was going to North Dakota, and demanded pay for his winter's work. The two men had a dispute several days ago as to their agreement, and some words passed since.

Grimstad hitched up his team and prepared to start for this city. There had been no quarrel, but just as Grimstad was about to drive away Gilbertson picked up a repeating rifle, and fatally wounded Grimstad.

Gilbertson stepped back into the house, secured two rifles, a shotgun, a revolver, and, filling his pockets with ammunition, started for the woods. Later he returned and going to the hayloft, placed the muzzle of a rifle in his mouth and pulled the trigger, killing himself instantly.

TWO CHILDREN BURNED.

One St. Paul Tot Dead and the Other Dying.

St. Paul, April 2.—Eleanor Mullar was probably fatally burned at a bonfire near her home in this city. Some boys had started a fire and the little

EIGHT HUNDRED OUT

Minneapolis Carpenters Strike for an Increase in Wages.

CASE IS PROMPTY APPEALED

Great Northern Convicted and Fined in Federal Court on Charge of Granting Rebates.

Minneapolis, April 6.—Carpenters to the number of 800 have quit work and construction on a number of big buildings is at a standstill.

The master builders had announced to the strike committee of the union that all compromises were off and that the men would be expected to go back to work for 40 cents per hour.

The union men decided upon a mass meeting to discuss the matter. The master builders offered a compromise at 42½ cents an hour, but the carpenters refused this. The builders then agreed to pay 45 cents an hour after July 1, but the carpenters wanted the raise at once. This was refused and a strike followed on all jobs where the master builders refused to give the workmen 45 cents an hour.

ROAD ACCEPTED REBATES.

Great Northern Found Guilty by a Jury at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 8.—Guilty of accepting rebates was the verdict against the Great Northern railroad in the United States district court in this city after the jury had been out exactly four minutes. Calling of the trial, examining and swearing in the jury, hearing the arguments of the attorneys and the charge of the judge and the decision and sentence of payment of a fine of $15,000 all occupied only one hour.

No evidence was offered in the case, the attorneys of the railroad company admitting the statement of facts as offered by the prosecuting attorney, Paul Ewart, for the government. The object of thus allowing the case to be decided against it is to provide grounds for an immediate appeal to the higher court and get the case into the May term of the United States circuit court of appeals.

Assistant Attorney Ewart argued the case for the government before Judge Page Morris. He alleged that the railroad had given rebates to the W. P. Devereaux company on shipments of grain in 1905 to the Pacific coast. Fifteen counts appeared in the case on trial and it was alleged that by a clever system of substituting other way bills the grain company was allowed to ship its grain for 35 cents instead of 50 cents, the regular rate. This the government contends is a concession contrary to law.

Rome G. Brown, counsel for the Great Northern, interposed an objection to the taking of evidence at the close of the argument by Mr. Ewart. He stated that the road admitted the facts as set forth in the indictment, but moved that the court dismiss the action on the grounds that neither the indictment nor any counts thereof state sufficient facts.

Judge Morris denied the motion, and Mr. Brown was allowed to state to the jury that the facts were admitted because the case is a test case. The

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not apply in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost.—For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES,
FINAL PROOFS AND
GENERAL LAND OF-
[illegible]SINESS. : : :

[illegible]R FALLS, - MINN.

Hamm's
BREW
[illegible]AND ON DRAUGHT
[illegible]WING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made November [illegible] for the S. W. [illegible] Section [illegible] Township [illegible] N. Range [illegible] W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 18, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K. Andam, of Germantown, Minnesota.
[illegible] Wiseth, " "
Peter [illegible] Rosstad, " "
Otto Tarasseth, " "

[illegible]

R. J. Montague,
Register.

$1 Per Year.

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society | THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1907 | NUMBER 1[illegible]

DESERTED IN OLD AGE.

John Vesey Does Not Prove a Very Dutiful Son.

Asks Mayor to Have His Aged Parents Ejected in Five Days.

Mayor Grundy last week received the following letter which will explain itself:

LaCrosse, Idaho, April 7, 1907.
—To Dr. Grundy, city mayor, and the city council of Thief River Falls:

This is a notice to remove from my property Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Vesey within five days after you receive this notice as they are making trouble with the people renting my place, and they must be removed within said time. The little house can go with them without injuring any of the property. If not I will sell it with the rest of the property for by good right it belongs to me for I built it and paid the taxes.

I wish you to attend to it at once for they went on the town of their own accord and I did not even know of it at the time, so they will have to stand what is done for them. As for me I can do nothing more for them. And oblige,

MR. AND MRS. JOHN VESEY.

The Veseys have been residents of this section for the past fourteen years and the circumstances are well known to all of the old residents. Thomas Vesey is 90 years of age and his wife is about 80. They are the father and mother of John Vesey who signed the above communication. When they first came to this section the senior Mr. and Mrs. Vesey resided upon a farm out on the ridge which they cultivated until old age required them to sell and remove to Thief River Falls. At that time their son, John, lived in Thief River Falls and work was not so easy to obtain then as now. It is said by old residents that during those years the elder Mr. and Mrs. Vesey practically supported John and his wife and brought them much of what is produced upon a farm such as butter, eggs, pork and vegetables for which they never received any pay. When the saw mill was built, John went to work for the lumber company and received good pay all of the time. He worked for the lumber company until last fall when he went out to LaCrosse, Idaho. When the elder Mr. and Mrs. Vesey removed to Thief River Falls they built with their own money a little home upon lots owned by Mrs. John Vesey and upon which Mr. and Mrs. John Vesey's home stood. About two years ago—while their son was working for the lumber company and receiving good wages—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Vesey made application to the city for aid and since that time they have been public charges. Whether or not John Vesey knew of the circumstance at *that time is not known, but it must* be admitted that he was not providing for them in a very generous manner or they would not have been obliged to ask the city for aid.

NOT ALL SUNSHINE.

Settlers Enroute to Their New Homes in Canada Are Snow Bound.

"Billy" Knight arrived in the city Tuesday evening from Prince Albert, where he spent the winter working in the woods. The railroads up in that section are all tied up owing to numerous snow storms of late and it took Mr. Knight sixteen days to make the trip from Prince Albert to this city. At Rejina he reports that there were 1500 car loads of stock, farm machinery and household goods on the side tracks belonging to settlers who are enroute to the Canadian Northwest to make their future home.

Many of these had been tied up there for over a month and restaurants and hotels were reaping a big harvest and charging exhorbitant prices for meals. Many of the new settlers had spent most of their cash and wishing they had never started for the Canadian Northwest.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

CHANGES ON THE G. N.

Depot, Track Scales and Water Tank to Be Removed.

Also a Rumor to the Effect That This City Will be a Division Point.

Reliable information is to the effect that the Great Northern is going to make a number of changes in Thief River Falls during the coming year. Just what the changes are to include it is not possible *to gain any information*, but it is known positively that the depot, the track scales and the water tank are to be removed from their present location, but where the new location is to be is a matter of speculation. It is a well known fact that the road is not satisfied with its present facilities for doing business here and additional track room has got to be secured in order to accommodate shippers and other enterprises desiring locations upon their right-of-way. If a new line was surveyed through town, it would be possible to secure the required additional right-of-way, or it may be that the depot will be removed further east from its present location and placed down upon the Moylan property near the bridge.

There is also a rumor going the rounds to the effect that when the Great Northern is extended from this city north to Warroad this city is to be made a frieght division point. The distance is too far to run freight trains from Crookston to Warroad, and almost too short for a division point between the two places. From Thief River Falls to Warroad would be about right for a division point and it is quite likely that from Crookston to Thief River Falls will be made a division point, the train crew doubling this run every day.

For Rent—The Miller building on LaBree avenue. Inquire at Citizens State Bank.

BOTH GO TO PRISON

The Men Who Murdered the Dahls Found Guilty by a Jury

Sentenced to Live Life Imprisonment at Hard Labor by Judge Spooner

The brutal murder of N. O. Dahl and his daughter, Aagot, which was committed during the spring of 1904 near Quiring, in Beltrami county, is avenged and Judge Spooner has sentenced the two murderers to life imprisonment at hard labor.

James Wesley and Paul Fournier, who have been on trial during the last three weeks charged with having killed N. O. Dahl on April 7, 1904, both have been found guilty as charged. Wesley was adjudged guilty on April 3, and last Friday the jury which has sat in the trial of Fournier brought in a verdict of guilty.

The work of the jury in returning a verdict in the Wesley case is believed to have been the shortest on record in the annals of criminal trials in the state. The members of the jury were out but twenty-seven minutes when they returned a verdict of guilty. The case against Fournier was given to the jury at 5:45 and at 8:10 the foreman announced that they had agreed on a verdict, having been out two hours and twenty-five minutes, a half hour of which was given up to eating supper.

The word that the jury had agreed on a verdict spread rapidly over Bemidji and in less than fifteen minutes the court room was crowded with an eager throng anxious to hear the reading of the verdict and to watch the effect on the defendant Fournier. As the members of the jury filed into their seats there was an expectant look on Fournier's face and he closely scrutinized the twelve faces to anticipate, if possible, their decision. But the jurors looked neither to the right nor the left and it was impossible to judge what their findings were.

When Judge Spooner requested the jury to listen to the reading of their finding as it would be recorded there was a breathless silence and every eye was riveted on the defendant to note his actions. As the words "We, the jury, find the defendant guilty as charged in the indictment," were read there was an audible sigh from every person in the room, indicative of a lessening of the tension at which the nerves of the people of Bemidji have been during the progress of the trials.

The little man who has been cool, calm and collected throughout it all, never giving a sign of nervousness while his life was hanging in the balance, swallowed two or three times with difficulty and then set his teeth and was as quiet as ever. His iron nerve never deserted him, although he was convicted of committing one of the most cold blooded murders in the history of the state.

It was with difficulty that the crowd could be dispersed from the court room and immediately surrounding the prisoner.

Fournier was committed to jail to await sentence, and a correspondent saw both Wesley and Fournier in the county jail immediately after Fournier was taken back to his cell. Wesley, asked if he had anything to say, replied:

"I've got nothing to say to any damned newspapers. I think I have been advertised enough already. I've got nothing to fear. I can walk right up to the gallows withing flinching. I don't care a dam."

Several vile oaths accompanied his words, and he refused to talk further. Fournier, seen in his cell, was much different and was courteous. He readily agreed to say something and replied to the query for a brief statement as to how he felt at the verdict.

"I don't know what to say, it is so sudden. I didn't expect a verdict of guilty. I am innocent of that crime, but they thought me guilty."

He was smoking a pipe and seemed collected, and not at all nervous.

Wesley is abusive. He uses the vilest of language, and is the most obstreperous prisoner in the jail.

The closing day of his trial was a hard one for Fournier. County Attorney Funkley gave him a gruelling cross examination, which lasted from 9 in the morning until noon, revealing his life from infancy and getting answers regarding some damaging circumstances that were sprung before the attorneys for the defense thought to stop their getting to the jury, although objections to their record were sustained by the court. The defendant was unable to fix the dates of anything except the day when the Dahls were killed, according to the indictment.

At one time the state's attorney suddenly asked Fournier if he had been accused of killing a man named Barclay at that Barclay's squaw had been found dead the next morning after demanding money from Fournier and threatening to tell who killed Barclay if she did not receive it. It was also developed that Fournier has a son by this squaw living at Leech Lake.

Fournier's actions after finding the body of N. O. Dahl were not satisfactorily explained on the cross-examination.

County Attorney Funkley began his address to the jury at 3:40, and was followed by Mr. Schrutchin. Both had finished at 5:10. Both were able efforts, the county attorney confining himself to summing up the evidence for the state, while Mr. Schutchin delivered a stirring address, ending with a burst of oratary when he feelingly alluded to "the unnatural brother of the accused" swearing his brother to the gallows.

Judge Spooner's charge to the jury was fair and impartial and covered every phase of the case, especially dwelling on the circumstanial character of the state's evidence, backed up by confusions, and he especially charged the jury to weigh carefully the evidence and the credibility of the witnesses.

CAUSING MATT TROUBLE.

Red Lake Falls People After Matt Skala's Scalp Again.

Considerable of a fight has been started at Red Lake Falls by an attempt upon the part of Matt Skala to tear down the old Red Lake county opera house and from the material taken from this building to erect a large business building on the north side.

The Red Lake county opera house was built several years ago by a stock company and practically all of the stock was owned by Matt Skala. The opera house did not prove a paying proposition, however, and Mr. Skala obtained possession of the property upon a tax title. He now desires to tear down the building and erect a modern business building. There would be no serious objection to this as practically all of the stock in the company is owned by Mr. Skala and as an opera house the property is not worth paying taxes upon. The business men of the south side of the river, however, object to seeing any new business enterprises started upon the north side and it is for the purpose of harassing and bothering Mr. Skala that the present legal proceedings are started.

Mr. Skala is a man of tremendous force and energy and perhaps has done more to develop Red Lake Falls and the surrounding country than any other one man. We predict that he will come out on top even if the professional litigants of that town do for a time cause him some little annoyance.

O. A. Ostby, a new resident of the city who came here for the purpose of conducting religious services, was taken to Minneapolis last week by an officer of that city charged with grand larceny. He has been released on a bail bond of $1000. Very little is known of the man or the charge against him in this city.

HIS BROTHER POISONED

Brother of John Mikulecky is Poisoned Down in Kansas.

Robbery Evidently the Purpose of the Unknown Murderer.

John Mikulecky, the pioneer resident of the East Side, last week received a telegram from Kansas announcing that his brother, Joseph Mikulecky had been murdered. *Since that time Mr. Mikul*ecky has received no information about the affair, but an Associated Press dispatch published in the Duluth Evening Herald gives the following information regarding the matter:

Fort Scott, Kan., April 10.—Joseph Mikulecky, aged 65, and Josef Salava, aged 35 years, both of whom lived near Burlington, Kan., where they owned farms, were poisoned by a stranger here Monday night, evidently for the purpose of robbery. Both men died a few minutes after they had been found in a dark side street.

Mikulecky was Salava's father-in-law. They had recently sold their farms and were on the way to Springfield, Mo., to look for a new location. They were met here by a stranger who engaged them in conversation and offered them whiskey, which they drank. They were taken violently ill and fell ill in the street. The stranger fled. Strychnine was found in the stomachs of the men.

About the Size of It.

One of the worst graft bills introduced in the legislature is the one creating a weed inspector and we are surprised that Senator Sundberg, who is a bonanza and practical farmer, has not shown it up. Every township and village board has full power to act, every renter of land can have a weed clause inserted in his lease, and if a farmer board of supervisors and the owners of land do not, or can not have weeds exterminated it is rediculous to suppose that a single official, highly paid, roaming over the whole state can pull weeds.—St. Vincent Era.

Mail Route Changed.

The star mail route from Red Lake Falls to Lambert has been discontinued and the government is now advertising for bids to supply the Lambert office from Brooks. For over two years the people of Brooks and Lambert have desired to have this change made, but heretofore all of their efforts have been without success. By getting their mail from Brooks, the Lambert people will receive their mail two days earlier than from Red Lake Falls.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
"The Store That Lives Up to Its Name."

Every Mother of a Boy.

We want every mother of a boy to come and see our showing of Boys' and Children's apparel for spring and summer of 1907:

Young Men's Suits,
(for lads 15 to 20 years) single and double breasted styles, in plain gray and smart overplaid worsteds, blue serges, blacks, etc.
$5, 7.50, 10, 12.50, and 15

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits,
(7 to 17 years) Norfolk belted and plain double breasted coat effects. Trousers cut extra full and every seam reinforced.
3.75, 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50

Boys' "Uncle Dudley's"
(8 to 17 years) The Uncle Dudley suits come with 2 pair of trousers; exceptional values.
5.00 and 6.00

Little Boys' Russian Suits, Sailor Suits, Etc.
3 to 9 years, in blue serge, gun metal grey. Special values at
2.50, 3.50, 4.50 and 5.00

Boys' Knee Pants,
any shade, any size.
1.00, 75c and 50c.

Boys' "Bunker Hill" Shoes,
in BxCalf, Vici Valour Calf, Crome Calf, any size; special values,
1.50, 2.00, and 2.50

Boys' Hosiery, Boys' Caps, Boys' Shirts and Blouses.

The Golden Rule Clothing Department.
"Everything From Head to Foot."

The Home of S. H. & M. Suits. *The Home of the Gordon Hats.*

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	71c
Oats	35c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	15c
Butter	22c
Creamery butter	30c

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 13.—Wheat—May, 81⅜@81½c; July, 83¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 84⅝@85⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 83⅝@84⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 81⅜@82⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 79@80c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 13.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 85⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 84⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 82⅝c; May, 83⅝c; July, 84⅝c; Sept., 84¼c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.17¾; July, $1.19½; Oct., $1.19.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 13.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.40@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@6.50; good to prime lambs, $7.25@8.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 13.—Wheat—May, 79⅛c; July, 81⅜@81½c. Corn—May, 47⅞c; July, 47⅝c. Oats—May, 44c; July, 40½c. Pork—May, $16.17½; July, $16.17½. Butter—Creameries, 22@29½c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 14c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 13.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.30@6.70; cows, $1.60@4.90; heifers, $2.75@5.25; calves, $5.00@7.00; good to prime steers, $5.45@6.70; poor to medium, $4.20@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.10. Hogs—Light, $6.50@6.75; mixed, $6.55@6.77½; heavy, $6.35@6.75; rough, $6.35@6.50; pigs, $6.05@6.55. Good to choice heavy, $6.65@6.75. Sheep, $4.50@6.25; lambs, $6.50@8.50.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Chris Paulson spent Sunday in Crookston.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

T. P. Hanre was up to Middle River last Saturday.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

Miss Gustie Johnson was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

Miss McEwen, of Rush City, is in the city visiting Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

D. P. O'Neill left the first of the week for St. Paul on a business trip.

O. J. Blom went over to Grand Forks last Friday and returned the first of the week.

Messrs Patterson, Hanson and Olson, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Monday evening.

—For Sale—All of my household goods. Almost new. D. W. Vesey, Dobner Meehan block.

Miss Francis Kerns arrived in the city last week from Crookston to visit Mrs. W. B. Krouse.

F. T. Satre and Albert Berger left the first of the week for the Lake of the Woods country.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod Church will meet this afternoon with Mrs. H. P. Sponheim. All invited.

"Dont Spit on the Sidewalk - Read the Ordinance," are signs posted up about town during the past week.

Myron Guyne, of South Dakota, the first of the week purchased the Mint saloon from Torgerson & Ryan.

Mrs. E. E. Bee, who had been visiting with relatives at Fargo, returned to this city last Saturday.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc. in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Communion services in the Norwegian Lutheran Church of the Synod next Sunday at 10 a. m. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

D. P. O'Neill came up from his Norman county farm last Friday and returned the first of the week with his teams.

Radishes, onions and lettuce grown in the Thief River Falls Greenhouse now on the market. Send in your orders early. Joseph Lang.

The social given by the Antlers Club last Friday evening was very well attended and all present had a most enjoyable time.

Miss Hazeltine, who had been the guest of Mrs. D. N. Winton for several weeks past, left Sunday evening for her home in Wisconsin.

For the first three evenings this week, the attraction at the Bijou Theatre was the famous Passion Play of Oberammergau. Large crowds were in attendance.

Oscar Johnson, who is confined in a hospital at Crookston, is reported to be gaining rapidly and it is now believed that he will soon recover his former good health.

In a letter to the News asking that the address of his paper be changed, W. J. McKinley states that he will spend the summer at East Grand Forks working for the lumber company at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Tautges left Sunday evening for Minneapolis where Mr Tautges will remain during the summer at least and will practice law in partnership with Col. Downs. They will not remove their household furniture to Minneapolis until next fall.

Chas. Bergman, of New Solum, was re-committed to the insane hospital at Fergus Falls by Judge Holm on Tuesday. Mr. Bergman was first committed to the hospital in July, 1898. In January, 1902, he was discharged from that institution, but he has never seemed quite right and has been under guardianship ever since his first commitment.—Warren Register.

County Attorney Hodenberg, of Hallock, spent Thursday night in the city. The sheriff of Kittson county accompanied him here and then took the Soo train for Thief River Falls, being in pursuit of a man who was accused of having committed within his bailiwick an offense of some sort against the peace and dignity of the state of Minnesota.—Warren Register.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Jake Gerdes is making preparations to seed upwards of 1,500 acres of his land in Norman county to clover and timothy this season. Mr. Gerdes is of the opinion that this is the proper course for all non-resident and other land owners who find it difficult to secure competent and careful renters for their lands. It not only assures an income from the land but puts the soil in good condition and eradicates all foul seed.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O. New York.

A retired farmer who moved into an Iowa town was much wroth one morning recently to find that someone had stolen his cow during the night. He immediately called at the local newspaper office and inserted an advertisement announcing that the thief was known and unless he returned the cow at once prosecution would follow. Imagine his surprise the following morning to find that not only the cow had been returned but with her a frisky new calf. The retired farmer is now telling everybody about town that it pays to advertise.

A farmer down near Mankato has discovered a simple and cheap plan for the extermination of weeds along the roadside that ought to be adaptable to city lots. He takes 20 cents worth of white clover, 10 cents' worth of timothy seed and 20 cents' worth of blue grass seed, mixes them thoroughly and sows them along the highways, this quantity and proportion being sufficient to plant a mile of roadside. Applied to city lots where the billboards do not hide the weeds the same dose ought to prove effective, and we pass the recipe on to lovers of neatness about town for what it is worth.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was in the city Monday.

Mrs. Max Koenig left last week for Minneapolis to spend a few months.

Mrs. James Martin entertained a company of lady friends on Tuesday afternoon.

Lost—A 32nd degree Masonic charm. Finder please return to T. B. Hanke and receive reward.

C. M. Carlson, the Strandquist real estate dealer, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Editor Sanders, of the Greenbush Journal, was in the city Monday, being enroute to points west in North Dakota on the Wheatline.

Fr. Adolph goes up to Badger Saturday and will hold services in the Catholic church at that place on Sunday. Fr. Ambrose, of Red Lake Falls, will conduct the services in St. Bernard's church.

Dry poplar wood is now being sold in Thief River Falls for $6.50 per cord. Roads in the country are so bad that farmers cannot bring in wood and that is why the price is $3 higher than it was this winter.

Rev. Palm, of Sandridge, was in the *city Monday, being enroute to* Faribault with the six year old daughter of Andrew Arnevik, of Holt, who will enter the state school for the blind. The little girl suffered a sickness when a little over a year old which resulted in her blindness, but otherwise she is a very bright and attractive little girl.

A meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening. Not much business of importance was transacted and most of the time was spent in the allowance of bills. Three bills were rejected. One by H. Fant for $82.50 for telephone rent, one by A. Jarnson for $1, services as special police and one by J. M. Bishop for $5 expended for a law book for the use of the municipal court.

A special from Crookston published in the Minneapolis Journal says that the postoffice department has notified the residents of Plummer that if they continue to mail their letters on the train instead of at the local postoffice, the postoffice at Plummer will be discontinued. It hardly seems possible that the government would take any such step when a change of the postmaster would settle the whole question. There is no question but that the residents of the village of Plummer are unanimously in favor of a new postmaster.

Several changes have been made in the force at the Finch-Smith wholesale house since the recent change of name. H. S. Roberts, who has heretofore been manager of the branch house at Thief River Falls, has now accepted a position on the road and will cover the territory north of Thief River Falls hereafter. B. E. Hanson, who for some time has had charge of the claim department has accepted the position of city salesman in the place of T. Keith, who recently left for Denver, and Roy Wilde who has been billing clerk, will have charge of the claim department.—Crookston Times.

Did you ever notice how many people there are who seldom, if ever, speak well of any other person? Did you ever notice yourself falling into that habit? Perhaps unconsciously it has grown on you, until very noticeable and at once disgusting to others. Life for each is hard enough without having others to magnify faults and give them publicity. Why make life harder for any person? Watch yourself and don't allow the habit to get so strong a hold you can't break it and go about speaking ill of all you know. There are good traits of character in everyone.—Ex.

Never be afraid of your early surroundings because you are living in a more refined place at present. Do not be ashamed of your old father and mother when they come to your city to visit you because their manners are a little old fashioned and try to smuggle them in and out of your house. Call in your best friends and say to them, "this is my father and mother, if they had lived in your day and had had the advantage they would be as well up as you." Have you forgotten what a hard time your mother and father had in the early days of life, depriving themselves of the necessities of life in order to save and leaving something for their children when they are ready to lay off their earthly toil?—Ex.

On Wednesday, April 24 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Remington at St. Hilaire will occur the marriage of their daughter, Miss Alma I. to Mr. Howard K. Jones of Crookston. The wedding will take place in the afternoon after which the bride and groom will take the train for Crookston and at once start house keeping at 303 Hulbert street which is being cosily furnished by the prospective groom for his bride. Miss Remington is one of the prominent society young ladies of St. Hilaire and is a talented school teacher in Red Lake county. Mr. Jones has been a resident of Crookston since last fall when he went there from St. Hilaire. He held a responsible position with the St. Hilaire Lumber Co. His uncle, E. R. Evans was formerly superintendent of the St. Hilaire Lumber Co., but is now a resident of Crookston and is now connected with the Crookston Lumber Co.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.

H. M. HICKS. LICENSED EMBALMER.

OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

'PHONE 30.

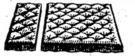

We have a lage stock of mattresses like the above; none better made.

This extension table, solid oak, 42 inch top; not the cheap kind; good finish; special price, each . . . **$7.50**

A Good Chair.

A Webster Chair.

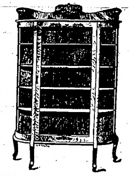

This China closet **$15.50**

We have the finest line of lace curtains ever shown in the city.

D. N. Winton returned Sunday from his trip to Wilwaukee.

Mrs. W. B. Fuller left Monday for Belville, Ontario, her birthplace, to visit friends for a few weeks.

There will be a complete change of program at the Bijou this evening, and Manager Lamont says that it will be one of the best programs of the year. The illustrated song by Charles K. Harris, entitled: "Without a Wedding Ring."

A number of the officials of the Northwestern Telephone company were in the city last week. As to their future intentions, no information was given out, except that this company still desires a local telephone exchange here and continue to try and get one.

The new furniture for the Odd Fellows lodge room arrived the first of the week and has been placed in the hall. The Odd Fellows have spent a large sum of money in having the interior of the hall decorated and now have one of the finest lodge rooms in Northern Minnesota.

Work of digging the basement for the large block James Meehan will erect at the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street was commenced yesterday morning. It is the intention of Mr. Meehan to have the building completed as early this summer as possible.

Supt. Crowe has the work of the repairing the mill all completed and everything is now ready to start sawing as soon as the ice goes out, but just when that event will occur Mr. Crowe does not state and he has quit trying to guess. Never in the memory of the oldest resident has the ice remained in the river so long as it has this season.

Only two dozen dog licenses have been issued so far by the city clerk although notice was served some time ago to the effect that all dogs not licensed by the 15 April would be shot. Our city fathers have cried "wolf" too often to scare old residents of the town and it evident that unless some action is taken, few dog licenses will be collected. The licensing of dogs is a good thing, but just why a tax should be collected from a few who voluntarily go to the city clerk's office and take out a license and no attempt is ever made to collect a tax from those who do not is one of the things the News has never been able to understand, and yet it has been in practise in Thief River Falls ever since the town was organized. If a dog license is to be collected from one person, it should be collected from all, and the mayor should either enforce the ordinance or ask the council to refund to those who have paid their dog tax.

The family of Alf. Rice, the ice-man, arrived from Pine City, Wednesday.

Alma Remington and Mrs Rev. Jileman of St. Hilaire were in the city last Friday.

Merrill and Mona Flesher were out of school the first of the week on account of severe colds.

W. J. LaBree has opened up a flour and feed store in the A. B. Miller building on LaBree avenue. See his ad in another column.

Attorney G. T. Morken, of Crookston, has purchased the law practice of W. A. Tautges and will attend to all of the business of Mr. Tautges' clients in the future. Mr. Morken will remove to this city from Crookston this week.

The fire department was called out yesterday morning at about 5 o'clock by a small fire in P. B. Salyard's feed store, caused by a stove. The fire was discovered by Mr. Salyards who had built it a short time before much damage was done.

Upon the complaint of Ole Homme, County Attorney Germo last week instructed Judge Bishop to issue a warrant for the arrest of Frank Zavoral and Joseph Varlicky, two settlers living out in the new town of Star near Erie postoffice. It appears that a few weeks ago while enroute from Thief River Falls to their claims, Zavoral and Varlicky stopped at the home of Homme which resulted in some trouble. Mr. Zavoral is an old Thief River Falls and Varlicky is his brother-in-law. Those who know the circumstances of the case say that a mistake was made in having a warrant issued for their arrest. The warrant has been in the hands of Sheriff Nelson for several days, but as yet no attempt has been made to have it served owing to the bad condition of the roads in that section.

Judge Knight returned to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Miss Nora Newstrom, of Hallock is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Borneman, Jr.

The Rushford quartette—W. B. Krouse, F. C. Nicial, A. G. Brager and Earl DeVelling—went down to Crookston last evening to sing at the opening a new vaudeville theatre at that place.

SENIORS ENTERTAIN.

The Class of '07 Gives a Dinner at the Rushford Hotel.

Tuesday night the Senior class entertained those Juniors who had aided in the production of "The Cheerful Liar" at a dinner at the Rushford.

Covers were laid for fourteen. The table was beautifully decorated in the seniors colors, white and green. Smilax, ferns and carnations carried out the color scheme. Sprays of the class flower, the lilly-of-the-valley, and dainty place cards served as mementoes of the evening.

At the conclusion of the sumptuous repast various toasts were given. William Prichard, in behalf of the senior class, presented Miss Emily Lakin with a souvenir spoon, in recognition of the services she rendered during the preparation of the play.

The remainder of the evening was pleasantly spent at the home of Nina Horton. The event was pronounced the greatest success of the season by all present.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

FLOUR. FEED.

PIONEER FEED CO.

A FULL LINE OF FLOUR FEED AND SEEDS.

W. J. LABREE, PROP. PHONE. 165.

BIG SHOPS IN CROOKSTON.

Said That the Great Northern Will Do Much for the Queen City.

Large Number of Improvements to Be Made This Year.

The Great Northern road will make extensive improvements in Crookston this year, involving the expenditure of thousands of dollars, and in addition, it is stated on good authority, that the employes of the road will be increased many fold. The improvements consist of a big addition to the round house, a mammoth electric turn-table and repair shops. Besides, it is stated that the improvements made this year will be but a forecast of what the company intends to do in Crookston in the future. The railroad company has been increasing its land holdings for some time in South Crookston and at the present time has sufficient acreage to take care of immense improvements, but additional land will be secured so that the company will have plenty of chance for future development. It would appear from the plans already made known that Crookston will be the home of as extensive shops as the company has on its system. The experience of the roads during the past winter has demonstrated the necessity for improvements to take care and handle its western business and the strategic location of Crookston was one of the determining factors in deciding to place the improvement in Crookston.

In conversation with Crookston citizens recently a high official of the road stated that before the improvements the road had under contemplation were completed at least five hundred thousand dollars would be expended and probably it would go much higher and the amount of business brought to the city through the improvements in transportation facilities would be so great that it would count much towards the upbuilding of the city.

He further stated that the road had determined to prevent any such congestion of freight traffic as prevailed the past winter, but in order to do this, immense improvements would be necessary and Crookston being the doorway through which all the traffic to the west had to pass, it of necessity had to be the key to the situation. The railroad improvements will be commenced, it is stated, as soon as weather conditions permit and all possible dispatch will be exercised in pushing the work towards completion. It is stated that most of the summer will be consumed in the undertaking. It is understood also that the company has under contemplation the improvement of its passenger facilities and that in the very near future Crookston will have a handsome and commodious passenger depot which will compare favorably with any on the Great Northern system.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap Geo. Elder.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

AUCTION

Saturday, April 20.

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned will sell at his farm three miles west of Thief River Falls, the following described personal property:

One bay horse, six year old, weighing 1,500.

One black mare, heavy with foal, seven years old, weighing 1,450.

One gray horse, fifteen years old, weighing 1,300.

One gray horse, fifteen years old, weighing 1300.

Eleven cows, some fresh and some coming in, none over 11 years old.

Two new milch cows.

Two three years old heifers with calves.

Three yearling calves.

One wide tired wagon, new.

One narrow tired wagon.

One double seated surry.

One single buggy.

One binder.

One McCormick mower in good running order.

One two horse drag.

One three horse drag.

One two horse corn cultivator.

One fanning mill.

One hard coal heating stove.

One cook stove with reservoir.

One writing desk.

One bureau.

One DeLaval cream seperator.

One gang plow.

One walking plow.

One clock.

About 75 grain sacks.

About 50 chickens.

One cupboard.

One road cart.

One washing machine.

One sink.

One pair of bobs, nearly new.

One pair of bob sleighs.

Three sets of working harnesses.

One set of buggy harnesses, nearly new.

One single harness.

One sewing machine.

Other things too numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS OF SALE: All sums under $5, cash; over that amount approved paper due November 1, 1907.

Otto L. Bakken, Owner.

H. M. HICKS, Auctioneer. H. G. DOBNER, Clerk.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

NEW YEAR'S OFFER

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for **$4.80** *THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE*

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14-k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

THE DAILY JOURNAL The Greatest Daily of the Great Northwest

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL *BEST THERE IS.* Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TODAY.

THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

A Bargain Offer **The St. Paul Pioneer Press** and MAHER & GROSH Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

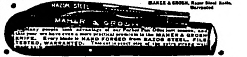
RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH
KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

The News: $1 per Year.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 18, 1907.

Governor Johnson and "Bob" Dunn indulged in a hand shake last week, and all of the twin city papers had scare head items about it. Both gentlemen known how to shake hands in very good shape, too.

Down in Nebraska a 2-cent passenger rate has been in force for some months, and it has just been discovered that the reduced rate has so stimulated traffic that additional coaches have been attached to practically all trains, and instead of the anticipated financial loss, the railroad companies have received increased revenues from this source. All of which goes to show that the railroads do not always know what is good for them, as one and all *fought the bills providing* for this reduction.

Collier's Weekly tells as follows how the rich dodge taxes in New York City: "On the day before tax day you own a million dollars" worth of railroad securities, taxable at $14,700. That day you go to Pfaelzer & Co., sell your railroad securities and put your million into tax-free muncipal bonds. Then you make your affidavit that you have no taxable property. The next day sell your municipal bonds and buy back your railway securities. You can do it all in forty-eight hours, and the net saving is $14,700 less the insignificant commission for the transaction."

It has been truly said that the want of the age is men. Men of thought; men of action. Men who are not for sale. Men who are honest to the heart's core. Men who will condem wrong in friend or foe, in themselves as well as others. Men whose consciences are steady as the needle to the pole. Men who will stand for right if the heavens totter and the earth reels. Men who can tell the truth and look the world and the devil right in the eyes. Men who can have courage without whistling for it, and joy without shouting to bring it. Men through whom the current of everlasting life runs still and deep and strong. Men too large for certain limits, and too strong for sectarian bands. Men who know their message and tell it. Men who know their place and fill it. Men who mind their own business. Men who will not lie. Men who are not too lazy to work, nor too proud to be poor. When in the office, the workshop, the counting room, the bank, in every place of trust and responsibility, we can have such men as these, we shall have a Christian cilization the highest and best the world ever saw.—Progress Buffalo, N. Y.

Can't Get Around It.

Representative Elmer E. Adams of Fergus Falls, writes as follows regarding the 2 cent fare bill recently passed by the state legislature:

The 2 cent fare law, passed by the senate and house Tuesday, is to go into effect May 1. The railways have been announcing that they would fight such a measure in the courts, on the ground that it was confiscatory, and some fears have been entertained that they would be able to secure an injunction and hold up the law for an indefinite time while the case was being appealed from court to court. The law, as passed, however, is in such shape that it is not believed that they can hold it up by means of an injunction Federal or otherwise, as it provides that any railway, or any railway ticket agent who refuses to sell a ticket between points in Minnesota at 2 cents that shall be subject to imprisonment or to a fine of $5,000. Refusal to sell a ticket for 2 cents per mile is made a serious felony, and as every ticket agent in the state is to be made liable, the railways will have to devise some new form of injunction if they hope to evade the law. As matters stand, it looks as though they must either comply or prepare to face indictment and prosecution in any county in the state. Any grand jury in the state could indict the road or the employee refusing to comply with the 2 cent maximum rule, and it would then become the duty of the county attorney to prosecute the case.

Nature's Best Remedy.

More and more are the best physicians of today recognizing the vast superiority of fresh, pure air over all manner of drugs and more and more are they prescribing "Get into the open air" instead of the cabalistic signs that mean all kinds of compounds. This is especially true of consumption, the deadly "white plague" of the cities but it is also true as to many other ailments. And it is really surprising how effective this simplest and least costly of all remedies is.

The best of all of the spring tonics has only one ingredient—fresh air—and the same is true of the most effective remedy known for summer ailments and fall complaints. It is, of course, acknowledged that fresh air will not cure all diseases but it is certain that its free application "ad libitum", as the old doctors would write it, will prevent many of them and this means that there will be no disease to be cured.

Genuine spring fever, not the false kind that is only a polite name for sheer laziness, is nothing more than the desire inherited from a more or less remote ancestor, whose life was spent on a farm or in the woods, to get out into the open and breathe God's pure free air and draw renewed strength and vitality from kindly old Mother Earth. This desire is felt more often by one who has spent all of his life in the city and is nature's way of telling one what is best for both body and mind.

All of the opiates and sedatives in the pharmacopoeia do not possess 1 per cent of the virtue of the open air and the same is true as to stimulants and nerve remedies as well. The best doctors agree also that the main cause of the great increase in the number of cases of pneumonia is the habit of people of living almost constantly in superheated houses and offices and giving the lungs almost no chance to expand and meet properly atmospheric changes.

Nature offers her best remedy without money and without price and it is to the credit of most of the best physicians of today that they are advising those who seek their counsel to take the safest and surest of all curative agencies—pure, fresh air.—Duluth Herald.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

ADVERTISING.

One of the Many Marvels of This Progressive Age.

Among the many marvels of this marvelous age there is none more striking and none more characteristic than the art of advertising as developed in modern times. We talk much about the wonders of the telephone and the phonograph, about the astonishing expansion of railroads and telegraphy, but here we have an industry as remarkable for its extension and as wide and varied in its applications as anything of man's device in any era of the world's history. When there is brought into consideration the vast amount of money expended in advertising in our day, the novel and ingenius methods employed and the expert skill and artistic talent engaged in the business, one may begin to realize what a wide field has been opened here for some of the highest and most useful forms of human endeavor.

With all its abuses—and they are not a few—it remains true that advertising is one of the greatest of popular educators and one of the chief promoters of human happiness and prosperity, and there are yet many ways in which it may be extended to the still greater benefit of the world. No good reason exists why the churches, the Sunday schools, the missionary societies and other agencies of good should not advertise far more than they do and thus add to the membership and their power in the community. To set their advantages, aims and benefits before the public in a proper way and form would involve no loss of dignity or prestige, while it would almost certainly widen their influence.

The time must come, too, when the absurd code which prohibits physicians and other professional classes from advertising themselves must be abolished. There is nothing but a sentiment to prevent it and a very weak sentiment at that. It should be no more infra dig for a physician or a lawyer to seek patients or clients through the medium of print than it is for teachers, insurance men, real estate dealers or the members of any other honorable trade or calling.—Leslie's Weekly.

IMMORTALITY.

One Theory of the Condition That Comes After Death.

Our life does not begin with birth, nor does it conclude with death. It is only a section of the development of mankind before and after us. We existed before we were born, and we reap what the factors of our being have sown. So our life leaves its after effects, and they will be what we have made them.

The truth is, that while there is no immortality in the sense in which most religions hold it if we accept their doctrines in their literal meaning, conditions in life are such in many respects, as if these doctrines were true. For, while our bodily existence is wiped out with all its physiological functions, the essential part of our own being (the thoughts themselves) remain, and thus our immortality—not as a concrete individual and bodily incarnation, but our soul, our character, the impulses which we have given in life to others, our aspirations and most characteristic features—cannot be wiped out.

A man who keeps this thought in his mind, either intuitively by realizing the power and justice of the religious instinct or by having fathomed the problem philosophically in its very depths, will not live for the present moment, but in consideration of the after effects which his life leaves on the world. And I would say that one of the best tests for right action in a critical situation is for a man to ask himself, If I had passed away from this life what would I wish that I had done in this emergency? I am confident that the answer given to this question would help us in the most difficult circumstances to find the right solution. —Dr. Paul Carus, Author of "The Soul of Man," "Chinese Philosophy," etc., in Monist.

Moths and Butterflies.

Some moths look very much like butterflies, but there are two ways in which you can always tell the one from the other. Each has little slender feelers growing from the head, but the butterfly's feelers, or antennae, as they are called, have knobs on the ends. The antennae of the moth sometimes have tiny feathers on them and sometimes little spires, but they are never knobbed. Then, too, in alighting the butterfly always holds her wings erect, while the moth's droop or are nearly flat.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not apply in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost. For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

DRS. CRANDALL, & BARKE.
DENTISTS.
Office over First National Bank

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.,
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The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.
It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.
It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.
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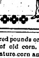

SWINE GROWING.

Treatise On Swine By Oscar M. Olson of the Farmers Institute.

The existing high prices for live hogs may serve as an undue incentive for the farmer to engage too extensively in the growing of swine without proper thought as to the needs of the business. To those so tempted we would say, by all means get into the work, but to the beginner let it be in a small way until he has learned a few of the turns of the business. To all, I would say, do not conclude that the present high prices are going to continue for all the time, or disappointment will surely be yours. The most successful swine grower is very often the one *who sticks by it through* thick and thin, and is content therewith. However, success is very dependent upon several other things, and foremost of these might be mentioned the need of clean, warm, commodious quarters with abundance of sunlight. Good clean yards adjacent to the house, with ready access to plenty of clover and annual pasture as a cheap and succulent food. The successful swine grower, considers exercise at all times for his breeding stock as important as feed. Thrift in the animals, cleanliness in the quarters, and watchfulness on the part of the feeder and as the best preventives of disease. Select breeding stock having length, depth, bone and smoothness, heading the herd with a pure-bred, having excellence in the qualifications just named. Farrow the litters as early in the year as convenient, giving exceeding care and attention at such a time. Keep the brood sows in service just as long as they are prolific, careful, and produces good individuals. Feed them well while nursing their litters and encourage the little fellows to depend upon themselves, never taking them from the mother until they have learned to eat. Make use of skimmilk, shorts and ground grains as their early feeds, introducing oats and barley when about three months of age as foods tending to produce frame. Do not introduce corn into their feed to any great extent until they have reached a weight of one hundred pounds or more, and then let it be of old corn. Feed sparingly of soft-immature corn and continue the use of barley and other grain with the corn when finishing. Provide plenty of clean water at all times and especialy when finishing upon rations composed largely of corn. Wood ashes, charcoal, and some food of a succulent nature are also necessary. This latter can easily be supplied by growing and feeding them pumpkin in abundance. Market the hogs when they are finished and resolved to do better next year.

THE SHEAF KICKS.

Does Not Want to Come Into a Legislative District With Red Lake.

Warren Sheaf: The re-apportionment bill which it is proposed to pass at this session of the legislature couples Marshall County with Red Lake County as one legislative district. The Sheaf does not believe this is fair and in accordance with the wishes of the people of Marshall County. We have always been allied politically with Kittson and Roseau Counties, and the people of these counties have learned to know one another, and to know the needs and interests of this corner of the state. We certainly can work together better and more efficiently than if tied to a county whose people and interests are less well known. The Sheaf for one would hate to see severed the political bands by which we have been united with Kittson and Roseau Counties. Not that in time we would learn to love the Red Lakers just as well, because they also are excellent people, but it is for the best interests of this corner of the state, as well as for the people of these three counties that they remain in one legislative district, and we hope the legislature will be able to arrange the districts so that this may be done.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

FACTS ABOUT THE DURUM

World's Markets Will Absorb All That Can Be Raised.

A Much More Profitable Wheat For Farmers of This Section to Raise.

Charles H. Thornton, of the Duluth Market Record, has written an article on durum (macaroni) wheat which will be of much interest to grain growers. He says:

The commercial value, actual as well as relative of durum wheat, is probably of greater interest this spring to producers of wheat in the northwest than any other subject with which they are confronted. And probably less is known about the value of durum than any other cereal grown in the northwest. As a study of the durum wheat movement from the time the crop first assumed proportions *giving it a place in the* world's markets, I am convinced that durum is destined to make a place for itself as a regular and valuable crop for certain sections of the northwest. In qualifying this statement by saying "certain sections," I mean that durum is particularly adapted to light soil, and I believe in the present stage of its development that growers will make a mistake by growing it on heavy soil. This also is the concensus of opinion of large producers in the northwest, who have raised it during the past three or four years.

Durum wheat was originally brought from Russia by the United States agricultural department with a view of having it grown on the light soil of the semi-arid regions through the Dakotas and Nebraska. By semi-arid I mean sections having a normal rainfall of ten to fifteen inches yearly. The first crop when the total was around 8,000,000 bushels, a large proportion of this was shipped through Duluth mostly for export, although it was taken in a small way by numerous mills through the east for experimental purpose. It will be remembered that 1904 was the year of the shrunken crop in the varieties of spring wheat, and at one time during the fall months of that year durum wheat sold at a discount of about 25 cents a bushel under No. 1 Northern, but before the next crop came in the discount had narrowed to 4 or 5 cents a bushel. In 1905 the crop was around 10,000,000 bushels and a little over 8,000,000 of it went through Duluth, mostly for export as eastern millers who had used it did not seem to care to repeat their experiments of the year before. This past year, 1906, the crop has been variously estimated at 10,000,000 to 60,000,000 bushels. I myself figured the crop early at around 45,000,000 bushels and have seen no reason to change those figures. Up to the close of navigation last fall a little over 12,500,000 bushels had been received at Duluth and forwarded to the Atlantic seaboard and, as during previous years, almost entirely for export.

A peculiar feature of the durum price problem has been that every year since 1903 we have been told that the demand was limited and on the 1905 crop when, as stated above, we exported 8,000,000 bushels it looked as though another million or two would have filled the foreign markets to the point where they would not take any more, and it surely did look as though the 1906 crop with its increase of over 100 per cent would glut the market and that durum would have to go to a feed basis, but so far, with exports of 12,000,000 and sales of four to five millions more to go out in the spring, we are confronted with a demand that shows no signs of being satisfied.

As a matter of fact, it is now a fairly well settled matter that all of the durum wheat from the 1906 crop will be wanted and at relatively good prices, as compared with regular spring wheat, but we are unable to determine whether or not the demand this year is due, as it was during each of the previous years, to unusual conditions in the European markets. American millers, with few exceptions, are just as antagonistic to durum wheat as they have ever been, probably more so, but we do know that England and German millers who used it in 1905 for making bread flour and again last fall, are back again and buying it for spring shipment. It is my personal opinion that the failure, of the Russian crop, has had little or nothing to do with cheating the present year's demand for durum wheat. I think it is largely if not entirely due to the fact that millers are selling at a lower price than other spring wheat, and that foreign millers have learned how to use it, and foreign bakers have learned how to make bread from it, and with the necessity for economies abroad, they are ready and anxious to take it at a discount.

As regards the prospective price for durum the coming fall and winter, I feel that the world's markets will absorb all and more than we can raise in the northwest, and no other section of the country is going in for it to any large extent. It is now a very well established fact that Russia, which has heretofore been the world's largest exporter of wheat, cannot again be a factor of any magnitude until 1908, at the earliest, and European countries will be looking for cheap wheat this fall wherever it can be found. By cheap wheat, I mean wheat selling at a discount under standard grades, and at a nominal discount durum wheat is a more profitable crop, provided one has the proper soil on which to raise it.

There are, as stated above, undetermined facts about the future of durum wheat, but they seem to be working out, and I have no doubt will work out.

The principal one of these is the antagonistic attitude of American millers, and in my conversations with millers who have experimented with it, I have come to the conclusion that their attitude is sincere, and that they cannot find it profitable, either alone or as a mixture, but whether they do or not I believe, as heretofore stated that the world's markets for wheat warrant us in the opinion that it will all be wanted, and at relatively good prices. To northwestern farmers who have not heretofore raised durum, I would suggest that they go at it in a small way only, taking care to select good seed, the best No. 1 grade is none too good, and to seed it on light soil only. The best success seems to have been attained by cross drilling; using about a peck more to the acre than the ordinary varieties of spring wheat. The necessity for more seed to the acre is occasioned by the fact that kernels are larger and require more to get results.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

March Apportionment.

Monday of this week County Auditor O'Brien received a check from State Auditor Iverson for Red Lake county's share of the March apportionment of the state school funds. The apportionment this year is made on a basis of $1.60 for each pupil. Red Lake county was credited with 3837 pupils who had attended school the required length of time, which made this county's share $6,139.20, which taken with the county fund of $1,725.65 makes a total of $7,865.85 to be divided among the different school districts. Of this fund Independent district No. 15, Red Lake Falls receives $1,033 20; Ind. dist. No. 18, Thief River Falls, $1,873.70; St. Hilaire, $529.90; Dist. 16, Plummer, $88 15; Dist. No. 1, Wylie, $51.50, while the balance, $4,280.40, is divided up among the other districts of the county.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

High Water at Oslo.

Oslo Tribune: This edition of the Tribune should be called the flood edition published yearly as the streets of the city have been under water nearly the whole week. Wednesday morning at nine o'clock the Red was at the highest being 30.5 feet. Boats were kept on the streets to carry passengers back and forth that did not have high boots. Had the water raised another foot immense damage would have been the result but as it was the damage to property was not so very great, the water entering but a few of the dwellings as well as Loff's barber shop and Gilbertson & Espeseth Co's warehouse.

The water is gradually subsiding at the present writing and no fears of another raise are expressed.

Uncle Sam's Land Goes Up.

The general land office has issued a circular under date of April 8, which will be of interest to those parties who intend to purchase what is known as "isolated tracts" at auction when ordered into the market by the government. Heretofore the minimum price at which all lands could be sold was $1.25 an acre. Under the circular of April 8, 1907, disconnected or isolated tracts which are offered for sale, when located within railroad limits—forty miles or less from the railroads limits—will be sold for not less than $2.50 per acre—or as much more as competitive bidding will bring. If the land is outside the railroad limit the minimum price will be the same as heretofore. This decision effects all sales to be made hereafter lying along the Northern Pacific railroad.

ST. HILAIRE TELEPHONE.

Village Down the River Soon to Have a Telephone System.

St. Hilaire Spectator: G. W. Hooper, of Crookston, submitted an ordinance granting to himself a franchise to put in a telephone line in St. Hilaire, to the village council last Thursday evening at a special meeting and an agreement was reached whereby the franchise will be granted by the council at their first regular meeting in May.

Mr. Hooper deposits one hundred dollars as a guarantee of good faith and agrees to start work not later than August first, and have the line completed and in running order before January 1st, 1908. The rates will be $1.75 for business and $1.00 for residence phones, and the hours of service shall be from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. in summer and until 8 p. m. in winter. Mr. Hooper also agrees to extend the line into the country where two phones to a mile can be secured.

HALF A MILLION COWS.

Figures on Minnesota Butter and Cheese Industry.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, *has issued a* pamphlet containing lists of Minnesota creameries and cheese factories compiled to the close of 1906. At the close of last year there were 640 co-operative and 165 independent creameries in the state. These creameries had 55,798 patrons, and the milk was supplied by 401,466 cows. During the year 78,455,459 pounds of butter were made in the state, of which amount 15,631,754 pounds were sold within the state and 56,317,118 pounds were shipped out of the state.

There were seventy-two cheese factories in the state at the end of the year. These turned out 3,732,973 pounds of cheese, of which 3,479,223 pounds were sold in the state and 156,121 pounds were sold outside of the state.

THREATEN TROUBLE.

Express Companies Will Take Hand in North Dakota Liquor War.

The express companies doing business in North Dakota are going to take a hand in the liquor confiscation work. There have been two seizures in the state up to date, and the express companies affected are going to take action as a result.

The beer is shipped out with charges collect. The laws provide that the express charges are a lien on the property until such a time as they are paid. Thus, when the liquor is in the depot, with charges unpaid, the company has a lien on them. At Minnewaukon and Churches Ferry the property was taken at the depot, with the express company's charges unpaid. They threaten to start suit against the officers who do the confiscating work for damages.

Raise Timothy.

Baled timothy hay is worth about $24 per ton at the present time on the St. Paul and Minneapolis market. This ought to make it worth about $11 per ton loaded at Hendrum. Timothy should yield about two tons per acre and at this rate it seems to us there should be good money for the farmers in this neighborhood in raising this kind of hay. It would take about 35 bushels per acre of wheat to bring an equal amount of money and the cost of raising it would be more than for the timothy. There is no danger but what the market will continue good for years to come because the cities are now drawing part of their supply from as far away as Nebraska, and the rapid growth of these cities and Duluth and the iron range country means that the demand will increase. Red River Valley timothy is as good as can be grown anywhere. Of course it would pay best to feed it to the milch cows, but for a nice, easy and clean method of farming the raising of hay looks to us as good as the days of 1 hard wheat.—Hendrum Review.

Left Town in a Hurry.

Red Lake Falls Courier: Prof. E. H. Bruckman, who has conducted the band here for several months past, did the Arab act to perfection Monday evening, and for a while the band will again be without a regular leader although Manager Tracy has several good ones on the string and and will get one just as soon as possible.

Prof. Bruckman seemed well pleased with conditions here, and never hinted that he intended to leave, and the news of his departure was naturally a surprise to the people. It is said that he went to Duluth, where he had been offered a situation with a big orchestra.

Assessors Will Meet.

Gazette: The various township assessors of Red Lake county will meet in the office of County Auditor J. B. O'Brien, on Thursday, April 25th, to receive their assessor's books and such instructions as are usually given by the county auditor relative to making the official tax estimates. There will be over thirty assessors who will be expected to attend the meeting. After receiving their full instructions they will at once begin the work of assessing the real and personal property in their individual townships and villages.

REDUCTION IN RATES.

Express Companies Make Big Reductions in Their Rates.

New Tariff Went Into Effect Last Week Will Save Shippers.

Thanks to Donald Robertson of Argyle who started the legislative investigation, the express companies have made so big a reduction in rates that they are positively startling. The Great Northern and Western local agents last week received new rate cards, based on one hundred pounds of merchandise, and where the old rate was a dollar or more less than half that amount is now charged in some instances. This will make a great saving to shippers and it will bring a great increase of business to the express companies, as the express will be used more *frequently* by shippers than ever in small shipments, as the rate will not be much above the freight rates, when drayage is included, and the time saved will more than offset the small difference between freight and express.

The following are the new and old rates to or from Thief River Falls to the points named per hundred pounds:

	Old	New
Minneapolis	$2.25	$1.40
Duluth	2.25	1.40
Fargo	2.00	.75
Grand Forks	1.25	.60
Crookston	.60	.50

MADE NO DEAL.

Farmers And Elevator Man Could Not Agree Upon a Price.

L. D. Marshall, representing the owners of the St. Anthony and Dakota Elevator company, was in Thief River Falls last Friday conferring with the directors of the Farmers Exchange regarding the sale of his company's elevator in Thief River Falls to the farmers' company. No agreement was arrived at and it is understood that there is considerable difference between what the farmers desire to pay and what the elevator company wants. To a representative of the NEWS, Mr. Marshall stated that if his company did not sell the elevator, that it would be open next fall after threshing had been commenced.

Spokane's Way of Doing It.

Spokane's way of celebrating arbor day is worthy of imitation by less pretentious towns. Spokane calls it arbor and cleaning day, and plans that this year twenty-five to thirty thousand men and women and ten thousand children will devote eight hours to making Spokane shine like a new tin pan. A thousand teams and vehicles will be pressed into the service to haul away the refuse. Redwood Falls would not require so large a force, but a concerted attack of this kind would insure the removal of some blots on the fair features of our pretty little city, especially those on vacant lots of non-residents. Why not try the plan?—Redwood Gazette.

G. N. to Build to Oslo.

It is reported that the Great Northern has decided to build a line from East Grand Forks to Oslo this summer. Some two or three years ago, the Great Northern had a route surveyed north along the Red River, to touch Oslo and several other cities. For the last year, it has been considered that the proposition was dead, but now it is claimed that the company is figuring on making the extension during the summer.

The line from East Grand Forks to Oslo is one that is very much needed. It would give direct communication to the Minnesota section of the Soo line. Nothing definite could be learned in regard to the proposition.

An Old Time Resident.

Attorney and Mrs. John Boyle, of Tacoma, Washington, arrived here Monday and spent a couple of days with their relatives and old-time friends. Mr. and Mrs. Boyle are on their way for a trip to the old country, and will make an extensive tour of the old world before returning home, which will be late in the summer. Mr. Boyle was a practicing attorney in Red Lake Falls some twenty years ago, and is well known to many of the older residents. He has prospered since locating on the coast, and is today recognized as one of the leading attorneys of the coast states. —Red Lake Falls Courier.

Guess What!

The Red Lake county seat fight reached the stage where it was time for someone to steal the original petition for removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. So somebody did it.—Bemidji Sentinel.

Secure a Farm.

The man who has secured a home on the land and is able by his own toil to support himself and family need have no fear of "losing his job" a fear that menaces millions of wage earners in the large cities today.—Greenbush Journal.

Closing Out Sale

-AT-

THE NEW STORE

Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

A. E. ABRAHAM'S

Second Door South of First State Bank.
PHONE. 103.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
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THE NEWS.
THIEF
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LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE FIRST MARLBOROUGH.

His Was a Curious Combination of Contradictory Traits.

Herbert Paul in his book on Queen Anne of England paints a queer picture of the great Duke of Marlborough.

He was not truthful. He was not straightforward. He was not honest. In his love of money and his capacity for hoarding it he rivaled those wretched misers who have done no more than contemplate their gains. And yet, such are the strange freaks in which nature indulges, this mean and selfish intriguer was endowed with perfect courage, with an irresistible charm of manner, with a temper which even his wife failed to disturb, with a brain that no sophistry could obscure and with a military genius before which criticism is humbly silent.

He was treacherous even in a treacherous age. Wholly devoid of cruelty and by nature humane, he is said never to have sacrificed an unnecessary life. He used his fellow creatures for his own purposes, and when he had no further use for them he forgot their existence. He made his plans and carried them out with the absolute efficiency of sheer intelligence and the serene implacability of impersonal fate.

THE SULTAN'S SCREEN.

It Is Made of Tanned Human Skin Elaborately Decorated.

There is a story told of a famous and curious screen which occupies a prominent place in the menage of the sultan of Turkey. It is made, so rumor hath it, of human skin, perfectly tanned and elaborately tooled and embossed, and it has been in the royal quarters for more than two centuries. This remarkable screen is not an evidence of cruelty or barbarity on the part of Turkey's ruler 200 years ago, but is a memorial to twelve faithful servants of a former sultan. At one time during the sultan's reign 200 years ago a wing of the palace caught fire, and during the conflagration a much loved member of the sultan's family was rescued by twelve servants. The twelve servants perished, some of them dying later of their wounds and burns, so his majesty had their skins removed by an expert and had them preserved in this touching though remarkable manner. The screen is now looked upon as a part of the ruler's inheritance, and it is said that every sultan cherishes it almost as he would his own royal skin.—New York Herald.

THE AGE OF FISHES.

Both Ear Stones and Scales Carry the Annual Tally.

It has been found by ichthyologists that the age of a fish may be read from its scales. These increase in size by annular growths, two rings being formed each year. The "otoliths" or ear stones, which lie in two sacs on either side of the base of the cranial cavity, afford another means of determination.

Like the scales, the otoliths increase by two rings annually. Each spring—that is, from February to June—a white ring is formed, and each autumn—that is, from July to October—a black one. Thus the number of either white or black rings in an otolith gives the age of the fish in years. In the case of flatfish the latter method has been found more reliable, whereas in the case of the cod the scales give a better result. Although varying much in size and shape in different species, the otoliths show a remarkable constancy in the same species; hence they are of considerable value in the diagnosis of a species.—London Globe.

A Lesson In Philanthropy.

A whole souled resident of Harlem the other evening received the jolt of his career as a parent. While reading his evening paper the doorbell rang, and a parcel from a big department store was announced. The cost was 30 cents, and he gave his little bright eyes, a girl of six, a two dollar bill with which to pay the boy.

Half an hour later the subject recurred to him.

"Here, Mabel," he said. "Where's that money I gave you for the boy?"

"Why, papa," was little bright eyes' reply, "I did the same as you did yesterday with the newsboy. I told him to keep the change."—New York Globe.

Belgium Shopkeepers.

Belgium shopkeepers generally are dealers in miscellaneous goods. One man in a small way, for instance, sells beer, foreign stamps, fruit, cotton, biscuits, penknives, cheese and second hand hair. Everywhere one finds a mania for glaring lights. One evening when I was out I saw a tremendous light in the distance, and I thought it must surely be an advertisement for a music hall. When I got nearer, I found that the light merely conveyed the intelligence that sardines were sold on the premises.

One Drawback.

"It's a good idea to have something laid by for a rainy day."

"Yep," answered Peter Corntossel, "only that kind o' cash is a good deal like a reg'lar umbrell'. Some other feller is liable to walk off with it jes' as the shower starts."—Washington Star.

Serious Business.

Gladys—I am going to buy an automobile, and I want you to go along and help me select one. Cousin Jack—Not for me, little girl. Why, I even wouldn't pick you out a husband!—Puck.

He Did Not Need It.

Buskin—I can't go on. I haven't any makeup. Manager—What are you playing tonight? Buskin—The fool in [illegible] Manager—Go right on. Never mind the makeup.

THE ARCTIC OUTLETS.

What Would Happen If These Ice Channels Were Closed.

It is well that there are the water gaps between the continents whose headlands form the boundaries of the Arctic ocean. Through Bering strait, Baffin's bay and the huge opening between Greenland and western Europe thousands of cubic miles of ice are annually discharged which if landlocked would long ago have so accumulated as to have impelled cataclysms that would probably have so swept life from the earth that the evolution of man would have been deferred indefinitely into the far future centuries.

Both poles are located with singular adaptation to ease off the otherwise inevitably too great accumulation of local avoirdupois, which would assuredly change the earth's center of gravity as would the hanging of an immense weight at some local point on the periphery of a balance wheel.

It is to this good fortune in present polar locations that the world owes its immunity of cataclysmal inundations and reorganizations which otherwise must have laid down other strata to the mausoleums that mark the resting places of the forms that once sported beneath us.

THE HOTEL CLERK.

According to This View His Lot Is Not a Happy One.

Who is the most envied and bediamonded among men? The hotel clerk. Who runs away with our heiresses? The hotel clerk. Who gets the straightest tips on the stock market? The hotel clerk. Whose pride goeth not before destruction and whose glory is never dimmed? The hotel clerk's. So runs the accepted catechism.

Now a truth seeker in Chicago rises to say that the average hotel clerk's chance in life is a trifle less than nothing. He can't marry, for he is compelled to live in the hotel, and his wages won't pay his wife's board. Even as a bachelor he finds it hard to save money. When he reaches the age limit—not a high one—he is displaced by a young man.

There are then three things for him. He may become night clerk in a country hotel, a job that he rose from years before; he may be put in charge of a cloakroom and look to tips for most of his pay or he may try to get other work, using up his savings meanwhile, and end his life in the almshouse. Not a cheering conception and practically useless to the humorist.—Collier's Weekly.

KEEP YOURSELF YOUNG

Exercise Every Day Even Though You Steal the Time to Do It.

It is futile to try to lay down general age limits for the different kinds of athletic sports.

The limits vary individually within very wide marks, and if observations made on a number of individuals of the present generation put them very low this does not mean that they would be the true and desirable limits if we had a generation whose physical education from the beginning had been undertaken and carried out upon a plan only one-fourth or even one-tenth as elaborate as the plan for its mental education, not only as far as exercise and sport are concerned, but also in regard to eating, drinking, clothing, sleeping, pleasures, stimulants, etc., and whose individuals were willing to continue to live upon a similar plan after growing out of the hands of their educators.

Live a simple, natural life, take strenuous exercise every day of your life, even should you steal the time to do so, and see what will become of your personal limit for the various kinds of sports.—New York Medical Journal.

Indian Punishment.

Some idea of what Baroda, India, was in times comparatively recent may be gathered from the following: A hundred elephants were kept at the expense of the state, and criminals were executed in a most horrible manner. The poor wretch, tied hand and foot, was fastened by a long rope round the waist to the elephant's hind leg. Then the animal was made to trot through the city, and the man, at almost every step rebounding against stones and obstacles, soon became a mass of bruises and wounds and a ghastly spectacle. If he survived this, his head was placed on a block, and the elephant crushed it with his foot.—Exchange.

Sun Spots.

Astronomers have no generally accepted theory as to the cause and nature of sun spots, but some connection with terrestrial phenomena surely exists, because the curves representing the frequency of magnetic storms and of the aurora borealis are practically identical with the curve of sun spot frequency.

Real Sinkers.

"How did they catch the thief that robbed the railroad eating house?"

"He was so weighted down with plunder he couldn't run."

"Money and silverware, I suppose?"

"No; doughnuts."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Partially Revived.

Johnnie—Papa, papa, come quick! Mamma has fainted! Papa—Here, put this ten dollar bill in her hand. Johnnie (a moment later)—She says she wants ten more.—Fliegende Blatter.

Resentment seems to have been given us by nature for defense and for defense only. It is the safeguard of justice and the security of innocence.—Adam Smith.

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DR. DORAN.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 967 made November 23, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 9, Township 154 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 16, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K Amdam, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Ole E. Wiseth, " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " "
Otto Tarnlseth, " "

apr 11 may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 3, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hilma Westman, formerly Hilma Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 7967 made Dec. 11, 1904 for the S. E. ¼ Section 13, Township 155 N., Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County at Warren, Minnesota, on May 31, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn.
John Hedlund, " "
Emanuel Andeen, " "
Lars P. Larson, " "

april may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

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Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION
IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS.
LOOK IT OVER AND SEE
Andrew Stenseth

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Vavrik, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 351, made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 21, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 6th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Kratochvil, of Germantown, "
John Vakoc, " "
Frank Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, "

mar 28 may 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April, 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jerry O'Brien of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1126 made April 10, 1905, for the N. W. ¼ Section 32, Township 153 N, Range 41, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 8th May, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William O. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndress, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Katie O'Brien, " " "

apr 4 may 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Katie O'Brien, of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1127 made April 10, 1905 for the Lots 1, 2, & S ½ N W ¼ Section 31, Township 153 N, Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on 8th May 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William O. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndress, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Jerry O'Brien, " " "

apr 4 may 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

A MARK TWAIN PRANK

The Great Humorist When a Boy Posed as a "Medium."

JUST WANTED TO SHOW OFF.

His Own Story of His Temptation and Fall, the Way He Improved His Opportunity and the Dramatic Climax to His Performance.

An exciting event in our village (Hannibal) was the arrival of the mesmerizer. I think the year was 1850. He advertised his show and promised marvels; admission, as usual, 25 cents; children and negroes half price. The village had heard of mesmerism in a general way, but had not encountered it yet. Not many people attended the first night, but next day they had so many wonders to tell that everybody's curiosity was fired, and after that for a fortnight the magician had prosperous times. I was fourteen or fifteen years old—the age at which a boy is willing to endure all things, suffer all things, short of death by fire, if thereby he may be conspicuous and show off before the public—and so when I saw the "subjects" perform their foolish antics on the platform and make the people laugh and shout and admire I had a burning desire to be a subject myself. Every night for three nights I sat in the row of candidates on the platform and held the magic disk in the palm of my hand and gazed at it and tried to get sleepy, but it was a failure. I remained awake and had to retire defeated, like the majority. Also I had to sit there and be gnawed with envy of Hicks, our journeyman. I had to sit there and see him scamper and jump when Simmons the enchanter exclaimed, "See the snake—see the snake!" and hear him say, "My, how beautiful!" in response to the suggestion that he was observing a splendid sunset, and so on—the whole insane business.

On the fourth night temptation came, and I was not strong enough to resist. When I had gazed at the disk awhile I pretended to be sleepy and began to nod. Straightway came the professor and began to make passes over my head and down my body and legs and arms, finishing each pass with a snap of his fingers in the air, to discharge the surplus electricity. Then he began to "draw" me with the disk, holding it in his fingers and telling me I could not take my eyes off it, try as I might. So I rose slowly, bent and gazing, and followed that disk all over the place, just as I had seen others do. Then I was put through the other paces. Upon suggestion I fled from snakes, passed buckets at a fire, became excited over hot steamboat races, made love to imaginary girls and kissed them, fished from the platform and landed mudcats that outweighed me, and so on, all the customary marvels, but not in the customary way. I was cautious at first and watchful, being afraid the professor would discover that I was an impostor and drive me from the platform in disgrace, but as soon as I realized that I was not in danger I set myself the task of terminating Hicks' usefulness as a subject and of usurping his place.

It was a sufficiently easy task. Hicks was born honest; I without that incumbrance, so some people said. Hicks saw what he saw and reported accordingly; I saw more than was visible and added to it such details as could help. Hicks had no imagination; I had a double supply. He was born calm; I was born excited. No vision could start a rapture in him, and he was constipated as to language anyway, but if I saw a vision I emptied the dictionary on to it and lost the remnant of my mind into the bargain.

At the end of my first half hour Hicks was a thing of the past, a fallen hero, a broken idol, and I knew it and was glad and said in my heart, "Success to crime!" Hicks could never have been mesmerized to the point where he could kiss an imaginary girl in public or a real one either, but I was competent. Whatever Hicks had failed in I made it a point to succeed in, let the cost be what it might physically or morally.

In 1847 we were living in a large white house on the corner of Hill and Main streets. My father died in it in March of the year mentioned, but our family did not move out of it until some months afterward. Ours was not the only family in the house; there was another—Dr. Grant's. One day Dr. Grant and Dr. Reyburn argued a matter on the street with sword canes, and Grant was brought home multifariously punctured. Old Dr. Peake calked the leaks and came every day for awhile to look after him. The Grants were Virginians, like Peake, and one day when Grant was getting well enough to be on his feet and sit around in the parlor and talk the conversation fell upon Virginia and old times. I was present, but the group was probably quite unconscious of me, I being only a lad and a negligible quantity. Two of the group, Dr. Peake and Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. Grant's mother, had been of the audience when the Richmond theater burned down years before, and they talked over the frightful details of that memorable tragedy. These were eyewitnesses, and with their eyes I saw it all with an intolerable vividness. I saw the black smoke rolling and tumbling toward the sky, I saw the flames burst through it and turn red; I heard the shrieks of the despairing; I glimpsed their faces at the windows, caught fitfully through the veiling smoke; I saw them jump to their death or to mutilation worse than death. The picture is before me yet and can never fade.

Very well, three or four years later I was king bee and sole "subject" in the mesmeric show. It was the beginning of the second week. The performance was half over. Just then the majestic Dr. Peake, with his ruffled bosom and wristbands and his gold headed cane, entered, and a deferential citizen vacated his seat beside the Grants and made the great chief take it. This happened while I was trying to invent something fresh in the way of a vision in response to the professor's remark:

"Concentrate your powers. Look—look attentively. There, don't you see something? Concentrate—concentrate. Now, then, describe it."

Without suspecting it Dr. Peake by entering the place had reminded me of the talk of three years before. He had also furnished me capital and was to become my confederate, an accomplice in my frauds. I began on a vision, a vague and dim one. (That was part of the game at the beginning of a vision. It isn't best to see it too clearly at first. It might look as if you had come loaded with it.) The vision developed by degrees and gathered swing, momentum, energy. It was the Richmond fire. Dr. Peake was cold at first, and his fine face had a trace of polite scorn in it, but when he began to recognize that fire that expression changed, and his eyes began to light up. As soon as I saw that I threw the valves wide open and turned on all the steam and gave those people a supper of fire and horrors that was calculated to last them one while. They couldn't gasp when I got through—they were petrified. Dr. Peake had risen and was standing and breathing hard. He said in a great voice:

"My doubts are ended. No collusion could produce that miracle. It was totally impossible for him to know those details, yet he has described them with the clarity of an eyewitness, and with what unassailable truthfulness God knows I know!"—Mark Twain's Autobiography in North American Review.

THE WILDCAT.

It Is a Coward and Only Fights When It Is Cornered.

Regarding the cougar, the largest member of the feline family in the United States, it may be said that it is blessed with more than a rightful share of names. In one section it is the panther, somewhere else it is termed mountain lion, in another locality it is called a puma, and the old time backwoodsmen will tell you blood curdling stories of "the painter." In northeastern Washington it is generally spoken of as the cougar.

The writer in a long life spent with rifle and trap has hunted and killed these animals in their native haunts and can bear witness to one truth regarding them all—wherever found or under whatever name, their habits are identical.

Among many people—and this includes those who should know better—this animal is looked upon as very dangerous. Awe inspiring stories are told of the cougar springing from a rocky ledge or an overhanging tree and rending the helpless wayfarer passing beneath. These anecdotes have been heard by all and believed by many, nor will I deny that such things may have occurred, but it is safe to say that practically all these stories are exaggerated and many of them downright lies.

Over thirty years ago, in company with an old and experienced frontiersman, I was shooting deer, elk and bear and selling the meat to a gang of tie cutters in the Rocky mountains. Cougars were more abundant than I ever saw them elsewhere, yet it was perfectly safe to roam the woods at will. Rolled in my blanket, I have passed many a night under the sheltering branches of some big tree without even a fire to scare these animals away.

I was never attacked by one unless it was cornered or perhaps so badly wounded as to be unable to get away. Under these conditions nearly any animal will fight for its life.—Sports Afield.

His Emendation.

"The most laconic man I know of is a deaf and dumb man in our town," one of the party remarked. "He never writes on his little pad more than enough to convey his meaning.

"It happened he was a good poker player and one night won a watch and chain from a young man of the town. The young man's father, a very pompous individual, heard of it and, meeting the successful gamester on the street next day, stopped him. The deaf and dumb man produced his little pad. On it the irate and pompous father wrote, 'I understand you won Bob's gold watch the other night.' He handed it to the deaf and dumb man, expecting to see him change countenance and offer to give up his spoil. The latter did not quite do that, however. Instead he took the pad, wrote two words carefully on it and returned it. The pompous father read inscribed thereon:

"'And chain.'

"That ended the affair."—New Orleans Times Democrat.

Too Much.

There come times when the desire and need for a vacation are quite overbalanced by other things. When Mrs. Hanson had nursed the children of Berryville through an attack of scarlet fever she resisted all suggestions from grateful parents that she go off for a month's rest at their expense.

"No," she said, with weary firmness, "I'm obliged to all, but I haven't got strength. I could either get ready and stay at home or I could go without getting ready, but I couldn't do both anyway in this world."—Youth's Companion.

BURNING MARTYRS.

Cost of the Funeral Pyres Told In a Curious Old Bill.

A bill for the materials with which to burn Cranmer and his fellow martyrs is probably the most curious and suggestive document ever presented for payment. The execution of Latimer and Ridley took place on Oct. 16, 1555, while Cranmer did not suffer until March 21 of the following year.

The memorandum of the bill is included in the book which was found by Strype when he wrote his "Memoirs of Archbishop Cranmer" in 1693, in which the expenses of the martyrs were entered during their imprisonment. This book is probably somewhere among the manuscripts of Oxford university, now a grim, matter of fact witness to the fanatical hatred of the day.

The following are exact transcripts from the bills by the person who had charge of the funeral pyres:

"Paid for the burning of Archbishop Cranmer and his two fellow sufferers, Ridley and Latimer: For one hundred of wood fagots, 6s.; for one hundred and a half of furze fagots, 3s. 4d.; to the carriage of them, 8d.; to two laborers, 1s. 4d.; to three loads of wood fagots to burn Ridley and Latimer, 12s.; item, one load of furze fagots, 3s. 4d.; for carriage of these four loads, 2s.; item, a post, 1s. 4d.; item, for chains, 3s. 4d.; item, for staples, 6d.; item, for laborers, 4d."—Scrap Book.

REAL COUNTRY LIFE.

Why the American Farmer Grows Old Early In Life.

Any one who has lived on a farm does not need to be told the reason farmers grow old early, for he knows of the strain under which the American farmer lives during the five months of spring and summer. His workday is from 4 or 5 in the morning until 8 or 9 at night, including chores—fifteen to seventeen hours of the hardest kind of physical labor, and every minute of it at high tension, especially during harvest. Then comes a period of relaxation in the fall, the one time in the year when he has just enough muscular exercise to keep him in health; later, the winter season, approaching stagnation, in which he takes on flesh, gets "logy," and then a furious debauch of hard labor through the spring and summer again. No wonder that by forty-five he has had a sunstroke and "can't stand the heat," or has "a weak back," or his "heart gives out," or a chill "makes him rheumatic," and when you add to this furious muscular strain the fact that the farmer sees his income put in peril every season and his very home every bad year, so that each unfavorable change in the weather sets his nerves on edge, it can be readily imagined that the real "quiet, peaceful country life" is something sadly different from the ideal.—Woods Hutchinson, M. D., in Harper's.

An Optical Illusion.

An interesting optical experiment may be made with the ordinary incandescent light. Gaze steadily at the light for a few seconds, then suddenly extinguish it. The experiment is best performed in a very dark room. In about half a minute you will see the perfect image of the light, with the fine strands of wire plainly visible. It will be red at first. In a few minutes it will turn purple and then a bright blue. Later it will apparently move to the right. As you turn your gaze it will continue moving to the right. If you keep your gaze fixed, it will come back. It is surprising how long the illusion will last. It will be seen for fully five minutes, perhaps longer, and if you turn on the light and look away from it you will see the old image for several minutes, though more faintly than in the darkness.

Only Slight Mistakes.

Mrs. Lombard is a zealous and loyal friend, and she means withal to avoid exaggeration. "It's perfectly wonderful to see the way Cousin Henry counts bills at the bank," she said to a patient friend. "Why, I think they are so lucky to have him! He'll take a great pile of five and ten and twenty dollar bills and make his fingers fly just like lightning and never make a mistake!"

"Never?" said the friend, who knew Mrs. Lombard's weakness and could not forbear the question.

"Why—no—at least—why, perhaps he might get 5 or 10 cents out of the way, but not any more, ever." And Mrs. Lombard spoke with the air of one who has taken a stand and refuses all chances to retreat.—Youth's Companion.

Disraeli's Confidence.

Disraeli wrote a letter to his sister in 1833 in which he said: "Heard Macaulay's best speech, 'Shiel and Charles Grant.' Macaulay admirable, but, between ourselves, I could floor them all. This entre nous (sic), I was never more confident of anything than that I could carry everything before me in that house. The time will come."

The Poor Girl.

"The woman I marry," he said, "must be glad to take me with all my faults."

"Oh, she will be," the girl replied. "She'll be so desperate that faults won't cut any figure with her."

Logical.

Little Dot—Oh, mamma, there's a sign, "Puppies For Sale." Won't you buy me one? Mamma—Wait till you are a little older, dear. Little Dot—But they'll all be dogs then.—London Answers.

If doctors fail thee, be these thy doctors—rest, cheerfulness and moderate diet.—Latin Proverb.

ANIMAL SAGACITY.

The Instinct That Leads the Ostrich to Protect Its Eggs.

The nature students—everybody is a nature student nowadays—were trying to outdo one another.

"Eagles when the sun is overhot shade their young with outspread wings," said the first. "On August afternoons I have seen a mother eagle stand patiently two full hours, her left wing spread like an umbrella, while in its cool shade her nestlings slept."

"Squirrels," said the second, "can tell whether a nut is good or bad without opening it. A chestnut, a walnut, a shellbark, they lift it in their little paws, hold it to their faces a moment, then if it is bad cast it aside. How do they tell? By the weight, by the sound? I incline to think they do it by the smell."

"Ostriches never sit," said the third. "They lay their eggs on the pale Saharan sands, and the sun does the rest. But before the ostriches depart from their eggs they place on the top of each a pinch of sand, for they know that the germ will mount to the top and that the sun's heat would kill the germ were it not protected."

"A trained elephant," said the fourth student, "danced very badly at a matinee performance and was accordingly beaten cruelly by its master. That night, hearing a shuffling noise outside, the master crept forth, and there in the moonlight he found the elephant carefully practicing its dance steps."

A PRIVILEGE RESERVED.

Ceremonies Witnessed at a Jeweler's Ring Counter.

"I want a plain gold ring for a lady. Best you've got in the store."

"For this lady?"

"Sure! Who else would it be for? Pull off your glove, Katie, and let the gentleman measure your finger."

The girl withdrew her woolen glove and bashfully extended her small hand, red and toil worn, toward the clerk.

"There, that's about the size," said the jeweler to the girl.

"Do you wish him to put it on?"

"No—not yet," said the blushing girl. "When he puts that ring on, it's on to stay."

Size, quality and price at last were settled satisfactorily, and the young man pulled from his pocket a shining coin.

"Here you are, gold for gold!" he exclaimed proudly. "Nothin' but gold 'll pay for that ring."

"Haven't you anything smaller?" asked the sordid clerk.

"Plenty, but nothin' good enough to pay for that ring."

"Bit of sentiment, eh?" queried an interested bystander.

"Oh, yes, sir," said the girl, with evident pride. "He's been saving that twenty dollar gold piece for nearly four months, waiting to buy this ring."—New York Press.

Your Own Body.

Think deliberately of the house you live in—your body. Make up your mind not to abuse it. Eat nothing that will hurt it; wear nothing that distorts or pains it. Do not overload it with victuals or drink or work. Give yourself regular and abundant sleep. Keep your body warmly clad. At the first signal of danger from any of the thousand enemies that surround you defend yourself. Do not take cold; guard yourself against it. If you feel the first symptoms, give yourself heroic treatment. Get into a fine glow of heat by exercise. This is the only body you will ever have in this world. A large share of pleasure and pain of life will come through the use you make of it. Study deeply and diligently the structure of it, the laws that should govern it, the pains and penalties that will surely follow a violation of every law of life or health.

Torpedo Boats.

Torpedo boats and torpedo destroyers are thin skinned, unarmored craft. Often the steel hull is only about half an inch in thickness, but they travel as fast as many railway trains, some thirty or thirty-five miles an hour. They discharge their deadly bolt and run. A dark, stormy night is their chance. Then, without a light showing, they dash in and launch their torpedo, escaping, if they can, the hail of rapid fire that is sure to deluge them.—Frank E. Channon in St. Nicholas.

Force of Habit.

Realizing that he should pay her a compliment, the chronic debtor hesitates before the beautiful woman. At last he says to her:

"Just make a little tab for me, and next time I'm down your way I'll tell you how well you are looking."

But the look on her countenance was enough to make him realize that compliments must be paid on face value and that beauty keeps no books.—St. Louis Republic.

Friends and Reputation.

He who believes himself surrounded by admirers and whose vanity is hourly feasted with all the luxuries of praise easily persuades himself that his influence will be extended beyond this life; that those who he thinks are proud to be numbered among his friends will endeavor to vindicate his choice by zeal for his reputation.—Dr. Johnson in "Idler Papers."

The Riddle.

His Daughter—Papa, did you know mamma long before you married her? Her Father—Just between you and me, my dear, I don't know her yet.—Chicago News.

It's a sure thing that one can't be sure of anything in this world.—Van Buren Current Local.

GETS A PATENT.

Henning Peterson Granted a Patent on a Clamp and Wire Grip.

Henning Peterson, of the firm of Klingborg & Peterson, blacksmiths, has been granted a patent upon a clamp and wire grip which promises to make him a fortune. As in most patents that prove of great value, the affair is a very simple one, but it will do the work required of it as no other invention will. It will prove of great value in stretching wire fences, and in all work where a rod or cable is used.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

The popular president of the Senior class, Nina Clara Blanchard, has been chosen valedictorian with an average of 94.5. Nina Horton is next in rank and will be salutatorian. Her average is 89.2.

The whole class has been allowed to enter for honors this year, instead of only allowing those who have taken the full high school course in our school, as heretofore.

The two honor students are to be congratulated, since their work entitles them to the enviable positions they will hold at commencement.

Miss Carlson was unable to attend school on Wednesday afternoon of last week, owing to illness.

Lament of a Senior:
I once was conceited,
But now I am not,
I thot I knew something,
But now I do not.

Roland Blanchard was ill the first part of last week.

Fearing that the continued strain of wondering where the Senior banner was would effect the minds of the Juniors to such an extent that they would "flunk" the Seniors allowed them to view the penant last Friday. No further view will be granted until class night.

Because of the epidemic of scarlet fever at St. Hilaire the Seniors did not present the "Cheerful Liar" there as they had intended.

The total enrollment for this year to April 1st, just seven months, is 1064, being exactly the enrollment for the whole of last year.

The primary rooms will not hold half-day sessions this term. Though two of those are over crowded, still the addition of a few more chairs will make it possible to continue the work as at present.

Miss McDougal has been elected to a primary position at Minot at $70 per month.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday April 21. Preaching 11 a.m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Junior League 2,30 p. m.

Epworth League 7 p. m.

Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7,30 p. m.

Everybody welcome
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Apr. 6

Arnels Mrs. H.
Bordenson Mrs.
Brant W. C.
Canaugh Mrs.
Copel and Arthur
Davis Lewis E.
Donbergen Joe
Dean Hugh
Gutnule Mrs. C.
Holmstrom Miss Clara
Hannay Mable
Haugh Henry
Kaus Miss Margette
Larson Mrs. J. L.
Lerin Auron
McCrude Mrs. W.
Nelson Mrs. Tora E.
Ponto Albert
Rice Fred
Spaar Mrs. Anna
Theobaldi Dr. Ole
Tharalson John
Wold Gustav
Haaland Mrs. Jonas
Segerquist Berta Klasina

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

A Caustic Rejoinder.

A physician who had for fifteen years been one of the doctors of the Actors' fund and who attended hundreds of actors with no compensation whatever, wrote to a prominent manager and asked for some theater tickets. His request was refused, the manager asking what the doctor had ever done that he should be entitled to receive theater tickets gratis. The physician immediately replied. His letter contained a brief recital of his services to theatrical people. In conclusion he said: "Despite my services, as named above, I should not have thought of asking you for tickets had it not been that upon the occasion of the death of Mr. Blank you assured me that if you could ever serve me in any way whatever you would consider it a favor if I would call upon you. However, I bear you no ill will on account of your present action. I was very glad to attend Mr. Blank when he died in your box office, and I should be happy to do as much for you at any time."

TO RAISE THE PRICE

Farmers Have a Plan to Secure Dollar Wheat.

Call Issued for a Convention to Be Held at Omaha.

A call was issued Saturday afternoon by the North Dakota branch of the American Society of Equity for a national convention of grain growers of the United States, to be held June 5, 6 and 7, at Omaha, to determine the marketing and pricing of grain along lines suggested by the society. It is purposed to have delegates of all the wheat producing states at that convention to agree on a plan to boost the price of wheat to $1.

Another important act at the meeting was the adoption of resolutions declaring against giving out information regarding acreage and crop yields. It is the duty of assessors in North Dakota to collect that information, which is then compiled by counties. The society members allege that the information is used by speculators to the disadvantage of the farmers, and that it is bad policy to give out information.

It was also decided to instruct members of the society to have farmers make their obligations due Jan. 1, instead of Oct. 1, so that wheat will not have to be dumped into the market to meet bills.

GOES TO WISCONSIN.

Prof. Wilson Soon to Leave Crookston For Wisconsin.

Crookston Journal:—It will come as a surprise to his many friends here that Prof. James Wilson who has been connected with the Crookston School of Agricultural for the last year has been made principal of the Menomonie State Agriculture School situated at Menomonie, Wis., with a salary of $1800 the first year and $2000 the second year. The fact that Mr. Wilson was selected from a long list of candidates is indicative of the reputation as an educator that he enjoys in other parts of the country.

As Prof. Wilson will commence his labors in the new field on the first of July he will move with his family to Menomonie in the month of June. He has accepted an invitation to give an address at the commencement exercises of the Menomonie school on May 17th.

Prof. Wilson's departure will mean a loss to the Crookston Agriculture school which it can ill afford at the present time of its growth. Supt Robertson realizes that he is going to have much difficulty in filling the position made vacant. Not only in educational circles will Prof. Wilson's presence be missed but also in religious and social spheres where he has been unusually active.

Prof. Wilson is a graduate of the St. Anthony School of Agriculture of St Paul where he studied successfully for four years. After his graduation he became superintendent of schools at Thief River Falls for which city he secured a first class high school. The succeeding two years he spent in doing state dairy commission work in which he met with the same degree of success that characterized his previous undertakings. Altho the responsibilities of the work that Prof. Wilson is about to commence are greater, his unusual strength both physically and mentally will unquestionably carry him to still greater achievements than before.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday the First day of May A. D. 1907, the undersigned along with other legal voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will begin the circulation of a petition among the legal voters of said County of Red Lake, addressed to the County Board of said Red Lake County, the object and prayer of which will be, that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls which is situated in township one hundred and fifty-four north, of range forty-three in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

Dated April 9th, 1907.

BEN CHRISTIANSON.
JOHN SORENSON.
SEVERA KENISON.
M. V. EVENSON.
L. M. HOAG.
K. M. HANSEN.
EMIL E. ZEH.
W. W. PRICHARD.
T. P. HAMRE.
IRA C. RICHARDSON.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 12, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Wilson, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June [illegible], 1907, viz: Daniel J. Holl H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the Lots [illegible] of [illegible] Tp. [illegible] N, of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Halvor B. [illegible], of [illegible], Minnesota.
[illegible], of [illegible].
[illegible], of [illegible].
[illegible]

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KING OSCAR AT SALTSJOBADEN

Sweden's Ruler Is Making Steady Progress Towards Health—How He Puts in the Time.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

King Oscar thrives well at the Saltsjobaden, where he has an abundance of natural scenery and fresh air. His majesty sleeps well, retiring about 10 p. m., and arising at 8 o'clock. At 9 a. m. promptly he takes his breakfast, which is exceedingly light and then he takes a good long walk or may be found on the veranda in the sunlight attired, however, in a good fur coat, for let no one imagine that April is anything but a chilly month in Stockholm, especially at "the baths," where there is always a pretty brisk breeze from the seaside. The king dines between 2 and 3 p. m. and at 8 o'clock he takes a light luncheon. His evenings he generally spends in reading or playing a reed organ, which he handles with a proficiency of a professional musician. This about constitutes King Oscar's routine every day and it more than satisfies his physicians, who had practically given him up about three months or more ago. It is but natural that his subjects feel pleased at the progress his majesty is making with his health, for as long as King Oscar enjoys the breath of life he is a beloved monarch, whose benign reign is long ago a part of history. The feeling in Norway towards the old monarch is far more tender than those in high authority would admit and from many sources in that country there still emanates naught but the kindliest well wishes and sympathy for Sweden's silver haired king, the scholar, poet, musician and philanthropist. "If there is anything," says a well known Swedish writer, "which draws King Oscar closer than ever to his people during the eventide of his life, it is his absolute resignation, his tender sympathy and his great love of peace. The old monarch is interested in every movement for peace and the chief aim of his long and successful reign has been to preserve the peace and this he has proven, not in a half-hearted, but in a genuine way." The crownprince on the other hand does not grow in the admiration of the public mind. He has too many debts and this fact has recently been much criticised by the Swedish riksdag, which has actual suggested that he should curtail his bills. It is therefore with not a little apprehension that the Swedes are looking for the change, which necessarily must come sooner or later, but as Sweden has a conservative and watchful riksdag, which is withal both conservative and powerful, the new monarch will not lack in the reception of "kindly" and timely suggestions.

Among conspicuous gifts which have recently been given to the Royal library at Stockholm is the correspondence (in Swedish) which was carried on between John Ericsson, the inventor of the Monitor, and Commodore Adolf Adelsparre during the 60's. These letters have been sent to the Royal library by Colonel William Conant Church, who was John Ericsson's literary executor. Together with these letters have also been sent a laurel wreath, which Mr. Ericsson received from the Lund university in 1867.

Carl Barklund, who during the past few weeks has received one brilliant ovation after another as the leading man in "The Happy Widow," has recently made his debut as a composer. His compositions which are attracting widespread and popular attention are the following: "Do You Remember, Frida?" the "Sunfeather," and others, which the Stockholm public has been as quick to adopt as a New York audience a new and catching piece of "ragtime."

On March 18 a woman gave birth to a child on one of Stockholm's street cars. She was bound for the eastern section of the city. Traffic was interrupted for a while until the ambulance arrived. The woman gave birth to an eleven pound boy and both mother and child are in the best of health. A purse was made up among the passengers amounting to 57 crowns and the boy will be christened "Stockholm."

Anders Zorn, the renowned Swedish painter, departed for America March 16. This time Mr. Zorn will pay an extended visit to Mexico and will sojourn in old Mexico for about two months. Mr. Zorn spurns publicity, so that the general public knows but little of the busy life of this truly great artist, who perhaps today may justly be called the world's greatest portrait painter.

According to recent statistics the present population of the Swedish capital is [illegible], viz., [illegible] men and [illegible] women. Thus it will be noticed that the number of women far exceed the number of men. This ratio of increase in the two different sexes has held good during the past fifteen years or more.

Professor [illegible] has tendered his resignation to the art institute and has presented his application for a pension.

—The king of Italy has awarded Professor Johan Vising, of the Gothenburg elementar school, the insignia of the Royal Order of Italia. It is believed he received this recognition for suggesting the Italian author, Carducci, to the Nobel committee.

"Strix," the Stockholm "Puck," celebrated its sixteenth anniversary about two weeks ago. The proprietors and cartoonists were given a dinner at Hotel Kronprinsen, which was attended by about forty "especially" invited journalists.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The natural power of water in Norway is great, and its value in commerce proves of immense value. Not a season passes but what foreign speculators come to Norway to investigate the facilities of some waterfall and the deals that are made in "water power" nowadays is not a small item. A great portion of Norway's water power is already, however, held and controlled by foreign capital, especially English capital, which has, perhaps, identified itself closer with Norwegian commercial interests than any other. Foreign capitalists generally purchase, or rather lease, the power and exclusive use of the available water power for a period of ninety-nine years and in that time they can secure all the earning power out of the water that they desire. Of course there are a great many Christiania, Bergen, Trondhjem capitalists engaged in the lumbering and flour mill industry—many also in the pulp mill business—who own large shares in Norway's water power, but if the truth were known it is really foreign—principally British capital that is in control. The last transaction in water power of any consequence was that of Sir Cappelen's purchase of Vrangfos and Eidfos with the Moen property adjoining for a consideration of 950,000 crowns.

Premier Michelsen celebrated his 50th anniversary March 15. The popular statesman is now in the prime of life, is enjoying excellent health and is beyond a doubt one, if not the greatest power behind the Norwegian throne. Mr. Michelsen is a many-sided man. Besides being Norway's foremost statesman he is a man who never takes his eye from his business and be it certain he always has full knowledge of what is going on in regard to Norway's shipping industry. Mr. Michelsen owns a number of merchant vessels and is keenly alive to the export industry of Norway. Although 50 years old the man who so cleverly conducted the dissolution of the union, though time only can show the lasting results of this move, he still seems to have ahead of him a most interesting political future. Norway at present is in a transition state and among the men who are found in the front ranks when it comes to bringing about a healthy industrial awakening stands Premier Michelsen, and all Norway is perhaps as much interested in this or map as the king himself.

The Dovre Singing society, of Minneapolis, U. S. A., is expected in Norway during the early part of June, when they will make a concert tour throughout the country, visiting the largest cities in Norway. This will be the first time since Norwegian immigration began to America that a Norwegian-American singing society visits the fatherland. It will be a return visit in one sense, the male chorus of Christiania university having made their tour in America about one year ago, when they were received with much enthusiasm in the northwest. These interchange visits between Norwegians and their brethren across the sea do much to strengthen the ties of brotherhood and enable those of kinship, although separated by thousands of miles, to be brought closer together.

Consul General Ferdinand Breda celebrated his 70th birthday at his home in Christiania the other day. Consul Breda has for years been a prominent merchant in the Norwegian capital and has been prominent in civic and political circles.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The new colonial law for the Danish West Indies went into effect a week ago last Monday. The colonial council was dissolved through the governor's proclamation and a new council was elected. The old military guard and police corps were completely broken up and a gendarme corps established in their place. The toll on imports was raised from 3 to 6 per cent, and the entire customs department was consolidated with the post-office department. Prince Christian, who is paying a visit to the islands, is now at St. Thomas and will later on this summer pay a visit to the United States.

The king of Siam is at present on his way to Europe and one of the first cities he will visit will be Copenhagen where he will be the guest of King Frederick. He departed from Bangkok March 27. Elaborate preparations for his reception are under way at the royal palace in Copenhagen. Among other notables who will visit the Danish capital during the coming summer are the queen of England and King George of Greece, the sister and brother of the Danish king.

Mrs. [illegible], the Christiania [illegible] actress, has been playing to crowded houses in this city during the last two weeks. Not for years has any [illegible] performance been so greatly appreciated as Mme. [illegible] performances and the critics have all been constrained to acknowledge her splendid dramatic conception, which in its naturalness has not failed to attract the attention of the most fastidious.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

THAW JURY DISAGREES.

Hopelessly divided—seven for a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree and five for acquittal on the ground of insanity—the jury which since Jan. 23 had been trying Harry K. Thaw reported after forty-seven hours and eight minutes of deliberation that it could not possibly agree upon a verdict. The twelve men were promptly discharged by Justice Fitzgerald and Thaw was remanded to the Tombs without bail to await a second trial on the charge of having murdered Stanford White, the noted architect. The trial cannot possibly be taken up until some time next fall.

Delphin M. Delmas, chief counsel for Harry Thaw, devoted the greater part of two days in his plea to the jury in behalf of the defendant. He threw about the form of Harry Thaw the cloak of chivalrous knighthood and bitterly assailed Stanford White. He declared White sought to play with the girl so long as her beauty remained and then would have thrown her away "like a dirty rag, to float down life's sewers to a grave in the potters field." In conclusion he made an oratorical appeal to both the written and the "unwritten" law for the justification of his client.

District Attorney Jerome's summing up in the Thaw case was a comprehensive and forceful review of the evidence. He declared at the outset that romance and sentiment did not enter into the issue; it was not a question of Stanford White's character or Evelyn Thaw's sufferings; it was a plain, matter of fact homicide. Mr. Jerome dealt mercilessly with Evelyn Thaw, to whom he referred as the "angel child," and to Thaw, whom he termed alternately "St. George" and "Sir Galahad." The charge of Justice Fitzgerald, while consisting principally of a complete explanation of the law, was considered by those who have followed the trial as adverse to the defendant.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Application has been made to the Kansas supreme court by Attorney General Jackson for writs of quo warranto and injunctions against eight brewery companies, mostly Missouri and Wisconsin concerns, and whisky jobbers to compel them to cease doing business in Kansas.

The Lincoln Savings and Trust company, one of the small financial institutions of Philadelphia, has suspended business by order of John A. Berkey, state commissioner of banking, on the ground that the capital of the company is impaired.

Judge Knappen, in the United States circuit court at Grand Rapids, Mich., granted a preliminary injunction restraining the Calumet and Hecla Mining company from voting the stock which it holds in the Osceola mine.

Directors of the St. Paul railway say that while the company has not decided to discontinue work on its Pacific coast extension the matter is under serious consideration.

Another advance of 1 cent per gallon on common grades of gasoline has been announced by the Standard Oil company.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Congressman Nicholas Longworth in an interview at Cincinnati, declared himself in favor of the nomination of Secretary Taft as the Republican candidate for president. He said that his opinion was personal and that he spoke only for himself, but that he believed that Taft, in the eyes of the people, typified the Roosevelt administration.

Taft and Cannon is the Republican national ticket being "touted" in administration circles at Washington for next year's campaign.

The lower house of the Minnesota legislature has gone on record in favor of a third term for Roosevelt.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, has issued a pamphlet containing lists of Minnesota creameries compiled to the close of 1906. At the close of last year there were 640 co-operative and 185 independent creameries in the state. These creameries had 55,798 patrons and the milk was supplied by 461,466 cows. During the year 78,455,450 pounds of butter were made.

Through the generosity of Mayor John A. Latsch Winona is soon to have public bathhouses and public playgrounds. He has donated $10,000 for this purpose and has secured the use of the island opposite that city owned by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway company for this purpose.

Illegal "side" salaries and allowances are being paid to many subordinate city officers of Minneapolis, according to the report of M. F. Kain, special examiner for the Minnesota state public examiner, who has been going over the books and records of the city treasurer and controller.

Minnesota stood third among the Western states in the number of immigrants which arrived last year for settlement, according to statistics prepared by Chairman E. E. MacLeod of the Western Passenger association.

Negotiations between the carpenters and master builders of Minneapolis have come to an abrupt ending and all hopes of an immediate settlement of the strike have been abandoned. About 400 men are now out.

The village council of Bird Island has placed the saloon license in that village at $800 for the ensuing year, as against $500 in past years. The new council is in favor of the "lid."

Concessions by both sides has finally ended the strike of the upholsterers in Minneapolis and the sixty-five men who have been out for two weeks returned to work.

In his annual message, read to the council, Mayor Armson of Stillwater advocated a "Greater Stillwater" by taking in the village of Oak Park and the new prison site.

A petition for an increase in wages, signed by 75 per cent of the teachers of Minneapolis, has been presented to the board of education.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While at work at the foot of the new gas holder being erected in Minneapolis Thomas Gordon was instantly killed by being struck on the head by a heavy beam. The beam was being hoisted to the top of the structure when it slipped from the hook and fell a distance of twenty-five feet, fracturing Gordon's skull.

Passenger train No. 201, from the Twin Cities bound for Red Wing, on the Chicago Great Western road, collided with a locomotive at Randolph. Four passengers were hurt, of whom Dr. Cressy of Granite Falls was the most seriously injured. He was sent to the hospital at Red Wing.

A strange death was that of the little daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Campbell of Rochester, who was supposed to be in good health. She had been put to bed for her afternoon nap and when the mother went in to awaken her she found the child dead.

Miss Jennie Hart of St. Paul and her cousin, Miss Ella Ward, a school teacher of Waukon, Ia., were run down by an automobile at St. Paul and seriously injured while driving. The buggy in which they were riding was smashed to kindling wood.

Julius Yuse has been arrested at Owatonna for attempted train wrecking. His motive, according to a confession he has made, was revenge for being discharged from the section crew.

While hurrying to the bedside of his dying brother in St. Paul Charles de Coursey, a switchman living at Proctor, was ground to death in the railroad yards at Duluth.

OBITUARY.

Emmet Wallace, known as the human ostrich, died in the Minneapolis city hospital last week as a result of an operation performed a few days previous. Wallace was operated upon at least five times during his life because of his fondness for bits of broken glass, pins, tenpenny nails and other articles of hardware. He was engaged in the museum business and for a time was with a circus sideshow. His strange occupation finally proved his death.

S. H. Daniels, an old resident and once prominent business man of Rochester, was found lying dead on a couch in his home and apparently had been dead for two days. The old gentleman lived all alone and when it was noticed that he did not put in an appearance the door was forced and his dead body was found.

Judge James Oscar Pierce, one of the oldest and best known lawyers in the state, is dead at Hotel Buena Vista, Lake Minnetonka. He had suffered two strokes of apoplexy within a year and his death was not unexpected.

Mrs. Ruth Baker, widow of Lewis Baker, former United States minister to Nicaragua, is dead in Washington aged sixty-five years. For many years her husband was editor of the St. Paul Globe.

B. M. Van Alstein, judge of probate of Mille Lacs county, is dead at Princeton, aged [illegible] years.

THIRD TERM FOR ROOSEVELT.

Lower House of Minnesota Legislature on Record.

St. Paul, April 9.—The lower house of the state legislature has gone on record in favor of a third term for President Roosevelt by the adoption of the following resolution, which was adopted almost unanimously:

"Whereas, By his wise initiative and courageous leadership the present president of the United States has become prominently identified with the cause of political, social and business reform; and,

"Whereas, The great work of which he has been and now is the most distinguished exponent is yet unfinished; and,

"Whereas, With singular unanimity the great body of the people of the United States, without regard to political affiliation, has explicit confidence in his great ability, unselfish patriotism and unswerving fidelity to his exalted trust; therefore,

"Be it resolved, by the house of representatives, the senate concurring, That the best interests of the general government and the successful establishment of the great public measures which have been inaugurated by the present national administration demand the nomination and re-election of Theodore Roosevelt to the presidency of the United States."

RECEIVER ASKED FOR.

Venner's Suit Against Great Northern Road Filed.

St. Paul, April 12.—Attorneys E. B. Graves of St. Paul and Wilbur F. Booth of Minneapolis have filed in the district court the summons and complaint in the suit of Clarence H. Venner of New York, a shareholder in the Great Northern Railroad company.

This is the suit by which Mr. Venner, whom Great Northern officials have christened as a "professional litigant," seeks to annul the agreement between the Great Northern railway and the Lake Superior company, made in 1899, and the agreement between the Lake Superior company and its trustees, Dec. 7, 1906. This is the agreement which constituted J. J. Hill's famous melon which was cut last fall when each of the shareholders of the Great Northern received as many shares of the Lake Superior company as they held in the railroad.

Mr. Venner's complaint is a voluminous document and makes a fair sized book of nearly 140 pages and in addition to asking that the trust agreement be set aside he incidentally asks for the appointment of a receiver for the railroad company itself. It alleges many illegal acts on the part of the railroad company.

WIRE-TAPPING ALLEGED.

Sensation in Chamber of Commerce Suit at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 11.—Sensations crowded each other in the hearing of the suit of the chamber of commerce against the Superior (Wis.) board of trade. Attorney Mercer's questions clearly indicated that the chamber has evidence of wire-tapping and Mr. Mercer even went so far as to mention the name of the company occupying them and to locate the offices where it is alleged the wire-tapping occurred.

During the hearing reference has often been made to a private telephone wire of the Tri-State Telephone company, running from the Superior board of trade to office 544 Endicott building, St. Paul. Many telephone company employes have testified as to its location and the date of its installation.

Victim Dies of Wound.

Minneapolis, April 11.—John Hart, saloonkeeper, who was shot by Anton Brogren several days ago, is dead. Brogren, who is from Kandiyohi, Minn., went to Hart's place well under the influence of liquor and insisted on reaching the bar by way of a private office. After being intercepted twice by the bartender he drew a revolver. Hart went to settle the trouble and in a struggle with Brogren was shot and mortally wounded.

Robber Uses Coupling Pin.

Minneapolis, April 9.—Another sensational holdup took place here when Fred Koehler, a lumberjack, was hit on the head with a coupling pin. He was then relieved of $106 and then locked up in a box car. The man who performed the holdup was the supposed pal of the victim, Jake Kildare, another lumberjack. Koehler, although seriously injured, is expected to recover.

Threat of General Strike.

Minneapolis, April 13.—The strike of the local carpenters may spread to all the building trades in Minneapolis within a few days. Orders have been issued by the building trades council that no open shops shall exist. The master builders and many of the independent contractors seem willing to stand a strike to settle the matter one way or the other.

Fatal Runaway Accident.

Minneapolis, April 11.—George H. Partridge, aged forty-five, a dairyman of New Brighton, was instantly killed in a runaway accident. As Partridge was driving past the Hillside cemetery his horses became frightened and ran away. He was thrown out and both wheels of the wagon passed over his head, crushing the skull.

Minnesota Man Killed by a Train.

St. Paul, April 10.—Charles De Coursey of Proctor, Minn., who was hastening to the bedside of his dying brother George in this city, was accidentally killed by a train in the yards at De-

GET LIFE SENTENCES

Wesley and Fournier Convicted of Murder at Bemidji.

YOUTH KILLS HIS FATHER

Tragedy Follows Family Quarrel at Deer River—News of the State in General.

Bemidji, Minn., April 16.—Imprisonment for life at hard labor in the state penitentiary at Stillwater was the sentence meted out by Judge M. A. Spooner of the Fifteenth judicial district to James ("Shorty") Wesley and Paul Fournier, convicted of the murder of N. O. Dahl near Quiring postoffice, Beltrami county, on April 7, 1904.

Both men showed great relief on hearing the sentence imposed, as both were prepared to receive the death penalty, and the opening words of the judge's final admonition confirmed them in this expectation. The evidence against both men, however, was largely circumstantial and the court reminded them of this in pronouncing sentence.

While both prisoners took the sentence of the court calmly, their actions since it was pronounced have been widely at variance. Fournier insists upon his innocence and seems to brood over his fate when left alone in his cell. At times he has been found weeping bitterly. Wesley's attitude is one of defiance and he spent much of his time after he had returned to the county jail in cursing and using other vile language.

BOY KILLS HIS FATHER.

Tragedy Follows a Quarrel at Deer River, Minn.

Deer River, Minn., April 13.—Keaton Willis shot and killed his father in this city as the result of a quarrel which occurred Friday afternoon. After the quarrel the father left the house, and coming to town purchased a revolver and returned home.

On reaching the house the father opened the door and shoved the muzzle of the revolver into the face of Mrs. R. R. Leilin, who happened to be present. Keaton tried to wrest the gun from his father, but was unable to do so. His sister then handed him a revolver and he fired at his parent over Mrs. Leilin's shoulder.

The man left the door and tried to shoot through one of the windows, but the gun failed to work and he had started for the rear of the house when the son went out and shot him through the back of the head, killing him instantly.

Young Willis came to town and gave himself up and was placed under arrest.

GUILTY OF REBATING.

Omaha Road Convicted and Fined Aggregate of $50,000.

Minneapolis, April 11.—Guilty of granting rebates was the verdict of a jury in the United States district court here in the case of the government against the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad and H. M. Pearce, its general freight agent. A maximum penalty of $1,000 fine for each of the fifty counts, or $50,000 in all, was specified by the jury.

The Omaha road and H. M. Pearce, general freight agent; E. B. Ober, assistant general freight agent, and F. C. Gifford, commercial agent, were charged with giving rebates on grain shipped by the Spencer Grain company to Duluth over the Omaha road. The rebates were alleged to have been in the form of a fund given back for elevator charges at Duluth.

Mr. Ober and Mr. Gifford were declared not guilty. The three individual defendants are St. Paul men.

GLANDERS IN LUMBER CAMP

Minnesota Official Orders One Hundred Horses Killed.

Frazee, Minn., April 12.—The state veterinarian made an examination of the horses belonging to the Nichols Chisholm Lumber company and decided that 102 of them were affected with glanders and ordered them shot at once. The horses were killed and burned. The disease was contracted in the woods during the winter and as they were all valuable horses it will entail a great loss to the company. All horses are now examined before they leave the lumber camps.

Next Democratic Convention.

Minneapolis, April 16.—The Twin Cities are contestants for the next Democratic national convention. The announcement came just before the conclusion of the Jefferson club banquet in Minneapolis, and following the launching of the Bryan boom by Bird S. Coler of New York. The guests of honor, including Bird S. Coler, Governor John Burke of North Dakota and Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota, tendered their influence and praised the enterprise of the Twin Cities in entering the field.

Physician Ends His Life.

St. Paul, April 13.—Dr. O. Sinstad of Menomonie, Wis., committed suicide in the new sanitarium at Mounds park, this city, by hanging himself in a closet. Dr. Sinstad was forty-two years of age and had been a patient at the sanitarium since Feb. 25. He was suffering from a nervous complaint and was under the care of a [illegible].

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XX[illegible] THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1907 NUMBER 17

Historical Society

ON NEXT WEDNESDAY.

Work of Circulating County Seat Petition to Be Started Next Week.

Reports Coming in Say People Are Anxious to Sign.

Next Wednesday, May 1st, the residents of Thief River Falls will start the work of circulating the new petition calling for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. According to reports received from various parts of the county, Thief River Falls is going to have no difficulty in securing a much larger petition than the one filed over two years ago and it is safe to say that precautions will be taken not to allow any sneak thief from the down river town an opportunity to steal it.

It is natural to expect that Red Lake Falls will again try by fake litigation to postpone the matter of having an election as long as possible, but of one thing the people of Thief River Falls are determined and that is not to stop until the final judges—the voters of Red Lake county—have had an opportunity to express their choice of a county seat in Red Lake county at the polls.

The opportunity would have been given to them this summer had not the county seat removal petition been stolen, but now when the election will be hel is of course a matter of speculation.

One thing is certain, however, and that is that with a set of county officials such as Red Lake county now has—men who will do their sworn duty—it is not going to be possible for Red Lake Falls to cause as much delay as they did on the former petition.

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for hay. Geo. Elder.

DUCKS AND GEESE.

A Crookston Homesteader Says They Are Being Slaughtered.

Crookston Journal: Andrew Anderson returned this morning to his claim near Mud Lake north of Thief River Falls after spending a day in the city looking up some legal business. He reports that the ducks and geese were never as thick as they are at the present time in Mud Lake and Mud Creek and that scores of hunters have been there for the past few days killing hundreds of birds.

The weather has been just cold enough to make the birds fly low, and they do not seem disposed to hurry on any farther north at the present time. Mr. Anderson says that there has been a regular bombardment for some days past and he took pains to scatter the news here and at Thief River Falls in the hopes that the game wardens would get wind of what was going on and nab a few of the poachers.

REV. PAULSON DEAD.

Pioneer Minister Passed Away Saturday at Fargo.

Rev. Ole Paulson, one of the pioneer ministers of the Norwegian Lutheran church in the Northwest, died suddenly of heart disease last Saturday morning at the home of his dauhter in Fargo. He was very well known to many of the residents of Thief River Falls.

Rev. Paulson was born in Norway, 75 years ago, and came to this country while still a boy. He was educated at the Augustana Lutheran seminary and college at Marshall, Wis. During the civil war he served as a lieutenant in the volunteer forces which were sent to quell the Indian uprising in the northwest. For a number of years he was a carpenter, but he entered the ministry 40 years ago and since then had been actively engaged in religious work until two years ago when he retired and came to Fargo to be with his daughters, who reside there. Previous to his coming he served as the pastor of various churches in Wisconsin for 19 years, and he was one of the best known and highly thought of Norwegian ministers in the country.

VERY GOOD SHOWING.

Local Creamery Does a Good Business During Month of March.

P. Engelstad Draws a Check for $100,75 for Cream Sold.

The following is the statement of the Thief River Falls creamery for the month of March:

Amount of cream received, 17,198 pounds.

Amount of butter fat, 4,527.80 pounds.

Average test, 26 31.

Price paid, 31 cents.

RECEIPTS.

Balance from February		$ 28.53
Received for 67 tubs of butter shipped out of state, net weight 4147 pounds		1137.77
Sales at the creamery as follows:		
Butter	306.93	
Cream	61.65	
Buttermilk	42.40	
Sweet milk	13.20	
Other	.35	424.53
Recieved from North Star Creamery at Grygla, 100 tubs		30.00
Received for three shares sold		75.00
Other		.20
		1696.02

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid to Thief River Falls patrons	1328.90
" " Viking patrons	52.63
" " Milk "	4.33
" " Expense Fund	170.28
" " " " for 100 tubs	30.00
" " Sinking fund for 3 shares sold	75.00
Paid to Sinking fund from patrons	25.44
Balance	9.45
Total	$1696.03

Those drawing fifty dollars and over:

P. Engelstad, $100.75.

Rasmus Oen, $83 60.

P. Engelstad, Sec.

BIG ORDER FOR SEEDS.

Farmers Living Near St. Hilaire Purchase $600 Worth Of Seeds.

Shows That This Section Is the Clover and Timothy Belt.

The following item taken from the St. Hilaire Spectaror shows that this section is fast coming to the front as a great dairy country:

A few years ago a farmer asking for grass seed would have been a curiosity, but it is different now in this vicinity. Nearly every merchant is selling both clover and timothy seed, and this week Geo. L. Austin received for the patrons of the creamery over six hundred dollars' worth of timothy and clover seed. There is more tame grass in the vicinity of St. Hilaire at present than at any other point in northern Minnesota and there is hardly a farmer in this vicinity who is not figuring on seeding a considerable part of his farm this season.

It means without question that this section will abandon wild grass for both hay and pasture and that grain raising has seen its best days. We will venture the prediction that in the near future one of those grass-seeded farms will be worth more than two wheat farms of the same size.

STARTED SAWING.

Ice Is Out of the River and the Saw Mill Is Now Running.

The ice went out of the Red Lake river Monday, and the Thief River Falls Lumber company's big saw mill is now converting logs into lumber. The mill has been fixed up in fine shape and a good season's run is expected, although the output this year, owing to the late start, will fall below that of former years. Last year the mill started up for the season two weeks before the start this season.

Rural Delivery Mail Boxes.

The post office which was once the head center of all urban business is rapidly becoming a has-been so far as its influence on business is concerned. Free delivery in the cities both great and small has done away with the necessity of going to the post office for the mail. And the rural free delivery has done away entirely with many small post offices. But this instead of hurting the country village has a decided tendency the other way. The telephone, the trolly line, automobiles and good roads together with a daily mail has brought the country and the town into such close relations that the town is bound to be the gainer both socially and in a business way. The rural delivery system is spreading as rapidly as the department can find means and men to take care of the increased responsibilities. Everything is keeping pace with the improvement of country life except the good road movement. For some unexplainable reason we find whole communities opposing any movement for road betterment—because they are afraid of extra taxation. They do not seem to understand that for every dollar paid out in taxes for legitimate road improvement ten will come back in increased values of farms and reduced cost of marketing farm produce. But all this in another story—the story of good roads and their influence on the farmer and the country merchant. Rural free delivery is the text. The rural mail carrier is the true missionary. To those who used to sit in darkness for a week, and sometimes in the busy season too he now brings the gospel of the doings of the great work at least once a day.

Notwithstanding the fact that his coming is looked forward to with as much interest as was the coming of a Mississippi river steamer in ante bellum days the people have done little to receive him and his messages. The rural mail box is not a thing of beauty. The government has been most generous in the matter of mail carrying and delivery. In return for the vast sums expended in the rural mail delivery and as an appreciation of the benefits received the patrons of the service are asked to do only two things; first to secure and erect for themselves suitable weather proof boxes for the receiving of mail at the nearest point on the route; and second to maintain roads over which rural routes are laid out in connection to be traveled with facility and safety in all seasons of the year.—Maxwell's Talisman.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the [illegible].

FARMER OBJECTED.

Did Not Want Railroad to Run Through His Barn.

J. J. Hankenson, in charge of the Soo survey between Glenwood and Duluth and who is well known in Thief River Falls, tells a good story in connection with his work. A few weeks ago he and a corps of surveyors were surveying east of Freeport. They were running through a man's farm and the line happened to hit a barn. The men opened the doors of the place and did their work inside. The farmer who was a tipical German came rushing out and said, "Vat you do here." One of the engineers told him that they were making surveys for the Soo railroad and they were going to run a railroad through his barn. The farmer looked stunned for a second and, "Vat, you going to run a railroad through here. Are you crazy? Do you think I am going to run out here and open and close the barn doors every time a train goes by?"

SCHOOL NOTES.

It has been requested that we have something in the school notes that does not concern the Seniors in any way.

It is evident that Spring is here at last. Even the high school boys cannot resist the temptation to play marbles.

Some one has prophesied that Agnes Kelley will be valedictorian of her graduating class, if she follows the course she has mapped out.

Ione Higgins, a Junior, is in quarantine with scarlet fever. Nina Horton is ill also. This is a bad time of year for upper-classmen to be absent. There are only five more weeks of school.

Several of the high-school boys went to Red Lake Falls Friday to attend the Senior class play at that place.

The Senior class has purchased, as a class memorial, a large colonial hall-clock. The clock is about five and a half feet tall and is to have a pedestal about two feet high. After the assembleroom is enlarged and a suitable place provided for the clock, it will surely be an addition to the school and a fitting memorial of the class of '07.

Teacher in Chemistry class after a discussion of alcohol: "I never could understand why people are fond of it, unless it is for the effects."

Junior—I, no, its not the effect but the after-effects that they desire.

No more new pupils entered the primary grades this week.

Why do parents and patrons not visit the schoolrooms? How can they know what work is being done without such visiting unless they listen to mere hearsay? More schools have been injured and destroyed by the thoughtless circulation of fairy tales and empty gossip than by all the misfit teachers that ever entered their portals. Call at any time, any day, and learn the truth at first hand.

School classes May 31st. The last week will be employed in the upper and high school grades with state examinations.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

A Brother of John Stalammer of Strandquist Ended All on Friday.

No Motive for the Rash Act Is Known By His Friends.

Word comes from Strandquist, a station north of here on the Soo line in Marshall county to the effect that a brother of John Stalammer committed suicide last Friday morning by shooting himself. The deceased resided in the southern part of the state and was paying his brother a visit when he did the rash act. He had been at Strandquist for about a week and apparently was in sound mental condition. He was about 40 years of age, a man in very comfortable financial circumstances and no motive is known why he should have taken his own life. He committed suicide by placing a gun in his mouth and fired, death being almost instantaneous.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday April 28, Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday School 10 a. m.

Junior League 2,30 p.m.

Epworth League 7 p. m.

Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7,30 p. m.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Apr. 20

Alton Miss Maggie
Bjerke Christ
Elinsan E. O.
Gragam Thomas E.
Halvorson Miss Agnes
Hanson Miss Ida
Jeanson E. A.
Johnson Emil
Jones J. C.
Keith Mrs Annie
Mosleth Lizzie
McAune W. R.
Olson P. M.
Peterson Bells M.
Paulson Mrs. Annie
Soderstrom Miss Ida
Wernham Frank

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

—500 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

"The Store That Lives Up to Its Name."

Every Mother of a Boy.

We want every mother of a boy to come and see our showing of Boys' and Children's apparel for spring and summer of 1907:

Young Men's Suits, (for lads 15 to 20 years) single and double breasted styles, in plain gray and smart overplaid worsteds, blue serges, blacks, etc. $5, 7.50, 10, 12.50, and 15	**Little Boys' Russian Suits, Sailor Suits, Etc.** 3 to 9 years, in blue serge, gun metal grey. Special values at 2.50, 3.50, 4.50 and 5.00
Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, (7 to 17 years) Norfolk belted and plain double breasted coat effects. Trousers cut extra full and every seam reinforced. 3.75, 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50	**Boys' Knee Pants,** any shade, any size, 1.00, 75c and 50c.
Boys' "Uncle Dudley's" (8 to 17 years) The Uncle Dudley suits come with 2 pair of trousers; exceptional values, 5.00 and 6.00	**Boys' "Bunker Hill" Shoes,** in BxCalf, Vici Valour Calf, Crome Calf, any size; special values, 1.50, 2.00, and 2.50

Boys' Hosiery. Boys' Caps, Boys' Shirts and Blouses.

The Golden Rule Clothing Department.

"Everything From Head to Foot."

The Home of S. H. & M. Suits. *The Home of the Gordon Hats.*

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.
PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.
PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Prof. Wilson was up from Crookston last week.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city the first of the week.

Theo. Bratrud, of Warren, was in the city Sunday.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Sunday.

J. O. Sethre, of Warren, was in the city last week.

C. J. Knox spent Tuesday night in Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill left Tuesday evening for Lockhart.

County Surveyor Wood spent last week at Red Lake Falls.

Will Johnson left Monday evening for Devils Lake, N. D.

R. J. McMahan, of Stephen, was in the city last week.

E. B. Bakke was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Skramstad Sunday.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Mrs. Kidder returned to this city Monday from a trip to Winona.

Dr. Melbey was over from Argyle to spend Sunday with Dr. Penney.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Harry Holberg the Newfolden merchant, was in the city last Saturday.

Robert McGinn was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Lost—A lady's hunting case Waltom watch with fob. Finder please leave at this office.

Mrs. I. G. Ringham, of Ringbo, died last week. Besides a husband she leaves seven children.

Ex-Register of Deeds Frank Jeffers was in the city the first of the week visiting old friends.

Miss Ione, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Higgins is confined to her home with scarlet fever.

C. R. Winslow was up from Crookston the first of the week looking after the business of Finch-Smith company.

—Telephone No. 8 if your want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc. in the market. John P. Forsberg.

George Wernham, the local representative of Patrick & Co. of Duluth spent Sunday with friends at Grand Forks.

Nels Johnson, living north of the city, died the first of the week. He was 35 years of age and leaves a wife and family.

Miss Ida Helgeson leaves next week for Spokane Falls, Wash., to spend the summer with her sister, Mrs J. E. Crowe.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River was in the city last Saturday. He had a car load of cattle enroute to St. Paul market.

Six young girls, members of prominent families of Crookston, were suspended from the high school last week for playing truant.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Baldwin, of Marshall, Minn., were in the city last week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ira C. Richardson.

Seeding was quite generally commenced in this section this week and although the spring is quite late, no bad results are anticipated.

A. M. Arpin, of Grand Rapids, Wis., arrived in the city Monday. He is interested in drainage matters and will locate in this city.

Hereafter grass on state lands will be sold at public auction and that not sold at auction will be disposed of by the county auditor at private sale.

Woo Ah Lee a Chinese laundryman, has rented one of the Dr. Grundy buildings back of Oen & Granum's hardware store and will open up a laundry.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole O. Legvold left last Saturday for Grand Forks accompanied by their daughter, Miss Ida, who is to be operated upon for appendicitis.

—300 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

—For Sale—All of my household goods. Almost new. D. W. Vessey, Dobner Meehan block.

Otto L. Bakken and family of the town of Nordon expect to leave this week for Williams Count, N. D., Mr. Bakken sold his farm to Robert Lee.

E. M. Hoff, the well known St. Hilaire merchant, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week, having been out on the Wheatline in North Dakota visiting *old friends.*

The fire department was called out at noon on Saturday by a small fire in the roof of the Fant building. It was discovered and put out before much damage was done.

Pat Sullivan, the foreman for the East Grand Forks Lumber company, arrived in the city last week with a crew of men. He will take a log drive from the outlet to East Grand Forks.

Peter Eberhardt brought his steamboat, the Mud Hen down from the outlet Monday. He will at once engage a crew of men and commence the work of picking up dead head logs.

A. L. Mattes, superintendent of the Prince Albert Lumber company, spent Sunday in the city with D. N. Winton. He reports a great shortage of cars up in the Canadian Northwest.

Willis Aakre, Willie Prichard, Tom Lonson and Ernie Richards were down to Red Lake Falls last Friday evening to attend the class play given by the class of '07 of the Red Lake Falls high school.

We notice by the Frazee News that Randolph Gillette, who a few years ago was one of the sawyers in the local saw mill, will work this season in the mill at Frazee. He is a brother of C. M. Gillette of this city.

Charges W. Peter, a young man who has a claim northeast of here in Beltrami county and is quite well known in Thief River Falls, writes the News from Fort Snelling that he has enlisted in the U. S. Army for five years.

Ex-Sheriff Linnihan and John Grady, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last week enroute to Glenwood. They have taken a contract to grade ten miles of the new road to be built by the Soo line from Glenwood to Duluth.

W. F. Rosenwold, who during the opening of the eleven towns acted as locator in company with W. C. Smiley, was in the city last Saturday renewing his acquaintance here. He is now in the abstracting business at Madison.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

"You have a model husband," said the lady who was congratulating the bride. The next day the bride bethought her to look up the word "model" in the dictionary, and this is what she found: Model: A small imitation of the real thing.

A warrant was issued for the arrest of August Younke, a well known farmer living west of town, the first of the week for calling a lady a vile name. After the warrant was served, the case was dismissed as the complaining witness refused to prosecute.

Red Lake county gets $2,425 as its share of the road and bridge mellon cut by the state legislature. Other counties in this vicinity were provided for as follows: Marshall, $2,500; Mahnomen, $1,000; Norman, $2,310; Clearwater, $2,000; Beltrami, $2,425; Kittson, $2,500; Roseau $2,500.

The case of the state against Frank Zavoral and Joseph Vorlicky, two settlers living out in the new town of Star, mention of which was made in the News last week, was dismissed by Judge Bishop Monday. A mistake was made in having the two arrested as there was absolutely no proof of their guilt.

Services in the Evenson Hall Sunday morning Apr. 28th at 10:45. In the evening a lecture to the young people will be given and the subject "Thoughts and readings from the Life of Jacob". The lecture will be given in the Norwegian language. Cordial invitation to all.
M. L. Dahle.

Peter Engelstad the well known Rocksbury farmer drew for the month of March the largest check ever issued to any patron of the local creamery—$100.75. Besides his sales to the creamery, he has cream customers in Thief River Falls that take on an average $13 worth of cream each month.

Ben Christienson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

John Fellman was down to Crookston last week visiting friends and relatives.

Herman Swanke arrived here yesterday from Ashland, Wis., to spend a few weeks.

A son was born last Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. John Sjorsvold, of the town of Norden.

Ed G. Holm, one of the solid St. Hilaire residents, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod Church meets with Mrs E. O. Gullengsrud, Thursday May 2nd at the usual hour.

Mrs. McGinty arrived in the city yesterday from Fond du Lac, Wis., to visit her sons, William and Frank McGinty.

The Ladies Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. P. Paulson next Wednesday, May 1st, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All are cordially invited.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Friday evening, the 26th, at 7:45. Also services next Sunday the 28th at 10 a. m.

I. T. Aastad,
Pastor.

Frank Jeffers came up from Minneapolis last Saturday and is spending the *week with his family and many friends* here. Frank has been traveling throught Wisconsin and Michigan for the Miller Davis Printing company, of Minneapolis and has met with great success so far in his career as a knight of the grip.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

—Notice is hereby given, that during the season of 1907 all arrangements for the purchase of ice from the Thief River Falls Ice Company must be made with the undersigned, that all accounts due said company must be paid to him, and that he will be responsible for all debts incurred by said company.
Alfred T. Rice.

Prof. J. H. Hay was over to Bemidji last week attending a meeting of North Central Minnesota Teachers' association. Mr. Hay gave an able and instructive discourse on the need of a state normal school in the north half of Minnesota, pointing out the loss to the state in the matter of better trained teachers in not having a normal in this part of the state.

The Great Northern now has a crew of men at work at Sandridge and Strathcona opening up large sand pits. This would indicate that work of extending the road from Greenbush to Warroad would be commenced this spring. A large supply of bridge material has been shipped to Greenbush during the past month, but no steel rails has as yet shown up.

Work of building the foundation for the new brick block to be built at the corner of Maine avenue and Third street for Torrison Bros., and C. M. Evenson was commenced this week by G. M. Wilson who has the contract for erecting this building. It is the intention of having the building completed by July 10, and a large crew of men will be employed upon the job.

Charley Erickson, who was sentenced to the states prison at Stillwater a year ago last April, has made application for pardon. He was one of those connected with the stealing of wheat from the Soo and at the time of his arrest was proprietor of a dray line in this city. For a number of years he had made Thief River Falls his home and friends here are interesting themselves in his behalf.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

John Dolen and Erick Iverson spent Thursday at Thief River Falls where they had a lease drawn up for the Scotland Hotel in this village. Mr. Iverson retires from the business and Mr. Dolen will conduct it in the future. The new proprietor took possession this morning and as he has lots of experience in that line we predict that he will be entirely successful in his undertaking.—Plummer Pioneer.

When a farmer or one of his boys goes out in the morning to shoot a few ducks or prairie chickens on his own farm, he will have to have a license or be in danger of arrest by game wardens. The legislature has passed a bill requiring everyone to take out a hunting license. This is about the limit and we predict that the people of this section will have very little respect for the game laws in the future. While the license will only cost $1 there will be just as much objection to the bill as if it cost $10.

Frazee Free Press has this pointed paragraph to offer its readers: "At this time of the year people are naturally discussing in their minds the question, where shall we buy our goods? As our answer to this important problem we refer them to the advertising columns in this issue. In our columns will be found proclamations from all the principal business houses in the village. Never trade with a man who does not advertise if you want nice, fresh, clean goods at reasonable prices. Find a man who does not advertise, and you will find a man who is as rusty and old fashioned as the goods which he is trying

E. J. Morrisey went down to Crookston last evening.

Dick Edmonds came down from Rollis yesterday.

Rev. Barackman was up to Middle River yesterday.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

All of the various assessors from this section went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Frank McGinty was over to Michigan City, N. D., the first of the week to attend the marriage of a brother.

R. B. Laing came over from North Dakota last week. He reports that seeding has not been commenced around Milton as yet.

Complete change of program at the Bijiou this evening. The illustrated song will be "Why don't you come over to my house."

James Meehan came up from St. Paul yesterday morning to look after the building of the large block he will build at the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street.

A number of the base ball fans—George Curran, Malcom McNiven, Tom Lonson and Pat Mahon—will give a dance in the Evenson hall tomorrow evening. The money will be used to *organize a new ball team here.*

Come to the Men's Supper in the basement of the Presbyterian church Friday evening April 26th. Cooked and served by the men, Dr. Gambell, P. Neal Panabaker, W. S. Rosenberry and Harry Dobner are head cooks, Dr. Schalaben head waitor.

Four new books have been received at the library—Bob Hampton by Parrish; Call of the Wild by Jack London; Jane Cable by McCucheon and America's Awakening by Allen. These books all seven day books and a fee of 5 cents has to be paid when they are taken from the library.

Of late Thursday evening, which is ladies night at the Antlers Club has not been attended very largely and an effort will be made in the future to have more of the ladies attend. For this evening a special entertainment committee has charge of a program. The Rushford quartette will render several musical selections and dancing and card playing will also furnish amusement. No special invitations are to be sent out to club members, but all are requested to be present.

Big Pine Tree Cut.

Perhaps the largest pine cut in this part of the country was the one which grew a short distance north of Bob McAnnany's house on Winterroad river, six miles west of town. The tree made eleven logs. Two logs were sixteen feet long, one log fifteen feet and eight logs were twelve feet long. The tree ought to scale two thousand feet of lumber.—Rainly River Region.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Morning worship at 11 o'clock.
The Odd Fellows will attend the morning worship in a body.
Evening worship at 8 p. m.
Christian Endeavor at 7.15 p. m.
Sabbath School at 10 a.m.
All are welcome at our church.
F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

"More Valuable for its Stone and Timber."

The register and receiver of the Duluth land office have rendered an opinion which will be read with interest by many people who are interested in lands in the Koochiching country or who are affected indirectly by the decision. If it is upheld by the higher authorities it will decide whether a good portion of the land in Koochiching county is chiefly valuable for its timber or for agricultural purposes.

The decision was rendered in the Dougherty-Saunders contest over a claim in 69 22. The land was originally filed on by R. H. Kirby as a homestead. A relinquishment was purchased by William T. Saunders, who filed a stone and timber entry on it. Wm. Dougherty filed a contest against the entry, alleging that the land was more valuable for agriculture than timber. The case being the first of its kind in that neighborhood, attracted a great deal of attention. A large bulk of testimony was introduced by both parties and the decision awaited with considerable interest by the public, as it was freely predicted that if the case was decided in favor of the plaintiff it would be followed by hundreds of contests of the same nature which would cause a great deal of trouble and as a result much ill feeling.

After reviewing the testimony the opinion of the register and receiver is as follows:

"The only issue in this case is whether or not the land is timber in character within the meaning of the act of June 3, 1878.

"We have carefully examined the evidence submitted and duly considered the same, and find that said land is not in its present condition fit for cultivation and that it is chiefly valuable for its timber, and therefore subject to entry under the act of June 3, 1878.

"The protest of said Dougherty is therefore hereby dismissed and 30 days given in which to appeal therefrom."

—Farmers—I will exchange wood for
Geo. Elder.

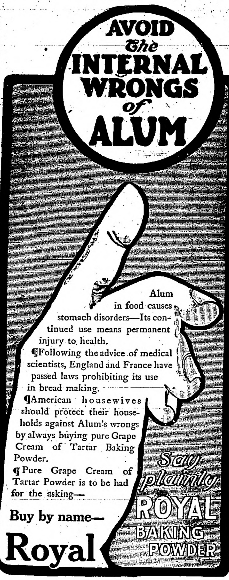

AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—
Royal

Say plainly ROYAL BAKING POWDER

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	72c
Oats	35c
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	15c
Butter	22c
Creamery butter	33c

An Ungallant Actor.

A well known American actor, who is old enough not to consider himself a matinee idol by any means, was somewhat surprised and pleased in a St. Louis hotel a short time ago when a pretty girl stopped him in the corridor and presented him with a rose, without saying a word. He was more surprised and less pleased to receive a note the following day reminding him of the incident and asking him to send the giver of the flower two seats at the theater in which he was playing "as a memento of the occasion."

"My dear young lady," the actor replied, waxing sarcastic as he realized what had been the object of the attention he had been paid, "I would be glad to send you the seats you ask for, but, on consultation with the manager of the theater, I have been informed that the seats are all fastened down and that he is opposed to having them sent away as souvenirs in any event, so that you will have to be contented with an autograph for a souvenir of your benevolence of yesterday instead."—Harper's Weekly.

Beats Radium For Cost.

If you object to paper money, but wish to carry big values in small compass, you might do worse than lay in a stock of best lenses for microscopes. Weight for weight, gold is not nearly so valuable as glass in the form of powerful lenses, and an ordinary purse filled with such lenses might easily represent a fortune. The record increase in the value of the manufactured article over the raw material is probably made by this variety of glass, which multiplies itself [illegible] times. The front lens of a microscope objective instrument costing about £1 weighs no more than about [illegible] of a grain; hence the value of such lenses to the weight of about two and a quarter pounds would be about [illegible]. The cost of making this weight of glass is 1½ pence to 3 pence, and thus when worked up into the shape of a lens the glass has increased in value about 30,000,000 times.—London Express.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Anthony T. Dannecker, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Anthony T. Danneker of High Landing in the county of Red Lake in said district, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of April, 1907, the said Anthony T. Danneker was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the creditors of said bankrupt may attend and prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 23, 1907.
Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in bankruptcy.
F. W. Murphy, Attorney,
Wheaton, Minn.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

The Minneapolis Journal

DAILY AND SUNDAY

The Housekeeper and The N. W. Agriculturist All for One Year for $4.80 *THE PRICE OF THE JOURNAL ALONE*

In addition to the above we offer our readers Webster's Condensed Dictionary (absolutely up to date) for 85c extra. Sanford & Bennet's Fountain Pen with 14-k solid gold point, 50c extra.

Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying their subscription 1 year in advance.

THE DAILY JOURNAL The Greatest Daily of the Great Northwest

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL *BEST THERE IS.* Our magazine excels that of any other Northwest paper. Send for Sample Copy.

SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TODAY.

THE PAPER THAT DOES THINGS

The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and best newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. The cut is exact size of the extra strong [illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months and Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60
Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months and Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40
Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

GERMANTOWN.

To late for last week.

Contrary to everybodys calculations, winter held out all of last week with cold and stormy weather allowing old sol no opportunity to move the snow remaining after the last thaw two weeks ago, so that sleighing has been the best means of transportation up to the time of this writing even though the high winter roads were almost destroyed for service and the praries made mostly bare. The remaining snow is a matter of small concern in two or three days of warm weather and no great flood is anticipated as the ground was left unusually dry last fall and little or no frost has been able to penetrate this winter on account of the heavy snow-fall in the early part. With favorable weather from now on the fields would be in condition for seeding in a week or so.

Holton and Otto steamed up their threshing machine last week and threshed out Moe's and Rondestvedt's grain. Thats an early starter if it had not been last years crop.

Pete Nelson has moved in on the Warren place which he purchased last fall, where he will be on the hustle the coming summer as he intends to break one hundred acres a large part of it being stump land.

On account of the long and severe winter, hay is scarce in many places and it is apparent that everything in the nature of fodder will be cleaned up slick before the grass comes.

Jacob Rondestvedt went back last Thursday after a weeks visit with his folks here.

On the occasion of the Manthey—Duchamp marriage in Clover Leaf township, as noted in last week's issue your correspondent joins in extending congratulations and best wishes of a pleasant future to the happy couple. The contracting parties are well and favorably known in this locality both being homesteaders on the reservation in the near vicinity of Germantown and have been residents for the past three years.

Of course we are all waiting for the two cent passenger fare law to take effect as a trip to the city then would mean but an outlay of about 35 cents, the only thing lacking being the railroad, but thats nothing, unless it should be that the new order of things will cut down the companies earnings so they wont care to take the trouble of building any more.

The Germantown-Grygla stage is using two teams on the route now, one team leaving each point in the morning and those who are served with mail delivery along the route are well pleased in getting their mail in the morning instead of in the afternoon as before.

Monday's snow probably means another week before seeding.

We think the best outfit for hauling at this time would be a boat with wheels with runners on.

Allows Election Contest Appeals.

Senator A. D. Stephens of Crookston last Friday introduced S. F. 912 and succeeded in getting it passed under suspension of the rules. The bill amends section 114, chapter 8, laws of 1895, so as to give certain city councils the right to canvass election returns, but permits of appeal on contests to the courts. The bill affects Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls, East Grand Forks, Melrose, Morris and Cloquet. The bill was passed in the house a little later, under suspension of the rules.

An election contest in East Grand Forks made this new law necessary, as it gave no chance of appeal.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

ASSESSORS MEET TODAY

Assessors of Red Lake County Meet With the County Auditor.

Schedule of Values of Personal Property to Be Fixed.

The assessors of Red Lake county chosen at the recent election, will meet at the office of County Auditor O'Brien Today and the work for the coming year will be taken up and discussed.

Real estate is not assessed this year, except where lands have been proven up and patents issued since last June, so that the assessors will only have to determine the values of personal property. At this meeting the schedule of values is taken up and an agreement reached where by an equal assessment can be secured, and if the assessors will adhere to this schedule strictly, the work of getting equal returns would be *far easier.*

It has been the custom at times to disregard the schedule entirely, which has been the cause of much trouble and dissatisfaction.

There are thirty-two towns, cities and villages in the county and under the law the assessors are obliged to attend this meeting to receive their supplies, instructions, etc.

The following is a list of the assessors of the county:

Numedal—Louis E. Olson.
Bray—Emil Larson.
Polk Center—C. K. Melin.
Louisville—J. F. Matthies.
Norded—Lars Lee,
Sanders—H. G. Anderson.
Black River—Axel Jacobson.
Red Lake Falls—Jules H. Lasha.
Lake Pleasant—M. Ducharme.
North—G. K. Haave.
River Falls—Jas. Gilbertson.
Terrebonne—Louis Perrault.
Silverton—T. H. Omlid.
Smiley—O. M. Peterson.
Wyandotte—Lars P. Brandrud.
Emardville—A. J. Homstad.
Poplar River—John B. Hebert.
Clover Leaf—Jay Payne.
Kratka—John T. Gullingsrud.
Mayfield—Sever Maaren.
Garnes—Simon C. Satre.
Lambert—Max Perras.
Goodridge—Donough O'Brien.
Highlanding—P. C. Wold.
Deer Park—A. J. Lillo.
Equality—Andrew Anderson.
St. Hilaire—A. F. Ittner.
Plummer—Erick Iverson.
Thief River Falls—Ben Christienson.
Town 153 39—B. Henry Costello.

Auditor O'Brien has the books and supplies in shape to turn over to the assessors, and a big meeting is looked for.

A BIG LOSS.

Lumber Company Near Frazee Loses $1500 Worth.

The glandered horses killed at the Nichols-Chisholm camp around Frazee are valued at about $15,000, which is an average of nearly $150 for each horse. It is thought that the horses became infected from a new lot of horses which were taken into camp early last fall, and that the disease spread among the stock in the winter, as the new horses journeyed back and forth from the camps. Of 250 horses used in the work in the camps around Frazee, 102 became glandered and had to be shot, and although no more of the horses seem to have the glanders, it is feared that a few others may have been infected with the dreaded disease. This company has been a heavy loser from the effects of the ravages of this disease, as it will be remembered that a few years ago quite a number of their horses had to be shot on account of it. It is to be regretted that the disease was not detected earlier in the season the matter could then have been tended to with a great deal less loss.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday the First day of May A. D. 1907, the undersigned along with other legal voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will begin the circulation of a petition among the legal voters of said County of Red Lake, addressed to the County Board of said Red Lake County, the object and prayer of which will be, that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls which is situated in township one hundred and fifty-four north, of range forty-three in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

Dated April 9th, 1907.
Ben Christianson,
John Sorenson,
Severin Kretson,
M. V. Evenson,
L. M. Hoag,
K. M. Hansen,
Emil E. Zeh,
W. W. Prichard,
T. P. Hamre,
Ira C. Richardson.

A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took *Scott's Emulsion.*
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

HAD A PRIZE FIGHT.

Little Town of Mahnomen South of Here Pulls off a Contest.

Mahnomen is apparently the sporting center of the state in the prize fighting line. "Boxing contests" are not allowed as a usual thing in this state, but Mahnomen has no trouble in pulling them off. The last one took place last week and the account of it in the Plaintalk indicates that it may have been a "fake" to pull in the coin. That paper says:

The much heralded ten-round boxing bout came off as scheduled, or rather the first round came off, but there was so little left of the "coon from Cuba" *after the first round,* that Moore was declared the winner. The first part of the program, consisting of a two-round sparring match and wrestling match, came off as per arrangement. The principal event of the evening was to be the fight between Moore and the Cuban Coon. After sparring awhile, Moore landed a blow on the side of the coon's face with his padded wrist, upon which the coon promptly lay down and was counted out. Much money changed hands, and the men who were backing the coon were naturally hot. The sporting fraternity from White Earth, Detroit and other outside points were present and put up their money on the coon.

Considerable money was put up on the coon by Fred Glass and other Mahnomen men. They all feel they were badly faked, and to a man up a tree, it looks as if they were right. The "fake" was held in the loft of the Nelson livery barn, which was fixed up for the occasion. There was a large crowd present, and the gate receipts amounted to almost $500.

FARMING PAYS.

When You Don't Try to Cultivate too Much Land.

What does the average farmer think of $2,500 gross being produced off six acres of North Dakota land? Thats what Hauser Bros. did in 1905 and again in 1906. The Hauser Bros. are picklers. They raised among other things six acres of cucumbers. The gross sales of the six acres come to $2,500. The land lies three miles west of Fargo between a lake and Sheyenne river. No irrigation and no drainage. The cost of the entire production and pickling was less then $500. These men raised an acre of cabbage worth $500. They sold 150 bushels of tomatoes off a small patch and received an average of seventy-five cents a bushel. Last year they set out 500 plum trees and will plant more this year. Still the land on which such crops grow are listed at less than $100 per acre.—Fargo Forum.

—Wanted: By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-class circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Thief River Falls and vicinity, on salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O. New York.

WOLVES OF ITASCA.

Interesting Account of an Old Wolf Recently Captured.

The following is an interesting account of wolves, sent in to the Duluth News Tribune by the Cunningham correspondent of that paper.

Probably of all animals there is none which has more exciting experiences than a timber wolf. The wolf of fiction is a gaunt, hungry, evil-looking animal. The wolf of Itasca county is slick and fat and about 80 pounds for females up to 140 for males. He never chases rabbits, but is willing to finish the remains of an owls supper. But if some one has put a rabbit down doped with poison he generally polishes that morsel off. They hunt deer by preconcerted plan. The pack station themselves down wind. Then one makes a circle and comes with the wind on the deer, who may be lying down or feeding, and, of course, makes a dash, never realizing that there is a circle of death dealing enemies before him. When the deer is coming in full jump, the wolf first takes a short spring of six or eight feet, but the next from 20 to 30 feet and before the deer realizes danger his flank is ripped and then his end is certain. But if he chances to get off his doom is sealed, and within three to seven miles he is run down and coralled. They seem to get so nervous and excited and to know there is no escape and turn to bay, and that ends it.

David Rose, Jr., of this place, corralled a large wolf lately who had the misfortune at some period of his life to get badly burned, having his feet burned to the bones. The right front foot had the foot and nail pads burned to the bones and two nails gone; the left two outside nails and footpads were gone; from the right hind foot two toes were left. His teeth were worn to small stumps with old age, but he was in fine fur and very fat. As there have been no forest fires in the northern counties that could corral wolves for the last 30 years there is no doubt this patriarch was in the Hinckley fire, where so many wolves were seen limping around after the blaze, and in course of time put 150 miles between the scene of that disaster and his late hunting ground.

Must Fix the Roads.

The government is determined to do its share toward road improvement. Its rules about roads over which rural routes are established are very strict and the best of it is that the rules are enforced. The roads along one route out of Menahga have been such of late that that the carrier has had to cut out part of his trip every day. The matter coming to the attention of the Department the Postmaster, says the Menagha Journal, received the following letter from the officials:

"You are directed to say to the patrons and others concerned that the department will not continue rural delivery service on routes which are not maintained in condition to be traveled with facility and safety at all seasons of the year, and that unless some action is taken by them in thirty days to render the roads passable, the Department will seriously consider the withdrawal of service there from."

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

April 25, 1907.

The Trouble With Hunt.

Because the Thief River Falls newspapers published a resolution passed by the Red Lake River Transportation company, W. G. Hunt, of the Sunbeam, is of the opinion that the papers of this city are trying to do him an injury. It is not within the power of the Thief River Falls papers to do Mr. Hunt any injury even if they were so inclined—as by his own actions Mr. Hunt is doing himself and his paper more injury every day than it would be possible for the Thief River Falls papers to do. Mr. Hunt lives and publishes a newspaper in a community that is unanimously supporting Thief River Falls for the county seat of Red Lake county. It is but natural that they would favor Thief River Falls as this city is their trading point and for them to favor a town for the county seat that is in another end of the county and not accessible would indeed be a foolish thing. Yet notwithstanding this Mr. Hunt and his paper have been arrayed against this city since the election last fall. In that election the lines were very closely drawn in Red Lake county and Thief River Falls supported one set of candidates while Red Lake Falls supported another. In the town of Highlanding where Mr. Hunt resides and publishes the Sunbeam, the Thief River Falls candidates secured practically a unanimous endorsement, notwithstanding the fact that the Sunbeam published columns of rot about the north end candidates and its editor made speeches in all of the school houses. Since election the breach between Hunt and his fellow townsmen has been growing wider until today in the whole township of Highlanding, according to reliable residents out there, he has not a single supporter, and is branded the Benedict Arnold. This feeling of hostility which has grown up against Hunt in this township where he resides and should have neighbors and friends has not been the doing of Thief River Falls newspapers, but can be attributed entirely to the acts of Mr. Hunt himself. Mr. Hunt has been a newspaper man for—we don't know how long—a sufficient length of time to know that the first duty of every paper is to be loyal to its home community. Without a loyal home support no paper can exist—except Hunt's Sunbeam.

Down at Halstead just recently the Reporter, a newspaper that had been published in that village for nearly twenty years suspended publication. And why? Simply because the publisher had lost cast with the business men of that place and could not longer exist. The same situation exists in Red Lake county today. At Plummer all of the business men have withdrawn their patronage from the Pioneer and it is simply a matter of time before the editor of that paper will have to seek a new location. But Mr. Hunt is more secure than most newspaper publishers in that he derives his support from a natural monopoly. His paper is published "nearest to the land" and as a result for some few years to come can make a living publishing final proof notices, but when that source of support is gone, Mr. Hunt will have to come down to a level with the rest of us and either line up with his home people or remove his paper to a homestead county and again get "nearest to the land."

Will Be An Issue.

The tonnage tax will without doubt be one of the issues in the state election next year, and undoubtedly many of those who are now members of the house of representatives and who voted against the bill will be defeated. It is quite generally known—if not it should be—that the steel trust, which owns a vast amount of mineral land in the northeastern corner of the state, is not paying any just proportion of its taxes. It is hard to secure any just assessment of the property under the present method of taxation as it is impossible to estimate the number of tons of iron the different mines contain. A tonnage tax of a few cents a ton on each ton of iron mined, such as the defeated bill called for, would have proven a fair and just method of taxing this property and compelled the steel trust to pay somewhere near its just proportion of taxes. In this connection the NEWS desires to congratulate two members of the house from this legislative district Representative Opsahl and Wold—who both supported the measure.

Hits the System.

At numerous times during the past, *different local merchants have* purchased oil from some of the few independent dealers. The result has always been that the Standard Oil company has put down the price of oil to a point much lower than any independent concern could sell oil, and forced the local dealers to buy from them and sign an agreement not to buy from the independent companies. While the price of oil might be lowered at one point to kill off competition, it would be raised at other parts to pay for the cost of doing this.

Last week the house of representatives passed the bill which had previously passed the senate, and as a result there can be no more killing off of competitors by the Standard Oil company. The bill is as follows:

Section 1. Any person, firm, company, association or corporation, foreign or domestic, doing business in the state of Minnesota and engaged in the production manufacture or distribution of petroleum or any of its products, that shall intentionally, for the purpose of destroying the business of a competitor in any locality and creating a monopoly, discriminate between different sections, communities or cities of this state, by selling such commodity at a lower rate in one section, community or city than is charged for such commodity by said party in another section, community or city, after making due allowance for the difference, if any, in the grade or quality and in the actual cost of transportation from the point of production, if a raw product, or from the point of manufacture, if a manufactured product, shall be deemed guilty of unfair discrimination, which is hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm, company, association or corporation violating any of the provisions of the proceeding section, and any officer, agent or receiver of any firm, company, association or corporation, or any member of the same, or any individual found guilty of a violation thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than $5,000 or be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed one year, or both.

Sec. 3. All contracts or agreements made in violation of any provisions of the two proceding sections shall be void, and any money or property paid or transferred for any such commodity under any such agreement shall be paid back within ten days after demand therefor, and on failure to so repay, then the purchaser may recover back in a civil action any such money or property, together with reasonable attorneys' fees not less than ($25.00) twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the county attorneys, in their counties and attorney general to enforce the provisions of the proceeding sections of this act by appropriate actions in courts of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 5. If complaint shall be made to the secretary of state that any corporation authorized to do business in this state is guilty of unfair discrimination within the terms of this act, it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to refer the matter to the attorney *general, who may, if the facts justify it in his judgment, institute* proceedings in the courts against such corporation.

Sec. 6. If any corporation, foreign or domestic, authorized to do business in this state, is found guilty of unfair discrimination, within the terms of this act, it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to immediately revoke the permit of such corporation to do business in the state.

Sec. 7. If after the revocation of its permit, such corporation, or any other corporation not having a permit and found guilty of having violated any of the provisions of this act shall continue or attempt to do business in this state, it shall be the duty of the attorney general, by a proper suit in the name of the state of Minnesota, to oust such corporation from all business of every kind and character in said state of Minnesota.

Sec. 8. Nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing any other act, or part of an act, but the remedies herein provided, shall be cumulative to all other remedies provided by law.

Representative Opsahl, of this legislative district, was one of the three members to vote against the anti pass bill when it passed the house last week. In this connection it may be stated that those three who voted against the bill were sincere supporters of the measure but would not support the bill owing to the fact that it does not go into effect until December 31, 1908. Mr. Opsahl wanted the bill amended to go into effect May 1, 1907, but the members of the legislature, or at last a majority of them did not want to give up their passes right away.

Collier's Weekly says: The police department of the city of New York is a semi-secret and a semi-criminal organization. Where its ends can be accomplished without publicity, it fosters crime instead of detecting it. Through the processes of its inner System it traffics in lawlessness, selling it as a commodity over the counter at a varying price. Perjury, skilled and formulated, whereby a policeman will always come to the aid of a brother policeman, swearing to any lie that is necessary, is the bulwark of the system. Murder is not too great a length for the police to go in protection of it. The people of New York pay their police about $14,000,000 a year to protect them against criminals. The criminals of New York pay the police probably $25,000,000 a year to protect them against the laws. Naturally the criminals get the better service.

The members of the legislature who voted for the abolishment of railroad passes have made themselves rather ridiculous by postponing the date of the cutting off of passes to December 31, 1908. This is the date when the members of the house go out of office. It looks like a cheap bid to the railroads for passes as long as they can be issued, and is anything but complimentary to the members of the house. It is also unfair to the railroads—although the latter have the remedy in their own hands. *Had the house members wanted to* be honest, consistent and square, they would have had the anti-pass bill take effect with the two-cent fare—on May first. The railroads would win popular applause by cutting off all political passes on that date—and they will be foolish if they do not. One of the arguments for a lower passenger rate was that the passes should be prohibited, so that every passenger not in the employ of the roads, should pay fare—and thus play fair. We regret to see our law makers advertise themselves to the world as, to use an expressive expression—"cheap skates."—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Grand Forks Herald: If there ever was a time when the political situation in the United States was more mixed than it is now it would require a painstaking search of all the records to locate it. We have Roosevelt booming Bryan, Bryan booming LaFollette, John Temple Graves urging Bryan to nominate Roosevelt, and Bryan declining for the present, but with the distinct understanding that his denial is for the present only. Some of the ablest men in the democratic party are known as "White House" democrats, while the president is vigorously and industriously belabored by speakers and journals of his own party. Out of the chaos there looms one significant fact. The radical element in each party has more in common with the radical element in the other party than it has with the conservative element of its own party. Also vice versa and per contra. Roosevelt republicans have less dealing with Morgan and Rockefeller republicans than ever the Jews had with the Samaritans. And a Bryan democrat can stand almost anything except a democrat of the other persuasion.

A Battle of Butterflies.

"A battle of butterflies," said the Japanese viscount firmly.

"Impossible!" cried the lady on his right.

"Oh," the viscount insisted, "the thing is authenticated. It happened on Aug. 20, 1889. Tales and poems without number have been written on it. On the evening of Aug. 20 two opposing armies of the butterflies fought an aerial battle between Nojima and Kawasaki Mura. The fight continued till sunset, when the smaller army turned and retreated, the victors pursuing it till all were lost in the rosy sunset haze. The ground beneath the combat was thickly strewn with wounded and dead warriors. The battle drew a thousand people. It occurred about thirty feet up in the air. The spectators were amazed and horror stricken to see these gentle blue butterflies grappling and struggling furiously and silently in a blue blizzard above their heads."

The Bookplate.

An ex libris, or bookplate, is a small piece of paper whereon is printed the owner's name and pasted on the inside cover of a book—in other words, it is a printed slip to denote the ownership of books. A proper ex libris should have, first of all, the name boldly and plainly printed and a space left for the number of volumes contained in the library; then, to make it more interesting [illegible] some decorative device of the owner's peculiar and [illegible] as well as some [illegible] if desired. In Europe those who have the right use family crests or armorial bearings for their ex libris. Every well regulated library should have some mark of ownership, and the ex libris takes the place of the owner's signature.

LIFE ON EASY STREET.

It Is an Ideal Place and Worth Striving For.

There are more strong limbed, clear headed, brave hearted people living on Easy street than anywhere else in this broad land, and their prime condition is the natural consequence of living there, for, although you may not have thought of it, there is a close relationship existing between good health and the consciousness of getting on well in life. You can see this for yourself if you will note how a strong man droops, like a frost nipped flower, who by some mistake loses his position, his possessions or the esteem of his fellows, one or all. Shylock made a hard bargain with a borrower, and in his effort to foreclose the bond lost his cash and won the contempt and scorn of all men. Mental disturbance followed, including physical ill being, and, staggering away from the judge's bench and clutching at the air, he cried, "I am not well!" But you need not go back so far to get an illustration.

And on the other hand you can see by observing for yourself how the gain, or even the anticipated gain, of a home on Easy street will make a sick man well, quicken dying hopes into life and change the water of sorrow into the wine of joy. Recent literature has reminded us how a happy turn in the tide of the affairs of Josiah Wedgwood, afterward to become the world's great pioneer pottery artist and inventor, raised him from an invalid's couch and started him upon the road to affluence and distinction among England's industrial princes. Similarly Mary Wollstonecraft, afterward the mother of the poet Shelley's wife, ill from neglect and discouraged by hardships, was, by the success of her modest ventures in literature, heartened to undertake her great life work, which soon yielded her a handsome royalty.

Read the story of Angelina, who lives on East street and has no desire to move and lose her clear headedness and her health. She was engaged to be married to Allan. He was a clerk receiving $12 per week, and she earned $85 a month teaching school. After a few years Angelina explained her continued spinsterhood by saying that she had given Allan time to develop into a larger money getter, and he had not done it, so she decided against the advisability of exchanging an $85 a month position for a $50 a month husband. It is quite true that when poverty comes in at the door love flies out of the window, but it is not because the Angelinas are without sentiment. It is because love cannot feed on incompetency and thrives best on Easy street.

So the importance of everything that will aid any one to get on in the world is established on a sure foundation—the testimony of facts. We do not exalt mere money getting above those qualities of head and heart which make life worth living, but rather emphasize the honorable getting of it as a conserver of them. And hence the wisdom of living on Easy street.—Cent Per Cent.

The Orchid Family.

There seems to be a general misconception as to just what an orchid is. Many call any plant which grows on a tree or has some peculiar feature an orchid. This mistake is frequently made with the pitcher plants and the "tall flowers." The uniting in one organ, called the column, of the stamens and pistils serves to distinguish the orchid family from all related ones. The orchid family embraces 6,000 or 7,000 species, of which comparatively few are found in the warm temperate and almost none in the cold temperate zones. They are mostly distributed in the tropical regions, in hot, humid places. Orchids, however, do not invariably prefer humid conditions. Nearly all tropical orchids grow on trees, but in temperate regions they grow in earth.—Youth's Companion.

Lost Boy Like Lost Umbrella.

The tourist stopped at the little cabin where an old colored mammy was bending over a big tub.

"Good morning, mammy," greeted the tourist.

"Mawnin', sah," responded mammy.

"Where's your son Sam?"

"Gone, sah, I dunno which."

"Well, he always was a bad boy, mammy."

"'Deed he was, sah. He was dess lak dat ole blue umbrella Ah [illegible] de thunderstorm. He was hard to raise, powahful hard to raise, an' after Ah did raise him he jes' jumped away fum me, an' Ah ain't seen him since."—Chicago News.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not appliy in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost. For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
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The St. Paul Pioneer Press [illegible] and MAHER & GROSH Razor Steel Knife, Warranted
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[illegible] HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. [illegible]
Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months [illegible] $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months [illegible] $1.40
[illegible] The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

NO FIGHT TO BE MADE

Railroads are Going to Accept the 2 cent Fare Bill.

Will Mean a Saving of One-Third to All the People Who Travel.

The announced decision of the Great Northern and Soo lines to the effect that they will accept the 2 cent fare bill passed by the legislature means that on and after next Wednesday people who travel will pay one-third less for railroad fares than at present. Mileage books are not to be issued and special rates are to be cut out.

The railroads might, as they had threatened, have made a fight in the courts on the ground of the injustice of the new rates, pleading that the passenger *and freight* tariffs would reduce their revenues below the level of reasonable profits. They would, however, in order to sustain their contention, have been forced to give convincing proof that the new schedules would have that effect and there they would have run up against counter facts that it would be difficult to explain away.

In Nebraka where the 2 cent fare has been in effect for over a month, the railroads have been compelled reluctantly to acknowledge that the increase in travel in consequence of the reduction and of the cutting off of passes has been so great that the receipts have been considerably larger than under the 3 cent tariff while the expenses have been very little more. In consequence, the lines in that state have given up all idea of making a contest in the courts.

Minnesota is a much better populated state than Nebraska, having about 800,000 more people, and, if Nebraska has found the low rates a success, there is every reason to believe that they will be even more beneficial here. What is true of passenger fares is almost certain to prove equally true of the lower freight rates, if the roads can handle the increased business that will undoubtedly result.

Cost of "Free" Seeds.

The Grange, which comes as near representing the sentiment of progressive farmers as can be had, takes a stand against the free seed political graft. In his annual address the Grand Master said:

"The free distribution of seed by the government may have been defensible at the time it was established, but changed conditions now make it less than farcial. The distribution costs the government $212,000 per year and, in round numbers, as much more to carry the seed to the people to whom it is addressed, making a cost of at least $500,000 annually. The National Grange has previously taken action in opposition to a continuation of this practice and the same should be reiterated and emphasized at this session. This position does not mean that we are opposed to a discriminating seed distribution by the department of agriculture, or experiment stations, of new and valuable varieties of seed not otherwise obtainable in the general seed markets."

Criminal Then—Business Now.

It has been a good many years since we left the practice of the law for other things we like much better, but it used to be a criminal offence for a man or a syndicate to buy up all—or a large portion—of the wheat, coal, corn, pork or other products of the country necessary to sustain life, for the purpose of raising the price and compelling the poor to pay a profit of a million or millions to the man or syndicate that does it.

If the old laws do not apply, then one of the first things which ought to be done is for all our state legislatures and congress to pass new ones, making such offences punishable by imprisonment.—Geo. T. Angell, in Our Dumb Animals.

Mike's Opinion of a Homestead.

An Irishman, wishing to take a "homestead" and not knowing just how to go about it, sought information from a friend.

"Mike," he said, "you've taken a homestead, an' I thought maybe ye could tell me th' law concerning how to go about it."

"Well, Dennis, I don't remember th' exact wordin' uv th' law, but I can give ye th' manin' uv it. Th' manin' uv it is this. Th' Government is willin' t' bet ye 160 acres uv land agin $14 that ye can't live on it five years widout starvin' t' death."—April Everybody's.

We can Grow Corn.

Mike Polanek, of Thief Lake, brought us a sample of flint corn grown on his farm. It is perfectly matured and he says he raised twenty five bushels an acre. [illegible] If a man can raise fifty bushels [illegible] to the acre there is no reason why more corn should not be put in here, more fat hogs and a better grade of cattle marketed. Middle River Pioneer.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS,
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EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE
IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

We have a lage stock of mattresses like the above; none better made.

This extension table, solid oak, 42 inch top; not the cheap kind; good finish; special price, each . . . $7.50

A Good Chair.

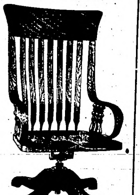

A Webster Chair.

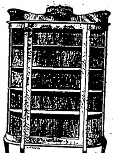

This China closet $15.50

We have the finest line of lace curtains ever shown in the city.

PAYROLL IN MOTION.

St. Hilaire Creamery Pays Out $3,050 for Month of March.

The St. Hilaire Creamery is, again unloading the heavy burden of gold which the premium butter has gathered in the treasury for the month of March. And in order to clean up and make room for what is coming it was necessary to pay 30 cents a pound for butter fat and thereby draw out $3,050, the total money received during the month, and the following will give you the idea in which way it is done:

Those receiving over $50 were:

I. Baril	$80.69
N. A. Nelson	75.41
Chas. Seeger	74.15
Gust Konickson	72.15
H. Haupt	69.82
G. H. Sandum	56.93
Swan Johnson	55.82
Andrew Mortenson	55.40
L. P. Thyren	54.88
N. E. Beebe	51.78
O. W. Brink	51.99
O. L. Larson	51.41
D. Patnode	50.23

Last year the same month the total amount of business done amounted to $2,505.50, so the prosperity is growing.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

TO HAVE "NORWAY DAY"

Norwegians Will Celebrate Independance Anniversary on May 17.

The patriotic sons of Norway residing in Beltrami, Clearwater, Hubbard, Cass and Itaska counties will celebrate the anniversary of Norwegian independence at Bemidji on May 17, that being the conclusion reached at a meeting of Bemidji descendants of the Vikings, which was held last week.

A number of enthusiastic Norwegians of Bemidji after discussing the proposition for an appropriate celebration on May 17, the following committee on arrangements was appointed: Olaf Hoff, John Willmann, George Anderson, E. Hjelmeseth, E. Nordtug and C. Johnson, and Misses Haarklau, Scheim and Melaas.

It is the intention to secure the court house, where appropriate services will be held. In connection with the exercises, there probably will be a parade and some athletic contests. The Bemidji band will furnish music. Invitations will be sent to the residents of other towns to join in the celebration.

—For Sale—House and large lot on east side. Geo. Elder.

HATHAWAY IS PAROLED.

Eckky Hathaway, Sent Down from Thief River, is Out on Parole.

Eckky Hathaway, who was sentenced at Thief River Falls last June to serve a year in the state prison at Stillwater, on the charge of stealing flax and later breaking jail, has been paroled by the state board of pardons in session at St. Paul.

Hathaway arrived in Crookston Tuesday. He is looking in the best of health and will be allowed his freedom for the next three months subject to certain restrictions imposed by the prison authorities. Hathaway was working in a pop factory at Thief River Falls and he fell in with a gang of tough young men who used him as a cat's paw in stealing a carload of flax which they sold to the elevator at that place. He would not have been sent to prison had he not broken out of jail at Thief River Falls and tried to get away.—Crookston Times.

Skunks Farmers' Friends.

Skunks are the farmers' friends, according to the biological survey of the department of agriculture, and deserve to be cultivated rather that destroyed.

The experts of this bureau have found that the skunk, shunned and avoided as it is, is the greatest grasshopper exterminator known. It takes rank ahead of the red-headed woodpecker, barnyard fowls and meadowlarks. In the past the skunk has been an animal regarded as worthy only of the price of its pelt or its fat. Now the biological survey insists that when a farmer's field is overrun with grasshoppers, all that is necessary for the farmer to do is to gather together a working force of skunks and turn them loose in the infected area. The skunks will do the rest.

A Case of Suicide.

Fabian Magnusson, a homesteader living in Sec. 21, town of Lind, Roseau county, was found dead in his house by neighbors last Friday. The county attorney was notified, as was A. E. Wahl chairman of the board. No details could be obtained from the first named official, but it appears that an investigation showed it to be a clear case of suicide and the body was buried, an inquest being deemed unnecessary. The deceased was about [illegible] years old and had been acting queer for some time. He is reported to have a brother living in the town of Huss and a sister in St. Paul.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. Elder.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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Of the Following Goods: Shoes, Caps, Cloaks, Dress Trimmings, Etc.

Shoes sold for 25 per cent of cost.
Caps sold for half price.
Cloaks and capes at less than cost of manufacture.
Braids, Laces and Embroideries at your own price.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE ELUSIVE CARIBOU

An Animal of Mystery Is This Wilderness Wanderer.

RESTLESS, FLEET AND SHY.

He Is Keen of Sight, Subtle of Scent, Acute of Hearing, Strangely Inquisitive and Can Easily Travel, Fifty Miles In a Single Day.

To those familiar with the timbered wilds and the dwellers therein the woodland caribou is an animal of mystery, the wanderer of the wilderness, the most restless, most inquisitive member of the entire deer family. Like the moose, he carries an antler crown that tempts sportsmen to long, leg wearing tramps in faraway places, and except in open countries, where his kind gather in immense herds to feed on the moss barrens, he is one of the most difficult of game animals to get a shot at. Both the bull and the cow of the caribou tribe wear antlers, the latter's being more delicate in beam structure and not so widely bladed as those of the bull.

Where there is lack of snow to aid the tracker in translating the this-way-and-that of a caribou trail a cunning like that exercised by Kipling's Mowgli in the story of the "King's Ankus" is quite necessary for success. Being extremely restless, the caribou, even when eating or drinking, is not content to glean his fill from one place, no matter how abundant the food. It is a nibble here, a slip there, and so on until rods and sometimes many acres are covered in satiating a mild hunger. The natural food is a moss which is to be found on bog land from Maine to the limit of vegetation in the north, and the ash green, beardlike moss peculiar to spruce tops in the big woods. This latter sustenance comes to them after logging operations or when a hurricane tears through the solitudes and lays flat scores of trees.

Because of his restlessness the Indians called him the wandering one, and that's what his Latin name suggests. His natural gait is a trot, a long, swinging, tireless trot which eats distance with the sureness and steadiness of brook flow. Here today, he may be fifty miles away tomorrow and back again the day following.

Unlike the deer and moose, the caribou never plans to yard up for winter. His feet are large and deeply cleft, his ankle joints flexible, and when he walks in the snow his dewclaws touch, the whole spreading out into a kind of snowshoe. After the light, fluffy snow of a heavy storm packs and settles the caribou can go over it fast enough to prevent being run down by a hunter on snowshoes, and his winter hoof is so constructed, with updrawn frog and sharp edges, that he can make full speed on glare ice. The caribou is gregarious in his habits, not inclined to be quarrelsome with his fellows and, besides being a wanderer, is extremely shy. When a herd bivouacs for a rest it is usually in a woody opening or on the windward side of a bog. This scheme of precaution permits of eyes to open and nose to cover, and, being both keen of sight, subtle of scent and acute of hearing, nothing more tangible than a cloud shadow can approach without being seen, heard or scented.

Curiosity sometimes brings serious trouble to the caribou, as, for instance, when being trailed. Long before a tracker walks to view the animal knows he is being followed and will shift his course in order to avoid his pursuer. Very often the hunter, unaware that the quarry is within gunshot, is being quietly looked over by the caribou, who has made a detour to survey his back track from a flanking position. Once he gets his eyes on the hunter his curiosity increases, and the desire to learn more about the two legged outfit who has been following his spoor usually results in a bullet being sent in his direction.

The young of the caribou are reared and schooled in remote, lonesome places in the depths of the timber. When the calves are three or four weeks old they are coaxed and butted into jumping over logs or blow downs that later in life they may know better than to hesitate when fleeing from danger. The deer is a natural jumper and will take a fallen tree or a fence for the sheer fun of jumping, whereas an untutored caribou will duck under or go around. The calves as well as the mature animals are very fleet of foot especially when frightened into a run. That gait, however, is not natural for them, and if kept at it for any considerable time they tire. An Oldtown (Me.) Indian, once asked if caribou ever were dogged in Maine, seemed surprised and said:

"Dog d' caribou? I guess no! Dat caribou he run so blame fas' he don't leave no scent," which is a good description of the speed with which they measure distance between themselves and danger.

The range of the woodland caribou is from Maine to the great lakes, though from Maine, where years ago many fine herds roamed through the upper wilderness of the state, they seem to have vanished. A close season law was enacted for a number of years to give them an opportunity to multiply, but the belief of old hunters who know caribou is that they set out for a long trek down across the New Brunswick border for virgin [illegible] moss and bog lands new.

Great herds of caribou roam the forests of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, and there are thousands upon thousands of them in Newfoundland. A full grown bull will weigh from 250 to 300 pounds.—Boston Globe.

AERIAL TELEGRAPHY.

First Attempted by Amontons In the Fifteenth Century.

One of the first systems of aerial telegraphy was attempted in the fifteenth century. The originator was Amontons, at that time considered one of the cleverest scientists of the world. Yet you never hear the name nowadays in connection with that of Morse or Bell. However, Amontons developed a system of signal telegraphy so that a message could be sent from Paris to Rome in three hours. Those who assisted in the transmission of the message along the line were unable to tell the nature of the message.

Posts were placed from Paris across the Alps at consecutive points, where men were stationed with telescopes. Different signals, representing combinations of letters, were run up at each post. The man at the other end, seeing the signal, placed a similar one before his post, and so the message was carried to its destination.

The key to the signal was known only to those who sent the messages in Paris and to the recipients a thousand miles away. Amontons was not encouraged in his work by the puffy, gouty functionaries of the time and discontinued his efforts.—Philadelphia North American.

THE COTTAGE.

It Should Be Without Sham Elegance and Elaboration.

There are cottages and cottages. Any modest, unpretentious house designed on strictly economical lines may be fitly called a cottage, and it is more satisfactory to regard one's own simple little abode as a well built, commodious cottage than as a small house of comparatively cheap construction and cramped dimensions. It is when given to the big swaggering seaside houses of the rich that the term "cottage" becomes a misnomer and an affectation. To the man of moderate means the very idea of building a cottage rather than a house carries with it a sense of making a home within his means free from vain striving for a sham elegance and elaboration. The cottage which apes the mansion is as absurd as the affected and exaggerated dignity of the pompous and undersized individual who seeks to create an impression out of all proportion to his real importance.

Since simplicity is one of the main attributes of a well designed cottage, its charm and effectiveness must depend upon the quiet excellence of its proportion and the harmonious and unobtrusive quality of its coloring in relation to its surroundings.—Robert C. Spencer in House Beautiful.

MISLED BY PARROTS.

How Columbus Missed the Honor of Discovering This Continent.

A flight of birds, coupled with a sailor's superstition, robbed Columbus of the honor of discovering the continent. When Columbus sailed westward over the unknown Atlantic, he expected to reach Zipangu (Japan). After several days' sail from Gomera, one of the Canary Islands, he became uneasy at not discovering Zipangu, which, according to his reckonings, should have been 216 nautical miles more to the east.

After a long discussion he yielded to the opinion of Martin Alonzo Pinzon, the commander of the Pinta, and steered to the southwest. Pinzon was guided in his opinion solely by a flight of parrots which took wing in that direction. It was good luck to follow in the wake of a flock of birds when engaged upon a voyage of discovery, according to widespread superstition among Spanish seamen of that day.

If Columbus had kept to his course, he would have entered the gulf stream, have reached Florida and then probably have been carried to Cape Hatteras and Virginia.

On the Bias.

"What do people mean when they talk about tacking?" asked Bobby, who had listened to a detailed account of his sister's first experience in a sailboat, but in much confusion of mind.

"Oh, you'll know when you're a little bit older," said his sister, but the small round face wore an expression of injury, and she had to explain further.

"Why, it's just turning halfway round," she said, with slight hesitation, "and then—and then you sail on the bias."

Old Age and Work.

Old people make a great mistake when they give up work. Many men who have made a competency in business and feel entitled to retire from active work find themselves declining in health and becoming prematurely old for want of occupation. In most aged persons the vital functions continue in active exercise under normal conditions, but if the regularity and moderation of business life are departed from trouble will surely follow.—London Lancet.

Crossed the Border.

(Extract from a lady's letter) We must have been traveling very fast, for in the morning all the people were swearing at us in German and early in the afternoon they began to swear at us in Italian.—Simplicissimus.

A Mean Cut.

Dora—Is it true that Jack is going to marry you? Flora—Yes, dear. Dora—Well, you'd better make him sign the pledge. Flora—Why, Jack doesn't drink. Dora—No, but he probably will.—Cleveland Leader.

There is nothing so grievous to be borne that pondering upon it will not make it heavier and there is no [illegible] so bad that the animation of fancy cannot enliven it.—Jane Porter.

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Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 967 made November 29, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 9, Township 151 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 16, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K Andam, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Ole E. Wiseth, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
Otto Taralseth, " " "

apr 11 may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 3, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hilma Westman, formerly Hilma Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No. 7567 made Dec. 14, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 155 N., Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County at Warren, Minnesota, on May 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn.
John Hedlund, " " "
Emanuel Aldeen, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "

april may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior Land Office at Crookston Minn. Apr 13 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. [illegible] Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn. at Thief River Falls Minn. on June 3 1907 viz: [illegible] H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the lots 3 & 4 of Sec. 9 in Tp. 152 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz:

[illegible], of [illegible], Minnesota
[illegible], of [illegible]
[illegible], of [illegible]
Sever Maaren, of [illegible]

apr 18 may 23

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

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Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Vavrik, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 331, made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 21, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 6th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Kratochvil, of Germantown, "
John Vakoc, " "
Frank Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar 28 may 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April, 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jerry O'Brien of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1136 made April 10, 1906, for the N. W. ¼ Section 32, Township 153 N, Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndrews, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Katie O'Brien, " " "

apr 4 may 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Katie O'Brien, of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1177 made April 10, 1906 for the lots 1, 2, & 3, N W ¼ Section [illegible], Township 153 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndrews, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Jerry O'Brien, " " "

apr 4 may 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PROF. BUGGE'S RECENT ARTICLE

Tells How the Norsemen Fought and Traded All Around Northern Europe Centuries Ago.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Says a writer in the April issue of the American Monthly Review of Reviews: "The growing extent to which all things Russian are absorbing the attention of the western world gives more than academic interest to Alexander Bugge's article in Nordisk Tidskrift (Stockholm), on 'Novgorod as a Varangian City.' Nijni-Novgorod, moreover, with its traditions dating back a thousand years; with its world-famed fair that draws 250,000 strangers each summer from every part of the eastern hemisphere, and with its picturesque location on the shores of Lake Ilmen, has always been one of those cities of romance the mere mention of which stirs the wanderlust in the heart of man. Professor Bugge uses the opportunity to point out that the Norsemen not only fought but also traded all around northern Europe from the eighth to the thirteenth century of the present era, and that during those years they stamped themselves indelibly on those parts of the visited countries that bordered on the high seas. At every point along the coasts of England, Ireland, northern France, and Germany where the world's traffic finds passage, or where it did so once, the names of towns and harbors and islands and landmarks of various kinds show traces of Norse origin. A trail of such names, some disguised almost beyond recognition and others remaining nearly in their original form, leads the historian from Schleswig, along the German coast of the Baltic, past the island of Gotland, up the Gulf of Finland, up the imperial Neva, across the immense sheet of Lake Ladoga, up another river to Lake Ilmen and to the ancient city where the Swedish sea king Rurik and his brothers founded the Russian empire about the year 862. There the free institutions and the spirit of self-government characteristic of the Scandinavian race were established, and there they prevailed in more or less modified form until the Mongolian wave changed the racial character of the empire. About 1000 A. D. Novgorod had a constitution known as the Pravdo Russkaja, and it shows that the Norsemen, or Varangians, were still the ruling class of the district. Special privileges were granted them; and particularly the privilege of affirming their side of a legal suit by oath alone when the Slavic and Finnish natives had to bring witnesses. Their cases were heard before twelve sworn 'witnesses,' six of whom were selected by either side to the suit. That institution, known as the Tylftareidr, is shown by Professor Bugge to be distinct from the English jury system, and yet it is difficult to believe that a form of trial known to have been characteristic of the Scandinavians everywhere should not have co-operated in producing the later English form. When, about the same time, the Grand Duke Igor sent a delegation to Constantinople for the purpose of negotiating a commercial treaty with the Byzantian emperor, he chose as delegates twenty-five Norse merchants. And as long as the Varangian elements dominated the city of Novgorod that city sent its ships and its merchants all over the known world."

There are at present two bachelor hotels in Stockholm and a third is under course of construction. These hotels are amply furnished, and are provided with a laundry, baths and disinfection rooms, etc. They are a great comfort to bachelors and the only drawback about them seems to be that they will probably to some degree prolong the state of bachelorhood among Stockholmians who are reluctantly indifferent to married life.

Over 3,000,000 crowns are the net gains recorded by the Separator company of Stockholm during the past year. This is the largest and most successful corporation enterprise in Sweden. The DeLaval cream separators are in use in nearly every civilized country in the world and are in common use in all the leading agricultural sections of the United States.

Princess Victoria is now a convalescent and has made her departure for Italy, where she will spend the summer. The rigorous climate of the north is too much for her and she will not likely return to Sweden until her health has been completely restored.

The Strix Publishing company which is publishing the popular humorous weekly known as Strix paid a dividend of 50 per cent. to its stockholders last season.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The following is a London newspaper man's description of the sights and scenes in and [illegible] Trondhjem where the great ski tournament was held recently. From the crown of the Fjeldsaeter, the Easter [illegible] one looks down over the city of Trondhjem to the bleak narrows of the great fjord, and far to westward, at the rim of a white world, the hills of Sweden thrust up their peaks. Everywhere there is snow, characterizing the face of the country like a mood. In the town the streets are channels between high banks of it; and the little electric trams skate here and there between drifts. But outside, where the cheerful streets droop to roads over slopes of pine, and weave deviously about the knees of mountains, it lies seven and ten feet deep, masking abrupt contours, blunting the shapes of the trees, and lending to everything the serene, profound suavity of winter at the fringe of the Arctic. Yet with it all goes no such gloom of life circumscribed and activity diminished as winter brings to Russia. Today the snow has been dazzling under a free sun; a bland air was abroad, and the slopes of the Fjedsaeter were alive from dawn with the men, women and children of Trondhjem. The great winter sports of the town were to culminate in that most spectacular of all diversions, ski-jumping, and upwards of 10,000 people had turned out to see the fun. As I drove up to the place appointed the sides of the road were thick with them, shuffling cleverly over the deep snow, all on skis. They made a spirited picture when one turned in one's sleigh at the crest of some rise and looked back where they followed. The Norse people never fail to turn the snow to account, and their women have seen its value as a background. Their colored frocks—scarlet, blue and green—stood vividly out as they walked, or passed in a magnificent mile-a-minute glissade down some slope. The very babies, things of 4 and 5 years, followed their mothers on skis of their own, and very deftly they traveled. Here and there soldiers, posted for the coming of the king, looked down to the road, each with his kit on his back, his rifle slung, his skis on his feet—a mobile unit complete in himself. Everywhere was the vivacity of movement, of frosty briskness and fine spirits and all about were the splendid men—lean, tall, acute—and the fine, flaxen women of that stock which still toughens the English race. It was cold enough by the thermometer; but cold is relative to many things. One hardly needed furs under that sun, with so sweet an air in one's nostrils, and the general contagion of movement in one's every limbs. The Trondhjem people do not trouble about them, for one soon gets warm on skis. 'One knows the foreigner here by his fur coat.'"

Otto Sverdrup has purchased Axel Heiberg's yacht "Ingeborg" for his private use in West India waters. Mr. Sverdrup also contemplates a cruise in American waters next year.

Christian Sinding's symphony No. 2 made a decided hit among Berlin music lovers recently. The composition will also be rendered in Hamburg and Copenhagen.

The Belgian owner of the Konnerud mines is establishing an ore smelting plant at a cost of 150,000 crowns. The plant will have a daily capacity of 100 tons.

The Morgenbladet has collected 4,000 crowns for the famine sufferers in Russia. Other Norwegian papers are conducting similar subscription lists.

The Bergen-England Coal company, with headquarters in Bergen, has purchased the freight steamer "Dagry" for 250,000 crowns.

Mme. Suzanne Despres and her French company is giving a series of performances at the National theater.

A Norwegian-Danish technological society has been established in Brooklyn, U. S. A.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says a Copenhagen correspondent: "The first election under the new Finnish constitution took place on March 15. The outcome of it is by this time known through the daily press. Its most remarkable feature, however, was wholly independent of what party carried off the victory or went down to defeat. For the first time in the history of the world European women exercised the full privilege of political suffrage, without any restriction not also applicable to the men. It is, perhaps, still more remarkable that enfranchisement was conferred on them by the commission drafting the new election law after every party in the country had put on its program a demand for woman suffrage. Between the promulgation of the law and the date set for the first election under it the women developed an activity which would in itself have proved them worthy of the rights granted them. Schools for women voters were established everywhere and for weeks prior to the election the poor peasant women of pure Finnish blood and the highly educated women of the Swedish-descended intellectual class sat side by side in rapt attention while the provisions of the law as well as the task awaiting them as voters and as possible lawgivers were explained to them fully and clearly by the leaders of the woman movement. Miss Maikki Friberg, herself one of those leaders and a candidate for the landtag on the ticket nominated by the Young Finnish party, writes in Det Ny Aarhundrede of Copenhagen of the events which logically resulted in the enfranchisement of her sex. She points out that the provision giving suffrage to the women came as a surprise to the whole civilized world, and that, when the first shock of surprise had passed, everybody regarded it simply as an additional sign of the general spread of democratic ideas. But the action of the various parties, followed by that of the commission, had its origin, she says, in something much more tangible than mere democratic sentiment. It was in recognition of an urgent economic and political demand."

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Before adjourning the National Arbitration and Peace congress, in session at New York, adopted its platform, or resolutions, recommending among other things that The Hague conference shall hereafter be a permanent institution; that The Hague court shall be open to all the nations of the world; that a general treaty of arbitration for ratification by all the nations shall be drafted by the coming conference providing for the reference to The Hague court of international disputes which cannot be adjusted by diplomacy; that the United States government urge upon the conference action looking to the limitation of armament; that the conference extend to private property at sea immunity from capture in war.

In what is known as the Peavey elevator case the interstate commerce commission has announced its decision against the Union Pacific Railroad company. The commission holds that the arrangement between the Union Pacific and the Peavey elevators was unlawful as it was in excess of the actual cost of the elevation of the grain and therefore a rebate.

The supreme court of Illinois has returned a decision declaring invalid the Mueller act, which authorized the city of Chicago to issue certificates *for $75,000,000 with which to purchase* street railways. The result of the decision will be to indefinitely delay municipal ownership of the street railways.

In announcing his decision to appoint a receiver in involuntary bankruptcy for the Uncle Sam Oil company Judge Pollock, in the United States district court at Topeka, Kan., took occasion to denounce the scheme of the company as outlined in its advertising as "impracticable."

Richard Olney, who was one of the speakers at the annual meeting of the American Society of International Law, in session at Washington, criticised President Roosevelt's Santo Domingo policy and condemned the taking of the Panama canal strip without compensation to Colombia.

The United States court of appeals has affirmed the conviction in the district court of the Chicago and Alton railroad and John M. Faithorn and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the line, for granting rebates.

George H. Ward, a prosperous farmer near Roscoe, O., was soundly whipped by sixteen indignant neighboring women for his alleged continual whipping of his wife and other cruelties to her.

The Wisconsin legislature is balloting for United States senator, the vote being divided among a large number of candidates. A prolonged deadlock is expected.

The Great Northern railroad has decided to accept the 2-cent passenger fare and the commodity rate schedule passed by the Minnesota legislature.

The Wisconsin Central Railroad company and two of its officials have been convicted in the federal court at Minneapolis of giving rebates.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen has been ousted from Ohio on the petition of Attorney General Ellis.

Countess de Jotemps, the Russian wife of a French nobleman, committed suicide at Paris by shooting.

A slight earthquake shock was felt at Charleston and Summerville, S. C., Friday morning.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Thomas Venners, who was prominent in the iron business for many years and at one time was associated with Henry Bessemer, is dead at his home in Brooklyn. He was eighty-four years old.

Mrs. J. Weyman Jones, a sister of the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna of Ohio and widow of a well known mine owner, is dead in New York city.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 20.—Wheat—May, 80¾@80⅞c; July, 82¾@82⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 84⅛@84⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 83⅛@83⅜c; No. 2 Northern, 81⅛@81⅜c; No. 3 Northern, 78⅞@79⅛c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 20.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 84¾c; No. 1 Northern, 83¾c; No. 2 Northern, 82¼c; May, 83⅛c; July, 84⅛c; Sept., 84⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.17¼; July, $1.19; Oct., $1.19.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 20.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.25@6.37½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; good to prime lambs, $7.75@8.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 20.—Wheat—May, 78⅝c; July, 81c. Corn—May, 47⅞@48c; July, 48⅜c. Oats—May, 44⅛c; July, 41⅛c. Pork—May, $15.72½; July, $15.87½. Butter—Creameries, 24@32c; dairies, 22@29c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 13c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 20.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.65; cows, $1.75@4.80; heifers, $2.65@5.40; calves, $4.50@6.00; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.65; poor to medium, $4.25@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.10. Hogs—Light, $6.45@6.75; mixed, $6.45@6.70; heavy, $6.20@6.67½; rough, $6.20@6.45; pigs, $6.10@6.65; good to choice heavy, $6.55@6.67½. Sheep, $4.50@6.90; lambs, $6.50@8.00.

BEAKS OF BIRDS.

Marvelous Way Each Is Adapted to Its Special Use.

Did it ever strike you in what an absolutely marvelous way the beaks of birds are adapted each to its special use? The most casual glance at a sparrow or a bullfinch shows you that its beak is blunt, short, thick and strong, perfectly adapted for cracking the seeds or grain which form the larger part of the food of all finches.

Then look at the thrush's long and rather slender bill, curved slightly along its whole length. What could be more useful for dipping into the soft, wet earth and pulling out big, fat lugworms or poking among dead leaves for grubs, beetles and larvae? Thrushes and blackbirds and all their tribe live almost entirely on animal food, with a little fruit, such as strawberries, now and then for dessert, so they are perhaps the most really useful of all our tribes of common birds.

The slender, delicate bills of warblers show that they feed principally on smaller insects, which they search for amid the foliage of trees and shrubs, or, more rarely, in the grass and herbage along the ground. Plant lice and spiders they clear off in tens of thousands.

Few beaks could be more useful to their owner than that of the fairly common yet little known bird, the fern owl or nightjar. It is very short and weak, yet its wide gape is a perfect trap for the night flying moths that form Master Nightjar's evening meal. Similar, too, are the swallow and martin tribe, all of which hawk through the upper air for flying insects.

The bill of the great black woodpecker will serve as a very good example of all his tribe. You see how chisel-like is the shape of his powerful instrument, how exquisitely adapted for driving into the recess of rough barks and extracting therefrom grubs and other wood boring insects. His tongue, too, is most curiously formed, but that hardly falls within the scope of this little article.

The beak of the wild sea eagle is the beak of the typical bird of prey. Its tremendous power, backed by the steel-like muscles of the neck, show the flesh eating habits of all the birds of prey tribe. The kestrel is the commonest example that we have in this country, and next the sparrow hawk. The owls, too, show, by the particular shape of their bills, a similar carnivorous habit.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

A Cool Lion Hunter.

"D. S. Mare, magistrate of Zoutpansberg, was out lion shooting with the late Barend Vorster, a mighty hunter," says Carl Jeppe in his "Kaleidoscopic Transvaal." "A lioness had been wounded, driven out of cover and stood at bay. The landdrost jumped off his horse, fired and missed. It was now Vorster's turn, since there was not time for his friend to reload. In dismounting he dropped his watch and stooped to pick it up. The lioness seemed about to charge, and Mare urged his friend to shoot. Vorster replied grumblingly that the glass of the watch had been broken.

"'Never mind that now. The lioness is ready to spring,' Mare replied. 'Do you know,' Vorster said, 'I shall have to send the watch to Pretoria and that it will cost me 5 shillings to get it repaired?' 'God heaven!' the magistrate answered. 'Don't you see you have not a moment to lose?' 'It's all very well for you to talk,' Vorster replied. 'It is not your watch that is broken!' At last, however, he slid it into his pocket and, with unerring aim, gave the lioness the coup de grace."

Balzac and the Headsman.

Calling one day by appointment on a friend, Balzac found himself in the presence of a stranger, a very pale man with a serious air and noble face. The manners, language, evident culture and intelligence of the stranger led the author to take him for some learned man, moved by the same interest and curiosity as himself. The stranger was Samson. Warned by M. Appert, Balzac carefully repressed all sign of surprise or repulsion, and, skillfully turning the conversation to subjects of personal interest, the novelist was ultimately successful in gaining the headsman's confidence. In vivid colors Samson gave him a harrowing description of the sufferings and miseries of his wretched life. Himself a royalist, the death of Louis XVI. and his unfortunate consort had left the executioner with all the terrors and remorse of a criminal. Since those hideous days he had known no peace, despite the expiatory mass which he had caused to be said for the king the morning after the execution and which was probably the only one celebrated in Paris on that day.

Saving the Half Cent.

A woman shopper wanted two and a half yards of white goods. The clerk showed her two pieces, one for 15 cents a yard, the other 18 cents. The cheaper piece was plenty good enough, yet the woman bought the more expensive piece.

"I'll take this," she said to the clerk spitefully, "so your old store won't get more than is coming to them. When buying a fraction of a yard of anything, I make it a point never to select a material that sells at an odd figure—say, 15 cents a yard. The store simply shall not make that extra half cent off me."

"Oh, no," explained the clerk when the transaction was finally completed, "hers is not an unusual case by any means. Lots of women object to the store profiting by the extra half pennies and always buy so that an odd figure shall not be split."—New York Globe.

THE SILVER BULLET.

One of the Tragic Incidents of the American Revolution.

One of the strangest incidents of the American Revolution is the story of the silver bullet.

The year was 1777. Burgoyne, pushing down from the north, was expecting to effect a junction with Sir Henry Clinton at Albany. The field of Saratoga was still before him.

Clinton was pressing up the Hudson valley from New York. After taking Fort Montgomery, in the Highlands, he continued north to Aesopus, now Kingston, which was captured and burned. But first he sent from Fort Montgomery a letter to Burgoyne.

As the message had to pass through the American lines, the letter was inclosed in a silver bullet, coated with lead, and the spy who carried it placed it in his pocket with a few real bullets.

In Dutchess county the spy was captured. There was no evidence against him. His captors seem to have been nearly convinced that he was telling a straightforward story when one of the men searching him happened on the bullets. The man noticed that one bullet was lighter than the others.

"Why," he exclaimed, "this can never be a bullet; it's too light!"

At this moment the spy snatched the bullet and swallowed it. The incident was promptly reported to Governor George Clinton, commander of the Revolutionary force, and by his direction a surgeon recovered the bullet. In it was found Sir Henry Clinton's letter, which read as follows:

> Fort Montgomery, Oct. 8, 1777.
>
> Nous voici, and nothing between us at Gates. I sincerely hope this little success of his may facilitate your operations. In answer to your letter of 28th September, by C. C., I shall only say that I cannot presume to order or even advise for reasons obvious. I heartily wish you success. Faithfully yours,
>
> HENRY CLINTON.
>
> To General Burgoyne.

The spy was hanged on a tree at Hurley, a few miles from Aesopus.—Scrap Book.

Tea Etiquette In China.

The etiquette pertaining to tea drinking in China is curious. If a lady asks you to drink tea with her, and especially if the tea be sweetened, you can count yourself as well received and much liked. If she does not like you, the tea is bitter, and report sayeth in cases of this sort drainings are often used. Of course it is needless to say that after one sip of such tea the unliked visitor makes a prompt exit. When paying a call, if the servant should bring in a cup of tea, there is no necessity of taking any particular notice of it. Allow the servant to place it where he likes near you and continue your conversation as though nothing had happened. If your business is pleasant and agreeable to the mistress or the master of the house, he or she will pass the beverage to you; if not, you are expected to leave it untouched; otherwise you are likely to have a quarrel on hand, and a Chinese quarrel either with a man or woman is unpleasant.

The Corkscrew Palm.

What is known as the corkscrew palm is a familiar plant to West Indians. The palm resembles the bayonet variety, but instead of the long, sharp sabers springing from the center of the palm and reaching upward in the way they happen to come the corkscrew palm has its spikes joined together at the heart, and they form a winding row from the base to the top. It is said that these palm leaves invariably wind themselves like a corkscrew, from right to left, going up, but occasionally freak plants have been noticed where the direction was reversed. This is, however, a very rare occurrence. The corkscrew palm is purely decorative. It grows to a height of from six to ten feet and reaches a diameter of four to six. It takes several years, even in a tropical country, where all plant and animal life matures rapidly, for one of these curious palms to grow to full height.

Ill Fated Explorers.

Among the Spaniards who won fame as discoverers and conquerors in America only a very few died peacefully. Here is a list of some of the more important who suffered at the hands of fate: Columbus died broken hearted, Roldin and Bobadilla were drowned, Ovando was harshly superseded, Las Casas sought refuge in a cowl, Ojeda died in extreme poverty, Enciso was deposed by his own men, Nicuessa perished miserably by the cruelty of his party, Vasco Nunez de Balboa was disgracefully beheaded, Narvaez was imprisoned in a tropical dungeon and afterward died of hardship, Cortes was dishonored, Alvarado was destroyed in ambush, Almagro was garroted, Pizarro was murdered and his four brothers cut off, and there was no end to the assassinations and executions of the secondary chiefs among the energetic and daring adventurers.

Buying Land In Korea.

Land buying in Korea is a process which calls for both time and patience, says the London Telegraph. The price at which land may be procured differs greatly with the skill of the purchaser. Any hasty attempt to buy hurts the feelings of the owner and creates opposition. The best plan is to select the district on which one's fancy rests and either settle quietly down there or send an agent to do so instead, letting it be known in a general sort of way that one is disposed to buy. Then the Koreans, who class transactions in land in the same category with the sale or purchase of movable chattels—that is to say, as a mere means of procuring or spending money—will of themselves come and offer to sell. Then, by the exercise of a little patience, a considerable tract may be very cheaply acquired, in a few years.

DEACON BRODIE.

He Was the Original of Stevenson's Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

Deacon Brodie, whose singular story is said to have inspired Stevenson with the immortal tale of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, was a substantial wright and cabinet maker in the Lawnmarket of Edinburgh. He was a burgess and guild brother of his native town, and so high did he stand in the estimation of his fellow craftsmen that for four years they elected him a member of the town council as deacon of the incorporation of wrights. Success in public life helped the deacon in his business as a wright, and few men appeared to have less ground to quarrel with the conventional conception of meum and tuum. Nevertheless the deacon was always in want of money. He was an inveterate gamester, a gay and much involved bachelor, and he had a passion for the fashionable sport of cockfighting. All this brought the respected burgess into bad company, particularly at a certain disreputable tavern in the Fleshmarket close, frequented by sharpers. In 1788 Brodie was even accused of himself using loaded dice. The charge was very likely true, but it never came up for trial, for the deacon meanwhile had been convicted of a hanging matter.

Brodie, in fact, had for years been living a double life. In the daytime he was an honest craftsman, but at night he exchanged his chisel for a jimmy and a dark lantern. The deacon was a humorist, and the situation doubtless appealed to him. The friend he had robbed overnight he would condole with in the morning, and after some particularly ingenious burglary he would be the first in the council chamber to suggest offering a reward for discovering the perpetrator. For twenty years this prince of cracksmen remained unsuspected, and he was only brought to book at last by the treachery of a confederate. The deacon was sentenced to be hanged—on the new drop gallows he had suggested himself to the city fathers—and hanged he was, though not without a characteristic attempt to cheat the gallows. A French quack, Dr. Peter Delgravers, so the story goes, came to him in prison and undertook to restore him to life after he had hanged the usual time. To the last his fellow citizens loved to cherish a belief that he had been resuscitated and had escaped.—London News.

Dreams Wrought In Masonry.

"I remember reading a poem once in which certain types of architecture were referred to as 'dreams wrought in masonry,'" says Waldo Pondray Warren in "Thoughts on Business." "This seemed mere poetry at first, but as I think of it now it seems to be the truth. Take that tall office building yonder, with lights gleaming from every window, tier on tier. All that was once the dream of one man. Before the first stone was laid, before the architect's plans were drawn, there was a time when one man said to another, 'Let us put up a great building there.' And before that first audible expression the building existed only as an idea, a thought or, I might say, a dream in the mind of that man. He walked its corridors when it was still a dream. But now it is a 'dream wrought in masonry.' Every building, bridge, railroad, steamship, machine, book, organization or government in the world—every one—was once an unexpressed thought like that. Great credit is due those who first conceive the ideas that underlie the world's work. The man who thinks of new things for the development of your business should be liberally compensated."

Speedy Coasting.

The finest coasting hill in the world is at St. Moritz, in Switzerland. The hill is a mile long, and to coast down it takes, on an average, sixty-seven seconds. The Cresta course, as it is called, is iced and runs between snow banks. Its turns are dangerous, and only skilled coasters venture on it. They use the American flat toboggan, lying on the stomach, and steering not with the feet, but with lifts and jerks of the body. A few seconds from the start on this course the coaster is going at a speed of twenty miles an hour. This speed soon increases to forty miles. Faster and faster he flies, swooping down the precipitous Church leap at the speed of an express train, and then on to the long, straight Shuttlecock run. To fifty, to sixty, to seventy, to eighty miles an hour the pace grows till it is like the flight of the swiftest bird through a blinding blur of snow. Yet the speed still increases, and at the end of the Shuttlecock eighty-seven miles an hour is registered. These Cresta course speeds are not problematical; they are the accurate timings of an electric clock.

Don't Know Right From Left.

"The thing that surprised me most when I began to teach," said the instructor of a class of adults in manual training, "was the number of people who can tell instinctively the right hand from the left. Fully a third of my pupils hesitated a moment before obeying instructions to do this thing or that thing with the right hand or the left. The thing that fixes the proper hand in their minds finally is some incident in which that hand has figured. By recalling that story they know which hand to use. One of the brightest women I know in this town declares that the only way she can tell one hand from the other is to remember the time when, as a child, she tried to milk a cow and was sent flying heels over head. She approached the animal from the wrong side, and the picture of the position of her right hand then is so vivid that it enables her to distinguish that member to this day."—New York Press.

IN MEXICO.

The Queer Doings of Some People.

By DR. J. EDMUND DORAN, Minneapolis.

The woman is a beast of burden; the child a wild little thing that gets barely enough water to drink and none to wash in; the man stands wrapped to the eyes in his gaudy blanket, as still and solemn as if the very silence of the desert had struck into his soul. His body is dwarfed and drawn and his mind runs into a very narrow channel. He is but the stunted growth of his poor surroundings. Some day the lands around him may be irrigated and when the green fields stretch away before his eyes and the flowers bloom in his path and birds come to mate in the trees that will grow, it will freshen him and his children and will have a better place among the sons of men.

In the city of Mexico there are three hundred deaths a day. These deaths are caused principally from neglect and non-attendance of a physician. The principal diseases arise from filth and neglect. It is a common sight in the Mexican cities to see a Mexican with a coffin containing a corpse on his shoulder, carrying it down the middle of the street and the mourners following. In the city of Mexico, which has a population of 500,000 people, the government has provided special funeral street cars, which add greatly to the convenience of their burial. Dr. Doran has perhaps studied the habits of the Mexican more thoroughly than any other American physician. He has traveled among the plain people, practiced among the rich, studied their habits, studied the action of the medicines on different individuals, and has formulated plans and prescriptions from his long experience that rarely fail to cure disease.

In more malignant diseases, such a cancer, tumor, consumption, heart diseases kidney troubles, etc., he is at his best. He has attained the highest eminence of *his profession, and at this date his life is not yet spent. To those living at a distance* and can not see Dr. Doran in person, arrangements can be made with their local home doctor whereby Dr. Doran's Injunction Fluid can be had from him and the patients can be treated by their local doctor.

J. O. Jones Cranger, Minn., cured of cancer, by the Hyperdermic Method.

Mrs. A. Kichael, Red Lake Falls, Minn., cured with two treatments of a cancer that local physician said could not be cured.

CharlesGrondesco, Slaton, Minn., cured of glandular tuberculosis. This cure was made more than five years and no returns.

Mrs. C. S. Howard, Edgerton, Minn., cured of tubercular glands by Dr. Doran's Hypodermic Method.

Miss Mary S. Peterson, Madelia, Minn, cured of weak eyes and constant ulcerations of the cornea.

Oscar Anderson, Hitterdahl, Minn., cured of a very serious ailment by Dr. Doran's Combination treatment.

Aksel Hofgaard, Hardwich, Minn., cured of rheumatism and vericocile.

Walter Sinnott, Stephen, Minn., cured of constant drains.

Herman Lewis, Warroad, Minn., cured of cancer of the lip and face.

C. Mattson, Sandridge, Minn., cured of nervous and sexual debility in three months.

Mrs. P. S. Grafslund, Lake Park, Minn., cured of cancer.

L. E. Polin, Lake Park, Minn., cured of chronic appendicitis.

Oscar Gunderson, Hawley, Minn., cured of Kidney and liver troubles.

Tone Erwin, Adrain, Minn., cured of consumption.

Miss Emily O'Day, Lake Park, Minn., cured of goitre.

C. O. Beaves, Audubon, Minn., cured of consumption.

Jons H. Melby, Lake Park, Minn., cured of catarrh and early consumption.

Emil Friberg, Clarkfield, Minn., cured of catarrh of the kidneys.

Mrs. Ole Gordon, Clarkfield, Minn., cured of cancer of the lip.

C. E. Bjorgo Director of Citizens Bank, Lake Park, Minn., says that Dr. Doran's treatment for catarrh works like magic.

Miss Phena Morken, Audubon, Minn., cured of nervous prostration.

MissSina Dahl, Vestra, Minn., cured of catarrh and nervous debility.

Mrs. Augusta Bergen, Lake Park, Minn., cured of chromic rheumatism.

K. Westfield, Canby, Minn., cured of piles.

Mrs. Magnus Dahl, Seaforth, Minn., cured of piles in one treatment.

Those who are interested in the Dr. Doran treatment can consult him during the hours of 11:00 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. on Wednesday, May 1st, at the Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls, Minn., Consultation and examination one dollar.

The News, $1 Per Year.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES,
FINAL PROOFS AND
GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

ACCEPTS BOTH RATES

Great Northern Road Will Not Fight Minnesota Laws.

ALL PRIVILEGES CUT OFF

Omaha Issues Circular Announcing Suspension of Reduced Rates of Every Kind.

St. Paul, April 20.—President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern road has authorized L. C. Spooner of Morris, chairman of the house railroad committee, to announce that the Great Northern had decided to accept the 2-cent passenger fare bill and the commodity freight rates contained in the bill recently passed by the legislature.

The Great Northern's acceptance of the two bills means that they must generally at least be accepted by the other roads in the state. At competitive points at least the other roads will be compelled to meet the cut and under the long and short haul rule that will compel a reduction at intermediate points.

The acceptance by the Great Northern of the Spooner rate bill is not an unmixed victory for the state. The rates are considerably higher than the figures contained in the schedule which the railroad and warehouse commission determined upon as reasonable, but it was thought by the legislature that it would be better to get the lesser reduction without waiting for the end of the litigation than to insist on the deeper cut and not get it until the case had gone through all the courts in the land.

It is expected that the injunction suits in the federal court will be abandoned when they are reached.

ALL PRIVILEGES CUT OFF

Omaha Road Accepts Minnesota's Two-Cent Rate.

St. Paul, April 20.—The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway has, in a circular, declared its acceptance of the ruling of the legislature in making the maximum passenger rate in Minnesota 2 cents a mile. The new rates will be in effect May 1. The circular proceeds:

"All special rates between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Minnesota points will be abolished and the regular fare of 2 cents a mile charged.

"All commutation tickets between St. Paul and the smaller nearby towns are declared off, as well as the homeseekers' rates, the party excursion rates and authorized short line mileage rates. These rates will hereafter be based entirely at 2 cents a mile.

"The new rates only apply, however, to points in Minnesota, but they will apply to all classes of passengers, Clergymen, charity workers, inmates of soldiers' homes, however, will be sold the same reduced rates which they now get, but only on interstate traffic.

"Mileage tickets sold after April 30, 1907, will not be good for passage between points in Minnesota, but will be good otherwise as heretofore, until further orders, between Minnesota points and stations in other states."

TAKES RAP AT ROOSEVELT

Minnesota's Democratic Congressman Talks on State Rights.

Chicago, April 17.—A plea for the perpetuation of state rights was made by Congressman Winfield S. Hammond of Minnesota in a talk at the twelfth annual banquet of the Holland society of Chicago.

Mr. Hammond took a covert rap at President Roosevelt by declaring that "in view of recent events one might be led to believe that the legislative department of the federal government has become well nigh extinct." The speaker's subject was "The Sovereign State."

"It is a thing bred in us to have the government as close to us as possible," he said. "When it comes to regulating insurance and child labor why should we run to Washington the minute anything is wrong? We are becoming a little too paternalistic."

POPULAR PLACE OF SUICIDE

Many End Life by Jumping From St. Paul's High Bridge.

St. Paul, April 22.—An unknown man is the tenth victim of St. Paul's high bridge, which seems to possess a peculiar fascination for those unfortunates who grow to think that life is not worth while. During the bridge's existence thirteen people have jumped or fallen from its giddy heights. Three men, two who fell from the railing of the bridge and one who sought to end his life, lived to tell the story, but the other ten met death either in the rushing waters of the river or on the hard ground along the banks.

At its highest point the high bridge spans the river at a height of 153 feet and a fall from any section of it is almost certain death. Twelve victims of the bridge have been men and the thirteenth a woman, who was the second of the list of suicides.

Eighteen Thousand for an Arm.

St. Paul, April 17.—A verdict for $18,000—the largest amount ever awarded in Minnesota, it is said, for the loss of an arm—was given by a district court jury to George E. Stiles in his suit against the Northern Pacific Railway company and Walter Henricks, engineer of the train that caused Stiles' injuries.

HOLDUP MEN SECURE $1,000

Former North Dakotan Victim of Minneapolis Thieves.

Minneapolis, April 20.—H. L. Ward, who recently returned to this country from a visit in England, was waylaid and robbed of $1,000 by two highwaymen in the Wisconsin Central freight yards on Nicollet Island. Fully twenty-five men were in the vicinity but did not deter the men from their purpose and they escaped.

Ward sold some real estate in North Dakota several months ago. Possessing about $1,500 he went to Europe to visit relatives. On his way back a week ago he registered at the Golden West hotel in Minneapolis. Being in need of ready cash he cashed a check for $1,000, receiving in payment two bills of $500 each. Two men at the hotel who saw the draft cashed fell into a quick acquaintance with Ward and suggested that they take a walk. Ward readily consented and the trio went to the freight yards, where one of the men proposed that a small game of chance be played. Again Ward consented. From pennies the amount flew to dollars before Ward objected.

The men, not desiring to lose their "game," bet they were in possession of more money than Ward. The bet was taken and Ward showed his two $500 notes. Instantly he was pounced upon by the robbers and choked until *they secured the money*. The two highwaymen then escaped through the yards.

UNDER HOMESTEAD LAW.

Government to Open Big Tract of Land in Minnesota.

Washington, April 22.—The general land office has completed arrangements and has given notice of its purpose to open for entry and settlement 229,297 acres of land in Minnesota on July 1, 1907. The tracts in question are portions of the ceded lands of the Chippewas of the Mississippi, Red Lake, White Earth, Deer Creek and Fond du Lac Indian reservations and classed as agricultural lands within the meaning of the law passed by congress in 1889 and 1902.

The lands will be open to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead law and printed lists of the lands and copies of the laws and instructions covering their disposition may be obtained upon application to the registers and receivers at Cass Lake, Crookston and Duluth.

Attention is called by the department order to the fact that "a prior right to enter the lands will not be secured by settling on the lands before the date of opening." Certain modifications of the homestead law as made applicable to these lands are specified in the instructions to the registers and receivers at Cass Lake, Crookston and Duluth.

GUILTY OF REBATING.

Another Railroad Convicted in Federal Court at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 17.—The jury in the case of the government against the Wisconsin Central railroad returned a verdict of guilty of rebating before Judge Morris in the United States district court. The verdict also covers the indictment against two employes of the road, Burton Johnson, general freight agent, and George T. Huey, assistant general freight agent. The minimum fine is $1,000 per count, or $51,000 for a maximum fine for the three counts. Judge Morris did not pass sentence when the verdict was returned.

THREE BADLY INJURED.

Great Western Train Wrecked Near Altura, Minn.

Winona, Minn., April 18.—While running about fifty miles an hour, Great Western passenger train No. 205 was drecked near Altura, Minn., near here. The two rear coaches of the train plunged down a steep embankment. A traveling man named Peterson of St. Paul will probably die. He was taken to the St. Charles hospital, where he is still unconscious. A broken flange is said to have been responsible for the accident.

DENOUNCING ROOSEVELT.

Chicago Federation of Labor Passes Resolutions.

Chicago, April 23.—President Roosevelt was made the subject of denunciatory resolutions passed unanimously by the Chicago Federation of Labor for the reference he is said to have made to Charles H. Moyer and William D. Haywood in a recent letter to Congressman Sherman of New York. The action followed a dramatic speech by J. E. Morgan, a member of the Western Federation of Miners, at the regular meeting of the Chicago labor body here.

THREE MEN INJURED.

Acetylene Gas Tank Explodes in a Garage at Oshkosh, Wis.

Oshkosh, Wis., April 23.—Three men were injured, two seriously, a large automobile was wrecked and the front of the Krueger automobile garage was blown out by the explosion of an acetylene gas tank. The injured are: Frank Blenp, Bart Heman and Frederick Streich.

Methodist Church Destroyed.

Menominee, Mich., April 23.—Fire broke out in the Methodist church of this city, completely destroying the building. The high wind carried the flames to the Baptist church, causing considerable damage. The total property loss is about $12,000. Firemen Connors and Zearfoss were badly injured by the falling spire of the church.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

To show that he had some visible means of support James Brown, a professional beggar, showed Judge Smith of Minneapolis a list of "easy marks" who he could call upon from time to time and receive food and money. This list he kept in order to sell names to his vagrant friends who might also need nutritious "handouts." The judge decided the means of support thus shown was not sufficient and Brown went to the workhouse for thirty-five days.

Cigarette smoking is under judicial ban in Hennepin county. Judge Dickinson of the district court announced from the bench that he would permit no cigarette smoking in the courtroom over which he has jurisdiction. Cigars and pipes may be smoked as heretofore when the judge is off the bench, but the man who lights a cigarette will be politely informed by the bailiff that he must adjourn to the corridor.

All differences between the striking carpenters of Minneapolis and the master builders and contractors have been adjusted and the men will resume work. A compromise minimum scale of 42½ cents an hour will be paid all union men.

St. Paul is after the next Democratic national convention. The guarantee fund of $50,000 is already assured. Minneapolis and Duluth have promised their aid in the effort to secure the convention.

Mayor Ward of Sauk Center has given the police department positive instructions to compel a strict compliance with the laws governing the liquor traffic and to have slot machines removed.

Governor Johnson has accepted an invitation to address the graduating class of the University of Pennsylvania June 19.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Clark G. Corey, who lives in Wiscoy valley, near Winona, lost a valuable team of work horses in a peculiar manner. Mr. Corey's hired man was at work in the field with a three-horse team when suddenly the animals broke through into a hidden sink hole, dropping into a deep cavity. The top horse was pulled out alive, but the other two were dead before they could be rescued.

H. L. Ward, who recently returned to this country from a visit to England, was held up and robbed of $1,000 by two clever Minneapolis highwaymen in the Wisconsin Central freight yards in that city at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Although there were about twenty-five men in the neighborhood at the time the robbers escaped and no trace of them has been found.

Frank Sebastian, shipping clerk for Salisbury & Satterlee's furniture factory, Minneapolis, is believed to have committed suicide by jumping into the river. Sebastian's room was entered by the police after his absence from his work for two days had been reported to them. Letters addressed to his wife and brother stated that he intended to kill himself.

The blackened and disfigured body of Mrs. Barbara Boss, a widow, was found in her yard at Le Sueur Center and it is supposed she was burned to death while engaged in burning dead grass. She was about fifty-five years of age.

Mrs. Marion Schibsby of Minneapolis was instantly killed in the El Varra hotel, Pasadena, Cal., where she was a guest. She accidentally walked into an open elevator shaft and fell several stories to the bottom.

Peter McGraw, flagman for the Milwaukee road at Dewey and St. Anthony avenues, St. Paul, was run down and killed by a switch engine. His head was crushed and his limbs were broken.

Thomas Mealey, aged seventy, was found dead in a four-inch pool of water near Anoka.

OBITUARY.

Employes of the Minneapolis Boom company last week found the body of Theodore Michaels of Monticello, this state, in the river about five miles north of the Minneapolis workhouse. Papers on the body were the means of identification. Michaels was a man about sixty-eight years old and drowned himself in the river near his home in October last.

Josiah Hook Chase, one of the earliest residents of Minneapolis, is dead at the age of seventy-seven years. He was a well known clothing merchant of St Anthony, before Minneapolis absorbed that town, having resided there since 1856.

Thompson Connelly, who was a tutor of Archbishop Ireland half a century ago and who was a partner of Commodore Kittson in the real estate business in the pioneer days of St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty five.

H. J. Wilkinson of Granite Falls dropped dead from apoplexy last week. He was postmaster of Granite Falls under the Cleveland administration.

Mrs Hugh Montgomery, sixty nine years old, is dead at St. Paul from the effect of burns received about six weeks ago.

Mrs Mary Fitzgerald, a resident of Stillwater for forty-seven years, is dead aged ninety-two.

J. R. Harris, a pioneer of this state, is dead at Owatonna.

B. F. Latourelle, eighty years old, is dead at Owatonna.

SPECIALIST

From the Engelman Medico-Surgical Institute, Detroit, Mich., Will Make Their First Visit to

Thief River Falls

And Will Be at the Hotel Rushford **Tuesday and Wednesday, May 7th and 8th.**

Tell Your Sick Friends.

TWO DAYS ONLY.

OFEICE HOURS: Tuesday, 1 to 8 p. m.; Wednesday, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

FREE

This Institute in order to introduce their new Medical Discoveries and X-Radium System, sends at its own expense these eminent specialists to give to those who call on the above date, consultation, examination, advice and all medicine required to complete *a cure, absolutely free.*

These specialists will diagnose your case and give you the benefit of their medical knowledge. There is no experimenting or guess work. You will be told whether you can be cured or not. If your case is curable, they treat you; if incurable they will give such advice as may prolong your life.

Their treatment gives quick relief and positively cures. Being prepared to suit each individual case, the human system is thoroughly cleansed of the disease in a natural and direct manner and improvement is noticed at once; even the worst cases are treated without any inconvenience to the patient or the pursuing of his daily vocation. If you are improving under your family physician do not come and take up their valuable time. They wish to give each one plenty of time, but cannot listen to long stories not pertaining to your case.

They have discarded the old remedies used for ages by the medical world, and which it would be folly to depend upon any longer, for they do not cure, as thousands die depending on them for relief.

The fact that these Specialists have discovered entirely new treatments and natural cures, gives them control of the Nervous System, Heart, Stomach, Lungs, Kidneys, Catarrh, Consumption, Epilepsy, Deafness, Male and Female Weaknesses, Cancers, Tumors, Piles and other Chronic Diseases.

They treat deafness by an entirely new method, and hearing in many cases is restored at once. Catarrh in all its varied forms cured so that it will never return. If you have weak lungs or consumption do not fail to be examined.

All cases treated can and will be cured, no difference who you have seen or treated with heretofore. Thousands who have given up all hope of being cured, now have an opportunity to consult specialists of reputation.

Don't fail to call, as a visit costs you nothing and may save your life.

If you suspect kidney trouble, bring a two-ounce bottle of your urine for chemical and microscopical analysis.

REMEMBER:—The free offer is during this visit only and will not be given again. Persons commencing any treatment after this trip will be required to pay, but not one cent will be asked of those commencing treatment during this visit for any medicine necessary to effect a cure; also a positive guarantee to cure will be given to patients accepted under their system of treatment. Those having long standing and complicated diseases, who have failed to get cured and become discouraged, are especially invited to call, as thousands who have given up all hopes can testify to permanent cures obtained.

NOTICE:—Married Ladies without their Husbands and Minors without their Fathers, will positively not be admitted to consultation.

Don't Forget the Date.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N, Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Abenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olaf Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 25 may 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 22, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Knutson, of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 27 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.
John O'Donnell, " "
Jacob Vad, " "
Engebret Vad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 25 june 6

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1907 NUMBER 18

A Statement of Facts.

A Letter from a Well Known Red Lake County Farmer.

Rocksbury, Minn., Apr. 29, 1907.

Brother Farmers of Red Lake County:

A circular letter, dated Apr. 19, 1907, at Black River Township, with the name, Ed. Enright, put on with a rubber stamp at the bottom of the page, has been widely circulated by the Red Lake Falls County seat committee,

Just who this man Enright may be, I am not quite sure; but he lives near Red Lake Falls.

I do not know whether John Duffy has a mortgage on his farm; but am sure some great influence was brought to bear on him to induce him to put his name to the gross exaggerations there are in that circular letter.

If he fathered that letter knowingly and willingly, he must think the farmers of Red Lake County are a lot of fools; and when a man gets to thinking that way there is good reason to believe, he is a little crazy himself.

He states that the last financial statement shows that the buildings, jail, vaults etc. are worth $13,600.; and that there are $3000 of jail bonds not yet due but which must be paid; that if the county seat is changed all this property will be a total loss, and the taxpayers and farmers would lose that much.

It is fair to assume that he means that the $3000. jail bonds will not have to be paid if the county seat stays where it is, but I cannot figure it that way.

It is not a question of what the statement shows; but how much is that property worth and how long can it be used for the purposes of a court house.

Everyone who has seen the court house, knows it is not of great value, and it was probadly figured in the statement at what it cost and not at what it is worth.

A few years ago, the Red Lake Falls people called a special election to have bonds to the amount of $12,000.00 voted to build a new court house; and we are expecting every day that they will attempt to bond for a much larger sum to build a court house; so the cost of a new court house is something we have to face soon if the conuty seat be not changed. But if it be changed to Thief River Falls there is a large city hall that could and certainly would be used for a court house for many years with practically no cost to the county.

And we just mention here that the cost of that special election that Red Lake Falls called to vete bonds, cost each township just as much as each would have to pay to hold a special election to vote on the question of a removal of the county seat. We never heard that Mr. Enright or any one in the vicinity of Red Lake Falls, protested against the expense of that special Bond Election.

We wish Mr. Enright would enlighten us as to what was done with the money received from a sale of the $3,000. of jail bonds. The building certainly never actually cost more than $1,000. and the cells were bought second-hand from Polk county. If $3,000. were squandered on that little lockup that is called a jai', we hope the taxpayers will never have to pay for any more county buildings in Red Lake Falls, for the principal cost must have been to get the materiel up the hills from the depot.

When we have to build any more county buildings, let us build them where the hauling from the depot will be on level ground and good streets.

The $164. mentioned in Mr. Enright's letter was for costs that were taxed in the case started by Wm. Erb, who is a brother-in-law of John Duffy of Red Lake Falls, I am infonned; and Mr. Duffy promptly paid those costs; then he or some of his friends presented a bill for them to the county board and we farmers helped pay it to the Red Lake Falls gang and their assistants.

The bill of Mr. Jarman that he mentions was paid by the people of Thief River Falls and not a cent of it by the county.

Mr. Enright has acquired such fluency in exaggeration that he next states that by a removal of the county seat "each of us farmers will have to pay $5.00 to $8.00 a year for the next fifteen years" and I suppose he expects us to believe that statement.

Let us see what that means.

There are 31 townships in this county and with 36 sections in each we would have 1116 sections and 4464 quarter sections; but really there are 63 sections or 252 quarter sections short; so we have 4212 quarters; and we will figure that each farmer who will have to pay from $5.00 to $8.00 each year, has a quarter section

We will not take Mr. Enright's highest figure, but for the purpose of illustration, will split the diference in his figures and call it $7.50 for each farmer for each year for fifteen years.

4212, the number of farms, multiplied by $7.50 equals $31,490.00. for one year, and 15 times that sum is $472,350.00.

That is a big sum of money; but that is not all, for the cities and villages have to pay their share of taxes. I understand that the city of Thief River Falls pays about one-fifth of all taxes paid in the county; and allowing that Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Plummer together pay one-fifth; then the farmers pay only three-fifths.

If three-fifths equals $472,350, five-fifths or the whole tax, would be five times one third of that sum, or $787,250.00., that this county would have to pay for a removal of the county seat, according to Mr. Enright's figuring.

He never ought to waste his time on a farm: he ought to get a job of watering railroad stock.

I find that his whole letter is made up of just such exaggerated statements; and such a letter is an insult to the intelligence of the farmers of Red Lake county; and having been adopted and widely circulated by the Red Lake Falls county seat committee, every farmer in every part of the county ought to sign a petition for the removal of the county seat to a place far away from Mr. Enright's favorite hole for it.

Fraternally yours,

P. Engelstad.

A Review of the County Seat Fight Up to Date.

Two years ago more than 2000 of the 2365 legal voters of Red Lake County, signed a petition praying for the removal of the county seat from the City of Red Lake Falls to the City of Thief River Falls; and more than two thirds of those petitioners lived outside of Thief River Falls, but the citizens of Thief River Falls paid all the expense of circulating that petition.

"How is the county-seat fight getting along?" is a question often heard in all parts of the county.

Those 2000 petitioners have a right to know all that has been done, and we give here a brief history of the contest from the beginning to the present time:

On the 11th day of April 1905, said petition was presented to the County Auditor for filing, and at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, he gave a receipt for the same in which he stated there were 2006 names on said petition.

The Auditor, at that time, examined the record of votes cast at the last General Election and found that there were plenty of signers on the petition—in fact about 600 more than was necessary—to authorize him to call a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners to consider the petition. And the law made in his duty to IMMEDIATELY call such a meeting of the County Commissioners.

But he asked those who presented the petition to wait until after dinner for him to sign the call for the Commissioners to meet; and after dinner and all that afternoon he refused to issue the proper call although all he had to do was to sign it and put on his seal. While the County Auditor was thus preventing any action on the petition, the Red Lake Falls attorneys were making "post haste" to Crookston for the purpose of obtaining a restraining order in an action commenced on that day by John Duffy of Red Lake Falls against said Auditor to restrain said Auditor from calling a meeting of the County Board to consider the petition. A restraining order was granted on that day by the Court, pending an application for an injunction, restraining said Auditor from calling a meeting of the County Board. A hearing was duly had upon said application for an injunction; and on the 12th day of May, 1905, the Court made its order denying said application and the county auditor was ordered forthwith to give notice of a meeting of the County Board to consider said petition. The notice of a meeting of the County Board was duly given as required by law.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE EIGHT.)

PETITIONS NOW OUT

Work of Circulating the County Seat Petition Started Yesterday Morning.

Quite a Force of Workers Now Out in the Field Getting Signatures.

Work of circulating the new petition calling for the removal of the county seat of Red Lake county from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls was commenced today and a small army of workers are now out in the field. Every township in Red Lake county will be carefully canvassed and there are even residents of Red Lake Falls that have signified a willingness to sign the new petition.

W. W. Prichard and John Sorenson have taken the towns west of Thief River Falls.

K. M. Hanson and T. P. Hamre have gone to St. Hilaire and will also work in the towns in that vicinity.

Ben Christienson went to Plummer and in company with Mr. Iverson of that place will canvass the country east of Plummer.

Olaf Ramstad and Ole Vattendale are in the country between the Red Lake and Clearwater rivers.

L. M. Hoag and J. H. Werstlein have the county north of the Red Lake river on the eleven towns.

In Thief River Falls Ira C. Richardson M. V. Evenson, E. E. Zeh and S. Keelson are out with petitions.

In Lambert, Poplar River, Terrebonne, Louisville and other southern Red Lake county towns, different farmers have volunteered to circulate the petition and it is not likely that any from Thief River Falls will go down into that territory. The committee that has been making the estimates believe that it is going to be an easy matter to secure over 2800 names, and less than 1800 are all that will be required.

A Good Plan.

Why not name the schools of the county instead of referring to them by number? It is tiresome and inconvient to call a school "28" when it could be much better designated as the Lincoln school, Bryant school, or any name appropriate to its surroundings. So also should farms be named. If one undertakes to tell a stranger where such and such an unnamed farm is located, he must refer to everything and everybody in the vicinity, including [illegible]

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Breakfast Foods.

Puffed Rice	10 c	Grape Nuts	15 c
Shredded Wheat Biscuits	15 c	Pillsburys Vitos	15 c
Quaker Corn Meal	12½c	Vivo Breakfast foods	20 c
Egg-o-see	10 c	Cracked Wheat	15 c
Bengal Wheat Flakes	10 c	Triscuits	15 c
Cream of Wheat	15 c	Force	15 c
Quaker Oats	10 c	Malta Vita	10 c
Mothers Oats	10 and 25 c	Apetizo	15 c
Banner Oats	25 c	Quaker Wheat Berries	15 c
Pettijohns Breakfast foods	15 c	"Sanitas" Toasted Corn Flakes	10 c

Fresh Strawberries, Celery, Lettuce, Onions, Asparagus, Cukes, etc., etc.

Chase & Sanborn's Tea and Coffees, Home Brand and University Canned Goods

Always Fresh. Why? Because We Carry the Goods the People Want.

The Golden Rule Pure Food Dept.,

"EVERYTHING GOOD TO EAT."

Prompt Service. Two Deliveries.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last week.

Herman Swanke returned to Ashland, Wis., last Saturday.

Fred and Otto Zaiser were up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Ole O. Legwold returned to this city Monday from Grand Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton left Sunday evening for Wausau, Wis.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

John Havel left Sunday evening for Buffalo to work for the Soo road.

W. J. McKinley arrived in the city last week from East Grand Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins were down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph spent a few days last week down at Moorhead visiting Fr. Charles.

Attorney E. M. Stanton transacted business at Crookston and Warren last week.

W. B. Nichols returned to this city Monday from a trip through North Dakota.

Mrs. W. B. Miller of Seattle, Wash., *will arrive in the city today to visit her* sister, Mrs. C. J. Knox.

George Diebel came over from North Dakota last Saturday to look after his business interests here.

Operator Herrick has resigned his position at the Soo depot and entered the train service of this company.

Miss Butman left last week for Minneapolis having accepted a position as stenographer with a firm in that city.

The Ladies Sewing society of the Swedish Mission church will meet with Mrs. Olaf Sodeberg next Monday at 2 o'clock.

Services in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side next Sunday morning at 11 and in the evening at 8. A. Tornell pastor.

"Kid" Traverse had the misfortune to injure his hand quite badly while working in the saw mill last week and will be laid up for a few days.

County Commissioner Ed A. Auble has been drawn as a member of the United States petit jury which convenes at Fergus Falls on May 7.

Mrs. G. M. Christienson and Mrs. L. E. George arrived in the city last Saturday and are the guests of Miss Alice Caristienson and Mrs. Huseth.

James Farr this week received a letter from Robert Sotheran, a former resident of this city. Mr. Sotheran is now locat at Vancover, B. C., and is in the hotel business.

Walter Robbecke, who is on the road soliciting subscribers for the Minneapolis Journal, spent a few days in the city the past week. He likes his work very well.

Miss Randina Rockne, who for a number of years was one of the efficient clerks in the local postoffice, left last Friday evening for Crookston, where she has accepted a position with the Singer Sewing Machine company.

Ira C. Richardson last week received a letter from Sam Bardofson, a former well known resident of this city, stating that he had left Manila and was on his way to Thief River Falls. It is expect that he will arrive here in a few days.

H. M. Hicks has just completed fixing up the interior of his north building and will use this exclusively for the undertaking department of his business. Mr. Hicks now has one of the best undertaking establishments in the Northwest.

A horse belonging to the Hamm Brewing company fell in an abandoned well just north of John Morgan's saloon last Thursday. After considerable work, the horse was taken out of the well and a large number assisted in the work.

A. E. Abraham will remove his goods to the Juneau building next to the bridge on the east side, next Monday where he will be pleased to see all of his old customers and many new ones. In the meantime all goods will be sold at reduced prices.

Thief River Falls secures $1200 from the state legislature for the new bridge to be built across the Red Lake river. Other towns in Red Lake county are provided for as follows: Deer Park, $500; Garnes, $500; Highlanding, $700; Emardville, $700.

Because the two cent fare bill passed the legislature, it is announced that the railroads are not going to make any special rates for the state fair next summer. This is not going to harm any of the cities and villages in Minnesota outside of Minneapolis and St. Paul.

"Advertising is no good," said the man in old clothes. "It never helped me none." The millionaire merchant smiled. "That is because you tried it, John," as the Indian tried the feather bed. An Indian took a feather, placed it on an oak plank and slept on it all night. In the morning he growled "Paleface say feathers heap soft. Paleface heap fool, ugh!"

Moral: One feather or an ad one week or once in a great while will not do the business.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Mrs. McGee left Monday for Helena, Mont.

Miss Marie Hermanson left Tuesday for Great Falls, Mont.

Miss Ida Helgeson left Tuesday for Spokane Falls, Wash.

Miss Lakin was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

H. G. Dobner was down to Lake City the first of the week.

Ben Christienson was down to Plummer the first of the week.

Sandy Miller left Monday for Idaho where he expects to locate.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Game Warden Wm. Munch was up from Crookston the first of the week.

The kid band has been re-organized and held the first practice meeting Monday evening.

The Twin Cities Cement Block Works Joseph Lang, Manager, is the name of a new business enterprise in Thief River Falls.

Rev Flesher went to Warren Friday in the place of Prof. Hay who was to deliver an address at the commencement exercises of the business school.

Dr. Bockman will be back from his trip to Germany about May 15th and will be at his office after that time, offices in Jackson-McGinn Block, Thief River Falls, Minn.

For writing letters and mailing them as fourth class matter two residents of Thief River Falls were fined $10 each by a special postoffice inspector who was in the city Monday.

Conductor Clark is now in charge of the passenger run on this branch of the Great Northern. Steve Withey, who has had this run for years, is in charge of a gravel pit on the Fosston line.

Dr. Bockman writes from Berlin where he was a member of the surgical congress last month. The doctor has been studying in Europe since last July, most of his time being spent at Berlin.

Yesterday the two cent fare bill went into effect and hereafter you will have to pay only 2 cents a mile when traveling in Minnesota. Ministers cannot longer travel on half fare permits in the state and will be obliged to pay full fare.

Roser O. Brooten on Monday received a telegram from Booten, Minn., stating that his brother, Ole Brooten, had been killed by the Soo's Winnipeg flyer Sunday evening while crossing the railroad track with a team of horses. Mr. Brooten went down to attend the funeral.

Red Lake Falls parties have held meetings the past week at Wylie, Plummer, Garnes and other points asking the farmers not to sign the county seat removal petition. Their meetings were not well attended and they failed to accomplish much. The farmers are not to be fooled as easily as the Red Lake Falls people.

Crookston business men are arranging to supply farmers living on six roads leading out of that city with split log drags on condition that the farmers use them on the roads after every rain. It is believed that by this method every road will be kept in good shape, greatly to the benefit of both farmers and business men.

—Notice is hereby given, that during the season of 1907 all arrangements for the purchase of ice from the Thief River Falls Ice Company must be made with the undersigned, that all accounts due said company must be paid to him, and that he will be responsible for all debts incurred by said company.

Alfred T. Rice.

Timber which has been raising in price each year, may take a slump, if the following reports are true. It has been said that the Rat Portage Lumber company are disposing of the bulk of their timber limits in this section in order to confine their operation to the west where they are heavily interested. Another report is that the remaining companies consisting of the Shevlin-Carpenter, the Shevlin-Mathieu, and the Backus-Brooks, have consolidated. These reports have not been confirmed. —International Falls Press.

The supper which was to have been given by the gentlemen at the Presbyterian church last Friday evening did not materalize. A large number of people went to the church, but were told that owing to the fact that Judge Bishop and H. G. Dobner had not put in an appearance to do their part, it was impossible to give the supper that evening. The Judge was to have washed the potatoes and Mr. Dobner was to have made the coffee, but were so interested in a game of checkers at the Antlers Club that both forgot the part they were to have taken in preparing the supper. The other men felt that to give the supper without potatoes and coffee would make it a failure and so they turned over what food they had prepared to the ladies who gave a very creditable supper on Saturday evening. The next time the gentlemen announce that they are going to give a supper, there will be a whole lot of people who will wait twenty four hours before going.

Henry Boss is in the city.

Ed. Emerson left yesterday for Ada.

Light delivery wagon for sale cheap. Inquire of Emil Sedlacek.

Rev. Schroeder and children left the first of the week for Holmes, N. D.

The local library had a circulation of 810 for the month of March and 693 for April.

Otto H. Marquardt, who had been doorkeeper at the Bijou, left yesterday for Cooperstown, N. D.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday evening at 7:45.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday shaking hands with old friends.

Mrs. Whitney, of St. Cloud, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. S. Kenison, left for her home yesterday.

C. A. Baker has been elected as secretary of the library board to take the place of G. G. Fargo resigned.

Henry Gorkey has been appointed dog catcher and is now at work trying to collect a dog tax from those who have not paid.

A large number of the Red Lake Indians arrived in the city yesterday. They had a large amount of fur which they sold to local dealers and spent considerable money with the local merchants.

Rev. John Marsalek of Veseleyville N. D. a Bohemian priest, will arrive here Thursday May 9. He will give a Mission to the Bohemian people at the Catholic church on Friday and Saturday May 10 and 11. From here he will go to Badger for Sunday.

Removal sale at A. E. Abraham's May 6th he will be located in the Juneau building East side next to the bridge when he will be pleased to see all old customers and many new ones, he will a fresh and Clean stock of general merchandise at the lowest prices.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner and daughter, Catherine, of Kalispell, Mont., are in the city visiting old friends. Mr. Dobner was called east on business connected with the large lumbering concern in which he is interested and leaves again for Montana this afternoon. Mrs. Dobner and Catherine will remain here for three or four weeks more.

Quite a number of leaks have been discovered in the water mains this spring and the city has been put to considerable expense in making the repairs. The water works system thus far has been anything but a paying proposition for the city, but it is hoped this condition of affairs will be changed in the near future.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

An exceptional Comedy Subject.

The Drunken Mattress.

This is positively the funiest picture that has come over seas.

An elderly couple send their maid out to the yard with a mattress to renovate. She has started her work, but thirst over comes her she goes to a neighboring tavern for a drink. In the meantime a drunken man rolls along, speis the mattress and crawls in and goes to sleep. The maid sews the mattress up with the man inside and then attempts to take it back to the house. Then the fun begins. The antics of the mattress are indescritable. The maid finally get it into the house and puts it on the bed. The old couple then retire and of course the mattress again comes to life. The old folks are dumped out every time they attempt to lie on the bed. They throw it out of the window and it bursts open and the contents is discovered.

A Roaring Force comedy.

When the Stormy Winds Do Blow.

A very comical every day story in which an old man has a long chase to recover his hat.

The Tramp Dog.

A story of a clever dog and how it found its young mistress.

An Interesting Reading.

A gentleman is very interested in reading a paper. His absent mindedness leads him to many bad positions.

Illustrated Song "Smile on Me."

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	71c
Oats	31c
Flax	$1 06
Eggs	12c
Butter	20c
Creamery butter	31c

—For Sale—A nice Residence cheap. Geo. Elder.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.

Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

—300 bushels of good clean seed wheat and 200 bushels of White Russian oats for sale. Prices reasonable. Inquire of Paul A. Dahl, section 10, town of North.

—Wanted—To buy two yoke of oxen must be large ones. Geo. Elder.

—Wanted 1000 bushels oats enquire at the ice house. Geo. Elder.

AGAIN WE WIN.

This Decision Does Not Do Us Much Good, However.

Judge Watts has rendered another decision in the county seat case and as usual the case was decided in favor of Thief River Falls and against Red Lake Falls. As will be remembered after the decision of the state supreme court last winter, the county seat removal petition (the stolen one) was declared to be a legal one in every way and put at an end all litigation. That was a blow that hurt Red Lake Falls people as they could not longer keep the case in the courts, so they made application to have the judgement set aside and the case again opened up. In the decision rendered by Judge Watts, this is denied the Red Lake Falls people. Since this case was commenced, the petition has been stolen and the decision is of little value to Thief River Falls. It was never for a moment feared that the Red Lake Falls attorneys could have the case opened up.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath School at 10 a. m.
Evening worship at 8 p. m.
Christian Endeavor at 7.15 p.m.
Teachers meeting and Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p. m.

Our Men's Supper was made a success by the kind *patronage of our friends.*

We enjoyed the presence of the Odd Fellows at our morning worship last Sabbath.

Our evening Subjects are of special interest to young people at present.

All are welcome at our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday May 6.
Communion 11 a. m.
Preaching 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7 p. m.

The sacrament of baptism will be administered at the morning service.

Prayer meeting and bible study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Apr. 20

Anderson Miss G. G.
Carter C. S. Miss.
Everson Peder
Gragam Miss Gestude
Gunderson Jno.
Hallen A. D.
Kirby H. L.
Miller F. S.
Owen Morius
Ostegaard Miss Anna
Olson Christina
Rice Major A.
Sweet Minor
Smith Miss Marjie
Tweit Mrs. Nils
Woods Mrs. W. H.
Walberg Olof.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. —We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1906.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts Acres. Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	68.50
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	33	151	42	40
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	62.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	33.97
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
E½	16	151	43	320
All of	36	151	43	640
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	158.18
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼ NE¼, SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	230
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	20	154	44	43.23
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.26
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	22	153	45	160
E½	20	154	45	320
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440
DELINQUENT LANDS.				
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80
W½ NE¼	34	151	44	80

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Halvorson of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 25, 1906, for the NW¼ Section 12, township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 15, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn.
Engebret Vad " "
Nels Knutson " "
Knut Hagnas " "

R. J. Montague,
Register.

may 3 june 6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 28, 1906, for the NE¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 15, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Engebret Vad of Germantown, Minn.
Harry Halvorson " "
Nels Knutson " "
Knut Hagnas " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 3 june 6

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of *Joseph Lizotte,* Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the honorable Page Morris, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota.

Joseph Lizotte, of the Town of Louisville, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents, that on the 16th day of October, last past he was duly adjudicated a bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all of his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, excepting such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated November 16, 1906.

his
Joseph (X) Lizotte.
mark

Wm. P. Murphy, Esq.,
Attorney for Bankrupt
Crookston, Minnesota.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 25th day of April, A. D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at Fergus Falls, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1907.

{ SEAL OF THE COURT } Charles Spencer,
Clerk.
By L. A. Leverson, Deputy Clerk.

DRS. CRANDALL, & BARKE.

DENTISTS.

Office over First National Bank

DR. C. W. TEAL, D. V. S.,

Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.

Phone No. 235.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS;

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office, Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Hotel
Ogahmah
C. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

SPECIALIST

From the Engelman Medico-Surgical Institute, Detroit, Mich., Will Make Their First Visit to

Thief River Falls

And Will Be at the Hotel Rushford **Tuesday** *and* **Wednesday, May 7th and 8th.**

Tell Your Sick Friends.

TWO DAYS ONLY.

OFFICE HOURS: Tuesday, 1 to 8 p. m.; Wednesday, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

FREE

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They have discarded the old remedies used for ages by the medical world, and which it would be folly to depend upon any longer, for they do not cure, as thousands die depending on them for relief.

The fact that these Specialists have discovered entirely new treatments and natural cures, gives them control of the Nervous System, Heart, Stomach, Lungs, Kidneys, Catarrh, Consumption, Epilepsy, Deafness, Male and Female Weaknesses, Cancers, Tumors, Piles and other Chronic Diseases.

They treat deafness by an entirely new method, and hearing in many cases is restored at once. Catarrh in all its varied forms cured so that it will never return. If you have weak lungs or consumption do not fail to be examined.

All cases treated can and will be cured, no difference who you have seen or treated with heretofore. Thousands who have given up all hope of being cured, now have an opportunity to consult specialists of reputation.

Don't fail to call, as a visit costs you nothing and may save your life.

If you suspect kidney trouble, bring a two-ounce bottle of your urine for chemical and microscopical analysis.

REMEMBER:—The free offer is during this visit only and will not be given again. Persons commencing any treatment after this trip will be required to pay, but not one cent will be asked of those commencing treatment during this visit for any medicine necessary to effect a cure; also a positive guarantee to cure will be given to patients accepted under their system of treatment. Those having long standing and complicated diseases, who have failed to get cured and become discouraged, are especially invited to call, as thousands who have given up all hopes can testify to permanent cures obtained.

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A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Subscribe for the News.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not applly in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost. For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE AND NEWS STAND

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
ICE COLD SODA
JOHNSON'S VELVET ICE CREAM
PURE, SMOOTH AND WHOLESOME

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

The News: $1 per Year.

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press [illegible] and
MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

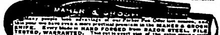

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the [illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, [illegible] $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months, [illegible] $1.40
Cut this advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

By Special License

By A. M. DAVIES OGDEN.

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Autumn was dying in a blaze of crimson and gold. Everywhere color fairly rioted, from the vivid blue of the cloudless arching sky, against which the green of scattered firs stood sharply defined, down to the wind blown leaves through which the old white horse shuffled his slow way. Squire Godfrey, justice of the peace for the county and now out riding circuit, let fall the reins while he gratefully inhaled long breaths of the clear October air. The nuts must surely be ripening.

From the woods on his left rang out the merry voices of children, and involuntarily the squire smiled. In those very woods forty years ago he and Hetty had gone a-nutting—Hetty, with her dancing roguish brown eyes, her plain little calico frock and the deep sunbonnet, always hanging by one string. How distinctly he could see the little figure!

Then the shaggy gray eyebrows met in a heavy frown over the keen blue eyes. What was Hetty to him but the girl who had flouted and mocked him, driving him away from home for these wretched ten years! Well, he had come back and made a success of his life, and the squire's frown smoothed itself as he reflected on the prosperity which was his. And Hetty had married Johnson Wetherby, who had died not long after, leaving her with one boy to educate and care for. She had done it well, admitted the squire grudgingly. But that young John should have presumed to court his Susie! The squire's frown became a scowl as he whipped up the old white horse. He would have none of that nonsense.

Luckily Susie was a good girl. She submitted quietly enough to the thundering pronunciamento launched at her head by the irate squire. She was not to see Wetherby, not to write to him, except the one letter conveying her father's decision.

"And you cannot marry him without my consent for three years yet,"

"LEMUEL," SHE MURMURED.

chuckled the squire, "for I won't sign the license. Of course if you choose to run off to some other county"—

But Susie shook her head. No, she would not do that.

It was well that he had been so firm, pursued the squire. He had been proved in the right, for it was a year now since Susie had even mentioned John's name. She was cured, just as he predicted she would be; otherwise he would scarcely have felt safe leaving her in charge of the office, according to former custom. But he could trust Susie; she was his own child. Perhaps the squire overlooked the fact that he himself had not yet forgotten.

As he drew up at the little inn which was to be his first halting place the man was surprised to see a familiar looking buggy already fastened in the trim wooden shed. The tavern was a quaint, homely building, white and square, with tall pillars and green shutters. At the rear ran a wide, sunny veranda. The squire, going through the dark, chilly hallway, pushed open the the swing door. Then he stopped short. Facing him rose a slim, white faced little woman clad in dusty black bombazine. The worn hands, tightly clasped together, shook a bit, but the brown eyes met his own with the old dauntless look.

"Lemuel," she murmured.

"Hetty," responded the squire, bewilderedly breaking the silence of thirty years.

A sudden appeal flashed up into the thin face. Her fingers strained themselves desperately in their cotton gloves.

"Lemuel," she began again, "I—I want to speak to you—I've wanted to for a long time, but you wouldn't let me. Then John told me that you would probably stop here today"—

"Ah, yes, John," said the squire in an altered tone. "For the moment I had forgotten John. It is to him, then, that I am indebted for this pleasure," his stubborn mouth wrinkling into a sudden sarcasm.

Mrs. Wetherby regarded him with a level glance.

"Yes, it is John," she said steadily. "For my own sake I should never have [illegible]. That you chose to take as serious a bit of girlish folly, a childish pique which one kind word from you would have melted, for all that—let it go. The past is past. But John, my boy—must his life, too, be spoiled? He loves your daughter. She loves him," unheeding the squire's angry flush. "Must they lose their youth and let life's sweetest years be sacrificed merely to satisfy a dislike of me, Lemuel?" A passionate energy inspired her eager words.

"Dislike," repeated the squire thoughtfully. "Dislike. Was it really that?" Whatever his faults, the squire was truthful. "But, Hetty," a sudden warmth breaking into his own voice, "Hetty, you said—you said 'spoiled too.' Do you mean that you cared? Did you, Hetty?" with compelling eyes on hers.

"Yes," said Mrs. Wetherby simply, "I cared. And you went away, you never wrote, and so—at last—I married Johnson Wetherby. He was a good husband." A sudden impulse of loyalty toward the dead surged within her.

"And I married Susan Martin," mused the squire aloud, but he was conscious of what he was saying. A great wonder held him fast. Was this the quiet, self repressed woman who all these years had sat across the aisle from him every Sunday morning in church, this slender, vibrant creature, trembling in the might of her demand for happiness of her son? Was this the woman whom he had believed without feeling? In a sudden flash of insight he caught himself, a man cherishing the hidden resentment which year by year hardened character and face, while she— A tender reverence slowly crept into the stern old eyes.

"Come," he said gently, "we'll have some dinner, and then we can talk about John."

When, a week later, the squire's buggy pulled up before the honeysuckle laden porch of home, the owner's brows were drawn together into a semblance of its former frown. The mouth held its accustomed lines. Only in the deep set blue eyes a new light gleamed irrepressibly. But Susie did not see. The girl came slowly to the door. Close behind followed a tall, slim young fellow with steady brown eyes. The squire stared.

"Father," announced Susie, pale, but resolute, "I want to tell you at once that I'm married to John. The blank licenses for any one needing them were on your desk already signed. It was only necessary to fill in the names. I—I hope you forgive me. But if you don't," as her father still stared with features unrelaxed, "I'm ready to go. I couldn't leave the house alone, though. And, besides, I wanted to tell you myself. We were married this morning." The squire's own defiant will beamed from her blue eyes. She was his own child, all right, the squire recognized, with an amused recollection of his former thought, and he could hardly sue himself for issuing a license to a minor without her parent's consent, his own name being signed to the document.

The squire threw down his reins.

"Well," he capitulated, "if it's done, it's done. And we were planning to give you such a fine wedding too!" Then as an amazed "we" broke from the startled girl Squire Godfrey leaned over and patted the curly head.

"I'm not going to scold," he declared heartily. "Fact is, I'm married myself. My wife's waiting now at the hotel for you to come; said I must tell you myself first. So run and get on your hat, John," while a long, searching look passed between the two men as their hands met, "you've got to be doubly a son to me now. Your mother has taken me at last."

Revenge Is Sweet.

In ordinary life he was a very important person, for he was a judge; but, alas, his liver got out of order just the same as if he had been an ordinary mortal, and a brother luminary had advised him to take a Turkish bath. It was a luxury he had not previously indulged in, and he noticed that the rubber was terribly rough. However, he patiently endured being punched, slapped and poked until he could stand the torture no longer.

"Is—it—qui-te—neces-sary—to—make—me—black—and—blue—all—over?" panted his lordship.

"Never you mind; you're all right," responded the rubber, redoubling his energy and grinning diabolically.

"Who (slap, groan) are (thud, groan) you?" gasped the judge, a horrible suspicion dawning in his mind. "Your (whack, groan) face does (whack, groan) look fa—(groan) look fa—(groan) miliar" (swish, groan).

"Oh, you remember me, do you?" growled the rubber sarcastically. "Well, mebbe you'd like to have the chance to send me up for six months again for prize fighting—whoosh."—Pearson's Weekly.

Humors of Sculpture.

"When architects insist on decorating the facades of public buildings with symbolical groups," remarked a New York philosopher, "they often add unconsciously to the humor of everyday life. Just look at those two cherubs over the central window on top of the hall of records, for example. How can any one with a memory ever forget the scandals of the construction of that building in looking at these two figures? One of them is plainly going over the account books of the cost, while the other one is peering downward, as if he were trying to get a glimpse of that imitation marble work that has been put up on the walls of the upper stories. And the best of it is that such stories last. Who ever went to Washington for the first time that he did not have to listen to that yarn about the statue of Columbus or Washington or some one else that stands in front of the capitol, throwing the ball up to the Goddess of Liberty on [illegible]

THE DETECTIVE STORY

Origin and Growth of the Clever Amateur Sleuth.

VOLTAIRE WAS HIS CREATOR.

The Great French Writer Introduced Him to the World of Fiction—The Genius of Poe and Gaboriau and Conan Doyle's Sherlock Holmes.

Most persons who read detective stories, and most literary critics, too, believe that this very popular form of fiction was invented by Edgar Allan Poe. They point to his story of "The Purloined Letter" as being the first of its kind—the first in which is introduced the man of keen mind, of close reasoning and of constructive imagination, who is able to piece together certain facts that are known and then by brilliant deduction to pass from them to other facts which are not known, but the truth of which he is able to establish beyond a doubt.

Poe himself had a mind precisely of this character—the mind of a mathematician, subtle, logical and capable of searching analysis. He once gave a remarkable illustration of what he could do as an investigator of mysterious crime. A young shopgirl named Mary Rogers was found murdered under circumstances which excited great public interest in New York. The police were completely baffled, though they advanced a theory which was plausible in part. Poe, taking the facts that were admitted, wove them into a story, the scene of which he laid in Paris and which he called "The Mystery of Marie Roget." Then from what was known he passed by deductive reasoning to what was quite unknown and worked out a solution to the puzzle which no professional detective had been able to explain. Years afterward the confession of a dying man afforded proof that Poe was right and that he had reconstructed accurately the whole series of events which led to the death of Mary Rogers.

This remarkable achievement fixed in the public mind the notion that this use of logic blended with imagination was original with Poe. As a matter of fact, it is almost certain that Poe, who was deeply versed in French literature, got the suggestion of the method from reading certain passages in the oriental tale called "Zadig," by Voltaire. In this book a young man is questioned as to whether he had seen a stray dog and horse that might have passed him on his journey. In reply he describes very accurately the peculiarities of both, though he had not seen them. He had deduced his knowledge from observing certain indications along the way—the nature of the footprints and many other signs which the ordinary person would either not have noticed or would have been too dull to understand. Here is really the germ of the conception which Poe so brilliantly elaborated in the story of "The Purloined Letter," where we find exhibited the striking contrast between the working of a usual mind and the achievements of a mind of exceptional power and training.

Poe's central figure, the amateur detective, was afterward caught up and elaborated with great effect by several French writers, of whom the chief was Emile Gaboriau. Gaboriau gave the world the character of M. Lecoq in the remarkable novel of that name. Lecoq is a professional detective, but appears in that book as a novice, inexperienced, but full of intelligence and enthusiasm and obliged to work out his clews against the secret opposition of his official chief, Gevrol, who is jealous of the young detective. In the background is the interesting figure of the real amateur detective, old Father Tire-au-Clair ("Bring-to-light"), a retired tradesman who studies crime from sheer love of the intellectual puzzle which it affords him and which he solves by purely scientific deduction.

Sir Conan Doyle in creating Sherlock Holmes openly acknowledged his great indebtedness to Poe. Like Poe's hero, Holmes works apart from the official police and is consulted by them when they are wholly at a loss. Many of the incidents in the Holmes cycle of stories were suggested by the inventions of Poe. Yet it is only fair to say that Doyle has gone one step further than his master. Poe's characters are abstractions. They are like chessmen on the board and excite interest only because of the complexity of the problem which they are made to solve. Doyle's characters, on the other hand, are drawn with sympathy and a shrewd insight into human nature. They entertain us by their whims and individual traits no less than by the adventures through which they pass. Thus Holmes' addiction to the cocaine habit, his trick of smoking great quantities of shag tobacco when thinking out a problem, his dislike of women, his skill as a boxer—in fact, a score of traits all give him individuality and make us think of him as a fascinating character quite apart from his powers as a deductive reasoner. And it is so with the minor personages as well—Watson, the somewhat obtuse chronicler of the adventures; Lestrade and Gregson of the official police and Moriarty, the arch criminal.

But, however brilliant Poe may have been, or however ingeniously Gaboriau may have spun tangled plots, or however ably Conan Doyle may have given life and reality to the central figure of his stories, they all derive their inspiration, whether consciously or not, from the clever tale told by the famous Frenchman before Poe saw the [illegible]

0:95

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 2, 1907.

Citizens of Red Lake Falls seem to be taking a great interest in the "dear farmers" just at present.

Good morning. Have you signed the county seat removal petition? If not do so inside of the next sixty days.

The Duluth Herald last week issued a 92 page industrial edition Duluth, in the near future, will be the largest city in Minnesota and one of the great cities of the United States. And if the Herald remains under its present management, it will always be a pace ahead of Duluth.

The senators and representatives who represented the people of the Red River Valley in the late session of the legislature kept very close to the people and voted right upon most every proposition. Not many mistakes were made by the voters of this section last fall and we hope that in 1908 the same good judgment will be used.

By passing an anti-pass law that will not go into effect until their term of office expires, the members of the house of representatives who supported this measure placed themselves in rather a ridiculous position. In fact they virtually said that it would be allowable for the railroads to bribe the present members of the legislature with passes, but that they must not do it in the future.

If you believe that the people of Red Lake county are capable of settling the county seat question for themselves, sign the county seat removal petition and aid in getting the matter before the voters at the earliest possible time. Let the voters of Red Lake county decide for themselves which town in the county shall be the county seat. Thief River Falls is willing to abide by the decision of the majority.

The credit for the passage of the few good laws enacted by the late legislature is due entirely to about fifteen or twenty fearless members of both the house and senate who forced a vote upon important matters, and by this method kept a whole lot of weak-kneed legislators, who feared public sentiment, in line. Many of those who voted for the laws desired by the people did so simply because they feared to do otherwise.

The twin city papers say that Elmer E. Adams, member of the house from Otter Tail county, was not one of the popular members of that body and assigns as a cause the fact that Mr. Adams killed off too many of the woodchuck bills. Mr. Adams may not have been popular in the house, but with the people who read the proceedings of the legislature and had no special interests at stake other than to see good laws enacted, he made a decided hit. We would like to see a whole lot more men of his stamp elected in 1908.

A dishonest employe of the essay office at Seattle is about to earn a fortune of $200,000 by spending six years in jail. He stole gold dust from Alaska to the amount of a quarter of a million, but only $50,000 of this has been claimed by the men from whom it was stolen. The rest of them do not know of their losses or cannot establish them. So although the government knows that this man has stolen all of the gold remaining in his possession it can find no way to keep him from owning and enjoying it after he is released. The trouble about an incident of this kind is the temptation it offers to other men, to go and do likewise. A man cannot often earn $33,333 a year in honest employment, and if he is badly bitten by the desire to gain riches he may coldly calculate on a big thief, a term in prison and the enjoyment of ill gotten riches in some other part of the world during the remainder of his life. It is evident that the punishment of this sort of a thief needs to be changed to meet the crime more fully than it does at present.

That it pays the people to take an interest in county matters and as far as possible cut out the grafters is well illustrated by the financial condition of two counties in this section of the state. Beltrami county, which has been organized just ten years, now has a bonded indebtedness of $122,000 and outstanding warrants amounting to $129,863 or a total indebtedness of $251,836. On the other hand Norman county has not a dollar of bonded indebtedness and the outstanding warrants amounts to only $18,552. Both counties have during the past few years built large and expensive court houses, the Norman county building is said to be the best, although it may not have cost as much. In this connection it may be stated that Beltrami county has been collecting far more each year in taxes than has Norman and notwithstanding this fact during the past year Beltrami county increased its indebtedness about $30,000 while Norman county reduced its indebtedness $4,697. This is a lesson that should be a warning to Red Lake county tax payers. Things have not always been run right in Red Lake county, and much of the taxpayers' money has been squandered in the past. Last election the voters of the county cut loose from the Red Lake Falls gang and we can expect better things in the future here.

One of the most important reports made by a legislative committee this year was that of the Sundberg committee which investigated the value and cost of operating the railroads of Minnesota. The work was authorized by the legislature for the purpose of securing data to aid in determining whether or not the roads were paying their fair share of the state's taxes and also whether or not the income per cost of construction and maintainence was abnormally high. The committee worked three months and their report is unusually exhaustive and complete. A summary of the report shows that the total value of railroad property in the state is $215,000,000 or approximately $27,000 per mile. This property is now capitalized at $100,000,000 or over $50,000 per mile. In other words almost half the capital of the Minnesota railroads is water and the people have been paying rates such that substantial dividends have been paid on almost $200,000,000 capital that does not exist. The roads have received from the state and the national governments in land grants 14 000,000 acres of lands. The roads of the state earned on an average during 1906 of $5,000 per mile net. Concerning the Great Northern road the committee reports that during the past four years it has earned in Minnesota $39,1179.40 per mile of road. Its expenses during the four years have aggregated $17,609,52 per mile of road, leaving a net profit on each mile of road in the state of $21,896.88 for the four years. It will thus be seen that the legislation adopted this winter reducing rates on both freight and passengers has not imposed any very serious hardship.

Let the Voters Decide.

The Red Lake Falls Courier of last week made an appeal to the farmers of Red Lake county asking them not to sign the new county seat removal petition now being circulated by Thief River Falls, giving as a reason that the county seat fight was checking the growth and development of Red Lake county. For the benefit of the Courier, the NEWS desires to state that—largely at the instigation of farmers of Red Lake county—the fight will be continued until the voters of Red Lake county decide for themselves which town in the county is to be made the permanent county seat. A little over two years ago this fight was started, and had it not been for the fake injunctions which the down river town had issued, the election would have been held and the matter decided inside of six months. After the county seat case had gone to supreme court, the petition legalized in every way and the court ordering the county commissioners to meet and consider the number of legal signatures upon the petition, the petition was stolen. Had not that petition been stolen, nothing could have prevent an election being held this summer to decide the county seat question, excepting, of course, that enough withdrawals were secured from the petition to make the number left below the sixty per cent mark.

If the county seat fight is delaying the progress and development of Red Lake county, who is responsible? Is it the majority of the people of Red Lake county who have petitioned to have the matter decided by the voters, or is it the professional litigants of Red Lake Falls who are trying to ride rough shod over the will of a majority of the residents of Red Lake county?

The Courier further says that "Red Lake county is looked at askance by investors and home seekers on account of the trouble within her borders." We have not noticed this any. Not one week has passed by, we will venture to say, since the county seat fight was started two years ago, that has not seen new settlers come into northern Red Lake county to make their home. It may have had a different effect upon Red Lake Falls and the surrounding territory, however, and if the prospective investors and homeseekers have taken the trouble to look up the record Red Lake Falls has made in the county seat fight from the first fake injunction they had issued down to the stealing of the county seat removal petition, we cannot blame them if they did look "askance" at the present county seat of Red Lake county and come to Thief River Falls.

All that Thief River Falls and the people who are now signing the petition for the county seat removal are asking is that the matter be left to the voters of Red Lake county to decide. There is nothing unreasonable in this. It is a constitutional right which our government gives us. If it requires several years of litigation before the people of Red Lake Falls will allow this question to be voted upon and this causes investors and homeseekers to pass us by, who will be to blame? Thief River Falls is willing to have the question settled at any moment. But until it is settled, this city is going to carry on an aggressive fight.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

The Facts of the Case.

The Plummer Pioneer last week published an affidavit signed by John Duffy to the effect that the said Duffy does not own any mortgage against the Pioneer plant. Mr. Latta, the publisher of the Pioneer, is very indignant because any such story should be in circulation, and yet he is reponsible for this same story being in circulation.

In order that the public may judge as to whether or not there was any foundation for starting the rumor to the effect that Mr. Duffy had a mortgage upon the Pioneer plant, it may be well to publish a little history. About a year ago Mr. Latta came to Thief River Falls and interviewed a number of citizens here about securing a loan of $1600 upon the Pioneer plant. At that time he stated that John Duffy had a mortgage upon his plant for this sum which was due and if it was not paid, the Pioneer would pass into the hands of Red Lake Falls people. No one could be found here who would advance $1600 upon the security Mr. Latta had to offer and the matter had to be dropped. Mr. Latta continued to publish the Pioneer, but as to what arrangements he made in the way of a loan, no one in this city is in a position to say. We do know, however, that about this time the Pioneer, which had heretofore been an ardent supporter of Thief River Falls for county seat, switched over to Red Lake Falls and since that time has been supporting that town. The natural supposition was that Mr. Duffy gave Mr. Latta the financial aid he could not get in Thief River Falls.

VILLAGE WON.

Case of Village of Plummer Against Town of Emardville.

The supreme court last week sustained the decision of Judge Watts in the case of the Peterson against the town of Emardville. The following is the decision: E. Peterson, respondent, vs. the Town of Emardville, appellant.

Syllabus: First—Upon a division of a town and the creation of an independent municipality from a part of its territory the settlement of a self-supporting person is in the municipality in which he happens to dwell at the time of such division, but if a person goes from one part of the town to another part which is afterwards incorporated as a new municipality, and is there continuously supported from the date of his removal until such division as a pauper by the old town, it thereafter continues liable for his support.

Second—The evidence is sufficient to support the verdict of the jury to the effect that the person for whose support compensation is claimed from the defendant town was continuously supported by it as a pauper during the entire time that he dwelt in that part of its territory which was afterwards incorporated as an independent villag.

Order affirmed. —Start, C. J.

Need No Special Stamp.

Postoffice department officials are looking forward with interest to the putting into effect of the law permitting the transmission of letters and packages for special delivery where the necessary 10 cents postage is attached, in addition to the ordinary postage. The law will become effective July 1st, next and is intended to do away with usual special delivery stamp. It is believed at the department that a considerable increase in business will result from the new system of special delivery and that the public will appreciate the saving of trouble in not being required to purchase the familiar blue stamp so long in use.

—For Sale—40 acres land near town. Geo. [illegible]

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

Joel G Winkjer's Interesting Article in the Dairy Record.

Tells of the Test Association That Has Been Organized at St. Hilaire.

The first month's work of the St. Hilaire Test Association at this writing is nearly complete and to those who work with all the reports and see the many differences in the individual cow and in the different herd records, it is very interesting, and I wish it could be the lot of every farmer to do some of that work, and I am sure it would impress them so much that the Test Association would be a necessity for their community.

It seems peculiar to one who has seen the good of the herd record and the test association, the farmers are so slow to take hold of the work. It is the case, however, that it takes the work of some wideawake person in a community to show up the good of this work and stir up the interest so that his neighbors will co-operate and share in the benefits. The buttermakers as a class are more progressive than the dairymen on the farm and keep their eye on up to date methods and from them can be expected more efforts in stirring up interest in this matter than from the farmers themselves.

Mr. Geo. L Austin of St. Hilaire is one of the first buttermakers in the state to wake up to the importance of the test association and has had one started at St. Hilaire. This association bids fair to become a successful one and in that event Mr. Austin will rightly receive the honor for starting the first successful test association in the state.

The test association will increase the output of the creamery, from the same territory as before it was started, and it is the part of any buttermaker's work to increase the output of the creamery. It's not so easy a matter to get one started, but it will show the mettle of the buttermaker if he gets one going.

The successful operation of a test association, it is believed, necessitates a man to do the testing and go from farm to farm and take the records. This looks expensive to the farmer in a new community although it is a paying investment, and in the St. Hilaire test association it is planned to have the farmers send in the records by mail.

The members of the association are patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery and a few members are also from Thief River Falls, Plummer and Red Lake Falls creameries. The patrons of the other creameries have the milk tested by the buttermakers of their own creamery and send the records to the test association in ready printed envelopes prepared for that purpose. When the importance of this association becomes impressed on the farmers, then each of these creameries will be ready to take hold and have their own test association. Much will depend on the success of this test association and it is hoped that each of these places in Red Lake county will be successful in getting their own organization.

THE CHURN.

The churn is the piece of machinery that the buttermaker takes most pride in keeping good looking as it is the most striking in appearance when you come into a creamery. Most of the churns I have seen look old and this is mostly caused by scrubbing the outside with strong, hot soapsuds that take the paint right off. From what I have seen now, I would avoid washing as much as possible and keep it clean by wiping with waste partly soaked in separator oil. This will keep the new gloss on the paint and the thin coating of oil that the hoops and other iron parts get, will keep them from rusting. Oiled waste will take off rusty grease spots on the gear end of the churn better than any washing can do. One should be particular in not letting the scalding hot wash water used in the inside get on the outside of a new churn for that will discolor the paint right away.

The inside of the churn can be kept clean by washing with scalding hot water twice each time it is washed. Where the churn gets that yellow coating inside it is generally found that too cold water is used to wash it with. The first water that is used need not be any hotter than to melt the fat freely, but the second and third washing, if used, should be as hot as steam will make it, and even carrying it from wash sink to churn cools it off too much. It is best to have a pipe that can be connected with steam right over the churn and extend it into the water with a noiseless heater on the end. This noiseless heater can be cheaply constructed with tees and pipes and should be big enough to heat the water quickly. After the churn has been washed this way, should be turned with the cover up so as to allow the steam to escape. With the hot water for the inside and wiping for the outside, the churn can be kept in a condition pleasing to the eye and nose.

THE REFRIGERATOR.

The common fault with the refrigerators built in the creameries is that they are too high and the ice is not placed in such a position that good refrigeration can be had. The size of the room should be no larger than just so it will hold the largest possible one week's make at that creamery, and no higher than any one can stand straight up inside, for no one wants to pile tubs any higher than that.

Often a mistake is make in placing the ice too low. The principle to be remembered in building the ice room is that the cold air drops down from the ice as long as it is colder than the surrounding air. The higher you get your ice the more complete and effective will be the circulation to cool the room.

The value of complete and constant refrigeration for butter is too often underrated by buttermakers and creamery managers. Butter loses several points in quality on being softened by a high temperature. It is an easy matter to have a little hole 12 x 14 inches in the wall of a refrigerator in which three window lights may be put to give two air spaces. This will give light in the refrigerator and you can close the door while you go in there and prevent any unnecessary loss of cold air.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

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New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Tales of Travlers.

Oscar Hanson, wheat buyer for the Hanson & Barzen Elevator campany at Sandridge, was in the city last week. Mr. Hanson states that Sandridge, is having quite a boom this spring. Besides the new creamery being built there, a cement block manufacturer has located there: Sandridge now has two general stores and blacksmith shop and will have a third general store in the *near future.*

⁂

C. E. Lewis, the well known Minneapolis commission man recently returned from a trip through the wheat raising section of the south. Mr. Lewis says that the bug infection now extends to within one tier of counties from the southern Nebraska line, and that there is nothing to indicate that the damage in Kansas will not ultimately be as extensive as in Oklahoma, where some of the wheat and oat fields look as tho they had been swept by a prairie fire.

⁂

"I consider late seeding the best," said a well known elevator man to the NEWS. Wheat that has been in the ground for a week or two past has not started to grow any and in many cases damage has been done to the seed. Let the wheat come up with the weeds and get a fair show."

⁂

"Talk about wild towns," remarked a traveling man at the Ogahmah the other day, "I guess Prince Albert up in Canada was about the limit for a few days this spring. I was at Prince Albert when the logging camps broke up and over 2,000 men who had spent the winter in the woods working for the Prince Albert Lumber company received their pay. They all had good sums of money coming and the way a large majority of them tried to part with their earnings was a caution. There are only four or five saloons in Prince Albert, but men were packed in these like sardines. Ten dollars was the price set for calling up the house and an army of bartenders were employed in the saloons. It did not take the men long to part with their winter's earnings.

⁂

The speedy revival of the lignite industry in North Dakota and Montana is certain to be one of the immediate results that will follow the establishment of the proposed big steel plant at Duluth or at least Harvey M. Simonson of Chicago thinks so.

Mr. Simonson passed through Thief River Falls last week on his way East, after an extensive trip throughout the Dakotas and Montana. He was strong in his belief that the lignite industry in the Northwest, which for the past year or two has been in a moribund condition, is due to be speedily galvanized into new life, and all because of the determination of the Steel corporation to establish its mammoth plant at the head of Lake Superior.

"They are getting ready for a big revival in the lignite industry out in the Dakotas and Montana," said Mr. Simonson. "I understand that there was a time a few years ago when the industry was a leading one, but for some reason or other it has suffered an almost total eclipse during the past two years or so. I was out in that section trying to work up sentiment for a certain line of hardware, but during the past few weeks the intention of starting up the old lignite industry has been so marked that I am on my way back to Chicago to get my house to consider the advisability of handling the machinery that is used for mining lignite.

"I found this sudden revival of interest in lignite to be so general and so sudden that I proceeded to sit up and take notice so to speak, and you may imagine my surprise at learning that the cause was the announcement that the Steel corporation is to build its big steel plant at Duluth.

"The people out West there figure it out in this way: The Steel corporation will need immense quantities of coke in the operation of its big plant, and coke is made out of soft coal. Now lignite is a form of soft coal, and if treated by the right process there is no reason—so argue the lignite men—why their own "Dakota mud," as they call it, will not be converted into just as good coke as is made from the varieties of soft coal found in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

"Their dream of coke made from lignite all hinges on the discovery of the "right process," but there seems to be a general feeling among the lignite men to the effect that the Steel corporation is in possession of just such a process. In fact, many of them believe that agents of the steel trust, are even now buying up lignite properties in the West with the intention of opening up mines when the Duluth plant is ready to begin operations, and from more than one man have I heard the statement that the present activity in lignite is due largely to the sudden, albeit clandestine, interest that the Steel corporation is showing in the lignite resources of several of the Western states."

⁂

Charley Chase, representing the Reed & Sherwood Manufacturing company, of Anoka, was in the city last week calling upon the trade. Mr. Chase says that there will be a great deal of building in all of the cities of the Northwest this year and that there is prosperity everywhere. His company like all others is greatly handicapped at times for want of cars, and he thinks it is about time for the railroads to get busy and buy more rolling stock.

⁂

"If you have money to invest and want to make a big rate of interest don't look for any mining stock or any other investment of that charater," said J. B. Patterson who travels for a Chicago house and was in Thief River Falls this week. "Just pick out some new country where clover, timothy and other tame grasses will grow and buy farm lands. Well posted men will tell you that land that will produce good tame grass crops will soon be the most valuable land in the world."

⁂

Several weeks ago hundreds of cars passed through Thief River Falls loaded with the effects of settlers who were enroute to the Canadian Northwest to make their home. The condition is now changed and many of them are now coming back again. Local railroad men are telling a very good story on one returning settler. It appears that when he went north about two months ago, he entertained the train crew by telling of the wonderful chances that a farmer had to get rich quick up in this new country. In his opinion the country had only one disadvantage, and that was that there was only about two months of good sleighing and he thought that if he raised the number of bushels of wheat to the acre that the literature distributed by the Canadian land companies said he could, he did not think he could haul all of his wheat to market in two months, and he did not like to market wheat in a wagon. Last week this same settler was on his way back to his home in Central Minnesota and it so happened that the same train crew that hauled him north had the pleasure of hauling him back. He was not as enthusiastic about the Canadian Northwest, and said that never again would he set his foot outside of Minnesota.

⁂

"*Down at Columbus, Ohio, there is* the material for the working up of a good magazine story by some clever writer," said W. J. Mace of Cleveland, "I dont know whether the particular phase of the story I refer to has reached the newspapers yet or not, but it has been told by them how a huge graft has been unearthed, and how the principals in it are very apt to be sent to prison for a considerable time.

"There is nothing new about the graft part of it. Some official or other got away with $100,000 of the city's money, and now they are after him good and hard. Others were implicated, but the one witness needed to rivet the facts down good and hard, so the offenders cannot possibly escape, has left town. He is a young fellow who was acting in the capacity of a go-between, and who did not realize just how serious the offense of the men involved was. He readily confessed his part in the affair, but before the case got along far enough for him to testify against the big fellows, he left town, and has not been seen since. The understanding is that he was paid about $40,000 or $50,000 to get out of the way, promising not to return until notified that he could.

"Well, after he had gone, leaving no word with either friends or relatives concerning his probable destination, the authorities woke up to try and locate him. They, or some one authorized by them, secured the services of the older brother of the young man, to try and locate him. The older brother, acting in the capacity of detective, is now scouring the country all expenses paid, and with an unlimited amount of capital at his command.

"It is argued that he will be better able to convince his brother that he should return and testify than to run away, and run all sorts of risks. If he is not found and brought back, a reward is to be offered for his return, and if captured it will go hard with him, for offense itself was sufficient to land him in state's prison, although he was to have been allowed to go free if he testified against the fellows higher up.

"The friendly detective is visiting all the big Atlantic seaports, in the hope that he will be able to find his brother sailing for distant lands, or at least find some trace of him. If he discovers that the fellow already has sailed, he will take the next boat and follow, and bring him back to the United States if he possibly can. It is a true case of brotherly love, for the detective realizes, as well as anybody, that it is very liable to go pretty hard with his brother if he follows out his present plan of escaping from justice I should think that, with the proper trimmings, a fellow could work up a pretty good story out of such a situation as that."

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PHONE 30.

Special Sale of

CROCKERY.

Commencing today we will offer for sale our entire stock of glassware, at one-fourth less than our regular price. Stock consists of cake plates, salid dishes, fancy plates, etc.

Baby Carriages.

Just received, a large consignment of baby carriages and go-carts. The best assortment ever brought to Thief River Falls, and in order to sell quickly, we have made a very low price upon all of these goods. Come and look our stock over before buying elsewhere. Prices range from $1.85 to $40.

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items Taken from the St. Hilaire Spectator of Last Saturday.

The starting of the Thief River Falls saw mill last Monday called quite a number of our citizens who will work there the coming summer.

The ice went out of the river last Tuesday, April 23rd. This is the latest for about fifteen years when there is a record that the ice left the river here on April 30th.

K. O. Gigstad received the sad news last Monday that his mother was dead and on Tuesday left for Valders, Wis., to attend the funeral which was held on Thursday. He expects to be gone a week or ten days.

There has been but one new case of scarlet fever in the village the past week at the home of John Carlson on Water street. This makes five residences in the village under quarantine. All of the cases so far have been exceedingly light and it is hoped the spread of the disease has been checked. The schools were closed last Monday and the school house has been thoroughly disinfected. School will not open on Monday but they may start some time during the week, providing no new cases develop. The quarantine is being strictly enforced and the school children are obeying the order not to play on the streets. The situation looks much better than it did a week ago.

E. M. Hoff concluded a deal this week whereby he becomes the owner of a large farm in Walsh county, N. D., near Adams, and C. A. Jeglum and Arne Thompson, of Adams, become the owners of Mr. Hoff's entire stock of general merchandise. The store is closed this week to take an invoice and it is the intention of the owners to open for business next Monday. C. A. Jeglum, the head of the new firm, is here taking the invoice, but will not remain. He is the cashier of the 1st National Bank of Adams.

Mr. Jeglum informs us that it is their intention to close out the stock here and that A. Johnson, assistant cashier of the State Bank of Edinburgh, N. D., will have charge of the store as manager.

Mr. Hoff has not yet decided what he will do, but will for the present remain here.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Death of M. C. Burns' Brother.

M. C. Burns, who left Healey's Falls, Ottawa, two weeks ago to attend the funeral of his brother, is expected to return to this city the latter part of this week. The following is an account of his brother's death taken from a Healey's Falls paper:

Another resident of Seymour township has passed over to the great beyond in the person of Mr. Patrick Burns, who resided near Healey's Falls. A few weeks ago he went to Ottawa as one of the delegates to the Trent Valley Canal and upon returning home he was taken ill and his case was diagnosed as enlargement of the spleen. On Saturday, April 6 he went to St. Michael's hospital, Toronto for treatment but his case was an incurable one and he passed away on Friday night, April 12. He was 46 years of age. Paddy, as he was called was a whole-hearted man, a good neighbor and very popular. His death was a great surprise to all, and his widowed mother and unmarried sister who lived with him have the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement. The funeral was held on Monday and was very largely attended. Service was held in St. Mary's R. C. Church, Rev. Father Whibbs officiating.

Field Meet

Fosston, McIntosh and Fertile have completed arrangements to hold a field meet at McIntosh during the last week of school. There will be twelve events, each school being represented by two students in each event, first place to count five points and second to count three points, the school securing the largest number being judged victors. Following is the list of events: Running high jump, Running board jump, Pole vault, 100 yard dash, 220 yard dash, 440 yard dash, Putting the shot, Throwing the hammer, 16lb., 1 mile relay race, Hurdle race, Tug of war, 6 on a side.

Hold Your Land.

One of our neighbors had occasion to visit Congressman Steenerson a short time ago and we are told that Mr. Steenerson advised him and all the other settlers around here to hold on to their land. "Land will be worth $40 an acre up there within five years," said he. "The government is going to drain all that country dry as a chip and people can't do any better than to hang on to their land."—Rollis Rumblings in Middle River Pioneer.

—Telephone No. 9 if you want to get the best meal, sausage, fish, oysters, etc.

MEET IS PROBABLE.

Minnesota City High Schools May Get Together In Latter Part of May.

There is a possibility that a Minnesota high school track meet will be held in Grand Forks shortly after the North Dakota track meet, which will be held May 17 and 18.

The matter has been taken up with the athletic officials of the university and the proposition is looked upon very favorably. For some time past the high schools of East Grand Forks, Crookston, Red Lake Falls, Thief River Falls and Warren have been discussing the matter of holding a meet. Crookston was looked upon as the place for holding such a meet, but the high school of that city has announced that it would be impossible for them to take care of the meet. Following this announcement, several of the schools asked the university of North Dakota to take up the matter.

The various cities are enthusiastic over the proposition, and all would send big delegations to the meet. The high schools would have the use of the university track and field, and at the same time there would be no expense to the university. The meet, if it is held, will be pulled off in the latter part of May.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

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CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

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You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

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FLOUR. FEED.

PIONEER FEED CO.

A FULL LINE OF FLOUR FEED AND SEEDS.

W. J. LaBREE, MGR. PHONE, 165.

A Self Annihilated Suitor.

By Jeannette Walden.

Copyright, 1907, by G. D. Daniels.

"A man must be willing not only to efface himself, but to blot himself out of existence if necessary, for my sake."

Jean Boyce made this statement without premeditation, driven to it by sheer ennui. It was the third time that she had been called upon to give her reason for not acquiescing in Maurice Ankeney's belief that they were made for each other, and this time she wanted it to be final.

They had just turned the corner into her home street. Jean hastened her steps as she spoke, with a little laugh of impatience.

Maurice Ankeney looked at her first with disappointment in his frank blue eyes, then speculation and at last amusement. "Could you care that much for any one?" he asked coolly.

"Oh, no"—her tone was matter-of-fact—"I couldn't! It isn't in me."

"Oh, I see. You demand it as a complementary quality in others."

He continued his scrutiny of her face as a smart trap with a man and woman in it rounded the corner. The woman—a stoutish blond with a mountain of lavender plumes on her head—was driving.

The warm color that came to Jean's cheeks as she returned the man's recognition deepened as the trap rolled past, for she knew that Maurice was watching her, and she felt the new, strange intentness in his gaze.

As for Ankeney, his expression suddenly became a mixture of calmness and stern determination. "I'll do it!" he exclaimed. And for this apparently eccentric remark he was rewarded by an electrifying look of inquiry from a pair of dark eyes.

"Do what?"

"Efface—I mean extinguish—myself by getting him for you."

The dark eyes became inscrutable.

"If you want Harold Buckley, you shall have him," he continued precipitately as they mounted the steps of Jean Boyce's home. "It will be an easy matter. He is only dazzled by her millions. It's you he really cares for. Madge Racer has no right to buy"—

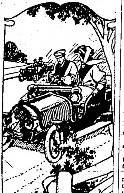

ANOTHER AUTOMOBILE CAME TOOTING UP BEHIND THEM.

"Maurice Ankeney, I'll never speak to you again." As Jean faced him with this emphatic announcement her blushes were fully accounted for by her anger.

"All right. I might as well die one way as another," and he was gone.

In the days that followed Jean Boyce had a new experience. Maurice Ankeney had never stayed away so long before, and she had missed him, a condition she had not thought possible. Still there was the counteracting annoyance of Harold Buckley and the heiress. It is true, she never realized that she cared for Buckley until she found that he was out of her reach. But Jean's self analysis could go no deeper than this, and her state of mind became chaotic once more, when one afternoon Harold Buckley called.

Jean's resentment was not wholly dispelled by Buckley's keenly correct valuation of the heiress. "She was fishing for a husband," he said, "and it's a good thing just to know such women. It makes one expert at estimating character."

Jean interpreted this last remark, "A man does not need to be bitten more than once," and she found herself wondering why she did not feel flattered by his confidence. Still she felt gratified by her triumph in bringing him back. She did not understand until afterward why his next remark quenched her elation.

"She has Maurice Ankeney on her book now, or, rather, he took her by storm. I never saw a fellow maneuver so." He spoke contemptuously. "But his splendid machine as they went bounding over the road with a red October sunset in their faces.

Another automobile came tooting up behind them and passed them on the road. It was occupied by Madge Racer and Maurice Ankeney.

The vague depression that had been haunting Jean became poignant. She felt misused.

"Queer taste he has," she observed, with a curl of her lip. Then to hide her pique she conjured a spirit of daring.

"Oh, let's pass them! Do, do!"

Harold Buckley, ready to please her or possibly for reasons of his own, entered into the sport and put on power with great abandon.

Jean was almost delirious with the excitement of swift motion. "How jolly"— Then came a sudden jolting and a desperate adjusting of brakes. They had struck a rocky place in the road. Before Harold could slow up Jean was almost shaken from her seat. The sun's rays, on a level with their eyes, blinded them. There was a loud report, a scream from Maurice Ankeney's auto, which they had grazed in stopping, and they toppled over into a shallow ditch, with an extra tire hanging to one of their wheels.

Jean felt a sharp pain in her arm as she picked herself up; then the diversion of what followed made her forget herself. The blond heiress followed up her screams by an attack upon Harold, who had just extricated himself whole from the ditch.

"Mr. Buckley, this is a great way to drive!" she cried in her high voice with its slightly foreign accent. "Why don't you look at your road?"

But she was instantly mollified by Harold's abject apologies and shook hands with him quite sweetly.

Maurice, who had got to work without loss of time, had almost finished putting on a new tire when Jean felt so faint that she had to sit down on the grass. The pain was coming back into her wrist.

It was just then that Maurice Ankeney happened to look over his shoulder. He burst out roughly to Harold, who was still busy with the heiress, "Don't you see the girl is hurt?"

He got to her first, but in a second they were all bending over her. She assured them that it was only a sprained wrist.

Maurice gave Buckley his handkerchief, ordering him to bandage the injured arm tight, and flew back to work again at the tire.

Jean received a feverish impression through her pain that there was a parley and almost an altercation. Maurice seemed to be out of patience with everybody, and the heiress played him a close second. Jean couldn't see all the time, but she heard Madge Racer's voice grow shriller and shriller.

"No; Mr. Buckley must take the back seat with Miss Boyce. I'll ride in front."

But Mr. Buckley said that some one must stay with the disabled machine. It came hastily to Jean that he suggested Maurice as the one to do this. At this Madge Racer insisted that they take Buckley's auto in tow.

After what seemed hours to Jean she felt herself lifted up in somebody's arms, and the next thing she knew the wind of rapid motion against her face brought everything clear to her. Maurice at her side looked back grimly over his shoulder and swore under his breath.

"All right?" he questioned, seeing her looking at him. "Guess I surprised them this time. She thought I was going to wait to take Buckley in tow, with you about to keel over there on the ground."

"But I didn't keel over." Her voice sounded far away.

"Oh, no, you didn't. You're game. I'd like to see the heiress in the same fix."

There was so much of genuine admiration in his look and tone that Jean took new strength for a moment. She must have been weak, too, or she would not have said what she did next.

"Do—do you really care for her money?"

Maurice gave her a sharp, quick look. "You must be out of your head," he muttered as he bent again over the guide wheel.

When he was ready to leave her at home, after the sprain had been cared for and the color was creeping back into her cheeks, he stood over her couch and asked humbly:

"Am I sufficiently blotted out?"

"I think you are," she laughed.

"But I'd like you to be sure," he insisted.

"I am sure," declared Jean, and the look that came into his blue eyes told her that he was satisfied.

Trespass Notices.

"Here is a curious notice which appears on a sign near Saddleworth church, known to fame as the burial place of the victim of the Bills o' Jack's murder," writes a Manchester correspondent. "It is a bold attempt to escape the conventionality that imposes itself on other property owners: 'The law comes down with a heavy penalty on any person found trespassing on this land.'"

It is only a verbal improvement on the time honored falsehood, "Trespassers will be prosecuted." We prefer the authoritative announcement that used to appear in the grounds at a certain learned judge's country place in the last century. It ran: "Trespassers can not be prosecuted unless they pursue game or do willful damage. But reasonable force may and will be used to remove trespassers, and they are liable to an action at common law."

It is said that this notice, displayed at various points on the judge's frontiers, so terrorized the countryside that for years there was not so much as a beef tin or an old newspaper caught on the wrong side of the fence.—[illegible]

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargments and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.0-

DR. J. E. DORAN,

202 Nicollet Ave.—Minneapolis, Minn

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 967, made November 29, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 9, Township 154 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 16, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K Am[illegible], of Germantown, Minnesota.
Ole E. Wiseth, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
Otto Taralseth, " " "

apr 11 may 16 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 3, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hilma Westman, formerly Hilma Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 7907 made Dec. 14, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 155 N., Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County at Warren, Minnesota, on May 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn.
John Hedlund, " " "
Emanuel Andeen, " " "
Lars F. Larson, " " "

april may 16 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5, 1907, viz: Daniel J. Helle H. E. No. 6770 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3 & 4 of Sec. 36 in Tp. 152 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Halvor H. Reindal, of Lillo, Minnesota.
Kittil Slettetveit, of Grit, "
Ole Swenson, of Garnes, "
Siver Maaren, of " "

apr 18 may 23 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 5[illegible]6 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N. Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Oluf Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Rosnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tveden, " " "

apr 25 may 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 22, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Kristen of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June [illegible] 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.
John O'Donnelly, " " "
Jacob Vat, " " "
Engebret Vat, " " "

apr 25 june 6 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

PARK ADDITION IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE RED LAKE RIVER AND RED LAKE RAPIDS. LOOK IT OVER AND SEE

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Hotel Northern

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Vavrik, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 351, made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 21, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 6th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Mat Staska, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Frank Kratochvil, of Germantown, "
John Vakoc, " " "
Frank Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, "

mar 28 may 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April, 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jerry O'Brien of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1126 made April 19, 1905, for the N. W. ¼ Section 32, Township 153 N., Range 40, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndress, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Katie O'Brien, " " "

apr 4 may 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr 2, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Katie O'Brien, of Sunbeam, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. 1127 made April 10, 1905 for the Lots 1, 6, & E½ N.W. ¼ Section 31, Township 153 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on 6th May 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

William G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, Minn.
Walt McAndress, " " "
Even J. Sund, " " "
Jerry O'Brien, " " "

apr 4 may 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

THE NEWS, $1

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FATE OF FRANCHISE QUESTION

People of Sweden Will Soon Know What Parliament Will Do in the Matter.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Says Mr. Hugo Vallentin, the well known Stockholm correspondent: "The Swedish people are now approaching the moment when the fate of the franchise question at this session of parliament will be settled. As you know the proposal made for the settlement of this problem by the present government the conservation ministry of Mr. Lindman, is a system of proportional representation in both chambers combined with a change in the constitution of the first chamber. This system of proportional representation by which the conservative party seeks to preserve the growing democracy is the kernel of the whole proposal. It will, while professing to be a just reform through which all parties will be represented according to their strength, be nothing of the kind. It will insure a strong conservative minority in the second chamber, and although the present proposal so far is an improvement on former proposals of the same kind, as it includes the first chamber, it will not change the appearance of this chamber to such an extent that it will balance the gain the conservatives will make. Yet it is an improvement no doubt. Neither of the two other proposals for proportional representation has touched the first chamber at all. Mr. Lindman introduces the novelty of proportional representation in the senate as well. To make this anything but a farce, he has already been obliged to introduce a proportional elective system in the bodies which elect the first chamber, i. e., the town councils in the towns and county councils in the counties. What the result will be is difficult to foresee. I should say that Mr. Lindman's proposal will be defeated in the second chamber by a few votes. The same will be the case with the socialist proposal also, although, of course, the adherents of their proposals will be much less in number."

The two most prominent singers on the Stockholm musical comedy stage, Emma Meissner and Rosa Gruenberg, will arrive in New York in the beginning of June with the plan of making a short tour through the states with Dr. Victor Nilsson, of Minneapolis, as their impresario. As their program with one or two exceptions consists entirely of Swedish songs and dances they will principally count upon Swedish-American audiences, which will hail them with enthusiasm. They are both engaged at the Oscar theater in Stockholm for musical comedy opened last fall in the presence of King Oscar and the whole royal family, under the management of Albert Ranft, the George Edwards of Sweden. The two charming ladies are the favorites of the public and when they appear the theater is crowded, as for instance now, when the graceful Mrs. Meissner sings the principal part in "The Gay Widow," which has been running for a couple of months with all seats booked in advance. Miss Gruenberg is the happy possessor of a most beautiful voice, which certainly will create as great enthusiasm among her countrymen and countrywomen in America as it has done here. Their visit will necessarily be a short one, as their holiday only lasts a couple of months, but it will contribute to the strengthening of the feeling of brotherhood between the old country and the new, which has sprung up of late years for the good and the honor of the people on both sides.

The winter season in Stockholm has been livelier than ever. So many dinners, balls and parties and public functions of every kind have never before taken place during the winter months. The "good times" have, of course, had a great deal to do with it. A lot of people have made money easily and felt inclined to spend it as easily. Although of late there has been a decided fall in prices owing to the shortness of money abroad and therefore a lullaby in affairs, still there has been no crisis here and the dangerous quarter date has passed without any serious mishap.

Count de Lagerkrantz, the newly appointed Swedish minister to Washington, D. C., has arrived in the United States and is ready to present his credentials to the president. When he arrived in New York the other day, the diplomat said that there existed much kindly interest for America in Sweden and that it was the ardent desire on the part of King Oscar to establish closer trade relations with America.

King Oscar seems to benefit greatly through his sojourn at the beautiful seaside resort outside of Stockholm. He is, however, still very weak and the crown prince continues in his position as regent. There is very little chance that the king ever will take over the reins of government again.

King Oscar has appointed as naval chancellor Count Fredrick Wachtmeister, a former foreign minister, who has lately returned from a special mission to Turkey in behalf of the king to present the sultan with the highest insignia of the Order of Seraph.

An interesting addition is expected in the near future in the royal family in the shape of a second addition to the family of Prince Gustav Adolf and Princess Margaret, whose popularity in Stockholm is steadily growing.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Emgration from Norway this year will be considerable. A large number of young men and women from different parts of the country are heading for ports to continue the journey to America, where they expect to gain a better sustenance and better odds for making a living. A singular thing about Norwegian emigration to the United States and Canada—and this also pertains to Sweden—is the fact that the Swedish-American tourist business has increased at such a rapid gate. When the Swedish-American returns to the fatherland he can scarcely be classed among the average class of tourists, who go only for sightseeing. The home-visiting Swede or Norwegian returns to see his humble home in "the old country"—as it invariably is called—and when he comes he is sure to praise the virtues, commercial and otherwise of his adopted land and the result is most generally that he brings with him on his return trip a number of his relatives or friends, who generally locate in the same locality in the northwest as he does and it does not take long before these people become identified with the American republic.

A Russian woman revolutionist, whose bitter denunciation of the czar have appeared in pamphlet form, is now a fugitive in Norway. She does not consider herself safe in Trondhjem, where she has resided during the past months, and is now about to depart for Switzerland. A later dispatch to the "Morgenbladet" (Christiania) states that Russian detectives are on her trail, but these have evidently been sidetracked considerably during the past two months.

The Happy Widow, played in Christiania during the last two fortnights, has netted the management of the National theater in Christiania 150,000 crowns. Never before in the history of Christiania or of the country, has such a successful play been given and all lovers of comedy talent in Christiania have been there in swarms to laugh to their heart's content.

The Christiania papers state that the Dovre Singing society of Minneapolis is to visit Norway during the coming summer and give a series of concerts there. They are expected in Christiania about June 15 when they will be given a reception by the Students' Male Chorus of the University of Christiania.

Major Jacob Roll-Hansen has been appointed chief of the military academy. The appointment has met with popular satisfaction. Major Roll-Hansen has for years been prominent in military circles.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Dr. P. Munch has written an article in "Det Nye Aarhundrede" (Copenhagen) in which he refers as follows to the radical party: "Radicalism is not hostile to society but only toward the interference of the church with non-religious matters." He points out also that while it is opposed to war and militarism in principle it recognizes existing conditions and the impossibility for any nation at the present time to place itself at the mercy of its neighbors. On this account the radicals of Denmark—a country that cannot alone defend itself against any great power—are opposed to a big army and navy and in favor of a neutralization of the country. And he continues to quote the words of Horup, the late leader of the Danish radicals: "Politics in the narrower sense—all this rumpus about ministers, laws, reforms, and such things, had for me only a secondary interest. I laid the stress entirely on the social revolution; I wanted a change in the order of precedence among the people; the new ministry was to me merely a symbol of the accomplished change."

A Copenhagen dispatch dated April 22 stated that a prominent Russian revolutionist, who passes under the pseudonym of Kuwalof, is coming from Stockholm and Christiania, where he inspected numerous Russian revolutionary forces and depots. He is going to London, New York and Chicago. According to information received by the Danish police from Russia, his journey is causing great anxiety. It is known he is making arrangements for organizing a grand invasion by Russian anarchists and exiles at the same time from all parts of the world. His real name is said to be Iwanoff. He was formerly a merchant at Kieff.

There was an exciting time at the Russian legation in Copenhagen when 100 newly arrived Poles gathered in the legation yard and shouted: "We have no food. We want to go home." Not receiving any satisfaction, the Poles broke open the doors, thrashed the servants and prevented the minister from telephoning for help. The police finally drove the Poles away.

A visit from the German emperor to Copenhagen on or about June 15 is on the schedule. Although there have been some small differences about Holstein Slesvig the visit of the German emperor is looked forward to with fervent anticipation. A grand reception in his honor will be given at Amalienborg.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The shortage in the accounts of W. O. Douglas, assistant loan clerk of the Trust Company of North America of New York city, who has been arrested on a charge of stealing $50,000 in bonds from the institution, may reach $250,000. Douglas is said to have confessed to Oakleigh Thorne, president of the trust company. Most of the stolen bonds have been recovered.

Binger Hermann, former congressman from Oregon and former commissioner of the general land office, was acquitted at Washington of the charge of destroying public records by the verdict of a jury. The trial had progressed for twelve weeks and the jury deliberated twenty-two hours before reaching a verdict.

Harry E. Ricker, business manager of the Metropolitan Opera House of St. Paul, has reported to the police that he had been held up in the theater and robbed of $2,800.75 belonging to the house. After a consultation between Manager Scott and police officials Ricker was taken into custody.

Charles C. King, president of the First National bank of Scotland, S. D., has been arrested in Chicago charged with misappropriation of the funds of his bank. The affairs of the institution are said to be in very bad shape.

Benedict Gimbel, the wealthy Philadelphia merchant who cut his throat and wrists with broken glass in a hotel in Hoboken, N. J., soon after he had been arrested on serious charges in New York city, is dead of his injuries.

Thaddeus S. Ross, thirty-five years old, a clerk in the postoffice at Oil City, Pa., was shot and instantly killed by Miss Isabel Stroup, twenty-eight years of age, a former sweetheart. The woman then killed herself.

A shortage of about $92,000 in the accounts of the Woonsocket (R. I.) Electric Machine and Power company has been discovered.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The report of the Sundberg legislative committee, appointed to investigate the value and cost of operation of the railroads in Minnesota, declares that the total value of the railroad property in Minnesota is in round numbers $215,000,000. This is approximately $27,000 per mile. This property is capitalized to the extent of about $400,000,000, over $50,000 per mile on an average.

Superior Judge Hebbard of San Francisco, who was denounced by Assistant District Attorney Francis J. Heney in an address to the students of Stanford university, appeared before Police Judge Weller and swore to a complaint asking for Heney's arrest on the ground of criminal libel.

The state supreme court has appointed receivers for the property in Kansas said to be worth $250,000 of nine foreign brewing companies and a wholesale whisky concern. The property will be sold and the proceeds used to defray the cost of the present suits.

A gift of $1,000,000 for the establishment of a fund for rudimentary schools for Southern negroes has been announced at Philadelphia. The donor is Miss Anna T. Jeanes, a Quakeress of that city.

The Rhode Island legislature has adjourned without electing a successor to United States Senator Wetmore.

JOHN MITCHELL ILL.

President of the Mine Workers Will Undergo an Operation.

Spring Valley, Ill., April 30.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, has arrived at his home here from Chicago and was at once taken to St. Margaret's hospital, where he will undergo an operation for hernia. No serious results are anticipated, but it is said that Mr. Mitchell may be confined to the hospital for three or four weeks.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 27.—Wheat—May, 82⅝c; July, 85⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 86⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 85⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 83⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 80@81c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 27.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 86⅞c; No. 1 Northern, 85⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 84⅞c; May, 85⅞c; July, 86⅝c; Sept., 86⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.19¾; July, $1.21¾; Oct., $1.22⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$6.20@6.37½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; good to prime lambs, $7.75@8.65.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 27.—Wheat—May, 80⅝c; July, 83⅛@83⅜c. Corn—May, 50c; July, 49⅝c. Oats—May, 44⅝c; July, 41⅞@41⅞c. Pork—May, $15.70; July, $15.97½. Butter—Creameries, 23@26½c; dairies, 22@23½c. Eggs—15¼@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.55; cows, $1.80@4.90; heifers, $2.75@5.40; calves, $3.50@5.50; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.55; poor to medium, $4.30@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.18. Hogs—Light and mixed, $6.40@6.55; heavy and rough, $6.20@6.40; pigs, $6.05@6.60; good to choice heavy, $6.50@6.60. Sheep, $4.50@6.90; lambs, $6.50@8.75.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

Dr. William Watts Folwell, first president of the Minnesota university and at present head of the department of political conference, will retire from active teaching at the end of the present college year. Dr. Folwell has been teaching for over fifty years with the exception of the time he served in the army during the Civil war. His decision to retire at this time comes as a result of the action of the Carnegie foundation trustees, who have voted him a pension.

Frank Sebastian of Minneapolis, who was supposed to have committed suicide by jumping in the river, has been found in Watertown, S. D. Worried by domestic troubles Sebastian became unbalanced, left a note to his wife and brother and then started for Sioux Falls, S. D., where his wife has started proceedings for a divorce. His friends found him in Watertown and he is now suffering from a mental breakdown, but will probably recover.

Work has been commenced by the *St. Anthony Falls* Waterpower company on a new electrical powerhouse on the east bank of the Mississippi at Minneapolis near the site of the old East Side pumping station. The company will put in a plant at an expenditure of $300,000. The new powerhouse is expected to generate at least 14,000 horsepower, making the total horsepower generated in Minneapolis 58,000.

Governor Johnson has announced the appointment of Thomas Downs of Minneapolis as superintendent of the new capitol. Mr. Downs is an old soldier, a former resident of St. Peter and sheriff of Nicollet county.

Judge John A. Lovely, who was stricken with paralysis about four weeks ago, is making progress toward recovery, but the improvement is slow and his friends are becoming discouraged.

The Twin City Foundrymen's association has turned down the demands of the Machinists' union for a nine-hour day and the closed shop. A strike of the 3,000 men affected is likely.

The grand commandery of Minnesota, Knights Templar, held its annual conclave in Austin last week. About 100 delegates from the outside commanderies were present.

North Mankato citizens, by voluntary subscriptions and the proceeds of entertainments, have procured a public library, with 500 volumes to start with.

T. D. O'Brien, state insurance commissioner, has announced that he will soon resign.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

John D. Dodsworth of Granite Falls lost his life while fighting a prairie fire. He was trying to keep the fire away from the barn when his clothing caught fire and he was badly burned, dying a few hours later. Mr. Dodsworth was some eighty years of age and was for some years cashier of the Granite Falls bank.

Another daylight robbery, one of the most daring perpetrated in years, occurred in Minneapolis last week when James St. John, a collector for Thorpe Bros., real estate dealers, was attacked and robbed of several bills and checks close to the business center of the city.

Determined to place the man that robbed him of the savings of a lifetime in jail John S. Marston, fifty-five years old, rose from a sick bed at the Minneapolis city hospital to give his testimony and three days later died as a result of his overexertions.

John P. Leef of Pine River, while walking in his sleep, jumped from the second story of the Lake Shore hotel at Walker, alighting on the stone pavement sixteen feet below, breaking his left leg in two places, three ribs and his lower jaw.

Granville W. Smith of Stillwater was so seriously burned by the overturning of a kerosene lamp that death resulted. He was sheriff of Washington county for six years and deputy oil inspector at the time of his death.

John Walker, twenty-four years old, a laborer employed in the construction of the Selby tunnel at St. Paul, was instantly killed by the falling of a beam at the bottom of the tunnel. His head was crushed.

Raising his glass with a cheery "Well, goodbye, boys," Ernest Renner drank carbolic acid in the saloon of W. P. Randall, Minneapolis, and died half an hour later at the city hospital.

Signor Strecciari of the Conried Grand Opera company, which appeared in Minneapolis last week, was robbed of $595 and $1,000 worth of jewels while in the Mill City.

OBITUARY.

Perry Munger, aged eighty-seven years, is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Wells Harnden, in Sherburn. Mr. Munger was born in Vermont and came to Minnesota in 1865, taking a homestead on the bank of a lake, which afterward bore his name, a mile south of Sherburn.

Ben La Tourelle, a prominent citizen of Minnesota Lake, died suddenly of apoplexy. He served during the war in Company C, Eleventh Minnesota infantry.

David R. Malbon, aged seventy-six years, one of the oldest residents of the state, died suddenly of apoplexy at his home in Robbinsdale, near Minneapolis.

C. W. Hayden, former sheriff of Sherburne county and a pioneer resident of Elk River, is dead.

NOTED CHARACTER DEAD.

Frank W. Eaton of Section Thirty Fame Dies at Fond du Lac, Wis.

Duluth, April 30.—Death has claimed Frank W. Eaton of Duluth and with his demise passed one of the most picturesque characters that ever claimed a residence in Duluth. His life contained the romance that is contained in fights for big things.

The Section 30 case was easily the greatest piece of mining litigation in the history of the country, in many respects at least, and Frank W. Eaton was the central figure.

The late Mr. Eaton was fifty-seven years old at the time of his death. He died at his summer home in Fond du Lac, Wis., of heart failure.

Mr. Eaton was a native of Rockingham county, New Hampshire, but for the past thirty-four years he had been a resident of Duluth.

Some twenty years ago Mr. Eaton and Messrs. Fagan, Merritt and Lonstorf secured control of the iron land near Ely that has become known to fame as "Section 30." Their title was disputed, and seventeen years of litigation followed, during which time the case in a number of forms ran the gauntlet of the land departments and the courts, and as the land was considered very valuable, involving millions of dollars, it attracted the attention of the reading public of the entire world. As Mr. Eaton's name always appeared in the title of the cases his name became more familiar to the reading public than that of any other of the claimants. A little more than five years ago the United States supreme court decided that Eaton and his associates owned the Section 30 land.

BAD FIRE AT DULUTH.

Two Big Warehouses Burned to the Ground.

Duluth, April 30.—Thirty-six cars of hay and nearly $2,000 worth of lubricating oil and various other kinds of merchandise contributed to make one of Duluth's most spectacular fires when both the "A" and "B" Singer warehouses of Lower Lake avenue were completely consumed with most of their contents.

Starting from an uncertain cause in Warehouse "B," the easterly one of the pair, the blaze spread with startling rapidity and in spite of one of the best runs in the history of the fire department and the concerted efforts of headquarters and Numbers 2, 3 and 4, the flames were soon beyond all control and the big storage sheds were soon blackened ruins.

The combination of hay and oil in Warehouse "B" produced great volumes of smoke, which rolled heavily upwards, increasing as the streams of water were turned upon the blazing mass. Coming at it did just before the noon hour, the big fire caused a great deal of excitement, and over 15,000 people lined the docks and both sides of Lake avenue.

There is much speculation as to the cause of the fire, but it is thought it resulted from a spark from the pipe of one of the workmen.

The total loss is about $25,000.

CAPITALIZED ABOVE VALUE

Legislative Report on Probe of Minnesota Railroads.

St. Paul, April 23.—The report of the Sundberg committee, appointed to investigate the value and cost of operation of the railroads in Minnesota, has been made to the senate. It is a voluminous document, covering twenty-one typewritten pages. Summarized the conclusions of the committee are as follows:

"The total value of the railroad property in Minnesota is in round numbers $215,000,000. This is approximately $27,000 per mile. This property is capitalized to the extent of about $400,000,000, over $50,000 per mile on an average.

"The railroads in Minnesota received in land grants from the state and federal governments over 14,000,000 acres of land.

"In view of the facts disclosed we earnestly recommend that a committee or commission be empowered to investigate generally into the capitalization of the railroads of Minnesota and the relation the stocks and bonds bear to the value thereof and the enactment of such appropriate legislation as the conditions disclosed demand."

Minnesota Tax Commission.

St. Paul, April 24.—Governor Johnson has announced the appointment of the three members of the permanent tax commission in accordance with the provisions of the bill passed by the legislature. The appointees are Samuel Lord of Kasson, O. M. Hall of Red Wing and Professor Frank L. McVey of the state university.

Young Man and Money Missing.

St. Paul, April 24.—Henry Ruff, a clerk in the employ of H. J. Eggers, has not been seen since Monday afternoon and the police have been asked to look for him. Ruff was given $216 to deposit in the German-American bank for his employer and disappeared before reaching the bank.

Burns Result Fatally.

Stillwater, Minn., April 27.—Granville W. Smith, deputy oil inspector and proprietor of the Elliott House, is dead as the result of burns from upsetting a kerosene lamp. Mr. Smith was forty-nine years of age. He was chief of police for two years and sheriff eight years.

Thirty-one Horses Perish.

Mankato, Minn., April 27.—A telephone message from Winnebago says that fire during the morning destroyed a livery barn and thirty-one horses, together with the contents. Three other buildings also were burned.

SAYS HE WAS HELD UP

Business Manager of St. Paul Theater Reports Loss of $2,800.

LOCKED UP BY THE POLICE

Alleged Victim in Custody Pending Examination of Accounts—General State News.

St. Paul, April 30.—Harry E. Ricker, business manager of the Metropolitan Opera House of this city, reported to the assistant in charge of the theater that he had been held up shortly after the theater closed and robbed of $2,800.75 belonging to the house. Manager L. N. Scott was notified at once and Chief of Police O'Connor was summoned and the men remained in conference for several hours.

Mr. Ricker's story is that after the play he took $2,800 which he had in his desk in the box office and went upstairs with it to put it in the safe there. As *he was approaching* the door to Mr. Scott's office on the second floor he took the bundle of money from one coat pocket to transfer it to another. Just then he was set upon by two men armed with knives.

He says that one of the men made a lunge at him, but the knife only cut his clothing just over the heart and he struggled to get away from them. During the struggle his assailants seized the package of money and ran off with it. He did not recognize the men and had no chance to notify any one of the affair in time to prevent their escape.

After the robbery Mr. Ricker went at once to the box office, where he told his story, and Manager Scott was notified. Mr. Scott sent at once for Chief O'Connor and the three held a long conference. At the end of the conference the chief took Mr. Ricker into custody.

An examination of the theater's books showed that Ricker's accounts were not properly kept although no shortage has yet been discovered.

FIRE LOSS OF $300,000.

Wisconsin Central Freight Depot at Minneapolis Destroyed.

Minneapolis, April 26.—Fire totally destroyed the Wisconsin Central freight depot with all its contents, causing a loss estimated at $300,000.

With the exception of George Fleming, depot foreman, who was burned about the hands in an effort to put out the flames before the department arrived, no one was injured. There were several narrow escapes from death beneath falling walls, however.

The fire was one of the most spectacular in the Twin Cities in years and was watched by from 20,000 to 30,000 people. Exploding barrels of oil, of which there were forty in the building, made the fire especially hard to fight. No sooner would the firemen get the blaze seemingly under control in one part of the building than an explosion would occur, shattering a portion of the walls and undoing in a few minutes the work of the fire fighters for a half hour. The oil fed the flames and water seemingly had little effect in quenching the fire.

Six freight cars standing on the tracks near the depot were consumed, with valuable freight.

COLORED MEN SHOT.

One of Them Is Probably Fatally Wounded in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 25.—Two colored men were shot with the same bullet in a gambling house in this city. John Sterrett was probably fatally wounded, while Henry Mosely, proprietor of the place, was slightly wounded, the bullet striking his breast bone and glancing off into Sterrett's abdomen.

Minnesota State Senator Dead.

St. Paul, April 29.—Former State Senator Richard S. McNamee, compositor on the Pioneer Press for thirty-five years and well known in political circles, is dead after a brief illness, aged fifty-two years. Mr. McNamee had at various times held positions as assemblyman, member of the school board and state senator. He also was prominent in labor circles, having been president of the local Typographical union.

Sale of Cheap Tickets Stopped.

Minneapolis, April 25.—The interstate commerce commission has imperatively stopped the issuance of cheap tickets to Chicago by the "block system" on the part of the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad. All of the cheap tickets that have been issued will be withdrawn. The ruling of the commission will have a far reaching effect on the passenger rate situation.

Argyle Declared Insane.

Duluth, April 26.—"Not guilty because of insanity" was the verdict of the jury which heard the second trial of the case of the state against Fred M. Argyle on an indictment charging him with attempting to kill his wife. Two indictments remain against Argyle, one charging him with wounding Bessie Hutchart, and the other with attempting to assault his wife.

Engine Runs Down Child.

Duluth, April 29.—Mabel Hanson, three years of age, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hanson of Smithville, a suburb of Duluth, was killed by a Northern Pacific switch engine. Another tot with her was saved by Mabel's older sister, but Mabel's foot caught on the rail of the [illegible] and the [illegible]

A STATEMENT OF FACTS.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

On the 16th day of May, 1905, Mr. Duffy through his attorneys, Chas. E. Boughton, W. A. McIntyre and F. A. Grady gave notice of appeal to the Supreme Court of this State from the order of the court denying his application for an injunction. The said appeal was subsequently abandoned because the order appealed from was not an appealable order.

In view of subsequent proceedings, we call your attention to the names of the attorneys who appeared on behalf of said Duffy in his suit to enjoin the filing of said petition and enjoining the calling of a meeting of the County Board to consider the same.

The Board of County Commissioners met at the Court House on the fifth day of June, 1905, pursuant to notice of the County Auditor, for the purpose of acting upon and considering said petition, whereupon the Red Lake Falls Attorneys appeared and filed objections to said petition and to the consideration thereof, claiming certain defects and ommissions of said petition, by reason of which the Board of County Commissioners had no jurisdiction to consider and act upon said petition. A majority of said Board being strongly antagonistic to Thief River Falls, a resolution was adopted declaring that said Board was without jurisdiction to act upon said petition and thereupon, without further action or consideration said Board adjourned.

Immediately upon the adjournment of said Board, the Red Lake Falls Attorneys rushed into Court again, and W. A. McIntyre one of Mr. Duffy's attorneys in the proceedings instituted for the purpose of *enjoining the consideration of said petition*, on behalf of William Erb, a friend and advocate of Red Lake Falls, and by the way, a relative of said John Duffy, and made an application to the Court for an alternative writ of mandamus compelling said Board to re-convene and act upon and consider said petition or show cause before the Court why they had failed so to do. The Board failed to meet, and Mr. Duffy's attorneys, Boughton and Grady, appeared before the Court on behalf of the three members of said Board who were favorable to Red Lake Falls, for the purpose of showing cause why said board had not acted upon and considered said petition. All of the parties to said mandamus proceedings being either residents or friends of the City of Red Lake Falls, it became apparent to the friends of the County seat removal petition, that there was a conspiracy between the parties, and Mr. Duffy's attorneys, to stipulate for a judgment in said proceedings adverse to the friends of Thief River Falls. This Fact was apparent upon the face of the whole proceedings, and, relying thereon, Alex Sweaas and Chas. M. Evenson on behalf of the friends of said petition asked leave of the Court to be allowed to intervene on behalf of the citizens and legal voters of the county for the purpose of prosecuting said action. Their purpose being the same as set forth in the petition of the said William Erb. The friends of Red Lake Falls realizing that they might be foiled in their conspiracy, the application of said Sweaas and Evenson was bitterly opposed by Mr. Erb and Duffy's attorney, Mr. McIntyre, assisted by the other Red Lake Falls attorneys. However the application of said Sweaas and Evenson was allowed by the Court and they became parties of said action. The "friendly" assistence of Mr. Erb and his attorney, Mr. McIntyre, being no longer necessary or appreciated they dropped out of sight and were not subsequently heard of in said proceeding. After repeated hearings had before the Court in said mandamus proceedings judgment was finally entered upon the 12th day of April, 1906, in favor of said intervenors, Sweaas and Evenson, and against the Board of County Commissioners commanding them to reconvene upon the 11th day of June, 1906, and act upon and consider said petition and to file their certificate of determination with the Auditor of said County. Immediately upon the entry of said judgment, Mr. Demann, one of the members of the Board of County Commissioners, attempted to appeal to the Supreme Court from said judgment entered on the said 12th day of April, 1906, whereupon said Sweaas and Evenson obtained from the Supreme Court an order requiring the said Demann forthwith to show cause why said appeal should not be dismissed. Immediately following the service of this order another appeal to the Supreme Court was attempted by Commissioners Demann and Falardeau, two members of said Board, claiming to act for and on behalf of the said Board of County Commissioners. Another order was obtained from the Supreme Court requiring said commissioners to show cause forthwith why said second appeal should not be also dismissed. Both orders were heard before the Supreme Court and upon due consideration, said appeals were dismissed.

Upon the 11th day of June, 1906, the said Board of County Commissioners met pursuant to said judgment, considered said petition and on the said 12th day of June, 1906, filed with the County Auditor their certificate of determination, finding that there were upon said petition two thousand genuine signatures and legal signers. On the said 12th day of June, 1906, and immediately upon the filing of said certificate of determination a writ of injunction was issued upon the order of A. P. Toupin Court Commissioner of said County in an action instituted by L. A. Kaufer against James Ford as County Auditor. Said writ was issued without notice of application therefor and served on said 12th day of June upon the County Auditor restraining him from calling a special election to vote upon the question of the removal of the County seat. The papers served in said action upon the County Auditor were by him turned over to the Attorneys acting for the Committee having the petition in charge. A few days later the Red Lake Falls Attorneys discovered that their writ was void, having been issued without notice to the adverse party and without an opportunity to be heard, they on the 15th day of June, 1906, corrected their error by giving notice to the County Auditor that on the 18th day of June they would make application to A. P. Toupin Court Commissioner for a writ of injunction restraining him as County Auditor from calling said Election. No notice of this application was given by the Auditor to the County Seat Committee at Thief River Falls, but purposely concealing the service of said notice he permitted judgment to be entered against him by default, and upon his default he not appearing "either in person or by attorney" the application was granted and another writ of injunction was ordered and issued out of the District Court restraining said Auditor from calling said election. In due time application was made to dissolve this injunction and the matter was brought on to be heard before the Hon. Wm. Watts, District Judge, who upon said hearing made an order dissolving said injunction. From this order an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court and heard at the October, 1906, general term thereof. In the month of January, 1907, the Supreme Court rendered its decision reversing the order of the District Court, holding by said decision that the Court was in error in fixing a time for the meeting of said Board and that notice thereof should have been given by the Auditor, but in all other respects holding that said petition was valid and that the Board had jurisdiction to consider said petition and further holding that the numerous questions raised by the appellant effecting the legality of said petition and the right of the Board to act upon the same were without merit. The petition by this decision came back to the County Board as a valid and legal petition for their consideration and determination as to the genuineness of the signatures and the qualifications of the signers thereto. We herewith append a copy of the decision of the Supreme Court which we ask that you carefully read.

Had the people of Thief River Falls done any wrong up to the time of that decision of the Supreme Court? Were they not doing all they could, at their own expense, to bring on the election prayed for in said petition? In a few days after it was learned that the supreme court had decided that case, and before the decision was printed, John Duffy hastened to pay the costs of this case that was commenced by his friend and relative, Wm. Erb, which amounted to about one hundred and sixty dollars; and at a meeting of the county board in February, a bill was presented to them for the costs so paid by Duffy; and the newspapers of Red Lake Falls immediately claimed that Thief River Falls should have paid those costs, that resulted from the suit started by said Erb. That was just to throw chaff in the eyes of the voters, for, after ten o'clock at night, on the last day of that meeting of the county board, Charles E. Boughton and F. A. Grady, who had been attorneys for Red Lake Falls in this county seat matter for two years, prepared a resolution for the county board to pass, by which, said Boughton and Grady were to take such steps as they might think best to prevent a consideration of said petition by the county board.

Said resolution authorized said attorneys to act for the county board but cunningly omitted any mention of attorney's fees; so the attorneys could charge a handsome fee and the county would have to pay it; and Red Lake Falls would thereafter have her attorneys paid by the county. That resolution was passed by the votes of commissioners Pigeon, Demann and Lindquist, and Awbol and Shaw voted against it. Soon afterwards, Mr. Lindquist thought that resolution did not read just right; so he called a special meeting of the board at which the resolution was reconsidered on March 19th, 1907.

The said Red Lake Falls attorneys were then afraid they would lose their job and they filed a written statement, agreeing not to charge any attorneys' fees. In consideration of that agreement, the resolution was again passed. A notice of motion to vacate the order made in the Mandamus proceedings in 1906 was served and the time and place for hearing that motion was in the afternoon of March 26th, 1907, at Red Lake Falls.

In the afternoon of March 25th, there were no cases for the Court to hear and all the attorneys for both sides interested in said motion were present in court and the attorneys for Thief River Falls proposed to take up that motion. The Red Lake Falls attorneys said they would argue it then if Thief River Falls would not make any move in the county seat proceedings before the time set for hearing the motion. Attorney Miller told them he would not make such a promise. That evening, the attorneys for Thief River Falls asked the County Auditor to call a meeting of the county board to consider the petition. He went to his vault for the petition but it was not there. He made a thorough search and it could not be found. IT HAD BEEN STOLEN.

Now do you think those who wanted action on the petition and who had been upholding it in the Courts for two years, and had a decision of the Supreme Court sustaining said petition, stole it? Or do you think that those who for two years had fought its presentation and were unable to get a decision against it by the Courts, finally thought of a new way to get rid of it?

The voters of Red Lake County will have an opportunity to answer this question by their action on a new petition.

They will have an opportunity to decide whether John Duffy, Wm. Erb, L. A. Kaufer and their henchman shall much longer be able to defeat the wishes of a large majority of the voters.

It will cost a great sum of money to circulate a new petition, but the people of Thief River Falls will pay that expense cheerfully, rather than to have the wishes of 2000 voters thwarted by a sneak thief.

Before concluding this circular, we wish to express our thank to the friends of our cause and who for the past two years have been steadfast in the faith that we would ultimately succeed. In continuing this fight, we have nothing to rely upon but the loyalty of our friends and the honesty of those whom we have elected to official positions in this County. Since the rendition of the recent decision of the Supreme Court, we have seen and heard much of "glare, glamour and trumpet" in the lower falls town, but in the light of what the Supreme Court has said it all resolves itself into "sounding brass and tinkling cymble."

That the people desire to be heard at the polls upon the question of the removal of the county seat was clearly demonstrated at the last general election. For two years this right and desire has been denied them by the "law's delay." Ways that are dark and means that are foul cannot always make sport of the rights and perogatives of citizenship. The right of petition is to the polls and not to the Courts.

KAUFER vs. FORD, County Auditor.

SUPREME COURT OF MINNESOTA, JAN. 18, 1907.

Appeal from District Court, Red Lake County: William Watts, Judge.

Action by L. A. Kaufer against James E. Ford, as county auditor of Red Lake county. From an order dissolving a temporary injunction, plaintiff appeals. Reversed.

T. J. Knox, F. A. Frady, and Chas. E. Boughton, for appellant. A. A. Miller, for respondent.

BROWN, J. The facts in this case are as follows: In January, 1905, certain persons, legal voters of Red Lake county, gave notice, under and pursuant to section 647, Gen. St. 1894, that on the 11th day of February of that year they, with other legal voters, would begin the circulation of a petition calling for an election to change the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. Thereafter, and on the 11th day of April, 1905, a petition in proper form, signed by a large number of citizens of the county, was presented to the county auditor, upon which that official was requested to call a special meeting of the board of county commissioners, in accordance with the requirements of the statutes, to consider and act upon the same. Acting under and pursuant to the duty imposed by law, the county auditor duly called a special meeting of the board to meet at the courthouse on the 5th day of June, 1905, to act upon the petition. Pursuant to this call, notice of which was given as required by statute, the board of county commissioners convened, and, after some consideration of the numerous questions raised before them respecting the validity of the prior proceedings, held that, by reason of the defects to which its attention was called, it had no jurisdiction to proceed in the premises, and the petition was ordered dismissed. The grounds of this decision were: (1) That the notice of intention to circulate the petition, the initiatory step in the proceedings, was not posted as required by law; (2) that there was no sufficient proof of the publication of the auditor's call for the meeting of the board to act on the petition, the particular defect being that the affidavit of the publisher of one of the newspapers in which the call was published was defective, in that the seal of the county auditor, before whom the affidavit was taken, was not attached to the jurat; (3) that there was no showing that the notice calling the meeting of the board was published in all newspapers published in the county; and (4) that the notice calling the meeting of the board was not posted in all the towns of the county, as required by the statutes, in that it was not shown to have been posted in the different wards of the village of Red Lake Falls, it being insisted by the opponents of the proceeding that the word "town," as used in the statutes requiring the notice of meeting to be posted, includes wards of villages—in fact, all election districts in the county. Subsequent to the dismissal of the petition by the board, proceedings in mandamus were brought by a legal voter of the county, on behalf of himself and all other legal voters, against the board of county commissioners, in which it was sought to compel the board to reconvene and hear and determine the petition upon its merits; it being insisted in support of that proceeding that the action of the board in dismissing the matter was not warranted by law, that it had full and complete jurisdiction to hear and determine the merits of the petition, and that the defects on which it relied in dismissing the same were without merit. The individual members of the board separatly appeared in the mandamus proceeding; two of them putting in issue the allegations of the writ, and raising the question as to the jurisdiction of the commissioners to act further in the matter. The action came on for trial in the court below at the March, 1906, term, when, after hearing the parties, judgment was ordered on the pleadings, in favor of the relators therein, commanding and directing the board of county commissioners to convene at the courthouse of the county on the 17th day of May, following, and then and there hear and determine the petition upon its merits, and make and sign the certificate required by law in such cases, if the requirements of the statutes were shown to have been fully complied with. Subsequently judgment was entered upon this order, but was thereafter amended by striking out May 17th, the date fixed for the meeting of the board, and inserting in its place June 11, 1906. Peremptory writ of mandamus was thereafter issued commanding the board to convene at the time stated, in compliance with which it convened at the courthouse, and, after investigation, determined that the petition for the election conformed in all respects to the statutory requirements, and ordered the county auditor to cause proper notice of an election to vote upon the proposition to be given. Whereupon this action was brought by plaintiff, a legal voter of the county, against the county auditor, to restrain and enjoin him from complying with the order. Simultaneously with the commencement of the action, a temporary injunction restraining the auditor from taking action in the premises was issued on the order of the court commissioner and served upon defendent. Defendent subsequently appeared and answered, setting forth all the facts, and upon his motion the trial court made an order dissolving the temporary injunction, whereupon plaintiff appealed.

Numerous questions are presented and discussed in the briefs of counsel; but, in the view we take of the case, it is unnecessary to cover more than two of them. It is urged by plaintiff that the proceedings for the removal of the county seat were defective, and conferred no jurisdiction upon the board of county commissioners to entertain the petition or to call a special election to vote upon the question, for substantially the same reasons as were presented to the board at the time it originally dismissed the proceedings. We need not consider any of these contentions, for it is clear that they were all determined, finally and conclusively, adverse to appellant's contention, by the judgment in the mandamus proceeding. The several questions were there in issue, directly involved, and the judgment there rendered is final. It is elementary that all questions which were, or might have been, litigated in an action or proceeding of which the court has jurisdiction, are res judicata as to all parties thereto and their privies; and the rule applies to mandamus proceedings. Board v. Thompson, 122 Fed. 860, 59 C. C. A. 70; State v. Hard, 25 Minn. 460; Sauls v. Freeman, 24 Fla. 210, 4 South. 525, 12 Am. St. Rep. 190. The mandamus proceeding in the case at bar was brought by a legal voter, on behalf of himself and all other legal voters in the county, as authorized by section 4053, p. 808, Rev. Laws 1905. The members of the board appeared, interposing answers, which the court, after hearing, held stated no defense; and the people at large must necessarily, in the absence of fraud or collusion, be concluded by the final judgment rendered therein. They were in privity with relator, within the meaning of the law, and bound equally with him. That such an action is authorized was held in Pencille v. Insurance Co., 74 Minn., 67, 76 N. W. 1026, 73 Am. St. Rep. 326. The court had full and complete jurisdiction of the parties and subject-matter, and the question whether the board of county commissioners had jurisdiction to proceed further in the matter was the sole question in issue. If the court erred in that case, the remedy was by appeal. Any other rule in cases of this kind would enable every legal voter in the county by individual action to question the validity of the proceedings for the removal of a county seat, and thus create interminable confusion and indefinite delay. The cases cited by appellant in opposition to this view are not in point.

There is no suggestion in the case at bar that the judgment in the mandamus proceeding was the result of fraud or collusion between the relator herein and the county commissioners. On the contrary, it fairly appears that the proceedings were conducted openly and in good faith, resulting in judgment against the county commissioners upon the merits of the controversy. The case is wholly unlike Kane v. School District, 82 Iowa, 5, 47 N. W. 1076. In that case it appeared that the board of education had incurred an indebtedness beyond the limitations fixed by law, and suit had been brought against the district to recover the same; and, because of fraud and collusion between the school officers and the plaintiff, judgment was entered by default against the district. The Supreme Court of Iowa held that the taxpayers of the district were not estopped from calling in question the validity of that judgment, that, as to them, the judgment was not res judicata. But the decision was placed squarely upon the ground of fraud and collusion between the school district officers and the plaintiff in the case. If there had been a good-faith contest of the liability of the district, and a determination against it, the court would undoubtedly have held the judgment final and conclusive as against, not only the board, but all taxpayers of the district. In the case of Kelley v. Town of Milan, 127 U. S. 139, 8 Sup. Ct 1101, 32 L. Ed. 77, it appeared that the town board of supervisors had issued the bonds of the town in excess of the limit prescribed by statute; and in a suit upon the bonds by the holder thereof the town officers permitted a default judgment to be entered against them, the validity of which was questioned by a taxpayer. The court held, and properly so, that the action of the town officers was fraudulent, that they exceeded their authority in the issue of the bonds in the first instance, and that their action in doing so was invalid, and could not be made valid by confessing judgment against the town; in other words, that the town officers could not do indirectly what the law forbade them to do directly. Other cases cited by counsel are similar to those just referred to and are not in point. It follows that all questions going to the jurisdiction of the board of county commissioners to act upon the petition for the removal of the county seat were determined adversely to the contention of appellant by the judgment in the mandamus proceeding. That judgment is final, and cannot be attacked collaterally, and the questions there in issue and determined cannot be further litigated in this or any other action.

It remains to be considered whether the judgment of the court in that proceeding commanding the board of commissioners to appear on a fixed day to consider and determine the merits of the petition, without further directing to be given the notice required by section 396, p. 71, Rev. Laws 1905, was authorized by law. We are of opinion that the court exceeded its authority in this respect. The section of the statute just referred to requires notice of the time and place at which the board will convene to act upon a petition for the removal of a county seat to be given in the manner therein prescribed, to the end that all legal voters and taxpayers of the county may have an opportunity of appearing before the board to call in question the validity of the proceedings, to challenge the eligibility of the signers of the petition, and to give to others an opportunity to withdraw their names, if they so elect. But by commanding the board to convene at a definite time, then and there to consider and act upon the petition, without giving this notice, the court deprived the citizens of the county of substantial rights, and to this extent the judgment is erroneous and invalid on its face. The judgment should have commanded the board to convene at a time to be designated by the auditor by the notice prescribed by the statute, and it had no authority to dispense with this notice, even though a previous notice had been given of a prior meeting. Such being the case, it follows that no valid certificate, to the effect that a proper petition for the removal of the county seat had been presented to the board, could be made by them, as commanded by the judgment. The county auditor was properly restrained from calling the election in question, and the temporary injunction should not have been dissolved.

Proceedings of this kind do not, however, become dormant or lapse by reason of the failure of public officers to take action within the time required by statute, particularly in cases where they are prevented from doing so by some action in court in which the validity of their proceedings is called in question. They may be required to resume the conduct of the proceedings from any point where thus interrupted or suspended. State ex rel. v. Gieb, 66 Minn. 266, 68 N. W. 1081; Gile v. Stegner, 92 Minn. 429, 100 N. W. 101. In fact, it is their duty, where their proceedings have been thus temporarily interrupted, to resume the same immediately upon the determination of the litigation. In the case at bar there is no reason why the county auditor and the board of county commissioners should not proceed, giving the notice required by section 396, fixing a time and place for hearing the petition, and then convening and determining its merits. But until that notice has been given, and an opportunity thus afforded the citizens of the county to be heard, no action looking to the calling of an election can be had. And if, on the return of this case to the court below, further proceedings shall be had in the matter, resulting in a determination by the board that the petition is sufficient under the statutes, the injunction issued in this action retraining the auditor from calling an election will be inoperative. Its application must be limited to a notice of election based upon the present certificate of the county board.

The order appealed from limited by the views here expressed, is reversed.

Note—As we go to press we learn that the District Court has denied the application made by the Red Lake Falls attorneys to vacate the order made in the mandamus proceedings, of which mention is made on page 6 of this phamplet

Thus we see that the last means, that could be pursued in the Courts, to destroy that good old petition have failed.

There was only one way to defeat it, and that was to steal it.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.
PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.
PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.
J. BORRY, Photographer.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 1907 NUMBER 19

Historical Society

TEACHERS ARE NAMED.

Those Who Will Have Charge of Summer Schools in This Section.

Prof. Hay to Go to Bemidji and Prof. Yeager Comes to Red Lake.

State Superintendent J. W. Olson last week announced the places where teachers' training schools will be held during the summer, and the appointments of conductors and instructors.

There will be thirty-eight training schools held this year, including those held at the five state normals last year, as against thirty-one during the summer of 1906. Most of the schools are for four weeks. There will be five and six-week schools in some counties where this has been requested by the superintendents. A six week's session will also be held at the state university, as usual, under the direction of George F. James, dean of the college of education.

All six-week schools will begin on June 24 and the four week schools will begin July 1 and all will close July 27 in time for the teachers' examinations, which will take place the following Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 29, 30 and 31.

The list of instructors for the northwestern counties are:

Polk County, Crookston, four weeks—Conductor, George E. Keenan, Warren; instructors, C. E. Payne, Long Prairie; F. O. Miller, St. Paul.

Red Lake County, Red Lake Falls, Four weeks—Conductor, C. S. Yeager, Fosston, instructors, A. M. Dunton, Fertile, Mary Gardener, Duluth, Marie Ring, Glenwood.

Roseau County, Badger, Two weeks—Conductors R E. Denfield, Duluth, E.E. McIntire, Crookston.

Marshall County, Warren, Six weeks—Conductor, H. C. Hess, Glencoe, instructors, Mrs. E. K. Jacques, Robbinsdale, E. A. Freeman, Grand Rapids, E. B. Bothe, Hallock.

Beltrami County, Bemidji, Five weeks—Conductor, E. T. Carroll, Wadena, instructors, J. H. Hay, Thief River Falls, Belle Richards, Duluth.

HAVE TO PAY MORE.

Number of Miles Between This City and Crookston Increased.

Because of the fact that the railroads now charge for the exact mileage under the new 2 cent fare law, traveling men and in fact any one who used mileage before will have to pay more between Crookston and Thief River Falls under the new reduced rates than they did under the old law. The reason for this is that the exact mileage was not charged under the old law but the basis of charge was made on the mileage of the old St. Hilaire road which ran up through Wylie and Ives. The mileage over the old road was 36 miles which made the fare to those who had the 2 cent mileage books only 72 cents. The fare now is $1.00. To those who purchased trip tickets, however, there is a saving of 7 cents as the price of ticket from Thief River Falls to Crookston used to be 1.07.

ORGANIZE UNION.

Blacksmiths of the City Adopt a Schedule of Prices.

In order that a uniform price may be charged for doing all kinds of blacksmithing, the blacksmiths of the city have formed a union and adopted a schedule of prices for work. In some instances, it is announced, the price of doing certain kinds of work has been increased and this is made necessary on account of the increase in the cost of material. A schedule of prices for doing all kinds of work has been printed and is posted up in each shop in the city, and it makes no difference which shop you patronize, the price will be the same.

County Seat Petition.

K. M. Hanson and T. P. Hamre came down from Thief River Falls last Wednesday and are working in this vicinity circulating a county seat removal petition. The sentiment here seems to be about evenly divided and several warm discussions have already occurred.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

WILL GET MORE CARS.

Residents Along Northern Border Will Get Cars in the Future.

A conference Held With the Shippers at Roosevelt Last Week.

The state railroad and warehouse commission has received assurance from officials of the Canadian Northern road at Winnipeg that hereafter its Minnesota patrons in Roseau and Beltrami counties will receive more attention in the way of cars. C. F. Staples of the state commission at Roosevelt last week where he attended a hearing granted shippers of some twelve towns along the Canadian Northern line in Minnesota. Lumber and lumber products make up the industries of these towns and the class of material waiting for cars. Mr. Staples says he received enough testimony to convince him that there are 5,000 carloads of freight in Minnesota waiting for Canadian Northern cars. Mr. Staples personally called upon the officials of the road at Winnipeg, on his way home. The admission was freely made that Minnesotans were much injured by lack of of shipping facilities along the Canadian Northern, but the explanation was given that the severe winter is to blame. Because of the unprecedent cold and snow a great part of the main line was tied up the entire time. This meant a piling up of freight, which congestion still exists though every effort is being made to do away with the difficulty. Mr. Staples was assured, however, that hereafter the Minnesota line would be given better attention and more extensive car service, and that from now on there would be a decided change for the better.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc. in the market. John P. Forsberg.

WON BY ST. HILAIRE BOY

Northwestern Agriculturist Tells of the Seed Grain Contest.

Many Pointers Regarding the Seed Grain Contest This Year.

The last number of the Northwestern Agriculturalist, a farm paper published at Minneapolis, contains an excellent writeup of the seed grain contest which was inaugurated last year in the wheat section and which was won by Olaf Nelson, a St. Hilaire boy. Young Nelson won $200 through the contest and his picture occupies the most prominent place in the May issue of the Agriculturalist. A letter which he wrote to the Agriculturalist is also published in the issue and the accompanying writeup explaining the contest and also the one which will be held this year is so good that the NEWS will reproduce it. The Agriculturalist says:

The well-meant cry, "Back to the soil" and the constant protest against the boys' and girls' leaving the farms for the life of the city or the town are well enough in themselves but they too often appeal with little persuasive force to the ambitions of youth. To a boy who sees visions of an easy road to fortune in urban business and an avoidance of drudgery of the dirt, and to the girl who dreams of society and the theatres and all the gaity of the city, merely preaching that the farm is safer and better is a feeble way to hold the children down to plowing and cooking.

There is a better way and that is to open their eyes to the fascination of growing their own crops and receiving credit for their own agricultural efforts.

That is the key to the worth of the grain growing contests for boys and girls, inaugurated last year, under the direction of Prof D. D. Moyne, principal of the Minnesota School of Agriculture. It is due to the Farmers' Club, comprising the alumni or the School and College of Agriculture, and prizes aggregating $1,000 are given, the money being provided by the members of the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce. The individual prizes vary from $50 down to $3 33, making thirty-eight prizes for the best exhibits in each class, or a total of nearly 400 cash prizes for the youthful competitors.

County contests are held in each county usually in connection with the county fairs then the three best in each county may compete in the state contest held in connection with the annual meeting of the Minnesota Agricultural Society in January. There are also cooking and sewing contests held at the same time.

Details of the coming contest may be obtained by addressing Prof. D. D. Mayne, Agricultural College, St. Anthony Park, Minn.

Following is the letter which young Nelson wrote to the Agriculturalist and it will be noticed that the young man is very pleased with Crookston Agricultural school. The letter will undoubtedly do a great deal of good in advertising the school.

"Ed. N. W. Agriculturist: According to your request I hereby send my photograph. I have not written an essay, as I did not take notice of the date of planting and harvesting, so the only thing I could say is that the wheat was a selection of the Minnesota No. 169 a blue stem wheat originated at St. Anthony Park. It was raised on my father's farm, located on the bank of the Red Lake River in section 19, Township of River Falls, Red Lake County.

"I was born in Mason, Wisconsin, Feb 1st, 1887, and came with my parents to Red Lake County in 1889 and have lived here ever since.

I have just finished my first term in the School of Agriculture at Crookston, where I and one of my sisters have been attending.

"I cannot praise the school enough, nor give Professor and Mrs. Robertson the credit they deserve, and as to what I intend to be, will say that any one attending the Agricultural School cannot help getting interested in farming.

"I am sure that a farmer with a well managed farm has one of the most interesting occupations a man can have.

Olaf F. Nelson."
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Scarlet Fever Leaves St. Hilaire.

Not a new case of scarlet fever has developed in the past twelve days and it is not probable that we will have any more new cases. It will be well however, for every one to exercise precaution for awhile. We can consider that we happily escaped a general epidemic.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Subscribe for the News.

NEW GAME LAW.

Some Changes Made in Game Laws This Winter.

The following are some of the changes made in the game laws during the late session of the legislature:

The Warden may arrest in future without a warrant any person who violates any of the state game laws.

A light may be used for the spearing of course fish during only ten months of the year, not twelve as heretofore. During the months of May and June the use of lights is forbidden. This law is put in force in order that the bass may be protected during their spawning months.

The new season for mink and muskrat is from Nov. 15 to the April 15 following.

For information leading to the arrest and conviction of any violator of the moose and caribou law a reward of $50 will be paid: a violation of the deer law a reward of $25, and for the violation of the other game and fish laws a reward of $10 will be paid.

PROCLAMATION ISSUED.

Commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. Issues Memorial Proclamation.

Local members of the G. A. R. will read with interest the following Memorial day proclamation issued by Commander-in Chief of the G. A. R., Robert B. Brown:

"On Thursday, May 30, will take place the annual ceremony of garlanding the graves of the dead, and the commander-in chief calls upon the posts to see to it that the last resting place of each Union soldier, sailor or marine in their respective localities is fittingly decorated.

"Wherever practicable, public exercises commemorative of the heroism of the dead and their unmatched services in the defense of the government and the flag should be held at some central point.

"Department commanders are charged with the duty of patriotic instruction in the public school in so far as the cooperation of the school authorities can be secured. Let Friday, May 24 or the last day preceding Memorial day, be set aside for this laudable purpose.

"In accordance with a time honored custom, each post will attend divine service in a body on Sabbath, May 26, to render praise and thanksgiving unto the God of nations for the manifold blessings of the past and the undisturbed enjoyment of the fruits of an enduring peace won by the Union arms."

Had High Water Then.

The following item appeared in the Minneapolis Journal in its "Twenty-five years ago column:

Captian Griggs of the steamer Selkirk, from Grand Forks abandoned the channel of the river and sailed his boat over the railroad tracks and out across the prairie to Emerson.

Light delivery wagon for sale cheap. Inquire of Emil Sedlacek.

VALUES ARE FIXED

What Red Lake County Property Is to Be Assessed for This Year.

Most Everything to Be Assessed at 40 per Cent of Its Value.

The following is the schedule of values of personal property that has been fixed upon by the assessors of Red Lake county: Horses, mules and asses—one year old, $25; 2 years old, $40; 3 years old or over, $75; stallions, fine bred mares, race horses, etc., discretion of assessor.

Cattle—1 year old, $10; 2 years old, $17.50; cows, $25; working oxen, $37.50; all other cattle over three years, 40 per cent.

Sheep of all sizes, $ .50.

Hogs of all ages, $2.00 per cwt., valued at $5.00.

Wagons, carriages, sleighs, and bicycles, 40 per cent.

Automobiles and other power vehicles, 40 per cent.

Sewing and knitting machines, 40 per cent.

Watches and clocks, 40 per cent.

Melodeons and organs, 40 per cent.

Piano fortes, 40 per cent.

Household goods and wearing apparel 40 per cent.

Office furniture, 40 cent.

Farm machinery, etc., threshing machines and engines, 50 per cent.

Gold and silver plated ware, diamonds and jewelry, 40 per cent.

Steamboats, sailing vessels, etc., 40 per cent.

Goods and merchandise, wholesale and retail, 50 per cent.

Manufactures, materials and manufactured articles, 40 per cent.

Manufacturers tools, implements and machinery, 40 per cent.

Credits of banks, bankers, brokers or stock jobbers, etc., 40 per cent.

Moneys of banks, bankers, brokers, etc., 40 per cent.

Moneys other than banks, etc., 40 per cent. Credits other than banks, 40 per cent.

Bonds and stocks other than bank stock, 40 per cent.

Shares of stock of companies and associations not incorporated in this state, 40 per cent.

Stock and furniture of sample rooms saloons, eating houses, etc. 40 per cent.

Elevators, warehouses and improvements on right of way, 40 per cent.

Dogs over six months old, valued $5 to $25, 40 per cent.

Total value of all other articles of personal property not included in the preceding items, 40 per cent.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

COMPARE THESE CLOTHES

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With others and we get your business. Men's spring and summer

Suits and Overcoats

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25 and $30.

It will pay you to look them over, because they are enough different from the other clothes to interest you, and don't cost any more.

In Other Departments:
Gordon Hats. Cluett & Peabody Shirts. The Crossett Shoes.

The Golden Rule Clothing Dept.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk

W. J. Labree was down to St. Hilaire Sunday.

Will Vaugham was down from Germantown last week.

R. D. V. Carr was down from Middle River last Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Swain last Friday.

Henry Diebel was down to Long Prairie the first of the week.

Mrs. Mary Wilcox was over to Grand Forks last week visiting friends.

Oscar Spoonheim spent Sunday at Crookston visiting with friends.

Mrs. C. L. Dobner and Catherine are visiting relatives at Germantown this week.

Ben Olson, who left about a month ago for Kalispell, Mont., returned Monday.

W. E. Baker was down to Crookston last week attending a convention of Great Northern agents.

Joe Ryson left Tuesday for Fargo. He will take a trip out west before returning to Thief River Falls.

W. J. Harlow and wife were up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Harlow.

Miss Harriet M. Evins, of Spokane Falls, Wash., is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Ira C. Richardson.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

For sale—Five lots must sell, price two thousand five hundred (2,500) address Mrs. John Moylan, 185 Clapp St. Arleta Oregon.

H. Fant returned to this city Monday from Grand Forks, N. D., where he had been to receive medical treatment. He is greatly improved in health.

Ernie Richards has resigned his position with the Wilson Clothing Company and George Curran is now working for this popular house.

Mrs. Mary Wilcox last week purchased the old Draper house just east of the Soo Hotel. She intends to fix the property up and will rent the same.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson left yesterday on a pleasure trip for California and other Pacific coast points. he expects to be absent for a few weeks.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.

Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

Mahnomen has organized a ball team which expects to play two games a week all season. It is said to be a crack nine. There is also talk of organizing a ball team at Beaulieu, where they have some splendid material.

Postmaster Jacobson, of Highlanding, was in the city last week attending to business matters. Mr. Jacobson is also secretary of the Red Lake River Transportation company and says that the work of building the new freight boat is being rushed.

As evidence of the Soo Line's prosperity, there are from four to fifteen freight trains passing thru Thief River Falls every day carrying consignments of Canadian freight. The Soo is handling more than twice as much as any other road running into Winnipeg from this side.

Miss Alice Sunberg and her sister, Mrs. Fred Rauberg, arrived in the city last week from Minneapolis and spent a few days at the home of Mrs. Mary Wilcox. In company with Miss Hannah Peterson they left Saturday for the country northeast of here to spend a few weeks upon their claims.

The Fertile creamery paid its patrons $1026.35 for cream during the month of March. This gave the patrons 27 cents a pound for butter fat. The managers are looking forward to the largest run this season of any year since the creamery started. So far the gain this over last is about 30 per cent.

P. O. Hagglund informs us that something over twenty years ago he sowed a field of wheat on light soil on the 20th day of June and that it matured and he harvested a good crop. While this was rather late we think that wheat can be sown this year until the 20th of May with [illegible]—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Morgan Vaughan is in the city from Goodridge.

N. J. Anderson was over to Detroit last Tuesday.

A. H. McMillen, Moorhead, was in the city the first of the week.

Dr. Schalaben was called north on the Greenbush line Tuesday.

Jerry O'Brien was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Harry Heasley came down from the Red Lake county first of the week.

Miss Effie Bakke returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Fergus Falls.

The Royal Neighbors are requested to meet at the Hall the 14inst at 2:30 p. m. sharp.

F. S. Doege left yesterday for a trip through North Dakota to look after some contract work.

Mrs. Leroy Tabor was over to Grand Forks the first of the week visiting friends and relatives.

—For Sale—A team of ponnies together with harnesses and a delivery wagon. T. B. Hankey.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka leaves this week for Pine City to attend the golden wedding of her uncle, Oliver Wilcox.

Ed. Wilcox, who is at work estimating pine on the White Earth reservation, arrived in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. George Nostvold was operated upon at the hospital here last week and is getting along very nicely.

The firemen are out each evening now practicing for the tournament soon to be held in Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. Samuel Heasley left Tuesday evening for Wisconsin, called there by the serious illness of her mother.

T. S. Brokke, of Thorwick, has accepted a position as clerk in the local postoffice. Miss Knutson is soon to resign.

There will be services in the German Lutheran church this evening at 7:45. Also on Sunday evening at the same hour.

Mrs. Halvor Listol, who had been at Grand Forks receiving medical treatment, returned last Saturday greatly improved.

Mrs. McGinty, who had been in the city visiting her sons, W. J. and Frank McGinty, left yesterday for her home in Wisconsin.

Oscar Johnson, who had been receiving medical in a hospital at Crookston for several weeks, was able to return to this city yesterday.

The new books at the library are enjoying a very good circulation and Mrs. Blanchard, the librarian says that they are in great demand.

The Pioneer Sash and Door Company this week shipped to Milton, N. D., a complete set of furniture for the I. O. O. F. lodge at that place.

Henry Gorkey has been quite busy during the past week catching dogs that are not licensed. About 150 dog licenses have been issued up to date.

C. M. Gillette left Tuesday evening for Fergus Falls, having been called there as a witness in a damage case against the Crookston Lumber company.

The Ladies Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. C. Parson next Wednesday, May 15, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All are cordially invited.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod will serve a supper in the basement of the church on May 17th. A good supper will be served.

The saw mill closed down Tuesday evening on account of running out of logs. The drive is about 60 miles up the river and it is not expected that the mill can again be started up much before Monday.

A. P. Miller, of Vinton, Iowa, and Harry Miller, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, arrived here yesterday. These gentlemen are interested in farm lands with C. J. Knox and are well pleased with this section.

David Collins returned last Monday from a six months' tour of the Pacific coast country. He traveled nearly all the time he was away and does not think that country offers any too many inducements at present to settlers. In fact Mr. Collins seems of the opinion that many parts of the west are now gardens.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

County Attorney Germo is in the city.

Isreal Sjoberg, the Roseau merchant, was in the city yesterday morning being enroute home from a trip to Minneapolis Tuesday evening it was snowing and about 4 inches of the beautiful covered the ground.

J. K. Wood was up to Excel the first of the week doing some surveying for the township up there. This township is going to spend about $1,000 for roads this year and Mr. Wood says that they are going at it in the proper way.

P. Engelstad: Of all the money I pay out during a year, there is no item which brings me such a large return as my share of the tax for running the split log drag over the roads whenever they need to be smoothed off.

Misses Winnie Herron, Annie Swords and Agnes Kelley were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week to attend the funeral of Miss Clara Zalzer who died very suddenly. Miss Zalzer was employed as one of the operators of the Red Lake Falls Telephone exchange for a number of years and was quite well known in this city.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Grace who are well known in this city will be pleased to learn that a *healthy girl* baby arrived *last week* at their home in Mount Vernon, Washington. Mr. Grace was at one time connected with the St. Hilaire Lumber company and Mrs Grace was formerly Miss Nellie Hannay, daughter of J. K. Hannay of St. Hilaire.

The library this week received from the government at Washington a complete history of the Civil War in 128 volumes. The books are presented to the library by Senator Clapp and were secured through the efforts of Judge Bishop. Only 8,000 of these sets were printed by the government for free distribution and Thief River Falls is very fortunate in securing a set.

Dan Thomas, a colored gentleman, drew 90 days in the county jail yesterday in Judge Bishop's court. Thomas was out in the town of Clover Leaf Sunday and suffering from the cold. He endeavored to gain admittance in two or three houses to get warm and was refused. The claim shanty on Chris Porter's claim was open and he went in and built a fire which resulted in burning up the building. He plead guilty to the offense and for the next ninety days will be a resident of Red Lake Falls.

It is expected that the annual celebration at White Earth agency June 14, will eclipse all former ones. It will be the 39th anniversary of the Chippewas, and as the Indians now have more money than ever it is expected things will hum. Congress has also appropriated $1000 for the celebration, which will be attended by Vice President Fairbanks and other notables.

Hay is reported to be a very scarce article at the present writing and cattle are suffering as a consequence. One farmer near Greenbush is said to have lost 26 head of cattle this winter owing to the unexpected long cold winter and the shortage of hay. There is no excuse for a shortage of hay as this is a stock country and there is an abundance of hay. Better see to it that you have hay to sell next season.—Greenbush Journal.

Fairmont Sentinel: One of Houghtaling & Coult's good customers, who occasionally sends an order to the catalogue houses, received an eye opener Saturday in regard to the methods of the mail order merchants which will result in his spending his money at home hereafter. He brought in a can which had contained a gallon of syrup—one of Montgomery Ward's gallons—and asked Mr. B. W. Coult for a gallon of turpentine. Mr. Coult measured out the turpentine in a real gallon measure, filled the customer's can and had a pint of the liquid left over. There is more than one way to skin a cat but the catalogue houses know them all.

The farmers with ten or fifteen cows in his barn and a creamery within easy reach does not need to worry about the weather, a backward spring, and how he shall get his seed in the ground, subjects that often make the all-grain farmers lay awake nights. He knows that the season whether early or late is plenty long enough to grow grass and fodder for his stock, and that every day whether it be winter or summer, rain or shine, cold or warm, his cows always bring him a good income. While the all-wheat farmer is nervously waiting for spring and for a chance to get onto his fields, the dairy farmer unconcernedly milks his cows, sells his cream, feeds his calves and pockets the money. Which kind of farming do you prefer?

Whether the Northwest learned its lesson last year and will see to it that its coal bin is properly filled before another winter sets in remains to be seen. The coal companies and the railroads however, are apparently taking the lesson well to heart and the Hill and Harriman lines are already planning on avoiding disastrous car shortage of last year as well as preparing for the coal demands of the great Northwest during the winter of '07 and '08. The coal companies have apparently been so anxious to avoid future shortages that they have gone to the other extreme and have rushed the coal over the lake in such quantities that the Duluth and Superior harbors are blocked and lake carrying companies will suffer serious losses, while their boats are tied up in the harbor at the head of the lakes, waiting for a chance to unload.

GERMANTOWN.

This is the latest spring we have ever experienced as we have time and again up to the last days had cold freezing weather and snow so that what seeding there has still been done is hardly worthy of mention. The fields are in condition for seeding almost any time the weather improves so it is expected that the work will be in full blast the middle part of the present week.

May 1st the firm of Vaughan Bros., was succeeded by Vaughan Bros., & Co. Miss Sarah Vaughan, who has been employed by the old firm ever since the opening of their general merchandise establishment at this place is the new member. With her long experience in the business, Miss Vaughan will prove a valuable addition to the firm. Here's success to the Co in the venture.

The Sunday school in the Hopkins Chapel conducted by the American Sunday School Union, Mrs Jay Payne local superintendant, was opened again on Sunday May 5th. after having been closed during *the coldest winter months.*

J. Weston and family who for the past two years have rented and dwelt on Sam Dangerfields place moved some time ago out on the reservation where they have rented a place for this year.

Gust Berggren who has been the buttermaker of the local creamery for the past year, has served his connection with that institution, to take effect as soon as another buttermaker has been secured. Mr. Berggren leaves to accept a position as buttermaker with the Middle River Creamery. While regretting his departure we wish him success in the new plan of activity.

Following is a list of some land rent contracts in Grand Plain township made this spring for the present season: S. Dangerfield, Thor Skaar and P. Rud to Martin Sodstad; T. Dangerfield to Emil Hanson; L. Oriard, John Olson and Martin Olson to Anton Jensen; Ovila Beaudry to Rudolph Manthey; Mrs. Aug. Ruhnke to Vaughan Bros., Carl Severson to John Halvorson.

There was to be a dance at Ed. Kduppenbach's place on Saturday.

Last Saturday we had the first rain this season and it renewed the hope of coming summer.

S. O. Thompson, a Steele Co., Minnesota cattle drover was around the country the first of the week buying feeding stock. He is one of a number of cattle shippers who has visited us this spring and we take it as a sign that stock is coming into better demand than what has been the case for some time.

A party shipped a load of working oxen from this and surrounding country some time ago. The oxen were intended for converting the parties of the Canadian northwest to wheat fields.

Now is the time to tell your woes to the Assessor who is soon to make his regular call.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.
Sabbath Evening worship at 8 o'clock.
Sabbath School at 10 o'clock.
Christian Endeavor at 7:15 o'clock.
S. S. Teachers meeting and prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Our Sabbath Evening meeting are of special interest.

All are welcome at our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	78c
Oats	35c
Flax	$1 09
Eggs	15c
Butter	21c
Creamery butter	31c

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Apr. 27

Aanesen Andrew
Burgee C. J.
Cook William
Erickson Carl
Grant H.
Halvorson H.
Halman Henry
Jackobson Ole K.
Kaith P. W.
Lie Louis
Maginy James Mrs.
Olauson Dorius
Peterson Moses
St. Germaine Joe

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

Elected Officers.

Tuesday evening the Epworth League held its Annual election of officers. The following are the officers elected.

President—Lawrence Huggins.
1st Vice President—Ada Clements.
2nd Vice President—Catherine Dunn.
3rd Vice President—Flora Berg.
4th Vice President—Elisa Lilleman.
Secretary—Harry Prichard
Treasurer—Chas. H. Flesher.

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

AFTER KIDS.

Mayor Grundy Does Not Want Them to Play Pool.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, Mayor Grundy presented an ordinance provides that it will be unlawful for any boy under the age of 18 to frequent a pool or billard room and also for any person under twenty-one years of age to pay pool or billards. There is a state law at present that makes it an offence for any person under the age of twenty-one to play pool or billiards, but there is nothing to prevent them from frequenting billiard halls. The penalty provided by the ordinance Mr. Grundy asks for is a fine of not less than $5 or over $50.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday May 13. Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7 p. m. This will be a League Anniversary service.

The service at 8 p. m. will be in the interests of the Epworth League and the young people.

Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday at 7: p. m.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Peter Truedell.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Peter Truedell, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Paul Truedell and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Henry Grundy having been filed in this court, representing that Peter Truedell, then a resident of the County of Williams, State of North Dakota, died intestate on the 29th day of January 1907, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Robert McGinn; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 6th day of May 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Petitioner.
may 9-23

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 28, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H E No. 8631 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.,
Emanuel Andin, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "
Edward Larson. " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE.
Register.

may 9 june 13

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

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THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

"We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Tales of Travlers.

C. M. Carlson, the Strandquist real estate dealer, was in the city last week attending to some business matters. Mr. Carlson is a great believer in creameries and says that these institutions are going to work wonders in this section. Last fall Mr. Carlson took an active interest in getting the farmers interested in starting up a creamery at Strandquist and he states that it took an immense amount of work to get enough farmers to buy stock in the creamery to make the start. After the creamery had been started up a few months and the farmers began to realize the benefits of this institution, it was a different matter and now many farmers in the county around Strandquist are coming in and buying stock and selling their cream to the creamery. Mr. Carlson is secretary of the creamery association and he says that the patrons are now drawing checks of from $30 to $90 each and prosperity is smiling upon all.

⁂

How would you like to catch a black fox in a trap and sell the hide for $1,000? George Ossman, the well known fur buyer who is known all over Northern Minnesota as "Skin George" was in Thief River Falls last week and entertained a number of his friends by telling of prices secured for various kinds of fur. While he was in at headquarters in Minneapolis recently he states that a trapper who had spent the winter in the Northwest entered the establishment with a small hand satchel full of furs. When he departed he had $3,600 in his pockets and the house had the furs. Among the furs was the hide of a black fox which brought the handsome sum of $1,000.

⁂

L. M. Hoag and James Bulman, who are circulating the county seat petition in northern tier of townships on the reservation, report that prairie chickens are very numerous in that section and report that hunting out that way had ought to be good next fall.

⁂

Senator B. E. Sundberg, of Kittson county, was in Thief River Falls Monday attending to some business matters. Senator Sundberg took a prominent part in late session of legislature and was one of the fearless champions of the cause of the people. He greatly regrets the failure of the legislature to pass the tonnage tax on iron ore, but is firmly of the opinion that if the matter is placed fairly before the people at the next election a house will be elected favorable to this bill. Mr. Sundberg was prominently identified with those who secured the passage of reciprocal demurrage, freight reduction and two cent fare bills, and made a record of which every resident in Northern Minnesota takes a pride. We hope to see more men of his stamp elected in the future.

⁂

M. C. Burns returned Sunday morning from a trip to his old home at Healey's Falls, Ottawa, where he had been to attend the funeral of his brother. It has been sixteen years since Mr. Byrns has visited his old home and yet he says that there has been very little change in the towns and villages. There has been some changes in the farming communities and these have all been improvements. "The farmers are the well-to-do people back east," says Mr. Burns, "and they are all well off financially. In the cities and villages most of the people are poor and I was told that not one man in Healey's Falls, a town of 3,000 people was worth as much as $20,000 while there are any number of farmers worth much more than this." Mr. Burns says that they are having about the same kind of weather in the east as in Minnesota.

⁂

A prairie chicken with a golden bracelet attached to a leg is wandering around somewhere over the broad expanse of sun kissed prairie of North Dakota and nimrods all over the state are cautioned to be careful not to injure the golden band when they bring to earth the timid game bird, says the Minot Reporter. The chicken was released by a prominent clothier of Rugby, who nursed the bird in the basement under his store, from its slender infancy to mature chickenhood. Before sending the bird out in its quest for a mate the Rugby man hied himself to a jeweler's establishment and had the wielder of the blowpipe manufacture a small bracelet with the name and address of the starter engraved thereon. Any hunter who thru the adroit manipulation of the shot gun is lucky enough to bag the bird is requested to notify the newspapers and also the man at whose solicitation the unique calling card was made. Undoubtedly the chicken will be killed in several parts of the state before the end of the shooting season next fall.

The "Just as Good" White Lead.

B. D. Grant, the hardware man of Princeton Minn., has been doing a little stunt of experimenting with catalogue house white lead, which is sold for the just-as good article. An agent came and offered a pure white lead at a much lower price than the standard article, and showed Mr. Grant where it was being sold in large quantities with entire satisfaction, etc., and he ordered, thinking to be able to give his customers a high-grade article at a lower price than formerly. The goods came, and before placing them on sale, Mr. Grant subjected a sample to a heat test, and it rolled up into a ball of whiting, with no lead in it, while a like sample of the standard article melted into almost pure lead. The firm as at once notified that the fake article was here subject to their order, and Mr. Grant is now exhibiting the samples as a practical demonstration of the stuff, which is being palmed off on the public by the catalogue houses.

Proper Time to Trim Trees.

This is about the time of the year when many think the shade trees should be trimmed, and many a good tree injured by cutting at this time of the year. There are certain kinds of trees which it will not hurt so much, but do not trim the maple or box elder unless you want to injure them, for as you well know, when you cut into a maple it will at once commence to lose its sap, and that sap is the life of the tree for the growth during the summer. It is a good plan to trim the trees, but not in the spring. Wait until they get hardened in the fall and the sap has got into the fiber. Many of the publishers of the country have been advocating the trimming of the trees in the spring, but you ask any nurseryman and he will tell you not to trim a maple at this time of the year. What would you think of a surgeon who cut off the limb of a man and did not tie up the arteries, and what would be the result? Well, it works the same way with a tree, only not quite so much as it would with taking a man's arm off.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Subscribe for the News.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

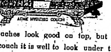

COASTER EXPRESS

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

All couches look good on top, but in buying a couch it is well to look under the top. We ask no more for a good couch than others ask for the good looking cheap kind.

Another shipment of go-carts just received.

We are headquarters for sewing machines this spring
This sewing machine $12.98

Wagons.
We have a few more of these wagons (not the cheap iron kind) to close out at $3.50
A larger size for $4.50

Oak drop leaf breakfast tables 42 inch top, regurally sold at $4, our price, $4.00

We Can Save You Money on a Piano---Easy Payments.

NEARLY A BAD ONE.

Two Trains Come Near Smashing Together at the Soo Crossing.

Claimed That the Blockman Was asleep at His Post.

A Soo freight train and the Great Northern Winnipeg flyer very narrowly missed being in a bad wreck at Warren last Saturday morning. At the Soo crossing at Warren a block system is in operation controlling the tracks of both the Soo and the Great Northern. By means of this block system the tracks are held for a train on either the one road or the other according as to whether they have right of way by reaching the crossing first. The tracks are controlled by a man in a block tower by the use of levers. It is claimed that the man on duty was asleep and awoke with a start to find the Great Northern flyer and a Soo freight train making for the crossing at the same time. The track was set for the flyer but the man, it is alleged, suddenly saw the Soo freight coming down and lost his head throwing the stop signal on the flyer which had almost reached the crossing and throwing the track open for the Soo train which was slowing up in response to the signal which had been set for it. The flyer was coming along at a good rate of speed when the engineer suddenly saw the stop signal sprung and the tracks ahead thrown open. (The tracks are arranged so that the man in the tower can ditch one train rather than have it ram the other.) When the Great Northern engineer saw this he immediatly threw on his air brakes and reversed his train, and by his prompt action stopped his train in time to keep it from going into the ditch although not in time to keep his engine and the first trucks of the mail car from leaving the the tracks.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford visits Thief River Falls on the 9th day of every month. A day of importance to those suffering from defective eye sight or nevous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses, at the Rushford.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

The Proverb: God helps those who help themselves, does not apply in traveling so if you are thinking of taking a trip no matter where it may be by land or sea, come and see me and be assured a good trip.

Low rates are the talk of the American people today, get in the game and keep posted by calling on me.

Souvenir Playing Cards: Northern Steamship playing cards are the talk of the town, better get a deck only 25 cents. Great Northern playing cards cost 15 cents a deck. These cards are offered to the public at actual cost. For Sale Here.

W. E. Baker,
Local Agent.

TWO MEN DROWNED

Drove Into the Mississippi River Near St. Paul.

DRAW BRIDGE WAS OPEN

Had Been Swung Out to Allow a Steamboat to Pass—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, May 7.—Fred Hill and Darwin Truax of St. Paul Park, in attempting to drive across the Rock Island bridge near Inver Grove when it was open, were drowned in the Mississippi river. The bridge had started to swing to allow a steamboat to pass down stream. When the bridge tender heard the vehicle approaching he rushed to the open gate, but the two men did not heed him and in the darkness they rushed to their death.

The bodies have not been recovered. The water is deep and there is a rapid current at the point where the two men fell in and it is believed that the bodies were carried down stream a considerable distance.

The first intimation that the family of either man received of the accident was the arrival of the horse without carriage or harness at the Hill home. The horse had evidently swam to the shore, landing about half a mile below the bridge.

Inver Grove, where the accident occurred, is a suburb of St. Paul.

GIVE PRISONER A PURSE.

Duluth Jurors Help Man Accused of Shooting His Neighbor.

Duluth, May 4.—Edward Kurke of Floodwood, St. Louis county, was brought before the grand jury here charged with shooting Charles Hukka with intent to kill and the members of the jury instead of indicting him made up a purse for him, as he was very needy, and told him to go his way.

Kurke shot and wounded Hukka on April 10 and was arrested. It developed at the grand jury investigation that Hukka had belied Kurke's children to their father. It was further disclosed that before that time Kurke had taken Hukka in and fed him when he was without money or employment and that the man had been not only ungrateful but malicious in trying to cause Kurke's children to turn against him.

WOMEN ESCAPE PRISON.

Witness at First Trial Says He Testified Falsely.

Minneapolis, May 2.—Emma Yates and Emma Anderson, convicted of complicity in setting fire to a store in this city for the purpose of securing the insurance on the structure, have been released upon the advice of the county attorney.

The supreme court granted the defendants a new trial and this brought the case back again for trial. E. A. Perry, whom, it turns out, was the guilty party, is now serving a Stillwater sentence for firing the building. He told the county attorney that he testified against the women for spite.

KILLED WHILE DANCING.

Teamster Shot Dead in a Resort Near Bovey, Minn.

Duluth, May 7.—A teamster named Samuel Ibsen, aged thirty years and single, was shot and instantly killed while dancing in a resort near the Holman mine, two miles from Bovey, Itasca county. A man named Toney Talerubes is accused of the shooting.

It has not yet developed what the motive was. Talerubes escaped and the authorities of Itasca county are seeking him. It is believed that he fled toward Grand Rapids.

Affects Fifteen Hundred Men.

St. Paul, May 4.—The Twin City Rapid Transit company has announced an increase in wages affecting its 1,500 conductors and motormen. The schedule announced is 21 cents per hour for the first year, with 1 cent an hour increase for each additional year of service, the men receiving 25 cents an hour after five years' service. The men are now being paid 20 cents an hour for the first six months of their employment and afterwards at the flat rate of 22 cents an hour.

Made Fire Escape of Sheets.

Minneapolis, May 1.—E. Armstrong, his wife and two sons escaped from their burning home at 4 a. m. by sliding down a rope of bedclothes from a second story window. Mr. Armstrong was awakened by the odor of smoke and found the stairway ablaze. He tied several sheets together, lowered his wife and children to safety and then slid down the rope himself.

Alleged Shortage Increases.

St. Paul, May 2.—Harry E. Ricker, former business manager of the Metropolitan Opera House was taken to police court for arraignment on a charge of grand larceny, but at his request the case was continued. The complaint charges Ricker with grand larceny in the first degree, alleging the taking of $2,665.

Ends Life by Shooting.

St. Paul, May 2.—Harry C. Burdette, chief lineman of the St. Paul police alarm and signal system, committed suicide during the night by shooting himself. The body was found in the [illegible]

ADMITS ITS GUILT.

Minneapolis Concern Solicited and Accepted Concessions.

Minneapolis, May 7.—The W. P. Devereaux company has admitted its guilt on the first of fifteen counts found against it by the federal grand jury for soliciting and accepting concessions in transporting grain from Minneapolis to Seattle. Judge William Lochren imposed a fine of $1,000 and the remaining fourteen counts were nolled.

The federal grand jury returned the indictment Nov. 8, 1905, together with other rebate cases involving four railroads and several grain companies. The first count in the indictment charged the Devereaux company with soliciting and accepting a reduction of 20 cents a hundred pounds from the regular tariff charges of shipping a carload of oats from Minneapolis to Seattle on July 31, 1905. The published rate of the Great Northern at that time was 50 cents a hundred pounds between these points. The other counts in the indictment were on similar transactions. The action taken closes the case.

DIES FOLLOWING BANQUET

Professor Hinton, Formerly of Minneapolis, Expires Suddenly.

Washington, May 1.—Charles H. Hinton, formerly a professor of mathematics in one of the collegiate institutions of Minneapolis and for the past two years an examiner of the patent office, dropped dead in the lobby of the Young Men's Christian association building as he was leaving the banquet hall where the Society of Philanthropic Inquiry had held its annual dinner, at which Professor Hinton had responded to the toast "Female Philosophers." Death was due to cerebral hemorrhage. He was born in London sixty-three years ago and was a graduate of Oxford and several other noted universities. Professor Hinton was the author of several books devoted to scientific research, the chief of which was the "Fourth Dimension."

ENDS STORY; FALLS DEAD

Austin Loud of Duluth Is Stricken While in Cafe.

Duluth, May 4.—Austin W. Loud of 1823 Piedmont avenue, a lumber inspector and a leading member of the Duluth Central Gun club, dropped dead at 8 o'clock this evening while dining with four others in a cafe on West Superior street.

He had just finished telling a story of a fishing trip that he had taken, when he suddenly straightened up in his chair and fell sideways to the floor before his astonished companions could reach out a hand to hold him.

Mr. Loud was found to be dead when picked up. Apoplexy is supposed to have caused his death.

Thieves Despoil Courthouse.

St. Paul, April 29.—Thieves have been despoiling the doors of the courtrooms by removing the heavy brass hinges. Seven have been stolen during the past week. The hinges are extra heavy, of solid brass and valued at $5 each. There are three hinges on each door and the thieves cunningly removed the center hinge. As the door opens and shuts without the hinge the robbery is not noticed at once.

Accused of Killing Her Baby.

St. Paul, May 7.—Mrs. Minnie Galles, who is accused of placing the body of a male infant on a doorstep at Seventh and Chestnut streets, where she had gone to have her bridal gown made, is under arrest at the central police station. She will be arraigned in police court, charged with the death of her baby, which occurred about two weeks ago.

Two Boys Injured.

St. Paul, May 1.—James Mattimore, fifteen years old, was seriously injured; John O'Halloran, ten years old, was badly bruised, a horse driven by the boys was killed outright and the buggy smashed into splinters in a collision with a street car at Selby avenue and Arundel street. Mattimore is unconscious. His spine is injured and his condition is serious.

Minneapolis Man Badly Hurt.

Minneapolis, May 7.—A head-on collision in this city between a motorcycle and a street car, both going at a high rate of speed, resulted disastrously for the motorcycle and its rider, William Gebert, living at 1508 Hennepin avenue. Gebert was taken to St. Barnabas hospital in a serious condition. The cycle was wrecked beyond repair.

St. Paul Plasterers Out.

St. Paul, May 1.—Union plasterers of this city are on strike. About eighty men quit work. They demand a raise in wages from $4.50 to $5 per day. The demand was refused. Several of the plastering contractors have stated that the claim is exorbitant and will not be met. At this time they have not very many contracts on hand.

WOUNDS HIS DIVORCED WIFE

Prominent Colored Clergyman Then Attempts Suicide.

Wichita, Kan., May 7.—Andrew Burbridge, a prominent negro clergyman, broke into the house of his divorced wife who had refused to return to him and shot her six times in the breast and abdomen, inflicting wounds that will cause her death. He fled and was found in the country three miles distant with a self-inflicted bullet wound [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

With the "Marseillaise" as their marching hymn more than 6,000 socialists and labor unionists paraded the Brownsville and East New York sections of Brooklyn to show their sympathy for Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone.

The United States circuit court of appeals has affirmed the judgment of the lower court against a number of big packers, convicted of accepting rebates from the railroads and for which a penalty of $15,000 had been imposed.

George H. Phelps has filed a petition in the common pleas court at Findlay, O., asking that the Standard Oil company and its subsidiary companies be enjoined from doing business in the state of Ohio.

The traffic and operating departments of the Harriman and the Hill lines have united in a strenuous effort to prevent a recurrence of a coal famine next winter in the West and the Northwest.

American interests have captured a number of important foreign contracts for electrical equipment, including a complete plan for lighting the czar's palace at Tsarskoe-Selo, near St. Petersburg.

In the finals in the international amateur court tennis championship games at London Jay Gould of New York won from Pennell, the champion of 1904, in three straight sets, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1.

The blockade incidental to the arrival of the coal fleet at Superior now has 100 boats held in the harbor, making by far the greatest congestion the harbor has ever seen.

Two hundred thousand dollars, the largest contribution for famine relief ever made in one day, was sent to China Tuesday by the Christian Herald of New York.

Railroads in the Pittsburg district have filed tariffs with the interstate commerce commission for a general advance in freight rates to become effective June 1.

Ten transatlantic liners brought more than 15,00 aliens to New York Thursday, which is a record number of immigrants for one day.

The Wisconsin legislature continues as tightly deadlocked over the election of a senator as when voting began three weeks ago.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

In a letter read before the Central Federated union of New York city President Roosevelt states that if evidence is submitted to him showing that there has been a miscarriage of justice for or against Moyer and Haywood, awaiting trial at Boise, Ida., charged with the murder of former Governor Steunenberg, he will bring such evidence to the attention of the attorney general for such action, if any, as it may be in the power of the federal authorities to take.

The accident bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission for the three months ending Dec. 31 shows that during that quarter casualties to railroad passengers and to railroad employes while on duty numbered 20,941, an increase of 1,094 over those reported during the preceding three months.

The strained relations between Mexico and Guatemala, arising from the failure of the latter to surrender under extradition proceedings for trial in Mexico General Lima, charged with complicity in the assassination of President Barrillas, is causing serious concern at Washington.

Secretary Taft has decided to refuse the demand of skilled labor on the canal zone for an increase of wages. He declares the wages paid those men is from 25 to 35 per cent higher than the same class of workmen receive in the United States.

The heroic bronze equestrian statue of Major General George B. McClellan was unveiled at Washington Thursday. President Roosevelt made the principal speech.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 4.—Wheat—May, 86⅝c; Sept., 86⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 89c; No. 1 Northern, 88c; No. 2 Northern, 85½c; No. 3 Northern, 81½@82½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 4.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—$6.20@6.32½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; good to prime lambs, $7.75@8.65.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 4.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 88⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 87⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 86⅝c; May, 87⅝c; July, 88⅝@88⅞c; Sept., 88c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.22½; July, $1.24; Oct., $1.24½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 4.—Wheat—May, 81¾c; July, 83⅝@84c. Corn—May, 49¾c; July, 42¾c. Oats—May, 44⅛c; July, 42¾c. Pork—May, $15.67½; July, $15.95. Butter—Creameries, 16@22c; dairies, 15@22c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 4.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.40; cows, $1.75@4.85; heifers, $2.60@5.25; calves, $4.00@5.25; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.40; poor to medium, $4.25@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.15. Hogs—Light and mixed, $6.20@6.50; heavy, $6.15@6.50; rough, $6.15@6.25; pigs, $5.90@6.40; [illegible]

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

O. M. Hall of Red Wing gets the six-year term on the state tax commission; Samuel Lord of Kasson gets the four-year term and Franklin McVey of Minneapolis gets the two-year-term. The three recently appointed commissioners met, in Governor Johnson's office and organized. They drew straws to see who was to get the long and short terms. The commissioners elected Rukard Hurd of St. Paul as secretary.

A deed to 75,000 acres of state swamp land was given to the Duluth and Iron Range road last week by the state auditor. The company has 6,000 acres still coming, which it is selecting. The land is given under a grant of 1875, when 600,000 acres were given to the road. The delay in giving the deeds has been on account of the delay in the state's receiving its grants from the federal government.

Banks and trust companies must pay the registry tax on mortgages which they hold, *according to Attorney General* Young. At present these companies pay a tax on their capital stock and surplus and not on mortgages which they may own, but under the new law they will have to pay both.

The St. Paul state free employment bureau will be opened about May 15 at the old state capitol. Captain J. H. Wilson has been appointed to have charge of the bureau. Mr. Wilson is a G. A. R. man and prominent in St. Paul labor circles.

Employes in the Minneapolis freight houses are engaged in an effort to secure a general increase of 25 per cent in wages, but thus far their action has reached only the request stage and the railroad companies have not been heard from.

R. T. O'Connor, J. W. Lusk and Frank O'Meara, all of St. Paul, have been named by Governor Johnson as the members of the Minnesota capitol grounds commission. Mr. O'Connor has declined the position.

Union plasterers of St. Paul have gone on a strike, the contractors having refused to grant their request of $5 a day for eight hours' work. The plasterers get $4.50 a day for eight hours' work at present.

Governor Johnson has appointed Mrs. Granville W. Smith of Stillwater as deputy oil inspector to succeed her husband, who died recently. This is the first woman ever appointed oil inspector in the state.

St. Paul police commissioners have raised the salary of Chief of Police J. J. O'Connor from $2,500 to $4,000. The increase was made in accordance with the legislative act passed March 23.

Peace has been declared between the ice wagon drivers and the companies in Minneapolis. The men are given an increase in wages through the winter months.

Union machinists in the Twin Cities are on strike. They demand a nine-hour day with ten hours' pay.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Dr. Jacob F. Force is liable in the sum of $115,115.36 to the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, of which he formerly was vice president. Such is the judgment of Judge David F. Simpson of the Hennepin county district court in the first of the series of civil suits begun with an idea to recovering from the former officers of the company the money which they are alleged to have used illegally.

Arnold Sparby, aged eleven years, was shot and instantly killed at the home of J. Horstad, in the town of Garden, south of Crookston, by Albert Singer, aged sixteen years. The boys were playing with an old gun, not knowing it was loaded.

John M. Garvin, a conductor for the Omaha railway living at St. Paul, was found dead in the rear of a store in that city with a bullet wound in his head. It is supposed he committed suicide.

An epidemic of diphtheria is reported at New York Mills, Otter Tail county, and the village schools have been closed for two weeks on account of the prevalence of the disease.

Mrs. Patrick Gibbons, an aged Minneapolis woman, was so seriously burned in a fire that started from an exploding lamp that she expired twenty-four hours later.

Closely following the granting of a divorce to his wife Alexander Comtt of Fulda, this state, committed suicide in Minneapolis by cutting his throat with a razor.

After spending six months in the tubercular ward of the Minneapolis city hospital Gus Friberg committed suicide as a result of despondency.

OBITUARY.

George B. Chamberlain dropped dead at his home in a suburb of Albert Lea Thursday morning of heart disease. He was about eighty-five years old and had been a resident of Freeborn county for nearly fifty years.

Professor George Sverdrup, president of Augsburg Theological seminary for more than thirty years, died suddenly at his home in Minneapolis of paralysis of the heart.

John Engle, a prominent farmer and one of the pioneers of Olmsted county, is dead at the age of sixty-eight years. He was a veteran of the Civil war.

Dr. William Huntington Leonard, a practicing physician in Minneapolis [illegible]

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

DRINK Hamm's

NEW BREW

BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

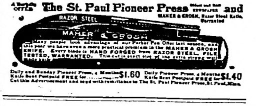

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong [illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

ASK FOR A FRANCHISE

New Telephone Company Asks for a Franchise of the City.

No Action Taken by the Council Members as Yet.

At the meeting of city council held Tuesday evening an newly organized company to be known as the Thief River Falls Telephone company and composed of D. B. Bakke, T. P. Hamre, C. C. Jackson, C. M. Evenson, Ben Christianson, Henry Grundy and George L. Stearns asked that a resolution be passed which would grant to the company a telephone franchise for the city of Thief River Falls. The new company agreed to have installed before May, 1908, a modern and up-to-date telephone system. A charge of not more than $3 per month for business phones and not more than $2 per month for residence phones is to be made, and the city is to be given the use of five phones free of charge. The city is also given the privilege of buying the system at the end of seven years by paying a price equal to the cost of construction as shown by the telephone company's books.

The matter was discussed at some length by the council, but no action was taken, and it was finally decided to hold an informal meeting on Saturday evening to which the general public is to be invited and the proposition will be considered. Next Tuesday evening a special meeting of the city council will be held and at this meeting the resolution granting the franchise will come up for final action.

RATES GO DOWNWARD

Railroad Commission Makes an Important Ruling This Week.

Will Help Thief River Falls and Other Distributing Points.

The Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission has issued an order which will be of advantage to the wholesale interests of Thief River Falls, Sauk Centre, Fergus Falls, Moorehead, Breckenridge, East Grand Forks, Crookston and St. Cloud. It is a square deal order. When the recent reduction in freight rates was make it applied only to retail shipments, and the carload rate was left at the old figures. There was so little margin between the two that it operated against the smaller cities known as distributing points, and was a great advantage to the big wholesale houses in the Twin cities. The whole salers of the inland cities named above went before the commission and were given a hearing for lower rates. This was bitterly opposed by the St. Paul and Minneapolis jobbers.

One of the men at the head of the freight department of one of the big roads, when asked for a fair rate for the smaller cities, said: "If you up country fellows think that you can get any better rate from the railroad commission as against the big jobbers, backed by all the political interests they command, why go ahead and try it."

They did go ahead and made so convincing arguments that their claims were granted by the commission which is additional evidence that it is trying to do justice to all the people, and will not be dictated to by the selfish jobbers union of the Twin Cities.

The rate of fourth class freight between St. Paul and Thief River Falls in less than carload lots is 30.50 cents per hundred.

The new rate, to take effect June 3 is 22.58 per hundred pounds in carload lots, and gives the Thief River Falls wholesalers a chance to do business.

The new rate from St. Paul is fixed as follows:

St. Cloud, in carload lots, per 100 pounds	6.50
Sauk Centre	12.82
Moorhead	18.66
Breckenridge	17.48
Fergus Falls	15.52
Thief River Falls	22.58
Crookston	20.02
East Grand Forks	21.70

The list of commodities coming under this rate consists of practically everything in the grocers' line and the minimum weight is 30,000 pounds per car.

This reduction with the reduction agreed upon between the railroads and the legislature is the nearest approach to a square deal the inland towns have ever enjoyed and they will certainly be business builders.

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Miss Sherbino has been elected to a position as teacher in one of the grammar grades at Farmington, Minnesota. This is a much better position than the one she holds here.

Did you ever hear of dog days in May? It appears that they do come then, altho perhaps they are confined to the school vicinity.

Contrary to all expectations, one Senior predicts that the weather will be warm enough to wear lace hair ribbons at commencement time.

A Junior states that the only thing she has learned about chemistry is that it is necessary to forget one thing to understand the Law of Charles. She finds it easy to forget.

If anyone has a knapsack to dispose of please present it to Esther. She has all other necessary requirements for her Alpine trip.

Evidently some pupils do not believe that where ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise.

Clara says she is glad that it is not always May.

Miss Carlson—So we always have three ears (th'rs) Laughter!

May thirtieth has been decided on for the date of class day, and May thirty-first as commencement. The Baccalaureate Sermon is to be delivered May twenty-sixth.

The total enrollment in all the grades to May 1st, is 1120. The high school, including the normal department, has on its rolls the names of 89 students. But few pupils have entered since April 1st.

At least 50 eighth grade pupils will be promoted to the high school at the close of this month.

Miss Eureka Sohlbone of Minneapolis will have charge of the normal department next year.

Board of Health Notice.

All human excreta shall be deposited in sewers, cesspools or vaults. The cesspools and vaults must be made water tight and fly proof.

All cesspools and vaults must be cleaned out at once and at such other times as may be considered necessary by the Board of Health.

P. L. Vistaunet
Health Officer.

Matt Won Again.

The injunction restraining Matt Skala from tearing down his opera house at Red Lake Falls has been dissolved by Judge Watts. We told you Matt would come out on top.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrances in Norway Sweden and Denmark.

Items of Interest to Those Who Have Come to America.

Stockholm.

It is indeed very seldom that one reads or hears of any train robberies in Sweden, but the following account by a Stockholm correspondent goes to show that it will happen there too: "A few days ago a local train in southern Sweden was the object of a successful attack on the mails. Two masked men, who were passengers on the train or rather two passengers on the train, who put on masks on the platform outside the post van, entered this, fired some revolver shots at the officer in charge, wounding him rather seriously, snatched some bags with money letters and jumped off the train. For several days the police were unable to find any trace of them, but at last they were caught in Malmo. Altogether four men were implicated, but only two took any active part in the affair. It is said, and so far as I know it is a fact, that all belong to the ultra-revolutionary gang of young socialists, that is, the anarchistic group of the labor movement. They profess that they committed the crime with the intent of handing over the proceeds to a fund to be employed for the purchase of revolvers for a general strike which they hope to start in a couple of years. Of course, the parliamentary section of the socialist party, to which this revolutionary section is in decided opposition, has nothing to do with this dirty business and I fancy that the revolutionary section itself will also deny having any connection with them beyond that their names are inscribed on the rolls. Nor do I believe that there is any direct connection between the two, although the criminals have taken advantage of the doctrines preached from the anarchistic pulpit to make themselves more interesting while posing as enemies of society for the good of all, instead of being enemies to individuals for their own private profit. As far as is known, they have used part of the proceeds for their own amusement and the contribution to the strike fund had not reached its destination when its would-be benefactors were arrested."

House rents continue soaring in Stockholm, although a great many new houses have been erected during the last year or two. The difficulty of getting a moderately comfortable flat at a not too exorbitant price seems to be on the increase. The greater part of the Stockholm population live in flats that sometimes, when they are supplied with all the modern inventions for comfort and luxury, are let at prices that would astonish people even in America. To pay 500 or even 600 crowns per room is nothing extraordinary in that expensive city. Flats which command lower rents say 250 or 400 crowns per room, have very little to boast of in the way of comfort, and in such cases bathrooms are an exception. For a workman, who has to be satisfied with a room and a kitchen for himself and family of four or five, to pay 400 crowns in a tenement house on the outskirts of the town is very hard, when wages even now have not risen in comparison. The enormous rise in rents must, of course, be attributed to the high prices of land in and around Stockholm, which in its turn must be referred to the somewhat unwise land policy of the municipal representatives, but it can also be ascribed to the general boom that has taken place during the last year, which has made all values run up. For every time a house changes owners the rents go up by leaps and bounds.

The very inadequate rent law, which makes a contract between landlord and tenant lapse when the house changes ownership, makes it possible for a new owner to raise rents all around at once, without waiting for the contracts to run out. This law, however, is now to be altered. The tenants have, however, revolted and declared war on the landlords. Several large enthusiastic meetings with leading citizens on the platform, have taken place to discuss the dire position of the inhabitants of Stockholm in this respect and steps have been taken to found a large and strong union of tenants, so that the landlords shall not have it all their own way. It will be very interesting to see how matters will develop. There is one thing which is difficult to understand and that is how the union of tenants will be able to declare a strike. They will have to use other means, as for instance strong pressure on the municipal authorities. There is plenty of land belonging to the city if the city only could put it on the market for sale or lease. Then, perhaps, the house owners and speculators would have to climb down a flat or two.

Previous to leaving Sweden for his new post Mr. Lagerkrantz was given a farewell dinner by the Swedish-American society, Gustaf Gullberg, editor of the Stockholm Tidning, being master of ceremonies. Among those present were Prince Wilhelm, the second son of the crownprince, and the whole affair seems to have been very successful. Mr. Lagerkrantz, who began his career as a military man, at one time together with Mrs. Lagerkrantz, belonged to the Salvation Army, where he held a prominent post and was considered as the general's great favorite. After some years, however, he left the army for some reason or other and returned, so to speak, to civil life. He is a clever man, speaks English like a native and is altogether a great acquisition to the diplomatic service.

The new Swedish envoy at Washington will in that city establish a bureau through which Swedish-Americans, who so desire, can receive positions in Sweden in case they feel disposed to return to the home land.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The committee having charge of the celebration to be held at Christiania on May 17 this year is already hard at work making out the program. But with June 7 it seems to be 'a horse of an entirely different color.' Last year the day, the first one after the original, was observed as a day of aid to poor children. The idea seemed popular then, the undertaking had the liberal support of the public, and large sums were collected. Also this year it was the intention to utilize June 7 for the same noble purpose. But the city authorities and others do not look upon it in the same light any longer. It is said that to make such use of the day, or to observe the day at all as a holiday, may look like a demonstration and the neighbor who was the second party to the union may take offense. Accordingly the day will not be observed in a general way this year and very likely not at all in the future. Another day may be chosen, however, as a day for aid to poor children, if the sentiment otherwise is for having such a day. The committee, however insisted on that day or none, at least for this year, and the result is that there will be no 'children's day' in Christiania this year, and thereby many institutions whose aim it is to care for poor children will have to do without the material support which the proceeds of last June 7 brought to them."

Emigration from Norway to the states is going on at a lively rate. On the last sailings thousands left Norway, mostly young people, who should be the very ones to build up their own land, which after all certainly offers many opportunities. Nevertheless activity on a big scale is noticeable in many ways, industrial plants of different kinds are being established and mining is particularly fostered not only by natives, but by foreigners who are investing large sums of money. There is also a considerable amount of American money finding its way into Norway.

The Dovre Male chorus of Minneapolis will visit Norway this summer and give a series of concerts in the largest cities and towns of the country. Ole Theobaldi, the Norwegian violinist, will accompany the singers and assist at the concerts. The chorus consists of fifty trained voices and will be under the direction of Professor Tonning.

A project has been under consideration to send the Norwegian naval cadets to Hampton Roads, Va., in one of the warships either this month or next. It remains, however, to be seen whether the storthing will appropriate the necessary funds.

The French actress, Suzanne Depres, has been in Christiania with her company and played, among other dramas, Ibsen's "A Doll House." She received due credit for her excellent acting, but her visit was not much of a financial success.

The new "Folkets Hus," which has been erected by the labor party of Christiania, is now in the main completed and will be formally dedicated Sept. 1.

King Haakon and Queen Maud are to pay an official visit to the president of France. They will be in Paris about May 24.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Herr Christian Zangenberg, the royal Danish actor, is now touring in America and creating a veritable furore among his countrymen. Herr Zangenberg, who is equally eminent as a comedian and a character artist, celebrated his twenty-fifth anniversary recently as a member of the royal theater in Copenhagen, upon which occasion he was knighted by the king of Denmark and decorated with the order of Dannebrog, an honor bestowed upon but few actors and only those of rare excellence. King Frederick VIII also gave audience to Herr Zangenberg upon his departure from Denmark and bade the actor convey his royal greetings to all his former subjects now residing in the United States.

Negotiations between the Berlin and Copenhagen governments relative to Denmark's attitude towards Germany in the event that the latter government should become involved in war, are now said to have been completed. The German emperor wants Copenhagen to be furnished with new fortifications, also the Danish navy and a marine station erected on Seeland. King Frederick's recent visit to Copenhagen was regarded as very significant and it is believed that the above mentioned negotiations have been completed.

The Danish rigsdag has appropriated building options and a large lot for the erection of a Swedish church in Copenhagen, for which purpose Copenhagen Swedes have subscribed 125,000 crowns.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

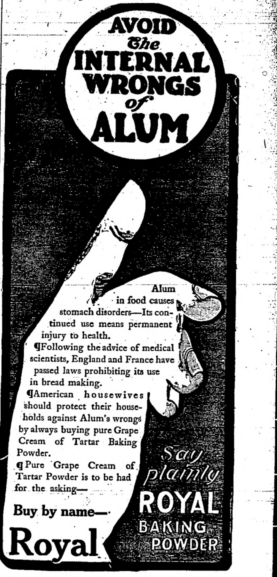

AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—Royal

Say plainly ROYAL BAKING POWDER

MADNESS OR DEATH.

The Inevitable Fate That Awaits the Absinth Tippler.

What is absinth? It is prepared by pounding the leaves and flowering tops of various species of wormwood, star anise root, sweetflag root, leaves of dittany and other aromatic plants, and steeping them in alcohol. After eight or ten days the mixture is distilled, and oil of aniseed or some similar essential oil is added. This is the method of producing the genuine absinth, but it varies usually in the direction of cheapening production and increasing profits. Poisonous wood alcohol is used for macerating the vegetable ingredients, and inferior and often injurious herbs are employed. These do not always produce the much desired greenish opalescence, and turmeric, indigo, sulphate of copper and other coloring matters are employed. The consequences of regularly drinking even carefully prepared absinth are in the end ruinous to mind and body. The main difference between the various qualities of the liquor is the rapidity with which deleterious effects are produced. A man can go on drinking the better qualities a little longer before he becomes a mental and physical wreck; that is all. And, whether one drinks to excess or only takes a regular daily dose, the end is the same. The sequence of events and their duration only are different. In the first case the large doses of the liquor necessary to produce any effect speedily render the victim unable to eat food. He is tortured by an unquenchable thirst. Hallucinations speedily follow, and the grave or the madhouse is the inevitable end. The absinth tippler goes to ruin down an easier slope. His earliest symptoms are loss of weight and strength, followed by the development of muscular twitchings and a tottering gait, somewhat similar to that of locomotor ataxia. Then hallucinations set in, accompanied by gradually spreading paralysis, which ends in death. If a person is a regular daily drinker of absinth, whether he drinks to excess or only tipples moderately, ruin of the nervous system, followed by madness or death, is absolutely certain.—Exchange.

SOME NEW YORK FIRSTS.

The first governor was Peter Minuit. He was appointed in 1626.

The first male child born of European parents was Jean Vigne (1614).

The first female child born of European parents was [illegible]

The first physician was Dr. Johannes La Montague, who began practicing in 1636 and who for many years was the only doctor.

The first engineer was Kryn Frederick, who was authorized by the governor in 1626 to superintend the construction of a permanent fort on Manhattan Island.

The first meeting room for religious services was (1626) in the loft of the horsepower mill located on what is now South William street, near Pearl.—New York Herald.

The first warehouse was erected in 1626. It was a rude, inartistic structure, one corner of which was set apart as a village store. Here the Indians came for a drink of the white man's "fire water."

A Dutch Superstition.

Live but to learn! When you give a pointed or sharp instrument to a friend he makes return of a penny, so that friendship may not be pierced or cut. I gave a kitten to our washwoman the daintiest bit of Wilhelminesque ware in this country—aetat thirty-five, avoirdupois 222. She was nearly tickled to death. "I won't thank you for the present," she said, "because the kitten would pine away and die." She then explained that in Holland to thank a friend for a present was always supposed to bring bad luck. Maybe all men these days are Hollanders. The more favors you do them the less they thank you.—New York Press.

Why Tears Flow.

All human emotions, however slight they may be, either decrease or increase the circulation of the blood. Those emotions that bring tears cause the blood vessels around the eyes to expand, thus flooding the lachrymal or tear glands with blood. The tear glands always secrete a little to keep the eyes cool and moist and carry off specks of dust through the nasal passages, but the extra supply of blood increases this secretion to such an extent that it cannot go off in the usual way, so overflows.

Von Moltke at Cards.

Count von Moltke, Germany's great field marshal, never lost a battle, and it annoyed him to lose a game of cards. A biographer says of his old age: "The family were trained to let him win if they could without his noticing their maneuver, and they would reckon up the sums to the smallest amount. 'It is really wonderful that I have won in spite of my bad play,' he remarked to me once rather suspiciously, but he abided by the result."

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 9, 1907.

The Timber Supply.

Every person in the United States is using over six times as much wood as he would use if he were in Europe. The country as a whole consumes every year between three and four times more wood than all of the forests of the United States grow in the meantime. The average acre of forest lays up a store of only 10 cubic feet annually, whereas it ought to be laying up at least 30 cubic feet in order to furnish the products taken out of it. Since 1880 more than 700,000,000,000 feet of timber have been cut for lumber alone, including 80,000,000,000 feet of coniferous timber in excess of the total coniferous stumpage estimate of the Census in 1880.

These are some of the remarkable statements made in circular 97 of the forest service, which deals with the timber supply of the United States and reviews the stumpage estimates made by all the important authorities. A study of the circular must lead directly to the conclusion that the rate at which forests products in the United States have been and are being consumed is far too lavish, and that only one result can follow unless steps are promptly taken to prevent waste in use and to increase the growth rate of every acre of forest in the United States. This country is to-day in the same position with regard to forest resources as was Germany 150 years ago. During this period of 150 years such German States as Saxony and Prussia, particularly the latter, have applied a policy of government control and regulation which has immensely increased the productiveness of their forests. The same policy will achieve even better results in the United States because we have the advantage of all the lessons which Europe has learned and paid for in the course of a century of theory and practise.

Lest it might be assumed that the rapid and gaining depletion of American forest resources is sufficiently accounted for by the increase of population, it is pointed out in the circular that the increase in population, since 1880 is barely more than half the increase in lumber-cut in the same period. Two areas supplying timber have already reached and passed their maximum production—the Northeastern States in 1870 and the Lake States in 1890. To-day the Southern States, which cut yellow pine amounting to one-third the total annual lumber cut of the country, are undoubtedly near their maximum. The Pacific States will soon take the ascendency. The State of Washington within a few years has come to the front and now ranks first of all individual States in volume of cut.

At present but one-fifth of the total forest area of the United States is embraced in National Forests. The remaining four-fifth have already passed or are most likely to pass into private hands. The average age of the trees felled for the lumber this year is not less than 150 years. In other words if he is to secure a second crop of trees of the same size, the lumberman or private forest owner must wait, say at least one hundred years for the second crop to grow.

As a rule, such long-time investments as this waiting would involve do not commend themselves to business men who are accustomed to quick returns. But the States and the Nation can look much farther ahead. The larger, then, the area of National and State control over woodlands, the greater is the likelihood that the forests of the country will be kept permanently productive.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

No Primary Election Change.

One thing that members of the late legislature will have trouble in explaining to their constituents is the failure to extend the primary election system to state officers and United States senators.

If there was anything that it was clear the people wanted done by the legislature, it was this extension of the primary election system. The people wanted 2 cent fares, an anti pass bill and a reciprocal demurrage law, and they made it pretty clear that they did, but they made it equally clear that they wanted the convention system abolished on state officers, and while they got the other things they did not get this.

The house went so far as to go on record in favor of the extension by an informal vote, when the bill received an ample majority. But when it came to actually voting for its passage, it fell far short of receiving enough votes in the house, so it never got to the senate.

Three legislative sessions have gone by since the primary election system was adopted, and as yet practically no amendments have been adopted. A few of minor importance have been passed, but not a single one that materially affected the provisions of the law.

At first the advocates of the old boss system made so much noise in opposition to the law that the people felt that they were doing well to retain it in any form. Of late, however, this opposition has died down, and it is doubtful whether, if a bill abolishing the system were presented, there would be more than a scant half dozen in either house that would dare to vote for it.

The public sentiment in favor of extending the system to cover state officers has been swelling formidably in recent years, but apparently it has not waxed great enough to force the legislature to action. It was strong enough to induce the parties to incorporate it in their state platforms, but not strong enough to make the lawmakers heed it.

It would be interesting to know just how much of an explosion will be necessary to make the legislature perform its obvious duty in this respect. If the people can find out just what is needed, they may be relied upon to furnish the materials for the explosion, even if it has to take the form of retiring to private life those who permit their personal prejudices to blind them to an unmistakable popular demand.—Duluth Herald.

Again Railroading.

"Hank" Murray, who was with the Great Northern here for many years as brakeman and later for years a conductor, who for the past several years was with land companies here and elsewhere, who for the past several years was with land companies here and elsewhere has re-entered the railroad business and is now in charge of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy yards at Galesburg, Ill., and is doing well. Many of the old time railroad men in the Northwest will be glad to know that "Spout" is again in the harness.—Crookston Journal.

Subscribe for the News.

Town Clerks, Red Lake County.

Township—	Clerk—	Postoffice Address—
Numedal	Ole B. Olson	Thief River Falls R. R. No.1
Bray	Emil J. Akerlund	Wylie
Polk Centre	C. E. Naplin	"
Louisuille	A. D. Berry	Huot
Norden	G. J. Nordhagen	Thief River Falls
Sanders	Nels K. Anderson	St. Hilaire
Black River	Filix Anderson	Wylie
Red Lake Falls	Hdiage Baril	Red Lake Falls
Lake Pleasant	M Ducharm	" " "
North	E. J. Overland	Thief River Falls
Rocksbury	P. Englestad	" " "
River Falls	A. S. Anderson	St. Hilaire
Gervais	Alex Patnode	Red Lake Falls
Terrebonne	J. L. Cossette	Terrebonne
Silverton	Henry Hanson	Thief River Falls
Smiley	Tobias Stene	" " "
Wyandotte	J. R. Larson	Hazel
Emardville	A. J. Hemstad	Plummer
Poplar River	Arthur Laniel	Brooks
Clover Leaf	Joseph DuCamp	Germantown
Kratka	R. M. Johnson	Kratka
Mayfield	Sam Lovaas	Garnes
Garnes	Olaf Tande	"
Lambert	Max Perras	Lambert
Goodridge	C. N. Urdahl	Brunkeberg
Highlanding	J. W. Vrolson	Highlanding
Deer Park	W. A. Swanson	Rhoda
Equality	Lewis Sall	Garnes
Reiner	Mickel T. Torgerson	Reiner
Star	Joseph Johnson	Erie

Town Treasurers, Red Lake County.

Township—	Treasurer—	Postoffice Address—
Numedal	Elias Joringdal	Thief River Falls
Bray	A. E. Anderson	Wylie
Polk Center	P. E. Smidesang	"
Louisville	Joseph Marcott	Dorothy
Norden	Nils O. Nora	Thief River Falls
Sanders	O. L. Larson	St. Hilaire
Black River	Albert Anderson	Wylie
Red Lake Falls Twp.	John Lennertz	Red Lake Falls
Lake Pleasant	Wm. Schaper	" " "
North	August Soderberg	Thief River Falls
Rocksbury	Ed. A. Aubol	St. Hilaire
River Falls	Aug. Swenson	" "
Gervais	George Orr	Red Lake Falls
Terrebonne	L. C. Cadieux	Terrebonne
Silverton	John J. Sorum	Thief River Falls
Smiley	A. G. Sorenson	" " "
Wyandotte	H. R. Kolseth	Hazel
Emardville	John G. Hagen	Plummer
Poplar River	Cyrille Lussier	Brooks
Clover Leaf	Peter Sulland	Brunkeberg
Kratka		
Mayfield	A. C. Mayfield	Plummer
Garnes	Olaf Skreland	Grit
Lambert	Louis Falardeau	Lambert
Goodridge	Albert Arntz	Brunkeberg
Highlanding	Aug. J. Wentzel	Highlanding
Deer Park	O. M. Mandt	Rodney
Equality	Edward E. Havik	Grit
Reiner	Reinhart Johnsrud	Reiner
S ar		

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

BANK AT WHITE EARTH.

Will be Under Supervision of the United States Government.

White Earth Tomahawk: The promoters of the Chippewa Bank of White Earth have been informed that they will be required by the government at Washington to take out an application for a license to operate a bank here.

This will place the bank largely under the supervision of the Indian office and will compel it to conform to the rules of the government with regard to the intercourse laws.

While it is doubtful whether the Indian office could compel the bank to first obtain a license in order to do a banking business with the Indians in this reservation who are without exception citizens of the United States and are no longer subject to the old intercourse laws applicable to Indians, the officials of the bank deem it to the advantage of not only the Indians on the reservation but also to the bank to have some sort of governmental supervision over it.

Disposal of Troublesome Chickens.

For literary convenience these men may be called Smith and Jones. Thomp went to Smith and remarked that Jones' chickens were scratching up his garden, and asked what he ought to do. Smith said "shoot 'em." Then he went to Jones and remarked that Smith's chickens were scratching up his garden and asked what he ought to do. Jones said "shoot 'em." Thomp. cleaned his gun, got plenty of ammunition, and the next morning sat at his open kitchen window and blazed away at every chicken that wandered into his lots whether Smith's or Jones', and the feathers flew for an hour or two and the road was soon full of killed and maimed hens and roosters. Smith and Jones hurriedly found a way to keep their hens confined at home, and though they both felt pretty grouchy toward Thomp, for several months neither could say anything, for both had advised him to "shoot 'em." Thomp. raised a splendid garden that year.—Ex.

The Latest "Slam."

The latest thing in mail order houses, "slams." A prominent business man of one of our smaller, but prosperous towns was heard to register the following complaint recently. "Times have changed," he remarked reflectively, and whether they have changed for the better you may judge from the results of my experience covering over thirty years of dealing in the furniture business. Years ago when we delivered furniture at a home, we invariably saw the old family Bible on the center table, but now, when we enter those same home parlors, we find the dusty and venerable book replaced by a gaudily covered, much bethumbed Sears & Sawbuck catalogue." We knew this to be a great commercial age, but we did not suppose it had been carried that far.

Circulating the Petition.

All of those who are out circulating the county seat removal petition were at home to spend Sunday and started out again Monday morning. They report that Red Lake Falls has an army of men at work endeavoring to secure withdrawals. Quite a number of signatures have already been secured for the petition, enough to insure beyond any doubt that quite a percentage of 60 per cent will be secured at an early date.

Indigestion.

The following cure for indigestion is recommended by the eminent Dr. Bond in the London Lancet, a medical journal of world wide repute.

"The indigestion must be a very hopeless one," says Dr. Bond, "which will not yield to a diet of a small cup of warm milk to which a teaspoonful of rum has been added, followed by a plain biscuit or two and some very mild cheese, paradoxical as this combination may seem."

According to Dr. Bond, there is a subtle harmony between these ingredients that does the business.

Earthquake Gowns.

In 1750 there was a great earthquake in England, and Horace Walpole records that "several women have made 'earthquake gowns'—that is, warm gowns to sit out of doors all night." Walpole also tells that "Turner, a great china man at the corner of the next street had a jar cracked by the shock. He originally asked 10 guineas for the jar. He now asks 20, because it is the only jar in Europe that had been cracked by an earthquake."

Mended It.

"I have never given you credit for knowing very much, madam," said a blunt old bachelor, "but"—

"Sir!" she interrupted. "Do you wish to insult"—

"But," he continued, "I have always admired your grace and beauty."

"I accept your apology," said the lady.

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THE FALL OF NATIONS

How Great World Powers Have Passed Into History.

MOST HAVE DIED FIGHTING.

The Struggle Between the Empire of the East and the Empire of the West. Venice, Its Secret Three and Its Long Reign of Terror.

Most countries which have died have gone down fighting. The Roman empire perished like that, and by the irony of fate the power of the Caesars came to an end far away from Rome.

After it had existed for centuries the Roman empire became so vast and unwieldy that it had to be divided into two, the empire of the west and the empire of the east. The capital of the former was Rome.

The empire of the west became so weak at last that it could make no stand against its enemies. Rome was sacked by the barbarians and eventually became not the capital of a vast empire, but the city of the popes, over which the pontiffs reigned as kings. The temporal power of the popes lasted till 1870, while the capital of Italy was first Turin and then Milan. Finally the city was taken without a real fight by the soldiers of the king of Italy.

The empire of the east had its capital at Constantinople. For centuries it was the greatest power in the world. But it became honeycombed with vice and enervated with pride and luxury; also it grew old and weak. Then in 1422 the Turks made a tigerish spring on Constantinople and took it by storm. The last of the Greek emperors died sword in hand, and his descendants are living in England today in very humble situations.

Egypt, once so powerful and so famous under the pharaohs, was conquered by Rome and was afterward swamped by the Moslems. The crescent was supreme in the land of the Nile, and the aforetime haughty Egyptians were slaves for a thousand years.

The great moguls used to reign in India. In the days of Queen Elizabeth the mogul—or emperor of Delhi, as he was sometimes called—was so powerful that he thought it a vast condescension on his part to receive an embassy from the maiden queen. But as time went on the great rajahs, or tributary kings, rebelled against the moguls. India was rent asunder by the wars between rival rajahs. This gave the Europeans a chance.

France at first held the upper hand and nearly conquered the land, but then England drove France back and seized the empire of the great moguls for herself. The heir of the moguls, by the way, still enjoys a pension given by the British government as a compensation for the throne lost by his ancestors.

Poland used to occupy a big place on the map of Europe. At one time it was much larger and stronger than Russia. The czar of Russia and the emperor of Austria were only too glad to be on good terms with the king of Poland, and there was no king of Prussia in those days.

Noble adventurers from all parts of the world flocked to the Polish capital at Warsaw, eager to serve in the Polish armies. The Duke of Monmouth, son of King Charles II. of England, thought of doing this.

But Poland perished through her own faults and follies. The mass of the common people were slaves in all but name. They were not allowed to move from one part of the country to another without leave, they could not own a foot of land, and they could never be sure that they might not be sold by the great noble they served to a new master; hence the nobles and the people never stood together in times of danger or disaster.

Poland was a big country, but it was divided against itself, and Russia, Prussia and Austria combined were more powerful. They all three joined hands, and each took a large share of Poland in 1772. That was the "first partition of Poland." The Poles submitted tamely, for they were still divided.

In 1793 the trio of robbers made a second swoop. Only the ghost of Poland was left. Another year saw the end of the tragedy. The last remnants of Poland were swallowed up by Russia, Prussia and Austria.

The fate of the republic of Venice is one of the most dramatic in all history. For hundreds of years the City of the Lagoons was one of the most powerful states in the world. Its doges ranked as the equals of the proudest kings. Its alliance was coveted by the greatest powers. Its government was one of sheer terrorism. The doge was hardly more than a splendid figurehead. All real power rested in the hands of the dreaded council of ten and the secret three. The latter were a trio of living mysteries and were known by name to practically no one in Venice.

Sometimes a man was one of the secret three and his own wife and children never dreamed it. Their most dreaded servants were masked mutes. If a Venetian, no matter how high his rank, was denounced by the council of ten or the secret three, he knew he was no better than a dead man. So the government of Venice was a terror to its own people and the outside world. Then Napoleon came upon the scene, and "the lion of St. Mark licked the dust."—Pearson's Weekly.

"I have generally found that the man who is good at an excuse is good for nothing else," said Franklin to a servant who was always late, but always ready with an excuse.

MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

The Change From the Era When Wives Were Taken by Force.

Marriage customs have changed everywhere with the advance of civilization. Anglo-Saxons in ancient times, it is said, used to capture their wives by force from their fathers or their husbands, it did not matter which.

This was before Augustine came to preach Christianity. Then purchase was more common than capture, although the latter seems to have been frequent enough to the reign of Ethelbert to need regulation by law. By this law a man might run away with a woman, provided he afterward paid her previous owner, be he father or husband, 50 shillings. If it was husband who had thus been deprived of his wife, the woman's captor had not only to pay him the fine, but also to buy him another wife. In any case the stolen woman belonged to her captor.

If a man had purchased his bride in the days of Ethelbert and afterward concluded he had paid too much for her, it was lawful for him to return her to her former owner and claim again the purchase price, provided that he had not previously expressed satisfaction by making the bride a present on the morning after the wedding.

The next step was the "foster lien," when the bride price was paid on the day of espousal and was supposed to compensate the parent for the cost of bringing up his daughter. It seems, however, that this soon fell into disrepute, as there was no law against the father engaging his daughter to numerous suitors, taking from each the "foster lien" and, of course, cheating all but one on the wedding day, which at that time was only the day of betrothal, when the suitor gave a "wed" or pledge for the future performance of his contract. If the suitor did not claim his bride within two years after the wedding day, he forfeited all right to her and to whatever money or goods he had paid for her. If the woman and her father broke their promises, the father had to give the suitor four times as much as the suitor had already paid him.

As civilization advanced the bride price was given to the woman herself and became her dowry, while nowadays the tables are frequently turned, and the bride settles the money on her husband.

LADYLIKE GEOMETRY.

Figures of the same shape don't always have the same style.

Figures of the same size never consider themselves equivalent.

A straight line is the shortest distance between two millinery openings.

A plain figure is one all points of which have been neglected by the dressmaker.

A mixed line is a line composing the reception committee of a club's presidential candidate.

A broken line is a series of successive straight lines described by a woman alighting from a street car.

A straight line determined by two bargain tables is considered as prolonged both ways until the store closes.

Women equal to the same thing are not always equal to each other.—Nellie Parker Jones in Chicago Record-Herald.

A Pointed Prayer.

Aunt Dinah had come to see her old mistress, who had just recovered from an illness.

"Yes, Miss Lila, I sho'ly done prayed fer yer to git well all de time, and now yer see how it done turned out."

"Then you believe that your prayers are always answered, Dinah?"

"Sho'ly, sho'ly!" Then, with a sly glance: "Yer see, I neber tempts de Lord, 'case I don't pray fer nothin' dat I don't know I'll git. Dr. John, he done tol' me he tort yer was on de recovery road." After a pause she went on:

"Say, Miss Lila, yer know what I prayed fer last night?"

"No."

"Why, I just p'intedly begged de Lord ter put it into yer heart ter give me dat brown silk dress yer done outgrowed."—Brooklyn Eagle.

In the Matter of Tips.

The man who tips the highest gets the best service and the most ostentatious deference. "Give this to the cook," said a St. Louis parvenu, handing a dollar to the waiter with his order, "and tell him to cook it my way." "Give this to the cook," said a scribe at the next table, handing a two dollar bill to the waiter with his order, "and tell him to cook it his own way, for he is a better cook than I am." We will not be outshone. We will not shrink in any man's shadow. At the same time the pace is too hot and fast for most of us.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Localized Him.

A stranger wishing to play golf at North Berwick saw some one in authority upon the matter.

"What name?" asked the dignified official in charge.

"De Neufeldt," the stranger replied.

"Mon," said the official in a tone of disgust, "we canna fash oorsels wi' names like that at North Berwick. Ye'll start in the morn at ten fifteen to the name of Fairgusson."—Blackwood's Magazine.

Progressing.

Miss Watson—And have you played much golf, Mr Jones? Mr Jones—Well, no; can't say I've played much, but I've walked round the links several times in golf clothes, and I'm beginning to understand the language.—Illustrated Bits.

The best part of beauty is that which no picture can express.—Bacon.

AN UNALLOYED ROMANCE

[Original.]

The popular understanding of the word romance is a fictitious story. The converse is true. Romance is something real, though it may be put into effective shape by story writers just as a landscape is reproduced by the artist. There are very few romances but need to be added to or subtracted from that they may impress those who hear them, because they are usually mingled with the commonplace. Occasionally we hear of one in which the romantic features are so perfect, so unalloyed, that the story may be given exactly as it occurred. Here is one recorded in at least two histories of the American Revolution. It is a nugget of pure romance:

The bitterness existing between Whig and Tory during the war for independence was equaled in America only by that between the Unionist and secessionist during the civil war. In the Carolinas this rancor was especially marked. In 1779 Martin McGarry, twenty-two years old, who owned a farm on the Catawba river, married Betty Crawford, a niece of Andrew Jackson, afterward the hero of New Orleans and president of the United States. McGarry was a Whig and was especially hated by the Tories. After his marriage he joined the command of General Sumter. In the spring of 1780 the British Colonel Tarleton, with 400 of his own troops and as many Tory mounted riflemen, swept down on the settlement where the McGarrys lived, attacked Colonel Buford's Continentals and militia and defeated and massacred them, giving no quarter.

Soon after this raid a new light shone in the McGarry cabin, emanating from the tiny person of a newborn babe. The father, being notified, determined to make a flying visit to his wife and the child that had come to him in his absence. It was a dangerous thing to do, for Tarleton's raid had given the Whigs control of the settlement, and if McGarry were caught by them he would be murdered, probably hanged. But his love for his wife and his desire to see and hold in his arms the little stranger, a bit of innocence that seemed to have come to shame those who were murdering one another, prevailed, and he made the trip.

Of the meeting between husband and wife and the introduction of the father to his child history is silent. But there are features of a story that the skillful story teller prefers to leave to the reader's fancy, and this romance does not suffer by the absence of an attempt to give what no artist can paint except clumsily. While the little family were together the Tories got wind of McGarry's visit and were organizing a force to go to his cabin and capture or kill him. At the dead of night they surrounded the place and demanded the surrender of the man they wanted. The negro mammy who was taking care of the mother who had been confined only three weeks before and the newborn child went to the door and assured the Tories that her young master was not there. She was not believed. The house was searched from top to bottom, but they did not find McGarry. An hour before he had taken his departure and was well on his way to Sumter's command, thirty miles away. When satisfied that he was not at home the Tories helped themselves to food and drink and departed.

It was no time for this woman to have men in her house searching for her husband to kill him. The next day Mrs. McGarry died from spasms brought on by the inhuman treatment, and her babe did not survive her twenty-four hours.

Taking a double barreled gun, one barrel of which was a long range rifle, the other a smoothbore for buckshot at close quarters, the bereaved husband and father left Sumter's army and set out on a hunt for Tories. If he met one alone he would give him some chance for his life; if he met several together he waited till they had separated, then waylaid them. As the war went on the number of Tories he shot ran higher till, when peace came, at least twenty of them had expiated the crime of the indirect murder of a woman and a newborn babe.

When the end of the war put a stop to this punishment the bereaved man could not go back to his desolate farm. He sold it and, taking his negroes, went to Tennessee, where he took up land and cleared a plantation.

Loves may endure weeks, years or for a lifetime. McGarry's was for his whole existence. Had he married again, though it might have been better for him to do so, the romance of his story would not be virgin pure. But he did not marry. No woman, no child, ever stood in the same relation to him as those he left in his cabin on that night in May, 1780, never to see again on earth. One year a husband, three weeks a father, he spent the years from twenty-three to seventy alone. Yet was he alone? There are those who can continue a bodily companionship in a spiritual one, and may not Martin McGarry during the half century he lived alone have felt a spiritual communion that was not conveyed by the senses?

When the war of 1812 came on McGarry was fifty six years old, but he was among the first to volunteer. He stood in the front rank at the battle of New Orleans under the command of the famous general who so often told his story. He died at the age of threescore years and ten, and who can say but that the wife and child who left him, one on the very threshold of life, greeted him, having attained a higher development than he had reached during the long years of their separation.

WENDELL C. ACLAIR.

A FAMOUS GAMESTER.

Amazing Skill of Captain John Scott at Whist.

HIS RAPID ROAD TO WEALTH.

The Winnings of the "Gentleman Gambler" at White's, in London, in the Eighteenth Century Exceeded $5,000,000—Fox's Reckless Play.

Of all the gentlemen gamblers at the close of the eighteenth century in England a single one is noted for the immensity and the regularity of his winnings. This was John Scott, who, beginning as a penniless captain, wound up his career as a millionaire general. On the subject of the campaigns he conducted history is silent, but contemporary London was full of talk of his marvelous luck with dice and cards, and the marital misfortunes of his later life gave more material for the gossips.

Writing to Richard Bentley from Arlington street on Feb. 25, 1755, Horace Walpole says:

"The great event is the catastrophe of Sir John Bland, who has flirted away his whole fortune at hazard. He t'other night lost in reckless play an immense sum to a Captain Scott, who at present has nothing but a few debts and his commission."

Sir John Bland, to conclude here the history of that luckless dicer, shot himself dead, after losing the last of his fortune, in Kippax park.

Captain John Scott was of that branch of the numerous Scott family of which Sir Walter was a member, and his ancestor in the thirteenth century was that famous chemist, Michael Scott, who won the name of wizard. A later Scott distinguished himself in the time of Charles II. by marrying, when he was himself only fourteen years old, a lady who was three years his junior. The bride was Mary, countess of Buccleuch, in her own right the richest heiress in Scotland. The marriage was a secret one, and none of the friends and few of her family were informed of it until the day after. The youthful bridegroom did not profit greatly by this match, for his bride died at thirteen. Her sister Anne, who succeeded to her titles and estates, made a marriage with the pet son of Charles II., Monmouth, and had a numerous family.

It was sixty years later, or about 1750, that young Scott, son of the laird of Scott's Tarvet, entered King George's army. Two years later he was in London and in the midst of the most reckless set of spendthrifts, rakes and gamesters that English society has ever known. Sir John Bland was only one of a thousand rich young Englishmen who threw away fortunes over the gaming table at White's. The one historic loser of that era was Charles James Fox, Pitt's rival. Fox gambled away, all told, no less than $5,000,000. Scott was the very antipodes of Fox. When he died, at a ripe old age, he left a fortune as great as that with which Fox had begun, and every penny of it had been won at the gaming table. Fox was a ripe scholar. Scott was almost illiterate. Fox said that losing was the next greatest pleasure to winning. Scott never lost or so rarely that it did not affect the serenity of his career as a winner. Fox would go home in the morning after a night in which he had gambled away £10,000 or £20,000 and immediately lose himself in a study of Sophocles or Æschylus. Scott, like the sensible fellow he was, would button his coat over the portemonnaie in which he carried away winnings of an equal or even greater amount and immediately go to bed so as to be fresh for play in the evening.

When Scott found himself in London and amid the wild young men of his era, he determined that gaming was his only chance of getting money. When he engaged himself to throw a series of mains with Sir John Bland, he had, as Horace Walpole puts it, nothing "but a few debts and his commission." His shrewdness taught him that there was nothing in dicing, at which a stupid man has as good a chance as a bright one, and so he speedily gave up hazard and applied himself to whist, at which game fortune fights on the side of the skillful player. Never in the history of play did men gamble for such high stakes as Scott and his victims did at White's between 1753 and 1780. Scott's system was an exceedingly simple one. He gave himself the best of it in every possible way. He never went to the gaming table unless his head and his stomach were in the very best order. He never lost his composure or his good nature for an instant. He played a perfectly fair and honorable game, and at first he made it a rule never to play for more than a fixed sum, which he could afford to lose. He won so steadily that it wasn't long before he was prepared to risk any sum which even the wealthiest or the most reckless of his adversaries would venture to propose.

A story which illustrates capitally Scott's patience in the face of hard luck has been preserved. One night while he was at the card table news was brought to him that his wife, the first Mrs. Scott, had given birth to a girl.

"Ah," he said, "I shall have to double my stakes to make a fortune for this young lady."

But in a few hours he was £8,000 to the bad. Retaining his invariable serenity, he said he was sure of his luck returning, and at 7 a. m. he went home the winner of £15,000. That's the sort of play that went on at White's night after night during the years that John Scott was winning the largest fortune ever accumulated by a gentleman gam- [illegible]

THE ORDEAL BY FIRE

A Hindoo Ceremony That Puzzles the Uninitiated.

WALK OVER GLOWING COALS.

The Participants In the Mystifying Spectacle Play With the Fiery Embers as Children Play With Sand and Emerge Unharmed.

I once witnessed a most remarkable ordeal by fire at Benares, India. It was held on the grounds of a villa on the outskirts of the city, and among us were some of the most prominent men and women of official and social life in British India. Army and navy officers touched elbows with French savants, all more than glad to accept an invitation that might at least offer opportunity either to catch some clew toward solving the mystery of the Indian fire ordeal or else catch the priestly performers in a nice trap at consummate and age long deception, successfully worked among a superstitious and overcredulous people like the Hindoos.

Seats had been arranged for our party out on the spacious lawn, where a trench had been dug sixteen feet long, six feet wide and four feet deep. The fire in the trench was lighted before noon, but the ordeal itself was not to come off until after sunset. The trench was filled with kindling wood and logs and was set afire by the attendants, who kept up a blaze as hot as a blast furnace all day long, until the trench by sunset was filled three feet deep with a compact, glowing bed of redhot coals.

We were escorted to our seats at about 6:30, and we were not inclined to question the reality of that fire from the moment we sat down within twelve feet of it. Whatever else might be fraud or hypnotism in this Indian fire ordeal, we could not for a moment doubt the realism of that scorching heat that made our eyes smart and grow bloodshot. We, who had come to scoff and doubt, were soon realizing that the managers of the Benares fire ordeal had already gained 75 points out of 100 in favor of their honesty and of their power over the mighty element of fire, that figures so largely in oriental philosophy as one of the three or four primal elements of the physical universe.

A great commotion and babel of voices soon proclaimed the coming of the procession of priests, headed by the arch priest Brahmupoots, carrying a huge Indian sword, followed by the two minor priests who were destined to walk unharmed through that yard thick fiery bed, scintillating in the increasing darkness and lighting up the dark faces of the hundreds of gaping Hindoos standing behind us. While we Europeans and Americans, always hypercritical and given to scientific research, were awaiting the coming of the moment when our 75 per cent of credulity was either to be shattered or rounded out to the fullness of a completed and abiding faith in Hindoo control and mastery of the devouring element of fire, our Hindoo fellow onlookers, on the other hand, were anticipating the ordeal with all the simplicity of credulous children. Ours was an almost terrifying heart tension, and we almost wished that we were not occidental skeptics, always bent on doubting things of an extraordinary nature.

The priests marched about the trench chanting and performing mystic incantations, carrying along a glass reliquary, or shrine, in which was seen the image of the god Siva, who, in the Hindoo religious system, is one of the trinity and is worshiped as the destroyer, Brahma being the creator and Vishnu the preserver of the universe. We do not know to this day what those priests said as they perambulated about that fiery trench, but we do know what soon followed, for, at the end of the incantation, the two candidates for the ordeal plunged into the redhot coals and walked ankle deep the whole length of the trench, backward and forward, time and time again. They played with that scintillating, glowing fire as children play with the sands of Coronado beach, kicking it with their feet and stooping down to pick up handfuls of the glowing coals, tossing them in the air, to be blown by the rising evening breeze all over our heads and our easily inflammable clothing. We were really afraid. No doubt about those sparks and live, falling coals!

When the two priests had walked up and down alone through that fiery trench unscathed and unscorched, then the whole Hindoo throng seemed to suddenly catch the spirit of their priests, and, sure of their conquest over the power of fire, they began plunging into the trench. Old men and young children walked through that fiery furnace, forward and backward, and when they had tired of this "playing with fire" they came out as they had entered, not a hair, or a garment scorched, not even the soles of their feet blistered.

Only males are allowed to go through the fire ordeal.

Never yet has any scientific theory explained the power of the Siva worshipers over fire. We ourselves were absolutely convinced that trickery was not to be considered as an explanation of what we had witnessed.—Los Angeles Times.

A Caddie's Cadenza.

Lady Golfer (to would be caddie)—But what do you know about the game? Can you make a tee, for instance? The Would Be Caddie—Can I make— Why, in my young days, lady, I used tae do it that well they called me the [illegible]

BROUGHT DEAD GIANT TO KING

Kidnaper Had Forgotten Victim Would Need to Breathe.

One of the most industrious of the man-thieves who recruited the famous regiment of giants for King Frederick William of Prussia was Baron Hompesch, whose many successes led him once to cast covetous eyes upon a very lengthy joiner. He ordered of the joiner a chest or cupboard which should be as long and broad as the worker himself. In due course the baron called round. The cupboard had been finished, but he protested that it was too small. This the carpenter denied and laid himself within it as proof of its dimensions. No sooner had he done so than servants of the baron clapped down the lid and had the giant prisoner. They carried him off to the court, but when the lid was opened, instead of a giant there rolled out a corpse. The man had been stifled. In his anger the king sentenced the baron to death, but reprieved him when he wanted more giants.

KNEW SOURCE OF THE "IDEES"

James Russell Lowell's Letter Reassured Mrs. Spofford.

While James Russell Lowell was editor of the Atlantic Monthly he frequently accepted stories written by Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford, with whom he enjoyed a personal friendship. Mrs. Spofford, however, feared that he might be taking them because of his interest in her and not for the merit of her work.

She resolved to put the matter to a test. Her handwriting was peculiar. One of the most characteristic letters was her d, to the end of which she gave a queer little crook, toward the left. In order to disguise her work she had her sister copy one of her stories before sending it to the editor.

Mr. Lowell accepted it in a letter, in which he wrote: "The d's may not be yours, but there is no mistaking the 'idees.'"

Layman's Praise.

A well-known presiding elder tells a good story at his own expense. He was asked one day to preach at a colored church where a money raising occasion had been announced, and the pastor of the charge, desiring to impress the congregation with the importance and dignity of the speaker of the day, thus introduced him: "Brethren and sisters, it is now my great pleasure and delight to introduce the Rev. Mr. Blank, the sounding brass and de tinkling cymbal of the Methodist church." When a fellow-pastor addressed the same congregation some months later he was introduced as "the great obstacle of the Methodist church."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Henry Irving's Stage Revolution.

Sir Henry Irving was the first actor to make slenderness acceptable, or tolerable, on the English stage. Until his time fatness had been obligatory; it is difficult to realize now the full convention of chest and shoulders and calves. Comparatively lately a man of stage experience was urgent with a company of English amateurs that all the thin women and all the lean men should be made plump. "Nothing," he said, "is so impossible on the stage as thinness." Irving changed all this because his genius was wedded to uncompromising thinness.

Animals Not Becoming Smaller.

"It is a great mistake to conclude that it is a law of nature that recent animals are all small and insignificant as compared with their representatives in the past," says a scientist. "That is simply not true. Recent horses are bigger than extinct ones, and much bigger than three-toed and four-toed ancestors of horses. Recent elephants are as big as any that have existed, and much bigger than their early elephantine ancestors. There never has been any creature of any kind—mammal, reptile, bird or fish—in any geological period we know of so big as some of the existing whales."

Wedding Invitations in Wales.

In the following quaintly formal letter the parents of Welsh brides sometimes bid their friends attend the wedding and bid them also not come empty-handed: "Whatever donation you may be pleased to bestow will be thankfully received and cheerfully repaid whenever called for on a similar occasion. The parents of the bride and bridegroom-elect desire that all gifts due to them will be returned to them on the above date and will be thankful for all favors granted."

Artist's Aim Was Perfection.

When Hogarth was almost at the height of his fame he painted an interior which was somewhat severely criticised by a friend. The artist acknowledged the justness of the criticism, and when his frank friend had left the studio he took a sharp knife, deliberately cut the canvas in two, and then threw the pieces into the coal scuttle. There they were found the following day by one of the maids, who took the pieces home.

How to Best Acquire a Language.

The best way to study a language and to learn its grammar is to begin with sentences, not with single words. The unit of speech is the sentence, and we cannot fix an exact meaning to a word until we see it in a sentence. * * * When once a sufficient number of sentences has been "assimilated," it will be easy to analyse them into their component parts, and to show the relations that there [illegible]

WATER AS A BEVERAGE.

Flattest After an Apple and Coolest After a Peppermint Drop.

"Water is the finest drink in the world," said the epicure in little things, "but not every one knows how to get the most enjoyment out of drinking it.

"For instance, water should never be drunk immediately after an apple has been eaten, for as a beverage it then has a taste more flat and insipid than as if it had been taken from a cold teakettle.

"On the other hand, there is nothing to my mind that makes water taste more cool and refreshing (not counting actual thirst) than to eat a peppermint drop before taking a drink of it.

"And, while peppermint stands at the head, a drink of water is particularly and noticeably good after any wafer or lozenge. Popcorn, on the other hand, takes all the animation out of a subsequent swallow of water.

"Nor do bread and water go well together. The water takes the sweetness out of the bread, and the bread takes the liveliness out of the water and makes it flat beyond degree.

"The tyrant who first hit upon bread and water as a prison fare of punishment knew his business.

"The enjoyment of a drink of water varies, too, with what you drink it from. You would not offer to a sick person a drink of water in a cup, but rather in a glass, the thinner the better. The fact that the water itself in all its limpid clearness is present to the sense of sight stimulates an expectation that is gratified along with the sense of taste.

"I have frequently observed men about to drink some other beverage than water, and it appears to be a very common habit with them to regard the liquid steadily for some seconds before swallowing it, often holding it on a level with their eyes in order to see it as clearly as possible.

"Surely this lesson should not be lost upon the man who knows that there is no drink like water. While you are drinking it enjoy it.

"For my own part, I like water from a big tin dipper even better than from a thin tumbler, but best of all drinking dishes for me is a newly made birch bark dipper, all the better if I have made it myself.

"Dip a full dipper from the center of the bubbling spring, take a look to see how limpid it is against the clean yellow freshness of the dripping dipper, put your lips to the water itself and then take one of the sweetest gifts the gods provide."—Brooklyn Citizen.

BEAUTY HINTS.

To reduce your flesh increase your troubles.

To develop a bust get on the wrong side of the market.

Nails which do not yield readily to the manicure may be driven in with a hammer.

Brilliancy may be imparted to the complexion by powdering with diamond dust.

To remove freckles pry them gently out with a nut pick. Should this fail try blasting.

The drooping lash, so much affected by some, may be encouraged by sitting up late o' nights.

Falling hair may be avoided by stepping nimbly aside whenever you see it coming your way.

Hair on the lips may sometimes be avoided by requiring the young man to shave before calling.

When crow's feet will not yield to massage, fill them suddenly with cement and smooth quickly with a trowel.—Bohemian Magazine.

"Ginger" of West Point.

The man who graduated at the foot of the class that year (1860) had been six years at the Point and had just squeezed through at last—Harold S. Borland, commonly known as Ginger on account of his hair being the exact color of ground ginger. Borland had distinguished himself while reciting to Captain Benton in ordnance by a remarkable answer to the question, "Mr. Borland, how many pieces will a twelve inch shell burst into?" the average number having been determined well by experiment. Ginger threw his eyes, unexpressive, but very blue, on the floor and deliberated awhile. Then slowly lifting them to a point near the ceiling over Captain Benton's head, still deeply reflecting, he finally responded, "Not less than two."—General Morris Schaff in Atlantic.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

AN ARGUMENT OF FORCE.

Napoleon Smashed a Vase, and the Treaty Was Signed.

Early in April, 1797, the people of Austria demanded peace with France. Negotiations were begun in the vicinity of Leoben. Bonaparte, in an interview with the Austrian plenipotentiaries, said to them, "Your government has sent against me four armies without generals, and this time a general without an army." In the treaty which the Austrian commissioners projected the first article stipulated that the emperor of Austria thereby recognized the French republic. "Erase it!" exclaimed Napoleon. "The existence of the republic is as plain as the sun. This article is only fit for the blind. We are our own masters and shall establish any government we prefer. If one day the French people," he continued, "should wish to create a monarchy, the emperor might object that he had recognized a republic." The preliminaries were soon settled, Napoleon signing for France, thus placing himself on an equal footing with the emperor of Austria. The formal treaty known as Campo Formio was signed in October, 1797, Austria fulfilling the pledges she had already given. The Austrian plenipotentiary protested against the distribution of the provinces beyond the Adige. Napoleon was angered at this, and, seizing a vase, dashed it to the ground, exclaiming, "If it is not so arranged I will break your monarchy as I have broken this vase!" This argument of force, as demonstrated to the diplomat was convincing, and the treaty was signed.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

Don't Develop the Mind at the Expense of the Body.

The man or woman who would train the mental faculties without any reference to the physical shows a faulty qualification for the work in which he or she may be engaged. The mind may be ever so well trained and stored with knowledge of the books, but unless there is behind it a reasonably strong body life runs the risk of being a failure; if not that, an existence of pain that serves as a limitation upon its possibilities. It is a species of cruelty to educate the mind at the expense of the body. Better let a child grow up into manhood or womanhood with an inferior education than with a better education of the mind and a body weakened in the effort.

The fact that so many men in this country who have succeeded in business and in professional and public life have been the sons of farmers, whose early life has been spent out of doors, has been a subject of remark. May it not be accounted for on the ground that in their boyhood their physique was developed so that in after life, besides their mental acquirements, they had strong bodies with which to do the work they have so successfully performed? This is not only possible, but very probable.—Knoxville Journal.

A Stolen Trade Secret.

The manufacture of tinware in England originated in a stolen secret. Few readers need to be informed that tinware is simply thin sheet iron plated with tin by being dipped into the molten metal. In theory it is an easy matter to clean the surface of iron. Dip the iron in a bath of boiling tin and remove it enveloped in the silvery metal to a place of cooling. In practice, however, the process is one of the most difficult of arts. It was discovered in Holland and guarded from publicity with the utmost vigilance for nearly half a century. England tried to discover the secret in vain until James Sherman, a Cornish miner, crossed the channel, insinuated himself surreptitiously into a tin plate manufactory, made himself master of the secret and brought it home.

Women and Jewelry.

"Women know a great deal more about buying jewelry now than they knew twenty-five years ago," said a jeweler. "When I first started in the business a clerk with a persuasive tongue could talk a woman into buying most anything. It wasn't safe for her to step inside a shop unless she had a man along. Now the average woman knows more about jewels than the average man. Of course they can be fooled—anybody can but an expert—but as a rule she buys with a surprising knowledge of value, and her taste in the cutting and setting is excellent."—New York Post.

Brains.

"A man stood on his head twenty minutes in order to win a wager. He died the next day."

"What killed him? Congestion of the brain?"

"No; if he had had any brains he wouldn't have done it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Specified.

"When in trouble," said the eminent lecturer, "refrain from worrying."

"But, doctor," asked a woman in the audience, "how can we?"

"Anyway," replied the lecturer, "refrain from worrying other people."

Worse Still.

She—You'll be glad to learn, dear, that I've got out of visiting our relatives. He—Grand! Splendid! It hung over me like a cloud. How did you manage it? She—Oh, I asked them here!—Life.

Meeting the Situation.

"I wonder if there's anything serious between that tall girl and the little captain?"

"I think there is. She has had the heels of all her shoes lowered."—Fliegende Blätter.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1906.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area of Tracts	
				Acres.	Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	23	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	63	50
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37	87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40	
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	62	71
Lot 2	29	153	42	28	97
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	43	640	
SE¼ SW¼	30	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	18	150	44	158	18
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81	63
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	25	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼ NE¼ SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	280	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43	12
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	85	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165	30
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319	77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	16	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and SW¼ SW¼	22	153	45	160	
E½	30	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	23	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80	
W½ NE¼	24	151	44	80	

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Halvorson of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 311 made June 23, 1904, for the NW¼ Section 13, township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 1?, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad of Germantown Minn
Engebret Vad " "
Nels Knutson " "
Knut Bagnas " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 2 june 6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior Land Office at Crookston Minnesota Apr [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June [illegible], 1904 for the [illegible] Section 13, Township 154 N. Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land office, at Crookston, Minn. on June [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land viz:

Engebret Vad of Germantown, Minn
Harry Halvorson "
Nels Knutson "
Knut Bagnas "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 2 june 6

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 967 made November 29, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 9, Township 154 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 16, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K. Aandam, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Ole E. Wiseth, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
Otto Taralseth, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 11 may 16

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 3, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hilma Westman, formerly Hilma Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 7907 made Dec. 14, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 155 N., Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County at Warren, Minnesota, on May 31, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn.
John Hedlund, " " "
Emanuel Andeen, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 11 may 16

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5, 1907, viz: Daniel J. Helle H. E. No. 6770 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3 & 4 of Sec. 36 in Tp. 152 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Halvor B. Reindal, of Lillo, Minnesota.
Kittil Siettetveid, of Grit, "
Ole Swenson, of Garnes, "
Siver Muaren, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 18 may 23

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 5?5 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N. Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olof Brevick, " Krutka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 25 may 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 22, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Knutson, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 324 made June 27, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.
John O'Donnell, " " "
Jacob Vad, " " "
Engebret Vad, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 25 june 6

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THE NEWS, $1

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Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1907 NUMBER 20

Historical Society

ARE VERY SUCCESSFUL

Those Circulating the Petition Are Securing Many Signers.

Many More Than the Required Number of Names Will Be Secured.

Those who have been out circulating the county seat petition were in the city to spend Sunday and those who had not finished their work are again out in the field. All report that they are meeting with excellent success and it is an assured fact that the petition will have many more than the required number.

The *Red Lake Falls* people have been busy holding meetings and circulating literature advising the people not to sign the petition, but as most of the people in the county have made up their minds as to which town in the county they favor for the county seat, the Red Lake Falls people are making little headway. Attorney F. A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, is doing the most work for Red Lake Falls and has been in the field every day since the starting of the county seat petition.

There is considerable territory left in the county yet to cover and it will be several days before the petition is presented to the county auditor. One thing is certain, however, and that is that the Red Lake Falls people will be unable to secure many withdrawals from the petition as only those who will stick are signing the petition.

On Sunday the petition had 1,964 signatures and at present it is estimated that there are at least 2,100 who have signed. This number will be increased about 200 before the petition is filed. The 60 per cent required by law is some less than 1800.

Mrs. F. J. Stebbins entertained a company of lady friends on Tuesday afternoon.

MAKE MONEY.

Insurance Companies Make a Good Profit Out of Thief River Falls.

Insurance companies did not lose any money in Thief River Falls last year according to the report of the companies filed with the state insurance commissioner. A total of $22,629.44 was collected in premiums and losses to the amount of $250.80 were paid. This leaves the insurance companys a profit of $22,378.64. There has never been a year when the fire losses amounted to more than the premiums collected in Thief River Falls, but the past year has shown a greater profit to the insurance companies than any former year. It would appear that it is about time for the insurance companies to give us a lower rate.

Western Canada.

Lars O. Evens, who lived near Gary until recently, but moved to Mortlack, Sask., Canada, last fall, writes under date of April 21 that no spring work had *been done there at that time*, as snow was on the ground. New settlers are rushing in, but have to go 50 or 60 miles from a railroad and he adds:

"I believe many are making a big mistake when they leave their farms in the states and go out here. (Those who have no farms it is different.) If they had any idea of the hardships they are likely to go through, I feel sure not so many of them would do it, and it is hard to tell how this country is going to turn out. Railroad or Speculate land is up to $10 and $12 per acre. Of course there is but little in the hands of the railroad as the speculators have got about all."—Ada Index.

May Drain Across Other Property.

Among the new laws enacted by the recent legislature is a new township ditch law. Under the provisions of this act one farmer may drain his land across the land of his neighbor upon making petition to the town board and producing proof that such ditch is necessary. The town board will appraise the benefits and damages the same as in county ditch proceedings. This law was badly needed and will be of great benefit to farmers, who have heretofore been unable to drain their land on account of the objection of their neighbors to having a ditch run across their lands.

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

THE TEST ASSOCIATION.

What Is Being Accomplished by Farmers Around St. Hilaire.

Remarkable Good Showing of Cows Belonging to Chas. Gustafson.

You very often hear expressions to the effect that farm papers and institute workers are handing out theories that farmers can't follow. This may be the case in some instances and and it is perhaps well to follow them up and help them down to practical things but it is very often shown that the one who takes in the farmers' educational meetings and reads the papers for more information on farming, and then uses good judgment in selecting and digesting the brain food according to his own needs and conditions surrounding him is the one that makes the best success of his farming.

The herd record and *test association* is at present mentioned in every dairy paper and on every institute platform and is undoubtedly one of the best things for the dairy farmer to heed for starting him thinking about his work and to seek better methods in dairy farming and farming in general.

The St. Hilaire Test association has two month's records of the herds and the figures, already, show surprising results and the good part of it all is that the records are right at home under our own conditions, and comparisons are not made with records in other states where they have so much better (?) conditions than we have.

Perhaps the best record made by any of the members was that of Chas. Gustafson. From his 5 cows he got a total of 154.5 pounds of butter fat for the month of April, or an average of a little over 30 pounds per cow for the month. One of his cows was fresh in November and the others this year. The best cow, Spottie, gave 40 pounds of butter fat in the month. For comparison of results we will take another herd of 8 cows that gave 64.1 pounds, or an average of a little over 8 pounds per cow. According to these figures if this farmer should have obtained 154 pounds of butter fat in the month with the same grade of cows he would have had to increase the number to 19, and one can easily see the difference in profit in the two cases. One must, of course, take into consideration that this is only one month's record and that the year's record may change this to some extent.

The question always comes up: "What is the test association good for?"

This question is difficult to answer but here is one good thing it has already done; it has pointed out to us that it is possible to get 40 pounds of butter fat from one cow in one month and 154 pounds from 5 cows in the same time here in northern Minnesota, and the next thing it has created a desire in the members of this association to come together and hear what kind of stock food or what kind of witchery Mr Gustafson uses to produce these results.

Had we not had this test association we would not have known of this nor of where our poor cows are. Let us put our efforts towards making the Test association as good as possible for there may be other things we can learn.

Below are given records of individual cows that have done well:

Cows giving over 30lbs in April:

Owner's Name	Name of Cow	lbs Fat
Chas. Gustafson	Spottie	40.1
	Little Cow	34.7
	Flora	30.3
Swan Wiberg	Victoria	34

Cows giving over 25 lbs in April:

Chas. Gustafson	Jane	27.6
Ole Larson	Krona	25
David Haugen	Skjerva	25.9
	Reddy	25

Joel G. Winqjer.

Prepaired.

A farmer rode into an up-state town to consult the docter and took his prescription to a druggist to be filled. When it was handed to him he inquired "how much?"

"Let's see," said the druggist. It's $1.10 for the medicine and 15 cents for the bottle. That makes" he hesitated as if he might might have forgotten something, when the farmer, who was in a hurry exclaimed impatiently:

"Well hurry up, boss! Put the price on the cork and let me know the worst!"

Luther Burbank, the wizard who creates at will white blackberries, seedless fruits and thornless cactus, has ideas about improving the human race as well as the vegetable species. He is inclined to think that the wave of corporate greed and public dishonesty so much in evidence is the result of bad breeding and worse training. "No boy or girl should see the inside of a school until at least ten years of age," says Burbank. "I am speaking now of the boy or girl who can be reared in the only place that is truly fitted to bring up a boy or a plant the country. The curse of modern child life in America over education.

MAY COMMENCE SOON.

Big Power in Town of Louisville May Be Developed This Year.

W. J. Murphy, who owns a controlling interest in the Crookston Water Works, Power and Light Co., was in Crookston last week looking up matters connected with the big water power on the Red Lake River in Louisville township Red Lake county, Regarding the plans of his company he said:

"We have not decided on anything definite about the development of the power this year. It will be developed sooner or later, certainly, and work may be started on the development this year and pushed. There are some matters that have not been definitely settled however."

The estimated power to be secured from the first development of this plant will be 50,000 horse power, and will be the largest in the state with one exception. It will mean a great deal to the manufacturing future of Crookston, as the cheap power available will be practically unlimited.

Somebody—Probably You.

Somebody ought to call on that new neighbor. Somebody ought to visit the old feeble lady who is lonely. Somebody ought to visit the young mother who has no experience with children. Somebody ought to visit the the foreign family who have just come to make this glorious country of ours their home. Somebody ought to say a few encouraging words to the young school ma'am who is away from mother for the first time and finds it so lonely in the country. Somebody ought to help the orphan girl who is trying to keep the family together since her mother's death. Somebody ought to make more room in the farm wagon to bring a few more to meeting. Somebody ought to invite all the neighbors to a social gathering. Somebody ought to hand out all the extra garden and flower seeds she has and all the small fruit cuttings to those just starting on the new farms. Somebody ought to say encouraging words to old and young, big and small, and somebody ought to see only the good in every human being and overlook the faults, and then somebody will find that God made the world very full of sunshine and happiness.—Exchange.

A Lucky Runaway.

Six of the local school teachers were out driving Sunday afternoon with one of Newberry & Bulman's rigs. While crossing the bridge over the county ditch just south of town on the west side of the river, the driver became more interested in a discussion started over a spring bonnet than in driving which resulted in one of the wheels of the carriage coming in collision with the bridge. The bridge proved to be the stronger, and the buggy wheel left the carriage—also the team. The occupants were considerably shaken up but none suffered any serious injury.

Attorney F. A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday.

SHOT IN THE HEAD

Son of Walter McAndress Accidentially Shoots His Brother.

Death Resulted a Few Hours Later and Body Buried Tuesday.

Leonard, the nine year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter McAndress, of Highlanding, on Sunday accidentially shot his younger brother, Charles. The bullet of a twenty-two caliber rifle entered the unfortunate boy's forehead just above the eye and caused death a few hours later.

Just how the accident happened, Leonard does not know. In company with Charles he was shooting at a mark in the Red Lake river. He suddenly turned around to speak to his brother and the gun discharged with the disastrious results above stated. Mr. McAndress saw the boys shooting with the rifle and was on his way to tell them to take the gun back to the house as he never allowed the younger boy to accompany the older when he had the gun. He stopped on his way to pick up a board that was on the ground and before he reached them the accident happened.

The body was brought to this city Monday and on Tuesday was buried in St. Bernard's cemetery beside a little nine months old baby that Mr. and Mrs. McAndress buried last August.

In this, their second sad berievement within a year Mr. and Mrs. McAndress have the sympathy of all residents of Red Lake county.

Daniel Shaw has for sale several bushels of seed corn, early dent variety that has been matured in Red Lake county successfully for several years. Only a small quantity will be sold to each farmer as it is desired to have it placed in the hands of as many farmers as possible. If you want some of this corn place your order early.

A trip to New York with stopover privileges at Chicago will be the reward of the buttermaker who makes the best scoring in the dairy and food commissioner's scoring contest this summer. It was agreed that this would be more appreciated by the winner and would do more to promote the dairy industry of the state than giving the buttermaker the ordinary silver loving cup. The intention is to have the buttermaker who went on the trip spend some time in New York and Chicago studying the buttermarkets in those places to get informed on butter handling and on what helps to bring high and low prices for Minnesota butter.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

COMPARE THESE CLOTHES

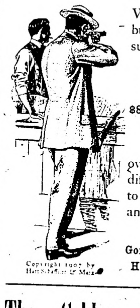

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

With others and we get your business. Men's spring and summer

Suits and Overcoats

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25 and $30.

It will pay you to look them over, because they are enough different from the other clothes to interest you, and don't cost any more.

In Other Departments:

Gordon Hats. Cluett & Peabody Shirts. The Crossett Shoes.

The Golden Rule Clothing Dept.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Joe Johnson was in from Erie last week.

George Ralph was up from Crookston last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

George L. Stearns was over to Grand Forks last week.

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Fisher visiting relatives.

Ole Simonson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Sarah Vaughan returned to Germantown Monday.

Judge Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, was in the city last week.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Miss Golda Hill and Miss Osborn were to Winnipeg last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton returned from their trip to the east last Friday.

Mrs. O'Connell, of Warren, was in the city last week visiting at the Lakin home.

J. O. Barke, of Fergus Falls, was in the city last Saturday visiting his son, Dr. Barke.

Robert McGinn was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with his congregation in that city.

Fr. Adolph will hold services at P. Sullivan's in the town of Highlanding on Tuesday, May 28.

P. H. Urness and family, of Mondovi, Wis., are in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ben Christienson.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

—For Sale—A team of ponies together with harnesses and a delivery wagon. T. B. Hankey.

C. J. Landmarr and wife, who had been visiting friends here, returned to Grand Forks last Friday.

Dog Catcher Henry Gorkey last Saturday ended the lives of 11 dogs on which no dog tax had been paid.

T. Morck and family, who formerly resided at Warren, are now permanently located in Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. Ira C. Richardson will entertain a company of lady friends this afternoon in honor of her sister, Miss Evins.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.

Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

N. N. Larson, the buttermaker at the local creamery, left last Saturday for North Dakota to spend several days.

A new notion or racket store will be opened in the Rollis building on LaBree avenue, by B. E. Bothun, this week.

The Sewing Society of the Swedish Mission church will meet with Mrs. John Peterson next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Jerry O'Brien came in from Highlanding the first of the week and left for Cavelier, N. D., where he will spend the summer.

For sale—Five lots must sell, price two thousand five hundred (2,500 address Mrs. John Moylan, 185 Clapp St. Arleta Oregon.

Station agents and operators employed by the Soo line have just received notice to the effect that their salaries have been increased ten per cent.

John Radmicki, living northeast of here, did a good business in the line of trapping the past winter. He secured 2,800 muskrats and 86 minks.

The day passenger train on the Soo line now runs direct from Thief River Falls to St. Paul and it is not necessary to change cars at Glenwood any more.

The ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper and hold an apron sale in the old postoffice building on Main avenue next Tuesday evening, May 21.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

English meeting Sunday night in the S. D. A. church east of Soo Depot at 7:45. All are cordially invited.

O. E. Johansen.

There will be a meeting of the directors of the Red Lake County Agricultural society this evening in Daniel Shaw's office. A full attendance is desired.

Matt Milligan, the veteran engineer on the Great Northern passenger run through this city, has been taking a lay off this week and is in Iowa visiting his old home.

Clearwater county is to have four new creameries this summer—one at Bagley, Wemo, Leon and Wanke. That is what will make our neighbor to the east prosperous.

The local creamery is turning out about 3,000 pounds of butter each week at present, a very good showing and about double the amount manufactured a year ago at this time.

H. B. Finch, of Grand Forks, and C. R. Winslow of Crookston, stockholders in the local wholesale grocery house, were in Thief River Falls last Saturday. Work of building the new wholesale house to be erected by this company on the East Side will be commenced at once. The building is to be of brick.

Tell your troubles to Burt Davis, painter and decorator. A post card will bring him to your house.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church will give a supper in the basement of the church the 17th of May, commencing at 6 o'clock: Come and help to celebrate the 17th of May.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday first day of Pentecost, at 10:30 a. m. Apropriate singing by the church choir. I. T. Aastar, Pastor.

Services next Sunday in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side. Morning Services at 11 o'clock and evening services at 8. Sunday school at 10 in the morning. A. Tornell, Pastor.

Farmers are reporting that the split log drags that were donated to the outlying towns by the city council last year are now in active use. The roads are quite dry enough to use them with good effect.

All old soldiers are requested to meet at Joe Roleau's store on next Monday evening, May 20, to assist in preparing a program for the proper commemoration of Memorial day in Thief River Falls this year.

Conductor Peter Kiehle, of the Soo line, on Monday received a telegram from Superior, Wis., to the effect that his brother, Mike, who works in the yards at that place had been killed. He left to attend the funeral.

For Sale—A full blooded Morgan mare good single driver and weighs about 1250 handsome horse and sound in every way. Can be seen at Sundahl Bros. livery barn on Monday, May 20. G. H. Sanpum, St. Hilaire, Minn.

According to traveling men, a large number of cattle have died up in Roseau county this spring for want of hay. The winter has been much longer than farmers anticipated, and as a result they did not put up as much hay as they should have.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls June 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford, has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes troubles you.

One of the Warren merchants tells us that they have sold more grass seed this year than any year since they began business. That is a good sign. Marshall county can grow the finest millet, timothy clover and broom grass in the world, and it is always a sure crop.—Warren Sheaf.

Mesdames Gambell, Schaiaben, Bagley and Baker entertained a large company of lady friends at the Antlers Club rooms Saturday afternoon. The rooms were decorated in a handsome manner and guessing games furnished amusement for the guests. Some 75 invitations were issued and it was one of the largest parties ever held in Thief River Falls.

When one casts a glance over the prices of hogs during the past year, he is forced to the conclusion that no more attractive piece of property can be shown on a farm than a good breeding sow with a litter of curly tailed pigs running after her. Hogs are being consumed faster than they can be grown, though the hog is one of the most prolific of quadrupeds.

Joseph Juneau has made application for a license to sell liquor in Northern Hotel building. This license, if granted will make seventeen saloons in Thief River Falls and the council has limited the number to sixteen. Just how the council is going to dispose of the matter is a question not easily decided. It would appear that Mr. Juneau had as much right to secure a liquor license as any of the other sixteen, and the city always needs the $1000 license fee.

Burt Davis, "The decorator".

T. S. Jacobson, of Highlanding, is in the city.

Burt Davis, "the decorator," makes signs.

Miss Belva Settemore left yesterday for Climax.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Ole Olson in spiritland at the opera house Saturday May 25.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley left yesterday for Crookston to visit friends for a few days.

H. Fant left again yesterday for Grand Forks to receive medical treatment.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday to look after his interests here.

The funny "Ole" show will make you laugh at the opera house Saturday evening May 25.

A snap for some one. M. V. Evenson has for sale the Wilson property on LaBree avenue. Call and see it.

Dr. Bockman has returned from his trip to Europe and will be in his office in Thief River Falls on next Monday.

Let Burt Davis, "the decorator" figure on your painting or paper hanging. A postal will bring him to your home.

Joe Rose, of Grand Forks, was in the city yesterday looking over the dam. A number of improvements are to be made this year.

Walter Robbecke, who has been up at Winnipeg soliciting subscriptions for the Minneapolis Journal, returned to this city Tuesday to spend a few days.

Owing to the increase in the amount of business at this point, the Soo line is going to double the size of their depot at this point. The exact changes to be made have not as yet been announced.

If you enjoy a hearty laugh, good singing and dancing and a funny Swede play, see "Ole Olson in Spirit-land at the opera house next Saturday evening. Ay tank she bane gude faller.

Married Sunday, Wm. James Finnell, of Canora, Saskatchewan, and Sophia Osberg, of Warren. Mrs. Finnell is a sister of Mrs. Olm where the wedding occured. Rev. Flesher, officiating.

Late yesterday afternoon P. Engelstad of Rocksbury handed us a communication for publication, but owing to a rush of other work we are unable to have it appear this week. Next week it will be published.

Deputy inspector of creameries Joel Winkjer reports that fifteen new creameries will be built this spring and that it is expected they will all be ready for operation by the first of June. The inspector is greatly pleased with the progress that is being made in the development of the industry.

Charlie Erickson, who was one of the number convicted about two years charged with stealing wheat from the Soo line has served out his sentence at Stillwater and arrived here yesterday. Erickson was a drayman in the city at that time and got in trouble by hauling the wheat for the parties who did the stealing.

Owing to the absence of Alderman McGinn from the city, there was no meeting of the council Tuesday evening to consider the granting of the new telephone franchise. Next Tuesday evening there will be a regular meeting of the council and at this time some action will probably be taken.

A. P. Mead and his crew of surveyors are expected to arrive in Thief River Falls this week and again take up the work of surveying for the ditches to be built by the government in the country northeast of here. Considerable express has already arrived for Mr. Mead at the local Great Northern office and a number of local men have been hired to go out with the party when they arrive.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Bids Wanted.

The Black River Swedish Lutheran church of Polk Centre, Red Lake county, will receive bids for the building of a belfry and steeple on their church on Section 2, of Polk Centre. Plans and specifications on file with K. O. Gigstad, at Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire. Contractor to furnish bond for one thousand dollars and furnish all material. Bids will be opened at residence of Sam Person, Section 5, Polk Centre, on June 10th, 1907. The trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids. By Trustees, Black River Swedish Lutheran Church.

Will Teach in Farmington.

A message was received in this city Saturday morning by Mrs. Sherbino from her daughter, Miss Sadie Sherbino, stating that the latter had been elected teacher of the 7th grade in the public schools at Farmington, Minn. The many friends here of Miss Sherbino will be pleased to hear of her continued success in educational work. For the past year she has taught in the grammar department of the schools at Thief River Falls.—Owatonna Journal.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF

Fine Millinery

....AT....

MISS LAKIN'S

ON MAY 23. 24 AND 25.

STRIKING REDUCTIONS

Pattern Hats, $6.50 and $7 values, at - - - $4.75
Trimmed Hats, $5 and $4.80 values, at - - 3.55
Street Hats at from $1 to - - - 2.50

SPECIAL SALE ON CHILDREN'S HATS.

That hacking cough continues

Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.

Take *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds up and strengthens your entire system.

It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Grand Tour of Yellowstone Park.

Entrance to the Park and arrival at Hot Springs Hotel. Panorama along Mammouth Hot Springs formation and scenes thro Golden Gate. Lone Star Geyser and panorama of upper Geyser Basin with Riverside geyser in action. Fishing in Yellowstone Lake and cooking in Hot Spring. Upper Falls of Yellowstone. Panorama of the Grand Canyon. Animal scenes in the Park.

Casiders Night Out.

A comic comedy and shows humorous results of going on a spree.

Miss Kellerman.

Champion lady diver of the world. Miss Kellerman does some very clever and fancy diving. She and others show the latest methods of swinning.

The Young Truants.

"That boys will be boys" is here shown with a vengeance. The story is that of two youngster who have a strong aversion for the confines of the schoolroom but a lively aptitude for practical jokes. This is one of the comedy hits of the season.

The illustrated song is a beautiful scotch ballad and is sure to be popular Bonnie Jean.

$4.00 FOR $1.00

Or Four Times Your Moneys Worth

I am closing out a stock of music goods, consisting of sheet music, instruction books, folios, music rolls, pockets, etc.

I will sell these goods at one-fourth the regular price, as follows: 50c music rolls containing 15 pieces of sheet music at 10c per copy making in all $2.00 you get this for only 50c or one-fourth the regular price.

$1.00 music rolls containing 30 pieces of sheet music at 10c per copy making in all $4.00 you get this for only $1.00 or one-fourth the regular price.

$1.25 pockets containing 38 pieces of sheet music at 10c per copy making in all $5.00 you get this for only $1.25 or one-fourth the regular price.

$1.00 organ instruction books and 10 pieces of sheet music making in all $2.00 you get this for only 50c or one-fourth the regular price.

50c folios and 15 pieces of sheet music making in all $2.00 you get this for only 50c or one-fourth the regular price.

I will have this stock on exhibition in our north show window in the old First State bank building S. E. Corner Main and 2nd Street, on Saturday, May 18th.

This is the chance of your life to replenish your music stock. Come and see our show window. H. N. Hager.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 13
Eggs	15c
Butter	22c
Creamery butter	31c

Board of Health Notice.

All human excrete shall be deposited in sewers, cesspools or vaults. The cesspools and vaults must be made water-tight and fly-proof.

All cesspools and vaults must be cleaned out at once and at such other times as may be considered necessary by the Board of Health.

P. L. Vistaunet
Health Officer.

Wanted a Continuance.

A western senator, generally esteemed as one of the ablest lawyers at the north end of the capitol, enjoys telling of an experience of his early days at the bar in Chicago, which showed that he did not then enjoy the reputation he now holds.

"I was retained by an old Irish-woman," says the senator, "to defend her only boy, charged with house-breaking. Shortly after the beginning of legal proceedings against the boy I received a message from the old lady to meet her on pressing business. When we met, she rushed up to me and in an excited voice exclaimed:

"'I want ye to git a continuance for me b'y.'

"'Very well, madam,' was my reply; 'I will do so if I can, but it will be necessary to present to the court some grounds for a remand. What shall I say?'

"'Sure,' responded the old lady, 'ye can jist tell the court that I want a continuance till I can git a better lawyer for the b'y.'"—St. Louis Republic.

Subscribe for the News.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Last Friday seemed to be visitors day at the high school. Agnes Kelley came up to see how school was progressing without her. Emily LaFerniere of Red Lake Falls was another visitor. And Gerturde Meehan, an alumnus of our school, also made a visit.

Teacher—"What is the meaning of abridged"?

Roland—"Well I'm abridged".

A number of teachers went driving on Sunday. They enjoyed themselves so much that the street became too narrow for them. So they drove into a pier of the bridge. To make a long story short, they sought a back street on their way home. Now they prefer not to mention driving.

The pupils were overjoyed to see Ernest O'Neill again after a two weeks absence.

Nina Horton endeavored to commit suicide by falling up stairs, but failed. The only result is that she carries her hand in a sling.

The Junior social given last Saturday was a complete success in every way. The Juniors feel completely satisfied with the result and are not sorry that they worked as hard as they did.

The examination in spelling, writing and composition, which it is necessary to pass in order to enter the Academic department of the University, is to be given next Saturday.

Nearly all the work in the grades and high school this week consists of review.

Only two weeks more of school.

A Monster Pelican.

On last Saturday Foreman A. R. Harris and his section crew found an immense pelican alongside the railroad track a short distance north of town. The bird had been dead for some time but was in a perfect condition. It had evidently been killed by striking the wires while flying across the track. They brought the giant bird home to Mr. Harris' house and measurements taken showed that it measured eight feet ten inches from tip to tip of its wings outstretched. It is about the largest bird ever seen in this part of the country and Mr. Harris will have it mounted as an ornament for his home.—Plummer Pioneer.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath evening worship at 8 p. m.
Sabbath School at 10. a. m.
Christian Endeavor at 7:15 p.m.
Mid-week meet Thursday evening at 8p.m.

Memorial Day will be observed in union with the Methodists in their church May 26.

All are welcome at our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday May 19, Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible Study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

A cordial invitation is extended to the Veterans of the Civil war and the soldiers of the Spanish-American war to be present at memorial service in our church at 11 a. m. Sunday May 26.

Everybody welcome
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Apr. 27

Anderson Affie
Bjork C. B.
Baug Hugh
Barker C.
Berger Mrs. Albert
Hohngren Alben
Hanson H. C.
Hanson Mrs. Sina
Johnson Miss Neomie
Kristenson Soren
Lunde Anne
Needham J. J.
Nelson Miss Christine
Olson Miss Clette
Olson Miss Edel
Potter Mrs. C.
Ralfson Gilbert
Swihart Miss Jewel
Schultz Edward
Thomson C. E.
Vavirk Johan
Soderstrom Miss Ida
Woener Mrs. Manda
Wold M. T.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Keatka, P. M.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.

H. M. HICKS. LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

This is the couch usually sold at from $12 to $15. Our price this week only

$8.50.

Folding go-carts with rubber tires, special for this week, Friday and Saturday, $1.38.

Special sale of music Friday and Saturday. Over 1000 different copies of McKinley 10c sheet music, 3 for 25c.

All our popular music regularly sold at 25c to 75c, on Friday and Saturday. at 17c each.

Music Folios, Royal Music Library, 12 different collections, regular at 25c to 75c each, Friday and Saturday at 17c each.

Some of the popular pieces are: Seminole, In My Merry Oldsmobile, Popularity, The Midnight Fire Alarm, Pensocola, and many others.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

PIONEER COURT INCIDENTS.

Free and Easy Manners In Early Illinois Trials.

Most of the early Illinois courthouses were log built, but in some districts, says the author of "Lincoln, the Lawyer," the sessions were held in the barrooms of taverns, and the absence of all formality in the proceedings is best illustrated by the fact that in the circuit court of Washington county, held by Judge John Reynolds, the sheriff usually heralded his honor by singing out, "Come in, boys! Our John is a-goin' to hold court!" to which cordial invitation those having business with the law responded.

Another sheriff in Union county made laudable efforts to meet the requirements of the occasion by shouting out this singular announcement: "Oh, yes! Oh, yes! Oh, yes! The honorable judge is now opened!"

In one case a judge who desired to display his learning instructed the jury very fully, laying down the law with authority, but the jurors, after deliberating some hours, found themselves unable to agree. Finally the foreman rose and asked for additional instructions.

"Judge, this 'ere is the difficulty," he explained. "The jury want to know if that thar what you told us was r'ally the law, or on'y jist your notion?"—Youth's Companion.

EMBROIDERED TRUTH.

Mark Twain on His Own Reputation For Veracity.

I am used to having my statement discounted. My mother began it before I was seven years old. Yet all through my life my facts have had a substratum of truth, and therefore they were not without preciousness. Any person who is familiar with me knows how to strike my average and therefore knows how to get at the jewel of any fact of mine and dig it out of its blue clay matrix. My mother knew that art. When I was seven or eight or ten or twelve years old—along there—a neighbor said to her,

"Do you ever believe anything that that boy says?"

My mother said:

"He is the wellspring of truth, but you can't bring up the whole well with one bucket." And she added: "I know his average, therefore he never deceives me. I discount him 30 per cent for embroidery, and what is left is perfect and priceless truth without a flaw in it anywhere."—Mark Twain's Autobiography in North American Review.

Subscribe for the News.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

EMGIRATION OF NORWEGIANS

Most Go to States But Others Are Going to Other Parts of the Western Hemisphere.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

A Christiania correspondent writes as follows anent Norwegian emigration: "While the great bulk of Norwegian emigration is still headed for the United States, during the last year a large number of people have also emigrated to other parts of the western hemisphere. In a previous letter I mentioned that Captain Otto Sverdrup of Arctic fame, and several other Norwegians have gone to Cuba, bought land there and intend to make that island their home. An enterprising Norwegian shipowner, who already has several freight and passenger steamers running between Galveston and ports in Mexico, Cuba, and Central America, is to start a regular line of steamers next August, carrying freight and passengers between Norwegian ports, Cuba, Mexico and Norfolk, Va. He is trying to get a subsidy from the Norwegian government for the new line, and the indications are that he will succeed, inasmuch as it is claimed that the new line will be of great benefit to the Norwegian export trade and also will help bring the products of these countries on the Norwegian market at lower prices than now is the case. Fruits, such as bananas and oranges, have steadily been gaining favor in Norway, and when the new line begins operations, it is expected that such fruits will be obtainable here at half the price now paid and not that alone, but far better grades are expected to find their way to this country. Norway now receives the main supply of bananas from the Canary islands and from Jamaica. The product of the first named place are 'baby bananas' and those coming from the West Indies are carried to this country in such a roundabout way, mainly through England, that they are green as grass when shipped, and often the same way a long time after they arrive."

Lehar's comic opera, "The Jolly Widow," is still running at the National theater and the house is sold out in advance almost every evening. People never seem to get enough of those catching tunes, and if it runs to the end of the season it will not be "played out." A daughter of Fritz Thaulow, the famous artist, who died recently, is now playing in the title role. Last week "The Widow" had, by royal request, to give way for one night to Ibsen's great play "A Doll's House," with Mme. Dybwad as Nora. This was the last chance that the Norwegians have to see their greatest actress in this role before she goes to America. The house was sold out in advance and the evening was a distinct success for Mme. Dybwad. The royal couple was there and they took an active part in the applause.

About twenty years ago a number of Norwegians went to South Africa and even to Australia. Of late years, however, only a few persons have gone there. An exception is Congo, where a number of Norwegian army officers and lawyers have found employment in the government service. Norwegians have also gone to some of the South American republics, chiefly to Argentine and Brazil. Among them are a large number of young civil engineers, who have found employment on railway construction, land surveys and other work for which their special training has made them suitable.

A few days ago Harold Bordewich, the youngest son of the American consul general in Christiania, left for America on the steamer United States. Young Mr. Bordewich, who was born in Minnesota, came to Norway with his father some ten years ago. He now goes to his sister, Mrs. M. J. Dowling, of Olivia, Minn., where his brother-in-law is engaged in the banking business.

Mexico has been the destination of quite a few emigrating Norwegians during the past few years. Some of these people seem to be doing well. One of them in particular is said to have received valuable fishing concessions on the Gulf of Mexico from President Diaz. He is expected in Christiania shortly to buy equipment and hire experienced fishermen.

Emperor William is already planning his trip to Norway this coming summer. The king of Denmark, King Haakon's father, will also be due for a visit early this summer and the king of Siam is one of the great personages that intends to take a look at the midnight sun during the coming season.

Gustave Thalberg, the well known impresario, has gone to America in Mme. Dybwad's interests. The Dybwad tourney will begin in the latter part of this month, when the noted actress will give her first Ibsen performance in New York.

John Olson, who twenty years ago emigrated to America and located as a farmer and merchant in a thrifty [illegible] has donated 200,000 crowns [illegible] needy of Romskogen, Norway, where he was born.

When Grieg gave his last concert in Berlin he had to respond to not less than twenty curtain calls. Grieg's popularity in Germany is immense and his music is becoming widely known and appreciated there.

The royal palace is now about ready to receive its inhabitants, and it is expected that the royal family will move in there this week.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Says the Dagens Nyheter (Stockholm) regarding the advocacy of free love in Finland: "Mrs. Marie Talvio, wife of Professor Mikkala, has advanced theories about the relations between man and wife, which she will present to the women legislators, and a free-marriage bill will be discussed in the first session, probably. Mrs. Talvio, a northern beauty, with rare intelligence and feeling, the ablest woman writer and novelist in Finland, is, with her husband, at a quiet farm house, where she is working out a novel. 'The more free wedlock is,' said she to an interviewer, 'the more intense is the love, the more cordial the relations between wife and husband. New moral principles, the principles of real education, should be applied to modern marriage. The law of today, the customs, the religions do not satisfy the conditions and character of the modern generation. Indeed, no law, religion or custom should bind a woman to a man; only the laws that govern actual life should hold them.'"

Judging from the recent reports of the tourist bureaus this will be a good season in Sweden. The number of home-visiting Swedish-Americans will this year be an unusually large one. A large number of English and German tourists are expected, also from Austria and France. Sweden as a tourist country has been widely advertised in France and Germany during the past year. The tourist bureaus have not allowed the grass to grow under their feet and have sent out all manner of advertising matter during the past winter.

King Oscar, much to the surprise of his subjects and his immediate relatives, is improving rapidly and it is now the general belief that his health will be completely restored. In view of this favorable turn for the better, the aged monarch will again resume the reins of government and may do so this month. On June 6 King Oscar and Queen Sofia will celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary.

King Oscar has purchased a forty horsepower Benz automobile, with a seating capacity for eight persons. It will be operated by electricity and has been made especially after the king's own orders. It is said to be one of the most powerful autos in Europe.

August Strindberg's new play entitled "The Dream Play," was rendered for the first time at the Swedish theater April 17. There was a large and appreciative audience and although the critics have been severe, the Stockholm audience cordially approved.

According to the central bureau of statistics Sweden's population is at present 5,337,055, showing an increase during the year of 1906 of 42,170. This increase in population is noteworthy because it more than outweighs the emigration.

The population of Stockholm is at present 332,738, showing an increase of 8,250 during the year of 1906. This is a substantial increase and shows a very decided gain over previous years.

The eleventh international anti-alcohol congress will be held in Stockholm this year, July 31 to Aug. 3. Prince Gustaf Adolph will be chairman of the meeting.

King Edward has requested the duke and duchess of Connaught to represent him at King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's wedding anniversary, June 6.

Sweden's youngest professor is B. Ekeberg, professor of economics at the Stockholm high school. He is only 26 years old.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says an editorial writer in the Minneapolis Journal regarding the recently discovered Ibsen manuscripts in Copenhagen: "The world's literature is enriched by the finding in Copenhagen of voluminous Ibsen manuscripts which were supposed to have been destroyed. Their publication will be awaited with impatience by the Ibsen cult and by literary folk generally. Little has yet been given out concerning them, save that there is a 20,000 word epic poem among them. As the manuscripts date back to before 1864, it is not likely that they include any of the problem plays to which Ibsen turned his attention in the closing period of his literary activity. The manuscripts, in fact, belong to that period which produced 'Brand' and 'Peer Gynt.' The loss of these manuscripts recalls the episode in 'Hedda Gabler,' when that morbid heroine, in a fit of pique, burns the precious manuscript of Eilert Loevborg. Possibly Ibsen's bitter experience in losing these manuscripts, deposited with the Scandinavian society in Rome, suggested to him the episode in the play. At any rate, their recovery after his death seems likely to prove quite the most important literary 'find' of recent years."

King Frederick will visit his son, King Haakon of Norway this summer and will be absent from his country for more than a month. King Frederick will also pay a visit to King Oscar in Stockholm.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Bucketshops throughout the West and in many states in the South appear to be nearly at the end of their existence owing to concerted legislative action against them in several different states, together with the activity of the Chicago board of trade in prosecuting cases against them.

The Kansas supreme court has granted a writ to oust Peter Everhardy, mayor of Leavenworth, from office for failure to enforce the laws against saloons and other resorts and also issued a writ to compel the city of Leavenworth to cease licensing such places.

The New York court of appeals has sustained the right of Attorney General Jackson to attack in the name of the people the title of George B. McClellan as mayor of New York city in behalf of William R. Hearst. The Hearst cause has now won in all courts.

New capital issues aggregating $136,000,000, which were announced by the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific companies, created something of a sensation in New York financial circles and resulted in a sharp decline in prices on the Stock Exchange.

In a statement "Tommy" Burns, the winner of Wednesday night's fight at Los Angeles with "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, declared that he promised to lay down and let O'Brien win the fight. He said there was no chance otherwise to get O'Brien in the ring.

Five ballots were taken in the Republican senatorial caucus at Madison, Wis., Thursday, the feature of which was the gain of Stephenson. The final ballot was as follows: Esch 20, Hatten, 20, Stephenson 32, McGregor 15, scattering 9.

Writs of ouster have been issued against the Western Union Telegraph company and the Pullman company here by the supreme court of Kansas for not complying with the Kansas corporation laws.

A permanent injunction has been issued against the drug trust, prohibiting it from continuing its practices in restraint of trade.

The Susan B. Anthony memorial fund of $60,000 to promote the cause of equal suffrage has been completed.

Democrats made a clean sweep in the Baltimore city election.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Dr. John Watson (Ian MacLaren), the famous author and preacher, is dead at Mount Pleasant, Ia. The cause was blood poisoning, resulting from tonsilitis. He was taken ill at Mount Pleasant April 25 while on a lecturing tour. Dr. Watson was born in Essex, Eng., in 1850 and has written many books of worldwide circulation.

Mrs. Anna Chase Deppen, the Louisville novelist and poet, is dead at Brooklyn. Mrs. Deppen was a niece of Lyman P. Chase, the late chief justice of the United States supreme court.

Charles E. Halliwell, vice president of the American Tobacco company and one of the heaviest stockholders in the corporation, died suddenly of apoplexy in New York city.

Brigadier General Orlando B. Willcox, U. S. A., retired, former governor of the national Soldiers' home at Washington, is dead at Coburg, Ont., aged eighty-five.

Edward Kemeys, distinguished as an animal sculptor, is dead at Washington after a protracted illness, aged sixty-four years.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Secretary of the Interior Garfield has accepted the resignation of Tams Bixby of Minnesota, commissioner of the civilized tribes of Indians, with headquarters at Muskogee, I. T. The resignation takes effect on June 30.

More than 93,000 pensions have been granted under the McCumber service pension act. So far there have been 330,000 applications filed.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 11.—Wheat—July, 94¾c; Sept., 94⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 97c; No. 1 Northern, 96c; No. 2 Northern, 94c; No. 3 Northern, 93c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—$6.30@6.42½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; good to prime lambs, $7.75@8.65.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 11.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 97¼c; No. 1 Northern, 96¼c; No. 2 Northern, 95c; May, 95¼c; July, 96¼c; Sept., 96c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.25¼; May, $1.25¼; July, $1.27¼; Oct., $1.27.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 11.—Wheat—May, 89¾c; July, 91¾@91⅞c. Corn—May, 51⅛c; July, 51⅝c. Oats—May, 45⅛c; July, 44⅝c. Pork—May, $16.52½; July, $17.02½. Butter—Creameries, 18@24c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens and springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.20@6.45; cows, $1.80@5.45; heifers, $2.60@5.30; calves, $4.25@6.00; poor to prime steers, $4.40@6.45; poor to medium, $4.30@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.10. Hogs—Light, $6.40@6.65; mixed, $6.25@6.62½; heavy, $6.15@6.57½; rough, $6.10@6.30; [illegible]

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 16, 1907.

Cost of Wheat Raising.

The following statistics were compiled on the government statistical route located at Halstad and published in the Hendrum Review recently. It shows the cost of producing wheat per acre on fall plowing during the years 1902, 3 and 4. This wheat was grown on farms ranging from one quarter to one section, and where wheat is sown on fully one-half of the acreage. Man labor was valued at 12½ cents and horse labor at 7½ cents per hour. These figures are the labor;

Seed value	.81
Cleaning seed	.02½
Plowing	1.06
Dragging	27
Seeding	27
Weeding	08
Cutting with binder	33
Shocking	12
Twine	18
Stacking	44
Stacking, threshing labor	20
Cash cost of threshing	34
Machinery cost	35½
Land rental	1.80
Total	$6.26

These statistics were gathered with great care by a representative of the national department of agriculture, who got the information by keeping accounts of the actual expenses of quite a number of farmers in Anthony and Halstad townships for a period of three years. In giving the figures the Review has left off the fractions of a cent, as even fiures are close enough for all practical purposes.

The total given would indicate that it takes an average yield of about ten bushels per acre at the present price to pay expenses, and what can be gotten above that figure is nearly all profit while anything less than that amount means a loss.

Cut this out and save it. It may prove interesting.

Oil Trust Shortsightedness.

The report from St. Paul that the Standard Oil company, in retaliation for the passage of the anti-discrimination law, has brought about a general increase of prices in the state, if it is correct shows very poor judgment on the part of the oil trust.

It is two years before another legislature meets, but that will give ample time for working public sentiment up to the point where the oil trust will get what it really needs, and what it would have had long ago had public sentiment been active enough: a gravity test that will require it to furnish oil of good quality. Furthermore, if it puts the prices up too high, there is very likely some way in which the legislature can meet that difficulty, by cutting them down by law as it has cut railroad rates.

It is a curious thing that though nobody has ever questioned the need of a gravity test for petroleum products in this state, it has always been impossible to pass a law providing it. Bills have been introduced at each of the last half dozen sessions, and uniformly they have fallen by the wayside, apparently because the oil trust opened up its coffers and put out a little money, and because public sentiment was not strong enough to force the bills through against this quiet but potent influence.

The only reason the legislature passed the anti-discrimination bill was that the independent oil dealers laid down hard upon the members, and so persistently advocated it for their own protection and for the protection of the public that the pecuniary efforts of the oil trust were unavailing. There was the usual opposition to it. Learned attorneys, members of the house arose and gravely argued that the bill was clearly unconstitutional.

Efforts to juggle it in committee were repeatedly made. The usual log-rolling tactics were exerted against it, but without avail. It passed, and now it is said the oil trust is going to get square by raising rates.

This policy will in the end prove of benefit to the people in a manner that will show it to have been very shortsighted on the part of the trust. It will arouse public opinion in the matter so that bills levelled at the oil trust will have a much better show of passage at the next session than ever before, because the legislature will not dare take up the defense of such methods when the public is looking on. At the recent session the public was occupied with other matters and was not paying particular attention to the case of the oil trust, so it was easy to beat all the anti oil trust measures except the one that had the persistent and insistent backing of the independent oil concerns.

In the meantime, since the independents have been given the relief they asked for, and which they were clearly entitled to because they showed that the trust was crushing them by unfair methods, it would seem only fair that they protect the public against unfair prices by keeping their own charges down to a just basis. With competition free, it is the fault of the independents if prices go too high.—Duluth Herald.

A NEW SKIN GAME.

Farmers Are Being Fleeced on Very Clever Fake—Rural Resident Warned.

The following from the Owatonna Journal-Chronicle may become of interest to the farmers of Douglas county:

"A story is being circulated that farmers in neighboring counties have been running up against a very clever "gold brick" game to their sorrow. The new fakers are classed as fence swindlers who are plying their trade very successfully wherever they go.

"The new fence game is unique. The fence men offer to install a new eight strand wire fence with iron posts for only eight cents per foot. No money is asked for taking the order, but a promissory note is given that the fence will be paid for after it is set up.

"When the fence is set up and collection is made on the contract the note turns out to be for eight cents per foot. Many farmers have been caught by the new graft, and warnings are being issued in surrounding towns."

Immense Increase in Values.

State Drainage Engineer Geo. A. Ralph of Crookston is responsible for making the following significant statement regarding the results of draining swamp lands:

"If drainage of swamp lands in Minnesota continues for the next ten years at the rate which it will prevail for the coming two years, every acre of the 10,000,000 acres of such lands will be drained, and the value raised from a purely speculative one of $50,000,000 at present, to an actual worth of $500,000,000."

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

"The Chemistry of Nature."

The ablest consulting chemists in the world have again and again demonstrated the incomparable superiority of "The Gund Natural Process" of brewing over all others. This celebrated and exclusive process retains the largest known percentage of the total creative nutriment contained in the life-cells of the malt and hops. Hence

Gund's Peerless Beer

because of this high percentage of solid food extractives, as well as its marvelous tonic properties (derived from the hops), has won lasting renown and national popularity. It is a superb thirst-quenching beer, full of snap, and sparkles in the bottle like golden sunshine. Has a most enchanting aroma and gives real satisfaction.

Brewed conscientiously for 50 years from the choicest grade of Northern barley and fine imported hops. Won Highest Award at Paris 1900 and Gold Medal at St. Louis Exposition 1904. Containing but 3½% alcohol only, it is a home beer of commanding superiority. Delivered anywhere. Sold everywhere. Telephone, write or call.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCarthy, Manager., Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

ROTATION OF CROPS

Some Valuable Information of Interest to the Farmers.

A. J. McGuire Tells How Best Results Can Be Obtained.

When the same crop is grown on the same ground year after year there is always bad results. For example: When wheat is grown continuously on the same field it becomes subject to diseases such as rust, and to various kinds of insects. This is due to the fact that these diseases and insects multiply each succeeding year until in such numbers as to destroy the crop. Weeds infest fields where grain is grown continuously for the same reason.

Then there is another reason why the same crop should not be grown continuously on the same field. Wheat, for example, takes a large amount of nitrogen from the soil and the soil soon becomes deficient in this kind of plant food.

Bad results not only follow the continuous growing of grain crops on the same field, but also of cultivated crops that are grown successively.

Cultivated crops draw heavily on the humus. A sandy soil will become more sandy when only cultivated crops are grown.

There are three classes of field crops namely: grain crops, cultivated crops, and grass.

Crop rotation is the alternating of these different classes of crops following grain with clover or a grass mixture for hay and the hay crop with some cultivated crop as fodder corn or potatoes. The advantages from rotation are many.

A grass crop adds humus to the soil and when clover is grown this plant adds nitrogen to the soil which is the most valuable form of soil fertility. A cultivated crop clears the land of weeds and puts it in a better mechanical condition for a grain crop.

Whether the farm is large or small a rotation is necessary whether the soil is sand or clay.

The fault of a sandy soil is that it is deficient in humus. With a grass crop every third or fourth year and manured, a sandy soil will become a better soil each year, as in this way the humus is increased. Humus is decaying vegetable matter in the soil. It is valuable in holding moisture, in making the soil more porous so that the air can circulate through it, and in the process of decay it warms the soil and converts the raw form of plant food in the soil into available forms so that plants can use them.

A heavy clay soil is deficient in humus as in a sandy soil, which causes it to bake and remain cold and sour, so that crop rotation is important and necessary whatever the soil may be. The best loam soil will become run out in time if the cropping is such that no humus is added.

Crop rotation then is a very important subject for every farmer to consider, and at once if the soil is sandy for a sandy soil that is once run out is hard to get back in condition.

A. J. McGuire.

THE STAGE KISS.

It Tests the Genius of the Actor and the Actress.

The stage kiss is important. There is nothing which so tests the genius of an actor and an actress as the ability under just such circumstances to produce the illusion of love. On the stage it is necessary for them to forget their own personalities, to smother their own feelings, one for the other, and in the place of the warped though genuine kiss we see at the railroad station and the steamship wharf present to our eyes by the magic of their acting a highly artificial product.

And this highly artificial product, because it is art and because it is produced by art, impresses us as real and genuine where the actually real and genuine would have filled us only with derision and contempt, just as real tears on the stage would fail to move us. Indeed, the best stage kisses, the kisses that are most convincing in the way of realism, are usually given and received by actors and actresses whose feeling for each other in private life is, to say the least, indifferent. Frequently, if audiences only knew, they watch lovemaking on the stage between men and women who are literally at daggers' points with each other.

I would not go so far as to say that such a state of feeling always contributes to good stage lovemaking and to realistic stage kissing, but I do know that it is an axiomatic truth, recognized by theatrical managers everywhere, not to engage playfolk lovers to enact similar roles in a drama if it is at all possible to get any one else.—Blanche Ring in "The Psychology of the Stage Kiss."

The English billion is 1,000 times greater than the American.

A Free Hand.

"You sketch with a free hand, Miss Brownsmith," remarked the professor, who had been critically examining her portfolio.

"Entirely free," said the young lady as she cast down her eyes in soft confusion and waited for the professor to follow up the opening.

Liberal.

The new pastor of a country church said to one of his deacons, "I find that Brother Linkum has very liberal religious views."

"Yes," replied the deacon, "Brother Linkum is more liberal in his views than in his contributions."

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A HOME FOR INEBRIATES

Thief River Falls Will Have To Contribute $320 for Its Support.

Cities Are All Taxed Two Per Cent on Liquor Licenses.

Thief River Falls will contribute $320 this year to the support of a state farm for the care of inebriates. This is the tenor of a new law passed by the legislature. The law provides that there be a tax of 2 per cent levied on all license monies collected by the municipalities of the state for the establishment and maintainance of a state farm where inebriates may be cared for. It is expected that $70,000 will be raised annually by this means. The money is to be expended under the direction of the state Board of Control. The big cities will contribute from $8,000 to $10,000 each, every year.

The farm is to be purchased just as soon as the available cash will permit the purchase and the erection of suitable buildings.

The law will have a far reaching effect and will doubtless result in changes not anticipated. The establishment of such a "farm" will tend to put the habitual drunkard on a new basis. Just whether he will be regarded as a state charge or an incorrigible remains for time to disclose. In any event, it would rather seem that the possibility of a man's taking "a course at the state inebriate farm" would have a wholesome effect toward straightening up the individual and preventing his getting down to the point where the state had the right to step in and send him to the "farm."

And on the other hand, the expense to the villages will in time tend doubtless to such regulation of the liquor traffic as will make it more difficult for habitual drunkards to secure liquor.

Getting Started Right.

Another enterprising farmer, Christ Moe, from Red Lake County, has just bought a fine herd of young grade heifers and a pure bred registered cow with bull calf at foot, from L. Lamberson's Riverside Farm. Mr. Moe is one of the good substantial farmers who believes that the creameries being built in this valley will, if properly handled and patronized by our farmers, prove one of the best mortgage lifters ever tried in the Red River Valley. Diversified farming in a county as rich as this means better farming and more profit. The sooner this fact is recognized by us all the better. More and better stock, tame grass and clover will do the business.—Warren Sheaf.

March of the Strawberry.

The "annual march" of the strawberry is an interesting study, says an exchange. The first to reach the market come from Texas and Florida in the latter part of March. By the time the Texas and Florida berries are exhausted the Arkansas and Georgia berries appear. These are followed in turn by the berries from Missouri and Tennessee, and then the Nebraska and Ohio berries, big and lucious, delight the eye and palate. Then the strawberry season closes with the fruit from Michigan' Wisconsin and Minnesota. Thus from the Gulf coast to the Great Lakes the trail is marked with the crimson stain of this most delicious fruit, and it gives gustatory joy to millions for six or seven months of the year.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

RECORD OF A HUSTLER

John O. Carlson, of Garnes, Tells of His Success in this Section.

Come Here Twelve Years Ago and Is Now Well-to-Do.

John O. Carlson, a resident of Red Lake county, writes to the Homemaker, a Minneapolis publication and tells of his experience in this section of the state. It is so good that we reproduce it in full:

Plummer, Minn.

To Editor: I came here from Kossuth County, Iowa, 12 years ago without any money, and that spring I rented a farm here on shares, where stock and machinery were furnished me. My family and I stayed on this place for five years, each year getting half of the crop and half of the stock raised, and at the end of 5 years I had enough money to buy a quarter section of land in Garnes township, 9 miles east of Plummer, and have since bought another quarter, and paid for that, so that I don't owe a cent on my 320 acres of land and have good buildings on them, 6 head of horses and am milking 27 cows. I can truthfully say that during the 12 years I have lived here we have never had a failure of crops, but of course, like any other country, some years have been better that others, but take it for diversified farming and especially stock raising and dairying and for raising clover and timothy, I don't believe there is a county in the whole State of Minnesota that beats Red Lake County in this respect. I haul all my cream to the Plummer creamery, and my cream checks last summer were from $80 to 97.50 per month. We also have two elevators, stores and good lumber yard at Plummer and the Soo Railroad that went through here three years ago is giving us excellent service. I can sell my land today for $25 per acre, but am not going to dispose of it, but shall buy one more quarter, so that I can have one for each of my boys.

Yours truly,
John O. Carlson.

MAN AND WOLF FIGHT.

Exciting Experience of a Roseau County Homesteader Recently.

Peter Mayer, town of Moose, up in Roseau county had a most exciting experience recently, and one which he will not care to have repeated. While going from his home towards lake Whitney, he was set upon by a large wolf which had been lying in waiting for him behind a clump of willows. The vicious animal snarled and growled and made repeated attempts to catch Mr. Mayer's left hand, which by the way is partly paralyzed. He had no way of defending himself except by kicking and striking and succeeded in landing the brute a solar plexus with his fist. In order to protect his left hand he took off a light jacket he was wearing and wrapped that around and, at an opportune moment, he gave the animal a swift kick in the throat which stunned it. At the same time jumping upon it, he thrust his bandaged hand into the animals mouth while with the other hand he tried to open his pocket knife which he finally succeeded in doing. It was a fierce struggle but Mr. Mayer finally succeeded in dispatching Mr. Wolf with knife stabs in the region of the heart. Mr. Mayer miraculously escaped with but few scratches although his clothing was badly torn in the fracas.

—For Sale—A team of ponnies together with harnesses and a delivery wagon. T. B. Hankey.

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OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

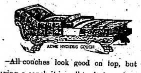

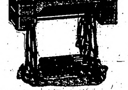

All couches look good on top, but in buying a couch it is well to look under the top. We ask no more for a good couch than others ask for the good looking cheap kind.

Another shipment of go-carts just received.

We are headquarters for sewing machines this spring This sewing machine $12.98

COASTER EXPRESS

Wagons.

We have a few more of these wagons (not the cheap iron kind) to close out at $3.50

A larger size for $4.50

Oak drop leaf breakfast tables, 42 inch top, regularly sold at $4, our price, $3.00

We Can Save You Money on a Piano===Easy Payments.

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items Taken from the St. Hilaire Spectator of Last Saturday.

It would seem that the trouble at Plummer is still far from being settled as on last Wednesday Oscar Carlson drove over here with a large number of letters which were mailed at this office. The mail was from the office of Julius Pleth the land man, and Postmaster Post informs us that the package contained over five thousand letters the postage amounting to over one hundred dollars.

August Hoppe, a son of A. Hoppe of Sanders, while out hunting last Sunday with a rifle accidently discharged the gun, the ball entering the instep of his left foot. He was brought here on Monday and Dr. Cummings operated upon him, finding the bullet in the ball of the foot. It was removed and the patient is doing as well as can be expected.

Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin informs us that the St. Hilaire creamery broke another record yesterday and broke it good and plenty by taking in seven thousand pounds of cream. This means that the farmers around St. Hilaire yesterday brought in cream that will net them a good lot of hard cash in a cold, backward spring when they could not have made anything on their farms in any other way.

G. W. Hooper came up from Crookston last Monday and met with the village council. They granted him a twenty-year telephone franchise as had been previously agreed upon. The ordinance granting the franchise is published in another column and it is a very liberal one for the village. Mr. Hooper has deposited a draft of one hundred dollars as a forfeit and has already accepted the franchise, so we are assured of a telephone exchange before the end of this year. It is the intention of Mr. Hooper to move here and take charge of the work and he informs us that he will build lines into the country at any time a sufficient number of patrons can be secured. Telephones for farmers are begining to be a necessity and we predict that the progressive farmers in this vicinity will soon have phone connections with the outside world.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls June 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

DEFECTI PAGE

BLAZE AT RUSH CITY

Minnesota Town Visited by Disastrous Conflagration.

PROPERTY LOSS IS HEAVY

Entire Place for a Time Threatened With Destruction—General State News.

Rush City, Minn., May 13.—Fire originated in the Johnson block here and destroyed the entire block, together with one or two buildings of lesser value and importance.

Rush City is a village of about 1,200 people on the Northern Pacific, and for a time it was feared the entire community would be wiped out. The estimate of the loss is $200,000.

The Johnson block contained two banks, the Rush City State bank and the First National bank. It also contained the city electric light plant, two telephone offices and the offices of many professional men, besides some stores. The block was the principal business structure of the village.

The local fire department, assisted by the citizens generally, succeeded after a long, hard fight in getting the fire under control. People of the village had retired for the night when the fire alarm was given.

There were no casualties as far as is known. The ruins are still too hot for inspection or search.

The origin of the fire is not known.

CANNOT OPEN RESERVATION

Action by Congress Necessary Before Settlers Can Get Land.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 9.—Assistant Attorney General Woodruff of the interior department, here in consultation with Congressman Bede, has decided that congressional action will be necessary before any lands now included in the Minnesota forest reserve can be released and thrown open to entry.

On all cutover lands there is 5 per cent of the total original amount of timber left standing. The standing timber must be left, under the provisions of the Morris act, for the purpose of reforestration. The department could not dispose of this 5 per cent unless authorized to do this by congress.

DOG GUARDING THE BODY.

Remains of Missing Minneapolis Man Found on River Bank.

Minneapolis, May 9.—With his faithful dog standing guard over it the body of Frank Kablee was found on the river bank near the west end of the Belt line bridge. The man had been missing since Sunday, when he went hunting, saying he would seek game in the Minnehaha valley.

The dog had scratched leaves and covered the face of his master and was standing over it when the corpse was discovered.

It is not known how Kablee met his death.

TAMS BIXBY RESIGNS.

Minnesota Man's Resignation Accepted by Secretary Garfield.

Washington, May 7.—Secretary of the Interior Garfield has accepted the resignation of Tams Bixby of Minnesota, commissioner of the civilized tribes of Indians, with headquarters at Muskogee, I. T. The resignation takes effect on June 30.

This is the fourth time Mr. Bixby has tendered his resignation. The other three times it was not accepted.

Minneapolis Man Sun Struck.

Minneapolis, May 14.—Daniel Hennessy, 312 Twelfth street south, can claim the distinction of being the first person in this city to have sustained a sunstroke this year. Hennessy was walking down Hennepin avenue when he fell to the street and was taken to the city hospital, where the physicians discovered he had suffered a sunstroke. He was at first thought to be in a serious condition, but later rallied and at midnight was out of danger.

Gold Found in Minnesota.

New Ulm, Minn., May 10.—Gold has been discovered on the Joseph Bier farm, in the town of Milford, Brown county, five miles southwest of this city, and the people are in a fury of excitement. The farm had been for sale for several years, but on account of the Cottonwood river running through the land, causing a deep ravine, it was not considered an ideal location.

Shriners to Meet in St. Paul.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 10.—St. Paul was awarded the next session of the Imperial council of the Mystic Shrine to be held in that city July 14 and 15, 1908. The programme of the election of officers was carried out, Frank C. Roundy of Chicago being advanced to the office of imperial potentate and each of the other officers being elected to the next highest point.

Saved by a Garden Hose.

Minneapolis, May 8.—Buried by caving sand, John Anderson, a laborer employed in sewer work in this city, was kept alive for two hours by air supplied through a garden hose which his rescuers succeeded in sinking to him long before they were able to dig through the treacherous sand and take

LEADER IN WOMEN'S CLUBS

Mrs. Lydia Williams Dead at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, May 12.—Mrs. Lydia Phillips Williams, a prominent club woman known throughout the country through her interest in preserving the forests, died last evening at the home of her son, S. Grover Williams. She had been ill but one week with pneumonia.

Mrs. Williams was born at Tinmouth, Vt., in 1846 and spent her girlhood at Glens Falls, N. Y. She moved to Minneapolis in 1872 and taught elocution and English literature in the Central high school until 1881, when she married Stephen Williams, who died in 1895. Since her husband's death she has been especially active in club work. She became prominent throughout the country and was the second president of the Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs. From 1902 until 1906 she was a member of the board of directors of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. She was national chairman of forestry and state chairman of forestry and at the time of her death was serving her second term as secretary of the forestry division of the Federation of Women's Clubs.

TEST NEW FREIGHT LAW.

Hearing Before Minnesota Commission on May 27.

St. Paul, May 8.—A test of the validity of the new commodity rate law passed by the recently adjourned legislature has been arranged and the initial steps will be taken May 27, when the state railroad and warehouse commission will hear the petition of the Minneapolis, Red Lake and Manitoba road to be exempted from the operation of the new rates.

The law provides that where the commission shall find the rates unreasonable it shall raise or lower them.

The Red Lake road, which is one of the new and shorter roads in the northern part of the state, claims that it has been making but a small margin over its operating expenses under the old tariffs, has reduced its passenger rates to 2 cents a mile and will be damaged if the new rates are put into effect.

LOSES ROLL OF $2,600.

Rich Minnesota Farmer Swindled by Sharpers.

Winona, Minn., May 8.—Charles Ruppert, a retired farmer, formerly residing in the Waumandee valley in Wisconsin, but who makes his home in Winona and is reputed to be worth $100,000, was swindled out of $2,640 here on the old three card monte game. He won all right, but the other fellows got the money. He won his bet, but in place of the money he supposed he would receive he secured only a tin box filled with paper and a brick.

Mr. Ruppert sees the mistake he made now in engaging in a betting game with strangers. He takes his loss philosophically, but is hopeful the offenders may be apprehended and given the punishment they deserve.

To Run Trains in July.

International Falls, Minn., May 12.—The contractors who are building the extension of the Minnesota and International to this place announce that the grade will be completed and ready for the steel not later than July 1. As the steel already has been laid to the Bear river, about six miles this side of Big Falls, it is confidently expected that trains will be running into this place by the second week in July.

St. Cloud Priest Dies at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, May 8.—Rev. Father George Arenth, thirty-two years old, rector of Holy Angels cathedral of St. Cloud, Minn., died at St. Francis hospital here. Death was caused by a complication of diseases following nervous prostration. Father Arenth was visiting relatives here when he was taken to the hospital. He was state chaplain of the Knights of Columbus in Minnesota.

Strike of Rich Iron Ore.

Duluth, May 13.—A very important strike of iron ore has been made in the old Breitung shaft of the Minnesota mines near Tower, on the Vermillion range. It is said that the strike will add at least ten years to the life of Minnesota's oldest iron mine and further developments underground may prove that it will be even more important than that.

Young Man Is Missing.

Fergus Falls, Minn., May 12.—William Olson, a young man residing near Ashby, disappeared about a week ago and no trace of him has since been found. Fears are entertained that he has been drowned in a lake near his home and grappling hooks have been secured and a party is at work dragging the lake bottom in the hope of recovering the body.

St. Paul Japs Greet Kuroki.

St. Paul, May 7.—General Kuroki, the famous Japanese warrior, and his staff of officers were in St. Paul for an hour and a half en route to the Jamestown exposition. A large crowd of local army officers and Japanese was on hand to greet the party. General MacArthur and staff were with the Japanese.

Costly Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, May 14.—A loss estimated at $150,000 was caused by the burning of a four-story building on the east side of Desplaines street, near Mather street, occupied by the Chicago Feather Duster company. The fire is thought to have been due to the explosion through spontaneous combustion

FOUGHT IN A FOG.

A Duel In Which Neither Principal Could See the Other.

The most laughable duel ever "fought" in France was that which took place in November, 1878, at Plessis-Piquet between Messrs. Gambetta and De Fourtou.

Some heated words had passed between the two distinguished gentlemen in the chamber of deputies, for which, according to their ideas of honor, nothing could atone except a duel. The men met therefore on the field attended by their seconds and the surgeons.

A look over the field was enough to convince any one present that there would be no occasion for the doctors' services. A thick November fog hung over the scene—so thick, indeed, that one could hardly see his hand before his face. The arrangements for the duel required that it should be fought at thirty-five paces.

Nor was the fog the only circumstance that tended to place the combatants out of sight of each other. On the way to the field M. de Fourtou is reported to have said:

"M. Gambetta has but one eye, and I am shortsighted, so the game will be about even."

It was, of course, rendered still more "even" by the fog. Neither man could see the other, and the sole danger was to the seconds and the doctors.

Almost miraculously the two bullets that were exchanged missed the persons in attendance. Everybody's honor was satisfied and the whole party went home. Gambetta said that the affair was as near to being a skirmish in the dark as anything he ever saw.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE NEGRITOS.

Odd Marriage Ceremony of These Barbarous Little People.

Belonging as they do to the lowest type of civilization as yet discovered, the Negritos of Malaysia and their ways are well worth studying. Simple, primitive, barbarous little people, their customs are those of prehistoric man. They have no fixed home or settlements, but are wanderers over their mountainous islands, sleeping under a banana leaf, living on berries and berries and game.

Their marriage ceremony is a unique survival of early life. The suitor and a few companions dance about the shelter of the desired girl. There is a curious resemblance between the dances of the prospective bridegroom and those of many of the game birds of our woodland. Finally the girl, accompanied by her mother, starts toward the dwelling of the young men. They frequently stop, squatting in the trail while the ardent suitor and his companions continue their entreating and bewitching dances, winding round and round the girl. Presents are generally demanded and must be given before the reluctant bride will proceed. Finally the women arrive near a steep bamboo platform. A wild shout pierces the air, and the bridegroom, like a frenzied animal, tears through the Negritos assembled at the base of the platform, snatches the bride in his arms and flies up the incline with his mate, where they sit during the wedding feast.—New York Herald.

The Smell of the Dawn.

Of all hours of the day there is none like the early morning for downright good odors—the morning before eating. Fresh from sleep and unclogged with food a man's senses cut like knives. The whole world comes in upon him. A still morning is best, for the mists and the moisture seem to retain the odors which they have distilled through the night. Upon a breezy morning one is likely to get a single predominant odor, as of clover when the wind blows across a hayfield or of apple blossoms when the wind comes through the orchard, but upon a perfectly still morning it is wonderful how the odors arrange themselves in upright strata, so that one walking passes through them as from room to room in a marvelous temple of fragrance.—American Magazine.

A Powerful Indorsement.

Many years ago there was considerable illness in Harrisburg, which was attributed to the waters of the Susquehanna river, then the source of the city supply. One of the members of the legislature for that year, upon his return to his constituents, was interviewed concerning the plague. He soon settled the question. "Upon my soul, gentlemen," he declared, "the report of the foulness of the water was a slander on the city of Harrisburg. I absolutely know the water to be perfectly healthful, for during the session I drank the water on two different occasions, and I never experienced any ill effect whatever."—Pittsburg Press.

Music and Method.

The sane, healthy way to study the piano is to apply one's thought directly to the work laid out methodically by the teacher for a certain length of time every day. That length of time depends entirely upon the future that the student may decide upon. If he or she take up music as a profession four hours daily should be given to study; if as an amateur, two hours are enough. In both cases the division of time devoted to practice should be not less than one hour.—I. J. Paderewski in Strand Magazine.

Force of Habit.

"I—I must not listen to you, Mr. Penhyaline," protested the blushing girl, with eyes downcast. "You are only trifling, and—and, besides, it is getting late."

"Please hear me out, Miss Helen," pleaded the infatuated young reporter,

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

Condemnation proceedings have been instituted in the federal court at Fergus Falls by the United States government to acquire title to lands that are being overflowed by the waters of the new government reservoirs at the head waters of the Mississippi river. The government has purchased a large proportion of these lands, but there are several extensive tracts that cannot be secured at what are considered reasonable prices from the owners by direct purchase and it has been decided to acquire them by condemnation.

The memorial which the state of Minnesota has erected in the National Military park at Vicksburg, Miss., to commemorate the services of the Third, Fourth and Fifth regiments of Minnesota infantry and the First battery of artillery in the Vicksburg campaign, will be dedicated on May 24.

William H. Taft, secretary of war, who will deliver the commencement address at the university on the morning of June 13, will be the guest of honor at a banquet that evening at the Minneapolis club. Business men of the city are planning the event in his honor.

Martin Anderson, Everett, Wash., made a vain attempt to commit suicide in Minneapolis. He turned on the gas in his room and also took chloroform. Others in the house noticed the odor of gas and the door was broken open. Physicians say he will recover.

A "woodchuck" has been discovered in the registry tax law passed by the recent legislature by which foreign insurance companies, always large holders of Minnesota real estate mortgages, will escape payment of the registry tax.

John Ungers, an insane man who escaped from the Fergus Falls hospital, arrived at his home in Melrose the following day without a stitch of clothing on his body. He made his way to Melrose by stealing a ride in a boxcar.

There is a rumor at Washington that the president is considering Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul for the position of attorney general in case Mr. Bonaparte should resign from that position.

W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis has been appointed to the capitol grounds commission by the governor to succeed R. T. O'Connor of St. Paul, who declined the position.

St. Paul has entered the field for the National Editorial association meeting in 1908.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Frederick C. Scherfenberg, a veteran who served with the First Minnesota regiment in the Civil war, suicided by hanging at his home in St. Paul. Mr. Scherfenberg had long been a sufferer from rheumatism and he recently made a trip to Hot Springs for relief.

Mrs. Charlotte McFarland was burned to death in a fire at her home in Minneapolis. No one saw the struggle she is supposed to have made against the flames which did only partial damage to the house.

The federal grand jury at Fergus Falls has returned indictments against Joseph Quinlan, John Burns, P. G. Peterson, Peter Vizener and Antoine Yellowhead for alleged trespassing on timber lands.

Fire in the Brannon hotel at Northome damaged the hotel building to the extent of $1,500. Many of the occupants of the rooms had hairbreadth escapes from being burned to death.

Thrown to the ground, her body run over and dragged fully ten feet, Mrs. Marie H. Ireland was seriously and probably fatally injured in an automobile accident at Minneapolis.

Charles Ruppert, a retired farmer living in Winona, was fleeced out of $2,640 by two sharpers with the old three card monte game. The sharpers escaped.

Justina, two years and six months old, daughter of Peter Lohmer of Stillwater, was burned to death while playing near a bonfire.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. D. J. Enright, forty-two years of age, and her daughter Mamie, seventeen, died at Minneapolis last week within three hours of each other. Both deaths resulted from tuberculosis, which they had fought together for years.

John Barnard, aged eighty-nine years, is dead at Mankato of general decline due to old age. He was one of the earliest settlers, having located in Blue Earth county in 1856. He served four years in Brackett's battalion.

Mrs. Sarah E. Critchley, for forty-nine years a resident of Mankato, is dead from the effects of an accident that occurred early in the winter, when she was struck by a Milwaukee passenger train at a street crossing.

Mrs. Cecelia Gauthier, aged eighty-eight, a resident of St. Paul for fifty-seven years, is dead. She is survived by about 125 children, grandchildren and great grandchildren, the majority of whom live in St. Paul.

Edward P. Sweet, a former county commissioner and prominent Republican worker, is dead at Minneapolis.

William Schellhaus, founder of the Schellhaus Brewing company of Winona, is dead.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Oldest and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

The Fighting Lemming.

If the lemming's powers were proportioned to his pluck, the lemming would make things lively for the hunter. It attacks with reckless fury the harmless passerby. One of these creatures, smaller than a rat, will assail without a second thought a couple of human beings weighing 150 pounds apiece. It will spring to one's knees, barking and biting, and in purblind fury fall back "all ends up" to the earth, only to renew the attack again and again. One day while one lemming was flying at me another from beyond a small stream joined in the demonstration and presently swam across to get to close quarters. I was not quite sure that the first fall into the water was not accidental, but hardly think so, since once there it came straight to the charge.—"Wild Norway."

Most Nearly Perfect Vacuum.

It was Professor Dewar's achievement in liquefying hydrogen that led to the discovery of an easy method of obtaining an almost perfect vacuum, and that in a single minute. When a glass tube filled with air and closed at one end has its open end dipped into a cup of liquid hydrogen, the intense cold condenses the air into a kind of snow that settles to the bottom. If, then, the upper part of the tube, from which the solidified air has fallen, is removed by heating and cooling it off it becomes a vacuum chamber so free from air that it is difficult to force an electric current through it.—New York Herald.

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SUNSET MAGAZINE beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West. $1.50 a year

CAMERA CRAFT devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers. $1.00 a year

ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS a book of 75 pages, containing 120 colored photographs of picturesque spots in California and Oregon. $0.75

Total . . . $3.25

All for $1.50

Address all orders to SUNSET MAGAZINE Flood Building San Francisco

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

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SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

MARK TWAIN'S DREAM

It Was So Vivid He Thought It Was Real After He Awoke.

THEN CAME THE SAD SEQUEL.

The Event Foreshadowed In the Singular Vision Came to Pass With Painful Exactitude Only a Few Weeks After In a Most Distressing Manner.

One morning when I awoke I had been dreaming, and the dream was so vivid, so like reality, that it deceived me, and I thought it was real. In the dream I had seen Henry (Mr. Clemens' younger brother) a corpse. He lay in a metallic burial case. He was dressed in a suit of my clothing, and on his breast lay a great bouquet of flowers, mainly white roses, with a red rose in the center. The casket stood upon a couple of chairs. I dressed and moved toward the door, thinking I would go in there and look at it, but I changed my mind. I thought I could not yet bear to meet my mother. I thought I would wait awhile and make some preparation for that ordeal.

The house was in Locust street, a little above Thirteenth, and I walked to Fourteenth and to the middle of the block beyond before it suddenly flashed upon me that there was nothing real about this—it was only a dream. I can still feel something of the grateful upheaval of joy of that moment, and I can also still feel the remnant of doubt, the suspicion that maybe it was real, after all. I returned to the house almost on a run, flew up the stairs two or three steps at a jump and rushed into that sitting room and was made glad again, for there was no casket there.

We made the usual eventless trip to New Orleans—no, it was not eventless, for it was on the way down that I had the fight with Mr. Brown which resulted in his requiring that I be left ashore at New Orleans. In New Orleans I always had a job. It was my privilege to watch the freight piles from 7 in the evening until 7 in the morning and get $3 for it. It was a three night job and occurred every thirty-five days. Henry always joined my watch about 9 in the evening, when his own duties were ended, and we often walked my rounds and chatted together until midnight.

This time we were to part, and so the night before the boat sailed I gave Henry some advice. I said: "In case of disaster to the boat don't lose your head. Leave that unwisdom to the passengers; they are competent; they'll attend to it. But you rush for the hurricane deck and astern to one of the lifeboats lashed aft the wheel house and obey the mate's orders. Thus you will be useful. When the boat is launched give such help as you can in getting the women and children into it and be sure you don't try to get into it yourself. It is summer weather, the river is only a mile wide, as a rule, and you can swim that without any trouble."

Two or three days afterward the boat's boilers exploded at Ship island, below Memphis, early one morning, and what happened afterward I have already told in "Old Times on the Mississippi." As related there, I followed the Pennsylvania about a day later on another boat, and we began to get news of the disaster at every port we touched, and so by the time we reached Memphis we knew all about it.

I found Henry stretched upon a mattress on the floor of a great building along with thirty or forty other scalded and wounded persons and was promptly informed by some indiscreet person that he had inhaled steam, that his body was badly scalded and that he would live but a little while; also I was told that the physicians and nurses were giving their whole attention to persons who had a chance of being saved. They were short handed in the matter of physicians and nurses, and Henry and such others as were considered to be fatally hurt were receiving only such attention as could be spared from time to time from the more urgent cases.

But Dr. Peyton, a fine and large hearted old physician of great reputation in the community, gave me his sympathy and took vigorous hold of the case, and in about a week he had brought Henry around. Dr. Peyton never committed himself with prognostications which might not materialize, but at 11 o'clock one night he told me that Henry was out of danger and would get well. Then he said: "At midnight these poor fellows lying here and there all over this place will begin to mourn and mutter and lament and make outcries, and if this commotion should disturb Henry it will be bad for him. Therefore ask the physician on watch to give him an eighth of a grain of morphine, but this is not to be done unless Henry shall show signs that he is being disturbed."

Oh, well, never mind the rest of it. The physicians on watch were young fellows, hardly out of the medical college, and they made a mistake. They had no way of measuring the eighth of a grain of morphine, so they guessed at it and gave him a vast quantity heaped on the end of a knife blade, and the fatal effects were soon apparent. I think he died about dawn. I don't remember as to that. He was carried to the dead room, and I went away for awhile to a citizen's house and slept off some of my accumulated fatigue, and meantime something was happening.

The coffins provided for the dead were of unpainted white pine, but in this instance some of the ladies of Memphis had made up a fund of $60 and bought a metallic case, and when I came back and entered the dead room Henry lay in that open case, and he was dressed in a suit of my clothing. He had borrowed it without my knowledge during our last sojourn in St. Louis, and I recognized instantly that my dream of several weeks before was here exactly reproduced, so far as these details went, and I think I missed one detail, but that one was immediately supplied, for just then an elderly lady entered the place with a large bouquet consisting mainly of white roses, and in the center of it was a red rose, and she laid it on his breast.—Mark Twain's Autobiography in North American Review.

SAVED BY SILENCE.

A Buffalo Hunt and an Indian Interruption on the Plains.

Two soldiers who belonged to a body of troops crossing the western plains in 1852 started out to capture a buffalo. A herd had been seen about a mile distant. Their horses were in good condition, and, says the author of "Five Years a Dragoon," they had every reason to anticipate good sport.

They approached the herd at a walk and were within easy pistol shot before the buffaloes saw them. Then one of them, named Peel, went to the west, the other to the east. Peel's companion had dropped his first buffalo when the voice of Peel rang out, "Get on your horse!"

No time was lost, for, looking east, he pointed to fifty or more Indians in a half circle half a mile away, their left wing so far advanced that retreat to camp was cut off.

Consultation was brief. Peel led the way down the hill and circled round a thicket, carefully selecting the firm buffalo grass sod, so as to leave no trail, and drew into cover not twenty yards from where some of the Indians were sure to come down.

There they sat on their horses, pistols in hand. They had no future plans; they might have to fight death under that bluff; they would do whatever circumstances seemed to dictate.

They had not long to wait. The Indians came rattling down the rock trails leading into the bottom, sending out their bloodcurdling warwhoop at every jump. They seemed to think that the fleeing men would try to escape toward camp and be enveloped in the circle; did not think that they would do anything but run for their lives, which would be sure death. One brawny brave drew rein at the foot of the trail where the men had come down, raised himself in the stirrups and looked sharply toward them. Peel's companion, believing they were discovered, raised his pistol to shoot, but Peel quietly reached over and, placing his hand on his comrade's arm, gently pressed it down.

In a moment the Indian was off to the west, showing by his actions that he had not seen them.

The way now seemed clear, and they quietly walked their horses up where they had gone down a few moments before, turned south and gently trotted back toward camp. No fresh meat cheered the camp that night, but they had a new adventure to talk over.

When Ministers Had It Hard.

"We sometimes complain now," said the minister, "when our salaries are reduced a hundred or two, but how should we go on if we had lived in the eighteenth century? Then, indeed, ministers had it hard. Listen to this."

He read from an old and faded English newspaper, the St. James' Chronicle of May 4, 1795—something of an antiquary, he collected all kinds of rubbish—this advertisement:

> WANTED—Immediately, a good, strong, bony man to act in the capacity of curate. He must be subject to the following particulars—viz: To have no objection to act as gardener, husbandman, miller, and occasional whipper-in. Any gent. whom the above may suit, on application to Mr. B., at the Gray's Inn Coffee House, may meet with immediate employment.
>
> N. B.—Character not so much required as equestrian skill, and none need apply who has not undergone a complete stabularian education.

—Los Angeles Times.

He Made Sure.

A comely Scotch maiden had among her numerous admirers in the village a bashful carpenter and undertaker. At last he spoke; but, alas, he was too late. She had given her promise to another, and that other she wedded. It so happened that within the first year the young husband died, and the widow bethought herself of her old sweetheart and gave him the coffin to make. He did so, and, allowing what he considered a decent time to elapse, he again proposed. Alas, he was again too late! Strange to say, the second husband was short lived, and again the carpenter had the coffin to make. Then he resolved to cast diffidency aside, and just as he drove the last screw firmly home he touched the arm of the twice widowed fair and asked:

"Has onybody spoken to ye yet?"

He was in time.—London Answers.

Antiquity of Welsh Melodies.

The antiquity of many Welsh melodies is traced with difficulty, but there are good reasons for believing that "The March of the Monks of Bangor" dates back to the event which it celebrates and that it was in reality the strain by which those devoted men, the white monks of Bangor Iscoed, marched to their bloody fate at the hands of the Saxon savages. The mingling of major and minor phrases is one of the internal evidences of age. A fine martial tread sounds through each measure, combined with the spirit of exalted piety, and the rhythm boldly paints the long procession of white cowled monks bearing peaceful banners and in faith taking their way to Chester to stimulate the valor of their countrymen away back in the seventh century.—Liverpool Mercury.

LOST RIVERS.

Streams That Mysteriously Disappear Into the Earth.

In the great basin between the Rockies and the Sierra Nevadas lie the ghosts of many dead lakes. Rivers still flow down to the dry edges of these one time great reservoirs and are licked up by evaporation and the chinook winds. Of all the lakes that once lay there only Salt lake, Lake Tahoe and Bear lake are left. The Southern Pacific rolls for 165 miles across the bed of what was once Lake Lahontan, and passengers gazing idly from the windows may see the terraces and wrinkles in the crust of the fossil lake which nature destroyed ages ago.

Akin to these ghost lakes, says the New York Sun, are the lost rivers of the southwest, rivers that flow with all the swiftness and clearness of other streams near by, then disappear into the earth as mysteriously as if they were spirit streams. In the valley of the Rio Grande there are many little rivers of this kind. Just south of Santa Fe is the river Hondo, which flows broad and deep for many miles, then suddenly spreads out over a sandy plain and disappears.

A few hundred feet from where it goes out of sight there is only sand as dry as dust itself. Some of these streams end in tiny brackish lakes, but most of them disappear in the sand beds. On the coast of Mexico there are clear water streams that discharge into the gulf from underground channels many feet below the level of the sea, thought to be the same waters that disappear farther up in the States.

In the valley between the Pecos and the Rio Grande, beginning near Sandia mountain, is the bed of an old river with all its tributaries, its falls, its shallows and its fascinating bends. It is 300 miles long and many feet wide, but it is only the ghost of a river, for there is no water there. It passes by the ruins of Gran Quivira, its bed is strewn with broken lava, and it terminates in a salt marsh. The Indians have a legend that long ago the waters were deep and swift there until one day a great fire swept down the valley, lapping up the waters, leaving the bed empty, the banks barren and the valley desolate forevermore.

Crater lake, Oregon, is said to have the greatest depth of any fresh water lake in this country, its maximum depth being 1,996 feet. Lake Tahoe is possibly next in the enterprising effort to send water down to quench the fires in the center of the earth, for the measuring lead shows 1,645 feet there.

Parson Brownlow and the Democrats.

One of the famous retorts in history occurred when Parson Brownlow was war governor of Tennessee. On one of his journeys he attended service at a small Methodist church in the upper part of the state. The parson was a devout Methodist and seldom allowed his political rancor to interfere with the charity of his religious faith. On this occasion, being a visiting clergyman, he was placed in the "amen corner" near the pulpit. The local minister was as ardently Democratic in his views as Governor Brownlow was Republican. In the prayer which followed the lengthy sermon the minister began to call on the Lord for grace for his favorites. "God bless Felix Grundy," he began. Parson Brownlow moved uneasily in his seat, but responded with a conscientious "Amen." "God bless Robert E. Lee," concluded the preacher. A fainter "Amen" from Parson Brownlow. "God bless the whole Democratic party," cried the preacher, waxing in fervor as he progressed. This was too much for the governor. With a bound he was on his feet, shouting:

"God forbid! It would bankrupt divine grace and exhaust the whole plan of salvation!"

Whipsawed.

Daniel Webster, Tazewell and General Jackson's secretary of the navy were once walking together on the north bank of the Potomac, and while Webster lingered a little in the rear Tazewell offered to bet Branch a $10 hat that he could prove him to be on the other side of the river. "Done," said Branch. "Well," said Tazewell, pointing to the opposite shore, "isn't that one side of the river?" "Yes." "Well, isn't this the other side?" "Yes." "Then, as you are here, are you not on the other side?" "Why, I declare," said the victim, "so I am! But here comes Webster. I'll win back my bet from him." As Daniel came up Branch saluted him with, "Webster, I'll bet you a $10 hat that I can prove you are on the other side of the river." "Done." "Well, isn't this one side?" "Yes." "Well, isn't that the other side?" "Yes, but I am not on that side." Branch had to pay for two hats and learned that it is possible to bet both ways and win upon neither.

Misplaced Philanthropy.

A well known philanthropist spoke with good humored regret at a dinner in New York of a charity that had failed.

"But it failed through its own fault," said he. "It failed because it was mistaken. It suggests to me an experience of a friend of mine in Ireland. My friend at about this season last year was motoring through a remote region of Ireland, and one day he came upon a poor old woman seated, with all her humble furniture about her, in the middle of the road before her little cabin. My friend was profoundly moved. Here before his very eyes an eviction, a real Irish eviction, was taking place. He got out of his car and gave the old woman a five pound note.

"'Tell me,' he said, 'what is the trouble, my poor friend?'

"Bobbing and courtesying her gratitude, the old woman replied:

"'Shure, sir, me ould man's whitewashin'.'"—New York Tribune.

TUMBLING BY RULES,

Every Move of an Acrobat Is Carefully Calculated.

CHANCE FALLS DANGEROUS.

If a Tumbler Loses His Balance Accidentally and Goes Down His Skill Will Not Be a Factor In Saving Him From Getting Hurt.

"If there is one thing more than another that pains me," said a leading acrobat, "it's these stories you read sometimes or hear told of circus tumblers and clowns who in falling accidentally have exercised their skill to escape unhurt.

"You read of an acrobat falling out of a window, but, with rare presence of mind, giving a sort of wriggle just as the sidewalk draws near, landing on the back of his neck in precisely the right way and then bouncing to his feet and bowing gracefully to the startled spectators.

"Oh, I've read of such things time and time again, but, take my word, they are all fakes pure and simple. My experience has been that if a tumbler loses his balance accidentally he is just as badly off and will fall just as far and just as hard as the man or woman who does not even know how to turn a somersault. I speak, as I say, from bitter experience, and no doubt any other circus or vaudeville tumbler would emphasize this should you bother to ask him.

"The explanation is simple enough, if perhaps you have not grasped it already, embodying as it does the fact that tumbling is a science and that every move, however careless or slipshod it may appear to the spectator, is a calculated move and that any tumble or fall proceeds in certain definite moves from start to finish as exact and perfect as a problem in arithmetic.

"The act may incite roars of laughter, but I wonder would the laughter be so great did the spectators know how that mirth provoking stunt had been worked over from point to point and studied and practiced. Well, I suppose it's like any other business where the glamour is all on the outside.

"Speaking of tumbling in real life, you should have been with the Forepaugh show one summer evening some years back. We were doing a Sunday jump from Topeka, I think it was, to some little one tent town down the line, and the members of the troupe were packed in a long caboose on the rear of a freight train which was made up partly of our property cars.

"It was raining hard that night and black as a tent rigger's heart. The caboose was so stifling hot that two or three members of our troupe would go up in the caboose tower every now and then, open the lookout window and drink in the air.

"Finally the train came to a standstill, and there we stood for at least ten minutes, with all sorts of rattling and bumping going on ahead. At last after about fifteen minutes one of the girls up in the tower called down that there was a fire ahead. We all crawled up, one after the other, and took a peep. Sure enough, there was a big blaze up forward—a railroad station, every one thought it was, but it turned out to be two of our forward cars.

"Mind you, the night was so black that you could not see three feet ahead of your nose. The whole crowd made a rush for the caboose door. Luke Stark was the first, and Luke was the finest aerial tumbler in the country. He had the chance of his life right there, for as he stepped off the last step, thinking to hit the ground, he hit nothing at all. The bloomin' car was on a trestle.

"Well, a lady elephant tumbler was right behind Luke, and it was a race for the bottom. I was next, but as I saw the others disappear I reached up and caught the hand rail just as my feet dangled in the air. It was a matter of but a second to pull up again, but before I had my feet fair on the step I could hear from below a sort of dull splash and screams of gurgling terror.

"We got lanterns and ran down the side of the trestle, thinking to find two dead persons, but instead we discovered in about a foot of water and six feet of mud the two tumblers and wedged in so tight they could not move. We dug them out of the mud, hauled them back to the caboose, and after they had changed their clothes we asked them how they came to make such nice falls out of it. But they only looked mad. Of course they fell like any ordinary baby would have fallen.

"As for me, one night in the Coliseum in Kansas City the heel of my shoes caught in the end of the platform on which I was doing a turn, and I dived off the platform on my shoulder, spraining it frightfully. The audience laughed fit to kill, and of course to make good I climbed up on the platform and fell again, but that time scientifically, you bet. Then I went to bed.

"By the way, Luke Stark, who fell off that trestle, was killed in jumping over elephants one night, and we picked him up and made a burlesque of carrying him off, so that the audience would not get out of their laughing mood. We were crying under our paint too."—New York Post.

Beethoven.

There have been many great musicians, many first class masters of melody, but perhaps the majority of musicians would name Beethoven as the master of masters, the Napoleon of music.—New York American.

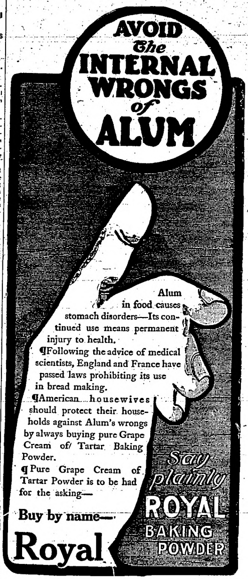

AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—

Royal

Say plainly ROYAL BAKING POWDER

THE KING OF ANIMALS.

Trappers and Skin Experts Give This Title to the Black Fox.

In the estimation of trappers and voyageurs of eastern North America as well as in the eyes of the very rich nobility of Russia and Siberia there is only one king of beasts, and the name of this beast is the big and radiantly shining black fox, which roams over the cold and barren hills that stretch from east of the Penobscot river in Maine, through New Brunswick and Nova Scotia and, skipping the mouth of the St. Lawrence river, extend in diminishing hummocks through western Labrador and end in the hillocks and Laurentian formations which surround Hudson bay.

Those who seek the choicest and most expensive furs known to man and who will pay any price for what they want must go to the bleak coast line of eastern North America for what they want and may have to wait for years to secure pelts that will match perfectly with other skins which are to go toward making up a set, for the black fox of North America—le reynard noir of the French hunters—wears the most valuable overcoat of any animal on earth.

As a rule, about five perfect pelts from black foxes are captured every year, and of these three are bought by the great Hudson Bay Fur company or its tributary association. Though Maine alone furnishes more than 70,000 fox skins every year and though nearly 5,000 active men spend most of the winter in trapping and pursuing foxes and other animals for their furs, only twice in the run of twelve months are the combined efforts of these individual hunters able to secure a black fox.

In no way except in color does the black fox differ from its commoner, the red fox, whose pelt sells for [illegible], or from the gray fox, whose overcoat is valued at from [illegible], but whenever a hunter can secure a black fox and remove its skin without marring the fur he is as sure of receiving from $800 to $1,500 for his trophy as if he had the money in his hand. Not only is every black fox pelt bought as soon as taken, but a dozen Russian noblemen have paid agents traveling in North America all through the winter, seeking out remote hillside farms and abandoned logging camps, where it is possible that a shy and elusive black fox may have been seen.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Simon Opsahl. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Simon Opsahl, decedent. The State of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, father, Mathea Opsahl, mother, Gunda Opsahl, sister, Even Opsahl, brother, Peter Opsahl, brother, Ole Opsahl, brother, and Mathilde Opsahl, sister, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent:

The petition of Knudt Opsahl having been filed in this court, representing that Simon Opsahl, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 26th day of April, 1907, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Knudt Opsahl and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition:

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate court rooms in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 10th day of May, 1907.

By the Court,
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL

N. B. Hanson,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Barnesville, Minnesota.
may 16 june 6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Fossum of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made April [illegible], for the lots 1 & 2 sec. 19 T 155 N., R. 41 W., SE¼ NE¼ and NE¼ SE¼ Section 24, Township 155 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 24, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Matth[illegible] Saugstad, of Germantown, Minn.,
Arne Hakstad, " "
Martin Bakken, " "
T. S. Moen, " "

E. J. Montague,
Register.
may 16 june 20

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

FAIRIES IN IRELAND.

A Boatman's Story of the Antics of the Little People.

Here is a modern fairy story from Ireland: "One day about twenty years ago," writes a correspondent, "I was fishing from a boat on Lough Derg. I inquired of my boatmen if they had ever seen fairies. At first, fearing to be laughed at, they scouted the idea, but one of them told the following:

"On a Sunday he was returning after mass and stood with a friend named Sullivan on the bridge of Killaloe. Looking toward a potato field on the slope of the rising ground to the east of the town, a field which he was able to point out from the boat, he saw issuing from the liss a troop of 'little people,' one being distinctly taller than the rest. At first they seemed rather blurred, then took distinct shapes and began to play the national game of hurley among the bare potato rigs. He called Sullivan's attention to them, but for some time his friend could not see them, then said he could, and they watched the game together for a time. Then the sun went in, and the fairies, moving toward the liss, as if returning to it, vanished. Lisses are rough places, sometimes hillocks, sometimes depressions, often bushy, but never cultivated. I have been told they are left as doorways for the fairies when visiting the earth's surface."—Chicago News.

HUNTING MAHOGANY.

It Takes an Experienced Woodsman to Locate the Trees.

Mahogany trees do not grow in clusters, but are scattered throughout the forest and hidden in a dense growth of underbrush, vines and creepers and require a skillful and experienced woodsman to find them. He seeks the highest ground in a forest, climbs to the top of the tallest tree and surveys the surrounding country. The mahogany has a peculiar foliage, and his practiced eye soon detects the trees within sight.

The axmen follow the hunter, and then come the sawyers and hewers, a large mahogany taking two men a full day to fell it. The tree has large spurs which project from the trunk at its base, and scaffolds must be erected so that the tree can be cut off above the spurs. This leaves a stump ten to fifteen feet high, which is sheer waste, as the stump really contains the best lumber.

The hunter has nothing to do with the work of cutting or removing the tree, his duty being simply to locate it. If he is clever and energetic, his remuneration may amount to $500 or $1,000 a month, but he may travel weeks at a time without detecting a tree, and as he is generally paid by results his earnings are rather precarious.—St. Louis Republic.

Not Æsop's Day.

West Point's aim is to teach men to meet any situation with the best there is in them. When General Custer was a cadet, he ventured into the French section room without having, so much as looked at the day's lesson. The section had been engaged in the translation of Æsop's fables from French to English, but on this particular day the task consisted of a page of history written in French. Cadet Custer was given the book and very bravely dashed into the translation of this sentence: "Leopold, duc d'Autriche, se mettit sur les plaines de Silesie." But the Duke of Austria did not seem to appeal to him, for without hesitation he read:

"The leopard, the duck and the ostrich met upon the plains of Silesia."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Some Very Old Trees.

Brazilian coconut palms live for 600 to 700 years, and the Arabs assert that the date palm frequently reaches the age of 200 to 300 years. Wallace's oak, near Paisley, Scotland, is known to be over 700 years old, and there are eight olive trees on the Mount of Olives, near Jerusalem, which are known to have been flourishing in 1099. The yews at Fountain abbey, Yorkshire, were old trees when, in 1132, the abbey was built, and a redwood in Mariposa grove, California, is a manifold centenarian. Baobab trees of Africa have been computed to be over 5,000 years old, and the deciduous cypress at Chapultepec is considered to be of a still greater age.

The Fallen Mighty.

"It isn't necessary to go to the Waldorf to see the nobility," said the man about town. "Go down on Second avenue to the Hungarian restaurants there. The proprietor of one is an exiled baron, the pianist is a prince, the violinist is a duke, the waiter with the mustachios was a titled landowner in his own country, and each and every one of the patrons, myself excepted, is a scion of Russian, German or Hungarian nobility, banished for some reason or other to the wilds of New York."—New York Press.

A Striking Monument.

Nowhere in the world can be found a more striking monument than that erected on the shores of Lake Issy-Kul, in central Asia, in honor of the Russian General Prjevalski, a famous explorer of that region. The tomb is hollowed out in the summit of a jutting cliff on the eastern margin of the lake, and the monument consists of an enormous rough hewn block of gray granite, twenty five feet high, over which is thrown a chart of central Asia.

Cruel.

Percy—Do you know, Miss Alice, I've always had a horror of premature burial—being buried too early, dontcherknow? Alice—Oh, what nonsense! That's impossible.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts: Acres.	Area of Tracts: Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	68.50	
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	23	151	42	37.87	
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	43	40	
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	43	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71	
Lot 2	29	153	42	33.97	
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	43	640	
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	153.18	
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63	
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼ NE¼ SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	280	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.52	
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36	
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77	
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	16	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160	
E½	20	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80	
W½ NE¼	36	151	44	80	

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

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First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 28, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H.E. No. 8621 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.
Emanuel Andin, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "
Edward Larson, " " "

may 9 june 13

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Peter Truedell.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Peter Truedell, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Paul Truedell and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Henry Grundy having been filed in this court, representing that Peter Truedell, then a resident of the County of Williams, State of North Dakota, died intestate on the 20th day of January 1907, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Robert McGinn; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 6th day of May 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Petitioner.

may 9-23

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of Edgar Francis Cooper, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the Creditors of Edgar Francis Cooper of Thief River Falls in the county of Red Lake, in said district, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of May A. D. 1907 the said Edgar Francis Cooper was duly adjudicated a bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said District, on the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 11, 1907.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vigenstad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 907 made November 20, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 9, Township 154 N. Range 40 W. and that said proof will be made before The Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on May 16, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter K. Amdam, of Germantown, Minnesota.
Ole E. Wiseth, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
Otto Taralseth, " " "

apr 11 may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 3, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hilma Westman, formerly Hilma Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 7907 made Dec. 14, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 155 N., Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County at Warren, Minnesota, on May 31, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Skoglund, of Sorum, Minn.
John Hedlund, " " "
Emanuel Andeen, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "

apr 11 may 16

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5, 1907, viz: Daniel J. Helle H. E. No. 6770 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3 & 4 of Sec. 36 in Tp. 152 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Halvor B. Reindal, of Lillo, Minnesota.
Kittil Slettevreld, of Grit, "
Ole Swenson, of Garnes, "
Siver Mauren, of " "

apr 18 may 23

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 565 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N. Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olof Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " " "

apr 25 may 30

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 22, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Knutson, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 324 made June 27, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.
John O'Donnell, " " "
Jacob Vad, " " "
Engebret Vad, " " "

apr 25 june 6

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office Crookston, Minnesota, April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No 315 made June 23, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Engebret Vad of Germantown, Minn.
Harry Halvorson " " "
Nels Knutson " " "
Knut Bagaas " " "

may 2 june 6

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Halvorson of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No 314 made June 23, 1904, for the NW¼, Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad of Germantown Minn
Engebret Vad " " "
Nels Knutson " " "
Knut Bagaas " " "

may 2 june 6

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Tuesday, May 28th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,

203 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST:

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS:

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

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All Work Given Careful Attention.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1907 NUMBER 21

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Historical Society

DEATH OF A PIONEER

Carl Steinhauer, of Excel, Passed Away Last Week at Rochester.

Had a Hard Struggle for Years to Get Ahead in This Section.

Carl Steinhauer, one of the pioneer residents of this section of the state, died last week at a hospital at Rochester where he had been to receive medical treatment. The body was brought to Thief River Falls Sunday and on Tuesday afternoon was buried in Greenwood cemetery, the funeral services being held in the German Lutheran church.

Mr. Steinhauer first came to this section in 1882 and settled upon a government homestead in the town of Excel. The nearest market at that time was Crookston and in order to secure a team of horses to haul what little he produced to market, Mr. Steinhauer gave a cattle mortgage upon a cow, pigs, chickens and what farm machinery he had to buy the horses. The investment proved to be a poor one, for the horses died and the man who had the mortgage took possession of all Mr. Steinhauer's property. He was a green German then, just over from the old country a few years and with nothing but two hands left to open up his farm, with a family of small children, his chance of success was not the best. But he kept at work and never allowed himself to again get in debt and at the time of his death was one of the richest farmers in this section of the state. Every dollar that he has made has been taken from the soil, too.

The deceased was born in Hersfeld, in Hessen, Germany, June 27, 1850. From 1870 to 1871 he served in the German army where he received a medal for bravery. In the year 1881 he came to America and in 1882 to the town of Excel where he has since resided. During his residence in the town of Excel he always took a prominent part in township affairs and held many offices of trust and honor. He is survived by a wife and six grown children. It had been Mr. Steinhauer's wish for many years to pay a visit to his old home in Germany and had he lived he would have taken a trip to the old country this summer.

7 to 6.

Mahnomen Defeats Thief River Falls at Base Ball on Sunday.

The first base ball game of the season was played Sunday afternoon in the city between the White Earth Indians of Mahnomen and the local nine. As the weather was very cold, it was impossible for the players to put up a good game of ball. In the White Earth Indian team there are some swift players, and Thief River Falls also has good material for a ball team. The score resulted in 6 to 7 in favor of the Mahnomen team.

BUILD AN ADDITION.

Langseth Mercantile Company to Be Complete Department Store.

The Langseth Mercantile company will commence the erection of a brick and cement block building just north of their present location in a short time. This company has purchased the Skagen & Thompson stock of hardware and in addition to handling general merchandise will in the future handle hardware. This will make the Langseth Mercantile company a complete department store, and they can supply the wants of their customers in all lines.

Want an Island Homestead?

An island in the Rainy River in fractional Sections 3 and 10, Township 159 N., R. 25 W., of the 5th. P. M., has been surveyed. The approved plat of survey of such island will be filed in the Cass Lake Land office on Wednesday, the 19th day of June, 1907, at nine o'clock A. M. On and after said date, the officials will be prepared to receive applications for the entry of lands in such island which lands are described as Lot 5, Section 3 and Lot 5, Section 10, Township 159 N., Range 25 W., 5th. P. M.

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

ENFORCING THE LAW

Brewers Now Aiding in Law Enforcement in North Dakota.

Lid Is on Tighter Than Ever in all of the Cities.

According to the North Dakota papers the brewers from Minnesota and other eastern points have adopted a decidedly unique scheme for reinstating themselves in the country from which they have been so summarily ejected.

Under the new law passed this year by the legislature of the Flickertail state known as "The Emergency Act," the officers of either the county or city are authorized to enter any building in which they are led to believe that intoxicating liquor is stored or being sold and confiscate the same, without the formality of procuring a search warrant.

Acting on this authority raids were made simultaneously on the Great Northern freight depots in nearly all of the larger cities in the state. Carload after carload of beer, maltine and whisky were taken and stored in the city halls and ordered destroyed. The brewing companies to protect their interests were at first inclined to make test cases out of the two biggest raids, namely those at Minot and Bismarck, but realized that course would be undersirable owing to the publicity connected with it. A new scheme has therefore been devised and put in action and from all accounts will go a long way toward changing the attitude of the authorities.

A special agent was placed in all of the larger cities by the brewing companies, with instructions to see that all other laws regarding the morals of the city were strictly lived up to. This action has been followed by the prompt closing of all gambling houses, the ejection of all slot machines and the enforcement of a large number of minor measures which had heretofore been regarded as dead letters.

Although purely a matter of conjecture it is supposed that by the time the next legislature meets in North Dakota their action will have resulted in an agitation for either high license or local option.

At all events the lid in North Dakota is firmly fixed and from all appearances will remain so until it is taken off altogether.

WE ARE HIGH.

Thief River Falls 50 Feet Higher Than St Hilaire.

The final report of the Geological Survey of Minnesota, has been added to the public school library at St. Hilaire. The following facts were gleaned by dipping into them just for a moment: The altitude of St. Hilaire above sea level is 1050 ft., Thief River Falls, 1100 ft., Red Lake Falls, 10000 ft., Crookston, 875 ft., Going east from St. Hilaire the country rises 50 ft., in about 9 miles. The soil thruout Red Lake county except a little spot at Red Lake Falls is made up of boulder-clay or what is commonly known as till. This till varies in thickness from a foot or so to twenty or thirty-yards. It is unstratified and contains stones scattered confusedly thru its mass, varying in size to fair size boulders. Many of them are blunted and show on one or more sides that smoothed and striated appearance which is charateristic of glacial action. The till soil here is simply the bottom moraine or ground moraine of an extinct glacier which formerly covered all this northern section of the United States.

TEACHER'S MEETING.

Red Lake County Association to Gather at St. Hilaire on June 21 and 22.

The Red Lake County Teachers' association will hold their next regular meeting at St. Hilaire Friday and Saturday, June 21 and 22, and President Moller and the other members of the committee are working hard to make this meeting one of the most successful ever held.

The chief event at this meeting will be a spelling contest between the teachers, and this feature promises to be one of great interest both to the school workers and the public. Aside from the spelling contest there will be a varied program, consisting of musical numbers, papers, discussions, etc.

The program committee is endeavoring to secure several outside speakers for the occasion, and if the plans do not miscarry they will have more than one prominent educator with them on these dates.

The Red Lake county association is one of the live ones of the valley, and is of great help to the teachers.

The "Kid Band" was out on the streets Monday evening and gave a short open air concert. The young boys are making excellent progress and will give more concerts later on.

Subscribe for the News.

MORTGAGES GROW LESS.

Dairy Business is Pulling the Farmers Out of Debt.

Wadena Pioneer-Journal: The dairy business is doing wonders for the farmers in every locality where the farmers are engaging in it. There is money in dairying. The progress of the dairying sections everywhere proves it.

In the township of Leaf River the number of mortgages has steadily decreased since the creameries started up in Wadena. Practically all the cream from Leaf River is marketed in this city. H. Sawtelle, town clerk of Leaf River, informed us that three years ago there were 127 mortgages filed in Leaf River township. The following year the number was decreased to 87 and in the past year there has only been 47. He believes that the fact that the farmers are doing as well in dairying is responsible for this falling off in the number of mortgages made out.

Mrs. Freestone Tires of "Jess."

The following about the matrimonial troubles of "Jess" Freestone will be of interest to many residents of Thief River Falls. Mr. Freestone took a pine claim in the Red Lake county a number of years ago and used to make Thief River Falls his headquarters. Papers for a divorce were really filed in St. Louis county by Pearl Freestone on the grounds of intoxication, extreme cruelty and general abuse. In her complaint she says they were married in Hudson, Wis., Sept. 23, 1903, that she is 25 and her husband is 39 years of age, and that one child resulted from the marriage. She alleges that Freestone has squandered his own property, also that of his wife and of her mother.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday May 26, at 11 a. m. A union memorial service.

At 8. p. m. will be the High School Baccalaureate service in the Presbyterian church.

Sunday School 10 a. m.

Junior League 2:30 p.m.

Epworth League 7 p. m.

Prayer meeting and Bible Study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

A cordial invitation to all the veterans of the civil war and the soldiers of the Spanish American war to be present at the memorial service Sunday at 11 a. m.

Everybody welcome'

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Bids Wanted.

The Black River Swedish Lutheran church of Polk Centre, Red Lake county, will receive bids for the building of a belfry and steeple on their church on Section 2, of Polk Centre. Plans and specifications on file with K. O. Gigstad, at Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire. Contractor to furnish bond for one thousand dollars and furnish all material. Bids will be opened at residence of Sam Person, Section 5, Polk Centre, on June 10th, 1907. The trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids. By Trustees, Black River Swedish Lutheran Church.

WERSTLIEN ENDS ALL.

Well Known Resident of the City Hangs Himself Last Friday.

Mind Deranged Caused by Business Worry the Cause.

The residents of Thief River Falls were shocked last Friday evening upon learning that Joseph H. Werstlein had committed sucide by hanging himself in the hay loft of his barn. The body was discovered by his youngest son, Joe, at about 6:30 in the evening and he was last seen about 4 o'clock that afternoon.

That Mr. Werstlein was mentally unbalanced appears to be a positive fact. About a year ago owing to worry over business matters caused by his taking a homestead on the eleven towns, he suffered a mental collapse and at that time it was feared that he would commit some rash act of this kind. He recovered his health however and was apparently allright until about three weeks ago. Then he refused to leave his home for days at a time and did not like it if the children had their small companions about the house to play with them.

Mr. Werstlein came to this city from Grand Forks about six years ago and for a number of years was one of the successful butchers of this city. Besides a wife he leaves seven children. The funeral services were held Monday morning.

Board of Health Notice.

All human excrete shall be deposited in sewers, cesspools or vaults. The cesspools and vaults must be made water-tight and fly-proof.

All cesspools and vaults must be cleaned out at once and at such other times as may be considered necessary by the Board of Health.

P. L. Vistaunet
Health Officer.

The Latest.

"Why is 1907 like a lumber wagon?" Answer: "Because it has no spring."

Traveling men who make the Roseau country are having all kinds of trouble these days. The trip from Greenbush to Badger and Roseau has never been a very pleasant one, as the Greenbush liverymen have poor teams and rigs. Recently a young man up there purchased an automobile and all of the traveling men rode in this rig. Through the influence of the liverymen, the retail merchants at Greenbush banded together and have declared a boycott upon all traveling men who do not patronize the liverymen—and war has been declared.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE STORE THAT LIVES UP TO ITS NAME.

Don't make any mistake in spending your shoe money: be sure of the seller and be sure of Crossett ---then you'll be sure of satisfaction. Come and ask us to show you the late spring styles. We'll show you the right styles and to crown all, the dressy reliable Crossett Oxfords and high shoes backed by Crossett's guarantee and our own.

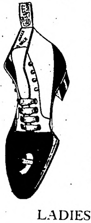

$3, $3.50, $4 and Bench Made, $5

LADIES SHOES A SPECIALTY.

The Golden Rule Shoe Department.

The Home of H. S. & M. Suits. The Home of the Gordon Hats.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal-property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.
PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.
PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.
J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

George Diebel left Tuesday for Milton, N. D.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River Monyay.

George Newberry was down to Crooks- last week.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last Friday.

A. G. Brager left the first of the week for Fosston.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Sunday.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city last week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Lainge Sunday.

Rev. Flesher was up to Badger the first of the week.

Joseph Blair was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

H. Fant returned Monday from his trip to Grand Forks.

Max Koenig was down from Esplee the first of the week.

Chales Brink was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

J. E. Morrisey, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday.

Harry Carr was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city last week.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Rev. Barackman was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Mrs. J. Borry entertained a company of lady friends yesterday afternoon.

T. P. Hamre was up to Greenbush Tuesday attending to business matters.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mrs. J. J. Crowe entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill came up from Lockhart last Friday and returned again Tuesday.

H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, and Judge Grindeland, of Warren, were in the city last week.

Theo. Kosin was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

P. F. and Frank Werstlein, of Grand Forks, were here to attend the funeral of their brother.

John F. Dablow returned to this city last Friday from a trip to the southern part of the state.

Miss Minnie Schroeder, of Crookston, was in the city last week visiting Mrs. Frank Lawrence.

Ole Omandson left Monday for Norman county to look after his farming interests down there.

We have for sale at the mill some excellent seed buckwheat. Hanson & Barzen Milling company.

Miss Annie Burns was down from Middle River last week visiting at the home of M. C. Burns.

Goodnow Torrison arrived in the city last week from Fisher and is attending to business matters here.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county will hold a meeting next Monday at Red Lake Falls.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Miss Evina, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Ira C. Richardson, left last Friday for Rochester.

Mrs. E. Waterman, who had been visiting friends at Ada and Sauk Center, returned to this city last Saturday.

Henry and Miss Ella Johnson, of Henning, arrived in the city last week and are visiting their sister, Mrs. E. O. Erickson.

F. C. Niclai has purchased the Brager building on North Main avenue and will remove his cigar factory there in the near future.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow evening. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusements.

For sale—Five lots must sell, price two thousand five hundred (2,500 address Mrs. John Moylan, 185 Clapp St. Arleta Oregon.

Those hauling refuse matter to the city dumping grounds must deposit the same inside of the fence. By order of the Board of Health.

The front door of the postoffice will be closed promptly at 12 o'clock on next Sunday owing to the fact that the floor of the lobby is to be oiled.

Sheriff Forsberg was in the city last *Friday, having in his* custody Herman Kuehl, of Middle River, who was accused of assaulting Bernard Ohm.

County Commissioner Shaw in company with Commissioners Lindquist and Aubol were down to the town of Garnes the first of the week to inspect a ditch.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

Frank Lawrence was in the city to spend Sunday with his family. The latter part of this week he will remove to Fergus Falls and make that city his headquarters in the future.

Mrs. W. E. Baker and son, Earl, leave the first of next week for an extended trip to Wisconsin, Illinois, Ohio and New York points. They expect to be absent for about three months.

Dr. H. G. Hieber arrived in the city last week from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and will practice in Thief River Falls and vicinity in the future. Dr. Hieber comes highly recommended as a physician and surgeon and is sure to enjoy a large practice.

John J. Soll, a former well known resident of St. Hilaire who is now located on a farm north of here on the Soo line near Strandquist, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute to St. Hilaire. This is the first time he has been off of the farm since he located up there a year ago.

C. W. Nelson, formerly of Kratka but who for the past few weeks has been running a blacksmith shop down at Detroit, is again going to become a resident of Thief River Falls. He has rented the building just east of Sundahl Bros. livery barn and will open up a blacksmith shop there.

Miss Anna Hollan daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hollan of the East Side died last Friday morning of quick consumption after an illness of about five months. The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon. The deceased was 19 years of age and a young lady well known in the city.

Olaf Ramstad returned to this city last Saturday after an absence of eighteen days spent out on the reservation securing signatures to the county seat petition. Mr. Ramstad had the hardest territory to cover of any of those circulating the petition and he found the roads so bad that many days he had to walk all day.

Four of the members of the Mahnomen base ball team which was here Sunday have a national reputation as foot ball players. Ed Rogers, who played center field, was for a number of years one of the star players with the University of Minnesota foot ball team, and three others were members of the champion Carlisle foot ball team of last year.

It was feared for some time yesterday afternoon that the six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Tarrant had wandered away from home and fallen into the river and was drowned. A diligent search was made thru the brush and along the riverside, finally discovered sleeping on the sand under the Klondyke bridge.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The last scarlet fever sign was taken down yesterday at the home of John Carlson and the quarantine removed. For the past two months there has been cases of the fever in town and about a month ago it was feared an epidemic would ensue. Prompt quarantine regulations and plenty of disinfectants did the work and there is not a case in today.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

L. E. Roy, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

O. H. Thorison returned from a trip to Climax yesterday.

Gunder Olson was down from Middle River the first of the week.

Dick Edmonds was down from Middle River the first of the week.

Frank Hill was up from Fargo to spend Sunday with relatives here.

Sheriff Gonges, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday on official business.

A complete change of program at the Bijou this evening. The illustrated song will be "Scenes Along the Mississippi Shore."

C. F. Umbreight has opened up a confectionery store in the Grundy building opposite the Soo Hotel and will be pleased to have all of his old friends call and see him.

Commencing on Monday evening Ear DeVeling will sing the illustrated song at the Bijou Theatre and Miss Ramstad will play the piano.

W. K. Nichols left Tuesday for a trip through both North and South Dakota selling lumber. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

J. R. Bane, a former resident of this city and who still owns a large amount of property here, is in the city looking after business matters.

Mrs. C. L. Dobner, who has been visiting old friends here for a few weeks, expects to leave tomorrow afternoon for her home at Kalispell, Mont.

Mrs. W. A. Wright, who for the past winter has sung the illustrated songs at the Bijou Theatre, leaves next Monday with her two children for Spokane Falls, Wash., to join her husband.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Also there will be German and English services in school house south of Highlanding Minn., at 7:45 p. m. P. E. Ross, Pastor.

C. C. Jackson desires to ascertain the sentiment of the business men of Thief River Falls as to whether or not this city desires to secure the Northwestern Minnesota Firemen's tournament next year. At the meeting to be held in Red Lake Falls in June, the city that will have the tournament next year is to be decided upon. It is Thief River Falls turn and if this city wants the tournament next year, it can be had for the asking.

The Arizona Stockman says: "Dehorning calves is such a simple operation that it is difficult to explain why it is ever postponed until the calves are fully grown and the necessity arises for sawing them off. To dehorn, secure a pencil of caustic potash at a drug store. When the calf is three or four days old locate the little knot which indicates the young horn, wet it and rub it with the pencil, held in a gloved hand. That is all there is to the operation. It constitutes but a few minutes work and causes no pain to the animal.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday. A law passed by the late state legislature places all sheriffs in counties having a population of less than $35,000 upon a salary basis. The Red Lake county sheriff receives $1000 a year in the future for doing all county work. Mr. Nelson states that this is more than he received formerly for this work and as he will continue to be paid as before for all civil work, the salary of the sheriff will be in the neighborhood of $2,500 in the future. There is no one we are more willing to see draw this sum than Mr. Nelson.

The city of Alexandria claims to have a new road device that surpasses in efficiency the split log drag. It is made of two eight or ten inch planks about ten feet long, set on edge in "V" shape. The planks are hinged at the apex, and are fastened together near the free ends and near the middle by cross-pieces that may be shifted so as to permit regulation of the angle at which the planks meet. Underneath, the planks are reinforced with iron plates, and are beveled at the apex to allow an opening through which the surplus dirt runs out. The drag is pulled open end first. It is said by those who have seen its results that it works perfectly.

Some of our lady readers who delight to "send to the city" for their dress goods and other purchases will be interested doubtless to note an incident that illustrates the tremendous profit they are and have been paying to the city merchant for what they buy. The Minneapolis papers are now advertising the fact that during the week of May 20, a certain stated list of merchants will refund to the man or the woman whose purchase amount to $30, their railroad fare for all distances up to 100 miles from the city. The fare of a party residing 100 miles from the city would be $4. In other words, the profit the city man makes on $30 transaction enables him to take out $4 for the railroads in addition to the expense of maintaining his business and insuring him the profit on his investment that he must have. This is certainly a remarkable profit and indicates if it indicates anything that the woman who sends away from home for city goods is being held up in a way that is daring to say the least.

For Sale At Jackson & [illegible]
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Louis Hanson went north on the Greenbush line yesterday.

Miss Gertude Meeham is substituting for Miss Sherbino during her adsence.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. E. B. Bakke Thursday afternoon May 30th. All cordially invited.

Charlie Englund and Richard Larson two prominent town of Bray farmers, were in the city yesterday transacting business.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

Miss Sherbino was called to Owattonna last Friday by the serious illness of her mother. A telegram received yesterday states that she died Tuesday evening.

Services in the Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday at 10:30. The communion service commences at 10. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

John Remmen and William Lindsey will arrive here Friday from Middle River with 500 spruce trees which they will offer for sale. Headquarters will be at West Hotel.

K. M. Hanson left last evening for St. Paul. He has been offered a position to travel on the road for a St. Paul wholesale grocery company and may decide to accept the position. He *has been offered* the territory on the Wheatline west from Thief River Falls.

No arrangements have as yet been made by the old soldiers for the celebration of Memorial day. The meeting which was to have been held Monday evening was not very largely attended owing to the fact that many of the old soldiers were out of town that evening.

John Engelhart recently purchased a house and acre of land up near the Soo round house of Erick Odelien and will made this city his home in the future. Mr. Engelhart is a man of means and for thirteen years was a successful farmer in North Dakota. A year ago he sold his North Dakota farm and since that time has been traveling about the country looking for a new location. He spent much time in the Canadian Northwest, was down in Texas and at many other places. He says that he likes Thief River Falls far better than any other place he saw on his travels.

Johnnie Meising, piano player at Minnie Smith's resort across the track, was arrested in Crookston the first of the week charged with stealing $125 from the cash register at the Smith resort early Saturday morning. He was brought to this city yesterday and will be tried before Judge Bishop this afternoon at one o'clock. Some $58 was found upon Meising's person when arrested and some of the bills have been identified as the stolen ones. Meising claims to have found the money. He has a bad record and served time in the reformatory at St. Cloud recently. His parents reside at Zanville, Ohio, and he is about 25 years of age.

Soon to Incorporate.

H. Fant announces that within a short time he will incorporate his telephone exchange into a stock company to be known as the Thief River Falls Telephone company. The incorporators of the new company are to be Daniel Shaw, Dr. Gambell, A. Stenseth, Olaf Ramstad and H. Fant. It is the intention to dispose of much of the stock to local parties and it is quite probable that the new company will make connection with the Northwestern Telephone company for long distance purposes.

Dam to Be Repaired.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday. He states that a large amount of repairs are to be made to the dam this year, and the center section will be built entirely new. This is going to require an expenditure of about $7,000.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Some of the high school pupils have located the Red Lake County seat in the center of France.

Miss Sherbino was called home last Friday by the serious illness of her mother. Gertrude Meehan will have charge of her room for the rest of the term.

Mr. Hay thinks the Senior and Sophomore boys should have opinions. But the Junior boys' opinions are not worth mentioning.

Wanted—Some musicians eternal gratitude of the class of '07 in payment for services rendered. Apply to any Senior.

The Juniors are holding innumerable secret conferences of late.

Chemistry is the plague of the upper class-men during this last regular week of school.

Notice! The infallible Junior girls made a mistake in Cicero class last week.

"Work, for exams, are coming" is the cry of all teachers this week.

Members of the school board were looking over the high school building last Wednesday before deciding what repairs to have made.

Roland celebrated Christmas on May twenty first. The weather, at least, was suitable.

WORK NEARLY DONE.

County Seat Petition Will Have Over 2,300 Signatures.

Work of circulating the county seat petition is nearly finished, but there still remains a few who have as yet not signed and after these are picked up the petition will be filed. The petition will have over 2,300 signatures of legal voters when filed, or over 500 more than the 60 per cent required by law. Red Lake Falls people have been busy trying to secure withdrawals, yet it is not believed that they have made much inroad upon the petition, as only those who have stated that they would not sign with drawals have been asked to sign.

CITY COUNCIL.

Meeting Held Tuesday Evening by the City Dads.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening, and transacted considerable business. Those who use motors in the future will only have to pay the exact amount the motor registers. Heretofore a fee of $1 has been charged each month for examining motors whether or not any lights had been used.

It was decided to strictly enforce the building ordinance in the future and every person who erects a building or *makes* any repairs within the city limits will be required to secure a building permit. These permits will cost $1.

The application of Newberry & Bulman for a permit to add to their livery barn was rejected.

No action was taken in regard to granting a telephone franchise to the new company that made application two weeks ago. The matter was not even brought up for discussion.

GERMANTOWN.

Seeding has progressed rapidly the past two weeks so some of them are done now and others expect too this week.

The weather has continued cold right along and on Saturday night there was a light snow fall accompanied by frost on soft places.

We very often hear of Indian summer but we have never yet heard anything abount Indian winter very likely because this spring was our first experience along that line.

Miss Rogers was up from Thief River Falls last week looking after her homestead in Moylan township.

A basket social is being planned to be had at Germantown for the benefit of the school in the near future Miss Nona Thompson is at work drilling the scholars for an interesting program and a large attendance is anticipated.

Mrs. Sigrid Rondstordt was up Wednesday and Thursday of last week packing and moving her household goods to Thief River Falls where she has rented a house and contemplates staying this summer.

Miss Silma Anderson passed through Friday for her home in Bemidji from Myran having completed a term of school near that place.

Mrs. Anton Jenson the Scandia Hotel landlady is away visiting at Grygla and in the meantime Miss Marie Jenson of Thief River Falls is filling her place at the hotel.

Oscar Hovelsos is a new mail carrier on the Germantown, Grygla mail route, attending to the service on the West and of the route between Germantown and the bog at A. Torgrimson's.

Morgan Vaughan of Vaughan Bros & Co. was in from town of Goodridge last week.

Credit is due Miss Josie Hendickson for an exceptional clean church floor last Sunday.

Andy Flateland passed through last week to Thief River Falls with two heavy loads of butter from the creamery at Grygla. Our neighboring creamery to the East seems to be going some.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending May 18

Anderson A. N.
Anderson Master Selmer
Anderson Miss Helga
Bills Joe
Bochholtz J.
Carlson C. D.
Carlson Albert
Fitzpatrick Henry
Holem Tollef C.
Harrison Miss Jennie
Kierow Otto
Lanowell Miss Florence
Johnson Hans H.
Kjones Ingeborg
Matson Harnt
Olson Agnes
Paulson Mrs. Annie
Paulson Paul
Pederson Henry
Pederson John
Pilkey J.
Robinson Mrs F.
Sether Albert
Satre Peter

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

THE CLASS OF 1907.

Graduating Exercises to Be Held Next Thursday and Friday.

Class of Five Graduates This Year and a Good Program.

THE GRADUATES.
Mary Caldwell.
Nina Horton.
Clara Blanchard.
William Prichard.
Roland Blanchard.

The commencement exercises of the Thief River Falls high school will be held in the Evenson hall next Thursday and Friday evenings. The class night exercises will be held on Thursday evening and the commencement exercises on Friday evening. A general invitation is extended to the public to attend these exercises.

The following is the program for class night to be held on Thursday evening:

Piano Duet—Misses Osborne and Swanson.

A Bit of Gossip—Mary Caldwell and Clara Blanchard.

High School Chorus—Bright Summer

The Grumbler—Roland Blanchard.

Vocal Solo—Mrs. Borneman.

Class Prophecy—Nina Horton.

Music—High School Mandoline Club.

Class Will and Testament—Will Prichard.

Piano Solo—Estelle Robbecke.

The following is the program for the commencement exercises Friday evening:

Invocation—Rev. F. J. Barackman.

Piano Solo—Mr. C. A. Baker.

Essay—Famous Rides in American History—Nina Horton.

Song—Boatman's Song—High School Chorus.

Oration—Moral Influence of Athletics—Roland Blanchard.

Violin Solo—Selected—J. Bjorkhoel.

Essay—What is Worth While—Mary Caldwell.

Song—Merry June—High School Chorus.

Oration—Capital Punishment—William Prichard.

Piano Solo—Mr. C. A. Baker.

Essay—Beauties in Simplicity—Clara Blanchard.

Presentation of Diplomas—Lars Backe, Pres. Board of Education.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Playing Truant—A hunter chases the boys for playing truant, but does not catch them.

Baby Cries—A 200 pound baby starts crying and anoys the parents who try all sorts of amusing stunts to quiet him.

The Music Hall—A young sport sits in a box and annoys the performers and finally puts on the gloves with a professional and is defeated.

Willie Goodboy Visits His Aunt—He behaves only when his aunt is in sight.

Illustrated Song—A pretty sentimental ballad: "Scenes Along the Mississippi Shore".

The Hawaiian Islands—A new series of intensely interesting motion pictures made at various points throughout the Hawaiian Islands, describing the life, industries, customs and sports of this wonderfully interesting country now a part of the United States.

Special Meeting M. W. of A.

All members of Ogahmah Camp 3401 are hereby notified to meet at I. O. O. F. Hall, Thursday, May 23 at 8:00 o'clock. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Edwin Rolf, Act. C.
Louis Lonson, Clerk.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	80c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 12
Eggs	15c
Butter	20c
Creamery butter	28c

Bids Wanted.

The Black River Swedish Lutheran church of Polk Centre, Red Lake county, will receive bids for the building of a belfry and steeple on their church on Section 2 of Polk Centre. Plans and specifications on file with K. O. Gigstad, at Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, contractor to furnish bond for one thousand dollars and furnish all material. Bids will be opened at residence of Sam Person, Section 5, Polk Centre, on June 10th, 1907. The trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids. By Trustees, Black River Swedish Lutheran church.

A RACE FOR LIFE

A BITE BY A DEADLY INSECT

Train Delayed Several Hours by a Wreck

In the spring of 1900 while in Austin, Tex., where I had been sent for my health I was sitting in front of the Driscoll hotel when from a carriage hastely driven from the depot, two gentlemen emerged. One was an elderly, well dressed gentleman of about 60, his face was swollen almost twice its natural size, his eyes and mouth almost closed. The other gentleman, who was his attendent, stopped and asked me if I could refer him to a first-clss physician' I recommended him to the one who was then attending me, and at the same time asked him about the disease of his friend. In reply he stated that about two years ago a growth had appeared in the glands in the side of his neck. This was removed by an operation, but soon reappeared. A late conference of the home doctors have re*ported that he could not live and we* are now en route to Minneapolis, Minn., to consult Dr. Doran of that city. Our train being delayed we are now compelled to remain in Austin until evening.

You will not see Dr. Doran in Minneapolis, I replied, as I remember seeing in the Houston Post that Dr. Doran will visit Houston, Tex., in a few days, therefore you had better stop there and save yourself the journey. "What" muttered the sufferer between his half-closed teeth. "Dr. Doran of Minneapolis in Texas; how fortunate."

They left Austin that night and upon arriving at Houston the next morning found that Dr. Doran was due in Houston one day later.'

Dr. Doran arriving in due time was informed of the suffering and importance of the patient waiting and hastened to make an early examination of his case.

Without asking him a question Dr. Doran said to him: "My dear sir, it is my opinion that you have been bitten by some poisionous insect; it is also my opinion that one of your parents or a very near relative has died of cancer and that your system, being specially liable to develop cancer, has been only aggrevated by this bite, which has produced a cancerous growth. With the proper treatment you can be cured. Do you want me to doctor you?"

"Yes", said the gentleman.

No sooner had his permission been granted than Dr. Doran injected something into the growth and gave him something to make him rest and then sent him to his room to lie down. Being treated in the same manner the next day, he started to his home, stopping in Austin a few hours between trains. I saw him again at the hotel.

He assured me that he was feeling much better and that the doctor had promised him a cure in from three to five weeks. Being interested in his case I gave him my address. Six months I afterwards received a letter from him saying that he was cured and that he was in better health than he had been for years. I met a number of patients while in Texas, as I have in all sections of the country I have been in, they all tell me of the miraculous features in Dr. Doran's practice, his unerring ability to tell a patient his disease without asking a question and the speed and ease with which he cures the most maligant disease. In cancer, consumption, tumor, paralysis, fatty degeneration of the heart, kidney and nervous diseases, that he does not loose one case in ninety, that his patients are those having the worst cases of chronic diseases and have been given up by other physicians as incurable, and yet these incurable maligant disease seem to be handled by him with the utmost ease and uniform success. The names of some of the patients whom he has cured have come to my notice.

Mrs. Dr J. Rydberg, Bronson, Minn. Cured of chronic rheumatism and blood trouble.

Mrs. Emily O'Day, Lake Park, Minn. Cured of goitre by Dr. Doran's famous subcutaneous injection method.

Henry Wegge, Sandridge, Minn. Cured of cancer of the lip and face. Mr. Wegge is willing to tell all he knows of Dr. Doran's great cancer cure. The doctors and druggists of Thief River Falls knows the case.

In the treatment for catarrh, rheumatism, blood disease, diseases of the nervous system and other general diseases Dr. Doran perhaps has no equal; A. C. Myer, Ormsby, Minn. Cured of bad cancer of the lip in two treatments. Cured by the injection plan.

A. C. *Morrison, traveling man for* the Walter A. Wood concern, cured of chronic rheumatism, cured in three months after having not been able to do a lick of work for eight months. Cured to stay cured.

Tom Irwin, Magnolia, Minn. Cured of early consumption. The disease had been coming on Mr. Irwin for a long time. He is now thoroughly well and able to work every day.

Mrs. Sarah Walters, Pipestone, Minn. Cured of chronic female troubles, stomach troubles. Mrs. Walters was very bad and was given up to die.

F. Densmore, Spring Valley, Minn. Cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach, cured quickly with medicines such as he had never taken before.

Mrs. C. W. Howard, Edgerton, Minn. Cured of tubercular glands of the neck—cured to stay cured in three months' treatmant.

Mrs. James Inglis, Hallock, Minn. Cured of articular rheumatism after other doctors failed to give her any relief.

J. W. Nickolsen, 16 Nourse St., Anthony Park, Minn [illegible] of chronic kidney trouble of long standing.

D. D. Defenbaugh, 314 Jackson St., N. E., Minneapolis, Minn. Cured of cancer.

A. C. Bruinner, St. Anthony Park, Minn. Cured of varicocle.

Chas. Gosswell, Lumber Exchange Building, Minneapolis, Minn. Cured of chronic blood disease. The is not a pimple on Mr. Goswell's body. He says Dr. Doran's treatment for private and nervous diseases cannot be beat.

Will Older, Mitchell, S. D. Cured of constant drains of his system which would have ruined him mentally and socially.

Mrs. John Grove, Winnibago, Minn. Cured of early consumption. She says Dr. Doran's treatment works like magic.

Norman Lewis, Warroad, Minn., came to St. Paul to be cured of cancer of the face, after being told by Winnipeg surgeons that there was no hope for him. Today Mr. Lewis is well and doing his own work. It only required four treatments with Dr. Doran's injection fluid to destroy the deadly disease.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 20, '07. (Special to the Press.)

Dr. Doran has arranged to continue his northwestern trips thruout the state. His consultations are $1 00.

(Signed) J. W. McKowan.

Lake Park, Hotel Lake Park, May 27.

Thief River Falls, Hotel Rushford, May 28.

Black Duck, Hotel Pacific, May 29

Bemidji, Hotel Markham, May 30.

Cass Lake, Hotel Commercial, May 31.

Duluth, Hotel St Louis, June 1.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.
Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.
It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.
ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

BOY'S AWFUL MISTAKE

St. Paul Youth Kills Sister With Supposed Unloaded Gun.

RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN

Supreme Court Declares Interurban Lines Are Common Carriers.

General State News.

St. Paul, May 21.—While sitting at the supper table preparatory to beginning the evening meal Miss Laura McLaughlin, a seventeen-year-old stenographer, was shot and fatally wounded by her brother Charles, fourteen years old. The boy playfully pointed an old 22-caliber rifle at his sister and pulled the trigger, not knowing the gun was loaded. The bullet entered the girl's throat, inflicting a wound from which she died thirty minutes later.

Coroner A. W. Miller was called and after making inquiries into the unfortunate occurrence decided that it was a case of accidental shooting. Charles said that he had taken the powder out of one of the cartridges and he thought when he pointed the gun at his sister that the blank cartridge was in the gun. But he had made a terrible mistake.

HAVE RIGHTS OF RAILROADS

Interurban Lines Held to Be Common Carriers.

St. Paul, May 17.—Under a decision filed by the supreme court the interurban lines of the Twin City Rapid Transit company are defined as common carriers, they have the right of eminent domain and further are not subject to the franchise powers of incorporated cities and villages.

By the ruling of the courts the Minneapolis and St. Paul Suburban Railway company is authorized to condemn a right of way through the villages of Excelsior and Minnetonka and it is not to be hampered by the lack of a franchise from these two towns, which it has been refused.

In this respect it enjoys practically the same rights as the steam roads, which the lower court, interpreting the revised code, claimed it did not have.

GIFT TO MOTHER COUNTRY

American Norwegians Plan to Raise $1,000,000.

Minneapolis, May 18.—One million dollars was pledged to Norway at the Auditorium last evening in an outburst of patriotic enthusiasm among the 2,500 sons and daughters of Norway who had gathered there to do honor to Norway's glorious independence day. It is to be a gift to old Norway from her children in America and is to be presented during the centennial of Norway's independence, May 17, 1914. A committee to take charge of the work of raising funds was appointed and the ball was started rolling in the most auspicious manner.

KILLS HIMSELF IN HOSPITAL

Duluth Patient Breaks Glass and Cuts His Throat.

Duluth, May 16.—Joseph Richards, forty years old, of Culver, Minn., committed suicide in St. Mary's hospital. Richards was taken to the hospital a week ago suffering from a general breakdown. The nurse that attended him brought him a glass of eggnog and left the glass with him. Richards broke the glass and cut his throat with the sharp, ragged edge of one of the pieces. The patient was found bleeding to death and it was too late to save him.

Minneapolis Boy Drowned.

Minneapolis, May 21.—While playing with two companions on the river shore at the foot of Sixth street south, Herbert Wennerlund, the nine-year-old son of John Wennerlund, 725 Twenty-sixth avenue south, fell into the water and was drowned. The two lads who had seen the accident were so frightened that they did not report the matter to any one and it was not until Mr. Wennerlund started to search for his child that the truth was ascertained.

Woman Fatally Burned.

St. Paul, May 18.—Through an explosion of gasoline at their home here Mrs. Gustave Olson was fatally burned and her husband so seriously injured that it will be months before he can leave the hospital. While preparing a meal the supply of oil in the stove became exhausted and Olson attempted to pour some into the tank of the stove without first extinguishing the burners.

Jumping Rope Is Fatal.

Frazee, Minn., May 18.—Frida Schafer, aged seven years, died here today from heart failure caused by jumping rope. She jumped rope almost continuously for an hour and then returned home. She shortly after was stricken with heart failure and died within a few hours. The attending physician stated that her death was caused by jumping rope.

Wills Kind Child $10,000.

Mankato, Minn., May 18.—To the little neighbor girl who sang to him while his life was ebbing away and who devoted hours of her time to making him comfortable in his last days James C. White of Belle Plaine has willed his entire estate. Miss Beatrice Stepaneck is the beneficiary and the estate is valued at upwards of $10,000.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.
Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.
UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.
A Few More Left at $3.50 EACH.
This sewing machine, F. O. B. Minneapolis, $9.75.
Mission rockers as advertised in the Minneapolis Journal at $5, our price $4.50.
No money saved by buying your furniture in Minneapolis. We will guarantee to furnish any of the so-called special bargains as advertised in the Minneapolis papers at the same price to you, or less. Cut out the ads and send or bring them with the money and see what we can do for you. Keep your money at home and help build up your home city. Buy of your home stores when you can, we have no objection, only see our goods before buying If we can save you money, buy of us.

THE STAGE KISS.

What It Really Means Rather Than What It Seems to Be.

Stage kisses! No one but an actor or an actress can fully appreciate what they mean. The picture as presented to the audience is very pretty, but the vision which looms up before the eyes of the poor player is something like this:

A face covered with a coating of cold cream, which has been powdered over with a thick layer of pearl white or brunette powder, as the case may be. On the cheeks are daubs of rouge, which at that close range in no possible manner suggest, as they do to the audience, the rosy cheeks of a country lassie. Over the eyes is rubbed a little dark blue powder to make them poetical. The underlids are heavily pencilled, and a mark extends a quarter of an inch from the eye at the end. This makes them larger. Upon each separate lash is a bead of black cosmetic, which has the effect of making them heavy and long. The cherry lips, which to the audience the hero is eager to press to his own, are to his distorted vision at such close range only a gash of carmine painted into a Cupid's bow.

The actress sees before her a picture even less attractive, for ten chances to one the hero, in addition to his grease paint, wears a false mustache and is also "smelly" with tobacco. The glare of the footlights tones down this conglomeration of paint, and at a distance the faces are actually pretty, but upon close inspection they resemble nothing more than a very bad oil painting out of focus.

Taken from this viewpoint, some of the very impassioned kisses featured in plays require no little self sacrifice on the part of the players.—Harriet Quimby in Leslie's Weekly.

The Aye-aye.

A very strange animal, related to the lemurs and peculiar to Madagascar, is the aye-aye. It feeds on wood boring grubs that tunnel into the bark of trees. The beast cuts away the outer bark with its chisellike teeth, and as the worm retreats to the end of its hole pokes after it with a finger. This finger is a remarkable organ, evidently provided by nature for this purpose, being abnormally long and armed with a hook shaped claw for dragging out the grub.

The Inspector's Life.

Caller—I'd think that your father's duties as building inspector would be awfully dangerous going round unsafe buildings. Small Son of the House—Oh, no; he doesn't go in till after they fall down.—Life.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway
Help Build Up Your State
The Great Northern Railway issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.
W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 23, 1907.

The Sunbeam states that sentiment in the town of Highlanding is about evenly divided on the county seat question. Olaf Ramstad and Ole Vattendale who circulated the county seat removal petition in this township report that only one voter in the township refused to sign Thief River Falls' petition and that one was W. G. Hunt, the editor of the Sunbeam.

Wheat Prices.

Commenting on the figures given out by the Department of Agriculture which show that it costs $6.28 an acre to raise an average crop of wheat in Norman county, the Minneapolis Journal says:

"Seventy-five cent wheat on the farm under present cost of production means a fair profit, nothing more. Eighty-cent wheat on the farm, or practically 90-cent wheat in Minneapolis, affords something better, a margin on which the farmer may expend a little and spend a few dollars for something perhaps not absolutely necessary to him. Dollar wheat puts farmer with a fair crop in the class of men with ready money, with a surplus to spend or invest, for it will be seen that while a certain price is absolutely necessary to make him come out even the ratio of purchasing power increases in marked degree once the price runs above that figure.

"It seems no more than just that the farmer, the man who produces the grain that makes the business actively, should occasionally get a year in which his profits will run large. Indeed, he has got to have such a year once in a while to average up for with poor crops in the occasional season and a low price for wheat in other years he must get a dollar a bushel at intervals of five years or so if he is going to keep much ahead of the game.

"It begins to look as if this is to be a dollar wheat year. The price of the great cereal is always an uncertain proposition and it is hazardous to predict what it will be a few months ahead. But the prize-making factors that are apparent, like the loss of 100,000,000 bushels from the early winter wheat promises of the southwest and the strong European situation, have already created a price level materially higher than last year, and it may even be that the whole crop will be marketed at the dollar line or higher as was the greater part of the crop of 1904."

Guarding Against Consumption.

The practice of requiring that cases of consumption be reported to the health officers for their action is spreading, and it is very proper and beneficial that it should spread. It should be done in every city, village and hamlet of the country, and when the time comes when tuberculosis is handled as carefully as diphtheria, scarlet fever and other contagious diseases the day will have arrived when the dreaded white plague will lose its hold on the nation.

Why should consumption be reported to the health officers? For the very same reason that other contagious diseases are reported: that steps may be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Not long ago a child died in an Eastern family, and because the mother was brokenhearted over her loss, and because the rented house in which it occurred had hateful associations, the family moved. A little later the mother began to fail in health. As she faded the tell tale flush upon her cheeks told the story, and an examination developed the fact that she had a bad case of consumption. Shortly thereafter they buried her beside her child.

Then it was discovered that in the house into which the family moved just before the mother was taken sick a man had lately died of consumption. No effort had been made to clear the disease germs out. There were millions of them there, waiting a victim, and when this woman came in, perhaps more susceptible to their attacks because of her grief and worry over her recent loss, they seized upon her.

The failure to report the case of consumption in that house was directly responsible for this woman's death. Such failures have been responsible for many similar deaths. It is hardly to be expected that physicians will report cases of consumption to the health department before they are required to do so by law, but there should be such requirements in every community in the land.

Out of eighty-six cities of more than 48,000 inhabitants in this country, for three, or just half, now require the registration of all cases of tuberculosis, and the requirement is generally insisted upon as rigidly as it is in cases of diphtheria, scarlet fever or smallpox.

The spread of knowledge regarding consumption has saved thousands of lives, and it will save thousands more. The facts to be remembered are these:

It is contagious in a high degree, and its germs must be fought as determinedly as those of any other contagious disease.

It is curable if it is discovered in time.

It is preventable if due care is taken of all cases, and if proper steps are taken to prevent each case being a source of contagion to others.—Duluth Herald.

THE GREEN SUN.

It Was Noticed and Commented Upon by the Ancient Egyptians.

The appearance of a green light at sunset was noticed and commented upon by the ancient Egyptians and more particularly so because in the clear air of Egypt the tints of sunset are peculiarly distinct.

As the sun there descends nearer and nearer to the horizon and is immensely enlarged and flaming, it suddenly becomes for an instant a brilliantly green color, and immediately a series of green rays suffuses the sky in many directions, well nigh to the zenith. The same phenomenon appears at sunrise, but to a smaller extent. Sometimes, just as the last part of the sun's disk vanishes, its color changes from green to blue, and so also after it has disappeared the sky near the horizon often is green, while toward the zenith it is blue.

This was alluded to in Egyptian writings. Day was the emblem of life and night that of death, and the nocturnal sun, being identified with Osiris, thus rendered Osiris king of the dead. The setting sun was green; therefore Osiris, as the nocturnal deity of the dead, was painted green. The splendid coffins of the high priests of Ammon frequently depict the green sun, and the funeral deities are all colored green.

There are innumerable instances in the Egyptian relics of representations relative to death being colored green. The practice undoubtedly arose from the green tints of sunrise and sunset. The green sun disk is referred to 5,000 years ago in Egypt. This is the earliest known human record of an astronomical phenomenon.—Washington Star.

THE HERRING CATCH.

It Is to Northern Europe What the Wheat Crop Is to America.

Today the herring is hardly regarded as a luxury. Indeed, it is chiefly eaten by those who can afford nothing else, and yet 3,000,000,000 of these fish are needed to supply the annual demand. How this inexhaustible, limitless yield of the ocean has swayed the destinies of nations is strikingly set forth in an article by Harold Bolce in Ocean.

Despite the unremitting harvest by predatory man and gull and cannibalistic cod and shark, the unconquered armies of herring still continue to populate the Atlantic with multiplying hosts.

The Atlantic has been aptly called the "herring pond." Indelibly associated in the past with the economic and political history of occidental mankind, the herring seems destined to survive as one of the greatest factors in the welfare of western nations. To-day what the wheat crop is to America the herring catch is to northern Europe.

Few persons, even among the masses that consume this fish, realize its economic importance. More than 3,000,000,000 herrings are captured annually, according to the latest estimate.

The weight of that annual catch is over 750,000 tons.

It would require 25,000 freight cars, each with a capacity of thirty tons, to haul the herring harvest inland from the Atlantic.

TEACHING MONKEYS.

Simple Acts That Are Too Difficult For Simians to Learn.

It would be a very simple matter for a fourteen months old child to learn to pull in, by means of a very light toy wooden rake, an object which it could not reach with its hands, and yet Jimmie, a very tame Rhesus monkey of mine, writes John B. Watson in The World Today, spent many days in trying to learn this simple act and had not learned to manipulate the rake when our patience ran out. Jimmie was kept moderately hungry at the time of the experiments; he was tethered just out of reach of some very tempting food (malaga grapes). A light top wooden rake was given him. Instinctively he grasped it, bit it, then dropped it and began straining at his tether and reaching out as far as possible with his foreleg, making vain efforts to scratch in his food. The rake was then put around one of the grapes, and the handle extended toward Jimmie. Instantly he grasped the handle as before and jerked it, and the grape rolled within reach of his paw. The rake was dropped and forgotten, and the faithful paw utilized for the completion of the act.

Now what happens when the grape has been eaten? The rake is still within his reach, and the grapes are still outside the pale. Does he perceive the relationship existing between "food out of reach, rake will lengthen paw, *ergo, use rake?*" *Not Jimmie. And he* is the brightest of six. As long as you will kindly hook the blade of the rake around the grape and extend the handle toward him he will condescend to pull in the rake and consequently the grape, but he has never yet both pushed out and then pulled in the rake of his own initiative.

THE BLACK SEA.

Its Waters So Badly Poisoned That Life Is Practically Impossible.

Few persons, probably, other than those engaged in the pursuit of science, are aware that the Black sea presents an interest of its own to the zoologist and the geologist shared by no other part of the ocean at the present day.

Throughout the greater part of the ocean the bottom is the dwelling place of a number of creatures whose business it is to consume the bodies of the members of the surface fauna which after death sink to the bottom. In the Black sea, however, says the Field, owing to special geological events, such scavengers are totally wanting over the greater part of the bottom, so that the carcasses of the creatures which fall from above are left to decompose, which they speedily do at the comparatively high temperature of the water.

By their decomposition two soluble compounds, carbonate of ammonia and sulphureted hydrogen, are developed in enormous quantities, while no free lime, except such as is introduced from the Mediterranean, is left. The volume of sulphureted hydrogen is so great as to poison the water from the greatest depth (1,227 fathoms) to within about a hundred fathoms of the surface to such a degree that life, except for a few bacteria, is absolutely impossible.

The circumstance has a double interest—first, that it is absolutely unique at the present day, and, secondly, that it seems to offer an almost exact parallel to the state of affairs that existed at the inconceivably remote epoch when the oldest known sedimentary rocks were laid down as mud on the ancient sea bottom.

Pat Was Surprised.

Two Irishmen got the contract to clean a well. Pat tied a rope around his middle, and Mike lowered him into the well. When Pat was through cleaning, Mike began to hoist him up, but when he was halfway up he called to his companion in the well:

"Hould on a minute, Pat, till I spit on me hands," and let go of the rope. Naturally Pat descended again a little too rapidly for comfort. When Mike realized his blunder, he ran to the well and called down:

"Pat, Pat, are ye dead?"

And his partner replied:

"No, ye brainless spalpeen; Oi'm not dead, begorry, but Oi'm spachless wid surprise at ye."—Judge's Library.

Labor.

The doctrine of the farm is merely this, that every man ought to stand in primary relations with the work of the world; ought to do it himself and not to suffer the accident of his having a purse in his pocket, or his having been bred to some dishonorable or injurious craft, to sever him from those duties and for this reason, that labor is God's education; that he only is a sincere learner, he only can become master who learns the secret of labor and who by real cunning extorts from nature its scepter.—Emerson.

Accounting For It.

"Mamma," asked little Emersonia Osgoodson, "who translated the Bible?"

"The accepted version of it, my dear," answered her mother, "is the work of learned Englishmen."

"Englishmen! Then that is why there is no Epistle to the Bostonians!" —Exchange.

Putting Off.

How mankind defers from day to day the best it can do and the most beautiful things it can enjoy without thinking that every day may be the last one and that lost time is lost eternally.

There is no witness so terrible, no accuser so powerful, as conscience.—Polybius.

Knew She Was Pretty.

Lillie (to visitor)—Don't you think that I look just like my mamma? Mother—Hush, child! Don't be vain!

A little oil rubbed on the stub end of a pen will prevent its rusting in the handle.

The other fellow's advice may be all right, but you'd better use a little horse sense with it.—Springfield Republican.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

In Furniture.

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

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insist on having just what they ask for. "Just as Good" will not suffice, as substitution is the annihilator of confidence. When the most discriminating order beer for their luncheon or home, it is always

Gund's Peerless Beer

Men of well-balanced minds and keen perceptions are aware that they *must* eat and drink *right* in order to daily restore within themselves the continuous nervous and organic waste of body and mind.

Peerless Beer, brewed by the **Gund Natural Process** for 50 years, contains more vital food elements than any other bottled beer. It is full of snap and wonderfully refreshing, just the essence and soul of prime *Northern* barley harvest, combined with the finest hops obtainable in the world.

Peerless Beer has won highest awards of both hemispheres. A favorite and ideal home beer. Sold everywhere. Order a case today if you want something better than the average brew.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF

Fine Millinery

....AT....

MISS LAKIN'S

ON MAY 23, 24 AND 25.

STRIKING REDUCTIONS

Pattern Hats, $6.50 and $7 values, at - - - - $4.75

Trimmed Hats, $5 and $4.80 values, at - - - 3.55

Street Hats at from $1 to - - - - - - 2.50

SPECIAL SALE ON CHILDREN'S HATS.

VIEWS OF STEENERSON

Matters of National Importance Discussed by Our Congressman.

Favors Taft for President and a Revision of the Tariff.

Fegus Falls Journal: Halvor Steenerson, the big brainy Congressman who represents the ninth Congressional at Washington, has been spending a few days in this city on Federal court business, being interested in the two most important cases of the present term. Congressman Steenerson is always ready to discuss questions of public interest freely and frankly, and as his grasp of these questions is clear and comprehensive, it is always a pleasure to interview him. He was asked Tuesday evening whether tariff revision was likely to be taken up at the coming session of congress.

"No, it is not probable that there will be any action along tariff lines at the coming session, unless the president should urge action in his message," was the reply. "Some of us endeavored to secure action on tariff revision at the last session; we tried to secure a caucus to decide on some action, but it was no use; there was not a sufficient number willing to join us. As matters stand now, I do not anticipate any action looking to tariff revision until after next presidential election."

"You favor tariff revision of course?"

"Yes, I am in favor of tariff revision, and I am in favor of Taft for president because he is in favor of tariff revision, and he is about the only presidential candidate who does favor it. Secretary Taft has shown himself to be a revolutionist in more ways than one. In his opening speech in the last campaign, the speech which he delivered in Maine, he declared that the republican party favored revision. In his position as a member of the cabinet, he was preparing to purchase supplies for the Panama canal abroad in cases where the home manufacturers were charging exhorbitant prices, when the bill was put through prohibiting such purchases unless it could be shown that there was a conspiracy among the home dealers to hold up the government. He does not believe that the tariff laws should be so arranged that the American consumer shall be compelled to pay more for American goods than the price at which they are sold to the foreign consumer.

"Further than this, Secretary Taft is in hearty accord with President Roosevelt's policy of railway regulation, and like Roosevelt, he believes in curbing the trusts. He is in accord with the public sentiment of this state on these questions and would unquestionably be Minnesota's choice as a candidate."

"Speaking of presidential candidates, is Vice-President Fairbanks the chilly individual he is ordinarily pictured?"

"No, sir. Vice President Fairbanks is one of the most genial and likeable of men. The impression that many people have of him is entirely false. He is anything but the "iceberg he is sometimes pictured. He entertains lavishly and it is always a pleasure to meet him. When it comes to discussing public questions, however, he is a very cautious. The man who endeavors to induce him to commit himself for or against any particular line of policy is likely to find it a very difficult task."

"What is the probable action of the next congress along lines of general legislation?"

"The next session is likely to take up a number of measures that will materially strengthen the railway regulation and anti-trust laws passed at the last session. I look particularly for some legislation designed to prevent the common practice of watering stock. There is a great deal to be done in strengthening the present laws against trusts and monopolies and in the regulation of railway stock issues, and I look for important legislation along these lines at the coming season."

"There are some measures in which you are especially interested? Postal matters and drainage, for instance?"

"Yes, I propose to continue the agitation for Federal aid for drainage, and I believe that a sentiment can be aroused which will result in securing government assistance in reclaiming swamp lands by drainage on the same theory that the government assists in reclaiming desert lands by irrigation. I succeeded in securing the passage of a bill appropriating $25,000 for a drainage survey of the ceded Chippewa Indian lands some time ago. A part of this appropriation has been expended, and this year, there is an additional appropriation of $15,000 which will complete the survey.

"On the strength of the showing made by this survey, the department has recommended an appropriation of eleven hundred thousand dollars for draining these lands, and we expect to push this through, and thus reclaim thousands of acres that are now useless and unsalable. The government will eventually be reimbursed for its expenditure by the sale of these lands, the price being raised to perhaps $3 or $4 per acre in order to pay for the drainage. The lands are largely in the old Red Lake reservation.

"As to postal matters, the committee on postoffices and post roads of which I am a member, succeeded in cutting down the railway charges for carrying mail to the extent of about $5,000,000 last session, and we hope to make still further reductions at the coming session. We secured the appointment of a postal commission, and this commission is now at work investigating the mail carrying service and will have the facts to lay before the committee when congress re-assembles in December. We have no wish to do the railways any injustice; the carrying of mail is a preferred service; it must take precedence over classes of traffic, and mail must be carried at the highest possible speed. The railways are entitled to fair compensation for carrying it but no more. There are cases where reductions would be fair, and we will endeavor to see that such reductions are made.

"Take for instance, the heavy eastern mail contracts. Whole trains are loaded with mail, and single issues of magazines frequently fill cars. In other words, the magazines are literally shipped in carload lots. There is no reason why exorbitant prices should be paid for carrying such mail as this.

"The workings of the entire postoffice department are also being examined by expert accountants, who will have reports to submit to the committee in December, and it is believed that reforms can be introduced in the methods of keeping accounts and otherwise so that the expenses of the department will be materially reduced.

"Speaking of the Taft campaign, are you acquainted with Representative Burton, who is managing the contest that is being waged on his behalf in Ohio? How do you regard Mr. Burton?"

"Theodore E. Burton is one of the strongest men in the American Congress today. He is chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of the House, and at the recent session secured the passage of the Rivers and Harbors appropriation bill without a single amendment of which he did not approve. His district in Ohio returns him without opposition, and when it was decided to make a fight on the Dick and Foraker organization a year or two ago he was the man selected to manage the contest. He began only two or three days before the convention, even then gave the organization a good fight. Had he had a little more time it is generally believed that he would have succeeded in overthrowing it. Burton is the man on whom the opposition to Senator Foraker will center when he comes up for re-election to the senate. He is a remarkable man in a great many ways and when he discusses a subject, there is nothing more to be said; he covers it thoroughly. He is a bachelor, and devotes his entire time to public questions, and is one of the men of whom the country is going to hear more later."

"Will he be able to defeat Foraker for the senate if the test comes?

"Well, that is a question. Foraker himself is a strong man, and one of the most active men in the nation."

"We hear a good deal about the rise of the temperance sentiment in the south. Is this sentiment apparent among the Congressmen from that part of the nation?"

"Yes, the increasing temperance sentiment is very apparent. Many of the representatives from Kentucky, the Carolinas, from Tennessee, from Texas and from other states are strong temperance advocates. I think the change is due in large part to the change in social customs. In the old days, of which we read, the Southerner in entertaining his guests, placed liquor before them, and all drank heartily. It was a part of his hospitality. This form of hospitality is passing away in the south and so far as that is concerned it is passing away in the north. Yes, the growth of temperance sentiment is quite noticeable."

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

CAN'T STAND NOISE.

Red Lake Falls Man Amuses a Farmer Near Crookston.

On Sunday evening last a man giving the name of Halvorson, and stating that his home is at Red Lake Falls, appeared at the Ole Hoven farm west of the city and asked if he could stay all night. He stated that he was too lonesome in the city and that he could not sleep on account of the noise. Mr. Hoven was struck by the man's appearance. He was well dressed, wore a diamond ring and his soft white hands showed that he was not accustomed to manual labor. Mr. Hoven, though realizing the peculiar conditions told him he was welcome to remain. He took supper, slept there, remained for breakfast and the next morning departed, thanking the host for the accommodations received but tendering nothing more substantial. While Mr. Hoven did not care for the money, he thought the circumstances were very peculiar as well as amusing.—Crookston Journal

At the Opera House

The funniest of all farce comedy absurdities, Ole Olson in Spiritland will appear at the Evenson opera house Saturday May 25. The play is the latest and most up-to-date version of the Swedish dialect comedy and presents "Ole" amid new surroundings. Mr. Carl M. Dalton, who assumes the central character of "Ole Olson," is said to be the possessor of the most perfect Swedish comedy dialect yet presented to the public, and his wit and humor permeates the piece during three acts, keeping the audience in a perfect roar of laughter and applause throughout the show. The supporting company is all that could be desired, and a large number of clever musical and dancing specialties are presented throughout the play. The regular house prices will prevail and reserved seats are now on sale.

Important Notice to Stallion Owners.

The legislature, at its recent session, passed a law regulating the public service of stallions. Owners of stallions used for public service are now required to have the name enrolled and the pedigree examined by the Stallion Registration Board, at the Agricultural College, St. Anthony Park, St. Paul, and to secure from the Board a license certificate. The law is operative at once and stallion owners should secure a license certificate at the earliest possible date.

Full information and a copy of the law can be obtained by addressing the Secretary of the Board, Prof. Andrew Boss, St. Anthony Park, St. Paul, Minn.

If you enjoy a hearty laugh, good singing and dancing and a funny Swede play, see "Ole Olson in Spirit-land at the opera house next Saturday evening. Ay tank she bane gude faller.

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

NEW PURE FOOD LAWS

Brief Mention of Some of the Laws Passed at Last Session.

State Dairy and Food Commissioner Is Given More Power.

The recent legislature passed several laws and amendments to existing laws which affect the manufacture and sale of foods in this state. The attention of the parties interested is called to the following new laws:

Chapter 384 gives the commissioner and his employes authority to seize any unwholesome food or dairy products or in his or their discretion to render the same unsalable for use as food.

Chapter 424 authorizies the commissioner to formulate rulings requiring certain labels on food products for the purpose of securing uniformity between the food laws of this state and the laws of the Federal government.

Chapter 455 provides for the inspection of canning factories and fixes a grade for "Minnesota standard" canned goods. It provides that an inspector of the department must be present while the goods are being packed. The expense of such inspection is to be borne by the canner.

Chapter 124 provides that all ice cream manufactured and sold within the state must contain not less than twelve per cent by weight of butterfat, and must not be colored to make the article appear better than it really is. The use of all injurious ingredients is prohibited in its manufacture.

Chapter 383 provides for the inspection of concentrated commercial foodstuffs. This is the famous "stock food bill" which caused so much discussion during its consideration.

Chapter 421 is the new paint law which requires that the true ingredients of all paints shall be plainly printed on the labels of all paint packages.

Amendments to the present laws are as follows:

Chapter 237 prohibits the sale of adulturated spices. Heretofore adulturated spices have been sold when labeled "Mixture and Adulturated."

Chapter 258 includes among the prohibited ingredients in foodstuffs coal tar dye and saccharin.

Chapter 337 amends the present milk and cream license law so that parties keeping not more than three cows are exempted from the provisions of the law. Heretofore the exemption has been one cow.

Chapter 347 reduces the required percentage of acetic acid in vinegar from 4.5 per cent to 4 per cent. The latter is the standard set by the Federal authorities.

Under Chapter 424 rulings will be issued which will secure uniformity between the label provisions of the state and Federal laws. An article labeled to comply with the Federal pure food and drugs act should be allowed on sale within the state without further label requirements provided that it does not contain ingredients specifically prohibited by our state laws. Additional state requirements only tend to confuse the manufacturer, adds to the cost of production which must be borne by the consumer without giving him any protection.

Farmers Make Hay.

Hay will be sure to bring a good price again this year as Iowa and Minnesota are the only states that have hay to ship out. All the other states have to ship in hay. Mr. Jacob Gerdes reports that timothy hay is selling in Central Illinois for $20.00 per ton and those Illinois farmers who seeded down some of their lands had to plow it again, so Red Lake County farmers better make all the hay they can this year. Mr. Gerdes is seeding down about 1500 acres this year.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FATE OF FRANCHISE QUESTION

Swedish Government Proposal in Its Original Shape Is Declared Doomed.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

In a few days the fate of the franchise question will be decided so far as this session of parliament is concerned. Matters have quite recently taken such a turn that the fate of the government proposal in its original shape is decided. It is doomed, says a Stockholm correspondent. One of those liberals in the second chamber, Daniel Persson, from Dalecarlia, whom Premier Lindman thought he had gained over to his side, has with his group of adherents made a special proposal radicalizing the government proposal so far that he proposes the lowering of the qualification for membership of the first chamber to half of what the government proposes (viz., from 4,000 crowns to 2,000 annual income) and also payment of members in the first chamber exactly the same as it already exists in the second. This proposal, although it sounds very innocent, is of a revolutionary nature. It would enable small peasant farmers and even the better paid artisans to gain seats in this chamber, provided that the proposed election reform in itself would be able to take them. No wonder that the first chamber is angry. There is not the slightest possibility that the original government proposal, which would have preserved to the first chamber all its former power, will pass the second chamber without these new condition brought forward by Mr. Persson. And these new conditions themselves are a very sour apple for the first chamber to bite. It is at the present moment altogether impossible to say what the result will be. If the first chamber should swallow Mr. Persson's conditions, then the government proposal with this addition would very likely pass both chambers. If, on the other hand, the first chamber should refuse to take the plunge then it is possible the riksdag will separate without having arrived at any result.

Just what form King Oscar and Queen Sofia's wedding anniversary festivities will take has not been decided. Very likely the health of the aged monarch will not allow him to participate in any elaborate public functions. The gift of the nation will take the shape of a collection to enable poor patients to gain admission to the sanatoriums for consumptives, which were founded ten years ago on the twenty-fifth anniversary of King Oscar's reign with the money subscribed by the nation and handed over to the king. Of course many persons of royal rank will come from abroad to Stockholm to offer their congratulations. Among others who are expected to be present are the duke and duchess of Connaught, as well as Prince Arthur and Princess Patricia.

It has now been definitely settled that the Swedish armored cruiser "Fylgia" will participate in the naval maneuvers at Hampton Roads, whither it is scheduled to arrive not later than Sept. 21. After remaining at Hampton Roads for seven days the "Fylgia" will proceed to New York, where it will remain for a few days before making its return trip to Karlskrona. Admiral H. Lindberg will be the leading officer in charge. Prince Gustaf Adolph may accompany the "Fylgia," but this has not yet been definitely settled.

Selma Lagerlof, Sweden's leading woman author, will receive the honorary degree of Ph. D. at the coming Linne festivities at Upsala university, May 23. This is an exceptional distinction for a woman, but is well deserved by Miss Lagerlof, whose forceful novels have charmed the Swedish people during almost a decade. Among others who will receive the same distinction is the artist, Prince Eugene, and the author, Fridtjuv Berg.

Editor K. A. Hagberg, of Stockholm, who is spending a few months in Spain, writes in a very flattering manner about Madrid and the royal house of Spain in a series of articles to the Stockholm Dagblad. Mr. Hagberg was recently the subject of a lengthy biographical sketch in the "Heraldo de Madrid," one of Madrid's leading newspapers.

The field maneuvers in Ostergotland last year cost the government not less than half a million crowns. Thus it will be noticed that the military system is an expensive luxury even in Sweden and little wonder that so many young men come to America to escape it.

Strawberries brought an enormous price during the month of April in the Swedish capital. They were sold at 20 crowns per liter, an almost unspeakable price. It is but needless to state that but few Stockholmians were willing to pay the price.

Carl Axel Dalmqvist, the Stockholm opera singer, has been engaged for the season of 1907-08 at the Royal Opera of Stockholm.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Along the southwestern coast shoals of herring have made their appearance in an unusually active manner this spring. It is related from Bleivik not long ago that a shoal of codfish chased the herrings until the latter actually ran up on dry land. Be that as it may, no suitable gear of any description was on hand, but some nets were tied together in a hurry and stretched out for a short distance along the edge of the water and in this manner 120 tubfuls were landed. In other places the people simply were compelled to stand and witness the silvery hosts again retire back into the deep.

The Norwegian press in general, especially the Christiania press, is very much dissatisfied with the treatment it has been accorded at the royal palace, especially on festive occasions. So pronounced did the dissatisfaction become that the newspapers of Christiania sent a delegation to King Haakon and demanded to know the reason why the country newspaper representatives should not receive the recognition due them. The king promptly consented to look into the matter and arrange that the newspaper men will not be overlooked at future functions.

Emperor William of Germany will make his customary cruise along the west coast during the coming summer. He will leave Germany on or about June 27. The "Hohenzollern" has been submitted to thorough repairs and will be personally inspected by the emperor two weeks prior to his departure for Norway. It goes without saying that the emperor will pay Trondhjem a visit and it is rather likely that another 1,000 crowns will be donated by his majesty towards the long continued restoration of the Trondhjem cathedral.

There are strained relations between the newspapers and the business men of Trondhjem. For some time past, it seems, the business men have been complaining against the newspapers for charging exhorbitant advertising rates. In order to effectually show their disapproval they have organized and are now systematically fighting the newspapers, who for a wonder have also been compelled to take each by the glad hand. There is now open war between the two parties, but the chances are that a compromise can be effected.

Edvard Grieg continues to charm his audiences in Germany with his charming compositions. His last concerts were held in Munich and they were attended by a select audience of music lovers. On April 12 Emperor William gave a breakfast to some of his intimate friends at the royal palace in Berlin and among those invited were Edvard Grieg and four other world-famed composers, viz., Saint Saens, Mazenet, La Roux and Gunsbourg.

All the tourist hotels have now undergone the necessary repairs and are prepared to meet the annual summer tourist. Many an innkeeper is solely dependent in Norway on his summer visitor from abroad and he now stands ready to receive him with open arms.

The government has refused Russian socialists the privilege of delivering lectures in the country. This is largely because so many Russian spies have traversed Norway in all manner of guises during the last few years.

The Norwegian actor, Albert Gran, is seriously ill in New York. Mr. Gran came to America from Norway last year and was about to return to his native land after studying American stage ethics.

The school ship "Harald Haarfager" will pay a visit to America this summer and the Norwegian cadets will be given an opportunity to visit the naval academy at Annapolis.

Some of Drammen's leading capitalists are planning the erection of a pulp factory at Archangel, Russia. The annual production of the plant is placed at 10,000 tons.

King Haakon and Queen Maud are due in Paris, France, May 27. They will during their sojourn in the French metropolis be the guests of President Fallieres.

Wilhelm Jebsen, of Bergen has ordered in Hull, England, a large freight steamer. The vessel will cost when completed 850,000 crowns.

Roald Amundsen's book on the Gjoa expedition is now in the hands of the compositors and will be ready during the early part of November.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Thirty-four members of the Danish landsting and folksting will form the party which will make an official visit to Iceland this summer. The object of their visit will be to create a better feeling between Iceland and Denmark. The Icelanders are clamoring for independence and the chances are that when the Danish delegation arrives at the Icelandic capital that it will be greeted by an independent Icelandic flag.

One hundred and eighty Russian socialists who have been making futile attempts to deliver socialistic addresses and lectures in Sweden, Norway and Denmark, the other day, Esbjerg, Denmark, the other day, bound for London. From England they intend to start for America.

Admiral Richelieu, president of the United Steamship company, has just returned from a trip to America and is very enthusiastic over the reception accorded him there. He reported that the Danish export trade relations with the United States are the very best.

Fredrik Bajer, the warm hearted and enthusiastic friend of peace, celebrated his 71st birthday last month. He was the recipient of many telegrams of congratulations, both from friends at home and abroad.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

That the history and present operation of the Standard Oil interests "shows throughout the past thirty-five years a monopolization of the petroleum industry of the country, a deliberate destruction of competition and a consequent control of that industry by less than a dozen men, who have reaped enormous profits therefrom," largely through abuse of transportation facilities, is charged in a report just submitted to President Roosevelt by Commissioner of Corporations Smith.

A published interview with Harry Orchard, the star witness for the prosecution in the Haywood case, has caused Presiding Judge Wood to direct the prosecuting attorney to investigate the circumstances under which Orchard was interviewed with a view of ascertaining if there had been any attempt to influence the jurors in the case and to take such steps as he found the circumstances to warrant.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway company pleaded guilty in the United States circuit court at Chicago to two indictments charging the granting of rebates in violation of the Elkins anti-rebating law. The court assessed a fine of $10,000 on each count.

Six Japanese girls were found hidden in heavy boxes on the steamship Onnfa, which has just arrived at Victoria, B. C., from the Orient. The discovery of the Japanese girls was made when the steerage was being fumigated, due to an outbreak of smallpox.

To prove his capacity for whisky Thomas Taylor, a negro cab driver of St. Louis, wagered that he could drink a large quantity of the liquor. He consumed the nineteen drinks without a break, according to the wager, and died seven hours later.

The wheat market experienced another sensational upturn at Chicago Thursday. July jumped to 98¼ cents, December to $1.01 and September to 99¼ cents.

The Catholic bishops and priests of Ireland have begun an active campaign against the government bill for a measure of home rule in Ireland.

The Adriatic, the newest and greatest of the White Star liners, has arrived at New York on her maiden trip.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Isaac Stephenson of Marinette has been elected United States senator from Wisconsin to succeed John C. Spooner, resigned. Mr. Stephenson received 87 votes. State Senator George W. Bird received the complimentary vote of the Democrats.

Chairman Walter F. Brown of the Ohio state central committee has declared himself as unqualifiedly for Taft and says the Republicans of Ohio are solidly in favor of Taft's candidacy.

A movement to bring to Chicago the national conventions of both the Republican and Democratic parties has been projected by the Chicago Commercial association.

The Republican state central committee at its meeting in Topeka declared W. H. Taft the choice of Kansas to succeed Roosevelt as president.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Orrin W. Potter, the pioneer steel man and multi-millionaire, whose life is linked with the development of the steel industry of the United States, is dead at Chicago.

Edwin H. Conger of Des Moines, Ia., former United States minister to China and ambassador to Mexico, is dead at Pasadena, Cal., aged sixty-four.

Charles Haines Haswell, one of the best known civil and marine engineers in the country, is dead in New York city. He was eighty-eight years old.

William M. Lovitt, one of the largest ship owners in Nova Scotia, died suddenly at his home in Yarmouth, N. S., of heart failure.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 18.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, $1.00; No. 1 Northern, 99c; No. 2 Northern, 96½@96¾c; No. 3 Northern, 93@95c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 18.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, 99c; No. 2 Northern, 97¼c; May, 98¼c; July, 99c; Sept., 99¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.25; July, $1.26¼; Oct., $1.26¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 18.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—$6.10@6.32½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; good to prime lambs, $7.75@8.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 18.—Wheat—May, 94c; July, 96¾@96⅞c. Corn—May, 52¾c; July, 52⅞@53c. Oats—May, 46½c; July, 46¼c. Pork—May, $16.25; July, $16.57½@16.60. Butter—Creameries, 18@22c; dairies, 17@21½c. Eggs—15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.45; cows, $1.80@5.40; heifers, $2.75@5.40; calves, $4.50@6.25; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.45; poor to medium, $4.25@5.35; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.15. Hogs—Light, $6.10@6.50; mixed, $6.25@6.52½; heavy, $6.00@6.40; rough, $6.00@6.15; pigs, $5.80@6.45; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.40. Sheep, $4.50@6.20; lambs, $6.25@8.75.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

John Webster, colored, has been found not guilty at Minneapolis of the charge of murder in the second degree for the killing of John Sterrett in a colored gambling club April 23. Sterrett was killed in a scuffle, Webster's revolver, which he was using as a club, being discharged, the bullet glancing off the breast of Henry Mosely, proprietor of the place, and fatally wounding Sterrett.

The body of the unknown man who was found mangled on the Soo railroad tracks at Cardigan Junction recently and whose remains were interred at the Ramsey county poor farm by the board of control has been identified by the Little Sisters of the Poor as that of John Shields, for five years an inmate of that institution.

J. Wesley Johnson, superintendent of the Andrus building in Minneapolis, was found dead underneath the freight elevator in the building. How he met death is a mystery, as the coroner could find no bruises or marks that would indicate an accident and it is thought death might have been due to a stroke of apoplexy.

John Steele, a bartender of Walker, aged forty years, jumped from the open window in his bedroom, alighting on his head and shoulders on the stone pavement sixteen feet below. Death was instantaneous. He had retired for the night and when found was in his night clothes.

A barn on the farm of Swen Hemquist, near Parkers Prairie, Otter Tail county, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. Three horses, four cows and a number of hogs were cremated and farm machinery and grain were destroyed, the loss being total.

Henry Hunke, a young settler, formerly of Duluth, who has been living on his claim on the Rapid river near the Clementson postoffice, has disappeared. His brother, William Hunke, who was his neighbor, believes that the missing man was murdered.

The vault and the safe doors of the postoffice at Mendota, a few miles southwest of St. Paul, were shattered with nitroglycerin by burglars and $750 in cash and stamps was stolen.

Bernice Morris, four years old, is dead at Duluth as a result of scalds. She tipped over a pail of boiling hot water upon herself and died after suffering great agony.

Clayton, the seven-year-old son of R. J. Lewis, was struck by a street car at St. Paul and probably fatally hurt.

The body of an unknown woman, badly composed, was found floating in the Mississippi river at St. Paul Park.

Mrs. Gustav Olson of St. Paul was fatally burned in a gasoline explosion.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Julius A. Schmahl, secretary of state, has refused to file and record the articles of incorporation of the Minnesota Retail Lumber Dealers' association and has been sustained by the attorney general's department. The incorporation was refused on the ground that the association appeared to be organized and conducted in restraint of trade and existed in violation of the anti-trust laws.

The biggest mortgage ever filed in Hennepin county was recorded last week when the J. I. Case company filed a mortgage on its property for $3,500,000. The mortgagee is the First Trust and Savings bank of Chicago and the mortgage covers the company's property in Minneapolis, Racine, Des Moines, Fargo, Dallas, Tex.; Lincoln, Neb.; Kansas City and Oklahoma.

Druggists and hotelkeepers who make a specialty of selling liquor are to receive the same consideration as saloonkeepers in the Knights of Pythias and will be excluded from membership. An amendment making this provision was added to the statutes by the grand lodge of the order at its sessions in St. Paul last week.

A portion of the shoe cutters of the Western Shoe company, which operates a factory in the Stillwater prison and a stitching factory outside, is out because of a failure of the company to accede to their demands for an increase in wages.

Following the strike of the sheet metal workers in Minneapolis a sympathetic strike of all building trades has been called on all jobs where nonunion sheet metal workers were engaged.

Benjamin Campbell has resigned as fourth vice president in charge of traffic of the Great Northern and accepted a position as vice president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford road.

OBITUARY.

B. Thurstenson, the oldest business man in Cokato, is dead, aged sixty-eight years. He was born in Norway and came to America early in life. He enlisted in a Minnesota regiment and served during the Civil war.

John A. Matthews, a pioneer resident of Winona, who served four terms as mayor in the sixties and seventies, is dead, aged eighty-three. He came to Minnesota in 1855 from Pennsylvania.

Joel S. Dwyer, the best known man connected with the police department of Duluth outside of the chief, is dead. He was fifty-two years old.

OPENING OF INDIAN LANDS

Secretary Garfield Makes Public Details of Plans.

Washington, May 16.—Secretary of the Interior Garfield has made public the details of the plan for the disposal of the 229,000 acres of land in the White Earth, Red Lake and Fond du Lac Indian reservations in Minnesota that will be opened to settlement on July 1. These lands will be disposed of at the land offices in the Cass Lake, Crookston and Duluth land districts, beginning at 9 o'clock on the morning of July 1.

It is shown from the detailed statement that various tracts ranging from 40 to 1,300 acres are in a dozen different townships of the Cass Lake district and other tracts ranging from 640 to more than 21,000 acres in nine townships are in the Crookston land district, the remainder being in the Duluth district. The total amount in each land district is as follows:

In the Cass Lake district, comprising the reservations of the Chippewas of the Mississippi, 4,722 acres; Deer Creek reservation 684 acres and Red Lake district 1,280 acres.

In the Crookston land district there are 219,303 acres in the Red Lake reservation and 640 acres in the White Earth.

In the Duluth land district there are 2,666 acres in the Fond du Lac reservation.

Applicants for these lands are required to possess the same qualifications as in the case of the ordinary homestead entries. Each settler is required to pay for the land settled upon $1.25 for each acre, such payments to be made in five equal annual payments, to be paid at the end of each year.

DYNAMITE UNDER STUMP.

Workman Meets Death While Clearing Timber Land.

St. Paul, May 17.—Patrick Hanlon, aged forty, was killed by an explosion of dynamite on the farm of Julius Houssner at Dellwood, White Bear lake.

Hanlon and James Cronin were clearing timber from a portion of the farm, Cronin plowing while Hanlon followed with an axe, cutting away the roots of stumps turned up. Hanlon started chopping at the base of a stump when suddenly there was a terrific explosion and he was thrown twenty feet into the air, falling to the ground frightfully mangled.

The injured man was put aboard a train to be brought to a hospital in this city, but died before reaching the depot.

It is believed Hanlon's axe struck a charge of dynamite that was probably placed in the tree some time last year to destroy it, but which remained unexploded.

CONFESSES TO FORGERIES

Former Minneapolis Operator Wanted to Win Back Lost Fortune.

Chicago, May 18.—William T. Root, formerly a Minneapolis board of trade operator, when arrested here accused of a score or more of forgeries in different parts of the city, confessed to his operations and said he had become a crook in the hope that he might recoup a fortune of $60,000 lost on the board of trade.

Mrs. Glenn Root, his wife, also was arrested and charged with having assisted her husband in seeking to dispose of goods stolen.

APPLICATION IS DENIED.

Federal Supreme Court Will Not Try Case of Minnesota Banker.

Washington, May 16.—The application of Thomas B. Clement, former president of the First National bank of Faribault, Minn., for a writ bringing the case in which he is under prosecution to the supreme court of the United States for review has been denied by that court.

Clement is under sentence of eight years' imprisonment in connection with the charge of misapplying the funds of the bank.

Jumps From Bridge Into River.

Minneapolis, May 14.—Joseph Montour, aged sixty-five, killed himself by jumping from the steel arch bridge into the Mississippi river. When he jumped there were over 100 people standing nearby bewildered and powerless to prevent his leap to death. Montour had been despondent for some time over the illness of his wife and his inability to get a position.

Postoffice Safe Dynamited.

St. Paul, May 17.—Safeblowers opened the safe of the postoffice at Mendota and made away with between $250 and $300 in cash, of which about $75 was government funds. The postoffice is located in the general store of E. Bernier & Sons and the funds were in a safe which was inside a vault. Both were blown open with dynamite.

Robbers Blow Open Safe.

Minneapolis, May 13.—Using a charge of dynamite strong enough to demolish a dozen safes cracksmen blew open a safe in the offices of the Crescent Creamery company, getting away with $10 and some papers. Although neighbors heard the detonation the police were not aware of the robbery until daylight.

Chippewa Reservation Opening.

Washington, May 17.—Commissioner Ballinger of the general land office has designated July 1, next, as the date for the opening of the Chippewa Indian reservation in Minnesota. There are 229,297 acres of the land. The reservation will be opened under the homestead laws.

SOO LINE

ON SALE

JUNE 1st

From Twin Cities

	One way	Round trip
Albany, N. Y.	$20.00	$31.50
Boston, Mass.	21.00	33.00
Montreal Que.	19.00	31.50
New York, N. Y.	20.00	
Ogdensburg N. Y.	19.00	30.05
Ottawa, Ont.	19.00	30.05
Quebec, Que.	19.00	30.50
Toronto, Ont.	19.00	26.00

Other Points in Proportion.
Write for particulars to
W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 344 made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Christian Nygard, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Alonzo B. George, " " "
Arthur B. George, " " "
John C. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
may 23 june 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vingenstad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Nov 29 1904, for the SW¼ Section 3 Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole E. Wierth, of Germantown, Minn.
Peter O. Bretta, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
George Wood, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
may 23 to june 27

CRAZY ON SCRUBBING

Holland Has a Continual Performance in Cleaning.

ITS STREETS WASHED DAILY.

A Land Where the Pumps and the Besoms Never Get a Rest—Drinking Is the Only Purpose For Which Simple Water Is Never Used.

Life in Holland is one eternal spring housecleaning. Dirt is discouraged in the very germ, and cleanliness is the patron saint of the country. Scrubbing brushes are exhausted by the million, and water is wasted by the seaful in the everlasting crusade against the unseen enemy. A writer from Utrecht, describing her experiences for the New York Sun, says:

I am alone, for my husband is hustling somewhere in Germany, but I do not scream, I do not feel the slightest alarm or resentment, for I have learned in three months' residence in Holland that such a face is not likely to be that of a burglar or a ruffian or a lunatic, but of a window washer, whose occupation never ceases—not that he is engaged *at the top of a stepladder* cleaning windows every minute of the day, but when the already impeccable panes have been soused and rubbed and polished there is something else for him to scrub, be it floors, door handles, the front of the house, the sidewalk or the stones of the street.

Scrubbing is incessant in Holland. When this man falls down from sheer fatigue, another will take his place and scrub spots whereon dust has had no time to gather since the last scrubbing.

It is a mania for dustlessness that possesses the country, which is so damp in winter that dust cannot form, and a result is the daily realization of legendary Spotless Town. This is no fanciful flight of an irresponsible pen. It fills a New Yorker's heart with envy and despair to see the way these people take care of their streets.

At 9 o'clock every night twenty-four men assemble in front of the hotel, which is near the corner of the Vryburg, each in preposterous wooden shoes and armed with a huge besom of tough twigs with a long handle. They stand in a line at the curb and talk and laugh uproariously like a lot of grownup children just out of school.

Meantime an immense barrel on wheels drawn by a horse rolls along the very middle of the street, pouring out a generous flood of water. Immediately behind it come two revolving brushes, also horse drawn, that convert the dirt into fine mud and push it in a general way toward the gutters.

Then comes the second water wagon, no mere overgrown barrel, but an immense tank, from which water spurts in compelling floods toward each curb—and such floods! The pioneer barrel made an American street sprinkler seem like a toy, and the second water wagon equally outdoes the first in the torrential volume of its deluge.

All this is but preliminary, for when the second water wagon has passed the twenty-four men get busy, and the real work of cleaning the street begins. They form in a V, the apex just behind the water wagon, the arms extending to the curbs, and they operate their besoms with appalling vigor, scraping up every minute particle of dirt that escaped the revolving brushes and sweeping it into the gutters.

With every stroke at least one in the brigade gets a drenching from his neighbor's besom, but they are indifferent to that—it's all in the night's work apparently—and as they hasten onward there is a rhythmical clump-clump of the wooden shoes and a swish-swish of the besoms positively inspiriting.

Last of all comes the commander of the brigade. He marches well within the arms of the V, unprovided with a besom, clapping his hands to establish the rhythm of the sweeping and enhancing the hand claps with stentorian shouts of command that surely could be heard a mile away.

Thus he drives the wedge forward, keeping the brigade up to its work, never letting it get so far behind the water wagon that the flood will have lost its force to carry off the refuse, for there is no following scavenger wagon. The dirt, coming to the gutters while the flood is at its height, is carried away and lost somewhere in a canal.

This is only one of several similar brigades that work all through the night until every street in the city has been flooded and scrubbed, and when morning comes the highways and byways are cleaner than a pebble strewn beach at low tide.

This incessant cleaning in Holland gets on the nerves and becomes a nuisance. Think of walking appreciatively along one of those spick and span sidewalks and suddenly having to hold up your skirts and wade through running water, all because a man or a woman has begun to deluge the front of a house from a hose attached to a hydrant.

Once past the flood, you may be startled until you get used to it by an extraordinary biped, headless and armless, emerging backward from an open door. It wears a skirt from which legs protrude ending in wooden shoes, and it sways in portentous rhythm as it advances or, if I may so put it, recedes toward you.

If you have the courage and curiosity to watch this strange creature, it resolves itself presently into a woman. She bends over, feet wide apart, until her hands touch the floor. She is provided with a bowl of ammoniated water and a piece of chamois skin.

Having started at the farther end of the entry or hall, she is proceeding backward, pulling her bowl after her and scrubbing the floor. Arrived at the door, she scrubs the threshold and continues to recede across the sidewalk, scrubbing all the way, and if a passer happens to step on her clean section she never rises, but waits patiently till he has gone and then faithfully scrubs out the faint mark of his feet. And when at last the sidewalk is as clean as a bread board she removes her wooden shoes and returns to the house in her stocking feet.

It adds to the picturesqueness the first time you encounter it to see the bank of a canal lined with servant girls shaking and beating rugs and carpets and curtains of all descriptions; but when you have stayed long enough in a city to recognize the patterns of the various circles and realize that at least once every week every such thing is taken up or taken down and carried outdoors for such a cleaning as the New England housewife does only in the spring and fall you come to feel a vicarious fatigue and wonder if it is all worth the trouble.

I am aware that I ought not to speak of it in this way. Rather should I lay stress on the comfort of knowing that the washbowls in your hotel are cleaned with hot water and thoroughly wiped every morning.

The servants lie in wait *to see us go forth for a walk* that they may get into our rooms and put them in perfect order. One old man attached to the hotel apparently has nothing to do but fetch water for the interminable cleaning from the city pump in the middle of the Vryburg.

There is no canal adjacent to any side of this square, and so the weekly housecleaning takes place in the great open space, which becomes alive with energetic servants and waving fabrics from an antimacassar to an eight yard square of brussels, and every minute of the day the pump is in requisition, people often standing in line to wait their turn until the visitor, forgetful for the moment, becomes alarmed at the extravagant waste of water.

Then she remembers that water is the most plentiful commodity in Holland, more abundant even than the land. The Dutchman, however, so far as I can observe, never uses water to quench his thirst.

He does have various kinds of sweetened or aerated waters for the table, but plain water is good enough for the several kinds of washing to which he devotes himself; hence a frequent difficulty in the dining room.

We do not care for wine or beer at our meals, which is in itself a deep mystery and probably a disappointment also to the hotel people, but they never dream of putting on a carafe of water and glasses. When we call for water they bring one of those bottles of aerated or sweetened beverage. Then come linguistic experiments.

Water is a Dutch word, and it is pronounced almost as in English, but as our knowledge of Dutch is limited to the words that are the same as or similar to English words, we have to resort to French and German to make our special wants understood. We demand in French water for to drink, is it not? And I unblushingly raise my closed fist to my lips and make a weird lapping and sucking noise that never fails to disconcert the waiter; also it never fails to bring a return of the aerated bottle.

Then we demand in lucid German, of which Dutch is an offshoot and sometimes therefore comprehensible to a Dutchman, water, even so the same water the hands to wash in already, whereupon the waiter always sees a great light and triumphantly brings us finger bowls.

Laughter and Wrinkles.

Nine persons out of ten, if asked to give what they consider the cause of wrinkles, would probably reply that it is worry and care. This, however, is by no means always the case, for, as a matter of fact, many of them come from laughing. There is, after all, an art in laughter, and to know how to laugh is really quite as important as to know when to do so. If you laugh with the sides of your face, the skin will work loose in time, and wrinkles will form in exact accordance with the kind of laugh you indulge in. The man who always wears a smirk will have a series of semicircular wrinkles covering his cheeks. A gambler who is accustomed to suppress his feelings generally has a deep line running from each side of his nose to the upper corner of his mouth, which in time extends to the chin, forming the shape of a half moon. A cadaverous person is usually marked with two wrinkles, one on the jaw and the other under the eye, meeting at right angles at the cheek bones. The student's wrinkles form on the brow, while those of the schemer come round his eyes and resemble the spokes of a wheel.

Two Curious Autographs.

One of the most expensive autograph albums ever bought was that purchased by Lord Clancarty at Paris in 1821 for the sum of £1,500.

Among these autographs, all of which bear the signatures of celebrated personages, there are two which are curious because of their brevity. The first one reads:

"Mlle. Clairon has no bread. Lucien Bonaparte."

The other consists of two lines only: "Good for 2,000 francs, payable on sight to Mlle. Clairon by the treasurer of the ministry. Chaptal."

The money was paid within the hour.

These two slips of paper are witnesses to the fact that the claims of want and suffering were recognized by the French government even during the most turbulent times of its existence.

IN LOVE AND WAR.

An Incident Which Brings Out Their Simple Ethics.

This is a true story, and I tell all that I know of it, and, being wholly true, it is a very short story and very sad, writes David Starr Jordan in Harper's Weekly. It was in 1876, eleven years after the close of the civil war. I had taken the train at Louisville on that branch of the Louisville and Nashville railroad which then found its terminus at Livingstone, in Rock Castle county, in Kentucky. A lady shared my seat in the train as far as Crab Orchard Springs. She was comely and well dressed, a condition not uncommon in Kentucky, and withal sad eyed; and in those days that, too, was common, north and south.

Before we had reached Crab Orchard she told me her story, and this is it, as well as I can recall it:

She was in Kentucky on a visit to kinsfolk at Crab Orchard. Her home was on a plantation in the Tennessee bottoms not far from the town of Corinth, in Mississippi. In the days when the struggles of the war centered about Corinth and Shiloh this plantation was between the Confederate and Union lines, more often just inside the latter. She was a southern woman, with all the intensity of feeling which this implied in better times, and her two brothers were officers in the Confederate army. Though she had no love for the blue, yet a soldier is a soldier, and a man is a man. There was a lieutenant of the Federal scouts—he may have been a sergeant, but that does not matter—who had charmed her into a sort of friendliness by his bright wit and his boyish good humor. Somewhere in Ohio he claimed as his home, and when stationed on the plantation he and his men had shown a degree of consideration and courtesy not always seen among soldiers. Moreover, she had let him tell something of his life at home. He spoke of his sister and his mother, and there were times when she almost forgot the hated army of invaders to which he belonged, but not for long, and one night—for the plantation was between the lines—a group of Confederate officers came in, and she heard them tell of a scheme to cut off this Ohio squad and the young fellow in command of it. They were sure that they knew how they could do it.

The next day the boy rode up to the plantation again. He brought his sister's picture and the mother's, too, and the picture of the farmhouse in Ohio. Should she put him on his guard? Just a word would be enough. Should she be true to herself as a woman, or should she be true to the cause of her brothers, to Mississippi, to the south?

And at last the problem settled itself, for the boy rode away unwarned. And when, after the little skirmish, they brought him back to the house again, the pictures were stained with blood.

These pictures she still holds. And this was the question she asked me—the question she has doubtless asked of many others, for all this had happened thirteen years before: Did I do right? What should I have done? What could I have done?

And to this question there can be no answer. In love and war there is no standard code of ethics. The story of war is written in the blood of men and the tears of women.

Another Kind of Pipe.

"There is a boy who is no respecter of persons when he has a joke that he thinks must be sprung," said the superintendent of one of the city hospitals as he passed out of the elevator in his institution. "My men," he continued, "look upon me as a stern disciplinarian, and I do not intend to have them change their views if I can help it. But that elevator boy will spring a joke upon me every time the opportunity comes. His latest one made me fairly boil, I was so mad, but it was no use saying anything. I was walking through the basement, which consists of a series of long tunnels. As I entered one I smelled tobacco smoke, which is an unusual thing in my hospital. After a short investigation, I saw one of the plumbers at the other end of the tunnel. I quickened my steps to catch up with him, but he entered the elevator and ascended to the upper stories. I rang for the elevator to come down, and after it arrived I asked the boy whom he took up with him just before. 'The boss plumber, sah,' he answered. 'Was he smoking?' was my next question. 'I—I dunno, sah,' but he—he had a pipe in his hand,' that black rascal said. Thinking that I had caught the offender with the goods on him, I got off at the fifth floor and soon found my man. Yes, he had 'a pipe in his hand,' but it was three feet of lead pipe."—Philadelphia Record.

Prompt Lesson.

Some years ago there was in a western town a judge whose ideas of the majesty of the law at the time of his accession to office were unbounded, and his sense of his own importance as the representative of justice was also great. At one time two persons quarreled in the judge's presence. One man struck the other, and the judge immediately ordered his arrest on a charge of assault and battery.

On the day of the trial the defendant pleaded not guilty.

Instantly the judge, who was a short, stout man, was on his feet, crimson faced and puffing with indignation.

"What do you mean?" he demanded of the prisoner without any preamble. "What do you mean by saying that, when I saw you and had you arrested? I fine you $10 for breach of peace and another $10 for contempt of court, sir. I reckon," said the judge, his nostrils dilating with rage and injured dignity—"I reckon that'll teach folks to be careful how they call this court a liar."

NOTICE

The undersigned, proprietors of meat markets in Thief River Falls, will sell for cash and cash only on and after the 6th day of June, 1907.

Ole J. Bloom.
John P. Forsberg.
Bulman Bros.
Wilson, Steen & Co.

A Fighting "Super."

The following little gem was one of the experiences of Mr. Benson, the Shakespearean actor:

Mr. Benson made a professional visit to Dublin, and the rehearsals included the due training of a body of stage assistants to represent the hurriedly retreating supporters of Richard "Crookback," when that monarch succumbed to the onslaught of Richmond on the field of Bosworth. On the night of the first performance of the tragedy the army that was to fly stubbornly refused to leave the field or to acknowledge being vanquished, but turning upon the forces of Richmond gave them a severe drubbing. Nothing could be found to tame them to a proper submission till one of the "rank and file" said:

"Look here, Mr. Benson, if you want us to be beaten, you must put O'Connor" (the leading "bruiser" of the party) "in Richmond's army!"—Pearson's Weekly.

Silence and Science.

Before it was determined scientifically that smoke is waste, smoke was fixed as the final indication and proof of prosperity. Today a smokeless chimney means nothing less than thrift and good management. Similarly we now hear that noise is proof of urban life, progress and activity. We may answer that noise is loss as surely as smoke is waste. Decreased comfort is loss and noise decreases comfort. Disturbed minds are loss through a reduction of mental force. But these and similar consequences are indirect loss. There is direct loss also. A rattling car means worn bearings and a short lived vehicle. Otherwise railroads would not spend so much on their roadbeds, and they would run trains at higher speed.—Detroit Free Press.

Never Loses His Head.

Many years ago, when William J. Stillman of New York city was reporting a disturbance in Greece for the London Times, a report was sent out that he had been beheaded. One of his friends, hearing the report, telegraphed to the correspondent this message: "Rumor here that your head has been taken off. Is it true?" It was not until the message had been sent that it occurred to the sender that if the rumor were true Stillman would be the last man in the world to speak about it. But the message reached Stillman, and this was his reply: "My dear boy, a newspaper man never loses his head."

A Story of Whewell.

Sydney Smith said of the great Dr. Whewell, master of Trinity college, that "science was his forte and omniscience his foible." On one occasion two fellows of the college, thinking to get beyond his range, read up the subject of Chinese metaphysics and then disputed about it in the doctor's presence. He listened in silence for a time and then observed, "Ah, I see you have been reading a paper which I wrote for an encyclopedia of science."

A Mean Advantage.

"You say he accused you of being untruthful?"

"That's what happened," answered Piute Pete, with much embarrassment.

"And lives to tell the tale?"

"Well, you see he used long words in such a roundabout way that he was out o' town before I had figgered out exactly what he meant."—Washington Star.

Siamese Object to Walking.

The Siamese, above all nations in the world, hate to walk. No such mode of progression is tolerated by a Siamese if he or she can by any means ride. A Venetian gondolier will walk sometimes, even a Hollander will ride on his rough cart, but a Bangkok man—not if he can help it. His family boat for him.—Windsor Magazine.

Attentions Ceased.

"Is Willie still paying attention to Tillie?"

"No."

"Did he jilt her?"

"No; he married her."—Illustrated Bits.

Not Her Full Weight.

Mistress—Letta, Letta, you'll break that fragile table with your full weight on it. Letta—I haven't my full weight on it; I'm standing on one foot.

The one who will be found in trial capable of great acts of love is ever the one who is doing considerable small ones.—F. W. Robertson.

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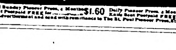

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Many people took advantage of our Father Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the [illegible]

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Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

THE BAKER'S DOZEN.

Two Different Accounts of the Origin of the Phrase.

ONE PROSAIC, ONE ROMANTIC.

The First Is Disappointing and Unsatisfactory, While the Second Is Picturesque and Carries Rather a Good Moral With It.

Everybody knows that thirteen is a "baker's dozen," but everybody does not know why. The origin of the phrase "baker's dozen" is commonly attributed to a custom that prevailed among British bakers in the days when severe penalties were inflicted upon tradesmen who cheated their customers with short weight or short measure. A dozen cakes or rolls or loaves might easily fall short of the standard weight, so in order to guard themselves against the risk of inadvertently incurring the penalties of the short weight statutes without going to the trouble of weighing everything they sold the bakers added an extra loaf or roll as a make weight to every dozen cakes or rolls or loaves delivered to a customer. This explanation is unsatisfactory. It is disappointingly prosaic, and it utterly fails to account for the fact that the "baker's dozen" is also commonly known as the "devil's dozen."

A better explanation is to be found in a legend that gives the phrase an American origin. It is not wholly devoid of picturesqueness. It suggests the reason why "baker's dozen" and "devil's dozen" are synonyms, and it carries rather a good moral with it.

The story is somewhat as follows: In the middle of the seventeenth century the most famous baker in the New Netherlands was Jan Pietersen, who had come to Fort Orange from Amsterdam and was the first man in the new world to make those flat, oblong, ornamentally stamped, with caraway seed liberally besprinkled, crisp, toothsome cookies familiar in the days before all the old Dutch customs sank into disuse under the name of New Year's cakes." Pietersen was a just man, but his justice was never tempered with liberality. With him a dozen was a dozen, neither more nor less; also a pennyworth was worth a penny, and he parted with no pennyworth of his save in consideration of a penny had and received in exchange.

On the night of Dec. 31, 1653, Jan Pietersen sat in his shop, well stocked with New Year's cakes provided for the expected demand of the morrow, when a little old woman bearing all the marks of age and poverty that in those days marked women out as witches, entered, demanding a dozen New Year's cookies. Pietersen carefully counted out twelve cakes. "Here are but twelve. I want a dozen," remonstrated his customer. "Twelve is a dozen," said Jan. "On New Year's eve, 'tween rich and poor, thirteen is a dozen," shrilly insisted his queer customer. "Give me thirteen." But Pietersen would not. He argued that nobody ever heard the like; that at all times and on all occasions a dozen was a dozen. Finally, finding argument of no avail against the beldame's persistence, he told her to go to "der tuyfel" for the extra cooky. Probably the old woman took his advice, for she left the shop, and from that instant Pietersen found himself pursued by some supernatural and malevolent power. All his New Year's cakes turned stale and moldy before morning, he lost his skill as a baker, all his dough was so light that it flew up the chimney or so heavy that it fell through the oven, his journeymen robbed him, his wife developed a critical disposition and a tongue hung in the middle, his children went wild and his trade went elsewhere. Few men could have fought against such a combination of misfortunes, but Pietersen had money laid by, and Pietersen was the most obstinate and phlegmatic of Dutchmen. So he kept his shop open though nobody came to buy, and the scant, ill made and ill baked stock he was able to provide for it molded on his hands.

During three years on each successive New Year's eve the old woman reappeared in Jan Pietersen's melancholy shop, demanding the thirteenth cooky. Each time she was sent anew to the devil. Jan Pietersen was no fool. He could see as far into a millstone as any man in the New Netherlands. Almost from the first he had been convinced of the connection between his refusal to count thirteen to the dozen and his misfortunes. But he would not violate his life creed: "A dozen is a dozen. A man has done his whole duty toward God and toward his neighbor when he has kept strictly to the letter of the law." But at last, when his savings were all gone, he broke down and appealed to St. Nicholas to help him. Instantly the venerable guardian of all good Hollanders appeared. The saint sternly rebuked the trembling baker for the hard narrowness and self righteousness that had given the foul fiend power over him, admonished him to be more careful in the future and concluded by promising him one more chance to redeem himself. The saint departed. In walked the old woman with her demand for the extra cooky to make up her dozen. It was handed to her, and she vanished, crying: "The spell is broken! From this time on thirteen is a dozen!" Jan Pietersen never forgot his lesson. Through a long and prosperous career he always gave thirteen to the dozen and ascribed his success to that practice. So his custom became the custom of his trade, and thirteen was the "baker's dozen."

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 239 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts Acres	Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	23	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	63	50
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37	87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40	
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52	71
Lot 2	29	153	42	33	97
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	43	640	
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	153	18
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81	63
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼ NE¼, SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	250	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43	53
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165	36
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319	77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	16	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160	
E½	20	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80	
N½ NE¼	36	151	44	80	

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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Peter Truedell.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Peter Truedell, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Paul Truedell and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Henry Grundy having been filed in this court, representing that Peter Truedell, then a resident of the County of Williams, State of North Dakota, died intestate on the 29th day of January 1907, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Robert McGinn; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 6th day of May 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL

Perl W. Mabey,
Attorney for Petitioner.

may 9-23

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Simon Opsahl. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Simon Opsahl, decedent. The State of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, father, Mathea Opsahl, mother, Gunda Opsahl, sister, Even Opsahl, brother, Peter Opsahl, brother, Ole Opsahl, brother, and Mathilde Opsahl, sister, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent:

The petition of Knudt Opsahl having been filed in this court, representing that Simon Opsahl, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 20th day of April, 1907, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Knudt Opsahl and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition:

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate court rooms in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 10th day of May, 1907.

By the Court.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL

N. B. Hanson,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Barnesville, Minnesota.

may 16-june 6

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Fossum of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 4959 made April 18, 1902, for the lots 1 & 3 sec. 19 T. 155 N., R. 40 W., 1SE¼ NE¼ and NE¼ SE¼ Section 24, Township 155 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota on June 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Matthias G. Skogstad, of Germantown, Minn.
Arne Blakstad, " "
Martin Bakken, " "
T. S. Moen. " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 16 june 20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 22, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H. E. No. 8621 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.,
Emanuel Andin, " "
Lars P. Larson, " "
Edward Larson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 9 june 13

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 5, 1907, viz: Daniel J. Helle H. E. No. 6770 Red Lake Series for the Lots 3 & 4 of Sec. 36 in Tp. 152 N. of R. 41 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Halvor H. Reindal, of Lille, Minnesota.
Kittil Slettevold, of Grit, "
Ole Swenson, of Garnes, "
Siver Nearen, of "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 18 may 23

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 526 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olof Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of "
Thomas Tweden, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 25 may 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 22, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Knutson, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 324 made June 27, 1904, for the S. W.¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.
John O'Donnell, "
Jacob Vad, "
Engebret Vad, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 25 june 6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 315 made June 23, 1904, for the NE¼, Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Engebret Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Harry Halverson "
Nels Knutson "
Knut Bakaas "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 2 june 6

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Halvorson of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 314 made June 23, 1904, for the NW¼ Section 13, township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Engebret Vad "
Nels Knutson "
Knut Bakaas "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 2 june 6

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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,

202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

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For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1907. NUMBER 22.

MEET HERE NEXT MAY

Eighth and Ninth District Bankers to Hold a Convention Here.

Meeting to Be Held the Latter Part of Next May.

D. B. Bakke and C. A. Baker were down to Fergus Falls last week to attend the meeting of the Eighth and Ninth Districts Bankers association. The meeting was a very successful one in every way and was very largely attended. A very interesting program had been prepared and many able speakers addressed the meeting upon subjects of interest to bankers.

It was voted to hold the next meeting in Thief River Falls at some date the latter part of May to be agreed upon latter.

The following officers were elected:

Pres. E. A. Jewett, Fergus Falls.
V. Pres. C. M. Borg, McIntosh.
Sec. C. A. Baker, Thief River Falls.
Executive committee A. J. Campbell, Parkers Prairie, B. F. Tenny, Ada.

Will Own the Farm.

A farmer in a neighboring township in a generous mood, gave his daughter two chickens and bade her "run away and be a good girl." He promised if she she would look after them he would feed the increase for four years. The girl, as it were, planted those two chickens and the results, according to the father's report, is astounding. He says she has $64 in the bank and has 200 chickens which he had to feed last winter. According to the farmer's best calculations, his daughter will own the farm at the end of four years, and will be charging him rent for living on it.—Fertile Journal.

Subscribe for the News.

PAYS $4,420.73 FOR APRIL

The St. Hilaire Creamery Continues Its Increasing Business.

The creamery paid 29½c per pound for butter in April. The total amount paid out is $4,120.73, exceeding the same month last year by $1,612 60, when the sum of $2,808.13 was paid out. So if we take the difference in conditions between this and last spring into consideration we must acknowledge that the patrons of this creamery are getting to be masters of the dairy problem as it does not make much difference whether the grass makes its appearance in the usual time or not.

The following received over $50.

Chas. Seeger	$94 54
Gust Konikson	74 57
H. Haupt	74 47
N. A. Nelson	71 01
Claus Hendricks	62 86
O. L. Larson	61 90
L. M. Rolland	58 21
C. A. Melin	57 82
Swan Johnson	56 99
Andrew Mortenson	53 63

If the 185 patrons would average as much as the ten named above the amount would be over $12,000 for April, and there is no reason for not doing so.

AGAIN DEFEATED.

Thief River Falls Ball, Team Defeated by Red Lake Falls.

The Thief River Falls base ball club was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday and was defeated by the score of six to five. The day was a very cold one and good ball playing was out of the question. A large number from this city drove down to attend the game and a return game will be played in this city next Sunday.

Says Tedford Is to Be Married.

Charles Tedford, owner of the Tedford Buffet at Cass Lake, came over from his home yesterday afternoon and visited in the city until the night train, when he returned home. Rumor has it that Charlie intends soon to desert the "P. F." and "Gobbler" orders, of the benedicts: all of which will be pleasant news to his scores of friends throughout the north half of the state.—Bemidji Pioneer.

All who are legals voters in Red Lake county and who have not as yet signed the county seat removal petition are requested to do so at once. One of the petitions is at the Golden Rule Department store and if you will call there and voluntarily sign, it will save much labor for those who are circulating the petition.

TO CREATE A MARKET.

Minnesota Dairymen to Organize a Selling Association.

All Minnesota Butter to Be Labeled as Such and Sold to Dealers.

Directors of the recently organized association of co-operative creameries, which is to handle the product of Minnesota's butter factories, met at St. Paul recently and formulated articles of incorporation and by, laws which have been sent to the creameries in the state. They will be asked to act upon them and elect delegates to a general meeting for the purpose of completing the organization. This meeting will be held in St. Paul June 12. If enough creameries get into the association they will start up at once and get ready for business.

The last legislature passed a bill which authorized the formation of such an association. The object is to have the association handle the product of the Minnesota creameries in the Eastern markets. A central butter exchange will be established, either in St. Paul or Chicago, from which they will ship their product. The association will be a stock company and the creameries will be asked to take shares.

After the exchange becomes established it is proposed to establish a brand of "Minnesota Standard" butter. The official in charge of the central station will examine all the butter and if it is of good quality it will be marked with the brand of quality. Under the 1905 code butter of a certain standard may be marked "Minnesota Pure Creamery Butter." It is expected that on account of the fact that Minnesota almost always carries off all the butter prizes at the shows and that the state is well known all over the world for the quality of its butter, there will be a demand for this Minnesota butter and it will bring a better price than it has been bringing.

A year ago Dairy and Food Commissioner E. K. Slater made a trip to New York to see if he could not arrange with the dealers to handle butter with the Minnesota brand, but they would not do it. He found that if the butter was branded here they would probably scrape off the brand and mix it with butter from other states and sell it at the common price. Now that the New York dealers refuse to give Minnesota dairymen the benefit of the reputation they have established, the dairymen themselves propose to go into the market with Minnesota brand butter.

The agent of the association probably will be commissioned as an inspector of the dairy and food department and his butter grades will be official. By putting the brand only on first class butter they hope by and by to establish a demand for this product that will mean much to them in dollars and cents. They hope ultimately to sell their product to the retailers and consumers in New York without the help of the commission man.

USED A STRAP.

Clearwater Farmer Takes His Life Last Week

Despondent on account of ill health August Lundberg, a farmer, aged 56, living near Mallard, took his life by hanging. For several years he had been afflicted with dropsy, and of late had been confined to his bed a great deal. Tuesday afternoon his wife and daughter left him lying in bed and went into the garden, a short distance from the house, to plant some seeds. About an hour afterwards they returned to the house and were horrified to find his dead body lying in a partially upright position, a strap around the neck, attached to the ceiling, telling all too plainly of the manner in which the unfortunate man had ended his sufferings.

From the position in which the body lay, it is evident that Lundberg fastened the strap to the ceiling, high enough so that he had to stand in the bed to reach it, and then fastening it about his neck, threw himself backward and was gradually strangled to death.

Lundberg leaves a wife and one daughter, also a stepdaughter, both of the latter being married.

Grand Forks Owns a Sand Pit.

Alderman R. M. Carothers, Supt. Lunseth, of the water works company of Grand Forks and Walter Buehler, consulting engineer for Kettle River Quarries company of Minneapolis, were out in Dorothy yesterday morning, for the purpose of making an examination of the sand pit and and other property owned by Grand Forks city. Last winter that city purchased an additional forty acres of land in the vicinity of Dorothy and the committee will look over the land thoroughly and will make a report as to the quantity and of the sand and also on the gravel situation.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Fossberg.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE STORE THAT LIVES UP TO ITS NAME.

Don't make any mistake in spending your shoe money: be sure of the seller and be sure of Crossett---then you'll be sure of satisfaction. Come and ask us to show you the late spring styles. We'll show you the right styles and to crown all, the dressy reliable Crossett Oxfords and high shoes backed by Crossett's guarantee and our own.

$3, $3.50, $4 and Bench Made, $5

LADIES SHOES A SPECIALTY.

The Golden Rule Shoe Department.

The Home of H. S. & M. Suits. The Home of the Gordon Hats.

DO YOUR COWS PAY?

Something Every Dairy Farmer Should be Interested in.

The average butter production from cows in Minnesota is 128 pounds each per year. It is not profitable to keep such a cow because her owner will get nothing in return for his labor nor interest upon his money invested.

A cow properly fed and cared for must produce about 135 pounds of butter per year to pay for her keeping in most localities. If she produces 136 pounds, it is a clear profit of about 22 cents. A cow that produces 140 pounds makes five times the profit of the former. There are dairymen who make $5 profit from some cows and $60 from others. Would you not rather keep one of the latter for the same profit instead of milking and caring for twelve of the former kind of cows?

Many dairymen have one or more cows in their herd that net them $60 a year or more, and that kind of cows they should breed up a herd from. The several classes of cows I mention are no doubt in your neighborhood; one that is only worth her weight in beef and the others worth about $20 to $40 and $180 respectively for dairy purposes.

There are cows which produce 600 to 900 pounds of butter, worth from $300 to $2,000. Some of the European countries are dairying on land worth from $500 to $1,000 per acre, and shipping their feed from the United States and selling their butter on the English market for from 5 to 10 cents less than Minnesota butter brings on the New York market. But the average from each cow in Denmark is nearly 300 pounds, while ours is less than 130 pounds.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

WAS WITH REIL.

Minnesotian Arrest Up at Winnipeg Recently Known in This Section.

Roseau, Minn., May 24.—Some excitement has been caused in this vicinity by a report that A. P. J. Monkman, well known as a homesteader, guide, hunter, trapper and cruiser, has been arrested at Winnipeg on a charge of having been implicated in the Louis Reil rebellion of nearly thirty years ago.

In the army of halfbreeds and Indians with which Louis Reil hoped to carve out a kingdom for himself in the Canadian Northwest, Monkman is said to have been second in command. When the rebellion finally collapsed and Reil and several of his breeds were hanged, Monkman escaped and came to this part of the country. A price was placed upon his head, but he managed to escape capture.

As the years rolled by Monkman, who had homesteaded, hunted and trapped thruout northern Minnesota, was seized with a desire to see his old stamping ground and several times has visited Winnipeg, always returning in safety. On his last visit, however, according to the information received here, he was arrested.

SUNSHINE AT SUNBEAM

Sunbeam Hunt to Marry the Sunbeam Compositor.

The Wedding Is to Take Place in the Near Future.

W. G. Hunt, the versatile editor and proprietor of the Sunbeam, was in the city the first of the week, being here for the purpose of buying a wedding suit.

The rays of prosperity do not shine more upon Mr. Hunt than upon others of his profession, but he has a way of working out of tight places, and, while his latest move may not be a "get rich quick" scheme, it certainly is going to help some.

For the past winter Mr. Hunt has had a handsome subrenette placing in type form the shining thoughts that work so easily out of his think tank, and so well has she done her work that Mr. Hunt has been loath to part with her services, but he was up against a hard proposition. When Saturday nights would come around and everyone from the devil up would expect to see the ghost walk, it took more than the promise to pay of well meaning subscribers to satisfy the help. Mr. Hunt would explain eloquently why it was necessary to postpone pay day for a short time, but of course, no matter how great a man's oratorical abilities, there comes a limit to this way of meeting an obligation. And what did Hunt do? Why he simply wove a web of infatuation around his sweet little compositor and gained her consent to become his wife. But that is not the only obsticle in his road, for while the girl has given Mr. Hunt her consent, some fool legislature passed a law which says that a girl of her age does not have th's right and so before the clerk of court will issue a marriage license, the consent of the girl's papa who resides in the town of Garnes must be secured. Mr. Hunt has gone down there to interview his future father-in-law and all who are acquainted with his persuasive eloquence have no fear as to the result.

The News, being always up to date, desires to extend congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Hunt in advance.

A Compliment for Rev. Flesher.

Rev. Flesher, of Thief River Falls, preached to a small but appreciative congregation Tuesday evening. He is an able speaker and should he ever have occassion to preach here again, he would have a large hearing.—Badger Herald Rustler.

For sale—Five lots must sell, price two thousand five hundred (2,500 address Mrs. John Moylan, 185 Clapp St. Arleta Oregon.

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become rundown because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

HOW TO USE LOG DRAGS

Inventor of the Split Log Drag Answers Some Pertinent Questions.

Many Valuable Pointers of Interest to Farmers in This Section.

The following rules for using the split log drag are given by the inventor, Mr. King.

1—Would it not be better to plow the road before dragging?

No. Plowing gives a soft foundation. Plowing the middle of the road is a relic of the old dump scraper day.

2—What do you do where there are deep ruts in the road?

Drag them; if you drag when the surface is quite loose and soft you will be surprised how soon they will disappear.

3—How do they get the dirt to the middle of the road?

By hauling the drag slantwise with the end that is toward the center of the road little to the rear of the other end.

4—Suppose the road is too narrow.

First drag the wheel tracks after three or four rains or wet spells plow a shallow furrow just outside the dragged part. Spread this over the road with the drag. Plow only one furrow. You may plow another furrow after the next rain; at each plowing you widen the road bed two feet.

5—How many horses do you use?

Two generally. Three if just as handy four if breaking colts, a good solid team in the center and a colt on each side. Two men on the drag, one to drive and the other to control the colts.

6—How do you drain the road?

If the earth is pushed to the middle of the road will drain itself.

7—Why not make the drag out of plank.

You can and do good work. Chas. Hill of Mexico, Mo., uses one of three hard wood two by four. But the split log is best. The plank drag is not so stiff and quivers and flounces.

8—Why not make the drag out of heavy sawed timber, say 8 x 9 or 2 x 10. Because they have a tendency to slip over the bumps. The log is better than plank because it is more rigid and better than heavy timbers because its thin tapering edge scrapes more surely.

9—Don't you grade up the road first?

No. Grading is done with the drag gradually. By so doing the road is solid all the time and is built on a solid foundation.

10—Is the dragging to be done without pay?

So far it has been volunteer work.

I appeal to the public spirited men of the community.

11—Should every farmer drag the road along his own land?

No. Let every farmer drag from his own front gate to his neighbor's front gate toward town. He is sure to see this road often and is apt to feel more responsibility for it. This arrangement is not absolutely fair always but it is more satisfactory than any other. The other plan gives rise to innumerable complications, as a few moments study will make clear to any thoughtful person.

12—At what angle do you draw the drag?

A safe answew is 45 degrees or in common variances exactly quarterly but bear in mind that the proper angle of a drag like the proper tension of a sewing machine depends somewhat on circumstance. The angle of the drag will need to be varied as the soil is wet or dry and as the surface is more or less convex. These slight changes can be made by the driver walking in one direction or the other on the drag.

13—How do you keep the drag from dodging around sidewise?

By not loading it too heavily; if a drag dodges around the earth you are moving, it is overloaded.

If you do not overload the drag, it will move and spread the earth. It is overloaded because you are trying to do too much. The secret of success in road dragging is to do little—often. Remember if the drag dodges it is generally because you have neglected to drag the road at some previous time when it needed dragging.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

A BIG ENGINE.

Great Northern Road Has One of the Largest Made.

One of the seven new locomotives which have been ordered by the great Northern railway from the Baldwin locomotive company was on exhibition in the union depot yards at St. Paul last week. The locomotive is one of the largest in the world. It is approximately 81 feet long and is over 23 feet high. One standing beside the driving wheels can look right through under the boiler, as the boiler is fully eight feet above the ground.

There are 12 drivers. The locomotive is practically two engines with six drivers each. Each driver is over five feet in height.

The engine weighs 400,000 pounds and carries enough coal and water to heat a good sized building all winter. Only one fireman is necessary, however, as by the new method of using the steam twice, there is great saving of fuel and steam, and it is no more difficult to fire the machine than it is with one of the old fashioned machines.

HAS RESIGNED.

Mr. Morrison Will No Longer Teach The Cross Lake Indians.

John Morrison, Jr., a young man well known in Thief River Falls, has tendered his resignation as superintendent of the Cross Lake Indian school and the same has been accepted; and it is expected that his successor will arrive at the Red Lake Indian agency within the next ten days.

The Cross Lake school was established three years ago, and it was only by the exercise of great diplomacy that trouble with the Cross Lake Indians over the establishment of the school was averted. However, the Indian department erected substantial school buildings at Cross Lake (which are located at Ponemah, on the north shore of the lower arm of Red Lake, near the "narrows") and urged the Indians to send their children to attend.

At first, but few of the young "braves" came to see the school. John Morrison, Jr., was appointed superintendent of the school and by his efforts with the Indians, the attendance was steadily increased until now the school building is overcrowded, there being sixty-five pupils in attendance, the capacity of the school being but fifty.

Mr. Morrison leaves the service to engage in private business. His successor is a Mr. Davis, an employe of the Indian service.

BROOKS IS AWAKE.

Will Have Big Celebration On St John's Day.

Zatique Bray, one of Brooks' foremost rustlers, spent Tuesday in the city looking after some business matters. This was Mr. Bray's first visit here in several months and naturally he found plenty to do shaking hands with his many friends.

Mr. Bray made The Courier a brief call, and informed us that Brooks was arranging for a gigantic celebration on St. John's day—June 24. They will have a big program of sports, etc, a bowery dance day and night, and are also planning to have the Red Lake Falls band present on this occasion.

Brooks has celebrated this day for several years past, and always does the thing up right.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Peculiarity of Gasoline.

A gasoline tank rarely explodes. It cannot unless it contains gasoline vapor and air in explosive proportions, which latter condition is almost never present. It does not explode because it contains too little air or too much gasoline. Even if a tank of gasoline were to burst from heat applied to its exterior, the confined heavy gas would not explode if in contact with flame or fire, but would burn instead. True, a tank of gasoline with no vent could do considerable damage were it to burst and throw burning oil and flaming gas about, but one thousand gallons of gasoline in a vessel's bilges would not be so dangerous from explosion as a hundredth of that amount. The larger quantity would burn rapidly, while the smaller would be sufficient, if mixed with the proper amount of air, to utterly demolish almost any boat.—Scientific American.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our heartfelt thanks to those who kindly assisted and showed their sympathy in the bereavement of my husband and our father.

Mrs. C. Steinhauer and family.

GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT

Sentiment is Strongly in Favor of Scientific Roadbuilding.

Lack of Drainage Has Been One of Chief Obstacles Met.

The stimulus that has been given to the good road making movement in Minnesota, particularly in Northern Minnesota, by the interest that is being taken in the matter by commercial organizations and good roads associations and good roads augurs much for a vast improvement of the county roads during the coming years.

Not only is there a general sentiment for a more liberal policy in the matter of expenditure of public funds for the building of new roads and the maintenance of those already constructed, but the present tendency is strongly along the lines of improvement on a scientific basis.

Mr. Cooley, the state engineer, has been attending many meetings of good roads associations this past winter and spring and he has criticised some of the former methods in road building claiming that public money has been wasted in many instances, that the roads were built in so unscientific a manner that it has required a great deal more money to keep them up and, even then, some of the highways are no good.

Mr. Cooley has laid the blame largely on lack of drainage, improper draining, also on the grading with unsuitable soil.

In Roseau and Beltrami counties there are a great many miles of roads through swamps.

The common method of road-building in the Northern swamps has been to corduroy the road and cover the timber with about one and one-half feet of soil.

Where the ground is pretty wet the year around it is claimed that the corduroy has lasted very well and the timbers have remained sound for many years, but where the soil had alternating wet and dry periods the corduroy rotted out in a comparatively few years, and the condition of the road became very bad.

If it had been possible to drain all the swamps that the roads cross, there is no doubt but that the roads would be in much better condition than they are at present, but the cost of such drainage schemes has been prohibitive for the county board and, as a rule, the commissioners have tried to build the best roads that they could without drainage that they knew was really necessary. The drainage of some of the large swamps in these two counties that are now crossed by roads, would be a fine thing for the roads, but it would cost a great deal of money and, it is claimed, by the time the road appropriation had been spent to get the proper drainage, there would not be any money left for the road construction.

Get Out of the Road.

The Postmaster General has issued an order or notice that all rural mail carriers have the right of way on all country roads, and that all other carriages or conveyances must surrender the right of way to the rural carriers. That was the rule when the mails were carried in four-horse stage coaches, and everyone had to get out of the way when the mail coach came along. It is a very serious matter for anyone to obstruct the rapid transportation of the United States mails. Get out of the road when the rural free delivery comes along with Uncle Sam's mail.—R. F. D. News.

NOTICE

The undersigned, proprietors of meat markets in Thief River Falls, will sell for cash and cash only on and after the 6th day of June, 1907.

Ole J. Bloom.	Bulman Bros.
John P. Forsberg.	Wilson, Steen & Co.

MUST BE CAREFUL.

Said That a Number Are Violating the Postal Laws.

People in this vicinity who have a habit of violating, whether unwittingly or otherwise—the postal laws of the United States government, had better *right themselves on the regulations*, as as the inspectors are beginning a crusade and arrests in Minnesota are being made daily. Just recently a number of Thief River Falls people were fined $10 for violating the postal laws.

The offenders are mostly those who enclose brief notes in newspaper or matter on which fourth-class postage is paid. It seems it is customary for the offenders to write "Please send premium No X," or similar notes when enclosing tobacco tags, clipped trade marks, etc. Even a short note like that makes the matter liable for letter postage. The only writing permissible in matter of the fourth class is the name of the sender and the address of the party to whom the articles are sent. Any matter in the nature of correspondence, whether written with pen and ink or type writer, renders the package, liable for letter postage which is two cents an ounce.

Inspector Mullen has made several arrests in Minnesota lately, where he found the violations not wilful ones and the cases were settled by payment of the minimum fee of $10. As the inspector is provided with all the evidence in advance, he has no option except to collect the fine, or, in case of refusal to pay, to take steps for the guilty party's arrest. This information is generally obtained at the delivering office.

Pay Your Taxes Before June 1st.

Have you paid your real estate taxes yet? If not attend to the matter at once as a penalty of ten per cent will be added on and after June 1st. You can pay one-half your real estate taxes on or before June 1st, and no penalty will accrue on the remaining half if paid on or before November 1. There is no escape fronie paying taxes and, if possible, it should be the aim of everyone to avoid paying costs and penalties. An additional penalty of five per cent will be added to unpaid real estate taxes on the first Monday of January. Lands sold for taxes, if unredeemed, become the absolute property of the state as purchased three years from the date of sale.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls June 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

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SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

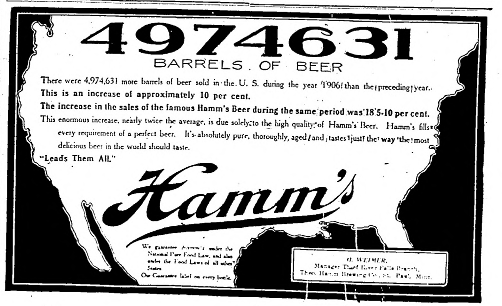

4974631

BARRELS OF BEER

There were 4,974,631 more barrels of beer sold in the U. S. during the year 1906 than the preceding year.

This is an increase of approximately 10 per cent.

The increase in the sales of the famous Hamm's Beer during the same period was 18 5-10 per cent.

This enormous increase, nearly twice the average, is due solely to the high quality of Hamm's Beer. Hamm's fills every requirement of a perfect beer. It's absolutely pure, thoroughly aged and tastes just the way the most delicious beer in the world should taste.

"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law, and also under the Food Laws of all other States.

Our Guarantee label on every bottle.

O. WEIMER,
Manager Thief River Falls Branch,
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.	T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.	OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News, $1 Per Year.

COLORS OF SOUNDS.

To Note Them You Must Be In a Proper State of Vibration.

Every sound, it is contended, conveys an idea of color to those who are in a proper state of vibration.

Some years ago the humorists of this country were very busy poking fun at some little verses that Stephen Crane had written and that a Boston house published under the title "The Black Rider." In some of these verses Crane referred to the colors of sounds, and this was the key for the humorists. They carried the thing to the most ridiculous lengths, making all kinds of sport of the suggestion that sounds have colors.

At that time Crane and I were together a great deal—almost inseparable chums, in fact. One night we sat on the pier of the Crescent club country house at Bay Ridge until almost daybreak. It was a moonless, starless night, and the sailing vessels which could be seen at all looked like ghosts gliding by. Presently out of the darkness came one of these small vessels, headed almost directly toward us. It looked as if she were going to strike the pier, but at that instant a loud voice on board gave some order, and she veered enough to miss it.

"Great heavens! What a green voice!" exclaimed Crane.

"What do you mean by that?" I asked. "You are always giving colors to sounds. Do you do that for some poetic effect?"

"Certainly not," he answered in a tone of surprise, surprise which increased to amazement when I told him that sounds did not suggest colors to me unless the sounds were associated in my mind with things of certain colors. "If I heard the roar of a waterfall which I could not see, it might suggest the colors that I naturally associate with falling water—the pale green tint of the falling sheet and the white of the splashing foam—but that is merely association of ideas. Something else might make precisely the same sound and suggest a wholly different set of colors to me."

This was wonderful to Crane. Until then he had supposed that everybody saw, or rather heard, the colors of different sounds. He thought there must be something lacking in me that I did not hear these colors. I told him I believed most people lacked the same quality, and he doubted it.

"Why," said he, "we know, as a matter of clear demonstration, that sound and color are the products of the same thing—motion. You remember Huxley's illustration—fasten one end of an iron bar to an axle, revolve the axle faster and faster, and you will get every degree of heat, sound and color until the iron disintegrates."

Theoretically I could see that all right, but when some sound smote our ears and he asked me what color it suggested to me I was totally unable to say that it suggested any. To him, however, there was not a sound that did not have its color as distinct to his ears as the colors of the stars and stripes are to my eyes.—Willis Brooks in Brooklyn Eagle.

Famous Superstitions.

Wolsey was warned of his doom by a crosier head, Sejanus by a flight of crows. Dr. Johnson objected to going under a ladder. Montaigne avoided giving his left foot priority in putting on his stockings. Alexander was believed to have "untied" the Gordian knot with a slash of his sword. For good luck's sake Augustus wore some portion of a sea calf, Charlemagne some trinket of unknown value. Mohammed was all fate, Bonaparte all star and destiny. Cromwell believed in Sept. 3 and Louis Napoleon in Dec 2. Sulla called himself Felix, the favored child of fortune, and Timoleon turned his house into a temple of chance. Alexander, if we may credit the account given by Quintius Curtius, was terrified by blood flowing from inside his soldiers' bread during the siege of Tyre in 332 B. C. His seer, Aristander, foresaw in this crimson efflux of the vital stream out of the commissariat a happy issue for the Macedonians, and the warriors, thus nerved, took Tyre.

Subscribe for the News.

A STORY OF RAPHAEL.

The Way the Great Italian Painter Once Settled a Bill.

Raphael, the great Italian painter whose celebrated Biblical pictures are worth fabulous sums of money, was not a rich man when young. He encountered some of the vicissitudes of life, like many another genius. Once when traveling he put up at an inn and remained there unable to get away through lack of funds to settle his bill. The landlord grew suspicious that such was the case, and his requests for a settlement grew more and more pressing. Finally young Raphael in desperation resorted to the following device:

He carefully painted upon a table top in his room a number of gold coins, and, placing the table in a certain light that gave a startling effect, he packed his few belongings and summoned his host.

"There," he exclaimed, with a lordly wave of his hand toward the table, "is enough to settle my bill and more. Now kindly show the way to the door."

The innkeeper, with many smiles and bows, ushered his guest out and then hastened back to gather up his gold. His rage and consternation when he discovered the fraud knew no bounds until a wealthy English traveler, recognizing the value of the art put in the work, gladly paid him £50 for the table.

COUNTERFEIT COIN.

The Way Uncle Sam's Officials Treat Spurious Money.

Sometimes it doesn't pay to be conscientious," said the man who had a scruple, but lost it. "One day I found a half dollar in my pocket—I don't know how it got there—which didn't have 'sterling' written on it. Said I to myself philosophically: 'Uncle Sam is a scrupulous fellow. He doesn't like bad money in particular. So he has established a subtreasury where he exchanges bad money for good money.' I don't know why I thought this. I suppose I must have read it somewhere.

When I had finished speaking, I found myself looking into the weather beaten face of Washington on the steps of the subtreasury. So I entered. Behind a cage I found a clerk. "Here is a half dollar I think is bad. Please give me a good one for it," I said meekly. The clerk took the coin, carefully placed it on a die and brought a mallet down on it with a resounding blow. Then he tossed the coin back to me and continued to count pennies. I looked at my coin and swore then and there I would never be so conscientious again. The face of liberty was battered into a big "C," which plainly meant counterfeit.—New York Times.

Will Makers' Whims.

The late T. Bevan, one time M. P. for Gravesend, who directed in his will that his body should be cremated and "the ash residue ground to powder and again burned and dissipated in the air," is one of many men (and women) who have made equally remarkable arrangements for the disposal of their mortal remains. An angler who died recently directed that his ashes should be carried in a bait can and scattered from a boat over the surface of his favorite stream. Mrs. Ernle-Erle-Drax directed that her body should be embalmed and placed in a glass paneled coffin, for the reception of which a circular mausoleum with stained glass dome was to be built, while at his own wish the body of one of the Lords Newborough, after twelve months' interment, was exhumed and reburied in Bardsey island, the reputed resting place of 20,000 saints.—Washington Gazette.

A Dramatic Child.

When my son was two or three years old he was seated in his high chair at the table eating corn batter cakes and molasses, of which he was fond. After eating as many cakes as were good for him he was told he could have no more. Heaving a great sigh, he took the plate in both hands and licked all the molasses off. Then, looking steadily at the plate as he held it up before him, he said seriously, "I ain't got no more use for you," and threw it back over his head to the floor, where it broke to pieces.—Chicago Tribune.

Russian Jurymen.

The most incredible stories have been told of Russian jurymen. Thus the foreman of a jury declared he would not send a poor fellow to prison because it happened to be his (the juryman's) birthday. Another jury had agreed upon a verdict of guilty when the church bells began to ring. They revised their verdict because a holiday had begun. A burglar was allowed to go free because the man whom he had robbed had refused to lend him money. This in the opinion of the jury was a direct incentive to crime.

Warned.

Minister's Wife (to her husband)—Will you help me to put the drawing room carpet down today, dear? The room is beautifully clean. Minister (vexatiously)—Ah, well, I suppose I will have to. Wife—And don't forget, John, dear, while you are doing it that you are a minister of the gospel.—London Tit Bits.

Then There Was a Row.

"Now, sir," she commanded, "look me in the face and deny, if you dare, that you married me for money."

He raised his eyes until they were directed to her countenance and faltered:

"Well, I think I earned the cash, don't you, dear?"—London Mail.

Stone steps may be kept free from greenness by adding a small quantity of chloride of lime to a pail of water.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Independent oil dealers have taken the first direct step in their effort to oust the Standard Oil company from Minnesota by filing a formal written complaint against the company. The complaint alleges a violation of the provisions of the Hinton law passed at the recent session of the legislature, which forbids discrimination in the price of oil among the various cities of the state.

A fund of $1,500,000 to be expended in fighting "industrial oppression" in the next three years was called for by President James W. Van Cleave of the National Association of Manufacturers at their annual convention in New York city. President Van Cleave appointed a committee of thirty-five manufacturers to find a way to raise the money.

Commissioner Anthony, appointed by the Missouri supreme court to take testimony in the ouster suit of the state against the Standard Oil company, in his report made to the court holds that the evidence introduced before him is sufficient to oust the Standard Oil company and tributary companies from Missouri.

Judge Landis, in federal court at Chicago, has fined F. A. Holbrook, the American Seating company and the A. H. Andrews company $5,000 each and nine other furniture companies amounts ranging from $500 to $2,000, for violation of the anti-trust laws in forming a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

The handsome obelisk that stands as Minnesota's memorial in the National park at Vicksburg was dedicated May 24 in the presence of Governor Johnson of Minnesota and Governor Vardaman of Mississippi, representatives of the national government and officials of various states.

At the final session of the Presbyterian general assembly at Columbus, O., Kansas City, Mo., was unanimously selected as the place for the next meeting. The report of the standing committee on temperance was accepted without acrimonious debate.

An exciting five days' race across the Atlantic between two swift passenger liners came to an end Saturday when the Cunarder Lucania swept up to the quarantine station at New York eight minutes ahead of the French line steamer La Lorraine.

The National Association of Manufacturers of the United States went on record at its meeting in New York city as in favor of a revision of the tariff at the earliest opportunity and the negotiation of more reciprocity treaties.

The failure of E. B. Havens & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, is announced. The firm was not a prominent one in stock trading.

San Francisco is to have an experiment in municipal ownership of public utilities, the city having decided to take over the Geary street railway.

LABOR NEWS.

The strike of machinists, which began all along the line of the Erie railroad last week, is understood to be only the first step in a general strike of machinists against railroads where the "piecework" plan is in vogue.

A sweeping decision against union picketing has been rendered by Judge A. L. Sanborn of the United States district court at Milwaukee in the case of the Allis-Chalmers company against the striking union molders.

One thousand carpenters are on strike at Denver. They refuse to work with material from mills operated by nonunion men.

The strike of inside freight handlers at Buffalo has ended, the men securing an increase of 3 cents an hour in wages.

The strike of the 1,200 employes of the N. R. Allen Sons' tannery at Kenosha, Wis., has been settled.

One thousand laborers employed at six stone quarries at Lemont, Ill., have struck for higher wages.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 25.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, $1.04⅝@1.04⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅝@1.03⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅝@1.01⅝; No. 3 Northern, 97⅝@98⅝c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 25.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—$5.90@6.12½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; good to prime lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 25.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.04⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅝; May, $1.03; July, $1.03⅝; Sept., $1.03⅝. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.23½; May, $1.23; July, $1.21½; Oct., $1.23⅝.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 25.—Wheat—May, 93⅝c; July, $1.00⅝. Corn—May, 54⅝c; July, 53⅝c. Oats—May, 47⅝c; July, 47⅝@47⅝c. Pork—May, $16.40; July, $16.60. Butter—Creameries, 18@24c; dairies, 17@22c. Eggs—14c. Poultry — Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 25.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.30@6.70; cows, $1.5[illegible]@5.40; heifers, $2.70@5.40; calves, $4.5[illegible]@6.50; good to prime steers, $5.40@6.50; poor to medium, $4.30@5.4[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.20. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.35; mixed, $6.10@6.32; heavy, $5.85@6.25; rough, $5.85@6.05; pigs, $5.75@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.15@6.25. Sheep, $4.50@5.35; lambs, $6.25@8.45.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

The state dairy and food department has seized a carload of groceries which was about to be distributed by a Chicago boxcar merchant to the people of Preston and other towns in the southern part of the state. Many packages of coffee and spices were confiscated because they were short weight and some vinegar and syrup was also taken.

Those in charge of the new state labor bureau at St. Paul have met with a brisk demand for women to help in hotels, restaurants and as domestic servants in homes. On the other hand they meet with a dearth of applicants for such places, those who have applied for places desiring work in factories or stores.

Dean F. F. Wesbrook of the university medical college and professor of pathology and bacteriology has been appointed chairman of the research committee of the committee of 100 of the American Association for the Advancement of Science to consider the subject of a national bureau of health.

The lineup in front of the United States land office at Cass Lake for the federal land entries numbers more than twenty men. There are fifteen of them who are after the land that is to be opened up on June 12 and the rest are in line waiting for the opening of lands on July 1.

Because he asserted that he was an anarchist and believed it right to kill presidents and kings with whom one is displeased Lucas Boris, an Austrian, was refused citizenship in the United States by Judge Andrew Holt of the district court in Minneapolis.

Minnesota has a new railroad company, which proposes to build a line from Duluth and Superior along the north shore of Lake Superior to the Canadian boundary. The company is incorporated as the Duluth-Thunder Bay Railway company.

The Diamond Iron works in Minneapolis have indefinitely shut down as a result of the strike of union machinists. Other workmen did not strike, but the proprietors thought best to close down until labor difficulties are somewhat settled.

The state drainage board has apportioned more than $125,000 for draining state lands and aiding counties in carrying out their drainage projects.

Dr. S. H. Ward, secretary of the state live stock sanitary board, has resigned and will be succeeded by Dr. Morton S. Whitcomb of St. Paul.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Burglars secured booty estimated at $1,000 from the People's Credit company of Minneapolis. The thieves forced their way in by breaking a window in the back of the elevator shaft, crossing the elevator and breaking in the glass door in front. The store was thoroughly ransacked and the best garments, including many furs, taken.

Serious criminal charges have been made against a Minneapolis clergyman by the Hennepin county grand jury and the Hennepin district court is shortly to be the scene of one of the most sensational cases in the history of the county. The minister in the case denies his guilt and asserts that he has been the victim of mistaken identity.

Ole Olson Aasby, a laborer, was instantly killed at Bagley by an eastbound passenger train. He had been drinking heavily and while intoxicated he undoubtedly wandered upon the railroad track just ahead of the engine and was literally torn to pieces by the wheels of the train.

Thieves broke into the window of Rosenberg & Wolfson's jewelry store in Minneapolis and stole jewelry valued at $300. Everything within reach through the broken window was taken. The thieves were not seen while at work, although the street is well lighted at that point.

The lifeless body of Joseph Pavovich, engineer at the Stevenson mine at Stevenson, was found wrapped about the shafting of his engine, which was stopped. It is presumed that Pavovich's clothing caught in the gearing and his body drawn after it.

The three-year-old son of George W. Youso is dead at Elk River as the result of eating fermented corn syrup. It is thought the fermentation caused a sufficient amount of lead or tin in the syrup pail to become a solvent poison, which caused death.

The one and one-half-year-old child of Ole Farder, foreman on the Benedict farm near Moorhead, fell into the Buffalo river and was drowned. The body was recovered about half an hour after the child was missed.

OBITUARY.

Clover O. Irvine, general agent of the American Express company at St Paul and a resident of that city for fifty-five years, is dead, aged sixty-three.

Adam Ringer, a Civil war veteran, is dead at Annandale at the age of eighty-four. He was a minister of the Methodist church for fifty years.

W. F. Luxton, former business manager and editor in-chief of the St. Paul Globe, is dead at Winnipeg, aged sixty-three.

Jacob Born, one of the most prominent residents of Blue Earth county, is dead, aged seventy-five.

Dennis Noonan, aged eighty years, a pioneer merchant of Minneapolis, is dead.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

May 30, 1907.

Crookston is soon to have street cars, at least application has been made to the city council for a franchise. Crookston certainly is an enterprising city and is keeping pace with all of the Red River Valley towns.

Every little country village has an ambition to become a trade center and a boom city, with no special natural features or geographical advantages. Under such conditions what is most needed is some enterprise on the part of its local capitalists. They must make the first advance in the uncertain field of development. They must capitalize small factories and see that they are kept employed. When the local business is finally developed and proves to the world that they are successful, then outside enterprises will be sure to step in and enjoy your prosperity with you. Just like a fellow who finds a favorite fishing hole and catches fish, and all the other fishermen who see that he is catching will drop their hooks right by the side of the lucky fisherman. The business men of any town should stop talking and hoping for others to do something for the town. They should get together themselves and prove to the world that they have a money making town. No outsider will want to fish in our swimming hole until we prove that they can catch fish.—Fertile Journal.

County Seat Petition.

The county seat petition was not filed this week. There is still some territory in the northern part of the county to cover, but none of those who are circulating the petition have done any work. Very few names have been added since last week and the petition now has about 2,300 names. This could be increased if any attempt was made.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.

Sabbath Evening worship at 8 o'clock.
Sabbath School at 10 o'clock.
Christian Endeavor at 7:15.

All are welcome,
F. C. Barackman, Pastor.

Bids Wanted.

The Black River Swedish Lutheran church of Polk Centre, Red Lake county, will receive bids for the building of a belfry and steeple on their church on Section 2 of Polk Centre. Plans and specifications on file with K. O. Gigstad, at Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, contractor to furnish bond for one thousand dollars and furnish all material. Bids will be opened at residence of Sam Person, Section 5, Polk Centre, on June 10th, 1907. The trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids. By Trustees, Black River Swedish Lutheran church.

Deadly Common Plants.

The things that give the most pleasure in life frequently can also cause the greatest pain. Among flowers, for instance, the beautiful snowdrop, the hyacinth, jonquil and narcissus are all poisonous, and to eat the smallest part of the root of either of them would produce fatal results, while the juices of the leaves will cause violent vomiting. The berries of the yew tree have killed many people, and the opium obtained from poppies has also claimed its victims. Lady's slipper and lily of the valley are both dangerous, and if the blossoms of crocus are chewed they will cause vomiting. Flowers from bulbous roots, however, seem to be the most dangerous, and it might not be out of place to dealers in these to label them with a crossbones and mark them poison.

To See the Back of Your Eye.

Behind the eye, what is called the retina, is lined with branching blood vessels, and a curious but perfectly simple experiment will enable you to see these. Place yourself in a dark room, opposite a dark colored wall, then light a candle and, holding it in your hand, move it up and down before your eyes, all the time looking not at the candle, but at the wall beyond. After a little practice you will see appear on the wall a great branching figure in black on a reddish surface. What you are looking at is the shadow of these blood vessels at the back of your own eye. Perhaps the most curious part of the whole thing is that the part of the eye which receives the impression of light must lie behind these blood vessels.—London Academy.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Mary Caldwell, Reporter.

Monday evening Rev. and Mrs. Flesher entertained the Seniors at Swore's ice-cream parlors.

Class night exercises will be held Thursday evening in Evenson Hall and Commencement exercises Friday night. Everyone invited.

Magna Holseth and Irene Caldwell, members of the class of '06, came home to attend the Baccalaureate sermon and to envy the graduates of this year.

Willis was very much surprised to receive a graduation present the other day. Some one was a year ahead of time. Well at last he will not be troubled as the seniors were this year, waiting for their cards.

All the final exams are being given this week. They have all been considered quite fair this year, those that have been given up to the time of writing.

The annual junior "affair" came off last Saturday. This year it was a hay-rack party. The seniors and the members of the high school faculty were the guests. At seven o'clock "08's van" conveyed the juniors and their guests to the Douglas farm, the home of the worthy sophomore president. Here the guests ran wild for some time, enjoying the the country and scenery. Later in the evening a bountiful repast, which had been packed at the Rushford, was served. The remainder of the time was spent in story telling, singing and various other ways. The moonlight ride back home was a fitting climax to the whole affair, which was pronounced a decided success by all present.

Sunday night Reverend Flesher delivered the annual Baccalaureate sermon in the Presbyterian church. The church was decorated in the senior colors, green and white. Special music was furnished by Mrs. Nason and the Choir.

NEW WAREHOUSE LAWS.

Railroad and Warehouse Commission Preparing Instructions.

Under the date of May 28, the state railroad and warehouse commission is preparing to send out an official notice to all public warehouse men in Minnesota relative to the new laws passed by the last legislature and affecting their business.

The official notice first gives advice as to Chapter 112, laws of 1907. This provides for annual reports to the state commission for each year beginning July 1 and ending June 30 the following year. The commission states it will supply warehouse men with blanks to be filled out, and that these blanks must be returned 15 days after their receipt.

Chapter 230 is explained as providing a new legal form of storage receipts. On these receipts it is stated that the maximum fees for receiving insuring, handling, storing 15 days, and delivering grain, is 2 cents per bushel. Storage after the first 15 days, one-half cent per bushel for each 15 days or part thereof the first three months; after that 1-2 cent per bushel for each 30 days or part thereof. If grain is cleaned at owner's request, 1-2 cent per bushel. If the owner desires, the delivery of grain must be on any track (in less than car loads in such instances; on the same line of railway as the storing of elevators, and where state inspection and weighing is in force.

Chapter 232 provides for a uniform system of buying grain by public warehouse men and prohibits pooling. The official notice of the state commission reads:

"This chapter was enacted for the purpose of prohibiting the heretofore common practice on the part of many local warehouse men of purchasing barley and oats at a different weight than the standard bushel. Under the new law this practice must now cease and all grain purchased by local warehouse men must hereafter be in strict uniformity to the new law."

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending May 18

Bjelland Miss Susie,
Baker Nick,
Conklin Mrs. E.
Dahl Marit Martin
Erickson L. E.
Jackson Frank,
Lewis H. J.
Loftnes C. H. J.
Larson Hans
Lane Miss Tena,
McKinzie Mrs. Sarah,
Olson Miss Emma,
Olson Miss Emma
Renney J. J.
Sparr Miss Anna
Shantzen Miss Elsie
Simonson Johanes,
Tallum H. L.
Tonne Fred,
Zaiser William,

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

Frank H. Kratka, P. M.

Subscribe for the News.

The Twins.

The Harmon twins looked so much alike as babies that their parents could scarcely tell them apart. As they grew older it became evident that to Grandmother Harmon at least the twins were a unit.

"You were asking me how much the twins weigh," said Grandmother Harmon to a neighbor. "When I went out that afternoon I put one of them on the scales at the grocery and found they weigh just twenty-six pounds."

"Do they always weigh exactly the same?" inquired the neighbor, and Grandmother Harmon looked quite impatient.

"The twins?" she said. "Of course; why not?"

The neighbor had no reason to give, but she rebelled a few days later when in answer to her inquiry Grandmother Harmon said:

"'Where are the twins?' Oh, they got a cinder in one of their eyes, and their mother has taken them down to the oculist's to have it removed, they were fussing so over it."—Youth's Companion.

Where Diners Had to Be on Time.

Closely parallel to the fag end of the Euston road and visible from it at various turnings is a street which belongs to few men's London. It is a dingy, granite paved, populous street of no attraction. Yet this street has known better times and eager guests. In the house he knew as 43, now obliterated by a big new warehouse, Dr. William Kitchener entertained his fellow wits and gourmets. He had ample means to ride his three hobbies, optics, cookery and music. His dinners were often elaborate experiments in cookery, and the guests had to recognize this fact. Five minutes past 5 was the minute, and if a guest came late the janitor had irrevocable orders not to admit him, for it was held by the mythical "committee of taste," of whom Kitchener was "secretary," that the perfection of some of the dishes was often so evanescent that "the delay of one minute after their arrival at the meridian of concoction will render them no longer worthy of men of taste."—T. P.'s London Weekly.

When Cleveland Said "By Gosh!"

"A long legged friend of mine, who may be called Bill Jennings as well as anything else," says Emerson Hough in Appleton's Magazine, "always insisted that he was responsible for the opening of the Cherokee country. 'I went down to Washington,' said he, 'to see Cleveland about it. I went up to the door of Cleveland's house—right at the front door—and I knocked, and I heard Cleveland holler out to me, "Come in!" I went in, and there was Cleveland sittin' in the parlor, with all his cabinet there too. I says to Cleveland, "Cleveland, them Injuns has got to go and them cow men too." I put it to him right plain. Cleveland he listened, and by and by he got up and come and put his hand on my shoulder, and says he, "Bill, by gosh, she pops!"'"

A Wonderful Fish.

The Bohemians have a proverb, "Every fish has another for prey." The wels (silurus) has them all. This is the largest fresh water fish found in the rivers of Europe except the sturgeon. It often reaches five or six feet in length. It destroys many aquatic birds, and we are assured that it does not spare the human species. On the 3d of July, 1700, a peasant took one near Thorn that had an infant entire in its stomach. They tell in Hungary of children and young girls being devoured on going to draw water, and they even relate that on the frontiers of Turkey a poor fisherman took one that had in its stomach the body of a woman, her purse containing gold and a ring. The fish is even reputed to have been taken sixteen feet long.

The Carlyles' Maid.

The Carlyles had a maid who was untidy, useless in all ways, but "abounding in grace" and in consequent censure of every one above or below her and of everything she could not understand. After a long apostrophe one day as she was bringing in dinner Carlyle ended with, "And this I can tell you—that if you do not carry the dishes straight, so as not to spill the gravy, so far from being tolerated in heaven, you won't be even tolerated on earth."

The Horse He Wanted.

A Scotch farmer bought a horse. Going home he thought a drink would refresh it, so he got a pail of water, but the animal would not take it. On reaching home he gave it a feed of corn, but it would not touch that either. "Ye're the vera horse for me if ye only work!" the farmer was heard to say.—Dundee Advertiser.

Mortification.

"Of course, doctor, German measles are seldom serious?"

"I never met but one fatal case."

"Fatal!"

"Yes. It was a Frenchman, and when he discovered it was German measles that he had mortification set in."

Good Manners of the Mind.

A man is known by the company his mind keeps. To live continually with noble books, with "high erected thoughts seated in the heart of courtesy," teaches the soul good manners.—T. B. Aldrich.

A Yachting Trip.

Captain—Please, sir, your wife has fallen overboard. Owner—Confound it! Another of those sinking spells of hers!—Harper's Weekly.

There are no points of the compass on the chart of true patriotism.—Winthrop.

Hopi Indian Traditions.

The Hopi Indians of Arizona have no written literature, but an almost boundless store of oral traditions, which are handed down unimpaired to each generation in turn and which form the guiding principle of their religious belief and of their whole life, says the Craftsman. Every clan, and there are a number of family clans making up the various Hopi towns, has its own kiva, or underground ceremonial chamber, entered by a ladder through a square opening in the roof, which is but a foot or two above the general level of the ground. Here the education of the boys is carried on, beginning at the age of seven or eight years. They are instructed day by day in the literature, history and myths of the tribes, the priests being the teachers. Without writing and without books the Hopi have an extensive literature, and that the utmost accuracy is observed in its oral transmission from generation to generation is revealed by certain comparisons with the records made by the Spanish explorers in the sixteenth century.

Long Sieges In Congress.

Samuel J. Randall of Pennsylvania was an avowed protectionist Democrat and a man who, his colleagues had learned, usually was able to get his way. Randall had first entered congress in 1862. He was a quiet, persistent, hardworking person who attracted little attention for several years. Then the Republicans, sure of their majority and wishing to expedite business, undertook to adopt rules which would prevent obstruction. The quiet Mr. Randall set himself against the attempt. He led the small Democratic majority with a skill so unusual that more than once he blocked the Republicans' way until it was too late to pass the measure. His endurance seemed unlimited. From one session lasting forty-six hours and twenty-five minutes, where Randall had forced the roll to be called seventy-five times, he came out as fresh as he went in. At another time in the fight over the force bill he was on the floor for seventy-two consecutive hours.—Ida M. Tarbell in American Magazine.

How Piutes Catch Quail.

The Piutes have a unique way of getting quail. For them there is no closed season or, indeed, any game law whatever. Seasons when the quail come down from the mountains to the spring the Indians make great preparation for their capture. They build a bough house with a long slender opening in the front formed of tall straight sticks set closely together. Within the house an Indian sits concealed, holding a long limber rod, which he operates dexterously through the narrow opening. In the early morning when the birds flock down for water he picks them off one at a time, killing them instantly. There is no report in this manner of hunting to frighten the others away, and the Indian often gets enough game in a single morning for the whole settlement.—Los Angeles Times.

Went to Bed For Dinner.

An amusing incident is told of the absentmindedness of the late Justice William G. Keogh of Ireland. It was at a bar dinner at his own house, and he had excused himself from the guests, who had already assembled, to go up stairs to dress. Time went by, but he did not reappear. The company sat patiently for some time till at length, when their appetites were getting the better of their manners and they were about to send a messenger in quest of their absent host, he appeared and explained with many apologies that imagining that he was retiring for the night he had undressed and got into bed. After an hour's sleep he awoke, and it suddenly dawned on him that his guests were waiting to dine with him below.

A Wedding Suit In 1756.

Jonathan Morrill and Hannah Hackett were married Dec. 29, 1756. This says the Journal of American History, is the receipt for his wedding suit:

Salisbury Decemr ye 27 A. D. 1756.
This is to sertify all whom it may Consearn that Jonathan Morrill hath paid Sufficient Bevrage for a Suit of Clothe a Coat of a light Coulourd Drab Cloth with Darkish Satine lining, mohair Buttons a full Coat and Briches of Sd Drab and a Jacket of light Couloud bleu Shag Velvet with Tick lining and green mohair and flanied (flanged?) Brass Buttons as witness our hands. DAVID PURINTUN.
MOSES ROWELL.

A Hero.

A boatful of ladies and officers going to a picnic was swamped in crossing an East Indian river. A lady and an officer clung to an oar. "It is not enough for two," said the man. "Say goodby for me to the regiment." Then he left his hold of the oar and of life. It is easy to see that a romance might be founded on this, but these are the plain facts."

The Scope of Indigestion.

Indigestion is not only the most prevalent of all diseases, but is the most far reaching in its complications, says Dr. Latson in Health Culture. In recognition of this fact a brilliant medical man has said:

"There is but one disease—indigestion."

Cayenne Pepper.

In cayenne pepper we have a pure, energetic, permanent stimulant. Why not use it instead of whisky and brandy, which are not more energetic and are not permanent in their actions? says Therapeutics and Dietetics.

Like Father, Like Son.

The Living Skeleton—Why is the India rubber man so happy? The Fat Lady—Why, haven't you heard? He's the father of a bouncing boy!—Princeton Tiger.

One Question Too Much.

The servant problem was under discussion, and "experiences" were being related. Several women stopped talking at the same moment, and the silence, which had lasted nearly two seconds, was broken by a young matron, who said: "But, ladies, that's all nothing to what happened to me last week. My cook left me, you know, for no earthly reason except that she told the chambermaid we starved the help. The idea! Well, I went to the intelligence office and after a long search found the girl I wanted to take Maggie's place. She answered every question to my satisfaction until I asked her, 'Why did you leave your last place?' Then she got red in the face, threw her head back and said in an angry tone: 'Because I wanted a change. Why did your last cook leave?' And before I could answer she turned away, saying, 'You'll not suit.' Now, isn't that dreadful?" And then all the other women told "dreadful" stories.—New York Tribune.

An Ancient Irish Custom.

In the district known as "the barony of Forth," in County Wexford, Ireland, is to be found a race of hardworking, industrious peasants living in thatched cottages with clean, whitewashed walls which by their perfect whiteness at once arrest the attention of the visitor. These people differ in many respects from the inhabitants of the other parts of the same county and have habits and customs peculiar to themselves. When a funeral takes place two wooden crosses are provided. On the way to the cemetery a halt is made at a certain spot by the side of the road. Here prayers are said for the deceased, after which one cross is deposited in a hawthorn bush or under it. The procession then goes on its way, and after the interment the other cross is fixed at the head of the grave. This strange custom dates from time immemorial, as the great pile of crosses by the roadside indicates.

How to Stop Runaways.

The policeman had stopped the runaway very neatly. Now, though puffing a little, he was quite calm.

"It's nothing to stop a runaway," he said as he wiped his foam covered hands. "It is like jumping on or off a moving car—dead easy when you know how. What you want to do when you see a runaway tearing toward you is not to stand still, but to run all your might in the same way the nag's a-going. Then, when it catches up to you, you grab the bridle and keep a-running. Then you are not thrown, you are not trampled on, and in a minute or two the horse slows down. I've stopped a dozen runaways without an accident. It's part of our training, and the policeman who would refuse to take a chance would be disgraced the same as a soldier who would refuse to fight."—New York Press.

Waked Him Up.

"Fare!"

The passenger gave no heed.

"Fare, please!"

Still was the passenger oblivious.

"By the ejaculatory term 'fare,'" said the conductor, "I imply no reference to the state of the weather, the complexion of the admirable blond you observe in the contiguous seat, nor even to the quality of service vouchsafed by this philanthropic corporation. I merely allude in a manner perhaps lacking in delicacy, but not in conciseness, to the monetary obligation set up by your presence in this car and suggest that, without contempering your celerity with cunctation, you liquidate."

At this point the passenger emerged from his trance.—Columbus Dispatch.

Tree Fountain.

An extraordinary curiosity is to be seen in the Swiss village of Gunten, on Lake Thun. It takes the form of a natural tree fountain, the water flowing continuously from a spout high up in the tree. About twenty years ago the water from a spring was conducted through a shaft, and the supply pipe was directed through the cut trunk of a young poplar tree which was rammed in the ground. After a short time the trunk rooted, branches followed, and now there is a splendid top growth.

Friendship.

Friendship is a vase which when it is flawed by heat or violence or accident may as well be broken at once. It never can be trusted after. The more graceful and ornamental it was the more clearly do we discern the hopelessness of restoring it to its former state. Coarse stones, if they are fractured, may be cemented again; precious ones, never.—Landor.

Great Laughers.

The giant laughers have been men—Shakespeare and Rabelais. I do not regard Cervantes and Sterne as laughers. They are smilers. They are not jolly roarers and guffawers. They are not fat, rotund, jovial hilarities. They are thin, lean, ironic smiles. A smile is a diluted laugh. Sterne is a diluted Rabelais.—James Douglas in M. A. P.

Like Talking Shop.

A stockbroker whose mind is always full of business was asked a few days ago how old his father was.

"Well," said he abstractedly, "he's quoted at eighty, but there is every prospect that he will reach par and possibly be at a premium."

A Rebuff.

"Miss May," began Mr. Hoamley, "would you—er—be mad if I were to kiss you?"

"Not necessarily," replied the bright girl, "but I would certainly be mad to let you."

Are we to mark this day with a white or a black stone?—Cervantes.

Hooking the Wary Trout.

Trout when hungry usually face the current. This fact should be remembered when approaching a bridge or eddy where the "speckled beauties love to hide." If possible, such spots should be approached upstream. It may take a little more time to go around and come back up, but "make haste slowly" is said to be the first axiom of trout fishing. As the stream becomes warmer, the trout seek the cool pools and shaded places. They are to be found where a cold spring bubbles up into the stream or where a mountain creek enters. Often a number frequent the same haunt. Each additional fish means two more eyes to watch for the fisherman. One trout is all that is necessary to give a danger signal by darting away. The rest immediately follow suit. To catch more than one, or even that, in such a place takes skill in the use of the line. But who has said that trout fishing is not an art?—Circle Magazine.

Our Pygmy Ancestors.

The armor of the knights of the middle ages is too small for their modern descendants. Hamilton Smith records that two Englishmen of average dimensions found no suit large enough to fit either of them in the great collection of Sir Samuel Meyrick. The head of the oriental saber will not admit the English hand nor the bracelet of the Kaffir warrior the English arm. The swords found in Roman tumuli have handles inconveniently small, and the great mediaeval two handed sword is now supposed to have been used only for one or two blows at the first onset and then exchanged for a smaller one. The statements made by Homer, Aristotle and Vitruvius represent six feet as a high standard for full grown men, and the irrefutable evidence of the ancient doorways, bedsteads and tombs proves the average size of the race certainly not to have diminished in modern days.—London Hospital.

Great Musician's Eccentricities.

Dolls were the idols, after his beloved instruments, of Domenico Dragonetti, the king of the double bass. He had a huge collection of these puppets dressed in various national costumes, and wherever Dragonetti went the dolls were sure to go. That was only one of this eccentric genius' peculiarities. He would never play unless his dog were in the orchestra, and nobody would have got a note out of him unless he had been permitted to sit in the orchestra next to the stage door. This was a precaution to enable him to save his wonderful instrument in case of fire. The instrument itself he brought from the monastery of St. Pietro when on a visit to Vincenza, and when he died he bequeathed it to St. Mark's, Venice, to be used at solemn services.—London Standard.

A Queer Coincidence.

While a serial story was running in a certain magazine a lady in Johannesburg wrote to the publisher asking whether Christian Lys (the author's nom de plume) was assumed or not. She herself was a Mrs. Lys, who was trying to trace an ancestor of her late husband, who was a descendant of Joan of Arc. Mr. Brebner, the author in question, wrote assuring her that his pen name was a family one, his forbears having come from Aberdeen. Strangely enough, it came out that her family came also from Aberdeen and their name was Brebner.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Pilgrims and Puritans.

The pilgrims, or, as they are often called, the "pilgrim fathers," were the seventy-four men and the twenty-eight women, members of the John Robinson's church, who sailed in the Mayflower from Leyden to North America and landed at Plymouth Rock, where they founded a colony Dec. 25, 1620. The Puritans were the English nonconformists who came over later, the name being given to them on account of their supposed great purity of doctrine, life and discipline.—New York American.

Cochineal.

Cochineal, so much used for coloring table jellies and also given to infants as a domestic remedy for whooping cough, is the whole insect of a class called coccus, but only the females are used. Why? Because the insects are captured by suffocating them with the smoke of fires below the trees on which they live, and as the males have wings, while the females have none, the gentlemen take to flight when the atmosphere becomes unpleasantly warm, leaving their ladies to their fate.

Warnings.

Mrs. Stubb—I notice so many married men save the receipted milliner bills. What use do they make of them? Mr. Stubb—Charity. Mrs. Stubb—Charity? Mr. Stubb—Yes; they are sent around to the bachelor clubs to warn any reckless member who might be thinking about plunging into the sea of matrimony.—Chicago News.

Her Postscript.

"Why does a woman always add a postscript to her letter?"

"Well," answered the ungallant wretch, "she probably figures out in her own mind what her letter has made you think and then tries to have the last word."

The Trouble.

Jones—I understand there is trouble between Mrs Poet and her husband. Smith—Yes. He couldn't sell his poems, and she couldn't eat them, so she left him.

The man who gambles is a deluded fool, but the man who gambles when he continues to lose is a colossal fool.—Henry Sutphin.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.
PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.
PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.
J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush last week.

C. A. Baker was down to Fergus Falls last week.

Postmaster Kratka spent Sunday at Crookston.

W. B. Fuller was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

R. Oen was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

D. N. Winton was up to the Red Lake Agency last week.

Clarence Cummings was down to Crookston last week.

Dr. and Mrs. Gambell left Sunday evening for a trip to Iowa.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Attorney Michelet was down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

D. B. Bakke was down to Fergus Falls last week on business.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley returned from her trip to Crookston on last Friday.

Mrs. Samuel Heasley returned last week from her trip to Wisconsin.

Miss Olga Hoff, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week, the guest of Miss Lakin.

Wm. Cieso and Elmer C. Yetter, of Hullock, were in the city the first of the week.

Louis Felardeau, a former county commissioner, was up from Lambert last week.

G. A. Smith, of Litchfield, is in the city visiting his brother-in-law, Andrew Lang.

Wanted—A boy about 12 years of age to work by the month at the Lang Greenhouse.

Mrs. W. A. Wright and children left Monday for their new home in Spokane Falls, Wash.

Mrs. Kirwan, who had been visiting friends at Hendrum, returned to this city last week.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Mrs. Frank Lawrence and children left last Saturday for Fergus Falls to make their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hunter, of Orleans, were in the city to spend Sunday, the guests of E. J. Morrisey.

George A. Ralph was up from Crookston last Saturday doing some surveying on a ditch southeast of town.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Mellby, of Argyle, is soon to locate in this city. Dr. Mellby is quite well known here, having formerly been located at Warren.

For sale—Five lots must sell, price two thousand five hundred (2,500 address Mrs. John Moylan, 185 Clapp St. Arleta Oregon.

J. K. Hannay, the well known St. Hilaire banker, transacted business in the city last Thursday, being enroute to the twin cities on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Eastman and son, William, of Chicago, arrived in the city Tuesday and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Eastman.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Bothum leave on Saturday for Iowa and Michigan points to spend about a three weeks vacation visiting relatives and friends.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksbury.

The social session at the Antlers Club last Friday evening was a most enjoyable affair. The full orchestra from Red Lake Falls furnished the music.

Division Supt. Lowry, Master Carpenter Mills and Road Master Laughlan of the Great Northern, were in the city Tuesday going up to Greenbush in a special car.

Dick Edmonds and Jack Sinholt, two well known residents of Rollis passed through the city Monday enroute to the Canadian Northwest where they have taken homesteads.

Peter Maney arrived here with his family from the southern part of the state last week. Mr. Maney has the contract for hauling the mail from Germantown to Grygla.

Mrs. C. L. Dobner and daughter, Catherine, left last Friday for their home at Kalispell, Mont. They were accompanied as far as Grand Forks by H. G. Dobner and Will Vaughan.

"Back from Canada" is a common heading found in newspapers thruout the state under which are published various accounts of dissatisfaction among the new settlers who have located there.

Mrs. W. A. Wright was tendered a farewell surprise party last Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. T. L. Molgaard. A large number of ladies were present and all had a most enjoyable time.

Karl Mathie, manager of the large paper mill at Watab, near St. Cloud, was in the city last Friday attending to some business matters. He was the guest of D. N. Winton while in the city.

School District 76, Marshall co. I am prepared to pay orders 83 and 84 and interest will be stopped from date.

John Ristau, Treasurer.
Dated May 28 1907.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

Representative Hanson, of Stephen, has purchased valuable residence property in Minneapolis and it is quite probable that he will ere long move to the Mill City for the purpose of making it his home.

Miss Mina May McCarthur, of Libertyville, Ill., has been engaged by the school board as principal of the high school for next year and Miss Blixenrud, of Minneapolis has been engaged to teach the normal department.

Pasture;—My pasture on the East Side will be open to receive stock on Monday June 3rd. Terms, $1 a month, strictly in advance. No Stock admitted that is not paid for. Send your $1 when you send your cow. M. C. Harlow.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls June 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

The building owned by the Theo. Hamm Brewing company south of the postoffice is being lowered down to grade and will be otherwise repaired. Daniel Shaw will remove his real estate office to this building as soon as it is in shape.

Dr. Crandall and Dr. Barke have dissolved partnership and the business of this firm will be transacted by the former in the future. Dr. Barke left Monday evening for Fergus Falls to spend a few days visiting his parents before looking up a new location.

The stockholders of the Red Lake River Transportation company will hold a meeting Sunday at Highlanding. It is reported that the meeting will be a warm one, and those who have been making charges against certain officers of the company will be invited to be present.

Dr. Bockman returned to this city Monday after an absence of over a year spent in study in the hospitals of Europe. He reports having had a very pleasant trip abroad. There has been a report in circulation to the effect that Dr. Bockman would not remain in Thief River Falls, but this is positively denied. Dr. Bockman says that he intends to make this his home.

"Next fall if there is not better duck shooting than for ten years past, I will have missed my calculations, said a well known hunter to the News last week. "Every spring I take particular pains to note the flight of the ducks on their way north, and this year more passed over than for many years past. The farmers from every quarter report that the ducks are nesting in large numbers even in this section of country, and this means that we will have good local shooting before the flight comes down from the north. Take my word for it, we are going to have some fine duck shooting next fall."

Frank Hill came up from Fargo yesterday.

Charles E. Kiewel was up from Crookston the first of the week.

H. P. Spoonholm was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

K. M. Hanson and son, Donald, went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening.

Mrs. W. E. Baker and son, Earl, left Tuesday for their trip to eastern points.

School closes this week and all of the school teachers leave for their various homes.

D. N. Winton left Tuesday for Prince Albert to attend to business matters for a few days.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday to look after his building interests here.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty came up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday and is out east on the reservation visiting schools.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran Congregation will meet with Mrs. Elling Melby next Wednesday June 5.

Miss Ila Ramstad, who has been attending the Ladies Seminary at Fargo since the first of the year, returned to this city Tuesday.

Rev. Barackman was over to Warren last week to assist in installing Rev. Grant Stroh as pastor of the Presbyterian church at that place.

County Commissioner Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Miss Jennie Telke one of the operators of the Northwestern Telephone exchange at Crookston, was in the city Tuesday, the guest of Miss Marie Arneson.

At the meeting of the board of county commissioners held this week $150 was appropriated to aid the town of North in building roads; $200 for Rocksbury, and $150 for Sanders.

F. S. Doege returned Tuesday from a trip to St. Paul. He reports that a handsome daughter was born to his wife in St. Paul last Wednesday, and that both the mother and child are getting along nicely.

There is a rumor in circulation about the county to the effect that H. L. Dudley, formerly of this city, and who for the past few months has been one of the publishers of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, has left that town for good.

D. P. O'Neill came up from his Norman county farm yesterday. He reports that conditions were never more favorable for a large crop on his large Norman county farm, and believes that the yield this year will be a record breaker.

T. P. Hamre was over to Warren Tuesday. He states that he witnessed the first game of ball of the St. Vincent line league which was played between Warren and Argyle. The latter town won the game by a score of 3 to 0. Mr. Hamre says that it was one of the best games of ball he ever witnessed.

The legislature abolished the office of county surveyor and created the office of county road overseer. The county commissioners should have appointed a road overseer at the meeting held this week, but no action was taken. J. K. Wood, who was county surveyor, is a candidate for the position of road overseer.

State Auditor Iverson writes the News that he believes the sale of state school land to be held in Red Lake county on Monday, July 1st, will be one of the best attended sales ever held. He states that he has received hundreds of letters from homeseekers living in Iowa, Illinois and Indiana and expects that a large number of these will be in attendance to bid upon the land.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

"The wheat crop of North Dakota will be at least 25 per cent less in acerage this year than in 1906," was the statement made by N. G. Larimore, the bonanza farmer of Larimore. "There is more than one reason for this," he continued. "One reason is the lateness of the season and another and very important reason is the high prices paid for barley and flax will induce farmers to plant barley and flax, fairly sure crops for a late season, instead of seeding wheat.

The recent legislature made a number of important changes in the method of caring for public highways. Chapter 458 of the session laws provides that the county commissioners may appoint a county road overseer, and the attorney general has given out an opinion to the effect that the word "may" taken in connection with the balance of the section shall be construed to mean "shall" appoint such an overseer. The same chapter abolishes the office of town road overseer, and provides that the town board shall appoint a competent road builder in his place, who shall have charge of the construction and maintenance of the roads and bridges of the town under the direction of the county superintendent of highways. The new law is effective immediately.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS. LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

A Few More Left at **$3.50** EACH.

COASTER EXPRESS

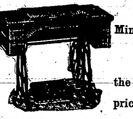

This sewing machine, F. O. B. Minneapolis, $9.75.

Mission rockers as advertised in the Minneapolis Journal at $5, our price $4.50.

No money saved by buying your furniture in Minneapolis. We will guarantee to furnish any of the so-called special bargains as advertised in the Minneapolis papers at the same price to you, or less. Cut out the ads and send or bring them with the money and see what we can do for you. Keep your money at home and help build up your home city. Buy of your home stores when you can, we have no objection, only see our goods before buying If we can save you money, buy of us.

T. P. Hamre was up to Middle River yesterday.

L. D. Rose left yesterday for Lisbon, N. D., to spend the summer.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last evening.

Peter Newman went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Charles Shirley left last evening for Crookston to spend a few days buying horses for the lumber company.

A son was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, of Hemmingson's addition.

N. M. Johnson went down to Crookston last evening to attend to some business matters.

Assessor Christienson is busy these days making the personal property assessment for the city of Thief River Falls.

The Swedish Lutheran ladies aid society will meet with Mrs. Charley Sandborg, next Wednesday June 5th. All are cordially invited.

C. F. Umbreit, one of the pioneer residents of this section, is reported as being very low and fears are entertained that he will not recover.

Miss Annie Peterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Torel Peterson, of Ware, had the misfortune to dislocate her elbow Monday. She was brought to this city and Dr. Grundy set the dislocation.

There will be new and comical pictures at the Bijou the balance of this week. Miss Ramstad will have new and popular music, while Mr. Develing will sing an illustrated song that is popular and pretty. There will be the usual performance this afternoon.

The township of Sanders is going to build one or two bridges across ditches, and as the wooden bridges usually built only last for a few years, the matter of building bridges of cement and steel is being considered. A bridge of this character when once built will last for all time, and while it may cost more upon the start, it is by the cheapest in the long run.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	80c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 12
Eggs	12½c
Butter	20c
Creamery butter	25c
Potatoes	50c

ORCHERADE
ORCHERADE

Just out. Call for it. At all confectionery stores and fountains. Orcherade is something fine. Try it.

WIFE A WITCH.

That Is What a Reservation Farmer Thinks His Wife.

Mrs. John Crapa, wife of a settler living in the town of Star, one of the newly organized towns on the reservation about 30 miles east of Thief River Falls, arrived in the city Tuesday, having walked the entire distance. She is a German woman and can talk no English, and therefore could not communicate with anyone until she reached Thief River Falls as she did not meet any Germans. According to her story her husband has been insane for some time and recently has become very violent and she fears that if she longer lived with him that she would be killed. He imagines that his wife is a witch and that if he asks her for money she can produce the same in any amount. As the Crapas are now entirely without funds, Mr. Crapa has been making his demands very freely of late and Mrs. Crapa had no way in which to satisfy his wants. He threatened to kill her as a last resort and while he was going after the axe she left for town.

The man will be brought in and examined as to his sanity.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on May 20, 1907.
Date of Call by Supt., May 20, 1907.
Date of Report by Bank May 24, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$42,181 06
Overdrafts		23 15
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,140 74
Due from banks	[illegible]	
Checks and Cash Items	38 61	
Currency	[illegible]	
Gold	15	
Silver	543	
Other	[illegible]	
Total Cash Assets	[illegible]	11,135 57
Other Resources		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock		[illegible]
Deposits subject to check,	15,770 44	
Cashier's Checks	336 25	
Total Immediate Liabilities	[illegible]	
Time Certificates	[illegible]	
Total deposits	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss I, T. P. Hamre, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. T. P. Hamre, Cashier
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of May, 1907. D. B. Bakke, Notary Public
[SEAL]
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn., My commission expires March 4th, 1911.
Attest (Two) A. M. Langseth, Lars Backe
Directors.

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THE NEWS

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

IN MEMORY OF CARL VON LINNE

Two Hundredth Anniversary of His Birth Celebrated in Sweden and Other Countries.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Universal honor was accorded to the memory of Karl von Linne, the greatest of all botanists, on the 200th anniversary of his birth, May 23. Sweden took the lead and made the day a national holiday, but everywhere in Europe the schools and universities observed the day in various ways, and in the new world the famous scientist and his great work was remembered. The importance of Linne's work in the world of science can scarcely be overrated. It has been said that "He found a biology a chaos and left it a cosmos." He it was who established the systematic botany and zoology of modern times. In laying the foundations for botany as a science, he first announced the principles for the definition of species and genera and established the binominal nomenclature of both. Linne was most methodical in his work, patient and careful in his observations, and withal a clear and entertaining writer. As a teacher he was without a superior, and it was his personal influence that revolutionized the methods of botanical study. His system of nomenclature was artificial, but it was extremely useful and convenient and laid the foundation for the modern science. Sweden was really the last civilized country to recognize the genius of Linne. But he eventually was appointed physician to the king and professor of medicine and afterward of botany at Upsala. It was almost wholly through his international fame that the number of students at Upsala increased from 500 to 1,500 and more. In his days of prosperity he founded his estate, Hammarby, which is still a mecca for tourists in Sweden, and contains an unusually large number of Linne relics. The king of the plant kingdom died in 1678 and was buried with great honors. Swedish citizens of Chicago celebrated the anniversary of the birth of Karl von Linne, whose statue is in Lincoln park. More than 1,200 attended the ceremonies, which consisted of the singing of Swedish songs and praise addresses.

The Upsala Student Male Chorus is going to visit London this summer and give a concert there under the auspices of one of the leading musical organizations of the British metropolis. The chorus is fifty voices strong and ranks as the leading male chorus in the world. It comes to London under the patronage of King Oscar and when the chorus appears in London it will receive the attention of the royal house. Strong efforts have been made to induce this chorus to give a series of concerts in America, but thus far satisfactory arrangements have not been made. The Lund Male Chorus, which made such a successful concert tour in the United States three years ago and which made such a hit in all musical circles in America, is said to be only secondary to the famous Upsala chorus, which has twice come off victorious at the international song fests in Paris and Berlin. Three concerts are to be given by it during the season under the direction of Dr. I. Hedenblad. Swedish songs will make up the bulk of the selections and the proceeds of the concerts are, it is understood, to be handed over to the Swedish Sailors' Home in London.

W. W. Thomas, ex-United States minister to Sweden, will leave Stockholm next month for England. After spending about a month in London and Liverpool he will return to Sweden and spend the remainder of the summer at Mosseberg, which is one of Mr. Thomas' most favored resorts. Judging from recent reports it is not at all likely that Mr. Thomas will ever return to America. He married into one of the wealthiest and most aristocratic families of Sweden, has twice been appointed United States minister at Stockholm and the chances are that he will spend the remainder of his life in his adopted land.

Crownprincess Victoria, who has for some time been sojourning at Capri, has now moved to Carlsruhe. Her health has been somewhat improved. Prince Wilhelm has departed for Carlsruhe to meet his mother.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

A unique movement has been started by Minnesota Norwegians and it is one which cannot fail to cause an abundance of comment by the Norwegian press in general. It is in line as follows: A movement has been started in Minneapolis which has for its object the raising of [illegible] within the next seven years for a present to Norway from the Norwegians in America on the occasion of the centennial celebration of that country's independence from Denmark. The date of the centennial is May 17, 1914. The project was launched at the annual celebration of Norwegians in commemoration of their independence day, held at the Minneapolis auditorium. About 5,000 Norwegians gathered to hear the exercises. When John W. Arctander made his speech in the mother tongue he succeeded in arousing the audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm by suggesting the idea mentioned. He had prepared also a list of prominent Norwegians as a committee to have charge of the organization of the different states and subdivisions in the work of raising the money. Mr. Arctander suggested that one-fourth of the amount ought to be expended in making the mountains beautiful and profitable, another quarter should be used in draining swamps, and the balance should be used for furthering progress along industrial lines. The committee, as proposed by Mr. Arctander, and which received the unanimous approval of those present, consists of the following: Senator Knute Nelson, Alexandria; former Governor C. N. Herreid, Aberdeen, S. D.; Governor J. O. Davidson, Madison, Wis.; Consul E. H. Hobe, St. Paul; Consul F. H. Gade, Chicago; Olaf O. Searle, Minneapolis; Professor H. G. Stub, Hamline; Professor E. Kr. Johnson, St. Anthony Park; Professor Sven Oftedal, Minneapolis; Professor N. J. Lobre, Jewell, Ia.; Ludvig Arctander, Andreas Ueland and Henry J. Gjertsen, Minneapolis; Elder Randager, of the Norwegian M. E. church; Mr. N. H. Schjelderup, Laurits S. Swenson, Minneapolis; Nicholai Gravstad, Chicago; Rasmus B. Anderson, Madison, Wis.; B. Amundson, Decorah, Ia.

Mme. Johanne Dybwad is at present playing as "guest" at the Folketheater of Copenhagen, and by the time she gets back to Christiania, the season will be so far advanced that there is not much chance that Christiania people will see her again before she leaves for America. It has been announced that Mr. Thalberg, the Swedish impressario, who had charge of the Norwegian student singers' trip to America, will also be the manager for the actors from the National theater. Says a Christiania correspondent in this connection: "Warnings have come from America against the proposed repertory, fear being expressed that it will not prove popular enough, with only heavy things like Ibsen and Bjornson works on the program. And I am perfectly willing to share that point of view. There are really few who go in for and understand the higher drama, and in America perhaps more so than anywhere else, going to the theater must mean fun. Ibsen's and Bjornson's works are not exactly of the funny class, but to all those who look upon the theater as an institution related in its work to that of the pulpit, then going to see Ibsen and Bjornson played is a thing that is bound to be worth while. Another point is that if only Norwegian dramas are played, the American public will lose the treat of seeing what some of our actors can do in other lines. For instance, to see Mrs. Dybwad in 'A Midsummer Night's Dream' and Mr. Stormoen in some of his popular roles, would undoubtedly be far more attractive to the general public. But there can be no doubt that their journey to the far west will be one of pleasure both to themselves and to many of their countrymen in America."

Captain Amundsen has completed his lecture trip through the Norwegian provinces. Exception being made for one or two special lectures, which he is to give in Germany, he is through with his European lecture work for the present. From American geographical societies he has received several requests to lecture when he goes on that side. The Geographical society of Philadelphia has already given him its gold medal.

The great fight for and against the "landsmaal" for the students' examination has been carried on in a very lively manner. The final battle was fought in the storthing and the friends of the new move were victorious, despite all the great men who had taken a stand against it.

The new announcement for the National theater is "A Sailor's Bride," in which Miss Borghild Bryn makes her debute. The play will be given during the early part of next month.

Adelaide Wellhaven gave a concert recently in Ullern's church, assisted by the pianist, Einar Melling, and the violinist, Frederik Rabe, of Bergen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says the Politiken: On April 29, the Danish royal family, the king, the queen, Prince Harald and Prince Gustav, Princess Dagmar and Princess Thyra made their entry in grand style. They came on a special train from Copenhagen and were received with royal honors. Troops paraded outside the railway station and outside the palace and the street from the station to the palace was freely decorated with Norwegian and Danish flags. The meeting between King Haakon and his parents was most cordial. This was the first visit of the Danish king and queen to Norway since their son became ruler of Norway. The stay only lasted three days. The presence of such distinguished guests was naturally a cause for a series of entertainments in the Norwegian capital. At the palace a dinner was given in the evening for a rather exclusive company and on Wednesday night a special performance was given at the National theater, when an Ibsen "Peer Gynt" performance was rendered and when [illegible] music was played. The royal family returned to Copenhagen May 6, after enjoying an unusually pleasant visit with the royal son in Norway.

The first tourists of the season arrived in Copenhagen May 3. They were from Germany and will, after spending a fortnight or more in Denmark, make an extensive tour in Sweden and Norway.

MARION E. NOBELIUS.

ENDS FIGHT FOR MILLIONS

Minnesota Supreme Court Settles Appleby Will Case.

St. Paul, May 24.—The state supreme court has denied the petition of Dr. T. E. W. Villiers Appleby for a rehearing of the suit brought by him attacking the legality of the will of his wife, Cornelia Day Wilder Appleby. This ends, so far as the state courts are concerned, the litigation in which the Wilder millions have been involved four years. There were three wills and each of them has been in turn upheld by the supreme court of the state.

The only litigation which now stands in the way of putting into active operation the Amherst H. Wilder charity is the case pending in the federal court in which the California relatives of Mrs. Wilder seek to have her will set aside. The claims of these California relatives have been passed upon adversely by the state supreme court and in view of the decision in the case of Mrs. Appleby's will they may decide to drop the case in the federal court. If this is done the trustees of the charity will then be in a position to proceed to carry out the intentions of Mrs. Wilder and Mrs. Appleby in maintaining the charity for the deserving poor of St. Paul.

The property involved in the litigation, which ultimately will be turned over to the Amherst H. Wilder charity for the worthy poor of St. Paul, amounts to at least $2,500,000.

JOHNSON WAS MURDERED

Partner of Minnesota Man Suspected of the Crime.

Bemidji, Minn., May 23.—"We, the jury, find that John Johnson came to his death by being shot through the head with a shotgun in the hands of a person to the jury unknown."

This was the verdict rendered by the coroner's jury in the case of John Johnson, whose body was found in a badly decomposed state in Gull lake last Thursday.

The postmortem developed that Johnson had been shot with a twelve-gauge shotgun, the charge entering below the left eye, lodging in the brain.

In addition the skull had been broken in several places with a club or other instrument, there being a fracture above the upper teeth. The lower jaw also was broken.

The murder victim was an industrious, hard-working man. The fact that he was thrifty was his undoing. The $400 certificate of deposit representing his savings furnishes ample motive for the crime.

Suspicion naturally falls on his companion, Peter Mathiesen, who worked with him, and who represented that Johnson had gone to Crookston and would not return. Mathiesen has disappeared.

TRAGEDY IN MINNESOTA.

Threat to Kill Followed by Death of the Man Who Made It.

Deer River, Minn., May 22.—Allan Witt was shot and killed on a homestead near here by David Cochrane, a well known attorney of this city who was formerly judge of probate in Wright county. Cochrane is under arrest at Grand Rapids. He claims he killed Witt in self-defense.

The tragedy occurred at Fred Anderson's homestead, where Cochrane was staying. Witt, it is alleged, made threats against Cochrane, accusing him of persistent animosity and claiming that Cochrane and Anderson were in conspiracy to defraud him.

Witt went away and later returned while Anderson had gone to one side of his cabin for tobacco. Anderson, it is alleged, heard Witt say "I'll shoot the old ——" and then he heard the report of a rifle outside the cabin, followed by another detonation from inside the cabin. Cochrane had fired through the open door, the bullet hitting Witt in the heart. The bullet from Witt's rifle passed through one of the windows of the cabin.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS CASE

Body Found on Lake Superior Beach at Duluth.

Duluth, May 28.—Mystery surrounds the fate of Mary Pierce, at least that is supposed to be her name, for she left a letter addressed to Gertrude Pierce, supposedly her sister, which was in the little handbag found near the body in the waters of Lake Superior near Seventieth avenue east by a stroller on the beach. It appears that she was not a Duluth woman and where her home was has not been established.

The once handsome face was severely bruised and the question arises did the young woman commit suicide or was she the victim of foul play, and the letter a blind to lead the authorities to believe that it was a case of suicide.

BIG BODY OF BESSEMER ORE

Deposit of Ten Million Tons Located Near Hibbing, Minn.

Duluth, May 23.—At a distance of two and a half miles southwest of Hibbing A. B. Coates of Virginia and A. M. Miller, Jr., of Duluth have shown up what is described as the largest Bessemer ore body that has been found in several years on the Mesaba range. The deposit is estimated at 10,000,000 tons.

A good find of iron ore is also reported to have been made in the Pine Island property in Lake Vermilion, on the Vermilion range, under a state lease owned by W. A. Holgate and Hutch Bevier of Duluth. The ore was discovered by a short drill and it is said a shaft will be sunk on the strength of the showing.

BABY IS RECOVERED

Infant Kidnapped at Minneapolis Located at Superior.

IN MEMORY OF HER DEAD

Monument Erected at Vicksburg by the State of Minnesota Formally Dedicated.

Minneapolis, May 28.—"Thank God my little baby is safe!"

With these words, spoken softly and gently, Mrs. Erwin Glaque clasped to her breast the week-old baby girl which had been taken from her by the child's nurse last Thursday. The nurse was arrested at Superior and was brought back to Minneapolis on the same train with the child. The baby was returned to the mother by Erwin Glaque, the father, who had been foremost in the search for the missing little one.

The nurse refuses to give any motive for abducting the child, but declares she never intended to kill it.

IN HONOR OF HER DEAD.

State of Minnesota Erects Monument at Vicksburg.

Vicksburg, Miss., May 25.—The handsome obelisk that stands as Minnesota's memorial in the National park here was dedicated in the presence of Governor Johnson of Minnesota and Governor Vardaman of Mississippi, representatives of the national government and officials of various states. Weather conditions were perfect and a large assemblage witnessed the ceremonies.

Addresses were made by Governors Vardaman and Johnson, General A. E. Carman, who represented the secretary of war, and General Lucius Hubbard, former governor of Minnesota.

The bronze figure of "Peace" at the foot of the monument was unveiled by Mrs. John A. Johnson, wife of the governor of Minnesota, and Miss Aletha Vardaman, daughter of Governor Vardaman. Patriotic songs were sung by the school children of Vicksburg and a national salute was fired by the Warden light artillery of this city when the monument was unveiled.

The monument is of Southern granite, erected at a cost of $25,000. It is the conception of William Couper of New York.

FILE FORMAL COMPLAINT.

Independent Dealers After the Standard Oil Company.

St. Paul, May 23.—The independent oil companies operating in Minnesota are on the trail of the Standard Oil company. The annulment of the Standard's license is the goal.

Following up their verbal complaint of last week the Bartles Oil company, the Pennsylvania Oil and Supply company and the Cornplanter Oil company, all having offices in St. Paul, have filed formal charges with Secretary of State Schmahl alleging discrimination.

The charge is that the Standard is violating the Hinton anti-discrimination law passed by the last legislature.

Briefly, the three independent concerns offer evidence to show that the Standard, in an effort to crush competition, is selling oil at a loss in Minneapolis and St. Paul, receiving only 7½ cents per gallon for it, while in the country, notably St. James, Fairmont and Welcome, where the Standard has comparatively no competition, 10¼ cents per gallon is demanded and obtained for the same quality of oil.

OIL TRUST CASE ARGUED.

Court of Appeals Will Hand Down Decision Later.

St. Paul, May 25.—The first round in the legal battle between the United States government and the Standard Oil company has ended and the judges of the United States circuit court of appeals have taken under advisement the bill of exceptions filed by the trust. It took but four hours for the opposing attorneys to present their arguments. When the judges will hand down their decision is not known.

The only question argued was whether the government be allowed to bring into evidence any acts of the Rockefellers and their associates prior to 1899, when the Standard Oil company was incorporated.

ENGINE HITS AN AUTO.

Minneapolis Man Killed and Two Other Persons Injured.

Los Angeles, May 28.—As the result of a collision between a heavy touring car and the engine of the Santa Fe limited, Walter Foster of Minneapolis, a guest of the Alexandria, is dead; Miss Genevieve Hart, his companion on the ride, is unconscious and seriously injured, and Carl Wold, the chauffeur, is in a Pasadena hospital with a broken [illegible] and other severe injuries.

Foster arrived in this city two days ago and little can be learned of his connections. The young woman is a resident of Los Angeles.

Ice Delays Log Moving.

Ely, Minn., May 23.—Swallow & Hopkins have been engaged the past few days blasting a channel in the ice of Fall lake to get logs to their mills, which they are anxious to put in commission for the season. The company encountered seventeen inches of solid ice and is making slow progress.

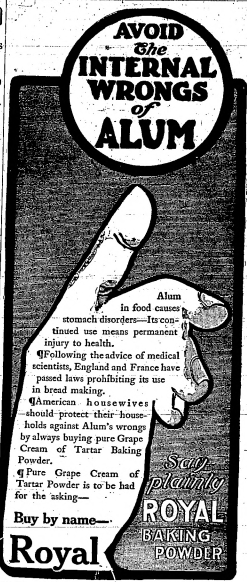

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Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE [illegible] $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months, Knife Sent Postpaid FREE [illegible] $1.40

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A DOCTOR'S DILEMMA.

The Way Aid Came to Him at a Critical Moment.

In "Some Professional Reminiscences," by Dr. George F. Shrady of New York in the Journal of the American Medical Association, the author relates the following experience in his early career:

After finishing my hospital interneship and imagining that I was well prepared for the practice of the noble art, I was summoned to a sick child in a tenement. The little one was lying in a cradle, playing quite unconcernedly with a rag doll. "Not very sick," I thought, "but what can be the matter with her?" I certainly had never seen the like symptoms before. There was a general spotted eruption over her face and other exposed places, a rasping cough, bleared, lachrymose eyes and a profuse coryza. Not smallpox, I was sure, nor its reputed relation, as I had seen much of both.

An ex-house surgeon of New York hospital must not be worsted by such a case as this. "There is one thing," said I to myself; "she is not going to die in any event." Just then the grandmother of the child came from a washtub in an adjoining corner of the room and seriously added to my embarrassment by squarely and rather disrespectfully, I thought, plumping out the question, "Docther, what is the mather with the choild?"

For protection I gathered my consciousness within myself, dropped my countenance curtain and unconcerned manner, while I took out my prescription book and pretended to be writing. I found it very convenient at that time not to hear her question. Still she stood there defiantly, with her arms akimbo, with smell of suds and look of scorn, and repeated her patronizingly insistent demand. No washerwoman had ever dared to do so before.

It was nevertheless trimming to a cross sea with set sails and a gathering storm. After all, she was only repeating my query. There was one other in that room that looked for the answer more eagerly than she could imagine. To gain time he took refuge in dazed and abstracted thought, adjusted his stethoscope and mutely motioned the clamorous interloper to be silent.

The bared chest showed more spots. The patient cried in fear, and due time was consumed in quieting her. The responsibility of the situation became more and more oppressive. The sonorous grunts of my critic overwhelmed any possible abnormal ausculatory signs. The only urgent thing was the diagnosis. The last resource was in subterfuge and hypocrisy—anything but a humiliating acknowledgment of ignorance.

Again, "Docther, why don't you tell me what is the mather with the choild?"

"Oh, yes," said I. "The fact is you would not understand it if I gave the name of the disease. The Latin term is conjunctivitis, and of course that would mean nothing to you."

Her supercilious and incredulous smile I shall never forget. Her rejoinder was electric. A new light dispelled the fog. "And is that the Latin name for measles?" said she.

I could have hugged the woman, suds and all, but my studied professional reserve came to my relief. "No, not the name for the measles, but I thought you wanted to know what ailed her eyes." Still the old woman unconsciously saved me from utter defeat and gave me my first clinical demonstration of the disease. Since then it has always been my religious duty to treat the grandmother in the sickroom with becoming consideration.

Old Inns of Old England.

Those who learn history from stones, those who travel to read the long account of races and nations in the time scarred buildings of the past, will find in old inns one quality possessed in the same degree by no other remains of antiquity. They will find broad human nature. Cathedrals will give you the history of the priest, castles and manors the story of the nobles and cities the record of the guildsman and merchant. But it is at the wayside inn that all meet together. It is there, at the comfortable hostelry, that each, for a time, throws aside his calling and jostles with his neighbor as a wayfarer. Inns have never been renowned for stiff neckedness. It has ever been their pride to hold out welcoming arms to all who can pay their way, whatever their character or creed, and indeed they must run the risk of being cheated by those who have not a groat. They must find a room for the king, if need be, and a shelter for the polite stranger who nightly cuts purses on the king's highway. The runaway couple must be worthily refreshed, and while their smoking horses are led into the galleried courtyard, and within an hour mine host must screw up his face for a welcome to those who post in hot pursuit.—Indoors and Out.

Some Shots at "Haste."

Hurry usually leads to error. The motto of Baron Plunket was "Hasten slowly." Churchill said, "The more haste ever the worst speed." Boileau, "Hasten slowly and without losing heart put your work twenty times upon the anvil." "Haste maketh waste," said Heywood. "I am always in haste, but never in a hurry," is from John Wesley. Richard III. mumbled, "Sweet flowers are slow and weeds make haste." He would have made a successful farmer. This is Seneca, "Haste trips up its own heels, fetters and stops itself." Tennyson, "Raw haste, half sister to delay."

Life for delays and doubts no time does give;
None ever yet made haste enough to live.

That bright couplet was written by Cowley. Listen to Bulwer-Lytton:

Business dispatched is business well done,
But business hurried is business ill done.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts Acres	Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	23	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	68	50
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37	87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40	
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52	71
Lot 2	29	153	42	38	97
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	42	640	
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	158	18
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81	63
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼, NE¼ SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	250	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43	52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165	26
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319	77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	10	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160	
E½	20	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80	
W½ NE¼	36	151	44	80	

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 344 made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and *Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston*, Minn., on July 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Christian Nygard, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Alonzo B. George, " " "
Arthur B. George, " " "
John C. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 23 june 27

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Simon Opsahl. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Simon Opsahl, decedent. The State of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, father, Mathea Opsahl, mother, Gunda Opsahl, sister, Even Opsahl, brother, Peter Opsahl, brother, Ole Opsahl, brother, and Mathilde Opsahl, sister, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent:

The petition of Knudt Opsahl having been filed in this court, representing that Simon Opsahl, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 26th day of April, 1907, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Knudt Opsahl and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition;

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate court rooms in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 10th day of May, 1907.

By the Court.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL

N. B. Hanson,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Barnesville, Minnesota.

may 16 june 6

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Forsum of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1950 made April 18, 1902, for the lots 1 & 2 sec. 19 T. 155 N., R. 40 W., SE¼ NE¼ and NE¼ SE¼ Section 24, Township 155 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Matthias G. Skogstad, of Germantown, Minn.
Arne Blikstad, " " "
Martin Bakken, " " "
T. S. Moen, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 16 june 20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 28, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H E. No. 8621 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.,
Emanuel Andin, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "
Edward Larson. " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE.
Register.

may 9 june 13

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vingenstad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 967 made Nov. 29 1904, for the SW¼ Section 9, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 9th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole E. Wiseth, of Germantown, Minn
Peter O. Brevik, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
George Wold, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 23 to june 27

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 346 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N, Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olof Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 25 may 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr 22, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Knutson, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 324 made June 27, 1904, for the S. W.¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.
John O'Donnell, " " "
Jacob Vad, " " "
Engebret Vad, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr 25 june 6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 313 made June 25, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Engebret Vad of Germantown, Minn
Harry Halvorson " " "
Nels Knutson " " "
Knut Bagaas " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 2 june 6

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Halvorson of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 314 made June 25, 1904, for the NW¼ Section 13, township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn on June 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn
Engebret Vad " " "
Nels Knutson " " "
Knut Bagaas " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 2 june 6

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to THIEF RIVER FALLS Tuesday, May 28th, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

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Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.

Phone No. 235.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

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Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

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Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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Hotel Ogahmah

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on May, 20, 1907
Date of Call by Supt. May 23 '07
Date of Report by Bank May 25 '07.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$109,236 73
Overdrafts		342 12
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800 00
Other real estate		2,556 56
Due from banks	35,510 98	
Checks and Cash Items	1,820 14	
Cash on Hand, items below	8,274 92	
Currency	5,715	
Gold	1,610	
Silver	780 75	
Other	169 17	
Total Cash Assets	45,606 04	45,606 04
Total		159,541 45
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		1,599 84
Dividends Unpaid	100	
Deposits subject to check	65,671 83	
Demand certificates	7,223 59	
Due to Banks	673 40	
Total immediate liabilities	73,667 83	
Time certificates	72,273 79	
Total deposits	145,941 61	145,941 61
Total		159,541 45

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, H. G. Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of May, 1907. L. G. Browning, [SEAL.]
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Feb. 18, 1908.

ATTEST: (TWO) DIRECTORS. L. M. HOAG. CHAS. A. ROBBECKE.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the Disrict Court of the Unied States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Joseph Lizotte, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. (No.847)

To the honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

Joseph Lizotte, of Town of Louisville, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents, that on the 16th day of October, last past he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all of his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated November 16, 1906.

his
Joseph (X) Lizotte.
mark
Bankrupt.

Wm. P. Murphy,
Attorney for Bankrupt
Crookston, Minnesota.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 23rd day of May, A. D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at St. Paul, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1907.

Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
By L. A. Levorsen, Deputy Clerk.
SEAL OF THE COURT

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Algot M. Edstrom, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

Algot M. Edstrom, of Hazel, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 30th day of March, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Act of Congress relating to bankruptcy, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said act and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all his debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt act, except such debts as are excepted by law from discharge.

Dated January 30, A. D. 1907.

Algot M. Edstrom,
Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota Sixth Division, ss.

On this 23rd day of May A. D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1907., before said Court, at St. Paul, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the honorable Page Morris Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1907.

Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
By L. A. Levorsen, Deputy Clerk.
SEAL OF THE COURT

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Street Names in City of Mexico.

The street nomenclature in the City of Mexico is even more puzzling than that in New Orleans. Each block has a different name. Following the same street, you successively go through the streets of St. Augustine, of the Angel, of the Holy Ghost, of St. Joseph, etc. From the street of the Rats you pass to the street of the Crosses; from the street of the Gate of Heaven to that of the Love of God. Every shop also has a special name, as was the custom formerly in Europe. I regret that I did not jot down many curious ones. I only remember a "pulque" drinking shop called Los Perros (the Dogs), thus plainly telling the frequenters what they are going to. Another "pulqueria," directly opposite a church, calls itself boldly El Castillo del Diablo (the Castle of the Devil). Another is San Lunes (St. Monday). The Mexican workman always celebrates Monday as a day of rest and dissipation. He will work on Sunday, but not on Monday.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Tin Filled Teeth.

"Do you know that tooth is filled with tin?" asked the dentist, tapping one of his patient's molars with his little pick.

"Indeed I do. That was filled years ago by a country dentist, and it is the best filling I have ever had put in a tooth."

"Of course it is. It is a pity more people do not know that fact. The only trouble is that tin is so hard to manipulate it costs more than gold filling, and people will not pay the price for anything which sounds so cheap as tin. I have one customer, though, who is educated. He is a Wall street broker, and he will not let me put any other kind of filling into his teeth except tin. He pays me $20 an hour and lets me take all the time that is necessary. It is not so expensive as it seems at first, however, for once in a tin filling never has to be renewed, whereas gold often does."—New York Press.

The Boat For the Missouri.

The eccentric and variable Missouri river has "a personal friend" in George Fitch, who declares in the American Magazine that the stream is navigable enough if only the steamboats would conform to its peculiarities. "The Missouri river steamboat," says Mr. Fitch, "should be shallow, lithe, deep chested and exceedingly strong in the stern wheel. It should be hinged in the middle and should be fitted with a suction dredge, so that when it cannot climb over a sand bar it can assimilate it. The Missouri river steamboat should be able to make use of a channel, but should not have to depend upon it. A steamer that cannot on occasion climb a steep clay bank, go across a cornfield and corner a river that is trying to get away has little excuse for trying to navigate the Missouri."

The Oldest Book.

The oldest book in the world to which a positive date can be assigned is an assortment of proverbs somewhat after the style of the proverbs collected by Solomon. The work is accredited to Ptah-hotep, an Egyptian king, and Egyptologists assign to it an antiquity of at least 300 B. C. Abraham was called to leave his home in Ur of the Chaldees 1921 B. C., so that this volume was written 1,100 years before the beginning of Jewish history. The deluge is placed by most chronologists at B. C. 2348, so the book, if its dating is correct, must have been written before the flood. Methuselah was born B. C. 3317, so that this papyrus was prepared and these proverbs were collected when the oldest man on record was a lively young fellow of 300 years.

She Got Wise.

A Laramie woman went to the theater the other night with some friends, but when they were seated she was separated from her friends by a man and woman who seemed to pay no attention to each other. The woman figured out that if the two people would sit over a seat she could sit with her friends. Bracing up her nerve, she said sweetly to the man, "Beg pardon, are you here alone?" The man stared at the curtain as if he were drawing a salary for it. "I beg pardon," the woman said a little louder, "are you alone?" "Get wise," whispered the man hoarsely through the extreme corner of his mouth; "this is my wife."—Laramie Boomerang.

South American Oil Birds.

One of the animal curiosities of South America is the "oil bird," or guacharo. It breeds in rocky caves on the mainland, and one of its favorite haunts is the island of Trinidad. It lays its eggs in a nest made of mud, and the young birds are prodigiously fat. The natives melt the fat down in clay pots and produce from it a kind of butter. The caves inhabited by the birds are usually accessible only from the sea, and the hunting of them is sometimes an exciting sport.

Poor Bird!

The foolish man approached the wonderful goose that laid the golden eggs.

"Old bird," ejaculated the foolish man, "I think your time has come. Golden eggs are no longer popular. Why can't you lay gold bricks?"

"Because, master," replied the goose, "I don't belong to the bricklayers' union."

And then the ax fell.—Chicago News.

When She Listens.

"Poor Henpeck! Every time he starts to say anything his wife stops him."

"Not always. He has a habit of talking in his sleep, and when he does that she just listens breathlessly."—Philadelphia Press.

John Gund Brewing Peerless La Crosse
John Gund Brewing Peerless La Crosse
DILG AGENCY

The Harvest Fields of the Northwest

Grow the richest barley crop in the world, and barley, remember, is a substantial food—a standard cereal (like wheat and oats and rye). It is the foundation and back bone of

Gund's Peerless Beer

Pure, natural juices of the barley and hops are combined by the famous **"Gund Natural Process"** into a fermented malt beer, whose fine fragrance and rich strengthening food qualities won for it the diploma of **highest excellence** at Paris, 1900, and for commanding superiority at St. Louis Exposition, 1904.

"Beer is liquid bread." This is an ancient German saying and is true in the most **literal** sense of **"Peerless."** Try it and see. It will quench your thirst, give you strength, promote digestion, satisfy your palate and enrich your blood. Sparkling, wholesome, snappy and delicious.

Bottled at brewery only. Sold everywhere. A favorite home beer. Send in a trial order for a case delivered at your door. Telephone, write or call. Ask for it at places of public resort if you want **something better** than common brews.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. - - LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minn.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May. 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Syver L. Solberg of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 118 made 22nd June 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Section 12 Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Bernard Knutson, of Thorwick, Minn
Ludvig Larson, " " "
Peder Flo, " " "
Tor Gunderson, " " "

may 30 july 4 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tonnes Michaelson of Thorwick Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made 23d January 1901, for the N. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz

Peter Michaelson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness " " "
Gunder Gunderson, " " "
Gjermund J. Rosta, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
may 30 july 4 Register

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Peter E. Berg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. 138 R L S made June [illegible] for the N. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz

Andrew [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. [illegible] of " "
Peter A. [illegible] of " "
Lars Hanson, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
may 30 july 4 Register

Soo Line

ON SALE
JUNE 1st
From Twin Cities

	One way	Round trip
Albany, N. Y.	$20.00	$31.50
Boston, Mass.	21.00	33.00
Montreal Que.	19.00	31.50
New York, N. Y.	20.00	
Ogdensburg N. Y.	19.00	30.05
Ottawa, Ont.	19.00	30.05
Quebec, Que.	19.00	36.50
Toronto, Ont.	19.00	26.00

Other Points in Proportion.
Write for particulars to
W. R. CALLAWAY.
General Passenger Agent
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

For Sale Cheap
New Ditching Machine
For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway
Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1907 NUMBER 23

Historical Society

DROWNED IN THE RIVER

Farmer Living North of the City Drowned Saturday Night.

Was Attempting to Cross the Thief River in Row Boat.

Andrew Guterud, a farmer living north of town about seven miles, was drowned Saturday evening. He had spent the day at Mike Johnson's, on the west side of the river and about midnight he left for his home. Mr. Johnson accompanied Mr. Guterud as far as the river where the latter got into a row boat to go across the river to his home. Johnson held his lantern for Guterud, there being quite a strong current in the river at this point, and there are also a number of rocks. He heard no outcry from Guterud, but thought that he heard him fall into the water. After hollering several times and getting no reply, he arrived to the conclusion that Guterud's boat had upset. Work of endeavoring to find Guterud's body was at once commenced, but not until 5 o'clock Sunday morning could the body be found. There is not much more than three feet of water in the river at any point along where the body was found and the supposition is that the boat was capsized by striking on a rock and that in being thrown out of the boat, Guterud was knocked senseless by the fall.

The deceased leaves a widow and several small children. He was about 37 years of age.

Died Sunday.

Hans Prestebak, proprietor of the Park hotel, died Sunday afternoon after an illness of about two weeks of brain fever. The body was taken Tuesday morning to Oslo for burial. The deceased was 48 years of age and had been a resident of this city about three years. During his stay here he made many friends.

LOCAL TEAM WON.

Defeated Red Lake Falls by a Score of 6 to 3 last Sunday.

The Thief River Falls base ball club defeated the club from Red Lake Falls by a score of 6 to 3. Both cities have strong teams, but the wind was blowing quite hard and it was not to be expected that good ball playing could result. Quite a number of people witnessed the game.

A TRIP OF INSPECTION

Great Northern Officials Up to Greenbush the First of the Week.

Again Rumored that Road Is to Be Completed Through to Warroad.

The rumor to the effect that the Great Northern is going to complete the line from Greenbush to Warroad has been revived again. The grading was all completed over a year ago, but owing to the fact that no steel was laid, the grade in many places has been washed away.

Sunday afternoon a party of high officials of the Great Northern, consisting of Vice President McGuigan, General Manager Ward, Supt. Lowry and others made a trip up to Greenbush, returning Monday morning. While these officials announced that they were simply on a trip of inspection, many believe that the trip will result in an order for the steel train to go to Greenbush and complete the work through to Warroad. The officials themselves stated that the steel would be laid—sometime—but just when is a question that has troubled the residents of Roseau county for a long while.

John Cyr was down to Plummer last week.

SALARY IS NOW $2000.

Postmaster Kratka Receives Notice of an Increase in Salary.

Thief River Falls Postoffice Now a Second Class Office.

Postmaster Kratka received an official letter from the postmaster general on Monday informing him that the Thief River Falls postoffice had been raised to the second class and that the salary of the postmaster had been increased to $2,000 per year. The deputy postmaster will receive a salary of $1,000 a year in the future and the clerk hire for other employes in the office has been increased.

This does not come as a surprise to the local postmaster as the receipts of the office for the past year entitled this city to enter the second class list.

Next year it is expected that the receipts of the office will so increase that the residents of the city will be entitled to free mail delivery within the city.

SIX THIRDS.

Local Lodge of Masons Worked Under Dispensation Monday.

Working under dispensation from the Grand Lodge, the local lodge of Masons on Monday evening gave the third degree to six candidates. Under the rules of Masonery, only five candidates can be given the third degree at any one meeting, and therefore the meeting of Monday evening is considered an important one. There were quite a number of visiting Masons present, the largest delegation coming over from Warren.

After the ceremonies of the lodge, a social session was indulged in which was greatly enjoyed by all present.

The local lodge of Masons is one of the strongest orders in the city, and new members are being taken in at nearly every meeting.

THE CLASS OF 1907

Graduating Exercises Held Last Week and Were Entertaining.

Three Young Ladies and Two Young Men Graduate.

The class day and graduating exercises of the local high school were held on the evenings of Thursday and Friday of last week, in the Evenson hall. The stage was tastefully decorated on both occasions with palms, flags and class colors and the hall proved unable to accomodate more than half the number of persons seeking admission. Of the class day exercises, the class history, the prophecy and the will were the most interesting. According to the terms of the will a large mission clock, which occupied a prominent position on the platform, was bequeathed to the school by the graduating class of this year. This handsome timepiece cost the class $45 and is a most suitable memorial of this class's connection with the high school.

Friday evening was devoted exclusively to the graduating ceremonies. The class of 1907 consisted of Clara Blanchard Nina Horton, Mary Caldwell, William Prichard and Roland Blanchard, all of whom acquitted themselves with the greatest degree of credit in their several essays and orations. Music was furnished by the high school chorus, the mandolin club and local musicians. The president of the board of education, Mr. Lars Bakke, with a few fitting remarks presented the class with the coveted sheepskins. The students who thus leave the school permanently were the recipients of many compliments on the charater and success of two entertainments inwhich they took so prominent a part.

HAS A BIG STICK.

Postoffice Department Takes a Hand in Plummer Fight.

According to the Plummer Pioneer, Postmaster Latta now has the business men and others of Plummer who have been boycotting his office at a disadvantage. The Pioneer says.

Residents of Plummer, who have been boycotting the Plummer postoffice since April 1st, were a little surprised last Saturday evening when their mail was refused by the railway mail clerk. They presented their letters at the train as usual but were informed that the Department had issued orders to the clerks to accept no out side mail at this point.

Mail clerks on the Soo line running west from Thief River Falls say that this order, if it has been issued, is something new in the postal department. They say that it frequently happens that a postmaster is boycotted by residents of different towns, but never to their knowledge has any attempt been made before to prevent people from mailing letters on the train. And further they do not understand just how an order of this kind could be carried out. When the door of the mail car is opened to throw off or take on mail sacks, there is nothing to prevent a person standing on the depot platform from throwing on a bundle of letters and the mail clerk would have no right to throw these letters off the train again.

GOOD STATEMENT.

Statement of Creamery for Month of April a Good One.

The following is the statement of the Thief River Falls creamery for the month of April.

Amount of cream received, 23,289 pounds.

Amount of butter fat, 6,213.90 pounds.

Average test, 26.68.

Price paid for butter fat, 29 cents.

RECEIPTS		
Balance from March		$ 9.45
Butter shipped		1733.22
Sales at Creamery:		
Butter	$191.83	
Cream	47.30	
Butter milk	37.85	
Sweet milk	7.40	
Other	50	
Total	284.88	284.88
Shares sold		25.00
Deficit		1.03
Total		2053.58
DISBURSEMENTS		
Paid patrons		1790.57
Paid into expense fund		202.16
Paid into sinking fund		60.85
Total		2053.58

Those who drew checks for $40 or over were:

P. Engelstad	$65.98
Rasmus Oen	52.50
Lars Hanson	41.41
C. Christenson	47.97
Soren Sorenson	57.00

Mr. Engelstad, the secretary of the association informs us that the Month of May will show a large increase.

Married Tuesday.

On Tuesday, Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingman officiating, occured the marriage of Miss Winnie Herron to H. B. Purdy. The bride is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Herron and a young lady held in high esteem in this city. The groom is one of the popular engineers on the Soo line who has been running out of Thief River Falls for a few years. They left Tuesday for the Twin Cities to spend a few weeks

MR. MARK IS ABSENT.

Man Well Known in Thief River Falls Mysteriously Disappears.

Was Last Seen in Minneapolis May 25 and May Have Skipped.

The following item regarding Hon. Emmett Mark will be of interest to residents of Thief River Falls as Mr. Mark was in business here a few years ago, being the proprietor of the Eagle Clothing store at that time:

Princeton, Minn., June 3.—Hon. Emmett Mark of this city is missing, and with him is $2,500 belonging to August Rines. Mark is well known all over this section of the state, as a dealer in horses and cattle, and his monthly sales have been famous. Recently he tried the experiment of holding sales in the northern section of the state, holding one at Aitkin, another at Carlton and the third in Duluth. He was backed financially by August Rines of this village. After the Duluth sale there were a number of animals left, and as Rines wanted to close up the deal Mark took them to St. Paul and sold them. As a result of the sales he had about $2,500 belonging to Rines. When last seen he was in Minneapolis and boarded a train for home. On this train happened to be the sheriff of Mille Lacs county, and Mark is supposed to have seen him and jumped off the car. This is the last seen of him, although the authorities have been trying to locate him. Mark represented this district in the legislature for two sessions, and formerly lived in St. Cloud. It is possible that he met with foul play, as it seems strange that he should abscond with so small an amount of money. His property in Princeton is considered sufficient to make the loss good to Rines.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.
Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

The ice did not go out in the Lake of the Woods this year until the 1st of June, the latest date of record.

ANXIOUS TO GO TO LAW

Red Lake Falls Wants to Get Into Court in a Rush.

Served County Auditor With Restraining Order on Monday.

The Red Lake Falls attorneys appear to be very anxious to get the county seat matter in the courts again and just now they are a little premature. On Monday they secured a temporary restraining order from Judge Watts to prevent County Auditor O'Brien from calling the board of county commissioners together to consider the *new county seat* removal petition on the grounds that there was another petition in existence. The order is made returnable on Friday of this week. As the new county seat petition was not filed with Auditor O'Brien at the time application and service of the restraining order was made, it is hard to see where Red Lake Falls is at.

It is to be expected that Red Lake Falls will keep the matter in the courts for a few years, and cause as much delay as possible, but some day the people of the county are going to be allowed to vote upon the proposition and when that day arrives it will be a sorry one for Red Lake Falls. County Auditor O'Brien has been provided with a time lock safe by the people of Thief River Falls and when the new petition is filed it will be kept in this safe so that if Red Lake Falls expects to win this time it will not be by stealing the petition.

THREAD GOES UP.

Consumers Will Have to Pay 6 cents a Spool in the Future.

All of the retail dry goods merchants have raised the price of spool cotton from 5 cents per spool to 6 cents. To the average person this may look like a very small thing, but throughout the nation it will mean each year a vast amount added to the revenue of the spool cotton trust.

The raise is the result of a circular received from the spool cotton company, better known as the English thread trust, which has been sent to all merchants notifying them that all kinds of spool cotton has been advanced in wholesale price from 55 cents per dozen to 67 cents per dozen. Even at the advance which the retailers are now compelled to make, they will receive less than ½ cent profit on each spool of thread. This too, with the advanced cost of running a business which is about double what it was in former years. Two years ago this thread cost the merchant only 45 cents per dozen and this makes an advance of 50 per cent in the past two years.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
MERCHANTS OF GOOD CLOTHES.

Spring Furnishings.

Great preparations have been made in our furnishing department.

THE NEW SOFT HAT comes in some very swell shapes and shades, and then there our new colors in gloves and neckwear.

FANCY WAIST COATS are increasingly popular this and we are showing some novel designs in exclusive patterns from $1.25 to $3.50.

FANCY SHIRTS, with or without collars, cuffs seperate or attached, some superb effects, $2.50, $1.50, $1, 75c or 50c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR, a word to you on underwear: Balbriggans, 50c and 25c; as to the union question, "Staley's" and "Metropolitan" $3, $2.50, $1.50 and 1.00.

The Golden Rule Clothing Dept.

Everything from Head to Foot.

The Home of H. S. & M. Suits. *The Home of the Crossett Shoes.*

1906 Taxes

Having complete lists of the real estate and personal property taxes in the towns of Numedal, Norden, North, Sanders and Roxbury, in Red Lake county, and the eastern end of Marshall county, including New Solum and Holt, we are prepared to accept payment of such taxes at our bank, thereby saving the taxpayer the trouble of writing or going in person to the county seat.

We shall be pleased to get a chance to serve you in this matter.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

B. P. Hviding, of Anton, was the city Monday.

Mrs. J. C. Conrad is visiting friends in Wisconsin.

Call for orcherade, its pure and delicious everywhere 5c.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis again last Friday.

Dennis Cavanaugh was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Hon. H. A. Rider, of Little Falls, was in the city the first of the week.

E. J. Morrisey was down to Erskine the first of the week on business.

Mrs. Olaf Ramstad left Saturday for Ada to visit friends for a few days.

Drink orcherade a pure fruit drink at all confectioners and fountains 5c.

Miss Lillian Mussey left Monday for Glyndon to visit friends for a few weeks.

Mrs. William Knight and children left Monday for Fergus Falls to visit relatives.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

Postmaster Hjertos and wife, of Middle River, were in the city the first of the week.

Wanted—A boy about 12 years of age to work by the month at the Lang Greenhouse.

Miss Linda Robbecke left Saturday evening for Stillwater to visit friends for several days.

Sheriff Nelson and family were up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. Miller, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. C. J. Knox, left Monday for Royston.

The Ladies Aid of Synod church will meet with Mrs. Nels Nelson on Thursday, the 13th of June.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office Over Citizens State Bank.
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Attorney E. M. Stanton is at Grand Rapids this week attending the term of court for Itasca county.

Miss Brown returned to this city, last week, having closed a successful term of school at Greenbush.

Thomas Germo and wife and Miss Laura B. Wilson, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city Monday.

Rev. Anton L. Larson arrived here the first of the week and will remain here permanently in the future.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

R. White and M. E. Collins, homesteaders in the town of Goodridge, transacted business in the city this week.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning and evening. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahl.

D. P. O'Neill and son, Ernie, left Monday for Lockhart. The latter will remain there until school begins next fall.

Owing to the fact that I am soon to leave the city, I will sell my team of horses and harness for $30. Rev. P. E. Ross.

Attorney W. A. McIntyre, of Langdon, N. D., formerly located at Red Lake Falls, was in the city yesterday visiting P. W. Mabey.

Mrs. Martin M[illegible], of Crookston, who had been in the visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Sweaas, returned home Thursday.

Hereafter the general delivery window at the postoffice will be open on Sundays and legal holidays from 12 to 1 instead of 10.30 to 11.30.

For sale—Five lots must sell, price two thousand five hundred (2,500) address Mrs. John Moylan, 1[illegible] Clapp St. Arleta Oregon.

George A. Ralph and Harry Grimmer, in the employ of the state drainage board, were in the city Monday being enroute to Roseau county.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

Ole O. Rye arrived in the city this week and will make this city his future home. He purchased the Carl Forseth residence of Alex A. Sweaas for $1,800.

James Bulman, Chris Porter and Dennie Le Sage left Monday evening for St. Cloud to attend the state firemen's convention being held at that place this week.

Robert Lee received a telegram Monday morning announcing the death of his sister at Glenwood. He left Tuesday morning over the Soo to attend the funeral.

In order to have an up town store, Mrs. Joseph Lang has rented the Joe Johnson building on LaBree avenue where she can be found with a full line of cut flowers any week day.

Dr. Archibald, now located at Breckenridge, was in the city the first of the week visiting friends here. He was enroute to the Canadian Northwest where he has some land interests.

Fr. Adolph left Tuesday evening for for his old home in Stearns county to spend a few days visiting at Farming where he officiated at the marriage of his neice to a young man down there.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Robbecke have announced the approaching marriage of their daughter, Linda Augusta, to Dr. G. W. Booren. The wedding will take place on Wednesday, June 26.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.

Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

John Craps, who was brought to this city from the town of Star last week to be examined for his sanity, was released as there was not sufficient evidence to prove that he was insane. His wife went back with him.

The Ladies Aid of the Trinity Congregation will have their spring sale at S. T. Johnson's place on LaBree ave., Monday evening June 10th. Ice cream, coffee and cake will be served. Doors open at p. m. Cordial invitation to all.

Pasture;—My pasture on the East Side will be open to receive stock on Monday June 3rd. Terms, $1 a month, strictly in advance. No Stock admitted that is not paid for. Send your $1 when you send your cow. M. C. Harlow.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls June 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

Rev. P. E. Ross, pastor of the German Lutheran church in this city, has accepted a call from a congregation in Detroit and will leave for his new field of labor in about two weeks. No one has been assigned to the church in this city as yet.

Johnson & Soll, two well known St. Hilaire saloon men, have rented the Duluth Brewing Company saloon property below the Remore Hotel on Third street. Both are old heads in the business, and will no doubt meet with merited patronage.—Bemidji News.

E. J. Regan, who for the past year or more has been road master on the Greenbush branch, has been transferred to Moorhead and will have charge of the road from Breckenridge to Crookston. John A. Gibson will be in charge of this branch in the future.

Rev. H. M. Green, of Crookston, was in the city last week, being enroute to the White Earth Reservation to assist in the examination and ordination of some Indians to the diaconate. Among those to be ordained was Rev. Mr. E. C. Kah-o Sed who was advanced to the Priesthood.

Some one who evidently knew the building well broke into O. J. Bloom's meat market Monday night and stole $1 in change from the money drawer. In going out of the building, the party fell into a large barrel of lard and Mr. Bloom believes that he could identify him if he ever sees him.

State Librarian John E. King, of this city, is in the south and east on an extended trip. Last week he attended the national congress of librarians at Ashville, North Carolina, and from there he proceeded to Washington, New York and other eastern cities. He expects to be away until about June 10, and from all reports is enjoying himself immensely.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Miss Clara Blanchard left Monday for Thompson, N. D., to spend the summer with an uncle.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

H. Fant returned to this city yesterday from Gand Forks. He reports that there will be some new developments in the telephone line in Thief River Falls in the near future.

C. J. Knox's pacing stallion, "Lockstep," has been entered in the races to take place at Winnipeg on July 13, and also in the races to take place at Grand Forks a week later. "Lockstep" is working every day on the track at Warren and is said to be in fine condition. He will be entered in a number of races this year and it is expected that he will make a record this season.

The big Whipple barn at Detroit burned last week. While the barn burned to the edge of the ground 14 horses left in the back part of the basement, were taken out alive after the fire. It was thought that the poor beasts must surely have been burned or suffocated and much surprise was occasioned when they were found to be alive and were turned loose.

No one is so independent as the farmer; he doesn't have to truckle; if he is insulted he can resent the insult without fear of loosing trade, and there is no earthly reason, with the improved farm machinery he now has in use why he should not have an eight-hour day and such leisure for reading and study as would soon make him one of the best informed men in any calling. Why shouldn't the farmer be all this and more? Surely he has the possibilities.

Michael Murphy, who for years traveled in this section of the state as collector for the International Harvester company, secured a verdict of $425 against Alfred Aamoth, of Twin Valley, at the late term of court of Norman county. For the past few years Mr. Murphy has been conducting a hotel at Twin Valley and was assaulted by Aamoth and another man named Andrew Engeseth. He brought a suit for damages against both parties. The case against Engeseth has not been tried yet.

State authorities are trying to figure out how to raise the money for transportation of prisoners to the Stillwater prison and the St. Cloud reformatory. The expense of prisoners' trips from the county jail is chargeable to the state, and two years ago an allowance of $12,000 a year was voted for the purpose. Diligent search of 1907 laws fails to disclose any appropriation for the purpose, for the next two years. The prisoners will have to be moved in some way, but the way has not yet been devised.

A fellow over in Hibbing was this week fined $15 and costs, amounting in all to $19.75, for shooting a robin. This is the highest penalty provided by the law covering despicable acts of this sort in the state, and every Justice of the Peace or Judge, when a case of this kind is brought before them, should follow the example of the Hibbing despenser of justice and give the cruel offender the full limit. As President Roosevelt might well say, a person who deliberately kills robins is "a very undesirable citizen."

A man whose name we need not mention, who recently came to St. Hilaire, is authority for the statement that there are a prime lot of knockers of both the town and country in this vicinity. He is of the opinion however that those who are knocking the hardest are people who have never been far from here and are totally unacquainted with conditions in other places and are also dissatisfied souls who will not be content this side of the world to come. He was also of the opinion that there were more real bargains in farm lands and village property here than at any point he ever struck.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Six thousand six hundred and nineteen acres of Beltrami county cut over lands were sold and transferred last week, the total consideration for the land being between $15,000 and $50,000, the owner of the lands and the buyer being both residents of Iowa. G. R. Whitmer, a resident of Sioux Falls, S. D., sold the land to M. C. Towne, who lives in Polk county, Iowa. All of the 6,619 acres lie in town 146, ranges 34 and 35, and are south and west of the village of Wilton, all being within a radius of fifteen miles of the city of Bemidji. The land is very desirable for farming purposes; considerable of it lies along the banks of the Mississippi river, and but little is of a swampy nature.

Henry Henderson, the well known large farmer of Halstad, and former county commissioner, was in Ada Monday paying taxes and greeting old friends. He is optomistic about the crop prospects and believes we will have everything coming our way this year and that we will have both good crops and good prices. The season is late, he says, but is early enough. He has examined his early sown grain and finds that while it has not grown much upwards it has been growing big long roots and this will tell at harvest time. What we need he says, is dry weather—the kind that will grow roots and not straw roots that can fill the wheat heads. So far we have had this weather.—Ada Index.

John Baker was in the city Monday visiting his brother, C. A. Baker.

Merrill Flesher left Monday evening for Iowa to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Allert were down to the twin cities the first of the week.

M. Bothum and wife left yesterday for their trip to Iowa and Michigan.

Attorney S. Cooke left yesterday for Ada to attend to legal business for a few days.

The young ladies sodality of the Catholic church will have an ice cream social next Wednesday evening, June, 12 in the old P. O. building on Main Avenue.

Married, June. 4th.

Harry B. Purdy to Miss Winnifred Agnes Herron, at 3:30 p.m. by Reverend Father Adolph, O. S. B. The bride was beautifully growned in white silk and carried bride's roses, her attendent, Miss Mae Herron also wore white and carried pink roses. The groom's best man was Mr. D. Sheedy, they wore the conventional black. An elaborate dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Herron. The house was beautifully decorated, American Beauty roses being used in the reception room, while the the colors in the dining room were green and white. White ribbons, entwined with smilax were suspended to the table. The flowers in the dining room were the fragrant carnation. Place cards with oil colors of the same flower, also bearing the name of the bride and groom were used and carried away by the guests as souveniers of the happy occasion. Misses Margaret McNiven and Celesta Caldwell assisted at the table. Many wedding gifts were received, both useful and handsome, cut glass, hand painted china and silver. The groom's gift to the bride was an elegant silver tea-service.

The guests at the wedding were Rev. Father Adolph, Messers and Mesdames John Meehan, J. J. Crowe, D. N. Winton, P. Soards, A. Brown, A. Langseth, L. Hanson, M. Conely, D. P. O'Neil, J. Roach, H. Fant, H. Fuller, R. Vroman, E. Vandervort, Mrs. C. Boortz, of Stevens Point, Wisconsin, grandmother of the bride, Misses E. Crowe, H. Holgeson, C. Brown, L. Brown, A. Soards, L. Soards, S. Wieber, D. Wieber, G. Meehan, B. Roach, A. Christienson, R. Moran, G. O'Neil. Messers Grey, Russell, Laremore, Beardsley, Turnbull, Adams, Roach, Blum, Dablow, Brush, Hanna, Meehan, Crowe and Poole.

Mr. Purdy is a young man of sterling qualities, well liked by all. He is an engineer on the Soo. Miss Herron was a lovable girl highly esteemed by all who knew her, she always had a pleasant smile for all.

After an enjoyable evening was spent by all, the happy couple were to depart on the 10:10 train when their many friends, not wishing them to leave so soon used their utmost efforts to detain them, and at last they succeeded in escaping on the 3 o'clock flyer for Winnipeg, from where they go to various points in the east. Mr. and Mrs. Purdy have the best wishes of their friends, and all join in wishing them many years of success and happiness in their new home in Glenwood, Minn.

Vaudeville.

The next treat dished out to Thief River Falls. Mr. Kinsela, our manager of the opera hall, has been successful in securing a contract with the Sutherland Vaudeville company to play our town one night next week. By special arrangement they come up from Crookston where they are playing on the new circuit started by Mr. Saunders, of Fargo. They carry a large company of vaudeville people who have each one been selected from the small supply of artists in their line, for their marked ability to play their parts, a manner which is seen only in the work of artists. Their costumes, other equipments and musical instruments have the same high grade quality. They are singing and playing all of the latest and best of the popular music which they receive from New York and Chicago. The performance consists of eight big specialty acts, consisting of comedian work, by two of the best comedians, dancing by a black faced buck and wing dancer, music by the high class artist, Mr. S. T. Sutherland, who plays seven different instruments, besides the big attraction of the high diving dog, his companions and best of all the comedy, "Which smiles are you?" When you leave the opera house, Saturday, June 8th, ask yourself, "Which smiles are you?" The company will appear here one night only, and the advance sale of seats will be put on at the usual place and the usual time.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.

Special sermon on the "Church Life and the Community." We wish all our people to be present.

Sabbath School at 10 a. m.

We Children's Day Sabbath, June 16th.

Sabbath evening worship at 8 p. m.

Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p. m.

The Women Workers will meet for the monthly program in Missions, Friday June 14th. Every one welcome at all our services.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Rickets.

Simply the visible sign that baby's tiny bones are not forming rapidly enough.

Lack of nourishment is the cause.

Scott's Emulsion nourishes baby's entire system. Stimulates and makes bone.

Exactly what baby needs.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting Held Tuesday Evening of This Week.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening K. M. Hansen and Ben Christienson were appointed official census takers for the city to serve with pay. The local members of the Elks lodge are desirous of organizing a lodge in this city and as it requires a town having a population of 5,000 or over to secure a charter it is necessary to take a census of the city.

The sum of $150 was appropriated to the firemen to attend the tournament at Red Lake Falls this year.

A saloon license was granted to Carl Fredrickson and one refused to Joseph Juneau on the grounds that the number has been limited to sixteen and if a license was granted to Mr. Juneau it would make seventeen saloons in the city.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Their First Snowball.—A children's number showing how they enjoy their first day of snow.

The Constant Yawner.—A comical number showing how easy it can be to yawn.

The bad luck that came with the turkey won at the Raffle.

Illustrated Song.—the beautiful ballad by Clara Kummer sung by Mr. DeVeling.

The forbidden sport of bird catching.—This series shows the methods adopted to meet the demand for plumage of birds.

A whirl wind of comedy.—"Following in His Fathers footsteps"—a cute little youngster has been watching his father his habits and his ways in general. This number is an exceptional Comedy subject.

The management of the Bijou have a new series of late illustrated songs on the way. If they arrive in time an extra song will be put on with each program beginning next week. During the summer months stereopticon views of foreign cities will soon be shown. An exhaust fan will soon be installed and the little house will be kept as cool as possible during the hot summer evenings.

Warren Expected.

It is expected that Warren will be here on Sunday to play ball with the local ball club, although nothing delinate has been learned as yet. Warren has quite a fast team and if they come over it will be a good game of ball.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday June 9. Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday School 10 a.m.

Junior League 2:30 p. m.

Epworth League 7:30 p.m.

Prayer meeting and Bible Study, Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Beginning with June 9 and continuing until Aug. 4th the Epworth League will meet at 7:30 p. m. and the preaching service following is not to continue later than 8:15 p. m. Come and worship with us.

Everybody welcome
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Silverton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ingebret Nelson are the parents of a little baby girl born last week.

P. E. Berg lost one of his horses the other day.

Ole Hanson has his new barn about finished.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	88c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 15
Eggs	12½c
Butter	20c
Creamery butter	28c
Potatoes	50c

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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WHOA BILL!

Stop a Bit!

The independent blacksmith shop has just opened its doors for business. Blacksmithing of all kinds done promptly. Send in your work and it will be done and returned on time. The prices are the old ones and not the union ones. 20 and 40 cents for shoeing. Tire setting, plow work, etc., same as old, and no extra charges. Your credit is O. K. don't forget the location, just across the street from H. M. Hick's furniture store, east of Sundall's livery barn.

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The News, $1 Per Year.

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CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

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AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

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JUNE 1st

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	One way	Round trip
Albany, N. Y.	$20.00	$31.50
Boston, Mass.	21.00	33.00
Montreal Que.	19.00	31.50
New York, N. Y.	20.00	
Ogdensburg N. Y.	19.00	30.05
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Write for particulars to
W. R. CALLAWAY.
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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

TELLS OF HIS WORK

George L. Austin, of the St. Hilaire Creamery Gives Some Pointers.

Interviewed by a Fergus Falls Newspaper Last Week.

Fergus Falls Journal: George L. Austin, who was here from St. Hilaire last week, was full of information and enthusiasm about the practical workings of co-operative creameries. He is the manager of the St. Hilaire co-operative creamery, which has been a pronounced success from its start, and which is still growing rapidly. Mr. Austin says the results to the farmers of that creamery have been so much better than most of them expected, that the growth of the institution has simply been a question of the time it would take its patrons to increase their herds of milch cows. The St. Hilaire creamery paid to its patrons $51,000 last year, and this year's increase will make it doubtless the largest cooperative creamery in the state. Mr. Austin said:

"We have not paid less than 30c per pound for butter fat for the past six months, and have paid part of the time as high as 33c. There are three other creameries in our territory—that is, within 14 miles of us—but on the other side we pull for many miles toward the Dakota line. This year will show an increase in money paid to patrons of over 50 per cent. above last year's payments."

Mr. Austin was asked as to the method of collecting cream.

"That is one of the important points of the co-operative system," said he. "The former method of sending a man around has been discarded. We now establish stations at suitable distances, and the group of farmers who haul to that station take turns to haul the load to the creamery. The man who conducts the station gets a certain amount per month, depending on the size of the station.

"We have five stations, from 4 or 5 miles to 15 miles from the creamery. From 10 to 20 patrons are tributary to each. The same man weighs the cream constantly. At the end of each month he brings in the samples, and all are tested at the creamery. A sample is taken from each patron's cans each morning, and the same man's samples go into a single jar during the month, there being a suitable preservative to keep the cream in condition till it is tested. Thus, you see, each man's sample jar presents an average of his month's product of butter fat. The conductor of the station receives from $5 to $10 per month for his work.

The farmers who take turns bringing in the cream do that work for each other and without any cash payment. The haul is made from each station three times a week.

"Our creamery has about 185 patrons; but when I say patrons, I mean, for the most part, Patrons with a large P. That is, the average of cows per patron is large. We have 2,000 cows tributary to the the creamery now, from the 185 patrons, and in the height of the season that number will increase to 3,500. We are receiving about 16,000 pounds of butter fat per week now, and later on it will run from 20,000 to 25,000 pounds each week.

"The farmers around St. Hilaire feel that the co-operative creamery has passed the experimental stage for them. They are all making money at the business, and are growing in comfort and prosperity."

Will Do the Proper Thing.

A. L. Craig, passenger traffic manager of the Great Northern, is authority for the announcement that on July 1st there will be a general re arrangement of the G. N. tariffs, allowing the traveling public to secure the benefit of the low rates in the different states. This means that on and after July 1 a person purchasing a ticket in North Dakota or elsewhere, to a point in Minnesota will be allowed the benefit of the 2 cent rate in this state, and the price of the ticket will be figured accordingly. On July 1st the 2½ cent rate becomes effective in North Dakota and the new tariff schedule will also take this into consideration. It has been said that the railroads would do everything in their power to retaliate on the public in order to offset the 2 cent passenger fare law, but it now looks as though we are to have peace and harmony all along the line.

We All "Whacked Up."

The report of United States Steel corporation recently made public shows that net earnings of this great monopoly reached the fabulous sum of $156,624,273 last year. And no one will waste the time in trying to figure where the steel trust "got it." From the humblest citizen who built a home or purchased so much as a pound of nails, the great railroad companies for the construction of trackage all of them contributed to make the "melon" look so luscious to the shareholders of the steel trust.—Kansas City Star.

L. N NOLAN ARRESTED

Former Resident of This City Had too Many Wives.

At One Time Employed by the Thief River Falls Lumber Co.

Bemidji Pioneer: Sheriff Thomas Bailey has returned from Spooner, bringing with him Lewis Nolan of Spooner, who's charged with bigamy.

It appears that Nolan lived for some time at International Falls and was married at that place last fall. He afterwards moved to Spooner, and was at one time village marshall of Spooner.

The charge now made against Nolan is that he has a wife living elsewhere, and he will be compelled to answer to the offense of bigamy.

Nolan was arraigned yesterday afternoon before Justice M. G. Slocum, and his preliminary hearing was adjourned for one week.

The above refers to L. N. Nolan, as he was known here several years ago. He lived here with his wife and family for a couple of years having charge of the lath mill for the lumber company. He also worked at Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls Falls in the same capacity.

He was prominent in social and lodge circles and his wife was very well thought of, although he was inclined to be sporty. While here became a member of M. W. A., and his wife has been paying for his life insurance up to within a month when she found that he had married another woman, thereby voiding his policy by committing a criminal act. Nolan was was mixed up in a scandal while here and was considered a bad lot, but Mrs. Nolan has the sympathy of all her old time friends.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

BROKEN RAILS.

Local Man Says that the Railroads Are Not to Blame.

"The railroads are not entirely blameless for the large number of broken rails now being reported," said a local railroad man. "Good rails are injured by rough handling in unloading and the initial cause of fracture can frequently be traced to carelessness of this kind. If rails are injured by one blow when thrown against each other in handling, a greater damage must be done by the repeated hammering they get from flat spots on cast iron wheels and irregularly worn tires of heavy locomotives.

"If cast wheels were made truly circular and of uniform hardness throughout the thread, flat spots could be largely reduced in number, but the low price paid for wheels will not insure such qualities, and, in fact, it is resulting in large numbers of wheels having opposite qualities. The Master Car Builders' specification for cast iron wheels allows a variation in diameter in the same wheel of 1-16 inch, and if this is accompanied by irregularity in hardness, the tendency will be for the brake shoe to wear the wheel oblong, and with a slight excess pressure on the brake-shoes a flat spot is developed.

"It is desirable, therefore, to use wheels which are truly circular when first placed in service, for then they will be less likely to wear flat. Wheel grinding machines have been greatly improved in recent years, and the cutting capacity of abrasive materials so largely increased that the cost of producing circular car wheels is reduced to such a small figure that it can be shown to be an economical practice with regard to wheel service alone. The effect on the rail and the rolling equipment are also so beneficial that good railroad practice must soon demand that new wheels shall be circular and that the size of the flat spot, which is allowed by the interchange rules with capacity cars, must be decreased."

Greenbush Commercial Club.

The village of Greenbush must have a backnumber of a commercial club. An enterprising young man of that locality went west a few years ago, worked hard at his employment, and saved his money which he invested in an automobile and then returned to Greenbush where he started an automobile stage line to Roseau. The new line seems very popular with the traveling, men who are making the Roseau country, as it saved them a great deal of time and was much more comfortable than the old horse stage and money commenced to flow into the pockets of the young proprietor. But this did not suit the old fogies of the commercial club who passed a resolution threatening to boycott all wholesale houses whose drummers patronized the new transportation line in preference to the horse stage or the livery rigs. Not many jobbing houses will heed the wishes of this antediluvian commercial club, but will rather instruct their representatives to use the new mode of transportation on what is the finest natural road in America, the Roseau ridge.—Warren Sheaf.

ATTACKED BY A WILDCAT

Polk County Farmer Living West of Here Had Narrow Escape.

Monster Wildcat Attacked Him While Riding on a Horse.

Last Friday while riding horseback to Angus from his farm in Tabor township, Polk county, Jos. Dobias was attacked four miles west of the latter place by a monster wildcat and had it not been for his brave dog would have lost his life. The first intimation Mr. Dobias had of the approach of the wild beast was when his foot was bitten viciously.

He was on a colt and escape was impossible. He leaped from his horse and weaponless picked up a club. At this juncture his dog appeared on the scene and attacked the wildcat and aided by Mr. Dobias the animal was killed.

It measured 5 feet 4 inches in length and stood 2 feet 3 inches high and had a most vicious head. Mr. Dobias considers his escape most miraculous. This is the first wildcat heard of in that section.

NEXT YEAR.

Campaign for $1 Wheat Will Be a Live Issue.

Fargo, N. D., May 29.—The elements have accomplished what the American Society of Equity had planned—boosted the price of wheat to $1 a bushel. As a result, the members in North Dakota will postpone their efforts to regulate the price till next year, when they expect a supreme test, as the high price this year will prompt many to seed a larger acreage, and the plan to control the price will be a more difficult one than under ordinary conditions.

President Holes of the North Dakota branch is authority for the statement that there will be nothing doing this summer, but this does not mean that the society will abandon its work of increasing its membership. Every effort will be made to establish local unions, so that the work of controlling the acreage and the price next year will be easier.

ACCEPTS OFFER.

One Bachelor Accepts Offer of Warren's Mayor.

Warren Minn;—Erick Johnson and Anna Roan are the first couple to take advantage of Mayor Lundgren's offer of a free residence lot to the first bachelor who will marry and settle in Warren. They will erect their home this summer. The mayor is highy elated over his scheme, as Mr. Johnson was over 50 years of age.

The commissioners have decided to build a new jail and sheriff's residence at a cost of $15,000. The court house is being repaired and city water and sewerage system installed.

100 Years Interest on $100.

An interesting story is given under date of Northampton, Mass., in the New York World: "The will of John James, of the town of Goshen, made one hundred years ago, was presented in the probate court today. It stipulated, that at the end of one hundred years $100 with its accumlated interest should be paid to the town of Goshen and the parish of the Congregational church of that town. The $100 with its accumulation now amounts to $19,431.72. The court ordered a division of the fund according to the terms of the will. One portion of the money—$10,550.62 was ordered to be paid to be town for the benefit of the schools and the support of the poor of the town and $8000 applied to the support of a gospel minister in that town and for the repairs of the house of worship, which has the same organization and the same meeting house that existed in the life time of the testator.

Governor Is Coming.

The members of the state drainage board are expected in Roseau June 21 to look over the work being done in Roseau county. The commission may not arrive however until the 27th or 28th. The board consists of Gov. Johnson, State Auditor Iverson and Secretary of State Schmahl. It is very likely that the members will arrange their visit to Roseau on a date convenient for Auditor Iverson who holds the land sale here on the 28th, of June. Our citizens should make arrangements for the reception of the distinguished visitors as well as for their transportation down the river to the dredge work.—Roseau Times.

And With the Voters, too.

Thief River Falls is 100 feet higher than Red Lake Falls. This fact has been found in the report of the Geological Survey of Minnesota. What effect this discovery will have on the county seat fight remains to be seen, but on a sea level Thief River Falls stands on top.—Roseau Times.

Subscribe for the News.

The Cause of Snoring.

This is not for you, because you never snore. No one ever does snore himself. It is always the other fellow. But you can read this and then tell that guilty other fellow how to break himself of his bad habit, for snoring is merely a bad habit and as such can be overcome. It is caused primarily by improper breathing—that is, breathing through the mouth instead of through the nostrils—so, first of all, care should be taken during waking hours to breathe correctly. The habit once formed of keeping the mouth as firmly closed as possible, he will be less likely to sleep with it open. Then see that your troublesome snorer has a proper pillow. He should sleep with his head as flat as possible, for if his head is pushed forward and the neck bent the tongue drops back against the soft palate and forms an obstruction which makes all the unmusical sounds we hear when the air is forced past it.—St. James' Gazette.

The Last Match Saved Them.

The ship had lain becalmed in a tropical sea for three days. Not a breath of air stirred the mirrorlike surface of the sea or the limp sails that hung from the yards like drapery carved in stone. The captain resolved to wait no longer. He piped up all hands on deck and requested the passengers to also come forward.

"I must ask all of you," he said, "to give me every match that you have."

Wonderingly the passengers and crew obeyed. The captain carefully arranged the matches in his hands as each man handed him his store until all had been collected. Then he threw them all overboard but one, drew a cigar from his pocket and, striking the solitary match on the mainmast, endeavored to light it. In an instant a furious gale swept over the deck, extinguished the match and filled the sails, and the good ship Mary Ann sped through the waves on her course.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Cod's Bill of Fare.

An interesting exhibit in the South Kensington museum, London, illustrates the omnivorous nature of the cod's diet. Among the fish falling a prey to its voracious maws we note the young of the herring, dab, whiting and sand eel. Shrimps and young lobsters also form an important item in the cod's menu. The strangest part of the cod's diet perhaps is the sea mouse, whose thick covering of bristles might be thought to render it unwelcome to any stomach. Large whelks and shells of whelks with their indwelling hermit crabs are also largely devoured. From its partiality to mollusks, in fact, the cod may become an assistant to the shell collector. Woodward in his "Manual of the Mollusca" remarks that "some good northern seashells have been rescued unbroken from the stomach of the cod."—London Globe.

Growing Flowers In Winter.

A long run of dark days in winter is bad for the florists. It matters little how cold the weather is, provided there is sunshine, for the heat can always be maintained to the proper point, and with sunshine flowers will bloom just as freely when the thermometer shows an outdoor temperature of zero as at the freezing point, though of course more money must be spent for coal. But when, day after day, for weeks at a time, clouds overhang the sky, nothing will grow as it should. The carnation buds develop slowly until they are half open and wait for sunshine, and if it does not come in four or five days the blooms decay. So also it is with callas and roses. They will open halfway, then, without sunlight, will quickly spoil.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

How They Dance In Hungary.

With the exception of the Spaniards there is no nation in Europe that dances like the Hungarians. They love it with a love that amounts to a passion. They not only go in for it heart and soul, but they will dance on anything, in any sort of weather. A paddock, a village street, a stable yard, the earthen floor of a wayside csarda—it is all the same to them. Not the scorching sun or the whirling dust or the pelting rain or the falling snow will deter them. They all dance beautifully too. It seems to be in their blood.

Customs of Brittany.

Brittany alone, of all the provinces of France, seems to have preserved its types and individuality. To be Breton is by no means to be French. The old men to this day chatter in the Celtic tongue. The Breton mother when not at work in the fields sits in the door of her cottage plying the distaff and reciting the old legends and quaint folk songs to the white coifed baby beside her. The Breton woman still wears the costume of her mothers before her and is satisfied in it.

Too Heavy to Keep.

Magistrate (to prisoner)—Miserable being, not only have you robbed your employer of the fruits of long years of labor, but you have dissipated it in the wildest extravagance. Prisoner—That is true, but I couldn't keep the stolen money; it weighed too heavily on my conscience.—Lustige.

Try This.

Bill had a billboard. Bill also had a board bill. The board bill bored Bill so that Bill sold the billboard to pay his board bill. So after Bill sold his billboard to pay his board bill the board bill no longer bored Bill.

The Right One.

"Sir, I want your daughter's hand."

"You may have it with the greatest pleasure, dear boy, if you'll take the one that's always in my pocket."—Baltimore Sun.

Know Denmark, but Not Hamlet.

The Literary Lady—Do you think Hamlet was insane or merely assuming to be?

The Victim—I beg your pardon. I didn't catch the name.

The Lady—Hamlet.

The Victim—Oh, yes. Odd name, isn't it? Friend of yours?

The Lady—I'm talking of Hamlet, Prince of Denmark.

The Victim—To be sure. Hamlet, Prince of Denmark. I know a lot of those Denmark princes, but I don't seem to place Ham. By the way, Denmark's getting to be quite a town. They tell me they have two regular trains running there now, one of them a freight. And I heard just the other day that eastern capital had secured an option on the building lot across the street from the livery stable for a clothespin factory. Denmark is certainly looking up.

The literary lady glares at the victim coldly and removes herself to another part of the room.

Whereat the victim smiles.—Kansas City Independent.

Too Flippant.

The specialist surgeon, hot with indignation, exclaimed, "No, I will not take her case. There must be a limit to even a woman's flippancy."

"Why, Dr. ——, what do you mean?" asked the family doctor mildly. "I have always found Mrs. Jones a lady in every way."

"Perhaps," answered the specialist surgeon, more calmly, but with dry severity. "She asked me why a surgeon was like a hen. And when I gave it up, what do you think she said?"

"I give it up, too," said the family doctor.

"Because his motto is always 'Cut-cut-cut, ah, cut.' Wasn't that the limit?"

"And that woman has been under the knife three times," reflected the family doctor. "I'll take her to Dr. Smith. He has a sense of humor."

And now there is a marked coolness between the specialist surgeon and the family doctor.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Bit Too Realistic.

Some amateurs in a provincial town gave a theatrical performance. Just before the curtain went up the star actor took the manager aside and said to him:

"Now, look here! I don't propose to drink water instead of wine in the drinking scene in the second act. I want wine—genuine wine. The unities must be preserved. We want to make this play as realistic as possible."

"Oh, you want champagne at 15 shillings a bottle, do you?"

"Yes, sir. Everything must be realistic."

"All right. In the second act you shall have real wine, and when you take poison in the last act you shall have some real poison. I'll see that you don't complain of the play not being realistic enough. How does prussic acid strike you?"—London Tit-Bits.

Writing as a Fine Art.

In a letter written by the late Lafcadio Hearn to his friend, the musical critic, H. E. Krehbiel, the author says: "Let me dwell upon an art principle. Both you and I have a trade—journalism. We have also an art—authorship. The same system of labor cannot be applied to the one as to the other without unfortunate results. Let the trade be performed as mechanically as is consistent with preservation of one's reputation as a good workman. But when it comes to writing a durable thing—a book or a brochure—every line ought to be written at least twice, if possible, three times. In the very act of copying new ideas of grace, force and harmony will make themselves manifest. Without this, I will venture to say, fine literary execution is impossible."

The "Book of Sports."

The "Book of Sports" was a proclamation by James I., who in this publication in 1618 signified to his people the royal pleasure with regard to what sports, games and amusements might be practiced on Sunday. The king intimated that "no lawful recreation should be barred on that day to his good people." The sports forbidden on Sundays were bear and bull fighting, bowling and interludes. Those who did not attend church were not allowed to join in the sports, and no one could go out of his parish. The amusements allowed were dancing, archery, leaping, vaulting, May games, Whitsun ales and the setting up of May poles.

Striking a Fish.

The secret of striking a fish, especially a trout, which bites quickly, whether in brook, river or lake, is to give a sharp upturn of the wrist. This will move the rod or bait only two or three inches and will not jerk it from the water. If you miss the fish will follow the few inches, not being frightened, and in the majority of cases will be hooked at once. The quick jerking of the bait from the water almost invariably scares a trout, result, a dark streak disappearing down the stream.

If Glasses Get Stuck.

When two glasses get stuck, one inside the other, an unfailing remedy for separating them is to plunge them upright into some hot water for a quarter of a minute or thereabouts. Care must be taken that no water gets into either glass. The explanation is that the heat expands the outer glass before it has time to penetrate and expand the one inside.

Dropped.

"Why does Miss Eller always drop her eyes when she meets you?"

"If you will never give it away I will tell you. She drops her eyes because I saw her drop her teeth one day."

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

A novel reason was given at the police board meeting in St. Paul last week for the removal of a patrolman at the Rondo police station. It was reported by the sergeant that the patrolman had made a sleeping berth of the tool shed at the site of the new cathedral. He said that the patrolman had a small alarm clock in his hat to wake him every hour when he had to pull the patrol box.

A mud turtle was found last week near Little Falls bearing the name M. N. Young, 1881, cut on its back. Mr. Young, who is a member of the state legislature from the Forty-eighth district, explains that he caught several turtles twenty-six years ago when they were quite small and cut his name and the year on their backs. The turtle found proved to be one of these.

A most remarkable flowing well has been struck on the farm of George Swift, three miles northeast of Mentor. A 2½-inch pipe was sunk to the depth of sixty-five feet, when there was a sudden rush of water and the stream was forced eighteen feet into the air. The well continues to spout and the flow is estimated at about 300 barrels an hour.

Judgments aggregating $496,607.74 were entered Friday in the office of the clerk of the Hennepin county district court against former insurance company officials. The entry of judgments followed the filing of Judge David F. Simpson's findings in the cases brought by the company against the former officials.

When Walter Lundgren, driver of the Minneapolis morgue wagon, got to 319 Washington avenue in answer to a summons to remove a suicide's corpse he found that the body was that of his own father, William Lundgren. Ill health is believed to have been the reason for the suicide.

An elevator company is not subject to taxation on grain stored by it for farmers, as the grain belongs to the farmers and not the elevator, according to a decision handed down by the supreme court in the case of the Northwestern Elevator company vs. the state of Minnesota.

Trouble is brewing between the Telegraphers' union in Minneapolis and the Western Union company and it is said the union has threatened to call a strike unless differences are settled immediately.

Several of the ministers of Albert Lea have secured an injunction to prevent Sunday ball playing adjacent to that city.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The saloon of M. Solomon at St. Paul was the scene of a bold but unsuccessful holdup. A young man giving the name of M. Wheeler shoved a revolver under the nose of Charles Duncan, bartender, and demanded the money in the till. Duncan grabbed the revolver and was shot in the hand, after which the bandit dashed from the saloon, but was captured after a short chase.

A street car on Central avenue, Minneapolis, was struck by a Northern Pacific switch engine. The car was damaged and the passengers were badly shaken up. Charles Duffy had his right leg broken and Mrs. Mary Lundgrin suffered severely from the shock.

William Stith of Swanville, eighteen miles west of Little Falls, the nineteen-year-old son of J. D. Stith, a prominent merchant of that village, was killed at Grey Eagle by being struck with a pitched ball in a game between Grey Eagle and Swanville.

Fred Habeck, a resident of Blakeley, was struck by a train while walking across the track at that place and instantly killed. He was about sixty-five years of age.

Gustave Firschow committed suicide at Stillwater by placing the muzzle of a loaded shotgun over his heart and pulling the trigger with his toe.

Charles Kavander, seventeen years old, was killed while braking on a dinky engine for Drake & Stratton at the Fayal mine near Eveleth.

Fred Chadwick, aged thirty-five, a switchman on the Northern Pacific railroad, was instantly killed in the St. Paul yards.

Adolph Anderson, employed as a laborer in Calvary cemetery, St. Paul, committed suicide by hanging.

OBITUARY.

Judge Lewis L. Wheelock dropped dead at his home in Owatonna Friday of heart failure. Judge Wheelock was a member of the law firm of Wheelock & Sperry of that city. He was about sixty-five years old and had been prominent for years in Minnesota politics, at one time being considered a probable candidate for the governorship and serving in the Minnesota senate. He was also prominent in G. A. R. circles.

Monroe Baldwin, Jr., of Redwood Falls, was found dead in his bed at the Wilber hotel in Minneapolis last week. The young man was on his way home from California and was attempting to reach home before death from the white plague could overtake him.

David C. Ferrell is dead at Wayzata, Lake Minnetonka, at the age of eighty-three years. Ferrell was born in New York in 1825 and moved to Minnesota in 1854. He was prominent in the early history of the state.

Anson Wilson, a pioneer of Olmsted county, is dead. He resided in Rochester since 1856.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

President Roosevelt delivered the principal address at the unveiling of the monument to General Henry W. Lawton at Indianapolis. The speech was devoted almost exclusively to a discussion of railway problems. Briefly summarized the president advocated full control by the federal government of all interstate commerce, extending such supervision to roads carrying mail; complete supervision of stock and bond issues; frank publicity in all departments of the railroad business; enforcement of penalties under criminal statutes upon offending officers; traffic agreements safeguarded to benefit the public and provision for a physical valuation of all roads.

The cornerstone of St. Paul's new Roman Catholic cathedral was laid Sunday in the presence of five archbishops, twenty-five bishops and hundreds of priests. Speeches were made by Senator Clapp, Governor Johnson and Mayor Smith of St. Paul. Thirty thousand men, representing all sections of the state, participated in the parade preceding the laying of the cornerstone.

The body of Mrs. Ida Saxton McKinley now rests by the side of that of the late President McKinley in the receiving vault at Westlawn cemetery at Canton, O. The simple funeral services were witnessed by a distinguished company, including President Roosevelt, Vice President Fairbanks, Governor Harris and many high officials both of the nation and state.

The body of Nicholas de Raylan, for twelve years secretary of the Russian consulate at Chicago and who posed as a man during that period, was exhumed at Phoenix, Ariz., and the fact was established beyond doubt that the deceased was a woman. The Russian consul at Chicago was present and positively identified the body as that of his former secretary.

On the ground that the new commodity freight rate law, in effect June 1 in Minnesota, and the 2-cent passenger rate law, which went into effect May 1, are in contravention of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States suits asking for an order restoring the old rates have been begun in the United States district court at Minneapolis.

A jury at Austin, Tex., has returned a verdict for the state of $1,623,000 penalties in the ouster suit of the state of Texas vs. the Waters-Pierce Oil company and granted the prayer of the state that the company's permit to do business in Texas should be cancelled. An appeal will be asked for at once by the defense.

Suit to compel the Consolidated Gas company and the eight other companies doing business in New York city to relinquish their franchises and to take from them all the permits to use the streets which they now enjoy has been begun in the supreme court by Corporation Counsel Ellison on behalf of the city.

With solemn and impressive ceremonies Memorial day was observed in Washington on a more elaborate scale than usual. Business was suspended throughout the city and people of all classes united in perpetuating the memory of the thousands of heroic dead in the eight national cemeteries in the vicinity.

The circuit court at Findlay, O., has unanimously decided that the Buckeye Oil company, a Standard subsidiary concern, was organized under the corporate laws of Ohio and that as such it must carry all oil offered it by the independent producers at a fair remunerative rate.

Mike Schreck defeated Marvin Hart at Tonopah, Nev., in a battle lasting twenty-two rounds. Hart was the aggressor throughout the battle, but he broke his right wrist and his seconds threw up the sponge out of mercy for their principal.

Peter Pan defeated his half brother, Superman, by three lengths for the rich Belmont stakes at Belmont park. Both horses ran in the colors of James R. Keene and their success brought to the stable $23,000.

Snow fell in New York city Sunday.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 1.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, $1.02¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.01¾; No. 2 Northern, 99¼@99⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 96@97c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 1.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.02; No. 1 Northern, $1.01; No. 2 Northern, 99⅜c; July, $1.01; Sept., $1.00¾. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.29½; July, $1.30¼; Oct., $1.28¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 1.—Wheat — July, 97⅝c; Sept., 99⅜c. Corn—July, 53⅝c; Sept., 53⅝c. Oats—July, 49c; Sept., 39c. Pork—July, $16.20; Sept., $16.40. Butter—Creameries, 18@23½c; dairies, 17@21½c. Eggs—14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 11c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@5.75; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—$5.90@6.12½. Sheep—Wethers, $5.85@6.10; good to choice lambs, $7.00@7.60; spring, $8.00@9.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.60@6.55; cows, $1.75@5.50; heifers, $4.25@4.70; calves, $5.00@7.25; good to prime steers, $6.20@6.55; poor to medium, $4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.15. Hogs—Light, $6.20@6.42½; mixed, $6.15@6.40; heavy, $5.90@6.35; rough, $5.90@6.15; pigs, $5.80@6.35. Sheep, $4.25@6.35; lambs, $6.25@8.60.

MOTIVE FOR KIDNAPPING.

Woman Wanted Baby In Order to Deceive Her Husband.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Annie Jarmuzek, the kidnapper of the little Glauque baby, is now said never to have been a mother and to have wanted the baby to deceive her husband. Celia Polczinska of Duluth, a friend of the nurse, told the police that Annie never had been a mother.

Jarmuzek is said to have married Annie under compulsion in the courthouse at Superior. Later trouble arose between them and he left her. Now the girl's friend says that she never had a baby and the police believe she lied to Jarmuzek to compel him to marry her.

It is thought that the woman wanted a baby in order to go back to Duluth and make her husband support her. With that idea uppermost in her mind she took the Glauque baby with little thought of what it would mean to its parents and hurried to Duluth, not even taking ordinary precaution tending to throw pursuers off the trail.

The woman was arraigned in court and after the complaint was read to her waived examination and was held to the grand jury in $2,000 bail.

KILLS HIS PLAYMATE.

Minneapolis Boy Accidentally Shoots His Comrade.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Gilbert Winter, the thirteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Winter, 418 Groveland avenue, was shot and killed by his playmate, Eric Passmore, the thirteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Passmore, 333 Oak Grove street. The boys were at the Winter residence. Mrs. Winter is in the East and Mr. Winter was at Lake Minnetonka and the boys had the house to themselves. They went into Mr. Winter's room, and, running through the bureau drawers, found a revolver.

They played with it for some time and while it was in the hands of the Passmore boy the weapon was discharged, the bullet passing through the Winter boy's right lung. He died before medical assistance could reach him.

BOY'S BODY FOUND.

Missing Minnesota Tot Died in a Swamp Near His Home.

Bemidji, Minn., June 1.—With his little features as calm as if he had just lain down to take a nap in his cradle, "Nickle," the three-year-old son of John Shepherd of Solway, was found in a swamp three-fourths of a mile from his home, which is two miles east of Solway. His little body long had been cold in death.

The boy was lost Friday of last week, and despite exposure to wind and rain the child's face was very lifelike and the expression of countenance did not indicate that there had been much suffering before death.

The body of the missing boy was found by Frank Klingbell, a farmer living about eight miles north of Solway. Mr. Klingbell and his dog found the boy after a short search.

ENDS LIFE BY DROWNING.

Body of Minneapolis Woman Found In Lake.

Minneapolis, May 31.—The body of a woman identified as Mrs. P. J. McCaffrey, aged thirty-five, of this city, was found in Lake Calhoun, near the south shore.

The woman evidently took her life by deliberately walking out into the water until she sank. This she did early in the evening, probably just at dusk, when few would notice her. According to the story told by members of the family Mrs. McCaffrey was both ill and discouraged. She suffered from rheumatism and at times worried over family matters.

Mrs. McCaffrey was carefully gowned, as though having prepared for a visit to the lake, and wore jewels valued at $150, which were undisturbed.

PUT COAL IN EARLY.

Great Northern Sends Out Circulars to Patrons.

St. Paul, May 31.—The Great Northern has sent out circulars to people in the towns along its system pointing out the advisability of laying in fall and winter coal supply with as little delay as possible. It is pointed out that much is to be gained by all concerned if this is done while cars are reasonably plentiful.

Coal is arriving at the Head of the Lakes in large quantities and the railroad company is urging that fuel dealers increase their storage capacity and lay in fall and winter stock. Institutions, factories and other large consumers of fuel also are requested to attend to the matter immediately.

Down Timber for Sale.

Washington, June 1.—The commissioner of the general land office has given notice that on July 17 sealed bids for the purchase of more than 2,000,000 feet of down timber, both merchantable and unmerchantable, on ten sections reserved from settlement and entry in the Cass Lake land district of Minnesota, will be opened at the Cass Lake land office beginning at 9 o'clock on the morning of that day.

Bicycle Collision Causes Death.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Isadore Kwalet has been arrested charged with responsibility for the death of an unknown man. The victim was a rather prosperous appearing man and had $260 in cash with him. He was in the act of stepping from the pavement to the sidewalk when hit by Kwalet, who was riding a bicycle. He was thrown to the pavement and his skull fractured by the fall.

ATTACK ON NEW LAWS

Validity of Minnesota's Rate Legislation Questioned.

ST. PAUL'S NEW CATHEDRAL

Cornerstone Laid With Impressive Ceremonies—News of the State in General.

St. Paul, June 1.—On the ground that the new commodity freight rate law, in effect June 1, in Minnesota, and the 2-cent passenger rate law, which went into effect May 1, are in contravention of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States suits asking for an order restoring the old rates were begun in the federal court during the day.

Judge Lochren issued a restraining order in connection with an order to the railroads to show cause at 10 a. m. July 12 why a temporary injunction should not issue in accordance with the prayer of the bill. The restraining order does not have the immediate effect of restoring the old passenger rates and the 2-cent rates will prevail until the further order of the court.

The suits are filed by stockholders of eight railroads doing interstate business in Minnesota. In the bills the railways, as well as the state attorney general and members of the railway and warehouse commission, together with various shippers representing thousands of railway patrons in the Northwest, are named as defendants.

In effect the railroads are suing themselves with the object of testing the validity of the new commodity freight rate law and the 2-cent passenger rate law.

The charges in each complaint are that the new freight and passenger rate laws enacted by the Minnesota legislature are confiscatory in nature and that they will work unfairly to the railroads transacting interstate business.

ST. PAUL'S NEW CATHEDRAL

Cornerstone Is Laid With Impressive Ceremonies.

St. Paul, June 3.—In the presence of thirty bishops, five of whom were archbishops, in the presence of priests from scores of parishes scattered throughout at least three states, in the presence of thousands of laity, in the presence of Catholic and non-Catholic, in the presence of Christian and non-Christian, the cornerstone of St. Paul's cathedral of St. Paul was laid amid ceremonies both impressive and inspiring. It was a great day for the Roman Catholic church; it was a great day for Catholicism in the Northwest; it was a great day for the entire Northwest, for Minnesota and for St. Paul; it was a great day for Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul, the man and prelate.

The speeches were timely and appropriate. Senator Moses E. Clapp spoke for the nation; Governor Johnson spoke for the state; Mayor Robert A. Smith spoke for the city, and Judge William Louis Kelly spoke for the laymen. Judge E. W. Bazille presided during the civic celebration and introduced the speakers.

Fully 30,000 persons participated in the parade from the business section of the city to the site of the new cathedral previous to the laying of the cornerstone.

TWO ST. PAUL BOYS DEAD

Another Critically Ill as a Result of a Fire in Their Home.

St. Paul, June 3.—Left alone in the house while their father and older brother had gone to a wedding, the three younger sons of Sam Kopllovich were suffocated by smoke from a fire which broke out in their home at 348 Chestnut street. Two of the boys died while being removed in the ambulance. The third is unconscious in the city hospital and his life hangs in the balance. The dead are:

George, aged eight years; Jakie, aged four years.

Ivan, the second boy of the family, is the one whose fate still is in doubt. He is thirteen years old. Mrs. Koplovich, stepmother to the boys, is ill in a West Side hospital.

Killed by Pitched Ball.

Grey Eagle, Minn., June 1.—William Stith of Swansville, aged nineteen, son of a merchant of that place, was killed here by being struck with a pitched ball in a game between Grey Eagle and Swansville. He was stunned when hit, but his teammates revived him and he finished the game. Later he became unconscious and died. His teammates and members of the Grey Eagle team, especially Clifford Dick, the pitcher, are almost frantic over the accident.

Minneapolis Boy Drowned.

Minneapolis, June 1.—Joseph Cohen, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Cohen of 342 Seventeenth street east, fell from a log in the Mississippi river at the mouth of Minnehaha creek and was drowned before the eyes of a large crowd of horrified witnesses who were unable to render him any assistance.

Train Kills Aged Man.

Albert Lea, Minn., May 29.—Peter Dam, over eighty years old, was run over by a Milwaukee train which was switched on a track where he and his wife were gathering screenings at one of the elevators.

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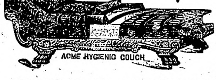

Just received another shipment of Acme Couches, the only couch made that has the right kind of spring construction and costs no more than others ask for the other kind.

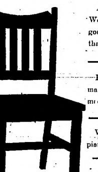

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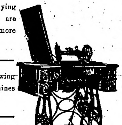

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SUFFRAGE MEASURE IS PASSED

Goes Through the First Chamber of the Riksdag with the Tallberg Amendment Attached.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

At last the first chamber of the riksdag has passed the government proportional representation suffrage bill with the addition of that part of the Tallberg amendment which provides salaries for the members of the first chamber. But the chamber refused to go so far as to lower the property qualification for its membership from 80,000 crowns real property or 4,000 crowns income to 40,000 crowns property qualification or 2,000 crowns income, as was proposed in the same amendment. Of course, this result was not reached without great resistance from the "old guard," which would rather die in the last ditch than surrender. Most of them prophesied if not the end of the world at least the end of the first chamber, and it is not impossible that the event will show that they are right. Anyhow, the chamber passed with a majority of 17 in a full house (which including the speaker numbers 230) the Tallberg proposal. On Sunday, the special conference committee made up of twelve members from each chamber, met to arrange the compromise. The result they arrived at was, of course, that the majority in the committee proposed that the difference over the property qualification should be halved, i. e., 3,000 kronor annual income or 50,000 kronor in real property. The minority, the liberal members from the second chamber, insisted that the first chamber should give way altogether and agree to the Tallberg proposal in its original state, i. e., 40,000 kronor property or 2,000 kronor income. The chambers met May 14 and the majority compromise was, as expected, effected with increased majorities in both chambers, although after a rather hot debate in the second. So Sweden now has proportional representation legalized. Of course, the new law will not take effect until a new parliament after the elections of 1908 has confirmed the decision, but there is little hope that the country will reverse the verdict. Nothing succeeds like success.

The renowned Swedish artist, Anders Zorn, is at present visiting in America and has for some time past been visiting friends in Illinois. He arrived in New York March 27 and went from there directly to Florida, from thence to Cuba and thence to Mexico. After spending a few weeks in that country he returned to the United States, going direct to Chicago. Mr. Zorn has at present 138 of his portrait paintings on exhibition in New York, where they have attracted much attention. Mr. Zorn has not come to America this time to work, but has come here to rest. He likes America and says that he would rather spend a vacation here than in Europe. To a newspaper representative Mr. Zorn stated that he was delighted with Mexico, saying that it was more typically Spanish than Spain itself and that he shall return there some time and study the country and its people at close range. Mr. Zorn always regarded Spain as more interesting than Italy and seems particularly interested in the Mexicans.

Sweden's new suffrage law is in a nut shell as follows: New system of proportional representation in the two chambers of the riksdag, whereby minorities secure representation. Reduction of the property qualifications for membership in the first chamber from $20,000 in property or $1,000 annual income, to $12,500 in property or $1,000 annual income. Salaries for members of the first chamber, who have hitherto served without compensation. Reduction in term of service in first chamber from nine to six years. Universal suffrage for the second chamber. Retention of system of having first chamber members elected by town and provincial councils which in turn are now to have proportional representation. The new law must be approved by the riksdag to be elected in 1908 before it becomes effective.

The city council has been requested by the government to make an allowance of 500,000 crowns for the industrial exposition in Stockholm in 1909. The government has made an allowance of 100,000 crowns for the same purpose and 500,000 crowns has already been raised by means of subscription.

The Svenska Dagbladet's present management celebrated its tenth anniversary at Hasselbacken, May 15. Present at the festival were all the members of the staff and all those who in former years had been connected with the editorial department.

P. P. Waldenstrom, who about three months ago departed for Japan and China, is at present in Shanghai, but will return to Sweden by July 1. He is accompanied by his wife and Missionary Johan Skold.

One of the sons of Emperor William of Germany, evidently Prince Oscar, will attend King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's wedding anniversary next month.

Prince Roland Napoleon Bonaparte was among those who received the honorary title of Ph. D., at the recent Linne festivities in Upsala.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

During the recent visit of the Danish royal couple to Christiania there was an occurrence which gave rise to much criticism by the press and that naturally enough because the newspaper men were those directly concerned. Some time ago, it will be remembered, a number of chosen representatives of the Christiania press called on King Haakon and entered protest against the way in which the press was received at the royal palace viz., against the fact that they were always held back at all functions of a public character where the king and queen were present, etc. But their protests were evidently of little avail judging from the way the newspaper representatives were treated during the aforementioned visit of the Danish king and queen. When the latter arrived in Christiania and were welcomed by the king's staff, members of the diplomatic corps and members of the storthing, etc., the newspaper representatives were sternly ordered by the king's officers to stand back and were told not only once but several times. They were relegated to the rear and the result will be publicity of a character which may not be pleasing to the ears of a certain king.

According to the Orebladet, King Oscar's collection of old Norwegian buildings at Bygdo will be added to the general collections of the People's museum, the open air section of which will now have a rare collection of old characteristic and historic national building types. This section has now a splendid collection of specimens from the Saga times and it will be an excellent place to study old Norse culture and will in time become a second Skansen.

Rumor had it some time ago that Bjorn Bjornson has resigned as manager of the National theater in Christiania, but this has not been officially confirmed. The rumor has, however, been persistently published in the daily newspapers of the Norwegian capital. The author, Vilhelm Krag, has been mentioned as a candidate for scenic instructor at the theater, but this also lacks confirmation.

The following members of the Bergen theater will take the tourist route to Arendal and afterwards south to Paris: Torborg Abelsaeth, Magda Blanc-Eriksen, Signe Dahl, Hilda Fredriksen, Anna Sverdrup-Ivarson, Doris Johanessen samt Herrerne Henning Eriksen, Johan Hauge, William Ivarson, Christian Sandal and Lorentz Thyholdt.

Edward Grieg, the composer, who is at present in Kiel, Germany, was the other morning serenaded by the emperor's "Hohenzollern" orchestra. The famous composer responded with a few appropriate remarks.

Professor Haegstad of the Christiania university has departed for the Faroe islands, where he will during the next few months spend his time in the study of the language of the inhabitants of those islands.

Grand hotel in Narvik has been purchased by the Bodo Brewing company. Hotel Brittania at Kongsberg has been sold to O. Brataas of Vikesund. The sums in consideration are not made public.

At the Norwegian club's spring concert in London May 29, there were conspicuous among those who participated Elsa Wagner, Rudolph Thombino and Halfdan Rode, all of Christiania.

Roald Amundsen delivered a lecture in Berlin May 4 on "Winter Sports in Norway," and delivered a patriotic address in Christiania May 17.

"The Happy Widow" has been rendered eighty-eight times at the National theater in Christiania and netted 100,000 crowns.

The Nansen fund has now reached a sum of 1,031,000 crowns. The income last year was 46,300 crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

News comes from Denmark of a movement to become worldwide, by means of an organization called the Vikings. The first national council formed is that in Copenhagen. It is composed of some of the most representative and best informed men in the Danish capital. Its chief object at present is a free and fair discussion of great questions intimately affecting northern nations of Europe. Ultimately it is planned that associations of Vikings shall be established in every country, national councils being organized in the greatest centers—New York, in the United States; London, in England, etc. When this has been done the discussions of the Vikings will take a wider scope and it is hoped that through the strongest, most unselfish and wisest persons in each country, who will have become members of the Vikings, it will be possible to exercise a conservative, but leading influence throughout the world. The first steps have been taken toward the formation of a central governing council to be established in London, and the formation also of national councils in France, Germany, Austria, India, Italy and Canada. The movement has been brought to the attention of a number of notable men and women in the United States and it may soon take definite shape in the national council in the United States.

Thomas J. O'Brien, of Michigan, United States minister to Copenhagen, will become ambassador to Japan in September to succeed Luke E. Wright, of Tennessee, who has given notice that he wishes to leave the service.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

TRI-STATE FORCLOSES

Brings an Action in the Federal Court at Fergus Falls.

Telephone System May Be Brought by the Northwestern.

The Tri-State Telephone company has commenced an action in the federal court at Fergus Falls to foreclose a mortgage upon the Fant telephone system, alleging that the present proprietor is not keeping it in repair and that the service is not satisfactory.

The mortgage which the Tri-State has against the Fant System is said to be in the neighborhood of $7,000. This company has been endeavoring to buy out Mr. Fant for sometime, but never has been able to agree as to amount of purchase price with Mr. Fant. The Tri-State people have always been afraid to forclose their mortgage for fear that the Northwestern Telephone company, which has been very desirous of securing this exchange, would bid it in.

By the action the Tri-State has now taken, it means that either this company or the Northwestern will own the local telephone exchange in the course of a few months unless Mr. Fant is able to raise the money to pay off the mortgage.

As a result of nearly two years' field and laboratory work carried on by the United States Geological Survey in co-operation with the State Board of Health, the Federal Survey has just issued a report outlining the general characteristics of the surface waters in Minnesota, and discussing the various factors that tend to modify the quality of the drainage. Both the chemical and the bacteriological work, during the entire co-operation, were under the immediate supervision of Dr. F. F. Wesbrook, director of the laboratories of the State Board of Health, who shares the authorship of the paper with Mr. R. B. Dole, of the Geological Survey.

The headwaters of these great drainage systems lie within the borders of Minnesota. Approximately one-tenth of its surface is tributary to the Laurentian system; three-tenths drain to Hudson Bay through its great tributaries, Red and Rainy rivers; the rest of the State is tributary to the Mississippi either directly or through its large branches, Missouri, Des Moines, Cedar, St. Croix, and Minnesota Rivers.

The report in question discusses the conditions, both natural and economic, that influence the quality of the waters and impart to the lakes and streams their essential characteristics, after which each drainage area is considered in detail, the streams are described, the sources of pollution are discussed, and the results of chemical and bacteriological examinations are given. The report is available for free distribution and copies may be obtained by addressing the Director, United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 1

Akre Oscar M.
Apeland M.
Bainy E. C.
Erickson John
Fortier Mrs. Pete
Jonston Julius
Kuehne August
Kulseth Martin
Lund Land Co.
Lund C. F.
Malton Miss Irene
Matson Johnie
Narum Mrs Burty.
Olson Nels
Pescinski Alex
Pudid Joe
Ryder James
Stang Emil
Satre Albert
Waltenson B.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

Harmonious Meeting.

The meeting held Sunday at Highlanding of the stockholders of the Red Lake River Transportation company proved to be a very harmonious one. It was shown to the satisfaction of all that the accounts of President O'Brien, of the company, were straight.

The new boat was named the "Belle of Highlanding" and it is expected to have it running on the river in a short time.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have, both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money on everything you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

THE NEWS,
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June. 6, 1907.

The Legislature Is Blameless.

Several Minnesota newspapers, in commenting upon the new 2 cent passenger rate law, have mentioned the fact that there is no provision for carrying children under 5 years free, though there is a provision that children under 12 years of age must pay half fare, or 1 cent per mile. Most of these newspapers have discussed this either a "woodchuck," slipped in at the request of the railroads, or as an absurd oversight on the part of the legislature.

As a matter of fact, the legislature's guiltless of any wrong in this matter, either intentional or otherwise.

When the bill was up for discussion, a number of members pointed out the fact that it made no provision for children under 5 years of age, which have always been carried free by the railroads, and wanted to know why such an important omission had been made.

It was then, carefully and with great pains, explained to these honest objectors that a law compelling the railroads to carry anybody free, whether they were babes, grown-ups or grandparents, woundn't be worth the paper it was written upon, and such is the fact.

The railroads have not been carrying children under 5 years of age free because the law required them to do so, but because they wanted to because they did not believe the public would like paying fare for small children, and because it was the custom not to charge for them. That custom has not changed and though the 2 cent fare law is in effect, so far as can be learned the railroads are not charging even now for children under the age of 5 years.

So that though the legislature may be and doubtless is guilty of many other sins of commission and omission, it is blameless in respect to this particular charge. It could not and should not have done otherwise, because if the law had provided that children must be carried free, the railroads would have had a pretty good point on which to knock out the entire law.

It should be noted that the new law does not compel the railroads to charge 2 cents a mile for adults and 1 cent a mile for those under 12 years, but it prohibits them from charging more than these figures, and that was the intent of the law. If the railroads want to carry all babies free, they can do so. If they want to carry everybody free, they can do that, too, anti-pass law to the contrary notwithstanding, because all the anti-pass law does is to prohibit their giving favors to some that they do not extend to everybody.

The 2 cent fare law is a pretty good law, and the legislature is entitled to all possible credit for its enactment, even though it is true that it wouldn't have been passed if it had not been that the people wanted it so much that they would be very angry about it if they did not get it.—Duluth Herald.

The next legislature should establish the office of "attorney for the legislature" and appropriate a sum large enough to induce a first class lawyer to take the job. It would then be his duty to examine each bill that is introduced and also just before its final passage to prevent the creeping in of woodchucks and such troublesome animals. Placing this responsibility on one man might insure the state in getting what the people demand in the shape of laws that can be forced. Of course it is assumed that a good lawyer would be chosen for the work, and made responsible for errors that should occur. This leaving the making of bills to crooked and irresponsib committee clerks caused a lot of trouble during the past session, and is still causing it.—Hector Mirror.

RAILROAD RUMORS.

Roseau Times Says That Soo Is to Build Up in That Section.

Roseau Times: Again there comes reports that an old boarding car has been side tracked at Greenbush and a car load of spikes, bolts and other material is waiting the coming of the steel gang to lay the ties and rails on the Roseau extension, but better than all this bluff news comes the report that the Soo is taking the preliminary steps to build out of Thief River Falls north and east. It has leaked out that a cruiser in the employ of the Soo has traversed the territory on a direct line from Thief River Falls to Roseau village and that he is to cruise a line further east toward Spooner and still another line east of Thief Lake in the direction of Spooner. While it looks improbable for the Soo to build to Roseau unless it has designs to co-operate with the Canadian Northern or take a parallel course with the Great Northern, yet it would not be at all improbable for the Soo to reach out for the lumber business at Spooner and the great lumber, timber and wood traffic along a route between the points of Thief River and the Rainy. It certainly would open up a rich territory and prove a paying proposition. As an indication of what the traffic would be, it is only necessary to mention that at four stations on the G. N.; Swift Roosevelt, Williams and Pitt there are over 2000 car loads of timber material awaiting shipment, a part of the output of last winter. All logging railroads have proved a paying proposition. The Soo line needs a feeder thru a timbered country and it is for this it is no doubt looking.

GREAT PREIMIUM LIST.

The Minnesota State Fair Prizes for '07 Amount to Nearly $70,000.

The management of the Minnesota State Fair has published its Premium List for the fair of 1907 which is to be held at the grounds midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis during the week of Sept. 2 to 7 inclusive. The Premium List is a handsome little book bound in heavy blue paper and very compact and concise in its getup. It includes a general announcement of the fair of '07 by Sec. E. W. Randall, a complete set of rules governing exhibits, the detailed premiums offered in each division of the fair, the race program, lists of officers and committees, illustrations—in fact all information which any inquirer may desire about the great Minnesota Fair. The premium offers have been considerably enlarged this year and with the race purses aggregate almost $70,000. This is many times larger than the offerings made by any other fair in the country. Sec. Randall's announcement details the exhibition sections of the fair and calls attention to the amusement features and particularly to the admirable night programs and the illumination of the grounds each evening of fair week.

Copies of the Premium List may be obtained free of cost by sending to Sec. E. W. Randall, State Fair Grounds, Hamline, Minn.

Yea, Verily.

This is certainly a peculiar old world, or rather it is the people that are peculiar: As the Quaker remarked to his wife: "Sarah, the whole world is queer except thee and me, and I have sometimes thought even thee was a little peculiar." It is said that it takes all kinds of people to make a world, so we find one struggling for justice and one fleeing from it. One man is saving to build a house and another is trying to sell for less than cost to get rid of it. One man is spending all the money he can make to take a girl to the theatre and sending her flowers, with the hope of making her his wife, while his neighbor is spending what gold he has in getting a divorce. One man will escape all the diseases that flesh is heir to and get killed on the railroad, while another will escape without a scratch and die with the whooping cough. One man will stand off his creditors and go traveling, while another pays his debts and stays at home. Verily, things are mixed.—Greenbush Journal.

Want to Come Back.

Moving to Canada is like attending a church social. It costs only $40 to ship two carloads of goods from St. Paul to northwest, but it costs $400 to bring them back.—Big Fork Compass.

And there are many Minnesotans in that unproductive country who would gladly pay six times four hundred dollars could they be reinstated upon the farms which they sold at a sacrifice in this state. But they are "busted."—Princeton Union.

Middle River to Celebrate.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last Saturday. He reports that Middle River is going to have a big Fourth of July celebration this year and an effort will be made to make it one of the best celebrations ever had in this section of the state. Attorney E. M. Stanton, of this city, is to be the orator of the day.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

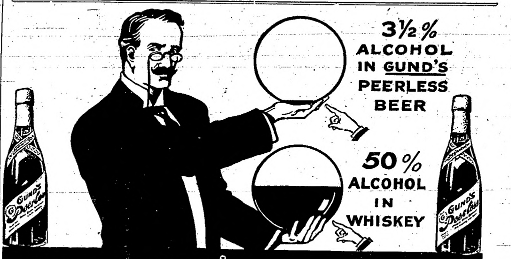

There It Is! — Take Your Choice!

Whiskey contains 50% alcohol—Brandy 55%—Rum 52½%—Gin 40%—Wine 15%—whereas a Pure Malt Beer brewed by the celebrated GUND NATURAL PROCESS—like

Gund's Peerless Beer

contains only 3¼% alcohol—just enough to gently aid and promote healthy digestion. Hence prominent physicians recommend it as a splendid tonic, full of substantial food elements and at the same time a perfect temperance beverage. Peerless Beer is full of snap and sparkle—tastes delicious and has all the charming tang and aroma of hops and harvest fields.

The commanding superiority of Gund's Peerless Beer asserted itself by winning the Highest Merit at Paris, 1900 and Gold Medal at St. Louis Exposition, 1904.

Order a case today. A splendid home beer. Sold everywhere.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.
M. McCarthy, Manager., Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

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The Dressmaker's Diploma.

Many New York women who patronize a new dressmaker for the first time propound an embarrassing question.

"Have you a diploma?" they ask.

"I didn't know what answer to make to the first customer that put that question to me," said one dressmaker. "I certainly did not have a diploma. I knew how to sew, but I had no certificate to that effect. Finally I found that many women have suffered so grievously at the hands of incompetents that they were unwilling to trust their work to a person who could not show some guarantee of experience and efficiency, so, although I knew more about sewing than half the fashionable dressmakers in town, I actually worked in one such establishment for four months so that I could point to a printed diploma which says, 'Formerly with Mme. A. of Fifth avenue.' It pays any dressmaker to arm herself with credentials of that kind. She ought to have her diploma framed and hung on the wall like a doctor's diploma, so as to give confidence to doubting customers."—New York Sun.

Great Schemers.

"These, traveling men are great schemers when it comes to getting rooms assigned to them ahead of other guests who registered first," said a hotel clerk. "There were several guests on the waiting list for rooms yesterday. One traveling man came up to the desk holding his hand to his stomach, saying he was so sick he must have a room at once. He was accommodated. In a few minutes another traveling man who was among the list of guests waiting for rooms, came up and said he had boarded a sleeper at 2 o'clock in the morning and tried to get some sleep, but that it ran into an open switch and gave him such a shaking up he couldn't sleep. He said he was almost dead with exhaustion and loss of sleep and must have a room at once. Hardly had he gone to his room when a third one came up and said he, too, must have a room immediately. What do you suppose his reason was? He said a horse fell on him the day before, and he thought he was injured internally."—Kansas City Star.

Pepper and Onions and Garlic and—

At a restaurant downtown, redolent of pepper and garlic, where swarthy representatives of Spain and all the Spanish-American countries gather every day at the lunch hour a lone American, accustomed to strictly unseasoned food, was glancing apprehensively at the bill of fare.

"What is chile con carne?" he asked the waiter.

"Ah, senor, zat is pepper and a leetle meat and pepper again and once more pepper and"—

"No matter. What is bacalao a la vizcaina?"

"It is delicious—codfish and red pepper and gar"—

"Forget it! What is olla a la Espanola?"

"Ah! Zat is onions and pepper and garbanzos and chorizos and"—

"Bring me roast beef!"—New York Times.

Barrymore's Dilemma.

Maurice Barrymore, the once famous actor, was once in London with a new piece which he was anxious to have produced. He had read it to a manager, and it had been decided that he was to play the leading role. About a week after it was supposed to have been definitely settled Barrymore received a note from the manager asking him to call. Barrymore called, and the manager said: "I like the piece, old fellow, but I don't see how I can use you in the cast. Your beastly American dialect won't do at all, you know. They won't have it."

"Well, that's strange," said Barrymore. "They told me on the other side that they wouldn't have me on account of my beastly English dialect. What am I to do, give recitations on the transatlantic steamers?"

No Insult Intended.

A London exquisite had gone into a west end restaurant and was far from pleased with the way in which his order was filled.

"Do you call that a veal cutlet?" he demanded of the waiter. "Why, such a cutlet as that is an insult to every self respecting calf in the British empire."

The waiter hung his head for a moment, but recovered himself and said in a tone of respectful apology:

"I really didn't intend to insult you, sir!"—London Answers.

Origin of the Cross Bun.

The exact significance or origin of the cross bun is not too certain. A superstition regarding baked bread on Good Friday appears to have existed from an early period. Bread so baked was kept by a family all through the ensuing year under the belief that a few gratings of it in water would prove a specific for any ailment.—Leeds and Yorkshire Mercury.

Suspiciously Cheap.

Mrs. Schoppen—The price seems low, but I'm afraid of antique rugs. You know the old saying, "Snug as a"— Salesman—"As a bug in a rug." Ha! Ha! But there are no bugs about this rug. Mrs. Schoppen (shrewdly)—No? I half suspect the presence of a little humbug.—Philadelphia Press.

Her Troubles.

Teacher—Who was the most patient person that ever lived? Student—Mrs. Job. Teacher—How do you make that out? Student—Why, Job endured a whole lot, but she had to endure Job.—Judge.

He who seeks a brother without a fault will have to remain without a brother.—Talmud.

Not Up to His Name.

George Peabody, the philanthropist, and John Bright often went to Ireland together to fish. One day they went a couple of miles up the Shannon between Castleconnell and Killaloe. They had engaged the services of two boatmen, and as Bright and Peabody were keen anglers they made a long day of it. On returning in the evening Bright, noticing a policeman on the river bank, asked what sum the boatmen were entitled to for their time. The constable said anything from seven and sixpence to 10 shillings. Bright turned to his companion, saying: "I have no change, Peabody. Have you three half crowns?" The millionaire produced the coins and gave them to one of the boatmen, who said, "And is that all ye're givin' me?" "That is all," replied Peabody. "Well, that bates all I iver heard," observed the boatman, adding, as he scratched his head: "An' they call ye Paybody. Faith, I should call ye Paynobody!"—London Standard.

Chop Suey Best of All.

"I have tried them all in their native haunts, and I like them," said the traveler, according to the Baltimore Sun.

"Tried what?" asked the bystander. "Railroads?"

"No; national dishes," answered the traveler. "The hot tamale of the Mexican, the goulash of the Hungarian, the chop suey of the Chink, are all known to me and many others.

"The best of them all is chop suey. The hot tamale is too hot and has very little nourishment to it, and goulash is too heavy. It tastes pretty good, but it is not a food to recommend to a man with a weak stomach. Chop suey, however, is appetizing, easily digested and very nourishing. It is the great contribution of the orient to the occident in my opinion. It is made of rice, sprouted beans, celery and chicken's blood, all mixed together in the form of soup and nicely seasoned."

Some Wives Are Different.

"Most men," said the man of experience, "think it must be awfully nice to have a wife who takes things as coolly as Dave Potter's wife takes them, but others, more discriminating, prefer a good honest row to her style of quiet cynicism. The way she behaved the other day when she found a letter in Dave's pocket from a girl in Brooklyn is an example of her method.

"'I don't see,' wrote this girl, 'how on earth I can ever live without you.'

"Dave's wife read that gush and a lot more just like it without ever turning a hair.

"'Well,' she said quietly, 'that girl is a fool. If she knew you as well as I do she would be wondering how on earth she could ever live with you.'

"And that, in the opinion of the discriminating few, cuts a whole lot deeper than a common, everyday rumpus."—New York Globe.

The Axial Rotation of Venus.

For over two centuries it was generally accepted that, like the earth, the planet Venus rotated on its axis in a little less than twenty-four hours, but since Schiaparelli after long and careful observation of the planet suggested that the actual rotation period was between six and nine months astronomers have devoted much attention to this matter. In the Observatory Mr. Denning sums up the available evidence on the point and can only conclude that this particular problem still defies solution. Life on Venus would be very different from life on the earth should the planet's axial rotation be, as Schiaparelli asserted, identical with the period of its revolution round the sun, as in that case the same hemisphere would always be turned to the sun and enjoy perpetual day, while the opposite hemisphere would be doomed to eternal night.

A Plant of All Work.

The fields as well as the broad roads of Ecuador are inclosed by adobe walls surmounted by the broad leaved American aloe. The aloe, sometimes called the century plant, is one of the most useful and important plants in the country. The Indians thatch their huts with its leaves. The leaves when tapped yield sirup. They can also be used as soap and the spines as pins. The fiber is woven into sacks, and from it are made the coarse sandals worn by the common people. The tall flower stalks are used for beams and ladders. The flowers, boiled and soaked in vinegar, make an agreeable pickle.—National Geographic Magazine.

Applying the Proverb.

A professional humorist was having his boots blacked. "And is your father a bootblack, too?" he asked the boy.

"No, sir," replied the bootblack; "my father is a farmer."

"Ah," said the professional humorist, reaching for his notebook, "he believes in making hay while the son shines."

Nearing the Limit.

"Mrs. Henpeck seems to have her husband so well trained that he'd jump through a hoop if she held it up and gave him the word."

"It's worse than that. She even makes him help her celebrate the anniversary of her marriage to her first husband."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Taking Them Down.

Dr. Rick did not satisfy the Calvinistic portion of his flock. "Why," said they, "ye dinna tell us enough aboot renouncing our ain righteousness." "Renouncing your ain righteousness!" shouted the doctor. "I never saw any ye had to renounce."—Driftwood.

Prickly thistles have their uses without doubt, but that doesn't justify you in becoming one.—Sparta Plaindealer.

Witches Still Believed In.

Neglected by the powers, witches ceased to be so notorious, but the belief continued to exist, and does exist now. In rural parts of Scotland and England, and in England and France, even in the towns, fortune tellers, whether they charge a guinea or a shilling for their advice, are witches under the terms of the old statutes and flourish abundantly, but as they are not burned they are supposed by superficial observers to have been exterminated by school boards and electric lighting. The blacker sort of witch who "overlooks" and casts spells on man and beast may be found in many rural regions north and south. One of them was brought before a squire and justice of the peace of my acquaintance as a dangerous nuisance. He said to her solemnly, "You know, Betty, the Bible says 'Thou shalt not suffer a witch to live in the parish.'" And she migrated, under certain conditions of compensation, to another parish.—London Post.

Was This a Trained Mad Dog?

Not long ago a telephone call was received at the Flora avenue police station requesting that an officer be sent to a house to kill a dog supposedly mad. When the officer arrived he met a negro.

"There's a dog under them steps, an he's shore mad," the negro said excitedly.

The officer fired one shot without hitting the dog. The animal started to run away.

"Gimme that gun quick. I'll kill him," the negro shouted.

Saying which he reached for the officer's revolver and got it. He then pursued the dog, aiming the revolver at it as it ran yelping down the street. The policeman waited, expecting the negro to shoot at any moment. The negro and dog—and the revolver—went round a corner and never came back. The officer has bought another revolver. He says he thinks the dog was trained.—Kansas City Star.

Changing His Colors.

Every Sunday a young bootblack in New York attended a mission school. This school, through its well meaning teachers, decided to have a Christmas tree. The gifts for the pupils were provided for them by the teachers and some patrons of the school.

Jimmy, the bootblack, was there Christmas eve, but was much disappointed when his present proved to be a copy of Browning's poems. He folded it carefully in the paper in which he received it and took it home.

The next Sunday the superintendent of the mission school announced that any child who was disappointed with his or her gift could exchange it.

Jimmy marched boldly to the front with his.

"What have you there, Jimmy?"

"Browning, sir."

"And what do you want in exchange?"

"Blacking, sir."

Quadrupeds That Lay Eggs.

The salesman as he wrapped up the eggs conversed politely.

"There are quadrupeds that lay, ma'am," he said.

"That lay eggs?"

"Yes. They are mammals, ma'am, too. Their home is in South America, their names are the ornithorhynchus, or duck billed platypus, and the echidna, or porcupine ant eater. They are the lowest mammals known."

"Really?"

"Oh, yes! The duck billed platypus lays two eggs at a time. But the echidna lays but one egg, which it carries in a natural pouch beneath its stomach—there's an idea for the hen there—until the kid echidna, so to speak, is hatched out."—Los Angeles Times.

Her Ambition.

This incident was told by an actress who was once playing Rosalind, and playing it, as she fancied, rather acceptably. As she entered her dressing room at the theater one night a note from a woman was handed to her which read in this wise:

"Dere lady I work for a dentist but I have spoiled so many of his teeth saying over your part in the play that now I can say it just as well as you do, and I want you to let me try it tonight and see if I can't for the dentist says he cannot have me any more and I must pay for his teeth, and so I must go on the stage and I will be here at 7 o'clock."

The exchange was not made.

"Not Worth a Curse."

Curse, anything worthless. Corruption of the old English word kerse, a small, sour wild cherry; French, cerise; German, kirsch. "Vision of Piers Plowman:"

> Wisdom and witt nowe is not worth a kerse,
> But if it be carded with coveitise as clothers kembe their wolle.

The expression "not worth a curse" used frequently nowadays is therefore not properly profane, though it is frequently intensified by a profane expletive.

A Little in Doubt.

Hostess—I hope we shall see you again next Wednesday. I'm giving a dance. Mr Young—I'm awfully sorry, but I'm going to a wedding. Hostess—Oh, indeed! I'm sure you'll enjoy yourself far more. Mr Young—I'm not so sure. You see, it's my own wedding.

Recipe For Happiness.

To watch the corn grow or the blossoms set, to draw hard breath over plowshare or spade, to read, to think, to love, to pray—these are the things that make men happy.—John Ruskin.

Animals to the number of 70,000,000 are killed yearly for the sake of their fur.

The Provisions of His Will.

The widow of a little village grocer was industriously placing the large, rosy cheeked apples on the top of the diminutive shriveled ones in the barrel when, with his well known martial tread, Farmer Giles entered the establishment.

"I want that tub o' butter," he said, "an' those hams, an' that lot o' sugar, an'"—

The shopkeeper rubbed her hands together with delight.

"Yes, sir," she beamed; "delighted to serve you, I'm sure. And what else may I supply you with?"

"Well," went on Mr. Giles, "there's all them bottles of tomato sauce, an' them boxes o' biscuits, an'—an' all that other stuff," he concluded vaguely, sweeping his hand round the shop.

"Good gracious!" exclaimed the widow, now rather alarmed. "Whatever do you want with all them goods?"

"I dunno, I'm sure," was the farmer's puzzled reply, "but I'm the executor of your late husband's will, an' the lawyer's just told me it's my duty to carry out the provisions, so come on. I've got three hay carts waitin' outside!"

Told by the Cards.

A young woman told a tale of cruel desertion to the officers of an east side charitable institution in New York, and when her case had been disposed of she started to leave the room, wailing, "If I had only believed the cards!" She was asked to explain and said: "We were engaged in Bohemia and our parents were pleased with the match. It was all agreed what I should receive, and we were happy. Then my father, to find out more about the young man, invited him to play cards with him three times, and when the third card evening was over he said 'No.' 'Only in cards a man shows his true nature,' he said, 'and this man showed me enough to show me that he will not be a good husband.' And then when the match was broken I came to this country to my brother. Then Max came, too, and we were married. But the cards were right, and my father knew." And dwelling on that point and sobbing hysterically she left the office.—New York Tribune.

Lack of Sea Room on the Lakes.

The wind often reaches a very high velocity on the lakes, blowing at times sixty, seventy and on rare occasions eighty miles an hour, when the great fleet of lake craft is sure to be depleted by disaster and watery graves added to the great marine cemetery. On such occasions the sea raised would hardly inconvenience an ocean going tug, but by reason of the short distance from shore to shore—"lack of sea room," the mariners term it—vessels are unable to hold a course in the open waters and are driven by the wind upon the treacherous beaches, there to be pounded into splinters. Danger lurks everywhere in the shallower lakes—particularly Erie—where vessels of any considerable draft are apt to pound bottom if caught in a storm and go to pieces like a shattered wineglass.—New York Post.

Knew More Than the Judge.

Justice Maule, one of the greatest judicial wits of England, had doubts as to the credibility of a witness on one occasion, and the man declared that he had been "wedded to truth" from infancy. "That may be," said the justice, "but the question is how long have you been divorced?" A little girl was a witness before him, and he proceeded to ascertain whether she knew the nature of an oath. The child in answer to questions said she would go to heaven if she told the truth, but would go to the other place if she told lies. "Are you sure of that, my dear?" Justice Maule asked. "Yes, sir, quite sure." "Let her be sworn," said the court; "she knows more than I do."

Changed His Mind.

A man went to a boxing instructor and asked him how much he would charge him for twenty-five lessons. The instructor told him his terms, and the lessons commenced. After two lessons the pupil, who was somewhat the worse for wear, remarked to the professor: "You see, I wanted to take enough lessons so that I could learn enough about the manly art to lick a man. I've changed my mind now. I guess I will send the fellow down to take the rest of the lessons."

How a Fox Escaped.

In the West Somerset country a fox was hunted right down to the seashore, and to the surprise of every one he swam boldly out to sea. The hounds were taken away, and after some minutes the fox swam back, landed, shook himself and trotted quietly away. The master decided that his life was to be spared, and he was hunted no more that day.—Country Life.

Competition Too Keen For Him.

A farmer during a long continued drought invented a machine for watering his fields. The very first day while he was trying it there suddenly came a downpour of rain. He put away his machine.

"It's no use," he said; "ye can dae naething nowadays without competition."—Scottish Nights.

Would Open Them.

"You told me your husband had large, fine eyes. I didn't notice it."

"Wait a minute or two till the milliner comes along with my new hat and the bill."

Unfortunate.

She—So you told Lady Buncomb she looked as young as her daughter. That caught the old lady, I know. He—Yes, but it lost me the daughter.

From Germany we get the custom of celebrating gold and silver weddings.

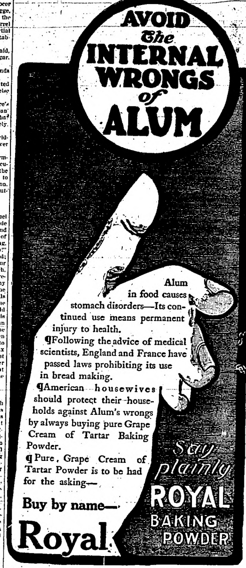
AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM
Say plainly
ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure, Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

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You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

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THE SPIDER'S WEB.

Its Relation to the Progress of Architecture Among Men.

No one who has spent much time in the country can have failed to observe and admire the beautiful webs of the little garden spider. These webs, circular in outline, with radiating threads running from center to circumference and supporting a series of concentric lines, are regarded by naturalists as the highest architectural achievement of the spider.

The maker of the web sits at its center, where the slightest vibration caused by the struggles of an entangled victim is instantaneously felt. The threads are so fine as almost to be invisible in some lights and at the same time so strong that no insect not too powerful for the spider to overcome is able to break them.

How did the spider learn the art of making these webs? Their great ingenuity and perfection of geometric form are conceded. The naturalist is not satisfied with the reply that it is a matter of instinct. He learns that there are wide differences to be found among the webs of different spiders, and his observations lead him to think that he can discern a sort of actual progress, which he calls evolution in the art of web making among spiders.

The common house spider spins a web quite different from that of the garden spider. The house spider's web consists of a silken tube hidden in a dark corner with an irregular sheet of closely woven meshes spread before it. The tube is the spider's lurking hole and place of refuge; the outspread web is its snare. The wolf spider makes a tubular hole with a hinged door for a refuge, and spreads no snare, relying entirely on its own prowess to overcome the unsuspecting victim. Still another species of spider constructs a far simpler tube without any lid or door.

According to a distinguished naturalist at Washington, these different kinds of webs or nests represent so many stages of development. This naturalist is of opinion that at the beginning the only kind of web that any spider knew how to spin was a simple cocoon intended to protect its eggs. Then a web for the protection of the spider itself from its enemies was woven around the cocoon. This web had an opening for ingress and egress, and such webs, intended for use only during the time that the eggs are hatching, are still spun by some species of spiders.

The next step was the development of a snare. It has been suggested that this may have resulted from the accidental spinning of threads over and around the opening of a tubular retreat surrounding a cocoon. This was further developed in the outspread net of the house spider, and it reached its highest form when the garden spider learned to construct its beautifully radiated web.

In all this there may be discerned some resemblance to the progress of architecture among men. The earliest representatives of the human race were content to dwell in caves and rudely constructed huts. Then more elaborate dwelling places and buildings intended for other purposes were constructed until, by successive steps, advancing as has the spider, we have arrived at the temples, palaces and houses of civilized life.—St. Louis Republic.

The Language of the Boy.

A child, with its meager store of language, is somewhat in the position of the fabled woodchuck, which was simply obliged to climb a tree, whether it could do so in harmony with the facts of natural history or not. He must express himself with what language is immediately at his command or fail in more or less serious degree to express himself at all. And so his little store must be treated as thoroughly plastic, just as the language of his race in its earlier stages was plastic. The existence of whiten, "to make white," is all the justification he needs for smallen, "to make small," or lowen, "to make low." "Jimmy Jones hasn't grown much since he was here before," says one. "Why, I really believe he's ungrowed some," answers my younger, expressing his thought clearly and fully and delightfully unconscious of the fact that linguistic authorities do not recognize the right of this handy prefix to attach itself to this particular verb. Ought I to have stopped him right there and loaded his undeveloped memory with parallel columns of words which do and do not admit the prefix un? If I had done so his brother would probably not have ventured to ask a little later how people make unhandpainted china, and his knowledge would have been less today by the small amount of information which I was able to give him on that subject.—Atlantic Monthly.

Victims of the Bosporus.

The stories which have become so widespread in Europe of the wholesale drowning of ladies of the seraglio in the Bosporus are not very greatly exaggerated. We have no less than three well authenticated cases in which as many as between 200 and 300 have been sent to the bottom of the sea tied up in the traditional sack. These terrible executions usually occurred after some conspiracy to depose or murder one or the other of the sultans. Sultan Mahmud II caused all the women of his brother Mustapha's harem to be drowned in a similar manner. Even in these days it is easy enough in Turkey to get rid of troublesome wives and slaves without fear of detection, for no man, not even an inspector of police, may enter any harem on any pretext or inquire as to what has taken place within it unless he is actually called in by the master of the house.—"The Sultan and His Subjects."

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance, from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area of Tracts Acres. Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	68.50
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	23	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	33.97
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
E½	16	151	43	320
All of	36	151	43	640
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	153.18
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, NE¼ SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	250
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.12
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	153	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	22	153	45	160
E½	20	154	45	320
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440
DELINQUENT LANDS.				
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80
W½ NE¼	36	151	44	80

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 344 made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Christian Nygard, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Alonzo H. George, " "
Arthur H. George, " "
John C. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 23 june 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole Vinjerud of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 473 made November 10, 1904 for the SW¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 11, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Engelbret Vad, " "
Kittil I. Jordahaugen, " "
Christoffer Vad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 6 july 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Syver L. Solberg of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 118 made 22nd June 1904, for the N. W.¼ Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Bernard Knutson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson, " "
Peder Flo, " "
Tor Gunderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 30 july 4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tonnes Michaelson of Thorwick Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3800 made 22d January 1901, for the N. W.¼ Section 8, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter Michaelson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " "
Gunder Gunderson, " "
Gjermund J. Rosta, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 30 july 4

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Peder E. Bergh of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 138 R.L.S. made June 22 1904, for the S. W.¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Andrew Trovaton, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, of " " "
Peter A. Sorium, of " " "
Lars Hanson of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 30 july 4

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Simon Opsahl. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Simon Opsahl, decedent. The State of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, father, Mathea Opsahl, mother, Gunda Opsahl, sister, Even Opsahl, brother, Peter Opsahl, brother, Ole Opsahl, brother, and Mathilde Opsahl, sister, all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent:

The petition of Knudt Opsahl having been filed in this court, representing that Simon Opsahl, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 20th day of April, 1907, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Knudt Opsahl and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition;

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate court rooms in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 10th day of May, 1907.

By the Court.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

COURT SEAL

N. B. Hanson,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Barnesville, Minnesota.

may 16 june 6

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

NOTICE

The undersigned, proprietors of meat markets in Thief River Falls, will sell for cash and cash only on and after the 6th day of June, 1907.

Ole J. Bloom. Bulman Bros.
John P. Forsberg. Wilson, Steen & Co.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Fossum of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 4959 made April 18, 1902, for the lots 1 & 2 sec. 19 T. 155 N., R. 40 W., SE¼ NE¼ and NE¼ SE¼ Section 24, Township 155 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Matthias G. Skogstad, of Germantown, Minn.
Arne Blakstad, " "
Martin Bakken, " "
T. S. Moen. " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 16 june 20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 28, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H.E. No. 8631 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.,
Emanuel Andin, " "
Lars P. Larson, " "
Edward Larson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 9 june 13

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vingenstad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 967 made Nov. 29 1904, for the SW¼ Section 9, Township 164 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 9th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole E. Wiseth, of Germantown, Minn
Peter O. Brevik, " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " "
George Wold, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 23 to june 27

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 505 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N. Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olof Brevik, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 25 may 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Nels Knutson, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 324 made June 27, 1904, for the S. W.¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 11th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

William Vaughan, of Germantown, Minn.,
John O'Donnell, " "
Jacob Vad, " "
Engebret Vad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 25 june 6

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vad of Germantown, Minn, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 315 made June 25, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Engebret Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Harry Halvorson, " "
Nels Knutson, " "
Knut Bagaas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 2 june 6

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 30, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Halvorson of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 314 made June 25, 1904, for the NW¼ Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Engebret Vad, " "
Nels Knutson, " "
Knut Bagaas, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 2 june 6

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Tuesday, June 25th., at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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RATES $1 PER DAY.
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LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXI. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1907 NUMBER 24

COUNTY SEAT REMOVAL PETITION IS FILED.

It Has 2342 Signatures---Over 500 More Than Necessary.---Commissioners Called to Meet on July 1st.

As will be seen by a legal notice published in this issue of the News, the petition calling for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls has been filed with County Auditor O'Brien and this gentleman has called the board of county commissioners to meet on Monday, July 1, to consider the petition.

The petition is signed by 2312 of the legal voters of Red Lake county or about 552 more than the required 60 per cent. It is a well understood fact that the filing of this new petition has been made necessary by the fact that the original county seat petition, which had been legalized by the state supreme court, had been stolen from the auditor's office. The same great care in preparing and circulating the new county seat petition that was used in securing the first petition was again exercised so that the only way in which Red Lake Falls can hope to defeat this petition in the end is by either stealing it or securing the required number of withdrawals. And it is not going to be such an easy matter to steal this petition. Auditor O'Brien has been furnished with a steel time lock safe which has been placed in the auditor's vaults and when the petition is not being inspected by interested parties, it will be resting in this safe. Auditor O'Brien will personally take charge of the petition when it is being inspected by the Red Lake Falls parties and no opportunity will be given one to steal it.

Just how long a decidedly small minority of the residents of the south end of the county by fake legal proceedings can prevent the expressed desire of a large majority of the residents of Red Lake county to vote upon the location of the county seat of Red Lake county remains to be seen. One thing is certain and that is that there is always an end to the delay of law, and eventually the people of the county will be allowed their constitutional right of voting upon the matter. When that time arrives we feel confident that the voters of Red Lake county will express themselves in no uncertain manner, and that the tactics that have been heretofore employed by Red Lake Falls to gain an end will be almost unanimously repudiated. Never in one instance has Red Lake Falls gone into the courts in the past seeking justice, but always for the purpose of making delay. That they will continue along this line is an assured fact, and it may take some years before the election is held, but sooner or later it will have to come.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:—

Notice is Hereby Given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand three hundred forty-two praying that the County seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated June 11th, A. D. 1907.

John B. O'Brien,
(AUDITOR'S SEAL) County Auditor,
Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

AN EASY MATTER.

First Restraining Order Knocked Out Last Friday.

Red Lake Falls latest injuction was easily disposed of last Friday before Judge Watts. As no petition had been filed when the restraining order was served, the Red Lake Falls attorneys had no standing court, although they did not know this until so informed by the court.

Organizing the Elks.

About twenty Elks met in Dr. Penney's office Monday evening and sent a request to the grand lodge for a charter to establish a lodge of Elks in this city. It is expected that the Elks lodge will be established here sometime in August.

THE STATE LAND SALES

Many New Settlers Will Be Induced to Come to This Section.

Auditor Iverson Says Many Are Going to Buy Lands.

S. G. Iverson, state auditor, believes the summer season will see more settlement of Minnesota state lands than has yet taken place during any one year.

Mr. Iverson says there are several reasons for this belief: "In the first place, *Minnesota state lands today* are better advertised than ever before. Secondly, the wild rush for Canadian northwest lands is over, and settlers are beginning to put on their thinking hats before going in search of new homes. And it does not require very much consideration to drive into their heads the knowledge that Minnesota lands are much farther south the wild acres of Canada; are as a whole nearer to railroads; are of rich soil and abundantly supplied with both timber and running water."

Commencing next Tuesday, Mr. Iverson will hold a series of sales of state lands to be had by the highest bidders. This means an opportunity for settlers to purchase lands cheap, to establish good homes within easy reach of market centers. The Red Lake county land sale will be held on July 1st.

DOING GOOD WORK.

Two Farmers South of Town Demonstrate Value of Split Log Drag.

People who have had occassion to travel over the road just south of town—from Dennis Connelly's corner to Andrew E. Anderson's place, a distance of two miles—say that this one of the best kept roads in Red Lake county. In former years this road was impassable much of the time, and the good condition the road is now in is due entirely to operating the split log drag. John Nelson and Andrew E. Anderson are the two farmers who take care of this piece of road and they are certainly entitled to a great deal of credit for the work they have done. Last year when they first commenced work, the road was very rough, but today it is in fine condition and requires very little work to keep it in good order. After every rain these two farmers are out with their split log drags.

More Trouble for Hunt.

Bro. Hunt, of the Sunbeam, has been accused of favoring Red Lake Falls for the county seat, but now he wants to get a marriage license and finds that the down river town is a very unhandy town to reach, so we may soon expect him to see a new light and come out in favor of Thief River Falls. The following from the Sunbeam explains the matter:

"The railroad company always keep a strong lobby at St. Paul during every session of the legislature to look after their interest, and the "wood chucks" that they slip through at every session would fill a forty acre lot. Two years ago they slid through a law to the effect, that in order to get a marriage license, that the applicant must personally appear before the clerk of District Court. What for? So the railroad company could collect car fare, of course. If the people don't begin to get onto their job and put a lobby in that legislature to look after their interest, there will be a law passed that a man must personally appear before the County treasurer and swear that he has two cows, one hog, a yeller dog and an old clock in order to be allowed to pay 15 cents personal property tax."

Goes to Fargo.

Crookston Times:—James Powers left last night for Fargo where he will make his headquarters as traveling salesman for Reeves & Company, of Columbus, the well known manufacturers of traction engines, steam plows, and heavy farm machinery. Mr. Powers has been with A. J. & A. McKinnon for some time, having made Crookston his home for the past years, and his removal from the city will be regretted by his many friends who will nevertheless congratulate him on his advancement to such a desirable position.

Local Club Wins Again.

One of the best ball games ever played in Thief River Falls was when the local nine defeated the club from Warren in this city Sunday afternoon by a score of 2 to 4. The weather was decidely unfavorable for good ball playing and the attendance was not as large as it otherwise would have been had it not looked so much like rain. Quite a number from Warren were present.

THIEF RIVER TO CELEBRATE

Local Lodge of Eagles to Have Charge of the Celebration.

Warren Band Engaged and Warren Ball Team to Be Here.

At a meeting of the local lodge of Eagles held last Friday evening it was unanimously voted there be a Fourth of July celebration in Thief River Falls this year and a committee consisting of C. C. Jackson, O. A. Westine and C. A. Wiste was named to have charge of the celebration. The Warren band has been engaged for the occassion and a purse of $100 has been hung up as prize for a ball game between the Warren and Thief River Falls base ball nines. Other attractions such as men's, boys' and girls' foot races, hop, skip and jump, tug of war, sack races, greased pole, ect., are being arranged for, to entertain the people who are at Thief River Falls on that day.

It has been many years since Thief River Falls has celebrated the Fourth and the Eagles promise to entertain the people in royal style. A large consignment of fire works has been sent for to be used on the evening of the Fourth.

A Novel Competition.

The Commercial Club of Portland, Oregon has adopted a unique method of attracting attention to that city and the Pacific Northwest. It is offering a series of prizes amounting in the aggregate to five thousand dollars in cash for the best articles treating of any phase of the resources, scenery, irrigation projects, agriculture, horticulture, timber, dairying history, educational and religious advantages, social conditions, etc., which make that section of the United States desirable to settlers.

One of the conditions of the competition is that contestant must secure the publication of his article in a regular edition of some newspaper or other publication dated on or before December 31st, 1907, and printed outside of the states of Oregon and Washington. The publication containing the article must be in the hands of the judges, who are to be appointed by the Governor of Oregon, not later than February 1st, 1908.

This offer is a novel one and especially interesting as indicating the aggressive spirit of the cities of the Northwest in exploiting their advantages. The offer is made, however, not so much with a view of having the country "boomed" in the common acceptation of that term, as to have the people of the country generally become more familiar with the Youth Pacific Coast.

FANT SELLS EXCHANGE

J. M. Bishop Soon to Be The Telephone Proprietor.

Made a Deal With H. Fant Last Week for the Purchase.

An instrument was filed with the city clerk last Friday whereby H. Fant agrees to sell and J. M. Bishop agrees to purchase the Thief River Falls Telephone exchange together with the toll lines to Middle River, Sandridge, Germantown and Plummer. The consideration named is $20,000 and in the deal Mr. Fant is to take section a of land belonging to Mr. Bishop in Marshall county. No real transfer of the property has as yet been made, but the agreement filed is a binding one upon both parties and the transfer will be made the latter part of this month. The application which the Tri-State Telephone company has made to have a receiver appointed for H. Fant has been continued for three weeks and before this time expires it is the intention of Mr. Bishop to pay off the indebtedness which this company has against Mr. Fant and of course no receiver will be appointed.

The Thief River Falls Telephone exchange is now and always has been a good paying piece of property, but the toll lines have not proved as profitable and in operating these Mr. Fant did not make much money. Mr. Bishop is quite undecided as to the future plans, and says that he may decide to sell the system inside of a few days if he receives what he considers a fair offer, otherwise he will incorporate a company and continue the business. If Mr. Bishop decides to incorporate, a number of his former business associates in Iowa will go into the company.

It is quite probable that connections for long distance purposes will be made with the Northwestern Telephone company.

SALVATION ARMY.

Army Opens Up Headquarters in Thief River Falls.

Thief River Falls now has a Salvation Army and this institution will be one of permanent institutions of the city in the future. The old postoffice building on Main avenue has been rented as a meeting place and Ensign Selma Johnson will be in charge of the work here. The first meeting was held Saturday evening and on Sunday four meetings were held. Meetings will be held on every evening in the week hereafter.

Those in charge of the work here report that they are having large meetings.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
MERCHANTS OF GOOD CLOTHES.

Spring Furnishings.

Great preparations have been made in our furnishing department.

THE NEW SOFT HAT comes in some very swell shapes and shades, and then there our new colors in gloves and neckwear.

FANCY WAIST COATS are increasingly popular this and we are showing some novel designs in exclusive patterns from $1.25 to $3.50.

FANCY SHIRTS, with or without collars, cuffs seperate or attached, some superb effects, $2.50, $1.50, $1, 75c or 50c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR, a word to you on underwear: Balbriggans, 50c and 25c; as to the union question, "Staley's" and "Metropolitan" $3, $2.50, $1.50 and 1.00.

The Golden Rule Clothing Dept.
Everything from Head to Foot.
The Home of H. S. & M. Suits. The Home of the Crossett Shoes.

No Money Comes Easier than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

For fancy lawn seed go to O. Tessum's.

J. K. Wood was down to Crookston last week.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush Monday.

O. Tessum has just received a car of fine dent corn.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston last week.

W. A. Schrieter was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Harry Carr was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

J. A. Rolston was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Wision last Friday.

Dr. Gambell returned the first of the week from his trip to Iowa.

W. J. McKinley and Henry B. Schmitz left last Friday for Calispell, Mont.

Attorney E. M. Stanton returned Saturday from his trip to Grand Rapids.

Sheriff Nelson and family spent Sunday in the city visiting with relatives.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

Miss Lancaster was up from Crookston last week visiting Mrs. Ira C. Richardson.

J. M. Bishop was down to the twin cities last week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was up to Middle River last Saturday attending to legal business.

Mrs. Holcomb, of Warren, was in the city last week, the guest of Mrs. F. J. Stebbins.

Miss Belle Hermanson and Miss Alice Christienson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Plummer now has a physician, Dr. Robert Clark, of St. Paul, having located there last week.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, can be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Misses Emma and Clara Backe left Monday for Vernon, S. D., to visit with an uncle for several days.

B. A. Lee, of Marshall, N. D., was in the city the first of the week visiting his brother, Deputy Sheriff Lee.

C. H. Gunheim, the genial Sandridge merchant, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

C. J. Winton was in the city over Sunday, being enroute from Prince Albert to his home in Wausau, Wis.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

S. J. Gaugeness, who had been at Fairdale, N. D., returned last week and is now on his claim up near Austad.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag and children leave this evening for Iowa to visit friends and relatives for several days.

Mrs. Wm. Bulman arrived in the city Monday from Patlach, Idaho, to visit friends and relatives for a few weeks.

A team belonging to Newberry & Bulman was stolen last Thursday night and on Saturday was found up near Ringbo.

J. O. Gjerberg, who for years was the janitor of the Red Lake county court house at Red Lake Falls, died last week.

William and Mary Forbat, who for the past two years have been out in the state of Washington, returned to this city last week.

O. H. Ecsrud, a saloonkeeper at Middle River, was fined $15 and costs last Saturday by Justice Carr for selling liquor to minors.

Wil Vaugham, of Germantown, was in the city the first of the week, having been down to Crookston to attend to some business matters.

D. N. Winton returned Saturday evening from his trip to Prince Albert. He reports that everything is very backward in the Canadian Northwest this year.

Farmers are feeling quite jubilent just now over the propects of a good crop this fall and conditions thus far have certainly been quite favorable.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. John Morgan next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, June 19. All are cordially invited.

The Middle River Creamery was opened Monday and the occasion was celebrated in a proper maner. The Middle River band furnished music for the occasion.

Clarence Cummings, who for the past two years has been bookkeeper for the Soo line upon this division left Monday for Whitefish, Mont., where he has accepted a position with the Great Northern.

For Sale At Jackson & McGinn's.

Red Clover Seed, Fancy
Timothy Seed, Fancy
White Clover Seeds
Lawn Grass Seed.

D. J. McNiven, who for the past sixty days had been weighing mail for the government on the Soo's Winnipeg flyor, finished his duties last week and returned to this city last Saturday morning.

Frank Hill returned to Fargo last Friday after having spent several days visiting with relatives here. He expects to leave the fore part of July for Billings, Mont., where he has been offered a position with a beet sugar manufacturing concern.

The News last week contained an item to the effect that K. M. Hanson and Ben Christienson had been appointed census takers by the city council to serve with pay. The item should have read to serve without pay.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls July 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

Rev. Knox, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city, but who for the past few years has been located at Red Lake Falls, has accepted a call from a congregation at Green Bay, Wis., and expects to leave for that place in a few weeks.

C. H. Harkens, representing the Simonet Rug Co., of Stillwater, will be in the city, June 24 26 located at the Hotel Rushford. Phone or leave order and he will be pleased to make an estimate for same. Remember they make rugs from any old carpet.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money every thing you buy of us. Telephone., No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

J. O. Moseth has again been arrested for keeping his saloon open on Sunday, June 2. A week ago last Monday he was arrested under the city ordinance for keeping his place open the day before and was fined $50 and costs. Later in the week he was arrested under the state law on the same charge and will again have to stand trial. The hearing upon the charge under the state law will be on June 24th.

There will be a big Swedish Mission meeting held at the residence of C. F. Stenhammar in section 24 of Gervais township on Thursday and Friday, June 20 and 21. The meeting will be presided over by Rev. Rodfeldt, of Thief River Falls, who will be assisted by three other ministers. A big tent will be used for the meetings so that visitors will be protected from the weather. The meeting will open at 10 o'clock a. m. of each day and everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Dr. Gambell leaves about the 1st of July for Alaska and expects to be absent from Thief River Falls for about two months. He goes as a representative of the United States government for the purpose of inspecting a number of reindeer stations and will also make a report as to the advisability of establishing a number of schools which the government is intending to locate in that territory.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday.

C. J. Landman and wife returned to Grand Forks Tuesday.

P. W. Roark is over from Kelliher attending to business matters.

Ira C. Richardson is expected home from his trip to the Pacific coast this week.

Henry Dau, of Germantown, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Joseph Duchamp went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to business matters.

Miss Alice Mabey arrived in the city last evening and is visiting her brother, P. W. Mabey.

M. McAndress was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday and sold a handsome driving team to D. N. Winton.

Miss Margaret McNiven went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Edward and Hildegard Weiber arrived in the city last week and are visiting their uncle Fr. Adolph.

J. D. Abbott came down from Rollis yesterday to spend a few days in the city attending to business matters.

Next week the local fire department and quite a number of citizens will go to Red Lake Falls to attend the firemen's tournament.

J. Borry is remodeing his photograph gallery on Main avenue. Part of the building will be fitted up for an office which will be rented.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. Ole Evenson at 8 p. m., on Wednesday, June 19.

Carl Fredrickson expects to remove his saloon from the Northern Hotel building to the building just north of the Ogahmah this week.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

Invitations have been issued to the marriage of Miss Helen Helgeson to Mr. Herman F. Poole. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Barackman at the Presbyterian church on Wednesday, June 19, at 7:30.

Prof. G. Anlin, Clairvoyant and Palmist, gives correct advice on business, lawsuits, speculations, love, courtship, matrimony; unites the separated and causes speedy and happy marriage with the one of your choice. Park Hotel Room 8.

There will be an entire change of program for the last half of this week at the Bijou. New songs and new pictures. An exhaust fan has been enstalled. Mr. DeVeling will have two beautiful illustrated songs "The girl you Love" and "Little One, Good-bye".

Nine cars were loaded with the effects of emigrants to Canada the latter part of last week. We don't wish any of them bad luck, but predict that the majority of them will wish themselves back in Minnesota ere many moons.—Middle River Pioneer.

Postmaster Kratka has been making some more improvements at the postoffice and much new furniture for the handling of mails has been added. The Thief River Falls postoffice is now without doubt one of the best equipped in the northern part of the state.

Upon the complaint of Mr. Frieteg, living on the east side, three young boys living over there were arrested the first of the week. It appears that these three boys together with a number of others have been bothering Mr. Frieteg in various ways. Judge Bishop has continued the case against the three boys until the 1st of July and if they remain upon good behavior the case will be dismissed.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

We will celebrate Children's Day at the hour for morning worship next Sabbath day. 11 a. m.

The Women Workers will meet on Friday at 3 p. m. in the church parlor in their monthly Missionary Meeting.

Dr. Gambell will speak on Alaska: All are invited.

The Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. will be a union between the Epworth League and our own young people.

The usual evening worship at 8 p. m.

The Thursday evening prayer meeting at 8 p. m.

We welcome all to our church,

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	[illegible]
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 14
Eggs	12½c
Butter	18c
Creamery butter	22c
Potatoes	30c

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

NEW BRICK BUILDING

Rasmus Oen to commence Building a Large One in August.

Will Be 75x100 Feet Two Stories High With Basement.

Rasmus Oen, the pioneer hardware dealer, announces this week that in August he will commence the erection of a brick building at his present location on the corner of LaBree avenue and Third street. The building will have a frontage on LaBree avenue of 75 feet and on Third street of 140 feet. It will be two stories high with a full basement. The walls of the building are to be heavier than that of any building in Thief River Falls, as Mr. Oen says that he may at some future date decide to add two more stories, making it a four story building. Only the foundation for the basement of the building is to be put in this fall, and next spring the building is to be finished.

Mr. Oen states that he is erecting this new building for the purpose of adding to his business and instead of handling hardware exclusively he intends next spring to engage in the general mercantile business and will have a complete department store.

NAMES FOR BIG GUNS.

Two Significant Ones That Were Selected and Rejected.

At the Fort Pitt foundry, Fort Pitt, Pa., were cast in 1867 for the monitor Puritan two twenty-inch guns, which Captain W. C. Wise, then chief of the naval bureau of ordnance, proposed to call Satan and Lucifer. This proposition called forth a protest from the pastor of a Presbyterian church at Pittsburg, who characterized it as "most unseemly, if not impious." His letter was referred by the member of congress to whom it was addressed to the department and finally came into the hands of Captain Wise for reply. In answer he called attention to the foreign custom of giving to vessels such names as Jupiter, Juno, Vulcan, Venus, Juggernaut, Inferno and Lucifer and Satan to convey an idea of the power of the destructive agent used in battle. These guns, argued the learned captain, were not intended for peace and the utterance of good will toward men, but to inflict as much mischief and destruction on human beings in time of war as their namesake, the devil, tries to do at all times. He further reminded his clerical critic that a number of clergymen had witnessed without protest his act of "christening" in presence of a large assembly of ladies and gentlemen the first twenty inch gun cast for the navy as Beelzebub. However, the argument did not prevail, for religious sentiment was effective in preventing this use of Biblical nomenclature.—Army and Navy Journal.

TOUGHS OF PARIS.

They Are Known as "Apaches" and Work In Gangs.

Les Apaches—

They work in gangs. In the underworld their associations are complete and distinct. Fame has come to them—to the gang of Bebert of Montparno, of Gegene of the Courtille, the Green Cravats, the Costauds of the Villette, the Mont-en-l'air of the Batignolles. Against these bands the police war in vain. They wage their battles in open day—for some "mome" that Bebert has stolen from Gegene. A band comes down from the heights of Belleville or of Charonne and raids a peaceful quarter—a home going cab is surrounded, the passenger stabbed through the window and robbed. They prey on the public. Band wars upon band. There are nightly duels on the fortifications or under the bridges—when the Beau Totor meets Poigne d'Acier, knife to knife, in a savage and not unloyal way. Young all, from sixteen to twenty-two, rarely older. Where do they come from? Everywhere. They grow on the pavements of Paris, along the gutters—foundlings or deserted children, sons perhaps of that laboring class which is on the edge of crime and beggary. The life of the Apache is short, but for every one sent to the jail or the guillotine two stand ready at the door of the slums. They used to haunt the den of the Pere Lunette.—From "The Slums of Paris," by Vance Thompson, in Outing Magazine.

Nurses and Cancer.

"I find the trained nurses brave enough in most cases of contagious disease," said a Brooklyn doctor, "but there is one thing at which they balk."

"What's that," asked a friend "smallpox?"

"No; cancer. They have all the untrained woman's horror of that disease. The most faithful of them will go without an engagement for weeks rather than take a cancer case. Yet the peril is slight compared with what they face almost without thought."

"Isn't it contagious?"

"A malignant case is if a scratched hand is brought into contact with the cancer. Three cancers out of four, however, are not malignant and can be dressed without gloves safely. The trained nurses balk at all of them."—Brooklyn Eagle.

CARTAGENA.

Colombia Has the Oldest Walled City In This Hemisphere.

One of the few walled cities in this hemisphere and perhaps the oldest, is that of Cartagena, Colombia, South America. The wall, which is still standing and in excellent condition, stretches its irregular circumference several miles, inclosing what was one of the gayest, wealthiest and largest cities of the new world in the days of Spanish supremacy. It is said that $50,000,000 was spent in constructing this wall, and it must be remembered that three or four centuries ago that meant considerably more money than it does now.

The wall is wide enough to accommodate several teams abreast. Its top is flat in most places, while at intervals there stand sentry boxes, showing that the wall was meant to guard the light hearted residents within its inclosure from sudden attacks either by sea or by land.

At one end of the wall near the sea is still to be seen the government prison. Here there is a long row of cells, which are still kept for the use of prisoners. At present these offenders are much sought by tourists to the Spanish main, for many of the men confined there have for sale exquisite carvings on shell and wood.—New York Herald.

IN CASE OF FIRE.

The Landlord Told His Literary Guest How to Get Out.

In the days before the dawn of his fame it was the practice of a certain well known author to wander up and down the land seeking what he might devour in the way of suggestion and local color. In this way he had drifted into Arkansas, "roughing it," and not, as he expresses it, presenting an appearance calculated to inspire a hotel proprietor with unlimited confidence.

The only hotel in the town, a frame structure, seemed to have been built upon the theory that there was plenty of room straight up, but that ground had to be bought, and the wanderer was shown to a room on the third floor, reached through many narrow and winding passages. From the one window it was a straight drop to the ground.

"Say, how would I get out of this place in case of fire?" he asked the landlord, who had brought up his grip.

The other eyed him coldly.

"Waal," he drawled, "all yo' would have to do would be to show ther night watchman—the one with ther shotgun—a receipted bill foh yo' board an' lodgin' an' get him to tie up the bulldog."—Cleveland Leader.

A Mission That Failed.

The Sire de Joinville tells us in his "Histoire de St. Louis" how a certain Brother Yves of the preaching friars once met while crossing a street in Damascus at the time of the sixth crusade an aged woman who carried in her right hand a bowl of fire and in her left a bottle of water.

"Where are you going?" asked the Brother Yves.

"I go," said she, "to burn up heaven with the fire and put out hell with the water, and so I will make an end of both."

"And for why will you do this?" asked the friar.

"Because," said she, "I would that we did good neither for the joys of heaven nor for the fear of hell pain, but purely for the love of God, who deserves so well of us and who is able to deliver us from evil."

Forgotten Hotel Keys.

"I suppose," said a guest, "a good many forgetful people go off with your hotel keys?"

"This will show you," said the clerk.

And he took from a drawer the following printed slip:

"The manager of the Blank hotel acknowledges with thanks the return of key No. —, which M—— by oversight carried away on departure."

So many keys, the young man explained, were mailed back by forgetful guests that it had been deemed advisable, as a time saving device, to have a key acknowledgment printed.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Goose.

The goose, which for some unknown reason has become an emblem of idiocy, but which is really a wise bird of good habits and one of the most profitable for the fancier, was probably the first fowl to be domesticated by man. Homer, 1,200 years before the Christian era, speaks of his goose, in which he was greatly interested, and the hieroglyphics of Egypt prove that at his time they had been tamed for centuries.—Circle.

Subscribe for the News.

CONDUCTORS TO ORGANIZE.

Large Number Are Joining the Order of Railway Conductors.

Lodge from Enderlin, N. D., Has Been Temporarily Removed Here.

For the purpose of initiating a number of the Soo conductors who run out of Thief River Falls into the Order of Railway Conductors, the charter of the lodge at Enderlin, N. D., has been temporarily removed to Thief River Falls and this week a large number of conductors are being initiated into the order here. W. W. Shaw, C. S. Ellis and Ed Olmstad, officers of the Enderlin lodge, assisted by some of the local conductors who belong to this order are doing the work.

It is the intention, as soon as enough conductors who run out of Thief River Falls become members this order, to organize a local lodge here, but at present not enough of the conductors running out of Thief River Falls are members of this order. Thief River Falls now has an order of Railway Trainmen and it is one of the most flourishing lodges on the Soo line.

R. and P. Minstrels.

The number of people who really live is small compared with the vast number that merely exist. Some people seem to think if they go to one ministrel show that they have seen them all and stop right there. These are the people that just exist, nothing more.

In the larger cities it is common to meet the heads of families who in figuring on their daily, weekly or monthly expenses, figure that the theater is a

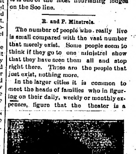

necessary expense and a visit each week must be figured on. These people really live, and it is a noticable fact that the same habit is spreading into the interior.

Go and see them all if you can afford it; if not, pick out those that have the mark of age in their favor, those that have been before the public long enough to know just what you are getting. Richards & Pringle's Famous Georgia Minstrels that come to Thief River Falls on Friday, June 21st will come near filling your expectations.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Subscribe for the News.

RICHARD'S & PRINGLE'S FAMOUS GEORGIA MINSTRELS

ARRIVAL OF THE GEORGIANS ON THEIR SPECIAL TRAIN

Will Be Here, Friday, June 21.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

ACME HYGIENIC COUCH

Just received another shipment of Acme Couches, the only couch made that has the right kind of spring construction and costs no more than others ask for the other kind.

Always insist upon buying Webester chairs. They are good chairs and cost no more than the cheap kind.

Buy a New Home Sewing machine, the only machines made guaranteed forever.

We are headquarters for pianos and sheet music.

Ask for a music catalogue-- it's free.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OF-~~FICE~~ BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 1

Allstad Miss Carry,
Alton Thos,
Brecho Nils,
Knut Finstad,
Bearsley W. A.
Balthager Fred,
Badeoux Iurnz,
Connenen Mrs. E. E.
Dixon Mrs. John
Danielson Albert,
Erickson John,
Fuglie S. J.
Forst John,
Fitzpatrick Henry,
Mrs. Gunderson,
Gagmiller Harvey,
Hughes Geo.
Heiser Fred,
Hanson Miss Clara,
Homme Mrs. T.
Iverson Peter,
Johnson Mrs. Morius,
Lane Miss Jennie,
Fred A. Lane
Laylan J. E.
McArthy Mike
Miss Marrion
Magee Miss Mary
Moller Charles,
Nelson Dora,
Piller John,
Parkhurst Miss Zina
Richardson Will F.
Skeie Miss Anna
Skaalgaard Hans J.
Severence Fred
Sanders Anne
Thompson Charley,
Torgerson Theodore
Vannes Mrs. Julia J.

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

Goes to Fargo.

Crookston Times:—James Powers left last night for Fargo where he will make his headquarters as traveling salesman for Reeves & Company, of Columbus, the well known manufacturers of traction engines, steam plows, and heavy farm machinery. Mr. Powers has been with A. J. & A. McKinnon for some time, having made Crookston his home for the past years, and his removal from the city will be regretted by his many friends who will nevertheless congratulate him on his advancement to such a desirable position.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CROWN PRINCE AS A "MIXER"

Regent of Sweden Likes to Play the Peoples' Games and Is Heartily Applauded.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

In Stockholm nowadays may be seen a tall, thin man, wearing a short beard and a large pair of pince-nez, who is wielding a lawn tennis racket with much skill to the accompaniment of spontaneous hand clapping by a crowded gallery. It is the crown prince of Sweden, engaged in a hot mixed double in the most perfect covered lawn tennis court in Europe. The democratic tendencies of the father-in-law of Princess Marguerite of Connaught are well known. Though he is now acting as regent of Sweden, nothing can prevent him from mixing with the people and playing the peoples' games. When the crownprince is in the courts there is no ceremony, nothing to suggest that a royal exponent is matching his skill against a commoner. Not even a ballboy is engaged to pick up the balls—a fixed attribute to every English tournament. Before he begins his match the prince will stand, chatting and joking with the other members of the club.

In his will the late Consul Ekman has ordered that 2,000,000 crowns be set aside for charitable and educational institutions. Of this amount Augustana college at Rock Island receives $5,000 and $100,000 has been set aside for the establishment of a labor bureau for Swedish-Americans who return to Sweden. Had Consul Ekman known how few the Swedes are that return to Sweden permanently it is doubtful if he would ever have made the latter provision in his will.

King Oscar received a deputation from the Society Par Bricole last week, who handed him a beautifully engraved address in gold letters congratulating him as a member of the distinguished society for more than fifty years. Par Bricole is the most exclusive and distinguished order in all Sweden and its social gatherings have been the most exclusive and elaborate in the history of the country.

A week ago last Sunday Crown-prince Gustaf gave a dinner in honor of the visiting foreign delegates who attended the 200th Linne anniversary at Upsala university. Among the guests were W. G. Farlow, of Harvard university; W. W. Keen, of Pennsylvania university, and J. A. Udden, of Augustana college, Rock Island, Ill.

The official celebration of King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's golden wedding was held June 6. The gift of Sweden will be a collection to enable poor patients to gain admission to the sanatorium for consumptives, founded on the twenty-fifth anniversary of King Oscar's reign.

There has been an abundance of rain during the past six weeks and if the summer proves agreeable there is no reason why there will not be an excellent crop. In the southern section of the country everything looks very promising.

The famous old "Tattersall" at No. 22 Gref-Thure street has been sold to the A. B. Norden Co., which will use the former temple of sports as a warehouse from now on. There has been many a wrestling match at famous old "Tattersalls."

The Swedish government has instructed its envoy in London to make the proper arrangements for the removal of the remains of Emanuel Swedenborg from London to Stockholm, where a fitting mausoleum will be erected.

Anna Petersson-Norrie celebrated her twenty-fifth jubileum as a scenic artist at the Ostermalm's theater May 25. Mme. Norrie appeared with a Swedish ladies' quartette in the United States a number of years ago.

Carl Rupert Nyblom, one of the eighteen members of the Swedish academy, formerly a professor in the University of Upsala, died in Stockholm June 1 at the age of 75 years. His funeral occurred June 5.

A slight earthquake was felt in the vicinity of Nordmaling and Lulea a week ago last Monday. It went in a southwesterly direction and was accompanied by thunder and a subterranean rumbling.

Professor Rudolph Kjellen has been engaged as associate editor of Vartland and will now have charge of the political end of the paper.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

An alarming accident marred the visit of King Haakon and Queen Maud during their visit to Versailles, France, May 29. Their majesties were accompanied by President and Mme Fallieres. Queen Maud, Mme. Fallieres and General Michel were in one landau, drawn by four horses. As the carriage was crossing the low, narrow bridge in the park that leads over Lake Marie Antoinette to the Swiss village, the horses became frightened and commenced plunging at a furious rate. The bridge is without rails, low stone copings taking their place. First one horse fell into the water and the continued plunging of the others carried two more over the side of the bridge, the postillions going with them. In the meantime the women were greatly alarmed. General Michel, realizing the danger, burst open the door of the landau and half helped, half carried the queen and the wife of the president out of the carriage and to the end of the short bridge. Just as the women were in safety, the oscillating carriage followed the horses into the lake. Shouts from the postillions alarmed King Haakon and President Fallieres and they hastened back. The king threw of his hat and coat and was ready to leap into the water, but this was not necessary. The women were not hurt. The following evening Foreign Minister Pinchon gave a dinner at the foreign office in honor of the visiting sovereigns. As a souvenir of their visit the French government presented to the Norwegian majesties a Gobelin tapestry, some fine engravings from the Louvre and several Sevres vases.

A Christiania correspondent writes: "During the stay of the Danish royal family, some entertainments of a more limited character took place. The king likewise entertained the members of the Norwegian Society of Science on its fiftieth anniversary. But still many were waiting for the honor to be the king's guests. The chance came on May 13, when Norway's new king and queen gave their first court ball, to which about 1,000 persons were invited. It would make a long list to mention those who were there. First came the diplomatic corps and foreign consuls, all except the Americans wearing brilliant uniforms, and a lot of decorations, then the ministry—none of them wear uniforms now—a large number of military and civil officials, representatives for science, art, commerce and industry. Anyone knowing European customs will understand that every man who is the possessor of one or more decorations did not fail to make the fact known on this occasion. The ladies had all 'rigged up' in their best and some of the toilets displayed would be regarded as swell evening gowns in most parts of the world. The invitations called for appearance at the palace at 8:30, but it was a little after 9 when the king and queen entered the ballroom, and after having shaken hands with the diplomats and other dignitaries of the highest rank the dance began, in which both the king and the queen took active part. At 11 o'clock a splendid supper was served. After the coffee, the dance was resumed and continued to 1 o'clock."

Says Michael Alger, the Minneapolis Journal's Christiania correspondent: "Among the notable Norwegians who have passed away lately, Director of Roads Krag should be mentioned. Those who have traveled in Norway know what it means to build roads in such a broken country, but they will also remember that despite such natural difficulties, mountainous Norway possesses a network of excellent public roads such as any nation might be proud of. It would not be far from the truth to say that it is all Mr. Krag's work, during the thirty years he was the director of public roads. He was a man of unusual ability and energy, born in 1829, and originally educated as a military officer. He was appointed a captain in the Norwegian artillery in 1852, but in 1866 he resigned and entered on the work which became the career of his life under Mr. Bergh—father of the present American consul at Gothenburg—who was then director of roads, and a man who also deserves much credit for the work he did in this capacity. Mr. Krag succeeded Mr. Bergh as director in 1873, and held this office until he resigned in 1903. It was not only in the field of road-building that Mr. Krag proved himself an exceptionally able man. He took strong interest in many other movements. Mr. Krag was a brother of Colonel Krag, one of the inventors of the Krag-Jorgensen rifle."

The arctic steamer Frithjof left Tromsoe June 3 for Spitzbergen with the airship and all the other appurtenances, excepting the Siberian sledge dogs of the Chicago Record-Herald expedition on board. The dogs had not arrived and were sent a few days later on another steamer.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Copenhagen police arrested a Russian anarchist named Niezlegh, who recently has held an inferior position at the royal palace. It is believed that he had the intention of assassinating one of the members of the Russian royal house, who from time to time are visitors at the palace. Other suspicious looking Russians have also been arrested in Copenhagen.

The proposition of selling the Danish West Indies to the United States has again been rejuvenated through the United States minister at Copenhagen, who is reported to have broached the question to Foreign Minister Levetzau. It is doubtful, however, if the Danish riksdag will ever consider this question again; at least not for a great many years.

Cenia Krum Nathansen, the celebrated Danish actress, was shot and mortally wounded by her husband on June 2 at the Hotel Aalberg, Jutland. The husband, after shooting his wife, immediately committed suicide. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy.

King Frederick gave a farewell reception in honor of United States Minister O'Brien, who has now been transferred to Japan. Queen Louise and the whole royal family were present and paid their respects to the American minister and his wife.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The United States circuit court of appeals, sitting in St. Paul, has overruled the bill of exceptions filed by the Standard Oil company in the suit of the government to dissolve that corporation. The effect of the ruling will be that all the alleged unlawful acts of the Standard Oil company will be revealed in the testimony when the case is brought to trial and will not be limited to the acts committed since the passage of the Sherman anti-trust law in 1899.

Sister Borronica, or Emily Deigle, the novice kidnapped by her father from the St. Clement's Catholic school at Duluth, is safe at her home in St. Paul, having arrived there accompanied by her father and mother, who objected to her joining the sisterhood next month, as she intended. The young woman is twenty-four years of age.

The petition of the three trustees to whom Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy had transferred her property, asking that they be substituted as plaintiffs in place of "next friends" in the suit to secure an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property, was denied by Judge Robert N. Chamberlain of the superior court at Concord, N. H.

That negotiations for the placing of a $50,000,000 loan in Europe by the Union Pacific Railroad company failed of success because of the attacks on railway corporations in this country early in the year is the statement made by E. H. Harriman.

For the first time in its history St. Paul experienced an absolutely dry Sunday, all the saloons in the city and in West St. Paul being closed tight. Even the buffets in the leading clubs were closed.

Despondent over ill health and the fact that he had been found by a government inspector to be nearly $1,000 short in his accounts Postmaster A. F. Hill committed suicide at Cando, N. D.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Japanese trouble in San Francisco probably will be settled by a recourse to the law. Information has been received at Washington to the effect that the Japanese consul general in San Francisco is contemplating bringing suit against San Francisco for damages incurred by the owners of the Horseshoe restaurant and the Folsom bathhouse from the attack by a mob on May 20 last.

One hundred armed Confederate veterans from Tennessee, carrying the Stars and Bars, were denied admission to the United States Capitol until after they had lowered their flag and disarmed. Congressman Gaines of Tennessee, who accompanied the veterans, objected to this action, but the Capitol police were firm in their position.

John C. Capers of South Carolina will be appointed commissioner of internal revenue ad interim. The appointment is to continue until Dec. 1, when Pearl Wight of New Orleans will become commissioner.

Indications point to a lively protest being made when congress convenes next winter against the new tariff agreement with Germany.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Helen M. Gougar, the well known temperance leader and lecturer, dropped dead at Lafayette, Ind., of heart failure. She was seventy years old and for many years had been a leading temperance agitator.

Medical Director Robert A. Marmion, U. S. N., retired, is dead at Washington as the result of a stroke of apoplexy.

Former District Judge L. B. France, a Colorado pioneer and noted lawyer, is dead at Denver, aged seventy-four years.

Miss Julia Magruder, the novelist, is dead at Richmond, Va., after a protracted illness, aged fifty-one years.

General Thomas H. Ruger, U. S. A., retired, is dead at Stamford, Conn.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 8.—Wheat—July, $1.00⅛; Sept., 99⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.00@1.00⅝; No. 3 Northern, 96½@98½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 8.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.02¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.01¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.00½; July, $1.01¾; Sept., $1.01¾; Dec., 93¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.28½; July, $1.29; Sept., $1.2½; Oct., $1.27⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@5.75; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@5.00. Hogs—$6.00@6.07½. Sheep—Wethers, $6.25@6.75; good to choice lambs, $8.00@8.10; spring, $8.00@9.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 8.—Wheat—July, 91⅜c; Sept., 99⅜c. Corn—July, 54c; Sept., 54c. Oats—July, 46c; Sept., 38c. Pork—July, $16.35; Sept., $16.52½. Butter—Creameries, 18@22c; dairies, 18@21c. Eggs—13½@14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 12c; springs, 20@22c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.60@6.60; cows, $1.75@4.50; heifers, $2.60@5.50; calves, $5.50@7.50; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.60; poor to medium, $4.60@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.50. Hogs—Light, $6.10@6.37½; mixed, $6.10@6.35; heavy, $5.95@6.30; rough, $5.85@6.05; pigs, $5.75@6.30. Sheep, $4.50@6.90; lambs, $6.50@8.00.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 13, 1907.

It commences to look as if Gov. John A. Johnson would be nominated for president by the Democrats. If the Democrats are looking for a vote getter, they will nominate Johnson by acclamation.

There can be no more violation of the Sunday closing law in Minnesota if any person living in any city or village in the state makes an objection. A decission handed down by the state supreme court last week in the case of the state of of Minnesota against the mayor of St. Cloud settles this matter. If the lid is not put on every city and village in the state hereafter, it will be the fault of the citizen.

The Great Northern Railway are urging dealers and fuel consumers along their line to place orders for next winter's coal supply. This is a timely suggestion in view of the discomforture of last winter owing to the scarcity of fuel throughout the Northwest on account of the tie-up and delay of traffic, due both to car shortage and the severe weather. While this is a timber section, and no hardships were suffered on account of the coal shortage, yet it would be well for those who contemplate burning coal next winter to place their order early to insure delivery before the rush of traffic incident to the late fall season. Coal can also be had cheaper now than when cold weather sets in.

LOCAL MAN ARRESTED.

Was Fishing With a Net in the River at St. Hilaire.

Game Warden Wm. Munch, of Crookston, dropped off on the wrong side of the south bound train Tuesday evening and after supper went down to the river to see if there was any illegal fishing.

It was a bad evening and he only found one person using a dip net, the unfortunate one being Christ Bangan, of Thief River Falls, who is at present working on the section. He was arrested and taken before Justice Nelson where he pleaded guilty and was fined twenty-five dollars and costs.

Mr. Bangan only fished a short time and did not catch any fish. He was willing to pay his fine only he did not have the price. The county attorney has taken charge of the matter and it may be settled.

Fishing with nets in the future is going to be rather risky business as the new law gives anyone who furnishes the information $10 for each conviction secured.

A search warrant for a couple of farmers near town was also taken out but nothing was found so the matter was dropped. It may be slower with a hook but it is by far the safest way to take fish.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

"SOO" LINE

ON SALE

JUNE 1st

From Twin Cities

	One way	Round trip
Albany, N. Y.	$20.00	$31.50
Boston, Mass.	21.00	33.00
Montreal Que.	19.00	31.50
New York, N. Y.	20.00	
Ogdensburg N. Y.	19.00	30.00
Ottawa, Ont.	19.00	30.05
Quebec, Que.	19.00	30.70
Toronto, Ont.	19.00	25.00

Other Points in Proportion.

Write for particulars to

W. R. CALLAWAY.

General Passenger Agent

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

GERMANTOWN.

Too late for last week.

The fields and praries are getting nice and green so the prospects for another harvest are not so bad after all. Dry weather has prevailed since the snow left so the roads are also in excellent condition and everybody is happy.

H. G. Langord of Black Duck representing the Jewell Nursery Co., was around some time ago taking orders for fall delivery of nursery stock.

Miss Mechtilda Costello opened a term of school in district 91 week before last.

Peter Maney and family arrived last week from Redwood county and proceeded to Grygla where they will make their future home. Mr. Maney was awarded the contract for carrying the mail from Germantown to Grygla for the next term beginning July 1st. this year.

George Johnson, of Grygla, publisher of the Eagle was in town on Sunday between trains.

Ed. Hanson the new buttermaker arrived last Friday from Milwaukee, Wis., and has assumed charge of the Creamery and Gust Berggren left on Monday for Middle River to enter his duties as buttermaker with the Creamery at that place.

Mrs. Carl Edseth went out to Liner Thursday for a few days visit with her sister Mrs. James Edseth.

The school entertainment and basket social previously announced to be given by Miss Thompson's school in district 120 came off on Saturday evening in the Hopkins Chapel and was a pronounced success in all ways both socially and financially. The program consisting of songs, recitations and dialogues was very well selected and rendered and reflects credit to teacher and pupils alike for efficient work. A full house was present and the sale of baskets netted about 35 dollars to be expended in school house fixtures. All present spent an enjoyable evening.

A number of our citizens drove out to the school picnic at Miss Olson's school four miles east last Sunday.

Nels Moe made a trip through the country last week canvassing for enlarged pictures.

Schack Simonson one of our old-timers was up from Thief River Falls for a short visit a week ago. He has spent the winter at his paternal home in Denmark and is now running a restaurant in the city.

Mrs. Anna Lonson was up from town last week to hold down her homestead.

Elling Bagne, father of John Elling son and Mrs. P. A. Johnson in Moylay township, died at the home of the former Saturday evening of heart failure. He was in his usual health until found dead by the door of the house. Mr. Bagne was among the earliest settlers in this community. Funeral services were held Wednesday at the Lutheran church and cemetery.

Dr. R. L. Olson, of Sandridge paid us a professional visit Saturday and Monday.

Mrs Rudolph Manthey has been on the sick list lately.

Rev. Aarnes of Liner officiated at the Lutheran church services last Sunday.

Missionary C. M. Williams of Crookston will conduct a gospel meeting in the Hopkins Chapel next Sunday.

After Shears Sawbuck.

Not so many days ago an oily tongued agent of a Chicago concern visited our farmers. He brought with him samples of groceries galore and succeeded in getting no less than 39 orders, aggregating nearly $700 from our immediate neighborhood. The goods arrived last week and simultaneously an inspector from the Dairy and Food department who proceeded to examine them, with the result that he seized and sent to the department headquarters at St. Paul, one keg of vinegar, 43 cans of spices, one sack of rice and 43 kegs of coffee, billed as Mocha and Java and most of it short on weight. We have before us a copy of one bill amounting to $28.41 and find upon investigation that the same bill can be duplicated at our local stores for $21.85, a difference of $6.66 in favor of our home merchants and acorresponding loss to the purchaser.—Preston Times.

New Stallion Law Makes Work.

The new stallion law passed by the last session of the legislature takes effect at once and will give the registration board more than it can do for several months. The purpose of the law is to protect the public against unsound or diseased. The law provides that every stallion standing for public service in this state must be licensed by the State Registration Board which shall examine, verify, and register his pedigree, pass upon certificates of veterinary examination and provide for veterinary inspection when necessary. The board is composed of the professor of animal husbandry of the Agricultural College who is ex-officio secretary, the veterinarian of the State Experiment Station, and the President of the Minnesota Horse Breeders Association who are to serve without pay.

There are probably 3000 stallions in this state used for public service and at the rate applications are now being made, fifty a day, it will take over two months to receive them all. With receiving, verifying, correcting and fully examining into every application and issuing licenses, the examining board has a task of no small magnitude before it.

ST. HILAIRE NEWS.

Items Taken from the St. Hilaire Spectator of Last Saturday.

St. Hilaire is getting to be a great egg market and at present about seventy-five cases of thirty dozen per case are being shipped weekly. It adds considerable to the farmer's revenue.

John and Gust Naplin, of Polk Center, who have been spending the past year in the Pacific coast country, returned here last Saturday. They seem well satisfied to get back and report that while the west is lively it is also overdone at present.

Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin has been offered the position as manager of the creamery at the state experimental farm at Menomonee, Wis., by Prof. Jas. A. Wilson. The position pays a salary of $80 per month and Mr. Austin declined the appointment.

Last Friday was another big day at the creamery, and the creameries in northern Minnesota that are going to set the pace for the St. Hilaire creamery will have to hurry to keep in the game. On that day they received 9,693 pounds of cream, the average test was 25, and it made 2,993 pounds of butter. Yesterday was another big day but we cannot give at this writing the exact figures.

Senior Reminiscences.

The chapel clock peeled the hour for is, and we ate it with epicurean enjoyment. We were walking together, the senior and I, and I listened with bated breath while he told me a fish story. Arm in arm we walked, but suddenly he stopped and drew his hands across his eyes. It was a good likeness, but obscured his vision a bit. Then he resumed:

"We sure were a bunch of bummers in our freshman year. In our snowball fight with the sophs on Washington's birthday three of us gained the fence and began to chop it up into small pieces for souvenirs. Suddenly a seven foot soph grabbed the smallest of my assistants, but with a well aimed snowball between the eyes I laid him low, while scarlet streams rolled down his face and made intricate arabesques on his collar."

The senior paused and fetched a sigh, goodness knows where from.

"But whence the scarlet streams?" I interrogated. "Was it blood?"

"No," he palpitated; "there was a tomato in the snowball."

Then silence fell, but we sustained it between us.—Yale Record.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

You Can Not Realize What The Words

PURE BEER

Mean until you have made a visit to the Big Brewery and have seen how Hamm's Beer is made.

Hamm's

We spare no expense in order to make Hamm's Beer absolutely pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also under the Food Laws of all other states.

No better beer than Hamm's can be made

We use only the choicest materials. Our Beer is aged for months so that when it reaches you it is a thoroughly matured beer of the highest quality.

The "Preferred Stock" is a Beer which appeals to all tastes

G. WEIMER, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

MUST PAY EXPENSES

Ruling from Attorney General's Office Is an Inportant One.

Means a large Increase in the Salary of County Superintendent.

That the county must pay all of the bills of the county superintendents when traveling about the county visiting schools and even attending state meetings is the ruling of C. S. Jelly, of the attorney general's department. The superintendent cannot, however, charge for the keeping of his own team when used for private purposes.

In his opinion Mr. Jelly says:

"The county board of each county shall audit and if found correct allow duly itemized and verified claims of the county superintendent of schools for actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred and paid by him or his assistant in the conduct of his official duties as superintendent of schools. You inquire particularly as to the following items:

"a—Hotel or other similiar expenses.

"b—Hiring of livery team.

"c—Expenses of keeping his or her own team when at home and not in discharge of his duties.

"d—Expenses in attending teachers' meetings institutes, etc.

"The general duties imposed upon the county superintendents of schools on account of which he is required to incur expenses are found under sections 1318, 1349, 1370, 1379 and 1380 of the revised laws of 1905 and as defined by these sections are: To conduct teachers examinations, to attend district meetings, when called by the state superintendent; to visit and inspect each school in his county at least once a term; to organize and conduct teachers' institutes; to encourage teachers' associations; to call meetings of school district officers at such time and places as may be convenient.

"When the county superintendent or his assistant is engaged in the discharge of his official duties as required of him under the provisions of the sections referred to, he is entitled to be reimbursed by the county board for his actual and necessary traveling expenses. These must be taken to include hotel and other expenses, the cost of hiring a livery team and the keeping of such team or his own team while traveling on official business, travel by rail or any other necessary mode of travel. The expenses to be allowed must be taken to include those incurred in attending teachers' meetings as this attendance is made a part of his duties under the law. I am also of the opinion that he is entitled to be paid for his traveling and hotel expenses when attending meetings called by the state superintendent under section 1379.

"The law cannot be construed to provide that he shall be paid for the expense of keeping his own team at home or when not engaged directly in the discharge of his official business, nor for the repair of buggy and harness.

"It is to be understood that after the salary of the superintendent or his assistant has been fixed by the county board the traveling expenses as provided for under chapter 33 are to be paid in addition to his regular salary.

A Warning to Buttermakers.

Some of our creamery managers do not know that Uncle Sam is likely to pounce down upon them at any time for turning out butter containing more than 16 per cent of water on which an internal revenue tax of ten cents a pound is laid. When the officers of the internal revenue service discover that a butter producer has been making a practice of exceeding the lawful limit of water in his butter without paying the licenses and taxes required, his books may be seized, the amount of butter made in this way determined and a tax is then levied at 10 cents a pound, which must be paid at once or the creamery is seized and put out of business and the owner goes to jail. It is reported that creameries in the east have been compelled to pay large sums in this way under protest which they can only recover by bringing claim against the government. The action of the government in this matter is based upon the federal law passed in 1902, which imposes a tax of 10 cents a pound on adulterated butter. One feature that makes butter come under the head of adulterated goods is when the water contained exceeds a certain maximum to be prescribed by the secretary of agriculture. The maximum decided on is 16 per cent. It is for making this kind of butter that some creameries will have to suffer.

An Old Turtle.

Little Falls Transcript: "In 1881 Milo N. Young, then a resident of Two Rivers caught a small mud turtle in the mill pond at that point. He carved his name and the year "M. N. Young.1881." in the shell of the turtle and again put the animal of many meats into the pond.

Nothing more was thought of the matter until Wednesday of this week when a son of R. Carnes of Royalton captured a turtle in the same pond. It proved to be the same turtle, as Mr. Young's name and the year 1881 were engraved on the shell.

"The markings were plain and could be easily read the turtle evidently taking good care of his decorated shell for twenty-six years had elapsed since the engraving had been done.'

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

J. K. HANNAY SELLS BANK.

C. L. Hansen Now President of Both St. Hilaire Banks.

Quite Probable Two Banks Will Consolidate Soon.

St. Hilaire Spectator: On last Tuesday a deal was concluded whereby a majority of the Stock of the First State Bank of St. Hilaire was purchased from J. K. Hannay by C. L. Hansen, who was elected president of the bank the same day by the board of directors.

What is now the First State Bank was started by J. K. Hannay as a private bank in the fall of 1893. The business was a successful one and in 1901 it was incorporated as a state bank. At present the bank has a paid-in capital of $10,000 and a surplus of $2,000. It has $15,460.20 on deposit subject to check, $1,207.10 subject to demand and $36,208.47 on time deposit, making a total deposit of $52,875.81. The bank is in a very prosperous condition and the only reason, we understand, for the sale is that Mr. Hannay wishes to join his family in Washington where they have located permanently.

Mr. Hannay for the past nine years has been closely connected with the business affairs of the village as a banker and attorney and a large number will be sorry to learn that he is about to leave. He has been successful here in his business affairs and still has large property interests here.

The new president, C. L. Hanson, who is also president of the Merchants State Bank, located here last July having purchased from L. C. Simons a controlling interest in the Merchants State Bank. Mr. Hanson was not, however, a stranger, as he had been in the country since 1900 and had an extensive acquaintance with the people of Red Lake county. Since taking charge of the Merchants State Bank, Mr. Hanson has showed marked ability, and the increased deposits and business of the bank during the past year show that he has the confidence of the people and plenty of business ability. Mr. Hansen also has strong financial backing so that he will be able at any time to finance any deal that might come up in the business affairs of this community. The stockholders and depositors are also assured that under his management the affairs of both banks will be so run as to render their interest absolutely safe and secure.

B. E. Burkee, the present cashier of the First State Bank, will continue in in his position as cashier, while K. O. Gigstad will continue to officiate as cashier at the Merchants State Bank.

It is possible that in the future the two banks may be consolidated, into one stronger and larger institution but that remains for the future to decide.

CANOE TRIPS.

Getting to Be a Popular Sport in Northern Minnesota.

"Trips by canoe though Northern Minnesota are getting to be more popular every year," said T. H. Grace a settler living up near the northern boundry line in Beltrami county. "A person may travel hundreds of miles through the wilderness of the northern section of the state with scarcely a portage, and every hour of the trip offers something new to interest one.

"The fame of these trips is spreading, and these days they are taken advantage of by people from points outside the state, who are looking for a new form of recreation. The best time to travel in this way in a canoe is in the early fall, or else late in the spring, for at those seasons there are no mosquitoes to bother one, while in the summer they are very troublesome. And then in the summer time there are days when it is very warm, while along about this time of the year, or in the fall, it is just about right for traveling.

"There are so many different routes one may take that one can make a new canoe trip every year for several successive seasons, and not travel over the same waters. As I say, the fall is the most popular season. One other inducement for the outing in September or October is that wild game is to be had then and as various kinds of land and water fowl are to be seen on the trip, there is no difficulty encountered in keeping the camp table well supplied with fresh meat. Usually Indian guides are employed to look after the fortunes of the party. They not only guide people over the route, but they also do most of the hard work, making the outing all the more attractive."

A Large Attendance.

The Minnesota Agricultural College which just closed for the year has an enrollment of 819, the largest in its history. Of these, 641 were boys and girls from the farm who have chosen farming as their vocation, 106 were creamery and cheese factory operators, and 72 were taking the four year college course.

DEATH OF A PIONEER.

Rudolph Jacklin, Former Resident Here, Died at Roseau.

Was Thief River Falls First Miller and Well Known Here.

Rudolph Jacklin, one of the pioneer residents of Thief River Falls and a man well known to all residents of this section, died at his home up at Roseau last week. The following account of the death taken from the Roseau Times will be of interest to residents of this city:

Rudolph Jacklin passed away to his eternal rest at six o'clock on Monday June 3, at the family residence in the village of Roseau, surrounded by all the members of the family. A sister Mrs. Margruet Wendt, of Thief River Falls, was also present at the death bed. Mr. Jacklin was a sufferer for several months from a complication of ailments and although he sought expert medical aid it proved of no avail. Realizing that death was near, the deceased on last Saturday made final disposition of his estate and calmly awaited the end. Mr. Jacklin retained his mental faculties until within an hour of the final summon which called him quietly and peacefully to the Great Beyond.

The last sad rights over the body of the deceased were held at the residence and were attended by a large concourse of friends, Prof. G. H. Mattson officiating The services took place on Wednesday at two o'clock in the afternoon and as a mark of respect for the deceased the business houses of the village were closed during the hours of the funeral. The remains were laid to rest in the Church cemetery west of the village.

Rudolph Jacklin was born of Swiss parents in Washington county, Wis., on December tenth 1848 and was consequently 58 years 5 months and 24 days old at the date of his death. He was married to his faithful consort, who survives him, Bertha Wendt, on Sept. 14th, 1873 at Schleisingerville, Wis. Mr. Jacklin was a miller by trade and prior to coming to Roseau was located at Thief River Falls, at the Solicitation of J. H. Sanders, Mr. Jacklin was induced to come to Jadis now the village of Roseau, in the year 1892. He invested money in the present town site and in connection with Mr. Sanders platted a portion of it as the town site of Jadis. At the same time he erected the present flouring mill which a few years ago he sold to the Roseau Milling Company. The building of the mill was the nucleus which give this location an opportunity to build up the thriving village of Roseau, and the business acumen and capital of Mr. Jacklin were the leading factors which started the town. Mr. Jacklin has held many positions of public trust in the town and village and for several years was president and member of the village council. In his business relations he was always fair and just and enjoyed the confidence and esteem of all who knew him.

Always active and busy he led a strenuous life which in a measure may account for his demise at an age when he should have been practically in the prime of life. His death is deeply regretted by his neighbors and friends who respected him for his genial sociability and rugged honesty.

The family have lost a guiding hand, a kind and affectionate husband and father, whose every wish was a future provision for them.

Surviving the deceased are his wife and eight children, two brothers and five sisters. The children are all residents of Roseau.

A BETTER STRAIN.

Efforts Being Made to Improve the Shorthorns.

The United States Department of Agriculture is undertaking in connection with the Minnesota Experiment Station, the development of a strain of Shorthorns that will be adapted to milk production. It is proposed to interest a number of farmers who will purchase shorthorn cows, if they do not already own them, that are bred for more than ordinary milk production. The Minnesota Station will also purchase such animals and the Government, the Minnesota Station, and the farmers will form an organization for the control and distribution of the offspring. The farmers entering the experiment will thus have the constant advice and assistance of the experts engaged in the work.

Prof. Andrew Boss of the Animal Husbandry Division is now on a trip through Pennsylvania, New York, and Ontario, for the Purpose of selecting animals to carry on the experiment while Prof. Gaumnitz is looking over the stock in this State best adapted to the purpose.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

LID ON AT ST. PAUL

First Absolutely Dry Sunday in History of Capital City.

HABIT LIKELY TO SPREAD

Supreme Court Upholds Right of Attorney General to Remove Officials Who Fail to Enforce Law.

St. Paul, June 10.—For the first time in its history St. Paul experienced an absolutely dry Sunday, all the saloons in the city and in West St. Paul being closed tight. Even the buffets in the leading clubs were closed. Not a single arrest was made by the police all day Sunday.

The order compelling the saloons to close was taken by the board of police commissioners as a result of the decision of the supreme court confirming the authority of the attorney general to institute proceedings for the removal from office of any city official who fails to enforce the state law, which forbids any saloon to be open on Sunday.

As soon as the decision was announced a special meeting of the board of police commissioners was called and the following resolution passed without division:

"Resolved, That from and after this date all saloons in the city of St. Paul shall be closed on Sunday and the chief of police is hereby required to strictly enforce this order."

FAILURE TO PUT ON "LID"

Officials May Be Removed by State Authorities.

St. Paul, June 8.—It looks very much like the "lid" for St. Paul, Minneapolis and other cities in Minnesota where the state liquor laws have not been enforced. By a decision of the state supreme court in the case of Mayor Robinson of St. Cloud it is held that the removal of officials for nonenforcement of the laws is in the hands of the attorney general of the state. The court in its decision says:

"The attorney general, as the chief law officer of the state, possesses and may exercise, in addition to the authority expressly conferred upon him by statute, all common law powers incident to and inherent in the office.

"Officers of municipal corporations organized under legislative authority are, in respect to all general laws having force and operating within their municipality, agents of the state and may be charged with the performance of such duties in the enforcement of the same as the legislature may from time to time impose."

AERONAUT IS DROWNED.

Balloonist Loses Life in the Minnesota River.

Granite Falls, Minn., June 10.—Entangled in the ropes of his parachute John Puepura, an aeronaut of Utica, N. Y., met death by drowning in the Minnesota river near this city.

Puepura, who was employed by a carnival company that is operating its enterprise here now, made the ascension at 6 o'clock in the evening. The wind quickly carried the balloon up the river and when he had traversed about half a mile the aeronaut detached his parachute.

In some unexplained manner his arms and legs became entangled in the ropes and when the parachute struck the water Puepura was unable to save himself.

STRIKE IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Will Tie Up Work on Buildings in That City.

Minneapolis, June 10.—A mass meeting of the members of the Minneapolis building trades council took action which means tying up of work on all important building operations now in progress in Minneapolis. The mass meeting decided to call out all men employed on buildings where contractors are using the material of master sheet metal workers whose men are out on strike because of the open shop principle. This will affect practically every building operation in the city.

Two Brothers Drowned.

Akeley, Minn., June 5.—Henry Fegre and Ole Fegre, aged twenty and twenty-seven years, respectively, were drowned in Akeley lake. In company with three other young men they were crossing the lake in a small rowboat, which was capsized. Three clung to the boat and were rescued. The Fegre boys struck out for shore, but the distance was too great and they disappeared before help could reach them. The bodies have been recovered.

Order Temporarily Held Up.

St. Paul, June 4.—The order for the removal of artillery from Fort Snelling will not become effective until after Secretary of War Taft visits this city June 14. At that time the matter will be decided definitely and arrangements have been begun to bring every possible influence to bear upon the war secretary that will tend to induce him to change the order.

Fall Six Hundred Feet.

Ely, Minn., June 8.—The cage in the Zenith mine dropped 600 feet while twenty six men were riding in it. All were badly shaken up, but only fourteen were so severely injured as to require treatment at the hospital. None of the men was killed or is expected to die. The cause of the cage's fall is not known.

KIDNAPPED BY PARENTS.

Novice in Duluth Convent Forcibly Taken to Her Home.

St. Paul, June 8.—Sister Borromea, or Emily Deigle, the novice kidnapped by her father from the St. Clement's Catholic school at Duluth, is safe at her home in this city, having arrived here accompanied by her father and mother. Mrs. Edward Deigle, the girl's mother, told the following story of the kidnapping:

"Emily is here and she is going to stay here," she said. "We are Protestants; she became a Catholic convert six or seven years ago. Five years ago, when she was nineteen years old, she entered the school, against our wishes and also those of a dozen Catholic friends.

"She was obstinate, however, and we let her go. When we heard from her that she was going to take the veil July 11 we thought it was time to do something.

"Shortly after dinner Friday afternoon my husband, his brother and myself took a carriage to the school. I remained in the carriage while the men went up to get my daughter. They returned shortly afterward with her and said they had an awful time getting out. She was teaching a primary class when they went in and they had to carry her out by main force. Even when they were carrying her to the carriage she screamed and struggled.

"When we drove away a big mob followed us, but we succeeded in reaching Mr. Deigle's brother's house without being intercepted. We remained there a short time and then took the train for St. Paul."

CAPTURED AT SEATTLE.

St. Paul Bank Teller Alleged to Be Short in Accounts.

St. Paul, June 6.—Philip W. Kempien, until May 15 one of the tellers of the Capital National bank of this city, was arrested by the Seattle authorities on the charge of being short in his accounts. Mr. Kempien was arrested on information furnished by John R. Mitchell, president of the Capital bank.

Mr. Mitchell stated that Mr. Kempien's defalcation from the Capital National bank would not amount to more than $5,000 and that his bond in the National Surety company would fully protect the bank.

The alleged shortage in Mr. Kempien's accounts was not discovered until a few days ago, when certain errors were discovered in the regular course of business. The alleged defalcation had been going on for about a year. It is said that Mr. Kempien's method was to make false statements in his books upon issuing certificates of deposit. At least that is the method pursued at first. Later, it is said, he used a more complicated system.

Later reports allege that Kempien's shortage will reach $17,000.

MURDERER STILL MISSING

Sends Letter to Brother of Victim Admitting His Guilt.

Minneapolis, June 6.—Armed posses of citizens and detectives engaged in the man hunt for George Kadelbach were moved to fresh activities by the discovery of a written confession in which Kadelbach admits that he murdered his sister-in-law, Mrs. Catherine McCart, and concealed her body in an abandoned well on his farm near Long lake, Hennepin county. Kadelbach's confession is one of the most remarkable criminal documents on record. It was addressed to Henry Classon, brother of the slain woman, and is in part as follows:

"Katie is to blame for this and. I was a fool for it. She has been wanting me to kill her and myself ever since last fall, so I killed her, but changed my mind about myself. Now I am sorry that I done it. I am tired of life for the last ten years so tonight will end it. I didn't know which to do. To hang myself or cut my throat or jump in the river so I tossed up a penny and it said take the river, so you will find me in the bottom of the lake."

TO OUST OIL TRUST.

Attorney General of Minnesota Plans to Begin Suit.

St. Paul, June 7.—The Standard Oil company must fight for its life in Minnesota. Suit to oust the oil octopus from the state because of its alleged violation of the Hinton antidiscrimination law is to begin at an early date by the attorney general.

D. C. Richard of Minneapolis is to prepare the case against the Standard and at a conference with E. T. Young, attorney general, at the capitol went over the evidence in the case, consulted authorities and planned the preliminary details of the suit.

The Hinton law was passed by the last legislature and forbids selling oil cheaper in one locality than in another, after making allowance for difference in freight.

MINNESOTA RATE LAWS.

Continuance of Hearing on Restraining Order Is Granted.

St. Paul, June 7.—At a conference between Attorney General E. T. Young and Jared How of the firm of How, Butler & Mitchell, attorneys for the railroad stockholders who have brought suit in the federal court to restrain the enforcement of the commodity rate and the 2-cent passenger fare laws enacted by the last legislature, a continuance of the hearing on the restraining orders issued by Judge Lochren against the enforcement of the commodity rates was agreed upon from June 12 to July 8.

SARDOU'S CALF'S HEAD.

Dinner the Dramatist Served During the Siege of Paris.

Victorien Sardou, the dramatist, told the following story: "On Christmas day, 1870, that is to say toward the end of the siege, I received leave of absence, having bombarded the Prussians across the river since early morning and repaired to a celebrated restaurant. On the way a stranger accosted me. 'M. Sardou, I have something for you,' indicating the basket he carried, 'provided you will pay enough for it.' 'What is it—a curio?' I asked. 'Much better still; something for Christmas dinner,' he said, and, after a pause, whispered, 'A calf's head.' Observing my incredulity, he uncovered the basket and showed me it—admirable and fragrant, on a bed of parsley. I resolved to have it at any price, paid the then remarkably low price of 60 francs ($12) without grumbling and bade him follow me to the restaurant, where I turned it over to the waiter with instructions to prepare it carefully for the dinner that I was giving.

"In the midst of the dinner, after struggling with an unusually tough horse steak, I announced a surprise. 'What is it?' my guests all exclaimed together. 'A ham? Fried eels? Stuffed turkey?' 'No, something far better than that,' I said, impressively. 'A calf's head!' My words were received with spontaneous cheering, as the smiling waiter put in an appearance and carefully set down a large platter, toward which all eyes were instantly turned. But—will miracles never cease?—instead of the coveted calf's head there was a thick and greasy yellow liquid!

"'By the Lord Henry!' I cried, turning furiously on the waiter. 'My head! My head!' 'Your head,' he answered, submissively, 'there it is, monsieur.' 'What's that?' 'It has melted, monsieur, melted down to that.' It turned out that the head was made of molded gelatin and so carefully imitated that the manufacturer, I have since heard, was able to dispose of thirty among gentry as naive as myself."—Chicago News.

"Manners Makyth Man."

William of Wykeham, a fourteenth century bishop of the see of Winchester, was not only a great clergyman and a great statesman, but one of the greatest builders of the middle ages. He was the founder of Winchester college, which is the oldest of all the English public schools. He was the chief architect of the Cathedral of Winchester, and when the king wanted a new wing on his castle at Windsor he ordered Wykeham to build it. Wykeham was so proud of his work that he chiseled on it, "Hoc fecit Wykeham" (Wykeham made this). At this the king was very angry, for he thought he had built the castle himself, and Wykeham would perhaps have lost his head if he had not kept his wits about him. He explained that it was his greatest glory to be the builder of his king's palace and that the inscription should read, "This was the making of Wykeham." The translation was clever enough, and, though the king was probably not deceived, Wykeham kept his head on his shoulders. Perhaps the king would have been sorry to lose so valuable a man. At any rate, you can see the inscription to day from the north terrace, and the incident throws no little light on the sincerity of the motto on the Winchester arms, "Manners makyth man."

Could See Through His Nose.

Several authors at the end of the sixteenth and beginning of the seventeenth century mention a man who had lost both of his eyes, but could see through his nose. An account of him is given in the "Occulus Artificialis Teledioptricus" of Joannis Zahn. It appears that he lived in the country and had the misfortune to lose his right eye when a child and his left when somewhat older by falling from a cherry tree upon a spike which mutilated his nose and cheek. After the wound had healed he found that he could see through the cavity of his nose not merely the daylight, but the colors of the flowers around him. During the next five or six years he learned to distinguish objects brought under his nose. A French physiologist explained the phenomenon by supposing that the membranes, and particularly the retina at the base of the eye, were sound and that an opening communicating with the nose permitted the light to reach the retina through the nose. It is well known that if light enters a dark room by a narrow aperture it will form an image or picture on a screen there, and something of the kind happened in the case of the man who saw with his nose.

Suffered For Her "Crime."

In this "age of the child" such a situation as is described below seems incredible. Yet it is vouched for by Henry Blake in "Chronicles of New Haven Green." The adult of today might not regard the small offender as wholly lost to a sense of right, and even if he did his sympathy would not be with the sentence pronounced. A little girl was tried in New Haven in 1651 before the magistrates' court. Her offense was "prophane swearing." The language with which she was charged was the fiendish expression of "As I am a Christian." The child's mother by way of extenuation suggested that her little daughter "learned her ill carriage at Goodwife Wickham's, where she went to school." [illegible] wonder that the frightened little culprit denied the charge. But even the childish terror did not soften the hearts of the righteous judges. The denial made matters all the worse. The tiny delinquent was found guilty, lectured with lurid warnings, fined 10 shillings for profanity and ordered to be "whipped according to her years" for telling lies to the court.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

Those in charge of the recount of the state ballots cast last fall on the proposition to adopt the wide open tax and road and bridge amendments to the state constitution believe that the tax amendment failed of passage. The tax amendment was passed, according to the returns, by a margin of 13,868. The recount has cut down the total 11,276, leaving a majority of less than 2,600. It is believed that the recount of the ballots in the southern part of the state will wipe out the margin for the tax amendment.

Attorney General Young has won the St. Cloud "lid" case in the supreme court. A decision by the supreme court affirms the lower court in the quo warranto action against J. E. C. Robinson, former mayor of St. Cloud. The decision holds that any mayor is under obligation to see that the state laws are enforced. If he fails the attorney general may sue for civil damages and may also bring proceedings to have the mayor ousted from office.

F. F. Foss of Dassel carried off high butter honors in the first of the series of butter and cheese contests to be held by the state dairy and food commission during the summer. Fred Miller of Mantorville won first prize in the cheese contest. Mr. Foss scored 96 in the butter contests and Mr. Miller 97½ in the cheese scoring. There were 268 tubs of butter entered in the contest and twenty cheese entries.

Taxation of the iron ore lands has been taken up for consideration by the state tax commission. The subject is in the hands of the commission under the law and is specially called to its attention by a house resolution recommending that the valuation be raised to $225,000,000. The commission is studying the report of the legislative committee and the testimony taken by it.

Much to the regret of Parkers Prairie the forty-sixth anniversary of the Northwestern Baptist association, which was to have been held there June 11, 12, 13 and 14, has been transferred to Detroit. The change was made because a few cases of measles have appeared in the village and it was thought unwise to take a chance of the disease spreading among out of town visitors.

Governor John A. Johnson has received official notification of the formation of a Johnson club at Sandusky, O., organized for the purpose of furthering the candidacy of Governor Johnson for the presidential nomination at the next Democratic convention.

Governor Johnson has issued his proclamation for the celebration of Flag day, Friday, June 14. The governor suggests the holding of patriotic exercises in the schools and the decoration of the homes and public buildings with the flag of the nation.

The grand jury at Buffalo has returned an indictment of murder in the second degree against Mary Linderholm, who strangled her newly born infant. It is understood she will plead guilty and invoke the mercy of the court.

John Keating of Wabasha has been reappointed boiler inspector for Wabasha county by Governor Johnson, although the senate last winter refused to confirm the appointment.

The thirty-fifth annual convention of the Minnesota Fire Department association was held at St. Cloud last week. Almost every town in the state was represented.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

An attempted jail breaking was frustrated last week by Jailer Clausen of the Hennepin county jail, who discovered that the three men known as the "Omaha trio," who were awaiting sentence under conviction of robbing H. L. Ward of $1,000 in broad daylight, had two case hardened saws stowed away ready for use in sawing their way to liberty.

Harry L. Emmons was instantly killed by an interurban car in Minneapolis. Emmons was riding his bicycle to work at the Archer-Daniels linseed oil mill, where he was a pressman. He slowed up to avoid a car headed for St. Paul and apparently did not notice a car on the other track running down grade at a rapid rate of speed.

Alderman George W. Merrill, wife and daughter of Anoka were hurt in an automobile accident on the way from Minneapolis to Anoka. They took a curve half way between Osseo and Anoka at over thirty miles an hour and the car turned over twice, demolishing the top and bruising all three.

Fire damaged the Northern Pacific freight depot at St. Paul to the extent of $10,000. The fire started in the east end of the building, probably from electric wires.

Burglars entered the State bank of Russell, Lyon county, blew the safe and secured $3,000 in currency.

OBITUARY.

Major Thomas Montgomery, grand secretary of the Minnesota grand lodge of Masons, is dead at St. Luke's hospital, St. Paul, after a short illness.

Thomas McMasters, an aged photographer, was found dead in his room at St. Paul. He had committed suicide by turning on the gas.

Samuel W. Farmer, a resident of Owatonna for more than fifty years, is dead.

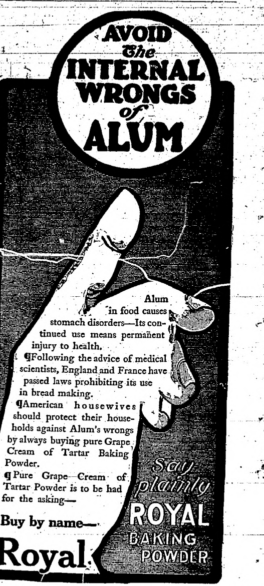

AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—

Royal

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

READING THE GLASS.

Use and Construction of the Mercurial Barometer.

ITS VALUE ON BOARD SHIP.

The Significance of a Fall of the Glass Varies Considerably According to Latitude—Fluctuations of the Barometer in the Tropics.

How's the glass? This is a question which is asked daily by thousands of people all over the world and frequently for very trivial reasons. To the navigator the fluctuations of the barometer are always of interest and not infrequently of great moment. Hence it is customary in the navy to record the reading at least every four hours and in stormy weather at much shorter intervals. The style of barometer which is supplied for use in the navy is that known to makers and physicists as the "cistern" barometer. It consists of a glass tube about thirty-three inches in length and about one-third inch internal diameter.

Any one who has seen a barometer of this type is aware that the glass tube contains a column of mercury reaching within a short distance of the top, but it is not as plainly apparent to the ordinary and uninstructed observer why this tall and narrow column thus remains in the tube. The two conditions essential to the construction of a mercurial barometer are, first, that there shall be as perfect a vacuum as possible in the upper end of the tube, which is closed, and, secondly, that the lower end, which is open, shall be kept immersed in a basin or cistern of mercury.

These ends are accomplished in a simple fashion, first discovered by an Italian scientist named Torricelli, as far back as the year 1643. The tube is held perpendicular, with the closed end downward, and mercury is poured in until it is quite full. Then the finger is placed over the opening and the tube is turned over, end for end; the open end is immersed in a cistern of mercury, and the finger or stopper is removed. The mercury then sinks a short distance in the tube, leaving a space at the top which must obviously be completely devoid of air. The pressure which the atmosphere exerts upon the surface of the mercury in the bottom maintains the column in the tube, and any variations in the air pressure will be accompanied by a corresponding rise or fall of the mercury in the tube.

The cistern must, of course, be of the smallest dimensions possible or the instrument would be too clumsy. In the marine barometer it consists of a cup about one and one-half inches in diameter. The necessary limitation of the cistern causes certain irregularities, which, however, do not practically affect the efficiency of the instrument as a weather glass, and in barometers which are designed for more accurate readings the difficulty is overcome by an ingenious device which there is not space to describe here.

It should be noted that mercury is used in the construction of barometers simply because it is by far the heaviest of liquids. A barometer can be made equally well, for instance, with water, but this would entail having a tube nearly forty feet in length, for when the mercury stands at thirty inches the water barometer will stand at about thirty-four feet, a cumbrous sort of instrument for the navigator to carry about with him.

The glass tube and cistern thus combined are attached to a wooden mounting or placed in a metal case, with openings to show the upper part of the tube, and on the case a scale is cut showing inches and tenths and hundredths of an inch, or, in marking a more accurate instrument, something like the two hundred and fiftieth part of an inch. Barometers are usually scaled from twenty-seven to thirty-one inches, this being the practical limit of the fluctuations due to weather, and, indeed, when the glass gets down to twenty-eight inches it is time to look about you.

The significance of a fall of the barometer, however, varies considerably according to the latitude. In Great Britain, says a writer in the Navy and Army, it has fallen perhaps half an inch or more during the night, and yet there may be no very alarming gale of wind, but such a fall in the tropics would be the signal for the navigator to prepare for a cyclone, the fluctuations of the glass in these latitudes being usually confined to a slight and regular rise and fall at certain hours. In a recent cyclone in Japan the fall during one hour was three-tenths and the rise during the next hour no less than six-tenths, or more than half an inch.

It is indeed with regard to these terrific storms that the barometer is of the utmost service to the navigator. The behavior of the glass, in conjunction with the shifting of the wind, will indicate to the experienced seaman the position of the dreaded vortex and the approximate course upon which the storm is traveling.

A Fiasco.

The phrase, "a complete fiasco," originated with a German workman, who declared that he could blow glass as well as an expert glass worker. A friend laid a wager with him to the contrary, and when the test came off the would be glass blower found that he could produce only a pear shaped flask (fiasco). Nothing daunted, he tried again, but with the same result. The story of the workman became known, and hence the origin of the phrase which is used in designating a failure.

FORCED THE REVOLUTION.

Major Sullivan's Capture of Fort William and Mary.

Just before sunset on the afternoon of the 13th of December, 1774, Paul Revere jumped from his foam covered steed in front of a house in Durham, N. H., rushed in and informed its owner, Major John Sullivan, that two regiments of British regulars were about to march from Boston to occupy Portsmouth and the fort in its harbor.

In an instant Sullivan made up his mind as to what it was his duty to do, and within less than two hours by the old grandfather's clock that stood in his hall he had gathered his force and was ready for business.

The party, sixteen in number, boarded an unwieldy sloop rigged old craft and darted off down the river to Portsmouth. It was a clear, cold moonlight night, and presently the crude masonry of old Fort William and Mary loomed up in the distance, reminding them of the fact that they were close on to their quarry.

When within a rod or so of the shore, their vessel grounded in the shallow water, and in silence they waded to land, mounted the fort, surprised the garrison and found themselves victorious without the loss of a man or even of a drop of blood.

Securing the prisoners, the patriots at once broke into the magazine, where they found 100 pounds of powder. The powder, along with ten stand of small arms, was put aboard of their craft and taken back to Durham, where it was buried under the pulpit of the old meeting house in front of Major Sullivan's house.

Six months later the battle of Bunker Hill came off, and it was this same powder, captured by Major Sullivan at Fort William and Mary, that enabled the Americans to kill so many of the British in that historic encounter. Powder was exceedingly scarce in the patriot army, and Sullivan, anticipating that such might be the case, filled "old John Demerett's ox cart" with the powder he had buried under Parson Adam's pulpit and sent it over the sixty odd miles of rocky road to Boston, where it was destined to do such good service in the cause of liberty.

It was the news of Sullivan's capture of Fort William and Mary that precipitated the Revolution. After such a daring deed Lexington was a foregone conclusion.

In the words of another, "Sullivan was the first man in active rebellion against the British government, and he drew with him the province he lived in." In an address on the history of this part of New Hampshire the Rev. Quint of Dover, referring to the attack on the fort, said: "The daring character of the assault cannot be overestimated. It was an organized investment of a royal fortress where the king's flag was flying and where the king's garrison met them with muskets and artillery. It was four months before Lexington, and Lexington was resistance to attack, while this was deliberate assault."—Rev. Thomas B. Gregory in New York American.

Movements of Jellyfish.

The movements of the jellyfishes are governed by ringlike disks which pulsate rhythmically in response to stimuluses, says Professor A. G. Mayer. When the outer sense organs of the jellyfish cassiopea are cut off, the disk is paralyzed and does not pulsate in sea water. But if the mutilated disk be subjected to a mechanical or electrical shock—a single touch with a crystal of potassium sulphate will suffice—it suddenly springs into unusually rapid rhythmical pulsations. This is regular and sustained like clockwork and continues indefinitely without further external stimulation. The waves of pulsation all arise from the point which has been stimulated, and any cut that breaks the circuit stops the waves of pulsation. When each wave in a complete circuit returns to the point where the stimulus was first applied, it is re-enforced and again sent out through the circuit. The center—the point where the stimulus is applied—once established remains fixed as long as the disk continues to pulsate. And, once it is started by a stimulus, the pulsation is self sustaining—that is, it continues, sustained by internal stimuli until stopped by an external cause.—New York World.

No "Phonetic Sense" In English.

It is because of the havoc which the present spelling has wrought in our conceptions of the proper representation of sounds that the English race, as a race, has lost largely the phonetic sense. Dictate to a dozen educated Germans or Italians a passage containing a large proportion of words they have never heard before. If the pronunciation has been clearly conveyed, they will all spell them the same way and will all spell them correctly. Try a similar experiment with a dozen English speaking persons of the very highest cultivation—in the number it would be desirable to have certain presidents of our leading universities included. Not only would they all be fairly certain to spell the same words differently, but the same man would represent the same sound in different instances by different signs. The reason is obvious enough. In German or Italian the same sound is invariably conveyed by the same letter or by the same combination of letters. In English the writer would have an indefinite number of letters or combinations to select from, with no exclusive value attached to any of them.—T. R. Lounsbury in Atlantic.

Pockets.

If lovely woman, who has no pockets, will stop to think that the average man has at least sixteen, she may understand better why her letters intrusted to him occasionally don't get mailed.—Montreal Star.

WOMEN PIRATES.

The Extraordinary Career of Anne Bonney and Mary Read.

Women who have succeeded in passing themselves off as men have been found out from time to time ever since the beginning of history. Some have evaded detection for years, but eventually their sex has been discovered. One of the best known cases of this sex deception was practiced by two women, Anne Bonney and Mary Read, who were captured about a century ago in the Caribbean sea and taken prisoners, charged with "having piratical intentions." With half a score of men they were sentenced and were about to be executed when they confessed their sex and were eventually reprieved.

Anne Bonney was the daughter of a Carolina planter and had been banished and disowned by her parents for having married a sailor. The marriage was an elopement, Anne having donned man's clothing in order to escape detection. Later she shipped as one of her husband's crew and took part in all of her husband's exploits and piratical adventures. Among her shipmates, who were ignorant of her sex and her true relation to the captain, named Rackham, she was deemed courageous and full of spirit.

The ship on which this female pirate was sailing was boarded one day by several strangers, one among them being another pirate of the gentler sex, whose name was Mary Read. The two masqueraders became intimate friends, though each was ignorant at first of the other's real sex. They discovered each other, however, some time later.

Mary Read began life under unusual circumstances. She was brought up as a boy, was made to wear boy's clothing and was looked upon by everybody as a boy. When Mary grew up, she became in turn a foot boy, a sailor, a soldier and later the wife of her comrade in war. When her real sex was discovered by the regiment, Mary, with her new husband, set up a hostelry called the "Three Horseshoes." Their story having become known throughout France, the country in which Mary lived at the time of her marriage to the cavalry comrade, they attracted hosts of patrons, and the business flourished for awhile.

After the death of her husband, a few years later, Mary shipped on a Dutch vessel to the West Indies, and it was there that she met Anne Bonney, the other female pirate, and joined a buccaneer crew. Both women were admired for the courage they displayed in this uncertain game, and both were loved by their fellow companions. Mary Read was an expert swordswoman and fought many a duel. She died in a prison cell. Anne Bonney was restored to her family after the pirate ship commanded by Captain Rackham was captured.—New York Herald.

Human Camels.

So conveniently is the hump placed on the back of the camel for the disposition of the pack saddles that this has not unnaturally seemed a special design for the benefit of the nomadic Arab. It does not therefore seem to have struck people generally that this is the actual result of the use to which since, at any rate, 2000 B. C. the camel has been put by his Asiatic masters. The certainty of this is already apparent from the fact, familiar to any one who has traveled in the interior of Algeria, that the thoroughbred mehari, or saddle camel, which carries no burden heavier than a slim Arab dispatch bearer, is losing its hump. But the matter is put beyond all doubt by the intelligent researches of Professor Lombroso, the eminent Italian anthropologist, who identified similar callosities—miniature humps, in fact—upon the neck and shoulders of Hottentot and Malagasy porters, employed by their fellow men in work more appropriate to the hardier camel.—London Standard.

Reporters and Orators.

There have been errors in reporting, of course. There always will be such errors. But inaccuracies of this kind are usually insignificant, and they are more than balanced by the dressing up and revision which good reporters devote to careless, illogical and sometimes ungrammatical speeches. If it were not for the maligned reporter, nine speeches in ten that are not delivered from manuscript would read like a combination of bad grammar and delirium tremens, as Mark Twain put it. It is the saving grace of reportorial revision that has made many an oratorical reputation in this country. The public speaker who does not recognize his obligations to the men who report him is an ingrate. A just punishment for him would be to print his speeches exactly as he delivers them. After two or three experiences of that regimen he would have nothing to say of "inaccurate reporters."—Chicago Chronicle.

A Trying Patient.

It was easy to see how in a community seven miles away from a regular practitioner Martin Lane had won his prefix of "Doc." When asked by strangers to what school of medicine he belonged, he always replied: "I don't hang on to no school. I doctor by sense."

Occasionally there came times when "Doc" Lane's methods failed to give satisfaction. He then withdrew from the case with much dignity and made his statement to the world at large.

"I don't dicker with Eben Jenkins any more," he said firmly to an inquirer one spring. "He'll have to get through the summer the best way he can. Five times now I've cured that man of dyspepsy—starved it right out of him—and the minute he's cured he begins to eat again. I'm done with him now for good and all. Such folks don't help my reputation a mite."

INK THAT NEVER DRIES.

Care Used In Handling Fine Etchings and Engravings.

"One of the first things we have to impress upon newcomers in this business," remarked a dealer in fine prints, "is to take the utmost care in handling prints for the simple reason that the ink used in printing engravings and etchings practically never dries. Of all the men whose works in this line we handle it can be safely said that on the prints of only two of them—Rembrandt and Durer—has the ink really dried. And you know it is a long time since they were alive. It has been our frequent experience to have prints fully 200 years old show signs that the ink still had some moisture in it, as we have learned to our cost in seeing them rubbed.

"An expert, whether he be a professional or amateur collector, can tell at a glance that a print has had another one pulled across it, for to his accustomed eyes the telltale marks of the ink having been drawn across a blank place on the paper are as clear as daylight. That is why we keep all of our prints in boxes that just fit them so that they must be lifted out squarely with no chance of their being dragged across the one below. It seems like a trifle. But it is just such trifles that make or mar the sale of a really fine print worth thousands of dollars."—New York Press.

A CORDIAL NATURE.

If It Is Not Yours, Do Your Best to Acquire It.

The cultivation of cordiality and popularity early in life will have a great deal to do with one's advancement, comfort and happiness.

It is a mortifying thing to have a kindly feeling in the depths of one's heart and yet not be able to express it, to repel people when one has just the opposite feeling toward them. To be incased in an icy exterior with a really warm heart is a most unfortunate thing.

Some people have a repelling expression in their faces and manner which is a constant embarrassment to them, but they do not seem able to overcome it. This is largely due to a lack of early training or to the fact that sometimes these people have been reared in the country, away from the great centers of civilization, where they do not have the advantages of social intercourse, and in consequence become cold and appear unsympathetic when they are really the opposite.

It is a very difficult thing to overcome these handicaps, but the cultivation of good will, of a helpful spirit and kindly feeling toward everybody will go far to open up the hard exterior so that the soul can express itself.—Success Magazine.

The Horse's Ancestors.

Lovers of horses may be delighted with the distinguished genealogy which geologists have completed for that favored animal. At least the names of the horse's ancestors look very distinguished. Here is the list, with the geological eras in which each lived, as arranged by Professor W. N. Rice: The line of descent begins with Hyracotherium and Eohippus of the lower eocene age. Then follow Protorohippus and Orohippus of the middle eocene; Epihippus of the upper eocene; Mesohippus of the oligocene; Anchitherium of the lower miocene; Parahippus, Protohippus and Pliohippus of the middle and upper miocene, and finally Equus of the pliocene and the quaternary, from which the modern horse directly descends. Hipparion and Hippidium represented ancient side branches that died without descendants.

More Laughter, Less Suicides.

The physiological benefits of laughter cannot be overestimated. It shakes up the diaphragm, sets the pulses beating to a lively measure, stimulates the blood corpuscles, enlivens the brain and sometimes produces dislocation of the jaw when indulged in too heartily by a man with a large mouth. Used with discretion, laughter is as inspiring as a sea breeze, as refreshing as an August shower. Its moral effect is beyond computation. It has killed more ridiculous superstitions by its rollicking roars of unbelief than any other agency. What can be more derisive than a laugh? The man who laughs never kills himself.—Exchange.

Living Up to His Name.

A teacher in a mission school in Boston had among her pupils a colored boy named Ralph Waldo Emerson Longfellow. As he was absent one Sunday, she asked the class if any one knew the reason for his absence.

"I reckon I do," said one small, serious looking boy.

"What is the reason, Johnnie?"

"I guess he's home writing poetry," responded the boy, with a delighted chuckle.—Youth's Companion.

That's What Makes Him Mad.

"Why are you always quarreling with your wife?"

"She is always arguing with me."

"But you need not get angry; just explain to her in a calm, gentle tone of voice wherein she is wrong."

"But she is never wrong."—Houston Post.

Farming.

Nothing will take the various social distempers which the city and artificial life breed out of a man like farming, like direct and loving contact with the soil. It draws out the poison.—John Burroughs.

Domestic Economy.

"I see Robinson's married again—married his first wife's sister."

"Yes. He said he didn't want to have to break in another mother-in-law."—Leslie's Weekly.

THE SNOW BUNTING.

A Feathered Songster of the Arctic's Treeless Wastes.

One of the most interesting of arctic birds is the snow bunting or polar singing bird. A native of Spitzbergen and Nova Zembla, its short, agreeable notes sound doubly sweet when heard in these treeless wastes. The birds build their nests in the mountain clefts or under large rocks, lining them with feathers and down. In winter time their plumage is warm and abundant and especially fits them for the rigor of an arctic winter. During the breeding season and summer they live entirely on insects, particularly gnats, while in winter they subsist on moss, roots and seeds. Some winters less rigorous than others they are in abundance, but at times famine compels them to seek a more favorable climate, and they are then seldom found until they invariably reappear toward spring. These buntings are distinguished by a long claw on their hind toe, a structure which really enables them to run about with ease on the soft snow.

Of the other birds I may mention puffins, divers, loons, dovekies, gulls, skuas, burgomasters, kittiwakes, terns, swans, geese, hawks, eagles and every variety of ducks known to inhabit the northern shores of America and Europe, including the scooter, long tail, scaup duck, merganser goosander and raven. These delight in reveling and resting among the moss covered banks and shores and among grasses and shrubs that exist about the polar willow with its horizontal roots and shrubs, for in this country the forests are more in than above the earth.—Field and Stream.

SHE HAD A REPUTATION.

But the Customer Was Not Going to Eat the Lady.

A lady who intended to give a dinner to some friends at which the piece de resistance was to be duck shot by her husband on the shores of eastern Maryland, decided that none but the very best jelly should be served as an accompaniment to the dainty fare.

So she proceeded to a gorgeous Broadway establishment, a place where one pays a quarter apiece for tomatoes and a dollar a stalk for asparagus at certain seasons of the year. The jelly the clerk offered her did not appear to be just what she wanted, so she suggested another variety.

"But, madam," said the clerk haughtily, "this is the very best jelly you can buy. It is made by Mrs. McGuggin of Brooklyn." And he pointed to the label on the jar.

"I've never heard of it," meekly suggested the lady. "Are you sure it's all right? Do you guarantee it?"

Seeing that his customer was extremely mild of character and perhaps to be easily rattled, the clerk smiled in a patronizing way. "Guarantee!" repeated he, more haughtily than ever. "Madam, we don't have to guarantee Mrs. McGuggin's jelly. Her name is enough. This lady, madam, has a reputation!"

"Oh, I have do doubt of that. I'm sure," broke in the mild mannered lady, with a heightened color. "I'm not questioning the lady's reputation. It was the jelly, I assure you!"—New York Tribune.

What Women Wear In Iceland.

The usual dress of the women of Iceland, irrespective of wealth or station, consists of a long garment of wadmol, hanging from the shoulders to the heels and fastened with a bright clasp at the neck. Over this two or three blue or white petticoats are worn, while a blue cap, hanging down on one side of the head, completes the costume. On Sundays and festivals the dresses are both peculiar and striking in appearance. There is a bodice, ornamented with gilt buttons and red and black velvet. Over this is a tight fitting velvet jacket, or "treja," beneath two or three bright petticoats, blue or red worsted stockings and shoes of seal or shark skin. The whole is surmounted by a remarkable headdress, very beautiful in effect. The "faldur," as it is called, is made of stiffly starched white linen, kept in place by innumerable pins and measuring often so much as two feet in height.—Scottish Nights.

The Onion's Virtues.

Onions are really sweeteners of the breath after the local effects have passed away, says one learned doctor. They correct stomach disorders and carry off the accumulated poisons of the system. They provide a blood purifier that all may freely use. As a vermifuge the onion cannot be surpassed and eaten raw will often check a violent cold in the head. One small onion eaten every night before retiring is this well known doctor's prescription for numerous affections of the head and is highly recommended for sleeplessness. It acts on the nerves in a soothing way, without the injurious effects of the drugs often applied.

Why He Hit Him.

"You shouldn't have hit that man who called you a liar."

"Shouldn't, hey?"

"No; you should have demanded the proof, and if he could not produce it he would have been branded as the falsifier."

"That's all right ethically, but I knew he had the proof."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Secrets.

To tell our own secrets is generally folly, but that folly is without guilt. To communicate those with which we are intrusted is always treachery, and treachery for the most part combined with folly.—Johnson.

The bounty of nature is too little for the greedy man.—Seneca.

PECULIAR PEOPLE.

The Strange Mixture of Races Found In New Hebrides.

In Southwest Bay alone I have seen writes Beatrice Grimschaw in the Windsor Magazine, describing the people of the New Hebrides, distinctly Jewish types of face, types suggesting the west African negro, types like an extremely depraved monkey and types like nothing else on earth but themselves. There are in the bay three distinct languages, no one of which can be understood by the speakers of another, and in the rest of the island there are at least seven or eight other languages.

The houses are of a very low and degraded type, being merely roofs set on a bamboo stockade a couple of feet high, but the hamals, or sacred houses, of which each village owns one, are high, pointed, gabled buildings with tiers of windows in the gable and lofty, narrow doors, apparently meant for the admission of very high prowed canoes, which the New Hebrideans do not possess. There are certain Jewish rites in use among them. They have caste regulations suggestive of India, and they make mummies not very inferior to those of Egypt; also, they are cannibals, and they sing Gregorian chant or its first cousin in their devil dances. They worship the man-of-war hawk, which holds an extraordinarily high place in their regilious beliefs. They set an almost sacred value on pigs, and the real object of their idols or images, which are hideous, no man knows.

The existence of mummies has, I believe, been questioned. This is small wonder, since they are always kept in the hamals or temples of the heathen cannibal villages and strangers are not encouraged to meddle. I had much difficulty in seeing one myself, as the temples are most strictly barred to women. A native woman would be instantly killed if she so much as put her head inside, and I do not think it probable that a white woman would escape either if she were caught doing it. I was, however, lucky enough in another part of Malekula to find a temple unguarded save by a few old women squatting outside, and, seizing the opportunity, I entered.

It was not a very good specimen, being little better than a shed, and it was very dark inside. Further, I thought it well not to stay very long. However, I saw a number of mummies, mounted on carved stretchers and painted red and blue, hanging up around the supporting parts of the roof; also a good many skulls placed on rough shelves, their faces covered by a mask of fibrous stuff painted red, and some curiously curved spears, adzes and killing mallets hung around the walls. I got away again without being seen and left that afternoon by the monthly steamer, it being the last day of my stay in Malekula. I heard afterward, however, that ill feeling had been caused among the natives by my violation of their Bluebeard chamber.

On another occasion I succeeded in seeing a place into which no white person had ever ventured before, a forest cannibal fortress, six miles up in the untraveled interior. My host told me that if I went with him quite unarmed and with only a couple of boys to guide us and carry our dinners our insignificance would probably bring us through all right. Within the bamboo stockade that surrounded the houses dancing had begun.

I have not space to relate the tale of that strange sight—of the wild, weird dance, performed by a band of howling black demons, carrying cocked and loaded rifles, around a group of skull faced drum idols in the center of the square; of the deafening boom made by the hollow idols themselves as they were loudly beaten by the musicians; of the strange solo dance performed by a famous cannibal chief, wherein he enacted with unpleasant realism a hawk pouncing down on its prey; of the still stranger dance performed by another, who capered lightly about with a large squealing live pig on his shoulder; of the extraordinary character of the dancing chant, as like Gregorian, pointing and all, as a small pea is like a big one.

A Schurz Story of Lincoln.

One of the many foreigners who sought my intercession was a young German count whose identity was vouched for by a member of the Prussian legation. He had a long row of ancestors whom he traced back for several hundred years. He was greatly impressed with the importance of this fact and thought it would weigh heavily in securing him a position in our army. If he could only have an "audience" with the president and lay his case before him, he believed the result could not be doubtful. He pursued me so arduously with the request for a personal introduction to Mr. Lincoln that at last I succumbed and promised to introduce him if the president permitted. The president did permit. The count spoke English moderately well, and in his ingenuous way he at once explained to Mr. Lincoln how high the nobility of his family was and that they had been counts so-and-so many centuries. "Well," said Mr. Lincoln, interrupting him, "that need not trouble you. That will not be in your way if you behave yourself as a soldier." The poor count looked puzzled, and when the audience was over he asked me what in the world the president could have meant by so strange a remark.—Carl Schurz in McClure's.

Feminine Human Nature.

There was some knowledge of human nature displayed by the negro porter who said, "I always calls young ladies 'Mrs.' because the younger they are the better they like it, and the older ladies I calls 'Miss' because the older they are the better they like it."

WHAT IS A CONCERTO?

It Is the Deification of a Single Instrument.

TONE DRAMA IN THREE ACTS.

A Concerto Is to the Pianist, Violinist or Cellist What Grand Opera Is to the Singer, the Highest Achievement the Player Can Attain.

A concerto is a symphony wherein one instrument is given persistent prominence—in other words, an extended instrumental solo with orchestral accompaniment, often taking three-quarters of an hour to perform. It is the deification of a single instrument, the highest achievement its player can attain. A concerto is to the pianist, violinist or cellist what grand opera is to the singer. It is a tone drama in three acts—energetic, tender, then climatic.

In the first movement there is usually a cadenza two or three pages long, which serves the soloist as the "mad scene" does the prima donna in "Lucia." It is an occasion for display. The orchestra is silent, the conductor's baton at rest, while the player (if it be a piano concerto) valiantly scales the keyboard alone. At a certain note, however, the orchestra resumes its role, giving the pianist perhaps a rest of several bars. But he must be ready for his next cue. Though it be on a thirty-second note in the middle of a beat, he must "land" square and true, like a circus rider on his horse.

In the matter of memory the pianist has a task more arduous than that of any other soloist. The singer voices but one note at a time, the violinist on occasion simultaneously sounds four, but the pianist must keep in his head perpendicular chords ten deep. When it comes to a composition sixty-five pages long, the player's brain becomes a veritable safe deposit full of notes, while his hands, like cashiers, dole them out.

There are famous concertos by all great composers and for nearly all instruments, even an occasional one for the drum. But most numerous and familiar are the piano concertos. A notable example to study is the one in D minor by Rubinstein, a titanic structure, splendid and substantial as the shield of Achilles, being sufficient in itself to protect the composer from oblivion. It commences with the orchestra alone, softly at first, but steadily working up to a climax—a crescendo that "touches the stars." Suddenly there is a crash from the piano and a tumble of chords, like the firmament falling, Lucifer cast down from heaven, lightning striking the earth, a meteor dropped into the sea, steaming, hissing, subsiding.

It is a stupendous effect when well done, but something for the pianist to work over thirty-six hours a week all the weeks of a year, and then a full decade later he still may find room for improvement in this one overpowering passage. In the manner of his attack upon these very first chords a public performer declares himself an artist or a dilettante. No mere summer evening's play of sheet lightning will do for this tempestuous demonstration of electric force. Indeed, the whole composition is built on colossal lines. Olympian in character, like the "Jupiter" symphony by Mozart, this Rubinstein concerto might fittingly be called the "Neptune." One can easily find in it all that is over and under and on the sea. The principal theme proclaimed by the piano in ponderous, plunging chords is a very leviathan of its kind. In the cadenza a tremolo in the bass rumbles like an angry surf, while above this turbulent accompaniment soars a glorious theme in single tones, like the curving flight of a sea gull. Then a shuddering crescendo, a shriek in the treble, a ship on the rocks! The ensuing torrent of tones is almost unparalleled in pianoforte music. The instrument groans under the fearful strain. The strings all twang to the breaking point. While the principal theme is gloriously bugled by the orchestra, the piano, sounding above it, pours forth, like relentless waves, thundering ranks of icy octaves.

This particular passage is another famous one for the pianist to weep and pray and work over. To play it with absolute perfection one time out of ten is an achievement for a virtuoso.

The second movement is a dream of deep sea sounds—the underworld of the waters, whose pulsing motion is marked by the ebb and flow of slumbering harplike chords. A brooding, gentle song occasionally sounds above them, but from first to last there prevails a compelling hush of mystery.

The final movement has a dash of salt breeze in the music. Neptune rides over waves and foam—sounding conch shells and laughing sea gods! The first solo theme is a jerky group of notes that play in and out of the keys like dolphins in and out of the waves.

Another passage very peculiar in construction is a downright dispute between piano and orchestra. They "talk back" in telling tones. What one utters the other echoes in sharp staccato sarcasm. They fling scraps of scales at each other and lose no time in doing it—a well matched tussle of tones lasting full two pages before the conductor, by strenuous effort, succeeds in quieting things down. It is hard to know what it was all about. Possibly the piano was jealous because the orchestra just before had monopolized sixteen measures. But soon they are playing together most amicably, dispensing tender harmonies that cause one again to dream of sirens and old sea lore.—Mabel Wagnalls in Circle Magazine.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts: Acres.	Area of Tracts: Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	68.50	
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	23	151	42	37.87	
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40	
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	53.71	
Lot 3	29	153	42	38.97	
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	42	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	43	640	
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	158.18	
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63	
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼, NE¼ SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	280	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.53	
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	83	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36	
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	153	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77	
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	16	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160	
E½	20	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	23	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	43	80	
W½ NE¼	36	151	44	80	

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tonnes Michaelson of Thorwick Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry *No. 3800 made 22d January 1901, for the N. W. ¼* Section 8, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter Michaelson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " " "
Gunder Gunderson, " " "
Gjermund J. Rosta, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 30 july 4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Ness, of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 208 made June 23rd, 1904 for the S.W.¼ Section 1, Township 153 N, Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole Bolstad of Anton, Minn.
Christ Larson " " "
Andreas Myhelstad " " "
Cornelius H. Helland " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 6 july 4

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Peder E. Bergh of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 128 R.L.S. made June 22 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Andrew Trovaton, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, of " " " "
Peter A. Sorlum, of " " " "
Lars Hanson of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 30 july 4

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Scientific American.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Fossum of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 4949 made April 18, 1902, for the lots 1 & 2 sec. 19 T. 155 N., R. 40 W., SE¼ NE¼ and NE¼ SE¼ Section 24, Township 155 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Matthias G. Skogstad, of Germantown, Minn.
Arne Blakstad, " " "
Martin Bakken, " " "
T. S. Moen. " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 16 june 20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 28, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H.E. No. 8631 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.,
Emanuel Andin, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "
Edward Larson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 9 june 13

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vingenstad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 967 made Nov. 29 1904, for the SW¼ Section 9, Township 154N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 9th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole E. Wiseth, of Germantown, Minn
Peter O. Brevik, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
George Wold. " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 23 to june 27

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 546 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N, Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 1, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Aneuson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olof Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr 25 may 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 344 made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Christian Nygard, of Brunkeberg, Minn
Alonzo B George, " " "
Arthur B George, " " "
John C. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 23 june 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole Vinjerud of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No. 873 made November 10, 1904 for the SW¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on July 11, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Engelbret Vad, " " "
Kittil I. Jordshaugen, " " "
Christoffer Vad, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

june 6 july 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Syver L. Solberg of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made 22nd June [illegible], for the N. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, Minn
Ludvig Larson, " " "
Peder [illegible] " " "
Tor Gunderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 30 july 4

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Tuesday, June 25th., at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistuel Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

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Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

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PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS:

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Geo. Newberry,

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All Work Given Careful Attention.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. X. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1907 NUMBER 25

WILL SERVE TWO YEARS.

Louis N. Nolan Given a Sentence of Two Years Last Week.

Former Thief River Falls Man Who Had too Many Wives.

Louis N. Nolan of Spooner, a former resident of Thief River Falls was last Friday sentenced to serve a term of two years in the penitentiary at Stillwater, on the charge of bigamy, to which he was allowed to plead guilty before M. A. Spooner, judge of the district court for Beltrami county.

Nolan was *arrested* at Spooner, May 23rd, County Attorney Funkley having issued a warrant, charging Nolan with bigamy. Nolan was given a preliminary hearing and bound over to await the action of the next grand jury, at the fall term of court, in November.

Last week he requested to be allowed to plead guilty to the charge. Under the law adopted 1905, whenever the county attorney will file the necessary information relative to a case, and the prisoner consents to plead guilty to the charge, he may make his plea at any time before the judge of the district court and receive his sentence, doing away with the tedious wait for the action of the grand jury. Nolan was allowed to plead guilty to the charge of bigamy and Judge Spooner sentenced him to serve a term of two years in the penitentiary.

According to the information in the possession of the county officials, Nolan lived at Thief River Falls with a woman whom he married, and who bore him several children. The family lived at Thief River until five years ago, when there was a mutual separation.

Nolan went from Thief River Falls to International Falls. Last fall he married another woman, at International Falls, the license being issued from that place. The couple made their home in Spooner until this spring, when the attention of the authorities was called to the alleged fact that Nolan had committed bigamy, as he had another wife living and had not secured a divorce from Mrs. Nolan No. 1 before marrying Mrs. Nolan No. 2. His arrest followed.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:—

Notice is Hereby Given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand three hundred forty-two praying that the County seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated June 11th, A. D. 1907.

John B. O'Brien,
(AUDITOR'S SEAL) County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Out of Business.

Some of our readers will undoubtedly be deeply pained to learn that several of the large department stores of Chicago—among which we notice that of Sears, Roebuck & Company—have given up their grocery departments, owing to the pure food law, which calls for a strict inspection of food stuffs. It may be possible now for our readers, who have dealt with those firms, instead of the local merchants, to understand why the "cheapest store on earth" was enabled to give the quantity for the money. They are cheap in every way—not only in price but quality and their motto was certainly exemplified in more ways than the price. When laws are passed covering the manufacture and sale of other goods than groceries and insisting on "no adulteration," it will be but a short time until the "cheapest houses on earth" quietly retire from the business in which they are now engaged and commence the sale of some other form of "gold brick" or engage in some other "get rich quick" scheme.

CASH CO. IS COMING

Contract for Attractions for the County Fair Made Last week.

T. I. Cash Carnivals Company Again Secured This Year.

T. I. Cash, of the Cash Carnival company, was in the city last Saturday and made a contract with the local fair association for attractions for the county fair to be held in Thief River Falls this year on August 7, 8 and 9. Mr. Cash says that his carnival company is far better this year than ever before and promises the people of Thief River Falls an excellent entertainment. Besides the usual number of tent shows, he will furnish the following free attractions each day:

Jump the gap.
Cycle whirl act by a man and woman.
High dive.
Trapese performance.
Baloon ascention.
Also a band of eight pieces.

The fair this year is going to be far better than ever before and the various committees who have charge of the work are at present bad at work.

Grygla Creamery Booming.

The Grygla Creamery is certainly coming to where it will soon rank with the best creamery's in the state. It is now running to its full capacity and Butter-maker Loyd is kept on the jump from early until late to take care of the large amount of cream. He is obliged to take in cream every day in order to get room enough for the cream. On Mondays and Tuesdays he has to make two churnings. He is now making about 3000 pounds of butter per week, and with the new patrons which are still to come in and the increase in cream after the grass gets a better start will make that 3000 mark look small. There are now about 100 patrons.

HOW TO GET A LID.

Attorney General Young Advising Residents of Small Cities.

St. Paul, June 15.—At least a dozen of the smaller cities and towns throughout the state, which have not heretofore worn the "lid", are expected soon to put it on, never to come off, as a result of the decision of the state supreme court in the Robinson case at St. Cloud.

"I have received inquiries from at least ten or twelve towns," said Edward T. Young, attorney general, "asking about the state law for Sunday closing of saloons and how steps can be taken to enforce it. I have answered the same in each case: That when a case is put up to this office in concrete form, and with sufficient evidence of law violation, this office will proceed to enforce the law relative to Sunday closing the same as it will endeavor to have enforced all the other laws of the state."

Mr. Young declines to give the names *of any of the towns* in question. "It would be an injustice to the mayor and administrative officers," he said, "to announce their names to the public. They will be first notified of complaint being made, and I expect that in each case they will comply with the statue. If they do not, then is time enough for public announcement."

LARGE CLASS.

Bishop Trobec Confirmed a Large Class of White Earth Indians.

Rt. Rev. Bishop James Trobec of St. Cloud, has returned from White Earth, where he confirmed a class of 200 Indians on Tuesday, June 11. This is the largest class that has ever been confirmed in the history of the reservation. Fully 300 men and women had intended receiving the sacrament, but the inclement weather kept full one-third away. Bishop Trobec states that he was surprised to find the high state of civilization the young people especially speak English very fluently and are well informed in the common branches. Father Aloysis has charge of the school there. The priest has been working as a missionary among the Indians for 20 years and to him belongs much of the credit for the education. Bishop Trobec stated that they have a great academy there which is attended by over 1000 Indian girls. This seminary was built by Mother Drexel, a wealthy Philadelphian. Mother Drexel has given thousands of dollars for the education of Indians and this is only one of the schools which she has founded.

FIGHTING MUSTARD.

State to Try and Kill in This Section.

During the next thirty days a fierce battle for supremacy will be waged in the great granary of the Red Lake Valley of the North.

The pretty yellow mustard plant which paints the fields a golden color and delights the eye, is fast taking possession of the fertile grain fields and materially reducing the yield of food stuffs.

A by-product from a large manufacturing industry is to be the weapon used to fight and overcome this enemy. A spray of sulphate of iron applied to the infected grain fields kills the mustard plants but does not injure the grain plants. Fifteen machines for applying the sulphate of iron to the grain fields have been brought into this country from Germany and shipped to towns in the northwest.

Ammunition has been distributed and fields of grain selected for the work. On the first appearance of the mustard above ground, the machines in charge of experts from the state experiment station will start and as swiftly as possible go up the valley to the Manitoba line.

Finished Posting.

Sheriff Nelson and Deputy Sheriff Lee last week finished posting the notices in all of the various townships of Red Lake county calling the meeting of the board of county commissioners on the 1st day of July to consider the county seat removal petition. K. M. Hansen assisted Mr. Lee in the north end of the county and M. C. Burns in the southern part of the county.

Married Monday.

William A. White and Miss Mattie Brogan were united in marriage Monday afternoon by Rev. Fr. Adolph. The bride is a charming young lady from Eau Claire, Wis., and the groom has been a resident here for a couple of years, having charge of the log scaling for the Crookston Lumber company at this point.

The saw mill building has been sold to the Red Lake Falls Milling company and will be taken down. Foreman Sherman came up from Crookston on Tuesday and with a crew of ten men started at work tearing the building down. The planing mill or other buildings are not, we understand, included in the deal.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

NEXT WINTER'S COAL.

There Is Plenty of It at the Head of the Lakes and the Equipment Necessary to Move It Is Available

Buy Your Supply Now!

Order it delivered early. Don't wait until fall.

Great Northern Railway.

SECOND ENTRIES.

General Land Office Issues a New Circular.

The general land office, with the approval of the secretary of the interior, has issued a circular to the local land office and the public generally, relating to the matter of second homestead entries. The only general law under which second homestead entries may be allowed is that of April 28, 1904, which is only applicable to those parties who make and lost, or abandoned their entries prior to the date of the act because of an honest mistake as to the character of the land or an unavoidable complication of personal or business affairs. Full instructions are given in the circular as to the proofs which must be submitted by those who believe themselves entitled to second homestead entries. The department holds that it is without authority to allow second entries to those who forfeited their entries subsequent to April 28, 1904, or to allow second homestead entry in any case where a valid, original entry was made, in the absence of legislation expressly authorizing second homestead entries.

Bishop Now Boss.

On Monday of this week, J. M. Bishop took control of the Thief River Falls Telephone exchange, closing up the deal for the purchase of this exchange with H. Fant. Mr. Bishop announces that it is his intention to improve the service, but he asks time from the patrons, as the business is now to him and he does not care to make improvements until he has thoroughly investigated matters.

The saloon which Johnson & Soll rented at Bemidji did not look good to them so they threw up their lease last Saturday, after running it for two weeks. Mr. Johnson has decided to remain here.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

SURVEYORS AT WORK

Government Surveyors Start Work on Tuesday Morning.

Three Crews Now in the Field and Work Is to be Rushed.

Three government surveying crews started out from Thief River Falls Tuesday morning and will continue the work of making a survey of the Red Lake Indian ceded lands for the purpose of establishing ditches to drain this land which the government intends to build in the near future.

One crew in charge of Civil Engineer McNair started to work at Middle River and from that point will run a line through Greenbush, Badger, Roseau, Warroad, Beaudette and from Beaudette will follow the line of the Canadian Northern railroad to a point about thirty miles east of International Falls and from there to Ripple and then south to Bemidji.

Two parties in charge of Civil Engineers Meade and Graff start work at Casperson in Roseau county and from that point will work east into the country north of the Red Lake in Beltrami county where they will spend most of the time until it freezes up next fall. These two crews will work together most of the time, but late in the summer will divide, and the party under Mr. Graff will make a survey of the country between the Clearwater and Red Lake rivers in Red Lake county.

One Thing We Distinctly Aim at in This business is that every man who knows us, or who reads our ads, shall get the idea that this is the store for quality in merchandise.

We'd a good deal rather be known as the right place for good stuff, than as a place where you get low prices.

It's always easy to quote prices; but it's what the price buys that counts.

We sell Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; and we want you to know it; we cant give you any better evidence of our quality standards than that; they're the best clothes made.

Whatever you buy here is good; we intend it to be.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

No Money Comes Easier than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Everything for the Home---Cash or Easy Payments.

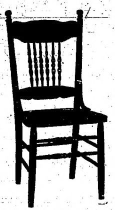

No. 2227-2. Price, $1.25

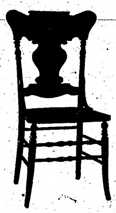

No. 2743. Price, $150.

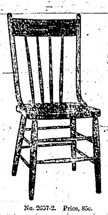

No. 2657-2. Price, 85c.

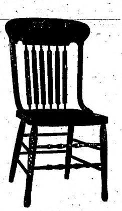

No. 2371-2. Price, $1.35.

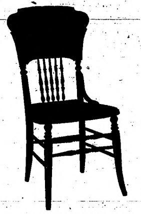

No. 2166-2. Price, $2.50.

The above chairs are made of the best material to be obtained and by skilled mechanics, not to be compared with the southern chairs so commonly advertised. All are bargains at the prices quoted.

HICKS HOUSE-FURNISHING AND CARPET CO.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.

PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.

PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

E. E. Rose was down to Fargo the first of the week.

Louis Hanson was up to Middle River last Saturday.

C. A. Robbecke made a trip up to Red Lake last week.

A. D. Brown was in the city last week from Little Oak.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Joseph Juneau was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

T. P. Hamre transacted business up at Middle River last week.

Miss Rice, of Iowa, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. C. A. Baker.

Ole Torrison was down to the twin cities last week on business.

Twins—two girls were born to Conductor and Mrs. Nickelson Sunday.

H. P. West, the land man from St. Ansgar, Iowa, was in the city last week.

Hans Burges and family left Monday for Marshall, N. D., to make his future home.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office Over Citizens State Bank,

Phone, 244

Thief River Falls, Minn.

S. W. Bagley was over to Grand Forks Sunday to meet his brother, Horace Bagley.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

J. K. Hannay expects to leave St. Hilaire for his new home in the west about the 1st of July.

Mrs. Rollins, of Grand Forks, was in the city last week visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. W. Tabor.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, can be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Julius J. Olson, the hustling Warren attorney, was in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters.

Olaf Ramstad spent last week out in the vicinity of Highlanding and reports that crops out that way are looking fine.

Miss Florence Lansing, of Owatonna, a former teacher in the schools here, visited with Miss Gertrude Meehan last week.

K. O. Gustad, cashier of M the erchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls July 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Fuller last Friday.

Miss Lesa Lakin and Miss Bell Johnson visited friends in Crookston last evening.

Joe Ryson returned to this city Monday from his trip to the Canadian Northwest.

Postmaster Kratka left Tuesday on a trip to Grand Forks and Fargo on business.

Attorney Mabey attended to legal business at the county seat Monday night.

Miss Linda Robbecke returned to this city Sunday morning from her trip to Stillwater.

Matt Barzen and Louis Hanson were down to Dent to spent Sunday fishing for black bass.

Strip is going to have a grand Fourth of July celebration this year and all who attend are promised a good time.

Will Vaughan, of Germantown, returned Monday from a trip over on the iron range country north of Duluth.

Mrs. William Lutgen, who had been here from North Dakota visiting Miss Sophia Wieber, returned home Monday.

—Whenever in need of ice cream, be a patriot and call for the home made goods. Manufactured by the Farmers Creamery company.

Melvin Evenson has again taken a vacation from his duties in the First State Bank and is now out with the government surveying party.

Jordan Penney entertained a large number of his young friends last Saturday afternoon, the occasion being the 7th anniversary of his birth.

A ball game Sunday between a nine composed of Soo railroad employes and and the regular nine, resulted in a victory for the regulars by a score of 18 to 3.

Services in the Lutheran Church of the Norwegian Synod next Sunday evening at 7:45. All cordially invited.

I. T. Aastor, pastor.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod Church meets the 27th of this month in the basement of the church. The society will be entertained by Mrs. A. C. Hanson. All will come.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag and children left last Thursday for Iowa to visit friends. Mr. Hoag will return the first of next week, but Mrs. Hoag will remain for a few weeks more.

The postoffice will be closed on Saturday night of this week and remain closed until Sunday noon on account of a change to be made in the furniture in the lobby of the building.

Rev. H. M. Green, pastor of the Episcopal church at Crookston and well known in Thief River Falls owing to the fact that he has often held services in this city, has accepted a call from a church at Kalispell, Mont., and will go to that city in the near future.

Albert Eve, Peter Wold and Ray Arndt, of Highlanding, were down to Crookston the first of the week on business before the land office.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

Harold Hicks, who for the past year has been attending McAlester college at St. Paul, returned to this city last week to spend his summer vacation with his parents.

Rev. Palm, of Sandridge, was in the city last Friday, being enroute home from Benson where he had been attending a conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod.

Ole Stromme, of Northwood, N. D., a former resident here, was in the city last week. He had just returned from a trip up to Rainey River where he filed on a stone and timber claim.

Albert Dahlquist of Middle River and Miss Mattson, daughter of Rev. Mattson of Warren, were married on Wednesday of this week. Mr. Dahlquist is a member of the merchant firm of Hjertos & Dahlquist of Middle River and is a cousin of L. P. Dahlquist of this city.—Roseau Region.

Ed. Wilcox, of Thief River Falls, was a welcome caller at our office, Friday, while on his return home from a trip in town 159,37 where he located a party on a piece of land. Mr. Wilcox is a cruiser and locator and is now in the employ of John Bohmer, of White Earth, estimating a bunch of pines.—Greenbush Journal.

Dan Linnihan, of this city, was given the contract for constructing ditch No 69, in Polk county, last Saturday, having submitted the lowest bid for the work. Dan used to do more ditching in this part of the state than all contractors put together, and it looks as though he intended getting back into the business in earnest.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Henry Kaufer, of Calgary, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to Red Lake Falls. He states that his son-in-law, W. A. Murphy, a former resident of this city, is doing all kinds of business and has sold a large number of threshing rigs the past year. Mr. Kaufer says that Northwestern Canada is still enjoying a good boom, and he likes it in Calgary very well except that the weather is so erratic that it makes it very unpleasant a good part of the time.

The best man we have in our town for the general good of the town is the one you will always see on the front seat on the progressive "band wagon." He is the first one to extend an open and warm hand to greet the stranger and welcome him to the best town in the state. He would resent an insult to our town as quickly as he would a slur at a member of his family. He very politely invites the chronic croaker "to move on." He is ever ready to give his just proportion to every public enterprise. He talks up our town at home and abroad and believes it the best place on God's green earth in which to live and desires to be buried here when he dies. Let us all try and be like this man for one year and our little city will take on new life and improve as never before in its history.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

Joseph Weeks closed a successful term of school last week in the town of Terrebonne. He left this week with the government surveying party and will spend the summer doing this work.

Last week the Mahnomen village council refused to grant a sixth saloon license by a vote of 3 to 2. Mayor Holden voted against the license. The people there think five is enough in a town of that size.

Commencing on next Thursday, the 27th of June, the Seventh Day Adventists will hold a large camp meeting at Alvarado. The meeting promises to be one of the largest ever held in this section of the state.

O. H. Taralseth and W. A. Knapper, of Warren, were in the city last week getting pointers from the officers of the Red Lake County Fair association on how to conduct a successful county fair. Warren is to have a fair this season.

H. Fant returned Tuesday from a trip to Grand Forks.

Work of remodeling the assembly room at the high school was commenced this week.

B. G. Steenerson, son of Congressman Steenerson, was in the city the first of the week.

Mission meetings will be held in the Swedish Mission Church on Friday, June 21, at 8 p. m., Saturday, June 22 at 2:30 and 8 p. m., Sunday, June 23, at 10 a.m., 2 p. m. and 8 p. m., Rev. B. Verklund, A. Tornell, V. Drotts and A. Roadfeldt will conduct the services. All are cordially invited.

K. M. Hansen, who is taking a census of the city has finished all north of Second street, excepting Meehan's addition and has found about 1600 people. In Meehan's addition there are about 400 residents, so it is expected that the first ward will show a population of about 2,000.

Ole M. Larson, of Sorum, was in the city Tuesday and made this office a pleasant call.

Guy S. Gould, inspector of postoffices was in Thief River Falls last Saturday and made an examination of the Thief River Falls postoffice. He paid Postmaster Kratka a handsome compliment upon the condition in which he keeps the office and says that it is one of the cleanest in the United States.

There has been a rumor going the rounds that a couple of the large business houses of Thief River Falls were to be consolidated into a large department store, but the interested parties refuse to give any information upon the subject.

Misses Clara and Emma Backe returned Tuesday from their trip to Vernon, S. D., where they had been to attend the marriage of an uncle. The wedding was a very large affair, over 200 guests being present and Miss Emma Backe was one of the bride's maids.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to Place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD

J. I. Rolland, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

D. N. Winton and son, Jack, were down to Crookston the first of the week.

Agent Conrad went down to Minneapolis last Friday evening, returning on Friday.

Miss Amanda Anderson of Crookston, visited relatives in the city the first of the week.

S. Kenison was over to Grand Forks the first of the week attending to business matters.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

Halvor Fodstad and Jens Letnes, of Silverton, were in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

J. W. Wheeler, cashier of the First National Bank, of Crookston, transacted business in the city yesterday.

Audley Caldwell, who is attending Hamlin university, is in the city for a few days visiting friends and relatives.

Arthur and Fred Lee, of Glenwood, are in the city visiting their brother, Robert Lee. They are enroute to Minot, N. D.

—A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening. Allowing bills was about all of the business transacted.

Miss Hazel Prichard, who is attending Hamlin university, returned to this city last week to spend her vacation with her parents.

Mrs. A. B Helgeson and children leave Saturday for Spokane Falls, Wash., to join Mr. Helgeson and make their future home.

Miss Katie Dahl left Monday for Duluth, to visit relatives and friends. She will also attend the summer training school of the Duluth Normal.

—I will give a grand opening in my new location just north of the hotel Ogahmah on Saturday evening. Free lunch and free drinks. C. Fredrickson.

Ed Nelson, a car repairer at the Soo round house paid a fine of $3 and costs this week for using obscene language. Paul I. D. Ostby was the complaining witness.

The shareholders of the farmer's boat held an important meeting last Saturday at Highlanding. The new boat will be running on the river by the 28th of this month.

Mildred, the eight year old daughter of Mr. Mrs. Ed. Peterson of Crookston, died last Thursday of brain fever. Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Peterson were down to attend the funeral.

F. R. Hains was in the city Tuesday from Newfolden. He made this office a pleasant call and informed us that he was soon to start a newspaper at that place to be knowon as the Newfolden Review.

The Warren band, base ball nine and firemen—about 70 in all—arrived in Thief River Falls Tuesday afternoon over the Soo line and took the Great Northern passenger for Red Lake Falls to attend the tournament.

Frank Posten, who is attending Hamlin university, arrived here last week to spend his summer vacation. Mr. Posten recently broke the state record for running one mile, making the distance in 4 and 44-100 minutes.

Miss Walstad and Miss Nora Walstad, accompanied by Miss Thora Hagen, went to Thief River Falls this morning to spend the next two or three weeks on a claim about sixteen miles south-east of Thief River. Miss Nora Walstad may remain all summer. They will be joined next week by Miss Laura Walstad and as soon as Miss Bloom returns from Perley, where she is visiting Mrs E. D. Anderson, she will join the party.—Monday's Crookston Times.

State Entomologist Washburn reports that several rumors have recently reached him of the appearance of the Southern grain plant louse on young wheat in South Dakota near Mitchel and in other localities. While the prediction has been made by one of the government field experts at present working in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, and other states that if cool weather continues this destructive Southern grain plant louse will reach Minnesota, the entomologist states that so far, to the best of his knowledge, Minnesota has not been infested.

Ira C. Richardson, who returned to this city last week from his trip to the Pacific coast, says that he is unable to understand why people out there will go to such great expense to irrigate sand land, when at such a much lower cost the rich black soil of this section can be drained. Mr. Richardson is better pleased with this section than ever before and says that the west is no place for anyone except he be a carpenter or brick layer. There is considerable building in the west and this class of labor draws a good salary. He met Oscar Anderson, a former resident of this city, and reports that he has been working steadily since he went out west at the carpenter's trade and has been getting not less than $4 per day any of the time. Oscar's many friends here are pleased to learn that he is prosperous.

Dr. Schalabon left yesterday on a trip to the southern part of the state.

Rolla Penney, of St. Louis, Mo., is in the city visiting his brother, Dr. Penney.

Mrs. Nels Lee left yesterday for Moorhead, called there by the serious illness of her mother.

O. J. Johnson, a former county commissioner, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Rev. Ross left yesterday for St. Paul to attend the annual conference of the German Lutheran church. Mrs. Ross accompanied him as far as Crookston.

Dr. H. A. Lebel, the Minneapolis specialist who visited Thief River Falls a year ago and at that time successfully treated a large number of our best citizens, is in the city and will remain for a few days. The doctor cures corns, bunions and ingrowing toenails without pain. His new discovery removes moles, birthmarks, warts, etc., without the use of a knife, electric needle or acid, or leaving scars. All work guaranted. Consultation free. Will also treat patients on Sunday. Office at Ogahmah Hotel, Phone No 3. P. S. Anyone desiring to learn this profession, are requested to call and get information.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

A grand specular play, "The Butcher's Nightmare." One of the latest films. Full of comical situations and ending with several pretty balads.

A descriptive film entitled the "Sea by Moonlight." A charming subject.

A Governess Wanted—A comical number.

The Smuggler's Death—A pathetic drama that happened along the Atlantic shores.

A Scoundrels Tricks.

Mr. DeVoling will have two beautiful illustrated songs—"In the Wildwoods Where the Blue Bells Grow" and the season's greatest succes, "San Antonia" sister song of "Cheyenne."

BILLY KING,
Who Will be With the Georgia Minstrels Tomorrow Night.

Consolation Somewhere.

They had been husband and wife for three months only when the young wife commenced to show signs of disappointment with the bargain she had made.

"I am so unhappy," she confided to a girl friend who paid her a visit.

"Why, dear?" inquired the other.

"I am beginning to think that my husband married me for my money."

"Well," remarked the philosophical confidante, "it ought to be some consolation to know that he isn't such a big fool as he looks."—London Tatler.

Schopenhauer on Courage.

I cannot well explain why cowardice seems contemptible and personal courage a noble and sublime thing, for no lower point of view enables me to see why a finite individual who is everything to himself, nay, who is himself even the very fundamental condition of the existence of the rest of the world should not put his own preservation above every other aim.

The Doctor's Lessons in Patience.

Among my professional acquaintances, writes a young doctor in the Saturday Evening Post, perhaps 15 per cent of all bills rendered come to nothing, or practically that, unless their value as teaching a lesson in patience be considered.

Not Lost.

Traveler (to ferryman crossing the river): Has any one ever been lost in this stream? Boatman: No, sir. Some professor was drowned here last spring, but they found him after looking for two weeks.—Fliegende Blaetter.

The Reason Why.

"Percy," said Tete de Veau, "sends everything he shoots to the hospitals." "But, then, you know," said L'Oignon, smiling, "Percy never shoots anything but gamekeepers."—New York Press.

AS SEEN BY RICHARDSON

Thief River Falls Attorney Gives His Views of the West.

Interesting Account of Mr. Richardson's Travels Given to News Readers.

Editor News: All active and progressive people like to learn from an acquaintance something about sections of our great country they have never seen.

In this age of unparelled commercial activity and in a land covered with a network of transportation lines, people desire to know more of their own country than the small area covered in the daily rout line of their work or business affairs.

Having just returned from a trip to the Pacific Coast, I venture to give to the readers of your valuable paper my opinion of some of the western states.

The eastern part of North Dakota is a level and fertile prairie all under cultivation and doted will costly farm buildings that denote a high degree of prosperity; but the only trees to be seen are those that have been set out for wind-breaks and are evidence of a severe climate.

Along the Great Northern in the western part of the state, the land is rolling and vegitation very light, indicating a light rain-fall and possible poorer soil.

From the eastern boundary to the Rocky Mountains, the entire northern part of Montana is a grazing plain destitute of timber and will have to be irrigated to produce grain.

The grass is very short until you reach the Blackfeet Indian Reservation at the foot of the rockies, which is favored with a mild climate and with moisture that insures a good growth of grass.

The Indians do not raise grain, but keep cattle and horses.

Just as you cross this Reservation, you ascend the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains so gradually that you are at summit, 5199 feet above the sea before you realize that you are crossing a range of mountains. The train stops at Summit for passengers to inhale pure mountain air. From that point the train glides down a two per cent, grade for 18 miles then along a one per cent, grade for many miles into and along a grand and constantly widening pass of the mountains whose walls are capped with snow the year around and its surface is covered with patches of grass, evergreen groves and large, clear, placid lakes of mountain water. Deer and bears are plentiful and the streams are filled with fish.

Spokane, Wash., is a beautiful and wide awake city and has a superb water power and large and well kept Parks maintained at the expense of rival street car companies.

The city is a division point on the Great Northern and is blessed with several other railroads and is connected with the surrounding agricultural and mining country by electric railroads that carry both freight and passengers. A slight touch of winter occasionally at Spokane is invigorating and pleasant.

From Spokane to Portland Ore. over the O. R. & N. one passes through the famous Paluse country, which is a rolling prairie of great fertility. There are large grain fields and numerous small orchards and land is selling for about $50 per acre.

One going west to farm should visit the Palouse country first.

From Walla Walla to Portland one sees all the scenic beauties of the Columbia. I fancy it is that portion of the river that Joaquin Miller had under consideration when he wrote:

"See once Columbia's scences, then roam no more;

No more remains on earth for mortal eyes."

He is a better authority on scenery than I, and to attempt to describe in detail the sights that so enraptured his soul, would detract from the sentiment of his verse; for no one can ever portray on paper the inspiration gained by a sight of the majestic river, lofty mountains, Mount Hood, the silent sentinal with its white crest rising 11,225 feet and St. Peter's Dome, Oneonta Gorge, Castle Rock, the Dalles, the Cascade Locks, Table Mountain, Gorge of the Columbia, lava cliffs, Pilars of Hercules, the Palisades, great salmon wheels, Latourelle, Horse Tail, Bridal Veil, Mist and Gordon Falls and Multnomah Falls dashing downwards for more than 800 feet with their setting of evergreen trees and grey rocks.

Portland is on the Willamette river 12 miles from its confluence with the Columbia and has the only fresh water harbor on the Pacific Coast. "Frost bites and sunstrokes are unknown in Portland, likewise Cyclones, blizzards, destructive storms, lightning and thunder. Lawns are green twelve months in the year, and usually flowers bloom in the open air every month in the year."

There I met Victor Campbell, the inventor of Campbell's Automatic Safety Gas Cut off, a device by which accidents from the use of gas and gasoline are rendered impossible; and its value to humanity as a life and gas saver is beyond computation.

From Portland I traveled up the Willamette Valley, over the mountains in northern Califorina, and down the western side of the famous Sacremento Valley to SanFrancisco, the city of the Pacific Coast.

The Williamette Valley is fertile and mixed farming pays there.

The mountain scenery extends over hundreds of miles and Mount Shasta, 14,444 feet high is in sight for eight hour's ride on the train.

We drank at Shasta Springs which are said to possess all the virtues of Ponce DeLeon's fabled Fountain of Youth.

One lady on the train said that the scenery at these springs was the most beautiful of anything she had seen since she left Baltimore. The western part of the Sacremento Valley is very sandy and dry; irregation is a necessity there and the water supply seems to have been practically exhausted. I returned through the city of Sacremento and found the country north of there better than the western part of the valley; but fever and ague are common there.

California is 700 statute miles in length and has an average width of 200 miles and its coast line is a 1,000 miles long: so that a general statement of what the climate is in California would necessarily be inaccurate. Between the coast range and the coast the climate is governed by the ocean which is from 52 to 54 degrees the year around; and that is the temperature of SanFrancisco, so there is no winter there.

But in spite of the eveness of temperature there is a wet season and a dry season. It is only 61 years ago that Mexico released her sovereignty over California. Since then SanFrrancisco has risen to a city of 500,000 population.

The terrible earthquake of a year ago followed by the greatest fire in all history was a serious blow to the city.

Newspaper and Magazine articles have kept the public informed of the progress of rebuilding there; and I will simply add that it will be at least five years before the burnt district will be practically rebuilt.

"Rome was not built in a day."

While at SanFrancisco, I waded the Pacific Ocean and while the sensation was pleasant, I neglected to go clear across.

On the opposite side of the Bay from the great city are the cities of Oakland, Berkley and Alameda with a combined population of 250,000; so we have around that Bay 750,000 people. In all those cities the price of land is so high that few laboring people can ever hope to own a home and rents are extortionate.

Astoria is the oldest city on the Pacific Coast; and looks it.

This place depends on its Salmon Fisheries and there is not a wagon road to the town.

Tacoma has population of 90,000 as fine a wharf as any in the world, large manufacturing plants, and will soon have two more railroads: and the future growth of the city is assured.

Seattle has a palatial business section for there are no frame buildings there. Eighteen years ago, the business part was destroyed by fire and it has been rebuilt in a manner that doubtless makes its appearance the best of any city of its size.

Many predict that Seattle will be a second New York in size and I am not going to deny it; but am willing to give it a trial for a century. The cost of living is high and prices of real estate and rent resemble those at SanFrancisco and Oakland.

When at Seattle do not fail to go to the U. S. Navy Yard at Bremerton and also go to Snoqualmie Falls.

From Seattle, the return trip was over the G. N. and the scenery over the Cascade Mountains is worth the entire cost of a trip to the coast.

The forests of Washington and Oregon are well nigh inexhaustable and mining is a great industry.

I would not advise a farmer to go there to raise wheat or cattle because land is high priced. Should one wish to raise fruit he should figure on paying $500, to $1,000 per acre for an irrigated fruit orchard; and he will have as much work to do on five acres as on 100 acres in the Red River Valley.

There is no scarcety of professional men on the coast.

But mechanics and persons who have any experience in lumbering, command high wages all along the coast and can work every day in the year; and enjoy living in a climate that is milder than that of Minnesota. If the farmers in the Red River Valley would work as steadily while they can work on their land as those on the Pacific Coast have to work all the year around, every farm here would be a garden patch.

IRA C. RICHARDSON.

Married Last Evening.

Last evening at the Presbyterian church at 7:30 occurred the marriage of Herman F. Poole to Miss Helen Halgeson, the Rev. F. J. Barackman officiating. Both are popular young people of Thief River Falls, the groom being one of the trusted employes of the Soo and the bride the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Helgeson and a young lady held in high esteem in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Poole left last evening for the twin cities for a short wedding trip.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, can be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

BIG CROWDS ATTENDING

Tournament Being Held at Red Lake Falls Is a Success.

Special Train Run Down from Thief River Falls. Yesterday.

A large number of residents of Thief River Falls are at Red Lake Falls this week attending the firemen's tournament. Yesterday a special train was run from Thief River Falls and this afforded an apportunity for a large number to go down.

The ball game on Tuesday between the Thief River Falls and Crookston nines resulted in defeat for the local club, the score being 7 to 3.

The tournament is being largely attended and is a successful one in every way.

The following is the program for today:

9:00. Association Hook and Ladder race. 1st, $60.00, 2nd, $40.00, 3rd $20.00.

Ladder Climbing Contest. Prizes; 1st $15.00, 2nd, $10.00, 3rd, $5.00.

1:30. Combination Hook and Ladder and Hose Race, Prizes: 1st $75. 2nd, $45, 3rd $20.

3:00. Flag race. Prizes: 1st, $20, 2nd $15.

4:30. Ball Game, Warren vs Red Lake Falls. Purse $100.

8.00 Grand Ball at Opera House, free to visiting firemen.

The following is the program for tomorrow:

9.00. Hub and Hub race. Prizes: 1st $60.00, 2nd, $30.00, 3rd, $20.00.

1:00 Service Wet Test, down town. Prizes: 1st, cash $00.00 and silver trumpet valued at $25.00, total $85, 2nd, $30, 00, 3rd $20.00.

3,00. Ball Game. Hallock vs Red Lake Falls, purse $100.00.

Married Tuesday.

George Joice and Miss Marie Kleven were united in marriage Tuesday afternoon by the Rev. I. T. Aastad. The bride is a young lady well known in this city, being a sister of Mrs. T. L. Melgaard, and has a host of friends here who will wish her much happiness. The groom is a resident of South Dakota, but will make his home in this county in the future.

GERMANTOWN.

Ristau Bros. & Co's threshing engine is doing good service in providing power for running the creamery these days while the gasoline engine is laid up for repairs at the Conklin Boiler Works. The engine has troubled more or less for sometime but Saturday of last week it balked completely.

The creamery directors met on Saturday to decide on buying another vat for receiving cream, the old one proving to be of too small capacity for the increased patronage.

Supt. L. M. Mithun was up from Warren last week visiting the schools in this vicinity.

The Moylan township Government was out on Wednesday looking over the condition of roads and bridges and perhaps some repairs will be made shortly.

Our citizens apparently will be as patriotic as they are able on the Fourth of July this year all by their locesome, and celebrate the way it was done before the Revolution.

The last weeks rains and warm weather have greatly improved the condition of the grain and grass and everything is now growing nicely.

Mrs Carl Edseth returned Friday after a two weeks visit at Liner.

O. A. Aubol of Rocksbury was up on a professional visit last week.

If you don't know how to raise large calves ask Vaughans. Their calf, two months old, is about the size of an ordinary yearling.

Miss Rikka Aarnes went back to her home in Renville county Thursday having completed a term of school out near Liner.

H. R. Austad returned home last week from Fisher where he has been the last four months.

John Philipp is away on a visit to his former home in Pipestone county.

Miss Sarah Haugland for some time employed at the Scandia Hotel went back to her home near Grygla last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Halverson made a trip to the city a day last week, the latter to consult a doctor.

Morgan Vaughan and Charley Cook left on Monday for Middle River, where they will join the Government surveyors going north and east towards International Falls.

Work on the roads was started this week at several places and many improvements will be made before it is done.

Miss Marie Jansen went out countrywards Monday.

DANDELIONS A NUISANCE

Parties Permitting Them to Grow on Property or Abutting Roadway.

Are Liable to Have Cost of Removal of Pests Taxed Against Property.

Some of the property owners of Thief River Falls, many of them in fact are seemingly not aware of the fact that dandelions come under the provisions of the noxious weed law of Minnesota. Dandelions are getting to be a great pest in this city and steps are necessary for their eradiction at once, for the longer the movement is delayed the more difficult and expensive the task becomes.

To get action any person may make presence of dandelions on any certain piece of property, to either the mayor or president of the council, and in townships the chairman of the town board. Such official shall forthwith notify either the owner of the property or the tenant, and if the dandelions or other weeds are not removed within 60 days the road overseer or street commissioner shall be authorized ro eradicate dandelions or other weeds. The owner of the property is given till the first of the following October to reimburse the city or township, and if he fails so to do the cost of the work shall be certified to the county auditor by the city or town clerk, and the auditor shall enter it as taxes against the property as provided by Chapter 272-273 laws of 1895. Officials who fail to do their duty are subject to prosecution by the county Attorney Chapter 3 laws of '97.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids to complete the two west rooms in the Central school building, according to the plans and specifications now on file in the clerk's office, with addition of a folding curtain extending across between rooms from east to west, will be received not later than June 26, at 8 p. m. G. A. Penney, Clerk.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	88c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 15
Eggs	12½c
Butter	15c
Creamery butter	27c
Potatoes	50c

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 15

Anderson Mrs. Else.
Arneson Albert
Arnes A. M.
Burkee Mary
Barker C. P.
Dix Mrs. Emma
Erickson Miss Julia
Hermanson B. A.
Johnson Miss Tilda.
Johnson Garfield
Krantz M.
Kelley Ed.
Larson C. J.
Larson Kristian
Mladek Frank
Olson Miss Inga
Turner Ben

The above will be kept at this office two weeks, then sent to the Dead Letter Office. When calling for any of them, please say "Advertised."

FRANK H. KRATKA, P. M.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court,

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl Deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Simon Opsahl deceased, late of the Town of High Landing, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Knudt Opsahl.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Simon Opsahl deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this Order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 16th. day of September 1907, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 17th. day of June A. D. 1907.

By the Court. N. W. Tarrant,
{ COURT SEAL } Judge of Probate.
june 20 july 11

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 20, 1907.

Don't judge a man says the Morris Sun, by his clothes. God made one and the tailor made the other. Don't judge a man by his family, for Cain belonged to a good family. Don't judge a man by his failure in life, for many a man fails because he is too honest to succeed. Don't judge a man by the house he lives in, for the lizard and the rat may inhabit the grander structure. When a man dies they who survive him ask what property is left behind; the angel who bends over the dying man asks what good deeds he has sent before him.

The present high price of wheat is putting no money into the farmer's pocket for the reason that he has no wheat. He sold it. It is putting none into the pockets of the miller because he buys wheat each day. It is costing the bread eaters a great many additional dollars and making millionaires out of successful speculators. What equitable right has a man who has taken no part in the production of wheat or flour to force out of the purse of the bread-eater money far in excess of the cost. When the gambler can make the consumer pay the bills, the system is bad.—Wabasha Herald.

The best thing President Roosevelt ever said: "The corner stone of the republic lies in treating each man on his worth as a man, paying no heed to his creed, his birthplace, or his occupation, asking not whether he is rich or poor, whether he labors with head or hand, asking only whether he acts decently and honorably in the various relations of his life, whether he behaves well to his family, to his neighbors, to the state. We base our regard for each man on the essentials and not the accidentals. We judge him not by his profession, but by his deeds; by his conduct, not by what he has acquired of this world's goods."

The amount of good advice given these days to young men and women in the various baccalaureate addresses would, if followed in individual life, result in making a paragon of each graduate. Of course not all of it will be followed, but we are sure that the excellent moral advice given, supplementing, as it does, the intellectual training received during years of study, is of great value in strengthening the character and thereby helping young people in their life work. Without it they and society would be poorer. Intellectual attainment minus character proves a curse instead of a blessing.—Hawley Herald.

Princeton Union: When the automobile came into general use it was predicted that the horse would soon be put out of business. It has been manifested, however, that the prognosticators struck the mark no nearer than old Hicks does the meteorlogical conditions—that is, they did not strike it at all. The greater the number of automobiles brought into use the greater seems to be the demand for horses and the greater the scarcity of prime animals. Even the United States government is unable to obtain horses for its cavalrymen at two hundred and fifty dollars per head. The general scarcity of horses is attributed to the great demand for them on the farm and for railroad construction work.

The appaling frequence of railroad wrecks and the unprecedented loses of life in these awful catastrophes in the United States of late years has horrified the nation and led to a general public demand for greater safety in railroad travel. The deaths and injuries in railroad wrecks last year in this country exceeded those of some of the greatest battles known to history, and compared most unfavorably with the record of other countries. It has been charged that the railroad trains were run at too high a rate of speed and that the employees were overworked, resulting in many accidents. The railroad authorities are now asserting that the wrecks are often due to the defective character of steel rails furnished by the manufacturers, the United States steel corporation, which has been paying high dividends upon its enormous capital stock of more than a billion of dollars. How the railroads, which are also paying large dividends, are excusable in defective rails is not explained, but the interstate commerce commission is expected to investigate the matter and place the responsiblity. It is perfectly practicable for the government, thru the commission to control the weight and quality of all railroad rails. The government *might go farther and control the* character of the road bed and the railroad equipment. The lives of the traveling public should not be placed in peril thru the selfish negligence of corporations who aim to gain stock dividends at the cost of human life.—Henning Advocate.

Where Prices are Really High

Living is still a very expensive operation up in the Klondike, according to a report sent to the state department by the United States consul at Dawson says the Duluth Herald.

Mechanics, working ten hours, draw $10 a day. Common laborers with board thrown in get $4 and $5 and if they board themselves they are paid $6. Clerks earn $150 to $300 a month.

These look like handsome wages and they would be in this country, but when sized up alongside of retail prices in the Klondlike they dwindle into relative insignificance. These prices, it must be remembered, are very much less than those of the "boom" days.

Board and room costs from $90 to $150 per month. Meal at restaurants run from 75 cents to $3, which wouldn't be much in a New York cafe, but which should be compared with American restaurants where a meal can be had for 25 cents to 50 cents. The hotels charge $3 to $6 per day. So do they in this country but not for accommodations.

Oranges are luxuries at $12.50 to $25 per box. Milk is 35 per quart so that most of the natives use the tinned kind, which brings $7.50 for a case of four dozen cans. Domestic eggs cost $2 per dozen and butter 50 cents a pound, which may locate the examples that butter and eggs in this country are striving to emulate. Flour is $6 per hundred pounds, rice 8 to 10 cents a pound potatoes $8 to $14 per hundred pounds, chickens 50 cents a pound pork 40 to 50 cents a pound, and beef 25 to 50 cents.

Native coal runs from $15 to $20 a ton and wood from $12 to $15 per cord. Lumber runs from $45 per 1,000 feet of spruce to $400 per 1,000 feet of oak, imported and undressed in that chilly climate, too.

In short, everything consumed on in the way of living costs two or three times as much as it does in the United States. Nothing is sold less than 25 cents no matter how trivil, as the quarter is the smallest coin in circulation. The consul—let's hope he is paid more for his services than American consuls are—takes the gloomy view that the cost of living will remain high so long as the means of getting supplies into the country remain as they are. What is true of the Yukon territory is true of the Yukon valley from the Alaskan line to the coast.

These figures are transcribed here for the purpose of letting what cheer they may provide drift into the souls of the housekeepers who are mightily puzzled these days to make their tables cost a decent figure in view of the high prices of things generally. This shows them that there are others worse off than they are, and some way that is always a comfort, temporarily at least. It ought to brighten things up, and it would if it were not for the fear that next month's bills will show prices higher even than those that rule in the Klondike.

What Drainage Will Do.

Those who are beginning to think, in view of the rapid increase of the population of this country, of the time when overcrowding will be a problem to be met with and solved, should turn their attention to the resources still remaining in waste areas, which are yet to be reclaimed by the twin remedies of irrigation and drainage.

Of the wastes needing irrigation this part of the country knows little by actual experience, but of those needing drainage it knows much, and that the public sentiment on this subject has reached something more tangible than mere theorizing is evident from *the fact* that the late legislature appropriated $100,000 to be used in drainage of state lands. This is regarded as merely a start, and it is to be followed by much larger investments of state funds in this most profitable enterprise.

A correspondent of the Herald, in Washington, in an interesting article that appeared Saturday, speculates interestingly on what drainage is going to mean to this country. He finds that in the whole country there are more than 60,000,000 acres of swamp or over flowed lands, most of which can be made available for agriculture by drainage.

The correspondent supposes, for purposes of argument, that only half of this area is susceptible of redemption by drainage, and then goes into figures to show what this will mean.

It would involve the drainage of 25,000,000 acres of these swamps, and that would mean that the land values of the country would be increased by more than $2,500,000,000. This would be nearly all clear gain, aside from the comparatively small cost of drainage, for these lands are now practically worthless.

The crop values of these sections would be increased by more than $750,000,000 annually. If it were possible to subdivide this enormous area into 40 acre farms, it would supply 1,250,000 families with homes, and would put 6,000,000 people upon lands that are now idle and worthless.

Each of the families would spend $2,000 in houses and equipment for their farms, which would cause the expenditure on the waste land of today of more than $2.5000,000. An average family of five would spend $600 a year, and this would mean to the business interests of the country an increased trade of $750,000,.

This is a fair showing of what drainage means to the nation. It means in proportion just as much to Northern Minnesota, with its thousands of acres of swamp lands.

These figures show what a splendid opening for investment of state funds drainage offers in Minnesota, and prove that their expenditure in this important work is excellent public policy.—Duluth Herald.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

"The Chemistry of Nature."

The ablest consulting chemists in the world have again and again demonstrated the incomparable superiority of **"The Gund Natural Process"** of brewing over all others. This celebrated and exclusive process retains **the largest known** percentage of the total creative nutriment contained in the life-cells of the malt and hops. Hence

Gund's Peerless Beer

because of this high percentage of solid food extractives, as well as its marvelous tonic properties (derived from the hops), has won lasting renown and national popularity. It is a superb thirst-quenching beer, full of snap, and sparkles in the bottle like golden sunshine. Has a most enchanting aroma and gives real satisfaction.

Brewed conscientiously for 50 years from the choicest grade of Northern barley and fine imported hops. Won Highest Award at Paris 1900 and Gold Medal at St. Louis Exposition 1904. Containing but 3½% alcohol only, it is a **home beer** of commanding superiority. Delivered anywhere. Sold everywhere. Telephone, write or call.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.
McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

That hacking cough continues
Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.
Take *Scott's Emulsion.*
It builds up and strengthens your entire system.
It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.
ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00

NO NATURE FAKIR.

Chief Wadena Truly Tells How Animals Make Their Wishes Known.

It is not a new thought that the brute kingdom is in some way endowed with the gift of reasoning communication, and there have been periods in human history when all animal nature was believed to have been able to communicate with man in his own speech, says the White Earth Tomahawk. The reader of classics, and even the reader of translations will remember the fables of Aesop and will not only see in them the underlying philosophy, but also the brooding idea of early naturalism.

But our readers will bear in mind the old proverb that truth is stranger than fiction and will consider carefully the incident which Star Bad Boy relates of Wadena. Star relates it as coming from the lips of Wadena himself, and if so, it should be worthy of credence, for Wadena is an old man and his many years have shown him the folly and heedlessness of provarication. Let us relate the incident in nearly the language of Wadena, as he related it to the inerrant Star Bad Boy.

"It was quite a number of years ago," said Wadena, "and I had been tramping all day up and down the country in search of game. It was rather early in the spring, and yet not so early that life that had been lying asleep all winter had awakened.

"Night came on, and I built my camp not far from a stream and nearby which was a low, swampy piece of ground.

"I was very tired when I lay down and was soon asleep. Sometime on, I was awakened by a very peculiar sensation, as though something was gliding under my shirt and upwards to my chest. At first I thought it only a sort of dream, but as my senses grew strong I realized that something was really crawling upwards. Its motion soon convinced me that it was a snake.

I dared not move for I did not know whether it was the harmless garter snake or some poisonous variety. Up, upward it crawled slowly, my fright was great, but I dared not move lest the snake, if disturbed and poisonous, might drive his fangs into me. (The cold sweat stood upon my forehead and my hair stood erect. The strain proved too strong for me, and involuntarily I moved. Then a voice came to my ears from beneath my shirt, "Wadena, Niji, bizan-i-shi-nin ma-no ah-bi-tah-wah-bic dush ki-gahdi-bah-ah-mon." Wadena my friend, please lie still and I will pay you half a dollar."

Wadena knoes not say whether he accepted of the terms or not, but isn't it strange if true?

NOW ORGANIZED.

Minnesota Creameries to Cut Out the Commission Merchants.

The Minnesota Co-operative Dairies association, an organization thru which the constituent members intend to market their products, saving to themselves the commissions, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars a year, was organized last week at a meeting held at the old capitol in St. Paul. The members of the association will ship their *butter to a central exchange to* be maintained by the organization, probably at Chicago, from which the butter will be placed in the markets of the East. According to Robert Crickmore, of Owatonna, secretary of the new organization, it is estimated that the buttermakers of this state last year paid to commission men between $1,250,000 and $1,500,000 in commissions for handling the state's output of that product. Just what proportion of this business was done by the co-operative creameries of the state is not known but as there are 631 co-operative creameries out of a total of about 900 creameries in the state, the saving of those who join the association will amount to a very considerable sum each year.

Premium Butter.

Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin was feeling particularly jubilant this week over the following telegram:

New York, June 11, '07.
Geo. L. Austin,
St. Hilaire Minn.

Shipment received. Ship full make regularly. Cent and three-quarters. Letter to follow.
W. I. Young & Co.

All of which means that a responsible New York firm will take the entire output of the creamery at one-and-three-quarters of a cent premium over the market price. This is an advance of one-half a cent over present prices and means about $150.00 a month increase on present output. The butter is now selling at top price and the credit is due Mr. Austin and also the patrons who bring in their cream in a first class condition.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

STATE TAKES A HAND.

Big Stone County Family Go the Limit In Living the Simple Life.

The authorities were instrumental in breaking up a peculiar home near Ortonville last week, says the Battle Lake Review, when Joseph Koplar and wife were committed to the asylum at Fergus Falls and their three children sent to the Children's Home, the oldest being about 12 years and the youngest about 5. Both parents were adjudged insane. They are Polanders, and lived in Big Stone county.

For two years none of the family had been in town, though only five miles away. In this time they have not purchased a stitch of clothing, nor groceries or provisions of any kind. They threshed their wheat with a home-made threshing machine and ground it with a mill made of stones. They lived the simple life and ignored all government in a way that might meet with the approval of Emma Goldman.

About two years ago their wheat was taken under legal process and then they resolved to have no more dealing with town people, but to live by themselves without the use of money and by the aid of prayer. They were very religious and seemed insane on the question of religion, claiming title to their land by deed from Christ and refusing to recognize any authority on the part of the state to tax the land or oust them from it.

Their principal diet has been whole wheat bread made without yeast, simply flour and water. They appeared to be healthy and put up a desperate fight when the officers took them.

ROAD INSPECTOR.

New Law Makes Change and Does Away With Town Road Overseer.

There seems to be some misunderstanding in regard to road work this year, and an explanation seems necessary. The last legislature passed an act which abolishes and does away with the office of Town Road Overseer, but created the new office of Town Road Inspector. He is to have charge of all highways and bridges in his Town. The law relating to the local road officials being as follows:

"Sec.2. The office of the town road overseer is herewith abolished, and in place thereof the town board shall appoint a competent road builder as road inspector, who shall have charge under the direction of the county superintendent of highways of the construction and maintenance of all roads and bridges in the town.

He shall hold office during the pleasure of the town board. He may appoint one or more competent assistants, subject to the approval of the town board. The compensation for road inspector and assistants shall be fixed by the town board. Before entering upon his duties, he shall give bond to the town, approved by the town board in the sum of one hundred (100) dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties."

The law authorizes said Town Road Inspector to appoint one or more assistants to assist him in his duties.

While this act was passed last April it has not been generally understood by the people, and confusion has arisen in some places in regard to it.

TEDFORD MARRIED.

Former Resident of This City Married at Cass Lake.

Charles Tedford and Miss Nora Osborn were united in marriage at the Cass Lake M. E. church last Thursday morning at 11 o'clock, Rev. Walker, pastor of the church, officiating.

Mr. and Mrs Tedford left on the 1 o'clock train for a trip to Duluth and the twin cities, and will be absent for a week, after which they will return to Cass Lake and be at home to their friends in their elegantly furnished residence here.

The groom is one of the most widely known and popular business men in the north half of the state, and formerly resided in Thief River Falls, while the bride (who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Osborn of Bemidji) has grown to young womanhood in Cass Lake and is beloved by every resident of that village.

R. and P. Minstrels.

The number of people who really live is small compared with the vast number that merely exist. Some people seem to think if they go to one minstrel show that they have seen them all and stop right there. These are the people that just exist, nothing more.

In the larger cities it is common to meet the heads of families who in figuring on their daily, weekly or monthly expenses, figure that the theater is a necessary expense and a visit each week must be figured on. These people really live, and it is a noticable fact that the same habit is spreading into the interior.

Go and see them all if you can afford it, if not, pick out those that have the mark of age in their faces, those that have been before the public long enough to know just what you are getting. Richards & Pringle's Famous Georgia Minstrels that come to Thief River Falls on Friday, June 21st will come near filling your expectations.

Inspection of Beef Cows More Rigid.

Inspection of cows shipped to packing plants became very rigid, May 27, says an exchange. If any cow is found to be infected with lumpy jaw, bovine tuberculosis or other disease, she will be forthwith condemned and the loss will fall on the shipper, who will get only the value the carcass may bring for soap grease. As steers and bulls are rarely infected with desease, the watchfulness necessary will be chiefly towards beef cows.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

In the Matter of William E. Spiess and Edward P. Spiess as partners as Spiess Bros., and as individuals Bankrupts In Bankruptcy. (No. 872)

To the Honorable William Lochren, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota. William E. Spiess and Edward P. Spiess, as partners as Spiess Bros., and as individuals, of the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 30th day of December A.D.1906, they were duly adjudged bankrupts as partners as Spiess Bros. and individually under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that as such partners and as individuals they have duly surrendered all their property and rights of property, and have fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching their bankruptcy.

Wherefore they pray that they and each of them, may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts, provable against their estate under said Bankrupt Acts, both indiviaually and as partners as aforesaid, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 11th Day of April A. D. 1907, Spiess Bros. By Wm. E. Spiess.
William E. Spiess
Edward P. Spiess
Bankrupts.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 6th day of June, A. D. 1907, on reading the forgoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 8th. day of July, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at St. Paul in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 6th. day of June, A. D. 1907.

SEAL OF THE COURT Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
By L. A. Levorsen, Deputy Clerk.

Intoxicated Midge Flies.

Concerning the life history of the particular little midge that patronizes the arum in England very little is known, yet it is certain that when arums are blooming these midges give little time to anything besides drunken orgies within their shelter. You have only to cut open a bloom at the narrow neck portion and look down to the lower part to see the helpless insects lying in heaps, all more or less intoxicated—intoxicated from overindulgence in arum pollen.—Strand Magazine.

Two Views.

"What a pity you are engaged so young, my dear!" said the maid who was beginning to carry weight for age. "You will never know what fun it is to refuse a man."

"No, I suppose not," rejoined the fair debutante, "but you can't imagine how much fun there is in accepting one."—Chicago News.

The One Thing Left.

"But what will there be left for you to do after your toiling and scheming and self denial have brought you the millions you covet?"

"What'll there be left? Gosh, I can go to New York and spend 'em, can't I?"—Chicago Record Herald.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

EFFORTS TO STOP EMIGRATION

Society Formed in Stockholm Whose Object Will Be To Keep Young Swedes at Home.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

An important step has been taken in Sweden through the organization of an anti-emigration society. A massmeeting was held on the evening of May 22 at the Runan in Stockholm, which was attended by about 500 people. Mr. Lagerbring was elected chairman of the meeting and Dr. A. Molin, in a lengthy address, explained the purpose of the meeting and the objects for which the society will work. An organization was then perfected and the intention is also to establish branch societies in different sections of the country. The chief aim will be to encourage able bodied young Swedes to remain in their native land and abandon the idea of emigrating to foreign lands. The way which young Swedes have been emigrating, especially to America, during these last years, has alarmed a good many people and efforts will now be made to induce them to stay at home. Another thing which has been suggested, especially since the late Consul Ekman of Gothenburg donated 100,000 crowns, is to establish a Swedish employment bureau in America for the purpose of inducing Swedes in America to return to their native land, is also an interesting move in this direction. Yet the latter movement cannot gain much headway in America, for it is a well known fact that few Swedish-Americans have any desire to return to Sweden, at least not permanently.

Children's Day—May 24—was generally observed in Stockholm and in all larger cities of the country. In Stockholm the city was decorated in honor of the children, flags appearing everywhere and floral processions were numerous. The street cars were decorated with flowers and miniature flags and in the evening there was a great children's festival at Idrotts park attended by thousands of children and adults as well. A feature of the flower parade was the Linne wagon and the historic Bellman's happy countenance also occupied a conspicuous position among the marchers. Not for many years has the children's day been so generally observed as this year and Stockholmians especially seemed enthusiastic this year.

The small retail dealers of Stockholm held a massmeeting Monday evening, June 3, which was attended by thousands of people. The meeting was held in protest to the department stores, who, it is claimed, are crowding out the small business men. It was a red hot meeting and several speakers delivered aggressive addresses. A number of socialists were also present and frequently interrupted the speakers. After the meeting there was a free for all fight and many arrests followed. The demonstration was of a political and antisemitic character and the meeting has stirred up the whole city.

Countess Kalling and party, comprising her daughter, Ragnhild Ameen, a daughter of Lieutenant Ameen and a young student named Gerhard Kennedy, while enjoying a sail out in the bay a week from last Tuesday were thrown in the water through the capsizing of the boat. A motor boat happened to come along and picked up the party, all except Miss Ameen, who was drowned and whose body has, in spite of a careful search, not been recovered. Miss Ameen was an accomplished young woman of 20 and was to have been married this summer.

According to official reports a famine is now threatening Lapland, which will if anything be worse than that which caused so much suffering in 1862. The nights are exceedingly cold and the inhabitants are taking the straw out of their mattresses and feeding it to their cattle. It is feared that the ice in the lowlands will not be melted until midsummer and in that case the cattle cannot exist. The famine threatens mostly in the Arvidsjaurs district at present.

The golden wedding of King Oscar and Queen Sophia was celebrated throughout Sweden June 6. In the capital there was a solemn service at the cathedral, attended by the king and queen and the members of the royal family. Subsequently their majesties drove through the decorated streets and were everywhere acclaimed.

Dr. Ellen Beata Sandelin died in Stockholm a few days ago after a short illness. She was born in 1862 and has since 1897 been practicing medicine in Stockholm. She was an able physician and an able lecturer and was justly considered the ablest woman physician in Sweden.

Stockholm will have a new public school building, which will be erected in the Adolf Frederick district this year at an expenditure of 1,115,000 crowns. When completed this will be one of the largest public school buildings in Sweden.

The American saloon bar, which has been doing a big business, will be closed by the authorities after July 1, because it is not operated in accordance with the Gothenburg system which is in force in Stockholm.

A week ago last Tuesday a marine museum was formally opened in the crownprincess palace. It contains all manner of models from the Swedish fleet, dating back as far as the seventeenth century.

Professor Oscar Levertin's estate is valued at 124,000 crowns. Professor Levertin died about two months ago.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The economic development of Norway during the union with Sweden, although enormous in itself, was in many cases seriously hampered by the constant union conflicts which wasted away so much of the best time and the best strength of the nation. It was, therefore, a question of economic as well as of political importance to act as we did in 1905, and this fact ought not to be ignored. Economic independence having as its first qualification political independence, it was necessary to establish the latter once for all. This being done we have now commenced to raise the economic structure, and in building we are discussing the nature of the work. In former days Norway was generally believed to contain practically nothing but stones. Later on it was found that her forests were very valuable and for the last three centuries Norway has been a great wood-exporting country. In the seventeenth, and especially in the eighteenth century, it was found that the Norwegian mountains in many places contained valuable iron ores, and during the first half of the nineteenth century down to the revolutionizing inventions of the English engineer, Bessemer, considerable quantities of bar iron were every year exported from Norway. But until the last few decades hardly anyone believed that our many waterfalls—'fosse,' as we call them—had any other destination by nature than that of delighting foreign tourists who had come to admire them. The marvelous inventions in the field of electricity within the last twenty years have shown the enormous value of the waterfalls. These facts have more and more drawn the attention of foreign capital to Norway—chiefly English, German, French and Belgian—and this fact has raised the question now most eagerly discussed in Norway: 'What ought the conditions to be on which foreign capital is to obtain permission to exploit the natural resources of Norway?'"

The British minister has purchased one of the finest sailing yachts in Norway and it is likely that several of his colleagues will follow his example and take advantage of the fine opportunity that the Christiansand offers for those who like to spend their leisure hours in a sailboat. A daylight Norwegian summer evening thus spent is a delight known only to those who talk from experience. For a busy man this same fjord has its drawbacks, inasmuch as the wind often dies out in the late hours of the day and makes it somewhat uncertain when you will be able to get home. This fact, the British minister has fully considered, and prudent man that he is, has had a motor put into his sailboat.

A house painter met a terrible death under singular circumstances in Christiania June 8. He had left his work and was walking along Carl Johann street when in order to light his pipe, he struck a match on his trousers. But his clothes, which were saturated with salts, took fire and in a few moments the man was a living torch. He ran along the street, uttering terrible shrieks. The wind fanned the flames, and when help arrived he was literally carbonized.

The regular theaters are about closed for the season. Mrs. Johanne Dybwad, who soon leaves for America, has with great success been playing as "guest" at one of the Copenhagen theaters.

Mme. Knudtzon has donated 2,200 crowns to the poor fishermen's families in Christianssund. She has on a number of previous occasions donated large sums of money to charity institutions.

Roald Amundsen departed May 18 for Stockholm, St. Petersburg and Helsingfors, Finland. He will give two lectures in each city. Next fall he will come to America.

The farmers have had plenty of rain the last six weeks and if the summer proves agreeable there is no reason why satisfactory crops should not be forthcoming.

A new crematory, known as the Christiania Krematorium, is at present being erected under the management of Contractor F. G. Gundersen.

The recent auction on Artist Thaulow's paintings netted about 20,000 crowns. Most of the paintings were purchased by foreigners.

During the latter part of this month about 1,000 sharpshooters will meet at Christiania and compete for honors.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Gerda Krum-Nathansen, the well known Danish actress, who was shot by her husband in Aalberg, was buried by the Copenhagen Actors' club June 4. There was a large attendance at the funeral.

The Danish crownprince attended King Oscar and Queen Sofia's fiftieth wedding anniversary in Stockholm June 6.

Queen Alexandra will pay a visit to Copenhagen during the latter part of August.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

TRAVELING IN EUROPE.

What It Means to Ride Second Class on the Railroads.

A delusion of the guidebooks is the advice to ride second class on the railroads of Europe. It is often pointed out that first class and second class are frequently but divisions of the same car, and this makes a great impression on the inexperienced traveler, particularly if his purse is limited. Landing at Plymouth, Southampton, Havre, Cherbourg, Liverpool, you are at once conveyed to London or Paris on "steamer trains," under the same excellent conditions that have prevailed on your trip, but thereafter you are at your own resources, and if you are wise you will not only travel first class, but you will see to it that your seat is always engaged well ahead. If you travel second class between cities that correspond to New York and Philadelphia, say where intercourse is frequent and numerous, you will most likely have to stand up in all second class compartments. To get a second class seat between Vienna and Budapest, for example, is about like boarding a train for Coney Island at Brooklyn bridge on a summer Sunday afternoon, and if you do get a seat somebody else sandwiches and sausages on your lap.

Another point to be remembered is that in Europe you cannot engage a whole sleeping compartment for yourself, as you can here. You have to show a ticket for each berth. Therefore it behooves the person traveling alone at night to seek out before arranging the trip some suitable companion or for parties of three or five or any odd number to make similar provisions.—Travel Magazine.

A BATTLE FOR A HAT.

And How the Victor In the Struggle Lost the Trophy.

Verdi had stepped from an incoming train in Genoa once at a time when Marquis di Rudini, the Italian premier, was in the station. The marquis recognized the musician and requested the station master to introduce him. He greeted Verdi warmly, congratulated him on his fine health and wished him many more years of life.

After taking leave of the premier Verdi went to the station buffet and on returning to his train forgot his hat. This was an opportunity not to be lost by two admirers of the musician. They had been watching him long, and now they simultaneously sprang for the hat. Both reached it at once, one seizing one side of the brim and the other the opposite. A lively combat ensued, and the two swayed backward and forward in their desire to retain the treasure. The lady came off victorious. "Ah!" she exclaimed triumphantly. "Now I've got it, and I intend to keep it!"

Her surprise was only equaled by his dismay when a gentleman who had been watching the conflict for some time stepped forward with the remark, "But this is my hat!" A loud laugh rang out from the onlookers, a laugh in which even the combatants were fain to join. The hat changed hands, and the lady changed color when a moment or two later she saw the trap into which she had fallen. It was the hat of the great composer, and the stranger had secured it by an unjustifiable ruse.

What Is the English Throne?

The English throne—what is it? Is it the stone chair of Westminster abbey? That is only occupied once by each king or queen, and that only at the coronation ceremony. Is it the chair of state in the house of lords or the reception chair at Buckingham palace or the sumptuous gilt thing which the king uses at Windsor when he receives the foreign envoys? It is an interesting question, which some people would like to have answered. Most everybody, however, has come to the conclusion that in the majority of countries the throne is merely a symbol, and the expressions "he has succeeded to the throne" and "speeches from the throne" are only metaphors.

Enriched by an Earthquake.

"With all the harm that earthquakes do," said a rug dealer, "it is pleasant to hear of an entire town that an earthquake enriched. The town I mean is Ouzoun-Ada, on the Caspian sea, the terminus of the Transcaspian and Samarkand railway. Ouzoun-Ada in the past had a miserable port, but a few years ago an earthquake visited her, and on its departure she found herself the richer by a harbor deep enough to float the largest ships. Since that fortunate visit Ouzoun-Ada's population and wealth have trebled."

How Tommy Helped.

Minister—Ah, Tommy, is that you? I trust you are always a good boy, Tommy. Tommy—Yes, sir. Minister—That's right. I am sure you are always kind to your good mother. Tommy—Yes, sir. I was helping her yesterday. Minister—Very glad to hear it, Tommy. What did you do for her yesterday? Tommy—I helped her with the washing, sir. She said she couldn't get on with the washing if we didn't take our dinner an hour sooner, and I took it as soon as she had it ready.

His Powers.

"Don't you think my son has marvelous powers as a mimic?" asked the hostess.

"He has indeed," replied the gentleman who has overheard her son mimicking him, much to his disadvantage. "He might imitate a gentleman to the life if he were to practice a little."—Chicago Record-Herald.

As small letters weary the eye most, so also the smallest affairs disturb us most.—Montaigne.

PLANTING TROUT.

One Point on Which the Old Man Wanted More Light.

It was the policy of the officers of a certain railroad line in all their advertising matter to place great stress on the excellence of the trout fishing to be reached by their lines, and in order to provide the trout it was necessary from time to time to plant the advertised streams with fry.

On one occasion an old gardener named Conelly, who had charge of the station grounds, was sent out with the cans of fry, procured from the state hatchery, and a railroad map marked to show exactly where to plant the tiny fish.

Conelly returned that night, however, with part of the fry still unplanted. He needed further instructions from the general passenger agent, who had marked the map.

"Say, mister," said Conelly, scratching his perplexed head with one hand and pointing to the can with the other, "shall I plant thim fish wid the tails up or down?"

"Why," shouted the irascible agent, "you thundering blockhead"—

"Aisy, aisy!" murmured Conelly. "Oi'm no such blockhead as ye'd think. The sipot on the map where ye towld me to plant thim trout is all biled down to mud. If thim small fish is to go in that sthream at all, at all, 'tis wan by wan they'll have to go in, like *bones. All I'm askin' is this, Is it* heads up ye'll have thim, or tails?"—Youth's Companion.

NEW YORK'S EAST SIDE.

Where Cents Are Common and Big Bills Are Eyed With Suspicion.

"When you think of the millions in New York and the money spent on Fifth avenue and Broadway," said the woman, "it is pitiful to see the dearth of it on the east side. It is noticeable most of all in the change they give you—always pennies. Go to the grocery, and you come back with your pocketbook filled with pennies. Fortunately they are not cart wheel pennies such as they have in England or you would have to call a messenger boy to carry them home for you.

"I went into a little place near First avenue the other day to have my face massaged. The masseur was an accomplished Austrian. He did the work beautifully, but when I handed him a dollar—it was 50 cents I owed him—he handed me back 20 cents of the change in pennies. I don't know why, but it seemed a pitiful thing to me that he shouldn't have had that much silver in change in the house.

"They stare at you aghast, these east side people, if you ask them to change a five dollar bill. They are afraid it may be counterfeit. And as for a ten—they won't change a ten at all on First avenue."—New York Press.

He Was Overdue.

The master of a large southern plantation would fire off a small cannon every evening at 6 o'clock as a signal to the people living on his land. One evening at the time for the usual boom the master was away. Two of his negroes, John and Jim, had long desired to fire the cannon, but had never had a chance to do so. They decided to make the trial on this afternoon, but thought that it would be best for them to have the cannon make no sound. It was decided that Jim should hold a water bucket over the mouth of the cannon while John applied the fuse. The piece was touched off, there was a great boom, and John looked up to find that his friend was gone.

When the master returned John was very busy in the field. "John," said he, "where is Jim?"

"He went down to the spring after a bucket of watah, sah."

"When is he coming back?"

"Well, sah, if he come back like he went, he's sure due heah now."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Wouldn't Tip, So He Grew a Beard.

I knew a man who was a conscientious objector to tipping barbers and could not shave himself. He told me once that, according to careful calculation, he had been forced to travel considerably more than 100 miles during one year in order to find new barber shops where his unbending attitude on the tip question was unknown and to spend rather more than £5 in bus and cab fares in doing so. Finally, having exhausted the whole of inner London and most of the suburbs, he had to give up the struggle and grow a beard.—London Truth.

What Strawberries Really Are.

The pulpy portion of the strawberry is not really a fruit nor even a berry, but is a cluster of dry seeds slightly imbedded in a mass of pulp. The little seeds are the true fruit. It is surprising that the pulp enlarges; that it does not remain small and dry. By some wise provision of nature the pollen not only directly gives life to each seed on which it falls, but also stimulates the surrounding portion of the receptacle (originally small and hard) to grow into the soft, juicy and lustrous form.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

More Speed Mania.

Miss Polly—Just to think, Aunt Matilda, Jason Hardapple ain't been calling on Sue Waggs but two years and last night he actually proposed. Aunt Matilda—Do tell! I declare this here speed mania has reached Bacon Ridge at last.—Chicago News.

Obeyed Instructions.

Man of the House—Verena, I told you to call me at 7 o'clock sharp this morning. Domestic—I called ye as sharp as I could, sorr, but I couldn't wake ye.—Chicago Tribune.

Nature is a mutable cloud which is always and never the same.—Emerson.

A CONCERT RECITAL

Will be given in the EVENSON HALL
Saturday Evening, June 29 at 8:15.

H. D. Dalquist,
Tenor, of Warren, assisted by
H. Nordlin,
Pianist, of St. Paul
J. F. Bily,
Violinist, of St. Paul,
W. Rhys Herbert,
Dr. of Music, St. Paul Accompanist,

Tickets will be on sale at Stebbin's drug store the week previous to the concert. Reserved seats, any part of the house, 50c.

RICHARD'S & PRINGLE'S FAMOUS GEORGIA MINSTRELS

ARRIVAL OF THE GEORGIAS ON THEIR SPECIAL TRAIN

Will Be Here, Friday, June 21.

The Latest Development in Life Insurance Issued by

Central Life Assurance Society of the United States.

Life Insurance a Progressive Science.

Features of Policy.

Some persons have objected to life insurance policies as a form of investment, because the beneficiary received no more from the settlement, where death occurs after the policy had been in force a number of years and many premiums paid, than would be received during the first year when only one premium was paid. The Guarantee Double Annual Allotment Policy answers this objection with a guaranteed increase on the Ordinary Life, Twenty Payment Life and Twenty Year Endowment of twenty five dollars for each one thousand dollars in the face of the policy and for each renewal premium paid. This increase is paid to the beneficiary in addition to the face of the policy. To illustrate: Mr. A. takes policy $10,000.00. In event of death during first year $10,000.00 would be paid, during second year $10,250.00, third year $10,500.00. The increase continues $250.00 each year during the entire period of twenty years. In event of death during the twentieth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would be $14,750.00. The $4,750.00 would be the mortuary allotment or dividend. The policy also bears to the assured a cash dividend annually beginning on the third anniversary with 10 per cent, fourth anniversary 11 per cent and increases one per cent each year until it reaches a 20 per cent dividend on the thirteenth year and 20 per cent each year thereafter to the end of the twenty year period.

The Ten and Fifteen Payment Policies differ from the above only in the mortuary increase, being $50.00 per year for each one thousand dollars instead of $25.00 as above. To illustrate: Mr. B. takes policy of $10,000.00 on the fifteen payment plan. In event of death during the first year $10,000.00 will be paid, during the second year $10,500, third year $11,000, and so on with a mortuary increase of $500.00 each year. In event of death during the fifteenth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would by $17,500.00. The annual cash dividends which begin upon the third anniversary of the policy and increases each year during the premium paying period enables the assured to pay his premiums with greater ease than with other forms of insurance.

For particulars call, phone or write

W. R. HARDY,
District Manager, at Hotel Ogahmeh for a Short Time Only.
MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM LANDS.

BLOW UP BANK SAFE

Burglars Secure Fifteen Hundred Dollars at Bingham Lake.

BUILDING BADLY WRECKED

Supposed Guilty Parties Arrested and $800 Recovered—News of the State In General.

St. James, Minn., June 15.—The State bank of Bingham Lake, on the Omaha road near here, was robbed last night of $1,500 in cash.

The cracksmen exploded nitroglycerin around the doors of the safe and the force of the explosion was so great that the bank building itself was blown to pieces. The little town was aroused, but the robbers quickly grabbed their booty and boarded train No. 10 on the Omaha road coming this way. The telegraph operator at Bingham Lake notified officers here to meet the train and at 3 a. m. today two men, heavily armed, were taken off and lodged in jail. They gave the names of George Chester and W. R. White. They had purchased tickets for Mankato.

Little or no money was found upon them and it was later discovered that part of the booty was in a grip and had been left on the train and carried by. The grip was recovered and found to contain $800. What became of the balance of the money is unknown.

TAFT AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Delivers Commencement Address at University of Minnesota.

Minneapolis, June 13.—William H. Taft, secretary of war, gave the commencement address at the University of Minnesota. There was some sentiment back of his appearance in this city, as President Cyrus Northrop of the university was formerly one of the secretary's instructors at Yale. His address on "The College Graduate as a Political Asset of the State and Nation" was a careful review of the obligations of the educated citizen, who was portrayed as a leavening factor in his community. The speaker did not hesitate to advise his hearers to get into practical politics and even went so far as to indicate how it might be possible to smash a political slate.

WOMAN IS ACQUITTED.

Murder Trial at St. Paul Ends in Verdict of Not Guilty.

St. Paul, June 13.—Mrs. Minnie Galles, on trial in the district court on the charge of killing her baby shortly after its birth, has been acquitted, the jury being out only a few hours.

The case has been on trial for a week past and has been closely contested. At the time of the birth of the child, April 7, the defendant was unmarried and a little later, on April 30, she married Peter Galles. She asserted and testified that the child was dead when born. She was alone at the time.

GIRL RESCUES COMPANION

Saves Him From Drowning In Lake Calhoun.

Minneapolis, June 17.—Miss Frances Hanson, nineteen years old, saved Walter Griffith, aged twenty, 2621 Fremont avenue north, from drowning in Lake Calhoun. The young woman went out in a dangerous squall alone in a rowboat to save her friend, and succeeded in getting him safely ashore.

Assault Results in Death.

St. Paul, June 15.—John Duffy, proprietor of a confectionery store at Vandalia and University avenues, was assaulted Thursday noon by an unknown customer, who came into the place to buy lemonade. He was struck on the head with a bottle and his skull fractured, death resulting at St. Joseph's hospital two days later. Robbery was the motive of the assault.

Two Rivers on Rampage.

New Ulm, Minn., June 15.—The Minnesota and Cottonwood rivers are on a rampage and are flooding the lowlands and ruining many of the grain and corn fields. The floods are caused by the heavy rains during the past week. The Cottonwood river rose twelve feet since June 9 and has broken all records since June, 1881.

Quirk Must Serve Sentence.

St. Paul, June 14.—John P. Quirk, the slayer of William Dowell, the Minneapolis newspaper man, must serve out his sentence of fifteen years at the Stillwater state prison. The supreme court so decided when it affirmed the order of the lower court in denying a new trial and dismissing the appeal made by Quirk.

Atwater Man Drowned.

Atwater, Minn., June 17.—Louis W. Harris, a jeweler of this place, was drowned in Diamond lake, six miles north of Atwater. There were two in the boat, which capsized. Harris tried to swim ashore, but was seized with cramps. The other man clung to the boat and was saved.

St. Paul Gets Convention.

Norfolk, Va., June 14.—The National Editorial association, in session at the Jamestown exposition, elected H. B. Varner of the Dispatch, Lexington, N. C., as its next president. St. Paul, Minn., was selected as the next place of meeting.

CAPITAL OF $10,000,000.

Minnesota Steel Company Incorporated at St. Paul.

St. Paul, June 12.—The Minnesota Steel company, which is to build the great steel mills at Duluth, has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capital stock is $10,000,000, for which the filing fee was $5,025. The purposes for which the company is organized include, not only mining and the manufacture of ores into finished products, but almost every branch of mercantile business.

The incorporators of the company are Thomas F. Cole, William J. Olcott, Frank E. House and Joseph B. Cotton of Duluth and the board of directors includes a number of men prominent in the United States Steel corporation.

By the terms of the articles the company may manufacture iron, steel, coke, copper, cement, lumber and other materials and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of any of those materials. It may own, lease and develop any lands containing coal or iron or other ores or oil and any wood lands or other lands for any purpose of the company. It may buy or sell the metals and manufactured products, also merchandise. It may acquire and operate waterpower, generate electricity and engage in commercial electric power and lighting business, may manufacture gas and dispose of it, also operate a gas plant and sell fixtures. One section gives the company power "to construct, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire bridges, buildings, machinery, ships, boats, engines, cars and other equipment, ferries, docks, ships, wharves, elevators, saw mills, storage houses, manufacturing plants, waterworks, gas works, electric works, viaducts, aqueducts, railways, roadways, tramways, canals and other waterways and any other means of transportation."

MINNESOTA ODD FELLOWS

Install Officers for the Next Year and Adjourn.

St. Paul, June 15.—The grand lodge of Odd Fellows in the closing session of the fifty-fifth annual convention voted $5,000 to the entertainment of the sovereign lodge, which is to meet in St. Paul in September. Installation of officers and a few small matters of business occupied the afternoon session. Following are the officers installed for the next year: George Sherer of Mankato, grand master; W. M. Barber of Long Prairie, grand warden; E. D. Buell of Minneapolis, deputy grand master; A. L. Bolton of St. Paul, grand secretary; C. M. Sprague of Sauk Center, grand treasurer; S. H. Mitchell of Minneapolis, grand chaplain; G. E. McDermott of Rochester, grand marshal; W. A. Peterson of Windom, grand conductor; O. C. Dougherty of Elmore, grand guard; J. H. Helson of Hibbing, grand herald.

FOR BREACH OF PROMISE

Jury Awards St. Paul Young Woman $1,500 Damages.

St. Paul, June 15.—The jury which tried the breach of promise case of Miss Alma Peterson against Albin Johnson gave the plaintiff a verdict of $1,500. The parties to the suit reside in East St. Paul. The verdict means that the jury believed Miss Peterson when she swore that Johnson had courted her for six years; had promised to marry her and then broke his promise.

Neither party to the suit appears to feel any bitterness towards the other. Miss Peterson, who says she is twenty-five, desires Mr. Johnson, who is thirty-two, to carry out his promise to marry and, in fact, frankly admitted that she would marry him right away if he were willing.

Minnesota Sons of Hermann.

New Ulm, Minn., June 17.—The Sons of Hermann of the state held their annual summer festival under the shadow of their national monument on Hermann heights. Over 1,000 visitors from all over the state attended. The park and monument were profusely decorated. The principal feature of the festival was the presentation of an autograph portrait of Emperor William of Germany by the Imperial German consul, Hanns Grunow of St. Paul.

Farmer Has Miraculous Escape.

Little Falls, Minn., June 11.—J. Czeck, aged twenty, a farmer, had one of the narrowest escapes on record while in a buggy crossing the Northern Pacific tracks when the North Coast limited struck the buggy. The engine hit the rig in the center. The horse was instantly killed and the buggy was broken in two about the middle. Czeck was hurled twenty feet and was picked up in a rather dazed condition, but was unhurt.

Minnesota Civil War Veterans.

St. Paul, June 15.—The forty-first encampment of the Minnesota department, Grand Army of the Republic, closed at the Armory when officers were elected for the year as follows: Department commander, R. J. Whitney of Wadena; senior commander, Frank B. Doran of St. Paul; junior commander, George W. Morry of Minneapolis; treasurer, J. Nevens of Owatonna; chaplain, Rev. Levi Gleason.

Young Man Drowned.

Minneapolis, June 17.—John Ahlstrom, twenty-two years old, 124 Forty-fourth avenue north, was drowned in Lake Minnetonka. Ahlstrom and three friends were rowing about 200 feet from the dock at Spring Park when their boat capsized. The others in the boat were rescued, but Ahlstrom sank and was not seen after the boat tipped.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

M. Nelidoff, head of the Russian delegation, opened the second peace conference at The Hague by affirming that universal peace and disarmament were unattainable. The deliberate utterances of the Russian statesman, although pessimistic to the extent referred to, were hopeful when later he said he believed that a better method for the judicial adjustment of disputes was possible, even though all conflicts between nations were no more avoidable than conflicts between individuals.

Upon application of Attorney General Hadley of Missouri Judge Parks, in the circuit court at Kansas City, issued orders upon the representatives there of eighteen principal Missouri railroads compelling them to obey the 2-cent passenger rate and the maximum freight rate bills. This brings the circuit court into conflict with the United States district court, before which the railroads are suing for an injunction to prevent the state officials from enforcing these laws.

Thousands of dollars are being raised by the Japanese of the Pacific coast to carry out the compact they have entered into with the Progressive party of Japan for the overthrow of the Saionji ministry, the annulment of the exclusion clause in the immigration bill and the guarantee of *the naturalization rights of the Japanese* subjects residing in this country.

Governor Hughes of New York has vetoed the bill instituting a flat passenger rate of 2 cents a mile on every railroad system in the state more than 150 miles long. The fact that railroads have been guilty of grossly improper acts, the governor declares, does not require or warrant arbitrary reprisals by the state.

The suit of the United States government against the anthracite coal carrying railroads, which are charged with carrying on a monopoly in the production, transportation and sale of hard coal, has been filed in the United States circuit court in Philadelphia.

Indignation has been aroused at Chattanooga by the appointment of Garfield Thompson, a negro, as gauger in the Scott-Price distillery. The proprietors threaten to close down the distillery unless the negro is removed, alleging that he is incompetent.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States district court at Kansas City, issued an order restraining the Missouri state authorities from enforcing the Duell bill, passed by the last legislature, taxing each transaction in grain futures 25 cents.

Federal Judge McPherson has granted the petition of the eighteen Missouri railroads for a temporary order restraining the state officials from putting into effect both the maximum freight rate and the 2-cent passenger rate law.

The Minnesota Steel company, which is to build the great steel mills at Duluth, has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state of Minnesota. The capital stock is $10,000,000, for which the filing fee was $5,025.

Receivers have been appointed for Milliken Bros. of New York, a steel manufacturing concern. The liabilities of the company are about $6,500,000 and the assets, including the plant and real estate, are valued at $7,500,000.

The National Editorial association, in session at the Jamestown exposition, elected H. B. Varner of the Lexington (N. C.) Dispatch as its next president. St. Paul was selected as the next place of meeting.

Secretary of War William H. Taft, in an interview at Milwaukee, said there will be no war with Japan. He has faith that the United States and Japan will continue their way along most peacefully together.

Mary Baker G. Eddy's competency to manage her affairs must be determined by a master, according to the decision of Judge Robert N. Chamberlain in the Merrimac superior court at Concord, N. H.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 15.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, 98¼@98½c; No. 1 Northern, 97@98c; No. 2 Northern, 95@96½c; No. 3 Northern, 92c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 15.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 96½c; No. 1 Northern, 95½c; No. 2 Northern, 94c; July, 95¼c; Sept., 95⅞c; Dec., 92⅞c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.26⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@5.75; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@5.25. Hogs—$5.60@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@6.00; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75; spring, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 15.—Wheat—July, 89¾@89⅞c; Sept., 92⅛@92⅝c. Corn—July, 52¼c; Sept., 52¼@52⅜c. Oats—July, 43¼c; Sept., 35⅛@35⅜c. Pork—July, $15.75; Sept., $15.87½. Butter—Creameries, 19@22c; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—12½@14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 20@22c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50@6.80; cows, $1.70@4.70; heifers, $2.60@5.35; calves, $5.50@7.25; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.80; poor to medium, $4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.30. Hogs—Light, $5.90@6.12½; mixed, $5.85@6.10; heavy, $5.75@6.05; rough, $5.75@5.85; pigs, $5.50@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.95@6.05. Sheep, $4.00@6.40; lambs, $6.00@7.30.

NEWS IN MINNESOTA

Happenings of a Week Throughout the State.

The Minnesota Co-Operative Dairies association, an organization through which the constituent members intend to market their products, saving to themselves the commissions, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars a year, was organized last week at a meeting held at the old capitol in St. Paul. The members of the association will ship their butter to a central exchange to be maintained by the organization, probably at Chicago, from which the butter will be placed in the markets of the East.

Teachers' salaries were raised all along the line at a special meeting of the St. Paul school board. But the increases will not become effective until Jan. 1, 1908, this being necessary because the extra money will not be available until the council gives the board an increased allowance for salaries in the 1908 budget. The total increase will amount to about $23,000.

There will be no more Sunday ball playing on the fair grounds just outside Albert Lea, as Judge Kingsley has made permanent the injunction secured a fortnight ago. The court held that it is clearly unlawful to play ball anywhere on Sunday and the decision also makes hunting, fishing, running launches, etc., offenses under the Sunday observation statute.

A jury at St. Paul awarded Alma Peterson $1,500 in a breach of promise suit for $20,000 against Albin Johnson, a saloonkeeper. Mr. Johnson admitted that he had been attentive to Miss Peterson, a tall and attractive brunette, for something over six years, but there was no thought of marriage, at least not on his part, he says.

Claiming that the chamber of commerce of Minneapolis controls the prices of grain and other cereals to the detriment of the general public the Polk county grand jury, which has just closed its session at Crookston and reported to Judge Watts, asks that the state officials investigate and prosecute that organization.

The cornerstone of St. Paul's magnificent new Y. M. C. A. building was laid last Friday afternoon. The day was perfect and the ceremonies went off without a hitch, the only disappointment being the inability of Secretary W. H. Taft, who was to deliver the principal address, to attend the services owing to illness.

Governor Johnson has appointed Pierce Butler of St. Paul a member of the board of regents of the state university to fill the unexpired term of E. W. Randall. Mr. Butler's term will expire in 1910. Mr. Randall resigned when he was elected dean of the state agricultural college.

W. M. Liggett has resigned as dean of the agricultural college of the university and E. W. Randall, a member of the board and secretary of the Minnesota State Fair association, was elected as his successor. Dean Liggett gave ill health as the cause of his resignation.

Reports have reached Julius A. Schmahl, secretary of state, which show that there are more than 1,000 more school districts in the state than there were two years ago, which makes the total number of districts in the state about 9,000.

C. N. Cosgrove of Le Sueur has been elected secretary of the Minnesota State Agricultural society.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Twenty deaths from "spotted fever," scientifically known as cerebro-spinal meningitis, have occurred in Minneapolis during the past month and the health department has sent out notices to all physicians to observe all the department rules in regard to cases of epidemics.

An explosion in the Northwest Thresher company's plant at Stillwater injured three men, one seriously. A pipe leading from the air condenser parted at the joints and the force was so great that it blew up the floor, pieces of the flooring striking the men.

Charles Anderson, 1015 Fifth street south, is at the Minneapolis city hospital suffering from many bruises received by falling from a third story window while laughing heartily at a joke told by a companion. His recovery is expected.

As a result, apparently, of brooding over financial troubles J. E. Boyington of Clearwater committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid. Boyington was well known in Clearwater, where he had lived for half a century.

Whitman Thayer, aged twenty-three, is dead at Minneapolis from injuries received in a football game four and a half years ago.

August Hendricksen, a railroad laborer, was hit by two engines in the Northern Pacific yards in St. Paul and probably fatally injured.

Henry Polman is dead at St. Paul as the result of a fall on a sidewalk.

OBITUARY.

Roy G. Rew, a veteran of Company K, First Minnesota heavy artillery, who died at the State Soldiers' home last week, was formerly a county commissioner of Blue Earth county, serving three years. He had been in the Soldiers' home only about three weeks.

William Ruff, about fifty years of age, who resided with his wife and four children near Good Thunder, was found dead in his room in the Transit House, Merriam Park. One of the gas jets in the room is said to have been open.

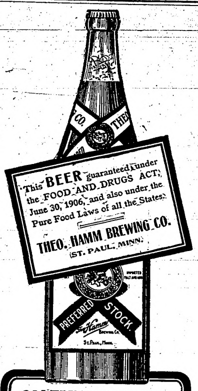

This BEER guaranteed under the FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, June 30, 1906, and also under the Pure Food Laws of all the States.
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
PREFERRED STOCK
St. Paul, Minn.

ON EVERY BOTTLE

Of Hamm's Beer you will find our purity guarantee label.

Hamm's Beer is Absolutely Pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's.

Hamm's fulfills every requirement of a perfect beer.

It "Leads Them All."
Order the "Preferred Stock."

Hamm's

G. WEIMER,
Manager Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul Minnesota.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

North Dakota Chautauqua.

Devils Lake, June 29th, July 16

Following is a partial list of attractions for the first week,

June 29 Speeches by Prof. Thos. Shaw and Gov. Cummings of Iowa
July 1 Lectures by Miss Olof Krarer and Dr. Payne.
July 2 Address by U. S. Senator Hansboro.
July 3 Lecture by Hon. Smith Stimmel, first President of the Chautauqua.
July 4 Oration, Governor Burke.
July 5 Lecture, Guy Carleton Lee.
July 6 Address, John G. Wooley.

These are of the principal events. Musical organizations, quartets readings, stereopticon lectures and base ball games of the North Dakota Central League. Boating, Bathing, Athletic classes.

Complete program may be had by addressing Edgar LaRue, Secretary, Devils Lake, N. D. SPECIAL RATES ask G. N. Agent.

A HEAVY MIDDAY MEAL.

The Business Man, It Is Claimed, Should Avoid It.

The Americans and English begin the day with breakfast, which is generally a substantial meal. This the people of the continent of Europe consider barbaric and disgusting. The Frenchman and the German breakfast on a scanty roll. They are consequently unable to go till the afternoon without absorbing something massive. The Frenchman toward noon takes a substantial lunch, and at midday the German takes a heavy meal, which absorbs his digestive energies during the remainder of the day. The German dinner makes a big break in the working day, and the eater, according to Dr. Martinet of Paris, suffers by a loss of energy during the afternoon. The heavy midday meal Dr. Martinet considers a mistake. One should not have dinner at noon, in the middle of one's workday, he says, but instead should take a light lunch. The lightest meal of the day, he thinks, should be during the period of exertion, and the heavy meal should be reserved for a later hour, when there is a chance for digestive repose. The proper series for the modern man, according to this authority, is a substantial breakfast, a light lunch about noon and a square meal at 6 o'clock or later.—Baltimore Sun.

A SLAB OF BLACK STONE.

Key to All the Ancient Writings of the Egyptians.

There is a slab of black stone in the British museum which if you could walk away with it and establish your claim as the owner you could sell any day for a quarter of a million and find half a dozen money kings in England and America ready to buy it.

There is nothing very striking about this stone. It might be a piece of black marble with some peculiar hieroglyphics upon it. But it is just these hieroglyphics which make it so valuable, because they are the key to all the ancient writings of the Egyptians, and without this stone, called the Rosetta stone, we should be unable to read the Egyptian writings which have been discovered from time to time.

Some French tourists found the Rosetta stone in Egypt and transported it to Paris, where an Englishman took a fancy to it for a garden ornament. He paid £5 for it—5 sovereigns—and got a treasure which you could cover with gold and yet not represent its value, but till the day of his death he did not know what that bit of stone was worth.—London World.

Comet Panics.

Joseph Jerome Lafrancais de Lalande, the popular French astronomer of a century ago, differed from Newton's view that Providence had so arranged matters as to make collision of the earth with a comet impossible and wrote a paper to prove that it was only very improbable. This paper, which was to have been read with others before the French academy on a certain day in 1773, got crowded out, but the Parisian public, hearing of it, made up its mind that Lalande had predicted the impending destruction of the earth and such panic ensued that the police had to order the publication of the paper to reassure the public mind. But even then it was popularly believed that the paper had been deliberately toned down and comet panics continued for a quarter of a century.

The Printing Press.

The most useful all round invention to humanity is the printing press. Generations ago some philosopher said, "In the world there is nothing great but man, and in man there is nothing great but mind." That is to say, while there are many great things, the greatest is mind. It is by and through his intellect that man has risen to the mastery of the planet, and whatever sharpens the intellect at the same time advances the world's civilization. This the printing press has done as nothing else has done, and therefore to the printing press belongs the honor of being the most useful all round invention known to man.—New York American.

Origin of "Hurrah!"

The history of many a race may be read in its battlecry. The "Banzai!" of the Japanese, the "Faghaghballah!" of the Irish and our own "Hurrah!" have found their origin far back in history.

Although many authorities have declared that the word "hurrah" is a development of the Jewish "hosannah," the consensus of opinion now is that it is a corruption of the ancient battle cry of the wild Norsemen, "Tur aie!" meaning "Thor aid us!" Formerly the word was spelled "huzza" and pronounced "hurray." In one form or another it is used by almost every nation.—Pittsburg Post.

Good Wearing Qualities.

Donatello is a Greek who has amassed a small fortune in Boston in the sale of fruit, and that in the face of the fact that he writes the advertisements which decorate his stand. A recent sample which he produced and displayed is this:

American and Foreign Fruits
Noted
For Their Durability.

—Youth's Companion.

Proverbs For All Occasions.

"I lost heavily at the races yesterday."

"A fool and his money are soon parted," replied the sardonic person.

"Ah, but I won today."

"A fool for luck!"—Washington Star.

I would rather be ignorant than wise in the foreboding of evil.—Aeschylus.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 229 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts Acres.	Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	25	151	41	68.50	
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87	
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40	
NW¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71	
Lot 2	29	153	43	38.97	
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	43	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	43	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	43	640	
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	153.18	
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63	
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼ NE¼, SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	280	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.53	
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36	
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	153	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77	
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	18	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160	
E½	20	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	80	
W½ NE¼	36	151	44	80	

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tonnes Michaelsen of Thorwick Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3960 made 22d January 1901, for the N. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter Michaelsen, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " " "
Gunder Gunderson, " " "
Gjermund J. Rosta, " " "

may 30 july 4

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Ness, of Anton, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 208 made June 23rd, 1904 for the S. W. ¼ Section 1, Township 153 N, Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole Bolstad of Anton, Minn.
Christ Larson " " "
Andreas Myhelstad " " "
Cornelius H. Helland " " "

june 6 july 4

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Peder E. Bergh of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 128 R.L.S. made June 22 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Andrew Trovaton, of Thief River Falls, Minn
John J. Sorum, of " " "
Peter A. Sorlum, of " " "
Lars Hanson of " " "

may 30 july 4

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Fossum of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 4930 made April 18, 1902, for the lots 1 & 2 sec. 19 T. 155 N., R. 40 W., SE¼ NE¼ and NE¼ SE¼ Section 24, Township 155 N., Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Matthias G. Skogstad, of Germantown, Minn.
Arne Blakstad, " " "
Martin Bakken, " " "
T. S. Moen, " " "

may 16 june 20

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court of Marshall County, Minn., at Warren, Minn., on June 28, 1907, viz: Emil Skoglund, H.E. No. 8621 for the NE¼, Sec. 12, T. 155 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Westman, of Sorum, Minn.,
Emanuel Andin, " " "
Lars P. Larson, " " "
Edward Larson, " " "

may 9 june 13

R. J. MONTAGUE. Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vingenstad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 907 made Nov. 29 1901, for the SW¼ Section 9, Township 154N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 9th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole E. Wiseth, of Germantown, Minn
Peter O. Brevik, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
George Wold, " " "

may 23 to june 27

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Apr. 19, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Knut O. Skomedal, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 586 made July 1, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 153 N, Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on June 1, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew Anenson, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Olaf Brevick, " Kratka, "
Henry Runnestrand, of " "
Thomas Tweden, " " "

apr 25 may 30

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 344 made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Christian Nygard, of Brunkeberg, Minn
Alonzo B. George, " " "
Arthur B. George, " " "
John C. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.

may 23 june 27

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole Vinjerud of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 873 made November 19, 1901 for the SW¼ Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on July 11, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn
Engelbret Vad, " " "
Kittil Jordshaugen, " " "
Christoffer Vad " " "

june 6 july 11

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Syver L. Solberg of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 118 made 22nd June 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, Minn
Ludvig Larson, " " "
Peder [illegible] " " "
[illegible] " " "

may 30 july 4

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to THIEF RIVER FALLS Tuesday, June 25th., at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and special diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults. Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
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Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.
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Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1907 NUMBER 26

Historical Society

LET THE WAR GO ON

Canadian Pacific to Invade the Great Northern Territory.

Duluth & South Shore to Be Built to Thief River Falls.

It looks very much as if Thief River Falls will be greatly benefitted by the war now being carried on between the Canadian Pacific and Great Northern railroad. The Minneapolis Journal, which is very close to the Canadian Pacific railroad, publishes a special dispatch from Montreal, the home office of the Canadian Pacific, in which some very interesting information is given. The part of the article which refers to Thief River Falls is as follows:

For the present it certainly looks as if the Canadian Pacific railway has said "check" to J. J. Hill in his big game on the railway chess board, and J. J. Hill's next "move" in western Canada territory is looked for with considerable interest. Whatever his move may be—whether he comes to some arrangement with the Grand Trunk Pacific as to his lines in Canada or not—railway men point out that the Canadian Pacific railway has a splendid counter move ready if it cares to make use of it—a counter move that would probably mean "checkmate" to J. J. Hill as far as his Canadian development schemes are concerned. This move is to extend the Duluth & South Shore railway across from Duluth to Thief River Falls, whence it already has a track of 300 miles across North Dakota to Kenmare, where connection is made with the "Soo" main line to the border and up to Estevan, in Saskacthewan. From there by building a line across southern Saskatchewan and southern Alberta to King's Gate, the Canadian Pacific railroad could establish an air line running between its present main line and the Great Northern main line, which is at a distance of from seventy five to 150 miles to the south. This air line would be a big and bold undertaking, but the indications are that the Canadian Pacific railway will not hesitate to build it if J. J. Hill insists on his Canadian extensions, and what looks like a polite intimation to him to that effect is contained in the new map just issued by the Canadian Pacific railway which shows the projected route of the suggested air line for the first fifty miles westward from Estevan, Sask., paralleling the international boundary.

Such a line would not only still further shorten the distance to Spokane and Portland, but it would give the Canadian Pacific railway another splendid route from the grain-growing country to the Great Lakes, and lastly, but not least, would tap the whole of the fine agricultural country which J. J. Hill is planning to reach by his numerous branch lines from the Great Northern up to and over the border. This accomplished, the last would probably be heard of the Hill invasion, even if J. J. Hill is at the present time disposed to continue his operations in Canada. It is getting to be an axiom in railway circles that he must be an early riser who would catch the Canadian Pacific railway napping.

Found Him Not Guilty.

The case of the state against Joe Mosloth for keeping his saloon open on Sunday was tried Tuesday before judge Bishop and a jury of twelve men. The evidence showed plainly that Mosloth was open upon the Sunday in question, but it was also shown that he had paid a fine of $50 and costs under a city ordinance for this same offence. Evidently the jury thought that he was being persecuted and not prosecuted and brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Has Two Attractions.

Next Monday, July 1st, the county commissioners will meet to consider the petition for the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls and State Auditor Iverson will also be there to hold a sale of state lands for Red Lake county. With these two attractions, Red Lake Falls should be a lively place on Monday.

JUNE WEDDINGS.

Large Number of Young People Married the Past Week.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Evenson, will occur the marriage of their daughter Miss Mable Evenson to Mr. Ole Torrison. The bride is a young lady who has grown to womanhood in Thief River Falls and has a very large circle of friends, while the groom is one of the popular and substantial business men of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Torrison will leave this evening for a trip and will visit the twin cities and Duluth before returning to Thief River Falls.

Yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock occured the marriage of Miss Linda Robbecke to Dr. George W. Booren. The ceremony was witnessed by intimate friends and relatives and last evening the happy couple left for a short trip to the twin cities and Chicago to spend about three weeks.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A Robbecke, a pioneer resident of Thief River Falls, and is a young lady possessing many accomplishments. The groom is one of the leading professional men of the city and has a large circle of friends here.

Miss Anna Hart McGregor, a former teacher in the Thief River Falls schools but who taught at Moorhead for the past two years, was married last Saturday at her home at Stacy, Minn., to Arthur Howard Costain, cashier of one of the Moorhead banks. They will be at home after October 1st at Moorhead.

On Tuesday Miss Inez Wright was united in marriage to J. Gilbertson, a business man of Montgomery, Iowa. They left that evening for Iowa where they will make their future home.

John S. Collins, cashier at the Soo depot, and Pansy Rayson were united in marriage Monday by Fr. Adolph.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to NEWS office and receive reward.

COMES HERE NEXT YEAR.

The 1908 Tournament to Be Held in Thief River Falls.

Local Firemen Capture a Large Number of Prizes.

The Firemen's Tournament came to a close at Red Lake Falls last Friday and it was a successful one in every way. It was decided to hold the next tournament in Thief River Falls in June, 1908, and the 1909 tournament will be held in Crookston. The following were the officers elected for next year:

President—C. C. Jackson, of Thief River Falls.

Vice-President—Tom Morris, of Crookston.

Secretary—Emil E. Zeh, of Thief River Falls.

Treasurer—Tommie Johnstone, of Crookston.

The Thief River Falls firemen captured a large number of prizes, and took in almost every event. In the race for the banner, the local running team was defeated by Warren by just two-fifths of a second. In all Thief River Falls captured $185 of prize money.

Notice.

This office will be a second class office after July 1st., and the day's business of the P. O. closes at 7 o'clock P. M. instead of 7:30 P. M. as now, but the front doors will be open until 9 P. M., except Sunday when they will close at 5 P. M. in order to clean up the office. All mail dropped in the office up to 8:30 P. M. will leave the office at 9 o'clock P. M. and the same with mail dropped in box outside by the door.

All box rent not paid by July 1st. or before the first of any quarter, the box will be vacated and as there are a great many who want boxes you will loose your box if rent is not paid.

Please do not stand at the general delivery window talking to the clerk, as others are waiting to get their mail, if you have any kick coming, come around to the register window and talk to the postmaster, or assistant postmaster, who will try and give you all the information they can.

These rules will be strictly enforced and no favors shown to any one, as the work in this office after July 1st. compels us to do so.

I want to thank the patrons of the office for the interest they have taken in helping me keep the lobby clean, and the patience shown in waiting for their mail.

Frank H. Kratka, Postmaster.

Notice.

The supervisors of the town of North will receive sealed bids for the construction of a piece of road ½ mile long, on the quarter line north half of section 22 in said town. Said road to be 33 ft. wide from ditch to ditch. Ditches to be five feet wide at the top and two feet deep. The town will furnish the push grader, road to be leveled, disked and dragged. The town board will meet at W. O. Long's place, July 1st. 1907 at 4 o'clock P. M., to receive said bids. The town board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

N. Swanson, Chairman Supervisors.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Sam Cheeley and John Sorenson, and known under the firm name of "O. K. Hide Fur & Trading Co." has this day been mutually dissolved, and that all accounts and bills receivable due the said John Sorenson, and that all liabilities are by stipulation assumed by said John Sorenson, and shall be paid by him.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minnesota this 18th. day of June 1907.

Sam Cheeley
John Sorenson.

Notice.

Bids for the construction of a graded road on the townline between section 31 town of North and section 6, town of Rocksbury, will be received by the Supervisors of town of Rocksbury on the 6th day of July next at 1 o'clock p. m. at John Meehan's place. All interested parties will please appear in the forenoon and along with the Supervisors inspect the ground and get particulars as to construction of said road.

Supervisors reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Rocksbury, June 21, 1907.

Chas. Gustafson,
Fred Turnquist
Jacob Amundson
Sup. Town of Rocksbury.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

NEXT WINTER'S COAL.

There Is Plenty of It at the Head of the Lakes and the Equipment Necessary to Move It Is Available

Buy Your Supply Now!

Order it delivered early. Don't wait until fall.

Great Northern Railway.

HAD ENOUGH OF CANADA.

Two Former Residents of This Section Back from Canada.

Prices Paid for Grain Said to Be Altogether too Low.

Bagley, June 21.—Two residents of Clearwater county who were attacked with the Canadian fever and left this place six years ago, have returned and will hereafter make their homes in this vicinity, content with the decisive conclusion that Clearwater county is far and away ahead of the much heralded "king's domains" as a desirable place of residence, both from a climatic and money-making standpoint.

Elling O. Braaton and Olaus Knuteson left Bagley six years ago, going to Saskatchewan, Canada, with the intention of getting one of the so-called "cheap homes" in the far northwest.

During the past three years there were good crops on the lands, but Braaton and Knuteson claim that the prices they received for their grain were so low that they did not realize enough to pay for the seed, labor and expences of cutting and threshing. Wheat, for instance, is worth 45 cents per bushel in Canada, while it is bringing 85 cents per bushel in the "States."

The railroads and elevator companies of Canada take all the cream and sweet milk, as it were, and leave nothing but the pans for the farmers.

During the first two years that Braaton and Knuteson were in Canada, new settlers swarmed into that portion of the Saskatchewan country in which they resided. Prices on all grains were then on a par with those paid in the United States. But since then the elevator companies have become masters of the situation, much to the detriment of the settlers, and conditions have changed very materially.

Braaton and Knuteson disposed of their Canadian farms for $10 per acre, realizing therefrom about the sum that the buildings on the land cost them; and they will be content with a permanent residence in Clearwater county.

Auditor Iverson Was Here.

State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson arrived in Thief River Falls Tuesday evening from Warren, coming in over the Wheatline and yesterday morning he took the Winnipeg flyer for Karlstad. At that place he joined the members of the state drainage board consisting of Julius Schmal, secretary of state, Frank Day, private secretary to Gov. Johnson and George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer. The party will inspect state ditches in Roseau county and will pass through Thief River Falls on Saturday enroute home again. Mr. Iverson held a land sale at Warren Tuesday and he stated to the NEWS that it was one of the most successful sales he has conducted this year. Much of the land was sold to farmers who own the adjoining land.

Local Team Defeated.

The Thief River Falls base ball club was defeated by the Crookston base ball team Sunday upon the grounds of the latter city. The score was 10 to 4, and the local players have been busy explaining how it happened ever since.

Dairy Inspector Winjer was in the city Monday from Crookston.

It's Worth Money to You to Wear

clothes you have confidence in; style, fit, quality right; clothes that not only feel good to you, but look good to others.

First time you get a suit you dont feel that way about you'll know what the right kind are worth.

The name Hart Schaffner & Marx is one that we have confidence in; it is a sign of what's best in clothes; when you know you're in a Hart Schaffner & Marx suit, you know that nobody else is better dressed. Get into one of them here.

The Golden Rule Department Store

Crossett Shoes Gorden Hats.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city Tuesday.

Arneson & Son's is the right place to buy flour.

Full orchestra at the Bijou tomorrow evening.

County Attorney Germo was in the city Tuesday.

Joe Bulman came down from the Red Lake the first of the week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Sell your oats and barley to Arneson & Son. Highest prices paid.

Special at the Bijou tomorrow evening—the Thief River Falls orchestra.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Ben Christionson is building a residence just north of the Methodist church.

Edwin Stanton went down to Crookston Tuesday evening where he will clerk in a hotel.

Miss Tina Nordhagen, who had been visiting friends in the city, returned home last week.

Miss Esther Kretzschmar went down to Crookston last week to visit her sister, Mrs. C. W. Stewart.

Olaf Ramstad left Monday evening for Otter Tail county and will endeavor to buy up a car load of horses.

Mrs. Booren arrived in the city Tuesday morning from Stillwater to be present at the marriage of her son.

George Curran, Ole Storholm and Lester Shaw were among those to attend the ball game at Crookston Sunday.

Audley Caldwell left Monday evening for Detroit where he will spend a few weeks convassing for a magazine.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran Congregation will meet with Mrs. Torkel Lee next Wednesday July 3.

Rev. Flesher will deliver the Fourth of July oration in Thief River Falls, he having been engaged by the committee this week.

Miss Helma Wielo, the 22 year old daughter of Andrew Wielo, of the town of Rocksbury, died last Saturday of consumption.

Swedish Lutheran meeting will be held in Swedish church on east side on June 30, at 11 A. m. 8 P. M. by Rev. Peter Dalquist.

Mrs. Frank Lawrence and children arrived in the city Tuesday from Fergus Falls and are the guests of C. A. Robbecke and family.

There will be services next Sunday in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side. Rev. Dalquist of Warren, will conduct the services.

Mrs. Anton B. Remmem and her three little daughters returned to this city Monday evening from Strip where she had been visiting relatives.

J. K. Hannay, the St. Hilaire banker was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters. He expects to leave soon for the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Wm. Gustafson, of Crookston, arrived here last Saturday and will spend a few weeks visiting at the home of Charles Gustafson in the town of Rocksbury.

The brick work on the Evenson-Torrison block will be finished this week. This is going to be by far the best building in Thief River Falls when it is completed.

Phillip Robbecke, who has been driving six horses on a gang plow over near Egland, N. D., returned to this city Tuesday evening to visit with his parents for a few days.

The new farmers boat is expected to be completed and in running order by the Fourth of July. That ought to be an event the farmers living along the river can celebrate.

The council Tuesday evening gave Oen & Granum permission to remove their hardware store out into Third street. Mr. Oen will commence work upon his building in July.

R. D. V. Carr, editor of the Middle River Pioneer, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters. He says that Middle River is going to have a grand celebration on the Fourth.

A reception was tendered the Thief River Falls firemen in the Evenson hall on Monday evening by the citizens of this place. Dancing was the feature of the evening and all present had a most enjoyable time.

The average cost to the farmers of hauling wheat to the railroad is nine cents per one hundred pounds, or about five cents a bushel. That is the average, but when the roads are muddy, it looks like thirty cents.

D. A. Pangburn removed to this city last week from Sauk Center and will make this city his home in the future. He is a contractor and has several large jobs over in North Dakota.

George Smith, a wrestler who has been in the city for a few weeks, was arrested Monday evening for assault upon the person of Erick Orwall, a farmer living up near Grygla. The case will be tried before Judge Bishop on Saturday.

Supt. Lowry was up over this branch of the Great Northern Tuesday in his private car.

Miss Inga Brindalson came up from Fertile yesterday to visit friends here for a few days.

The Thief River Falls orchestra will render several selections at the Bijou tomorrow evening.

The Swedish Baptists will hold meetings in the Swedish Mission church on the east side, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 2 and commencing at 10:30 A. M. on Tuesday. Several Ministers will be there and speak. Every one is most cordially invited.

One of the biggest times in the shape of a wedding was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Johnson on Main avenue last Saturday afternoon, June 22, 1907, it being the fifth anniversary of their marriage. Relatives and friends to the number of forty-seven were there and many useful articles were presented to the host and hostess after a social entertainment, covers were laid for forty-seven and a grand old fashioned New England dinner was enjoyed by all.

Lost—$10.00 reward will be paid to the party who picked up and will return to the undersigned, a pocket-book containing $55.00 lost June 20th; 1907 in the city, on the street from the postoffice to the home of the undersigned.

Finder please leave it at this office or to Anna Erickson.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

1 "The Catch of the Season" a comic story of interest to any lover of fishing.

2 "A Convict Story" A pathetic drama, intensely interesting.

3 "A Quarter Day Episode," or it is cheaper to move than to pay rent.

4 Mr. DeVeling in the beautiful illustrated song, "Is There any Room in Heaven for a Little Girl Like Me."

5 "Educated Monkeys of the N. Y. Zoo."

6 "Herring Fishing on the Holland Seas" This series shows the full process of this wonderful industry.

7 Last but not least, a comic novelty full of fun "The Green Dragon."

There will be special music for Friday evening, the Thief River Falls orchestra will furnish music during the evening.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 15

Brogan Miss Matie
Carlson Albert
Elston Ed
Feck Miss Emma
Gilebau Miss Laura
Gunderson Mrs.
Hamuel Peter
Hollister A. E.
Janborge Miss Latie
Johnson Mrs. Emma
Johnson H. K.
Johnson Miss Lena
Kiep Miss Sigrid
Kirsch Arthur H.
Kringlid John
Larson Mrs. Carl
Lane Miss Jennie
Olson Mrs. Ben
Paulic Miss Martha
Roney J. J.
Schantzen Miss Elsie
Samuelson Nela
Stenerson Gunder L.
Stenadahl Johan
Smith Leorata 2.
Smith Laurance
Sorling George
Thorston Miss Ettie
Thornton John
Thurnvald Jams
Tellison Pump repairer
Turner Ben
Tracy Miss Maude
Torkelson Theodore
Torkelson Julia
Warner Robert Gen. Del.
Warner A. C.
Wright William I.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

County Depositories.

Proposals will be received by the Board of Auditors of Red Lake county, Minnesota, until 3 o'clock p. m., July 8, 1907, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds subject to check and payment at all times on demand and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time and the security which will be given therefor.

Board of Auditors
of Red Lake County
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
Dated June 25, 1907.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

City Council Makes a Few Changes in the Assessment.

Quite a Number of Raises Made and None Were Lowered.

The city council has been meeting as a board of equalization this week reviewing the work of Assessor Christienson. The total personal property assessment as returned by the assessor this year is $160,854 and last year it was $140,009.

Quite a number of changes in the assessment were made by the aldermen. All of the changes were raises, no one's assessment being lowered.

The local telephone exchange was hit the hardest, receiving a raise of the Dutchman's three per cent, and the cold storage houses of the breweries, elevator companies, International Harvester company and Standard Oil company were also raised quite a large amount.

Other business men had their assessments raised all the way from $200 to $1,000 as follows: F. J. Stebbins, J. P. Curtis, Olson Bros., M. Bothun, H. M. Hicks and Torrison Bros.

By the time the county board and state board of equalization gets through with the assessment, the personal property valuation in Thief River Falls will be in the neighborhood of $250,000.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 19
Eggs	12½c
Butter	15c
Creamery butter	27c
Potatoes	50c

Saturday Night.

Program for concert recital given by H. D. Dahlquist tenor, of Warren, assisted by H. Nordlin, pianist and J. F. Bily, violinist, at Evenson's hall Saturday, June 29, at 8:15 p. m.

Violin Solo-Hungarian Dance (5) Brahms,

Vocal Solo- (a) Springtime of Love-Whelpy.

(b) Love's Paradise- W. Rhys Herbert.

(c) The Music That Came in May-Greene.

Piano Solo-(a) Silver Spring-Bendel.

(b) Impromptu-Mazurka-Chopin.

Violin Solo-(a) The Birds Go North Again-Willaby.

(b) Forever Love Forever- W. Rhys Herbert.

Piano Solo—Waltz(Op 18)Chopin.

Violin Solo—Serenade—Pierne.

Vocal—Selected.

Piano Solo—Polonaise (op 53)Chopin.

Assessment in Norden.

Assessor Lars Lee of the town of Norden has finished his work and furnishes the News with an abstract of the assessment as follows:

Number of horses one year old 11, assessed at $110.00

Number of horses two years old 18 assessed at $282.00.

Number of horses three years old and over 117, assessed at $3570.

Number of cattle one year old 113, assessed at $632.00.

Number of cattle two years old 117, assessed at $1028.

Number of cattle cows 120, assessed at $1170.

Number of working oxen 6, assessed at $90.

All other cattle 3 yrs. old and over 9, assessed at $1.

Number of sheep of all ages 98, assessed at $98.

Number of hogs of [illegible] 26, assessed at $52.

Wagons, carriages, sleighs and bicycles assessed at $501.00.

Sewing and knitting machines assessed at $110.00.

Watches and clocks assessed $17.00.

Household goods and wearing apparel assessed at $157.00.

Farm tools, implements and machinery assessed at $551.00.

Threshing machines and engines assessed $100.00.

Credits, other than banks, bankers, brokers, or stock jobbers assessed at [illegible].

Improvements on land entered under U. S. land laws assessed at $15.00.

Dogs over six months old assessed at $115.

Total value of items as determined by the assessor, $12,034.

Refunding Bonds

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners of and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, until 2 o'clock p. m. on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1907, for the purchase of Red Lake county refunding bonds in the sum of [illegible] for a period of ten years, stating the rate of interest and the premium, if any.

A certified check in the sum of [illegible] must accompany each bid, [illegible] for faithful [illegible]. The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

[illegible]
County Auditor
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

AN OLD PROVERB.

"A Penny Saved Is a Penny Earned" Is Almost Universal.

Like most of these wise old proverbs, "a penny saved is a penny earned" is probably, in some form or other, universal. In Germany there are three forms of it—"A penny saved is a penny gained" ("Ersparter Pfennig ist so gut wie erworbene"), "A penny saved is twopence got" ("Ein esparter Pfennig ist zweimal verdient") and "Penny is penny's brother" ("Pfennig ist Pfennig's Bruder"). In Spanish, "A penny spared is a penny saved" ("Quien come y dexa, dos veces pone la mesa"). In Dutch, "A penny spared is better than a florin gained" ("Een stuiver gespaard is beter dan een gulden gewonnen"). In Danish, "A penny in time is as good as a dollar" ("En Skilling er i Tide saa god som en Daler"). In French, "Saving is getting" ("Qui epargne, gagne"). Similarly in German, "Saving is a greater art than gaining" ("Sparen ist grossere kunst als erwerben"). Danish, "Money saved is as good as money gained" ("Den Penge man sparer er saa god som den man avler"). Italian, "Money is money's brother" ("Il danaro e fratello del danaro"). But money is no gain when it "advances meneocks" ("Deniers avancent les bediers"). English, "Penny and penny laid up will be many," and "Who will not keep a penny shall never have many"—he who is prodigal of little can never have a great deal.—London Notes and Queries.

SOME BIG BITES.

They Show the Power of the Jaws of the Crocodile.

The power of the jaws of the crocodile is terrific, says Sir Samuel Baker in his book on wild beasts.

Once, he continues, he had the metal of a large hook the thickness of ordinary telegraph wire completely bent together, the barbed point being pressed tightly against the shank and rendered useless. This compression was caused by the snap of the jaws when seizing a live duck which he had used as a bait, the hook being fastened beneath one wing. On one occasion he found a fish weighing seventy pounds bitten clean through as if divided by a knife. This, again, was the work of the snap of the jaws of a crocodile.

A Frenchman, M. Paul Bert, once made experiments on the strength of a crocodile's jaws by means of a dynamometer. He found that a crocodile weighing 120 pounds exerted a force of 308 pounds in closing his jaws. The lion has an enormous jaw power. On one occasion an African traveler pushed the butt end of his gun into a lion's mouth, and the pressure of the jaws cracked it as though it had been struck by a steam hammer.

A Tough Cure.

Faith will do wonders. A woman in Devonshire, England, recently said to a chemist:

"I've got a cruel, bad cough, surely. I've heerd that bronchial troches are good things. Hav'ee got any?"

The assistant pointed to a small box on the table and said:

"Yes; there they are."

"How much is it?" was the inquiry.

The price was paid, and the old woman took her departure. At night the assistant missed a box of glycerin soap (three cakes).

A couple of days afterward she returned to the shop and said:

"I want'ee to take back two of them things I had t'other day. I took one of 'em. It was mortal hard to chew and awful to swallow, but it cured the cough."—London Queen.

Is Friday Unlucky?

Is Friday unlucky? Gladstone, Beaconsfield, Washington, Bismarck, Fahrenheit and Spurgeon were born on Friday. Henry VIII. gave Cabot his commission which led to the discovery of North America. Columbus actually discovered the continent and the pilgrim fathers landed at Plymouth Rock on Friday. Once more: The first newspaper ad. and the first newspaper printed by steam power (the London Times) appeared both on a Friday, while the stamp act was repealed in England on the same day of the week. With Charles Dickens Friday was an especial favorite.—Chicago News.

The Horseshoe.

According to the old superstition, if you find a horseshoe and nail it over a door or on a door of entrance to your house or flat witches cannot enter. This belief is universal. The horseshoe as an amulet is known among Turks, Jews, gentiles, infidels, believers, heretics. The crescent emblem of the Buddhists is a horseshoe. The safeguard against witchcraft may be found in Tunis, Constantinople, Spain, Sicily. Images of crocodiles made in Cairo carry horseshoes on snout and tail. The rich and aristocratic, the poor and lowly, believe alike in the efficacy of the charm.

Seneca on Insults.

Does this injury befall me deservedly or undeservedly? If deservedly, it is not an insult, but a judicial sentence; if undeservedly, then he who does injustice ought to blush, not I. And what is this which is called an insult? Some one has made a joke about the baldness of my head, the weakness of my eyes, the thinness of my legs, the shortness of my stature. What insult is there in telling me that which every one sees?

A Bad Scheme.

Mrs. Scraggs—And why did your new girl leave? Mr. Blinks—I paid her in advance. Mrs. Scraggs—I shouldn't think she would object to that. Mr. Blinks—She didn't. It pleased her so she quit work.

A financial genius is a man who can keep a family and money at the same time.—New York Press.

A CONCERT RECITAL

Will be given in the EVENSON HALL

Saturday Evening, June 29 at 8:15.

H. D. Dalquist,
Tenor, of Warren, assisted by
H. Nordlin,
Pianist, of St. Paul
J. F. Bily,
Violinist, of St. Paul,
W. Rhys Herbert,
Dr. of Music, St. Paul Accompanist.

Tickets will be on sale at Stebbin's drug store the week previous to the concert. Reserved seats, any part of the house, 50c.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 303 made Jun. 28, 1904, for the S. E ¼ Section 21, Township 151 N., R. 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota on July 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Price, " " "
Alonzo R. George, " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " Germantown, "

june 27 aug 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Dahl of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 61 made June 21st, 1904, for the Lots 12 and 13 and S. ½ of S. E. ¼ of Section 1, Township 153 N., Range 43 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Anton G. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole N. Olson, " " " " "
Gunder L. Stenerson, " " " " "
John Johnson, " " " " "

june 27 aug 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Heirs of Homestead Settler.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1907.

In the Matter of the Determination of the Heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, Deceased Homestead Settler.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

On reading and filing the petition of Gunder Salemonson Jr., praying, among other things, for the judicial determination, by this Court, of who are the heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, deceased, homestead settler, and what are the respective rights and interests of such heirs in the homestead land of said deceased, and to assign said homestead to the parties legally entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said petition and said matter be heard and examined on Monday, the 5th day of August, A. D., 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the office of the Probate Court at Red Lake Falls in said County and State.

It is Further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for five (5) successive weeks immediately prior to said date of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls in said County and State.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 25th, day of June, A. D. 1907. By the Court.

PROBATE COURT
SEAL

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.

june 27-5t-july 25.

Notice.

Bids for the construction of a graded road on the townline between section 31 town of North and section 6, town of Rocksbury, will be received by the Supervisors of town of Rocksbury on the 6th day of July next at 1 o'clock p. m. at John Meehan's place. All interested parties will please appear in the forenoon and along with the Supervisers inspect the ground and get particulars as to construction of said road.

Supervisers reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Rocksbury, June 24, 1907.

Chas. Gustafson,
Fred Tuosquist
Jacob Amundson
Sup. Town of Rocksbury.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Massey of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 253 made June, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Warren E. Wood, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher " " "
James K. Wood of Thief River Falls "
William McCrum " " " "

June 27 Aug. 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June, 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole O. Finberg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 281 made June 23, 1904, for the Lots 10 & 11 of Sec 31, township 155 N., Range 41 W., and Lots 3, 4 and 5 and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson " " "
Peter Flo " " "
Olof Finberg " " "

June 27 Aug. 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Urie Ruk of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 163 made for the NE¼ Section 31 Township 154 N. Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Schindler " " " "
Anton Dunda " " " "
Fred Ptacek " " " "

June 27 Aug. 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ben T. Brokke of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 8633 made Mar. 2nd, 1906, for the SW¼ sec. 16 T. 155 N., R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Aug. 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Paul Quindlog, of Thorwick, Minn.
Thom Bakken, " " "
Daniel Holmestad " " "
Tarje S. Brokke " " "

june 27 gua 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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DRS. TEAL & NEWELL,

VETERNAIRY SURGEONS.

Night or day calls promptly attended to. Day office at Curtis' drug store. Day phone, No. 7. Night phone, call central.

Thief River Falls, - Minnesota.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.
PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.
PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.

J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Andrew Stenseth was over to Warren last week.

H. M. Clark was in the city last week from Rollis.

Leon Bourque spent Sunday in Crookston.

A son was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee.

Hank Draper came down from the Red Lake last week.

P. W. Roark, of Kelliher, was in the city to spend Sunday.

A valuable mare belonging to John Meehan died last Friday.

Mrs. Ole Lee, of Grit, visited with Mrs. W. A. Bishop last week.

John Cyr was down to Brooks Monday taking in the celebration.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding last Saturday.

Dairy Inspector Winjor was in the city Monday from Crookston.

E. B. Landager, of Plummer, transacted business in the city Monday.

Fr. Adolph left Monday for St. Paul to officiate at the marriage of a nephew.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Over Citizens State Bank.
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Goodnow Torrison returned to this city from a trip to Fisher last Saturday.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

Clyde Smith, of Spokane, Wash., spent Sunday in the city visiting E. J. Morrisey.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill returned to this city last Friday from Mr. O'Neills Norman county farm.

Hon. Nic Rosewold, of Madison, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to Roseau county.

Miss Edith Whitney, of St. Cloud arrived in the city last week and is visiting Mrs. S. Kenison.

Michael Fricker and family, of St. Hilaire, visited with friends in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. O. J. Schei very pleasantly entertained a large company of lady friends last Friday afternoon.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

After July 1st the general delivery window at the postoffice will be closed each evening at 7 o'clock.

The entertainment given by the Georgia Minstrels last Friday evening was an enjoyable one in every way.

Mrs. A. B. Helgeson left Monday for Spokane, Wash., to join her husband and make her future home.

Frank McGinty was down to Brooks the first of the week attending the celebration held at that place.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday looking after the work being done on the dam here.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs. A. B. Helgeson was given a very pleasant surprise last Saturday evening by a number of her lady friends.

John Dalson was down to Morris last week visiting his children who are attending the Indian school at that place.

Ira C. Richardson was over to Warren Monday to attend the opening of the June term of court for Marshall county.

Frank Kratka, who is working on the Soo line between Glenwood and Duluth, spent Sunday in the city visiting his parents.

James H. Cross has purchased a half interest in the St. Hilaire Spectator from H. E. Ives and will have active charge of this publication in the future.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we hav a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money every thing you buy of us. Telephone., No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

OVER 800 BOYS' SUITS

GOING AT COST.

Everything in Boys' and Youths' clothing, suits, hats, caps, shoes, shirts---in fact everything in the line of wearing apparel---from now until everything in this department is sold out. Sale now on.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

Amundson & Kenison, Props.

Olaf B. Hanson, the Hilda merchant, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday, being enroute to Crookston to attend to business matters.

Miss Irene Caldwell and Miss Marie Burges left Tuesday for Moorhead to attend the summer session of the Moorhead normal school.

John Cyr and Joe Jensen last week purchased O. Wigge's barber shop just north of A. O. Westine's saloon and have taken possession of the same.

J. W. Vrolson is going to put in a new store at Highlanding. He will start building as soon as he can get the lumber up by boat from Thief River Falls.—Sunbeam.

Mrs. M. Bakken, of Rocksbury, who had been confined at the hospital in this city recovering from the effects of an operation, has entirely recovered and was able to be taken home last Saturday.

Postmaster Kratka desires the News to state that all who have not paid their box rent by the 1st of July will not receive mail in the same after that date and the boxes will be rented to other parties.

Jacob Anderson, of Jelle, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute home from St. Paul where he left his daughter in a hospital to receive treatment for a few months.

Joseph Bell Dermer, an architect from Grand Forks who will have charge of the large building to be erected by R. Oen at the corner of La Bree avenue and Third street, was in the city Monday.

Quite a severe electrical storm passed over Red Lake Falls Sunday evening. One residence near the the business portion of the city was struck by lightning and the roof was partly burned off of the building.

A festival for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church of St. Hilaire will be held at the farm of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Swanson in section 27, Black River, on Sunday, June 30th, in the afternoon. Everybody is cordially invited.

Prof. J. H. Hay and wife left last Friday for Bemidji. Mr. Hay will be one of the instructors in the summer school for Beltrami county this summer, and during his stay in Bemidji will camp out, having secured a desirable location upon the shores of Lake Bemidji.

Farmers all report that their crops are looking fine and everything now indicates that there will be an excellent yield this fall. On the eleven towns the conditions are said to have been about perfect thus far and a better crop is expected out there than anywhere else.

Wait for the circus, Gollmar Bros., greatest of American shows, the show you know. Thief River Falls, Saturday, July 6, two complete performances, doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock. Show begins one hour later. Free street pageant at 10 a. m. Thief River Falls, Saturday, July 6th.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls July 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

The Ladies Sewing Society of Mayfield township will hold their annual auction sale at the school house near R. O. Gordon's place on Saturday, the 29th inst. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock a. m., and a free dinner to all who attend. Everybody is invited and will be welcome.

Fr. Adolph was out to Radium last Friday and organized a congregation of Catholics. A suitable building spot has been secured and the foundation for the new church will be built this summer. The work of building the church will not be commenced until fall. There are some 29 families of Catholic faith living in the vicinity of Radium and the new church will be a prosperous one from the start.

W. S. Smiley, a former resident of this city and a man well known to all of the residents of Red Lake county, having at one time been county surveyor, will graduate from the night law school of the state university this fall. Since leaving this city Mr. Smiley has been employed in the Great Northern offices at St. Paul and it is quite probable that he will remain in that city and practice law there.

Thorn Bros., farmers on Otter Tail lake, have over 100,000 ginseng plants growing. It takes six years to grow the roots which are sold at $4 per pound. Each root is worth about 50 cents and a big fortune awaits Thorn Bros. in the coming harvest. The plants are from one to three years old, most of them being one year old.

James E. Ford of this city received word from Public Examiner Anton Schaefer that he had been appointed as a special assistant examiner under chapter 344, laws of 1907, for townships and school districts. Mr. Ford immediately sent in his acceptance and expects to go to St. Paul next week to familiarize himself with his new duties and prepare to qualify.—Red Lake Falls Courier.

Joseph Nelson died early last Saturday morning at the home of his brother, Olaus Nelson, in Mayfield township, of septic pneumonia. He was about thirty years of age and unmarried. He formerly lived near Lakota, N. D., but has been staying at his brother's place for some time. He has been ailing for several weeks with an abscess in the throat which broke a few days ago bringing on pneumonia which caused his death.

Beginning July 1st all mail matter received at the local postoffice, and all other U. S. postoffices, must be counted and weighed, and a record kept of the class of each piece, whether postal card, letter, package etc., besides many other details. This work will greatly increase the labor of the postoffice force. The new ruling is made that the department may be supplied with data to enable it to find the actual cost of handling mail throughout the country.

Coming to Thief River Falls, July 6th, Gollmar Bros., greatest of American shows, now the biggest and the best, with acres of water proof canvas, a genuine Arabian caravan, horses, camels elephants and dusky sun burned denizens of the desert, 50 cages and dens of raging wild animals, a museum of curios and novelties. 3 big rings and elevated stages, 10 kinds of music, in fact a traveling city of splendor, requiring monster trains of cars to transport Gollmar Bros., circus to Thief River Falls, Saturday, July 6th.

A young farmer living near this city who does not believe in patronizing home merchants sent to a mail order house for a suit of clothes the other day. In the pockets or the pants he found the following note:

"Should this fall into the hands of a good looking young man who desires to correspond with a young lady of sweet disposition, kindly address etc." The foresaid mail order man promptly sent a letter to the address and a few days ago received the following reply: "Sir—My wife has received a letter from you, addressed in her maiden name. Twenty years ago when she worked in a sweat shop she might have written the note. She is now the mother of seventeen children and my lawful wife. If you do not cut out writing to her I will take a trip to your town and make you look like two cents worth of dog meat."—Hallock Enterprise.

What Makes It Progressive.

We read in our exchanges how this newspaper or that man favors good roads. Now in Roseau county we don't favor good roads but make good roads. What is the use of being in favor of good roads unless you make them. Roseau county has some fifteen townships which have bonded from $7,000 to $9,000 with which to build roads and each town has from 30 to 40 miles road graded or roads in process of grading. What makes Roseau county progressive is its progressive farmers and citizens.—Roseau Times.

WAIT FOR THE CIRCUS.

Thief River Falls, Saturday **July 6.**

Gollmar Bros

GREATEST OF AMERICAN SHOWS.
Now the Biggest and Best Circus, Museum, Menagerie and Hippodrome.

Three Big Rings and Elevated Stage. Herd of Ponderous Performing Elephants, 350 Horses, 500 People, 10 Kinds of Music, Largest Living Hippopotamus in the World. Only South African Vlack Vark in Captivity. The Most Gorgeous Spectacle

The Queen's Birthday

With a Monster Ballet of European Dancers.

Golden Street Pagenant at 10 A. M.
Two Exhibitions—Doors Open at 1 and 7—Performance One Hour Later.
Thief River Falls, June 6.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

June 27, 1907.

The Express Monopoly Melon

The Adams Express Company proposes to cut the prize melon of the financial season. Every stockholder in that company is to receive forty-year 4 per cent bonds to twice the amount of his stock. This astonishing plan for distributing a tremendous dividened obligates the company not only to pay the regular dividends on its stock, as heretofore, but to pay 4 per cent annually for forty-years on twice the total amount of its stock. To do this the large surplus now on hand is to be so invested that it will take care of the bond interest. There is no pretense that the bond issue is for betterments, as there was when Harriman put thru his iniquitous Alton deal. The purpose is simply to distribute the surplus among the stockholders in a permanent interest-bearing form. Such bonds of course, will have a ready market value and can be turned into cash by any stockholder who desires to do so.

The occasion for this remarkable dividend of 200 per cent and then some is the fact that, beginning July 1, under the Hepburn law the express companies will be obliged to make complete statements of their affairs. It will no longer be possible for them to extract huge profits from the public and keep the facts secret.

The new law applies to all common carriers and brings both express and sleeping car companies under that designation. They are each obliged to prepare and file with the interstate commission, not later than Sept. 30 of each year, a complete and sworn statement of business for the twelve months ending June 30. For the first time in its history, the Adams Express company must now reveal the amount of its capital stock and its surplus fund, the number of stockholders, the funded and floating debt, cost and value of carriers, property franchises, equipment and details of balance of profit and loss.

The inside workings of the express monoply are thus soon to become public. The express magnates are full of natural apprehensions as to what the public will do when it finds how it is being bled. Congress will be forced to take early steps to end the express monopoly by strict regulative measures and by the establishment of a parcels post system. Meanwhile the Adams corner of the monopoly has devised an ingenious way of planting its booty in such a manner that it cannot be disturbed.—Minneapolis Journal.

Wheat Prices.

Saturday Evening Post: "A tremendous battle has been waged in the wheat pit. The price fluctuated cents a minute. At times the trade was said to be the heaviest ever known on the Board. A single commission firm handled ten million bushels in about two hours. At the foot of LaSalle Street all was excitement. In two weeks the September option advanced twenty per cent.

"The odd thing is that the people who produced the wheat had absolutely nothing to do with this contest over the price. They never do have. The farmer takes whatever the market offers him. He is the only big producer left in the country who does this. Iron, copper, lumber, sugar, oil, transportation, and so on, are sold upon markets which the sellers largely control. As to most of the things that the farmer buys, the price has been fixed before hand. He has as little to say about it as he has about the price of the things that he sells Labor, in the commonest sense of the word, does not take whatever the market offers, but fights constantly to control the market to the great scandal of the gentlemen who are doing the same thing to the markets for their products.

"We mentioned last week that wheat in Chicago was no higher in 1906 than in 1897. Meanwhile the average price of leading commodities in the United States, as reported by the Bureau of Labor, advanced from 89.7 to 122.4, or thirty per cent. No other big producer lets the "law of supply and demand" have its way with him. In no other big industrial field is there perfectly free competition, everybody acting for himself. Living by the delectable law of supply and demand, the farmer is actually penalized for producing. A big crop may bring him less money than a smaller one. Cereal yields in 1906 were one hundred and twenty million bushels greater than in 1905; but the farm values, as reported by the Department of Agriculture, was forty million dollars less. Big production made lower prices.

"The farmer is prosperous thanks, mostly to Providence. Perhaps, he is prosperous enough. If he doesn't think so he should step in line with modern economics and try co-operation as almost everyone does. Several attempts have been made in this direction; but none as yet that has any such leadership and force as to merit serious consideration."

The earlier a boy—or girl—learns that all things in life depend upon himself, the better it is for him. The best meant books will not save the careless or shifty youth from the consquences of his own folly. He's got to take his medicine. Everybody has to, sooner or later. If he fails to "make good," life has its punishments ready. This knowledge should not be concealed from him by solicitours teachers and anxious parents. If his self esteem and pride are wounded at 10 years of age because he gets just treatment for shortcomings, it is better for him than at 25. If he is mollycoddled at 10 he will probably have to be clubbed—by fate if not by a policeman—at 25. The best service that can be done to a youth is to give him early experience of the inexorableness of life.—Wheelock Weekly.

Æsop, the writer of Grecian fables, tells of a man who went into the timber for a load of wood. He had a good, strong team, and put on quite a large load before getting ready to start home. In starting the load he found that it was easy for his team to pull it, and concluded to add a few more sticks. While putting on the extra load he said, as he put on each stick, "if they can pull it with this stick on they can pull it with one more, too" and kept on loading up. When he finally concluded he had enough and wanted to start home he was surprised to find that the team could not budge the load. He then started to unload and again began to reason that "if they can not pull it with this stick on they will not be able to move it with one less on" and kept on unloading until he had all the wood back on the ground. You think he was a foolish man, and it is readily admitted that his reasoning was not of the best. But it is the same thing as the great trusts are doing in this country today. All of them are raising the price of their products so as to get more profit and the public must carry the additional burdens. After awhile it may become too big a load and the people will begin to unload the prices by legislation, and may employ the same reasoning as Æsop's wood hauler, with the result that the monopolists may find themselves stripped of all their wealth before the unloading process ceases.—Hendrum Review.

Unnecessary Generosity.

Jose Maria, a once famous Spanish brigand, robbed an English gentleman and his servant of their horses and everything they possessed save their clothes. The Englishman was a pleasant, attractive youth and submitted to the robbery with great good humor. This appealed to Jose Maria, and as they were forty miles from Seville, whither the traveler was going, he determined that he should not walk that distance and gave him back his servant's horse and a doubloon ($16) out of the 200 he had taken. The youth thanked the robber warmly and added that he had still a great favor to ask.

"Will you not return me my watch?" he said.—"It was the parting gift of my dear father."

"Is your father alive," asked Jose Maria, "and does he love you very much?"

"Oh, yes!" said the youth. "He lives and loves me."

"Then," said Jose Maria, "I shall keep the watch, for if your father loves you so dearly he is sure to give you another."

A Feat of Memory.

The geographer Maretus narrates an instance of memory probably unequaled. He actually witnessed the feat and had it attested by four Venetian nobles. He met in Padua a young Corsican who had so powerful a memory that he could repeat as many as 36,000 words read over to him only once. Maretus, desiring to test this extraordinary youth in the presence of his friends, read over to him an almost interminable list of words strung together anyhow, in every language and some mere gibberish. The audience was exhausted before the list, which had been written down for the sake of accuracy, was completed, and at the end of it the young Corsican smilingly began and repeated the entire list without a break and without a mistake. Then to show his remarkable power he went over it backward, then every alternate word, first, third and fifth, and so on, until his hearers were thoroughly exhausted and had no hesitation in certifying that the memory of this individual was without a rival in the world, ancient or modern.

"SOO" LINE

HOT WEATHER RATES EAST FROM THE TWIN CITIES

To	Round Trip
Detroit	$16.75
Toledo	17.50
Cleveland	18.25
Buffalo	20.25

DELIGHTFUL, COOL LAKE TRIPS

Tickets good to leave St. Paul or Minneapolis,

EVERY FRIDAY DURING JUNE AND JULY

Return limit 30 days from date of sale. Ask your nearest agent or address

W. R. CALLAWAY

General Passenger Agent
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to Place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

A Bargain Offer The St. Paul Pioneer Press Old and Best Newspaper and MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

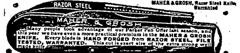

Many people took advantage of our Parker Pen Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. This cut is exact size of the extra strong well made knife.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months Knife Sent Postpaid FREE for $1.40

Cut this Advertisement and send with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

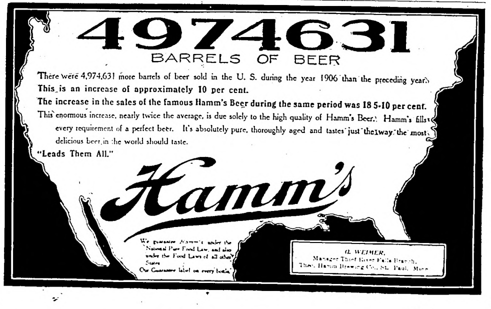

4974631 BARRELS OF BEER

There were 4,974,631 more barrels of beer sold in the U. S. during the year 1906 than the preceding year.

This is an increase of approximately 10 per cent.

The increase in the sales of the famous Hamm's Beer during the same period was 18 5-10 per cent.

This enormous increase, nearly twice the average, is due solely to the high quality of Hamm's Beer. Hamm's fills every requirement of a perfect beer. It's absolutely pure, thoroughly aged and tastes just the way the most delicious beer in the world should taste.

"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law, and also under the Food Laws of all other States. Our Guarantee label on every bottle.

G. WEIMER,
Manager Thief River Falls Branch,
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

FOR SUCCESS.

Buttermaker at McIntosh Tells How to Run a Creamery.

P. Nison, buttermaker at the Winger creamery, has a letter containing sound advice published in the McIntosh Times of last week, which is reprinted below:

"I want to say a few words about the creamery business. I don't want to make anyone sore, but just call attention to a few things for the mutual benefit of all. We all know that in the creamery centers the future of this country. It is the surest and safest money producer. Crops may fail or prices fall below the cost of production but so long as forage and good cows are to be had the creameries will pay a good profit *on all food consumed*, and the stock will add fertility to the soil as well.

"I believe therefore that the creamery should be the hub around which your other activities should cluster and that it should receive your best thought and most energetic support. If given this, and a reasonable financial support in the way of stock subscriptions, it will bear fruit and be a blessing to the community which will last for many generations.

"In order to have it produce the best results however all must have faith in it and work shoulder to shoulder for its advancement. A happy, prosperous and contended family can best be established on a basis of mutual confidence and love for each other, and the same is true of the creamery family or community. In order to secure the best results all must work harmoniously together and share the burdens as well as the profits alike.

"This can only be done where all patrons are stockholders and all stockholders patrons and therein lies the advantages of the co-operative creamery. In it all have an opportunity to share in its management and participate in all profits and none can reasonably complain if they fail to avail themselves of their rights and privileges.

"Don't expect something for nothing. It takes money to make the mare go or to build up a business, and this is just as true of the creamery business as it is of farming or any other business, so don't wait for others to take all the stock and furnish all of the capital, but go down into your own jeans for your share and bear your burden like a man.

"If all do this there will be no losses and no disappointments, every farmer will be a stockholder, a pusher and a patron, and all will be working together for their mutual interest. A patron without shares is usually a patron without interest and not infrequently he is a go between, fault finding, meddler, who tries first this creamery and then that, and is willing to boost the centralized plan for a few pennies to boost. All creamery communities are more or less afflicted with these pests, who, if they profit at all, do so at the expense of their neighbors.

"In asking farmers to take shares in and patronize their local creameries I refer not only to the Winger creamery, but to all local creameries, I say not come here, or go there, but, simply, become a stockholder somewhere, and patronize your own creamery, and I give this advice after seven years experience in the creamery business."

Look Out for a Land Boom.

There appears to be a feeling all over the Red River Valley—and it is especially evident in the towns along the Moorhead Northern that there is another land boom coming this way, which will carry the price over the $50 per acre point, and put a lot of new farmers in this territory. Much money has been made in Canadian and North Dakota lands the past few years, but they have reached such a price now that investors are again coming this way. At present all the farms for sale along this line of railroad are being sought out and listed by the real estate men, while the cheaper ones are being bought.

The Latest Development in Life Insurance Issued by

Central Life Assurance Society of the United States.

Life Insurance a Progressive Science.

Features of Policy.

Some persons have objected to life insurance policies as a form of investment, because the beneficiary received no more from the settlement, where death occurs after the policy had been in force a number of years and many premiums paid, than would be received during the first year when only one premium was paid. The Guarantee Double Annual Allotment Policy answers this objection with a guaranteed increase on the Ordinary Life, Twenty Payment Life and Twenty Year Endowment of twenty five dollars for each one thousand dollars in the face of the policy and for each renewal premium paid. This increase is paid to the beneficiary in addition to the face of the policy. To illustrate: Mr. A. takes policy $10,000.00. In event of death during first year $10,000.00 would be paid, during second year $10,250.00, third year $10,500.00. The increase continues $250.00 each year during the entire period of twenty years. In event of death during the twentieth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would be $14,750.00. The $4,750.00 would be the mortuary allotment or dividend. The policy also bears to the assured a cash dividend annually beginning on the third anniversary with 10 per cent, fourth anniversary 11 per cent and increases one per cent each year until it reaches a 20 per cent dividend on the thirteenth year and 20 per cent each year thereafter to the end of the twenty year period.

The Ten and Fifteen Payment Policies differ from the above only in the mortuary increase, being $50.00 per year for each one thousand dollars instead of $25.00 as above. To illustrate: Mr. B. takes policy of $10,000.00 on the fifteen payment plan. In event of death during the first year $10,000.00 will be paid, during the second year $10,500, third year $11,000, and so on with a mortuary increase of $500.00 each year. In event of death during the fifteenth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would by $17,500.00. The annual cash dividends which begin upon the third anniversary of the policy and increases each year during the premium paying period enables the assured to pay his premiums with greater ease than with other forms of insurance.

For particulars call, phone or write

W. R. HARDY,

District Manager, at Hotel Ogahmeh for a Short Time Only.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM LANDS.

MURDER WILL OUT.

Strange Story of Finding Clue in a Brutal Murder Case.

Affair Happened About Two Years Ago and Guilty Party Just Found.

The Long Prairie Leader contains the following: Strange story regarding the identity of the murderer of Annie Kintop, whose tragic death near Darling two years ago created so much excitement.

That truth is stranger than fiction is well illustrated by the developments in a Morrison county murder case. It will be remembered by our readers that about a couple of years ago, a young woman was killed near Randall in a particularly horrible and brutal manner. She had been employed as a servant in Little Falls and had taken the train home for a short visit. While passing from the station along the road to her home she was attacked and murdered. In the struggle, which must have been a terrible one, judging from the condition of the ground where the body was found, the unfortunate woman had stabbed her assailant with a hat pin which had been broken in the encounter. Not a sign or clue to the murderer was left and during all the months since the deed was committed not the slightest evidence leading to the probable guilt of any one has been found. It was thought for a time that two negroes who were seen about the place had murdered the girl and the authorities spent months in looking them up. Suspicious characters were traced as far as the Pacific coast but to no avail. The case had been given up and the matter was being forgotten.

At the time of the murder the young woman had a lover and the two were seen together shortly before the murder. The young man was most strenuous in his efforts to locate the guilty parties and had accompanied the sheriff west to identify a couple of suspects. No one was more solicitous for the running down of the culprits than was he. Two weeks ago he was taken with an attack of appendicitis. He was removed to a hospital at Little Falls and operated on. While digging around in his abdomen the phisicians found—the broken end of a woman's hat pin.

The unfortunate young man is still at the hospital recovering from the effects of the operation. His arrest by the sheriff as he leaves his cot will be the first intimation he will have of the discovery of the broken pin.

MARK SHOWS UP.

Princeton Man Returns and Settles up Affairs.

Emmet Mark, the well known live stock dealer, who mysteriously disappeared a couple of weeks ago, has been found.

It seems that after closing up his sale at Duluth, Mr. Mark made a trip out west, where he used the money he had received to close up a big deal that netted him handsome returns. The trouble that arose following his sudden departure was caused by Princeton banks failing to honor the checks that he had issued. This started a scramble among his creditors to ascertain his whereabouts.

Last Friday Mr. Mark arrived in Duluth from the west and on hearing of the discussion that had arisen over his affairs immediately proceeded to straighten matters up. He announced his intention of returning to Princeton but news of his appearance had been telegraphed to Princeton. He left Duluth for Minneapolis and was taken into custody in the latter city by Sheriff Harry Shockley and August Rines of Princeton. He was taken to Princeton Sunday and the matter was soon settled to the satisfaction of all concerned and Mr. Mark was released from custody.—Milaca Times.

No Quarantine in Future For Smallpox.

A resolution adopted by the State Board of Health at their last meeting does away with quarantine of smallpox patients in the state of Minnesota, and reads as follows:

"It having been established that smallpox will not spread in a well vaccinated community, and believing that all attempts to restrain smallpox in a community not protected by vaccination, by means of quarantine, will fail; that quarantine in a well vaccinated community is unnecessary; that attempts to control the spread of smallpox by means of quarantine is unscientific, irrational, expensive and misleading; that in laying down strict rules for the quarantine of smallpox, sanitary authorities are favoring unscientific and illogical methods for its control, and are conveying false ideas as to the safety of the public, the Minnesota State Board of Health advises that after January 1, [illegible], further attempts to control smallpox in Minnesota by means of quarantine shall be abandoned."

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. — T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. — OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

After the Board of Trade.

The Grand jury of Polk county claims that the Chamber of Commerce of Minneapolis and Duluth is a combination in restraint of trade and arbitrarily fixes prices to the detriment of the state. Several farmers who belonged to the Farmers Exchange at Crookston shipped wheat to Minneapolis and Duluth and were unable to sell a bushel at any price without paying a middleman a tribute for selling their grain which the farmers themselves wanted to do. The farmers found that the market was not open to them but to the commission men and the Boards of Trade, and then had to fork over one cent per bushel commission. The Farmers Exchange brought this matter before the grand jury which recommended that the state officers prosecute the members of the Boards of Trade as an indictment in Polk county alone would rectify only a small part of the evil. The Chamber of Commerce, of Minneapolis, was surprised when they heard the report of this grand jury and said: "This report is wholly at variance with the report of the committee of the last legislature which made a thorough examination. "It is a fact that farmers are taking more interest now in their own welfare than before and the day may not be far distant when the farmer will fix his own prices and not let the other fellow do it.

St. Hilaire Creamery Report.

St. Hilaire Spectator—24½c per pound is the price paid at the creamery for the May butter, about ½c over New York market and a very good price for this time of the year. The output per week amounts to $1600 at present. This looks good to us and we may wonder what will happen when all the clover seeded this spring be turned over to the "boses."

In May, 1905, the payment was $2750.70, and the price paid was 19½c per pound, which shows a substantial gain.

The following list of patrons received over $50 each for last month:

Chas. Seeger	$82 66
L. M. Rolland	66 37
H. Haupt	65 64
N. A. Nelson	63 50
Gust Konikson	57 39
Claus Hendricks	55 73
Swan Johnson	51 81

St. Hilaire Coming.

Thief River Falls will celebrate the gala Fourth in grand style and they extend a broad invitation for the whole shire to come and spend the day with them. We'll all be there and share of the hospitality of the people at the north end.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A Badly Wanted Man.

Frank McDonald, the man arrested at Red Lake Falls last week by the sheriffs of McLean and McHenry counties North Dakota, has proven to be a very badly wanted man and in addition to being implicated in stealing several hundred head of horses, is also charged with murder.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:—

Notice is Hereby Given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand three hundred forty-two praying that the County seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated June 11th, A. D. 1907.

John B. O'Brien,
(AUDITOR'S SEAL) County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Subscribe for the News.

North Dakota Chautauqua.

Devils Lake, June 29th, July 16

Following is a partial list of attractions for the first week,

June 29 Speeches by Prof. Thos. Shaw and Gov. Cummings of Iowa
July 1 Lectures by Miss Olof Krarer and Dr. Payne.
July 2 Address by U. S. Senator Hansboro.
July 3 Lecture by Hon. Smith Stimmel, first President of the Chautauqua.
July 4 Oration, Governor Sarke.
July 5 Lecture, Guy Carleton Lee.
July 6 Address, John G. Woolny.

These are of the principal events. Musical organizations, quartets readings, stereopticon lectures and base ball games of the North Dakota Central League. Boating, Bathing, Athletic classes.

Complete program may be had by addressing Edgar LaRue, Secretary, Devils Lake, N. D. SPECIAL RATES ask G. N. Agent.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

PRICE OF A LIFE.

Willing Murderers Plenty In the Slums of London.

I am told that a ten-pound note will buy a man's life in London—that any unsuspicious person can fall into the Thames on a dark night or break his neck going round a slippery dark corner or fall under a van if a little bit of crisp paper changes hands, says a London writer.

I know that a very distinguished playwright, wishing to work out the plot of a melodrama, went into a high class den of thieves, made friends with some of the leaders and unfolded to them as something he wished to put into execution the plan he had devised for his villain's action.

He told his listeners that there was a very important financier he wanted out of the way for forty-eight hours while he played the very dickens on the Stock Exchange with the stocks the financier controlled. He suggested to his listeners that an attractive lady and a yacht would be the simplest means of insuring this object.

His hearers concurred. They know the very yacht for the purpose. A skipper and a crew could easily be produced, and concerning the lady there would be no difficulty whatever.

"Then, after the forty-eight hours, we will of course bring him back," said the dramatist brightly, thinking of his fourth act.

A cloud came over the faces of his audience: "Well, guv'ner, of course, if you wish it, but it would save such a lot of questions being asked if he just went quietly overboard," the spokesman suggested.

THE WHITE LADY.

Warning Death Phantom of the Reigning House of Prussia.

On the night before the battle of Saalfield Prince Louis of Prussia and his adjutant, Count Nostitz, were chatting in the Schloss Schwarzburg-Rudolfstadt. The prince was anticipating victory when he suddenly turned pale and rushed from the room, pursuing through the hall a shadowy white robed figure. The sentinel saw it also.

Next day Nostitz and the prince saw the white lady on a hill wringing her hands in despair as the Germans fell back. A few minutes later Louis was killed and Nostitz wounded. Nostitz told the story to his son, and the son to Unser Fritz.

The white lady's first appearance was when she was seen in the palace at Baireuth in 1486. She appeared eight or ten times in the next century. When the French officers were quartered in Baireuth she frightened them, in particular General d'Espagne, who, the day after he had seen her, pointed to a portrait on the wall and cried: "It is she! That means my death!" He was killed soon afterward.

The superstitious Napoleon wouldn't sleep in the castle, but the white lady went to see him elsewhere. She was seen before the death of the beautiful Queen Louise, of Frederick William III., of Frederick William IV., of Unser Fritz himself and of many other members of the reigning house of Prussia.

Youthful Essayists.

In the Hull elementary schools a prize was offered for the best essay on the evils of drink, and nearly 12,000 pupils competed. Extracts from their compositions were given by Dr. Eccles in a lecture before the Society For the Study of Inebriety. He quoted the following gems:

"Today many people are in jail for committing suicide while under the influence of drink."

"Alcohol has an effect upon a medical man's conclusions."

"Doctors say that fatal diseases are the worst."

"Doctors say that the increased death rate shortens lives."

"Some people think that the abuse of drink is right; some take it as a medicine."—London Tit-Bits.

In the Waist.

She was examining her new waist by the aid of the big mirror. "Dear me," she exclaimed pettishly, "I can't see anything pretty in this!"

"Well, I can," chuckled the young man who was sitting on the sofa.

"Really! And what do you see pretty in it?"

"Why, you."

And then she blushed and said she thought the waist was just too lovely for anything.—Chicago News.

Progress.

Progress in the sense of acquisition is something, but progress in the sense of being is a great deal more. To grow higher, deeper, wider as the years go on; to conquer difficulties and to acquire more and more power, to feel all one's faculties unfolding and truth descending into the soul—this makes life worth living. — James Freeman Clarke.

Tart Reply.

Mrs. Hautton (maliciously) — You were such a charming debutante, my dear, fifteen years ago. Mrs. Inglefe— Was I? I only remember you made such a lovely chaperon for me when I came out.—London Tit-Bits.

"Any Wife to Any Husband."

"Hang it all, my cigar's gone out," he said. "It spoils a cigar, no matter how good it may be, if you let it go out." "A cigar," she observed, "is in that matter not unlike a man."—New Orleans Times Democrat.

A Popular Recreation.

"Where are you going, Sandy?" said one Scotchman to another. "Doon to the club," said Sandy. "And what for?" "Just to contradeect a wee bit."—Detroit News.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

State of Minnesota, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, May 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of this county, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1908, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale. All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 239 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, July 1, 1907, at 1 o'Clock P. M.

UNSOLD LANDS.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts Acres	Hdths.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80	
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40	
Lot 1 and NW¼ SE¼	35	151	41	63	50
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200	
W½ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	120	
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40	
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40	
NW¼ NW¼ less R. R.	22	151	42	37	87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40	
NW¼ SE¼	30	151	43	40	
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52	71
Lot 2	29	153	43	38	97
NW¼ SE¼	30	153	43	40	
W½ NW¼	33	153	43	80	
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320	
E½	16	151	43	320	
All of	36	151	43	640	
SE¼ SW¼	36	153	43	40	
W½ SW¼ and S½ SE¼ less R. R.	16	150	44	158	18
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81	63
E½ NW¼	9	153	44	80	
W½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼, SE¼ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	16	153	44	400	
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80	
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40	
SE¼ SW¼	35	153	44	40	
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40	
SW¼ NE¼, SE¼ and W½ SE¼	8	154	44	230	
NE¼ NE¼ and W½ NE¼	18	154	44	120	
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40	
Lot 4	30	154	44	43	52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	53	
SW¼ SW¼	34	154	44	40	
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165	30
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	153	45	160	
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319	77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80	
NW¼	16	153	45	160	
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80	
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160	
E½	20	154	45	320	
NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	440	
DELINQUENT LANDS.					
SW¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼	36	151	43	80	
W½ NE¼	36	151	44	80	

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl Deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Simon Opsahl deceased, late of the Town of High Landing, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Knudt Opsahl.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Simon Opsahl deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this Order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 16th. day of September 1907, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 17th. day of June A. D. 1907.

By the Court. N. W. Tarrant,
(COURT SEAL) Judge of Probate.

june 20 july 11

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tonnes Michaelsen of Thorwick Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3960 made 22d January 1901, for the N. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter Michaelsen, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " " "
Gunder Gunderson, " " "
Gjermund J. Rosta, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register

may 30 july 4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Ness, of Anton, Minn, has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 208 made June 23rd, 1904 for the S.W.¼ Section 1, Township 153 N, Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole Bolstad of Anton, Minn.
Christ Larson " " "
Andreas Myhelstad " " "
Cornelius H. Helland " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register

june 6 july 4

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

For Sale Cheap
New Ditching Machine
For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred P. Vingenstad of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 637 made Nov. 29 1904, for the SW¼ Section 9, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 9th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole E. Wiseth, of Germantown, Minn
Peter O. Brevik, " " "
Peter A. Kolstad, " " "
George Weld, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 23 to june 27

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May. 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Peder E. Bergh of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 128 R.L.S. made June 23 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Andrew Trovaton, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, of " " " "
Peter A. Sorlum, of " " " "
Lars Hanson of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 30 july 4

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May. 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 314 made June 27, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Christian Nygard, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Alonzo B. George, " " "
Arthur B. George, " " "
John C. Johnson, of Germantown, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 23 june 27

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May. 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole Vinjerul of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 873 made November 10, 1904 for the SW¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on July 11. 1907

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Engelbret Vad, " " "
Kitill I. Jordshaugen, " " "
Christoffer Vad, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

june 6 july 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May. 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Syver L. Solberg of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 118 made 22nd June 1901, for the N. W.¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson, " " "
Peder Flo, " " "
Tor Gunderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

may 30 july 4

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to
THIEF RIVER FALLS
Tuesday, July 23rd, at Hotel Rushford.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free.
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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SIMPSON & CROAK. Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

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Special attention given to veterinary and dental work of all domestic animals.
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Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Geo. Newberry,
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For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

GIFTED SINGERS IN AMERICA

Mrs. Emma Meissner and Miss Rose Gruenberg Will Give Their First Concert in St. Paul.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Mrs. Emma Meissner and Miss Rose Gruenberg, the two Stockholm prima donnas, arrived in New York last week. They are the prima donnas of the new Lyric Oscar theater of Stockholm and are great popular favorites with the opera and concert goers of Scandinavia as a whole. Their first concert will be held in St. Paul June 27. Mrs. Meissner is the wife of Hjalmar Meissner, one of the foremost of Stockholm's orchestra conductors. A personal friend of Mrs. Anna Hellstrom, she comes here warmly recommended by her. It is a fact that Mrs. Meissner's voice much resembles that of Mrs. Hellstrom, especially in the middle register. *Also in personal appearance* and manners there is a striking resemblance. The two gifted Swedish singers were resolved to start on their American tour last May or April, but this plan had to be given up on account of the tremendous hit made by Mrs. Meissner in the title role of "Die Lustige Wittwe," a new Vinnese opera by Lehar. Mr. Ranft, the Swedish Frohmann, absolutely refused Mrs. Meissner a leave of absence, whereby the lucrative run of "The Merry Widow" would be cut short. Mr. Ranft was anxious to have this run if possible take on the proportions of "The Geisha" of a few years ago, when Miss Rosa Gruenberg, then in the teens, made a hit as Mimosa San, singing the part to 200 crowded houses. So the young divas had to postpone their trip until June, when the regular vacation season began. The leading artists at each Stockholm theater are generally allowed one recette or benefit concert towards the close of a successful season. A Stockholm daily thus describes the benefit tendered Mrs. Meissner, the other day: "The benefit performance of "The Merry Widow," or rather that of Mrs. Meissner, brought such an overwhelming success as one would have hardly expected so soon after the 100 performances of the opera only a few evenings previously. The Oscar theater was crowded in spite of the suffrage debate in the riksdag and the fine spring air. Already, in the first act, Mrs. Meissner received a score of giant floral offerings. In the second act three laurel wreaths, one of immense size, were brought up. After the last act, the orchestra greeted Mrs. Meissner with flourishes, the applause being endless and the flowers without number. How was Mrs. Meissner able to take these flowers with her to her home that night, or how would there ever be a place, with them there, for herself in it?"

During the recent Linne festivities in Upsala the representatives of the foreign universities were received in the university building, listened to a speech by the rector of the university, Professor Schuck, and read their addresses. Afterwards the students gave a garden party in the botanical gardens, where besides the prince regent, who with the greater part of the royal family, was present, both days, the famous Swedish poet, Verner von Heidenstam, made a speech, which created great enthusiasm. The principal part of the second day's ceremonies consisted of conferring the degree of doctor of philosophy on several prominent persons, including the foreign celebrities mentioned above. Prince Eugen, the youngest son of King Oscar, was the first among the Swedes, who received the wreath of laurel, which signifies the degree of doctor of philosophy. Among the others there was one woman, Miss Selma Lagerlof, the famous Swedish novelist, the crowning of whom with the laurel wreath was received with great acclamation. The whole of this ceremony took place in the old cathedral, which offered a very appropriate setting to the imposing ceremony. Afterwards followed a big dinner and a ball in the university building.

There was no end to the feasting and jollification in Stockholm when the stork paid a visit to Prince Gustaf Adolf and Princess Margaret. The young prince was born the day after King Oscar and Queen Sofia had celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary, so the two important events came together. The jolly Stockholmians took occasion to celebrate and suffice it to say that all the cafes and every amusement resort in the city was overcrowded. The orchestras furnished national airs and there was general jollification all over the city.

King Oscar and Queen Sofia on their wedding anniversary received telegrams of congratulation from every court in Europe. The American minister called and tendered the well-wishes of President Roosevelt on behalf of the American government. King Oscar, who is a benign king, fed 6,000 of Stockholm's poor people on his wedding day and donated 100,000 crowns to be distributed among institutions of charity.

The mining village of "Malmberget" in Gellivara, has been ruined by fire, more than 100 families being made homeless. Eight blocks of houses were swept away. Great distress prevails among the victims. One thousand acres of woods at Farila, in Ljusdal, were also destroyed by fire.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Steps have been taken in Christiania to teach as many as possible this summer to swim. A few days ago an assistant on one of the larger sailboats fell overboard near the club house of the Royal Yacht club, and, knowing nothing about swimming, drowned, although people were near at hand to save him had he only known how to keep himself afloat a few minutes. The incident caused the Royal Yacht club to decide that every person on board a sailboat during regattas hereafter must demonstrate his ability to swim. It is estimated that about 600 Norwegians lose their lives every year by drowning. The first regatta of the Royal Yacht club this season will be held June 8 and 9 in the Christiania fjord inside of Droebak.

Captain Roald Amundsen has just returned from St. Petersburg, where he delivered his last European lecture before the Geographical socity of that city. He was received by the czar, who decorated him with the grand cross of St. Anna, one of the highest decorations of that country. In the near future Harry Randall, formerly of Minneapolis, Minn., who is to act *as the business manager* of Mr. Amundsen, will leave for America to make arrangements for his lecture tour there, which begins in October. At the annual meeting of the British Geographical society in London, the gold medal of that society was given to Captain Amundsen.

Frogner park is one of the loveliest spots in Christiania. During the winter the principal skating rink is located here, and during the summer young men use part of the field for football and other sports. At present carpenters are busy putting up building to house the National Agricultural exposition, to be held during June and July. The products of Norwegian farms will be shown in all their branches. The best cattle, horses, swine, etc., will also meet there. While the exhibition is strictly national in its scope, conventions of agriculturists from the three Scandinavian countries will be held in this city.

Latest reports from Christiania state that the storthing has appropriated the sum necessary to send a war vessel with naval cadets aboard to America. About two weeks ago the Harold Haarfagre, after a flying visit to Christiania, where the king inspected the vessel, left Horten for America, via the Azores. New York will be the first stop in America, then Hampton Roads and the Jamestown exposition will be visited. The trip will be extended to Cuba, where the Norwegian minister will be taken on board and from there the Harold Haarfagre will proceed to South American ports in order to show the flag.

Arctic expeditions of different kinds, with Norway as starting point, are again getting busy. First among these is Walter Wellman's, which is going to the pole in an airship. Major Hersey of the United States army, executive officer of the expedition, has recently passed through this city on his way to the far north. According to his statement the expedition, thirty-five strong, expected to reach Spitzbergen about June 5, and about July 10 Mr. Wellman, Major Hersey and three other men will cut loose and through the air try to reach their goal.

The Norwegian parliament on June 15 rejected by 73 to 47 votes the bill providing universal suffrage for women, but adopted, by a vote of 96 to 25, a bill granting the franchise of the same conditions as in the case of municipal election that women themselves, in order to vote, must have paid taxes for a year. The new law gives the suffrage to all women 25 years of age taxed on an income enjoyed by herself or her husband of $113 in cities and $84 in the country. It creates 300,000 women voters. The reform is welcomed by the press.

King Haakon and Queen Maud have returned from their visit to the French capital, where they received a most hearty and elaborate reception, both by the president and the French public. While making the return trip the royal couple spent a day or two with the king's parents at Copenhagen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Frederick's Iceland trip was scheduled for June 21. The king and his party will remain in the Faroe Islands from the 24th to the 27th inclusive and are scheduled to arrive in Reykiavik June 30. During the recent visit to Iceland the Icefiord will be visited. The king and his party—consisting of a number of riksdag representatives—will return to Copenhagen about July 20.

It is learned from special dispatches that the German emperor intends to meet the Russian czar during a summer trip to Norway. It is expected that political matters of great importance will be discussed. The place of meeting is as yet kept secret.

Prince Gustaf of Denmark, now fully recovered from his illness, returned to Copenhagen two weeks ago and has now regained his usual health and vigor.

Emperor William of Germany and the empress will arrive in Copenhagen July 2, when they will be the guests at the royal palace.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

"Pleasant and Enjoyable"
it is (in the hot summer months) to spend a few weeks where the ocean breezes blow, particularly if the regular comforts and necessities of civilized life, including a really good malt and hop beer like
Gund's Peerless Beer
are to be had. This famous beer, brewed with sterling honesty, foams with life, sparkles with strength and the very taste of it is a pure delight. Every bottle is warranted to stand any climate, being fully aged and mature. Its aromatic tang and delicious mellow fragrance makes "Peerless" peculiarly grateful in hot weather. "Peerless does not create thirst but quenches it, because it is brewed by the "Gund Natural Process" from the best hops and barley in the world. It satisfies and pleases, stimulates the gastric juices, and doctors declare that it is not only "a ripping good medicine" for those who are weak and run down, but is also of exceptional food value when solid foods are inadvisable. It contains about 3¾% of alcohol (which aids digestion) and is thus really a temperance beverage. For over 50 years it has surpassed all its competitors and represents in the most liberal sense "the survival of the fittest." Bottled at La Crosse only. Sold everywhere by reputable dealers. The home and family trade a specialty. Try a case delivered—a case of "Peerless"—"the beer that makes you glad." Always the same—good and pure. Write or phone or call if you want for your home the best bottled beer that is to be had.
John Gund Brewing Co., - La Crosse, Wis.
M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

SHOOTING AFFRAY ON TRAIN

Minnesota Man Killed and Two Women Wounded.

In a shooting affray that occurred in a chair car of passenger train No. 5 of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad, westbound, near Dresden, Kan., Carl V. Topp of St. Paul, Minn., a tailor, was killed and Mrs. Morris Olson of Marshall, Minn., and her sister, Mrs. Harry Blakesley, were wounded. The shots were fired by John Bells, an Italian barber en route from Boston to San Francisco, who had boarded the train at Chicago.

Before the shooting began most of the passengers were dozing in their chairs. They were awakened by frantic yells and pistol shots. Five shots were fired in rapid succession by Bells as he walked through the aisle from the front to the rear of the car, taking accurate aim at one passenger after another. Bells had been drinking heavily and is believed to have been temporarily deranged.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

As a result of a decision by Judge McPherson in the United States court at Kansas City the Missouri 2-cent passenger fare act will be given a "three months" trial. If at the end of that time it is found to be unremunerative its enforcement can then be fought in the courts by the railroads. The state officials are temporarily enjoined from enforcing the maximum freight rate law and this case will be argued later in the federal court.

Judge Landis of Chicago, before whom occurred the recent trial of the government against the Standard Oil company on the charge of rebating, summoned the attorneys on both sides of the case into his chamber and asked them for details regarding the financial status of the company and for farther information regarding its dealings with the Chicago and Alton railway.

Under orders of William H. Langdon, the district attorney, the San Francisco board of supervisors adopted a resolution declaring Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz temporarily unable to perform his official duties and appointing Supervisor James L. Gallagher acting mayor.

Injection of antisaloon sentiments into the platforms of both great political parties in the next national campaign was predicted at a session of the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' association convention at Atlantic City, N. J.

It is announced that the Kansas state board of railway commissioners has practically decided to issue an order putting a flat 2 cent passenger fare into effect.

Darwin P. Kinsley, first vice president of the New York Life Insurance company, has been elected president of the company to succeed Alexander E. Orr.

The official maximum temperature registered at Pittsburg Sunday was 89 degrees. Several heat prostrations resulted.

Fourteen inches of snow fell in Butte Sunday, but by nightfall the streets were a mass of slush.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 22.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, $1.01; No. 1 Northern, $1.00; No. 2 Northern, 97¾@98c; No. 3 Northern, 94½@95½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.00¼; No. 1 Northern, 99¼c; No. 2 Northern, 97¾c; July, 98¾c; Sept., 99¾c; Dec., 97¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.25¾; Sept., $1.26½; Oct., $1.23¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@5.75; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@5.25. Hogs—$5.70@5.90. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@5.75; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75; spring, $6.50@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 22.—Wheat—July, 92⅛@92¾c; Sept., 95⅛@95¾c. Corn—July, 53⅝@53¾c; Sept., 53¾c. Oats—July, 45c; Sept., 38¾@38⅞c. Pork—July, $15.60; Sept., $15.90. Butter—Creameries, 19@23c; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—13½@14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 20@22c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 22.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.65@7.00; cows, $1.75@4.75; heifers, $2.75@5.40; calves, $5.00@7.00; good to prime steers, $5.75@7.00; poor to medium, $4.70@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.15. Hogs—Light, $6.00@6.25; mixed, $5.90@6.20; heavy, $5.75@6.15; rough, $5.75@5.90; pigs, $5.60@6.10; good to choice heavy, $6.05@6.15. Sheep, $4.00@6.35; lambs, $5.75@7.50.

Colt Injures Three Men.

Frightened by the noise at the Pawnee Bill Wild West show a colt belonging to Fred Beebe of 3315 Clinton avenue, Minneapolis, broke loose and ran into a crowd and seriously injured three men, one of whom may die. The injured men are Ernest Kalanguin, probably fatally, and Peter Johnson and Ralph Joslyn, seriously.

Boilermakers on Strike.

Boilermakers in the Winona shops of the Chicago and Northwestern have struck because of an order doing away with helpers. A conference will be held in Chicago to consider the dispute.

More Important.

"Did I understand you to say," asked Mrs. Chatters, "that your husband had no vocation?"

"Worse than that," replied the minister's wife. "I said he'd had no vacation."—Philadelphia Press.

The Locality.

"Are you in pain, my little man?" the kind old gentleman asked.

"No," answered the boy. "The pain's in me."

Know how to give without hesitation, how to lose without regret, how to acquire without meanness.—George Sand.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Advices from Princeton state that ex-President Grover Cleveland has been seriously ill at his home there for some days and that for some time his family and friends who knew of his condition were much alarmed.

Mrs. Daisy Gordon Hanna has been granted a divorce at Cleveland from Dan R. Hanna, son of the late Senator M. A. Hanna. Mr. Hanna's first wife secured a divorce several years ago.

Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and her son, John D. Rockefeller III., were thrown from a pony cart in which they were riding in Tarrytown, N. Y., but fortunately both escaped injury.

Governor Comer has appointed former Congressman John H. Bankhead to the vacancy in the United States senate from Alabama caused by the death of Senator John T. Morgan.

Governor Johnson of Minnesota delivered the commencement oration at the University of Pennsylvania. The degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon him by the university.

Joseph Ripley has resigned his position as one of the consulting engineers on the Panama canal commission to accept a more lucrative position in this country.

Secretary of State Root has accepted the invitation of President Diaz of Mexico to visit that country, the trip to be made the latter part of this summer.

Augustus E. Willson of Louisville was nominated by acclamation as Republican candidate for governor of Kentucky.

Andrew Carnegie proposes to erect a library in Berlin, to which his first donation will be $1,000,000.

THE TELEPHONE.

What It Means When the Operator Announces "Line Busy."

It is easier for an operator to establish a connection than reply, "Line busy." Recollection of this simple fact may perhaps smooth out the asperities of a state of mind evoked by a hasty conclusion that the operator sleepily is shirking. Follow a call into the main exchange, for example. You ask for a certain number. The operator immediately informs you the line is busy. How does she know? Simply by a little admonitory click in the receiver when she tries to "plug in" on the line asked for. She cannot tell you who is talking on the line, how long it has been in use or how long it is likely to be "busy." All the information she possesses is a click, but it is sufficient to advise her that some one of the 15 other operators in the exchange had a prior call from or to that number. Had the line been clear the effort to complete the connection would have been no greater than that required to get the click; hence the task of informing a caller that the line is busy is just so much extra labor—in fact, it involves a double burden, as the subscriber will usually repeat the call until he is able to transact his business. Obviously, therefore, the desire of the operator is to establish the connection when it is first called for. She has no motive in doing otherwise.—Telephone Talk.

A QUEER CUSTOM.

Curious Basket Ceremony of Siamese Ancestral Worship.

If the "basket supper" of worthy tradition is a feature of New England church sociability, the orient has a fashion of its own connected with baskets and religious ceremony. Mary Cost, in her book on Siam, tells of a custom which forms a mysterious part of Siamese ancestral worship.

The ceremony is called krachat, which means basket. When the time for observing it is at hand, the king commands the princess to make large baskets and to buy articles with which to fill them. Around the palace booths are built, covered with red and white cloth, and here the baskets are displayed. The king himself goes out to inspect them.

The baskets are filled with all sorts of things, from rice, sweetmeats, sugar, cakes and onions to articles of a more lasting nature. The baskets are woven in all sorts of curious shapes. One may be in the form of a cart hauled by two buffaloes covered with tobacco instead of hair and with many useful things in the cart. Tree baskets have all sorts of articles hanging to the branches, such as saws, knives, handkerchiefs, and so forth. Bushel baskets are pierced with doors, in and out of which run automatic dolls covered with coins. Some of the baskets are immense, being sixteen feet long.

The show lasts a week, at the end of which the priests draw lots for the spoil.

Ducking the Scold In Old Times.

The last instance of curing scolds by ducking them carried out in England was in 1801 at Kingston-on-Thames. A contemporary newspaper records such an event in 1745: "Last week a woman that keeps the Queen's Head ale house at Kingston, in Surrey, was ordered by the court to be ducked for scolding and was accordingly placed in the chair and ducked in the river Thames under Kingston bridge in the presence of 2,000 or 3,000 people." In Queen Elizabeth's time ducking was the universal punishment for scolds, and it appears that each town had then at least one of these penitential chairs in ordinary use. Dr. Johnson once said to Mrs. Knowles, "Madam, we have different modes of restraining evils—stocks for the men, a ducking stool for women and a pound for beasts."—Westminster Gazette.

Changed Opinions.

You think it a want of judgment that one changes his opinion. Is it a proof that your scales are bad because they vibrate with every additional weight that is added to either side?—Maria Edgeworth.

Willing to Accept an Apology.

Priscilla (just arrived) — Are there any men here? Phyllis—Oh, there are a few apologies for men! Priscilla—Well, if an apology is offered to me I shall accept it.—London Times.

Apologies only account for that which they do not alter.—Disraeli.

Everything for the Home—Cash or Easy Payments.

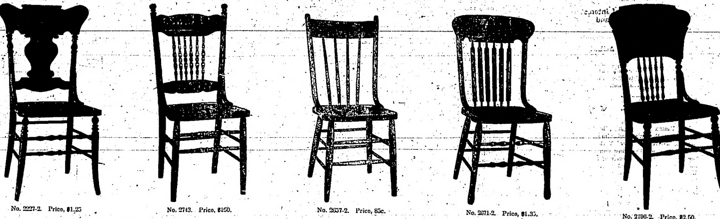

No. 2227-2. Price, $1.25 No. 2743. Price, $150. No. 2657-2. Price, 85c. No. 2671-2. Price, $1.35. No. 2196-2. Price, $2.50.

The above chairs are made of the best material to be obtained and by skilled mechanics, not to be compared with the southern chairs so commonly advertised. All are bargains at the prices quoted.

HICKS HOUSE-FURNISHING AND CARPET CO.

MOTHER AND SON DEAD

Struck by Lightning in Yard of Their Home at St. Paul.

FRANK DAY DENIES STORY

Did Not Launch Johnson Presidential Boom at Omaha—General State News.

Mrs. Clara N. Lemon, wife of Dillon Lemon, a clerk in the Minnesota Transfer office, and her son, Clarence Loraine Lemon, aged fourteen, were instantly killed by lightning in the yard of their home at St. Paul.

The mother had been cleaning house during the day and fearing rain from the threatening clouds was gathering clothes on the line to take into the house. The last article to be taken in was a piece of carpet. The carpet had been thrown over two wire clotheslines about five feet apart, stretched from two oak trees to a corner of the house. Mrs. Lemon's two children, Clarence, aged fourteen, and Mount, aged twelve, were playing under the tentlike covering which the carpet made. She called the boys to help her take in the carpet and they came from under the shelter ready to help pull it off the line.

The mother was standing near a tree and under the clothesline. Clarence was a few feet away and under the same line, while the younger son was six or eight feet to one side. Two bolts struck the trees and mother and son received a shock. The younger boy was not hurt.

DENIES STORY FROM OMAHA

Presidential Boom of Minnesota's Governor Not Launched.

"I did not announce in Omaha, as reported in a news dispatch from that city, that I was authorized to announce Governor John A. Johnson's candidacy for the Democratic presidential nomination."

This statement was made by Frank A. Day, secretary to Governor Johnson, when he reached St. Paul from a trip to the coast.

A telegram in the morning papers said Mr. Day had officially announced the Johnson boom at Omaha. The announcement in the telegram was unwarranted and untrue, declares Mr. Day.

"What I did say," explained Mr. Day, "was that Governor Johnson had discouraged the efforts of his friends to make of him a presidential candidate. Anything else I am quoted as saying is a manufactured story."

Governor Johnson said before Mr. Day's arrival at the capitol that he did not credit the interview, inasmuch as he had not authorized Mr. Day to make the announcement attributed to him.

WORK TRAIN DERAILED.

Two Men Killed in Wreck Near Detroit, Minn.

Charles Anderson, stationary engineer, and George Lenemin, brakeman, were killed and W. C. Greenhaugh, locomotive engineer, was very seriously injured by the derailment of a train of flat cars and caboose near Detroit, this state.

The accident occurred to a work train which was hauling gravel for a fill that is being made on the Northern Pacific right of way. The men were just about to quit work for the day, it being about 6:30 o'clock when the accident happened. The gravel train of flat cars was being cleared with a plow hauled across the cars by the stationary engine when the tracks, which were not solidly laid, became unstable and dumped the cars into the ditch.

BECHTEL IS CONVICTED.

Former Insurance Official Guilty of Grand Larceny.

William F. Bechtel, former president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company of Minneapolis, has been found guilty of grand larceny in the first degree.

The verdict was returned by a district court jury and unless he can secure a new trial the former insurance official must go to prison. The penalty is from one to ten years.

Bechtel is the second of the former Minneapolis high insurance men to be convicted of misappropriating company funds. Dr. Jacob F. Force, at one time vice president of the company, is now serving a sentence of three and a half years in Stillwater.

There were six or seven counts against Bechtel and the secretary of the company, Fred Sacket, by which the latter was to pay the president all of his $10,000 salary over $2,400.

JURY ACQUITS WOMAN.

Second Trial on Charge of Shooting Her Husband.

Mrs. Lucy R. Jobst, indicted at St. Paul on a charge of assault in the second degree in connection with the shooting of her husband on Feb. 27 last, was acquitted by a jury in the district court. This was the second trial of the case and it took the jurors thirty hours to reach an agreement.

The fact of the shooting was not denied by Mrs. Jobst. Her defense was temporary insanity, alleged to have been brought about by a long course of abuse and neglect by her husband, George Jobst. Mrs. Jobst admitted on the stand that she purchased a revolver and cartridges the day before the shooting, but she claims to have secured the weapon simply to frighten him and had no recollection of the shooting.

PURSUED BY LIGHTNING.

Woman Struck Twice During Same Storm.

News has been received at Willmar of the death of Mrs. Ole Skaalerud of Norway Lake, Kandiyohi county, who was struck by lightning and instantly killed in the severe storm that passed over the greater part of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Skaalerud were spending the afternoon at a neighbor's house and as the clouds indicated the approach of a storm they took a short cut across the fields to their home. While crossing a barbed wire fence Mrs. Skaalerud lifted the top strand for her husband to crawl under. A flash from the cloud struck the fence and burned her hands terribly. She ran toward home and another flash struck her in the temple, killing her instantly.

LOCKJAW FROM BITE OF CAT

Minneapolis Man in a Very Critical Condition.

Frank Nahren of Minneapolis is threatened with lockjaw as a result of a cat bite. He is now at the city hospital and doctors hold out little hope for his recovery.

The victim was standing near his home when a strange cat approached him. He paid no attention to it until it suddenly sprang and fastened its teeth in his leg. He reached for the beast, which relinquished its hold and bit him in the hand. Symptoms of lockjaw set in almost immediately and Mr. Nahren was taken to the hospital for treatment.

Fatal Runaway Accident.

Carl Brings, aged sixty, living on a farm near Little Canada, sustained fatal injuries in a runaway accident on the Westminster street bridge at St. Paul and died at the city hospital twelve hours later. Brings was driving home when his horse became frightened at a locomotive, throwing Brings to the ground. He was entangled in the reins and dragged some distance.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minneapolis business men are taking much interest in promoting this year's state fair and are accepting with promptness a plan which promises to assist much in bringing out a crowd for the first week of September. This is the simple plan of having the dates of the fair printed in red letters on the lower left hand corner of the envelopes to be used during the summer.

The state tax commission is sending out circular letters to the county auditors and town boards of review calling attention to the proper assessment and equalization of taxes among individuals. The commission urges the boards of review to be prompt in meeting on June 24 and to go carefully over the assessments and make a fair equalization of taxes.

The village of Perham, which has been considered the "wettest" village in Otter Tail county, has applied the lid. Mayor Schroeder, who has been at the head of the village government for a number of years, is the leading brewer of the county and the town always has been regarded as emphatically wide open as far as liquor selling was concerned.

The Minnesota State Pharmaceutical association has adopted a resolution in which the members went on record as favoring the abolition of free telephones in public places. The druggists are in a receptive mood for a proposition from the telephone companies to install slot machines for telephone calls.

The Sunday lid in St. Paul is expected to close up anywhere from fifty to 100 saloons. A city official who is in touch with saloon licenses stated that in his opinion the number of saloons that will be forced to close will be fifty at least, but a brewer put the number at 100 as a conservative estimate.

Reports of the land sales being made in the northern part of the state by State Auditor Iverson show that the demand is good and the prices very satisfactory. The minimum price for which the land may be sold is $5 an acre, while one sale is reported in which $40 an acre was paid.

The First National bank of Windom has received instructions from clients in Iowa to make a test case of the new mortgage tax law by bringing mandamus proceedings to compel the register of deeds to record a mortgage without the payment of the registry fee.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Edith Gausewitz, the fifteen year old daughter of former State Senator Gausewitz of Owatonna, was shot and almost instantly killed by her brother while on a holiday jaunt. The boy, who is fourteen years old, supposed the rifle was empty and pointed it at his sister and pressed the trigger. The ball struck the girl in the heart, causing instant death.

C. H. McGuire of Red Wing, extra passenger conductor of the Chicago Great Western road, was killed near Osage, Ia. He had charge of a freight train and was seated on the cupola of the caboose when he came in contact with a telephone wire stretched across the track and was hurled backward from the train.

Sterling Gouldthrite, fourteen years old, son of J. O. Gouldthrite of Minneapolis, was electrocuted when in a spirit of daring he tried to climb to the top of one of the General Electric company's transformers. Death was instantaneous, a current of high voltage passing through his body.

Smallpox is again on the increase in Minnesota, according to the information received at the office of the state board of health. The number of new cases reported to the board so far this year—2,611—exceeds the total number of new cases for any one of the three preceding years.

John Conkling of Stillwater, first sergeant of Company K, First regiment, was accidentally drowned Sunday morning in the St. Croix near the Wisconsin Central bridge, six miles above the Prison City.

William Kemper, a janitor at the postoffice in St. Paul, was killed by falling from a window of the tower. He fell seventy-five feet and struck on his head, which was crushed to a pulp.

August Swanson of the town of Burns, Anoka county, was killed by falling from a lumber wagon and being run over by the wheels.

Spontaneous combustion in the wholesale and retail drug house of William Rademacher at Winona caused a loss of $25,000.

Mrs. Ernest Schwartz is dead at her home near Blue Earth as the result of burns received while pouring kerosene oil into a stove.

OBITUARY.

Dr. J. C. Curryer, formerly of Mankato and for years holding a position on the state institute corps, his specialty being horses, is dead at Hinckley.

Dr. August Gerhardt, an aged physician, on trial at Buffalo for bigamy, was convicted by the jury and sentenced to serve four years in prison.

Andrew Aslakson, an early pioneer of Redwood county, residing about a mile south of Lamberton, is dead, aged seventy-nine.

Alpheus King Doe, prominent in business and official life of Stillwater for half a century, is dead.

JOHNSON NOW A LL. D.

Degree Conferred on the Governor of Minnesota.

Commencement week at the University of Pennsylvania came to an end when the 151st annual graduation exercises were held. Degrees were given to 560 students. The degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon Governor Johnson of Minnesota, among others. Governor Johnson delivered the commencement oration. He took for his subject "The University Days' Opportunity."

Railway Magnates Run Down Boy.

At Minneapolis Friday Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway company, and Thomas Lowry, president of the Soo line and the Twin City Rapid Transit company, figured in an automobile accident which nearly resulted in the death of a small boy. The two were riding in Mr. Lowry's automobile when they collided with a small boy on a bicycle. The boy was thrown over the front of the machine and through the glass in front of the driver and was severely injured.

Stillwater Man Drowned.

John Conklin of Stillwater, first sergeant of Company K, First regiment, M. N. G., was accidentally drowned in the St. Croix near the Wisconsin Central bridge. In company with James Scully and William Spindle he was in a gasoline launch. With the launch going at full speed the bow ran upon a boom log, causing the craft to capsize. Conklin attempted to swim ashore, but was seized with cramps and drowned.

His Old Letters.

A Wall street business man showed a visitor a bundle of old letters that he was taking home from his office to burn in his furnace. "I wasn't always so particular about these useless business letters," he said, "until I learned that the women cleaners were sorting them out of the wastebaskets and selling them to certain firms which make a business of furnishing lists of names for various purposes, mostly to speculative concerns. Then I concluded that I owed it to my clients to protect them from the nuisance that follows getting one's name on a mailing list."

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most-up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1907 NUMBER 27

NO ACTION WAS TAKEN

County Commissioners Did not Meat on Monday of This Week.

People Who Are Supposed to Represent Us Don't Do It.

The county commissioners did not meet on Monday to consider the county seat removal petition. Only two of the county commissioners—Shaw and Auble—were present and as this did not constitute a quorum no business could be transacted. Just why Commissioners Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist were not present is not known, but one thing is sure and that is that Red Lake Falls did not offer any reward for the missing county commissioners as they did for the stolen county seat petition.

The failure of the commissioners to meet on Monday means that mandamus proceedings will have to be commenced to secure a meeting of the county board and this will probably delay matters for some time. In other words the failure of three county commissioners who represent one-third of the people of Red Lake county, to do their sworn duty means that the desire of a large majority of the residents of the county who want to vote upon the county seat proposition is postponed for an indefinate length of time. How long Red Lake Falls can continue by theft, perjury, bribery and trickery to keep the people of Red Lake county from enjoying their constitutional right of voting upon the location of the county seat of Red Lake county remains to be seen. One thing is certain and that is that Thief River Falls must conduct a more aggressive campaign in the future. There have been opportunities before of sending members of the Red Lake gang to state's prison and unless we fight the Devil with fire we are quite liable to get the worst of it.

At present Red Lake county is governed by three county commissioners who represent one-third of the people that pay about one-fourth of the taxes. Two county commissioners represent two-thirds of the people who pay three-fourths of the taxes. Just why there should be such an unequal representation it is not easy to understand.

Said a promintent business man yesterday:

"Henry W. Lee, a former resident of this city who had been a lawyer all of his life used to say that he never wanted to go to law to secure justice—all he wanted was a shot gun. If this county seat fight keeps up much longer I believe that a whole lot of people will be converted to the Lee theory although no one ever took much stock in his remarks when he lived here. Certain it is that the acts of men holding public office in this county is contemptable in the extreme, and I don't believe that any jury in Red Lake county would ever convict any person who took a club and knocked some of the crookedness out of one of those curs. If we have not got a government of the people, it is time that we found it out. If we can't get justice at law we had better send for Harry Orchard."

All of the county commissioners were served with personal summons. They may have to explain why they did not obey this summons.

A Small Wreck.

The north-bound freight last Friday morning, jumped the track four miles south of St. Hilaire, ditching five cars and the caboose. The train was running at a speed of about forty miles an hour when a car left the track, taking with it the remainder of the train and breaking ties and tearing up the track fully one hundred yards. Luckily none of the trainmen were seriously injured in the wreck, though terribly shaken up. The wrecking crew from Crookston arrived on the scene about two hours later and by night had the track cleared and in shape to allow the passing of the passenger, which was delayed over eight hours. No blame can be attached to the trainmen, the wreck was to be.

BIG CIRCUS COMING.

Gollmar Bros. at Thief River Falls Saturday, June 6.

The most refined tented enterprise on earth—Gollmar Bros.' Greatest of American Shows. Million dollar menagerie, and Roman hippodrome; 100 premier acts given in 3 big rings, elevated stages and in mid-air; 30 clowns; 10 champion riders of the world; the famous Petit family, Europe's greatest acrobats; the flying Mazzettas; the Landown troupe, statue artists; Maxwell-Nelson troupe of aerialists; a herd of ponderous elephants; Daisy, the playful baby elephant; a Vlack Vark from Africa; the only sacred white camel; the only living black hippotatamus, from the river Nile. An amusements organization without a peer. Now the biggest and the best. Every morning at 10 o'clock the largest and most magnificent free street displays in the world; seven open dens of savage beasts, massive steam piano, a score of bands, 10 kinds of music and historical and mythological characters. Two performances daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. for inspection of the menagerie; performance one hour later. Will be seen at Thief River Falls Saturday, July 6.

Can't Buy From Minor.

It is not generally known that the last legislature enacted a law that makes it a gross misdemeanor for certain dealers to purchase a thing of value from a minor. Chapter 228 of the 1907 laws reads, in part as follows. "It shall be unlawful for any junk dealer, pawnbroker, or second hand dealer to purchase or to receive on deposit or pledge anything of value as security for a loan of money from any person, male or female, under lawful age." The purpose of this is to discourage the theiving tendency on the part of children who are tempted to theft by the opportunity offered by these traders for prompt disposal of goods which the children have stolen. Duluth has had two cases of arrest of junk dealers under this law and in both it was developed that the articles purchased by them had been stolen. Now the order has gone out in that city to arrest all junk dealers who buy anything from minors.

VERY CLOSE BALL GAME

It Took Seventeen Innings to play the Ball Game Sunday.

Red Lake Falls Defeated by a Score of 2 to 3.

Perhaps the best and most exciting game of ball ever witnessed in Thief River Falls was played Sunday between the local nine and a club from Red Lake Falls. It took seventeen innings to decide which club was the winner and then the score was only 2 to 3.

The Red Lake Falls club made one score in the first inning and Thief River Falls scored in the third inning. Not another score was made until the first half of the sixteenth inning, when Red Lake Falls succeeded in running in a score and in the last half of the sixteenth, the Thief River Falls club also scored. In the seventeenth inning, Red Lake Falls was shut out and the local club succeeded in getting in a score, thus winning the game.

The feature of the game was the excellent fielding done upon both sides. Most every batter hit the ball. Quite a large crowd was in attendance and when the local club finally won the cheering as certainly loud enough.

Creamery Report for the Month of May.

Amount of cream received	30129
Average test	26.01
Butter fat	9614.3
Price paid	.24
RECEIPTS.	
Butter shipped	227499
Sale of creamery	
Butter	275.96
Cream	57.70
Butter milk	30.37
Sweet milk	9.65
Other	340
	383.08
Total	2658.07
Bal. from April	1.03
Paid Patrons	2310.32
Paid Sinking fund	60.81
Paid Expense fund	283.75
Balance	2.10
	2558.07
Those drawing Forty Dollars and over.	
P. Engelstad	83.73
Rasmus Oen	56.12
Soren Sorenson	47.38

P. ENGELSTAD
Secretary.

Busted Their Bubble.

On Thursday afternoon while J. C. Flanagan and E. B. Dodd, general storekeeper and line superintendent respectively for the telegraphic service on the Soo line, were running up here from Brooks on their track automobile they met with an accident. At a point about four miles south of town, while they were traveling along at a fast rate, the machine busted and the two gentlemen were deposited at different places along the track. The unfortunate individuals picked themselves and the fragments of the auto together and footed it into town where they arrived within their schedule time. Mr. Dodd sustained some painful sprains and bruises which were soon fixed up by Dr. Clark. He also had an ugly and uncomfortable gash in his pants. Flanagan, being of lighter build, escaped without injury.—Plummer Pioneer.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Sam Cheeley and John Sorenson, and known under name of "O. K. Hide Fur & Trading Co." has this day been mutually dissolved, and that all accounts and bills receivable due the said firm of O. K. Hide Fur & Trading Co., shall be collected by said John Sorenson, that all liabilities are by stipulation assumed by said John Sorenson, and shall be paid by him.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minnesota this 18th day of June 1907.

Sam Cheeley
John Sorenson.

Goes to Middle River.

A. C. Kvennes, who for the past few years has been assistant cashier in the Citizens State Bank in this city, left Monday for Middle River where he takes charge of the First State Bank of Middle River, having purchased the interests of T. B. Torgerson, the cashier of this bank. Mr. Kvennes has made a large circle of friends here who regret to learn of his leaving the city, but are pleased to know that he is going up the ladder of success.

L. M. Hoag returned last Saturday from his trip to Iowa. His wife and children will remain down there for a few weeks longer.

NEXT WINTER'S COAL.

There Is Plenty of It at the Head of the Lakes and the Equipment Necessary to Move It Is Available

Buy Your Supply Now!

Order it delivered early. Don't wait until fall.

Great Northern Railway.

INFORMATION IS WANTED

Federal Bureau Will Experiment With Breeding of Skunks.

Fur Is Very Valuable and Raising Can Be Made Profitable.

Washington, June 29.—Are there any skunk farmers in Minnesota?

If there are, "Uncle Jim" Wilson wants them to speak up. Along with his other multifarious duties, the secretary of agriculture is going into the skunk question. One of his bureaus has been authorized to learn all that can be learned about raising the varmints. The idea is to make skunks a good side line for a farmer to take up.

The trouble is to get information about raising the odorous beasts. H. W. Henshaw, administrative assistant of the bureau of biological survey, has heard that many states are good skunk states, and he is turning his eyes longingly in the direction of these states, with a view to getting information about the trials of breeding the animals for fur. The information thus far secured has been very vague, and Mr. Henshaw is seriously anxious to learn more. He wants the names of men who have tackled the skunk industry, whether they have been successful or not, and hopes that people who know of such experiments will write him about them.

The bureau of biological survey is gathering preliminary information in the expectation of going deeply into a study of skunk breeding. Hitherto the breeding of these animals has been carried on in a very unscientific sort of way, and the result has been the addition of comparatively little fur to the market. But the department of agriculture believes that the skunk can be scientifically domesticated and turned to very good profit by the farmer. The fur of the animal is exceedingly valuable, more especially those furs that are almost entirely black. And the biological survey has an idea that by careful breeding it would be possible ultimately to develop a skunk whose pelt would be entirely black.

The experts of the biological survey are already convinced that no insuperable difficulties lie in the way of skunk farming. They say that the popular opinion of the skunk is all wrong. The animal does not become objectionable unless it is driven to self-defense. It will go a long way to avoid the necessity of making itself objectionable, and this good natured trait will fit it, in the opinion of the experts, for domestication.

The ultimate purpose of the present investigation is to determine under what conditions breeding can be carried on; what enclosures are best; what methods of pairing should be followed; how breeding skunks should be fed; how the young can best be reared. A big dollar mark is at the end of the quest, too, for skunk fur is exceedingly valuable, and the secretary of agriculture seems to think that its production ought to be a profitable side line for thrifty farmers.

A recent ruling of the land department allows U. S. Commissioners to set dates for taking final proofs on any business day, provided, however, that not more than four proofs shall be set for any one day. This will be a decided improvement over the old ruling which crowded the business of a whole month into one day and which in many instances really required more time.

It's Worth Money to You to Wear

clothes you have confidence in; style, fit, quality right; clothes that not only feel good to you, but look good to others.

First time you get a suit you dont feel that way about you'll know what the right kind are worth.

The name Hart Schaffner & Marx is one that we have confidence in; it is a sign of what's best in clothes; when you know you're in a Hart Schaffner & Marx suit, you know that nobody else is better dressed. Get into one of them here.

The Golden Rule Department Store

Crossett Shoes Gorden Hats.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

John Vaughan came up from St. Paul yesterday.

C. J. Knox was over to Warren the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hawes yesterday.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Mrs. George Elder, phone 233.

O. L. Bakken left yesterday for North Dakota to visit friends for a few days.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Wanted—A neat, willing girl for second work and nurse. Good wages. Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Peter A. Leibeck and Ole Gunderson, of Clearwater county arrived here Tuesday and are visiting A. O. Berglund.

Pat Sullivan and wife, of Highlanding, left Monday for North Dakato points to spend several days visiting with relatives.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening. Little or no business was transacted except the allowing of bills.

John Ristau, of Germantown, was in the city yesterday. He reports that they had a had a heavy rain out in his section Tuesday.

The Swedish Lutheran ladies aid society will meet with Mrs. A. E. Abraham next Wednesday afternoon July 10, at 2 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

J. P. McNally, road master for the Soo, had a rib fractured yesterday. He was riding in the cabose of a freight train which was stopped suddenly and was thrown against the side of the car.

There will a regular meeting of the board of county commissioners next Monday. We wonder if the three commissioners who represent about one-third of the people of the county will consider this meeting of enough importance to attend?

Manager Lamont, of the Bijou Theatre, has secured a special program for the last three days of this week, and all who attend will be well pleased with the moving pictures. The illustrated song will be "Arrah Wanna".

John Olson, a former resident in Germantown country, but who is now located at Grafton, N. D., was in the city the first of the week. John still owns his farm up near Germantown and will probably remove back here some day. We hope so at least.

DESERVING COMPLIMENT

Noted Judge of Photographs Pays Mr. Borry a Compliment.

That our local photographer, Mr. J. Borry, is winning a national reputation as one of the finest artists in the country is commencing to be a recognized fact. Last week Mr. Borry received a letter from F. Dundas Todd, editor of the Photo-Beacon, a journal for photographers published in Chicago which says:

"May I ask you a favor? As you doubtless know I purpose about August 1st making my home in the state of Oregon. In that home I want a first class collection of present day photographs and I therefore write to ask you to send me a few prints from your negatives. Please oblige and make me feel good."

No greater compliment could be paid Mr. Borry's work.

State Land Sale.

At the state land sale held Monday at Red Lake Falls, some 2300 acres were sold at prices ranging from $7 to $12 per acre. This is about half of the county and what is now left is not very choice land.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.

Sabbath School at 10 a. m.

Sabbath evening worship at 8 p. m.

Christian Endeavor will be suspended until the opening of the fall work.

Mid-week meeting every Thursday evening at 8 p. m.

The Concert and Icecream Social given the ladies of the Women Workers last Friday evening was greatly hindered by the storm. We will try again.

Mr. D. K. Laurie, Sabbath School Missionary for Adams Presbytery, spoke very entertainingly to a church parlor full of people last Monday evening, giving impressions of the General Assembly of our church which met in Columbus, Ohio May 16th, to which Mr. Laurie was a commissioner.

We welcome all to our church,

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday July 7.

Communion 11 a. m.

Preaching 9 a. m.

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Junior League 2.30 p. m.

Epworth League 7.30 p. m.

Prayer meeting and Biblestudy Thursday 7.30 p. m.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

CANNOT BE COMPLETED

Stated That Soo Cannot Complete Duluth Road This year.

Much More Work Than Was First Anticipated By the Road.

It is stated on good authority that the Soo company has given up hope of completing its line to Duluth this fall. The story states that this is caused with reverses in the work from Roylton to Duluth. Some time ago the company decided that it would be practical to build a viaduct near Royalton, where the line crosses the Northern Pacific road. This crossing is about a half a mile from the river. The land from the river to the track is very low. This will make it necessary to fill in an immense amount and will mean several weeks work. The same condition exists on the other side of the track and the same amount of work is necessary and of course means much delay. The work of building the road from Mille Lacs lake to Duluth cannot be completed this year in time to haul the fall shipment of grain into Duluth. This work is barely started and reverses have delayed the work all along the line. On this side of the river the work on the Soo has been very successful. Plenty of men have been available and the work has progressed without an accident of any note. Eighty per cent of the grading between Brooten and Royalton has been completed and the rest will be done by the middle of August. The work of laying the ties and rails will be begun within a few weeks.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	93c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 10
Eggs	12½c
Butter	15c
Creamery butter	25c
Potatoes	50c

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 15

Ando Miss Annie
Anderson William
Bjorje Mrs. Agneta 2 letters
Dmdeau Cliver
Elston Ed
Fur Miss Ananda
Hanson Oluf
Halvorson Miss Ida
Homme Miss Clara
Hord Marius P.
Hustvet Miss Manda
Jaeger M. A.
Olson Miss Dora
Lewis Herbert
Orma Jan
Stensdahl Yohn
Soderberg John
Wilson Niss Nettie
Wilson A. S.
Wanstad Mrs. Hellen

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

It Hurt Him.

Tommy—Did the fowl hurt you, Mr. Squires? Mr. Squires—What d'you mean, my dear? What fowl? Tommy—Well, I wanted to know if it hurt, 'cause mummy said you had been henpecked for twenty years.—Strand Magazine.

A Substitute.

"Anna, you wished to buy a dictionary?"

"I have married a professor instead."—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Giving Themselves Away.

Mr. Younghusband (reading from paper)—"Married—Blanche de Smythe to Walter Wellington Beere." What old memories that name awakens! Mrs. Y. (blushing)—I never imagined you knew of my engagement to Walter. Mr. Y. (chillingly)—I was alluding to Blanche.—Illustrated Bits.

Suited Him.

Her Suitor—I wish to marry your daughter, sir. Her Father (sternly)—My daughter, sir, will continue under the parental roof. Her Suitor—Well, sir, the parental roof looks good to me.—San Francisco Chronicle.

You may succeed when others do not believe in you, but never when you do not believe in yourself.

Succeeded.

"She married him to reform him."

"Did she succeed?"

"Sure! He used to be a spendthrift and now he has nothing to spend."—Houston Post.

Saving a Cab Fare.

Here's a pretty tale of domestic economy from an English paper. He had been brought up in the lap of luxury and extravagance, and when bad times came and he had to go down to the city and look carefully after his shillings it was his pretty and tender little wife who helped him and encouraged him by example in small savings. One fence he never would face. He balked at taking a bus. "It might pass the club, you know, dear, and the fellows at the windows." One evening, however, he returned radiant to dinner. Tenderly embracing his life's partner, he murmured: "I've done it, darling! All the way for threepence!" Love and gratitude were in her eyes as she said: "My brave boy! Did you mind it very much?" With affectionate cheeriness he made answer: "No, dear! Got box seat; real good old sort, the driver. Told me lots of stories and was quite chatty. Capital chap! Gave him a big cigar and half a crown for himself when I got down."

How Frost Affects Plants.

Plants do not freeze to death in winter, but perish from thirst. The process is simple. The cold causes the withdrawal of the water from the cells of the plant, forming ice crystals outside of the cells. The frost, cooling and contracting the surface, acts as a sort of pump, and as soon as the cell is emptied of its life giving fluid the plant dies. The truth of this theory has been proved by numerous careful experiments. Great variation was found in the amount of cold necessary to cause the death of vegetation. Some plants dry out quickly and are killed before the freezing point is reached. Many plants will survive zero weather, and some die only at 20 degrees below. Certain vegetable growths never freeze. There are forms of bacteria that even when immersed in liquid air, the intensest cold available, come out of their bitter bath as chipper and lively as ever.—Chicago Tribune.

Precious Plant Stones.

Among the many strange things to be found in the Philippine Islands are the so called "plant stones" encountered now and again in certain vegetable growths. The bamboo, for instance, according to Kultur und Natur, contains a stone very similar to the opal, but on account of the rarity with which it is found it is much more costly than the opal. In many thousand cane stalks cut down and carefully examined there may perhaps be one in which this beautiful greenish pink scintillating stone has been formed from the minute particles of siliceous deposit that imparts its intense hardness to the outer covering of the cane. The bamboo cane stone is known as tabashirs. In the interior of some coconnuts a stonelike secretion is found that is not inferior in brilliancy to the most beautiful genuine pearl.

Wonderful Builders.

A personal inspection of the pyramids made by an English quarry owner led him to the conclusion that the old Egyptians were better builders than those of the present day. He found blocks of stone in the pyramids weighing three or four times as much as the obelisks on the banks of the Nile. He saw a stone the estimated weight of which was 800 tons. Many of the stones were found to be thirty feet in length and fitted so closely together that the blade of a penknife could be run over the surface without discovering the break between them. There is no machinery, he claims, so perfect that it will make two surfaces thirty feet in length which will meet together in unison as the stones in the pyramids meet.

Ruskin to an Admirer.

Ruskin, it is known, had his own ways of publishing his works, with the result that they were sometimes hard to get and expensive. According to the Great Central Railway Journal, he once sent this letter to a stranger who wrote to him complaining of the price of his books:

84 Woodstock Road, Oxford, 4th Nov., '84.

My Dear, Sir—I have ordered my publisher to send you in gift a book of mine ("Munera Pulveris") you have not read. Be content with that at present, and Carlyle. Have not you Shakespeare, cheap? And the Bible nowadays for nothing! What good do they do you? Faithfully yours,

J. RUSKIN.

A Curious Superstition.

Among the superstitions of the Seneca Indians was this most beautiful one: When a young maiden died they imprisoned a young bird until it first began to try its powers of song, and then, loading it with caresses and messages, they loosed its bonds over her grave in the belief that it would not fold its wings nor close its eyes until it had flown to the spirit land and delivered its precious burden of affection to the loved and lost one.

Decay of Laughter In England.

I am perfectly certain that half our ills are due to the fact that we do not laugh enough. A good, sincere smile is something rare in these times, a "laughing face" is scarce, and it is seldom indeed that one hears a good, ringing laugh.—London World.

Neither Still Nor Small.

"When you do something you know is wrong, doesn't a still, small voice keep reminding you of it eternally?"

"A still, small voice! I guess you never met my wife, did you?"—Houston Post.

The Compromise.

Ascum—Have Henpeck and his wife settled their differences about their visiting cards? Newitt—Oh, yes, they've compromised on "Mr and Mrs. Maria Henpeck."—Philadelphia Press.

Most of us are guilty of sins of omission because they involve less effort than the other kind.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

MATTRESSES---We have them from the cheapest to the best cotton top bound mattress at $2.50

This couch in Boston leather only $5.90

Iron bed, supported springs and cotton top bound mattress at $6.95

And if you want cheaper, we have them. Complete bed and springs and mattress for $4.95. This set at $4.95 is F. O. B Chicago.

We have also a few genuine mahogney dressing tables, a factory close out, worth regularly, $16, our special price, $11.75.

Ask for McKinley music catalogue of 10c music. We have 50c music for 10c.

SPORTS AT SEA.

How the Long Trip From Madeira to Cape Town Is Enlivened.

The voyage to Cape Town from Southampton or Madeira is a long one, sixteen to twenty days, says the Travel Magazine. And so we find pastimes organized on board far transcending the ordinary concerts, amateur theatricals, deck games and the like familiar to all of us on the ordinary ocean going liner.

The programme is an ambitious one, comprising boxing, gymnastic drill, obstacle racing, cockfighting, cricket, baseball and football, egg and spoon races for men and girls and children, ordinary deck games and evening amusement, such as concerts and dances.

The sack race for grown men is the delight of all the children, who love to see their fathers tied up in sacks and progressing by kangaroo-like bounds, whose uncertainty is made still more precarious by the pitch and roll of the great vessel. Nor must I forget the bolster and pillow fights, with competitors perched on horizontal bars, with their legs tied beneath. Some fighters display rare gameness and staying power, so that the onlookers feel quite grieved when they "go under" in a very literal sense.

Now and then an unfair wag will coat his trousers with resin and thus contrive to keep his balance in a way enabling him to withstand all comers. Of course the prizes are made up of the entrance fees paid by competitors, which may amount to 60 or 80 cents per head.

THE LIGHTNING ROD.

Franklin's Theory Was Known Away Back In Talmudic Times.

In an article on "Current Topics In Ancient Literature" J. D. Eisenstein says in the Sydney (Australia) Standard:

"The lightning rod was invented by Benjamin Franklin in 1752 to arrest the electricity of the thunder. When the information of the discovery reached Rabbi Saul Katzenellenbogen of Wilna, he said that the theory was not new, because it was already known in Talmudic times, and he showed a passage in the Tosefta (third century) where it says that 'on Sabbath it is permitted to place an iron near the hennery to safeguard the fowls from thunder and lightning strikes.' The Talmud vouches that 'there is nothing superstitious about this belief.' (Tosef. Shab. chapter 6, end.)

"The system of telegraphy, in a crude manner, is curiously described by Judah b Jacob Chayat in his commentary to 'The System of Theology' chapter, 'The Gate of the Chariot' (see page 218b, ed. Ferrara, 1556). Chayat is perhaps the first Hebrew author who transliterates the term 'magnet,' and he explains the physical phenomena as follows: 'If you break the magnet into two parts and separate them at any distance, even a thousand miles apart, any movement caused by a joining wire to one part will be repeated by the other part' (quoted also in Shelah, page 30a, ed., Amsterdam, 1708)."

Why Penmen Get Tired.

The average person has no idea how much muscular effort is expended in writing a letter. A rapid penman can write thirty words in a minute. To do this he must draw his pen through the space of sixteen and a half feet. In forty minutes his pen travels a furlong and in five hours a third of a mile. In writing an average word the penman makes in the neighborhood of sixteen curves of the pen. Thus in writing thirty words to the minute his pen would make 480 curves, 28,000 curves an hour and 86,400,000 in a year of 300 days of ten hours each. The man who succeeded in making 1,000,000 marks with a pen in a month was not at all remarkable. Many men make 4,000,000 while merely writing.—Minneapolis Journal.

Cleaning a Sickroom.

Most of us know how untidy a sickroom becomes and how annoying the dust of the sweeping is to the patient. "To remedy this," said a trained and capable nurse, "I put a little ammonia in a pail of warm water and with my mop wrung as dry as possible go all over the carpet first. This takes up all the dust and much of the loose dirt. A broom will take what is too large to adhere to the mop and raise no dust. With my dust cloth well sprinkled I go over the furniture, and the room is fairly clean."

Reason For Heavy Wheels.

Everywhere in the old world the wheels of wagons and carriages are two or three times as heavy as those on corresponding vehicles in America, and so appear clumsy and cumbersome to us. The explanation of the difference is that our wheels are made of hickory, a wood unknown abroad, which supplies the requisite strength in smaller mass.—Travel Magazine.

A Matter of Economy.

"You're not so strict with that youngster of yours as you used to be," said Popley's friend.

"No; for economy's sake I'm not," replied Popley. "Every month I used to have to buy myself a new pair of slippers and him a new pair of pants."—Exchange.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

PHOTOGRAPHS in the style of the Old Master Paintings.
PHOTOGRAPHS that combine a good likeness with good artistic merit.
PHOTOGRAPHS that please; that is the kind I make.
J. BORRY, Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Jacob Jonas spent Sunday at Fisher.

Frank Jeffers was in the city last week.

T. P. Hamre was up to Middle River Tuesday.

Charles Meyers returned to Roseau last Friday.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city last week.

District Manager, Hotel Ogahmah, Short time only.

Charles Baumann was down from Rollis last week.

Finder please leave it at this office or to Anna Erickson.

Sex Bulman came down from the Red Lake country last week.

D. P. O'Neill came up from his Norman county farm last week.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Miss Clara Hoff, of St. Hilaire, visited friends in the city last week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

A. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, spent Sunday in the city.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ingvold Wold, of Excel, last Friday.

Miss Emily Lakin left last week for Illinois to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Dr. Gambell left Monday for his trip to Alaska to be absent for about two months.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Services next Sunday forenoon at 10:30 in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church.

W. S. Styer, of Winona, has been in the city the past week attending to business matters.

H. G. Dobner has gone down to Lake city and La Crosse to spend a few days visiting relatives.

James Meehan was up from Minneapolis last Saturday attending to business matters here.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

Dr. Schaloben and wife returned to this city Monday from their trip to the southern part of the state.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet with Mrs. B. J. Falk next Thursday, July 11.

Attorney W. A. Tautges came up from Minneapolis the first of the week to look after his law pratice here for a few days.

Services will be held next Sunday in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church in the town of Silverton at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Misses Effie and Grace Christienson, of Fertile, arrived in the city last Saturday and are visiting their sister, Miss Alice Christienson.

Andrew Stenseth, the hustling real estate dealer left Monday for the southern part of the state to attend to business matters for a few days.

Carl Felland and wife, of Dane County, Wis., were in the city last week. Mr. Felland has considerable money invested in this section.

Miss Johnson, who has been trimmer at Miss Lakin's millinery store, left Monday for her home at Hoperstown, N. D. She will return again in September.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

C. L. Hanson, who enjoys the destinction of being president of St. Hilaire's two banks, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday attending to business matters.

P. Peterson, of Crookston who had been here visiting his son Leonard Peterson, and looking after his farming interests in the town of Norden, returned home Monday evening.

Mrs. Charpos, wife of a homesteader in the town of Star, was arrested last week and taken to Red Lake Falls charged with having used abusive language to Miss Clara Manuo who also has a homestead out there. The case was tried Tuesday before Justice Swanson and a jury and resulted in a disagreement of the Jury.

OVER 800 BOYS' SUITS

GOING AT COST.

Everything in Boys' and Youths' clothing, suits, hats, caps, shoes, shirts---in fact everything in the line of wearing apparel---from now until everything in this department is sold out. Sale now on.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

Amundson & Kenison, Props.

F. T. Satre returned last week from his claim up near Roseau. He has proved up upon his land up there and is again a resident of the town of Rocksbury, Red Lake county.

Tuesday at the home of O. Tessum, the Rev. Aastad officiating, occurred the marriage of Oscar Tessum to Miss Annie Lewis. The groom is a brother of O. Tessum. Both parties are from Fillmore county.

J. C. O. Preus, the Washington secretary for Senator Knut Nelson, was in Thief River Falls Saturday for a short time. He had been up at Roseau county where he invested in some of the lands at the state land sale.

Lost—$10.00 reward will be paid to the party who picked up and will return to the undersigned, a pocket-book containing $55.00 lost June 20th; 1907 in the city, on the street from the postoffice to the home of the undersigned.

The Thief River Falls Telephone exchange was removed Sunday from the Fant building to rooms over Locken's harness shop. There was no telephone service on Sunday and Monday, but everything is now in running order again.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls July 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson arrived in the city last Saturday noon from Roseau where he had conducted a state land sale and remained here until Monday morning when he drove to Red Lake Falls and held the state land sale for Red Lake county. He was accompanied by F. D. Sherman, superintendent of immigration.

G. Halvorson, an attorney at law from Hawley, Minn., arrived in the city the first of the week and has decided to locate here permantly, and will have his office in the old First State Bank building at the corner of Main avenue and Second street. He has had twelve years practice in the courts of this state and comes highly recommended.

On Monday last William Rose caught and killed a large female Wolf. The animal walked into a trap near Mr. Rose's home early in the evening and set up a howl that brought him to the spot with his shotgun The animal evidently had a nest of young ones some place but Mr. Rose has not been able to locate them.—Plummer Pioneer.

The shipment of butter from the creamery last Monday was 29 tubs. This, with nearly a tub left over and what was sold made about 31 tubs for the week's manfacture, a gain of ten tubs over the previous week. The number of patrons has increased to fifty and more will be coming in right along. The creamery is a winner.—Middle River Pioneer.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we hava supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money every thing you buy of us. Telephone., No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

If your time has a money value, insure it in the Federal Casualty Co., of Detroit, Michigan. Old time stock Co. $100,000. cash capital, pays for all kinds of accidents and every known disease, full benefits. This is the best ever good agents wanted, who can give either all or part of their time to securing applications good pay for active workers, For particulars call or write, w. R. Hardy.

Luverne is considering the proposition of establishing a municipal heating plant. An investigation has developed the fact that all the business establishments of the city as well as most of the private dwellings could be heated from the exhaust steam from the city electric light plant now going to waste. It will cost $20,000 to lay the mains and pipes but after this first cost, the expense of heating will be very small. The time is not far distant when municipal heating plants will be the acceped order of things.

The railroads are making strong efforts to induce the public to order its winter's supply of coal earlier than usual. The railroad authorities know, better than anybody else, the great trouble that came to so many of their patrons last winter, on account of the congestion of service, and their desire is evidently to prevent a repetition of such difficulties. The advertisement of the Great Northern road in this issue may be referred to as showing how important a matter the railroads consider this matter of early orders of coal.

Coming to Thief River Falls, July 6th, Gollmar Bros., greatest of American shows, now the biggest and the best, with acres of water proof canvas, a genuine Arabian caravan, horses, camels, elephants and dusky sun burned denizens of the desert, 50 cages and dens of raging wild animals, a museum of curios and novelties, 3 big rings and elevated stages, 10 kinds of music, in fact a traveling city of splendor, requiring monster trains of cars to transport Gollmar Bros., circus to Thief River Falls, Saturday, July 6th.

Subscribe for the News.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Hon. P. M. Henricks, the earst-while political leader (or driver) who used to carry the populist party of this section of the state on his shoulders, is reported as doing well in the Canadian northwest. He is making a big showing with a large farm and is as busy as ever. A little drawback like being obliged to pay $135 for a wagon, $100 for a gang plow; spending two on each trip in hauling grain to market; selling his wheat at fifteen cents less per bushel than he could receive for it in Kittson county and having his last year's crop wiped out by a hailstorm does not please a man like Mr. Henricks. He will make things hum under all circumstances. If his farming operations turn out bad, he will blame the government, go into politics, and get even with Canada by creating a new, red hot populist party that will do some daring tail twisting.—Hallock News.

According to the Pioneer, Bemidji will likely drop out of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's association, and will not be represented at the future tournaments held by this association. The Pioneer says: "It is highly probably that the local department has participated in the races of that department for the last time. The association as now formed will, undoubtedly, insist that the tournaments be held hereafter in the Red River Valley towns, with the result that interest over here will wane. Bemidji has won the banner five times and the novelty of being "champion" has been dispelled. It is suggested by Earl Giel, chief of the Bemidji department that a new association be formed, to include only teams from Beltrami, Cass, Hubbard, Clearwater and Koochiching counties which would make a much shorter mileage and a great saving in transportation charges to meets and tournaments."

June Was Cold.

Washington, July 1.—The weather bureau last night announced that the month just closed was the coldest June on record in Washington, D. C., in the last 75 years, and that the same is probably true of New England, the middle Atlantic states and the lower Lake region. In other parts of the United States the temperatures were also lower than usual. The bureau's official statement in explaining this fact, says: As in previous cold Junes, the distribution of atmospheric pressure over the Canadian maritime provinces and the North Atlantic was such as to cause a predominance of ocean winds in northeastern districts and a blockade of the continental lows either in the Ohio valley or off the New England coast."

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER. UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

Subscribe for the News.

The Latest Development in Life Insurance Issued by

Central Life Assurance Society of the United States.

Life Insurance a Progressive Science.

Features of Policy.

Some persons have objected to life insurance policies as a form of investment, because the beneficidry received no more from the settlement, where death occurs after the policy had been in force a number of years and many premiums paid, than would be received during the first year when only one premium was paid. The Guarantee Double Annual Allotment Policy answers this objection with a guaranteed increase on the Ordinary Life, Twenty Payment Life and Twenty Year Endowment of twenty five dollars for each one thousand dollars in the face of the policy and for each renewal premium paid. This increase is paid to the beneficiary in addition to the face of the policy. To illustrate: Mr. A. takes policy $10,000.00. In event of death during first year $10,000.00 would be paid, during second year $10,250.00, third year $10,500.00. The increase continues $250.00 each year during the entire period of twenty years. In event of death during the twentieth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would be $14,750.00. The $4,750.00 would be the mortuary allotment or dividend. The policy also bears to the assured a cash dividend annually beginning on the third anniversary with 10 per. cent, fourth anniversary 11 per cent and increases one per cent each year until it reaches a 20 per cent dividend on the thirteenth year and 20 per cent each year thereafter to the end of the twenty year period:

The Ten and Fifteen Payment Policies differ from the above only in the mortuary increase, being $50.00 per year for each one thousand dollars instead of $25.00 as above. To illustrate: Mr. B. takes policy of $10,000.00 on the fifteen payment plan. In event of death during the first year $10,000.00 will be paid, during the second year $10,500, third year $11.000, and so on with a mortuary increase of $500.00 each year. In event of death during the fifteenth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would by $17,500.00. The annual cash dividends which begin upon the third anniversary of the policy and increases each year during the premium paying period enables the assured to pay his premiums with greater ease than with other forms of insurance.

For particulars call, phone or write

W. R. HARDY,

District Manager, at Hotel Ogahmeh for a Short Time Only.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM LANDS.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 4, 1907.

Farmers along the Red River have the same problem confronting them as those along the Wild Rice and other rivers. The Hendrum Review says that "owing to the large number of drainage ditches, which brings all the surplus water into the Red river in a few hours after a rain, the river now rises ten or twelve feet in a few hours after a rain that would hardly affect it noticeably a few years ago. With more ditches being finished and some more in prospect the people in the northern portion of the valley and in Manitoba may expect an overflow every few weeks. The capacity of the river could be greatly increased by cutting across some of the big bends, which would not cost so very much."

Who wouldn't be a farmer! There is just one trouble: only the farmers know how to farm. There are thousands who would like to quit the towns and cities and emigrate to the country, and possess themselves of broad, fertile fields and proceed to make two blades of this, that or the other kind of grass grow where one or none grew before; but this proposition presents, that it takes from two to twenty years to learn how to farm (some folks never learn) and within such a period bankruptcy might occur several times over. But, if all of us cannot be farmers, all can admire the horny handed son of toil and rejoice with him in his present great prosperity. He is the bulwark of the nation and the salt of the earth.—Argyle Banner.

An obituary on William Somerville, in the Minnesota Horticulturist, tells of a humble but eminently useful life. Mr. Somerville was one of the early settlers in Minnesota. Having resolved to grow fruit, he started independently of outside aid to experiment with the growing of apple trees in order to find varieties best suited to withstand the rigors of the Minnesota climate. He succeeded and did not only benefit himself but created a heritage of knowledge that will be a source of wealth to the people of this state for untold generations to come. We are building monuments in honor of our military heroes whose claim to distinction is their ability to kill and destroy. But who is the most useful member of the society, he who kills—even legally—or the one who produces the means for the sustenance of life? When monuments are built to perpetuate the memory of such men as the late Mr. Somerville, mankind shall have attained a vastly superior stage of civilization than the one we are enjoying today.—Milan Standard.

The Express Business.

The spectacle of the great melon-cutting among the express companies is no doubt edifying if not gratifying to the people who are not stockholders in these companies, but who are interested in them to the extent that they are providing the money and profits out of which these enormous dividends of stock, bonds and cash are being paid.

What makes it interesting to the general public is the knowledge that matters could not be so rich and rosy with the stockholders in the express companies if the public was not paying too much money for sending its parcels by express. No such dividends could be declared upon such swollen capital if express charges were fair.

If there is excuse for enormous capitalization of railroads, with their immense investments in rights of way, trackage, rolling stock, legislatures, etc., there is none for the express companies, whose only basis for their capitalization in their privilege of plundering the public. An express company own no great amount of property. It owns its office furniture its delivery wagons and its stationery, and that's about all it owns, except the public and the United States senate.

The remedy?

The Herald has suggested it several times before, and the Springfield Republican repeats it in a recent issue:

The policy is to be given consideration of bringing all these subsidiary railroad services under the direct ownership and operation of the railroads themselves. "No dividend services that is the rule on Mr. Hill's Great Northern railroad, and it is a good one to be applied to all railroad companies.

In other words, make the railroads carry express, and make them carry it at reasonable rates. There is no more reason why the railroads should farm out the carrying of express matter than there is why they should farm out the carrying of freight or passengers.

The railroads are not only failing in their duty to the public by refusing to carry express matter, but they are forgetting the interests of their stockholders.

Why?

Because the stockholders, officers and directors of express companies are also stockholders, officers and directors of the railroads. A railroad officer can make more money by holding stock in an express company than he could by owning stock in a railroad that carried express as well as freight.

But the public has no interest in this reasoning. Its only interest is to have the best service at the most reasonable rates possible and that is why it should demand, and probably will demand, that the railroads cancel their contracts with the express companies and carry the express themselves for the profit of their stockholders and the convenience of the public.—Duluth Herald.

Dandelion Bounty.

If the dandelion is a pest and there appears to be an almost concerted opinion tending toward the belief then nothing but concerted action on the part of a community will serve to exterminate the pest. It is not probable that even those who see beauty in the dandelion, those who remember Henry Ward Beecher's remark, "You cannot forget if you would these golden kisses all over the cheeks of the meadow, called dandelions," would protest against a law or an ordinance which should look toward the extermination of this pest. The majority even of dandelion lovers have enough persisting common sense to see that a lawn which lasts from April to November cannot be the victim of a Danae ravishment by golden dandelions which lasts but a few weeks at the longest. We have decreed in the matter of taste that a smooth-shaven lawn of fine green grasses is the proper setting for a residence, and in order to be orthodox in the matter of lawns, the dandelioners will have to surrender their love, since the real part of the plant, the dent dulion, the jig-sawed leaf that is the meat of the meaning of dandelions, is not beautiful when spearing forth from among discouraged blue grass.

But without co-operation, there is small use in rooting out these pests. Even with neighborhood co-operation there is small success, for the wind, burdened with dandelion seeds, bloweth where it listeth, deposits seeds miles from the growing place, and nature, with her fifty dandelion seeds, seldom practices the Tennysonian extravagance of bringing only one to bear. It is the community then that should act. Several lawn owners have been paying a small bounty to boys and girls of the neighborhood who dug the roots of the plant from out their lawns. For this summer, of course, such labor will have its reward, but another summer, with such an immense seed crop, will see the same lawn as thickly sown with the dandelion. Nothing short of concerted effort, a bounty paid by the community, similar to this private bounty, similar to the state wolf bounty, will really serve to exterminate the plant. It has become an important matter, and the city will have to undertake the solution.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Amatures at Work.

Daring miscreants picked last Sunday night as a good time to do some "lifting," and by means of the side window entered Holmes Bros.' hardware store and appropriated for their own use or sale a shot gun, rifle, safety razor, some ammunition, a few pieces of silverware and a grip in which to carry the litter. To gain entrance the glass was broken and the bold robber doubtless bled profusely as great drops of blood were to be found all over the floor, show cases and shelves, and every thing they touched was besmeared with blood. No clue was left as to the idenity of the robbers, but a couple of suspects are under surveillance, and an arrest may follow at any time. When asked regarding the robbery, Leonard Holmes said, in his opinion the perpetrators were new at "shop lifting" as the money drawer had not been touched and over five dollars in silver was left therein the evening before. A close watch will be kept of the movement of the suspects and money will not be spared in locating the thieves, and then the law will punish as in all such cases.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Minnesota History.

Here is a most remarkable succinct history of Minnesota clipped from a St. Paul newspaper of May, 1867. "The ground on which St. Paul stands has been under eleven different governments since the settlement of America. It was claimed and held by the kings of France on the ground of discovery by their missionaries and travelers from 1673 to 1763. In that year it was ceded to Great Britain and held by that country for twenty years. In 1783 it was ceded to the United States. It was then claimed by Virginia for one year, when she ceded all the possessions northeast of the Ohio to the United States. Minnesota was then thrown under territorial government of Ohio by the ordinance of 1787.

On July 4, 1800, Indian Territory was organized and it was attached to that territory until April 1818, when Illinois became a state. It was then made part of the territory of Michigan until organized as the Territory of Wisconsin was admitted as a state in 1848, leaving Minnesota alone. The latter was organized as a territory in 1849 and as a state in 1858."

Chinese Pheasants.

The Times editor yesterday received from the Minnesota Game and Fish Commission a setting of Chinese pheasant eggs—fifteen in number. The eggs are of a dull brown or mud color and are about two-thirds the size of the egg of the domestic hen. As is now generally known the Chinese pheasant is a new game bird being introduced into the various parts of the state by Minnesota's Game and Fish Commission. Trails have already been made with them at St. Peter, Fergus Falls and other places, and so far very favorable reports have been sent in to the Commission from points where the birds have been liberated. It is our intention to raise a brood of chicks from the eggs sent and when the birds are of proper size and conditions favorable they will be liberated among the thickets along the Wild Rice river where the native pheasant flourishes and where we believe the new bird will find a congenial home.—Twin Valley Times.

Notice.

Bids for the construction of a graded road on the townline between section 31 town of North and section 6, town of Rocksbury, will be received by the Supervisors of town of Rocksbury on the 6th day of July next at 1 o'clock p. m. at John Meehan's place. All interested parties will please appear in the forenoon and along with the Supervisors inspect the ground and get particulars as to construction of said road.

Supervisors reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Rocksbury, June 21, 1905.

Chas. Gustafson.
Fred Tuonquist
Jacob Amundson
Sup. Town of Rocksbury.

Refunding Bonds.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, until 3 o'clock p. m. on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1907, for the purchase of Red Lake county refunding bonds in the sum of $10,000.00 to run for a period of ten years, stating the rate of interest and the premium, if any.

A certified check in the sum of $10,000.00 must accompany each bid, conditioned for faithful performance. The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

(Seal)
John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor and
Ex officio clerk of the Board,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls July 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

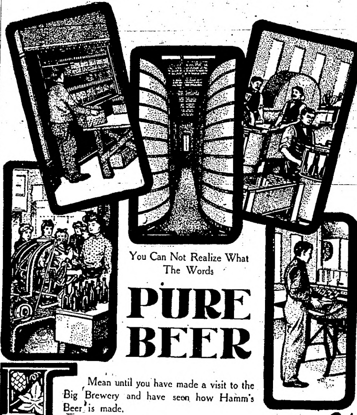

You Can Not Realize What The Words

PURE BEER

Mean until you have made a visit to the Big Brewery and have seen how Hamm's Beer is made.

Hamm's

We spare no expense in order to make Hamm's Beer absolutely pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also under the Food Laws of all other states.

No better beer than Hamm's can be made

We use only the choicest materials. Our Beer is aged for months so that when it reaches you it is a thoroughly matured beer of the highest quality.

The "Preferred Stock" is a Beer which appeals to all tastes

G. WEIMER, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

A RELIC OF NORSEMEN.

An Anchor 1000 years Old Found Last Week Near Crookston.

Believe That It Was Brought Here by Norsemen Centuries Ago.

An important discovery was made on the State Experimental farm near Crookston last week by Contractors Brown and Youngren who are doing some ditching on the farm. At a depth of 6 feet buried in solid clay an anchor was found, similar to the ship anchors used by the Norsemen about nine centuries ago. Mr. Brown, who was formerly a Norwegian sailor in the old country at once recognized it as of the type which he has seen handed down as heir looms in his native land.

The ditch was being dug near the section line, on sod that had never been broken and there seems to be no question but what the anchor had lain there for centuries. It is in a fairly good state of preservation, the badly rusted and it is believed to be a relic of some of the very earliest Norse exploration voyages and was lost here during the era that the entire Red River Valley was a portion of Lake Winnipeg and when ships could sail from the Atlantic to this section of the country.

Leif Erikson left a party of sixty when he touched the coast of North America, and it is possible that this anchor is a relic of the little band he left, as nothing was ever heard of them afterwards.

The anchor is light, weighing not more than 25 or 30 pounds. It consists of a rather heavy cylindrical shaped center piece, and from sockets on each side prongs extend to catch the dirt if the anchor is sunk in bottom of shallow water, or catch other obstructions, the prongs swinging on iron pins through the center of the cylinder.

Careful data has been kept of the conditions under which the anchor was discovered, and further excavations will be made in that vicinity in the near future in the hope that further discoveries may be made. The anchor will be sent to the Smithsonian or some similar institute, and efforts made to connect it with ancient history.

It was photographed and copies sent to the Norwegian government as well as to Swedish officials and no stone will be left unturned to determine the true value of the discovery as it is confidently believed by the score or more Norwegians, who were former sailors in the Old Country that the relic is a connecting link in the chain of events when Leif Erikson's sun was on the ascendency.

If any additional discoveries are made in this section which point to a visit by the daring Norsemen of eight or nine centuries ago, it will establish beyond peradventure that the anchor is just what it is supposed to be.

From the nature of the stratum of clay in which it was found, it is certain that the earth had not been disturbed for centuries: as the clay was not mixed with the least particle of black dirt. The depth at which the anchor was found, *imbedded so solidly* in clay, accounts for its good state of preservation, and as it was undoubtedly covered with a heavy coating of tar or some similar substance as was the custom, the preservation would be more complete.

Taking all the circumstances into consideration, it is therefore believed that the discovery will be of great value historically and it is believed further that its importance will be firmly established when competent authorities have passed upon its genuineness. Certain it is that there is no fake about the discovery, and no other explanation, other than the one above, has as yet been evolved, and the theory is not only highly probable but well founded in every respect in view of all the facts.

Paid the Highest Price.

T. P. Hamre had the distinction of paying the highest price for land at the state land held in Marshall county last week. He paid $36 per acre for a 40 acre track adjoining the townsite of Middle River and a large number of farmers have been in the city the past week offering to sell their farms to Mr Hamre at the same figure. Mr. Hamre needed this particular piece of land, however, and he always gets what he goes after. He purchased several other quarter sections, but he did not pay fancy prices for them.

County Depositories.

Proposals will be received by the Board of Auditors of Red Lake county, Minnesota, until 3 o'clock p. m., July 8, 1907, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds subject to check and payment at all times on demand and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time and the security which would be given therefor.

Board of Auditors
of Red Lake county
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
Dated June 20, 1907.

DRS. TEAL & NEWELL,

VETERNAIRY SURGEONS,

Night or day calls promptly attended to. Day office at Curtis' drug store. Day phone, No. 7. Night phone, call central.

Thief River Falls, - Minnesota.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MORE ABOUT THE SILO.

Interesting Article by A. J. McGuire of Experimental Station.

Tells of the Cost and the Advantages of the Silo.

Dairying is to be the leading branch of agriculture in northern Minnesota. While only in its beginning the general sentiment is strongly in favor of dairying. Creameries are being built wherever the number of cows warrant their successful operation. Frequently inquiries are made regarding the use of the silo for this section of the state. We have one here on the Experiment Farm at Grand Rapids built two years ago. The writer had nine years experience with the silo before coming here and finds one more satisfactory here than farther south.

Fodder corn grows abundantly, yielding from eight to twelve tons of green food per acre, but it does not dry out very well in curing in the fall so that it cannot be safely stacked. If allowed to stand in the field all winter the deep snow makes it difficult work to get it in. By having a silo this is all overcome. The corn is put in when it is cut and there is no waste or decrease in feeding value during the winter. The feeding value of fodder corn grows less the longer it is exposed to the weather while in the silo it is as good in six months as it was the first month.

The writer has used the silo in feeding dairy cows for thirteen years and never had occasion to feel that it is not the best way to put up winter feed. It may not be as economical as other ways, considering the cost of the silo and machinery, but it has other advantages that far over-balance its extra expense. It makes it possible to have a milk producing feed in winter almost equal to the grass of summer, but more important than that, it provides the means of putting a large quantity of food in a small space. It is close at hand and easy to get out and easy to feed. One man can get enough feed out of the silo to feed forty cows in fifteen minutes and he can feed it in the same length of time. It helps do away with the hired help question.

It takes help to fill the silo but in this work the farmers should co-operate and help one another as in threshing. When four or six farmers or more can club together the same machinery can do all.

The silo here on the Experiment farm is 16 feet in diameter and 24 feet high and has a capacity of 100 tons. The silo is built of stone, the barn being a basement barn. The silo is built outside the barn and the stone part of the silo is in the bank. The part of the silo above the stone is built of 2x6s 16 feet long stood on end and held together with iron bands in the form of hoops. The 2x6s are slightly beveled to fit in the circle. To make the silo so that the ensilage would not freeze, paper and drop siding was put on outside the 2x6 staves. A dead air-space was also provided by nailing 2x2 pieces around the silo to the staves and nailing the paper and drop siding to these. The 2x2 pieces are nailed around the silo and the drop siding up and down. The bill of materials and cost of the silo of this station is as follows:

7 cords of stone furnished on place, 10 bbls. cement	$30 00
Laying stone at $5 per day	50 00
100 pieces 2"x6" 16' best white pine	72 00
75 pieces 8"x16" ship lap	32 00
600' 2"x2" strips	3 50
380, rough lumber for roof	6 00
2 rolls paper	1 50
1600 shingles	6 00
Nails	3 00
6 iron hoops 1-8"x2¼"	14 00
9 iron tank lugs	9 00
Carpenter work at $4 per day	34 00
Painting	4 50

The corn grown for ensilage is sown with a grain drill in rows three feet apart. It is cut with a corn binder and hauled directly from the field to the silo. The cost of ensilage is from $2 to $2.50 per ton. This includes the cost of the silo, the machinery, growing the corn and all expense in connection with it. Of course, this does not cover the cost of the silo and machinery in one year but during the life of the silo the average cost of ensilage per ton will be as above stated. This is cheap food and a silo is a paying investment for a farmer making a business of dairying and keeping 10 or more cows. The wooden silo, while it is effective and can be made to last fifteen or twenty years, is not always considered the best kind to build. The cement block is taking the place of lumber more or less and is but little more expensive. In putting up a silo this should be considered for in either case it is considerable money wasted and should be made as durable and satisfactory as possible. The silo is as practical and useful for the dairy farmer as the granary is for the farmer who raises grain.

By Supt. A. J. McGuire, Northeast Exp. Station.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

NORWEGIANS MEET.

Society Formed at Fargo Last Week by Norwegians.

Norwegian residents of North Dakota and northwestern Minnesota who are either natives of two provinces in Norway or whose parents came from one of these two provinces, met in Fargo last week for the purpose of discussing the history of their native places and their families and becoming better acquainted with each other. The oldest and largest of the two societies which is composed of those who came from the province of Telemarken has been organized for several years and has a regular constitution. The younger society which is composed of those who came from the vicinity of Trondhjem, was temporarily organized on June 10 with E. A. Stafne of Abercrombie as president. Andrew Skarvaule of Christine as secretary and treasurer; N. Eggen of Fargo, as first vice president and M. Ness of Wahpeton as second vice president.

Both societies have the same object that of preserving the history of the provinces, the family history of the members and keeping alive the traditions and stories connected therewith as well as promoting a study of the works of the various authors who lived in the respective provinces.

It was decided to hold the next meeting of the society at Climax, Minn., next year on June 24, which is St. Johannes or Midsummer day. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President — Rev. Bendik Bindahl, Glyndon, Minn.

Vice President—A. A. Trovaten, Fargo.

Historian— Torkel Uftelie, Fergus Falls, Minn.

Secretary—S. B. Salverson, Fargo.

After the business meeting the members enjoyed a banquet which was served in Loyal Knights hall.

As this is the silver wedding anniversary of the Norwegian author, John Lie, who is a native of Telemarken, the society took up a collection for the purpose of purchasing a present for him in honor of the event and adopted a resolution which will accompany the present.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money every thing you buy of us. Telephone No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

North Dakota Chautauqua.

Devils Lake, June 29th, July 16

Following is a partial list of attractions for the first week.

June 29 Speeches by Prof. Thos. Shaw and Gov. Cummings of Iowa,
July 1 Lectures by Miss Olof Krarer and Dr. Payne.
July 2 Address by U. S. Senator Hansboro.
July 3 Lecture by Hon. Smith Stimmel, first President of the Chautauqua.
July 4 Oration, Governor Burke.
July 5 Lecture, Guy Carleton Lee.
July 6 Address, John G. Wooley.

These are of the principal events. Musical organizations, quartets readings, stereopticon lectures and base ball games of the North Dakota Central League. Boating, Bathing, Athletic classes.

Complete program may be had by addressing Edgar LaRue, Secretary, Devils Lake, N. D. SPECIAL RATES ask G. N. Agent.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SWEDISH SINGERS POPULAR

Marked Attention Given by the Press to Mrs. Emma Meissner and Miss Rosa Gruenberg.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Mrs. Emma Meissner and Miss Rosa Gruenberg, the prima donnas of the Oscar theater of Stockholm who will appear in a series of Swedish saengerfest concerts in this country during the next month, are not the first artists to come here from Stockholm to sing in special vacation engagements, but never has the Swedish press given so much and marked attention to such departures as to the one of Mrs. Meissner and Mlle. Gruenberg, having had columns of interviews and description upon the trip, plan, repertory and wardrobes of the two popular singers. The halo of extraordinary success of "The Merry Widow," in which Mrs. Meissner created the leading part, still surrounds this charming artist, while Miss Gruenberg is considered the rising star among Swedish coloratura sopranos. The time is considered close at hand when Miss Gruenberg will leave the private lyric theaters for the royal opera. Says a Stockholm daily about a recent appearance of Miss Gruenberg: "'Le petit duc' was sung by Miss Gruenberg in excellent style, and she was a duke, the like of which we have never seen. Miss Gruenberg has been sweet as O'Mimosa San. She has been charming in a long series of other parts, but as last night she has never scored before. She won a great and decisive victory. What brio in her rendition from first to last! Nothing done by halves, she giving herself fully and entire. Already in the first act she showed the lion's claw; in the second act she made the scenes of the peasant girl splendidly, and at last she was a little colonel both dashing and bewitching. She might as well have sung at herself, the most handsome officer in the world. The critic is disarmed, his sword shattered." The two prima donnas are to appear in concerts in Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago and at the great Swedish saengerfest in Moline, Ill., July 21 to 24.

Stockholm is passing through a remarkable boom. Such building of new houses, palatial in their size and beauty, was never known before. In all parts of the city old houses are being torn down, to be replaced by more imposing structures. It is surprising what large and fine looking buildings are being razed to the ground in some places. Even five-story residences of pleasing architecture are being replaced with new ones, so intense is the building craze. One of the consequences of this peculiar boom is a scarcity of houses and rooms to rent, and the rates are so high as to be practically prohibitive.

The Swedish consul general at London writes to the minister of foreign affairs that the Swedish business men are not sufficiently aggressive to enable them to extend their business in England. He writes that the consul at Liverpool reports to him that although the firms of Germany, Norway and other countries send out representatives and quotations of prices, thereby keeping in close touch with the English business houses, the Swedish business men do neither and consequently his efforts at trade expansion for Swedish merchandise has met with failure.

The engagement of Prince Wilhelm, the duke of Sodermanland, and the Russian princess, Maria Pawlowna, has been officially announced. Princess Maria was born April 18, 1890, and is the youngest daughter of the czar's uncle, Prince Paul Alexandrowitch.

The Swedish government has during the past few days been compelled to pay an old war debt, accumulated as early as 1813, to the city of Lubeck. It amounts to 50,000 florins and must be paid in accordance with the treaty of 1852.

The Countess Casa de Miranda (Christine Nilsson) contemplates purchasing the Jenny Lind relics in London in the near future and will, according to reports, present them to the Stockholm Academy of Music.

A telegram from Copenhagen states that young Prince Wilhelm of Sweden prior to his American tour is taking two lessons a day in English at the present time. His teacher is Professor Michla of Copenhagen.

War Minister Tingsten has been appointed commandant of the fortifications at Boden and this means that he will in the near future be requested to resign as minister of war.

"The Merry Widow," which was rendered at the Oscar's theater not less than 150 consecutive times last season, netted Director Ranft 200,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Says the London Times: "When King Haakon VII was crowned in the cathedral at Trondhjem, the ancient capital of his new kingdom, the nave of that magnificent building was, as it is now, covered in by rough planks of wood. From the interior it was necessary to clear out an army of architects, modelers, sculptors, stone masons and builders, for the cathedral has for many years past been undergoing such reconstruction as, in regard to some of its portions, amounts to rebuilding. It will probably be such a restoration as will satisfy even those to whom almost all restoration is abominable. The work done so far has been carried out in a spirit of high reverence for the past, under the superintendence of Herr Christie, the most eminent of Norwegian architects, who is devoting his life to what Professor Dietrichson of Christiania university calls 'Norway's noblest monument, the country's sacred treasure, the crown and glory of its architecture.' It was in 1869 that the present restoration was begun. It has been continuously proceeding since that year, and is expected to reach completion by 1914, when Norway will celebrate the hundredth anniversary of its restored independence. The amount of money expended will reach at least 6,000,000 kroner (£333,000). Trondhjem, with its 40,000 inhabitants, not far from the outer rim of the Arctic circle, is a strange place to find one of the most remarkable of the cathedrals of Europe. By the year 1300 the church was complete and was the wonder of Norway. It was 324 feet long, with a great central tower, three other towers of smaller dimensions, and many turrets and pinnacles. There were 316 windows, 3,360 pillars and thirty-five altars, all richly decorated and adorned. On the capitals of the columns weird and exquisite architectural fancies were lavished. The general effect was, perhaps, one of overdecoration. The ornamentation of the capitals is very deeply cut. Quaint heads are mingled with floral designs, and the spirit of the maker of comic gargoyles asserts itself here and there. The present restoration is one of many, for the cathedral has had exceeding bad fortune. It was three times on fire between 1328 and 1531. It was plundered in 1537, the silver shrine of St. Olof being carried off to Copenhagen. When the Swedes captured Trondhjem, in 1564, they stabled their horses in the cathedral and buried Olaf's body in a far-away country church. There were fires again in 1708 and 1719, and the repairing was then done in a slipshod and irreverent fashion, capitals, columns, tracery, being used as ordinary building material, arches being obscured by new stonework, the nave left in ruins, the aisles shut off from the chancel, the walls disfigured by tiers of wooden boxes used as pews. This was the condition of Trondhjem cathedral when the restoration was begun in 1869. The work has now been carried very far. Practically everything is completed, but the nave, which has been carried up to something like two-thirds of what will be its final height. Everything has been exactly restored. Nothing has been changed, so far as can be discovered, or will be. The building is to be in 1914 just as it was in 1300. To this end, not only the best architectural, but the best workmanly skill has been employed. Every fragment of the old building has been used where that was possible, and in the case of what was ruined beyond repair careful casts have been made, and the whole restored from those and from suggestions in the uninjured work. The material employed is a curious blue soapstone found in the locality. When broken in one direction it has a dullish sparkle, like some iron ores, suggesting great hardness, but in reality it is a soft stone, very pliable to the sculptor's hands, and almost capable of being cut by a knife. It has, however, thoroughly proved its enduring qualities. In some of the oldest parts of the church the mason's marks are not far from being as clear and as sharp as when they were placed there eight or nine hundred years ago."

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

One of the most horrid suicides ever recorded in the history of the country occurred in the vicinity of Falster the other day, when a man named Christophersen committed suicide by means of burning himself to death. He was crazed by religious fanaticism and wanted to die like Johan Huss, the martyr, so he erected a stake, saturated it with kerosene, then placed himself on top of it, put fire to it and burned himself to a crisp. No one was about the place when the horrid deed was committed, so he had a chance to do as he pleased. When persons arrived on the scene he had already been burned to death.

The Kieler Zeitung, one of the leading newspapers in Germany, recently contained an article which has attracted considerable attention in Denmark. Commenting on a report that a movement was on foot to bring about an alliance between Germany and Denmark, the paper says that the larger nation has no desire for a closer relationship, nor does it wish to antagonize Denmark; Germany's policy will be to let Denmark alone and continue neutral among the nations, as in the past.

The Danish rigsdag has voted $45,000 for the purchase of reproductions of works by Danish artists to be hung in the waiting rooms of railway stations all over the country. The pictures are to be interchanged at regular intervals. The object is to increase the knowledge of art and Danish artists among all classes of the nation.

The Atlantic steamer Oscar II arrived in Copenhagen the other day with 600 passengers from New York. Nearly all of these passengers were Scandinavians who will spend the summer in the home countries.

MARION & NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Subpoenas have been issued in the United States district court at Chicago for the officers of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, as follows: John D. Rockefeller, president; William Rockefeller, John D. Archbold and Henry H. Rogers, vice presidents; W. H. Tilford, treasurer; C. M. Pratt, secretary; William P. Howe, assistant treasurer, and Charles T. White, assistant secretary. The issuance of the subpoenas was the direct result of the refusal of the attorneys of the Standard Oil company to supply Judge Landis of the federal court with information he requested regarding the financial condition of the company.

Presidents of Illinois railroads have agreed that there shall be no immediate contest of the 2-cent rate law, which becomes effective July 1. The present plan of the railroad officials is to put the rate in effect and later should passenger earnings show a deficit to go into court and declare the rate law confiscatory.

John Beeman, a negro preacher of Montgomery, Ala., has made application of the jailer to be allowed to die on the gallows for his brother, David Beeman, the date of execution being July 26. The preacher says he will go to heaven and his brother, being a bad man, might not.

The San Francisco board of police commissioners has denied the application of five Japanese for the privilege of renewing their permits to keep intelligence offices in that city on the ground that the applicants were not citizens of the United States.

On the application of Frederick W. Potter, Illinois state superintendent of insurance, Judge Honore of Chicago has appointed a receiver for the Marquette Mutual Life Insurance company.

The jury in the case of the state of Ohio against the Standard Oil company, charged with violating the anti-trust laws, failed to reach an agreement.

An effort to endorse Bryan for president in 1908 was defeated at the Democratic state convention at Harrisburg, Pa.

Yale defeated Harvard in the annual eight-oared boat race.

LABOR NEWS.

Following the strike of 500 Italian trackmen on the New York Central railroad a movement has been started to organize the 200,000 or more Italian railroad employes all over the United States and bring about a higher scale of wages.

Thousands of strikers in various trades have returned to work at Cleveland as a result of a general settlement of labor troubles. The agreement was reached by both sides making concessions.

Fifteen hundred to 2,000 drivers of the delivery wagons of the American Ice company went on a strike in New York city to enforce a demand for extra pay for extra work.

All of the mail carriers of Butte, Mont., are out on strike, the men declaring they can not live in Butte on the present scale of wages paid by the government.

The Schenectady (N. Y.) Railway company has announced a 20 per cent increase in wages to its 500 employes, effective July 1.

The strike of molders, metal polishers and brass workers at Detroit has been ended.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Mrs. William F. Tucker, daughter of the late John A. Logan, has filed charges with the war department against her husband, Lieutenant Colonel William F. Tucker, and requested that alleged specific instances of misconduct be investigated.

Andrew Carnegie proposes to erect a library in Berlin, to which his first donation will be $1,000,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 29.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03; No. 1 Northern, $1.02; No. 2 Northern, $1.00@1.00¼; No. 3 Northern, 97@98c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.02⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.01⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅝; July, $1.00⅞; Sept., $1.01⅝; Dec., 99¾c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.21¾; July, $1.21¼; Sept., $1.22¾; Oct., $1.20½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@5.75; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $4.25@5.25. Hogs—$5.55@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.50; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.50; spring, $6.50@7.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 29.—Wheat—July, 92⅞c; Sept., 96⅛@96⅜c. Corn—July, 53c; Sept., 53⅛@53⅜c. Oats—July, 41⅝c; Sept., 37⅛@37⅜c. Pork—July, $16.07½; Sept., $16.25@16.27½. Butter—Creameries, 19½@24c; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—12½@13c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 12c; springs, 15@20c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.60@7.00; cows, $1.75@4.75; heifers, $2.60@5.60; calves, $5.00@7.25; good to prime steers, $5.70@7.00; poor to medium, $4.65@5.65; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.25. Hogs—Light, $5.90@6.17½; mixed, $5.80@6.15; heavy, $5.55@6.02½; rough, $5.55@5.75; pigs, $5.40@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.80@6.02½. Sheep, $4.00@6.10; lambs, $5.00@7.00.

WAIT FOR THE CIRCUS.

Thief River Falls, Saturday July 6.

Gollmar Bros

GREATEST OF AMERICAN SHOWS.

Now the Biggest and Best Circus, Museum, Menagerie and Hippodrome.

Three Big Rings and Elevated Stage. Herd of Ponderous Performing Elephants, 350 Horses, 500 People, 10 Kinds of Music, Largest Living Hippopotamus in the World. Only South African Vlack Vark in Captivity. The Most Gorgeous Spectacle

The Queen's Birthday

With a Monster Ballet of European Dancers.

Golden Street Pagenant at 10 A. M.

Two Exhibitions—Doors Open at 1 and 7—Performance One Hour Later.

Thief River Falls, June 6.

"SOO" LINE

HOT WEATHER RATES

EAST FROM THE TWIN CITIES

To	Round Trip
Detroit	$16.75
Toledo	17.50
Cleveland	18.25
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DELIGHTFUL, COOL LAKE TRIPS

Tickets good to leave St. Paul or Minneapolis.

EVERY FRIDAY DURING JUNE AND JULY

Return limit 30 days from date of sale. Ask your nearest agent or address

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

KILLS WIFE BY BLOW

Well Known Wright County Resident Under Arrest.

USING MAILS TO DEFRAUD

Government Begins Prosecution of St. Paul Commission Company.

General State News.

Because his wife cut his wrist with a bread knife after refusing to cook dinner for him John J. Mooney of Waverly killed her by striking her on the head with a stick of stovewood.

Mooney, who expresses almost frenzied grief over his crime, is well known throughout Wright county and the tragedy has created a sensation.

Mooney says he went home for dinner and found that none had been prepared. He asked his wife what was the matter and she told him he could not have any dinner.

Mooney proceeded to cook his own meal and, according to the prisoner, his wife began to scold. He told her to go into another room and leave him to cook his dinner in peace.

Mrs. Mooney obeyed, but returned a minute later with a bread knife and stabbed him in the wrist, he says. Mooney, who was putting a block of wood in the stove, turned quickly and hit the woman a hard blow on the head with the block, killing her.

Mooney was placed in jail at Waverly, but owing to threats of lynching was removed to the Ramsey county jail at St. Paul.

WHOLESALE FRAUD ALLEGED

Officials of St. Paul Commission Company Arrested.

Federal court warrants have been issued at St. Paul for the arrest of seven officers of the Wisconsin Stock and Grain company. The charge is using the United States mails to defraud. The accused officials are L. A. Wood, George W. Wood, Clinton D. Phelps, Martin P. Quigley, Charles T. Kelly, Bruce D. Tuttle and H. P. Ernsberger.

L. A. Wood, George W. Wood, Quigley and Tuttle were arraigned before United States Commissioner Spencer. The two latter were released on a $3,000 bond, while the Woods put up $5,000 bail apiece.

Phelps, Kelly, and Ernsberger, the latter residing in Wisconsin, were not arrested.

Postoffice Inspector W. M. Ketcham of Chicago, who was detailed on the case six months ago, has found sixty-five complainants, who assert that the methods of the company are not as represented. The transactions of these complainants amount to $342,000. They claim their trades were "bucketed" and not placed legitimately on a board of trade.

The government authorities charge that the defendants conspired to deceive those with whom they were dealing and that they used the United States mails for this purpose. Statements sent to the complainants, purporting to be memoranda of actual sales of stock and grain, say the customers, were not genuine and there had been no actual sales of stock.

MILLIONAIRE DROWNED.

Wealthy Minnesota Lumberman Loses His Life.

Frederick M. Tozer, aged thirty-seven years, a millionaire lumberman of Stillwater, was drowned in Lake Balsam, near St. Croix Falls. Mr. Tozer and Philip Wellington were sailing on the lake when a squall struck the boat and overturned it. Mr. Wellington was able to keep afloat until help arrived, but Mr. Tozer sank before the rescuing party could reach him.

Mr. Tozer was president of the Interstate Lumber company and vice president of the David Tozer Lumber company of Stillwater.

DEATH HALTS TRIAL.

Juror in Minneapolis Criminal Case Expires Suddenly.

Death has halted the trial at Minneapolis of Elmer H. Dearth, former state insurance commissioner, charged with receiving a bribe.

Charles Hamilton of Hopkins, the first juror sworn, dropped unconscious on his way to the courtroom and died shortly afterward in the office of Al J. Smith, county attorney, where he was carried by fellow members on the jury.

When informed of the death of Mr. Hamilton Judge Dickinson dismissed the jury, bringing to a close the first trial of Mr. Dearth.

BECHTEL SENTENCED.

Minneapolis Man Gets Five Years in State's Prison.

W. F. Bechtel, former president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company of Minneapolis, was sentenced to state's prison for five years. He was convicted of grand larceny from the company while in office. An appeal is promised.

Ore Shipping Record Broken.

The Missabe ore docks at West Duluth during the month of June broke all former records for shipping iron ore, their total being 2,156,970 tons, making the amount shipped so far this year 4,094,758 tons. The Superior and Two Harbors docks together have shipped a little more than this amount.

NO INDICTMENTS RETURNED

Grand Jury and Minneapolis Ice Trust Investigation.

The Hennepin county grand jury at Minneapolis has refused to return indictments against those ice companies operating in the Mill City which it was charged constituted a trust as being in restraint of trade. The vote on the question of indicting stood 9 to 9 and this disposes of the matter for the present.

The point raised by one member of the grand jury who voted against the motion to indict, according to the attorney general's department, was that if the forming of combinations to control products and prices was criminal then indictments would have to be returned against many leading business men in Minneapolis. He did not think it good business policy to start any trouble.

Though Attorney General Young and his assistants refuse to discuss the matter it is understood that the proceedings against the companies are not to be dropped by any means. A civil action may now result in which an attempt will be made to revoke the charters of the companies.

GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT

Verdict in Case of St. Paul Theater Treasurer.

After being out nearly forty-eight hours the jury in the case of Harry E. Ricker, former treasurer of the Metropolitan Opera House at St. Paul, returned a verdict of guilty on the charge of embezzling $3,035 belonging to the theater company. Accompanying the verdict of the jury was a strong plea for clemency in favor of the convicted man.

The state produced the books of the theater in evidence and attempted to show that there had been systematic juggling with the bank account in order to conceal a deficit which steadily grew in size between March 23 and April 27.

Ricker's defense was that two men held him up and took the money from him at the door of Manager Scott's office just as he was entering to place the money in the vault.

SHOT BY TOWN MARSHAL.

Sandstone (Minn.) Man Succumbs to Bullet Wound.

O. C. Thompson, aged thirty-five, of Sandstone, this state, is dead at the St. Paul city hospital from a bullet wound inflicted by the town marshal of Sandstone.

Thompson was shot during trouble with the marshal at Sandstone. It is said Thompson menaced the marshal with an axe and that the officer then shot him. The bullet penetrated Thompson's abdomen. The wound was of so dangerous a nature that Thompson was hurried to St. Paul that the best medical treatment might be accorded him. An operation was performed, but it failed to save Thompson's life.

CHIPPEWA LAND ALLOTMENTS

Farms Are Selected by the Eager Homesteaders.

The Chippewa land allotments at Cass Lake began on Monday, July 1. One hundred persons were in line as the land office door opened promptly at 9 o'clock and Lewis Larson of Fosston, who has been first in the line since May 22, filed on a valuable farm. It took him just two minutes to get through. He came out of the land office very much relieved and said: "I will now reap the harvest of my six weeks' strenuous waiting." John Olson was second, Charles Stagle third and Mrs. Bertha Kneeley of Bemidji fourth. Perfect harmony prevailed on the line.

GET RAISE IN SALARIES.

Minnesota Postal Clerks Affected by Increased Business.

A special press dispatch to St. Paul from Washington says that a list of Minnesota cities outside of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Winona shows that Albert Lea, Austin, Bemidji, Brainerd, Crookston, Faribault, Mankato, Marshall, Moorhead, New Ulm, Northfield, St. Cloud, St. Peter, South St. Paul, Virginia, Waseca and Willmar are increasing their postal receipts to such an extent that an advance in salaries has not only been made to postmasters but to the best equipped clerks in the local offices.

AUTO PLUNGES INTO LAKE

Two Minnesota Men Injured, One of Them Probably Fatally.

Charles and Walter Bucholz of Appleton, while riding in their automobile lost control of the machine and it went over a forty-foot embankment into twenty feet of water in Big Stone lake and they were so severely injured that the former is not expected to live.

The three-year-old son of Walter Bucholz was with them in the plunge, but escaped without injury.

Boy Loots Jewelry Store.

Jewels and jewelry valued at $2,000 have been stolen from the store of M. I. Finkelstein at St. Paul, according to disclosures made in police court. A boy named Anderson, who formerly was employed by Finkelstein, is declared to be the robber. He has fled from the city and the police are searching for him.

Commits Suicide in Workhouse.

Charles Watkins was found dead hanging by a rope made from his cell blanket at the Minneapolis workhouse. Watkins was to have been released from a ten-day sentence for drunkenness, but he took his own life three hours before his time expired.

Our Very Best People

insist on having just what they ask for. "Just as Good" will not suffice, as substitution is the annihilator of confidence. When the most discriminating order beer for their luncheon or home, it is always

Gund's Peerless Beer

Men of well-balanced minds and keen perceptions are aware that they *must* eat and drink *right* in order to daily restore within themselves the continuous nervous and organic waste of body and mind.

Peerless Beer, brewed by the **Gund Natural Process** for 50 years, contains more vital food elements than any other bottled beer. It is full of snap and wonderfully refreshing, just the essence and soul of prime *Northern* barley harvest, combined with the finest hops obtainable in the world.

Peerless Beer has won highest awards of both hemispheres. A favorite and ideal home beer. Sold everywhere. Order a case today if you want something better than the average brew.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Unless Mankato merchants withdraw immediately their method of soliciting trade from surrounding towns the jobbing houses and manufacturers of that city are threatened with a boycott by the merchants of those villages. Some of the merchants recently formed a rebate association to pay the fares of patrons from out of the city who did a certain amount of trading in Mankato. This is objected to by the retailers in the towns where the rebate system applies.

While digging a state ditch on the Northwestern state experimental farm one mile north of Crookston the workmen made what is believed to be a remarkable find. It was a small anchor of odd shape and was found buried six feet below the surface in a bed of clay which had never before been disturbed in the history of the valley.

Business men of Marshall have been consulted with regard to a proposed electric road from Mitchell, S. D., through Madison and Brookings, to Marshall, where it will terminate for the present, to be extended later to the Twin Cities. A meeting of business men of the different towns interested will soon be held with the promoters.

A notable change in the business methods of the state board of control so far as the purchasing of supplies for the state institutions is concerned was made last week, when M. C. Cutter was appointed purchasing agent. Heretofore the purchasing has been done under the direction of S. W. Leavitt, member of the board.

The state tax commission is about to begin collecting statistics for a comparison of the assessed valuation of real estate with the actual values as shown by the prices paid in recorded transfers. Seven men have been sent out to cover thirty-eight counties which have been selected in which to begin the work.

A street railway is now assured in Mankato, to be built entirely by local capital. A syndicate of local capitalists agreed to put up $50,000 if the citizens generally would furnish $25,000. The last $2,000 has been subscribed and material has been telegraphed for to be shipped at once.

At a big meeting at the state fair grounds last week 2,547 new members were initiated by the Modern Woodmen of America and nearly 1,000 by the Royal Neighbors, the women's auxiliary of the Woodmen. A class of 1,500 Woodmen was initiated at Duluth earlier in the week.

The Bank of Bingham Lake, which was robbed of about $1,300 a short time ago, has attached the certificates of deposits on St. Paul and Minneapolis banks found in the possession of the men accused of the robbery.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Northern Minnesota is in the grip of an epidemic of diphtheria and in some of the smaller towns on the range practically one-fourth of the inhabitants are said to be ill with the disease. Numerous deaths have been reported and the health authorities have been making strenuous efforts to check the disease.

William Mulligan of Minneapolis was drowned in Chanhassen lake Saturday after he had fallen out of a rowboat. Efforts of companions, who put out from shore when they saw him fall into the water, were in vain. By the time they reached the place where Mulligan went down he had sunk for the third time.

While his mother was enjoying a nap on the lake shore Steven O'Brien, four years old, waded out into Lake Adley, near Parkers Prairie, and got beyond his depth. An eleven-year-old sister, hearing the child's cries, leaped into the lake and dragged the boy out just as he was going down for the third time.

The Minnesota river has overflowed its banks near Chaska and many acres of rich pasture land and land under cultivation are flooded. The loss will be very large, as much of the land has been planted with sugar beets and cucumbers, most of which is now worthless.

Mrs. John Stumm and her infant were drowned in Lime creek, three miles north of Fulda, while attempting to ford the creek, which had been swollen by recent rains.

Max Littman, aged thirty-one years, shot and instantly killed himself in his room at Minneapolis as a result of a long period of ill health.

Peter Olson, aged eighteen, of South St. Paul was drowned while bathing in the Mississippi river between South St. Paul and South Park.

OBITUARY.

William E. Davis, one of the first settlers in Southern Minnesota, is dead at the home of a niece in Brown county. Death resulted from a stroke of paralysis. He was eighty-one years of age and single. He located in Blue Earth county in 1854 and for years was a well known character.

Rev. Hans A. Stub, the second Norwegian Lutheran minister to come to the United States and the oldest Norwegian minister in the country, is dead at St. Paul, aged eighty-five.

John Hunter, for many years one of the prominent farmers in Union Grove, Meeker county, is dead. Mr. Hunter was a pioneer and was eighty-six years of age.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

LEGAL ADVICE.

A Story Showing How Foolish It Is to Try to Get It For Nothing.

A young lawyer moved into a town where there was only one lawyer before—an old judge.

A close fisted old farmer thought there was a good chance to get some legal advice from the young man gratis, so he dropped into his office, told him how glad he was that he had come into town, because the old judge was getting superannuated, and contrived in the course of his talk to get the legal information he wanted, and then bidding him good morning he was about to leave when the young man asked for his fee. "What for?" said the old man. "For legal advice," replied the young lawyer. "How much is it?" "Five dollars." The farmer declared he would never pay it, and the young lawyer told him if he didn't he would sue him. So the farmer trotted down to see the old judge, whom he found hoeing in his garden, and said, "Judge, I went this morning just simply to make a neighborly call on that young scamp of a lawyer who has just come into town and he charged me $5." "Served you right," said the judge. "You'd no right to go to him." "Well, have I got to pay it?" "Certainly you have." "Well, then, if I must, I must. Good morning." "Hold on," said the judge. "Aren't you going to pay me?" "Pay you, what for?" "Why, for legal advice, of course." "What do you charge?" "Ten dollars." The result of which was the old fellow had to pay $5 to the young lawyer and $10 to the old one.

Moral.—Don't try to get legal advice for nothing.—Exchange.

THE POSTAGE STAMP.

Order In Which It Was Adopted by Different Countries.

The first postage stamp seems to have been used in Paris in 1653, but the service in which the stamp was used was only local and soon failed. On May 6, 1840, the first regular postage stamps were issued in England. Various local forwarders of letters and postmasters in this country issued stamps as early as 1841. The first to do so was A. M. Grieg's City Dispatch Post, which was sold to the government in August, 1842. Blood & Co. of Philadelphia sold stamps in 1841, and the postmasters of Baltimore, New Haven and New York of 1845 also sold stamps.

In 1847 the government took up the business, but Brazil in 1843 was ahead of the United States in taking up the stamp end of the postal business. The other principal countries followed in this order: France, Belgium and Bavaria in 1849; Hanover, British Guiana, Prussia, Spain and Switzerland in 1850; Italy, Denmark, Baden, Wurttemberg, Saxony and the provinces of Canada in 1851; Chile and the princes of Turin and Taxis (who had the postal monopoly in Germany) in 1852; Portugal in 1853; India and Norway in 1854; Uruguay and Mexico in 1856; Russia and Newfoundland in 1857; Sweden in 1858; the Australian colonies early in the fifties; Greece in 1861; Turkey in 1863; Ecuador in 1865; Egypt in 1866; Bolivia in 1867; Paraguay in 1870. The international postal union was formed in October, 1874, and went into operation on July 1, 1875.

How the Pendulum Was Found.

Like many of the commonest mechanical instruments in daily use, the invention of the pendulum is due entirely to chance. Galilei, when under twenty years of age, was standing one day in the metropolitan church of Pisa while some painters were at work on the ceiling of the church. A suspended lamp which was hanging before the altar was disturbed in some manner, and the scientist was struck with the almost perfect regularity with which it swung back and forth. The idea of measuring time by such an instrument found instant generation in his brain, and he completed the system in use to this day.—St. Louis Republic.

A Soft Answer.

A canny Scot was being shown over a man-o'-war for the first time in his life and, being interested in all he saw, plied his guide with all sorts of questions. The marine seemed particularly to interest him, and, going up to one, he pointed to the "grenade" in the marine's cap and asked what it was. The marine looked at him in surprise. "Don't you know what that is?" he asked. "Why, that's a turnip, of course." "Ach, mon," replied the Scot impatiently, "I was no axin' aboot yer head."—Cardiff Times.

Flattering, but a Knock.

"Even with flattery," said Mark Twain at a dinner, "you can't please some men. I remember when I was a reporter in Virginia City there was a doctor I liked—I had camped once on Lake Tahoe with him—and in an obituary I decided to give him a card. I wrote, 'Dr. Sawyer was called in, and under his prompt and skillful treatment the patient died Monday.' But Dr. Sawyer, somehow, wasn't pleased." —Kansas City Star.

An Insinuation.

Mrs. Ginger—How dare you talk to me in that way? I never saw such impudence. And you call yourself a lady's maid, do you? The Maid—I was a lady's maid before I worked for you, ma'am.—Boston Transcript.

Much Worn.

"These trousers are very much worn this season," said the tailor, displaying his goods.

"So are the ones I have on," replied the poet sadly.

I never knew a rogue who was not unhappy.—Junius.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Peder E. Bergh of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 128 R.L.S. made June 23 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Andrew Trovaton, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, of " " " "
Peter A. Sorium, of " " " "
Lars Hanson of " " " "

may 30 july 4
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole Vinjerul of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 873 made November 10, 1904 for the SW¼ Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 40 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on July 11, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Engelbret Vad, " " "
Kittil I. Jordshaugen, " " "
Christoffer Vad. " " "

june 6 july 11
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Syver L. Solberg of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 118 made 22nd June 1904, for the N. W. ¼ Section 12, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson, " " "
Peder Flo, " " "
Tor Gunderson, " " "

may 30 july 4
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl Deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Simon Opsahl deceased, late of the Town of High Landing, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Knudt Opsahl.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Simon Opsahl deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this Order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 16th. day of September 1907, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 17th. day of June A. D. 1907.

By the Court. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

{ COURT SEAL }
june 20 july 11

Order for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Heirs of Homestead Settler.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1907.

In the Matter of the Determination of the Heirs of Salemon G. Salomonson, Deceased Homestead Settler.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

On reading and filing the petition of Gunder Salemonson Jr., praying, among other things, for the judicial determination, by this Court, of who are the heirs of Salemon G. Salomonson, deceased, homestead settler, and what are the respective rights and interests of such heirs in the homestead land of said deceased, and to assign said homestead to the parties legally entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said petition and said matter be heard and examined on Monday, the 5th day of August, A. D., 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the office of the Probate Court at Red Lake Falls in said County and State.

It is Further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for five (5) successive weeks immediately prior to said date of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls in said County and State.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 25th, day of June, A. D. 1907. By the Court.

PROBATE COURT SEAL

N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate Court.

june 27-5t-july 25.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May, 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tonnes Michaelsen of Thorwick Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No.3860 made 22d January 1901, for the N. W.¼ Section 8, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Peter Michaelsen, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " " "
Gunder Gunderson, " " "
Gjermund J. Rosta, " " "

may 30 july 4
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Ness, of Anton, Minn, has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 208 made June 23rd, 1904 for the S.W.¼ Section 1, Township 153.N, Range 42. W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner For District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on July 8th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Ole Bolstad of Anton, Minn.
Christ Larsod " " "
Andreas Myhrlstad " " "
Cornelius H. Helland " " "

june 6 july 4
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E.Mussey of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 223 made June, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J.M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Warren E. Wood, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher " " "
James K. Wood of Thief River Falls "
William McCrum " " " "

June 27 Aug. 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June, 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole O. Finberg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No.281 made June 25, 1904, for the Lots 10 & 11 of Sec 31, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and Lots 3, 4 and 5 and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd. 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson " " "
Peter Flo " " "
Olof Finberg " " "

June 27 Aug. 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 26, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John G. Skomedal, of Thorwick, Minnesota as one of the heirs of John G. Skamdahl, deceased, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of the claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3379 made Aug., 21st., 1900, for the Lot 5 Section 34, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on Aug., 2nd., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

John W. Dahl, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John O. Espell, " " "
Torbjon Skomedal, " " "
Andrew Jopore, of Thief River Falls, "

june 27 aug 6
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Urie Ruk of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, hasfilednotice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 163 made for the NE¼ Section 31 Township 154 N. Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Schindler " " " " "
Anton Danda " " " " "
Fred Ptacek " " " " "

June 27 Aug. 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ben T. Brokke of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 8653 made Mar., 2nd, 1906, for the SW¼ sec. 16 T. 155 N., R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Aug. 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Paul Quindlog, of Thorwick, Minn.
Thom Bakken, " " "
Daniel Rolnestad " " "
Tarje S. Brokke " " "

june 27 aug 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. 363 made June 28, 1904, for the S. E.¼ Section 23, Township 154 N., R 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota on July 29th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Price, " " "
Alonzo R. George, " " "
Joseph Dachamp, " Germantown, "

june 27 aug 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Dahl of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 61 made June 21st, 1904, for the Lots 12 and 13 and S ½ of S. E. ¼ of Section 1, Township 153 N., Range 43 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Anton G. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole N. [illegible], " " " "
Gunder L. Stenerson, " " " "
John Johnson " " " "

june 27 aug 1
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

THE NEWS, $1
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Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

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DR. DORAN.

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Speciall Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears. Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1907 NUMBER 28

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FORESTRY IN MINNESOTA

Recurrence of Fires Prevented and Much Good Is Done.

National Government Is Pleased With Work Done Here.

Officials of the National Forestry bureau are engaged in frequent out-bursts of exhultation over the results of forestry management in Minnesota, says a Washington dispatch. They lay special claim to good results that have flown from the service in Minnesota, especially in preventing recurrence of forest fires and in opening the way for a restoration of the forests.

The statement issued is based upon a report received from the Minnesota national forest, which shows that the recent rains and progress of spring vegetation have brought to an end the period of danger from the fires for the present season and no serious fires have occured thus far. The condition of the timbered areas is now said to be in impressive contrast with that of timbered lands in the same region where no attempt to practice forestry has been made.

The officials assert that under the ordinary lumbering operations before the forestry policy was adopted the refuse left was scattered over the gronnd, furnishing sufficient fuel for a fire that would leave behind it little if any living growth.

Under the forestry policy all this is changed. The lumberman who buys the timber is compelled by his contract to pile and burn all slash under the supevision of the government officers. With this out of the way, it is comparatively easy to put out fires when they start. The result has been striking.

Everywhere on the national forest the young growth is in pronounced evidence. The bureau officials say that when this young growth has been supplemented by that which the seed trees will provide, a future crop of valuable timber will be growing against the day when the present stand of virgin timber in Minnesota will be exhausted and when Minnesota will be importing lumber at high prices from other regions.

The officials insist that a few years hence the Minnesota national forest will stand as an oasis in the midst of a desert, for with the exception of the comparatively small Itasca state park the only place in the state where any attempt is being made on a considerable scale to secure and protect forest reproduction is in the national forest.

STOLE MONEY.

Room at Ogahmah Hotel Entered Last Saturday Night.

Some unknown person entered the room at the Ogahmah occupied by Herman Swanke and Mark Carmichael and stole from the former $19.50 in cash and from the latter $8.75. The clothes of the two gentlemen were taken into the hall of the hotel, but only money was taken and watches and other articles of value were left untouched. As the door to the room in which the two gentlemen slept was left unlocked it was an easy matter for anyone to gain admission. There is no clew as to who took the money and the thief will probably never be known.

Horses Claimed.

J. K. Merriman arrived in the city last Saturday from North Dakota and claimed the team which George Gray, the horsethief, traded to George Elder for the automobile. Upon being convinced that Merriman was the person he represented himself to be and that the team had been stolen from him, Mr. Elder gave up the team and has now claimed the automobile as his property again.

Same Experience Here.

It is said that the new onethousand dollar bills issued by the United States treasury have the world "thousand" misspelled. Some of the older issues were worse than that. A couple of bills that came into our possession had the world "thousand" omitted entirely.—Staples World.

STOLE TWO MAIL SACKS.

One Mail Sack from the North and One Going North.

Contained Registered Mail and Other Letters—Inspector Here.

Two mail sacks containing letters were stolen from the Soo depot late on the evening of July 4th or early in the morning of July 5th. One sack contaied letters gathered at the Thief River Falls postoffice which were being sent to points north of here on the Soo line and to the Canadian Northwest. In this mail sack was one registered package which had been mailed at some point in Montana and was being sent to a person at Baltic up in Kittson county.

The other sack of letters stolen was from the Canadian Northwest and was for Thief River Falls and postoffices tributary to this city. Just how many registered letters were in this mail pouch the local office is unable to say, but there are as a usual thing three or four.

Stealing mail from the government is a very serious offense and if the guilty party is found it will go hard with him. Inspector W. H. Hughes, of the postoffice department, arrived in the city Monday to investigate the matter.

Drowned at Warroad.

News reached this city Sunday of the drowning of Albert Hedberg of Warroad, cashier of the First State Bank of that place. Hedberg, who is one of the most prominent business men of northern Minnesota, was bathing in the Lake of the woods. He was taken with cramp and before help could reach him he was dead. He was a young man and had won the esteem and confidence of the people of all Roseau county. There is a splendid bathing beach just east of Warroad in the Lake of the Woods and several people were in bathing at the time of the accident.

ASKS BIG DAMAGES.

Charles W. Latta Wants $15,000 from Plummer Business Men.

A Civil Action for This Amount Has Been Started.

Papers were served at Plummer last week in the action for damages in the sum of $15,000 wherein Charles W. Latta, publisher of the Plummer Pioneer and postmaster seeks to recover from Julius Pleth, Henry J. Enderle and A. Alrick real estate dealer, cashier of the First State bank and a merchant respectively.

The action is the outcome of a local difficulty between business men at Plummer and the editor-postmaster and the complaint charges that the defendants entered into a conspiracy to ruin the plaintiff by boycotting his paper and the postoffice and that they induced others to join with them in such a boycott.

The boycott of the paper was started on March 1 and on April 1 it was extended to the postoffice, the defendants and others mailing their letters on the trains and at other postoffices. The Plummer postoffice is a fourth-class office and the postmaster's compensation is governed by the number of stamps canceled. When the office was boycotted, the postmaster complained to the department, with the result that late in May the mail cars on the trains were closed, which resulted in the boycotters being forced to mail their letters at the postoffice.

The bringing of this suit has created quite a sensation at and in the vicinity of Plummer. Of course everyone knows what Pleth has done to build up Plummer, but everyone does not know what Pleth has done to build up Latta who is now sueing him for $5,000. A gentleman from Plummer who was in the city recently furnishes the following information regarding the matter:

Mr. Latta was brought to Plummer in the fall of 1905 by Mr. Pleth, who bought a lot, erected a building and purchased a printing outfit, placing Mr. Latta in charge and paying him a good salary. In a very short time Mr. Pleth had in the neighborhood of $2000 invested in the plant and on the 28th of January he sold the plant to Mr. Latta's father-in-law for $1,250, thereby losing in the neighborhood of $800. Even after Mr. Pleth sold out all of his interests in the plant, he continued to be its main support and through the influence of Mr. Pleth and his friends Mr. Latta was appointed postmaster of Plummer. Not only that, but Mr. Pleth loaned Latta the money with which to buy the postoffice fixtures.

The break between Latta and Pleth resulted from the abusive articles Latta published in his paper regarding William Lauretzon, buttermaker for the Plummer creamery. Pleth is very much interested in developing the country tributary to Plummer and recognizes the value of the creamery. Mr. Lauretzon, the buttermaker, is one of the best in the state, but owing to the fact that he is very strict regarding the manner in which cream is brought to the creamery he made some enemies among the patrons of this institution. Mr. Latta, who had a personal grevience against Mr. Lauretzon, took advantage of this situation and in his paper published many roasts for the buttermaker. All this had a tendency to disorganize rather than build up one of the important institutions of the village and it was an easy matter to see that if Latta continued in his attacks, great harm would be done. Accordingly a meeting of the business men of the village was held to consider the matter and Mr. Latta was invited to attend the meeting. He was told that he must stop his attacks upon Mr. Lauretzon or suffer a loss of patronage of the business interests of the town. This he refused to do and the result is that he has been boycotted. Since that time the Pioneer has contained many attacks upon prominent business men of Plummer and while he has gained the sympathy of some outside residents, at home he is very cordially hated.

"Why" said a resident of Plummer to the News this week, "he has not one friend in the entire village today. Does that look as if he were in the right? You cannot call the present conditions down there a boycott. The people of Plummer simply don't like Charlie Latta and never will. That is why they are refusing to give him any business and they will continue to refuse to do business with him even if he brings a suit against every man in the village."

The Norris & Rowe circus will exhibit in Thief River Falls on Friday, August 2. This show is at Winnipeg and comes to Thief River Falls over the Soo line.

DRAINAGE NEEDED.

Would Increase Value of Public Lands Over $2,500,000,000.

Those who are beginning to think, in view of the rapid increase of the population of this country, of the time when overcrowding will be a problem to be met with and solved, should turn their attention to the resources till remaining in waste areas, which are yet to be reclaimed by the twin remedies of irrigation and drainage, says the Duluth Herald.

Of the wastes needing irrigation this part of the country knows little by actual experience, but of those needing drainage it knows much, and that the public sentiment on the subject has reached something more tangible than mere theorizing is evident from the fact that the late legislature appropriated $100,000 to be used in drainage of state lands. This is regarded as merely a start, and it is to be followed by much larger investments of state funds in this most profitable enterprise.

A *correspondent of the Herald in* Washington, in an interesting article, speculates on what drainage is going to mean to this country. He finds that in the whole country there are more than 60,000,000 acres of swamp or overflowed lands, most of which can be made available for agriculture by drainage.

The correspondent supposes, for purpose of argument, that only half of this area is susceptible of redemption by drainage, and then goes into figures to show what this will mean.

It would involve the drainage of 25,000,000 acres of these swamps and that would mean that the land values of the country would be increased by more than $2,500,000,000. This would be nearly all clear gain, aside from the comparatively small cost of drainage, for these lands are now practically worthless.

The crop values of these sections could be increased by more than $750,000,000 annually. If it were possible to subdivide this enormous area into 40-acre farms it would supply 1,250,000 families with homes, and would put 6,000,000 people upon lands that are now idle and worthless.

Each of these families would spend $2,000 in houses and equipment for their farms, which would cause the expenditure on the waste lands of today of more than $2,500,000,000. An average family of five would spend $600 a year, and this would mean to the business interests of the country an increased trade of $750,000,000.

This is a fair showing of what drainage means to the nation. It means in proportion just as much to Minnesota, and particularly to Northern Minnesota, with its thousands of acres of swamp lands.

These figures show what a splendid opening for investment of state funds drainage offers in Minnesota and prove that their expenditure in this important work is excellent public policy.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

ANOTHER CALL MADE

County Commissioners Again Called to meet by Auditor.

Will Be Given Another Chance to stay Away or Do Their Duty.

Again will the county commissioners have an opportunity to meet—without being mandamussed—and consider the county seat removal petition which is signed by 2342 legal voters of Red Lake county. A legal notice is published in another column signed by County Auditor O'Brien calling the board to meet on Monday, July 29, to consider the petition. It may have been by accident that three of the county commissioners failed to meet at the last call—yet most of the residents of the county believe it was not. In any event these three county commissioners will be again given an opportunity to meet and consider this petition and if they refuse the second time, some action will be taken that will not be to the liking of the county commissioners who are not present.

If there is any law whereby three county commissioners can over-ride the will of a large majority of the residents of Red Lake county for any length of time, it is about time that we find it out. If they do not recognize the trust the people has placed in them; if they disregard the sworn oath they took to do their duty, if they have not enough regard for the will of two-thirds of the residents of Red Lake county to do their duty, then it is time that severe measures are adopted by the men who have charge of the fight for Thief River Falls.

Paper From Cornstalks

It is reported from Berlin that an engineer named Drewsen has invented a process by which all kinds of paper can be made from cornstalks.

The new process provides for the removal of the outside covering and the making of the marrow into a pulp, with which paper of the finest quality can be manufactured, it is said at cost much lower than by the wood pulp process at present in use.

Owing to the large quantity of corn raised in every country of the world it is predicted that the new process will provide the world with all the paper it needs if the supply of wood should become exhausted.

Attention.

Monday evening July 15th at 8 o'clock sharp, a religious meeting will be held at the Swedish mission church on the east side when Rev. Bjorkgvist, district missionary and Rev. Ekstrom of Karlstad will preach. The public is cordially invited to attend.

You May Think We Advise You to Buy

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes because they're more profitable to us.

You're right; they are. It isn't that we make so much money profit on them; we count the good-quality reputation they make, the benefit we get in satisfied customers, the gratification we feel in selling good goods.

But more than that; there's your profit; you get the clothes; you make as much as we do; mayby more.

Better buy Hart & Marx clothes; they pay.

The Golden Rule Department Store

Crossett Shoes Gorden Hats.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

OVER 800 BOYS' SUITS

GOING AT COST.

Everything in Boys' and Youths' clothing, suits, hats, caps, shoes, shirts---in fact everything in the line of wearing apparel---from now until everything in this department is sold out. Sale now on.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

Amundson & Kenison, Props.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press [illegible] and

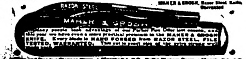

MAHER & GROSH

CONDITIONS OUT WEST

Prominent Fosston Man Tells of the Situation as He Sees It.

Says Prices Are High and Its an Expensive Place to live

C. S. Yaeger has just returned to Fosston from a trip through Montana, Idaho, Washington and British Columbia, where he made a careful and intelligent study of conditions, and has reached the conclusion that Minnesota is the best place after all. He says that the reports of the Western country sent to this state are highly colored; that persons who intend to change their place of residence with a view of going West should first go out on a tour of personal investigation.

The Western country, although it has its advantages, is not the land of milk and honey that it is pictured to be by real estate manipulators, who are exercising every effort to stimulate immigration. It is a fact that lumber, which abounds in unlimited quantities, is equal in price to that sold in this part of the country; that fruit, which is grown there on a most extensive scale, is just as expensive as it is here.

The price of all commodities and labor are unusually high, so that a man's income must be large in order to make two ends meet. By the practise of only the strictest economy are the possibilities for making money in the West as great as in Minnesota.

To give an idea of the activity of the real estate men, it is a fact that no sooner has a man arrived in the West and registered at a hotel than he is spied out and deluged with literature containing glowing glowing misrepresentations of the Western country.

MUSTN'T SELL BAD EGGS.

Over Ripe Hen Fruit Placed Under Ban by Food Commissioner.

Anyone selling spoiled eggs or keeping them for sale hereafter will be liable to a fine of $50. E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, has ruled that bad eggs come under the new law prohibiting the sale of decayed or unwholesome substances as food and copies of the ruling will be sent broadcast as soon as it is formulated, says the Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Mr. Slater has conferred with produce dealers, and explained the provision of the law. They all expressed willingness to obey it, but contended that the authorities would have to help protect them from country dealers and producers who sell and ship them, knowing them to be bad. The law will be enforced against the poultry raisers as well as against dealers.

Spoiled eggs are often mixed with chemicals that take out the odor, and used for cheap cakes, but such a practice will be dangerous hereafter.

The retail dealer is seldom at fault for selling stale eggs. Under present conditions in Alexandria at least no dealer keeps a stock of eggs in his store long enough to become stale. They are either shipped or taken regularly by the North American Storage company, mostly the latter. The merchant is frequently victimized and stands to lose on eggs, whether sold to customers or to the storage company. The fault lies in so many people gathering eggs only once or twice a week or perhaps when they want to market them.

In this connection a good story was told several years ago by an Alexandria merchant who bought a pail of eggs of a customer and when the eggs were examined a large percentage of them were found to be hard boiled. There was no question of those eggs keeping.

A Peculiar Case.

On Friday of last week a somewhat unusual case was tried before Judge Gullingerud in Justice court here. It was a replevin action brought by M. O. Sortedahl, of Red Lake Falls to get possession of a couple of fine plants which have been adorning the Plummer creamery and which the buttermaker, Wm. Lauritzon, considered his property.

It seems that the plants were originally purchased and paid for by Sortedahl from Mrs. Thelander at the time of her auction sale in the spring of 1903. At that time the plants were left in the possession of Mrs. Thelander and she sold them again to Mr. Lauritzen. About three weeks ago Mr. Sortedahl came to Plummer and called at the creamery to see about getting the plants. They were refused and in the course of the argument it seems he was ordered out of the creamery by the buttermaker. Suit was then brought to recover possession of the property and as stated the case was tried last Friday. The court took the case under advisement and handed down his decision on Saturday dismissing the action. Mr. Sortedahl has taken an appeal to the district court.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to Place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

RED LAKE PAPERS.

The Gazette and Courier Consolidate With John King as Owner.

Crookston Times: One of the most important newspaper transfers of the year in the northern part of the state took place yesterday when the Red Lake Falls Courier and the Red Lake Falls Gazette were consolidated and will hereafter be known as the Red Lake Falls Gazette Mr. King, who is the state librarian, and who has owned the Courier for a long time, purchased the subscription list and the good will of the Gazette man, Mr. F. R. Creglow, and will continue to run the papers, although he retains the name of the paper which he bought out and abandons the name of his own paper. Mr. Creglow retains his printing outfit and will remove it to some other town, although he has not yet decided on a location.

F. S. Halslett, who has been running Mr. King's paper, will continue his position of managing editor and business manager of the consolidated papers.

Farmers Hold Meeting.

A big crowd of farmers attended the mass meeting held Friday last to take action upon the railroad situation. Hon. O. B. Ekman presided. Quite a number of speeches were made by the tillers of the soil and the sentiment was general that something should be done to urge the extension of the railroad from Greenbush east to Roseau and Warroad. A committee was named to prepare suitable resolutions which were later passed and will be presented to the Great Northern officials by a delegation consisting of Oluf Elshen, Sven E. Ole and L. O. Peterson, all prominent farmers and large landholders. These gentlemen will proceed to St. Paul in due time and confer with the G. N. and also with the Soo officials. What was accomplished by the meeting is a matter of conjecture, but it is certain that some action will be taken.—Roseau Region.

Big Business.

The following is a statement of business transacted at the U. S. Land office in Crookston for the quarter ending June 30 1907:

Sales of public lands..........	$ 1371.00
Sales of Chippewa lands......	11332.5[illegible]
Sales of Red Lake lands......	24201.95
Fees and commissions earned.	4176.31
	$41,431.85

This is an increase of $1000.00 over the preceding quarter.

Our Very Best People

Insist on having just what they ask for. "Just as Good" will not suffice, as substitution is the annihilator of confidence. When the most discriminating order beer for their luncheon, it is always

Gund's Peerless Beer

Men of well-balanced minds and keen perceptions are aware that they *must* eat and drink *right* in order to daily restore within themselves the continuous nervous and organic waste of body and mind. Medical science knows of nothing that accomplishes this as well as a pure barley malt and hop brew.

Peerless Beer has won highest awards of both hemispheres. A favorite and ideal home beer. Sold everywhere. Order a case today if you want something better than the average brew.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK
September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildidgs, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000, offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2.

STATE

Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Air Ship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of Jericho," Magnificent Pyrotechic Spectacle Each Night.

FAIR

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CELEBRATION QUITE SIMLPE

How King Oscar and Queen Sophia Observed Their Golden Wedding Anniversary.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's golden wedding anniversary was, to say the least, a quiet affair. Many people were disappointed because of this, but the old king wisely decided that there should be no unnecessary festivitiess. Says a Stockholm correspondent: "The health of the aged king did not permit him to take part in any public functions of exacting character, and the queen has never been a friend of public functions, having lived a retired life for many years. The announced royal visitors from abroad therefore did not arrive, and the whole affair took on a more private character. The only real celebration took place in the principal church in Stockholm, Storkyrkan (great church), which is situated close to the royal palace, and here the king, the queen and the whole royal family attended by the entire court and surrounded by high officials of state, took part in a special service wherein the archbishop and several other high dignitaries of the church officiated. Afterward the whole royal family took a short drive in great state, escorted by the horse guards, through some of the principal thoroughfares, which were lined with troops and crowded with cheering masses. The drive over, the king stepped out on the balcony on the front of the palace with the queen by his side and received a tremendous ovation. The king even went so far as to make a short speech, thanking the people, and it was remarkable to notice that in spite of everything his voice had almost its old strength."

A large number of the Swedish papers have been devoting much space to the rumored engagement of Prince Wilhelm, the second son of the crown prince, who is at present in St. Petersburg, to the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna. This young princess—she has just reached 17—is the daughter of the Grand Duke Paul, who is an uncle of the czar. Her mother, Princess Alexandra, a daughter of King George of Greece, died about fifteen years ago. The young princess has been educated mostly in Paris. The explanation of why this rumor had suddenly arisen is that the news of Prince Wilhelm's journey to the Russian court only transpired after he had gone. A secret journey like that always gives rise to speculations. Impossible, of course, it is not, but if it proves true, the betrothal can not be regarded as having any political importance. Prince Wilhelm will embark within a few days for his American tour. His fiancee, the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna, will receive an income from a dower of 200,000 rubles (about $100,000). In addition she will receive a large fortune from the Grand Duchess Sergius.

The following communication accompanied by a draft of 100,000 crowns was sent to the Central Association for Social Progress: "To the executive committee of the central association: Appreciating the great importance of social and philanthropic progress in our land, we desire to show our deep interest and sympathy and we therefore submit as a gift $100,000 crowns for this worthy purpose. Our wish is that this sum shall be known as a special fund, the interest of which shall go to the maintenance of the organization. Should it be deemed necessary that a part of this sum, not more than 20 per cent., shall be devoted to some other worthy cause, the central association shall inform either one of us and if after our death, the then reigning monarch." The communication was signed by King Oscar and Queen Sofia.

The East Asiatic Steamship company passed with surprising rapidity from the dim realm of speculation to a tangible reality, thanks to the riksdag, which authorized a loan of $500,000 to the company. An equal amount will be raised as capital stock. The first steamer of the company will leave for the east in July.

The new prince, who arrived June 7, will be known as the duke of Upland. The young prince had not been in this world many hours before he received his name, as is the custom with princes. He is from now on Sigward, Oscar Frederick, duke of Upland, and is to be called Sigward, which is really an old Icelandic name.

Some emigration agents are said to be crowding their business with a vigor that is not for the best interests of the country and the emigrants, and the government is endeavoring to check the activity of those agents who promise more to the emigrants than they can fulfill.

Mme. Anna Hellstrom, the well known Swedish opera star, who made such a successful American tour last year, has been married to Herr Martin Oscar. She received a divorce from her former husband last year.

Mme Betty Nansen, the wife of Dr. Nansen, at present Norway's minister to London, has been awarded "liter et artibus" by order of the king.

King Oscar went to Marstrand summer resort July 1 for a month. Queen Sofia will pass the summer at Eriksberg palace, near Norrkoking.

There were 24,001 school children registered in the Stockholm public schools during the year of 1906. This year there were over 25,000.

The population of Stockholm during the latter part of December was, according to the official count, 324,488.

Adelina Patti, the Baroness Cederstrom, has arrived in Stockholm and is a quest at Grand hotel.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The latest decision of the Norwegian storthing, by which the ballot will be given to 300,000 Norwegian women, including for them the right to become members of the Norwegian parliament has caused no end of comment throughout the country. The following extract from a letter of the Norwegian correspondent, S. C. Hammer, to the Minneapolis Journal, explains the bill passed in full: "The Norwegian storthing at a sitting June 15 passed a bill on woman suffrage by which the number of electors will be increased by 300,000. By this decision Norwegian women who have a yearly income of 400 kronor (about $100) in town, or 800 kronor in the country, or are married to men who have such incomes, can vote and be elected at the general elections for the storthing. A proposal that women should receive universal suffrage as is the case with men, was rejected, and the bill passed in conformity with the rules laid down in the woman suffrage municipal ty bill passed some years ago. The question of woman suffrage was raised in Norway in 1886, at a time when men had not yet obtained universal suffrage. A proposal that women should obtain suffrage on the same conditions as men then enjoyed received forty-four votes, while fifteen members of the storthing voted for introducing universal suffrage for women and men at once. After this honorable defeat, the question of suffrage for women has never been dropped, and year by year it has increased in strength. In 1895, for instance, a proposal of universal suffrage for women obtained thirty-three votes in the storthing. In 1901 women obtained suffrage in municipal affairs, the qualification being put down at 400 kronor a year in town and 300 kroner in the country for unmarried women and for those who are married to men having the said income. As the storthing wanted to obtain some experience as to this reform, the woman's suffrage bill (in state affairs) was put off for some time. The satisfactory way in which women have used their municipal suffrage and their patriotic position in 1905 when they pronounced their approval of the dissolution of the union with Sweden by a private vote which showed a total of about 278,000, have at last paved the way for the reform. The bill was passed by 93 votes against 25, two being absent. The galleries of the storthing were filled with women who, on the president's announcement of the vote, broke forth in cheers, which were, however, speedily stopped by the president's gavel. All the women's societies are naturally enraptured and congratulatory telegrams and meetings are everywhere reported."

The Norwegian-American singing society "Dovre," which has given a series of successful concerts in Christiania, serenaded King Haakon a week ago last Monday evening at the Victoria villa. The king thanked them very cordially in a neat little speech.

The Normandsforbund, comprising Norwegians all over the world, was organized in Christiania last Friday evening. The society already has 40,000 members and 300 branch societies. Storthing's President Berner was chosen chairman of the organization.

The storthing during its last session voted $100,000 for the purchase of waterfalls in Numedalen. This will prove to be a great business impetus for this section of the country.

Hotel Victoria of Stavanger has been sold to Hans Nilsen for 293,000 crowns. It will now be completely renovated and will be reopened in the near future as a tourist hotel.

Mme. Magna Lykseth-Schervenp, the Norwegian prima donna, has received the "literis et artibus" decoration from King Oscar.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says the Politiken: "Governor General Gerhard is in favor of enacting laws against praising unlawful deeds, which is not punishable at the present time. For this purpose he has asked for advice from the procurator, who has drawn up an opinion on the matter, explaining that at the time of the enactment of the penal law such expressions were extremely rare in Finland, and in case they were intended for publication they were suppressed by the press censors. The procurator further states that most of the modern penal laws of other countries expressly prohibit the praising of lawless deeds, and he finally says that he agrees with the governor general that the laws of Finland might well be completed in this respect."

Danish students are beginning to imitate our energetic American students. This summer we find many of them seeking employment out in the country as farm hands, assisting in the haying etc. Formerly it used to be considered beneath the dignity of a Danish student to work in the meadow or the harvest field.

A telegram from the Danish capital states that a rumor is afloat announcing the engagement of Princess Thyra to Emperor William's third son, Prince Adelbert.

MARION & NORELIUS.

TWO GIRLS DROWNED

Mischievous Boy Pushes Raft Into Deep Water and It Upsets.

AUTO GOES OVER BLUFF

Five Minneapolis People Injured, One Probably Fatally—General State News.

Three girls while bathing in Redwood lake at Redwood Falls were "teased" by a boy, with the result that two of them were drowned. Those who lost their lives were Sibel Hughes and Margaret Yackel, both thirteen years old.

With Susie Lauterbach they were playing on a raft when a mischievous boy approached and pushed the raft into deep water, where it was upset. Susie succeeded in reaching the shore and Sibel, who was a good swimmer, tried heroically to save the Yackel girl, but they sank.

Within fifteen minutes men called to the scene of the tragedy had recovered the bodies by diving into the lake, but all attempts to revive the girls were without result.

Sibel Hughes was the only daughter of George Hughes, editor of the Redwood Falls Echo.

AUTO GOES OVER BLUFF.

Five Minneapolis People Injured, One Probably Fatally.

Five Minneapolis people in an automobile were precipitated over a 200-foot embankment on the river boulevard near Marshall avenue, St. Paul. Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smith and C. F. Williams were in the automobile, Dr. Nichols being at the wheel.

Dr. Nichols was thrown all the way down the embankment and is the most seriously hurt, his injuries being such that he may die. The other four occupants jumped and rolled part way down the bluff.

The machine balked and Dr. Nichols got out to fix the defect. When everything was righted he started the auto and the machine shot quickly forward, getting beyond control. A short way ahead there was a sharp turn in the road. Dr. Nichols tried to reverse the machine, but could not control the mechanism and the big auto dashed over the ledge of the bluff. Dr. Nichols clung to the steering wheel and was carried in the machine clear to the foot of the embankment, while the others, who jumped, fell in different directions and rolled part way down the hill.

Dr. Nichols was unconscious when aid reached him, his clothing torn to shreds, while blood flowed from a dozen wounds. Mr. and Mrs. Smith were severely bruised and sustained each several painful cuts about the face and head. C. F. Williams was cut in several places and may be internally hurt. Mrs. Nichols was bruised and sustained several wounds, but escaped more lightly than any of the others.

FIGHT HOUR SENTENCE.

Attorneys Will Appeal Decision in Rate Case.

Judge C. P. Carpenter of the municipal court of Northfield has sustained the position of the state that the federal court is without jurisdiction in the action brought against L. O. Olson, station agent of the Milwaukee road in that city, and found Mr. Olson guilty of violating the state's new commodity rate law and sentenced him to spend an hour in the county jail.

At the trial of the case earlier in the week Olson admitted that he had charged $2 a ton on a carload of coal shipped from Duluth to Northfield, whereas the distance tariff rate is but $1.42 a ton. The complaint was made by the Manhart Lumber company.

The attorneys for Olson and the railway company will take steps at once to appeal the case, contending that, under the injunction of the federal court, the railway company was barred from putting the low rates into effect.

WHOLE FAMILY POISONED

Seven St. Paul People Made Ill by Canned Salmon.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Miller of West St. Paul and their five daughters, Mrs. Minnie McHale, Polly, Emma, Martha and Edith Miller, were poisoned by eating canned salmon. The father and three of the daughters are seriously ill. Three of the girls were taken to the city hospital in the police ambulance. Those taken to the hospital are Polly, Emma and Edith and the latter, the youngest, is said to be in a critical condition.

Gnats Kill Horses and Chicks.

Reports received from different sections of Blue Earth county are to the effect that the gnats which hover over the country in clouds are killing fowls by the score. One farmer living near Lake Crystal reports that eighty of his chickens were killed by the pests. Another farmer says he has lost two horses through the activity of the diminutive flies.

Bad Fire in Minneapolis.

Fire gutted the building occupied by Morrison & Co's hardware store at Minneapolis, doing damage to contents and building to the amount of $150,000. Damage to the amount of about $50,000 was done to the stock of the Leader department store adjoining.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDERTAKING.

H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

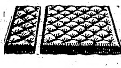

MATTRESSES---We have them from the cheapest to the best cotton top bound mattress at $2.50

This couch in Boston leather only $5.90

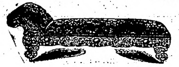

Iron bed, supported springs and cotton top bound mattress at $6.95

And if you want cheaper, we have them. Complete bed and springs and mattress for $4.95. This set at $4.95 is F. O. B Chicago.

We have also a few genuine mahogney dressing tables, a factory close out, worth regularly, $16, our special price, $11.75.

Ask for McKinley music catalogue of 10c music. We have 50c music for 10c.

The Greater Norris & Rowe Circus

100 CIRCUS CHAMPIONS AND CELEBRITIES 100

22 FAMOUS EQUESTRIANS
18 Daring Aerialists
23 MERRY CLOWNS

THE BEAUTIFUL Le Fleur Troupe
10 Lovely Ladies of Faultless Form in Classic Poses on a Great Revolving Pedestal.

11 Arabian Tumblers

Celebrated Stirk (10) Family
America's Greatest Cyclists and Roller Skaters

10 Reckless Rough Riders
100 SHETLAND PONY BALLET

Marvelous Picards
Aerialists Supreme

7 Russian Cossacks

SUPERB GARLAND ENTREE

42 DOUBLE LENGTH R. R. CARS
500 PEOPLE
350 HORSES
MUSEUM
Double Menagerie
Real Roman Hippodrome
Scores of Trained Wild Beasts

Pretty EDNA MARETTA
The Only Lady in the Entire World who throws SOMERSAULTS on the Naked Back of a Swiftly Running Horse.

Thundering Roman Chariot Races
Educated SEALS & SEA LIONS
A COMPLETE JAPANESE CIRCUS
9 SENSATIONAL EQUILIBRISTS
Only Lady Japanese Artists in America
20 Astonishing Acrobats
HIGHEST JUMPING HORSES
HERDS of PERFORMING ELEPHANTS
CAMELS, LLAMAS AND BOS INDICUS
CAKE WALKING HORSES
TRAINED IMPORTED ARABIAN STALLIONS

Grand STREET PARADE 10:30 DAILY

Thief River Falls, Friday August 2nd.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 11, 1907.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office signed by legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand three hundred and forty-two, praying that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed to the city of Thief River Falls in said county, and that a special meeting of the county board will be held at the court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Monday, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

Dated July 9th, 1907.

(Seal) John B. O'Brien
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Here Is the Law.

509. Neglect of Duty---Every member of county board who shall neglect or omit to discharge any of the duties imposed by law shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars. 738

Talking about the chinese and other foreigners who make money in this country and take it away with them, what do you think of William Waldorf Astor the self-expatriated American, collecting rents in New York, and dividing, as he did the other day, $50,000 among four London charities?, inquires an exchange.

A dispatch from Winnipeg, says: "Grain men and those who have been traveling thru western Canada the past few days come to the conclusion that the wheat crop this year will be a failure. There are chances for a crop yet, but it cannot be a bumper one. As with wheat not yet in the short blade at the end of June, a heavy crop could not ripen before frost comes. Harvest cannot begin here till Sept. 10.

The Minneapolis Journal says that "The earnings of the Great Northern for the month of May and June break all previous records. June receipts promise to show an increase of more than $1,000,000, and will run something like 25 Per cent a head of June last year. This will bring the total earnings of the year up to about 56,000,000, probably somewhat more, not including the earnings of certain proprietary lines. All of this means that the Great Northern is in a position to show a surplus for its stockholders this year of more than $22,000,000 or say 15 per cent on $150,000,000 of preferred stock outstanding."

A Chicago dispatch to the Minneapolis Journal says that "political movements are going forward which portend a line-up of the anti-Byran forces in the national convention of 1908 behind Johnson. This information was learned on high authority following a discussion by Chicago politicians of the Pennsylvania state convention in declining to take up a resolution indorsing William Jennings Bryan for the presidential nomination. The reports also follows a conference of Richard O'Connor, of St. Paul, close ally of Governor Johnson, and Roger C. Sullivan, conservative democrat and leader of his party in Ilinois. "When the time comes," said a democrat whose source of information is of the best, "the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois will be in line for the man from Minnesota. Democarts who want to win are getting behind Johnson. There is not much doing on the surface just now, but the work of organization is in progress."

New Constitutional Amendments.

Four constitutional amendments were submitted by the late legislature for the approval of the voters of Minnesota at the next general election.

The first amendment passed by the legislature is the wide-open tax amendment which is re-submitted, in the same form as last year, with a clause added, which makes it absolutely certain that church property is exempt from taxation only when "used for religious purposes." If the pending contest fails, there will be no need to pass the new amendment, but if the steel interests succeed in knocking out the amendment that was passed last fall, the new one will be an overshadowing issue in the campaign.

There is also a new good roads amendment. The one declared defeated last fall raised the limit on direct levy for road and bridge purposes from 1 20 to ½ of a mill, and cut out of the constitution all reference to the state highway commission. The new one to be submitted puts no limit at all upon the amount the legislature may fix as a tax levy.

The third amendment was submitted by the Sundberg bill, by which the state is to be authorized to go into the hail insurance business. The amendment allows the legislature to provide a system under control of the state auditor, by which farmers may go involuntarily and pay an acreage tax to provide the fund to meet losses. Such a state wide plan, guaranteed by state authority, would furnish much greater security to farmers, and at a low cost.

The case bill, passed by the senate in its closing hours, submits an amendment to section 7, of article 7, relating to qualifications for office, so that county superintendent of schools shall be required to have educational qualifications, to be determined by the legislature.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took *Scott's Emulsion.*
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

1 Mr. Jenkins Washes Dishes.
2 All for a necklace.
3 Runaway Moving Van.
4 The Runaway Sleighbells.
Illustrated Song. We have no one to care for us now.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'clock.
Sabbath School at 10 o'clock.
Sabbath evening worship at 8 o'clock.

Prayer meeting in the church every Thursday evening. We will observe the *communion of the Lord's supper in the* morning worship July 21st.

The pastor expects to be away for a few weeks, beginning July 22nd.

We welcome all to our church,
F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Samp and How to Cook It.

Samp is one of the most delicious and appetizing of all corn products or by-products.

Give us the bowl of samp and milk
By homespun beauty poured!

So sang Whittier. Whittier didn't know how to eat. He lived on air. The very suggestion of milk with samp is nauseating. It is worse than mush and milk and grits and cream. Roger Williams knew all about samp, and this is how he had it cooked: Crack the corn into about four pieces to the grain. Soak it all night in water. Skim off the skims which float in water. Boil on a slow fire until tender, with a piece of salt pork in the pot. When the water is dried out, introduce some good butter, some salt and pepper and serve hot. The Indians of Massachusetts used any kind of fresh meat for a flavoring and called the dish "saupac." You may have all your oatmeal, hominy, grits, mush, meal, polenta, etc., but let me have the samp—when I can't get "lye hominy."—New York Press.

The Old English Dames' Schools.

The descriptions of some of the dames' and other schools of the early part of the nineteenth century are exceedingly interesting. Many of these ancient teachers were unable to write an intelligent answer to a simple question. One on being asked as to the terms on which she gave instruction replied: "Not understanding the question, I answer thus: With a view of reading the Bible." We have the authority of the late Lord Shaftesbury for the statement that one of these poor creatures, being asked if she gave moral instruction to her scholars, replied, "No, I can't afford it at 3 shillings a week." A more amusing answer, however, was that of the teacher who was asked whether proper attention was paid to the morals of the boys under his care. His answer was that "they did not teach morals there, as they belonged to the girls' department."—Westminster Gazette.

The Goat's Change of Faith.

Near a small Baptist church not far out of the city there lives an old Irishman who keeps a goat. One day, finding the church door open, the goat wandered inside and browsed around among cushions and books, much to the detriment of those articles. The pastor chanced to catch the animal at his mischief and lost no time in going to the owner to complain. "You will have to keep that goat tied up," began the minister. "He went into my church just now and"— But we was allowed to proceed no further. The old Irishman held up both hands in amazement. "Wint into your church, did he? Thin I can't be responsible for him no more, th' ongrateful baste. If that goat has turned Protestant I wash me hands of him."—New York Times.

A Rebuff For Dr. Johnson.

Dr. Johnson called one morning on Benjamin West to converse with him on American affairs. After some time Mr. West said that he had a young American (Gilbert Stuart) living with him, from whom he might derive some information, and introduced Stuart. The conversation continued (Stuart being thus invited to take a part in it), when the doctor observed to Mr. West that the young man spoke very good English and, turning to Stuart, rudely asked him where he had learned it. Stuart very promptly replied: "Sir, I can better tell you where I did not learn it. It was not from your dictionary."

An Egg In a Bottle.

A chemist has discovered a simple means of getting an egg (with unbroken shell) into a bottle of, say, the ordinary kind, used for ginger ale. All you have to do is to soak a boiled egg in vinegar for three days. The shell becomes so soft that it can easily be forced through the narrow aperture of the bottle. And once it is inside if it is soaked in water for a little while the eggshell resumes its original hardness—and there you are!

Subscribe for the News.

MAKING SOAP.

The Modern Process Much Like the Old Time Method.

Our great-grandmothers used to make their own soap by the following process: A barrel was raised off the ground sufficiently high to allow a tub to be placed under it, and the bottom of the barrel was perforated with small holes. It was then filled with wood ashes, and now and then a bucket of water was thrown on them, which found its way into the tub beneath. As the water percolated through the ashes it dissolved the potash and soda which are always found in the ashes of plants, and thus a solution was attained which was put into an iron boiler with a quantity of grease fat and *the mixture boiled* for an hour or longer. Salt was then added, and as the mixture cooled a solid layer of curd soap solidified on the top of the water.

The modern process of soap making is practically identical, only instead of ashes a weak solution of caustic soda or lye is used. Fats and oils are boiled along with this lye, and the mixture is kept constantly agitated. As the temperature increases stronger lye is used until the operation is completed. Salt is then added, and as soap is insoluble in salt water it rises to the top of the soda liquor. The lye is then run off and a fresh solution of soda added, after which the soap is again boiled. The boilers are then left for several hours to allow impurities to settle, and the soap is finally run off into molds and cut into bars.

Fancy soaps are generally made by remelting ordinary soap and adding coloring matter and perfumes.

Glycerin is an important byproduct of soap making. Mostly all fats consist of glycerin and stearic acid. When they are boiled with soda the soda extracts the stearic acid from the glycerin, and the latter is run off with the soda liquor when the first boiling is completed, but it is subsequently recovered by distillation.—Minneapolis Journal.

Thought He Was a Butter Expert.

At a party the hostess said to a guest: "I want you to entertain Mr. Blank a little. He looks bored to death. I will introduce him, and you must try to amuse him. You know his strong point is butter, on which he has written a book."

The lady guest graciously undertook the task of entertaining the man, inwardly wondering that he should be so interested in butter—of which she knew very little—when his face indicated a mind given to much profound thinking.

However, with butter in view, she began on the weather, gradually got to the country, then on to a farm, from that to cows and at last to butter. The man looked more bored than ever, the magic word butter producing not the slightest effect, and he left her somewhat abruptly and soon withdrew from the house.

"I did my best," she explained to the hostess. "I went through agonies to prove that I was deeply interested in butter, but it was all in vain."

"Butter!" exclaimed the hostess. "What possessed you to talk to that man, of all men, on butter? I told you he had just written a book on Buddha, and I knew how deeply you two were interested in the same subject."

And they said in chorus, "Gracious!" —Strand Magazine.

Two Seasons' Hauls.

A slow smile spread over the face of Amos Rudd as he prepared, with his usual deliberation, to answer the question of the newcomer from Massachusetts.

"Yes, I do considdable teaming, first and last," he said cheerfully. "It ain' logs in winter an' city folks in summer, an' I don't know which is the hardest work."

"Why, you have to do heavy lifting with logs, of course," said the young person from Massachusetts, with some indignation. "That must be a great deal harder than just carrying people to and from the hotel and taking them to drive, as your wife told me you did."

"She don't go," remarked Mr. Rudd in a casual tone. "And not being an eyewitness of any of the performances she's no proper judge. The logs are hefty, it's true, but once get 'em on an' there they are. I've never known 'em to squirm around, lean all to one side till they most upset the gearing or ketch me by the sleeve for the sake of a mess o' roadside bloom.

"I've weighed my two occupations in my mind off an' on a good many times, an' I'm not yet prepared to say which of 'em takes the most wear out of me—no, ma'am!"—Youth's Companion.

Able For the Rest.

"William, were you ever whipped at school?" queried the visitor.

"Only by the teacher," was the rather significant reply.—Chicago News.

The population of the world averages 100 women to every 100 men.

Subscribe for the News.

THE BREAKDOWN GANG

Quick and Hard Work When a Railroad Smashup Comes.

THE ROUGH AND READY CREW.

They Board the Wreck Special and Are Speeded to the Scene of the Accident—The Rush, the Peril and the Difficulty of the Work They Do.

Did you ever hear of the minutemen of the breakdown gang—the fellows who are the rough and readies of the line? In the roundhouse or repair shop you see them hammering, riveting, perhaps running the drill press or plate cutter. Then in rushes the call boy. Not stopping to get out of jumper and overalls, but grabbing their caps, off they run to the wrecker.

A bowlder fell on the track. The switch handle was turned the wrong way. A loose spike may have misplaced the rail. But it is not for them to stop and learn how it happened. The shapeless mass of torn and twisted framework, which a few hours before people called a train, must be attacked with chain and rope, bar and ax—burned, if need be—to open the way, for until they have performed *their duty the line is blocked, and the* wheels of perhaps a thousand cars cease to turn. So away goes the breakdown gang at breakneck speed. Orders have gone ahead for a clear track, and even the limited and fast mail must take the siding until the minutemen have passed on the way to the rescue.

You don't hear much about them unless you are a railroader, but the superintendent, the manager, perhaps some of the directors, know them. Selected from the veterans in the shops, they are all round mechanics, but brains as well as fingers are needed, and a man has to be quick witted to get into this gang.

In the fifteen or twenty which make up the average crew you can generally find two or three little men; for there are tight places in a wreck where they can do considerable work in propping up or loosening a part, crawling into holes which no one else could reach. The boss wrecker tries to get two or three left handers also, as their services are valuable in hammering away in corners where a right handed man would be useless. Some of the best wrecking crews in the country include a number of sailors. The half hitches and other knots that only the seamen can make are of great service in securely fastening lines to portions of the wreck and to the crane or locomotive used in pulling it away. The old salts are familiar with the assistance that a combination of pulleys will give, for they have been taught it on shipboard, while usually they are very strong and wiry. Consequently a man of this kind who is out of a job at any time can frequently go with the wrecking crew.

Their limited is not much for looks. Like the men, it is also rough and ready. Down by the division roundhouse or repair shop it stands on a siding where it can take the line at a minute's notice. There is nothing unusual in its appearance except the crane car, which carries the heavy artillery of this little army of rescue. Two or three flat cars, a box car or so and at the end a passenger coach or caboose make up the train, but every article it carries, from the extra truck wheels to the coupling pins, has been loaded with such care that every man knows where to put his hands on what he wants. Usually the running gear gets the worst of it in a wreck, so one of the flat cars contains extra trucks and wheels to be substituted for the broken ones. Next to this car is placed the big steel crane, which yanks masses of wood and metal about as though they weighed pounds instead of tons, and is capable of lifting a fifty ton engine.

Enter the box car and you see a miniature lumber yard—square pieces of timber all the way from an inch to a foot through. They are wanted for propping up the wreckage, which may be holding down the living as well as the dead. These props may aid in saving life, but they also are handy to hold up coaches when the crew are putting wheels or other parts in place. In one corner are coils of rope an inch or more thick. Boxes of bolts and nuts and screws lie side by side on the floor. On the walls hang hooks, pulleys, saws and axes. Heavy steel crowbars are piled in another corner. In short, this is a repair shop and storehouse on wheels.

Any old coach will do for the crew, provided its wheels and axles are sound. Taking out some of the seats gives room for a table where the men can eat and play cards if they don't want to get a nap on the way, but if they have time for a little sleep half a dozen wooden bunks round the sides give them a chance. Sometimes an end is partitioned off into a galley where they can make a pot of coffee or fry a steak while en route.

Such is the usual makeup of the "wreck special," as the railroader terms it. When called into service, a big driver engine backs down to it and couples on. There is no need of any speed orders. These are understood in advance. On the straight track the man in the cab opens his throttle to the last notch, and the telegraph poles at the side of the line flit by so fast that they seem only a dozen feet apart. Only on the sharper curves and on the down grades and bridges is the throttle again moved and the air put on until the heap of ruins, from which too often arise flames and smoke, come into view.

The first thing to find out is if anything human is underneath. Whether dead or alive it must come out, and the gang need no urging at the task, even if they hear no moan or cry to hasten their rescue. Then the next job is to clear the tracks. Holding up trains for even five or six hours means a big loss to the company, and they don't stop to save anything that takes too long. Beams, wheels and rods, perhaps entire cars, are thrown down embankments if necessary to open the right of way. When a car has merely been derailed it is of course an easy matter to replace it; then it is run to the nearest siding, but it is the unexpected that happens in railroad accidents.

A locomotive may turn bottom up on the track, with the driving wheels in the air. Then it must be turned over and pulled to one side of the railroad until there is time between the passing of trains to right it—if it can be righted. Cars may be swung directly across the track, lying on their sides or ends, possibly ground into a mere mass of splintered timbers, or literally reduced to kindling wood, their contents scattered a hundred yards about.

The wrecker who has been in the business for any length of time can tell in a moment the most difficult task before him and, if possible, goes at that first. If a loaded freight car prevents him from reaching the partly demolished engine, he sets it afire. One of the greatest delays, however, is caused by the track being torn up, for new ties have to be put in position and perhaps a dozen rails weighing a ton apiece cut and straightened in order to form a foundation on which to move.

Everything goes with a rush from the first news of the accident. Once the wreckers get busy there is no stopping for rest or refreshment, although a man may have to work all night or all day. With the broken and twisted mass of steel and wood piled on one side of the roadbed, however, there comes a breathing spell, and the superintendent or other officials look over the debris to see what is worth saving. Going from pile to pile, they soon decide what to pull out and block up, and then the wreckers get to work on this. If there is an engine, it is generally secured first. Perhaps it was imbedded in two or three feet of mud or ten or twelve feet down an embankment. Here the little men come in handy. Worming themselves under the boiler, they scrape holes beneath, so that the steel tendons of the crane can be passed round it.

Now the crane goes into action. If the embankment is sloping the usual plan is to drag the locomotive along, allowing the earth and ballast to assist in supporting it until the top is reached. But there are places where it has to be lifted clear of the ground, then swung over on the track.

Machinery has done much to aid the breakdown gang in recent years. But away back in the early days of the way of steel they were called to many a disaster, for then, as now, trains sometimes butted into each other on the same track. To clear the road the locomotive of the wreck train could sometimes be pressed into service, but many a derailed car or engine was pulled back on the rails merely by human muscle. Here again the sailor man came in very handy, as he knew so well how to arrange the ropes and pulleys and to make lines fast around the car or engine that had to be moved.

One of the curious methods of employing the locomotive of the wreck train was to make it move a car forward by starting the locomotive backward. Fastening a tackle securely round the car, it would be passed through a pulley fastened to a tree or post in front of it, and the rope then led back to the locomotive. Reversing his lever, the engineer of course pulled the rope around the pulley on the tree, thus forcing the car ahead. By this novel plan, which is still used occasionally, much of the debris in front of the wreck train could be cleared away.

There are times, though, when even the most careful riggers make a mistake. They have not realized the strain which the tackle must stand when things begin to move. Then, like the crack of a rifle, snap goes the line. More than once a loose end has caught some poor fellow round the legs, breaking the bones like pipestems. Many a man on the railroad's payroll who is fit only to wave the signal flag at the street crossing was among the wreckers until the day the rope broke.—Day Allen Willey in Denver Times.

Pleasures of Canoeing.

The canoeist is the most independent of men. He can push his craft through a stream three feet wide and five inches deep, and he can safely negotiate any bit of water that a catboat or moderate sized launch would care to attempt. Canoeing is popular because it brings its devotees out into the open freedom and lets them live their summer life as they will. The canoe does for humanity what the bicycle failed to do. The bicyclist was tied to roads, was dependent upon hotels and restaurants for food and lodging. When the hill was steep he must alight and walk. When the road was bad or the foot of the hill dubious he must do likewise. The canoeist suffers none of these restrictions. He carries with him his place of abode—his bed, his food and the means of preparing it. He is not confined to well worn highways. He is able to penetrate and explore out of the way streams and pitch his tent in spots inaccessible to the average wanderer.—Yachting.

Wouldn't Risk It.

Tired Tatters—Say, Weary, wot's de matter wid us walkin' down de railroad track?

Weary Walker—Not fer me. I ain't goin' to disgrace meself by havin' people t'ink I'm a actor.—Chicago News.

J. BORRY,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Herman Swanke came up from Wisconsin last week.

H. Fant was down to Fergus Falls the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

M. C. Burns went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening.

County Supt. McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Ole Torrison and bride returned to this city Tuesday morning.

Sheriff Nelson and family, of Red Lake Falls spent Sunday in this city.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Wanted— A girl for general housework. Mrs. George Elder, phone 233.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Communion services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

Miss Helen Severtson, of Red Lake Falls, visited Miss Gladys Hanson last week.

Fred Armstrong, of St. Vincent, came down to celebrate and visit with Rev. Flesher.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

Miss Irma Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, visited at the home of Mrs. Kretzschmar last week.

Wanted—A neat, willing girl for second work and nurse. Good wages. Mrs. D. N. Winton.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

C. M. Evenson went down to the twin cities Monday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week to attend a meeting of the county board.

A. C. Kvennes, now the cashier of the Middle River State bank, was in the city to spend Sunday with friends.

Mrs. Barackman and two children left last Friday for Granite Falls to spend several weeks visiting relatives.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Two boys wanted at Sash & Door factory must be over sixteen years of age, German or Scandinavian preferred.

Mr. and Mrs. Knut Nerland left Monday evening for Crookston to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Mrs. James Farr and children left last week for Backwo, N. D., to spend a month or more visiting with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Whitman and children are over from Grand Forks last week visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. Kenison.

The base ball game Sunday between Osleo and Thief River Falls resulted in a victory for the local team by a score of 3 to 4.

Windows, Doors, Moldings, Porch Screens, Screen Doors and Window screens cheap at the Sash and Door factory.

A basket social will be held at Kratka Hall, Kratka, Minn., Tuesday Evening July 16 for the benefit of Mr. Kjivle of Esplee Minn.

Scott Lamont, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre, left Monday evening for the twin cities to attend to business matters for a few days.

Miss Marie Peterson, who has spent several weeks visiting at the home of H. P. Spooheim, returned Monday to her home at Hatton, N. D.

The supervisors of the town of Rocksbury let the contract for grading roads in that township last Saturday to Dennis Connelly and Severt Ness.

E. J. Morrissey removed to the building occupied by Daniel Shaw yesterday. Mr. Shaw will soon remove to the Hanna building next to the postoffice.

The Swedish Lutheran congregation will have services in the east side mission church Sunday July 14 at 2:00 and 8 p.m.

Rev. Dahlguist.

The Ladies aid of the Synod church meets today July 11th, with Mrs. B. J. Folk. The society will please meet at 3 o'clock, sharp. All cordially invited.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a *grey mare, eight* years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

Olaf Ramstad returned to this city last Saturday from Wilkin county where he purchased a car load of farm horses. He will sell them to farmers in this vicinity.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10:30. All invited.

I. T. Aastor, Pastor.

Oscar Sponheim, assistant cashier of the Peoples State Bank, went down to St. Paul Monday evening to attend a meeting of the State Bankers association.

Arthur Hoopes, brakeman on the Soo line, was caught between two box cars Monday and quite badly jammed. It was very fortunate that he did not lose his life.

The Norris & Rowe circus will exhibit in Thief River Falls on Friday, August 2. This show is at Winnipeg and comes to Thief River Falls over the Soo line.

County Auditor O'Brien and Commissioner Demann were up from Red Lake Falls Friday and in company with County Commissioner Shaw inspected the Rocksbury ditch.

Peter McLeod, a former resident of his city but who now has a position with the state railroad and warehouse commission, was in the city last week visiting old friends.

The base ball game on the Fourth of July between Warren and Thief River Falls was a very interesting affair and resulted in a score of 1 to 0 in favor of the visiting team. Warren has a very fast ball team.

A daughter was born in this city Sunday to Mrs. P. A. Marshall, of Jamestown, N. D. Mrs. Marshall was formerly Miss Bessie Bailey and will remain here for several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Bailey.

C. J. Knox's horse, "Lockstep," has been entered in the races at Winnipeg on July 16 and 19. The horse is in fine shape this spring and is going into the races to win. Quite a number from here will go up to see the races.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls July 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date if your eyes trouble you.

Josh Billings, bill poster for the Norris & Rowe circus, was arrested last Friday at the instance of Gollmar Bros. for covering the latters' circus posters. Josh paid a fine of $20 and costs to Judge Bishop and went upon his way smiling.

An exchange remarks that a man can start out any day, and inside of an hour and thirty minutes he can engage a woman to work for him for life at nothing a week, while it will take two weeks of solid search to get one to work at fair wages and board.

Lost—$10.00 reward will be paid to the party who picked up and will return to the undersigned, a pocket book containing $55.00 lost June 20th, 1907 in the city, on the street from the postoffice to the home of the undersigned. Finder please leave it at this office or to Anna Erickson.

Osten Hanson spent a portion of last week in Thief River Falls and before returning drove across to Erskine and visited the farm of Ole Carlson who took the first prize in the Jim Hill contest last year. He was highly pleased with his visit and feels well repaid for the time.—Twin Valley Times.

Judge McClenahan at Grand Rapids last week made an important decision, ruling that village and city councils have no power to establish street and sidewalk grades by resolution, but same must be done through an ordiance. As a result of the action taken is no street grades left in Grand Rapids.

Goodnow Torrison left yesterday for Fisher.

J. K. Wood went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Lars Sime, of Middle River, was in the city yesterday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Davidson, of Sandrigo, Tuesday.

E. M. Stanton left yesterday for Grand Rapids to attend to legal business for a few days.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran Congregation will meet with Mrs. Paul Ostby next Wednesday July 17th.

Services in the Evenson Hall Sunday morning and evening 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle.

Advertising matter for the Red Lake county fair to be held in this city August 7, 8 and 9 is being posted up about town. The fair this year is going to be the best ever.

The cutting of clover was commenced in this section Monday. The clover crop this year —it always is for that matter— is a big one and more and more if it is being raised each year.

Officials of the Tri-State Telephone company were in Thief River Falls yesterday making arrangements with J. M. Bishop to connect the local exchange up with the Tri-State's long distance line.

O. Tessum is thinking of putting in a machine to thresh clover, and has been interviewing a number of farmers about the matter. If enough clover can be secured, Mr. Tessum will put in the machine. Clover seed costs $10 per bushel and is a very profitable crop.

The railroads do not propose to be blamed again for a coal shortage and are writing the dealers and the newspapers, urging the people to put in their supply of diamonds without procrastination, so that there will be no cause for complaint when the blizzards come again. Put in your coal right away, if you have the price.

The annual school meeting this year will be held on Saturday, July 20, and two directors will be elected for a term of three years. The terms of Lars Backe and George K. Fargo expire. Mr. Backe will quite likely be a candidate for re-election, but in so far as the News has been able to learn there is no other candidate for the other vacancy on the board.

—We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are back in our old butcher shop on Labree avenue and that we have a supply of the very best of meats. Our sausage is pure and the very best on the market. We have both fresh and salt fish and oysters. We invite you to come in and see us. We can save you money every thing you buy of us. Telephone, No. 8. Respectfully, John P. Forsberg.

A sure and easy way to find out if your milk has been too close to the pump is as follows: Take a clean, well polished knitting needle and dip it into a vessel of milk. Then you draw it out upright and watch it closely. If the milk be quite pure, some of it will hang to the needle: but if water has been added, even a little water, the milk will not adhere to the needle at all.

Andrew Stenseth returned to this city Tuesday from a trip through Southern Minnesota and Iowa where he endeavored to induce farmers from to induce farmers from that section to come to Red Lake and Marshall counties to make their home. Mr. Stenseth is doing a good work for this section and the News hopes that he will be rewarded. He says that crops in this vicinity are as far advanced as in Iowa.

Over 3,500 people witnessed the afternoon performance of Gollmar Bros circus in this city last Saturday afternoon. The circus was a good clean one in every respect, but the performance did not come up to the standard. The management of the show stated that a number of their star performers had recently been injured so that the circus was somewhat handicapped.

Rudolph Alverson came down from Thief River Falls Monday afternoon and on alighting from the train when it was in motion came near with meeting with a serious accident. Stubbing his toe he pitched head-long between the coach and platform and but for Wm. Olson the result might have proved fatal, for he grabbed the fallen man by the feet and held him off the rail until the train stopped. A bruised head and a new lease of life were the viction's receipts.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The county commissioners held a meeting Monday. About all of the time was taken trying to select a janitor for the court house and the usual amount of log rolling was done. There were two candidates, but Red Lake Falls parties and no agreement could be arrived at, so the matter was left over to the next meeting of the county board which will be next Monday. It took about two minutes to transact such an unimportant thing as selling $10,000 of refunding bonds and $18,000 ditch bonds. The money in the different funds were mixed up a little just for amusement.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1.09
Eggs	12½c
Butter	15c
Creamery butter	25c
Potatoes	50c

GERMANTOWN.

Fourth of July came and went, and we did celebrate some altho some of our population had pulled out to the Falls to witness the excitement at that place. Quite a gathering enjoyed themselves at the Hopkins Chapel where the ladies had prepared a picnic, serving dinner, lemonade and ice cream all day. In the evening Ed. Klappenbach's farm was the place of amusement.

A fresh coat of paint and a new belfry did much to improve the appearance of the Hopkins Chapel.

Albert Simonson was up some time ago from Langdon, N. D., for a brief visit with friends.

John Olson, a former well known resident and now located at Grafton, N. D., was up a day last week attending to business matters.

A stock-holders meeting of the Creamery Association was held last Friday to decide on buying another power for the creamery, the old engine not being able to furnish the necessary power to run. The only definite action taken was to try J. P. Jensens engine.

Several improvements on and around the Lutheran Church will be made this summer, such as, new paint on the outside, clearing the brush from the churchyard and building road on the right-of-way from the section line to the church.

A successful term of school in the Germantown school house, district 120, was closed on July 3rd by Miss Mona Thompson who left for Thief River Falls the day following.

Several people went from here to the city for to attend the circus on Saturday.

Work on repairing the corduroy bridge across the floating bog in Moylan township was commenced last Saturday.

Nick Bundhund has been busy for some time raising the hotel higher above ground and building a stone foundation under same.

Hans Skogstad and family of Silverton visited with relatives here Sunday of last week.

The report is current that on a day last week two marriages occurred in our otherwise quiet neighborhood, the first being that of Arne Blakkestad and Miss Madga Moe, and the second that of Forrest Holton and Mrs. Ella Hibbetts. K. Rogness Esq. Justice of the Peace officiating, with natural dignity on both occasions. We take pleasure in lining up with the friends of the parties, with our wish for their future happiness.

Salvation Army Meetings.

Salvation Army meetings every evening in the old postoffice building.

Sunday 10:30 a. m.
" 3:30 p. m.
" 8 p. m.

Junior meeting at 2 p. m. All are welcome to our meetings.

The Salvation Army has just celebrated its 42nd anniversary in their various corps. William Booth a successful evangelist had for some time, with his gifted and devoted wife realized how sadly neglected by the church the lower masses of London were, he offered his services to the church to preach the gospel to the poorest.

The conference would not listen to his going amongst the poorest, he felt he must obey his convictions, and ably seconded by his wife, started to hold the first open air meeting on the 5th day of July 1865. God blessed his laborers from the very first, by seing the very worst converted under his preaching.

What to do with these converts became quite a serious problem, some would not leave him to go to church, were not always welcome, so simply had to organize them into a soul saving force for a long time was known as the Christian mission, then in 1880 branched out into other countries and took the name of Salvation Army.

Today the Army is in 54 countries and colonies.

Languages in which Salvation is preached in 28.

Corps and Circle Corps 7,820.

Officers and Cadets including Social officers 14,980.

Persons without rank wholly employed in Salvation Army work 5,320.

Teachers Examination.

The Semi Annual Teachers examination will be held at Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls in accordance with the following program:

MONDAY, JULY 29TH.
(Second Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Arithmetic.
10.30 Physiology Hygiene.
P. M.—1:30 English Grammar.
3.00 Reading.
3.45 Drawing and Music.
TUESDAY, JULY 30TH.
(Second Grade Studies Continued.
A. M.—8:00 Professional Test.
9:00 Spelling.
9.30 Geography.
11:15 Composition and Penmanship.
P. M.—1.30 U. S. History.
3 15 Civics.
WEDNESDAY, JULY 31ST.
(First Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3.15 Phys. Geography or Gen. History.

H. McAnulty,
County Supt.

BURNED TO DEATH

Two Children Living Up at Esplee Burned to Death in a Fire.

Origion of the Fire Caused by Lightning Striking the House.

S. K. Gangeness, who lives next door neighbor to the Kjivles was in the city yesterday. He aided in trying to put out the fire, but says that it had gained such headway before discovered that little could be done. The two children burned to death were both girls, aged 6 and 8 and the boy that was rescued was 2 years old.

A report has reached this city of the burning of the house of Mr. Kjivle, a settler in the town of Esplee, in eastern Marshall county, fifteen miles northeast of here. Two children, aged 6 and 8 years, perished in the flames. A third child was rescued from among the bedclothes in which it was sleeping in time to save its life, altho it was nearly smothered by the smoke.

The two older children had managed to crawl to the floor, but they were burned to death, their little bodies being horribly charred. When the fire started the parents were at the barn doing the morning's milking, and reached the house too late to help any but the youngest child.

All of the family's household goods, together with $40 in money, were destroyed by the fire, which is believed to have originated from a stroke of lightning.

Notice of annual School Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the qualified voters of Independent School District No. 18, Thief River Falls, Minn., will be held at the city hall, July 20th 1907, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the election of the following officers.

One director for term of three years and until his successor is elected and qualified, to succeed Lars Backe, whose term will expire. One director for term of three years and until his successor is elected and qualified, to succeed Geo. K. Fargo, whose term will expire. And for the transaction of all other business, that may come before the meeting.

The polls will be opened from 7 o'clock p. m. to 8 o'clock p.m on the above mentioned day.

Dated this 9th day of July 1907.

G. A. Penney, District Clerk.

Basket Social.

Every body is cordially invited to attend a basket social given by the young folks of Kratka at Kratka Hall, July 16th for the benefit of Mr. Kjivle of Esplee whose house burned down Friday June 28th.

There will be a phonograph concert given and an enjoyable time is promised to all.

Lunch will be served to those who cannot buy a basket.

Rouse up! These people need your help. Rouse your wives, sweethearts and friends.

The ladies who do not wish to bring baskets are requested to bring buns or a cake.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Sam Cheeley and John Sorenson, and known under name of "O. K. Hide Fur & Trading Co." has this day been mutually dissolved, and that all accounts and bills receivable due the said firm of O. K. Hide Fur & Trading Co., shall be collected by said John Sorenson, that all liabilities are by stipulation assumed by said John Sorenson, and shall be paid by him.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minnesota this 18th day of June 1907.

Sam Cheeley
John Sorenson.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 15

Abbott Miss Nellie
Bergland Mrs. Joe J.
Brokke Miss Ida
Berg Miss Flora
Danielsoc Mrs. A.
Hodnerfield J.
Homme Mrs. Ole O.
Hermanson Mrs. C. M.
Johnson L. A.
Johnson Mrs. Anna
Johnson H. K.
Knauf Ed.
Mathis Miss Doretta
McEachren Feel
Michaell Michael
Melton Irene Miss
Nicholson Charley
Tonderol Mrs.
Nyland G.
Wardell V.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

AS SEEN BY HUNT

Sunbeam Editor Pays His Compliments to the Gang.

Likes to See Men in Public Office Do Their Duty.

W. G. Hunt, the editor of the Sunbeam, pays his compliments to the Red Lake Falls gang in the following manner:

It is reported that mud fever is quite prevelant in this part of the country at present, and while it is not fatal to life it leaves a man in a condition whereby he looses his honor and integrity. The County seat removal committee in Red Lake county seems to effected with this disease and have come in contact with our Honorable? board of county commissioners and given them a dose of fatal disease.

We have not taken any active interest in the county seat fight up to the present time and are not at all anxious to get into it so our readers may depend on it that the opinions expressed in The Sunbeam are not paid for by either side in the county seat fight, so here you have our private opinion publicly expressed.

A board of county commissioners that are elected by the people of a county to represent them, that will so far forget their manhood as to neglect their duties as county commissioners at the instigation of either side in a county seat scrap, are a disgrace to the people who elected them and should be promptly removed from office by the governor of this state. We have been in a good many county seat scraps and have witnessed what honorable men might sometimes call dirty work, but when it gets so dirty and stinks so bad, as this last deal, you can count us out of it. We have not been favorably inclined to the proposition of removing the county seat for the reason that we thought and still think that it may not be to the best interest of the tax payers in this new county at the present time, but the people that do not take the same view of the question that we do, have a right to be heard, and a board of county commissioners that will enter in to any scheme, at the instigation of either side to defeat the expression of the people that elected them, ought to be promptly removed from office by the governor of this state and a tag placed on them like they used to place on drunkards in the olden times so that respectable people would not make a mistake and elect them for the position of pound master in the future.

Warning the Priests.

Archbishop Messmer is issuing printed personal letters to different priests in his district instructing them to warn congregations against Chaldean and Persian priests, who are new on their way to America on a money making expedition.

Some years ago two Oriental adventurers, impersonating Catholic prelates came to America and secured several hundred thousand dollars from unsuspecting charitable people. The heads of the Catholic churches are determined that the fraud will not be repeated and every congregation in the country will be notified.

The coming of the alleged frauds was made known to Archbishop Farley through European friends and the New York prelate immediately sent letters to the different American archbishops. The archbishops in turn will warn all the priests in their diocese. The archbishop states in his letter that the two coming impostors are relatives of the men that were in America several years ago. The two successful frauds are now said to be living like princes and their humbler descendants have created a longing to spend the rest of their days in the same manner through the generosity of American Catholics. The men now said to be on their way have forged letters bearing the name of Monsignor Didus. The New York authorities are keeping a close watch for them.

Archbishop Messmer has issued a circular letter to all the pastors of the diocese asking them to exhort their parishioners to be generous in their contributions to the Peter's pence collection taken up for the pope on the first Sunday in July. In an inclosed letter from the apostolic disadvantageous circumstances under which the holy see is laboring in regard to material resources due largely to the greatly reduced contributions from European Catholic countries and especially France.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday July 14.
Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome.
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Perhaps the legislature did not raise Governor Johnson's salary from $5,000 to $7,000 after all. The passage of the bill was certified by the officers of both houses, the bill was signed by the governor and is among the printed session laws, but there may still be some question of its passage. The house journal of April 4 states that the bill was passed by a vote of 60 yeas and 50 nays, but the roll call which followed this announcement shows only 59 affirmative votes, when 60 affirmative votes were required for its passage.

Judge C. P. Carpenter of the municipal court of Northfield has sustained the position of the state that the federal court is without jurisdiction in the action brought against L. O. Olson, station agent of the Milwaukee road in that city, and found Mr. Olson guilty of violating the state's new commodity rate law and sentenced him to spend an hour in the county jail. An appeal was taken.

A series of eighteen auction sales of state lands has just been closed by State Auditor Iverson. About 70,000 acres were sold, from which the state will receive about $550,000, and of this amount $75,000 was taken in on the first payments on the land sold. The average price received for the land was $7.50, which is about the same as the average last year.

Many Twin City shippers have adopted a new rule since July 1, when the reciprocal demurrage bill went into effect, and are demanding a receipt from the railroad agent for every order they file for cars. The receipt shows the day and the hour the order was filed and may be used in case the free time limit is exceeded.

Emperor William has conferred upon Dr. Justus Ohage of St. Paul the Order of the Red Eagle, one of the highest honors in the gift of the emperor. The Order of the Crown, also a great distinction, was conferred upon Otto Bremer and Ferdinand Willius, both of St. Paul.

The state board of control has appointed A. C. Dorr, steward at the Hastings insane asylum, and Mrs. Mira B. Gray, head nurse at the Fergus Falls hospital for the insane, as state agents for paroled insane and epileptic inmates of the state institutions.

W. F. Stoltz of Pratt made the high score of 97 in the July butter scoring contest of the state dairy and food department. Second place was taken by A. T. Radke of Hamburg, with a mark of 96½, and C. Johnson of Howard Lake came third, with a 96 score.

Former Congressman J. B. Wakefield of Blue Earth, aged eighty years, was married last week to a sweetheart of his youth and of equal age—Mrs. Lydia Nobles of Cleveland, O., who counted him among her admirers sixty years ago.

In the presence of more than 5,000 spectators the magnificent Schiller monument presented to St. Paul by the German societies of that city was unveiled at Como park.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Owing to a misunderstanding of orders two freight trains on the Hastings and Dakota division of the Milwaukee road came together in a headend collision at Hopkins, just outside the Minneapolis yards. Both engines were demolished and six or seven freight cars piled in a heap of rubbish on either side of the track. The crews of both trains jumped before the shock and were uninjured.

Cleve Bennett of Sauk Rapids was killed on the main line of the Northern Pacific about eleven miles east of Little Falls. The remains were found by a crew of section men. The body had been torn to bits and scattered along the roadbed for half a mile.

Robert Scribner, a brakeman, was run over and killed by a freight car at Noyes. The crew was switching near a crossing and while Scribner walked ahead of the car his foot caught between a plank and the rail.

Albert Hedberg of Warroad, cashier of the First State bank of that place, was drowned while bathing in the Lake of the Woods. He was taken with cramps and before help could reach him he was dead.

Walter Taylor, the teamster who was trampled by bronchos while lying on the floor of a barn at White Bear in a helpless condition after a fall from the loft, died at the city hospital in St. Paul.

Mrs. Jacob J. Oswald of Minneapolis was shot in the back by an unknown boy while standing in the backyard of her home. Her condition is said to be serious but not critical.

Erick Johnson, seventeen years of age, fell from the top of a house under construction at Merriam Park, a suburb of St. Paul, and died from his injuries.

Frank P. Rezek of Belle Plaine committed suicide by shooting. His mind was unbalanced by worry over the illness of his wife.

While sleeping off the exhaustion of his Fourth of July celebration Erick Brask of Minneapolis had his hand cut off by an electric car.

Max Holzappel of Minneapolis was drowned in Green lake at Chisago City while in bathing. He was seized with cramps.

After writing a farewell note to his wife Olaf Lee of Minneapolis ended his life by shooting himself in the head.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

John D. Rockefeller, president of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, occupied the witness stand in the United States district court at Chicago while Judge Landis plied him with questions regarding the financial strength and the business methods of the corporation of which he is the head. Mr. Rockefeller was a very willing and an equally unsatisfactory witness. He was ready to tell all that he knew, but said that he knew practically nothing. It was learned from other officers of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey that that company owned the greater part of the stock of both the Union Tank line and the Standard Oil company of Indiana. Specific figures as to the earnings of the parent corporation were given by Charles M. Pratt, its secretary.

Individual accountability for the acts of corporations, the arrest and imprisonment of corporation heads instead of the fining or dissolution of corporations themselves, is the remedy for the monopolistic tendencies and the unlawful practice of modern industries urged by Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton university, in an address at the Jamestown exposition.

Dr. George F. Jelly of Boston, a specialist in mental diseases, and Dr. G. A. Blumer of Providence have been appointed co-masters with Judge Edgar Aldrich of Littleton, N. H., to determine the competency of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the founder and head of the Christian Science faith, to transact business and care for her own interests.

Bill Squires, the much heralded champion of Australia, succumbed to the blow of a Canadian fist at Colma, Cal., after he had been in the ring two minutes with Tommy Burns. The men who witnessed the brief meeting between the two pugilists were charitable enough not to call Squires a "dub." They designated him a "false alarm."

Troops at Fort Apache, Ariz., have been ordered to be in readiness to proceed to Fort McDowell, Ariz., where it is said an outbreak of Indians is feared as a result of the killing of Austin Navajo, an Apache, by W. H. Gill, sub-agent at McDowell, who claims to have shot the Indian in self-defense.

With a view to showing in the courts that there is not a reasonable profit in passenger rates of 2 cents per mile the Western railroads have agreed not to make a lower rate on any traffic in, to, from or through the states of Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Minnesota and Nebraska for ninety days.

The Fort Dallas National bank of Miami, Fla., has been closed by direction of the comptroller of the currency upon information received from Bank Examiner McDonald that the bank is insolvent. The liabilities are given as $808,466.

Express companies doing business in Nebraska are ignoring the new state law reducing rates 25 per cent.

LABOR NEWS.

The strike of New York city garbage collectors is over and the fear of an epidemic as the result of conditions that have existed for a week are at rest. A committee representing the striking drivers conferred with Mayor McClellan and he promised that if they would return to work he would take up their grievances.

By a vote of 283 to 66 the convention of the Western Federation of Miners at Denver adopted a new preamble for the constitution and bylaws of the federation, which in effect pledges all the members to socialism.

Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill has arrived at Chicago and will endeavor to avert a strike of the telegraph operators of that city.

The strike of the American Ice company's drivers in Greater New York has been declared off.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 8.—Wheat—July, $1.00¾; Sept., $1.00@1.00¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03@1.03¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.02@1.02¾; No. 2 Northern, 99¼c@$1.00; No. 3 Northern, 96@98c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 8.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03; No. 1 Northern, $1.02; No. 2 Northern, $1.00½; July, $1.01¾; Sept., $1.02; Dec., 99¾c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.22¾; July, $1.22; Sept., $1.21½; Oct., $1.20¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.00; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; calves, $3.00@4.25. Hogs—$5.45@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.25; spring, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 8. — Wheat—July, 92¾c; Sept., 95¾@95¼c. Corn—July, 54¼c; Sept., 55@55¼c. Oats—July, 13¾c; Sept., 29¾c. Pork—July, $16.00; Sept., $16.17½. Butter—Creameries, 19½@24c; dairies, 17@21½c. Eggs—12½@13c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 12c; springs, 16@18c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50@7.30; cows, $1.75@5.35; heifers, $2.60@5.60; calves, $5.00@7.25; good to prime steers, $5.90@7.30; poor to medium, $4.50@5.85; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.25. Hogs—Light, $5.55@6.15; mixed, $5.50@6.12½; heavy, $5.35@6.00; rough, $5.35@5.70; pigs, $5.40@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.90@6.00. Sheep, $4.00@6.15; lambs, $5.50@7.85.

MINNESOTA RATE LAWS.

Railroads Seek to Prevent Them From Being Enforced.

In federal court at St. Paul before Judge Lochren arguments on the application of stockholders of railroads doing business in Minnesota for a temporary injunction to restrain the enforcement of the commodity rate and 2-cent passenger rate laws enacted by the last state legislature and the merchandise rate schedule put in force through an order of the state railroad and warehouse commission last September, were made by counsel for the state and stockholders. The question as to the reasonableness of the rates was not reached, but the greater part of the day was taken up with the proposition whether the attorney general can be made a party to the suits.

It was announced in court that the action brought by the attorney general to enforce the commodidty rate schedule ordered by the railroad and warehouse commission and the suits of the railroads to restrain the enforcement of that schedule will be dropped. The schedule is superseded by the schedule embodied in the law passed by the legislature and dropping those suits will clear the slate of everything except the actions involved in the present hearing.

TWO KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Severe Electrical Storm Sweeps Over St. Paul.

On the morning of July 4 St. Paul experienced the worst thunder storm of the season. Two men were struck by lightning and killed. A building at Grand and Saratoga avenues was struck by lightning.

George Baumgart, twenty years old, living with his parents at 1067 Bradley street, was killed instantly and his body was badly burned by a bolt of lightning that struck the Grant school, Arkwright and Magnolia streets. The body was found on the roof of the school building.

While leading his horse to the barn just before the storm broke Theodore Schultze of South St. Paul was struck by lightning. The horse was also struck, and both man and horse fell dead in their tracks. They were about fifty feet from the barn, to which the horse was being led.

LAKE LINES ISSUE INSURANCE

Twin City Shippers File Protest With Interstate Commission.

Big Twin City shippers and receivers have made strenuous objection to a recent advance in westbound lake and rail freight rates to cover marine insurance, ranging from 3 cents per 100 pounds first class to one-half cent sixth class, effective June 1. The objection is in the form of a joint complaint filed with the interstate commerce commission.

The rate increase is alleged to be a discrimination, a double expense, a system of rebate and a trust movement favoring boat lines owned by initial Eastern trunk lines and an exceeding of charter provisions.

The complaint has been received by the commission, notice has been served on the trunk lines to make answer within twenty days and the date of the hearing at Washington will then be set by the commission.

Peculiar Accident to a Boy.

Firecrackers, potash and matches in his hip pocket and a violent application of shoe leather by his mother caused serious injury to Henry Johnson, the seven-year-old son of H. Johnson of St. Paul, a brakeman on the Omaha railway. The boy was seriously burned and blistered. His clothing was ignited by the peculiar accident and had it not been for the prompt assistance rendered by a neighbor who threw a carpet over the burning boy and assisted in tearing away his clothes, he might have received more serious injuries.

St. Paul Pioneer Stricken.

John M. Campbell of St. Paul, aged seventy-six years, a pioneer resident of that city, was found dead at the undertaking rooms of J. W. Gross & Co., where he was employed as an assistant. He had dressed and had entered a rear room. Stricken there he dropped upon his knees and died. The body was found kneeling. Coroner Miller, who was called, will not hold an inquest, believing that the old man's death resulted from senility and heart failure. Campbell had been a resident of St. Paul since 1851.

Aged Woman Burned to Death.

Mrs. Eliza C. Reed of St. Paul, eighty years old, was burned to death at her home in that city. The aged woman was attempting to light a gasoline stove preparatory to cooking lunch for her son. The stove leaked and in some manner the gasoline trickled onto her clothing. When she struck a match there was an instant blaze and she was enveloped in a sheet of flame. She was dead when found.

Killed by a Live Wire.

A fourth of July "stunt" caused the death of Roy Van Sicklen, aged seventeen, at a park near Winona. The park is lit by an electric light tower 150 feet high and Van Sicklen, following a "dare" from companions, climbed to the top of the structure. He came in contact with a live wire and his body was hurled to the ground. The accident was witnessed by 200 people.

Killed in a Runaway.

Two horses belonging to John Jacobs ran away at Chaska, instantly killing Mrs. Fransen and injuring her husband. A son of Mr. Jacobs, who was also in the rig, escaped uninjured.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. **H. LOKEN, Vice President.**
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. **OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.**

"SOO" LINE

HOT WEATHER RATES EAST FROM THE TWIN CITIES

To	Round Trip
Detroit	$16.75
Toledo	17.50
Cleveland	18.25
Buffalo	20.25

DELIGHTFUL, COOL LAKE TRIPS

Tickets good to leave St. Paul or Minneapolis.

EVERY FRIDAY DURING JUNE AND JULY

Return limit 30 days from date of sale. Ask your nearest agent or address

W. R. CALLAWAY
General Passenger Agent
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

The Latest Development in Life Insurance Issued by

Central Life Assurance Society of the United States.

Life Insurance a Progressive Science.

Features of Policy.

Some persons have objected to life insurance policies as a form of investment, because the beneficiary received no more from the settlement, where death occurs after the policy had been in force a number of years and many premiums paid, than would be received during the first year when only one premium was paid. The Guarantee Double Annual Allotment Policy answers this objection with a guaranteed increase on the Ordinary Life, Twenty Payment Life and Twenty Year Endowment of twenty five dollars for each one thousand dollars in the face of the policy and for each renewal premium paid. This increase is paid to the beneficiary in addition to the face of the policy. To illustrate: Mr. A. takes policy $10,000.00. In event of death during first year $10,000.00 would be paid, during second year $10,250.00, third year $10,500.00. The increase continues $250.00 each year during the entire period of twenty years. In event of death during the twentieth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would be $11,750.00. The $1,750.00 would be the mortuary allotment or dividend. The policy also bears to the assured a cash dividend annually beginning on the third anniversary with 10 per cent, fourth anniversary 11 per cent and increases one per cent each year until it reaches a 20 per cent dividend on the thirteenth year and 20 per cent each year thereafter to the end of the twenty year period.

The Ten and Fifteen Payment Policies differ from the above only in the mortuary increase, being $50.00 per year for each one thousand dollars instead of $25.00 as above. To illustrate: Mr. B. takes policy of $10,000.00 on the fifteen payment plan. In event of death during the first year $10,000.00 will be paid, during the second year $10,500, third year $11,000, and so on with a mortuary increase of $500.00 each year. In event of death during the fifteenth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would by $17,500.00. The annual cash dividends which begin upon the third anniversary of the policy and increases each year during the premium paying period enables the assured to pay his premiums with greater ease than with other forms of insurance.

For particulars call, phone or write

W. R. HARDY,

District Manager, at Hotel Ogahmeh for a Short Time Only.

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$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

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issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl Deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Simon Opsahl deceased, late of the Town of High Landing, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Knudt Opsahl.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Simon Opsahl deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this Order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 16th. day of September 1907, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 17th. day of June A. D. 1907.

By the Court, N. W. Tarrant,
(COURT SEAL) Judge of Probate.
june 20 july 11

Order for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Heirs of Homestead Settler.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1907.

In the Matter of the Determination of the Heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, Deceased Homestead Settler.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

On reading and filing the petition of Gunder Salemonson Jr., praying, among other things, for the judicial determination, by this Court, of who are the heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, deceased, homestead settler, and what are the respective rights and interests of such heirs in the homestead land of said deceased, and to assign said homestead to the parties legally entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said petition and said matter be heard and examined on Monday, the 5th day of August, A. D., 1907 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the office of the Probate Court at Red Lake Falls in said County and State.

It is Further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for five (5) successive weeks immediately prior to said date of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls in said County and State.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 25th, day of June, A. D. 1907. By the Court.
(PROBATE COURT SEAL)
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.
june 27 34 july 25

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Mussey of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 253 made June, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Warren E. Wood, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher " " "
James E. Wood of Thief River Falls "
William McCrum " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June, 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole O. Finberg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 281 made June 25, 1904, for the Lots 10 & 11 of Sec 31, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and Lots 3, 4 and 5 and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd. 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson " " "
Peter Flo " " "
Olof Finberg " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 26, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John G. Skomedal, of Thorwick, Minnesota as one of the heirs of John G. Skamdahl, deceased, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of the claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3379 made Aug., 21st., 1900, for the Lot 5 Section 34, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on Aug., 2nd., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

John W. Dahl, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John O. Espell, " " "
Torbjon Skomedal, " " "
Andrew Jopore, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 27 aug 6

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Urie Ruk of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 163 made for the NE¼ Section 34 Township 154 N. Range 43 W. and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Schindler " " " " "
Anton Danda " " " " "
Fred Ptacek " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ben T. Brokke of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 5621 made Mar., 2nd, 1906, for the SW¼ sec. 16 T. 155 N., R. 42, W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Aug. 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz.

Paul Quindling, of Thorwick, Minn.
Thom Bakken, " " "
Daniel Holhestad " " "
Tarje S. Brokke " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 27 aug 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 363 made June 28, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 23, Township 154 N., R. 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota on July 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thom Thompson, of Brunkeberg, Minn.
Thom Price, " " "
Alonzo R. George " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " Germantown, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 27 aug 1

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Dahl of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No. 61 made June 21st, 1904, for the Lots 12 and 13 and S. ½ of S. E. ¼ of Section 1, Township 153 N., Range 43 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz

Anton G. Soregaon, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Ole N. Olson, " " " " "
Gunder L. Stenerson, " " " " "
John Johnson, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June 27 aug 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] Vinjerud of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No. 473 made November 13, 1903 for the SW¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on July 11, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land viz

Jacob Vad, of Germantown, Minn.
Ragnhild Vad " " "
Knut I. Jordahagen " " "
Christoffer Vad " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
june 6 july 11

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

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REMOVAL SALE

The E and E Co
ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE
"HE WHO MOVETH NOT --PROGRESSETH NOT."

GOODS AT WHOLESALE COST
TWO WEEKS ONLY—JULY 15TH TO 27TH

These Goods Are Sacrificed to Make Room for New Ones Bought for the New Store

Beginning on July 15th and continuing for two weeks only, we will inaugurate this low-priced removal sale, with especially remarkable price-reductions considering the quality of the merchandise offered, and we suggest that every economical buyer in Thief River Falls and vicinity take advantage of these bargians while they last. We want to dispose of as much of our present stock as nearly as possible; to this end we shall offer our entire stock at actual cost for two weeks, as stated. We offer for your choice our complete stock of Men's and boys' clothing including the famous **SINCERITY** make, and we wish to add that during this sale as well as at any other time we will fully guarantee every article leaving our store. Our guaranty as well as that of the maker goes with every garment purchased and if not entirely satisfactory, we will cheerfully exchange or refund the purchase price. We invite your participation in this bargains including also a complete stock of Mens furnishing Goods, such as Hats, Caps, Shoes, Underwear Shirts and Ties, Rain coats and even some heavy Winter goods, etc etc. Remember the sale only two weeks.

YOU DON'T OFTEN GET THE CHANCE TO BUY GOODS AT ACTUAL COST.

EVENSON & ERICKSON
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

REMEMBER THE LIMIT OF COST SALE IS JULY 15-27. ONLY TWO WEEKS.

"T. B. A.'s Poem."

Thomas Bailey Aldrich was fond of retelling that anecdote of his own boyish daring which appears in his "Ponkapog Papers," to the effect that upon first entering James T. Fields' office in the Old Corner Bookstore his eyes fell upon that kindly editor and publisher's memorandum book, open upon the table. Mr. Fields was absent for the moment, and the youthful poet couldn't help noticing the impressive list of agenda: "Don't forget to mail R. W. E. his contract," "Don't forget O. W. H.'s proofs," etc., whereupon the "young Milton," who certainly deserved to succeed in his profession, wrote upon the memorandum book, "Don't forget to accept T. B. A.'s poem," and disappeared. The poem was accepted, paid for and, truest kindness of all, as Mr. Aldrich asserted, was never printed. But the resourceful youth never lost his deferential attitude toward the bearers of those famous initialed names that had once preceded his own.—Atlantic.

Spoke Too Soon.

The other day a stranger thus addressed a passenger coming out of the Union station:

"You will excuse me, sir, but isn't this"—

The passenger, without waiting for the other to finish, responded:

"Your umbrella? Well, I presume it is, sir. You will allow me to explain that I picked it up on coming out of the train just now. I have great pleasure in restoring it to the rightful owner."

The stranger expressed his thanks and quickly made off.

A few minutes later the same stranger, with a brand new umbrella tucked carefully under his arm, asked another individual the same question he had intended to ask the man who handed him the umbrella.

"You will excuse me, sir, but isn't this the nearest way to Fifth avenue?"—Kansas City Independent.

"The Almighty Dollar."

A recent headline, "Rule of the Dollar," has suggested the inquiry, Who originated the familiar phrase "the almighty dollar?" It was Washington Irving in "The Creole Village," which he published in 1837. The phrase became so popular and excited so much controversy in consequence of a doubt whether the adjective was irreverent that its author had to explain eighteen years later that he had intended "no irreverence, even to the dollar, which he is well aware is becoming daily more and more an object of worship." "Dollar" is certainly one of the world's great words now, and it is difficult to realize that it only means "valleyer," the "thaler" having been named after the Joachimsthal, in Bohemia, in whose valley it was first coined in the sixteenth century.—London Chronicle.

Suicide as Experiment.

A wealthy young man named Leandro Improta after taking refreshment at a cafe in Naples called for pen and ink and wrote a number of notes and letters. He then quietly took out a small revolver and shot himself in the breast. One of the letters found in his pocket runs:

> To the Curious Public—In this century it is impossible voluntarily to leave this world without great efforts being made on the part of newspapers and curious people to discover the cause of the deed. In my case I wished to study metempsychosis at close quarters. Is that not a fine idea? So much has been written on the subject, and it pleases me to discover instead of talking. So I determined to die and see whether I shall be reborn in the form of some animal. It would be delightful to return to this world as a lion or a rat. This is why I wanted to die. ADDIO.

Let No One Boast.

Nevertheless, let no one boast. Just as every man, though he be the greatest genius, has very definite limitations in some one sphere of knowledge, and thus attests his common origin with the essentially perverse and stupid mass of mankind, so also has every man something in his nature which is positively evil. Even the best—nay, the noblest—character will sometimes surprise us by isolated traits of depravity, as though it were to acknowledge his kinship with the human race, in which villainy—nay, cruelty—is to be found in that degree.—Schopenhauer.

The Whole Show.

When Rubinstein was traveling through the United States upon a concert tour it chanced that Barnum's circus followed exactly the same route chosen by the great Russian. On one occasion when the train was filled with snake charmers, acrobats, clowns and the like the guard, noticing perhaps Rubinstein's remarkable appearance asked him, "Do you belong to the show?" Turning his leonine head with a savage shake, Rubinstein fiercely growled out, "Sir, I am the show!"

Aids to Humanity.

No women have done more for humanity and for the individual than the old maid reformer and the old maid aunt. There is none to whom we owe a deeper debt of gratitude and none whom we could not better spare, says a writer in the Cosmopolitan, for to be sure of this, God sends old maids into the world to do the work that the rest of us leave undone.

Congenial Employment.

The high prize of life, the crowning fortune of man, is to be born to some pursuit which finds him in employment and happiness, whether it be to make baskets or broadswords or canals or statues or songs.—Emerson.

Subscribe for the News.

A Testimonial For Veracity.

"It's a moighty foine thing to have a character for truthfulness," remarked O'Grady when he returned home the other evening.

"Indade an' it is that same," agreed Mrs. O'Grady, with an approving nod, as she hauled one child out of the fender and scraped the cinders off his frock. "An' what makes ye say that, Phelim?"

"'Cause me master belaves in me veracity intoirely," was the response of Phelim. He lighted his short pipe and took his accustomed seat on a broken chair near the chimney. "I tould him this morning that I couldn't help being late an' that I had run a moile in a minute an' a half to get there in toime. An' what do ye think he said?"

"Mebbe that ye desarved another sixpence a week."

"Better than that. These are his very words. 'O'Grady,' ses he, 'Oi wud just as soon belave ye if ye sed ye had done it in half a minute.' So ye see what faith he has in me veracity intoirely."—London Answers.

Reading the Face.

Restless eyes denote a deceitful, designing disposition; greenish eyes mean falsehood, malice and a love of scandal; blue eyes tell of tendency to coquetry; black eyes mean a lively, spirited and sometimes deceitful character; eyes with a yellowish, bloodshot white usually betoken strong emotions and hot temper; gray eyes mean dignity and intelligence and brown eyes a tender, true, kind and happy nature. A mouth had better be too large than too small, for a very small, pursed up mouth is seldom significant of good conversational power. Large mouths are more often found in conjunction with liberal dispositions than very small ones. A person with a pointed chin is fanciful, refined in taste and difficult to please. A broad, square chin signifies ardent love, often accompanied by jealousy. A broad, round chin means ardent love, with a steadfastness and purity of affection.

When Did You Oil Your Watch?

When did you oil your watch last? Never? You may remember when you lubricated your sewing machine, typewriter, lawn mower or grindstone—within a year, probably—but your watch you never oiled, that you can remember. Yet in a period of eighteen months the balance wheel turns on its axis 13,000,000 times. Expert watchmakers say that a watch should be thoroughly cleaned and oiled every eighteen months. Many persons wear a watch for years, winding it up each night, and never oil it. Watches are instruments of uncertain age, some run indefinitely, keeping accurate time, without need of repairs. As a matter of fact, nothing is so neglected as this small, delicate and useful instrument.—North American.

Blond Indians.

One of the mysteries of Mexico is presented by the Maya Indians, who inhabit the Sierra Madre mountains in the lower part of Sonora. They have fair skins, blue eyes and light hair, and students of ethnology have always been puzzled to account for them. There is a tradition, however, that these Indians are the descendants of the crew and passengers of a Swedish vessel wrecked on the Mexican coast centuries before Columbus discovered the new world. But this tradition is founded on nothing more substantial than a folklore tale current among them that their ancestors came over the big salt water hundreds of moons ago.

A Frog of Peculiar Habits.

South America has a frog of peculiar habits. Dwelling in the virgin forests, at the tops of the highest trees, it chooses as a site for its nursery some hollow stump and then proceeds to line it with resin procured from trees in the neighborhood. This lining serves to catch and hold the rainwater, with which it quickly becomes filled. As soon as this takes place the eggs are laid therein, and here they undergo development into tadpoles. How the resin is collected is a mystery, nor is it yet known how the separate pieces become welded to form the water tight basin necessary to insure the safety of the treasures deposited therein.

Something of That Kind.

"Young man," said the serious gentleman, "did you ever pause and think that each tick of the clock brings you another moment nearer to the end of your existence?"

"I was thinking of something of that kind this very minute," cheerfully replied the youth, "only the idea struck me that each tick brought pay day that much nearer."

A Puzzler.

An old white haired darky living on a plantation, not feeling well, had the doctor pay him a visit. The doctor told him as he was getting old he must eat plenty of chicken and stay out of damp night air. "But, sah," said the old darky, "how can you expect me to stay in de house at night and still get my chickens?"

His Rising Day.

"He never did rise in the world till he stumbled over a lot of dynamite," the village gossip said, "an' even then, like so many men in the risin' business, he never did know what he rix fer."—Atlanta Constitution.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
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The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure*. We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

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The News, $1 Per Year.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

XXI Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1907 NUMBER 29

RED LAKE PINE LAND

Gen. Andrews Tells of the Pine on the Red Lake Reservation.

Says that There Is About 350,000,000 Feet of It Left.

If Superintendent Allen of the Red Lake Indian reservation has his way, 300,000,000 feet of standing timber on the peninsula between the upper and lower lake will be placed on the market. This timber is worth at least $10 a thousand feet, which means that the 1,300 Indians, Red Lake Chippewas, now on the reservation will be entitled to $3,000,000.

So asserts General C. C. Andrews, executive agent of the state forestry board, who has just made a trip of investigation for the board to the Red Lake district.

"In connection with Superintendent Allen's recommendation that this timber be sold," said General Andrews, "he will suggest that the sale be not on a standing scale, but on a scale to be made after the timber is cut. He will also recommend that the sales be made with the agreement that the cutting of the timber be done by the Indians to be paid by the purchasers. The timber is on land which, when cleared will be especially adapted for agricultural purposes. Superintendent Allen will endeavor to have it so used by the Indians when cleared. He is doing all he can to encourage the Indians in agriculture and has bought them a threshing machine and implements. Some 400 acres are now under cultivation by the Indians, when 300,000 acres are availabe."

"My trip to the Red Lake country was mainly to see the pine forest on the east side of Red Lake comprising about thirty-six square miles and which appears on the map as a wedged-shaped peninsula twelve miles in length, between Lower and Upper Red lakes. The level portion of the land is covered principally with hardwood timber of different varieties and of large growth, which shows the fertility of the soil; most of the pine, both white and Norway, is on a ridge which runs along the center. There is considerable undergrowth of large leaved trees amidst the pine. While many of the pines are about a hundred feet high and have reached their growth, there are some which would yet earn good interest by their growth fifty years longer. The symmetrical and stately forms of the trees clear of limbs to a height of 60 feet, the fresh reddish color of the Norway and the dark, handsome slate color of the white pine and standing so close that an acre would seem in many places to contain about 200 trees, one at first sight of this forest can only exclaim upon its beauty.

"There are probably 300,000,000 feet of pine in this particular forest of the value of $10 per thousand, at the present prices, and which belongs exclusively to the Red Lake Indian band now numbering 1,300 persons. In other parts of their reserve are probably 50,000,000 feet more. The present area of the Red Lake Indian reservation is 310,000 acres, the most of which is fairly good agricultural land.

"I think that most of our people would be surprised at the progress being made in civilization by the Red Lake Indians. They have two large and well equipped school buildings and schools. The principal one being at the village of Red Lake and the other at Ponemah, on the peninsula above mentioned, and situated on a cleared and cultivated plateau on the north shore of Lower Red lake. This band of Chippewas is under the charge of an agent in the civil service, and whose title is superintendent of schools.

"I went from Bemidji to Red Lake on one logging railroad and returned most of the way on another logging railroad, both passing through fine forests. The high price of forest products in recent years has led to the construction of hundreds of miles of logging railroads in Northern Minnesota, which will always remain in use for transportation, and which are contributing much to the development of the country.

It is not uncommon now for lumbermen to cut as many as fourteen kinds of marketable timber in the same forest. On this trip I saw, for the first time, a trainload of basswood logs standing on the railroad tracks.

ROBBED OF $10.

Thief River Falls Man Held up in Crookston.

Saturday Crookston Times; There was a hold-up last night at 9:30 at the eastern end of the Crookston Lumber Company's barn over in the mill yards. John Clement of Thief River Falls, a young man of nineteen, made complaint to Chief Eck about 10 o'clock in the evening that he had been covered by some unknown micreant and compelled to hand over the sum of ten dollars, being what he had in his clothes at the time. The chief at once gathered the night patrol and for three hours the city was searched for suspicious characters, but with no success so far as getting a clue to the bold highwayman went. Mr. Clement admits that he did not get a close enough look at the man to enable him to describe him with any accuracy; but asserts that though he can't say whether the robber had a mustache or not, he will certify that said robber looked about seven feet high and had a deep voice that sent chills down his spine. The outlook is not bright for the apprehension of the man.

CAPITAL STOCK.

Directors of Soo Line Vote to Increase it to $42,000,000.

At a meeting of the directors of the Soo line held on the 12th, it was decided to increase the capital stock of the company to $42,000,000 one-third of which will be preferred and two-thirds common stock. The original stock provided at the organization of the company was $21,000,000. At that time it had 800 miles of railway. Today it has about 2,300 miles in operation and will soon considerably exceed that mileage.

This increase of stock is to enable the company to meet the demand upon it for additional facilities and to keep pace in this respect with the growth of its railway and business in the future.

The stock when issued must be paid for at par value. It is estimated that not to exceed $1,000,000 of the increased stock will be issued in the near future.

ANOTHER SAW MILL.

Stated That Bemidji Will Soon Have Another Mill.

According to the Bemidji Pioneer, that place is to have another saw mill. The mill is to have a capacity of about 30,000,000 feet a year.

The promoters of the new enterprise are W. A. Gould and J. M. Richards, together with D. M. Winton of Thief River Falls and several others.

Mr. Winton is absent from the city at present, taking an automobile trip to Prince Albert, and it is not possible to gain any information from him. He owns a large amount of pine in the vicinity of Bemidji and it is quite possible that the report is true.

GOOD ADVICE THIS.

Farmers Should Secure the Hay Crop This Season.

Warren Sheaf: Marshall county has grown an enormous hay crop this year, and it has done it in scarcely more than one month's time. Owing to the cold and late spring, the grass did not make much of a start until the first week in June, but the bountiful rains and warm weather of that month made every spear of grass take on a rapid growth, and by the first week of July was ready for the sickle.

All the tame grasses, such as timothy, millet and clover, stand very thick and tall in the fields, and the native grasses also, will yield a big crop. And the native grasses, let it be remembered, are very nutritious and make most excellent hay. This native hay crop, which grows without effort, is a source of wealth, the importance of which we can hardly estimate.

In former years much, if not the greater portion of this crop, has been allowed to go to waste. Last year enough of this native grass was left uncut to have paid the interest on all the mortgaged indebtedness on the farms of the county, if it had been cut and cured and sold at the prices paid for hay last spring. We understand there is a hay shipper in Warren who is willing to contract now for prairie hay at $5.50 per ton and as much more as the market price may be at the time of delivery. It behooves the farmers of Marshall County therefore to make special efforts this year to secure the hay crop, and to let none of it, if possibe, go to waste. Good, sweet prairie hay, cut in the right time and well cured, will always find a good market, and even if it should not, it is an article that will keep until another year, if properly put up and covered. It is well to take time by the forelock and figure a little for next year, when a lighter hay crop may be raised. Let us secure the hay crop and convert it into butter, beef and mutton. It will be profitable.

Means Much Work.

The state tax commissioners have written letters to the county auditors throughout the state requesting them to furnish the commission with a complete copy of every personal property assessment in their county. The commission realizes what an arduous task they are imposing on the auditors but state that it is impossible to gain a scientific valuation or equalization of taxes until such necessary data is in the possession of the commission.

Won Both Games.

Two games of base ball were played Sunday between the Thief River Falls club and a nine from McIntosh. The afternoon game resulted in a victory for the local club by a score of 5 to 0. At the finish of the game McIntosh was of the opinion that if another game was played they could win and accordingly a game was arranged for after supper. This resulted in a score of 7 to 1 in favor of Thief River Falls.

A large number of those who have attempted to make final proof during the past several weeks have been turned down on account of insufficient residence. The government requires fourteen months continous residence on the land, those who cannot make this showing had better not try. It is also rumored that a special agent has been out on the reservation for a number of weeks past taking photographs of improvements of a number who had made final proof and the government may bring some contests.

The law forbidding the sale and use of firecrackers above a certain size and the use of certain explosives goes into effect Jan. 1, 1908. The legislature gave the jobbers and merchants a year's notice so that the goods on hand could be disposed of before the law made it unlawful to sell them. Everybody has had fair notice that it is unlawful to sell or use certain dangerous explosives in the future and they will have no reasons to complain if punished for violating the law. The long list of accidents shows the great necessity of the law and it will be enforced.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs Otto Nurlander on July 6.

FREIGHT AUTOMOBILE.

Roseau Business Men May Run One to Karlstad.

A well known traveling man of Crookston is authority for the statement that the people of Roseau and that vicinity are planning on putting a freight automobile in operation between that town and Karlstad on the Soo. "Roseau residents and business men are extremely indignant over the inaction of the Great Northern in the matter of extending the Greenbush line to their town," said the traveling man.

"They are corresponding with several of the large manufacturing concerns in the east to find out about such a machine and it is very probable that one will be in operation in time to handle considerable of the fall shipment of goods. In case they put in such a machine they will boycott the Great Northern and will have all their goods come up over the Soo."

Equalizing Prices.

A rather amusing story is going the rounds of the press about a certain man who went into a hardware store in Starbuck and asked to purchase an ax. Being shown the article and told that the price was $1.15, he said "Why I can get the same article in Chicago for 90 cents." The hardware man said "Alright, I will give it to you for the same price provided you will do the same with me as you would with them." The customer agreed with alacrity thinking he had made quite a bargain. He handed over dollar bill and the dealer promptly handed him back the ten cents change. "Now," said the dealer. "I want 25 cents more to pay the express charges," which the customer gave him. "How much did your ax cost you?" "$1.15," answered the purchaser. Very good. Now give me 5 cents more for the money order fees and the postage," which the customer was obliged to hand over. "Now, how much has your ax cost you?" "$1.20" said the customer as he reached for his purchase. "Oh, no, not yet;" said the dealer as he tossed the ax back on the shelf, "call for it in ten days. That will be as soon as you could get it from Chicago, and we're doing business on Chicago terms now, you know."

May Buy Power.

A special meeting of the St. Hilaire Commercial Club was called to meet at the village hall Wednesday evening at the instance of the village council, who wished to learn the sentiment of the club and the business men of the village in regard to purchasing the holdings of the Crookston lumber company here, which includes the water power. The council has received an offer of the power from the lumber company, and it is probable a committee from the council will meet the representatives of the lumber company in the near future and agree upon the purchase plan.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Subscribe for the News.

FAIR WILL BE GOOD ONE

Red Lake County Fair This Year to Be the Best Ever.

Best of Attractions and Good Horse Races Now Insured.

The officers of the Red Lake County Agricultural society are busy just now making preparations for the county fair and carnival to be held this year on August 7, 8 and 9. The attractions to be furnished this year are going to be far better than ever before, and the same will be true of the horse races, as a large number of horsemen are making arrangements to come here during fair week with their trotting and running horses.

Each year has seen the agricultural and stock exhibit at the fair grow better and it is more than likely that the farmers will take more interest in the fair this year than ever before. The prizes offered for agricultural and stock exhibits are very liberal this year and those who win prizes will be well paid for their trouble.

The fair association is in good financial circumstances, having had a surplus of between $400 and $500 left over after all bills were paid last year.

A New Insect Pest.

A telegram from Hutchinson, Minn., describes a new insect pest that has descended on that region in the shape of a small, black fly but little larger than a pin head and which now swarms in countless numbers. Its bite is poisonous to some persons; upon others it has no effect.

The most serious damage is to poultry. Spring chickens, just ready for the market at fancy prices, are dying by the hundreds, the fly working up under the feathers and sucking the blood. Chickens young and old are so pestered that they seek the shelter of the coop and barns and will hardly leave them for food or drink.

Animals in pastures suffer severely and the death of a few calves has been reported. Some large poultry raisers say their profits for this year are already gone.

Old settlers say the pest is an entirely new one in this region. Specimens have been sent to the state entymologist.

Thinks They Will Meet.

Another call for a meeting of the "county dads" has been posted, the date for such being the 29th inst. The "special" is for the purpose of considering the county seat removal petition, and it is hardly likely any of the commissioners will stay away this time.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

You May Think We Advise You to Buy

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes because they're more profitable to us.

You're right; they are. It isn't that we make so much money profit on them; we count the good-quality reputation they make, the benefit we get in satisfied customers, the gratification we feel in selling good goods.

But more than that; there's your profit; you get the clothes; you make as much as we do; mayby more.

Better buy Hart & Marx clothes; they pay.

The Golden Rule Department Store

Crossett Shoes Gorden Hats.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan; if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

F. P. Hamre was down to Detroit last week.

L. E. Roy, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Read the large ad of the Langseth Mercantile in this issue.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ben. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

M. Kelly of Crookston, transacted business in the city Monday.

First class office in Bijou building for rent. Inquire of D. Cavanagh.

Do not forget the July clearance sale at the Langseth Mercantile Co's.

C. J. Knox went up to Winnipeg to see his horse, Lockstep, in the race there this week.

Mrs. J. A. Rolston left Tuesday for Climax to spend a few days visiting with relatives.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. C. Shirley, July 25th. All welcome.

Alfred Anderson, cashier, at the Golden Rule returned Tuesday from a trip to Fergus Falls.

Mrs. Abbie Butman left last week for Bemidji to spend several days visiting with relatives.

Ira C. Richardson was down to Ada the first of the week attending to some legal business.

Mrs. J. J. Crowe and children Edna and Charlie, who are visiting at Rinelander, Wis., are expected to return home the latter part of the week.

W. B. Krouse was up to Winnipeg the first of the week.

Peter Wold and Alfred Hammersten, of Highlanding, were in the city the first of the week.

Bert Walker left last evening for Duluth to attend to business matters for a few days

George Diebel came over from North Dakota last Saturday to look after his interests here.

Good girl wanted to care for children. No hoboes nor cowboys need apply. Telephone No. 275.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal matters.

O. J. Schei left Tuesday evening for Fergus Falls to join Mrs. Schei and spend several days visiting with relatives.

Mrs. W. A. McIntyre, of Langdon, N. D., arrived in the city Monday evening and spent a few days with Mrs. P. W. Mabey.

O. L. Bakken returned to this city from a trip to Western North Dakota Tuesday. He reports that crops are suffering from want of rain out there.

D. B. Barber, a former resident of this city now located at Kalispell, Mont., where he is interested with the Wintons and Dobners in a large saw mill, was in the city yesterday visiting with old friends. He reports that the Thief River Falls colony in Kalispell as enjoying health and prosperity.

Cement building blocks for sale by George Diebel,

Taken Up—One bay mare weighing about 1400, blind in one eye. Also one gray mare weighing about 800. Owner can have same by applying to Hank Draper and paying charges.

No trace of the mail sacks stolen from the Soo depot have as yet been discovered, yet it is safe to say that the agents of the government have not given up hopes of finding the guilty parties.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. John Lungren next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, July 24. All are cordially invited.

Bob Hallett, the shortstop for the Thief River Falls base ball club, left the city quite suddenly Monday. A warrant had been issued for his arrest, he being charged with assaulting a citizen here on that day.

Chas. Brown and Miss Olga Ecklund were united in marriage yesterday afternoon by Judge Wilde in his offices. The young people are from Thief River Falls and left last evening for that place to begin housekeeping.—Crookston Times.

It is strange some farmers in the vicinity of Thief River Falls does not raise tame strawberries. C. C. Jackson has a fine patch and this year has had a very large crop of berries. This is sufficient proof that berries can be raised here.

H. N. Hager, the land man, spent last Friday in Grand Forks. He has discovered a new way of reaching that town which is convenient. Leaving this city in the morning over the Wheatline he went to Ardoch, N. D., and from that point took the Great Northern to Grand Forks. He had six hours in which to transact business in Grand Forks and reached this city the same evening, coming back over the same route which he went over on.

Excursion on Sunday.

There will be an excursion up the Red Lake river Sunday on the Red Lake River Transportation Company's new steam boat. The boat will leave this city about 9:30 in the morning, returning about 8 in the evening. Only sixty excursion tickets are to be sold and those wishing to go on the trip are requested to call at the People State Bank and secure tickets early.

Tickets for the trips will be as follows: Adults, 50c; children, 25c. A suitable picnic ground about 20 miles up the river will be selected as a place to take lunch.

July Clearance Sale

1-4 off on our entire stock of SUMMER WASH GOODS, comprising lawns of every description, nainsooks, batiste, Marcelane silks, silk tissues, auto cloth, spider checks, Soie radiant and brilliants.

Stop and consider what bargains you are getting when we offer you 1-4 off on our previous low prices. There will be lots of warm weather yet. You need the goods, we need the room for our immense stock of fall goods that soon will be here. Hurry and make your selections before the best patterns are gone.

1-5 off on our entire stock of ladies' summer jackets and long coats, Ladies' Mackintoshes at wholesale prices. This is our loss but your gain at this sale. He buys best who buys first. Come early and avoid the rush.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

CLOSE CALL TO DEATH.

Young Girl Shot in the Face by an Older Brother.

Now Getting Along Nicely and No Bad Results Anticipated.

The seven year old daughter of James Chapman, of Esploe, was bought to the city Monday suffering from a bullet wound. While playing with an older (about 10 years of age) a 22 rifle was accidentally discharged and the ball entered the little girl's face on the right side of the nose just below the eye. It penetrated to a depth of four or five inches, but did not go with sufficient force to come out of the back of the neck. No attempt has been made to remove the bullet and none will be made unless complications set in. The little girl is now getting along nicely and will probably suffer no bad results from the shot, although she will always carry a bullet inside of her head, but this will never cause her any trouble. Dr. Heiber, who is attending the little girl, says that the case is a remarkable one and that, had the bullet swayed a quarter of an inch, one of the vital spots in the head would have been touched and death would have resulted almost instantly.

THE NEW BOAT.

Transportation Company's New Boat Made First Trip this Week.

The Red Lake River Transportation company's new steamboat made its first trip to Thief River Falls this week, arriving here on Tuesday evening. The boat is a decidedly trim looking one, and it looks very much as if the builders, Hanson & Son, gave the farmers full value for their money. It is the intention to have the boat make two trips each week to Thief River Falls in the future and at present there is a large amount of freight to be handled and the boat will be loaded to its full capacity for the first several trips. There has been some friction in the management of the company in the past, but now it is time that all pull together for the success of the boat.

The following rules were adopted by the board of directors at a quarterly meeting held at Highlanding, July 8, 1907.

No person or persons employed on any of the boats owned and run by the Red Lake River Transportation company are allowed in any way, shape or form to give or drink any kind of intoxicating liquor while on duty on any of said boats, for the safety of all business transactions. Any person or persons employed on any of the company's boats and failing to comply with any part of this rule will be immediately removed from his position by the board of directors or board of managers.

No abusive language is allowed or tolerated on the boat by any of the employes or passengers aboard. Any person violating this rule is subject to forfeiture of his ticket and will be landed without consideration.

All dogs carried on any of the boats must be chained and half passenger fare charges will be collected for transportation.

No loaded guns are allowed to be carried on any of said boats unless cased

No person or persons are allowed to carry over one hundred pounds of baggage on any of the boats owned by this company.

Baggage Classification—Baggage shall only consist of such as parcels, telescopes bags and trunks not to exceed one hundred pounds in weight.

No baggage shall be carried or transferred free of charge to any point or destination unless the owner is the holder of a through ticket.

Doubtful Titles

It is a great misfortune to the prosperity of this reservation and the welfare of its members, that so many transfers of land have been obtained under false representations to the allottees. Scarcely a day passes that does not bring to the notice of The Tomahawk information regarding the fraudulent manner in which allottees have been beaten out of their lands. It is to the interest of the reservation that every member thereof, who is able to do so should do all he can to remedy and overcome the existing abuses. Every illegal transaction by land speculators on this reservation should be reported to the officials of the Indian Bureau, and every assistance possible be given the latter to set aside all these transactions.—The Tomahawk.

Roman Hippodrome Races.

The managers of the county fair have secured as their attraction for the fair this year which they believe will prove very entertaining to all who attend. It will be a Roman Hippodrome race, the riders being Boyd Bros. They will race one-half mile heats standing on horses.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting Held Tuesday Evening of this Week.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening and most of the time was taken up talking. M. Bothun appeared before the council with an attorney and made objection to the council giving Oen & Granum permission to use half of Third street for his store building while he was constructing the new block he proposes to build at the corner of LaBree avenue and Third street. He made the argument that leaving the building in the street for the length of time it would take to erect the large building Mr. Oen was going to build would result in great damage to his trade. Other business men and property owners in the neighborhood argued in favor of Mr. Oen and the council gave Mr. Oen permission to occupy one-third of the street.

A communication from the Red Lake Falls Milling company was presented asking that permission be given them to remove the elevator on the Great Northern tracks known as the National elevator to a point opposite Dr. Grundy's residence. This is within the fire limits of the city and the council unanimously refused to grant the company permission.

C. P. Swanson Dead.

C. P. Swanson, the pioneer and well known citizen of the town of Bray, died Tuesday. The deceased was one of the prominent citizens of the town and held many positions of trust and honor there. At the time of his death he was town clerk. The funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon.

RAILROAD RATE CASE.

Federal Court Rules Against Attorney General Young.

Judge William Lochren, in the United States circuit court at St. Paul, has ruled that the attorney general of Minnesota comes within the proceedings instituted by the stockholders of railroads doing business in Minnesota to restrain the enforcement of the new passenger and freight rates. After argument by counsel had been completed on that phase of the proposition the judge gave his decision from the bench that if an injunction be issued the attorney general will be a party to be enjoined. He held that under the decisions of the United States supreme court the suits in question are not against the state, but against such officers as threaten to enforce the law which is claimed to be unconstitutional.

The ruling disposed of an important preliminary point and now leaves the way clear to try the suits on their merits. It was the contention of the attorney general that the suits in fact were directed against the state in contravention of the eleventh amendment of the federal Constitution, which provides that a state cannot be sued by a citizen of that state or any other state unless by consent of the state. Counsel for the stockholders attacked this contention, asserting that the attorney general was made a party to the action in his official capacity.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The government has filed in the United States circuit court in New York city a petition against the American Tobacco company and sixty-four other corporations and twenty-nine individuals. These corporations and individuals constitute what is generally known as the tobacco trust and the government asks that the existing combinations, conspiracies and monopolies be enjoined and that each of the defendant companies be restrained from holding or controlling stock in any other.

Judge Young, in the common pleas court at Pittsburg, in the suit instituted by citizens against the Jones & Laughlin Steel company to have the company stop the emission of ore dust from its blast furnaces, held the officials guilty of contempt and imposed fines ranging from $100 to $5,000. Judge Young further stated that unless the company can get a device to do away with the ore dust it must shut down the furnaces.

Released for Lack of Evidence.

Edward Lindig of Centerville, under arrest charged by his former friend and neighbor, Philip Nadeau, with attempting to poison him by giving him a cigar "doped" with strychnine, has been discharged from arrest by Judge Hanft of the St. Paul police court. The case was dismissed for lack of evidence, the county attorney joining Lindig's attorney in recommending a dismissal.

Prominent Minnesotan Dead.

Judge Martin Severance of Mankato, an old lawyer and a learned jurist, is dead in that city. He had been confined to his bed the past two weeks and was operated upon by local physicians for the removal of [illegible] which he had been suffering greatly of late. During his long and eventful career Judge Severance has been a prominent figure in the history of the state.

Workman Instantly Killed.

At St. Paul Andrew [illegible] was almost instantly killed and J. L. Lundgren was probably fatally injured by falling from a swinging platform seventy-five feet above the ground while working on the new stockhouse at the Hamm brewery. Both men were carpenters and were engaged in installing window casings on the fourth floor of the structure.

STEAMBOAT MONOPOLY?

A. B. Brown Makes Complaint to the Secretary of State.

Says Farmers Boat Is Charging Robber Prices.

Have the farmers living up on the reservation got a monopoly? It would appear at least that one resident of the eleven towns is of this opinion. The following taken from the Minneapolis Journal of July 12, explains the matter:

> Farmers along the upper Red Lake river are suffering for lack of transportation facilities, according to a letter received by Secretary of State Schmahl today from A. D. Brown of Erie, Red Lake county. He says all the boats on the Red Lake river have been bought up by the Beltrami Lumber company and the Red Lake River Transportation company, that they have raised rates on freight from 20 to 40 cents a hundred, and on passengers from 25 cents to $1, also that they run no regular service. He says he has had freight at Thief River Falls for sixty days and cannot get it to his farm at any price. The roads are impassable for horses. Their county attorney is also attorney for the corporations, so they cannot get relief there.
>
> The companies do not seem to be common carriers, Secretary Schmahl will investigate to see what relief may be secured.

The Red Lake River Transporation company could hardly be called a monopoly. The stock in the concern is owned by the farmers living up along the river in the eleven towns, and these same farmers are about about the only patrons of the company. The freight rate has been fixed with a view of having the company pay expenses. No share holder in this company has any idea of getting rich quick.

Raises Novel Legal Point.

When the supreme court of the United States meets next October it will be confronted with a question as to the liability of a labor union to punishment under the anti-trust law if a question has been certified to that court by the circuit court of appeals for the second circuit is passed. The question arises in connection with the case of D. E. Lowe of Danbury, Conn., vs. Martin Lawlor and 200 other members of the American Federation of Labor. Lowe is a hat manufacturer and it is charged that the federation has sent out circulars to Lowe's patrons all over the country warning them that if they do not desist in purchasing his hats for their trade they will be put on the "unfair list" and will lose the patronage of union labor men and their friends everywhere. Lowe has brought suit in the circuit court of Connecticut, asking for $240,000 damages under the anti-trust law which provides that any violation of the law shall be punished by a fine amounting to three times the amount of damage sustained. The case is certified to the supreme court on the one question as to whether the plaintiffs can maintain an action under the anti-trust law.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending June 15

Chrpa, Johan
Dean, Thomas
Erickson, Miss Mary
Hastings, Hugh H.
Nelson, John S.
Peterson, Gilbert
Peterson, John
Sherping Johanes A.
Fugla, Sivert Y.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

OVER 800 BOYS' SUITS GOING AT COST.

Everything in Boys' and Youths' clothing, suits, hats, caps, shoes, shirts---in fact everything in the line of wearing apparel---from now until everything in this department is sold out. Sale now on.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.
Amundson & Kenison, Props.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

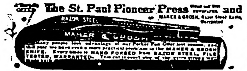

The St. Paul Pioneer Press [illegible] and a MAHER & GROSH, Razor Steel Knife, Warranted

RAZOR STEEL
MAHER & GROSH

Many people took advantage of our [illegible] Offer last season, and this year we have even a more practical premium in the MAHER & GROSH KNIFE. Every blade is HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED. [illegible]

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months [illegible] Knife Sent Postpaid FREE [illegible] $1.60 Daily Pioneer Press, 4 Months [illegible] Knife Sent Postpaid FREE [illegible] $1.40
Cut this advertisement and mail with remittance to The St. Paul Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn.

TIES FOR RAILROADS

Problem of Supply Becomes a Very Serious Question Each Year.

Railroads Use More Ties Than There Is Timber Grown.

The problem of the supply of railroad ties demanded for the extension and reconstruction of American railroads is assuming greater proportions than ever before. Figures compiled by the government forestry service show that 103,000,000 railroad ties were purchased by the railroads during 1906.

These ties contained over 3,000,000,000 board feet, roughly estimated, equal to almost 10 times the entire lumber cut of Minneapolis, and equal to one-twelfth of all saw lumber cut during the entire year. The supply of timber for ties has been steadily decreasing. Where a few years ago railroad tiemakers were skinning out the best timber, hewing out the best timber, hewing out their ties with enormous waste and practically ruining many forest tracts the utmost economy is now being practiced.

Investigation of the situation shows that the artificial treatment of softer and less durable woods is being universally tried in the effort to save the forest supply and secure decay resisting ties which will serve the uses of the railroads. White oak, which was used almost exclusively a few years ago, now furnishes only about one-half of the ties cut. Southern white pine furnishes a fifth and cedar, cypress, redwood, tamarack, hemlock, Western yellow pine and other softer woods are being used to make up the balance.

The inferior woods are the ones which best take the chemical treatment, and woods which would otherwise decay quickly and make railroad building very expensive are given many years additional life by the processes of treatment now in use in the construction departments of many roads.

The poepect of a serious shortage within a few years, however, is causing grave concern in railroad circles. Experiments with concrete and other materials to produce a tie equal to wood in resiliency and lasting qualities have not been successful. The national forestry service is co-operating with many of the large railroad systems of the country at present time in the reforestration of tracts to be used for tie supply in the future, and every effort is being made by the roads to conserve the supplies now standing.

The Pennsylvania road and the Delaware and Hudson have purchased tracts for reforestration and have foresters at work figuring out the problem of tie supply. A number of other roads have purchased large forest tracts and will lumber them scientifically, reserving the small trees and saving all timber that can be utilized for ties. In many cases large forest tracts have been planted within the last two years and are being cared for by the most approved methods to secure a good stand of timber for future needs.

Kicks on a New Law.

One of the foolish laws passed by the last legislature was that requiring counties to appoint a commissioner of highways at a fat salary. In Roseau county, for instance, the appointment of a county superintendent of highways was made at the last session of the county board and the salary fixed at $600 per annum, which the taxpayers must pay. It is true the county dads kicked on the law, but they made the appointment just the same. They were not obliged to do so, however, and could have considered the welfare of the taxpayers by refusing to put them to this expense until compelled so to do. We consider the new appointment a waste of public monies. No adequate results will be obtained. Just keep track of the work done and see if we are not right. There are many ways of spending public monies, but this latest one is not to the credit of the members of the board who voted for it. —Roseau Region.

Money in Pork.

Will Philips, a farmer near Ellendale, tells a story about raising hogs which seems almost incredible, but which he vouches for the accuracy of, says the Grand Forks Herald. His six year old son had saved five hundred pennies and gave them to his father to deposit in the bank. On his way to town Mr. Philips had a chance to purchase a sow pig and the thought occured to him that the sow would pay a bigger dividend than the interest at the bank would amount to so he purchased the sow, which in the course of two weeks gave birth to seven pigs. The purchase was made May, 8, 1906. Since that time the boy has sold $[illegible] worth of pork and has on hand at this writing 41 pigs, which will be fit for market this Fall.

Subscribe for the News.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to Place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

The Greater Norris & Rowe Circus

100 CIRCUS CHAMPIONS AND CELEBRITIES 100

22 FAMOUS EQUESTRIANS
18 Daring Aerialists
23 MERRY CLOWNS

THE BEAUTIFUL Le Fleur Troupe
10 Lovely Ladies of Faultless Form in Classic Poses on a Great Revolving Pedestal.

11 Arabian Tumblers
Celebrated Stirk (10) Family
America's Greatest Cyclists and Roller Skaters
10 Reckless Rough Riders
100 SHETLAND PONY BALLET
Marvelous Picards
Aerialists Supreme
7 Russian Cossacks
SUPERB GARLAND ENTREE

42 DOUBLE LENGTH R. R. CARS
500 PEOPLE
350 HORSES
MUSEUM
Double Menagerie
Real Roman Hippodrome
Scores of Trained Wild Beasts
Pretty EDNA MARETTA
The Only Lady in the Entire World who throws SOMERSAULTS on the Naked Back of a Swiftly Running Horse.

Thundering Roman Chariot Races
Educated SEALS & SEA LIONS
A COMPLETE JAPANESE CIRCUS
9 SENSATIONAL EQUILIBRISTS
Only Lady Japanese Artists in America
20 Astonishing Acrobats
HIGHEST JUMPING HORSES
HERDS of PERFORMING ELEPHANTS
CAMELS, LLAMAS AND BOS INDICUS
CAKE WALKING HORSES
TRAINED IMPORTED ARABIAN STALLIONS
Grand STREET PARADE 10:30 DAILY

Thief River Falls, Friday August 2nd,

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 18, 1907.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office signed by legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand three hundred and forty-two, praying that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed to the city of Thief River Falls in said county, and that a special meeting of the county board will be held at the court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Monday, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

Dated July 9th, 1907.
(Seal) John B. O'Brien
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Beltrami county last week sold $160,000 worth of bonds to take up outstanding county warrants. It was only a few years ago that a bond issue was made for a similar purpose. Beltrami county is evidently spending much more each year than is being collected for taxes—and it is one of the richest counties in the state, too.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: If it ever comes to the point when we must surrender our manhood to hold our rights or gain a point we will give up our county seat and quit the fight.

Then it is time to give up the fight, for already Red Lake Falls people, in an attempt to keep the county seat at Red Lake Falls, have been guilty of theft, perjury and bribery.

In Denmark there are farmers' selling associations, which handle and guarantee all the eggs and butter. Each farmer has his mark, which must be placed on the eggs; each creamery has its number placed upon the package, and in that manner bad eggs, found when retailed can be traced directly back to the farmer selling it, who is fined by the association 25 cents for each rotten egg. This system has inspired confidence in the consumers and are sold under these conditions always bring a better price than under the system in use in this country.—Hendrum Review.

The future. What a habit it is to say tomorrow, forgetting that tomorrow may never come. Life is short. Why do people put off the benefits they might enjoy until tomorrow? The usual excuse is the cost. And when the time comes to journey hence none take money with them. The gold-standard dollar is no good there. Build today is the best motto. Get things coming your way. Then it is easy. The town which cuts out tomorrow and substituted today is the one where success is always found. The same success comes to the man who acts this way. What will help in the future will do more good now. A kind word spoken when one is in need is better than a brass band at a funeral.—LeSueur News.

Law notes: The world is burdened with so many cheap and wearisome witticisms based on the theory that lawyers are a mendacious and generally rascally crew that one cannot but learn with joy that in at least one case a member of the noble profession found due recognition. On a tablet in the church of St. Dunstan, Fleet street, London, this inscription is to be found. "Hobson Judkins, Esq., late of Clifford's Inn, the Honest Solicitor, who departed this life June 30, 1812. This tablet was erected by his clients as a token of gratitude and respect for his honest, faithful and friendly conduct to them throughout life. Go, reader, and imitate Hobson Jukkins." To be sure, that was a good long time ago.

John D. Rockefeller had a birthday anniversary July 8th. It seems about as difficult to fix the oil magnate's exact age as it usually is to light upon his exact whereabouts. Some authorities have it that Mr. Rockefeller was born July 8, 1838, while others declare it was in 1839 that he first saw the light of day and began to dream of oil combines and millions. Mr. Rockefeller finds himself on his last birthday, whether it be his sixty-eighth or sixty-ninth, the possessor of more money than any other known individual in this or any other country. His income is $4 each second of the day. The average man earning $2 a day can appreciate the difference there is between $2 a day for six days a week and *$4 a second* for seven days a week. It is impossible for the human mind to comprehend the vastness of this man's wealth.—Fertile Journal.

A significant tribute is paid by the Engineering Record to the work of Lieut. Col. Goethals and the military engineers at Panama. It points out that there was a good deal of apprehension in the engineering staff when military engineers were placed in control but that this disappeared as soon as the staff had an opportunity to become acquainted with their new leaders. It is not uncommon to hear among engineers in civil life criticism of the engineers of the army. It is only fair to say that this does not run to any extent against the character of the work done by army engineers but is usually directed at government methods. If we are not mistaken the Engineering Record itself once voiced this distrust in arguing against the proposal to put the work in charge of the engineering corps. The army engineer seems, however, to have "made good" in all work intrusted to him. He has played a prominent part in some of the most notable construction work in the country. It is possible and indeed probable, that in the solving of new problems he is not the peer of engineers in civil life who have reached the top of their profession after a varied experience and after severe competition. The plans for such a work as the canal may perhaps be better intrusted to such men as Stevens, Parsons and Wallace, but in the execution of such plans the army engineer is perhaps as efficient as the best. He is not only technically competent but he is likely to be a superior organizer and an efficient disciplinarian—two qualifications very important in so vast an undertaking as the canal at Panama. St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The Dividend Month.

Dividends aggregating one hundred and eighty-three millions of dollars will be paid on investment securities in the city of New York alone during the present month, and the amount of the payments on that basis are always anticipated with the greatest eagerness.

The above announcement is particularly gratifying because of the recent unrest in the stock market. The country as a whole has finally come to the opinion, however, that this was merely a speculative unrest and that there was nothing whatever in the real condition of the industry and commerce of the country to justify the apprehension which was entertained for awhile.

The tremendous dividends which are to be paid in New York this month are merely reflective of general conditions. What is true of New York is true of all the rest of the country and the reports will be found to indicate prosperity everywhere.

The fact is that there is no good reason to anticipate any period of depression for a long time to come. The country as a whole is in a very healthy condition and promises to remain so indefinitely.—Rochester Post Record.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

ACTUAL COST

Sale will commence on Saturday, July 20. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

The Man Behind Schmitz.

We are not particularly enthusiastic over the conviction of Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco. It is well, of course, to detect and punish this weak, incompetent boodler; but it is merely a local matter. We do not believe that, in itself, it will have any effect in the way of discouraging bribery elsewhere.

Men like Schmitz have neither the brains nor the character to make a condition. They will always shape themselves to whatever condition is made for them. Like jellyfish, they go with the tide.

Another man of Schmitz's sort will be dishonest whenever corruption surrounds him. He will not be deterred by Schmitz's example, his nature being to yield to the nearest influence. Nor is Reuf, the abler villain, of more than minor importance.

The San Francisco supervisors confessed that they were bribed to grant certain franchises. The money to bribe them must have come from the favored corporations; and it must have been a deliberate investment for profit. Somebody, high in authority, must have known that money was going for bribery and have sanctioned it, expressly or tacitly.

Unless Prosecutor Heney's campaign uncovers that person and puts him in the penitentiary, it will have been of only local importance. It will have forged no sword to arm every other city against a condition which always, actively or potentially, threatens it.

There is no city in which some corporation could not discover an avenue to profit in corrupting the local government. There is no extensive bribery in behalf of a corporation, such as was confessed to in San Francisco, but some man, high up and absolutely free to choose between honesty and villiany, deliberately and in cold blood wills that the bribery shall be committed.

To set up an example in San Francisco which shall deter men in such a position from willing in the wrong way will be an achievement of very great general importance and value.—Saturday Evening Post.

Brookston Herald: Small farms make homes for more people. Every family is worth a certain price to the community. No matter how small the family or how few acres that family cultivates, every business interest in the adjoining city or town is benefited by the trade added every week throughout the year. Families must produce something and consume something. The merchants get double profit on all those families in buying their products and selling them necessities. More business means greater accumulations of wealth, better houses and improved highways. The state and county benefits from increased taxes, and the schools and churches advance because of increasing patronage. Yes, welcome the small farmer and encourage him in the land of agricultural opportunities.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 15. — Wheat—Sept., 98¾c; Dec., 98¾@98⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.01; No. 1 Northern, $1.00; No. 2 Northern, 98@98¾c; No. 3 Northern, 94@95c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 15.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.01½; No. 1 Northern, $1.00½; No. 2 Northern, 99c; July, $1.00½; Sept., $1.00½; Dec., 99¾c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.21½; July, $1.21¼; Sept., $1.21½; Oct., $1.19¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.00; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.50@5.75. Hogs—$5.50@5.75. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00; good to choice lambs, $5.50@[illegible]; springs, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 15.—Wheat—July, [illegible]; Sept., [illegible]. Corn—July, 53¾c; Sept., 52¾c. Oats—July, 44½c; Sept., 39¾c. Pork—July, $16.15; Sept., $16.25. Butter—Creameries, 2[illegible]; dairies, 17@22c. Eggs—12½@[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, [illegible]; springs, 16@18c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 15.—Cattle—Beeves, [illegible]; cows, $1.75@5.20; heifers, [illegible]; calves, [illegible]; good to prime steers, [illegible]; poor to medium, [illegible]; stockers and feeders, [illegible]. Hogs—Light, [illegible]; mixed, [illegible]; heavy, [illegible]; rough, [illegible]; pigs, [illegible]; good to choice heavy, [illegible]. Sheep, $3.75@5.[illegible]; lambs, $5.50@7.60.

MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK
September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildidgs, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000, offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2.

STATE

Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Air Ship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of Jericho," Magnificent Pyrotechic Spectacle Each Night.

FAIR

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

An official statement announcing a "thoroughly good understanding and fundamental friendliness" between the United States and Japan was issued by President Roosevelt through Secretary Loeb after the departure of Admiral Yamamoto and Ambassador Aoki, who had been the president's guests at Sagamore Hill.

By action of the board of directors of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railroad the capital stock of the Soo road was doubled, being increased from $21,000,000 to $42,000,000. One-third of the stock is to be preferred and two-thirds common.

Both houses of the Wisconsin legislature have passed the senate 2-cent fare bill and as a result the state administration is threatened with the resignation of the entire state railway commission, which had recommended a 2½-cent fare.

Injunction suits have been filed in the county district court at Topeka, Kan., by Attorney General F. S. Jackson against sixty-two foreign fire insurance companies charging them with alleged violation of the state anti-trust laws.

A parade of 15,000 Knights Templar, accompanied by fifty bands, was the chief feature of the triennial conclave of the grand encampment of Knights Templar at Saratoga, N. Y.

The 300th anniversary of American shipbuilding will be observed in Bath, Me., and the adjacent towns at the mouth of the Kennebec river during the week of Aug. 5.

The Hardman-Covington bill, which prohibits the sale and manufacture of liquor in the state of Georgia after Jan. 1, 1908, has passed the Georgia senate.

The Christian Endeavor convention at Seattle selected St. Paul as next meeting place.

LABOR NEWS.

Indications are that the telegraphers' strike will spread and that the next walkout of operators will occur in some large Eastern center. This action is the result of a refusal of Assistant General Superintendent Miller to meet a committee of union operators to discuss grievances.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

A lucky purchase of 50 dozen Cluett Brand Shirts enables us to offer you $2 and $1.50 Shirts at **$1.15**

ALL SIZES—LIGHT AND DARK PATTERNS

WILSON CLOTHING COMPANY

J. BORRY,
PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

H. E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

Charles Helm was in the city last Saturday.

C. Fredrickson and wife spent Sunday at Sandridge.

Harry Carr was down from Middle River last week.

Fr. Adolph was up to Winnipeg the first of the week.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last Friday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Barton on July 9.

Lewis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line last Saturday.

H. B. Purdy and bride, of Glenwood, spent Sunday in the city.

D. Collins, of St. Hilaire, transacted business in the city Monday.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shaw were up to Germantown to spend Sunday.

Wanted— A girl for general housework. Mrs. George Elder, phone 233.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

J. F. Craig, of East Grand Forks, transcated business in the city last Saturday.

Attorney E. Stanton returned to this city last Saturday from his trip to Grand Rapids.

Lost—A string of amber beads. Finder please return to News office and receive reward.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

John J. Soll, of Strandquist, a former resident of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

Misses Elnora Anderson, Stella and Pansy Newberry were down to Detroit to spend Sunday.

Wanted—A neat, willing girl for second work and nurse. Good wages. Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Mrs. G. H. Tibbets and daughter, Miss Ira, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last Saturday.

Mrs. R. H. Olson, of Hallock, arrived in the city last Saturday and is visiting Mrs. H. B. Borneman.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

—Telephone No. 8 if you want to get the best meat, sausage, fish, oysters, etc in the market. John P. Forsberg.

Mrs Archie Donaldson arrived in the city last week from Eau Claire, Wis., and is visiting her mother, Mrs. Curran.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the board of equalization.

Will Mullery, wife and children, left last Saturday for Wisconsin points to spend about three weeks visiting friends.

W. J. LaBree left the first of the week for points between here and Detroit on the Soo line to advertise the county fair.

Ask your dealer for Uncle Tom Snuff. Uncle Tom Snuff is made from best Leaf Tobacco according to the most scientific methods and contain no injurious ingredients.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

John Clouson and Carl Bettin, two prominent farmers of Germantown, were in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. Brynildson removed to this city last Saturday from Fertile. Her son has been employed in F. C. Niclai's cigar factory for some time.

Ex-Governor John Lind was a passenger on the Greenbush train Monday, being enroute to Roseau county to attend the July term of court.

Ole Brink, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday. He had been at Warren buying some thorough bred cattle from L. Lambertson.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

For Sale—A black horse, seven years old, 1500 pounds; a grey mare, eight years old, 1400 pounds. See Wm. Moeller section 17, town of Rocksburg.

Andrew Bjerkhoel, a former resident of this city but who is now running a drug store at Lakota, N. D., was in the city to spend Sunday with his parents.

The members of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society are requested to meet tomorrow evening at Daniel Shaw's office. Business of importance to be transacted.

Lost—From the farm of Carl Bettin on Sec. 29, Tp. 152, N. R. 41 W 5 yearlings and 1 two year old calf, the finder will please notify or return the same to the owner above named.

H. G. Dobner arrived home from his trip to Lake City last Saturday. He was accompanied by his nephew, John Dobner Moore, of LaCrosse, Wis., who will remain here for a few weeks.

The residents of the town of Silverton have stopped quarreling over the grader and are now at work building roads and according to people who have been out there recently some very good grades are being built.

Clothes closets were installed last week in the clothing department of the Golden Rule, and this store now has one of the most up-to-date clothing departments of any store in the Northwest. The new cabinets are dust proof.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

The homestead will soon be a thing of the past outside of districts requiring irrigation. About all that is left in the Northwest is in western North Dakota and eastern Montana. Much of this land is stony but with a little extra work at first would make fair farms.

Olaf Ramstad lost a horse from his barn last Friday Morning. It was thought at first that the horse had been stolen and a diligent search was made for the animal throughout this section. The horse was found Saturday about five miles southeast of town.

A fresh egg will sink when placed in water and rest on its side; if three weeks old it will incline slightly with the small end down, if three months old it will stand on the small end, and if older it will float with large end out of water more or less according to age.

Lost—$10.00 reward will be paid to the party who picked up and will return to the undersigned, a pocket-book containing $55.00 lost June 20th; 1907 in the city, on the street from the postoffice to the home of the undersigned. Finder please leave it at this office or to Anna Erickson.

Harry Healey drove up from Red Lake Falls last Friday Morning, took the Wheatline to Warren and from there took the Great Northern to Hallock where he played in a ball game with the Argyle team. He returned to Thief River Falls that same evening and drove to his home in Red Lake Falls. Quite a strenuous days work.

All postoffices are weighing the mails these days. The weighing commenced on July 1. All of the different classes of mail matter must be weighed separately and the task is no small one. This work is for the purpose of gathering certain statistics for the use of the postal department in basing contracts with railways and other transportation companies.

Roseau Times: Considering the lateness of spring, Roseau county seems to be a favored section for prospects of a bumper crop. The weather has been exceptionally favorable and fields never looked better since the first settlement of the county. The frequent and timely rains assures a good crop of hay, although the cutting will be a week or two later than usual.

Potato bugs are keeping the potato growers more than busy just now. The bugs are said to be thicker this year than ever before. They appeared with unusual suddenness and had made great inroads into the fields before the usual preventives could be applied. The potato growers are getting the bug situation well in hand and the outlook is for a good crop of friends.

A movement has been started in this state by the members of the state board of health and the various physicians, which if carried through, will mean the discontinuance of the practice of holding rummage sales. It has been urged for several years that the holding of these sales has been a menace to the public health through the scattering of old clothing amongst the poor.

A sad drowning occurred at Lake Melissa near Detroit last Friday. Miss Staake and Vincent Vidger two Fargo young people, who were enjoying an outing at Detroit, were the victims. They were out in a canoe and the frail craft was found bottom side up on the shore. It was not until the canoe was found that the tragedy was made known. No one saw the accident.

"The supreme court has decided that a carbon copy of an instrument is just as good as the original, "says the Fergus Falls Journal. Now look out for the fellow who goes about the country just wanting your name on this or that piece of paper, and assuring you that there is no obligation attached to it. There may be a carbon sheet beneath the one you are writing your name upon.

A shocking thing happened over in one of our nearby towns. One of the popular society women announced a "a white elephant party." Every guest was to bring something she could not find use for and yet was too good to throw away. The party would have been a success but for an unlooked for development, which broke it up. Eleven of nineteen women brought their husbands.

The green bug, which has destroyed so much wheat in the southwest, is reported to have made its appearance in southern Minnesota. Samples sent to the state experiment station are pronounced genuine, and there is naturally some uneasiness. The green bug thrives best in damp weather, and unless conditions change, the state entomologist does not anticipate any great damage in Minnesota.

On Sunday, June 6, Rev. Sand, of St. Hilaire, confirmed a class of sixteen young people in his Black River congregation. They were all in Thief River Falls last Saturday and had their picture taken by Photographer Borry. The following were here: Esther Adolphson, Ebba Person, Edla Hallstrom, Lillie Hallstrom, Hulda Peterson, Jennie Peterson, Tilda Johnson, Ernest Johnson, Ray Lundquist, Arthur Melin, August Crowe, George Swanson, Edward Moren, Ernest Moren, Fridolf Anderson and Harold Mesbeck.

Ex-Sheriff Linnihan was in the city Tuesday.

E. T. Frank, of Warren was in the city Tuesday.

E. M. Hoff, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

Thomas R. Johnstone, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday.

Albert Eve was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

S. Kenison has been confined to his home this week by sickness.

L. M. Hoag transacted business in Crookston the first of the week.

Walter McAndrews was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Harry Holberg, of Newfolden, transacted business in the city Tuesday.

James O'Brien, of Kratka was in the city Monday enroute to Crookston.

D. B. Bakke was up on the Greenbush line Monday attending to business matters.

James Meehan came up from St. Paul Tuesday to look after his interests here for a few days.

Chris Amundson went to St. Paul last Saturday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday evening at 7:45. I. T. Aastad.

Morlan Bishop entetained a number of his young friends Monday afternoon in honor of the anniversary of his birth.

—Part of lot 1, block 21, original townsite of Thief River Falls, with feed mill thereon, for sale by Richardson & Cooke.

Clarence Cummings, of Whitefish, Mont., arrived in the city Tuesday and will spend a few days here visiting old friends.

Lost—Receipts for special delivery of article of mail delivered at this postoffice with eight names on. Finder please return to postoffice. F. H. Kratka, postmaster.

Oscar Larson, a former business man of this city now located at Madison, Minn., accompanied by Attorney H. G. Borgendale, is in the city attending to some business matters.

Chief E. O. Erickson and wife returned to this city Monday evening from a two weeks visit with friends in Wisconsin and Central Minnesota. They had a delightful time.

The indications are that the school election this year will be a decidedly tame affair. Two directors are to be elected and in so far as the News has been able to learn there are only two candidates, Lars Backe and D. P. O'Neill.

Anyone who takes notice of the splendid fields of clover and timothy in this neighborhood this season will feel assured that there is a bright future for the dairy business. Clover—the great fertilizing plant—may be found on almost every farm, and 60 to 80 acre fields of it is not uncommon.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

Peerless
DILO

The Harvest Fields of the Northwest

Grow the richest barley in the world, and barley, remember, is a substantial food—a standard cereal (like wheat and oats and rye). It is the foundation and backbone of

Gund's Peerless Beer

Pure, natural juices of the barley and hops are combined by the famous "Gund Natural Process" into a fermented malt beer, whose fine fragrance and rich strengthening food qualities won for it the diploma of highest excellence at Paris, 1900, and for commanding superiority at St. Louis Exposition, 1904. "Peerless" will quench your thirst, give you strength, promote digestion, satisfy your palate and enrich your blood.

Bottled at brewery only. Sold everywhere. A favorite home beer. Send in a trial order for a case delivered at your door. Telephone, write or call. Ask for it at places of public resort if you want something better than common brews.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Order for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Heirs of Homestead Settler.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1907.

In the Matter of the Determination of the Heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, Deceased Homestead Settler.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

On reading and filing the petition of Gunder Salemonson Jr., praying, among other things, for the judicial determination, by this Court, of who are the heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, deceased, homestead settler, and what are the respective rights and interests of such heirs in the homestead land of said deceased, and to assign said homestead to the parties legally entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said petition and said matter be heard and examined on Monday, the 5th day of August, A. D., 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the office of the Probate Court at Red Lake Falls in said County and State.

It is Further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for five (5) successive weeks immediately prior to said date of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls in said County and State.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 25th day of June, A. D. 1907. By the Court.

PROBATE COURT
SEAL

N. W. Terrall,
Judge of Probate Court.

June 27 5t july 25.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Mossey of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 253 made June, 1901, for the S. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Warren E. Wood,	of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher	" " "
James K. Wood	of Thief River Falls "
William McCrum	" " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June, 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole O. Finberg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 281 made June 25, 1901, for the Lots 10 & 11 of Sec 31, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and Lots 3, 4 and 5 and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd. 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson	of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson	" " "
Peter Flo	" " "
Olof Finberg	" " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 26, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John G. Skomedal, of Thorwick, Minnesota as one of the heirs of John G. Skamdahl, deceased, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of the claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3370 made Aug., 21st., 1900, for the Lot 5 Section 31, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on Aug., 2nd., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

John W. Dahl,	of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John O. Espell,	" " "
Torbjon Skomedal,	" " "
Andrew Jopore,	of Thief River Falls.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 aug 6

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Urie Ruk of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 163 made for the NE¼ Section 31 Township 154 N, Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek	of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Schindler	" " " "
Anton Danda	" " " "
Fred Ptacek	" " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ben T. Brokke of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 8633 made Mar., 2nd, 1900, for the SW¼ sec. 10 T. 155 N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Paul Quindlog,	of Thorwick, Minn.
Thom Bakken,	" " "
Daniel Romestad	" " "
Tarje S. Brokke	" " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 aug 1

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Subscribe for the News.

Has Visited Minnesota Towns for Nine Years.

America's Most Popular Specialist.

DR. DORAN.

Next regular professional visit to

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Tuesday, July 30th, at Hotel Rushford.

☞ Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistual Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

DR. J. E. DORAN,

202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston Minnesota, June 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Dahl of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 61 made June 21st, 1901, for the lots 12 and 13 and S ½ of S E ¼ of Section 1, Township 153 N., Range 43 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 21st.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Antonius Sorenson,	of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole N. Olson,	" " " "
Gunder L. Stenerson,	" " " "
John Johnson,	" " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 aug 21

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May [illegible]

[illegible]

Jacob [illegible]	of [illegible] Minn.
[illegible]	
[illegible]	
[illegible]	

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 6 July 11

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS:

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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UNDETAKING.

H. M. HICKS. LICENSED EMBALMER. OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

Call and See Our Line of Refrigerators.
We Have the Best in the City.

The Latest Development in Life Insurance Issued by

Central Life Assurance Society of the United States.

Life Insurance a Progressive Science.

Features of Policy.

Some persons have objected to life insurance policies as a form of investment, because the beneficiary received no more from the settlement, where death occurs after the policy had been in force a number of years and many premiums paid, than would be received during the first year when only one premium was paid. The Guarantee Double Annual Allotment Policy answers this objection with a guaranteed increase on the Ordinary Life, Twenty Payment Life and Twenty Year Endowment of twenty five dollars for each one thousand dollars in the face of the policy and for each renewal premium paid. This increase is paid to the beneficiary in addition to the face of the policy. To illustrate: Mr. A. takes policy $10,000.00. In event of death during first year $10,000.00 would be paid, during second year $10,250.00, third year $10,500.00. The increase continues $250.00 each year during the entire period of twenty years. In event of death during the twentieth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would be $14,750.00. The $4,750.00 would be the mortuary allotment or dividend. The policy also bears to the assured a cash dividend annually beginning on the third anniversary with 10 per cent, fourth anniversary 11 per cent and increases one per cent each year until it reaches a 20 per cent dividend on the thirteenth year and 20 per cent each year thereafter to the end of the twenty year period.

The Ten and Fifteen Payment Policies differ from the above only in the mortuary increase, being $50.00 per year for each one thousand dollars instead of $25.00 as above. To illustrate: Mr. B. takes policy of $10,000.00 on the fifteen payment plan. In event of death during the first year $10,000.00 will be paid, during the second year $10,500, third year $11,000, and so on with a mortuary increase of $500.00 each year. In event of death during the fifteenth year the amount which would be paid upon a $10,000.00 policy would by $17,500.00. The annual cash dividends which begin upon the third anniversary of the policy and increases each year during the premium paying period enables the assured to pay his premiums with greater ease than with other forms of insurance.

For particulars call, phone or write

W. R. HARDY,

District Manager, at Hotel Ogahmah for a Short Time Only.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM LANDS.

WRECKED BY EXPLOSION.

Leaking Gas Causes Disaster at a St Paul Hotel.

Seven rooms, two hallways, a landing and stairway were wrecked and nearly a score of persons were more or less injured by an explosion of gas at the Avon hotel at St. Paul. The explosion occurred in the bathroom on the second floor and shook the buildings adjoining the hotel until the glass windows were shattered and the entire block was shaken as though by an earthquake.

The force of the explosion was felt for blocks. The report was heard as far as Fourth and Wabasha and many people, under the impression that a building had been dynamited, hurried to the scene. A panic followed immediately upon the explosion. The lodgers in the hotel threatened to jump from windows and stampeded down the stairway. Prompt work upon the part of the police prevented any one from being injured.

HOLDS STATUTE IS INVALID

Attorney General Passes on Minnesota's Road and Bridge Law.

Attorney General Young, in an opinion to be given shortly, will declare the $200,000 road and bridge law passed by the last legislature to be in violation of the constitution.

In anticipation of the opinion State Auditor Iverson, who has the distribution of the fund, made formal application for the opinion and he expects the answer in a few days. It follows on an application from Kittson county, which has just built a bridge and wants the state aid the law entitles it to.

The new law provides for the distribution of $200,000 a year from the state revenue fund among the counties for road and bridge improvements and it is here that the unconstitutional feature is alleged.

ENGULFED WHEN DAM BROKE

Five Men Thrown Into Water and One Drowns.

John Rogoslewski lost his life by drowning at the dam of the Watab Pulp and Paper company's mill at Sauk Rapids. With four others Rogoslewski had gone into a pit at the east end of the dam and protected by a temporary coffer dam to build a foundation for the gates. The coffer dam gave way and in an instant the five men were caught in swirling waters. After heroic efforts on the part of the few people who happened to be on shore four men were rescued. Rogoslewski was not seen after the coffer dam broke and all attempts to find his body, even by dynamiting, were fruitless.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Baker

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

STUDIES SWEDES OF AMERICA

Minister Herman L. F. Lagerkrantz on an Extensive Tour of the Northwest Part of the United States.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Herman L. F. Lagerkrantz, Swedish minister to the United States, is at present on an extensive tour in the northwest. He is now on the Iron Range north of Duluth and has visited Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chisago county, his main object being to study the Swedes of America at close range. This is the first time that any Swedish minister to the United States has made a trip of this kind. Minister Lagerkrantz has everywhere been enthusiastically received and expresses himself as being more than satisfied at the prosperous condition of his countrymen on this side of the Atlantic.

Prince Wilhelm, who not long ago paid a visit to the Russian court in matrimonial interests, is now very much in the public eye, springing into prominence because of his engagement to a Russian princess. Why a Swedish prince should choose a bride in Russia, which for centuries has been the traditional enemy of Sweden, is a matter which is open for much speculation. The conservative element of Sweden are not very favorable in their comments and the young prince and his parents have been the object of much criticism for encouraging this union.

Among the many Swedish colonies in foreign cities who observed King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's wedding anniversary was the Swedish colony of Wiesbaden, Germany, who gave a banquet at the Biebrich palace, which had been opened to them for the occasion. A picture was taken of those present and sent to the king and queen.

Gustaf of Geijerstam, the well known Swedish author, is spending the summer among the mountains of Norway, on account of poor health. Mr. Geijerstam has been in ill health for some time, in fact ever since he returned from Russia, and has not been able to do any literary work during the past few months.

King Oscar is now in Marstrand, the famous Swedish watering place, where he has been spending a portion of every summer during the past thirty years. The king loves Marstrand and although he has many beautiful resorts to choose from, he invariably prefers to stay at Marstrand.

The richest man in Stockholm at present is the Swedish Jew, Isaac Hirsch. He pays an annual tax of 800,000 crowns. The richest men of Stockholm are the Swedish Jews, the Davids, Lejas and Hirsch's and others, who have amassed vast fortunes in the Swedish capital.

Gustave Thalberg, the Swedish impressario, has returned from New York and London, where he has made arrangements for the tour of the Norwegian theatrical company from the National theater in Christiania, which will give a series of Ibsen performances in America.

Prince Wilhelm will this week start for America with the armored cruiser Fylgia. In connection with the prince's American trip it is mentioned that his affianced, the Duchess Maria Pawlowna of Russia, will receive a dowry of 2,000,000 rubles.

Professor Oscar Montelius, who has been prominent as an archaeologist, has been offered a flattering position as director of a museum in Berlin, but has declined. He is a very patriotic man and prefers to serve his own country.

The Swedish postoffice department is in a thriving condition. The surplus of the postoffice department for the last year, amounting to $622,385.58, has just been turned into the national treasury. This is a fine showing.

"King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's Golden Wedding Memorial Institute," is the name of a new home for the poor, which has but recently been established in Malmo. The city council of Malmo has voted $27,000 to this benefit.

Pellerin & Co., of Gothenburg, donated 5,000 francs to King Oscar's and Queen Sofia's fund for social development. Pellerin & Co. is a French firm, which has been conducting a branch office in Gothenburg for many years.

The editor of the Servitoren, who was arrested on a charge of libel, has been given his freedom. He had many friends, who interfered in his behalf, and the authorities yielded.

The general strike of waiters in all the hotels and restaurants of Stockholm is the cause of a serious embarrassment. It is feared that the strike will spread throughout Sweden.

Peculiar though it may seem, the empress of Japan is going to be an aggressive competitor for the literary Nobel prize, which is to be awarded Dec. 10, 1907.

During the early part of next month a Swedish squadron will visit England and it will be reviewed by King Edward at Cowes.

A number of Swedish professors, [illegible]

the sessions of the peace conference at The Hague.

Prince Bernadotte and family are spending the warm season on the Malmo estate, which he purchased some time ago.

Recent dispatches state that King Edward of England will pay a visit to King Oscar at Marstrand next month.

The national government is to contribute $81,000 to the construction of a dry dock in Malmo.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

After a strenuous debate, expending over eight meetings, the storthing has adopted a report in the matter of regulation of Mjosen lake, which is favorable to the cabinet. The vote was 63 to 60. This was the last chance during the present session of the storthing to overthrow the Michelsen cabinet. According to a special dispatch to the Daily News (Chicago) of June 28, companies seeking a franchise to use the waters of Mjosen lake sought rights from the government involving several hundred crowns.

Miss Gurid Laate, a poor Norwegian girl who is working her way through the University of Minnesota, is probably the only college girl in the country who can make her own clothes from spinning of the thread and weaving of the cloth to the forming of the fabric into fashionable design. Spinning and weaving she learned in her native country, the art of the modiste was acquired since her arrival in the United States.

Edward Grieg, the famous composer, celebrated his 64th birthday June 15. Mr. Grieg is in excellent health and is now engaged in composition again, after completing a most successful concert trip abroad. Grieg's compositions have been especially well received in Germany, where perhaps no other living composer is accorded so much recognition as Mr. Grieg.

The Dovre Singing society of Minneapolis gave a concert in Christiania June 21, which was attended by more than 2,000 people. Miss Loe was the soloist. The Dovre society has been enthusiastically received wherever they have been and have been singing to full houses since their arrival.

There are hundreds of Norwegian-Americans in Norway this summer and every steamer from New York and other points brings new arrivals. Many have come to see the "old folks" and many have come to bring their friends and relatives with them to America.

The Christiania students gave a concert in the Trondhjem cathedral the other evening. The famous edifice was almost full of people. The acoustics in the cathedral is said to be the most remarkable in Europe.

Fourteen German scientists have leased the good ship "Erik Jarl" for an expedition to Spitzbergen. They will leave Christiania for Arctic waters during the latter part of this month.

The Norwegian minister, Hagg, in Copenhagen will also act as Norwegian minister in Brussels. This was determined at the last session of the storthing.

Fifteen strikers in Skien took a very quiet leave for America the other day. They, however, did not neglect in bringing the funds of the union with them.

"The Merry Widow," which had such an unprecedented run in Stockholm last year, has now been billed for Bergen National theater.

Five English cruisers, the largest vessel representing a tonnage of 150,000 tons, arrived at Bergen June 21 and lay anchored there a week.

All those who contemplated studying dentistry in Norway must hereafter take the full university course.

There were last year not less than 1,489 patients at the Bergen hospital. This is the largest number on record.

A postoffice has been opened in Bell Sound, Spitzbergen. The postmaster is Consul John Glaever.

Alexander Kjelland's bust was unveiled June 26. Bjornson delivered the dedicating address.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A week ago last Wednesday evening a dinner was given at the royal palace in honor of Prince Adelbert of Germany at Fredensborg palace. The entire Danish family was present. King Frederick delivered an address of welcome to the young prince, expressing the hope that he would feel at home in Denmark. Prince Adelbert has been made a Knight of the Elephant order and rumor has it that he is to be engaged to Princess Thyra, King Frederick's third daughter. Present at this dinner also was the German emperor and empress and this is the first time that the empress had ever been in Copenhagen.

The Danes are elated over the possibility of their country being united to Germany through a royal marriage. The papers of Copenhagen have published many editorials which evince that little Denmark feels elated at the prospects of Princess Thyra's marriage to Prince Adelbert.

Copenhagen is full of tourists, principally Germans and Englishmen. There are also a number of Americans here, but they are not so many as last year.

King Frederick will pay a visit to Stockholm in September. He will be accompanied by one of his daughters.

Prince Wilhelm of Sweden spent a fortnight in Copenhagen last month. [illegible]

ORE TRAINS COLLIDE

One Man Killed and Five Badly Injured Near Brookston.

BANK TELLER SENTENCED

Pleads Guilty at St. Paul to Misappropriation of Funds—News of the State in General.

Two ore trains on the Great Northern came together twelve miles west of Brookston, St. Louis county, with the result that one man was killed and five were injured, one of them so seriously that he is not expected to live. J. B. Leonard, brakeman, Millerton, Mich., was pinned under the wreck and killed. The injured are: Victor Cline, brakeman, crushed internally, not expected to live; Edward F. Roach, engineer, Superior, left shoulder fractured; George D. Smith, engineer, left leg fractured; William Madsen, Allouez, fireman, scalded about face and hands; L. F. Boston, fireman, Superior, both legs fractured.

BANK TELLER SENTENCED.

Pleads Guilty at St. Paul to Misappropriation of Funds.

Philip Kempien, formerly paying teller at the Capital National bank of St. Paul, has been sentenced to four years in the state prison by Judge Lewis of the Ramsey county district court.

Kempien appeared before the court and pleaded guilty to misappropriation of funds and accepted his sentence stoically.

Kempien was arrested in Seattle some weeks ago after he had left the employ of the bank. Shortly after he left St. Paul it was discovered that he had been systematically misappropriating funds. The total amount of his defalcations has not been made public, but it is known to have exceeded $13,000.

VICTORY FOR INDIANS.

Issuance of Patents on Minnesota Swamp Lands Suspended.

A Washington report says the White Earth and Chippewa Indians of Northern Minnesota have scored a point by the issuance of an order signed by Acting Land Commissioner Dennett suspending the issuance of patents to the state of Minnesota of 237,000 acres of swamp lands. It is said that with the certainty of the federal drainage of ceded swamp lands the Northern Minnesota tract becomes a valuable asset to whoever gets the patent to them.

FOUR PASSENGERS HURT.

Runaway Street Car Turns Over in Minneapolis.

A Cedar and Emerson car, running at a terrific rate of speed, jumped the track at the foot of a steep grade at Fremont avenue and Thirty-third street, Minneapolis. It turned on its side and plowed over the ground a distance of fifty feet. Five passengers were in the car, four of whom were hurt. The accident was due to the failure of the air brake to work and the hand brake had no effect on the car.

GREEN BUG IN MINNESOTA

Makes Its Appearance Too Late to Do Any Damage to Crops.

F. L. Washburn of Minneapolis, state entomologist, who recently announced that one of his field workers had found the genuine green bug in Southern Minnesota wheat fields, stated as the result of further investigation that the insect has made its appearance too late to do the crop any damage.

Human Bite Proves Fatal.

Blood poisoning caused by being bitten in the thumb in a Fourth of July fight with a former friend has caused the death of John Kelley of Minneapolis. Aune Berg, the man with whom Kelley fought, was arrested by the police, but may not be prosecuted, as both men were intoxicated at the time of the fight and they parted friends again after the occurrence.

Killed by Flying Timber.

Knute Johnson, twenty-one years old, was almost instantly killed at the Cloquet Lumber company's mill at Cloquet by being hit by a piece of flying timber. He was setting the cants of a saw when one of the timbers flew up and struck him just above the heart. He was knocked senseless and expired before he could be taken to the hospital.

Runaway Proves Fatal.

Sever Hoganson, an Olmsted county farmer, was fatally injured in a runaway. He was driving home from Stewartville and had stopped to chat with a neighbor when the team gave a sudden jump and threw him from the seat under the wheels, which passed directly over his body, crushing the bones and piercing his lungs.

Strike on the Ore Docks.

Seven hundred and fifty ore trimmers on the Duluth, Missabe and Northern docks at Duluth are on strike for increase in pay. The day men want $2.50 in place of $2.25 and the night men [illegible]

REMOVAL SALE

The E and E Co
ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE.
"HE WHO MOVETH NOT
--PROGRESSETH NOT.

GOODS AT WHOLESALE COST
TWO WEEKS ONLY—JULY 15TH TO 27TH

These Goods Are Sacrificed to Make Room for New Ones Bought for the New Store

Beginning on July 15th and continuing for two weeks only, we will inaugurate this low-priced removal sale, with especially remarkable price-reductions considering the quality of the merchandise offered, and we suggest that every economical buyer in Thief River Falls and vicinity take advantage of these bargians while they last. We want to dispose of as much of our present stock as nearly as possible;-to this end we shall offer our entire stock at actual cost for two weeks, as stated. We offer for your choice our complete stock of Men's and boys' clothing including the famous SINCERITY make, and we wish to add that during this sale as well as at any other time we will fully guarantee every article leaving our store. Our guaranty as well as that of the maker goes with every garment purchased and if not entirely satisfactory, we will cheerfully exchange or refund the purchase price. We invite your participation in this bargains including also a complete stock of Mens furnishing Goods, such as Hats, Caps, Shoes, Underwear Shirts and Ties, Rain coats and even some heavy Winter goods, etc etc. Remember the sale only two weeks.

YOU DON'T OFTEN GET THE CHANCE TO BUY GOODS AT ACTUAL COST.

EVENSON & ERICKSON
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

REMEMBER THE LIMIT OF COST SALE IS JULY 15-27. ONLY TWO WEEKS.

ART SALES IN LONDON

Treasure Houses That One May Purchase Outright.

A QUEER MODE OF LIVING.

The "Gentleman Dealer" Will Sell You a Chair, the Dining Table or the Whole Room and Then Refurnish For the Next Purchaser.

The method of buying and selling objects of art has undergone considerable change during recent years. Formerly the art dealer ensconced himself exclusively in shops in fashionable streets in the St. James' district and advertised his presence there by a single chair in the window or a Japanese vase.

But the "gentleman dealer" has come on the scene. In recent years he has taken away the cream of the trade from the man behind the counter.

There are in London today perhaps a dozen mansions, magnificently furnished, containing great fortunes in pictures, furniture, china and silver, whose owners are willing to part with any one of their beautiful possessions at a price, or are ready at all times of the day and night to sell out, lock, stock and barrel.

There are no signboards, no advertisements, no indication whatever that the house is anything but the residence of a very well to do gentleman. There is no admission to the general public. You must go by invitation or introduction, and some of these private purveyors of antiquities would be extremely annoyed if it became generally known that they are dealers.

The majority of these "gentlemen dealers" are well known throughout the trade and are regarded as the most important men in the business of buying and selling works of art. Whenever, therefore, a small dealer has anything to dispose of or there is something which his limited capital will not permit him to purchase he goes straight to the "gentleman dealer" and in turn for the usual commission makes it possible for the latter to become the possessor of the coveted object.

So it has come about that the "gentleman dealer" has gradually become the most important figure in this commerce. Not only does he sell you a chair out of his dining room, a Gainsborough picture from his walls, a valuable piece of Sevres from the Chippendale cabinet in the corner or the linen fold panelling from off the very walls of the entrance hall, but he is prepared to furnish a cottage or a

tiquities.

It seems rather ridiculous to people who are not aware of this state of affairs, but it is a fact that if you happen to be a guest in one of these houses and you take a fancy to the saltcellar you may take it for your own by sending a check for it the next day, or you may have the whole dining table with all its treasures, or you may have the entire room, including the carpet. The only thing you must not take away is the family circle.

This constant change apparently gives zest to life in the home of the "gentleman dealer," for his wife never knows whether she will be able to have dinner for her husband served on a mahogany Chippendale table worth £200 or a plain deal shelf, since all the others have been sold.

One day they draw up chairs whose value is calculated in enormous figures, and the next day they have great trouble in finding anything at all to sit upon.

There is no important sale anywhere in the country at which the "gentleman dealer" is not either present in person or represented by any one of the smaller dealers who are only too anxious to be of service to him, because, be it noted, the man with the fine house is able to work with a large capital and is therefore competent to make purchases at sales which the small dealer finds beyond him.

For every chair or picture sold in England the "gentleman dealer" sends across the water a dozen valuable pieces. There is a story of a flat near Piccadilly owned by one of these enterprising men in which four luncheon parties and three dinner parties were given in one week.

At each party there was a different guest, and every time the host succeeded in selling out the contents of the entire flat, so that it required a small army of men to bring in new furniture for the next luncheon or dinner party. The flat was furnished seven times in one week. The owner was so hard put to find new old things to dazzle the eyes of prospective purchasers that he had to pay the dealers heavy premiums in order to cope with his business.

It sounds easy, but it is not, because there is nothing more difficult or more risky than buying old furniture, old prints, old china, or in fact anything old.

The world is simply flooded with imitations which to the eye of any but the most expert are supposed to be perfect. If any one imagines he can become a "gentleman dealer" merely by taking an expensive house in Bloomsbury, it would be advisable for him first to listen to the story of the experiences of others who have tried and failed ignominiously.

It requires, first, a most intimate ac-

painting, in furniture, in silver and china; secondly, a keen business sense which is not to be blunted by the necessary but not always harmless dinner parties, and, thirdly, a courtly manner which does not suggest buying or selling at every turn.—London Express

Teachers Examination.

The Semi Annual Teachers examination will be held at Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls in accordance with the following program:

MONDAY, JULY 29TH.
(Second Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Arithmetic.
10:30 Physiology-Hygiene.
P. M.—1:30 English Grammar.
3:00 Reading.
3.45 Drawing and Music.
TUESDAY, JULY 30TH.
(Second Grade Studies Continued.
A. M.—8:00 Professional Test.
9:00 Spelling.
9:30 Geography.
11:15 Composition and Penmanship.
P. M.—1:30 U. S. History.
3:15 Civics.
WEDNESDAY, JULY 31ST.
(First Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Phys. Geography or Gen. History.

H. McAnulty,
County Supt.

Notice of annual School Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the qualified voters of Independent School District No. 18, Thief River Falls, Minn., will be held at the city hall, July 29th 1907, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the election of the following officers.

One director for term of three years and until his successor is elected and qualified, to succeed Lars Backe, whose term will expire. One director for term of three years and until his successor is elected and qualified, to succeed Geo. K. Fargo, whose term will expire. And for the transaction of all other business that may come before the meeting.

The polls will be opened from 7 o'clock p. m. to 8 o'clock p m on the above mentioned day.

Dated this [illegible] day of July 1907
G. A. Penney, District Clerk.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Dickel.

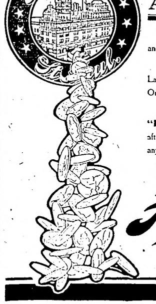

PURE BEER AT ANY COST

We spend a fortune every year in order to give you an absolutely pure beer.

We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also under the food laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle.

Not only in purity, but in age and flavor Hamm's "Leads Them All." It's a perfect beer and after drinking it once you will never be satisfied with any other.

Call for the "Preferred Stock."

Hamm's

G. WEIMER,
Manager, Thief River Falls Branch,
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1907 NUMBER 30

THE REMOVAL PETITION

County Commissioners Called to Meet Monday July 29.

People of County Hope They Will Do the Square Thing.

Next Monday the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county are called to meet and consider the petition —signed by nearly three-fourths of the residents of Red Lake county—asking that the voters of said county be given an an opportunity to decide whether the county seat of this county be removed to *Thief River Falls* or remain at Red Lake Falls. This is a reasonable proposition and it would appear that when a large majority of the county wanted to vote upon a proposition which is perfectly fair that they would be given an opportunity in a reasonable length of time. The law gives us this right, yet by trickery and dishonest actions of people both in and out of office, aided and abbetted by a ring of shisters at Red Lake Falls, it has now been over two years since the fight first started and the people have not secured the relief for which they petition. It is not reasonable to believe that this can continue for ever, and in the end what a majority of the residents of Red Lake county want will be granted. Just how long the fight will have to be continued before the people can secure their rights, it is a hard thing to say. Thief River Falls in the past has conducted an honest, above board campaign and will continue to do this to the end. Upon the other hand, Red Lake Falls, every move has been a dishonest one and to longer keep the people of Red Lake county from voting upon the county seat question, they will have to continue to act in this way.

Let the county commissioners meet next Monday and do their honest and sworn duty in a fair and impartial manner. That is all that the large majority of the residents of Red Lake county ask and these county commissioners were elected to do the will of the people and act according to law.

Stick to Your Homestead.

There is no doubt that there are many portions of the country which at the present time are practically undeveloped agriculturally which have a great future before them, but do not let the alluring advertisements of such localities turn your head. Remember that the man who has written them has something he wants to sell, and that he may be just stretching it a little. Go slow in considering a change of location. Don't sell the old farm and rush off to the new location. Investigate first. Inspect the land personally, and then don't make the move until after the sober second thought. Your Minnesota homestead is bound to be a money-maker for you if you will only stick to it.—Park Rapids Clipper.

Strong Pair at Red Lake.

John Morrison, Jr., who is now engaged in general merchandise business at Red Lake Indian agency, came down from the agency and left yesterday noon for Duluth and the twin cities on a business trip. Mr. Morrison recently resigned his position as superintendent of the Cross Lake Indian school, and is engaged in the general merchandise business at Red Lake, with Omer Gravelle as a partner. Messrs. Gravelle and Morrison make a strong team of "hustlers," and they will undoubtedly receive their full share of the business that is transacted at the agency.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Effect of Creameries.

Albin Young and Wm. Dixon were in Alma Monday conducting the auction sale at the farm of Mrs. Pierre Gagnon. The sale amounted to $1105.40, of which all but $82.75 was paid in cash on the spot. This shows what the creamery industry has done for the town of Alma. A few years ago it would have been impossible to have found that much cash at this time of the year if the whole town had been raked with a fine tooth comb, but since the farmers built the co-operative creamery, they have been getting along swimmingly and have money in their pockets the year round.—Warren Sheaf.

FAIR TO BE A HUMMER

Big Crowds Will Be Here on August 7, 8 and 9.

Fair to Be a Far Better One Than Ever Before.

According to reports coming in from all of the surrounding towns, the attendance to the Red Lake county fair to be held August 7,8 and 9 will be by far larger this year than ever before. And the fair itself is going to be much better, too. When business men of Thief River *Falls* start in to entertain the people who come to this city, they never make a failure of it.

In addition to the large number of free attractions which the T. I. Cash Carnival company will furnish, the fair association has secured a Roman Hippordrome race by Baydle Bros., and the only and original "Billy" Spears of Red Lake Agency will be here with a large troop of dusky Indian maidens who will dance for the amusement of the public.

Special train service is to be secured on both the Soo and Great Northern to bring in the crowds from the nearby towns and in addition to this the Red Lake Transportation companys boat will run special excurisions from points up the Red Lake river.

Poor Roads Expensive.

When people can be made to understand that it actually costs more in time and money to travel over a poor road than it does to travel over a good one, they will be less inclined to begrudge the expense of good roads, and what is more important still, will be willing and anxious to put the business of road making into the hands of intelligent men who understand the business. Poor roads are the expensive things that curse a country district.—Fertile Journal.

SCHOOL ELECTION

Lars Backe and D. P. O'Neill Elected Directors for Three Years.

The Sum of $14,500 Voted for the Support of the Schools.

School election Saturday evening proved to be somewhat interesting, although few people in town were aware of the fact that there was to be any contest. At the opening of the meeting at 7:30, the local Socialists organization made a rush to capture the two offices, having O. H. Nelson and John Sorenson for candidates. On the start off it looked very much as if they were going to win, but the friends of Lars Backe and D. P. O'Neill at once commenced work and the result of the vote was as follow: O'Neill 238; Backe, 234; Sorenson, 93; Nelson, 92.

The sum of $14,500 was voted for the support of the schools for next year being $2,500 more than was voted last year. The following is the report made by Treasurer Zeh:

TREASURER'S ANNUAL REPORT.

To the Clerk of Independent School District No. 18, Red Lake County:

Sir:—In accordance with law I file with you for presentation at the Annual School Meeting to be held July 20, 1907, the following report of all monies received and disbursed as Treasurer of said District for the year ending July 19, 1907:

Balance Cash on Hand	$ 3221.09
Received from Apportionment	4131.28
Received from Local One Mill Tax	1590.95
Received from Special Tax	11793.98
Received from Interest on Deposits	84.90
Receipts from all other sources	89.75
Total Receipts	$20911.95
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid for Teacher's Wages, as per Clerk's Orders	$11,323 32
Paid out for Incidentals	1,189.40
Paid for Fuel	627.67
Paid for Furniture and Apparatus	40.50
Paid out for Interest on Outstanding Bonds	1,327.00
Paid for Books for the School Library	735.86
Paid for Officers and Janitors' Salaries	1,483.25
Paid out for repairs on School Buildings	2,598.59
Paid for Miscellaneous Supplies	808.15
Paid out for Interest on School Orders	201 98
Total disbursements for the year	20,343.68
July 20, 1907—By Balance Cash on Hand	568.27
	20,911.95

The Clerk's report showed that the bonded indebtedness of the district amounted to $15,300, and that there was $2,500 in the sinking fund.

BANKS CONSOLIDATE.

St. Hilaire to Have One Strong Fincancial Institution in the Future.

Two banks of St. Hilaire have decided to consolidate, the First State bank being discontinued and the Merchants State bank will be continued. Both of the banks have been doing a properous business and by consolidating the two, one of the strongest financial institutions in Red Lake county will be the result.

We don't know much about the banking business, but we would advise President Hanson to keep both of the safes, that is if the St. Hilaire creamery is going to continue to pay off over $7,000 a month for cream. They may come in handy.

Farmers' Elevator Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the FARMERS EXCHANGE will be held in the City Hall, Thief River Falls, Saturday, July 27, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering whether to continue or dissolve the organization, and such other business as may come before the meeting.

All farmers are requested to attend this meeting.

—By Order of the President.
P. E. Bassett, Secretary.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

NORRIS & ROWE.

The Great Circus to Be Here on Friday, August.

Since bicyclists first gained their wonderful vogue great interest has been gained at the number and variety of tricks that could be accomplished upon the wheels. Each troupe of expert cyclists try to out-do the other in hazardous accomplishments and many are the whirling wheels, but it remained for the Avallons, a troupe of seven young men and women dare-devils, to invent all new feats of a sensational nature. Norris & Rowe brought the troupe from Europe where they were a sensation for several seasons in huge hippodromes of England, France and Germany. Admirers of trick and fancy riding are legion, and those who ride at all can best appreciate how difficult are the tricks performed by the seven Avallons. Upon the high elevated stage under the mammoth waterproof tents of the Norris & Rowe big tent, the Avallons execute a number of the most astonishing and breath compelling manouvers. Down they dash, the seven in a row with their arms entwined, they go rapidly into various figures then the girls mount upon the shoulders of the young men three and four high and from their dizzy perch aloft they gracefully turn back somersaults to the ground, then comes a difficult fancy, trick and rough riding until one gazes in spell-bound admiration at the flying graceful figures.

It is indeed a wonderful act, and sends the big audiences away wondering how on earth the young men and women accomplish such seemingly impossible tricks. The Avallons are but one of more than a hundred acts that will be seen when Norris & Rowe exhibit at Thief River Falls, Friday, August 2.

A Good Suggestion.

Now that we have a sure way to get to town rain or shine, by boat, why not get up a big excursion to go down to Thief River Falls to the fair next month? If we could arrange it so as to get the new boat to go down Wednesday Agust 7th and return Thursday evening August 8th, there would be a large number up this way that would go down to the fair that would not go otherwise. A farmer certainly gains lots of information by attending a county fair, and as they are going to have an up to date fair at Thief River Falls August 7 8, and 9th those who do not feel able to attend the state fair in September should at least attend their own county fair.—Sunbeam.

Again We Win.

The Thief River Falls base ball club defeated a nine from Emerson Manitoba, Sunday in two games of ball. In the afternoon game the score was 5 to 0 and the evening game resulted 3 to 0. Only eight innings was played in the evening game, as one of the Emerson ball players was injured while running bases.

Iver Erickson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

ST. HILAIRE'S CREAMERY.

Did a Big Stroke of Business During the Month of June.

Pays Out $7,382.13 to Farmers for Butter Fat.

The month of June has certainly been a record breaker in the history of the St. Hilaire creamery. The net amount paid to patrons for the month was $7,382.13, which is the largest amount ever paid by the association for one *month's* delivery, as also is the twenty-five and one-half cents paid for butterfat. The dairymen of this locality have big reasons to feel proud of this institution, which is doing so much good for them in particular and the community in general. The total amount of business done the same month last year was $6,165.61. The following are those receiving over $50 for the month:

1	N. A. Nelson	$ 95 28
2	Chas. Seeger	91 50
3	Claus Hendricks	88 44
4	L. A. Carlson	81 27
5	C. A. Melin	79 81
6	L. M. Rolland	77 86
7	Frank Drexler	75 59
8	H. Haupt	71 29
9	Fred Soderberg	69 91
10	John Albin	67 66
11	R. J. McKercher	67 00
12	O. Lindquist	66 30
13	Erick Johnson	66 15
14	Peter Johnson	65 98
15	L. P. Thyren	65 51
16	O. L. Larson	64 79
17	John Whalbeck	64 33
18	A. W. Lind	63 36
19	Swan Johnson	63 16
20	Halvor Hanson	63 13
21	Gust Konikson	6' 30
22	Ole Larson	60 87
23	Johnson Bros	60 32
24	Wash. Adams	60.00
25	T. M. Brevick	59 93
26	Knut Finstad	59 33
27	H. A. Swanby	28 41
28	Swan Wiberg	57 46
29	Miller Peterson	56 04
30	Swan Schalin	55 70
31	Hans J. Hanson	55 28
32	Sam Thompson	55 14
33	A. P. Sandberg	54 99
34	C. A. Lindquist	53 69
35	Nels K. Anderson	52 25
36	Henry Rondorf	51 59
37	P. W. Peterson	51 37
38	P. O. Hagglund	50 42

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Mrs. George Elder, phone 233.

July Clearance Sale

1-4 off on our entire stock of SUMMER WASH GOODS, comprising lawns of every description, nainsooks, batiste, Marcelane silks, silk tissues, auto cloth, spider checks, Soie radiant and brilliants.

Stop and consider what bargains you are getting when we offer you 1-4 off on our previous low prices. There will be lots of warm weather yet. You need the goods, we need the room for our immense stock of fall goods that soon will be here. Hurry and make your selections before the best patterns are gone.

1-5 off on our entire stock of ladies' summer jackets and long coats, Ladies' Mackintoshes at wholesale prices. This is our loss but your gain at this sale. He buys best who buys first. Come early and avoid the rush.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TO BUILD 75X140 FEET

Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Co. to Erect Large Wholesale Warehouse.

Have Bought the Helgeson Lots Near the Soo Depot.

A deal was closed this week whereby the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle company, wholesale grocers, became the owners of the Helgeson property near the Soo depot. The property purchased is 150 x 140 feet and the two dwelling houses are situated upon the same. The one on the corner known as the Moylan house is to be removed and a wholesale warehouse 75x140 feet will be erected. The building will be of brick, one story high with a full basement, and the walls will be made strong enough to make the building two or three stories high whenever the company desires to do so. Work upon the building is to be rushed and it will be finished this fall.

Early this spring this company was going to build on site formerly occupied by the Methodist church on the East, but this was found to be too small and for the past several weeks the company has been trying to purchase a suitable site. They have plenty of brick upon the ground here to erect the building and work from now on will be rushed.

"A Pair of Country Kids."

Each year now plays are presented to the theatre going public and the percentage of successes are few and the wise manager who can pick a winner these strenuous day of hustling is to be congratulated. Manager Smith is to be congratulated in the success of The Country Kids for it ranks among last season's biggest successes. The play is really one of the best of its class and has proven just what the public wants lots of fun, elegant scenery, a pleasing story and enough sensation to give it real life and color. One of the principal factors of the success has been the superb company selected to give it the naturalness and life like portrayal of plays of this class. Actors who look and can act the parts assigned them and no caricatures but the real rural folks we see on the farm.

"A pair of County Kids" will appear at the Evenson Hall, Friday evening, July 26.

Grandma Lonson Dead.

Mrs. Gurina Lonson, better known to the residents of the East Side as Grandma Lonson, died yesterday morning at the advanced age of 83. The deceased had been a resident of Thief River Falls for a number of years, coming here from Stevins Point, Wis., at the time the Meehans first built the saw mill here.

She was the mother of a large family of children, only three of whom are now living, being Peter Lonson, Gust Lonson and Mrs. Moe, of Winona.

The deceased was a woman of strong character and made many friends during her residence in this city.

To Telephone Patrons.

To give good service and to conduct the telephone exchange properly it is necessary that all rents be paid promptly. Should the July rents not be paid during July the service will be discontinued as to such phones and the telephones removed, without further request from the patron, than the non payment of the rent as herein stated. Report any defect service promptly.

Thief River Falls Telephone Co.

Let the Contract.

The city council held a meeting Monday evening and let the contract for grading the road two and a half miles east from the bridge across the Thief River in the town of North to A. C. Hanson. The contract price was $1,120 and Mr. Hanson agrees to have the job completed by the 10th day of October. Others who bid upon the work were Dennis Connelly and John C. Johnson.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday July 28.
Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible Study Thursday 7:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Stephen Coming.

The Stephen base ball nine will be here Sunday to play a game with the Thief River Falls club. Stephen has a good nine and a good game is anticipated.

Announcement.

The Swedish Lutheran Congregation will conduct services in the East Side Mission church on Monday July 29th at 8 o'clock p. m. Election of officers will also be made at this meeting which will be conducted by Rev. Lundgren of Hal

A GOOD STATEMENT.

Local Creamery Pays Out $5,263.25 for Cream This Month.

The Thief River Falls creamery received 66081 pounds of cream during the month of June, the average test being 26.91, making a total of 18,024 pounds of butter fat. The price paid for butter fat was 24 cents, although it could have easily been 25 cents, but a large number of improvements were made during the past month and $614.92 was placed in the expense fund of the creamery. The following are the receipts and disbursements:

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	4984.92
~~Sales at~~ Creamery	252.83
Share sold	25.00
Other	50
	5263.25

DISBURSMENTS.

Paid Patrons	4355.54
Paid into Expense Fund	614.92
Paid into Sinking Fund	215.79
Balance	77.00
	5263.25

Those drawing Forty Dollars and over:

P. Engelstad	114.88
Soren Sorenson	65.23
Lars Hellesylt	54.50
Rasmus Oen	49.34
August Koglin	48.10
C. J. Knox	46.51
George Gusa	44.76
And Ecklund	44.23
A. J. Funnesdahl	44.13
Fred Shyrlund	43.41
Fred Copp	43.32
Ellef Gravlin	42.72
Martin J. Berg	42.67
Christ Thompson	42.34
C. Christenson	41.28
O. B. Hall	40.87

P. Engelstad, Sec.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

"Pillaged Letter Box," a very comical story of a walking letter box.

"The Old Man's Darling," a pathetic story of intense human interest with beautiful settings.

"Woman Up to Date," a comical number on modern women, when men and women change vocations.

"The Blind Man's Dog," an interesting story of a blind man and his faithful dog, how they became separated. The search for each other. The result.

A roaring farce in animated pictures, "If you had a Wife Like This." Some will contend that marriage is a failure, but in this case it has proved a grand success for us, as it has furnished material for a screaming comedy.

Mr. DeVeling is becoming more popular every week with his beautiful Illustrated Songs. For the rest of the week he has chosen one of the prettiest songs of the season entitled "Twinkling Star" by E. J. Movy. For first half of next week he will have M. H. Rosenfeld's latest ballad, "When Bob White is Whistling in the Meadow."

GERMANTOWN.

The grain heads are coming out and they seem just the same now as in all the past years we can remember; but the harvest will undoubtedly be the latest one on record here.

The meeting of the Ladies Aid society at L. Bendickson's on Monday last was well attended.

Will Jones returned last week from Kalispel Mont., where he has passed the last winter and summer in the woods.

Anton Gunderson is back, after an extended absence at and around Thief River Falls.

Rev. Gilchrist, Presbyterian missionary at large, delivered an impressive sermon in the Hapkins chapel on the evening of July 16th.

We are in the lead with expert machinists but it wasn't realized before now lately.

The wild hay crop this year is good as ever, and everybody is now helping themselves and others to gather it in.

Miss Mechtilda Costello closed a term of school in district 91 last week and has left for her home at Graceville Minn.

The most important decisions reached at the school meeting in Germantown, Dist. 120 were to build a new school house and dispose of the old one, and to have seven months of school the ensuing year. On election of officers, Henry Roller was re-elected director, Wm. Vaughan clerk and Oscar Hoveland treasurer held over. The plans for the new school house are not yet decided, but the board is determined that it shall be a modern building in all respects.

Wild strawberries are plentiful and it is unfortunate that there is too little of help to pick them before they are gone.

Miss Sarah Vaughan returned on Saturday from her claim in town of Goodridge, and reports how difficult it was to get away from there on account of the over abundant grass.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. C. C. Gullrud next Wednesday July 31.

BANNER RECORD.

St. Hilaire Creamery Holds Record for Butter Shipments.

St. Hilaire Spectator: That a good creamery is the life of a community goes without saying, for with the rural citizens receiving monthly their checks of from twenty-five to eighty dollars it shows that the country is prosperous and the farmers are fast learning for what their land is best adapted. When the country was first opened to settlement the earley settlers were of the opinion that cereals, more especially wheat and flax, were the only products that would grow in this country, and many proved such failures at farming that they pulled stakes and returned to Missouri—the land of their birth, while those of a more determined disposition experimented with tame grass, timothy and clover, and their efforts proving successful the country is fast becoming known the world over as the greatest of dairying countries.

The pioneers kept plodding along until some five years ago, they cooperated and erected a creamery, and today the institution does its part towards filling the coffers of the farmers and swelling the surplus in the banks. Early this spring through the efforts of Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin the products of our creamery was granted a premium of two cents a pound above market price; and now comes a letter from the traveling freight solicitor for the Star Union Line, the transportation company which handles all dairy products shipped from St. Paul, and it sounds good to us. It follows:

Fargo, N. D., July 13, '07.

Mr. Geo. L. Austin,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Dear Sir:—Your shipment of 140 tubs was banner shipment this season from any Co-Operative Creamery north of St. Paul. The next largest being from Albany, Minn. (really a private creamery, but not "central plant." They sent out 106 the same week.

L. V. Frost, Trav. Frt. Sol.
Star Union Line.

Such a report is indeed encouraging, and we trust the high standard of the butter and banner shipments will continue, for with one of the best buttermakers in the country at the helm and experienced dairymen at the topmast the products of our creamery will forever sail the sea of necessity with a "Premium-Banner" afloat. The average shipment to New York per month is about 30,000 pounds with the premium alone netting $600. Buttermaker Austin seeks no credit for himself but says the largest part of the credit is due the patrons who take interest enough in the creamery to look after the quality of their cream and deliver it at the creamery in good condition.

The secret of keeping cream sweet is getting the air into it and the animal heat out before covering it up tight. If cream is stirred frequently while cooling and then kept reasonably cool it will keep sweet for two or three days. This has been the experience of our dairymen and to all new comers we would say, "Get the habit." We have a warm welcome for all who desire to better their condition, and there are a number of good farms in the near vicinity of St. Hilaire that can be bought very reasonable, and if other than drones seek a home in our midst they can share in the profits of ours—the best conducted creamery in the great northwest.

May Lose Saw Mill.

The announcement has come from Bemidji that the Grand Forks Lumber company has representatives there looking over the place for a site where they could move their big saw mill from here. While the report is merely a rumor yet the parties who reported it were so insistent that it was an assured fact and are also fairly reliable authority, that some weight must be given the report. It is said that the recent act of the legislature in raising the rates for hauling logs in Minnesota has had much to do with the proposed move as the company has had one continual fight for logs since the present season opened. The people of East Grand Forks would regret the moving away of such a large fact that business institution, but the fact that the officials do not verify the rumors leaves the hope that there is nothing to it.—Grand Forks Press.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 29

Brackman Miss Bertha
Dale Miss Birgit
Hagen Miss Clara
Hinden Mrs. Kristi
How Gace
Johnson Miss Helen
Larson Axel
Murphy Frank
Mastel Mrs Amond
Olson Miss Olaug
Olson Mrs. Letta
Pepler Richard
Peterson Henry
Phelps Mrs. Frank
Sandergelt [illegible]
Whall Mrs. [illegible]
Weld Carl

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

HOT GAME OF BALL.

Drainage Engineers Play a Game of Ball Up at America.

Defeat the Team at That Place by a Decisive Score.

America, July 21, 1907—On the grounds of the postmaster, Mr. F. W. Stacy a very interesting game of base ball between the local nine, headed by Mr. Stacy, himself vs. a nine from the U. S. Drainage Engineers headed by Mr. Fry and followed up by eight healthy swamp angels.

The score was rather one sided but the game was very interesting and well played. The pitching of Fry and Cook for the drainage boys was very fine, striking out nearly all the batters and only allowing one hit Cook and Vaughan, late of the Germantown nine did very good work, as did also Graff, of Washington and Funderhide of Cando, N. D. Meade, the engineer was a bit stiff in running bases but limbered up pretty well for an old bald headed man. Vaughan had his head shaved and at times one would take it for the ball traveling along the diamond.

Brisbin was a feature for the engineers and his backstop work was remarkable, I would not say which way.

The two Dolves did well in the garden and rescued the only base-hit with ease. Cook made two remarkable plays, a catch at home after a dash from third to head off a moose and a slide home when he landed on the plate with the bigger part of his face under him.

Graff slid 30 feet, regained his feet to slide once more, but after this valiant effort the ball beat him out at first.

The chef, Mr. R. A. Robinson, stayed in the cook tent encouraging the nine with all kinds of inducements in the shape of ice cream and circus lemonade. The lumber pile made a grand stand which was thronged with the many spectators, and the ladies seemed especially enthusiastic, asking at the close of the game, Who won? The local nine did well and would have won the game but for the exceptionally fine work of the engineers, who, trained in the bog, seemed to fly, when their feet were free.

America—	R.	H.	A.	P.O.	E.
B. Streiff C. and P	0	0	7	10	0
Vosklander P and 1st	0	0	10	15	0
T. Streiff P and 1st	1	1	10	1	0
J. Morris and 2nd	0	0	0	0	0
E. Streiff 3rd	0	0	0	0	0
McLaughlin 2nd	0	0	0	1	0
Brandt S. S.	0	0	0	0	0
Liottg C. F.	0	0	0	0	0
Haftile L. F.	0	0	0	0	0
Stacy R F	0	0	0	0	0
	1	1	27	27	0

Engineers	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Fry P and 3rd base	2	2	0	11	0
Vaughan S. S.	4	3	0	2	0
Cook P and 3rd	3	3	2	9	0
Graff 1st	2	2	9	1	0
Funderhide 2nd	1	1	0	1	0
Meade L. F.	1	2	0	0	0
R. Dolve C. F.	0	1	0	0	0
O. H. Dolve R. F.	0	1	0	0	0
Brisbin C.	0	1	16	0	0
	13	16	27	27	0

GIVES WARNING.

Public Should Avoid Violating the Postal Laws.

Washington, July 22.—The postal laws prohibit placing written messages in merchandise packages or letters on which less than 2 cents an ounce has been paid, and the provisions of this statute admit of no waiver of the penalty provided.

During the last fiscal year, postoffice inspectors collected $59,065 for such violations. In thousands of cases a short note or memorandum was placed inside a package of merchandise on which postage was paid at 1 cent an ounce, while the written matter made it necessary that 2 cents an ounce should have been paid.

Finding that in a great number of cases the offense was due to ignorance of the law, and that the collection of the fine usually works a hardship to the very poor, especially where written messages are made in returning coupons, tags and certificates for premiums, Postmaster General Meyer has directed that proper notices be placed in postoffices warning the public against the practice.

Cut Your Brush.

An authority says that the proper time to cut brush is from now till August 15th. Brush cut at any other season will only multiply the sprouts and do more harm than good in the way of clearing. Get busy and cut your brush, pile it and burn it after August 15th, and with the first fall of snow the land can be seeded down and after a couple of years pasturing can be plowed without difficulty. Clear your land and be ready to help supply the ever increasing demand for farm products.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.
You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.
Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*
It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Alton Baumann was down from Rollis Tuesday.

Henry Cook went down to Crookston last evening.

"A Pair of Country Kids" at the Evenson Hall.

J. K. Wood went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Wanted—Cook and dining-room girl at Hotel Northern.

Dr. Booren will arrive home today on the Great Northern.

Paul I. D. Ostby went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Seats will be on sale for "A Pair of Country Kids" at Stebbins.

Miss Hazel Toyo visited friends in Crookston the first of the week.

—Ten fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Gusa, one mile west of town.

Mrs. C. J. Knox is confined to her home, being quite seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Borneman were down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Lakin and Miss Mabey were down to Crookston the first of the week.

R. G. Beaulieu and R. B. McArthur, of White Earth, were in the city yesterday.

Miss Vaughan of Germantown is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

Mrs. Ben Wilson entertains a company of lady friends, tomorrow afternoon at cards.

George Diebel has commenced the erection of a residence on South Main avenue.

Charles Newberry was over to Grand Forks the first of the week attending to business.

E. M. Stanton was over to Grand Forks attending to legal business the first of the week.

Fr. Bedelia and Fr. Otto, of Detroit, have been the guests of Fr. Adolph this week.

Halvor Steenerson Stanton was down to Crookston Tuesday evening to assist Barnum & Bailey.

If you want to see the latest rural play and the best of all, go to the Evenson Hall tomorrow night.

Nels J. Bergland and Miss Maren Edwardsen were united in marriage last Saturday by Judge Bishop.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city yesterday being enroute to Chicago to consult a doctor.

Rev. A. Larsen of Fergus Falls will hold services in the Zion church next Sunday July 28 at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m.

L. Olson, Peter Hedeen, and C. W. Nelson were down to Crookston the first of the week on business before the land office.

C. H. Gunheim, the Sandridge merchant, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Dr. Melby, of Arygle, was in the city yesterday making arrangements to open up an office here. He will remove to Thief River Falls with his family in about a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clover, of Cambridge, Minn., stopped off in Thief River Falls Tuesday evening to visit Mr. and Mrs F. H. Kratka. They are enroute to their home from a trip to the Pacific coast.

The Red Lake River Transportation company's boat did not run on excursion up the Red Lake River Sunday, owing to the fact that there were too many logs in the river. A number of those who had planned upon making the trip enjoyed a picnic in the grove south of town.

Picking strawberries has been the occupation of a large number of people of this section for the past couple of weeks, and hundreds of pounds of wild berries have been picked. The wild berries this year are nearly as large as the tame ones and everywhere the ground is just covered with them.

On account of the new store not being ready to move into for a few days, we shall keep on with our removal sale at cost until Saturday evening August 3rd. Evenson & Erickson.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to visit friends for a few days.

Mrs P. O. Bergh left yesterday for Seattle to join her husband and make her future home.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will serve ice cream and cake at the church Monday afternoon and evening July 29.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will meet with Mrs. C. F. Conrad Wednesday July 31. Refreshments will be served.

Oen & Granum this week commenced the work of removing their hardware store out into the street. Work of digging for the basement of the large building Mr. Oen is to erect will be commenced at once.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 10
Eggs	15c
Butter	16c
Potatoes	$1 50

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff:

—vs.—

Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug. 29.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 174 made June 23rd, 1901, for the NE¼ Section 16, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept., 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " " "
Gust Anderson, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 25 aug 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July, 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael T. Torgerson of Reiner, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1220 made Aug. 2nd 1905, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 154 N. Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Sept., 3, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Helmer J. Halverson, of Reiner, Minn.
Torgus Halverson, " " "
Emil Sigrud, " " "
Knut Torgerson, " Grygla, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 25 aug 29

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

LAGERKRANTZ ON EDUCATION

Says There's Danger of America Overreaching Herself in Her Chase for Culture.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Herman L. F. Lagerkrantz, Swedish minister to the United States, during his visit to the northwest said: "America is a great country and the Americans are a great people, but I sometimes wonder what both would be if it were not for Europe, which is sending such a large share of its blood and brawn to the country every year. Suppose this vast tide of immigration, which is replenishing the supply of labor, should cease, what would happen? I do not know, but I am greatly impressed by the fact that the artisans of this country, instead of making skilled mechanics of their sons, are sending them to college. And your millionaires are using their surplus funds for building new schools, colleges and universities, or endowing those already established. There is danger that America may overreach herself in her chase for culture. It occurs to me that there is not enough consideration shown to the producers of the country's wealth." In commenting on this an American northwestern journal says: "While the facts as shown by school statistics seem to bear out Mr. Lagerkrantz's observations that an excess of attention is being paid to higher education, the average American will not view the situation as threatening serious results. However, Mr. Lagerkrantz's remarks are pertinent and attracting widespread attention.

About his last book "Dark Colors," which the literary circles are now busy in attacking Mr. Strindberg make the following comments to his German translator: Jan. 10, 1905—"The novel consists of social ethics during the last century. They are dreadful, but true to nature. I have had no pleasure while writing this, but the work pursued me and I had to do it, even if I have to suffer for it. And suffer one must." Jan. 27, 1906—"The book has great value. Its value may, however, be diminished by calling it a pamphlet." April 20, 1907—"Now I am reading 'proof' on 'Dark Colors.' In this work I conflict as you know with the 'black ones.' They will surely stone me, but never mind, I am used to that." June 10, 1907—"With 'Dark Colors,' I stand on a cliff in the sea with starlight heavens above me and a conscience within me."

Anders Waldau, who during the last twenty-five years has been engaged as a metal publisher by one of the railway companies, happened to fall down a few months ago and injure himself so that he would be unable to ever resume his work for the company. He became despondent over his misfortune and hanged himself to his bedpost.

The following notice appeared in a Stockholm daily the other day: "No. 1—Aker—a wonderfully spry and pretty twelve pound boy. Stockholm, June 15, 1907, Lilly and Fridolf." The young couple were so elated that they wanted all their friends to be sure and know about it.

King Oscar has lately sat as a model for Milles, the Italian sculptor, who is going to make a large bust of his majesty in the near future. This is the first time that King Oscar has consented to sit as a model.

There is a general strike on in Stockholm among the waiters, causing all manner of inconveniences for the general public. There is every indication that the strike will spread itself over the entire country.

An unconfirmed dispatch states that Crownprince Gustaf during an auto trip in the southern part of the country the other day ran into a ditch. The dispatch says that he was uninjured.

The Skansen spring festival this year netted about 30,000 crowns, which means that there was an increase of 10,000 crowns over last year's receipts.

Crownprincess Victoria arrived at Borgham with the royal launch "Irott" the other day and will spend the remainder of the summer on Oland.

Koichi Songhimoura is the name of Japan's new minister at Stockholm.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The Norwegian colony in Paris comprises about 2,500 souls. The men are gentlemen of leisure, who belong to the exclusive clubs, or they are high in the world of finance or commerce. The Norwegian women are popular in French society and are often very beautiful. "Beautiful as a Norwegienne and as bad a dresser," the Paris courtiers are apt to say. This displeasure of the dressmakers comes rather from the fact that the Scandinavian women seem often indifferent to the Paris dictates as to exactly the proper cut of gown or quality of cloth. "They know what they like, and you can't change them," said Redfern. "You might as well try to push the Louvre into the Seine." Most of the colony lives in the neighborhood of the Arch of Triumph in very roomy, handsome, modern apartments, and certain places in the Bois de Boulogue, as well as certain cafes in the heart of Paris are almost entirely given over to Scandinavians.

The good example of Finland has been followed by Norway, which has just granted suffrage to its women on the same conditions which prevail with regard to municipal suffrage; namely, that women themselves or their husbands, in order to be entitled to vote, must have paid taxes for a year. The new law gives the suffrage to all women at least 25 years old, taxed on an income enjoyed by themselves or their husbands of $113 in cities and $84 in the country. It creates a total of 300,000 women suffragists to see such swift results of their labors. The first women suffrage society was organized in Christiania in 1885, the National Women Suffrage association of Norway not until 1898. Tax-paying women were given the municipal suffrage in 1901; now comes this further extension of the franchise, and there have been many minor victories of real importance.

King Haakon wants Norway to be a naval power. He is working hard *to create a modern fleet for his country* and is depending much on the experience of England. He shortly will order two huge armored cruisers from English firms at a cost of about $7,000,000 each. These he will personally inspect with Queen Maud, while under construction. For the organization of his navy the king has sought the advice of his brother-in-law, the prince of Wales, who is an admiral in the British navy. King Haakon himself, as Prince Charles of Denmark, served in the Danish navy and was an officer of great ability and promise. It is quite likely that when King Haakon has his navy scheme completely mapped out he will ask the British admiralty for the loan of a number of officers to organize the new fleet.

Sir Arthur James Herbert, English ambassador to Norway, was two weeks ago last Friday, while enjoying a drive near Fielefjeld, between Christiania and Bergen, seriously injured. His team collided with a bicycle rider and became so frightened that they became unmanageable. Lady Herbert, who accompanied the ambassador, was fortunately uninjured and was able to render her husband some help. The nearest physician was fifty miles away and did not arrive until the following morning. Sir Herbert had three of his ribs broken and suffered much before help arrived. He was taken to the hospital at Bergan and it is now learned that he is convalescent and has returned to Christiania.

Professor Sophus Bugge, Norway's most learned linguist, died week before last in the Tonset sanatorium in Osterdalen. He was professor of philology at the Christiania university. The storthing ordered in his honor a national burial. Sophus Bugge was born in Larvik in 1833, graduated from the university in 1848, took his degree of doctor of philosophy in 1857 and then devoted a few years to travel on the continent. He was an authority on old Norse, Latin and Norse dialects, and devoted years of study and research to perfect himself in these branches. In him the country has lost its great linguist.

King Chulalongkorn of Siam arrived in Christiania a week ago last Saturday and was received at the "Skappsbron" by King Haakon and members of the diplomatic corps. The Siamese king came from Copenhagen with the leasure yacht "Albion," the property of an English newspaper publisher. He was accompanied by his brother, Prince Sammot, and half a dozen royal functionaries.

The last efforts of the opposition in the storthing to bring about a cabinet crisis will most likely be frustrated. The companies seeking a franchise to regulate and use the waters of Lake Mjose offer the government concessions involving several hundred thousand kroner. The special storthing committee has, therefore, signed a favorable report, and the storthing will probably accept it.

Roald Amundsen has deposited his sixteen gold and silver medals in the Christiania museum. A good many others would do well to follow Mr. Amundsen's example.

Christiania has, according to the latest count, got 229,300 inhabitants. The population is increasing slow but sure.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Chulalongkorn was royally entertained by the royal family at Copenhagen prior to his departure for Norway. The oriental king said that he was delighted with Denmark and said furthermore that there were no countries in Europe that he liked to visit as well as the Scandinavian countries. In Copenhagen there were thousands of people who swarmed about to get a glimpse of the little king as he was getting ready to embark on the "Albion," a fine pleasure yacht, which had been placed at the king's disposal by a wealthy English journalist.

President Fallieres proposed visit to Copenhagen this coming fall has been postponed until next year owing to the restlessness in southern France. The French president will also visit Stockholm and Christiania next year. This will be the first time that a French president pays a visit to the Scandinavian capitals.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

THOUSANDS ARE IDLE

Miners on Minnesota Iron Ranges Join Strike of Ore Handlers.

SERIOUS TROUBLE FEARED

Steel Corporation Closes Company Stores and Hunger May Lead to Desperate Acts.

Practically all of the mines of the steel corporation on the Minnesota ranges are closed down as a result either of the strike of the dock laborers in Duluth and Two Harbors or of the men employed in the mines, fully 12,000 men being idle. The only violence reported as yet occurred at Mountain Iron, where 500 strikers congregated and, pouring oil over a pile of 5,000 fence posts belonging to the company, set fire to them.

The newly formed union of dock laborers in Duluth met during the morning and appointed a committee with power to arbitrate the differences with the steel company officials.

Sheriff Bates has returned from a tour of the ranges after swearing in several hundred special deputies for service in case of emergencies. He reports all quiet.

The superintendent of the ore docks at Superior has asked for police protection. It is rumored that negro hands will be put to work on the docks as strikebreakers.

Such a move would, it is feared, precipitate trouble.

Nearly all the mines have been closed down, the company stores closed and the men refused credit. This shutting down of the stores, it was thought, might starve the strikers into submission and bring things to a quick close.

RAILROADS LOSE CONTEST

Minnesota Supreme Court Upholds Gross Earnings Tax.

The 4 per cent gross earnings tax law is a constitutional and valid act, declares the supreme court in a decision just handed down.

By this ruling the findings of the Ramsey county district court in the cases of the Duluth and Northern Minnesota Railway company and the Minnesota and Northern Wisconsin Railway company, which contested the law, are affirmed and they must pay the tax demanded. The appeal was on the overruling of the railroads' demurrer to the complaint filed by the state.

These two companies claimed exemption under the law of 1873, which fixed the tax at 1 per cent for the first year and 2 per cent for the year following. This they were paying when the new law went into effect and the point made by them was that the new law only applied to those roads paying 3 per cent at the time.

There are still two other railroads contesting the new law—the Great Northern and the Great Western—but the points raised by them are entirely different and the decision does not apply. These roads claim exemption under the territorial charter held by them, which fixed the rate at 3 per cent.

WATTERSON FOR JOHNSON

Declares Minnesotan Only Man Available for Democrats.

"Governor Johnson of Minnesota is the man to whom I referred as capable of carrying the Democratic party to victory next year," was the statement of Henry Watterson of Louisville, according to Charles Edwards, secretary of the Democratic congressional committee, who has just returned to Washington from Louisville.

"I had a conference with 'Marse Henry,'" Colonel Edwards said, "and he went over the ground at length. Colonel Watterson asserted that Governor Johnson was the one Democrat who was absolutely available, against whom no faction of the party entertains animosity, who has a record of carrying a strongly Republican state twice and who is at this time before the nation without a flaw of any sort."

Wooden Leg Prevented Suicide.

Peter Dubuque, a bartender for Nick Eckes of Osseo, this state, jumped off the Plymouth avenue bridge at Minneapolis but landed in only two feet of water and did not accomplish his anticipated death by drowning. Instead his wooden leg became so firmly stuck in the mud of the river bottom that he could not move it. His calls for help brought several laborers from their work in the neighborhood and after much effort he was rescued and turned over to the police.

Young Woman Ends Her Life.

Tillie Okerlund, twenty years of age, a servant employed at the home of Attorney Edward S. Sheehan of St. Paul, committed suicide by turning on the gas in her room after carefully plugging up the keyhole in the door and the crevices under the windows with bits of paper. Unrequited love is the only motive known for the act.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

S. L. Serfoss, engineer, and A. N. Parker, fireman, were burned to death in their cab as a result of a collision on the Minneapolis Western, a transfer road. A switching engine backed into their engine, wrecking it and pinning the men under the debris, which took fire.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Emile J. Zimmer, vice president of the Pacific States Telephone company, when called to the stand by Assistant District Attorney Heney in the trial at San Francisco of Louis Glass, also a vice president of the telephone company, refused to be sworn or to testify and was sentenced to five days' imprisonment for contempt of court.

Four of the Italians on trial at Hahnville, La., charged with kidnapping and murdering a six-year-old boy, were convicted by the jury but exempted from capital punishment. This angered the populace and a mob was formed to lynch the prisoners. Troops were placed on guard and the attempted lynching foiled.

While talking to friends on the fifteenth floor of the Masonic Temple at Chicago Miss Annie Marmolee, a stenographer, deliberately walked to an open window and without warning threw herself over the ledge and was dashed to death on the stone pavement of the rotunda 150 feet below.

Henry Scutcheon, a farmer about fifty years old, living near Nunica, Mich., ran amuck with an axe, killing his invalid son, his wife and her foster father. Scutcheon was later shot by Henry McClellan, a neighbor, whom the crazed murderer had also attacked.

In the United States district court at Cheyenne, Wyo., E. M. Holbrook, a millionaire; L. L. Lombrough, an attorney, and Robert Philamane, a business man of Sheridan, were found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the United State government of coal lands.

Herman Billik, who has been on trial at Chicago charged with killing by poison Adolph Vrzal and five of his children, has been found guilty and the jury fixed his sentence at death.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The state department has been informed that the revenue cutter Manning, on the 5th inst., seized two Japanese fishing schooners near the boat's landing within about a mile of the seal island of St. Paul. The seized vessels were taken to Onalaska and left in charge of the United States marshal. The crews were taken aboard the Manning and conveyed to Ungi in charge of a United States marshal.

The naval court of inquiry in the case of the explosion on the Georgia decided that the accident resulted from a "flareback," meaning that when the breech of the 8-inch gun was thrown open after it had been discharged some shreds of burning cloth or unconsumed gas was driven into the turret and upon the powder about to be inserted for the next charge.

War on a supposed system of Greek peonage has been opened by the government. Proprietors of Greek shoe shining parlors, ice cream parlors and restaurants who lure boys from Greece to America and here keep them in practical slavery will be called to account.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Workmen at the Allouez ore docks of the Great Northern at Superior have joined the strike of their comrades at Duluth and Two Harbors, refusing to work unless given 25 cents more per day. This completes the tie-up of Head of the Lakes docks and many more boats will be compelled to lay up pending a settlement.

Jack Johnson stopped Bob Fitzsimmons in the second round of a six-round boxing bout at Philadelphia. Fitzsimmons did not show a trace of his former prowess and it is believed that Johnson could have stopped him in the opening round if he had cared to do so.

Organized war has been declared on the great catalogue houses of Chicago and other cities by the [illegible] retail merchants of the West.

Governor Davidson of Wisconsin has signed the 2-cent [illegible]

Found—A watch between the Soo depot and round house. Owner can have same by describing property and paying charges. E. O.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

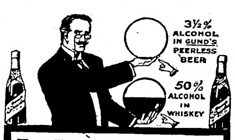

3½% ALCOHOL IN GUND'S PEERLESS BEER
50% ALCOHOL IN WHISKEY

There It Is! — Take Your Choice!

Whiskey contains 50% alcohol—Brandy 55%—Rum 52½%—Gin 40%—Wine 15%—whereas a Pure Malt and Hop Beer brewed by the celebrated GUND NATURAL PROCESS—like

Gund's Peerless Beer

contains only 3½% alcohol—just enough to gently aid and promote healthy digestion. Hence prominent physicians recommend it as a splendid tonic, full of substantial food elements and at the same time a perfect temperance beverage. Peerless Beer is full of flavor and sparkle and has all the charming tang and aroma of hops and harvest fields.

Order a case today. A splendid home beer. Sold everywhere.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

July 25, 1907.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office signed by legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand three hundred and forty-two, praying that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed to the city of Thief River Falls in said county, and that a special meeting of the county board will be held at the court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Monday, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear in person or by counsel and be heard.

Dated July 9th, 1907.

(Seal) John B. O'Brien
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

A Land of Too Much Sunshine.

That the same causes which oppose the successful colonization of the tropics by white men may also interfere with them in a northern climate would appear unlikely; yet if the chief obstacle to work in tropical lands is not the heat, but the excessive sunlight, as many authorities now believe, obviously a very sunny cold climate might be equally injurious. That this may be true of Western Canada, which is described as practically a cloudless region, is suggested by an editorial writer in The Medical Record (New York, June 22). His headline asks the question, "Are the Settlers of Western Canada Doomed to Failure?" and after describing the recent enormous migration to this region, now generally considered one of the most promising in the world, he goes on to say:

"There is but one cloud overshadowing this hoped-for prosperity, and this is, to abandon the language of metaphor for that of fact, the absence of the cloud. The country is one of almost continuous sunshine, the brilliancy of the light equaling that of the tropics, and if it is really the light rather than the heat which bars tropical lands to the white man, as Woodruff contends, the prosperity of the Canadian Northwest promises to be short-lived.

"As those who have read Major Woodruff's interesting book know, he holds that the failure of the white races to colonize the tropics is due, not to the heat of these regions, but to the excess of light which there prevails. The white man, especially the blond, suffers in the tropics; after a period of exhilaration and sense of well being, he becomes disinclined to labor, grows neurasthenic, and finally breaks down physically and mentally."

But does this apply to a sunny northern climate like that of the great Canadian West? At least one writer thinks so. In The Western Canada Medical Journal (February) the Rev. E. C. Heustis asserts that the inhabitants of Manitoba and adjacent territories are unduly neurasthenic, and he attributes this to excess of sunshine. In the same journal for May, Dr. A. G. Welsford controverts Mr. Heustis's contention, conceding that sunlight destroys protoplasm, but asserting that the actinic rays do not penetrate to the deeper tissues. The reason why Europeans do not thrive in the tropics is, he maintains, that they are used to colder climates. If denizens of Northern Canada suffer from neurasthenia, this is due in no respect to the sunshine, except as its tonic properties may indirectly lead to undue expenditure of energy. Long-continued sunshine, he admits, may prove exhausting, but he rejects Woodruff's theory of its action, attributing its possible evil effects to eye-strain, resulting from the glare. Of this theory the writer in The Medical Records says:

"We fear Dr. Welsford has not proved his case, for he concedes that intense sunlight may be injurious, differing from Woodruff and Heustis only in his explanation of its action.

"An interesting experiment is being worked out in Manitoba, and it is one which should in its results confirm or refute Woodruff's theory. If he is correct, the movement of wheat-growers, most of whom are Scandinavians or men of other blond races, to Northwest Canada is doomed to failure. Those who are now building up the country will fall by the way and their farms will be abandoned or will be taken by fresh immigrants ignorant of the forces against which they will in vain contend. If the prosperity of the Northwest continues, if the population is permanent, and if success rewards the labors of the settlers in this land of sunshine, Major Woodruff will have to add a chapter to his interesting book explaining the antidotal effect of cold, or of some other natural force, upon the deleterious action of sunlight.—The Literary Digest.

MILK MUST BE CLEAN.

State Authorities Will Punish Sellers of Tainted Milk, Says Mr. Slater.

The state dairy and food department has started war on dairy farmers who are careless with the supplies of milk and cream they sell to the creameries.

"As a result of an investigation of complaints by our inspectors" said E.K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, "we have found that in some instances milk and cream that was positively putrid was being sent to creameries by farmers who did not take proper care of the product. This is especially bad when it is considered that one can of tainted cream, mixed with the supplies of scores of well kept dairies supplying a creamery will make the whole lot bad. Minnesota butter has already attained too high a place to have the products of Minnesota creameries endangered in their high character by the actions of a few farmers who are uncleanly in the handling of milk and cream. Our inspectors have already caused several arrests in different parts of the state, and we intend to instigate a strenuous campaign against such inexcusable evil."

A New Invention.

Grygla Eagle: Joe Vann and Ed Cooper of Carmel, passed through here Saturday enroute to Thief River Falls where they intend to manufacture a number of shock loaders. Mr. Cooper has been staying at the Vann home for the past couple months working on this shock loader; and now thinks he has it perfect. It is the intention that two of these shock loaders with two men and two teams can furnish as many bundles to a machine as ten men with teams; and five pitchers in the field. If this loader can be operated successfully it will certainly be a great invention.

Died Very Suddenly.

Mrs Milton Converse, of Red Lake Falls, died suddenly Monday morning of Kidney disease after an illness of three days. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon. The deceased was formerly Miss May Buse, daughter of Earnest Buse, one of the old and highly respected citizens of Red Lake Falls. She had often visited this city in the past and had a large circle of friends here. She is survived by three children.

Teachers Examination.

The Semi Annual Teachers examination will be held at Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls in accordance with the following program:

MONDAY, JULY 29TH.
(Second Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Arithmetic.
10.30 Physiology-Hygiene.
P. M.—1:30 English Grammar.
3:00 Reading.
3:45 Drawing and Music.
TUESDAY, JULY 30TH.
(Second Grade Studies Continued.
A. M.—8:00 Professional Test.
9:00 Spelling.
9:30 Geography.
11:15 Composition and Penmanship.
P. M.—1:30 U. S. History.
3:15 Civics.
WEDNESDAY, JULY 31ST.
(First Grade Studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Phys. Geography or Gen. History.

H. McAnulty,
County Supt.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

ACTUAL COST

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

MRS. CHASE FOUND.

Aged Woman Had been Lost in Woods Several Days.

Mrs. Emily Chase, who mysteriously disappeared from her home near Yola, south of Bemidji, July 7, has been found by the neighbors. The persistent rumors of foul play may find vent in court in a few days, as the authorities are investigating the matter and those accused are very indignant at the statements made concerning them.

Grandma Chase lived on a lonely claim in an unsettled part of the country, north of Akeley and near to Yola. On the bed in her cabin was found some light bread also some black bread, a paper bag of flat beans. Back of the stove were found two ham bones. There was a little coffee and tea.

Mrs. Chase is 82 years old and very infirm and was lost in the woods nearly two weeks. Several searching parties failed to find her and foul play was suspected. When found the old lady had wandered about from cabins and had lived practically on wild fruit for many days, sleeping in the woods at night.

The homesteaders threatened to do violence to some of her near relatives last week, but wiser judgment prevailed. The whole neighborhood is moved with indignation at the neglect of the old and infirm woman, who has been in a state of sickness and is beloved by all the homesteaders.

The finding of the woman in the woods has been the cause of great joy to the people in the woods.

Announcement.

Services will be held in the S. D. A. church across from Soo depot as follows:
Sabbath, July 27th,
Sabbath School at 2:00.
Preaching at 3.00 p. m.
Sunday preaching at 8:00 p. m.
A welcome to all. O. E. Johansen pastor.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

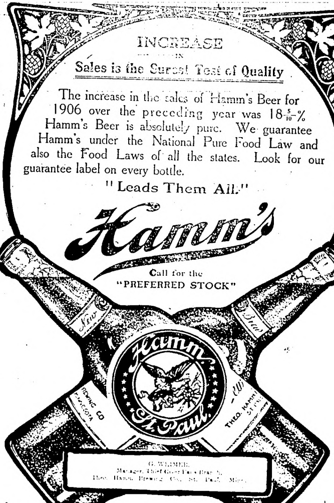

INCREASE
IN
Sales is the Surest Test of Quality

The increase in the sales of Hamm's Beer for 1906 over the preceding year was 18 5/10 % Hamm's Beer is absolutely pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all the states. Look for our guarantee label on every bottle.

"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

Call for the
"PREFERRED STOCK"

G. WEIMER.
Manager, Thief River Falls Branch,
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

J. BORRY,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Alden Lane was up from Evinsville last week.

Milton Forder was up to Middle River last Saturday.

Fred Cyr, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week.

Miss Ida Walker left Wednesday for Minneapolis for a visit.

Hans Langbell was over to Reynolds, N. D., the first of the week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Miss Nora Thompson was over to Warren last week visiting friends.

Mrs. Pyne, of Danville, Ill., is in the city visiting Mrs. T. L. Melgaard.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. LaBree were up to Middle River last Saturday.

Will Doege left last Friday for Wolverton to visit friends for several days.

Scott Lamont returned to this city last week from his trip to the twin cities.

Dominick Franz of Verndale is in the neighborhood with his wood sawing rig.

Ole J. Johnson was up from Plummer last week attending to business matters.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Franklin were visiting Sunday with James Larson's family.

Jonas Sjoberg, of Roseau, was in the city last Friday, being enroute to Chicago.

Cashier Kvennes, of Middle River State bank, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston last week looking after his business interests here.

Five rooms and bath-all furnished-for rent. Inquire of Roy Tabor, Dobner-Meehan block.

F. H. Kratka was over to Grand Rapids the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Jens Nelson, Miss Nelson, Patterson and Hoff, of St. Hilaire, were in the city last Saturday.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Over Citizens State Bank,
Phone, 244
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mrs. C. A. Robbecke was down to Fergus Falls to spend Sunday with friends in that city.

Miss Spoonheim, who had been visiting friends in Crookston, returned to his city last Friday.

Joseph Johnson, the sheep king of the town of Star, transacted business in Thief River Falls last week.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Judge Grindeland spent Friday night in the city, being enroute from Roseau to his home in Warren.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

Mrs. Samuel Torrison, of Fisher, who had been visiting relatives in the city, returned home last Saturday.

Miss Esther and Golda Stebbins left Monday evening for St. Charles, Minn., to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Epworth League began last Sunday with a large attendance. Next Sunday Miss Etta Baker will be the leader.

Wm. Benzie, Sr., for a number of years chief of police here, has filed upon a homestead over at Dickinson, N. D.

The Ladies aid of the Synod church meets this afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. C. Shirley. All cordially invited.

Mrs. D. B. Bakke and three youngest children left last week for McCrea, Minn., to spend several weeks visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Nicols are the proud parents of a first born son, which came on Saturday last to gladden their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Mat Ray, of Carrolton, Ill., arrived in the city last week and are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. G. A. Penney.

—Part of lot 1, block 21, original town site of Thief River Falls, with feed mill thereon, for sale by Richardson & Cooke.

Attorney Halvorson's wife arrived in the city last week to join her husband and make this city her future home. They will occupy the James Wilson residence on LaBree avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Peterson, of Alexandria arrived in the city Saturday evening to visit their sons, Peter and Carl Peterson.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Mrs. Fred Goebler and daughter, will arrive in the city Saturday from Nokomis, N. D., to visit Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kratka.

Friday evening there will be an ice cream social at the school house in district No. 9. It will be given by the ladies aid society.

Wednesday Miss Mattie Wells of Wing River left for Wyoming. She will stop a few days in Minneapolis and visit friends and relatives.

Mrs. Thomas H. Pugh and little daughter, of Larimore, N. D., arrived in the city last Friday and is the guest of Mrs. T. L. Melgaard.

Joel Winkjer, state dairy inspector, and George L. Austin, buttermaker at the St. Hilaire creamery, were in Thief River Falls last week.

—Why pay rent? You can get lots on your own terms and you can get money to build with from the Building and Loan association. See J. M. Bishop.

Mrs Anna Kretzschmar leaves this evening for Oshkosh, Wis., to attend the golden wedding anniversary of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Horning, old and highly respected people of that city.

Carl Jensen, the Kratka storekeeper, last week disposed of his stock of goods to J. W. Vrolston, of Highlanding. The Kratka store is to be closed up and Highlanding will have two stores in the future.

Pat Sullivan went up to the outlet of the lake last week with a crew of river drivers and will bring down a drive for the East Grand Forks Lumber company He expects to bring down about 10,000,000.

Last Sunday Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Wells and children of Wing River visited with Mr. and Mrs. Austin Kohler. Miss Mattie Wells accompanied them home after visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Kohler from Thursday.

A. C. Baker, of Decorah, Iowa, was in the city last week looking after his business interests here. It had been over a year since Mr. Baker had paid Thief River Falls a visit and noted many improvements in the city.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Services next Sunday at 10 a. m. in the Norwegian Lutheran Church of the Nowegian Synod. A class of 14 Catechumens will be confirmed in their baptism at Covenant. In the evening at 7:45 there will be services with the administering of the Lords Supper.

Otto E. Olson, of Rocksbury, was appointed assistant county superintendent of schools by the county commissioners last week. He will serve for not more than 40 days at a salary of $3 per day. The new laws give the county superintendent an assistant in counties of this size if he asks for aid.

Friends here have received the announcement of the approaching wedding of Rev. O. S. Hougen of Thief River Falls, and Miss Tilda Flom, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Flom of Milton, N. D. The ceremony will take place on August 5th at the Stephanus Evangelical Lutheran church, five miles south of Milton.

Ole Eggen was down from his home in Kratka township yesterday on business. He reports the loss of a horse by death a few days ago. This makes five horses Mr. Eggen has lost in this way in the past couple of years. He also suffered an irreparable loss by the death of two of his sons this past winter. Truly a full measure of hard luck for one man in so short a time.—Plummer Pioneer.

In a few cases exhibits in the women's building at the county fair last year were either lost or stolen. Nothing of this kind will happen this year, as it is the intention of the fair association to take a great deal of precaution and protect property of all exhibitors. A system has been adopted that will make it impossible for any of the exhibits to be lost or stolen.

Orson Doe spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

John Havil went to Gilby, N. D. last Saturday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hance Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Saxberg Monday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Sam McMahon Monday.

Rev. Barackman was over to Bemidji the first of the week.

Mrs. Nels Bergh was over to Crookston the first of the week.

E. B. Bakke was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Storholm spent Sunday in Crookston.

Mrs. John Torrison was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Mrs. Phil Zeh visited with friends in Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Mary Schlosser left Tuesday evening for Wisconsin to visit friends.

The Sewing society will meet at Mrs. Lundells Monday 29th at 2 o'clock p. m.

Eugene Depsey was in the city to spend Sunday, being enroute to Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse and Miss Nellie Larson were down to Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney G. Halvorson was up to Middle River Monday to attend to some legal business.

Buttons Business college, Crookston, will open its fall term Sept. 2nd. Send for catalog now.

Quite a number of Indians have been in town this week from the Red Lake Indian reservation.

G. H. Bang, who had been up from Crookston visiting friends here, returned home Monday evening.

Elmer Zeh represented the Golden Rule store at Barnum & Baileys circus at Crookston the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph was out to Radium last Saturday to see about work of the building the new Catholic church at that place.

Ripe tomatoes and green corn at this time of the year—considering the late spring—make us believe that we are living in the banana belt.

Crops of all kinds are looking exceedingly fine just now and it is an assured fact that the harvest in this section this year is going to be far better than it has been for years.

D. N. Winton returned last Saturday evening from his trip to Prince Albert. With the exception of flax, crops are not looking very well in the Canadian Northwest this year, he says.

Few farmers are in town these days, most of them being busy haying. Hay promises to bring a good price next spring and farmers will do well to put as much of it as they can.

Theo. Kosin has removed his tailor shop to the building just east of the Meehan block on Second street. The new location gives Mr. Kosin much more room which his growing trade demands.

Services at the Swedish Mission church on the east side next Sunday 28th in the forenoon 10:30 A. M. and in the evening at 8 o'clock.

A. Tomele pastor.

Next Thursday, August 1, the voters of the town of the Clover Leaf will vote upon the proposition of purchasing a road grader. Some 21 voters signed the petition asking for an election and it will require a majority vote to carry. This town turned the grader proposition down at one election, but sentiment has now changed say those who are interested in the purchase.

The question of buying the water power from the Crookston Lumber Company was under discussion again by the the Commercial Club at their meeting last Wednesday evening. After a thorough dicussion a resolution was passed recommending to the village council that they make the company a definate offer, which we undeastand has been done. It is probable that within a couple of weeks the question will be decided definately.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

But for the interposition of a strange dog, which suddenly appeared upon the scene, Cora Kastela of Halton, N. D., undoubtly would have been killed by a mad bull which attacked her as she was crossing a pasture on the farm of Jacob Ask, near there. The bull attacked the young woman without warning, lunging at her and striking her just above the heart. She fell senseless to the ground and the savage animal then proceeded to kick and paw at her prostrate body. A strange dog suddenly appeared in the pasture and attacked the bull from behind. This diverted its attention from the young woman, and while the dog and bull were engaged in a terrific battle, she, having meanwhile regained consciousness, managed to crawl out of the field. An examination by a physician disclosed the fact that Miss Kastella sustained fractures of two ribs and was badly lacerated and bruised about the body.

Found—A watch between the Soo depot and round house. Owner can have same by describing property and paying charges. E O. Erickson.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.
H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.
OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION
PHONE 30.

REMEMBER

We could not make these prices on this quality of furniture if we had to add to our prices the immense expenses of the mail order catalogue houses. They can only approach our bargains in appearance by sacrificing quality.

$3.95 - COUCHES - $32.95

Style A Couch, $3.95 at the factory.

Style A couch is 26 inches wide and 72 inches long, frame is neatly embossed, finished golden or mahogany.

Price, $3.95.

Immitation leathre $4.95.

Bring in Your Catalog. We Can Save You from 10 to 20 per cent on Same Quality of Goods.

Latest Music Just Received. We Sell McKinley 10c Edition.

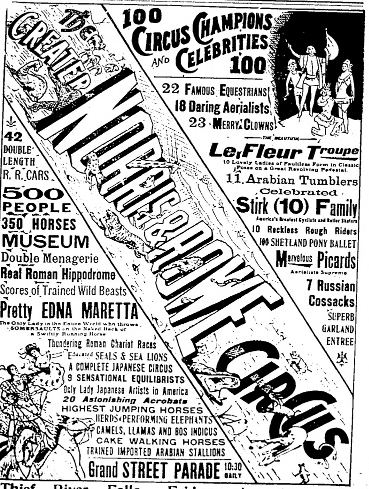

The Greater Norris & Rowe Circus

100 CIRCUS CHAMPIONS AND CELEBRITIES 100
22 FAMOUS EQUESTRIANS
18 Daring Aerialists
23 MERRY CLOWNS
THE BEAUTIFUL
Le Fleur Troupe
10 Lovely Ladies of Faultless Form in Classic Poses on a Great Revolving Pedestal.
11 Arabian Tumblers
Celebrated
Stirk (10) Family
America's Greatest Cyclists and Roller Skaters
10 Reckless Rough Riders
100 SHETLAND PONY BALLET
Marvelous Picards
Aerialists Supreme
7 Russian Cossacks
SUPERB GARLAND ENTREE
42 DOUBLE LENGTH R. R. CARS
500 PEOPLE
350 HORSES
MUSEUM
Double Menagerie
Real Roman Hippodrome
Scores of Trained Wild Beasts
Pretty EDNA MARETTA
The Only Lady in the Entire World who throws SOMERSAULTS on the Naked Back of a Swiftly Running Horse
Thundering Roman Chariot Races
Educated SEALS & SEA LIONS
A COMPLETE JAPANESE CIRCUS
9 SENSATIONAL EQUILIBRISTS
Only Lady Japanese Artists in America
20 Astonishing Acrobats
HIGHEST JUMPING HORSES
HERDS PERFORMING ELEPHANTS
CAMELS, LLAMAS AND BOS INDICUS
CAKE WALKING HORSES
TRAINED IMPORTED ARABIAN STALLIONS
Grand STREET PARADE 10:30 DAILY

Thief River Falls, Friday August 2nd.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Spencer at St. Paul in the case of the United States against George W. Wood, Lewin A. Wood and others charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes in connection with the transactions of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company resulted in the holding of the seven defendants for the federal grand jury, which meets the second Tuesday in December, 1907.

While endeavoring to light a joss stick at a bonfire started by playmates seven-year-old Marie Bjorling of Minneapolis fell into the fire and was probably fatally burned. The little girl lost her balance when leaning over towards the fire and fell headlong among the glowing embers.

Frank Pawtak and his father-in-law, John Matz, while shingling a house two miles north of Ivanhoe, were struck by lightning. Pawtak's leg was mangled and he is internally injured and may die. Matz is badly injured, but may recover.

Thomas F. Bullock of Annandale was buried alive in an old well. The well caved in while Mr. Bullock was engaged in doing some repairing about thirty feet from the surface. The body was recovered after twenty-two hours' hard work.

A young son of William Siekner, superintendent of the government saw mill at White Earth, was killed while playing underneath the mill. He was caught in the gearing of the sawdust conveyor. When his body was found life was extinct.

Toddling along to meet his father, Joseph Msanski, the four-year-old son of Mathew M. Msanski of Minneapolis, fell into a pool of boiling water under the escape pipe of a factory and died after suffering terrible agony.

Frank Riolo, an Italian railroad laborer, was run down by a switch engine in the Northern Pacific yards at St. Paul and so badly injured he died an hour after the accident.

John H. Hill and Otto Makula were blown to pieces and three others were badly injured by a premature explosion of dynamite in the Minnesota mine near Soudan.

A. R. Turner, a young farmer near Tracy, was kicked in the head by a horse and was instantly partially paralyzed. He lingered four days, when he died.

Charles McKissick of the live stock firm of McKissick Bros., South St. Paul, was instantly killed by a train at Frazee.

James A. Strane, son of Jackson Strane of St. Paul, was drowned at Mendota while canoeing. The canoe capsized.

GENERAL NEWS.

Unless the master barbers of Minneapolis grant the demands of their men by Aug. 4 and give them an increase in the minimum wage scale the barbers will go on a strike. This course was decided upon at a meeting of the men interested. It was unanimously decided by the large delegation of barbers to ask for a minimum of $15 a week, with 60 per cent of all trade over $35. The present scale is $11, with 50 per cent over $25.

Royal A. Stone, assistant attorney general, has tendered his resignation to take effect Aug. 1. He leaves the state service to practice law in St. Paul and will form a partnership with T. D. O'Brien, who will retire as state insurance commissioner at the same time. Mr. O'Brien's successor will be J. A. Hartigan of St. Paul.

W. H. Williams, state labor commissioner, has completed a compilation of the June accidents in Minnesota. They numbered 115, of which 35 were in railroad yards and repair shops, 27 in saw mills and lumber yards, 22 in slaughtering and meat packing and 10 in the building trades.

The first marriage of a white man to a colored woman on record in Hennepin county was solemnized at Minneapolis when W. E. Bates, court commissioner, pronounced the words which united Louis Nelson, white, thirty-six years old, and Anna Brown, nineteen years old, colored.

The Mankato Traction company, organized under West Virginia laws to build a street railway line in Mankato, has filed its articles with the secretary of state. The capital stock is $200,000, of which it is stated that $100,000 will be employed in Minnesota.

The farmers living near Comfrey, Blue Earth county, have organized a Farmers' Blacksmith association and will equip a blacksmith shop of their own to be run on the cooperative plan.

The St. Paul city council has passed an ordinance prohibiting free lunches in saloons.

OBITUARY.

E. V. Farmington, twice a member of the state legislature in the seventies and who was serving his twenty-sixth year as judge of probate when he resigned last April, is dead at Preston.

Dr. Charles H. Boardman, for many years a prominent physician of St. Paul, is dead at Brooklyn, N. Y., aged sixty-three years.

Jacob Rowman, a pioneer resident of Osakis, is dead. He owned exten-

EQUAL TREATMENT FOR ALL

Minnesota Saloonkeepers Would Rigidly Enforce Sunday Law.

Every cigar store, every billiard hall and poolroom, every theater, amusement park and pavilion in St. Paul and Minneapolis and even in the state may be closed and every street car stopped running on Sundays if the present plans of the Liquor Dealers' association materialize. An earnest effort is to be made to have the state law against "Sunday desecration" rigidly enforced.

This decision is the result of a meeting of several hundred liquor dealers from all over the state held at Union temple, Minneapolis. The saloonkeepers feel that they have been discriminated against and they insist that if the law is put into operation to prevent them from keeping their places of business open other Sunday lawbreakers must also be compelled to obey the strict letter of the statute.

It was decided to appeal first to the executive heads of the various city governments for a sane enforcement of the Sunday laws; then, if that failed, to appeal to Attorney General Young and Governor Johnson. If these latter also refuse to respond the courts will be asked to intervene.

TAWNEY IN LIMELIGHT.

Mentioned for Second Place on the Republican Ticket.

A Washington dispatch says Congressman James A. Tawney of Winona is being talked of considerably in connection with the vice presidential nomination on the Republican ticket at the headquarters of the League of Republican State Clubs. Congressman Tawney is enjoying quite a midsummer vice presidential boom.

The talk is caused by the possibility of the Democrats selecting Governor Johnson for either the first or second place on the Democratic ticket. In that event the national contest will center in the Northwest.

"The Democrats are after Minnesota's electoral vote," said ex-Governor Merriam of Minnesota. "I have been asked a great deal about Governor Johnson and, as matters stand today, the ticket looks like Bryan and Johnson and a concentration of Democratic forces to carry the Western states."

MINNESOTA RATE HEARING

Arguments in Federal Court Go Over Until September.

The hearing in the eight commodity freight and 2-cent fare injunction suits, in which Attorney General Young and the railway and warehouse commission have been made defendants, has been continued to Sept. 3.

The continuance was granted by Judge Lochren in the federal court at St. Paul on request of Attorneys Young, O'Brien and Stone on their representation that more time was needed to examine the affidavits filed by the several plaintiffs.

Judge Lochren, in granting the continuance to Sept. 3, said he was anxious to bring the thing to a speedy conclusion, but he was aware that the attorney general had not had the proper time in which to prepare his answer and would therefore grant the additional time with the understanding that all sides would be ready on the date set.

TERRIFIC WIND AND RAIN.

Storms Damage Grain and Buildings in Southern Minnesota.

Reports of terrific rain, wind and thunder storms which swept through Southern Minnesota have been received in St. Paul and in nearly every locality great damage was said to have been done to the growing grain.

Houses were demolished and barns blown to pieces, and in several sections stock suffered, though no persons were reported killed or seriously injured.

In some sections where the rainfall was not as heavy as in others the grain was said to have been benefited by the water, but where the storms struck most severely the heading crops were beaten to the ground and so badly lodged that little if any of what promised to be a generous yield can now be saved.

Mob After Kidnappers.

Caged in a harnessroom in a St. Paul livery barn Henry Holland and a young man known as Johnson were threatened with lynching at the hands of an infuriated mob who made desperate efforts to reach them and were only prevented by hard work on the part of the police. Holland, assisted by Johnson, attempted to kidnap Holland's three-year-old daughter Helen from her mother. Holland was badly beaten by the mob.

Says Appropriation Is Valid.

Attorney General Young, in an opinion just handed down, holds that the $400,000 road and bridge appropriation made by the last legislature is constitutional. The opinion is in answer to a request from State Auditor Iverson regarding the legality of the law and that official says he will now pay out the money to the counties on demand. The opinion, he says, is sufficient guidance for him.

Lumber Company Must Pay Tax.

Hennepin county and the state of Minnesota have been victorious in the tax case of the Backus-Brooks Lumber company, which tried to get away from its tax in Minneapolis because of irregularities in keeping the records of the state board of equalization. The supreme court has decided, Chief Justice Start writing the opinion, that such irregularities do not constitute a defense.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS, $1

Order for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Heirs of Homestead Settler.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1907.

In the Matter of the Determination of the Heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, Deceased Homestead Settler.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

On reading and filing the petition of Gunder Salemonson Jr., praying, among other things, for the judicial determination, by this Court, of who are the heirs of Salemon G. Salemonson, deceased, homestead settler, and what are the respective rights and interests of such heirs in the homestead land of said deceased, and to assign said homestead to the parties legally entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said petition and said matter be heard and examined on Monday, the 5th day of August, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the office of the Probate Court at Red Lake Falls in said County and State.

It is Further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for five successive weeks immediately prior to said date of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Thief River Falls in said County and State.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 25th day of June, A. D. 1907. By the Court.

PROBATE COURT SEAL

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.

June 27-5t july 25.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Mussey of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June, [illegible], for the S. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Warren E. Wood, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher " "
James K. Wood of Thief River Falls "
William McCrum " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole O. Finberg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 23, 1904, for the Lots 10 & 11 of Sec 31, township 155 N., Range 41 W., and Lots 3, 4 and 5 and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson " "
Peter Flo " "
Olof Finberg " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 26, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John G. Skomedal, of Thorwick, Minnesota as one of the heirs of John G. Skomdahl, deceased, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of the claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3379 made Aug. 21st, 1900, for the Lot 5 Section 18, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on Aug. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

John W. Dahl, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John O. Espell, " "
Torbjon Skomedal, " "
Andrew Jopore, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 aug 1

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Urie Ruk of Thief River Falls Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 161 made for the NE¼ Section 31 Township 154 N, Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Schindler " "
Anton Danda " "
Fred Ptacek " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ben T. Brokke of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Mar. 2nd, [illegible], for the SW¼ sec. 16 T. 155 N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Paul Quinsting, of Thorwick, Minn.
Thom Bakken, " "
Daniel Ro[illegible] " "
Tarje S. Brokke " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

June 27 aug 1

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

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Dr. Doran has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrah, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow growth children and all wasting disease in adults, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Many cases of Deafness, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected can easily be restored. Deformities, Club feet, Curvature of the spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the limbs, Stricture, Open sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, falling memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula! Piles.

Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00

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SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

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First Class In All Respects.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 2[illegible], 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Ihle of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June [illegible], for the lots [illegible] Township [illegible] N., Range [illegible] West, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on [illegible].

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

[illegible]

John Johnson

June 27 Aug 1

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

[illegible]

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST;

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer. TELEPHONE NO. 89.

Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS:

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

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MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Emily Diegle, twenty-four years old, who formerly resided in St. Paul, has triumphed in her determination to become a nun and Thursday took the veil at the Duluth cathedral. She is now Sister Barromea of the Benedictine sisterhood. Several weeks ago the parents of Miss Diegle created a sensation by kidnapping the young woman from the Duluth school and taking her to their home in St. Paul.

The state board of control has fixed July 31 as the last date upon which it will receive applications from towns wishing the state girls' training school or the hospital for inebriates located within their borders. So far there have been several applications for the training school, but only three towns have signified that they care to have the newly authorized hospital for inebriates.

As big a single trade in grain as ever was reported in the Minneapolis market was made in the pit at the chamber of commerce one day last week when G. Parker Harding, representing the Woodworth interests, bought 500,000 bushels in one lot, at one price, from G. P. Ewe of the Van Dusen-Harrington firm. The sale was for September delivery at $1.01¼ to $1.01¾.

The Minnesota Prohibitionists have announced their intention of capturing a majority of the house of representatives next year and electing a Prohibitionist as speaker. The plan is outlined in the July number of the Public Weal, the Prohibitionist organ. It argues against electing "nice men" to the legislature and letting a hostile organization name the committees.

It is reported that the business men of Roseau are planning to put a freight automobile service in operation between that place and Karlstadt, on the Soo. It is said that the merchants are incensed over the delay in extending the railroad from Greenbush to their town and have determined to establish an auto freight line.

The statue of Nathan Hale, a gift to the city of St. Paul from Nathan Hale chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and the first monument to be erected in Minnesota to the memory of any Revolutionary patriot, was unveiled last week.

Bemidji is to have a second saw mill. The plant will have a capacity for sawing from 30,000,000 to 50,000,000 feet of timber a year and will give employment to from 200 to 300 men.

St. Paul has been selected as next year's convention city by the board of trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The eleven-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Herrick of Rochester was killed in a runaway accident at that city. Mrs. Herrick and the girl were driving together when the horse became frightened and ran away. Mrs. Herrick escaped without serious injury, but the child's skull was fractured and her backbone broken.

In a wreck on the Canadian Northern east of Rainy River Fireman Vance received injuries from which he died and Engineer Hamilton was so badly scalded that his death is anticipated. The wreck was caused by the engine hitting a cow which had got on the track.

Harry W. Jones, a well known architect of Minneapolis, lies at the point of death as a result of an automobile accident. Mr. Jones jumped to avoid being thrown from the machine when a wheel broke and sustained a fracture at the base of the brain.

Bennie Ferguson, fifteen years old, son of Frank Ferguson of Luverne, was killed by the pole of a hay loader falling on him. His skull was crushed and his neck broken, but he lived fifteen minutes.

While entertaining a group of friends with an exhibition of her skill in horsemanship Mrs. William A. McNair of Parkers Prairie was thrown from her horse and seriously injured.

Emily Oakland, seventeen years old, committed suicide at Minneapolis by turning on the gas. A quarrel with her lover is believed to have been the cause of the girl's act.

Two children were burned to death and another narrowly escaped a similar fate in a fire which destroyed the house on the farm of M. Kjelve in eastern Marshall county.

T. H. Reid is dead at Minneapolis from a self-inflicted bullet wound. He was once a well known grain dealer, but years of sickness compelled him to retire.

Emory, the fourteen-year-old son of Thomas Norton of the St. Paul city treasurer's office, was drowned in a small lake at South Park while bathing.

OBITUARY.

Smith E. Boyse is dead at Spring Valley of heart disease, aged sixty-six years. He was a veteran of the Civil war and for many years had been largely engaged in buying and selling live stock.

Daniel Armstrong, proprietor of the Commercial House at Minnesota Lake and one of the early settlers of Faribault county, is dead.

Reguild Ekre, a pioneer resident of Stevens county, is dead at the state hospital for the insane at Fergus Falls.

Albert Schuetz, abstract clerk of Ramsey county, is dead. He was sixty-seven years of age.

Why Scotland's Soil Is Thin.

An English golfer on a Scottish links hit the turf ten times for every once that he struck the ball. His caddie ventured on a sarcastic remonstrance.

"Ha' peety on auld Scotland, sir," said he. "She's suffered ower eneuch at the haunds o' yer countrymen in the past that ye sud treat her sae sair the day. Hit the ba', man, an' let the grun' alane."

"Confound Scotland!" shouted the exasperated golfer, flinging down his club in a rage. "It's just what Dr. Johnson described it—'stone, water and a little earth.'"

"Sae the docther said that, did he?" inquired the caddie.

"He did, and he was a very wise man, let me tell you," snapped the Englishman.

"I believe ye," retorted the caddie; "Nae doot the docther was a verra wise man, for there is muckle o' stane an' watter in Scotland—oor mountains an' lochs that ye come sae far tae see, an' it's a sair truth that the soil is no verra deep. Ye see, there's sic a hantle o' English bodies comes tae Scotland tae play gawf."—Glasgow Times.

Phases of the National Game.

There are two sides to almost anything, and the national game is far from being an exception. From the standpoint of the baseball enthusiast "our town has a club in the league." *From the standpoint of the professional player the league has a club in each city.* In the heart of the baseball patriot our club is a band of heroes, going out to conquer other cities and uphold our honor. In the mind of the man with soul so dead they are stock companies—properly financed. To the excited partisans at a game each player is an earnest contestant for his side. To the man who is from foreign parts it would be an important fact that they are hired men, employees with salaries set by companies that all belong to the same corporation, and that they get their pay for playing and not for winning. To the public it is a game. To the president of the company it may be a good or bad "performance."—Century.

Women and Cards.

It seems that the passion for card playing among Jewish women is not of recent date. More than a century ago Miss Rebecca Franks wrote:

"The ladies of Philadelphia have more cleverness in the turn of an eye than those of New York have in their whole composition. With what ease have I seen a Chew, a Penn, an Oswald or an Allen and a thousand others entertain a large circle of both sexes, the conversation without the aid of cards never flagging nor seeming in the least strained or stupid. Here in New York you enter a room with a formal set courtesy, and after the how-dos things are finished. All is dead calm until the cards are introduced, when you see pleasure dancing in the eyes of all the matrons, and they seem to gain new life."—Hebrew Standard.

Preferred to Die.

"Sir," said the tramp, "I have not tasted food for seven days. Another half an hour of fasting and I must die!"

"Then," exclaimed the philanthropist, "you shall live. Take this ticket. It will admit you in my stead to a sumptuous banquet, course after course, meats, wines and dessert—a feast three hours long, glorious company—Mr. Talkforhours, Mr. Toofew, Mr. Longyarn and other eminent men."

"Will there be any after dinner speeches?" asked the starving one.

"Columns of 'em," said the philanthropist.

Then the tramp handed back the ticket and crawled wearily away into a silent timber yard to die.—London Globe.

Must Have Loved Him.

Many stories have been told of a Manchester man who is supposed to be the—well, to put it humanely—plainest man in England. But we think the following is the funniest:

"Mamma," a child was heard to say in an awestruck whisper after a prolonged survey of the peculiar features of the guest, "that gentleman's mamma must have loved children very, very much."

"Why so, my dear?" inquired the unsuspecting parent.

"Oh," returned the child in the same audible whisper, "'cause she brought him up."—Strand Magazine.

A Better Scheme.

"That house I have taken from you," said the dissatisfied tenant, "is horribly drafty. When I am sitting in the middle of the room my hair blows all over my head. Can't you do something for the windows?"

"Don't you think, sir," replied the house agent suavely, "it would be easier and cheaper for you to get your hair cut?"—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Difference.

"Waiter," protested a commercial traveler, with indignation, "I'm bothered if I can ever see any difference between your roast mutton and your roast lamb!"

"Oh, sir," the waiter rejoined, "there is a difference! The roast mutton is a shilling and the roast lamb is one and sixpence."—London Mail.

The Great Danger.

"What do you consider the chief danger of wealth?" asked the solemn man.

"That the other fellow will have it," responded a hearer inclined to flippancy.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Preventive.

A girl is rarely deaf to a man's proposal when a diamond ring accompanies it—at least, not stone deaf.—Life.

Sheridan's Double Marriage.

It was in 1857 that the Gretna Green marriages were made illegal. A glance at its registers may yet inspire the novelist of the future. One entry will be sure to puzzle. Twice within a few days occurs the record of the marriage of Richard Brinsley Sheridan to Miss Grant. There was only one R. B. S., only one bride for the same gentleman. The double entries are not the result of any blunder on the part of the Rev. Mr. Vulcan. The parties were really twice married at Gretna Green. Arriving on a Sunday they were duly wedded, and sped away to Edinburgh. There, however, Sheridan chanced to glance at a newspaper in which appeared the lucubrations of a lawyer. In these plainly stated was the fact that no contract executed on a Sunday is binding. Clearly, then, their wedding was not legal. Back to Gretna Green they scurried, to be remarried on a week day and leave the dual record to perplex later generations of sympathetic searchers of the records.—St. James' Gazette.

The Buzzard In Flight.

There can be no doubt that the buzzard is the living aeroplane in perfection. It cannot sail against the wind except as other birds do—by sheer power of moving wings—but it can sail at amazing speed before the wind, at right angles to the wind and can sail within a few points of the wind.

When there is no wind its flight is clumsy—not much of an improvement on the flying of a hen. Authors are wont to describe the buzzard as sailing in the sky on days when the earth perspires beneath a sultry, still atmosphere. But it will also be remembered that these authors invariably describe the buzzard as being "a speck in the brassy heavens." As a matter of fact, that is just the point of the buzzard's aerial knowledge. When there is no breeze close to the earth it is always to be observed roosting in a tree or flying laboriously into the zenith until it finds an upper current, where it can navigate without labor.—New York Times.

Bones and Their Places.

It was a colloquy at a north side butcher's shop. "Oh," said the little woman, "that's an awful big bone in that small steak. I don't like to have to pay for all bone."

"Yes'm," said the butcher politely, but with a touch of irony in his answer, "that do seem to be a good deal of bone, but the animals what's comin' to this market now seems to have more or less bone in 'em. And really as animals is built now I don't see how they can get along without bones."

"That may all be true," said the little woman, and there was a wicked twinkle in her eye, "but this morning I found a good sized bone in the sausage, and I leave it to you, honest now, don't you think that is going a little too far?"

And the butcher could not say a word in reply.—Indianapolis News.

Incidental Music.

One afternoon a couple from an adjoining town presented themselves to a Boston divine and asked to be married just as he was about to enter the pulpit to conduct an afternoon service. The minister replied that he regretted that he could not at that moment comply with their wish, but that immediately upon the conclusion of the service he would take pleasure in performing the ceremony. The lovers after demurring seated themselves in the rear of the church. When the minister had finished the service he made the following announcement: "The parties who are to be joined in matrimony will present themselves at the chancel immediately after the singing of hymn 415, 'Mistaken Souls That Dream of Heaven!'"—Exchange.

Big Jumps by Rabbits.

How fast do hares and rabbits run? Perhaps you have wondered while out gunning and watched the elusive animals speeding away. According to J. G. Millais, the length of a hare's stride is about four feet, while that of a rabbit is about two feet. Under conditions of fear the hare is said to leap ten to twelve feet, some authorities claiming that it can jump ditches ten to twenty-five feet in width. A hare can jump upward perpendicularly five feet. Rabbits can make leaps of six or seven feet horizontally, but cannot jump higher than three feet. When compelled to do so, it is said, rabbits can swim as well as dogs.—Philadelphia North American.

A Bright Bird.

The cuckoo is as likely to steal its nest as to make it, but this fact does not take from the point of the following pun, quoted from Short Stories:

A young Englishman being asked at dinner whether he would have some bird's nest pudding, said, turning to his hostess: "Ah, yes. Bird's nest pudding, and what kind of a bird may have made it?"

"Oh, it was the cook who made it," was her prompt reply.

Not Always.

"Remember, my boy," said Uncle James as he gave Bobby a coin, "that if you take care of the pennies the shillings will take care of themselves."

Bobby looked a trifle dubious.

"I do take care of the pennies," he replied, "but as soon as they get to be shillings pa takes care of 'em."—London Tit Bits.

Tonsorial Artistry.

Customer (facetiously)—Do you suppose you can cut my hair without making me look like an idiot? Barber (diffidently)—It will be a pretty difficult thing to do, but I will try.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Saying well causes a laugh; Doing well causes silence.—French Proverb.

W. H. WILLIAMS,

EXPERT PIANO TUNER

Formerly of Boston, Mass., will be in Thief River Falls on Thursday and Friday, July 25 and 26.

Twenty years experience as a tuner, places me in a position to do strictly first class work and to guarantee it.

Pianos and organs voiced, tuned, Regulated and polished. Charges moderate. Phone or mail your order care of the News, Thief River Falls, Minn., or to J. P. Tuff, Music Dealer, Crookston, Minnesota.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 22.—Wheat—Sept., 97⅝c; Dec., 98⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.00¾@1.00⅝; No. 1 Northern, 99⅝@99⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 96@98c; No. 3 Northern, 93@95c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.00; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$5.55@5.90. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25@5.75; good to choice lambs, $5.50@6.50; spring, $6.50@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.01¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.00¼; No. 2 Northern, 98⅜c; July, $1.00¼; Sept., $1.00¼; Dec., 99½c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.18¼; July, $1.18¼; Sept., $1.18¼; Oct., $1.16¼; Nov., $1.15¼; Dec., $1.14¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 22.—Wheat—July, 90⅛c; Sept., 92⅝@92½c. Corn—July, 52½c; Sept., 52⅝@52⅛c. Oats—July, 43c; Sept., 38⅝c. Pork—July, $16.30; Sept., $16.52½. Butter—Creameries, 21@25c; dairies, 18@22½c. Eggs—13@14½c. Poultry — Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 15@16c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 22.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.70@7.35; cows, $1.70@5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.60; calves, $5.50@7.25; good to prime steers, $5.75@7.35; poor to medium, $4.65@5.70; stockers and feeders, $2.85@5.00. Hogs—Light, $5.90@6.20; mixed, $5.70@6.17½; heavy, $5.40@6.05; rough, $5.40@5.70; pigs, $5.50@6.10; good to choice heavy, $5.90@6.00. Sheep, $3.50@6.00; lambs, $5.55@7.60.

Brought a Blush to Her Cheek.

There was a story told of one of the world's great vocalists singing as a young girl at a private house. She was overwhelmed with praise. By and by, says the London News, she came and sat by an elderly lady, who congratulated her on the way she had sung, but ventured to offer one or two suggestions. The young singer treated the hints with scorn and afterward asked the hostess who "the old lady" was who had dared to give her suggestions. "Oh, that was Mme. Goldschmidt," replied the lady. "And who is Mme. Goldschmidt?" was the next impatient query. "Well, she's better known as Jenny Lind," said the hostess. And then the singer blushed for shame at her disdainful reception of hints from the "Swedish Nightingale."

His Preference.

"Our new chef," said the manager of the restaurant, stopping to chat with the patron who had deep lines between his eyebrows, "is a wonder. I really believe the man could take an old rubber shoe and make an appetizing dish of it." "That so?" asked the patron, tapping meditatively with his fork upon the steak that had been served him. "Suppose you tell the waiter to take this steak back and ask the chef to fix up a rubber shoe for me."—Modern Society.

The Farmer In the Lighthouse.

A farmer had secured an appointment as light keeper in a Maine coast lighthouse. The first night he went on duty he lighted up promptly at dusk and at 11 o'clock carefully extinguished the lamp. The next day of course there was trouble, and when he was taken to task he said that he supposed 10 o'clock was late enough to keep the light going, as he thought that all honest men should be in bed at that hour.—Boston Herald.

His Memory.

First Boy—Did you really win three prizes at school?

Second Ditto—Yes, and one was for my excellence of memory.

"How did you win the others?"

"The others? I forget what they were for."—Translated For Transatlantic Tales From Bianco y Negro.

The Lucky Ones.

"Old Rounder is engaged."

"Gee! Who's the lucky woman?"

"There are millions of her."

"Why, he isn't engaged to more than one?"

"Nope; that's what I mean. All the others are the lucky ones."—Houston Post.

If a thing is proper and possible to man, deem it attainable by thee.—Marcus Aurelius.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

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W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

BY-LAWS

--- OF ---

Red Lake River Transportation Co.

ARTICLE I.

MEETINGS.

Sec. 1. The annual meeting of the corporation shall be held at the principal office of said corporation on the Second Monday in January of each year, at ten o'clock A. M.

Sec. 2. Thirty days' notice shall be given of all meetings of the shareholders, by publishing notice thereof and by circular notice mailed to each shareholder.

Sec. 3. The directors, upon the written request of one third of the shareholders, shall call a special meeting of shareholders; the notice of said special meeting to contain a statement of the business to come before the same.

Sec. 4. The president of the Board of Directors shall be the presiding officer of all meetings of the corporation and shall cast the deciding vote in all cases of a tie. Each shareholder shall have only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, and same is allowed by proxy in case of absence, no one being allowed to hold or vote more than one proxy.

Sec. 5. The Board of Directors shall hold business meetings on the second Monday of April, July, October and January of each year at ten o'clock A. M. except that the January meeting shall immediately follow the annual meeting of the shareholders.

Sec. 6. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the Pcesident or any six of the said board, and notice of all such meetings shall be given to each director by mail.

Sec. 7, No business except that mentioned in call for meeting or notices shall receive final action at said special meeceing. Six Directors shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the Board, and a majority vote of members present shall decide all questions, except in transfer of real estate or the boats or other property of said company, which shall require the presence of the full board of directors.

ARTICLE II.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS—DUTIES AND POWERS.

Sec. 1. The Board of Directors shall meet immediately after the annual meeting of the shareholders, and organize by electing from their own number a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer.

Sec. 2. Said Board of Directors shall appoint and fix the salaries or compensation of all officers, Captians, Agents and employees of the corporation, and shall prescribe the duties of each employee, and shall have the power to fill any vacancies in the board or its officers.

Sec. 3. The Board of Directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of the shareholders, by ballot, and shall hold their offices for one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec. 4. The Board of Directors shall at every annual meeting of the shareholders render a full detailed account of all business and property of the corporation during the year. They shall also render a similar account at any special meeting of the shareholders, when required to do so by a vote of the shareholders, a reasonable time being given to prepare the same.

Sec. 5. The Board of Directors shall have power to do such acts and adopt such measures, not inconsistent with the Articles of Incorporation or the by-laws as they shall deem best calculated to promote the interests of the shareholders, and to that end shall, from time to time prescribe such rules and regulations for the management of the business of the corporation as they may deem expedient including the establishing of freight and passenger rates, manner and schedule of operating the boats of the corporation &c., except that the regular schedules for any and all of the boats of said company shall provide for their laying up over Sundays, decoration day, the fourth of July and Labor Day, and none of the boats of said company shall be operated on any of said days except in cases of extreme necessity, except that they may be used for excursions and pleasure trips.

ARTICLE III.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

Sec. 1. The President of the Board shall be the presiding officer at all meetings of the Board and of the shareholders.

He shall be ex officio member of all committees. He shall sign, execute and deliver all deeds of conveyance of real estate and all bills of sale of personal property which the Directors may order executed, and shall sign all certificates of stock of the corporation, and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may direct. In case of the absence or inability to act, or death of the President the Vice President shall discharge the duties of the president until his return, or until his disability is removed or the vacancy filled.

Sec. 2. The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the shareholders and Board of Directors, and keep in a suitable book, the minutes of said meetings. He shall have charge of the records and papers of the corporation; shall have charge of and affix the corporate seal of said corporation to all such documents as may require attestation; shall issue notices of all meetings; shall countersign all certificates of stock and orders drawn upon the Treasurer; and perform all the duties generally incident to the office of Secretary. His records shall at all times be open to the inspection of any of the directors as well as to the inspection of any properly authorized committee of the stockholders. He shall make a full and complete quarterly report to the Board of Directors at their quarterly meetings and shall make an annual report of all the business and property of the corporation at their annual meeting in January and shall make such other reports as may from time to time be required by the Board of Directors or the shareholders.

Sec. 3. The Treasurer shall receive all moneys paid to the corporation and give his receipt therefore, and shall pay out the same only under the direction of the Board of Directors, keeping in a suitable book or books a true account thereof. He shall make a full and detailed report of all receipts and disbursements, and the true financial condition of the corporation to the Directors at their regular quarterly meetings and an annual report of the same to the stock holders at their regular annual meeting and he shall also make a full report whenever required to do so by either the Board of Directors or the shareholders. The Books and vouchers of the Treasurer shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Directors or a duly appointed committee of the shareholders.

He shall also furnish bonds for the faithful performance of his duties in from $5000.00 to $20000.00 as shall be required by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV.

CERTIFICATES OF STOCK.

Sec. 1. Each stockholder of the corporation whose stock has been paid for in full shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates showing the amount of stock of the corporation standing on the books in his name. Each certificate shall be numbered, bear the signature of the President and Secretary and the seal of the Corporation, and be issued in numerical order from the Stock Certificate book. A full record of each certificate of stock, as issued, must be entered in the corresponding stub of the stock certificate book. The stock shall be non-assessable.

Sec. 2. Transfers of stock shall only be made on the proper stock books of the company and then only when authorized by the Board of Directors, and must be accompanied by the surrender of the duly endorsed certificate representing the transferred stock. Surrendered certicates shall be canceled and attached to the stub from which they were originally detached in the stock certificate book and new certificates issued to the party entitled thereto. When transfers are made by attorneys in fact or by executors, administrators, guardians or by any other legal representative, duly authenticated evidence of their authority shall be produced to the corporation. The possession of certificates of Stock shall not be regarded as vesting any ownership in the same in any person other than the person in whose name it was issued, (as between the corporation and such holder) until the transfer be duly made upon the books of the corporation as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. All applications for stock must be submitted to and approved by the Board of Directors before such stock is issued. On the transfer and cancelation of any certificate of stock the Secretary shall note date thereof in the stock certificate book, on the stub of the certificate canceled and also in the register of certificates opposite the proper number, and mark such certificate canceled. No certificates shall be tranferred, or dividends paid thereon when the holder thereof is in debt to the corporation. In case of a lost certificate a new one may be issued in its stead providing the owner gives a bond in an amount twice the face of the certificate lost to indemnify the corporation.

ARTICLE V.

DIVIDENDS AND FINANCE.

Sec. 1. Dividends shall be declared only from the surplus profits at such times as the Board of Directors shall direct, and no dividends shall be declared that will impair the capital of the Company.

Sec. 2. The Moneys of the Company shall be deposited in the name of the Corporation in such bank or banks as the Board of Directors shall designate, and shall be drawn out only by check signed by the Treasurer and countersigned by the President.

ARTICLE VI.

SEAL.

Sec. 1. The Corporate Seal of the Company shall consist of two concentric circles, between which is the name of the company, and in the center shall be inscribed "Incorporated 1906 Minnesota," and such seal, as impressed on the margin hereof, is hereby adopted as the Corporate Seal of the Company.

ARTICLE VII.

AMENDMENTS.

Sec. 1. These by-laws may be amended, repealed or altered in whole or in part, by a majority vote of the stock-holders, at any regular meeting of the stockholders, or at any special meeting where such proposed action has been announced in the call and notice of such meeting.

Sec. 1. The Board of Directors may adopt additional by laws in harmony herewith, but shall neither alter nor repeal these by laws or any by laws adopted by the stockholders of the company.

I hereby certify that the foregoing are the by-laws of the Red Lake River Transportation Co. adopted by the Board of Director of said company duly assembled in adjourned meeting thereof on the 27 day of June, 1907 at Highlanding, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto affixed my official signature and the corporate Seal of said corporation on this 27 day of June 1907.

Alfred Hammarsten
(corporate Seal) Secretary.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR ALL THE WEEK September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildings, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000 offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2.

Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Air Ship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of [illegible]" Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle Each Night.

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1907 NUMBER 31

Historical Society

GRAINS IN RED VALLEY

Conditions in Six Minnesota Grain Producing Counties.

Although Crops Are Late, Favorable Weather Will Help.

Crookston, Minn., July 29.—During Saturday and Sunday a Crookston man made as thorough a personal investigation of the crop conditions in this section of the Red River valley as the limited time would permit and by using the rural telephone lines has been in direct communication with reliable farmers in Polk, Norman, Marshall, Kittson, Red Lake and Roseau counties. The result shows that the crop conditions are varied in the extreme.

One fact is apparent, the crops on the sandy soil along the eastern border of the valley, in all counties named are superior to those on the heavy soil with the exception of the fields lying within a few miles of the Red and Red Lake rivers where the drainage is nearly perfect.

Taking the whole area named into consideration the wheat acreage sown ranges from 20 to 50 per cent above last year and the acreage cut will average fully 50 per cent more than last year, unless frost should ruin a considerable acreage.

The yield, providing the weather is favorable and the frosts hold off until practically all the wheat is ripe, will average from 12 to 15 bushels per acre, compared with from 8 to 12 last year. The average in many sections will be much less than that, but in the sandy sections in the vicinity of Fosston, Red Lake Falls, Thief River Falls, Eastern Marshall county and a considerable portion of Roseau county the yield will run up to 20 and 25 bushels per acre in many instances.

The gravest feature is the lateness of the majority of the wheat. It is fully two weeks behind the season, and much of it is three weeks and more late. The straw is short, but the heads are generally long and if they fill as they should the crop may turn out better than is expected.

The basing of an accurate and reliable estimate on the wheat crop is difficult because of the fact that similar conditions in the Red River Valley have been very rare. The season as a whole was the latest ever experienced, but on the other hand, the growing conditions have been ideal. In Norman county, or some sections of it, there has been a marked superabundance of rain, and some fields have been barely damaged.

WANTS THE EXTENSION.

Warroad Business Men Get Support of Minneapolis Wholesaler.

Minneapolis Journal: Warroad, Roseau county, Minn., wants more direct communication with the outside world, and its merchants are trying to prevail upon the officials of the Great Northern railway to complete the line from Greenbush to Warroad, the metropolis of Lake of the Woods. The jobbers of Minneapolis have been enlisted in the movement thru their customers and are urging the Minneapolis Commercial club to take a hand. It is expected that the club will appoint a committee to wait upon the Great Northern conjunction with delegations from Warroad and other interested points.

All freight from Minneapolis to Warroad must now go to Winnipeg first and then be brought back to Minnesota over another line. A new line has been graded from Greenbush in, and it was expected that trains would be running over it before this, but there has been no sign of activity along the line and the Warroaders fear that nothing will be done this year unless something happens soon.

Struck by Lightning.

During the heavy storm on Wednesday evening last, lightning struck the barn of Con Short at Lillo, and struck three valuable cows that were laying down near the barn door, killing them instantly. It did not set the barn on fire or damage it to any great extent.—Sunbeam.

SHOT BIG COW MOOSE

Game Warden Munch Captures Man After Persistent effort.

Shooting of cow Moose is Prohibited at all Times.

Game Warden Wm. Munch of Crookston has been working quietly on a case for the past month and Saturday he got a conviction as the result of his efforts.

Early in July he learned of the shooting of a cow moose by a man by the name of Storvold Thompson near Middle River and since that time he has worked unceasingly, getting evidence in the case until on Saturday, when Thompson was brought to Warren by Sheriff Fosberg of Marshall county. Thompson decided to plead guilty and was fined $50.00 and costs amounting in all to about $100.00. The shooting of a cow moose is the worst crime possible against the game laws, as they are protected at all times, and Mr. Munch is to be congratulated on his success in getting his man.

He was ably assisted by County Attorney William Brown of Marshall Co., who is greatly interested in seeing the game laws enforced.

Winter Wheat.

Twenty-eight years ago, when the writer came to this latitude from the East, he was told by persons who claimed to know, that winter wheat couldn't be grown here at all—that it would winter-kill. He saw it tried a number of times in Red river valley, but it was a dismal failure there; it did kill out. But that was in the famous Red river valley. Winter wheat succeeds well in Roseau county; and Claus Goos, whose place is on the summer road eight miles this side of Roseau, has an acre of winter wheat that is as good a crop as the writer ever saw. It will be ready to cut this month. —Warroad Plaindealer.

CHIPPEWAS ARE RICH

Every Man, Woman Child Is Worth About $2,600.

That Is the Estimate of William O'Neill, of Cass Lake.

Every Chippewa Indian in Minnesota—braves, squaws and even pappooses—within a few years will have a bank roll or real estate to the value of $2,600.

That is what the poorest among them will be worth, at what is declared to be a conservative estimate.

Such wealth will cause them to be numbered among the richest people of the earth.

In the last three years the timber that has been cut from ceded Chippewa Indian lands in Minnesota has netted the redmen $3,200,000, according to the statement of former Senator William O'Neill, of Wisconsin, who for four years has been in charge of timber operations on ceded Indian lands in Minnesota, with headquarters at Cass Lake. Mr. O'Neill was in St. Paul Tuesday to file his report of the work with the federal authorities and by them to be forwarded to Washington.

According to this report, 420,000,000 feet of timber has been cut in the last three years of the value of $3,200,000, at at total cost of 4 cents on the dollar.

The standing pine left on ceded Indian lands in Minnesota that has been sold is estimated at 250,000,000 feet, with about 400,000,000 feet yet unsold.

There are in the state 7,500 Chippewa Indians. The aggregate value of their ceded lands and the timber on them is placed at $12,000,000. This sum divided among 7,500 will give to each $1,600. Added to this amount per capita is the value of the allotted lands, which will increase the minimum wealth of each Chippewa within a few years to $2,600.

INTERESTING TRIAL.

Striker at Grand Rapids Arrested And Put in Jail.

Not all that is published in the city papers regarding the strike on the Iron range is true. The following taken from the Grand Rapids Independent illustrates the way some of the strikers are being handled:

Eugene Di Gonzo an Italian who has lived at Bovey for two years, and was one of the men brought in by a party of men early in the week, had a hearing before Judge Huson last Thursday and Friday, quite a bit of interesting testimony being developed. The circumstances of the case were about as follows: Di Conzo went to the railroad station at Coleraine to get an express package last Wednesday, and when coming away was accosted by Charles Weston and informed that he must leave Bovey and Coleraine. He refused and started off when he was seized by a party of men composed of E. G. Ingalls, of the Coleriane Hardware company; Scott, an engineer in the employ of the mining company; Powers, a company foreman; S.G. Plummer; Peter Moran; and Michael O'Connor, who forcibly put him into a wagon and took him to Grand Rapids. He was searched after being placed in the wagon and a revolver found on his person. A companion of his, John Arzan by name, was also put into the wagon and searched but only had a jack knife.

The captors gave the prisoners their choice of leaving the the country or being prosecuted while on the way to town. DiCenzo refused to leave and repeated his refusal after reaching the depot here, after which E. G. Ingalls swore a complaint against him for carrying a concealed weapon, and he was placed in jail. When the case was called before Judge Huson the county attorney asked that bail be fixed at $1,000, which as the offense charged was but a gross misdemeanor the judge considered it too large and reduced it materially. Of course the state proved the carrying of the concealed weapon, and what other evidence there was against the defendent was the alleged making of a threat to get even with a certain mine boss made several weeks ago.

On cross examination Ingalls testified that neither of the men who siezed the two Italians was an officer, and admitted that himself, Plummer add another member of the party were carrying weapons at the time. DeCenzo seems an inoffensive little fellow, and can hardly be an irresponsible man as he and his brothers recently collected some $2,000 through foreclosure of liens upon the Fentak hotel of Bovey.

After the testimony was in and arguments heard Judge Huson held DiCenzo to the grand jury under bond of $300.

BURIED BY RED MEN.

That Order Had Charge of the Late Chief Flatmouth

The funeral of Chief Flatmouth, head of the Lake and Chippewa tribe of Indians, took place Friday with all the honor due his chieftancy. The big chief had been sick for two weeks prior to his trip to the Happy Hunting grounds.

At the request of this chief, the funeral services were conducted by the order of Red men of Walker, of which Chief Flatmouth was an honored member, the order bearing the name, "Flatmouth Tribe No. 22." The official funeral service as found in the ritual of this order, was read at the grave, the hundreds of braves of the departed chief paying the closest attention to the methods of the white men in paying their last respects.

Chief Flatmouth was buried in all his war regalia and finery. A huge feathered crown adorned his head, war paint enriched the copper hue of his face; on his feet were his beaded moccasins, while adorning his breast were all the medals of honor and distinction he had accumulated during his ten years as head of his tribe.

Over three hundred Indians and whites were in the line of procession that followed the remains of one of the greatest Indians of the Minnesota Chippewas.

Be a Patriot.

There is a strong sentiment growing in Thief River Falls to the effect that the people here should be more patriotic and use more of the home flour. A large percentage of the flour sold in Thief River Falls today is that manufactured by the Red Lake Falls Milling company of which Marcus Johnson is the head. Mr. Johnson has been one of the main contributors to the Red Lake end of the county seat fight, and why Thief River Falls people who are buying his product should in an indirect way contribute to the Red Lake Falls campaign fund it is not easy to understand. The flour made here in Thief River Falls is just as good as that made any where, and should be used exclusively. Let the housewives show a little more patriotism and help Thief River Falls grow.

400 Bushels Per Acre.

O. D. Larson reports that the yield of his strawberry patch—covering two square rods of ground—was 160 quarts, or five bushel. This is at the rate of 400 bushel per acre which would be worth about $1,200. Few people will believe it when told that strawberries, when given proper care, will yield up to 300 bushels per acre, this instance more than proves the correctness of such statements. When land is plentiful, however, it is not necessary to plant them so close as Mr. Larson did, and in an average year the patches where the plants are set out and kept in rows five or six feet apart will do better than matted beds. Quite a number of plants will be set out by many growers the first of August. For this purpose the new runners are just as good as plants from the nursery, and there are several here that raised good crops from plants set in late summer and early fall.—Hendrum Review.

NEXT WEEK THE FAIR.

Promises to Be the Biggest and Best This Year.

Good Attractions, Good Races and Large Crowds Assured.

Next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the Red Lake county fair will be held, and it promises to be the best and largest fair ever held in Northern Minnesota. Reports from the different towns located on the three lines of the Soo railroad which center here are to the effect that large numbers are going to be here on fair week, and the same is true along the Great Northern line.

The attractions this year will be far better than ever before. The Cash Carnival company has added many new attractions and in addition to the features this company will furnish, the celebrated Boyd Brothers have been secured for a Roman hippodrome race, something which is not often seen.

The races are going to be the best ever and most of the fast horses that were at Winnipeg, Grand Forks and Fargo will be here. One of the fast horses that will be here is a stallion owned by C. J. Knox which for the the first time is entered in some of the fast races this year. Mr. Knox's horse, Lockstep, is making a mile near the 2:10 mark this year and is improving every day.

A large number of improvements have been made at the fair grounds. An addition has been built to the grand stand, additional cattle and horse sheds have been built and the race track has been put in good condition. The buildings have all been painted and present a very neat condition.

Held No Meeting.

There was no meeting of the board of county commissioners on Monday of this week to consider the county seat removal petition. As was the case of the former meeting, only two county commissioners—Shaw and Auble—put in an appearance.

It seems impossible to secure a meeting of the county commissioners without bringing mandamus proceedings, and while this is an easy and simple matter, yet it gives the Red Lake Falls people just the opportunity that they want—an appeal to the supreme court—which will delay hearing upon the petition until next spring.

Again We Win.

By a score of 2 to 0, the Thief River Falls base ball club defeated Stephen on Sunday. The game was a good one and was witnessed by a large crowd.

AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE.

Shirt Waists.

To close out the balance of our ladies white lawn shirt waists, ranging in price from $1.25 to $3.50 we have placed them on our counter in three lots at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per waist.

A few of them are slightly soiled, but worth twice what we ask for them. If you want to dress up for the fair, don't miss getting one of these beautiful waists for less than cost.

Ladies Wash Suits.

25 per cent off the present low price on all our ladies wash suits. The suits are clean, very stylish and exceptional bargains, at the price we offer them.

Summer Wash Goods.

25 per cent off on summer wash goods, such as lawns, nainsooks, batiste, marchelane silks, silk tissue, spider checks and brilliants.

20 per cent off on entire stock of ladies summer jackets and long coats.

Just received a beautiful line of lace curtains which we offer at a very low price. We shall be pleased to have you call and take a look at them.

Our dry goods, clothing, shoe, grocery and hardware departments have a complete stock to select from. Prices the lowest. We aim to please our customers.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Rickets.
Simply the visible sign that baby's tiny bones are not forming rapidly enough.
Lack of nourishment is the cause.
Scott's Emulsion nourishes baby's entire system. Stimulates and makes bone.
Exactly what baby needs.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

New dress goods at the Golden Rule.

Wanted a dishwasher at Hotel Ogahma.

Dr. Grundy was over to Warren Monday.

New fall dress goods at the Golden Rule.

P. E. Bergh and family left Tuesday for Duluth.

Frank A. Grady was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

W. E. Baker was down to Crookston the first of the week.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Mrs. Kretzschmar and son, Carl, left Monday for Okhkosh, Wis.

Walter Rosenberry was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

E. J. Keating, of Crookston, was in the city the first of the week.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Warren.

The postoffice will be closed Sunday at 1 o'clock in order to make some repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. George K. Fargo, of Ogema, were in the city to spend Sunday.

Hay on S. W. ¼Sec. 21-154 43 for sale at Peoples State Bank. Three miles from town.

W. J. LaBree was over to Bemidji the first of the week attending to business matters.

L. P. Christienson, of Fertile, arrived in the city Monday and is visiting relatives here.

Eddie Hermanson left Monday for Halstad to spend a few days visiting with friends.

W. B. Krouse returned to this city Tuesday evening from a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mrs. W. E. Baker and son, Earl, returned to this yesterday fromtheir trip to eastern points.

E. K. Aasen and wife, of Loma, N. D., visited with relatives in the city the first of the week.

Miss Lucy Cromp. of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in this city, the guest of Miss GladysHansen

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

The Golden Rule has just received a large consignment of dry goods, Call and see the new styles.

John Durbin left the first of the week for the Red Lake and will return with a boat load of blue berries.

News Item—Several residents of Thief River Falls made a social call upon Red Lake Falls friends Monday.

Mrs. Clouter, Mrs. Dixon and others of this family left Monday for Moorhead. It is said they have friends there.

Mat Ray and wife, who had been the guests of Dr. and Mrs. G. A. Penney, returned to their home in Illinois last evening.

D. P. O'Neil left the first of the week for his Norman county farm. He expects a good crop on his farm down there this year.

Mrs. John Ulvid, wife of a settler living on the eleven towns out near Brunkeberg postoffice, died last Friday of consumption.

A large number of the residents living in the vicinity of Germantown attended the dedication of Hapkins Chapel at that place Sunday.

Leonard Peterson and J.P. Curtis, who with their families had been camping out at a lake near Alexandria, returned home last Saturday.

Merrit Warren, who had been up at Prince Albert, Canada, working for the lumber company there, returned home last Saturday.

Jennie, the 17 year old daughter of Ole Siminson, was operated upon at the hospital in Warren Monday. She is now getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pugh and children, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgard, returned Monday to their home in North Dakota.

In another column of the News will be found a notice of bids wanted to construct the large state ditch which is to be built north of here in Marshall county.

The Langseth Mercantile company last week removed their stock of hardware to the new building recently erected by this company just north of their [illegible]

Mrs. H. W. Lee went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to visit friends.

Safe for Sale—A large Cary safe, for sale cheap. For particulars address Langseth Mercantile Co.

Mrs. E. D. Conen left Tuesday evening for EauClaire, Wis. to spend a couple of months visiting friends.

Oscar Hilben arrived here last evening and has accepted a position as a drug clerk in F. J. Stebbin's store.

Miss Daisy Strom, who had been here visiting Mrs. H. Hicks, left Tuesday evening for her home at Stillwater.

Orson Doe, of Red Lake Falls, who had been working at Stebbin's drug store, left last evening for his home.

Fred Niclai was up to Roseau and other points on the north line this week selling the cigars manufactured in his factory.

Miss Anna Melby, one of the efficient clerks at the Golden Rule, left Tuesday evening for her home at Black River Falls, Wis.

Wm. Olson, one of the pioneer settlers living out near Tweet postoffice, died last Friday at the advanced age of 72 He was the father of Charlie Olson of this city.

In order to win a prize of a Shetland pony, Hughie McNiven is selling 250 Saturday Evening Posts each week. Hughie is a hustler and all should encourage him by buying papers of him.

Mrs. Herman Syuerson of Rainer Oregon who has been here visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Brynildson left Tuesday morning for Minneapolis where she will visit relatives before returning to her home.

We have now moved our hardware stock, into the new brick addition to our stove building where we shall be pleased to meet both old and new customers. Prices on hardware always the lowest. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Prof. J. H. Hay and family returned Monday from Bemidji. Mr. Hay was the instructor in the Beltrami county summer school and with his family camped out on the banks of Lake Bemidji while there. He reports that they had a most delightful outing.

Otto Gullingsrud, a former business man of Plummer, was in the city the first of the week. He is now traveling on the road for Nichols, Dean & Sheapard, wholesale hardware dealers of St. Paul. He will make Thief River Falls his headquarters after the 1st of January.

The News has received a sample lot of Thief River Falls souvinier postal cards from the I. C. C. Art company of St. Hilaire. The postals are all photographs and are much prettier than the printed cards. The cards are on sale by local dealers or can be purchased from the St. Hilaire company.

On Monday morning while Knut Henderson was coming into town with his cream he was very much suprised to to meet a big cow moose and her calf on the road about a half mile east of here. The big animal stood and looked at Mr. Henderson's team for a moment or two and then trotted off with her calf in the direction of the Clearwater river. —Plummer Pioneer.

That there is going to be a large number of racing horses at the county fair this year is an assured fact. A large number of entries have been made and most of the horses that are at Fargo this week will come here on next Monday. Two fast trotting horses are already here, having come down from Winnipeg Tuesday of this week and will remain here until after the fair.

A Polander from the town of Deer Park was arrested and taken to Red Lake Falls the first of the week. It was alleged that he had threatened to do harm to the person of B. Henry Costello The justice in Red Lake Falls before whom the case was tried released him upon the condition that he sign one of John Duffy's cards taking his name from the county seat removal petition.

An exchange says it takes a sharp knock to break an egg from the outside, while weak chick with its soft bill can break out from the inside. It's the same way with a town. The knocks from the outside have little effect, but the business interests of a town continually knocking one another for spite is an injury to the citizens and prosperity thereof Oh, yes, it is the blows at home that hurt a town.—Onlooker.

Fr. Adolph was up to Orleans on Sunday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

J. H. Bailey and S. Jackson, of Bemidji, were in the city yesterday.

Miss Grace Meehan left yesterday for Red Lake Falls to visit friends.

Peter Newman was up to Roseau the first of the week visiting old friends.

L. J. Higgins left yesterday for Grand Forks to attend to business matters.

Daniel Shaw yesterday removed his real estate office to the building just east of the postoffice.

C. O. Nelson, of Warren, was in the city yesterday being enroute to Middle River on business.

Mrs. Phil Zeh was very pleasantly surprised Saturday evening by a number of her lady friends.

Fr. Killan, who had spent several days in the city, the guest of Fr. Adolph, left Tuesday for Collegeville.

Emil Sweans is acting as night policeman, taking George Jarnian's place. The latter is confined to his home by sickness.

W. F. Rosenwald, of Madison, is in the city. He is thinking very seriously of opening up an abstract office here in the near future.

Barney Suchy, a workman in the employ of the Pioneer Sash and Door company, had the misfortune to cut off the thumb and forefinger of his left hand last week. He is now getting along nicely.

Miss Sarah Vaughan came down from Germantown yesterday and left last evening for North Branch, called there by the death of Mrs. Smith, an old friend of the Vaughan family.

Lieutenant Oodahl, who arrived last Thursday from Chicago, to assist in the Salvation Army work in this city has been called home on account of the serious illness of her mother, in Montevideo, Minn.

A severe hail storm passed through the townships of Lockhart, Green Meadow, Pleasant View, Spring Creek and Lake Ida, in Norman county last week. About 5,000 acres of growing grain was destroyed and damaged.

The meetings led by Mrs. Anga and Miss. Halstad, of Minneapolis, in the Salvation Army hall Saturday and Monday evenings were enjoyed by all who attended. There were about twelve conversions Monday evening.

In order to accomdate those living up on the Greenbush line, the Great Northern will attach two passenger coaches on the freight which leaves Greenbush on August 8 and this will give the people up the line the desired accommodation.

Miss Marguerite Lee, who has been employed at Grand Forks for some time, has resigned her position there and she passed through the city this morning enroute to Thief River Falls, where she will visit with her folks for a few days. She will go from there to St. Paul, where she has accepted a position in the Roberts & Strausse store.—Crookston Times.

Tennis Courier, who resides about three miles northeast of Brooks met with a decidedly painful accident on Monday evening. He was extracting a loaded shell from a Winchester rifle when the shell exploded filling his face with powder and cutting an ugly gash over his left eye. Dr. MacRury was called from Brooks to dress his injuries and thinks that Mr. Courier had a decidedly narrow escape from serious injury. As it is he will have to take a rest for several days.—Plummer Pioneer.

A number of young folks had a merry launch-ride Wednesday evening of last week in honor of Stafford Curran who left Thursday for Bigstone. Those present were Esther Kretzschmar, Marie Gilbertson, Celina Gilbertson, Effie Christianson, Eleanor Connelly, Nina Horton, Lillian Connelly, Flora McNiven and Stafford Curran, Chester Barden, Tom Crowe, Will Prichard, Willis Akre, Tom Lonson, Carl Ahles, George Meehan, Harry Schuster and Ralph Douglas. A jolly time was had and all joined in, in wishing Stafford the best of good times on his trip.

Mrs. Brock arrived in the city the first of the week accompanied by her six little daughters from Manitoba. She was looking for a location to start a boarding house or hotel to earn enough to support her family. Four years ago her husband died and she started a hotel in one of the small towns in Manitoba. To such an extent did she prosper that last fall she had $100 saved up, but the snow blockade last winter ruined her business and when she arrived here she had but $100, but was confident that she would succeed if a suitable location would be found. Mrs. Brock was but 32 years of age and the mother of eight children, six girls and two boys. The two boys are dead and the six little girls range in age from 4 to 14. She left Tuesday evening for Crookston.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Aug. 4.
Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday School at 10 a. m.
Junior League at 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League at at 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Railroad Official Defies New 16 Hour State Law.

Federal Law Not Yet Effective Held to Supersede State Control.

Another state law is being defied by Minnesota railroads and as this is a division point it will be of much local interest.

It was learned Tuesday that the attorney general is likely soon to bring prosecutions under the new law forbidding employment of trainmen for more than sixteen consecutive hours.

Several complaints have been received, both by the attorney general and the railroad commission, stating cases when this law has been violated. Notice was thereupon sent to the railroads that the law must be observed or prosecutions would follow.

One general counsel replied that he had advised the officials of his system not to obey the state law. He said that congress had passed a law covering the same subject, but allowing the roads a year in which to comply. They will obey the federal law when the time comes, but meanwhile do not recognize the power of the state to regulate this question.

The letter amounts to another statement of the new doctrine that states have no power to regulate the business of insterstate railroads.

The law provides for full and formal investigation of complaints by the railroad commission, and prosecution by the attorney general if evidence is secured. The officials responsible for violation may be punished by $100 to $500 fine, by imprisonment for sixty days in jail, or both.

GERMANTOWN.

The gasoline engine in the creamery is entirely restored to health and keeps the machinery humming the way it was built to do.

Mr. and Mrs. Arne Overby drove to town Friday to consult a doctor with their little son Anton, who has been sick for a week, but is now improving.

H. G. Dobner was up from Thief River Falls Saturday and Sunday visiting with relatives.

Miss Sarah Vaughan returned from a brief city visit on Saturday.

This is the season for digging snake root and several Indians were in last week and disposed of heavy burdens.

A large party was present at the ice cream social in the Hopkins Chapel on Saturday evening and enjoyed themselves on the sumptious repast, which together with songs by the choir constituted the evenings entertainment. On Sunday, a large gathering being in attendance the chapel was didicated to the cause for which it was built. Missionary of the American Sunday School Union Rev. C. M. Williams, of Crookston, conducting the services.

Ovila Beaudry is expected back from the coast this week.

R. B. Kromer, was up from Thief River Falls the first of the week visiting the old homestead etc.

L. Bendickson and sons are out on the reservation near the Falls making hay.

O. H. Langlin, the Brunkeberg merchant was a Germantown visitor Sunday.

New Cheese Factory.

M. J. Cort, the creamery and dairy supply man states that Dedrick Kvenlaug of Wylie has purchased the machinery for a new creamery which he will establish in the country district about twenty miles north of his present factory at Wylie. The latter factory is meeting with such good success that Mr. Kvenlaug is having it greatly enlarged and will put in more equipment which will allow him to turn out more and better cheese.

Since the farmers north of Crookston and in the vicinity of Wylie and St. Hilaire, especially have found out how much money they can make by dairying, that industry has made better advancement there than in any other spot in northern Minnesota which is saying a great deal.—Crookston Times.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 29

Are Mrs. Sivart
Anderson Karran
Brown Arthur
Greenberg Ed
Howard Mrs. G.
Kaely W. C.
Lane, Miss Helen
Meyer Miss Pauline 2
Murphy Wm.
Wilson John T.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

AFTER RED LAKE PINE.

Rumor That Red Lake Pine Is Soon to Be on the Market.

Estimated That About 500,000,000 Feet of Pine Is Left.

Bemidji Pioneer:—There is a rumor in lumber circles to the effect that a bill will be introduced at the next session of congress, authorizing the sale of a large amount of standing pine timber on the Red Lake Indian reservation, between the arms of the upper and lower Red Lakes.

That there are several lumber concerns operating in the north part of the state that are anxious to have the pine placed on the market, have been evidenced of late by the visit to Red Lake of several lumbermen of note and also the representatives of a number of other companies, among whom are B. F. Nelson of Minneapolis, of the Nelson-Tenny company, and representatives of the Crookston Lumber company the Bemidji Lumber company, Thief River Falls company and several others.

It is estimated that there is, altogether, on the entire Red Lake Indian reservation some 500,000,000 feet of standing pine timber. Of this amount, there are 125,000,000 feet that is embraced in the territory that is desired to be covered by the proposed congressional legislation. This latter timber lies east of the narrows between the two arms of Red Lake, and stands thickly on the ridges, the low spots being covered with tamarack, spruce and other merchantable timber.

This timber can be very easily logged and placed in Red Lake. It is said that the indications are very bright for legislation that will permit the cutting of the pine during the winter of 1907-1908.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

"The Evil Day"—A comical story of an old couple on the 13th day of the month.

"Trial Marriages" an hilariouscomedy. Some of the advents that might happen if a young bachelor was allowed to experiment with various types of feminine attractiveness before settling down to life.

Illustrated Song—The beautiful ballad by Richard Winter "I Long To See you Once Again."

"The Fishing Industry"—A new series of intensely interesting motion pictures depicting the customs and workings.

"Traced by His Laundry Mark"—A cleverly conceived, superbly enacted and exquisitely photographed drama of great human interest.

"The Golden Beetle"—Hand colored—A most diverting combination, beautifully colored thru out and introducing several ingenious tricks.

Hardened by Sulphuric Acid.

Hardening an ordinary drill in sulphuric acid, states the English Mechanic, makes an edge that will cut tempered steel or facilitate cutting hard rock. The acid should be poured into a flat bottomed vessel to a depth of about one-eighth of an inch. The point of the drill is heated to a dull cherry red and dipped in the acid to that depth. This makes the point extremely hard, while the remainder remains soft. If the point breaks, reharden, but with a little less acid in the vessel.

A Dangerous Secret.

Upon asking an eminent scientist how he accounted for enjoying exceptional and unbroken good health a doctor was informed that the cause was habitual self denial. "In fact," admitted the professor, "I only partake of one meal each day." "Hush!" exclaimed the physician in alarm. "Pray keep this to yourself! If many people were to follow your example we medical men should be ruined."—Westminster Gazette.

His Little Scheme.

"You mortified me terribly," complained Mrs. Richley.

"How?" demanded her sick husband.

"Why did you tell the new doctor you were in the habit of eating corned beef and cabbage? We never have such common food as that."

"Well, I want him to fix his charges on a corned beef and cabbage basis."

The Usual Cause.

"Ma, Sis is just home from the hairdresser's, and she's in a tearing rage. What's wrecked her temper?"

"I'm not sure, but I rather think it was a head-on collision caused by a misplaced switch."—Baltimore American.

Point of Resemblance.

Stella—Does her auto match her gown?

Bella—Yes, they are neither of them paid for.—New York Sun.

OPTIONS ON FARM LANDS.

Mining Man Gladdens the Hearts of Ottertail County Farmers.

Drilling for Iron Ore Expected to Begin Soon.

There is considerable excitement in the vicinity of Dent and Vergas towns south of here on the Soo Line, over the securing by a mining man of options on farms for the mineral, presumably iron, contained therein. B. Magoffin, a mining man, who has been exploring the country has taken the options paying substantial sums down.

In some instances the price offered is $50 an acre for the mineral rights. Mr. Magoffin is reticent about his plans, but says drilling operations will begin in a few months.

The land purchased is in a low range of hills that run northeast and southwest and the nearest place to Vergas is about three miles southeast, where the wagon road crossed the railroad track near Long Lake. The mineral resources of Minnesota are beyond comprehension, and this tract of land will be explored to the limit. Mr. Magoffin said they would have to drill from 300 to 600 feet in order to be satisfied whether there was any of the mineral iron ore, that they are after.

Whether the explorers make a strike or not, the farmers who have given options on their land have all received a substantial sum of money, and it looks very much as the prospects are good from the miner's standpoint.

Elks to Organize.

It is now an assured fact that Thief River Falls is to have Elks lodge. This week a permit was received from the grand lodge to organize, and as soon as preliminary arrangements are perfected, the lodge will be organized. K. M. Hansen, who has been outworking taking a census of the city, has found more than 5,000 residents here and has not yet completed his work. The Elks lodge will not grant a charter to any lodge located in a town where the population is less than 5,000.

Pleasant Surprise Party.

Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Bergh, of Silverton, who leave this week for Duluth, were tendered a farewell surprise party last Saturday evening by about thirty of their friends and neighbors. A most delightful time was had by all and Mr. and Mrs. Bergh were given a valuable present by their guests. They have made many friends here who will be glad to see them in the near future.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 06
Eggs	15c
Butter	28c
Potatoes	$1 00

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Auditor, Secretary of the State Drainage Commission of the State of Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock P. M., September the 2nd, 1907, for the construction of a State drainage ditch, numbered 47, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, plans and specifications for which are on file in the office of the State Drainage Engineer in the Old Capitol Building, St. Paul, Minn.

The number of cubic yards contained in said ditch is 124,865. A certified check made payable to the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota in five per cent of the amount bid must accompany each bid as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

S. G. IVERSON,
Secretary of the State Drainage Commission.
GEORGE A. RALPH,
State Drainage Engineer.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage or Lease Land.

Estate of John H. Krapes.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court:

In the Matter of the Estate of John H. Krapes, Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Martha A. Krapes, Ella Krapes, Maude Krapes, Belle Krapes, Daisy Kelly, Myrtle Krapes Alfred Krapes, Grover Krapes, and Gladys Krapes, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of G. K. Fargo as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 26th, day of August 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 26th, day of July, 1907.

(COURT SEAL)

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.

TAX AMENDMENT.

Ballots Cast in Thief River Falls Recounted.

A. B. Hilton, who is one of the three inspectors appointed to canvass the election returns with a view to ascertaining the actual vote on the tax amendment, was in Thief River Falls last week counting the ballots cast here last November. Mr. Hilton states that the inspectors have already found enough cases where the returns on the tax amendment and good roads amendment were transposed to defeat the tax amendment and carry the good roads amendment. The canvassing board reported the tax amendment carried by 13,868 and the inspectors have already found about 14,500 votes to offset this. The canvass will be continued however, until about Sept. 4, when the inspectors will report to the district court at Duluth, and this court will then pass to their findings, the matter being eventually carried to the supreme court. While enough transpositions have been found to defeat the amendment, it does not necessarily follow that it will be declared defeated however. The ballots in a number of places are understood to have been destroyed, so that it is now impossible to make a complete canvass, and it is doubtful if the findings of the state canvassing board will be overturned with a part of the returns irrevokably lost.

SPOILED CREAM.

A Number of Farmers Near Pelican Rapids Fined.

The Pelican Rapids Press states that about a dozen farmers have paid fines in that locality for selling impure cream. The cream was shipped to Twin City buyers, and was inspected on its arrival in the cities and found to be spoiled and unwholesome. I. O. Dybevick, a dairy and food inspector, was accordingly sent to the Rapids, and as a result of his visit, fines have been imposed and collected. The Press continues:

Mr. "Dybevick visited our local creamery here and found it in first class shape He said that it was sanitary in every respect and he expressed the opinion that it would be better if the farmers would patronize the creamery at home instead of shipping their cream as has been done to quite an extent here. Although the farmers may take the greatest precaution in preparing their cream for shipment, it is a hard matter to ship it so far and have it reach there in good condition, and if a shipment is lost occasionally it brings down the profits to the farmer to a great extend. The inspector informed us that about $5,000 worth of cream that was shipped to the cities by the farmers last summer was found unfit for use and was destroyed. In addition to the loss of cream is the large amount of money that has been paid in fines which will aggregate a large sum. All this is a loss to the farmers. In view of these facts the farmers will find it to their profits if they will market their cream at home and thereby help to support the creameries which have done more towards building up the dairying industry than anything else we know of."

COAL FAMINE.

Predicted That the Northwest Will Again Suffer.

"I am rather of the opinion that the Northwest will experience another coal famine the coming winter," said E. T. Meredith of Milwaukee.

"Unless the winter is exceptionally mild, the farmers of Western Minnesota and the Dakotas will suffer for want of fuel. The coal companies and the railroads are making every attempt to sell and deliver coal before the fall rush sets in, but the farmers and coal dealers in the Western towns will not buy coal until winter, and consequently the railroads will be in the same position as they were last year.

At present the railroads of the Northwest have much idle equipment at their disposal, which they would be glad to use in transporting coal, but the coal men are unable to place the desired number of orders, and the fuel will much of it wait on the docks until late in the fall, when the orders from country retailers will begin to come in. The grain movement will be heavy then, and as a result many of the coal shipments will be delayed. Then, if severe weather sets in early, the railroads will be tied up, and much suffering be caused in the Northwest by the lack of fuel."

Summer School.

The second six weeks of the summer school at the state Normal school at Moorhead will open August 5. Six weeks courses will be offered in second and first grade subjects. A student entering the school August 5 may complete given subjects by doing double work, and receive credit therefor, which may be applied on a teacher's certificate in lieu of examination. Arrangements have been made with the state superintendent of public instruction to receive credits secured during the last six weeks of the summer session, and apply them on teacher's certificates.

Further information regarding the summer session may be secured by addressing the president of the school.

Subscribe for the News.

INTERESTING CASE.

Land Office Case Is Attracting Much Attention.

An unusually interesting land contest case was commenced before Register J. C. H. Engel at the Duluth land office this week, in which Charles Anderson accuses Stanc Schwartz of making false statements in securing his final proofs. The case will probably last several days and promises some interesting developments.

The facts of the case are that Schwartz filed a homestead entry on a parcel of land in section 6, township 53, range 16, on July 29, 1901, and proved upon it on Dec. 10, 1906, on which date he also received his final certificate.

Charles Anderson, on May 1 of this year, filed an affidavit at the local land office in which he claims that Schwartz never lived upon the land, but only made brief visits; that he lived with his mother, on a farm about twelve miles from his homestead, where he worked when out of employment as a woodsmen.

It is also claimed by Anderson that the improvements made upon the homestead do not exceed $200, and that not more than a fourth of an acre is under cultivation. It is alleged also that some of the statements made by Schwartz in his final proofs were false.

The land commissioner at Washington, to whom the affidavit was referred by the Duluth land office, decided that there were sufficient grounds for a hearing, and instructed Register Engel to try the case.

SWEET MARIE TO GO.

The Famous Trotting Mare Starts at the Minnesota State Fair.

Sweet Marie, champion trotting mare of the world, will be at the Minnesota State Fair to endeavor to break her world's record of 2:02, made at Columbus, Ohio, last September. Sweet Marie is one of the greatest horses alive, undoubtedly the fastest trotting mare and perhaps the fastest trotter that the world has seen. Cresceus is the only race horse that has ever been in her class and it is possible that a race between the two will be arranged for fair week.

At all events, Sweet Marie will go against her record and will give a magnificent exhibition. If Dan Patch again lowers the worlds record for a pacer and Sweet Marie should lower the record for a trotting mare, the state fair meet will be one of the great events in the horse world. The fair is to be held the week of September 2 to 7 and will be the largest in the history of the state.

A Warm Lawsuit.

Middle River Pioneer: The court room which Middle River agreed to furnish to the proposed Hiawatha county last fall was on Monday really used as a court room. The case at issue was a civil action in which Eric Peterson was plaintiff and George Curtis defendant. Peterson brought action to recover possession of a horse which he claimed Curtis had defrauded him out of by trading him an inferior horse when he (Peterson) was so badly intoxicated that he did not know what he was doing. Justice Leonard Johnson presided at the trail and the counsel were T. B. Torkelson for the plaintiff and G. Halvorson of Thief River for the defendant. The defendant asked for a jury trial and the jury being secured at about four o'clock in the afternoon, the trial proceeded. The matter was warmly contested by both attorneys and the attendance at court was large. It was evident from the start that sentiment was divided as to the merits of the case, and the difference of opinion permeated even to the jury. The arguments of both attorneys were spirited and that of the defense was of considerable length. The court had taken a recess for supper and it was about ten o'clock when the arguments were closed and the case turned over to the jury. There being no other room available for a jury room the court room was vacated by all others and the jury left in possession of it. The jury remained in session all night, reporting at six o'clock in the morning that they were unable to agree, and the jurors were thereupon discharged by the court. The ballot from the very first stood nine for the plaintiff and three for defendant.

The matter was finally compromised Tuesday morning by the plaintiff paying all the costs and each party taking back the horse which he originally owned.

NORRIS & ROWE.

The Great Circus to Be Here on Friday, August.

Since bicyclists first gained their wonderful vogue great interest has been evinced at the number and variety of tricks that could be accomplished upon the wheels. Each troupe of expert cyclists try to out-do the other in hazardous accomplishments and many are the whirling wheels, but it remained for the Avallons, a troupe of seven young men and women dare devils, to invent all new feats of a sensational nature. Norris & Rowe brought the troupe from Europe where they were a sensation for several seasons in huge hippodromes of England, France and Germany. Admirers of trick and fancy riding are legion, and those who ride at all can best appreciate how difficult are the tricks performed by the seven Avallons. Upon the high elevated stage under the mammoth waterproof tents of the Norris & Rowe big tent, the Avallons execute a number of the most astonishing and breath compelling manouvers. Down they dash, the seven in a row with their arms entwined, they go rapidly into various figures then the girls mount upon the shoulders of the young men three and four high and from their dizzy perch aloft they gracefully turn back somersaults to the ground, then comes a difficult fancy, trick and rough riding until one gazes in spell-bound admiration at the flying graceful figures.

It is indeed a wonderful act, and sends the big audiences away wondering how on earth the young men and women accomplish such seemingly impossible tricks. The Avallons are but one of more than a hundred acts that will be seen when Norris & Rowe exhibit at Thief River Falls, Friday, August 2.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to Place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

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BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

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Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK
September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildidgs, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000, offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2.

STATE

Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Air Ship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of Jericho," Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle Each Night.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 1, 1907.

The new immigration law called for a head tax of four dollars on every alien who lands in this country. And yet this does not decrease the influx of southern Europe's paupers to whom four dollars in American money is a small fortune. Then the question arises: Where do they obtain the four dollars and where do they obtain their passage money? The answer is. Americans employ them contrary to the contract labor law, pay their expenses to this country, and deduct the amount so paid from their wages. —Princeton Union.

Because of ignorant and careless farm methods, the more the 400,000,000 acres of improved lands that is, land which either is or *might be under actual and immediate* cultivation produce little more than one-half of what they might under intelligent, systematic methods. The experts of the agricultural department insist that the American farmer ought to produce twice as much as he does produce. It istimated that the farm lands of of this country would easily support ten times the present population.

You can't fix up a town too much for its own good. The more you improve, the more people are going to want to come there to engage in business or to live." The man who made the foregoing statement spoke the truth in mighty chunks. When a stranger visits a town, whether he contemplates a change residence or not, he always uses his eyes. If he sees the streets in good condition, fine residences, good business houses, and well-kept lawns, he naturally concludes that business conditions are good and that its citizens are prospering. If he is looking for a location, he will want to move into that town; and if he is not, he will mention the place to some of his friends who are, and will speak a good word for it. It takes but little extra work to keep up the town, and that little extra work is a great factor in building up a city. —Entering Wedge.

Heaven help the man who imagines he can dodge enemies by trying to please everybody! If such an individual ever succeeds pass him over this way that we may have one look at his mortal remains ere he vanishes away, for surely this earth cannot be his abiding place. Now we do not infer that one should be going through this world trying to find beams to knock and thump his head against, disputing every man's opinion, fighting and crowding all who differ from him. That, again, is another extreme. Other people have their opinions, so have you. Don't fall into the error of supposing they will respect you more for turning your coat every day, to match the color of theirs. Wear your own clothes in spite of wind and weather, storms and sunshine. It costs the irresolute ten times the trouble to wind, and shuffle, than it does honest manly independence to stand.—Fertile Journal.

A North Dakota boy, Herman Schroeder, from North Bend, came to Minneapolis four or five years ago to get an education. He had no money and had to support himself while he went tohigh school. He has just graduated from the high school this month winning the $25 Gale prize at commencement. While attending school and outranking his classmates, he has not only earned his living but enough more to have $1,500 of savings in the bank. That boy is no prodigy, but just a boy in earnest. He worked in a hotel for his board and was a newsboy after school. He is now a waiter in a hotel, but this summer will begin the study of law in the office of Congressman F. M. Nye. That boy is no great hand at cigarettes nor loafing nor dudish style. He is not ashamed to work, but if this example does not put to shame the whinning, helpless dudes who complain because their parents don't do more for them, their cases are hopeless. Herman has two brothers older than he who have done about the same things, Carl and John Schroeder have also earned their living, while going through high school. Their mother is a widow and certainly has reason to say of her sons as did the ancient Roman queen of her princes, "These are my jewels."—Kittson Co. Enterprise.

A trip through southern Minnesota has convinced us more strongly than ever that the northern half and especially the Red River Valley, will be its equal, if not its superior, as an agricultural and dairy country, before another decade. Our soil is fully as good as theirs and although some of us grumble because our land is wet we found whole counties where their so called high land has not raised even a fair crop for five years past. Big Stone and Swift counties are good examples of this year while we have good prospects for a crop, they who live in the counties named as well as in adjoining counties are in many places practically drowned out and are clamoring for ditches. Farther south, however, conditions are better. From Minneapolis south to Rochester they have had much rain but their soil seems to be able to utilize it and crops are looking much as do our own. In our methods of farming however, we are far behind but the next few years will right that. We were impressed with the excellent condition in which Southern Minnesota farmers keep their farms. Their land is well tilled and no foul weeds interfere with the growing crops. They rotate their crops and patronize their local creameries. In that lies their success. In that also lies our success and the next few years will witness a transformation in this section a transformation from the large poorly tilled farm to the small farm conducted on up to-date methods.—Argyle Banner.

The Swedes and Others.

Recently the Duluth Herald published a dispatch telling of the keen desire of King Oscar of Sweden that the Swedes return to their native land and help build it up.

The stream of immigration from Sweden to the United States has been so constant and so enormous that it has begun to embarrass that country seriously.

While we can sympathize with King Oscar in his wish to have these eminently desirable citizens return to the old country, it would be with the greatest reluctance that the people of this country would see them go. Indeed, they have planted themselves here so firmly, and have become such an essential part of the American fabric, that it is very doubtful if many of them will heed the call from their native land.

It need not be stated, to the people of the Northwest, that the Swedes, like their cousins, the Norwegians, have formed one of the strongest, most industrious, and most desirable strains of the vast volume of immigration that has come to this country. From the time that the first Swedes settled in Delaware in colonial days to the latest batch of fair-haired aliens that has come from the old country they have been assimilated easily and to the common benefit of both Swedes and Americans. They have readily entered into the spirit of this country, and have become thrifty, productive and patriotic citizens.

All of what brings to memory the sad contrast between the character of the immigration of thirty years ago, when the Swedes, Norwegians, Danes, Germans, English, Welsh, Irish and Scotch formed the greater part of it, and the character of the immigration of today, when a deplorably large part of it is represented in the ranks of those who follow the red flag.

A generation ago more than 75 per cent of the immigration came from the countries that have furnished the best and most desirable of the aliens that have settled among us and have become so much a part of the American people that their children can scarcely be picked out in the public schools. Today less than 25 per cent of the immigration is from these sources. The vast bulk of it comes from races whose assimilation will be a slow and perhaps a dangerous process.

King Oscar needs the Swedes in his country, but we need them in ours, too. We could hardly afford to trade them off for an equal number of immigrants of the red flag type, for you don't find the Swedes trampling upon the Stars and Stripes and rearing the banner of angry red.

Some of them may heed the call from their native land, but most of them have become so thoroughly American that while their best wishes go back to the land of their birth, their new allegiance is too strong to be quickly broken.

A Free "Pike."

The Pike has become a regular feature of the Minnesota State Fair and this year the "sideshow" department will be greatly improved. All the shows will be in a section by themselves but they will be more than ever under the supervision of the fair management and will be of a better quality. No special admission will be charged to the Pike, but each show will have its own admission price as heretofore. The fair opens this year on Monday, Sept. 2, and continues six days. Dan Patch will again attempt to lower his record.

A HOBOES' NERVE.

Traveling Man Tells of One That Had Plenty.

"A conductor friend of mine was telling me the other day of some of the experiences he has had with hoboes," said T. C. Walsh, of Fargo, N. D. "The trainmen have great times with these wandering spirits, and occasionally they run across a fellow whose ingenuity they cannot help admire. They would not be so strict with the tramps as they are, despite the rules of the railroad, if it were not for the fact that now and then they have to do with a hobo who is of the criminal class, and who makes it very unpleasant generally, trying to take it out of the trainman's hide if a ride is refused.

"The conductor was telling me of one case that came under his observation a week or two ago. A fellow was beating his way west. He was one of the persistent kind. First he rode a ways on the blind baggage, which is the front platform of the forward car, and when he was kicked off of there he caught onto the steps of the last car, and rode as far as the next station there. Then the brakeman got wise to his resting place, and weary Willie was again unceremoniously disposed of. Nothing daunted, he climbed into the passenger coaches, and took a seat far back in the smoker. By the time the conductor reached him to take his fare, the train was so near the next station that it did not pay to stop it and fire him off. When the train did stop, however, he was made to get off again, and the crew thought they were rid of him for good and all.

"Somehow he escaped their observation and managed to get under the coaches, riding the rods, as they style it. Evidently he did not like that position, for at the next station he got out and walked up to the engine, which was taking water. The fireman was working with the spout. The tramp cooly mounted the steps of the engine, entered the cab, and seated himself on the fireman's perch. The engineer supposed he must be a friend of the fireman, and said nothing.

"When the firemen got in he supposed the man was a friend of the engineer's, and also said nothing. The hobo rode merrily along for sixty or seventy miles. Finally, when opportunity presented, the engineer asked the fireman how far the individual was going. The fireman was naturally surprised. Explanations followed, and the two men awoke to the fact that they had been neatly tricked. The audacity of the stranger aroused their amused admiration, and the engineer himself took the hobo back to the conductor. He told his story and said:

"'A man with as much nerve as that ought to be allowed to ride on the cushions, for fear he might injure it otherwise. I suggest that you give him a seat in the coach.'

"The conductor, of course, recognized the chap. He laughed and agreed with the engineer and the hobo was allowed to ride clear to the end of the division. That shows what a little nerve will do. A man with as much cheek as that, if he bent his energies in the right direction, should make a success in life. After all, about all it takes to get along in the world is a bunch of nerve."

Get Copy From Clerk.

All parties who have secured either their intention or final naturalization papers under the new law which went into effect September 27, 1906, and who are either about to file or make proof on public lands under the homestead law, should secure a certified copy for this purpose from the clerk of the court from which the papers were issued to be attached to their homestead papers.

Under the new law clerks are not allowed to issue certified copies only for this purpose, and parties not being possessed of such copy will be obliged to surrender their original papers, and as they will then form part of the [illegible] cannot be returned.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at

JACKSON & M'GINN'S

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Our Very Best People

Insist on having just what they ask for. "Just as Good" will not suffice, as substitution is the annihilator of confidence. When the most discriminating order beer for their luncheon, it is always

Gund's Peerless Beer

Men of well-balanced minds and keen perceptions are aware that they *must* eat and drink *right* in order to daily restore within themselves the continuous nervous and organic waste of body and mind. Medical science knows of nothing that accomplishes this as well as a pure barley malt and hop brew.

Peerless Beer has won highest awards of both hemispheres. A favorite and ideal home beer. Sold everywhere. Order a case today if you want something better than the average brew.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minno [illegible]

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

J. BORRY,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

E. J. Morrisey was down to Fargo to spend Sunday.

W. A. Schrieter was up from Red Lake last week.

Dr. Booren and bride returned to this city last week.

County Attorney Germo was in the city last Saturday.

C. C Jackson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Bert Walker returned to this city last week from his trip to Duluth.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses, George Elder.

—Ten fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Guss, one mile west of town.

Julius Olson, the Warren attorney, was in Thief River Falls last week.

E. J. Brink was up from Crookston last Saturday visiting friends here.

H. G. Dobner and J. D. Moore were up to Germantown to spend Sunday.

Knut Jorstad was up to Greenbush last week attending to business matters.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

John Morgan and Andy Erickson were over to Grand Forks last week to see the fair.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis last week to look after his interests here.

J. Walseth left last Saturday for Grand Forks to spend several days with a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Christienson, of Strip, passed through the city last week enroute to Oregon.

Henry Diebel last week commenced the erection of a residence on South Main avenue.

Five rooms and bath-all furnished-for rent. Inquire of Roy Tabor, Dobner-Meehan block.

Staff Curran left last week for Big Stone county to work on the farm of his uncle until fall.

Buttons Business college, Crookston, will open its fall term Sept. 2nd. Send for catalog now.

DR. H. G. HIEBER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office Over Citizens' State Bank,

Phone, 244

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mrs. L. M. Hoag and children, who been visiting friends in Iowa, returned to this city Sunday.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Johnson Berglund left last week for Portland, Oregon, to make their future home.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

John Newberry left last week for Minneapolis and will work in the Minnesota transfer in the future.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson went down to St. Paul last week to attend to business matters for a few days.

—Part of lot 1, block 21, original townsite of Thief River Falls, with feed mill thereon, for sale by Richardson & Cooke.

Capt. Van Dusen, of Crookston, was in the city last week visiting with officers in charge of the Salvation Army here.

Mrs. Fred Goebler arrived in the city last week from North Dakota and is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kratka.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Mrs. Ida Blomquist, of Middle River who had been in Thief River Falls for the past six weeks receiving medical treatment, was taken home last Saturday.

J. W. Wheeler, the Crookston banker, was in Thief River Falls last Friday attending to business matters. He stated that the crops around here looked better than he had ever seen them before.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Hillard departed, a week ago yesterday, for Thief River Falls, where they expect to make their home for some time. The best wishes of their many friends go with them.—Greenbush Journal.

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Schei, who had been spending a vacation at a summer resort in Otter Tail county, returned to this city last week.

The Roman hippodrome race at the county fair next week promises to be one of the best features of the fair and this attraction alone is going to be well worth the price of admission.

Editor Boyd, of the Lancaster Herald, was in the city last week. He says that a large number of the residents up along the Soo line north of here will be in Thief River Falls during fair week.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

The team driven by Conrad Olson, who carries the mail between this city and Erie, indulged in a runaway last week. Mr. Olson was thrown out of the carriage and sustained a number of bruises, but is now able to be attending to his duties.

John Dablow, who has a claim a few miles east of town, returned last week from a trip to the Pacific coast. He says that this section is far ahead of any of the country he saw in the west and is better satisfied with Minnesota than ever before.

Four of the county commissioners of Red Lake county—Shaw, Aubol, Lindquist and Pigeon—were out to see the Rocksbury ditch last week. George Ralph, the engineer in charge, accompanied them. This ditch was started quite anumber of years ago and the farmers have nearly paid for it in taxes, yet it is not completed, and it is hard to tell when the work will be done.

Thomas Sullivan, who used to have a homestead up near Highlanding, was in the city last week being enroute to his home at Crystal, N. D., from a visit with his brother, Pat Sullivan. Mr. Sullivan says that the crops around Highlanding are looking fine and Walt McAndress has the finest field of wheat he ever saw. Mr. Sullivan still owns his farm up at Highlanding and may remove back here in the near future.

Sample shipments of another Chicago mail order house have come under the inspection of the Minnesota State Dairy and Food commission. Out of eighty-two samples of different products from one shipment only two complied with the pure food laws. Everyone of the remaining eighty packages were short in weight. Most of these shipments were groceries and the fraud could not have been accidental. The company pleaded guilty and was fined. Here is a sample shipment: Coffee marked 15 pounds, net weight 13 pounds 8 ounces. Why not buy your coffee at home and get the other pound and a half?

It is now conceded by everyone that North Dakota is going to have a very short wheat crop. In the first place the wheat average was cut down at least twenty-five per cent on account of the very early winter and very late spring. The crop is very spotted. Some sections have suffered from drought while others not far distant have had plenty of rain. The Red River Valley has the best prospects it has had for several years, while northwest of Devils Lake and off toward Minot it has been very dry. The universal opinion is that the wheat crop of North Dakota will be about fifty per cent of normal. The flax prospect is exceedingly good and barley and oats promise well.

Former Wylie People Married.

Mr. S. J. Swanson, the genial manager of the Red Lake Falls Milling Co's. elevator and lumber business at Luna, was married at Minneapolis on June 23, to Miss Nora L. Dargan, an esteemed young lady of Wylie, Red Lake County, Minn. After the ceremony the happy couple started on a five week's honey moon trip, which included a delightful steam boat ride on the Mississippi to St. Louis, Mo., and visits to several of Minnesota's beautiful lakes in the vicinity of Atwater. Mr. and Mrs. Swanson arrived in this city on Monday and have been busy since receiving the congratulations of friends. Mrs. Swanson is a niece of E. Daly, of this city. They will make their home here for the next two months, or until the company will have completed the new house which it is building for them at Luna.—Warren Sheaf.

SPECIAL RATES.

Excursions by Boat to the Red Lake County Fair.

In order that the people living up along the Red Lake river may have an opportunity to visit the fair this year, the Red Lake Transportation company's steamboat will make special excursion rates. The following will be the rates from the various stations up the river which will include an admission ticket to the county fair:

From Little Oak	$1.00
From Hilda	.75
From Highlanding	.60
From Kratka	.50
From Anton	.35

A Goose Story.

"A story is being told as having taken place across the river from here not far from Chippewa Falls. It concerns a farmer and a flock of geese. To prevent a jug of whiskey from breaking while being transported over rough places, he had placed it in a sack of peas.

"The cork came out, and when the farmer reached home he found that the whiskey had been absorbed by the peas. He threw the peas out in the yard, where unknown to the household, the geese ate them. In the morning the geese lay stark and cold. "The wife, thrifty woman, did not cry over spilt milk, but proceeded to save what she could from the wreck, and she plucked the geese before throwing the supposed carcasses away. The fowls lay there all day until late in the afternoon, when the woman heard again the familiar call, and looking out, she was amazed to see the flock of birds solemnly parading around the farmyard, arrayed only in their modesty.

"The geese had simply indulged in an orgie with the whiskey soaked peas and were sleeping off their "jag" when found by the farmer. He now has the original flock of featherless geese."

Lamberson's Views.

L. Lamberson not only believes that the farms of the older settled portions of the valley need rotation of crops and need it badly, but that clover is probably the best crop that can be put in to rid the country of the noxious weeds that have gotten such a foothold here during the past few years. That clover can be successfully grown here has been demonstrated time and again. Mr. Lamberson has himself a fine crop of clover on his Riverside farm which will run three tons to the acre and which is pronounced by persons who have had long experience in Illinois with the raising of grasses as the finest crop of the kind they ever saw.—Warren Register.

The New Burial Law.

Under the laws of 1907, Chapter 151, a burial permit is required in all cases before a burial can be made, and a death certificate must be on file before the burial permit can be granted. In each city or village the health officer is the register and the law requires that he appoint a deputy who can act in case of absence, illness, or disability on his part.

MEETING ADJOURNED.

Farmers to Busy Haying to Build Elevators Last Week.

Only about a dozen farmers were present at the meeting of the farmers exchange called to meet in Thief River Falls last Saturday. Most of the farmers were too busy haying to come to town and as result no business whatever was transacted. After the meeting was called to order by Andrew Trovo on a motion was made to adjourn until Saturday, November 23, and it carried unanimously. An effort will be made to have this meeting as largely attended as possible.

More Unwritten Laws.

Whosoever hath chickens that enter his neighbor's garden and destroy the vegetables, the said neighbor may kill the said chickens and eat them.

Whosoever sayeth unto another "Is it hot enough for thee?" he shall be smitten hip and thigh and nothing shall be thought thereof.

Whosoever, being a women, hireth away her neighbor's cook at higher wage, she shall be called a mean old thing and her cook may be hired away even from her.

Whosoever keepeth a dog which biteth the shins of them that pass, the dog may be fed arsenic at night and it shall be a thing forgotten.

Whosoever goeth a visiting and stayeth until the family wisheth he never had lived he may be visited all the next year by them that he hath worried.

Whosoever blabbeth the things that his friend telleth him, verily he may be blabbed upon at a time when the hair is short.

Whosoever rocketh a boat or pointeth a gun which is not loaded, he may be kicked from Dan even unto Beersheba and then kicked upon a transfer to Gehenna.

Cow Versus Bicyle.

An exchange relates the following: "Don't you want to buy a bicyle to ride around your farm on?" asked the hard ware clerk, as he was wrapping up the nails. "They're cheap now, I can let you have a first class one for $35.00."

"I'd rather put $35 in a cow," replied the farmer. "But think," persisted the clerk, "how foolish you'd look riding around town on a cow." "Oh, I don't know," said the farmer, stroking his chin, "no more foolish, I guess, than I would milking a bicycle."

St Hilaire to Have a Bijou.

Jens Nelson, manager of the Imperial hall, has under contemplation for the long winter evenings a series of moving picture entertainments. He expects to put in a first class machine and by joining the "exchange" will at all times have the best of moving pictures, besides the latest illustrated songs. With a low admission fee he should "play" to crowded houses three nights a week. Success to Mr. Nelson and his new undertaking.

This BEER guaranteed under the FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, June 30, 1906, and also under the Pure Food Laws of all the States.
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
PREFERRED STOCK

ON EVERY BOTTLE

Of Hamm's Beer you will find our purity guarantee label.

Hamm's Beer is Absolutely Pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's.

Hamm's fulfills every requirement of a perfect beer.

It "Leads Them All."

Order the "Preferred Stock."

Hamm's

G. WEIMER,

Manager Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul Minnesota.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

ACTUAL COST

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

It Was His Dog.

An automobile dashed along the country road. Turning a curve, it came suddenly upon a man with a gun on his shoulder and a weak, sick looking old dog beside him. The dog was directly in the path of the motor car. The chauffeur sounded his horn, but the dog did not move—until he was struck. After that he did not move.

The automobile stopped and one of the men got out and came forward. He had once paid a farmer $10 for killing a calf that belonged to another farmer. This time he was wary.

"Was that your dog?"

"Yes."

"You own him?"

"Yes."

"Looks as if we'd killed him."

"Certainly looks so."

"Very valuable dog?"

"Well, not so very."

"Will $5 satisfy you?"

"Yes."

"Well, then, here you are." He handed a $5 bill to the man with the gun and added pleasantly, "I'm sorry to have broken up your hunt."

"I wasn't going hunting," replied the other as he pocketed the bill.

"Not going hunting? Then what were you doing with the dog and the gun?"

"Going down to the woods to shoot the dog."—Youth's Companion.

Story of a Clever Jackdaw.

In a small cottage in Herefordshire there lived a family who owned a very large but clever jackdaw which was noted for its very witty sayings. One day the jackdaw saw the lid of the stewpot partly off, so thinking he should like a meat dinner he went out and caught a frog and put it in the boiling water in the stewpot, which had in some pieces of beef. After this the jackdaw went quietly back to his perch and waited till dinner time. All went well till the cook began to share the dinner out before the family.

Every time she pulled a piece of meat out of the pot the jackdaw said, "That's not mine; that's not mine," till at last the cook pulled out the frog, when he exclaimed in a very triumphant voice, "That's mine; that's mine." The shock nearly made the guests faint away, but nevertheless the jackdaw got his meat dinner, while the others did without for a change.—London Answers.

An Agricultural Surprise.

"Eastern visitors to the west are generally prepared for any phenomenal showing in the line of agriculture, stock raising and the like," says a Colorado man, "but once in awhile they are taken by surprise. A New Hampshire man who was spending his vacation on a ranch of a relative in Colorado went out one morning to inspect a large incubator in which the young chicks were hatching. In one corner of the incubator a neglected peach seed encouraged by the warmth of the atmosphere had burst, and a tiny sprout several inches long was growing out of it.

"'Suffering Caesar!' exclaimed the New Hampshire man as this caught his eye. 'Do you hatch out your peaches in this country?'"—Kansas City Independent.

Legend of the Moss Rose.

A German tradition gives the origin of the moss rose as follows: An angel came to earth in mortal guise. He sought a place of shelter and repose after his labors of love, but every door was shut against the heavenly visitor. At length the angel, being very weary, sank upon the ground and over him a rosebush spread like a tent. It caught upon its outspread leaves the falling dew which would otherwise have drenched the messenger of love. Waking, the angel said to the rose:

"Thou hast yielded the shelter that man denied;
A proof of my love shall with the abide."
And the green moss gathered about the stem
While the dewdrops shone like a diadem,
Crowning the blushing flower.

—Circle.

Story of a Greek Saint.

A member of the Royal Geographical society gives this little story of a Greek saint: "Our good St. Blazios gave us the phrase 'drunk as Blazes,' for this saint was pleasantly done to death by having his flesh torn off by wool combs, and so he became the patron of the English wool combers, and as a high feast was kept up on his day and the people who frequented the feast were called Blazers so the saying grew into the English tongue and remains there fixed and useful."

Both Deceived.

Customer—You have deceived me outrageously! You told me that I would be provided with a good watch as long as I lived, and now after barely a fortnight it is quite good for nothing! Watchmaker—But it is not my fault that you were so thin and sick looking!—Translated For Transatlantic Tales From Fliegende Blatter.

Advice They Heed.

"Yes, I'm going abroad at once. I gotta go."

"Oh, you mustn't let the doctors scare you!"

"I got this from a lawyer."—Washington Herald.

Ingratitude.

One of the passengers from a wrecked steamer who was saved by pigs swimming ashore with a life line ate bacon for breakfast as soon as he arrived at Sydney.—Exchange.

No Chasing.

Jeweler—This ring is 5 shillings more than the plain one on account of the chasing. Buyer—But you won't have to chase me. I'm going to pay for what I get.—London Lady.

No man was ever so much deceived by another as by himself.—Greville.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

$5 .00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block
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A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Mussey of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final *Commutation proof in* support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 253 made June, 1904, for the S. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Warren E. Wood, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher " " "
James K. Wood of Thief River Falls "
William McCrum " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ole O. Finberg of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 281 made June 25, 1904, for the Lots 10 & 11 of Sec 31, township 155 N., Range 41 W., and Lots 3, 4 and 5 and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section 6, Township 154 N., Range 41 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bernhard Knutson of Thorwick, Minn.
Ludvig Larson " " "
Peter Flo " " "
Olof Finberg " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John G. Skomedal, of Thorwick, Minnesota as one of the heirs of John G. Skamdahl, deceased, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of the claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3379 made Aug., 21st., 1900, for the Lot 5 Section 31, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on Aug., 2nd., 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

John W. Dahl, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
John O. Espell, " " "
Torbjon Skomedal, " " "
Andrew Jopore, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

june 27 aug 1

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Urie Ruk of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 163 made for the NE¼ Section 31 Township 154 N, Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on August 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Ptacek of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Schindler " " " " "
Anton Darda " " " " "
Fred Ptacek " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 27 Aug. 1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Ben T. Brokke of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 8633 made Mar., 2nd, 1906, for the SW¼ sec. 10 T. 155 N., R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Aug. 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Paul Quindlog, of Thorwick, Minn.
Thom Bakken, " " "
Daniel Rolnestad " " "
Tarje S. Brokke " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

june 27 gua 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, June 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John Dahl of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 64 made June 21st, 1904, for the Lots 12 and 11 and S½ of S. E. ¼ of Section 1, Township 154 N., Range 43 West and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Aug. 2 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Anton G. Sorenson, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Ole Nelson, " " " "
[illegible] Stenerson, " " " "
John Johnson, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

june 27 aug 1

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made July 29th 1906, for the S. W. ¼ Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range [illegible] W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on September 2nd 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

[illegible]

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District,

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co.,
Plaintiff:
—vs.—
Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meredian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug. 29.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 174 made June 23rd, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 16, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept., 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " " "
Gust Anderson, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

july 25 aug 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael T. Torgerson of Reiner, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1420 made Aug. 2nd 1905, for the N. E. ¼ Section 25, Township 154 N., Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Sept., 2, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Reimer J. Halverson, of Reiner, Minn.
Tollef [illegible] Halverson, " " "
Emil Sigrud, " " "
Knut Torgerson, " Grygla. "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 25 aug 29

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

IRON MINES RESUME

No Signs of Trouble on Northern Minnesota Ranges.

WORKMEN GIVEN PROTECTION

Deputies Armed With Long Range Rifles on Guard Against Anticipated Attacks by Strikers.

A correspondent at Hibbing has telephoned the following to Duluth as to strike conditions in that district:

On all sides the stripping and mining operations are being resumed and not a sign of trouble is reported.

At all of the mines deputies armed with long range rifles occupy advantageous positions on stumps and piles of ore or rubbish and the men who are at work are assured of ample protection against the strikers, although the latter have as yet made no hostile demonstrations of any nature.

The Hibbing district is the center of activity. At Eveleth the companies *are apparently awaiting the outcome* of the action taken at Hibbing and none of the mines were opened. The Drake & Stratton company, which is stripping at the Fayal mine, received word from the East to wait until matters had been settled before resuming work.

At the Morris mine stripping operations are in full blast, with a full crew of men, and the Sellers mine is in the same position.

Ore is being taken from the Laura, Webb, Albany, Nashua and Winifred mines. The crews working at these mines have not their full complement of men. Stripping operations have also been resumed at other mines.

In the Chisholm district stripping operations are in full blast at the Munroe-Tenner mine and underground mining is also in full swing.

The Glen mine is also working and at the Clark mine thirty men were put to work at No. 4 shaft. The Myers is also working at its underground tunnels.

The Robert-Kingston company has full crews working on its stripping operations at the Pittsburg mine and at the Shenango a good sized crew is working underground.

AT THE POINT OF A GUN

Strike Leaders Barred From Steel Corporation's Property.

C. E. Mahoney, national secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, and Teofilo Petriella, secretary of the Mesaba and Vermillion ranges, were refused admittance to the property adjacent to the Morris pit of the United States Steel corporation near Hibbing when a young employe named Thompson leveled a gun at Mahoney, Petriella and two companions who were riding in a four-seated rig and barred their way.

Petriella and Mahoney did not parley with the man behind the gun. They turned and drove back to Hibbing by another route.

A mass meeting of strikers and members of the Western Federation of Miners was held at Chisholm. Several hundred armed deputy sheriffs, commanded by Deputy Sheriff McGee, watched the roads between Chisholm and Hibbing, expecting that the strikers would make a demonstration from the Chisholm end of the district.

OFFER TO ARBITRATE.

Dock Laborers Make Proposal to the Steel Trust.

The strike of the dock workers in Duluth will be at an end shortly if the steel corporation accepts the offer of the men to arbitrate.

At a meeting the men voted to present a written agreement to the company, in which they offer to go back to work at once and leave all differences to arbitration. The arbitration committee will consist of two men from the company, two from the men and one to be chosen by these four.

The offer is being drawn up and will be submitted to the company by Mayor Cullom, who has been acting as mediator.

It is doubtful whether the company will accept the offer, claiming there is nothing to arbitrate. It claims the men have violated an agreement and if they want to come back on the old terms they may.

LOW TARIFF FOR COAL.

Retail Dealers Ask Roads to Make Special Summer Rates.

For the purpose of avoiding a coal famine such as threatened the Northwest last year the Northwest Retail Coal Dealers' association at Duluth passed resolutions asking the railroads to establish cheaper rates on coal during the summer months. It is believed that this will encourage the inland coal dealers to lay in their supplies during the summer and there will not then be the usual rush during the late fall and early winter months, when the car shortage is pronounced.

East Wants to See Johnson.

Governor Johnson has been invited to assist in Democratic gatherings in Boston and Brooklyn next month, but owing to the critical conditions in the iron mining districts of the state he does not feel that he can leave the state at present and he has sent his regrets in answer to both invitations.

MANY TOWNS AFTER IT.

Applications for Location of Girls' Industrial School.

A delegation of citizens from Hutchinson and vicinity, including Mayor Henry Brown, H. H. Bonnell, F. H. Zella, J. A. Lindberg and Senator C. R. Donaldson of Stewart, called on the state board of control to urge the selection of Hutchinson as the location for the girls' industrial school authorized by the legislature last winter. The committee had several sites for the consideration of the board, with options at prices ranging from $75 to $100 an acre.

An application for the school has also been received from Albert Lea and Elbow Lake has presented a written application to back up the delegation which appeared before the board during the session of the legislature last winter. The other towns which have made application for the school are Hinckley, Redwood Falls, Farmington, Center City, Dodge Center, Sauk Center, Rush City, Cambridge, Waseca, Brainerd, Shakopee, Blooming Prairie and New Ulm.

WOMAN BURNS TO DEATH.

Strikes Match in Room Filled With Gasoline Fumes.

Mrs. Mamie Welch, aged twenty-two, is dead at St. Paul from burns sustained in a gasoline explosion.

A small puppy and a can of gasoline were the cause of the accident. Mrs. Welch had gone out for the evening, leaving the dog in the kitchen. In playing about he upset the can and when Mrs. Welch returned the room was filled with gasoline gas. Suspecting nothing she went into the room and lit a match. A sheet of flame that seemed to fill the room enveloped the woman in an instant and, shrieking for help, her clothing afire, she ran into the bedroom, where her husband lay in bed. Seizing a blanket and a pail of water he worked heroically, but his wife broke from his grasp and ran to the street, where she fell from exhaustion. Mrs. Welch was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where she died four hours later.

MINNESOTA LAD DROWNS.

Brother Who Attempts Rescue Saved From Like Fate.

Lloyd M. Kauffman, the eight-year-old son of James Kauffman, engineer of the municipal lighting plant at New Ulm, has been drowned in the Minnesota river.

In company with his nine-year-old brother he was playing on the platform of a boathouse and accidentally fell off and the swift current carried him into deep water. The older brother jumped in to save him and by so doing would have met the same fate had not William Hauschke dived after the lad and brought him to the shore. Mr. Hauschke at that time saw the drowning lad rise to the surface for the third time, but was unable to reach him in time. The body was recovered.

Minnesota Butter Output.

From a total production of 7,500,000 pounds of butter in 1887 to an annual increase of about that number of pounds in the past three years is the record of the growth of the creamery industry in the state of Minnesota. While the figures for the year ending July 31, 1907, have not been compiled the total undoubtedly will reach 100,000,000 pounds and possibly exceed that number.

Conductor Falls From Train.

C. W. Doty of La Crosse, Wis., a conductor in the employ of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, was killed by falling from his train in the Western avenue yards at St. Paul. His skull was fractured at the base of the brain. The injured man was hurried to St. Joseph's hospital and placed on the operating table, but he died without regaining consciousness.

Three-Year-Old Kills Himself.

John Hotyra, a three-year-old boy, is dead at Minneapolis as the result of carelessness in leaving a loaded shotgun where he could get at it. The baby found the gun on a table at a neighbor's home and pulled it toward him by the muzzle. It was discharged and the full charge of shot entered his head, killing him instantly.

Suspend for Lack of Logs.

Four Minneapolis saw mills have suspended indefinitely for lack of logs. The shutdown is likely to continue for a month in the very heart of the sawing season and only one mill seems able to continue sawing for the whole season. The river has been falling steadily for the last three weeks and logs have ceased running.

Veteran Minnesota Editor Dead.

Robert C. Mitchell, founder of the Duluth News-Tribune, the last of the old editors who impressed their personality upon events in Minnesota and one of the state's history makers, is dead at Duluth. He had been a leading editor and citizen there since 1869 and a power up to the day of his death.

AGREE UPON PRIZE COURT

Peace Conference Decides to Establish Permanent Body.

The Hague, July 29.—Great Britain and Germany have practically agreed on a proposition regarding the establishment of an international prize court, under the terms of which the tribunal is made permanent and is to have fifteen judges. The United States, Japan and six of the big European powers will furnish one judge each. Latin-America will supply two and the remaining five will be sent from other countries represented in the peace conference.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The state of North Carolina has won its fight to have its passenger rate law of 2¼ cents observed by all the railroads pending an appeal to the courts by the roads which propose to fight the law. The promise of obedience to the law was given at a conference the railroads sought with Governor Glenn, who had stated that as a precedent to any agreement the 2¼-cent rate must be put into effect.

Judge Pritchard, in the United States court at Asheville, N. C., has discharged Ticket Agents Wood and Wilson of the Southern Railway on habeas corpus proceedings and declared the penalty clause of the new rate bill unconstitutional. Wood and Wilson were recently sentenced to thirty days on the chain gang for violation of the law.

Representatives of the five express companies doing business in Nebraska have offered to reduce rates 15 per cent, which offer the railroad commission took under advisement. The commission has attempted to enforce the Sibley law, cutting rates 25 per cent.

The Great Northern has authorized the construction of shops in Superior for the purpose of building steel ore and freight cars. The total cost of the buildings and equipment is estimated at about $200,000.

Lumbermen of Western Washington have pledged *$100,000* to fight the proposed advance in railroad freight rates on lumber which is announced to go into effect Oct. 1.

The Democrats and Populists of Nebraska have won their fight for fusion on the tickets at the first direct primary election on Sept. 3.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The Jewish quarter in the southern section of Philadelphia has been the scene of many disturbances and incipient riots following the efforts of several thousand Jewish women to boycott kosher butchers who have increased the price of meat.

The jury in the case of Louis Glass, vice president and general manager of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company, on trial for bribery at San Francisco, failed to reach a verdict and was discharged.

At Los Angeles, Cal., George T. Bennett, proprietor of the Bennett Electrical company, was shot and killed by Estelle Corwell, a young woman with whom he had lived for the past five years.

William J. Semonin, retiring county clerk, was arrested at Louisville on a charge of embezzlement, it being alleged that he is short in his accounts as clerk of Jefferson county from $45,000 to $50,000.

Joseph Turner, aged eleven years, son of Justice Samuel Turner of Williams Creek, Ky., was stoned to death by companions.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Dr. Edward R. Taylor, physician and lawyer, dean of the Hastings law college and of the University of California, has been elected mayor of San Francisco by the board of supervisors.

Hudson Maxim, the veteran inventor, plunged into Lake Hopatcong near Morristown, N. J., and, although he has but one arm, brought two drowning young women ashore.

REJECTED BY VENEZUELA.

American Proposal to Arbitrate Certain Claims.

Caracas, Venezuela, July 27.—The foreign office has handed over to the American minister, W. W. Russell, the answer of the Venezuelan government to the second note from Secretary Root regarding the arbitration of five American claims.

The government persists in its refusal to arbitrate the claims in question. The reply is a lengthy document and answers in detail the arguments advanced by Mr. Root.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 29.—Wheat—Sept., 97⅝c; Dec., 97⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.02; No. 1 Northern, $1.01; No. 2 Northern, 97½@98c; No. 3 Northern, 94@96c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—$5.80@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25@5.50; spring lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.01⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.00⅝; No. 2 Northern, 99⅛c; July, $1.00⅝; Sept., $1.00⅝; Dec., $1.00. Flax—To arrive, $1.17½; on track, $1.17¾; July, $1.17¾; Sept., $1.17½; Oct., $1.16; Nov., $1.17½; Dec., $1.14¾.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 29.—Wheat—July, 90⅛c; Sept., 92⅛c. Corn—July, 54⅝c; Sept., 53⅛c. Oats—July, 45⅛c; Sept., 39⅞@39⅛c. Pork—July, $16.27½; Sept., $16.47½. Butter—Creameries, 21@23c; dairies, 18½@22½c. Eggs—13@15c. Poultry — Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 15@16c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.[illegible]@7.20; cows, $1.40@5.20; heifers, $2.40@5.40; calves, $5.50@7.25; good to prime steers, $5.70@7.20; poor to medium, $4.[illegible]@5.65; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $6.10@6.45; mixed, $6.00@6.42; heavy, $5.55@6.30; rough, $5.55@5.90; pigs, $5.75@6.35; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.30. Sheep, $3.50@5.75; lambs, $5.50@7.20.

Irish Church Bells.

It was about the time of St. Patrick, in the fifth century, that bells began to be adopted in the Christian church, though their use in other directions was long anterior to Christianity, as Mr. Layard records having found some in the palace of Nimroud. The first Christian bells, like Patrick's, weighed only a few ounces and from that day gradually increased till the greatest weight was reached at Moscow with 108 tons of beautifully enriched work, a strange contrast to the humble "Clog-an-eadhachta Patraic," or "bell of Patrick's well," sometimes referred to as the bell of Armagh, with its diminutive dimensions of six inches high by five inches broad, four inches deep, made of thin sheets of hammered iron, bent into a four sided form, fastened with rivets and brazed or bronzed. This bell is at once the most authentic and the oldest Irish relic of Christian metal work that has descended to us, writes W. J. Fennell in the Belfast Gazette, and is mentioned in the "Annals" under the date of 552.

The Puffed Out Chest.

"The puffed out chest is a delusion which has succumbed to scientific knowledge of the human body," said a drill officer. "It came into existence purely for show reasons or from false analogy. It was seen that men deep in the chest were strong men, and the old drill sergeants probably imagined that by making men throw out their chests they would make them strong, as well as make them look strong, which is a complete mistake. Instead of strengthening a man, puffing his chest tends to weaken him, as it throws a strain upon the heart. We now tell men to be sure and not puff out their chests. If you puff out your chest and do dumbbell exercise you are to hold the breath. That strains the heart. Any exercise that prevents breathing freely is bad. Knotted muscles are also wrong. You see a man with immense chest muscles and perhaps you think he is really an ideally trained man, but such muscles simply bind the chest and tie the heart down."—Reader Magazine.

A Catch Question.

Of Bishop Short, who held the see of St. Asaph, many curious stories are told. Occasionally he put questions to candidates for ordination that apparently had no connection with the discharge of their parochial duties. They tested probably their wit or tact, two necessary qualifications to public men, but nothing more. One such question proposed by the bishop was the following: "Which has the greatest number of legs, a cat or no cat?"

As might be expected, this created a titter, but the bishop would not take a laugh as the answer, and consequently he repeated the question and desired some one to solve the problem. At last one of the candidates, smiling, said, "I should think, my lord, a cat."

"No," retorted the bishop; "there you are wrong, for a cat has four legs, and no cat has five."—London Telegraph.

A Thing of Many Names.

The Thames has been the cause of much controversy. Its name has been variously stated as Tameses, Tamese, Tamises (at the juncture of the Isis and Tame, near Dorchester), Tamisa, Tamesa, Thamisia, Thamesis and finally Isis (where it flows between the Oxfordshire and the Buckinghamshire shores). Thus at Oxford it is still often called the Isis until it receives the shallow river Tame just below Dochester, from which point it is called Thames. Historians trace this error to an early attempted division of the Latin word Tamesis into two words, Tame esis or Tame Isis, suggested perhaps by the existence of the Tame in Buckinghamshire. The Saxons called it the Thames, ancient maps and documents designating it Thamesis Fluvius.—From "In Thamesland."

Harvard Then a College of Children.

In 1685, when elected president of Harvard, the Rev. Increase Mather refused to resign the pastorate of the North church in Boston for the sake of "forty or fifty children." Therefore he used to ride back and forth from Boston to Cambridge, charging to the college the cost of shoeing and baiting his horse and mending his saddle. Many of these students were but twelve or thirteen years old.—"Individual Training In Our Colleges," by Clarence F. Birdseye.

Naming the Baby.

They were choosing a name for the new baby.

"I think Esmeralda is too sweet," said one of the infant's aunts.

"Alfreda is better and more uncommon," said another.

"How would Alvina do?" asked a third.

"Hardly," said the fond father. "You seem to be getting away from the idea that this is a baby and not a new kind of cigar."—London Graphic.

The Epitaph of Mary Lyon.

In the grounds of Mount Holyoke seminary, overlooking the beautiful valley through which the Connecticut flows seaward, is a monument to Mary Lyon, the Massachusetts teacher who founded the college. On it is inscribed a sentence of her own, "There is nothing in the universe that I am afraid of but that I shall not know and do all my duty."

Still a Dream.

Dolly—Molly Wolcott told me a month ago that her new gown was going to be a dream. Polly—Well, that is all it is so far. Her husband won't give her the money for it.—Somerville Journal.

A rash man provokes trouble, but when the trouble comes is no match for it.—Chinese Proverb.

Attend the Minnesota State Fair
At the Fair Grounds between St. Paul and Minneapolis
SEPTEMBER 2nd-7th, 1907
DAN PATCH, world's record harness horse will go against his last record opening day.
SWEET MARIE champion trotting mare of the world will appear. Great Speed Contest, most celebrated horsemen in America have entered their best trotters and pacers. Free Pike this year. Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle every night. Daily Airship Flights. New Buildings, New Exhibits, New Amusements.
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your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
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Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00
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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SWEDISH PAPER IN GERMANY

Movements of King Oscar and the Royal Family of Sweden—Organizing a Normandsforbundet.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

King Oscar is, true to his custom, spending the month in Marstrand, cruising along the western coast aboard the "Drott" most of the time. Queen Sophia is spending the month at Eriksgard on Holmgarden. Crownprince Gustaf is remaining on Tullgarn, together with Prince Erik. The crownprincess is spending a good portion of the summer at her villa, Solliden, on Oland, where she is at present entertaining her husband. Prince Carl and Princess Ingeborg are spending the summer months at Saro and Prince Eugen is at Tyreso, where he has spent the last twelve summers.

Frans Samuel Latin, for many years manager of the Aftonbladet, died very suddenly on the afternoon of July 3 while paying a visit to Skansen. While promenading about in the park he suddenly sank to the ground without uttering a sound. He evidently died from a paralytic stroke. The deceased was the treasurer and manager of the Aftonbladet and has ever since 1865 been a member of the Stockholm Press club. He was born in 1833 and had spent most of his life in Stockholm.

The newly appointed Persian ambassador to Sweden has been given an audience by the king, and was accorded a reception which in brilliancy far excelled the reception of other men of equal rank, who have been given open-hearted receptions at the Swedish courts. The ambassador was received by Count Lewenhaupt in a gala carriage drawn by six horses and escorted to the royal palace by a detachment of the Svea life guards.

An effort is being made by Upsala university to secure a collection of letters written to N. J. Jaquin by Carl von Linne, the botanist, during the years 1754-1776. The collection is owned by T. Dorrele, of Vienna, J. Pierpont Morgan, the widely talked of trust magnate, is reported to have offered a high price for the collection.

A Swedish newspaper has just been established at Berlin, Germany. This is the first paper on the continent of Europe in the Swedish language. The only countries besides Sweden with such papers are Finland, the United States and Canada. There is a small church paper published in the Swedish language in London, Eng.

A large portion of Stockholm's population may now be found in large numbers along the villa section on Lake Malaren. Little steamers ply back and forth between the city and the villa section and transportation services are the very best.

Prince Sigward was baptized July 9 on the queen's birthday in the presence of all the members of the Swedish royal family and members of the diplomatic corps. The archbishop of Sweden was the officiating clergyman.

According to latest rumors Prince Wilhelm's wedding will not take place until next spring. He will, as has been repeatedly announced, pay a visit to the Jamestown exposition this summer.

The new elevator at Soderberg has now been completed and will be opened for the use of the public Aug. 1. Stockholm is one of the few cities that has open air elevators.

Fourteen people were drowned at Marstrand the other day while enjoying an outing in a sailing yacht. All the persons who perished were from Gothenburg.

It is conservatively estimated that about 5,000 tourists passed through Stockholm during the past four weeks. A large number of these were Swedish-Americans.

The Independnt Order of Good Templars has nearly 200,000 members in Sweden. About 12,000 Swedish-Americans belong to the order.

King Oscar has appointed G. O. Wallenberg as Swedish envoy to Pekin and Vice Consul F. Westrup as consul at Marseilles.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

A year ago on the 22nd was the coronation of King Haakon and Queen Maud at Trondhjem, and it was the great number of Norwegian-Americans then in the country which led to the first steps being taken toward forming "Nordmandsforbundet," a society whose aim it is to link all persons of Norwegian birth, living in foreign countries, more closely to the mother land. During the last year much activity has been displayed in furthering the scheme and on the 22nd "Nordmandsforbundet" was formally organized. Carl Berner, the president of the Norwegian storthing, was elected president. The society has branches in several other Norwegian cities and it is affiliated with societies of Norwegians in several places in foreign countries, in Stockholm, Gothenburg, Copenhagen, Berlin, Durban, Canada and the United States. The society has about 2,000 members now, but a large increase is expected as soon as the machinery is perfected.

The Dovre Singing society of Minneapolis, about thirty men strong, have given three concerts at the Tivoli gardens and their performances have been favorably received by the public and the press. They are now touring the provincial towns of Norway and seem to get a hearty welcome wherever they appear. Mr. Tonning, a native of Aalesund, is the director and Emma Theoline Loe appears as soloist. They have sung before King Haakon and Queen Maud at Villa Victoria on Bygdo. The Tradesmen's Singing society of Christiania entertained the Minneapolis singers.

There has been an abundance of rainfall in Norway this summer and the crop outlook, therefore, is the very best. Among Norwegian farmers, there is, says a Christiania correspondent, a saying that they never get too much rain before St. Hans (June 24), but this year has certainly been an exception. Rain has been falling regularly throughout the season and what the farmers want now is really not more rain, but more sunshine and warmer weather in order that the farms may bring a full yield.

Agathe Backer Groendahl, renowned as a great pianist and composer of music, not only in her native land, but throughout Scandinavia and in several European countries, died at the age of about 50 years on the 4th instant. Her *funeral was the largest seen in this city*—with the exception of Ibsen's—for many years. Her friends were many and her beautiful music will keep her memory green for generations to come.

The mackerel and salmon fisheries as well as herring and other fisheries have given exceptionally good returns and the prevailing prices on mackerel and salmon have been lower this season than for many years. The backward season has, however, caused a scarcity of vegetable sand greens.

The "Orebladet" claims that of the 10,000 Norwegians who are visiting Norway, at least 1,000 will remain in the fatherland. Orebladet, however, fails to give any reasons on which it can base its claims.

Harry Randall, business manager for Captain Amundsen, will leave in September. He is to deliver seventy-five lectures in the United States about his famous northwest passage trip.

The once famous actress, Mme. Fredrikke Nilsen, celebrated her 70th birthday July 5. She received many congratulations from both at home and abroad.

Norway's minister to Japan, Bernt Anker, has moved from Yokohama to Tokio, where he will be in a better position to discharge his duties.

Ex-Empress Eugenie of France passed through Trondhjem last Thursday a week ago accompanied by King Haakon and Queen Maud.

Bernt Johannesen, the violinist, and Gust Nielsen, the pianist, have been giving a series of concerts in Stavanger and Bergen.

According to latest rumors the members of the Mrs. Dybwad troupe are busy with rehearsals for their American tour.

Hotel Holgenaes in Romsdal has been purchased by Paul Hanel, formerly manager of the Grand hotel in Molde.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Fredrick departed on the 24th inst. for Iceland. The first stop will be made at the Faroe islands. Thence the trip goes direct from the Faroe islands to Reykjavik. The king will remain in Iceland a month. He will be accompanied by Prince Herald, Premier Christensen, Justice Adler and a number of scientists. The following editorial in the Minneapolis Journal explains the king's purport in visiting the Danish possessions in detail: "The interesting announcement is made that the king of Denmark will visit Iceland in an effort to fan the dying flame of love for the mother country. Encouraged by the success of the separation movement in Norway, the Icelanders have become inspired with ambition for practical independence from Denmark. The union is of little benefit to them, either commercially or politically, and although Denmark has made every effort to keep the islanders contented, even going so far as to invest the Icelandic althing or parliament with plenary powers, the sentiment for separation has grown apace. Its latest phase has been the demand for a distinctive Icelandic flag. The separationists claim that Iceland is not rightfully the dependency of the state of Denmark, but is rather an appanage of the crown, so that the monarch's title should be 'King of Denmark and Iceland.' In language and blood and history Iceland is more closely allied to Norway than Denmark. The island was originally settled by the Norwegians and it is there that the old Norse language is preserved in its greatest purity. Iceland, too, is the treasure house of Norse literature, the Icelandic sagas being the most important relics of its medieval florescence. But, like Norway, Iceland passed into Danish control by the treaty of Calmar in 1380, and there it has remained. Danish statesmanship is likely to be severely tested by the Icelandic problem. King Frederick's decision to visit the island looks like a good stroke, similar to King Edward's recent visit to Ireland. The islanders will doubtless be impressed by the opportunity to see a real king at short range, but the threat to fly the Icelandic flag on all the public buildings during his visit looks rather defiant."

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

GENERAL NEWS.

George Fitzsimmons of Anoka has been deaf for ten years. He slept on the ground while out haying ten years ago and next morning awoke to find his hearing practically gone. Last week he was taken with severe pains in the head. A physician who was summoned found that there was some foreign body in the ear. He removed the body to find it a small beetle. Fitzsimmons' hearing immediately was restored.

Attorney General Young has rendered an opinion on the Sunday closing law, in which he holds that the law is not unconstitutional because no maximum penalty is provided. Mr. Young says section 4768, which provides a maximum of $100 for all misdemeanors where no other penalty is named, covers the Sunday closing law.

A crew of twenty surveyors of the United States geological survey has pitched tents at Beaudette. They are making a survey of the land from that place to Thief River Falls for the purpose of assisting the government in laying out ditches for drainage.

The law passed by the last legislature to aid in the drainage and reclamation of wet lands, a part of the act creating a state drainage commission, is valid, according to an opinion received by State Auditor Iverson from Attorney General Young.

An Iowa syndicate has recently purchased a tract of 200 acres of land near Fortilo, containing the finest peat beds in the state, reaching from twelve to fourteen feet deep. The company is enthusiastic over the find and will put in a plant there.

The ditches in course of construction in Freeborn county mean an expenditure of more than $200,000. They will affect over 20,000 acres of land and it is estimated will add over $1,000,000 to the valuation of the county.

Funds sufficient to provide and furnish a hospital for incurable cases of tuberculosis have been offered to the city of Minneapolis by a private party deeply interested in the war on the white plague.

The labor organizations of both St. Paul and Minneapolis have officially arranged to make the Minnesota state fair grounds their headquarters on Monday, Sept. 2, the first day of the fair.

St. Paul is now a city of 216,048 inhabitants. This is the estimate made by the Polk city directory for 1907. This means an increase over last year's population of 9,679.

The Prohibitionists are carrying on an active summer campaign in the northern part of the state. The campaign cry is "On to the legislature."

Baron Herman Speck von Sternburg, the German imperial ambassador at Washington, will be the guest of the Germans of St. Paul on Oct. 6.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Wallace James, a prominent farmer of Olmsted county, was killed by falling from his wagon. He was loading logs near his Eyota farm when he suddenly became sunstruck and fell from the top of the load, where he was fastening the logs with a chain. In the fall his head struck a wagon tire, fracturing the skull.

Two sisters of St. Mary's hospital staff at Duluth and a young woman companion were hurled from a buggy and dragged along the boulevard at breakneck speed by a maddened horse and so badly injured that their recovery is not expected.

Hanging by a noose made from his belt and fastened to a bedpost the dead body of Ingubright O. Rise was found in his room in Minneapolis. Despondency is thought to have prompted the suicide.

Asa Sturtevant, a brakeman on the Soo road, was found dead beside the tracks near Maple Lake. He had fallen from the train between two cars and had been run over.

Falling from the springboard of his wood wagon Frank Johnson of Minneapolis was crushed under the heavy wheels and died before medical aid could be summoned.

Walter Rostrem, eight years old, received probably fatal injuries at St. Paul by being run over by a wagon, the wheels of which crushed his chest.

A train on the St. Paul road ran over a man named Oscar Dencker one and one-half miles south of Mapleton. Dencker was instantly killed.

J. C. Miller, one of the leading merchant tailors of St. Louis, Mo., was drowned in Madison lake, this state, while fishing.

Stephen Kubesch was drowned while bathing in the Mississippi river at St. Paul.

OBITUARY.

Timothy J. Kitty, aged fifty-two, a resident of Stillwater and vicinity since early boyhood, is dead. He was prominent as a farmer and for many years was assessor of the town of Stillwater.

Flatmouth, head chief of the Leech Lake and Pillager bands of Chippewa Indians, is dead near Walker.

Elizabeth Morgan, an early Minnesota settler, is dead at Lake Crystal, aged eighty years.

Frank P. McGuire, a resident of St. Paul for half a century, is dead.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AT OUR STORE.

Hicks House-Furnishing & Carpet Co.

UNDETAKING.

H. M. HICKS, LICENSED EMBALMER.

OWN HEARSE IN CONNECTION

PHONE 30.

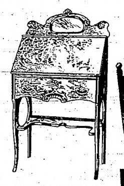

Style B Ladies Writting Desk—Chicago catalogue houses would ask $4.50. Our factory price, $3.55.

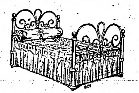

Iron Beds at from $1.35 up our at the factory price.

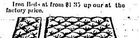

We have given the manufacture of Mattresses the closest care and study, always being on the alert to give our customer not alone something new but something better, more rest inviting and more comfortable than any Mattress put on the market by any other manufacturer or dealer without making them to expensive.

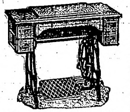

In a medium priced Sewing Machine this positively has no equal our 3 drawer "C" guaranteed Sewing Machine No. 23 $12.95 at the factory.

DON'T BE MISLEAD, or deceived by specially drawn illustrations of furniture that look as good as ours. Come to the store and see the goods for yourself a price bought or hostility bought from an illustration could only satisfy by accident take our chances but see the goods before you buy. Our store is for your convenience.

Thief River Falls, Friday August 2nd.

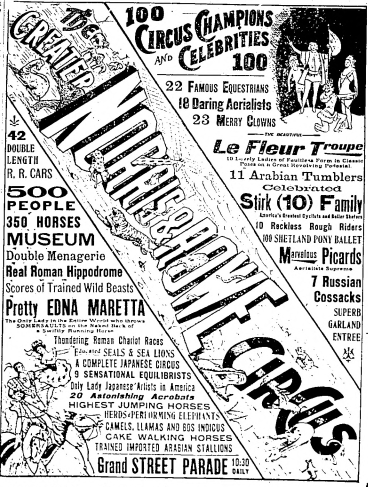

The Greater
NORRIS & ROWE
CIRCUS
100 Circus Champions and Celebrities 100
22 Famous Equestrians
18 Daring Aerialists
23 Merry Clowns
The Beautiful
Le Fleur Troupe
10 Lovely Ladies of Faultless Form in Classic Poses on a Great Revolving Pedestal.
11 Arabian Tumblers
Celebrated
Stirk (10) Family
America's Greatest Cyclists and Roller Skaters
10 Reckless Rough Riders
100 Shetland Pony Ballet
Marvelous Picards
Aerialists Supreme
7 Russian Cossacks
Superb Garland Entree
42 Double Length R. R. Cars
500 People
350 Horses
Museum
Double Menagerie
Real Roman Hippodrome
Scores of Trained Wild Beasts
Pretty Edna Maretta
The Only Lady in the Entire World who throws Somersaults on the Naked Back of a Swiftly Running Horse
Thundering Roman Chariot Races
Educated Seals & Sea Lions
A Complete Japanese Circus
9 Sensational Equilibrists
Only Lady Japanese Artists in America
20 Astonishing Acrobats
Highest Jumping Horses
Herds of Performing Elephants
Camels, Llamas and Bos Indicus
Cake Walking Horses
Trained Imported Arabian Stallions
Grand Street Parade 10:30 Daily

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1907 NUMBER 32

Historical Society

REPORT OF THE CROPS

Believed That There Will Be a Light Crop in the Northwest.

H. V. Jones Says That the Acreage Is Greatly Reduced.

That the crops in the northwest as a whole will be good and there will be a substantial basis for good business, with promise of excellent conditions this fall, is the favorable report made by H. V. Jones, editor of the Commercial West of *Minneapolis. Mr. Jones recently* made a careful investigation of prospects in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and while he is a bear on wheat, stating that only a light crop is to be expected, he predicts a big crop of the smaller grains, as well as flax, hay and timothy, which will more than make up for the shortage in wheat.

Mr. Jones makes the following statement:

There will be a fair crop of wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas, from a reduced acreage, this acreage reduction being an equivalent of at least 12,000,000 bushels of wheat. When final crop figures are announced later in the month the total will make a showing less favorable than conditions are. The fact of the decreased acreage must be kept in mind, because a considerable part of it went to other crops and was not lost altogether.

While the crop of wheat will be smaller in the northwest than for several years, wheat is not the whole story. The rye harvest is being closed and the yield is good, also the acreage. The barley harvest is very large and there is a good crop, and it is now being cut. The flax acreage is larger than ever and the general condition of flax is promising throughout all the territory, including districts where the wheat yield will be moderate. The hay crop is one of the best ever gathered. There is a great deal of timothy. This is an important item that is usually overlooked I would also mention the creameries which are now scattered well over the three states, especially Minnesota and South Dakota. They are a great mainstay to business. The oat crop is fair to good in most localities.

Taking the situation as a whole, it is my judgment that the northwest has good business basis to go on for the coming year. There are some limited areas that will be a little short, and if the subject interests you I will endeavor to make a report to you on these sections after finishing crop investigation later in August.

Green Bug Not Feared.

R. L. Webster, of the state experiment station at St. Anthony Park, St. Paul, an assistant to State Entomologist Prof. F. L. Washburn, was in Crookston Monday and made a thorough examination of the grain fields in the vicinity of Crookston. He states that he has found the common green bug in several fields, but they are not doing any serious damage and cannot do so, because the grain is now so far advanced that they have little effect upon it.

Mr. Webster has made a thorough examination all through the northwestern part of the state, but finds the same conditions prevailing everywhere in regard to the green bug. The wheat has outgrown it in this section of the country.

Says They Should Meet.

The county seat removal petition has not yet been acted upon, the board again failing to meet last Monday. The two members from Thief River Falls were present, as was also a large number of citizens from that town, but the other three members were either busy haying or gardening and could not attend the meeting, hence no quorum. We know nothing of the affair and care not to take side in the fight, but in justice to the tax-payers of the shire the board should meet upon call and either take action on the petition or lay it on the shelf for ninety-nine years.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

WILD CATS NUMEROUS.

Said to Be Savage and Numerous East of Here.

Number of Polk County Farmers Have Been Attacked.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 3—Considerable alarm is being felt in the vicinity of Angus and Euclid in Polk county, owing to the prevalence of wild cats. Within a short time a vicious specimen attacked a farmer on the way from Tabor and *Angus and had it not been for a faithful* dog which gave battle to the brute, giving the farmer a chance to settle its fate with several well-directed blows with a club he might have been killed as the animal sprang at him when on horseback and dragged him from his horse. He managed to kill it and it was a monster specimen.

The wild cat killed by Mr. Michaelson four miles from Euclid this week was also a big specimen, and turned on him and fought viciously till he had shot it thirteen times. The last cat was a she animal and from her scrawny appearance was evidently the mother of a litter recently and as several farmers have seen half-grown cats skulking about in the section, fears are entertained that the animals are getting thick enough to be dangerous and women and children are fearful of venturing out after dark.

At the next session of the legislature Senator Stephens will champion a bill offering a substantial reward, four or five times as large as a wolf bounty, to stimulate hunting the dangerous beasts down and exterminating them. Many favor a reward of from $50 to $100 in order to wipe them out before they get so thick as to be a menace to human life as causing serious loss to barnyard foul. They have already made inroads on the flocks of some of the Euclid farmers. The fact that this entire section has, in the past, been free from anything more ferocious than the prairie wolf, which is practically harmless, makes the fear for the wildcat all the greater.

MILL MAY GO.

Rumor That Crookston May Lose Its Saw Mill.

That old bug-a-boo which has come up with regularity every summer for the past twenty years, viz., that the Crookston Lumber Company would remove their saw mill from this city, has come up again and for several days there has been a persistent rumor to the effect that the mill would be taken out this fall and removed to Bemidji or some other point.

Naturally, the sawmill people will make no statement one way or the other in the matter and whether there is any truth in this rumor cannot be ascertained at this time.

The reason given in the talk about the street, for the rumored removal is that there has been a sharp advance in the freight rates on saw-logs in the past few days, and that this advance will make it prohibitive for the mill to saw logs at this point when they have to bring them such a long distance by rail.

When asked about this advance this morning one of the most prominent of the local mill officials stated that while he was not positive that there had been such an advance in the rates, he believed that such an advance had been made.

One of the highest officials in the Great Northern offices here was asked about such a raise this morning and stated that so far as he knew no such raise had been made.

Another reason given for the removal is that the mill people want fire protection from the city for their property across the river. Alderman Haris stated this morning that he believed that unless fire protection was guarranteed the mill to be installed not later than next spring, they would leave the city. He is in favor of extending the fire protection to that portion of Crookston.—Crookston Times

STRANGLED HIMSELF.

Mystery in Lofgren's Disappearance at Warren is Solved.

Warren, Minn., Aug. 5.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Charles Lofgren was solved today by finding his decomposed body about a quarter of a mile south of the Soo station. He had laid on the ground, placed his neck in a loop of rope and strangled himself.

The body was found by some small boys. Lofgren had been missing for ten days.

Petit Jurors.

The following is the list of Petit Jurors drawn for the October term of the district court which convenes on the 28th day of October:

Mathias Waldorf, Lake Pleasant.
Herman Anderson, Sanders.
E. J. Nordhagen, Norden.
R. L. Hauge, River Falls.
Narcis Robidoux, Poplar River.
Ole Thoreson, Thief River Falls.
Moses Ducharine, Lake Pleasant.
Olaf Larson, Numedahl.
Henry Gerlach, Louisville.
Jos. Patnode, Gervais.
John Rosignal, Terrebonne.
Henry Lindblom, Bray.
John Roesner, North.
E. A. Moran, Red Lake Falls city.
Jos. Lang, Thief River Falls.
D. J. Doran, Red Lake Falls city.
Halvor Johnson, Numedahl.
Chas. Zutz, Polk Center.
Chas. Seegar, Gervais.
Chas. Ford, Black River.
Orella Olson, Garnes.
Herman Ortloff, Sanders.
H. Hennemuth, Red Lake Falls.
Andrew Wassen, Thief River Falls.

Mill Man Strike.

East Grand Forks Valley View: The saw mill is having a hard time to keep help on account of the demand for so many in the harvest fields. The Company is paying common laborers $2.50 per day, and the crew working on the assorting platforms struck for higher wages Wednesday night but the Company refused to accede to their demands. The mill was shut down that night but men were secured in their places and started up next night. This trouble usually occurs this time of the year when a large number of laboring men are needed and there are prospects of a fair crop, but after two or three weeks most of them will be returning from the farm fields wanting a job at the mill again.

And Then He Signed a Withdrawal.

John Wsientek, of Deer River township, was brought before Justice Swanson Monday at the instigation of B. Henry Costello, of the same town, who asked that Wsientek be placed under bonds to keep the peace. Attorney Boughton represented Wsientek while County Attorney Germo conducted the state's case. Sufficient evidence wasn't produced to show that Wsientek was not at all dangerous, and after hearing the case, the justice released the defendant.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

EX-INDIAN AGENT.

Major Scott Pays a visit to Red Lake Indians.

Bemidji Pioneer:—Major George L. Scott, U. S. A., retired, acting Indian agent in charge of the Chippewa Indians on the Leech Lake, Cass Lake, Red Lake and Winnibigoshish reservations, has been a visitor in Bemidji and at the Red Lake Indian agency during the past few days.

Major Scott was for two years in charge of the Indian affairs at Ohigum, the Leech Lake Indian agency, and during that time made an enviable record as a strict officer and one of a few who carried on lumbering and and logging operations in behalf of the government with satisfaction to both the contractors and the officials of the Indian department.

He insisted on the timber being cut in strict conformity to the rules of the *Indian department, and with the* cooperation of Senator William O'Neil of Cass Lake, the very efficient superintendent of logging on the reservations, got the Indians all there was coming to them from the logging operations on the reservations under the provisions of the Morris Chippewa law.

Major Scott took hold of affairs at Leech Lake at a time when the Indians were not in a very tranquil state of mind and when the members of the Pillager band were considered as being especially vicious and troublesome.

The major, who is absolutely fearless got a number of the Pillager bucks together, and locking himself in a room with the reds, explained matters to them in a very different tone than they had been accustomed to hearing.

The Indians, who had been acting ugly previous to the arrival of Major Scott, were informed by that gentleman in no uncertian tones, that he expected them to go to work raising crops on their allotments and to cease holding war dances and drinking bad whiskey; that if a fight was all that they desired before pursuing the 'even tenor of their way,' he would be pleased to accommodate them, as he had been an army officer all his life and had made a special study of subduing Indians; he simply desired a day's notice in order to make some hasty preparations, when he could give them all the fight they wanted.

The Indians departed from the agency to the Island, imbued with a wholesome respect for Major Scott, and they have never given any trouble since then.

Major Scott is now living at Battle Mountain, Nevada, and is enjoying the best of health. He intends to engage in mining, and had returned to this vicinity for the purpose of visiting at Cass Lake with his daughter and also to close some matters that have been left open at the Indian agency.

Peter Eberhard came down with his boat, the "Mud Hen" the first of the week. He has been busy since spring picking up dead head logs for the various lumber companies that operate up the Red Lake river. This far he has picked up 40,000 water soaked logs.

THE FAIR IS NOW ON

Biggest and Best Fair in Northern Minnesota Now Being Held.

Large Crowds of People Are in the City and More to Come.

The annual fair of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society opened yesterday and will not close until tomorrow. There is a large crowd of people in the city from abroad and more will come in on the trains today and tomorrow. The Thief River Falls fair has a reputation second to none and the management has taken a great deal of pains to have the fair this year fully up to the standard.

⁂

Some twenty trotting horses are now in the stables at the fair grounds and this insures some good races. C. J. Knox's horse, Lockstep, is also here and the fact that a local horse is to be in some of the fastest races will insure much interest being taken in the races.

⁂

The T. I. Cash Carnival company arrived in the city Monday from Leeds, N. D., and will furnish the attractions for the fair. The Cash company has about eighty people or twenty more than last year. Next week this company will be at Warren.

⁂

The streets of the city are about all "tented" and it is not a very easy thing to drive through the business portion of the town.

⁂

The exhibits at the fair this year are far better than ever before, and shows that the farmers around here are taking a great deal of interest in the fair.

⁂

If there is anything you want to know about the fair; if there are any strangers in the city who cannot secure sleeping accommodations; in fact no matter what information you want, ask, K. M. Hansen. He has been made the official information bureau of the county fair.

Another Silo.

N. A. Nelson, one of our prosperous farmers living out southeast of town, believes in keeping abreast of the times and is continually adding new improvements about the place. He is making preparations to build a silo this fall, and we understand has placed an order for a Green Mountain, ensilage cutter and gasoline engine to operate both machines The silo is practically a necessity on a dairy farm, and while the first cost is seemingly large, the results will easily offset the cost the first year. Work on Mr. Nelson's silo will be watched with much interest and when completed we expect several other rural citizens to go home and do likewise.—St. Hilaire Spectato.

In Buying Clothes

or anything else, it's a good thing to know exactly what you are getting; the ignorance of the buyer is often a great source of profit to some merchants.

When you see a Hart Schaffner & Marx label in a garment, you're at once in possession of all the knowledge you need; it tells you everything; we dont need to say a word. You know it's all-wool, all right in style and tailoring; and we'll guarantee a fit.

The Golden Rule

Everything from Head to Foot.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. BORRY,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River Monday.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week.

T. P. Hamre spent Sunday in Crookston.

Attorney Stanton spent Sunday in Crookston.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday.

C. C. Jackson was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday.

S. H. Sharback was down to Mahnomen last week.

A. P. Toupin was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Goodnow Torrison came over from Fisher last Friday.

County Attorney Germo was in the city last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosenbury spent Sunday in Grand Forks.

Miss Alice Christienson was down to Fertile to spend Sunday.

Israel Sjoberg, the Roseau merchant, was in the city last week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Joe Bulman and Henry Cook were up in the Warroad country last week.

—Ten fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Guss, one mile west of town.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

Mrs. Joseph Jerome came down from Battle River last week to visit friends here.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River, spent Sunday in Thief River Falls.

Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Hultee on next Monday afternoon.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Services in the Silverton Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 3 o'clock p.m.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Miss Helda Berggren left last week for Bemidji and expects to remain there in the future.

Fred Goebler was over from Nekoma, N. D., visiting with his family Sunday and Monday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Synod church meets with Mrs. A. J. Berg Aug. 15th. All welcome.

George Curran left Monday for Big Stone county to spend a few weeks visiting with friends.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Safe for Sale—A large Cary safe, for sale cheap. For particulars address Langseth Mercantile Co.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

Mrs. C. M. Gillette and children, who had been visiting relatives at Anoka, returned to this city Monday.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson returned to this city Monday from a visit of several days with friends at Red Lake Falls.

Reports from the Red Lake country are to effect that the blue berry this year is the best it has ever been.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw and Miss Sarah Vaughan returned to this city Monday morning from a trip to North Branch.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday on the East side at 10:30 a. m. and 8:3o p. m.
A. Tornell.

Former County Auditor Ford was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to Roseau county where he has a job inspecting state ditches.

Frank Reichter, who is now running a flouring mill at Grafton, S. D., arrived in the city Monday and will spend several days here visiting friends.

Miss Peterson, who had been the efficient stenographer at the First State Bank, left Sunday for Grand Rapids, where she has accepted a position.

The residents of Kratka raised $15 at the basket social and sent it to Mr. and Mrs. Kjevele, of Espiee who recently had their home destroyed by lightning.

Evenson & Erickson removed their clothing store to the new building recently completed. They now have one of the finest clothing stores in the northwest.

Albert Lonson, a former Thief River Falls boy who is now cashier of a bank at Pekin, N. D., is in the city this week visiting relatives and taking his summer vacation.

Ask your dealer for "Uncle Tom" Snuff. Uncle Tom Snuff is made from best leaf tobacco according to the most scientific methods and contains no injurious ingredients.

Mrs. Jennie Cunningham was in the city last week and stated that she had just received the patent for her land. This ends one of the famous land contest cases of this section.

Andrew Stenseth made a trip through the southern part of the state last week looking for prospective land buyers. He is of the opinion that a large number will come to this section in the near future.

—County Treasurer O. T. Tanberg on last Friday suffered a stroke of paralyses and has been in a more or less critical condition ever since. It is confidently believed that he will survive the shock, but he will probably never fully regain his health again. One side of his body is completly paralyzed.

Who are the supervisors of the town of Numedal? This has bothered the residents of this town for some time and the matter is soon to be tested in the courts. County Attorney Germo is going to commence an action.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Buttons Business College Crookston, Minn., will open its fall term Sept., 2nd. Enrollment for 1907 was 200 every graduate of whom are in good positions, many at salaries of $60, $75 and $100 per month. Send for catalog, and list of successful students.

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 15, 16 and 17, the Bijou Theatre will have "Ben Hur." This is going to be reproduced by request. A large number of Thief River Falls people witnessed this last winter and and will be glad to see this again.

The Norris & Rowe circus did not secure a very large crowd, although it was one of the best that has been in Thief River Falls for a long time. The circus did not arrive here from Winnipeg until about noon and had to rush the performance considerable.

The corn crop in the Valley promises to be better than ever before, and the acreage is said to be double that of last year. A sample of what the Valley can do in this line is shown on the O'Neill farm near Crookston, where corn stands nine feet high; the ears are all in the silk and will easily ripen before there is danger from frost.

The Duluth Herald correspondent, who was out through the Valley looking up crop prospects, reports to his paper about right when he says crops are good on the light soil and where drainage is perfect, but that crops are poor on the heavy flat land. He places the Valley crop at 50 per cent over last year unless frost comes too soon.

Mr. aand Mrs. L. T. Bergh were in from their home in Mayfield township on Wednesday. Mr. Bergh has just returned from North Dakota where he has been working for the past few months for the International Harvester Co., and says that the crops over here look at least 50 per cent better than in Dakota this year. Plummer Pioneer.

F. J. Cooke, president of the Roseau Milling company, says that winter wheat appears to be a success in Roseau county. He was out through Dieter recently and saw a considerable acreage of it. On the H. Halvorsen farm he found an excellent crop and measuring some of the stems found them to be five feet tall—an unusually good stand at this time of the year.

Mr. Fred Hanneboh1 of this city has returned to the N. P. R. R. Co., by whom he is now employed on the Dakota Division. Mr. Hanneboh1 was formerly employed by this company as Locomotive Engineer for over 6 years and upon his return was welcomed by many of his old time friends especially the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen of whom he is a member.

Hughie McNiven, the Saturday Evening Post boy, has high hopes of winning the Shetland pony which this publication is giving to the boy selling the largest number of papers for a stated period. Monday he received a letter informing him that only one boy in a town the size of Thief River Falls was selling more papers than he. If all help Hughie by buying his paper, he may win the prize.

The railroads refuse to make a special rate to the state fair. That is all right. The legislature reduced the rate to two cents a mile—and that should be the rate to everybody. When the rate was three cents the roads to fairs, conventions, etc., made a rate of a fair and a third. This was exactly the same as the present two cent rate. The cost should be the same on the railroads every day in the year.

R. L. Webster, of the state experimental station, was at Fergus Falls Monday and made trips into the surrounding country to investigate the green bug situation. He found the bugs quite numerous in some fields of grain. They were working in the heads, and had they appeared earlier and in sufficiently large numbers they would have proven very destructive, but he states positively that the crop is so far advanced that they cannot destroy it, and that the injury they may do, if any, will be very slight.

The Alexander Post News published last week some fac similes of ancient relics found in Douglas county, supposed to have been left by the Norsemen. The inscription on the now celebrated Kensington stone has been a puzzle to many professors, linguists, but Prof. Breda of the state university has pronounced the characters as Scandinavian runes, and deciphered it as follows—Swedes and Norsemen on a journey of discovery from Vinland west—We camped one day's journey north from this stone. We fished one day. After we came home we found ten men red with blood, dead. AVM save from evil—Have—men at the ocean to look after our ships. Days journey from this island. Year [illegible]. Runes are characters taken from the Greek alphabet and were used by the Goths, Germans and Scandinavians.

One of the stake drivers employed by Norris & Rowe's circus tried to steal a lunch from the cooking tent when the circus was here last week. He was caught by the cook and a desperate fight was the result. An attempt was made to have the man arrested but he could not be found.

John Clair, one of the old time settlers of Beltrami county and who, years ago used to make his headquarters in Thief River Falls, came over from Blackduck last week and is visiting friends in the city. It has been three years since Mr. Clair has been here and he sees many changes in the city.

The voters of the new school district, No. 60, recently formed in the northern Mayfield township had a meeting at the home of Ole Eggen and elected a set of officers besides selecting a site for their new schoolhouse. The officers elected were: Carl Eggen, director; Magnus Olson, clerk; Carl Olson, treasurer. The site selected was on the southeast quarter of section 4, where Magnus Olson donated an acre of ground for school purposes.—Plummer Pioneer.

The biggest judicial drainage ditch in Northern Minnesota, which is located in northern Polk county, has been completed. It is 23 miles long with a branch ditch 11 miles long. It averages 10 feet in depth and is from 21 to 28 feet wide at the bottom and from 48 to 50 feet wide at the top. It cost over $60,000 to complete it and the work has been in progress for four years. As the ditch carries an enormous volume of water the ditch will soon become much deeper.

The Middle River creamery paid 21 cents per pound for fat for the first month. This is a good price, much better than can be obtained by shipping, for one must remember that it costs, on the average, about 3 cents per pound to ship fat, and this must be deducted from the price paid by the commission men to arrive at a fair comparison of prices. In regard to the price paid for fat at the creamery, it will be well for the patrons to remember that they have a great deal to do with the price they get. If they are careful with their cream and get it to the creamery in good shape the buttermaker is more likely to get a premium on the butter, thus being able to pay more for the cream.—Middle River Pioneer.

Every Drop

Of Hamm's Beer is absolutely pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also under the Food Laws of all the stat

The "Preferred Stock" is the most delicious Beer ever brewed. It is the ideal Beer for all occasions. Call for it.

Hamm's

THEO. HAMM BRG. CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

G. WEIMER, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch, Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE.

Shirt Waists.

To close out the balance of our ladies white lawn shirt waists, ranging in price from $1.25 to $3.50 we have placed them on our counter in three lots at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per waist.

A few of them are slightly soiled, but worth twice what we ask for them. If you want to dress up for the fair, don't miss getting one of these beautiful waists for less than cost.

Ladies Wash Suits.

25 per cent off the present low price on all our ladies wash suits. The suits are clean, very stylish and exceptional bargains, at the price we offer them.

Summer Wash Goods.

25per cent off on summer wash goods, such as lawns, nainsooks, batiste, marchelane silks, silk tissue, spider checks and brilliants.

20 per cent off on entire stock of ladies summer jackets and long coats.

Just received a beautiful line of lace curtains which we offer at a very low price. We shall be pleased to have you call and take a look at them.

Our dry goods, clothing, shoe, grocery and hardware departments have a complete stock to select from. Prices the lowest. We aim to please our customers.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

For Sale

The Bijou building, or night trade for a good farm. For particulars inquire of D. Cavanagh.

For Rent

The Soo hotel. Possession given the 1st of September. Inquire of D. Cavanagh or S. L. Heasley.

The Harvest Fields of the Northwest

Grow the richest barley in the world, and barley, remember, is a substantial food—a standard cereal like wheat and oats and rye. It is the foundation and backbone of

Gund's Peerless Beer

[illegible]

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Attorney Michelet was down to Minneapolis last week.

Rev. Barackman was up to Winnipeg to spend Sunday.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

C. M. Nelson was over to St. Thomas, N. D., to spend Sunday.

Joe Vann, of Carmel has removed to this city with his family.

Leonard Peterson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

R. D. V. Carr passed through the city Tuesday enroute to Middle River.

A. Wright left this week for Sumas, Wash., to spend several weeks.

Rev. Lundeen, of Windom, is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Wilson.

County Surveyor J.K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ira C. Richardson returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Minneapolis.

Wanted—A dishwasher and a laundry girl at the Hotel Ogahmah. Good wages.

Miss Anna Sterry, of Fosston, Minn., is in the city visiting Miss Elenora Anderson.

Sheriff Nelson and family arrived in the city Tuesday and will spend the week here.

Carl Peterson came up from Marine Mills Monday and is visiting old friends in the city.

Pat Roark came over from Kelliher the first of the week to take in the county fair.

W. J. Kelly is down from his claim in the Red Lake county visiting old friends for a few days.

Philip L. Girard, of the East Grand Forks Valley View, is in the city attending the fair this week.

Daniel Patterson, Dr. Cummings, Jens Nelson and Ole Olson were up from St. Hilaire Monday evening.

Will Mullery and family, who had been visiting friends in Wisconsin, returned to this city Tuesday.

Mrs. George Lipscomb leaves tomorrow for Lake City, called there by the serious illness of her mother.

Mrs. Wilcox arrived in the city the first of the week from Hanley Falls, where she had been visiting relatives.

Rev. J. R. Davies, of Fergus Falls, presiding elder of the M. E. church was in the city Monday and held a conference.

Oscar Post was up from St. Hilaire yesterday. He came here to meet his wife who had been visiting with friends at Winnipeg.

John J. Soll, of Strandquist, was in the city the first of the week. He has made application for a license to open a saloon at Wylie.

Miss Nellie Nelson, of St. Thomas, N. D., arrived in the city Monday and will spend several weeks visiting at the home of C. M. Nelson.

Earl F. DeVeling, who formerly worked at the Rushford, left last week for Bemidji and has opened up a restaurant at that place.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. Andy Erickson next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, August 14. All are cordially invited.

Frank McGinty, Anton Pederson, Robert Lee, D. J. McNiven, Joseph Duchamp, Emil Sweass and A. Rudolph are acting as special policemen during the fair.

The members of the fire department are all happy. At a meeting of the council Tuesday evening an order was placed for the purchase of 1500 feet of new hose.

Paul I. D. Osthy was down to Plummer to spend Sunday. He reports that the crops down there are looking fine and predicts that some of the wheat will go 40 bushels to the acre.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan McKinnon came up from Crookston yesterday to attend the county fair. Mr. McKinnon has attended every one of the fairs held in Thief River Falls and has a host of friends here who hope that he will attend many more of the fairs here.

It is expected that a decision in the telephone case whereby the Northwestern Telephone company seeks to compel the city council to grant this company a franchise for a local telephone exchange will be decided by the supreme court on Friday of this week. The case is one of great importance and the outcome is a matter of much speculation.

A traveler of national fame, Mr. [illegible] was in the city Monday evening. He had walked from San Francisco to Chicago and was en route from Chicago to New York city by way of Winnipeg, thus crossing the American continent once and a half. While here he registered with Mayor [illegible] and [illegible] started out upon his journey again. He was accompanied by a large Dane dog.

Sunshine Hunt of Sunbeam, is of course taking in the county fair.

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

The banks of the city have agreed to close every afternoon during the fair.

J. D. Abbott came down from Rollis Tuesday and will remain until the close of the fair.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Lutheran congregation will meet with Mrs. H. Hadrath August 14.

John Fuller left yesterday for Oregon, called there by the serious illness of his father, who lives on a form near Portland. Little hopes are entertained that that he will recover.

The Red Lake county Sunday school association will hold a meeting in Red Lake Falls on Wednesday and Thursday August 14 and 15. An interesting program has been prepared for the meeting.

The Dooley-La Page base ball team, of Minneapolis, will be here on Saturday and Sunday and will play two games of ball with the local nine. This is one of the best ball teams in the state and a good game is promised.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The management of the Bijou has secured a bill full of comedy, special for the fair. Mrs. Krouse has made a great success with her illustrated songs. For the balance of the week she has chosen Chas. K. Harris' latest success "I'm trying so hard to Forget you.

"One man Baseball," an exceedingly humorous base ball story.

"Elephant at the Picnic," full of comical situations.

"Fathers Vengeance," a beautiful story. Photography superb, showing the miners at work in the smelter.

"Between Two Fires," a domestic comedy. Very comical.

A laughable satire, "The Tramp couldn't get It changed," or, "The Hundred Dollar Bill.

On the 15, 16, and 17, we will have a return engagement of "Ben Hur," fully illustrated and lectured with the Holy city illustrated.

Money in Trees.

It is not generally known, but it is true, nevertheless that the state of Minnesota, is willing to pay its farmers for raising fine groves of trees. The state pays the farmer $50 per acre each year for ten years, and a farmer who plants one acre each year would, at the end of ten years, begin cutting the first planting for wood, and the land, when again put under cultivation, would be found to be in a high state of fertility. And right here let us do some figuring, and see if tree planting can be made to pay: A farmer has, say, twenty acres which though not actually under water is too wet for grain. He plants it to cottonwood cuttings, keeps the young trees cultivated, and the first year receives $50 for his labor. After the cultivation of the fourth year, he sows timothy and clover among the trees and after it gets well started he nails his wires on the outside rows and turns in his cattle. The trees continue to thrive, and the cattle being in the shade, thrive also. Five or six years of pasturing and then the "crop" can be turned into cord wood—and money.—Exchange.

He Told Her.

A good highland minister was endeavoring to steer a boat load of city young ladies to a landing place. A squall was bursting. The steering was difficult. One of the girls annoyed him by jumping up and calling anxiously, "Oh, where are we going to?" "If you do not sit down and keep still, my young leddy," said the minister pilot succinctly, "that will verra greatly depend on how you were brought up."—Dundee Advertiser.

Good Advice.

Go on in all simplicity. Do not be so anxious to win a quiet mind, and it will be all the quieter. Do not examine so closely into the progress of your own soul. Do not crave so much to be perfect, but let your spiritual life be formed by your duties and by the actions which are called forth by circumstances.—Francis de Sales.

Performed a Miracle.

Her Husband (angrily)—I was a fool when I married you.

His Wife—Aren't you a fool still?

"No, I am not."

"Then you should congratulate me upon my success as a reformer."—[illegible]

His View of Nature.

Huxley was once talking to Sir Wil[illegible] about the healing power of nature. [illegible] Nine times out of ten nature doesn't want to cure the man. She wants to put him in his coffin."

The Soft Answer.

Mrs. [illegible]—You couldn't look me in the face when you came in last night. [illegible]—That was because your beauty dazzled me, my dear.—New York Press.

MILITIA COMPANY.

Thief River Falls Can Have One if an Armory Is Built.

Thief River Falls may soon have a militia company. The state has agreed to establish a company here providing that a suitable drill hall having a floor space of 500 square feet is furnished. The matter came up before the city council Tuesday evening and in order to obtain the sentiment of the people of the city regarding the matter a committee consisting of Robert McGinn and Joseph Lang was appointed. If it is decided to build an armory, the council has the power to issue bonds and erect the building.

A NEW WELL.

City Council to Drill Another Deep Well for City Water.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening it was decided to send for a well digger to drill a new well to supply the city mains with pure water. The council is satisfied that there is plenty of water to be had, but the present well, which cost the city in the neighborhood of $3,500, is about eight feet out of plumb, and as a result the pump can not do its work in a proper manner.

OUR LOSSES SMALL.

Thief River Falls Pays Insurance Companies Big Premiums.

The following is the list of losses and the amount of premiums collected in the various towns of Minnesota:

	Premiums	Losses
Albert Lea	$28,595	$ 8,990
Anoka	12,699	12,789
Austin	26,612	9,840
Bemidji	31,756	17,202
Benson	10,034	21,313
Brainerd	32,977	25,014
Cass Lake	15,093	6,931
Chisholm	14,451	1,970
Cloquet	47,975	2,469
Crookston	41,998	41,899
East Grand Forks	26,017	25,125
Litchfield	11,274	23,488
Little Falls	35,722	27,269
Mankato	57,921	13,898
Marshall	12,437	598
Milaca	5,658	21,548
Moorhead	28,299	8,619
New Ulm	34,839	10,315
Northfield	16,689	1,316
Princeton	9,823	1,303
Owatonna	15,218	11,131
Red Wing	43,049	6,787
Rochester	21,037	2,311
St. Cloud	39,301	13,660
Stillwater	90,272	27,151
Thief River Falls	22,829	250
Tower	12,895	6,336
Two Harbors	23,838	4,083
Virginia	51,857	115,205

Fined Nearly $30,000,000.

Judge Landis of the Federal court, after an exhaustive hearing of the conspiracy cases against the Standard Oil company, imposed fines amounting to $29,240,000. This is the largest fine handed down by a judge. An appeal will, of course, be taken to the higher courts, but it is not probable that the fines will be reduced. The question of immediate concern to the people of this country is whether they will be obliged to pay this amount themselves, through the advanced price of Standard Oil products. The government is getting pretty close to the real question of whether it is running the country, or whether it is a mere passenger, with John D. Rockefeller in command. We agree with Judge Landis that a prison sentence against some of the trust magnates would be extremely helpful to the United States just now.

Farmers Attention.

I will have a flax tow mill in operation in this city by Oct. 15th, and will buy for cash all your good, dry, threshed flax straw reasonably free from chaff. No extra treatment required, only that it be kept dry.

Cut your flax as near the ground as possible and you will get just that much more straw per acre. More straw, More money. Mill will be located at the Cement Block Works near Soo Line tracks.

A. H. Fasel, Prop.

Coal Is Moving.

Northwestern railroads are hauling more coal this year than last. If the coal movement continues to increase in a ratio that is usual in the fall the roads are of the impression that last year's fuel situation will not be repeated. The estimate is that the coal movement is a third larger on the northern lines now than a year ago. The season is quiet for the railroads, and therefore they have more cars than usual to handle the coal, and they are gratified to note that the campaign for early ordering by dealers has been effective to a certain extent. A great many coal men have all the coal on hand they can store and there would be no use in ordering more until that has been taken off their hands. Southern lines, whose territory was not so badly affected by the coal shortage last winter, are not laying in more coal than usual.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

LIBRARY REPORT.

Facts Concerning a popular Thief River Falls Institution.

The following is the report of the city librarian for the year ending August 1, 1907:

Total circulation for year, 7025 books.

Circulation of traveling libraries, 557 books.

Number of traveling libraries used, 5.

Circulation of magazines, 725.

Registered readers, 387.

Additions during year:

Books bought, 7.

Donated, 18.

State books, 39.

U. S. books, 128.

Fines for year, being for lost books and books kept overtime. $50.60.

One half the patrons of the library consist of children.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

We will resume our regular services next Sabbath.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.

Sabbath School at 10 a. m.

Sabbath evening worship at 8 p. m.

The usual Mid—week service Thursday evening next week at 8 p. m.

The pastor has returned to stay.

We welcome all to our church,

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending July 20

Dahl Miss Sena
Fair Mrs Norah
Groseth E. G.
Helle Miss Alma
Johnson Mrs Swen
Johnson Miss Clara
Knutson Mrs Alfred
Knutson Olaf B.
Lymond Jalmer
Lasell Morris
Lorobl Miss Nina
Lehrol Minnie K.
O'Neil Chas.
Olson Miss Lina
Olson Mrs Theodor
Peterson Mrs. Minnie.
Swanson Miss Clara.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90c
Oats	30c
Flax	$1 04
Eggs	15c
Butter	15c
Potatoes	$1 00

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Aug. 11. Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday School 10 a. m.

Junior League 2:30 p. m.

Epworth League 7:30 p. m.

Prayer meeting and bible study Thursday 7:30.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Bank No. 638.

Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Incorporated

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the above named Bank, held at the Banking House on the 22 day of July A. D. 1907, at which all the stockholders were present or represented by proxy, the following resolution was offered and adopted by a unanimous vote of its Capital Stock:

Resolved: That the Certificate of Incorporation of this Bank be amended by adding thereto the following section:

Section Seven. The stockholders of this bank hereby adopt the provisions of section 2985 of Revised Laws, 1905, as amended by chapter 137, of the General Laws of 1907 and agree to be subject to all the liabilities thereby imposed.

We hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by a vote of the entire Capital Stock, at a meeting duly called for that purpose and held at the Banking house in Thief River Falls on the 22nd day of July A. D. 1907.

D. B. Bakke, President.
T. P. Hamre, Cashier.

CORPORATE SEAL

State of Minnesota, Office of Public Examiner. St. Paul, July 25, 1907.

This is to certify that the action of the stockholders of the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Incorporated in agreeing to be subject to a double liability, as provided for in the foregoing amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation, has been approved by me.

SEAL

A. Schaefer,
Public Examiner.

State of Minnesota department of state.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 25th day of July A. D. 1907 at 3 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in book H of Bank Amendments on page 12

Julius A Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 1 day of Aug., A. D. 1907 at 11:30 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in book F of miscellaneous, page 11

E. L. Quist,
Register of Deeds.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

ABYSSES OF OCEAN.

Extent of the Deep Waters and Their Tremendous Pressure.

More than half the surface of the globe is hidden under water two miles deep. Seven million square miles lie at a depth of 18,000 feet or more. Many places have been found five miles and more in depth. The greatest depth yet sounded is 31,200 feet, near the island of Guam.

If Mount Everest, the world's highest mountain, were plucked from its seat and dropped into this spot the waves would still roll 2,000 feet above its crest.

Into this terrific abyss the waters press down with a force more than 10,000 pounds to the square inch. The stanchest ship ever built would be crumbled under this awful pressure like an eggshell under a steam roller.

A pine beam fifteen feet long which held open the mouth of a trawl used in making a cast at a depth of more than 18,000 feet was crushed flat as if it had been passed between rollers.

The body of the man who should attempt to venture to such depths would be compressed until the flesh was forced into the interstices of the bone and his trunk was no larger than a rolling pin. Still the body would reach the bottom, for anything that will sink in a tub of water will sink to the uttermost depths of the ocean.—Exchange.

SECRETS OF SAVAGES.

Some Things That Balk the Ingenuity of Civilized Man.

The head was no bigger than an orange, the black, bearded head, perfectly preserved, of a man of forty or so.

"The Dyaks alone," said the ethnologist, "have the secret of taking an adult human head and reducing it, like this, to less than half its size. Their houses are ornamented profusely with these reduced heads of enemies slain in battle. No one knows how the reduction is accomplished. It is a marvelous secret that the Dyaks refuse to give up.

"Savages, degraded as they are beside us, possess a number of marvelous and unfathomable secrets. One is the making of fire by the rubbing of dry twigs. Only a savage can do that.

"Another is the construction of fishskin suits. The natives of the Siberian coast make suits of fishskin that are softer, finer and far more waterproof than any fabric known to us. What could be so waterproof as fishskin?

"A third is the secret of arrested life. There are aborigines in India who can die temporarily, can be buried a week or more and on being dug up come to life again.

"The best blankets, the best baskets, the best canoes and the best dyes are all made by savages."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Swans Defeat a Fox.

A correspondent of the Colwyn Bay Herald describes a fierce fight between a fox and a number of swans. The fox, after hiding for awhile among some reeds, boldly swam toward a number of swans. The latter were on the alert, however, and when within a yard the biggest bird attacked him with wing and beak, entirely submerging him for two or three seconds. Nothing daunted, the fox made a final attack, but ignominious defeat awaited him, as all the swans arrayed themselves in single file and made a desperate attack on their assailant, which eventually landed at the south side of the lake, his blood covering the felt of heather at the far end. The swans appeared to have sustained no injury whatever.

Where They Were Not Bad.

A visitor who was going through the penitentiary one day turned to the warden and said:

"I suppose you have a good many bad people here?"

"Bad! Bad people here!" ejaculated the gray haired warden, with an air of comic surprise. "What put that into your head? There are no bad people here. Why, if they wanted to be bad, we wouldn't let 'em."

The warden smiled grimly, and the visitor awakened to the fact that the "pen" was not the place where people could afford to be bad, even if they wished.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Cosmopolitan Dinners.

"You can pay your money in New York and get any sort of dinner you like and of every possible nationality," declared the man about town. "You can get an Italian dinner with spaghetti, a French dinner with frogs' legs, an Irish dinner with some sort of stew, a Hungarian dinner with goulash, a Russian dinner with caviare, a Spanish dinner with frijoles and a southern dinner with corn pone."—New York Press.

Accounts Squared.

Hicks—I owe you an apology. The fact is, it was raining, and I saw your umbrella, and, supposing you had gone home for good, I took it.

Wicks—Don't mention it. I owe you an apology. You left your new hat, you know, and wore your old one. As I had no umbrella and as I didn't want to wet my hat, I put on yours. Hope you don't mind.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Dust.

They were celebrating their engagement by dining at a swell cafe.

"Do you believe," she queried as the conversation lagged, "that man is really made of dust?"

"Well," he rejoined, glancing at the dinner check, "he wouldn't be able to travel far in your company if he wasn't."—Chicago News.

The man of grit carries in his presence a power which spares him the necessity of resenting insult.—Success.

THE BLIND OF CAIRO.

To Be Found Everywhere In the Shops and on the Streets.

The first thing that impresses the stranger in Cairo is the number of blind—men, women and children—to be found everywhere in the shops and on the streets. Ophthalmia is very prevalent throughout Egypt. Because of superstition concerning "the evil eye" the native mothers of the middle or the lower class do not wash the eyes of their babies at all. Watching the flies buzzing unheeded around and upon these blind children, a stranger hastens to buy a fly whisk. These are for sale everywhere and are quite attractive with their ornaments of fancy beads and palm leaf fiber. Blind beggars greet one at every corner. Even in the high class Egyptian families there are many blind. The lower classes of Egyptians are given much to hasheesh—that is, the lower classes in the large cities—and, although it is against the law to sell it, one will have the hasheesh places pointed out, and the men who smoke the drug are seen everywhere. They are distinguished by the peculiar appearance of their eyes, which become red, swollen and baggy underneath, and by the peculiar color of the skin, which resembles somewhat the skin of a Chinese opium smoker.—Harriet Quimby in Leslie's Weekly.

A LOST CONTRACT.

The Little Thing That May Sometimes Prevent a Sale.

A pen once lost me an order. I had just worked up the executive of a large concern into a desire to buy. I had my contract form lying on his desk with my finger on the dotted line. He reached over toward his pen rack, took off a pen and plunged it into the ink well. He turned to me with a frown on his face—the well was empty.

I was ready with a fountain pen. The pen was uncapped. I handed it to him. He started to write. The ink would not flow. I took it and shook it. Again he made the attempt, with no result.

"I will get one," he said. So he stepped into the other room. Evidently some one stopped him with a question, for he did not come back for three minutes. Then he stood at his desk. He looked down at the contract.

"I believe I had better think this matter over again," he said. And all the talk I put up could not budge him.

I had lost a sale because my fountain pen was empty. Now, one of my regular morning duties, week in and week out, just as regular as my shave and my checking over of calls to be made and the making out of my expense account, is filling my fountain pen.—James N. Bowen in System.

A Great Polyglot.

Solomon Caesar Malan habitually conversed with his children in Latin, but on his deathbed, when Solomon, his son, began to recite a psalm in the familiar Vulgate of his youth, the dying man, scholar to the last, muttered, "Non ita, non ita! Hebraice;" so the son repeated it in Hebrew.

He could, for that matter, just as well have said it in Coptic or Chinese, for to him all tongues came naturally. At eighteen he could write in thirteen languages, oriental and European, and among his published works we find translations from the Arabic, Persian, Syriac, Ethiopic, Hebrew, Coptic, Armenian, Georgian, Mongol, Chinese, Korean, Japanese, Greek, Russian, Welsh and Gothic. He is said to have learned to speak Armenian fluently in a fortnight, and he preached in Georgian to a Georgian congregation in the Cathedral of Kutais.—London Saturday Review.

A Patient Dog.

My brother has two dogs, one a large mastiff, the other a tiny Spitz which he can hold in the hollow of his hand. Don, the big dog, had been taught to lie down and face his food, but not to touch until the command, "Eat," had been given him. His mistress, in a hurry to leave for a day's shopping, gave Don his breakfast one day, but forgot the permission to "eat," and when she returned late that night the faithful dog lay with his paws on the plate of food, but not a particle had been touched!—Chicago Tribune.

Blunt Dr. Dougal.

Dr. Dougal of Keith, who was made an honorary member of the Aberdeen society in 1795, had a reputation for bluntness. A talkative woman went to him one day and said to him, "Doctor, what is the matter with my tongue?" "Just needin' a rest," he replied shortly. On another day a patient went to him and complained, "I have a deal to suffer with my eyes, doctor," whereupon he answered, "Better suffer with them than without."

The Inundation.

"If you please, sir," said a verger to a churchwarden in a village, "the new rector is to be inundated next Tuesday week, and I have come to ask you whether you will be able to be present." "Certainly," replied the churchwarden, who was something of a humorist, "and I hope there will be an overflowing congregation."—London Answers.

His Change of Front.

"My view on coeducation," he said firmly, "is that it should be forbidden. It is deleterious to mental development. It leads to—"

"John," said his wife, entering unexpectedly, "are you telling Mr. Smith of the dear old days when we were college classmates?"

"Y-yes," said John.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A prudent haste is wisdom's leisure.—Italian Proverb.

THE NEWS,

—BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.—

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 8, 1907.

Cheer From Mr. Rockefeller.

"The average citizen of to-day is enjoying the luxuries of the rich man of yesterday," said the president of the Standard Oil Company to his friends, the reporters, at Chicago. "The average citizen of to-morrow will be enjoying the luxuries of the rich man of to-day. Prosperity will continue, and will increase."

Mr. Rockefeller visited Chicago on a somewhat disagreeable mission—to furnish testimony which would warrant the court in assessing a huge fine against his concern. But we observe, with pleasure and admiration, that throughout he exhibited a most tranquil and cheerful state of mind.

There is a large fact that we should never losesight of—namely, that the level of material well-being in the United States is doubtless the highest ever known for any such numbers., that more people live comfortably, than ever before., above all, that the average well-being is a more dominant motive than ever before. We do not agree with Mr. Rockfeller that the average man's chance of acquiring wealth is the best ever known., but the chance that his needs will be heeded, that his children will have some space in which to develop normally, is brighter, we think, than it has been at any time in the past. The lot of any of the twenty million white children in the United States is probably more fortunate than that of any among a like number ever was before.

For much good that we have let us be ever thankful—while pitching in all we know to try to get more.—Saturday Evening Post.

Attorney General Compliment.

Attorney General Young's official opinion sustaining the constitutionality of chapter 405, general laws of 1907—the $400,000 road and bridge appropriation—will be hailed with delight throughout the state. Mr. Young placed a liberal and common sense interpretation on section five, article nine of the constitution, and did not indulge in any technical hair-splitting theories. Mr. Young truly says: "If the quoted language of the constitution were construed literally, the state could not make any improvements of a public character, even to the extent of erecting the state capitol, universities, penitentiary or asylums."

The $400,000, wisely expended wild aid materially in improving the highways of the state, especially so in the sparsely settled districts of the northern part of the state. The Union has faith in the state highway commission, but the legislators deemed it best to entrust the county commissioners of the counties to supervise the proper expenditure of the sums appropriated. It is expressly provided that the entire amount appropriated shall be expended on road and bridge improvement, and no county treasurer shall retain or be entitled to any portion of any such sum or sums as his fees or compensation for handling the same. It also provides that no member of any county board shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any part of such work, nor shall any member of said board receive any additional compensation for his services in such supervision.—Princeton Union.

Minnesota Makes Big Gain.

The national census bureau has reported the dairy statistics to the country down to 1905, including comparisons with the figures for 1900. In butter production the three leading states are Wisconsin, with 89,155,975 lbs. made; Iowa, 71,181,766 lbs. and Minnesota, 62,122,554. While Minnesota ranks third in quantity produced, she ranks first of the three in gain during the five year period. Wisconsin gained 44.2 per cent; Iowa lost 7.8 per cent and Minnesota gained 50.9 per cent. Illinois, generally supposed to be one of the great butter states, principally because "Elgin butter" is so well known, produced only 27,339,925 lbs. of butter in 1905, and made a gain of only 19.7 per cent over 1900.

The average home price of all butter in the states was 21.3 cents a pound, which indicates a higher price for the best grades. But calling Minnesota's average price 22 cents, a conservative estimate, makes the value of her butter alone $13,666,962.—Heatwole's Dairy Paper.

Massachusetts is making an interesting experiment in life insurance, and the most interesting thing about it is that it is the nearest approach to government insurance ever made in this country. Theoretically and nominally the savings banks will handle the insurance business, but their operations in this line are so immediately under the direction and supervision of the officials of the state as to make it very close indeed to a state function.

The strongest argument in favor of the new law permitting savings banks to maintain insurance departments in connection with their savings deposit business is the contrast between the 37.21 per cent of premium receipts which are consumed in the expenses of the great life insurance companies and the 1.47 per cent of deposits which stands for the same item in savings bank management.

The advocate of the plan in his arguments sets forth that a man who paid 50 cents a week into the savings bank, starting at the age of 21, would, if he lived the 40½ years of average expectation of life, have to his credit $2,265.90, as against $820 of life insurance. This, as the Pittsburg Dispatch says, is hardly a fair comparison, since the man who lives the forty years does not when depositing in the savings bank pay for the chance that he may die the first or second year. If he should, his heirs would get from the savings bank only a few dollars, while the insurance plan would give them $800.

It is true, however, that a plan which will reduce the heavy expenses of the insurance companies will give the people much larger returns for their premiums, or much smaller premiums for the same amount of insurance. Massachusettes is to try whether the enlargement of the savings bank function will accomplish this result. The test is accompanied by restrictions that err, if at all, on the side of caution. No savings bank is allowed to take a greater risk than $500 of death benefit or $200 of annuity. But it seems possible for a person desiring more insurance to patronize a number of banks and thus multiply the amount of his insurance.

The law forbids the imployment of insurance solicitors and collectors. No one will be insured unless he applies at the window of the savings bank. The insurance theory is that desirable risks will not insure unless they are induced to do so by the arguments with which the efficient agent is liberally supplied. This experiment will furnish a test of this theory that is worth watching. If it turns out that men will insure themselves without the besieging of agents, the experiment may furnish a means of making a more complete reform of the insurance business than any that has been attempted thus far.—Duluth Herald.

The Roseau farming district is attracting the attention of the young farmers of North Dakota, Southern Minnesota and Iowa where the price of land in the latter two is high and in the former because of the lack of diversified farming being feasible. Where creameries abound and butter commands a premium it is patent to all that it must be an ideal farming country. What is true of Roseau county is equally true of the entire northwestern section of Minnesota except perhaps, that land can be purchased somewhat cheaper in Roseau county. The lack of railroad facilities in the past has produced one good result. The farmers realized the expense and time required to market grain from 10 to 30 miles and have turned their attention to the cow and the raising of tame hay. The creamery will be their main stay for all time to come and the result will be a prosperous class of farmers. There is no reason why land around Roseau will not sell for $50 per acre in less than ten years and as a matter of fact well improved farms cannot be purchased for that price now. There are however many quarter sections of the very best of land which is now held at from $15 to $25 per acre. These farms have little or no improvements, but are mostly prairie and easily brought under cultivation. R[illegible] Times.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

ACTUAL COST

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

Attend the
Minnesota State Fair

At the Fair Grounds between
St. Paul and Minneapolis

SEPTEMBER 2nd-7th, 1907

DAN PATCH, world's record harness horse will go against his last record opening day.
SWEET MARIE champion trotting mare of the world will appear. Great Speed Contest, most celebrated horsemen in America have entered their best trotters and pacers. Free Pike this year. Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle every night. Daily Airship Flights. New Buildings, New Exhibits, New Amusements.

Great Northern Railway
offers following train service between here and Twin Cities Lv 4:30 p. m. Ar St. Paul 7:30 a. m. Ar Minneapolis 7 a. m.

For rates enquire W. E. Baker, Agent.

Great Northern Railway

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at

JACKSON & M'GINN'S

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

The News, $1 Per Year.

Rickets.

Simply the visible sign that baby's tiny bones are not forming rapidly enough.

Lack of nourishment is the cause.

Scott's Emulsion nourishes baby's entire system. Stimulates and makes bone.

Exactly what baby needs.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

BAD HAIL STORM.

Large Section of North Dakota Crops Wiped Out.

One of the most desructive hail storms of recent years swept over portions of Ramsey, Walsh, Nelson and Grand Forks counties N. D., from near Edmore to a point several miles below Niagara last week. Thousands of acres of wheat and other grain were pounded into the ground and the loss is enormous.

The storm travelled southeast and the strip ruined is from eight to fifteen miles in width.

Niagara reports that the hail storm at that point was very severe. It lasted an hour, commencing at 4:00 o'clock. After the storm the hail could be scooped up by the bushel.

The destruction of the grain in that locality was complete wherever the storm struck. Reports were received at Niagara indicating the storm went at least 16 miles to the south.

Petersburg reported a severe storm with the loss total wherever the storm struck. The storm was freakish missing some farmers and destroying all the grain in the vicinity belonging to others.

Passengers who arrived on Train No.6 from the west stated that they could see evidences of great destruction in the vicinity of Niagara. The grain was literally pounded into the ground.

From the reports received it is evident that the destruction in the storm was the greatest of any this year.

Ramsey county also sustained heavy losses in the storm of last week. H. C. Klingle of Cato township, who was in Devils Lake this week, stated that the crops of that township were badly damaged by the hail and he estimates that there will be at least a three-fourths loss in the wheat crop. He has lost about 400 acres of choice grain and there are other farmers whose fields have been entirely devastated. Cato township is about 17 miles northeast of Devils Lake and is in the very heart of the country which was visited by the hail last week. The storm was one of the worst that has visited that section in many years and a number of the farmers will have a difficult time in recovering the loss which they have sustained.

Iron in Beltrami County.

Bemidji Sentinel: For a number of years at various periods prospectors have been at work in the vicinity of Buena Vista on the south side of the Continental Divide, prospecting in order to ascertain as to what if any, minerals could be found in that vicinity. It has long been known that the divide that seperates the waters which flow north and south has furnished the richest ore in the state, moreover that as the mines have been worked westward not only the volume but richness of the ore increases. The finding of ore at Kellihar recently only confirms this statement *But nowhere has any indication* of petroleum been found, except in the vicinity of the hills south of Buena Vista, where exist the only mineral springs known in the state. These waters give beyond any doubt, some indications of oil, in fact oil can be taken from the surface of the water.

For a number of years on the reports of prospectors, capitalists have secured such tracts of land as appeared to be the best for investments. They now have large holdings. At present there are parties quietly giving these lands a thorough investigation and it is now known that their most sanguine hopes are realized and that there is no question but that not only iron but petroleum exists in great quantities and that at an early date they will be developed.

Ike Has Bad Luck.

The Ike's Music Store was closed up yesterday by Sheriff Gonyea. The goods in the store were attached by a Chicago Piano house who claim that Mr. Ike owes money and they were taken from the store and will be taken in charge by the sheriff until the case is settled. It is understood that the goods are attached conditionally and that should Mr. Ike be able to raise a certain amount of money within a stated period that he will be allowed to continue business.-Crookston Times.

TORE UP RAILROAD

Great Northern Took Up Ten Miles of Track on Sunday.

Did Not Want People to Get Out an Injunction.

It has long been known that the Great Northern desires to take up its track from St. Hilaire to track from St. Hilaire to Wylie. Therefore the residents of that section will be interested in the following taken from the Halstad correspondence to the Hendrum Review:

With a crew of 200 men fully equipped for the work, the Great Northern officials swooped down on the Hague branch, last Sunday, and wiped it off the map by removing the rails, ties and other material. The reason for doing this on Sunday was that an injunction would have been served, restraining them from tearing it up, but as no legal action could be *taken on Sunday* the company seems to have gotten the best of it. The Hague branch, from the Grandin farm, just across the river from Halstad, to a point on the main line south of Hillsboro, a distance of about ten miles, was built in early days, when competition was alive to keep other roads from building in to get the wheat shipments from the Grandin farm. It was also graded on this side of the Red, so as to make connection with this line, but a bridge was never put in on account of the fact that the government required a bridge that could be opened for passing boats and the company thought it too expensive. The branch has been used but little the past ten years, no regular service having been maintained, so the rails were two streaks of rust. Hague and Dalrymple are the two stations on the branch. It is said the laborers who took part in the Sunday excursion got $1 each.

SAFE BREAKERS.

Attempt Made to Blow Up a Safe at Middle River

Middle River Pioneer: Sunday morning, when E. P. Modin, the manager of Sjoberg's store, came down town he made the discovery that burglars had been in the store sometime during the night and had made an attempt to blow open the safe. A hole had been drilled into the safe from the top and a heavy charge of powder had been exploded in the safe, but the doors held and the cracksmen were unable to get into the money box. Entrance to the store was made by the rear door. Mr. Sjoberg had a large number of notes and other valuable papers in the safe and it is his opinion that the attempt was made, not so much for the purpose of getting the money that was in the safe, but to destroy the papers. His conjecture is borne out by the fact that the cracksmen drilled directly into the compartment where the papers were kept, showing a good knowledge of the interior arrangement of the safe, and also from the fact that they used common powder, as is apparent upon a close examination of the safe. The door to the money compartment was broken, but the outer doors stood the shock, although the bolts were bent somewhat. The safe was covered with blankets to deaden the noise of the explosion.

The fact that the cash register was not touched lends color to the theory that money was not what the robbers were after. The loss will be only the cost of new doors for the safe. This is the second time safe breakers have done their work in Middle River and we believe a vigorous investigation by an experienced man would result in the capture of the person or persons who committed the last burglary. An attempt will be made, at any rate.

NO NEED OF INSPECTION.

Ordinary Boilers Used for Steam Heating do not Have to be Inspected.

Attorney General Young has given an opinion regarding the inspection of boilers. He holds that the law did not intend that ordinary boilers used for the steam heating purposes in buildings should be inspected under the state law. Such boilers are exempt, although boiler inspectors have heretofore inspected them, charging the regular fee for so doing.

A case in St. Paul was cited by the attorney general. A fireman in a three story brick block was convicted and fined for operating a boiler without first obtaining a license. The case was appealed to the supreme court, and a decision was rendered as follows

Ordinary steam heating plants used for heating buildings occupied in part for business and in part for residence purposes do not come within the scope of operation of chapter 91, page 72, Gen. Laws 1899, providing for the licensing of persons operating steam boilers and steam machinery of any kind.

MILL WOOD

Now is the time to Place your orders for mill wood, the cheapest fuel to be had. Costs only

$1.00 per load.

ORDER YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW!

T. R. F. LUMBER CO.

Mark Twain on Advertising.

"It pays to advertise," said Mark Twain at an advertisement writer's banquet. "When I was editing the 'Virginia City Enterprise,' writing copy one day and mining the next, I tried to force the truth home in many ways.

"A superstitious subscriber once wrote and said he had found a spider in his paper. Was it good or bad luck? I replied to him in our Answers to Correspondents' column as follows:

"Old subscriber: The finding of a spider in your copy of the Enterprise was neither good nor bad luck. The spider was merely looking over our pages to find out what merchant was not advertising, so that it could spin its web across his door and lead a free and undisturbed existance ever after."

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK
September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildidgs, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000, offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2

STATE

Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Air Ship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of Jericho," Magnificent Pyrotechic Spectacle Each Night.

FAIR

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

The News: $1 per Year.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Statements made by State Auditor Iverson of the condition of the state's finances at the end of the fiscal year show the state to be in the most prosperous condition in its history and they also show an enormous increase in the volume of business. The receipts for the last fiscal year show an increase of more than $1,000,000 over the previous year and an increase of nearly $10,000,000 over the receipts in 1880. The revenue fund shows a balance on hand of $1,020,162.85, as compared with $430,936.09 last year and a deficit of $444,625.45 in 1905.

A conflict of authority between the state and federal laws relating to the hours of employment of railroad employes seems imminent in this state. The legislature last winter passed a law prohibiting the employment of trainmen for more than sixteen consecutive hours. A similar law was passed by congress last winter, but that law gives the railroads a year in which to comply and the railroads prefer to take this year in arranging their schedules to conform to the law.

George F. Welsh of Morton has been elected to the position of executive commissioner of immigration of Minnesota at the meeting of the immigration commission. Four ballots were necessary before sufficient votes to assure Welsh's election were obtained. The salary of executive immigration commissioner was fixed at $2,000 per year and the headquarters of the commissioner will be at the capitol.

August Miest, a resident of Watonwan county three and one-half miles southwest of St. James, has had trouble keeping the water out of his cellar, so he has been digging a drain to pipe the water out. While digging through a layer of gravel three feet below the surface of the ground he discovered it carried gold that upon examination by a St. James jeweler is estimated to run about $30 to the ton.

Mrs. August Ohlinkamp of Sherburne on Saturday gave birth to twin boys. This makes the fifth pair of twins with which this family has been blessed. They have eleven living children and have lost two. Mr. Ohlinkamp is a poor German, depending on his daily wages for a living.

Joseph T. Mannix of Minneapolis, who has the distinction of being the dean of the newspaper reporters in the Twin Cities, has assumed the office of state superintendent of printing, succeeding A. N. Dare of Elk River.

About 100 of the common laborers of the Kettle River Quarry company at Sandstone are out on a strike for higher wages. They have been receiving 20 cents per hour and demand $2.25 per day.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Edward Schorer, a traveling man working for an advertising agency in St. Paul, has been arrested at Minneapolis on a charge of forging small checks and passing them on Twin City victims. It is alleged his manipulations of bogus checks have gone on for three years and that the detectives of both cities have been on a still hunt for him all that time.

The body of Jason Greenuff, a pioneer resident of Cass county, was found at the bottom of the grade at the west end of the railroad bridge at Motley. It was believed that he had been struck by a train, but the Morrison county coroner, who viewed the remains, found no marks to indicate that he had been killed in that manner.

Seeing their man acting as motorman on a Minneapolis street car detectives boarded the car and rode to the end of the line, where they made the arrest. The motorman was George W. Du Bois, wanted for the alleged embezzlement of $2,600 from the Wanda (Minn.) office of the J. H. Queal Lumber company.

Driven almost insane by continued illness and brooding over the fact that a sister was dying of tuberculosis Martin Anderson, aged sixty-two years, hung himself from a door joist in the cellar of his home at Minneapolis.

Fires in Minneapolis during the past year caused losses estimated at a total of $415,215.34. Fourteen of the fires caused losses exceeding $10,000 each. The total of loss was the smallest since 1897.

While picking berries along the bluff of the St. Croix at Stillwater Leonard, an eight-year-old son of Martin Wilberg, fell off the dyke and was drowned in twenty feet of water.

Burt Wesley and Maude Wheeler were drowned at Rainy Lake City. The young couple were engaged in a scuffle on the dock and fell in.

Fire at Duluth caused a loss of $110,000 to the Burgess Electric company, Mellin & Co., and the Christie Lithographing company.

OBITUARY.

Frank A. Renz, father of Health Commissioner Dr. Gustav A. Renz and during more than forty years a prominent citizen of St. Paul, is dead in that city, aged eighty-three.

Richard Foote, locally known as Dick Foote, is dead at Minneapolis. He had been an actor, author, journalist, lecturer, orator and politician.

Mrs. Charles Carlberg, living near Clinton, Ind., is dead. She was a pioneer resident of Big Stone county.

LABOR NEWS.

Governor Johnson of Minnesota has issued a proclamation in connection with the strike on the iron range in which he makes it clear that any intimidation or attempts to prevent those who desire from working in the mines or any trespassing on private property will be met with the calling out of the troops of the state. On the other hand the governor wants it understood that the miners have a perfect right as citizens to meet in public halls to discuss the situation and, while parading will not be tolerated, ordinary groups of strikers are to be allowed on the public streets and highways without molestation.

The ore dock workers of Duluth, who have been on a strike for recognition of the union and a raise in pay, have voted to return to work. Neither of the issues raised by the men was granted by the Duluth, Missabe and Northern railroad and when the men return to work their status will be the same as it was the day they voted to strike. All of the employes will be taken back by the company without prejudice and the pay they have been receiving under a verbal agreement with the company, which would not have expired until Oct. 31 next, will continue.

The refusal of the mine owners of Butte, Mont., to grant an increase of 50 cents a day to the machinists employed at the mines was followed by the calling out of the members of the Machinists' union. Should the strike be of any great duration it will result in the shutting down of the mines.

A renewal of hostilities is threatened between San Francisco telegraphers and their employers. The local union has served notice on the Western Union that in its belief the spirit of the agreement which settled the strike was not being observed by the corporation.

Eighty per cent of the steel corporation's mines on the Minnesota iron ranges are working. The ore is being loaded just as rapidly as the company can secure cars and the casual observer would scarcely know that there had been a strike.

A strike has been ordered by the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen against the Colorado and Southern railway.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The candidacy of William H. Taft, secretary of war, for the Republican nomination for president was endorsed by the Republican state committee at Columbus, O., by a vote of 15 to 6. The endorsement carried with it a declaration that the Republicans of Ohio are opposed to "the elimination from public life of Senators Foraker and Dick."

Frank Frantz has been nominated for governor by the Republicans of Oklahoma. Mr. Frantz is the present governor of Oklahoma territory. He was a Rough Rider captain at the San Juan hill fight in Cuba and is an intimate friend of President Roosevelt.

Joseph F. Johnston has been nominated by the Democrats of Alabama to succeed Senator Pettus in the United States senate. Mr. Johnston was twice governor of the state and ran against the late Senator Morgan for the senate one time.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Chaos reigns in the liquor traffic in Georgia following the passage of a bill providing for absolute prohibition after Jan. 1. Dispatches from Savannah and other cities tell a story of financial loss that runs into many millions.

Jimmy Britt of San Francisco gained the decision over Battling Nelson of Hegewisch, Ill., at the end of twenty rounds of as fast and pretty a fight as has been seen in San Francisco in many years.

The license of the Southern Railway to do business in the state of Alabama has been revoked by action of Secretary of State Frank N. Julian.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 5.—Wheat—Sept., 96⅞c; Dec., 97⅞@97¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.02⅛@1.02⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.01⅛@1.01⅜; No. 2 Northern, 98@98⅞c; No. 3 Northern, 94@96c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.50@5.25. Hogs—$5.70@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.50; spring lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.00⅞; No. 1 Northern, 99⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 97⅞c; Sept., 99⅞c; Dec., 99c. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.15⅞; Oct., $1.14½; Nov., $1.14⅞; Dec., $1.12½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Wheat—Sept., 91@91⅛c. Dec., 95⅞@95⅞c. Corn—Sept., 55⅛@55¼c. Dec., 52⅞@52½c. Oats—Sept., 44c; Dec., 42⅞c. Pork—Sept., $16.42½. Butter—Creameries, 21@23½c, dairies, 18½@22c. Eggs—13½@15c. Poultry — Turkeys and chickens, 12c, springs, 15@16c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.40@7.50, cows, $1.40@5.20, heifers, $2.[illegible]@5.40, calves, $6.00@7.60, good to prime steers, $5.80@7.50, poor to medium, $4.50@7.75, stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@4.90. Hogs—Light, $6.[illegible]@6.55; mixed, $6.00@6.45, heavy, $5.[illegible]@6.30, rough, $5.[illegible]@5.[illegible], pigs, $5.75@6.[illegible], good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.30. Sheep, $3.50@5.75, lambs, $5.50@7.65.

JAILED FOR DEBT.

At One Time the Law Was Severe on Those Who Owed Money.

In nearly every country until comparatively recent times debtors have been subject to imprisonment. After the panic of 1825 101,000 writs for debt were issued in England. In 1830 7,000 persons were sent to London prisons for debt, and on Jan. 1, 1840, 1,700 persons were held for debt in England and Wales, 1,000 in Ireland and less than 100 in Scotland. From time to time modifications in the laws governing the imprisonment of debtors have been made, so that fewer debtors are imprisoned for this crime each year.

In 1829 there were 3,000 debtors in prison in Massachusetts, 10,000 in New York, 7,000 in Pennsylvania, 3,000 in Maryland and a like proportion in other states. Many of these persons were jailed for debts of $1. The law providing for the imprisonment of men who could not pay their debts was shown to be impracticable by statistics taken from Philadelphia, where in 1828 there were 1,085 debtors imprisoned for debts amounting to $25,000. The expense of keeping these persons in confinement was $362,000, which was paid by the city, and the amount recovered by this method was $295.

Imprisonment for debt was abolished by congress in the United States in 1833, though this measure was not fully enforced until 1839.—New York Tribune.

WIFE OR CHILD, WHICH?

An Ingenious Problem With Two Interesting Equations.

Some time ago George was bragging about never having told a lie, and he said he never would. An Irishman, hearing the assertion, made a wager with George that he could make him tell a lie in two minutes.

So Pat began: "Supposing you and your little child and her friend were out in a boat for a row; the boat suddenly capsized, and you were all thrown into the water. Now, which child would you save?" asked Pat.

"Well," answered George, "under the circumstances I should save my own in preference to any one else's child."

"Very good," answered Pat. "Now, suppose you and your wife and child were out for a row and the boat again capsized. Now, which of them would you save, your wife or your child?"

After a thoughtful pause, George answered that he would save his wife.

"There you are," cried Pat. "You said at first that you would rather save your child in preference to any one else's, but now you say that you would save your wife, who is somebody else's child."—Pearson's Weekly.

From Obscurity to Renown.

An ancient well, once surrounded by walls eight feet high, in "Yeoing field," Trewsbury Mead, a valley about three miles from Cirencester, near the village of Kemble, is the source known as Thames' head. In summer no sign of water or of water plants can be found near it. Its walls are now down, and thickly interlaced vines and brush hide it from view. In winter it overflows, floods the valley and contributes its little force to the greatest of island rivers. Thus from an obscure, hidden and neglected origin England's historic river swells and flows on until, upon its pellucid bosom above Folly bridge to its brackish waters below the Tower of London, it nurses everything from an infant's gentle pleasures to the sinister tragedies of the greatest city in the world.—From "In Thamesland."

A Trade In Learning.

"I want you," said the old farmer, "to give the boy 'bout six or eight dollars' worth o' learnin'. Fer instance, I'll start him on three bushels o' corn; then, when that's out, I'll keep him a-movin' on a couple o' smokehouse hams, an' I may decide to give you a young heifer to l'arn him writin' an' a home raised cow for a leetle 'rithmetic."

"Do you want him to learn any of the higher branches?"

"Well, after he climbs a leetle you might throw in 'bout a bushel or two of 'em, or say 'bout a quarter o' beef's worth."—Atlanta Constitution.

They Disagreed.

"These fellows were fighting," said the policeman.

"Your honor," began one of the prisoners, "I beg of you not to accept so crude a misconstruction of our acts. Doubtless you have heard of a 'gentleman's agreement?'"

"Certainly."

"Well, we had one, but it had progressed to the stage where it became a 'gentleman's disagreement.'"

Yet was the judge deaf to reason.—Philadelphia Ledger.

An Unexpected Shot.

"My dear," said the caller, with a smile, to the little girl who occupied the study while her father, an eminent literary man, was at dinner, "I suppose you assist your father by entertaining the bores."

"Yes," replied the little girl gravely. "Please be seated."—Judge.

His Work.

"What," asked the man who is always preaching, "have you ever done to make this a brighter world?"

"I've done a lot in that line, stranger," said the one with the large, rough hands. "I'm a barn painter by trade, and I generally paint 'em red."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Trials of Life.

Visiting Prison Chaplain—Ah, my friend, this world is full of trials. Incarcerated Guest—Don't I know it, mister? Ain't I 'ad my share of 'em? But it ain't the trials I minds so much. It's the verdicts.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A QUAKER ROMANCE.

The Wooing of Katherine Hollingsworth by George Robinson.

Valentine Hollingsworth accompanied William Penn in the good ship Welcome and settled in Delaware upon the banks of the Brandywine. Katherine, his daughter, "a delectable Quaker maiden," the pride of the little settlement, was wooed and won by big George Robinson. But George was of the Church of England, and Katherine "must be married in meeting."

"George," writes the author of "Heirlooms In Miniature," "was willing to join the society, be a Friend and be married in meeting or anywhere else that Katherine said. Accordingly he and Katherine made their first declaration fifth day, first month, 1688."

The elders, however, had "scruples," seeing that George's conversion was very sudden, and they asked him this searching question:

"Friend Robinson, dost thou join the Society of Friends from conviction or for the love of Katherine Hollingsworth?"

George hesitated. He prized the truth and he did wish to marry Katherine. So he answered:

"I wish to join the society for the love of Katherine Hollingsworth."

The Friends counseled "delay and that Friend Robinson should be persuasively and instructively dealt with." Shrewd men as they were, they allowed Katherine to deal with him, and within a year George joined the society as a true convert.

An old manuscript reads, "He and Katherine were permitted to begin a long and happy married life together, being for many years an example of piety and goodness to those around them and retaining their love of truth and loyalty to the society to the last."

HE HIRED WEBSTER.

A Sharp Nantucket Man's Bargain With the Great Lawyer.

Of course Webster was in demand by those who could afford to pay for his services. A sharp Nantucket man is said to have got the better of the great defender of the constitution in an amusing way, however. He had a small case which was to be tried at Nantucket one week in June, and he posted to Webster's office in great haste. It was a contest with a neighbor over a matter of considerable local interest, and his pride as a litigant was at stake. He told Webster the particulars and asked what he would charge to conduct the case.

"Why," said Webster, "you can't afford to hire me. I should have to stay down there the whole week, and my fee would be more than the whole case is worth. I couldn't go down there for less than $1,000. I could try every case on the docket as well as one, and it wouldn't cost any more, for one case would take my time for the entire week anyway."

"All right, Mr. Webster," quickly responded the Nantucketer. "Here's your $1,000. You come down, and I'll fix it so you can try every case."

Webster was so amused over this proposition that he kept his word. He spent the entire week in Nantucket and appeared on one side or the other in every case that came up for hearing. The shrewd Nantucketer hired Daniel out to all his friends who were in litigation and received in return about $1,500, so that he got Webster's services for nothing and made a good profit to boot.

The Hygiene of Underwear.

The average person wearing two sets of underclothing a week, says the Youth's Companion, will make the change in the middle of the week, but it would be far better if the two sets were kept going the entire week on alternate days. With the biweekly change, the clothes worn during the day are aired only for seven or eight hours in the twenty-four and never have the purifying process of a sunning. With two sets going on alternate days, one set can be aired two nights and one day, and, if possible, should be hung up where they can receive the direct rays of the sun for some hours. They should not be kept in a dark closet.

A Wonderful Cataract.

The falls of Iguazu, situate near where Argentina, Paraguay and Brazil meet, form one of the most wonderful cataracts in the world, being greater in extent and more varied in character than the better known falls of Niagara. The first plunge of the Iguazu falls is 210 feet, followed by two others of 100 feet each, while between the two series of falls there are cataracts and rapids covering a vast expanse and surrounding picturesque islands.

The Left Wing.

"Is there any portion of the fowl you prefer, major?" asked the hostess blandly.

"The left wing, if you please."

"The left wing?"

"Yes," retorted the major, gazing dubiously at the platter. "I believe it is always good military tactics to bring the left wing of a veteran corps into action."—London Tit-Bits.

Fancy Rice.

"I want some rice," said the haughty lady. "You have it for sale, have you not?"

"Sure, madam," replied the grocer. "Six cents a pound or two pounds for [illegible]."

"Oh, I must have the most expensive kind. It's for a very fashionable wedding."—Philadelphia Press.

What sort of truths do the majority rally round? Truths that are decrepit with age. When a truth is so old as that it's in a fair way to become a lie.—Ibsen.

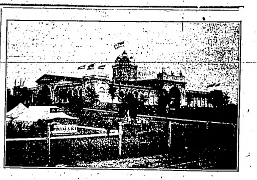

Agricultural Hall on the Minnesota State Fair Grounds.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The
Great Northern
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issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.
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MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK
September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildidgs, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000, offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2.
STATE
Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CHANCE CAME.

Dan's Father Said He Never Would Set the River on Fire.

Several years before the discovery of oil at Pithole an Irishman named McCarthy and his son Dan came to this country from the Emerald Isle. Dan was a young man of twenty, but his father looked upon him as a mere boy and seemed to take delight in ridiculing him before people.

"Yis, Dan is a good b'y," he would say sarcastically, "but, Danny, me b'y, yez'll niver set the river on fire."

This was his stock witticism, and it annoyed Dan very much, but he did his best and soon surprised the old gentleman by securing a lucrative job.

"Yis, Danny has a job all right," he said. "It's $1.50 a day, but the b'y 'll niver set the river on fire—not he."

When oil was found at Pithole, Dan hurried to the scene and was soon earning unusually large wages as a teamster. All the petroleum was drawn in barrels, and teams were in great demand. He saved his money, bought an acre of land and soon had a well drilled that was producing 100 barrels of oil per day at $10 per barrel. The elder McCarthy joined him, saw the well, received a liberal gift of money and then shook his head ominously.

"'Tis a good thing, Danny," he croaked, "ye're doin' well; but, mark me worruds, yez'll niver set the river on fire, me b'y."

A few days later a flood wrecked one of Dan's small wooden tanks, the oil ran down the river, and there was great excitement. As Dan and his father stood on the bank watching the oil float away Dan drew a match and lighted it.

"Father," he said coolly, "the next toime yez say Oi'll niver set the river on fire plaze remimber that Oi had a chance wanst, and—and didn't do ut, bedad."

Then he blew out the match.

STRANGER THAN FICTION.

The Tragedy In the Life of a Russian Military Officer.

Lieutenant von Lemsberg of the Russian guards endured thirty-one years of penal exile and penal service in Siberia. He was in his day a fine looking and highly accomplished officer. Like many of his fellows, he borrowed money from City Councilor Wlassow, an old, good natured bachelor. Young von Lemsberg's notes continued to grow, and the old money lender threatened to sue unless some of them were redeemed. Then the young lieutenant became engaged to the daughter of Count Todleben and called on Wlassow to tell him the news and to ask for time. "You wait," said he, in a sneering way. "I'll give you a wedding present to be remembered." Believing this to have been a threat, the lieutenant called at the house the next day and deliberately cut his throat. He opened the old man's desk to find his promissory notes and discovered them neatly tied up, marked "Paid" and a document by which he would have become the heir of the man he had murdered. Overcome by remorse he surrendered to the authorities and was sentenced to life servitude in Siberia. Because of good conduct his irons were taken off after seven years, he married a woman who went into voluntary exile to be near a relative, started a vegetable shop in the penal settlement which grew until it became a great mercantile establishment, and when the war with Japan broke out he volunteered, became an officer, was decorated for bravery and received a full pardon.

The Old Stagecoach.

Those who are accustomed to look back with longing eyes to the "good old days" will find it interesting to learn that in the middle of the eighteenth century the common carrier between Selkirk and Edinburgh, a distance of thirty-eight miles, required two weeks to make the journey. In 1778 it took a day and a half for a stagecoach to go from Edinburgh to Glasgow, only forty-four miles away. About the same time the swiftest stages seldom covered the road between Edinburgh and London, 310 miles, in less than two weeks, an average speed of about twenty-two miles a day.—St. Louis Republic.

The Bride Wins.

At Yarmouth, in St. Nicholas' church, one of the most curious objects is known as the Devil's Chair. It is formed out of the huge jawbone of a whale and stands at the west end of the church. When fisher lasses get married, they think it good for the newly wedded couple to race from the chancel, and they believe that whoever reaches the Devil's Chair first will rule the roost in the little household they are about to set up.—London Graphic.

A Canine Secret.

"You can always tell the people who are unhappy from the look of their faces," said the tired woman, "but if you look out into the court of a morning you never can tell which dog it is that has cried all night and kept you awake."—New York Press.

A Social Catastrophe.

"Was no one injured in the railway collision, count?"

"No, but nevertheless it was a most painful situation. First, second, third and fourth class passengers all mingled together! Simply unheard of!"—Fliegende Blatter.

Traveling "For Health."

"My doctor recommends Europe."

"Going?"

"Dunno yet. My lawyer seems to think Canada will do."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The confession of evil works is the beginning of good works.—Augustine.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

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EACH MONTH
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WILL BUY YOU
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LOTS FOR A
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VIVO
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff;

—vs—

Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug. 29.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No. 174 made June 23rd, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 18, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept., 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " " "
Gust Anderson, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 25 aug 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July, 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael T. Torgerson of Reiner, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1230 made Aug. 2nd 1905, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 154 N. Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Sept., 3, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz.

Helmer J. Halverson, of Reiner, Minn.
Torgus Halverson, " "
[illegible] Sigrud, " "
Knut Torgerson, " Grygla, "

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage or Lease Land.

Estate of John H. Krapes.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court:

In the Matter of the Estate of John H. Krapes, Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Martha A. Krapes, Ella Krapes, Maude Krapes, Belle Krapes, Daisy Kelly, Myrtle Krapes Alfred Krapes, Grover Krapes, and Gladys Krapes, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of G. K. Fargo as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same:

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 26th, day of August 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayor of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 29th, day of July, 1907.

COURT SEAL

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Auditor, Secretary of the State Drainage Commission of the State of Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock P. M., September the 2nd, 1907, for the construction of a State drainage ditch, numbered 47, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, plans and specifications for which are on file in the office of the State Drainage Engineer in the Old Capitol Building, St. Paul, Minn.

The number of cubic yards contained in said ditch is 121,806.3. A certified check made payable to the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota in five per cent of the amount bid must accompany each bid as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

S. G. IVERSON,
Secretary of the State Drainage Commission.
GEORGE A. RALPH,
State Drainage Engineer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charl P. Nordmark of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1218 made July 27th 1905, for the S. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 3rd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Hoken Nabben of Thorwick, Minn.
Louis Larson of " "
Pete Flo of " "
Aanum Johnson of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 25 aug 29

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE,

STRIKERS ARRESTED

Accused of Threatening to Blow Up a Boardinghouse.

CLASH WITH THE DEPUTIES

But All the Strikers Finally Are Landed in Jail at Hibbing—General State News.

Twenty-three strikers were arrested at Hibbing Monday night charged with threatening to blow up an Austrian boardinghouse. There was a clash between the deputies and the men, but all were landed in jail.

Two strikers were placed under arrest at Eveleth also charged with intimidation and were lodged in jail pending their preliminary hearing.

Printed proclamations have been distributed among the strikers at Eveleth by the Western Federation of Miners approving the proclamation of Governor Johnson and commanding obedience to its mandates.

The printed slips are addressed in *bold type to the "strikers"* and the proclamation is prefaced by the announcement:

"His excellency, the governor of the state of Minnesota, has issued the following proclamation, which henceforth shall govern your actions, as we expect it will rule the actions of our opponents in the industrial field."

Alarmed by reports that the strikers would take advantage of the fact that the special deputies had been released Chief of Police Kent spent several hours delivering a personal summons to each of the 125 citizens who had been previously deputized for guard duty. The result was that when the people of Eveleth awoke Monday morning they found the streets heavily patrolled and on all of the roads leading to the mines there were lines of deputies armed with guns, just as they had been during the troublous times of last week.

IN SPITE OF THE STRIKE

Ore Shipments From Head of Lakes Ahead of Last Year.

Notwithstanding the fact that over a half month's time was lost on account of the ore handlers' strike on the Missabe docks at Duluth and nearly as much on the docks at Two Harbors and Allouez the ore shipments from the Head of the Lakes are still considerably ahead of those last year.

Up to date the total for the year at the Missabe dock is 5,151,365, as against 4,982,331 tons for 1906. At Two Harbors the total is 3,431,923, as against 3,859,044 for last year at this time, a slight decrease. At the Allouez the total is 3,059,827, as compared with 2,641,636 tons last year. An attempt will be made by the officials of all docks to break all records during August to make up for lost time.

It is said, however, that the steel officials are not particularly anxious that the mines should be worked to a record capacity and if they keep running with moderate crews they will be satisfied.

NO SIGNS OF VIOLENCE.

Governor's Emissary Discusses Situation on Range.

C. H. Day, one of the emissaries sent to the strike district by Governor Johnson to investigate conditions, returned Saturday and reported everything very quiet at Eveleth. The strikers seemed to be convinced that violence would not help their cause in any way and they were conducting the strike very quietly.

"I investigated the charge that the strikers were intimidating those who had refused to join the union and those who had resumed work, but found no basis for the charges," said Mr. Day. "It was reported that several of the strikers would go to the homes of such men and by threatening the wives that unless their husbands joined the union they would be killed. The strikers denied that any such work was being done and I was unable to get any proof that it was."

ISSUES PROCLAMATION.

Governor Johnson Defines Rights of All on Iron Range.

As the days grow apace the possibility of troops being called out for duty on the range becomes less remote. The situation is brightening, according to advices received at the state executive department.

T. D. O'Brien, former state insurance commissioner and legal adviser for the administration, as the head of the commission sent to investigate conditions on the range, has made his report, in which he declares there is no present necessity for troops. He also criticises the action of county officials in breaking up peaceful meetings of strikers.

Governor Johnson immediately issued a proclamation defining the rights of all and prohibiting certain demonstrations and excesses of authority likely to cause trouble.

Girl Rescues Two Men.

Without stopping to think of the possible consequences to herself Miss Louise [illegible], a young Minnetonka girl, cast off in a small rowboat in the midst of a storm and after rowing through the high waves for some time rescued two men, Fred Brown and H. A. Smith, from imminent peril on the bottom of an upturned sailboat.

SIDEWALK COLLAPSES.

Four Hundred People Tumbled Into a Heap in St. Paul.

More than 400 people, men, women and children, were tumbled into a heap at St. Paul by collapse of a sidewalk. When the firemen went to their assistance the writhing mass of humanity was four or five deep, groaning and yelling with fright.

A blaze in the house of Patrick Reany, 934 Conway street, attracted the crowd. Nearly the entire juvenile population of the locality, with many men and women, had followed the fire apparatus to the fire. The home of Mr. Reany is in a hollow about six feet below the sidewalk. A crowd had gathered on the sidewalk when about half a block of sidewalk slid from under the feet of the spectators.

The boards of the walk slid down the sloping hill and crashed into the fence about the house, tearing it away. The spectators fell in a heap and rolled down the embankment. The cries of the young people brought the firemen to their aid and in a short while all were able to get out of the mix. No one was injured seriously.

LADS SAVE THREE LIVES.

Boys Push Passengers From Track at Risk of Own Lives.

Elmer Remp and William O'Neil, two lads employed at Dresbach to deliver city papers, saved three people from almost certain death when two passenger trains going in opposite directions were passing the Dresbach station at the same time.

The northbound train had stopped at the station, had unloaded and loaded passengers and express and was pulling out when a southbound passenger train came bounding in on an adjoining track. Mrs. Ida Maynard, Peter Wacter and M. R. Gilbert, who had alighted from the first train, were making their way across track toward the station and depot and did not notice the engine bearing down upon them. The two boys saw the danger simultaneously and rushed to the heedless passengers and pushed them from the tracks just in time to save them from being hit by the locomotive.

IGNORING THE STATE LAW

Minnesota Railways Continue Long Hours for Employes.

The state and federal laws prohibiting the employment of trainmen for more than sixteen consecutive hours are due to conflict.

The federal law, which was passed by congress last winter, gives the railroads one year in which to comply and the roads accordingly have chosen to ignore the state law and wait until the federal statute becomes operative.

Attorney General Young has received several complaints of violations of the state law and has given notice of prosecutions.

Despondent Over Wife's Death.

John G. Huber, seventy-four years old, committed suicide at St. Paul by hanging. His body was discovered shortly afterward by his granddaughter, Miss Eleanora Best, who kept house for him and who was alone in the house with him when he ended his life. Despondency over the death of his wife, which occurred four weeks ago, was the cause of the suicide.

Red Wing Man Loses Life.

Anton F. Freirmuth lost his life by drowning in the Mississippi a short distance below the high bridge at Red Wing. He was being towed up stream by a fishing party when the chain of his boat broke, with the result that his skiff capsized. The launch hurried to Freirmuth's assistance, but the engine broke down just when the men in the launch were about to rescue him.

Wage Controversy Adjusted.

The long drawn out controversy between the Northern Pacific and its carmen has been adjusted satisfactorily at a meeting at St. Paul between the officials of the road and the carmen. There will be no strike. Mutual concessions were made by both sides, the carmen granting to the company the privilege of employing union or nonunion men.

Actual Work on Steel Plant.

The first actual work on the United States Steel corporation's $10,000,000 plant at the Head of the Lakes has begun. Contractors Viergusz and Millen put men at work clearing the site on the Duluth side of the bay at Spirit Lake. Plans are being drawn for 150 houses to be erected there.

Runaway May Be Fatal.

Miss Emma Pearson of Grove City, this state, was dangerously if not fatally injured by being thrown from a buggy in a runaway at Battle Lake. Mrs. P. N. Lundquist of Battle Lake had both arms broken in the same accident.

HELD IN $10,000 BAIL.

High Officials of Long Island Railroad Arrested.

New York, Aug. 5.—Ralph Peters, president of the Long Island railroad, who, with General Manager McCrea, were held responsible by the coroner's jury for the deaths of Dr. Gallagher and Miss Madigen, who lost their lives in an automobile collision with a Long Island railroad train at St. Albans crossing, was served with a warrant of arrest at Jamaica and held by Coroner Ambler in $10,000 bail to await the action of the grand jury. Bail was furnished. General Manager McCrea was served with a warrant and also held in $10,000 bail. The coroner's jury found both railroad officers criminally negligent for not safeguarding the St. Albans crossing.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FRIENDLINESS OF WILLIAM II

German Emperor Visits Norway Every Summer and Takes Much Interest in Her People.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The "quick lunch" counter has found its way to Stockholm, and the other day Rosenbad's fashionable restaurant was opened for business. There is an American bar in connection, where drinks are served according to American style. The luncheon hours are from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. It is an expensive place, however, as nothing is served in the way of eatables for less than one crown. A noteworthy fact is that American styles and customs are becoming very popular in Stockholm at present. The large number of American tourists, especially Swedish-Americans, has contributed much toward bringing American fashions and methods into Stockholm.

Going up on top of the mountain side near "Stadsgarden," Karl V. Andersson, for a number of years employed in lighting street lamps, hurled himself to death below. The self-murderer has recently been leading a disreputable life and took this horrid means of ending his existence. His body was mangled beyond all recognition. The number of suicides is appallingly large in Stockholm for some reason or other.

Bengt Johansson, of Skeppshult, celebrated his 100th birthday a few days ago. He still retains an excellent memory and can still attend to some of his business affairs. A large number of his friends had gathered to bring him their tokens of respect, and the venerable old gentleman was also the recipient of a telegram from King Oscar, which naturally pleased him immeasurably.

The so-called Co-operative congress, which was held in Stockholm last month, was attended by 115 representatives from various parts of the country. This corporation has made great progress during the last few years. Its capital in 1904 was only 250,000 crowns, as against 2,000,000 at this writing. The surplus for the past year was 33,761 crowns.

According to recent reports the favored prima donna, Mme. Jungstedt-Reutersvard, will not be engaged next year at the royal opera. It has not been learned as to who will take her place. Rumor has it that Madame Jungstedt-Reutersvard contemplates an American tour next season.

Hjalmar Lundin, the Swedish-American wrestler, is at present on a visit in Stockholm and is anxious for a bout. Beck Olsen, the Danish wrestler, has accepted his challenges, and the bout will be pulled off somewhere in the vicinity of Stockholm.

The alcoholist congress was formally opened in Stockholm Saturday, July 27. The speech of welcome was delivered by Prince Gustaf Adolph, and Prince Bernadotte was also one of the speakers. The American delegate was Robert M. O'Reilly.

The Royal Opera company, which appears at the royal opera in Stockholm the year around, has been scheduled to appear for one week in Gothenburg next winter. The leading star will be John Forsell, the noted opera singer.

Snow to the depth of several inches fell in the extreme northern section of the country July 26, in the vicinity of Karnugi. It was the first time in the memory of man that snow had been seen at this season of the year.

The government has negotiated, through a coterie of Swedish and foreign bankers, a new loan of 65,000,000 francs. The loan, which will date from Aug. 1, will bear 3½ per cent. interest.

K. Astley Ekstromer has again been appointed Swedish vice consul in St. Louis, Mo. Ekstromer, it will be remembered, was temporarily recalled from this position some time ago.

A general strike in the pulp mills of the country has caused much embarrassment to paper exporters, not in the least to those who export paper in great quantities to America.

The Norrlands-Posten, which was started in Gefle, July 1, 1837, celebrated its 70th anniversary a few days ago. The first editor of the paper, A. P. Landin, is dead.

The city council of Stockholm has set aside 5,000 crowns for an international congress against alcoholism.

The women of Sweden have contributed 25,000 crowns to the Swedish society for its general use.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Emperor William, accompanied by Count Moltke and two other gentlemen, was promenading [illegible] morning at [illegible] Lysaker. Afterwards they drove over to Count Moltke, where the emperor was tendered a genuine Norwegian breakfast. Mme. Moltke was the recipient of a beautiful diamond brooch from the emperor. For the new palace in Stockholm the emperor has purchased old paintings and [illegible] from the art museum in Christiania. Just why Emperor William takes such an interest in Norway is hard to explain, but certain it is that he loves Norway, for he journeys and cruises about the country every summer, and each and every time he comes he is sure to look up his old friends and visit the same inns and the check of 1,000 crowns for the restoration of Trondhjem cathedral is always forthcoming every single year. A great many Norwegians look forward to his visit every year with a great deal of anticipation, and there are many poor people who benefit greatly by his visit to Norway. Especially was this the case with the Aalesund sufferers, to whom the emperor extended substantial aid and thousands of crowns in money. He is surely Norway's friend and Norway appreciates it. There is not, either, at present any sign that Norway is going to be Germanized.

The city of Aalesund, which was almost totally destroyed by fire three years ago, has been almost entirely rebuilt. It was a dismal sight at that time and not even the most optimistic person could be induced to believe that another town would ever arise from the ashes. But such is the case, however. The little city has again been rebuilt and is enjoying a fair share of the general prosperity of the country, and, if necessary, would be able to pay back a great deal of the money it received from its many sympathizers, both in the homeland and abroad. There came many donations from America and another substantial friend proved to be Emperor William of Germany.

The auto show in Bergen has been an immense success and may be favorably compared with those recently held at Marstrand, Sweden, and in Copenhagen. The premiums were awarded by Madame Michelsen, wife of Premier Michelsen. The king's prize was won by A. Gulowsen, of Christiania. In connection with the auto show there was also a fisheries convention, which was attended by about 300 export fish dealers. There was also a splendid exhibition of motor boats and launches of all kinds, as well as all kinds of fishing smacks, and sailing and pleasure craft. There was a large attendance throughout the entire fortnight and excursion trains were run from many adjoining towns.

Trondhjem's cathedral will be furnished with the most elegant and artistic window decorations procurable. In the great "rose window" the Christ symbol "Agnus Dei" will be surrounded by cherubims. In the lower windows there will be paintings of the Norwegian saints, St. Olaf, St. Halvard, St. Magnus, St. Sunniva, St. Smitun and Archbishop Olsten. The jury which shall pass their verdict of approval or disapproval of this artistic work consists of Artists G. Munthe and Eilif Petersen, Art Historians Johan Meyer and Nils Ryjord. It is expected that this work will be completed inside of two years.

Between 9,000 and 10,000 Norwegians have arrived from America this year to revisit their native country, and it is estimated that about 1,000 of them will remain. More Norwegians have emigrated to East Asia this year than in any previous year, most of them having commercial interests in view. Quite a number are also leaving for Africa and South America, so that the United States is not the only destination of Mother Norway's restless sons.

In addition to the eight local fruit export companies already in existence throughout Stavanger county, there is being formed a large company, to include the whole county, whose business will be to gather up the fruit exported from Stavanger county, which has increased with the years and is now an important industry.

At the international rowing contest in Copenhagen the Norwegian students won the 2,000 meter race, defeating the Swedish and Danish contestants. The Danish Academic club was second and the Gothenburg club came in third. The next meet will be held in Christiania.

There has now been raised about 700,000 crowns toward the building of the Laugendal railroad, 350,000 crowns of which were contributed by Larvik, 150,000 crowns by Hedrum and 100,000 by Lardal—districts through which the road is to pass.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The minor officers of the Danish navy will be encouraged to attend high schools during the coming school year, 10,000 crowns having been set aside to defray a part of their expenses while pursuing their studies. The leading cities of the kingdom cordially welcome the officers to avail themselves of the use of their high schools. The idea back of this new departure is to raise the social standard prevailing in the Danish navy, so as to make it more attractive to ambitious young men.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra of England will visit the Danish coast during the month of August.

There are [illegible] trouble between the socialists and temperance associations of Denmark. The socialist [illegible] very enthusiastic over the temperance [illegible] of their members [illegible] with the temperance associations [illegible].

King [illegible] East Asiatic [illegible] the laws [illegible].

MARION S. NORELIUS.

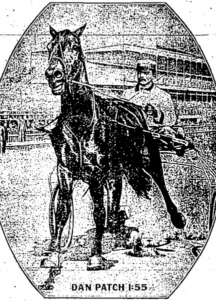

On Monday, Sept. 2, at the Minnesota State Fair, Dan Patch 1:55, the idol of the American horse loving public, will go against his own and the world's record of 1:55, made on the Minnesota State Fair Track last year. Dan has shown superb form this year and is sure to pace a wonderful mile. 2800 remarkable moving pictures will be taken of Dan's mile on Monday, Sept. 2, so that spectators can see both events.

"More Moisture"

SAYS THE BODY.

In the blistering hot days of midsummer the appetite wanes and the thirst is most pronounced. The least exertion causes violent perspiration and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for it is immediately assimilated whether its effect be good or bad.

WHITE SEAL BEER

Is the Hot Weather Beverage Par Excellence

It is strictly pure and most refreshing. Its food element renders it highly nourishing. You can drink it with both pleasure and profit. At leading retailers or delivered at your home.

ORDER NOW FROM

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Christ Paulson, Agent.

THE NEWS.
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

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INTERESTING ACCOUNT

Judge Montague Tells of the Land Office Business.

Hardly any of the Free Government Land Open for Entry.

Judge R. J. Montague, register of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, was in St. Paul last week and to a Pioneer Press reporter he gave an interesting interview upon conditions in this section. Mr. Montague said:

"The public lands which may be taken up under the homestead law upon the payment of the registration fee are now practically gone," said Mr. Montague. "Most of the lands now being taken up are those which were formerly in the Indian reservations and for these the settler must pay a small price per acre in addition to the registration fees. Examples of how the lands are being taken out of the market are the eleven towns in the Red Lake Chippewa reservation which were opened for settlement in June, 1904. About three-fourths of this land has already been taken. A large part of the 25,000 acres which has been listed as state swamp lands, the patent to which was canceled last November, has already been taken."

A ruling of the interior department in January, he stated, had resulted in many of the homesteaders failing to qualify when it came to making final proofs and they had dropped their claims. This ruling was that a person offering final proof assumed the burden of proving a practically continuous residence of fourteen months immediately preceding the offering of proof.

It has been a rule with the department to allow the filers the benefit of a six months constructive residence on the claim commencing immediately after the filing of the claim so that the claimant, by residing on the land for the next eight months, would be allowed to make his final proof, just as though he had lived there continously for fourteen months. A large number of the homesteaders, however, failed to do this and put in their fourteen months on the land at various times during the four years in which they have to make their final proofs.

The new rule does not affect those who intend to become actual settlers, but has caused a number of those who have simply intended to secure a cheap quarter section of land for the purpose of disposing of it to drop out. Finding that the time which they have put in on the land with the expectation that it would qualify them to secure the title has not been sufficient they have become discouraged and dropped their claims.

Mr. Montague stated that very few stone and timber claims are taken in that part of the state. This is due largely to *the fact that the stone and timber act* does not apply to Indian reservation lands and that is about the only kind of vacant land remaining there.

"The receipts at the Crookston office last month were $30,490," said Mr. Montague. "During the last three or four years the receipts have run from $200,000 to $300,000 a year. Prior to that time there was probably just as much land taken but the receipts were not so large, as the settlers were not required to pay anything in addition to the regular fees for lands which had been taken from the reservations."

Well Pleased With the Fair.

St. Hilaire was well represented at Thief River this week, the attraction being the county fair. Those who have been in attendance report the fair far superior to that held the past year and say it is well worth a person's time to attend these gatherings. The exhibits were quite numerous and were products of which this country can well feel proud. The races were good and some extra fast time was made, and everything in general went to make the fair a success and the attraction one long to be remembered by those in attendance.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Mrs. C. J. Knox left last week for St. Paul.

WOULD AID DAIRYMEN

State Commission May Send Out a number of Inspectors.

Farmers Not Securing Large Enough Returns from Their Cows.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, has in mind the sending of a number of dairy inspectors throughout northern Minnesota, not as critics, but as helpers. Mr. Slayter says.

"I *believe our next step should* be to go right to the farms of our cowkeepers and help them see the folly of keeping cattle at a loss. The northern Minnesota cow is producing very little more than 150 pounds of butter annually. She produced practically as much ten years ago. She should be on the increase, when properly handled. My plan is of a dairy inspector to go to each creamery and cheese factory, and remain long enough at each to talk with each patron about his herd, and advise him where he can improve his methods. I would have the inspectors give their whole attention to improving two things quality and quantity. I can see no better way for the practical encouragement of dairying in this new field.

"I would also suggest to farmers who are interested, to arrange for two or three rousing meetings of neighbors interested in bettering their herds and getting more of their cows. If I am notified in time, I will be glad to send an inspector to such meetings where he can give practical instruction that should mean, if followed, gold dollars for all farmers who hear and follow his advice."

Ed Wilcox came up from White Earth, where he is estimating pine timber last week and left again Sunday evening for St. Paul.

FAIR WAS A SUCCESS.

Large Crowds Here to Attend the Red Lake County Fair.

Attendance This Year Better Than Any Previous Year.

The Red Lake county fair came to a close last Friday evening and managers of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society are to be congratulated upon having another successful fair. The fact that there has been so much in the way of amusements going on here this summer caused the members of the association to fear that the attendance would not be up to the standard. Thursday was the biggest day and about 5,000 people were upon the grounds that day. On Wednesday and Friday the attendance was not nearly so large, but the average of the three days was a little better than the three days on the previous year. The fair proper was certainly all right, but the tent shows of the Cash Carnival company were far below their standard of a year ago, and this company did not in any way contribute to the success of the fair.

The attendance from the outside towns was very large. The crowd up from St. Hilaire was by far the largest and most of the farmers of the county were here.

Financially the fair will be in good shape. All bills and prize money will be paid in full and a good sum will be left in the treasury.

CASH CASUALTIES.

Little Pranks of the Holdup Gang Following the Carnival.

A decidedly tough crowd was with the T. I. Cash Carnival company this year and numerous robberies have been reported to the police.

Joe Juneau's room at the Northern Hotel was entered Thursday night and his pants and $3.50 in money were stolen.

Sam Heasley lost a solid gold watch which he valued at $100. It was taken from his pockets while walking up the street.

An attempt was made to rob the man who had the monkey here during fair week. He left on the Winnipeg flyer at 10:10 Friday evening for Iowa and had a bag containing about $300 in silver and bills. Some of the gang that had been following the carnival held him up on the depot platform, but he succeeded in getting his money back before the train left.

The home of Jens P. Jensen, the liveryman, was entered sometime Friday evening or Saturday morning and some $17 or $18 was taken from Mr. Jensen's pockets. A valuable watch was left in the clothes and nothing else of value was taken.

While going home Saturday morning at about 1 o'clock, Andy Erickson was assaulted by two men near W. W. Prichard's residence. He received a hard blow upon the side of the head with some sharp instrument and rendered unconscious. About $14 in money was taken from his pockets, and gold watch was not taken. A short time after the affair he was discovered on the sidewalk by Charlie Voracheck and taken to his home and a doctor summoned to dress his wounds. He is now getting along nicely.

Last Friday evening the thirteen year old son of Gust Iverson, of Porter's addition was robbed of a watch. One of the carnival gang asked to look at his watch and took it out of his hands and run. That was the last seen of the man or the watch.

The jewelry store of A. J. Klimek, located in the S. T. Johnson building on LaBree avenue, was broken into Thursday evening. Entrance was gained through a window in the rear of the building, a box of spectacles was taken. The robbers evidently did not think they would be able to dispose of these goods and left them in the ally back of the building. They were worth considerable money and Mr. Klimek considers himself very fortunate in securing the goods back.

Result of the Race.

In the gentlemen's driving race, C. J. Knox's team came in first, Charles Shirley's team second and James Bolman's team third.

[illegible] Race—[illegible] first, [illegible] tin Moylan's third and J. W. McGinty's fourth.

Three Minute Trotting Race—Blackford first, Little Jakie second, Leslie Bay third.

2:30 Special—Lockstep first, Little Jakie second and Blackford third.

Running Novelty—Fox Bard.

2:17 Special—Lake Vernon first, Mixer second.

One half miles Running Race—Uranium first, Fox Bard second, The Rail third.

Free for all—Vizgant Star first, Dick W. second, Mixer third.

BIG DIFFERENCE.

Between the Selling Price of Land and the Assessed Valuation.

E. O. Wilson was in the city to spend Sunday with his brother, Ben M. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson is in the employ of the state tax commission and is traveling over the state gathering information for the commission he represents. He left Monday morning for Warren and there will make a copy of the assessed valuation of farm lands of Marshall county for years from 1902 to 1906. He will also take a copy of all warranty deeds filed during this time in order that the difference between the selling price and the assessed valuation may be obtained. It is quite likely that the valuation of farm lands in various portions of the state are to be increased quite a good deal, as there is a big difference between the sale price and the assessed valuation. It is also true that in many instances the consideration named in the deed is much larger than the actual amount paid.

NEED NOT WORRY.

Government Will Not Take Land Away from Settlers.

At the request of Andrew Trovaton, Senator Knut Nelson has secured a letter from the department of the interior which in effect says that the government will not deprive any settler on the eleven towns of his land if payments are not made when due. The interior department says that the register and receiver of the Crookston Land Office have no authority by law to accept payments after they have become delinquent, but adds that settlers can take an appeal to the department of interior and intimates that this office will reverse the decision of the Crookston office. No settler need to worry about losing his land, providing he complies with the homestead laws.

Married at St. Hilaire.

Justice O. H. Peters on Wednesday afternoon united in the holy bonds of matrimony Andrew Hanson, of Thief River Falls, and Miss Dora L. Lindahl, of this place. The Spectator joins with numerous friends in wishing the happy young couple much joy and happiness in the travels down life's rugged pathway, and may their lot be strewen with roses.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

MANY COWS ARE KILLED

Over 1000 Horses and Cows Glandered or Lung Affected.

This Number Killed During Past 6 Months—Cost State $23,135.49.

One thousand and six horses and cows, slaughtered by the state because they were suffering either from glanders or tuberculosis is the record for the six months ending Aug. 1.

To reimburse the owners of slaughtered animals to the extent of three-quarters of their appraised value, the state has paid a total of $23,135.49.

Of the animals killed 805 were cattle and 201 horses. Dr. M. S. Whitcomb head of the live stock sanitary board says this is the largest number ever slaughtered in six months by the state.

The reason for the new record in slain cows and horses is declared by Dr. Whitcomb to be increased vigilance on the part of state veterinarians in ferreting out diseased animals, rather than increased prevalence of contagious diseases.

The report for the six months ending Aug. 1. prepared by the live stock sanitary board, was finished today, and shows that of the total cost of $23,135.49 to the state for slaughtered animals, those slain for glanders cost $13,051.40, and those for tuberculosis $9,562.16. The balance was expended for regular expenses.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Result of a Fight South of Here on the Soo Line.

Crookston Times: As a result of an altercation on the streets of Brooks a few days ago Julius Palquen, a former Crookston man and a brother of Mrs. O. Viau of this city is wearing his head in a sling and he will sue Z. Bray who he says is responsible for his injuries, for damages.

Palquen claims that he was walking quietly up the street of Brooks, which is a small town on the Soo near Erskine, when Bray without any provocation took hold of him and threw him up against the side of a building. His head was cut open by a gash four inches long and Palquen was knocked unconscious. It was necessary to take several stitches in the scalp.

Mr. Palquen secured the services of Attorney Rowe who will represent him in the coming suit for damages.

Thomas Kinsela was over from Gilby, N. D. where he has been working this summer, to attend the fair. He reports that crops are not looking very well in his section.

In Buying Clothes

or anything else, it's a good thing to know exactly what you are getting; the ignorance of the buyer is often a great source of profit to some merchants.

When you see a Hart Schaffner & Marx label in a garment, you're at once in possession of all the knowledge you need; it tells you everything; we dont need to say a word. You know it's all-wool, all right in style and tailoring; and we'll guarantee a fit.

The Golden Rule

Everything from Head to Foot.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

STRIKERS ARRESTED

Accused of Threatening to Blow Up a Boardinghouse.

CLASH WITH THE DEPUTIES

But All the Strikers Finally Are Landed in Jail at Hibbing—General State News.

Twenty-three strikers were arrested at Hibbing Monday night charged with threatening to blow up an Austrian boardinghouse. There was a clash between the deputies and the men, but all were landed in jail.

Two strikers were placed under arrest at Eveleth also charged with intimidation and were lodged in jail pending their preliminary hearing.

Printed proclamations have been distributed among the strikers at Eveleth by the Western Federation of Miners approving the proclamation of Governor Johnson and commanding obedience to its mandates.

The printed slips are addressed in *bold type to the "strikers"* and the proclamation is prefaced by the announcement:

"His excellency, the governor of the state of Minnesota, has issued the following proclamation, which henceforth shall govern your actions, as we expect it will rule the actions of our opponents in the industrial field."

Alarmed by reports that the strikers would take advantage of the fact that the special deputies had been released Chief of Police Kent spent several hours delivering a personal summons to each of the 125 citizens who had been previously deputized for guard duty. The result was that when the people of Eveleth awoke Monday morning they found the streets heavily patrolled and on all of the roads leading to the mines there were lines of deputies armed with guns, just as they had been during the troublous times of last week.

IN SPITE OF THE STRIKE

Ore Shipments From Head of Lakes Ahead of Last Year.

Notwithstanding the fact that over a half month's time was lost on account of the ore handlers' strike on the Missabe docks at Duluth and nearly as much on the docks at Two Harbors and Allouez the ore shipments from the Head of the Lakes are still considerably ahead of those last year.

Up to date the total for the year at the Missabe dock is 5,151,365, as against 4,982,331 tons for 1906. At Two Harbors the total is 3,431,923, as against 3,859,044 for last year at this time, a slight decrease. At the Allouez the total is 3,059,827, as compared with 2,641,536 tons last year. An attempt will be made by the officials of all docks to break all records during August to make up for lost time.

It is said, however, that the steel officials are not particularly anxious that the mines should be worked to a record capacity and if they keep running with moderate crews they will be satisfied.

NO SIGNS OF VIOLENCE.

Governor's Emissary Discuss
tion on Range.

C. H. Day, one of the en
sent to the strike district by G
Johnson to investigate condit
turned Saturday and reporte
thing very quiet at Eveleth. T
ers seemed to be convinced t
lence would not help their c
any way and they were conduc
strike very quietly.

"I investigated the charge t
strikers were intimidating th
had refused to join the uni
those who had resumed wo
found no basis for the charge
Mr. Day. "It was reported t
eral of the strikers would go
homes of such men and by thre
the wives that unless their hu
joined the union they would be
The strikers denied that an
work was being done and I was
to get any proof that it was."

ISSUES PROCLAMATI

Governor Johnson Defines Ri
All on Iron Range.

As the days grow apace th
bility of troops being called
duty on the range becomes
mote. The situation is brigh
according to advices received
state executive department.

T. D. O'Brien, former state
ance commissioner and legal
for the administration, as the
the commission sent to inve
conditions on the range, has m
report, in which he declares
no present necessity for troop
also criticises the action of
officials in breaking up peacefu
ings of strikers.

Governor Johnson immedia
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Girl Rescues Two Men

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
rescued two men, Fred Brown
A. Smith, from imminent peri
bottom of an upturned sailboat

SIDEWALK COLLAPSES.

Four Hundred People Tumbled Into a Heap In St. Paul.

More than 400 people, men, women and children, were tumbled into a heap at St. Paul by collapse of a sidewalk. When the firemen went to their assistance the writhing mass of humanity was four or five deep, groaning and yelling with fright.

A blaze in the house of Patrick Reany, 934 Conway street, attracted the crowd. Nearly the entire juvenile population of the locality, with many men and women, had followed the fire apparatus to the fire. The home of Mr. Reany is in a hollow about six feet below the sidewalk. A crowd had gathered on the sidewalk when about half a block of sidewalk slid from under the feet of the spectators.

The boards of the walk slid down the sloping hill and crashed into the fence about the house, tearing it away. The spectators fell in a heap and rolled down the embankment. The cries of the young people brought the firemen to their aid and in a short while all were able to get out of the mix. No one was injured seriously.

LADS SAVE THREE LIVES.

Boys Push Passengers From Track at Risk of Own Lives.

Elmer Remp and William O'Neil, two lads employed at Dresbach to deliver city papers, saved three people from almost certain death when two passenger trains going in opposite directions were passing the Dresbach station at the same time.

The northbound train had stopped at the station, had unloaded and loaded passengers and express and was pulling out when a southbound passenger train came bounding in on an adjoining track. Mrs. Ida Maynard, Peter Wacter and M. R. Gilbert, who had alighted from the first train, were making their way across track toward the station and depot and did not notice the engine bearing down upon them. The two boys saw the danger simultaneously and rushed to the heedless passengers and pushed them from the tracks just in time to save them from being hit by the locomotive.

IGNORING THE STATE LAW

Minnesota Railways Continue Long Hours for Employes.

The state and federal laws prohibiting the employment of trainmen for more than sixteen consecutive hours are due to conflict.

The federal law, which was passed by congress last winter, gives the railroads one year in which to comply and the roads accordingly have chosen to ignore the state law and wait until the federal statute becomes operative.

Attorney General Young has received several complaints of violations of the state law and has given notice of prosecutions.

Despondent Over Wife's Death.

John G. Huber, seventy-four years old, committed suicide at St. Paul by hanging. His body was discovered shortly afterward by his granddaughter, Miss Eleanora Best, who kept house for him and who was alone in the house with him when he ended his life. Despondency over the death of his wife, which occurred four weeks ago, was the cause of the suicide.

Red Wing Man Loses Life.

Anton F. Freirmuth lost his life by drowning in the Mississippi a short

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FRIENDLINESS OF WILLIAM III

German Emperor Visits Norway Every Summer and Takes Much Interest in Her People.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The "quick lunch" counter has found its way to Stockholm, and the other day Rosenblad's fashionable restaurant was opened for business. There is an American bar in connection, where drinks are served according to American style. The luncheon hours are from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. It is an expensive place, however, as nothing is served in the way of eatables for less than one crown. A noteworthy fact is that American styles and customs are becoming very popular in Stockholm at present. The large number of American tourists, especially Swedish-Americans, has contributed much toward bringing American fashions and methods into Stockholm.

Going up on top of the mountain side near "Stadsgarden," Karl V. Andersson, for a number of years employed in lighting street lamps, hurled himself to death below. The self-murderer has recently been leading a disreputable life and took this horrid means of ending his existence. His body was mangled beyond all recognition. The number of suicides is appallingly large in Stockholm for some reason or other.

Bengt Johansson, of Skeppshult, celebrated his 100th birthday a few days ago. He still retains an excellent memory and can still attend to some of his business affairs. A large number of his friends had gathered to bring him their tokens of respect, and the venerable old gentleman was also the recipient of a telegram from King Oscar, which naturally pleased him immeasurably.

The so-called Co-operative congress, which was held in Stockholm last month, was attended by 115 representatives from various parts of the country. This corporation has made great progress during the last few years. Its capital in 1904 was only 250,000 crowns, as against 2,000,000 at this writing. The surplus for the past year was 33,761 crowns.

According to recent reports the favored prima donna, Mme. Jungstedt-Reutersvard, will not be engaged next year at the royal opera. It has not been learned as to who will take her place. Rumor has it that Madame Jungstedt-Reutersvard contemplates an American tour next season.

Hjalmar Lundin, the Swedish-American wrestler, is at present on a visit in Stockholm and is anxious for a bout. Beck Olsen, the Danish wrestler, has accepted his challenges, and the bout will be pulled off somewhere in the vicinity of Stockholm.

The alcoholist congress was formally opened in Stockholm Saturday, July 27. The speech of welcome was delivered by Prince Gustaf Adolph, and

takes such an interest in Norway is hard to explain, but certain it is that he loves Norway, for he journeys and cruises about the country every summer, and each and every time he comes he is sure to look up his old friends and visit the same inns and the check of 1,000 crowns for the restoration of Trondhjem cathedral is always forthcoming every single year. A great many Norwegians look forward to his visit every year with a great deal of anticipation, and there are many poor people who benefit greatly by his visit to Norway. Especially was this the case with the Aalesund sufferers, to whom the emperor extended substantial aid and thousands of crowns in money. He is surely Norway's friend and Norway appreciates it. There is not, either, at present any sign that Norway is going to be Germanized.

The city of Aalesund, which was almost totally destroyed by fire three years ago, has been almost entirely rebuilt. It was a dismal sight at that time and not even the most optimistic person could be induced to believe that another town would ever arise from the ashes. But such is the case, however. The little city has again been rebuilt and is enjoying a fair share of the general prosperity of the country, and, if necessary, would be able to pay back a great deal of the money it received from its many sympathizers, both in the homeland and abroad. There came many donations from America and another substantial friend proved to be Emperor William of Germany.

The auto show in Bergen has been an immense success and may be favorably compared with those recently held at Marstrand, Sweden, and in Copenhagen. The premiums were awarded by Madame Michelsen, wife of Premier Michelsen. The king's prize was won by A. Gulowsen, of Christiania. In connection with the auto show there was also a fisheries convention, which was attended by about 300 export fish dealers. There was also a splendid exhibition of motor boats and launches of all kinds, as well as all kinds of fishing smacks, and sailing and pleasure craft. There was a large attendance throughout the entire fortnight and excursion trains were run from many adjoining towns.

Trondhjem's cathedral will be furnished with the most elegant and artistic window decorations procurable. In the great "rose window" the Christ symbol "Agnus Dei" will be surrounded by cherubims. In the lower windows there will be paintings of the Norwegian saints, St. Olaf, St. Halvard, St. Magnus, St. Sunniva, St. Swithun and Archbishop Eisten. The jury which shall pass their verdict of approval or disapproval of this artistic work consists of Artists G. Munthe and Eilif Petersen, Art Historians Johan Meyer and Nils Ryjord. It is expected that this work will be completed inside of two years.

Between 9,000 and 10,000 Norwegians have arrived from America this year to revisit their native country, and it is estimated that about 1,000 of them will remain. More Norwegians have emigrated to East Asia this year than in any previous year, most of them having commercial interests in view. Quite a number are also leaving for Africa and South America, so that the United States is not the only destination of Mother Norway's restless sons.

In addition to the eight local fruit export companies already in existence

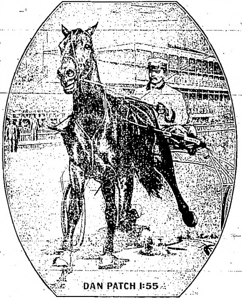
DAN PATCH 1:55

On Monday, Sept. 2, at the Minnesota State Fair, Dan Patch 1:55, the idol of the American horse loving public, will go against his own and the world's record of 1:55, made on the Minnesota State Fair Track last year. Dan has shown superb form this year and is sure to pace a wonderful mile. 2800 remarkable moving pictures will be taken of Dan's mile on Monday, Sept. 2, so that spectators can see both events.

"More Moisture"

SAYS THE BODY.

In the blistering hot days of midsummer the appetite wanes and the thirst is most pronounced. The least exertion causes violent perspiration and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time, that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for it is immediately assimilated

BEER
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You can drink it
leading retailers or
ROM
INGCO.,
Falls, Minnesota.
Agent.

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RETAKE OF PRECEDING PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

V.97½
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. [illegible] Historical Society | THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1907 | NUMBER 33

INTERESTING ACCOUNT

Judge Montague Tells of the Land Office Business.

Hardly any of the Free Government Land Open for Entry.

Judge R. J. Montague, register of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, was in St. Paul last week and to a Pioneer Press reporter he gave an interesting interview upon conditions in this section. Mr. Montague said:

"The public lands which may be taken up under the homestead law upon the payment of the registration fee are now practically gone," said Mr. Montague. "Most of the lands now being taken up are those which were formerly in the Indian reservations and for these the settler must pay a small price per acre in addition to the registration fees. Examples of how the lands are being taken out of the market are the eleven towns in the Red Lake Chippewa reservation which were opened for settlement in June, 1904. About three-fourths of this land has already been taken. A large part of the 25,000 acres which has been listed as state swamp lands, the patent to which was canceled last November, has already been taken."

A ruling of the interior department in January, he stated, had resulted in many of the homesteaders failing to qualify when it came to making final proofs and they had dropped their claims. This ruling was that a person offering final proof assumed the burden of proving a practically continuous residence of fourteen months immediately preceding the offering of proof.

It has been a rule with the department to allow the filers the benefit of a six months constructive residence on the claim commencing immediately after the filing of the claim so that the claimant, by residing on the land for the next eight months, would be allowed to make his final proof, just as though he had lived there continously for fourteen months. A large number of the homesteaders, however, failed to do this and put in their fourteen months on the land at various times during the four years in which they have to make their final proofs.

The new rule does not affect those who intend to become actual settlers, but has caused a number of those who have simply intended to secure a cheap quarter section of land for the purpose of disposing of it to drop out. Finding that the time which they have put in on the land with the expectation that it would qualify them to secure the title has not been sufficient they have become discouraged and dropped their claims.

Mr. Montague stated that very few stone and timber claims are taken in that part of the state. This is due largely to *the fact that the stone and timber act* does not apply to Indian reservation lands and that is about the only kind of vacant land remaining there.

"The receipts at the Crookston office last month were $30,190," said Mr. Montague. "During the last three or four years the receipts have run from $200,000 to $300,000 a year. Prior to that time there was probably just as much land taken but the receipts were not so large, as the settlers were not required to pay anything in addition to the regular fees for lands which had been taken from the reservations."

Well Pleased With the Fair.

St. Hilaire was well represented at Thief River this week, the attraction being the county fair. Those who have been in attendance report the fair far superior to that held the past year and say it is well worth a person's time to attend these gatherings. The exhibits were quite numerous and were products of which this country can well feel proud. The races were good and some extra fast time was made, and everything in general went to make the fair a success and the attraction one long to be remembered by those in attendance.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Mrs. C. J. Knox left last week for St. Paul.

WOULD AID DAIRYMEN

State Commission May Send Out a number of Inspectors.

Farmers Not Securing Large Enough Returns from Their Cows.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, has in mind the sending of a number of dairy inspectors throughout northern Minnesota, not as critics, but as helpers. Mr. Slayter says.

"*I believe our next step should* be to go right to the farms of our cowkeepers and help them see the folly of keeping cattle at a loss. The northern Minnesota cow is producing very little more than 150 pounds of butter annually. She produced practically as much ten years ago. She should be on the increase, when properly handled. My plan is of a dairy inspector to go to each creamery and cheese factory, and remain long enough at each to talk with each patron about his herd, and advise him where he can improve his methods. I would have the inspectors give their whole attention to improving two things quality and quantity. I can see no better way for the practical encouragement of dairying in this new field.

"I would also suggest to farmers who are interested, to arrange for two or three rousing meetings of neighbors interested in bettering their herds and getting more of their cows. If I am notified in time, I will be glad to send an inspector to such meetings where he can give practical instruction that should mean, if followed, gold dollars for all farmers who hear and follow his advice."

Ed Wilcox came up from White Earth, where he is estimating pine timber last week and left again Sunday evening for St. Paul.

In Buying Clothes

or anything else, it's a good thing to know exactly what you are getting; the ignorance of the buyer is often a great source of profit to some merchants.

When you see a Hart Schaffner & Marx label in a garment, you're at once in possession of all the knowledge you need; it tells you everything; we dont need to say a word. You know it's all-wool, all right in style and tailoring; and we'll guarantee a fit.

The Golden Rule

Everything from Head to Foot.

FAIR WAS A SUCCESS.

Large Crowds Here to Attend the Red Lake County Fair.

Attendance This Year Better Than Any Previous Year.

The Red Lake county fair came to a close last Friday evening and managers of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society are to be congratulated upon having another successful fair. The *fact that* there has been so much in the way of amusements going on here this summer caused the members of the association to fear that the attendance would not be up to the standard. Thursday was the biggest day and about 6,000 people were upon the grounds that day. On Wednesday and Friday the attendance was not nearly so large, but the average of the three days was a little better than the three days on the previous year. The fair proper was certainly all right, but the tent shows of the Cash Carnival company were far below their standard of a year ago, and this company did not in any way contribute to the success of the fair.

The attendance from the outside towns was very large. The crowd up from St. Hilaire was by far the largest and most of the farmers of the county were here.

Financially the fair will be in good shape. All bills and prize money will be paid in full and a good sum will be left in the treasury.

CASH CASUALTIES.

Little Pranks of the Holdup Gang Following the Carnival.

A decidedly tough crowd was with the T. I. Cash Carnival company this year and numerous robberies have been reported to the police.

Joe Juneau's room at the Northern Hotel was entered Thursday night and his pants and $3.50 in money were stolen.

Sam Heasley lost a solid gold watch which he valued at $100. It was taken from his pockets while walking up the street.

An attempt was made to rob the man who had the monkey here during fair week. He left on the Winnipeg flyer at 10:10 Friday evening for Iowa and had a bag containing about $300 in silver and bills. Some of the gang that had been following the carnival held him up on the depot platform, but he succeeded in getting his money back before the train left.

The home of Jens P. Jensen, the liveryman, was entered sometime Friday evening or Saturday morning and some $17 or $18 was taken from Mr. Jensen's pockets. A valuable watch was left in the clothes and nothing else of value was taken.

While going home Saturday morning at about 1 o'clock, Andy Erickson was assaulted by two men near W. W. Prichard's residence. He received a hard blow upon the side of the head with some sharp instrument and rendered unconscious. About $14 in money was taken from his pockets, and gold watch was not taken. A short time after the affair he was discovered on the sidewalk by Charlie Voracheck and taken to his home and a doctor summoned to dress his wounds. He is now getting along nicely.

Last Friday evening the thirteen year old son of Gust Iverson, of Porter's addition was robbed of a watch. One of the carnival gang asked to look at his watch and took it out of his hands and run. That was the last seen of the man or the watch.

The jewelry store of A. J. Klimek, located in the S. T. Johnson building on LaBree avenue, was broken into Thursday evening. Entrance was gained through a window in the rear of the building, a box of spectacles was taken. The robbers evidently did not think they would be able to dispose of these goods and left them in the ally back of the building. They were worth considerable money and Mr. Klimek considers himself very fortunate in securing the goods back.

Result of the Race.

In the gentlemen's driving race, C. J. Knox's team came in first, Charles Shirley's team second and James Bulman's team third.

Farmers Running Race—Ole Brink's

tin Moylan's third and J. W. McGinty's fourth.

Three Minute Trotting Race—Blackford first, Little Jakie second, Leslie Bay third.

2:30 Special—Lockstop first, Little Jakie second and Blackford third.

Running Novelty—Fox Bard.

2:17 Special—Lake Vernon first, Mixer second.

One half miles Running Race—Uranium first, Fox Bard second, The Rail third.

Free for all—Vizgant Star first, Dick W. second, Mixer third.

BIG DIFFERENCE.

Between the Selling Price of Land and the Assessed Valuation.

E. O. Wilson was in the city to spend Sunday with his brother, Ben M. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson is in the employ of the state tax commission and is traveling over the state gathering information for the commission he represents. He left Monday morning for Warren and there will make a copy of the assessed valuation of farm lands of Marshall county for years from 1902 to 1906. He will also take a copy of all warranty deeds filed during this time in order that the difference between the selling price and the assessed valuation may be obtained. It is quite likely that the valuation of farm lands in various portions of the state are to be increased quite a good deal, as there is a big difference between the sale price and the assessed valuation. It is also true that in many instances the consideration named in the deed is much larger than the actual amount paid.

NEED NOT WORRY.

Government Will Not Take Land Away from Settlers.

At the request of Andrew Trovaton, Senator Knut Nelson has secured a letter from the department of the interior which in effect says that the government will not deprive any settler on the eleven towns of his land if payments are not made when due. The interior department says that the register and receiver of the Crookston Land Office have no authority by law to accept payments after they have become delinquent, but adds that settlers can take an appeal to the department of interior and intimates that this office will reverse the decision of the Crookston office. No settler need to worry about losing his land, providing he complies with the homestead laws.

Married at St. Hilaire.

Justice O. H. Peters on Wednesday afternoon united in the holy bonds of matrimony Andrew Hanson, of Thief River Falls, and Miss Dora L. Lindahl, of this place. The Spectator joins with numerous friends in wishing the happy young couple much joy and happiness in the travels down life's rugged pathway, and may their lot be strewen with roses.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

MANY COWS ARE KILLED

Over 1000 Horses and Cows Glandered or Lung Affected.

This Number Killed During Past 6 Months—Cost State $23,135.49.

One thousand and six horses and cows, slaughtered by the state because they were suffering either from glanders or tuberculosis is the record for the six months ending Aug. 1.

To reimburse the owners of slaughtered animals to the extent of three-quarters of their appraised value, the state has paid a total of $23,135.49.

Of the animals killed 805 were cattle and 201 horses. Dr. M. S. Whitcomb head of the live stock sanitary board says this is the largest number ever slaughtered in six months by the state.

The reason for the new record in slain cows and horses is declared by Dr. Whitcomb to be increased vigilance on the part of state veterinarians in ferreting out diseased animals, rather than increased prevalence of contagious diseases.

The report for the six months ending Aug. 1. prepared by the live stock sanitary board, was finished today, and shows that of the total cost of $23,135.49 to the state for slaughtered animals, those slain for glanders cost $13,051.46, and those for tuberculosis $9,562.16. The balance was expended for regular expenses.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Result of a Fight South of Here on the Soo Line.

Crookston Times: As a result of an altercation on the streets of Brooks a few days ago Julius Palquen, a former Crookston man and a brother of Mrs. O. Viau of this city is wearing his head in a sling and he will sue Z. Bray who he says is responsible for his injuries, for damages.

Palquen claims that he was walking quietly up the street of Brooks, which is a small town on the Soo near Erskine, when Bray without any provocation took hold of him and threw him up against the side of a building. His head was cut open by a gash four inches long and Palquen was knocked unconscious. It was necessary to take several stitches in the scalp.

Mr. Palquen secured the services of Attorney Rowe who will represent him in the coming suit for damages.

Thomas Kinsela was over from Gilby, N. D. where he has been working this summer, to attend the fair. He reports that crops are not looking very well in his section.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. BORRY,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Alfred Swanson left Monday for North Dakota.

K. M. Hansen was up to Middle River Monday.

W. B. Krouse spent Sunday at Maple Lake.

Henery Cook left Monday for the Lake of the Woods country.

Hank Draper was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Mrs W. W. Prichard left Monday evening for Iowa to visit friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Edwin Stanton, clerk in the Palace hotel at Crookston, spent Sunday in this city.

Editor L. E. George, of the Fertile Journal, was a visitor in the city last Friday.

W. J. Brown, of Warren, and J. J. Sutton, of Argyle, were in the city last Saturday.

Mrs C. C. Jackson left Monday evening for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few week.

Mrs. Joseph Jerome was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting with friends.

F. S. Doege was over to Grand Forks the first of the week looking after some contract work.

Misses Alice and Mary Kinsela, of Gilby, N. D. were in the city last week visiting friends.

Peter O'Toole came over from North Dakota last week to visit old friends and take in the county fair.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Safe for Sale—A large Cary safe, for sale cheap. For particulars address Langseth Mercantile Co.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

The local members of the Elks lodge believe that they will get organized by the first part of September.

Mrs. Marshall came up from Red Lake Falls Monday and took the Soo that evening for the twin cities.

Miss Esther Kretzchmar was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting her sister, Mrs. C. W. Stewart.

Miss Alice Mabey, who had spent several weeks in the city, left last evening for her home in Lake City.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Miss Mary Spoonheim went down to St. Hilaire Saturday. She is one of the instructors in the parochial school at that place.

John O. Anderson arrived in the city last week from Fargo and has decided to locate here. He is an expert sign and carriage painter.

Mrs. Pyne, who has spent several weeks in the city the guest of Mrs. T. L. Melgaard, leaves this evening for her home in Danville, Ill.

Harry Hanson, an unmarried man twenty-seven years of age, died at the pest house in Crookston on Thursday morning of diphtheria. His home is at Cunningham, on the Red Lake reservation, where he has a brother living. The brother was notified of his death and the body was buried immediately in the Crookston cemetery.

Former County Auditor Ford and Judge Mike Holm, of Roseau, spent Sunday in the city. They are looking after the state ditches in this section.

Ask your dealer for "Uncle Tom" Snuff. Uncle Tom Snuff is made from best leaf tobacco according to the most scientific methods and contains no injurious ingredients.

The local base ball club played three games of base ball with the Davey-La Page team on Saturday and Sunday. The local team won the first game, but was defeated in the other two games.

Sez and Joe Bulman left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert, Canada to look over the country with a view of taking a large logging contract from the Prince Albert Lumber company.

Dr. Bockman is making arrangements to open up a hospital here in the near future. It is quite likely that he will have a proposition to submit to the city council in the near future.

Mrs. Jacobson and son of Chicago is in the city visiting Mrs. John Morgan and Mrs. Swen Johnson. Mrs. Jacobson and Mrs. Johnson are sisters and it has been thirty-one years since they had met.

O. J. Schei lost a valuable Elk's tooth charm which he prizes very highly last week. The charm had Mr. Schei's name upon it and the number of the lodge to which he belongs—312. He would be thankful to have it returned.

Charles E. Hunt, editor and publisher of the Purple Book, the official organ of the Elks lodge was in the city, Monday. In the interest of his publication. He states that he will be in Thief River Falls upon the day the Elks lodge will be organized here.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Sept. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

While coming down from the fair grounds Friday evening the delivery wagon of Torrison Bros. was tipped over, and a large number of women who were riding in the rig were dumped into the street. Mrs. A. Anderson sustained a slight injury, but the rest of the women were not harmed.

Dr. A. J. Klimek, expert optometrist and jeweler, arrived in the city last week from Little Falls, and has opened up a store in the S. T. Johnson building on La Bree avenue. He will give special attention to all eye troubles and in addition carries a first class line of jewelry. He comes highly recommended and no doubt will do well here.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Eastman left Tuesday for Anoka, where on yesterday there was a reunion of the Eastman family, the occasion being the fiftieth anniversary of marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Job Eastman. There has never been a death in the family and the two girls and five sons together with the grandchildren were all present yesterday.

Hunters throughout the country say that the chickens this year will be more plentiful than ever, and at the present time are nearly full grown, but the law does not open until September 1. The young ducks are just able to fly and are somewhat later than usual. The law this year only allows the hunter 15 chickens whereas heretofore 25 have been allowed.

A warrant was sworn out for the arrest of the foreman who is moving the National elevator on Monday. The case was set for trial before Judge Bishop on Tuesday, but on motion of city attorney Michelet, the case was desmissed. The elevator is being removed into the fire limits of the city and streets are being crossed without permission from the council.

The state law requires that the operator of an automobile shall in every instance come to a full stop on any public highway when signalled to do so by any person driving a team, and shall remain stationary until such team has passed. It also provides that a machine shall not be driven at a greater speed than eight miles an hour on any street within the village, and not greater than four miles an hour on any crossing.—Ex.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw sustained a badly sprained ankle last Thursday afternoon. While enroute to the fair grounds, the team on the carriage in which she road became frightened at an authomobile and jumped to one side. The neck straps on the horses were broken which allowed the pole of the carriage to fall to the ground. Mrs. Shaw jumped from the carriage and sustained a sprained ankle. The others in the carriage—E. L. Quist, Mrs. Quist, Mrs. D. K. Bryant and Arthur Bryant did not jump and sustained no injury.

At Kenmare, N. D., a novel and successful method was introduced to get the roads leading to town fixed up in a better shape. Prizes were put up, thirteen in all, running in value all the way from a $300 residence lot down to two years subscription to the local papers. Each person entering the contest was expected to do three days road work. This entitled them to one ticket and 102 were in when the drawing took place. This meant over 300 days' work and was worth lots to the city.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Olson went down to Crookston the first of the week.

Mr. Richardson arrived home from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Audley Caldwell left Tuesday for North Dakota points.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alexander last Friday.

Just at present the Red Lake river is the lowest it has been in years.

H. N. Hager, the land man, was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

Mr. Herman Gudim of Grand Forks, arrived the first of the week to visit his relatives.

Miss Pauline Day arrived in the city Tuesday to spend a few days visiting friends here.

The harvesting of small grain was commenced quite generally in this section this week.

Walter Rosenberry went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend to business matters.

A large delegation of citizens went over to Warren yesterday to take in the Marshall county fair.

Miss Tyson, who had been here visiting her sister, Mrs. L. M. Hoag, returned to Iowa Sunday evening.

Miss Emma Kischmar, who has been visiting friends at Shevlin, is expected to return to this city this week.

Mrs. Costain formerly Miss Anna McGregor, was in the city Tuesday from Moorhead visiting old friends.

Miss Ione Higgins and Miss Irene Calwell went down to St. Hilaire Tuesday to visit friends for a few days.

The condition of O. T. Tanberg, is unchanged and it is understood that he has been advised by his doctor to resign as county treasurer.

County Commissioner Sorum, of Marshall county, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute to Warren to attend a meeting of the county board.

K. M. Hansen has been appointed deputy game warden and will look after the protection of game in Red Lake and Marshall counties during the next few months.

Sigrud Nomland and Miss Julia Lien were in Thief River Falls from Roseau county last week to attend the county fair. They took advantage of their trip here, and were married by Judge Bishop.

Mrs. E. Hill and Miss Golda Hill leave this week for a visit with friends at Fargo, Glyndon, Fergus Falls and Holton, Wis. The latter will remain in Minneapolis where she will teach school this year.

There was no baloon ascension at the fair this year. The first day the ropes holding the swing on the baloon broke and the second day the balloon was destroyed by fire. This is the third baloon the Cash Carnival company has lost this year. They cost about $125 each.

Excursion to Douglas Farm on Wednesday, Aug. 21st under auspicious of Epworth League. Carrie Nation will leave boat landing at 2, 3:30, 5, 7, 8:30, and 10. p. m. Round trip 25cents. Every body come and enjoy a six mile river trip. Room for all. Refreshments at Farm.

J. L. Higgins of this city, is securing signers to a petition calling for rural route No. 2 to run north of the city on the west side of the Thief river, then crossing some twelve miles up, returning to town across the reservation. The petition is being generally signed as this territory is well settled and has good roads.

City Attorney Michelet on Tuesday handed in his resignation as city attorney. Michelet gives as his reason that the salary $300 per year is not enough pay for the work required. The city council met Tuesday evening and elected Perl W. Mabey who declined to serve another ballot was then taken resulting in the unanimous vote of the council for G. Halvorson the resignation of Nels Lee street commissioner was presented and accepted but no one was elected to fill the vacancy.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	[illegible]
Oats	42
Flax	$1 00
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c
Potatoes	[illegible]

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Aug. 16.

Anderson Theo.
Anderson J. W.
Bjerk Erwin
Bjorje Mrs. H.
Christianson Miss Annie
Deibel Robt.
Harvey Miss Gladis
Hemel Pite
Hollister A. E.
How Grace
Lee Miss Annie
Mole Herman
Mosback John
Olsen Gilbert
Vistie Theodore

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

RED RIVER LOW.

Logging Men May Have to Resort to Using Railroad.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 12.—If the present stage of Red Lake river is not improved before long the big saw mill of the Crookston Lumber company at East Grand Forks will have to depend on shipments of logs by rail to a greater extent than they have for several years past. River Boss Pat Sullivan passed through the city yesterday enroute to Crook Rapids, about two miles above Red Lake Falls, with an additional crew of men to assist in bringing down a drive of 3,500,000 logs.

He says the river there is at a lower stage than has been seen for years at this season, and it is lower here than for a number of years. In view of the fact that there have been copious rains all summer, it is hard to discover why the water is so low.

STRUCK BY LIGHTING.

Thirteen Year old is Severely Burned but Expected to Recover.

Fertile, Minn., Aug. 12. Yesterday afternoon during a severe electrical storm, Theodore Knutson, the 13 year-old son of Chief of Police Brown Knutson of this village, was struck by lightning and severely burned, but is expected to recover. The little fellow was picketing a cow just outside the village limits, and was standing near a wire fence. Presumably the bolt struck the fence and followed the wire, striking the boy on the thigh on the right leg and running down the leg part way then crossing over to the inside of the other leg to the foot, inflicting a very severe burn. He was picked up within a short time and placed under the care of Dr. A. Nelson, and hopes are entertained for his recovery.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

For the benefit of those who did not see Ben Hur before, the management has again secured this beautiful play. The story biblical times and is very instructive. The story and life of Ben Hur will be fully lectured. In addition there will be a comic novelty or two. The Krouse's will have an illustrated songs, The Holy City and the beautiful sacred song, Beyond The Gates of Paradise, by Neal King.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Aug. 18. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Junior League 2:30 p.m.

Epworth League 7:15 p. m.

Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

The pastor will preach at Copp school house Sunday at 3 p. m.

The Epworth League will give a boat Excursion to Douglas farm Wednesday, the 21st, see notice elsewhere.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

Bank Robbed.

The Farmers State Bank at New Folden was broken into Friday night and the safe blown open the robbers secured $2200 in cash there was a large amount of notes in the safe at the time, it is not known yet whether the notes were disturbed the Cash loss is fully covered by insurance.

The Chick In the Egg.

Almost every one knows that if a hen's egg is kept under suitable conditions for about three weeks a fully formed and developed chick will emerge from the shell, but when a fresh egg is opened no sign of an organism is present. However, at one side of the yolk is a minute cell which contains the vital principle of the future fowl, and, strange as it may seem, this cell begins to eat the contents of the eggshell and transforms them into tissues of the chick. This process may be watched by holding the egg to the light, when the developing of the chick may be followed from hour to hour. When the chick comes out of the shell it is not dependent on its parent's body for food, but is capable of picking up worms and seeds and digesting them. It will be noticed that the hen supplies enough material in an egg to produce a fully formed progeny, and the chick is not started out in life with imperfectly formed organs.—Dr. Henry Dwight Chapin in North American Review.

A Tax Scheme That Failed.

Switzerland has always prided itself on its independence, and in fiscal matters this proud spirit, which will brook no interference with the rights of the individual even by the state in quest of revenue, has sometimes been exhibited in curious ways, says the Pall Mall Gazette. As the inquisitorial methods of income tax collectors are abhorrent to the freedom loving Swiss, boxes were once or twice set up in several cantons to receive the voluntary contributions of loyal citizens. It was hoped that this method of relying on the public spirit of the people would prove successful in raising money for public ends; but, alas for human nature, in the course of a few years the collectors on opening the boxes found nothing but trouser buttons. So the voluntary system, after fair trial, had to be reluctantly abandoned in favor of a declaration of capital and income, which is liable to official investigation.

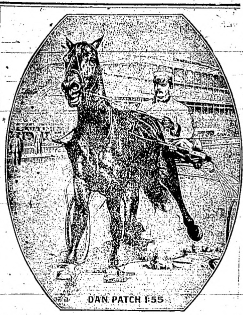

DAN PATCH 1:55

On Monday, Sept. 2, at the Minnesota State Fair, Dan Patch 1:55, the idol of the American horse loving public, will go against his own and the world's record of 1:55, made on the Minnesota State Fair Track last year. Dan has shown superb form this year and is sure to pace a wonderful mile. 2800 remarkable moving pictures will be taken of Dan's mile on Monday, Sept. 2, so that spectators can see both events.

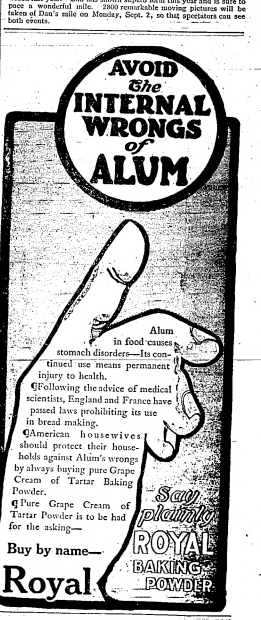

AVOID The INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—

Royal

Say plainly ROYAL BAKING POWDER

THE NEWS. THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at

JACKSON & M'GINN'S

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

In Furniture

You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.

Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

PRIZE BABIES

Babies That Took First and Second Prizes at the Fair.

The following took prizes for the handsomest boys: Haaken Albue, first; Clearance Iverson, second. For the best looking girls: Anneta Jackson, first: Eva Thieverge, second: Fattest baby, boy or girl: Elra Safford, first; Harold Williams, second.

Makes Strenuous Objection.

Not much to find fault with in Deering machinery, but here is a serious kick from a southern Minnesota farmer that should cause a commotion in the factory.

"We have a steady income of about $1.75 per day from our Jersey cows and a few dollars more or less on the price of a mowing machine is of no moment to us. We are moved by no sordid consideration in our criticism of this combination. Our indictment is, that the whiffletree irons on the Deering mower are of such erratic conformation that we are obliged to stand on our head in order to hook our tugs, and we submit that no trust or combination in restraint of trade has a moral or legal right to compel us to assume painful or undignified attitudes in the presence of our family or the public. We will bet William Deering a Jersey bull against the Security Bank building that he doesn't dare attempt to hitch a team on one of his mowing machines in the presence of his Sunday school class.

Special Harvest Rates.

Special authority has been asked of the interstate commerce commission by the three Northern lines to put in harvest hand rates to North Dakota from Duluth and other points in the state from Aug. 10-31. The rate will be $6.50 the same as was in effect during previous seasons.

This is a case where it is to the interests of the railroads to break their rule of granting no special rates under the new 2 cent law. If the crop is not harvested the railroads will be injured, and the crops will not be harvested unless special inducement in the way of low fares to harvest hands is offered. Altho thirty days is required by the interstate commerce law to put in a new rate, in cases of emergency the commission is authorized to allow a rate to go in without the statutory notice. This is such a case.

Crookston to Follow Our Lead.

The Red Lake County Fair, an annual event, has just closed at Thief River Falls. The weather was ideal all through, the attendance large, the exhibits of a high order, and the scheduled program was carried out to the satisfaction of all. In short, the Fair was a big success, and we congratulate Thief River Falls and Red Lake county. Polk county does not intend to be behind her neighbor to the northeast in this regard next year.—Crookston Times.

Buttons Business College Crookston, Minn., will open its fall term Sept., 2nd. Enrollment for 1907 was 200 every graduate of whom are in good positions, many at salaries of $60, $75 and $100 per month. Send for catalog, and list of successful students.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Aug. 9, at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Bank No. 638.

Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Incorporated

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the above named Bank, held at the Banking House on the 22 day of July A. D. 1907, at which all the stockholders were present or represented by proxy, the following resolution was offered and adopted by a unanimous vote of its Capital Stock:

Resolved: That the Certificate of Incorporation of this Bank be amended by adding thereto the following section:

Section Seven. The stockholders of this bank hereby adopt the provisions of section 2985 of Revised Laws, 1905, as amended by chapter 137, of the General Laws of 1907 and agree to be subject to all the liabilities thereby imposed.

We hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by a vote of the entire Capital Stock, at a meeting duly called for that purpose and held at the Banking house in Thief River Falls on the 22nd day of July A. D. 1907.

D. B. Bakke, President.
T. P. Hamre, Cashier.

CORPORATE SEAL.

State of Minnesota, Office of Public Examiner. St. Paul, July 25, 1907.

This is to certify that the action of the stockholders of the Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Incorporated in agreeing to be subject to a double liability, as provided for in the foregoing amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation, has been approved by me.

SEAL.

A. Schaefer,
Public Examiner.

State of Minnesota department of state.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 27th day of July A. D. 1907 at 3 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in book 4 of Bank Amendments on page 12

Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 1 day of Aug. A. D. 1907 at 11:30 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in book F of miscellaneous, page 11

E. L. Quist.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

City Meat Market.

If You Want the Best, Give Us an Order.

BULMAN BROS

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

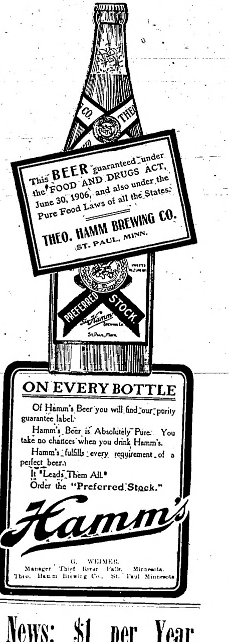

This BEER guaranteed under the FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, June 30, 1906, and also under the Pure Food Laws of all the States.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

ON EVERY BOTTLE

Of Hamm's Beer you will find our purity guarantee label.

Hamm's Beer is Absolutely Pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's.

Hamm's fulfills every requirement of a perfect beer.

It "Leads Them All."

Order the "Preferred Stock."

Hamm's

G. WEIMER,
Manager Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul Minnesota

The News: $1 per Year.

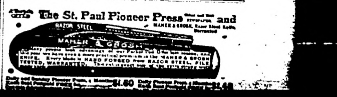

The St. Paul Pioneer Press and MAHER & GROSH Razor Steel Knife

RAZOR STEEL

MAHER & GROSH

HAND FORGED from RAZOR STEEL, FILE TESTED, WARRANTED.

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, 4 Months $1.60

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 15, 1907.

What The Fine Means.

The fine, mouth-filling and awe-compelling proportions of the fine imposed by Judge Landis upon the Standard Oil company have set in motion the nimble brains of the figure fiends, and many interesting and amusing attempts are being made to reduce to understandable factors that enormous figure of $29,240,000.

For instance, one mathematician shows that it is the income for a year on $731,000,000 at 4 per cent it is more than half the money coined annually by this country; it is about 2 per cent of the national debt; it is 35 cents for every man woman and child in the land; if the presidents of the United States, contributed their $50,000 salary to pay it, it would take them 585 years; it would take 48,730 street laborers a year to work it out; it would run the army and navy two months; it is the annual revenue of Mexico; it would buy five first-class battleships; it is half the capital of the Bank of England; it is half the number of silver dollars in circulation; it is twenty-nine times the capital stock of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, the corporation that was fined; it is 4783 times the salary of the judge that imposed it; it is enough to fill with silver dollars 177 flat cars of a capacity of 33,000 pounds each.

Another statistician figures it this way: At 5 per cent it would yield a perpetual income of $150,000 a year, $120,833 a month or $4,027 a day; it is half a million more than the public debt of the United States in 1875; it is a third of the capital stock of New Jersey Standard Oil company, the parent corporation; it would pay for 2,924 homes costing $10,000 each; it would buy 11,696 automobiles at $2,500 each; in silver dollars it would weigh 1,827,500 pounds or 913¾ tons; if two horses could draw three tons, it would take 304 double teams to haul it in silver; if the dollars were placed edge to edge they would extend 696 miles; packed side by side, they would form a cylinder forty-three miles long; laid over a piece of open ground, they cover just thirty acres.

There is no limit to the variations that can be made of this idle but amusing method of juggling the figures. For instance, at 5 cents each it would buy 584,800,000 sacks of peanuts, or seven sacks for every man, woman and child of our 80,000,000 people. At the late low price of North Butte it would buy 417,714 shares. At the prevailing railroad passenger maximum rate of 2 cents a mile, you could travel 1,462,000,000 miles with the money, or 58,480 times around the earth.

All of which goes to show that it is a pretty big fine, and we had all suspected that before. Of course it hasn't been paid yet, and it will probably be some time before it is paid. The case will possibly go up to the supreme court of the United States, and at any rate the attorneys for the oil trust will keep the government busy defending appeals from it for some time to come.—Duluth Herald.

The Cost of the Goods.

This is a true human document, offered for what it may be worth taken from the Saturday Evening Post:

"I've been buying some lately of the mail-order houses and saving money by doing it," said the farmer; "but, by Jolly' I don't know. I was in ——'s grocery today and heard him talking with the new man that's rented a piece of ——; said he'd like to carry him, but that he really couldn't do it.

"After the man went out, says I, Henery, what's the matter with that you won't carry him?' And he says, 'Nothing, that I know of; but I just can't do it. The mail-order houses and the fellows that come through taking orders till they get enough to fill a car, make us sell so close and take so much cash trade that I just can't put another account on my books to carry over till grapes are sold.

Well, sir, twenty years ago—I guess, I wouldn't have been here, if Henery hadn't carried me a whole year. I was meeting payments on this place, and the crops failed. No, sir, I guess I wouldn't have been here, if Henery hadn't carried me. And I was just thinking to myself, 'Maybe that renter'll have to throw up the sponge, same's I'd had to do.' When I painted my buildings, I saved thirteen dollars buying of a mail-order house, and it seemed like throwing money away not to do it. But, by Jolly, I don't know!"

Many others don't know, and are thinking about it as we find from much evidence. The price mark doesn't always tell the cost of the goods. Certain Southern communities may buy cotton quite cheaply—because it was spun by the stunting toll of their children. Wool would be a better bargain for them. The price mark does not always tell the whole story.

Thirteen cars containing a little less than a quarter million pounds of wool was shipped from Glen Ullin station this season by one buyer. This does not represent the total of the wool clip in the county tributary to that town, as there were other buyers who shipped a large quantity. The price ranged from 21½ to 22 cents per pound, making a total of over $50,000 paid out by one buyer for wool. This sum of money distributed among the sheep raisers in July gives them an advantage over all the grain farmers who will have to wait at least thirty days longer before they begin to realize anything from their season's labor.—Grand Forks Herald.

A[illegible] on a petition filed by Attorney General William S. Jackson of New York, Justice William A. [illegible] has appointed [illegible], an attorney, to take evidence based upon [illegible] allegations that the Postal Cable and Telegraph company and the Western Union Telegraph company have formed an illegal combination to increase rates in New York and other states.

Judge McPherson, in the federal court at Des Moines, has denied the application for an injunction to prevent the enforcement of the 2-cent passenger rate. The judge based his action upon the ground that no injury to the roads was shown and that the complaint that the new rate would cut down dividends was not proved.

GAME LAWS.

Hunters Will Have to Secure Hunting Licenses Again This Year.

The law relative to licensing hunters remains the same in effect as it was previous to the recent session of the legislature, though somewhat different in wording. No license is required for a hunter to shoot small game in the county in which he resides but if he desires to hunt outside his own county he must procure a license, costing $1.00, from his county auditor. The license permits a hunter to shoot all kinds of game, in season, and confers shipping privileges.

The funds derived from the sale of licenses go into the game and fish commission's general fund to be used for protection and propagation of game and fish. The funds available for protection of game are limited and all who enjoy hunting should realize that when they purchase a license they are contributing their mite to the work of game protection for their own benefit and the benefit of their children.

It is reasonable that the man who hunts should contribute in some measure to this work and every man who realizes this will buy his license cheerfully and gladly.

Game wardens are of course instructed to enforce the license provision of the law strictly, the same as all other provisions.

Hunting licenses for residents of the state are obtained of the several county auditors and will be in their hands about August 15th.

The shooting season commences, on certain classes of game including chickens, Sept. 1st and the license is good for the entire season and all classes of game, anywhere in the state.

Only one license can be issued to any one person and it is not transferable. It is also the duty of every hunter to exhibit his license to any person, on request.

The license is of the coupon variety and has tags attached to be used in shipment of game by the hunter to his place of residence.

A folder which contains in concise form information as to open and closed seasons for various classes of game as to the bag limits, and other information which every man who hunts should be perfectly familiar with will be furnished on request to all applicants by Carlos Avery, Executive agent.

Claims Old Reward.

William P. F[illegible], chief of police of Green Bay, Wis., is an applicant for the $500 reward offered by Gov. Van Sant for the capture of the murderer of N. O. Dahl and his daughter [illegible] in [illegible] county in the spring of [illegible]

The [illegible] arrest at Green Bay of [illegible] Wesley [illegible] serving a life sentence at the state prison [illegible] murder. Wesley was arrested in Green Bay and taken to [illegible] county, but after being held a while was discharged. He was subsequently rearrested, convicted of the murder, and given a life sentence.

Dahl and his daughter, who were living on a claim in the northern woods, were found murdered and the crime for a long while was a deep mystery. In July, 1901, Gov. Van Sant issued a proclamation offering a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer. No claim has ever been presented for the reward until last week.

Mr. Finnegan will probably be asked to present formal proof of his claim. The attorney general's office has ruled that the reward must be paid by the state in spite of the length of time elapsed if satisfactory proof is presented that the reward has been earned.

Has Hill Lost the N. P.

The control which J. J. Hill and Great Northern stockholders have held over the Northern Pacific railway for some years has been forfeited, according to the latest current railroad gossip. While it has been reported for several weeks that the control of the road has been lost little credence was given to the gossip at first. The reports have been so persistent and so convincing, however that they are now believed by nearly all the railroad men in the city.

It is reported that Mr. Hill and his friends first began to lose control when the last great shrinkage in market values commenced, about a year ago. Great Northern was selling at over the 300 mark and Northern Pacific near it. In a few weeks they sagged, however, and now both stocks are quoted around 120. It is said Mr. Hill borrowed much money on his stocks and in that way kept his controlling interests. When the market values sagged so heavily, however, it was necessary to cover and a great amount of money was used in paying collateral on loans. Finally the strain upon resources, it is said came to breaking point and a large amount of stock was sacrificed.

It is said that J. P. Morgan who sided with Mr. Hill in all his deals, also lost very heavily in the shrinkage and that he was forced to drop much of the stock.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Road and Bridge Fund.

State Auditor Iverson is preparing to recognize claims against the $100,000 road and bridge fund which became operative Aug. 1. Circulars are now being sent to the various county boards throughout the state notifying them of the fact.

Claims on the fund can only be made after the bridge or road improvement is made, and then the state auditor must be furnished with all particulars. The [illegible] must be made by the county board, and then the amount designated in the law [illegible] the fund will [illegible]

It was expected that any attempt to draw a warrant [illegible] the fund would determine the constitutionality of the law, but so far no one has come forward with an action.

—[illegible] fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Guss, one mile west of town.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

ACTUAL COST

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

Eyes Eyes Eyes

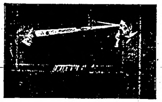

Many nervous troubles are permanently cured by glasses, scientifically fitted, Dr A. J. Klimek, the well known eye specialist, gives special attention to certain conditions of epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, migran, chronic headaches, etc, all forms of natural weakness of eyesight. It matters not how long or short a time your sight has been failing, he can, through his scientific system, tell you the amount of your visual field and strength, and the amount of actual nerve force in reserve. He knows how, and can tell you what your chances are for recovery. You need not tell him much about your case, as he will from the start tell you more about your own self than you could. Some people would ask, "how can he do this?" well, it is easy. The doctor knows the eye and anatomy of the nervous system involved in the faculty of visual perceptions like a book, and he knows all the ailments of this wonderful piece of mechanism, the eye, is subject to. The doctor knows all about the diseases of the eye and for this reason can give you much valuable information. If you have cataracts, he can tell you if they can be cured at once or not. He does not charge for telling you this. He will gladly give you any information that may benefit you. He will gladly show anyone the fine charts of the brain and nervous system which he has made and used on these different occasions.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK,

EYE SPECIALIST AND OPTICIAN.

OFFICE AND JEWELRY STORE IN S. T. JOHNSON BUILDING. LABREE AVE., THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

PRIZE WINNERS AT THE COUNTY FAIR.

List of Those Who Second First and Second Prizes, at the County Fair.

WOMEN'S BUILDING.

Gena Granum, Lunch cloth 1st
Mary Brudal, Silk Cover 1st.
" " Embroidered doily 2nd.
" " Sofa pillow 1st.
" " 4 pieces embroidery 1st.
May Mueller Quilt 1st.
" " Piece-work 2nd.
Mrs. Fred Holtzknech honey 2nd.
" " " cranberry jelly 2nd.
" " " currant " 1st.
" " " pie plant " 2nd.
" " " catsup plum 2nd.
" " " beans pickled. 1st.
" " " cucumbers " 1st.
" " " pie plant " 1st.
" " " cherry jelly 2nd.
" " " Strawberries " 2nd.
" " " Grape jelly 2nd.
Lillian Mussey Silk embroidery 1st.
" " " " 1st.
" " cherry jelly 1st.
" " currant " 2nd.
John Boehme, Strip, 5 jars of butter 1st.
Mrs. Chas. Nason table cloth work 1st.
" " " sheet & pillow case 2nd.
" " " pillow case embroidery 1st
" " " embroidery napkin 1st.
Edna Evenson hemstitch pillow case 2nd
Mrs. C. M. " Doughnuts 2nd.
Mrs. Nason Lunch cloth 1st.
Mrs O. H. Bakken Rug 1st.
Mrs. O. H. Bakken knitting 2nd.
Mrs. M. Schmitz canned peas 1st.
Mrs. O. G. Fuglseth crochet work 1st.
Mrs. " " sofa pillow 2nd.
Marie M. Jensen Silk quilt 1st.
Mrs. J. Martin corset cover 1st.
Mrs. O. G. Fuglseth Garments 1st.
" George Smith patch work 2nd.
" H. R. Williams patch quilt 1st.
" S. Swenson Spread 1st.
" " " cotton Lace 2nd.
Martha Rogers Pie mince 2nd.
" " Strawberries 1st.
Mrs. O. O. Nyhus Knit stockings 1st.
Grace Meehan Dresser cover 1st.
Ida Ramstad Marine 1st.
Ida Ramstad Landscape 1st.
" " Still Life 1st.
" " Silk embroidery 2nd.
Mrs. Ora Richardson handkerchiefs 1st.
" O. Werstlein apron 1st.
" " " crochet Lace 1st.
" " " embroidery lace cloth 1st.
" " " " pillow 1st.
Doris Halvorson " doilie 1st.
Mrs. C. A. Baker animal 1st.
" " " Landscape 1st.
" " " " Marine 2nd.
" " " " Fruit 2nd.
Mrs. Torreson Landscape 2nd.
" " Fruit 1st.
" " embroidery 2nd.
Mrs. Ole Torreson cot. embroidery 1st.
" " " Pyragophy 1st.
" " " sofa pillow 1st.
Lena Wecke waist 1st.
" " Drawn work 2nd.
" " " " doilie 1st.
" " home spun 2nd.
" " Point Lace 1st.
" " handkerchief 1st.
" " corset cover 2nd.
" " battenberg col. 1st.
Mrs Carrie Tiffamy log cabin quilt 2nd.
" " " quilts 2nd.
" A. Ruprecht Thorwick Lace 2nd.
" " " " dress 1st.
Mrs. Anna Kisch Radium cross stitch 1s
" " " " crd. work 2nd.
Frank Kisch " Sofa pillow 2nd.
Martha Tanem hand made box 2nd.
" " embroidery table cloth 2nd.
Roming Lysbakken homespun towel 1st.
" " " cloth 1st.
Mrs. B. C. Torrison Bat handkerchief 1st
" " " " embroidery doilie 1st.
" D. Shaw embroidery 1st.
" M. C. Evenson " 1st.
" " " " dresser 1st.
" " " " cro. work 2nd.
" " " eyelet embroidery 1st.
" " " Linen doily 2nd.
" " " Pillow shams 1st.
Ida Ramstad shad embroidery 2nd.
Mrs. J. Stomsrud home made basket 1st.
" H. " Rustad embroidery pillow 1st.
" " " " Darn work 1st.
John Myrer colored wood 2nd.
Mrs. B. Jenson Knitted mitts 1st.
" Oscar Tessum drawn work 1st.
" Chas. Nason Infant's layette 1st.
" " " toilet cushion 1st.
" Ed Aubal St. Hilaire Knit 1st.
" " " " pillow case 2nd.
" Jeweler Anderson waist 2nd.
" " " Hardanger 1st.
" Bertha Olson bread 1st.
" Roy Vrooman woodwork burnt 2nd.
" Roy " " " 1st.
Jennie Rude eyelet embroidery 1st.
" " Shad " 1st.
Mrs. Ira Richardson canned corn 2nd.
" " " peas 2nd.
" " " pickled beans 2nd.
" " " currants 1st.
" " " jams 1st.
" Fred Copp canned Rasberries 2nd.
" " " " peas 1st.
" " " bread 1st.
" " Beerbower home made cheese 2nd
Miss Jessie Beerbower " " " 1st
Mrs. L. Elofson strawberries 1st.
" " " Onions 1st.
Mrs. D. K. Bryant Set c&s 1st.
" " S & Cr 1st.
" " Lustre 1st
" " naturalistic 1st
" " col. of china 1st.
" " set of plates 1st.
Mrs. J. W. McGinty sofa pillow 2nd.
" " " angel cake 1st.
Mrs John Nieworth 2 wood frames 1st.
Miss Corda Hevle Rockstad c quilt 2nd.
Mrs A. Spokely har. center piece 1st.
Mrs O. Storholm rug 2nd.
Carl Tessum box honey 2nd.
Mrs D. K. Bryant Marine 1st.
Mrs Nason landscape 2nd.
" " figure 1st.
Mrs. J. Lang col. carnations 1st.
" " chrysanthemums 1st.
" " baskets 1st.
" " fern 1st.
" " roses 1st.
" " palm 1st.
" " asters 1st.
" " pansies 1st.
" " 10 weeks stock 1st.
" " col. cut flowers 1st.
Mrs. A. H. Fasel nasturtiums 1st.
" " pansies 2nd.
" " sweet pea 1st.
Mrs Oscar Tessum bread 1st.
" " rolls. 2nd.
Mrs Olaf Tessum bread 2nd.
" " rolls and buns 2nd.
" " doughnuts 1st.
" " cookies 1st.
" " cakes 1st.
Mrs D. Shaw apron 2nd.
Mrs Jeweler Anderson lunch cloth 1st.
" " flower oil 1st.
Theresa Kellberg asters 2nd.
Esther " sofa pillow 1st.
Mrs Ben Borneman silk quilt 2nd.
" " emby 1st.
" " doily 1st.
" " pillow 1st.
" " cot. emby. 1st.
" " drawn work 1st.
" " cot. emby. 2nd.
" " emby dresser 1st.
" " sofa pillow 2nd.
" " waist (suit) 1st.
Miss May Miller cro. work 2nd.
" " battenburg 2nd.
Mrs C. A. Baker chocolate set 1st.
" D. K. Bryant tankard 1st.
" Olaf Tessum angel cake 2nd.
" " " devil's food 2nd.
" Oscar Tessum can. raspberries 1st.
" " " " plums 1st.
" " " " cherries 1st.
" " " " currants 1st
Mrs Jeweler Anderson plants 1st.
" " begonias 1st.
" Ed. Aubol St. Hilaire currants 2nd.
" " raspberries 2nd.
" " gooseberry marmalade 2nd.
" Lang poppies 1st.
" Yunke cut flowers 1st.
Louisa Netteland St. Hilaire c work 1st.
Mabel Killberg examination 1st.
Lewis Olson handwriting 1st.
J. Amundson Hazel drawing 1st.
John Myrer Relic 1st.
L Netteland St. Hilaire w c map N. A. 1st.
Gina Finsted " w c map of N. A. 2nd.
L Netteland " map of Minn 1st.
" " " landscape 1st.
Mrs. J. S. Brown raspberry jelly 2nd.
" " canned " 2nd.
" " " strawberries 2nd.
" Olaf Tessum " cherries 2nd.
" " " strawberry 2nd.
" " mixed pickle 2nd.
" " preserved apples 2nd.
" " " tomatoes 2nd.
" " " sauce 1st.
" " plum jam 1st.
" " rhubarb 1st.
" " preserved peaches 1st.
" " " plums 2nd.
" " tomato pickle 2nd.
" " pickled onions 2nd.
" " canned peas 2nd.
" " pickled watermelon 2nd.
" " spiced currants 2nd.
" " apple jelly 2nd.
" " plum jelly 2nd.
Mrs Joe Lang green house plants 1st.
" " foliage 1st.
" " begonias 1st.
" " colias 1st.
" " geraniums 1st.
Mrs. Jeweler Anderson cakes 2nd.
" " " cookies 2nd
" " " graham bread 2nd.
Mrs. John Mosbeck dairy butter 1st.
Miss Boen plants 2nd.
Mrs Oscar Tessum ginger cookies 2nd.
Wylie Cheese Factory cheese 1st.
Mrs. H. J. Rustad grape wine 1st
" " " " tomato pickles 1st.
" " " " cucumber " 2nd.
" " " " water melon pickles 1st.
" " " " pickled beans 2nd.
" " " " tomato catsup 2nd.
" " " " Mixed pickles 1st.
" " " " canned peaches 2nd.
" " " " ground cherries 2nd.
" " " " apple marmalade 2nd.
" " " " canned tomatoes 2nd.
" " " " preserves " 1st.
" " " " grape marmalade 2nd.
" " " " chili sauce 1st.
" " " " canned grapes 2nd.
" " " " " apples 2nd.
" " " " rasberry jam 2nd.

AGRICULTURAL AND STOCK EXHIBIT.

A E Anderson, barley, sheep, 1st.
" " 169 blue stem, 1st.
" " Napolian oats, 1st.
J O Thorstad, yellow oats, 1st.
" " red top, 2nd.
" " ½ bu. Early Ohio, 1st.
" " 6 [illegible], 1st.
" " 3 Rutabagas, 1st.
Carl F Miller, 3 doves, 2nd.
August Yonke, 3 half breed [illegible], 1st
" " Buckwheat sheaf, 1st.
John Boehme, Strip, Minn., pumpkin, 1st.
Fred Holcknecht, stringless beans, 2nd.
" " 3 white Minorca, 2nd.
Fred Holcknecht, 3 little game, 1st,
J Braas, Germantown, 1 Herefords bull, 5 years old, 1st.
H Gruatzke, Germantown, 1 Hereford bull, 4 years old, 2nd.
Fred Holzknecht, 3 Plymouth Rock, 2nd
John Fifer, ½ bu. oats, 1st,
Amond Myron, red clover, 2nd,
" " red top, 1st,
Julia Nelson, 1 Gurnsey cow, 3 years, 1st.
Hans Nelson, 1 grade cow 3 years old, 1st.
Henry Pope, St. Hilaire, Minn., ½ Early Rose potatoes, 1st,
J S Rayson, red cherry currants, 1st,
" " black raspberries, 1st,
Mrs. M Schmitz, 3 geese, 2nd,
" " 3 Buff Cochins Chickens, 2nd.
" " 3 turkeys, 2nd,
" " Curly Kale, 1st,
" " head lettuce, 2nd,
" " large red onions, 1st,
" " pickling onions, 2nd,
" " yellow onions, 1st,
" " white onions, 2nd,
Wm. Moeller, St. Hilaire, sheaf of flax, 2nd.
" sheaf of oats, 2nd.
Andrew Clements, garden collection, 1st,
Louis McMann, sweet corn, 1st,
T Jacobson, general purpose, brood mare and foal, 1st,
" " general purpose, yearling, 1st,
" " sheaf of winter wheat, 2nd,
" " sheaf of velvet wheat, 1st,
" " timothy (sheaf), 1st,
" " barley, 1st,
Anton Peterson, sheaf of oats, 1st,
" " sheaf of blue stem, 2nd,
" " 1 bu. flax, 2nd,
" " red onions, 2nd,
" " 6 yellow onions, 2nd,
C Elgsten, 1 sheaf red clover, 1st,
" 2nd growth alfalfa, 2nd,
Harvey Copp, 3 white Plymouth Rocks, 1st,
" " 2 red pigeons, 2nd,
Mrs. Fred Copp, 1 gal. white beans, 2nd,
" " 1 gal. of F. Peas, 2nd,
John Pass, 3 double comb white Leghorn, 2nd,
George Meehan, filly, 4 years, Roadster, 1st,
Ida Randorf, St. Hilaire, bundle of pie plant, 1st,
" " coal rabbie, 1st,
I C Richardson, 6 ears of sweet corn, 1st,
Mrs. Joe Lang, 12 ripe red tomatoes, 2nd
" " 6 yellow tomatoes, 1st.
" " 6 green tomatoes, 1st,
" " 5 bunches of celery, 1st,
" " table cucumber, 2nd,
" " 1 winter cabbage, 1st,
H R Williams, ½ bu. golden yellow oats, 1st,
" " heavy draft, 3 year gelding, 1st,
" " heavy draft, 2 year gelding, 1st.
Lyle Meehan, 2 turkeys, 1st,
Olai Olson, St. Hilaire, 1 bundle timothy, 2nd,
" " 6 ears of sweet corn, 2nd,
H B Halvorson, ½ bu. National oats, 1st,
" " ½ bu. barley, 1st,
" " ½ bu. Minn. 169, 2nd.
Willie Smith, 6 green carrots, 1st,
John S Smith, 3 year filly, G P, 1st,
" " 1 year filly, G P, 2nd,
" " 1 team in harness, 2nd,
Vivian Copp, green peas, 1st,
Oscar Hanson, Sandridge, 1 bunch parsnips, 2nd,
" " 6 table beets, 1st,
" " 1 bunch parsley, 2nd.
J S Brown, wax beans, 1st,
" " 6 white seed onions, 1st,
" " 6 pickling onions, 2nd,
" " 6 ears of sweet corn, 2nd,
" " 6 short carrots, 1st,
" " 6 table beets, 2nd,
" " 6 parsnips, 2d,
" " 2 early cabbage, 1st,
Henry Hanson, brood mare and foal, H D, 1st,
George Guss, 6 turnips, 2nd,
" " 6 summer radishes, 1st,
" " 6 white radishes, 1st,
" " 1 bundle rubarb, 2nd,
J S Brown, 1 grade shorthorn cow, 4 years, 2nd,
" " heifer calf, graded, 1st,
Ole Oneson, Brunkeberg, ram any age, 1st,
" " pair Ewes, 1st,
Albert Brink, St. Hilaire, alfalfa, 1st,
J S Abbott, [illegible], ½ bu. barley,
R J McDonald, Burbank potatoes, 1st,
" " Golden Russel potatoes, 1st,
" " Pride of Minn., potatoes, 1st,
Tonner Nelson, New Folden, stallion, G P, 1st,
R L Muzzy, heavy draft team in harness, 2nd,
" " G P, brood mare and foal, 2nd,
" " filly, 2 year, H D, 2nd,
" " registered Shorthorn bull, 1st,
" " ram, any age, 2nd,
" " pair of ewes, 2nd,
" " Ewe, lamb, 1st,
C L [illegible], Sandridge, collection of garden product, 1st,
" " 3 flat turnips, 1st
" " 3 rutabaga, 2nd,
" " 2 cabbage, 2nd,
" " top onions, 2nd,
" " 2 parsley, 1st,
P Sullivan, Highlanding, ½ bu. Swedish oats, 2nd,
Wm. Parnow, Kratka, tobacco, 1st,
" " cabbage, 2nd,
Olaf Tessum, filly over 3 years, G P, 2nd,
C G Tessum, 6 stalks of sweet corn, 2nd,
" " 3 lettuce, 1st,
" " 3 brown Leghorn, 1st,
Joe Johnson, Erie, sheaf of Silver Minn. oats, 2nd,
" " sheaf of Minn. No. 25 flax, 2nd,
Ed Aubol, St. Hilaire, 1 bu. of blue stem, 1st,
2nd growth alfalfa, 1st,
2nd growth red clover, 1st,
Currents, 2nd,
Gooseberries, 1st,
Raspberries, 1st,
½ bu. Pingre potatoes, 1st,
½ bu. Early Rose potatoes, 2nd,
3 white Wyandottes, 1st,
4 fantails pigeons, 1st,
S E Vaughan Germantown, bull calf, under 1 year, grade, 1st,
H Bergseng, Liner, sheaf of rye, winter, 1st,
O Tessum, ½ bu. flax, 1st,
1 peck of beans, 1st,
½ bu. corn, Minnesota dent, 1st,
½ bu. Buckwheat, 1st,
John Kellberg, Crab apples, 2nd,
Sheaf of fodder corn, 2nd,
Helmer Kellberg, 6 short carrots, 2nd,
6 long carrots, 2nd,
John Rogers, 2 Irish Muffs, 1st,
Anton Miller, 3 white Wyandottes, 2nd,
John Rogers, Chester White Sow, 1st,
A Anderson, Jersey cow, 2nd,
P A Dahl, sheaf of winter wheat, 1st,
Sheaf of spring wheat, 2nd,
Mrs. Erick Helgeland, 3 cucumbers, 1st.
George Guss, 1 Poland China S, 5 months, 1st,
1 Poland boar, 4 months, 2nd,
3 Buff Coushins, 1st,
3 silver spangled Hamburger, 1st,
Ed Krohn, grade cow, 2nd,
Phil Zeh, bundle of sweet corn, 1st,
R L Muzzy, bull, Heifer, 1 year, 1st,
Herd, 1 P bull and 5 cows, 1st,
1 steer, any breed, 2nd,
Oscar Tessum, ½ bu. timothy, 1st,
Martin J Berg, 1 sheaf of hard wheat, 2nd,
Bull, 3 year Guernsy, 1st,
C H Martz, registered Shorthorn cow, over 3 years, 2nd,
Grade heifer, 2 year, 2nd,
Best dairy cow, pedigreed, 1st,
Boar Poland China under 1 year, 1st,
Poland China sow, under 1 year, 2nd,
Joe Martz, St. Hilaire, Poland China sow, under 1 year, 2nd,
Poland China sow, under 1 year, 2nd,
Schuyler Sathre, ½ bu. macaroni wheat 1st,
3 brown Leghorn, 2nd,
3 white doves, 1st,
3 blue doves, 1st.
C H Martz, St. Hilaire, 1 Gersey bull, 1 year, 1st,
Ole Flattum, 1 Shorthorn cow, over 3, 1st,
1 Shorthorn bull, 2 year, 1st,
Bull calf, under 1 year, 1st,
Grade cow, 6 year old, 1st,
½ bu. early oats, 2nd,
T. Nelson, Highlanding, potatoes, 2nd,
D N Winton, ripe tomatoes, 1st,
Gilbert Haavi, 1 peck of peas, 1st,
Henry Hanson, grade cow, 1st,
John Smith, single harness H, 2nd,
Henry Williams, heavy draft filly in harness, 1st,
Ed Aubol, St. Hilaire, crabapples, 1st.

AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE.

Shirt Waists.

To close out the balance of our ladies white lawn shirt waists, ranging in price from $1.25 to $3.50 we have placed them on our counter in three lots at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per waist.

A few of them are slightly soiled, but worth twice what we ask for them. If you want to dress up for the fair, don't miss getting one of these beautiful waists for less than cost.

Ladies Wash Suits.

25 per cent off the present low price on all our ladies wash suits. The suits are clean, very stylish and exceptional bargains, at the price we offer them.

Summer Wash Goods.

25 per cent off on summer wash goods, such as lawns, nainsooks, batiste, marchelane silks, silk tissue, spider checks and brilliants.

20 per cent off on entire stock of ladies summer jackets and long coats.

Just received a beautiful line of lace curtains which we offer at a very low price. We shall be pleased to have you call and take a look at them.

Our dry goods, clothing, shoe, grocery and hardware departments have a complete stock to select from. Prices the lowest. We aim to please our customers.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

For Sale

The Bijou building, or night trade for a good farm. For particulars inquire of D. Cavanagh.

For Rent

The Soo hotel. Possession given the 1st of September. Inquire of D. Cavanagh or S. L. Heasley.

BETWEEN THE RIVERS.

Surveyors Now Working Between the Red Lake and Clearwater.

Civil Engineer Funderheid, who is in charge of one of the three surveying parties working for the government on the Red Lake reservation, arrived in the city the first of the week with his crew and left again for the country between the Clearwater and Red Lake rivers in Red Lake county and will make a survey of this before it freezes up this fall. This country can all be easily drained as it will not be any great distance to any of the rivers.

All Regret Lee's Resignation.

The resignation of Nels Lee as street commissioner is something that is causing a great deal of regret upon the part of business men and residents of Thief River Falls generally. No man has ever kept the streets of Thief River Falls in such good condition and at such a small cost to the taxpayers. For every dollar that has been spent under Mr. Lee's supervision, full value and more has been received, and it will keep the council busy in finding another street commissioner that will fill Mr. Lee's shoes.

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone [illegible]

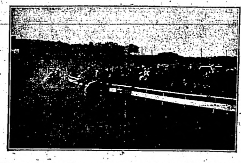

View on the Race Track Minnesota State Fair Grounds.

MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildidgs, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $7o,ooo, offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2. STATE Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sansation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Air Ship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of Jericho," Magnificent Pyrotechic Spectacle Each Night. FAIR

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

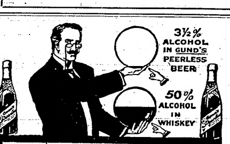

3½% ALCOHOL IN GUND'S PEERLESS BEER
50% ALCOHOL IN WHISKEY

There It Is! — Take Your Choice!

Whiskey contains 50% alcohol—Brandy 55%—Rum 52½%—Gin 40%—Wine 15%—whereas a Pure Malt and Hop Beer brewed by the celebrated GUND NATURAL PROCESS—like

Gund's Peerless Beer

contains only 3½% alcohol—just enough to gently aid and promote healthy digestion. Hence prominent physicians recommend it as a splendid tonic, full of substantial food elements and at the same time a perfect temperance beverage. Peerless Beer is full of flavor and sparkle and has all the charming tang and aroma of hops and harvest fields.

Order a case today. A splendid home beer. Sold everywhere.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls and muffins.

An absolutely pure, cream of tartar powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FIERY CHARLES READE.

The Author-Manager's Way With Ellen Terry, the Actress.

Ellen Terry at the age of twenty resolved to leave the stage and went and stayed six years in the country. How she came back to it is told in "Ellen Terry," by Christopher St. John.

Charles Reade when hunting in Hertfordshire met her by chance in a country lane and told her in his rough yet kindly way that she was a fool to have left the stage.

"Why don't you go back?"

"I don't want to."

"You will some day."

"Never!" Then, mindful of certain financial troubles threatening her rural peace, Ellen Terry added, "At least not until some one gives me $200 a week."

"Done!" said Charles Reade. "I will."

The part Miss Terry played for Reade was Phillippa Chester in "The Wandering Heir." At the end of the run of this piece she did not leave his management, but went on tour in several of his plays. The tour was financially disastrous, but a suggestion from Ellen Terry that her parts did not carry her salary and that she had better leave, as any one could play these parts equally well, was received with the greatest indignation by the fiery author-manager.

"Madam, you are a rat! Don't imagine it is generous to desert the sinking ship," expressed his view of the situation.

An old lady who lived with Miss Terry at this time and was her inseparable companion remonstrated with Reade for his harsh language to her "Nelly." "I love her better than you do or any puling woman," Reade answered.—Manchester Guardian.

VANISHING TROUSERS.

A Simple Trick Which May or May Not Be Humorous.

This is a simple trick, and every married woman can perform it, but it requires the assistance of a confederate with a big bag of shining tinware on his back.

First get a husband with an extra pair of slightly worn trousers in his wardrobe; then have the confederate, the man with the bag of tinware, come to the back door and knock gently. The wife must then peep out in a frightened way, and immediately the man with the tinware tells a tale that resembles an advertisement. The wife stops to think a few minutes. Suddenly she must rush to the wardrobe, but only after the man rattles the brilliant tinware to arouse her. The wife must walk back to the man again with the trousers. The man must take them and hand the wife a few tin pans. All the while the man with the tinware must smile happily. At last the transaction is completed, and, presto change! the husband's trousers have disappeared and in their place appears some tinware on the kitchen table. This trick is very novel and will amuse the husband greatly. The trick should not be performed while the husband is in bed unless he has an extra pair of trousers.—F. P. Pitzer in Judge.

Another Nuisance.

It was the first time he was being married, and he was naturally a little nervous and upset, but he managed to say "Yes" all right and to keep time to Mendelssohn, sailing down the aisle, and to sign his name in the register without making more than a dozen blots.

He thought then that it was finished, but when they got to the church door they found it was raining.

"Confound it!" he cried, putting up his umbrella. "Another nuisance now!"

And then, though he cannot guess why, the people around all laughed, and his mother-in-law bridled and his wife refused to speak.—London Answers.

Facts About Coffee.

Coffee originally came from the island of Mocha, whence in the year 1616 coffee trees were transported to Holland. This article of diet was first scientifically cultivated at Surinam by the Dutch in 1718. Though coffee was not known either to the Greeks or Romans, it was used as a beverage by the Persians in early times. The first coffee house of which there is any record was opened in Constantinople in 1511, and coffee was first brought to France in 1662 by Thevenet, the famous traveler.

The Thorn on the Rose.

In the old Bundehesh of Zoroaster we are told that the rose grew fair and thornless until the entrance into the world of Ahriman, the evil one. According to this ancient narrative, the spirit of evil became universal, and not only man suffered thereby, but inferior animals as well as trees and plants.—Circle.

He Could Count.

A very little boy was in the room where a young lady was practicing on the piano. She was counting aloud, "One, two, three, four." The little fellow, quite surprised, after awhile went to her and said earnestly, "De next is five!"—Youth's Companion.

Fish or Golf Story.

While driving to the fourth green on Newark golf course a local [illegible] sent his ball into the river Devon and killed a two-pound fish. Both ball and fish were found together, the latter bearing marks of its injury.—London Standard.

Two Phases.

"I detest that Mrs. Jones. She always tells what all her clothes cost."

"Well, I detest Mrs. Brown. She never will tell what she pays for anything."—Detroit Free Press.

A Doctor's Assistant.

A doctor whose large practice has made an assistant necessary was told that the man he selected was hardly competent.

"He's good enough for what I want him for," said the doctor. "I don't expect him to prescribe for my patients, but to listen to their gossip. In many cases the privilege of talking over his troubles with the doctor constitutes the biggest part of a patient's cure. I haven't time to listen to all these complaints myself; hence the need of an assistant. This man is good looking and sympathetic. Callers will readily unburden their hearts to him, then when they are ready for real medical advice he can pass them on to me."—Columbus Dispatch.

Unfortunate Royalty.

Horse accidents caused the death of William I. and William III., William II. and Richard I. were killed by arrows, Richard III. was slain in battle, Charles I. was beheaded, Edward II., Richard II. and Edward V. were murdered, a surfeit of lampreys cost Henry I. his life, poison or a surfeit of peaches killed John, poison is suspected to have been administered to Edward VI., and the death of Henry VI. is by some historians laid to the charge of Richard, duke of Gloucester.—London Standard.

Biblical Repartee.

Justice Jeremiah Black of Pennsylvania, in reviewing a case that came up from the court of his old friend Judge Moses Hampton, remarked, "Surely Moses must have been wandering in the wilderness when he made his decision," and sent the case back to the lower court. Judge Hampton on its second trial remarked that although he would have to submit to higher authority, he still thought he was right in spite of the "lamentations of Jeremiah."

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A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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"More Moisture"

SAYS THE BODY.

In the blistering hot days of midsummer the appetite wanes and the thirst is most pronounced. The least exertion causes violent perspiration and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for it is immediately assimilated whether its effect be good or bad.

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SWEET MARIE champion trotting mare of the world will appear. Great Speed Contest, most celebrated horsemen in America have entered their best trotters and pacers. Free Pike this year. Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle every night. Daily Airship Flights. New Buildings, New Exhibits, New Amusements.

Great Northern Railway offers following train service between here and Twin Cities Lv 4:30 p. m. Ar St. Paul 7:30 a. m. Ar Minneapolis 7 a. m.

For rates enquire W. E. Baker, Agent.

Great Northern Railway

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent

Thief River Falls, Minn.

SEVEN MEN DROWNED

Their Boat Run Down by a Tug in Duluth Harbor.

TWO MEN ARE MURDERED

Mysterious Crimes Baffle the Police of Minneapolis—News of the State in General.

Seven men in the employ of the Northern Pacific railroad at Duluth as freight handlers were drowned as the result of being run down by a tug in the local harbor while they were returning in a rowboat from work to their homes. The dead are: Charles Hanson, John Solberg, Ole Stafness, Nels Steeper, Walter Lindeen and two unidentified men.

Shortly before 6 o'clock the seven men who lost their lives, with Hans Thorsen, Iner Skampfor, Andrew Hausen and Adolph Johnson, who had been working at Northern Pacific dock No. 2, quit work and boarded a small boat to take the short cut by water to Garfield avenue, a mile distant.

They had proceeded but a boat length when a tug towing a mud scow bore down upon them and swamped the craft. The suction was so great that the men were all drawn under the scow.

Four of them, Thorsen, Skampfor, Hausen and Johnson, were good swimmers and they managed to reach the surface, but the other seven were seen no more.

MILL CITY DOUBLE KILLING

Robbery the Supposed Object of Two Murders.

Two men were murdered in Minneapolis early Sunday morning. Both murders occurred near Twelfth avenue south and First street.

One of the victims was Andrew Bjerklund, while the other body has not been identified.

Bjerklund was killed probably by a blow over the head and then robbed. His body was placed on a sidetrack of the Minneapolis and Western road, where it was terribly crushed.

The second man, about twenty years old, was shot through the head, in the vicinity of Fourteenth avenue south and First street. The body was dragged two blocks and deposited in the center of a clump of high weeds at Twelfth avenue and First street.

The police think that Bjerklund was murdered about midnight and the second man an hour later. Several people heard the revolver shot, but did not suspect anything wrong.

COUNT GERMS IN MILK.

Mankato Accepts Bacterial Standard of State Board.

The state board of health has been notified that the city of Mankato has adopted a bacterial standard for its milk supply. Mankato is believed to be the first city in the state to protect its milk consumers in this way.

The standard adopted is the same as that of Boston and is very liberal. It allows not more than 500,000 bacteria to the cubic centimeter. That means about 2,000,000 to the teaspoonful. The best milk has much less, but dirty milk has many times more.

The bacterial count will be made for Mankato at the laboratory of the state board of health. The board stands ready to do this work for any city in the state that adopts a bacterial standard.

LOOT POSTOFFICE SAFE.

Burglars Secure Cash and Stamps in Minneapolis Suburb.

A bold postoffice robbery has been perpetrated at Columbia Heights, Anoka county, a few miles outside of Minneapolis.

The burglars locked all the doors through which interruptions might come and barricaded the stairway leading to Johnson's restaurant next door and to Postmaster J. B. Cornell's rooms. They then took their time in ransacking the office, getting $50 in cash and $250 in stamps.

The blowing of the safe with nitroglycerin aroused Cornell and Johnson, and they dug through the barricade in time to see the burglars drive off toward Minneapolis.

Jurors Bring Charges.

Four jurors in the trial of W. F. Bechtel, the convicted insurance official of Minneapolis, have made affidavit to the effect that Robert Hiller, deputy sheriff in charge of the jury, was guilty of improper conduct in connection with the case. The charges will be investigated. In the meantime the argument for a new trial has again been postponed until Aug. 19.

Increased Pay for Teachers.

Minneapolis teachers have won another victory in their campaign for higher salaries. The board of education has adopted a resolution advancing the maximum salary for grade teachers to $1,[illegible] and it now remains for the board of tax levy to provide for the increased payroll by adding to the levy for school purposes as authorized by the new law.

Nitric Acid Fumes Fatal.

John Symonds, aged thirty years, a St. Paul salvage corps fireman, is dead at the city hospital. Symonds inhaled nitric acid fumes while fighting a fire in a boxcar, and from the first his condition was considered critical. He died in great agony.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

HOLD ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING

Prominent People Speak at the Anti-Alcohol Conference at City of Stockholm.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Anti-Alcohol Conference which opened in Stockholm recently was an enthusiastic meeting. It began with a parade, which was participated in by more than 20,000 persons. The speech of welcome was delivered by the duke of Skane. Other speakers were Dr. Ellsworth, superintendent of the Washington Home in Boston; Dr. T. D. Crothers, of Hartford, Conn.; Jessie Forsyth, of Boston; Professor Hartmann, of Leipzig; Baron Prazak, of Vienna; Dr. Nicholl, of New York; General O'Reilly, of the United States army; Professor Ashaffenberg, of Kiel, and Dr. Eggert, of Bremen. Nearly 100 delegates participated in the debates. The American delegates were six in number, two of them representing the United States government, viz., General O'Reilly and Dr. C. Beyer, medical inspector of the United States navy.

The following item demonstrates that it will take some time for the Swedes and Norwegians to "get together" commercially and otherwise since the recent disruption of the union: "A few representative Swedes attended the agricultural exposition in Kristiania, but they were there as private persons, not as Swedish representatives. One of them, Professor Juhlin-Dannfelt, was interviewed for a Norwegian daily, and he made a comparison between Sweden and Norway with regard to farming. But the Swedish press states in plain language that the Swedish nation does not endorse everything said by the professor in his interview.

"Can Sweden Defend Herself?" is the title of a new book issued by a Social Democrat named Fabian Mansson. He seems to believe that this is impossible and therefore recommends that Sweden should dispense with her military forces entirely. He also claims that it would take not less than 415,087,200 crowns to put the Swedish army in fighting shape. His book has been printed in 50,000 copies and it has created quiet a bit of comment, not to say some annoyance to the government authorities.

According to recent reports it is estimated that 62,000 acres of ground are at present devoted to the beet sugar industry of Sweden. It is further stated that it costs almost $20 per acre to weed and dig the beets, making the expenses $1,240,000 from the time the seed is put into the ground until the crop is ready for hauling to the sugar factory. The $1,240,000 is earned to a large extent by women and children.

The International Methodist Conference at Norrkoping was closed a week ago last Tuesday after an exceedingly interesting session. Bishop Burt, of the United States, served as chairman and addressed the assemblage. The foreign delegates present were 136 in number, three of them being representatives of Swedish-American M. E. churches.

A telegram from Stockholm states that it looks as though the disputes between Sweden and Norway regarding the lobster fisheries near Grisebaarne would be settled by a court of arbitration. Others again fear that it will by no means be an easy task to settle the dispute to the entire satisfaction of both countries.

Harald Andre has been appointed stage manager at the Royal Opera in Stockholm. Mr. Andre has during the past two years been the musical critic for the Svenska Dagbladet. He is an excellent musician, having studied music at home and in Berlin, Paris and London.

C. G. Tornquist, a well known Swedish actor, died very suddenly at his home in Stockholm week before last, aged 61 years. He was for a number of years one of the leading stage figures of Sweden.

Count P. P. Wrangel is in New York engaged in writing a book. He is the guest of a New York millionaire on the Hudson and will have the book ready for the printer at the end of next month.

Shoes to the value of [illegible] crowns were manufactured in Sweden last year. This figure shows that Sweden leads all European countries in the manufacture of footgear.

The [illegible] company has donated [illegible] crowns for a new business college in Stockholm. When completed this will be the greatest business school in Scandinavia.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The following dispatch to the Minneapolis Journal bearing date of Aug. 3 shows the great affection which the Norwegians [illegible] have for their Danish king: "Christiania was agleam with flags and bunting today and there was much popular rejoicing over the thirty-fifth anniversary of the birth of King Haakon. Addresses of congratulation were received from towns throughout Norway, and to these were added the felicitations of all the sovereigns of Europe. The greetings of the latter were conveyed to the royal palace by the diplomatic representatives, who were received in person by the king. The popular festivities in honor of the king's birthday afforded but another proof of the strong hold he has secured on the affections of his subjects. The sincere regard of the Norwegians for their king and queen is all the more remarkable since it is not yet two years that the young Danish prince and his English princess were invited to assume the sovereignty. In the modern history of Europe no parallel is to be found. King Haakon's uncle, Prince George of Denmark, accepted the throne of Greece and has occupied it nearly forty-five years. Yet the people of Greece entertain no real affection for him. And the same may be said of the German princes who have become the rulers of Roumania and Bulgaria. The case of King Haakon, in fact, affords the only example of an alien ruler who has been accepted with genuine loyalty and taken into the hearts of his new subjects. It is but natural that the strong characteristics of King Haakon should win the attachment of his people.

The northern ship owners held their annual convention in Bergen at Hotel Norge week before last, there being about twenty-five delegates in attendance. The following officers were chosen: President, M. Oppen, of Christiania; executive committee, H. Wilhelmsen, of Norway; P. L. Fisher and C. H. Melchior, of Denmark, and A. T. Lagerholm and D. Brostrom of Sweden.

The imperial yacht "Hohenzollern" with Emperor William on board made the trip between Bergen and Bodo in thirty-six hours. It was a record-breaking trip. The emperor enjoys a swift cruise and he can generally get it in so magnificent and modern equipped vessel as the Hohenzollern.

Walter Wellman's two daughters, who have been spending a few days in Christiania, have departed for Spitzbergen, where they will join their father, Mr. Walter Wellman, who contemplates reaching the north pole in an airship.

The warmest weather in Christiania this summer was the last week in July, when the thermometer registered 78 degrees Fahrenheit. This is not very warm weather, but is so regarded in Norway.

Building Contractor Niels Knudsen has sold Bratholmen to the well known restaurant keeper I. B. Johnson of Bergen, who contemplates building a great amusement resort on the island.

Commander Booth Tucker and wife are at present the guests of the Salvation Army of Christiania. Mr. and Mrs. Tucker have engagements to speak every afternoon and evening.

Three German squadrons have during the last few weeks been cruising along the west coast of Norway. Emperor William arrived at Tromsoe July 12. The weather was charming.

The Norwegian Women's Total Abstinence society held its convention in Drammen last week. About forty delegates were in attendance. The society now has 2,692 members.

About 1,300 school teachers attended the national teachers' convention in Trondhjem week before last. It was the largest meeting ever held by the association.

More than 400 motor boats are now in use on the west coast fisheries. They are proving very useful and are getting in more demand every day.

G. M. Goyde has leased Jacobsen & Gorritzen's big freight steamer Kristiania to a Mexican steamship company for a period of five years.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says the Politiken (Copenhagen): "One of the woman members of the Finnish diet met with a laughable mishap while attending a sitting of the legal committee. Bored by the proceedings she bestrode her chair, and rocked to and fro with her feet clear from the ground, suddenly overbalanced herself and fell backward. Her brown boots alone appeared above the chair, with which she battled for some moments as she lay on the floor. The equality of the sexes is coming to be looked upon so much as a matter of course in Finland that the male members of the committee, not concealing their appreciation of the humor of the situation, are reported to have been ungallant enough to refrain from expressing their regret for the mishap."

According to reports from Stockholm the old Sveaborg fortress in Finland will soon be razed by the Russians who are contemplating the erection of a new fortress somewhere in the Finnish bay, possibly between Hango and Ekenas. Here the Russians will build a new fortress after they have destroyed historic old Sveaborg, known for centuries as the "Gibraltar of the North."

Griefstricken by the receipt of a notification that her services would not be required after the end of this month, Mrs. Nielsen, a housekeeper for a landowner named Ulkjaer, of Jutland, hanged three of her employer's children as well as three of her own and then killed herself by hanging.

Zangenberg, the actor, who is connected with the Royal Opera in Copenhagen and who has spent the past five months in America, became so charmed with America and the Americans that he has determined to send in his resignation and return to the land of the free.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

ENDS LONG LITIGATION.

Trustees of Hastings and Dakota Land Grant Secure Titles.

State Auditor Iverson of Minnesota has turned over to the trustees of the old Hastings and Dakota railroad deeds representing 20,904.47 acres and thus closes another chapter in the litigation which has involved this grant during the past twelve years. The lands will now get on the tax rolls and the state will be the gainer.

The deeds have been turned over to Owen Morris of St. Paul, land commissioner for the trustees, and now many titles heretofore in controversy will be cleaned up. Another deed for a small amount of land remains to be given and then the whole thing will be past history.

The deeds covering the grant, together with the number of acres involved, are located in the following counties: Swift, 11,119.38; Stevens, 5,191.18; Big Stone, 2,061.44; Chippewa, 1,998.80; Kandiyohi, 240; Yellow Medicine, 160; Lac qui Parle, 93.67; McLeod, 40.1.

IRON ORE SHIPMENTS.

Now Greater Than Before Strike on the Ranges.

Mines tapped by the Great Northern on the Mesaba range in Minnesota are now mining more ore than they were before the strike. The Great Northern is also carrying more ore to the docks than it did before the miners went out.

In the twenty-four hours ending at midnight Wednesday night the Great Northern shipped from the Kelly Lake yards near Hibbing 32 trainloads of 70 steel cars each, whereas before the strike the average daily shipments of ore was 25 trains of 60 cars each.

The Duluth, Missabe and Northern on Wednesday shipped 30 trains of 48 cars each and all the mines in the Hibbing district tapped by this road are now working with the exception of the Winnifred, a shaft mine belonging to the United States Steel corporation. About 95 per cent of the customary amount of ore is now being sent down from both the Mesaba and Vermillion ranges.

QUITS GREAT NORTHERN.

Vice President McGuigan Has Disagreement With Hill.

F. H. McGuigan, first vice president of the Great Northern Railroad company, has resigned. His resignation nominally will not take effect until Sept. 1, but Mr. McGuigan admits that his connection with the railroad in an active official capacity already has ceased. Disagreements with James J. Hill are responsible for Mr. McGuigan's sudden resignation.

Mr. McGuigan came to St. Paul in April to become vice president of the Great Northern and almost from the start an undercurrent of antagonism was manifest between him and Mr. Hill. Gradually the feeling became more and more personal until finally Mr. McGuigan decided to resign.

Mr. McGuigan was formerly fourth vice president of the Grand Trunk railroad, which position he held for eleven years, with headquarters at Montreal.

DUE TO FAMILY TROUBLES

Prominent Resident of St. Paul Ends His Life.

Ross Clarke, aged fifty-three, prominent in business and political circles at St. Paul, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid at his summer home at White Bear lake. Mr. Clarke apparently had been dead for a couple of days when the body was found, his wife and son having left for Fond du Lac, Wis., Friday following a family quarrel and Mr. Clarke was alone in the cottage when he swallowed the fatal dose. Mrs. Clarke was known by friends of the family to have been extremely jealous of her husband and to have accused him of misconduct. The accusations were without foundation, friends of the dead man say, but the fact that his wife distrusted him and that his son had turned against him preyed heavily on Clarke's mind and this is believed to be the sole reason for his self-destruction.

Road and Bridge Money Ready.

State Auditor S. G. Iverson is sending out circulars to the auditors of the various counties of the state notifying them that the appropriations contained in the omnibus road and bridge bill passed by the legislature last winter are now available for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1908, and that upon the receipt of a certificate of the completion of the work provided for he will forward his warrant for the amount appropriated.

Dealer Used Adjustable Measure.

John O'Donnell, a Minneapolis potato peddler, was fined $75 in the Minneapolis police court for using a telescope measure in apportioning out pecks and half pecks of "spuds." He was arrested some time ago by Frank Gaylord, state sealer of weights and measures. This measure used by O'Donnell works like a folding drinking cup and when the customer is not looking the peddler pushes in the bottom to give small weights.

Carved by Fellow Workman.

Sam Hillman, a man who has been working near Nickerson, was badly cut with a knife in the hands of Henry Nyquist, a fellow workman. He was taken to Sandstone for medical attendance and is in a very critical condition. Nyquist was arrested. He pleaded guilty to a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon before Justice Gunn and was held to await the action of the grand jury in September.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

An injunction has been issued by Judge Vandevanter returnable in the federal circuit court at Little Rock Oct. 2 restraining the secretary of state of Arkansas from declaring forfeited the property of the Rock Island railroad in that state and also stopping the proceedings to collect $1,000 a day fine from the railroad company for violating the state statute.

Governor Comer of Alabama and the officials of the Southern railroad have reached an agreement and the license of the railroad in Alabama will be reinstated. Beginning Sept. 1, 1907, the railroad and its allied lines will put into effect the 2½-cent passenger fare rate and the measure reducing the freight rates on 110 commodities commonly shipped in Alabama.

The strenuous life is killing the men of Chicago at a tremendous rate, while the women of the city are increasing their longevity by the simple life. Health Commissioner Evans makes the startling statement that during the first seven months of 1907 in Chicago about 12,000 men succumbed, as compared to 8,000 women.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States circuit court at Kansas City, has refused to grant a temporary restraining order to prevent the enforcement of the Kansas stock food inspection law. The injunction was asked for by Marion W. Savage of the International Stock Food company of Minnesota.

Satisfied that Gary, Ind., will be the steel capital of the world the directors of the United States Steel corporation have decided to invest an additional $45,000,000 in the construction of the model city and steel plant at that place. The $45,000,000 is in addition to the original appropriation of $75,000,000.

Several stocks quoted in New York fell to new low levels Friday. Notable among them was Standard Oil, which at one time during the day reached $466, the lowest point touched in many years. A little later the stock was offered at $475 with no bidders.

Governor Patterson has issued a call for a conference of textile manufacturers and labor representatives in all Southern states to be held in Nashville Oct. 14 to consider the question of child labor and female labor in shops and factories.

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, has ordered the dissolution of the church and school furniture trust, recently punished by fines amounting to $43,000 for admitted violation of the anti-trust laws.

After taking a trip over the St. Paul's new coast line extension A. J. Earling, president of the road, has decided to employ several thousand additional men and push the work to completion as rapidly as possible.

By a sweeping decision of the Wisconsin railroad commission all the charges on live stock between nearly all parts of the state and Milwaukee were reduced approximately from 20 to 25 per cent.

The New York Central and Hudson River Railway company has not earned its dividend for the six months ended June 30, as shown by the company's statement just issued.

A serious rate war is threatened between the Chicago-Twin City roads because of the position of the Wisconsin Central on the differential question.

The directors of the Union Pacific Railroad company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock.

THE DEATH RECORD.

John H. Lozier, known as the "fighting chaplain," is dead at Mount Vernon, Ia., at the age of seventy-eight years. He was popular as an orator and was the author of several war songs.

Alonzo Greene Smith, former lieutenant governor and attorney general of Indiana and one of the best known Democrats in the state, is dead at Indianapolis.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 10.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, 99¾c; No. 1 Northern, 98¾c; No. 2 Northern, 95@95¾c; No. 3 Northern, 92@94c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 10.—Wheat—On track and to arrive—No. 1 hard, 96¾c; No. 1 Northern, 95¾c; No. 2 Northern, 94¾c; Sept., 95¾c; Dec., 96c; May, $1.00¾. Flax—On track and Sept., $1.15¾; Oct., $1.14; Nov., $1.13½; Dec., $1.12¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veal calves, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$5.55@6.10. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.25@5.50; good to choice lambs, $6.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Wheat—Sept., 87¼@87½c; Dec., 91⅜@91½c. Corn—Sept., 54⅜@54½c; Dec., 51½@52c. Oats—Sept., 44⅝@44¾c; Dec., 42⅝c. Pork—Sept., $15.12½. Butter—Creameries, 20@25c; dairies, 20@22c. Eggs—13@15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 12c; springs, 14@15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.40@7.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@5.60. Texas steers, $3.70@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.70@5.00; Western, $4.50@6.90. Hogs—Light, $5.05@6.45; mixed and butchers, $5.60@6.28; heavy, $5.45@6.15; rough, $4.45@5.75. Sheep, $3.85@6.00; lambs, $5.00@7.00.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Beginning with Jan. 1 the homes of smallpox patients no longer will be quarantined, but notices will be posted on the buildings as before as a warning to those who may wish to avoid the house. This action was taken by the state board of health as a result of the belief of the members that quarantining has little effect in preventing the spread of the disease and that the financial burden imposed by the quarantine rule is not warranted by the results obtained.

Minneapolis has passed the 300,000 mark in population, according to the new city directory, which has just been completed and which shows a total of 137,596 names listed. Using the customary ratio of 2¼ for women and others not listed and the total population for the city is placed at 309,591.

The third of a series of six butter scoring contests to be conducted by the state dairy and food department closed with a very good showing, the average of 238 tubs being very nearly 93 per cent. The high score in the whole milk class was made by J. T. Pomroy of Lake Benton, his score being 97.

Notification has been given the state board of control by the executive committee of the state board of health that the state laws must be observed and that the contamination of the water of the Mississippi river by sewage from the state asylum for the insane at Anoka will no longer be tolerated.

By a vote of 15 to 11 the Minneapolis city council decided to purchase 144 Dean voting machines of the Federal Ballot Machine company. The union men of the city scored a point by securing an amendment to the resolution which provides that the machines shall bear the union label.

St. Paul stands at the head of the larger cities of the country in the increase in building operations during July over July of last year, according to the table of July building prepared by the American Contractor. St. Paul shows an increase of 107 per cent.

With simple ceremony the ground for the new Catholic pro-cathedral in Minneapolis was broken last week, Archbishop Ireland digging the first shovelful of dirt in the presence of 5,000 people.

Edward A. Waters, deputy insurance commissioner, has tendered his resignation to Insurance Commissioner John A. Hartigan to take effect on Sept. 1.

The steel on the extension of the Minnesota and International railway from Big Falls to International Falls will be laid into International Falls by Sept. 1.

The Minneapolis Commercial club has been made the recipient of $40,922.50 as a working fund for promoting the progress of the Mill City.

Bemidji has been chosen for the state Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks' convention next year.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A coroner's jury at St. Paul has decided that Thomas F. Houlihan, who was picked up on the street in an unconscious condition and died several hours later, came to his death as a result of a blow dealt him by Daniel Tipp, a fellow teamster. Tipp is under arrest.

John McCarthy, the switchman who broke his spine by falling from the steps at the Jackson street bridge at St. Paul a few days ago, is dead. He was placed in a cast, his condition being such that nothing else could be done for him.

Oscar Peterson, the nine-year-old boy who fell down an elevator shaft in the Northwestern flour mill in Minneapolis and was badly injured, died twenty-four hours later at the city hospital.

John Symonds of the St. Paul salvage corps, who inhaled the fumes of nitric acid while extinguishing a blaze in a freight car, died in great agony at the city hospital thirty-six hours later.

Andrew Johnson of Minneapolis was drowned in the river in that city. Johnson, who was an expert swimmer, was within fifteen feet of the shore when he was seized with cramps.

Frank Scanlon, aged sixty, for some time employed at Brown's saloon at Minneapolis, fell from the third-story window of a lodging house in that city and was instantly killed.

The seventeen-year-old daughter of John Gruessing of Brewster was instantly killed by lightning. Miss Gruessing was between the house and barn at the time.

Diphtheria carried off three children in one family in Minneapolis during the past week, leaving only the father and mother of what was a happy family of five.

Judge Page Morris, in federal court at Minneapolis, fined the Wisconsin Central Railroad company $17,000 for granting rebates to Minneapolis grain firms.

Patrick Brennan died at the city hospital in St. Paul of a fracture of the skull. He was injured by a plank falling on his head.

OBITUARY.

John Foley of Foley, a pioneer railroad contractor, lumberman and business man, is dead in St. Paul of anaemia, from which he had been suffering acutely during the last three weeks. Mr. Foley was sixty-five years old and until within a couple of months ago had enjoyed good health.

v 97 1/8

Socialist Column.

Conducted Under the Auspices of the Socialist Party of the United States.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it co-operative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

AS TO THE FARMER.

Socialism In Its Relation to the Domain of Agriculture.

By JOHN M. WORK, Iowa.

Socialism does not propose to deprive the farmer of his little farm.

Capitalism is depriving the farmer of *his little farm.*

On a certain occasion, when I was billed to speak at a country schoolhouse in Kansas, the following conversation took place between two farmers living in the vicinity:

"Are you going to the Socialist meeting tonight?"

"No, I guess not."

"Oh, you better go and throw in your little eighty!"

It is capitalism that makes the farmer throw in his little eighty.

The land is slipping out of his grasp.

In 1880 25 per cent of the farmers of America were renters.

In 1890 28 per cent of them were renters.

In 1900 35 per cent of them were renters.

Who is depriving the farmer of his little farm?

But that is not all.

Mortgages are eating up a large percentage of the farmers who are not renters.

A mortgaged farmer is but little better off than a renter. About the only difference is that he pays interest instead of rent.

Capitalism is gradually and surely squeezing the land out of the farmer's grasp.

But if he should have a little land left by the time the Socialist commonwealth is introduced Socialism will not deprive him of it—not if he wants to use it himself. Since the primary object of Socialism is to stop robbery and secure to the useful workers of the world the full value of their labor, it is only necessary to the carrying out of that object that we should have the public ownership of those things which, privately owned, can be used by the private owners to rob other people. A farmer operating his own farm does not rob anybody else.

Socialism will not force him into the public farming. Socialism will depend entirely upon its own superior profitableness and attractiveness to draw him in.

It may be that at ordinary kinds of farming a given number of farmers working together with gigantic machinery can produce more than the same number of farmers each working separately on his little private farm can produce.

If so, public farming will be more profitable. It will also be more sociable, more pleasant and will afford more leisure and opportunity for travel, culture and mental development.

In that case the small farmer will go into it because it will be to his interest to do so.

Nevertheless, if he should feel that he would prefer to stay on his small farm he will be at perfect liberty to do so. And, although he may not be as well off there as he would be at public farming, yet he will at least be vastly better off than he is now, because Socialism will mean the public ownership of the trusts, which now pluck him of the bulk of his product. He will be able to secure the full value of his product, such as it is. So, no matter whether he feels that he wants to enter into public farming or stay on his private farm, it is in either case to his interest to vote for Socialism.

Socialism Actual Democracy.

The clear statement of our party programme stamps as a slander the assertion of our opponents that Socialism will secure the ruling power in the state for the laboring class. We have already said that the idea of mastery is above all undemocratic and consequently in opposition to the principles of Socialism. All demands for liberty made by democracy are likewise demands of the Social Democracy. The difference between Democratic and Social Democratic is that the latter sees the consequences which the former, entangled in civil prejudices, has not the courage to see. Social-Democracy is consequently actual democracy. —Liebknecht.

Timely Comment.

It will be either Socialism or the downfall of civilization. Which will you have?

Socialism is an international movement. The good of one is the good of all, regardless of geographical lines. It is the only party that stands for the brotherhood of man.

After all, Socialism simply means common sense—enough common sense by the common people to change a system that is making life hard and pleasureless for the great bulk of them. —Social Democratic Herald.

CRITICS ANSWERED.

How Social-Democracy Will Change the Political System.

The critic of Socialism frequently replies to this proposition:

"But our present political system is corrupt, and you propose to add to the sources of corruption."

To this the Socialist wage earner answers: "Not at all. The desire of private interest for profit is the corrupting force in our political life. Under the co-operative system there will be no private interest to corrupt politics."

"But," it is often said, "you will build up a vast political machine with infinite power of control over voters."

"No, by no means," rejoins the worker. "Unlike today, the directing power will rest with the people. The workers in each industry will elect their foremen, superintendents and directors. They will be strongly interested as wealth producers and know best who are the ablest men. Then we will not delegate power finally, as we do today. We will use the initiative, referendum and right of recall as checks upon our administrators."

"But would not the rule of the majority be tyrannical?"

Government by the majority is the only safeguard society possesses against tyranny, and under a proper proportional system of suffrages no minority, however weak, can permanently be deprived of its rights. But "how about the rule of the minority, the wealthy few, under which we live today?" Private business interests have usurped the power vested in our elected servants. By right of their wealth their commands are obeyed, and every effort on our part is met by laws with which this privileged class has surrounded us. The use of their wealth to retain their mastership by the corruption of courts, legislatures and executive officials is an intolerable evil. The only alternative is Socialism. Combination is inevitable. It is a perfectly natural development and cannot be turned back or broken up. It will be either private ownership, in a few hands, of all the means of production and distribution or Socialism—that is, public ownership. This is the only sane and logical conclusion.

"But," says the objector, "look at the magnificent machinery of production as it exists today. Can you secure the talent and executive ability to manage it?" Of course we can. We can secure the very same men. Any one of them would now accept a cabinet position as director of any industry at Washington at much less salary than he could get in private life. Besides, the owner no longer runs his industrial machinery. He hires managers, and the machinery runs independently of him. The owner is really useless. He draws his dividend, that's all. You must remember that this magnificent machinery of production you speak of has been created by the workers. They could duplicate it whenever necessary.

Moreover, did you ever stop to think that this "magnificent machinery of production" is too great, too powerful in its influence on the lives and happiness of men to be left to the control and caprices of one man or a small number of men? You may think that the great modern combinations or trusts will break into small warring, competing factions through some inherent weakness. We tell you that they are part and parcel of the evolution that is going on and are based on natural law. They are a signal to mankind that conditions are ripe for the change from competition to combination. The choice is before you—combination in industry for the benefit of a few lords and masters or public ownership of the means of production and distribution for the equal benefit of all. You must act if you want the latter. All previous revolutions have had the purpose of benefiting certain classes aside from the workers, but the revolution that sets the workers free from wage slavery is final, and there will be no more exploitation. This revolution will benefit equally all classes by introducing into the world for the first time a system founded upon complete and absolute economic justice. Its benefits would be so obvious that in a decade or two all would rejoice in the new order of things.

We do not propose to eliminate private property. It is only private property used in production that is to be abolished. The worker's share of the product is his private property and may be disposed of in any way he pleases, and in no possible manner can he be deprived of it. There can be no way by which the present means of exploiting by rent, interest or profits can be used to reduce the purchasing power of his income. Under the co-operative ownership of the means of production and distribution there can be no nonproductive class living upon the labor of the producers.

The growth of the Socialist movement is the wonder of modern times. It counts its adherents in all civilized lands by 8,000,000 voters, representing 40,000,000 people. From a critical examination of various Socialist platforms, if they were translated and compared, any one would think that the same mind prepared them all. While this is far from being the case, it is true that the same fundamental economic conditions exist in every civilized land, and the same human nature is striving after better conditions. After years and centuries of groping in the dark there has been discovered a radical remedy, a revolution that is in line with the historical development of man and is not a benevolent scheme or utopian plan of man's devising. To the Christian it is, as Frances Willard said, "God's way into the promised land."—G. H. Strobell, Newark, N. J.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE;

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Hotel Ogahmah

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff;

vs

Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug 29

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 174 made June 23rd 1906, for the NE¼ Section 16, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " " "
Carl Anderson, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 25 Aug 29

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July [illegible] 1907.

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 25 Aug 29

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage or Lease Land.

Estate of John H. Krapes.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court:

In the Matter of the Estate of John H. Krapes, Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Martha A. Krapes, Ella Krapes, Maude Krapes, Belle Krapes, Daisy Kelly, Myrtle Krapes Alfred Krapes, Grover Krapes, and Gladys Krapes, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of G. K. Fargo as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same:

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 26th, day of August 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 29th, day of July, 1907.

COURT SEAL

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Auditor, Secretary of the State Drainage Commission of the State of Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock P. M., September the 2nd, 1907, for the construction of a State drainage ditch, numbered 47, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, plans and specifications for which are on file in the office of the State Drainage Engineer in the Old Capitol Building, St. Paul, Minn.

The number of cubic yards contained in said ditch is 121,806.3. A certified check made payable to the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota in five per cent of the amount bid must accompany each bid as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

S. G. IVERSON,
Secretary of the State Drainage Commission.
GEORGE A. RALPH,
State Drainage Engineer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charl P. Nordmark of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 1218 made July 27th 1905, for the S. W. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 3rd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Hoken Nabben of Thorwick, Minn.
Louis Larson of " "
Pete Flo of " "
Aanum Johnson of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 25 Aug 29

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE,

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1907 NUMBER 34

Historical Society

ROBBERS GET $2,200

Bank at New Folden Robbed of Cash in the Safe.

Work Was Done by a Bold Gang of Burglars Last Week.

Another bold bank robbery which proves that there is an organized gang of safe blowers in the northern part of the state was committed at New Folden Minn, last week when unknown parties broke into the back door of the bank there and after piling hay and barbed wire along the front of the building to deaden the sound they blew the safe and secured $2,200 in cash.

New Folden is one of the new towns on the Soo road up north of Thief River Falls. It is not far across the country) from Humboldt, and the robbery is undoubtedly the work of the same gang who were foiled by the screw door safe of the Humboldt bank.

The fact that the robbers used hay to muffle the sound of the explosion brings to mind the blowing of the Wygaard safe in Crookston last year and from the similarity it is possible that this is the same gang which made so many successful hauls at that time.

C. Q. Roomer of Crookston has a carload of barbed wire at that place which he has been selling to the local merchant. There was some of the wire left in the car and it was standing on a side track. After the robbers piled the load of hay in front of the store they broke into the car and secured a number of bales of the wire which they piled around the hay evidently to keep it from blowing away and also to help deaden the sound.

There is absolutely no trace of the robbers. They secured entrance to the bank which is only a small one story affair by breaking in the back door. A few days ago there was a tramp hanging around the town and he may be one of the party. A good description has been secured of him, and he may be landed. The work looked like that of old hands at the game.

The robbery was not discovered until morning when a dray man drove into the streets and discovered the hay piled in front of the bank building.

The bank was the Farmers State bank of New Folden and was owned by the Melgaards, T. L. Melgaard, of this city being one of the stockholders. The money in the safe was fully insured and the bank will suffer no loss.

NORTH DAKOTA BOOMING

So Says a Resident of That State for Publication.

"North Dakota is enjoying at the present time a development along industrial and other material lines to an extent that cannot easily be comprehended by the casual visitor," said G. L. Madden of Grand Forks. "The development is not along any one line, but includes so many material interests that are only incidental to the one forward march of the commonwealth.

"Railroad construction, farm improvements, erection of new school houses, churches and residences, as well as business blocks, increased attention to dairying, live stock raising, installation of manufacturing concerns, beautifying of cities, etc., all are occupying much attention just now. Every section of the state is feeling the impulse of new life infused by the investment of capital, and from the profits that are coming to the farmers and all lines of business.

"Land valuation in North Dakota are advancing rapidly. Many new public institutions are in course of construction, and new business blocks and residences are springing up in all the good towns. The railroads are carrying on extensive improvement work, both in the way of extensions and the building of new depots and freight sheds. Grand Forks is forging ahead at a rapid rate, and is rapidly developing into a very important city.

For sale cheap—1 three room house and two lots in block number 11, original townsite Thief River Falls, enquire of Ole Rudes Jewelry store, Main street.

QUACK GRASS DESTROYER.

Farmer Near Austin Invents a Machine That Does the Business.

Believed that It Will Prove a Great Success in Time.

Mathias Schmitt of Austin, Minnesota has invented a quack grass destroyer that is said to be able to do the business. Schmitt is a German farmer residing near Austin and for many years was bothered by the presence of quack grass in his fields. He exhausted every known method of exterminating the pest but without avail. He finally set about to discover a method that would be effective and after study and experiment perfected a machine, the use of which is said to result in the destruction of the injurious grass.

As described in the city paper, the machine is about four feet wide, resembles a big hay rake in appearance and weighs about 1,200 pounds. It has an endless chain bar-tooth apron with teeth bent forward. Four horses are required to pull the machine and as it goes forward, the apron goes backward, keeping even bars of thirty-eight teeth in the ground, 6 inches, 1½ inches apart all the time. This pulls out the the quack roots, shakes off the dirt, cleans itself and leaves the roots on top of the ground. As the machine goes forward quicker than the apron goes backward, each revolution of the apron digs up forty feet of roots a space of four feet wide.

The machine has been thoroughly tested and is said to be practical and to do the work effectively. The company has put out fifty machines this season on trial and as a result of the information and experienced received will make whatever improvements are necessary before the machine is put on the market generally next year. If the machine does what is claimed for it, it will be a great boon to the farmers of many localities where the quack grass pest is slowly but surely ruining the lands.

HAIL LOSSES A MILLIONS

North Dakota Has a Very Bad Hail Storm Last Week.

Large Fields of Growing Wheat Entirely Wiped Out.

Cass, Steele and Traill counties in North Dakota last week lost from three quarters of a million to a million dollars as a result of a hail storm. The crops on 50,000 acres, almost ready for the harvester, were totally destroyed and more or less serious damage done on an acreage twice that large. The storm covered an area fifty to sixty miles in length and from one to three miles in width.

As near as it can be figured out the storm started in Steele county, in the vicinity of Hope, and did more or less damage around Hope and Colgate in Steele county, Galesburg in Traill county, and through Page, Hunter, Arthur, Amenia and Argusville, Cass county, crossing the Red River into Minnesota north of Fargo doing no damage on this side of the river.

The storm was not continuous, going at a hop, skip and jump and touching various spots along the territory outlined. The telephone lines were put out of commission, more or less, and accurate details were difficult to secure, but from what information was procurable the foregoing figures are conservative estimate.

A feature of the storm was the enormous size of the hail stones. In no locality do they appear to have been smaller than walnuts and in some they are reported to have been as large as hens eggs and duck eggs. The stones in some places were of an irregular shape and were chunks and slugs of ice rather than round hail stones. The damage in many localities was total, the crops being cut off and literally pounded into the ground. A heavy rainfall followed the hail.

The territory devastated gave promise of a great yield this year, and some of the barley and early sown durum wheat along the track of the storm had been cut. The other wheat was almost ripe. Wheat and oats suffered more seriously than flax. The loss in the Red river valley end of the storm will be most severe felt, as it, as it struck a section of the country which has had poor crops for five years and the farmers were rejoicing over the Another unfortunate feature is the large yields promised this season small number of losers who carried hail insurance.

It Is Unlawful.

To place or receive game in cold storage. To hunt on land of another without permission. To run or train dogs during the closed season on lands frequented by game birds. To use traps, snares, artificial lights, nets, bird line or set guns, to kill game animals or birds.—To kill game birds or animals in any other way than by shooting them with a gun held to the shoulder. To use the hunting licence of another person mimum penalty $50.00 or to use another's shipping coupon.

A true sportman will never shoot a game bird, except on the wing. Will never violate the spirit or letter of the game laws. Will never take more game laws. Will never take more game or fish than he has use for. Will never impose upon or be insolent to land owners. Will never kill the last quail or prairie chicken in a covey. Will never shoot or kill any other game birds. Will never fail to destroy nets or traps when found set, unlawfully. Will never fail or refuse to co-operate with the Game and Fish Commission, its executive agent or deputy wardens in enforcement of the game laws.—Kennedy Star.

Our Bumper Crops.

With the present outlook in this part of Red Lake county, the man that took a homestead on the Eleven towns and pitched in to make his home and fortune here is going to begin to reap his reward, this year, when he reaps his grain.

We have always lived in a small grain producing country, in Iowa and Minnesota, but it seems to us that we were never in a country where the prospects for farming and stock raising was better than they are here. The land is rather hard to be opened up and prepared for crops, but those that had faith to stay and try will now begin to receive payment for their labor, as they are now quite sure to have a crop that has not been equaled in northern Minnesota since the year of [illegible], and with the prospect of a big price and a sure way to get their grain to market, the 11 towns homesteader can be said to be in a hopeful and a prosperous condition.—Sunbeam.

K. M. Hanson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

GERMANTOWN.

A special school meeting was held in the school house in district 120 on Aug. 12th to vote on the question of issuing bonds for the erection of a new school house. The bond issue was carried by an almost unanimous vote. The building and preliminary work will be pushed along hereafter with all possible speed.

Nearly everybody harvested their barley crop last week and the harvesting of other varieties will be well under way in another week.

Pete and John Rondestvedt have been up the last week preparing their threshing outfit for action. They moved it some time ago nearer the heart of the grain belt so as to be there without delay when the shocks are dry.

A Hibbing party shipped out a nice car load of butcher cattle last week to feed the mine workers and strikers on the iron range.

The Grand Plain supervisors met last Saturday to let contracts for grading across the beaver dam west of Germantown.

C. Hovelsoe is spending a few days in town with his daughter Mrs. H. K. Strand.

Mrs. Martin Berg and daughter Mable, of Silverton, spent Sunday here visiting with friends and looking over the old homestead.

A gang of drainage surveyors are again camping here before commencing the survey of the country south of the Red Lake.

Daniel Shaw was up from Thief River Falls over Sunday.

Frank and Detlif Dan have been up from Larimore N. D., for a visit.

Your correspondent spent a day in town last week and saw the sights. We do not wish to take up space to explain all there was to be seen but we can't refrain from mentioning that we were impressed by the way they had the old buildings crowded into the streets and the way holes were being dug into the ground to build new ones over again. We are convinced that just now Thief River Falls is in the lead and booming more than our town.

Local Firm Branching Out.

And now we are to have a clothing store in our berg. Monday, Erickson & Evenson of Thief River Falls were here and rented part of Bockey's hall and will put in a complete line of Men's and Boy's ready made clothing. They expect to have their stock here and be ready for business by September 1st.

This is a good showing for our berg and goes to show that more people then just those that live around here believe in the future of this country, or they would not think of putting in a line of such goods.—Grygla Eagle.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet with Mrs. Ole Storholm on Friday afternoon of this week. All are cordially invited to attend.

INJUNCTION IS GRANTED

Auditor Restrained from Calling Meeting on First Petition.

County Seat Removal Case Is Again in the Courts.

The application of M. V. Evenson of Thief River Falls for an injunction restraining County Auditor O'Brien of Red Lake County from fixing a date for the meeting of the County Commissioners to consider the first county seat removal petition was brought up before Judge Watts Tuesday morning. The attorneys for the plaintiff were Stanton of Thief River Falls and Miller of Crookston. The defendant appeared personally with Thos. Germo of Red Lake Falls.

The claim of Evenson is that proceedings under the petition have been abandoned. Attorneys Grady and Boughton of Red Lake Falls asked to be allowed to intervene in the case in behalf of A. P. Toupin. The objection made by the attorneys of the plaintiffs was overruled and the intervention allowed.

After listening to the arguments the Judge granted the application of the plaintiff for a temporary injuction during the pendency of the suit restraining the County Auditor from calling a meeting of the county commissioners to consider the first petition which in reality has disappeared. The case will be brought up for trail at the October term of the district court.

Wants a Dam Built.

The Crookston Times quotes George A. Ralph, the state drainage engineer, as saying that it would be of great benefit to deepen the channel of the Red Lake river at the outlet of the Red Lake so that the level of the lake would be lowered three feet, and then have a dam constructed at the outlet and the surplus water could be held back in the spring of the year. The people of Thief River Falls have long desired to see a dam constructed at the outlet, in order that the flow of the river could be made more even during the entire year. It certainly would be a good thing.

Hunt Was in Bad Company.

While at the fair last week we had the pleasure of meeting Nick Tarrant, our popular judge of probate, H. T. McNulty Superintendant of schools. E. L. Quist, Register of deeds.—and Lewis E. Nelson the Sheriff.—Sunbeam.

Train dispatcher Allaret leaves today for Bismark where he has a position with the Soo road.

It Isn't Simply

that we sell Hart & Marx clothes that you find it worth while to buy your things here.

That's a pretty good reason; but there are others. We've a lot of other that men wear that are worth having, too. If you haven't found out that this store is the headquarters for quality stuff, you've got some coming to you.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SPURNED SMALL TIPS

Two Similar Incidents With Very Different Endings.

A CONTRAST IN METHODS.

One of the Experiences Was in New York and the Other in Philadelphia and the Outcome Left the Honors With the Latter City.

"Recently I witnessed a couple of tipping incidents that, it occurred to me, illustrated a certain difference of spirit in two cities," observed a Washingtonian who gets about a good bit. "One of the occurrences took place in New York and the other in Philadelphia.

"The New York incident reduced my collar almost to a starchy pulp merely to look at, although, of course, it was none of my business.

"An elderly, dignified, goateed man, who struck me as being a not very prosperous southerner marooned in an uncongenial environment, entered a big, brass band Harlem restaurant and took a table close to mine. He ordered a sardine sandwich and a bottle of beer. As he addressed himself to the beer and sandwich with no very manifest gusto, it seemed plain that he had entered the place chiefly for the purpose of listening to some of the band music and that he had given his modest order as a sort of method of paying for his enjoyment of the music. The elderly man's bill was 30 cents. He placed a half dollar on the table.

"The waiter picked the half up, giving vent at the same time to a sort of smothered snort, and, pulling two dimes from his change pocket, tossed them in front of the elderly man and stood waiting, with a glare on his face. The elderly man tucked one of the dimes into his pocket and gently pushed the other over to the edge of the table for the waiter to pick up. The snort which the waiter gave this time wasn't smothered at all, and then he deliberately flipped the ten cent piece off the table on to the floor.

"The elderly man flushed from where his white hair left off at his forehead to where his somewhat frayed but immaculately white collar began. Anybody could see that he felt the insult and the humiliation keenly. Just as he picked up his hat from the chair beside him to go out the pompous head waiter passed close to his table, and the elderly man summoned him.

"'Sir,' I heard him say in a low tone to the head waiter, who listened to him with stolid indifference, 'one of your waiters has just subjected me to a gross and uncalled for indignity. Reluctantly and entirely against my will, but yielding to the custom which prevails in this city, I gave the waiter for his own use a sum of money amounting to just one-third the price of the food and drink of which I had partaken. Before my eyes he contemptuously threw that amount of money on the floor, where it still lies. I have summoned you to inquire if such gross disrespect toward a guest has the approval of the management of this establishment?'

"The lordly head waiter shrugged his shoulders with a sort of bored deprecation and without a word of reply turned his back upon the elderly man and strolled away. The elderly man arose and walked out, his face still crimson.

"The other tipping incident took place a few days later in a Chestnut street restaurant in Philadelphia. A man at the table next to mine had ordered a couple of deviled crabs and a bottle of ale. His bill was 55 cents. He gave the waiter a dollar bill. The waiter brought back a quarter and two dimes on a silver salver. The guest picked the quarter and one of the dimes from the salver. The waiter gave a grunt and chucked the remaining dime off the salver on to the table, then walked away with a growl in his throat. The guest picked up the dime and stuffed it into his change pocket. Then he summoned another passing waiter and told this waiter that he wanted to see the manager of the restaurant at once. The manager was at the table in less than a minute. The guest told him what he had to say in a few quiet words.

"'Tell No. 19 to report here to me,' said the manager to the first passing waiter.

"No. 19, the waiter who was so far above dimes as tips that he tossed them back at the givers, appeared in a jiffy.

"'Go to the cashier and get your time,' said the manager to the waiter. 'Then put on your hat and coat and come back here to me.'

"The waiter walked away and was back presently, with his coat on and his hat in his hand.

"'You are suspended for a week,' said the manager to the waiter, 'but before you leave I want you to apologize to this gentleman for your conduct.'

"'Oh, there's other hash houses in Phillie, I guess,' said the waiter impudently, turning to go.

"The manager, a medium sized but muscular man, had that waiter by the shoulders from behind in a good deal less time than it takes to tell it, and he booted that waiter, holding him that way by the shoulders from behind all the way to the entrance and then all the way across the sidewalk to the curb, where the waiter was sent spinning like a top, only pulling up and getting his balance out in the middle of the street between the car tracks.

"I don't think the two incidents require any comment as to the difference between a town like New York and a town like Philadelphia."—Washington Star.

CLEVER SMUGGLERS.

Daring Efforts to Evade Uncle Sam's Customs Officials.

ONE BOLD PIECE OF WORK.

The Way Two Persistent Tariff Dodgers Scared a Ship's Captain and Escaped the Inspectors—A Poll Parrot That Told Tales Out of School.

In the early nineties of the last century the precautions observed by the officers of the United States treasury department in preventing or rather attempting to prevent the successful smuggling of dutiable goods into this country were as adequate in their scope and as rigidly applied as they are today. This means that the achievements of two smugglers, who may be called Harry White and Richard Bergen, need by no means be regarded as insignificant. For years they plied their trade upon the various transatlantic liners, and when at length their system was laid bare through the acumen of government agents, their ingenuity still served to prevent the just punishment of many other offenders.

The smuggling White and Bergen did was confined to trunks full of nickel or silver plated German and Swiss watches, English cutlery, woolens and tweeds. In the aggregate, however, it may safely be ventured that the revenue of the nation suffered more through these two men than through the occasional successes of diamond smugglers.

Inevitably of course as their triumphs increased in duration and proportion, the leak forced itself upon the notice of the customs officers. White and Bergen did not know this. Agents of the treasury department in England and on the continent were set to work, and eventually suspicion was fastened upon Bergen, who was in London engaged in the wholesale purchase of table cutlery. The two smugglers were never abroad together, it being part of the system for one to remain at New York.

The government agents watched Bergen for a fortnight. One of them was never far off when a purchase was made, and when the object of suspicion booked on a certain liner that fact, together with a complete list of the dutiable articles in his possession, was cabled to Washington. The vessel was due past Sandy Hook on May 16, 189–, and the custom house inspectors had prepared a distinguished welcome for the man whom they had long regarded as their special bete noire.

Bergen was accomplished and genial, frequented the smoking room night and day and was popular with card players and the passengers in general. One morning when the steamer was a few miles east of Fire Island there came a cry from the lookout, "Man in small boat in distress off the port bow!" The captain descried a man standing up in a small sloop, the mast of which was shattered and the craft somewhat down by the head. She was drifting to sea, and the captain signaled for full speed astern, altered his course a trifle and finally came near enough to the occupant of the sailboat to throw him a line, by which, wet and bedraggled, he was hauled to the deck, amid the cheers of the passengers. If Bergen felt surprise as he saw his fellow conspirator White sprawled on deck, he gave no indication of it. In due time the ocean waif disappeared from among the passengers.

Developments were not long delayed. The liner was approaching the Sandy Hook light vessel when Bergen, wild of eye, with hair disheveled and cheeks flushed, sought the privilege of an immediate and private interview with the ship's chief executive. He was taken into the chart room, where, falling on his knees before the captain, he begged him never to divulge what he was about to tell, and then he unfolded a terrible plot which he had conceived of destroying the vessel and her passengers.

He was a Fenian, he said, and had been selected by his comrades to place an infernal machine in the hold of the British vessel. Clockwork was attached to the bomb, he declared, and it was timed to go off within twenty minutes. He had remained firm in his deadly venture throughout the trip, but now at the crucial moment a little boy with whom he had played about deck and had grown to love had swerved him from his purpose. He said that the bomb was contained within a huge leather trunk, and he begged the captain to have it heaved overboard before the mechanism ticking away the life of the ship should have time to do its work.

The captain was a man of action, and before the last words were out of Bergen's mouth he was on deck, summoning the watch to quarters.

"Into the baggage room all of you," he roared, "and jack every piece of baggage on deck!"

The crew set to work. Trunk after trunk was hauled out, while Bergen stood beside the captain, shivering in excess of emotion. Suddenly he caught the officer by the arm.

"That's it!" he cried, pointing to an enormous trunk.

"All right," replied the captain. "Now, then, men," pointing to the designated piece of baggage, "over with it, and in a hurry! Heave it way out! If any part of it hits this ship you're all dead men! Over now!"

As the liner slid into quarantine two secret service agents and a dozen custom house inspectors hurried up the ladder from the revenue cutter. Nothing was said to Bergen until the declarations of the passengers were signed, wherein it was stated that Bergen had no dutiable goods. Then the suspected smuggler was surrounded by half a dozen inspectors.

No man in the group was less agitated than Bergen, smiling, puffing easily upon a black cigar and returning look for look with level eyes. Why had he not declared his baggage? That was an easy question. He had no baggage. But the officers knew better. They even had a description of the trunk, and thus armed the captain was ordered to open the baggage compartment. When the revenue men recited their reasons for this demand, with a description of the trunk they expected to find, a great white light dawned upon the skipper's mind, and the detectives swore vainly as they realized that though their quarry was run down, all the evidence against him was gone.

Once there lived in one of the foreign quarters of New York a learned ornithologist. He knew more about birds than most men know about anything. He stuffed and mounted them too. Not infrequently his researches took him abroad. In fact, he was a regular voyager to Europe, spending the greater part of his sojourn invariably in France, whence he returned with many quaint and curious birds, stuffed, mounted, ready for exhibition. This savant and his birds became so familiar to the customs inspectors that they finally examined his baggage and his stock in the most perfunctory way.

Once when in Paris the ornithologist picked up a wonderful talking parrot which he purchased at the owner's price and made a pet of. He was fond of talking, and the bird was especially taken into his confidence. Yet through all the grim fact that Poll would be worth more to him dead than alive constantly obtruded itself, so much so that several times a day he said to the parrot, "Poll, pretty Poll, when you are dead I shall stuff you full of nice fat diamonds and take you to America."

In good season the ornithologist, with his collection of stuffed birds and the parrot, set sail for New York on one of the French liners leaving Havre. At the pier several inspectors greeted him as an old acquaintance, and one of them fumbled carelessly among the various trunks and boxes, until eventually Poll, sitting placidly in her cage, was brought to light.

"Ah, a parrot!" said the inspector. "Can she talk, professor?"

"Ah!" exclaimed the savant effusively. "Can she talk? Well, [illegible]" He crooked forefinger at the bird, which opened her bill and talked.

"Poll—Poll—Polly pretty Poll—when you are dead—when you are dead—are dead—are dead, I shall stuff you full of—full of—I stuff—stuff—stuff you full of diamonds."

The rest was easy for the inspectors. —Lawrence Perry in New York Tribune.

Dr. Spafford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Sept [illegible] at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spafford has been visiting Minnesota cities for [illegible] years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Subscribe for the News.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Subscribe for the News.

ATTEND THE MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

SEPT. 2-7, 1907.

at Hamline between St. Paul and Minneapolis. Considered the best State Fair in America. Better attractions this year than ever. When Purchasing your Railroad Ticket

Buy A Round Trip Ticket

it will save you time and inconvenience when you are ready to return. Long limit on round trip tickets—stay 30 days if you like.

Great Northern Railway

W. E. Baker, Agent.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PURE BEER AT ANY COST

We spend a fortune every year in order to give you an absolutely pure beer.

We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also under the food laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle.

Not only in purity, but in age and flavor Hamm's "Leads Them All." It's a perfect beer and after drinking it once you will never be satisfied with any other.

Call for the "Preferred Stock."

Hamm's

G. WIEMER,
Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. Borry,
PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Fisher.

Dr. Teal was down to St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Wm. Erb, of Garnes, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. Joe Lang spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

H. H. Finrow, of Plummer, was in the city Tuesday.

Phil Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

C. C. Jackson went down to Minneapolis Monday evening.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacobson last Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Knut Nickolayson last week.

Harry Hoberg, the Newfolden merchant, was in the city Tuesday.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

—Ten fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Gusa, one mile west of town.

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence, Evenson block. Phone 211.

Attorney Richardson transacted business up on the Greenbush line Monday.

John Dobner Moore returned last evening to his home at LaCrosse, Wis.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

The Ladies Sewing Society of the Swedish Mission church will meet next Monday afternoon with Mrs. Conrad Olson.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Mrs. Whitman returned to this city the first of the week from a visit with friends at Grand Forks.

Safe for Sale—A large Cary safe, for sale cheap. For particulars address Langseth Mercantile Co.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

Nels Swenson, of the town of Sanders, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

Louis Padden, Arthur Hoopes, Miss Ella Anderson and Marie Hermanson spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Sam Torgerson left Monday for the harvest fields of North Dakota and will remain until threshing is over.

John E. Ostrom, a former business man of Warren but now located at Seattle, was in the city yesterday.

L. G. Browning left Saturday evening for Minneapolis, Anoka and other points to spend several days visiting friends.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Services in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side next Sunday at 10:30 in the morning and 7:45 in the evening.

Mrs. I. C. Wisberg, of Warren, Mrs. Morsin and Mrs. W. H. Gardom, of Drayton, N. D., are in the city guests of Mrs. Charles Olson.

Conrad Wedmer, who has a claim up north of Middle River, had the misfortune to dislocate his shoulder Sunday, being thrown from a horse.

—Lost—A dark brown heifer, eight months old. Finder please notify John Lundgreen, east side of Thief River, just north of Squaw point.

County Supt. of Schools McAnulty came up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday and went east to visit some of the schools on the reservation.

Bulman Bros. last week sold their meat market to Robert Lee and John Sorenson. The new proprietors are hustlers and will be sure to do a good business.

S. K. Dahle and Tom Holm, two enterprising settlers on the eleven towns, left Tuesday for North Dakota to spend the fall in the harvest fields over there.

An ice dealer at East Grand Forks has been arrested under the pure food law. Complaint is made that one family contracted diphtheria from the ice furnished by the dealer.

Miss Augusta Kuehnel has resigned as postmaster at Kuehnel and Peter C. Wold will lick the postage stamps and draw the salary of that office in the future.—Sunbeam.

W. H. Blunt who was the first butter maker for the Thief River Falls creamery arrived in the city last week and will spend several days selling supplies to the creameries in this vicinity.

C. J. Knox's horse, Lockstep, is down in Wisconsin this week taking in some of the fast races in that section. The horse is doing good work and will be heard from before the season is over.

Monday evening it was decidedly cold and many feared that this section would be visited by a severe frost Tuesday morning. It turned warmer in the night, however, and no damage was done by frost.

Rev. F. Seltz, who is to be the new pastor of the German Lutheran church in this city, arrived here last Friday and will make this city his home for sometime in the future. He is a young man of ability and is sure to make many friends here.

A number of the local Elks held a meeting Monday evening and sent a request to the grand lodge for the charter for the lodge of this order that is soon to be organized here. It is quite probable that the date set for organizing the lodge here will be Sept. 10.

C. J. Winton and family came up from Wausau, Wis., last Saturday and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton. They made the trip here in Mr. Winton's handsome auto car, and were two days coming from Wausau, a distance of about 650 miles.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

T. F. Lowry, division superintendent on the Great Northern, was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Mrs. W. B. Krouse, assisted by the Rushford quartette, will sing the illustrated song at the Bijou during the remaining part of this week.

D. J. McNiven and family expect to leave in a few weeks for Seattle to make their future home. Mr. McNiven has sold his farm up near Kratka.

The Bijou has a special program for the remaining three days in this week. Thirty handsome colored pictures of Cinderilla and the silver slippers will be shown.

Attorney John Walseth, who for the past number of weeks has been at Grand Forks, returned to this city yesterday. He is undecided as to whether or not he will remain here in the future.

A deal was made the first of the week whereby Anton Gunderson, who for the past few months has been living up on the Jonsen farm near Germantown, purchased Joe Moeleths saloon. Mr. Gunderson is going to auction off his farm machinery next week and remove to town.

H. C. Hjerleid, cashier of the First National Bank, of Decorah, Iowa, was in the city the first of the week, the guest of his cousin, T. P. Hamre. Three years ago Mr. Hjerleid visited this section and he was greatly surprised at the advance that had been made in that length of time.

The city is not going to drill for a new well, at least not right away. Emil Sedlacek, the well digger, is of the opinion that he can fix the deep well pump so that it will work and the city council is going to give him an opportunity to try. If he succeeds, the city will be saved about $1,500.

A general re-union of the Fourteenth Minnesota Infantry, U. S. V. will be held at the St. Paul armory on September 4—which is Wednesday of State Fair week. All preparations have been made for a big time, and the fun will last all day. All veterans of the regiment are earnestly requested to attend.

Local Socialists are greatly pleased over the fact that they have been able to secure Rev. I. O. Bentall, one of the editors of the Christian Socialist, a semi-monthly magizine published at Chicago, to deliver an address here sometime in September, the exact date to be announced later.

In the August test of the State Educational Six Months Scoring contests held at St. Paul last week, four Red Lake county buttermakers, and fifty-two others, scored 90 or more in what is called the "Gathered Cream Class." The four from this county and their scores are: Wm. N. Elofson, Thief River Falls, 93¼; P. L. Malvin, Red Lake Falls, 92; G. A. Hovland, Lillo, 90, Geo. L. Austin, St. Hilaire, 90.

The American Society of Equity has set the wheat price for the coming year at $1.25 per bushel. They claim a shortage of 165,000,000 bushels in this country and of 300,000,000 bushels in other countries. The theory of the society is that it costs as much to produce a small crop as a large one, and that at $1.25 this year's crop will bring about the same amount of money as last year's crop, though, owing to increased prices of other articles, the buying value of the money is less than it was.

Editor Sam Clark of the Minot Reporter speaks with authority when he thus defines a baseball fan: "A base ball fan is an animal which is almost human in some respects. It runs wild between May and September and flocks together between 3 and 6 o'clock p. m. The rest of the year it lies dormant. This animal has lungs as powerful as a rhinoceros and has a wonderful unfailing eyesight, which enables it to see better than an umpire. It is an omniverous animal but lives principally on peanuts, pop and tobacco.

It will probably be an item of news to most of our readers that a postmaster is compelled to make change for you when you make purchases at Uncle Sam's office. There is a queer rule that not one in a thousand know. Buyers of stamps or any purchase at a postoffice must furnish their own change. The postmaster could insist on the buyer furnishing his own change if he saw fit to do it; but usually the postmaster is glad enough to get rid of his "chicken feed," and is always ready to accommodate the public by making all the change it asks for.—Ex.

If you hire a horse at a livery stable, you ought treat him as if he were your own. If you drive out ten miles you ought not to attend to your own wants until you see him properly cared for. If an honest man you will remember that you are under a two fold obligation to that animal—an obligation to its owner and an obligation to the animal. You are the debtor of both, and though you pay the price of the horse no money can release you from the duty and moral claim involved in the bargain between yourself and the owner. To neglect the poor speechless beast that cannot appeal to the commiseration of a passer by is simply unpardonable, and the man who is guilty of such neglect is worse than a man.—Our Dumb Animals.

Rev. Aastad was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr and Mrs. Silas Torgerson, of the town of North, last week.

Albert Eve, of Highlanding, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute to North Dakota.

The results of the state high school examinations were received by Mr. Hay Tuesday of this week. 300 certificates were returned, of which 180 were marked plus. These will be distributed on the opening of school, with the exception of these in the senior subjects which were taken by the students who wrote for teachers certificates. If those pupils will call at the superintendent's home they can receive their certificates and by sending them in to the state department have them applied on their teacher's certificates.

The increased cost of all printing materials, paper, etc., that go into the making of a newspaper is gradually bringing the subscription price of all the weeklies up to $1.50 a year. A story is going the rounds that a certain editor out in Kansas, in discussing the proposed raise, states that he felt like a minister who when offered a substantial raise in salary, said, "I thank you, brothers, but I cannot assume the additional task; it is hard enough to collect the salary I am now getting."—Ex.

Defying the City.

A determined fight is being fought by the Red Lake Falls milling company against the city of Thief River Falls, the outcome of which is being watched with interest. Sometime ago the Red Lake Falls milling company expressed a desire to remove their elevator to a point on La Bree avenue and the Great Northern right-of-way. It so happens that this particular point is within the fire limits of the city, and property owners in that section not desiring to have their insurance increased, made objection to having the building removed to this new location. The mayor and the city council are backing these people up, but the Red Lake Falls Milling company seems determined to remove their elevator to this new location, and already has it moved to a point within a few feet of the fire limits, and it is now in such shape that it will only take a few minutes work to land it at the desired destination. Several notices have been served upon the company and the men employed in doing in the moving.

Case Dismissed.

D. Crawford, a settler living up east of Germantown, was arrested Sunday morning about 1 o'clock for attempting to set fire to a building. He was discovered by policeman James Farr, standing between the buildings occupied by Andy Erickson's saloon and Andrew Morin's office fanning a pile of old papers to which he had set fire. He was under the influence of liquor and now claims that he does not remember anything about the matter. There is no reason why he should have wanted to set fire to these buildings.

Upon motion of the county attorney yesterday, the case against Crawford was dismissed and he left that evening for the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Married on Monday.

At three o'clock Monday afternoon, at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. McNiven, occured the marriage of Malcom McNiven, of this city, to Miss Pauline Day, of Devils Lake N. D., the Rev. F. J. Barackman officiating. Both the young people are well known in this city, the bride having resided here for a number of years with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Day. The groom is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. McNiven and a young man possessing many friends here. The happy couple left Monday evening for Kalispell, Mont., where they expect to make their future home.

Soo Engineer Drowned.

Glenwood, Minn., Aug. 20.—A. G. Higgins, an engineer in the employ of the Soo railway, was drowned this afternoon in Lake Minnewaska. He, with three of his friends, John Anderson, S. Schillman and F. Huntsicher, went out in a row boat to fish. In some manner the boat capsized. The three last named managed to cling to the overturned boat until a rescuing party came to their relief. The remains of the unfortunate man have not been found. His home is at Enderlin, N. D., where he leaves a young wife to whom he was married about six months ago.

Salvation Army.

Major Millsaps from Minneapolis who has the charge of the Junior War in the north west will be in Thief River Falls next Monday and Tuesday August 26th and 27th to lead the meetings in the Salvation Army hall.

Subject Monday night, Perilan Times. Tuesday evening, Fanatisiness.

The Major would like to meet all the children for a meeting Tuesday afternoon at 4 p. m.

All are welcome to the meetings.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Flax	$1 05
Eggs	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Taming His Wife, a comical number.

The Society Hog, a novelty.

The Fencing Master tells of the affair of two french swordmen, both rivals for the same fair lady's hand. In a duel between the two the rejected suitor falls, apparently, a self designed victim of a rapier thrust. The scenes are typical of the French Capitol and the acting sterling to a degree making it the most thrilling dramatic production of the season.

Illustrated Song, In the Evening by the Moonlight, Dear Louise by Harry Von Tilzer sung by Mrs. Krouse with quartette.

A Grand Scenic Production of 30 scenes of Cinderilla and the Silver Slipper photography superb beautifully colored.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Aug. 17.

Anderson C. J.
Aanstad Mrs. Rose
Buneson Lars
Campbell J. F.
Dahlin Olaf J.
Doran W. J.
Eckbom A. E.
Halvorson Hans
Hastings Guy G.
Haycock Mrs.
Huiting Peter C.
Hovelsrud Gilbert
Johnson Aaron
Johnson Lewis E.
McDonald Hugh
Olson Miss Victoria
Palmer P. P.
Postes Monsier C. Perceptour
Price T. A. 2
Ronney J. J.
Reed W.
Thoreson Mrs. Mathilda
Urnes Miss Carolina
Zacho R. W.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

What the Society of Equity Wants to Do.

1. To obtain profitable prices for all the products of the farm, orchard, and garden.
2. To have built and maintained, granaries, elevators, warehouses and cold storage houses on the farms, in principal market cities, and all localities where necessary, so that farm produce may be held and controlled for an advantageous price.
3. To secure equitable rates of transportation.
4. To secure legislation in the interest of the people and the enforcement of laws in the interest of all.
5. To open up new markets for American products and enlarge old ones.
6. To secure new seeds, grain, vegetables, etc; from home and foreign countries, and distribute them with a view of improving present crops and giving a greater diversity.
7. To report crops in this and foreign countries, so that farmers may operate intelligently in planting and marketing.
8. To establish institutions of learning so that farmers and their sons and daughters may be educated in scientific and intensive farming, the best methods of marketing, and for the general advancement of agriculture.
9. To improve our highways.
10. To irrigate our land.
11. To prevent adulteration of food and marketing of same.
12. To promote social intercourse.
13. To settle disputes without recourse to law.
14. To promote farmers insurance life, fire crop.
15. To guard the consumers interests and protect them from exploitation in price of necessaries of life.
16. To establish similar society in foreign countries.

Miss Jenson, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. John Torrison, returned yesterday to her home at Flora, N. D.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. [illegible] 1907. Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final [illegible] proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible], made June 25th [illegible] and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning [illegible] for District of Minnesota, at [illegible], Minnesota, on Sept. 28th, [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:
Louis O. Kangeit, of [illegible]
Charles W. Nelson, [illegible]
Ludvig Larson, [illegible]
Anton Saug, [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 23

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 21 1907. Notice is hereby given that [illegible] Erie, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible], made April 24, 1906, for the S W [illegible] Township 153 N., Range 39 W., [illegible] and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, [illegible] commissioner for the District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:
Bertinel Rhuby, [illegible]
Jules Halvorson, [illegible]
Albert [illegible], [illegible]
Philomena Friberg, [illegible] Erie, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 23 sept 19

AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE.

Shirt Waists.

To close out the balance of our ladies white lawn shirt waists, ranging in price from $1.25 to $3.50 we have placed them on our counter in three lots at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per waist.

A few of them are slightly soiled, but worth twice what we ask for them. If you want to dress up for the fair, don't miss getting one of these beautiful waists for less than cost.

Ladies Wash Suits.

25 per cent off the present low price on all our ladies wash suits. The suits are clean, very stylish and exceptional bargains, at the price we offer them.

Summer Wash Goods.

25per cent off on summer wash goods, such as lawns, nainsooks, batiste, marchelane silks, silk tissue, spider checks and brilliants.

20 per cent off on entire stock of ladies summer jackets and long coats.

Just received a beautiful line of lace curtains which we offer at a very low price. We shall be pleased to have you call and take a look at them.

Our dry goods, clothing, shoe, grocery and hardware departments have a complete stock to select from. Prices the lowest. We aim to please our customers.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
August 22, 1907.

Progress In Poultry.

When Columbus reached the shores of America there was not a chicken to be seen anywhere. The Indians of the Isles, those of the continent stretching north along the Atlantic, as well as the Aztecs of Mexico and the Incas of Peru, were wholly unacquainted with the luxury of hen eggs, and had never heard a rooster crow. The wild duck, of course, was known everywhere that water flowed, and the wild turkey was familiar to the residents from northern Mexico to Hudson Bay, but nowhere in the Americas was there a duplicate of the now so common occupants of the coops and barnyards. It was not until well into the sixteenth century that chickens were imported into the colony of Virginia, and nothing but the common dunghill fowl was known in what is now the United States until the new republic was well under way. So the poultry industry, as we now know it, one of the marvels of the modern world, was practically the growth of the nineteenth century, and principally of the last sixty or seventy years. It was not until the fanciers took up the business and began scientific breeding that the varieties were increased and improved until at present they number more than a hundred.

As explained heretofore in these columns, the original of all our poultry was the jungle fowl which was found wild in India, subsequently domesticated and spread over China, Japan and other countries of Asia. It does not appear, however, that any effort was made in these countries to evolve improved breeds, and in Egypt they still have the exact duplicate of the chickens that pecked in the straw around the pyramids during the reign of the early Pharaohs. The original supply was brought from Asia to Europe, but it is England and America that have been foremost in developing new breeds. The results accomplished by the fanciers in these two countries in recent years have been nothing short of marvelous. By careful selection and matting, persistent experimentation, a system of culling and excluding along the lines taught by the Darwinian philosphy, fowls of all sizes have been produced, from the diminutive bantam to the mammoth Rocks, one a tiny bit of feathered vanity weighing only a few ounces and the other weighing many pounds.

Results equally as wonderful have been accomplished in color effects. There are varieties in red, black, brown and white, with nearly all possible combinations, besides buff and Andalusian blue. Not content with this, the fanciers have shown that they can lace, stripe, spangle or bar the feathers of their birds in any way to satisfy their individual fancy. In fact, it seems that about all there is left for them to do along this line is to put their birds, which, in the light of what they have already done, is not as impossible as it may sound. While this is interesting, however, it is the commercial feature of the business that commands attention. The magnitude of the business, reviewed from the standpoint of national finances, is truly amazing. Poultry and eggs, as is well known, constitute an important part of the food supply of the country. Indirectly, the business represents a capital of hundreds of millions of dollars. One poultry farm alone in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania, covers eighty-two acres, thirty-five of which are taken up with the buildings and yard, there being 12,000 square feet of floor space under roof. The owners have a contract for furnishing a large hotel in New York with 600 dozen eggs every week, and another to supply a New York firm with 3,000 dozen weekly. The plant is lighted throughout by electricity, heated by steam and watered by a system of pipes fed by an immense living well. From this one example an idea may be formed of the gigantic proportions reached by the poultry industry in the United States, as there are many other establishments almost as large scattered throughout various States of the Union. The business is growing all the time and what it will eventually develop into under modern inventive genius and American enterprise, stimulated by certainty of great dividends, is beyond the reach of the most far-seeing prophet.—American Farmers.

The Watch Trust's Way.

The watch trust cannot smother us half to death, like some of the trusts that control the product and prices of things we must have to eat and wear, but it can make us angry, and some of its methods are calculated to do that to perfection.

For instance, it has been pretty well established that the watch *trust sells its goods abroad* very much more cheaply than it does at home. In fact it doesn't sell them cheaply at all at home, and abroad its watches can be bought for very reasonable prices.

Catalogue prices of American watches are from 32 to 60 per cent lower in London, for instance, than they are in the United States, and the Independent Watch Dealer' association of America has been buying in London watches made in America, and shipping them back home, where they are sold at retail for less than they can possibly be bought for if the American wholesale rates of the watch trust are paid. The freight was only 1 per cent of the value; and there was no tariff to pay because the watches were returned as American made goods.

The high tariff made this business possible, of course, and naturally such impudence is a thorn in the flesh of the watch trust. It was very embarrassing and annoying, to say the least, to find dealers disposing of trust watches in this country at about the wholesale price, when the public know that the way it was done was to buy them in England and ship them back to this country.

So the watch trust is taking steps to stop it. In order to prevent a continuance of this sort of competition, the trust is forcing upon English dealers an agreement to the effect that they will not sell to anybody who is likely to send the goods out of the country. As a guaranty on the dealer's part that he will keep his bargain, he is forced to forfeit $25 on every watch sold or disposed of by him contrary to the agreement, and if he will not give this guaranty he finds himself unable to do business with the trust.

This is a complete confession on the part of the watch trust that the charge made against it of selling goods abroad cheaper than at home is absolutely true. Of course there was small use in denying it, in the face of the constant object lessons offered the American people in the form of watches imported from England after being exported by the trust, and sold here for much less than they could be bought for from dealers who bought direct from the trust.

The trust is composed of the Elgin Watch company, the Waltham Watch company, the Keystone Watch Case company and the Cresent Watch company. These concerns will have a hard time, if put to it, to give any adequate reason why the tariff on watches should not be abolished.

This is one of the things that is meant when people talk of tariff revision. There is absolutely no reason why this particular schedule should not be eliminated, and there are other schedules of which the same thing is true for similar reasons.

Theodore Roosevelt.

By general consent the present occupant of the White House is the most interesting figure among the public men of the world. In administrative talent, executive ability, energy of charater, combined with rare judgment and capacity for work, his equal has not been seen in this age. In any particular one of his traits it may be possible to find a rival. There are great orators, better writers, rulers, of equal force, men of similar suavity, men as brave and as honest. But in the combination qualities, the uniting together of many admirable traits in one harmonious whole what the French call the "tout ensemble," the American President stands supreme. History affords no parallel for his infinite variety. Call the roll of the Richelius, the Cavours the Talleyrands, the Gladstones, the Bismarcks, and though they matched or rose above him at many points, they still lacked some of the ingredients which, in combination, have given us this great twentieth century reformer. Neither Washington, nor Jefferson, nor Lincoln, though his superiors in power of thought, possessed his ready resources and all around equipment. To find a ruler of equal equipoise, it is necessary to cross the modern world, pass through the middle ages, back through the Roman rule, over twenty-four centuries to the peerless Pericles.

The talent for leading men, whether in the forum or the field, is the highest of human attributes. It is vouchsafed to but few of the children of men, But this gift Roosevelt possessed in a preeminent degree. He is a born leader, a natural organizer. Intensely democratic in his instincts, simple in his tastes, pure in his private character and wholesome in his domestic relations, the best product of the great Republic is at once the most powerful and popular of publicists. His administration will go down to history as the most brilliant in that long and illustrious line known as the American Presidents. Deed after deed, achievements after achievements, strokes of world-wide importance, great things done in a great way, scores of long, neglected abuses attacked with the dash of Marat, powerful enemies of the public weal assaulted in their pride of might—such is the brief catalog of achievements that have delighted his friends and pleased the plain people and forced from hatred itself a tribute and admiration. Opposition pales before him. Those whose professional business it is to criticise, to find fault, admit that the charm of his personality and the merit of his policies neutralize partisanism and disarm the chronic reviler. For once calumny itself seems to have been silenced.

But one event can happen to mar this glowing picture; but one thing may account to lower this superb image from its pedestal on the pinnacle of Parnassus. Cæsar, hesitating at the passage of the Rubicon, declared that all things were excusable when power was at stake. Ambition justified forgetfulness of pledges, falsification of promises, high crime, civil war, the overthrow of popular liberty. If Theodore Roosevelt can escape this danger; if, like Washington, he is able to rise superior to all human temptation; if, by being true to himself, he makes it impossible to be false to any man; if, in short, he can "fling away ambition, by which sin angels fell," then will he indeed be the great man of the century. He is confronted with the emergency of the "thrice offered crown." He has promised in advance, has given his sacred word of honor, that he would not accept. On his ability to keep this promise, willingly, unreservedly with his whole heart, depends his place in history. It is a crucial test, one to which few men would be equal, but none who know Theodore Roosevelt's heart of hearts can doubt for a moment that he will keep his word. Much as the American people love him, eager as they are to have him represent them again, there must be a parting. He cannot be President again without breaking his word, without stultifying himself, without staining forever his hitherto stainless name. He would not do it for a thousand worlds! "Ne'er yet did base dishonor blur his name!" He will put away the proffered third term and none can say that he would accept it without impeaching the integrity, insulting the character of Theodore Roosevelt. No true friend of his would suggest such a thing. His enemies will do so in vain. Nothing is needed for the rounding out of the most glorious career in our national annals, but the closing of it, so far as the Presidency is concerned, on the fourth of March, 1909.—American Farmer.

A Tragedy.

A tragedy of unspeakable pathos comes in the ordinary news channels from *Montgomery, Ala.* It is absolutely true, though it is almost unthinkable that such a thing could happen in modern times.

More than ten years ago a negro woman, Rhena Rivers, was convicted of larceny, for the theft of a small sum of money, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty months.

A careless clerk, in making out the commitment, made it twenty years instead of twenty months, and she went upon the prison books as having been sentenced to serve twenty years.

Without knowing, in her ignorance, what had happened, she drudged out her sentence. She worked in the prison, and was sent to the mines, where she worked at bitter labor for years. Whatever she was given to do, however, she did patiently and without complaint. Indeed, she did so well that the twenty years was cut by good behavior to twelve, and she was looking forward to her release when typhoid fever overtook her and she died in prison.

The account says: "Year after year she performed the hardest work without complaint, hoping to gain freedom as soon as possible for the sake of her child. Even when she was sent to the mines, when she should have been free, she went cheerfully. It was only after her death, when her record was investigated, that the error was discovered and traced to the clerk that was responsible."

What a horror this is! There have been careless clerks before, but none whose carelessness, since the days of the Bastile, has produced such pitiful results. When her rightful term expired the poor prisoner had no friend to take her case up. Her mother supposed she had been detained for misconduct in the prison, when in fact she had been made a "trusty" for good conduct. No one else attempted to find out why she was kept in prison, and the years went by with her wrong unrighted.

Nothing can restore those wasted years to the woman that died in prison. A prominent lawyer has taken up the case, and is going to make the state legislature pay for the work done by the prisoner during the years of her unlawful imprisonment. That will not give this woman back her life, lost no doubt through the inroads of years of close confinement, unfitting her to withstand the attacks of fever. It will not give her back the years that were stolen from her through the criminal negligence of the authorities. The fact remains that this woman was sent to jail for a year and a third, and was actually imprisoned for ten years and a third, and was then only released by the hand of death.

The pity of it is that nothing can be done. It would be some satisfaction to punish the clerk whose negligence did the evil work but not even that could redeem the wrong. No payment by the state, however large, can compensate for this terrible injustice.—Duluth Herald.

And It Isn't an Accident.

Dakota Farmer: Some farmers look out upon their own weedy fields, sickly late crops, unprofitable cows, and poor pigs, poultry, colts and calves, and wonder how anyone can say that farming is pleasing and profitable work. As these discouraged people do not travel much, it would doubtless encourage them, and perhaps not a little surprise them, to know that in their own state, in their own country, possibly in their own township or neighborhood, there are farms free from weeds, farms where not a blossom of mustard can be seen, and where all—not some—but all of the small grain is rank, wide leafed, clean and vigorous; farms where the corn, despite the late spring, is really promising with scarcely a weed in it, and where the potatoes and gardens are equally clean and vigorous.

On some of these farms the cows are deep bodied and deep milkers, and their calves show blood and bringing up though possibly not a month old. The smallest pig is as plump and thrifty as a pea pod and there are so many lambs in the pastures compared with the number of sheep that it seems impossible that their mothers only are with them. The poultry all look alike, and all look alive, active and full of business as their nests are full of eggs. The smallest colt carries its head and hips as though proud of its past and fearless of its future.

What an inspiration such farming as this is. What possibilities there are in it for profit and pleasure. As a lady on such a farm said to us just a little while ago, as she showed us with beaming face, the home coming stock: "They pay us well, every one of them, around if it didn't pay in any other way."

Too much land, too much to do and too poor planning and management of the work, is accountable for much of our poor farming, but above all, too poor a knowledge of what real farming is, causes much of the loss and discouragement which keeps so many from the unsurpassed enjoyment of a beautiful landed home.

Modern Farm Life.

If a farmer of the generation of the Civil war had left the country then and just come back, he would be as astounded by the revolution that has taken place in farm life as he would by the developments of civilization that make the modern city a marvel when one stops to think of the ingenious inventions that have been contrived in recent years for the comfort and convenience of mankind.

The bulletins that the department of agriculture issues from time to time in regard to modern conviences on the farm make an impressive revelation of the great changes that have taken place in agriculture under the influence of modern invention. Anyone who visits an up-to-date farmer nowadays will find affairs very different from what would be expected from traditional notions of farm work.

No feature of old fashioned farm life is so familar as the cool springhouse, in which the milk was set in crocks for the cream to rise. When the separator was introduced the farmer's wife could hardly believe that this new fangled apparatus could get the cream as completely as she had done by hand with her skimmer. Many have been the tests made by setting out the milk from the separator, to see whether more cream would not rise on it, but it was promptly discovered that the separator does the work more thoroughly than can be done by hand.

Now it is common to see the milk go straight from the cow to the separator, and when the mechanism begins to revolve the cream comes flying off at once under the impulse of centrifugal force. The old fashioned churn, too, is as obsolete as the spinning wheel. New and oddly shaped implements are used, but the butter is extracted with a completeness and alacrity unknown to the old process. The only trouble with the new methods that is that the rich, yellow flaked butter milk that delighted the visitor to the spring house is gone.

Power engines have greatly facilitated farm work. It isn't longer necessary to fork hay back into the recesses of the hayloft. Grappling hooks, something like ice tongs, grasp the load of hay and hurry it to any point where it is desirable to drop it. Feed cutters and other farm tools are run by the power engine. Hydraulic force runs water to the kitchen, and the toilsome trip to the spring with a couple of pails is no longer among the duties of housework on the farm.

Perhaps some of the idylic charm of life upon the farm has gone with the old ways, but comfort, convenience and ease have succeeded it, and they have a a charm of their own that farmers and farmers wives can appreciate, perhaps better than they can the poetry of the old times. Perhaps the greatest possibility in these new conditions is that they may tempt the stream of humanity from the cities, where it has been directed so long, back to the breezy and comfortable farm.—Duluth Herald.

The Hutchinson Leader prints an interview with a prominent physician of that town, in which he discusses the things nature provides that people generally overlook entirely: Nature has a long list of medicines right at hand here in Minnesota which can be had fresh from her labratory, which can be taken in doses warranted to cure, which leave no bad effects, and if used freely would put us doctors and the drug stores out of commission. These medicines are not to be had without money and without price. No good thing is. But the price is within reach of the poorest, and while nature does not give credit, she makes the payment to suit all circumstances, if only one is willing to do the work she exacts. Here is a partial list of her cures, warranted to do what they claim: Dandelion is a blood purifier, lettuce a remedy for insomnia, spinach is a clean sweep, tomatoes are for a torpid liver, beets and potatoes are flesh builders, water is a tonic, onions and celery are for the nerves, parsley assists digestion, asparagus is a kidney cure, cucumbers aid digestion and are complexion clearers, parsnips are better than any sarsaparilla preparation, onions are a germicide and prevent malaria, garlic and leeks are good for blood circulation, peas and beans are nutritive and flesh formers, cabbage, if properly cooked, is a valuable medicine, possessing marked antiscorbutic virtue; carrots are valuable for the complexion, if for nothing else. They should be eaten freely, cooked or raw, every day. These are but a few of nature's wonderful, never fail remedies, and everyone who has a little piece of ground and a bundle of persistence and industry can have them on most satisfactory terms."

$5 .00
DOWN AND
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

That hacking cough continues
Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.
Take *Scott's Emulsion.*
It builds up and strengthens your entire system.
It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

FILING FEES HIGH.

A Mistake Made That Doubles the Filing Fees.

Those who intend to run for office in this city this fall will be interested in the following taken from the Stillwater items in the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

In accepting filing of two candidates for judges of the municipal court for the primaries, County Auditor Nelson of Stillwater, Minn., discovered this afternoon that the fee for candidates for all minor offices has been doubled. He called up the office of the attorney general, who on investigation confirmed this discovery.

In amending chapter 226 of the laws the legislature last winter intended to obtain the payments by candidates for the legislature paying more than $10 at the primaries, and by some bungle the law was amended so as to require candidates other than for legislature to pay $20. The provision is in House File No. 9801 last legislature.

Even Quack Grass and Mustard Have Their Friends.

A farmer was in the office the other day giving us a long lists of reasons why farmers should make a regular business of raising quack grass. He said it was the best feed that grew out doors, yielded the best, could be raised with the least trouble etc. We thought our friend had about reached the limit but here is a theory from the Glenwood Gopher that goes it one better.

"There are some farmers good brainy men, too who say that they don't want to get rid of the wild mustard, that it is in fact a benefit rather than a detriment. And they give their reasons and defy anybody to prove that they are wrong. They say first that the mustard springs up ahead of the grain and protects it from the hot sun. Second that the stiff stalks of mustard with their strong spreading limbs, protect the grain from being blown down and lodged by the wind. Third that the thicker the mustard the thicker the grain, and fourth, that the mustard acts as a nurse and a guardian angel to the grain and that the grain is always better with it than without it."

Now if some one will come forward with proof that no farm is complete without an acre or so of dandelions or a large lot of thistles there will be nothing left to be hoped for.—Long Prairie Leader.

A Boy Killed.

During the electrical storm Wednesday forenoon lightning struck and killed Hjalmer Carlson, the ten-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Carlson, living about four miles west of town. The boy had just driven into the barnyard with a load of rye when the lightning struck the load upon which he was riding, instantly killing the boy, knocking down both of the horses and *killing one of* them, and the shock being felt by the father, mother and little sister, who were at work in the house and barn. Two neighbor boys in the field felt the shock, but were not stunned. The load of rye was burned and it is thought the other horse will never be of service should he survive the shock. The blow to the family was a severe one and in their loss the entire community joins with The Spectator in extending their heartfelt sympathy. The remains were prepared for burial by the Holmes morgue and the funeral will be held today from the house at 1 p. m. and from the United Norwegian Lutheran church at 2 o'clock, Rev. Wangensteen holding services. Interment in the cemetery east of town.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Drew Ten Days.

There was trouble on the St. Vincent train last evening. Frank Bartlett of this city and Abraham Vant, a member of the Cash Carnival company got into a dispute on the train and Bartlett was badly poundly up by the carnival man. The latter was arrested and this morning was tried in Justice court on the charge of assault. He was given ten days in the county jail in which to think it over. —Crookston Times.

John Clair returned last Saturday to Blackduck.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at
JACKSON & M'GINN'S
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.
Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

RETURNS GROWING.

The Secretary's Report of the St. Hilaire Creamery for July.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Take notice to the list below! Is it not a nice one? It must mean prosperity as we have over fifty patrons receiving such large checks, and we can say that our dairy industry is yet in its youth.

What is going to happen when every one of these patrons has a silo and gets fully prepared? Banker Hansen will need two safes to be sure. Just think of it—$8,386.30 paid out for July! Twenty-six cents a pound is a price that makes all dairymen smile and will encourage them to go into selected dairy cows and prepare the right kind of feed. Taking our test association for a trimmer and we will soon beat the Danes.

Those who receiv.d over $50.00:

N. A. Nelson	$107 17
L. A. Carlson	96 78
Claus Hendricks	90 98
L. M. Rolland	90 33
Chas Seeger	87 87
T. M. Brevick	86 77
C. A. Lindquist	83 70
Erick Johnson	82 13
Hans J. Hanson	81 85
H. Haupt	80 60
Peter Johnson	79 70
Gust Konikson	77 64
Frank Drexler	77 40
Wash Adams	74 40
O. Lindquist	73 68
Halvor Hanson	73 30
John Albin	72 80
O. L. Larson	71 80
John Wohlbeck	71 34
Miller Peterson	70 59
John Hanson	69 96
C. A. Melin	68 64
R. J. McKercher	68 20
Emil Bessier	67 49
H. A. Swanby	66 76
Johnson Bros	65 64
Knut Finstad	65 52
W. D. Lind	65 21
P. O. Hegglund	64 82
L. P. Thyren	64 64
Ole Larson	63 40
Henry Randorf	62 80
Anton Aubol	61 43
Swan Sohalin	60 36
Erick Anderson	59 70
Swan Wiberg	59 14
John Sjoberg	58 15
H. J. Peterson	57 82
Nels K. Anderson	57 65
Frank Srtterberg	56 71
Swan Johnson	56 57
Andrew Huseby	56 57
Aug. Hoppe	56 15
Sam Thompson	54 34
P. W. Peterson	53 91
A. P. Sandberg	53 81
Wm. Moeller	53 74
Fred Ulrich	53 58
Andrew Mortenson	51 62
Anfin Torkleson	51 28
Solomon Swanson	50 61
Semon Ahlberg	50 37
Wm. Cuno	50 11

HENS GO CRAZY.

Continuous Daylight in Northland Effects Men and Animals.

As all old prospectors will tell, the three months of almost continous sunlight each summer in the Northland has an odd effect on most newcomers.

As a matter of fact a man accustomed to seven hours sleep each night, finds upon going to Alaska that he cannot easily adjust himself to the altered conditions. Most people get sleepy when the dark comes, and do not think of sleeping in daylight. As a result men go for day after day when first in the north with little inclination to sleep. A man has to train himself in Alaska and Yukon to go to bed with the sun shining high in the sky. Those who need darkness in order to slumber comfortably have to pin blankets over the windows and go to a great deal of extra trouble to produce it.

It is said in the early days that the chickens that were first brought to the north in the summertime went crazy for want of rest. They waited for the sun to set in order to know when to go to roost, and as it continued to shine, the fowls went without sleep until they were exhausted. This story is hardly verified but it is true that the continuous daylight has a very odd effect on men and animals alike and it takes a few weeks to get accustomed to it.

Official Proceedings.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
July 29, 1907.

Pursuant to call issued by the County Auditor July 9, 1907, under section 307, Revised laws of 1905, requiring the county board to meet at the office of the County Auditor, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 1 o'clock P. M., to consider the county seat removal petition now on file in the County Auditor's office, to remove the county seat from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls.

Members present: Aubol and Shaw.

Members absent: Lindquist, Demann and Pagen.

The members present having waited until 2 o'clock, for want of quorum, meeting adjourned.

Chairman, Board of Co. Commissioners. Attest John B. O'Brien.
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

Eyes Eyes Eyes

Many nervous troubles are permanently cured by glasses, scientifically fitted, Dr A. J. Klimek, the well known eye specialist, gives special attention to certain conditions of epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, migran, chronic headaches, etc, all forms of natural weakness of eyesight. It matters not how long or short a time your sight has been failing, he can, through his scientific system, tell you the amount of your visual field and strength, and the *amount of actual nerve force in reserve.* He knows how, and can tell you what your chances are for recovery. You need not tell him much about your case, as he will from the start tell you more about your own self than you could. Some people would ask, "how can he do this?" well, it is easy. The doctor knows the eye and anatomy of the nervous system involved in the faculty of visual perceptions like a book, and he knows all the ailments of this wonderful piece of mechanism, the eye, is subject to. The doctor knows all about the diseases of the eye and for this reason can give you much valuable information. If you have cataracts, he can tell you if they can be cured at once or not. He does not charge for telling you this. He will gladly give you any information that may benefit you. He will gladly show anyone the fine charts of the brain and nervous system which he has made and used on these different occasions.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK,
EYE SPECIALIST AND OPTICIAN.
OFFICE AND JEWELRY STORE IN S. T. JOHNSON BUILDING, LABREE AVE., THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.
CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

We make a specialty of farm loans and in this department of banking we feel confident that we can serve better than anyone else. Before making a farm loan be sure to call and see us.

You can pay your real estate or personal property tax at our bank. We have the list of Red Lake and Marshall county towns tributary to Thief River Falls.

Drafts issued by this bank are made payable upon any bank in Europe.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

Plummer Has a Saw Mill.

John C. Parker, vice president of the Land & Lumber Co., of Bemidji, who banked a big lot of cedar poles, pulp wood and logs at this point this spring has been here most of this week attending to the necessary preliminaries for the starting of a small saw mill to cut up the logs into lumber. The saw mill was brought here from Gully about ten days ago and set up here by its owner, Ucris LeBlanc, and on Thursday of this week sawing was commenced and first-class lumber is now being turned out rapidly by this mill. The men in charge of the mill are all experienced hands and the lumber is turned out in fine shape and is of a much better quality than is sometimes sold for No 1 in small towns. Mr. Parker says he has not yet decided whether the out put of the mill this season will be sold in one lot to some dealer or retailed in small lots to consumers. Next year the company intends to have a much larger mill in operation at this point and to keep it running for several years to come. —Plummer Pioneer.

Dr Grundy was up to Middle River Monday.

In Furniture
You will always find the latest and most up-to-date line at our store.
Buy an Edison Phonograph and have music in your home. We have the latest improved phonographs and the prices are low.
TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

WORD FROM DR. SVEN HEDIN

Intrepid Explorer Is Given Unusual Honors While on a Visit to Thibet.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

From Dr. Sven Hedin, the Asiatic traveler and explorer, has arrived word to his relatives in Stockholm that he is well and in good spirits, although he has been enduring many hardships. From his letter, which is dated and

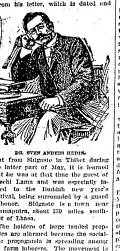

DR. SVEN ANDERS HEDIN.

sent from Shigaste in Thibet during the latter part of May, it is learned that he was at that time the guest of Tashi Lama and was especially invited to the Buddah new year's festival, being surrounded by a guard of honor. Shigaste is a town near Bramaputra, about 130 miles southeast of Lhasa.

The holders of large landed properties are alarmed because the socialistic propaganda is spreading among the farm laborers. The movement is certainly of the greatest importance. If it is conducted with ability it will result in nothing less than a peaceful revolution. The large estates will be divided up into small farms, and the Swedish nation and the common man will be the gainers. Ultimately the movement will also check emigration, for what Swede cares to leave his country when he gets a fair chance at home?

"Berns Salonger," the famous concert palace and restaurant in Stockholm has been sold to a syndicate represented by Messrs. Gabriel Jacobsen and Gus Frankel. The purchase price is not made known. It is understood that the amusement garden and pavilion "Strompattern" is included in the deal. No tourist that visits Stockholm fails to visit the famous "Berns Salonger," which is one of the largest and most historic concert palaces in Europe.

Just now Stockholm is full of tourists. The hotels are not only full, but have all been booked for weeks in advance and the scarcity of rooms in the city is a matter of some apprehension. The south Europeans are here in large numbers as well as Germans, Englishmen, Russians, Frenchmen and Americans and a noteworthy feature is especially the large number of Russians who are taking the route to the continent via Stockholm.

Price Gustav Adolph has, accompanied by Drs. Wibling and Almgren, two well known geologists, been conducting archaeological researches in the vicinity of Bad, Skane. Their researches were not in vain. They found many antique utensils, axes and arrowheads and it has practically been established that Oresund has not changed its boundaries through any geological process during the past 2,500 years.

Signora Bellincioni, the famous Italian prima donna, will appear in "Carmen" at the Royal Opera in Stockholm during the latter part of November. In May Madame Cahier, prima donna of the Royal Opera in Vienna, has been scheduled for Stockholm. The Italian composer, Mascagni, will be in Stockholm with his band of musicians during the latter part of October.

A tank containing twenty-five gallons of carbolic acid burst close to a number of men while they were engaged in loading a vessel in Stockholm, and the contents were poured over five of them. One of them, Karl Andersson, was so terribly burnt that his life could not be saved, but the others were able to go home without assistance.

If every big [illegible] would emulate the example set by the Separator [illegible] Stockholm there [illegible] strikes in this wicked world. Recently this company [illegible] its employes [illegible] pressure on the part of the [illegible] labor.

On June [illegible] years ago [illegible] attempted to [illegible] a balloon and [illegible] cal society of Stockholm [illegible] ated the event [illegible] Hasselbacken, Stockholm.

Selma Lagerlof, the foremost [illegible] author of Sweden, has [illegible] old parents' home in Emtervik parish.

This property, which for many years has been owned by other parties, has now been reclaimed by the distinguished author.

There is going to be another humorous paper published in Stockholm. The name of the new paper will be "The Text-Editor" by Dr. Dan Bergman. The illustrated end of the sheet will be in charge of Herr August Stangenberg.

The Kredit Bank of Stockholm suspended business Aug. 9. The action of the directors is attributed to the extensive forgeries by a nobleman and an army officer. Many of the firms and private individuals are heavy sufferers.

The late Carl Wijk, of Gothenburg, willed $13,500 to the Gothenburg museum, $13,500 to the asylum for cripples, and $13,500 to the aid fund for poor merchants.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Editor Kjetil Knutson, of Grand Forks, is among those who have paid Christiania a visit during the present summer and he has been discussing the million dollar gift which Norwegian-Americans are going to send to the homeland. As a rule Mr. Knutson has been well received by all the newspapers, who have been devoting considerable space to the "American plan," but the "Bergens Aftenblad" has not taken very kindly to Mr. Knutson. No matter, the subscription work will go on and the Norwegian-Americans will see to it that the original plans are carried out.

Bjornsterne Bjornson, the Norwegian novelist, celebrated Aug. 9th the fiftieth anniversary of the appearance of his first novel, "Synnove Solbakken." He received an enormous number of greetings from all countries and in the evening the members of the royal family and a number of distinguished persons attended a performance of his comedy, "Geography and Love," at the National theater.

Rumors are afloat to the effect that Dr. Nansen is to succeed Premier Michelsen. Nansen stands well with the king and storthing and his appointment would therefore not occasion any great surprise. Recently about fifty Venstre members of the storthing held a caucus to discuss plans for overthrowing the Michelsen cabinet. The ten socialist members held a caucus the same time.

The question of introducing target practice, says an exchange, in the public schools of Norway has been settled in the affirmative by the storthing. Rifles of the same make as those used in the army will be used in the schools too. The vote in the storthing was 88 to 28, and the ten socialists were included among the latter.

The early summer was cool and cloudy in western Norway and the result is that the crops are backward for the season. The farmers of the southwestern section of the country commenced to cut their hay about July 10. There was much grass, but the chances for curing it were not the very best.

Fridtjof Nansen, Norway's minister to England, arrived in Christiania the other day and is now enjoying a two months' vacation in the homeland. Mr. Nansen will accompany King Haakon and Queen Maud during their trip through northern Norway in the near future.

During the past years a large number of Jews have immigrated into Norway, but nearly all of them land in Christiania. This movement indicates that Norway must be a good field for speculation and money making.

Seventy-five steamships are at present under course of construction in Norway. The merchant marine fleet of Norway is now one of the most formidable in the world and is growing at a rapid rate every year.

Engineer Muschamp, leader of the English Spitzbergen expedition was, prior to his departure for Tromsoe, attacked by a number of workingmen, who gave him a thorough thrashing and then gave him his freedom.

The strike at the various paper mills is drawing to a close and the chances are that by this time it has been settled. The settlement of the strike is mainly due to the efforts of the Morgenbladet of Christiania.

Yngvar Hanssen has been appointed captain of the Christiania steamer "Norway," succeeding Captain Heyerdahl, who has been compelled to retire owing to ill health.

Owing to stormy weather fresh fish have been scarce on the market in Stavanger, the storms interfering with the operations of the fishermen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

High schools for adults are one of [illegible] features of the Danish [illegible]. There are now eighty [illegible] schools with [illegible] pupils [illegible] able to resume [illegible] work.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, postponed until Sept. 3 the grand jury investigation of the charges of rebating against the Chicago and Alton railroad growing out of the recent trial which resulted in the conviction of the Standard Oil company of Indiana. Judge Landis said he had received notification from Attorney General Bonaparte that the Chicago and Alton had been promised immunity and the judge ordered the adjournment in order that the records of the case might be looked into.

The decline in the prices of stocks which has been in progress for some time past continued during the past week, with many securities reaching their lowest quotations in years. The contributing causes to the situation have been and are the fears of further restrictive campaigns against corporations by the next congress and the legislatures of various states and higher rates for money with reduced supply of available funds.

United States District Attorney Stimson has filed in the United States circuit court in New York city a petition that E. H. Harriman and Otto H. Kuhn, the latter of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., be summoned into court to show cause why they should not answer certain questions relating to the control of the Chicago and Alton railroad.

An injunction has been procured by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company from Judge Jones of the United States court restraining the state of Alabama from enforcing the commodity freight law and the 2½-cent passenger rate law until the federal courts have passed on the validity of these acts.

There is no danger of a coal shortage in the territory tributary to the Head of the Lakes if the roads entering there are able to handle the business the coming winter. Coal receipts up to the present time have broken all records and there is actually on the docks at the present time about 2,000,000 tons.

The International Paper company is behind the print paper merger which is now being brought to a successful close. Every print paper, manila, fiber, sulphite and ground plant in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan will be taken into the gigantic company.

The German tariff agreement, it is now probable, will be taken into the courts for a judicial decision as to its validity because of a decision by the general appraisers at New York sustaining the advanced value on an importation of chocolate from Germany.

Judge Templeton of Grand Forks, N. D., has decided in a Bottineau liquor seizure case that the law providing for the seizure and confiscation of liquor where found in quantities indicating that it is to be used for illegal sale is unconstitutional.

Secret service agents of the United States department of justice, working through the bureau of corporations, are said to be on the payrolls of all the big railway corporations and trust combinations in the country.

Admission is made that the city of New York is hard pressed to pay its bills, due to the present tight money market and a consequent inability to dispose of city bonds.

Standard Oil stock sold at 423 at New York Tuesday, a decline of 77 points in a week. Other active securities also touched the lowest point in several years.

A census of the Panama canal zone just completed shows nearly 50,000 inhabitants of the zone. About 20 per cent of the total are white.

The negroes of the North are forming an organization for the purpose of combatting the Southern Democrats on the suffrage question.

Albert L. Pope has been appointed receiver of the Pope Manufacturing company, makers of automobiles and bicycles.

Amos S. Miller, aged eighty-three years, and Susan B. McClay, aged eighty, were married at Lancaster, Pa.

The present dry spell in Connecticut is probably the most disastrous of any during the last half century.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 19.—Wheat—Sept., 95⅝c; Dec., 96⅝c; May, $1.00⅝. Flax—Sept., $1.16½; Oct., $1.15½; Nov., $1.14½; Dec., $1.13½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Wheat—Sept., 85½@85⅝c; Dec., 90⅞c; May, 97c. Corn—Sept., 55¼c; Dec., 52⅜c; May, 54c. Oats—Sept., 46⅛c; Dec., 44⅝c; May, 46¼c. Pork—Sept., $15.72½.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 19.—Wheat—Sept., 93½@93¾c; Dec., 95⅜c; May, 99⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 99c; No. 1 Northern, 98c; No. 2 Northern, 94½@95½c; No. 3 Northern, 90½@91½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.35@7.35; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.40; Texans, $3.75@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.90. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.60; mixed, $5.75@6.50; rough, $5.45@5.75; pigs, $5.50@6.35. Sheep, $3.50@5.70; lambs, $5.25@7.40.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veal calves, $1.50@5.50. Hogs—$5.45@6.15. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.25@5.40; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Mrs. Jack Nason, a Chippewa squaw, with her sister and four children, attempted to cross the Mississippi river at the mouth of Leech river in a canoe, to meet her husband at Anoka point. The canoe capsized and Mrs. Nason, her sister and two children were drowned, the other two being rescued by river drivers.

Gus Hankinson of St. Paul was struck by a Northern Pacific passenger train in the Hamline yards and instantly killed. He had just received his monthly wages at the pay car and as he stepped from the car he swang in front of the approaching passenger train.

While playing on the bridge over the Lester river little Raymond Brown, son of a Duluth street car conductor, fell over the railing to the rocks below and fractured his skull.

The body of an infant was found in the Mississippi river at St. Paul by four small boys who were fishing.

Josiah P. Harrison, eighty years old, was accidentally asphyxiated by gas in his home at Minneapolis.

OBITUARY.

Hugh R. Moffit, one of the St. Paul delegates to the International Typographical convention at Hot Springs, Ark., dropped dead in the latter city of an attack of heart weakness.

William Franklin Phelps, for many years prominently identified with Minnesota educational work and also associated with various boards of trade in the state, is dead in St. Paul.

Hosea Quinby, president of the Easton State bank, is dead. Mr. Quinby was the heaviest land owner in Faribault county.

Peter B. Smith, president of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, died suddenly of heart trouble in New York city.

Andrew North, for several years a resident of Dodge Center, is dead at the age of ninety-two years.

Richard Dames, a resident of St. Paul for more than half a century, is dead, aged seventy.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Our Very Best People

Insist on having just what they ask for. "Just as Good" will not suffice, as substitution is the annihilator of confidence. When the most discriminating order beer for their luncheon, it is always

Gund's Peerless Beer

Men of well-balanced minds and keen perceptions are aware that they *must* eat and drink *right* in order to daily restore within themselves the continuous nervous and organic waste of body and mind. Medical science knows of nothing that accomplishes this as well as a pure barley malt and hop brew.

Peerless Beer has won highest awards of both hemispheres. A favorite and ideal home beer. Sold everywhere. Order a case today if you want something better than the average brew.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota

"More Moisture"

SAYS THE BODY.

In the blistering hot days of midsummer the appetite wanes and the thirst is most pronounced. The least exertion causes violent perspiration and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for it is immediately assimilated whether its effect be good or bad.

WHITE SEAL BEER

Is the Hot Weather Beverage Par Excellence

It is strictly pure and most refreshing. Its food element renders it highly nourishing. You can drink it with both pleasure and profit. At leading retailers or delivered at your home.

ORDER NOW FROM

KIEWEL BREWING CO.,

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Christ Paulson, Agent.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildings, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000, offered in Prizes.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2 — STATE — Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalleled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Airship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. "The Siege of [illegible]" Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle Each Night. — FAIR

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

Collective Ownership Column.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it cooperative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

FRANCES WILLARD.

Convincing Reasons Which Made Her a Social-Democrat.

In an address at Buffalo in 1897 before the national convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, of which she was the president, Frances Willard said:

"Look about you. The products of labor are on every hand. You could not maintain for a moment a well ordered life without them. Every object in your room has in it for discerning eyes the mark of ingenious tools and the pressure of labor's hands. But is it not the cruelest injustice for the wealthy, whose lives are surrounded and embellished by labor's work, to have a superabundance of the money which represents the aggregate of labor in any country, while the laborer himself is kept so steadily at work that he has no time to acquire the education and refinements of life that would make him and his family agreeable companions to the rich and cultured?

"The reason why I am a Socialist comes in just here. I would take, not by force, but by the slow process of lawful acquisition through better legislation as the outcome of a wiser ballot in the hands of men and women, the entire plant that we call civilization, all that has been achieved on this continent in the 400 years since Columbus wended his way hither, and make it the common property of all the people, requiring all to work enough with their hands to give them the finest physical development, but not to become burdensome in any case, and permitting all to share alike the advantages of education and refinement. I believe this to be perfectly practicable; indeed, that any other method is simply a relic of barbarism.

"I believe that competition is doomed. The trusts, whose single object is to abolish competition, have proved that we are better without than with it, and the moment corporations control the supply of any product they combine. What the Socialist desires is that the corporation of humanity should control all production. Beloved comrades, this is the frictionless way. It is the higher way. It eliminates the motives for a selfish life. It enacts into our everyday living the ethics of Christ's gospel. Nothing else will do it; nothing else can bring the glad day of universal brotherhood.

"Oh, that I were young again, and it would have my life! It is God's way out of the wilderness and into the promised land. It is the very marrow of Christ's gospel. It is Christianity applied."

As Miss Willard learned so all Socialists have learned that the liquor traffic is part of the vast system of capitalism that is winding us in its coils. Private capital, heavily invested in the manufacture and sale of intoxicants, is strongly interested in the extension of the traffic and their use.

Great stock companies, gradually becoming fewer and larger, parcel out the country between them. They lease or own buildings and supply the fixtures and license of the retail saloon, the ostensible owner being their agent. The best business talent that money can buy is placed in charge of these corporations as president and board of directors. Capitalists invest their money as in any other thing, complacently receive dividends and demand their continuance. The traffic is a modern business machine, controlling as a means of its perpetuity licensing boards, legislatures and the police power. It is because of the vast capitalistic interest at stake that the traffic conduces to political immorality, which other interests with schemes to work out quickly take advantage of.

It is necessary for those who desire the destruction of the drink evil, who are intelligent enough to understand and deplore the evils of the present system, to join hands with those who desire to replace private capitalism by the public ownership and operation of all means of production and distribution. That is the only aim of the Socialists in this country. It is the only aim of the 3,000,000 Socialists of Germany, 1,700,000 of France, 1,000,000 of England and the 800,000 of Belgium; also those of Spain, Austria and all the rest of the world, including the 400,000 in the United States.

Socialism Means Bread.

Socialism means a system of public works in its broadest significance, a system of public works especially to give employment to every one who wants a job; public works producing the things that the workers themselves need; not public highways and parks and such ornamental work alone, but flour and food and clothing and actual necessities.—Socialism Department, Labor Advocate.

THE CLASSES IN SOCIETY.

There Would Be No Class Hatred If There Were No Classes.

By RUFUS W. WEEKS, Actuary New York Life Insurance company.

On shipboard there is no denying the fact of classes. It is palpable in the line between cabin and steerage and between passengers and stewards. The feelings of the class struggle are here, too, to any one who has learned to think about the feelings of another class than his own. A more haggard set of men than these stewards I never saw. I asked one of them if they had had a hard time in port. "Yes," he said, "uncommon hard. We had to work day and night loading cargo. It was a very disagreeable thing to do, but we had to do it on account of the articles we had signed."

The passengers feel that they are badly served by these stewards. I heard a young collegian say, "The servants here are very impudent." It seems he had gone to the saloon and asked for tea just as the tea hour was over and had got an "evasive" answer. I saw a full fed gentleman of haughty bearing threaten to "chuck" a steward overboard on account of some question about a trunk, and a few minutes afterward, after seeing an officer, he told his wife, with satisfaction, "That fellow will be fired as soon as we get to Liverpool."

The psychology of this may be guessed at. The stewards feel injured and oppressed, all together, and by the natural instinct which may be called diffusion of resentment they attribute their injury to an entire class of people, who, on their part, are astonished at such feeling so improperly aimed at them. It is a very useful instinct socially, this class resentment, for without it the fact of classes would be eternal.

Once, crossing in a German steamer, I asked a steward why they had such bloodshot eyes in the morning. He said: "We are on duty from early morning until 11 in the evening, and then we sleep, fifteen of us together, in a room down below where there is no air. I always come up with a headache." I remarked, "I should think you would all vote the Social-Democratic ticket." He looked startled, but made no reply. After seeming to consult some other stewards he came back, leaned over and whispered, "We do all vote Social-Democrat."

IS NOT "AGIN" IT.

Nebraska Editor Is Not Frightened by the Bogy of Social-Democracy.

"The editor of the Journal is no propagandist for the Socialist party, yet when we read the effusions of little 2 by 4 writers on the subject become suddenly attacked with that tired feeling so prevalent at this time of the year and want to go somewhere and lie down for a good long rest. To these smart Alecs Socialism is a great bugaboo, besides being 'impractical,' 'visionary' and a 'dangerous menace' to the liberties of the people.

"The trouble is, these high lifty critics understand Socialism about as well as a Digger Indian understands the Nicene creed. It takes brains to understand Socialism; that is why the average individualist is so terribly afraid of it and looks on all advocates of Socialism as anarchists. They are awfully afraid to lose their individuality and are too ignorant to know that they have none to lose. Having heard the phrases, parrotlike they repeat that 'Socialism would eliminate all individual effort,' 'would destroy all incentive to work,' 'would put all men on a dead level,' etc., ad nauseam.

"They also tell us that to have Socialism selfishness must be first killed out from the human heart—and then we shall all be angels and have to live in heaven. What silly rot! In our own opinion no system of government was ever devised by man that is more practical, sensible or just or that would tend more to the elevation of man—intellectually, physically and morally—than Socialism. Under our present system of government the tendency is toward a dead level of intellectual mediocrity and superfluous selfishness. Who can doubt this? Where are the great minds of today? How do they compare with the shining lights of the past? Who are our statesmen, divines, scientists, philosophers, biologists, poets and authors? Name the best—not those who have accumulated the most money, but those who have done something for the good of humanity—and you will find that a majority of them are ardent believers in Socialism. Would a Socialistic form of government destroy their individuality? We think not."—Ashland (Neb.) Journal.

Socialist March.

The bugle blast, the banner waving,
They call us, comrades, to the fight.
Be industry no more enslaving,
Freedom no longer veiled in night;
The bliss of home, the sunshine fair,
The might of knowledge be our share,
To all the people be they given,
This goal we seek, for this have striven.
This is the toiler's new crusade,
For victory be the ranks arrayed.

Oh, all ye countless millions moiling
In mine or field, in town or land,
Still for a scanty pittance toiling,
With faithful heart and busy hand,
Why crouch ye yet in want and woe
When trumpet calls to face the foe?
From pain and sorrow disenthralling
Is aim and object of our calling.
This is the people's new crusade,
And conquest crowns the effort made.

Not with the gun or bayonet gory
Go we for freedom's triumph fight,
Her host needs no barbaric glory,
But wins with spirit sword of light;
That peace may govern, plenty bloom
And [illegible] and joy dispel the gloom;
Brightness to lives of labor lending,
To such a goal our steps are tending.
This is the toiler's new crusade,
For victory are their ranks arrayed.

—From the German of M. Kegel.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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DENTIST.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff;

—vs.—

Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug. 29.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. 174 made June 23rd, 1904, for the NE¼ Section 16, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept., 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " "
Gust Anderson, " " " "

July 25 aug 24

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July, 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael T. Torgerson of Reiner, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1230 made Aug. 2nd 1905, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 154 N. Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Sept., 3, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Halmer J. Halverson, of Reiner, Minn
Torgus Halverson, " " "
Emil Sigred, " " "
Knut Torgerson, " " "

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Hotel Northern

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RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Auditor, Secretary of the State Drainage Commission of the State of Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock P. M., September the 2nd, 1907, for the construction of a State drainage ditch, numbered 47, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, plans and specifications for which are on file in the office of the State Drainage Engineer in the Old Capitol Building, St. Paul, Minn.

The number of cubic yards contained in said ditch is 124,806.3. A certified check made payable to the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota in five per cent of the amount bid must accompany each bid as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

S. G. IVERSON,
Secretary of the State Drainage Commission.
GEORGE A. RALPH,
State Drainage Engineer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charl P. Nordmark of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1218 made July 27th 1905, for the S. W. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 3rd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Hoken Nabben of Thorwick, Minn.
Louis Larson of " "
Pete Flo of " "
Aanum Johnson of " "

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

WORD FROM DR. SVEN HEDIN

Intrepid Explorer Is Given Unusual Honors While on a Visit to Thibet.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

From Dr. Sven Hedin, the Asiatic traveler and explorer, has arrived word to his relatives in Stockholm that he is well and in good spirits, although he has been enduring many hardships. From his letter, which is dated and

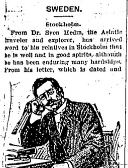

DR. SVEN ANDERS HEDIN.

sent from Shigaste in Thibet during the latter part of May, it is learned that he was at that time the guest of Taschi Lama and was especially invited to the Buddah new year's festival, being surrounded by a guard of honor. Shigaste is a town near Bramaputra, about 130 miles southeast of Lhasa.

The holders of large landed properties are alarmed because the socialistic propaganda is spreading among the farm laborers. The movement is certainly of the greatest importance. If it is conducted with ability it will result in nothing less than a peaceful revolution. The large estates will be divided up into small farms, and the Swedish nation and the common man will be the gainers. Ultimately the movement will also check emigration, for what Swede cares to leave his country when he gets a fair chance at home?

"Berns Salonger," the famous concert palace and restaurant in Stockholm has been sold to a syndicate represented by Messrs. Gabriel Jacobsen and Gus Frankel. The purchase price is not made known. It is understood that the amusement garden and pavilion "Strompattern" is included in the deal. No tourist that visits Stockholm fails to visit the famous "Berns Salonger," which is one of the largest and most historic concert palaces in Europe.

Just now Stockholm is full of tourists. The hotels are not only full, but have all been booked for weeks in advance and the scarcity of rooms in the city is a matter of some apprehension. The south Europeans are here in large numbers as well as Germans, Englishmen, Russians, Frenchmen and Americans and a noteworthy feature is especially the large number of Russians who are taking the route to the continent via Stockholm.

Price Gustav Adolph has, accompanied by Drs. Wibling and Almgren, two well known geologists, been conducting archaeological researches in the vicinity of Rad, Skane. Their researches were not in vain. They found many antique utensils, axes and arrowheads and it has practically been established that Oresund has not changed its boundaries through any geological process during the past 2,500 years.

Signora Bellincioni, the famous Italian prima donna, will appear in "Carmen" at the Royal Opera in Stockholm during the latter part of November. In May Madame Cahier, prima donna of the Royal Opera in Vienna, has been scheduled for Stockholm. The Italian composer, Mascagni, will be in Stockholm with his band of musicians during the latter part of October.

A tank containing twenty-five gallons of carbolic acid burst close to a number of men while they were engaged in loading a vessel in Stockholm, and the contents were poured on five of them. One of them, Karl Anderson, was so terribly burnt that his life could not be saved, but the others were able to go home without assistance.

If every big manufacturing concern would emulate the example set by the Separator Manufacturing Company of Stockholm there would be fewer strikes in this world [illegible] by this company [illegible] its employes [illegible] pressure on the part of the [illegible] laries.

On June [illegible] years ago [illegible] attempted [illegible] a ball on [illegible] ral society [illegible] ated the event [illegible] at Hasselbacken [illegible]

Selma Lag[illegible] author of Swe[illegible] old parents' home in [illegible] parish.

This property, which for many years has been owned by other parties, has now been reclaimed by the distinguished author."

There is going to be another humorous paper published in Stockholm. The name of the new paper will be "The Text Editor" by Dr. Dan Bergman. The illustrated end of the sheet will be in charge of Herr August Stangenberg.

The Kredit Bank of Stockholm suspended business Aug. 9. The action of the directors is attributed to the extensive forgeries by a nobleman and an army officer. Many of the firms and private individuals are heavy sufferers.

The late Carl Wijk, of Gothenburg, willed $13,500 to the Gothenburg museum, $13,500 to the asylum for cripples, and $13,500 to the aid fund for poor merchants.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Editor Kjetil Knutson, of Grand Forks, is among those who have paid Christiania a visit during the present summer and he has been discussing the million dollar gift which Norwegian-Americans are going to send to the homeland. As a rule Mr. Knutson has been well received by all the newspapers, who have been devoting considerable space to the "American plan," but the "Bergens Aftenblad" has not taken very kindly to Mr. Knutson. No matter, the subscription work will go on and the Norwegian-Americans will see to it that the original plans are carried out.

Bjornsterne Bjornson, the Norwegian novelist, celebrated Aug. 9th the fiftieth anniversary of the appearance of his first novel, "Synnove Solbakken." He received an enormous number of greetings from all countries and in the evening the members of the royal family and a number of distinguished persons attended a performance of his comedy, "Geography and Love," at the National theater.

Rumors are afloat to the effect that Dr. Nansen is to succeed Premier Michelsen. Nansen stands well with the king and storthing and his appointment would therefore not occasion any great surprise. Recently about fifty Venstre members of the storthing held a caucus to discuss plans for overthrowing the Michelsen cabinet. The ten socialist members held a caucus the same time.

The question of introducing target practice, says an exchange, in the public schools of Norway has been settled in the affirmative by the storthing. Rifles of the same make as those used in the army will be used in the schools too. The vote in the storthing was 88 to 28, and the ten socialists were included among the latter.

The early summer was cool and cloudy in western Norway and the result is that the crops are backward for the season. The farmers of the southwestern section of the country commenced to cut their hay about July 10. There was much grass, but the chances for curing it were not the very best.

Fridtjof Nansen, Norway's minister to England, arrived in Christiania the other day and is now enjoying a two months' vacation in the homeland. Mr. Nansen will accompany King Haakon and Queen Maud during their trip through northern Norway in the near future.

During the past years a large number of Jews have immigrated into Norway, but nearly all of them land in C

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, postponed until Sept. 3 the grand jury investigation of the charges of rebating against the Chicago and Alton railroad growing out of the recent trial which resulted in the conviction of the Standard Oil company of Indiana. Judge Landis said he had received notification from Attorney General Bonaparte that the Chicago and Alton had been promised immunity and the judge ordered the adjournment in order that the records of the case might be looked into.

The decline in the prices of stocks which has been in progress for some time past continued during the past week, with many securities reaching their lowest quotations in years. The contributing causes to the situation have been and are the fears of further restrictive campaigns against corporations by the next congress and the legislatures of various states and higher rates for money with reduced supply of available funds.

United States District Attorney Stimson has filed in the United States circuit court in New York city a petition that E. H. Harriman and Otto H. Kuhn, the latter of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., be summoned into court to show cause why they should not answer certain questions relating to the control of the Chicago and Alton railroad.

An injunction has been procured by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company from Judge Jones of the United States court restraining the state of Alabama from enforcing the commodity freight law and the 2½-cent passenger rate law until the federal courts have passed on the validity of these acts.

There is no danger of a coal shortage in the territory tributary to the Head of the Lakes if the roads entering there are able to handle the business the coming winter. Coal receipts up to the present time have broken all records and there is actually on the docks at the present time about 2,000,000 tons.

The International Paper company is behind the print paper merger which is now being brought to a successful close. Every print paper, manila, fiber, sulphite and ground plant in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan will be taken into the gigantic company.

The German tariff agreement, it is now probable, will be taken into the courts for a judicial decision as to its validity because of a decision by the general appraisers at New York sustaining the advanced value on an importation of chocolate from Germany.

Judge Templeton of Grand Forks, N. D., has decided in a Bottineau liquor seizure case that the law providing for the seizure and confiscation of liquor where found in quantities indicating that it is to be used for illegal sale is unconstitutional.

Secret service agents of the United States department of justice, working through the bureau of corporations, are said to be on the payrolls of all the big railway corporations and trust combinations in the country.

Admission is made that the city of New York is hard pressed to pay its bills, due to the present tight money market and a consequent inability to dispose of city bonds.

Standard Oil stock sold at 423 at New York Tuesday, a decline of 77 points in a week. Other active securities also touched the lowest point in several years.

A census of the Panama canal zone just completed shows nearly 50,000 inhabitants of the zone. About 20 per cent of the total are white.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 19.—Wheat—Sept., 95⅝c; Dec., 96⅝c; May, $1.00⅝. Flax—Sept., $1.16⅛; Oct., $1.15⅛; Nov., $1.14½; Dec., $1.13⅞.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Wheat—Sept., 85½@85⅝c; Dec., 90⅞c; May, 97c. Corn—Sept., 55¼c; Dec., 52⅞c; May, 54c. Oats—Sept., 46¼c; Dec., 44⅝c; May, 46¼c. Pork—Sept., $15.72½.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 19.—Wheat—Sept., 93⅝@93¾c; Dec., 95⅜c; May, 99⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 99c; No. 1 Northern, 98c; No. 2 Northern, 94½@95½c; No. 3 Northern, 90½@91½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.35@7.25; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.40; Texans, $3.75@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.90. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.60; mixed, $5.75@6.50; rough, $5.45@5.75; pigs, $5.60@6.35. Sheep, $3.50@5.70; lambs, $6.25@7.40.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veal calves, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—$5.45@6.15. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.25@5:40; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Mrs. Jack Nason, a Chippewa squaw, with her sister and four children, attempted to cross the Mississippi river at the mouth of Leech river in a canoe, to meet her husband at Anoka point. The canoe capsized and Mrs. Nason, her sister and two children were drowned, the other two being rescued by river drivers.

Gus Hankinson of St. Paul was struck by a Northern Pacific passenger train in the Hamline yards and instantly killed. He had just received his monthly wages at the pay car and as he stepped from the car he swung in front of the approaching passenger train.

While playing on the bridge over the Lester river little Raymond Brown, son of a Duluth street car conductor, fell over the railing to the rocks below and fractured his skull.

The body of an infant was found in the Mississippi river at St. Paul by four small boys who were fishing.

Josiah P. Harrison, eighty years old, was accidentally asphyxiated by gas in his home at Minneapolis.

OBITUARY.

Hugh R. Moffit, one of the St. Paul delegates to the International Typographical convention at Hot Springs, Ark., dropped dead in the latter city of an attack of heart weakness.

William Franklin Phelps, for many years prominently identified with Minnesota educational work and also associated with various boards of trade in the state, is dead in St. Paul.

Hosea Quinby, president of the Easton State bank, is dead. Mr. Quinby was the heaviest land owner in Faribault county.

Peter B. Smith, president of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, died suddenly of heart trouble in New York city.

Andrew North, for several years a resident of Dodge Center, is dead at the age of ninety-two years.

Richard Dames, a resident of St. Paul for more than half a century, is dead, aged seventy.

"More Moisture"

SAYS THE BODY.

In the blistering hot days of midsummer the appetite wanes and the thirst is most pronounced. The least exertion causes violent perspiration and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for it is immediately assimilated whether its effect be good or bad.

WHITE SEAL BEER

Is the Hot Weather Beverage Par Excellence

It is strictly pure and most refreshing. Its food element renders it highly nourishing. You can drink it with both pleasure and profit. At leading retailers or delivered at your home.

ORDER NOW FROM

KIEWEL BREWING CO.,

Phone 164. Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Christ Paulson, Agent.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

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OFFICE

MINN.

E WEEK

4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

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Sault Marie on Friday September 6.

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Evening Enter-

FAIR

ROVE, Secretary.

RETAKE

OF

PRECEDING

PAGE

Collective Ownership Column.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it cooperative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

FRANCES WILLARD.

Convincing Reasons Which Made Her a Social-Democrat.

In an address at Buffalo in 1897 before the national convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, of which she was the president, Frances Willard said:

"Look about you. The products of labor are on every hand. You could not maintain for a moment a well ordered life without them. Every object in your room has in it for discerning eyes the mark of ingenious tools and the pressure of labor's hands. But is it not the cruelest injustice for the wealthy, whose lives are surrounded and embellished by labor's work, to have a superabundance of the money which represents the aggregate of labor in any country, while the laborer himself is kept so steadily at work that he has no time to acquire the education and refinements of life that would make him and his family agreeable companions to the rich and cultured?

"The reason why I am a Socialist comes in just here. I would take, not by force, but by the slow process of lawful acquisition through better legislation as the outcome of a wiser ballot in the hands of men and women, the entire plant that we call civilization, all that has been achieved on this continent in the 400 years since Columbus wended his way hither, and make it the common property of all the people, requiring all to work enough with their hands to give them the finest physical development, but not to become burdensome in any case, and permitting all to share alike the advantages of education and refinement. I believe this to be perfectly practicable; indeed, that any other method is simply a relic of barbarism.

"I believe that competition is doomed. The trusts, whose single object is to abolish competition, have proved that we are better without than with it, and the moment corporations control the supply of any product they combine. What the Socialist desires is that the corporation of humanity should control all production. Beloved comrades, this is the frictionless way. It is the higher way. It eliminates the motives for a selfish life. It enacts into our everyday living the ethics of Christ's gospel. Nothing else will do it; nothing else can bring the glad day of universal brotherhood.

"Oh, that I were young again, and it would have my life! It is God's way out of the wilderness and into the promised land. It is the very marrow of Christ's gospel. It is Christianity applied."

As Miss Willard learned so all Socialists have learned that the liquor traffic is part of the vast system of capitalism that is winding us in its coils. Private capital, heavily invested in the manufacture and sale of intoxicants, is strongly interested in the extension of the traffic and their use.

Great stock companies, gradually becoming fewer and larger, parcel out the country between them. They lease or own buildings and supply the fixtures and license of the retail saloon, the ostensible owner being their agent. The best business talent that money can buy is placed in charge of these corporations as president and board of directors. Capitalists invest their money as in any other thing, complacently receive dividends and demand their continuance. The traffic is a modern business machine, controlling as a means of its perpetuity licensing boards, legislatures and the police power. It is because of the vast capitalistic interest at stake that the traffic conduces to political immorality, which other interests with schemes to work out quickly take advantage of.

It is necessary for those who desire the destruction of the drink evil, who are intelligent enough to understand and deplore the evils of the present system, to join hands with those who desire to replace private capitalism by the public ownership and operation of all means of production and distribution. That is the only aim of the Socialists in this country. It is the only aim of the 3,000,000 Socialists of Germany, 1,700,000 of France, 1,000,000 of England and the 800,000 of Belgium; also those of Spain, Austria and all the rest of the world, including the 400,000 in the United States.

Socialism Means Bread.

Socialism means a system of public works in its broadest significance; a system of public works especially to give employment to every one who wants a job; public works producing the things that the workers themselves need; not public highways and parks and such ornamental work alone, but flour and food and clothing and actual necessities.—Socialism Department, Labor Advocate.

THE CLASSES IN SOCIETY.

There Would Be No Class Hatred If There Were No Classes.

By RUFUS W. WEEKS,

Actuary New York Life Insurance company.

On shipboard there is no denying the fact of classes. It is palpable in the line between cabin and steerage and between passengers and stewards. The feelings of the class struggle are here, too, to any one who has learned to think about the feelings of another class than his own. A more haggard set of men than these stewards I never saw. I asked one of them if they had had a hard time in port. "Yes," he said, "uncommon hard. We had to work day and night loading cargo. It was a very disagreeable thing to do, but we had to do it on account of the articles we had signed."

The passengers feel that they are badly served by these stewards. I heard a young collegian say, "The servants here are very impudent." It seems he had gone to the saloon and asked for tea just as the tea hour was over and had got an "evasive" answer. I saw a full fed gentleman of haughty bearing threaten to "chuck" a steward overboard on account of some question about a trunk, and a few minutes afterward, after seeing an officer, he told his wife, with satisfaction, "That fellow will be fired as soon as we get to Liverpool."

The psychology of this may be guessed at. The stewards feel injured and oppressed, all together, and by the natural instinct which may be called diffusion of resentment they attribute their injury to an entire class of people, who, on their part, are astonished at such feeling so improperly aimed at them. It is a very useful instinct socially, this class resentment, for without it the fact of classes would be eternal.

Once, crossing in a German steamer, I asked a steward why they had such bloodshot eyes in the morning. He said: "We are on duty from early morning until 11 in the evening, and then we sleep, fifteen of us together, in a room down below where there is no air. I always come up with a headache." I remarked, "I should think you would all vote the Social-Democratic ticket." He looked startled, but made no reply. After seeming to consult some other stewards he came back, leaned over and whispered, "We do all vote Social-Democrat."

IS NOT "AGIN" IT.

Nebraska Editor Is Not Frightened by the Bogy of Social-Democracy.

"The editor of the Journal is no propagandist for the Socialist party, yet when we read the effusions of little 2 by 4 writers on the subject we become suddenly attacked with that tired feeling so prevalent at this time of the year and want to go somewhere and lie down for a good long rest. To these smart Alecs Socialism is a great bugaboo, besides being 'impractical,' 'visionary' and a 'dangerous menace' to the liberties of the people.

"The trouble is, these high lifty critics understand Socialism about as well as a Digger Indian understands the Nicene creed. It takes brains to understand Socialism; that is why the average individualist is so terribly afraid of it and looks on all advocates of Socialism as anarchists. They are awfully afraid to lose their individuality and are too ignorant to know that they have none to lose. Having heard the phrases, parrotlike they repeat that 'Socialism would eliminate all individual effort,' 'would destroy all incentive to work,' 'would put all men on a dead level,' etc., ad nauseam.

"They also tell us that to have Socialism selfishness must be first killed out from the human heart—and then we shall all be angels and have to live in heaven. What silly rot! In our own opinion no system of government was ever devised by man that is more practical, sensible or just or that would tend more to the elevation of man—intellectually, physically and morally—than Socialism. Under our present system of government the tendency is toward a dead level of intellectual mediocrity and superfined selfishness. Who can doubt this? Where are the great minds of today? How do they compare with the shining lights of the past? Who are our statesmen, divines, scientists, philosophers, biologists, poets and authors? Name the best—not those who have accumulated the most money, but those who have done something for the good of humanity—and you will find that a majority of them are ardent believers in Socialism. Would a Socialistic form of government destroy their individuality? We think not."—Ashland (Neb.) Journal.

Socialist March.

The bugle blast, the banner waving,
They call us, comrades, to the fight.
Be industry no more enslaving,
Freedom no longer veiled in night;
The bliss of home, the sunshine fair,
The might of knowledge be our share,
To all the people be they given,
This goal we seek, for this have striven.
This is the toiler's new crusade,
For victory be the ranks arrayed.

Oh, all ye countless millions [illegible]
In [illegible] field, in town or land,
[illegible]
With faithful heart and busy hand,
[illegible] yet in want and woe
When trumpet calls to face the foe!
[illegible]
[illegible]
This is the [illegible] new crusade,
And [illegible] the effort made.

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
This is the toiler's new crusade,
For victory are their ranks arrayed.

—From the German of M. Kegel.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

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DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,

LAWYERS:

Offices in Jackson & McGinn Block.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

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Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff;

—vs.—

Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meredian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug 29.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 174 made June 23rd, 1906, for the NE¼ Section 16, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept., 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " " "
Gust Anderson, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 23 aug 24

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael T. Torgerson of Reiner, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 1220 made Aug. 2nd 1906, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 154 N. Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Sept. 2, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Helmer J. Halverson, of Reiner, Minn.
Torgus Halverson, " " "
Emil Sigrud, " " "
Knut Torgerson, " Grygla, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 25 aug 29

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Auditor, Secretary of the State Drainage Commission of the State of Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock P. M., September the 2nd, 1907, for the construction of a State drainage ditch, numbered 47, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, plans and specifications for which are on file in the office of the State Drainage Engineer in the Old Capitol Building, St. Paul, Minn.

The number of cubic yards contained in said ditch is 124,806.3. A certified check made payable to the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota in five per cent of the amount bid must accompany each bid as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

S. G. IVERSON,
Secretary of the State Drainage Commission.
GEORGE A. RALPH,
State Drainage Engineer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charl P. Nordmark of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1218 made July 27th 1905, for the S. W. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 3rd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Hoken Nabben of Thorwick, Minn.
Louis Larson of " "
Pete Flo of " "
Annum Johnson of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 25 aug 29

THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches, your eyes ache, your eyes water, your eyes burn, your eyes tire, your glasses don't fit, you need new glasses,

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: [illegible]
Grand Forks, North Dak

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INJURED BY STORM

Number Hurt at Lake Independence, Hennepin County.

MANY COTTAGES IN RUINS

Wind Practically Wiped Out the Little Summer Resort—News of the State in General.

Reports of the Sunday storm show that the country surrounding St. Paul and Minneapolis was struck by even a more violent windstorm than were the cities, the summer colony at Lake Independence, in the northwest corner of Hennepin county, suffering the most. Several persons were injured and Miss Minnie Olson was probably fatally hurt.

The storm practically demolished many of the light summer cottages and a number of barns in the vicinity of the lake. The home of A. A. McRae was in the path of the storm and it was there that Miss Johnson, a servant of Mrs. McRea, was injured. She was hurled against the wall of the building and her spine broken. It is not believed she can recover.

A cottage occupied by a group of young women was tipped from its foundations and badly damaged. Miss Cora Frankenfield and the Misses Poehler of Minneapolis were injured there. Two young men named Taylor were badly cut and others suffered bruises.

TO OUST THE STANDARD.

State of Minnesota Will Institute Proceedings.

Within a few days the state will institute proceedings against the Standard Oil company in an attempt to oust the company from the state because of alleged violations of the Hinton antidiscrimination law passed last winter. Attorney General E. T. Young is authority for the statement that the suit will be instituted in a few days in the district court of Ramsey or Hennepin county.

Since the filing of the complaint with Secretary of State Schmahl in May an investigation has been made quietly of the evidence which could be produced in the event of the suit being brought.

At a conference in the attorney general's office Monday with representatives of the independent oil dealers this evidence was reviewed. That it is believed to be ample to secure conviction on the charge of discrimination is evidenced by the fact that the suits will be brought without delay.

The charge which the Standard Oil company will have to meet is that of discriminating between various localities in the price of oil of the same grade.

CHARGE MAY BE MURDER

Non-Resident Deputy Shot Striker on Iron Range.

Gus Koerner, employed by the state to watch its iron ore interests on the range, declares that very little mining is being done in the Virginia district. What ore is moving is being taken from the stock piles which accumulated during the strike.

Relative to the employment of unauthorized armed deputy sheriffs Mr. Koerner says the men so employed do not deny the charge that they are non-residents. Mr. Koerner spoke to several of them and they admitted the fact.

One of these armed guards shot a striker in the back and it is possible a charge of murder will be lodged against him in the event of the man's death. The labor organizations are preparing to push the prosecution.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Minnesota Boy Killed and His Sister Injured.

During a severe electrical storm in Northern Minnesota Roy Carlson, ten-year-old son of L. A. Carlson, a prominent farmer living three miles out of St. Hilaire, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. He was on a load of hay which his father was loading in the field. His little sister, who was also on the load, was badly stunned and terribly burned. The bolt killed both horses and set the hay on fire and the wagon and its contents were totally destroyed. Mr. Carlson had difficulty in rescuing the bodies of his children from the flames.

BROKEN RAIL THE CAUSE

Two Men Killed in Wreck on the Great Northern.

Two men killed and one injured was the result of a broken rail on the Great Northern near Virginia. The dead are C. F. Wellman, conductor, and Barney Harrington, brakeman, while Tim Harrington, brother of Barney Harrington, received severe bruises.

A broken rail caused a switch engine without cars to leave the track and it rolled down a fifteen-foot embankment. Both of the men who were killed lived in Virginia.

Shot Restores Sanity.

Dr. Schelton of Winnebago shot himself Friday afternoon and died three hours later. He had been in the northern part of Minnesota practicing medicine, and while there went insane. His wife, not knowing this, went to make him a visit and returned to Winnebago with him. After he had [illegible] he became rational again.

SHOT BY TOWN MARSHAL.

Minnesota Man Dies of His Wounds at Freeport.

John Toenyan was shot and almost instantly killed by R. T. Radford, village marshal, at Freeport, Stearns county. Toenyan, in company with five companions, had been "celebrating" and under the influence of liquor they were running a team of horses hitched to a spring buggy through the streets of Freeport, doing considerable shouting and creating a general disturbance. Policeman Radford warned them and threatened to arrest them if they didn't quiet down. Instead of obeying his orders the men made yet more noise and dared the marshal to arrest them and they again ran their horses through the streets.

As they passed the officer he ordered them to stop, but they did not stop and he fired his revolver. One of the bullets struck John Toenyan, the leader of the gang, in the back of the neck.

Policeman Radford stated that he intended only to scare the men, and that the killing was entirely accidental.

BAD STORM AT DULUTH.

One Person Killed and Seven Others Injured.

Duluth on Sunday last was visited by one of the worst storms in its history. One person was killed, a woman named Anna Bolander. Lightning struck the Bolander home and the girl was killed by the bolt. Seven other persons in the house were more or less injured. Many other buildings were struck by lightning, one of these being the Polish Catholic church at Second street and Second avenue west. The bolt hit the steeple, knocking the top off and killing a colony of pigeons. Services were in progress at the time but none of the congregation was injured. The Elks' hotel was also struck by lightning and many basements were flooded throughout the city.

ROBBERS LOOT A BANK.

Use Hay to Deaden Noise of the Explosion.

After piling a wagon load of hay against the front of the building to deaden the noise robbers broke through the rear door of the Farmers' State bank at Newfolden, blew open the safe and stole $2,000.

The Newfolden robbery follows one committed at Humboldt last week, when the bank at that place was looted and the criminals escaped unscathed. It is believed that both crimes were committed by members of a gang of safe crackers that infested that vicinity last year at about this period and perpetrated a score of robberies.

MYSTERY IN SHOOTING.

Mine Boss Found Wounded in Woods Near Hibbing, Minn.

The unconscious body of Albert Cameron of Hibbing, surface boss of the Buffalo and Susquehanna mine, was found in the woods near the railway track, a short distance from Hibbing. Investigation disclosed that he had been wounded by a bullet and his condition is very critical.

Mr. Cameron has not recovered sufficiently to tell what he knows about the shooting and in the absence of any information it is presumed that he was hit by a stray bullet.

BIG PLANT THREATENED.

St. Paul Twine Factory Badly Damaged by Fire.

The International Flax Twine plant at Hazel Park, a St. Paul suburb, valued at $1,000,000, was partially destroyed by a fire which for a time threatened total destruction. Only the stubborn strength of a two-foot fire wall and the desperate fighting of the firemen saved the plant.

Safeblowers Wreck Building.

The blowing of a large safe in the store conducted by C. A. Anderson and Edward C. Kroeger, general merchants at South Stillwater, made a fearful wreck of the building and nearly demolished the safe. Owing to the big business done and the isolation from Stillwater it was probably supposed by the cracksmen to be a good place to operate. As a matter of fact very little booty, if any, was secured.

Immense Steel Ore Dock.

Work has been started by the Barnett & Record company on the construction of a new steel ore dock for the Iron Range Railroad company at Two Harbors. The pile foundation is to be filled with rock and above this will be laid concrete for five feet above the water line. The dock will be the first of its kind on the lakes and although smaller than many others will cost about $1,250,000.

Three Saved From Drowning.

Another heroine appeared at Lake Minnetonka one day last week when Miss Brandt of Deephaven rescued Vernon Pettigrew from the water after he had been thrown from his canoe. Carl H. Baehr of Minneapolis, a West Point cadet, also saved two men from drowning at Crystal lake, near Minnetonka, when a rowboat containing Oscar Edwards and Chester Williams capsized.

Ten-Year Old Girl Drowned.

While walking along the shore at Summit lake, near Windom, Dorothy Williams, ten years old, daughter of Matt N. Williams, superintendent of schools, stepped into a hole and was drowned before the eyes of her father and mother, who were sitting a short distance from the shore.

BIG AUCTION SALE!

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock on Wednesday, August 28, 1907, I will sell at public auction the property named below, at my farm located on Section 13, town of Grand Plain, five miles northeast of Germantown postoffice:

1 Percheron Stallion, 8 years old, weight 1700 lbs.
1 grey horse, 12 years old, weight 1400 lbs.
1 bay horse, 9 years old, weight 1200 lbs.
1 bay horse, 11 years old, weight 1200 lbs.
9 milch cows
3 3 year old heifers
4 2 year old heifers. 4 two year old steers
7 Poland China Hogs
30 chickens
2 goats
1 haystacker
1 feed and saw mill
1 cream separator
2 two seated buggies
1 top buggy
3 sets working harness
2 sets buggy harness
2 single harnesses
2 wide tire wagons
1 narrow tire wagon
1 cutter
2 bob sleighs
1 light sleigh
2 walking plows
1 breaking plow
1 disc harrow
1 3 horse drag
1 Plano mower
And other articles too numerous to mention.

HOT LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT NOON

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper due December 1, 1907, drawing 8 per cent interest.

C. M. Evenson, AUCTIONEER.

Anton Gunderson, OWNER.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

In accepting filings of two candidates for judge of the municipal court for the primaries County Auditor Nelson of Washington county discovered that the fee for candidates for all minor offices has been doubled. In amending chapter 226 of the laws the legislature last winter intended to obviate the payments by candidates for the legislature paying more than $10 at the primaries and by some bungle the law was amended so as to require candidates other than for the legislature to pay $20.

The state railroad and warehouse commission has fixed Monday, Aug. 26, as the date for the final hearing on the Minnesota Transfer switching charges. The Transfer Railway company wants to increase the charges from $1.50 to $5 a car and the shippers and business men in that district who will be most directly affected by the increase have protested against the raise.

Mr. and Mrs. William Jones, both of whom are past seventy years of age, arrived in Mankato last week on foot, having walked 250 miles from Turtle Lake, Wis. They were hungry and almost exhausted and presented a pitiable appearance. Money was raised to buy railway tickets for them to Sioux City, Ia.

The matter of the enforcement of the Sunday closing law, as far as New Ulm is concerned, is now in the hands of the attorney general. Mayor Charles Silverson recently refused to apply the Sunday lid and some of the citizens have taken another step in the direction of enforcing the laws.

Startling reduction in the amount of pine lumber to be produced this season was announced by the report of the secretary of the semi-annual meeting of the Northern Pine Manufacturers' association at Minneapolis. A decrease of 240,000,000 feet over last year is reported.

The Soo Railroad company has filed an amendment to its articles of incorporation declaring its intention of building a branch line from Brooten, this state, to Superior. Fifteen miles of the line will be in Wisconsin, all in Douglas county.

Continued low water in the St. Croix is causing Stillwater mill owners apprehension. Log drives are tied up and already some mills have shut down for lack of logs.

Le Grand Powers of Minneapolis, chief statistician of agriculture in the census bureau, is seriously ill with typhoid fever at his home in Washington, D. C.

SOO LINE

THE MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR
HELD IN THE TWIN CITIES
September 2d to 7th inclusive
WILL BE THE
Best Ever
READ THE PROGRAM

Monday, September	2nd	Labor day
Tuesday, "	3rd	Minneapolis day
Wednesday, "	4th	Livestock and Dairy day
Thursday, "	5th	Old settlers day
Friday, "	6th	St. Paul day
Saturday, "	7th	Twin Cities day

LOW RATES FROM
ALL SOO LINE STATIONS
ASK THE AGENT.

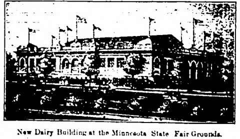

New Dairy Building at the Minnesota State Fair Grounds.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 37.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1907 NUMBER 35

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Historical Society

STEENERSON STATES FACTS IN THE CASE.

Writes a Warm Letter to the Secretary of Interior Regarding a Matter of Interest to Settlers on the Eleven Towns.

The decision of the secretary of the interior in rejecting the commutation proof of Tollef B. Nesland, a settler who had a claim up near Brunkeberg, is a matter of great interest to settlers living on government land and to people who have been loaning money on receiver's receipts. As a result of this decision it is almost impossible for any person who desires to make proof upon his land to secure a loan.

During the past few weeks some eighteen proofs made upon lands in the eleven towns during the months of May, June and July, 1906, for which the Crookston land office issued final receivers receipts have been rejected and nearly a like number made upon Chippewa lands in this vicinity outside of the eleven towns have also been rejected. Those who made final proof since July 1906, and received a receivers receipt are still subject to having their proofs rejected unless they showed fourteen months actual and continuous residence upon their land just prior to the date they made final proof. In one instance a homesteader who lacked just three days of having fourteen months actual residence, had his proof rejected.

When this land on the eleven towns was open for entry, settlers were told that eight months residence was all that would be required to make final proof, but the *interior department* has since made a new ruling. The case of Tollef B. Nesland, who had made eight months actual residence, was decided upon by those interested to be a proper test case to bring before the secretary of the interior on an appeal from the decision of the department of the interior, and now that the secretary has affirmed the ruling of the interior department has resulted in Congressman Steenerson writing a letter to the secretary which will be of much local interest. Mr. Steenerson may introduce a new law in congress if the secretary does not reverse his decission. The letter to the secretary is as follows:

In re-appeal of Tollef B. Nesland, from decision of Honorable Commissioner of General Land Office, rejecting his commutation proof on H. E. No. 610, for the S. W. ¼ Sec. 33 T. 151, R. 41 W. Minn.

My attention has been called to your recent decision affirming the decision of the Honorable Commissioner of the General Land Office in the case of Tollef B. Nesland, above described, and in which decision it is held that the commutation proof of Nesland under the act of February 20th, 1904, entitled, "An Act to authorize the sale of a part of what is known as the Red Lake Indian reservation of the State of Minnesota," should be rejected because it fails to show fourteen months continuous residence subsequent to the date of entry and prior to the date of proof. In support of this decision the case of Fred Lidgett, decided January 12, 1907 is relied upon. The syllabus in that case is as follows:

The distinction between commutation and final proof in relation to the element of time within which full compliance with law may be shown demands a higher degree of proof of good faith on the part of an entryman who elects to complete his entry and acquire title within the limited period allowed by commutation than is required in the case of ordinary proof after five years' compliance with the law.

A homestead entryman by his election to commute assumes the burden of showing full compliance with the law in the matters of residence, improvement and cultivation, and the proof will not be accepted by the land department unless it shows the substantial continuous presence of the claimant upon the land for the required period."

This construction of the commutation clause is at variance with the former rulings of the Department, and whatever justification there may be in its application to ordinary homestead proofs I will point out later on the reason why it should not be applied to commutation proofs under the Act of February 20, 1904, relative to these ceded Red Lake Indian lands.

I venture to address the Honorable Secretary on this subject for the reason that there are a large number of cases similar to the Nesland case now pending before the Department of worthy settlers who have complied with the terms of the law as it was construed when they purchased their land at a high price at public auction under the Act referred to, and to now change the construction of the law in their case amounts to a repudiation of the contract of sale and adding new terms thereto, and will work untold injustice and hardship upon people against whom no breath of suspicion has ever been cast for any lack of good faith. As a representative in Congress I take a special interest in this matter for the reason that I am the author of the Act of Congress under which these lands were sold and after consulting with the Department as to the terms of the circulars and interpretations of the Act referred to I helped to hold out to these intending settlers the view that they now contend for, that they may make commutation proofs of their entries if they established their residence within six months from the date of entry and show eight months residence before final proof.

If the present ruling of the Department shall be adhered to good faith on the part of Congress will require an Act for the relief of the settlers effected and whose money and rights are subject to forfeiture by this new interpretation of the law, and with that in view I appeal to the Department to, 1st, modify this ruling so as to be in harmony with the interpretation of the law at the time of sale, and, 2nd, if this cannot for any reason be done, then to suspend further action until Congress may grant the settlers relief.

The *Act of February 20, 1904*, under which these lands were sold subject to the homestead law, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, in tracts not exceeding 160 acres contained the following provision.

"That such purchaser shall have the right of commutation as provided by section 2301 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, by paying for the land at the price for which it is sold, receiving credit for the payments previously made."

The Secretary of the Interior pursuant to this authority directed the land to be sold at public auction and at not less than $4.00 per acre, the minimum price fixed by the Act. Several auction sales were held and some of the lands were bid up to a high price, in fact a higher price than they could now be sold for without any conditions whatever.

On January 25, 1904, twenty six days before the Act of February 20, 1904, was passed the Commissioner of the General Land Office with the approval of the Department of the Interior, issued its Circular showing the manner of proceeding to obtain title to public lands under the homestead and other laws. On page 24 of this circular will be found the rules and regulations relative to commuted homestead entries, as follows:

"To entitle a homestead claimant to commute his entry under section 2301, Revised Statutes, as amended by the sixth section, act March 3, 1891, (26 Stat. L., 1095; Appendix No. 44,) and the act of June 3, 1896 (29 Stat. L., 197; Appendix No. 71,) he must prove his actual residence, improvement, and cultivation for not less than fourteen months from date of settlement.

Constructive residence from date of entry will be recognized where settlement is made and residence established within six months thereafter. (26 L. D., 544).

The decision cited (26 L. D. 544,) referring to the Act of March 3, 1891, says Constructive residence from the date of entry will be recognized where settlement is made and residence established within six months thereafter.

This was the law at the time that Nesland and the other purchaser bid on this part of the ceded Red Lake reservation and purchased their lands. Justice and good faith would require that this interpretation of the commutation law was a part of the contract of purchase and this contract of purchase ought not in justice to be changed by a mere change of ruling, nor should it be changed at all. Good faith on the part of the Government requires that it carry out the contract of sale as it was understood at the time.

In the Lidgett case above referred to the main reason for altering the former ruling is alleged to be that a higher degree of proof of good faith is required of a commutation proof than of an ordinary proof after five years residence, and however this may be with reference to ordinary homestead proofs the reason cannot be applied to these lands purchased at their full value at a public auction sale, and where the minimum price was fixed at just about what their cash value is at the present time.

These settlers under the Act of February 20, 1904, are not actuated by the ordinary motives of a commuting homesteader. They must in any event pay the price bid for the land. On the contrary the ordinary homestead commuter can get his land free by living there the full five years. The purchasers in these cases are not only bound to pay the amount bid, but unless he pays at the time required in the act of February 20, 1904, his entry is forfeited. Where his crops are poor, which they have been for the last two seasons, he is confronted with the necessity of borrowing the money to pay the Indians for the price bid for the land and commute in order to give security. If he is denied this privilege he is denied something that was stipulated in the Act under which he purchased the land he is compelled to lose not only the land and all of his improvements but also in many of these cases many hundreds and even thousands of dollars besides.

This act for the sale of the Red Land Indian reservation lands was framed by me with the instructions of the General Land office as to commutation, issued January 25 1904, before me and when the settlers were invited to bid at the land sales they were informed not only by me verbally and in letters in response to inquires, but the Honorables commissioner of the General Land office, and the official auctioneer who conducted the sale for the Government informed the bidders to the same effect, that purchasers of these lands could commute and pay the whole sum if they established their residence within six montns of the date of entry and showed eight months residence prior to making proof. Nobody ever dreamed at that time that any different interpretation would be put upon the law, nor had we any reason to anticipate any such change in the ruling and in view of the dire results and hardships that will follow if the ruling is adhered to I appeal to the Honorable Secretary to modify as herein requested.

I venture to further ask that the Secretary give this matter his personal attention, and in any event that he will suspend further action until relief can be obtained in behalf of these settlers from Congress.

I have the honor to remain,
Yours very respectfully,
H. Steenerson.

BUY COAL NOW.

Cars Are Now Idle and Chances of a Blockade Probable Soon.

Already railroads and dealers are complaining that if anything there is less coal and fuel being ordered early this season than a year ago. This seems incredible after all the suffering and shortage in fuel of the winter just past, and particularly so after all the explaining that another car shortage is sure to come, and that at this season there are, in most places, idle cars that can be had for the asking.

In some way, many seem to have concluded that last winter's racket over railroads and railroad legislation has insured prompt delivery of coal and other commodities hereafter at the drop of the hat, wholly regardless of whether the roads are blockaded, or if there are cars to be had or not. This is in no wise the case, however. The roads know—and the people will know later—that it is beyond the power of man to provide cars enough the coming fall and winter to care for the increased traffic. Our railroad commissioners admit this; and, our railroads, knowing it, are, and have been, urging the people to lay their coal in not only early but at once, while cars are idle.

Why not at once get in your coal? Farmers and others can and should order in carload lots, and when it comes turn in and put it into the coal bins, and have all this danger from coal storage, labor strikes, snow blockades and car shortage stopped for a year at least. There will be little sympathy for those who, having the means, still will not take this precaution.

TAKE BIG CONTRACT.

Bulman Bros. to Log Fifty-two Square Miles Up in Canada.

Will Take Them About Ten Years to Complete the Job.

Sex and Joe Bulman returned to this city last Friday, from a trip to Prince Albert, Canada, where they had been to look over a logging proposition. They state that while absent they closed a deal for the firm of Bulman Bros. to log a tract of land fifty-two miles square for the Prince Albert Lumber company. It will take about ten years to complete this contract and a large crew of men will be employed the year round. It is their intention to run two large lumber camps this winter, and next year they will commence doing business upon a large scale. Their logging out fit is now being packed and made ready for shipment to Canada.

Bulman Bros. have been successful loggers in this section for a number of years and have had several large contract for banking logs for the Thief River Falls Lumber company. They understand the logging business as well as any of them, and that they will be successful in their new field of labor goes without saying.

A Curious Case.

The Worthington, Minn., Herald brings news of a very puzzling and interesting criminal case that has arisen in that vicinity.

It appears that Rev. G. M. Walker, a minister residing at Round Lake, was riding on a train recently. Near him sat one "Barnum," said to be a bum. Barnum rejoiced in the possession of a bottle of whiskey from which he regaled himself from time to time to his own vast enjoyment but greatly in the discomfort and displeasure of clergyman.

Finally the divine could stand it no longer, so he stole up behind the drunkard, slyly slipped the bottle out of his pocket, and triumphantly threw it out of the window.

Though the clergyman was gleeful and well satisfied with himself for having deprived his besotted brother of the opportunity to further bestialize himself for the time being, the fun was all on his side. The "bum" was very angry about it, and as soon as the two got off at their station, he had the preacher arrested on a charge of picking his pocket. The minister was bound over to the grand jury under bonds of $250.

The incident has created quite a bit of interesting discussion down in that section.

Are You Going "shopping" this fall for the lowest priced clothes you can find? Or are you going to get the very best thing for your money? You'll probably get what you look for; and you'll find some awfully cheap clothes for sale. You'll find some mighty good ones, too; the kind that are better than they cost.

They're Hart Schaffner & Marx make; and we sell them.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

No Money Comes Easier than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. Borry,
PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Mrs. Kidder spent Sunday at Crookston.

Attorney S. Cooke was over to Warren last Saturday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Bjorge Saturday.

D. N. and C. J. Winton were over to Bemidji last week.

Goodnow Torrison came over from Fisher last Friday.

John Richards of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday.

Louis Hanson was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

Wm. McGinity was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Knut Norland was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Charles Newberry was down to Crookston the first of the week.

C. W. Nelson was up to Middle River the first of the week.

E. E. Rose returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Fargo.

Sex Bulman went down to Crookston Tuesday to buy some horses.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

—Ten fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Gusa, one mile west of town.

Mrs. A. B. Lee, of Glenwood, is in the city visiting her son, Robert Lee.

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Found—Several books from a set of encyclopedias. Inquire at the News office.

Miss Hulda Anderson, who had been here visiting friends, returned to Milaca Monday.

Mrs. D. B. Bakke went up to Karlstad Tuesday morning to visit friends for a few days.

Attorney George K. Fargo was up from Ogema the first of the week attending to business matters.

J. Morrisey left the first of the week for Montana to spend about six weeks on a pleasure trip.

Mrs. Robert Lee, who had been visiting her parents up at Rollis, returned to this city last Saturday.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Safe for Sale—A large Cary safe, for sale cheap. For particulars address Langseth Mercantile Co.

W. O. Piper, of Guthrie, Oklahoma, arrived in the city last week to visit Conductor James Morton.

Mrs. Sopha Gillund, and two children, of Foldahl, were in the city last week visiting Mrs. D. B. Bakke.

Mrs. Archibold came up from Breckenridge Monday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Bailey.

Mrs. Jacobson, who had been here visiting her sister, Mrs. Swen Johnson, returned to Chicago last Friday.

Louis Nelson was up to Middle River last Saturday.

Herbert Fuller expects to leave the first of next week for Oregon to visit his father who is in very poor health.

Services in the Silverton Lutheran church next Sunday at 3 o'clock, p. m.
I. T. Aasted.

Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Nelson and Mrs. E. B. Bakke were down to Fosston to spend Sunday visiting with relatives.

Mrs. Louis Hanson and children and Mrs. Ole Torrison spent last week at Maple Lake camping out with friends.

Miss Mable and Kate Patterson and Nora Johnson, of St. Hilaire, visited friends in the city the first of the week.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Mrs. Barackman and children, who had been visiting friends at Granite Falls for several weeks, returned to this city last Friday.

The Sunday school children of the Presbyterian church enjoyed a very pleasant picnic in Tindolph park last Friday afternoon.

Teacher wanted in district No. 86 Beltrami county, for a term of five months. Good wages. Apply to Jacob Anderson, Jelle, Minn.

—Lost—A dark brown heifer, eight months old. Finder please notify John Lundgreen, east side of Thief River, just north of Squaw point.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., pays your railroad fare, furnished free books and supplies, and guarantees situations. Write for catalog.

Oscar Sponheim, assistant cashier in the Peoples State Bank, is taking a vacation this week. He is visiting old friends over in North Dakota.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. And English services at 7:45 p. m.
I. T. Aasted, Pastor.

For sale cheap—1 three room house and two lots in block number 14, original townsite Thief River Falls, enquire of Ole Rudes Jewelry store, Main street.

Evenson&Erickson are making a great many improvements in their clothing store of late and when finished they will have one of the most up-to-date stores in the Northwest.

Newfolden recently voted bonds in the sum of $1,000 and a modern school building will be erected there this fall. Newfolden is one of towns in Marshall county and its citizens are progressive.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cyr and children left last Friday for North Yackama, Wash., where they expect to make their future home. Mr. Cyr has disposed of all of his interests in Thief River Falls.

Capt. C. H. Jenks, for years the division superintendent on the Northern Division of the Great Northern, died at his home in Crookston last week. He was well known to all of the residents of this section.

The Soo railroad is reported to have bought, or at least to have obtained control of, the line of steam boats that ply the waters of Red river from Grand Forks north and will use them as "feeders" for the Soo at Oslo.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

☐ We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

The new creamery up at Sandridge has been running only a month, and is doing a decidedly prosperous business. It is an assured fact that this creamery will soon be doing as large a business as any creamery in this section.

Game Warden K. M. Hanson reports that there has been very little illegal shooting of chickens in this section this fall. He has been out in the field nearly every day, but thus far has been unable to discover any one shooting chickens.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Sept. at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

H. B. Blackey made a trip out west on the Wheatline last week. He reports that cutting has started out there and crop prospects are fair. Mr. Blackey has been offered a position to take charge of an elevator out there this fall and may accept.

W. G. McAndress wishes to announce that he is in the cattle buying business here and is paying the highest market price at all times for cattle. Farmers who have anything in this line to sell are requested to see him before selling to others.

W. B. Chandler, a breeder of fast horses who lives at Anoka, was in the city last week. Through a trade he recently became the owner of several lots in Thief River Falls and was here to look the property over. He was greatly pleased with the city.

H. L. Moeller, of Mohall, N. D., was in the city last week visiting his brother, Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury. He was enroute home from a trip to to Illinois, and says that the crops around here are far ahead of anything he saw in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin.

W. H. Herron, of Washington, D. C., the surveyor in charge of the U. S. government survey being carried on in this section, is in the city this week conferring with his assistants. Work upon the survey will be continued until the snow becomes so deep this winter that travel is made impossible.

Reports from some of the eastern states indicate that there will be a shortage of the hay crop. In Indiana, hay has recently sold as high as $21 per ton. Everything points to fancy prices for hay the coming winter and our farmers will do well to put up all the hay in sight this year.—Ex.

The total personal property assessment of Polk county as equalized by the board is $1,810,940. The fact that the total value of personal property in the county as equalized by the board last year was $2,240,028 has aroused more or less speculation as to the cause of decrease in value this year.

Deputy Postmaster Nelson took the run on 112 between this city and Glenwood on Monday. Carl Winquist, the mail clerk who should have made the run Monday, was unable to do so, and it so happened that not one of the mail clerks that make this city their headquarters could be secured to substitute.

Edmund Franklyn, former county superintendent of schools of Marshal County, will be married to Miss Grace Taylor, at Almora, Minn., on Sept. 4th. They will be at home at Orleans, Kittson Co., Minn., where Mr. Franklyn is engaged in the banking business, on Sept. 18. The many friends of Mr. Franklyn, in this county, congratulate him on his desision to join the ranks of the benedicts.

—O. H. Martz of St. Hilaire, was appointed county road overseer last week by the board of county commissioners at a salary $75 per month. The duties of Mr. Martz will be to look after the building of roads in the country districts of Red Lake county. Most of the road work for this year has been done, but there will be some road building after harvest.

Shock threshing will be commenced in North Dakota this week. A large number of the laboring men from this section are now in Dakota, and as a result laboring men are quite scarce in this section. Men who have ditch work are offering as high as $2.75 per day for common labor and cannot get men. Wages in North Dakota are said to be high this fall.

Sunday is the first day of September, and it will then be lawful to shoot prairie chickens and other game birds. A large number of Thief River Falls people are making preparations to be in the fields on Sunday, and it is safe to say that no one who has a gun and a dog will be found in town. There are many conflicting reports regarding as to whether or not the shooting is going to be good this fall.

A. J. Klemik, the jeweler and optician, has rented the center store room of the building being erected by James Meehan on La Bree avenue and Second street. Mr. Klemik has decided to enlarge his stock greatly and he finds that his present building is far too small. He will not occupy but one-half of the store room which he has rented, and a gentlemen who contemplates another drug store here will probably rent the other half.

Constable K. K. Killand on Tuesday delivered into Sheriff Nelson's custody Chris. Bargen, the young man held for fishing with a net last spring. He was fined twenty five dollars and costs by Justice Jens Nelson, or sentenced to twenty days at the county bastile. On the plea of no funds he was given an opportunity to work out the fine here at home, but when he tried to make his get-a-way, the fatal result followed.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

About Saving Accounts.

The saving accounts is one of the best investments for small amounts. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle awaiting investment. You may withdraw a part or the intire amount at any time.

Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

We write Fire Insurance in the best of companies. Tickets to and from Europe at reduced rates at our bank.

Money Orders and drafts issued to any foreign country and payable in postoffices, banks or country Stores.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

Judge and Mrs. A. Grindeland left last Saturday on a trip which may be regarded as their silver wedding trip, as it is twenty five years ago this fall that they commenced their joint journey through life. Blest as has been their companionship in many ways, they thought it meet and proper at this time to remind themselves of the days of their honeymoon by taking this trip which will include a visit to Duluth, a steam boat ride on Lake Superior to Port Arthur, thence by water or rail along the northern boundary of the state to Beaudette, and a steam boat ride across the beautiful Lake of the Woods. The return home will be made via Winnipeg.—Warren Sheaf.

Capt. H. C. Doughty was up from St Paul the first of the week looking to the welfare of his farm out southeast of town. Mr. Doughty spoke of the difference in the price paid for butter-fat here and at his home down in Wisconsin; the product there bringing only twenty-one cents per pound on the eastern market, while the St. Hilaire butter sells at twenty-six cents a pound or two cent above the market. There is a big difference in our favor when you take into consideration that Mr. Doughty's farm in Wisconsin is worth eighty dollars an acre, while his ranch here costs him but twenty dollars per acre, and besides the grasses and feed grown here are far more productive of butter fat that those grown elsewhere.

The Brown's Valley Tribune states that forty five Great Northern passenger conductors and twelve train auditors have been discharged for knocking down. The Breckenridge Telegram says that the matter is not quite as bad as the Tribune states but that it is bad enough. Many will probably get back. The crews have been replenished by advancing freight conductors. The removal of the penalty for not buying a ticket before entering the train makes it just as cheap to pay a cash fare to the conductor and the opportunities for making touches is correspondingly greater.

Sheriff Nelson is convinced that corporations sometimes look out for the welfare of the people, and his conviction comes from an instance that happened to him in the cities last week. In leaving a street car hurriedly at Minneapolis one day last week, he forgot his new cravanette coat and didn't discover his loss until too late to trace the car. He reported the fact to the street car company but didn't expect to see the coat again. His pleasure was great yesterday when he received the garment intact by express showing that the street car company of the Twin cities attempt to protect their customers as well as possible.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Market Eggs When Fresh.

A merchant, who in the course of trade handles a great number of eggs during the season, wishes to impress upon the minds of his customers the necessity of marketing their eggs when strictly fresh instead of holding them until they become stale.

"Fresh eggs are worth more money" said the dealer, "and we can afford to pay what they are worth. Bad eggs are worthless and a few of them often knocks the price on a large shipment a cent or two a dozen.

Make it a point to market your eggs when they are fresh and you will be the gainer.

Eyes Eyes Eyes

Many nervous troubles are permanently cured by glasses, scientifically fitted, Dr A. J. Klimek, the well known eye specialist, gives special attention to certain conditions of epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, migran, chronic headaches, etc, all forms of natural weakness of eyesight. It matters not how long or short a time your sight has been failing, he can, through his scientific system, tell you the amount of your visual field and strength, and the amount of actual nerve force in reserve. He knows how, and can tell you what your chances are for recovery. You need not tell him much about your case, as he will from the start tell you more about your own self than you could. Some people would ask, "how can he do this?" well, it is easy. The doctor knows the eye and anatomy of the nervous system involved in the faculty of visual perceptions like a book, and he knows all the ailments of this wonderful piece of mechanism, the eye, is subject to. The doctor knows all about the diseases of the eye and for this reason can give you much valuable information. If you have cataracts, he can tell you if they can be cured at once or not He does not charge for telling you this. He will gladly give you any information that may benefit you. He will gladly show anyone the fine charts of the brain and nervous system which he has made and used on these different occasions.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK,
EYE SPECIALIST AND OPTICIAN.
OFFICE AND JEWELRY STORE IN S. T. JOHNSON BUILDING. LABREE AVE., THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Getting ready for Fall

Although not completely stocked up yet, we are busy every day unpacking fall goods and will soon have a larger and better assortment in every department than ever.

In these times when everything is going "sky high," you will be pleased to find our goods the same good quality and the same prices on the most of it---not any higher than former years.

In our dress goods department we never shown a larger variety nor a better quality at

25 and 50 cents.

Others, latest styles and shades, up to $1.50.

Flannels, cheap at 12½ cents, our price, 10c.

Tailor made skirts, $3.50 to $15.00.

It will be to your interest to look at and compare our line of children's school shoes if you want quality at a low price.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

VERY SAD CALAMITY

Two Children Suffer Death Up at Pit in Beltrami County.

One Cremated and another Falls on a Broken Bottle.

~~Roseau Region:~~ A six year old boy of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Ferrier of Pitt, Beltrami county, met death in the burning of the home of his parents on Saturday last and and their four-year-old grandchild, a son of Dell Ferrier, met death the following afternoon Sunday. As we have heard them, the facts appear to be that Mr. and Mrs. Ferrier had been entertaining some friends and had left the house to go with them to the depot a short distance away leaving the boy alone and asleep in the house. There was a lighted lamp on the table and it is supposed the child awoke and upset the lamp. His remains were found in the ruins three rooms distant from where he had been sleeping. The house was all ablaze when the fire was discovered and the boy inside beyond rescue.

Dell Ferrier's boy was playing on the back porch of his home when he tumbled to the ground, a distance of a foot and a half, and fell on a broken bottle, the glass penetrating his abdomen. He was taken to Beaudette on a hand car, but was past aid and died that evening.

The sad affair cast a gloom over the community where the children were very much liked and the parents are distracted over the loss of their little ones. Sympathizing friends did what they could to relieve the terrible strain, but nothing will return to them their loved ones.

The Ferriers are well known in Roseau, having lived for many years in Dieter township.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Flax	$1 07
Barley	[illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]

VOTED DOWN.

Clover Leaf Township Voted Against Buying a Grader.

The town of Clover Leaf voted upon the proposition of buying a grader last Saturday and by a vote of 17 to 13 the grader proposition failed to carry. All of the voters in this township are said to be in favor of purchasing a grader, but the notices calling for the meeting were so worded that the only grader that could be purchased was a Russell. This did not seem to be a fair proposition, and so the voters turned it down. At the annual meeting next spring, the voters will probably vote to issue bonds and then a grader will be purchased for cash.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Aug. 24.

Anderson John
Brome Miss Myrtle,
Cotts Frank
Chatel Z. C.
Heggen F. C.
Halvorson Mrs. L. H.
Hatter Frank
Johnson Mrs. Hilda
Johnson Hjalmar J.
Jansem Carl
Johnson Miss Sophia
Johnson Miss Hellen
Johnson Aron
Lauritzon William
Maxwell James
Smith Mrs Enga
Turner Ben
Winston Rev. R. W.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Farmers Attention.

I will have a flax tow mill in operation in this city by Oct. 15th, and will buy for cash all your good, dry, threshed flax straw reasonably free from chaff. No extra treatment required, only that it be kept dry.

Cut your flax as near the ground as possible and you will get just that much more straw per acre. More straw, More money. Mill will be located at the Cement Block Works near Soo Line tracks.

A. H. [illegible], Prop.

E. H. Bakke left yesterday for Grand Forks. He has accepted a position as traveling salesman for Swift & Co. in North Dakota.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Miss Annie Anderson, the efficient clerk in the dry goods department of the Golden Rule, left Tuesday evening for Fergus Falls to spend several weeks visiting friends.

D. J. McNiven was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Daniel Shaw and Emil E. Zeh S. W. Bailey D. N. Winton left yesterday morning for Minneapolis, going down in the Winton automible.

A crew of Great Northern bridge repairers have been in the city this week making repairs on the railroad bribge across the Red Lake River.

Oscar Hovilsoe, the efficient correspondent of the News at Germantown, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute to North Dakota to spend a month or more in the harvest fields there.

Mrs C. C. Jackson, who was operated upon last week in Minneapolis, is now entirely out of danger and it is believed that she will be able to return to this city in a few weeks.

Dr. Grundy was up to Middle River yesterday.

James Meehan is up from Minneapolis this week looking after his interests here.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid Society will meet with Miss Gustie Johnson next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Sept. 4th. Everybody cordially invited.

Rev. Flesher will preach at the Copp school house Sunday Sept., 1st.

Street Commissioner Melby last week commenced the building of cement cross walks within the business portion of the city. He is doing a good job and putting down a walk that will last for years.

Robert Lee has disposed of his interest in the City Meat market to John Sorenson

Misses Stella and Elsie Rubbecke left Sunday evening for Minneapolis and other Central Minnesota points to visit friends.

Peter Eberhardt and wife left last evening for Red Lake Falls to visit old friends for a few days. They formerly resided there for six years, removing to this city in 1892.

Miss Hannah Peterson left last evening for Crookston.

Found Several books from a set of encyclopedias. Inquire at the News office.

TO SCHOOL PATRONS

Prof. J. Hay Gives Some Pointers to the Parents.

School Starts on Next Tuesday, the third day of September.

To School Patrons: A word or two in connection with the opening of school and the work laid out for the year may not come amiss at this time.

School opens Tuesday, September 3rd. All the grades will occupy the same rooms as last year with exception of the seventh and eighth on the west side, these will be cared for in the two new rooms in the Central building. The normal training department, being a part of the high school will be located in the high school building. This arrangement will economize space and permit the presentation of several more subjects in the high school than formerly and with the same faculty.

The anticipated enrollment in the high school is 125. The second floor of the high school building has been remodeled to care for this attendance. There is now offered to students a Normal course of actual practise daily teaching and leading to a state certificate, a classical course embracing four years of Latin and two of German, an English Scientific course covering four years of English and four full year credits in science. All necessary books, apparatus and material have been obtained whereby satisfactory work can be accomplished along these lines of study. But, in addition to these and to permit of further electives by high school students and to make the school of practical and immediate value, the board of education has deemed it wise to add what is termed a commercial course, thus affording a student a choice of four or more regular and distinct courses, as many as the largest and best high schools in the state present. This year the new course will embrace commercial spelling and arithmetic, bookkeeping, typewriting and stenography. Some of these are half year and the others whole year subjects. A student may thus graduate from high school with sixteen full year credits by pursuing this course. It will also grant young men and women who connot afford to remain in school the four years an opportunity of securing a knowledge of subjects that can be turned to practical and immediate financial benefit, and this right at home and without a cent of expense. It should be borne in mind, though, that it is not a business college that is being installed, whereby, by intensive effort, students are graduated in three to six months. The subjects in this course in any high school should only be completed as rapidly as is consistent with thoroughness and the capacity of the student to master them. The state law makes all the high school course absolutely free to nonresidents as well as to residents of the district.

Despite the fact that certain conditions obtained last year in some departments that did not tend to the highest progress, still, 396 state high school certificates were secured by the students 186 being marked "plus," meaning that they rank very high. An excellent record was also made by those who wrote for teacher's certificates. This would be considered a distinctly creditable showing in a school working under the most favorable conditions and is, therefore, particularly gratifying to the school authorities when all things are considered. These undesirable conditions have been removed, and with enlarged equipment, remodeled and convenient rooms, a carefully selected faculty it is expected that the high school and grades will accomplish satisfactory work.

The adminstration and board of education most earnestly desire to give the public their money's worth, educationally, and to this end they bespeak the kindly corporation and assistance of the school patrons during the opening school year.

Respectfully,
J. H. Hay,
Superintendent.

Heatwole's Dairy Paper: Over in Austria more than 100,000 persons are kept busy making imitation ivory products from skimmed milk, and they do their work so well that the average person cannot tell them from the genuine article. Milkstone, as this skimmed milk substance is called, is hard and tough. Besides piano keys and collars, pepper and salt shakers, pen holders and ink wells, umbrella handles, boxes doll heads, door knobs, mantle pieces, clocks, paper racks, pin heads, collar buttons, picture frames, rubber and amber imitations, glue and putty and many other articles too numerous to mention are made from skimmed milk.

TO SECURE SETTLERS.

Farmers Up Near Rollis Have Commenced a Campaign.

Unique Organization That Will Help Boom the North Country.

Up in eastern Marshall county near Middle River they want actual settlers and they are out to get them. The farmers in that vicinity have formed a working organization for the purpose of securing the actual settlers and they are going down to southern Minnesota and Iowa after them and are getting them here.

There are hundreds of vacant farms up that way any one of which, if properly handled, will make any man comfortably well off in a very few years and yet these lands have been homesteaded in a great many instances by men who look them merely for speculative purposes, and they are now lying idle. The harvests there have been so abundant and have proved that the lands are so rich in fertility that the farmers believe that all that is necessary to get settlers is to show some of the people in Southern Minnesota who are living on small priced farms, not nearly so rich as these northern Minnesota lands, just what the lands here will do and they will then come up here to locate. They got together and formed a working organization and they are getting splendid results. They appointed one of their number C. E. Williams, "simply a farmer of that section," as he himself expresses it, to "go out into the highways and byways and compel them to come in." Mr. Williams carries a bundle consisting of some of the finest wheat, oats, barley and tame grass that was ever seen. The wheat is over four feet tall; it has a head on each stalk which will measure nearly five inches, well filled with the plumpest kind of No. 1 hard wheat. And every other sample in the bundle was equally as good. Armed with this sample Mr. Williams expects to get some more settlers. He states that they are not selling these lands to make money on them, but simply to get more settlers and build up their country, and the prices which they are selling the lands for go to prove the truth of the assertion. He will spend several days in Meeker and Wright counties on his mission and expects to return Saturday.

DEER INCREASING.

So Says Carlos Avery of the State Game Commission.

The state game and fish commission is preparing to get information relative to deer in northern Minnesota.

"We are of the opinion," said Carlos Avery, executive agent of the commission, "that deer are materially on the increase each year. We believe that the professional poacher and the hunter for logging camps exists no longer.

"Public sentiment in the northern part of the state formerly protected these men in their illegal work, and it was impossible to get a jury to convict. At the present time there is some poaching by actual settlers for venison for their own use.

"We are preparing to send blanks to deputy wardens and postmasters in the northern part of the state to have each recipient report to us much detail as possible of the prevalence of deer in their respective vicinities. This will be the first information of the sort that has ever been collected, and I believe it will be surprising in the large number of deer it will demonstrate there are in the state."

GERMANTOWN.

The rain on Monday will hurry the grain to ripen quickly from now on and harvest will be general the latter part of this week.

An auction sale is held Wednesday of this week on Anton Gunderson's place, whereby Mr. Gunderson disposes of all his farm property. He has engaged in business in town. The family will follow after the sale.

Miss Gina Johnson left last week for Rochester to remain for an indefinite time.

A term of school is being held in the Norwegian Lutheran congregation this and next month.

Among those who have left for the North Dakota harvest fields we have caught the names of Hubert Berve, Bernhard [illegible] and Herman Wegner.

Haying is just about wound up and everybody has hay enough now until New Years and possibly [illegible].

Theodore Evenby transacted business in the city Monday and Tuesday.

Nels M[illegible] made a trip to Grafton N. D. last week.

C. J. Wirtch and family have returned to Wausau, Wis.

FINED $50 AND COSTS.

Oscar Sandstrom Fined for Attempting to Violate an Ordinance.

Was tried Before Judge Bishop and a Jury on Monday.

Last Friday shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon an attempt was made to remove the Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator to a point on the Great Northern right-of-way which is within the fire limits of the city. Oscar Sandstrom, the foreman in charge of the moving of the building, was at once arrested by Chief Erickson and on Monday was given a trial before Judge Bishop and a jury of twelve men. Attorney E. M. Stanton appeared for the defendant and City Attorney Halvorson appeared for the city. The evidence showed plainly that it was the intention to remove the building into the fire limits in violation of a city ordinance and no attempt was made to deny this. The contention of the defence is that the ordinance is unconstitutional and the further fact that because the Great Northern railway owns the lots, the city has not the right to place them within the fire limits of the city. These lots were within the fire limits of Thief River Falls long before the Great Northern extended its yards to this part of the city and before the road purchased them.

The jury after remaining out but a short time returned a verdict of guilty and Judge Bishop fined Sandstrom $50 and costs or 45 days in jail. The costs in the case amount to about $30.

Sandstrom has not paid the fine and habeas corpus proceedings have been instituted to secure his release.

In order to remove the elevator upon the lots within the fire limits it is necessary to cut the electric light wires that run from La Bree avenue to the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory. Acting under instruction from the mayor, the electric light department of the city refused to cut these wires and as a result a man was imported to do the job. These wires could be safely cut at the noon hour, when the electric light plant is not running, but the man who came here to do the job waited until after 1 o'clock when an electric current is running on the wires and as result the plant came near being wrecked and it is a wonder that the man who cut the wires did not lose his life. Had the dynamo at the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory been running at the time great damage would surely have been done. As it was it required considerable skill and nerve upon the part of the men at the power house to save the plant from destruction. The local plant does not have a governor upon the dynamo and any sudden cutting of wires is quite sure to play havoc The man who cut the wires did not know that the plant here was run without a governor and it is safe to say that if he does this job again he will make sure there is not current on the line.

TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE.

An Invention Promises Death to the Standard Oil Trust.

Science has found a weapon against the Standard Oil company more potent than the big stick of President Roosevelt, even though backed up by the fine-inflicting possibilities of Judge Landis' court. The invention of a new battery by Frank C. Curtis, a Milwaukee boy, will put petroleum products out of market as too expensive either for lighting or heating or power.

Curtis' invention is to be exploited by a company formed with $5,000,000 capital, all of which is said to have been subscribed by such men as President Marvin Hughitt of the Northwestern railway, Pullman Palace Car company officials, and other such corporation men.

When the invention came to the notice of railroad men about a year ago, they permitted tests to be made on their lines. The battery is composed of a new alloy for electrodes and a new solution which developes the current desired up to a high degree of voltage.

The plan is to make batteries for installation in houses where a single battery will be sufficient to light and heat the entire structure. The equipment for an entire house it is said, will cost but $30 and the solution but 5 cents a cell, each cell lasting indefinitely. The battery has been tried successfully with automobiles.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Sept. 1. Communion 11 a. m.
Preaching, 8 p. m.
Sunday school 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p.m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

H. Fant was down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

August 29, 1907.

A few more decisions and a few more injunctions by Judge Lochren will help to make Socalism stronger:

The crop of oats seems to be a failure everywhere, except in this section. Farmers will do well not dispose of their crop of oats until next spring.

The cost of crime in the United States is $1,076,327,606 or for each individual $107. That is more money for each one of us than some people see in a year.

East Grand Forks is organized under the same law as Thief River *Falls and has its election this year* in November and has a warm campaign on. There are four candidates for municipal judge and a contest on for every election office.

Judge Page Morris last week fined the Omaha road $20,000 for rebeating. Judge Morris is one of the most honorable and fairest judges in the country and we wish more men of his stamp occupied positions upon the bench.

There is considerable talk of Gov. Johnson for a third term. Those who are holding office under the present administration are the ones trying to induce Gov. Johnson to run again, but it does not seem probable that they will be successful. Gov. Johnson would have nothing to gain in running for a third time.

Men with unlimited capital have made application to the Bemidji council for a franchise for an electric street railway system. The system may be built—and then it may not. There are a whole lot of tonws in this section much larger than Bemidji that do not enjoy this convenient form of transportation.

Governor Cummings of Iowa has figured out that if Adam had secured a position which paid him $150 a day and worked at it steadily all these years and never purchased Eve any other raiment than that which was considered proper in those earley days, he would have just the same size pile as John D. Rockefeller is reputed to have—$1,000,000,000.

The plea made by the Standard Oil company of Indiana that it had injured no competitors because there were none recalls the case of the prisoner on trial for killing his parents and who appealed for mercy on the ground that he was an orphan. If that fine of twenty-nine millions could be collected in cash there would be great disturbances in the money market. There are some litigious steps to be taken before Uncle Sam can gather that sum into the treasury.—New York Herald.

Frank M. Eddy, who is in St. Paul for a while is booming Halvor Steenerson for governor. He says that either Steenerson Volstead or Young could be elected, but he believes the Crookston man would make the best man of all.—Minne. Jounal.

There is no question but what Mr. Steenerson would make the strongest candidate the Republicans could nominate. He stands for what the rank and file of the Republican party want and is aggressive and honest. And yet we do not believe that he would enter into any campaign to secure the nomination, but if the Republican party wants to nominate a sure winner, it will be Halvor Steenerson by acclamation.

Law is an uncertain commodity. A federal judge in the south has enjoined state officers from enforcing a law limiting railroad fares just as another federal judge in New York enjoined state officials from enforcement of a law reducing the price of gas. But a federal judge in Missouri acted as an arbitrator and arranged for a trial of the state law for three months at the end of which time the railroad companies are to come into court and show how badly they are hurt. And now a federal judge in Iowa refuses to interfere at all with the enforcement of a two-cent fare law on the ground that no injury to the roads was shown and the complaint that the new rate would reduce dividends was not proved.—Philadelphia Record.

The public has been already advised that the Board of Directors of the grain growers Branch of the American Society of Equity, recently in session at Indianapolis, determined that the equitable minimum price for wheat of the crop of 1907, is $1.25 per bushel. This price is based upon a comparison of what now seems to be the actual supply with the normal consumption or demand, but it is subject to review and revision, of course, by the annual meeting of the National Union of the Society in October. Meanwhile, this figure stands as the minimum price. Of course it is understood that this is not the price to be demanded at the farm or at the local shipping point—the price to the farmer must be determined by the cost of transportation and handling from the point of production to the central market, or point of reshipment or consumption.

Political slate makers or so-called party boses will probably not sing with past significance that popular old song, "Maryland, My Maryland." At the last session of the legislature in that state it was arranged to select United States senators by a direct vote of the people and under the primary system the self-constituted leaders do not exercise the influence they do in conventions. There is no doubt but that a system which allows the people to nominate their own public officers is the correct principle, and then if mistakes are made there is no one to blame but the common citizens. Minnesota is about ripe for a primary law extending to all state and fedaral officiers. Two state conventions of the Republican party in Minnesota have recently nominated candidates for governor who were overwhelmingly defeated at the polls. This was not the result of fractional differences in the party, but because a certain class of political leaders secured control of the conventions by more or less questionable means and nominated candidates not wanted by the people.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

In speaking of the increasing mail order business the Duluth Herald says that the only way for local merchants in the small towns is to do as the mail order houses do: advertise. "How do the mail order houses get the business? By advertising. They advertise skillfully, to make people believe that they sell goods cheaper than the home merchant, and many believe it." The trouble with too many merchants is that they consider advertising a useless waste of money, without returns, and the way some of them advertise they are right. Proper advertising requires more than an announcement that one deals in clothing, groceries or hardware. This is a fact already known to most people in that vincity. Business men in big cities never advertise that way. They always go into particulars as to the kind of goods which they intend to push on certain days. They give qualities of goods and they quote prices at which they intend to dispose of the goods, and they invariably get the business. Advertising is as much and more of an art than is selling goods over the counter and in these times of sharp competion no one can expect to succeed unless he falls in with the demands of his business.

School Information.

For the benefit of the school teachers of Red Lake county, the NEWS here publishes the number of the school districts, the name of the clerk and his postoffice address, together with the date upon which the term of school starts and the number of months of school:

1 C. C. Durheim, Wylie, September 2nd. 9 months.
2 Lars Lee, Thief River Falls, October 1st. 3 months, March 1st, 2 months.
3 C. A. Swanson, Plummer, September 1st. 3 months, May 1st. 2 months.
5 A. W. Osgood, Plummer, September 15th. 3 months, March 15th 2 months.
6 Andrew Nilson, Hazel, September 7th. 5 months.
8 O. L. Bendickson, Lillo, October 15th. 2 months, April 15th. 3 months.
9 Xavier Boucher, Brooks, Route 1, August 12th. 4 months, April 1st. 4 months.
10 R. H. Green, Garnes, September 1st. 3½ months, April 15th. 3½ months.
12 A. D. Reopell, Red Lake Falls, September 2nd. 4½ months, Feburary 12th. 4½ months.
14 J. B. Hebert, Brooks, October 5 months, April 3 months.
15 A. P. Toupin, Red Lake Falls, September 2nd. 9 months.
16 A. Alrick, Plummer, September 2nd. 8 months.
17 Leon Hust, Wylie, October 15th. 6 months.
19 Edward E. Havik, Grit, September 2nd. 5 months.
20 H. B. Reindal, Lillo, October 1st. 3 months, May 1st. 2 months.
22 F. J. Boivin, Dorothy, September 30th. 8 months.
23 Wm. C. L. Demann, R. L. Falls, September 3 months, April 3 months
24 Axel Jacobson, St. Hilaire, November 4th. 5 months.
25 John L. Fincke, Thief River Falls, October 3 months, March 3 months.
26 A. G. Sorenson, Thief River Falls, September 4 months, March 2 months.
27 Edward St. Yves, Terrebonne, September 2nd. 9 months.
28 Paul J. Trontvet, Thief River Falls.
31 Carl Benvenger, Anton, October 15th. 5 months.
32 M. Ducharnce, Red Lake Falls, September 15th. 8 months.
33 Sam Lovaas, Garnes, October 1st. 5 months.
34 W. A. Swanson, Rhoda, September 2nd. 6 months.
35 A. C. Mayfield, Plummer, September 1st. 2 months, Spring 3 months.
36 Mrs. Sarah Quesnell, Mentor, October 1st. 8 months.
38 G. C. Gulrud, Brunkeberg, October 6th. 2½ months, March 2½ months.
39 P. A. Dahle, Malone, August 19th. 5 months.
41 R. M. Johnson, Kratka, August 26th. 4 months.
42 P. E. Berg, Thief River Falls, September 16th. 2 months, April
43 Thomas Dougherty, Red Lake Falls, October 7 months.
44 Cornelius Torrison, Thief River Falls, September 30, 2 months, April 20th. 3 months.
45 John Desnarais, Gentilly, September 30th. months, April 20th. 3 months.
46 Joseph Ptacek, Germantown, October 1st. 3 months, April 2 months.
47 Alex F. Lattimore, Erie, October 1st. 2 months, November 27th. 3 months.
48 Helmer Halvorsen, Reiner, September 16th. 2½ months, April 15th. 3½ months.
50 A. W. Henson, Erie, October 7th. 3months, May 1st. 2 months.
51 C. Wienet, Thief River Falls, October 1st. 3 months. January 5th. 3 months.
52 Mrs. Wm. Bruckman, Radny, October 1st. 3 months, January 5th. 2 months.
56 C. J. Ekwall, Erie, September 15th. 2 months, April 15th. 2 months.
63 E. M. Engebritson, Red Lake Falls, September 9th.
79 J. L. Cossette, Terrebonne, September 3rd. 8 months.
80 Stephen Quesnil, Mentor, August 12th. 4 months, March 2nd.
81 Louis Perreault, Red Lake Falls, September 2nd. 9 months.
88 John R. Gotein " " " October 7th. 8 months.
94 Holmer Johnson, Wylie, October 1st, 8 months.
99 Richard Lorentson, Wylie, November 11th. April 29th. 2 months.
102 K. O. Gigstad, St. Hilaire, September 3rd. 4 months.
103 Chas. Boisvert, Brooks, August 5th. 4½ months, April 15th. 3½ months.
108 C. O. Swanson, St. Hilaire, No School.
124 Frank Shirrick, Wylie, September 16th. 4 months, April 1st.
125 David Haugan, Plummer, September 1st. 4 months, May 2 months.
127 P. A. Valdnes, Thief River Falls, September 16th. 3 months, December 9th. 3 months.
130 A. D. Berry, Hust, March 5 months.
133 John Hedlund, St. Hilaire, September 2nd. 4 months, March 4 months.
141 Olivier Dencers, Brooks, September 15th. 3½ months, January 15th. 5½ months.
147 Halvor Johnson, Thief River Falls, September 16th. 3 months, December 9th. 3 months.
148 Anton Lee, Plummer, October 1st. 3 months, April 2 months.
149 Sander Engebretson, St. Hilaire, October 1st. 2 months, March 3 months.
151 Albert Meyer, Brooks, August 19th. 4 months, April 4 months.
153 Benj. Dolbie, Hust, August 15th, 4 months, April 2 months.
251 Jacob Amundson, Hazel, September 3rd. 8 months.
166 O. L. Larson, St. Hilaire, October 14th. 6 months.
178 Gust Erickson, St. Hilaire, September 2nd. 4 months, Feburary 1st. 4 months.
180 Emil Larson, Wylie, November 4th. 4 months, May 1st. 2 months.
191 T. Axel, Gentelly, September 2nd. 4 months, March 1st. 3 months.
194 Oscar Severson, St. Hilaire, October 1st. 4 months, April 15th 2 months.
204 Peter Hince, Lambert, August 19th. 3 months, April 1st. 3 months.
210 O. N. Skomedahl, Lambert, October 1st. 5 months.
214 D. H. McCullough, [illegible], September 30th. 3 months, January 7th. 3 months.
219 Fred Copp, Thief River Falls, September 2nd. 4 months, March 4 months.
223 Simon C. Sater, Plummer, August 12th. 4 months, April 10th. 3 months.
227 Wm. Cirrio, St. Hilaire, August 15th. 6 months.

"More Moisture"

SAYS THE BODY.

In the blistering hot days of midsummer the appetite wanes and the thirst is most pronounced. The least exertion causes violent perspiration and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for it is immediately assimilated whether its effect be good or bad.

WHITE SEAL BEER

Is the Hot Weather Beverage Par Excellence

It is strictly pure and most refreshing. Its food element renders it highly nourishing. You can drink it with both pleasure and profit. At leading retailers or delivered at your home.

ORDER NOW FROM

KIEWEL BREWING CO.,

Phone 161. Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Christ Paulson, Agent.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MINNESOTA ALL THE WEEK

September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1907

The Greatest Fair in America. Attendance Last Year Nearly 300,000. Grounds, Buildings, Premiums and Purses have been Increased for the Fair of '07. Over $70,000 offered in Prices.

Dan Patch on Monday September 2.

STATE

Sweet Marie on Friday September 6.

A Wholly Unparalled Aggregation of Useful and Interesting Exhibits and Sensation Amusements. Startling Evening Entertainments.

Wonderful Airship Flights Afternoons and Evenings. [illegible] Magnificent Pyrotechnic Spectacle Each Night.

FAIR

B. F. NELSON, President. C. N. COSGROVE, Secretary.

CREAMERY STATEMENT.

Local Creamery Does a Good Business in Month of July.

Pays Out a Total of $5,494.52 to Farmers Around Here.

The following is the statement of Thief River Falls creamery for the month of July:

Amount of cream received	65592
Average test	28.85
Amount of butterfat	18929.1
Price paid	25
RECEIPTS.	
Balance from June	77.00
Received for butter shipped	4875.81
" " ice cream "	40.35
Sales at creamery	476.31
Returned checks	25.05
Total	5494.52
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons	4764.18
" into Sinking fund	108.00
" " expense fund	622.34
Total	5494.52

Those drawing forty dollars and over:

P. Engelstad	110.95
Soren Sorenson	65.47
Rasmus Oen	60.40
Lars Hellesylt	57.75
Halvor J. Hoskvet	57.27
C. J. Knox	53.82
Percival Callaway	53.20
Anders Moeugon	53.05
A. C. Douglas	52.15
Fred Berbower	52.05
Gust Yanke	50.97
Ole O. Howard	49.15
W. W. Prichard	49.95
George Gusa	48.65
Christ Thompson	48.00
R. L. Muzzy	48.00
A. J. Funnesdahl	46.80
Aug. Koglin	45.92
Anton Langseth	45.50
Carshen Christenson	45.17
F. T. Satre	45.30
And. Ecklund	45.32
Wm. Furshnow	44.07
Aug. Krause	42.92
Anders Foragan	42.57
Henry Pope	42.52
Otto Rupprecht	42.65
Fred Styrlund	41.90
Erick Hard	41.07
Lars Hansen	40.62
Severt Rupteseth	40.50
Peder Sorenson	40.36
John J. Berg	40.30
Iver L. Aasoby	40.30

P. Engelstad, Secretary.

DOCKAGE ON GRAIN.

State Board of Grain Appeals to Take Up Important Matter.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 26.—At the next meeting of the state board of grain appeals to be held in Minneapolis, the question of allowing dockage on oats and barley containing foreign matter will be taken up. The question has been brought to the attention of the state railway and warehouse commission by a committee of grain buyers from the southern part of the state, but the commission could not act, because of lack of jurisdiction.

Raised His Price.

A patron of the Middle River creamery recently informed us that he was so well pleased with the returns from his cows that he would not sell his farm for less than $25 per acre, whereas before the creamery started he was offering it for about $18. This is a hopeful sign.

When farmers get so generally awakened to the possibilities of the country that they all express this sentiment and ask for their land what it is really worth, actual homeseekers will come in greater numbers than they have in the past, when every man was discouraged and offered his land at a ridiculously low figure.—Middle River Pioneer.

Bids For Sale of Ditch Bonds.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of county Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the office of the county Auditor of said county, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, up to 3 o'clock p. m. of September 16, 1907, for the purchase of ditch bonds issued for the construction of Judicial Ditch No. 1 in said county, said bonds to run for a period of ten years, and in the aggregate sum of $18,000.00. Bids to contemplate a series of ten bonds of $1,800.00 each, and a straight one bond issue of $18,000.00, to include all blanks and stationery, stating rate of interest and premium, if any.

All bids to be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $1,[illegible], payable to the County Auditor, as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

John B. O'Hara, County Auditor
and Ex Officio Clerk of Board,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
Dated August 23, 1907.

Subscribe for the News.

WILL ACCEPT PAYMENTS

Land Office Will Accept Payments Upon Land Any Time.

No Default Has Yet Been Made in the Eleven Towns.

In regard to payments on land on the eleven towns, Judge Montague, register of the U. S. Land office at Crookston writes to a citizen of Plummer as follows:

In answer to yours of the 15th instant we have to say that the law under which the Eleven Red Lake Towns were opened to homestead entry requires that payments be made, not less than $4.00 per acre, one-fifth at the time of entry and the remainder in five equal annual installments, and that such payments should be made within the year or within sixty days hereafter, and in case of failure provided that the land *and all* money paid should be forfeited.

Later an act was passed extending each payment one year, and not otherwise changing the law.

It is true that we accept payments even when made after the time required by law. The payments have been made remarkably well and promptly as a general thing, but there are several badly in default. We would accept such payments at any time before a default has actually been declared by the Secretary of the Interior. No default has yet been declared.

Further than this we can say nothing. We have no authority to extend payments one day.

I have in mind one case where payments are nearly three years in default. We would accept such payments if made now.

Yours truly,
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

SWINDLED ON TWINE.

Slik Game Played on Red River Valley Farmers.

The Fargo Forum reports that some of the farmers through the Red River Valley and North Dakota have discovered that all the bunco men do not contine themselves to selling gold bricks and lightning rods.

Some weeks ago some gentlemen visited among the farmers and secured orders for a twine which they claimed to be equal to any thing on the market, and which they were willing to sell at a large reduction from the price asked for standard grades of twine by the regular dealers. Some of this twine has been received by the purchasers and used in barley harvest, and they have discovered it to be practically worthless, for the reason that it is not uniform and breaks frequently in tying the bundles. Some of the parties it is understood have refused the twine for the reason that they tested it and found that it fell far short of the guaranteed length per pound as well as being of poor quality. However it is rather doubtful if they can gain much by refusing it, as it is reported they gave their notes in settlement at the time they gave their orders.

It is stated that a scientific test has been given this twine, and it was found that 62 per cent of it broke at a working strain of thirty-eight pounds, while first class standard twine should never fall below the fifty-pound breaking strain, and anything falling below a forty-two to forty-five breaking strain is almost valueless for use in a binder. Out of ten balls tested, not a single one was full weight, nor of the required length per pound.

It will be some time before the farmers in that vicinity will care to give orders for twine they know nothing about to parties about whom they know less.

The Foxy Peddlers.

Fertile Journal: A gang of horse traders and female peddlers that were camped near the stockyards for several days caused some excitement in town Monday forenoon. The women started peddling dress goods and found some buyers who soon learned to their sorrow that they had been victimized. Instead of receiving ten or eleven yards of the stuff as represented the victims found on measuring it to be less than half of it. One person made a kick and notified the marshall of the swindle and he recovered the purchase price for her.

Other victims followed her example and the marshal was a busy person for some time exchanging shoddy and short measure merchandise for the coin of the realm. The peddlers had neglected to secure a license to sell their wares, otherwise the marshal would not have had so easy a time getting the money returned to those who bit. Moral: Trade with your home merchant and you don't need help of the police to have your goods returned or exchange.

Rollis News.

The following written by Mrs. A. W. Clark is taken from the Middle River Pioneer:

F. H. Kratka and wife of Thief River have been visiting with us for a couple of days renewing old friendships and picking blueberries. Mr. Clark and Frank were former schoolmates, his family having settled in Henderson a year or two later than Mr. Clark's. Mrs. Kratka says we have the finest crops he has seen and that Rollis is the garden spot of the northwest, and he ought to know what he is talking about as he traveled for different firms for a number of years throughout the whole northwest. They will leave for home Tuesday with a good lot of blueberries and a mess of green corn. We hope this will not be their last visit. They found an abundance of blueberries and left acres of them unpicked, and it looks at this writing as if they would last all next week.

While here, Mr. Kratka spoke of the great need of a railroad in this community and said: "This country will be rapidly developed as soon as you get those great ditches which the government has in contemplation, and every available acre of this immensely rich land will be occupied. The products of your farms show the great potential energy of this soil and I am going to talk to the Soo people, calling their attention to these facts which are so plainly apparent, and use all my persuasive powers to get you a railroad. I have no doubt you will have a line through here in the near future, and perhaps several of them. The railroad business of the country has been held in check by the money grubbers, who have been squeezing every dollar they could out of the country with as little outlay as possible, for so long a time that the country has entirely outgrown their present capacity, and, like the giving away of a great dam, the flood of railroad building must come in order to overtake the development so long held in check."

Frank Blomquist Killed.

This community was shocked last Thursday by the news that Frank Blomquist, living five miles southwest of town, had been killed by lightning at about 8:45 a. m. He was running a mower on the Foley farm, which is at some distance from the Blomquist home. His younger brother went out about three o'clock in the afternoon with a lunch and found him lying dead by the mower. His watch had stopped at 8:45 a. m., which must have been the time of his death. The team being found at the Foley barn with the lines dragging was evidence that he had been killed while unhitching to get away from the storm. Frank was an estimable young man twenty-one years of age and was the main support of his widowed mother who has the sympathy of the entire community in her affliction.

The funeral occured on Saturday and the remains were followed to their last resting place in the Spruce Valley cemetery by a large number of the friends and neighbors of the Blomquist family.—Middle River Pioneer.

—Anyone desiring to purchase prison twine, is invited to call at Jackson & McGinn's hardware store.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Subscribe for the News.

ATTEND THE MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

SEPT. 2-7, 1907.

at Hamline between St. Paul and Minneapolis. Considered the best State Fair in America. Better attractions this year than ever. When Purchasing your Railroad Ticket

Buy A Round Trip Ticket

it will save you time and inconvenience when you are ready to return. Long limit on round trip tickets—stay 30 days if you like.

Great Northern Railway

W. E. Baker, Agent.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SOO LINE

THE MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

HELD IN THE TWIN CITIES

September 2d to 7th inclusive

WILL BE THE

Best Ever

READ THE PROGRAM

Monday, September	2nd	Labor day
Tuesday, "	3rd	Minneapolis day
Wednesday, "	4th	Livestock and Dairy day
Thursday, "	5th	Old settlers day
Friday, "	6th	St. Paul day
Saturday, "	7th	Twin Cities day

LOW RATES FROM

ALL SOO LINE STATIONS

ASK THE AGENT.

A QUAINT DOCUMENT.

Minutes of the First Representative Assembly In America.

The minutes of the first representative assembly in America as written by its clerk, John Twine, constitute a quaint and interesting document. They are headed:

"A reporte of the manner of proceeding in the general assembly convented at James City, in Virginia, July 30, 1619, consisting of the governor, the counsell of estate and two burgesses elected out of eache incorporation and plantation, and being dissolved the 4th of August next ensuing."

The assembly met in the "quire of the churche." Then, "forasmuche as men's affaires doe little prosper where God's service is neglected, all the burgesses took their places in the quire till a prayer was said by Mr. Bucke, the minister, that it would please God to guide and sanctifie all our proceedings to his owne glory and the good of this plantation."

After the prayer the burgesses were summoned one by one to take the oath to the king, "none staggering at it."

The assembly at once set to work to adopt English laws to Virginian conditions. It added a series of trade regulations to restrict the production of tobacco, to keep up prices and to encourage the output of flax, silk and wine.

Thus before the Pilgrims were thinking of leaving Holland representative government was firmly established in the new world.—Exchange.

FOOLING A CAMEL.

How the Arabs Let the Animal Exhaust Its Bad Temper.

You all have heard stories about the camel—how patient and useful he is on long, hot journeys, so that he is often called the "ship of the desert."

But he has one very bad fault. He likes to "pay back," and if his driver has injured him in any way he will not rest till he has returned the injury.

The Arabs, who wander about the deserts and so use the camel a great deal, know about this fault of his and have a queer way of keeping themselves from getting hurt.

When a driver has made his camel angry, he first runs away out of sight. Then, choosing a place where the camel will soon pass, he throws down some of his clothes and fixes them so that the heap will look like a sleeping man.

Pretty soon along comes the camel and sees the heap. Thinking to himself, "Now I've got him," he pounces on the clothes, shakes them around and tramples all over them. After he is tired of this and has turned away the driver can reappear and ride him away without harm.

Poor silly camel! He has been in what we call "a blind rage," so angry that he can't tell the difference between a man and a heap of clothes.—Mayflower.

Carried It In His Head.

When four years old Mozart played minuets and learned music with facility, and at the age of six he composed a concerto for the harpsichord, which, though written strictly in accordance with the principles and technic of his art, was yet so overloaded with difficulties that it could not be played.

It is related that Mozart once happened to put off some music that he had been engaged to furnish for a court concert so long that he had not time to write out the part which he himself was to perform.

The Emperor Joseph, who was of a curious turn, chanced to be in the composer's studio when he asked: "Where is your part? I do not see it among these sheets of music."

"Here," responded Mozart, touching his forehead.—St. Louis Republic.

"Hanged" and "Hung."

Perhaps the Bible has had an influence in preventing many people from distinguishing between the uses of "hanged" and "hung," says a London writer. They "hanged" Haman, but the Jews in captivity also "hanged their harps upon the willows," and in the New Testament we read "it were better for him that a millstone were hanged about his neck." If "hanged" was correct in either sense in the days of the authorized version, those who are not strong upon grammar may be subconsciously induced to believe that "hung" is correct in both senses now. But it is curious that the exclamation "I'll be hanged!" never appears as "I'll be hung!"

Clever Woman.

"There is no use trying to deny it," said one man to another. "Bilms is badly married. I hate to say it, but it's so."

"How do you know?"

"By a talk I have just had with him."

"Does he complain?"

"No. That's the pathetic part of it. He was telling me how good natured and clever his wife is because this morning she showed him how to fasten his braces to his trousers with a hairpin."—London Tit-Bits.

He Was Cruel.

Mrs. Nubbins—My husband is a perfect brute. Friend—You amaze me! Mrs. Nubbins—Since the baby began teething nothing would quiet the little angel but pulling his papa's beard, and yesterday he went and had his beard shaved off.—London Tit-Bits.

He Wandered.

Reggy (fervently)—Ah, Miss Rose, when I gaze on you my mind wanders. Miss Rose (with a yawn)—What a pity, Reggy, the rest of you doesn't keep up with your mind.—London Express.

He who has three enemies must agree with two.—German Proverb.

HIS GREATEST HIT.

The Batter Was Home All Right, but the Run Didn't Count.

"Talking of home plates, that reminds me," began Brick Morse, "of the greatest hit I ever made. It was back at the recreation grounds in San Francisco, final game of the series with Stanford, score 3 to 2 against us.

"Remember the way that angle of the fence came in at center field? There was one of those wooden drags used to smooth off the infield. It had been left tilted up against that corner of the fence, supposedly out of the way.

"I missed the first ball up, let three bad ones pass, had a rotten high one called on me, and it looked all off for yours truly. The next one came easy. I just shut my eyes and swung with all my might. I felt my hands sting on the bat. I went to first! Second! Three thousand people were up yelling like maniacs. 'Oh, you Brick! Home run, home run!' I tagged third and went for the plate. 'Slide! You gotta slide!' sounded in a roar like an express train crossing a trestle. Something struck me a terrible smash on the left side of the head. 'Out!' yelled the umpire. 'Hit by his own batted ball!' My big hit had gone to the center fence, struck the seat on that smoother—seat was mounted on old spiral bed spring—and the ball had rebounded clear back to the plate!"

"How near were you to home, Clinton?" inquired a listener.

"Oh, I was home all right. When I came to my fingers were touching the corner of the"—

"Plate?"

"Nope. The bureau."—San Francisco Chronicle.

SINKING FUNDS.

They Originated In a Scheme Devised by Lord Stanhope.

The general public has no idea of the meaning of "sinking fund." The term had its origin in a scheme devised by Lord Stanhope in 1716 whereby certain taxes on the South Sea (Bubble) and general funds were made perpetual, and it was enacted that the surplus should be annually invested and applied to the discharge of the national debt. By means of it between the years 1716 and 1733 the sum of $52,240,000 of the debt was actually discharged. So rich became the sinking fund that it excited the cupidity of parliament, and the grafters laid violent hands on it, diverting it to other purposes, so that in the succeeding twenty-five years only $42,500,000 more had been paid off.

The fund got into a condition so wretched that it did little in time of peace and nothing in time of war to discharge the national debt. Dr. Price persuaded William Pitt to adopt his plan of investing $5,000,000 every year at compound interest until with the accumulations the sum amounted to $20,000,000, when it was to be invested at simple interest only, leaving the amount of interest annually redeemed at the disposal of parliament. Dr. Price said: "Let a state be supposed to run in debt $10,000,000 a year, for which it pays interest at 4 per cent. In seventy years a debt of $700,000,000 would be incurred. But an appropriation of $2,000,000 a year employed as a sinking fund at compound interest would at the end of this time leave the nation beforehand $30,000,000."—New York Press.

The Dread of Death.

Granted that it is the will of God that we shall remain on earth and live our appointed lives there, it is essential that mankind should feel the dread of death. Without that dread the world could hardly remain peopled. The dread of death is to the soul what the law of gravity is to the body. It anchors us to the earth. Without that dread to weigh us down and keep us to the globe half mankind would be driven by curiosity, by the love of change, by the dread of ennui, by what Bacon calls "niceness and satiety," to push open the closed door and see what is beyond. Children and a few very happy and easily pleased people might perhaps say they would not explore farther and that they were perfectly content with things as they are.—St. James' Gazette.

His Business.

A passing stranger was attracted by frightful screams coming from a little house not far from the road. Hurriedly tying his horse, he ran to the house and found that a little boy had swallowed a quarter, and his mother, not knowing what to do, had become frantic. The stranger caught the little fellow by his heels and, holding him up, gave a few shakes, whereupon the quarter soon dropped to the floor.

"Well, mister," said the grateful mother, "you cert'nly knowed how to get it out. Air you a doctor?"

"No, madam," replied the stranger. "I'm a collector of internal revenue."—Philadelphia Ledger.

How to Remember History.

Teacher—With whom did Achilles fight at the battle of Troy?

Pupil—[illegible]

"Wrong. Try again."

"N[illegible]"

"No. How do you [illegible]"

"[illegible] Hector. I [illegible] one of our [illegible] dogs."—London Mail.

The Ones That Sold.

[illegible]

If you [illegible] what you say [illegible]—Rolla New Era.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg has reached Ranier.

Captain C. H. Jenks, a Civil war veteran and former well known railroad man, is dead at Crookston.

Mrs. Marie Praiss, one of the oldest persons in the state, died at her home at Wells. She was born in Poland 106 years ago.

Risking his own life to save that of a boy Howard W. Mercer of Minneapolis was drowned several days ago in Little Falls river, Itasca county.

Dr. Milton F. Lennox, a prominent Minneapolis dentist, dropped dead in his office one day last week. Heart trouble is said to have been the cause.

The internes at St. Joseph's hospital, St. Paul, are on strike. They say they have not received fair treatment from the managers of the hospital.

J. L. Bozarth, a prominent farmer living near Mora, was gored to death by a mad bull. Mr. Bozarth had just sold his farm with the intention of removing to Colorado.

Great excitement has been caused at Kimball by the finding of iron ore on E. Eckman's farm, about two miles northeast of that village. It has been found in quite large quantities.

A leather United States mail bag was found floating in the Mississippi river near Red Wing by a fishing party. In it were 300 registered letters which had been opened and rifled.

O. C. Gregg, superintendent of the state farmers' institute since 1887, has been superseded in that position by Professor A. D. Wilson of the experiment station of the state farm school.

Harry Cloehessy, a railroad telegraph operator, plunged over the bluff of the Mississippi at Minneapolis and was fatally injured, dying in the ambulance on the way to the hospital soon after.

John Hoffman, aged seventy-eight, one of Minnesota's oldest pioneers, is dead at St. Paul. He reached St. Paul in 1855 and engaged in active business until 1890, when he retired on account of ill-health.

The work of excavating for buildings on the site of the steel corporation's new plant has been begun at New Duluth. Contractors have leased twenty houses there and are putting them in shape to house workmen.

Adeline Frenette, aged eighteen, suicided at Minneapolis by jumping from the steel arch bridge into the Mississippi river. A relative of the girl ended her life in the same manner two years ago while her husband lay dying in a hospital.

Minnesota high schools had an enrollment for the last school year of 23,687, an increase of 1,581 over the previous year. The male enrollment remained above 40 per cent and increased 623, while there were 958 more girls enrolled than the year before.

Judge Finehout of the St. Paul municipal court has decided that it is not a violation of the Sunday law for the proprietor of his employes to be in his place of business on Sunday or during the prohibited hours, provided no liquor is sold or customers are in the place.

Charles H. Williams, colored, a settler living about two miles from Bib Falls, was shot and killed by James Godette, also colored, and who lives on a homestead adjoining that of Williams. Godette claims that the killing of Williams was wholly an act of self-defense.

Arthur Radmann of St. Paul was drowned while fishing in Lake Josephine. His companion, William Urman, owes his life to the strenuous efforts of Dr. F. L. Beckley, who happened to be driving near the lake at the time of the accident, and who resuscitated him.

R. D. Jones, secretary and treasurer of John W. Thomas & Co., is dead at Minneapolis. Mr. Jones had been a resident of Minneapolis and was prominent in the city's business activity for thirty years and a greater part of that time he had been connected with the John W. Thomas company.

By the completion of eight county ditches in Sherburne county about 9,000 acres of land has been reclaimed at an average cost of $1.55 an acre and this land soon will become some of the most valuable in this part of the state. The ditches aggregate more than fifty miles in length, and the total amount of money expended on their construction is $10,000.

The railroads of Minnesota are deriving a greater revenue from their passenger business since the 2-cent rate went into effect than they did last year upon a 3-cent basis. This contention will be made by Attorney General Young when the railroad stockholders' rate suits come up for argument before Judge Lochren in the federal court on Sept. 3, and in support of the argument a statement prepared by the railroad commission will be presented.

Attorney General Young has notified Mayor Charles Silverson of New Ulm that unless he causes the enforcement of the law regarding the closing of saloons on Sunday the attorney general will have to take proceedings to secure his removal from the office of mayor. This action by the attorney general is the result of the receipt of several communications from residents of New Ulm complaining of the nonenforcement of the Sunday closing law.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The famous suit in equity brought on March 1 last by George W. Glover, son of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, and others as "next friends" against Calvin S. Frye and others for an accounting of the property of the aged head of the Christian Science church has come to an abrupt end, the attorneys for the plaintiffs moving for a dismissal of the case.

The directors of the Standard Oil company have issued a pamphlet to the employes and stockholders of the company relative to the fine of $29,240,000 imposed on the Standard Oil company of Indiana, in which is asserted absolute innocense of wrongdoing in any of the prosecutions lately instituted against it in the federal courts.

Charges made by certain shareholders of the United States Express company that there has been maladministration of the company's affairs by its officers and directors are absolutely denied by Senator Platt, whose reply as president of the company has just been made public.

Within a few days the state of Minnesota will institute proceedings against the Standard Oil company in an attempt to oust the company from the state because of alleged violations of the Hinton anti-discrimination law passed last winter.

Lack of funds is checking work on the Panama canal. Four thousand men have been laid off on the new line of the Panama railroad and it is stated that the department of municipal engineering has been ordered to lay off 1,000 more.

A fine of $20,000 was imposed on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad company by Judge Page Morris in the United States district court at Minneapolis. The company had been convicted of granting rebates.

One of the worst outbreaks among the insane prisoners in the history of Clinton (N. Y.) prison occurred on Wednesday night. As a result Isaac Dubois, one of the inmates, is dead, shot through the heart by a guard.

Stock watering and over-capitalization by utilities corporations in New York city will be practically an impossibility hereafter as the result of the new rule adopted by the public service commission.

Owing to the present stringency in the money market the city of New York has been obliged to raise the rate of interest on bonds it now has for sale from 4 to 4½ per cent.

The Atlantic battleship fleet will start for the Pacific next December, according to an official statement issued by Secretary Loeb at the direction of President Roosevelt.

The directors of the Southern Railway company have cut the semi-annual dividend on the preferred stock of the company from 2½ to 1½ per cent.

The Portland (Ore.) Trust and Savings bank, with deposits amounting to about $3,000,000, has suspended.

The Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad company has acquired control of the Chicago and Alton.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Fred C. Barth, for a year and a half mayor of Louisville, Ky., and ousted recently by the court of appeals, shot and killed himself in his private office at the headquarters of the Utica Lime company, of which he was general manager. The cause of suicide is unknown.

Marion Story, the artist, and brother of Julian P. Story, who was divorced by Mme. Emma Eames, committed suicide at his home, near Port Chester, N. Y., by shooting.

Benjamin Franklin Rees, aged forty-eight, one of the most prominent clubmen of Chattanooga, Tenn., was instantly killed in an automobile accident.

Cardinal Emilio Tallana is dead. He formerly was papal nuncio at Vienna.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Wheat—Sept., 97¼@97⅝c; Dec., 99⅜c; May, $1.03⅞@1.04. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02¼; No. 2 Northern, 99¼c; No. 3 Northern, 94½@95½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 24.—Wheat—On track and to arrive—No. 1 hard, $1.04¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.03¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.02¼; Sept., $1.00¾; Dec., $1.00⅞; May, $1.04¾. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.15½; Oct., $1.13½; Nov., $1.13½; Dec., $1.12.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veal calves, $1.50@5.50. Hogs—$5.50@6.10. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.25@5.50; good to choice lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Wheat—Sept., 9[illegible]c; Dec., 95⅜c. Corn—Sept., 5[illegible]c; Dec., 57⅝c. Oats—Sept., 5[illegible]c; Dec., 47⅝c. Pork—Sept., $16.10; Oct., $16.15. Butter—Creameries, 20@25c; dairies, 19@22c. Eggs—13½@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 12½c; springs, 14½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@7.25; cows and heifers, $1.5[illegible]; Texans, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]; mixed and butchers, $[illegible]; heavy, $5.4[illegible]@6.15; rough, $5.4[illegible]; pigs, $[illegible]. Sheep, $3.25@5.7[illegible]; lambs, $5.25@7.50.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Leonard Kimball, son of Contractor Kimball of Fargo, N. D., was killed while at work with a construction crew about four miles north of Albany, this state. A string of loaded dump cars was descending the grade when the rope with which the cars are pulled back caught the young man's legs and threw him through the air a distance of 150 feet, fracturing his skull.

William Hurd and Louis Mitchell of Winnebago slept on the depot platform at Bricelyn on their return home from Blue Earth. During the night a special train went through at a good speed. Hurd's skull was crushed by the steps of the locomotive tender and his scalp was torn off. His death was instantaneous. Both of Mitchell's legs were badly crushed.

His Grace.

Little Milly is a good Sunday school scholar and on that account was invited with two or three others to spend the day at the minister's residence by way of reward. When the dinner came on the good man said such a long grace before meat that Milly yawned and looked hungrily at the covers.

"Why are you yawning, Milly?" asked the minister. "Does not your father say grace?"

"Oh, yes," answered Milly promptly, "but it isn't so long as that."

"And what does he say?" pursued the clergyman, hoping to obtain a text for a little homily.

"He says different things, but last time when he sat down he took off the cover and said: 'Great snakes! Do you call this a dinner?'"

The homily was postponed.—Strand Magazine.

The Wrong Shop.

He was only a plain American panhandler, says the New York Globe, but he ordered his "schooner" of Bowery beer with the sang froid of a plain American plutocrat. Midway in its consumption he sidled to the free lunch counter and reduced the pile of big sausages by one.

Two more gulps of beer and a second and third large sausage disappeared. Washing these down, he concluded that he needed a sausage and got it; then for the door.

"Here, Bill," the genial barkeeper called familiarly: "Come back a minute."

The panhandler returned expectantly.

"Say, Bill," the barkeeper continued in a confidential way, "the next time you want a glass of beer you go to a butcher shop, see?"

Shock to the Waiter.

There was a terrible commotion in the kitchen of the cafe. They could see it through the swinging doors. Some one went to investigate.

"What is it?" they asked when he had returned.

"A waiter fainted," he answered as he took his seat. "They are slapping him with wet towels, trying to bring him to. Did you see that woman who just left? She was the cause. She gave him a quarter tip."—New York Press.

Dear to Him.

"Before we were married you called me 'darling.' Now you seem content to call me 'dear.'"

"You weren't so dear to me before marriage as you are now. Your father paid your bills."—Houston Post.

First Family Row.

"Do you know who created the first family row on record?"

"I suppose it was Adam and Eve when they raised Cain."—Stray Stories.

$5.00 DOWN AND EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE: A. STENSETH.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Attorneys for [illegible]

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

In the matter of Edgar Francis Cooper, Bankrupt.

To the Honorable William Lochran, Judge of the District Court, of the United States, for the District of Minnesota.

Edgar Francis Cooper, of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota in said District, respectfully represents, that on the tenth day of May A. D. 1907 last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property, and rights of property, and has duly complied with all the requirments of said acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

Therefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 11th day of June A. D. 1907.

Edgar Francis Cooper,
Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 21st day of August, A. D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at St. Paul in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls in said District, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1907.

Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
By L. A. Levorron, Deputy Clerk.

SEAL OF
THE COURT.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Clara M. Manuel of Erie, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1149 made April 21, 1906, for the S W ¼ Section 4 Township 153 N., Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for the District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 21, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Hartnell Rhuby, of Erie, Minn.
Julius Halvorson, " Reiner, "
Albert Gulbrandson, " Erie, "
Philomeine Friberg, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 22 sept 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Jensen of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 415, made June 25th 1901, for the Lots 10, 11 and N½ N.W¼ Sec. 22, Township 153 N.R. 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 28th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Louis O. Kangelf, of Kratka, Minn.
Charles W. Nelson, " Thief River Falls, "
Ludvig Larson, " Kratka, Minn.
Anton Skog, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 22

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRINCE WILHELM IN AMERICA

Swedish-Americans Are Greatly Interested in His Visit to the United States.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Swedish-Americans in the northwest and all over the United States, for that matter, are greatly interested in Prince Wilhelm's visit to America. Prince Wilhelm of Sweden arrived in Hampton Roads at 1 o'clock, Aug. 10, on board the Swedish cruiser Fylgia, and was given a noisy welcome by the ships of the Atlantic squadron, which were gaily decorated in honor of his coming. While the prince holds only the rank of second lieutenant aboard the Fylgia, as soon as he stepped on shore at the Jamestown exposition he immediately became the grandson of King Oscar of Sweden, and outranked his former superiors on shipboard. It was 5 o'clock before he came ashore, and the luncheon prepared for him had become cold long before. When he did arrive he was greeted by a cheering crowd of 20,000 people, who had waited since 9 o'clock in the morning to see him. He went immediately to the New York building at the exposition, where he had luncheon. He came to Norfolk on the government tug Yankton to attend a reception given at the Virginia club by Henning Fernstrom, Swedish vice consul at Norfolk. He was late in arriving and 2,000 people at the pier were growing impatient. When he did come he ignored the proffered assistance of detectives and walked ahead of his party to the carriage. The prince returned to the exposition near midnight and later went to the Fylgia on a launch.

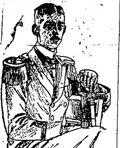

PRINCE WILHELM OF SWEDEN.

Hugo Vallentin, the Stockholm correspondent, makes the following comment regarding the recent alcoholist conference in Stockholm: "The Anti-Alcohol congress is at present assembled in Stockholm. From all parts of the world and in some instances as representatives of their governments the fighters against King Alcohol have come. Last week the various Swedish teetotal societies and orders, like the Good Templars, held their annual conferences. So at this moment the capital of Sweden is full of the knights of the blue ribbon. The international congress meets in the largest nonconformist chapel in Stockholm and was opened last Monday by Prince Gustaf Adolph and in the presence of Prince Eugen, Prince Bernadotte and most of the cabinet ministers. As representative of the king, Prince Gustaf Adolf last Monday afternoon gave a garden party in Logarden, the gardens of the royal palace in Stockholm, for the congress. It is not often that three princes of our royal house, one of them heir to the throne, take such an active part in a movement which originated with the masses and has been looked upon by the upper classes as beneath their dignity. Now, however, this is not the case, the temperance movement having taken hold of all classes of society. Most of our leading medical men are strong advocates of abstinence."

The New York Sun states that the number of Mormons in Utah is increasing steadily and that the Mormon church in England, Germany and Scandinavia conducts a systematic search for young strong country girls, whom they promise good food and clothes and good positions, but whom they really have selected as wives for Utah Mormons. One of the steamers which landed in New York in June had 125 "Mormon" passengers—nearly all of whom were young Swedish country girls.

Count Birger Morner, Swedish consul in Sidney, Australia, has been made a member of the New South Wales Zoological society.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says a Christiania correspondent regarding the great labor trouble in Norway: "In the wake of [illegible] between employers and employes is [illegible] sooner or later, and in this respect Norway is no exception. The most extensive strike that this country ever witnessed is now going on, and about 10,000 men are idle on account of it, all employes of paper and wood pulp mills, nearly all of which are located in the districts around Christiania. It is a question of wages, and the conferences held have so far brought no results. Mr. Berner, the president of the storthing, has been appointed arbitrator between the contending parties, but his mission has so far proved a failure, because the workmen do not want to make any concessions whatever. They stick closely to their demands as originally set forth, and the employers find it impossible to comply with their requests, and have, therefore, in several instances preferred to 'close up shop' entirely. All the pulp mills and paper factories were extremely busy. They had advance orders for all the product they could turn out for a long time to come, and even if the capacity of the mills had been twice what it is at present, they would have a ready market for their wares. America has of late become a large importer of Norwegian wood pulp and wrapping paper. This state of the market the employes are fully aware of, and they, therefore, thought it a good time to strike for higher wages. Whether they have done wisely by so doing remains to be seen. As it looks at present, it will at least take some time—very likely a long time—before the employers decided to give in to the demands of the strikers, who in the meantime will have to live as well as they can. For many of them it will undoubtedly be a scanty living in the long run. One think likely to be the result of the strife is that the number of emigrants from Norway this year will be larger now than if there had been no strike."

Says an American correspondent from Christiania: "Norway is recovering slowly but surely from the big crash in 1899. This is noticeable in many respects. Foremost of all comes the starting of a great number of new industrial plants, mainly wood pulp factories and paper mills, and of equal if not still greater importance the opening up of many mines in the northern part of the country. The small town of Narvik at the terminus of the railroad from Sweden is now an iron ore export port, second to but few in the world. The greatest part of the ore exported from this port is produced in Sweden, but the Norwegian treasury derives quite an income from this source for carriage of the ore on the railroad to the port of shipment. Among the great industrial plants should be mentioned the great works at Notodden in Telemarken, where the Birkeland-Eyde process is being utilizzed for extracting nitrogen from the air and producing the stuff that is to take the place of Chilean salt peter as a fertilizer. This company has a capital of 34,000,000 kroner, and it employs a large corps of engineers and laborers, and still it is as yet in its infancy. Much of the money invested in this enterprise is foreign, mainly French capital. Also in mines much foreign capital has been invested during late years. Of American money, the main portion is invested in the Norwegian-American Mining company, with headquarters at Chicago, and of which Mr. Larsen, a Chicago alderman, is president. This company is working both iron and copper claims."

Among the well known personages who have traveled in Norway this summer are the following: The emperor of Germany, the king of Siam, the Dowager Empress Eugenie, the prince of Monaco, the duke and duchess of Fife (the latter is Queen Maud's sister. All have been up to take a look at the midnight sun. Emperor William is a periodical visitor and he has during his sixteen different visits to Norway presented to the restoration of the old cathedral at Trondhjem a sum of 16,000 crowns.

The Norwegian royal family is enjoying a trip to the northern part of the country and from all reports they are having a most enjoyable trip and pleasant weather. Wherever the royal couple has made a stop the people have turned out in large numbers, for in every section of the country a king is a rare sight to behold. Fridthiof Nansen, Norway's minister to England, has accompanied the king and queen on this trip.

The king of Siam cruised about the Romsdal fiords last month and seemed to enjoy himself hugely. He even told a Christiania correspondent that he would like to live in Norway. He has also visited the Telemarken vicinity and extended his visit in Norway a whole month more than he had contemplated.

Congressman Volstead and family of Minnesota are among the many tourists who have this season paid Norway a visit. The Dovre Singing society of Minneapolis is still touring the country.

The Meraker railway, which was completed July 22, 1882, has recently issued an attractive "Brochure" describing the principal tourists' points along its route.

The national debt of Norway at present is [illegible] crowns. The annual interest is [illegible] crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

During no other previous season have there been so many foreigners in Copenhagen as this month. They are [illegible] every section of Europe and America [illegible]

The king of [illegible] will pay a short visit at the royal palace on his return [illegible]

Prince Eugen of Sweden will pay Copenhagen a visit next month.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

STRIKE SEEMS PROBABLE

Great Northern and Northern Pacific Operators Dissatisfied.

The telegraphic situation on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific is becoming more strained. As far as the other lines are concerned there is little danger of trouble. One of the operators on the Northern Pacific said regarding the possibilities of a walkout:

"I would not be greatly surprised if a strike were called within the next few days. The Order of Railway Telegraphers of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads has been making demands for a raise in pay for the last two months. It has been almost impossible to get our grievances before the general managers and our committees are realizing they must act."

The telegraphers maintain their demands have not been made in sympathy with the strike of the Western Union and Postal operators, although the situation has been brought to a head by the action of their colleagues.

HUNT BEAR IN AUTO.

Duluth Men Get Big One Without Alighting From Machine.

Victor Huot and and Edward Filetrault, two business men of Duluth, went on a bear hunting trip in an automobile to the blueberry patches on the Miller Trunk road, near the Whiteface and Paleface rivers. They got one bear near the Paleface river.

They were moving slowly along the road in their machine when a large bear was seen approaching some distance from them. Mr. Huot was handling the machine. He tooted the horn when the bear was sighted and the animal, with a start of surprise, reared upon its hind legs in the road. The machine, at the same moment, came to a stop.

Without getting out of his seat Mr. Filetrault raised his rifle and shot the bear. The distance was about fifty yards. The bullet pierced the bear's heart and after running 100 feet into the woods the animal expired. The bear weighed 300 pounds and was brought into Duluth in the auto.

Drowned While Fishing.

While fishing in Lake Josephine, near St. Paul, Arthur Radmann, aged eighteen, was drowned and William Urman, aged twenty-five, nearly lost his life. The two young men were in a steel boat which capsized and immediately sank. Rescuing parties dragged Urman's body to the shore by a fish line. The unconscious fisherman was clinging to the pole. He had been in the water fifteen minutes and was to all appearances dead. Dr. F. L. Beckley, who happened to be driving near the lake, was summoned and, after heroic work, succeeded in resuscitating Urman.

"Horse Play" Is Fatal.

"Horse play" is said to have caused the death of John Kurttl, an aged Finlander, at Menahga, a small town in the northern part of Wadena county. Kurttl was leaning against the bar when a young Finlander, Matt Kyllonen, rushed through the saloon hurrying to catch a train for the Dakota harvest fields. In passing, it is charged, Kyllonen swung Kurttl around suddenly with sufficient force to throw the latter to the floor. In falling the old man struck his head against the corner of a billiard table. He died without regaining consciousness.

Killed by Lightning.

Lars Hope, thirty-one years old, was struck by lightning when about twenty miles east of Crookston and instantly killed. Hope, who was a bachelor, was on his way to the North Dakota harvest fields from his home at Wirt, Minn., and was in company with another man. The two men were driving along the road near Dugdale in separate wagons. The other man was stunned and one of his horses was killed. A peculiar freak of the lightning was that it tore all the clothing from Hope.

Farmer Killed by Lightning.

During a thunder storm which passed over Granite Falls lightning struck a barn on the farm of A. D. Roberts, six miles southeast of there, setting it on fire and it burned to the ground. Mr. Roberts was in the barn when the bolt struck and was either killed or stunned so he could not get out, as his charred remains were found in the ruins. He was forty-five years old and unmarried.

Blown Through a Window.

Jacob Finkelstein, a grocer at 328 Rice street, St. Paul, was blown through the front window of his store by the explosion of a can of gasoline. The explosion wrecked the building and resulted in a fire entailing a loss of $2,000. Although Finkelstein was blown through a plate glass window out into the street he escaped injury.

Will Appeal From $20,000 Fine.

The Omaha road will appeal from the decision of Judge Morris of the federal court imposing a fine of $20,000 for rebating. The road was convicted last April on a formal indictment returned by the federal grand jury of paying rebates to the Spencer Grain company on fifty cars of grain shipped from Minneapolis to the Head of the Lakes.

Storm in Minnesota.

Bird Island and its immediate vicinity was visited by a severe rain and electrical storm. Two and three-quarters inches of rain fell, and the storm lasted all night. Several buildings were struck by lightning and burned. Grain in that vicinity is practically all cut and will suffer very little damage.

COURT IMPOSES FINE

Omaha Railroad Assessed $20,000 for Granting Rebates.

MAXIMUM ON ONE COUNT

Judge Morris Holds Each Carload Shipped Cannot Be Considered a Separate Offense.

A fine of $20,000 was imposed on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad company and its former general freight agent and present freight traffic manager, Hiram M. Pearce, was ordered to pay a $2,000 fine by Judge Page Morris in the United States district court in Minneapolis.

The Omaha road, conjointly with its former general freight agent, was convicted in the same court April 11 of granting rebates to the Spencer Grain company of Minneapolis on an indictment containing fifty counts.

In imposing sentence Judge Morris explained that while it was clear to him that he would be within his right to impose a separate fine for each offense proven, he could not bring himself to believe that each carload of grain on which a rebate was allowed constituted a separate offense.

Each shipment, the court reasoned, whether made up of one or many carloads, with the subsequent payment of the rebate, could be treated as a separate offense.

It was true, the court continued, the shipping tariffs referred to carload shipments and rebates were made on a carload basis, but shipping charges and rebates were paid on the number of bushels handled and it would be unjust to assume there were as many offenses as bushels.

STRIKEBREAKERS DESERT.

Importations to Iron Range Throw Up Their Jobs.

Three hundred strikebreakers arrived in Virginia one day last week on a special train from New York. They were met at the station by the strikers and escorted to the union hall, where they all decided to throw up their jobs. They said they had taken tickets on the understanding that there was no strike on.

About an equal number of men were smuggled into Hibbing and Eveleth at the same time, but the company got them out to the mines before the strikers' pickets had a chance to talk with them.

The whole question of the iron mine strike is now whether the company will be able to secure a sufficient number of men to operate the mines. The strikers say it will be impossible to do so, but the company contends that it will be easily accomplished. Some of the men brought in by the company go to work readily enough, but there are many deserters in the ranks of the nonunion men.

TWO TRAINMEN KILLED.

Fatal Collision of Trains at Glyndon, Minn.

Two trainmen were instantly killed in a rearend collision on the Northern Pacific road at Glyndon between an extra freight and a gravel. Henry Benz of East Grand Forks, engineer of the work train, and Patsy Riley, foreman of the cable gang, who were asleep in the caboose of the gravel train, were terribly crushed and before they could be rescued the caboose caught fire and both were burned beyond recognition.

A coroner's inquest laid the blame on Cornelius Buckley, a telegraph operator at Ganz Siding, and on Edward McKenna, rear flagman of the work train. Both are held under a coroner's warrant and have had their examination set.

The operator was held responsible in that he failed to pull the block on the approaching freight train, while the brakeman was held jointly responsible for not having been at his station at the rear of the train to flag the extra.

BEATS WIFE, THEN SUICIDES

St. Paul Man Ends Life by Drinking Carbolic Acid.

Following a brutal attack on his wife, Carl Johnson of St. Paul, aged thirty-five, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid.

Mrs. Johnson has just returned from a hard day's work and her husband, who had been drinking, met her at the door with a demand for money. The money was refused and Johnson, setting on his wife, beat and kicked her until she was black and blue and almost unconscious.

As the woman sank to the floor the husband drew a bottle of acid from his pocket and drank the contents. He was removed to the city hospital, but died soon after reaching there.

Johnson had been working irregularly of late at the trade of stonecutting and had been indulging freely in liquor.

Mill City Man Swindled.

Miss Josephine Johnson has been placed under arrest in Kansas City on complaint of Minneapolis authorities. It is alleged that she swindled a well known Minneapolis man out of between $[illegible] and $[illegible] by assuming to be the heiress of a large estate in Chicago which she could not handle because it was tied up in litigation. Through this story she enlisted the aid of wealthy men to fight her "case" and made off with the spoils.

The Harvest Fields of the Northwest
Grow the richest barley in the world, and barley, remember, is a substantial food—a standard cereal (like wheat and oats and rye). It is the foundation and backbone of
Gund's Peerless Beer
Pure, natural juices of the barley and hops are combined by the famous "Gund Natural Process" into a fermented malt beer, whose fine fragrance and rich strengthening food qualities won for it the diploma of highest excellence at Paris, 1900, and for commanding superiority at St. Louis Exposition, 1904. "Peerless" will quench your thirst, give you strength, promote digestion, satisfy your palate and enrich your blood.
Bottled at brewery only. Sold everywhere. A favorite home beer. Send in a trial order for a case delivered at your door. Telephone, write or call. Ask for it at places of public resort if you want something better than common brews.
JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.
M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at
JACKSON & M'GINN'S
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

BIJOU THEATRE.
Automatic Vaudeville Show.
Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

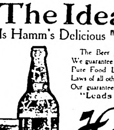

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"
The Beer you drink should be pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."
Hamm's
G. WHIMER,
Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

Social-Democratic Column.

Conducted Under the Auspices of the National Party of the Social Democrats.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it co-operative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

HOW ABOUT LOAFERS?

There Will Be No Such Problem Under Socialism.

"Under Socialism what would you do with loafers?" some critic may ask. Remember that Socialism is not offered as a perfect system of life, but only as a very great improvement over the present system. The word loafer, I take it, means one who sponges on the earnings of other people. A loafer, then, may be a tramp without a shirt to his back, or he may be a landlord with a rent roll of half a million a year.

It is stated that there are over a million adult males in the United States in receipt of large incomes who never do any kind of work. In the co-operative commonwealth these men might continue idle, but they certainly would not continue rich, nor would they continue to be known as "gentlemen." Besides the million well paid and well fed loafers who are at present supported by the earnings of the poor, there are now in this country immense numbers of paupers, beggars, tramps and criminals, and also a large army of unemployed workers. But before I tell you what Socialism would do with all these people I must tell you what it is doing with them now. Do you suppose that society does not support these loafers? They live. What do they live on?

All wealth is won by labor, is it not? Then all tramps, thieves, paupers, beggars and parasites live upon alms, prison allowances or plunder, and all the means of support are produced by the labor of the working poor. Under our present system we not only feed and house these loafers, but we go to the expense of masters, matrons, doctors, wardens and police, all of whom have to be fed and paid to wait upon and care for them.

Next with regard to the unemployed. Most of these people manage to exist, and they exist at the expense of those who work. Note one or two facts—these people can do nothing for their own support, and many of them, through want and shame and enforced idleness, become criminals or tramps. This is not only a waste of power; it is also a wicked and disgraceful waste of human souls.

Now, let us see how things would work under Socialism.

We will divide our present loafers into two classes—those who could work, but will not, and those who would work and cannot. So long as it is possible for a willing worker to be forced into idleness so long will there exist a reason for the giving of alms. Why do we relieve a beggar in the street? Because we are never sure that the man is a shirker, because we always fear that his penury may be due to misfortune and not to laziness. In a Socialistic state this doubt would disappear. Socialism will provide work for all. Therefore in the co-operative commonwealth every man who was able to work would be able to nobly live. This fact being universally understood, no ablebodied man could exist without working. A beggar, tramp or educated parasite would be nothing but a shameful loafer, and not a hand would be held out to help him. The answer to the beggar or drone would be, "If you are hungry go to work." If the man refuses to work, he must starve, or, in disciplinary mercy, we might call a shirker sick and send him to the sanitarium shop for the work cure.

The answer, then, to the question, "What would Socialists do with the loafers?" is that the dictum, "If a man will not work, neither shall he eat," will be rigidly enforced. Socialism will reform the thief, make a man of the beggar and cure the lazy, whereas, under our present conditions, we make them into criminals, paupers or "gentlemen."—Robert Blatchford.

It Girdles the Globe.

"Talk about Free Masonry," says the Social Democratic Herald of Milwaukee, "it isn't in it with Social Democracy. A Socialist can go almost anywhere in this country and be among comrades. He can cross the Atlantic to England or the nations of the continent and not be among strangers. He can cross the Pacific and land among fellow internationalists in Japan or New Zealand or Australia or even China. He will find friends in north Africa and South America and Mexico or in British Columbia. There are friends at hand if he will make himself known. Socialism 'has a world to gain' and [illegible] it has thrown round the world a band of common interest with which no other movement can compare."

CONTENT WITH OPPRESSION.

The Story of Honest John Hawkins Which Hath a Moral.

There's honest John Hawkins, a hedger and ditcher, who, though he is poor, does not want to be richer; for all such vain wishes in him are prevented—by a fortunate habit of being contented.

Though cold be the weather and dear be the food, John never is found in a murmuring mood. And this he's frequently heard to declare—What he cannot prevent he will cheerfully bear.

"For why should I grumble?" he often has said. "If I cannot get meat I can surely get bread. And though fretting will make my calamities deeper, it never will make bread and cheese any cheaper."

So he cheerfully toils at such tasks as are sent, and whatever his fare he is always content. Oh, I wish that some folks who are smarter and richer would copy John Hawkins, the hedger and ditcher.

He lives in the village there on my estate, whose improvement employs him early and late. There live many other such people as he, for whose livelihood they are indebted to me.

They have sense in their heads, they have strength in their hands, but of what use would these be except for my lands? So they humbly with me thank the heavenly bounty which gave them stout muscles and me half a county.

They have built me a mansion with terraces fair and towers rising gracefully high in the air. To me every season they cheerfully yield each man the first fruits of his flock or his field.

Their souls with mean envy are nowise distressed; they just do the labor and I do the rest. No questions are asked how I came to be richer, thanks, largely, to John Hawkins, the hedger and ditcher.

But soon in the future a time I foresee when this sweet state of things will far different be, for Cobden and Bright and that pestilent crew more mischief have done than they set out to do.

With specious pretense they encouraged the poor to rebel against His God would have them endure, and all the land over, wherever they went, they sowed the foul seeds of the weed discontent.

Soon questions and arguments on every side God's wise dispensations will boldly deride. Oh, would that some folks who are smarter and richer were more like John Hawkins, the hedger and ditcher!—From an Old Rhyme.

THOUGHTS ON MOVING DAY.

Home a Thing of the Past For Dwellers In Great Cities.

The home is a thing of the past for the great majority of the dwellers in every great city, and more and more the city dwellers are becoming the overwhelming majority of the population.

The word home has always carried with it something of the idea of permanence.

One of the points which distinguish man from the brute is the long childhood of humanity. At an age when the animal is fighting his way in the world or even rearing a family of his own the human child is still in need of close parental care.

This means that the human home demands this element of permanence in a higher degree than any or all the beings that have come before.

This racial necessity has been built into the very life and literature of humanity. In song and story for ages the love of home has been sung, and always the old home.

It is the home in which one has been born and played and suffered that awakes those memories that have ever been one of the most powerful forces of social solidarity.

Today this sort of home is gone.

Capitalism moves its human commodities, its bearers of wage labor, hither and thither as profits may demand. Constant changes in the location of industry, the amount of wages, the rate of rent, all send these human pawns forth to find new shelters.

There is a way that this can be changed, that the home can be restored and the worker transformed from a "wanderer upon the face of the earth" into a human being with such a degree of permanent location as he may desire.

This change cannot come so long as another class determines where and how the laborer shall live.—A. M. Simons in Chicago Daily Socialist.

To This We Have Come!

If it be true that "the average wage earner has made up his mind that he must remain a wage earner," as a prominent labor leader claims, whatever may be the cause, then organized industry has ceased to be the aid and helper of democracy, for democracy requires as the first necessity of its existence mobility of condition as opposed to fixity of condition. The moment the average man of any class ceases to aspire and accepts his condition as fixed, that moment he ceases to express himself in the spirit of democracy.—President Tucker of Dartmouth College.

In the Socialist Direction.

As was stated in this paper several weeks ago, the Socialists carried the city of Copenhagen, Denmark, and now they are hot foot after the public service corporations. The city council has just voted to municipalize the street railway lines of Copenhagen. The company's franchise has expired, its equipment is old, and it will not receive a penny of compensation for [illegible] the great favor of doing business in their streets. The vote on the proposition was 25 to 14. A Socialist will be director of the new municipal railway.—Cleveland Citizen.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour, Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Julius Halvorson and Hannah Halvorson, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of July 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 7th day of September 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section Thirty-three (33) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated July 18, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney

July 25 Aug 29

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, July 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Hans C. Sorenson of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz Homestead Entry No 174 made June 23rd, 1906, for the NE¼ Section 16, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Andrew N. Nash, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " " " "
Victor J. Swanson, " " " "
Gust Anderson, " " " "

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 2[illegible] 1907.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] Torgerson of [illegible], Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Aug [illegible] for the [illegible] Section [illegible], Township [illegible] N., Range [illegible] W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Sept. [illegible].

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

[illegible] Halverson, [illegible], Minn.
[illegible] Halverson,
[illegible]
[illegible] Torgerson,

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Auditor, Secretary of the State Drainage Commission of the State of Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock P. M., September the 2nd, 1907, for the construction of a State drainage ditch, numbered 47, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, plans and specifications for which are on file in the office of the State Drainage Engineer in the Old Capitol Building, St. Paul, Minn.

The number of cubic yards contained in said ditch is 121,806.3. A certified check made payable to the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota in five per cent of the amount bid must accompany each bid as evidence of the good faith of the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

S. G. IVERSON,
Secretary of the State Drainage Commission.
GEORGE A. RALPH,
State Drainage Engineer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., July 18, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Charl P. Nordmark of Thorwick, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 1218 made July 27th 1905, for the S. W. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N., Range 41W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 3rd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Hoken Nabben of Thorwick, Minn.
Louis Larson of " "
Pete Flo of " "
Aanum Johnson of " "

July 25 aug 29

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1907 NUMBER 36

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Historical Society

TO BUST THE TRUST

State Has Commenced to Manufacture Machine for the Farm.

Now Making a Few Binders Mowers and Horse Rakes.

Without waiting for the construction of any portion of the new state prison, work has commenced under the authority of the last legislature to make farm machinery at the old prison at Stillwater. J. H. Downing, of Minneapolis a practical machinery man, is in charge. He has been busy some time on plans for machinery and patterns. He has the patterns well under way for a binder, a mower and a horserake. Those are the three kinds of machines to be made. A name has not yet been determined upon, but the plans are based on the latest improved machinery upon observations made in field work by Mr. Downing.

The construction of machines will be commenced at once. Castings will be made under his direction at a foundry and in patterns designed by him. The purpose is to have a few machines ready for the harvest next year. They will be placed in the hands of prominent and expert farmers to be tested.

There are some interesting facts in connection with the year just closed in the making of binder twine at the states prison, additional to the fact that a big profit was earned for the state beyond the expenses of the prison and the making of twine.

The sales thus far are considerably more than 13,000,000 pounds besides a considerable amount on hand and aside from shipments that are still in progress. The last carload lot was shipped last Friday, but shipments are being made of small lots. The twine and materials sold up to August 8th amounted to $1,552,674, and the expenses were $1,393,519. The factory is still busy in accumulating a supply for next year and applications for next season are being sent in already.

Warden Wolfer saves in expenses by dispensing with salesmen, and that feature is being taken care of in his office, chiefly through the mails. The work of correspondence is an immense one, as the warden has on his list 55,000 correspondents among the farmers and dealers of the state. Personal letters are necessary in many cases, but personal letters help to facilitate that feature. The postage and telegraphing for the past year amounted to $2,118. One item of expense is freight, which amounted to $44,674. For citizen labor there was paid last year $11,520, and for insurance $6,244.

TILE DRAINAGE.

An Interesting Account by John T. Stewart, of Crookston.

John T. Stewart, the government engineer in charge of the work of tile drainage which is being carried on at the Crookston state experiment farm this year and who was in Thief River Falls last week, talked very interestingly this week regarding the work of drainage. He says that three miles and a half of tile has been laid already and a great many acres are covered. The tile is being laid in different fields, occasionally a field being missed for experimenting purposes. This will give Prof. Robertson a chance to see just exactly what difference the tile drainage makes in two fields lying side by side, one drained and the other not.

Farmers all over the northwest will watch this work and its results with interest. Although not the first tile drainage done in the valley, there are only one or two fields drained in the other experiments and although they have proved comparatively successful the work has been done in such a small amount that it is impossible to fully judge results. This work on the other hand will be thorough and extensive, accurate and systematic. Data will be secured regarding results and the work will be of inestimable value in showing the exact value of tile drainage in northern Minnesota.

DECISION IS RECALLED

Congressman Steenerson Gets Quick Action in Nesland Case.

Further Consideration to Be Given to This Important Matter.

In our last issue we published a letter which Congressman Steenerson had sent to the secretary of interior regarding the decision rendered in the Tollef Nesland case and which is of much interest to settlers on the eleven towns. Mr. Steenerson has received a reply to this letter which is as follows:

Hon. Halvor Steenerson,
Crookston, Minn.,

Sir:—Your letter of the 22nd instant relative to the case of Tollef B. Nesland, decided on appeal by the Department on the 5th instant, involving his commutation proof for the SW¼ of Section 36, T. 154 N. R. 41 W., Minnesota, is at hand.

I have noted with interest what you have submitted in connection with this commutation proof, made under the act of February 20th, 1904, and will recall the decision in this case for further consideration, having in view the provisions of this act as well as the requirements of the general homestead law.

Very respectfully,
G. W. WOODRUFF,
Acting Secretary.

The toughest lot of burglars and robbers in the country are said to be invading the Red River Valley this fall, and it will be well for our citizens to act accordingly. So many crimes have been committed in this portion of the country the last couple years without the perpetrators being caught that we getting the reputation of being easy.—Hendrum Review.

DAIRYMEN'S CONTEST.

Joel G. Winkjer Gives Pointers on the Contest Soon to Start.

A Prize of $25 to Be Given the Farmer Having the Best Cow.

The creamery patron's cow record contest started last spring will close Sept., 15th. The 2nd. contest will start on the same date as the other closes and will continue one year. This will give an even chance for all. The interest in the past contest has been encouraging and much good has come to the contestants in their attempt to get the best out of their cows. Different cows have been in the lead at different times and it is only the final record on Sept. 15th that will show the winner of the $25 prize.

There are cows not entered in the contest that have come to my notice that would have stood a good chance of winning. We want 75 cows entered for the 2nd contest. Even if you should not capture first prize you will be benefited by it, for we have a record of the best cows in the country, and if you do not feel inclined to send off for a good sire there will be a chance for you here to get the best to be found at home. So just as soon as you read this send in your card to the secretary to have him record you as a contestant.

Rules of the contest. It costs nothing to enter as contestants. He only will be considered a contestant who notifies the secretary of the R. R. V. Dairymen's Association before Sept., 15th, 1907.

Contest open to all creamery patrons in the 9th congressional district. Records to be based on weights taken morning and evening every 10th day and each cow's milk tested once a month by the buttermaker of the creamery of which he is a patron.

The buttermaker shall certify to the correctness of the test. A complete record of each cow for the year must be in the hands of the secretary before Sept. 20th 1908 and must give total number pounds of milk, average test and total pounds butterfat produced between Sept 15th 1907, and Sept 15th 1908.

These records must be sworn to before an officer qualified to take an oath.

$25 cash will be given to the owner of the cow giving the most butterfat in the time stated. The picture of the cow, with record and owner's name will be put on the badges for the 1908 convention. The convention for 1907 will be held at Crookston on Nov. 6th and 7th.

Program will be announced later. Remember the date and be prepared to attend.

Executive committee,
Red River Valley Dairymen's Ass'n.
Joel G. Winkjer, Sec'y.

May Teach in Marshall County.

The following-named have been granted teachers' certificates, as a result of state teachers' examinations recently held in Marshall county:

Complete First Grade—Lydia Anderson, St. Hilaire; Esther B. Ballard, Emma C. Bystrom, Warren; Ida Johnson, Argyle; Mabel I. Kvenolen, Fertile.

Conditional First Grade—Elsie M. Johnson, Argyle; David Johnson, Della Magladry, C. A. Swanson, Warren; Hilda C. Metvedt, Fork.

Complete Second Grade—Annie L. Bjorsness, Kelp; Willow Box, Northfield; Bertha Fosberg, Viking; Emelia G. Gratzek, Florian; Jacobine Grimstad, Newfolden; Grace Halvorson, Baudette; Mary Hevele, Rockstad; Nellie F. Hummer, Julia M. Iverson, Mabel C. Roan Freda B. Svenning, Warren; Ellen E. Johnson, Argyle; Victoria Johnson, Englund; Inger M. Leding, Fairdale, N. D.; Emma D. Mjoberg, Elsie Oxmun, Mary B. Toombs, Alice M. Williams Stephen; Clara Ohlberg, Thorwick; Margaret Rankin, Middle River; Edward Silverness, Llewellyn; Nora M. Thompson, T. R. Falls; E. Ray Waller, Rollis, Margaret E. Walsh, Minto, N. D.

Conditional Second Grade—Ellen Lindstrom, Apple; Jennie M. Peterson, Stephen; Annie C. Warness, Deer; Olga Willer, Middle River.

Limited Second Grade—Helen Carlton, Cora Head, Sighe Roley, Warren; Agnes M. Cormier, Amanda Elfrick, Ellen M. Johnson, Esther M. Johnson, Etta N. Marlette, Argyle, Fred A. Johnson, Englund; Luella H. Johnson, Selma C. Johnson, Rollis, Oscar J. Johnson, Ellerth; Elin J. Lindberg, Alvarado, Olga Larson, Manor, Stella O. Olson, T. R. Falls; Mary C. Sinnott, Stephen; Ida B. Stengelson, Hellem.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Jensen.

FRIENDS SURPRISED.

Two Popular Young People Married in Crookston Last Week.

Residents of Thief River Falls were very pleasantly surprised last week by reading the following in last Thursday's Crookston Daily Journal:

"This afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence of Father Hufnagel, Mr. E. J. Morrissey of Thief River Falls, son of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Morrissey of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Hannah Peterson of Thief River Falls, Miss Pearl Peterson, sister of the bride acted as bridesmaid, and Frank Morrissey, brother of the groom acted as best man. A sumptuous wedding supper will be served at 6 o'clock this evening at the home of the groom's parents, and the bride and groom will leave for the west this evening for a months trip after which they will begin housekeeping in Thief River Falls where the groom is in the heating and plumbing business. The groom grew to manhood in Crookston and has a host of friends here and at Thief River Falls. The bride is a step-daughter of Ed. Wilcox of Thief River Falls and one of the talented and prominent society young ladies of that place. Many friends join in extending congratulations."

A NEW CURE.

Man Cured of Rheumatism by an Explosion.

Warroad Plaindealer: Warroad people remember well when N. Lewis narrowly escaped being blown up by an explosion of dynamite. It was about a year ago. Mr. Lewis was drilling a well for Joe Holland, of Hotel Minnesota. Something over a hundred feet down, the drill struck a boulder; and Norm tied a string to a stick of dynamite with a two-minute fuse attached, and lowered it into the well to remove the obstruction. The dynamite stuck in the casing before reaching the bottom, and Norm pulled it up with the string, intending to throw it away from him toward the back of the yard; but when he raised his eyes to look where he was going to throw it, the place was occupied by about thirty people, who had crowded around to witness the "blowing" of the well. The fuse was burned out, and there was no time to lose, so he dropped the dynamite in front of him, intending to spring back, but it went off before he could move. The bystanders fully believed he was killed, but he was uninjured except for a pretty severe shock and a few pelts by flying gravel.

It is strange that Mr. Lewis wasn't killed by the explosion, but what is perhaps stranger still, is the fact that the shock cured him of rheumatism, with which he had been troubled for years. Up to the time of that explosion, Lewis had suffered with rheumatism in the arms and shoulders, and was often unable to put on his coat without assistance; but he declares that since that explosion he has never felt the least twinge of rheumatism, and can account for it in no other way than that the shock cured him of it.

OVER SIXTY TAKE LIFE

Swan Swanson of Roseau Tire of his Troubles, Ending All.

Fires Bullet Into His Brain While at East Grand Forks.

East Grand Forks, Minn.,—Estranged from his wife who left him because of his addiction to drink, and filled with remorse about a reconciliation with her, S. J. Swanson, aged 64, of Roseau, Minn., fired a bullet into his brain Monday afternoon while visiting at the home of his son, L. W. Swanson of this city.

There is plenty of evidence to show that the suicide had been premeditated and planned. The revolver used was a new one which Mr. Swanson brought with him, and the only shot ever fired was the one which took his life. Since the separation from his wife, which occured about a year ago, Mr. Swanson seems to have gradually become more and more despondent. The trouble between the husband and wife, which finaly led to the separation, was the fact that Swanson was addicted to drinking heavily, a habit which he has lately overcome. Recently he tried to effect a reconciliation with his wife, who after leaving him went to the home of her parents at Detroit, Minn. Mrs. Swanson, however, refused to listen to him and Swanson then came to this city to see his sons before he took his life.

He is the father of nine children, who are left to mourn his death, and the fact that it was caused by his own hand. Besides the two sons living in East Grand Forks, two live in Roseau, two in Minneapolis, and four in the old country. The wife of the deceased is at the present time thought to be in Detroit.

Coroner Chesterman of Crookston, came to conduct the inquest, which was very brief. The coroner did not think it necessary to call a jury. A few witnesses were examined and a verdict of death by suicide was given.

Who Was He?

Under the name of Jo Mofreau a well known traveling man who makes Crookston his headquarters was arrested yesterday and fined $15, being the fine of shooting one chicken and the costs of the case. The man travels for a paint house and at one time was a resident of Crookston but is now living in St. Paul. He did the shooting last Sunday near Russia and it was only after clever detective work on the part of Game Warden Munch that he was arrested and fined. He plead guilty.—Crookston Times.

Subscribe for the News.

Are You Going "shopping" this fall for the lowest priced clothes you can find? Or are you going to get the very best thing for your money? You'll probably get what you look for; and you'll find some awfully cheap clothes for sale. You'll find some mighty good ones, too; the kind that are better than they cost.

They're Hart Schaffner & Marx make; and we sell them.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

O. J. Bloon was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Dr. Teal was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Merriel Flesher returned from Indeanolo, Iowa, Wednesday.

Emil Brink was up from Crookston the first of the of the week.

James K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

D. K. Bryant left Monday for Moorhead to remain for about a month.

Miss Sarah Vaughan came down from Germantown Tuesday to visit Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

Oscar Sponheim returned to this city Monday evening from his trip to North Dakota.

Louis Hanson was over to Grand Forks the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. J. K. Wood left Tuesday morning for Ox Bow, Canada, to spend a couple of weeks visiting with a daughter.

Israel Sjoberg, of Roseau, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute on a business trip to the twin cities.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

Theodore Dangerfield, who had been up from Iowa visiting his father, Samuel Dangerfield, of Kratka, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Irene Caldwell left Monday evening for Red Lake Falls and on Tuesday commenced a nine months term of school near that place.

For Sale—N. ½, Sec. 31, town of North one mile west of Thief River Falls. Inquire of D. B. Bakke, Thief River Falls, or C. E. Purdy, Lost Valley, Oregon.

Orson Doe came up from Red Lake Falls Monday and will spend a few days here working in the city Drug and Jewelry store during the absence of F. J. Stebbins.

Services at the German Lutheran Church at Thief River Falls next Sunday morning at 10 A. M. and Germantown at 3 P. M.. Sunday afternoon.

Rev. F. J. Seitz.

The Trinity Lutheran congregation will have services in the Evenson hall next Sunday, Sept, 8, at 10:45 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahl Pastor.

Alex A. Sweaas left the first of the week on a trip to Montana and other western states. He has disposed of his insurance business to Daniel Shaw and may decide to locate in the west permanently.

Henry Diebel came over from Milton, N. D., the first of the week. He reports that men are very plentiful in the harvest fields of North Dakota and says that better wages can be secured here by laboring men.

W. H. Herron, who is in charge of the government suveyors at work in this section left Monday for Washington after having spent a week here. He states that work is progressing in a very satisfactory manner.

Mrs. J. M. Bishop gave a farewell party for Mrs. D. J. Mc Niven Tuesday afternoon and a large number of ladies were present. Mrs. Mc Niven was presented with a half dozen tea spoons as a token of the esteem she is held in by her friends in this city.

Judging from the size of some of the last months Clearwrter Creamery checks our Deer Park homesteader must have some cows, and then some more cows. The months check of George Singer for $83 is not bad for a homesteaders income.—Sunbeam.

One of the school districts in the new town of Clover Leaf let the contract last Saturday to F. S. Doege, of this city, for a modern school building. It will be one of the best school houses in Red Lake county and shows that the new settlers out east are progressing.

The News is in receipt of a letter from Henry B. Schmitz dated at Bonner's Ferry, Idaho, Saturday, August 31. He states that he is to be married this week in North Dakota and will visit Thief River Falls in the near future. Henry's many friends here will extend congratulation.

There seems to be the best of reasons for anticipating the appearance of the "Messenger Boy," at the Evenson Hall next Tuesday Sept. 10 A Comedy Drama of more than ordinary interest and merit. While the plot is not complicated, it is interesting and amusing, and serves to introduce a capable company in bight songs, pleasing dances, attractive costumes, and appropriate senic effects. Miss Beatrice Terry with her delightful songs, has everywhere been the signal for storms of applause. George D. Sweet is a comedian quite out of the ordinary, and the supporting company are all cast in congenial roles. Manager Sweet displayed much care and good judgment not only in selecting the company, but in the manner in which the production is staged and costumed, so that our amusement rovers may safely look forward to plenty of fun and a Musical treat next Tuesday night.

Mrs. O. J. Knox returned to this city yesterday from St. Paul.

Ira C. Richardson left yesterday for Fargo to attend to some legal business.

D. J. McNiven and family leave Saturday for Seattle to make their future home.

Max Koenig came down from Espiee Tuesday. He says wheat will go thirty five bushels to the acre up in his section.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran Congregation will meet with Mrs. Nels Ostvold next Wednesdty September 11.

John Myrland, bookkeeper at the Hanson & Barzen Milling company's mill, left yesterday for Belmont, N. D., to take in the hunting season.

Samuel Heasley last Saturday sold the Soo hotel to John Anderson who has taken possession of this property. Mr. Heasley is undecided as to what he will do in the future but with his family and the family of Peter Newman will spend a few weeks camping out up on the Red Lake river at Little Oak.

The fire department was called out at 4:30 yesterday afternoon by the burning of the engine room, which furnishes steam for the dry house at the Pioneer Sash and Door Factory. The engine room was completely destroyed, but no harm was done to the main building. There was no insurance.

At the St. Vincent hospital, Game Warden Wm. Munch submitted to an operation last Saturday evening of such a serious character that for many hours following he was in a very critical state. He is resting easily today altho he is not yet out of danger. Mr. Munch should have submitted sooner but delayed having the operation peformed until Saturday on account of August being the busiest month in the year for him. —Crookston Journal.

Donald Fraser, who was arrested by the police in this city on August 6 and has been confined in the city jail since that time, left Monday evening for Boston in charge of United States officer and from that point will be shipped to Scotland. Fraser came into the United States from Winnipeg in violation of the immigration laws of this country and was arrested here on the Soo's Winnipeg flyer by the local police upon instructions telegraphed from Winnipeg. He was a stone mason by trade and was enroute to Minneapolis. As he was not a citizen of Canada, he could not be sent back to that country and that is the reason he is being sent to Scotland.

Is laughter a good thing? The laughter which is directed to something which fails to comply with the social requirement which is compelled by the sight of incongruity or by sudden surprise. All laughter at all events is not good. The giggle or titter is laughter based. People who trifle with laughter only sniff and single from the mouth outward, while it is true, hearty laughter is an index to an honest soul. Carlyle was right when he said "No man, who has laughed whole and hearty can be altogether bad. "Messenger Boy" is guaranteed to cause laughter. The good wholesome kind and is a safe, certain and speedy cure for the worst case of "Blue Devils." On next Tuesday evening.

The City Schools.

The city schools opened Tuesday and the following is a complete list of the teachers:

J. H. Hay, superintendent.
Blanche Godward, principal.
Maria Blexrnd.
Claric Grindeland.
Tilla Johnson.
Grace Reiner.
Pauline Lind.
Evelyn King.
Hattie McKerson.
May Marsh.
Edith Day.
Gertrude Knoff.
Emily Lakin.
May Paine.
Lula McCrum.
Ada Danielson.
Myrtle Wold.
Marian Annand.
Vera Wilhelm.
Mary McGinn.
Emma Backe.
Gertrude Meehan.
Rachel Schrepel.

HUNTING SEASON.

Chickens and Ducks Not as Numerous as in Former Years.

Hundreds of Thief River Falls hunters were out in the fields around here shooting prairie chickens on Sunday, the first day of the open season, and many of them are still in the fields. Chickens are not as numerous this year as formerly, and each year they are getting scarcer. Owing to the fact that much of the grain is not cut and that the chickens are staying in the wheat fields, is another reason why hunters are not shooting as many as in former years.

Ducks are also quite scarce, but one party of four reports shooting sixty in about six hours on Sunday.

THROUGH A LOOPHOLE.

Elevator Company Wins in Its Case Against the City.

Illegal to Erect but Legal to Move a Building in the Fire Limits.

Last week before Judge Watts, the Red Lake Falls Milling company made application for an order to show cause why an injunction should not be granted restraining the officials of the city of Thief River Falls from preventing the company from removing its elevator to a site within the fire limits of the city. City Attorney Halvorson appeared for the city and E. M. Stanton for the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

The city ordinance provides that buildings shall not be erected within the fire limits composed of other than fire proof material and the Red Lake *Falls Milling company contended* that moving a building into the fire limits was not erecting a building. Upon this point the court held against the city and granted a temporary injunction.

In other words it is legal to erect a frame building outside of the fire limits and remove it into the fire limits, but it is now lawful to erect a building within the fire limits of other than fire proof material.

The case is to be carried to the supreme court in the hopes that body will place a more liberal construction upon the ordinance and it will be amended. The elevator has been removed into the fire limits and will remain there permanently unless the supreme court should decide otherwise.

Auction Sale—Fine Cows for Sale.

I will offer for sale on my farm near Thief River Falls, ½ mile east of new bridge, my heard of fine cows and calves.

14 milch cows.
10 heifer calves.
4 bull calves 1 very fine 7 months old Jersey Bull.
1600 gal. capacity Steam Cream Separator and 3 H. P. Boiler
1 milk Delivery Wagon.

Sale to begin at 11 o'clock, Saturday morning Sept., 7.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o. c. Sabbath School at 10 o. c. After next Sabbath at 12:15 o.c. Sabbath evening worship at 7.30. Sabbath School Teachers meeting and Bible study, every. Thursday evening at 7.30.

We welcome all to our church,

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Walking Dredge a Success.

Argyle, Minn., Aug 30.—County ditch No. 13, Lezie & Morin, contractors, is finished. The walking dredge, manufactured at Stephen and tested on this ditch, proved a success, being a great improvement on the old method of ditching.

Elevator Habeas Corpus.

If this talk about my being against the wellfare of the city and not upholding the officers and the ordinances is not stopped, I will expose the whole thing and let the citizens of this city know where the blame belongs.

S. T. Johnson.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Sept. 8. Preaching, 11 a. m and 8 p. m.
Sunday school 10 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p.m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 08
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	25c
Potatoes	60c

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Aug. 21.

Anderson Mrs.
Anderson A. I.
Anderson Alfred
Ashby Chas
Berg Flora
Beaton Miss Esther
Dimbey Mrs Annie
Dabrin Olaf
Hedeen Miss Emily
Moore John
Nelson Eldwood
Nocoliason Knud
Sten John
Williamson Miss Sina
Wise L. E.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka, Postmaster.

THE VALUE OF
"White Seal" Beer

Lies largely in the malt that forms so important a part of it.

Malt is an adjuvant in convalescence from protracted illness, an auxilliary and digestive in the case of nursing women and to a large extent an important factor in the treatment of all debilitated conditions of the system. It is one of the most nutritious of foods. The malt that enters into the manufacture of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is made from the choicest barley that money can buy, in sickness or in health the moderate use of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is greatly beneficial. The bottled product is most convenient for family use. Order a case today.

KIEWEL BREWING CO.

Phone 164. Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Christ Paulson, Agent.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting Held on Tuesday Evening of This Week.

The city council held a meeting Tuesday evening and considerable business was transacted.

The First ward, the largest in the city which has over 400 voters, was divided into two voting precincts. LaBree avenue will divide the two precincts.

A twelve foot cement walk was ordered on Second street from Newberry & Bulman's livery stable to LaBree avenue. The street was also ordered to be graded.

Postmaster Kratka presented an ordinance that he desired to have the council pass. It provided that owners of dogs be not allowed to take the same into any public building and provided a penalty for so doing. No action was taken by the council upon the matter.

Creamery Statement.

The monthly statement of the Plummer creamery for July is at hand and it shows that the institution is in a very prosperous condition. The total receipts for that month were $3,801 05. The running expenses were $255.48 and the sinking fund received $145.41. The net amount paid to patrons was $3,403.15, and the price for butter fat was 23 5 cents per pound.

There was a good many of the patrons who received checks for $50 or more and Henry Lemieux and Ole Haaven each received over $100.

Taking the Hint.

At home stations the private soldiers' washing is usually done by the married soldiers' wives, who are expected to sew on missing buttons and do repairs, for which a small sum is deducted from the private's pay.

Pat McGinnis had a good deal of trouble with his laundress. Sunday after Sunday had his shirt come back with the neck button off or else hanging by a thread. He had spoken to her on the subject, and she had promised to see to it, but still the button was not on properly.

He got out of patience one Sunday when the missing button had made him late for parade and exclaimed:

"Bother the woman! I'll see if I can't give her a hint this time, anyhow."

He then took the lid of a tin blacking box about three inches in diameter, drilled two holes in it with a fork and sewed it on to the neck of the shirt that was next to be washed. When his washing came back he found she had taken the hint. She had made a buttonhole to fit it!—London Answers.

Cuteness of Old Time Doctors.

Synge's "Social Life In England" quotes a number of fourteenth century hints to success for physicians which indicate that as far back as 500 years ago the medical man, in popular opinion at least, had in him the stuff that alienists are made of:

Suppose you know nothing, say there is an obstruction of the liver. Perhaps the patient will say, "Nay, master, it is my head or legs that trouble me." Repeat that it comes from the liver, and especially use the word "obstruction," for patients do not understand it, which is important.

Never dine with a patient who has not paid you; it will be cheaper to get your dinner at an inn, for such feasts are usually deducted from the surgeon's fee.

When you are treating a wound or accident, the friends of the patient should be excluded, for they may faint and cause a disturbance, but sometimes a higher fee may be got from persons present fainting and breaking their heads against wood and the like, than from the principal patient.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

SAYS WE'RE ALL RIGHT.

Purple Book Hunt Says Thief River Will Be a Good Town.

The Purple Book, the official paper of the Elks lodge, edited by Charles E. Hunt, contains the following write-up of Thief River Falls this week:

Population 5,100 strong; timber, excellent; charter fee, coming right along; enrollment, twice the required number. Such, in brief, is the story of why Thief River Falls, in Red Lake county, northwestern Minnesota, is entitled to an Elk lodge, and why, also, it is going to get it.

Thief River brothers were up against the same proposition that Bemidji Elks faced last year. The last census said they did not have 5,000 people, a requirement that is never deviated from by the grand lodge in bestowing charters. The grand lodge had no other information to go by, and so it was up to the Thief River brothers to prove their belief that they had people enough. They did just what was done at Bemidji—went down into their pockets to pay for a census, and the census proved they were right. And so it is that to Bro. G. A. Penny, H. C. Debnor, C. C. Jackson, Bro. Shei, Bro. Hanson and several more of the boys whose names belong on the roll of Elkish honor must be credited with the loving tribute which comes of deeds well done. Doubts were cast at Bemidji, but it has proved one of the gems of northern Elkdom. So, too, it will be with Thief River.

Thief River has more claims than many cities on the good offices of the grand lodge. It is a commercial age in which we live, and if the power of a city to sustain a live lodge after it is established can be shown, it is doubly blessed. Thief River has four banks, the total deposits of which are $500,000, with a combined capital and surplus of $125,000. It has two excellent trunk lines of railroad, the Soo and the Great Northern, and the Thief River, from which the city takes its name, will one day hum with busy mills and factories which its power will sustain.

We of eastern Minnesota should know more of our neighbors. Thief River is a good buyer in Duluth, and its business men pay thousands of dollars annually into this city's treasury. Thief River is not dependent upon transitory saw mills that may be here today and gone tomorrow, but it is in the center of a rich farming country that is rapidly coming to the fore in dairying and small grain. Its business men are a unit in the upbuilding of the city, and the competitive strife that is so often found in the smaller western cities is notably absent here. It is a splendid location for young business men who have not the capital to engage in business in the larger cities, for light manufacturing of several lines of goods, and for jobbing. Many small towns are tributary to it, and here one will find a field that as yet in the infancy of development, all ready for the hustler. The lands in which it is located can be bought at reasonable prices, and a good speculation is right to hand. The stranger will find here a community of live men, and he will be welcomed and assisted in every possible way to secure a foothold and start on the road to fortune.

Thief River is fifty miles from Crookston, the nearest Elk lodge town. Practically all the twentyfive Elks who now reside there are members of the Crookston lodge, and to attend the meetings involves a sacrifice that few can meet. It can readily be seen that they are entitled to a charter of their own.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

A program full of comedy as well as instructive with the song hit of the season with comical slides will be the bill this week.

Washing badly marked, very comical.

Straw hat making at Florence Italy.

A feather in his cap, a love affair, Humorous.

Illustrated, the latest success of the season "You Splash Me and I'll Splash You" sung with great success by Mrs. Krouse.

Cooks dream, humorous and mysterious.

In the wrong flat showing the troubles of flat life full of comedy.

GIRL HAS FOOT CUT OFF.

Viola Sauve of Red Lake Falls Is Victim.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Aug. 31.—(Special.)—The nine-year old daughter, Viola, of Mr. and Mrs. X Sauve, has her left foot completely severed by a binder. The driver had left the seat a few minutes to pick up some bundles when the child climbed up on the seat and picked up the lines, which caused the horses to start. The little girl was found in front of the machine, and before she could get out of the way the sickle caught her left foot, severing it completely just above the ankle. While the child was very weak, the wound was dressed successfully, and she is expected to recover.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

MINERS ASK DAMAGES

Strikers Will Sue Steel Trust and St. Louis County.

GUARDS PATROL PROPERTY

Open Pit Mines Operating With Small Forces and Underground Workings Crippled.

Suits for damages aggregating $500,000 will be instituted against the steel trust and St. Louis county by striking miners who have been shot or imprisoned by special deputy sheriffs.

Armed guards still patrol all trust property and despite reports to the contrary the strikers say they are making gains.

Within a week twenty strikers have been arrested charged with rioting, but the charges could not be sustained in the local municipal court.

About 1,000 men have been brought in by the steel trust to operate the mines. To balance this the Western Federation has sent 850 union miners to other fields. The open pit mines are operating with greatly reduced forces, as are the stripping contractors. The underground mines, save those of the independent companies, are virtually idle.

Ten thousand strikers are still being cared for through the union's relief fund. Another call for aid was sent out last week and already more than $10,000 has been the response. Vice President Mahoney of the Western Federation has returned to Denver and the management of the strike has been left in the hands of local parties.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR.

Attendance on Opening Day Breaks the Record.

The mammoth and incomparable Minnesota state fair on the opening day of this year established a new record for attendance. Remarkable as was the attendance at the opening day last year Monday's record went it still stronger, meeting fully the expectations of the managers of the State Agricultural society.

"We believe we have the best and biggest fair in the United States," said President B. F. Nelson, "and the manner in which the people turned out shows that they feel that way about it also."

The fact that Dan Patch was to pace contributed considerably to the big attendance. While Dan went a mile in 1:58¾, as compared to 1:55, which he established last year on the grounds as the world's record, the intense admiration which he draws was not a bit diminished. The wind was too sharp and the air too cool for him to do his best. He demonstrated his regal pacing prowess and the spectators went home satisfied.

The attendance on Monday is estimated at about 100,000.

DULUTH LABORER KILLED.

Brewing Company Employe Hit Him With His Fist.

Michael Maher, a laborer, thirty-eight years old, was instantly killed at Duluth by Barney Conway, a helper on one of the wagons of a local brewing company. The men had a few words in a saloon colminating in the pair going out on the sidewalk to fight. Conway dealt Maher a terrific blow between the eyes and Maher fell to the sidewalk and was dead in a few minutes. Conway then jumped on his wagon and drove rapidly away, but was soon afterwards arrested. At the police station Conway said that Maher had been "sponging" and when he tried to get away from him he became abusive. He said they went out of the building and fought. Conway says he had no intention of seriously hurting Maher and that he only wanted to subdue him and make him keep away.

BITTEN BY A VICIOUS HOG

St. Paul Girl and Her Brother Are Badly Injured.

Bitten by a vicious hog Eva Rohbeck, five years old, daughter of Ernest Rohbeck, a farmer living on the Sunfish road, three miles from St. Paul, is in a precarious condition and may lose her. Her seven-year-old brotherUEt-l her life. Her seven-year-old brother Edward, who was also badly bitten in trying to defend his sister, is in a serious condition. Blood poisoning is the thing most feared, but the little girl is so badly torn and bitten that her life is feared for owing to the intense nervous shock.

ENGINEER IS KILLED.

Passenger Train Crashes Into a Freight at New Richland, Minn.

Southbound passenger train No. 4 on the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad crashed into the rear end of a freight train at New Richland and Engineer Ed Bergeaux was crushed beneath the engine. None of the other members of the train crew were seriously injured and the passengers escaped with a shaking up. Fireman Ed Eng was the most severely injured.

Lockjaw Kills a Woman.

Mrs Wold, an aged widow residing at Everts, near Battle Lake, died of lockjaw after suffering untold agony. She stepped upon a rusty nail about a week ago and felt the first severe effects only two days before her death.

FIGHT ON WISCONSIN SOIL

Pugilists Battle Despite Presence of Minnesota Sheriffs.

A crowd of some 350 St. Paul sports went down the Mississippi river Sunday last on the steamboat C. W. Cowles and witnessed a rough and tumble prize fight between the well known Griff Jones, the Minneapolis colored scrapper, and Ben Tremble, the St. Paul heavyweight. The fight was pulled off on the banks of the Mississippi river two miles below Diamond Bluff, Wis. By running into Wisconsin the fighters avoided interference by half a dozen deputy sheriffs representing Minnesota counties, who were on hand to put a stop to the fistic festivities.

The crowd was an orderly one and there was no disturbance of any kind during the trip. Liquor was sold on board the boat, although the Ramsey county authorities warned the captain of the boat not to allow the sale of any kind of liquor.

When the boat ran into Wisconsin soil the sheriff of Pierce county appeared on the scene to stop the fight, but was persuaded that it was a purely peaceable party and was induced to leave the scene.

TWO GIRLS BADLY INJURED

Run down by a Team of Stolen Horses in Minneapolis.

Horses stolen from the *Northern* Candy company of Minneapolis and then turned loose by the thieves ran down two girls, seriously injuring Miss Rosebud Salisbury and badly bruising Miss Mary Hobart.

The driverless horses came tearing up Hennepin avenue just as the two girls were crossing the street. Several pedestrians saw the danger and called to the girls, but it was too late. They were struck by the horses and thrown down, the wagon passing over Miss Salisbury.

Both the girls were picked up and carried into a pharmacy. Dr. Ripley happened to be there and she gave first aid to the injured. It was found that Miss Hobart was not seriously injured, but her clothes were badly torn. She was able to go home in a carriage. Miss Salisbury, however, was unconscious. She had received a deep wound in the head and her limbs and body were badly bruised.

POLICEMAN'S POOR AIM.

Shoots at Mad Dog and Brings Down a Horse.

Officer Pat J. Hurley of the Minneapolis police force gave an example of markmanship of municipal peace guardians when, in an attempt to dispatch a mad dog, he shot a delivery horse through the forehead.

A mad dog was seen in the neighborhood of Eighth and Marshal avenues northeast. Officer Hurley was sent to end the existence of the canine and, sighting the frothing animal, he took careful aim and fired. When the smoke had cleared away a horse was found wriggling on the pavement and the dog was out of range of the officer's gun.

MURDERED BY FIREBUGS.

Montenegrin Miner Is Shot at Chisholm, Minn.

Nighell Nicholivish, a Montenegrin miner residing in Chisholm, was murdered just outside his home by unknown parties. His home was set on fire Saturday night by somebody, but the flames were soon extinguished. The house was fired again at 10 o'clock Sunday night and when Nicholivish ran out to extinguish the flames he was shot down.

Nine Montenegrins have been arrested on suspicion, but the prisoners stoutly assert their innocence and lay the blame for the killing on the Miners' union, which is on strike.

Retired Contractor Suicides.

John Remer, seventy years of age, a retired contractor of St. Paul, was found hanging to the rafter of the porch in the rear of his home by neighbors, who saw the corpse dangling from the overhead beam. Before hanging himself Remer attempted to end his life by cutting his throat with a razor and the blood was congealed on the dead man's breast when the lifeless body was discovered. Ill health is said to have been the motive for the suicide.

Duck Hunter Drowned.

Robert Burdette, chief clerk in M. J. Baker's store at Deer River, Itasca county, was drowned in the Mississippi river while hunting ducks. He was in a boat with two other men, when in the excitement of shooting at some ducks the craft was overturned. The companions of Burdette succeeded in saving themselves.

Unknown Man Ground to Pieces.

A poorly dressed stranger about sixty years of age was struck and instantly killed by the eastbound Northern Pacific train near Breckenridge. He paid no attention to the oncoming train and was struck and ground to pieces before the train could be stopped.

Section Foreman Killed.

Eric Nelson, section foreman on the Minnesota and Northern Wisconsin road, was killed near Scanlon when a handcar on which he and William Andrews, a fellow workman, were riding was struck by a locomotive. Nelson's body was mangled and he died almost instantly.

Child Killed by Ice Wagon.

Yetta Singlem, three years old, was instantly killed by being run over by an ice wagon on St. Peter street, near Park avenue, St. Paul. The wagon was driven by Frank Achterling fifteen years ago.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minneapolis has more automobiles than dogs, that is, licensed dogs. The figures of the city assessor show that there are 655 autos owned in the city, while the owners of only 574 dogs have appeared at the office of the city clerk to procure licenses for their pets. Horses still lead the autos, according to the assessor's figures, which show 9,210 horses and 1,781 cows within the city limits. The assessor also located 13,783 pianos and counted 551 street cars. The latter are valued at a total of $850,000.

Determined that no dispute shall arise between themselves and the agents of the government when the time arrives for them to prove up a number of homesteaders in the St. Louis valley country have adopted the novel experiment of photographing their claims. To show what they tell of their homesteads is true the photographs will be on hand when the hearing on the final proof is held.

The village of Lamberton now finds itself without a water supply. The village well has been bothering all the spring and summer and on investigation it was found that it had filled up for about half its depth with quicksand. Attempts have been made to clean out the well, but so far they have proved unavailing, the well filling up as rapidly as it was cleaned out.

Minneapolis is large enough for 435 saloons, according to the ideas of members of the city council, who voted down the proposed Starkweather ordinance which placed the limit at 400 and amended the former ordinance with a limiting clause of 435. At present there are just 429 saloons running in the city, so no pruning will be necessary.

As a result of the recent decision of the state supreme court holding the road liable for 4 per cent gross earnings tax, the Duluth and Northern Minnesota Railway company has paid in $9,481.93. This payment covers the 2 per cent tax on the gross earnings of the road for 1904 and 1905, with the penalty and costs added.

B. C. Golling of St. Paul was reelected president of the Northwestern Photographers' association at the annual convention held at St. Paul. C. H. Galbraith was also elected secretary for another term. The association decided to hold its convention next year in Minneapolis.

The special election held at Bemidji for the purpose of voting on the proposition to bond the city in the sum of $30,000 for the purchase of a new site for a waterworks plant and the installing of additional mains resulted in the defeat of the proposition by a vote of 106 to 74.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson will not be a candidate for governor. The Crookston congressman, asked regarding his boom for governor launched by Frank M. Eddy and others, stated that under no circumstances would he be a candidate.

The Pittsburg company's steamer Pierpont Morgan loaded 11,500 tons of ore at the Missabe docks at Duluth in three and one-half hours and made two shifts to load. This is said to be the record for quick loading at these ore docks.

Joseph E. Hennessey, a St. Paul newspaper man, has been appointed deputy game warden for St. Paul, succeeding George Faber of Chaska, who has resigned the position to take another in his home town.

The Minneapolis and St. Louis has established passenger train service between St. Paul and Aberdeen, S. D., which is taken in by the new extension which the company is building into that territory.

The highest relative price paid in the United States in sixteen years for barley was paid one day last week at the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, when barley was sold for 80 cents a bushel.

F. H. McGuigan, until recently vice president of the Great Northern railroad, with offices in St. Paul, is dangerously ill at Portland, Me.

The Minnesota state fair opened at St. Paul Monday.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Reuben Wilson and John Robinson of Duluth Heights were treed by wolves and held captive for three hours while walking on a lonely road near the city limits. A posse is scouring the country to exterminate the pack and prevent any loss of life.

O. Omundsen, forty-seven years old, committed suicide at Waseca by placing his head on a rail of the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad. He was struck by the northbound passanger train. He was despondent.

Roy Hoskins, the six year-old son of William J. Hoskins, was drowned in the river at Minneapolis before the eyes of two or three little playmates who were powerless to give him any assistance.

John L. McDonald, the seventy-year-old man injured by a Milwaukee train in the Minneapolis yards two weeks ago, died of his injuries at St. Barnabas hospital.

Frank Augustine, a farmer living ten miles north of Sleepy Eye, fell out of his wagon and died of heart failure.

OBITUARY.

Thomas M. Perry, a newspaper man for nearly two-thirds of a century and one of the oldest practical printers in Minnesota, died in St. Peter of Brights disease.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

About Saving Accounts.

The saving accounts is one of the best investments for small amounts. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle awaiting investment. You may withdraw a part or the intire amount at any time.

Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

We write Fire Insurance in the best of companies. Tickets to and from Europe at reduced rates at our bank.

Money Orders and drafts issued to any foreign country and payable in postoffices, banks or country Stores.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.

Eyes Eyes Eyes

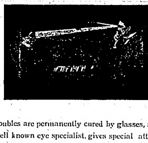

Many nervous troubles are permanently cured by glasses, scientifically fitted, Dr A. J. Klimek, the well known eye specialist, gives special attention to certain conditions of epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, migran, chronic headaches, etc, all forms of natural weakness of eyesight. It matters not how long or short a time your sight has been failing, he can, through his scientific system, tell you the amount of your visual field and strength, and the amount of actual nerve force in reserve. He knows how, and can tell you what your chances are for recovery. You need not tell him much about your case, as he will from the start tell you more about your own self than you could. Some people would ask, "how can he do this?" well, it is easy. The doctor knows the eye and anatomy of the nervous system involved in the faculty of visual perceptions like a book, and he knows all the ailments of this wonderful piece of mechanism, the eye, is subject to. The doctor knows all about the diseases of the eye and for this reason can give you much valuable information. If you have cataracts, he can tell you if they can be cured at once or not. He does not charge for telling you this. He will gladly give you any information that may benefit you. He will gladly show anyone the fine charts of the brain and nervous system which he has made and used on these different occasions.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK,

EYE SPECIALIST AND OPTICIAN.

OFFICE AND JEWELRY STORE IN S. T. JOHNSON BUILDING. LaBREE AVE., THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Clifford D. McLennan Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Clifford D. McLennan of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1907 the above named Clifford D. McLennan was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district on the 19th day of September A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated August 31, 1907.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The
Great Northern
Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

v.95

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 5, 1907.

The Hendrum Review states the matter correctly when it says: "Halvor Steenerson says he don't want to be governer, but prefers to remain a congressman. It looks as though someone like Steenerson will be necessary, however, to regain the control of the state capitol."

An exchange has discovered that a poor girl has to be awfully good looking to be pretty, and a rich girl has to be awful homely to be ugly. It might have added that a poor man has to be awfully smart to be intelligent, and a rich man almost a blockhead to be ignorant.—Valley View.

Judge Baxter has just decided a very unusual suit. The village of Evansville brought an action against Otto Moody, who had been a member of the council from 1903 to 1906. During that time he put in sewers for the village on contract and received his payment for the same. The village brought an action to recover the amount paid on the ground that as a member of the council it was illegal for him to enter into such a contract. The court holds that since the money has been paid the village becomes a party to the illegal action and therefore cannot now recover. Had they refused to pay in the beginning, he would have been unable to collect.—Breckenridge Telegram.

The prediction that the railroads would receive greater revenue from a two-cent passenger rate than they did under the old three-cent fare, has proved to be true by the figures furnished the railroad commission by the officers of the roads. Nobody objects to this. We all want to see the roads prosper. Another year the showing will be still better for the railroads, when passes are abolished. The two cent rate has come to stay—for a long time. The agitation in the future will be confined to freight rates. Something has been gained, and ultimately a fair basis will be reached—just to the public and profitable to the transportation companies.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

The agricultural department estimates that the total loss inflicted by insects on American farmers each year is $750,000,000. To console the farmers, it may be well to say that the loss is entirely on paper. If there were no such damage to wheat, corn and other crops the yield would be so great that the prices would fall decidedly, there would be about the same amount paid, and it would only be distributed a little differently. But the consumer would profit immensely. He would doubtless get more for his money. So the cinch bug, the green bug and the Hesian fly are the enemies of the people in the cities.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Chicago News claims that during the past year it has received from the Fair store alone the sum of $117,777.64 for advertising and that since 1903 it has received from the Fair $581,919.00. Over half a million dollars in five years. Other big Chicago houses are expending like amounts, yet some people will assert that advertising does not pay. Is it reasonable to suppose that these big establishments would spend such unless they receive returns? Do they say "Oh, every body knows we are here," or do they keep everlastingly at it through the rush season, the dull season and the indifferent? Figures like the above mean something.—Wahpeton *Times*.

The bloated money kings are prophesying a coming panic that will knock prosperity into a ping-pong ball. They are the doctors and know what medicine to use to send the patient to the happy hunting grounds with no coroner's inquest to embarass them. However, it will take a pretty wise panic to smash prosperity in Northern Minnesota, where cheap lands and a variety of resources guarantees a living to everyone. The forests are full of meat, the streams ditto, and a little exercise with the hoe and axe will insure all necessaries of life. In cities, where nothing but a steady pay roll can keep the stove roaring and the kettle steaming, the prospects of a panic are indeed appalling.—Big Fork compass.

An old fellow in Chicago stood up and rocked the boat because it frightened the young girl who was his companion and it amused him to hear her scream. The boat finally capsized and the man was drowned, but the girl was rescued. The fools who rock the boat usually bear charmed lives and it is generally the victims of their idiocy who drown, but in this instance we are glad to note an exception. It is in order now to hear from the man who points an "unloaded" gun at another. Practical jokers of this class are more dangerous than most confirmed criminals and they should be suppressed, by the use of stern measures if necessary, for it is not to be expected that they will always get theirs as the Chicago boat rocker got his.—Warren Register.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

Short-Paid Letters For Foreign Countries.

The British Office has called attention to the Postoffice Department at Washington to the large number of short-paid letters received from the United States.

As double the amount of the deficient postage is required to be collected upon the delivery of short-paid letters, the addressees of such letters frequently refuse to receive them and the letters are returned to this country as undeliverable, to the annoyance of postal officials as well as of the senders of the letters.

It is presumed that many cases of short-payment may be attributed to the fact that the unit of weight for the letter-rate of postage in our domestic mails is an ounce, while in international mails it is only half an ounce.

The evil would probably be remedied to a great extent if the attention of the public were called to the difference between the unit of weight in our domestic mails and the unit of weight in international mails.

Postmasters are requested, therefore, to give as much publicity as possible to the circumstance that the postage rate for letters for foreign countries is five (5) cents for each half-ounce or fraction of half-ounce; and that if postage upon letters is not prepaid in full at that rate, double the deficiency must be paid by the addressees or the letters are not delivered.

Make the Children Happy.

We have all seen children who have had no childhood. The following element has been crushed out of them. They have been repressed and forbidden to do this and that so long that they have lost the faculty of having a good time. We see these little old men and women everywhere.

Children should be kept children just as long as possible. What has responsibility, seriousness, or sadness to do with childhood? We always feel indignant, as well as sad, when we see evidences of maturity, over-seriousness, care, or anxiety, in a child's face, for we know someone has sinned, somewhere.

The little ones should be kept strangers to anxious care, reflective thoughts, and subjective moods. Their lives should be kept light, bright, buoyant, cheerful, full of sunshine, joy and gladness. They should be encouraged to laugh and to play and to romp to their heart's content. The serious side of life will come only too quickly, do what we may to prolong childhood.

One of the most unfortunate things I know of is the home that is not illuminated by at least one cheerful, bright, sunny young face, that does not ring with the persistent laughter and merry voice of a child.

No man or woman is perfectly normal who is distressed or vexed by the playing of the children. There was something wrong in your bringing up if it annoys you to see children romping, playing and having a good time.—Orison Swett Marden, in "Success Magazine."

Safe for Sale—A large Cary safe, for sale cheap. For particulars apply to Langseth Mercantile Co.

A Suggestion by Hunt.

The government engineers are surveying and taking levels for the proposed drainage ditches between the Clearwater and Red Lake Rivers this week, but no drainage can be done that will be of any practical bennefit to this part of the country, until the channel of the Red Lake River is deepened. It is useless to dig ditches to run the water out of the river on to the land, for anyone can see that it comes out fast enough when the spring floods are on, without any help from ditches. The river above Highlanding has very low banks with meadow lands on both sides of it for miles, in fact all the way up to the outlet, and as soon as the river starts to rise it commences to overflow these banks and the higher it rises the wider it gets, and last year the water ran from Red Lake River across the town of Deer Park and into the Clearwater river. Now of what use would ditches been at that time? But if the channel of the Red Lake River had been four feet deeper the river would have taken care of the water and there would have been no flood.—Sunbeam.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at

JACKSON & M'GINN'S

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

SOO LINE

THE MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

HELD IN THE TWIN CITIES

September 2d to 7th inclusive

WILL BE THE

Best Ever

READ THE PROGRAM

Monday, September 2nd Labor day
Tuesday, " 3rd Minneapolis day
Wednesday, " 4th Livestock and Dairy day
Thursday, " 5th Old settlers day
Friday, " 6th St. Paul day
Saturday, " 7th Twin Cities day

LOW RATES FROM

ALL SOO LINE STATIONS

ASK THE AGENT

J. Borry,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week.

Rev. Flesher was down to St. Hilaire last week.

Knut Jorstad was down to St. Hilaire last week.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last Friday.

Wm. Durbin left last Friday for North Dakota.

Will Vaugham was down from Germantown last week.

City Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston last week.

Dr. Grundy was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

Eddie Hermanson and Hans Langbell spent Sunday at Halstad.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

—Ten fresh milch cows for sale by Geo. Gusa, one mile west of town.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

George Lipscomb left last Friday for North Dakota to work during harvest.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

For sale cheap—1 three room house and two lots in block number 14, original townsite Thief River Falls, enquire of Ole Rudes Jewelry store, Main street.

Sam Johnson left last week for Prince Albert, Canada, to work for the Prince Albert Lumber Co.

O. N. Olson left last Friday for Lac quil Parle county to look after his farm interests down there.

Mrs Wegge, who had been visiting at the home of Herman Ohm, returned to Sandridge last Friday.

Miss Marie Arneson went down to Crookston last Saturday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Charles Hoar came over from Duluth last Saturday to visit friends for a few days and take in the hunting season.

The ladies aid of the norwegian United Church, will meet with Mrs. N. Ostvolden, Wednesday afternoon Sept. 11th.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and children left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days at the fair.

Charles C. Stewart, of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, was in the city last Saturday taking magnetic variations here.

Mrs. H. L. Melgaard and three daughters—Agnes, Irene and Ruth—of Argyle, were in the city last week visiting at the home of T. L. Melgaard.

Steve Withey is again the conductor on the Greenbush branch of the Great Northern and his many friends up this way are glad to see him on this run again.

Mrs. Geo. J. Solberg, of Thief River Falls, and Mrs. Gilbert Sandum, of Viking, visited a few days this week with relatives in Ulen and Hagen.—Ulen Union.

Hon. H. D. Tawney, of Winona, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to Roseau county where he is interested in a number of banks and owns a large amount of farm land.

"In spite of all that has been said and written, there are a good many people who really do not realize the wonderful fertility of the soil, and the numerous attractions offered by this section of the state.

The farmers' creamery at Rindal seven miles east of Fertile, caught fire from a defective smokestack Wednesday night, and was destroyed. The loss is $6,000 with $2,500 insurance. It will be rebuilt at once.

Judge Page Morris and W. T. Bailey, of Duluth, arrived in the city last Saturday to spend a few days hunting. For ten years these two gentlemen have been here at the opening of the hunting season each year.

"I don't wonder the Minnesota papers are continually trying to hammer into the minds of the general public that every man is wasting his opportunities by not investing in Northern Minnesota farm lands," says a writer in the Duluth Herald.

Daniel Shaw, Emil E. Zeh and S. V. Bagley, who made the trip from this city to Minneapolis in the Winton automobile last week, report that it was a *most delightful trip. The* weather was very favorable, although the roads were not the best. They arrived in Minneapolis about 4 o'clock on the second day.

Wm. Carmickle went to Thief River Falls, Monday morning, to make arrangements for the manufacture of another sample of his new invention—the milking machine—which he expects to take to the state fair next week. The machine has been tried and, we are told, does the business all right.—Hendrum Review.

Parties interested in mining continue to buy options on mineral rights in Otter Tail county southeast of Detroit. A large number of farmers have sold their rights for $2.50 per acre and $1.50 an acre extra if ore is found. They also agree to pay $25 an acre if grain is ruined while drilling. The options run for four years.

Contractor Hanson who is building the telephone line road in the town of North is doring an excellent job and this road will soon be one of the best in Red Lake county. Not only is a good grade being put up, but a ditch to drain of the water is also being built. The city has appropriated $1,120 to do this work and $350 of the city's share of the county road and bridge fund is also being used.

Dr. O. F. Melby, of Argyle, arrived in the city the past week with his family and is now living in the Fargo house on the East Side, having recently purchased this property. As was announced sometime ago, Dr. Melby has decided to remain here permanfly and has opened up an office in the Jackson & McGinn building. For a number of years past he has been one of the most successful physicians and surgeons of Marshall county, and is well known to the residents of this section.

Mr. Diebol, proprietor of the sash and door factory at Thief River Falls, was in the city this week setting up the fixtures in the Greenbush Drug Co's., store. The fixtures are certainly the best, and give due credit to the factory where made. The company has a reputation of turning out the best and we gladly recommend parties in need of fixtures, etc., to order the same from the Thief River factory.—Greenbush Journal.

All of the local merchants are getting large new stocks of goods these days, and it is an assured fact that business in Thief River Falls this year will be the best it has ever been. Crops around here the best they have been since 1895, the year of the big crop, and what is still better, the prices are going to be the best this fall they have ever been. Most of the farmers are out of debt and will have money to do a large amount of buying this fall.

The shipping of cattle to any other market than the stock yards at South St. Paul is something new for this section, but last week two car loads were shipped to Hibbing. As is well known, the miners up in that section are out upon a strike and have opened up a co-operative store to supply the striking miners with the necessities of life. The large packing companies refused to sell them meat and so an agent was sent here to buy two car loads of cattle. More cattle will be purchased there later on.

The Great Northern expects to build seven new bridges on the line between Moorhead and Crookston. They are at work now on the bridge across the Wild Rice. The others are at Climax, Shelly and Georgetown, and two bridges about a mile south of Halstad. The new bridges are built of steel with sandstone foundations and will cost considerable money. About 300 carloads of stone will be needed for the Wild Rice bridge, and it will take a crew of 25 about three months to build it, and will probably cost up near $40,000.

A drive through the towns of Rollis and Thief Lake convinces one of the productiveness of the soil in those towns and demonstrates conclusively the folly of people leaving their farms out there and going to Canada. We never saw finer fields of wheat, oats, barley or flax anywhere than are growing in Thief Lake and Rollis. The farmers out there will have something to sell this fall, and with the improvement that has been made and is going to be made in the roads, there will be something doing in Middle River in a business way after the threshing season is over.—Middle River Pioneer.

Our idea of good citizen and we are glad there are many in this community, says the Clear Lake Courier, is one always ready to give according to his means to community enterprises. He takes stock in them all, and doesn't lose faith if an occasional venture proves bad. He is not afraid to buy real estate and to pay what it is worth. He talks up his town at home and abroad, thinks it is the healthiest place on earth, believing it to be the biggest city in its section and wants to be buried here when he dies, and he's worth a whole regiment of luke-warm kind.

"You never see a broken winded horse in Norway," said a horse doctor. "That's because the horses there are allowed to drink while they eat, the same as mankind. Our horses, let them be so thirsty as getout, must still eat their dry fodder, their dry hay, oats and corn with nothing to wash them down. But in Norway every horse has a bucket of water beside his manger, and as he eats, he drinks, also. It is interesting to see how the Norwegian horses relish their water with their meals. Now they will sip a little from the bucket, now they eat a mouthful, just like rational human beings. You never see a broken-winded horse in Norway, and the natives say it is because they serve water to the animals with their feed.—Our Dumb Animals.

Dr. Mellby has sold his practice here and he and Mrs. Mellby left last evening for Thief River Falls where the Doctor will again establish himself in his profession. He has already purchased a residence there and his household goods and furniture preceded him to the new home. Dr. Mellby had a good practice here and he and Mrs. Mellby were popular young people whose departure will be very much regretted by the people of Argyle. We extend to Dr. and Mrs. Mellby our best wishes and congratulate the people of Thief River on gaining a very desirable family and adding a capable member to their medical fraternity. Dr. Mellby is succeeded by Dr. H. C. Stuhr who was formerly located here and who is well known to all our readers.—Argyle Banner.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

S. Swenson was down from Newfolden to spend Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Huseth last week.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston the first of the week.

W. J. Kelley came down from the Red Lake country last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Skagen last week.

Monday was Labor Day and the banks of Thief River Falls were all closed upon that day.

Misses Ila and Lottie Ramstad left the first of the week for Minneapolis to attend the state fair.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Mrs. Kidder returned to this city Monday from a trip to Winona, where she had been spending her vacation.

Mrs. H. W. Lee and children left Tuesday for Snohomish, Wash., to join Mr. Lee and make their future home.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. John Forsberg next Thursday afternoon.

For Rent—The store building in the Hotel Northern. Also a house near the Soo roundhouse for sale or rent. Joseph Juneau.

Wayne Richardson, who for the past three months has been visiting with relatives at Rochester, arrived home Sunday morning.

Nick Eckstein and Christ Carlson, two prominent residents of Wylie, were in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

—Lost—A dark brown heifer, eight months old. Finder please notify John Lundgreen, east side of Thief River, just north of Squaw point.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

Mrs. Joseph Lang left last Saturday for Alexandria to visit old friends. She will go to Minneapolis and St. Paul before returning to Thief River Falls.

They raise something besides wheat, flax and oats up in the town of Highlanding. The Sunbeam reports that one woman up in that town is the mother of eight healthy boys, the oldest one being 15 years old.

Dr. Gambell, who for the past two months has been up in Alaska on a trip to inspect the government's heard of reindeer, returned to this city Monday. He reports having had a most delightful outing.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Sept. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. *Spofford* has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Hans Lingbell, who for the past year has been foreman in the Press office, has decided to start a paper at Halstead, in Norman county. The business men of that place have promised him liberal support.

The water in the Red Lake river just at present is the lowest it has been for years, in fact old river men state that they never saw the river so low. The Red Lake River Transportation company's boats have found it necessary to lay up and it is quite probable that they will not be able to run again this year.

Miss Esther Kretzschmar entertained at a dinner party last Friday in honor of Flora McNiven. Covers were laid for eight, dainty little place-cards marking each individual plate. The decorations were in pink and green, maiden hair ferns and sweet-peas adorning the table. This is a second in a series of entertainments for Miss Flora, Thursday evening the same crowd enjoyed a nine o'clock supper at the Connelly farm.

Getting ready for Fall

Although not completely stocked up yet, we are busy every day unpacking fall goods and will soon have a larger and better assortment in every department than ever.

In these times when everything is going "sky high," you will be pleased to find our goods the same good quality and the same prices on the most of it---not any higher than former years.

In our dress goods department we never shown a larger variety nor a better quality at

25 and 50 cents.

Others, latest styles and shades, up to $1.50.

Flannels, cheap at 12½ cents, our price, 10c.

Tailor made skirts, $3.50 to $15.00.

It will be to your interest to look at and compare our line of children's school shoes if you want quality at a low price.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The News: $1 per Year.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SUGAR REFINERIES IN COMBINE

Competition in This Line Now Out of the Question in Sweden—Socialist Prophesies.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

All the sugar refineries in Sweden have amalgamated into one big limited company, with a capital stock of 135,000,000 kroner (about $43,750,000). This news is not of an altogether agreeable character. The sugar refineries had already formed a ring with the purpose of keeping prices up, but the amalgamation into a single limited company makes any possible competition altogether out of the question, especially in view of the enormously high duty on sugar importation. The duty amounts to nearly 100 per cent. of the value, being close upon 10 cents per kilogram. That it will be the consumer, in this case the masses, who will have to pay the piper when the great capitalists dance around the golden calf is certain. But perhaps this amalgamation into one single concern of a high protected industry will pave the way for the socializing of it. The socialist press today already prophesies that ultimately this will be the result and that the capitalists, by making away with all competition, which they always say is necessary for industrial life, have shown that the state easily can take over the production of an article which, like sugar, is a necessity.

A dispatch from Newport bearing date of Aug. 28 says: Sweden may set the brand of its disapproval on American millionaires. Prince Wilhelm's hobnobbing with the plutocrats of Newport is expected to excite criticism in simple, democratic Sweden, and the Swedish minister may be called to account in an official reprimand from the government at Stockholm. Minister Herman de Lagercrantz is inclined to think it would have been better if the prince had not come to Newport at all, rather than it should have appeared that he was seeking social attentions from the millionaires. The instinct of the Swedish people, said the minister, is to avoid ostentation and parade, to live the unspeculative, simple life, to evade some phases of American custom in boastful grandeur. The prince would not have come to Newport at all if his official guardian in this country, Herman de Lagercrantz, had foreseen what he considers the absurd misunderstanding of his visit.

Sweden, thus far, has made no move toward neutralization. There are old treaties in existence, to which England and France are party, that guarantee her from invasion, and her statesmen profess no fear of Germany or Russia. Indeed, the recent betrothal to a Russian princess of Prince Wilhelm, who is now visiting this country, indicates the friendship between the Romanoffs and the Bernadottes. Scandinavia thus seems secure from any danger of being drawn into the maelstrom of any European war that may break out.

Sweden's youngest veterinary surgeon is Weddig Borg of Stockholm. He is only 20 years old. In Sweden a veterinary surgeon must hold a university degree. Mr. Borg graduated from the University of Upsala when but 16 years of age and completed his course in veterinary surgery when he was 20 years old. Young Borg is now practicing his profession in Stockholm and has on special invitation of the king been requested to care for the health of the horses in the royal stables.

The socialists are carrying on a very vigorous campaign in many parts of Sweden, and their opponents are diligently advertising their propaganda by "exploding" it, at least to their own satisfaction. One of the latest assaults on socialism is a pamphlet written by Julius Sellman, who attempts to prove that the theories of the socialists are empty dreams.

Bohuslan fishermen, says the Dagbladet, are appealing to the government for protection while conducting their fishing near Griesbaaerne and other points on the North sea during this and next month. The disputes between Sweden and Norway is said to be the direct cause of their appeal.

The Swedes carried off all the prizes at the recent international swimming contests in Helsingfors, Finland. Robert Anderson took the first prize for speedy swimming; Hjalmar Johansson the first prize for high diving and Pontus Hanson for life saving won the first prize.

The Stockholm Tidning claims that it has heard from an authentic source that Rudyard Kipling, the English poet, will receive the Nobel prize for literature this year. Mark Twain has also been mentioned for this distinction, but cannot be considered.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The neutralization of Norway has, it is reported, been assented to by Germany and Russia, as a result of the recent mid-sea conference of the kaiser and the czar. The proposal to make the territory of Norway inviolate by agreement of the powers most interested originated with the Michelsen ministry of the newly revived kingdom. England at once gave its powerful backing to the project, which now seems to have found favor with the only other powers that would be likely to be tempted to invade the northmen's country. This achievement, if officially confirmed, will insure the peace and prosperity of Norway and will make the first ministry of the new monarchy renowned in its annals. One of the principal arguments against the dissolution of the union between Sweden and Norway was that neither country was strong enough by itself to maintain its integrity against the encroachments of ruthless neighbors. It was pointed out that Russia had taken Finland from Sweden and now secretly coveted an ice-free Atlantic port in northern Norway. Prussia's rape of Schleswig-Holstein from Denmark was cited as an example of what happens to a weak power without allies. It was predicted that an early result of the dissolution would be the loss of Scandinavian territory to Russia as soon as the Slavonic empire finished its quarrel with Japan. The Norwegian statesmen felt the force of this argument, and though they pressed on with unanimity for dissolution, they determined to take early measures for the neutralization of their country, whereby its territory would be as inviolate as that of Belgium or Switzerland. It was necessary for the new Norway to gain the good will of her powerful neighbors. The first step was the decision that the new government should be monarchial in form. The people of Norway at heart are republican. They wanted a republican form of government. But Premier Michelson and his far-seeing minister of foreign affairs, Herr Lovland, recognized clearly that to declare a republic would offend the kaiser and perhaps their good English friends as well. With careful strategy they set about winning the people of Norway over. So cogent were the arguments of the ministry and its supporters that a plebiscite for the revival of the ancient Norwegian monarchy was carried by a heavy majority.

Captain Roald Amundsen, who during the past year has lectured before the geographical societies of Copenhagen, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Brussels, Antwerp, London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Vienna, Budapest, Rome, St. Petersburg and Stockholm, is coming to the United States this fall. He received more than twenty medals, some even coming from the geographical societies in the cities of the United States. He lectured before the Royal Geographical society in London and received the unstinted praise of the English press and public, including such eminent men as Admiral McClintock, who himself came near making the northern passage when searching for Franklin. His lecture course here in America will be under the management of Harry Randall, of Minneapolis, who has managed all his lectures in Europe.

Some 8,000 men were thrown out of work by the employers' lockout. But both parties soon grew tired of the idleness caused by the lockout, and a cable of recent date states that they have agreed to resume the negotiations which were started by President Berner of the storthing, but which the employers did not take seriously at the time being.

During their recent Nordland trip King Haakon and Queen Maud were most enthusiastically received wherever they went. On their departure from Bodo they were followed to the ship by 4,000 people, who time and again made the air ring with their cheers. On every occasion the king made a short speech.

The number of steamers in process of construction in Norway July 1 of this year was seventy-six, having a tonnage of 54,650. At the same time eleven wooden sailing vessels were building and their tonnage was only 900.

The city council of Kristiansund has granted permission to F. G. Juell, of Kristiania, to build and operate gas works in the city. He may also build an electric light plant.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A crazy policeman caused no end of trouble in Copenhagen last Friday evening. The policeman in question was Sergeant Truelson. Every police station in the city received a telephone message from him giving orders that every Russian should be arrested at once, because it had been discovered that there was a plot to kill the czar. The orders were immediately followed to the letter. As many detectives as could be mustered were at once sent out to arrest Russians. But there was one policeman who refused to follow orders. He rushed into Truelson's office and asked if he thought that it would be possible to arrest 2,000 Russians and that there certainly wasn't room for them in the city jail. Upon investigation it was learned that Truelson had become violently insane. The orders for arrest were called off in time to save the Russian population of the city from considerable annoyance.

The new marine school ship, Viking, of the Danish merchant marine, is 250 feet long and can carry 4,000 tons. It is a fine looking vessel. The Viking is going to Peru with eighty scholars on board.

King Frederick and the rigsdag representatives have now returned from Iceland. When they returned to Copenhagen they were received by 30,000 people.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

THE DEATH RECORD.

After battling for months with an illness which last spring forced him to leave the stage and go abroad in search of health Richard Mansfield, the best known actor in this country, died at his summer home at Seven Oaks, near New London, Conn., of a disease of the liver, aggravated by complications.

Rev. Edward Hurt Jewett, an aged minister, took his life at Manhattan Beach, Cal., by cutting his throat with a razor. He was a believer of the Osler theory. He was seventy-seven years old and frequently reverted to the uselessness of his life at such an advanced age.

Oren Root, brother of Secretary of State Elihu Root and professor of mathematics and natural sciences of Hamilton college for twenty-seven years, died at his home in Clinton, N. Y., of cirrhosis of the liver. He was born in Syracuse May 18, 1838.

Colonel Leslie Smith, U. S. A. (retired), is dead at South Norwalk, Conn., of heart failure. He enlisted in the army in 1854. By special act of congress in 1904 he was made colonel.

Nelson Morris, the well known packer, is dead at Chicago after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Morris was a victim of heart disease complicated with kidney disease.

Colonel Isaac Wing of Bayfield, Wis., is dead. Colonel Wing was one of the wealthiest men in the northern part of the state and was noted for his gifts to charity.

Eugene Morriarty, editor and proprietor of the Worcester (Mass.) Post and a prominent Democrat, was drowned while bathing in Lake Quinsigamond.

News has been received from Paris, France, of the sudden death there of John W. Woodside, a well known retired manufacturer of Philadelphia.

Rev. P. M. Flannigan, a well known Catholic priest throughout the West and Northwest, is dead at Chicago of pneumonia.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The defendant coal companies in the government's anti-monopoly suit have filed their answer denying the existence of a trust. It is declared that the agreements to advance the price of coal were brought about in 1900 by the violence and intimidation of the striking mine workers, by the failure of the United States government and the state of Pennsylvania to enforce the law and protect the coal companies and the importunities of the late Marcus A. Hanna, who, it is alleged, was anxious to end the strike of the miners on account of the impending presidential election.

A resolution criticising President Roosevelt for commenting upon the trial of the beef trust case in the northern district of Illinois a year ago and adversely criticising the presiding judge and his rulings was tabled at the final session of the American Bar association at Portland, Me.

President Roosevelt and President Diaz simultaneously have telegraphed notes to the presidents of the five republics of Central America offering the good offices of the United States and Mexico in bringing about a conference of the republics for a discussion of peace.

Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court at Chicago, issued a temporary injunction against fourteen Western railroads and five express companies restraining them from establishing on Sept. 1 a new rate on shipments of cream, milk and butter.

Total interest and dividends payable by leading corporations in September will represent $76,097,351, of which dividend disbursements will contribute $44,847,351, or an increase over the same month a year ago of $7,396,206.

A new steamship company, known as the American and Manchurian line, has been organized to maintain a fortnightly service between New York, Dalny and Port Arthur and ports in China, Japan and the Philippines.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 31.—Wheat—To arrive—Sept., $1.03¾; Dec., $1.03¾; May, $1.07¼. Flax—Sept., $1.18¾; Oct., $1.15¾; Nov., $1.15¼; Dec., $1.12¾.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 31.—Wheat—Sept., $1.00¾; Dec., $1.02¾; May, $1.07¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.06½; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.02¾@1.03; No. 3 Northern, 98c@$1.00.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 31.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veal calves, $1.50@5.75. Hogs—$5.40@6.25. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.25@5.50; good to choice spring lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Wheat—Sept., 92c; Dec., 97⅝c. Corn—Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 58⅞@59c. Oats—Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 50⅛@50⅝c. Pork—Sept., $15.50; Oct., $15.65. Butter—Creameries, 21@26c, dairies, 19@24c. Eggs—12½@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c, chickens, 11½c; springs, 14½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.15@7.60, cows, $1.25@5.[illegible], Texans, $3.50@5.00, Westerns, $4.[illegible], stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible], calves, $5.5[illegible]@7.65. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]@6.65, mixed, $5.75@6.65, heavy, $5.40@6.35, rough, $5.40@5.7[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible], yearlings, $5.50@6.30, lambs, $[illegible].

Maddening.

A gentleman was attending a lecture one evening when he saw, two seats ahead of him, a man whom he took to be an acquaintance. Having no other way to attract his attention, he asked a stranger sitting next to him to poke the supposed acquaintance with his umbrella. As the disturbed man turned his head the gentleman discovered that he was not the person he had supposed, so he fastened his gaze attentively on the lecturer, leaving the man with the umbrella to settle with the man he had disturbed, an embarrassing and difficult task. At last the man with the umbrella turned rather indignantly to the gentleman.

"Didn't you ask me to poke that gentleman with my umbrella?"

"Yes."

"And why did you ask me?"

"I wanted to see whether you would do it!" was the reply.

He Told Her.

A good highland minister was endeavoring to steer a boat load of city young ladies to a landing place. A squall was bursting. The steering was difficult. One of the girls annoyed him by jumping up and calling anxiously, "Oh, where are we going to?" "If you do not sit down and keep still, my young leddy," said the minister pilot succinctly, "that will verra greatly depend on how you were brought up."—Dundee Advertiser.

Good Advice.

Go on in all simplicity. Do not be so anxious to win a quiet mind, and it will be all the quieter. Do not examine so closely into the progress of your own soul. Do not crave so much to be perfect, but let your spiritual life be formed by your duties and by the actions which are called forth by circumstances.—Francis de Sales.

Performed a Miracle.

Her Husband (angrily)—I was a fool when I married you.

His Wife—Aren't you a fool still?

"No; I am not."

"Then you should congratulate me upon my success as a reformer."—Spare Moments.

His View of Nature.

Huxley was once talking to Sir William Gull about the healing power of nature. "Stuff," said Gull. "Nine times out of ten nature does not want to cure the man. She wants to put him in his coffin."

The Soft Answer.

Mrs. Benham—You couldn't look me in the face when you came in last night. Benham—That was because your beauty dazzled me, my dear.—New York Press.

Subscribe for the News.

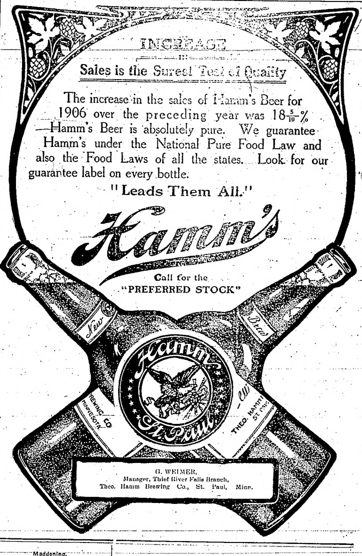

INCREASE
IN
Sales is the Surest Test of Quality

The increase in the sales of Hamm's Beer for 1906 over the preceding year was 18 5/10 %—Hamm's Beer is absolutely pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all the states. Look for our guarantee label on every bottle.

"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

Call for the "PREFERRED STOCK"

G. WEIMER,
Manager, Thief River Falls Branch,
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

3½% ALCOHOL IN GUND'S PEERLESS BEER
50% ALCOHOL IN WHISKEY

There It Is! — Take Your Choice!

Whiskey contains 50% alcohol—Brandy 55%—Rum 52½%—Gin 40%—Wine 15%—whereas a Pure Malt and Hop Beer brewed by the celebrated GUND NATURAL PROCESS—like

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contains only 3½% alcohol—just enough to gently aid and promote healthy digestion. Hence prominent physicians recommend it as a splendid tonic, full of substantial food elements and at the same time a perfect temperance beverage. Peerless Beer is full of flavor and sparkle and has all the charming tang and aroma of hops and harvest fields.

Order a case today. A splendid home beer. Sold everywhere.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. M. Carthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

A WOLFISH SUCCESS.

Selfishness Is Too Often the Mark of Great Wealth Today.

Dr. Adler in the following should have addressed his appeal to the mass instead of the individual who is at the mercy of conditions. Under capitalism the man who is too merciful often goes to the wall:

The saying of the Romans that "man in his relations to his fellow man acts like a wolf" is a favorite one of the pessimists. It is a libel on human nature if it is regarded as covering the whole ground, but it is a burning truth if it is regarded as accurately describing one aspect of man's behavior.

The wolfish motto is: Go ahead and assert yourself. Gain your point, no matter at what cost to others. Forge ahead with the same indifference to what lies in the way and what is crushed as that of a soulless automatic machine which rolls with its heavy weight over the paving stones or over a child's body.

A man who makes it his *principle* simply to get on, no matter who suffers, no matter who is trodden underneath, leads an unnatural life. We make so much of the injury that such human wolves inflict upon others that it is well to take notice of the injury that such a man does to himself.

The selfish man is narrow. His thoughts always run in the one groove. His aim is always the same thing—the gaining of wealth. He has no thoughts left for anybody else. He is like a person who lives in a cage—like a wild thing that moves up and down and cannot get out of his cage, which he has built around himself.

What if the cage is built of bars of precious metal—is it any less a cage? Is it not a great pity that a human being should be thus caged, bound up in stock, in oil or cotton or steel or railroads, so that his whole mind is infected with it, so that he becomes atrophied in every other direction—a human monstrosity?

Is that a natural life to lead? For him the great composers have not written their charming music. He is all too busy and too impatient to listen to it. Even while he is at the opera his thoughts are in Wall street.

I want to take the point of view entirely of the man himself who adopted the wolfish rule.

Would it not be better for him if he could say: "Henceforth, my brother, I will not trample on thee. I will not endeavor to drain the life out of thee. I will not make myself a wolf. I will not harrow my own life by attempting to feed on thee and flourish at thy expense. I will try to grow only through the generous process of seeking to assist thy growth?"—Dr. Felix Adler.

Humanity Is Enlisting.

Rev. Charles Stelzle, the labor commissioner of the Presbyterian church, delivered an address in Columbus during the recent national conference of that denomination in which he said in part: "There are forces organized and unorganized which are comprised in this labor movement. It includes the 25,000,000 Socialists of the world. It embraces the 8,000,000 trades unionists of every land, 3,000,000 of whom are in the United States and Canada. It includes that movement among the Russian peasants, 20,000 of whom last year suffered martyrs' deaths because of their belief in the ideal which somebody has given them. It includes the social movement in Germany, 40 per cent of whose entire population are Socialists and who stand today as a great menace before the German reichstag and the kaiser. It includes the movements we are hearing about among the people in Italy, in Belgium, in Australia, as well as the social unrest which exists in our own country."—New York Worker.

THE CLAIM OF SOCIALISM.

What the Manufacturer-Poet, William Morris Thought of It.

I have looked at this claim by the light of history and my own conscience, and it seems to me so looked at to be a most just claim and that resistance to it means nothing short of a denial of the hope of civilization.

This, then, is the claim:

"It is right and necessary that all men should have work to do which shall be worth doing and be of itself pleasant to do and which should be done under such conditions as would make it neither overwearisome nor overanxious."

Turn that claim about as I may, think of it as long as I can, I cannot find that it is an exorbitant claim, yet if society would or could admit it the face of the world would be changed, discontent and strife and dishonesty would be ended. To feel that we were doing work useful to others and pleasant to ourselves and that such work and its due reward could not fail us—what serious harm could happen to us then? And the price to be paid for so making the world happy is revolution.—William Morris.

Appeals to Reason.

Don't cuss the tramp. He's the only fellow without a steady income who is not looking for a chance to get your job.

There is nothing so hopeless as a man in misery who is content to remain there because he believes contentment to be a virtue.

Had mankind never developed to the point where one man could produce more than enough to keep and reproduce himself there would never have been such a thing as chattel slavery, and for the same reason there would never have been such things as wages and capitalism. Do you know why?

"Where a man's treasure is there will his heart be." What folly it is to say that men will lose interest in their work when they become owners of their jobs! The shepherd knoweth his sheep and is willing to lay down his life in their defense, but the hireling is not disposed to care much for the sheep belonging to a boss. See the point?

The better nature of man revolts against the iniquities of the existing regime. Why should the many toil in poverty that the few may riot in opulence? Why the many denied a decent livelihood to afford the few the special privilege of exploiting their own degeneracy? This brutal order must be overthrown, and this is the historic mission of the Socialist movement.—Appeal to Reason.

The Curse of Classes.

The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles.

Freeman and slave, patrician and plebeian, lord and serf, guildmaster and journeyman—in a word, oppressor and oppressed—stood in constant opposition to one another and carried on an uninterrupted—now hidden, now open—fight that each time ended either in revolutionary reconstitution of society at large or in the common ruin of the contending classes.

In the earlier epochs of history we find almost everywhere a complicated arrangement of society into various orders, a manifold gradation of social rank. In ancient Rome we have patricians, knights, plebeians, slaves; in the middle ages, feudal lords, vassals, guildmasters, journeymen, apprentices, serfs; in almost all of these, again, subordinate gradations.

The modern bourgeois society that has sprouted from the ruins of feudal society has not done away with class antagonisms. It has but established new classes, new conditions of oppression, new forms of struggle in place of the old ones.—Dr. Karl Marx.

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In the Stellar Role of
ROXY, THE WAIF

Complete scenic equipments. Capable Company of Actors. Introducing high class specialties. 20 people, band and Orchestra. Watch the streets at noon.

A Flimsy Objection.

They tell you that Socialism is a weed of foreign birth and therefore cannot take root in American soil. That may be partly true, but how about the Christian religion? Is not that of foreign birth? How about the sciences? Did not astronomy, mathematics, biology and even the alphabet we use immigrate to America from foreign lands? But why worry about Socialism if it is unfitted to this soil and climate and people? If the statement is true, it can never flourish here, and there is no occasion for all this anti-Socialist rag chewing. The people who offer these flimsy objections to Socialism are the people who want to Mexicanize American industry.—Apepal to Reason.

An International Movement.

The Socialist party is international, taking in the workers of the whole world, regardless of race, color, creed or sex. While its tactics differ in different nations, its fundamental principles are the same the world over.—Seattle Socialist.

Thinking and Obeying.

"Captain, what do you think," I asked,
"Of the part your soldiers play?"
The captain answered, "I do not think—
I do not think—I obey."

"Do you think you should shoot a patriot down
And help a tyrant slay?"
The captain answered, "I do not think—
I do not think—I obey."

"Do you think that your conscience was meant to die
And your brains to rot away?"
The captain answered, "I do not think—
I do not think—I obey."

"Then if this is your soldier's code," I cried,
"You're a mean, unmanly crew,
And with all your feathers and gilt and braid
I am more of a man than you.

"For whatever my lot on earth may be,
And whether I swim or sink,
I can say with pride, I do not obey—
I do not obey—I think!"
—Ernest H. Crosby.

Socialism Scores Again.

That the British workingmen have deliberately decided on the Socialist policy, which scored so heavily in the last election, is proved by the election of another Socialist member to the British parliament. Comrade Pete Curran, a well known Socialist of long standing, has been elected in the Jarrow division of Durham county by a majority of nearly 800, defeating Liberal, Conservative and Nationalist opponents. Mr. Curran's total vote was 4,698, his nearest competitor receiving 3,930. At the last election Mr. Curran contested the same seat, but was defeated by the Liberal candidate.

News now comes of a second Socialist victory in the Colne division of Yorkshire, where Comrade Victor Grayson has won the seat.—Wilshire's Magazine.

Inhuman Strife.

What a horrid, cruel system is this in which we are constantly crowding one another to the wall, trampling upon the man who is down madly scrambling for a foothold regardless of how the other fellow fares, fearing that to pause for a moment would mean our own destruction! Yet this is the order of things for which capitalism and capitalistic political parties stand. Socialism grows because men do not want to keep up this inhuman strife forever. They want to live like men and brethren, and they are turning rapidly to Socialism, which means the end of classes and class antagonisms. —J. M. A. Spence.

The New Economy.

Socialism is that contemplated system of industrial society which proposes the abolition of private property in the great material instruments of production and the substitution therefor of collective property and advocates the collective management of production, together with the distribution of social income by society and private property in the larger proportion of this social income.—Professor Ely.

Health Recipe.

One time a man asked the poet Longfellow how to be healthy, and this is the answer he received:

Joy, temperance and repose
Slam the door on the doctor's nose.

England and Australia are the only islands which exceed Cuba in their natural resources.

Norwich and Herring Pye.

For many centuries the city of Norwich, in respect of the manor of Carleton, was liable to provide annually twenty-four herring pies for the royal kitchen. Blomefield in his "History of Norfolk," referring to this quaint service, prints a letter from the household officers of Charles I., making "divers just exceptions" to the quality of the pies which had been forwarded by the city sheriffs.

The main exceptions read as follows:

"First, you do not send them according to your tenure of the first new herrings that are taken.

"Secondly, you do not cause them to be well baked in good and strong pastye, as they ought to be, that they may endure the carriage the better.

"Thirdly, whereas you should by your tenure take in these pastyes six score herrings at the least, being the great hundredth, which doth require five to be put into every pye at the least, we find but fewer herrings to be in divers of them.

"Fourthly, the number of pyes which you sent at this tyme we find to be fewer than have been sent heretofore, and divers of them much broken.

"And, lastly, we understand the bringer of them was constrained to make three several journeys to you before he could have them, whereas it seemeth he is bound to come but once."—Chambers' Journal.

The Original Organ Grinder.

When barrel organs, once the usual accompaniment of the magic lantern, came into use a native of the province of Tende was one of the first who traveled about Europe with this instrument. In his peregrinations he collected money enough to enable him to purchase from the king of Sardinia the title of count of the country where he was born, for which probably in a time of war he did not pay above 1,000 guineas. With the remainder of his money he purchased an estate suitable to his rank and settled himself peaceably for the remainder of his days in his mansion. In the entrance hall of his dwelling he hung up his magic lantern and his organ facing the door, there to be carefully preserved till they moldered to dust, and he ordered by his will that any one of his descendants who should cause them to be removed should forfeit his inheritance and his patrimony revert to the next heir or in failure of a successor to the hospital of Tende. Only a few years ago the organ and lantern were still to be seen carefully preserved.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Manchester Martyrs.

Along in '67 or thereabouts some Irishmen tried to rescue a bunch of Fenian prisoners in Manchester, and a police sergeant was shot and killed. The prisoners got away, which may have had something to do with the upshot too. The government was naturally sore, and they managed to hang three of the rescue party without too much fine haired fuss as to whether they had anything to do with the shooting or not. At that time Fenians and Nationalists were at daggers drawn, and the church was heavy against the Fenians, of course, but they were all one, one in agony and shame over those Irish boys strung up in an English town. All their helplessness, all the bitterness of England's might, England managed with those halters to drive festering deep afresh. Think of a town the size of Dublin turning out a funeral procession of 60,000 people, and think of how those 60,000 Irish were feeling when I tell you they were quiet—quiet in those streets where the lowest hovels had hung out their bits of green-twined black.—McClure's Magazine.

Shop Without a Name.

In the Devonshire town of Modbury there is a butcher's shop which has no name nor has it had one for the last 120 years. The reason affords a striking illustration of the superstitious nature of west country folk. When this particular business was started, the owner for some reason or other did not have his name inscribed on the premises. Whether this fact had anything to do with the success of the business or not it would be difficult to say. Trade, however, was brisk, and the butcher duly retired, leaving the nameless shop to his son. The business has been handed down from father to son for more than 120 years, but none of those into whose occupation it has come would have his name put up on any consideration, fearing—as, in fact, the present owner does today—that such a procedure might break the spell of good fortune with which the business has been favored.—London Standard.

Those Who Tie Knots.

Can any one tell why the landlubber in tying a cord around a package or anything else will always make a granny knot instead of a square not? We all do it in spite of thunder. To tie a reef knot or sailor's knot requires thought and experience. Yet it is as easy as a granny knot. Never believe for a moment that sailors are the only people in the world who can tie knots. Go to an operating theater in some big hospital and take note of the skill with which surgeons and even nurses employ bandages and ligatures. Learn from them how to tie the clove hitch, the combined surgeon's and reef knot, the Staffordshire knot, the common surgeon's knot, the friction knot, Hensen's knot, Tait's knot, etc.—New York Press.

Carefully Selected.

One of the most remarkable features of life in New South Wales is the transformation of criminals into hardworking citizens. Of the 30,000 settlers there in 1821, 20,000 were or had been convicts. It is said that on board an American liner a boastful Australian asserted loudly and over and over again that "the men who settled Australia were a remarkably sensible lot."

"Yes," said an American quietly, "I have always understood that they were sent out by the very best judges."

Preparing For Dinner.

One of the residents of the town of Idvor was noted for his parsimony. Let us call him Mr. Wiggles. There was an old major in Idvor who said to his valet one evening, "Go and tell the cook to get me ready a chop and a poached egg." "Pardon me, major," said the valet, "but have you forgotten that you are dining with Mr. Wiggles tonight?" The major frowned. "Yes," he said, "I had forgotten it. Tell the cook to make it two chops and two poached eggs."

Antony and Cleopatra.

Cleopatra was riding in her barge. "It is a beautiful view from here," she remarked in Egyptian words to that effect.

"Yes," responded Antony. "I took care to get you a Nile seat."

Whereat the rowers did laugh lustily.

Cabbage Leaves.

"Do you think cabbage is unwholesome?" asked a dyspeptic.

"It depends somewhat," answered the food expert, "on whether you eat it or try to smoke it."—Washington Star.

ANCIENT TRADES UNION.

The Company of Pewterers, Which Was Composed of Masters Only.

Unlike the trades unions of today, the Company of Pewterers of olden times was composed of the masters only, and disobedience of the rules was punished with a vigor far exceeding anything of the kind at the present day. The laws were made for the protection of the general public and not for the workingman alone; consequently the articles turned out by a master pewterer and bearing his "touch" had to be up to a given standard of excellence. Before a man could set up as a master pewterer he was obliged to serve an apprenticeship of about six years, after which he had to produce his "essay" pieces under certain test conditions, and only after these pieces had been approved by the authorities of the craft was he allowed his freedom and permitted to register his private "touch" at the company's hall and set up as a master pewterer.

The company was not content merely to pass upon the work of a craftsman, but came very near regulating the minor details of his life. The penalty was very heavy for employing a helper who had not served a regular apprenticeship, and any master so daring as to employ a foreigner was fined £10, and all articles made by him were confiscated, the object being to keep the trade secrets from spreading.—Circle Magazine.

CONFECTIONERY.

The Sugar Plum Is the Most Ancient Kind of Sweetmeat.

The most ancient kind of sweetmeat is the sugar plum. It was the invention of Julius Dragatus, a noted Roman baker and confectioner, who belonged to the family of Fabius. According to an authority on ancient history, it was in 177 B. C. that he made the great discovery which for twenty centuries has done so much damage to teeth.

These bonbons, called dragati, after their inventor (dragees in French), remained the exclusive privilege of the family of Fabius. But at the birth or marriage of one of that family a great distribution of dragati took place as a sign of rejoicing. The custom is still observed by many of the nobility of Europe.

Burned almonds are purely of French origin, owing their inception to the gluttony of a certain French merchant. One day Marshal Duplessis-Pralin, an old gourmet, sent for Lassagne, who had already invented many a toothsome dainty, to concoct a new bonbon for him. Lassagne searched, reflected, combined, until finally he conceived a delicious bonbon, which he baptised gloriously after the name of his master, praline, the French for burned almonds.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Old Time Stagecoach.

In 1762 there were, strange as it seems, only six stagecoaches running in all England, and of course these were the only public vehicles for travelers. Even these were a novelty, and a person named John Crosset thought they were such a dangerous innovation that he wrote a pamphlet against them. "These coachees," he wrote, "make gentlemen come to London upon every small occasion, which otherwise they would not do except upon urgent necessity. Nay, the conveniency of the passage makes their wives come often up, who rather than come such long journeys on horseback would stay at home. Then when they come to town they must be in the wade, get fine clothes, go to plays and treats and by these means get such a habit of idleness and love of pleasure that they are uneasy after."

The Chameleon Goshawk.

I know no bird which passes through so many changes of plumage and color of eyes as the goshawk. A young one which I have mounted is about the size of a small hen and is covered with white down. His eyes are pale blue. I colored the eyes exactly from life. When fully grown, the first plumage is dark brown above and the eyes are pale yellow. No one would be likely to suspect this being a goshawk who had seen only adult birds. Later it changes to the dark slaty blue of the adult, and the eye, after passing through all the intermediate changes in color from stray yellow, orange yellow and pink, finally assumes the deep rich red of the adult. I know no other hawk, adds Manly Hardy, writing in Forest and Stream, so handsome as the goshawk.

The Letter G.

The letter G furnishes us a curious bit of orientalism. Its Hebrew name is gimel, camel, from the resemblance of the Hebrew character to the head and neck of that animal. The character was thus almost certainly derived from a picture of that animal, which, reduced to a hieroglyphic and then simplified, still distantly indicates the shape of the head and neck of the beast of burden familiar to every dweller in eastern lands.

Infantile Chicken Broth.

Customer—What on earth is this broth made of, waiter? Surely it isn't chicken broth? Waiter—Well, sir, it's chicken broth in its infancy. It's made out of the water that the eggs are boiled in.

Sure Proof.

"Is Flapdoodle truthful?"

"Well, he confesses that he covered his head the other night and didn't dare get out of bed when he thought he heard a burglar in the house."—Detroit News.

If you know how to spend less than you get you have the philosopher's stone.—Franklin.

WOOING SLEEP.

A Prescription That Worked Well in Philadelphia.

A haggard looking man strolled into a downtown drug store the other day and asked the druggist for help. He said he had trouble in getting to sleep when he retired. No matter how sleepy he might be during the day or how much sleep he might have lost, the moment his head touched the pillow he was wide awake and lay thus for several hours. Once asleep he was very hard to waken, but he had to be up at a certain hour, and in consequence of his peculiar affliction he was losing more sleep than he could stand. The drug clerk regarded him quizzically a few moments and then replied:

"My dear man, you don't want medicine. What you want is something to change the trend of your thoughts. Do as a friend of mine did. He was troubled the same way and found that the old folks' plan of imagining sheep passing a barrier and counting them was out of date, so he began trying to name all the states in the Union. He soon got them so he could classify them alphabetically. Then, when they no longer interested him, he started on the counties of his state. He now has them at his tongue's end, classified up to the fourth letter. Now he is starting on state capitals and their locations. Then he will take up county seats. A moment's glance at an atlas during the day shows him when he is wrong, and the beauty of the plan is that he rarely has to think along these lines longer than ten minutes before he is sound asleep. To make it short, the study of geography is a good narcotic."—Philadelphia Record.

A BOY HUNT.

Chased From Hedge to Hedge by a Big Pack of Weasels.

The following extract from an interesting book may be of interest to our friends. It is "From My Life as an Angler," by William Henderson, published in London in 1879.

"About this time, while rambling in the picturesque lane leading from Merrington to Windlestone with two other boys, an adventure occurred sufficiently startling to two little fellows from nine to ten years old. We were busily engaged in picking wild strawberries, which clustered in the hedgerows, when we saw at about a hundred yards distance a pack of at least twenty weasels running from hedge to hedge and evidently scenting out footsteps. It flashed upon us that we were being hunted. So, springing over the nearest hedge, we ran across a pasture field and, standing upon the farther bank, looked back toward our assailants. To our dismay we saw the whole pack, with noses to ground, steadily tracking our course. The word was given, 'Run, run!' and off we scampered across another field to take up our position on another hedge. Still the pursuit was going on, and the creatures were evidently gaining upon us, so with a wild shout we fled to the village, which, happily for us, was not far off. I have frequently heard of persons being attacked by weasels, but was never hunted by them on any other occasion."

The above must have occurred about 1812, the locality being the north of England.—Forest and Stream.

Shooting the Steenbuck.

Many of the poor Boers in the Transvaal, by whom all the shooting that is done is for the pot and not for sport, have perfected a system of shooting with the assistance of oxen. A steenbuck has no fear of cattle and will lie still even if they graze right up to him. The hunter gets together a few cattle and with his gun walks behind them in such a way that he cannot be seen from the front. Great care has to be exercised to drive the oxen so that they may seem to be grazing naturally. The hunter must be ready to shoot without having to alter his position. The slightest movement is noticed by the buck.

Peculiarities of Long Island.

The class in geography in one of the Brooklyn schools was asked by the teacher, "What are some of the natural peculiarities of Long Island?"

The pupils tried to think, and, after awhile, a boy raised his hand.

"I know," said he.

"Well, what are they?" asked the teacher.

"Why," said the boy, with a triumphant look, "on the south side you see the sea and on the north side you hear the sound."

Fatalism Exemplified.

She—I hope, dear, that you are not going to worry about my exceeding my allowance this time.

He (brightening up)—You don't mean to tell me, dearest, that there isn't any necessity for it?

"Certainly not. What's the use of worrying about something you can't help?"—New York Life.

The Flesh She Lost.

"You're not looking well, Mrs. Giles. Surely you have lost a lot of flesh lately, have you not?"

"I have that. I've lost me 'usband. 'E weighed nineteen stone when 'e died."—London Telegraph.

Modern Modesty.

"You say a modest woman. Just what do you mean by that?"

"Well, a woman who costs her husband less than $2,500 a year is modest as prices go."—New York World.

Times Change.

Mrs. Benham—You used to say that you would give your life for me. Benham—That was when I was sick and expected to die anyway.—Baltimore World.

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A COUNTRY VISITOR.

The New York Man Felt Above Him but Changed His Opinion.

One of the most successful wholesale dry goods merchants New York city ever saw had the peculiar habit of regarding as his inferior any man who was engaged in a business less genteel, as he held, than his own. In his employ was a young Vermonter, who felt highly elated when one day a man from his native town who was visiting the city called on him. The man was somewhat crude in his manners, but he had piled up a fortune in the tinware business and in buying up at a discount in times of panic commercial paper which he believed was good. The youth introduced the Vermonter to his employer.

"What business are you in?" asked the dry goods prince as the two shook hands.

"The tinw-a-a-r business," drawled the Vermonter.

Without a word the dry goods merchant turned on his heel and bolted into his private office. He didn't recognize tinware merchants as desirable acquaintances.

"Hold on a minute, Mr. ——!" shouted the Vermonter after the retreating figure. "Are these here things goin' to be paid when they fall due?"

From his wallet the Vermonter drew several slips of paper, which he held up to the dry goods merchant's face. The merchant glanced at them and effusively bade the Vermonter welcome to his private office. The papers were notes to the extent of $50,000 uttered by the dry goods merchant and which, unknown to him, the Vermonter had bought up at a big discount.—Brooklyn Eagle.

OLD TIME CELEBRATIONS.

Happiness the Order of the Day, Tranquillity of the Night.

The files of old newspapers are a priceless record of the history and manners of their times. In the papers of 1796 the accounts of public rejoicings show that these were few in number and that the method of keeping them differed widely from our ideas of festivities. Washington's birthday was perhaps the greatest holiday.

"Industrious citizens," we are told, "appropriated the hour of noon for the congratulations of the day. Each family enriched the domestic meal with bountiful provisions, and gay spirits and temperate and undissembled joy pervaded all classes."

There were speeches and processions and illuminations for the less industrious who were willing to give something more than the hour of noon to the celebration, but the most memorable observance of the day was that of the Harvard students.

"Saying to each other that it would be disgraceful to pretend to honor Washington with riot and disorder, they retired to their chambers before 9 o'clock, and by the time the bells ceased ringing there was not a light to be seen in any of the buildings."

This is equaled by the summing up of the celebrations of Fourth of July for the same year, a day observed with great rejoicings. No accidents are reported, and the editor concludes, "In short, in every place we heard from happiness was the order of the day, tranquillity of the night."—Youth's Companion.

The Luscious Grape.

The grape, whose purple flood man for century after century has converted into wine, is a Persian by birth. Its cradle was on the sunny hills to the south of the Caspian sea, and there the ancients ate it and enjoyed its acid taste. The men of Caubul ground it to a dry powder and ate it with relish, half as a medicine, half because they liked it. And then those days went by, and we hear of the renowned grapes of Palestine, which grew in immense clusters and weighed fifteen pounds to the bunch. Noah planted the vine immediately after the deluge. The book of Genesis mentions bread and wine, and the Israelites complained that Moses and Aaron had brought them out of Egypt into a dry and barren land where there were neither figs nor vines.

A Difficult Feat.

Have you ever tried to stand upright on a log perhaps a foot across the butt out in an open lake, keeping your balance to every roll and dip of the log? Well, if you had you would realize better the marvelous balance of the man who not only has to do this, but also maneuver other logs down the current with a long pike pole, chain booms together with numbed fingers, and, in fact, do the whole of his day's work while balancing on a twirling, twisting, half submerged tree trunk.—Wide World Magazine.

Immune.

"You'd better get out. Here comes that [illegible] and he's got a story he thinks is so new that he'll insist on [illegible]."

"No, he won't. I'm immune."

"How's that?"

"[illegible] the story."—Cleveland Leader.

Worse Than He Felt.

[illegible]

[illegible] Trouble.

[illegible]

[illegible] generally wants your praise.—Chesterfield.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Clara M. Manuel of Erie, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1149 made April 21, 1906, for the S.W.¼ Section 4 Township 153 N., Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for the District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 24, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Burtnell Rhuby, of Erie, Minn.
Julius Halvorson, " Reiner, "
Albert Gulbrandson, " Erie, "
Philomeine Friberg, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 22 sept 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Jensen of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 445, made June 29th 1904, for the Lots 10, 11 and N½ N.W.¼ Sec.22, Township 153 N.R. 41,W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept.28th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Louis O. Kangelf, of Kratka, Minn.
Charles W. Nelson, " Thief River Falls, "
Ludvig Larson, " Kratka, Minn.
Anton Skog, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 22

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - - plaintiffs,

vs.

Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Rudolph O. Manthey of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible], Red Lake Lands made June 25, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 10, Township 151 N., Range 41W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp of Germantown, Minn.
Fred Duchamp " " "
Henry Dau " " "
Carl Demmer " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class in All Respects.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1907 NUMBER 37

Historical Society

IT WILL BE A TAME ONE.

City Election This Fall Promises to Be a Quiet Affair.

Not Expected That There Will Be Very Many Contests.

Unless all signs fail, Thief River Falls is going to have the quietest election this fall that the city has ever had. In less than two months the voters of the city will have the opportunity of electing a complete new set of city officials and in so far as the News has been able to learn there are no candidates in the field. The members of the present city council are giving perfect satisfaction and it is perhaps as strong a city council as the city has ever had—and this is saying a good deal, for the city has had some very good councils in the past. We do not know whether any of the present aldermen will be candidates for re-election, but we do know that a lot of people desire to see them run again.

No man has ever been elected mayor of Thief River Falls and served for any length of time who gave satisfaction, and it is impossible to believe that any man ever will. Dr. Grundy, the present mayor, is no exception to the rule. He will quite likely be a candidate for re-election and is quite sure to have opposition, but thus far the name of no man who will be candidate against him has been presented for the consideration of the voters.

Ever since the city was organized, J. W. Wallin has been the city treasurer and has always been elected without opposition. He could be elected again this year if he resided in the city, but owing to the fact that he now lives in Beltrami county, makes this out of the question. As yet no one has announced a willingness to run for this office.

The best paying job in the city is the office of municipal judge. J. M. Bishop, the present incumbent, is undecided as to whether or not he will be a candidate this year. Rumor has it that K. M. Hanson and S. T. Johnson are to be candidates for this office, but as yet they have made no announcement.

ROBBERS GET $1400.

Bank of Donaldson Broken Into Last Friday Night.

Safe Was Blown to Pieces and $1400 in Money Taken.

One more bank robbery was added to the list last Friday night when the Bank of Donaldson was entered, the safe blown and looted of $1,400 in cash. From impressions made in the street, beer bottles and cigarette stubs found, it is believed that there were not less than five in the gang and that three of these stood on guard while the other entered the bank and blew the safe.

Four distinct explosions were heard by people of the town, but they were so terrorized that they did not say anything about the explosions until morning. The robbers gained admittance by breaking in the windows of the building and with tools taken from a blacksmith shop they knocked off the combination. The explosive used was nitro glycerine and the robbers were evidently determined to get the money no matter what opposition offered, as the safe was almost completely demolished, the inner safe was wrecked and the force of one of the explosions must have been terrific.

Subscribe for the News.

GOOD CONTRACT.

Local Firm Secures a Good State Ditching Job.

The firm of Arpin Bros. of Thief River Falls, secured a contract which will amount to $23,000 or $30,000 for building state drainage ditches in the country north of here last week.

The work to be done comprises the drainage ditches designated as 47, in Marshall county, and 48, 49 and 50, in Kittson county. The bidders for the work were Arpin Bros., Peter Lofgren, John H. Kinsella, the Standard Drainage company and Gottfried Erickson.

Arpin Bros. were the lowest bidders on all parts of the work and contracts were let to them at 14 cents a cubic yard for ditch 47 and 15½ cents for ditches 48, 49 and 50. The entire work of excavation to be done is estimated at 180,000 cubic yards.

WALLACE BUYS BOATS.

Red River Line, Owned by Hill, Sold to Grand Forks Man.

Grand Forks, N. D., Sept. J.—The Red River line of steamers, established by James J. Hill of the Great Northern railway, has passed into the possession of C. S. Wallace of Grand Forks, whose bid for the property at a mortgage sale was $20,213 32. McGuire & Atwood of Minneapolis owned the property, and it was sold under the mortgage execution.

The property consists of the steamer Grand Forks and Fram, several wheat elevators and barges along the Red river.

It is said that the Soo wanted the line, but the purchase was made thru Attorney G. C. Corliss, who is counsel for the Northern Pacific, and so there is believed to be nothing to the story. Had the Soo secured control the grain would have been diverted to Osloo for shipment, and Grand Forks would no longer have been the terminal point.

The Grand Forks and Fram are all that is left of several vessels that used to ply the Red river from above Grand Forks to Winnipeg. The list included the Alsop, Selkirk, International and Pluck, sold to East Grand Forks capitalists.

GOOD ROAD OF GUMBO.

State Engineer Says That Good Road Can Be Built of Gumbo.

Says a Road Near Crookston Built of Gumbo Is a Good One.

"I am now fully convinced that there is no reason why good gumbo roads cannot be built," said George W. Cooley, engineer of the state highway commission, upon his return from a trip of inspection in the northern part of the state. "The gumbo road built near Crookston a year ago is now in excellent condition and has been every day during the year in which it has been in use," says the Pioneer Press.

The building of good roads in the Red River Valley, where gumbo abounds, has not met with much success in past years and the road built by the highway commission at Crookston last year was in the nature of an experiment to determine the value of gumbo in road building. For this purpose a part of the road was built of pure gumbo, while about a half of it was surfaced with gravel. Since its construction the local officials have watched the road carefully and when a bad spot appeared it was immediately cared for, with the result that the road today is in as good condition as it was when laid.

Perpetual maintenance, Mr. Cooley states, is the secret of success in building gumbo roads, as it is with all other kinds of roads. In building the road at Crookston the drainage was the important factor which received the greatest attention on the part of the builders. The surface water would run off readily, and the drainage ditches were then pitched at a grade which would insure the carrying away of the water. This avoided the great trouble in gumbo roads of allowing the water to remain in the low places and softening that portion of the road. When cracks or ruts appeared they were immediately filled up, and the surface of the road thus kept smooth. It was found that the gravel surface was an excellent feature as it made a hard surface, allowing the water to flow off easily and protecting the gumbo from immediate contract with the wheels of wagons and the horses hoofs.

Mr. Geo. W. Cooley inspected the gumbo road built by the federal government at Grand Forks, N. D., five years ago. This road has not been cared for since it was built and the result has been that ruts have been allowed to form, the water remains in them and spreads the bad spots and the road is generally in a very bad condition. This condition is aggravated by the fact that gumbo is brought onto this road from the tributary roads and this, sticking to the wheels of the vehicles, picks up the material which has been loosened on the government built road and carries it away.

From the experiments which have now been made in building gumbo roads Mr. Cooley is convinced that if the roads are well made in the first place, with ample provisions for drainage, and bad spots immediately cared for, there is no reason why gumbo roads should not prove entirely satisfactory.

Outlook For County Option.

In its column of "Political Gossip from St. Paul" in last Sunday's edition, the Duluth News Tribune publishes the following:

"Will the Republican party at its next state convention declare for county option as the leading issue of the new campaign?

"Party leaders of late have been seriously considering this, and general sentiment seems to favor it.

"A leading republican of the state has made a careful study of county option and its application as a political question in every county of the state. He believes that in 62 counties county option is already an issue, which will carry a majority of the vote. That that sentiment has grown with great strides the past few years was demonstrated beyond dispute in the last legislature session where, next to the tonnage tax on iron ore it was the liveliest question considered. It is said the ninth, second and Seventh district would solidly favor county option the coming campaign; that in the Sixth district, Wright, Meeker, Douglas and Todd counties would favor it and perhaps Crow Wing; that in the First district every county is for option except Winona. In the Third district Goodhue and probably several others are option counties. In the Fourth Kannebec and Chicago would be carried on this issue. Of course Ramsey county would go strong the other way. In the Fifth Hennepin would be close, but probably go for license. In the Eight district probably half the counties are in favor of county option."

Millinery Opening

All of the latest styles in fall and winter hats will be on display at

MISS JOHNSON'S MILLINERY

on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 17 and 18. The ladies of this city and vicinity are cordially invited to attend and inspect this display.

Roy Ingalls Severely Hurt.

On Thursday evening of last week Roy Ingalls met with an accident that for several hours threatened to be a fatality.

He had been away from home on horseback and returned late in the evening. He rode up to the open stable door and hastily dismounted. The ground being slippery and the night dark, he in some way lost his footing and fell across the door sill, whereupon the horse which was a partly broken colt, plunged into the stable over the prostrate body of Roy striking him in the back of the head with its hoofs. He retained consciousness long enough to call for help from the house, but after being helped to bed became delirious and for a couple of days fears of his death were entertained. Dr. Courtland, of Newfolden was called to attend him and his brother-in-law and sister, of Woodward, Iowa, were telegraphed for and came at once.

By Sunday however, he had begun to improve, and Monday evening when the editor was out to see him he had so far recovered as to be able to talk and tell how it happened.—Middle River Pioneer.

ENTERPRISING.

Clay County Farmer Wheels Baby and Shocks Grain.

Moorhead News: Mr. O. Martinson is authority for the statement that Clay county furnishes the most remarkable example of thrift and enterprise that any county can produce, as far as present returns go. He tells of a thrifty husband and wife south of the city who have one child, an infant, and about 160 acres of grain; these with their stock and farm implements are their main possessions. The price of labor being too high to suit them, the wife drives the binder, and the husband shocks the ripened sheaves. As he moves forward in the field he pushes the baby carriage before him. When a lusty cry for food comes forth from the infant he is Johnny on the spot, Mr. Martinson says, with the milk bottle, and if the infant needs entertaining, he pretends to be cutting up didos for its amusement, while in reality he is breaking his back in hopping from one bundle to another. "If people like that can't make their way in the world the rest had better quit trying," said Mr. Martinson, and we rather guess he's right.

Are You Going

"shopping" this fall for the lowest priced clothes you can find? Or are you going to get the very best thing for your money? You'll probably get what you look for; and you'll find some awfully cheap clothes for sale. You'll find some mighty good ones, too; the kind that are better than they cost.

They're Hart Schaffner & Marx make; and we sell them.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

An Eye For the Future

FUTURE

will save suffering if your vision is under consideration. Have your eyes examined now, and it may be that light glasses will avoid heavier and more expensive ones later on, and more important still your eye sight for many years, and also lessen the risk of headaches and other ills.

Consultation free.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK
EYE SPECIALIST AND JEWELER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 00
Barley	55
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

Louis Hanson was over to Fisher the first of the week.

Mrs. Horton spent last Friday and Saturday in Minneapolis.

County Supt. McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

C. E. Nelson and A. E. Flanders, of Warren, were in the city the first of the week.

Carl Peterson came up from Stillwater yesterday to visit with friends for a few weeks.

Ed Wilcox returned to the city last Friday from a trip to North Dakota points.

Rooms For Rent—5 upstairs rooms for rent, for particulars inquire of Olaf Tessum.

Charles Latta, editor of the Plummer Pioneer and postmaster, was in the city Tuesday.

Joe Mosleth left Monday for North Dakota to spend the fall in the harvest fields there.

Wayne Richardson was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting with friends.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

James A. Morrisey was up from Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters here.

Services at the German Lutheran church at 10:30 next Sunday, at Manor P. o. at 3P. M.—Rev. F. Seltz.

Rev. M. Kretzschmar, of Kramer, North Dakota, spent Tuesday of last week with his classmate, Rev. F. Seltz.

Judge Page Morris and W. T. Bailey, of Duluth, who had spent several days here hunting chickens, returned home Tuesday.

At the auction sale of stock held at J. P. McCullough's last Saturday, some fancy prices were paid for stock. One cow brought $48.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran church spent a pleasant afternoon with Mrs. Albert Geske, four miles south of town last Wednesday.

A couple of large cabbages grown by Andrew Clements, the veteran gardner, and on exhibition in Daniel Shaw's real estate office shows the productiveness of the soil of this section.

The family of A. H. Pinkher arrived in the city the first of the week and are now occupying one of the Evenson flats. Mr. Pinkher is the miller in the Hanson & Barzen Milling company flour mill.

Editor John N. Kirsch, of the Crookston Daily Journal, was in the city yesterday attending to business affairs. Mr. Kirsch is making a great success of his paper and it covers the Red River Valley completely.

A. J. Klimek has the north half of the center building in the Meehan block for rent and desires to secure a tenant as soon as possible. Anyone wishing to secure this location is requested to call and see him at once.

Gilbert Olson, who last week suffered a stroke of paralysis, died yesterday morning. He was one of the pioneer residents of this section, having resided for years upon a farm west of town, and when he once made a friend he always kept him. He is survived by a wife and leaves her in comfortable circumstances.

At a meeting of the council held Tuesday evening it was decided to fight the moving of the elevator of the Red Lake Falls Milling company into the fire limits to a finish and City Attorney Halvorson was so instructed.

L. L. Henry, a settler living about fourteen miles east of here on the reservation, received a telegram the first of the week conveying the sad news that his son had been killed in a railroad wreck at Fort Dodge, Iowa.

The largest bag of game brought to Thief River Falls this year was that brought back by John Mikulecky, Emil Sedlocek, Andy Smith, J. A. Lang, A. L. Fasel and Joe Holms on Monday. They hunted up in the Mud lake country and secured 133 ducks and one goose.

Henry Brostole, of Grygla, Minn., died in the local hospital last Saturday morning, Sept., 7th, of stomach trouble. The deceased was a bachelor, sixty-five years old and lived alone on his homestead. He was originally from the state of Maine, and, so far as known, had no relatives in these parts. He was buried in Greenwood Cemetery Sept., 9

Lloyd, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Crowe, met with a very painful accident Monday evening, and as a result is now minus one finger on his right hand. He had been up stairs in the barn and was coming down the ladder. When near the floor, he gave a jump and a ring which he had on one of his fingers caught on the round of the ladder and completely severed his finger from his hand.

You will have to pay a fine of $25 or spend twenty-five days in jail if your dog follows you in the postoffice in the future—that is if an ordinance which was introduced at Tuesday evening's meeting of the city council and given its first reading becomes a law. The ordinance is introduced at the request of Postmaster Kratka and unless the dog owners put up a warm fight is quite likely to become a law.

H. G. Dobner returned to this city yesterday morning from Rochester, where he had been to take his brother, C. L. Dobner, of Kalispell, Mont., and who was operated upon at the hospital at that place. The operation was performed several days ago and was a successful one in every way. Mr. Dobner is now able to sit up and is improving very rapidly. The doctors who performed the operation say that he will be in better condition now than he has been for years, a fact which his many friends in this city will be pleased to learn.

When the train from Red Lake Falls arrived Saturday at Grand Forks one of the passengers, Adolph Carpenter of Red Lake Falls was arrested by Officer Buckley at the instance of the sheriff of Red Lake county, on a charge of wife beating and later in the day was taken back to Red Lake Falls by Sheriff Nelson of Red Lake county. Mr. Carpenter who was enroute to the coast is a brother of Joe and Fred Carpenter of East Grand Forks. He claims that the arrest is the result of a small domestic row, and is willing to have it settled by the courts.

The "The "Joshua Simpkins" company, carrying their own special scenery, a band of music and fine orchestra, will produce the great pastoral comedy drama of that name at the Opera House, Friday, Sept. 13. The piece deals with country life and people, three acts of the play being laid in one of the many quaint villages of Vermont. The second act (in three scenes) portrays Uncle Josh's first visit to Washington City. In the third act a sensational saw mill effect is shown, being nothing more or less than a complete saw mill in full operation, cutting up genuine timber at lightning speed.

Attorney Charles Loring was up from Crookston yesterday.

Mrs. K. M. Hansen leaves tomorrow evening for Minneapolis to spend several days.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis yesterday to look after his interests here.

Lawrence Higgins left last evening for St. Paul and will attend Hamlin University during the year.

Mrs. Agnes McLean, of Grand Forks, who had been here visiting her sister, Mrs. James Farr, returned home yesterday.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Gillette next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, September 18. All are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Baker and son, Earl, left yesterday for St. Paul. They went there to meet Mrs. Bakers sister who is coming from New York state to spend a few weeks here and will return tomorrow.

Miss Lee has opened a Millinery store, next door to Berry's Photograph Gallery and announces her opening of fall and winter millinery on Thursday and Friday Sep. 19 and 20th. All the Ladies are invited to call.

Friends in this city have received word to the effect that W. A. Tautges, who was formerly a practicing attorney here, *has formed a partnership with Col. Willis* E. Dodge and that they now have offices in the Guaranty Building. Col. Dodge is one of the ablest attorneys in the state and Mr. Tautges is a young man who is sure to make his mark.

The sensational rural comedy drama, "Joshua Simpkins," will be produced at the Opera House, Friday, Sept 13. The play contains an interesting and intelligible plot, but it is not allowed to interfere with the fun, which is said to be in abundance. During the run of the play some startling scenes and situations are seen, the principal of which is said to be the saw-mill, in the third act, shown in complete operation, cutting up real timber. The saw used is the genuine article, the same as usually seen in large country saw-mills. An excellent band and fine orchestra accompany this attraction. The band will parade at noon, when some good music may be looked for, all being dressed as farmers.

HAS A FINE DOG.

Steve Withey Presents W. E. Baker With a Fine One.

W. E. Baker, agent at the Great Northern depot, is going out hunting again this coming Sunday and the chances are that he will get some chickens. He has been out two Sundays already since the season opened up, but has failed to get near enough to any chickens to do any harm.

This week, however, Conductor Steve Withey took notice of the way Mr. Baker was up against it and presented him with a hunting dog. The dog arrived here Tuesday. He is a direct descendent of the great hunting dog, "Gladstone," and certainly has all of the instincts of a well bred dog. When let loose at the depot for a few minutes, he amused himself by jumping over box cars, killed three tame chickens that were in that neighborhood and would have caught a sparrow had not the force at the depot come to the conclusion it was time to tie him up again. Mr. Baker has traded his gun for a 1,000 feet of dog chain and is of the opinion that he will bring home as many chickens Sunday as any of the other sports.

For the Harvest Festival.

Undoubtedly the Salvation Army has many claims upon the community apart from the fact that by the preaching of the salvation, which puts right living in the forefront of the convert's duties, it has done much to make better citizens, people who pay rates, pay their debts, and help others out of the mire. The Army runs social schemes, which appeal to everybody. It is not necessary to be a Salvationist to desire to take a hand in the support of institutions which feed the hungry, raise up the fallen, and care for the helpless victims of wrong-doing.

The Salvation Army in the United States has all kinds of agencies at work for the betterment of mankind and the improvement of the community, such as Workingmen's Hotels, Colonies, Rescue Homes for fallen girls, Children's Homes for neglected children, Maternity Homes, Shelters, Hospital and Slum visitation, and for all this work. The Army has no endowment, but is dependent entirely upon voluntary contributions. The accounts at the National Headquarters of America, in New York, are audited by a qualified firm of accountants and auditors and balance sheets are audited annually.

The annual Harvest Festival celebrations in our town give an opportunity to all to help both the local and the national work.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o'c[illegible]
Sabbath School at 12:10.
Sabbath evening worship at 7:[illegible]
Teachers meeting and Bible study every Thursday evening at 7:[illegible]

Next Sabbath we will have a full choir of mixed voices directed by Mrs. [illegible]

We welcome all to our church,
F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

BOY SHOT AT FOSSTON.

Ralph Gunderson Killed by a Stray Bullet Monday Morning.

Believed That an Insane Man Fired the Shot That Killed Him.

Monday morning about 9 o'clock while Ralph Gunderson, a 9 year old boy, was playing in the woods near his home in the village of Fosston, a stray bullet struck him under his right arm, penetrated his body and came out in his right breast. He died Tuesday morning at about 8 o'clock from the wound.

Young Gunderson and his brother about two years older were playing in the woods and neither had any thought of danger when there came the loud report of a rifle and Gunderson dropped, saying, Oh, I have been shot." He said that he turned and saw the man who shot him and that he had black whiskers.

This is the only description that has been secured of the man who has been terrorizing Clearwater county for some time. This latter man is believed to be insane. Several times he has been seen at various points in Clearwater county, and each time he has had a rifle and a revolver. He is a queer looking man and has frightened several women by coming to the house when the men were away and demanding food. Several people who live near the place where the Gunderson boy was shot heard the report and it was made by a large bored gun, as it was exceptionally loud for a rifle. A posse of citizens were organized and made a search for the missing man but without succes so far.

The Lyceum Lecture Course.

The Lyceum Lecture Courses, as carried on in the cities and large town of our country, are coming to be strong educational forces. We are fortunate in having a good strong course of entertainments booked for this winter. Some of the ladies of town will wait upon you next week to furnish you with a course ticket.

The Meistersingers Male Quartette will open the course this year, appearing on the evening of October 1st, 1907. You may be certain of a grand evening with these boys who have delighted hundreds of audiences during their last five years before the American public.

Course tickets $2.00 per.
School Childrens ticket $1.00.
There are five numbers in the course.
F. J. Barackman, Sec'y.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 7.

Anderson Ed.
Anderson Mrs. Bertha,
Book C
Erickson Miss Hilma
Gieeick L. E.
Hall O. B.
Iverson Ragnar
Kuhn Clyde 2
Olson Gina
Surgberg Erick
Swanson Miss Emma
Strang Adolph

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

There will be the usual entire change of program at the Bijou the last half of this week. The pictures will be new and novel. Mrs. Krouse will sing illustrated Harry Von Tilzer's pretty ballad, "I'll be There Mary Dear."

Mr. Krouse will sing Friday and Saturday.

The Rivals.

"My work," remarked the baldheaded dentist, "is so painless that my patients often fall asleep in the chair while I am operating."

"Hum! That's nothing," retorted his rival. "My patients nearly all insist on having their pictures taken while I am at work in order to catch the expression of delight on their faces."—London Express.

Another Comparison.

"She has a face like an incandescent globe."

"Mercy, what a shape!"

"I wasn't referring to the shape."

"What then?"

"To the fact that it lights up so beautifully."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

She Sidestepped.

He—Do you think your father will object to my suit? She—I don't see why he should. He himself wears one almost as bad.—San Francisco Bulletin.

In the year 1700 there was only one newspaper in the United States.

"I WOULD RATHER NOT."

[Original.]

Colonel Robert Sears and his daughter Charlotte were all in all to each other. They were only two, there being neither mother nor brothers nor sisters. All Charlotte knew of her mother was what she had been given to understand—that she had died during Charlotte's infancy. Charlotte had often tried to induce her father to talk about her mother without success. She naturally inferred that his loss was too great to dwell upon. She had also asked for a picture of her mother, but was told that none was in possession of the family.

Colonel Sears was wealthy and not only gave his daughter everything she needed or desired, but made her the medium for what he bestowed in charity. Strangely enough, she took a fancy to establish a home for erring women—a small affair in which temporary shelter and encouragement were given to a few who had been unfortunate, but who had not yet started on a life consequent upon their misfortune. Her father was away when she conceived this design, and when he returned he tried in vain to dissuade her from it. But she had a strong will and was loath to yield. Besides, she had gone so far that in case she abandoned her home all that had been invested would be *a dead loss. Her father consented, but* Charlotte could never persuade him to enter the place. Indeed, it seemed to have some strong repulsion for him.

One day a carriage stopped at the door of the Sears residence. A lady entered the house and asked to see the colonel. He was not at home, and the maid took the message to Charlotte. Charlotte went down into the room where the lady was waiting. She found a woman with a sad face, from which great beauty was fading. She was richly dressed and in appearance and manner a lady.

"Father is not at home," said Charlotte. "Can I do anything for you?"

"I told the maid to announce me only to your father. She did wrong to go to you. No, you can't be of service to me."

Charlotte wondered what business the lady might have with her father, but was too well bred to ask. The lady made no move to depart, but sat looking at the girl, who stood before her waiting. It seemed to Charlotte that she had a very kindly face.

"I fear you are disappointed in not finding my father. If you will give me your name, I will tell him as soon as he comes in that you have been here, and he will call upon you."

"How are you getting on with your home?" asked the lady without noticing the offer.

"My home? You mean the home for girls who have been unfortunate? It isn't mine; I only manage it. Father has given all the money for it."

"You mean, I suppose, by unfortunates, girls who have sinned without suspecting that they were sinning, pure in mind and impure under the law. Would you take in one who had transgressed the law knowingly?"

"I would rather not."

The lady winced.

"Are you very happy?" she asked presently.

"I have nothing to make me unhappy."

"Your father is very good to you. He is a good man."

"Every one agrees with you in that."

"And your mother—was she a good woman too?"

Charlotte's happy expression at hearing her father's praises left her. "I know nothing of my mother," she said. "Nobody seems sufficiently informed of her to satisfy my craving for knowledge of her. But I'm sure she must have been a good woman."

"Why?"

"Well, father seems to feel her loss so keenly. He hasn't the heart to speak of her."

The lady was silent for a time. Her eyes were wandering, lighting occasionally on Charlotte with an expression that Charlotte could not fathom. Presently she said:

"Your mother was a good woman."

"You knew her?"

"Well."

This was the last word the visitor spoke. She arose. Charlotte begged her to tell her more, but a resolute expression came over the visitor's face, and she went out without looking back.

"Who shall I say called?" asked Charlotte. But there was no response. The lady got into her carriage, and as Charlotte listened to the sound of retreating wheels she felt that her longing for more information on the subject nearest her heart would never be gratified.

Later Colonel Sears called at the home of the woman who had visited him.

"You were at the house yesterday," he said.

"Yes. I had an important announcement which I intended to make to your daughter, explaining all to her, but I could not do it."

"What announcement?"

"The man the law called my husband has died in the asylum, where he had existed for a quarter of a century. I went to you to claim you openly and tell Charlotte that hereafter we might live together a happy trio. I dared not break in upon her innocence. Her impressions must remain as they are."

"And you—I?"

"We must continue to suffer."

Charlotte did not see her mother again till after she had been married and had children of her own. Then when her father was old and lonely he engaged a housekeeper. As soon as Charlotte saw her she recognized the visitor of some years before.

ROSALIE WHITING.

A Yankee Trick.

[Original.]

The colonies of North America, having been composed of different nationalities, were diverse. New York was Dutch, while the adjacent colony on the east, Connecticut, was English, and the two no more mingled than oil and water. Indeed, the border line was the scene of a continuous quarrel.

On one side of this line lived Jonathan Pym, a young Yankee, while on the other lived Katrina Bleeker, a young Dutch girl. Pym used to stray across the boundary line to hunt and fish in the Dutchmen's territory, which only tended to increase the hostility between the two peoples, especially firing the sluggish Dutchmen against the sharp witted New Englander. But when it was learned that Jonathan's incursions were for very different game than fish or fowl, indeed that he was courting Katrina Bleeker, all the Dutchmen on the border laid down their clay pipes, set their schnapps mugs on the table and vowed that no Dutch girl should marry with the hated Yankees. Then they took up their pipes and their mugs and began to consider how they should prevent such a horrible catastrophe. The result was that Katrina was shut up in one of those little forts built along the *eastern edge of the Dutch colony.*

When Jonathan next stole over the border to the trysting place he did not find his love, but a note scribbled in a mixture of Dutch and English telling that she expected to be shut up immediately in the fort. Jonathan went back to his people and told them of his misfortune. They listened to him with occasional interruptions such as "Dew tell!" and "Want t' know," and when he had finished and asked them to help him out of the difficulty they volunteered to a man.

The next day all the Yankees living near Jonathan's home collected, with pikes, matchlocks, scythes and pitchforks, and set out for the fort where Katrina was a prisoner. The approach was over an open field, and the Dutchman on guard in the fort happened to be awake. He raised the alarm, and presently a little six pounder sent a shot over the heads of the advancing Yankees. Jonathan called a halt.

Now, Jonathan did not wish to sacrifice the lives of his friends simply to gain a wife for himself, so he invested the fort, hoping to starve out the garrison. But, whether it was that fear had taken away the Dutchmen's appetite or that the fort was well stored with provisions, the starvation process was a failure. Still there must be a dearth of fresh food, for the Yankees had kept the venders of perishable property away. Jonathan, true to his Yankee blood, preferred stratagem to bloodshed and concluded to try to reduce the fort by the former method. He withdrew his forces from one of the approaches, a swampy piece of ground, leaving the Dutchmen to suppose that he had been driven off by the mosquitoes. Then he concentrated the principal part of his force behind a barn that had been incautiously left standing quite near the fort

The next morning the Dutchmen saw a number of women, with baskets on their arms, making their way across the swamp. They came on, chatting among themselves, and when a short distance from the fort sat down their baskets and themselves for a rest. The baskets contained butter and eggs, and the women kept up a clatter, discussing the merits of their produce and what prices they would get for it when they reached the settlement. The sight of the rolls of fresh butter and the white eggs tickled the stomachs of the Dutchmen gaping at them over the parapet of the fort, and it was not long before the women were hailed to know if they would sell and why so many of them were together. They replied that they would sell if they could get as much for their wares as at the settlement and that they were going together for protection from the Indians, whereupon they were invited into the fort. This was part of Jonathan's Yankee trick. He had dressed himself and a dozen of his adherents like Dutchwomen, and each had arms concealed under his feminine apparel. He alone replied to the hail from the fort, for he alone had learned enough Dutch from Katrina to reply and could sufficiently conceal the Yankee nasal twang to prevent being discovered for what he was, though the Dutchmen were not quick at seeing through stratagem and he might well have strained a point. Be this as it may, the gates of the fort were thrown open, and the butter and egg venders entered.

They had scarcely got inside and set down their baskets when the main Yankee force concealed behind the barn made a rush upon the gate. The Dutchmen were about to run to the assistance of those who were shutting them when they were set upon by the women and either held or driven back, while those coming from without overcame the gatemen, and in a few minutes the whole Yankee army was in the fort. A Dutchman is no hand to defend himself against surprise, and those defending the fort surrendered at discretion. Jonathan told them that his only requirement was that Katrina should be permitted to choose between going with him or remaining with them. Katrina was brought forth and chose to go with her Yankee lover.

[illegible] was a wedding at which much [illegible] was consumed and a peace. Before leaving the Yankees had sold all the butter and eggs they had with them to the Dutchmen for a good price, but when the latter came to break the eggs they found them to be of white stone, while the butter was painted wood.

ERNEST LEON MUNRO.

NEW TRIAL GRANTED

William F. Bechtel of Minneapolis May Go Free.

WITNESSES ARE SCATTERED

Verdict Invalidated by the Alleged Misconduct of a Deputy Sheriff in Charge of the Jury.

William F. Bechtel of Minneapolis, former president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, who was sentenced on June 28 to serve five years in prison at hard labor after he had been convicted of grand larceny from the Northwestern National Life Insurance company of Minneapolis, has been granted a new trial by Judge Dickinson.

Because it is unlikely that the county attorney's office will be able to obtain some of the most important witnesses who figured in the prosecution of the first case it is extremely doubtful if Mr. Bechtel will ever be placed on trial again.

In granting the new trial Judge Dickinson held that the verdict of the first trial was entirely invalidated by the fact that Deputy Sheriff Robert Hiller, who was in charge of the jury, made remarks in the hearing of the jurymen, which he holds to have been prejudicial and calculated to influence the verdict.

In the motion for a new trial affidavits by jurors have been introduced showing that the deputy sheriff talked before the jury in a way likely to influence the verdict.

ST. PAUL MAN SHOT.

Barroom Fight May Result In His Death.

Henry Holland, thirty-five years old, a personal injury broker of St. Paul, was shot twice, once in the head and once in the chest, with a 32-caliber revolver during a desperate hand-to-hand struggle with Ervin Hopkins in Henry Thomas' saloon, Central avenue and Harriet street. Holland is at St. Joseph's hospital in a precarious condition and probably will die. Hopkins is under arrest at the central station and admits the shooting, saying he did it in self-defense.

Holland has figured in the newspapers and the courts more or less for the last year and about two months ago stirred up all kinds of excitement by kidnapping his five-year-old daughter from the home of George McGuire, where his wife is staying. On this occasion Holland was captured in a livery stable by a mob and beaten almost into insensibility before he was rescued by the police.

LOST THEIR NERVE.

Masked Men Gave Up Attempt to Rob Minnesota Bank.

After getting the drop on Clerk E. H. King of the Felton bank three masked men made a hurried exit from that institution without attempting to accomplish the robbery which they evidently had intended.

Mr. King sleeps in the bank building and some time after midnight was aroused by the breaking in of the front door. As he stepped in front of the opening he encountered three masked men, who instantly covered him with revolvers and ordered him to throw up his hands and make no noise. They then warned him that instant death would follow any attempt to give an alarm, backed quickly out of the building, leaped into a rig and drove swiftly away without being caught.

Mr. King was able to give an excellent description of the men and this has been sent to the police of surrounding towns.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Woman Killed for Refusing to Wed Insistent Suitor.

Mrs. William Brayon, a widow, was shot and instantly killed at Worthington by William Walsh because she refused to marry him. Walsh then turned the revolver upon himself and blew out his brains. The couple had been on intimate terms for a long time and her final rejection of his attentions brought on the tragedy.

Strong Box Defies Burglars.

Safe robbers paid a visit to the offices of the Mutual Life Insurance company in the Phoenix building at Minneapolis. Nothing of value was taken. The safety deposit vault and desks in the office were rifled but the burglars were not rewarded. The strong box in the vault defied the robbers' efforts to open it.

Love Ends In Suicide.

Being unable to persuade his stepdaughter, Anna, to marry him Matt Praetschner, a widower, attempted to kill her at her home in Henderson by striking her upon the head with a hammer, inflicting severe but not necessarily fatal wounds. The would-be murderer then committed suicide by hanging.

Slept With Lighted Cigarette.

Frank Decker of Duluth, a youth of seventeen, went to sleep with a lighted cigarette in his mouth in his room in Minneapolis. When he awoke his bed was on fire. Before Decker was rescued he was terribly burned from head to foot. He is at the city hospital and will probably die.

MAY RESUME BUSINESS.

Affairs of Watson & Co. Not as Bad as First Supposed.

Developments in the case of Watson & Co., the Minneapolis grain commission and Stock Exchange house that was declared in financial difficulties on Thursday, are so increasingly favorable as to make it seem almost certain that there soon will be a resumption of business.

No statement of the exact standing of the firm is yet possible, but the showing of assets of nearly $1,000,000 available in the New York office made the situation better and as conditions are brought out more in detail it appears that the firm is much stronger than was supposed when the announcement of the receivership was made.

The statement that all claims will be paid in full and that no one having money due from the firm will lose a dollar seems warranted.

The offices of the firm, though not accepting business, are open and all connections have been maintained and in the event of the perfection of the necessary arrangements, which now seems almost assured, business can be resumed very promptly. H. P. Watson said:

"The reports about the connection of Mr. Hill with our firm are wholly unwarranted. Neither Mr. James J. Hill or Mr. Louis W. Hill ever had any connection whatever with Watson & Co. Neither of them ever did any business with us. We never had a transaction for either of them at any time since we have been in business."

ROOSEVELT NOT ARRESTED

No Evidence That President's Son Violated Minnesota Game Laws.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., the son of the president, apparently was not arrested by state game wardens, for he returned to Duluth from Coleraine on Sunday afternoon and went directly to the Omaha depot to take the Limited for Chicago. He declined to talk and there is no evidence that he hunted in Minnesota without a license.

When the statement appeared in print that young Roosevelt had left Duluth for Coleraine to hunt, officers of the state game and fish commission in St. Paul looked up the records and found that he had secured no nonresident's license to hunt in Minnesota. If he undertook to hunt without a license he would be violating the state game law. It was not thought that the son of the president would deliberately violate the law and if he intended to hunt without a license, it would probably be because he did not know that a license is required.

But word was sent to a deputy game warden at Bemidji to go at once to Coleraine and if he found that young Roosevelt had violated the law, to arrest him.—The deputy has not been heard from and the question is did the president's son violate the law?

DULUTH IN FIRST PLACE.

Now Leads All Great Lake Ports in Freight Tonnage.

Duluth leads all Great Lakes ports in tonnage of freight on incoming vessels during the past year, according to figures given out by the bureau of statistics at Washington.

Of the total arrivals during the season Duluth is credited with 1,503 vessels, representing a tonnage of 3,856,001. The port next in order of importance appears to be Chicago, with 3,271 vessels and a tonnage of 3,675,853. Milwaukee, which reports 2,763 vessels of 3,612,323 tons arrived during the year, takes third place and fourth in order of importance is Buffalo, which reports 1,443 vessels, representing a tonnage of 3,014,007.

Superior, with 1,179 vessels of 2,903,183 tons, and Cleveland, with 1,800 vessels of 2,882,581 tons, are the only other ports whose arrivals aggregated more than 2,000,000 tons for the seven months of the season.

BIG INDUSTRIES TO FOLLOW

Steel Trust Gets Permission to Construct Railroad.

Now that permission has been given the United States Steel corporation to build and operate its line of railroad in Wisconsin from the steel plant site at Spirit Lake to the dock property on Allouez bay the company is already making preparations for the work. Several million dollars will be spent in track laying and bridge building, according to testimony given before Rate Commissioner Erickson here. It was also testified that a number of large industries would follow the steel plant to Superior and among these will be a big steel car works. The new railroad is being built to accommodate the business of the steel plant to dock terminals and avoiding the necessity of boats going through the bridges, which have caused delay and trouble in the past.

Perley Postoffice Robbed.

Using a blast that nearly wrecked the building and aroused the town three masked men cracked the safe in the Perley postoffice, took out $[illegible] worth of stamps and about $40 in cash and made a safe getaway. They intimidated with revolvers such citizens as showed a disposition to hinder them in their flight. The stamps were later found in a barrel back of the postoffice.

Donaldson Bank Burglarized.

Robbers blew the safe in the bank at Donaldson, fifty miles north of Crookston, and made their escape with $[illegible]. People living in the vicinity of the bank heard four distinct explosions, but did not dare go out to try to seize the men.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Since the discovery of iron ore under the Itasca county poor farm at Grand Rapids a great deal of prospecting has been done in that vicinity and a great many overtures have been made to the county commissioners by mining companies. The board at a meeting just held let a contract to Eastern parties to mine the lands of the poor farm, the county to receive 25 cents a ton royalty on all ore mined and the company agreeing to mine at least 40,000 tons a year for the first two years and 80,000 a year thereafter.

Wright county won first money for county exhibits from the northern section of the state with a score of 948. Morrison county was second, with a score of 896. Goodhue county took first place in the southern section of the state with a score of 1,057. Olmsted county was second, with 1,025, and Houston third, with 970. There were only three exhibits in this section.

Governor Johnson has officially called the attention of the sheriff and the county attorney of Ramsey county to *the fact that an excursion left St.* Paul on a recent Sunday to witness a prize fight and that liquor was sold on the boat carrying the excursionists and he called upon them to take the necessary steps to prosecute those connected with the affair.

Minneapolis grain receipts for the year from Sept. 1, 1906, to Sept. 1, 1907, show a decrease of 15,285,950 bushels over the previous year. The total receipts for the year were 142,080,390 bushels, against 157,346,340 for the previous year. The lack of transportation last fall and winter is given as the chief cause for the decrease in receipts.

Twenty young women who have been teachers in the state public schools have been disqualified because of apparent attempts to alter the credit marks on their old certificates and two others have been rejected for cheating in examination.

The farm known as the "Big Taopi farm," located in Mower county, consisting of 2,400 acres, has been sold to parties at Alton, Ia., for $65 an acre. The purchaser intends to cut up the land into small farms and to sell it to actual settlers.

The contractors have finished their work on the grade of the Minnesota and International extension from Big Falls to International Falls. The rail crew will take up the work of laying the balance of the seven miles yet to be completed.

The state drainage board has awarded the contracts for the construction of four drainage ditches, one of which will be in Marshall county and the other three in Kittson county.

Owing to bad weather the attendance at the state fair this year was slightly smaller than last year. The total for 1907 was 284,142, as compared with 295,263 for 1906.

More than 17,000 cattle were received at the South St. Paul stock yards one day last week, breaking all former records.

Mrs. Mary Chamberlain, sixty-eight years old, was run down by a freight engine at Stewartville and killed.

St. Paul has been chosen as next year's meeting place of the National Association of Letter Carriers.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Fergus Falls last week narrowly escaped a catastrophe similar to that which recently occurred at Quebec, the bridge which spans the river on Mill street going down with a terrific crash. Fortunately it had sagged a little a few hours before and, this fact being noticed, it was decided to close it to traffic and make repairs. The street force was at work closing the approaches when the bridge suddenly gave way and sank bodily into the stream.

Amelia Kurtz, living near Wabasco, has succumbed to burns received in an incubator explosion. The explosion occurred while the girl was ironing near the incubator. Her clothing was set on fire and she was frightfully burned about the lower limbs and arms. The father tore off her garments and was severely burned about the hands, but he was unable to save his daughter's life, her death following within a few hours.

Robert G. Colyer, a prominent young man of Morris and a student at the state university, was drowned in Long lake, eight miles east of Morris, while duck hunting.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the bank at Harris one night recently. The robbers made two or three attempts to enter, but were scared away.

Burglars entered the store of Ritteman & Eid at Hawley and secured $150 in counterfeit coins that had been in the safe for the last two years.

OBITUARY.

Marshall Morrison, aged eighty-seven years, the oldest white inhabitant of the Lake of the Woods country, is dead at Laughlin. Morrison was an inhabitant of the Lake of the Woods country more than forty years. He was in the Hudson Bay company's employ at Rat Portage, having charge of a trading post there. He also was mail carrier from Rat Portage to Fort Francis, a distance of [illegible] miles.

John C. Collins, for fifty-one years a resident of St. Paul and a member of the Territorial Pioneers' association, is dead, aged seventy-five.

it's mighty hard

to try to tell the average man what style of clothes he ought to wear—but it's mighty easy for the young man to tell what kind he won't wear. He's been using his eyes, knows what's what and smooth talk can't change his mind.

We don't believe in trying to talk anyone into buying what we want to sell—but we make it our business to have what they want to wear—probably this accounts for the fact that we dress more young men than all the other stores combined.

WILSON'S,
CLOTHING AND SHOES.

Entered the Ministry.

Mother Hen after her brood of nine had obtained a firm hold on life called them together to counsel them on the duty they owed to one another, but particularly on the duty the eight girls owed to the one boy of her family. The girls were to be mindful of Willie's rights, to call him when a choice morsel was unearthed, to prevent him from quarreling and to bring him back when he wandered from the barnyard.

One day during a sisterly quarrel brother disappeared. His sisters had seen the minister enter the farmhouse on a visit, but thought nothing of it until they saw poor Willie meet his death by an ax.

Consternation ensued, and a council was held to devise a way to meet the mother hen and to break the news to her.

"Cluck, cluck, cluckety, cluck, cluck," said Mother Hen, breaking in on the council of the sisters.

"Cluckety, cluckety, cluck," answered the sisters in one voice, which translated means, "Where is your brother?" and they answered, "The minister visited the house, and brother got it in the neck."

Mother Hen was downcast, but she quickly recovered her composure and said:

"Cluckety, cluckety, cluck; cluck, cluck, cluckety," which is: "I am sorry for poor Willie. I rejoice, however, that he has entered the ministry, for he would have made a poor layman."—New York Tribune.

The Slow, Pottering Gordon Setter.

Years ago the Gordon setter was quite a favorite and much in use by sportsmen of this country. In later years, however, this really good dog was displaced in greater part by the pointer and English setter. The Gordon, says Ed F. Haberlein in Dogdom, is the largest and heaviest of all bird dogs, more clumsy and usually slow. Where most hunting is done in woodland and thickets and a slow working dog is needed so as not to get "lost" almost continually he fills the bill well—works close to gun, has good nose, is steady on point and if properly trained a very good retriever from land and water. The Gordon is easily trained and retains his training well, is also of good pleasant disposition and an admirable companion. At this age, however, when so very much stress is laid on speed and wide range, the Gordon is not "in it" because he is a slow, pottering dog as a rule.

Boots With a Drawback.

"An army officer in charge of a native district in South Africa presented the Kaffir boy who acted as his particular servant with a pair of strong, heavily nailed ammunition boots," says Chums.

"The boy was delighted with the gift and at once sat down and put the boots on. They were the first pair he ever had, and for several days afterward he strutted proudly about the camp in them. But a few days later he appeared as usual in bare feet, with the boots tied round his neck.

"Hello!" said his master. "Why don't you wear your boots? Are they too small for you?"

"Oh, no, sah," replied the Kaffir, "they plenty big. Berry nice boots, sah, but no good for walking or running. Make um fellah too much slow, sah. Keep boots now for wear in bed."

Origin of a Well Preserved Joke.

Nasica, having called at the house of the poet Ennius, and the maidservant having told him, on his inquiring at the door, that Ennius was not at home, saw that she had said so by her master's order and that he was really within, and when a few days afterward Ennius called at Nasica's house and inquired for him at the gate Nasica cried out that he was not at home. "What!" says Ennius. "Do I not know your voice?" "You are an impudent fellow," rejoined Nasica. "When I inquired for you, I believed your servant when she told me that you were not at home, and will not you believe me when I tell you that I am not at home?"—Cicero's "De Oratore."

Classified.

The geology class was sent out to collect specimens, and their teacher was to explain upon their return what the different specimens were. One of the boys for a joke brought in a piece of brick. When the teacher came to examine what they had to offer he took up one specimen after another. "This," said he, "is quartz, this feldspar, this sandstone and this"—taking up the piece of brick and looking gravely at the boy who brought it—"this is a piece of impudence."

Superstition and the Wedding Ring.

When a wedding ring has worn so thin as to break, the superstitious believe that either the husband or the wife will soon die. This may be regarded as an obvious superstition and perhaps accounts for the fact that wedding rings are now made so much thicker and heavier than formerly.—Grand Magazine.

Freddy's Fear.

They pass a plate of cakes to Freddy at dessert. He puts out his hand, hesitates, then draws it back and begins to cry.

"What are you crying for?" asks his mother.

"Because you are going to scold me when I choose the biggest one."

Woman's Way.

Bumpus—Give me a pair of lady's shoes, please. Shopman—What size? Bumpus—Oh, no matter. They're for my wife, and she won't be pleased anyway.—Ally Sloper.

While waiting for your prayer to be answered try to get what you want yourself.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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According to the the best authorities on high finance, securities have shrunk $3,000,000,000 in value since the campaign of investigation was started some months ago. That is not correct. The real values are just as large as ever. Some of the fictitious values have been trimmed off, but nearly all stocks are earning as large dividends as ever and some of them even larger. Prosperity is just as great as ever and no legitimate enterprise has suffered.—Hallock News.

A paper coming to this office says what seems to us to be a good thing. It may not strike you so favorably:

"When we hear that a man is one sided, we throw up our hands. He won't do. If he's onesided, he's a fanatic. If he allows his religion, or his hatred, or his misanthropy, or his spleen, to interfere with his business relations, he's a lunatic just as truly as if he believed in witchcraft, or supernatural healing. In this day and age whole men are demanded, not half men. A man must be able to see all sides of a question, and to realize that the rights, the beliefs, the ideas of others are just as much of consideration as his own. No man can be a success publicly, privately or socially, who looks at all things through the lenses of self interest. He may become rich, but he is no less a failure."—International Falls Press.

The editor of the Ashby Post is something of a philosopher and is occasionally given to meditation on the newspaper business in Ashby. The current issue of his paper contains some intersting reflections as follows:

'The newspaper situation in Ashby is still normal, it always has been just so—not enough in it to pay a cheap kid to spread on the ink for 40 minutes once a week. We have 'held it down," "stuck it out," or stayed by it, as you please, longer than the average damphool who has frittered away time and energy on the hopeless task of publishing a newspaper here, and it gets monotonous sometimes, almost past endurance, but somehow or other hope still deludes us and the Post still circulates, even if an apology for its appearance is needed occasionally.

Our City Ordinances.

A matter which is being quite generally discussed in Thief River Falls these days is whether or not the ordinances of the city—recently adopted in order to conform with the new code—are legal or not. It is not within the province of the NEWS to pass intelligently upon this subject, but we have as much right to discuss this topic as any other citizen and we will give as our opinion that the residents of Thief River Falls will never know what ordinances are constitutinal and what ordinances are not constitutinol until a few thousand dollars are spent in bringing them to the attention of the supreme court. Perhaps the sooner this is done the better it will be for the city, for what is the use of having ordinances that are simply for the purpose of compelling those who are too poor to fight through the courts to pay fines, while those who have money can carry them up to the state supreme court are to be allowed to go free. None of the lawyers of the city will venture to say that an ordinance that says so and so, means so and so, unless the supreme court says so and so. It is therefore quite out of the question for the common layman to form any positive opinion upon the matter, and we should be content to elect aldermen and legislators to make new laws. Recently thi state passed a set of new laws and before we know what they really mean they will be so worn out and out of date that a another new code will be needed. Every year hundreds of new lawsare passed in hurry up manner and conflicting decisions are being rendered by the courts. Down in Michigan they have a constitution that is fifty-seven years old and of course it is away out of date. The courts have so far interpretated it that nearly everyone knows what it means and it is not of much account, so an new election is going to be held to adopt a new constitution. It is estimated that it will take twenty years to find out the real meaning of the new constitution to be adopted but what of that. It will furnish a whole lot of amusement for the people.

HE WANTED REST.

What Verdi Did With the Key of a Locked Piano.

Not all the great composers have courted the constant adulation of the world. Verdi used to lament that he was unable to find a refuge, even for a brief space, from the reputation that preceded him wherever he went.

At one time he desired to spend a much needed holiday at the watering place of Montecatini. When he arrived he found that in one of the apartments assigned to him stood a grand piano of noted make. On the rack by way of compliment, lay the score of "Il Trovatore." As soon as he caught sight of it the veteran flew into a rage hastily locked the instrument, threw the score into a corner and, calling for his host, demanded in tragic tones:

"Lead me to the spot that overhangs the steepest precipice!"

Wondering, the host did as he was bidden, and on reaching the summit the maestro, who was almost exhausted from fatigue, flung the key of the piano into the abyss, energetically exclaiming as he did so:

"Now I have done something to secure rest and quiet. On the day of my departure I shall send a locksmith to provide the piano with a new key, but while I am here I pray you let it remain as it is."—New York Tribune.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at

JACKSON & M'GINN'S

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Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

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They Flock From a Hundred Miles Around to See a Great Healer at Crookston, Minn.

Wittman the great scientist and his staff of medical experts have taken Crookston by storm and hundreds of people stand and witness wonderful cures performed before their eyes every evening. One night he heals the deaf, the next is devoted to those paralyzed the third to rheumatism, Gall Stones and appendicitis which is cured without the knife. The following people have come to see him and been cured and dozens are coming every day:

Mr. Fred Monthy cured of Catarrh of stomach, St. Cloud.

Mr. Chas Riel cured of Tape-worm, St. Cloud.

Mrs. Brown Gall stones removed, St. Cloud 419-5th ave.

L. W. Gerzema St. Cloud Gall Stones and seeds removed from Appendix without the knife.

Mrs. H. Tachumperlin, Eden Valley Gall Stones removed without the knife.

Mrs. F. J. Warren, Milaca, Minn, Gall Stones removed without the knife.

Mrs. R. H. Reed, St. Cloud, Minn., Gall Stones.

Mathia Huff, St. Cloud, Minn., Gall Stones.

Jno. Rudack, Little Falls, Gall Stones.
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It will pay you to take the trip as they guarantee a cure.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The
Great Northern
Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE VALUE OF

"White Seal" Beer

Lies largely in the malt that forms so important a part of it.

Malt is an adjuvant in convalescence from protracted illness, an auxilliary and digestive in the case of nursing women and to a large extent an important factor in the treatment of all debilitated conditions of the system. It is one of the most nutritious of foods. The malt that enters into the manufacture of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is made from the choicest barley that money can buy.
in sickness or in health the moderate use of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is greatly beneficial. The bottled product is most convenient for family use. Order a case today.

KIEWEL BREWING CO.

Phone 161.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Christ Paulson, Agent.

THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS, $1

J. Borry,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Edwin Stanton was up from Crookston Monday.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

D. J. Mc Niven and famiry left last week for Seattle to make their future home.

John Havel, who is working at Gilby, N. D., was in the city last week to visit with his family.

George T. Whitcomb was in the city Monday, being enroute to Rollis to spend a few days hunting on his ranch up there.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

W. S. Pennington and W. B. Chishire, of Brooks, merchant and banker respectivly, were in Thief River Falls Monday attending to business matters.

For sale cheap—1 three room house and two lots in block number 14, original townsite Thief River Falls, enquire of Ole Rudes Jewelry store, Main street.

Mrs. B. G. Winton and son and daughter, of Adison, N. Y., who had been in the city visiting at the home of D. N. Winton, returned home last Friday.

Clifford D. McLennan, of Thief River Falls, filed a bankruptcy petition in the Federal court in this city today, placing his assets at $170 and his liabilities at $9,590. Mr. McLennan was formerly in the machinery business at Angus, Minn., but is now a brakeman at Thief River Falls.—Fergus Falls Journal.

John Morgan was down to Minneapolis last week.

C. A. Tuller, of Warren, was in the city last week.

Jacob Anderson, of Jelle, was in the city last week.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

Orson Doe was in the city the first of the week from Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKinney was up from Crookston to spend Sunday.

Frank Braccelin, district manager for the Northwestern Telephone company, was in the city last Friday.

Mrs. T. T. Keland and children arrived in the city last Saturday and are visiting at the home of Nels Bergh.

Miss Marie Burges was in the city to spend Sunday, being enroute to New Folden to teach a term of school.

Misses Ula and Hattie Wood came over from Anton, Red Lake county, Saturday, the former leaving the same day for her post of duty at Sauk Center and the latter to take a course of training at the Warren hospital with a view to becoming a professional nurse.—Warren Register.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Sept. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Knut Norland left last week for a trip through the west.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Martin & Roark last Saturday removed their saloon to the new Meehan building.

Steve Warring left for Thompson, N. D., Monday and will remain until threshing is finished.

Mrs. Shepard, of Postville, Iowa arrived in the city last week to visit her son, Leonard Shepard.

Mrs. Charles Bordon, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week visiting Mrs. J. M. Bishop.

B. F. Smith, of Virginia, G. H. Thompson, of Hibbing, and James A. Ferguson, of Duluth, spent last week here hunting chickens.

For Sale—N. ½ Sec. 31, town of North one mile west of Thief River Falls. Inquire of D. B. Bakke, Thief River Falls, or C. E. Purdy, Lost Valley, Oregon.

H. B. Blackey left last week for Roth, N. D., where he has been engaged as a wheat buyer for the National Elevator company. His family will go out there in a few days to join him.

Torrison Bros., have removed their furniture store to the new building erected by this firm this year. They now have one of the most up-to-date and complete furniture establishments in the Northwest.

Mrs. Steve Warring, who for the past several weeks has been receiving treatment in the hospital at Warren, has so far regained her health that she was able to return to this city last Saturday.

Gilbert Olson, who lives up near the point, suffered a stroke of paralysis last Thursday evening. He laid out of doors all night and when discovered Friday morning was in a critical condition. It is now thought that he will recover.

C. A. Baker is spending most of his time down to Ogema these days getting ready to start up the bank which he will open at that place in company with George K. Fargo. They expect to have the bank open for business by the 1st of October.

Newfolden will on November 14th, hold a street fair, auction sale, horse sale, cattle sale and the merchants will sell goods at bargains. This event will be held for the benefit of the farmers and we would like to have a large number of them attend.—Newfolden Review.

John Sorenson was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Math. Barzen attended to business matters in Crookston the first of the week.

Hans Hanson and family, of Red Lake Falls were in the city Monday. They were just returning from a trip to the Pacific coast, and came back over the Soo Pacific route.

There were 360 cases of smallpox reported to the state board of health for the nine weeks ending Aug. 16, an average of forty cases a week, which is the highest rate in several years during the summer season. The infection has been almost stamped out several times in the summer, but always spreads in the winter, when people keep to their houses more closely.

A peculiar accident is reported to have occured recently near Courtland, Minn. Sparks from a seperator engine set fire to a load of bundles near by causing a sudden blaze and frightening the team attached to the load. The team ran away, throwing the driver from the rack and were not caught until after they reached their home two miles away. Both horses were badly burned and all that was left of the hayrack was the two front wheels of the runing gear.

The sensational rural comedy drama, "Joshua Simpkins," will be produced at the Opera House, Friday, Sept 13. The play contains an interesting and intelligible plot, but it is not allowed to interfere with the fun, which is said to be in abundance. During the run of the play some startling scenes and situations are seen, the principal of which is said to be the saw-mill, in the third act, shown in complete operation, cutting up real timber. The saw used is the genuine article, the same as usually seen in large country saw-mills. An excellent band and fine orchestra accompany this attraction. The band will parade at noon, when some good music may be looked for, all being dressed as farmers.

Determined that no dispute shall arise between themselves and the special agents of the government when the time for them to prove up arrives, a number of homesteaders in the St. Louis valley around Biwabik have adopted the novel experiment of photographing their claims. To show what they tell of their homesteads is true the photographs will be on hand when the hearing on the final proof is held. The photographs are taken from different views and will give a clear idea of the amount of land which has been cleared and placed under cultivation and if there is any dispute homesteaders will be able to present strong evidence to support their contentions. The photographs being made now will show the growing crops, and other photographs will be taken from time to time to show other improvements which are being made upon the claims.

Who Was Who.

The following story has just leaked out and it concerns a prominent St. Hilaire man and K. M. Hansen, who is the local game warden. Just a few days before the opening of the chicken season the St. Hilaire man was in Thief River Falls and Mr. Hanson asked him if there was going to be good shooting around St. Hilaire this year.

"You bet there is," said the St. Hilaire man proudly. "I killed a half dozen of the finest birds you ever laid your eyes on today." "Well, that is fine" said the warden, "and do you know who you are talking to?" Being assured that he did not, the officer said: "Why I am the game warden for this district." The St. Hilaire man was taken back only for a minute, when he said: "And do you know who you are talking to?" The warden said he did not. "Well, sir," said the hunter, apparently relieved, "you are talking to the biggest liar in the state of Minnesota."

Lost on Shipment of Cream.

This item from the Wabasso Standard should be of local interest:

"Buttermaker Small shipped a can of cream taken from one of his patrons to a well-known creamery in St. Paul. This cream had been carefully weighed and tested before being shipped so that there could be no possible chance of mistake and was done for the purpose of ascertaining whether these centralized plants do better or rather to prove that they did not do better than the local creamery. The statement showed that the St. Paul concern paid one cent a pound more for butter than the local creamery did at the time. But to offset this they gave one point less in test and one pound less in weight besides it cost 31 cents to ship the cream, making a total loss above the gain in price of 37 cents—not a great amount but if figured for a whole year it would amount to quite a sum."

Can Come to Town Anyway.

The Farmers boat was compelled to stop running last week on account of the low water, in the Red Lake River, but the conditions of weather that made the river unfit for navigation has placed the roads in fine condition between here and Thief River Falls, so we can get to town by team. If floods come and make the roads bad we can let the horses stand in the barn and steam up the boat, as there is sure to be plenty of water in the river when we have heavy rains.—Sunbeam.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

WOOD IS MONEY.

Settlers of Beltrami County to Reap a Harvest This Winter.

"The Settlers of Beltrami county are figuring on making a good deal of money this year from wood cutting," says B. H. Schaffer of Bemidji. "The price of wood will probably be higher this winter than ever before, owing to the fact that men in the forest districts have lately been devoting most of their time and attention to the cutting of pulpwood and ties, as well as to posts and poles, for usually there is greater profit in that sort of thing than in wood for burning purposes.

"In certain districts, the ties, posts and poles and pulpwood have all been cut off, and there is nothing left but trees suitable only for fire wood. It is up to the settler to cut these or remain idle. He is willing enough to cut cordwood, however, for already the indications point strongly to good prices for the product. So bright are the chances for good profits in this line of business that some are cutting wood where they could get out other forests products, thinking there is greater profit in the former.

The Northern Minnesota settlers have made a tidy little sum of money during the last few years as a result of their operations in the woods. Forest products have been commanding a higher price recently than ever before. I have known large piles of railroad ties, of poor quality to sell for 63 cents a tie, and ten years ago the finest kind of a tamarack tie, straight and sound, commanded only about 20 or 22 cents. The kind of a tie that is now selling for 20 and 60 cents wouldn't have been used in the old days at all, and would have been thrown out as a cull. Of course, labor comes a good deal higher now than it did then, but the increase in the cost of labor does not account for the increase in price of ties. Standing timber is worth much more now than then, however."

SHIP BUTTER WEST.

Local Creameries Will Ship One Car a Week to the West.

Next Monday a car load of butter will be shipped from Thief River Falls to Spokane, Wash., and every week thereafter a similar amount will be shipped. The butter is manufactured by the local creameries of this vicinity and arrangements for the purchase of the butter has been made by W. H. Blunt, a former resident of this city who is now working for a Spokane firm. The price paid is one cent per pound less than New York City prices on the track here, and means that the local creameries will make about two and one-fourth cents per pound more than they are getting, as the cost of freight and commission in sending a pound of butter to New York City is about three and one-fourth cents per pound. In addition to this, the Spokane firm agrees to accept the weights of the butter as weighed by the local creameries, so that there will be no loss in shrinkage. This will mean considerable to the farmers of this vicinity in the course of a year.

Second Assistant Post Master General McLeary is taking an invoice of the amount of business done on this Star route No. 41297, from Sunbeam to Lillo, this week, but whether he will make any change in the present service remains for him to decide. He may cut off one trip a week the same as he did on the route from High Landing to Hilda, for it don't do for the government to go to much expense for providing mail to a man that is poking his eyes out in the brush on this reservation.—Sunbeam.

Getting ready for Fall

Although not completely stocked up yet, we are busy every day unpacking fall goods and will soon have a larger and better assortment in every department than ever.

In these times when everything is going "sky high," you will be pleased to find our goods the same good quality and the same prices on the most of it—not any higher than former years.

In our dress goods department we never shown a larger variety nor a better quality at

25 and 50 cents.

Others, latest styles and shades, up to $1.50.

Flannels, cheap at 12½ cents, our price, 10c.

Tailor made skirts, $3.50 to $15.00.

It will be to your interest to look at and compare our line of children's school shoes if you want quality at a low price.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DEFECTIVL PAGE

9316

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CONGRESS AGAINST ALCOHOL

Significant Use of a Word by Prince Gustave Adolf in Addressing Delegates.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The most interesting point in connection with the eleventh international congress against alcoholism, which was held in Stockholm with a demonstration of temperance societies, and brought together representatives of seventeen countries, does not appear in the official program at all, though it is none the less vital to the character, and especially to the future, of these biennial gatherings. Prince Gustav Adolf, grandson of the king, when opening the formal business of the congress summed up the original and primary purposes thereof when he said that "to fight against the misuse of alcohol was one of the most important social questions of the day." Here the word of special signification is "misuse." Strictly speaking, the international congress does not, or should not, seek to restrict a reasonable "use" of alcohol, and in the introduction of this year's program references are made to "the great and important science of alcohology," to "alcoholism" and to "the alcoholic problem," all of which phrases seem to suggest the idea of actual social or physical evils, and the cure thereof, abstention, irrespective of whether the individual is an actual victim to "alcoholism" or not. Thus the congress should not be regarded from the same standpoint as a national conference of total abstinence societies, and its primary object must appeal to the sympathies of a much wider class of the community. To understand the position aright, however, one must bear in mind that the larger proportion of the "temperance" societies on the continent of Europe (with which the international congress has hitherto been mainly associated) are based on principles differing essentially from those of the teetotal temperance societies of the United States. In Scandinavia the leaders of the temperance movement, anxious in the early days thereof to wean the people from spirit-drinking, which was the curse of these countries, agreed to recognize the consumption of light beer, and in Denmark, about the year 1894, the brewers were even asked by some of the temperance societies if they could not produce a beer of practically non-intoxicating qualities, which would have better keeping qualities than the so-called "white beer," popular in that country for generations past. This white beer, made by the top fermentation process, was a very unsatisfactory production, readily turning sour, but it was not until 1902 that there was finally produced in Copenhagen by the bottom fermentation process, a thin Bavarian beer, which readily answered the desired requirements. Since then one brewery firm alone in the city has increased its output of this "temperance beer" to 30,000 barrels the year—a figure not inconsiderable in view of the fact that the total population of Denmark is only 2,500,000, and that there are in the country no fewer than 309 breweries producing "duty free" beer (that is, beer having less than 2¼ per cent weight of alcohol, equal to about 5 per cent. of proof spirit). In Sweden the legal limit of alcohol for "duty free" beer is 2¼ per cent. in volume (not weight, as in Denmark) with 6 per cent. of extract, though brewers who produce not only "svagdricka," as such beer is mostly called, but beers above the said limit, have to pay duty on their total consumption of malt in the breweries where the two varieties are produced.

Prince Wilhelm's reception in this country is something which cannot fail to gratify the Swedish people immensely. His democratic ways and his manly bearing speaks well for this young prince and his hospitable reception here can not fail but gratify his father, the Crownprince Gustaf, and his grandfather, the aged king, who will receive his grandson with open arms when he returns to Stockholm. The Fylgia's visit has been the everyday topic in the American press for a fortnight or more and Americans will now, irrespective of nationality, want to follow the career of this interesting young prince who proved a record breaker as a sightseer and who spoke in such glowing terms anent the American people and our institutions generally. When the young prince returns to Stockholm he will be given a rousing reception, for now the Swedish people are prouder of him than ever before.

According to recent statistics Sweden's population is gradually increasing. This, however, cannot be directly traced to any work of the national bureau of immigration, which has been organized for the purpose of inducing Swedish-Americans to return to Sweden. The statisticians claim that Sweden's population during the past years has increased about 40,000 and was at the end of the year 5,260,811. The number of births have not increased very materially, but immigration to foreign countries has decreased perceptably. Emigration from other countries has on the other hand increased and was mostly noticed in Stockholm, whose population has been increased during the past year by about 6,291 persons.

A Russian multimillionaire by the name of Buckley, who has resided in St. Petersburg for many years, has now decided to move to Stockholm. Mr. Buckley, while a Russian citizen, is really an Englishman. He has made a fortune in Russia, being a member of a leading iron export firm. He now contemplates purchasing an island near the Saltsjobaden, where he will erect a beautiful villa and reside for the remainder of his days. Mr. Buckley, accompanied by his family, has spent the summer in Stockholm.

The leader of the Kronoberg regiment band, Herr Erik Hogberg, has received an offer to make a concert tour this fall and winter in the United States. The band would visit cities in the United States where the Scandinavian element predominates. It would be the first time that a Swedish regiment band would visit America.

The bishop at Vexio resides in the house where Esaias Tegner, the great Swedish poet once lived. It was built 100 years ago and is now in such poor shape that it will be repaired at a cost of about $10,000.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

During the five-year period which ended in 1905 the population of Norway increased from 2,240,032 to 2,311,527. The population increased as follows in the cities mentioned below: Sarpsborg, from 6,922 to 9,200; Lillehammer, 3,111 to 3,837; Drammen, 23,093 to 24,500; Tonsberg, 8,611 to 9,331; Stavanger, 30,613 to 34,844; Haugesund, 7,911 to 9,537; Bergen, 72,251 to 80,000; Aalesund, 11,777 to 14,000; Kristiansund, 12,050 to 13,085; Trondhjem, 38,180 to 40,000; Narvik, 3,023 to 4,500; Tromso, 6,096 to 7,950. The population of Kristiania decreased 1,154. Of the rural communities, Nordland Amt was at the head with an increase of 7,842; and Akershus, the country around Kristiania, was a good second with an increase of 6,253. The city population increased only 27,711; the rural population 43,724. From 1800 to 1900 the city population increased faster than the rural population.

A contributor to the Kristiania Morgenblad has developed a plan for playing Ibsen pieces in the same manner as Wagner's works are performed at Baireuth. Ibsen's works have become the property of the civilized world, and it is only fair that his memory should be honored by a theater in Kristiania. This should not be located in the city itself, but in some beautiful locality just outside the city. The performances ought to be given from the middle of July to the middle of August. The actors might be selected from among the best ones found in the country. Only eighteen of Ibsen's works ought to be presented, six each year, so that it would take three years to complete the Ibsen "cycle."

The Dovre male chorus of Minneapolis, Minn., which has been giving a series of concerts throughout the country and been so cordially received everywhere, have by this time started on their return trip to the United States. The trip has been a successful one, socially and financially.

During the field maneuvers in Norway this month the country will show up a greater military strength than during any previous time in its history. About 16,100 men will participate in the maneuvers, which will be under the general command of General Holvermann.

Elk and moose have been doing considerable damage to the forests in Osterdalen. The damage caused by the big game is estimated at not less than 500,000 crowns. They are very plentiful in that section of the country and are increasing at a very rapid rate.

One of Christiania's leading music directors died in Christiania recently. He died at a ripe old age. He was born in 1815, and was perhaps in his prime the most widely known music director in Norway.

Garman, the famous actor at the National theater, will celebrate his fortieth anniversary as an actor on the 20th of this month.

Norways customs receipts during the month of July were 700,000 crowns more than during the corresponding month last year.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

While King Frederick paid a visit to Iceland this summer he was given an opportunity to see a real geyser at work. This was more than his father could see when he was there in 1874. Since the year 1894 the Icelanders understand the art of "starting" a geyser artificially by means of pouring soap into the crater. This trick they have evidently learned from the Americans, who succeed in starting hot springs in this manner out at Yellowstone park at almost any old time. King Frederick was very much interested in these geysers, as he is never given an opportunity to see such a spectacle in Denmark.

The Politiken (Copenhagen) says that plans are maturing for organizing a steamship company for running steamers between Denmark and the Argentine Republic. A capital of $250,000 will be needed to put the line in active operation.

The German authorities of Slesvig are carrying the anti-Danish crusade so far that they have prohibited the Danish Salvation Army from doing any work in Alps and Sundeved.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, has ordered the postponement of the grand jury investigation of the rebating charges against the Chicago and Alton road, growing out of the recent trial and conviction of the Standard Oil company, until Sept. 24. The postponement was made at the request of District Attorney Sims, who informed the court that he had discovered new facts bearing on the question of the immunity of the railroad that he wished to bring to the attention of Attorney General Bonaparte.

As a result of racial troubles at Bellingham, Wash., six Hindus are in the hospital, 400 are in jail under police protection and 750 others have hurriedly departed for British Columbia to seek the protection of the British flag. Racial feeling played no small part in the affair. Every day whites are being replaced in the mills by blacks, who had become bold and insolent.

Another postponement of the taking of testimony against the Standard Oil company of New Jersey and affiliated concerns has been ordered by former Judge Franklin Ferriss of St. Louis who is acting as examiner for the federal court. The hearing is now scheduled for Sept. 17.

The International Harvester company of Wisconsin pleaded guilty at Austin, Tex., to a violation of the Texas anti-trust laws and paid a fine of $35,000 assessed by the court. The company also agreed that a perpetual injunction be entered forbidding it to operate in Texas.

The failure of Watson & Co., members of the New York Stock and Produce Exchanges and of the Chicago board of trade, is announced. The firm has extensive connections in the West, maintaining offices in Duluth, Minneapolis, Fargo and Winnipeg.

James J. Hill, chairman of the board of directors of the Great Northern road, in a letter to the stockholders recommends the wiping out of the corporate existence of all the subsidiary lines of that system by merging them with the operating company.

Because of the mysterious disappearance in New York of Seward Heidelbach, president of the Fabian Manufacturing company of Cincinnati, M. E. Moch has been appointed receiver of that concern and placed under a bond of $600,000.

Though the Red Star liner Kroonland is a speedy ship a flock of seven storks caught her on the trip just completed across the Atlantic. One birth occurred in the cabin and six in the steerage.

At Uniontown, Pa., William S. Wirsing has been awarded $45,000 damages for injuries said to have been received at the hands of his father-in-law, James R. Smith, a wealthy coal operator.

The members of the Young Women's Christian association of Hoboken, N. J., have started out to collect one mile of pennies in the hope of placing the society on a firm financial basis.

Directors of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on the capital stock and an extra dividend of 6 per cent.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Congressman Theodore E. Burton, chairman of the house committee on rivers and harbors, was nominated by acclamation for mayor of Cleveland at the Republican city convention.

Secretary of State Elihu Root, who has been a patient at William Muldoon's institute at White Plains, N. Y., has completed his course of treatment and is much improved in health.

From a trustworthy source it is intimated that Joseph H. Choate of New York soon will succeed Elihu Root as secretary of state in President Roosevelt's cabinet.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $[illegible]. Hogs—$5.25@6.05. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.75.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 9.—Wheat—Sept., $1.04; Dec., $1.05⅜; May, $1.09⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, old, $1.[illegible]; new, $1.08; No. 1 Northern, old, $1.[illegible]; new, $1.07; No. 2 Northern, old, $1.[illegible]@1.05½; new, $1.04@1.04¼. No. 3 Northern, $1.01@1.04.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.[illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¾; Sept., $1.07¾; Dec., $1.[illegible]; May, $1.11. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.16; Oct., $1.21¼; Nov., $1.21¼; Dec., $1.18½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Wheat—Sept., 95c; Dec., 99⅜c. Corn—Sept., [illegible]; Dec., [illegible]. Oats—Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 51⅝c. Pork—Oct., $15.[illegible]; Jan., $15.85. Butter—Creameries, 21@27c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—14½@17½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.15; cows and heifers, $1.[illegible]; Texans, $3.50@5.[illegible]; Westerns, $4.00@6.[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]; calves, $5.50@[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.52½; mixed and butchers, $5.45@6.[illegible]; heavy, $[illegible]; rough, $5.[illegible]@5.75; pigs, $[illegible]@6.45. Sheep, $1.25@5.75; lambs, $5.[illegible]@7.25.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

About Saving Accounts.

The saving accounts is one of the best investments for small amounts. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle awaiting investment. You may withdraw a part or the intire amount at any time.

Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

We write Fire Insurance in the best of companies. Tickets to and from Europe at reduced rates at our bank.

Money Orders and drafts issued to any foreign country and payable in postoffices, banks or country Stores.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

BIJOU THEATRE.
Automatic Vaudeville Show.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

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THE NEWS.

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Dodged the Mustard Pot.

During the rehearsals of a pantomime in a Scottish town (Glasgow, I think; Glasgow has always been an eventful place to me) a child was wanted for the Spirit of the Mustard Pot. What more natural than that my father should offer my services? I had a shock of pale yellow hair, I was small enough to be put into the property mustard pot, and the Glasgow stage manager would easily assume that I had inherited talent. My father had acted with Macready in the stock seasons both at Edinburgh and Glasgow and bore a very high reputation with Scottish audiences. But the stage manager and father alike reckoned without their actress! When they tried to put me into the mustard pot I yelled lustily and showed more lung power than aptitude for the stage.

"Put your child into the mustard pot, Mr. Terry," said the stage manager.

"Hang you and your mustard pot, sir," said my mortified father. "I won't frighten my child for you or any one else."

But, all the same, he was bitterly disappointed at my first dramatic failure, and when we reached home he put me in the corner to chasten me. "You'll never make an actress!" he said, shaking a reproachful finger at me.—Ellen Terry in McClure's Magazine.

Preferred the Baby's Voice.

A New York scientist, the father of a large and growing family, has his troubles. One evening his youngest was holding forth in her best style. The mother could do nothing with the child, so the man of science went to the rescue.

"I think I can quiet little Flora," he said. "There's no use humming to her in that silly way. What she wants is real music. The fact that I used to sing in the glee club at Yale and sing well, too, may make a difference."

Accordingly, the professor took the child and, striding up and down the room, sang in his best manner. He had not finished the second verse of his song when a ring was heard. The door was opened, and there stood a girl of fourteen, who said:

"I'm one of the family that's just moved into the flat next to yours. There's a sick person with us, and he says, if it's all the same to you, would you mind letting the baby cry instead of singing to it?"—Success.

A Considerate Musician.

Many stories are told of the jealousy and ill feeling among musicians, so it is refreshing to note that at least one genius did not fail in good natured appreciation of a fellow artist. It is related how Rossini, walking one day on the boulevard with the musician Braga, was greeted by Meyerbeer, who anxiously inquired after the health of his dear Rossini.

"Bad," answered the latter. "Frightful headaches, legs all wrong."

After a few minutes' conversation Meyerbeer passed on, and Braga asked the great composer how it happened that he had suddenly become so unwell.

Smilingly Rossini reassured his friend. "Oh, I couldn't be better. I merely wanted to please Meyerbeer. He would so like to see me go to smash!"—St. Louis Republic.

Why They're Trams Abroad.

"Abroad," said a tourist agent, "you must call street cars trams and street railways you must call tramways. If you speak of trolleys over there, you won't be understood. The word tram must puzzle the average etymologist. It derives from a man's name—Outram—Thomas Outram. Outram lived in Derbyshire, and in the beginning of the last century he invented a peculiar sort of track that diminished the friction between wheels and roadbeds. These tracks of Outram's, though nothing like a trolley track, were called first outramways, then tramways, and when street lines and street cars came into existence they were dubbed respectively tramways and trams."

A Crocodile In a Tree.

An African hunter once found a large crocodile hanging in the fork of a tree about ten feet from the ground. As the place was fully half a mile from any water, it was difficult to account for the crocodile's strange position. When questioned upon the subject, the natives explained that it was put there by an elephant. It seems that when the elephants wade into the Lake Ngami to bathe the crocodiles are in the habit of worrying them and biting their legs. Sometimes when an elephant is annoyed beyond endurance it picks up its tormentor in its trunk, puts it among the branches of a tree and leaves it there.—London Graphic.

Trees and the Air.

According to a reliable computation, a single tree is able through its leaves to purify the air from the carbonic acid arising from the respiration of a considerable number of men, as many as a dozen or a score. The volume of carbonic acid exhaled by a human being in the course of twenty-four hours is estimated at 100 gallons, and a single square yard of leaf surface, counting both the upper and under sides of the leaves, can decompose about a gallon of carbonic acid in a day.

A Legacy.

"What's your fare?" asked old Flintskin of his cabby the other day and was met with the stereotyped reply:

"Well, sir, I will leave that to you."

"Thank you, you are very kind," said old Flintskin, buttoning up his pockets and walking off. "You're the first person who ever left me anything yet."—London Mail.

Hard Luck.

Mrs. Dash—Mother says that she wants to be cremated. Dash—Just my luck! I haven't a match with me.—Smart Set.

No Fun For Boys.

In some of the cantons of Switzerland they have special laws made for boys. Here is a sample of them:

"If a boy throws a stone and hits a man he may be fined 3 francs.

"If a boy throws a snowball and hits a woman he may be fined 2 francs.

"If a boy calls a girl a 'red head' he may be fined from 2 to 4 francs.

"If a boy throws at frogs in a pond without being ordered to do so by his father or teacher he shall be fined a franc.

"If a boy throws a stone and breaks a window belonging to some one else his father may whip him or he may be fined 2 francs.

"If a boy makes a face at his teacher or draws pictures of him on his slate or speaks ill of him he may be fined 5 francs and have to beg his pardon.

"If a boy stones a dog or chases a cat it is a fine of a franc.

"If two boys fight without the consent of their teacher it is a fine of 3 francs.

"If a boy steals apples or other fruit it is a fine of 2 francs, and he should be beaten by his father."

The American boy who reads the above will wonder what the Swiss boy has to live for. About all he can do and not be fined is to have the measles or whooping cough.—Exchange.

Man's Unwisdom.

The simplest and plainest laws of health are outraged every hour of the day by the average man. Did Adam smoke? Did Eve wear corsets? Did Solomon chew tobacco? Did Ruth chew gum? Did the children of Israel make for a beer garden after crossing the Red sea? Did Rebecca eat gumdrops and ice cream and call for soda water? Adam was the first and was made perfect from head to heel. How long would he remain so after eating a mince pie before going to bed? Suppose he had slept in a bedroom five by seven, with the windows down, the door shut and two dogs under the bed? Suppose Eve had laced herself up in a corset, put on tight shoes, sat up all hours of the night eating her fill of trash and sizzled her hair. When you come to look at the way a man misbehaves himself you can only wonder he ever lived to get there. Verily, the average man behaves as if he were little better than a fool.—Woodbury (Conn.) Reporter.

A Pony Sentinel.

During one of General Custer's Indian campaigns he had a boy bugler with him who was mounted on a circus pony he had picked up somewhere. The animal was not only full of tricks, but he proved himself a better sentinel than any of the soldiers. Three times in four months he saved the camp from a night attack when no other suspected that danger was near. Upon one occasion the pony, who was loose and walking about camp, discovered a sentinel asleep on his post. That was wrong, and the animal knew it was, and he gave the soldier such a bite on the arm as caused him to yell out and arouse the whole camp. Pony and boy both died in Custer's last battle. The pony had twelve arrows in his body when found.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

As It Looked to Him.

One of the ladies in fancy dress was, though fair enough, a trifle fat, and we will not say that she did not look well out of the thirties. And there spake to her a reporter:

"May I ask what character you represent?"

"Helen of Troy," she answered. "What did you think it was?"

"Well," he murmured, ungallantly enough, as weights and measures confused his brain and he gazed on her ample proportions, "I thought you might be Helen of Avoirdupois!"

One For the Debating Club.

A group of half a dozen physicists, all eminent; a sheet of paper; a pencil. With the latter one of the group draws a pulley, a cord over the pulley, a tree, a bough from which the pulley hangs. To one end of the cord is attached a stone; to the other cord clings a monkey. The stone balances the monkey. If the monkey proceeds to climb up the cord, what will happen? Will the stone rise or fall? Heated discussion; breakup of the party; no result. Can any reader help to settle this question?

An Anecdote of Agassiz.

On one occasion a person entered Professor Agassiz's room with a picture which he desired to sell, denominated a "Birdseye View of Cambridge." The professor contemplated it for a moment, lifted his eyes, looked at the vender of the picture, and said, with his characteristic accent, "Well, I thank my God zat I am not a bird."—Boston Transcript.

An Explanation.

She presented herself at a fashionable wedding.

"Friend of the bride or the bridegroom?" asked the usher.

"I'm the fiancee of the organ blower," she explained, blushing.—Lippincott's.

Couldn't.

Orator (excitedly) — The American eagle, whether it is roaming the deserts of India or climbing the forests of Canada, will not draw in its horns or retire into its shell.—Independent.

And Hadn't Lost It.

Her Husband—You were a good looking woman when I married you. She—Yes, I had the advantage of you even then.—Brooklyn Life.

Every substantial grief has twenty shadows, and most of them are shadows of your own making. — Sydney Smith.

Noah Under Suspicion.

The last copy of the Ararat Journal, published three days before the flood, has recently been excavated from the top drawer of an oriental magnate's desk.

It says editorially:

"The radical utterances of old man Noah are to be strongly deprecated by all conservative citizens. Especially do we deplore his unwarranted attacks on the sin trust and its worthy board of directors.

"Aside from the fact that these gentlemen stand very high in the community, such wild denunciation and predictions of our people listened to last evening are likely to produce an unsettled conditions of affairs and damage business.

"It is generally believed that his motives are not above suspicion. In fact, those who are well informed hint that the old man has some watered and undigested stock of his own which he expects to float as soon as the sin trust is swamped."—Puck.

Gentle Persuasion.

Many stories are told of the eccentric doings and sayings of an old clergyman who lived in Maine some years ago. At one time there had been a fight among some men, one of whom was seriously hurt. A trial took place, and the old minister, who had seen the affray, was summoned as a witness.

"What was Salsou doing?" was the first question.

"Oh, he was slashing around."

"Well, sir, just what do you mean by that?"

"Why, he was knocking about him here and there."

"Now, sir, kindly tell us plainly what Salson did to this man."

"Why, he—he enticed him," said the old minister slowly.

"Enticed him! How?"

"He enticed him with a crowbar. He used the crowbar to persuade the man—to entice him—and by a series of pokes and blows he succeeded in doing it," said the minister mildly.—Youth's Companion.

Mother Had the Failing Too.

The visitor had dropped in "just for a minute," but she remained about three hours after the minute was up. Little Freddie had formed several plans, the execution of which must be postponed till the departure of his mother's guest. So he sat quietly thinking things.

"Dear little man!" gushed the visitor. "And what is he thinking about so deeply?"

"I was wondering if it wasn't time for you to be going," said Freddie.

"Hush!" said his mother. Then, turning to her guest: "You mustn't be offended, Mrs. Smith. Children will go blurting out the truth without thinking. But they don't mean anything by it."

Strangely enough, it was just then that Mrs. Smith recollected that she had only three minutes in which to catch the last car home.—London Telegraph.

Try to Do This.

Take a light chair and place it with its back to the wall. Stand in front of it, facing the wall, with the toes about a foot from the front feet of the chair, and, placing one hand on each side of the chair, lean forward until the top of your head touches the wall. The problem is to lift the chair from the floor and, without moving the feet, to take the head away from the wall and stand upright. Simple as this appears, it is impossible. Very few people, as you will find, would anticipate any difficulty in doing this. Get them to try. This trick is, of course, very like the old one of standing against a wall sidewise, with the shoulder and one foot touching the wall. It is then impossible to raise the outside foot without losing one's balance and falling away from the wall.

Russian Ritual.

The christening of a Russian prince is a ceremony of a most ritualistic nature. The infant is first of all undressed and immersed three times in the font. The hair is then cut in the form of a cross, and the shorn locks, having been rolled in wax, are next dropped into the water. According as the ball sinks or floats in the font, so, says Russian superstition, does good or evil attend the child through life. The next incident in this elaborate ritual is the robing of the child in gorgeous garments, after which it is carried three times round the church, the godfathers of the imperial infant walking by its side in stately procession.

Coal Combustion.

There is enough explosive energy in a grateful of coal, if it could be liberated and controlled, to hurl a 1,000 pound projectile through a foot of solid steel. But there can be no explosion without oxygen, and the coal in the grate will not burn faster than the supply of air which reaches it will permit. If the coal could be furnished all at once with enough air to effect its complete combustion, it would explode with as great violence as if it were so much dynamite.

Her Perversity.

"Come out this evening," said Subbubs, "and I'm sure you'll get a good dinner."

"I thought you had no cook now," replied Citiman.

"She doesn't leave until tomorrow. She'll do her best this evening just to make us realize how much we'll miss her when she's gone."—Exchange.

To Hide Them.

"Why is Jones growing a beard?"

"Oh, I believe his wife made him a present of some ties."—Punch.

When there is no good within no good comes out.—Dutch Proverb.

CONTENT WITH OPPRESSION.

The Story of Honest John Hawkins Which Hath a Moral.

There's honest John Hawkins, a hedger and ditcher, who, though he is poor, does not want to be richer; for all such vain wishes in him are prevented—by a fortunate habit of being contented.

Though cold be the weather and dear be the food, John never is found in a murmuring mood. And this he is frequently heard to declare—What he cannot prevent he will cheerfully bear.

"For why should I grumble?" he often has said. "If I cannot get meat I can surely get bread. And though fretting will make my calamities deeper, it never will make bread and cheese any cheaper."

So he cheerfully toils at such tasks as are sent, and whatever his fare he is always content. Oh, I wish that some folks who are smarter and richer would copy John Hawkins, the hedger and ditcher.

He lives in the village there on my estate, whose improvement employs him early and late. There live many other such people as he, for whose livelihood they are indebted to me.

They have sense in their heads, they have strength in their hands, but of what use would these be except for my lands? So they humbly with me thank the heavenly bounty which gave them stout muscles and me half a county.

They have built me a mansion with terraces fair and towers rising gracefully high in the air. To me every season they cheerfully yield each man the first fruits of his flock or his field.

Their souls with mean envy are nowise distressed; they just do the labor and I do the rest. No questions are asked how I came to be richer, thanks, largely, to John Hawkins, the hedger and ditcher.

But soon in the future a time I foresee when this sweet state of things will far different be, for Cobden and Bright and that pestilent crew more mischief have done than they set out to do.

With specious pretense they encouraged the poor to rebel against ills God would have them endure, and all the land over, wherever they went, they sowed the foul seeds of the weed discontent.

Soon questions and arguments on every side God's wise dispensations will boldly deride. Oh, would that some folks who are smarter and richer were more like John Hawkins, the hedger and ditcher!—From an Old Rhyme.

THOUGHTS ON MOVING DAY.

Home a Thing of the Past For Dwellers In Great Cities.

The home is a thing of the past for the great majority of the dwellers in every great city, and more and more the city dwellers are becoming the overwhelming majority of the population.

The word home has always carried with it something of the idea of permanence.

One of the points which distinguish man from the brute is the long childhood of humanity. At an age when the animal is fighting his way in the world or even rearing a family of his own the human child is still in need of close parental care.

This means that the human home demands this element of permanence in a higher degree than any or all the beings that have come before.

This racial necessity has been built into the very life and literature of humanity. In song and story for ages the love of home has been sung, and always the old home.

It is the home in which one has been born and played and suffered that awakes those memories that have ever been one of the most powerful forces of social solidarity.

Today this sort of home is gone.

Capitalism moves its human commodities, its bearers of wage labor, hither and thither as profits may demand. Constant changes in the location of industry, the amount of wages, the rate of rent, all send these human pawns forth to find new shelters.

There is a way that this can be changed, that the home can be restored and the worker transformed from a "wanderer upon the face of the earth" into a human being with such a degree of permanent location as he may desire.

This change cannot come so long as another class determines where and how the laborer shall live.—A. M. Simons in Chicago Daily Socialist.

To This We Have Come!

If it be true that "the average wage earner has made up his mind that he must remain a wage earner," as a prominent labor leader claims, whatever may be the cause, then organized industry has ceased to be the aid and helper of democracy, for democracy requires as the first necessity of its existence mobility of condition as opposed to fixity of condition. The moment the average man of any class ceases to aspire and accepts his condition as fixed, that moment he ceases to express himself in the spirit of democracy.—President Tucker of Dartmouth College.

In the Socialist Direction.

As was stated in this paper several weeks ago, the Socialists carried the city of Copenhagen, Denmark, and now they are hot foot after the public service corporations. The city council has just voted to municipalize the street railway lines of Copenhagen. The company's franchise has expired, its equipment is old, and it will not receive a penny of compensation for having done the people the great favor of doing business in their streets. The vote on the proposition was 25 to 14. A Socialist will be director of the new municipal railway.—Cleveland Citizen.

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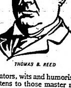

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Our aim is Socialism, not Communism. We want this understood.

Between Socialism and Communism there is a great deal of difference.

Collectivism is not a negation of property, nor is Socialism. Please keep this in mind.

Socialism simply demands the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. We will produce in common, but the consumption will remain individual.

Socialism will control only our capital, not our property. A Socialist commonwealth will not do away with the individual ownership of property, but only with individual ownership of capital.

It is Communism that denies individual ownership of all property. The Communists want to produce and consume in common. There are very few conscious Communists in the world at the present time.

To make myself still more explicit, "capital" is that part of wealth which is used as means of production—that is, raw materials, as machinery, factories, etc. To socialize these is the aim of all Socialists. But all methods of consumption and personal use will remain private property.

It is necessary to state this at this time because there are some Communists who think they are Socialists. There are even some editors who seem to find it difficult to distinguish between capital and property from a Socialist standpoint.

A Social Democracy must socialize capital because in the Co-operative Commonwealth the industrial democracy must rule.

Under the present capitalistic system collective capital, especially as organized in the trusts and big corporations, has practically nullified most of the advantages of political democracy, and thus the capitalist class has become the ruler of the people.

It is clear from all this that the people must turn privately owned capital into collective capital as a matter of self preservation. The people must do it because private capital, which was formerly a means of progress, is now impeding progress. In short, the private ownership of capital was for several hundred years a historical necessity. Now the collective ownership of capital is becoming a historical necessity.

That such is the trend of the time we can see at a glance from the discussion that is going on in the daily and weekly papers and in the magazines. But that trend is toward Socialism, not toward Communism.

The measures that the Socialists will take and must take will closely connect with the present system and evolve from it. As a matter of fact, the collectivity—that is, the nation, the state and the community—will closely follow along the lines of what people have already long been doing, only they will do this from a Socialistic standpoint.

So Collectivism is not Communism, and Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, for instance, who in their early days were Communists, later on in life became Collectivists and Social Democrats. Communism has often been tried and, outside of a few small religious communities, has failed.

About 1840 there was a wave of Fourieristic Communism in this country. It was started by Albert Brisbane, and some of the most brilliant and best men and women this country has ever produced participated in the experiments. But all the Communistic settlements where the religious and ascetic elements were lacking soon came to naught.

Socialism, or Social Democracy, has never been tried, because it will be the outcome of modern conditions—of the invention of machinery and the centralization of capital on one hand and the development of political democracy on the other. Communism would be a step backward, would be a retrogression to a very primitive and low stage of human society. Social Democracy will mean a step forward toward a higher civilization than history has ever known.

Just to emphasize the difference between Collectivism and Communism—between the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution and the common ownership of everything there is nothing in Collectivism that will prevent people who are so inclined from saving.

They will be able to save just as much as they wish; they will be able to utilize their savings in any manner they choose with one single exception. They will not be able in any possible way to "invest" their savings—that is to say, they will not be able to use their savings to make profit.

Of course our capitalists will cry out, "What is the use of a man possessing a hundred thousand dollars if he cannot invest his money?" which means what is the use of a man possessing wealth if he cannot use it to work others and live himself without work. This, I will admit, is a grievance that cannot be helped, but it is a grievance that is no grievance, first, because under Collectivism there will not be the slightest necessity for individual saving with a view of providing for the future or old age, for care will be taken of every citizen; second, there will be no encouragement for saving, for accumulating capital will be looked upon as the function of society and not of the individual.

But it is not my intention to describe the co-operative commonwealth, the Socialist republic or any other future state in this article. I have simply tried to bring out a few of the differences between Socialism and Communism, and about these a great deal more may be said.—Victor L. Berger, Milwaukee, Wis.

IS SOCIALISM TOO GOOD?

Folly of Worrying For Fear People Will Have Too Much Happiness.

Only a short time ago we heard on all sides that Socialism is a fearful and horrible thing. People thought it would be like inviting inferno itself into the world to speak of Socialism.

Now we hear on all hands expressions to the effect that Socialism is altogether too grand a system and that it would mean nothing less than the millennium to have this new social and economic order introduced.

"Your ideas are fine, but they are too good to be put into practice," said a minister the other night.

Another well meaning brother declared that if we got Socialism we would have heaven, and he didn't think we were ready for it yet.

When are we going to be able to get ready for heaven in this veritable Gehenna of war and tyranny? The best way to get ready for heaven is to step out of hell.

In reply we would say that nothing is too good for the children of toil. We have conditions that are too bad but never will we have conditions that are too good.

Anyhow, it is too early yet to worry about getting too glorious a world. When we have removed all the suffering and want and hardship and woe, when we have filled the hungry and housed the homeless and educated the ignorant and cared for the unfortunate and stopped war and tyranny and oppression, when we have closed the dramshops and blotted out the gambling dens and hidden the underworld and removed corruption, then it might be time to talk about the danger of getting a social order that is too good.—Christian Socialist.

Wrecks of the Profit System.

The wageworkers are by no means the only sufferers. The small employers, the small merchants, are also feeling the sting of an unequal competition, for every one of these men of business lives at war with all his brethren. The hand of the one is against the other, and no foe is more terrible to him than the one who is running a neck to neck race with him every day. Therefore in the factory as well as in the store the profits must be cut constantly and the sales must be ever enlarged. The latest improvements, the best labor saving machinery must be used and as little wages must be paid as possible. The race is for life or death, and "the devil gets the hindermost." The fierce competition lessens the profit on each article, and this must be compensated for by a greater number of them being produced and sold—that is, the cheaper the goods the more capital is required to carry on the business.

Precisely, then, for the same reason that the mechanic with his own shop and working on his own account has nearly disappeared in the struggle between hand work and machine work—for precisely the same reason the small manufacturers, with their little machinery, their small capital and their little stock of goods, are now being driven from the field.

Socialist Sentiment In America.

The last election in the United States revealed the existence of more than 400,000 voters who believe in Socialistic principles.

The Socialist campaign is never closed. Every Sunday Socialist meetings are held throughout the country and often on other days of the week. Converts are made daily, and only a short time ago the venerable Thomas Wentworth Higginson astonished his friends by signing a Socialist manifesto. In all our colleges Socialist sentiment is growing. Young men belonging to the most aristocratic families are making common cause with the laboring class, and not very long ago the Rev. Thomas C. Hall, one of the most distinguished clergyman of the Presbyterian church, compared in an article in the North American Review the rise of the Socialist movement with the rise of Christianity. He appeared to think that Socialism would win eventually, as Christianity did, and it is well known that Dr. Hall feels much sympathy with the movement.—Denver Republican.

Labor and Capital.

Individual labor is unproductive. Work therefore must, according to its nature, be social. Therefore we must have united labor for the advantage of every individual, united labor and united enjoyment of the fruits of labor. This it is which we would establish in place of the present system of exploitation, Socialistic co-operation in place of wage labor.

But what becomes of capital?

It remains where it belongs, with labor. There is no capital but through labor. There shall be no capital except for labor.

Labor will be the torture of no one, but the duty of all. An existence worthy of a human being will be provided for every one who performs his duty to society. Hunger will become henceforth not the curse of labor, but the punishment of the idle.—Liebknecht.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Clara M. Manuel of Erie, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1149 made April 21, 1905, for the S. W. ¼ Section 4 Township 153 N., Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for the District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 23, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Burtnell Rhuby,	of	Erie, Minn.
Julius Halvorson,	"	Reiner, "
Albert Gulbrandson,	"	Erie, "
Philomeine Friberg,	"	" "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 22 sept 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Jensen of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 445, made June 29th 1901, for the Lots 10, 11 and N½ N. W¼ Sec. 22, Township 153 N. R. 41 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 28th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Louis O. Kankelf,	of	Kratka, Minn.
Charles W. Nelson,	"	Thief River Falls, "
Ludvig Larson,	"	Kratka, Minn.
Anton Skog,	"	" "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 22

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - plaintiffs, vs.
Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Rudolph O. Manthey of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz. Homestead Entry No 3 3, Red Lake Lands made June 25, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 10, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp	of	Germantown, Minn.
Fred Duchamp	"	" "
Henry Dau	"	" "
Carl Dommer	"	" "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 5 to oct 3

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS:
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XI Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1907 NUMBER 38

MINNESOTA GRAIN GRADES

State Grain Inspection Board Fixes the Grades for 1907.

Rules Which Must Govern Wheat Buyers and Others.

The Minnesota Grain Inspection board has fixed the following rules for grading grain this year:

No. 1 Hard—Shall be sound, bright, sweet, clean and consist of over 50 per cent of hard Scotch life, and weigh not less than 58 pounds to the measured bushel.

No. 1 Northern—Shall be sound, sweet and clean, may consist of the hard and soft varieties of spring wheat, but must contain a larger proportion of the hard varieties and weigh not less than 57 pounds to the measured bushel.

No. 2 Northern—Shall be spring wheat not clean enough or sound enough for No. 1, but of good milling quantity, and must not weigh less than 56 pounds to the measured bushel.

No. 3 Northern—Shall be composed of inferior, shrunken, spring wheat and weigh not less than 54 pounds to the measured bushel.

No. 4 Northern—Shall include all inferior spring wheat that is badly shrunken or damaged, and weigh not less than 49 pounds to the measured bushel.

Rejected—Shall include all varieties of spring wheat sprouted, badly bleached, or for any other cause unfit for No. 4.

Note—Hard, flinty wheat, of good color, containing no appreciable admixture of soft wheat, may be admitted into the grades of No. 2 Northern Spring and No. 3 Northern Spring Wheat, provided weight of the same is not more than one pound less than the minimum test weight required by the existing rules of said grades, and provided further for such wheat is in all other respects qualified for admission into such grades.

No. 1 Northwestern Flaxseed—No. 1 Northwestern shall be mature, sound, dry and sweet. It shall be Northern Grown. The maximum quantity of field, stack, storage or other damaged seed inter-mixed shall not exceed twelve and one-half per cent. The minimum weight shall be fifty-one pounds to the measured bushel of commercial pure seed.

No. 1 Flaxseed—No. 1 Flaxseed shall be northern grown, sound, dry and free from mustiness, and carrying not more than twenty-five per cent of immature or field, stack, storage or other damaged flaxseed, and weighing not less than fifty pounds to the measured bushel of commercially pure seed.

No. 2 Flaxseed—Flaxseed that is bin-burnt, immature, field damaged or musty, and yet not to a degree to be unfit for storage and having a test weight of not less than forty-seven pounds to the bushel of commercially pure seed shall be No. 2 Flaxseed.

No Grade Flaxseed—Flaxseed that is damp, warm, mouldy, very musty or otherwise unfit for storage, or having a weight of less than forty-seven pounds to the measured bushel of commercially pure seed shall be No Grade.

COURT IN OCTOBER.

Only Court Case to Be Tried at This Time.

The October term of the Red Lake county district court will be held in Red Lake Falls during the last week in October, the session to start on the 28th inst.

At this session Judge Watts will only try the court cases that are listed on the calendar, and will return later, the petit jury having been summoned for November 11. This is done in order that the farmer members of the jury may have an opportunity to get their fall work well out of the way and preparations made for winter, and there is no doubt but what it will be appreciated.

There are several important cases on the calendar for the fall term, and there promises to be much doing for a couple of weeks at least.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

SUES FOR A BIG SUM.

Rev. Johan O. Brensdal Says That Oscar Olson Damaged His Character.

Wants Him to Pay $10,000 Damages for Slandering Him.

Papers were served this week in an important civil action which is of much interest to residents of the country to the east of us, and has been the subject of much gossip out there of late. Rev. Johan O. Brensdal, a minister of the Norwegian Free church, is suing Oscar Olson, a prominent and well-to-do farmer, for $10,000, damages alleged to have been sustained by the former by reason of Mr. Olson circulating slanderous and abusive stories about the minister of the gospel.

The case is to be tried at the October term of court for Red Lake county and a large number of witnesses living out on the eleven towns will be called upon to give testimony in the case. Attorney G. Halvorson, of this city, represents the plaintiff.

Says We are the People.

Editor James H. Cross, of the St. Hilaire Spectator, was a visitor in the city last Sunday and has the following account of the city in his paper:

Enroute the crops along side the road looked fine and we must say some of the farms would do for a garden spot in Eden, while at the end of our drive we were greatly surprised to find such a thriving city. Things seem to be coming their way, several new business blocks are under the course of construction, and "hustle" is the pass-word at the gates to the city. The citizens have every reason to feel proud of their city for everything points toward enterprise, and no visitor to the city will leave her dortalsw ithout a feeling of regret that they cannot forever remain a guest of such hospitable class of people.

CAREFUL OF GAME LAWS

Hunters Are Now Talking Precautions Against Slips.

Game Wardens Are Especially Vigilant During September.

Woe unto the unlucky hunter who, while tramping the woods in chase of chickens or frequenting the shores of a lake in hope of bringing down a stray duck, should spy a partridge or ruffled grouse and bring it to the earth with his trusty gun. For upon him will descend the heavy hand of the law.

Every deputy game warden in the state has been especially urged to keep his weather eye open for game law violators during the month of September. The month being in the open season for chickens and certain varieties of grouse and in the closed season for partridge, ruffled grouse, quail and pheasant, puts the hunter in rather a ticklish position. If he should see a sudden movement in the woods, blaze away and bring down a partridge instead of a specimen of the game in season, he had best leave the partridge lie and vanish from the scene before a wily guardian of the birds of the air puts in an appearance and take him in tow for violation of the laws.

Next month the hunters will be in their glory. The seasons for partridge and other varieties of birds will open the first of October, and the season for other species of bird and fowl being already open, he will be able to blaze at almost anything in the trees, with the assurance that he will not bring down game out of season.

On account of the vigilance of the game wardens and their natural sportsmanlike instincts, hunters are pretty careful during the month of September and take good precautions not to bring down anything but what the law allows. Most of them confine their attentions wholly to the duck ponds, preferring to leave the hunting of chicken and grouse to October, when they will also be able to go after partridge. The precaution is a wise one. September is a good month in which to hunt duck, and when partridge claim their attention, they will not be so much in the chase for water fowl.

Duluth sportsmen are taking full advantage of the good hunting weather of the early part of the season this year, and crowds go into the woods every day.

Harvest Festival.

The Salvation Army has become one of the institutions of this town and neighborhood, while its work literally reaches from pole to pole. It is, therefore, interesting to note that special efforts are to be made locally in connections with the Harvest Festival celebrations, to enlist sympathy and financial support for the many and varied enterprises of The Army a few statistic will help our readers to realize what they are.

The Army carries on its general operations in fifty two countries of the world, preaching a simple gospel of salvation for all in thirty languages. There are 15,007 officers and cadets wholly given up to the work, and no less that 44,418 local officers and 18,500 bandsmen, who work hard without fee or reward and contribute very largely of their small means to the necessities of the war against sin and evil.

The social side of the work, which everybody, of no creed, must admire, is so vast as to be indescribable in a short paragraph: it embraces practical assistance for the starving and helpless, Labor Homes, Farm Colonies, institutions for deserted women and children, etc.

The special effort that is now being put forth in connection with the Harvest Festival gives one and all an opportunity to help both in the local and national work.

Obituary.

Gilbert Olson was born in Norway, August 13, 1834. He came to Minnesota in 1864 and resided for some years in Goodhue co. and then he moved to West Newton, Nicollet co., where he had a beautiful homestead on an island in Clear Lake. He resided on this place until the fall of 1892 when he moved to this locality and homesteaded in the town of Norden, residing on this farm until he came to this city, eight years ago.

When he resided in Nicollet Co., he was married and one child, Mrs. Caroline Mork, of Warren, was born to them. His wife died ten years ago and four years ago he married again.

His end came quietly on the morning of Sept. 11, after an illness of five days.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

INDIANS GET DIVORCE.

Judge Spooner Dissolves Marriage Between Fullblooded Chippewas.

Bemidji, Minn., Sept. 13.—Judge Marshall A. Spooner has just granted an absolute divorce to Peter Bunga from his wife, Elizabeth Bungo, otherwise known as Mah-koone. The decree of divorce is an unique one, in that both parties to the decree are full blooded Chippewa Indians, and it is believed that the proceedings for divorce and the granting of the prayer is the first action of this kind ever recorded among the Indian tribe of Minnesota.

The plaintiff and defendant were married on the Leech Lake Chippewa reservation in Minnesota, in 1882, and lived together until the defendant deserted the plaintiff in 1905.

BEWARE STOCK LOSSES.

New Northwest Susceptible to Them.

Dakota Farmer: The enormous loss of stock from cold and starvation by the new settlers in the new northwest should serve as a warning to the thousands of people who are taking their families and their stock out on to vast treeless plains, with neither money nor time to make proper provision for the coming winter. So called "sunny" provinces will not help much when snow is three feet deep and it is 40 to 60 below zero. And if the land agents and boomers will pardon us, such weather is likely to interfere slightly with grazing on the sunny prairies of those sunny lands. We have talked with a number of returning families from there recently, who, owing to carelessness in making provisions for their stock, lost every animal they had. From other reports that reach us and the following from the Nor-West Farmer of Winnipeg, we infer that these losses reached clear through to the coast. The Nor-West Farmer says,

The ranchers of the prairies, who lost so many cattle on account of the severity of the past winter, were not the only ones to suffer from this cause. It is reported that in the Chilcoton Valley in British Columbia from 50 to 75 per cent of the cattle were lost last winter on account of the deep snow, which prevented them getting at the grass. It has also been asserted that 75 per cent of the stock along the Fraser river, in some districts, died during the cold season."

Some One is a Dead Duck.

The "big head" is a popular way of expressing a common and very frequent ailment. It arises from various sources, but the real foundation is lack of sense. A little or big office often develops it in some people.—Ex.

Yes we have one official in this county that has the "big head" so bad that he can not get a hat to fit him, but we are firmly convinced, that when he "trots" the second heat, against Hunt, and The Sunbeam, he will discover that he is in a race.—Sunbeam.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

$1.25 FOR A BUSHEL.

That Is the Price Farmers Want for Wheat This Year.

M. O. Hall Says They Will Get This Price if They Hold Out.

M. O. Hall, of Mohall, N. D. was in the city the past week, being enroute home from a trip to Duluth where he had been to represent the grain growers of the American Society of Equity.

Mr. Hall says the North Dakota crop this year will not be so large as a year ago. He is of the opinion that it will average only eight or nine bushels to the acre as compared with fourteen bushels a year ago. The grain growing department of the society is a combination of the grain growers for the purpose of getting better results from their crops. He says the farmers feel that they have not been getting their share of the price which the grain has commanded in the markets in recent years.

"This year the farmers are advised to hold their wheat for $1.25 a bushel, and they will get it," said Mr. Hall.

"Last year they were advised to hold for $1 a bushel, and they got it. This was the result of their combined action. In North Dakota 10,000 farmers were enrolled in the society in ten days. We would prefer federal to any state inspection."

"All of the wheat of the world is used for food. There is no one to furnish wheat but the farmers of the world. The supply for any considerable term of years never exceeds the demand. The demand never will overtake the supply. In every other productive industry there is always a posibility of producing an oversupply. In all other industry the producer sets his own price, but in the one industry where there is never much of an oversupply the producer, so say the skeptics, cannot regulate the price. Their ignorance is only equalled by their assumption of wisdom. I say their ignorance because I don't like to accuse them of being hired by the speculative interests, but they are at liberty to put on which ever coat fits them. The garments are free."

Benville the Banner.

Town of Benville in this county leads in number of cows. There were 333 milkers in that town listed by the assessor this spring. Benville is in the western part of the county, northwest of Red Lake, and the nearest railroad point is Thief River Falls, 45 miles away. Still there has been in operation there for the past two years a co-operative creamery, and the settlers in that section are prosperous and contented.—Bemidji News.

This fall we're going to show you a stock of Hart Schaffner & Mark clothes that will surpass anything we've had.

You'll see ready made clothes that fit perfectly; honestly tailored; with the substantial, all-wool durable quality in them.

These things ate not new in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; but thhy're uncommon in ready-made goods.

We'll show you any day.

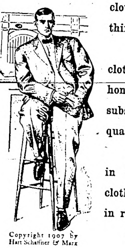

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The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Gordon Hats. Crossett Shoes.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

ACCUSED OF MURDER

Former Resident of Albert Lea Under Arrest at Waseca.

WOMAN HIS ALLEGED VICTIM

Tragedy Occurs in Hotel Where Couple Were Living as Man and Wife—General State News.

Adolph Munson, formerly a business man of Albert Lea, has been arrested at Waseca on a charge of murdering a woman with whom he had been living. Her name is Mrs. Clifford Julian and it is said that she came from Iowa. During the dinner hour at the Commercial hotel the guests were startled by a pistol shot on the second floor. Mrs. Julian rushed from the room, blood streaming from her breast, and shouted "my husband has killed me."

An investigation showed that the woman had been shot through the heart. She died while being taken to the hospital. Munson declares that the shooting was accidental and that the woman killed herself.

ODD FELLOWS IN SESSION

Sovereign Grand Lodge Meets at St. Paul.

More than 12,000 Odd Fellows are guests of St. Paul in attendance at the annual meeting of the sovereign grand lodge, the opening session being held at the Central Presbyterian church Monday. In the absence of Governor Johnson Judge Jaggard welcomed the host of visitors in the name of the state and Mayor Smith extended to them the hospitality of the city.

The Odd Fellows are divided into four branches—the Odd Fellows, the Encampment branch, the Patriarchs Militant, or military branch, and the Rebekahs, or woman's auxiliary. These several branches will hold daily business meetings and competitive military drills each day until Friday.

The delegates represent every state in the Union and Canada. All of the sovereign officers, as well as the majority of the delegates, come from Eastern and Southern cities.

WHOLE TOWN AROUSED.

Fire Alarm Turned in When Burglars Blow Safe.

The fire department was called out and the whole town greatly excited when burglars blew open the vault of the Dakota County State bank at Lakeville, thirty miles west of St. Paul.

A loud report, together with the sound of breaking glass, was heard by Miss Marie Sauser, the telephone operator, who was over the general store of M. J. Lenihan, which adjoins the bank. She aroused the Lenihan family by telephone, who, understanding there was a fire, turned in an alarm.

The safecrackers had succeeded in blowing open the safe, in which from $10,000 to $15,000 is kept, but fled without securing any booty.

AUTOS HIT A BUGGY.

Two Winona People Badly Injured in Collision.

While racing down Second street at Winona two automobiles collided with a buggy in which were Dr. and Mrs. Holden. Mrs. Holden was perhaps fatally hurt and Dr. Holden was badly injured.

Hacks Throat With Hatchet.

Ed Horn, who boards with his sister at 551 St. Peter street, St. Paul, broke into the store of E. Gruenhagen, Prior and University avenues, carried off a hatchet, it is claimed, and hacked his throat and head with it. He was putting on what might have been the finishing touches when Patrolman McNierney disarmed him. Horn is badly injured.

Jumps in Front of Train.

With the intention of ending his own life Charles Sellback, a laborer living at Big Falls, deliberately threw himself in front of the locomotive of the northbound Minnesota and International Falls passenger train shortly before the train reached Big Falls. The pilot of the engine struck Sellback and hurled his body into the ditch. He met instant death.

Woman's Burns Prove Fatal.

Mrs. Walter Holl is dead at St. Paul as the result of burns she received while melting some paraffine wax to cover jars of preserves. The wax boiled over, catching fire, and in attempting to put out the blaze Mrs. Holl's clothing caught fire. She was severely burned, but her death was due to heart failure caused by the shock.

Whiteman in Insane Asylum.

Alonzo Whiteman, former state senator and leading citizen of Duluth has been transferred from the Auburn (N. Y.) prison to the hospital for criminal insane at Dannemora. He was serving a sentence for forgery by which it is alleged the Fidelity Trust company of Buffalo lost a large sum of money.

Roadmaster Is Killed.

A report from Deer River says that George Leslie, roadmaster of the Minneapolis and Rainy River road, which runs north from Deer River, was accidentally killed by being struck by an engine. Leslie was married and lived with his family at Jessie Lake.

SECURED NO PLUNDER.

Attempt to Rob a Bank at Waconia, Minn., Fails.

With the male population of Waconia chasing them two men seen through a window while preparing to blow the bank safe of the Farmers' State bank made their escape.

Waconia is a small town on the Minneapolis and St. Louis railway at the further edge of Lake Minnetonka. The village marshal, Michael Zahler, in passing the bank saw the men at work on the safe and ran to awaken the cashier, F. J. Zefferty, and while the cashier was dressing the marshal rang the fire bell.

The people responded en masse, armed with shotguns, revolvers and pitchforks. The robbers were alarmed by the bell and were seen by the citizens running toward the railway station. The citizens fired at them and one robber acted as though he was wounded and made his way among the buildings along the track. The other jumped into a waiting carriage and was rapidly driven by a confederate toward Minneapolis.

No trace has been found of either those in the buggy or the wounded one. The men secured no plunder.

SAYS COMPLAINT IS WEAK

Trial Judge Comments on Minnesota Railroad Suit.

Judge Lochren, who is hearing the rate cases in the United States circuit court in St. Paul, said in court that he doubted whether or not the "interference" complained of by the railroads was sufficient to cause him to declare the state rate laws invalid.

This is the first comment made by the court since the beginning of the legal battle a week ago. The judge expressed his views of the case following the arguing of law questions by E. S. Roberts, representing the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads.

Should Judge Lochren adhere to his opinion that the legislature did not fix rate laws in violation of interstate commerce acts then it is possible that the railroads will lose their cases.

FATHERS UPHOLD SONS.

Minneapolis Men Will Fight Anti-Fraternity Law.

W. F. Brooks of Minneapolis will seek a temporary injunction from the municipal court restraining the board of education of that city from suspending his son under the anti-fraternity law passed by the last legislature.

Mr. Brooks, in company with the other fathers, is contending that the board has no right to suspend their sons as members of the Lambda Sigma fraternity.

These men appeared before the meeting of the board and voiced their objections to the ruling of the board that no member of a fraternity should be permitted to attend the high school.

ANOTHER BANK ROBBED.

Fifth in Northern Minnesota Looted in Past Two Weeks.

The State bank of Hitterdahl, a small town sixty miles south of Crookston, has been robbed of about $425. The robbers broke into the rear of the bank, dynamited the safe, and after securing the money made good their escape.

The town was aroused by the noise of the explosion, which almost wrecked the building, but the robbers evidently jumped into a wagon which they had waiting and drove off.

This is the fifth bank robbery in Northern Minnesota in the past two weeks. There is no clue to the robbers' identity.

Minneapolis Man Killed.

John Eberhardtson, a young engineer on the Milwaukee road, lost his life in an accident in Southeast Minneapolis when his engine crashed into a long freight train. He died within five minutes without regaining consciousness. Sievert Anderson, the fireman, jumped before the crash came and saved his life. A mistake in signals is said to have been the cause of the accident.

Robbers Get Away With $600.

Robbers blew open a safe at the Crossit Sharing laundry at Minneapolis and secured $600. The work was done with nitroglycerin and the robbers escaped with their plunder. It is thought these may be the same men who attempted to rob the State bank at Waconia last week.

Minneapolis Boy Killed.

Joseph Blickfeldt of Minneapolis, sixteen years old, was instantly killed at Thirty-third street and Chicago avenue by a live wire. He mistook the wire, which hung low, for a twig of a tree. His fingers were burned by the current and he died almost instantly.

Great Northern Cutoff in Use.

The Great Northern road is now using its new twenty-eight mile cutoff from Kelly Lake to Fermoy, on the ore road. The new line cuts down the running time and enables engines to pull trains of seventy cars out of Kelly Lake instead of dividing into two sections.

Gas Kills Sioux City Man.

Sioux City, Ia., Sept. 18.—Robert R. Hutchinson, a nephew of Judge Hutchinson, went to his room and a few hours later was found dead, asphyxiated. His landlady called him at 12:30 p. m. and being unable to arouse him broke down the door and found his dead body. He was thirty-six years of age and unmarried.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

D. A. Cameron, a well known timber cruiser, has just returned to Duluth from a tour through the North country and reports that there is a wholesale violation of the game laws going on near Ely in the killing of moose. While going through the woods in what is known as the Basswood district near Ely the other day Mr. Cameron came across the carcasses of five fine big moose which had been shot.

Governor John A. Johnson is in big demand in Nebraska, the home of William Jennings Bryan, and three separate invitations to visit that state for different reasons and at different times were presented to him one day recently. The invitations, although varied in their character, all came in a bunch when a delegation of six prominent men from different parts of Nebraska called upon the governor.

An increase of more than $5,500,000 in the personal property assessment of the state, as returned by the county boards of equalization over the figures returned last year, is shown by a tabulation of the returns from each county by the state tax commission. The total assessment this year is $186,692,217, as compared with $181,441,279 last year.

The state tax commission has completed the work of placing a valuation on the iron mining properties of the state for the purpose of taxation, the total valuation being $180,888,503. The tonnage upon which this valuation was based is 1,134,835,361. The valuation placed on the mining properties last year was $70,000,000.

The annual report of the Minneapolis and Rainy River Railway company shows that the road was operated last year at a cost of $22,024.67 above the income. This is a new road building toward the northern boundary of the state and has a very small passenger business.

M. C. Tifft of Long Prairie has been appointed actuary in the insurance department by Insurance Commissioner J. A. Hartigan. He succeeds D. F. Lyons, who was promoted to the position of deputy commissioner on Sept. 1.

Minneapolis finally knows how many saloons it has. The official count by the police shows that there are 426 saloons in actual running order and the same figures are shown on the books of the city controller.

For some time a few boys have been looking for pearls in the Cannon river near Cannon Falls. So far Alfred Erickson has been the most successful, finding a large, dark wine colored pearl, which he sold for $500.

C. E. James, factory inspector for the St. Paul district under the state labor commissioner, has resigned and he has been succeeded by T. F. Thomas of St. Paul, ex-president of the Typographical union.

Judge John Day Smith of Minneapolis charged the grand jury sworn in last week to look into the enforcement of the anti-cigarette law and endeavor to have the statutes enforced to the limit.

The State School of Agriculture at St. Anthony Park opens Monday, Oct. 7, and will close March 25, 1908.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Fireman Andrews on the Northwestern road was nearly killed as the train was pulling out of Rochester. The engine broke loose from the tender and Andrews fell toward the revolving wheels. His clothing caught on a projection and he hung suspended just out of danger.

The nine-year-old daughter of Axel Stork, a farmer living eight miles from Mountain Lake, was cremated in a fire that burned the Stork home. Four children who were sleeping in the second story were rescued with the aid of ladders.

Joe Botz, a Stearns county farmer, was killed by a threshing machine. One arm was completely torn from his body and his head was crushed. Botz was one of the most prominent farmers in Stearns county.

Charles Peterson, a section foreman employed by the Duluth and Iron Range company at Breda, was injured by being struck by an ore train near that place and died on the way to the hospital.

While playing in the woods near his home at Fosston Ralph Gunderson, the nine-year-old son of S. Gunderson of that village, was struck by a stray bullet, dying in a few hours.

Joseph Lehrer, a transient, fell down the stairs at the Grace hotel, Minneapolis, and was picked up unconscious. He died in the patrol wagon on the way to the city hospital.

Thomas McDonough was run down in the Great Northern yards at St. Paul and was crushed to death. His body was mangled by the wheels of several freight cars.

Frank Kelly of Minneapolis, while driving a furniture van, was knocked from his seat by a collision with a street car and broke his back. He is expected to die.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Gottfried Stamm of St. Paul, aged [illegible], one of the oldest and best known physicians in the state, is dead. He was Swiss [illegible] Minnesota, the Dakotas and W[illegible].

David Secor is dead at Winnebago. For sixteen years he was president of the Faribault County bank.

Getting ready for Fall

Although not completely stocked up yet, we are busy every day unpacking fall goods and will soon have a larger and better assortment in every department than ever.

In these times when everything is going "sky high," you will be pleased to find our goods the same good quality and the same prices on the most of it—not any higher than former years.

In our dress goods department we never shown a larger variety nor a better quality at

25 and 50 cents.

Others, latest styles and shades, up to $1.50.

Flannels, cheap at 12½ cents, our price, 10c.

Tailor made skirts, $3.50 to $15.00.

It will be to your interest to look at and compare our line of children's school shoes if you want quality at a low price.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

YOU SHOULD KNOW
ALUM'S WORST WORK

Some Mothers, unconscious of the injurious effects of Alum, are daily giving it to their Children by the use of so-called Cheap Baking Powder.

What Mother would do so if she only knew?

Alum's Worst Work is its early harmful influence on the child's digestive organs. Positively Never, should Children of tender years be required to eat it in their food.

Secure your Children against Alum in their food.

AVOID ALUM

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is made from Pure Refined Grape Cream of Tartar—Aids Digestion.

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MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

LIVING ON A WARSHIP

The Fare That Uncle Sam Serves to His Bluejackets.

COSTS THIRTY CENTS A DAY.

The Food Is Good, Plenty and Varied and Better Than Many Civilians Get. The Officers' Meals and the Different Messes—The Paymaster's Work.

How many housewives would like to have to cater for a family for 30 cents a head a day? That's exactly the sum it costs Uncle Sam, and he has something like 30,000 bluejackets to feed at his man-of-war table.

Even on ordinary days a sailor sits down to a fare no civilian need sniff at, says the Home Magazine. Eggs, boiled potatoes, bread and butter and coffee form his breakfast one morning. Perhaps the next he has sausages and corn bread.

Roast veal with gravy, boiled potatoes, succotash, bread and butter, gingerbread and coffee is an ordinary dinner menu, while fried pork chops, bread and butter, apple sauce and tea is the bill of fare submitted by the steward to the paymaster for the same day's evening meal.

That the fare agrees with him is attested by his hospital record. Seldom more than five to ten men are sick at a time from the ship's crew of 850.

Not all the seamen are brought up near the sea. Many of them are inland boys who run away from home for the life on the brine. The books of the Virginia, for instance, bear this out with a record that of the 850 sailors 600 have enlisted from states as far inland as Idaho and Wisconsin.

Every minute of the day aboard ship is lived according to rule. At 5:30 o'clock in the morning the sailor is aroused by the call of three bells. Thirty minutes is allowed him for lashing his hammock, etc. After that he is allowed to take it down only by special permission. There is no sneaking it off for seductive little naps in the day.

His breakfast is served at 6:30 o'clock, five bells. Twelve seamen mess at one table, one of their own number receiving an extra stipend of $5 monthly from Uncle Sam for waiting on his comrades.

This assignment is now generally made in rotation. Jack tars have been known to come to blows in their zeal to secure it. Then, again, when stationed in warmer climes it was not easy to find men willing to officiate.

Uncle Sam sets seven tables, in accordance with his rules of class distinction, which are as fixed and unswerving as the laws of the Medes and Persians. There is, first, admiral's mess, at which the head officer is served in solitary state; second, captain's mess, at which the presiding officer enjoys the same lonely distinction; third, wardroom officers' or jollification mess, so called for the good times enjoyed by the tableful of commissioned officers below rank of captain; fourth, junior officers' mess, consisting of midshipmen, the young graduates of Annapolis, who, having been educated at Uncle Sam's expense, are now getting their first maritime experience; fifth, the chief petty officers' mess, for those in rank below the midshipmen; sixth, the warrant officers' mess, who, by pull, special ability or act of prowess, have raised themselves from the enlisted ranks; seventh and last, but not least, the general or mess table where the lusty appetites of the rank and file are assuaged.

Uncle Sam's officers want the fat of the land and supply it from their own purses. By special clubbing arrangements among themselves an officers' mess is provided at a cost to each officer of $30 a month. Even a colored chef is retained.

His souffles and his salads are true works of art. The key of the wine chest he guards with jealous care. But all this is a matter of reckoning between him and the officers. Uncle Sam enters not at all.

Uncle Sam's head housekeeper, the paymaster, indeed, has quite enough on his mind trying to keep nearly a thousand lusty men satisfied with their grub and at the same time keep his bills down to the satisfaction of the navy department auditor at Washington. It is no light undertaking.

The paymaster in truth must be a man of rare parts and is rightly esteemed one of the ablest and most honored officers in the service. Take the qualities needed to make a successful hotel man, add to them those to make the popular leader, throw in intense pride and loyalty to the service, seasoned with untiring zeal for the interests of his men, and you get the kind of mixture Uncle Sam has to find before he appoints his paymaster.

When he is loading up for an eight weeks' cruise no wonder his brow is knotted. Making out the next meal's order while in port is one thing—simply a confab with his steward as to whether it shall be 500 pounds of fish or 250 pounds of pork and a barrel and a half of beans.

By the ship's regulations every man is allowed a daily stipend of one and three-quarter pounds of fresh meat. For the long voyage, however, it's a different matter. The stipend must be reduced and more salt meat consumed. The ship's cold storage capacity is 10,000 pounds.

Here is where the paymaster's real opportunity of generalship enters. Everything his men will need for the next sixty days must be planned to meet that capacity. And meantime there is ice to be manufactured without infringement of Uncle Sam's prohibition against any form of ammonia plant aboard. There are some 10,000 gallons of distilled water to be purchased (it is cheaper to buy this in port than to have it distilled aboard) and some 6,000 pounds of meat to be inspected.

No hotel kitchen could be more up to date in its equipment. Electricity plays no slight role. There is electricity to heat the irons in the up to date laundry for the officers' clothes.

Electricity turns the grinders for the Hamburg steak. Electricity mixes the dough in the ship's bakery, where 1,000 loaves are baked daily. Electricity, too, heats the coffee in the great brass caldrons (in construction exactly like the French drip coffee pot on your own table, madam, only each of them holds 150 gallons).

Nor is any hygienic device overlooked. The paymaster is responsible for the health of his men. The very cups in their water tank must be germ proof. After drinking each man is required to rinse his cup in a special tank filled with antiseptic solution.

When under the weather he is permitted to use only such medicines as are supplied by the ship's doctor. Even the contents of the canteen, his own private supply shop where he buys his luxuries, are carefully inspected by the paymaster with a keen view to excluding liquors or any other article deemed injurious to the health of his men.

The man-o'-war seaman must be a jack of all trades. Very early in his career he learns how to sew on his own buttons, in some cases even makes his own clothes. For the clumsier fingered there is the ship's tailor.

Uncle Sam's price for the material and fashioning of the regulation navy blue sailor suit is $7. Once the uniform is provided every man is held strictly accountable for the condition of his wardrobe. The more enterprising of the boys have their own sewing machines, and very deftly do they learn to ply them.

Cleanliness is another maritime virtue early instilled. Friday morning is general wash day—occasion for swabbing down decks and scrubbing of clothes and ship's canvas. It might seem to be a case of "water, water everywhere," but as a matter of fact fresh water for cleaning purposes is the scarcest article aboard.

At sea a bucket a day is each man's allowance, doled out to him by the master at arms. On that stipend he must keep his clothes, himself and the contents of his locker immaculate or stand in danger of a reprimand or the curtailment of his privilege of going ashore.

And so his life goes, at every point hedged about with red tape and routine, but within those limits as care free and happy go lucky as the dancing waves about him.

Should there be war tomorrow—all the better. That means action. As to any national issues, why bother his head about them? The Jack tar is hired to do Uncle Sam's bidding. In return Uncle Sam does his thinking for him.

Friendly Monkeys.

I have read somewhere a statement that the anthropoid apes prefer our company to that of their fellow monkeys of lower degree, and I saw it proved once in Calcutta, says a writer in Ornithological and Other Oddities. The late W. Rutledge, for many years the leading animal dealer there and a mine of natural history information, had a young one in his yard, and at my request opened its cage one day to let it choose its society, when, quite disregarding the other monkeys, it immediately came over to him and climbed into his lap.

A fair sized female we had at the Calcutta zoo also was a most affectionate creature. When I paid a visit to her she would always put her arm affectionately around my neck and while being caressed and played with would drop any food offered by other visitors.

But I think it was on my very first introduction to the orang that the hidden humanity of the creature most impressed me. This was many years ago, when Abraham Bartlett was at the London zoo. He gave me a private interview with a little orang which had just arrived. The first thing the little imp did was to climb on my knee, take off my hat and put it on his own head, after which it proceeded gravely to pinch one of the superintendent's eyelids. In short, it examined us with a scientific curiosity which in a lower animal was decidedly impressive. This little man of the woods could not have chosen a more striking way of claiming kinship so often denied.

The Cussedness of a Sail.

Sometimes a sail is only playful, and willful at the worst, and after a slight show of resistance will succumb to your arts, but at times they get malignant and cruel. They will fight you fiercely, hitting back viciously, spitefully battling for every inch, taking most treacherous advantage of any lapse of alertness or looseness of clutch. When a canvas has got that devil in it, look out for yourself. That is when it fights to kill. That is when it hurls men off yard and boom to their death. At times you can only conquer after a steady and well generaled fight. At other times a bit of trickery will succeed. I have cursed a sail and turned away pretendingly beaten, when, thrown for a moment off guard by my apparent carelessness, it has opened its defense. A tiger spring, a turn of rope, and the victory is won. But I tell you it makes a man of you, a fight to the finish with a sail. Every nerve tingling, every vein [illegible] with blood, you take the last turn, and with a "Hang you, you're fast now!" go aft and report all snug.—T. F. Day in Outing Magazine.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

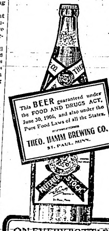

This BEER guaranteed under the FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, June 30, 1906, and also under the Pure Food Laws of all the States.
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

ON EVERY BOTTLE

Of Hamm's Beer you will find our purity guarantee label.

Hamm's Beer is Absolutely Pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's.

Hamm's fulfills every requirement of a perfect beer.

It "Leads Them All."

Order the "Preferred Stock."

Hamm's

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The
Great Northern
Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald Block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

THE VALUE OF
"White Seal" Beer

Lies largely in the malt that forms so important a part of it.

Malt is an adjuvant in convalescence from protracted illness, an auxilliary and digestive in the case of nursing women and to a large extent an important factor in the treatment of all debilitated conditions of the system. It is one of the most nutritious of foods. The malt that enters into the manufacture of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is made from the choicest barley that money can buy.

in sickness or in health the moderate use of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is greatly beneficial. The bottled product is most convenient for family use. Order a case today.

KIEWEL BREWING CO.

Phone 164.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Christ Paulson, Agent.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 19, 1907.

Read These "Reasons."

Here are eight good reasons why we should patronize and trade with our home business people. Read the article over carefully and give each reason careful consideration, and see if there is not some truth in it. Because, you examine your purchase and are assured of satisfaction before investing your money. Because, your home merchant is always willing to make right any error of any defective article purchased from him. Because, your home merchant pays local taxes and exerts every effort to build and better your market, thus increasing both the value of the city and country property. Because, the mail order merchant does not lighten your taxes or in any way uphold the value of your property. Because, the mail order merchants do nothing for the benefit of our markets or real estate values. Because, if your town is good enough to live in, it is good enough to spend money in.—Gov. Folk of Missouri. Because, the best citizens in your community patronize home industry. Why not be one of the best citizens? Because, if you give your home merchant an opportunits to compete by bringing him your order in the quantities you buy out of town, he will demonstrate that, quality considered, he will save you money.—Roseau Region.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 14.

Anderson Joseph K.
Dahlstrom Gust,
Eckland Miss Lena,
Gordon S.
Johnson Hielmar.
Johnson John,
Loftaas C. J.
Lien Miss Inga.
Hanson Ole M.
Pokezwinski J. A.
Torstenson Miss Anna,
Week Miss Dasy,

please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Me and My Father.

The commercial traveler flicked the dust off his boots, straightened his tie and entered the emporium of Mr. Brown, the village grocer. He was new to the district, otherwise he would not have made the error which we now divulge.

Behind the counter was a young gentleman of fourteen, with bulging eyes and a high collar. To him the traveler addressed himself.

"My boy," he said, "is Mr. Brown in?"

"I'm Mr. Brown," the boy replied. "But possibly you want to see old Mr. Brown, my father. I'll get him."

And as the boy went in search of his prematurely aged parent it dawned upon the traveler that this is indeed an age of young men.—London Answers.

Ideals.

He kissed her hand.

She withdrew it hastily and gazed reproachfully at him.

"I didn't think it of you!" she said, almost tearfully. "I had always considered you a young man with ideals, and"—

"I—I am sorry if I have offended," he stammered. "I"—

"Well," she said bitterly, "I certainly expected you to aim higher."

So he took heart and made new resolutions and things.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Safe.

Mrs. Smith—Yes, my little five-year-old girl is a great help in my housekeeping. Mrs. Randall—Why, what can such a child do to help? Mrs. Smith—She goes down and tells the cook for me whenever we're going to have company.—Harper's Bazar.

Delicately Put.

He would not say that she painted, powdered and all that. He was too much of a gentleman for that.

"Still I may as well confess," he said, "that she impressed me as one who thinks she can improve upon the Lord's handiwork."

The Plagiarist.

"Father," said Rollo, "what is a plagiarist?"

"A plagiarist, my son, is a kleptomaniac who lacks the courage to take anything which the police would be called on to protect."—Washington Star.

A man can know nothing of mankind without knowing something of himself.—Beaconsfield.

VIEWS OF SUPT. HAY

Children Should Not Stay Out of School in the Fall.

Makes Them Backward in Class Work and Causes Trouble.

Kindly permit me to call attention to one feature of our school work that demands the consideration of those most interested. An impression appears to prevail with some parents that a prompt attendance on the opening of school in September is not necessary to a successful year's work; that children may enter any time from two weeks to two months after the opening and still accomplish as much as those who promptly report the first day. This impression is absolutely wrong and works a decided injustice to the deliquent student as well as to the whole grade when he does finally begin. The first month's lessons in any subject, being fundamental and foundational, are actually the ones every student should receive. If he must absent himself, he would better do so the second, third or fourth month rather than the first. Neither is any student so clever that he can, even with the teacher's assistance, thoroughly or satisfactorily make up lost work. This habit of absence in September has never received the encouragement or countenance of the faculty and does not now. The teachers do not question the right of any parent to keep the children at home at any time, nor is it their desire even to learn why they are absent; it is sufficient to them to know that the parents have knowledge of the absence. It is also acknowledged that good and sufficient reasons of times compels the student's absence, but in many cases, it is feared that the wrong impression regarding the importance of a prompt attendance too easily influences the parental judgement in the matter. As the schools are now organized there is not the loss of ten minutes on opening the first day. All promotions and assignments are made the last week in May at the close of the school year. Lessons are assigned and recitations heard with the same system and thoroughness on the first day as on the hundred and first.

The prospects for satisfactory results this year are the very brightest, and if the parents will kindly see that all unavoidable absence is prevented and a prompt and regular attendance secured, the faculty can confidently promise to do the rest.

Respectfully,
J. H. Hay, Supt.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

There will be the usual entire change of program at the Bijou, Thursday. The new pictures will be very comical and interesting while Mr. Krouse is meeting with great success with his illustrated songs.

Note: A letter sent from a little country village by a faithful lover who is still waiting for the girl who went to town. She whispered when she said good bye, "I'll be back when the frost is on the pumpkin," this beautiful ballad by Harry Von Tilzer will be beautifully illustrated and will be sung by Mr. Krouse for the last half of the week.

The Gospel of Good Cheer.

People loved Robert Louis Stevenson not because he was an admirable writer, but because he was a cheerful consumptive. He was a sufferer who for many years increased the gayety of life. Genius alone can do this on a large scale, but everybody can do it on a little one. Our safest guide is the realization of a hard truth—that we are not privileged to share our troubles with other people. If we could make up our minds to spare our friends all details of ill health, of money losses, of domestic annoyances, of altercations, of committee work, of grievances, provocations and anxieties, we should sin less against the world's good humor. It may not be given us to add to the treasury of mirth, but there is considerable merit in not robbing it.—Agnes Repplier in Harper's Magazine.

How It Sounded.

"Mother," said the college student who had brought his chum home for the holidays, "permit me to present my friend, Mr. Specknoodle."

His mother, who was a little hard of hearing, placed her hand to her ear.

"I'm sorry, George, but I didn't quite catch your friend's name. You'll have to speak a little louder I'm afraid."

"I say, mother," shouted George, "I want to present my friend, Mr. Specknoodle!"

"I'm sorry, George, but Mr. — What was the name again?"

"Mr. Specknoodle!" George fairly yelled.

The old lady shook her head sadly.

"I'm sorry, George, but I'm afraid it's no use. It sounds just like Specknoodle to me."—Detroit News.

JUDGES OF ELECTION.

City Council Named Judges at Meeting Held Tuesday Evening.

New Ordinance Introduced and Other Business Transacted by City Dads.

Although candidates appear to be quite shy in announcing their intentions to serve the city in an official capacity, we are going to have an election in this city this fall just the same. At the meeting of the council held Tuesday evening the following election judges were appointed for the various voting precincts in the city:

First Precinct, First Ward—K. M. Hansen, Nels Anderson and M.C.Burns. Poling place, Dr. Grundy building on Third street.

Second Precinct, First Ward—S. T. Johnson, Alfred Rasmussen and Ed. Evenson. Poling place in M. V. Evenson building on Main avenue.

Second Ward—A. A. Wasson, Milton Forder and Emil Sweans. Poling place in city hall.

Third Ward—B. Christienson, C. M. Wilson and Louis Lonson. Poling place in M. E. church.

City Clerk Backe was instructed to write to C. P. Turner, bridge engineer for the Soo line, and ask him to come to Thief River Falls and consult with the members of the council regarding a new bridge to be built across the Red Lake river here.

A new ordinance was introduced which provides for the sprinkling of streets within the business district of the city and asses the same up to property owners.

The ordinance keeping dogs out of public places was given its second reading and will come up for final passage at the next meeting of the council.

Some Facts to Consider.

Naturally the first buildings of many settlers are of logs cut and hewed by their own hands, says Gen. Andrews in his forestry report. "I have been at pains to ascertain how much lumber the farmer in Minnesota who opens up a farm of 160 acres would require for the construction of his dwelling, barn and other necessary buildings, and find that it would be 30,000 feet board measure. Also that the average cost of such lumber at present is $30 per thousand feet, amounting in all to $900. Now, this is the amount and value at present prices of the lumber required by the average farmer. If we continue to exhaust our timber resources and do nothing for the reproduction of timber, is it not reasonable to suppose that in 30 years from now the price of lumber which the farmer requires will increase 30 per cent? That would be an increase of $270 over the present cost. The price of lumber has much influence in the opening of new farms and the development of agricultural resources. If we would keep lumber at a reasonable figure the state must begin seriously the work of restoring forests on lands suitable only for the production of timber.

Cars Are Scarce.

Grand Forks, N. D., Sept. 16.—That there will be a car famine just as soon as wheat shipping becomes general seems certain. The past week the railway companies were unable to fill promptly the orders for cars and there was practically no wheat shipped.

Usually the Great Northern has from 500 to 1,000 cars at Carman and a plentiful supply at Grand Forks, Larimore, Devils Lake, Minot and other points ready for use when the heavy wheat shipping season opens, but this year the conditions are much like last year.

It is explained that the cars are being used principally for coal and lumber shipments. On account of the high price of wheat, barley and other products, it is expected that the demand for cars will be greater than last year.

Buy A Ticket Now.

The following is the list of our attractions.

Meistersingers Male Quartet Oct. 1st, 1907.

Dr. Elliott A. Boyl, Lecture, Oct. 28th, 1907.

The Midland Concert Company, Nov. 14th, 1907.

Lucey-DeBona Combination, Dec. 12th, 1907.

The Midland Jubilee Singers, March 10th, 1908.

Cut this schedule out and paste it on the outside of folder presented you by the ladies who sells you the ticket and you are fixed for the winter. Buy your ticket now, price $2 for winter's course if no one calls on you see the Secretary.

F. J. Barackman.

Of Course, But—

H. E. Mu[illegible], the original horticulturist of Thief River Falls, offers a reward of $25 for information leading to the arrest of the culprits who stole his apples the other night. Don't Mr. Mu[illegible] know his apples were too good to keep.—Warren Sheaf.

A Wonderful Dog.

I ran a news stand at Port Jervis, N. Y. I owned a common shepherd dog which was a very intelligent animal and was of great assistance to me in the newspaper business, running across the street with papers in his mouth to customers. He attracted much attention, and he got me many new customers, for everybody liked him, he was such a business dog.

I was sick one day and not able to sell my papers. My dog came in my room where I lay in bed. He fumbled around in my pants pockets and took the keys to my news stand and ran out of the house, and the first thing I knew he had the newspaper stand opened up and doing business.

He was very clever in making change, changing five and ten dollar bills without a single mistake, working the cash register with his paws, and everything ran smoothly until a man came up and passed him a lead quarter. My dog got mad and lost his temper entirely, and I was forced to interfere. With much trouble I managed to pull them apart.

If this dog had not had such a quick temper I would have started him in business for himself. This dog is still living.—Boston Post.

Crushed by Beecher.

Henry Ward Beecher was once approached by a young man who considered himself very clever.

"Do you know, Mr. Beecher," said he, "I've been thinking that I would settle down. Now, I like *your* preaching, but when I go to your church and see such men as old S. and others, grasping skinflints and hypocrites to the core, sitting there in full membership, why, the thing is just a little too much for me, and really," he added, "I cannot join."

"Well, you're right," said Mr. Beecher. "Every church has such men, and I fancy Plymouth is not free from them, and until you spoke I have always wondered why the good Lord permitted it. Now I understand."

"Ah," gurgled the young fellow, "I am glad I have thrown light on the question! What strikes you as the reason, Mr. Beecher?"

"Well," replied the great preacher, "it is permitted in order to keep just such fools as you out of the churches."

The Nearest Approach.

An English tourist visited Arran and being a keen disciple of Izaak Walton was arranging to have a day's good sport. Being told that the cleg, or horsefly, would suit his purpose admirably for a lure, he addressed himself to Christy, the highland servant girl, "I say, my girl, can you get me some horseflies?"

Christy looked stupid, and he repeated his question. Finding that she did not yet comprehend him, he exclaimed:

"Why, girl, did you never see a horsefly?"

"Naa, sir," said the girl, "but a wanse saw a coo jump ower a preshipice."

Grandfather's Portrait.

A villager, intensely conceited and ignorant, but quite wealthy, was persuaded to have his grandfather's picture repainted.

The artist, not having been decently treated by the villager, drew the portrait almost in a nude form. Rolling it up, he told the man not to look at it before the coming New Year. On that day the villager ordered the picture to be hung up that he might pay it his New Year respects. As it was being unrolled he frantically waved his hands and shouted: "Wait! Wait! The old gentleman is not ready, for he is not yet dressed."—From the Chinese.

A New-Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took *Scott's Emulsion.*
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

The Worth of His Money.

Not seldom in highland districts the attendance at church during unpropitious weather is but scanty. One minister, finding himself on a boisterous Sunday confronted with but one solitary auditor, who happened to be a gruff, outspoken character, took him into his confidence, with a view to propitiate him. "Will I go on with the sermon, John?" John answered gruffly, "Of course." Getting into the pulpit and leaning over it, he asked, "Will I give you the Gaelic sermon or the English one?" "Gie's baith. Ye're weel paid for 't," said John, more gruffly still.—Dundee Advertiser.

Bituminous Coal.

Shortly after the adoption of bituminous coal as a fuel in England a royal proclamation was used forbidding its use and authorizing the destruction of the furnaces of the users, who were characterized as evil doers. Scarcity of fuel, it seems, shortly compelled the resumption of its use. In the reign of Elizabeth bituminous coal was again prohibited during sessions of parliament lest the health of the members suffer thereby.—London Telegraph.

The Richest.

That country is the richest which nourishes the greatest number of noble and happy human beings; that man is the richest who, having perfected the functions of his own life to the utmost, has also the widest helpful influence, both personal and by means of his possessions, over the lives of others.—John Ruskin.

A Philosopher.

Frances Willard once wrote to a friend who had just lost a daughter: "Dear Sister Anna, how much richer are you than I! Here I sit alone without a child to die, while you are mother to an angel."

The Hat Scale.

A fifty dollar hat is a conceit.
A thirty dollar hat is a confection.
A two dollar hat is a sin and a shame and a perfect justification for going home to mother.—Pittsburg Post.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Rudolph E. Warner Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Rudolph E. Warner of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of September A. D. 1907, the above named Rudolph E. Warner was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district on the 26th day of September A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated September 11, 1907.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

—going up

The price of clothing the same as everything that a person needs has been advancing in price for a number of years. What you could have bought for $15.00 or $20.00 five years ago cannot be purchased for that price today.

At the same time certain conditions will never change and that is the amount of profit some stores ask for their goods. Our constant aim is to give the best values possible and we can make your clothes money go farther and to your better satisfaction on that account.

Our fall and winter stock of high grade suits and overcoats is now complete. We invite your early inspection.

WILSON'S,
CLOTHING AND SHOES.

J. Borry,
PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

O. Tessum was down to Crookston last week.

Ed. Evenson was down to crookston the first of the week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

—*Dr. H. G. Hieber*, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

W. B. Nichols was called to Minneapolis last week by the death of a cousin.

Otto Hole, of Liner, was in the city Monday and made this office a pleasant call.

Bert Walker leaves this week for Aberdeen, S. D., and may decide to locate there.

Rooms For Rent—5 upstairs rooms for rent, for particulars inquire of Olaf Tessum.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., opens a new term Oct. 1st. Send for catalog.

Attorney G. Halvorson was up on the Greenbush line last Saturday attending to business matters.

A class of Catechumens will enroll Wednesday Sept. 25 at 9 A. M, at Parsonage of Synod Church.

The Ladies Aid of the United Church will meet with Mrs. T. P. Hauro Wednesday afternoon Sept. 25.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod Church next Sunday evening at 7:45. I. T. Aastad Pastor.

J.A. Ralston last week sold his barber shop to I. Olson, of Grafton, N. D. The new proprietor is now in charge of the shop.

Sam McMahon last week purchased Miss Kuhnel's farm up near Highlanding and will make his home there in the future.

The Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Co., last week removed their stock of goods to the M. M. Johnson building on Main avenue.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod Church meets this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fjoser at 3 o'clock. Everybody cordially invited.

Misses Stella and Elsie Robbecke, who had spent several weeks visiting with friends at Minneapolis and Stillwater, returned home Monday.

For Sale—N. ½, Sec. 31, town of North one mile west of Thief River Falls. Inquire of D. B. Bakke, Thief River Falls, or C. E. Purdy, Lost Valley, Oregon.

H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, has a large orchard and this year is harvesting a large crop of apples, this demonstrating the possibilites of this section in that line of farming.

D. P. O'Neill was up from his Norman county farm Tuesday. He has finished cutting his grain and has started threshing. Crops are good down in Norman county this year.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last Friday having with him John C. Nordlum, constable of Middle River, who was taken to Warren and bound over to the grand jury.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last week.

E. T. Frank, of Warren, was in the city last week.

Rev. Barackman was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hincik Sunday.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw went up to Germantown the first of the week.

Judge of Probate Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

August Yanke left last Friday for Illinois to visit old friends for a few weeks.

Attorney Stanton attended to business matters at Middle River last Saturday.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Miss Olivia Werstlein went over to Grand Forks the first of the week to visit friends.

Harry E. Ives was up from St Hilaire last Saturday attending to business matters.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka left the first of the week for North Dakota to visit her daughter.

State Librarian John E. King, owner of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, was in the city last Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Buck, of Grand Forks, is in the city visiting at the home of Mrs. J. H. Werstlein.

Miss Effie Bakke and Miss Claris Finberg were up to Middle River to spend Sunday with friends.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson left last Friday for Minneapolis to visit her sister, Mrs James Meehan for several days.

P. Engelstad, of Rockabury, started work last Saturday of filling his two silos. The work takes about five days.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

Walter Hill, son of the president of the Great Northern, spent several days at Middle River the past week hunting ducks and geese.

Congressman Steenerson was a passenger on the Greenbush train last Friday. He had been attending to legal business up at Middle River.

Henry Koop, Wm. Gust and John Siefken, of Effingham, Ill., were here last week visiting their old neighbor, Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury. They were well pleased with this country and may decide to locate here in the future.

Wm. Moeller, of Rocksbury, has demonstrated to his own satisfaction that sweet potatoes can be succesfully raised here in Red Lake county. He set out about fifty plants this spring and has secured a good yield. Next year he intends to raise quite a patch of sweet potatoes and will have potatoes to sell to the local merchants.

Sheriff Nelson and family spent Sunday in the city.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls yesterday,

W. H. Blunt left yesterday for his home at Spokane, Wash.

Miss Clara Blanchard left yesterday for Fargo where she will attend a business college during the next few months.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Attorney J. Walseth writes the News from Overly, N. D., where he is now located and says he likes his new home very much. And belives that he will prosper over there.

Rudolph E. Warner, a bartender of Thief River Falls, filed a bankruptcy petition in the United States court here today, placing his assets at $61, of which $336 is exempt, and his liabilities at $1,006.08.—Crookston Journal.

J. Borry's handsome home on North LaBree avenue came near being destroyed by fire last Friday evening. The fire started in the fire place on the second floor of the building and was discovered before much damage was done.

Richardson & Cooke have dissolved partnership in the law business and Mr. Cooke will continue the business in the future. Mr. Richardson has accepted a position to travel on the road looking after agents for a large publishing house.

The finest stallion ever in Thief River Falls can be seen this week at Jenson& Sons' livery barn. "Rivarol" is the name of this horse and he was imported from France. At the Minnesota state fair he took the first prize in the group of Percheron stallions. Mc Laughlin Bros., the owners, are making endeavors to form a stock company of farmers here and sell the horse. John Craven is here in charge of the horse.

Bulman Bros. last Saturday shipped three car loads of their logging outfit to Prince Albert, Canada and will commence to prepare building camps and getting ready to work upon the large contract they have taken from the Prince Albert Lumber company. Among the men to go up on Saturday are; Sex Bulman, Harry Cummings, Bob Newmarsh John Howell, Peter Gilmore, Louis Brennin, G. H. Olson, Chris Bulman and Fred Hollender.

Anxious mothers in Norway are seeking three lost persons, all of whom lived in Minneapolis, when last heard from. They are: Ole Anderson, left Norway in 1889, no news of him since 1896. He is 42 years old, of dark complexion, and a plummer by trade. Herman Hagbart Hanson, dark Norwegian, last seen in Minneapolis in 1905. He is 28 years old and a sailor. Klara Anderson left Norway in 1880. They got their last word from her nine years later. She was then about to marry one Gust Solmer, of Kolmar.

Judge of Probate Tarrant officiated at the marriage of Paul Weiss, of Black River, to Miss Sophia Yette, of Louisville, Tuesday morning. The newly married pair will make their home on the groom's fine farm in Black River township and expect to go house-keeping at once. Mr. Weiss is a son of one of Black River's oldest residents, and is a young man of excellent habits and bright prospects. The bride is a well-known young lady of Louisville, well fitted for a wife's companion of the man of her choice.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Last week the state dairy and food inspectors at St. Paul seized seven cans of spoiled cream at the union depot in that city. The cream came from Fergus Falls Ashby, Vergas, Kensington, Eden Valley Arlington and Chokio, and was either unclean, sour or actually decomposed. All of it was condemned and those who sent it will be prosecuted by the inspectors who will visit the points from which it was sent and file complaints against those sending it. The penalty is a fine of from fifteen to a hundred dollars or a corresponding period of imprisonment.

Don't ever buy advertising space in a newspaper if you have nothing to sell that people want to buy. All that advertising can do is to put the man of enterprise and worth, who has something of merit to sell, in touch with the purchasing public. Advertising calls the attention of the public to a man's business and the stock he carries, and induces people to call on him. The merchant has got to do the rest. If his goods are not as advertised, or if people are not served pleasantly by the proprietor or clerks, it cannot then be truthfully argued that advertising does not pay.

The first Canadian "honkers" of the season were brought to town yesterday by Messrs Harry Wood and Doug Farrell. They are kept busy and evince great excitement in explaining how the capture was made. It seems that they were speeding down the Goose Lake ridge in Mr. Wood's auto when they discovered a flock of geese ahead of them, and they started in a mad chase for them, with Wood at the wheel and the throttle wide open, and were soon under the geese when the reliable Doug. opened fire and tumbled a goose with each barrel. At this point their narrative is somewhat mixed, but it is evident that they got badly rattled, or they might have kept on and killed the whole flock., but Mr. Farrel says they are not game hogs anyway. —Warren Register.

An Eye For the Future

will save suffering if your vision is under consideration. Have your eyes examined now, and it may be that light glasses will avoid heavier and more expensive ones later on, and more important still your eyesight for many years, and also lessen the risk of headaches and other ills.

Consultation free.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK
EYE SPECIALIST AND JEWELER

Ladies Fall and Winter Coats

We are pleased to announce that we purchased early our fall and winter coats at very low prices, and our stock will be complete in a few days, and at prices that will surprise you. Our coats have been carefully selected and comprise the very latest in style and finish. In cloth coats we have them in fur lined, with fur collors and without. Prices range from $8.00 to $25.00.

Our line of fur jackets, such as mink, near seal, and artrakan are simply superb and prices right.

Furs == Furs == Furs

Our line of ladies fur lollars is the largest in the northwest, comprising the latest both in long and short furs. Prices range from 75c to $25. You will admit they are pretty.

Just received, a beautiful line of ladies shirt waists. Prices from $1.25 to $8.50.

A word to the wise: If you intend to buy a coat or fur this fall, we invite you to look over our line before buying. We can please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

Lost—A red cow, with white stripe on back, bell on neck. Please notify B. Dan Bjorkman if you know the whereabouth of this cow.

Conductor J. H. Morton left last evening for Wellington, Kan., where he has accepted a position with the Santa Fee railroad and will make his home in the future.

A public reception under the auspices of the Board of Education will be tendered the teachers of the City school, at the Antler Club rooms on the evening of Thursday, Sept. 26th, at 8 oclock. An interesting program will be presented and light refreshments served. All the adult public is most cordially invited to attend.

The management of the local Opera House announce with pleasure the coming of that famous musical farce comedy "Pecks Bad Boy" on Tuesday evening Sept. 24th. We are given the original production as produced in the larger cities, together with their magnificent scenic equipment and high class company of vaudeville artists, singers and dancers. While the title Pecks Bad Boy is familair to almost everyone, the play has been so changed brought up to date and improved in so many ways as to be hardly recognizable as the farce that has had over twenty years of success. During the action of this laughable comedy eight clever specialties are introduced. This the banner dramatic event of the local season should not be missed by any young or old. Tickets on sale at City Drug Store. Buy early and secure the choice seats.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Sept. 22. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday school 10 a. m.
Junior League 2:30 p.m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m.
Prayer meeting and Bible study Thursday 7.30 p. m.
Everybody welcome
Chas H. Flesher Pastor.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	97c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 00
Barley	[illegible]
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

Subscribe for the News.

Harvest Is Now On.

"This is the season of the year when the baggagemen on the trains up in this Northern country make a lot of money on the side," said a well known railroad man. "They always like to see hunting season come, for then there is a heavy travel in dogs, and every dog means a piece of money for the baggageman. You see the railroads do not charge anything for transporting dogs. They are put in the baggage car, something after the fashion of a grip. While there is no regular charge, so long as the master accompanies the dog, it is understood on all sides that the baggageman shall be given a piece of money ranging from a quarter upwards. Most of the money comes in the shape of half dollars, but often the tips range higher than that, for, next to his immediate family, the thorough sportsman loves his dog better than anything else in the world, and is willing to pay well to see that he is taken care of properly. It is not uncommon for a man in the baggage car to get $2 or $3 for carrying a single dog over his division, or a part of it. This counts up pretty fast, for every run of the train to and from the chicken fields carries its quota of dogs.

"This is also a profitable season for the brakemen on the freight trains, or such of them as stand willing to disregard the rules of the company and allow hoboes to ride. Beginning in August and extending along after the close of the harvest fields, there are hundreds of men who go to and from the Western harvest fields who make it their practice to ride the freight trains exclusively. If caught in the Act they generally stand ready to tip the brakeman a dollar or two, which is much cheaper than paying fare on the passenger train. Usually the brakeman is pretty safe in accepting the money, unless he gets it from a spotter, for he can always say, 'you know, that he didn't know the hoboes were on his train."

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o. c.
Choir: O Savior of the World by Sir John Goss.
Sabbath School at 12 10.
Sabbath evening worship at 7.30.
Choir: Father Keep Us in Thy Care by D. F. Hodges.
Teachers meeting and Bible study, every Thursday evening at 7.30.
Entertainment by the Sabbath School Friday evening in the church at 8 p. m. Admission 10c.
We welcome all to our church,
F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

FIRE AT RED LAKE FALLS

Loss of Five Thousand Dollars by Last Night's Blaze.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Sept. 14.—Fire last night totally destroyed the Duffy building on Main street, occupied by George Sauer as a meat market. Loss on building, $800; insurance, $800. Loss on contents, $500; insurance, $300. The Spillane building, adjoining, was damaged $1,200, fully covered. The contents of the Spillane confectionery was damaged $800, fully covered. Latan Bros. building was damaged $500, fully covered. The Kaufer building was damaged $300, fully covered. The contents of Majeres food store was damaged $100, fully covered. The fire started from the heating stove in the office of the meat market.

Hitchcock Will Leave.

C. A. Hitchcock of Crookston, who was in the city today, acting as auctioneer at the market sales, announces that he has accepted a lucrative position as traveling salesman for Robinson & Miller wholesalers of wagons, buggies, etc., and that the territory which he will cover will necessitate his removal from Crookston to make his headquarters in St. Paul. Mr. Hitchcock will cover the territory from St. Cloud through the central part of Minnesota to the southern boundary of the state, and he states that he will be in the north half of the state but seldom, hereafter. He will leave Crookston tomorrow night for his new field of labor. Bemidji Pioneer.

Although Mr. Hitchcock has been in Bemidji seldom, he has made many friends here, and all wish him success in his new position.

He states that he will be unable to assist in the horse races here, as one of the judges, and expresses deep regret that he cannot be present. He assured the fair management that great interest is being taken in the Red River Valley in our coming fair and that there will be a large attendance from that vicinity. Bemidji Pioneer.

The Growth of 50c.

Come to the Presbyterian church Friday evening September 20th and see how much 50c. can grow in three months. You will learn how to make your fortune and the secret of this wonderful growth all for 10c. The children of the Sabbath School assisted by Mrs Halvorson, Mrs. Ross and others will give a unique entertainment on Friday evening, Sept. 20th, at 8 o. clock. Come and help the children. Dr. Gambell will tell of his trip to Alaska.— F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

For State Prison Binding Twine Call at

JACKSON & M'GINN'S

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

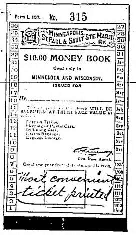

FOR SALE AT ALL TICKET OFFICES

Form L 157. No. 315

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE RY.

$10.00 MONEY BOOK

Good only in

MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN.

ISSUED FOR

Mr. ____

The coupons in this book WILL BE ACCEPTED AT THEIR FACE VALUE as follows:

Fare on Trains,
Sleeping or Parlor Cars,
In Dining Cars,
Excess Baggage,
Baggage Storage.

Gen. Pass. Agent.

Good one year from date stamped hereon.

Most convenient ticket printed

IN MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

A SCRAP OF PAPER.

It Was the Means of Bringing a Murderer to Justice.

Scraps of paper have on several occasions been the means of throwing a light on some of the greatest criminal mysteries of modern times. Had it not been for the minutest scrap of tissue paper it is quite possible that the notorious Franz Muller would have remained a free man to the end of his days.

After foully murdering a Mr. Briggs in a railway carriage on the North London line Muller made off with his victim's hat. When caught several months later a top hat declared to be Mr. Briggs' was found in his possession. Its shape, however, had been considerably altered, and Muller insisted that the hat had been bought by himself.

Was it Mr. Briggs' hat?

"If it is Mr. Briggs' hat," said the hatter who supplied him, "you may find a piece of tissue paper in the lining. Mr. Briggs' hat was too large for him, so I put the paper in to make it fit."

When the lining was turned down a scrap of paper which had adhered to the leather was discovered. Muller had a bigger head than Mr. Briggs and had therefore resolved to take the paper out. He left that little bit, however, sufficient to establish the identity of the hat beyond all question as that Mr. Briggs was wearing when he was murdered.

This is only one instance among many where bits of paper have solved great mysteries.—London Answers.

ART OF THE ETRUSCANS.

Mysterious People Who Left Traces of a Remarkable Civilization.

Why did the Etruscans devote their whole lives to the incessant making of pottery until it accumulated in such quantities that they were compelled to bury it in order to keep room for themselves in their streets and houses?

Then, again, there is the mystery of the Etruscan inscriptions. These inscriptions are fairly numerous, but hitherto they have proved to be utterly undecipherable. The Etruscan is the only dead language that has defied investigation. Considered as a language, nothing could seem more improbable than the hieroglyphics of the Egyptians, but Egyptologists can read them with such ease that almost any given series of hieroglyphics can be read in three or four ways by an equal number of rival Egyptologists. Any language more utterly impossible at first glance than the Assyrian arrowheaded language could not well be imagined, but there are many learned men who can read, write and speak arrowhead with facility. And yet no man can make the least sense of the writings left by the Etruscans, although they are written in Roman characters.

All that we know of the Etruscans seems unreasonable and preposterous. Naturally this makes them fascinating to every one who delights in mystery and the solution of puzzles.—Putnam's Magazine.

The Paper Told the Tale.

A certain Greek adventurer some years ago undertook to palm off upon the public some false copies of the gospel manuscripts. Many learned men were deceived, but not Dr. Coxe, librarian of the Bodleian library at Oxford. How he detected the fraud was related in his own words in the Spectator:

I never really opened the book, but I held it in my hand and took one page of it between my finger and thumb while I listened to the rascal's account of how he found this most interesting antiquity. At the end of three or four minutes I handed it back to him with the short comment, "Nineteenth century paper, my dear sir," and he took it away in a hurry and did not come again. Yes, I was pleased, but I have handled several ancient manuscripts in my time, and I know the feel of old paper.

Effect of Whistle on Rattlesnakes.

"Should you ever encounter a rattlesnake and he shows fight just begin to whistle softly and the reptile will uncoil and lay with his eyes closed and body quivering," said a Tennessean. "On more than one occasion I have run across rattlesnakes and have always taken the fight out of them by whistling. The snake seems to become absolutely helpless when he hears a soft whistle and will make no attempt to spring upon you. This whistle appears to soothe his anger and robs him of fighting power. I saved my life on one occasion in this manner. Try it and you'll find that I tell the truth."—Nashville Tennessean.

What, Indeed?

A duchess requiring a lady's maid had an interview with one, to whom, after having examined her appearance, she said, "Of course you will be able to dress my hair for me?"

"Oh, yes," replied the girl; "it never takes me more than half an hour to dress a lady's hair."

"Half an hour, my child!" exclaimed the duchess in accents of terror. "And what on earth, then, should I be able to do with myself all the remainder of the morning?"—Dundee Advertiser.

His Diagnosis.

A London curate the other day received an astonishing answer to an inquiry after a parishioner's health. "Well, sir," said the parishioner, "sometimes I feels anyhow, sometimes I feels nohow and there be times when I feels as stiff as a himmidge."

His Point of View.

Landlord—Sir, the other tenants will not stay in the flat if you persist in playing the cornet. Mr. Toots—I'm glad of that. They were very annoying.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

About Saving Accounts.

The saving accounts is one of the best investments for small amounts. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle awaiting investment. You may with draw a part or the intire amount at any time.

Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

We write Fire Insurance in the best of companies. Tickets to and from Europe at reduced rates at our bank.

Money Orders and drafts issued to any foreign country and payable in postoffices, banks or country Stores.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

Peerless
DILO

The Harvest Fields of the Northwest

Grow the richest barley in the world, and barley, remember, is a substantial food—a standard cereal (like wheat and oats and rye). It is the foundation and backbone of

Gund's Peerless Beer

Pure, natural juices of the barley and hops are combined by the famous "Gund Natural Process" into a fermented malt beer, whose fine fragrance and rich strengthening food qualities won for it the diploma of highest excellence at Paris, 1900, and for commanding superiority at St. Louis Exposition, 1904. "Peerless" will quench your thirst, give you strength, promote digestion, satisfy your palate and enrich your blood.

Bottled at brewery only. Sold everywhere. A favorite home beer. Send in a trial order for a case delivered at your door. Telephone, write or call. Ask for it at places of public resort if you want something better than common brews.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

WARNED AGAINST BIG SCHEME

Swedish Government Informed of Attempt to Lure Swedes to New York Through Advertisements.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Advertisements inserted in the Swedish agricultural papers in which what purports to be the agricultural department of the state of New York, with offices in Albany and New York city, advertises farms for sale at $10 and $40 an acre and promises Swedish farm laborers from $10 to $25 a month wages, have created great bitterness in the press in this county. A Swedish press bureau in New York sent to the government paper, Postidningen, the information that a man named Johnson at 23 Park Row, New York city, had been appointed a special agent of the state government to travel in Sweden for the purpose of inducing people to go to the United States by promising them employment on farms. The Swedish government has sent special orders to the authorities in the provinces, warning them against the scheme, and the local press is hotly denouncing the supposed unfriendly act of the United States toward Sweden.

The advent of the sugar trust has furnished much newspaper comment and it seems that most of the papers agree that the new institution needs watching. Carl Tranchell, of Landskrona, has been chosen head of the great sugar trust and has already been dubbed "the sugar king." Through the formation of this trust twenty sugar factories are absorbed, representing an aggregate capitalization of $35,000,000. So Sweden will soon be following in America's footsteps. At any rate in the way the newspapers discuss it, there will soon be some legislation in this regard and may be the trust institution in Sweden can be nipped in the bud.

Prizes aggregating $13,500 will be paid by the city council in Stockholm for the best plan to regulate the thoroughfares of Stockholm. It is stated by the Stockholm papers that the whole world may compete for these prizes and they will be paid whether the plans are used or not. The city also reserves the right to buy any plans that do not win a prize and the amount for such a plan must not exceed $1,350. The idea is a capital one and there will undoubtedly be many who will take advantage of the offer. Maybe some American can win the prize.

The Socialistic Young People's congress passed a series of temperance resolutions, demanding that no intoxicating drinks be served at gatherings for which the socialistic clubs are responsible, that the speakers of the party describe alcoholism as one of the greatest obstacles to the progress of Social Democracy, and that all kinds of liquor advertisments be kept out of the newspapers of the party.

Prince Eugen, known familiarly as "Sweden's Painter Prince," is said to be engaged to marry Mlle. Larsen, a very talented and popular concert singer. The prince is reported to have fallen in love with her at first sight several years ago. Her name, however, only recently came out in connection with the romance.

Dr. Rubin, the scientist, who accompanied an English excursion to the interior of Africa, has now returned to Stockholm. Dr. Rubin brings some interesting collections from the Zambesi and Kandanka country.

Plans are under way to import a large number of Swiss goats to northern Sweden. Experiments have been made on a small scale and it is claimed that the Swiss goat will thrive well in Sweden.

John Forsell, the eminent opera singer, has been awarded a medal of honor from King Oscar. Naturally, Herr Forsell is very much pleased. He received it while singing for King Oscar at Marstrand.

"Children's Day" this year netted about 110,00 crowns, about as much as last year. It was a successful day in every respect and the event was favored by unusually fine weather.

The Swedish army has adopted the English army hat and has placed an order with an English manufacturing firm for the amount of 625,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Edward Hagerup Grieg, the great composer, died at Bergen Sept. 4. Through the death of Grieg the world has lost one of its greatest composers. He was one of the few composers appreciated and loved in his own time. He was the idol of his countrymen and the whole musical world responded to the charm of his music. Even the critics accorded him an honorable place. The originality and beauty of his contagious rhythms attracted all classes of music lovers. His music is tender, fantastic, not to say wild, and exceedingly weird. His most characteristic works are his exquisite songs, his piano compositions and his orchestral suite, "Peer Gynt." The latter is probably his best known and most popular work. The elves and trolls of Ibsen's fantastic imagination seemed particularly to appeal to Grieg's poetic fancy. "Morning" is full of the tender freshness and serenity of the early dawn; "Anitra's Dance" sparkles with the very poetry of motion; "Ase's Death" thrills with grief and somber beauty; and in "The Hall of the Mountain King" a very tumult of madness and emotionalism bursts forth in sheerest exuberance. His "Elfentanz," Berceuse," "Album Leaves" and "Northern Dances" are also known to every musical amateur, while his volume of spontaneous, impassioned songs will be sung with Schubert's and Schumann's always. While he was still young Grieg received a pension from the government in order that he might devote himself entirely to composing. His life was a peaceful one and in marked contrast to the lives of so many other famous musicians, the monuments to whose genius were built in bitterness and want. Grieg was buried Sept. 10. The funeral was attended by an enormous concourse of people. King Haakon, Emperor William of Germany, the Norwegian government and the parliament of Norway all sent representatives.

An extraordinary case of clairvoyance by a child has caused considerable interest here, says a Christiania correspondent to the London Times. About a fortnight ago a man living in the Oesterdal valley disappeared suddenly from his home, and all search proved vain. The child, John Floettum, 14 years of age, was sent for eight days after the man's disappearance. The boy walked around the house where the man had lived and got a photograph of him, which he carefully examined. Sitting at a table, with his left hand covering his eyes, he drew some lines on a slip of paper, the lines indicating where the man had walked. The perspiration poured down the boy's face, and he often stopped. When at last he "saw" a place where the man had sat down under a big tree, he was quite exhausted, and had to give it up for the day. People were sent out to search, with the boy's sketch as their guide. The whole population of the district followed and excitement was high as the crowd followed the course the man had taken, step by step, as indicated by the boy. Night came on before they reached the tree, and the search was adjourned till next, when the boy himself led the party. He took them to a tree, and there found the lost man's handkerchief. From the tree the boy went straight to the river, but again he became so exhausted that he had to give up. However, as soon as he came home he said he could plainly "see" where the man was. Early next morning the search party, with the boy, took a boat, which was steered according to the boy's directions. After a while he suddenly rose and said, "Here he lies." A search was made and the body was found at the bottom of the river on the very spot the boy had pointed out. The boy only three months ago discovered that he possessed this extraordinary sense of clairvoyance. During this time he has given many proofs of his strange power. A man went to him and told him that he had lost a gold ring in a field last autumn as he was loading hay on a cart, and the boy soon told the man that the ring could be found among the hay on his farm, pointing out the very place, where the ring was immediately found. The boy has achieved other feats equally remarkable.

According to recent dispatches, Captain Isachsen, in command of the Norwegian Arctic expedition, which arrived in Tromsoe from the north Sept. 10, Walter Wellman and his party will probably return to Tromsoe at the end of the present month and abandon their plans to attempt to reach the pole in an airship for the present year. No start had been attempted up to Aug. 26 and the weather subsequent to that date precluded an ascent of the airship. It is claimed that northerly winds, fog and snow have prevailed.

A French cadet ship, Admiral Peirce commanding, paid a visit to Bergen last month. A series of "fests" were arranged in honor of the officers during their stay in Bergen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

There is a rumor that Kaiser William is co-operating with Dowager Empress Dagmar of Russia to induce her son, the czar of Russia, to take a long rest in Denmark. During the first years after the death of his father, Alexander III, she exerted great influence upon his government. But now she has become estranged from her son and never visits him any more at Gatschina or Peterhof. In a few weeks she will take permanent residence at "Hvidore," the beautiful little castle between Copenhagen and Helsingor, which is the joint property of her and her sister, Queen Alexandra of England, and if the czar is persuaded to go to Fredensborg castle, which is only a short distance away, she hopes to regain her influence over him and fortify his mind against the court camarilla which now surround him with fake mediums and clairvoyants.

A number of Danish young women telegraphists recently struck, demanding higher salaries and treatment equal to the men. Both demands were [illegible] granted by the government [illegible] that their work should be equal to the male operators, who in cases of emergency are called out to work on the line. The young women agreed and several are now employed climbing telegraph poles to repair broken wires.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The giant turbiner Lusitania of the Cunard line reached New York on her maiden voyage with a new record of 5 days and 54 minutes between Queenstown and New York. The Lusitania failed to lower the hourly speed average of 23.58 knots made by the Kaiser Wilhelm II. of the North German Lloyd line, though she covered the distance between the ports in an average of 23.01 knots, which is a record for maiden voyages. The Lusitania's time was 6 hours and 29 minutes faster than the previous record from Queenstown, held by her sister ship, the Lucania.

In the Franklin county (Ky.) circuit court Judge Stout has entered an order suspending the warrants issued against W. S. Taylor, former governor of Kentucky, who is charged with complicity in the murder of William Goebel and who is in Indiana. The action was taken on the motion of Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin for the purpose of allowing Taylor to return to Kentucky and testify in behalf of Caleb Powers, who is soon to be tried the fourth time for the Goebel murder.

Anthracite and bituminous operators of Pennsylvania say that the coal situation is growing serious throughout the state and it is freely predicted that before midwinter there will be a famine in many cities. Inability to secure sufficient labor is given as the cause for the decreased production.

Judges Willson and Audenried, in common pleas court at Philadelphia, have declared unconstitutional the 2-cent railroad fare law passed by the last legislature. The court holds that the 2-cent rate is unreasonable and grants the injunction asked for restraining officials from enforcing it.

A second business collapse has followed the mysterious disappearance of Seward Heidelbach of Cincinnati, Henry S. Fechheimer having been appointed receiver for the Ladies' Tailoring company, a $100,000 corporation, in which Heidelbach was largely interested.

Joe Gans was given the decision over Jimmy Britt in the lightweight championship fight at San Francisco. Britt broke his wrist in the fourth round and at the end of the fifth round his seconds threw up the sponge.

The Grand Army of the Republic held its forty-first parade at Saratoga, N. Y., in memory of the victims of war. Ten thousand veterans braved a driving storm to march again beneath their battleflags.

Columbus won the American association pennant again this year, making three straight.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Sir Thomas Lipton will make another attempt in 1908 to regain the America's cup for Great Britain. This announcement has been made by Sir Thomas in London and by the secretary of the Royal Irish Yacht club at Dublin. The challenge, which goes to the New York Yacht club in the name of the Royal Irish Yacht club, was mailed from Dublin on Sept. 13.

Walter Wellman, the head of the Wellman Chicago Record-Herald expedition, has arrived at Tromsoe, Norway, on board the Frithjof from Spitzbergen on his way home. He announced that he had definitely abandoned for this year, after a disastrous trial of his airship, the proposed attempt to reach the North pole.

Charles G. Burton of Nevada, Mo., a former member of congress, has been elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Congressman Nicholas Longworth and Mrs. Longworth have arrived at San Francisco on the steamer Sierra from Honolulu.

Secretary of War Taft sailed from Seattle Thursday on the steamship Minnesota for the Philippines.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.50@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.25; good to choice spring lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11½; No. 1 Northern, $1.10⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅜; Sept., $1.08⅝; Dec., $1.07⅛; May, $1.11. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.24½; Oct., $1.20½; Nov., $1.20; Dec., $1.16½.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 16.—Wheat—Sept., $1.04½; Dec., $1.05⅜; May, $1.09⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, old, $1.08⅝; new, $1.08¼; No. 1 Northern, old, $1.07⅝; new, $1.07⅛; No. 2 Northern, old, $1.05½; new, $1.05@1.05¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.01@1.04.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Wheat—Sept., 94⅛c; Dec., 99c. Corn—Sept., 59⅜c; Dec., 56⅝c. Oats—Sept., 52⅞c; Dec., 51½@51⅜c. Pork—Oct., $15.47½; Jan., $15.50. Butter—Creameries, 22½@27½c; dairies, 21@25½c. Eggs—15½@17½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.[illegible]@7.[illegible]; cows, $1.25@5.[illegible]; Texas steers, $3.75@[illegible]; calves, $5.75@[illegible]; Western cattle, $4.[illegible]@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@5.[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $6.2[illegible]@6.65; mixed, $[illegible]@6.62½; heavy, $5.[illegible]@6.[illegible]; rough, $5.[illegible]@5.[illegible]; pigs, $5.[illegible]@6.40. Sheep, $3.25@5.40; yearlings, $5.50@6.40; lambs, $5.00@7.65.

THE ZOO BY NIGHT.

Gleaming Eyes in the Blackness Give a Flavor of the Wilds.

The average grownup who visits the zoo thinks it rather a dull sort of show, for the fact that the animals are captive robs them of all the romance that would attach to them in their native forests.

But let the blase sightseer obtain permission to visit the zoo at midnight, and his impressions will be very different. Darkness hides the bars and the boards, and the eyes of some wakeful creature gleam maliciously at you. For the moment you imagine that you are in the wilds, on equal terms with the creatures around.

Poised on the swings and platforms at the top of their cages sleep the monkeys, instinct surviving their loss of freedom, for in the forests they had to sleep thus to avoid the beasts of prey.

Here rests a lioness, prone upon her back, her legs rigid in the air and her paws hanging limply down. There reclines her lord, asleep upon his side, his paws turned in and his general pose not unlike that of a dog.

The more cunning and more cowardly of the animals do not seem to sleep at all, for as soon as they hear our approaching footsteps they give us their greeting with snarls and malevolent glowerings and watch us suspiciously till we depart.—Pearson's.

TEPEE ETIQUETTE.

Never Pass Between an Indian and the Fire—The Seat of Honor.

"If you should ever go into an Indian tepee," said John H. Seger, "remember they have rules of etiquette that are more rigidly adhered to than in our parlors.

"Do not think they are not sensitive, for they are more so than the Japs. If you make fun of his layout the whole family will remember the insult for a lifetime.

"The seat of honor is just opposite the door, across the fire pit. Wait until you are invited before you take that seat.

"If you go bolting into an Indian's tepee and rush over and take this vacant seat he may not take you by the nape of the neck and throw you out, but he would like to if he thought it could be done without cutting off his rations.

"In leaving the tepee never pass between any one and the fire. An old chivalric warrior will crawl around the side of the tent and kick a hole in the wall on the north side in a blizzard before he would violate this rule of etiquette and pass between his guests and the smoking embers."—Arapahoe Bee.

Soldiers and Schiller.

The Germans are notoriously a well educated people, but the popular English belief that every German knows everything would appear to be exaggerated, if we may judge from a German officer's account, published in one of the German reviews, of an examination in general knowledge to which he submitted his company. "Who was Schiller?" was one of the principal questions. Ten soldiers replied that, though they fancied they had heard the name, it suggested nothing to them. Of those who went into details, one said that the author of "William Tell" was the "inventor of printing," a second described him as "a man who knew everything," a third put him down as "a man of science," a fourth as a "poet who wrote Scripture history," a fifth as "a musician of great celebrity," and a sixth as "a manufacturer of bells." One wonders what Thomas Atkins would answer if invited to state what he knew of Shakespeare.—Westminster Gazette.

He Didn't Dine.

Mr. Brown had just had a telephone put in connecting his office and house and was very much pleased with it.

"I tell you, Smith," he was saying, "this telephone business is a wonderful thing. I want you to dine with me this evening, and I will notify Mrs. Brown to expect you." Speaking through the telephone—"My friend Smith will dine with us this evening." Then to his friend—"Now, listen and hear how plain her reply comes back." Mrs. Brown's reply came back with startling distinctness: "Ask your friend Smith if he thinks we keep a hotel."

Didn't Want Much.

Here is an advertisement from an old copy of an English provincial journal:

"Wanted, for a sober family, a man of light weight, who fears the Lord and can drive a pair of horses. He must occasionally wait at table, join the household prayer, look after the horses and read a chapter of the Bible. He must, God willing, arise at 7 o'clock in the morning and obey his master and mistress in all lawful commands; if he can dress hair, sing psalms and play at cribbage, the more agreeable. Wages, 15 guineas a year."

Nerve.

"By the way, Jinks, can you pay that hundred I lent you last week? I just lost all my ready money at bridge."

"Look here, Binks, I hope you don't think I'm going to pay your gambling debts."—Brooklyn Life.

His Mistake.

Gallyer—What mistakes men do make! I was just reading that Columbus thought he had discovered the Indies. Aspley—There are worse mistakes than that. When I married first I thought I had discovered paradise!

There are so many kinds of mistakes that a man can go through life without repeating one and yet never do right.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A "CURE" FOR CUSSING.

The Penitent Scotsman Found His Load a Heavy One.

A clergyman in Scotland observed with much perturbation that a member of his congregation was greatly given to the use of strong language. Over and over again he remonstrated with the man to give up the bad habit. In time the man himself came to see the error of his ways, and desired no less earnestly to break himself of the use of bad language. The difficulty, however, was to find a method of doing so. One day the clergyman hit upon a happy thought.

"Get a bag," he said to the man, "and every time you swear put a pebble into it. At the end of the month you will bring that bag to me. I will count the pebbles and see what the effect has been."

The man accepted the idea with alacrity. He got a bag, and, religiously, every time he swore what Mr. Gilbert in the "Pinafore" calls a "big, big D," he duly put a pebble into it. At the end of the month he went to the clergyman, taking the bag with him. It was not an easy task, for, as any one might see, the bag was very full and very heavy. He went into the clergyman's study and put the bag on the table.

The minister looked up with a serious expression. "This is very serious, my friend. I am sorry to see you have so many pebbles in the bag."

"Hoot, minister!" exclaimed the man cheerfully; "this is only the 'devil's'—the 'damns' are all at the dikeside in another bag. They were over heavy to bring up!"—Excelsior.

A CLEVER TRICK.

The Way Lord Cockrane Once Won an English Election.

When Lord Cochrane was a candidate for parliament in Honiton he refused to give any bribes. As his opponent gave £5 a head, Lord Cochrane suffered defeat. The latter, however, sent the bellman round the town announcing that all those who had voted for Lord Cochrane would receive 10 guineas apiece if they called on his agent. In those preballot days of course it was known how each man voted, and the happy minority marched off to the agent, each getting his 10 guineas. Naturally enough, the majority began to think they had made a mistake, and they resolved to rectify that mistake at the first possible moment. In due course an opportunity came. There was another election. Lord Cochrane stood again, and the voters, remembering his lavish methods, asked him no questions, but returned him with a roaring majority. Then they conveyed a delicate hint to the noble lord asking what he proposed to give them for this distinguished service. "Not one farthing!" roared his lordship. The unhappy men reminded him that he had paid 10 guineas a head to the minority at the previous election. A complacent grin brightened the face of the member as he gave this explanation: "The former gift was for their disinterested conduct in not taking the bribe of £5 from the agents of my opponent. For me now to pay them would be a violation of my own previously expressed principles."

Identified.

Tommy made himself the hero of a story, which the Boston Record prints, when he called for "that one about the boy who ate the ribbons and it made him sick."

Aunt Ethel was puzzled. "I know of no such story," she said, after searching her memory vainly.

Nothing she could suggest answered the description. Tommy cannot read, but he thought he could find the book. He found it. They read one thing after another, until in the midst of the "Night Before Christmas" Tommy gave a whoop of glee. Aunt Ethel was reading:

"'He rushed to the window and threw up the sash.'"

"That's it! That's it!" cried Tommy. "You see, it's just as I told you!"

A Dutch Ironclad.

It is of interest to note that, according to some authorities, the Dutch were the first in the modern period of history to build an ironclad and that during the siege of Antwerp by the Spaniards in 1585 the people of that city built an enormous flat bottomed vessel, armored it with heavy iron plates and thus constructed what they regarded as an impregnable battery. This they named Finis Belli. Unfortunately the vessel got aground before coming into action and fell into the hands of the enemy. It was held by Alexander of Parma to the end of the siege as a curiosity, but was never employed by either side in any action.

A Handy Measure.

If you have a pint jug and wish to measure off half a pint with tolerable accuracy it is useless to try and do so by guessing when the jug is half full. A better way is to tilt the jug until the contents just reach to the upper end of the bottom of the vessel and just touch the lip at the lower end of the mouth. In this way the space in the pint jug is practically cut into two equal portions, each half representing the space taken by half a pint.—London Graphic.

Man Is Wiser.

Gerryman (at the mirror)—Put a monkey before a looking glass, they say, and he will look behind it. Miss Sharpe—But a man knows better. He knows he won't find anything funnier there than the face he sees before him.—Boston Transcript.

All affectation is the vain and ridiculous attempt of poverty to appear rich.—Lavater.

BROUGHT DEAD GIANT TO KING

Kidnaper Had Forgotten Victim Would Need to Breathe.

One of the most industrious of the man-thieves who recruited the famous regiment of giants for King Frederick William of Prussia was Baron Hompesch, whose many successes led him once to cast covetous eyes upon a very lengthy joiner. He ordered of the joiner a chest or cupboard which should be as long and broad as the worker himself. In due course the baron called round. The cupboard had been finished, but he protested that it was too small. This the carpenter denied and laid himself within it as proof of its dimensions. No sooner had he done so than servants of the baron clapped down the lid and had the giant prisoner. They carried him off to the court, but when the lid was opened, instead of a giant there rolled out a corpse. The man had been stifled. In his anger the king sentenced the baron to death, but reprieved him when he wanted more giants.

KNEW SOURCE OF THE "IDEES"

James Russell Lowell's Letter Reassured Mrs. Spofford.

While James Russell Lowell was editor of the Atlantic Monthly he frequently accepted stories written by Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford, with whom he enjoyed a personal friendship. Mrs. Spofford, however, feared that he might be taking them because of his interest in her and not for the merit of her work.

She resolved to put the matter to a test. Her handwriting was peculiar. One of the most characteristic letters was her d, to the end of which she gave a queer little crook, toward the left. In order to disguise her work she had her sister copy one of her stories before sending it to the editor.

Mr. Lowell accepted it in a letter, in which he wrote: "The d's may not be yours, but there is no mistaking the 'idees.'"

Layman's Praise.

A well-known presiding elder tells a good story at his own expense. He was asked one day to preach at a colored church where a money raising occasion had been announced, and the pastor of the charge, desiring to impress the congregation with the importance and dignity of the speaker of the day, thus introduced him: "Brethren and sisters, it is now my great pleasure and delight to introduce the Rev. Mr. Blank, the sounding brass and do tinkling cymbal of the Methodist church." When a fellow-pastor addressed the same congregation some months later he was introduced as "the great obstacle of the Methodist church."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Henry Irving's Stage Revolution.

Sir Henry Irving was the first actor to make slenderness acceptable, or tolerable, on the English stage. Until his time fatness had been obligatory; it is difficult to realize now the full convention of chest and shoulders and calves. Comparatively lately a man of stage experience was urgent with a company of English amateurs that all the thin women and all the lean men should be made plump. "Nothing," he said, "is so impossible on the stage as thinness." Irving changed all this because his genius was wedded to uncompromising thinness.

Animals Not Becoming Smaller.

"It is a great mistake to conclude that it is a law of nature that recent animals are all small and insignificant as compared with their representatives in the past," says a scientist. "That is simply not true. Recent horses are bigger than extinct ones, and much bigger than three-toed and four-toed ancestors of horses. Recent elephants are as big as any that have existed, and much bigger than their early elephantine ancestors. There never has been any creature of any kind—mammal, reptile, bird or fish—in any geological period we know of so big as some of the existing whales."

Wedding Invitations in Wales.

In the following quaintly formal letter the parents of Welsh brides sometimes bid their friends attend the wedding and bid them also not come empty-handed: "Whatever donation you may be pleased to bestow will be thankfully received and cheerfully repaid whenever called for on a similar occasion. The parents of the bride and bridegroom-elect desire that all gifts due to them will be returned to them on the above date and will be thankful for all favors granted."

Artist's Aim Was Perfection.

When Hogarth was almost at the height of his fame he painted an interior which was somewhat severely criticised by a friend. The artist acknowledged the justness of the criticism, and when his frank friend had left the studio he took a sharp knife, deliberately cut the canvas in two, and then threw the pieces into the coal scuttle. There they were found the following day by one of the maids, who took the pieces home.

How to Best Acquire a Language.

The best way to study a language and to learn its grammar is to begin with sentences, not with single words. The unit of speech is the sentence, and we cannot fix an exact meaning to a word until we see it in a sentence. * * * When once a sufficient number of sentences has been "assimilated," it will be easy to analyze them into their component parts, and to show the relations that these bear to one another.

SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

DO NOT ABSTAIN.

It Is Not by Abstinence That Capitalists Get Rich.

No, the capitalists did not get rich by their abstinence.

They got rich by the abstinence of the workers.

The apologists for capitalism make the absurd claim that the reason the capitalists have accumulated money is because they have abstained from buying things, while the poor have squandered their money.

But the truth is that the poor are the people who have abstained.

The workers have abstained from living in decent houses.

They have abstained from the use of modern conveniences.

They have abstained from wearing decent clothing.

They have abstained from eating choice foods.

They have abstained from buying books.

They have abstained from sending their children to the colleges and universities.

They have abstained from availing themselves of the broadening influences of travel.

They have abstained from practically everything that conduces to wide culture and physical, mental, moral and spiritual growth.

In other words, they have abstained from practically everything that distinguishes men from beasts and makes life worth living.

In the meantime the capitalists have lived in luxury.

They have lived in splendid mansions with acres of lawn, instead of tenements or hovels on twenty-five or fifty foot lots.

They have been surrounded by every modern convenience.

They have worn costly fabrics.

They have loaded their tables with the choicest of foods.

They have bought every book they wanted, although they don't read them, but merely buy them to show off the fine bindings on their shelves and make a pretense of literary culture.

They have sent their boys and girls to college, from which, if the parents were not rich and powerful, most of them would long ago have been expelled, because they have been so pampered and spoiled by excessive luxury that they have become degenerate.

They take their families and go trotting around the globe whenever they feel like it.

They give balls that cost more than a workingman's wages amount to in a lifetime.

Their whole life is a ceaseless round of luxury, gluttony and wasteful extravagance.

And yet they have the colossal nerve to calmly assert that they are wealthy because they have abstained.

And they have the still more colossal nerve to ask the workingmen to give them five or six hours a day of their labor for nothing as a reward for their abstinence.

The workingmen have done so.

The workingmen by voting the Republican and Democratic tickets have voted to continue doing so.

The capitalists are wealthy because the workingmen have been giving them five or six hours a day of their labor for nothing.

In other words, they are wealthy because the workingmen have abstained.

Serving the Corporations.

For some years, in a single school among the poorer people of the city of Chicago, it was my privilege each year to present to the children their diplomas on the day of their graduation. It was not only my part to present the diplomas and to deliver an address on the occasion, but I had the opportunity of listening to the final production of these school children in bidding goodby to the schoolhouse and in making ready for the workshop. And this is a fact: Nine-tenths of the subject matter of the speeches, the songs and essays at these school commencements which were offered by the graduating children was devoted to lionizing the successful man in business and to pointing out the way by which his confidence could be secured, by which effective services could be rendered to the employer and by which promotion could be obtained. It is not necessary to state that these suggestions which the children were giving to each other carried with them but the slightest suggestions of love of country or of high moral ideals, but almost uniformly presented services for the corporations as the only way out in the struggle to survive. The general public feeling with regard to corporations is not such as would tend to make the child fall in love with the country while the country itself is but the servant of the corporations.—Walter Thomas Mills.

Notes.

The great hope and the only comfort in contemplating the movement in Russia is the fact that the nation has begun to comprehend that militarism has ruined the peasantry.

Election of United States senators by direct vote has been indorsed in the senate of Illinois, 33 to 3, on a joint resolution. The next best thing will be to abolish the senate.

The so called wise men talk much of race suicide, which is forced upon us by conditions that are on the increase. They take no thought of abolishing the conditions.—Solidarity.

TURNING TO SOCIALISM.

Professor Charles J. Bushnell Says the World Is Moving That Way.

Washington, D. C. — Professor Charles J. Bushnell, whose recent article showing the enormous cost to the country of the criminal, pauper and vicious classes aroused such widespread interest, delivered a lecture here last Wednesday evening in which he said the time was not far distant when the Socialists would hold the balance of power in the various governments.

"The Improvement of Industrial Conditions" was the subject of his lecture, and he laid particular stress upon these propositions:

That the wealth of the country is increasing at the rate of $5,000,000 a year.

That its distribution is becoming increasingly disproportionate, causing great injustice, hardship and suffering.

That the control of the nation's wealth and through it of the nation itself is fast centering in the hands of a few, one-eighth of the families now owning seven-eighths of its wealth.

That it is said on good authority that the control of one-half the nation's wealth is represented at the meeting of twenty-four directors of the United States Steel corporation alone and that the all important railway systems of the country are controlled by just six men, with only one supremely dominant.

That, on the other hand, 10,000, or one-eighth, of the people of the country are in constant poverty, while 4,000,000 are paupers.

That through poorly co-ordinated and selfishly administered industrial enterprises nearly 1,000,000 ignorant immigrants are landed each year and congested in the most crowded industrial centers. In the city of New York an average of one immigrant arrives every forty-two seconds and an arrest occurs every four minutes.

That under the pressure of these abnormal conditions drinking, smoking, murder, suicide, insanity, robbery, graft and social vices are increasing faster than the population, causing financial loss that more than counterbalances our annual gain of wealth.

"There are many people in this country," said Professor Bushnell, "who still do not think that any important changes have lately occurred or are about to occur in our industrial and political life. To convince such that they should be more wide awake to the signs of the present, as an inflexible adherent of no one political party or creed or tenet, a few evidences that 'the old order changeth, yielding place to new.'

"The modern trust is the response under individualistic conditions to the inevitable demand for a more unified and economical business organization. And Socialism itself, with all its past faults and failures, is but the further effort to carry the will of the people effectively into our industrial as well as our political life. By its demand that we should own and control collectively, Socialism is a protest against the theory that all a workingman needs and wants are a roof, a family and a full dinner pail.

"So we might point out the same democratic tendencies in every other great social reform force of our day. That many people are coming to believe in Socialism Europeans are much better aware than Americans.

"In the principal countries of Europe the Socialists have now set the main issues for every political party, and it appears to be only a question of time, and a not very far distant time, when they will do so in America.

"At the present rate of increase, in spite of all kinds of legal and political obstacles, how long do you think it will be before the majority of the great nation's 5,000 legislators are Socialists? And if this majority is gained then the question of industrial betterment is bound to take a new turn, for which every intelligent person should be prepared.

"If we can keep our American citizenship unselfish, intelligent and truly patriotic, we need have no fear for the future. If we cannot or will not do so there is serious trouble ahead for us."

There Is but One Deliverance.

There is but one deliverance from the rule of the people by capital, and that is the rule of capital by the people. If much of what has been considered private property is to be absorbed in great monopolistic ownership, as seems to be the inevitable outcome of the competitive struggle, then the people should become the monopolists!

The only hope for the people for either industrial or political freedom lies in their taking "lawful" possession of the machinery, forces and production of the great industrial monopolies and to establish the co-operative commonwealth. And this is called Socialism.—Victor L. Berger.

And the Cost In Life!

The Socialist Review estimates that the money wasted in the Russo-Japanese war would pay the cost of the Panama canal, a railroad from Alaska to Cape Horn, a four track line from New York to Seattle and in addition supply the bread of the American people for an entire year.

Subscribe for the News.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

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U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
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VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
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THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Clara M.manuel of Erie, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1140 made April 24, 1905, for the S.W.¼ Section 4 Township 153 N., Range 39 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for the District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on September 23, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Burtnell Rhuby, of Erie, Minn.
Julius Halvorson, " Reiner, "
Albert Gulbrandson, " Erie, "
Philomeine Friberg, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 22 sept 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Jensen of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 445, made June 29th 1901, for the Lots 10, 11 and N½ N.W¼ Sec.22, Township 153 N.R. 41.W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept. 28th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Louis O. Kangelf, of Kratka, Minn.
Charles W. Nelson, " Thief River Falls, "
Ludvig Larson, " Kratka, Minn.
Anton Skog, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 22

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake }
In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - - plaintiffs,
vs.
Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Rudolph O. Manthey of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible], Red Lake Lands made June 25, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 10, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls Minnesota, on Oct. 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp of Germantown, Minn.
Fred Duchamp " " "
Henry Dau " " "
Carl Dommer " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

sept 5 to oct 3

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

RICHARDSON & COOKE,
LAWYERS;
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free.
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Sale Cheap
New Ditching Machine
For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS
VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1907 NUMBER 39.

Historical Society
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

STEENERSON WILL TALK WITH THE INDIANS.

A Bill for the Sale of the Red Lake Pine to Be Introduced in Congress This Winter.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, has received word from the chief and head men of the Red Lake Indians asking him to hold a conference with them. Mr. Steenerson writes back that he will visit the agency in a short time, the exact date not being fixed and will be pleased to meet a large delegation of the Indians.

The most important matter to be discussed is the proposed opening to sale of part of the remaining pine on the reservation. A bill for this purpose was introduced at the last session of Congress but owing to a disagreement about its terms Mr. Steenerson did not press its passage and concluded to wait until the next session. The question as to how the pine should be sold, whether it should be sold by the Indians on the reservation or disposed of outright was still open. Also as to whether it should be sold in a period of 5, 10 or 1 years was under dispute.

The Indians have a grievance against the government in that they have not been paid over the money belonging to their minor children, arising from the sale of the eleven townships. The law actually provides for the payment of this but the Department refuses to pay them. The Indians growing impatient have been planning to bring legal proceedings against the government but in this Mr. Steenerson has discouraged them.

In his talk to the Indians Mr. Steenerson will call attention to the fact that the act under which the eleven townships were ceded, known as the act of February 1901, has proved a *very successful* act. It will be recalled that in March, 1902, the Indians made an agreement with Indian Inspector McLaughlin to sell the eleven townships for $1,000,000 flat, but Congress refused to appropriate the money. Congressman Eddy, Clapp and Nelson secured the passage of a bill providing for the sale of land turning over the proceeds to the Indians but they provided that the act should not take effect until approved by the Indians.

Major Scott, Indian agent, at the reservation thru his influence secured the rejection of the act based on the assumption that the Indians would not get $1,000,000.

In the meantime Mr. Steenerson was elected to Congress. The Supreme Court of the United States held that in the disposal of Indian land was not necessary to secure the consent of the Indians. Mr. Steenerson then framed a bill December 1903 amending the McLaughlin agreement so that instead of giving the Indians $1,000,000 the land would be sold for not less than $4 per acre under the homestead law, not more than a quarter section going to each purchaser. The first sale under this act was held at Thief River Falls June 1904.

Mr. Steenerson has obtained the following figures from the land office:

Total number of acres ceded	262,752
Acres sold	207,508
Acres unsold..........................	56,243
Amt. of sales..........................	$1,053,208
Amt. paid..........................	620,994

From this it will be seen that the Indians have already secured by these sales more than the amount for which they agreed to sell the land. They have 55,213 acres left salable at a minimum of $4 per acre so that it is fair to compute they will receive $1,500,000 in all for their land. Mr. Steenerson is very proud of this result and will point out to the Indians the fact that they have received just treatment at the hands of the white men.

It will be noticed that about three fifths of the total purchase price has been paid in notwithstanding the one year's extension of time for payment granted the settlers by Congress. With this showing it is the belief of Mr. Steenerson that neither the Indians, the Department nor Congress can have any objection to giving futher extension of time for payment to the settlers.

Too Many Hunters.

There has been a good deal said among the farmers about so many hunters flocking in here this fall and killing off all the game birds. People need not be surprised to see a great many notices stuck up next fall forbidding hunters from trespassing. We used to be able to save a few birds over but they are so relentlessly hunted this season that it is doubtful if there will be enough left for "seed." All our prairies were once inhabited by grouse and chickens, but they have been hunted to death. Chickens do not migrate, like many other birds, and when a region is once stripped of these fowls, it remains barren ever afterwards.—Rollis correspondence in the Middle River Pioneer.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod Church next Sunday at 10:30.
I. T. Aastad Pastor.

MUST GO TO SCHOOL

Law Says Children Between 8 and 16 Must Attend School.

The Law Governing Compulsory Education Is Here Given.

It may not be generally known that the law requires all children between the ages of eight and sixteen to attend school during the whole time that school is taught in the district wherein they reside. It makes no difference whether that school lasts four or nine months; as long as it is in session just so long does the law require that each child of the age prescribed attend. The president of the board of education is made responsible for the prosecution of the violations of this law and in case he fails to prosecute within ten days after notice of violation has been served on him by a taxpayer of the district, then that official becomes liable to a fine of from $20 to $50.

The law prescribing compulsory education is as follows.

Section 1. Every parent, guardian or other person who resides in any school district or city, who has control of any child or children of or between the ages of eight or sixteen years shall send such child or children to a public or private school in each year during the entire time the public schools of such district or city are in session.

Provided, however, that such child or children may be excused from such attendance for the whole or any part of such period by the school board or board of education of the school or city in which such parent, guadian or person having control resides, upon its being shown to the satisfaction of such board.

(1) That such parent, guardian or other person having control is not able by reason of poverty to clothe such child properly, or (2) that such child's bodily or mental condition is such as to prevent his attendance at school or application to study for the period required., or (3) that such child is taught at home in such branches of study as are usually taught in public schools, subject to the same examinations as other pupils of such district or city, or (4) that such child has already acquired the ordinary branches required by law; or (5) that such child is actually engaged in some useful occupation, employment or service permitted by law.

A BIG DITCH.

State to Let Big Contract in Roseau County Soon.

Plans are being made by the state drainage board to complete the work of straightening and clearing out the channel of the Roseau river in Roseau county. The river is nagivable and drains a considerable tract of country but its banks are low and it is for the purpose of enabling it to drain more land that the work is to be done. For the past two years a dredge has been at work on the stream clearing the channel of weeds and putting in cutoffs wherever the river was particularly crooked. This work has been completed from Roseau Lake as far as Duxby postoffice and now it is to be completed to the international boundary. About ten cut offs are to be put in to overcome all the rapids, according to the plans that have been formulated. This will not only improve the river as a drain but making it more navigable. The contract for the big piece of work will be let Oct. 1st.

Services next Sunday Sept. 29th., in the Silverton Lutheran church at 3 p.m.
I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Tore Torkelson Lande, made complaint against Bertha Olson on Tuesday last for cutting down his pasture fence, and she was arrested on Wednesday and fined $5. and cost. The fence was built across the old trail this spring and a few of the people down that way did not want to turn square corners on the Section lines, but go the old trail and cut the fence in defiance of law, and the rights of their neighbors. Mr. Lande will vigorously prosecute any one that molests his fence in the future, and is looking up evidence against others who have been guilty of the same offence in the past.—Sunbeam.

On last Friday evening Capt. H. C. Doughty received from Wisconsin a full blooded Oxford Down ram which he took out to his farm north of town to improve the breed of his sheep flock. The new ram is a splendid specimen of his kind, being thirteen months old and weighing over 250 pounds. This is the kind of enterprise that will improve the character of the stock in this country and the value of the farms.—Plummer Pioneer.

CAN'T PROVE UP.

Those Who Filed On Red Lake Land Since March, 1907, Can't Commute.

If you filed on your homestead after the first of March, 1907, and the homestead is the old Chippewa reservation, you cannot prove up until the U. S. drainage estimates have been made and the government apportions the amount of the cost of drainage to be charged against the land. The United States is working out a drainage project for the reservation lands, and each claim not filed before the first of last March will be required to contribute in proportion as it is reckoned to be benefitted toward reimbursing the government.

The ruling requiring fourteen months' actual residence before a homesteader might commute has been withdrawn; and a claimant who established residence on his claim within six months after filing, and maintains it to fourteen months from the time of filing, may commute.

LOTS OF SNOW.

"Sunny Southern Alberta" Gets a Touch of Winter.

The following extract from a letter written by Mrs. Wallace Askey, of Pincher Creek in sunny southern Alberta, Sept. 1f, 1907, to her mother, Mrs. E. Green, of St. Vincent. "We have had our September snow storm and it is the worst I have seen in September. It began with a heavy thunder storm after raining all day, it has been snowing for 15 hours now, great thick flakes. All round us the trees are broken down with the weight of the snow and it is a foot and a half deep. Wallace thinks the crops will be a complete failure, as they were just ready to cut, and now they are flat on the ground with the weight of snow on them—St. Vincent New Era.

A Feeder for the Soo.

Grand Forks proposes to get some benefit from its proximity to the Soo railway. It is intended that the line of steamers plying on Red river shall in the future carry merchandise between that city and Oslo, and thus be a feeder to the Soo railway. These steamers were recently sold to C. S. Wallace, representing the Red River Transportation company, which has put them in thorough repair for this fall's business and will add new boats and barges as the service demands. The transportation of grain will be a big business this fall, and a number of new elevators will be erected by the company at different points along Red River.

The Hotel Scotland, which has been closed for some weeks, will be re-opened to the public on next Monday by John A. Dolen. Mr. Dolen has given the premises a thorough renovating and will be prepared to give the public the best kind of hotel service. The re-opening of this hotel by Mr. Dolen will be good news to the traveling public and means a good deal to the business interests of Plummer. —Plummer Pioneer.

BRIDGE TO BE BUILT.

Council to Erect a New $14,000 Structure Across the River.

It is the Intention to Have the Work Done This Winter.

C. A. P. Turner, bridge engineer for the Soo railroad, was in the city Monday consulting with the members of the city council regarding the building of a new steel bridge across the Red Lake river to take the place of the present iron structure. A special meeting of the council was held Monday evening and Mr. Turner was engaged to draw up plans and specifications for the new structure.

It is the intention to build a two span structure with a pier in the center of the river. The driveway of the bridge is to be 18 foot wide and there is to be an eight foot walk on the north side of the bridge. The bridge is to be of steel with re-inforced cement floor and when once built will probably last a life time without any repairs being needed. It is estimated that it will cost $14,000. Mr. Turner will endeavor to have the plans drawn so that advertisements for bids can be published by the 15th of October and it is the intention to have the work done this winter.

DOG ON TRIAL.

Unique Case That Is in the Courts of Clay County.

'Billy,' a diminutive canine, is the center of interest in a dog case from Hawley, Minn., that promises to become famous in court annals. He was condemned to die by Judge Herring of Hawley, but his owner, George Shippey, appealed from his decision, and the matter will be considered by Judge Baxter in district court at Moorhead this fall. Meanwhile Billy continues to enjoy his liberty.

George Lumley of Hawley asked an official decree of condemnation for Billy, Shippey's dog, and Shippey engaged Attorney Wm. Russell of Moorhead, to look after the interests of the canine, while attorney W. G. Hammet of Hawley prosecuted the case. Sixteen witnesses were called to testify as to the viciousness of the dog, who stated that Billy had often run after people and barked at them, but none of them had ever seen him bite any one or heard of him biting any one.

Judge Herring declared Billy to be a public nuisance and ordered him killed. But Billy's owner at once appealed the case and the 16 witnesses will go to Moorhead and tell their story before a district court jury. It is stated that the testimony seemed to be overwhelmingly in favor of Billy.

One of the best things about Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes is that they're higher priced than others; that's one of the chief reasons for buying them.

They cost us more; and you; but they're worth so much more than they cost, that we think they're the cheapest clothes made today.

You can always buy lower priced clothes than Hart Schaffner & Marx make; we have some for sale ourselves. But if you want the best---Well, just drop in any day and we'll show you.

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ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Gordon Hats. Crossett Shoes.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. Borry,

PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Goodman Torrison left for Fisher last Saturday.

Mrs. Ed. Arden visited friends in Red Lake Falls last week.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown last week.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence, Evenson block. Phone 244.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

John G. Morrison, Jr., was last week appointed postmaster at the Red Lake Agency.

Rooms For Rent—5 upstairs rooms for rent, for particulars inquire of Olaf Tessum.

Sheriff Lungren, of Alexandria was in the city over Sunday hunting ducks in this section.

Attorney Charles E. Baughton, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

The saw mill was closed down a part of Monday forenoon owing to a small break in one of the boilers.

F. T. Satre left last Friday for Warroad, near which place he owns a valuable quarter section of land.

Rev. Seltz was over to Warren Sunday and held services in the German Lutheran church at that place.

D. N. Winton left last week for Prince Albert to look after his lumbering interests up there for a couple of days.

Miss Ila Ramstad left for Fargo last Saturday to again resume her studies at the Ladies Seminary at that place.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets Oct. 3rd. at 3 p. m. with Mrs. J. J. Weeks. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. Albert Huseth and Miss Ellie Christenson left Tuesday evening for Fertile to visit friends for a few days.

Fr. Phillip Bahmer, of Osakis, and Fr. Ambrose, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last week the guests of Fr. Adolph.

H. P. Spoonheim left first of the week for North Dakota to look after threshing operations upon his large farm over there.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

Contractor C. M. Wilson left last week for Ogema where he will erect a new bank building for Messrs. Baker and Fargo.

Cashier Pauliot, of the Merchants State bank, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

A Superior report says there is already a car shortage there for shipping coal and that some docks have been short fifty cars a day.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Wheat in Otter Tail county is running from 10 to 22 bushels per acre, except on the sandy prairies near Perham, where it runs as low as 5.

For Sale—N. ½, Sec. 31, town of North one mile west of Thief River Falls. Inquire of D. B. Bakke, Thief River Falls, or C. E. Purdy, Lost Valley, Oregon.

Leopold Doege, of Le Sueur, Minn., Gust Wehauer, of Blue Earth, and Mrs Prieb, of Wolverton, father, brother-in law and sister respectively of F. S. Doege spent Sunday in the city at the Doege home.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday looking after the work on the dam. He reports that the work will be completed about the first of October and Thief River Falls will then have one of the best dams in Minnesota.

Mrs A. M. Yould, grand worthy matron of the Eastern Star lodge in the state of Minnesota, was in the city last Friday evening and inspected the local lodge and enjoyed a social session with the members of the order here. The occasion was a very enjoyable affair. Mrs. Yould was the guest of Mrs. J. Borry while in the city and left Saturday evening for St. Paul.

W. J. LaBree, was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

D. Cavanaugh was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Ed. Wilcox went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening to consult a doctor. He has not been enjoying good health of late.

Reports from North Dakota are to the effect that these from this section who went over there to thresh are not getting rich. In the past two weeks only about one day's work has been done on account of rain. The grain will have to be threshed, however.

—For Sale the Hotel Soo and adjoining property, at reasonable prices. Good terms given, as I want to sell this property in the next 30 days. A good chance for some one to make money, This is one of the best corners in the city. D. Cavanaugh.

—For rent, for sale or will trade for real estate—a flour mill located at Evinsville, Minn., having a daily capacity of 100 barrels. In good condition, steam power. Good chance to buy and ship wheat in or out. For further information call on or write to Fred A. Lane, Anton, Minn. 39.

Esther Ekstrom, St. Hilaire, Emery Lasha, George Cyr, Louise Payment, Philip Gautier and Jacob Skala, Red Lake Falls, bought scholarships in Buttons Business College, Crookston last week. Also five pupils from Fergus Falls, one from Davidson and two from Mallory enrolled.

—Sealed bids will be received for the painting of the school house in District No. 44. All bids must be in by October 31. The building is 18x30 and one coat of paint is to be applied, and trimmings to be green. Said district to furnish the paint. Address bids to Cornelius Torrison, box 323, Thief River Falls.

A public reception under the auspices of the Board of Education will be tendered the teachers of the City school, at the Antler Club rooms on the evening of Thursday, Sept. 26th, at 8 oclock. An interesting program will be presented and light refreshments served. All the adult public is most cordially invited to attend.

Dr. J. C. Wilkinson received six Angora goats by express Tuesday, and will place them where he can do some experimenting. The Angora goat business has been proven a very profitable one, as the wool brings a big price at all times of the year. It is said that this country is especially adapted to raising them and if this should prove true, it is probable that there will be a lot of them brought here another season.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

A deal was closed last week whereby Ole G. Stockholm became the owner of a block of stock in the Langseth Mercantile company's store, and he will have charge of the grocery department in this popular store in the future. Mr. Stockholm has been the local manager of the Finch Winslow Carlisle wholesale house here and is a progressive and up to date business man. That he will make a success of the grocery department of this store goes without saying.

According to a provision of the state law every person in charge of a traction engine must place extra planking on a bridge or culvert before crossing it with a machine. Failure to do so renders him liable for one half the expense of repairing same in case of accident. And every person in charge of an engine within 500 feet of a team passing on such highway, or who shall not stop the same at least 100 feet before meeting a horse or team, or who shall start the same before the team or horse shall have passed, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

The St. Vincent New Era says for a number of years we were in the mercantile business, and write from experience. With some honorable exceptions, it is fashionable with those who run a store account, to pay, in the fall, their local merchant the last, or to stand him off and let the account run over. A moment's consideration will show thoughtful people the injustice of it. Your local merchant is not a capitalist and many of the goods you got on credit months ago he had to pay cash for in 30 days after he bought them. How did he do it? In many cases he had to borrow from banks and private individuals, and make his personal property to pay his bills.

Rev. M. L. Dahl was down to Hendrum the first of the week.

Olaf Ramstad was up on the Greenbush line Tuesday attending to business matters.

Mrs. Norton arrived in the city last evening and is visiting her daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Miss Grace Meehan left Monday for Moorhead to attend the Normal school at that place this year.

Miss Mary Schlauser, who had been visiting relatives in Wisconsin, returned to this city the first of the week.

Miss Clara Manuel was in the city from Erie Monday and made final proof upon her land before U. S. Commissioner Browning.

Tom Hovet, the local manager of the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house removed his family to this city the first of the week from Crookston.

Rev. A. O. Oppegaard, the Home Mission Superintendent of Hauges Synod will preach in this city, Thursday night, Sept. 26, come and hear him at the Hall at 8 oclock, M. L. Dahle.

All cases of deafness, near-sightedness, blindness, all blood and skin diseases, neuralgia, rheumatism, paralysis can be cured, no medicine, no operation. You are taught to cure your own self by my system of magnetic healing. Address Kate Vivian, San Leandro, Calif. Inclose a stamped envelope for a reply addressed to your own self.

Prof. Carl Oscar Larson, of Chicago, will give a concert in the Presbyterian church on Friday evening, Sept, 27, at 8 o'clock. He will be assisted by Rev. Aldeen who will deliver a lecture upon the benefits of music in religious work. The concert is for the benefit of Bethel Academy, Minneapolis, and the admission will be 25 cents for adults and 10 cents for children.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o. c.

Sabbath School at 12:10.

Sabbath evening worship at 7:30.

Choir: "Incline Thine Ear to Me." by Himmel. "Love Divine." Duett by Stainer.

Choir: "Come unto Me," S. Styner.

Christian Endeavor addressed by Dr. Gamboll at 6:30. All young people come!

Teachers meeting and Bible study, every Thursday evening at 7.30.

We welcome all to our church,

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

The Meistersingers Male Quartet.

These boys will open the Course of winters entertainments in the Presbyterian Church Tuesday evening Oct. 1st, at 8 p. m. The Course for the winter is as follows:

Meistersingers Male Quartet Oct. 1st, 1907.

Dr. Elliott A. Boyl, Lecture. Oct. 28th, 1907.

The Midland Concert Company, Nov. 14th, 1907.

Lucey-DeBona Combination, Dec. 12th, 1907.

The Midland Jubilee Singers, March 19th, 1908.

All people who enjoy high class entertainments will be gratified that this Course is secured to our town for the winter. The ticket for the whole Course is sold for $2., School Children's tickets for $1 each. Secure your ticket now! Don't fail to hear the Meistersingers Male Quartet in the Presbyterian Church, Tuesday evening Oct. 1st.

Tickets on sale at Curtis' Drug Store.

The Meistersingers Male Quartet are dandies.

They have sung their way into thousands of hearts in thousands of towns. They are now greater than ever. They are probably the greatest Quartet in existance.

You cannot afford to miss them!

F. J. Barackman, Secretary.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

About Saving Accounts.

The saving accounts is one of the best investments for small amounts. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle awaiting investment. You may withdraw a part or the intire amount at any time.

Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

We write Fire Insurance in the best of companies. Tickets to and from Europe at reduced rates at our bank.

Money Orders and drafts issued to any foreign country and payable in postoffices, banks or country Stores.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

THE REX
CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

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SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
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F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

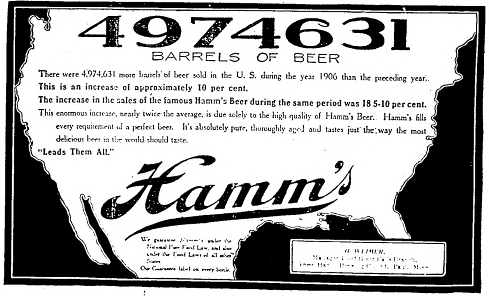

4974631
BARRELS OF BEER

There were 4,974,631 more barrels of beer sold in the U. S. during the year 1906 than the preceding year.

This is an increase of approximately 10 per cent.

The increase in the sales of the famous Hamm's Beer during the same period was 18 5-10 per cent.

This enormous increase, nearly twice the average, is due solely to the high quality of Hamm's Beer. Hamm's fills every requirement of a perfect beer. It's absolutely pure, thoroughly aged and tastes just the way the most delicious beer in the world should taste.

"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law, and also under the Food Laws of all other States
Our Guarantee label on every bottle.

O. WEIMER,
[illegible]

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1 00
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 13
Barley	60
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.40@6.00. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.00; good to choice lambs, $5.50@5.75; springs, $6.25@6.50.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 23.—Wheat—Sept., $1.07½; Dec., $1.07¼@1.07⅝; May, $1.11¼@1.11⅜. On track—No. 1 hard, old, $1.11; new, $1.10¼; No. 1 Northern, old, $1.10; new, $1.09½@1.09¾; No. 2 Northern, old, $1.08; new, $1.07@1.07¼; No. 3 Northern, $1.04@1.05.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.13⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.12¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.10⅛; Sept., $1.10¾; Dec., $1.09¼; May, $1.12⅞. Flax—To arrive, $1.25; on track, $1.28¼; Sept., $1.28¼; Oct., $1.25; Nov., $1.23⅝; Dec., $1.19¾; May, $1.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Wheat—Sept., 96⅝c; Dec., $1.00⅜. Corn—Sept., 61¼c; Dec., 56⅞c. Oats—Sept., 52¾c; Dec., 56¾@57c. Pork—Oct., $14.40; Jan., $15.15. Butter—Creameries, 22½@27½c; dairies, 21@25½c. Eggs—14½@17½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 10½@11c; springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.15; cows, $1.25@5.50; Texas steers, $3.75@4.75; calves, $6.00@8.00; Western cattle, $4.00@6.20; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.00. Hogs—Light, $6.25@6.65; mixed, $5.75@6.60; heavy $5.50@6.45; rough, $5.50@5.80; pigs, $4.75@6.30. Sheep, $3.00@5.45; yearlings, $5.40@6.30; lambs, $4.75@7.40.

Lewis Iverson, of Badger, is attending high school.

Rev. Flesher will preach at the Copp school house next Sunday.

Sheriff Nelson Tuesday took LaChance and Leavy to the Red Lake county jail.

The Epworth League will give a pumpkin social at the M. E. church Friday evening.

Miss Ella Henry, of Kratka, came to the city last week and is attending the high school here.

Postmaster Elias Steenerson, of Crookston, was in the city yesterday attending to some business matters.

Call at Miss Lee's Millinery store and get your hat. She has hats at all prices, special attention given to orders every thing new and up to date.

Margaret, the five year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Burns had the misfortune to fall from a teiter-board yesterday morning and sustained a broken arm.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. Anton Sundahl next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o clock. October 2. All are cordially invited.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 7:45. Subject: "thoughts and Teachings from the life of Jacob. Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle.

Rev. Dahlquist of the Swedish Lutheran Congregation will hold Gosel Services in the East side Mission Church Sunday Sept. 29th at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka has returned from her visit to Nakomis, N. D. She was accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Fred Gobler who will make her home in this city in the future. Mr. Gobler will remove here later.

Not much threshing has been around here as yet, but those who have threshed report a yield of from 17 to 18 bushels of wheat to the acre and this is going to be about the average. With wheat at $1 per bushel, however, there is going to be more money in circulation in Thief River Fall this year than ever before.

A representative of Straus Brothers, the master tailors of Chicago, will be at Evenson & Erickson's Clothing Store, Saturday Sept. 28th, with a full display of new fall woolens in the piece. A splendid opportunity to select the cloth and have a suit made to order. Perfect fit and absolute satisfaction guaranteed at the very lowest prices. For one day only—Saturday September the 28th.

E. F. Cooper, who the past summer has been at work making a machine that will load bundles upon a wagon from the shock, thus doing away with services of a bundle pitcher, has so far completed his work that he gave a public exhibition of the working of the machine Tuesday evening. The machine is not perfect as yet, but Mr. Cooper is confident that he will make a success of it.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Robertson Monday.

The cement foundation for the large building to be erected by Oen & Granum has been completed, and it is without doubt one of the strongest and best foundations in the Northwest.

Do not fail to hear Mr. Krouse in the prettiest song success of the year, "When the Evening Breeze is Sighing, Home Sweet Home," also "Angling in Norway" depicting this beautiful country in midwinter, also the French farce, "Buying a Donkey."

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew O. Houglum and children, arrived in the city last Saturday and are guests at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Vistaunet. Mr. Houglum is deputy county auditor of Clay county and is at present enjoying a vacation.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The program for the last half of the week is a regular wherlwind of comedy, being one of the best of the season.

"The Servants Vengeance," a comical number, full of humorous situations.

"The Fatal Leap, a pathetic drama, intensely interesting.

"A Perfect Nusance," a comedy. This illustrates to what extent a cheap dude can become a nuisance. He gets himself into trouble in various ways: he butts into a little family party when one of them is making a photograph of the rest and insists upon getting in front of the camera. An incident in the railway carriage must be seen to be appreciated, and his last exploit when he is shown seated in the centre of a balcony is superbly comical.

Illustrated The prettiest song of the year, "When the Evening Breeze is Sighing, 'Home Sweet Home,' "by Clarendon and Sohman, Sung by Mr. Krouse.

A Descriptive Film, Exceptional photography "Angling in Norway," depicting the customs of angling in that beautiful northern country.

Comical farce entitled, Buying a Donkey, a gypsy sells a donkey and a cart to a middle-aged gentleman whose confidence in donkeys and himself is touching. When he attempts to drive the animal he meets with ludicrous mishaps.

His family as well as the village policeman have a try at driving and riding the beast. As a final attempt to make him go they fasten enomous pin-wheels to the wheels of the cart and sets them off. The donkey throws the driver and returns to his original owner.

Goes To Conference.

Rev. Flesher leaves next Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to attend the annual conference of the Methodist church. Whether or not Rev. Flesher will again be appointed as pastor of the local church depends upon the conference, but the local official board has unanimously requested that he be returned for another year and it is quite likely that the wishes of the local board will be respected. For five years Rev. Flesher has been pastor of the church here and has done much to build up the church, and if the wishes of his congregation are taken into consideration he will be returned for another year.

Goes to St. Hilaire.

H. B. Borneman, local operator for the Great Northern, goes to St. Hilaire this week and in the future will have charge of the station at that point. J. N. Beilemeyer, the present agent at St. Hilaire, will come to Thief River Falls and will be the day operator at the depot here.

Walseth Doing Well.

J. Walseth, an attorney, from Thief River Falls has had 23 years experience and thoroughly understands his profession. Since his arrival he has had all the work he could handle and is now assisting in the defense of Geo. Charbonneau. A good attorney has been a long felt want in this place and now things will be a good deal easier for the people of Overly as heretofore we have had to call on outside towns for assistance in matters of law.—Overly Observer.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 21.

Brezick Miss Mary,
Cavanaugh Mrs. I. C.
Conner William
Ericksen Oscar
Johnson Mike
Oberg Mr.
Sattre Anna
Sangren Axel
Stevens Edward
Street Lee
Wright Jennie

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

"NEWSEYS" IN TROUBLE.

Charged With Stealing $65 in Money from J. B. Johnson.

"Waltz Me Around Again Willie" Proves a Costly Sport.

Harvey LaChance and Joe Leavy, both news agents running on the Soo line between Thief River Falls and Minneapolis, were charged with stealing a pocket book containing $65 in money from J. B. Johnson, of Grygla. The affair happened in the Mint saloon last Wednesday and LaChance was arrested on Friday and made a full confession of the affair to Police Officer James Farr and Deputy Sheriff Robert Lee. LaChance claimed that Leavy stole the money from Johnson's pocket while the two were waltzing together in the saloon and that later Leavy told LaChance of the theft and gave him $20 of the amount he had stolen.

Leavy was arrested when he came in on the train Saturday evening and denied having taken the money. The preliminary hearing of the case was set before Judge J. M. Bishop for Monday at 1 o'clock and an adjournment was taken until Tuesday morning at nine o'clock.

Alderman G. A. Westphal, a Jewish attorney of Minneapolis, and Charles E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, appeared as attorneys for Leavy when the case was called for trial Tuesday morning, County Attorney Germo appearing for the state.

The first witness examined was J. B. Johnson who told how he had been down to Crookston to make final proof and in company with two others from Grygla had been drinking considerable. He met Leavy, who professed to belong to the same lodge as did Mr. Johnson, upon the train. They traded watch chains and he purchased some other articles from Leavy. In Thief River Falls they had more drinks and finally went to the Mint saloon where the fatal waltz took place. Johnson said that he could not dance and did not want to, but Leavy insisted and for about five minutes they were on the floor together. A few minutes later when the crowd went up to have a drink, Johnson discovered that his coat and vest (he kept his pocket book in his inside vest pocket) were unbuttoned and that his pocket book was gone. He at once accused Leavy of the theft and a policeman was called to search Leavy, but nothing was found upon his person. He did nothing more about the matter that day, but the next day had a warrant sworn out for the arrest of Leavy and LaChance.

Harvey LaChance was the next witness and he told about the same story as did Mr. Johnson excepting that he went into details as to how Leavy had told him that he robbed Johnson and how they spent part of the money.

He was severely cross examined by the attorneys for Leavy and is the strongest witness for the state in the case.

The cross examination of LaChance developed the fact that he was considerable of a crook and has been connected with many bad deals. He stated that his parents resided at North Yackama, Wash., and that he came to this section in April. He has an uncle at Red Lake Falls and since April has resided at that place and this city. He had just commenced working for the Soo as a news agent, Leavy having secured him the job. He is only 19 years of age and has been known about Thief River Falls as the tramp.

The defense introduced no testimony in the case, but it is quite evident that when the case comes to trial at the next term of the district court that they will have a large number of witnesses. Both Leavy and LaChance were bound over to the district court by Judge Bishop and bail in each case was fixed at $500. It is understood that Leavy's mother, who lives in Minneapolis, will be able to raise the money to furnish bail for her son.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday Sept. 29. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Junior League 2:30 p.m.

Epworth League 7:15 p. m.

There will be no service Thursday evening as the pastor will be absent.

The Sunday services will close the work of the conference year.

The pastor will go to conference in Minneapolis Tuesday evening.

Everybody welcome

Chas H. Flesher Pastor

Temperance Lectures.

Andrew S. Sather, of Rice Lake, Wis., who is much noted for his illustrated temperance lectures, will lecture at the Norwegian Synod church at Thief River Falls on Saturday and Sunday evenings, Sept. 28 and 18, at 8 o'clock.

These lectures come highly recommended as something far more than the ordinary.

WORK FINISHED.

Survey Completed Between the Red Lake and Clearwater Rivers.

The crew of government surveyors who have been under Civil Engineer Funderheid and working between the Red Lake and Clearwater rivers east of here, have finished work and returned to this city yesterday. They report that they found a good fall in all of the country except in the township east of Highlanding, and that the country can be easily drained and at a very small cost. This crew will quite likely leave for the Lake of the Woods country in a day or so and join one of the crews at work up in that section.

"Copy Reading" Howells.

The London Atheneum, says of the following Howells paragraph that it is the best sentence perhaps in any recent English book. Describing a certain ancient edifice, Mr. Howells writes and the Atheneum quotes:

"What, in the heart of all this blossoming, was the great cathedral itself when we came in sight of it but a vast efflorescence of the age of faith, mystically beautiful in form and gray as some pale exhalation from the mold of the ever cloistered, the deeply reforested past."

Very fine, all must admit. But wouldn't that paragraph have been meat and drink to the man who used to mark up Mr. Howells' newspaper copy back at Bucyrus, O. If Howells the reporter had written that for the Bucyrus Blade he would have found it in the paper next day about like this:

"The cathedral, with flowers all around it, looks fine. It is 400 years old and needs paint."—Galveston News.

Thought Nine Enough.

The following amusing birth notice appeared in the Dresden Anzeiger: "To our seven hearty boys there came today, in God's early morning, not the wished for little daughter, but, in compensation, a pair of fine boys. We judge by this elementary event that these strenuous times demand more men than blossoms of the gentler sex, and console ourselves with thoughts of our fatherland, to which we call:

"Hurrah! Hurrah! Now there are nine. Firm stand and true the watch on the Rhine!

"To all dear friends and acquaintances and to whom else the joyous tidings may be of interest we give this notice—the last of its kind—Eduard Rost and wife."

A Bargain.

Mr. Mason rubbed the edges of the umbrella with discriminating fingers while his wife listened to the saleswoman's enumeration of its good points.

"This is $10, isn't it?" he asked.

"Oh, no," replied the saleswoman reproachfully. "It is $9.89."

"She seems to regard the 11 cents as particularly invidious. I wonder why?" whispered Mr. Mason to his wife.

"Not at all," said Mrs. Mason, with mild heat; "nothing 'invidious' about it. Only very naturally it touched the girl not to have you perceive that you were getting a bargain."—Youth's Companion.

Cautious.

A five-year-old girl was very ill, and, noticing the anxiety of her parent, she said, "Mamma, do you think I'm going to die?"

"No, my dear," replied the mother, "we think you will soon be better."

"Well," said the little one, "I'd like to die and go to heaven on a visit if I was sure I could come back if I didn't like the place."—Chicago News.

Looked That Way.

"I don't think she'll ever marry him," said Mrs. Henpeck. "She quarrels with him so and is so domineering that—"

"She is?" interrupted Henpeck. "I'll bet they've been secretly married already!"—Philadelphia Press.

All Alone In That Class.

Mr. Hunker—I have merely a speaking acquaintance with Miss Throckmorton. Mr. Spatts—You are very lucky. All her other acquaintances are listening acquaintances. Stray Stories.

He who changes the sports is secretly changing the manners of the young.—Plato.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1140 made Nov 3rd 1906, for the [illegible] Section 4, Township 154 N, Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 31st, 1907

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz

Ernest Schmidt, of Germantown Minn
Joseph Dichamp, " " "
Ole Nelson, " " "
Henry Cook " " "

R J MONTAGUE,
Register.

sept 26 oct 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 21, 1907

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Braas of Germantown Minn has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Nov 3rd [illegible] for the [illegible] Section 7, Township 154 N Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Oct. 31st, 1907

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land viz

Joseph Dichamp, of Germantown Minn.
Erick O Gruetzke,
Ernest Schmidt,
Jay Payne

sept 26 oct 31

R J MONTAGUE
Register

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

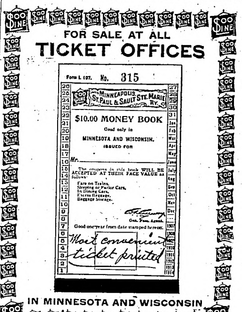

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$10.00 MONEY BOOK
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ISSUED FOR
Mr.
The coupons in this book WILL BE ACCEPTED AT THEIR FACE VALUE as follows:
Fare on Trains.
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Gen. Pass. Agent.
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IN MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

v.95

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

September 26, 1907.

It is now stated that the annual profits of the Standred Oil company are over 1,000 per cent. That being so it will have no trouble in paying that fine of $29,000,000.

Last week the NEWS received the first issue of the Halsted Advocate, the new paper started at Halstead by Hans C. Longballe, formerly of this place. The paper is certainly a credit to the town and should receive a strong support.

John Deitz, of Cameron dam fame, has won out in his famous case against a logging company of Chippewa Falls, Wis., and received in settlement $15,000. Deitz refused to take his claim into court, asserting that a poor man would stand no show against a corporation and that he preferred fighting for his rights. The $15,000 which he has received will make him independent.

Some of the newspapers are lamenting the fact that there are no republican aspirants for governor of Minn. out in the lime light. Give 'em time. Next year there will probably be so many that the corporations will find it easy to unite the delegates on some compromise candidate, and defeat the man whom the people want. We trust, however, that this will not be the outcome of the next convention. Surely two threshings should be of some practical benefit to a party that has between fifty and a hundred thousand majority. But perhaps not.—St. Clout Journal-Press.

There are hundreds of men toiling hard in the cities, who, were they to brave the forests of Minnesota, would in a few years become independently rich on the lands that can be had at reasonable prices. The land men make it an advantage to the actual settler. It is to the land man's benefit to have every settler satisfied with his holdings. The man with a few hundred dollars can go to Northern Minnesota and become an important factor in the development of that country. They will reap the benefits that must grow out of the land that is filled with such flattering promises and which is crowned with magnificent possibilities.—Mankato Free Press.

A few years ago copper was selling at from 10 to 12 cents a pound. The demand for it was such that the copper combinations were able to advance the price to 25 cents a pound. This price resulted in great mining developments and as a result it is said that there is a surplus of 250,000,000 pounds. Manufacturers have been afraid to buy it at so high a figure as they would be unable to market the finished goods on such a basis and the copper has accumulated until the price has finally broken to fifteen cents. Copper miners are talking of shutting down and the market price of copper stocks has been cut in two. Amalgamated has dropped from 115 to 58, while the stocks which made every one in Duluth a millionaire have decreased one-half in value. If the consumption of copper has fallen off to so great an extent won't iron follow suit? High prices always finally check development and history is going to repeat itself.—Fergus Falls Journal.

A Faithful Criminal.

One of the most puzzling features of humanity that confronts those who deal with it at its worst is its strange mixture of honor and dishonor, of good faith and bad faith, and of guilt and innocence.

Everybody who has much experience with his fellows sooner or later comes to see clearly the truth of the saying that as there is some good in all of us, so is there some bad in all of us. There is nobody so evil as to be wholly bad; even the worst individual on earth, if he could be singled out in competition, has somewhere in his nature a spot that can be touched with an appeal to the better nature that has been overgrown and covered up by evil. And, on the other hand, there are none of us so thoroughly good that we have not our weak spots, our pet vices or our bad traits. If we are uncommonly good we usually keep them pretty well concealed, but they are there just the same, apt to break out at annoying intervals.

This condition accounts for the inconsistencies in character that are so puzzling to those who have to deal with the seamy side of human nature. It is also an argument for charity in judgment.

For instance, there is the case of the young Chicago mail carrier whom Judge Landis recently sentenced to one year's imprisonment for trifling with the mails. When he pronounced the sentence he accompanied it by a parole of sixty days to give the young man a chance to go to work and earn some money for the support of his wife and baby boy while he was serving his time.

Promptly on the dot, this young man appeared at the bridewell and said that he had been ordered to report there by Judge Landis. He was accompanied by his wife, who is little more than a girl, and the baby, who had come to say goodby.

The bridewell authorities refused to receive him because he was not accompanied by a United States marshal armed with the proper papers. The warden did not know what to do with him, but suggested that he go to the United States marshal and see what he could do.

But the marshal was puzzled, too. Judge Landis had apparently forgotten about him, because he is away on his vacation, and no order for commitment had ever been made out. The marshal turned him over to the clerk of court, who could have made out commitment papers at once if he desired. But he didn't, perhaps with an unspoken hope that it might not be necessary. He told the young man that he must report to him every day until Judge Landis gets back and the applicant for incarceration is still working, making at the same time daily trips to the clerk of court.

This young man after working faithfully in the postoffice for eight years, opened a letter and took a small sum of money out of it. He was convicted and sentenced, but the judge took pity on the girl-wife and her child, and let the convict go free while he worked two months for their support.

The bad faith of the young man in stealing money that was entrusted to him is in sharp contrast to his good faith with the judge who suspended sentence temporarily.

Judge Landis will be meaner to him that he was to the Standard Oil company if he sends him to jail after that.—Duluth Herald.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

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Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

For Sale Cheap

New Ditching Machine

For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The
Great Northern
Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to

H. FANT'S

THE VALUE OF

"White Seal" Beer

Lies largely in the malt that forms so important a part of it.

Malt is an adjuvant in convalescence from protracted illness, an auxilliary and digestive in the case of nursing women and to a large extent an important factor in the treatment of all debilitated conditions of the system. It is one of the most nutritious of foods. The malt that enters into the manufacture of

"WHITE SEAL" BEER

is made from the choicest barley that money can buy.
in sickness or in health the moderate use of

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is greatly beneficial. The bottled product is most convenient for family use. Order a case today.

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Phone 151

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Christ Paulson, Agent.

Dr. Andrew Bkern,
Oculist and Aurist.

Practice [illegible] treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office [illegible]

Grand Forks, - North Dak

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

MUST PAY FULL RATES.

Railroad Men Don't Like to Pay Full Rates for Shipping Freight.

Railroad men throughout the country are considerably exercised over the fact that new rate on shipments of household goods or anything else. It has always been the custom for railroad officers and employes to have their household goods shipped between any two points over their own line free. Over connecting or so-called foreign systems they were usually given half rates.

The nature of railroad work compels frequent changing of headquarters of men in the train and station service and to some extent those connected with the official staffs. Station agents, telegraph operators and trainmen particularly are subject to frequent changes in positions.

Whenever such a change has been made on orders from the company the household goods and any other property of the employe were carried to the new headquarters free. The new rate law allows no discrimination and, while employes are exempted from the anti pass provision of the statute there is no exception in their case for freight. The only condition under which freight may be now sent free for employes is where such shipment is entirely within one state.

EXAMINER WANTED.

Town of Numedal Has Troubles of Its Own That Need Fixing.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: At the meeting of the board of county commissioners Tuesday the auditor was instructed to request Public Examiner Schaeffer to send a special examiner to the town of Numedal in this county, to examine the accounts of the town treasurer and town clerk for the years 1905 and 1906, and also to examine the books of the treasurer and clerk of school district No. 134, in the same town.

During the past couple of years there has been a whole lot of trouble among the residents of Numedal over the accounts of the different officers and school districts, and this week several residents supported by attorneys appeared before the county board in an effort to settle up the troubles.

The board heard the arguments, and after consideration determined to ask for a special examiner to go over the various books and accounts and see if these differences cannot be adjusted satisfactorily.

It is not specifically charged that there are any discrepancies in these accounts, but in order that the whole deal can be straightened out satisfactory to all parties concerned, it was thought that the best course to pursue was to call in a special examiner. The examiner will likely be here shortly to do his work, when the whole thing will be made plain and satisfaction dealt out to all.

May Spoil A Resort.

Mud Lake is acquiring national repute as a resort for duck hunting. Men have come here this fall from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago and even Cincinnati. Besides those from these larger cities there have been numerous parties from Crookston, Red Lake Falls, Thief River Falls, Greenbush and other Minnesota points. And most of them come to Middle River and drive out from here to the lake, all of which is a good thing for Middle River, making business for the hotel, the restaurant, the livery and the local hunters who go along to officiate as guides for the visitors. Just now some of the shooters are protesting to be on auxious seat for fear the government ditch will be put through next year and drain out the lake and spoil the shooting. Of course that would be hard on the hunters, but in view of the fact that it would open up several thousand acres of good land, the public in general is not sympathizing with the fears of the hunters but will manage to subsist without the ducks in case the ditch goes through. Middle River Pioneer.

May Make Trouble.

A demented Jap was found wandering in the fields in the town of Tanberg, Wilkin county, last week. He was only about half dressed, and was taken to Breckenridge and committed to the hospital here. This is the first native of Japan who has ever been committed to the insane hospital in this city. There have been Chinamen committed on one or two occasions, and there are three negroes and representatives of nearly all white nationalities at the present time, but this is the first Jap. He is not a native of Minnesota and may have to be sent back to Japan, which may lead to inter national complications.—Fergus Falls Journal.

IT'S ALWAYS NEXT YEAR.

Great Northern Says Greenbush Extension Will Be Built Next Year.

Road Says Capital Is Afraid to Come to Minnesota.

O. B. Ekman, of Roseau, returned from St. Paul last week, where he had been as the representative of Roseau to confer with the Great Northern as to the extension of the line from Greenbush.

Mr. Ekman states that he had interviews with both Mr. James J. Hill and Mr. Louis W. Hill. Mr. Louis Hill informed him that the Great Northern would build no more roads in Minnesota, that legislation had been so pronouncedly adverse to their road as well as to other corporations that the company would let the extension go, and he stated that the farmers could build a farmers' road if they wanted to—and see what running a railroad really meant. Mr. Eckman got *no encouragement whatever* from the present head of the system.

However, later on he was able to secure an interview with Mr. James J. Hill, the real head of the Great Northern system, and from him Mr. Ekman learned that were it not for the fact that the company had the grade in readiness and had promised the extension of the road from Greenbush east, he would concur in all that his son had stated. As it was, Mr. Hill declared that he would keep his promise and endeavor to lay steel the midsummer of 1908 but no earlier. He declared further that the foolish legislation of past years had driven eastern capital away from Minnesota. He stated that stockholders of the road and capitalists generally refused to finance any Minnesota corporation, giving as reason the aggressive propaganda of recent legislatures against corporations en masse. He illustrated this by saying that after expending several thousand dollars of his own money to secure data from Germany and other European countries to show that the introduction of smelters and the burning of charcoal on the iron ranges would bring a good profit, he attempted to interest Eastern capital to the extent of $12,000,000, but that he utterly failed, because the project was in Minn. and capital was scared.

County Treasurer O. T. Tandberg, who suffered an attack of paralysis several weeks ago, is reported as improving very rapidly at present, and will soon be able to resume his duties at the court house. Mr. Tandberg's many friends will be pleased to see him around again.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

—ask any man who intends to buy some clothes and nine times out of ten he cannot tell you what kind he wants. The one out of ten will go to a tailor and be forced to make his selection from several different pieces of cloth.

He does not know how the cloth will look when it is made into the garment, he does not know when he will get the garment nor how it will look and fit after he gets it. Every tailor has his misfortunes in plenty. He has to fit the suit on you three or four times and then it may still be imperfect

How much more sensible it is to come to a store that can show you hundreds of patterns which you can try on and see them exactly as you intend to wear them before you place any orders or assume any obligations in regard to taking the garments. Even if prices were the same the preference should be in our favor, but the actual difference in price is so great that it seems ridiculous for a man to disagree with us.

WILSON'S,
CLOTHING AND SHOES.

Ladies Fall and Winter Coats

We are pleased to announce that we purchased early our fall and winter coats at very low prices, and our stock will be complete in a few days, and at prices that will surprise you. Our coats have been carefully selected and comprise the very latest in style and finish. In cloth coats we have them in fur lined, with fur collors and without. Prices range from $8.00 to $25.00.

Our line of fur jackets, such as mink, near seal, and artrakan are simply superb and prices right.

Furs == Furs == Furs

Our line of ladies fur lollars is the largest in the northwest, comprising the latest both in long and short furs. Prices range from 75c to $25. You will admit they are pretty.

Just received, a beautiful line of ladies shirt waists. Prices from $1.25 to $8.50.

A word to the wise: If you intend to buy a coat or fur this fall, we invite you to look over our line before buying. We can please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

NEARLY $8,000.

That Is the Amount St. Hilaire's Creamery Paid Out for August.

It makes no differance whether the sun shines or it rains, the old bossie is giving a steady income. Give her good care and you will always have a dollar to spend when you need it. That she has proven faithful to her owners over forty-one patrons of the St. Hilaire Creamery received fifty dollar, or more for the month of August, a total of nearly $8,000 being paid the several patrons for the month. The price per pound was 26½c. The patrons receiving $50 or over were:

L A Carlson	$92 27
N A Nelson	90 81
L M Rolland	90 57
Peter Johnson	76 82
Claus Hendricks	76 71
C A Lindquist	76 60
T M. Brevick	71 40
H Haupt	71 76
Erick Johnson	71 61
Fred Soderberg	68 90
Hans J Hanson	67 31
John Wohlbeck	67 22
Miller Peterson	67 08
John Albin	66 53
Chas Seeger	65 31
R J McKercher	63 89
W D Lind	62 15
Frank Drexler	61 66
O L Larson	60 81
Knut Finstad	59 30
Swan Wiberg	58 62
Gust Konikson	58 11
Anton Aubol	57 95
P O Hegglund	57 52
L P Thyren	57 40
Henry Randorf	57 31
Erick Anderson	57 08
P W Peterson	[illegible]
Emil Bessler	[illegible]
Wash Adams	[illegible]
Frank Satterberg	54 53
Johnson Bros	54 50
Andrew Soderberg	[illegible]
Ole Larson	54 11
Halvor Hanson	[illegible]
Aug Hoppe	[illegible]
Fred Ulrich	52 22
H A Swanby	51 80
John Hedlund	[illegible]
Chas Gustafson	50 74
A P Sandberg	[illegible]

A Pioneer Gone

Pehr Bengtson died at his home near Wylie last Sunday morning at the ripe old age of eighty seven years, three months and sixteen days. He was born in Merrum, Blekinge, in the year [illegible] and came to America in [illegible], and took up a homestead in Section 1, Polk county, where he has lived since. His wife died twenty-five years ago, the year before he left the old country, and his children were all grown up, so he has been living alone with the exception that his grandson, Hjalmar Johnson, has been with him most of the time from early childhood. His health had been good until three weeks ago, and he retained his faculties, except his hearing, which prevented him from associating with other people, but he spent most of his time reading. Of his nine children, six are still living, and of these Mrs. Nils Johnson and Mrs. Chas. Moran live near Wylie, Ola Pehrson at Fisher, John Pehrson and Mrs. Shields at Chicago, and one son in Sweden. The funeral was held last Monday at the Swedish Lutheran church in Black River, of which he was the oldest member; Rev. Alex Sand, officiating.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

This Joker Got His.

Last evening as Jas. Arnold, the big six foot 1st sergent of Co. I, was wending his way home across the bridge to Jerome's addition, a form stepped out of the shadows and Jim found himself confronted by a masked man with a revolver. "Shell out your dough, P. D. Q.," said the man behind the gun in commanding tones, but Jim wasn't built that way and his powerful left arm shot out, catching Mr. Robber under the chin and sending him to earth. Without waiting for further developments, James promptly took advantage of the situation and grabbing the fellow to a half kneeling position he pummeled him unmercifully over the head. The robber yelled for mercy and Jim suddenly recognized something strangely familiar in the tones.

Releasing the hold on the fellow's collar he helped him to his feet and found that it was his particular chum and one of Company I, who had thought to have a little fun at Jim's expense. It is probable that the next time he attempts a practical joke he will pick a man who is smaller than himself.—Crookston Times.

Here is something that is worth many dollars to every farmer to know: Sprinkle lime in your stock tank and not a particle of scum will form on the water. When the lime loses its strength scum will began to form, which may be twice during the season, wash out the tank and repeat the dose. It is cheap, not only harmless but wholesome, keeps the water sweet and saves the live stock.

An Eye For the Future

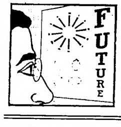

will save suffering if your vision is under consideration. Have your eyes examined now, and it may be that light glasses will avoid heavier and more expensive ones later on, and more important still your eye sight for many years, and also lessen the risk of headaches and other ills.

Consultation free.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK
EYE SPECIALIST AND JEWELER

MINNESOTA RATE SUIT

Federal Court Continues Former Restraining Order.

COMMODITY RATE ENJOINED

Two-Cent Fare and Merchandise Rates Will Remain in Force Pending Final Decision.

Judge William Lochren, in the United States circuit court at St. Paul, has issued a preliminary order continuing the order made at a previous hearing, restraining the enforcement of the commodity freight rates prescribed in chapter 232 of the Laws of 1907, but refused to issue a mandatory injunction taking out the 2-cent passenger fare prescribed by the legislature and the merchandise rates ordered by the railroad and warehouse commission on Sept. 6. The effect of the order as a whole is to leave matters in status quo pending a decision on the merits.

In delivering his opinion Judge Lochren severely denounced the penalties prescribed by the rate laws. They are as severe, he said, as the penalties provided for the worst crimes and are vicious in principle and a disgrace to the state.

In view of these penalties, which virtually shut the door of the state courts in the face of railroad officials, Judge Lochren held that the directors were justified in not bringing proceedings in the state courts. Such action would have made them and their subordinates liable to imprisonment. There can be no question, said Judge Lochren, that such legislation is vicious and a reproach upon the intelligence and sense of justice of the legislators.

The decision also overrules the demurrers interposed by the state on the grounds that the rate suits are suits against the state, preventing it from carrying on is governmental functions, and as such are prohibited by the Eleventh amendment to the federal Constitution.

The other objection taken by demurrer is that the suits are multifarious, parties and causes of action being improperly united. Judge Lochren disposed of both of these objections in favor of the complainants.

The decision, therefore, preserves the rates now in force until the questions raised can be determined on the merits. This is in accordance with the request which Judge Thomas Wilson, general counsel for the Omaha road, made in court, speaking for the Omaha and the Chicago and Northwestern roads.

MAY FORCE A CRISIS.

Minnesota's Attorney General Likely to Defy Court.

Some move by Attorney General Young in the railroad rate cases is expected which will bring him in contempt of the federal court. His purpose is to get himself arrested and fined for contempt, so that the case may be taken to the supreme court of the United States on habeas corpus proceedings to determine the jurisdiction of the circuit court imposing the fine.

There are two methods by which he might be placed in contempt. One is the commencement of criminal proceedings against some railroad official for failure to comply with the state rate law and the other is to bring suit, probably by mandamus, to compel one of the roads to put into effect the commodity rates enacted by the legislature last winter. This is the law the enforcement of which was enjoined by Judge Lochren in the order filed Monday in the federal court. The order enjoins the attorney general from instituting any action to compel obedience to this law, as well as from attempting to enforce the penalties and remedies specified in the act.

THREE MINERS PERISH.

Succumb to Fumes of Fire in Shaft at Sparta, Minn.

Entombed in the burning Malta mine at Sparta three men have met a terrible death. The bodies of two of them—Joseph Mesink and John Mallen, lumbermen—have been recovered. They had succumbed to the fumes given out by the fire. The body of the third man, Charles Smith, a pumpman, was not found and it probably never will be, as he perished in the mule stables in the mine. Smith is supposed to have started the fire by dropping a candle or match. The mine is being sealed so that air cannot enter and this is expected soon to check the fire, which is still burning. Charles Smith, whose body has not been recovered, is said to have had $1,000 in gold on his person.

Nurses Quit in a Body.

Because Dr. A. D. Ancker, superintendent of the city and county hospital at St. Paul, refused to reinstate one of the [illegible] who was dismissed [illegible] twenty-two nurses [illegible] hospital in a body [illegible] nearly in half.

Minneapolis Charter Defeated.

The new [illegible] charter [illegible] was defeated [illegible] Minneapolis on Tuesday [illegible] whelmingly. The vote was light, about 1,500 more votes being cast against the measure than for it. Labor's vote was in opposition.

THREE PERSONS INJURED.

Automobile Plunges Over an Embankment at St. Paul.

Edward Fleming, foreman for the Western Automobile company of St. Paul; Joseph Grisell, electrician for the same concern, and Nellie Flood, eighteen years old, are at the St. Paul city hospital in a serious condition from injuries received in an auto accident near the city limits on Rice street.

Fleming has a fracture of the pelvis and a bad scalp wound. His condition is serious. He is single and thirty years old. The physicians are uncertain about his recovery.

Grisell is married and recently came from Duluth. His injury consists of a scalp wound and bruises and cuts about the body. His condition is not thought to be serious.

Nellie Flood has a laceration of the throat which extends from one ear to the other. The injury is said to have been inflicted by coming in contact with a wire fence. Several stitches were placed in her throat and it is said that she will recover.

Fleming, Grisell and Miss Flood started for an automobile ride and were returning home shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning when Fleming, who was directing the auto, lost control of the machine. The automobile went down an embankment and rolled over several times.

RAILROAD REBATE CASE.

Federal Circuit Court Sustains District Court of Minnesota.

In an opinion by the circuit court of appeals sitting in Denver the judgment of the district court of Minnesota against the Great Northern railroad in the rebate cases was practically affirmed. The circuit court holds that the Hepburn act is an amendatory act and not a repealing act, that insofar as it repeats or reproduces portions of the Elkins act it continues them in force and makes no break in the law and that insofar as it omits or changes provisions of the Elkins act it repeals them.

The act of granting rebates was admitted by the Great Northern at the trial and the only question presented by the defendant was whether or not the Elkins act of 1903 making it an offense and fixing punishment for granting rebates was repealed by the Hepburn act of 1906 in such a way that thereafter there could be no prosecution of offenses committed prior to the appeal.

ODD FELLOWS ON PARADE

Magnificent Spectacle Witnessed by People of St. Paul.

The big event of the Odd Fellows convention at St. Paul was the parade, which united all branches of the order. In attendance at the gathering for one body and the extent of their numbers was fully appreciated. Conservative estimates placed the numerical strength of the entire I. O. O. F. delegation in the city at 5,000 to 7,000. The parade, nearly three miles long, was an elaborate spectacle fully worthy of the place of first importance on the programme of events which it occupies annually.

The streets along the line of march were thronged. Long before the time scheduled for the start of the procession hundreds sought vantage points in windows and upon stairways and fire escapes. It was nearly impossible to get about in the downtown district in the afternoon and at all points along the line of march the sidewalks were nearly impassable.

SHOOTS CHILD AND HIMSELF

Daughter Is Dead and Father Fatally Wounded.

During a fit of insanity caused by brooding over his work Simon Ellison, aged forty-five, station agent for the Milwaukee Railroad company at Armstrong, shot and killed his eight-year-old daughter Attis and shortly afterward turned his revolver upon himself, inflicting a wound which is expected to prove fatal. Part of his head was torn off, exposing the brain.

Ellison was removed from a larger station to Armstrong several months ago and has appeared to brood a good deal over the change in his position.

Ellison has a wife and three other children besides the one he killed. One son is employed in Minneapolis and the other children, a son and daughter, live here with their parents.

Creditors Will Lose Little.

Watson & Co., stock and grain brokers of Minneapolis, who failed for nearly $1,500,000 a short time ago, have made a proposition to their creditors to settle on a basis of 50 cents on the dollar, the balance to be covered by interest bearing notes to be paid from time to time covering a long period. It is thought probable the creditors will accept the proposition.

Asks $25,000 for Broken Heart.

Edna Moynihan of Minneapolis says that Ole Theobald, the [illegible] has broken her heart by not keeping his promise to marry her. She told Judge Brooks that she didn't care about the money—it was the loss of her [illegible] affinity that affected her. But she thought $25,000 would about do. Theobald made no appearance.

Baby Photo Clue to Thief.

A horse belonging to J. Leach of [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Lochren, in the United States circuit court at St. Paul, has issued a preliminary order continuing the order made at a previous hearing restraining the enforcement of the commodity freight rates prescribed in chapter 232 of the laws of 1907, but refused to issue a mandatory injunction taking out the 2-cent passenger fare prescribed by the legislature and the merchandise rates ordered by the railroad and warehouse commission on Sept. 6. The effect of the order as a whole is to leave matters in status quo pending a decision on the merits.

Returns from the election in Oklahoma and Indian Territory show that the constitution of the proposed new state has been adopted by a large majority; that the prohibition clause of the constitution, which was voted on separately, also has been ratified and that the Democratic state ticket, headed by C. N. Haskell for governor, has been elected over the Republican state ticket, headed by Frank Frantz, the present territorial governor of Oklahoma.

At a special meeting the American Newspaper Publishers' association instructed its committee on paper to bring to the attention of the president and the department of justice information concerning an alleged unlawful combination of paper manufacturers that has resulted, it is asserted, in an artificial stimulation of prices.

In a heroic effort to stem the ever increasing tide of emigration and to turn the flood back toward the fatherland a Norwegian army officer, bearing semi-official credentials from Premier Michelsen, has come to the United States for the purpose of sounding Norsemen as to their desire to return to Norway.

The new charter authorized by the state legislature at its last session for the city of Chicago was rejected by the voters by a majority of over 62,000.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Rear Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N., retired, died suddenly at the home of a friend at York Beach, Me. Admiral Walker was seventy-two years of age and a native of New Hampshire. He was chairman of the Panama canal commission after his retirement from the navy.

Frederick McNally, for three years president of the publishing house of Rand, McNally & Co. of Chicago, is dead. Mr. McNally had been ill for three weeks of nervous prostration due to overwork.

John Hustis, a pioneer of Wisconsin and one of the leading spirits in the development of the state, is dead at Hustisford in the ninety-seventh year of his age.

Colonel William Goddard, chancellor of Brown university and one of the best known residents of Rhode Island, is dead.

George W. Harris, a former slave, is dead near Rowlandsville, Md., at the age of 113 years.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A protocol has been signed at Washington by the diplomatic representatives of the five Central American republics accepting the invitation of the United States and Mexico to meet at Washington at an early date to negotiate an agreement providing for permanent peace between the countries represented.

Director North of the census bureau has been advised by census enumerators in Oklahoma that the first figures for the new state show a total population of 1,414,042, Oklahoma having 721,141 inhabitants and Indian Territory 692,901.

In his forthcoming annual report Postmaster General George von L. Meyer will urge upon congress the establishment of a postal savings system throughout the United States.

Brief, but to the Point.

A young fellow at college wrote to his uncle, on whom he entirely depended:

My Dear Uncle—Ready for the needful. Your affectionate nephew.

The uncle replied:

My Dear Nephew—The needful is not ready. Your affectionate uncle.

It is pleasant that affection should survive pecuniary embarrassments, as it did in the case of Samuel Foote's mother and himself:

My Dear Sam—I am in prison for debt; come and assist your loving mother.
E. FOOTE.

Dear Mother—So I am; which prevents his duty being paid to his loving mother by her affectionate son, SAM FOOTE.

A nobleman was deeply in love with a "lady fair." He met her one evening at a crowded ball, and as he could not get an opportunity of talking to her he contrived to slip into her hand a piece of paper with the two words, "Will you?" written upon it.

The reply was equally brief: "Won't I?"

Fresh Sheets at Premium.

The woman who had just returned from abroad, where she had visited some country towns, was telling of the comforts and discomforts of the European country hotel. "They have an aversion to putting fresh sheets on the beds for every new guest," she said, "and we always pulled down the bedclothes the minute we were assigned our rooms to examine the sheets. Ten chances to one they were wrinkled and had that 'slept in' appearance [illegible]—New York Press.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

A demented Jap, who gave his name as Sam Inouyo, was found wandering in the fields near Rothsay and was committed to the insane hospital at Fergus Falls. He was half naked and talked English brokenly, but it was evident from his rambling statements that he was insane. The Fergus Falls hospital has had two insane Chinamen and has three negroes and representatives of nearly every white race on earth, but this is the first Jap who has ever been committed.

Two weeks ago a stranger arrived in Clarkfield at a late hour with an automobile and a bicycle. He remained all night and left early the next morning, going west. He went but a short distance when he ran the machine into a ditch, disabling it. He then rode away on his wheel and has not been seen in the locality since. It is thought he may have been a bank robber in flight.

State Treasurer Dinehart has received from the Western Union Telegraph company a check for $19,018.93, being the amount of taxes admitted by the company for 1906. The company's taxes as shown by the state records is $32,000, but the company for several years has resisted the assessment placed on the property and has paid only a portion of the tax.

Captain Samuel R. Van Sant, former governor of Minnesota, is likely to break into the limelight again next year. This time he will not seek honors at the hands of any political party, but his friends assert that he will be nominated for the position of commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

There is a strike threatened among the members of the fire department of Paynesville, who have served notice upon the village council that unless it takes certain action they will not answer a fire alarm nor attend a meeting of the department and will abandon the organization.

By an overwhelming vote at a special municipal election held in Litchfield bonds for $10,000 were voted to purchase a site to offer to the state for the girls' industrial training school soon to be located by the state board of control.

The long expected increase in salaries for the grade school teachers of Minneapolis was authorized last week by the board of education. The board of tax levy will be asked to supply the necessary $75,000 for such an increase.

St. Paul citizens have organized the joint billboard regulation committee. Aggressive action will be delayed a month until a committee can investigate and report at the next meeting, Oct. 17.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Captain G. Winans of the steamer Cowles has been fined $50 in the St. Paul police court on a charge of selling liquor on his steamer on Sunday, Aug. 25, the date when a party of St. Paulites went down the river to witness a prize fight. In imposing the fine Judge Hanft holds that the state of Minnesota has jurisdiction as far as the Wisconsin line in regard to the sale of liquors.

Testimony taken at an inquest to inquire into the death of Carl Akerberg of Bemidji has given rise to the theory that he died fifteen minutes after taking a dose of medicine, the prescription for which was prepared at a local drug store. Several doctors testified that the death of the boy evidently was due to strychnine poisoning.

Rev. Breidablik of Crookston was attacked on the street at Moorhead by footpads, robbed of $50 in bills, $7 in change, two drafts, a gold watch and the gold chain from his glasses. He was then kicked and beaten and left for senseless on the sidewalk.

Nellie J. Manuel, the thirteen-year-old daughter of John Manuel, a Dakota county farmer, was accidentally shot and killed by Albert Schneider. Schneider was loading a 22-caliber rifle when in some manner it was discharged.

Manley Sanderson of Mankato, this state, twenty years old, while attempting to board a Northwestern freight train at Watertown, S. D., fell beneath the wheels and both his legs were crushed. His recovery is doubtful.

Bert Fowler, ten years old, was shot in the back by a brother two years older while out hunting near Slayton. The boy was brought home, but died. The shooting was accidental.

Matt Jandl of St. Paul, thirteen years old, was accidentally shot by his brother while hunting near McCarrons lake. He died at the St. Paul city hospital several hours later.

Camey Barden, a sophomore enrolled at the Minnesota university at Minneapolis, is dead as a result of accidentally shooting himself with a revolver.

Peter J. Johnson of St. Paul is dead from the effects of a drink of wood alcohol. It is thought to be a case of accident.

OBITUARY.

[illegible]

A PERSIAN YARN.

The Dragon That Was Tamed by the Memory of a Shrew.

Stories about shrews are very popular in Persia. Here is one of them: A man had a wife who was the plague of his life. At last he could bear it no longer and threw her down a well. But three days later he relented and let a rope down the well for her to come up by if she was still alive. Instead of her a huge dragon came up. The man was terribly frightened. He felt sure that the dragon would devour him, but instead of devouring him it overwhelmed him with gratitude and promises of favors for having delivered him from the society of such a terrible companion. As a reward the dragon entered into a conspiracy with him. It arranged to go and coil itself round the body of the king's daughter. Then, after the astrologers and magicians had used all their skill in vain in the attempt to deliver her, the man was to come to the king and say: "Sire, I am the only person who can save your daughter. If I do not succeed you may kill me."

The dragon would recognize him and release her, and the king would of course recompense the savior of his daughter with splendid presents. The dragon made it a stipulation that if he seized any other princess the man was not to interfere on penalty of death. So the dragon went and coiled himself round the daughter of the shah, and after every remedy had been tried without success the man came and presented himself before the shah, saying: "Sire, I am the only person who can save your daughter. If I do not succeed, you will kill me." Then the dragon knew him and went away, leaving the princess free, and the king bestowed her upon the deliverer and gave him an enormous fortune.

After a time the dragon went and coiled itself round the body of a princess of Franghistan. The king of Franghistan, who had heard of the marvelous rescue of the shah's daughter, sent an embassy loaded with costly presents to the court of Persia, praying her rescuer to come and free his daughter also, but the man remembered what he had promised the dragon and was afraid to go. His royal father-in-law naturally did not understand the reason and was furious and insisted that he should go.

At last the man had to go, but he was in terror as to what would happen for breaking his contract with the dragon. When he arrived in the presence of the dragon and the princess he said to the dragon: "I have not broken my word. I did not come to deliver the princess, but only to tell you that my wife has succeeded in getting out of the well and is coming to avenge herself upon you as quickly as she can."

The dragon, remembering the terrible time he had with the man's wife, flew away, for he knew the proverb that "It is better to dwell in a wilderness than in a querulous and angry woman."—Chicago News.

Dickens In Evening Dress.

When Charles Dickens was to make his first appearance in Boston before an American audience as a reader an immense crowd awaited him. The enthusiasm of the people for the most popular novelist then living had risen to fever heat. One of the most ardent of his admirers afterward told this little incident of the evening:

"With a few gentlemen who wished to welcome and show him attention I was in the little room at the back of the platform when Dickens entered it. He was a rather stout man, with a somewhat red face, and I saw, to my surprise, that he was dressed in an exaggerated servility to the extreme fashion. More than this, he wore a boutonniere in each buttonhole and two watches, the chains of which were strung aggressively across his chest. There was a gaudy bad taste in his appearance which his friends regretted, knowing how distasteful it would be to most of his admirers who appreciated his genius and enjoyed his writings. No one, of course, could broach the subject to him, and he appeared that night and every other night of his engagement in the same attire. The universal comment was, 'Why, this is a petit maitre.' How can a man with such tastes be the creator of Tiny Tim and Sam Weller?"

The Peasant and His Son.

One day a peasant carried a basket of potatoes to the field and dug holes in the soil and planted them. His young son watched operations for a time and then inquired:

"Daddy, why do you put those taters in the ground?"

"By so doing each one will bring me back ten, my son," replied the father.

The boy went away, and when his father came up to dinner he found him digging in the yard and asked:

"Sonny, what are you seeking?"

"Why, daddy, I have planted the clock, two umbrellas, the teapot, your Sunday hat, ma's boots and a tablecloth, and each one will bring me back ten."

"You young idiot, come here and be skelped!" shouted the father, and he tanned the boy up and down, crossways and sideways, until he was tired.

"Daddy planted taters to get back ten," sobbed the boy as he sat down [illegible] "But I planted [illegible] It must be the difference in [illegible]—Pearson's Weekly.

INDIANS ON THE TRAIL

The Methods Used by the Red Men to Communicate.

SIGNS THAT SPEAK VOLUMES

Sticks and Stones Have a Language of Their Own and Serve to Indicate Direction, Departure, Intention, Warning, Claim or Demand.

As time has passed and civilization has changed Indian conditions, I was under the impression that our red brothers had forgotten the use of signs in their travels, but as I was loitering about the hills in Siskiyou county some time ago I came across a genuine Indian sign such as I had not seen for a dozen years before. It was a simple little sign in appearance, but it was full of meaning to those who could read it—a long stick with one end stuck in the ground, the other leaning and pointing up the road. The stick was elevated at an angle of only about ten degrees from the ground and was supported on a stone. It told some Indian that his friend had been along there and had gone ahead in the direction pointed out by the stick.

I marveled at it, but on investigation *found that the Indians of California* still use signs to convey intelligence to each each. I found that among the Cocopahs, Cohuillas, Pimas and Yumas the sign is as much in use as ever.

While traveling in San Bernardino county later on I came across a peculiar grouping of stones, and at once saw that some Indian had left a sign so that all other Indians might know that water was to be found in a certain direction. The stones were lying in a complete circle, and in the center was a long triangular stone with the sharp point indicating a specific direction. The sign was plain to one versed in such things, and in order to see if the same sign was universal, for I had seen it elsewhere, I followed the direction pointed out by the long stone and found a little spring.

This arrangement of stones I had often seen in a dozen different places in the middle west and as a variant which was also found in California. I have seen a mound of stones similar to a miner's monument, with a pointed stone resting on top, pointing toward water. In many parts of the country, especially in the desert parts of California and Arizona, the question of water supply for travelers is one that requires serious consideration, and I have known men to pass within a few hundred yards of water without knowing it, because they could not read Indian signs. The sign was in plain view and was placed there because the Indians recognized the necessity of telling all who came along that they could find water. True, there was not a big board set up with "Water" painted on it, but to the initiated it was equally plain. There is not a trail in all the southwest that runs near a spring that does not have the sign openly displayed. I have even seen instances where the water was so far from the regular trail that special signs have been made to show where it is.

Sometimes, however, these circles may not mean water at all, and then it is necessary to understand the intricacies of the Indian mind to understand just what he is driving at. I remember once when I was hunting on the Republican river I came across a circle of buffalo skulls, which attracted my attention because of their peculiar arrangement. Sixteen skulls were set in a semicircle with their noses pointing down the river. In the center of the circle was a skull on which were painted thirty-six red lines. Near the skulls were two small sticks placed upright in the ground, and at the top of each stick were tied two bundles of hair.

A Pawnee Indian was with me and told me that thirty-six Pawnees had camped there. They had made a raid against a camp of Comanches containing sixteen tents or lodges and had taken four scalps. They were now returning home down the river. To the ordinary observer this arrangement of skulls and sticks would have given no more impression than the idea that some one had been amusing himself by playing with these buffalo skulls. To the Indian the arrangement was a complete story.

Indians use signs for several specific purposes, the most prevalent being that of guidance, but they are also used for direction, departure, intention, condition, warning and claim or demand. I was hunting with a party of Utes in southwestern Colorado, and we had separated with the understanding that we were to meet again at a specified place and all go back to the village together. On reaching the appointed place one of the party was not there, but the rest started to the village, paying no attention to his nonappearance. I asked if they were not going to wait until he came back, but they said he had been there and had gone on to the village without waiting for us to come up. When I expressed surprise I was shown a long stick standing in the trail with a bunch of grass fastened to its top. The stick was leaning toward the village, and this told the story of the missing man as plainly as if he had written a letter about it. I found that a similar stick had been erected [illegible] of every hill between there and where the village could be seen. [illegible] is used by the Indians [illegible] Alaska and also by the [illegible] The Sioux [illegible] sitting down all [illegible] evening.—San Francisco Chronicle.

SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

SOCIALISM GROWS.

Progress Making Steadily in the Socialistic Direction.

Strictly speaking, it is not correct to speak of the time when Socialism "will" come. Socialism has been coming for a long time. Part of it is here. More is on the way. Every year takes away something from the edifice of capitalism. A new economic house is building piecemeal. A stone in the foundation of capitalism falls; a block of Socialist granite takes its place. A capitalist pillar falls; a Socialist pillar is hoisted in its stead. Day by day and year by year the change goes on. Some day all of capitalism will have disappeared and all of Socialism will have appeared. There is no such thing as a standstill in nature. Socialists content themselves with the statement that Socialism will be a great improvement over capitalism and that it is the next step.

To realize the truth of these statements consider what is the elementary principle of Socialism. Socialism is first of all a protest against the use of capital to exploit labor. Socialism sees that the ownership of capital by one man enables that man to appropriate the products of another man's labor without rendering any equivalent of the capitalist's labor. Against this palpable wrong Socialism inveighs. And therefore it may be said that any human tendency to minimize this wrong by curtailing the power of capital to exploit labor is Socialistic in its nature.

The demand of Socialism being that all of the power of capital to exploit labor shall be destroyed, it necessarily follows that any diminution of the power of capital to exploit labor is a step toward Socialism.

The prime object of Socialism, therefore, is the prevention of the individual from obtaining the products of the labor of his fellows merely by the ownership of capital. And, as we have seen, the unmistakable tendency of the times is toward the curbing of the power of capital to appropriate the products of labor. Next comes the question of how the exploiting power of capital shall be destroyed.

Perhaps the most frequently quoted instance of the adoption of a Socialistic method for the solution of a given problem is in the governmental operation of the postal system. The carrying of mails would afford a rich field for exploitation if in the hands of private individuals.

The demand for the government ownership of public utilities is a step toward Socialism, yet it is not, strictly speaking, a Socialist remedy. Socialism demands the public ownership of public utilities as well as of all capital, and public ownership and government ownership, while they should mean the same, unfortunately often stand for widely different things. There is government ownership of railroads in Russia, for instance, but no public ownership, for the most simple reason that in Russia the public does not control the government. In this country the politicians relieve us of most of the cares of government.

Perhaps the most important proof that capitalism is going and Socialism is coming may be found in the fact that the trust has come. Capitalism is based upon the contention that unlimited competition is good. The trust, which the great capitalists have now enthusiastically indorsed, is the acknowledgment of capitalism's fundamental error in indorsing competition. Socialism declares that competition is industrial war and that the instinct of self preservation will in the end compel those who are competing in any line of industry to merge their capital and co-operate. Capitalism for years scoffed at this theory of Socialism, but in the end was compelled to accept it and act upon it. And in defending the trusts in 1899 the late Senator Hanna said that the men of large capital who had gone into industrial combinations had been compelled by competition to do so or go out of business.

In conclusion, the only question of importance to consider is: When will the final great change come; when will the public, through the government, take over the ownership and control of all capital? No one can name the year. Any well informed Socialist can name the time. The time will be when sufficient degrees of distress and economic intelligence are coexistent to work the change. In other words, industrial panics are becoming more numerous and more terrible and under capitalism must continue to become so. The next panic, the signs of which are now present, will produce greater suffering than any that has preceded it.

And all signs point to the conclusion that the time is not far distant when in one of these periodical seasons of distress, when most of the workers in the nation are out of employment and suffering, either one of two things will happen—either public sentiment will compel the government to take over and operate for use the industries that the capitalist class refuses to operate except for profit, in which event the government will [illegible] held their government responsible for their wrongs.

With the lowering clouds about us no man can perform a greater service for those who now live or for posterity than by advocating the principles of Socialism and voting the Socialist ticket.

Socialism wants no blood. It wants active brains.—Allan L. Benson.

WHAT IT WOULD DO.

Practical Results of the Inauguration of Socialism.

In answer to the following inquiry a student of the doctrine of Socialism has made the accompanying reply:

"I am often urged to vote the Socialist ticket, and every reason given me seems to be different. Now, can you tell me just what the Socialists would do if they came into power?"

Socialists believe in the public ownership and operation of all the means of production and distribution.

This action, assuming the control and management of all lines of business in the name and for the benefit of all the people, in an orderly, systematic and businesslike manner by the proper authorities, will be taken as soon as the majority of the people have accepted Socialism and have elected the majority of the members of the legislative bodies, national, state and local, as well as the regular governmental officers, national, state and local.

The first important movement of the Socialist government will be to organize the industrial army, composed of all ablebodied people of an agreed age, to carry on the world's industrial work.

All children and young people will be sent back to the kindergartens, schools, colleges and gymnasia for development into perfect citizens, physically, mentally and morally.

All the sick, crippled, aged and infirm will be well cared for, for what they have done or would do if they could.

The mothers will be left with their families to guard the health and strength of future generations.

The widows and orphans will be happy in the relief of their struggles, with secure homes and sure positions adapted to their conditions and ability.

Those in all classes superior in their knowledge, experience and abilities will be selected, according to their merit, for managers, leaders, superintendents, etc.

The next great step of the Socialist government will be to complete, as soon as possible, the organization and consolidation of all industrial enterprises so successfully begun by the trusts today. These organizations and departments will be managed by the most competent and experienced men.

The minor details of transfer, organization, production and distribution will be no greater than those involved in similar transactions in private business today.

The management of this comprehensive system will require simply the ordinary ability of a good general, who, with efficient lieutenants, will organize his great industrial army in easily workable divisions and subdivisions and proceed to develop the world's great resources systematically and economically so as to supply every need and luxury for the enjoyment of man.

In this connection the following from Professor Hertzka, the famous Austrian statistician, is pertinent:

"I have calculated how much labor and time are necessary with the aid of the present mechanical appliances to produce what is required to support in ease and comfort the 20,000,000 inhabitants of Austria—viz, food, clothing and shelter, consisting of a five room house to a family, and including fuel, medicine, furniture and utensils. I find it would require 20,000,000 acres of arable land and about 8,000,000 acres in pasture, or about one and a half acres per capita, and 615,000 workmen, working eleven hours per day 300 days in the year. These 615,000 are but 12.3 per cent of the population able to work, excluding the women, children below sixteen years of age and men above fifty years. If, instead of these 615,000 men, the whole 5,000,000 men able to work were engaged, they would need to work but thirty-seven days in the year, or if they were to work 300 days in the year they would need to work only one hour and twenty-two and one-half minutes per day. Again, if all the luxuries of life were included it would require 5,000,000 workmen, or 20 per cent of the population able to work, two hours and eleven minutes per day, 300 days in the year. With this working power 21,000,000 Austrians would be supplied with all their hearts could possibly desire. But if, again, the whole 5,000,000 men were employed three hours and twelve minutes per day they would need to work two months of the year only. Behold what time would be spared for study and pleasures, while the cares of life, in so far as wealth is concerned, would be obliterated altogether."

"Ben Franklin said more than 100 years ago that if all the people worked four [illegible] and the wastes were eliminated we could produce enough for all. What shall be said today, when we can produce a thousand times more than we could in Franklin's time [illegible]

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

RETURNED TO UNITED STATES

Former Son of Sweden Became Indignant When He Had to Pay Duty on New Shoes.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following item shows that not all Swedish-Americans are satisfied with their native land when they return to settle down in the mother land for a life of ease and comfort: "The other day a Swedish-American arrived at a Swedish port intending to continue his journey to the home parish where he intended to settle down for good. But when he entered his native land a customs officer made him pay a duty of $1.01 on a new pair of shoes which he had in his grip, and the would-be settler fell into the use of profane expletives, closing with the words, 'America is much better and there I'll be —— if I don't go again.'" And sure enough, *adds the writer, he* is already on his way back and may perhaps be back by this time at the old homestead in northern Minnesota.

Sweden, as is well known, has perhaps the safest railway system in the world. A Danish writer who has traveled nearly all over the world recently paid the following well deserved compliment to the Swedish railway system: "Sweden is surely that country in Europe whose railway system has reached the highest degree of perfection. Who ever hears of a railway accident in Sweden? Or where can a more practical and elegant rolling stock be found? In spite of the vast extent of Sweden there is hardly a country in the world where one can travel so cheaply as there. A third-class car in Sweden is superior to a second-class car in France, Spain, Italy or Austria."

Dr. C. Skottsberg and the paleontologists, T. Halle and Percy Quensel, departed from Stockholm for Buenos Ayres a week ago Thursday, from whence they will continue their journey to the Falkland Islands. Next summer they will spend their time in biological and geographical research and then they contemplate going to the southern part of Chile and Patagonia, where they will spend the entire year of 1909 in pursuit of geologic and ethnographic research. They expect to return to Sweden in the spring of 1910.

H. S. Hallberg, of Stockholm, captured first prize during the international swimming contest which took place a week ago last Wednesday between Sweden and Denmark across Oresund from Helsingborg to Helsingor. Hallberg swam the distance in 40½ minutes. The Danish swimmer landed seven minutes later. Thousands of spectators were lined up on the shore when the swimmers landed.

A new Swedish drama from the pen of Henningson Helsted has recently been presented to the managers of the Dramatic theater. It is divided into four acts and is entitled "Distress." It is a weird, gloomy effort and has a morbid touch which, according to reports successfully depicts the morbid side of life.

Emil Stromberg, a well known Stockholm actor, has left the theatrical profession and will now escort a Swedish-German tourist party into the wilds of Africa. To an intimate friend he had intimated that he thought the change would benefit him.

From Gothenburg comes the report that several hundred barrels of Iceland herring have been shipped to America via Gothenburg. This is the first time that any herring has been shipped to America via Sweden. All herring is usually shipped via Norway.

The historic old Strompattern in Stockholm, which has now practically passed into the hands of the company which recently purchased "Berns Salonger," will now be remodelled and run as a first class restaurant instead of an amusement garden.

Sixteen new theatrical companies will this season tour in different parts of Sweden. There seems to be a superabundance of theatrical talent in Sweden this year and the country population will not go amiss of any entertainment this year.

Upton Sinclair, the author of "The Jungle," which for a time created a wild sensation among the American book-reading public, is soon expected to make a visit to Sweden. Mr. Sinclair will first visit England and Denmark.

The annual Swedish army maneuvers take place this month. The government has been hiring thousands of horses in southern Sweden at $1.25 per head for the day and this is regarded [illegible]

About 90 per cent of the distilleries in Sweden, having an annual capacity of [illegible] gallons, have during the past few days been consolidated. Sweden has already got a sugar trust.

The engagement of A. O. Anner, the [illegible] Journal in Gothenburg, and Miss Selma A. [illegible] of St. Paul, Minn., has been [illegible]

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Walter Wellman, the head of the Wellman-Chicago Record-Herald [illegible] arrived at Tromsoe Sept. 15 [illegible] on board the Frithjof from Spitzbergen on his way home. He announced that he had definitely abandoned for this year, after a disastrous trial of his airship, the proposed attempt to reach the north pole. The airship made an ascent Sept. 2 in a strong northwesterly wind, which drove her southwesterly overland. It was found necessary to cut the balloon adrift from the other parts of the airship, but it was recovered after two days' search. Mr. Wellman told several newspaper men in Trondhjem last week that he will make another attempt with a new airship in 1908. Mr. Wellman's movements have been watched with intense interest all over Norway, where polar exploration has for years been a familiar subject, not to say a general topic among all classes of people. Leading authorities in Norway have all along had their serious doubts about Mr. Wellman's success. They all claim that in one way Andree, the Swedish aeronaut, who started in a balloon and perished, was even the better equipped in a sense than Mr. Wellman. Besides the airship problem has not as yet been solved and it is not the general belief in the Scandinavian countries, especially in Norway, that the airship way is a safe one. It is now believed that the next man who will try and reach the desired mark is Roald Amundson, who not long ago made the northwest passage and who is an undaunted sailor with a rich experience and who has made himself respected for wonderful tenacity of purpose. Norway, and all Europe for that matter, is deeply interested in Mr. Amundson's latest declaration to make the attempt and more than likely he can get all the money he needs for the equipment of a polar ship.

It has never seemed much trouble for the Norwegian emigrant to find a vessel to carry him away from his native shore when he has been ready to leave, at least not during the last thirty years. Every week British steamers leave various Norwegian ports, carrying emigrants over to England, where they embark on the ocean steamers of the different trans-Atlantic lines. Besides this the Scandinavian-American line of Copenhagen maintains steamers sailing from Norwegian ports about three times every month. This should be sufficient means of transportation to carry the several thousands of Norwegians over to the far west, but the Hamburg-American line seems to think differently. According to the latest report this company now intends to extend its operations to Norway by putting into service emigrant steamers. As to emigration from Norway to America this year, it may be said that the figures will hardly go above those of last year, when it was about 20,000. Very likely it will be less this year.

A pension granted Grieg, the late composer, by the Norwegian parliament in 1874 rendered him independent. The following year he spent with his old master, Gade. A few concerts in the musical capitals of Europe concluded the active career of the composer. With his health broken and the freshness of youth which was the inspiration of his best music gone, Grieg passed the last years of his life quietly at his picturesque villa, Troldhaugen (Goblin Hill), near Bergen. His later life was spent in composing, but the products of his labors, which were intensely Norwegian in spirit and method, have been less widely appreciated than his early works. In his native country, however, he never lacked for appreciation or admiration.

There is still but one kind of weather to report, rain and still more rain, with low temperatures, so low that there have been freezing nights in several of the higher country districts. During the last few days rain has been less frequent in this city, but the low temperature and prevailing cold winds reminds one of the fact that fall is here. The crop prospect is rather poor. Hay is perhaps the only yield that comes up to the average. The fruit crop will be far below the mark. The prices on nearly all food products are uncommonly high, and from England comes the sad news that prices on coal will be higher than ever before, perhaps with the exception of the year of the Boer war.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Great mystery surrounds the construction of a beautiful castle which the kaiser is having built in Silesia. Contrary to his usual habit of patronizing German art and trade at every occasion, the kaiser has had the plans for the castle drawn by a Danish architect, and a famous Scandinavian artist has been engaged to design for it several complete suites of furniture in old Norwegian style. These two facts combined have given rise to the opinion that the kaiser intends the castle as a present to his fourth son, Prince Adelbert, whose engagement to Princess Thyra of Denmark, younger sister of King Haakon of Norway, is expected to be announced within a month or so.

A dispatch dated Sept. 16 from Copenhagen says that M. Hansen, a Swedish horse dealer, who sold several horses to King Haakon of Norway, was invited to take lunch with members of the royal family at Christiania. He had never been in court before and when the king [illegible] Hansen thought King Haakon was [illegible] the table cloth and all [illegible] Hansen [illegible]

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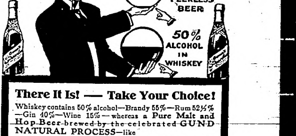
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Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls and muffins.

An absolutely pure, cream of tartar powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

p.95

BUSHNELL'S TURTLE.

Career of the First American Submarine Vessel.

IT WAS A MOST UNIQUE CRAFT

Launched In 1775, It Made Several Frantic Efforts to Blow Up British Warships and Nearly Succeeded—Its Untimely Fate.

The first submarine craft which really navigated under serious conditions was the invention of an American, Daniel Bushnell of Saybrook, Conn.

Bushnell was graduated from Yale in 1775 and in that same year completed the submarine vessel on which he had been at work since 1771. He does not seem to have named the boat himself, but it has come to be known as the Turtle because of its shape.

The entrance to the vessel corresponded to the opening made by the swells of a turtle shell at its head. The boat was about seven and a half feet long and six feet deep, large enough to contain the operator and sufficient air to last him half an hour.

It was ballasted chiefly with permanent lead ballast. In addition to this, a mass of lead 200 pounds in weight could be let down forty or fifty feet below the vessel, enabling the operator to anchor or to rise quickly to the surface in case of accident.

A water gauge illuminated by means of a cork with phosphorus on it, which floated on the water within the gauge, registered the depth of the Turtle. By means of a compass, also illuminated with phosphorus, the operator was able to direct the course of his vessel.

An oar formed on the principle of an old fashioned screw was fixed in the forward part of the Turtle. The operator by turning it in one direction could propel the vessel forward or in the other could propel it backward.

Another oar, placed near the top of the Turtle, worked on the same principle. By means of the latter the operator, after having established the equilibrium of the vessel, could move it either upward or downward. A rudder in the after part of the Turtle could be used for sculling.

The entrance to the boat was elliptical and so small as to barely admit one person. It was surrounded by a broad elliptical iron band, the lower edge of which was let into the wood. Above the upper edge of this iron band was a crown resembling a hat. It shut water tight upon the iron band, to which it was hung with hinges, turning over sideways when opened.

In the crown were three round doors, one directly in front and one on each side, and large enough to put the hand through. These, when opened, admitted fresh air. Their shutters were ground perfectly tight and were hung with hinges. There were several glass windows in the crown for the admission of light and two air pipes.

A ventilator drew fresh air through one of the pipes and discharged it at the bottom of the vessel. The impure air escaped through the other pipe. These, of course, were used only when the Turtle was floating on the surface of the water. The valves opened automatically when they came out of the water and closed as soon as they entered it.

When the operator wished to descend he placed his foot on the lever of the valve, by which means he opened a large aperture in the bottom of the vessel, thereby allowing the water to enter the tank. When a sufficient quantity had been obtained to cause the vessel to descend very gradually he closed the valve. The aperture under this valve was covered by a perforated plate.

The water could be discharged from the tank by the brass force pump. When the vessel leaked the bilge could be pumped out by a similar pump. Everything in the Turtle was brought so near the operator that he could find in the dark what he wished and without turning either to the right or to the left. A firm piece of wood was framed parallel to the short diameter of the vessel to prevent the sides from yielding. This also served as a seat for the operator.

In the fore part of the brim of the brass crown was a socket with an iron tube passing through it. At the top of the tube was a wood screw fixed by means of a rod which passed through the tube. When the wood screw had been made fast to some object it could be cast off by unscrewing the rod. Behind the vessel and above the rudder was attached a magazine composed of two blocks of oak wood, hollowed out so as to hold 150 pounds of powder. This was fired by a percussion device, timed by means of clockwork. A rope extended from the magazine to the wood screw.

To destroy a ship the operator was to submerge the Turtle, navigate it until it was underneath the ship that was to be destroyed, screw the wood screw into her bottom, cast off the magazine and move away. The magazine, being buoyant, would immediately rise against the bottom of the ship. The clockwork which fired it was started by the casting off of the magazine and gave the operator time to retire to a safe distance.

Bushnell made many trials of the Turtle before sending it against a British vessel. He found it very difficult to obtain a skillful operator. In respect to this part of his work he wrote as follows:

"In the first essay with the submarine vessel I took care to prove its strength to sustain the great pressure of the incumbent water when sunk deep, before I trusted any person to descend much below the surface, and I never suffered any person to go under water without having a strong piece of rigging made fast to it until I found him well acquainted with the operations necessary for his safety.

"After that I made him descend and continue at particular depths without rising or sinking, row by the compass, approach a vessel, go under her and fix the wood screw into her bottom until I thought him sufficiently expert to put my design into operation.

"I found, agreeable to my expectations, that it required many trials to make a person of common ingenuity a skillful operator. The first I employed was very ingenious, but was taken sick in the campaign of 1776 at New York before he had an opportunity to make use of his skill and never recovered his health sufficiently afterward."

In the summer of 1776, when Admiral Howe lay with a formidable British fleet in New York bay, a little below the Narrows, Bushnell attempted to destroy one of his ships, the Eagle, of sixty-four guns. The operator whom the inventor selected to make the experiment was Sergeant Ezra Lee.

He had had little experience with the Turtle and was therefore inexpert. Lee, however, successfully navigated the Turtle under the Eagle. He attempted to fix the wooden screw into her bottom, but struck, as he supposed, a bar of iron which passed from the rudder hinge and was spiked under the ship's quarter.

Bushnell said that had Lee "moved a few inches, which he might have done without rowing, I have no doubt but he would have found wood where he might have fixed the screw, or if the ship were sheathed with copper he might easily have pierced it; but, not being well skilled in the management of the vessel, in attempting to move to another place he lost the ship. After seeking for some time he rowed some distance and rose to the surface of the water, but found daylight had advanced so far that he durst not renew the attempt."

On his return from the Eagle, Lee passed near Governors Island, which was then occupied by the British. Being in haste and thinking he was discovered by the enemy, he cast off the magazine, supposing that it retarded his movement. After an hour, the time the mechanism was set to run, the magazine exploded with great violence, to the consternation of the enemy.

Two subsequent attempts were made with the Turtle against the British shipping. In one of these the operator succeeded in getting his vessel underneath a British ship, but the tide ran so strong the Turtle was swept away. Finally the British sunk an American boat which had the Turtle on board.

The inventor afterward recovered his vessel, but did nothing further with it. His health was poor, and he was unable to obtain money and assistance with which to prosecute his experiments.—Navy.

He Wanted Company.

Shortly after 2 o'clock one bitter winter morning a physician drove four miles in answer to a telephone call. On his arrival the man who had summoned him said:

"Doctor, I ain't in any particular pain, but somehow or other I've got a feeling that death is nigh."

The doctor felt the man's pulse and listened to his heart.

"Have you made your will?" he asked finally.

The man turned pale.

"Why, no, doctor. At my age—oh, doc, it ain't true, is it? It can't be true"—

"Who's your lawyer?"

"Higginbotham, but"—

"Then you'd better send for him at once."

The patient, white and trembling, went to the phone.

"Who's your pastor?" continued the doctor.

"The Rev. Kellogg M. Brown," mumbled the patient. "But, doctor, do you think"—

"Send for him immediately. Your father, too, should be summoned; also your"—

"Say, doctor, do you really think I'm going to die?" The man began to blubber softly.

The doctor looked at him hard.

"No, I don't," he replied grimly. "There's nothing at all the matter with you, but I'd hate to be the only man you've made a fool of on a night like this."—Everybody's.

The College Girl's Rescue.

"I believe in a college education for girls," said a professor, "but the girl who comes out of college thinking that she knows a great deal has not profited by her four years' course, for, after all, it is but a smattering that a college education gives us.

"Most girls know this. Many do not. The latter sort carry themselves superciliously, use big words, correct ignorant persons' grammar and fail to make a good marriage. In fact, they create a bad impression everywhere.

"Thus there was a girl—a Vassar girl—who got caught by the incoming tide out on a rock. The tide rose higher and higher, and the girl shrieked and screamed madly for help.

"Help came at last in the shape of a grizzled old shellback in a flat bottomed boat. The girl, as soon as she saw the shellback, recovered her poise and said in her most affected manner:

"'Ah, I knew some succor would come if I but continued calling indefatigably.'

"The shellback scowled.

"'Waal, miss,' he said, 'if that's how ye express yer gratitood the sucker'll be durned if he don't row back without ye!'"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Bad Judgment.

William—Did the baby come from Heaven, mamma? Mamma—Yes, dear. William—Huh! That kid didn't know when he was well off, did he?—Chicago News.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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VIVO
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Aug. 14, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Jensen of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 415, made June 29th 1901, for the Lots 10, 11 and N½ N.W¼ Sec.22, Township 153 N.R. 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Sept 28th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Louis O. Kangelf, of Kratka, Minn.
Charles W. Nelson, " Thief River Falls, "
Ludvig Larson, " Kratka, Minn.
Anton Skog, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

aug 22

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake } In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - -plaintiffs,
vs.
Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - -defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 22nd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke, Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Rudolph O. Manthey of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible], Red Lake Lands made June 5, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 10, Township 154 N., Range 40W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp of Germantown, Minn.
Fred Duchamp " " "
Henry Dau " " "
Carl Dommer " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 5 to oct 3.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs
Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated September [illegible], 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON, Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept 26-Oct 31

For Sale Cheap
New Ditching Machine
For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

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Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST,
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

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Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free.
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. Historical Society THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1907 NUMBER 40

THE WOMEN WORKERS.

Mahnomen Has Women Who Work With a Will.

Build a Sidewalk in Front of Their New Church.

The little village of Mahnomen south of here on the Soo line, is to be congratulated on having within its borders an organization of the fair sex whose recent achievement in constructing a plank sidewalk 75 feet long, places them in the Carnegie Hero Medal class and furnishes an incentive for the future generation to strive to emulate their mothers in the accomplishment of great deeds. The special deed to which we refer, and the facts of which are vouched for by a prominent business man of the village, was performed in the following brilliant manner: Mahnomen has been without a church since its incorporation until a week ago last Sunday, when services were held for the first time in a structure just completed. Like many other pioneer settlements the funds for the edifice were raised under great difficulty and, when the building was finished, there remained nothing of which to construct a sidewalk along the front of the building property, three lots or 75 feet in width.

However, notwithstanding the lack of money and the impossibility of securing carpenters even had the necessary funds been available, the ladies were not to be daunted, and when the worshippers arrive at the church on next Sabbath morning they will be greeted by the pleasing sight of a fine plank sidewalk along the entire front of the church grounds; for there it stands to-day as a monument to the enterprising ability of the American women who is not to be deprived of her heart's desire, if the attainment is within her power.

Last Sunday the plans were perfected and Monday morning the ladies appeared upon the scene fully armed with all the necessary implements of the carpenter profession. A crew of the strongest were detailed to carry the material from the lumber yard, almost a quarter of a mile away, while others with shovels did the surfacing for the stringers. Still another crew with saws cut the planks into proper lengths and the final assignment was the spiking and lining up of the finished walk. The only help allowed by a masculine member was in the adjustment of a few of the heavy stringers, all the rest of the work being done by the women, and to their everlasting credit be it said that the finished work would put many a corkscrew carpenter to shame. The result was an effectual and indisputable denial of the charge recently brought against the Twentieth Century Woman to the effect that her chief accomplishments were in promoting pink teas, baking bread and nursing babies. All honor and glory to the women of Mahnomen! May their names be enrolled upon the scroll of Fame, there to remain until the human race shall be no more.

A luncheon was served on Monday evening at the home of one of the leaders of the movement for the new walk, and here it was decided to have photographs taken of the party as they were at work, and these will be sold as souvenirs, the proceeds to be used to further improve the church property.

Dry Ensilage.

Andy Rice on a trip to stearns county saw dry silos in use among farmers with most satisfactory results and describes the silo as follows: First cut and stack the corn in large shocks. When cured run through a feed cutter corn, stalk and all. Then have a small tight bin in a convenient place in the barn and put in this bin the night before feeding enough for one large feed. Pack down tight, then wet it with water and feed hot. If rightly packed and wet it will be hot the next morning ready for feeding.—Hutchinson Leader.

Letters to Europe will go cheaper after Oct. 1st. Instead of 5 cents for a half ounce letter it will cost 5 cents for an ounce and 3 cents for each additional ounce. There will also be an arrangement by which you may send stamps to foreign countries for reply to letters.

MAY LOOSE THE MILL,

Crookston Is in Danger of Losing Its Saw Mill Next Year.

Officials of the Company Say That the Mill Cannot Be Operated.

For some time various conflicting rumors have been current regarding the intentions of the Crookston Lumber Company bearing upon the continued maintenance and operation of its mill at Crookston. Recently statements have been made that it was the purpose of the company to discontinue its night shift during the season of 1908, owing to a purely temporary shortage in the supply of available timber, but after that season the double shift system would be restored and the mill run as now, for a decade or more. Some time ago when it became known that the Great Northern road intended to raise the freight rate on shipments of logs, the Times made the assertion that if the rate became operative, it would render the maintence of the mill at Crookston unprofitable, and would insure its removal to some point nearer the base of supply of raw material. This assertion was made advisedly, and with the sanction of the officials of the Crookston Lumber Company. Now come certain wise ones who state that the talk of the mill's leaving Crookston is unfounded either in fact or in reason, as the by-products of the season's manufacture from year to year are sold for enough to cover the cost of operating. In order to place the situation properly before the people of Crookston, the Times secured the following definite statement from manager Murch of the Crookston office of the company:

"I am informed by my superior officers in the Crookston Lumber company that the mill at Crookston will be shut down and discontinued permanently this fall at the close of the season's cut owing to certain increased expense that positively prohibits the further maintenance of the plant at this place. To operate the plant here during the coming season under the new conditions affecting the expense account, would require an output of from $65,000 to $75,000 above the average expense per season in the past years. There is no shortage in the Crookston Lumber company's supply of available timber for use in the Crookston mill. The company has timber enough in sight at the present time to run the mill here for the next eight or ten years, and would do it if it could be done profitably.

"Regarding the receipts from our sales of refuse and by-products from the local plant, there is much misunderstanding. The total gross receipts from the sale of such products amounts to about $16,000 per annum. When the cost of handling and distribution is deducted, there is left an average of $8,000 as net profit for the season. The monthly payroll of the local mill is $27,000. It is somewhat difficult to see just how $8,000 could be made to cover such a payroll for six months or longer."

The foregoing is so concise and direct that comment is unnecessary, and it ought to settle all rumors claiming that Crookston is in no danger of losing the saw mill in the near future. Unquestionably, the increased expense of operating the mill there, is due to the advance in rates for freighting logs recently inaugurated by the railroad company. If Crookston wishes to retain its mill, it should get busy regarding the application of the rates.

MUST MAKE OUT PAPERS.

New Ruling by the General Land Office Regarding Filings.

Register Montague of the United States land office in Crookston received an order today from the commissioner of the general land office, which if it is taken advantage of very extensively, may make it necessary to provide additional help at the local office in the near future.

The order states that herafter the registers and receivers of all United States land offices will be required to prepare all applications to make entries and filings lands when they are so requested by applicants who wish to make such entries and filings.

The order from the commissioner general states that this will insure greater accuracy in papers of this kind and will be a considerable saving to the applicants who have heretofore been required to have their applications prepared at their own expense. As it has been generally understood for some time that this could not be done at the land office very few requests have been received in the past by the registers or receivers to make out the papers.

"In the small office the order would not make a great deal of difference," Judge Montague said today. "But in an office where such a volume of business is carried on it will increase the work of the office to a large extent if it is generally taken advantage of."—Crookston Journal.

MAKE GOOD PROFIT

Insurance Companies Doing A Profitable Business In This City.

O. Jacobson, of this city, has received a copy of the report of the state insurance commissioner and it shows that Thief River Falls has been a liberal contributor to the fire insurance companies in the past. The losses and premiums paid during a period of fourteen years are given and it shows that during this period Thief River Falls has paid the insurance companies $130,411.51, while insurance companies have paid out in losses only $31,276.48, thus making a profit out of this city in the past fourteen years of nearly $100,000. In the state of Minnesota for a period of fourteen years the companies have collected $54,232,388.13 and paid out for losses, $28,435,909.97, thus making gross profit in the state of $25,796,478.16 in the past fourteen years. It would seem that insurance companies are getting fair returns.

St. Hilaire Boy Doing Well.

J. C. Dahl received word the first of the week from his son Fred who writes that he has returned to his studies at the State University. Fred has been spending the summer in Utah, where he has been working in a mine, meeting with success on every hand, and now returns to add to his laurels by winning honors at school and graduating there from next spring. At the mines Fred started in as a common laborer, then was made assistant on a compressed air drill, then placed in charge of the drill, next an electric hoist, then during the absence of the chief engineer for a couple of weeks had full charge of the mine, which employs over 2,000 men. Such is the success of an energetic young man whose ambition is to be at the top of the ladder of fame, working his way round by round, and always giving the worth of his hire.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

THE TRUTH COMING OUT.

Canada no Longer Sending Out Claims Of Big Crops.

False Claims Found to Have Done More Harm Than Good.

Canada has changed its policy of sending out false and misleading claims concerning its wheat crop. Glowing accounts of the bumper crop have been sent out persistently during the late summer and early fall. These claims were not justified by the actual conditions, for, as a matter of fact, the wheat crop is small.

The true facts are now coming out. The Canadian crop has been greatly damaged. This was known long ago, but the policy of optimism was adhered to, and glowing accounts of the bumper crop were given out to the world at large. This was done to help the financial interests and land men, but the true facts could not longer be concealed. Not only this, but it was found that the false and misleading information was doing Canada more harm than good.

The Twin city papers have recently been full of these adverse reports concerning the Canadian wheat crop, and the following from the market page of the Minneapolis Journal will be of interest.

The Winnipeg Free Press has an editorial article that attracted some attention. The gist of it is that it is folly to try to conceal the facts about that country and that claims of a big crop are doing more harm than good. There is no doubt, to judge from the article, that there is full relization of the situation. Looked at from the Minneapolis end, it would seem to an impartial observer that the Canadian west, instead of trying to minimize the damage and trying to put on a bold front in the interest of the land business might do better frankly to come out and admit that the crop is small. No sensible person would blame that country and it is wholly improbable that any unfavorable opinion would be created, for in all truth it could be pointed out that this has been a most extraordinary year, that oats in Wisconsin, fruit in Missouri, winter wheat in Kansas and cotton in the far south all suffered, and the September report of the government indicates that the United States is in for a total shortage of nearly 500,000,000 bushels of grain of all kinds, spring and winter wheat, corn, oats, barley and buckwheat all promising less than last year. Yet no one in the United States feels that country is not all right, for all know that the late spring, the frosts through Kansas on May 27th., and the bad weather that followed, mark the development of a period unfavorable beyond anything for a generation, and Western Canada can justly show that conditions such as affected her crops this year are in many respects quite unprecedented and might not come again in a lifetime.

But the policy has been different. Persistent hope and optomism has led to reports of big yields up to date. Certainly no one here wants to deny the country above the line everything it is entitled to, but no one believes that the recent estimate of a yield of 95,000,000 bushels is warranted. Moreover, some of the best informed men in the Canadian trade do not believe it themselves. The theory seems to be that insistence upon the fact that there has been no damage and that a big crop was raised will help the land and financial interests, while as a matter of fact such statements fool no one and the effect, if any, can only be to put out additional influence against the price, whereas west Canada's salvation this year lies in the big money that will come that way as a result of the high prices will be the better maintained the sooner the Canadians come out frankly with the facts.

Too Many Wives.

J. H. Ryan, who at one time lived in Middle River for a few months, has been found to have been maintaining the marriage relation with two women at once. It will be remembered that he lived here with a half-breed woman who was supposed to have been his wife. It now appears that he was married in 1900 to a white woman in Sisseton, N. D. whom he lived contentedly with for four years, when he went to the White Earth reservation to sell supplies to the Indians and there took up with the Indian woman. The latter resided with him a part of the time at Bronson and a part of the time Ryan spent with her on the reservation. A few days ago, according to the Bronson Budget, the white wife came to Bronson in search of Ryan and was dumfounded to learn that he was at the reservation with his dusky wife. The Budget says Ryan was never married to the half-breed woman and that the white wife under legal advice left for Mahomen to institute proceeedings against him. She had with her a handsome daughter four years of age, of whom Ryan is the father. She stated that she would let Ryan go free and live with his Indian wife if he would pay off the mortgage on the Sisseton home. This will be a cheap way for Ryan to get out of it.—Middle River Pioneer.

Find It Pays.

Farmers who have grown wheat this year on land which last year grew clover know now that that is the rotation that will grow the large crops of grain. As high as 25 to 30 bushels per acre have been produced on such land, an exceptionally good yield for this. It will pay farmers in the future to grow more clover, which, besides being an excellent hay, will enrich the soil, kill off the weeds, and enable it to produce a big crop of wheat the following year.—Warren Sheaf.

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They cost us more; and you; but they're worth so much more than they cost, that we think they're the cheapest clothes made today.

You can always buy lower priced clothes than Hart Schaffner & Marx make; we have some for sale ourselves. But if you want the best---Well, just drop in any day and we'll show you.

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No Money Comes Easier than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SOME ARE CANDIDATES

City Election Held This year on the 5th of November.

A Few Candidates Are in the Field at Present.

There has been some political talk of late regarding the city election to be held this year on the 5th of November, and a few candidates are entering the race.

Attorney Samuel Cooke is to be a candidate for the office of municipal judge and it is said that the attorneys of the city will give him their support on the grounds that an attorney should hold this office. S. T. Johnson has been talked of as a candidate for this office, but as yet has made no public announcement. Lars Backe, the present city clerk, will quite likely become a candidate for municipal judge as he has about decided not to again run for the office of city clerk. J. M. Bishop, the present judge, has not announced whether or not he will be a candidate for reelection and others may enter the race.

Mayor Grundy will be a candidate for re-election and thus far has the field all to himself although there are many rumors of other candidates. Others who have been mentioned for mayor are: Dr. G. A. Penney, T. P. Hamre, W. W. Prichard, C. M. Evenson, Dr. Gambell, O. J. Schei, S. T. Johnson, D. B. Bakke and Olaf Ramstad.

There seems to be no candidates for the appointive officers at the disposal of the city council, but some may develop after election. All of those holding office at present are doing their duty in a satisfactory manner and no doubt they can all again be elected if they so desire.

Daniel Shaw confesses that he would like to be city treasurer if no one else wants this office, but he says that he will make no campaign to secure an election.

Not many of the present council-men will be candidates for re-election. Robert McGinn, who was elected two years ago against his will and has made an excellent alderman, will quite likely run again in the First ward. W. J. LaBree, who at present represents the Second ward, will be a resident of the First ward after Jan. 1st and of course will not be a candidate for re-election. Andrew Wassen and Emil E. Zeh are being mentioned as candidates. In the Third ward, Joseph Lang will not again be a candidate and a large number are being mentioned as candidates. Among them being C. M. Wilson, John Fuller, Charles Alexander, L. J. Higgins and H. E. Massey. L. M. Hoag and M. V. Evenson are the aldermen at large and the former states positively that he will not again be a candidate. Mr. Evenson has made a good alderman and if he again decides to become a candidate it will please many of the voters.

In the Second word a number of citizens are urging Charles A. Robbecke to become a candidate and he has partly given his consent. Mr. Robbecke has served upon the council several times and knows how to hold down the job.

A large number of the friends of D. B. Bakke are urging him to become a candidate for mayor, but thus far Mr. Bakke has arrived at no decision. Mr. Bakke was mayor two years ago and at that time refused to be a candidate for re-election.

A new municipal league has been organized in Thief River Falls lately and will take a prominent part in the election. No candidates will be put forward by the new organization, it is said, but of the candidates in the field, certain ones are to be endorsed.

Creamery Statment for August.

Amount of cream received $55,509
Average test 20.70.
Amount of butterfat 10186.
Price paid 25 cents.

Receipts.

Butter shipped	$4389 35
Ice cream shipped	28 00
Sales at creamery	477 06
Other	31 35
	4925 76

Disbursements.

Paid patrons	4314 40
" Expense fund	305 30
" sinking "	105 00

Those drawing Forty dollars and over.

P. Engelstad	$65 01
Sven Sorenson	61 27
Fred Berbower	58 80
Gust Yaske	56 00
C. J. Kren	53 60
Rasmus Oen	53 23
O. B. Hall	49 41
A. C. Douglas	49 20
L. J. Farbet	48 46
C. Christensen	48 28
Lars Hilleyht	48 05
Aug. Koglin	47 50
A. J. Funnesdahl	45 08
Anders Moeugen	44 85
G. Goelbrok	44 61
Fred Slyrlund	44 02
And. Eckluud	42 95
John Rocaner	42 07
Sever Finhart	41 12
Henry Pope	41 11
Aug. Krouse	40 87
Perr. Callaway	40 71
H. J. Hostvet	40 48
Lars Hanson	40 22
M. Nordhagen	40 18

P. Engelstad, Sec.

Hunt Predicts a Cold Winter.

We never see the husk on the corn so thick as they were last year, but they are a little thicker this year than they were last season. If the old saw is correct it will be rather cold this winter.—Sunbeam.

Teaches a Great Truth.

The new rural comedy, "Alfalfa," is a strong presentation of moral truth. Its tone is pure and sweet and shows how God-like is humanity when at its best. A person is stronger and better after seeing it. The people really want moral plays as is proven by the great [illegible] of all moral plays presented [illegible] stage. They live for years and years [illegible] others come for a time, [illegible] once and then pass [illegible] "Alfalfa" has that great [illegible] atmosphere surrounding it [illegible] go time and again [illegible] It has the public and it [illegible] next Saturday evening [illegible] teresting play will be [illegible] the Thief River Falls Opera House [illegible] theatre goers should [illegible] seeing the first performance [illegible] "Alfalfa" in this city.

A farmer went to a veterinary surgeon to ask what he was to do about his horse, which had been ill. "Give him this powder," said the vet. Later the farmer came again and said that he couldn't get the horse to take the powder. "Oh," said the vet, "I forgot. Put this tube down his throat, then lay the powder in the tube and blow down his throat." Within half an hour the farmer came running back, pale and excited. "What's up now?" asked the vet. "Didn't you do as I told you?" "Yes," said the farmer, "I put the tube down his throat and laid the powder in it, but the [illegible] blew first."

For Sale—[illegible] North [illegible] of Thief River Falls. [illegible] of D. P. [illegible] C. E. Purdy, Lost Valley, Oregon.

AUCTION SALE!

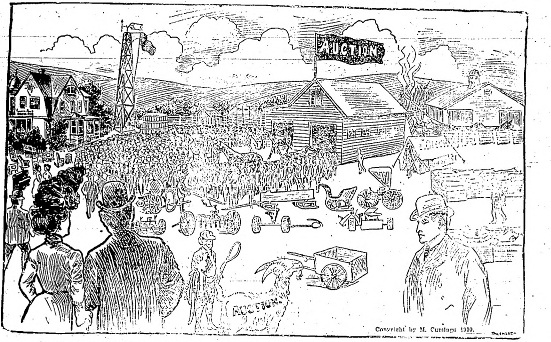

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1907.

AT JENSON & SON'S LIVERY BARN, THIEF RIVER FALLS, COMMENCING AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.

40 head of young Western horses will be sold at public auction at the time and place mentioned. The horses, of which 30 head are mares in foal from Percheron stallions, and 10 are geldings, all range in weight from 1000 to 1200 lbs., and are all young, none being over 8 years.

This is a fine lot of fat, gentle horses. A large number of them are broken to harness or saddle, and nearly all are halter broken.

In addition to these Western horses there will also be a few head of native stock offered for sale.

TERMS: Cash or bankable paper due in one year.

For further particulars inquire at the **CITIZENS STATE BANK**, Thief River Falls, Minn.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer. **OLAF RAMSTAD**, Manager. **JOHN BRAY**, Owner.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

J. Borry,
PHOTOGRAPHER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 11
Barley	60
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@6.50. Hogs—$5.70@6.45. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.00; yearlings, $5.50@5.75; spring lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 30.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.08; No. 1 Northern, $1.07; No. 2 Northern, $1.05; Sept., $1.05¾; Dec., $1.04½; May, $1.09¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.25; Sept., $1.26½; Oct., $1.23½; Nov., $1.22; Dec., $1.18; May, $1.23.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 30.—Wheat—Sept., $1.03⅛; Dec., $1.03⅜@1.03½; May, $1.07⅜@1.07⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, old, $1.08; new, $1.07⅝; No. 1 Northern, old, $1.07; new, $1.06⅝; No. 2 Northern, old, $1.04⅛@1.04⅝; new, $1.03⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.00@1.02½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—Wheat—Sept., 95c; Dec., 98⅛c. Corn—Sept., 62¾@63c; Dec., 58@58⅛c. Oats—Sept., 54c; Dec., 52c. Pork—Oct., $13.80; Jan., $15.25. Butter—Creameries, 23½@29c; dairies, 22@26½c. Eggs—14½@17½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens and springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.25; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.70; Texans, $3.70@5.80; Westerns, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.00; calves, $6.00@7.75. Hogs—Light, $6.35@6.97½; mixed and butchers, $6.05@6.97½; heavy, $5.90@6.85; rough, $5.90@6.10; pigs, $6.55@6.87½. Sheep, $3.00@5.35; yearlings, $5.35@6.25; lambs, $4.75@7.35.

F. T. Satre returned last Friday from the Roseau county.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

James Meehan is up from Minneapolis looking after his business interests here.

John Havel, Sr., returned to this city Tuesday from North Dakota where he had spent the summer.

Mrs. Martin Williams, of Sebeka, was in the city the first of the week visiting Mrs. George Williams.

Through the efforts of Congressman Steenerson, Eric Olson, of this city, has secured an increase in his pension and hereafter will draw $20 each month.

Mrs. M. Schmitz left the first of the week for Minto, N. D., to be present at the marriage of her son, Henry B. Schmitz to one of the charming young ladies of Minto.

Like the thousands before you, you will come out of the theatre with a smile on your face and a laugh in your heart when you see the new rural comedy, "Alfalfa," at the Opera House on Saturday Oct. 5. All the specialties are good.

The best dairy cow in the Red River Valley, according to the returns of the contest held the past summer, is owned by Ed. Carlson, the Erskine dairyman, and produced 319 pounds of butterfat during the season. Carlson's cow was 13 years old. Second prize was won by Geo. Henderson, of Halstad, with 299 pounds, and the third best by Ole Estenson, of Climax coming up to 250.

The reception tendered the teachers of the city schools at the Antlers Club rooms last Thursday evening was a very enjoyable affair and a large number of people were present. Short addresses of welcome were made by Mayor Grundy and President Lars Backe, of the school board, Supt. Hay responding. A very enjoyable musical program was rendered and light refreshments were served.

The only way to get and hold a good business is to keep everlastingly at it. The successful merchant is always on the look-out for additional patronage, and one of the best ways to get new business is to invite people into your store by purchasing advertising space in well established papers. Call the attention of the public to some of your seasonable bargains, and if you do this through a paper that has a circulation, you will soon note the results.

T. P. Hamre transacted business at the county seat the first of the week.

The ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper next Wednesday evening.

Joe Schmitz, who has spent the past two years at Red Wing, returned to this city Monday.

Math Barzen was over in North Dakota the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. H. B. Purdy of Glenwood is in the city visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Herron.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Lillemon left yesterday for Monroe, Wash., to make their future home.

Miss Marie Arneson returned to this city Tuesday from Crookston where she had spent several weeks.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and young daughter came up from Crookston last Friday and is visiting at the Kretzschmar home.

Mrs. O. Olson, of Grand Forks, and Mrs. Conrad Olson, of Crookston, are in the city visiting their sister, Mrs. A. Lang.

Mrs. Martha Brotton, of Fergus Falls, who had been in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Anton Gunderson, returned home yesterday.

Perl W. Mabey went down to Lake City last week and returned Tuesday accompanied by his wife and son, who had been spending the summer at Lake City.

Rev. Wm. Lundin will preach next Sunday forenoon in the Norwegian Mission church on the West side and in the evening in the Swedish Mission church on the East side.

Something quite new in the way of rural comedies is promised in "Alfalfa," which comes to the Opera House for one performance on Saturday, Oct. 5, 1907. It has a lot of good specialties, too.

As will be seen by an advertisement in another column, a big auction sale of horses is to be held in this city next Saturday afternoon. The horses are said to be good ones and the owner is determined to sell them all on Saturday.

C. J. and D. N. Winton, O. J. Schei, C. A. Nason and Dr. Russell Rose, of Wausau, Wis., left last week for Moose Jaw, Canada, near which place they will spend several days hunting. Letters received in this city from the party are to the effect that they are enjoying a good hunt and have secured a large bag of game.

Boarding house, or the dried variety of apples, may take the place of the rich, red, rosy-cheeked kind in Minnesota this winter. Even if it doesn't come to this, apples are going to be scarce and expensive, maybe as high as $8 a barrel. About a third of the crop is all that is expected according to the September report of the United States department of agriculture.

George W. Cooley, engineer and secretary of the state highway commission was in the city last week, being enroute to Roseau county. While here he called upon County Commissioner Shaw and urged that Red Lake county spend the money which the state highway commission had appropriated for this county. In speaking to the News Mr. Cooley was very enthusiastic over the outlook for good roads for northern Minnesota. He said that up here, with the large amount of gravel which can so easily be secured, had splendid opportunity for cheap road building. He said that the greatest trouble was that there was so little public sentiment for good roads and blamed the newspapers for not doing more to create such a sentiment. "There are approximately 18,000 paid road overseers in the state," said Mr. Cooley, "and if they were doing their duty as it should be done, or if the money which is paid out in keeping them in salary were expended in actual and practical road building, there would be a vast difference in the roads of the state.

For Sale—Span of fine jet black driving mares, 6 and 7 years old, weight 2200 lbs., good lookers, and right. Can drive them right up to train. Also new solid nickel trimmed harness. Concord top buggy, two seated buggy, canopy top and Park wagon. All three buggies good as new. A bargain if whole outfit is taken. Will sell horses separately. First State Bank of Plummer, Minn., 22 miles south of Thief River Falls on Soo Line.

A MEETING IS CALLED

County Commissioners Again Asked to Consider the Petition.

This Time Judge Watts Issues an Alternative Writ.

Again the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county have been called to meet to consider the county seat removal petition. The meeting is called for the 19th of October at ten oclock in the forenoon and if the commissioners fail to meet they must show cause before Judge Watts at Crookston on the same day at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. In other words Judge Watts has issued an alternative writ of mandamus and there is to be no more fooling in the matter. It is not probable that the commissioners will meet and the matter will quite likely have to go to the supreme court before a meeting can be secured. One thing is certain, however, and that is from now on Thief River Falls is going "carry the ball."

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

Notice is hereby given, That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of October, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated October 1st. A. D. 1907.
(AUDITORS SEAL)

John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

An Exemplary Woman Passes Away.

Jennie Louise Grandstrand was born at Selima, Kansas, March 2, 1873; married Christopher H. Porter, January 3, 1895, and immediately settled in this city, where she resided until her death on September 25, 1907. Mr. Porter settled in Thief River Falls in June 1883 and has always been active in business and social affairs, so he brought his bride into a large circle of friends and together they widened that circle and cemented friendships with kind deeds and loving words so that the news of Mrs. Porters death caused profound sorrow throughout the city. The deceased leaves a husband, two sons, Elva aged 9 and Kenneth, aged 5 years, a father, mother, four sisters and three brothers to mourn.

The aged father was too feeble and the brothers so far away they could not attend the funeral but the mother and all the sisters and the families of two of them were present. Mrs Porter was a member of the Presbyterian church, a teacher in its Sunday-school and one of the Woman Workers of that society; an officer in the local lodge of Royal Neighbors of America.

Her steadfast devotion to the things in which she believed, made her dear to all the people who enjoyed the honor of her acquaintance, and her funeral at the Presbyterian chuch on Sunday, Sept., 29, 1907 was one of the largest ever held in this city. Verily, a faithful wife, an affectionate mother, a true christian, a kind neighbor and a noble woman has laid down the burdens of a useful and busy life and is at rest. She made her household bright, now her example inspires the households of all who knew her.

"With love she vanquished hate and overcame
Evil with good in her great Master's name.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 21.

Arneson Miss Agnes
Anderson Benno
Berg Carl
Carlson Mrs Eva
Haavelsrud Miss Carrie
Hayse Fred
Harrison E.
Miss Katie M......
Mrs. C. S......
Thomas Miss Ida

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Miss Pansy Newberry and Miss Mazel Dolan were down to Crookston the first of the week visiting with friends.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building. 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

TAX LEVY IS FIXED

Rate Is Two Mills Higher This Year Than That of Last.

Dog Ordinance Killed and a Bond Issue to Be Voted Upon.

The city council held an important meeting Tuesday evening and transacted considerable business.

The dog ordinance, prohibiting dogs from entering into public buildings, was defeated by the unanimous vote of the council, not one vote being in favor of its passage. A large petition, signed by nearly 200 residents of the city, was presented to the council asking that this ordinance be not passed.

A motion was carried to submit to the voters at the regular election to be held on the 5th of November the proposition of issuing a second series of water works bonds to the amount of $12,000, the money to be used to make improvements to the water works plant.

A proposition was received from the holder of $8,000 worth of refunding bonds due Oct. 15, this year, to extend payment for a period of five years upon the payment of 5½ per cent interest annually. This proposition was accepted by the council.

The tax levy for next year for all city purposes was fixed at 12 mills, being two mills higher than the year previous. This raise is caused by the fact that a levy of three mills is made for the electric light plant, it being the intention of the council to lower the rate of electric lights to the consumer in the near future. The levy for all purposes is as follows: Interest fund, 2 mills; Improvement fund, 2 mills; Waterworks, 2 mills; Sinking fund, 1 mill; Poor fund, 2 mills; Electric light fund, 3 mills. An additional levy against business property of $500 for street sprinkling was also made.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The management has secured another strong program for the last half of this week introducing several new comic Novelties, Mr. Krouse has secured another strong hit "As long as the World Rolls on" by Groff and Ball, beautifully illustrated.

"The chase for the Porker," a comical chase story after a thief down the streets of Philadelphia.

"The Poachers Daughter," a new dramatic gem.

Another real comic entitled, The Awkward Man, or "Oh, So Clumsy." You know him who cant walk across the floor without stumbling over something or somebody. The man who steps on your corns in the street car, who spills soup over you at the table and makes himself a general nuisance wherever he goes. He may not be very funny in real life but he's excruciatingly comical at the Bijou.

Illustrated "As Long as the World Rolls On," Sung by Mr. Krouse.

A comic novelty entitled, "First Dinner at Father-in-laws," full of humerous situations.

An exceptional comedy subject entitled "The Electric Belt," this is a very humerous subject which shows the trials and tribulations of a man being sick and his wife sews an electric belt in his coat The various difficulties that he encounters and number of times the coat changes hands form a chain of exciting incidents which is bound to create a great demand to see this subject.

Most Powerful Force in Nature.

At dinner once, when he was visiting Sir Robert Peel at Drayton, a scientific lady asked him the question: "Mr. Stephenson, what do you consider the most powerful force in Nature?" "Oh," he replied in a gallant spirit, "I will soon answer that question; it is the eye of a woman for the man who loves her; for if a woman looks with affection on a young man and he should go to the uttermost ends of the earth, the recollection of that look will bring him back; there is no other force in Nature that could do that." After all it is the human associations of a country that live longest in the memory, and drifting in to legend becomes as historic and as little timeworn as the everlasting hills themselves.

Merely Rusting.

More than half the folks who think that they are wearing out are just rusting out, says the Norwich, Conn., Bulletin. Right with a feeling of weakness comes a spirit of resignation. You know what this is—a yielding to conditions—a tumbling down. The chances for a person in this world are fighting chances. Most that is won is achieved by activity and energy. The only time to be resigned is when you have to be. You do not have to be so long as there is a fighting chance. When you feel like being resigned it is time to summon resolution; that will serve you ten times as well and keep your spirit from giving out.

An Eye For the Future

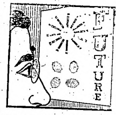

will save suffering if your vision is under consideration. Have your eyes examined now, and it may be that light glasses will avoid heavier and more expensive ones later on, and more important still your eye sight for many years, and also lessen the risk of headaches and other ills.

Consultation free.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK
EYE SPECIALIST AND JEWELER

WANT THE PINE SOLD.

Conference Held With The Red Lake Indians Last Week.

Congressman Steenerson and U. S. Senator Clapp in Attendance.

Congressman Steenerson has returned from his trip to Red Lake, where he held the conference with the Indians, of which the NEWS made mention last week. The date which Mr. Steenerson had originally set for the conference was Saturday, the 5th of Oct. but owing to the presence of Senator Clapp at Bemidji last week, the congressman telephoned the agency and arranged for the meeting on the Saturday a week before. Senator Clapp accompanied Mr. Steenerson to the reservation, and they were there Saturday and Sunday. On Saturday the first conference was held and it was well attended considering the fact that the date had been changed with such short notice. About seventy-five or a hundred braves assembled, including three chiefs from across the lake and several from this side. Among others present at the conference were Resident Agent E. W. Allen his chief clerk, Mr. Daniel, and Indian Inspector Perry.

The first meeting was held Saturday night, at which the Indians expressed their pleasure and gratification at the visit of the congressmen, and an appreciation of their mission. This was replied to by Mr. Steenerson in the course of whose remarks reference was made to the results of the government sale for the Indians of the ceded Eleven Towns under the act of Feb. 20, 1904. By this act the Indians received $53,000 more than they had originally agreed to sell the land for when it was proposed to sell it outright to the government, and they still have 55,000 acres unsold. The Indians expressed themselves as much pleased with the operation of this act, and gave a unanimous "Ugh, Ugh," when Mr. Steenerson stated through his interpreter that he had had this act passed with no fears that they would go after his scalp when he appeared before them later to give an account of its workings.

According to the act itself, the money from the sale of these lands should be apportioned per capita to every man, woman and child on the reservation. However, by a ruling of the interior department, no money from these sales has been given to minors under the age of eighteen years, but has been allowed to gather in the federal treasury, and now amounts to $115,000. The Indians claim that this works a real hardship upon them and this claim is upheld by Father Thomas advises that the government no longer retain any moneys from the sale of the ceded lands but that it turn over to the parents of minors under eighteen, the share of the latter under the act of congress. This advice is concurred in by both Congressman Steenerson and Senator Clapp, and they will advice the department accordingly.

Senator Clapp, in addressing the Indians, stated that they had lost nothing through the delay in the sale of pine land, owing to the rise in price of timber in recent years. He advocated giving the Indian agent right to issue permits for use of pine tracts, and urged upon them to give up the old tribal ownership of land and adopt the system of allotment to individuals, thus leading to the building up of the property sense and the making of better citizens.

At the final meeting Sunday evening, the chiefs stated that they wished to give the younger men among them who had the advantage of schooling a chance to express their views, but that for themselves they wanted the pine now standing sold, and as soon as possible, and the proceeds deposited in the U. S. treasury, they to get the five per cent interest which it would draw.

For the young men, Mr. Joe. Roy addressed the visitors, and concurred in the remarks of the chiefs.

The congressman visited the Indian school while there, the one on the south side, and found 100 pupils enrolled and doing commendable work. The trip was a most enjoyable one all around, and much harmony and good will prevailed throughout.

Very Nicely Done.

Gallant Man (aside)—At last I have her all to myself. Now I can tell her how I love her and ask her to be mine. How shall I do it, I wonder?

Gentle Maid (behind her fan)—It is surely coming. I am so nervous and frightened. I know he is going to be terribly dramatic. I do hope I shan't have to help him up off his knees. Goodness, why doesn't he say something? I must break this horrible silence. (Aloud, recklessly) Have you ever been abroad?

Gallant Man (smilingly)—No. I'm saving it for a wedding tour.

Gentle Maid (demurely)—Why, how funny; so am I.

Gallant Man (meaningly)—Then why shouldn't we take it together?

Gentle Maid (innocently)—Possibly your wife and my husband might object to going in such a crowd.

Gallant Man (brilliantly)—The crowd wouldn't be objectionably large if your husband and my wife were husband and wife.

(Further conversation was disjointed and indistinct).—Pearson's Weekly.

Where Animals Beat Men.

"Nature faking aside," said the zoo keeper, "mice won't eat oleo. It is a fact. Lay a pat of oleo and a pat of butter side by side and in the morning the butter will be gone, but the oleo will remain untouched.

"Oh, yes, some animals are incredibly nice about their food. The otter, when living wild, will only eat one piece, one mouthful out of each fish he catches. He will land a beautiful trout, but only one bite of it from the back, just behind the neck, is good enough for him. The rest he tosses aside. This epicure often kills a dozen fine, big trout to make one meal.

"Chimpanzees have very delicate tastes. A banana or a pineapple that to you seems delicious to a chimpanzee may be revolting. His taste is keener. Grapes grown in hothouses where sulphur fumes are used as an insecticide taste all right to a man, but a chimpanzee will have none of them.

"The ichneumon loves eggs. He can tell a fresh from a stale one simply by tapping the shell."—Los Angeles Times.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Simon Opsahl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl, Decedent:

The state of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, Mathea Opsahl, Gunda Opsahl, Even Opsahl, Peter Opsahl, Ole Opsahl and Mathilda Opsahl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th. day of October 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 30th. day of September 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

SEAL.

N. B. Hanson, Hareseville, Minn.,
Attorney for Petitioner.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 3, 1907.

An eminent divine says: "What would you think of a man who tried to haul a load with a team composed of a mule, a billy goat, a bumble bee and a skunk? That's the kind of a team every pastor has to get along with in his church. Every church contains a kicker, a butter, a stinger and a stinker. The pastor may be able to get his load to heaven, but he will never get his team in."—Bemidji Sentinel.

In his decision sustaining the railroads of Minnesota in their attempt to knock out the law providing for a reduction of the freight rates on grain, live stock, coal and lumber, Judge Lochren took occasion to severely roast the legislature for passing such a law. What we would like to know is this. Can the members of the legislature, singly or as an organization, express their views of Judge Lochren and several of his recent decisions, without being jerked up for alleged contempt of court? It strikes us that if the modern diversion of passing out judicial lemons is simply a single handed game, the sooner it becomes known the better.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Northfield News: Officers of one of the complaining roads whose stock has been again and again to the watering trough have caused it to be represented that the road's earnings are not sufficient to admit of its paying dividends on some of its stock. Possibly such dividends were never anticipated. It would be very strange if they were. But while the public is expected to apply for rates which will admit dividends on any old kind of stock; the demand made by the representatives of the public that this stock shall represent actual money put in the property is met with a chorus of railroad objection. The fact is that without exception no railroad is operated in this state whose net revenues are not sufficient to pay a fair and in many cases an exhorbitant rate of interest on their full cost.

The Price Of Meat.

A writer in the Brooklyn Eagle has undertaken to analyze the price of meat and find out all about it. While he displays for the benefit of his readers a considerable amount of interesting information about the most certain bit of knowledge he furnishes is that meat prices are very high, higher than they have been in a long time, and it is altogether probable that most housekeepers had begun to suspect that already.

However, he makes some effort to find out who is responsible for the increase: the butcher, the packer, or the rancher.

Based on Brooklyn prices, he finds that if a house-wife buys three pounds of porterhouse at 28 cents, two pounds of veal cutlets at 28 cents, four pounds of lamb chops at 28 cents, four pounds of pork roast at 18 cents, a pound and a half of ham at 17 cents, and two pounds of bacon at 22 cents, her bill will come to $3.94. Thirteen years ago, in 1894, her bill for the same goods would have been $2.65, showing a gain of nearly 50 per cent.

But when the consumers go to the butcher to complain about it he shrugs his shoulders and says he isn't making a cent, and that the packer is the guilty party. If the consumers go on to the packer to reproach him for his greed, he, too, denies the charge, and avers that the rancher is the guilty wretch who is making all the money. If the committee passes on to the rancher, he will indignantly declare that the packer is another, and that he is not getting as much for cattle on hoof as he used to before the beef trust got control.

The butcher says that he is paying 10½ cents a pound for his beef when in 1900 he was paying only 8 cents. For a 750-pound beef the butcher pays $78.75, and he gets about $146.60 at present prices. This is a profit of $67.85, which is a little less than 100 per cent.

For this same beef the packer paid the rancher $30.37½, and as he got $78.75 for it from the butcher, he made a profit of $18.37½, which is considerably more than 100 per cent, besides what he made no the horns, hoofs and hide and so forth.

The rancher is able to show that he isn't getting rich very radidly. In September, 1900, he got an average of $4.72½ per hundred for his beeves; in the same month of 1903 he got $1.65, and this month he gets $4.05, showing a steady decrease in the price the packers have paid him, accompanied by an increase in the cost of raising cattle for market.

Neither the butcher nor the packer, judging from these figures, is headed for bankruptcy because of the prices they are getting for their goods; yet both deny that they are responsible for the increase in prices, and so does the rancher.

The writer sums up his dissection of conditions thus:

"Now if the rancher is not making the money, and the packer is not making the money, and the retail butcher isn't making it who is it?

"Is it the housewife?"—Duluth Herald.

Brotherhood.

The crest and crowning of all good,
Life's final star, is brotherhood;
For it will bring again to earth
Her long lost poesy and mirth;
Will send new light on every face,
A kingly power upon the race.
And till it come, we men are slaves,
And travel downward to the dust of graves.

Come, clear the way, then, clear the way:
Blind creeds and kings have had their day.
Break the dead branches from the path:
Our hope is in the aftermath—
Our hope is in heroic men,
Star-led to build the world again.
To this event the ages ran:
Make way for brotherhood, make way for man!

—Edwin Markham.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Mrs. Chris Porter Died Very Suddenly last Week.

Mrs. Chris Porter, one of the pioneer residents of Thief River Falls, died very suddenly last Wednesday evening after an illness of but one hour. About a week previous she was taken quite sick, but had entirely recovered from this attack. Death was due to the bursting of a blood vessel in the head.

The funeral services were held from the Presbyterian church on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and a large number of the deceased's friends attended the services.

Mrs. Porter was born in Wisconsin and was 31 years of age. She had always been a prominent worker in lodge and church circles and had a large host of friends here. Besides a husband and two children, nine and five years of age, she is survived by a father and Mother, four sisters and one brother.

President Hill Answers.

It may be of interest to the public to know that President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern Ry., has at last replied to the farmers' petition sent by Olaf Efshen, secretary. The petition sent Mr. Hill was signed by 810 farmers and requested action by the Great Northern in the completion of the Roseau branch. President Hill after stating that he had been out of the city writes Mr. Efshen, as follows:

"On my return to the city I find your letter of August 2nd, with petition praying for the extension of our line from Greenbush, and in reply beg to state that conditions do not warrant further railroad construction in Minnesota, or for that matter in any other state. At present it is hard enough to get money to run the roads that are already built, without trying to build more, particularly with the present reduced rates and agitation for further reductions. The stockholders have all the railroads they want."—Roseau Times.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Peter A. Kolden, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Peter A. Kolden of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of September A. D. 1907 the above named Peter A. Kolden was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy at the city of Crookston in the county of Polk in said district on the 18th day of October A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee and examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting

Dated September 21, 1907.

Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Bankrupt,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

The Harvest Fields of the Northwest

Grow the richest barley in the world, and barley, remember, is a substantial food—a standard cereal like wheat and oats and rye. It is the foundation and backbone of

Gund's Peerless Beer

Pure, natural juices of the barley and hops are combined by the famous "Gund Natural Process" into a fermented malt beer, whose fine fragrance and rich strengthening food qualities won for it the diploma of highest excellence at Paris, 1900, and for commanding superiority at St. Louis Exposition, 1904. "Peerless" will quench your thirst, give you strength, promote digestion, satisfy your palate and enrich your blood. Bottled at brewery only. Sold everywhere. A favorite home beer. Send in a trial order for a case delivered at your door. To order home, write or call. Ask for it at places of public resort if you want something better than common beer.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

About Saving Accounts.

The saving accounts is one of the best investments for small amounts. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle awaiting investment. You may withdraw a part or the intire amount at any time.

Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

We write Fire Insurance in the best of companies. Tickets to and from Europe at reduced rates at our bank.

Money Orders and drafts issued to any foreign country and payable in postoffices, banks or country Stores.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Joseph Johnson, of Erie, was in the city last week.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

County Attorney Germo was in the city last Saturday.

Judge of Probate Tarrant was in the city last Saturday.

Mrs. Archibald returned to Breckenridge last Saturday.

Cashier Kvennes, of the Middle River State bank, spent Sunday in the city visiting with friends.

To Exchange—Good house and lot for a team of horses. George Elder

County Superintendent McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Furnished room for rent One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Horton spent Sunday at Barnesville visiting with friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 241.

Mrs. Kretzschmar returned to this city Friday from her trip to Wisconsin.

For Rent—A 4 room house east of Soo depot. Inquire of George Elder.

Miss Irene Caldwell, who is teaching school near Red Lake Falls, was in the city to spend Sunday.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. *George Diebel.*

Oscar Hanson, wheat buyer for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company at Sandridge, was in the city Monday.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

George Curran who the past several weeks have been down in Big Stone county, returned to this city last Friday.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Nelson Monday.

For Sale—N. ½ Sec. 31, town of North one mile west of Thief River Falls. Inquire of D. B. Bakke, Thief River Falls, or C. E. Purdy, Lost Valley, Oregon.

Clarance Cummings came up from Minneapolis, where he is working for the Minnesota Transfer company, last Saturday and remained until Monday evening visiting friends. The News force acknowledges a pleasant call.

Malcon Eberhard returned to this city last week from Prince Albert, Canada. He reports that two inches of snow fell at Prince Albert, on the 12th of September, and that in Alberta 18 inches fell. Crops are an entire failure up in that section.

Peter A. Kolden, of Thief River Falls, filed a bankruptcy petition here Friday placing his assets at $866, all exempt, and his liabilities at $409.16. The petition is filed to cancel a judgment that had been secured against him.—Fergus Falls Journal.

—For Sale the Hotel Soo and adjoining property, at reasonable prices. Good terms given, as I want to sell this property in the next 30 days. A good chance for some one to make money. This is one of the best corners in the city. D. Cavanaugh.

—Sealed bids will be received for the *painting of the school house in District* No. 44. All bids must be in by October 31. The building is 18x30 and one coat of paint is to be applied, and trimmings to be green. Said district to furnish the paint. Address bids to Cornelius Torrison, box 323, Thief River Falls.

—For rent, for sale or will trade for real estate—a flour mill located at Evinsville, Minn., having a daily capacity of 100 barrels. In good condition, steam power. Good chance to buy and ship wheat in or out. For further information call on or write to Fred A. Lane, Anton, Minn. 39.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

A. Wright returned to this city last week from his trip to the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Steve Waring left Saturday morning for Warren where she will spend several weeks.

There will be services next Sunday in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church at 10:30 in the morning.

J. D. Abbott, of Rollis, was in the city Monday, being enroute from a trip to the twin cities to his home.

The Ladies Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet with Mrs. J. J. Weeks this afternoon.

Attorney G. Halvorson on Monday removed his office from the old First State Bank building to the Jackson & McGinn block.

Judge and Mrs. Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, spent Sunday in the city visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. O. F. Mellby.

Mrs. Burke, the Misses Gigst[illegible] and the Misses Patterson, of St. [illegible]aire, were in the city last Saturday visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. O'Neill were up from their farm at Lockhart Monday. They report that they have had a whole lot of rain in that section.

Mrs. T. L. Melgaard and Mrs. Schalaben gave a *farewell dinner party* Saturday evening at the home of the former for Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Baker.

Alex A. Sweaas returned to this city last Saturday from his trip to the west and states that he expects to remove to Idaho in the near future. Knut Nerland, who went west with Mr. Sweaas, has not yet returned.

Elias M. Erickson's threshing rig did a record breaking stunt on the Knox farm last Thursday afternoon. In a half day'sun 2,779 bushels of oats were threshed and Mr. Erickson thinks that this breaks the record for this section. Mr. Knox's oats turned out 40 bushels to the acre. He has not threshed his flax as yet.

Deputy Sheriff Lee was out to the town of Smiley last Friday and brought to town Joseph Wyckum, a settler out there, who was examined for his sanity Saturday by Judge of Probate Tarrant. The complaining witness was Mrs. Wyckum and she was greatly disappointed when Judge Tarrant refused to find her husband insane.

There has been a few Indians camped out close by the village during the past few days. On Wednesday night the village marshal and another man called on them about midnight and it is alleged that their visit was caused by one of the Indians who claimed that another was killing a squaw with an ax. Nobody was killed or even wounded so far as we can learn.—Plummer Pioneer.

—For Sale—Span of fine jet black driving mares, 6 and 7 years old, weight 2200 lbs., good lookers, and right. Can drive them right up to train. Also new solid nickel trimmed harness. Concord top buggy, two seated buggy, canopy top and Park wagon. All three buggies good as new. A bargain if whole outfit is taken. Will sell horses separately. First State Bank of Plummer, Minn., 23 miles south of Thief River Falls on Soo Line.

Miss Gertrude Gillette left Wednesday for Thief River Falls for an extended stay with a brother there, having sufficiently recovered from a severe attack of paralysis. When brought to the local hospital a week ago suffering from the malady the only member of her person she had control of was her head, and it was with difficulty that see could move it. Now she is able to be about with the help of crutches.—Little Falls Herald.

L. E. Jones, of the firm of Elsworth & Jones, Iowa Falls, Iowa, arrived in the city last Saturday and remained until Monday as the guest of L. M. Hoag, the local representative of his firm in this section. The firm of Elsworth & Jones owns a large amount of real estate and has loaned a large amount of money on farm lands in this section, and Mr. Jones was greatly pleased with the advances this country has made in the past few years and predicts a bright future.

A Thief River Falls man, who was in the city today, states that he recently heard from Ed. Morrisey, formerly engaged in the plumbing business at Thief River Falls, and that Mr. Morrisey is now engaged in the plumbing business at Billings, Mont. Mr. Morrisey has charge of the heating and plumbing department of the Billings Hardware Company and is drawing $1,800 per year. He is a son of E. J. Morrisey, of this city, and is an old Crookston boy, and his friends here will be pleased to learn of his success.—Crookston Times.

Copies of the injunction issued by Judge Lochren against Edward T. Young, attorney general, and all other persons restraining them from taking action toward the enforcement of the new commodity rate schedule or the punishment of the railroad officials who refuse to place the new schedule in effect, were served last week on County Attorney Germo. Attorney Germo does not know just why these papers were served unless it be for the purpose that no criminal action can be brought in Red Lake county against the railroad officials unless the county attorney wishes to defy the injunction.

As Pure and Clean as the Name

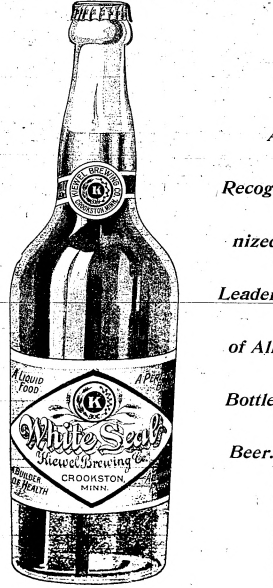
KIEWEL BREWING CO.
CROOKSTON MINN.
A LIQUID FOOD
A PPE
White Seal
Kiewel Brewing Co.
CROOKSTON, MINN.
BUILDER OF HEALTH

A Recog=nized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

ORDER NOW

KIEWEL BREWING COMPANY.

CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone 164, Thief River Falls, Minn.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonopraphs. Call and see them.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rat s and reservations, call on,

W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

S. H. Sharbach,

Cash Merchandiser.

You can always find everything here that you can anywhere else and besides, you are offered exceptionally good bargains on our bargain counters every week. Some extra good values for next week that ought to interest any and all close buyers.

20 pieces 28 and 30 inch double fold Percale all Colors. Special for Saturday and next week, a yard 9 cents. Don't buy print when you can get these goods for the same price.

Dozen Ladies fleece lined hose also wool and cotton mixed. The regular 25c kind in sale at a pair 19 cents.

Ladies Ribbed Vests and pants 35c goods special for short time 25c each.

25 Ladies Ready to wear hats at less than regular factory price all new goods special price, choice each for 2.90.

50 doz mens white hemstitched handkerchiefs the 10c quality special at 5c each.

Ladies hand bags, worth up to 2.00 each. Your choice 48c.

For clocks at moderate prices. Call at this store.

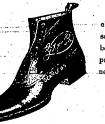

Men's working shoes cheap. All custom made solid leather. Can't be bought at wholesale for this price today. Special for next week, per pair,

$2

Ladies grey mixed coats, same as cut, good material, well made, nicely trimmed, for

$6.50.

Phone your order for groceries to 264. Prompt delivery assured.

S. H. SHARBACH,

First door west of the Postoffice.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Samuel Sloan, chairman of the board of directors of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad and ex-president of the road, is dead at Garrison-on-the-Hudson. Mr. Sloan spent fifty of his eighty-nine years of life in active railroad life and only ceased to be engaged in it a short time before his death.

William H. Bayly, for ten years chief clerk of the United States pension bureau and a close friend of the late President McKinley, is dead at Washington. His father-in-law, Rev. Dr. Kuhns, was the McKinleys' pastor at Canton, O.

General Cecil Clay, general agent of the department of justice, died suddenly at Washington. General Clay was an expert rifle shot, a member of numerous patriotic organizations and a leading citizen of Washington.

Anna T. Jeanes, the philanthropic Quakeress who gave $1,000,000 last April for the education of negroes in the South, is dead at Philadelphia, aged eighty-five years.

Still Gobbling the Earth.

While various state legislatures have been piling up fines—on paper—against the Standard Oil trust that enterprising institution has been out prospecting and has quietly annexed the turpentine and resin industry without the aid or consent of any legislature on earth.—Exchange.

He Felt Complimented.

"A man from Philadelphia, says a writer in the Ledger of that city, was visiting in a town of very few inhabitants. One day when he was about to make a purchase he discovered that he had exhausted his small change. The shopkeeper could not break the ten dollar bill offered him, and the man went out in the main street to see how he might solve the difficulty. He asked several persons, but no one had the requisite amount for the bill. At last an old white haired, seedy negro came along. In sheer desperation the man said:

"Uncle, can you change a ten dollar bill for me?"

"Uncle" looked dazed for a moment, then his shambling figure straightened. With a doffing of the hat and a bow worthy of Chesterfield he replied, with dignity:

"No, marse, I can't change no ten dollar bill, but I does 'preciates the compliment jes' the same, sah."

The Chick in the Egg.

Almost every one knows that if a hen's egg is kept under suitable conditions for about three weeks a fully formed and developed chick will emerge from the shell, but when a fresh egg is opened no sign of an organism is present. However, at one side of the yolk is a minute cell which contains the vital principle of the future fowl, and, strange as it may seem, this cell begins to eat the contents of the eggshell and transforms them into tissues of the chick. This process may be watched by holding the egg to the light, when the developing of the chick may be followed from hour to hour. When the chick comes out of the shell it is not dependent on its parent's body for food, but is capable of picking up worms and seeds and digesting them. It will be noticed that the hen supplies enough material in an egg to produce a fully formed progeny, and the chick is not started out in life with imperfectly formed organs.—Dr. Henry Dwight Chapin in North American Review.

A Tax Scheme That Failed.

Switzerland has always prided itself on its independence, and in fiscal matters this proud spirit, which will brook no interference with the rights of the individual, even by the state in quest of revenue, has sometimes been exhibited in curious ways, says the Pall Mall Gazette. As the inquisitorial methods of income tax collectors are abhorrent to the freedom loving Swiss, boxes were once or twice set up in several cantons to receive the voluntary contributions of loyal citizens. It was hoped that this method of relying on the public spirit of the people would prove successful in raising money for public ends; but, alas for human nature, in the course of a few years the collectors on opening the boxes found nothing but—trouser buttons. So the voluntary system, after fair trial, had to be reluctantly abandoned in favor of a declaration of capital and income, which is liable to official investigation.

Gettin' Skeered!

"Reform the trusts or the people of this country will get mad, and Socialism will be the result," was the startling declaration of President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton university, who is considered one of the intellectual giants of the world, in his Fourth of July address at the Jamestown exposition. He advocated imprisonment for the responsible officers of lawless corporations as a cure for the trust habit.—St. Louis [illegible].

CENSORSHIP IN RUSSIA.

Forging Seals on Letters and Replacing Stamps.

The modus operandi of the political postal censorship, which has for some time past been unusually active in its scrutiny of private correspondence, has not materially changed since the time when the nihilist propaganda first aroused its energies.

The boiling kettle and steam vapor application are still in vogue, except where the intercepted letter bears a wax seal or seals. To open and reclose a sealed letter without leaving any easily noticeable traces of it having been tampered with is a process requiring some little delicacy of manipulation on the part of the inquisitor.

A thin, sharply edged steel blade heated just to the requisite degree to pass under and remove the seal intact is used, but if this is done clumsily, writes the Odessa correspondent of the London Standard, then, unless the letter be appropriated or destroyed, a new seal must be made. This is effected by taking a mold of the seal with a substance whose chief ingredient is gypsum and the elaborate appliances of the cabinet noir quickly furnish from the mold a new seal of the same kind of wax practically indistinguishable from the old one. It is customary in this country to attach the postage on a letter as a wafer instead of a seal—that is, the postage is placed on the reverse side of the envelope, covering the point of the joining flap.

This almost invariable custom renders the application of the steam kettle a comparatively easy matter, and if the postage be occasionally destroyed it is readily replaced by new postage of the same denomination, and the obliterating stamp of the place of origin is again applied. A suspect letter may be opened at the postoffice of its destination, but that is of no consequence, as every branch cabinet noir possesses obliterating stamps for every city and town in the empire, and should the intercepted epistle be of foreign origin the expert officials can very rapidly prepare a perfect counterfeit of the obliterating stamp.

A different process, and a very simple one, is employed when the cover of the arrested letter is of stout texture, such as the official stationery commonly used in the diplomatic and other official services, and is sealed. The upper or lower or one of the end folds of the letter is carefully cut with a narrow and extremely sharp paper knife, and the slit fold is rejoined with a special kind of very fine and strongly adhesive cement, which is of various colors to match the particular shade of envelope operated upon. The natural crease in the fold of very thick paper greatly assists the success of this process.

It was first publicly revealed some twenty years ago through a curious blunder on the part of a postal inquisitor in St. Petersburg. A member of the clerical staff at the Quai d'Orsay had written a private letter on official paper to a friend in the French legation in the Russian capital. The envelope bore three seals and was apparently intact when delivered.

On opening the letter the recipient was astonished to find inclosed a Russian translation of the same in pencil script. The postal inquisitor had inadvertently inclosed his Russian transcript. The indignant receiver made a very strong protest in the proper quarter, and six weeks later he was politely informed that the "erring official" had been severely reprimanded and that there would be no repetition of the irregularity.

Early Whist.

Mrs. Hervey writes on Oct. 25, 1697, to her husband that his "four sisters have been hear this afternoon, and as they never come unattended, brought with them Mr. Ga—, Mr. Down— and Mr. Bo—. Part of them staid and played at whish (sic) tel this moment, which is past 11 a'clock."

Twenty years later (March 18, 1717) Lord Hervey, as his title was then, writes to the Rev. Mr. Thomas Foulkes, the tutor of Mad Tom Hervey, at Oxford, about that son's gambling propensities. He is to follow the example of his "good grandfather Hervey, who, pray tell Tom, never played at any game but whist, and at that only in Christmas time for sixpence a corner."

Lady Bristol was at Bath in April, 1723, and was then in the center of the world of whist. "Poor Bishop Nevell," she writes, "can scarce be reckoned among the living, being (in my oppinion) wors than dead. They say he sitts at Lindsey's with one to hold his cards and another to give him snuff. Palsey and gout have brought him to this missirable condition." On May 1 she cheerfully informs her husband that the diversion of the evening is the puppet show. "Betty is gone with Lady Torrington. The whiskers have promised me some diversion after 'tis over."—London Notes and Queries.

Sweets and the Disposition.

Nothing could be said in greater praise of a people than that they like sweets. It shows a wholesome, vigorous, healthful condition, an appetite not jaded from excessive indulgence. The child whose appetite has not become polluted or calloused by false relishes, smarting sauces and burning drinks loves sweets; so does the girl of bright eyes and untainted youth, as is evidenced by her fondness for ice creams and desserts. The young athlete among men loves sweets nearly as well as does the child. But the barroom lounger, the "cigarette fiend," the "dope fiend" and the depraved of all other classes do not like sweets. Long ago their minds and appetites lost the desire for everything pleasing to the natural palate.—What to Eat.

Ladies Fall and Winter Coats

We are pleased to announce that we purchased early our fall and winter coats at very low prices, and our stock will be complete in a few days, and at prices that will surprise you. Our coats have been carefully selected and comprise the very latest in style and finish. In cloth coats we have them in fur lined, with fur collors and without. Prices range from $8.00 to $25.00.

Our line of fur jackets, such as mink, near seal, and artrakan are simply superb and prices right.

Furs == Furs == Furs

Our line of ladies fur lollars is the largest in the northwest, comprising the latest both in long and short furs. Prices range from 75c to $25. You will admit they are pretty.

Just received, a beautiful line of ladies shirt waists. Prices from $1.25 to $8.50.

A word to the wise: If you intend to buy a coat or fur this fall, we invite you to look over our line before buying. We can please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

It has been decided by Judge Landis in the United States district court at Chicago that the Chicago and Alton railway shall not be further prosecuted for its connection with the Standard Oil company in the granting of rebates between Whiting, Ind., and East St. Louis, Ill. Judge Landis did not discharge the grand jury called to consider the case, but issued a subpoena for President Moffett of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, who recently declared that if the oil trust was guilty of rebating no other manufacturer was innocent.

Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for a contest for the America's cup in 1908 has been declined by the New York Yacht club. Sir Thomas asked for a race of sloops under the 68-foot rating and the members of the club based their refusal to race on the general proposition that the America's cup represents a trophy for the speediest type of yacht that can be produced on a water line length of ninety feet or under.

Attorney General Young appeared before Judge Bunn of the Ramsey county district court at St. Paul and began mandamus proceedings against the Northern Pacific road seeking to compel it by the order of a state court to put into effect the commodity rate law enacted by the legislature and the enforcement of which was held up by an injunction issued by Judge Lochren of the United States court.

The New York City Railway company, one of the mass of corporations formed in connection with the operation of the surface traction lines in Manhattan, has been placed in the hands of a receiver on petition of creditors and the admission by the company that it is unable to pay its debts.

The organization of a National Independence league was decided upon at a meeting in New York city of representatives of state Independence leagues and others who are in sympathy with the object of the league as outlined in state or local platforms.

Judge C. E. Wolverton of the United States district court at Portland, Ore., held in a case affecting the right of two Japanese to land in this country that there is no [illegible]

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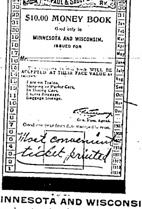

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THE NEWS.

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FAMOUS SINGER SERIOUS ILL

Christine Nilsson, Now Countess de Miranda, Is Sick at Her Childhood Home.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Countess de Miranda, better known as Christine Nilsson, who was world famous years ago as an operatic singer, is dangerously ill at her childhood home near the hamlet of Hussaby, on the southern confines of the Swedish peninsula. The countess has been out of the public eye for twenty years, but there are many who still preserve a vivid recollection of how her exquisite voice thrilled large audiences in all the capitals of Europe and in America in the 70's. Her first husband was M. Auguste Rouzaud, to whom she was married in London in 1872. He died in Paris ten years later, and in 1887 she married Count Angel de Miranda. The story of Miranda's marriage with Christine Nilsson is a peculiar one. He was her husband only in name, and never lived with her. The famous singer merely married him on account of his daughter. The singer became devotedly attached to the girl and finally declared that she could not bear the idea of separation and proposed to adopt her. The Count de Miranda gave his consent, stipulating, however, that the singer should likewise adopt him as husband and provide for his financial welfare, undertaking to remain her husband only in name. The arrangement was carried out according to agreement.

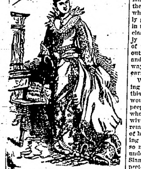

CHRISTINE NILSSON.
[As She Appeared in Her Prime.]

The Swedish government has now sent two vessels to Grisebanerne to watch Swedish fishing interests in Skagerack and prevent Norwegian fishermen from coming near the Swedish coast. The Norwegian government does not appear to have taken any precautions regarding the fisheries in this section, as the entire matter has been left in the hands of an international arbitration committee.

Hjalmar Lundin, the Swedish-American wrestler, has again engaged in a wrestling match in Gothenburg, this time with a Frenchman, Chevalier, the bout lasting forty-five minutes and was witnessed by about 2,000 people. The decision was in favor of Lundin, but there was much kicking by the audience and the two wrestlers are to meet again in the near future.

The British branch of the International Disarmament society confirmed last week the report that the next peace conference will be held in Stockholm in 1908. Great preparations will soon be under way for the proper reception and entertainment of the visiting delegates upon their arrival in Stockholm next year.

The board of directors for the Technological Institute in Stockholm will request the next riksdag for an appropriation of 7,000,000 crowns for erecting a new technological high school in Stockholm.

Dr. B. H. Salander, a prominent Stockholm physician, died at his home week before last from a sudden attack of heart disease. He was born in Jonkoping in 1847.

Baron Daelman, the Belgian minister in Stockholm, will in the very near future resign from his post here. He has been Belgian's minister to Sweden since 1893.

Herr C. Tranchell, the president of the Swedish sugar trust, is to have a salary of 200,000 crowns a year if recent reports may be relied upon.

The report that the Swedish government will award the Nobel prize for literature to Rudyard Kipling has now been confirmed.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

In heroic effort to stem the ever-increasing tide of emigration and to turn the flood back toward the fatherland, a Norwegian army officer, bearing semi-official credentials from Premier Michelsen has come to the United States for the purpose of sounding Norsemen as to their desire to return to Norway. The officer is Lieutenant Colonel Morten H. Magnus of the Landstorm division of the Norwegian army, who arrived in this country direct from Christiania a couple of weeks ago. Colonel Magnus, who is regarded as one of Norway's great patriots, declared the government has opened its eyes to the enormous loss of economic power through emigration to America of Norway's young men and women. Immediately following a Chicago meeting he left for Minnesota and will now make a tour among Norwegians in the northwest. He said the subject had grown to the proportions of a national issue and that everything is being done by the government and by public and private families throughout the nation to stem the tide. He pointed out that something must be done to stop what he termed the "blood tapping process of emigration" if the nation is to be saved from ultimate extinction. "My mission in the United States is to sound Norwegians as to their desire to return to Norway," said Colonel Magnus. "I know that most Norwegians are happy in their adopted country and will never return, no matter what inducement their fatherland may be able to offer them. But there is a large number of Norsemen who would return if assured of equally good economic and social conditions in the land of their birth. It is to this class of people that my appeal mainly will be made." The general tone of the Christiania press would bear out the statements of Colonel Magnus and undoubtedly the attempt of Norway in this respect is very much in earnest.

When the king of Siam was traveling in the northern part of Norway this summer some of the country women were very anxious to get a peep at this extravagant little king, who is reputed to have so many wives. One woman up in Jaederen remarked that if she ever got a hold of him she would give him a good boxing on his royal little ears for having so many wives. Another woman misunderstood the report that the king of Siam was coming and naturally interpreted it "King of Zion," becoming so frightened that she was compelled to take to her bed for a few days.

The remains of Edward Grieg lay on "lit de parade" in the art museum's vestibule Monday Sept. 9. Dr. Klaus Haussen made the memorial address. After the speech there was a song by Johan Bogh. The services were closed by the rendition of Grieg's immortal "Den Store hvide Flok" (The Great White Flock) with I Schjott as soloist. Among those who had sent representatives to the funeral was Emperor William of Germany. A beautiful floral tribute was sent by King Oscar.

Norway has had an unusually rainy summer this year. For weeks it rained nearly every day in the western part of the country. The eastern section has not fared much better. Few people have therefore been in a position to enjoy the summer and they practically feel that they have been cheated out of a summer altogether. The ugly weather has also been a great hindrance and menace to the farmers.

The first part of Captain Roald Amundsen's description of his expedition through the northwest passage appeared in print in Christiania week before last.

The Norwegian Theater company, under the direction of Carl Egeberg Jacobsen, has been forbidden to render a farce play entitled "Ada."

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Prince Axel, son of the king's youngest brother, Prince Valdemar, is at present acting as letter carrier. The young man, who is serving his term in the navy, has been made an orderly to the captain commanding the cruiser Heimdal, and as such it is his duty to carry the mail bags to and from the vessel. One Sunday he was invited to dinner with his parents in the castle of Bernstorff, but could not get shore leave and instead had to walk to the general postoffice, lugging a heavy bag of mail. It is the will of his father, himself a naval officer, that Prince Axel should be treated exactly like any other recruit. King Haakon of Norway, years ago, went through the same mill.

A dispatch from Copenhagen states that King George of Greece is trying to buy a private villa which is located directly opposite the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorowa's was Queen Alexandra's pleasure castle, Hvidore, for his son, Prince George, and his affianced, the Princess Bonaparte. There will then be near Oresund, from Copenhagen to Helsingor, a row of royal villas and palaces belonging respectively to King Frederick of Denmark, King George of Greece, the Dowager Empress Feodorowa of Russia, Queen Alexandra of England, and Prince George of Greece.

Dr. Maurice F. Egan, the new American minister to Denmark, is not a stranger in Copenhagen altogether. He paid a visit there a number of years ago and on that occasion became acquainted with many of the leading men. Mr. Egan, who a short time ago presented his credentials to King Frederick, found the Danish monarch much interested in the industrial and social progress of the United States and [illegible]

Government ownership of railways in Denmark appears to be a success [illegible]

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Tetanus, the disease dreaded by every physician in the world and for which few remedies have been discovered that will avail in advanced stages has been conquered at the Minneapolis city hospital by heroic methods employed in the case of a nine-year-old boy whose skull was trephined and the anti-tetanus serum injected directly into the brain. The boy has fully recovered and been discharged from the hospital.

A remarkable thing happened to freight train No. 11 on the Omaha road a few days ago. It was running about forty miles an hour in a wind storm between Windom and St. James when the terrific wind actually blew three cars out of the middle of the train. The rear portion of the train ran on and coupled with the front portion and the train proceeded to St. James.

Barley soared above the dollar mark at Minneapolis Saturday and gives every evidence of staying there for some time. The selling on the floor of the chamber of commerce was *lively and a large quantity of the* grain changed hands. The highest price paid during the day was $1.02.

Postmaster Coburn of Sauk Rapids, who was removed recently, insists upon it that he be informed of the nature of the alleged charges upon which the order for his removal from office was based and a communication to this effect has been sent to Washington.

Hennepin county expenses for the year 1908 will be $168,246 more than for 1907, according to the budget sent to the county board of tax levy. The amount raised by taxes for the current year was $488,924, but $657,170 is asked for next year.

Triplets, two girls and a boy, have been born to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Eddy of Howard Lake. They are strong, healthy children and weigh 6, 6½ and 7 pounds.

Minneapolis firemen will receive a 10 per cent increase in salaries if the recommendations of the board of tax levy are followed by the city council.

George W. Peterson of Long Prairie has been selected by Attorney General Young as the successor of Royal A. Stone, assistant attorney general.

The population of the state reformatory at St. Cloud is the smallest in years—213. In September, 1906, there were 300 inmates.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The authorities of St. Louis county are up against an investigation that may develop interesting results. Six men held for the murder of Anton Bucovitch at McKinley are believed to have killed him for breaking the rules of a secret organization. The men are Macedonians, who work in crews and hire out through their leader. They are bound by secret ties and oaths. It is believed Bucovitch was killed by prearrangement by one of the six, who all swear that he killed himself.

Hog cholera is reported in the country west of Amboy, one farmer having lost $500 worth of hogs. Under the new law the farmer who fails to report the presence of cholera in his herd is liable to severe punishment and several farmers in Martin county have been arrested and fined for that offense.

W. W. Reynolds committed suicide at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Buckmister, six miles south west of Vernon Center. Mr. Reynolds was more than seventy years old and an old settler in Blue Earth county. He at one time possessed considerable property, but had lost it.

Fearing to face her Minneapolis friends with a charge of stealing hanging over her head Minnie Pope, a nineteen-year-old girl, drank carbolic acid with suicidal intent when arrested by a Minneapolis detective at Park Rapids. She will recover.

Savings amounting to $3,300, earned by the owners by hard toil as members of railroad section gangs, were burned in a fire that consumed a building at Cass Lake in which fifteen Italians were lodging. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Jennie Olson, aged seventeen, is dead at the Minneapolis city hospital from the effects of burns sustained by the explosion of an alcohol lamp.

Samuel Bull, a fifteen-year-old boy, was instantly killed by being run over by an engine in the yards of the Omaha railroad at St. Paul.

John Bohn, engineer on a Great Northern switch engine, was scalded to death in a wreck at Sandstone.

Winnie Halverson fell from a hay rack loaded with merrymakers at Minneapolis, fracturing his skull.

OBITUARY.

A. J. Snyder is dead at Glencoe, aged seventy-nine years. He was a native of Pennsylvania and was born in Somerset county June 15, 1828. He was one of the earliest settlers of McLeod county, this state, and one of the first residents of Glencoe.

Mrs Carolyn W. Joyce, widow of the late Bishop Isaac W. Joyce of the Methodist Episcopal church, is dead at Minneapolis.

J. C. Eliel, president of the Minneapolis Drug company, died suddenly at his home at Minnetonka Beach, aged fifty-eight years.

Cassius Clay Gibson, a resident of Minneapolis since 1851, is dead, aged sixty-three.

HIGHER PRICES WANTED.

Minnesota Farmers Fix Values of Certain Products.

With a view to arranging for a more profitable marketing of their crops a number of Minnesota farmers who are members of the American Society of Equity met at old capital at St. Paul, planned to establish a clearinghouse for their own products and to raise prices so as to make their business more profitable.

At the meeting a number of matters with reference to the transportation and marketing of crops were discussed. Reports were made by three special committees appointed to confer with reference to the prices of potatoes and grain and to formulate bylaws and a constitution for the organization. The potatoes committee recommended that farmers demand 65 cents a bushel for potatoes on cars at the shipping points.

The committee on grains recommended that $1.25 per bushel be asked for wheat, 95 cents for barley, 70 cents for oats, $1.30 for flax and $1 for rye. There was considerable discussion over what would be a fair price for hay, but $20 per ton was finally agreed upon, with $5.50 per hundred pounds for timothy seed. Although the reports of these two committees were adopted this does not definitely settle the matter, but is merely the recommendation of the Minnesota convention to the *national* organization, the annual convention of which will be held at Indianapolis Oct. 22-29.

SAID TO BE $10,000 SHORT

Auditor of Swift Company at South St. Paul Missing.

G. H. Foster, auditor for Swift & Co., meat packers at South St. Paul, has not been seen for more than a week and it is thought that he might have left for parts unknown, especially since his books are said to contain irregularities which may foot up to $10,000.

Mr. Foster has been connected with Swift & Co. for many years, both at Chicago and St. Louis, and he came to this city about seven months ago to accept the position of auditor of the concern at South St. Paul.

Sunday morning, Sept. 22, the watchman noticed Foster leaving the office at about 7 o'clock. Monday morning he did not appear for work.

On Tuesday the officials attempted to locate Foster and they ascertained that he had left the city. This aroused their suspicion and expert accountants were sent from the Chicago office and put to work on the books. They have not completed the examination, but the irregularities are estimated at the sum mentioned. Foster also overdrew his salary to the extent of $150 before he left.

Press Feeder Shows Nerve.

His right arm crushed between two heavy rollers Ed Tracy of St. Paul, twenty-four years old, employed as a pressfeeder at the St. Paul Press Room company, stood more than half an hour fighting off a dizzy faintness and directing the men about him to take apart the press so as to release his arm. Repeatedly he was about to lapse into unconsciousness from pain, but refused to give up and with the aid of stimulants which were given by his fellow workmen managed to retain consciousness until the arm was released.

Imported Guards on Iron Range.

State Labor Commissioner Williams has made a partial report to Governor Johnson of his investigations of the charges that non-residents of the state were employed as deputy sheriffs to guard the mines in the northern part of the state during the miners' strike. The report contains affidavits showing that men were employed in Chicago to act as guards, but as the final report has not been made the commissioner makes no recommendations and suggests no action by the governor.

Kills His Wife and Himself.

Excusing himself "for a minute" from a deputy who had come to serve a peace bond on him Jens Loff, an Otter Tail county farmer, entered his home, shot his wife in the head with a shotgun and made his escape. When officers went to apprehend him they found that he had hanged himself near a grain stack back of the house with a piece of twine taken from the bundles of grain. The woman died while being taken to a neighbor's house for treatment.

Unknown Man Dead on Tracks.

An unknown man about fifty years old was found dead on the street car tracks leading from Fort Snelling to Minneapolis. A motorman on a Fort Snelling car bound for Minneapolis was the first to find him. He saw the body in time to stop his car before passing over it. Upon investigation it was found that the man's head had been partly severed. It is believed that the man was run down and killed by another car.

Guard Tied to Railroad Track.

Albert Sullivan, employed as a dock guard at Duluth, was assaulted and while unconscious was tied to the track under an ore train with strips torn from his shirt and left there by the men who attacked him. He is now in the hospital. A workman found Sullivan lying between the front and rear wheels of a car in an ore train which stood ready to be moved.

Contractor Is Killed.

W. J. Brown, a ditch contractor, was injured in a runaway accident at Donaldson, a small village near Crookston. His leg became caught when he was partly thrown from the buggy and he was dragged. He was taken to Crookston, where he died.

DEFIES FEDERAL JUDGE

Attorney General of Minnesota Ignores Court Ruling.

FORCES ISSUE IN RATE CASE

Begins Action to Enforce Commodity Rate Law Despite Injunction of United States Court.

Attorney General Young appeared before Judge Bunn of the Ramsey county district court at St. Paul in company with T. D. O'Brien, his assistant in the rate cases, and began mandamus proceedings against the Northern Pacific road seeking to compel it by the order of a state court to put into effect the commodity rate law enacted by the legislature and the enforcement of which was held up by an injunction issued by Judge Lochren of the United States court.

Judge Bunn, after reading the petition of the attorney general, signed the alternative writ of mandamus, making it returnable at special term *Oct. 5. Service* was had on Northern Pacific officials later by the sheriff.

The entire proceeding before Judge Bunn and in the clerk's office did not take a quarter of an hour and yet the proceedings are of greater importance to the people of Minnesota than any action in court which has been instituted in recent years. It is proposed to test one of the fundamental rights of the state in the supreme court of the United States without the delay and expenses which would attend the usual course of procedure by appeal from Judge Lochren's decision of last week.

Done to Protect the State.

Mr. Young, in explaining his unusual action, said that he was sorry that events had so shaped themselves as to compel him to place himself in a position of at least technical contempt of a federal court. But, he added, there was no other way to protect the rights of the state and, such being the case, the proceeding was necessary.

There is little question about the railroads taking up the challenge of the attorney general, for it would seem that they must do so to protect themselves in whatever they have gained through Judge Lochren's decision.

In such event the railroads have the next move. Unless their attorneys can evolve some other course of procedure it will be up to them to apply to Judge Lochren for an order citing Mr. Young to appear before the bar of his court and show cause why the action in the state court shall not be dismissed and why he shall not be punished for contempt of court.

The supposition is that Judge Lochren will issue a bench warrant for Mr. Young, who will be taken in custody by the United States marshal and haled before the bar of the court to answer. If convicted of contempt he will immediately apply to the United States supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus and thus bring the matter before the highest tribunal for immediate decision.

FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER

Jury at Bemidji, Minn., Convicts Martin S. Munn.

Martin S. Munn has been found guilty at Bemidji of murder in the first degree for the killing of August Franklin in Beaudette last June.

The verdict makes possible a sentence either of death or life imprisonment and the judge reserved pronouncement of sentence until the end of this term of court, which probably will be in about two weeks.

The murder was committed on June 14 last, at Beaudette. Franklin and his wife and Munn were interested together in a restaurant at Beaudette, and during their work together Franklin became jealous of Munn on account of the attention he claimed the latter was paying to Mrs. Franklin. His jealousy led to a quarrel between the men, and in the midst of it Munn produced a gun and shot Franklin.

When arraigned Munn claimed that although Franklin made no direct show of violence, his anger was so great that Munn believed it necessary to shoot him in order to protect himself from a violent attack by the man.

CREMATED IN HIS HOME.

Minnesota County Official's Body Is Burned to a Crisp.

County Commissioner John Driscoll of Polk county was cremated when his farm residence was destroyed by fire. All other members of the family escaped. He returned home late at night and the other members of the family did not know he was in the house till his charred remains were found in the ruins. Nothing is known as to the origin of the fire. He was a pioneer of the Red River valley and wealthy.

WILL NOT OPPOSE JOHNSON

Bryan May Favor Candidacy of Minnesota's Governor.

Senator Works of Mankato, while in Crookston one day last week, said that Governor Johnson will be the next Democratic candidate for president. He believed Bryan would not stand in Johnson's way.

This statement has a particular significance, coming from Senator Works at this time, as Bryan was a guest at Mr. Works' home in Mankato about a week ago.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

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SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

THE SATISFIED SOCIALIST.

He Rejoices Because He Knows the Truth Which Shall Make All Free.

Socialism has its own special satisfactions.

All our satisfactions are prospective and anticipatory, retrospective and wistful or present and delightful.

We Socialists quit sighing for some "golden age" of the past and leave undisturbed those entranced by some utopian vision. We are on the firm scientific ground of our age and behold a practical system of human life that is yet to bring mankind its greatest satisfaction. The actual realization of Socialism—living in the co-operative commonwealth—will be the supreme satisfaction of Socialism. This is, however, anticipative—a prospective pleasure. Now I wish to emphasize a present satisfaction of Socialism—the delight we Socialists have in Socialism as truth.

I have seen a mathematician smile when an intricate problem was solved. I have also seen tears of deepest joy well from a scholar's heart when a great truth suddenly revealed itself to him. *Hardly anything is so pleasurable* as the solution of a problem or the burst of the light of truth upon the mind. Socialism offers this to all truth seekers.

Here is the great social problem: After eons of human development, after centuries of religious, moral and mental culture, to which is added our wonderful progress in science, why is there still so much of poverty, misery, degradation and crime in the world? The church is fenzed, the schools are learnedly ignorant, science is devoted to physics—only Socialism as truth offers the answer: So long as exploitation by interest, rent and profit is sanctioned by unjust religious, moral and educational standards, so long will religion, ethics and science be defeated in bringing felicity to humanity. Given economic justice, the result is noble men and women in a fraternal social state.

This solution, like the mathematician's, is pleasant to the Socialist.

It is more. It is that deep welling joy which comes to the lover of truth. All around us are the puzzled people: the newspapers report day after day the horrid diagnosis of a diseased republic, and they state no cause or cure; the magazines uncover civic cesspools and flash dark lanterns futilely on commercial brigands, and the multitudes remark on the Ahab and Jezebel method of acquiring Naboth's island and Isthmian vineyards, but, belonging to the ruling parties, say, "Hush, hush!" Professors in their colleges, ministers in their pulpits, "captains of industry" in their offices, workers in their unions, politicians in the lobbies and editors at their desks, blind leaders of the blind, are all wallowing in confusion and stumbling over the iniquitous code of "graft, but don't get caught," which makes today's page of history a nightmare. None can keep courage through all this but the Socialist, who sees the goal to which humanity is moving, who understands that society is changing its economic basis and that during the transition this chaotic page of history must be written in black letters, with only one red letter to illumine it. Seeing this, the Socialist knows the next turned page of history will be clear and beautiful. Therefore he rejoices. He knows the truth which shall make all free. Yes, there are tears in his eyes, but they are welling out of his happiness—his present satisfaction.—New Commonwealth.

Power Over Subsistence.

I understand by slavery that condition in which one human being exists mainly as a convenience for other human beings—in which the time, the exertions, the faculties of a part of the human family are made to subserve, not their own development, physical, intellectual and moral, but the comfort, advantage or caprices of others. In short, whenever service is rendered from one human being to another on a footing one sided and not of mutual obligation—where the relation between the servant and the served is one not of affection and reciprocal good offices, but of authority, social ascendency and power over subsistence, on the one hand, and of necessity, servility and degradation, on the other—there, in my view, is slavery.—Horace Greeley.

Vote as You Strike.

There are 2,000,000 voters who belong to some labor union, and they vote the same tickets as their masters and then strike against their masters. Any man who votes for capitalism has no moral right to strike or complain of the conditions under which he works.

Master and Servant.

When one man or a few own the machinery by which the many must work and from the product of which the many must live, then the wealth produced belongs to the owner of the machine. He is the master, and the many workers are subject servants, are paid in wages and kept in poverty.

When wealth is produced for sale he who has nothing can buy nothing, and he who has but little can buy but little. What can be sold is the measure of what can be produced, and want arrests industry instead of increasing its activity. No attempt is made to satisfy need, and poverty is perpetuated.

A FLESHLESS HOPE.

It Is This the Capitalist System Holds Out to the Worker.

In one of Edgar Allan Poe's tales he tells how a little group of wrecked sailors on a waterlogged vessel at the last extremity of starvation are suddenly made delirious with joy at seeing a sail approaching them.

As she came near them she seemed be managed strangely and unseamanly, as though she were scarcely steered at all, but come near she did, and their joy was too great for them to think much of this peculiarity.

At last they saw the seamen on board of her and noted one in the bows especially who seemed to be looking at them with great curiosity, nodding also as if encouraging them to have patience and smiling at them constantly, showing while he did so a set of very white teeth and apparently so anxious for their safety that he did not notice that the red cap he had on his head was falling in the water.

All of a sudden, as the vessel neared them and while their hearts were leaping with joy at their now certain deliverance, an inconceivable and horrible stench was wafted to them across the waters, and presently to their horror and misery they saw that this was a ship of the dead. The bowing man in the bow was a tottering corpse. His red cap was a piece of his flesh torn from him by a sea fowl. His smile was caused by his jaws, denuded of the flesh, showing his white teeth set in a perpetual grin.

So passed the ship of the dead into the landless ocean, leaving the poor wretches to their despair.

To us Socialists this ship of the dead is an image of the civilization of our time, just as the castaway seamen are of the hopes of the workers now held captive by this "civilization."

The cheerfully bowing man whose signs of encouragement and good feeling turn out to be the results of death and corruption well represents the much bepraised philanthropy of the rich and refined classes of society, which is born of the misery necessary to their very existence.

How the people note eagerly the beautiful hope of the softening of life by the cultivation of good feeling, kindness and gratitude between rich and poor, with its external manifestations—its missionary enterprises at home and abroad, hospitals, churches, refuges and the like, its hardworking clergy working and dwelling amid the wretched homes of those souls they were saving, its elegant and enthusiastic ladies sometimes visiting them, the cultured gentlemen with lectures on thrift and economy, which the poor can scarcely fail to practice even unpreached to, etc. All this, which seems so refined and humane, is but the effect of the distant view of the fleshless, grinding skull of civilization seeming to offer an escape to the helpless castaways, but destined on its nearer approach to suffocate them with the stench of its corruption and then to vanish aimlessly into the void, leaving them weltering on the ocean of life, which its false hope has rendered more dreadful than before.

The one reality of modern society is industrial slavery, far reaching and supreme over every man's life. No man and no set of men can do anything that does not tend toward the support of this slavery unless they act as conscious rebels against it.

The first struggles of the trade unions with capital took place when those trade unions were still illegal. But the repeal of laws against combinations of workmen in various countries set them partially free.

Twenty years ago the working class knew very little of Socialism and misjudged it. The worker looked upon himself as a free citizen like any other man and had no idea that the reason for his existence as a workman was that he might produce profit by his labor for his master.

His ideal was good wages and constant employment—that is, enough to live without much trouble, but in a constant condition of inferiority. And this was the old idea of unionism, some vestiges of which still remain.

This is now so much changed that the mass of the working class is beginning to feel its position of economic slavery and hence to take part in the movement for Social Democracy.—William Morris.

Wasted Labor.

There are today 7,000,000 workers in this country employed in unproductive or wasteful employments. If those should be added, as the Socialists propose, to the real producers of wealth the hours of labor might be cut over half, but if the labor could be utilized in supplying the wants of the nation in conjunction with the splendid machinery of modern wealth production in an orderly, systematic manner and each worker received the results of his labor a workday of five hours for 250 days each year would produce more of the comforts of life than the present purchasing value of a $3,000 yearly salary.

But among the productive employments admitted here we retain many that are based upon our present corrupt tastes and conditions. With the soul of competition dead, how simple, free and beautiful could become the lives of the workers.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - - -plaintiffs,
vs.
Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - -defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Aug 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Rudolph O. Manthey of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 383, Red Lake Lands made June 25, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 10, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph A. Duchamp of Germantown, Minn.
Fred Duchamp " " "
Henry Dau " " "
Carl Dommer " " "

sept 5 to oct 3

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
—vs—
Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated September 5th, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept. 26 Oct. 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1240 made Nov. 3rd, 1905 for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz

Ernest Schmidt, of Germantown, Minn
Joseph Duchamp " "
Ole Nelson " "
Henry Cook " "

sept 26 oct 31

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob [illegible] of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Nov 3rd, [illegible] for the [illegible] Section 5, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Oct. 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn
Erick O Gruetzke, " "
Ernest Schmidt, " "
[illegible] " "

sept 26 oct 31

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS
THIEF-RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit,
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1907 NUMBER 41

Historical Society

CHURCH OF HIS OWN.

Former Thief River Falls Pastor Starts in Business for Himself.

Has a New Church With no Name and no Boss.

Rev. Isaac Peart, who a few years ago was pastor of the Methodist church here, and at present located at Bemidji, has quit the Methodist church and started an independent one. There are rumors to the effect that Rev. Peart and his Bemidji congregation of Methodists did not live in harmony, and this may be the cause of his *independent action*. Be that as it may, the following communication published by Rev. Peart in the Bemidji Pioneer sets forth his new faith:

This is a day of independent career's. Men are launching out for themselves. The employes are becoming the employers, the servants, the masters, the workmen the owners. This is not only so in the business world, but in the ministerial world as well. Ministers are withdrawing from their denominations and launching out into independent careers. I have decided to follow suit and from now on will conduct a People's church in the City Opera house every Sunday morning and evening. The following will be a few of the characteristics of the People's church. No denominationalism no creed, no officialism.

The church will minister to the body as well as to the soul, will live for this world as well as for the next. And the pastor will not be found up in the clouds, but down among the people, not a few of the people but all the people, irrespective of nationality, color, rank or social condition. The doors will swing open for all classes of humanity.

There will be no membership in the People's church. Hence, in the nature of the case, there can be no bossism, no officialism. It will be a place of worship, minus that dictation as to what way you must worship God. All persons will be on the same level. There will be no superior, hence no inferiors. Therefore, misunderstandings, jealousies, hard feelings and quarrels are hardly possible in the People's church. The pastor will have a well equipped office down town, where the people may drop in and talk with him and among themselves. He will also conduct a free information bureau, keeping a list of houses that are for rent and by whom, also a list of those who want help, and so on. All this will be free.

The pastor and wife will be found at either the Markham or Brinkman hotel. The first service will begin tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. The subject of the pastor's sermon will be "Just what a Sensible Person Might Expect.

—Isaac Peart.

Wants To Keep A Deer.

A farmer living in the wilds of Beltrami county writes Congressman Steenerson to exercise his influence with the state fish and game commission so that he may be permitted to keep a young deer to which he has acquired a strong attachment. A year ago the farmer found the deer tangled up in the brush near his farm and taking pity upon the poor helpless creature rescued it from its woody tray and taking it to his home fed it with milk from a nursing bottle. After the deer had been under the care of its benefactor for several weeks it became much attached to the farmer and his family and has shown no desire to return to its native state.

The farmer has been showing more or less anxiety lest one of his brothers from the city, skilled in the use of firearms should see the deer runing about his farm and should take the life of the animal. He also fears that some day a state game officer may visit his farm and take the deer to some state park. Mr. Steenerson has written the farmer in reply that he will communicate immediately with the state game authorities requesting them to give him a permit to keep his pet for the rest of its natural life.

GETS MORE CONTRACTS.

Northwestern Drainage Company Secures a Nnmber of State Ditches.

Firm That Makes Headquarters in This City Again Successful.

The state drainage board met at the state capitol Saturday and awarded contracts for several new drainage ditches in northern Minnesota. The contracts all went to the Northwestern Drainage Company of Grand Rapids, Wis., of which Mr. Arpin of this city is the local manager, and represent an outlay of about $15,000. The awards are for ditch No. 47 in Marshall county, and ditches Nos. 48, 49 and 50 in Kittson county.

Oct. 16 the commission proposes to open bids for the straightening and deepening of the channel of the Roseau river. Preliminary to this, there is to be a hearing in the district court at Roseau Oct. 11 relative to the assessment for the work. It is estimated the work will cost $60,000. The straightening of the river will reduce its length from Roseau lake to the international boundary line, from 56 to 35 miles. It will drain 180,000 acres of swamp land, of which 80 per cent is owned by the state. The state will accordingly pay this per cent of the cost. The Roseau river is the main natural drainage outlet for the swamp lands of Roseau county.

A Small Wreck.

The stock train which leaves Thief River Falls over the Soo line every Satuyday evening was wrecked Sunday morning at Carlos, two of the cattle cars jumping the the track. This delayed the Winnipeg flyer and the train due here at 3:10 in the morning did not arrive until Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MOST LIKELY WILL MEET

County Commissioners Will Undoubtedly Meet on the 19th of October.

Members of the County Board Do Not Trust Down River Attorneys.

Since the new proceedings have been started to call the meeting of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county to consider the county seat removal petition, the question is being quite generally asked, what are the commissioners going to do? It appears that the county commissioners *are doing* more studying upon this proposition than the people. The men who represent the various commissioner districts upon the county board are men of property and it is quite doubtful if they will longer refuse to meet and do their duty, now that the court has ordered them to meet. They cannot afford to run the risk of getting into an expensive law suit, with Red Lake Falls men as their attorneys, for they fear that the Red Lake Falls people would throw them down in the end if the case is decided against them, and it is sure to be so decided. All that Thief River Falls desires is meeting to consider the petition in a fair manner and in the end we are going to get this.

DECIDE TO SMOKE

A Resolution Introduced By A Local Pastor Was Lost.

Minneapolis Tribune: The Methodist ministers of northern Minnesota will not give up the "weed that cheers."

At Thursday morning's session of the Methodist conference Rev. C. H. Flesher of Thief Falls introduced a resolution that called for total abstinence from the use of tobacco. His idea was not to make it an offense to use "the filthy weed," but to consider its use by the members of the clergy "not in keeping with the dignity of their station."

The pastors thought just once of the pure and unalloyed joy of their companionable pipes and the resolution was promptly voted down.

Flax Straw As Fuel.

A sample of new fuel made from compressed flax straw is being exhibited by A. W. Aylmer, who has land interests in the western part of Grand Forks county, but who resides in Minneapolis. Mr. Aylmer is making the fuel on his farm in that county and is of the opinion that it will be one of the most successful kinds of fuel in the market and also one that will be cheaper than any that has so far been discovered.

The sample, which was about a foot long, was about as wide and thick as a plug of tobacco. It is composed entirely of flax straw which has been subjected to great pressure and is very hard. It is said that this will burn longer and brighter than wood and has great heating properties.

Pulled Stakes.

Our fond delusion of a year ago that before this time iron would be mined in the vicinity of Kelliher seems to have fallen flat, or at least the drill which has been operating here constantly for the past year has been removed to other parts. However this is no indication that iron will not be some day discovered here as it is very difficult to get information from the powers that be whether or not pay dirt has been found. Those that know, or at least think they know, assert in stronger language than ever before that some day iron in paying quantities will be mined from the vicinity of Kelliher.—Kelliher Journal.

Goes to the Reformatory.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson of Red Lake county was here Friday. He brought with him Harvey LaChance, who had been arrested for stealing from J. H. Johnson, of Grygla. Young LaChance was desirous of pleading guilty to the charge against him, so he was brought here by the sheriff to be given his sentence. As he was but 19 years old, Judge Grindeland sentenced him to the reformatory at St. Cloud.—Warren Register.

Will Soon Be Here.

Grand Forks Herald: Now is the time for the man with a scheme for burning ashes instead of coal to come to the front again. He is a hopeful and confident fellow, and he bobs up year after year with unfailing persistency. Of course we keep right on burning coal at ten dollars a ton, but it is pleasant to listen to the other fellow explaining how he can save money by burning ashes.

AS TO CHILD LABOR.

New Law Regulating Employment of Children Under 16 Years of Age

In addition to the many laws already in force in this state relative to the employment of child labor, the last legislature passed an act which will do much to discourage its practise, inasmuch as it provides for penalty in case of violation.

The act makes it unlawful to employ any child under fourteen years of age during the school term and for all children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen it provides that no person, firm or corporation may employ them during the school year without first procuring an employment certificate to be secured from the superintendent of schools which shall be always kept accessible to inspection and which shall be returned to the superintendent on termination of the employment of the child.

Considerable red tape is required in the securing of the certificate in order to secure the aim of the act. Before the certificate can be issued the superintendent must be furnished with papers duly executed showing, the school record of such child properly filled and signed, a duly attested transcript of the birth certificate, or if the latter cannot be obtained the affidavit of the parent or guardian of the child taken before the officer issuing the certificate.

However the certificate shall not be issued unless the child shall appear personally before the officer issuing same and shall be judged by him to be over fourteen years of age and physically able to do the work for which it has been hired. Moreover no certificate shall be issued for any child of such age except those whose poverty or that of their families renders it necessary for them to work for their support or that of their families, or those who can produce a school record provided for in the act. Anyone having a child of such age working for them without a certificate is subject to a fine of not more than fifty dollars and failure to produce the certificate on demand shall be prima facie evidence of the illegal employment of the child.

Any person authorized to issue the certificates who knowingly certifies any materially false statement shall be fined not more than fifty dollars.

A Celestial Minute.

An Irishman died, and seeking admittance at the gate, was detained a minute only by Saint Peter, who, upon learning that he was Mike Mullady from Chicago heartily invited him in and to take a front seat. Mike looked approvingly around, and said, "It's a foine fat job ye have here, Saint Pether, and ye've held it a long toime." "Yes Mike," said Peter, "but we don't reckon time and money here, as you did down below. Here, a million years is but a minute, and a million dollars wouldn't be more than a cent." "Is that so?" said Mike "Then Pether, will ye lend me a cent." "Certainly I will," said Peter—"In a minute."—Northwestern Printer.

DO NOT SELL YOUR HOGS

Farmers Contemplating Selling Stock Because of High Prices.

Some of the Reasons Given For Present High Price of Barley.

The Fergus Falls Journal comes out with some timely advice as follows;

The Journal is informed that many farmers who are just getting started in the hog business are being tempted by the high prices offered for barley to sell this grain which they raised to feed their hogs, and dispose of their hogs. They think that they cannot afford to feed barley at the prices now offered for it and are anxious to dispose not only of their immature hogs but even of their breed sows. This would be a colossal blunder, for even though it means a profit now it would mean a loss in the long run. The present barley market is an unnatural one and no one knows how soon it will collapse. The market is so uncertain that you cannot sell barley in transit for anywhere near the price paid for barley on the spot. This condition is not true of wheat, oats or flax, because they are on a permanent basis. Every dealer expects the barley market to shoot down as quickly as it shot up. The present high prices are due to an unusual condition. The brewers were low on malt at the beginning of the season. Feed was high and the natural thing was to feed the barley. The brewers had to have it and they had to get it quickly before the hogs got it and so they have been bidding very tempting prices for and especially the finest lots, those which were clean and bright and free from foul stuff. This accounts for the very wide range in the prices of barley at the terminal points, ranging as much as twenty cents a bushel. As soon at the brewers get stocked up, which they will soon do, it is the universal opinion that barley will have a rapid decline and drop back to somewhere near the normal price. Advice doesn't cost much nor go very far, but in our opinion it will be an awful blunder if the farmers of Otter Tail county allow the high price of feed to drive them out of the hog business. That farmer will be surest of success who has a variety of crops and stock, for he will surely strike it lucky on some of them. The great difficulty in the past has been that we have jumped from one thing to another, attempting only one thing at a time. Many have taken up whatever happened to be the highest, only to have it go down before they got fairly started, and then they jumped to something else. Raise a variety of things and then neither the hail nor the rust nor prolonged wet weather or low prices will catch you on everything.

One of the best

things about Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes is that they're higher priced than others; that's one of the chief reasons for buying them.

They cost us more; and you; but they're worth so much more than they cost, that we think they're the cheapest clothes made today.

You can always buy lower priced clothes than Hart Schaffner & Marx make; we have some for sale ourselves. But if you want the best---Well, just drop in any day and we'll show you.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Gordon Hats. Crossett Shoes.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

CITY ELECTION NOTES

About the Candidates Real and Prospective for City Offices.

Those Who Are Out and Others That May Be Out Later.

There is to be a special municipal judge elected this year, but candidates for this office are not numerous. Everyone wants to be the real thing.

In order to have your name upon the official ballot, petitions must be filed with the city clerk ten days prior to the date of election, which this year is on Nov. 5.

Robert Mc Ginn seems to have the field all to himself as a candidate for alderman in the first ward. He has given excellent satisfacaion, and quite likely will have no opposition.

Judge Bishop is still undecided as to whether or not he will seek the office of municipal judge again, and Lars Backe also has not made up his mind as to whether or not he will run for this office.

As yet there is no candidate in the field against Mayor Grundy and it begins to look as if he would have no opposition, although there has been all kinds of talk to the effect that Mayor Grundy would have active opposition.

The East Side residents who have been trying to push Charles Alexander into the fight for alderman from the Third ward have about given up, as Mr. Alexander insists that he will not run and when he says no he always means it.

Samuel Cooke is making quite an active campaign for the office of municipal judge and has the active backing of the attorneys of the city who insist that it would be a big mistake to elect anyone to this office who is not an attorney.

The friends of L. M. Hoag are insisting that he become a candidate for alderman at large and a petition placing him in nomination is to be circulated. Mr. Hoag has made one of the best aldermen the city has ever had and his services are needed upon the council.

Samuel T. Johnson is to be a candidate for the office of municipal judge, and even if he is a layman, when the ballots are counted it will be found that he has a number of votes. Mr. Johnson is an old and highly esteemed resident of the city and for a number of years was justice of the peace here.

The second ward, the smallest ward in the city, is having a hard time to get a candidate for alderman. This ward has some excellent material, but all seem to be a little "gun shy." Those most prominently mentioned are: Milton Forder, Dr. Vistaunet, C. A. Robbecke, Andrew Wassen, Phil Zeh and F. J. Stebbins.

Daniel Shaw is going to be a candidate for the office of city treasurer and will endeavor to win upon his own merits. He is not running in the interest of any bank and if elected will personally do all of the work connected with the office. As to salary he is willing to leave this matter to the city council, but expects to receive a fair compensation for the work he will be required to do. The funds of the city will be deposited in the bank offering the largest rate of interest on daily balances.

Quite a boom has been started for D. P. O'Neill for alderman at large and T. L. Melgaard for ward alderman by the residents of the Third ward. Both are good men and would make excellent alderman. Mr. O'Neill is at present in Norman county looking after his farming interests down there, and if his name is placed upon the official ballot it will have to be done by his friends here. There would be no question about his being elected if the voters are given an opportunity to mark an X after his name, and he would make an excellent alderman.

Dr. Gambell last week made the announcement that he would be a candidate for the office of city treasurer and as an inducement to secure the support of the voters he states that he will request the council, if he is elected, to reduce the salary of the treasurer one half of what it is at present. Certain attorneys claim that this offer would be looked upon by the courts as a bribe to the people and that Dr. Gambell could not hold the office if elected providing any contest was made. While technically this might be correct, we do not believe that any contest would be brought against Mr. Gambell if he secured the required number of votes to elect him; nor do we believe that any voter will be influenced into voting for him on account of his offer. Most everyone believes that the city treasurer should receive a reasonable compensation for doing the work of the office. At present the salary is $25 per month and if Dr. Gambell secures the office he will ask for only $12.50 per month. As near as can be figured out, this would make a saving of two cents to the taxpayer who pays taxes on an assessed valuation of $1,000, and less than ten per cent of the voters of the city pay taxes on a valuation as great at this. When figured right down to a fine point, the small saving it would be to any individual tax payer is so small that it will not influence anyone.

Resolutions.

Resolutions of respect adopted by Dewey Camp 1025 Royal Neighbors of America, Thief River Falls, Minn., As a tribute to the memory of Mrs. Jennie Porter who died Sept. 25, 1907. Whereas, the angel of death has invaded our camp for the first time and taken from us our dearly beloved Neighbor Jennie Porter. Therefore, be it Resolved, that in the death of Neighbor Porter our camp loses one of its most active and cheerful members; one who was ever ready with a word of cheer and a helping hand to advance the best interests and welfare of our order; and be it further Resolved, that we, as neighbors, extend the bereaved husband and family our heart felt sympathy, and be it further Resolved, that our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days; that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the husband, the family and to the local papers for publication and a copy be spread on the records of our camp as a loving tribute to her memory.

The ranks of our camp are broken,
A neighbor we loved has gone.
We miss her kind face, from its accustomed place,
We watch but she does not come,
For God, in His love and wisdom, has taken her away,
The first of our number to dwell in eteral day.

Mrs. Mary R. Walker.
" Belle Sharbach.
" Cecil Rose.
Committee.

To Build a Boat.

A. D. Brown and Merrit Warren, who live near Little Oak, were in the city last week. They announcd that they are building a steamboat eight feet wide and 28 feet long to be run on the Red Lake river next season in competition with the farmers boat. The machinery will be put in the boat this winter and the boat will be ready to run early next spring. It will be remembered that Mr. Brown wrote to the secretary of the state early this spring regarding the so-called trust of the farmers company.

Fresh fish and oysters at Bloom's meat market tomorrow.

F. L. Johnson Suicides.

Sheriff Forsberg and Coroner Baker were out to Radium last Friday for the purpose of investigating a case of suicide in that neighborhood. They found that the deceased, who was a farmer of the town, of Comstock named Frederick L. Johnson, had committed self-destruction by hanging himself with a rope. No motive for the act could be discovered, as Mr. Johnson was a man of temperate habits, was in comfortable financial circumstances and had never been known to have any family troubles.—Warren Register.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o. c.
Sabbath School at 12:15.
Sabbath evening worship at 7:30.
Teachers meeting and Bible study, every Thursday evening at 7.30.
Christian Endeavor at 1:30
Women Workers in the Missionary Program Friday P. M. at 3 o'clock.
The Communion will be celebrated in the morning worship.
We welcome all to our church,
F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Ship A Car of Barley.

The Hanson & Barzen Milling company last week shipped the first car of barley ever sent from Thief River Falls to the Minneapolis market. While there has always been considerable barley raised in this section, it has always been used to feed hogs, but the high price being paid for barley is too tempting.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

Notice is hereby given, That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated October 1st, A. D. 1907.

(Auditor's Seal)

John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

FLESHER TO LEAVE

Has Been Called To Fergus Falls And Rev. Smith Comes Here.

Rev. C. H. Flesher returned to this city yesterday from Minneapolis, where he had been attending the annual conference of the Methodist church. Rev. Flesher has not been returned to Thief River Falls, much to the disappointment of the local congregation, and for the next year will be stationed at Fergus Falls. Rev. J. B. Smith is to be the new pastor here. He comes from St. Vincent where he had been for two years and prior to that time was stationed at Bemidji. Rev. Flesher and family expect to leave about the middle of next week for their new home at Fergus Falls.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The management has secured several comic novelties. The Harlequin's Story, partly colored, has been secured for the near future. This is a beautiful story of a toy courtier, who goes in search of his doll sweetheart who has been stolen. Interwoven with many pretty and startling effects, making it a triumph in film production.

"The Spanish Inn." A drama.

A new comic entitled, "No children wanted."

"The Ocean Greyhound," showing the washing down and coal loading of a huge liner.

"The Broker's Man," a comic novelty.

"Shoeing the Mail carrier," this is another good comedy film of medium length, which shows the laughable experiences of a mail carrier. The walks are slippery and his wife has him shod. The various difficulties he encounters from a chain of exciting incidents.

Illustrated song, "I've got my Fingers Crossed, You Cant Touch Me," by Joe Maxwell, sung by Mrs. Krouse.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 21.

Aitin Miss Marquet
Bolstad Ole
Eggo John
Jagoe Perley R.
Kreiger Eliot
Moeller Wm.
Newton R. A.
" "
Olson H. L.
Pederson Miss Lena
Schantzen Miss Elsia
Stone E. B.
Thompson Osmund
Wilson C.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

The Tennessean Jubile Singers were greeted by a crowded house last evening in the opera house. They came under the auspices of the Mens League of the M. E. church. Before the first number was over every person in the audience was intensely interested, and enthusiastic applause was freely given. It would be difficult to pass judgment as to which was really the best feature of the program. But the one which met with perhaps the greatest applause was the Calliope quartette. They were simply fine, and by far the best we have heard in Beloit. The ensemble and solo work too was excellent. Great bass and good soprano. We hope to have them come to us again.

F. W. Wilford,
President, lyceum course
Beloit Wis.

When the people can be made to see that it actually costs more in time and money to travel over a poor road than it does to travel over a good one, they will be less inclined to begrudge the expense of good roads. What is more important still they will be willing and anxious to put the business of road building into the hands of intelligent men who understand the business. Poor roads are the expensive things that curse a country district.—Ex.

Humorous Chinese Graft.

A certain Chinese taotai (magistrate) having told his men to have two ingots of gold sent to his treasury for purchase, the shopmen brought them in and in answer to the query of the taotai told him that the price was so much in taels, but added, "This is the ordinary price, but for your honor we will knock off one-half of the price." Then the taotai said to his underlings: "Seeing that they are to sell to me at only one-half price, just give them back one ingot of gold and put the other in my treasury, and thus their account is settled. Goodby." So the underlings of the yamen did so, but still the shopmen hung around waiting. The taotai asked them why they were waiting, when their account had been already settled. Said the shopmen, "When did your honor pay your humble servants?" Then the magistrate answered with a very fierce air: "Taio nu ts'ai" (impertinent slaves), "did you not say that these two gold ingots were half price to me? Then did I not give you back one ingot and keep the other and thus settle your account without the least injury to you, according to your own proposition? So be off with you or my fellows will give you a taste of the scourge."—Harper's Weekly.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

Stafford Curran entered school Monday and is a member of the Junior Class.

Several new pupils have arrived lately, among them are Laura Farbet and Aleda Anderson.

Harry Prichard has been absent the past few days owing to the pressing work on the farm.

The High School students enjoyed a very interesting and also profitable speech last Thursday by Mr. I. Richardson.

Only one pupil was absent from roll call in the High School Tuesday and this student was unavoidably detained. This is a record of which to be proud.

Leaving the room and other actions peculiar to the grades are no longer characteristic of the High School. Work real active work, appears to crowd everything to one side and leave room for nothing else.

The courses of study followed in the several departments of the High School will be published next week.

Our High School in point of members is the fourth largest in Northern Minnesota.

Her Purse and His Handkerchief.

"The thoughts of youth are long, long thoughts." The other day a young woman who had dropped her purse, full of pay money for the corps of girls under her charge, considered the thoughts of youth to be rather too "long."

She was in one of the large department stores, and as her hands were occupied she let her purse lie for a few moments where it had fallen. But her eye was on it. In the meantime a bright little fellow not more than nine or ten years old left his parents near by and deftly covered the purse with a handkerchief.

The woman, who is a perfectly self possessed young person, could hardly believe her eyes, but she waited to see what the boy would do. Just as he was stooping to his prize she placed her foot quietly upon it. The youngster slipped back without a word to the well dressed "respectable" people with whom he was.

Then the woman picked up her purse and, taking the handkerchief over to the lad, handed it to him, saying, "There is no reason why you should use your handkerchief just because you didn't get my purse!"—New York Post.

Too Good to Miss.

"Theater audiences have improved in recent years," said a manager. "Why, with provincial touring companies in the past maltreatment was regularly expected. In fact, the companies profited by it in more ways than one.

"I know of a company that was playing 'The Broken Vow' in Paint Rock, a one night stand. The audience didn't like 'The Broken Vow,' and eggs, cabbages and potatoes rained upon the stage.

"Still the play went on. The hero raved through his endless speeches, dodging an onion or a baseball every other minute and pretty sore from those missiles that he hadn't been able to dodge.

"But finally a gallery auditor in a paroxysm of rage and scorn hurled a heavy boot, and the actor, thoroughly alarmed, started to retreat.

"'Keep on playing, you fool,' hissed the manager from the wings as he hooked in the boot with an umbrella. 'Keep on till we get the other one.'"

How a Tree Grows.

Both earth and air are required for the growth of a plant or tree. The roots absorb moisture from the soil, which, in the form of a watery fluid called common sap, rises through the fibers of the last deposited annular ring, traversing all the branches and leaf stalks until it reaches the leaves; there it undergoes a change by the absorption of carbonic acid from the air. It then travels downward again in the form of proper sap, just underneath the bark, which is expanded by the accession of moisture and in the cavity so formed a new layer of material is deposited which gradually hardens and forms a new annular ring. And so, from absorbing the moisture and minerals of the soil and the carbonic acid of the air the tree goes on until it finishes its cycle and dies.—New York American.

Jack Tar at a Christening.

A sailor went up to the font to have his baby baptized. Sailors as a class claim little stock in babies, and naturally enough this one presented the infant feet foremost.

"The other way," said the minister, and accordingly Jack turned the infant upside down.

"Excuse me," said the clergyman, "I mean the other way." So back came the embryo foretopman to the first position, to the discouragement of everybody.

"Wind it, Jack," said the nautical assistant, and with an "Aye, aye, sir," Jack promptly turned the baby end for end, and it was duly christened head first.—"On a Man of war."

The Alternative.

The Count—Doctor, I have such a fearfully bad cough. What can I do for it? Doctor—Well, sir, you must remember that you are no longer in your first youth and you must take care of your general health. So you had better leave off smoking, take no alcohol in any form and do not excite yourself in any way, don't — The Count: The mischief, doctor; what am I to do then? Nothing but cough?—Lustige Blatter.

START YOUR PICTURE NOW
FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT
BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1 02
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 20
Barley	60
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 7.—Wheat—Dec., $1.10⅞; May, $1.02⅝@1.02⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.16⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.15⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.12⅝@1.13⅛; No. 3 Northern, $1.09⅝@1.11⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@6.00. Hogs—$5.60@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.10; yearlings, $5.50@5.90; spring lambs, $6.25@7.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Wheat—Dec., $1.03@1.03¼; May, $1.09@1.09¼. Corn—Dec., 59¾c; May, 59⅞@60c. Oats—Dec., 53½c; May, 55½c. Pork—Oct., $14.12½; Jan., $15.30. Butter—Creameries, 24@29½c; dairies, 22@27c. Eggs—15½@18½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 11c; springs, 11½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 7.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.16; No. 1 Northern, $1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.12½; Dec., $1.12; May, $1.16⅛. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.13⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.10. Flax—To arrive, $1.40½; on track, $1.41½; Oct., $1.39; Nov., $1.37½; Dec., $1.30½; May, $1.35½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.30; cows, $1.25@5.40; Texans, $3.70@4.80; calves, $6.00@8.25; Western cattle, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.00. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.90; mixed, $5.95@6.85; heavy, $5.75@6.75; rough, $5.75@6.05; pigs, $5.10@6.45. Sheep, $3.00@5.30; yearlings, $5.35@6.25; lambs, $4.75@7.50.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs Andrew Lang Friday.

Goodman Torrison left Tuesday for North Dakota points.

A son born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Crompton Saturday.

August Yanke returned Tuesday from his trip to North Dakota.

Fred Holzknecht returned to this city Tuesday from Hatton, N. D.

Dr. Gambell was over to Devils Lake, N. D., the first of the week.

George Cottel was down to Crookston to spend Sunday with friends.

Miss Lillian Welch, of Bemidji, visited with friends in the city last week.

Knut Nerland returned to this city Monday from his trip to the Pacific coast.

Ira C. Richardson left Tuesday on a trip to Crookston, Bemidji and other points.

County Supt. of Schools Mr. Mc-Anulty was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Mrs. E. E. Rose left Monday evening for Fargo, called there by the illness of her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. McAndress left Monday evening for Fargo to visit friends for a few days.

There is a big bass singer with a big bass voice with the Jubilee Singers. Opera House Monday Oct., 21.

Miss Olie Stuverud, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Lee, returned Monday to Grand Forks.

Miss Annie Wigge has returned from Bemidji where she had been to take in the sights of the Beltrami county fair.

Rev. Wm. Lindin will preach in the Swedish church next Sunday forenoon and in the Norwegian church in the evening.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Society will meet at Mrs. John [illegible]'s place on Wed. Oct. [illegible], all are cordially invited.

Mrs. H. M. [illegible], who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. G. [illegible], on Monday celebrated her [illegible] birthday.

Henry H. [illegible] came up from Crookston last Saturday to visit his sister, Mrs. P. L. Vistaunet. He left the first of the week for Moorhead where he has accepted a position as traveling salesman for the Dwight Milling company.

Tom Hovet went down to Crookston last evening.

S. T. Johnson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Attorney Mabey went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Miss Marguerite Lee was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

My residence will be for rent the 1st of November. F. H. Kratka.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

F. S. Doege left yesterday for Wolverton to visit friends for a few days.

Mrs. Roy Tabor left yesterday for Grand Forks to visit friends for a few days.

Louis Hanson went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

H. E. Ives, of St, Hilaire, passed through the city Tuesday, being enroute to International Falls.

The quartett alone is worth the price of admission with Jubilee singers for the High School Monday Oct., 21.

The Jubilee Singers always please because you have a good laugh and hear good singing. Opera House Oct., 21.

Miss Olga Hoff, who had been employed in Miss Lakin's millinery store, returned to her home at St. Hilaire yesterday.

Fred Goebler arrived here Monday evening from North Dakota and has taken a position as clerk in the post-office.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Syned church will meet whith Mrs. Ed. Evenson next Thursday afternoon Oct. 17 th.

A sale on capes at Miss Lakin's millinery Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 14, 15 and 16. $.75 $1, and $1.25 values at only 50c.

George Lipscomb returned Tuesday from North Dakota. He has been absent for two months and worked fourteen days.

The Ladies aid society of the Swedish Mission Church will have an auction sale Friday the 18 of Oct. in the church on the east side.

Lost—A gold chain and locket, Locket is set with light blue stone. Finder please return to Helen Elder and receive reward.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Heasley left Sunday for the Red Lake country and will spend the winter upon the homestead of their son, Harry Heasley.

The High School has secured the Tennessee Jubilee Singers for one entertainment Monday evening Oct., 21st, in the Opera House. Don't fail to hear them.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson, who for the past few weeks has been receiving medical treatment in Minneapolis, has so far recovered that she will be able to return to this city the latter part of this week.

Twelve or fifteen Indians arrived in the city Monday evening over the Wheatline train, coming here from Warren. They were all dead drunk and had to be carried out of the car by the train crew. They were piled up on the platform at the Soo depot like so much cordwood. Those who witnessed the sight say that they never before saw human beings in such a hopeless state of intoxication.

Kratka, Red Lake County has been put on the list of money order offices next to be established and the same will go into effect on or before January first 1908. This action on the part of the department was secured thru the influence of Ed Singer who was recently made post master of the Kratka office. It will be necessary for him to obtain a larger bond than has been required at that office in the past.

Rev. F. J. Barackman on Sunday evening tendered his resignation as pastor of the Presbyterian church to take effect the 1st of November. He has not decided as to the future as yet, but has received a unanimous call from the Presbyterian congregation at Blackduck and has other places in view. Rev. Barackman has been very popular with his congregation here and they regret very much that he is to leave the city.

—For Sale the Hotel Soo and adjoining property, at reasonable prices. Good terms given, as I want to sell this property in the next 30 days. A good chance for some one to make money. This is one of the best corners in the city. D. Cavanaugh.

COLLAPSES ON BENCH

Judge Overcome While Passing Sentence of Death.

DRAMATIC SCENE AT BEMIDJI

Martin S. Munn and Peter Mathieson, Murderers, Condemned to Die on the Gallows.

Overcome by the tragic significance of his task when about to sentence two men to death on the gallows for having taken the lives of two other men Judge W. N. McClenahan of the Fifteenth district court collapsed on the bench at Bemidji.

Martin S. Munn, convicted of the murder at Spooner early this summer of August Franklin, was before Judge McClenahan for sentence and Peter Mathieson, who killed Johan Johnson at Gull Lake, near Tenstrike, last February, was awaiting sentence.

It was a dramatic court scene and the impression it made upon the large crowd in the courtroom was deepened by the knowledge that never before in the history of Beltrami county had the death penalty been imposed on any man.

Judge McClenahan, in a voice firm and low, uttered the fateful words that meant doom to Munn. When Judge McClenahan asked Munn whether he had anything to say the prisoner, keeping himself well in hand and with no manifestation of very deep emotion other than a slight unsteadiness of voice, replied:

"I am not guilty, that's all. Somebody has been telling a lot of lies against me."

Then the veteran jurist collapsed. Tears coursed down his cheeks and self-control seemed utterly to desert him. Assistance was given him hastily and within a few minutes the judge regained his composure.

Then the grim business before the court was resumed and the day of the first sentence of capital punishment in Beltrami county witnessed the second such requirement of justice.

Mathieson was stolid when he took his place at the bar of the court and heard the sentence of death passed upon him.

YOUNG SOLDIER KILLED.

Mystery Surrounds Death of Private at Fort Snelling.

The body of Nestor Thompson, a private in Company H. Twenty-eighth United States infantry, has been found under the Fort Snelling bridge, about fifty feet from the river bank. The body was lying face downward in soft sand. The neck was broken, the left wrist was broken in two places and the right hip and left shoulder fractured and dislocated.

The young soldier could not have fallen over the four-foot railing on the bridge and there are rumors at the fort of a feud between Thompson and another soldier. Thompson's friends believe he was thrown from the bridge, although no one has been found who can explain how he was killed.

BRYAN IS A CANDIDATE.

But Johnson Will Have Minnesota's Delegation, It Is Said.

Although Attorney James Manahan of St. Paul, who recently returned from a visit to William J. Bryan at Lincoln, Neb., is reticent as to what took place between them Frank A. Day, secretary to Governor John A. Johnson, declares that Bryan told Manahan that he, Bryan, would be a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Mr. Day, however, predicts that the Minnesota delegation to the next national convention will be friendly to Governor Johnson for president in the event that his nomination appears a likelihood.

THREATENED TO LYNCH.

Osseo (Minn.) Citizens Aroused Over Lawlessness in District.

Frenzied by many deeds of lawlessness committed in the community of late citizens of Osseo, a suburb of Minneapolis, made an effort to lynch William B. Hays, who is under arrest. He was saved by a quick dash in an automobile with Detectives Witrensohn and Martinson, who took him to Minneapolis, where he was safely placed behind the bars.

Hays is accused of carrying on extensive operations at Osseo, breaking into five different places, including the depot and two general stores.

Minneapolis Boy Drowned.

Drowned within four feet of the door of his home at Minneapolis, so near the windows that, had they been open, his mother could not have failed to hear his frantic cries for help and rescued him, was the fate of Irving Johnson, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs Martin Johnson. His body was taken from a cesspool by firemen after the distracted parents had searched for their missing child for several hours.

"Outlaw" Ride Is Fatal.

John Edwards is dead at Marshall from injuries sustained while attempting to ride an "outlaw" horse owned by one of the liverymen at that place. The animal had successfully resisted all attempts to master him and Edwards, who had quite a local reputation for horsemanship, made the attempt, but was thrown, striking on his head, sustaining injuries which resulted fatally.

BLOODY FIGHT ON TRAIN.

Finlanders Use Knives With Probably Fatal Results.

A desperate fight between three Finlanders occurred on a Northern Pacific train between Moorhead and Glyndon. The men were on their way East and got into a row, knives flashed and the passengers in the car fled from the vicinity of the fight.

Henry Newman, one of the party engaged in the fight, was terribly cut on the neck, head and face, the most serious injury being a cut on the neck, the wound extending from the back of the neck to the point of the jaw and being about two inches deep. Newman was taken from the train and conveyed to Moorhead, where he received medical attention. He was very weak from loss of blood, but if no complications set in he may have a chance of recovery. The two Finlanders who did the cutting were taken on to Staples and delivered to the police.

WITH DRUG AND BULLET.

Minneapolis Man Ends His Life in a St. Paul Hotel.

Determined not to escape death H. M. Manheim, a Minneapolis candy salesman, employed by Roach, Tisdale & Co., committed suicide in the Boardman hotel at St. Paul by first swallowing the contents of a tumbler of laudanum and then shooting himself through the right temple with a 32-caliber revolver.

Although no certain motive developed for Manheim's act it is thought possibly that fear of an exposure of financial difficulties prompted the man to end his life. It became known to his employers after Manheim failed to appear for work that he had been involved in some financial difficulty with a Minneapolis company which had previously employed him. Aside from a possibility of financial trouble no other reason could be assigned for his act.

REFUSES TO TELL ON PAL

Boy Loses Eye but Will Not Say Who Fired Shot.

There is a little hero at Bethesda hospital, St. Paul, who will lose his left eye as the result of a gunshot wound, but although he knows he will lose his eye he will not tell the name of the boy who shot him, because it was only an accident. He is Rheinhart Hornemann, eight years old, and lives at Young America.

The boy, in company with several companions, took an air gun and went out to shoot rabbits. No one knows how it happened, for Rheinhart won't tell, but he came home an hour later with a leaden pellet in his left eye. As near as can be gathered one of the boys discharged the gun thoughtlessly, the shot striking the Hornemann boy in the left eye, penetrating the eyeball.

DARING DIAMOND ROBBERY

St. Paul Jewelry Store Loses $1,000 Worth of Gems.

With scores of people passing outside and in full view of several store attendants three smooth come on artists, one of whom was a woman, deftly appropriated in the neighborhood of $1,000 worth of loose diamonds at the jewelry store of Frank A. Ubel at St. Paul about 6:30 Saturday evening. The robbery was one of the most daring that has been pulled off in that city recently in that the three simply walked into the store, looked over a tray of lockets and diamonds and after securing several loose stones while the clerk's back was turned walked nonchalantly out of the door. They were lost in the crowd before the proprietor could get to the street after discovering the robbery.

BOYS BECOME BANDITS.

Steal Horses and Eat One and Hold Up a Rancher.

Belle Fourche, S. D., Oct. 8.—Deputy Sheriff Harper is on the track of John Reinehart and Ed Wheeler, boys of excellent families, but who it is alleged for some unknown reason took a pair of fine horses from Peter Markuson and rode off over the range for Montana. Reaching the Powder river country, it is charged, they killed one of the horses, ate it and then proceeded to be real "bad men" by holding up a cattleman named Osgood relieving him at the point of a gun of horse, saddle, gun and a few other valuables.

EXTRA DIVIDEND DECLARED

Great Northern Stockholders Get Additional Gift.

New York, Oct. 7.—Announcement of an extra dividend of 1½ per cent declared by the directors of the Great Northern Railway company was made during the day. It was announced that the funds for the dividend are derived from the Lake Superior company and come, not from the ore lands which that company leased to the United States Steel corporation, but from other of its holdings, such as coal lands and express companies' stock.

CITIZENS FIGHT CRACKSMEN

Burglars Escape in Automobile After Battle With Villagers.

Cando, N. D., Oct. 8.—The bank at Churches Ferry was robbed early Monday morning of more than $5,[illegible] besides valuable papers. The safe was dynamited and the building is reported badly wrecked. Citizens were alarmed by the explosion and a fight ensued. The robbers escaped in an automobile and as yet no trace of them has been found.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

John Heinel, charged with drunkenness in the St. Paul police court, said that he was at home and was not disturbing the peace of the city or state when he was arrested by a policeman summoned by his wife. Judge Finehout dismissed the case, holding that a man may drink in his home if he wished and that so long as he does not disturb the peace even a policeman may not enter to arrest him.

Since the publication in the state press of the fact that Superintendent Casey of the schools of Polk county was having difficulty in securing teachers to fill the vacancies in the rural schools he has been deluged with letters of application for positions from all parts of the country. One young lady living as far away as Maine sent a letter asking for particulars.

The annual report of factory inspection in St. Paul just issued by State Labor Commissioner Williams shows that the number of people employed in the factories in St. Paul and its suburbs increased 10.4 per cent during the year ending July 31, 1907. The largest number employed in any industry was in the railroad shops and roundhouses.

State Labor Commissioner Williams has been waging an active campaign for the enforcement of the child labor laws throughout the state. In the past few days the work has been conducted very thoroughly in South St. Paul, where eight prosecutions have been conducted and 180 pupils forced to return to school.

Advance sheets now being prepared by State Treasurer Dinehart for his annual report show that the total receipts for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1907, exceeded those for the preceding year by $1,087,946.22. The total receipts for last year were $11,250,342.27 and for the preceding year $10,162,396.05.

Further developments and explorations indicate a heavy body of ore southwest of Pokegema dam, near Grand Rapids. There are more than forty drills working within ten miles of that place, with good prospects and almost certain indications of ore.

Against the earnest protest of Mayor Robert A. Smith and over his veto the St. Paul city council has enacted an ordinance abolishing free lunch in saloons after several months of active contention over the question.

Because they went on a strike sixteen nurses at the Swedish hospital, Minneapolis, will not be taken back. The strike is the result of a mistake by one of the nurses for which she refused to apologize.

The estimated total assessment of the property in Minnesota for taxation purposes in 1907 will be about $1,000,000,000, which is an increase of more than $100,000,000 over the assessment for 1906.

Lemuel R. Harding of Le Roy was drowned when he accidentally drove into an old elevator pit north of that city.

Bookbinders of St. Paul and Minneapolis are on strike for an eight-hour day and the closed shop.

Mrs. Russell Sage has contributed $20,000 to the building fund of the St. Paul Y. M. C. A.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

After an hour's deliberation a jury at Minneapolis found Anna Ostrosky Jarmuzek guilty of kidnapping. The young woman was charged with having kidnapped the four-day-old girl of Mr. and Mrs. Glauque of Minneapolis early last spring. She was traced to Superior, where the baby was found in a hospital, and the woman was shortly after arrested in Duluth. Mrs. Jarmuzek admitted in the court that she took the baby in hopes she could win back her husband's love by showing him the baby.

Judge C. L. Smith of the Minneapolis municipal court was the victim of a bold daylight theft last week, when about $50 worth of harness was stolen from the backs of the Smith horses, which were tied near the Union depot.

Mrs. Ellen Elert, wife of John Elert of Minneapolis, committed suicide by hanging in the attic of her home. The suicide is thought to have resulted from a long nervous illness that unbalanced the woman's mind.

John Meyers, an employe of the Great Northern Power company at Duluth, while assisting in the repair of some machinery at the plant touched a live wire and fell over dead.

The body of an unknown man, with a knife gash on the left side of the neck and the arteries of the left wrist severed, was found in St. Paul. It is thought to be a case of suicide.

Marie Lawson, seven years old, and Clarence McClauskey, aged six, were run over by a wagon at Worthington and seriously injured.

OBITUARY.

A dispatch from Vermont announces the accidental death of John Johnson, a resident of Otter Tail county, who went East on a visit a few weeks ago. Mr. Johnson was thrown from a buggy in a runaway and met instant death.

Asa P. Whitney, father of Charles C. Whitney, publisher of the Marshall News Messenger, is dead at the home of his son in that city, aged eighty eight years.

J. C. Campbell, one of the pioneer settlers of Dodge Center, is dead, aged eighty six years.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

SPECIAL RATES ON FARM LOANS FROM NOW ON.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

In a speech at St. Louis President Roosevelt endorsed the general principle involved in the scheme for the creation of a ship channel up the river and to the Great Lakes. As he stated the case he would have a loop in the Gulf at New Orleans that would practically create an arm of that body of water to the Great Lakes. At the same time he was most careful to say that he would not give his assent to any particular scheme of improvement.

Startling charges of extravagance and neglectful management, or, if not that, failure to account for millions of dollars, are made by Attorney General Jackson in a petition filed in New York calling for the appointment of receivers for the New York City Railway company and the Metropolitan Street Railway company and also demanding the dissolution of the New York City Railway company.

The McKinley mausoleum at Canton, O., the tribute and gift of a nation to the memory of the martyred president, William McKinley, was dedicated in the presence of President Roosevelt, hundreds of distinguished men from all parts of the United States, representatives of foreign countries and a crowd of approximately 50,000 gathered from all parts of the country.

The federal grand jury at Chicago, before which President James A. Moffett of the Standard Oil company of Indiana was recently called to afford him an opportunity to substantiate his charge that rebating is general, reported to Judge Landis that President Moffett utterly failed to uphold the statements made.

The forty-fifth triennial general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States is in session at Richmond, Va. Of the 102 members of the house of bishops only ten are absent and the attendance of clerical and lay members of the house of deputies is nearly complete.

Judge Sewell has decided that Eymoto, the Japanese restaurant keeper at San Francisco whose place was damaged by a mob some months ago, cannot recover from the city and county of San Francisco damages for anything but the actual loss incurred.

President Roosevelt, in his speech at Memphis, announced that he would call a convention to be held in Washington Jan. 3 next to advocate the preservation and conservation of the natural resources of the country, including coal, waterpower, oil, etc.

The convention of attorneys general at St. Louis, called to discuss railroad regulation and state rights, adjourned after adopting a resolution offered by Attorney General Young of Minnesota asking congress to restrict the power of federal courts.

The sum of $1,000,000, divided into ten portions of $100,000 each, is bequeathed to several colleges and church and charitable organizations by the will of D. Willis James, who died recently in New York city.

In the presence of a distinguished gathering that included many old army associates a memorial tablet was unveiled at the birthplace of President U. S. Grant at Point Pleasant, O.

United States Senator Platt has made formal denial in court that he ever married Mae C. Wood, who is suing him for divorce, alleging that she was married to the senator Nov. 9, 1901.

The Democratic factions in Illinois have buried the hatchet and agreed to give W. J. Bryan the solid Illinois delegation to the next Democratic national convention.

Schoolteachers at Syracuse, O., are on strike, the board of education being unable to pay them more than $35 a month. The law requires that they be paid $40.

Massachusetts Democrats have nominated two state tickets. Both factions met in the same hall at the same time and a lively time resulted.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

An Eye For the Future

will save suffering if your vision is under consideration. Have your eyes examined now, and it may be that light glasses will avoid heavier and more expensive ones later on, and more important still your eye sight for many years, and also lessen the risk of headaches and other ills.

Consultation free.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK
EYE SPECIALIST AND JEWELER

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Help Build Up Your State

The
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issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

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NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 10, 1907.

Farmers will be pleased to know that proceedings to dissolve the farm machinery trust is to be commenced soon.

President Roosevelt told the young people of Iowa to stay on the farms and while there is nothing new in this sort of advice, it is worth repeating.

A Bemidji man who has a sail boat wants two railroad bridges and a public bridge across the Mississippi at that place removed upon the ground that navigation is interfered with. It is not probable that he will gain his point, but he is causing the interested parties considerable trouble.

A good many of the papers are working over time trying to tell the people who will be the next governor of Minnesota. He will have to be a man who stands next to the people, and who will work for certain reforms demanded. The voters in this state are getting wise and can't be fooled.

The residents of Roseau county have a new guessing game entitled, "Who is the Boss of the Great Northern." President Louis Hill says that the extension from Greenbush, to Warroad will not be built, while Chairman of the Board of Directors James J. Hill says that the extension will be built next summer.

Dawson Sentinel: When the corporations say that so and so isn't a safe man for president or governor or congressman, it is a safe prediction that the common people would make no mistake by putting him in office. When the corporations say a man isn't safe, they mean he isn't safe for them. It wouldn't be a bad idea to try some of these "unsafe" men at the very next election.

Hendrum Review: A parcels post with an equal rate for all distances would be a detriment to the newer portion of the country. It would bring everything down to the cost at the cheapest place of production within the country. If we are to have parcels post it will be necessary to have a distance rate. A single rate may have proven successful in England and Germany, but it must be remembered there are single states in the United states covering more territory than either of the countries.

Why is it that one man finds it possible to maintain and in some cases even increase the fertility and cleanliness and appearance of his farm, while his neighbor with the same soil (naturally), the same sunshine and showers and the same natural advantages, permits his land to run down and become seeded with noxious weeds? It must be in the man and his method of management: in the learning and knowing how to do a thing and in doing it just right. Few men do as well as they know. —Frazee Free Press.

Gov. Comer, of Alabama, has announced that he will call an extra session of the legislature of that state. In discussing the matter of issuing the call he said: "The purpose of this extra session is to determine who controls this state, the people or the railroads.

Some people say that extra sessions are expensive, but we believe they are economical when such tremendous consequences attach to the meeting. It seems very strange that the railroads are not willing to give to the people of Alabama without a fierce contest and stubborn opposition a part of what they have conceded to other states. For instance, in many states two cent passenger rates have been established by law and the railroads have acquiesced. Lower freight rates and stricter legislation than our laws call for have been put into effect and the railroads are obeying the laws, and yet here in Alabama we find an unreasonable opposition on the part of some of the roads to grant us part of what has been granted to the people of other states.

Governor Hughes in Leslie's Weekly. When you get out where a man has a little elbow room and a chance to develop, he has thoughts of his own. His thinking is not supplied to him every night and every morning, and he is less of a machine and more of a man, so that I do not think that the farmers need to be looked upon, or want to be looked upon, as dependents of the state. They do not come to the state government asking alms. They are self reliant, they are intelligent. What we want in connection with agriculture is what we want in connection with every other field of noble effort. We want training, we want intelligence, we want scientific method, we want direction, we want the way shown, and then the man can walk in it. There is no reason why the same care and attention and skill and scientific consideration should not be devoted to agriculture as to industry and the technical trades. The men who are running away from the farms too frequently make a mistake, and some day in New York—and the day is rapidly approaching—our young men in larger numbers, will wake up to the fact that they have a pretty good chance on the farm, and that they may be to a greater degree independent and happy in life if they stay where their happy [illegible] cast in connection with their father's farm or another which they may be able to procure.

The North Carolina Case.

A stricter definition of the powers of the lower courts has long seemed desirable. Perhaps the quarrel between the State of North Carolina and a circuit judge as to what is the legal rate of fare in that State may help to bring it about.

The North Carolina Legislature, by an act duly passed, declared the legal fare to be two and a quarter cents a mile. The circuit judge at once held this law to be unconstitutional and enjoined everybody from trying to enforce it. The judge has power to opine that the law is void, but it is not actually void until the court of last resort says so. What, then, is the status of a law which has been attainted and stigmatized by a judicial opinion that it is dead, but which a review in the upper court may discover to be in full vitality? Would a State officer who guided himself by the opinion that the law was defunct be liable to impeachment for neglect of duty, if it turned out that the law was not defunct?

Only five concurring members of the Supreme Court of the United States can speak with certainty about the Constitution; but the weight of legal opinion seems to be that, while the judge's view that the law is void may prove incorrect, the State officers should obey the injunction which he bases upon that view. No question of respect for or obedience to law is involved, because, the act having been duly passed and the judge having attainted it, nobody can tell what is the law until the Supreme Court speaks, and any possible course of action may, in the issue, prove unlawful. But the idea that the State officers should obey the injunction seems to rest upon a general feeling that they are rather less liable to get into serious trouble that way.

On the whole, we think, it is an important subject that ought to be cleared up. We trust the Supreme Court's decision in this North Carolina case will be sufficiently broad to contribute markedly to that end.—Saturday Evening Post.

—For Sale the Hotel Soo and adjoining property, at reasonable prices. Good terms given, as I want to sell this property in the next 30 days. A good chance for some one to make money. This is one of the best corners in the city. D. Cavanaugh.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

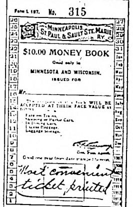

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$10.00 MONEY BOOK

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MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN.

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Fare on Trains.
Sleeping or Parlor Cars.
In Dining Cars.
Excess Baggage.
Baggage Storage.

Gen. Pass. Agent.

Good one year from date stamped hereon.

Most convenient ticket printed

IN MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

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D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

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Those who wish to start saving in a small way should see us. We will be glad to tell you about the conveniences and benefits of a saving account.

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Rickets.

Simply the visible sign that baby's tiny bones are not forming rapidly enough.

Lack of nourishment is the cause.

Scott's Emulsion nourishes baby's entire system. Stimulates and makes bone.

Exactly what baby needs.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Phil Zeh was down to Mahnomen last week.

W. J. LaBree was down to Plummer last Friday.

Staff Curran returned from his trip to Big Stone county last Saturday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

Wanted—Girl attending school to work for board. Mrs. George W. Elder.

D. B. Bakke was up to Middle River last Friday attending to business matters.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley left last Friday for Reynolds, N. D., to visit relatives for a few days.

C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston last Saturday to spend the day with his wife and daughter.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding last week.

T. P. Hamre and M. V. Evenson were down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Cashier Kvennes, of Middle River State bank, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples state Bank.

Henry B. Schmitz and bride left Monday for Minto, N. D., to spend a few days and from there will go to Kalispell, Mont., to make their future home.

At the auction sale of horses at Jenson & Son's livery barn last Saturday afternoon a large number of horses were disposed of and the prices paid were very low.

K. O. Gigstad, and Oscar Post, of St. Hilaire were in the city last Saturday.

The White Earth Tomahawk is authority for the statement that a new town is to be platted one half mile south of Mahnomen across the Wild Rice River.

County Treasurer Tandberg has so far improved as to be able to be over town several times this week, and expects shortly to be back at his desk at the court house.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mrs. D. E. Rathman, of Atlanta, Ga., has located in this city and will give music lessons on the piano, mandoline, and guitar. Those who desire to enter her class will please call at Torrison Bros. funiture store.

Ed. Myrsven, a former Thief River Falls resident who is at present the business manager of the "Bud og Hilsen," a norwegian publication issued at Crookston, was in the city last week calling upon his many friends here.

Congressman Steenerson has received word to the effect that the postoffice department at Washington will soon send an inspector to Thief River Falls to inspect the new proposed rural free delivery route out of this city.

A few Sundays ago a farmer drove over to the county attorney's office and demanded the arrest of a neighbors threshing crew that was violating the Sabbath, says an exchange. The county attorney was pulling weeds in his garden, and he suggested that the complainant go before the justice of peace in his township, but he was informed that the justice was fixing his windmill. He was then asked to telephone the sheriff and have him attend to the matter, but he was loading cattle at the stock yards. The farmer was exasperated and resolved to saddle a horse and go for a constable, but his good wife, who was canning fruit, informed him that the boys had driven the horse to town and were playing baseball.

Postmaster Post has received favorable reports relative to the establishment of the mail route east of town, but it will be some little time before the same can be put into operation.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

C. J. and D. N. Winton, O. J. Schei and C. A. Nason, who spent ten days on a hunting trip up at Moose Jaw, Canada, returned to this city last Friday. They killed a large number of geese and ducks, but could not bring any of them across the line.

The Kelliher Journal, which is published in the "big game" country, says a reliable manner to take the census of the deer of the state would be to keep a record of the number of hunters that pursue these animals, divide that number by two and the result would be a pretty accurate estimate.

—Sealed bids will be received for the painting of the school house in District No. 44. All bids must be in by October 31. The building is 18x30 and one coat of paint is to be applied, and trimmings to be green. Said district to furnish the paint. Address bids to Cornelius Torrison, box 323, Thief River Falls.

—For rent, for sale or will trade for real estate—a flour mill located at Evinsville, Minn., having a daily capacity of 100 barrels. In good condition, steam power. Good chance to buy and ship wheat in or out. For further information call on or write to Fred A. Lane, Anton, Minn. 30.

Audley Caldwell returned to this city last week from North Dakota where he had been working during the fall and the first of the week left for Hamlin to again take up his studies at the university there. He states that Harry Schuster, who was with him out in North Dakota has gone to the Pacific coast country.

Mrs. J. F. Geary is this week moving to the Enerud house four miles up the ridge. She and her children will live there a short time until Mr. Geary finishes his work in Thief River, when he will join them and they will build on the forty acres adjoining the Enerud place, on which they recently filed.—Middle River Pioneer.

—For Sale—Span of fine jet black driving mares, 6 and 7 years old, weight 2200 lbs., good lookers, and right. Can drive them right up to train. Also new solid nickel trimmed harness. Concord top buggy, two seated buggy, canopy top and Park wagon. All three buggies good as new. A bargain if whole outfit is taken. Will sell horses separately. First State Bank of Plummer, Minn., 20 miles south of Thief River Falls on Soo Line.

Phil Lizeo, the crack Argyle pitcher who has played with the North Valley League during the past summer, and who is a native son of Argyle, passed through Crookston last week enroute home from Green Bay, Wisconsin, where he has been playing since the close of the North Valley league. The Wisconsin league has finished the season, Freeport taking the pennant. Lizeo has a remarkable record this summer. He has pitched 100 games this year and has not been taken out of one. Lizeo has signed to play the next year with the Burlington team of the Iowa state league.

Louis Roy, one of the prominent rural school teachers of the county, died at his home in Rocksbury township Sunday, Sept. 29, after an illness of but a few days with an attack of typhoid fever. He had been teaching near Wylie, and when he became too sick to continue his work he went to his home in Rocksbury. Medical aid was enlisted but to no avail, death occuring Sunday afternoon. Mr. Roy was a leader in the county school workers and had a host of warm friends who are greatly grieved at his sudden demise. The funeral was held from the family home in Rocksbury Wednesday and was attended by a large number of sorrowing friends.

A Freak Ear of Corn.

There is lying on the writer's table a portion of an ear of green corn—the tip end is some three inches long. Growing between the rows of corn are rows of barley grains—a row between each two rows of corn. The grains look as natural and seem as much at home as if growing in the regular way, on a stalk of straw and comprising the conventional barley head. The ear of corn supporting this stranger family was being husked for dinner when the disclosure was made, and the husk enclosed its ear with the usual closeness of embrace and security. Now what caused the barley to grow in that unnatural and unusual way, and from whence came the germs from which they sprung, and how got they into that ear of corn, through its apparently impervious husk?—Farm, Stock and Home.

A 113 Pound Squash.

John Anderson brought in a squash, today, raised at their place, west of town, which is probably the biggest ever in this portion of the country. It measures five feet, eight inches in circumference and weighs 113 pounds. It is on exhibition at Wm. Anderson's store, and anyone who feels skeptical can go and investigate. Jim says it is a democratic squash, and reached its enormous proportions by being fed on extracts from Bryan's Commoner, and challenges any Standpatter or Socialist in the state to grow a bigger one.—Hendrum Review.

As Pure and Clean as the Name

A Recognized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

KIEWEL BREWING CO. CROOKSTON, MINN.
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A LIQUID FOOD
A PER[illegible]
White Seal
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CROOKSTON, MINN.
A BUILDER OF HEALTH

ORDER NOW

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CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone 164, Thief River Falls, Minn.

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C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rates and reservations, call on,

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CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SWEDEN AFTER AMERICA'S CUP

Yachtmen Will Try for the Trophy Again After a Lapse of Fifty-Five Years.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Sweden has suddenly come strongly into the public limelight in America through her recent declaration to challenge for the America's cup, which she is going to try and bring back to the other side of the ocean. The following dispatch from Stockholm, dated Oct. 1, would indicate that the Swedish Yacht club means business: "After many years given to the consideration of the subject, the financial and other difficulties have been overcome and Sweden is again about to challenge for the America's cup, for which she competed in 1852. This project has the warm support of King Oscar, who is honorary admiral of the Swedish Yacht club, through which the challenge is being issued. Two prominent millionaire yachtsmen, William Olsson and Goesta Kyhlberg, have subscribed $135,000 toward the expense of the undertaking, and they have engaged the services of the best yacht designers and builders in Sweden. Should the challenge be accepted, John Carlsson, one of the ablest of Sweden's yachtsmen, and a winner of many European races, will have command of the challenger. The prospect of a series of races for the America's cup with a Swedish boat has created the keenest interest here, and there is much confidence that Sweden will have a chance of winning. M. Kyhlberg's yacht Santoy, with other Swedish boats, have won a number of prizes in European waters of recent years."

Not long ago the chauffeur of the British minister in Stockholm was summoned before the police court of Stockholm on the charge of having killed a policeman's dog with the minister's automobile. The judge suggested that the owner of the automobile be made responsible and the British minister was expected to appear in court. But no such thing happened, as an old practice excuses a foreign ambassador from appearing as a defendant in a Swedish court, and the owner of the dog must sue the minister before a British court.

The new Dramatic theater will be completed in January. The completion of the facade alone has entailed an expenditure of not less than $575,000. The walls and floor of the foyer are built of Grecian marble, the cost of which is estimated at $60,000. The stage has also been about completed and it is the largest stage ever erected in Sweden.

From Stockholm comes the report that John Swanberg, who won second prize in the Marathon running races in connection with the Olympian games in 1906, intends to move to America and locate permanently in this country. Great efforts are being made to induce Swanberg to remain in Sweden, but he seems determined to go.

A monument of Swedish granite was unveiled during the early part of last month at Altvanstadt, Germany, in memory of the historical fact that King Charles XII of Sweden, while stopping at that place 200 years ago, compelled the kaiser to obey the Westfalen treaty and to grant religious liberty to the Protestants of Sweden.

Sweden seems ready to adopt drastic measures in regard to immigration. Generals Matern and Uggla of the regular army will next year present a proposition for a law which shall forbid any young man between the ages of 17 and 32 years to emigrate from Sweden.

Crownprince Gustaf is at present in Karlsruhe, Germany, whither he went to attend the funeral of his father-in-law, the grand duke of Baden. Crown princess Victoria has been there during the past two months.

Genealogists have now discovered that the Duchess Maria Pavlovna, the fiancee of Prince Gustaf Adolph, can trace her lineage to King Gustaf Vasa in not less than twenty-seven different ways.

The Skelftea paper has a candidate for the first chamber of the riksdag from that district in the person of P. P. Waldenstrom, the well known leader of the Covenant church of Sweden.

Queen Sofia has returned to the capital from Alo, where she spent the greater portion of the summer. The king and queen are now residing at Drottningholm palace.

The cavalry statue of Karl XV has been completed and will be unveiled some time next month.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Says Michael Alger, the well known Christiania correspondent: "It was on Sept. 2, 1811, that the University of Christiania was founded, by a royal decree of King Frederick VI, king of the then united countries of Denmark and Norway. Since then that day has every year been fittingly observed, and on that day new students are annually enrolled. On that day also those who can celebrate their fiftieth or twenty-fifth anniversaries as students at the university also meet for a reunion. This year about 300 new students were enrolled, and of the fifty-year jubilants, eighteen were present, all men now in the seventies, and mostly in high positions. Professor Brogger, rector of the university, handed out certificates of enrollment and shook hands with each of the young men and women admitted to academic life. In his speech he dwelt on the history of the university, how it was founded in days of great distress, by the national spirit of the Norwegian people who had to send their young men to Copenhagen for a university education. Naturally the number of such students was small. In 1808 there was but one Norwegian student in the University of Copenhagen, and consequently all the higher offices in Norway were filled by Danes, which was very distasteful to the Norwegians. After they got their own university and especially after the dissolution of the union with Denmark in 1814 all this was changed. Professor Brogger said that the university during its nearly one hundred years of existence had done its work satisfactorily, when it was considered what limited material support it had been working with. Its mission as an educational institution it must be said to have fulfilled, inasmuch as the scientific training of the graduates in the different departments would undoubtedly compare very favorably with that imparted by leading universities elsewhere in the world. That the university with its limited means had not been able to do much in the line of scientific research might be true, but still such names as Henrik Abel, Sofus Lie, Sylow, Sars, Kierulf, Nansen, Munch, Sophus, Bugge, etc., could always be pointed to with pride—men who each had done creditable work in his chosen branch."

A few days after Queen Alexandra of Great Britain arrived in Christiania on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, accompanied by a cruiser of the British navy, her sister, the dowager empress of Russia, in the imperial yacht, the Polar Star, also escorted by a Russian cruiser, arrived. Although the royal visits were of a private character they naturally caused extra activity. There were continuous exchanges of visits between the foreign royal visitors and the Norwegian royal family. They took in the sights of the city, went to Holmenkollen and saw Ibsen plays at the National theater. After about a week's stay here, the two yachts with their escorts left last Friday for Copenhagen, where the two royal sisters will visit a while with their brother, the king of Denmark. Princess Victoria of Great Britain, who came here with her mother will remain in Norway for a while as the guest of her sister, Queen Maud. When the dowager empress of Russia and the queen of England left, they gave 2,000 and 1,000 kroner respectively to the poor of Christiania. The dowager empress also gave about 1,300 kroner for distribution among the police force.

In Norway it takes eleven years from the time the child starts in at a high school at the age of 6 or 7, before he can pass the student examination. All this time tuition has to be paid, which in the higher classes amounts to about $6.50 a month. And if a professional career is to be chosen, it means from five to eight years' additional study at the university. Figuring time and money spent for obtaining such an education on one side, and the poor prospects for the graduated student to find suitable occupation on the other, it is no wonder that voices have been raised to turn more of the young people into channels of practical activity, such as business and trade.

Last month the largest military maneuver on record was held in Norway. About 15,000 soldiers participated in the maneuver and King Haakon himself followed the movements of the troops from day to day. The men who were in the field had a pretty tough time playing war. Drenched to the skin by rain almost every day, they have had to turn into tents for the night where the temperature has not been any too high. At the wind-up Saturday on the drilling grounds at Gardermoen, thousands from Christiania and elsewhere witnessed the parade before the king. Several foreign military attaches were present.

The tourist traffic this season has been a most successful one taken right through. Tourists from all parts of the world have been in Norway and many of them have made heavy purchases. Despite a most miserable season as to the weather the tourist traffic has brought satisfactory returns. The king of Siam was a specially good customer. He bought liberally while in Norway, principally furs and jewelry.

The trip of Mrs. Dybwar and her colleagues to America has been given up owing to the exorbitant rentals asked by the theatrical trust for theaters. The troupe will make a European tour and play Ibsen—mainly in Germany.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Frederick has during the past two weeks had as his guests his two royal sisters, Queen Alexandra of England and the dowager empress of Russia. They were of course royally entertained and special entertainments were arranged in their honor.

A recent dispatch from London states that the wireless telephone has made immense progress in the course of a few weeks on the basis of Valdemar Poulsen's system. Messages have been fully exchanged between Berlin and Cambridge.

MARION & NORELIUS.

CORONERS IN MAINE.

More Than Officials For Probing Cases of Violent Deaths.

Suppose you know all about the duties of a coroner. Perhaps it would be safer to say you think you do, for the chances are that your real knowledge of what these officials do is somewhat limited. It wouldn't be at all strange if there are many lawyers who are not thoroughly acquainted with the duties and privileges of these officials.

Time was when coroners of Maine outranked the sheriffs. Ever hear about that? It wasn't so many years ago. In those days the coroners were required to give a bond of $50,000 and the sheriff one of $40,000. Today it is different. The sheriffs give the same big bond, but the coroners have to have financial backing to the extent of only about a thousand. The legislature has changed the law.

Even now there are only two officials who can serve a paper upon a sheriff, a coroner or a high sheriff of another county. It used to be that the coroner was the only one who could do this.

There are times when it becomes necessary to serve a writ of attachment upon a sheriff, and this, too, when he doesn't owe the man who makes the atachment a single penny.

A brings a suit against B and attaches his property to insure getting his cash. B, however, owes C a certain sum. Now, the property which A has attached is worth a great deal more than the amount of A's claim. C can't very well attach it, because there is already an attachment. To cover his claim he must attach the sheriff as custodian of the property. To look out for his own interests he had the attachments made. Here is where the coroner comes in. He or the high sheriff of another county must make the service. As coroners are, for the most part, most accessible, they are called for oftenest in these cases.

The coroner also does the work of a sheriff or his deputy in the case of the death of a sheriff.

When a sheriff dies his deputies "die with him." In such an event the county is left without a sheriff or a deputy sheriff. Its only officers to serve civil papers are constables, and they cannot make attachments above a certain sum. Some provision has to be made by law to guard against emergencies. On the death of a sheriff the governor, first of all, appoints a jail breaker, so that there may be some person legally to have charge of convicts in the penal institution of the county. After that he names a sheriff to fill the unexpired term. But this doesn't provide for the service of civil papers.

Here is where the coroner steps in. He, under the laws of the state, has power to serve these papers.

The last sheriff to die in office in Maine was Sheriff Reed of Penobscot county in 1895. In the time between his death and the appointment of his successor, Charles R. Brown of Springfield, there came an important attachment to be made on a Bangor concern. A coroner was called in by the firm of lawyers who had the case, and he was requested to make the service. It was a new duty for the man, but he successfully grappled with it.

You see, coroners are something more than officials for investigating cases of violent deaths.—Lewiston Journal.

An Emperor's Attic.

The winter palace of the czar surpasses any other palace in Europe. It is on the banks of the Neva and owes its existence to the Empress Catherine II., that most extraordinary woman, extraordinary in ability and in vice, the surprise of all her contemporaries and the wonder of all who have studied her character. The building is four stories high, of a light brown color and highly ornamental in architecture. It is a wilderness of halls, stairways and apartments. The Nicholas hall and the St. George's hall will never be forgotten by those who have seen them.

One of the most interesting rooms is that where Nicholas I. died. It is in the upper story of the northeast corner of the building and is approached by four doors and finally by a narrow passage. It is a small room, only about eighteen feet long and twelve feet wide, with two small windows, and is the place where the emperor spent most of his time when not officially employed. It is the room in which he died, some say by poison administered by himself in a fit of melancholy induced by the outcome of the Crimean war. The room remains just as he left it. Near the center is a plain iron bedstead. Some chairs and a few cheap pictures adorn the room, and a dilapidated, down at the heel pair of slippers complete the furnishings of the attic room in the palace.

Dancing Birds.

One of the many strange sights on the plains of southern Africa is a party of waltzing ostriches. Their queer antics have been described thus:

"When there are a number of them they will start off in the morning and after running a few hundred yards will stop and with raised wings will whirl rapidly round till they are stupefied or perhaps break a leg. The males pose also before fighting and to make their court. They kneel on their ankles, opening their wings and balancing themselves alternately forward and backward or to one side or the other, while the neck is stretched on a level with the back and the head strikes the sides, now on the right, now on the left, while the feathers are bristling. The birds appear at this time so absorbed in their occupation as to forget all that is going on around them and can be approached and caught. The male alone utters a cry, which sounds much like an effort to speak with the mouth shut tight."

A BOY PIONEER.

Joseph Watt's Fateful Journey to Oregon In 1844.

In 1844, when emigrants from the middle states were going to make homes in Oregon, many young boys joined the pioneers and made the hard journey over the plains and mountains. One of these lads, Joseph Watt of Missouri, is described by the author of "McDonald of Oregon." He was about seventeen years of age and was employed to drive cattle. He walked most of the way to his new home.

"I have borrowed $2.50, Joe, to fit you out," his father had said at parting, and with that the young man had bought a pair of boots and invested the rest in pins and fishhooks to trade with the Indians. But new boots! He slung them over his rifle and put on moccasins.

At a certain point in the journey, away back on Burnt river, the man for whom Joe was driving said: "You had better leave us and hurry on into Oregon. Provisions are getting scarce. We shall need all there is for the children."

"All right. I can take care of myself." Without a morsel of food Joe Watt and Elisha Bowman struck out with their rifles—and Joe's boots.

"If we could only eat the boots!" sighed Joe. Bare to the knees from continually cutting off his trousers to mend his moccasins, he strode through the lacerating sagebrush.

"How are you going to get down?" inquired the boatman when every other eager passenger had piled on the Hudson Bay bateau sent up by Dr. McLoughlin. Alone on the shore stood Joe Watt. "How are you going to get down?"

"I don't know."

"Have you any provisions?"

"No, nothing."

"Can you sing or tell yarns?"

"Yes, both."

"Very well; climb on to the bow of that boat." So they started.

"Well, figurehead, pipe up!" was the present demand.

With sad and solemn eyes, without a smile, Joe sang and told stories. Everybody laughed. The weary emigrants needed entertainment, and Joe was a born comedian.

The doctor was building a flour mill at the falls, and with some misgivings Joe was engaged as a carpenter. At night he slept in the shavings. The first pay day he was rich. With $12 in hand, clothes, soap, Hudson Bay blankets were his.

Never blankets felt so soft. Passing his hand thoughtfully over the wool, within sound of the potential falls, a great idea came into the heart of Joseph Watt, "I will build woolen mills on this Pacific coast." Years later the boy fulfilled this resolve.—Youth's Companion.

The Hawaiian Alphabet.

There are but twelve letters in the Hawaiian alphabet. These, with their pronunciations, are: A (ah), e (a), o (o as in ho), u (oo), h (hay), k (kay), l (la), m (moo), n (noo), p (pay) and w (vay). The missionaries added a thirteenth, t, but the natives won't have it and continue to pronounce, for instance, the name of the root from which poi is made "kara," although the missionaries have it "tara." Every vowel in a word is distinctly sounded except that the vowels ai are sounded "i," as in English. Waikiki, the beach in Honolulu, is properly pronounced "Vikeekee." There is a great difference in the speech of the high and low caste natives. The first call their island group "Ha-va-ee-ee," and the latter begin it all right with "Ha," but conclude with a guttural grunt, and the word heard most, "Aloha," sounds soft and beautiful on the lips of the first, but is a lazy, good natured grunt as the latter speak it. Aloha is in their limited vocabulary at once a greeting and farewell, a formal expression of regard and of deep love. In the latter case it is increased in warmth and depth of meaning by modifying adjectives annexed instead of prefixed, as "Aloha nui," "Aloha nui loa," or even "Aloha nui loa keaf"—and then it is time to speak to papa.

Fans From a Fish's Fins.

Curious little fans are made from the pectoral fins of the fish known as the sea robin. The sea robin is not a very large fish, but its pectoral fins are large in proportion to its size, and in nature they suggest fans from the manner in which the fish opens and closes them. The pectoral fins of the smaller sea robins are mottled with brown, those of the larger fishes with maroon, beautifully shaded. The fins have many rays or ribs. In making a fan the fin is first stretched out on a board to dry. A large fin will make a fan about six inches in length. The rays spread out in it as [illegible] in a Japanese fan, except that the rays are not [illegible] and they are [illegible]. When the fin is dry it is mounted as a fan, and when it has been thus completed it is dipped in varnish. The varnish not only brings out the colors, but it serves also as a preservative. Thus treated the fan will last for years.

Sentient Alarm Clocks.

"Devil dogs" are a species of alarm clock used in Greece for the purpose of keeping persons awake, such as watchmen, stage drivers and railroad men. They are generally small black dogs. Should the person whom the "devil dog" is detailed to keep awake be a stage driver, the dog is strapped to a little seat beside him and throughout the journey he keeps up a sharp barking, often causing the passengers to keep awake as well as the driver. At times he will pause for a minute or two to moisten his parched throat at the basin of water set before him and then begins again.

SECRET CHECK SIGNS.

Ways by Which Millionaires Protect Their Signatures.

FOILS AGAINST FORGERIES.

In the Absence of the Hidden Mark a Bank Will Refuse to Pay—An Instance Which Shows How the Secret Sign May Serve Other Purposes.

If all reports be true, then the life of the millionaire, like that of the policeman, is most certainly not a happy one.

There is little doubt that a certain class of criminals regard millionaires as legitimate prey, and the millionaires, knowing this, are compelled to contrive schemes to thwart their cunning.

The modern method of doing business by check has to a large extent provided the forger with opportunities for the exhibition of his workmanship. Therefore many of the millionaire's schemes for his protection relate to his signature on checks, and these schemes, which usually consist of secret marks entirely apart from the signature, indicate to the bank the genuineness of the checks and are mostly of a simple character.

Far and away the most clever idea for protecting a check signature is the one utilized by an American millionaire whose name is as well known in Great Britain as in the States.

His idea is an extremely simple one. It is this: On the back of each check that he signs he makes a tiny blot, which looks so innocent and natural. But should the blot be missing then the bank will decline to honor the check. This little blot saved the millionaire $30,000 on one occasion alone.

Early one morning he was kidnaped. His captors threatened violence unless they received £10,000 immediately. The millionaire thought. Then, after hesitation for a few minutes, he offered to write out a check for the money then and there on the understanding that immediately the check was cashed he was to be released.

The terms were accepted, and the millionaire wrote out the check, but he left out the blot. He certainly had great confidence in his plan, for it was impossible to tell what might happen when the check was presented and payment of it refused.

However, the kidnapers went off to the bank and presented the check. Of course the cashier looked for the blot, and when he saw that it was missing he suspected that something was wrong. Payment of the check was refused on the ground that it was incomplete, and the men went away, followed by officials of the bank, who were fortunately able to rescue the millionaire from the desperadoes' hands.

Another man of great wealth disposes of the signature difficulty in a different way altogether. He protects himself by never giving an uncrossed check, and this fact has duly been notified to the bank.

Each day his bank pass book is examined by his private secretary, and if there is an entry in the book which has no business there then the matter can be looked into at once. Of course if the bankers pass a forged check, then, generally speaking, they must bear the loss themselves.

This system has many disadvantages. It means that the man must never allow his check book out of his possession and must place unreserved confidence in his secretary and his staff.

The private secretary supplies his employer with any cash required, receiving in exchange a duly crossed check for the amount. It is the private secretary, therefore, who has to protect his signature from forgery, and this he does in a very [illegible] way. He has had a copy of his signature cut out of cork. This he uses as he would an India rubber stamp, and he claims that it is as impossible to imitate the markings of the cork as it is impossible to duplicate the [illegible] human thumb.

At any rate, the novelty of the idea has sufficed to scare off would be forgers, for it is stated that no one has ever attempted to copy the cork signature.

Placing a small grease spot on the check is another protective idea, though the spot has in this case to be precisely in a prearranged position. In a further case the check is never torn out of the check book quite straight. There is always a little piece torn off down part of one side, seemingly in quite an accidental manner.

But still all these devices may fail at times, and in every case the experience and keenness of the bank officials afford additional protection. Indeed, this experience is perhaps the greatest safeguard of all.—Pearson's Weekly.

Electric Railway Inventor.

The electric railway had many inventors [illegible] who by various improvements brought the system to its present perfection. Thomas Davenport, a blacksmith of Brandon, Vt., is credited with having first suggested the electric railway, although an Italian priest, Abbe Salvatore Dal Negro, professor of natural philosophy at the University of Padua, is said to have designed an electric toy [illegible] type in 1830. Davenport ran a toy motor mounted on wheels on a small circular railway in 1835, exhibiting this a year later at Springfield and Boston. About half a century passed, however, before the electric railway was made practical for present uses.—Argonaut.

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Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Simon Opsahl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl, Decedent:

The state of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, Mathea Opsahl, Gunda Opsahl, Even Opsahl, Peter Opsahl, Ole Opsahl and Mathilda Opsahl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th. day of October 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 30th. day of September 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

SEAL

N. B. Hanson, Barnesville, Minn.,
Attorney for Petitioner.

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TALLOW SALVORS.

The Men Who Skim Grease Off the Sea at Launching Time.

One of the most anxious moments for battleship builders arrives when a new vessel is launched. And, by the way of compensation, this is the time when the tallow salvors are joyous.

The day fixed for the ceremony of launching is reached, and, as usually happens when a battleship is to be launched, a big crowd assembles. The battleship rests on "slipways," down which she will glide from the dock yard into the water. The only thing that prevents the ship from sliding into the water before the proper time is the "dog shores"—large pieces of wood that keep in position the cradle upon which the battleship rests. When the cord that releases the dog shores is cut the battleship glides down the slipways into the water amid the cheers of the spectators and the playing of the band.

The slipways have to be made as smooth and as slippery as it is possible to make them, so that nothing shall prevent the battleship from gliding into the water safely. It is the greasy substance with which these slipways are covered that calls forth the joy of the tallow salvors.

Since the slightest mishap at the launching would almost certainly prove to be a very costly matter, no pains are spared to insure that everything, including the ship, goes smoothly, and the greasing of the slipways is properly regarded as an important task.

The material used in the process is generally tallow mixed with linseed oil or soft soap, and this is smeared on to the ways to a thickness of about two inches. Every inch of the ways must be covered carefully, and a host of men are employed in the work. First of all the tallow is spread on with trowels, so as to give a smooth and flat surface, and then the soft soap or linseed oil is poured on top. Between one and one and a half tons of the mixture is used in the case of a battleship, and the cost of launching amounts to a good sum, something like £800 or £1,000.

The tallow salvors get ready to reap the harvest.

Crowding the water just where the ship is to be launched will be seen a number of small rowing boats belonging to the tallow salvors. As the vessel glides into the water the tallow which has clung to the keel and bottom plates from the ways becomes loosened and floats to the water's surface in great masses.

Then the tallow salvors swarm around. Bared to the shoulder, they reach over the sides of their boats and proceed to gather in as much of the floating tallow as they can. Some of them even have small hand nets to help them, but in any case it is only a question of a few minutes before the boats are covered, both inside and out, with the slippery, oily mixture, while in the center small heaps of fat gradually arise. No ordinary person could remain in the boats, but the tallow salvors are not at all particular. They row off with their loads and dispose of them to the local soapmakers. Sometimes as much as £2 or £3 can be made by a very agile tallow salvor.—London Answers.

Poe's Devotion to His Wife.

No picture of Poe in Philadelphia would be complete, writes E. P. Oberholtzer in Book News, if we do not remember his poetic attachment for his girl wife and his love for high literary ideals, so faithfully evidenced in his own writing and in his criticism of the work of other men. "His love for his wife was a sort of rapturous worship of the spirit of beauty which he felt was fading before his eyes." Mr. Graham wrote after the poet's death: "I have seen him hovering around her when she was ill, with all the fond fear and tender anxiety of a mother for her firstborn, her slightest cough causing in him a shudder, a heart chill that was visible. I rode out one summer evening with them, and the remembrance of his watchful eyes eagerly bent upon the slightest change of hue in that loved face haunts me yet as the memory of a sad strain." Recollecting that when she was gone honest sorrow mingled with the poverty that hung about him like a thick cloud through which no sun shone, we can afford to forgive much in those last misspent days.

Blunders of the Types.

An author who has a scrapbook devoted to typographical errors was showing the articles to a friend.

One item concerned a dance. The word "bonnier" was misprinted, with this deplorable result: "There were no bonier ladies present than the mayor's own daughters, and this fact was further emphasized by the perfect fit of the shepherdess costumes they wore."

A country paper, after telling how a cow got in front of a train, said, "As the safest course under the circumstances the engineer put on full steam, dashed into the cow and literally cut it into two calves."

A New York society editor, misprinting the word "chill," published this statement: "Mrs. Aster was unavoidably absent from the reception, being kept at home by a bad child."

Helping the Minister.

A young minister unexpectedly called upon to address a Sunday school asked, to gain time:

"Children, what shall I speak about?"

A little girl on the front seat, who was in the habit of reciting at entertainments, had committed to memory several declamations so that she was always prepared for any occasion. Sympathy and interest shone in her face as she held up her hand and in a shrill voice inquired:

"What do you know best?"—Ladies' Home Journal.

THE LOST ATLANTIS.

An Ideal Land Where Man Had Reached Social Perfection.

According to Plato, who was the first to put the story on record, having heard it from the Egyptian priests, Atlantis was an island in the Atlantic ocean "over against the pillars of Hercules." It was larger than Asia and Africa taken together and 9,000 years before his time was densely peopled by a race rich, great and powerful. The dominion extended over the greater part of Africa and Europe, and their conquering progress was finally checked only by the united resistance of the Athenians and other Greeks.

In the course of time this great people, this powerful nation, forgot its greatness and its power and turned to wickedness and sin. Then there came an earthquake, which lasted a day and a night and was followed by an inundation of the sea. After that nothing but slime and shoals remained to mark the spot where Atlantis had flourished.

This is the romantic story as told by Plato. As we have said, he got it from the Egyptian priests. Where did the priests get it? Was it purely imaginary, or was it founded, as some of the stories of mythology are, upon a thin foundation of fact?

On this point both the ancient and the modern writers have different views. Some suppose that the existence of the island was really believed in because the Phoenicians may have visited the Canary islands or the Azores; that the story of Atlantis grew out of their possible discovery. Others think that it is the expression of a vague belief by the ancients in the existence of the western hemisphere.

So far as the origin of the story goes, we shall never perhaps know more than we do now, but we have for all time the beauty of the story itself as showing what the poets of antiquity conceived to be the ideal condition of the human race.

According to these ancient writers, Atlantis was one of the most productive countries in the world. Its natural resources were unbounded. Everything that could add to the pleasure and comfort of men was there in profusion—grain, wine, delicious fruit, metals of various kinds, great forests, fertile plains, pleasure grounds, springs and rivers.

The island was divided into ten kingdoms, each wholly independent of the other, but bound by the common ties of noble purposes and mutual good will. Commerce flourished as it did nowhere else in the world, its harbors receiving the products of every other known country. There were large and populous cities rich in architectural effect and embellished with the most beautiful works of art. Its villages were also rich and thriving, and its fields were under the most skillful and profitable cultivation.

This was Atlantis as the old poets pictured it, the ideal land where men had reached the ultimate development of social and general government.—Chicago News.

Visitors From Space.

Whatever be their origin, it would seem that these solid bodies (meteorites) are hurling through space at velocities which may be anything between ten and forty miles a second. If they come near enough to this earth to be attracted by it, their course is changed and presently they enter our atmosphere. The result is a sudden check to their speed, owing to the intense resistance and friction engendered by contact with the air particles. What happens may be likened to the sudden application of the wooden brake block to the rapidly moving wheel of an express train. Heat is generated in exchange for motion, and the trail of sparks from the checked wheel is represented in the checked meteorite by a luminous trail. We commonly call it a shooting star, and if its mass be small it is possibly altogether dissipated in heat and gas or it may ultimately find its way to our earth as dust. Such "meteoric dust" has been found on the eternal snow of mountains where dust of the ordinary type would be impossible. If, on the other hand, the mass of matter be large, its surface only will be affected by the sudden heat generated, and it may fall to the ground entire or possibly explode and be scattered in fragments over a wide area.—Chambers' Journal.

A Wise Answer.

It takes but an ordinary man to return an angry answer to an insult. The extraordinary man is he who, under such circumstances, holds himself so well under control that he controls his adversary also. Persia once possessed such a man and was clear sighted enough to make him a judge. He was the chief judge of Bagdad in the reign of Caliph Hadee, and his name was Abou Yusuph. He was a very wise man, for he knew his own deficiencies and was actually sometimes in doubt as to whether he possessed sufficient wisdom to give a just decision in cases peculiarly shrouded in mystery. It is related of him that on one occasion, after patient investigation of facts, he decided that he had not sufficient knowledge to pronounce on the case before him. There was in his presence a pert courtier, one of those men who take long to learn that wisdom and impudence are not closely related.

"Pray, do you expect that the caliph is to pay you for ignorance?" he asked, hoping to place the judge at a disadvantage.

"I do not," was the mild reply. "The caliph pays me, and pays me well, for what I do know. Were he to attempt to pay me for what I do not know, the treasures of his empire would not suffice."

AN EXTINCT ANIMAL.

The Saber Toothed Tiger Was a Formidable Creature.

The most remarkable of all the extinct feline animals are those known to naturalists as the saber toothed cats or tigers, a group comprising the greater part of all the fossil forms. They date back to the earliest times of which we know anything about the family in North America and reach down to the time of man himself. A large and powerful species described from the Indian Territory by Cope lived contemporaneously with the hairy mammoth, as evidenced by the commingling of their skeletons. There can be little or no question but that the hairy mammoth was contemporaneous with man in North America as well as in Europe. Its geological range is from the close of the eocene to the latter part of the pleistocene.

The chief peculiarity of the animal is the extraordinary elongated canine teeth. The tail is of unusual length and the legs are short. The animal measures about seven feet in length aside from the tail. The lower jaws have a downward projection in front, due to a flangelike widening of the jawbones, which doubtless served as a protection to the teeth, preventing their injury or loss. In some of the larger forms from South America this flange was not present, while the canine teeth were even more elongated than is the case with this species, attaining a length of over six inches and protruding far below the jaws when closed.

A FAMOUS ROAD.

India's Tree Bordered Highway 1,200 Miles In Length.

The road I have in my mind is in India and stretches 1,200 miles from Lahore to Calcutta. It is the famous Grand Trunk road. Let me explain its nature, though one cannot do so by comparison, for there is no road of five miles in England that is anything like it. It is level. Indeed, there is not above a mile the whole distance where even a lady need dismount to walk. The material with which it is made is called kunker, and if you care to turn that word into concrete you have an idea of what it is like. It is exceedingly hard and as smooth as a prepared pavement. There is no dust. When I first got on this road and enjoyed the luxury of easy traveling I said, "This is magnificent, but in a little time I suppose it will become gritty and uneven." I went 50, 100 miles, 200 miles, 500, 600, 700 miles, and it was always the same, with not even a small stone to give a jog. Nearly the whole of the way is lined with a double row of majestic trees.

With two friends I rode across India during the hottest time of the year, in April and May, and was never seriously inconvenienced by the heat, for at a pace of fifteen miles an hour one could create a draft.—Chambers' Journal.

Roadside Wit.

He who matched wits with the author of "The Ancient Mariner" had indeed a lively task before him, for Coleridge was never caught napping. The poet was so awkward a horseman that his riding often attracted comment of anything but a complimentary nature. One day he was riding along the turnpike road in the county of Durham when a wag who met him fastened upon him as an excellent subject for sport. Consequently he drew rein and said in an impertinent drawl:

"My graceful friend, did you happen to meet a tailor on the road?"

"I'm inclined to think I did," said Coleridge meditatively. "I was not sure at the moment, but he said something about my meeting a goose farther along the road."

The wag put spurs to his horse, and the poet jogged calmly on his way.

Past Salaries of Actors.

A number of autograph letters of Edmund Kean supply some interesting information about the salaries of actors early in the nineteenth century. One relates to an offer by Mr. Ellison offering Kean £3 a week as acting manager of "the new theater in Wych street." Later this rose to £25 a month. In 1820 Kean was offered $12,000 a year to go to America. In the prime of his popularity he received £200 for a week in Edinburgh and apparently reached the highest point when Mr. Bunn wrote from the Theater Royal, Dublin, on Feb. 8, 1829, and offered him £50 a night to play in Dublin and Cork.—Liverpool Mercury.

Home Influences.

Each one of us is bound to make the little circle in which he lives better and happier; each one of us is bound to see that out of that small circle the widest good may flow; each of us may have fixed in his mind the thought that out of a single household may flow influences which shall stimulate the whole commonwealth and the whole civilized world.—Dean Stanley.

Got Too Important.

"What has become of the maid you thought such a prize?"

"Oh, I had to let her go!" replied the second fashionable woman. "After her operation for appendicitis she thought she was one of us."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Right On.

Wisejay—It must be a great pleasure to tell a joke to an acrobat. Softleigh—Why? Wisejay—Because he tumbles so easily.—Morristown (Pa.) Times.

A Good Guess.

Mother—Mercy, child, how do you get your hands so dirty? You never saw mine as dirty as that. Child—No, but I guess grandma did.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Ladies Fall and
Winter Coats

We are pleased to announce that we purchased early our fall and winter coats at very low prices, and our stock will be complete in a few days, and at prices that will surprise you. Our coats have been carefully selected and comprise the very latest in style and finish. In cloth coats we have them in fur lined, with fur collors and without. Prices range from $8.00 to $25.00.

Our line of fur jackets, such as mink, near seal, and artrakan are simply superb and prices right.

Furs == Furs == Furs

Our line of ladies fur lollars is the largest in the northwest, comprising the latest both in long and short furs. Prices range from 75c to $25. You will admit they are pretty.

Just received, a beautiful line of ladies shirt waists. Prices from $1.25 to $8.50.

A word to the wise: If you intend to buy a coat or fur this fall, we invite you to look over our line before buying. We can please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

The Man With Forty Ghosts.

A popular novelist talked with regret about the old ghost habit of the past.

"Famous painters first and famous writers afterward alike had ghosts," he said. "These ghosts were pupils, disciples. They did the basic work of the master's picture or novel, and the master polished up, put on the finishing touches and signed his name to it. This practice, indeed, still obtains in architecture. It was a practice that allowed a popular artist a manifold increase of production and consequently of income. Dumas, the elder Dumas, had no less than forty ghosts—forty intelligent young men writing away for him about D'Artagnan, Porthos, Aramis and the rest. But Dumas was reckless, and the existence of his forty ghosts became known; hence a good deal of scandal. At the height of this scandal Dumas said to a lady one night:

"'Have you read my last book, madame?'

"The lady, with a mischievous smile, replied:

"'No, M. Dumas. Have you?'"

Don't Please the Czar.

The Russian czar doesn't like the women in the Finnish parliament. According to Premier Stolypin, he may oust this "Socialistic assembly." Regarding the women members, the czar's words are as follows:

"I hate the women deputies in the diet; they talk so stupidly against my will and my representatives there. They are against the church, against the nobility, against the use of alcoholic liquors and things like that. I think that is very stupid. The women make the men look foolish and do no good in politics. To my mind the women are the most dangerous element in politics, for they are radicals and very nervous. They have a great influence over the men and can rouse the whole country in a war against me. You probably remember that the Finns were the first to disarm our troops, proclaim a general strike and arrest the governor general. The Finnish women are simply terrible, and when I find an opportunity I shall dissolve this woman diet and take away the women's right to vote."—Socialist Woman.

The Mule and the Philosopher.

"This is very tough," soliloquized the donkey as he tearfully regarded the big stalk of corn with its golden ears of grain just on the other side of the fence. "I plowed the field, cultivated the corn and hauled the lumber to build this fence." And the donkey commenced to kick himself.

A philosopher passed that way. He inquired of the donkey why he kicked himself. On being told the philosopher

A Lost Dollar.

A missionary bishop told at a dinner in New York, according to the Sun, this story about F. Marion Crawford, the famous novelist:

"Mr. Crawford went to school," he said, "in Concord, and one day he was taken to call at a Concord clergyman's. The clergyman had a missionary box on his drawing room table, and, time hanging heavily on the boy's hands, he amused himself with trying whether a silver dollar—it was all the money he had in the world, and he had converted it into that gigantic coin for safety—would go into the slit in the box's top. It was a close fit, but unfortunately it did go, and the coin slipped out of the embryo author's fingers. There was a terrible crash of silver falling among the coppers, and then the boy, as the novelists say, 'knew no more.' When he came to himself he found the clergyman and his family in raptures over his generosity."

You Could Slip Off the Edge.

There was a time—centuries ago, of course—when the learned men of the world really thought that the world was a square—not merely flat, but that it was a cube. The primitive geographers of Egypt, Assyria and China all taught that the world was a "square plane." One of the most curious discoveries ever made in Central America concerning Toltec beliefs, symbols, etc., is that they also had a similar idea concerning the form of what we now speak of as the "globe." A writer on the discoveries made among the monumental ruins of that country says, "They (meaning the Peruvians, Toltecs and Quiches) believed the world to be a cube, suspended from the heavens by cords of gold fastened to each of its corners."

Good In Everything.

The late Sir Wilfred Lawson, well known as an English temperance reformer as well as a wit, invariably took a cheerful view of life and conduct. In conversation with him one day an ardent person railed forcibly against the practice of christening vessels with champagne before being launched. Sir Wilfred did not altogether agree and said a good temperance lesson might be learned from the practice.

"How can that be?" demanded the other.

"Well," replied the baronet, "after the first taste of wine the ship takes to water and sticks to it ever after."

Votes of the Workers.

One thing that God in his infinite wisdom didn't give the capitalists is the votes of the working class. That they get them is due wholly to the infinite stupidity of the givers.—Eric

It Didn't Go.

"Lady, I'm out of work," explained the tramp, undismayed by the forbidding glare of the Illinois farmer's wife. "I'm a deep sea fisherman; but the fish is all fished out of the Atlantic ocean this year. Bein' a poor, unfortunate, but honest man, I'm now on my way walkin' to the Pacific coast where the fishin' is good. Can't you help a feller along a bit?"

"Yes, indeed," replied the farmer's wife; "I'll just unloose the dog and help you run part of the way."—Lippincott's.

Family Repartee.

"Well," snapped Mrs. Henpeck, "I certainly was a fool when I married you."

"True, my dear," responded Henpeck, "and I regret to state you haven't improved any."—Detroit Free Press.

Good Beginning.

Doctor—Madam, your husband must have absolute rest. Madam—Well, doctor, he won't listen to me. Doctor—A very good beginning, madam—a very good beginning.—Binghamton Herald.

Appear to know only this—never to fail nor fall.—Epictetus.

Birds That Boat In Their Nests.

"The mother bird sat on her eggs at the water's edge, and when I approached she pushed off with her foot as though the nest had been a boat, and away she floated calmly down the stream."

"What you saw was a rare spectacle," said the nature student. "The bird was a grebe, the colymbus minor. She always builds on the water's edge, and her nest is always woven of aquatic plants so closely and firmly that it will float herself and her eggs without leaking. On the approach of danger the bird pushes off. Nor is she at the current's mercy during her voyage. She uses her foot as a paddle, and I have seen her steer her boat nest with some little dexterity round a bend, landing in a quiet cove as well, say, as the average young lady waterman."

Giving the Poor Work.

Do not cheat yourself into thinking that all the finery you can wear is so much put into the hungry mouths of those beneath you. It is not so. It is what you yourselves, whether you will or no, must some time feel it to be; it is what those who stand shivering in the streets, forming a line to watch you as you step out of your carriages, know it to be. Those fine dresses do not mean that so much has been put into their mouths, but that so much has been taken out of their mouths.—John Ruskin.

SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

FOR A NOBLER INCENTIVE.

Under Socialism Conscience Will Take the Place of Selfish Greed.

We hear much from the capitalist side that Socialism would remove the incentive for the best effort that is in man. By this they mean that if the opportunity of becoming a millionaire, to get rich by the profit system of exploiting the workers, to become a Carnegie, Sage or Rockefeller, were not constantly held up before the people as it is today none of us would try to give his best efforts to further the interests of society. In other words, in order to bring out the best that is in man he must always be on a constant and feverish hunt for dollars. To gain worldly goods we know is the sole incentive under the capitalist game, and for that very reason we condemn it as savage. We declare, on the other hand, that the accumulation of money and other wealth is not and never has been and never can be the incentive that impels men to their noblest and best achievements.

The incentive for profit impels men today to adulterate food, employ child labor, manufacture shoddy material, corrupt legislatures, congressmen and city officials, to work employees long hours at small pay, to even commit deeds and permit conditions to exist that are worse than murder. That is the damnable incentive of the capitalistic arrangement, and the man who tries to conduct his business today on any other principle nine times out of ten is forced into bankruptcy. I know that is true, because I have had experience.

No. In order to become a Carnegie by stalking over the bones of the victims of the Homestead riot; to become a Harriman, Hill or Sage by the misery, insanity and suicide of the stock exchange turmoil; to become a Rockefeller when women and children are to be condemned to toil, poverty and degradation is not a praiseworthy achievement. And if these are the only incentives our capitalist friends can point to with so much pride they would better admit that the spirit of Christ has disappeared from the world. The history of the human race demonstrates that the best and the noblest deeds were accomplished when there was some other incentive than the thirst for gold and bonds.

And yet capitalism points with pride to our Carnegies and Rockefellers. They should rather be pointed out with expressions of derision, for they have gained the wealth of others only by exploiting the best manhood of America.

No, the world's greatest achievement is not money getting. Patrick Henry's patriotic oration was not delivered to gain gold. It was a higher and nobler incentive than that. The incentive that inspired the young French officer at the time of the French revolution to compose the verse and tune of the "Marseillaise" was not for worldly wealth. The armies of the American Revolution were not led to glorious victory to gain wealth, but freedom.

So don't be deluded by the capitalistic clatter, my comrades, that the incentives of the Socialist society to develop the best and noblest achievements in you and in me will be lacking. On the contrary, to accomplish the highest and grandest achievements will be the only competition we shall have. The good you can do to society, the applause of your comrades, the joy born of effort, the ambition to be chosen by your fellows to represent them in congress; to exert a better influence over the men in your community; to make the world brighter and better than our forefathers found it; to invent better labor saving machinery; to dig deeper into science; to discover wonders of which we haven't yet dreamed—these will be the mighty incentives that will move the world.—Henry T. Jones, New York.

True Freedom.

Men whose boast it is that ye
Came of fathers brave and free,
If there breathe on earth a slave,
Are ye truly free and brave?
If ye do not feel the chain
When it works a brother's pain,
Are ye not base slaves indeed,
Slaves unworthy to be freed?

Women who shall one day bear
Sons to breathe New England air,
If ye hear without a blush
Deeds to make the roused blood rush
Like red lava through your veins
For your sisters now in chains,
Answer, Are ye fit to be
Mothers of the brave and free?

Is true freedom but to break
Fetters for their own dear sake,
And with leathern hearts forget
That we owe mankind a debt?
No! True freedom is to share
All the chains our brothers wear,
And with heart and hand to be
Earnest to make others free!

They are slaves who dare not speak
For the fallen and the weak,
Hatred, scoffing and abuse.
They are slaves who dare not choose
Rather than in silence shrink
From the truth they needs must think.
They are slaves who dare not be
In the right with two or three.
—Lowell.

Economic Equality.

When the machinery of production and distribution is collectively owned and managed no man can have economic advantage over any other man. He may have greater mental powers, which may secure to himself honor and fame above the average, but he can have no economic advantage.

SOCIALISM FOR ALL.

It Does Not Concern Only One-half of the Human Family.

The prevailing capitalist code of "womanly" behavior for women is violated by the woman who demands the ballot and who studies and talks on political and industrial questions, but because capitalism has so organized our social and industrial institutions that women are in its poverty, its disease infected tenements, its factories and sweatshops, its brothels and jails, its army of unemployed, its disfranchised, disinherited, exploited workers, they are demanding the right to order their lives and relieve themselves and their children of such needless oppression.

Anything that concerns the welfare of our great human family concerns its women most of all. We are half the race; we are mothers of the race.

The degree of intelligence that enables us to spin and weave, bake and sew, design and create myriad forms of use and beauty, is too great for us to continue long as inferior, contented wage slaves. The more intelligent the slave the more discontented is he with slavery.

Every problem that confronts her brother worker confronts woman as well; every evil of capitalism from which he suffers she suffers, and others besides.

Every class has its own ethics, and thus capitalist ethics condemn every effort of man or woman that tends to overthrow capitalism.

There are 5,000,000 women toiling in our industries in this country, 4,000,000 more than own homes of their own. Do you wonder some of us begin to notice?

This, to say nothing of the millions of patient victims who are working as housewives at what would be about fifteen separate, specialized occupations, with crude tools and methods of four generations ago instead of having at command all the wonderful forces of steam, electricity and mechanical device to make productive and effective their labors.

These are harder to educate to political (collective) action. Their efforts are expended individually; they work alone in isolated kitchens; they do not come in direct contact with the wage system; then, too, they are affected by the many agencies capitalism employs to control their brains and keep them from acting in their own behalf, as schoolbook trust books, editors, lecturers and preachers wrongly educated in privately endowed institutions of "learning," where the student's trust is betrayed and he is kept ignorant of or is misinformed about the methods of the capitalistic confiscation of wealth through the ownership of the tools of production.

Women are learning rapidly now that the ethical forces are conditioned in their actual sphere of operation by the economic relations; that they cannot by individual effort protect and rear their children well—it requires collective effort to get proper hygienic conditions, education, wholesome food, pure water and many other things. Those matters of life and death are decided at the ballot box. As soon as women learn the truth you will not find them supporting a legal institution that forces them to sell $2,500 labor power for $447. We have been hunting bargains too long for that.

A few sanction giving the ballot to women with property—sacred property—more sacred now than life. If a woman with property needs the ballot, how much more does it mean to the one with absolutely nothing but her labor power to depend upon, and how easy to move on from such a precedent to disfranchising men without property!

Socialism offers to women every opportunity, political and industrial.

We must learn how to act collectively to remove wrong, outgrown institutions and establish right ones.

Let us use and develop every power and faculty in defense of ourselves and the race we bring into the world.

The Mad Gold Frenzy.

Maxim Gorky analyzes pretty well the "Psychology of Coney Island" in a recent issue of the Independent. It is rather strange that no one took up this extremely interesting subject before Gorky did. Coney Island is merely a reflection of American bourgeois culture and life in general. Anybody who has a keen sense of judgment will see that the life there is the real reflection of the money crazed and wage enslaved people of New York. Under capitalism such a mad craze for rotten amusements cannot be avoided. It is but natural that the New Yorkers have to go there to satisfy their degraded desires, "for this boredom deafens their ears and blinds their eyes. The soul would burn away all this allurement, all this mad frenzy, this dead magnificence and spiritual penury." We observe the same thing at Atlantic City, at Newport and at similar parks and summer places here and there. All these "uninteresting" things seem to be interesting to the people enslaved and deafened by the smell of gold. They have lost all their taste for higher ideals and for intellectual pursuits through their overwork and extreme competitive life. Pity is that the people are lost in the darkness and do not know where they are and are even content to be in the darkness.—Exchange.

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U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake }
In District Court.
Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - - plaintiffs,
vs.
Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - - defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., oct., 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Nov. 18th, 1907, viz: Oliver Gunderson H. E. No 162 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp. 154 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole Holmen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Levas, " " " " "
Ole E. Grinde, " " " " "
John Hegrenes, " " " " "

R. J. Montague, Register.

oct 10 nov 14

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
-vs-
Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated September 20th, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept. 26 Oct. 31.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 120 made Nov 3rd, 1906, for the S½ Section 4, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct., 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Ernest Schmidt, of Germantown, Minn.
Joseph Duchamp " " "
Ole Nelson " " "
Henry Cook " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Braas of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Nov 3rd 1906 for the [illegible] Section [illegible] Township 154 N Range 41 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner at Thief River Falls Minn., on Oct. 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp of Germantown, Minn.
Erick O. Gruetzke " " "
Ernest Schmidt " " "
Jay Paine " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

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Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Hemsil block.
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1907. NUMBER 42

Historical Society

LAND IS TOO CHEAP

An Illinois Land Man Says That Our Land Is Worth More.

Predicts That There Will Be Many Buyers Here Next Year.

John Mascall, of Cambridge, Ill., is spending several days in the Red River Valley looking after his farm interests here. Regarding conditions here he says:

"The trouble with the people of Minnesota is they are selling their lands too cheap. I bought my land here at from $7 to $9 per acre. When the land boom started I was offered double that, then $20 per acre, $25 and have been offered $35 per acre but my answer has been "no" every time. I would not sell an acre of Red River Valley land for less than $50 per acre now, and I would not let that offer stand a year.

"Men who own land in Illinois where land is worth from $100 to $150 per acre, when they look at a farm here and are asked but $25 per acre for it want to know at once 'what is the matter with it? Why is an acre of our land worth from four to six acres of yours? There must be something wrong with it.'

"I came to Illinois when we bought land for $2 per acre. It was a wilderness and cost more to develop it than it does land here. I have land in Illinois and land in Iowa for which I have been offered $150 per acre that is not one whit better than the land I own in the Red River Valley when it is properly tilled and worked.

"Land in Minnesota is held today for less than half what it is worth. For the past few years there has been a stream of land seekers pouring into Canada. They have been sold or homesteaded land to within about 40 rods of the North Pole. This year they have had their fill of it. Where are the land seekers going next year? They are coming in great numbers to Minnesota.

"The wise land owner in Minnesota will raise the price of his land before he has sold it and cannot raise money enough to buy it back." Such statements from a man who has thousands of acres of land in Illinois and Iowa should have weight.

Successful Combination.

A Norman county farmer writes to the Minneapolis Journal as follows,

A good paying crop to raise in northern Minnesota is "succotash" namely oats and wheat mixed together, blue stem wheat and white Russian oats. The writer has about ninety acres of such grain this year, and, according to the stand of straw, the wheat ought to run about 10 bushels per acre at least, and oats about 40 bushels. The idea is to raise just as much oats per acre with the wheat, as without it. The wheat sown in this way is always a good quality. *It is no trouble to separate the oats and* wheat so as to market it separately. I consider this a very good paying crop, because in off years, when the wheat sown alone might be a failure, the farmer would have the oat crop on the same piece of land to fall back on.

Kill Brush With Angoras

Guy Martin, who bought nine Angora goats a little over a month ago and placed them on his farm near this village, informs us that he is highly pleased and satisfied with his investment and with their work as destroyers of brush. After getting them he placed them in a two acre tract of brush land which they have practically cleaned up, so much so in fact that he has to chop down trees for them to browse upon until he can fence in another pasture for them. He says that the Angora goat naturally perfers to browse upon brush to eating grass and that a few days ago he gave them some green corn but that they would not touch it so long as there was brush to feast upon. Their fleece is worth from 35 to 45 cents a pound and as their flesh is more palatable than mutton the goat is considered superior in all points to the sheep.—Howitt Banner.

MARRIED 25 YEARS.

Judge and Mrs. Grindeland Celebrated Their Silver Wedding.

Judge and Mrs. A. Grindeland celebrated their silver wedding last Saturday. All the children came home to help make the occasion a pleasant one. One daughter, Miss Synnova, is teaching at Little Falls, and another, Miss Clarice, at Thief River Falls. One married daughter, Mrs. Mellby, also resides at Thief River Falls. Dr. Mellby came over also to join in the big family affair. Mrs. Grindeland's two sisters, Mrs. Arneson and Mrs. Joesendal and Mr. and Mrs. John M. Halvorson, of this city were present. Theodore Parker has wisely said that it takes years to marry completely two hearts, even of the most loving and best sorted, and having been married 25 yeas Mr. and Mrs. Grindeland may now be regarded as completely married.—Warren Sheaf.

Blanketing Cattle.

During the last couple of years, a good many dairymen in Australia have adopted the practise of blanketing their cows during wet and cold weather, and results in every case are spoken of as highly satisfactory. When cows are kept warm the food they consume, instead of being utilized to maintain bodily heat, is largely devoted to the production of milk; and in this way the dairyman realizes a large profit on the very small outlay required to provide blankets for his cattle in cold weather.

Men who have studied the subject closely say that the effect of covers on cows is very remarkable. The quiet cows become more quiet and contented, while those that are shy or nervous have their nerves soothed, and submit to being handled without fear. This is no fad of one or two men, but has become so common that manufacturers have placed several kinds of blankets, as coverings, on the market with a view to supplying the demand that has arisen. It is said, however, that a home-maid blanket, made from old wheat bags, serves the purpose as well as anything. After they have been worn for a short time they become thoroughly waterproof.—Northwest Farmer, Winnepeg.

Subscribe for the News.

SATURDAY THE DAY.

Commissioners Again Have a Chance to Meet That Day.

It Is Not Believed That They Will fail to Meet.

On Saturday of this week, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county are called to meet once more to consider the county seat removal petition and this time the general opinion is that they will meet. Of course the commissioners have the right to refuse to meet and can show cause before Judge Watts upon this same day why they do not meet, but this course will have to be a good and sufficient one, and one that will be held good by the supreme court.

Should the commissioners fail to meet and the supreme court hold that they did not give a good and sufficient cause for not meeting, each individual commissioner will be subject to an action for damages which could be brought by any or all of the 2312 signers to the county seat removal petition. Upon this point the supreme court made a ruling this summer in the case brought to compel Mayor Robinson to enforce the liquor laws. No public official can refuse to do his duty in the future without being subject to a civil action.

The Waning Hardwood Supply.

Although the demand for hardwood lumber is greater than ever before, the annual cut to-day is a billion feet less than it was seven years ago. In this time the wholesale price of the different classes of hardwood lumber advanced from 25 to 65 per cent. The cut of oak, which in 1899 was more than half the total cut of hardwoods, has fallen off 36 per cent. Yellow poplar, which was formerly second in point of output, has fallen off 38 per cent, and elm has fallen off one-half.

The cut of softwoods is over four times that of hardwoods, yet it is doubtful if a shortage in the former would cause dismay in so many industries. The cooperage, furniture, and vehicle industries depend upon hardwood timber, and the railroads, telephone and telegraph companies, agricultural implement manufacturers, and builders use it extensively.

This leads to the question, Where is the future supply of hardwoods to be found? The cut in Ohio and Indiana, which, years ago, led all other States, has fallen off one half. Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, and Wisconsin have also declined in hardwood production. The chief centers of production now lie in the Lake States, the lower Mississippi Valley and the Appalachian Mountains. Yet in the Lake States the presence of hardwoods is an almost certain indication of rich agricultural land, and when the hardwoods are cut, the land is turned permanently to agricultural use. In Arkansas, Louisiana, and Mississippi the production of hardwoods is clearly at its extreme height, and in Missouri and Texas it has already begun to decline.

The answer to the question, therefore, would seem to lie in the Appalachian Mountains. They contain the largest body of hardwood timber left in the United States. On them grow the greatest variety of tree species anywhere to be found. Protected from fire and reckless cutting, they produce the best kinds of timber, since their soil and climate combine to make heavy stands and rapid growth. Yet much of the Appalachian forest has been so damaged in the past that it will be years before it will again reach a high state of productiveness. Twenty billion feet of hardwoods would be a conservative estimate of the annual productive capacity of 75,000,000 acres of forest lands in the Appalachians if they were rightly managed. Until they are we can expect a shortage in hardwood timber.

Circular 116, of the Forest Service, entitled "The Waning Hardwood Supply," discusses this situation. It may be had upon application to the Forester, Forest Service, Washington, D.C.

Some sneak thief stole three half windows from the house of Daniel Sullivan last week. A man that is so low as to go and take the windows out of a man's house had ought to be placed behind the strong bars of the state penitentiary and not be allowed to run at large. A liberal reward will be paid for any information that will lead to the conviction of the thief, so keep your eye open for odd windows.—Sunbeam.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7:45 p.m.
I. T. Aastad.

KOSIN, THE TAILOR.

Our methods are not those of 100 years ago. We turn out nothing but strictly up-to-date work. The first cost a tailor made suit such as we turn out may be a little more than others, but in the end it is the cheapest, for a suit made of good material and well fitted will wear much longer than any other.

Suits from $25 up.
Suits pressed, 50 cents.

Hotel Will Change Hands.

On Wednesday of this week a deal was closed whereby the Hotel Scotland will shortly come into the hands of W. H. Jeromy, of Hastings, Minn. John A. Dalen, the present proprietor, is obliged to give up his lease on account of the continued serious illness of his wife and Mr. Jeromy will take possession Nov. 1st. The premises will be given a thorough overhauling and fitted up in first-class shape. Mr. Jeromy will be a welcome addition to the ranks of Plummer's business men and he promises to give his patrons strictly first class service.—Plummer Pioneer.

The Montrose Herald enjoys the acquaintance of an editor who found it necessary to warn a careless reporter to write nothing unless he knew it to be correct. Later in the day the reporter handed in a society item as follows; "It is rumored that Mrs. Smith, who claims to reside in South Chestnut street, gave a so-called dinner party to a number of her alleged friends. Mrs. Smith asserts that they had a good time. In the progressive euchre feature, which followed the dinner, Mrs. Brown, who claims to be the wife of Postmaster Brown, was successful."

Were Off the Reservation.

Game Warden Wm. Munch was up near Little Oak the first of the week and chased a number of Indians who had been trapping muskrats in that vicinity across the reservation line. He confiscated the hides they had in their possession. It is not lawful to trap muskrats until after the 15th of November.

A little threshing has been done in the towns of Rollis, Thief Lake and Moose River, and the reports of the crops are very cheering A. P. Nelson was in town Sunday and stated that his wheat turned out 20 bushels, his flax 17, his oats about 36 and his barley about 30. The barley, of which he brought in a sample, was of excellent quality and he was offered 80 cents a bushel for it. And as flax is worth $1.20 and wheat over a dollar, it is clear that such crops as Nelson's are a paying proposition. There are many others out in that part of the county that have equally as big a yield. Eastern Marshall county is strictly in the swim this fall.—Middle River Pioneer.

Wm. Herron left Monday morning with a crew of about ten men to prepare a camp for logging operations for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

The sense of being

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economical is always gratifying to any of us; to feel that we've spent our money to good advantage; got a good deal for it.

That's exactly the way you can feel when you buy a suit of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes here; no matter what your price, these clothes are worth the money, and more.

The store's full of all sorts of good wearables; we promise you full money's worth.

Gordon Hats. Crossett Shoes.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

. . . . . . THE HOME OF . . . . . .

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

No Money Comes Easier

than interest money, when you once have made a start. To start an account here takes but one dollar; it begins right away to draw interest and never stops working for you, day or night.

If you are a laboring man or working on a salary we feel sure that we can interest you in our savings bank plan, if you will only call and give us a chance to explain it to you.

Citizens State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Wait for the opening sale at Dr. A. J. Klimek's new jewelry store. . . .

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1 03
Oats	43c
Flax	$1 15
Barley	60
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 14.—Wheat—Dec., $1.12⅞; May, $1.16¼@1.16¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.19; No. 1 Northern, $1.17¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.15¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.12@1.14.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 14.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@6.00. Hogs—$5.70@6.60. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.00; yearlings, $5.50@5.90; spring lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Wheat—Dec., $1.05¾; May, $1.11¼@1.11¾. Corn—Dec., 63¼c; May, 64c. Oats—Dec., 55¼c; May, 57¼c. Pork—Jan., $16.20. Butter—Creameries, 24@28½c; dairies, 21½@26c. Eggs—15½@18½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 10c; springs, 11c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 14.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.18¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.16¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.14¼; Dec., $1.13¼; May, $1.17¼. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.14¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.11¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.34; Oct., $1.33½; Nov., $1.32; Dec., $1.26¾; May, $1.32.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@7.25; cows, $1.50@5.30; Texans, $3.75@4.75; calves, $5.50@8.00; Western cattle, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.75. Hogs—Light, $6.25@6.85; mixed, $6.20@6.90; heavy, $6.05@6.85; rough, $6.05@6.25; pigs, $5.30@6.50. Sheep, $3.00@5.50; yearlings, $5.40@6.00; lambs, $4.75@7.30.

Sherif Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Jacob Anderson was down from Jelle the first of the week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls, Tuesday.

Reserved seats at Stebbins' drug store for the Tennessee Singers.

For Rent—First house on corner south of Park Hotel. M. B. Burns.

O. M. Peterson, of Anton, was in the city Tuesday, and made this office a pleasant call.

The Colored Singers come highly recommended. Don't miss them if you care for real music.

Oscar Williams, a brother of George Williams, has leased the Park Hotel and takes possession tomorrow.

—For Sale—50 feet ornamental front fence, complete with iron gate, posts, etc. Cheap if taken at once. J. H. Hay.

The Columbian Tennessee Singers will appear under the auspices of the High School next Monday evening at the Opera Hall.

L. M. Hoag left yesterday on a trip up through the Grygla, Rollis and Thief Lake county looking after farm loans. He will be absent until Saturday.

George Elder, who has four teams working in the harvest fields near Adams N. D., was in the city the first of the week. He says that threshing will not be completed until near Christmas and that wages are very high.

Rev. Rohde of Wylie will conduct services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor P. O. at 3 P. M. Preceding the services the Sunday school class will meet, to which every body is welcome. Services at Germantown next Sunday at 10 A. M. at Espiee 3 P. M.—Rev. Seitz

Miss Irene Caldwell spent Sunday in the city.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Baker Sunday.

Robert Lee was down to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

W. J. Kelley went down to Minneapolis Monday evening.

I. L. Erickson left yesterday for Fargo on a business trip.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Wanted—Plain sewing. Mrs. Whaley, Dobner-Meehan flats.

Charles Newberry was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Postmaster and Mrs. Hjertos came down from Middle River last evening.

Marcus Johnson and Dr. Watson, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city yesterday.

Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and daughter, Esther, spent last Saturday at Warren visiting with friends.

Mrs. D. Collins, of St. Hilaire was in the city Tuesday visiting her sister, Mrs. M. C. Burns.

Rev. Palm came down from Sandridge last evening and took the Soo this morning for Karlstad.

C. M. Evenson went up to Middle River yesterday to conduct an auction sale for Clark Bradford.

The Colored Singers who sing for the High School next Monday have no connection with any bureau.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet Oct. 23rd. with Mrs. O. Oolen at the Haraldson farm.

Come and hear the best music of all next Monday evening. Solos, duets and mixed and male quartets.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Nelson returned last Saturday from a trip to North Dakota where they had been visiting friends.

County Commissioner John Sorum was in the city yesterday, being enroute home from a meeting of the county board at Warren.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry left Monday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting with friends. They will return on Saturday.

P. H. Wright who has been employed in the Newton threshing crew got his right arm caught in the fly wheel of the engine Monday, and broke his arm in two places.

A. J. Klemik the first of the week removed his jewelry store to the new Meehan block. He now has one of the best locations in the city and can properly display his stock of goods.

Peter Mellem and Miss Lena Lappegaard were united marriage yesterday. Both were under the legal age and had to secure the consent of their parents before joining hands and hearts for life.

Just arrived — not carloads of "job lot" pianos, but a few select styles of the celebrated Miller pianos of Sheboygan, Wis. You are cordially invited to call and inspect the same. Torrison Bros.

The hotel in Erskine was robbed Sunday evening of $25 and a gold ring. The robbers are supposed to have come to this city and Chief Erickson arrested a number of strangers upon suspicion, but could find nothing upon their person to prove that they did the job.

Mrs. Charles Wilcox, and Mrs. B. H. Starkweather, of Sunrise, Minn., arrived in the city this morning and are guests of Mrs. F. H. Kratka. Twenty years ago these two ladies visited the Kratkas in Thief River Falls and this is their first visit here since that time.

The Jubilee Singers always please because you have a good laugh and hear good singing. Opera House Oct., 21.

SHOT AT AN ATTORNEY

Henry Gorkey Defends His Chickens With a Revolver.

Made Things Interesting for a Time Tuesday Evening.

Henry Gorkey, who lives south of town on the Red Lake river, did a stunt Tuesday evening that places him in the class of John Deitz of Cameron dam fame. Just about the time the sun was going down and the chickens were going to roost, Attorney Wilhelm Michelet and Deputy Sheriff Robert Lee swooped down upon the unsuspecting Henry. Mr. Lee had an execution for a client of Mr. Michelet and it was the intention to levy the same upon Mr. Gorkey's chickens in order to sell them and satisfy a judgment. Gorkey did not like proceedings of this kind and arming himself with a 22 revolver he threatened to do harm to Mr. Michelet. One shot was fired by Mr. Gorkey, but whether or not he aimed at Mr. Michelet is not known. In any event Mr. Michelet was not hit, although he was but a distance of ten or fifteen feet from Gorkey at the time, and before another shot could be fired Deputy Sheriff Lee had taken the revolver away from Gorkey, placed him under arrest, and later brought him to the city jail.

Gorkey was brought up before Judge Bishop yesterday afternoon and the case was continued until next Monday. Assault in the second degree in the charge against him.

LOTS OF THRESHING.

Farmers Have Been Very Busy This Week.

Threshing machines in this vicinity have been decidedly busy this week and the weather has been ideal. Reports indicate that the yield of wheat around here will average about 18 bushels to the acre. Flax is going from 12 to 15 and oats about 35. Barley seems to be rather an uncertain crop. Some farmers are getting a big yield, while others are getting little or nothing. With the prices being paid, however, all of the farmers are going to make good money this year and a large number of the settlers on the eleven towns are going to pay for their land from the proceeds of this year's crop. It is estimated that close to one million dollars will be paid out for grain in Thief River Falls this year, and this will mean prosperity for all.

MACHINE IS HERE

F. H. Fassel Now Has His Flax Tow Machine.

F. H. Fassel on Tuesday received his flax tow mill and is now busy having the same set up. He does not expect that farmers will haul in any flax straw much before the 1st of November, but will have the machine ready to operate much before that date. Two dollars per ton will be paid for flax straw, and this will mean considerable to the farmers of this section as heretofore flax straw has always been considered worthless and farmers have burned it in their fields.

A Great Lecture Coming.

Dr. Elliott A. Boyl who will give us the next number on the Lyceum Entertainment Course, in the Presbyterian Church Oct. 28th, is a scholar and an orator. His lectures are filled with scholarly thought, with wit and humor and with sentiment and dramatic. His lecture is made beautiful by word, paintings and electrified by dramatic eloquence, and best of the whole is sanctified by good common sense. If you want to hear a good, witty entertaining, eloquent and scholarly lecture, one that will please the community better and that will be an incentive to realizing the fullest possibilities of manhood, come and listen to Dr. Rely in the Presbyterian Church, Oct. 28th.

F. J. Barackman.—Sec'y.

All members of the M. W. A. are requested to be present at the meeting to be held Thursday evening Oct. 17th, 1907 as there is important business to be transacted.

Ira C. Richardson, Consul.
Louis Lonson, Clerk

Rev. C. H. Flesher and family left last evening for Fergus Falls, where he will be stationed for the next year. A large number of the members of his congregation were at the train to bid him good bye.

The quartett alone is worth the price of admission with Jubilee singers for the High School Monday Oct., 21.

Rev. J. H. Smith, the new pastor of the Methodist church arrived in the city last evening and will occupy the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday.

There is a big bass singer with a big bass voice with the Jubilee Singers. Opera House Monday Oct., 21.

BURIED IN SHAVINGS.

Pat Soards Came Near Losing His Life Tuesday Evening.

Was Buried in a Bank of Shavings for About an Hour.

Pat Soards came near losing his life Tuesday evening in the shaving house in the Thief River Falls Lumber company's yards. At about 7:30 he was loading his wagon with shavings, and as the shavings were not running down freely he went up into the shaving house to break them down. It appears that there was a large overhanging bank, but in the darkness he could not see this. This bank caved in upon him and held him fast, and his head was covered with about four feet of shavings. In this position he remained for about an hour when discovered by the night watchman and a crew of men at once started digging him out. When rescued he was nearly exhausted, but otherwise suffered no injuries and is now able to be about.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

The Sophomores have at last organized and elected the following officers: Pres, Mabel Ramsland; Vice Pres., Lillian Mussey; Sec., Lena Lonson and Treas. Ward Sharbach.

Roland Blanchard is expected to enter school this week and is to pursue a course of post-graduate work.

What makes "Unter dem Kaiserbaum" so interesting especially with the girls in the second year German class?

Ralph Douglas, Ernest O'Neil and Willis Akre were absent the first of the week working on the Douglas farm.

The Sophomores lost one of their most prominent members Monday; Merril Flesher having moved with his parents to Fergus Falls.

"Stand, please" and "Speak louder" seems to be the mottoes of the teachers.

The High School has secured The Tennessee Jubilee Singers for Oct. 21. The concert promises to be a good one and everyone should be sure to attend.

Henry Hoard has re-entered the Central eighth grade.

Were it possible to secure the regular services of a football coach a first class team would be organized.

Several families have left the East side for other towns thus reducing the attendance in the Knox.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

It is with great pleasure the management announces the program for the last half of this week, being the most spectacular production of this season. The number opens with three short comedies.

"Unlucky Interference."

"Doctored Beer," or "How Copper was Copped."

"Orange Peel."

Illustrated Song, Wm. O'Conner's Irish melody, "The Home of the celt and the Gael," sung by Mrs. Krouse.

The pantomimic Extravaganza in thirty scenes.

Harlequin's Story, partly colored. A beautiful story of a toy courtier, Harlequin, who goes in search of his doll sweetheart, who has been sold to a noble family.

This story is interwoven with many pretty and startling effects, making it a triumph in film production.

Bring the children to the matinee.

Advertise For Bids.

The city council held a meeting Tuesday evening and instructed the city clerk to advertise for bids for the constuction of the proposed new bridge across the Red Lake river. Bids are to be opened on the 6th of Nov. The bridge must be completed this winter.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1 50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1, 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up to date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw—it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

POLITICAL NOTES.

For the office of municipal judge three candidates are in the field and it is not likely that any more will enter the race. S. Cooke, S. T. Johnson and J. M. Bishop are the ones that will contest for this office and all have friends who are working for their election.

Ed. Evenson this week has had circulated his petition nominating himself for the office of city treasurer. Mr. Evenson is one of the old time and highly respected citizens of Thief River Falls, and has a large number of friends who will do all in their power to secure the office for him. For the last number of years, owing to rheumatism, Mr. Evenson has been unable to do much of any business or work, but is now steadily improving and will be well able to perform the duties of city treasurer.

There is a rumor going around to the effect that Ira C. Richardson is to be a candidate for municipal judge. As Mr. Richardson is out of the city the News is unable to learn whether or not this rumor is true.

He Saw the Game.

The office boy had buried countless grandmothers, brothers, sisters, aunts and cousins, but he felt an enthusiasm for the baseball game that day which would not be downed.

Suddenly an idea struck him. Approaching the easy boss with an air of familiarity which had been nurtured by long usage he asked:

"May I leave at noon today, sir?"

"And why, my boy?"

"There is a fancy fair at our church and mother wants me to go this afternoon. She was so anxious that she bought me a ticket which cost a dollar, as she was sure you would allow me the few hours off. I have to assist at the refreshment stall, and it seems a pity to waste"—

"But surely you are above such things as that which take you away from your work. Why not give the ticket to one of your sisters?"

"Well, you see, sir, that wouldn't be fair, for I'm the only one of our family who can be depended upon to eat a dollar's worth, and"—

His supreme nerve won the day.—Smith's Magazine.

An English Amenity.

A striking difference between our manners and those of our English cousins was shown one day at a garden party. The hostess, an American, was speaking to one of her guests, an Englishwoman of rank.

"Dear Lady B.," she said, "here are some sandwiches which I made with my own hands, particularly for you. You know I've often told you about our American sandwiches, and how good they are. Here are different sorts, lettuce and cucumbers, if you care for 'grass,' or if you like a savory better try the cream cheese ones with pimentoes. I've some sweet ones, too, raisins and nuts chopped together—which will you try first?"

She held a plate in each hand, a plate filled with dainty looking sandwiches, and they were extended invitingly toward her guest, who looked at them critically, then said in the clear, high pitched voice of the well bred Englishwoman:

"Oh, thank you, so kind of you, but do you know I never touch the nawsty things?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Chance For a Home Run.

A clever teacher who has the power of calling out originality in her pupils says that she would have no use for text books if she took time to answer all the startling questions asked in the classroom. One day the attraction of gravitation was under discussion when one of the boys said that he didn't see any need of it, anyway.

"It seems to me," said he, "there's no particular use in having the earth attract things. Now, when the apple fell and made Newton think out the reason for it, that apple might just as well have stayed where it was until somebody gathered it."

"You play ball, don't you?" asked the teacher. "Well, suppose you knock the ball very high, what happens?"

"It falls."

"But if there were no attraction toward the earth it wouldn't fall. Don't you think that might prove inconvenient?"

"My," cried the boy, "what a bully chance for a home run!"—Chicago News.

Fo. Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building. 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

TO START A BAND HERE.

Noble Coucheron Wants Fifty Musicians at Once.

Believes That There Is Plenty of Material for a Good Band.

Noble Coucheron, a musician who has organized and is the leader of a number of bands along the Wheatline in North Dakota, has decided to make this city his headquarters in the future, and will organize a band here. He desires to secure at least fifty musicians to start with and is of the opinion that he can build up a strong band here in the near future. His headquarters will be at Stebbins' drug store and all who desire to join the band are requested to call and see him. Mr. Coucheron is known to a number of our citizens and is said to be a first class musician and instructor. Thief River Falls has long been in need of a band and no doubt Mr. Coucheron will be given liberal support by the business men of this city.

Has His Auto Back.

The Elder automobile was brought to this city from Red Lake Falls the first of the week. As will be remembered, Mr. Elder traded this automobile to George Gray, the horsethief, for a team of horses.

After Gray's arrest in Red Lake Falls, the owner of the team came here from North Dakota and took them from Mr. Elder. The automobile was not claimed by Mr. Elder at once, owing to some legal complications, but was left in a livery barn at Red Lake Falls. The owner of this barn wants to collect $1 per day for storage charges, which is an exhorbitant price, and in order to get possession of the machine Mr. Elder had to replevy it. It will now be the duty of the courts to say what is a reasonable sum to charge.

Struck It Rich.

Friends in this city have received word to the effect that O. P. Johnson, at one time one of the leading business men of this city, has struck it rich over on the iron range. Mr. Johnson recently took a homestead over there and it is now found that it contains valuable deposits of iron. It is said to be worth several hundred thousand dollars.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 o. c.
Sabbath School at 12:15.
Sabbath evening worship at 7:30.
Teachers meeting and Bible study, every Thursday evening at 7:30.
Christian Endeavor at 6:30

We welcome all to our church,
F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 12.

Arneson Betsey
Aune Mrs. Inga Hanson
Blaire Miss Lulla
Brooten Mrs. Carre
Carlson Claus
Carlson Mrs. Eva
Erickson Erick
Hanson E. T.
Hviding B. P.
Johnson Ludvig
Long H. B.
Lang W. A.
Maune Tom C.
Nelson C. S.
Olson Miss Clara
Roy Napoleon
Ring Algot
Sabo E. O.
Snell Percy
Traser Donald
Steenerson Andrew
Manager State training school for Indians.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

START YOUR PICTURE NOW FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT

BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Leon Bourque spent Sunday in Crookston.

Mrs. E. E. Rose returned last Saturday from her trip to Fargo.

Mrs. Marshall, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Saturday.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week.

My residence will be for rent the 1st of November. F. H. Kratka.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson returned to this city Friday evening from Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Hanson returned from their trip to Minneapolis last Friday.

Ed. Wilcox left last week for a trip through North Dakota looking after farm loans.

Mrs. Roy Tabor returned to this city Monday from a visit with friends at Grand Forks.

Sam McMahon has leased Miss Kuhnel's farm up near Highlanding for a term of five years.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

T. P. Hamre was up on the Greenbush line last Saturday looking after his property interests up there.

There is a big bass singer with a big bass voice with the Jubilee Singers. Opera House Monday Oct., 21.

W. E. Baker spent Sunday in Crookston attending a meeting of the station agents of the Great Northern.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

The quartett alone is worth the price of admission with Jubilee singers for the High School Monday Oct., 21.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples State Bank

The Jubilee Singers always please because you have a good laugh and hear good singing. Opera House Oct., 21.

W. J. Kelley finished threshing all of the grain in the wheat fields of North Dakota and returned to this city last week.

Mrs. Norton, who is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton, leaves today for her home at Lockport, Ill.

Dr. Penny, Dr. Melby, W. B. Nichols and Neal Pannebaker went up the Red Lake river last week in the Winton gasoline boat and enjoyed a duck hunt in the rice beds near the outlet.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton went down to Minneapolis last week. Mrs. Winton returned Sunday morning and Mr. Winton went to Chicago to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Anderson arrived in the city las week from Prince Albert and will make this city their home in the future, Mr. Anderson having accepted a position in the First National bank.

There will be no services as announced in the Lutheran church in Silverton next Sunday the 20th but on the 27th at 3:30 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. H. Bjornson of Brunkeberg.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Ed. Evenson this afternoon Oct 17th. at 3 o'clock, and the Young Peoples Society tomorrow evening the 18th. at 8 o'clock, p. m. All cordially invited.

Mrs. J. K. Wood, who had been visiting her parents at OxBow, Canada, returned to this city last Saturday. She was accompanied by her father, J. H. Noble, who publishes a newspaper at OxBow.

A third bank has been organized at Mahnomen. It will be known as the Security State bank, with $10,000 capital. There are five shareholders, four being Iowa men and the fifth is A. L. Thompson, of Mahnomen.

The assessment of the Thief River Falls Lumber company was increased 25 per cent by the state board of equalization. The other lumber companies in the state outside of Duluth and Minneapolis were also raised a similar amount.

Fr. Adolph has received word to the effect that the orchard at St. John's University, Collegeville, produced 112 bushels of fine winter apples this year. A few years ago it was thought to be impossible to raise winter apples in this state.

Fuel dealers find it impossible to get cord wood at anything but prohibitive prices. Coal must be relied on mainly and there is danger that the railroads will be overtaxed in supplying the demand. The time to lay in a supply is—now!

Big steel tanks, with a capacity of 500 bushels or more, are coming into use in some parts of the country as a substitute for granaries, and is said to be less expensive. The tanks are set up alongside of the machine and filled with grain, then locked and left on the spot until the owner gets ready to market. Among the advantages is that it is fireproof.

FOR SALE AT ALL TICKET OFFICES

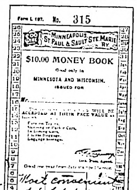
Form L 187. No. 315
MINNEAPOLIS ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE RY.
$10.00 MONEY BOOK
Good only in MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN.
ISSUED FOR
Mr.
Most convenient ticket printed

IN MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

A New York butter buyer says the Red River Valley is going into dairying faster than any section of the United States and New York is looking to us for butter, which retails there at 40 to 50 cents a pound. This Valley is preparing to forge ahead as never before.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner arrived in the city last week and will remain here for several days before leaving for their home at Kalispell, Mont. Mr. Dobner, who was recently operated upon by the Drs. Mayo, of Rochester, for stomach trouble, is now enjoying the best of health.

Under the October apportionment of school money by the state each district is given $2.50 for each pupil enrolled. In addition each high school will get $2,150. Each graded school gets $525, and each semi-graded school gets $230. Where normal instructions are given in high schools an extra $750 is given.

If you want to get rich quick raise celery. In this section the finest celery in the world can be raised and produce dealers in the Twin Cities will pay $80 per 1000 heads for it. This year a Crookston man raised 35,000 heads, worth $2,800, in a "garden." It wants to be planted in a moderately wet place.

Peter Hedeen, of Kratka, raised over eighteen hundred bushels of No. 1 wheat this year, besides several hundred bushels of oats and barley. Take this in connection with the Deer Park farmers cream checks and it would lead one to believe that this was a pretty good farming country. There has been no thrashing done in Highlanding township yet, but the large number of stacks will certainly yield a large amount of grain.—Sunbeam.

Many of the farmers in the more remote districts are afraid to raise clover for seed, because they are inclined to think there may not be a staple market for the seed at the present prices. As a matter of fact the demand for clover for actual seed does not establish the price. Clover seed is used commercially, for dying silk and there is just as good and as regular a market for it as there is for wheat or anything else raised on the farm.

Herman Breese, who has been in Washington since last spring, returned Friday. He has his personal property listed for sale at auction in conjunction with C. Bradford's effects, and will accompany the latter to Washington to reside permanently. He says however that he will not invest in Washington property, as he considers it too high, neither will he sell his land here at the present prices. From all of which we infer that Herman is not over enthusiastic over the Washington out look.—Middle River Pioneer.

Mail clerks throughout the country are weighing the mail in obedience to a general order from the postmaster general for which congress is responsible. In the regular appropriation bill for the postal service, approved in March, the clause requiring the weighing for thirty days was inserted. It was the first time in the history of the post office department that the weighing of all mail matter in all trains over all routes on which mail clerks are employed was required. The object of the thirty days, trial is to give the department and congress reliable statistic to determine the cost of handling and transporting different classes of mail matter.

Rev. E. P. Savage, representing the Children's Home Society of Minnesota, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week paying his annual visit. The society which Mr. Savage represents has found homes for twenty-four children from Red Lake county in the past and is doing a great and good work.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7:45 p.m.
I. T. Aastad.

The Tennesseean Jubile Singers were greeted by a crowded house last evening in the opera house. They came under the auspices of the Mens League of the M. E. church. Before the first number was over every person in the audience was intensely interested, and enthusiastic applause was freely given. It would be difficult to pass judgment as to which was really the best feature of the program. But the one which met with perhaps the greatest applause was the Calliope quartette. They were simply fine, and by far the best we have heard in Beloit. The ensemble and solo work too was excellent. Great bass and good soprano. We hope to have them come to us again.

F. W. Wilford,
President, lyceum course
Beloit Wis.

Subscribe for the News.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

The News: $1 per Year.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

SPECIAL RATES ON FARM LOANS FROM NOW ON.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
October 17, 1907.

Capitalization.

One of the livest questions of the future, and one that is looming largely—even today when we have not quite reached the point where we can grasp it for solutions, is where the line is to be drawn in the fight to curb excessive capitalization and excessive profits.

Suppose you build a new railroad at a cost of say $2,5000,000 a year. That is a fair return upon a fair capitalization. But the country it taps will grow, and with it the earnings of the road. Suppose ten years later the road is earning $10,000,000 a year net. That is 20 per cent upon the capital, and 20 per cent is more than a fair return. Should you be allowed to capitalize your road at its new earning capacity? Or is that stock-watering, and must you be pinned down to actual cost of construction, without reaping any of the benefits of the growth you have produced by building your railroad? The actual value of your road, which was $50,000,000 at the start, has increased with the development of its territory, and if you increase your capital accordingly, you would reduce your rate of dividends by spreading the earnings over more stock. Where is the line to be drawn?

Is it fair to make actual cost the basis, or should it be actual value? And what determines actual value?

President Roosevelt has taken the position that physical valuation is but one of the elements to be considered in fixing the earnings of a corporation. He adds that the effect of such valuation and supervision of securities as is proposed cannot be retroactive. Existing securities must be tested by the laws in existence at the time of their issue. Thus if a railroad is permitted to over capitalize, there being no law to prevent it, future laws against over-capitalization cannot apply to its stock.

But suppose a competing road is built under the new laws. It will be limited in its earnings to a fair return upon a fair capitalization. Its rates, therefore, must be much lower than those required to pay dividends upon the watered stock of the older road, and in this way, through competition, the securities in the watered corporation will find their true level, regardless of the unquestioned principle that such reform measures should not be retroactive.

In Nebraska, lately, this question arose before the state railroad commission in a case involving street car fares in Lincoln. The commission fixed a value upon the street railroad properties, and fixed the amount of capital upon which each company will be allowed to pay dividends. This is the example that will be followed everywhere, not only in the case of street railroads, but of steam railroads, electric light corporations, telephone companies and of all industrial concerns. Find a fair valuation, and limit the profits to a fair dividend return upon that valuation. Then, if the earnings pass the limit, rates must be reduced.—Duluth Herald.

A Speculating Trust.

The Amalgamated Copper Company gives notice that it will immediately curtail production fifty per cent. And further restriction of mining will follow unless the market improves. Just how many thousand workmen and their families will be affected thereby we are unable to say, but the number must be large.

At sixteen to seventeen cents a pound the production of copper yields a very handsome profit. Indeed, until lately, that was considered the ideal price for the producer, about like a dollar a bushel for wheat.

But the immense industrial expansion of 1905 and 1906 brought a sharp demand for the metal, and the combine, in which Amalgamated is the moving genius, felt encouraged to mark up the price from seventeen cents, within a few months, to the astonishing height of twenty-six cents.

The effect upon the consumption of copper was just what would follow in wheat if that cereal were cornered and rapidly advanced to two dollars a bushel. Having the visible supply in hand the combine scorned concession, even when buyers disappeared, exports fell off and the metal piled up. It held the price at twenty-six cents until about the middle of last July.

Since about that time the price of copper has dropped ten cents a pound, or about forty per cent. It is estimated that the accumulation of unsold copper amounts to two hundred million pounds. The whole trade is absolutely demoralized as a result, and this reacts upon other trades. Mines are shut down; workmen thrown out of employment.

Buyers still hold off—and very naturally. The combine tried to take every possible advantage of its position to squeeze them. Being human they now wish to get every possible advantage from their enemy's discomfiture. As recently as 1901, copper, engineered by Amalgamated, performed just the same antics.—Saturday Evening Post.

A lesson that is worth much to every cigarette smoker that will take it to heart is furnished by the talk a western doctor recently gave to a patient. It is especially valuable to boys who are learning to smoke by the cigarette route, thinking it milder and of less harm than other forms of tobacco. This youth came to his physician in a very much run-down condition, and as a result of the doctor's questioning the fact was developed that the patient was in the habit of smoking something like thirty cigarettes a day, but that he hadn't thought of blaming cigarettes for his condition. He blamed his "hard work." The doctor shook his head, smiled doubtingly, and reached for a glass jar, out of which he took a leech. "Let me show you something," he said. "Bare your arm." The young man wonderingly complied, and the doctor laid upon it the lean, black leech. The leech fell to its work of blood-sucking. It's body began to swell, Then suddenly it gave a shudder, released its hold, and dropped to the floor, dead. "That's what your blood did to the leech," said the physician. "You poisoned it." The cigarette fiend doubted. He said that the leech was probably not in good health in the first place. "We'll try again," the doctor said; so he put two more leeches on the young man's thin arm. "If they both die," said the sick man, "I'll swear off—at least I'll cut down my daily allowance from thirty cigarettes to ten." Even as he spoke the smaller leech fell dead to the floor, and a moment later the larger one fell beside it. "This is ghastly," said the young man; "I'm worse than a pestilence to those leeches." The doctor explained it all scientifically to the young man, telling him that what killed the leeches was the poison from the cigarettes in his blood. He said all cigarette fiends have it. He said that if he quit smoking, or smoked reasonably, and smoked something besides cigarettes if he had to smoke, by and by his blood would get so it wouldn't kill leeches. Besides, his appetite would return, his sleep would be better, and his muddy color would clear up. "It is not hard work," said the doctor, "but hard smoking that brought these troubles upon you."—Duluth Herald.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

Notice is hereby given, That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of October, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated October 1st, A. D. 1907.
(AUDITOR'S SEAL)
John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County
Minnesota.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

AUCTION SALE

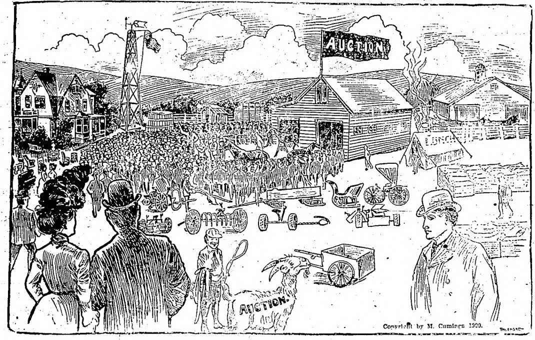

FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1907.

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock on Friday morning, October 25, 1907, I will sell at public auction the property named below, at the Germantown Postoffice:

1 McCormick mower.
1 breaking plow.
I two-horse drag.
1 bob sleigh.

1 colt 1½ years old.
11 good milch cows, ranging in age from 3 to 9 years.
7 young steers.

2 yearling heifers.
5 Durham and Shorthorn bull calves.
1 team of oxen weighing about 1500 each.

HOT LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10.00, cash; over that amount, bankable paper due in one year drawing 8 per cent interest.

C. M. EVENSON, AUCTIONEER. ED T. KIVLE, OWNER.

For Sale Cheap
New Ditching Machine
For full information call at the Conklin Boiler Works, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

HERE'S A RECORD

Farmer Pays For Farm With One Crop Of Barley.

A German farmer who came from Iowa last year and purchased a farm near Buffalo in Clay county, paying $29 per acre, is convinced that this is the most profitable farming country on earth. Not only did he raise enough on his farm this year to pay for the entire purchase price of the land, but there is a surplus of $2,762. The farmer purchased a quarter section of land. Last spring he seeded the entire 160 acres to barley. Recently he harvested the crop and secured 53 bushels to the acre, which he sold at Buffalo for 88 cents a bushel, bringing him the total sum of $7,462 40. The purchase price of the land was $4,730 so that he received enough for his crop to pay the purchase price and there remained $2,732.40.

Not so many years ago quite a number of farmers raised enough flax on their farms the first year to more than pay for the land, but very few have been so fortunate as to produce enough flax and receive enough for it to pay for a farm in the Red River Valley. It is quite probable that several farmers in the valley have done as well this year as the German farmer who resides near Buffalo, but in what other part of the world can a farmer do as well with as little effort as in the Red River Valley.—Moorhead Independent.

A Garden Spot.

The best possible advertising eastern Marshall county can have is the crop report for this year. Carry the news to the world that several townships in eastern Marshall county have the best crops of any part of the state. Land that will produce 16 bushels of flax, from 20 to 25 bushels of wheat, from 40 to 70 bushels of oats and from 30 to 40 bushels of barley per acre, besides having shown equal productiveness in grasses, will not long remain on the market at the present low prices if the facts are placed before the homeseekers of the south and east. If all the dry prairie land of the towns of Thief Lake, Rollis and Moose River had been cropped this season the crop would have sold for more than enough to pay for the land.—Middle River Pioneer.

'Twill Be Cold Next Christmas.

This long-range weather forecasts now operating in St. Louis, Missouri ventures the warning that the Venus period, extending from near the middle of December to the close of January next, will bring some of the hardest storms and some of the lowest dips of the mercury that many of us have experienced for several years. There are many ways in which many interests may be safeguarded against such probabilities if time and circumstance and opportunity are all "taken by the forelock." Now cast about your own situation, and see what you would do if you knew some of the coldest nights of the decade were going to hit you at the time named.—Rev. Irl. R. Hicks.

Will Use Oxen to Log.

The plan is under way by J. A. Irvine & Co., one of the largest logging concerns in the northern woods, to substitute oxen for horses, as far as possible, in their logging operations, during the coming winter. With this end in view, the company is buying all the steers and oxen that are offered for sale. The reason for the proposed change is that the horses are too high priced, and that oxen will do as much work as horses and at the same time get along on less expensive food.

Should the change be made, it would be a decided innovation in the logging operations in this part of the country.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1.50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1. 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up-to-date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

The Jubilee Singers always please because you have a good laugh and hear good singing. Opera House Oct., 21.

HAY GRADING.

Useful Information as to Rules for Grading Hay.

The NEWS prints below the rules of the city markets in regard to the classification and grading of hay. Farmers having hay to sell should preserve these rules for reference.

Choice Timothy Hay—Shall be timothy not mixed with over one-twentieth other grasses, properly cured, bright natural color, sound and well baled.

No. 1 Timothy Hay—Shall be timothy with not more than one-eigth mixed with clover or other tame grasses, properly cured, good color, sound and well baled.

No. 2 Timothy Hay—Shall be timothy not good enough for No. 1, not over one-fourth mixed with clover or other tame grasses, fair color, sound and well baled.

No. 3 Timothy Hay—Shall include all hay not good enough for other grades, sound and well baled.

Light Clover Mixed Hay—Shall be timothy mixed with clover. The clover mixture not over one-fourth, properly cured, sound, good color and well baled.

No. 1 Clover Mixed Hay—Shall be timothy and clover mixed, with at least one-half timothy, good color, sound and well baled.

No. 2 Clover Mixed Hay—Shall be timothy and clover mixed, with at least one-third timothy, reasonably sound and well baled.

No. 1 Clover Hay—Shall be medium clover not over one-twentieth other grasses, properly cured, sound, and well baled.

No. 2 Clover Hay—Shall be clover, sound, well baled, not good enough for No. 1.

No Grade Hay—Shall include all hay badly cured, stained, threshed or in any way unsound.

Choice Prairie Hay—Shall be upland hay of bright, natural color, well cured, sweet, sound and may contain 3 per cent weeds.

No. 1 Prairie Hay—Shall be upland, and may contain one-quarter midland, both of good color, well cured, sweet, sound, and may contain 8 per cent weeds.

No. 2 Prairie Hay—Shall be upland, of fair color and may contain one-half midland, both of good color, well cured, sweet, sound and may contian 12½ per cent weeds.

No. 3 Prairie Hay—Shall include hay not good enough for other grades and not caked.

No. 1 Midland—Shall be midland hay of good color, well cured, sweet, sound and may contain 3 per cent weeds.

No. 2 Midland—Shall be fair color, or slough hay of good color, and may contain 12½ per cent weeds.

Packing Hay—Shall include all wild hay not good enough for other grades and not caked.

No Grade Prairie Hay—Shall include all hay not good enough for other grades.

Same Here.

The editor of this paper has not purchased an automobile touring car for two reasons. First, because we prefer to wait until flying machines are perfected and get one of them instead; second, because the money we have saved up to buy one is being temporarily used by our one thousand delinquent subscribers in paying a year in advance for their city dailies and magazines.—Browns Valley Tribune.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Conrad J. Kaiser, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the United States District Court, for the District of Minnesota.

Conrad J. Kaiser of Thief River Falls, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota in said district, respectfully represents, that on the 6th day of December last past he was duly adjudicated a bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all of his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, excepting such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated September 3, 1907.
Conrad J. Kaiser,
Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota Sixth Division, ss.

On this 9th day of October A. D. 1907, on reading the foregoing petition, it is Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 12th. day of November, A. D. 1907, before said Court, at Fergus Falls in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1907.
Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
{ SEAL OF THE COURT } By L. A. Lavorsen,
Deputy Clerk

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rates and reservations, call on,
W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

THE REX
CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON
SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

As Pure and Clean as the Name

KIEWEL BREWING CO.
K
CROOKSTON MINN.
A LIQUID FOOD
A PERFECT
K
White Seal
Kiewel Brewing Co.
A BUILDER OF HEALTH
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A Recognized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

ORDER NOW
KIEWEL BREWING COMPANY.
CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone 164, Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FIRST TO JOIN THE SERVICE

Stockholm's Oldest Messenger Boy Has Recently Celebrated His 80th Birthday.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Stockholm's oldest "messenger boy" celebrated his 80th birthday Sept. 20. His name is Magnusson and his headquarters have been on the corner of Mastersamuel street for forty-four years. When the so-called stats-bud service—rather the messenger service—was introduced in the city in 1863, he was the first one to join and he has remained faithfully in the service ever since. He is the nestor among Stockholm messengers and the wonder of it is that he is still in active service and able to attend to his duties. A Stockholm "stadsbud" carries all manner of packages, trunks, etc., to the destination ordered and the old man can still take a heavy trunk on his back and carry it up a flight of stairs. He is the father of eight children and has one son 45 years old, who also follows the same vocation.

The rumor that the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna's marriage to Prince Wilhelm will take place this year has been given a fresh impetus by the report that the duchess has employed a Swedish instructor and is now studying the Swedish language and Swedish history. It is believed that the wedding will take place during the Russian Easter, which is celebrated in May, and that the Russian ceremony will be held in St. Petersburg and the Swedish one in Stockholm. The duchess will be accompanied to Stock by her brother, the Grand Duke Dimitri.

Age is beginning to tell very plainly on King Oscar, although he has gained his health temporarily. He resumed the reins of government last June, when he celebrated his fiftieth wedding anniversary. Therefore the cabinet meetings at the royal palace are comparatively tame affairs. The old king becomes easily tired nowadays and his memory has failed him somewhat. Crownprince Gustaf is taking more part in government affairs every day. The latter has just returned from Germany, where he attended his father-in-law's funeral.

Rear Admiral Otto Lagerberg, commander of the armored cruiser Karlskrona, died a week ago last Friday in Stockholm. He was born June 22, 1827, and was commander of the Vanadis, which made a trip around the world in 1886-87 with Prince Oscar Bernadotte aboard.

Foreign Minister Trolle and the Russian foreign minister, Iswolsky, had a long conference in Karlstad last Friday. Just what the conference involved is not known, but it is thought that the boundary dispute between Finland and Sweden was the matter discussed.

In Copenhagen it is declared that the Swedish yachtsmen who desire to challenge for the America's cup are ready to accept the conditions under which Shamrock III sailed off Sandy Hook. It has been decided to build the Swedish challenger entirely of wood.

Electric bells have been placed in the Johannes church in Stockholm. They were manufactured in Essen, Germany, are made of pure steel and are three in number. Such church bells have also been placed in the church tower of the Storkyrkan.

Carnegie & Co.'s sugar refineries in Gothenburg have been sold to the sugar trust, which assumed complete control of its affairs Oct. 1. Carnegie & Co. were incorporated in Gothenburg with a capital stock of 10,000,000 crowns.

The "Blue Book," August Strindberg's latest book, which was placed on the market Sept. 12, is a huge success, both from a literary standpoint and financially speaking. The first edition has already been sold out.

Hotels Germania and Bellevue, near Gustaf Adolf Square, were consolidated Oct. 1 and will be known from now on as the Germania hotel. Plans are under way for erecting a new building next summer.

Professor J. Borjesson has tendered his resignation as professor of figure drawing at the academy of Liberal Arts in Stockholm. Professor Borjesson contemplates spending the winter in Paris.

Sweden will send a large delegation of athletes, runners, swimmers and wrestlers to the Olympian games which will be held in London next year.

A. Karlgren has been chosen president of the Upsala Students' Male Chorus. The chorus has now [illegible] members.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

It is not at all unlikely that the Social Democrats of Scandinavia are destined to exert considerable influence upon the solution of the military question discussed by The Hague conference. About [illegible] representative Social Democrats from Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland have just closed a conference at Kristiania which was closely watched by the public men of Scandinavia, those 400 men representing an army of 500,000 Social-Democrats. A full report of the convention has not reached us at this writing. But a very important movement has been reported by wire. Those members of the convention who are also members of the legislative assemblies of the Scandinavian countries resolved to act in unison against military motives in the legislatures, to urge their governments to establish reliable treaties with all powers and to have all international controversies settled by arbitration. The Social Democrats of the different Scandinavian countries will no doubt be in closer touch with each other after this convention than they have been in the past.

Norwegian government officials like those of Sweden, are at present considerably worried about agents who come from America to induce Norwegians to settle in the far west of the United States. Their presence in Norway has occasioned much bitter comment and the Norwegian government is doing all in its power to contravert their operations. The government furnishes retaliatory methods in sending Colonel Magnus to the United States and a notewothy feature about this entire procedure is the ruling of Attorney General Bonaparte in the case of the state of Louisiana, which has been soliciting emigrants. The question of one country soliciting emigrants from the other is becoming pertinent and will soon be an international question which must be settled by a court of arbitration at no distant date.

For a long time there has been much agitation in church circles in Norway regarding the establishment of a private theological seminary and it now seems to be only a question of time. The prospects are that the necessary means will be forthcoming without any extraordinary efforts. The church people are becoming enthusiastic over the proposition. Several persons have subscribed from $25 to $250 a year for running expenses. In a short while an appeal will be published by bishops, preachers and laymen. The new faculty is to consist of Professor Odland, Rev. Hognest and a third man, whose name cannot yet be announced. Rev. Dahle has been suggested as the third man, but he does not want to give up his work as secretary of the foreign missions.

The South Varanger company, which bought the Anker iron ore fields on the Pasvig peninsula, in northern Norway, has secured a loan from the Norddeutche bank of Hamburg and the Disconte bank of Berlin of 12,000,000 crowns ($3,000,000). The capital is to be increased from 5,000,000 crowns ($1,250,000) to 10,000,000 crowns ($2,500,000.) The mines will be fully worked and by 1910 it is calculated that the annual production will be between 600,000 and 900,000 tons of concentrate and briquets containing 65 per cent. of iron of high quality. Special steamers of 8,000 tons each will be built by the Norwegian owners.

A new strike, involving about 4,000 workingmen, threatens to break out in Christiania at any minute at the sawmills at Fredrikstad. At last reports an attempt at arbitration between the conflicting parties was strongly pressed and a prolonged labor conflict may thus be averted.

Mrs. Adeline Hagerup, mother of Mrs. Edvard Grieg, died at Bergen a few days ago aged 94 years. Mrs. Grieg is the wife of the late composer, whose funeral was held in Christiania about three weeks ago. Mrs. Grieg's mother died only a few days afterward.

Hotel Skandinavia in Christiania and five adjoining houses were destroyed by fire a week ago Tuesday. The loss entailed is estimated at $100,000.

Norway's envoy in Havana, M. J. Brunchhorst, has been appointed minister of agriculture to succeed R. D. Lehmkul, who has resigned.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A few months ago, just before the Dowager Empress Dagmar and Queen Alexandra arrived at the new summer palace of Hvidore, a young German named Niesigh, who for half a year had been employed in a bakery close to the palace, was arrested as a dangerous anarchist. He was sent to Germany and told not to return. Oct. 4 the police received a telegram announcing that Niesigh was on his way to Copenhagen on the continental express. At the station Niesigh was arrested by four detectives and taken to prison. The police are sure that the man intended to return to Hvidore to utilize his acquaintance there. The royal military guard and the secret service have been strengthened in consequence.

The fuel problem has become so important that the authorities have collected materials for ascertaining the volume of peat in the bogs of Denmark. A general estimate puts the area of the bogs at [illegible] acres, and the peat that may be used for fuel at 700,000,000 tons. This is equal to about [illegible] tons of coal. If Denmark reduces her coal import to one-half, and uses peat in place of the other half, her peat bogs will last fifty years. More exact investigations will soon be made.

The czar of Russia has personally cabled to the Danish builders of his yacht his compliments and thanks for the excellent and solid construction of the Standart. He said in his message that if the yacht had been less strongly built it would certainly have sunk when it struck the rocks in the Gulf of Finland.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

What is believed to be the most unique order of a law court on record in the annals of civilization was made at Minneapolis by Judge Dickinson of the district court. He ordered an alarm of fire turned in and thereby saved the house of Mrs. R. M. Allard, which is opposite the courthouse. A juror saw the flames and notified the judge, who ordered the bailiff to turn in an alarm of fire.

Matilda Osborn, a pretty little girl of seventeen, broke down and cried when she told Judge Andrew Holt of Minneapolis how she had been wooed and won by a Mill City fireman, who later married another woman. The girl was a witness in the case brought by her father, Edward Osborn, in her behalf for the recovery of $12,500 for breach of promise. The jury returned a verdict of $2,000 in her favor.

The state board of equalization apparently took some stock in the hard luck stories told them by the representatives of the public service corporations, as they have let them all off without an increase in their assessments. And not only did they not raise any of the assessments but they reduced the assessment of the Western Union Telegraph company from $1,250,000 to $1,000,000.

The plan is under foot by J. A. Irvine & Co., one of the largest logging concerns in the northern woods, to substitute oxen for horses as far as possible in their logging operations during the coming winter. The reason for the proposed change is that horses are too high priced and that oxen will do as much work as horses and at the same time will thrive on less expensive food.

The Minnesota mine at Soudan, near Tower, was supposed to be pretty nearly exhausted of its mineral wealth a year ago, but last winter a new and important strike was made and now comes report of another good strike. The Minnesota was the first iron mine ever opened up in this state and the first shipping property.

Wage earners in Minneapolis for the year ending July 31 showed an increase of 5,121 over the previous year and 10,622 over 1905. In the establishments inspected by state factory inspectors there were 48,858 persons employed last year.

Girls outnumber the boys nearly two to one in the academic department of the state university and their numbers are increasing yearly. The total registration of girls at the university this year will probably reach the 1,000 mark.

The Southern Pacific railway has reduced the rate on cement from Minnesota to California terminals. The new schedule cuts the price in carload lots of not less than 40,000 pounds from 44½ cents to 43 cents per hundred pounds.

The total enrollment in the schools of the state during last year was less than in the preceding year by some 3,000 pupils. The total enrollment for the year ending July 31, 1907, was 428,248 and for the preceding year it was 431,690.

L. P. Harrington, who has held the office of county superintendent of schools of McLeod county for eighteen years, has resigned to accept the principalship of the agricultural school at Crookston.

Nicholas Kauth of Minneapolis killed a timber wolf at Central avenue and Thirty-fifth street, less than three miles from the business center of the Mill City.

Nine wives and one husband received decrees of divorce in Minneapolis in one day last week.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Another murder mystery has developed in Minneapolis. This time it is the case of Joseph Glenn, a guest at the Phoenix hotel, who was picked up in a doorway supposedly in a drunken stupor. Glenn died at the city hospital several days later and an autopsy showed that he had been struck on the head with some blunt instrument, probably a sandbag.

John R. Lee, who ten years ago was a famous opera singer, having been a baritone with the famous Bostonian company, last week pleaded guilty to a charge of forgery in the Hennepin county district court.

Anton Kirshmeier fell down the elevator shaft in the building occupied by the St. Paul Hardwood Door company at St. Paul and was taken to the city hospital in a dying condition.

John W. Boettcher, a farmer of Wagner township, Aitkin county, while preparing a charge of dynamite for a large stump was blown to pieces by an accidental explosion.

Orlando Sabina was caught in the elevator at the Griffin wheel works at St. Paul and died instantly from a broken neck.

Ralph Backby of Wellington, thirty years old, ended his life with a rifle bullet while despondent over ill health.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Elizabeth Henle of New Ulm, one of the three survivors of the original band of settlers of that place, is dead at the age of seventy-eight years.

John Luger, president of the Luger Furniture company of North St. Paul, is dead. He was seventy-five years old.

Dr. W. S. Latta, aged [illegible], one of the best known physicians in Minneapolis, dropped dead from apoplexy.

ORE LAND ASSESSMENT.

Minnesota Board Finally Fixes It at $191,000,000.

The assessment of the iron mine properties in Northern Minnesota will remain at the figure fixed by the state tax commission, approximately $191,000,000. This is an increase of fully 150 per cent over the figures of last year and the determination to permit the new figures to stand was reached by the state board of equalization after a heated discussion.

Commissioner Heinen offered the motion accepting the tax commission's valuation, $191,000,000. Commissioner Meighen, who headed the movement for a stiffer valuation, countered the Heinen motion with one increasing the tax commission's figures 25 per cent and later Commissioner Hodges, in the interest of harmony, as he explained it, tendered a motion making the proposed increase 10 per cent. On the roll call six voted for the increase and it was declared lost.

Commissioner Nolte raised the point that even the tax commission's valuation was unjust and proposed a cut in the figure, making the total $150,000,000. He only received the support of one other member.

The Heinen motion, accepting the tax commission's figures, was voted upon and passed with one negative vote.

STUBBORN FIRE IN ST. PAUL

Fireman Strive for Several Hours to Subdue the Flames.

Fire starting in the basement of the Five and Ten Cent store, 57 East Seventh street, St. Paul, resulted in a total loss of $50,000 and gave the firemen one of the hardest battles they have had recently. The fire burned from 6:12 until midnight and every effort upon the part of the firemen to smother the flames were futile. The fire apparently was under control several times when it would burst forth with renewed energy.

The Five and Ten Cent Store company is the heaviest loser, its stock, valued at $30,000, being totally destroyed by fire and water. The damage to the Woolworth building, in which the Five and Ten Cent store is located, is about $5,000. The firm of W. A. Friend and the White House department store each sustained a $5,000 loss from smoke and the water which flooded the basements. The basement of the Stronge & Warner company at Seventh and Minnesota streets was flooded. That and other firms in the block suffered losses aggregating $5,000.

TWO DIE BY SHOOTING.

Accidents Result in Deaths Near Tyler, Minn.

Two deaths by accidental shooting have just occurred in the neighborhood of Tyler. Jack Neuel of Pipestone, who had been hunting near Lake Benton in company with two other young men, was leaning on his gun, when both barrels were accidentally discharged. The shot entered his body at the shoulder and severed the auxiliary artery. Death was instantaneous.

Peter Peterson of Limestone, a sixteen-year-old boy, was carrying a shotgun when his ten-year-old brother, who carried a 22-caliber rifle, suggested that they exchange weapons. Shortly afterward, at a range of about a rod, the shotgun was accidentally discharged and the shot entered Peter's arm and side, causing fatal injuries.

JUMPS FROM RIVER BRIDGE

Well Known Minneapolis Insurance Man Ends His Life.

The body of Nelson W. Clark, a well known insurance man of Minneapolis and deacon for many years of the Plymouth Congregational church, was found on the rocky river front just below the east end of the Marshall avenue bridge at St. Paul. Directly above the body on the bridge were Mr. Clark's coat and overcoat, neatly folded, and his umbrella. In falling from the bridge the body had hit upon a rock and the two had rolled for about ten feet down the slope.

Mr. Clark was fifty-seven years of age and had long been a sufferer from lumbago. This is supposed to have been the cause of his suicide.

Indicted Lumbermen In Court.

Eighteen Northwestern lumbermen, indicted by the federal grand jury at Minneapolis on charges which were brought by the retail mail order houses that they have tried to ruin the catalogue business by means of the "little black book," appeared in the federal court Thursday to listen to the arraignments against them and asked for time in which to prepare their pleadings. N. S. Darling of Oklahoma City, the eighteenth lumberman indicted, was unable to attend, and by stipulation was represented by C. J. Taylor. Judge Munger granted a stay of time until Nov. 1.

Two Men Killed by Trains.

Two men were killed by railroad trains within a few hours of each other near Proctor. One was W. A. Franklin, aged twenty-four years and unmarried, brakeman for the Missabe road. He fell between the cars of a freight train and died two hours later [illegible] Duluth. An unknown man about forty-five years old was run down by a train in the outskirts of Proctor. He was frightfully mangled.

Cut to Pieces by Locomotive.

[illegible] has been identified as [illegible] was at [illegible] in the [illegible] near the [illegible] St. Paul [illegible]. It was literally cut to pieces, [illegible] some distance by the engine.

ACTION IN RATE CASE

Minnesota's Attorney General Is Summoned to Court.

HE VIOLATED AN INJUNCTION

Ordered to Show Cause Why He Should Not Be Punished for Contempt.

Attorney General Young's challenge has been accepted. Contempt proceedings have been instituted against him for violating Judge Lochren's injunction in the rate cases and Mr. Young's plan to secure an early decision of the supreme court on the question of the jurisdiction of the court to issue the injunction is in operation.

The proceeding is in the form of an order to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt. It is based on Mr. Young's action in commencing asuit against the Northern Pacific road for the enforcement of the legislative commodity rates, in direct violation of Judge Lochren's injunction issued on Sept. 23.

The attorney-general has not been placed under arrest nor detained in any way. He will simply have to appear before Judge Lochren on Oct. 21 to show cause why he shall not be punished for contempt in violating the injunction. He will have to admit the violation of the injunction and the court will then probably impose a fine with directions that Mr. Young be kept in the custody of the marshal until the fine is paid.

The attorney general will then be able to apply to the United States supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus. In this proceeding the point will be raised that by making the attorney general a defendant in the rate cases the suits are in fact brought against the state, and hence are in violation of the federal constitutional provision which exempts states from liability to suits.

For this reason, the attorney general will contend, the court had no jurisdiction against him and if the supreme court sustains his position on this point the suits will be dismissed as to the attorney general and the contempt proceedings will fall, as the action complained of would be the violation of a void injunction.

YOUNG WOMAN MURDERED

Minneapolis Man Suspected of Killing His Wife.

The body of Mrs. George Patons, seventeen years of age, was found in a room on the second floor of 1215 Third street north, Minneapolis. The young wife was probably strangled to death a week before the body was found and to make sure of the crime her murderer had tied a silk muffler tightly around her throat.

The husband, a Polish laborer, has not been seen since Oct. 6, the day on which the crime is supposed to have been committed, and the police are now searching for him.

The body of the murdered woman was found by W. A. Shaughnessy, who lives on the ground floor of the house in which the crime was committed and who rented the rooms to the Patons couple. For a week there had been no sign of life upstairs and finally becoming suspicious that all was not right Shaughnessy entered his tenants' rooms. He found the body of the strangled girl wife lying on a bed. Her body was lying diagonally across spots of blood on the bed. A quilt had been thrown over the body, leaving only the face exposed. A theory of the police is that the spots of blood may have been caused by the wife wounding her assailant in the fight for life.

HIT BY STREET CAR.

John Tracy and Wife Killed Just Outside Minneapolis.

John Tracy, a farmer living near Medina, Hennepin county, and his wife, while driving, were struck and killed by a Deephaven car just out of Minneapolis. Their adopted daughter, Mattie Tracy, aged seven, was in the buggy with them, but escaped with minor injuries.

The buggy was being driven south and the car was approaching in the direction of Hopkins. Motorman Larsen sounded the whistle for the crossing and upon catching sight of the rig sounded the danger signal and threw on the brakes, but Tracy had driven onto the tracks, when, for some reason, the horse stood still. The car struck the rig, hurling the occupants to the ground.

The passengers on the car agree with the motorman's version of the accident, though William Anderson of Hopkins says that Tracy made every effort to hurry across the tracks, but could not escape the car, which was running at a high rate of speed.

Minnesota Bank Robbed.

The State bank of Correll, which is sixteen miles east of Ortonville on the Milwaukee road, was broken into by burglars, who secured $[illegible] in gold, silver and paper currency. The building was completely wrecked by the explosion [illegible].

Engineer Killed, Fireman Hurt.

George F. [illegible], engineer, was killed and [illegible] the fireman, [illegible] in a wreck on the Missabe [illegible] Missabe ore dock approach in Duluth.

$5.00

DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS; MINN

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Simon Opsahl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl, Decedent:

The state of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, Mathea Opsahl, Gunda Opsahl, Even Opsahl, Peter Opsahl, Ole Opsahl and Mathilda Opsahl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th. day of October 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 30th. day of September 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
SEAL. Probate Judge.

N. B. Hanson, Barnesville, Minn.,
Attorney for Petitioner.

oct 3-24

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S. H. Sharbach,

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Just received a lot of the very latest, "Fitted coats that fit" also loose coats of the very latest and fashionable styles.

Tight fitting coats like the cut at from

$17.50 to $25

Very popular model in broad cloth full length, lined throughout with good quality satin. Must be seen to be appreciated.

This cut represents a very late model of loose coat, one of the best selling styles in our line. Price from

$10 to $40

Some extra specials on sale next week at very attractive prices considering quality and high prices of all kinds of merchandise at the present time.

Stocking caps, a big variety of colors and kinds the regular 50 to 65c kind, on sale your choice for 39c

Men's cotton sweaters, always 50 to 75c your choice for 39c.

German Knitting yarn, in colors, only to close at a lb. 75c worth $1.00.

Ribbon Sale 1000 yds of fancy and plain all silk ribbon, regular 8, 10 and 12c quality, special while it lasts a yd. 5c.

Lace shirt waists, very stylish for evening and dress wear, big variety at from 3.00 to 7.50.

50 pairs of ladies shoes small sizes all 3.00 and $4.00 quality. Choice of any pair $1 98.

Special bargains in all kinds of Underwear. Next week sale.

S. H. Sharbach,

FIRST DOOR WEST OF THE POSTOFFICE.

Social-Democratic Column.

Conducted Under the Auspices of the Socialist Party of the United States.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it cooperative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

FIRST PRINCIPLES AGAIN.

Socialists Hold That "if a Man Will Not Work Neither Shall He Eat."

But hear the Socialists. Poverty can and shall be abolished in our generation, root and branch; no man shall receive without giving of his labor, be that of hands or mind or whatever talent he possesses; land, with its contents of mineral wealth, shall be owned by all for the benefit of all; rent, interest and profit shall be superseded by communal use of natural, mechanical and all other sources of value; as the present titles to possession are law made, they can and should be unmade by law in so far as they give exclusive privileges to individuals; therefore the world's workers are urged to use the peaceful power of their ballots to transfer the titles to the means whereby wealth is produced and distributed, from the present largely idle owning class to the working propertyless class, and this not for the purpose of shutting out any member of the human family from ownership, but of making all owners and all users.

It is not, then, too much to say that Christians who cast in their lot with those who hold these principles are thereby hastening a social revolution. But just herein lies the church's opportunity largely to atone for her blindness in persecuting such pioneers as Galilei, Giordano Bruno and Charles Darwin, greeting the new truth, no matter though error cling to it here and there, and in the person of her loyal and not easily daunted children putting herself boldly on the side of the exploited as against the hinderers of social righteousness.

The church has opposed the development of science at its great turning points hitherto and has been obliged to concede the truth with belated and chagrined acquiescence. Now a new opportunity of the same kind is being placed before her. Will she again spurn it and give her opponents all the honor and joy of recognizing fresh truth, or will she, as many hope, fling away jealousy and hesitation and cordially welcome it?

This time the revelation is scientific, but given in the special field of economics. To come to the issue at once, those who are now the most efficient pioneers for the whole of humanity toward justice and the splendid community of happiness are the Socialists. I am perfectly willing to "give my testimony." I have transgressed in lack of sympathy toward the most scientific and determined "doers of the work" today for universal equality and fraternity. These are the only thoroughgoing abolitionists of wage slavery and poverty, and if there is anything for Christians to endure by welcoming and aiding them that will even faintly resemble the sacrifices of the early days certainly volunteers will not for that reason be deterred.

If we have ceased to consider it a Christian teaching that if a man will not work neither shall he eat, then we have lost the right definition. But the only ones who consistently preach this today are the Socialists. The church has abandoned it. Is it not so? Imagine, for instance, the results in certain of our parishes of a literal, drastic insistence upon that Pauline epigram and then realize how considerately its sharp corners are at present packed in the excelsior of homiletic quibbles and evasions.—Rev. Elliott White, St. John's Episcopal Church, Worcester, Mass.

Various Ideas About Socialism.

The ethics of Socialism are identical with the ethics of Christianity—Encyclopedia Brittanica.

William Morris—Socialism is the ideal and hope of a new society founded on industrial peace and forethought aiming at a new and higher life for all men.

Socialism is inevitable. It is the industrial movement of the world—Rev. Joseph Pullman at New York Methodist Conference.

John Ruskin—Government and co-operation are in all things and eternally, the law of life; anarchy and competition, eternally and in all things, the law of death.

The Socialist theory and proposition must be reckoned with and can by no means be dismissed with a sneer.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The St. Louis Mirror says: "The development of the consolidation idea renders all protest against ultimate Socialism futile and foolish."

Emile Zola—Whosoever is content to scoff at the new gospel—Socialism—is a fool. Whosoever treacherously attacks it is a criminal.

Ladies Fall and Winter Coats

We are pleased to announce that we purchased early our fall and winter coats at very low prices, and our stock will be complete in a few days, and at prices that will surprise you. Our coats have been carefully selected and comprise the very latest in style and finish. In cloth coats we have them in fur lined, with fur collras and without. Prices range from $8.00 to $25.00.

Our line of fur jackets, such as mink, near seal, and astrakan are simply superb and prices right.

Furs == Furs == Furs

Our line of ladies fur collars is the largest in the northwest, comprising the latest both in long and short furs. Prices range from 75c to $25. You will admit they are pretty.

Just received, a beautiful line of ladies shirt waists. Prices from $1.25 to $8.50.

A word to the wise: If you intend to buy a coat or fur this fall, we invite you to look over our line before buying. We can please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

NEED OF SOCIAL MORALITY.

Lack of Moral Order Makes Our Civilization a Joke.

The time is not far when men will look back with incredulous amazement at our crime and folly of compelling and being compelled to work for bread in the twentieth century of human history. Mankind, still trembling under the whip of money kind, still crouching, whining for bread! It will seem to be a folly too vast, too incomprehensible, for the new time to realize it.

In an empire of immoral chance what shall we call failure? What can you fathers tell the children to do in order to insure bread and the dignity and the delight of right living through the coming years? If any moral order prevailed in our civilization we could give the child a chart as accurate as the shipmaster's.

It is said that it takes a wise child to know its own father. Yours, not knowing your moral bankruptcy, may think that you can tell him how to live. With your knowledge of life he thinks you can tell how honor and comfort may certainly be attained. Now, what will you say to him? Will you tell him about this competitive, cutthroat, devil-take-the-hindmost philosophy of ours and recommend it as a sure moral foundation for honor and competence? None of us would want to deceive the child that way. If we were to tell the truth a generous natured child would shrink from us disgusted.

Until we have a social morality that we are not ashamed of we had better own up that we are living in a morally anarchist era and that he must e'en do as others do and drop with them into the muck swirl. Bid him find something to buy at one price and some one to buy it from him at another. He will find it necessary no doubt to be a liar, but he won't mind that after a little while, for competition is a great moral transformationist as it swings us into the crime of chance.—Peter E. Burrowes.

Wage Slavery.

It may be an exaggeration to speak of wage slavery as existing in this country today, but when a man is dependent for the means of livelihood upon others it results that a spirit of subjection is bred in him. He becomes inwardly a slave, even if he is not so outwardly. He cannot speak and think as a perfectly free man. The cringing, subdued, cowardly temper comes upon him, and he grows abject in mind.

We are amply justified in believing that if the present economic conditions continue there will inevitably grow up a spirit of serfdom in this country. Men cannot remain politically independent and ethically right minded if they are continually subjected to economic conditions that are not democratic and manly. If a man must cringe to get a job, and if he must constantly subject his mind to an abject loyalty to another in order to retain it, he will become essentially a slave in his inward nature.—New Commonwealth.

Her Supposition.

In the Beecher family the name of Mrs. Stowe was often quoted to the rising generation as one having authority. She was also quoted ad nauseam, it would seem, from a story told by the Woman's Journal. On one occasion a grandniece of Mrs. Stowe became very angry at a playmate and, stamping her foot, said, "I hate you, and I don't want anything more to do with you, nor your manservant, nor your maidservant, nor your ox, nor your ass." Her mother sternly reproved her, asking her if she knew what she was saying.

Little Miss Beecher promptly replied, "Yes; the Ten Commandments."

"Well, do you know who wrote them?"

The child, looking disgusted, answered: "Goodness, yes. Aunt Harriet did, I s'pose."

The Word "Poultry."

Poultry, according to the definition given in one standard encyclopedia, includes "the whole of the domesticated birds reclaimed by man for the sake of their flesh and their eggs." The word comes from the Latin "pullus," which could mean a young horse or donkey as well as a chick (the English "foal" is akin to this, through the French "poule," a fowl. But it is curious that "poultry" has no French version, the nearest equivalent being "volaille," or "oiseaux de basse cour," birds of the low yard. German in its descriptive way knows poultry as "federvieh," feather cattle.

An Unmentioned Ancestor.

Mr. B. is very proud of his ancient lineage and never lets slip an opportunity to boast of it. At a dinner where he had been unusually rampant on this subject a fellow guest quieted him by remarking, "If you climb much further up your family tree you will come face to face with the monkey."—Lippincott's.

A Piece Conference.

Russian Bear—I think we had better have our representatives sit in convention and do what we have long contemplated—divide up Turkey. British Lion—Yes, in other words, hold another piece conference.—Norristown (Pa.) Times.

His Big Score.

Beginner at Golf—How many have I taken, my boy? Is it fifteen or sixteen? Disgusted Caddie—Ach, I dinna ken. It's no a caddie ye need; it's a billiard marker.—People's Journal.

THE COMPETITIVE SYSTEM.

Only Under Socialism Can Monopoly Cease to Be a Menace.

If by "competitive system" we mean a condition of society in which every person competes against every other person, then I say that there probably never has been any such competitive system, and I furthermore maintain that there never will be. In the nature of things it is an impossibility. Even if there was an approach to it among certain primitive peoples the tribe and the family soon intervened, followed in due time by the partnership, the company, the corporation and the trust. Each of these was an effort at protection through voluntary co-operation against the ever increasing severity of the competitive struggle. Each of these co-operative efforts was advantageous to the co-operators, but was necessarily accompanied by intensified competition among the groups thus formed. At length certain groups became so powerful that they practically "held up" all the other groups. Competition had reached its logical outcome, which is monopoly.

This course of development was aided but not caused by law, which is another way of saying that certain voluntary groups were sufficiently intelligent and powerful to hoodwink and expropriate the rest of society in accordance with given formulae. These groups had two incentives—private profit and the power over others that comes only through private profit.

Throughout the history of the world the voluntary group, with private profit for its incentive, has been the most serious menace to society. It has been the controlling force in war, religion, government and industrial expropriation. It will endeavor to control law so long as law shall exist and in the absence of law will speedily find other means to perpetuate itself. Its blighting influence will survive till private profit is no more. No czar can suppress the voluntary group and enforce the chimera of "free competition."

We call the system of today the competitive system because competition is now more deadly than ever before in the world's history. It is the competition of organized voluntary groups struggling with each other for the final mastery. The next step must be absolute monopoly, which means the virtual ownership of society by voluntary groups, or else co-operation, which means the abolition of private profit and therefore the destruction of the incentive which renders the voluntary group so dangerous. Only under Socialism will the voluntary group cease to be a menace to the well being of society at large. Its fangs will then be drawn, and it must turn from ways of war to paths of peace.—A. E. Wight in New Commonwealth.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the federal court at Kansas City, has granted a temporary injunction restraining Secretary of State Swanger from attempting to forfeit the charter of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway. The case grows out of the law passed by the last Missouri legislature which forbids railway companies from transferring to the federal courts damage suits filed against them in the state courts.

Tales of cannibalism, wholesale murder, awful famine and deadly feuds among the natives of Northeastern Canada, between the eastern shore of James bay and Labrador, are brought back by J. A. Osborne, the veteran editor of the Fort Francis Times, who has just completed a trip of exploration in that desolate country.

After brief deliberation the jury in the case of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad company, on trial at Los Angeles, Cal., charged with rebating, returned a verdict of guilty on all the counts enumerated in the indictments. The maximum fine for the offenses charged is $1,160,000 and the minimum is $66,000.

The Cunarder Lusitania, with all the transatlantic records to her credit, arrived abeam the Sandy Hook lightship at 1:25 a. m. Friday. The time for the trip from Queenstown to New was four days and twenty hours. The Lusitania averaged twenty-four knots for the entire trip, breaking all previous records.

Judges Grosscup, Baker and Seaman, in the United States circuit court of appeals at Chicago, have overruled a petition of the Chicago and Alton Railway company for a rehearing on its appeal from the $60,000 fine imposed by Judge K. M. Landis a little more than a year ago for rebating.

Suit has been filed in the United States circuit court at Portland, Ore., by the Oregon and Washington Lumber Manufacturers' association against the Hill and Harriman lines asking for an injunction restraining the railroads from advancing the tariff on Eastern lumber shipments Nov. 1.

The Chicago National league baseball team won the world's championship at Detroit Saturday, defeating the Detroit American league team by the score of 2 to 0. It was the fourth successive victory for the Chicago team in as many days.

The Chicago Nationals defeated the Detroit American league team in the third game of the championship series by a score of 5 to 1. The first game resulted in a tie and the second game was won by Chicago—3 to 1.

Reports from Victoria, B. C., say the sealing catch of this season is the lowest on record and about one-third that of last year.

The stock market opened very weak Saturday, a number of leading stocks selling down to about the level of the panic of last March.

LABOR NEWS.

Charles P. Neill, United States commissioner of labor, was in conference with the officials of the Western Union Telegraph company in New York making a final effort to ascertain if there was any chance to make terms for the operators still out on strike. All phases of the subject were considered, but he was assured that the position of the company would not be changed under any circumstances.

The strike of New York furriers has ended, 5,000 men returning to work. The men wanted closed shop conditions, which means recognition of their union. About 1,000 of the men gained their point, but the others will continue to work under the open shop plan.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the National Telegraphers' union at Chicago President S. J. Small was suspended. Small had suggested that a vote be taken on the question of calling off the strike.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

PANBESA'S LETTER.

An Account of an Egyptian City Thirty Centuries Ago.

Probably the oldest letter in the world is the letter of Panbesa, written fifteen centuries before Christ to his friend, Amenemapt, a scribe.

The manuscript is of perishable papyrus, and it is amazing that it should have survived for more than thirty centuries and still be legible.

It is preserved in the collection of the British museum. It has been several times translated. It presents an interesting picture of life in Egypt in the time of Rameses II. It is more in the nature of a literary production, a poem composed in celebration of the visit of Pharaoh to the city of Pa-Rameses, than an ordinary letter of today.

Panbesa "greets his lord, the scribe Amenemapt, to whom be life, health and strength," and then goes on to describe the verdant fields, the thrashing floors, the vineyards, the groves of olives, the orchards of figs, the great daily markets, with their fish and waterfowl and swarms of purchasers.

The citizens had their "sweet wine of Khemi, pomegranate wine and wine from the vineyards," and to these they added "beer of Kati."

There was music in plenty furnished by the singers of the school of Memphis.

On the whole, Pa-Rameses seems to have been a pleasant place to live in. "The lesser folk are there equal with *the great folk," and Panbesa writes* that its maidens were "in holiday attire every day," with locks "redolent of perfumed oil."

THE CITY OF CANALS.

Venice and the Many Islands Upon Which It Is Built.

Venice is one of the most singular and famous cities in Europe and is built upon a cluster of islands in the lagoon. This lagoon is banked off from the Adriatic by a long, narrow sand bank which is divided into a number of islands, six in number. Inside of this sand bank and between it and the mainland is the lagoon, a sheet of shallow water. In parts of this marshy, sea covered plain islets have become consolidated into ground, firm enough to be cultivated.

And in the midst of a crowded cluster of such islands, amounting to between seventy and eighty in number, the city of Venice is built. The chief of these islands is called Isolda de Rialto, or Island of the Deep Stream. The islands, in many places mere shoals, afford no adequate foundation for buildings, and the city for the most part is built upon an artificial foundation of piles and stones.

The Grand canal divides Venice into two equal parts and is the main thoroughfare for traffic and pleasure. The city is subdivided by some one hundred and forty-six small canals or water streets, and the gondola is used for the carriage. Access can also be had to various parts of the city by land, there being over three hundred bridges across canals. The Rialto, the most famous bridge, spans the Grand canal. There are also narrow lanes in among the houses.

The Overruling of a Judge.

A judge once awoke in the night to find his room in the possession of two armed burglars. Covered by the pistol of one of the marauders, the judge watched the proceedings with his usual judicial calm. One of the depredators found a watch. "Don't take that," the judge said; "it has little value and is a keepsake." "The motion is overruled," replied the burglar. "I appeal," rejoined the judge. The two burglars consulted, and the spokesman then replied: "The appeal is allowed. The case coming on before a full tribunal of the supreme court, that body is of the unanimous opinion that the decree of the lower court should be sustained, and it is accordingly so ordered." Pocketing the watch, court adjourned.

Logic and Metaphysics.

Joaquin Miller was once conversing with a learned professor who was visiting California. To the poet's query, "What do you do?" the professor answered that he held the chair of metaphysics and logic at a New England university. Whereupon the venerable Miller, with an encouraging smile, reassuringly patted the professor on the shoulder. "Logic and metaphysics, eh? Well, I suppose we must have people to look after those things, even if they don't exist."

Torture.

"The Carthaginian mercenaries," he said, "incased their prisoners in a cement that as it hardened contracted. You can't imagine how uncomfortable this was."

"Oh, yes, I can," she answered. "I once had on a tight bathing suit when it began to shrink." — Los Angeles Times.

Plenty of Old Ones.

Mr. Chipps (looking up from the paper)—The doctors have discovered another new disease. Mrs. Chipps—Well, I wish they'd stop looking for new diseases long enough to find a cure for my old rheumatism. — London Telegraph.

Both Disappointed.

He—I suppose, then, we may as well break the engagement and say we have both been disappointed in love. She—There seems to be no other conclusion. You thought I had money, and I certainly thought you had.—Judge.

He Told Her.

She—I wish I knew how I could make you extremely happy, dear Karl. He—Well, write to your father and ask him to double your dowry.—Meggendorfer Blätter.

THE WIND OF DEATH.

Life Lines In Trieste's Street For Use When the Bora Blows.

That which was once Illyria is now Dalmatia, or, rather, that part of Illyria which reaches the Adriatic is Dalmatia, the half forgotten country, as the Austrians called it when it fell into their hands not so many years ago. It is one of the few bits of Europe that remain in a measure unbackneyed, and it is still out of the beaten paths of the tourist, who himself is almost as much of a curiosity to the people as they are to him. There are seasons, according to an article in Appleton's Magazine, when the bora blows, that wind of death, as the natives call it, which comes out of the blue with more than a suddenness of a tornado and shakes the earth and all that is on the earth, stinging, blinding, choking. In the square of Trieste life lines are prominent features which the citizens must grasp when the bora clutches them, and they grope their way through the whirling dust and the promiscuous missiles flying in the darkened air. But the bora goes as quickly as it comes, and when it is gone the people simply excavate themselves out of the drift and think no more about the winged demon, which has left no trail whatever in the restored serenity of the scoured sky.

HIS SYMPATHY.

It Would Have Been Worth More Only He Lacked Presence of Mind.

In the criminal court in Baltimore a darky was on trial for stealing a watch, which he had pawned. He was identified by the owner as the person who grabbed the watch out of his pocket, yet the darky claimed to be innocent. When asked how he came in possession of the watch he said:

"I was standing on the corner when a man comes up to me and says he is hard up and hasn't a cent to buy food with, and he wants to sell me this watch for $3. I knew I could get $4 on it in pawn, and I felt sorry for him and bought the watch for $3 and pawned it for $4. That's how I got the watch."

The prosecutor then asked, if he had bought the watch for $3, knowing he could pawn it for $4, simply to help the man along because he felt sorry for him, why he did not advise him to pawn it himself, and then he would have had $4 instead of $3.

"Well, you see," said the prisoner, "I didn't have the presence of mind to do dat."—Judge's Library.

The Old Suez Canal.

Few people are aware that there had been a canal across the isthmus of Suez before De Lesseps ever conceived the idea of his monumental enterprise. A canal across the isthmus was actually constructed 600 years before the Christian era and served as a waterway for small vessels until about 1,000 years ago, when it was allowed to fall into disuse. Napoleon revived the idea and instructed one of the great engineers of his day to investigate the matter, but though a favorable report was presented to him, in which M. Lepere recommended the restoration of the canal, the work itself was never touched. When M. de Lesseps undertook the task of cutting the canal he thought at first to follow the idea of Napoleon and restore the ancient waterway, but this plan was abandoned and the present plan determined upon.

The Other Way Around.

The loyalty of the Scottish highlander to his kilt is a picturesque thing. He will never admit that it makes him cold, and highlanders who were suffering from cold in the ordinary dress of civilization have been known to substitute the kilt for it in order to get warm, though this would be much like removing one's coat and waistcoat and rolling up one's shirt sleeves for the same purpose.

It is said that a stranger, seeing a soldier in full highlander uniform shivering in a cold wind, asked him:

"Sandy, are you cold with the kilt?"

"Na, na, mon," the soldier answered indignantly, "but I'm nigh kilt with the cauld."

Labor of Ants.

It would perhaps be pushing metaphors to an unwarranted extreme to speak of "dignity of labor" in connection with the occupations of ants. But if by the phrase we mean that labor is the honorable lot of all citizens and that all labors of whatever sort are upon the same level of respectability then we might venture to apply the saying even to the labors of an ant hill. For therein all are workers, from the newly fledged callow to the veteran of a second summer.—Harper's Magazine.

Nothing.

A cockney tourist who had invaded Ireland was trying his hand at chaffing a native.

"Pat," said he, "what is the meaning of the word 'nothing'?"

"Sure, I can't explain it, but ye'll find it in the place where your brains ought to be."

Narrow Escape.

John—You very nearly got engaged while you were on your tour in the mountains, I hear. Michael—Precious near. But fortunately just at the last moment I fell down a precipice.—Pearson's Weekly.

At the Club.

Mrs Blessigood—I thought her quotation was apropos, didn't you? Mrs. Newritch—Dear me! I always supposed his name was Edgar Allan.—Exchange.

A judicious silence is always better than truth spoken without charity.—De Sales.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - plaintiffs.

vs.

Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., oct., 1, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Nov. 18th, 1907, viz: Oliver Gunderson H. E. No 162 Red Lake Series for the S. E ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp. 154 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole Holmen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Levas, " " " " "
Ole E. Grinde, " " " " "
John Hegrenes, " " " " "

R. J. Montague,
Register.

oct 10 nov 14

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs

Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated September 20th 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept. 26 Oct. 31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Nov 2d, 1905 for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct. 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Ernest Schmidt, of Germantown, Minn
Joseph Duchamp " " "
Ole Nelson " " "
Henry Cook " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

sept 26 oct 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 21 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob [illegible] of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Nov [illegible] for the [illegible] Section 7, Township 154 N. Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Oct. 31st 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
[illegible]
Ernest Schmidt
Jay Payne

R. J. Montague,
Register.

[illegible]

THE NEWS, $1

Furnished room for rent. One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 221.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,

Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks, - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn,
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1907 NUMBER 43

FIGHT FOR AN AUTO.

Red Lake Falls Citizens Make Trouble for the Sheriff

Do Not Want to Allow the Courts to Fix Storage Price.

Considerable excitement was caused last week by an attempt to replevy an automobile that has been stowed in a barn at Red Lake Falls since last June. The automobile is the property of George Elder and was left in Red Lake Falls by the George Gray, who was arrested at that place for stealing horses in *North Dakota.* The auto was stowed in Dan Geran's livery barn and he now demands $1 per day for storage charges. This sum is considered very unreasonable by Mr. Elder and so he put up a bond for double the amount of Geran's claim and had a writ of attachment issued to replevy the automobile. This was done in order that Mr. Elder might get possession of his property and at the same time let the courts say what was a reasonable fee for storeing the machine.

The writ of attachment was first served by Deputy Sheriff Isaacson and after the automobile was taken from the barn, Geran and others appeared upon the grounds and took the automobile away from Isaacson and hauled it back into the barn. The next day Sheriff Nelson and Deputy Sheriff Lee went to serve the writ and Mr. Lee was assaulted by Geran. The latter was placed under arrest and has been bound over to the grand jury, the charge being assaulting an officer, which is quite a serious one.

As the hind wheels had been taken off of the automobile, it was impossible for Sheriff Nelson to remove it from the barn and he could get no assistance from any citizens of Red Lake Falls, so on Saturday he swore in about sixteen deputies from Thief River Falls and went down for the purpose of taking possesion of the machine. Before any attempt had been made to take the machine from the barn an injunction was served and the matter will now come up before the district court on the 28th of October.

The citizens of Red Lake Falls seemed to take an active part in the matter and threatened to shoot any and all persons who attempted to take the automobile from Red Lake Falls. While the real trouble seems to be that there is a county seat fight on between the two towns, to any person of common sense it is hard to understand why uninterested parties should take such a prominent part in the affair as did several prominent Red Lake Falls men. That the automobile is the property of Mr. Elder there is no dispute. The only claim that Mr. Goran has against the property is for storage, and he demands $1 per day. Mr. Elder thinks that this is an unreasonable sum, and desires to pay what the courts say should be charged *for storage.*

We're Hustlers.

Thief River Falls reports that a farmer of that place has successfully matured a crop of sweet potatoes and over at Alexandria an experiment with coffee growing has produced a couple of pounds of coffee berries. An Aitkin man has an orange tree in bearing and one of our fruit growers brought a ripe peach in to the county fair. Northern Minnesota can beat the world for diversity of products, natural resources and the hustling qualities of her people. No question about that.—Aitkin Age.

Red Lake Co Man Crazy.

Andrew Anderson arrested at Manvel, N. D, and brought to Grand Forks yesterday on a charge of insanity, will be taken to his home in Equality township, Red Lake county, Minn., as soon as the matter has been adjusted with the Minnesota authorities Anderson fears that he is being pursued by enemies. He owns a tract of 120 acres in Red Lake county and has been seeking to earn some money in the North Dakota harvest fields. He has a wife and six children.—Grand Forks Herald.

NEW RULE NOW MADE.

After Nov. 1, Homesteaders Will Have to Show 14 Months Residence.

New Ruling Will Effect Only Commutation. Proofs.

Washington. Oct. 19.—An important change in the regulations for acquiring homesteads on the public domain was announced today by Commissioner Ballinger of the general land office.

As an additional precaution against fraud, all persons making homestead entries on public lands after Nov. 1, next, *will be required to prove actual residence* on the land for fourteen months before they will be permitted to "commute" the entries to obtain title by a cash payment.

Heretofore the period of actual residence has been eight months.

The ruling will not affect entries made prior to Nov. 1, 1907.

County Division Contest.

The Minneapolis Journal says that a write of quo warrant was served upon the county commissioners of Mahnomen county returnable before the supreme court of this state on Dec. 3, to show cause who the organization of Mahnomen county should not be declared illegal.

It is contended that the petition submitting to a vote the proposition to divide Norman county at the last election did not contain a sufficient number of signatures of persons who were residents of the district now comprising Mahnomen county, and also that there were less than 2,000 inhabitants at the time Governor Johnson declared Mahnomen county an entity.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

RED LAKE HIT HARD.

State Board of Equalization Raises Valuations in This County.

Increases Made Upon Numerous Assessed Items of Value.

County Auditor J. B. O'Brien has received the valuations in Red Lake county as equalized by the state board. The raises are not as radical as they were a year ago, but the state board showed no leniency at any point. The results as received are as follows:

Horses and mules, one to three years old, 10 per cent.

Stallions, at St. Hilaire, 50 per cent.

Cattle, one year old, 25 per cent; two years old, 15 per cent; cows, 15 per cent; all other cattle 40 per cent.

Sheep, 60 per cent.

Hogs, 33⅓ per cent.

Wagons, carriages, sleighs and picycles, 50 per cent.

Sewing machines, 70 per cent.

Watches and clocks, 200 per cent.

Melodeons and organs, 10 per cent.

Pianofortes, 50 per cent.

Household goods and wearing apparel, 80 per cent.

Office furniture, 50 per cent.

Agricultural implements, 75 per cent.

Goods and merchandise, retail merchandise, retail merchanst, 10 per cent.

Logs, lumber, lath, etc., in hands of manufacturer, Thief River Falls, 25 per cent.

Logs, lumber, lath, etc, in hands of retailer, 25 per cent.

Stock and furniture of sample roome, saloons, eating houses, etc, 33⅓ per cent.

Manufacturers' tools, machinery, etc., Thief River Falls, 25 per cent.

Moneys of banks (whose capital is not represented by shares of stock), Red Lake Falls, 100 per cent.

Shares of bank stock (including State and National), Red Lake Falls and First State Bank of Thief River Falls, 25 per cent.

Meet At Fergus Falls.

The Sixteenth Minnesota State Conference of Charities and Correction, to be held at Fergus Falls, Saturday to Tuesday, November 9, 10, 11 and 12, is attracting unusual attention. This is due partly to the fact that the State Association of County Commissioners is to hold its annual meeting at the same time and place.

The object of the Conference as set forth in its Rules is "to discuss the problems of charities and correction, to improve the methods of dealing with dependents, and delinquents and to disseminate information relating to these subjects." It is really a practical school in these lines of work. It promotes economy in the expenditure of public money while increasing efficiency in the administration of jails, alms-houses, lock-ups, hospitals, asylums, etc., and at the same time undertakes to lessen the need for such institutions, by influencing home conditions and broadening the common school course. The Conference is of special interest to County Commissioners, relief agents, managers of benevolent societies, county and city superintendents of schools, sheriffs, judges of probate, county phyicians and all engaged or interested in charitable or correctional work. Among the Subjects to be considered this year are: An Education Which will Tend More to Lessen Pauperism and Crime, discussed at length by Educators and Charity Workers; The Duties of the Public to the Insane, (what duties as individuals do we owe to the insane?); The Treatment of Inebriety; The Care of the Aged and Infirm; Relief Societies in the Smaller Cities. In the County Officials' Section: The Relation of the County Boards to the County Schools, and an extended consideration of Good Roads. All who attend have the privileges of the Conference. Mr. A. J. Eckstein, New Ulm, is President, Mr. F. A. Whittier, Red Wing, Vice President, and Miss Eleanor Hanson, St. Paul, Secretary.

Yeggmen At Moorhead.

A Pinkerton detective who has been working on a special line of work in Fargo accidentily discovered the presence in the cities of Fargo and Moorhead of sixteen yeggman, or safe blowers, where they have been making their headquarters. The Pinkerton man states that they are the boldest, most skilled and desperate men in their line in the United States.

The detective says that in "working" the country the leaders divide up, taking with them two or three of the burglars of ordinary calibre. He says that for them the robbing of a small bank is like "taking candy from a baby." Five of them, he declares, will stop at nothing.

Subscribe for the News.

CONTRACT LET

Litchfield Men Successful Bides On A Big Drainage Job.

The contract for improving the channel of the Roseau river, in Roseau and Kittson counties, was awarded to Jerry Sherwood and Charles Sutcliff of Litchfield by the state drainage board last week. This is known as state ditch No. 51, and includes the straightening of the channel of the river so as to prevent overflows and allow of the drainage of the adjoining lands.

The following bids were received by the board., Miller Dredging company, 11.46 cents per cubic yard., France Dredging and Constrution company, 12.1 cents., Standard Drainage company, 10.5 cents: Ambrose G. Wahl, St. Cloud 11.95 cents., G. A. Mc William, Walnut Ill., 10.95 cents., Phelan and Shirley, Omaha. Neb., 11.9 cents., R. A. Eley, Marshalltown, Iowa, 10. 85 cents.

The amount of dirt estimated to be necessary to remove is 216,089 cubic yards, which, at the price of the contract, will amount to nearly $34,000. When completed the ditch will drain thousands of acres of swamp land.

The board received a petition for a survey of the Sandy Hill river, in Polk, Norman and Mahnomen counties, which was placed on file and George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, was instructed to make the survey as soon as convenient.

Storage Provided.

The American Society of Equity Department of Grain Growers, whose National headquarters are at Indianapolis, Ind., has made arrangements to store several million bushels of grain at Kansas City and St. Louis, at reasonable rates for storage and insurance and on such conditions that the grain so stored may be sold by the party storing it or his appointed agent, wherever and whenever desired. Arrangements have also been made to advance within two cents per bushel of wheat, 12 cents per bushel on corn, etc., of current market prices. Provision to advance money on stored grain carries with it a guarantee that not over 7 per cent interest will be charged on money advanced on grain so stored. This is one of the biggest moves ever made by the farmers organization known as the American Society of Equity to induce farmers to hold their grain off the market until their prices will be paid.

The Home Creamery.

A farmer writing to the Osakis Review asks. "Why should a farmer patronize the trust creameries when he can take his cream to a first class home creamery? Can you give any reason? Good home creameries are what make land values. When prospective land buyers come to a town and find a home creamery keeping one or two men busy making butter every minute of the day they say to themselves, 'this looks like business and must be a rich country, and I am not afraid to invest my money in a locality that can support a home factory of that character.' The result is that land will go up."

BOARD MET THIS TIME

The County Commissioners Met But Took no Auction.

Matter Will Come Up Before Judge Watts on Oct. 28.

The board of county commissioners met last Saturday, according to the call issued requesting them to be present and consider the county seat removal petition. The county seat petition was not considered, three of the members—Commissioners Demann, Pigon and Lindquist—passing a resolution to the effect that the stolen county seat petition was still in existance and that the board had no right to act upon the new one. Charles E. Boughton was employed as attorney to represent them and as no attorney's fees was stipulated he can present any bill he sees fit and the county will be obliged to pay it.

The meeting of the commissioners was more than the Thief River Falls people had hoped for and means that the case will now be settled at an early date. The matter will come up at the regular term of court held in this county next Monday, Oct. 28, and appeal can be taken so that it will be in the supreme court for the spring term. If the decision is in favor of Thief River Falls—and there can be no question but that it will be—it will mean that an election will be held next spring.

Good Yield Per Acre.

J. S. Protts, who is living on Bill Lucas place in Height of Land evidently understands how to make this old earth of ours produce to its best advantage. Last spring he planted one-half acre into cucumbers which yielded him enough to make 25 barrels of dill pickels. He sold 10 barrels to the Nichols Chisolm Lumber Co, for $100.00, and the balance he has been offered $12.50 per barrel. This shows that he has realized the neat sum of $287.50 from half an acre of ground. Of course he has necessarily had some expense in buying the seed and in making the pickles, but this cannot amount to such a great deal. He has evidently hit upon a way to make money in farming without going to Dakota as a great many do. However, it would hardly be advisable for everybody to do likewise and raise cucumbers but there are other vegetables, such as cabbage for instance, that have had to be shipped in this fall in order to supply the local demand.—Frazee Press.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

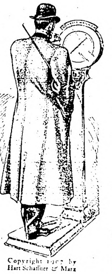

The Right "Weigh"

There is a right way to buy clothes: and a right place.

COME IN; this is the right place; and the right way is to find Hart, Schaffner & Marx name in them.

It's here; all wool clothes; all right.

Exclusive agents Staley Underwear, Gordon Hats and Crossett Shoes.

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

. . . . . . THE HOME OF . . . . . .

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

GORDEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS.

Hints to Farmers

Now is the time that you realize on your season's work.

As you sell your grain, stock or produce, put your money in a reliable bank.

Pay your bills by check, which makes the best kind of a receipt, and avoid the worry and danger attending the carrying of large sums of money.

Our offices are always at the disposal of our customers and country friends. Bear this in mind if you have any letters to write when in town, or if you want a place where you can meet other people for the purpose of closing up deals, etc.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 24, 1907.

M. W. Savage, the International Stock food man of Minneapolis is engaged in fighting the South Dakota law which requires the placing on the outside of the package a detailed statement of the ingredients of which the stock food is composed. We don't blame any stock food manufacturer for opposing a law like that. It would enable any farmer to make his own stock food for an infinitesimal fraction of what he now pays for it—provided he wanted it at all after having found out what it is made of.—Anoka Free Press.

Cattle and hogs are being dumped on the St. Paul and Chicago markets, now-a-days, in quantities so large that all previous records have been beaten. The reason is clear—high price of barley, oats and corn. Right here is where it looks as though there might be some advantage in stopping to look to the future. Undoubtedly a large proportion of the stock will be sold, especially from Iowa and Illinois, where crops were nearly a failure. In fact, at present prices it looks like a paying proposition to sell both cattle and feed. But next year there may be an average crop of feed grains again, and if there is not as many cattle to be fed as formerly, it follows that it will be cheaper than in an average season, while the price of stock and dairy products will be higher.—Hendrum Review.

Jacob Riis, the journalist, author, reformer, sociologist and personal friend of President Roosevelt was in Minneapolis last week and gave out the following interview:

"The policies which President has inaugurated and the stand which he has taken against the various trusts and combinations must be maintained by the next executive head of the United States if the American people are to maintain their supremacy,"

"The American people are now beginning the third great fight, and one which will prove more severe and more vital in its results than either of the other two which have preceded it. The first great struggle was for independence, then followed the Civil war, which was a fight against slavery, but the present fight against the greedy, grasping trusts and monopolies is more important than either of the others.

"Our fight for improved conditions among the tenements has been won and today the 'slums,' in the true sense of the word, exist no more. The people are convinced that plenty of light and air are necessary and the charitable organizations in every city now see to it that the building laws and regulations are lived up to, and that no more unsanitary, unhealthful and unhygienic buildings are constructed. Our present difficulty is to prevent the greedy landlord from charging exorbitant rates for the comfortable and sanitary tenements which we have compelled him to erect. All over the country the fight is going on to prevent the greedy man, who has, from robbing the man, who has not.

"All this talk about a coming panic which Wall street is circulating is 'tommy rot,' and anyone who travels, and especially visits this great fertile Northwest, *the garden spot of the world*, is prepared to give the merry ha ha to the wild Wall street rumors which are started merely to discredit the policies of the present administration. Take it from me that the country as a whole was never in a more prosperous condition than right now.

"Please don't quote me as saying that Roosevelt will run again," went on Mr. Riis, "for we have his word for it that he will not, but then," he added in a sotto voice, "they can't beat him."

Where is the Benefit?

In a notable editorial the New York World gives a history of the fight against the abuses of great wealth, in which it is shown that an advance has been made in tangible results that is far greater than most people imagine.

For instance, under the two great laws on which the government's efforts are based, the interstate commerce act and the Sherman anti-trust law, there have been numerous prosecutions and convictions for rebating, notably the Standard Oil case that result in a fine of $29,240,000, besides the legal dissolution of several trusts.

The World points out that in 1904 the supreme court held to be unlawful and dissolved the Northern Securities company, by the use of which the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington were joined together and competition abolished between these roads.

In 1905 the federal courts enjoined the beef trust from suppressing competition and maintaining a monopoly in the purchase of livestock and sale of dressed meats.

In 1906 the supreme court affirmed the judgments of federal courts in Wisconsin and Minnesota against the General Paper company, which had been proceeded against as a trust. The combination, which as the World says, "laid a lawless tax on knowledge throughout the country," was dissolved.

These are the most important accomplishments. Corporations have been fined, and others have been indicted and will doubtless be fined.

The World makes a pretty good showing for the industry and reliability of the federal courts.

But—

In what respect has the public benefited from these unquestionably desirable results?

Is there now any real competition between the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Burlington?

Is the beef trust less a monopoly, or are the evidences of its greed less painfully felt by the people because it has been enjoined from continuing them?

The paper trust is dissolved, but have the newspapers that patronize it experienced any relief? They have not. The price of paper has been constantly increasing, and though there is no trust, the former members of the paper trust, by a curious coincidence, avoid any semblance of competition and charge the same prices.

The government has accomplished, in these cases, what it set out to do. Yet the people have had no noticeable benefit. What is the matter?

The standard Oil company has been fined $29,000,000 or so, but the fine has not been collected. Other corporations have been fined for rebating, and more fines will follow. It may be that rebating has been stopped; nobody knows as to this. But there has been no relief for the people. Prices have not lowered, competition is no more in evidence than it was, and dissolved trusts seem to keep right on doing business at the old stand.—Duluth Herald.

—For Sale—Fine cement bricks, as be seen in building south of Northern Hotel. George Diebel.

THIEF RIVER FALLS HIGH SCHOOL.

COURSE OF STUDY 1907-8.

	CLASSICAL.	NORMAL.	LITERARY.	COMMERCIAL.	SCIENTIFIC.
(FRESHMAN YEAR.)	Spelling. Reading with Composition and Rhetoric. 1 Algebra. 1 English History. ½ Latin Grammar. 1 Physiology. ½	Spelling. Reading with Comp. and Rhetoric. 1 Algebra. 1 English History ½ Practise Teaching. 1 Physiology ½	Spelling. Reading with Comp. and Rhetoric. 1 Algebra. 1 English History. ½ Physiology. ½ Bookkeeping. ½ Commercial Geog. ½	Commercial Spelling. Reading with Composition and Rhetoric. 1 Algebra. 1 English History. ½ Stenography. 1 Commercial Geography. ½	Spelling. Reading with Composition and Rhetoric. 1 Algebra. 1 English History. ½ Physiology. ½ Bookkeeping ½ Zoology. ½
(SOPHOMORE YEAR.)	Spelling. Reading with Composition and Rhetoric. 1 Caesar. 1 Ancient History. 1 Plane Geometry. 1	Spelling. Reading with Comp. and Rhetoric. 1 Ancient History. 1 Civics and School Law. ½ Botany. ½ Plane Geometry. 1	Spelling. Reading with Comp. and Rhetoric. 1 Ancient History. 1 Plane Geometry. 1 Civics. ½ Physiography or Botany. ½	Commercial Spelling. Reading with Composition and Rhetoric. 1 Stenography. 1 Bookkeeping. 1 Typewriting. ½ Physiography. ½	Spelling. Reading with Composition and Rhetoric. 1 Ancient History. 1 Plane Geometry. 1 Physiography. ½ Botany. ½
(JUNIOR YEAR)	Spelling. Reading with Hist. of American Literature. 1 Cicero. 1 Modern History. 1 Physics. 1	Spelling. Reading with Hist. American Literature. 1 Modern History. 1 Physics. 1 Senior Arith. ½ School Management and Methods. 1	Spelling. Reading with Hist. American Literature. 1 Modern History. 1 German. 1 Solid Geometry. ½ Senior Arith. ½	Commercial Spelling. Reading with History of American Literature. 1 Modern History. 1 German. 1 Penmanship. ½ Typewriting. ½	Spelling. Reading with History of American Literature. 1 Modern History. 1 Physics. 1 Solid Geometry. ½ Senior Arithmetic. ½
(SENIOR YEAR)	Spelling. Reading with History English Literature. 1 Vergil. 1 Elective subject. 1 Chemistry. 1	Spelling. Reading with Hist. English Literature. 1 Senior American Hist. ½ Senior Grammar. ½ Psychology. ½ Chemistry. 1 Practise Teaching. ½	Spelling. Reading with Hist. English Literature. 1 German. 1 Higher Algebra. ½ Civics. ½ Senior American Hist. ½ Political Economy. ½	Commercial Spelling. Reading with History of English Literature. 1 German. 1 Commercial Law. ½ Civics. ½ History of Commerce. ½ Commercial Arithmetic. ½	Spelling. Reading with History of English Literature. 1 Chemistry. 1 Geology. ½ Higher Algebra. ½ Civics. ½ Senior American History. ½

GENERAL:

Figures following subjects denote whether a whole or half year is devoted to their study.

Students may select a mixed course, but such course and all elective studies can be chosen only with the consent of the parent and the principal.

The reading course of four years consists of all exhaustive study of American and English classics as outlined in the course in English and covers all college entrance requirements in the same.

When stenography and typewriting are commenced they must be continued until proficiency is attained.

Students pursuing the normal, the classical, the literary or the scientific course may, if able to do extra work, elect commercial subjects and thus graduate from a strong course which will fit for college or university and, at the same time, get the equivalent of a business education equal to that offered in a business college. The mastery of some commercial subjects may more easily enable students to earn their way while attending a higher institution of learning.

The study of composition and rhetoric is carried through two years and, in connection with reading, earns the student one credit per year. The study of American and English litrature is also combined with the junior and senior years of reading and likewise earns one credit per year.

Rhetoricals are required of all and when successfully carried through the full high school course entitle the student to an extra credit. Music is also required of all.

Whole year subjects entitle the student to one credit; half year studies to half a credit. Sixteen full year credits are required for graduation.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Simon Opsahl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Opsahl, Decedent:

The state of Minnesota to Knudt Opsahl, Mathea Opsahl, Gunda Opsahl, Even Opsahl, Peter Opsahl, Ole Opsahl and Mathilda Opsahl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 30th. day of September 1907.

SEAL

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

N. B. Hanson, Barnesville, Minn.,
Attorney for Petitioner.

oct 3-21

KOSIN, THE TAILOR.

Our methods are not those of 100 years ago. We turn out nothing but strictly up-to-date work. The first cost a tailor made suit such as we turn out may be a little more than others, but in the end it is the cheapest, for a suit made of good material and well fitted will wear much longer than any other.

Suits from $25 up.

Suits pressed, 50 cents.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

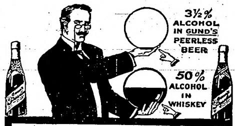
3½% ALCOHOL IN GUND'S PEERLESS BEER
50% ALCOHOL IN WHISKEY

There It Is! — Take Your Choice!

Whiskey contains 50% alcohol—Brandy 55%—Rum 52½%—Gin 40%—Wine 15%—whereas a Pure Malt and Hop Beer brewed by the celebrated GUND NATURAL PROCESS—like

Gund's Peerless Beer

contains only 3½% alcohol—just enough to gently aid and promote healthy digestion. Hence prominent physicians recommend it as a splendid tonic, full of substantial food elements and at the same time a perfect temperance beverage. Peerless Beer is full of flavor and sparkle and has all the charming tang and aroma of hops and harvest fields.

Order a case today. A splendid home beer. Sold everywhere.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCarthy, Manager, Thief River Falls, Minn.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

The News: $1 per Year.

CONTEMPT OF COURT

Attorney General Young Fined $100 by Federal Judge.

LATEST MOVE IN RATE CASE

Counsel for State Hurries to Washington to Ask for a Writ of Habeas Corpus.

Edward T. Young, attorney general for the state of Minnesota, has been adjudged in contempt of the United States circuit court by Judge William Lochren at St. Paul and was sentenced to pay a fine of $100. Pending purging of contempt he was placed in the custody of United States Marshal W. H. Grimshaw, but he will not be locked up pending an appeal. The cause of action against Mr. Young lies in the fact that he violated an injunction of the federal court forbidding him to bring suit in the state courts to compel the enforcement of the railroad rate laws passed by the last legislature.

After sentence T. D. O'Brien and Assistant Attorney General Simpson left for Washington in order to file a writ of habeas corpus for the purpose of getting the attorney general out of custody.

This action will bring the case directly before the highest court in the land, as Attorney General Young desires. Should the supreme court decide in favor of the attorney general on the ground that in suing the attorney general the railroad stockholders were suing the state and thus violating the eleventh amendment of the federal Constitution the writ of habeas corpus will be granted. It will then be unnecessary for Attorney General Young to carry the injunction to the circuit court of appeals, as he will be immune from arrest in his prosecution of the rate cases and can push the suits against the railroads as fast and as far as he chooses in his endeavor to compel them to obey the commodity rate law.

TWO HUNTERS SHOT.

One Minnesota Man Killed and Another Badly Wounded.

Two desperate hunting accidents are reported from the iron ranges in this state, one man, John Filta, timberman at the New York Steel company's mines at Biwabik, having been killed, and August Ekarratz of Ely probably fatally wounded. Both accidents are due to the carelessness of others.

John Jatka, master mechanic of the Kellogg mine at Biwabik, was out hunting partridges and seeing a bird fired at it. He was startled to hear an agonizing cry of a man whom he could not see, and realizing that he had wounded somebody started to investigate. He found John Filta writhing on the ground, severely wounded. Mr. Jatka secured assistance as soon as possible and got the wounded man to a hospital, but the wound was mortal and the man died in a few hours.

August Skarratz of Ely was out hunting with several companions and when separated from them was shot in the back with a load of buckshot. It has not developed who shot him, but it is said to have not been any member of his hunting party. His recovery is doubtful.

MYSTERY GROWS DEEPER.

Skeleton of Man Who Disappeared a Year Ago Is Found.

The mysterious disappearance of Fred Peterson of Two Harbors a year ago has been cleared, but just how he came to his death may never be known.

The skeleton of a man lying beside the skeleton of a buck deer was found in the woods between the Split Rock and the Gooseberry rivers and from some articles found in the clothing it is believed that the disappearance of Peterson has been solved. The rifle that Peterson carried has also been identified. The weapon lay near the skeleton.

The mystery now is, how did Peterson get killed? Had he killed the deer and was he packing it out of the woods and was himself mistaken for a deer and shot? Did Peterson wound the deer whose skeleton lay on the ground, and did the animal attack and kill him?

TOSSES DOZING MEN.

Train Hits Buggy and Fatally Injures One Occupant.

Nic Weidert, a Stearns county farmer, was fatally injured and Charles Petersen may die as the result of being struck by a Northern Pacific freight train two miles from St. Cloud. Both men were half asleep at the time of the accident. The engine smashed the buggy, throwing the latter's occupants forty feet.

Attempts Suicide in Court.

Arthur Williams, a fifteen-year-old boy, rather than go to the state training school at Red Wing, attempted to shoot himself through the head with a 32-caliber revolver in the juvenile court in Minneapolis in the presence of Judge John Day Smith, who had just finished his examination of the lad. The prompt action of George A. Copeland, probation officer, in knocking the weapon upwards, alone prevented a tragedy.

RUSSIAN TACTICS PREVAIL

Duluth Lawyer's Story of Conditions on Minnesota Range.

Like a page from darkest Russia was the story John Arnold Keyes, an attorney of Duluth, told the state board of pardons at St. Paul and as a result the release of Drago Rodoman, a Finnish miner, from the county jail at Grand Rapids was promptly ordered.

Rodoman had committed the crime of marching with others at 5 o'clock in the morning and had clapped his hands, thus, according to the complaint, creating a disturbance. This was during the iron mine strike at Nashwauk in July. He, with others, was taken from a hall where they were meeting, brought before the justice of the peace, who held court in the office of one of the mine officials, and was promptly given ninety days in the county jail. Efforts to secure an appeal to a higher court were made, but the justice of the peace would not permit it.

Out of fifteen cases heard by it the pardon for Rodoman was the only one granted by the board. The members were impressed with the story told by the Duluth attorney and trouble for several peace officials on the range may come as a result.

Before Attorney General Young, previous to the meeting, Mr. Keyes made the statement that the rifles carried by the guards on the range were loaded with soft nosed bullets, known as dumdum. He claimed to have affidavits from the guards themselves telling of the character of the ammunition and said he had samples of them in his possession.

ORGANIGATION PERFECTED

Advocates Making Minnesota River a Navigable Stream.

Federal appropriations for the work of making the Minnesota river a navigable stream and state appropriations to be devoted to the prevention of periodical floods were projects earnestly urged by delegates attending the river improvement convention at Mankato.

Harmony and unity of purpose were shown and the meeting formed a permanent organization, to be known as the Minnesota River Improvement association, chose officers and laid plans that are expected to result ultimately in the desired improvement of the river.

The number of persons in attendance was about fifty, nearly half of whom were Commercial club members from Mankato. The latter took no part in the discussions, except Senator S. D. Works.

Most of the counties in the Minnesota valley were represented by the others present, among whom were Congressmen W. S. Hammond of St. James, A. J. Volstead of Granite Falls and C. R. Davis of St. Peter and State Senators Frank Clague of Lamberton, V. B. Seward of Marshall, H. F. Weis of Le Sueur, A. A. Poehler of Henderson, Charles A. Johnson of St. Peter and J. A. Coller of Shakopee. The temporary officers were Senators Weis, chairman, and Coller, secretary. Permanent officers were elected as follows:

President, H. F. Weis; vice president, A. J. Eckstein; secretary, J. Coller; treasurer, B. F. Pay, Mankato.

Two Men Killed by Trains.

Two men were killed by railroad trains within a few hours of each other near Proctor. One was W. A. Shacklee, aged twenty-four years and unmarried, brakeman for the Missabe road. He fell between the cars of a freight train and died two hours later of his injuries. An unknown man about forty-five years old was run down by a train in the outskirts of Proctor. He was frightfully mangled.

Minneapolis Man Injured.

Charles Olson of Minneapolis was seriously injured by a Selby-Lake street car at Lake street and Fifteenth avenue south. The car struck his wagon and threw him through the front window of the car, cutting and bruising him severely. It is claimed the car was running at a high rate of speed and that Olson was unable to turn out in time after he saw the car.

Minneapolis Tot Fatally Burned.

Variel Wallace, four-year-old daughter of E. B. Wallace of Minneapolis died of burns received while she was playing in her home. Her dress caught fire from matches which she had in some manner obtained and despite the efforts of three physicians she lived only one day.

TO NAME CONVENTION CITY

Meeting of Republican National Committee Called.

Washington, Oct. 21.—The formal call for the meeting of the Republican national committee was issued during the day over the signatures of Acting Chairman Harry S. New and Secretary Elmer Dover as follows:

"The members of the Republican national committee are hereby called to meet at the Shoreham hotel in the city of Washington, D. C., at 11 o'clock a. m. Friday, Dec. 6.

"This meeting is called for the purpose of fixing the time and place of holding the next Republican national convention and to transact such other business as may properly be presented and the session will probably continue through Saturday, Dec. 7."

Death Message Results Fatally.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 21.—When Mrs. Jonathan Culp, at Oregon, Mo., received a telephone message saying her daughter, Mrs. Sue Allen, had been killed by a shock from an electric light wire she dropped dead. Mother and daughter will be buried in the same grave.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Sensations followed each other in rapid succession in the financial world Thursday as the result of the collapse of the projected corner in United Copper. The firm of Otto Heinze & Co. was suspended on the New York Stock Exchange. F. Augustus Heinze, the Butte copper magnate, resigned the presidency of the Mercantile National bank of New York. The failure of Haller, Saehle & Co., prominent bankers of Hamburg, Germany, with liabilities that may reach $7,500,000, was announced. The State Savings bank of Butte, Mont., of which the Heinzes are the principal stockholders, suspended.

In the supreme court of the United States an appeal has been filed in the suit of Clarence H. Venner of New York to compel J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, to restore to the stockholders of that company the profit of $10,000,000 which Hill is alleged to have made by purchasing in 1900 and 1901 $25,000,000 worth of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad stock at an average of $150 a share and then selling it to his own company for $200 a share.

At the annual meeting of the directors of the Omaha road Marvin Hughitt of Chicago, who has been president for a score of years, was elected chairman of the executive committee and W. A. Gardner of Chicago was advanced to the presidency.

Precipitate declines to the lowest prices of the year in the stock market followed a meeting of the New York clearinghouse committee, sentiment on the stock exchange being disturbed by rumors as to the proceedings of the committee.

By unanimous vote the Illinois senate has adopted the joint resolution providing for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment for a $20,000,000 bond issue to proceed with the deep waterway project.

At a special meeting of the board of directors of the Mercantile National bank of New York city Seth M. Milliken was elected president of the bank to succeed F. Augustus Heinze, resigned.

The wholesale price of spirits has been advanced 1 cent a gallon. The price is the highest reached since the Civil war and is due to the phenomenally high price of corn and malt.

In an amended bill filed by attorneys for the government in the equity proceedings against the alleged anthracite coal trust forty five additional defendants are named.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

The president has returned to civilization after a fifteen-day hunting trip in the wilds of Louisiana. Regarding his trip the president said, "We got three bears, six deer, one wild turkey, twelve squirrels, one duck, one possum and one wildcat. We ate them all except the wildcat and there were times when we almost felt as if we could eat that."

In a speech before the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson criticised President Roosevelt's theory of big families and declared that quality and not quantity is what the nation needs.

Secretary of War Taft arrived at Manila Oct. 15 and received an enthusiastic welcome. On the following day he opened the Philippine assembly in the presence of a large crowd of people.

Henry J. Horn has resigned as general manager of the Northern Pacific railroad and has been succeeded by George T. Slade, formerly general superintendent of the Great Northern.

Secretary Root, Mrs. Root and Miss Root have returned to Washington from their visit to Mexico. The secretary was looking well.

Comptroller of the Currency W. B. Ridgely has declined the presidency of the Mercantile National bank of New York.

Started the French Walking.

The celebrated Dr. Tronchin, friend of Voltaire, Rousseau and Diderot, was the inventor of walking. In France until his epoch (1706-81) the leisured class never walked either for health or recreation. Walking was only practiced by the Tiers Etat. Folks footed it from one place to another simply because they possessed neither coach nor sedan chair. Dr. Tronchin, an initiator in many other respects, induced "les elegants et les elegantes," writes a historian, to take what is now called a constitutional. To stroll abroad was named "tronchiner" after the inventor, and for their airings both sexes had special costumes and shoes, the latter being more especially necessary. The verb "tronchiner," by the way, has not had the fate of our "to boycott," having passed into disuse long ago.—Westminster Gazette.

A Baldheaded Reply.

A naval officer, very well and favorably known in London, has for some unknown reason been advanced in his profession very slowly, though he has grown gray in the service and indeed lamentably bald. Recently one of his juniors was bold enough to question him as to his remarkable absence of hair.

"How comes it that you are so very bald?"

The officer replied promptly and with much vindictiveness:

"You, man, you would be bald, I think, if you had had men stepping over your head for years in the way I have."—London Punch.

A French Joke.

Two doctors were called to attend a man who had suffered an accident to his hand.

"We shall have to amputate three fingers," said one.

"No, two," said the other.

"Three," maintained the first.

"Oh, well, three, then," replied the second. "We won't quarrel over a little thing like that."—Nos Loisirs.

Easy Permission.

"Willie, did you put your nickel in the contribution box in Sunday school today?"

"No, mamma. I ast Eddie Lake, the preacher's son, if I couldn't keep it an' spend it for candy, an' he give me permission."—Denver News.

They who menace our freedom of thought and of speech are tampering with something more powerful than gunpowder.—Conway.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

FOR SALE AT ALL TICKET OFFICES

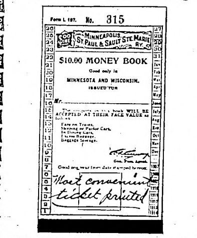
Form L 197. No. 315
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE RY.
$10.00 MONEY BOOK
Good only in MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN.
Most convenient ticket printed

IN MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

The News: $1 per Year.

DICKY DUMPLING'S VACATION.

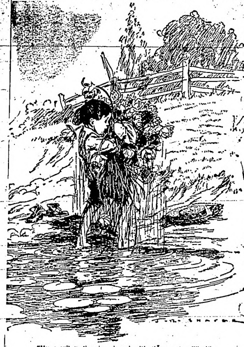

"My, won't mother be pleased with these water lilies!"

A BOON TO THE "BLIND"—THE GYROSCOPE HAT.

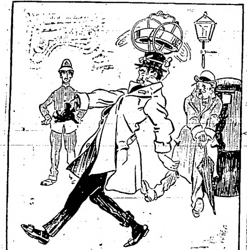

AGGRAVATING.

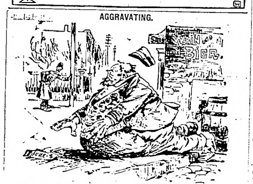

Jacob: "Grosser himmel! To dink dot I findt a tollar bill und den pe so fat dot I can't bick it up!"

DECEPTIVE APPEARANCES.

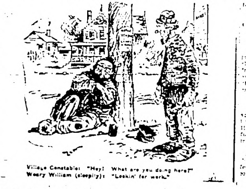

Village Constable: "Hey! What are you doing here?"
Weary William (sleepily): "Lookin' for work."

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89
Oats	43c
Flax	$1 01
Barley	60
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—Wheat—Dec., $1.10; May, $1.14¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.12¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.11¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.08¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.06@1.08.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@6.00. Hogs—$5.90@6.30. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.00; yearlings, $5.50@5.90; spring lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Wheat—Dec., $1.04¼; May, $1.09⅞@1.09⅞. Corn—Dec., 60¾c; May, 62c. Oats—Dec., 53¼c; May, 55⅞@56c. Pork—Jan., $15.80; May, $16.15. Butter—Creameries, 23½@26½c; dairies, 21@24c. Eggs—17½@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 8½@9c; springs, 10c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 19.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.14; No. 1 Northern, $1.12½; No. 2 Northern, $1.10½; Dec., $1.10½; May, $1.14⅝. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.09. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.26¾; Oct., $1.26¾; Nov., $1.26¾; Dec., $1.21¼; May, $1.26½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.35; cows, $1.50@5.30; Texans, $3.75@4.70; calves, $5.50@8.25; Western cattle, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.75. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.75; mixed, $6.15@6.80; heavy, $6.10@6.30; rough, $6.10@6.30; pigs, $5.36@6.30. Sheep, $3.00@5.60; yearlings, $5.40@6.00; lambs, $4.75@7.40.

A Runaway River.

The problem and the peril of the Colorado river are not difficult to understand. A great river running slowly on a ridge of its own creating, running in a broad and tortuous channel, choked with islands of mud and bars of sediment, running with a fall of only one foot to the mile, while to the north and west lay a vast depression below sea level and inviting the sluggish river to a swifter flow; between this sunken area and the uncertain course of the river a great garden of Eden in promise and potency, needing only to be watered and kept; then a canal tapping the river, a flood gathering at the far away sources, a breach in the unprotected bank and the whole volume of the river, forsaking its ancient and outgrown bed and rushing into that pit in the desert, sweeping in its course through miles of fertile farms and cutting canyons where canals had been—this is an outline of the situation and a hint of the peril.—A. J. Wells in Sunset Magazine.

The Dean's Raiment.

Dean Stanley was once driving with a friend from Monreale to Palermo. Both men were reading. Stanley suddenly discovered that he was shivering with a cold. He mentioned the matter to his friend.

"Well, hadn't you better put something on?" said the latter, pointing to the dean's bag, which was close at hand.

Stanley thought it rather a good idea, and the friend went on reading. As they entered Palermo there were shouts of astonishment. Stanley was placidly reading. His friend found that the distinguished churchman had absentmindedly drawn out a nightshirt from his bag and put it on over his other clothing and thus arrayed was riding triumphantly into the city.—London Sketch.

The Earth's Shadow.

The earth has a shadow, but very few ever see it, except in eclipses of the moon, or else few recognize it when they see it. Nevertheless, many of us have noticed on fine, cloudless evenings in summer shortly before sunset a rosy pink arc on the horizon opposite the sun, with a bluish gray segment under it. As the sun sinks the arc rises until it attains the zenith and even passes it. This is the shadow of the earth.

Knew His Capacity.

Stranger (to waiter)—Isn't that man named Miller who is paying his bill over there?

Waiter—I don't know. I haven't been long here.

S.—What has he had?

W.—Ten glasses of beer and a [illegible] of wine.

S.—Oh, yes! It is he then.—[illegible]

Two Failures.

"I married for beauty alone," said a presumably happy benedict [illegible] "And yet you [illegible] a friend of mine who married for [illegible]" was the rejoinder. "How [illegible]" "He didn't get it," [illegible]

Sarcastic.

His Wife—You have been [illegible]

[illegible]

His Wife—You [illegible] further [illegible] than I [illegible]

A [illegible] fear [illegible] get [illegible] former.—Dallas News.

The Land Of Plenty.

The Canadian land boom has cooled off considerably since the recent snow storm in the western provinces and Sunny Southern Alberta is hoping for an October thaw. Meanwhile the Red River Valley farmer is garnering a good crop of grain and cashing creamery checks while his wife is busy selling eggs at fifteen cents per dozen, canning home grown fruits and making room in the cellar for a bounteous crop of vegetables.—Argyle Banner.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 19.

Brown J. N.
Carlson Miss Hilda
Draunn Miss
Gardner Patrick
Holmberg Gust
Halvorson Halbert
Johnson John
Morris Owen

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

LEGAL TENDER.

You Might Think Gold Certificates Are, but They Are Not.

"Gold certificates, silver certificates and national bank notes are not legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national bank notes are receivable for all public dues except on imports and may be paid out by the government for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations within the United States," says the treasury department.

"Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal face value for all debts.

"Standard or silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

"Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding $10 in any one payment.

"Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

"United States notes (also called greenbacks) are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt.

"The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents."—Bulls and Bears.

THE TROUT IN HIS LAIR.

He Is an Alert and Elusive Unpictured Beauty.

Whoever has had the privilege of lying at full length on some mossy overhanging bank while watching a large trout in his lair perceives that a true figure has yet to be drawn of him. Even photography can give no hint of the wavy circles from the spotted dorsal fin undulating loosely athwart the broad back, of the perpetual fanning of the pectoral fins, of the capacious gills opening and closing, the half open round mouth, the luminous brown eye, the ceaseless slow vibration of the powerful tail, nor can pen adequately describe the startling suddenness of the dart at some idle fly touching the surface, the quick return to the old position and the resumption of the poise with head elevated at a slight angle, pectorals all tremulous and floating watery circles emanating from every slight motion of the body. It is also worth while to watch a trout rush four feet up a perpendicular fall of water, pause, tremble violently all over and in a moment throw himself clear of the stream and fall into the basin above at an elevation of about three feet more.—Arthur P. Silver in Outing Magazine.

Bird or Bee?

Two quaint observations about humming birds are published in "Early Long Island," by Martha Flint, both quoted from letters of the seventeenth century, written from the new country of America. Says one:

"The Humbird is one of the wonders of the country, being no bigger than a Hornet, yet having all the Demensions of a Bird as bill, wings with quills, spider-like legges, small claws. For Colour she is as glorious as the Raine bow."

Adrian Van der Donck, one of the Hollanders of Nieuw Nederlandt in 1612 writes of a—

"Curious small bird concerning which there are disputations whether it is a bird or a bee. It seeks its nourishment from flowers like the bee and is everywhere seen regaling itself on the flowers. In flying they make a humming noise like the bee. It is only seen in Nieuw Nederlandt in the season of flowers. They are very tender and cannot be kept alive, but we press them between paper and send them as presents to our friends."

Value of a Constitution.

It happened in the spring of 1860, when Garibaldi was pursuing his expedition in Sicily and when the words "Constitution and Liberty" were on every Neapolitan's lips. "Why are you so anxious for a constitution?" asked a foreign tourist of his guide and donkey driver while they were traveling through the [illegible] of Sorrento. "Well, you see, [illegible]," was the answer, "because I think we shall be all the better for it. It is now close upon twenty years that I am letting out my asses to visitors from all countries—English, French, Americans. All of these have a constitution, and they are all rich!"

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

Ernest O'Neill was absent from school the first of the week.

Hattie Smith entered the Freshman class Monday morning. This makes the enrollment of the High School one hundred and thirteen.

The Freshman organized last week and elected the following officers: John Orison, Pres., Ruth McCullough, Vice Pres., George Poston, Sec. and Treas.

"Just so tall and so wide" that "she" had to go in thru the double door.

The Seniors had a very important (?) class meeting Tuesday evening. Just what business was transacted will be published later.

The concert given by the colored singers Monday evening was greatly enjoyed but the attendance was somewhat small.

Prof. Hay delivered a "free" lecture to the High School students Tuesday morning and we hope it will prove beneficial to the boys.

Creamery Statement for September.

Amount of cream received 39303
Amount of butterfat 118182
Average test 30.14
Price paid 28½ cents.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$3320 94
Ice Cream shipped	8 00
Sales at creamery	211 99
	3810 93

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	3388 63
Paid into Expense Fund	423 30
Paid Balance	29 00
	3810 9

Those drawing Forty dollars and over:

P. Engelstad	$89 56
S. O. Lee	59 91
Sorn Sorenson	57 71
Gust Yanke	52 55
Erick Hard	50 67
Fred Berbower	49 24
A. C. Douglas	49 65
Aug. Krouse	48 80
O. B. Hall	46 11
And. Ecklund	45 71
Wm. Furshman	44 17
Lars Helleyslt	42 32
A. Moeugen	41 64
C. J. Knox	41 61
A. O. Langseth	41 55
Rasmus Oen	40 50
Henry Pope	40 18

P. Engelstad, Sec.

A Business Head.

A man told a farmer's son that he had "too good a business head for a farmer." It was a foolish thing to say, and while it is charitable to suppose that the man who said it was ignorant of farming, yet the mischief was done for the boy conceived false ideas and became discontented.

Now if there is any vocation that needs a good business head to make it successful it is farming. One reason why so many fail where others win is that they are deficient in business judgment. If ever the rule-of-thumb farming was ever justifiable it is so no longer. The idea that anyone will do for a farmer is about exploded. Successful farming demands an intelligent knowledge of soils, fertilizers and a lot of other things, and business faculty. Possessing these requirements the farmer is bound to succeed and his lot be an enviable one.

But such men as the one referred to often do harm by disparaging farm life, and by causing young fellows to be discontented by infusing into their minds foolish and illusive ideas of success to be found anywhere but on the farm. Because of this many a young man is now half starving in some little position in the city who, if he had kept to the land, would have made a prosperous farmer. Too often when young men get the idea that farming does not require a business head they leave a comfortable and wholesome certainty for an uncertainty that spells failure.

Wages Are High.

According to the Duluth Herald it will be the scarcity of men, rather than the fear of hostile legislative or judicial action which will curtail railroad building. It states that as high as $2.75 per day is being offered for common labor and yet Zenith City employment agents are unable to fill their orders. There is a big demand for men in the west. The Northern Pacific has found this the strongest drawback to the most speedy completion of the Big Falls extension, and the Soo and Duluth and Rainy Lake have suffered even worse. It is not only difficult to get men but they will not stay only a few days in camp after they get there.—Little Falls Transcript.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1.50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1, [illegible], to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up to date daily newspaper for 1 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

TOMORROW LAST DAY

Candidates for City Offices Must File Before Oct. 26.

A Number of Contests for Various City Offices.

Petitions placing candidates in nomination must be filed with the city clerk not later than tomorrow. Some attorneys say that it will be much safer to file the petition today, and that will give ten full days before election.

Milton Forder is to be a candidate for alderman in the Second ward and a petition placing his name in nomination was circulated this week. Mr. Forder is one of the old time residents of the city, a man with good sound judgement and will make an excellent alderman.

Petitions nominating L. M. Hoag and M. V. Evenson for alderman at large are being circulated this week. Both have made good alderman and will, without doubt, again be elected.

The petition nominating Robert Mc Ginn for alderman for the First ward has been circulated. It is said Mr. Mc Ginn will have no opposition.

Ed Evenson seems to have the field all to himself as a candidate for city treasurer. He deserves the office and has many friends who will be pleased to see him elected.

Ira C Richardson has decided not to be a candidate for the office of municipal Judge and this leaves but three candidates for this office—S. T. Johnson, J. M. Bishop and S. Cooke. All of the candidates are well known to the voters.

D. B. Bakke is a candidate for alderman in the Third ward as is also James Bulman. Both are well known residents of the East Side and have many friends.

It is rumored that M. M. Johnson is to be a candidate for alderman in the First ward. Mr. Johnson is one of the substantial residents of this ward and a large property owner. We were unable to see Mr. Johnson to find out whether or not he is a candidate.

At the urgent request of a number of citizens, T. P. Hamre has decided to become a candidate for the office of mayor, and the petition placing him in nomination is being circulated. Mr. Hamre is one of the old time residents of Thief River Falls, and a man possessing an unusual amount of business ability and push. He will be opposed by Dr. Grundy, the present mayor, who seeks an endosement of the administration he has given the city the past two years.

Andrew Wasson this week announced that he would be a candidate for alderman for the Second ward and is having a petition circulated.

To the Voters of Thief River Falls: I am a candidate for municipal Judge. Here are a few of my claims why I should receive your support. I have paid taxes in this berg for 19 years, the first year $2 and this year $80. Mr. Cooke never paid one cent. I have donated more to the county seat fund according to my means than any other man in the city. Now who is entitled to your support? Thanking you in advance for your vote, I remain your humble servant, S. T. Johnson.

A Great Lecture Coming.

Dr. Elliott A. Boyl who will give us the next number on the Lyceum Entertainment Course, in the Presbyterian Church Oct. 28th, is a scholar and an orator. His lectures are filled with scholarly thought, with wit and humor and with sentiment and dramatic. His lecture is made beautiful by word, paintings and electrified by dramatic eloquence, and best of the whole is sanctified by good common sense. If you want to hear a good, witty entertaining, eloquent and scholarly lecture, one that will please the community better and that will be an incentive to realizing the full at possibilities of manhood, come and listen to Dr. Boly in the Presbyterian Church, Oct. 28th.

F. J. Barackman,—Sec'y.

Gets A Better Job.

Joel Winkjer the well known dairy man has been appointed assistant dairyman in connection with the bureau of animal industry at a salary of $1800 per year. This will take him out of the state service, the appointment coming from the national government.

Mr. Winkjer is one of the best in the business in his line and has done a splendid work in the Valley in furthering the dairy industry

START YOUR PICTURE NOW
FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT
BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city Tuesday.

T. P. Hamre was up to Greenbush last Friday.

O. Tessum was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Henry Dau, of Germantown, was in the city Monday.

Dr. Vistaunet was down to Moorhead to spend Sunday.

S. Swenson, the Newfolden merchant, was in the city last week.

My residence will be for rent the 1st of November. F. H. Kratka.

Archie Brown was down from Little Oak the first of the week.

A. O. Bergland, of Thorwick made this office a pleasant call Tuesday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston last Saturday on business.

M. E. Bjorke was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday attending to business matters.

25 per cent discount at the opening sale of Dr. A. J. Klimek, New Jewelry Store.

Sam Torgerson returned to this city Monday from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Paul Olson, one of the prosperous farmers living near St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. B. N. Nelson, of Austin, is in the city visiting at the home of her neice, Mrs. Skagen.

Val Yager and family went down to Ada last Friday to visit old friends for several days.

Lost—A fur coat on the road to Germantown. Finder please return to Henry Dau, Germantown.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples State Bank

The 25 per cent discount will be given until Nov. 1st., choice from the entire stock, except diamonds at the opening sale.

Mrs. James Meehan and Mrs. Sirrine arrived in the city Sunday morning and are the guests of their sister, Mrs. K. M. Hanson.

Farm for Sale—A well improved ½ Section land for sale in town of Rocksbury, section 7. Inquire of Wm. Schramm, Arthur, Iowa.

Found—A sack containing four live chickens. Owner can have same by calling at Joe Johnsons' place, section 20, town of Star.

Ole C. Hanson, a settler living up near Anstad, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute home from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

The case against Henry Gorkey, charged with attempting to shoot Attorney Michelet, was dismissed Monday on motion of the county attorney.

Ole Newton, who is threshing for the farmers out on the eleven towns, was in the city Tuesday. He says that wheat is running 26 bushels to the acre, flax 18, barley 40 and oats 35. This must look good to the farmers out east.

Ladies Fall and Winter Coats

We are pleased to announce that we purchased early our fall and winter coats at very low prices, and our stock will be complete in a few days, and at prices that will surprise you. Our coats have been carefully selected and comprise the very latest in style and finish. In cloth coats we have them in fur lined, with fur collras and without. Prices range from $8.00 to $25.00.

Our line of fur jackets, such as mink, near seal, and astrakan are simply superb and prices right.

Furs == Furs == Furs

Our line of ladies fur collars is the largest in the northwest, comprising the latest both in long and short furs. Prices range from 75c to $25. You will admit they are pretty.

Just received, a beautiful line of ladies shirt waists. Prices from $1.25 to $8.50.

A word to the wise: If you intend to buy a coat or fur this fall, we invite you to look over our line before buying. We can please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

Simon Michelet, Indian agent at White Earth, was in the city last week visiting his brother, Wilhelm Michelet.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson will entertain a company of lady friends this afternoon in honor of Mrs. James Meehan, Mrs. E. E. Sirrine and Mrs. C. L. Dobner.

Seventy six new pupils have purchased scholarships and will enter Buttons Business College Nov 4th at the beginning of the second fall term. Unparalleled offer to those who enter on that date. Write us for special terms. Address J. A. Button, Crookston, Minn.

Mrs. Dennis Connelly last week received a telegram from Belville, Ont., stating that her mother, Mrs. Mary Hughes, had died after an illness of but one week on Wednesday, Oct 23. The news of the death was a great surprise to Mrs. Connelly as the deceased had always enjoyed the best of health.

The Board of Directors of the Emardville Creamery Association held a regular quarterly meeting yesterday—at which considerable business of importance was transacted. Among other things they decided to put up a new warehouse in which to store supplies. They expect to begin building in the near future.—Plummer Pioneer.

According to the Sunbeam, Peter Hedeen, of Kratka, was in Thief River Falls recently and sold a load of wheat for $1.05 per bushel. As he has about 1800 bushels more of wheat, also a fair amount of oats, flax and barley—all raised upon his farm near Kratka this year—he will have no trouble in keeping the wolf from the door this winter.

Upon the complaint of Joel Winkjer, state dairy and food commissioner, a warrant was issued for the arrest of County Commissioner Pigeon last week for selling impure cream. The case was set for trial before Justice Swanson at Red Lake Falls on Saturday at one o'clock and promptly at the hour named, Mr. Pigeon appeared before Mr. Swanson and had the case dismissed because Mr. Winkjer was not there to prosecute.

Dr. A. J. Klimek commenced his opening sale of jewelry Monday morning and as advertised, the first purchaser Miss Tena Knudson, of this city, was given a discount of 75 per cent, Miss Mattie A. Turner, of Crookston, made the second purchase and was given a discount of 40 per cent, and Joseph Lamont made the third purchase and was given a discount of 50 per cent. All others who make purchases up to Nov. 1st. will be given a discount of 22 per cent.

Oscar Spoonheim spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Edwin Staton was up from Crookston last week.

C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston yesterday.

Harold Hicks was down to Mahnomen last week.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Blake.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Morgon last Friday.

Helmuth Zaiser was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Mrs. C. L Dobner and children spent Sunday at Germantown.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Miss Inga Brynaldson returned to this city from Crookston yesterday.

Mrs. M. C. Burns and daughter, Maret, spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday evening at 7:45.

A roller skating rink is to be opened up in the Masonic building in the near future.

J. J. Crow has been confined to his home by sickness this week. He is now improving.

Cashier Kvennes, of the Middle River State bank, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley returned to this city last Friday from her trip to Reynolds, N. D.

Emil Rupprecut, of Thorwick, was in the city Tuesday and made this office a pleasent call.

Mrs. B. F. Tenney, of Ada, was in the city the first of the week visiting Mrs. G. Halvorson.

Wm. Durbin returned to this city last Saturday from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

A. L. Himle, a former business man of this city, died Tuesday at Ashby, Otter Tail county.

Mrs. Andrews, of Ada, was in the city the first of the week, the guest of Mrs. H. E. Mussey.

Mrs. Will Mullery went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Frank Mc Ginty returned to this city last week from the harvest fields of north Dakota with his teams.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. John Johnson Thursday Oct. 31st. All are cordially invited.

Fr. Roman, of Beaulieau, and Fr. Ambrose, of Red Lake Falls, were the guests of Fr. Adolph the first of the week.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Albert M. Loyd, butter maker at the Grygla creamery, and Miss Thaine Fladeland, also of Grygla, were united in marriage yesterday by Rev. I. T. Anstad.

The old Kretzschmar hide and fur house on the Great Northern right of way has been remodeled and will be used by the Langseth Mercantile company as a store house for coal.

The price of wheat and flax took a big tumble on Tuesday and in one day dropped over 10 cents. It is thought that they will go up again soon, however, as there is a strong foreign demand.

John Zavoral, Sr., who was working on a threshing rig near Warren, had the misfortune to break his arm and sustain other injuries the first of the week. He is now in the hospital at Warren.

The family of County Treasurer Tandberg have removed from the north side to the Sivigny house. This will give Mr. Tandberg an opportunity to be in his office a majority of the time hereafter.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Peter Brecken, the efficient warehouseman at the Great Northern, went to Greenbush Monday where he will act as cashier for the Great Northern at that point. If he likes the job he will remain there permanently.

Homesteaders who have proved up on their claims in the Battle River country will put in a large amount of timber the coming winter, says the Kelliher Journal. The prices are the best they have been for years. White and Norway pine bring $11 and $12 per thousand feet and tamarack, spruce and other timber $8 and $9.

J. D. Abbott came down from [illegible] last Friday evening. He had received a telegram stating that his father had died suddenly at Alexandria. From here he telephoned to Alexandria and found that it was his uncle, who makes his home with his father, that was dead and the funeral had been held the day before, so Mr. Abbot did not go down.

Coming! A great treat! Dr. Elliott A. Boyl! Don't fail to hear Dr. Boyl on "The Seen and the Unseen" in the Presbyterian church next Monday evening, Oct. 28th. You have an opportunity to hear one of the greatest orators of the time. Tickets on sale at the Curtis drug store. School children, half price. Lecture begins at 8 o'clock.

F. J. Barackman, Sec'y.

HEADQUARTERS

For storm windows, storm fronts, and storm doors. Order your storm doors and windows and have them hung in place before its to cold to get a good job done. Call on us and be convinced that our price combined with quality is right as we wish to sell every storm door and sash in this city. Send for price list.

Pioneer Sash & Door Co

DRAGGED BY A COW.

Young Son Of Engineer Booren Had An Exciting Time.

The three year old son of Engineer Booren had an exciting experience Tuesday morning and came near losing his life. In some unaccountable manner his foot became fastened to a rope, the other end of which was tied to a cow, and he was dragged a few hundred yards through the streets and vacant lots in the northern part of town. At times the cow was going on the run and a large number of men and women were giving chase. Aside from a few bruises the boy was uninjured although those who witnessed the affair say that they expected surely the boy would be killed.

There is considerable complaint about cows running at large in the city now and many residents are insisting that the ordinance be enforced.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The program for last half of the week will introduce several new comic novelties besides one exquisitly photographed drama of great human interest.

"Winter in Switzerland", a new series of intensely interesting motion pictures made of various points throughout this interesting country.

A laughable farce, "A New Toboggan" an incident in flat life.

"His first Camera."

A short domestic comedy entitled, "Neighbors."

Cleverly conceived, superbly enacted drama, "Romance of a Singer."

Mrs. Krouse in the pictured melody, "Back to Mother and the Old Home."

The management announces the coming of a most diverting combination, "The Red Spectre," hand colored throughout Oct. 31 Nov. 1.

A Big Difference.

Why is it that one man finds it possible to maintain and in some cases even increase the fertility and cleanliness and appearance of his farm, while his neighbor with the same soil (naturally), the same sunshine and showers and the same natural advantages, permits his land to run down and become seeded with noxious weeds? It must be in the man and his method of management: in the learning and knowing how to do a thing and in doing it just right. Few men do as well as they know.—Grygla Eagle.

The Church at the End of the Bridge.

Sabbath morning worship at 11 a. m.
Sabbath School at 12.15.
Sabbath evening worship at 7.30.
Teachers meeting and Bible study, every Thursday evening at 7.30.
Christian Endeavor at 6.30.
The pastor will preach his farwell sermon, Sabbath evening.

We welcome all to our church.

F. J. Barackman, Pastor.

Estes K[illegible]dahl, died at the city hospital on Tuesday and was buried in Greenwood cemetery on yesterday afternoon. The deceaseds' home was at Baltic, Minn., and he was taken sick at Oslo less than a week ago.

WILL TELL THE TRUTH.

Pure Food Law Is Now Put in Full Effect.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Henceforth all food and drug labels, without exception, must meet the full requirements of the regulations.

This is declared in no uncertain terms by the board of food and drug inspection. Many business interests, particularly wholesale and retail grocers and jobbers, have tried to avoid full compliance with the regulations. They took heart somewhat from a previous ruling, by which they were allowed to use labels printed on or before Oct. 16, 1906, even if those labels did not fully comply with the regulations. The only requirement was that those labels should contain no actual misstatement about the character of the contents, and that they should not be used under any circumstances later than Oct. 1, 1907.

The grocers asked the board that this same privilege be extended to Oct. 1, 1908, but their request has been refused. The board is desirous that only originally printed labels be used, but if old labels are used at all, they must now be corrected, by stickers or erasures, to comply with the regulations. The board will not be satisfied to have a misstatement appear in one place, and a correction in another. The misstatement must be entirely obliterated.

Night Rates Withdrawn.

On October first the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Co. withdrew its reduced rate for night messages and since then the regular day rates have been charged at all times. It is not claimed that the old night rates were too low, but that during the hours when they were in force the business was too heavy to be properly handled, while during the rest of the time it was very light. To give the public a square deal it would seem that the company, when it withdrew its night rates, should have made a reasonable reduction, say 20 or 25 per cent, in its regular charges. The Northwestern is said to have one rate at points where it has competition and another at points where it enjoys a monopoly of the business. If this be true, the reasonableness of its rates should be inquired into by the proper authorities.—Warren Register.

Lynx Killed at Crookston.

Crookston, Minn., Oct. 21.—A big Canadian lynx was shot within half a block of Main and Robert streets, the busiest corner of the city.

The animal was frightened out of Munch's park, which contains a big strip of uncleared and natural forest land, just across the Red Lake river from the Great Northern station. In spite of a crowd which gathered on the river bank the animal swam across the river and scrambled up the bank. The crowd became panic stricken and fled in every direction. Frank Morrissey arrived with a gun and shot the lynx dead.

It measured over four feet from tip to tip and stood two feet above the ground.

A Change in Time.

A change was made in the arrival and departure of the Soo line day passenger which runs from Thief River Falls to Minneapolis. Hereafter the train will leave here for Minneapolis each morning at 6.30 instead of 5, and will arrive here in the evening at 9:40 instead of 10.00.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

YACHT CLUB MEN FEEL HURT

Inquiry as to Contest for the America's Cup Answered in a Slighting Manner.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Royal Swedish Yacht club met Oct. 11 to discuss the reply of the New York Yacht club to its inquiry as to the conditions under which a challenge for the America's cup would be considered. After a long debate in which it was emphasized that the New York club had not given a clear reply to the questions whether the length of the competing vessels could be fixed at seventy feet, it was agreed to await settlement of this point. William Olson, one of the prime movers in the movement to challenge for the cup, said: "I and all other members of the Royal Swedish Yacht club are greatly surprised and hurt at the slighting manner in which the New York club replied to our communication and the failure of that club to answer in plain-language Sweden's civil inquiry as to whether it was willing to race with seventy foot boats. We mean business and we are not trifling. We hope that the two millions of Swedes in America will back us up in our enterprise." After the meeting of the club, Rear Admiral Haigg, commodore of the organization, said: "Perhaps we did not put the question plainly to the New York Yacht club, but we are anxious to know whether a challenger for the cup should be a seventy foot, or if defender be ninety feet long, or whether the New York Yacht club would allow a handicap corresponding with this difference. From the deed of gift and the resolutions referred to we would infer that no handicap will be allowed, but we must have a positive and unequivocal reply on this point before we can go further. We mean business, but we must know definitely the size of the boat in order to get the required sum guaranteed before making the formal challenge."

The following dispatch from Monte Carlo throws some light on the murder of Emma Levin in Monte Carlo: Vere St. Leger Goold, whose father was an Irish magistrate and who lived for some time in Montreal, has written to the local judge, confessing that he and his wife, Viola, murdered Emma Levin, the Swedish woman whose dismembered body was found in the baggage of the Goolds on their arrival Aug. 6 at Marseilles from Monte Carlo. Goold says the crime was planned by himself and his wife. Being at the end of their resources they resolved to rob the woman, intending only to knock her into insensibility and take her money and jewels, but the woman screamed, whereupon she was killed.

Prince Gustaf Adolf will represent Sweden at the dedication of the chapel erected by the Swedes on the battlefield of Lutzen, Nov. 6. The services in the chapel will be conducted by Archbishop Ekman and the bishop of Magdeburg. Mme. Ekman, of Gothenburg, who has donated so liberally to the building of the chapel on the historic battlefield, will also be present.

A few delegates to the World's Peace congress at The Hague, among them Sir Thomas Barclay, the well known authority on international law, have sent King Oscar a long letter in which they express their admiration for him because he avoided war between Sweden and Norway in 1905.

All Stockholm restaurants must be closed at midnight, according to a new ordinance. This has created quiet a bit of complaint among the "midnighters," but the proprietors cannot well admit anybody after 11 o'clock in order that the customers may have time to eat before leaving.

According to the London Daily Mail Wilhelm Dyrsen, chief of the navy department, will shortly tender his resignation and accept instead a governorship in Norrland. Who his successor will be is as yet a matter of speculation, but announcements are expected soon.

There is not a little apprehension among government officials because of the tenacious agitation among socialists against militarism. In many cases the soldiers take kindly to their arguments.

Mrs. Katherine Tingley will not start a Theosophical colony at Visingo as was announced in a former letter. The government forbids it.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Bjornstjerne Bjornson has lately been the recipient of a large number of flattering letters from Croatians, Bohemians and Slavonians for his stand taken in behalf of these nationalities at the recent peace conference in Munich. Apropos the "Grand Old Man," a Christiania correspondent says that he is very much opposed to the idea of five of Norway's best actors and actresses—including the talented Madame Dybwad—playing in Germany, Denmark and Austria during the coming season. What has made the incident even more interesting is the fact that Bjornson's own son, Bjorn Bjornson, is the director of the National theater in Christiania and in that capacity he was the man who had the main say when the five actors were granted permission to take the trip. Now there is the interesting spectacle of seeing the celebrated old author involved in a newspaper scrap with his own son. This is not the only iron the old man has in the fire at present. Through leading journals he has taken up the cause of some of the oppressed people of the Balkan states. In this connection he has found it necessary to do some plain talking about some peace delegates whom he thinks have forgotten that charity begins at home.

The annual fall agricultural exhibition was held at Christiania last month and was attended by visitors from all parts of the country. The exposition contained not only products of the orchard and the kitchen garden but also exhibits of foresty products, dairy products, papermaking, manufacture of peat, etc. A very interesting feature of the exposition was the number of tables illustrating the progress of Norwegian farming. Thus it was shown that the export of condensed milk, which in 1885 hardly amounted to 1,000,000 kilograms, in 1905 reached about 11,000,000 kilograms, and that Norway in 1885 had to import nearly 4,000,000 kolograms of butter, while in 1905 instead of importing she was able to send abroad 1,500,000 kilograms of butter. In cheesemaking Norway is still in the rear, and the country imports large quantities. Despite this, Norway exports several thousand dollars worth of goat cheese to America every year. This may, however, be due to the fact that many Norwegians there still have a craving for the "gjedost" of their native land.

On Aug. 1 a new tramp law went into force, and the results are already obvious. At present there are less professional loafers in Christiania than ever before at this time of the year. The law is severe. It aims not only at the regular tramp who has never done a day's honest work, but at every one who, through laziness or vicious habits, neglects to perform his duties as respectable citizen and thereby becomes more or less of a public charge. Likewise the law is meant to reach prostitutes. While it is yet too early to say just to what extent the new law will be beneficial to the community in general, the start seems to indicate that it will be able to reach certain classes of undesirable citizens who formerly were out of the reach of justice.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The works of the best known Norwegian authors, such as Ibsen, Bjornson and Kielland, have never before been obtained at such low prices as now. Immediately after the death of Ibsen, work was begun on a new edition of his complete works. The edition, which is known as the memorial edition, is out now and its price is only a few dollars. The works of Kielland will be obtained when the last edition is ready for less than $3. A new edition of Bjornson's peasant novels is under preparation. It was started on the occasion of his fifty anniversary as an author, and its cost is less than a dollar."

Last month Porsgrund celebrated its 100th anniversary as an incorporated city. This has given occasion for the people of that town and their nearby neighbors to feast, and to have an exhibition showing what progress they have made during a century. King Haakon in person officially opened the jubilee. Porsgrund is now a town of about 6,000. One of the best known porcelain works in Norway, and in all Scandinavia for that matter, is located there. Its wares are highly artistic in design and of an excellent quality, and have a market not only in Norway, but also in many other countries.

The company which is working the mining fields in Pasvik in southern Varanger, has recently taken a loan of 12,000,000 crowns in the Nord Deutche bank in Hamburg and the Discount bank in Berlin. The company's capital stock is to be increased from 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 crowns. The mines are being worked with full force and the annual production during the next two or three years will be more than 6,000,000 tons.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Arctic steamer Frithjof, which accompanied the Wellman Chicago Record-Herald expedition to Spitzbergen, was lost off Cape Langenes Oct. 5. The captain and fifteen of her crew were drowned. The engineer clung to a plank on which he drifted ashore. The Frithjof was homeward bound to Norway, having been damaged by ice and consequently was unable to withstand a storm which she encountered off Cape Langenes. This then really constitutes the first disastrous result of Mr. Wellman's attempt to reach the pole. There has been a good deal of comment in Norwegian and Danish papers regarding it and the affair of course is deeply deplored all over. Many Danish papers express doubt as to the feasibility of Mr. Wellman's north polar plans.

Emigration to America is going on at the usual lively gait and money sent from there to this country runs into larger figures than ever. The first six months of this year was a record breaker. During that period more than 5,000,000 kroner in postal orders came to Norway from America.

A man who apparently has little respect for gold medals is Mayor Jensen of Copenhagen. He was offered one the other day for settling a labor conflict in the building trades but he declined the honor.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

It is rumored that the Standard Oil company has decided to obey the Hinton anti-discrimination law passed last winter and that the independent oil companies will withdraw their complaints. Some time ago they filed complaints with the secretary of state, who referred the matter to Attorney General Young, who has been preparing to bring a suit against the company to secure the forfeiture of its charter in this state.

The woods adjacent to Northome will be the scene of considerable logging activity during the coming winter. Contractors already have begun preliminary work on their lumber camps and expect to have everything in readiness to begin operations before the snow flies. There will be at least eight or ten large camps in operation in that immediate vicinity this winter.

A complaint has been made to Governor Johnson that the Soo road is employing non-resident guards to protect its property in Shoreham from the striking boilermakers. The complaint was made by State Labor Commissioner W. H. Williams and was substantiated by the affidavits of two men who say they were employed there.

Minneapolis bank deposits are at the highest point ever recorded. According to the figures for Oct. 1 there was a total of $58,815,000 in the banks. On Nov. 12, 1906, which was the previous high mark for deposits there was a total of $52,830,030 on deposit.

Henry Warren, superintendent of the Indian school at Bena and who has charge of the sub-Indian agency there, says that the Bena Indians and those living around Lake Winnibigoshish are in very good condition to stand the rigors of the coming winter.

Drilling on the state iron lands lying about two miles southwest of Pokegama dam, on the Mesaba range, is showing the land to be rich in ore and the prospects are that the state will reap a handsome profit from the development of this property.

Workmen making the excavation for the Northern Pacific reservoir at Dilworth found a large quantity of mica, which is of very fine quality and which, if it is in paying quantities, will be the best mineral find in that section.

Quo warranto proceedings have been instituted in the supreme court to test the validity of the proceedings by which the county of Mahnomen was created last year out of a part of Norman county.

A big Canadian lynx was shot in the heart of the city of Crookston Saturday afternoon within half a block of Main and Robert streets, the busiest corner of the city.

A pumpkin was grown near Hendrum that weighed 107 pounds. The monster is on exhibition in an Ada land office.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

John Klumm, owner of a threshing rig, was killed near Wabasso by falling feet first into the cylinder of his machine while it was running at full speed. While standing on the feed board his feet slipped and he fell into the machine. The flesh was torn from his legs before the cylinder could be stopped. He lived about three hours after the accident.

Mrs. Sivert Nelson of Trondhjem township, Otter Tail county, was terribly burned in a fire that destroyed her home. A lamp exploded and her clothing took fire and was burned from her body before her brother and sister, who were with her, could help her. The residence and all of the household effects were destroyed.

Calvin Abbott, an old soldier residing in Alexandria, was discovered dead on the tracks of the Great Northern road under the bridge of the Soo railway. Several ribs were broken. It is supposed that he either fell from the bridge or was hit by a Great Northern train.

As the result of a boyish practical joke Arnold Tipping, ten years old, lies seriously wounded in a St Paul hospital with a bullet in his chest. His playmate, Cyrel Reynolds, eleven years old, in play pointed a small rifle at a crowd of boys and shot Tipping.

After a desperate struggle with Constable Callahan of Foley Anna Ostroski Jarmuzek, the Minneapolis kidnapper who escaped from the St Cloud reformatory a few days ago, was arrested and returned to the reformatory.

Salt was placed in the stage guns used at the Lyceum theater in Minneapolis one evening recently and as a result several of the actors received wounds which were very painful, if not very serious.

Ole Hanson was killed at Duluth by falling sixty feet from an ore dock into the hold of a steamer.

OBITUARY.

Mrs Emma J. Hawkins is dead near Battle Lake. She was one of the early settlers of Otter Tail county and had been a resident of Minnesota all her life, having been born in St. Paul in 1849.

George S. Converse, a resident of Blue Earth since 1856 and one of the prominent citizens of that place, is dead at Spokane, Wash.

John D. Ludden, vice president of the State Savings bank of St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty-nine.

SOME FUN WITH THE ZEERA.
(IN SIX ACTS.)

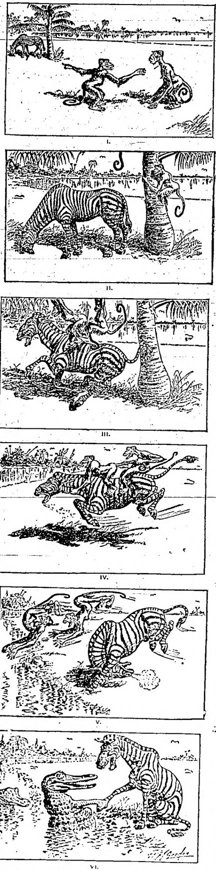

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Martinus Johnson of Germantown, Minn has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 3986, made March 26th 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26 Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Hanson	of Germantown, Minn
Arne Overby	" " "
Tollef C. Hovelson	" " "
Martin Hovelson	" " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 24 to nov 28

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Socialist Column.

Conducted Under the Auspices of the Socialist Party of the United States.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it cooperative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

AS A CATHOLIC SEES IT.

Social Democracy in Its Relation to the Government.

Socialism must be distinguished from anarchism. Anarchism denies the right of government and seeks to destroy it. Socialism makes government the supreme agent to accomplish social reforms necessary to preserve the *economic rights of individuals.*

Therefore it is today represented by a strong political party in every civilized country.

But what have economics to do with politics? Everything.

A learned jurist assures us that there is a vital correspondence between the economic conditions of a people and its political institutions.

When De Tocqueville in the middle of the last century made a study of American institutions he came to the conclusion that political equality was the outgrowth of the equal distribution of wealth then existing in the United States.

Those conditions no longer exist today.

Dr. Spahr, as a result of his analysis of the census returns of 1890, came to the conclusion that seven-eighths of the American people owned only one-eighth of the property.

Thomas Spearman, a noted corporation lawyer and an able economist, stated in the Forum in 1889 that the United States was practically owned by 250,000 people, and he predicted that in thirty years it would be owned by 25,000.

A New York financial journal stated in 1902 that the steel trust, which represents one-twelfth of the nation's wealth, is controlled by twenty-four men.

Robert Hunter in his work "Poverty in the United States" assures us that 10,000,000 American citizens are unable to procure sufficient food, sufficient clothes and sufficient shelter.

It is not necessary to multiply quotations. These are typical of the present economic conditions.

If we look on the polite side of the question the outlook is not assuring. In his book on "Constructive Democracy" Dr. Smythe speaks of the following four evils that threaten our institutions:

First.—The abuse of the colossal power of monopoly to rob consumer and producer.

Second.—The monstrous corruption in business and political life.

Third.—The ominous strife between employer and employee.

Fourth.—The misery and hopelessness of those who on account of new methods in business and industry are unable to procure profitable employment.

On all sides we hear the question, "What is the remedy?" Every one applauds the vociferous cry of President Roosevelt for "a square deal." Judge Grosscup of Chicago, who is not a Socialist, states that our free institutions are doomed unless we secure to every citizen "an equality of opportunity."

"But how shall it be done?" some say. "Do nothing." "Let things alone." "Laissez faire," as the French say. They are not Socialists. Socialists insist that something should be done; that it should be done by the government of the people, for the people and by the people; that economic conditions should be so controlled as to secure the greatest return to society, so that every worker shall receive full value for the product of his labor, so that every one shall have an equal opportunity to labor.

To secure their aims they propose two things:

First.—The legal enforcement of the collective ownership of the resources of nature.

Second.—The public management of the agencies of production and distribution.

Can these two things be accomplished, and how?

These two are the only questions that Socialism has to answer.—A Catholic.

Make the World Better.

If Socialism is true, it must radically change our ideas in the fields of ethics, religion, business conduct and family life. Individualism in religion has made personal salvation the one great aim. The moment a man becomes thoroughly permeated with the social spirit he will not only seek to apply his religion to making this world better, but he will also put a less exaggerated importance upon his own personal continuation in the future world. Socialism must transform the conception of immortality, not to blot it out, but to socialize it.—Exchange.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

Like Socialism, They Teach Mutual Interest and Protection.

There are 171 recognized fraternal societies in America, with 91,434 lodges, tents or courts. They have 5,205,255 benefit members and 333,428 social members. The latter are largely those who do not possess the physical qualifications necessary to carry insurance. The endowment certificates out or insurance in force Jan. 1 of this year amounted to $65,620,319.

The cost of operating fraternal societies amounts to 8 per cent of income as against 10.6 of regular life insurance companies. In other words, it costs private enterprise 11.6 per cent more on every dollar's business than it does the co-operative method.

In the near future some fraternal societies will fail. These were organized many years ago, and the assessment rate was too low for a growing mortality. In all lines the quick and early failures precede the permanent and more stable form of organization.

These societies, comprising over 5,000,000 members, have paid out over $1,180,472 in sick, disability and death benefits. They are composed mainly of workingmen, men at the anvil, the plow, in the counting room and engine room. These societies are democratically organized. The members elect all officials either directly or through conventions, fix their terms of office and the amount of their salaries, the same varying from $1 to $10,000 per year.

These societies are not great corporations organized for profit and for gain, but co-partnerships wherein all have equal rights, equal vote and equal opportunities. They make no contributions to the campaign funds of political parties and do not pay $50,000 a year salaries or waste $11,000,000 a year for new business, as was done last year by the Equitable of New York and the New York Life Insurance company.

These societies are distinctly Socialistic in their nature, for they eliminate profits, and they are mutual, co-operative and democratic.

The obligation at the altar, the spirit of the ritual and sermons are filled with sentiments and expressions of brotherhood, fraternity, co-operation, concord and mutual help. Think what will happen when these 5,000,000 men, realizing what they have done in the field of fraternal insurance, extend their principles to all industries.

You members have assumed the obligations and listened to your invocations of co-operative fraternal insurance with approval and have taken a great step toward the triumph of Socialism, for extending your theory to all industries is the purpose of the Socialistic movement.

The brother of any fraternity who fails to espouse the cause of Socialism does not grasp either the spirit of his society or its economic basis or he has never had Socialism presented to him.

What do you want? Sick, disability and death benefits and the social benefits of your brothers' society. Mutual fraternal insurance and co-operative without paying a profit to a master. Suppose we should ask you to sell your society to us that we might make money out of your needs, what answer would you make? You would cry out "Charlatans, we will have none of your interest, profits and robbery."

Why can't you who advocate co-operative insurance be big enough, be strong enough and take a worldwide grip and join us in establishing the fraternal co-operative and collective ownership and operation of all industries and thereby let your principles live, grow, blossom and triumph in a lodge as wide and broad as the race of which you are a kindred part?—Seymour Stedman.

SOCIALIST IDEAS.

William Morris—I feel sure that the time will come when people will find it difficult to believe that a rich community such as ours could have submitted to live such a mean, shabby, dirty life as we do.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says: "Socialism promises to be a force with which American statesmen may have to reckon."

The subject of Socialism is not one to be ignored nor to be sneered out of discussion by the beneficiaries of the oligarchy of wealth. It is receiving the best thoughts of the best minds of the most enlightened nations of the earth.—Editorial in Seattle Daily Times.

Professor W. Clark—The answer of Socialism to the capitalist is that society can do without him, just as society now does without the slave owner and the feudal lord, both of whom were formerly regarded as necessary to the well being and even the very existence of society.

Possibly the Socialist party will gain sufficient strength of numbers to force on one or both of the great political parties certain of the reforms they advocate. It is to be hoped that they will.—Santa Barbara Independent.

The New York Tribune says: "The capitalist and the captain of industry in these latter days has set himself to demonstrate that the theories of the Socialist are sound."

Frances E. Willard—I believe the things that Christian Socialism stands for, and were I not teetotally occupied I would go into the movement heart and soul, as, indeed, I have done in public utterances for many years. Oh, that I were young again, and it would have my life! It is God's way out of the wilderness and into the promised land. It is Christianity applied.

Notes by the Way.

"A few men are great now because the great mass seem small.

"Great men appear so only because we are on our knees. Let us rise!"

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

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Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In District Court.

Ira C. Richardson and S. Cooke, copartners as Richardson & Cooke, - - - - - - - - - - plaintiffs,

vs.

Annie M. Umbreit, - - - - - - - - - - defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers plaintiffs, at their office in the city of Thief River Falls in said Red Lake county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

July 23rd, 1907.

Richardson & Cooke,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys pro se.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., oct., 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Nov. 18th, 1907, viz: Oliver Gunderson H. E. No 102 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp. 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole Holmen,	of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Levas,	" " " " "
Ole E. Grinde,	" " " " "
John Hegrenes,	" " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 10 nov 14

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff:

—vs—

Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meredian.

Dated September 20th, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept. 26 Oct. 31.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1240 made Nov. 3rd, 1906, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 154 N., Range 41. W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct., 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Ernest Schmidt,	of Germantown, Minn.
Joseph Duchamp	" " "
Ole Nelson	" " "
Henry Cook	" " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Braas of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 1236 made Nov. 3rd 1906, for the E½SW¼ Lots 3 & 4 Section 7, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Oct. 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp,	of Germantown, Minn.
Erick O. Gruetzke,	" " "
Ernest Schmidt,	" " "
Jay Payne.	" " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Furnished room for rent. One block east of the Soo depot. Phone 233.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

SPECIAL RATES ON FARM LOANS FROM NOW ON.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.

KIEWEL BREWING CO.
CROOKSTON, MINN.
K
A LIQUID FOOD
A PERFECT
White Seal
Kiewel Brewing Co.
CROOKSTON, MINN.
A BUILDER OF HEALTH

As Pure and Clean as the Name

A Recognized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

ORDER NOW

KIEWEL BREWING COMPANY.

CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone 164. Thief River Falls, Minn.

ALL KIKDS OF PRINTING.

AN ODD SUPERSTITION.

British Fishermen Balk at the Name of Graham.

One of the most curious of British fishermen's superstitions, the one which perhaps to this day has the strongest hold upon them, is that connected with the name of Graham. No fisherman will go to sea if he has heard this name mentioned, nor will he do any manner of work upon that day. He will refuse to sail in a boat with any one bearing the name, and a house painter from Newcastle called Graham, who had been sent to do some work in one of the large houses, found his life made so unbearable by the villagers that he incontinently returned to the town, leaving his work uncompleted. The women who bait the lines in the winter will unbait every hook and rebait the whole length—the labor of hours—if they hear it mentioned. A local tradesman bearing this unfortunate patronymic is never referred to save as "Puff;" another, an innkeeper, is known as "Lucky Bits." No rational explanation is to be found. On one of the most intelligent fishermen being questioned on the subject he laughed the idea to scorn. Why, his daughter was married to a Graham. But, he added, a strange thing happened two years ago when he was off at the herring fishing and had not been home for some weeks. Having received a letter at Shields to say that his son-in-law was ill, he hailed a passing boat which had come from the north, asking if they had heard how Jack Graham was. "And, wad ye beleev't, ne sooner had an syed the words than theer wes a crash, and the mast went ower the side!" None of the crew spoke to him for the rest of the day.—New York Post.

HABITS OF SPIDERS.

"Do These Insects Sleep?" Is Not an Easy Question to Answer.

The question, "Do spiders sleep at night?" is not easy to answer. I have made a careful observation of the sleep of ants, and that could readily be done by watching colonies in their artificial formicaries. It is almost impossible to deal with spiders in the same way. I would answer, however, in general terms that spiders sleep, as all animals do, and doubtless parts of the night are spent in slumber. Many species, however, prey on the night flying insects, and so must be awake in order to catch their prey. If you will watch the porch or outbuildings of your home on a summer evening you will be likely to see an orb weaving spider drop slowly down on a single thread in the gathering dusk of the evening. From this beginning a round web will soon be spun, and either hanging at the center thereof or in a little nest above and at one side is the architect, with forefeet clasping what we call the "trap line" and waiting for some night flying insect to strike the snare. In this position spiders will sometimes wait for hours, and it is just possible that they may then take a little nap. They might easily do that and yet not lose their game, for the agitation of the web would rouse the sleeper, and then it would run down the trap line and secure its prey. Some species of spiders do the chief part of their hunting at night, and there are some who chiefly hunt during the day; but, as a rule, these industrious animals work both day and night.—St. Nicholas.

Suffered For His Chickens.

In London as far back as 1791 a city ordinance was passed to suppress the early morning cries of the street hucksters. This law was so severe that a person arrested twice for the same offense could be imprisoned for ten years. There is one record of a man lingering in prison for ten years. When his time was up he was asked what his crime was.

"For selling chickens that squawked," was the reply.

In the confusion of the trial the fact was not brought out that the chickens and not the man were responsible for the din that aroused the wrath of the disturbed citizens.

Wanted Money Too.

Ned, walking with his father, saw him give a beggar 5 cents and inquired into the matter.

"What did you give that man 5 cents for, papa?" asked Ned.

"So that he might eat bread, my boy," said the father.

That evening at the supper table it was observed that Ned declined to eat any bread, in any shape.

"Aren't you eating bread nowadays, my boy?" his mother asked.

"No, mamma."

"Why not?"

"So papa'll give me 5 cents."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Might Start a Forest.

A lady told a party of friends that she had quarreled with her husband and had planted a tree in memory of their first falling out.

"What a splendid idea," whispered another lady in her husband's ear; "if we had adopted that plan we might have had by now a fine avenue of trees in our garden."

Blind to Them.

"Never be critical upon the ladies," was the maxim of an old Irish peer, remarkable for his homage to the sex. "The only way that a true gentleman ever will attempt to look at the faults of a pretty woman is to shut his eyes."

According to Rules.

Sentry: You can't leave. Soldier—But I have the captain's oral permission. Sentry (instantly)—Let's see it!—Il Motto per Ridere.

Mark Twain says that England is the home of wit and America is the home of humor.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rat s and reservations, call on,

W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

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SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
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THE NEWS.

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$1.00 PER YEAR

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1907 NUMBER 44

Historical Society

TALKS OF THE PARCEL POST

Congressman Steenerson Says There Is a General Misunderstanding.

Law as Present Operates in Favor of Local Retail Merchant.

In regard to the parcel post law to be introduced in the next congress, Hon. Halvor Steenerson has the following to say:

"I notice that the subject of parcel post has been considered by retail and wholesale merchants throughout the country and that they seem to fear the prospect of the inauguration of parcel post.

"Now, there seems to exist a good deal of misinformation on this subject among the people judging from the different views that have been expressed.

In the first place it should be remembered that we now have parcel posts in the United States, in as much as the postal service carries packages up to four pounds at the rate of postage of 16 cents a pound.

In the next place we have international parcel post which has been arranged by postal agreement with twenty two different foreign countries under which parcel conventions packages to the weight of 11 pounds are carried at the rate of 12 cents per pound.

It should be remembered that the first kind of parcel post, which is limited to the United States and its dependencies, is established by statute, and by other international agreement. But there is a regrotable incongruity between the two, with the result that a person now could send a package from Crookston weighing four pounds to New York for 64 cents, whereas, if the package was addressed to any post office in Great Britain, Scandinavia, France, Germany or any of the 22 countries in the international parcel convention it would be carried for 48 cents, and not only this, but a package weighing more than four pounds would be refused if addressed to a post office in the United States or its dependencies but would be carried to foreign post offices mentioned.

The Postmaster General has announced that he intends to recommend to congress the establishment of uniform rates for parcels, reducing the domestic parcel post to 12 cents per pound and increasing the weight of the package to 11 pounds, so as to correspond, both in rate and weight to the foreign schedule. He also proposes to recommend the adoption of special rate for parcels on rural routes so that any package mailed by a patron of the same route, or at the distributing post office on such route, the charge shall be 5 cents for the first pound and 2 cents for each additional pound up to 11 pounds, or 25 cents for a package weighing 11 pounds.

If this proposal should be adopted the result will be a differential in favor of the local merchants for it would cost the mail order houses 12 cents a pound or $1.32 for 11 pounds, whereas the merchant at the distributing post office, or any patron on the rural route could send the same package for 25 cents.

In view of the usually exhorbitant rate of express companies there is a general demand for more extended parcel post service and it would seem that if the opposition of the local merchants and wholesalers dependent upon them could be thus overcome the proposed reforms would meet with general approval.

Skunk Is Farmers Friend.

A farmer of an investigating turn of mind, recently trapped three skunks and examined their stomachs. They were filled with worms and bugs. The worms were not chewed but swallowed whole. He thinks that the skunk is the friend of the farmer and does more good than harm and should not be ruthlessly slain.

Reports from fur trade centers would indicate that rat and mink fur will again be in good demand this winter and prices will be high. There is an over supply of skunks and that fur will again be cheap.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

Creamery Report.

The St. Hilaire creamery paid out nearly $7,000 for cream during the month of September. The following farmers received checks for over $50:

L. M. Rolland	91 44
L. A. Carlson	93 06
N. A. Nelson	95 40
T. M. Brovick	81 03
C. A. Molin	79 95
Swan Wiborg	79 94
Fred Soderberg	73 29
H. Haupt	68 01
John Konickson	66 46
A. W. Lind	66 39
H. J. Hanson	66 35
Erick Johnson	65 15
Andrew Soderberg	61 75
John Albin	61 40
Henry Randorf	60 87
O. L. Larson	60 70
C. A. Lindquist	60 10
Miller Peterson	59 85
Peter Johnson	59 67
August Swanson	58 44
Chas Gus afson	58 17
P. W. Peterson	55 56
John Wohlbeck	53 52
Claus Hendricks	53 28
J. S. Roy	52 98
H. A. Swanby	52 32
Knut Finstad	51 98
Anton Aubol	51 75
Fred Uirich	51 16

Good Profit In Beans.

Last Friday John Vosler of East Grand Forks started to thresh his crop of beans. Mr. Vosler has a field of 75 acres of navy beans on his Minn., Point farm and estimates a yield of at least 25 bushels per acre. He has been making a specialty of beans for a number of years, and finds them one of the most profitable crops that can be grown, beating wheat and other grains, by many points. He disposes of his entire crop to the wholesale houses at Grand Forks. Last year he sold at $1.50 a bushel. At present the wholesale price is $2 which will net him a handsome sum, altho the expense of raising and harvesting the crop is considerable. He has a steam threshing machine, especially adapted to threshing beans.

Lost—A fur coat on the road to Germantown. Finder please return to Henry Dau, Germantown.

COAL FOUND AT FOSSTON

Workmen While Digging a Well Found Coal.

Owner of Property Upon Which Coal Was Discovered Says Nothing.

Fosston Thirteen Towns: The importance of a discovery made a few days ago within a short distance of the business center of Fosston can only be imagined. The fact remains that coal was actually dug from the ground at the depth of about 26 feet by Messrs. Canfield and Johnson while engaged in excavating a new well for John Vig, on his residence property, Harrison avenue.

Mr. Vig is mysteriously reserved in regard to the surprising find but admits that coal was dug from the well as stated above and to verify his assertion has shown a piece of it measuring about twelve inches long and five or six inches in diameter. It is not of a kind ever brought into this locality and the truthfulness of the workmen and the owner of the ground cannot be questioned. It was taken from the earth close to where the clay overlays the quicksand. How much more there may be in the ground about is unknown but the possibilities should the coal be found in quantities here can scarcely be estimated. Further investigations will undoubtedly be made but for the present the possessor of this minature mine holds his own council.

Reception for Rev. Flesher.

Fergus Falls Journal:—The reception at the home of Col. and Mrs. W. H. McBride in honor of Rev. C. H. Flesher, Rev. J. G. Morrison and Rev. W. C. Rice and their wives was largely attended and proved a very pleasant social event. Col. and Mrs. McBride are a rare host and hostess. Addresses were delivered by Rev Mr. Morrison, the retiring M. E. pastor, Rev. Mr. Flesher, the new pastor Rev. W. C. Rice who has come here to reside, J. G. Durrell, Steve Butler and others. Everyone met the new pastor and all feel that the church has secured a strong and able man in Mr. Flesher and a tactful and excellent lady in his wife. Rev. and Mrs. Morrison and children left for their new home at Jamestown, N. D., Friday afternoon, and the universal esteem in which they are held here was attested by the large number of their parishoners and others who assembled at the station to bid them farewell and wish them success in their new field.

Blanketing Cattle.

During the last couple of years, a good many dairymen in Australia have adopted the practise of blanketing their cows during wet and cold weather: and results in every case are spoken of highly satisfactory. When cows are kept warm the food they consume instead of being utilized to maintain bodily heat, is largely devoted to the production of milk: and in this way the dairymen realizes a large profit on the very small outlay required to provide blankets for his cattle in cold weather.

Men who have studied the subject closely, say that the effect of covers on cows is very remarkable. The quiet cows become more quiet and contented, while those that are shy or nervous have their nerves soothed, and submit to being handled without fear. This is no fad of one or two men, but has become so common that manufacturers have placed several kinds of blankets, as coverings, on the market with a view to supplying the demand that has arisen. It is said, however, that a home made blanket, made from old wheat bags, serves the purpose as well as anything. After they have been worn a short time they become thoroughly water-proof. Northwest Farmer, Winnepeg.

Lawless Shooters Beware.

Reckless users of firearms who shoot at anything their fancy may like will do well to look out for the strong arm of the law, if they take a "crack" at mail boxes out in the rural districts.

The federal law relating to these violations is found in section 3869 of the United States statutes, and reads as follows;

"Every person who willfully and maliciously injures, tears down or destroys any letter box, pillar box, or other receptacle established by the postmaster general, for the safe deposit of matter for the mail, or for delivery, or who willfully and maliciously assaults any letter carrier when in uniform, while engaged on his route in discharge of his duties as a mail carrier, and every person who willfully aids or assists therein, shall, for every such offense, be punishable by a fine of not less than $100, and not more than $1,000, or by imprisonment for not less than one year and not more than three."

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

A Great Goose Hunt.

Judge Grindeland and Court Stenographer Braggans returned Monday from a few days' goose hunt in Kittson county, bringing with them eighteen big, fat and slick geese. Mr. Braggans had done most of the execution, the Judge acting merely as escort. Had President Roosevelt accompanied these gentlemen on a hunt in Kittson county instead of going to the Jungles in Louisiana, he would have had some thing more to show for his efforts than a wild cat, having eaten all the other game taken, on the spot. The Judge and Mr. Braggans had about 100 pounds of goose meat each, besides what they had eaten while hunting, and that was no doubt considerable, as both have keen appetites.—Warren Sheaf.

Coming Back to God's Country.

An interesting feature of the report of immigration into the United States for the month of September is the increase in the number of immigrants from Canada. The number in September, 1906, 1,674, while in September, 1907, 3,911 crossed our boundary, south-bound. The increase of 2,237 are mainly western farmers who were attracted to the Canadian northwest during the boom, but who are now returning disappointed.

Take Carr's Advice.

The falling off in milk flow from the cows this fall and the consequent diminution of the monthly creamery pay roll ought to be conclusive evidence to the farmers of the importance and practicability of preparing some sort of succulent food for the milk cows at this time of the year. It would have paid the patrons of the Middle River creamery to have bought and utilized several of the Jensen ensilage machines which have been repeatedly described in the Pioneer.—Middle River Pioneer.

TWO ARE TO BE HANGED

Minnesota to Have a Double Hanging the First in Years.

Murderers to Swing From Same Scaffold on 7th of February.

Minnesota is due to have a double hanging Friday, Feb. 7, 1908, the first in many years. Two men will swing from the same scaffold.

Gov. Johnson selected the above date for the execution of Morton S. Munn and Peter Mathieson, both convicted at Bemidji for murder in the first degree Sentence was imposed on both by Judge McClanahan on Oct. 5.

Murder was the crime of each. Munn shot August Franklin last June, and Mathieson killed John Johnson in a gun fight in Feb. Both murders were cold-blooded, and at the trials verdicts of guilty were quickly rendered. Sentence was imposed on both at the same time.

Gov. Johnson says he is opposed to capital punishment as he does not believe in it, but it is the law, and he refused to allow his views to interfere with his duty. The idea of having the two men hanged at the same time is to lessen the cost to the county of Beltrami which will have to stand the expense.

It is expected that both men will appeal to the supreme court, and in the event that tribunal fails them, to the board of pardons.

The Right "Weigh"

There is a right way to buy clothes: and a right place.

COME IN; this is the right place; and the right way is to find Hart, Schaffner & Marx name in them.

It's here; all wool clothes; all right.

Exclusive agents Staley Underwear, Gordon Hats and Crossett Shoes.

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The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

...... THE HOME OF ......

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

GORDEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

ELECTION NEXT WEEK.

Votors to Elect New Set of City Officials Next Tuesday.

Contests Are All Friendly Ones and Not Much Excitement.

Next Tuesday the voters of Thief River Falls will be called upon to elect an entire new set of city officials, and while there is contests on for most of the offices, there is no bitterness nor personal feeling and after election there will be no sore spots.

The most spirited fight will be for the office of municipal judge and all of the three contestants feel confident of winning. It is always hard to tell the outcome of a three cornered fight and this will be no exception to the rule.

In the contest for mayor, the personal of the two candidates— Dr. Grundy and T. P. Hamre—seems to be cutting very little figure. Those who believe that the administration Mayor Grundy has given the city during the past two years was all right are working for his re-election while those who are opposed to the administration and to certain men he has appointed upon the police force are out supporting Mr. Hamre. Both Mr. Hamre and Dr. Grundy are very popular personally, and the fight is quite likely to prove a close one.

In the Second ward, the fight for alderman is going to be between Milton Forder and Andrew Waseen. Both are well known to the residents of this ward, and either one would make a good alderman. The indications are that Mr. Forder will win out.

James Bulman and W. W. Prichard are the candidates for alderman from the Third ward and the fight over there is going to be a merry one. Mr. Bulman is one of the substantial business men of the city, and a pusher. He is a man who accomplishes things and if elected the residents of the East Side would never regret it.

The First ward has the choice of two of the best men in the city for alderman Olaf Ramstad and Robert McGinn. Mr. McGinn is the present alderman and, with the exception of his vote upon the license question, we believe that he has given absolute satisfaction to all of the residents of the First ward. He is progressive and has devoted much of his time to city affairs and has always been conscientious. Mr. Ramstad is also one of the substantial and progressive citizens of Thief River Falls and if he is elected the city will have the services of a valuable man upon the council for the next two years. It is going to be no easy matter for the residents of the First ward to make their choice and the contest will necessarily be close. One thing is certain, however, and that is that no matter which one wins out, the First ward is going to have a good alderman.

L. M. Hoag and M. V. Evenson will have no opposition as alderman at large. Both are now serving the city in this capacity and the fact that they do not have opposition this year is proof that they are giving perfect satisfaction.

Ed Evenson will be the next city treasurer and will win without having any opposition. Mr. Evenson will make a capable official and has many friends who will be pleased to see him secure the office.

A number of voters are proposing that a public meeting be held at which time the various candidates who have opposition be invited to attend and present their claims for the office. It is not likely that any meeting of this kind will be held, but it would certainly prove interesting for the voters, if not for the candidates.

While there are contests on for most of the offices, there is no combination on between any set of candidates. Each one is out to win upon his own "hook."

HOLD YOUR WHEAT.

Prices Are Down at Present but Will Soon Be Up.

The recent drop in the price of wheat and other grains is the direct result of the flurry in the Wall street banks. It should be remembered that it requires nearly twice as much money this year to pay for wheat to fill up the elevators as it did a year or two ago. The farmers, attracted by the high prices, have been hauling their wheat to market, and all the mills and elevators have enough on hand to last them for a few weeks. The Minneapolis and Duluth millers do not feel warranted in borrowing money at high rates of interest to buy wheat that they will not need for a month or two. Therefore, to stop the farmers from bringing in wheat they have arbitrarily cut the price way below its actual worth.

In the words of one of the best posted men on the wheat situation: "The price has been put so low that any farmer would be a fool to sell his wheat now."

There is no occasion for alarm or excitement. The wheat buyers simply want a breathing spell, pending the adjustment of the financial situation. The farmers will help the country and themselves by holding their grain until the congestion is relieved, and the prices go back to the dollar mark and higher. Wheat is worth more than is offered for it today—a fact well understood by the wheat buyers. The millers expect to pay a higher price in a short time—but first they want to grind their wheat now on hand into flour and get the cash for it, so that they will not have to go to the banks for money to buy wheat, which they do not need at this time.

Incidentally this will explain why flour is not following the drop in wheat. The millers paid high prices for the wheat, and the flour cost them all they are getting for it. It is worth all they ask on a nominal market.

What is here said about wheat is equally true of other grains. The farmers who refuse to sell until prices are restored will make money—and the less they sell for the next month the sooner will prices climb back to their rightful place.

ABOUT WEIGHTS.

State Dairy and Food Commission Says Weights Are Short.

Undoubtedly the greatest fraud now being perpetrated in the sale of foodstuffs in this state, as well as in nearly every other state in the Union, is the short weight and short measure fraud. The laws of the state prohibit misbranding of food products and when a container is labeled giving the net weight the statement must be true. The law requires a statement of the net weight on a few products, but does not require such a statement on a great number of staple articles.

The manufacturer or packer simply does not label the package he puts upon the market and the purchaser buys it thinking he is getting a pound, five pounds, a quart or a gallon, as the case may be. The practice is quite general and is the rule in the case of many products and not the exception.

The manufacturer of the packages makes them short weight or short measure according to the orders of the packer, who is to fill them with his products.

One very noticeable short weight fraud is the practice of selling butter in jars. The common half gallon butter jar is known by the trade as a 'five pound jars,' but when it is filled level full with butter it will generally hold less than five pounds of butter. It is not difficult to find "Five pound jars" of butter on the market containing only (4½) four and one-half pounds of butter. The customer who buys one of these jars of butter for $1.80 thinks he is getting butter at 36 cents per lb. while in fact he is paying just 40 cents per lb.

This department is powerless to compel a statement of the net weight on all food packages, as there is no law requiring such labelling, but until such a law is enacted there is no relief in sight except that the individual purchaser can protect himself by weighing the goods he buys and insisting on receiving what he pays for.

Producers of and dealers in eggs are again warned against selling or offering for sale eggs, which are not fresh and wholesome. Inspectors of this department are instituting prosecutions against violators of the law in every section of the state and the lowest fine that can be assessed by any court is $50.00 and costs.

Among the analyses reported from the laboratory recently are the following:

Lab. 1810—Extract of Almond, "Puritan," manufactured by Wright-Clarkson Mercantile Co., Duluth. Illegal, labeled 2 oz., exact measure 1¼ oz.

Lab. 703—Imitation Fruit Jelly, manufactured by Berry Mayburn Co., Chicago. Illegal, marked 13 lbs., exact net weight 10½ lbs.

Lab. 1193—Ground Cinnamon, manufactured by J. P. Dieter Co., Chicago. Illegal, labeled ¼ lb., exact net weight 2.8 oz.

Lab. 1176—Black Pepper, manufactured by Dr. Ward Med. Co., Winona. Illegal, labeled 3 oz., exact net weight 2¼ oz.

Lab. 1165—White Pepper, manufactured by H. B. Strait & Co., St. Paul. Illegal, sample is adulterated with ground cocoanut shells and contains a considerable amount of starchy matter.

Lab. 81—Boiled Linseed Oil, manufactured by American Linseed Oil Co., Omaha, Nebraska. Illegal, adulterated with mineral oil.

Lab. 90—Boiled Linseed Oil, manufactured by the Central Linseed Oil Co., Omaha, Nebraska. Illegal, adulterated with mineral oil.

Edward K. Slater,
Commissioner.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The management announces with great pleasure the coming of the mythological burlesque, "The Red Spectre", hand colored throughout. A grand spectacular production; supplemented by marvelous tricks, dissolving scenic effets, ballets, marches, etc, in which over thirty five girls take part.

Originated, designed, produced and controlled by Geo. Melies, Paris.

The program will open with several comic novelties and closing with, "The Red Spectre".

Prof. Halvorson, violinist will play Friday and Saturday evenings.

Overture Schergo-David Waltz, Donan Weilan, Ivanovici March, Tannhauser Wagner.

Mrs. Krouse in Chas. K. Harris', pictured melody, "My Virginia" violin obligato by Prof. Halvorson.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Flax	$1 02
Barley	[illegible]
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c
Potatoes	[illegible]

Found—A sack containing four live chickens. Owner can have same by calling at Joe Johnsons' place, section 20, town of Star.

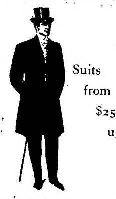
KOSIN, THE TAILOR.
SECOND STREET.
OPPOSITE ODD FELLOWS BLOCK.

Suits pressed, 50 cents.

Suits from $25 up.

Our methods are not those of 100 years ago. We turn out nothing but strictly up to date work. The first cost a tailor made suit such as we turn out may be a little more than others, but in the end it is the cheapest, for a suit made of good material and well fitted will wear much longer than any other.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

We wish to announce to the public the fact that our big store is now crowded to the limit with goods of every description which we offer at prices that defy competition. We will call your attention to a few special lines:

The Very Latest New Fall and Winter Coats.

Every style in vogue this season is represented in our assortment of beautiful coats, loose fitting, form fitting, all lengths, latest mode and material your fancy may dictate.

Heavy Kersey Coats with Fur Collar 12 to $35.00.

All styles Black and Fancy Coats from 9.00 to $25.00.

Ladies Plush and Fur lined Coats 25.00 to $50.00.

Ladies short Jackets in Plush and Fur at 15.00 to $65.00.

Ladies Skirts.

The most beautiful line in the city, prices from 2.50 to $18.00, one lot to close out, special sale, don't fail to get one of these bargain skirts.

Ladies Waists.

Beautiful new styles in Waists, in silk, embroidered, nets, lace designs, mohair and wash goods, prices 1.25 to $8.50.

Furs Furs Furs.

We handle the Celebrated Annis furs, superior in quality to other makes, prices in fur scarfs 75c to $25.00.

Dress Goods.

We have them in all the latest fabrics, in every shade and style, plain colors, and invisible Plaids, Panamas, Poplin and Serges from 50c to $2.00.

Fancy Wool Plaids and Mixtures 25 to 50c.

Before buying your fall supply, call at our store and be convinced that we can save you money. We aim to please you.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls, Tuesday.

H. G. Dobner was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Lars Backe was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

P. A. Carlson left Tuesday for the Pacific coast and will spend the winter there.

Moses Peleran was arrested the first of the week and paid a fine before Judge Bishop.

There will be services Sunday at 10:30 A. M. in the Norwegian Lutheran church.

Dr. Penney left Sunday evening for St. Louis, called there by the death of his father.

C. J. Knox was called to Superior, Wis., last Saturday by the serious illness of his brother.

Malcom Eberhardt and Will Lang left last Friday for Kalispell, Mont., where they expect to work during the winter.

Lost—Last Friday, a black and white bird dog. License tag was No. 25. Finder please notify Martin Nelson, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Cross Eyes straightened without pain or discomfort by Dr. A. J. Klimek, scientific system of fitting glasses.

There will be an auction sale of horses at Jensens & Son's barn this afternoon. Thirteen head are to be sold.

Wanted—To purchase 50 tons of baled hay. Will pay highest market price. J. A. Egan, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Ed T. Kivel, one of the settlers living up near Germantown, left yesterday for Normann, Wash., to make his future home.

Mrs. Phil Zeh and Mrs. Joseph Lang went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to visit Mrs. N. W. Tarrant for a few days.

Miss Nickerson, one of the teachers in the city school, left last evening for Elk River, called there by the death of her mother.

Rev. Barackman and family leave tomorrow for Blackduck to make their future home. As yet the Presbyterians have secured no pastor to take Rev. Barackman's place. Rev. N. A. Gilchrist of Crookston, will be here Sunday to conduct the usual services.

Supt. J. H. Hay was up to Middle River last Saturday attending a meeting of the Eastern Marshall County Teachers association.

Halga, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Onlid, residing east of town, fell from a straw stack on Sunday and sustained a broken arm.

Prof. Halvonson, violinist at the Bijou Friday and Saturday evenings "My Virginia" Sung by Mrs. Krouse, violin obligato by Prof. Halvonson.

Oscar Hovilsos, one of the progressive young settlers living up near Germantown, was in the city yesterday, being enroute home from a trip to North Dakota.

Attorney Halvorson, Mabey, Copley, Bishop, Michelet and Stanton were down to Red Lake Falls Monday to be present at the opening of the Oct. term of court.

H. O. Sersland, who until recently was the butter maker at the creamery here, fell down stairs at the Soo hotel Tuesday afternoon and sustained a broken arm.

Eyes, Dr. A. J. Klimek is very successful in treating the most complicated conditions of the eye and nervous system. Consult him if you are not enjoying perfect health.

Harry Carr, of Middle River, passed through the city the first of the week, being enroute to Minneapolis where he will study electrical engineering at the state university during the year.

C. Johnson, who has been the butter maker at the Slatter creamery, near Fosston, will arrive here tomorrow and take charge of the local creamery here in place of H. O. Sersland, who has resigned.

Dr. A. J. Klimek will place a fine Parlor Clock in the display window of his New Jewelry Store on Saturday Nov. 2nd, each day the price will be reduced 25 cents until sold, it is going to be a bargain for somebody.

Rev. K. Bjorgo, of Red Wing, president of the Minnesota District, Norwegian Lutheran Synod, will preach the annual mission and harvest festival sermon in the local Synod church on Sunday, Nov. 10. Rev. Bjorgo is one of the ablest pastors in Minnesota and will be sure to be greeted by a large audience.

Judge Watts on Monday dissolved the injunction restraining the sheiff from taking possession of the Elder automobile and held that the attachment papers issued by Judge Bishop were good in every particular. There is no question but that Mr. Elder will gain possession of his property although professional litigants of Red Lake Falls will quite likely make it cost him considerable.

Thirty years ago yesterday, S. T. Johnson and Frank Tilton, with their families, left New Hampshire for Minn. The event was properly celebrated at the home of Mr. Tilton last evening and a number of the old residents were invited to a New England dinner party.

Friends in this city have received cards announcing the marriage last Saturday of H. O. Rollag to Miss Inga Strand. The wedding took place at Sisseton, S. D., where Mr. Rollag is engaged in the real estate business. Mr. Rollag was formerly a resident of Thief River Falls, being engaged in the real estate business here with Andrew Stenseth.

The two mail sacks stolen from the Soo depot during fair week in August, were found Tuesday in the woods close to the fair grounds, by John Kabrick. The sacks had been cut open and the contents taken except two express money orders for $2.50 each. Postmaster Kratka has notified the postoffice department of the find and it is expected that an inspector will arrive in a day or so to investigate the matter.

Street Commissioner Melby had an experience Tuesday morning that he does not care to have repeated. While at work in the trench making connections for water works and sewerage at G. Halvorsons' residence on North La Bree avenue, the banks caved in and Mr. Melby was completely covered. It took the workman employed upon the job about ten minutes to dig him out. He suffered no injury, but was in a very uncomfortable position for a short time.

Brigadier Cousins and Major Morton, of Minneapolis who has the oversights of the Salvation Army work in this State, North Dakota, Wisconsin and Northern Michigan will visit Thief River Falls next Saturday and Sunday Nov. 2nd and 3rd to lead the meetings in the Salvation Army hall on LaBree Ave., welcome meeting Saturday eve. 8 p.m. Holiness meeting Sunday 11 a. m., children's meeting 2 p. m., praise service 3:30 p. m., Salvation meeting 8 p.m. All are welcome.

WILL REVIEW CASE

Federal Supreme Court Grants Petition of Minnesota Official.

IMPORTANT POINT INVOLVED

Question of Respective Jurisdiction of State and Federal Courts in Railroad Rate Litigation.

The federal supreme court has granted the petition of Edward T. Young, attorney general of Minnesota, for a writ bringing the contempt proceedings against Mr. Young in connection with the enforcement of the railroad rate law of that state to that court for review and enlarged the scope of the order so as to permit of his admission to bail. He is now under sentence by Judge Lochren of the federal court on the charge of instituting a proceeding in the Minnesota state courts in the face of a prohibition by the federal court. The action of the supreme court will bring the entire subject before that court. The important question of the respective jurisdictions of the state and federal courts in cases in which state railroad legislation is involved, which has arisen in many states, notably in North Carolina, will necessarily be considered in this suit and it may prove to be a test case along new lines.

Government officials, including the members of the interstate commerce commission, regard the case as the first real clash between the state and federal authority on the transportation question that has occurred in the United States supreme court.

HAD BROKEN HIS PAROLE

Reformatory Prisoner Suicides When Rearrested.

George Blackwell, aged twenty-five, a paroled prisoner from the St. Cloud reformatory, blew out his brains at the entrance to the Central police station at St. Paul. Blackwell had been working for four months as bookkeeper in the Minneapolis steel and machinery works. Several days ago he broke his parole by quitting his job. State Agent Bancroft arrested him at the Union depot and had just reached the station with his prisoner when the latter pulled a 38-caliber revolver from his pocket and shot himself through the temple, dying almost instantly.

TWO SENTENCED TO DIE.

Double Hanging Is to Be Held in Beltrami County.

Governor Johnson has officially designated Feb. 7 as the date upon which Merton S. Munn and Peter Mathieson will be hanged in Beltrami county. Both men were convicted on charges of murder and both received their death sentence at the hands of Judge McClanahan on the same day, Oct. 5. This will be the first double hanging in the history of Beltrami county and the first to be held in the state in many years.

Munn was convicted of the murder of August Franklin on June 1 and Mathieson of the murder of Johan Johnson in February.

FOUR PERSONS INJURED.

Serious Fire Occurs in a Minneapolis Elevator.

Four people were badly hurt in a small but fierce blaze at Minneapolis, which did but very little damage, but gave the firemen a hard fight. The blaze started in an old elevator used by the Twin City Charcoal company. Two employes and two firemen were badly burned. The injured are:

Henry Carpenter, colored; Harvey Squires, Captain Arthur Price, engine company No. 4; Lineman Michael Carroll, engine company No. 4. The financial loss amounts to $4,000.

DRANK MILK OF MAD COW

Score of Minneapolis People Advised to Take Pasteur Treatment.

City officials of Minneapolis have advised more than twenty residents of the Mill City, members of the five families who drank milk from John Swanson's cow, which went mad several days ago and killed itself, to take the Pasteur treatment. The milk was examined by the city bacteriologist and signs of rabies were found. The cow was bitten by a dog about a week before the rabies were noticed.

Falls on Red Hot Wheel.

Emil Zophelltto, sixteen years of age, was probably saved from being burned to death at the Griffin wheel works at St. Paul. While scuffling with another lad he fell into one of the pits on top of a red hot wheel. His flesh was sizzling on the hot iron when several men jumped into the pit and dragged the boy out. His chest, hands and arms and his face and head are seriously burned. It is said that the boy may recover, but that he will be horribly disfigured.

Burglars Raid Minnesota Town.

Burglars raided Lake Crystal, Blue Earth county, and got away with a large amount of plunder. At the Thomas Jones hardware store they took razors, knives and some money. At Frank Parclatt's jewelry store they took watch cases, movements and some money. John Williams lost several pairs of shoes and money. They visited two saloons and made off with whisky, cigars and money.

MINNESOTA BANKERS MEET

Those of Three Large Cities Adopt Precautionary Measures.

A number of leading bankers of the three large cities of the state—St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth—met Sunday in Minneapolis and adopted the measures that the banks of all the large cities in the country have taken to prevent a drain of cash. The banks in the large business centers decline to ship money at present, and the Minnesota banks, in self-defense, will adopt the plan in force in other cities.

The following was adopted and signed at the meeting:

"In view of the action of the banks in the central reserve cities of New York, Chicago and St. Louis in refusing to ship money against balances due us, be it resolved

"That for the protection of our commercial interests and for the purpose of preventing a drain of money from the banks, the banks and bankers of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth do hereby agree to adopt substantially the plan recently adopted in New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Milwaukee, Indianapolis, Des Moines and other cities, viz.:

"That we will not pay out money on checks, certificates of deposit or drafts, except for small sums, and that for the present no money will be furnished to bank correspondents; but we will certify checks on balances in our hands, payable through our clearing houses only. The savings banks and trust companies and the savings departments of banks having such departments will require the sixty and ninety day notice to which they are entitled by law."

TRAIN IS WRECKED.

Unknown Person Derails a Passenger at Moorhead.

The Oriental limited, the Great Northern coast train, was wrecked at Moorhead.

The engine, mail car, baggage car and smoker had passed over the Eighth street switch when an unknown person was seen to throw the switch, throwing the day coach, colonists' sleeper and front truck of the dining car from the track.

The train was just pulling out of the depot, so it fortunately had gained little speed and was quickly stopped. Outside of a general shaking up no one was injured. The equipment was badly damaged and the track torn up for a considerable distance.

STANDS ON A SAFE BASIS

James J. Hill Delivers an Address on the Northwest.

"No part of the United States stands on so safe as basis as the Northwest," declared James J. Hill in an address delivered at a dinner given by the St. Paul Jobbers and Manufacturers' association at the Minnesota club at St. Paul in honor of William Magivny, president of the St. Paul Union Stock Yards company. He based his confident utterance on the fact that the soil is the foundation of the prosperity of the Northwest, and it never fails so long as it is properly cultivated.

LUMBER YARDS BURNED.

Fire Causes Heavy Loss to a Company at Winona.

Fire at Winona wiped out the lumber yards of the Schroth & Ahrens company. A shift in wind when the fire was at its height saved the mill proper from destruction, although all auxiliary buildings were burned. The loss is estimated at $75,000, with about about 80 per cent insurance.

The overturning of a fire truck while going to the fire caused serious injury to two firemen.

Agent Charged With Larceny.

Samuel A. Phillips, Northwest manager of the Hancock company, a Chicago brokerage and banking house, was placed under arrest in his office in the New York Life building at St. Paul on the charge of grand larceny in the first degree. Phillips was accused of pocketing the proceeds of electric railway stock which he was authorized to sell for the Hancock company. The complaint specifies the amount of his embezzlements at $1,539.50.

Two Men Killed by Trains.

Two men were killed by railroad trains within a few hours of each other near Proctor. One was W. A. Shacklee, aged twenty-four years and unmarried, brakeman for the Missabe road. He fell between the cars of a freight train and died two hours later of his injuries. An unknown man about forty-five years old was run down by a train in the outskirts of Proctor. He was frightfully mangled.

Minnesota Man a Suicide.

Gilbert Petersen, a young man of Parkers Prairie, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a shotgun. He was in poor health and had been melancholy for several weeks, but had given no intimation of an intent to end his existence.

MUST PAY FOR THEIR FUN

Victim of Hazers Awarded Damages by Jury.

Kewanee, Ill., Oct. 29.—For hazing Charles Stoner of Bradford, a student at a Bradford school, last spring five young men of Bradford must pay $14,000 damages, according to a verdict brought in by a jury. The defendants are William Real, Earl Lappin, Arley Harwood, Earl Howe and Francis Long. They are said to have tied Stoner to a tombstone in a cemetery. Stoner was so severely frightened that in his attempt to get free he pulled the tombstone over on himself, breaking a bone in his leg.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

In spite of the fact that the working of the iron mines in the northern part of the state have been handicapped somewhat during the last three months by the miners' strike on the range State Auditor Iverson reports that during the last quarter the state has received $73,358.67 in royalties from its mines. The royalties were received from five mines which are being operated under lease from the state and from which the state derives a royalty of 25 cents for every ton shipped.

Because of the importation of Japanese workmen to take the places of the striking boilermakers at the Great Northern roundhouse at Willmar serious trouble is threatened. The strike of Great Northern boilermakers has been on for the last six weeks and it is rumored that unless the Japanese are pulled off the strike may become general among the roundhouse employes there.

The Big Falls and International extention of the Minnesota and International Railway company is about completed and will be ready for operation on Nov. 11. The railroad and warehouse commission will leave St. Paul on the evening of Nov. 7 to make an official inspection of the new line, which is required in the case of new lines before they can be put into operation.

The employes at the state prison in Stillwater feel that they ought to receive an increase in their salaries and the matter was presented to Governor Johnson by Judge H. H. Gillen of Stillwater. The governor referred the matter to the board of control, which has charge of the operation of the prison.

The organization of an anti-chicken thief association is being agitated at Triumph. It is estimated that more than $1,000 worth of poultry has been stolen in Martin county this fall, which probably is a greater sum than the value of the horses stolen in the county in the last ten years.

The city council of Windom has placed the "lid" on the dice box, the nickel in the slot machine and kindred gambling devices. Not only that, but an order has been issued that all boys under eighteen will not be permitted in pool halls.

A fair grade of lignite coal, close to the surface, in large deposits, overlaid by clay, and which is believed to have a commercial value worthy of investigation, has been uncovered on the land of a farmer in Benton county.

According to the figures of the Duluth directory company Duluth now has a population of 86,188, a gain of 4,885 during the year ending Oct. 1. The total number of names is 36,404 and to this is applied the multiple 2¼.

Registration at the state university this year will pass 4,400 and may reach a total of 4,500. Last year the total registration was 4,145.

The board of school inspectors of St. Paul will ask for $855,500 to run the schools of the city during 1908, an increase of nearly $100,000.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Dorothy Marlow, a nurse in the Minneapolis city hospital, died of scarlet fever contracted while she was nursing a little boy desperately sick with the dread disease. Although she won the fight for the boy and he will recover the nurse was stricken with the malady and died after a few days of suffering.

J. H. Vandermark was killed by falling from a load of hay five miles west of Fergus Falls. His horse shied on a grade and the load went down a steep embankment, Mr. Vandermark being found dead underneath it.

A prairie fire which was started in Wilkin county by a boy playing with matches raged two days. Over 10,000 tons of hay were lost. This at $4 a ton in the stack figures a big loss for farmers.

Homer Meekins, aged eighteen years, who has been one of the guards at the ore docks at Two Harbors since Aug. 14, committed suicide there by shooting. His home is in Baltimore.

Charles J. Peterson, a prominent farmer of Chisago county, was kicked in the head by one of his horses and his injuries may prove fatal.

Harry B. Clarke, formerly a cook in a St. Paul cafe, was found dead in bed at the Bijou hotel in Minneapolis from accidental gas asphyxiation.

OBITUARY.

Rev. J. W. Hancock, Red Wing's first settler, died in Minneapolis last week while on his way to Seattle. Rev. Hancock was born in Oxford, N. H., April 4, 1816. He was sent to Red Wing by the American Board of Foreign Missions of Boston as a missionary to the Indians in 1849 and ever since had maintained a residence at Red Wing.

Charles W. Potter of Duluth dropped dead in that city Sunday while marching with the local bodies of the Ancient Order of United Workmen from their hall to the First Methodist church to listen to the annual memorial service. Mr. Potter was forty-five years old.

Emerson Cole, a pioneer resident of Minneapolis and one of the first men to engage in the lumber business in the Northwest, is dead, aged seventy.

George T. Rice, founder of the village of Rice, in Benton county, is dead at that place at the age of seventy seven years.

Unprofitable Adam.

There is occasion for much beating about the bush for answers to many questions put by wise theologues to timid people, but one set of men found their match in the Scotchwoman under examination for admission to church fellowship.

"What are the decrees of God?" she was solemnly asked.

"Indeed, I think he kens that best himsel'."

"What kind of a man was Adam?"

"Ou, just like ither fouk!" was the quick reply.

The questioner insisted on a more definite answer. "Weel," said she, "he was just like Jeems Madden, ye ken."

"How so?"

"Weel, naebody got anything by him, and mony lost."

Curios.

Mr. Chow has a passion for curios, but was not able to distinguish a genuine article from a spurious one. One day a dealer came to him wishing to sell the lacquer bowl of Emperor Shun (B. C. 2255), the rod with which the Duke of Chow (about B. C. 1122) flogged Pak Kam, and the mat on which Confucius sat (B. C. 551). Mr. Chow sold all his worldly possessions and purchased them. Holding the bowl in his left hand, clutching the rod in his right hand and carrying the mat upon his back, he went around begging for a copper coin of King Woo (B. C. 1122).—From the Chinese.

Naturally.

Two men met at the gate of the cemetery, and each with excessive politeness bowed to the other to pass in before him. After a few minutes of this, when neither would give way, the younger of the two smiled and said:

"You are the elder of the two, so naturally you ought to go first."—Sourire.

Run and Unrun.

"When I first went to housekeeping I tried to run everything. I ended with running nothing."

"Absolutely nothing?"

"Well, perhaps the gamut of the emotions now and then."—New York World.

His Position.

Peckem—My wife referred to me as the head of the family today. Meeker—How did that happen? Peckem—She was talking to a man who called to collect a bill.—Chicago News.

Many a man finds out too late that he cannot hide anything from his own conscience.—Pliny.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
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TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

October 31, 1907.

Floodwood Broadaxe: There has been entirely too much talk about the "swamp lands of northern Minnesota," and the impression has gone out that this part of the state was nothing but one great swamp—this is not true—with the lands cleared and good roads there will not be 10 per cent of this land that could be called swamp in any sense. Help us to get settlers, assist us in making roads, and we will show you that the investment will pay a dividend.

Judging from official disclosures in the various states, nothing the "muck-rakers," in their loftiest flights ever said about the Standard Oil Company did justice to the situation. If there is any crime of which corporations can be guilty which has escaped the attention of the octopus we do not know what it is.

To build up its enormous power the company has used every possible means to stifle competition—the rebate, the purchase of common carriers, underselling rivals to the point of extinction; even hiring armed spies to harass competitors. To maintain and strengthen its position it has violated the laws made to restrain it, has owned small companies in secret, has sold its products at widely varying prices not in accordance with the cost of production or transportation. To extend its foreign trade it has sold petroleum cheaper in Europe than in America.

The result is a monopoly which has a capital of nearly half a billion dollars, which in some of its subsidiary companies has made 1,000 per cent. profit, which has made a total profit in the last eight years of nearly $500,000,000. These figures do not mean much to us. It does mean much to us, however, to know that the Standard Oil interests own or control our railways, our banks, our street cars, our gas and electric light plants, our steamship lines and express companies. It was a shock to learn how they dominated our insurance companies; it would be a still greater shock to learn just how much they control our legislatures.

The Standard's apologists tell us that no company can pay a fine of $29,240,000 and live. If that statement were true would it be important? Why should the Standard live?

The Government is fighting the oil monopoly now in deadly earnest. The enormous fine imposed by Judge Landis was a staggering blow. Actions against the company are now pending in five states, and include in their indictments over six thousand counts. The present federal suit under the Sherman Anti-Trust Law threatens the very existence of this law-defying corporation.—Success Magazine.

SANATIRIUM OPENS.

The newly completed state sanatirium at Walker for the treatment of consumptives, will be open for patients tomorrow, November 1st. There will be accommodations for 175 patients to begin with, and the Commission has plans for another wing to be built next year.

The buildings are planned especially for the carrying out of open air treatment. The present main building is but a part of the general plan, and has been adapted to present need, containing the dining room, kitchen, laundry, apartment for superintendent, room for other employes and a ward each for men and women patients, with locker rooms and excellent bathing facilities. The piazzas are sufficiently large for all patients to sit out at one time and are thoroughly screened.

Patients sleeping in these pavilions are practically out of doors. The circular about to be published, with reference to the opening of the sanatorium contain the following statements: As this institution was established for the treatment of those cases that are showing the first symptoms of pulmonary tuberculosis, it will be the endeavor in accordance with the law, to admit only those patients who have slight disease, and who offer a cure, or of such amelioration of symptoms that they may become wage earners again. It is furthermore, intended as an educational institution, where patients will be taught the simple but important laws of hygenic living. The sanatorium should in no sense be considered a home of the hopelessly sick. Patients must have resided in the state for one year. Application for admission should be made to the superintendent at Walker. When a vacancy exists he will send an order for the patient to go to an examiner. The examiner will send the report of his examination to Dr. Marcley, who will admit the patient if he is considered a suitable case for treatment. The charge for patients will be uniform, at the rate of $7 per week. County Commissioners are authorized to pay this charge for any patient they send.

BALANCE IN THE AIR.

The Necessity For Equilibrium In Bird Flight.

It is likely that the bird's superb ease and grace in the air are due to its ability to maintain absolute balance. If a gull makes the mistake of bending until the wind strikes its head and wings on the top it will tumble instantly. And the sailing birds, though they make no flapping motion of their wings, are constantly balancing themselves, like a man on a tight rope. Some scientists have maintained that the air sacs make it possible for the bird to manage minute changes that are very valuable in restoring equilibrium. It is known that the wing is joined to the body of the bird by what is called a universal joint, enabling the creature to make almost every possible motion. The body of a man is heavier than water, but if he gets into a position of perfect balance he will float. In some such way, it is claimed, the bird floats in the air. But as the bird would fall much more rapidly in the air than a man's body would sink in water the necessity for a far more subtle ability to keep the center of gravity on the part of the bird is apparent; hence, according to this theory, the bird is provided for this purpose with the most sensitive equipment, made up of nerves and mysterious air ducts, many of the wing feathers perhaps acting as sentinels, warning instantly of the slightest approach of shifting currents.—Everybody's Magazine.

ENTERTAINING THE DUKE.

Rudely Interrupted While He Was Chatting With Royalty.

The daily papers do their best, but not even their ubiquitous representatives garner all the store of good things which attend a royal visit to Ireland, says the London Sketch. No paper at the time printed the cream of the stories which grew out of a visit of the Duke of Connaught to the Emerald Isle. "Welcome to Ireland!" said a man as he saw the duke on the steps of a hotel in the little western town in which he was staying. "Welcome to Ireland, your royal highness. I hope I see your royal highness well." "Quite well, thank you," answered the duke. "And your noble mother, the queen, I hope her ould ladyship is enjoyin' the best of health?" "Yes, thank you. The queen is very well indeed," said the duke, vastly amused with the easy familiarity of the peasant. "It's glad I am to hear it. And tell me, your royal highness," the other went on, "how are all your noble brothers and sisters?" Before the duke could answer an aid-de-camp appeared, with, "Here, get along there." The peasant looked up with infinite scorn. "Arrah! What are ye interruptin' for?" he exclaimed. "Can't you see that me and his royal highness is houldin' a conversation?"

Explanation Was Necessary.

As the Pratts' dog was at last detached from the trousers leg of the new milkman by Mr. Pratt's vigorous efforts the victim of the onslaught began to express himself with considerable freedom.

"I wouldn't keep a dog like that," he said [illegible], but Mr. Pratt broke in before he had time to say more.

"He's only playful, that's all," he stated, and at the same time he pressed something into the new milkman's hand.

The man glanced at the coin he was given, and then as he transferred it to a safe pocket his expression changed.

"I guess I can take a joke as well as any," he said dryly. "But did you suppose I thought that dog was in earnest when he bit that piece out of my trousers?"—Youth's Companion.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

HAPPY MARRIAGES.

Value of the Spirit of Compromise In Wedded Life.

If marriage meant the wedding of a saint and an angel there would be no problems to solve, no perfections to attain, no progress to make. This may be why there are no marriages in heaven.

On earth it is different. Husband and wife are strongly human. No matter how lovingly united or how sweet their accord, they never have the same temperaments, tendencies or tastes.

Their needs are different, their manner of looking at things is not identical and in varying ways their individualities assert themselves. At any critical moment if both express at the same time a desire to defer to the other's taste the result is foreordained happiness. This makes matrimony not merely union, but union and unity.

The spirit of compromise does not mean a continuous performance in the way of self surrender and self sacrifice; it does not mean coaching to be a voice and becoming an echo; it does not imply or justify the loss of individuality. It means simply the instinctive recognition of the best way out of a difficulty, the quickest tacking to avoid a collision, the kindly view of tolerance in the presence of weaknesses and errors of another, the courage to meet an explanation half way, the generosity to be first to apologize for a discord, the largeness of mind that does not fear a sacrifice of dignity in surrendering in the interests of the highest harmony of the two rather than the personal vanity.—Delineator.

ALWAYS CHEERFUL.

Even When He Lost Both Feet He Could Find Consolation.

Brown's cheerfulness was a source of wonder and admiration to his friends, according to the Ladies' Home Journal. Either his religion or his philosophy taught him to accept everything as a wise dispensation. But then he had a large share of worldly goods, his friends argued, and a [illegible] but adversity would shake his faith.

Therefore when a promising crop was washed away by a flood the neighbors were much astonished to hear him say: "It's all for the best. I would have had an overabundance [illegible]."

In the winter his house was burned to the ground. To [illegible] he calmly replied, "The house was insured anyway, and it is all for the best."

Other calamities befell Brown, but still he [illegible].

[illegible]

"They were always [illegible]."

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

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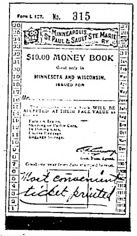

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START YOUR PICTURE NOW FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT

BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Milton Converse was up from Red Lake Falls Sunday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. Ole Torrison spent Sunday at St. Hilaire visiting with friends.

Will Vaughan and Henry Cook were down to Crookston last week.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hisber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

Dr. N. M. Watson and Miss Donaldson were up from Red Lake Falls Sunday.

The 25 per cent discount will be given until Nov. 1st., choice from the entire stock, except diamonds at the opening sale.

Orbin Eberhardt left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to remain during the year.

25 per cent discount at the opening sale of Dr. A. J. Klimek, New Jewelry Store.

Greeley E. Carr, of Minneapolis, was in the city last Saturday visiting with friends.

Milton Forder was up to Rollis the first of the week looking after his farming interests up there.

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Bjerkhoel, of Kennedy, spent the first of the week in the city visiting relatives.

Found—On the road one mile east of town, a woolen baby's quilt. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples State Bank

J. D. Abbott, of Rollis, was in the city last Friday, being enroute to Alexandria, called there by the death of his sister.

Rev. Aastad was over to Grand Forks the first of the week attending a meeting of the board of trustees of Grand Forks college.

Farm for Sale—A well improved ¼ Section land for sale in town of Rocksbury, section 7. Inquire of Wm. Schramm, Arthur, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Knut Norland left Monday for the west where they will spend the winter and may decide to remain permanently.

The fire department was called out Saturday evening by the chimney burning out at the hospital. No damage was done.

Found—A sack containing four live chickens. Owner can have same by calling at Joe Johnsons' place, section 20, town of Star.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

The Crookston saw mill closes down for the season this week, all of the boys being sawed up. It is rumored that the mill is to be removed this winter.

Dr. Justus Ohage, health officer of the city of St. Paul, spent Sunday here and in company with Dr. Bockman hunted for geese up in the Mud lake country.

—Farm For Rent. Sec. 20 Town of Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

The six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. Breland, of Kratka township, died last Monday evening after an illness of about two weeks. Typhoid fever is supposed to have been the cause of her death.—Plummer Pioneer.

The two Schmitz boys caused their parents some anxiety last week. They were absent from their home for four days, and returned last Thursday evening, having been over to Minot, N. D., to visit their brother and had not informed their parents that they were going to make the trip.

H. M. Olson, of Sorum, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

W. B. Krouse was over to Minot, N.D., last week to assist in the organization of an Elks lodge at that place.

Lost—A fur coat on the road to Germantown. Finder please return to Henry Dau, Germantown.

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls last Thursday to attend the reception given by Mrs. K. M. Hausen.

The Ladies Aid society of the Methodist church will give a chicken pie supper in the basement of the church next Wednesday evening, Nov. 6. Supper will be 25 cents.

Miss King has resigned as teacher in the city schools and Miss Reiner has taken the school Miss King formerly taught. Miss Faith McCrillis, of Hampton, Iowa, is now teaching Miss Reiner's former class.

Harold Hicks left Sunday evening for Minneapolis to buy a stock of furniture for a new store which his father, H. M. Hicks, will open up at Mahnomen. The new store will be opened up on Saturday of this week and a grand dance will be given Saturday evening in honor of the event.

Eddie Hermanson, who for the past few years has been employed on the local newspapers, leaves Saturday evening for Minneapolis and will take a three years course in an art school and become a cartoonist. Mr. Hermanson has unusual ability and his many friends here wish him success.

—Wanted—Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person.—Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Frank Jeffers removed with his family the first of the week to Crookston, out of which place he will travel this winter. Numerous Red Lake Falls friends wish for Frank unbounded success in his new position, while the removal of this estimable family from our midst will be deeply regretted by all.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mrs. Carl H. Olson died at St. Hilaire on Monday, Oct. 21, at the advanced age of 70 years. The deceased settled in the township of Black River, this county, with her husband in 1880 and remained there until 1891 when the family removed to St. Hilaire. She was well known and highly esteemed by all old residents of the county.

J. P. Matson, who resides just south of Fergus Falls, has a remarkable yield of potatoes this year. The seed came from the Philippine islands. From one bushel he has raised fourty-five bushels of the finest potatoes ever raised in that locality. None of them weigh less than half a pound and they vary from this to two and a half pounds each in weight.

Last Saturday at Middle River Mr and Mrs. L. G. Carr celebrated their golden wedding. All but one of their children were present upon the occasion and the affair was a very enjoyable one. The children present were: Greeley E. Carr, of Minneapolis, Mrs. L. S. Bayrell, of Argyle, Mrs. J. C. Chamberlin, of Rainey River, R. D. V. and Harry Carr, of Middle River.

Little Oscar Svendsen, son of B. Svendsen, got hold of a few matches and carried them to bed where the matches became ignited and set fire to the bed clothing which were destroyed. Luckily Mrs. Svendsen discovered the fire just in time to save the baby and building from being badly burnt.—Newfolden Review.

Olaf Johnson of Holt, secured the contract to construct ditch 15 in town of Holt and New Solum. The main ditch will be 9½ miles long and the branches 2½ miles and contract cost is $8570 which is a fraction over eleven and three-fourth cents per cubic yard of excavation. The lower half of the ditch is to be completed this fall, and the remainder next fall.—Warren Sheaf.

About two weeks ago nine Chinese Pheasants was turned loose in the Woods on Chas. Cook's farm in the town of Woodside and will be closely watched during the next three years. A large penalty is attached to the shooting of one of these birds before the expiration of that time. These pheasants are an excellent game bird and have been brought here to supplant the partridge which is nearly extinct.—Erskine Echo.

Deny not grass to horses. A famous veterinary surgeon declares that grass beats all the drugs in creation as a cure for sick horses and mules. Horses should have a few quarts of grass daily from spring until fall, he says. The prevalent notion that it is harmful is idiotic and cruel. Grass to horses is the same as fresh vegetables and fruit to us. Their craving for it proves their need of it. Yet, ignorant, unfeeling drivers yank them away from it as if it were poison instead of the life giving medicine it is, designed by their Maker for them. When they gnaw the bark of trees or eat leaves it is because they crave grass and can't get it. Millions of bushels of grass go to waste yearly by the wayside which should be utilized for our noble, faithful, helpless dumb servant, the horse, thus making him healthy and happy.—Ex.

As Pure and Clean as the Name

KIEWEL BREWING CO.
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A LIQUID FOOD
A PERFECT
White Seal
Kiewel Brewing Co.
CROOKSTON, MINN.
A BUILDER OF HEALTH

A Recognized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

ORDER NOW

KIEWEL BREWING COMPANY.

CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone 164, Thief River Falls, Minn.

WE WANT SOME AID

National Government to Be Asked to Improve Red Lake River.

A Petition Setting Forth the Facts and Needs of an Appropriation.

The citizens of Thief River Falls and the settlers living along the Red Lake river and up in the Red Lake country are to make a determined effort to secure national aid at this session of congress to improve the Red Lake river. The following petition to congress is being circulated this week and it is the desire to have as many as possible sign it before it is sent to Washington:

To the Senators and Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, Washington D. C.

This petition for the improvements for Red Lake River, between Thief River Falls and Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, is by the undersigned respectfully presented and urged for favorable consideration:—

1. The construction of a lock and dam at the outlet of Red Lake for the regulation of the flow of water from that lake; for the prevention of floods and the improvements of navigation on the river below.

2. Channel dredging and the removal of obstruction from the channel and bank of Red River between Thief River Falls and High Landing.

Examination and surveys have been made of the locality in question by the United State Engineer Department, and the project for the construction of a lock and dam at the outlet of Red Lake has been reported upon and estimate of cost submitted by Major R. L. Hoxie, corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, and the said project has been recomended for approval by the division Engineers and the board of Engineers for river and harbors, in the Annual Report of the Chief Engineers, U. S. Army, pp. 2222-2230.

The cost of the desired improvements, as paragraph 1, as stated in the report above mentioned, is estimated as follows:—

Lock and Dam	$65,000.00
Dredging at outlet of Red Lake, est.	180,000.00
Dredge and working plant	25,000.00
Total	$270,452 00

The improvements desired as per paragraph 2, is the dredging of the occasional hard clay bars and the removal of obstruction to navigation, in the shape of bowlders, snags, overhanging trees etc, on the 35 mile river between Thief River Falls and High Landing by said Red Lake river. The improvements of this last mentioned section of river, if a dredging plant is provided in connection with the suggested improvements in the vicinity of the outlet of Red Lake, it is considered may be readily accomplished in one short season of work at very moderate cost.

The improvements herein petition for, will render available about 150 miles of connected lake and river navigation, and will be of direct benefit to the extensive area of country tributary to the said lake and river,—estimated at 2000 square miles or more, much of which area must for years at any rate be dependent upon the water routes for travel and communication during the open water seasons.

The construction of a lock and dam at the outlet of Red Lake, for the control of the flow of water at the point, in addition to the benefit to navigation, will also provide for the control of water under flood conditions from the Red Lake watershed, an arrangement which will doubtless be of great benefit to the country adjacent to Red Lake river, from its source to its outlet, and also to the valley of Red River of the North below the outlet of Red Lake River.

The country is well settled on both sides of Red Lake river for 60 miles, with thrifty farmers and merchants, who themselves built and constructed steam boats and barges to transport their farm produce to market, returning with supplies for their maintenance. They are nearly all dependent on river navigation, as the wagon roads are, with the exception of the month of July, almost impassable to travel—will take years to grade and till and drain before they are passable for common use.

There is also a line of steamboats of the Thief River Falls Transportation Company, who are doing a large freight business from the Thief River Falls, Minn., to the upper Red Lake and its tributary to supply the logging industry, which is of great importance to the country and cheap transportation is very necessary for carrying on the several industries. Besides all the settlers on the Red River, and a dam to hold the water so as to regulate the flow in the Red Lake river in dry or wet seasons would be of great benefit to all settlers.

This season, the steamboat navigation had to stop navigation on account of there being no water, or not sufficient water on the bars and rapids for navigation.

The improvement that has been done in the past has been of great benefit and should be continued, as the settlers on both sides of the river are dependent on getting their products to market by water transportation.

A Simple Remedy.

Every little while we read in a paper that some one has run a rusty nail into his foot or some other part of his body and lockjaw resulted there from and the person died. If every person was aware of a perfect remedy for such wounds and would apply it, then such reports would cease. The remedy is simple, always at hand, and can be applied by any one, and what is better it is infallible. It is simply to smoke the wound with a woolen cloth. Twenty minutes on the smoke will take the pain out of the worst case of inflamation arising from such a wound. People may sneer at this remedy as much as they please but when they are afflicted with such wounds let them try it.—Ex.

Hunt Says We Need A Market Day.

McIntosh, over in Polk County is to have their next market day on Oct. 30th and we are of the opinion that some of our Red Lake County farmers are getting into the habit of going over there to pick up bargains. Thief River Falls should have a market day, as it gives the farmers an opprotunity to meet and exchange stock, and the merchant to sell goods.—Sunbeam.

HEADQUARTERS

For storm windows, storm fronts, and storm doors. Order your storm doors and windows and have them hung in place before its to cold to get a good job done. Call on us and be convinced that our price combined with quality is girht as we wish to sell every storm door and sash in this city. Send for price list.

Pioneer Sash & Door Co

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

JOHN SWAMBERG, THE RUNNER

Makes Remarkably Fast Time in a Five-Mile Race With John Duncan at Stockholm.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Mail advices from Sweden record some wonderful running by John Swanberg, the Swedish champion, who finished second in both the five-mile run and Marathon race at Athens last year. In a match race at Stockholm against John Duncan, the four-mile champion of England, Swanberg ran five miles in 24 minutes 47 3-5 seconds, beating Duncan by nearly an eighth of a mile. He led from the start, passing the first mile in 4:41 3 5. He reached the second mile post 4 mintes and 43 2-5 seconds later, or 9:25 for the first two miles. This is nearly three seconds faster than the American two-mile record, 9:27 4-5, by Alex Grant. Swanberg reeled off the third mile in 5:00 4-5, or 14:25 4-5 for the three miles. At this point he led Duncan by 70 yards and the Briton was almost groggy. Swanberg ran the fourth mile in 5:12 4-5, making his total time to that point 19:38 3-5. In the last quarter mile the Swede made a glorious sprint, leaving the Englishman far in the rear, and creating great enthusiasm among the throng of his countrymen present. This mile he negotiated in 5:09. A few days later Swanberg and Duncan met again in a race of 5,000 meters (3 miles and about 200 yards). Again the Swede was victorious, winning by about 90 yards in 15 minutes and 26 1-5 seconds.

August Strundberg, the author and playwright, who perhaps more than any other Swedish author is in the public eye at present, is now devoting a great deal of his time in finishing five new plays for the Falck's new theater, where so many of his latest plays have been turned out. The "Kronobruden" proved a great success and Mr. Strundberg's new play will be entitled Svanehvit. Mr. Strundberg is a hard worker and allows himself very little rest.

Hugo P. Tamm, riksdag representative and member of the Swedish Academy, died at his home in Fano Oct. 4. He had just returned from an extensive trip in Norrland, whither he had made a business trip. He died from heart disease. Tamm was a very prominent man, both in political and business circles, and was regarded as one of Sweden's most progressive thinkers. He was twice married and was the father of thirteen children.

Sweden produced only about forty pounds of gold during the past year, while the production was 103 pounds for the previous year. The Falun copper mine was the only one that produced gold last year. This result indicates that the "gold fields" in Nordland must have existed largely in the imagination of sanguine prospectors.

A municipal congress, attended by not less than 700 delegates, met in Stockholm a week ago last Saturday. The congress was called to order by the secretary of the department of the interior. A municipal league has been organized for the purpose of considering laws an conditions in general relative to municipal affairs.

It costs money to buy whisky in Sweden and it costs more now than it has done for a great many years. Owing to the high price of whisky the price of potatoes has been raised to 35 cents, which is considered an unusual price at this time of the year.

Captain Stephen Slocum has been appointed military attache at the American legation in Stockholm. Major Gibson, the present attache, has been appointed to a minor military post at Sandy Hook and will leave Stockholm in the near future.

The Swedish members of the international peace congress, which recently convened in Copenhagen, intend to present a proposition to the next Swedish riksdag calling for a separate board of arbitration in the foreign department.

The Lund University male chorus, which visited America three years ago, making, as is well known, a splendid success, will now make a concert tour through Austria and Germany under the direction of Dr. Alfred Berg.

H. E. Beskow, D. D., a well known authority on theology, died at his home in Stockholm Oct. 4, aged 45 years. Dr. Beskow has for many years been connected with the Latin school in Stockholm.

Ex-Minister W. W. Thomas has gone to his hunting grounds on Oland this month. Mr. Thomas will make a visit to America next year.

A Lund paper states that there are not less than [illegible] Swedes serving as seamen in the British merchant marine.

Director Ranft has purchased "Isola Bella," the beautiful little villa located near Furusund.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The following item should be given wide publication because it shows how the Russians use every opportunity to put the blame on Finland. The report has caused widespread comment in both Norway and Sweden, where the papers devote considerable editorial space to it. It reads as follows and will undoubtedly arouse the indignation of every Scandinavian who is at all familiar with the history of heroic little Finland: The grounding of the Standart, the pleasure yacht of the czar of Russia, in Finnish waters gave the Russian jingoes a fine chance to abuse the Finlanders. The campaign of abuse was headed by the Ruskoje Sunnila (Russian Banner), which proudly calls itself the chief organ of "true Russian men." Without the least hesitation the paper claims that Blomquist, the pilot, was a "Finnish Judas, bought by the Jews," and that "the intention was of course to compel the imperial family by means of a shipwreck to land in rebellious Finland at a place where members of Volma, the revolutionary association, had gathered in large numbers." The paper further says: "The treacherous Finnish pilot should be hung at once in the tallest gallows—but that cannot be done under the present laws which were written or dictated by Jews." To the honor of the Russian authorities it must be stated that they regard the grounding of the ship was purely accidental.

The rumor that Russia is going to build a naval station at Bumani fjord only within a stone's throw, one may say from the Norwegian boundary, has caused no end of comment in the Russian papers. The only public man in Norway who does not seem to fear any trouble from the Russian side is Bjornson. The old man thinks that Norwegians generally are too apprehensive anent the matter, but the Russian spy system seems to be encroaching right along and either Russia is trying to run a big bluff or else she has evil designs in close proximity to the Norwegian border. Be it as it may, Norwegian government officials are watching the matter closely.

There has been much work done on Christiania harbor during the past summer and now the Norwegian capital can boast of one of the finest harbors in Europe. In the first place Christiania has a naturally fine harbor. During the past few months at least $450,000 has been spent for improvements in order to accommodate the increased traffic which is expected, from the great railway which will soon be completed between Christiania and Bergen.

The storm which raged in the Norwegian Finmarken Oct. 21 has, according to the latest dispatches, caused much damage, both on land and sea. The storm raged continuously for three days and scores of fisher boats are lost. How many people have lost their lives may never be known, but certain it is that many perished. So far, however, only seven lives are reported lost.

The "Morgenbladet" (Christiania) says that a meeting between King Edward and Czar Nicholas will soon take place in Copenhagen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The co-operative dairies in Denmark are well known to many readers. The first co-operative creamery was built in 1882, also in western Jutland, and when its success was proven the movement spread rapidly over the whole country until in 1905 there were 1,035 co-operative creameries, built at a total cost of about $7,750,000, and with 152,400 members and about 1,019,073 cows. Denmark has an area of 14,000 square miles, or about one-fourth the area of Illinois or Iowa. The total output in 1905 was 17,000,000 pounds of butter; receipt of milk was 4,432,000,000 pounds. The total export of butter to England from all countries the last four years was 1,465,800,000 pounds, of which Denmark furnished 631,100,000 pounds, or about [illegible] per cent. The total amount paid was $362,500, of which Denmark received 45.5 per cent. There are now thirty-two co-operative slaughter houses and packing houses with about 75,000 farmers members. In 1904 these factories butchered and exported 133,42[illegible] hogs valued at $13,715,000. The co-operative egg export associations were organized in 1895 and have now 500 district associations and nearly 50,000 members. The total egg export in 1905 was 8,287,846 pounds of eggs, at an aggregate value of $1,043,863.10.

Dr. Maurice F. Egan, the American minister, in making his debut as a contributor to Danish newspapers, has written an article for a prominent Copenhagen journal in which he comments on the widely discussed question of exchanging American and Danish university professors. He heartily sympathizes with everything which will add to the mutual respect and admiration of Danes and Americans, but in this matter he says it will be necessary to wait until the university authorities have spoken.

Nobody in Copenhagen is trying to have the city buy out the street car company. The American minister to Denmark reports that the street railway company gives 2½ cent fares with universal transfers, pays to the city 6 per cent of its gross earnings, paves and maintains the space between its tracks and that for two feet outside and gets its electric power from the city at a profit to the latter of $157,000 a year. Figures like these will fill the municipal ownership crowd of Copenhagen with gloom.

Representatives from the legislative assemblies of Sweden, Norway and Denmark held a very successful meeting at Copenhagen a short time ago. The delegation resolved by unanimous vote to agitate for the closing of a treaty of arbitration between the three countries. The deliberations were almost harmonious and were characterized by great cordiality and the Danes proved themselves excellent hosts and entertained the visitors royally.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

AN ALL DAY CIGAR.

The Kind Smoked by a Tribe of South American Indians.

Cigars a foot and a half long, which are made for one day's smoking, are shown in the American Museum of Natural History. With them is a holder which looks like a tuning fork and is large enough to be used for pitching hay.

Far up the Rio Nigra, a tributary of the Amazon, two explorers made a collection of articles for the museum. The Indians there made cigars eighteen inches long and as big around as a child's arm. One of these cigars is too much for any ease loving man to clasp, so the Indians put the fragrant roll between the tines of a fork two and a half feet long, stick the sharp end of the handle into the ground at a convenient distance from their hammocks and take a puff from time to time as they sway lazily backward and forward.

There are many other picturesque articles in the collection, which was made during a three months' journey from the coast. The material is of the highest value, and nothing like it has been seen except a few articles in a German museum.—New York Herald.

STEAMSHIP NAMES.

The Way They Are Shortened In the Companies' Offices.

No matter how long or difficult of pronunciation may be the name of a steamer, the passenger agents and clerks of the various steamship lines make an effort to be correct in using it when selling tickets to customers. Occasionally they make a slip of the tongue and call the steamer by the nickname used in the office when passengers are not around. The steamers of the Atlantic Transport line, the Minneapolis, the Minnetonka and the Minnehaha, are referred to generally as the "Minnies." Individually the Minnetonka is called the "Tonk" and the Mesaba the "Mes." The Red line Vaderland is called "Father," the Finland the "Fin" and the Kroonland and the Zeeland the "Kroon" and the "Zee," respectively. The prefix St. is dropped when reference is made to the St. Paul; the St. Louis is called "Looie" and the Philadelphia is called the "Phillie." The North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse in the parlance of the office force is the "Big Bill" and the Kaiser Wilhelm II. is "Billy Two."—New York Tribune.

THE MUSSULMANS.

They Are Not Easily Disturbed While Saying Their Prayers.

When saying his prayers the true Mussulman is not easily disturbed. Hans Doering, in his account of his travels in Chinese Turkestan, writes: "It is an interesting sight to see a Mussulman perform his devotions. Through the piece of glass in my paper window I saw the interpreter spread his carpet in front of his house just opposite the one in which I was living. His wife and child sat quite close to him talking loudly with some visitors, but this did not in the least disturb the old man at his devotions.

"In spite of the noise the melodious chanting of the Koran was quite audible. The worshiper kotowed several times and cried 'Allah, Allah, Allah!' then for awhile stood reverentially clasping his hands crosswise upon his breast, after which he joined in the conversation.

"His wife then went through the same performance, doing exactly the same as her husband. This they do every morning and evening whether there are friends with them or not."

Blindness of Conceit.

"Ever, notice the density of a conceited person?" asked a business man. "To me that's the most striking thing about such an individual. Maybe he has some qualities that justify his good opinion of himself, and maybe not. He's dense just the same, and the proof of it is that he doesn't realize how he impresses his associates unpleasantly. If the average conceited man had the least idea of the handicap under which he is laboring he'd shed it mighty quick. But he hasn't, and it's impossible to drill it into him. He's the modern human ostrich with his head stuck into the sand, so far as any recognition of his disagreeable trait is concerned."—New York Press.

Half Understood.

"What are you reading, Marian?" asked mamma of a little girl with her head bent down under a heavy volume in her lap.

"'The Wide Awake World,' mamma."

"Gracious, child!" interrupted an older sister. "You can't understand more than half of that book."

Marian looked at the speaker with dignity. "I read it for the half I do understand," she said.—St. Louis Republic.

Trust.

"Here you went and told me you would trust Beasley with your life, and on the strength of that I loaned him $10 that now you tell me I'll never get."

"Well, what of it? I said I'd trust him with my life, and I would. Beasley may be a thief, but he is no assassin."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Preserving Her Bridges.

Mrs. Gossip—Mrs. Richleigh has so much embonpoint, hasn't she? Mrs. Someup (judiciously)—Well, now, she might have if she wasn't so fat.—Baltimore American.

The best portraits are those in which there is a slight mixture of caricature.—Macaulay.

NEW ZEALAND MAGIC.

A Native Story of the Power of the Tohunga.

From New Zealand comes the following weird yarn:

"The tohunga (native magician) was even credited with the power of influencing the dead. The present writer was a witness of the following incident: A branch of the Arawas, the tribe of the district of Rotorua, being at war, had suffered defeat, and one of their braves had been brought home dead. The vanquished sought at once to find out by some omen connected with the dead chief whether they would be successful in their next encounter. The tohunga was requested to procure the desired omen, the people squatting in a ring about the body. Advancing a few paces from the dead body, the priest began to recite a powerful incantation, intent on making the deceased give some sign, the eyes of all present being fixed on the slain warrior. Presently the corpse was observed to move slightly to one side, on which a great cry of joy rose from the people. The movement was interpreted as a sign of future victory. This feat was often performed by the tohunga of olden times."—Chicago News.

THE OLD MASTERS.

Miserable Compensation For Their Grand Works of Art.

"*I make more money in a day than* Michael Angelo made in a month," said a popular illustrator. "I've been studying up the wages those old chaps got. It is amazing.

"Michael Angelo was paid $10 a month while doing the cartoons of the battle of Pisa, and Leonardo, who helped him, got the same rate. They were both docked for lateness and off days, but there was no overtime allowance. Correggio got for his 'Christ In the Garden' $7.25. Carracci's 'Resurrection' only brought the painter $6.50. Albert Durer for his pen and ink portraits was not paid in cash. A bag of flour, a hundred oysters, a pair of boots—Durer would gladly do your portrait on such a system of remuneration.

"Rembrandt's top notch price was $175. He got that for his 'Night Watch.'

"Velasquez worked chiefly for the Spanish government. He was paid at the average rate of $35 a picture. Think of it! Thirty-five dollars for the 'Rokeby Venus!'"—Minneapolis Journal.

A MARRIAGE FICTION.

The Old Time Notion That Matches Are Made In Heaven.

The polite fiction obtains that marriages are made in heaven. This romantic viewpoint is particularly popular in America, where it is held to be highly improper for parents to make any move toward securing good husbands for their daughters and immodest for girls to manifest any interest in the subject themselves.

The conventional theory is that the matter is on the knees of the gods and that in due season husbands will be provided like manna in the wilderness for sustenance of the faithful. Unfortunately this miracle does not always come off for every woman. The supply of manna gives out. There are not enough husbands to go around, and these are unevenly divided. Some women get three or four, while others get none. But neither the old maids nor their parents realize that the reason that they did not share in the dispensation was their own fault, because they did not put themselves, as old fashioned Methodists used to say, in an attitude to receive the blessing.—Dorothy Dix in Ainslee's.

The One Sided Humor of Spain.

The Spanish peasant is the most polished gentleman in the world, but the provincial dandy is not a pleasant person. He does not limit himself to admiring one (which might be endured). He laughs at one. Since the foreign city hat is different from the Spanish town hat, the Spanish town hat laughs and points its finger. Even a lady hat will do this. It never occurs to the Spanish provincial headgear that it is very funny, too—that is, because a Spaniard is under it, and therefore it must be right. Yet if the foreign city hat laughed the resentment would be deep.—Louise Closser Hale in Harper's.

Bunions.

"By the way," said the old shoemaker, "do you know what makes a bunion? No? Well, it is simply getting shoes too short. In a short shoe the foot cannot follow the dictates of growth imposed by nature. But it simply cannot keep from growing.

"So the tissue and bone and flesh that should go into the toes is simply sidetracked into a bunch wherever it can get the easiest and forms a bunion."—Philadelphia North American.

Willie's Wisdom.

Teacher—Willie, why don't you keep your hair combed? Willie—'Cause I ain't got no comb. Teacher—Why don't you ask your mamma to buy you one? Willie—'Cause then I'd have ter keep my hair combed.—Judge.

Better Left Unsolved.

Parke—Tell me, old chap, honest now, do you permit your wife to control you? Lane—To be honest with you, that's a question I have never dared ask myself.—Syracuse Post Standard.

The Other Woman's Opinion.

"How well she preserves her youth."

"Yes. The stuff she puts on her face must be weatherproof."—Chicago Record Herald.

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11 Iron beds good as new.
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Many other articles too numerous to mention.

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SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

WHAT SOCIALISM IS.

The True and the False as Explained by Robert Blatchford.

Reader, do you share the common prejudice against Socialism? Do you believe it is a wicked thing? Do you believe it is a foolish thing? Why do you believe these things? Is it because you have heard Socialism spoken ill of? Perhaps it is. Perhaps you have come to despise Socialism without first trying to understand it. That is not wise. That is not fair. Do you know what Socialism is?

Good or bad, wise or foolish, Socialism is the only remedy offered for the terrible miseries and injustices under which the great bulk of our people wear out their joyless and laborious lives.

Good or bad, wise or foolish, Socialism is the only remedy in sight. None of its opponents, none of your friends, the members of congress, Republican and Democratic editors, parsons, priests, lawyers and men of substance have any remedy to offer at all.

Some of them are sorry or profess to be sorry that there is so much misery in the land; some of them offer a little mild charity, some a little feeble legislation, but there is no great radical cure to be heard of except Socialism.

What is Socialism? I am going to tell you, and I ask you to listen patiently and to judge fairly. You have heard Socialism reviled by speakers and writers. You know that men like Herbert Spencer have written and spoken against it, and doubtless you have got an idea that it is as unworthy, as unwise and as unworkable as such men say it is. Now, I will describe it for you, and you shall draw your own conclusions.

But before I tell you what Socialism is I must tell you what Socialism is not, for half our time as champions of Socialism is wasted in denials of false descriptions of Socialism, and to a large extent the anger, the ridicule and the argument of the opponents of Socialism are hurled against a Socialism which has no existence except in their own heated minds.

Socialism does not consist in violently seizing upon the property of the rich and sharing it out among the poor.

Socialists do not propose by a single act of congress or by a sudden revolution to put all men on an equality and compel them to remain so. Socialism is not a wild dream of a happy land where the apples will drop off the trees into our open mouths, the fish come out of the rivers and fry themselves for dinner and the looms turn out ready made suits of velvet with golden buttons without the trouble of coaling the engine. Neither is it a dream of a nation of stained glass angels, who never say d—n, who always love their neighbors better than themselves and who never need to work unless they wish to.

No, Socialism is none of those things. It is a scientific scheme of national government, entirely wise, just and practical. And now let us see.

For convenience sake Socialism is generally divided into two kinds. These are called practical Socialism and ideal Socialism.

Really they are only part of one whole, practical Socialism being a kind of preliminary step toward ideal Socialism, so that we might with more reason call them elementary and advanced Socialism.

I am an ideal Socialist and desire to have the whole Socialistic programme carried out.

Practical Socialism is so simple that a child may understand it. It is a kind of national scheme of co-operation managed by the state. Its programme consists essentially of one demand—that the instruments of production shall be the common property of the people and shall be used and governed by the people for the people.

Make the instruments of production state property, put all mines, mills, ships, railways and big stores under state control, as you have already put the postal service under state control, and practical Socialism is accomplished.

The postal service is the standing proof of the capacity of the state to manage the public business with economy and success. That which has been done with the postoffices may be done with mines, street cars, railways and factories.

The difference between Socialism and the state of things now in existence will now be plain to you.

At present the mines, mills, ships, shops, canals, railways, houses, docks, harbors and machinery do not belong to the people, but to the few rich men.

Therefore the factories, the railways, ships and machinery and land are not used for the general good of the people, but are used to make wealth for the few rich men who own them.

Socialists say that this arrangement is unjust and unwise, that it entails waste as well as misery and that it would be better for all, even for the rich, that the instruments of production should become the property of the state, just as the postoffice has become the property of the state.

Socialists demand that the state shall manage the railways and the mines and the mills just as it now manages the postoffice.

Socialists declare that as the state carries the people's letters more cheaply and more efficiently than they were carried by private enterprise so it could weave cloth and work the railway systems more cheaply and more efficiently than they are now worked by private enterprise.

Socialists declare that as our government now makes food and clothing and arms and accoutrements for the army and navy and police so it could make them for the people.

Socialists declare that as many cities and towns make gas, provide and manage the water supply, look after the paving and lighting and cleansing of the streets and often do a good deal of building so there is no reason why they should not get coal and spin yarn and make boots and "bread and beer" for the people.

Socialists point out that if all the industries of the nation were put under state control all the profit, which now goes into the hands of a few idle men, would go into the coffers of the state, which means that the people would enjoy the benefits of all the wealth they create.

This, then, is the basis of Socialism—that the country should belong to the people and be managed for the benefit of the people instead of being owned by a few rich idlers and mismanaged by them for the benefit of themselves.

But Socialism means more than the mere transference of the wealth of the nation to the nation.

Socialism would not endure competition. Where it found two factories engaged in undercutting each other at the price of long hours and low wages to the workers it would step in and fuse the two concerns into one, save an immense sum in cost of working and finally produce more goods and better goods at a lower figure than were produced before.

But practical Socialism would do more than that. It would educate the people. It would provide cheap and pure food. It would extend and elevate the means of study and amusement. It would foster literature and science and art. It would encourage and reward genius and industry. It would abolish sweating. It would demolish the slums and erect good and handsome dwellings. It would compel all men to do some kind of useful work. It would recreate and nourish the craftsman's pride in his craft. It would protect women and children. It would raise the standard of health and morality, and it would take the sting out of pauperism by paying pensions to honest workers no longer able to work.

Why nationalize instruments of production? To save waste, to save panics, to avert trade depressions, famines, strikes and congestion of industrial centers and to prevent greedy and unscrupulous sharpers from enriching themselves at the cost of the national health and prosperity—in short, to replace anarchy and war by law and order, to keep the wolves out of the fold, to tend and fertilize the field of labor instead of allowing the wheat to be strangled by the tares and to regulate wisely the distribution of the seed corn of industry so that it might no longer be scattered broadcast, some falling on rocks and some being eaten up by the birds of the air.

I will now give you one example of the difference between Socialism and the existing system.

I wrote once on salt and waste. Under existing conditions what was the state of the salt trade?

The mines and manufacture owned and carried on by a number of firms, each of which compete against all the rest.

Result—most of the small firms ruined; most of the large firms on the verge of ruin; salt boilers, the workmen, working twelve hours a day for 3 shillings, and the public wasting more salt than it uses.

Put this under state control. They will cease to make salt to waste, they will establish a six hour day, and they will raise the wages of the men.

To pay these extra wages they will abolish all the unnecessary middlemen and go-betweens. The whole industry will be placed under one management. A vast number of clerks, agents, travelers, canvassers and advertisers will be dispensed with, the salaries of the managers will be almost entirely saved, and the cost of distribution will be cut down by fully 75 per cent. Waste is a crime.

The same system would be pursued with other industries.

Take the soap trade. There is one firm which spends over $500,000 a year in advertising, and the head of that firm makes $500,000 a year in profits. Socialism would save all that waste of advertising and would pay a manager a reasonable salary and produce the soap at less than its present cost, while paying the workers good wages for shorter hours than they now work.

You will observe that under practical Socialism there would be wages paid, and probably the wages of managers would be higher than the wages of workmen, and the wages of artists, doctors and other clever and highly trained men would be higher than those of weavers and navvies.

Under ideal Socialism there would be no money at all and no wages. The industry of the country would be organized and managed by the state, much as the postoffice now is. Goods of all kinds would be produced and distributed for use and not for sale in such quantities as were needed, hours of labor would be fixed, and every citizen would take what he or she desired from the common stock. Food, clothing, lodging, fuel, transit, amusements and all other things would be absolutely free.

I have now given you a clear idea of what Socialism is. If I wrote another hundred pages I could tell you no more.

If you think there is some reason and if you think there is some justice in Socialism I hope you will take the trouble to study the works of Socialists.—Robert Blatchford.

His Version.

Sunday School Teacher—Freddy, do you remember the precept about sparing the rod? Small Freddy—Yes, ma'am. Spare the rod and lose the fish.—New York Globe.

AN UNOPENED PADLOCK.

Vienna's Strange Relic That Defied the World's Locksmiths.

In 1810 a blacksmith went to Vienna and locked an iron band around a tree with a padlock. What he did with the key no one knows to this day. There is a mirthful legend to the effect that he carelessly threw it into the air and that it never came down again. At any rate, the key could not be found, and the Austrian government offered a prize of 500 ducats to any one who could make a key that would turn the bolt in the lock without breaking it.

Many have tried to win the prize, but nobody has won it. Eventually it became the practice among the contestants to drive a nail in the tree and the heads of some of the nails bear the initials of those who drove them.

The practice of driving nails into the tree sealed its fate. The lower part of the tree in a few years assumed the appearance of a solid mass of iron. One spring the leaves failed to come out, and later a summer storm blew the top away.

The historic stump was cut off and placed on a pedestal on one of the prominent street corners in Vienna. At the same time the iron band was cut in two and put around the stump to hold it in its niche, leaving the padlock in its original position. And there the old stump stands to this day an object both of the curiosity of tourists and the veneration of the residents of Vienna. Incidentally, a street, Stock im Eisen—"Stick in Iron"—has been named after the stump.—Scrap Book.

ANTIQUITY OF GEOMETRY.

The Science May Have Existed In India For Long Ages.

Did we learn our rule of three and our Euclid from India? Researches have brought to light astronomical tables in India which must have been constructed by the principles of geometry. Some are of the opinion that they have been framed from observations made not less than 3,000 years before the Christian era, and if this opinion be well founded the science of geometry must have been cultivated in India to a considerable extent long before the period assigned to its origin in the west, so that many of the elementary propositions may have been brought from India to Greece.

The Indians have a treatise called the "Surya Sidhanta," which professes to be a revelation from heaven communicated to Meya, a man of great sanctity, about 4,000,000 years ago. This book contains a rational system of trigonometry which differs entirely from the first known in Greece and Arabia. In fact, it is founded on a geometrical theorem which was not known to the geometricians of Europe before the time of Vieta, about 200 years ago. And it employs methods of demonstration unknown to the Greeks, who used others. The former have been attributed to the Arabs, but it is possible they have received this improvement in trigonometry as well as the numerical characters from India.—Chicago Tribune.

Irish Stories.

An Irishman while taking a barge up the Shannon was asked what goods he had on board and answered, "Timber and fruit."

"What kind of timber and what sort of fruit?"

"Well, an' if ye must know, the timber is just birch brooms, and the fruit, well, it's pretaties."

An Irishman averred that the habit of Irish landlords of living outside of Ireland was the great grievance Ireland had to complain of.

"Oh, yes," answered an Englishman, "that's the old stalking horse! I don't believe in your absentees."

"Not belave in 'em! Come to Dublin with me and I'll show ye 'em by the hundred. Why, the country just swarms with 'em."

Ravenous Rats.

It is estimated that the rat does $50,000,000 worth of damage a year in England. In a slaughterhouse near Paris rats in a single night picked to the bone the carcasses of thirty-five horses. There is very little that they will not eat; eggs, young birds and animals are among the dainties which they snap up in the ordinary course of business. But when pressed by hunger they will eat anything through which they can drive their terrible teeth. Rat will eat rat. The idea that a trapped rat will bite off an imprisoned leg and so escape is now said to be wrong; it is the other rats which do the biting. They eat the captive.

Books Bound In Lead.

A bookbinder was putting a binding of lead on a book.

"Why lead?" a visitor asked.

"This," the binder answered, "is a naval code book for use on a battleship. All such volumes are bound in lead."

"But why?"

"So that in the event of the ship's destruction the books will sink with it, for they contain secrets of immense value, and every precaution must be taken to keep those secrets dark."

A Substitute.

"You're rather a young man to be left in charge of a drug store," said the fussy old gentleman. "Have you any diploma?" "Why—er—no sir," replied the drug clerk, "but we have a preparation of our own that's just as good."—Philadelphia Press.

Consolation.

"Steward, how long will it be before we get into the harbor?"

"About an hour and a half, ma'am."

"Oh, dear, I shall die before then."

"Very likely, ma'am. But you'll be all right again when you've been on shore ten minutes."—Marine Journal.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 28.—Wheat—Dec., $1.04⅝; May, $1.10⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.05@1.05⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.04@1.04⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.00½@1.01½; No. 3 Northern, 94½@96½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$4.85@5.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.00; yearlings, $5.25@5.50; spring lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—Wheat—Dec., 97¾c; May, $1.05⅝. Corn—Dec., 57¼c; May, 59¼c. Oats—Dec., 49c; May, 52¼c. Pork—Jan., $14.67½; May, $15.00. Butter — Creameries, 23@26½c; dairies, 21½@24½c. Eggs—17½@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 10c; springs, 10½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@7.10; cows, $1.20@5.00; Texans, $3.50@4.40; calves, $4.50@6.75; Western cattle, $3.20@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50. Hogs—Light, $5.65@6.20; mixed, $5.60@6.25; heavy, $5.35@6.20; rough, $5.35@5.50; pigs, $4.50@5.65. Sheep, $2.70@6.45; yearlings, $5.20@5.90; lambs, $4.50@7.20.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Delegates to the National Civic Federation convention at Chicago are eagerly discussing the remarks made at the meeting by Charles G. Dawes, ex-comptroller of the currency. Mr. Dawes made a sharp attack upon the federal department of justice, virtually charging the office of the attorney general with making "gallery plays."

President Roosevelt visited Nashville and Chattanooga Tuesday and was enthusiastically welcomed by immense crowds. At Chattanooga the crowd was so dense that a panic was narrowly averted and the president found it impossible to deliver his scheduled address.

Herbert S. Hadley, attorney general of Missouri, will defend E. T. Young, attorney general of Minnesota, in a contempt proceeding before the supreme court of the United States.

President Roosevelt was forty-nine years old Sunday.

A Singular Calculation.

It would require, according to the calculations of a scientist, the power of a 10,000 horsepower engine about 70,000,000,000 years to lift the earth a foot in height, and to do this work, allowing thirteen pounds of water per horsepower per hour, would require some 10,000,000,000,000,000,000 gallons of water, or more than would be discharged at the mouth of the Mississippi in 6,000 years. This would be enough, the writer estimates, to cover the entire surface of the earth to a depth of not less than 300 feet, to convert which into steam, using good boilers, would require some 4,000,000,000,000,000 tons of coal. If the latter quantity of the mineral was loaded on cars of twenty tons each it would demand 200,000,000,000,000 such cars. If the latter were thirty feet long and all coupled together in one train it would reach around the earth 45,000,000 times and, if running twenty-five miles per hour, would consume 25,000,000 years in running the length of itself. So much for figures.

"Crocodile Tears."

The phrase "crocodile tears" owes its origin to the imagination of some of the old travelers, who invented the fable that the crocodile weeps over its prey. One of the earliest English globe trotters to mention this fiction was Sir John Mandeville, who in his "Travels" (1499), speaking of "Æthiop," "Ynde" and an "Yle clept Silla," says:

"That Lond is full of Serpents and of Cokadrilles. These Cokadrilles ben a manner of Long Serpente, zalowe and rayed aboven, and had four Feete and schorte Thyes and grete Nayles as Clees or Talouns, and there ben sume that had five Fadme in length and sume of six and a halfendal. And in the nyght thei dwellen in the Water and on the Day won upon the Lond. Theise Serpentes slue men, and thei eten hem weypnge, and when thei eten thei moven the over Jowe and noughte the nether Jowe, and thei have no tonge."—St. Louis Republic.

The Virginia Plover.

The most wonderful bird flight noted is the migratory achievement of the Virginia plover, which leaves its haunts in North America and, taking a course down the Atlantic, reaches the coast of Brazil in one unbroken flight of fifteen hours, covering a distance of over 3,000 miles at the rate of four miles a minute.

Condensed.

"Here is an article on 'How to Live a Hundred Years.'"

"Yes, and the whole subject can be condensed into two words."

"What are they?"

"'Don't die.'" — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not the Music He Loved.

Mrs. Talkamore—Your husband is a great lover of music, isn't he? Mrs. Chatters—Yes, indeed, I have seen him get up in the middle of the night and try to compose. Mrs. T.—What? Mrs. C.—The baby.—Stray Stories.

Well Named.

"This is the parlor, eh?" tentatively remarked the real estate agent, who was looking over the house.

"Yes," replied the old man Kidder, "but I usually call it the courtroom. I've got seven daughters, you know."

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

Several new pupils entered school Monday and others are expected soon.

The English class commenced the study of "History of Eonglish Literature" Wednesday.

The Normal students have been taking observation work at the Central School the past week. Their walks are greatly envied by some students.

We are glad to welcome Henry, our mathematician, back to the junior class

Miss King, one of the Central School teachers, resigned last week and Miss Faith Mc Crillis of Iowa has taken her place.

The stenography class is progressing rapidly and were well pleased with their high standings for the month. A great deal of practice is necessary but then "pratice makes perfect."

Louise Netteland entered the Normal class Monday.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 26.

Dalborg Frad
Erickson Miss Myrna
Gangnes Jodgen
Jones F. B.
Olson Ben
Qualey R. A.
Richards Miss Nellie
Sathre B.
Snell Mrs. Percy

After 10 days return to S. L. D.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1.50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1. 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up-to-date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The first conviction in the cases based on the disclosures in the legislative investigation of insurance affairs in 1905-6 was obtained by the district attorney's office at New York when a jury in the criminal branch of the supreme court found Dr. Walter R. Gillette, former vice president of the Mutual Life Insurance company, guilty of perjury in the third degree.

One of the boldest attempts at robbery in Philadelphia in a long time occurred Friday when two men tried to get away with $5,000 they had seized from a bank runner in the United States sub-treasury. Both were arrested and all the money was recovered.

Mrs. E. T. Molzalin was shot and killed, her husband, Dr. Molzalin, was shot and seriously wounded and Charles McElvain was slightly wounded in a pistol duel between McElvain and Dr. Molzalin at Ravenwood, Mo.

Attorneys for the state and defense in the case of George A. Pettibone, charged with complicity in the murder of ex-Governor Steunenberg, have signed a stipulation that the trial shall be continued until Nov. 18.

William Lepper, for thirty years a resident of Laramie, Wyo., shot Judge Charles W. Brammell three times in the law office of the latter, then, turning the revolver upon himself, blew out his own brains.

Charged with having insulted and threatened the life of a young white woman of Okolona, Miss., Henry Sykes, a negro, was taken from the custody of an officer and lynched.

The sum of $18,000 in gold and paper is said to have been stolen from the Union depot offices of the United States Express company at Milwaukee.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

During a conversation at a dinner at the Columbia club at Indianapolis Federal Judge Peter S. Grosscup of Chicago said that he had been requested by President Roosevelt to select a committee to make suggestions to the president for a law to reform corporations and he had decided to comply.

The dismissal by Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court at Chicago of a patent case on the ground that it lacked equity is said to put an end to a monopoly which had existed for about sixteen years—the so-called "mica trust."

The German balloon Pommern won the second international cup race by traveling from St. Louis to Asbury Park, N. J., a distance of 850 miles. The French balloon L'Isle de France was second, traveling 875 miles.

The Cunard line steamer Lusitania made the trip from New York to Queenstown in 4 days, 22 hours and 46 minutes, breaking the best previous record, held by herself, by nearly six hours.

THE GENTLE ART OF TRAINING A SERVANT.

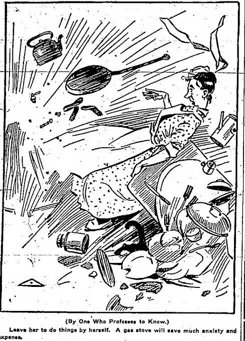

(By One Who Professes to Know.)

Leave her to do things by herself. A gas stove will save much anxiety and expense.

NOT BORN TO BE DROWNED.

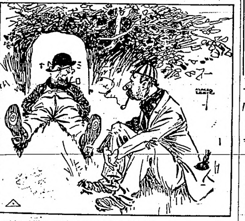

"I heard Weary fell in de river and got drowned."

"Get out! Dat wuzn't Weary. You couldn't get him near enough to a river to fall in."

A SLICK THIEF.

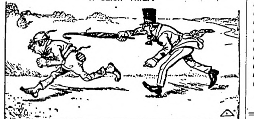

I.

"Stop, thief!"

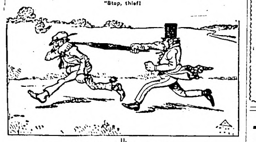

II.

"I've got you, you scoundrel!"

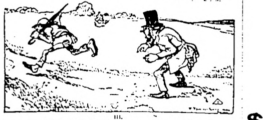

III.

"And now the wretch has got my umbrella too!"

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Martinus Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 3986, made March 24th, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Hanson of Germantown, Minn
Arne Overby " " "
Tollef C. Hovelsos " " "
Martin Hovelsos " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 24 to nov 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., oct., 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Nov. 18th, 1907, viz: Oliver Gunderson H. E. No 162 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp. 151 N. of R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole Holmen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Levas, " " " " "
Ole E Grinde, " " " " "
John Hegrenes, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 10 nov 14

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff;

— vs —

Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: "The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), North of of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated September 26th, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON, Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept. 26 Oct. 31.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1210 made Nov. 3rd, 1905, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct., 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Ernest Schmidt, of Germantown, Minn.
Joseph Duchamp " " "
Ole Nelson " " "
Henry Cook " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept, 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Brass of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No 1209 made Nov. 3rd 1905, for the E½SW¼ & Lots 3 & 4 Section 7, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Oct., 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Erick O. Gruetzke, " " "
Ernest Schmidt, " " "
Jay Payne, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl J. Larson of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible] made Oct 3rd, 1906, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township [illegible] N., Range 42W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on December 5th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

[illegible] H. Wright of Anton, Minn.
Albert J. Narum of " "
Ed. Olson of " "
Anna Breske of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 31 dec 5

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert J. Narum of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of [illegible] final commutation proof [illegible] Homestead Entry No [illegible] made June [illegible] for the S. E. ¼ Sec. [illegible] Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner [illegible] Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on [illegible].

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl J. Larson of Anton, Minn.
[illegible] H. Wright, of " "
Ed. Olson of " "
[illegible] " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 31 dec 5

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1907 NUMBER 45

Historical Society

LOOKING UP LOCATIONS.

Company That Manufactures Linen From Flax by New Process.

Mills Must Be Located Near to the Flax Fields of the Northwest.

The Oxford Linen Mills, having a capital of $2,000,000 is looking for locations in the Northwest to locate branch linen factories. They claim to have a patent process whereby flax straw can be manufactured into linen goods, and these branch factories must necessarily be located close to points where flax is raised in large quantities. In a letter to the News they state that they would be pleased to get into communication with flax growers and business men of this section in order that arragements may be made to either erect a branch mill here or make arrangements for the purchase of next years crop. In a circular inclosed in the letter, the following information is given.

Are you a burner of flax straw? Millions of tons are burned by farmers and growers every autumn, because there has been no market for the so-called "waste" after the seed is secured. But that enormous destruction of splendid fibre is to be stopped.

These millions of tons of "rubbish" are to be transformed into millions of dollars not magically by the waving of an enchanter's wand, but in a thoroughly practical, progressive, industrial way that, from a fine commercial beginning, will rapidly develop until there will be a profitable market for three or four times the amount of flax now raised in this country.

Do you know why there has never before been such a demand for American flax straw, which averages far better than that used by Europeans, to make the world's linen? It is because the only methods heretofore known for converting flax straw into linen fabric required so much time (16 to 30 weeks) that America was not able to compete with Europe where the work is done by miserably paid peasants a class of labor wholly unknown in this country. That is why American flax straw, suited to making the finest linen in the world, has been burned or allowed to decay in the open fields year after year.

But after two thousand years of waiting, during which time linen fibre has been secured by exactly the same slow methods that were employed by the early Egyptians science has come to our relief. An American inventor, Benjamin Cushing Mudge, of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has perfected some wonderful mechanical and chemical processes (owned exclusively by the Oxford Linen Mills) that in the space of twelve hours transform flax straw into a beautiful white linen fibre, ready for spinning.

Contrast that with the ancient method still used in Europe requiring from 16 to 30 weeks, and consider what it means to the American flax grower and to the American manufacturer.

And the remarkable economic advantage of the Mudge processes and inventions is that they get this beautiful fibre from the matured plant, so that the farmer or special grower will get the full value of a crop, the straw being as marketable as the seed. That will increase by millions of dollars the acreage value of flax crops.

The Mudge processes start with the plant just as it is pulled and take care of the "rippling" (seed-harvesting) and the working of straw into perfected fibre—all in one operation. The entire plant as it comes from the field is put into one end of the mechanical apparatus, and as it passes through the different compartments the seed is removed, the plant is beaten and broken so as to loosen the woody portions (which are removed in the next stage) and the remaining fibre is discharged into chemical baths from which it emerges an exquisitely white, soft and firm product ready for the spinners.

This tremendous economy of time, the doing in twelve hours what has heretofore required from four to six months, will shortly revolutionize the linen industry. Instead of spending from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 a year to get linen from Europe as they now do, Americans will get a better linen at home and give our own farmers the benefit of the money spent abroad for linen goods.

The Oxford Linen Mills are now preparing for their initiatory work at Gardner, Mass., and will soon be in the field as flax buyers. They will handle full crops or straw crops only, as may suit the convenience of farmers and growers. As they can get so very much better results from the plant than are possible with the old methods of treatment, the Oxford Linen Mills can buy on terms more favorable to the farmer than other manufacturers can afford. A small amount of flax straw is now used by certain manufacturers of twines and cordage; but as the Mudge processes get fibre for the very finest kind of linen from the same material, the Oxford Linen Mills will offer the best market for flax.

It is not expected, of course, that the parent mills alone will meet the requirements. It will be necessary to establish subsidiary ones, and these will naturally be located at points near the sources of the flax supply most advantageous to the company, and will be erected as rapidly as practical conditions and local demands warrant.

Any particular information concerning the new industry can be obtained by applying to the superintendent of the Oxford Linen Mills at the Boston address, or to the Oxford Sales Company, at 225 Fifth avenue, New York. Farmers and flax-growers are especially invited to ask for or impart information of interest.

Red Lake Falls Election.

Red Lake Falls had a very quiet election Tuesday and less than 100 votes were cast. John Duffy was elected mayor without opposition and there were two contests. B. Remick defeated J. J. Padden for alderman from the First ward by two votes and Simon Paul defeated P. B. Gasse for alderman in the Third ward by a large majority.

The funny show, the laughing show, the minstrel show. Opera House Saturday Nov. 9th.

FOR BETTER FARMING.

The Devils Lake Journal Recommends "Double" Summer Fallowing for Improved Conditions.

Devils Lake Journal: It is an ill wind that blows no good. The experiences of Ramsey county farmers this year will be productive of much good in the future, and will almost revolutionize the methods of farming.

This year has demonstrated the fact that the time has passed in this state when a man can seed ground regardless of its condition and grow a good crop. The result is that there will be more fallowing done next year than ever before and more care will be taken of land.

Many farmers have expressed their intention to try "double" summer fallowing. This is done by plowing the land after seeding and again just before harvest. Experiments this year have demonstrated that land treated in this manner will produce just double the amount of land spring plowed. The double fallowing system cleans the land thoroughly and puts it in fine condition for seeding.

The new method of farming if generally adopted would greatly reduce the cost of farming in that it would require less help.

Steps will be taken to have a farmers' institute held at Devils Lake this winter, at which some of the foremost agriculturalists of the country will be present for the purpose of delivering lectures on up-to-date farming methods.

BIG MILL IS STOPPED

Thief River Falls Lumber Company Closed Down Mill Yesterday.

Over 40,000,000 Feet of Lumber Sawed Here This Year.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's large saw mill closed down yesterday morning for the season. The cut this year was not as large as in former years, owing to the late start this spring, but some over 40,000,000 feet of lumber was sawed.

The lumber company has had considerable trouble in getting logs this year, owing to the low stage of water most of the year and as a result there are no logs in the booms here at present and the mill cannot be started next spring until a supply is received which will probably be a week or so after the ice goes out of the river. Yesterday the mill boys were paid off, as the last pay day of this season and all received their hold backs, some $20,000 was put into circulation, and the business men of the city all did a rushing business.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The Bijou will introduce five new comedies for the last half of the week.

"The Short-sighted Cyclist."
"The Episode of the Derby."
"Drunkard Will Drink."
"A Double Barreled Suicide."
"The Book Agent."

Mrs. Krouse in the pictured melody, "Bye, Bye, My Caroline."

In the "Double Barreled Suicide," the young man gets the "mitten" in a letter from a young lady. He is in despair and resolves to commit suicide. Loads his shot gun and after trying several methods of firing, he places it in a position pointing out of the window with a string attached to trigger. Then he proceeds to the outside of the house. Meanwhile a boy has been watching developments and as soon as the would-be suicide leaves, the boy removes the cartridge, fills the barrel with talcum powder and the result can be imagined. Just at this moment a messenger boy comes through the gate and delivers a telegram, saying the young lady has relented and changed her mind.

Midland Concert Company Coming

The Midland Concert Company, which is the next number on the Lyceum Entertainment Course will appear at the Presbyterian church next Thursday evening, Nov. 14. This company starting on its sixth year has now an almost national reputation. Towns they have visited call it an all star company. A violinist, a mezzo and accompanist, a reader, and a contralto make up the personnel.

All lovers of good, wholesome music should not fail to attend this entertainment. Tickets on sale at Curtis Drug Store.

ELECTION A CLOSE ONE

Not Much Interest Taken but Results Were All Close.

Hamre Elected Mayor and Bishop Re-elected Municipal Judge.

Tuesday was the quietest election Thief River Falls ever experienced, and the result in many cases was very close. In fact had the candidates known it was going to be so close, there would undoubtedly been a whole lot more hustling done. The total vote cast in the city was 680, or from 200 to 300 less than was anticipated. The first precinct of the First ward cast 148, the Second precinct of this ward 105, the Second ward 115 and the Third ward 228.

The principal fight was for the office of municipal judge, at least the candidates for this office were the only ones to do any hustling and the vote shows that J. M. Bishop, the present judge, did the most work—at least he secured the most votes, and will serve during the next four years.

T. P. Hamre was elected mayor, defeating Dr. Grundy by 9 votes and Olaf Ramstad had a similar majority over Robert McGinn for alderman in the First ward. Milton Forder was an easy winner for alderman in the Second ward, having a majority of 48 over Andrew Wasson, and W. W. Prichard defeated James Bulman in the Third ward by a majority of 19. M. V. Evenson and L. M. Hoag were both elected alderman at large, having no opposition, and these will be the only two members of the present council who will serve next year.

Ed Evenson will be the next city treasurer, having been elected without opposition.

Ira C. Richardson will be the next special municipal judge, having received six votes for this office. C. Retallick was elected justice of the peace in the First ward, Peter Newman in the Second and John Fuller in the Third.

There were 386 votes cast in favor of bonds and 202 against. This means that the bond proposition was defeated as a large number failed to vote upon the proposition and it requires two-thirds of all the votes cast to carry.

The following is the vote:

MAYOR—	Grundy.	Hamre.
First Ward, 1st precinct	63	78
First Ward, 2nd precinct	78	114
Second Ward	83	29
Third Ward	105	117
Total	329	338

MUNICIPAL JUDGE—	Cooke.	Bishop.	Johnson.
First Ward, 1st precinct	60	55	19
First Ward, 2nd precinct	59	78	52
Second Ward	42	52	15
Third Ward	72	113	31
Total	233	298	117

ALDERMAN, FIRST WARD—	
Olaf Ramstad	171
Robert McGinn	162
ALDERMAN, SECOND WARD—	
Milton Forder	77
Andrew Wasson	29
ALDERMAN, THIRD WARD—	
James Bulman	99
W. W. Prichard	118
ALDERMAN AT LARGE	
L. M. Hoag	397
M. V. Evenson	377

Taking Good Care of

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

you---that's part of our business; seeing that you get the right clothes, for you; the fit perfect; the style right. We're not simply trying to sell you some clothes ---any kind---and get your money. We want you to have the right thing---for you.

We sell and recommend Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes because they are right, in every way; when we get a man into such clothes we know he's correctly dressed.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

. . . . . . THE HOME OF . . . . . .

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

GORDEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

THE FRUITS OF VICTORY.

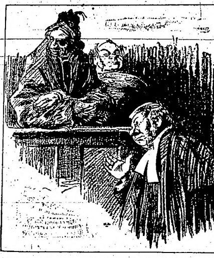

Counsel For the Defense: "I uphold that a tomato, however well aimed, could not have caused such a black eye."
Plaintiff: "But it were in a can, yer honor."

HOW IT FELT.

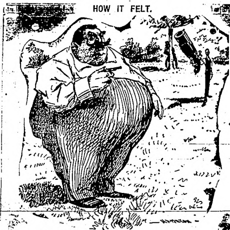

How he felt when he stood up in his first duel.

JUST A LITTLE SLIP OF A GIRL.

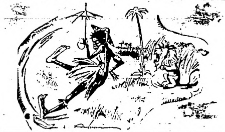

USURPING THE EDITORIAL PREROGATIVE?

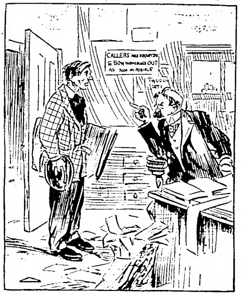
CALLERS ARE REQUESTED TO BOW THEMSELVES OUT AS SOON AS POSIBLE

Editor (to caller, who has been airing his views): "Look here, are you the editor of this paper?"
Caller: "No, no, certainly not."
Editor: "Very well, then, don't stand there and talk like a fool!"

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Martinus Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 3986, made March 26th, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Hanson of Germantown, Minn
Arne Overby " " "
Tollef C. Hovelsos " " "
Martin Hovelsos " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 21 to nov 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct., 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Nov. 18th, 1907, viz: Oliver Gunderson H. E. No 162 Red Lake Series for the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp. 154 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole Holmen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Levas, " " " " "
Ole E Grinde, " " " " "
John Hegrenes, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 10 nov 14

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
County of Red Lake }

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

—vs—

Olaf H. Snoback and Clara A. Snoback, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of September, 1907, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1907, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section Thirty-two (32), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), North of of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meredian.

Dated September 24th, 1907.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sept. 26 Oct. 31.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Sept 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Erick O Gruetzke of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1240 made Nov. 3rd, 1905, for the SE¼ Section 4, Township 154 N., Range 41. W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Oct., 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Ernest Schmidt, of Germantown, Minn.
Joseph Duchamp " " "
Ole Nelson " " "
Henry Cook " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 24, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Brass of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 1259 made Nov 3rd 1905 for the E½SW¼ Lots 3&4 Section 7, Township 154 N. Range 41 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, at Thief River Falls Minn., on Oct., 31st, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Joseph Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Erick O. Gruetzke, " " "
Ernest Schmidt, " " "
Jay Payne. " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept 26 oct 31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 25 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl J. Larson of Anton Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible] made Oct [illegible], for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township [illegible] N., Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on December [illegible] 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land viz:

[illegible] H. Wright of Anton, Minn
Albert J. Narum of " "
[illegible] of " "
[illegible] of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

oct [illegible] dec 5

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn. [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that Albert J. Narum of Anton, Minn. [illegible]

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

oct [illegible] dec 5

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer. TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

Socialism Department

Conducted Under the Auspices of the Socialist Party of the United States.

Note.—This paper does not advocate Socialism, but gives its claim publicly as a matter of public interest and growing importance.

CAPITALISM IS KING.

The Money Lord, Not the Warrior, Is the Master of the World.

The fact that the capitalist and not the warrior is the modern master of the world has been emphasized by the recent visit of Andrew Carnegie to the emperor of Germany. The emperor personally conducted the great steel manufacturer and philanthropist over his own personal industrial properties, and the canny Scotchman was vastly interested at inspecting the great porcelain factory and the farms at Cadinen, in east Prussia.

The emperor, prouder of his success as a business man even than his much vaunted ability as a military commander, personally loses no opportunity to advance his own business interests. It is said that at every court festival he besieges his guests for orders, which he jots down upon his cuffs, military uniforms being usually deficient in pockets for the reception of order books. He has personally solicited and secured innumerable great orders from the other royal houses of Europe when he has visited them and is wont to boast of his successes as a commercial traveler. His investment is valued at $500,000, and within the past year he has received $46,089 in profits, about 9 per cent on the invested capital. Two thousand employees man his works.

This example has been followed by many members of the German aristocracy, and it is possible to purchase such articles as oatmeal, crockery, umbrellas, corsets and silks bearing the trademark of princely families, while Prince Fuerstenberg, related to the royal house, is known as the proprietor of the largest breweries in the fatherland.—Saturday Evening Tribune.

Time to Study Principles.

Under the present capitalist system the more wealth the workers produce the richer grow the capitalists and the poorer grow the workers. Poverty is worse in this country today than at any other period of its history. Under Socialism the workers would be richer than at any other period of the world's history. Are you a worker?

Workingmen, if you were to study principles instead of men you would be better equipped to judge that men want the thing that would benefit you. Capitalists study out principles that will benefit them and then support men for office who carry out those principles. Why not be as wise as your masters? You know well enough that you are ignorant about government and laws, yet you play the game and "get it in the neck" every time. So does the working class of Europe. The rulers study their interest. You study little or nothing except your work, so you will become more efficient wage slaves. Get a think on yourself.—Appeal to Reason.

Socialist Notes.

The Denmark Socialists recently sent $8,000 to their Russian comrades to help them in their battle for freedom.

The fact that a Socialist paper has been started at Rekjavik shows that the movement is making headway in Iceland.

Finland has the honor of having the largest percentage of Socialist representatives in parliament of any nation in the world. Eighty-three Socialist candidates were successful at the recent election, and nine of them were women.

The Socialist press in Switzerland is rapidly increasing, there being forty-six newspapers printed at present. Six are daily and the balance weekly and monthly. Of the total number twenty-two are trades union journals, eighteen political, three fraternal, two women's papers and one comic weekly. Three are printed in the Italian language, nine in French and thirty-four in German.

Principles, Not Revenge.

Shall we be Socialists merely because we are getting the worst of it in the game of dollars? It is true that every poor man should be a Socialist, but not simply because of his personal sufferings. Such men are the first to become the opponents of Socialism when the tide turns a little in their direction. "Once a Socialist, always a Socialist," should be the watchword of every sincere man who sees beyond his own nose into the needs of his fellows. I am a Socialist because I believe in the principles of Socialism. These principles force me to the attitude which I take. They are so deeply true and all [illegible] that they [illegible] command my belief, and I cannot any more evade them or disbelieve in them than I can disbelieve in the existence of [illegible] the sun in the month of July.—Buffalo Herald.

Martyrs to the Right.

There is no [illegible] citizen than a Socialist, the only crime of which he stands accused [illegible] fore "the people" [illegible] lief. But all [illegible] gions, have had their martyrs, and Socialism, according to custom, is making its sacrifices.—Socialist Herald.

COLLECTIVISM AHEAD.

A Religious Journal on the Exposures of Business Immorality.

A prominent New York clergyman prophecies that "the next great revival held in this country will have as its dominant note the question of ethics." One fact in particular has impressed itself on the public mind—There is an insane individualism in American life today. Men act as if the accumulation of property were the only end of existence and as if any means were permissible in realizing that end. In its fundamental aspect the problem is simply one of old fashioned selfishness—that is, the putting of the interests of self before the interests of the common weal.

One of the paradoxes of modern society is bound up in the fact that the collective conscience is so much duller than the private conscience. We do as nations what we would never dream of doing as individuals. A man who could not be induced to kill his neighbor, whatever the provocation, marches out in war time with a clear conscience to kill somebody else's neighbor. A man who is a model of the virtues in his domestic life lacks every restraining scruple in his business dealings. Mr. Rockefeller, when questioned recently as to how he reconciled his business transactions and his moral principles, is reported to have made the significant reply: "The Standard Oil company is not a philanthropy. It is a business conducted along the lines that are laid down in the business world as being those of today." In these words he exposed the heart of the whole problem. And just because the standards of the "business world" are held to justify disregard for law and the rights of others it is the imperative duty of the pulpit to [illegible] those standards and to use all its influence to supplant them with other and higher standards.

It may be that an investigation of business conditions will lead to a realization of the fact that the dishonesty of our day is inherited in our competitive system. In that event it will become the duty of the pulpit to accept the new alternative and to turn men's faces toward a co-operative society, which, being itself ethical, will make it possible and practical for each individual to live out his highest ethical ideals in conformity with the whole social order.—Homiletic Review.

Charity.

Once upon a time a man owned a herd of cattle, which were lean even to starvation. He owned also a luxuriant pasture, from which his cattle were excluded by a strong high fence. But the owner, whatever might be said of his wits, was a kind hearted fellow, who occupied himself daily in pulling handfuls of grass from the pasture and shoving them through the fence to the hungry animals outside. Nevertheless the weaker cattle starved entirely. One day a passerby said to him:

"Friend, do you own these cattle?"

"I do."

"And do you own the pasture?"

"Yes."

"Then why don't you let down the bars?"

Said the owner: "I have as yet failed to see that letting down the bars would be a panacea for all the leanness these cattle are heirs to. Instead of broaching faraway theories, do something practical. Jump over the fence and help me to pull grass and feed it to the cattle."

What Is Socialism?

It is the purpose here to give a brief definition of Socialism, so brief and simple that any one can comprehend it, and yet if possible complete enough to embrace all the essential elements of the philosophy. The following will serve as such a definition:

Socialism is a social and political programme that proposes—

First.—The collective ownership of the greater material means of production and distribution.

Second.—The democratic organization and control of industry.

Third.—The substitution of a co-operative in the place of the present competitive and trust system.

Fourth.—Private property in personal income and of wealth pertaining to the private life.

Fifth.—The organization of an independent political party distinct from and opposed to all capitalistic parties for the capture of the powers of government in order to put the above principles into operation.

Socialism Not Anarchism.

When persons approve of individualism and denounce Socialism, saying it [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Iron ore shipments for October were the heaviest ever known in that month. The Duluth, Missabe and Northern road is closing the period with a total movement of 2,450,000 tons, the Duluth and Iron Range with 1,225,000 tons and the Great Northern with about 1,000,000 tons. This will make the October shipments from all Lake Superior ranges not far from 6,000,000 tons and put the season's figures within 4,250,000 tons of the grand total for last year.

The Great Northern road is now the owner of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway company and all of its properties and rights. The Great Northern has been operating this road since 1890 under a 999-year lease, but on Oct. 11 the property was purchased outright for $35,000,000. Evidence of the sale of the property has just been filed with Secretary of State Schmahl.

The saw mill of the J. Neils Lumber company, located at Sauk Rapids, has closed down for the season. The cut this year will amount to about 20,000,000 feet. It has not been definitely decided whether the mill will run again next year and if it does not it means the passing of the lumber industry from another Minnesota town known throughout the Northwest as a saw mill town.

Chicago university football team won the championship of the West Saturday by defeating Minnesota, the score being Chicago 18, Minnesota 12. About 18,000 persons saw the game, which was played at the university grounds at Minneapolis. At an exciting moment a section of the bleachers collapsed with 2,000 people, injuring one seriously and four others slightly.

The supreme court has again upheld the constitutionality of the law which subjects trespassers upon state timber lands to damages in double and treble the value of the timber taken and at the same time reversed the St. Louis county district court in a case in which treble damages had been awarded.

Otter Tail county seems to be fairly underlaid with iron if the magnetic needle is at all reliable. Thousands of dollars have been paid for options in the northern tier of towns during the last summer and the company which purchased them now is beginning on a new field in the southwest corner of the county.

Minneapolis ministers will demand the application of the saloon lid at 11 o'clock each evening. The county attorney is to be called upon to enforce the state law and unless he does so the ministers will take steps to place the matter before Attorney General Young.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Lying cold in death in a sheltered nook two miles from his parents' home near Alexandria the body of the eighteen-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Brown was found Saturday after a four days' search by over 100 men. How the little fellow endured the long tramp is a mystery, but there is nothing to indicate that he was carried away.

C. E. Kielly, foreman at the Zenith Furnace company's plant at Duluth, reports a remarkable experience. He came in direct contact with live wires carrying a direct current of 12,000 volts and beyond a severely burned hand and shock has suffered no serious effects.

In a battle between Marshal Hans Mahlen of Rush City and three burglars the former was shot in the right arm and the hip. One of the robbers also was wounded, but on account of his wounds the marshal was unable to capture the men.

A tray of rings, set with diamonds, amethysts, rubies, garnets and opals was stolen from the jewelry store of M. Albrecht at St. Paul by a man and woman who had called to see the [illegible]. The stolen property is valued at $1,200.

Twenty cattle were killed and two cars [illegible] in a [illegible] collision between a Great Western and a Great Northern freight train in the Minnesota transfer yards midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Despondent over business reverses Louis Grunwie, proprietor of the Akeley Grocery company, hanged himself with a rope suspended from the ceiling of the warehouse at his place of business.

The body of Victor Anderson of Minneapolis was found torn into shreds on the tracks of the St. Paul railroad in Merriam Park. It is thought he was killed by a freight train.

Mrs. [illegible] Knutson of St. Paul was fatally burned by the explosion of a lamp she was carrying. Her death followed a few hours later at the city hospital.

Miss Mabel Gilde of Minneapolis was [illegible] burned while celebrating Hallowe'en.

An epidemic of diphtheria has reached alarming proportions at St. Cloud.

OBITUARY.

Melvin J. [illegible], one of the oldest [illegible]

[illegible] W. [illegible], is dead at Minneapolis.

Mrs. George H. Marsh, one of the earliest settlers of Mankato, is dead.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Senator McCumber of North Dakota has submitted to the president the draft of a bill intended to bring corporations under federal control to a certain degree. The bill is intended to cover existing as well as new corporations and is designed particularly to secure a franchise system that will bring the corporations of the country under a federal franchise, to comply with the terms of which they would submit to the scrutiny of the bureau of corporations of the commerce department.

The supreme court of the United States has granted the petition of Edward T. Young, attorney general of Minnesota, for a writ bringing the contempt proceedings against Mr. Young in connection with the enforcement of the railroad rate law of that state to that court for review.

In a battle between United States troops and Indians, which occurred in Southern Utah several days ago, three Indians were killed and another wounded. The news of the occurrence was conveyed to the Indian bureau in a telegram from Superintendent Skelton of the San Juan agency.

One hundred and ten feet is the width which the navy department has finally fixed upon as desirable for the locks for the projected Panama canal. This is an increase of ten feet in width over the plans on which the commission is now working.

As the result of voluminous cable correspondence between President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft it is understood that the latter will cut short his visit to the Philippines in order to reach Berlin at the earliest possible moment.

President Roosevelt will issue the proclamation admitting the new state of Oklahoma on Saturday, Nov. 16. The issuance of the proclamation will immediately start the machinery of Oklahoma as a state.

Acting Secretary Oliver of the war department has determined upon reforms in the army in order to make the service more attractive for enlisted men.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Eaten by cannibals was probably the fate of the crew of forty sailors that took the big sailing ship Arthur Sewell out of Philadelphia April 3 on the start of her long voyage to carry coal to the Philippines. Word has been received at the New York Maritime Exchange that the vessel was wrecked near Tierra del Fuego and all signs point to the survivors having been captured by the cannibals that infest the island in that vicinity.

More than 500 guests of the Plaza hotel at Chicago fled from their rooms in confusion when fire broke out in the basement of the hostelry. The building was quickly filled with smoke and many of the guests had difficulty in reaching the street. About 100 men and women fled down the fire escape to the first floor, from which they were assisted by firemen.

Seven men were blown to pieces at a construction camp on the Portland and Seattle railway near Lyle, Wash. All were laborers on the North Bank road. It is presumed that one of the unfortunates drove his pick into a missed hole of a mine that had been planted there last summer by another construction gang.

Great damage and loss of life occurred at San Jose del Cabo, in Lower California, as the result of a cloudburst. Sixteen persons are said to have been drowned by the torrential downpour and more than fifty houses were washed away.

Fragments of human bodies peppered with particles of rock and earth fell in a shower over the little town of Gwendolen, Pa., when 500 pounds of dynamite exploded. Four men were torn to pieces and six others received injuries.

Michael Mason, a middle aged man employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad company at Pittsburg, sacrificed his own life in saving three other persons from what seemed inevitable death.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Madame Olive Fremstad, the opera singer, just back from Europe on the steamer La Provence, had a narrow escape from death in midocean. A great wave which swept over the steamer might have carried her into the sea had not a sailor who saw her peril grasped her and held her against the rail until the danger was passed.

Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives, has left New York on the steamship Colon for the isthmus to make personal inquiry into the present and prospective monetary needs of the Panama canal.

John Mitchell, president of the Mine Workers' union, is in a seriously weakened condition following the recent operation for abscess at La Salle, Ill. This was the fourth operation performed in the last two weeks.

It is announced that Secretary Taft has diplomatically declined all invitations to be a guest of any European ruler during his present trip around the world.

Mayor Becker of Milwaukee has received an offer of $1,000 per week for forty weeks to appear in vaudeville.

LABOR NEWS.

Wages of 2,000 miners employed by the Amalgamated Copper and other mining companies at Butte, Mont., have been cut from $4 to $3.50 per day.

The telegraphers' strike at New Orleans has been declared off.

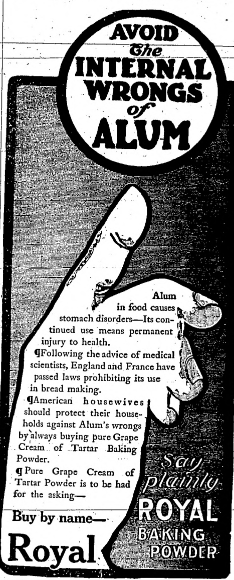
AVOID the INTERNAL WRONGS of ALUM

Alum in food causes stomach disorders—Its continued use means permanent injury to health.

¶Following the advice of medical scientists, England and France have passed laws prohibiting its use in bread making.

¶American housewives should protect their households against Alum's wrongs by always buying pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

¶Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder is to be had for the asking—

Buy by name—
Royal

Sealed Orders.

The custom of having warships sail under sealed orders arose from the desire of maritime powers to prevent the plans from becoming known to the enemy. In the American navy such orders come from the president and are delivered to a commander of a ship or squadron by a confidential messenger who knows nothing of their contents. Sometimes they are in cipher, but they are always sealed with the official seal of the navy department and the package cannot be opened until the time marked on it, which is usually several hours after the hour of leaving port. By this precaution the newspapers are prevented from disclosing prematurely the movements which may be of the greatest importance, and the spies of the enemy are rendered useless so far as their ability to discover the secret of such movements is concerned. Sailing under sealed orders is now the common naval practice in time of war. These instructions are found in the packet of sealed orders, which is opened when well out at sea.

A Zulu Rain Charm.

The Zulus employ a rain charm which is very remarkable considering their usual fierceness and cruelty. They catch a bird, and after the tribal wizard has consecrated it and made it a "heaven bird" they throw it into a pool of water. In spite of their own indifference to the sufferings of animals they believe that the sky, which they conceive to be a personality, will be full of woe at the death of the bird and drop [illegible] in showers of rain.

Keep to the Right.

Bishop Wilberforce was out driving one day when a man on horseback stopped him and, thinking to have a joke, asked:

"Excuse me, Bishop, but could you tell me the road to heaven?"

"Certainly, sir," the bishop answered. "Turn to the right and keep straight on."

What He Said.

"I [illegible] a two dollar tip."

"What did he say?"

"[illegible] expressed his thanks, but I heard him [illegible]"

He who is feared by many fears many.—German Proverb.

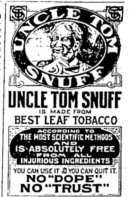

UNCLE TOM SNUFF
IS MADE FROM
BEST LEAF TOBACCO
ACCORDING TO THE MOST SCIENTIFIC METHODS AND IS ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM ALL INJURIOUS INGREDIENTS
YOU CAN USE IT & YOU CAN QUIT IT.
NO "DOPE"
NO "TRUST"
SJOBERG BROS. DISTRIBUTERS.
ROSEAU-MINN.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
November 7, 1907.

The people of Oklahoma have adopted a constitution which will allow them to change their laws whenever they see fit, including the constitution itself. They have direct legislation, or the initiative and referendum. They can vote on any measure, at any time, and the majority will rule. If any class of people do not like the constitution, or any part of it, all they need to do to get it changed is to educate enough of the people to their way of thinking to make a majority, and the business is done.

Hon. William E. Chandler, former United States Senator from New Hampshire, proposes, says the American Farmer, what he or those who report the matter for publication, call a "Consumers' Trust." The objects quoted are "to ascertain and publish the reasons for the high prices of all commodities entering into the necessities of life." He thinks that if such an organization should get about its work with an earnest desire to accomplish results, it would be able to locate the blame for the excessive high prices to city consumers of all food stuffs. The farmers would gladly welcome just such an investigation. If consumers of food stuffs are charged excessive high prices, those prices do not originate with the producers. The building up of prices beyond what even consumers would regard as no more than equitable, is done after the products leave the farm, and Mr. Chandler is inclined to take that view of it. He is of the opinion that all who handle the foods of the people after the raw material leaves the farms, are taking advantage of the power they have under dominant methods to squeeze a little more money out of the consumers, who must have the necessities of life at whatever cost. Let the ex-Senator go on with his "trust," and learn how important commodities bring only fair, or below fair, prices where they are produced, and often many times above that price where they are consumed.

With a view of the government cutting loose from the Indians of this country at the earliest practicable moment, Francis E. Leupp, commissioner of Indian affairs, has under consideration a plan to take a census of the Indians touching their educational qualification and the ability to handle their own business affairs. He proposes to classify them into three classes, the first class to be composed of Indians who are competent to run their own affairs, the second to be composed of those who know the meaning of a contract and the third class to be composed of those who are absolutely incompetent to transact business. Mr. Leupp believes that the government should cut entirely loose from the first class of Indians. He doesn't believe they should be given any protection from the government. As to the second class of Indians he says the government probably should prevent them from selling their land, especially their homesteads, but that it should let them go ahead and make their own contracts for leasing and the like; then if they get the worst of it let them suffer. If they get their eye teeth cut in a few deals they will learn to be more careful in their business transactions. The Indians of the third class still would have to be protected by the government until they acquired a few rudiments of business. Then they would be turned loose to shift for themselves. "The best thing that could happen to a big portion of the Indians would be to lose every dollar and every foot of land they have." Commissioner Leupp says. "Then they would have to get down and work for a living. That would make industrious citizens out of them. They would be better off and so would this country."

The Country School Marm.

Someone who takes exception to the article recently published by Editor Bell, of the Roseau Times, sends us the following with the following article on the "country school marm" with the request that it be published:

"She must know more, do more, be more, and endure more than another bread winner. She must know everything, in heaven above, the earth beneath, and the waters under the earth.

"She receives no special credit for knowing them, but woe to her if she knows them not.

"She must teach the "three R's" as in the olden times, but mark the additions.

"She must teach physiology with all skill of physician, but without his opportunity for hiding his mistakes.

"She must teach civics with all the learning of a lawyer, but without his library.

"She must teach virtue and goodness with all the zeal of a minister. But without his bible or his sectarian bias.

"Under the title of "Nature Lessons" she must teach the elements of all sciences known to man, but unlike her sister in the high school she must do it without a text book.

"She must teach music, drawing, penmanship, and physical culture with the ability of a specialist, but must give the supervisors all the credit for the success attained.

"She must teach business forms business usage, short cuts and brief methods with all the knowledge of a bookkeeper, or the schools are impractical. She must at her own expense, attend institutes and associations, listen to long winded theorists, dry dust professors, sentimental idiots enthusiastic promoters, visionary reformers, shrewd self advisors, persistent hobby riders, and educational mountebanks only to attend the next meeting and the new crop of theorists with job lot of contradictions, series of orders and counter orders which would bewilder the most astute philosopher.

The Parcels Post.

A criticism of the parcels post plan is at hand, in which the critic speaks of it as dangerous and as a step toward government ownership of railroads and other Socialistic notions, and says: "It would take from the express companies a great mass of business which it is alleged that they are not now handling with the care and expedition desired."

That is the first time, so far as we have noticed, that anybody has based the parcels post idea merely on the charge that the express companies do not handle their business carefully and expeditiously. They do, to a reasonable extent, but they want too much money for it and if the government can do it cheaper, as the governments of nearly every other civilized country in the world now do, it is desirable that it should be done by the government.

It is not that the express companies do not handle the business properly, because with few exceptions they do. But it is that they ask enormous prices for it, compared with what it could be done for by the government. The express companies now meet government postal rates wherever they conflict with their business. If they can do this the government can carry parcels at a much lower rate than the express companies do now.

This same critic fears that the introduction of the parcels post will interfere with the present functions of the postoffice; that letters will be delayed and the service deteriorated. That need not follow. Naturally, if the government enlarges its parcels post business it will have to enlarge its facilities, that should benefit all classes of postal business.

There are no reasonable arguments against the parcels post. The fear of the country merchant that it will give the city mail order houses an undue advantage is removed by the fact that it will be necessary to base the parcels post rates on distance, which will enable him to make a cheaper rate to his country customers than the distant mail orders house can. Besides, there is no evidence anywhere that the mail order houses are pushing the parcels post movement, which would indicate that they see no great prospects in it for them.

Postmaster General Meyer's present plan involves only a parcels post from rural route centers which would give the country merchant cheap delivery by rural carrier while denying the privilege to the mail order house. This removes all the objections of country merchants, but at the same time it fails to give the same privilege to all the people, and they ought to have it.

A parcels post service of general extent, covering the entire country, and with rates based on distance, would cheapen transportation of small parcels, would afford a check on the express companies, and would give a great public service while profiting the postoffice department.—Duluth Herald.

The Black Hole of Calcutta.

A scientist, writing of the black hole of Calcutta and its atmosphere, says:

"On the 20th of June, 1756, about 8 o'clock in the evening, 146 men were forced at the point of the bayonet into a dungeon eighteen feet square. They had been but a few minutes confined in this infernal prison before every one fell into a perspiration so profuse that no idea can be formed of it. This brought on a raging thirst, the most difficult respiration and an outrageous delirium. Such was the horror of their situation that every insult that could be devised against the guard without and all the opprobrious names the viceroy and his officers could be loaded with were repeated to provoke the guard to fire upon them and terminate their sufferings. Before 11 o'clock the same evening [illegible] of the men were dead, and [illegible] next morning only twenty-three [illegible] putrid fever. All these dreadful [illegible] were [illegible] [illegible] ted from their lungs."

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.
KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw—it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,
Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

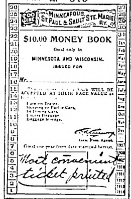

FOR SALE AT ALL
TICKET OFFICES
IN MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN

WINTER TO BE COLD ONE.

Signs of the Woods Point to a Long and Cold Season.

Some of the Reasons Given by Indians, Trappers and Woodsmen.

Signs and forecasts of the winter weather are many in the woods.

Any old trapper, who has spent much of his time in the heart of the wilderness, has his own ideas of the kind of winter which Minnesota will experience. The old Indian signs, which have been handed down from generation to generation, are followed strictly by the tribes in the woods, and are firmly believed in by them. The weather man may dig up the records of past years, and tell what may be expected in the way of weather, but it takes an Indian prophet, or a man who has spent his life in the woods to make a real genuine forecast. Nobody really knows how the Indians foretell the weather, but it is a fact that they often hit the mark.

This fall all signs point to a long, cold winter, says the Duluth Herald. There is liable to be plenty of snow, although probably not nearly as much as last year, when the last of the white covering did not entirely disappear in the woods until mid-summer. Cold winds from the northwest will prevail, and the atmosphere will be clear and sharp, according to the signs of the trappers.

Out in the woods the hunters bring back reports that the partridges and quail are flying east this year and are so scary that one cannot approach within several hundred feet of them. They fly up quickly and make for the tall timber, and cannot be driven out into the open. The Indians would say this meant a cold winter. If the birds spent most of the time on the ground, it would mean mild weather, but the outlook at present is not in favor of the warm spell.

The muskrats, too, are making unusual preparations for a long, hard siege of cold weather, and building many houses along the rivers and creeks. It is said they are bringing in unusual supply of grasses and twigs to make their beds warm and comfortable. These little animals often times neglect to do this, but it is usually only when a mild winter follows. How the muskrats know what is to follow is not known, but the hunters depend upon them.

Another sign which originated with the Indians is one regarding the depths of the water in the creeks and rivers. The Indians say that if the water is unusually low in the creek during the fall it means a hard winter with plenty of snow. They say, too, if the trees are falling rapidly before the autumn winds it is a sign that they "are taking time by the forelock," and prefer to die before the more severe storms of the cold winter.

White men, cruiser and woodsmen, put a good deal of stock in the theory that which ever way the wind is blowing at the time the sun "passes the line," that will be the prevading direction for the rest of the year. Upon this theory one well known lumberman said this morning that he looked for a cold winter as the wind was blowing from the northwest when the sun crossed the equator.

"Most of our cold weather comes from the country to the Northwest, and therefore if the prevailing winds are from that direction we are due to have a cold winter," said he. "I do not look for much snow, however, not nearly as much as last season."

Besides the muskrats and numerous other animals seem to have an insight into the future and accordingly are making unusual preparations for a long cold winter. Squirrels have already laid up a big supply of nuts and are preparing their nests in the trees for a long siege. Bears and wolves are said to have a heavier coat of fur than is usual at this time of the year and all the woodfolk seem to expect some rigid winter months.

It may be that these signs of the character of the coming winter do not count for much, but the Indians, and white men who are much in the forest, and many city people who are a bit superstitious, will take warning of the animals and will also prepare for the worst.

Schools Get Money.

The state apportionment for the schools of Red Lake county has been received by County Auditor J. B. O'Brien and is $9,25, which at the ratio of $2.50 per pupil gives us a school census of 3,719. The Red Lake Falls schools will receive $1,057.50, Thief River Falls schools $2,405, and the St. Hilaire graded school $590.

RULING HELD UP.

Congressman Steenerson Gets Quick Action in Important Matter.

Congressman Steenerson was notified last week that the department of the interior had with drawn all decisions rejecting commutation proof of the settlers on the lands which were a part of the Red Lake Indian reservation thrown open to settlement by the act of Feb. 20, 1904. This action on the part of the government will be welcome news to hundreds of settlers on these lands, and is the result of a great deal of correspondence and work on the part of Congressman Steenerson.

Last January a new ruling was made stating that all homesteaders must show fourteen months, actual residence on these lands in order to make commutation proof. Congressman Steenerson took the matter up with the department and received a promise that the department would withdraw its decision in the only case of the kind that at that time had come up. This action was taken but in several cases since, of an exactly similar nature, the same decision has been made and settlers' commutation proofs have been rejected.

The withdrawal was made on the order of Secretary Garfield, who personally will examine into the merits of the case before giving a final decision.

Experimenting With Butter.

The government has established at Albert Lea a plant for the purpose of experimenting with butter to determine if possible what is necessary in manufacture to insure butter keeping its original high quality permanently. It is a fact that high grade butter stored for a period of six months or more loses its flavor and generally deteriorates. This fact involves serious loss to butter dealers and has an important bearing in the conduct of cold storage plants. Butter will be made under all conceivable conditions and then sealed up and sent to Washington for cold storage. In six months or so, the samples are analyzed and with the record of manufacture before the experts it is hoped that it can be learned what it is that causes butter to deteriorate with age and how to prevent this falling off in quality.

Probate Judge Tarrant acted as "best man" yesterday and pronounced the words that united as man and wife William J. Hall, of Minneapolis, and Miss Jennie Haraison, of Thief River Falls.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

THE BOY.

How It Used to Be and How It Is Now.

Nothing is as it was in those good old days. Then a boy was a boy, he wore overalls and was dressed for work. He had half a day's work to do before going to school and another after his return, and you could kick him ten feet and he would bound back. Now a boy is a "kid". When he gets ready to go to school, he can't bring in a pail of water for fear of spoiling his clothes. If he gets home before the evening meal is done, something is wrong, and if you keep him home after 8 o'clock p. m. you will require a Gattling gun. Then the clothing was all made at home, and the only way you could tell which was front or rear was to watch for the top of his cap. The clothing was so that he could turn round in them after they were on, and thus fool his friends. Our sisters worked and helped to cook, wash, mend and all other work. Now they have good luck if they get duds on in time to eat breakfast and go to school. When the preacher came the boys and girls were expected to sit straight as a cob and speak when spoken to. Now they are brought to the front and put through their paces. The girl must knock a few stars out of the organ or piano and the boy must 'speak his piece' and look like a sick monkey begging for raisins. Everything is progressive. They used to get married for two dollars and begin housekeeping for $50. The bride made her own clothes, and the groom's mother made his. One suit lasted a year for "good," and one or two more for every day. They rocked the baby to sleep in a "sap-trough," and had a chunk of salt pork for desert. The whole community could work sixteen hours and then go to a "shindig" and the old and young dance till twilight. They had no "brainstorms," "heart failures," no "appendicitis." "Brainstorms were cured with a water elm club, heart failures were called 'fits" and appendicitis was called belly ache. They rolled the patient on a barrel or rubbed him with a hot brick, and no one knew that he had a vermiform dofflicker that was liable to get full of chug stones or ground cherry seeds. We used to eat soup and have "sass" of all kinds. Now we have fruit salad and consómme and have biscuits made from baking powder that look as though some one had sat on 'em. We had bread made with "rising" that smelled like a glue factory when it was rising, but tasted better than anything from XXX roller process flour ground into dust. One suspender was enough for any boy. And if the girls chewed gum they had to climb a tamarack tree and dig it out with a screwdriver. Progress don't always mean betterment. Those old pioneers were as happy as any other people on earth, they needed less than a quarter the luxuries of today and had six times the necessaries. They neither froze in a blizzard nor roasted in the heat, they were too tough to be affected seriously by heat or cold.—Britt, (Ia.) Tribune.

The Alexandria Citizen says a farmer in an adjoining county, enticed by a handsome picture and a beautiful painting, purchased a mattress from a catalog supply house recently. It was advertised as "a finest curled hair creation of feathery softness" and he looked forward to a winter of solid comfort and enjoyment. The first night he slept on the mattress he was awakened by a severe pain in his back, and discovered something hard under him; he dug into the mattress and brought forth an old boot. He also found that the mattress was stuffed with a sort of pulp, made from old rags and pieces of old sweat pads. In relating the incident he said he could stand being swindled but it did make him sore to be kicked in the ribs as a reminder of the way he had been goldbricked.

A well known nursery man says that more young trees die from winter drouth than from any other cause and that a good watering just before it freezes will prevent this. The ground is very dry this fall and a good watering cannot fail to be welcomed by the trees even though it is not necessary for their preservation.

A telephone from Bemidji, Minn., to the Minneapolis Journal says that State Senator S. D. Works of Mankato, has brought to this country two cars of sheep which he will let out to farmers on shares. Senator Works has noted the results of experimenting with sheep in clearing cut over lands of small brush and timber. It is a well known fact that sheep clear the land better than any other animal.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 13 Months for $1.30.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1, 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.30, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up to date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

We wish to announce to the public the fact that our big store is now crowded to the limit with goods of every description which we offer at prices that defy competition. We will call your attention to a few special lines:

The Very Latest New Fall and Winter Coats.

Every style in vogue this season is represented in our assortment of beautiful coats, loose fitting, form fitting, all lengths, latest mode and material your fancy may dictate.

Heavy Kersey Coats with Fur Collar 12 to $35.00.

All styles Black and Fancy Coats from 9.00 to $25.00.

Ladies Plush and Fur lined Coats 25,00 to $50.00.

Ladies short Jackets in Plush and Fur at 15,00 to $65.00.

Ladies Skirts.

The most beautiful line in the city, prices from 2.50 to $18.00, one lot to close out, special sale, don't fail to get one of these bargain skirts.

Ladies Waists.

Beautiful new styles in Waists, in silk, embroidered, nets, lace designs, mohair and wash goods, prices 1.25 to $8.50.

Furs Furs Furs.

We handle the Celebrated Annis furs, superior in quality to other makes, prices in fur scarfs 75c to $25.00.

Dress Goods.

We have them in all the latest fabrics, in every shade and style, plain colors, and invisible Plaids, Panamas, Poplin and Serges from 50c to $2.00.

Fancy Wool Plaids and Mixtures 25 to 50c.

Before buying your fall supply, call at our store and be convinced that we can save you money. We aim to please you.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

THE KING OF CURES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway
Help Build Up Your State
The Great Northern Railway
issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature
W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

ROYAL DRAMATIC THEATER

Playhouse Built with the Proceeds of a Lottery Will Be Thrown Open Early Next Year.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Early next year the new Royal Dramatic theater, which costs 6,500,000 kroner ($1,600,000), the proceeds of a state guaranteed lottery, will be opened. It is a very fine building and beautifully decorated by works of art, paintings and sculptures, from the hands of the best artists in Sweden. The company which is to act there consists of the best actors and actresses in Sweden with few exceptions. Some of them belonged to the company that played at the old Royal Dramatic theater, and others have been engaged from private companies. At the present moment they are rehearsing a great number of new plays, both by Swedish and foreign authors, so that they may be ready to start at once with a good repertory. It is the intention that no long runs shall be allowed in this theater, but that at least three different plays shall be given each week. It will be a real repertory theater for the benefit both of public and artists. Mr. Ranft, who controls several theaters in Stockholm, has already introduced this novelty on his principal stage, the Svenska teatern, where formerly long runs were the order. He has found it necessary to meet the competition before it has begun. At the present moment Bernard Shaw's "Man and Superman" is being acted there. It has met with unusual success, and every night it stands on the bill the house is crowded. At another of Ranft's theaters, the Vasateatern, "You Can Never Tell" will be given early next year, and the new Royal Dramatic theater will bring forward "Candida" as one of its first productions. So you see that Shaw is having a boom in Sweden.

Mrs. Meissner and Miss Rosa Gruenberg, the two Swedish operetta stars, who recently visited the United States, have now been home for some time. When they returned they were full of pleasant memories of their trip. They cannot find words adequate enough to express how well pleased they were with the great hospitality accorded them by everybody in the states, especially by their countrymen and countrywomen in the great republic.

Who will be the lucky ones this year as regards the Nobel prizes is kept as secret as usual. At least in Sweden people generally get the news only a few days before the 10th of December, the Nobel day. But it is said with a certain amount of assurance that Rudyard Kipling will receive the literary prize this year. It would be a choice that would meet with universay approval here and I suppose almost everywhere.

Carl Kallberg, the actor, committed suicide in his apartments the other day by shooting himself in the mouth with a revolver. He suffered from an incurable disease and decided to end his existence. He was recently engaged as director of Falck's new Strindberg theater and was a man of brilliant talents and well liked by all who came in contact with him.

A. G. Olsson, of Stockholm, has donated 40,000 crowns to the Lutheran Mission society. The money thus donated will be known as the Olsson missionary fund. According to Mr. Olsson's stipulations half of the proceeds will go to the home missions and the other half to the foreign missions.

Bailey, the newly appointed secretary to the American legation in Stockholm, has arrived and been presented to the members of the foreign department. Hutchinson, his predecessor, has been transferred to Belgrade.

The well known sportsman, Frederick Lowenadler, of London, has offered to pay all the expenses of the Swedish representatives to the Olympian games, which will be held in England's metropolis next year.

The Russian steamer "Lituania," en route from Libau to New York with about 500 aboard, ran aground off Skillinge last week, says a telegram from Malmo. No lives are reported lost.

Mr. Stanhope, editor of the New York Herald, will go to Stockholm in the near future to ascertain the fact regarding the Royal Swedish Yacht club's challenge for the America's cup.

The duke and duchess of Skane with their sons have returned from London, where they were the guests of the duke and duchess of Connaught.

King Oscar has appointed H. G. W. Wrangel as commander of the Swedish fleet. Ranking next to him in the navy is Admiral H. W. Hamilton.

Vice Consul R. M. Nordlind, of Rochelle, France, has tendered his resignation and will return to Sweden in the near future.

The Swedish minister in Copenhagen, Hjalmar Hammarskjold has been appointed governor of Upsala.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says Hugo Vallentin, the Stockholm correspondent [illegible]: "Stockholm, which has been considered one of the gayest capitals in northern Europe, is at the present moment suffering from the zealous exertions of the prohibitionist party. Up to now the restaurants and cafes have been open up to midnight and those guests who arrived before the midnight hour struck have been served with food and drink and allowed to stay for practically an unlimited time. It has not been unusual that the restaurant keepers have not seen the back of their last guest before 2 o'clock in the morning. This was permitted by special license, of course, always subject to the condition that perfect order was kept. Even if one may say that to keep restaurants open so long was unnecessary; it is impossible to say that the right has been abused to any greater extent. For a city like Stockholm, which possesses very few clubs and where the well-to-do classes like to frequent restaurants, especially after the theaters, which sometimes do not finish until half-past 11, it has been and is still almost a necessity to keep the restaurants open after midnight. But the teetotal party, which has begun to be very strong in our town council, has made the governor of Stockholm enforce the rule that no restaurant or cafe shall be kept open and no alcoholic drinks served after 12. In this way these places must be emptied as soon as 12 o'clock strikes. This practically means that nobody can enter a restaurant after 11:30 o'clock, which makes it impossible for people coming from the theater to take supper out. The new rule was enforced for the first time Sept. 30, and caused many demonstrations from the other part of the public."

The coming of Captain Roald Amundson, the famous Arctic explorer, to make a lecturing tour of America, is being hailed with delight by the Norwegians of the United States. He landed in New York the latter part of October, and will appear in most of the leading cities of the country, as well as in smaller cities, where Scandinavian-Americans are numerous. That his tour will be a brilliant success, there can be no doubt. Like so many of his countrymen—Dr. Nansen, for instance—he is a master of the English language, so that he can appear to advantage before an American audience. He is not only an explorer, but also a scholar, who has carried on extensive research work along scientific lines. His discovery of the northwest passage is so far his greatest achievement, but there are those who believe that he will win still greater renown by reaching the north pole. Captain Amundson is a great admirer of Dr. Nansen, and will adopt his method of reaching the pole, namely, by drifting across it on an ice floe.

The company that has been operating iron mines in South Sydvanger, has made a loan of 12,000,000 crowns from the Nord Deutsche bank of Hamburg and the Discount bank of Berlin, and has increased its capital stock to 10,000,000 crowns, the former capital stock being 5,000,000 crowns. The company took this action in order to be able to operate its mines on a larger scale. It is estimated that in 1910 the output will be from ,900,000 to 1,000,000 tons of ore, containing 67 per cent of iron of excellent quality.

At Grand cafe in Kongsberg the other day the dinner guests were startled to see a great big elk come marching into the room. He looked about for a minute or more and in consternation, rushed through a big plate glass window and took to the woods.

A slight earthquake shock was felt Oct. 15 all along the Drammens river. For some reason or other it was not noticed on the seismograph in Bergen and scientists are now beginning to wonder what was the matter with the seismograph.

The Brustad gold mines near Eidsvold have been sold to seven land owners from Christiania and will be operated again next spring.

Madame Nina Grieg, wife of the late composer, Edward Grieg, and her sister will spend the winter in Copenhagen.

Otto Winter-Hjem, the Christiania composer, celebrated his 70th birthday the other day.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

In Denmark an organization has been formed to wage world-wide war on the rat. Aided and abetted by the Danish government, it is perfecting the machinery for a ruthless war that is to end only with the utter extermination of the enemy. It is hoped ultimately to make the rat an extinct mammal. Every aid that ingenuity can devise or money buy will be enlisted. National campaigns, nationally financed, will be begun and prosecuted with vigor against the inveterate enemy of mankind. Zuschlag, the Copenhagen engineer, who has set this movement afoot and who has written a book in its favor, has made a long study of the problem. He has proved that rats cost the little kingdom of Denmark more than $2,[illegible] a year in damages preventable. In eighteen weeks under a system of bounties [illegible] rats were killed in Copenhagen alone. It cost only $3,152.40 to pay for this work, the bounty being a little over 3 cents a rat. These [illegible] rats would have caused damage amounting in the same period to [illegible] to say nothing of the disease and death they would have brought about.

The Danish steamer "Alfred Erlandsen" was lost in a storm off the Point near St. Abb's Head on the coast of Scotland a few days ago. The entire crew, consisting of twenty men, were drowned. The steamer was on its way from Libau to Grangemouth with a load of lumber.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

GIRL AROUSES TOWN.

Rings Bell to Warn Citizens That Burglars Are at Work.

Braving the danger of being shot by a gang of bank robbers who had been driven from their work by her father and brother, Ruth Trump, the twelve-year-old daughter of John Trump of Robbinsdale, a suburb of Minneapolis, ran to the town hall and rang an alarm which summoned the citizens from their beds to join in the pursuit of the burglars.

Ignoring natural fears, the child groped about the dark, empty room until she found the bell rope, and then, putting all her strength to the effort, she sent out such an alarm as the village has not heard in years. Citizens, roused from their sleep of early morning, leaped from their beds and rushed, scantily clad, into the streets, where the sound of firearms gave them an inkling as to the cause of the bell's clangor. Men hurried back to their homes, and seizing such weapons as first came to their hands, ran into the streets and joined the girl's father and brother in the chase.

Many shots were fired, but as far as is known none took effect and the marauders disappeared in the direction of Minneapolis. The police of the Twin Cities were notified, but no arrests have been made. The attempt on the bank safe was a failure, though two charges of nitroglycerin were fired.

KILLED BY BOYS' PRANK.

Austrian Workman at Duluth Steps on Live Wire.

"To make the Austrians jump," seemed to be the ambition of several small boys in West Duluth and, securing a piece of hay wire, they attached it to an electric light wire and strung it in front of an Austrian boarding house. Yova Mohls, the first man to approach, stepped on it and was instantly killed. Three boys are under arrest. They are Arthur Emberg, Herbert Dalter and George Latartel, ranging from twelve to fourteen years of age.

Colonel Alvaren Allen Dead.

Colonel Alvaren Allen, one of the pioneer residents of St. Paul, is dead. He was born in New York state Sept. 25, 1822, and went with his parents to Wisconsin in 1837. He was married in 1851, took his bride for an overland wedding trip, saw St. Anthony Falls and settled in the new village and later removed to St. Paul. He was the owner of several stage lines in the early days of the state. He brought an interest in the Merchants hotel in 1873, and soon owned it. His death resulted directly from a fall at his cottage at Lake Minnetonka on Sept. 20.

Streak of Bad Luck.

If there is any man in Minnesota who has had a harder run of luck for three weeks than M. A. Nelson, an inspector of the Winona Telephone company, he is not known. About three weeks ago Mr. Nelson was kicked by a horse and is still confined to his home. Just as he was beginning to recover his twin daughters, four years of age, were taken seriously ill. The climax has come in an attack of appendicitis that caused his wife to be taken to the hospital for an operation.

Sale of Minnesota Timber.

The state disposed of approximately 26,000,000 feet of timber at the annual sale held at the state capitol at St. Paul. The average price paid was $7.50 per 1,000 feet. The highest price realized was $9.10, paid by Martin Bros. of Duluth for a tract containing 710,000 feet of mixed timber. The sale realized the state about $200,000, of this amount about $40,000 being paid down. In all 41,000,000 feet of timber was offered for sale.

Threaten to Impeach Mayor.

Mayor Haynes of Minneapolis is to be visited by the ministers of that city in their efforts to have the saloons closed at 11 o'clock at night. The ministers at first intended to carry the matter directly to the county attorney and demand enforcement of the state laws, but they have decided to give the mayor a chance to observe the law and if he does not do so they threaten to impeach him.

Acquitted on Bribery Charge.

Elmer H. Dearth of St. Paul, former state insurance commissioner, on trial at Minneapolis on the charge of bribery, has been acquitted, Judge Smith instructing the jury to return a verdict of not guilty. Dearth was accused of taking a bribe of $200 from W. F. Bechtel, former president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company of Minneapolis.

Night Operator Robbed.

The Northern Pacific railroad night telegraph operator at Hawley, Howard Rice, was startled by the smashing of window glass and saw a gun pointed at him. While held up by the man outside, another man came in and searched Mr Rice, getting about $15 and his watch.

Woman in Critical Condition.

Mrs A. A. Lincoln of St. Paul, sixty-three years of age, is in a critical condition from hemorrhage of the lungs resulting from a fire in her home. She was rescued unconscious from the burning building by [illegible] and Minogue of the fire department.

Escaped Convict From Minnesota.

Frank Smith, alias Marshall, an escaped convict from Minnesota [illegible] at St Cloud, has been arrested in Berkeley, Cal., and turned over to the Oakland police to await the arrival of an officer from the Minnesota state institution.

THREE MINERS SLAIN

Dynamite Outrage Perpetrated on the Iron Range.

SHOT DOWN BY THE HUSBAND

Aged St. Paul Man Mortally Wounded While Shielding Another Man's Wife.

Three Italians met instant death and two were injured in a mysterious explosion of dynamite which occurred at the Canistoe mine, near Coleraine. Seven Italians were keeping bachelor's quarters in a log cabin near the mine. The cabin was dynamited and three of the men were killed. Two others were injured and the remaining two escaped unhurt.

The men recently withdrew from the Western Federation of Miners and it is suspected that some of the more violent adherents of the organization may have had something to do with the outrage.

TRAGEDY IN ST. PAUL.

Aged Man Shields Another Man's Wife and Is Shot by Husband.

Shot down on his doorstep Charles Rychmann, fifty years old, of West St. Paul, a bookkeeper employed by the Great Northern road at St. Paul, lies dying at Dr. H. A. Dreschsler's private hospital, with a bullet hole through his left lung, while his assailant, Henry Fehrmann, fifty-five years old, a shoemaker, raves in the county jail. Rychmann's condition is regarded as almost as hopeless: his chances for recovery are one in a hundred. Rychmann was shielding Fehrmann's wife from attack by her husband.

Rychmann was shot down on his own doorstep by Fehrmann, who in a frenzy drew a revolver and fired deliberately at his unsuspecting victim for ordering him off the premises. Immediately after the shooting Fehrmann walked down South Robert street to a distant saloon, where he was arrested by Patrolman Carey. His only explanation of the shooting is that Rychmann tried to hit him with a rock. Fehrmann was first taken to the Ducas street station, but became so violent that he was taken to the county jail, where he raved like a madman.

Fehrmann, who had not been living with his family for some time, asked his wife to leave her home and go with him, threatening to kill her if she did not do so. She sought shelter in the Rychmann home and when her husband followed her, Mr. Rychmann ordered him off the premises and the tragedy then occurred.

WOUNDS HIS WIFE.

Austin Man Then Ends His Own Life by Shooting.

After wounding his wife with three shots from his revolver William Miller of Austin turned the weapon against himself and inflicted a wound which caused his death soon afterwards. Mrs. Miller is expected to recover.

The tragedy was enacted in the Miller home. Divorce proceedings, started by the woman as a result of differences over control of her property, are said to have caused the shooting.

Bechtel Is a Free Man.

William F. Bechtel, the indicted Minneapolis insurance man, who was convicted once and acquitted once of grand larceny in the first degree, is free from charge of crime. On motion of John F. Dahl, assistant county attorney, Judge John Day Smith nolled the indictments against Bechtel, thus bringing to a close the history of the Minneapolis insurance investigation. Bechtel was recently granted a new trial because of the improper conduct of the deputy sheriff in charge of the jury that convicted him.

Insurance Scandal Cases Ended.

Fred J. Sackett, former secretary of a Minneapolis insurance company, indicted by a former grand jury on two charges of grand larceny in the first degree, appeared before Judge Fred V. Brown and both cases were nolled. The action ends the long line of insurance scandal cases which have been hanging fire in Minneapolis for two years.

Boarding House Dynamited.

An unsuccessful attempt was made at Duluth by unknown parties to blow up a small boarding house conducted by Nicholas Rach, presumably with dynamite. Beyond splintering a few boards in the front of the house and arousing the boarders and some of the neighbors from their slumbers, no damage was done.

Smallpox Closes School.

Dr. G. A. Renz, health commissioner of St. Paul, has [illegible] an order closing the [illegible] school and the building is being fumigated. [illegible] cases of smallpox were discovered [illegible] the pupils and the victims have been isolated in the detention hospital.

Acquitted of Murder Charge.

[illegible] brought in a verdict of not guilty. Mr Meagher is from North Dakota, where he bears a good reputation.

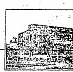

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on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths - Plush upholstered seats.

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to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rates and reservations, call on,

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TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

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LONDON PICKPOCKETS

Tricky or Brutal and Vicious, According to Their Class.

METHODS OF THE "GUN MOB"

The False Arm Game and the Use of the Pocketless Overcoat—The Pipe and Red Pepper Trick—How a Gang Will Pluck a Victim In a Crowd.

"Gun mob" is simply English thieves' slang for a pickpocket and his gang of confederates—"gentlemen" who reap an annual harvest of anything they can lay their hands upon in a crowd. Summer time, when race courses, athletic grounds and seaside places are crowded, is the pickpocket's favorite and most profitable season, and when an event occurs like a royal garden party at Windsor the light fingered gentry positively chuckle.

Twenty plain clothes detectives attended the last garden party to protect his majesty's guests from the tricks of the pickpockets, but the latter left Windsor richer by hundreds of pounds in spite of Scotland Yard and carried away with them the gold hunter watches of several of the titled guests.

At one time the modern detective was apt to despise the pickpocket somewhat, characterizing him as a low and not particularly clever thief. His ingenuity, daring and coolness today, however, "compel our admiration," to quote one of the cleverest detectives, "and we feel pleased when we lay one of them by the heels."

The British pickpocket's tricks are many and various, and he is adding to their number every day. The false arm game is one of the cleverest and is calculated to deceive a detective, even although he may have his eyes on the operator. A coat is thrown loosely over a false arm, which is held naturally. Apparently both of the pickpocket's hands are in view, while in reality the skillful fingers of one hand are going through the pockets of the man beside him.

The use of the pocketless overcoat, or the cape coat, which makes an entire cover for the hands, is an old dodge, which nevertheless is still popular with the pickpocket. He often prefers, however, to use a novel invention known as the sash method. The sash consists of a piece of black silk or alpaca two yards long and three-quarters wide. It is folded the same as a neck scarf and crossed centrally beneath the coat and vest, both ends being brought under the arms and placed in the hip pockets of the trousers. When ready for action the "tool," as the man is called who actually picks the pocket, places his hands behind the folds of this device, and it enables him to conceal his purpose as he "fronts" a man to rob him of his watch or money if the latter is in his trousers pocket.

A "tool," however, has other means of covering his hands without resorting to the aid of coat or sash. A newspaper or theater programme is often used. Beware of looking over a stranger's shoulder to glance at a newspaper or programme—a little action we are often guilty of when it only necessitates a turn of the head. You may be risking nothing, but, on the other hand, you may be seated or standing by the side of a professional pickpocket, who has only to hold the paper at a certain angle while you are engrossed in some item to cover his movements as he relieves you of your valuables.

The black silk handkerchief and hat are employed in the same manner as the paper, only the former is sometimes used in the "sling method" to carry a supposedly crippled arm. The manner in which that arm would rest against your face, as if raised to avoid some one striking it, while the other hand took your scarfpin and watch would excite compassion from the victim himself.

The pickpocket's most dastardly trick—but one, be it noted, which is only used by the man who is too clumsy to perform that sleight of hand upon which the clever thief prides himself—is that of blinding the victim with pepper blown through a pipe. The bowl of the latter is filled with a false bottom and second tube, the cavity below the false bottom being filled with cayenne pepper, while tobacco is placed above it. Approaching a gentleman in an ill lighted street, the thief asks for a light for his pipe, and while the victim feels for his matches he is suddenly blinded by a discharge of cayenne pepper, which the scoundrel blows through the hole in the bottom of the pipe into his eyes. Maddened with the terrible pain, the victim presses his hands to his eyes, and the robber snatches his watch and chain and decamps, to repeat his exploit on some other unsuspecting pedestrian.

It is not very often, however, that the pickpocket works alone, although women who belong to the light fingered fraternity—and who, by the way, are often more successful than men—usually prefer to do so. Men thieves like to work in "mobs," for the simple reason that they can transfer the "boodle" from one to the other in a crowd. Consequently if recognized by a detective and arrested on suspicion there is nothing in their possession on which they can be convicted.

Besides, confederates—or "stalls," as they are called in the vernacular of the "profession"—are necessary to do that little bit of hustling which makes the "tool's" task so much easier and lessens the risk of detection.

Many are doubtless aware that tram terminal in busy thoroughfares are places where the pickpocket is always looking for plunder, and a "mob" of four will often work together in such a crowd. A prosperous looking victim is selected, and as he attempts to board the car the four quickly surround him, with the "artist" behind.

The confederate in front uses every subterfuge to block the progress of the victim until the coup has been brought off, and while the men on each side hem him in and distract his attention with their hustling the man behind helps himself from his pockets. It is a trick which rarely fails with cool, expert thieves, although amateurs at the game are often caught through lack of nerve and quickness.

The "stall" or confederate will not allow any one who has been chosen for a victim to change his position until a peculiar cluck tells him the trick has been accomplished or unless there has been an alarm from an outside source. When more than one "stall" is used the other men devote part of their attention to watching any of the passengers who may be inclined to suspect mischief, and with their boot toe in close proximity to that of the "tool" they can convey a danger signal without fear of attracting the least attention. When such a signal reaches the "tool" he will desist in his attempt at plunder, and, though he has never turned his head to see who prevented larceny, he will completely lull the suspicions of the same individual by his manner thereafter.

Generally speaking, the profits of pickpocketing are not worth the risk. Occasionally thieves make a good haul, as in the case of the king's garden party already alluded to, but often great risk is run to secure a man's pocketbook, for instance, only to find that it is simply filled with cards and memoranda.

Hard cash is what the pickpocket likes to secure. For jewelry he can only get about one-half of what it is worth from the fence, while for watches he rarely gets more than one-fourth. Consequently the professional pickpocket must be industrious to earn a livelihood.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Dandyism Which We Admire.

One is sorry for the dandies of our day, because, though their clothes fit ever so well and are ever so fresh, custom prescribes a dark or subfusk hue, with no lace, no velvet (above all, not on coat collars), no slashes, puffs and vandykings, no pearls and gold, no gules and azure. The common trousers are shapeless things, and for perfection you need two pairs every day. Genius is stunted, display is checked, and, though you may wear brilliant hose with knickerbockers in the country, glorious waistcoats are rarely seen except in the windows of tailors' shops at Oxford and Cambridge. The dandy can only cultivate immaculate neatness and perfection of fit. Our officers at Ladysmith when the place was relieved looked like skeletons, but were as spruce and neat, I have been told, as ever they showed in the park. They cultivated self respect, like Stendhal, the celebrated novelist, who was said to have been the only man that shaved every day in the dreadful winter retreat from Moscow. This is the dandyism which we admire, the perfection of personal self respect exhibited in Julius Caesar, Claverhouse, and Montrose, combing his lovelocks, like the Three hundred of Thermopylae, on the morning of his shameful death. He went to the gibbet "like a bridegroom to his bride." History, and "the human heart by which we live," have an immortal tenderness for the great, the wise, the brave, who have died dandies as they lived, gallant hearts and stately gentlemen.—Andrew Lang in Century.

The Baby In the Sieve.

Among the fellahin of Egypt, mystic land of pyramid and mummy, no man, not even Philip my king's own daddy, may look upon the new little arrival until the seventh day. Upon that morning the baby is placed in a sieve and carried through the house in a procession twinkling with smiles and lighted tapers, the wicked spirits whose curiosity may have been excited by his lordship's advent pushed into the background of life by discreet grafts of grain and salt scattered along the triumphant route. Twice the procession pauses in solemn purpose, first to shake the sieve, thus insuring—with lusty wails no doubt—that the wee rider shall prove a fearless man, and second, to hold the blinking cherub up to the sun to sharpen his eyes. After this he makes his first bow to the paternal presence. He is christened by the cadi sucking a stick of sugar candy and allowing the drawn out sweetness to trickle from his mouth into the open sesame of the surprised youngster, after which the cadi pronounces the given name.—Los Angeles Times.

How the Artists' Model "Happens."

Most of our models are not made; they just happen. Girls, in most cases of breeding and intelligence, want to make a little money for some special occasion. Some acquaintance recognizes that they have distinction and style and gives them the address of an illustrator who happens to need just such a person. They pose once in this way, more or less from necessity, find they can make an independent living in a congenial manner, and so come again. In consequence the women who pose for a livelihood in New York are exceedingly nice as a class. The prevalent idea that the words "artists model" necessarily mean a highly paid, greatly petted and utterly depraved individual is ridiculous in the extreme. A first class artists' model in New York city receives $3 a day for six hours' hard work. A photographic model has of course a different proposition. She has shorter hours and higher rates.—From "Being a Model," by Charles F. Peters, in Bohemian.

EXPENSIVE BANQUETS.

Dinners Costing $100 a Plate Are Not Uncommon.

FADS THAT SWELL THE BILL.

Artistic and Scenic Effects and Luxurious Surroundings Help to Pile Up the Price—Methods of the Manager of a Modern Dining Palace.

How would you like to pay $100 for a single meal? There was a time when this question would have seemed absurd, but now, with our rapidly growing wealth, it excites little comment. Yes, $100 a plate banquets are not uncommon among the Four Hundred, and $40, $50 and $60 a plate are quite ordinary charges for twentieth century banquets. To the ordinary mind, however, it is not easy to imagine a list of delicacies expensive enough to foot up such an amount or an appetite so expensive as to desire them. Nightingales' tongues and humming birds' wings, washed down with the costliest wines, would not satisfy the up to date diner, however. The caterer does not depend entirely upon his chef and his steward for the success of great "functions." Artists and mechanical geniuses are his chief assistants. He must be able to transform a New York banquet hall into a plaza in Venice, a corner of old Japan or an ancient Greek or Roman palace, as his guests' taste or whim may dictate.

Fads of millionaires and the fancies of clubs and societies always seeking the unusual have brought to pass the $100 a plate dinner. The production of the surroundings they demand necessitates the outlay of thousands of dollars for each separate banquet. It would never do to have two banquets alike, as goes without saying.

There was recently given in a new hotel in New York a bachelor dinner at which the guests were seated in a corner of Venice. The effect was a masterpiece of scenic art and electrical ingenuity, and that, quite as much as the rich viands, was what the host wanted and was paying for. The doors along the corridor at the sides of the great banquet hall were removed, and in their places balustrades were set to give the appearance of Venetian balconies. Beyond stretched a transparency 150 feet long and twenty feet high, showing most realistically a street in the city of canals. Between this and the dining room was a waterway on which plied a gondola with a party of troubadours, who played and sang as they passed to and fro. The tables were set about the room, at one end of which a beautiful garden of growing palms and flowers had been laid out, in its center a fountain which tossed its light spray almost to the ceiling. Thousands of tinted electric lights shed a soft blue illumination over the whole, giving the effect of Italian twilight. One could scarcely realize that shut out only by the sturdy walls of the hotel and thick hangings were the glare and rumble of Longacre square.

But there is an endless variety of elaborate and picturesque effects created for the twentieth century diner. New York furnishes the most striking examples and the most numerous, though London and Paris vie with her for the honors of extravagance. Mme. Madeleine Lemaire's dinners are perhaps the most notable of Paris. She has a special fondness for the ancient in effects, and in a Grecian court her guests sit at a Greek feast and fill the room with their singing. Another striking effect followed a supper to a notable visitor from abroad. The guests were led to a room which had been arranged to represent a pastoral scene, with growing turf and foliage, and running about among the trees were several little lambs. Overhead was suspended a huge ball which suddenly burst and showered American Beauty roses on those beneath it.

The banquet itself is a gigantic undertaking, for under the manager's supervision comes the selection of dishes, their cooking, the silver, glass and china, the mode of service and the hundred and one other details. A great dining palace seats from 1,500 to 2,000 persons, all of whom must be served simultaneously and each of whom must be served as if he alone were to be considered. This gives some idea perhaps of the banquet manager's task.

The office of this modern magician suggests, with its roll top desk, its typewriter and its telephone, the office of any manager of large enterprises. Here he meets the people playing the part of hosts and goes over the details of the entertainment with them. He suggests, consults, advises and decides on each item not only of the menu, but of decorations and of service. Frequently and particularly in the case of clubs and societies he is offered a fixed figure and must lay out a scheme to come within its limits.

When the commercial arrangements, so to speak, have been made he sits down to map out his campaign. A typewritten plan is sent to the steward showing just what his department may be required to do, another to the decorator, another to the electrician, one to the head waiter, one to the chef, one to the wine keeper and one to the "confectioner of souvenirs." These are the banquet manager's trusted lieutenants, without whom his successes would be little more than frantic endeavors.—New York Letter in What To Eat.

Steel Pens.

Something like 1,500,000 steel pens can be made from one ton of steel.

READ THE NEWS FOR NEWS

START YOUR PICTURE NOW
FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT
BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Will Doege returned to this city Tuesday.

Dr. Bockman was down to St. Paul last week.

T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston last week.

C. M. Evenson was up to Middle River Monday.

Rev. Barackman and family left last Friday for Blackduck.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

Olaf Johnson, of Holt, was in the city Monday and made this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. Perl W. Maybey entertained a company of lady friends last Friday afternoon.

C. W. Stewart was up from Crookston Tuesday and was accompanied home by his wife and son.

Edwin Stanton, who had been clerking in a hotel at Crookston, returned to this city last week.

Carl O. Elg, of the town of Star, was last week married to Eva Shosten, of the town of Highlanding.

Editor Medicraft, of the Roseau Region, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Crookston.

J. W. Wallen came down from the Red Lake country last week to visit old friends here for a few days.

M. C. Collins and family removed from St. Paul to their homestead up near Brunkeberg last week.

Paul I. D. Ostby left last week for Minneapolis and expects to make that city his home in the future.

Cross Eyes straightened without pain or discomfort by Dr. A. J. Klimek, scientific system of fitting glasses.

N. S. Mott, who has been here for the past month buying cattle, returned to his home at Ada last Friday.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples State Bank

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 a. m. at Esplee 3 p. m.
F. Seltz, Pastor.

Supt. and Mrs. J. H. Hay entertained the teachers in the public schools last Thursday evening at the Antlers Club

C. M. Wilson, who is doing some contract work at Ogema, came up last Saturday to visit with his family for a few days.

Wanted—To purchase 50 tons of baled hay. Will pay highest market price. J. A. Egan, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

C. H. Omlid was over to Grand Forks to spend Sunday. He expects to remove to that city the latter part of this month.

Rev. O. Rohde, of Wylie, will conduct services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30 at Manor P. O. 2 p. m.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Eyes, Dr. A. J. Klimek is very successful in treating the most complicated, conditions of the eye and nervous system Consult him if you are not enjoying perfect health.

A civil suit of H. J. Kjos against Paul Hagen was tried last week before Judge Bishop and a jury and attracted considerable attention. The jury found in favor of Mr. Hagen.

—Farm For Rent Sec. [illegible] Town of Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

Edwin Skare, who has been working in a brick yard over near Grand Forks the past summer, was in the city last week enroute to his claim up near Brunkeberg to spend the winter.

Steener Johnson, of Kratka, had about as good an average crop of wheat as any of the farmers of this section. From a field of seventeen acres, he threshed [illegible] bushels, or an average of [illegible] bushels to the acre.

Monday Nov. 11th, Silverton Norwegian Lutheran church will have their annual Harvest and Mission Festival Rt. Rev. K. Bjorgo will deliver a sermon in the forenoon. Dinner will be served at Halvor Fodstad's place.

County Attorney Germo was in the city yesterday.

Renix Bros., "Happy Days in Dixie" Saturday, Nov. 9th.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

See "Happy Days in Dixie" the funniest show on Earth, Opera House Sat. Nov. 9th.

The funniest show on earth, "Happy Days in Dixie." Opera House Saturday Nov. 9th.

F. C. Niclai went up to Roseau yesterday to sell his popular brand of cigars to the trade up there.

Andrew A. Nelson, father of Sheriff Nelson, has been granted an increase in his pension and in the future will receive $12 per month.

—Wanted employment by Mrs. Case maternity nursing, for further particulars call at Mrs. J. Gilbertson South east of the Knox School house.

Mesdames C. C. Jackson, James Meehan, E. L. Sirrine and K. M. Hanson went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

The fine Parlor Clock displayed in the Window at Dr. Klimek new jewelry store is cheaper 25 cents every day. It is going to be a Bargain for sombody.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled, one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone.

Under the auspices of the Women Workers of the Presbyterian church Dr. Gambell will, on next Sunday evening give a lecture on his "Actual Experiences in Alaska." There will be special music.

Tuesday evening was the anniversary of the birth of Fred Holzknecht and he was very pleasantly surprised by a large number of his friends. Some twenty-five were present and all had a most enjoyable time.

John Pederson, Horace Lain and Ed. Ledenholm left last Saturday for Roseau county to prepare a camp, and after the season opens up will hunt deer and moose. Later they will be joined by George Williams, Frank Peterson and others from this city.

Ensign Johnson and Lieut. Craft, have just received orders from headquarters to farewell from Thief River Falls next Sunday evening at 8 p. m. Welcome meeting to the new officers who take their place to work in Thief River Falls Thursday evening Nov. 14.

Most of those from this section who have been in the harvest fields of North Dakota during the fall have returned The season proved a very profitable one for the harvesters this year, and while there was much bad weather, the high wages off set the loss of time.

Ben Borneman, who had been the day operator at the Great Northern, left last week for St. Hilaire to take charge of the station at that place. Peter Becken, who has been cashier at the Greenbush depot, returned to Thief River Falls and has taken the position made vacant by Mr. Borneman.

Dont fail to see "the Sherrys" in their latest comedy play, "A Harmless Flirtation," "The New Doctor" and "Off to the Phillippines." Every line a laugh. New music, new plays, new dances, elegant new costumes, quick changes, no waits. Strictly moral and up to date at Opera House, Thursday Nov. 7.

—Wanted— Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

The congregation of the Norwegian Synod will hold their annual mission and harvest Festival next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., Rt. Rev. K. Bjorgo, president of Minnesota district, will deliver the sermon in the forenoon and in the afternoon he will deliver a lecture on the condition of our church in the pioneer days.

Paul B. Friedlaender, assistant factory inspector of the Minnesota state bureau of labor, arrived in the city Tuesday and will remain here this week investigating numerous cases where children under the age of 16 are not attending school on account of being employed in various business and manufacturing establishments in the city. The laws of the state are very strict and the school board is assisting Mr. Friedlaender in his work.

"The Sherrys," high class comedians, peerless musicians, vocalists, dancers, refined impersonators, lightning change and speciality artists at Opera House, Thursday, Nov. 7. An entire new show this season, better than ever before.

Atty. A. C. Wilkinson, of Crookston, who has been the legal representative of the Great Northern for the past 20 years last week resigned his position and will leave for a new location in the west, his health demanding a warmer climate.

Forty bulls, with a half-mile cable rope running thru a tackle block, is being used in the vicinity of St. James in making ditches. The animals drag an immense plow that turns up a furrow four feet wide and two to three feet deep.

Some farmers near Fergus Falls are said to have made large profits this year raising clover seed. Yields as high as seven bushels per acre are reported and it sells for $13 per hundred. Two car loads of the seed were shipped east last week.

J. D. Abbott, of Rollis, passed through the city last Saturday enroute home from a trip to Otter Tail county. He reports that the farmers are prospering down there and says that one farmer sold the clover seed raised on 10 acres of land for $1080. This section, says Mr. Abbott, is far better for raising clover than Otter Tail county and he believes that if farmers would go into this branch of farming more heavily that it would mean greater prosperity for them.

Louis Seidle went over to Grand Forks yesterday.

Charles Mullen, of Bangor, Maine, arrived in the city yesterday and will visit his cousins, Mesdames Shaw and Dobner for a few days.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	86
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 02
Barley	60
Eggs	25c
Butter	32c
Potatoes	50c

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

The High School is greatly increasing, the enrollment now being 122 and still more to come.

A new temporary black board has been installed in the assembly room of the High School. The state boards are a long time getting here.

Inga Hallen entered the Junior class Monday morning.

Ione Higgins, a prominent Senior, was absent from school the first of the week.

The English Literature teacher asked the other day, "What are the most important factors of a school?" "Teachers" replied one of the brilliant pupils.

The Virgil girls had "Lights" for their subjects a few days last week.

Eleanor Connelly is back after being absent a week.

A few pupils will probably have to drop some studies as they are failing to make the mark required.

The Central building cannot care for the increasing number of pupils. It is already too small.

Auction Sale.

On Wednesday, Nov. 20, I will sell at public auction at my farm three miles northeast of Thief River Falls, all my stock, machinery and household goods.
C. H. Omlid.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 2.

Aentsen Oskar
Bovn Miss Mable
Blomberg Emil
Lee Miss Marie
Johnson Elmer
" Miss Elsie
Walker C. E.
Pastor Baptist Church

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.
Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1.50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1, 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up-to-date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

Socialism Is Practicable.

Socialism is the only [illegible] perfect solution of the great [illegible] problem of life.

"He who will not work, neither shall he eat." Whatever is right [illegible] scientific in theory must be [illegible] practice. If order, system [illegible] are practical, then Socialism is practicable.

CONTRACT FOR BRIDGE

Hennepin Bridge Company Secures the Contract from the City.

The Bid Was $15,950 and $1000 Is Allowed for Old Bridge.

The city council held a special meeting yesterday afternoon and bids for the construction of the new bridge across the Red Lake river to take the place of the present iron structure were opened. The contract was awarded to the Hennepin Bridge company, this concern having in the lowest bid. Their bid for doing the work was $15,950 and in addition to this they will allow the city $1,000 for the iron in the present bridge. Work is to be commenced at once and the bridge is to be completed this winter.

The following were the bids received for building the bridge:

M. A. Ryan	$16,780
Hennepin Bridge Co.	15,950
F. J. Romer & Sons	16,000
Illinois Bridge Co.	17,500
A. D. Burnett & Co.	17,375
Fargo Bridge Co.	17,375

CHANGED THE TYPES.

The Story of a Vengeful Wife and a Bible Error.

In the famous library of Wolfenbuttel, in Hesse, is an old Bible which is greatly treasured. It appears that in that passage in Genesis where God told Eve that Adam shall be her master and shall rule over her the German translation is, "Und er soll dein herr sein." "Herr," which means master, does not occur in this Bible, but instead there appears the word "narr," which means fool.

The error was caused by a quarrel between the printer and his wife in the year 1580. The wife was vengeful, and in the silent watches of the night she entered the room where her husband had been setting type and maliciously changed "herr" to "narr." The printer was arrested after the book had been printed and the mistake discovered, but his apprentice testified that he saw the wife steal into the composing room and alter the word. The woman was imprisoned for blasphemy and died in prison.

Orders were given that all the copies of the edition should be destroyed. This was done, with the exception of the one copy in the Wolfenbuttel library.

Commercial Term In Law.

The plaintiff was stating his case: "Your honor, I was walking alongside of the waiting train when this man, who is a stranger to me, and without any cause whatever, reached out of the car window and planted a couple of powerful blows upon my face."

"Your honor," expostulated the defendant, "I was so enraged by the delay of that train and the miserable service of that road in general that I just had to give vent to my feelings in some way. I couldn't restrain myself."

"I feel for you," admitted the judge, who had had occasion to travel on the same road, "but I am compelled to fine you nevertheless. That pair of hand me downs will cost you just $10."—New York Press.

The Solemn Scotchman.

A Scottish parson was attending a funeral in his own churchyard. The service over and dust given to dust, the green sod smoothed down over the narrow bed, the company departed. But a worthy man remained behind and approached the parson with a solemn face, as though for serious talk.

"Dis ye ken what I aye think at a funeral?" Many serious reflections have come to one there, and the clergyman expected some befitting thought.

"No. What is it you always think?"

The answer was, "I aye think I'm desperate gledd it's no me." The incumbent of that parish was mortified.—Dundee Advertiser.

Christians and Non-Christians.

If all the Roman Catholics in the world were assembled in one city they would make a city larger than the entire population of the United States, Russia and Austria-Hungary. But all the religious Protestant and Catholic denominations combined would make a city only about one third the size of a city large enough to contain all the Mohammedans, Buddhists, Brahmans, pagans and other non Christians of the world.—Minneapolis Journal.

Her Amiable Husband.

Mrs Tittle: That photographer's wife always goes to some other man's studio to have her photographs taken.

Mrs. Tattle: Of course. She never could "look pleasant" when her own husband was about.

Still Unsettled.

"Are you entirely settled in your new flat?"

"No [illegible]

[illegible]

A man [illegible] his wife but he may [illegible]—Chicago News.

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure.* We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

A MATTER OF HEALTH
ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
A Cream of Tartar Powder free from alum or phosphatic acid
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

The News: $1 per Year.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1907 NUMBER 46

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Historical Society

A GROWING SCARCITY.

Operations of Minnesota Trappers Are Becoming More Limited.

Still Many in Business—Fur Commands a High Price.

It is believed the fur harvest in Minnesota this fall and winter will be smaller than for many years past, owing to a growing scarcity of fur-bearing animals in the forests of the northern half of the state; but high prices obtainable will in a measure make up for the scarcity, so far as the trappers themselves are concerned. Pelts of all kinds will command a good figure this season.

Northern Minnesota has always been a great fur-producing center, and Thief River Falls from the early days, has been a base of supplies for the trappers, although the number of men employed in this class of work, as compared with the number in other vocations, has been so small that the general public has heard little regarding the business. Operations of searchers after furs have nevertheless been very extensive in the district north and northeast of the city, and thousands of dollars worth of skins have been sent East annually from this district.

As the wilder regions become settled up, fur-bearing animals become more scarce, and the good trapping districts in Minnesota are becoming few and far between. It will not be many years before animals of the kind desired have entirely disappeared, for the more ordinary varieties, such as mink and muskrat and skunk, are often to be found near cities; but at the present rate it will not be a great while before profitable trapping, as a business, will be a thing of the past. It will not be good enough to warrant a man putting his whole time to it.

Most of the trappers who will operate in Northern Minnesota this fall and winter are already on the ground. Furs will be prime this month. The men figure on getting to the scene of operations early, in order to map out their winter's work before cold weather actually sets in, and being all ready at the opening of the season, they will lose no time. Indians are extensively engaged in the business, but there are also numerous white men who spend the entire winter in the woods trapping in this state.

High prices for nearly all kinds of fur are quoted for the opening of the season. Skunk, quite common in this section, is one exception to the high prices. The raw fur, while not much used in the United States, is common in the European markets, and as the condition of trade there is very quiet, the season will no doubt close with quite a quantity left over. Mink and marten are important factors in the calculations of Minnesota trappers. Mink starts out high in price, from $9 down, according to size and quality. Marten are quoted as high as $20, and otter, also largely trapped in this state, commands $22 for the best pelts. Lynx are in good demand, but fox pelts are not in very active demand. Muskrats bring about 35 cents, which is unusually high. The catch of marten last season was the smallest for many years, and consequently the demand will be good all this season, with high prices.

Thus early in the season values are somewhat uncertain. Here are some of the present quotations: Gary fox, $1; otter, $22; marten, $20; mink, $9; black bear, $10; red fox, $5; skunk, $1; beaver, $8; wolf, $3 50; white weasels, 50 cents; fisher, $10, silver fox, $5; cross fox, $10; lynx, $8. The principal catch of the Minnesota trapper consists of the above animals. Silver gray foxes, of course, are very rare. The prices quoted are the highest paid for the best quality of pelts, and are above the average price that can be obtained.

Want Same Light.

There are some things about railway rates that do not look exactly right to the man who pays the express. It costs a 210-pound man 21 cents to ride 10 miles—but if you want to send a five pound package the same distance it costs 35 cents.—Humdrum Review.

VIEWS OF STEENERSON

Ninth District Congressman Tells of Prospective Work of Congress.

How He Will Stand on Numerous Bills of Importance to the People.

Congressman Steenerson has given out the following interview relative to probable work that will be taken up at the coming session of congress, and also concerning matters in which he will be personally interested:

"As I expect to retain my old committee assignments, that on postoffice and post roads and militia, under the system of division of labor among the committees that are provided in the House, I necessarily will give a great deal of time and attention to affairs coming before those committees.

"We made a beginning in the last congress towards a reform of the whole postal service. The railway mail pay was cut down, saving millions, and the salaries of clerks and carriers were increased without really diminishing the revenues of the service. We provided for a commission to investigate the cost of carrying the different classes of mail matter and the subject of railway mail pay and we expect to get a report upon those subjects which will come up for consideration. It is a matter of gratification that the deficit in the postoffice department is constantly growing less and if the government should be required to pay for the free matter that is now carried it is the opinion of those best informed that there will be no deficit at all.

"The Postmaster General recently announced that he would make two important recommendations, first, in regard to parcel post and second in regard to establishing postal savings banks. I was interviewed regarding the first proposition a few days ago and thru some mistake I was quoted, at least in the head lines of the article, as favoring the proposition of the Postmaster General regarding parcel post. This was a mistake. I was careful not to commit myself either for or against that proposition. Generally speaking I should be opposed to doing anything that would be injurious or destructive to the business of the local merchants of the country, and whether the proposition of the Postmaster General will sufficiently safeguard those interests or not is a question upon which I am in doubt. We expect to hear both sides of that question and I for one will determine it as it may seem right and just.

"I introduced several bills in the last Congress which I shall re-introduce in this. These are:

1st. The bill to create a tariff commission, which I shall press for favorable consideration.

2nd. A bill appropriating the proceeds of the public lands, to be placed in general revolving fund to be used in the aid of drainage of swamps and overflowed lands.

3rd. Appropriations have been made for the last two years for draining surveys of the ceded Indian lands and I expect the Department to recommend a large appropriation for the reclamation of these lands, and I shall introduce a bill with that end in view.

4th. A bill providing for the disposal of the timber on the diminished Red Lake Indian reservation.

5th. I shall also probably introduce bills regarding final proofs on ceded Indian lands the object being to relieve settlers who have in good faith made substantial compliance with the law, but whose claims are held up in the department for technical defects.

6th. There will also be a demand for the improvement of the Red River of the North, and the Red Lake river, which in conjunction with the Senators I shall try and have provided for in the River and Harbor bill if one is to be passed at this session.

Taking Good Care of

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you---that's part of our business; seeing that you get the right clothes, for you; the fit perfect, the style right. We're not simply trying to sell you some clothes ---any kind---and get your money. We want you to have the right thing---for you.

We sell and recommend Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes because they are right, in every way; when we get a man into such clothes we know he's correctly dressed.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

...... THE HOME OF ......

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

GORDEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS.

An Event in Sunday Journalism.

The people of the middle West are rapidly discovering that the Sunday Magazine of The Chicago Record Herald is not only a real magazine but also one of the greatest in this age of magazines. Its recent display of enterprise in paying $25,000 for the exclusive serial rights of Conan Doyle's new romance, "Sir Nigel," compelled even the editors of the famous monthlies to acknowlege the presence of a new and powerful rival.

When this was followed by Anthony Hope's new Zenda romance, "Sophy of Kravonia," the reading world needed no further proof that the Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald was able to capture the finest and most costly new fiction offered in England and America. Its illustrations and cover designs in color have from the beginning been of unsurpassed beauty and artistic grace. Its short stories, descriptive articles, humor, poetry and sketches of all kinds are the choicest that the literary market affords, many of them being written by the most popular authors and magazine contributors in the United States. In short, it is an entertaining, high-class magazine that will bear comparison with the best independent weeklies or monthlies, whatever the price.

There is nothing else like it in American journalism.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1908 Almanac.

Is ready for delivery and excels all former editions in beauty and value. The cover is a beautiful design in colors, the entire book is full of fine half tones, astronomical engravings and interesting matter. It contains the Hicks weather forecasts complete for the whole year, finely illustrated. The price by mail is 35 cents, on News-Stands 30 cents. Word and Works, the Rev. Irl R. Hicks fine monthly magazine, contains all his weather forecasts from month to month, together with a vast amount of the best family reading. The price is $1 a year and one almanac goes with each subscription. Address Word and Works Publishing Co., 2201 Locust St., St. Louis, Missouri. Write for rate on almanacs in quantities. Agents wanted.

Moves Houses On Flat Cars.

The Great Northern freight train on last Friday brought quite a novel consignment of freight to Thief River Falls. Five houses, that had been erected at St. Hilaire a number of years ago by the St. Hilaire Lumber company, were purchased by the Hanson & Barzen Milling company and loaded upon flat cars and removed to this city. The houses are being placed upon lots owned by Messrs Hanson and Barzen in Porters' addition and will be either sold or rented when they have been fixed up.

In one of the Minnesota towns the chief of police swore in ten boys as special officer on Hallowe'en night. He reports that the plan worked finely. The boy policemen and their friends clashed with the mischief makers in one or two instances and the forces of law and order came out on top. The same plan has been used in Council Bluff, Iowa, with success, the appointment going as a reward of merit, so to speak, during the time intervening since the boys were last on duty.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

WILL TAKE NEW TACK.

Large Breweries Will Quit Starting Saloons in Smaller Towns.

Find That It Does Not Pay Them to Do This.

Recently the large brewing concerns of the state held a secret meeting in St. Paul and some of the more important developments at this meeting are now becoming public.

The most important matters taken up was that of the large breweries giving financial backing to saloons and individuals in the smaller towns. In the past it has been the custom of the big breweries to furnish the money for individuals to open saloons in towns like Thief Rivers Falls and in many cases the breweries started the saloons and paid men salaries to run them.

Hereafter the big breweries will not engage in the country saloon business and they will be in no way financially interested in country saloons. They found that because the old practice brought irresponsible men into the saloon business and generally caused the breweries to lose financially, it was better to stop the practice. The most important consideration, however, which influenced this action by the breweries, was the growing sentiment among the people of country towns against saloons in their midst backed by the city breweries Such saloons were generally places of turmoil and disturbance.

Beef Cuts.

An Iowa reader asks: "What is the usual price asked for the different cuts of beef, and how much money may be expected from the sale of a good sized dressed beef?"

A steer that weighs 1,[illegible] pounds has a dressed weight of 1,016 pounds. The different cuts, weight and price to be expected may be as follows;

Neck, 40 pounds at 4c; chuck, 277 pounds at 7c; prime of rib, 117 pounds at 12c; porter house steak, 103 pounds at 18c; sirloin steak, 87 pounds at 15c; rump, 35 pounds at 10c; round steak, 183 pounds at 10c; shank, 30 pounds at 2c; flank, 72 pounds at 4c; rib plate, 128 pounds at 5c; shank, 21 pounds at 2c. Total, 1,016 pounds at $[illegible]—Journal of Agriculture.

—Wanted— Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Silverton News.

P. O. Holten was in to Thief River Falls last week to buy a load of lumber for the purpose of building an addition to his home. It is rumored that P. O. will not always remain a bachelor.

T. S. Holom is back from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Mrs. T. K. Rynestad, who has been visiting friends in Grand Forks, is expected to return home this week.

S. K. Dahle returned last week from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Ole G. Hanson has finished building his barn.

Farmers have been quite busy doing their fall plowing, and a large amount of land is now ready for next season's crop.

Coal

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL

2,000 lbs. for a Ton.

Leave orders at the Langseth Mercantile Co.'s or at O. Tessum's.

Ed O'Hara
THE DRAYMAN.

START YOUR PICTURE NOW
FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT

BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 05
Barley	55
Eggs	25c
Butter	32c
Potatoes	50c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 11.—Close—Dec., $1.03; May, $1.09½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅝@1.05⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.04⅝@1.04⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅝@1.01⅝; No. 3 Northern, 96@98c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 11.—Wheat—On track and to arrive—No. 1 hard, $1.05¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.03¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.01¾; Dec., $1.04¾; May, $1.10¾. Flax—To arrive, on track and Nov., $1.15¾; Dec., $1.19¾; May, $1.26¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.60; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@5.00; veal calves, $4.00@5.75. Hogs—$4.85@5.05. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@4.75; good to choice lambs, $5.50@6.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—Close—Wheat—Dec., 94¼c; May, $1.03. Corn—Dec., 57⅝@57½c; May, 58c. Oats—Dec., 47½c; May, 50⅝@50¾c. Pork—Jan., $13.25; May, $13.60. Butter—Creameries, 21@26c; dairies, 21@24. Eggs—17½@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 9c; springs, 10c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@6.90; cows, $1.25@5.00; calves, $5.50@7.50; Texans, $3.35@4.10; Westerners, $3.00@5.35; stockers and feeders, $2.30@4.45. Hogs—Light, $4.85@5.45; mixed, $4.95@5.60; heavy, $4.85@5.50; rough, $4.85@5.00; pigs, $4.00@5.00. Sheep—Natives, $2.40@5.20; yearlings, $5.00@5.65; lambs, $4.25@7.00.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

The Red Lake river froze over this week.

Bert Walker was down to Mahnomen Monday.

Lars Bakke city clerk went to Crookston Monday.

Louis Seidle left Monday for the Red Lake country.

Joseph Johnson was in the city the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Dr. and Mrs. Grundy last Friday.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week.

Herman Swanke was down from his claim on business last Monday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence. Evenson block. Phone 214.

Mrs. E E. Sirrine returned to this city Tuesday from Red Lake Falls.

Milton and Bert Forder left Monday evening for a trip to Virginia, Minn.

Peter Eberhardt left Monday for Bemidji and other points on business.

Robert Lee, deputy sheriff went to Red Lake Falls Monday to attend court.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hovet spent Sunday at Crookston visiting with friends.

Miss Pearl Peterson returned to this city last Saturday from a trip to St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dobner and children left Tuesday for their home at Kalispell, Mont.

N. J. Costello, of Deer Park, was in the city the first of the week enroute to Red Lake Falls.

James Bulman is at Red Lake Falls this week serving as court deputy for Sheriff Nelson.

S. Swenson, of this city, has sold his general merchandise store at Newfolden to Alfred Johnson.

P. O. Sorlom was down to McIntosh the first of the week looking after his farming interests there.

Cross Eyes straightened without pain or discomfort by Dr. A. J. Klimek, scientific system of fitting glasses.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples State Bank

Wanted—To purchase 50 tons of baled hay. Will pay highest market price. J. A. Egan, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, were in the city last week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard.

—A. L. Mates, superintendent of the large saw mill at Prince Albert, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Miss Mary Caldwell left Tuesday evening for Red Lake Falls, having accepted a position in Register of Deeds' Quists' office.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

—Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., offers any complete course for only $50 to all who enroll before Dec 2nd. Send for catalog now.

George Diebel returned to this city last week from his trip to Milton, N. D. He expects to have his family removed to this city in the near future.

A. C. Hanson has secured the contract for furnishing the gravel to be used in building the piers for the new bridge About 500 yards will be used.

Neal Pannebaker left Monday for the Red Lake country to visit Thief River Falls Lumber companys' camps and also to shoot any deer or moose that crosses his path.

Eyes, Dr. A. J. Klimek is very successful in treating the most complicated, conditions of the eye and nervous system Consult him if you are not enjoying perfect health.

I hereby make it known to the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity, that I will commence my opening sale, November 21 and will be prepared to supply your wants in General Merchandise at as low price as they can be sold for cash and as a special inducement to come and get acquainted I will make cut prices on all kinds of underwear.

J. H. JACOBSON.
NORTH MAIN AVE.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Fuller yesterday.

Herman Swanke is up from Wisconsin visiting old friends here.

The city council held a meeting Tuesday evening and about the only business transacted was that of allowing bills.

John J. Soll and a party from Wylie were in the city yesterday, being enroute to the country northeast of here to hunt deer and moose.

T. K. Rystad, of Silverton, passed through the city Tuesday, being enroute to Grand Forks to visit friends for a few days.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled, one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

—Farm For Rent Sec. 29 Town of Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

Co. Attorney Funkley, of Bemidji, who has just returned from western Canada, says that country is dead and the people are completely discouraged, although real estate men are working overtime to keep up the boom.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Nov. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

State High school Inspector Aiton was in the city the first of the week. He was more than pleased with the conditions in the high school here and said that the schools of this city were the most progressive in the state.

J. H. Jacobson, who came here recently from the southern part of the state to engage in the general merchandise business here, has an announcement in this issue of the News calling attention to his stock of goods.

Captain Johnson and Lieut Eliertson of Brainard, Minn., will come to take charge of the Salvation Army work in this city. Ensign Johnson and Lieut. Craft go to Brainard to look after the Army's interests there.

Among those from this city who were at Red Lake Falls attending court were Nels Lee, Andrew Wassen, Andrew Stenseth, Lars Backe, G. Halvorson, P. W. Mabey, E. M. Stranton, S. Cook, Ira C. Richardson, J. M. Bishop, and Robert Lee.

Some little excitement was caused about town Sunday evening at 1:30 by the ringing of the gong which sounds the burglar alarm on the Citizens State banks' vault. There were no burglars, only a slight mistake had been made in turning the combination, and if everything is not just so the alarm sounds.

Many of the former neighbors of Mrs. Andres Christianson in Deer Park will learn with regret, that she is at the present time in the hospital at Grafton N. D., suffering with typhoid fever. Mr. Christianson has met with the usual luck of about 90 per cent of the farmers who sell off their stock and move to town. Which is financial ruin.—Sunbeam.

Supt. J. H. Hay went down to Crookston last evening to attend the meeting of the Northwestern Educational association. Tonight all of the teachers in the city schools go down and will remain until Saturday. The meeting will be one of the largest educational meetings ever held in the state and it is expected that the attendance will be fully 500. A very entertaining program has been prepared and many men high up in educational matters will be present. Supt. Hay is the president of the association and it is largely due to his efforts that the meeting will be such a successful one.

The come-back spirit of Minnesotans when leaving this state was amply demonstrated once more when Mrs. Mary Francisco, aged 93 years, of Motley accompanied by her son, Alonzo, returned to the "bread and butter" state after having moved to California with the intention of making their future home in the southern clime. Mrs. Francisco lived in California many years previous to moving to this state, but living in California after residing in this state for thirty years was more than she could stand for, and in spite of her age she has returned to Motley and will spend her declining years in this state instead of the southern clime.

The local postoffice has now on sale the much talked of international response coupons which are good in any country in the international response coupons which are good in any country in the international postal union. The coupons are sold at six cents each, and when sending one of these to the party in the foreign country from whom a response is wanted, it should be explained to him for her that with the coupon postage of that country to the value of 25 centimes, equal to five cents in this country, can be secured with the [illegible] answer your letter. The instructions governing the use of the return coupons are printed on them in four different languages, English, French, German and Italian. The coupons sold in this country are not redeemable in the United States, or in other words a return coupon cannot be redeemed in the same country in which it was purchased.

E. A. Rolph was over to Warren the first of the week.

K. M. Hanson was over to Warren the first of the week.

H. G. Dobner was over to Grand Forks last evening.

Phil Zeh was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosenberry, Tuesday.

Joe Jonson and Walter Robbecke went down to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

J. W. Waltin has returned to Red Lake country where he will spend the winter.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. O. Ramstad this afternoon.

Fr. Marselek, of Vessleville, N. D., was in the city the first of the week visiting Fr. Adolph.

Mrs. C. A. Baker, who had been visiting friends in the city returned to her home yesterday morning.

Mrs. Val Yager and children, who had been visiting friends at Ada, returned to this city Tuesday.

Carl Deck, of Crookston, who had been in the city the past week visiting friends, returned home Tuesday evening

L. A. Nelson, who had been here visiting his uncle, C. W. Nelson, returned Tuesday to his home at St. Thomas, N. D.

L. H. Christian of Milwaukee Wis. will give a lecture in Evenson's Hall, Thursday evening Nov. 21. A protest against Modern Scepticism. Seats free. A welcome to all.

It is said that Theif River Falls is to have an ice rink this winter and parties are now making preparations to commence work upon the same. This will undoubtedly be good news to the young people of the city.

Grain buyers report that very little wheat is coming to the Theif River Falls market these days, most of the farmers not being satisfied with the present prices. Flax is the only grain being hauled and not much of this grain is coming in.

The wheel of the separator of a threshing machine passed over the foot of the fourteen year old son of John G. Hagen, a farmer living southwest of Plummer, last Saturday. The injury is a bad one and the boy may be a cripple for the rest of his life.

The prairie fire which started up near Euclid on Friday night and which was not put out until late Saturday afternoon, destroyed the granary and barn on the Mrs. Roberts farm north of Crookston. Several stacks of hay belonging to Robert Casemy and Geo. Rose were also destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been started from sparks from a Great Northern engine.

Meeting of Farmers

The adjourned annual meeting of the Farmers Exchange will be held in the city hall on Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, November 23.

Andrew Trovaten, Pres.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1.50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1. 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up-to-date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1908 Almanac.

Is ready for delivery and excels all former editions in beauty and value. The cover is a beautiful design in colors, the entire book is full of fine half tones, astronomical engravings and interesting matter. It contains the Hicks weather forecasts complete for the whole year, finely illustrated. The price by mail is 35 cents, on News Stands 30 cents. Word and Works, the Rev. Irl R. Hicks fine monthly magazine, contains all his weather forecasts from month to month, together with a vast amount of the best family reading. The price is $1 a year and one almanac goes with each subscription. Address Word and Works Publishing Co., 2201 Locust St., St. Louis, Missouri. Write for rate on almanacs in quantities. Agents wanted.

—Wanted—Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Different Viewpoints.

"One woman will," remarked the [illegible] man, "[illegible] not better."

"And one man," [illegible]

Plenty of Them.

Mrs. Chatter—I always weigh my words before speaking. Mr. Chatter—[illegible] never giving short weight.—Exchange.

LICENSE REQUIRED.

H. M. Hicks Had No Auctioneers License and Others in the Same Boat.

H. M. Hicks was arrested last Saturday for conducting an auction sale in the city, not having a city license. A city ordinance requires auctioneers and numerous others to take out licenses, but it appears that few have complied with the law. Accordingly Mr. Hicks made complaint to City Attorney Halvorson asking for the arrest of others who are required to take out licenses, but who have failed to do so. Mr. Halvorson has notified all of the parties and if they take out a license no arrests will follow. The following are required to pay a license fee according to the ordinance:

Auctioneers, $20

Owners of billiard tables, $5 for each table.

Owners of pool tables, $5 for each table.

Owners of pigeonhole tables, $15 for each table.

Owners of nine pin alleys, $5.

Owners of Theatres, $25.

Owners of permanent shows other than theatres, $25.

Draymen, $10 for each team.

Quite a number have already taken out their licenses and it is expected that others will do so this week.

The Boss Entertained.

The salesmen and office force of the Finch-Winslow Carlisle Company were delightfully entertained by the house on Saturday evening at an elaborate banquet which was served at the Grill This is an annual affair and is given as a token of appreciation by the house and in order to further the social acquaintances of the employees and managers There were no toasts, the boys simply enjoying a social evening together. The following were present: S. S. Morgan, H. Ousley, T. E. Wilde, Thos. Hovet, of Thief River Falls; H. S. Roberts, Nels Christianson, K. Keith, J. H. McKinney Richard Gadde, Wallace Watson, A. G. Jacobson, N. F. Saxon, C. R. Winslow and W. T. Carlisle.—Crookston Times.

The Slander Suit.

One of the cases to come up at this term of the district court that is attracting a great deal of attention is the slander suit of Rev. Johan A. Brendahl against Oscar Olson. The parties to the case reside east of here on the reservation and a large number of witnesses went to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to give testimony in the case. For the past several weeks this subject has been the principal topic of conversation out there and about all of the settlers are lined up on one side or the other of the controversy.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 9.

Baker Nick
Bingham Miss Lizzie
Crompton Oscar
Drager Karl C.
Dahlen Oluf
Dahl Miss Mary
Dunne J. (Gen-Del.)
Dixon Miss Esther
Garfield Karl
Kelly Ed
Kindley Ole A.
Lokken Iver
Mahlum Miss Regna K.
Nelson Miss Agnes
Olson Alf.
Selle Richard
Sand Hans C.
Thompson Ephraim
Vaale Ole
Wilson Geo.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Marriage License.

Clerk of Court Johnson has issued the following marriage licenses during the past week:

Zatique Audette to Nellie Bautain, both of Red Lake Falls.

Albert A. Ness, of Silverton, to Caren O. Balsted, of Smiley.

Knut Yatesund to Maria Hanson, both of Hilda.

Charles S. Fisher to Agusta Lautenbeck, both of Thief River Falls.

Jacob Salvig Gabrielson to Sophia Matheida Odne, both of Thief River Falls.

Midland Concert Company Coming.

The Midland Concert Company, which is the next number on the Lyceum Entertainment Course will appear at the Presbyterian church next Thursday evening, Nov. 14. This company starting on its sixth year has now an almost national reputation. Towns they have visited call it an all star company. A violinist, a [illegible] and accompanist, a reader, and a contralto make up the personnel.

All lovers of [illegible] should not fail to attend this entertainment. Tickets on sale at [illegible] Store.

Auction Sale

On Wednesday, Nov. 27, I will sell at public auction at my farm three miles northeast of Thief River Falls, all my stock, machinery and household goods.

C. H. [illegible]

DISTRICT COURT.

Court Has Been in Session at Red Lake Falls This Week.

District court convened at Red Lake Falls Monday and it is not thought that the term will be over until the latter part of next week.

On Monday a motion was made to have the case of Charles Latta against Julius Pleth, Henry Edorle and Adolph Alrich transferred to Polk county but Judge Watts denied the motion. This is a suit which Mr. Latta brought for damages, and he was asking that each of these gentlemen pay him the sum of $5,000. On Tuesday the case was settled, Mr. Latta receiving the sum of $28.

Case of Mishawaka woolen Manufacturing Co., vs. J. F. Mathews. Plaintiff sued for goods sold and delivered to defendant in the amount of $150.48 case tried before a jury Tuesday, jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the amount of $75 00.

Case of M. F. Shafer & Co., vs. E. M. Hoff. Plaintiff sued for $200 00 for furnishing signs, banners, department cards, store decorations, etc., for defendant's store at St. Hilaire during a certain sale during the month of Sept. 1905.

The Grand jury finished their work Tuesday. Indictments returned were against Joseph Levee, for grand larceny in the second degree and Dan Guerin, for assaulting an officer.

GERMANTOWN.

If the NEWS readers have enjoyed the rest afforded by the silence of the Germantown correspondent as well as he has enjoyed his vacation, there is satisfaction all around. Be it known now tho that he be is still in the ring and will hereafter as occasions arise tell the facts in truthful manner according to ability and as space is allowed in the NEWS columns.

We are given a touch of winter every morning, these days, and the touch will without doubt last all day before long.

Rudolph Manthey is to shoulder the burden of landlord at the Scandia Hotel on the 15th instant, and Anton Jensen, the present proprietor, moves back to town on that date.

The town supervisors are hiring men and teams for ditching at the beaver dam this week and something will be done if the frost will not be too hard.

The school board met on Saturday to let the contract for building of the stone foundation for the school house to be built at Germantown. Martin Olson was awarded the contract and the foundation will be completed this fall if possible.

Some damage is reported after a prarie fire south of here on Friday night, John Johnson sustaining the loss of his barn and two stacks of flax, and two of Rudolph Mantheys hay stacks burned.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Edseth visited at Liner over Sunday.

Threshing in this vicinity is about finished. The present cold weather and short days makes threshing slow work.

A. L. Schram came up last Saturday from Lakota N. D. where he has been threshing this fall. He will remain here for a week or two before going back to California.

Mrs. Sigrid Roudestvedt was up from town last week for a short visit.

Mrs. M. Sodstad and Miss Jasie Bindickson visited at Highlanding on Saturday and Sunday.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Junior Class Reporter.

Maria Gilbertson and James Walker have been absent from the Junior class for the last few days.

Mr. Aiton, State school Inspector, was at the schools on Tuesday.

Five new students entered school Monday morning.

Ione Higgins returned to school Wednesday morning.

Staff Curran was absent Monday and Tuesday, hunting deer.

Miss Godward was absent from her place in school last Thursday afternoon on account of sickness.

Mr. Hay is confined to his home on account of sickness. We are glad to say though that he is better today.

Our Growth in Creameries.

There are twenty five more creameries in the Red River Valley than a year ago. Not only this, but the class of butter made in this section will average with any butter made in the world. The butter from the Red River Valley is retailed in New York at from 40 to 50 cents a pound.—Ada Index.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at [illegible]

[illegible]

R. J. M[illegible],
Register.

CUT PRICE SALE

TWO WEEKS MORE

$20,000 worth of the newest styles and latest cuts in Men's, Boy's and Children's Suits, Overcoats, Plush Lined Overcoats, Sheep Lined Clothing, Trousers, Underwear, Shirts, Collars, Neckwear, Gloves, Mittens, Sweaters, Mufflers, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Overshoes, Trunks and Suit Cases on sale at the most phenomenal cut prices ever offered by any dealer before, here or any where. Bear in mind, every article offered is of this season's manufacture. We have been here only a short time and have no "carry overs" or "way offs."—Every article guaranteed perfect or your money refunded.

Come to the sale—you'll be glad if you do, and sorry if you miss it. Our prices are now as nearly nothing as they ever get. If it won't pay you to come to this sale, it won't pay you to pick up dollars. The original as well as sale price is marked in plain figures. We are giving you the opportunity to lay in your supply at the most opportune time at prices never offered by any dealer at this season of the year.

WILSON'S

THREE DOORS WEST OF THE POSTOFFICE

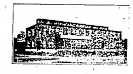

HEADQUARTERS

For storm windows, storm fronts, and storm doors. Order your storm doors and windows and have them hung in place before its to cold to get a good job done. Call on us and be convinced that our price combined with quality is girht as we wish to sell every storm door and sash in this city. Send for price list.

Pioneer Sash & Door Co

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50C. AND $1.00.

ONLY TWENTY YEARS.

This Is As Long As the Timber Supply Will Last Says Forester Pinchott.

"In twenty years the timber supply in United States on government reserves and private holdings, at the present rate of cutting, will be exhausted, although it is possible that the growth of that period might extend to the arrival of the famine another five years." This announcement was made one day this week by Gifford Pinchott, government forester, who has just returned from an inspection tour of 10,000 miles.

In sounding his warning Mr. Pinchott urged that the danger of the situation should be underestimated. He said that the United States uses more timber per capital than any other country and that every man woman and child would be effected. He decried the policy of discounting the future of the country by failure to protect natural resources, and he advised everyone who has not already done so to read President Roosevelt's speech at Memphis on this general subject.

Underlaid With Iron.

A special dispatch from Fergus Falls to the Minneapolis Tribune says: "Otter Tail county seems to be fairly underlaid with iron if the magnetic needle is at all reliable. Thousands of dollars have been paid for options in the northern tier of towns during the past summer and the Longyear company, which purchased them, is now beginning on a new field in the southeast corner of the county. A number of its men, representing this company, were in the city today and drove southward to open negotiations with the farmers. They have covered [illegible] thoroughly with magnetic [illegible] just what is indicated, and they now [illegible]

Of Much Importance

[illegible]

STOLE A TRUNK.

Art Goods Valued at $600 Stolen from the Soo Depot.

A trunk containing about $600 worth of art goods, such as sofa pillows, embroidery, etc, was stolen from the Soo depot last Wednesday The trunk was the property of Belding Bros, of St Paul, and was brought here by their traveling representative, B H Burelson. Later in the day the trunk, which had been broken into and most of the contents taken, was found up near one of the elevators on the Soo line and this is the only trace of the stolen articles.

The stolen goods were part of a collection of art goods which were to be placed upon exhibition in a local store to illustrate the fine embroidery work that could be done with the Belding silk, and were not samples of goods that were to be offered for sale. It will be no easy matter for those who stole these goods to again dispose of them.

Keep Your Money At Home.

Patronize your home merchants. When about to buy give them the first chance to sell you. Don't send your money away to foreign catalogue and mail order house. Your local merchant can and will sell you just as cheap, quality for quality, terms for terms as the catalogue houses on whose goods freight must be paid from a distant point Give your local merchant who helps to maintain your town, to educate your children, good roads, support the churches and charites, a chance to make a living as against the catalogue house which takes your money away from home to enrich greedy monopolists whose success means the extinction of American towns and villages through the ruin of local merchants.

Wedding Bells

Dr. and Mrs. Henry W. Brazie announce the engagement of their daughter, Florence Elizabeth, to Michael Beckman of Thief River Falls, Minn. Miss Brazie is one of the younger society girls, and although she has not been formally introduced she has shared in the many affairs of the younger set for the last two years. She attended the University of Minnesota, and after finishing her studies devoted much time to the cultivation of a beautiful voice, being identified with a leading city church as one of its singers. Dr. Beckman was graduated from the medical department of the University of Minnesota. He spent one year abroad. No definite plans have been made for the wedding, but it will take place shortly before or during the holidays.—Minneapolis Journal.

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

UNCLE TOM SNUFF

UNCLE TOM SNUFF
IS MADE FROM
BEST LEAF TOBACCO
ACCORDING TO
THE MOST SCIENTIFIC METHODS
AND
IS ABSOLUTELY FREE
FROM ALL
INJURIOUS INGREDIENTS
YOU CAN USE IT AND YOU CAN QUIT IT.
NO "DOPE"
NO "TRUST"
SJOBERG BROS. DISTRIBUTERS.
ROSEAU-MINN.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 14, 1907.

The Beef Trust.

Ten men, all living in Chicago, possess a power little short of life or death over the people of the United States. The power is due to the control over the two staffs of life, meat and bread, with an auxiliary grip on many other articles of prime necessity indispensable to man. These men own the big packing plants of Chicago, which fact becomes significant when it is stated that they are all directors of the same corporation, the National Packing Company, organized under the laws of New Jersey, with a capitalization of $15,000,000. The latter concern was organized as a holding company, after the government, through Judge Grosscup's court, enjoined the old meat trust from carrying on business in restraint of trade. Since then they have been more defiant and powerful than ever, and the government is now taking steps to see if this latest combination can be broken up. These ten tyrants, more powerful than those driven out in early Rome and Greece, have absolute control over these three things, among a large list of others.

The price of meat to all consumers.

The price of cattle to all breeders.

The price of leather to all factories.

The price of grain is controlled through wide interests and thus, as an incidental, the price of bread without taking in the details by which the trust controls the price of the farmers' fertilizer, the government has already found out through its agents that this score of men actually monopolize the essentials of life—bread and meat.

Like the old Roman triumvirate of Caesar, Anthony and Octavius, a handful of men in Packingtown have brazenly divided the world among themselves. Germany and France are given to Armour, Swift and Cudahy; Great Britain is assigned to Morris, Armour and Swift; the British colonies to Morris and Cudahy; America to all six companies; Russia to Armour and Swift, and other countries to preferred corporations. Each company enjoys advantages in its territory which enables it to win there, nobody being allowed to rob its victims but itself. Now doesn't that jar you! It is amazing and would be incredible but that we have it on the assurance of the government officials who are investigating these astounding transactions. Only a month ago the big ten at Chicago served notice on wholesale meat dealers that all meats, except pork, were to be advanced three to four cents a pound, which had been preceded by a succession of advances this year, with prospects that there will be others. Thus it will be seen that this small coterie has the power to arbitrarily raise prices whenever it desires. There is no question of supply and demand, needs of the market, or other commonplaces of economics. Prices are put up automatically, just as a carpenter turns a wrench, just as a builder gives his screw another whirl.

The government's contention is that the big ten at Chicago have raised the price of necessities of life to the consumer and made no corresponding increase in the price paid for raw material, and it is upon this line that the most interesting trust fight in the country is now being planned. When the "Ten Men of Money Island" decide upon the price to be paid for cattle, that settles it, according to the government's information. All of the other corporations in the country, with a few unimportant exceptions, bow to the wishes of the score of leaders who have their grip on the food markets of the world. It was only by an inside quarrel over divison of territory, kind of a falling out among thieves that particulars of this conspiracy against the human race. The "squealers" let the cat out of the bag, and it is hoped the government may in time break up this modern edition of the "Den of (less than) Forty Thieves," which is ready to be written up in the new Arabian Nights.

The people had about come to the conclusion that as a trust the Standard Oil was the limit. There could be nothing meaner, nothing greedier, nothing more mysterious, nothing more rapacious, nothing more complete as a machine for wholesale robbery. But the articles dealt in by the Standard, while useful, are not really necessaries of life. We can make shift to do without any of them, but we can't do without the articles dealt in by the tyrannous ten. We can live without kerosene, without gasoline, without lubricating oil. But we cannot live without eating. We must have bread and meat and we must have shoes to wear. The Standard Oil has us by the pocket; the Ten Tyrants have us by the throat. Like Joseph in Egypt, by concerning all the food supplies they may eventually force the people to give up, first, their money, then their land, and, finally, their liberties. Rome was free no more after the triumvirate of traitors took charge. Nor can the liberties of this country survive if a few pirates like the Standard Oil crowd are allowed to filch a billion dollars clear money from the pockets of the people in eight years, or a still meaner gang is allowed to grip us by the throat and name their price for all the food that passes through our lips.—American Farmer.

Nelson And Immigration.

Senator Knute Nelson has written for the Minneapolis Daily News a thoughtful and valuable article on the immigration question, part of which is here given;

Aside from the question pertaining to oriental immigation, I don't believe that at present there is any urgent demand for any radical or important change in our immigration laws. It may be that in respect to some of the administrative details some slight changes and improvements may be required. If so, it is a matter that will undoubedly be brought to the notice of the immigration department and that department will probably call the attention of congress to the matter. The immigration law of 1903, as amended by the act of 1907, seems to cover most of the noted and important questions pertaining to our immigration system. The head tax of $2 was doubled, and many other restrictions imposed which tended to make it more comprehensible and drastic.

There is only one question that was not disposed of by our last immigration law, and that is the question of illiteracy; whether there ought to be a literary test for the admission of immigrants; that is whether we ought to require immigrants to be able to read and write either the English language or their own language before being admitted.

The argument in favor of the proposition in its early stages, was this: that the immigrant from northern Europe, Great Britain, Germany, Holland and the Scandinavian countries, was a desirable immigration, and that all these immigrants could read and write, while the immigration from southern Europe, especially Italy, was undesirable, and that inasmuch as a large proportion of these people could neither read nor write, such a law, that is a law making a literary test, would exclude these undesirable immigrants.

But later events, to my mind, have tended to show that these immigrants who for some years were considered undesirable, are not altogether so. It is possible that a portion of the Jewish immigration from southern Russia may not be as desirable as it ought to be because of the fact that these people are disposed to huddle in our great cities, but as to the Italian immigration I think there is a change of sentiment in this country. We have seen that these immigrants, after coming here and becoming accustomed to our ways, have taken up higher spheres of labor than those they entered when they first arrived.

We find in a great many fields of labor, such as coal mining, iron mining, copper mining, and in all our street and tunnel work, and in all our railroad work, that it is difficult to get the necessary labor among our own people from northern Europe, and were it not for the fact that quite recently a large number of immigrants have been coming from Italy and southern Europe, would be sadly in need of labor to perform this kind of work.

And these Italians who are coming here year after year are filling a vaccuum in our labor market that has arisen from the evolution transpiring among our own laborers. These laborers, from southern Europe, who are engaged in railroad work, mining and various other kinds of work, seem on the whole to be thrifty and well paid; and it has come to my observation that their children, if given an opportunity, are as swift to learn the English and to become Americanized as any other of our population, and I have every reason to believe that they will make as good citizens.

There is no discounting the fact that there is a good deal of energy and ~~mental~~ vigor in these people of southern Europe. They come here oppressed and depressed with the environments under which they labored at home, and under our system of government and under the environment they come to in this country they manifest a disposition to respond to the requirements and needs of this country.

Another thing I have [illegible] recent years, especially [illegible] the west, has been [illegible] although we are [illegible] grants at the rate of [illegible] year, there is a continu[illegible] of labor. Among the [illegible] the northwest it is getting [illegible] year more difficult to get [illegible] Where all our immigrants [illegible] what becomes of them, [illegible] only knows, I know that in spite of the large immigration there is still a great scarcity of labor; and as long as we need such labor for the development of the country; I do not see the need for restricting immigration.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Rohrecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw—it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The
Great Northern
Railway

Is[illegible] from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of [illegible] of Minn[illegible] as a home state. If [illegible] friends you think might be [illegible] their names and we will [illegible] nature.

W. E. Baker, Agent

Thief River Falls, Minn

M
SOO LINE
COME ON IN

TO THE TWIN CITIES

AND SEE THE BIG

FOOT BALL GAME

MINNESOTA vs. CARLISLE

NOV. 16, 1907

THE RATES ARE LOW

ASK THE AGENT

CAN SELL THE TIMBER

Red Lake Indians May Sell Their Dead and Down Timber.

Interior Department Makes Some Concessions to the Indians.

The department of the interior has made an important ruling affecting the rights of Indians on the Red Lake reservation. At the conference with the Indians held by Congressman Steenerson and Senator Clapp last September, the subject of giving the Indians the right to dispose of all dead and down timber on the reservation, other than white and Norway pine, was discussed. On the 12 of October following, Mr. Steenerson wrote the department advising that the Indians be granted this permission, stating in his letter that many of the Indians were themselves in need of money to buy necessities of life and that the disposal of dead and down timber is asked for right, do much to avert a fuel famine in northern Minnesota this winter. The following reply was received from the department, and it will be seen that the advises of the congressman have been acted on favorably:

Washington, Nov. 6, 1907.

Honorable Halvor Steenerson,
House of Representatives,
Crookston, Minnesota.

Sir:—Referring to your letter of October 12, 1907, requesting that the Indians of the Red Lake Diminished Reservation, Minnesota, be authorized to cut into cordwood unmerchantable dead timber, standing or fallen, other than pine, and sell it, you are informed that under date of October 31, 1907, the president granted the authority requested, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 16, 1889 (25 Stat. L., 673.) The superintendent of the Red Lake Indian School has been authorized to permit the Indians to proceed in accordance with the authority of the president.

Very respectfully,
C. F. Larrabee,
Acting Commissi oner

Subscribe for the News.

VALUES A WIFE HIGH

John A. B. Anderson, of Plummer, Says One Is Worth $5,000,000.

Would Like to Meet and Wed a Good Woman.

John A. B. Anderson, of Plummer, Minn., wants a wife and he says that a helpmate is worth more than 5,000,000 The following from a Milwaukee paper explains the whole situation:

Lovely woman, take notice. Here is a man at last who appreciates your worth. You have never been placed in the market quotations in cold figures before.

John A. B. Anderson, farmer, Plummer, Minn., says that if you are industrious, nice, true, and honest, you are worth more than $5,000,000. Read his letter, which he sends to Frederick J. Kiefer, Citizen's Detective Agency, if you don't believe it:

Plummer, Minn., Oct. 29.—Mr. Frederick J. Kiefer, Supt. Citizen's Detective agency, Wells building, Milwaukee, Wis.

—Dear Sir: Having read in the newspapers that you are looking for the legal heirs of Edward Derry, who was killed with a spade by one of his working men for not being willing to turn over a $100,000 diamond, which he found while being employed by Edward Derry, who left an estate worth $5,000,000 in Johannesburg, Africa, I write to ask you if you will please be so kind to find me something which I consider worth more than $5,000,000, which is a nice, true, honest, industrious wife out here on the farm.

"It is impossible tdo fin any here, and I think that a man of your experience knowledge of human nature and living in such a large city as you do, where thousands of single ladies ought to be able to do something for me. I will send my photograph in this letter, which I had taken when I was in Milwaukee last summer while seeing all those nice ladies and I am sorry that I did not take one with me.

"I suppose you would like to know something about me. My age is 35 years, am about five feet high, and weight 125 pounds. My hair is dark brown and my eyes are blue, and my face, or complexion, the people tell me, is nice. In religion I like a Baptist the best, as I belong to that church. In nationality I am a Swede, American born. I am a farmer and have an 160-acre farm. My property is worth about $2,000, and I expect to inherit more. I am in good health and was never married. I never drank beer or liquor, nor smoked or chew tobacco.

"The lady I want for my wife must be willing to live on the farm here, which is about seven miles from the village. Please do not send any lady out here unless you think I would like her. I would like her. I would be good and kind to the lady that you send me that I should marry.

"Hoping that you will do what you can for me, I am your friend."

SOME FACTS.

Why The Catalogue or Mail Order Houses Should Go.

Because they have foisted upon this nation a commercial system that is unfair, which aims at the establishment of a gigantic trust, the object of which is to concentrate in the hands of a few what belongs to many.

They seek to do this by the elimination of the retail merchants of American towns and the centralization of business in a few cities.

They have distributed advertising literature implying a conspiracy which does not exist between the jobber and the merchant to rob the consumer by maintaining high prices.

To make this seem plausibe they have misrepresented grades on many kinds of standard goods by substituting cheap woods, light castings for heavy, shoddy for good cloth, etc.

They seek to lead customers to believe that certain brands of inferior goods handled by them are equal to standard goods. They take advantage of the manufacturers of standard goods and machinery by advertising them at less than retail prices as a "bait" to secure orders which they can only fill by substituting cheap imitations which they assert are "just as good."

They advertise high grade standard goods as "leaders" when they do not have them, further than small job lots which are soon exhausted. Inferior goods are then forced upon the customer who has sent in his money.

The catalogue houses trust no one, they help no one, they do not contribute to the taxes of the city, town, county or state.

They are endeavoring to saddle upon the nation a parcels post which will bring about an annual postal deficit of millions of dollars and which is in the exclusive interest of the retail mail order system and to the direct detriment of local enterprises.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

We wish to announce to the public the fact that our big store is now crowded to the limit with goods of every description which we offer at prices that defy competition. We will call your attention to a few special lines:

The Very Latest New Fall and Winter Coats.

Every style in vogue this season is represented in our assortment of beautiful coats, loose fitting, form fitting, all lengths, latest mode and material your fancy may dictate.

Heavy Kersey Coats with Fur Collar 12 to $35.00.

All styles Black and Fancy Coats from 9.00 to $25.00.

Ladies Plush and Fur lined Coats 25.00 to $50.00.

Ladies short Jackets in Plush and Fur at 15.00 to $65.00.

Ladies Skirts.

The most beautiful line in the city, prices from 2.50 to $18.00, one lot to [illegible], special sale, don't fail to get one of these bargain skirts.

Ladies Waists.

Beautiful new styles in Waists, in silk, embroidered, nets, lace designs, mohair and wash goods, prices 1.25 to $8.50.

Furs Furs Furs.

We handle the Celebrated Annis furs, superior in quality to other makes, prices in fur scarfs 75c to $25.00.

Dress Goods.

We have them in all the latest fabrics, in every shade and style, plain colors, and invisible Plaids, Panamas, Poplin and Serges from [illegible] to $2.00.

Fancy Wool Plaids and Mixtures 25 to [illegible]

Before buying your fall supply, call at our store and be convinced that we can save you money. We aim to please you.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

GUARANTEED CURE FOR

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of

THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

MEMORIAL CHAPEL DEDICATED

Many Notables Assemble on Lutzen Battlefield to Witness the Ceremonies.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

At the dedication of Gustaf Adolf's memorial chapel on the battlefield of Lutzen there were present a great number of notables. Crownprince Gustaf, accompanied by his son, the duke of Skane, was present as King Oscar's representative. Among members of the Swedish nobility who participated in the festivities were Counts Brahe, Lillie, Hook and Oxenstierna. Twenty memorial windows with pictures of Swedish generals who participated in the thirty years' war have been presented to the chapel by Consul Ekman, of Gothenburg. Hundreds of laurel wreaths were sent from nearly every city in Sweden and all the school children of the country have each contributed a penny for a monster wreath in bronze. All Swedish universities and colleges were represented on this memorable occasion, besides a large number of German and Swedish tourists.

The plans for strengthening the army and navy of Sweden are quite comprehensive and call for millions of kronor. The Social Democrats cause no surprise by their criticism. Nor did the Swedish government expect the Norwegian press to remain mum with regard to the new vigor manifested in Swedish military circles. But now the matter is becoming almost serious since the Goteborg Handelstidning has joined the ranks of the opponents by challenging the champions of the new plans to prove that the plans are necessary. Those who are opposed to the extra expenses can easily win the sympathy of the people by threatening them with higher taxes.

The Swedish newspapers predict that the strike of the agricultural laborers of Skane will end disastrously for the strikers. Meanwhile the laborers are refusing to ask for mediation or arbitration, and are seeking to attain their ends by bringing about a boycott among the laboring people of the products shipped from Skane to the markets. They are also trying to prevent the shipping out of these products, but are not successful.

Upon the invitation of Dr. N. P. Wilson, director of the Philadelphia commercial museum, Sweden will arrange a permanent industrial exhibition in the museum. A special organization has been formed by the largest exporting firms to take charge of the project. Herman Lagerkrantz, Swedish minister to the United States, has written to the foreign department strongly recommending the plan for government support.

There is evidently some trouble regarding the Bohus railway and rigid inquiries as to its construction are about to be made. When the riksdag resolved to build this railway the estimated expenditures aggregated about $3,525,000. But already $4,345,000 have been expended and the total cost of the road when all the necessary buildings are completed will be about $5,500,000.

Prince George of Greece, who but recently paid a visit to Copenhagen and Stockholm, has sent a proposition to the Grecian government which calls for a complete reorganization of gymnastics and athletics in the public schools of Greece. The prince proposes to substitute the Swedish system of athletics in place of the Grecian.

The "Fylgia," which brought Prince Wilhelm to America this summer, is again out for a long cruise. This time she takes a number of naval cadets for a cruise in Chinese and Japanese waters. Among the cities which will be visited is Colombo, in Ceylon, Shanghai, Canton and Tokio.

Scandinavian employment bureaus have perfected an organization for the purpose of counteracting the inroads of labor unions in three countries. This consolidated bureau will have an office in Stockholm, Christiania and Copenhagen. The movement was started in Copenhagen.

A recent dispatch says that prominent representatives of the war department are negotiating with two balloon builders, viz., the Frenchmen [illegible] and Juliot, for the purchase of two war balloons. They will chiefly be used for experimental purposes.

The riksdag has asked the government to organize a state department for commerce, industry and navigation and [illegible] matters. The request is looked upon as a fresh illustration of Sweden's progressive energy under a separate political regime.

The Countess Casa de Miranda is at present on a visit in Stockholm. She has regained her health and [illegible] as ill as was reported [illegible]

Jens [illegible] will succeed [illegible] General [illegible] where the latter has represented [illegible] during the past twenty years.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The dream of linking eastern and western Norway together by rail has become a reality. On the 9th of this month the last rail in the line was put in and riveted at Usteoset. Thus the track is now laid, but it will still require two months' work before the whole line over and through the mountains will be opened for general traffic. Perhaps it will take the better part of the winter to find out how to avoid the snowdrifts on the high mountains. In fact, the passenger traffic on the new road will not amount to much before next spring. Whatever minor difficulties there will have to be overcome on the road in the future, the main work has been done and it is an engineering feat that any country could be proud of. Where before hardly any human being had gone and where the wild bear and wolf had their haunts, trains will now move easily, connecting the two largest cities in Norway. There are 22 tunnels, of which the largest "Gravehalstunnelen," has a length of 5,311 meters, and by train it requires about nine minutes to go through it. Aside from the commercial value of the road to Norway, it will certainly become one of the greatest tourists routes in the country, because if it be grand scenery the traveler is looking for, he will on this road get all kinds and plenty of it; snowdecked mountains, glaciers, waterfalls, smiling lakes, they are all to be found along this highway. It must be understood however, that the eastern terminus is Gulsvik, at the north end of Lake Kroedern, and that by rail from Christiania you can go only to the south end of that lake, and further by steamer, or by vehicle, to Gulsvik. Through trains between Christiania and Bergen will not be possibly for two years. But as it is, the time of traveling between Christiania and Bergen has been reduced from fifty-four to twenty-one hours. When the entire road is completed, the journey will take only about fifteen hours. The distance by rail over the new road between Christiania and Bergen is 492 kilometers.

M. Michelsen, the premier, resigned Oct. 28 on account of ill health, which led to the resignation of the ministers of public worship and justice. King Haakon later made the following appointments: J. G. Loevland, premier and minister of foreign affairs; M. Bredal, minister of justice; Captain Dawes, minister of defense; Magnus Halvorsen, minister of finance; M. Berg, minister of public worship. The reconstruction of the ministry has no political significance. It is entirely due to the doctors ordering M. Michelsen to take a prolonged rest, as he is suffering from a dangerous form of heart disease. Press comments concerning the recent government changes are generally unfavorable and the opposition papers of Christiania predict a fall of the ministry when the storthing assembles in January. The conservative press is noncommittal, while the provincial papers generally express discontent.

The poor crops this year are to a great extent the cause of the high prices of food products. The reports from some districts are rather discouraging. From the district of Elverum the report is that they will get hardly any oats and about one-third or one-fourth of the usual yield of potatoes. This failure of the oat crop will have an influence on the lumber output, because large quantities of oats are used as feed for the horses while working in the woods during the winter, but the price of oats is now 22 ore a kilo, and this fact will make lumber hauling unprofitable work this winter, which again is bound to lessen the output of forestry products, or else make them more expensive.

There was a popular demonstration in Christiania Nov. 3 in honor of the retiring prime minister, P. C. Michelsen. Fully 50,000 persons marched through the main streets of the city and gathered about the residence of M. Michelsen, who was given a great ovation.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Queen Alexandra and her sister, the Empress Maria Feodorovna, who have been staying at the villa Hvidore, surprised the workers by driving into the yard of the Tuborg brewery the other day, accompanied by King Frederick, King George of the Hellenes, the Grand Duke Michael of Russia, Princess Victoria and several Danish princes and princesses. The queen had given a luncheon party and afterwards proposed the visit to the brewery, which was hailed with enthusiasm. The queen and her guests spent two hours in a tour of investigation, watching all the processes of brewing. They talked freely with the workers and the work girls, asking as to their wages, the conditions of work and other matters. At the end of the visit the queen climbed to the roof of the brewery, 110 feet high, whence she had a picturesque view of the villa Hvidore. And there her majesty requested that lager beer should be served to herself and guests. She accepted souvenirs of the visit and the party drove off amid the plaudits of the workers.

The government budget for the year 1908 calls for expenditures aggregating $25,700,000, while the receipts are put at $[illegible] less than this amount. An increase of the receipts of $1,750,000 is expected as compared with the present year. The national debt April 1, 1908, will be $[illegible], of which $[illegible] is covered by bonds held in Denmark, while the balance is foreign indebtedness. The railways are expected to give a surplus of about $[illegible] and the [illegible] about $[illegible].

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

In the mortgage registration tax test case brought by the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of Newark, N. J., against Martin county, which came up for hearing before Judge Quinn in chambers at Fairmont last August, an order has just been filed with the clerk of court holding that the mortgage tax law is constitutional. This is an important decision, based upon no precedent, and deals with a question as to the construction of this new law.

The number of inquiries received by steamship agents in the Twin Cities indicates that the annual migration from the Northwest of "old country people" to Scandinavia and other points in Europe will be exceptionally heavy. The movement has begun in a small way, but it will not begin in earnest until toward the end of the month, and will continue brisk until within a couple of weeks before the holidays.

The state will receive no inheritance tax on the estate of David Tozer of Stillwater, valued at the time of his death at about $3,000,000. The state supreme court has handed down a decision reversing the judgment of the Washington county district court, in which the estate was held liable for the inheritance tax. Under the present inheritance tax law the state would have received about $150,000 from this estate.

W. F. Summerfield, the right of way agent for the Milwaukee road, has been selling the right of way out from Mapleton that he purchased two years ago, when the road was talking of paralleling the "Alphabet" road to Albert Lea. The Milwaukee road at that time graded three miles of roadbed, but now that it has virtually secured the "Alphabet" road it no longer needs the right of way.

By order of Mayor Haynes Minneapolis saloons must close at 11 p. m. hereafter. As a result of this order the saloonkeepers threaten to tie up everything on Sunday, including street cars, theaters, cigar stands and fruit and candy stores. Old fashioned blue laws will be enforced if they have their way.

Ten thousand dollars has been pledged to the cause of prohibition for use in the Minnesota campaigns of the next two years. This is made up of subscriptions of fifty men in the state, about half of whom are residents of the Twin Cities.

More than 10 per cent of the deaths in Minneapolis in the month of October were due to cancer, there being twenty-two from that disease out of a total of 210.

St. Paul, with building operations for October valued at $1,013,322, shows an increase of 77 per cent over the total of $751,204 recorded one year ago.

The striking telegraphers in St. Paul have voted to call off the strike.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While Fred Pratt, who resides near Heron Lake, was riding home a few nights ago some one who was concealed in the grass tried to assassinate him. The would-be murderer rose up as Pratt passed and fired a revolver point blank at his head, but the bullet struck the iron bow of the buggy top and was deflected, so that Pratt was uninjured. The assailant escaped in the darkness. The cowardly attempt recalls the murder of Pratt's father, George F. Pratt, on the evening of Jan. 25, 1877.

Peter Rasmussen, residing near New Richland, was suddenly stricken blind a few days ago while at work. He started to pick up a sack of bran and his eyesight instantly left him. Doctors think that his affliction will be but temporary.

Death has come to James Reid, a St. Paul teamster, sixty years old, as the result of a trivial quarrel two weeks ago. The police are now searching for an Italian who is said to be responsible for the teamster's death.

Henry Kendall, the nine-year-old son of Milo Kendall of St. Paul Park, was run over by the Burlington motor near that place and both feet taken off. The boy may recover.

Jack Shephard, an old soldier and pioneer, committed suicide at Owatonna.

OBITUARY.

Dr. George S. Deane, formerly instructor in chemistry and physics in the North Side high school in Minneapolis, died suddenly in Los Angeles, Cal., while riding on a street car. He had run for the car in company with his two daughters and upon reaching a seat fell unconscious and died within a few moments.

Mrs. Mary Bobleter, wife of Brigadier General Bobleter of the Minnesota national guard, is dead at St. Paul. General Bobleter organized the national guard in Minnesota and Mrs. Bobleter was regarded by the officers and men as the mother of the regiment.

Ald. Collins, for many years one of the best known [illegible] of Minneapolis, died suddenly of heart failure.

John I. Black, one of the most prominent [illegible] Minneapolis, [illegible]

[illegible] Palm[illegible], one of the prominent farmers of [illegible], died at [illegible]

John A. Arnold, one of the earliest residents of Mankato, is dead, aged eighty-one.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. [illegible]OKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

SPECIAL RATES ON FARM LOANS FROM NOW ON.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

As Pure and Clean as the Name

A Recognized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

A Liquid Food
A Perfect
White Seal
Kiewel Brewing Co.
Crookston, Minn.
A Builder of Health

ORDER NOW

KIEWEL BREWING COMPANY.

CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone [illegible] Thief River Falls, Minn.

READ THE NEWS FOR NEWS

TWO YOUTHS PERISH

Cremated in Destruction of Warehouse at St. Paul.

HAD $20,000 IN BOGUS BILLS

Alleged Counterfeiter Captured by Secret Service Men at St. Paul and Placed Behind the Bars.

Robert Dielschneider, aged eighteen, and Arthur Glanders, aged seventeen, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Northern Cooperage company's warehouse at St. Paul. Dielschneider and Glanders, working on the third floor of the building, were unable to escape, every exit being cut off by the flames.

There were a number of narrow escapes and the wonder is that more lives were not lost. A dozen men and boys were caught on the second and third floors, escaping by jumping down the elevator shaft and from the windows.

Frank Sutherland, foreman of the varnish room on the second floor, and three boys were shut off from the stairway by the flames and they jumped to the ground from a window. Gus Franke, who was working on the third floor, jumped down the elevator shaft, escaping with a few minor bruises.

All the employes on the third floor except Glanders and Dielschneider reached the second floor by the stairway and from there jumped to the first floor through the elevator shaft, making their escape through a window.

COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED

Alleged Canadian Criminal Apprehended in St. Paul.

What apparently was one of the boldest counterfeiting games ever attempted in the Northwest was nipped in the bud when Secret Service Agent Thomas R. McManus walked into a room in the Union block at St. Paul and arrested a man supposed to be Ernest R. Workman of Winnipeg and secured $20,000 of counterfeit money.

In Workman's suitcase were found 1,000 $20 gold certificates. The certificates had not been quite finished. Only a few minor details were lacking and the counterfeits could have been passed upon many people in the condition that the officers found them.

Workman was taken before Court Commissioner Charles L. Spencer, pleaded not guilty and being unable to put up $5,000 bail he was taken to jail.

DEAD AND DOWN TIMBER.

Indians Given Permission to Cut on Red Lake Lands.

The department of the interior at Washington has made an important ruling, permitting the Indians on the Red Lake reservation in this state to cut timber. At the conference with the Indians held by Congressman Steenerson and Senator Clapp last September the subject of allowing the Indians to cut dead and down timber on the reservation with the exception of white and Norway pine was discussed. On Oct. 12 Mr. Steenerson wrote the department advising that the Indians be granted this permission, stating as his reasons that many of the Indians needed the money to buy the necessities of life and also stating that the disposal of the dead and down timber would help greatly in averting a fuel famine.

ASPHYXIATED BY GAS.

Aged Man and His Grandchild Perish at St. Paul.

Ferdinand Manke, aged seventy-nine years, and his three-year-old grandson, John A. Anderson, were asphyxiated at their home in St. Paul. The grandfather was feeble and childish and had been left at home to take care of the child while the boy's mother and grandmother had gone out to work. One of the burners of the gas range was open and the old man and child were dead on the kitchen floor when Mrs. Anderson returned home at night.

Sweeping Injunction Issued.

The Minneapolis chamber of commerce has won its fight against sixteen independent companies, which were accused of stealing the chamber quotations. In a sweeping order Judge S. C. Brooks of the Mill City has enjoined sixteen companies from "getting, posting, using or disseminating" the quotations of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce on the day they are made and from operating telegraph or telephone wires to transmit the chamber quotations.

Robbers Are Foiled.

Cracksmen blew open the vault and burst the safe of the University of Minnesota accountant's office at Minneapolis in a vain attempt to steal the $2[illegible] gate receipts of the Minnesota-Chicago football game. By a piece of good fortune the football money had been removed to the [illegible] and the robbers secured only a $5 bill.

Four Duck Hunters Drowned.

A Grand Rapids dispatch says the mystery surrounding the drowning of four persons in Little Round lake, or Iyra lake, in the vicinity of Bowstring lake, is still unsolved. The bodies of the three Hibbing men were brought down to Deer River and passed through this place on the way to Hibbing.

FOUR PERISH IN FLAMES

New Ulm (Minn.) Man and Grandchildren Victims.

An aged man and three grandchildren burned to death in a fire that destroyed their home on the outskirts of New Ulm. The dead are: Henry Ginner, aged seventy years; Louis Ginner, aged five years; Mary Ginner, aged three years; Charles Ginner, aged one year.

Henry Ginner was an invalid, practically paralyzed by rheumatism. His daughter-in-law, Mrs. Louis Ginner, left home shortly before noon to go to her father's house on an errand and in order to prevent her children from leaving she locked the door. She had not been gone long when Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Karl, neighbors, noticed that the house was in flames. They gave the alarm, but when rescue of the grandfather and the children was attempted it was found that the entire inside of the dwelling was ablaze. Nothing could be done to save the victims. The mother was overcome when she reached home and found the house in flames.

It is supposed that the children either played with matches or meddled with the stove and in that way started the fire.

JUVENILE SCHOOL OF CRIME

Minneapolis Police Unearth a Unique Institution.

The police department of Minneapolis has unearthed a school of juvenile crime that equals the famous story of Fagin in Oliver Twist. Three young girls have been arrested for stealing in department stores and one of them is said to have taught the others and several little boys to steal for her.

Lizzie Ormann, a fifteen-year-old girl, is accused of being the Fagan of the party, and it is said she has not only taught many little children to steal for her, but that one of her pupils has also branched out and started a rival school of crime herself.

The children were arrested in a large department store, where little Molly Norton, eleven years old, was caught in the act of stealing money from a lady's purse. The child confessed and told the police of the alleged school of crime.

AID TO GRAIN BUYERS.

Railroads and Banks Agree to Help Raise Embargo.

Grain buying in the Northwest will be resumed on a limited scale through an expedient agreed upon between the banks of the Twin Cities and the railroads represented by James J. Hill.

The agreement has relation only to grain and flour for export, but in order that there may be a movement of grain and flour to the seaboard the banks and the railroads have advanced their credit to the extent of $4,000,000, the banks and the railroads each bearing half of the burden.

This arrangement, however, does not involve the actual handling of cash. Everything will be carried on through the medium of bank credits. Neither does it have any reference to grain purchases for Minnesota mills; it relates only to grain and flour for shipment to points outside the state.

St. Paul Man a Suicide.

D. P. Roussopoulos, secretary and treasurer of the Northwestern stamp works, was found dying in his home at St. Paul with a pistol shot in his temple. Coroner Miller, after examination of the body, decided that further investigation was unnecessary. Mr. Roussopoulos had been suffering for some time with a nervous disease and was preparing for a winter sojourn in California for the benefit of his health.

Hunter Kills His Brother.

Nicholas Lehnerty, residing near Tyler, by accident was fatally wounded by his brother, John Lehnerty, while the two boys were hunting. John raised his gun to take aim at a muskrat, the weapon being discharged as it pointed towards his brother. The charge of heavy shot entered Nicholas' back near the neck. The boy died fifteen hours after the shooting.

Murder in Minneapolis.

Galenus Jones, colored, was shot and instantly killed at his home in Minneapolis. S. Mathews, a colored man who recently arrived there from Chicago and who was arrested, is said to have confessed to the police that he did the shooting. Jealousy over a white woman is said to have been the cause of the tragedy.

Sporting Goods House Wrecked.

Two terrific explosions that shook the adjoining buildings wrecked the W. R. Burkhard sporting goods establishment at St. Paul, entailing a loss of $[illegible]. The cause of the explosions is a mystery. Fire followed the terrific blasts, starting in the rear of the building and burning fiercely for a time.

Switchman Instantly Killed.

Albert J[illegible] of St. Paul, a switchman employed by the Omaha railroad, was instantly killed [illegible] at Fort Snelling. He was caught between two freight cars and crushed to death. [illegible] was twenty-[illegible] years of age and unmarried.

Iowa Couple Killed by Train.

[illegible], Ia., Nov. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] [illegible] and did not hear the train.

BULLIES IN BATTLE.

The Barroom Type of Rowdy When Put to the Test of War.

"The barroom bully is an arrant coward when put to the test of war." With this saying of the late General Rosecrans as his topic, a speaker at a civic betterment meeting discoursed on the ways of the average "bad man" of the modern cities. He read from a writing of General Rosecrans, familiarly known as "Old Rosy," in which that officer described a regiment of men from Cincinnati in the civil war in which there were many of the barroom bully class who had been pressed into the service or entered as substitutes to earn a few hundred dollars. When these men came face to face with the grim fighters in gray of the Confederacy and they realized that in warfare the rifle makes the puny weakling a match for the muscular giant, the bullies just turned pale and flunked. They couldn't stand rifle fire any more than they would the steely bayonet. Big, brawny bruisers who had been wont to swagger about town with chips on their shoulders looking for some weaker vessel to tackle found in the fire and smoke of battle that, while their frames and muscles were large, their real courage was mighty small and of the cravenly coward sort.

"Better take the pale faced, modest mannered Sunday school lads when you want real soldiers—men who can face the bullets or the bayonets of the enemy—rather than the brawny red faced bullies of our cities, who, when they are outdone in an argument, want to resort to brute force to settle the question in dispute," wrote General Rosecrans, and he should have known.—Washington Star.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

The departure of Secretary of War Taft from Manila on the cruiser Rainbow for Vladivostok was attended by a remarkable demonstration on the part of the Filipinos. The horses were withdrawn from the carriage in which were seated Mr. and Mrs. Taft and it was pulled by Manila schoolboys from the Luneta to the dock through cheering crowds of citizens.

President Roosevelt conferred with President Gompers and the members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor regarding labor legislation at the coming session of congress. Mr. Gompers would not indicate whether the president had made any promises during the interview.

T. Estrada Palma, formerly president of Cuba, has authorized the publication of his views regarding American intervention. He declares publicly in favor of American control in Cuba.

Joseph H. Choate of New York has been elected president of the National Civil Service Reform league to succeed Daniel C. Gilman of Baltimore, who declined another term.

After an extended conference with President Roosevelt Governor Cummins of Iowa announced himself in favor of federal control of corporations.

General William Booth, the father of the Salvation Army, has sailed on the steamer St. Louis for Europe.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Olin Wellborn, in the United States district court at Los Angeles, fined the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad company $330,000 for rebating. The fine was what the court denominated "an intermediate penalty," the maximum which might have been assessed being $1,320,000 and the minimum $66,000.

Orders have been received at army headquarters in Omaha to dispatch the remaining two squadrons of the Second United States cavalry, composed of eight companies, to Thunder Butte, S. D., at the earliest possible moment. The command immediately left Fort Des Moines.

The Cunard liner Lusitania completed her last Western trip across the Atlantic in 4 days, 18 hours and 10 minutes, thus clipping one hour and twelve minutes from the previous low mark.

A shortage of cars, which is becoming more serious each week, is causing much anxiety throughout the Pittsburg district.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Roosevelt has indicated to members of the committee on paper of the American Newspaper Publishers' association that he will recommend to congress the abolition of the tariff on press paper, wood pulp and the wood that goes into the manufacture of paper, also that he will make a recommendation to the department of justice that it take immediate steps to ascertain whether the anti-trust laws are being disobeyed by the manufacturers of paper.

Secretary Root has announced that David Jayne Hill, American minister to The Netherlands and a former assistant secretary of state, will be named as ambassador to Berlin to succeed Mr. Tower, who is about to retire on account of ill health.

LABOR NEWS.

The national executive board of the Commercial Telegraphers' union of America has prepared a circular letter to all local unions asking them to vote upon granting authority to the [illegible] to call off the strike, which has been on for the past three months.

[illegible] thousand miners employed in the coal mines at Kellyville, Steelton and Westville, towns a few miles south of Danville, Ill., have quit work because they were paid in checks.

RESPONSIBILITY.

It Develops the Power and Ability That Is in a Man.

Responsibility is a great power developer. Where there is responsibility there is growth. People who are never thrust into responsible positions never develop their real strength. This is one reason why it is so rare to find very strong men and women among those who have spent their lives in subordinate positions, in the service of others. They go through life comparative weaklings, because their powers have never been tested or developed by having great responsibility thrust upon them. This thinking has been done for them. They have simply carried out somebody else's programme. They have never learned to stand alone, to think for themselves, to act independently. Because they have never been obliged to plan for themselves they have never developed the best thing in them—their power of originality, inventiveness, initiative, independence, self reliance, their possible grit and stamina. The power to create, to make combinations, to meet emergencies, the power which comes from continuous marshaling of one's forces to meet difficult situations, to adjust means to ends, that stamina or power which makes one equal to the great crisis in the life of a nation, is only developed by years of practical training under great responsibility.

There is *nothing more misleading* than the philosophy that if there is anything in a youth it will come out. It may come out and it may not. It depends largely upon circumstances, upon the presence or absence of an ambition arousing, a grit awakening environment. The greatest ability is not always accompanied by the greatest confidence or the greatest ambition.

There is at this moment enough power latent in the clerks or ordinary employees in almost any of our business houses to manage them as well or better than they are managed today if the opportunity and necessary emergency came to call out this dynamic force.

But how can clerks who remain behind counters measuring cloth, selling shoes or hosiery, year in and year out, ever know what latent power for organization or executive ability, what initiative they possess? It is true that some of the more ambitious and courageous get out and start for themselves, but it does not follow that they are always abler than those who remain behind. Sometimes the greatest ability is accompanied by great modesty and even timidity. Then, again, employees conscious of great ability are often deterred from taking the risk of launching out for themselves because of possible disaster to those depending upon them for daily bread. But thrust great responsibility upon a man, drive him to desperation, and the demand will bring out what there is in him. It will call out his initiative, his ingenuity, his resourcefulness, his self reliance, his power to adjust means to ends. If there are any elements of leadership in him, responsibility will call them out. It will test his power to do things.—Success.

The Last Execution at Tyburn.

The last execution at Tyburn took place on Friday, Nov. 7, 1783, in the person of John Austin, convicted on the preceding Saturday of robbing John Spicer and cutting and wounding him in a cruel manner. In Walford's "Old and New London" it is erroneously said that "the last criminal executed here was one Ryland, who was hanged (sic) for forgery in 1783." William Ryland was executed on Aug. 29, two months before the date of Austin's conviction, and many a poor wretch made the fatal pilgrimage to Tyburn in the interval, hanging by wholesale being the rule in those days. The long procession westward had been attended by such disgraceful scenes that the authorities resolved to hang criminals henceforth outside Newgate prison, straight from the condemned cell. Accordingly on Dec. 3, 1783, the recorder ordered the erection of a scaffold in front of the jail, of which a notice and descriptive engraving appear in the Gentleman's Magazine for the same month, and on the 10th the new hanging place was inaugurated by the execution of ten malefactors.—London Notes and Queries.

Fake Telephone Calls.

The second day after the new maid came the mistress had company. Just before the callers arrived the maid said confidentially:

"Shall I go out and telephone to you while they are here?"

"Telephone?" exclaimed the mistress. "What on earth should you telephone to me about?"

"Oh, anything," responded the maid. "I always did it at the last place I worked and the place before that. The ladies wanted me to. It gave the impression that they were very popular and were overrun with engagements."

But the mistress, remembering many suspicious telephone calls that had interrupted the conversation when she herself had been calling, declined to purchase popularity on those terms.—New York Press.

Fishes That Are Lost.

It is pretty well established that the common mackerel, for example, lays some [illegible] eggs and that out of the number not more than two come to the reproduction stage. Presumably the loss is equally great in the eggs of other fishes. The greater part of this loss occurs, of course, while the young are too small to look out for themselves. By hatching the eggs artificially and maintaining the young until they can shift for themselves it is claimed that in place of one in [illegible] one in a dozen may live to maturity.

AN ENIGMA IN STONE.

"Nirvana" in the Rock Creek Cemetery at Washington.

So many things may be said of St. Gaudens—of the traits of his genius, his modesty, his deep sympathy with all who possessed high ideals or who had noble thoughts; of his own noble generosity, his willingness to sacrifice himself for the advancement of art, his keen perception of beautiful character, or of a fine impulse that often shone for him out of the most commonplace of lives or of features. One incident of many, says Harper's Weekly, may not only illustrate him, but help to illumine a masterpiece of his which has perplexed some minds that may be worth the enlightening. "The work is the figure of 'Nirvana' in the Rock Creek cemetery at Washington. St. Gaudens was in Washington in the winter of 1902, making his beautiful relief of Wayne MacVeagh and Mrs. MacVeagh, and Hildegarde Hawthorne was there, too, and visited more than once that dreaming figure in the cemetery. At last she was moved to write some verses, which she sent to a magazine, but the editor thought that he had seen verses on the sculptor's work that better expressed its sentiments, and returned the verses with the stimulating suggestion that some day he would show the young woman some real poetry about the figure. St. Gaudens, too, had seen both poems, and when he heard of this expression of the editor's he wrote to him and said that Hildegarde Hawthorne had divined his intention as no writer had done, and therefore the verses are in print. So, if you like, you may solve the riddle by reading them."

JOYS OF A COLLECTOR.

Picking Up a Valuable Painting at an Auction Sale.

Collecting will always have its romances. I know of one that occurred at the sale at Christie's of the effects of the late Sir Henry Irving. Some one I knew had been to see the collection before the sale. He came across a portrait with which he was familiar because he had seen it thirty years before. On consulting his catalogue he discovered that the portrait was described as being that of a man unknown, and, further, the artist was also unknown. Now, he knew that the portrait was that of a famous actor by a famous English painter. He longed to buy it, but decided that it would go at too high a price. He went to the auction with very little hope. The Whistler and the Sargent were sold, and then it was the turn of this picture. Nobody recognized it. Finally he had to start the bidding himself, and this he did. Only one man bid against him, but he soon stopped, discouraged, and then the picture was knocked down to the man who had never expected to get it. He hurried to the desk to pay the small amount and to carry off his prize. "Do you happen to know anything about that portrait?" the auctioneer asked him as a porter took it down to a cab. "I know it very well," said the new owner, conscious that it was now safely his property. "It is a portrait of Buckstone, the actor, by Daniel Maclise. There is an engraving of it in the Maclise portrait gallery."—Mrs. John Lane in Pearson's Magazine.

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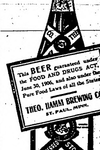
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GREAT NORTHERN RY

WHENCE COMETH WEALTH.

Doctrine of "the Productivity of Capital" Is a Fallacy.

A purely academic proposition which I tried to explain to university students has been made material for heavy headlines in the press. The proposition, in a word, was this: The economic doctrine of "the productivity of capital" is a fallacy. No instance can be cited of "capital," clearly distinguished from "land" in the economic sense, producing anything without the help of labor.

The idea that a capitalist is entitled to an income from his capital over and above security of his property in the principal always gets its force by confusing the capitalist merely as owner with the capitalist supposed to be also in some way a worker. If he is a worker either with head or hand that fact constitutes his ultimate claim to an income. If he is not a worker his claim to an income rests upon social convenience, which makes it more desirable to pay exceptional idlers a bonus than to arrest the industrial process by absence of inducements to keep wealth employed as capital.

In other words, the only incomes to which individuals as such have an essential moral claim are virtually the wages of labor, whether they are drawn in the form of daily payments, business profits, salaries, interest, dividends or otherwise. A wage in the ratio of the relative value of the work performed is due on this basis to Mr. Ryan or Mr. Morgan or Mr. Carnegie or the least skilled laborer in the shovel gang. All incomes which are not virtually wages or which are out of proportion to the service value of the work performed by their recipients are either without moral justification or they stand for some sort of general public utility of which a certain percentage of undeserving persons will always get the benefit in spite of the wisest laws that can ever be passed.—Professor Albion W. Small.

PLANLESS PRODUCTION.

The True Cause of Extensive Financial Panics.

The extensive modern crises which convulse the world's markets arise from overproduction, which in its turn arises from the planlessness that inevitably accompanies the modern system of production.

Overproduction in the sense of more being produced than is actually needed may occur under any system. But such could, as a matter of course, cause no injury so long as the producers produce for the satisfaction of their own wants. If, for instance, in generations gone by a farmer's crop of corn happened to be larger than he needed he stored up the surplus against poorer years, and when his barn was full he would feed his cattle with the residue or, at worst, let it lie and spoil.

It is otherwise with the modern capitalist system of production. In the first place, in its well developed form no one produces for himself, but for some one else; every one must buy what he needs. Moreover, the total production of society is not carried on in a planful way. On the contrary, it is left to each producer to estimate for himself the quantity of the demand there may be for the goods which he produces. In the second place, just as soon as the modern system of production has outgrown its first stage no one except the producer of coinable metals can buy before he has sold. These are the two roots out of which the crises shoot up.—Kautsky.

Is a Social Question Now.

A minister with the usual stock in trade ideas says, "Save the individual, and you save the race." He pictures the human race on a vast ocean, each directing his frail bark toward a distant shore, and wants to aid each bark to reach the desired haven. But the preacher is out of date if he adopts such methods. We cross the ocean on steamships together now, and our destinies are more closely bound together than the majority realize. To save the individual we must work to save the ship we all ride in. "No man liveth to himself." The minister who preaches simply to save the individual fails to let his life be an example of what he preaches. No man should expect from his preaching to inspire others to do what he himself is unwilling to do. If he is unwilling to lose his position if need be that he may battle for an unpopular cause then his preaching is indeed vain.—Rev. G. C. Porter.

Economics and Ethics.

The economic interpretation of history * * * endeavors to show that in the records of the past the moral uplift of humanity has been closely connected with its social and economic progress and that the ethical ideals of the community, which alone can bring about any lasting advance in civilization, have been erected on and rendered possible by the solid foundation of material prosperity. In short, the economic conception of history, properly interpreted, does not neglect the spiritual forces in history; it seeks only to point out the terms on which the spiritual life has hitherto been able to find its fullest fruitions.—Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman.

Brain Joggers.

It has been figured that the machinery of the nation equals over 11,000,000 horsepower. As ten men equal one horsepower, the machinery in the nation does the work of about 110,000,000 men. Ask yourself the question, Have the working people got the benefit of this tremendous displacement of labor power? We do not blame the capitalists for discharging men when they have no further use for them, but we blame the men for voting for a system that puts their security of livelihood in constant danger.

NOT PATERNALISM.

Socialism Means the Rule of the Many Instead of the Few.

No: Socialism is not paternalism.

Capitalism is paternalism.

We have had paternalism for many centuries, and we have it now.

Paternalism is the rule of the few. It is a man or a clique of men governing the people.

Under absolute monarchy one man did the governing. After the lords compelled the king to divide up his authority with them the king and the nobility did the governing. When the common people secured the right to vote it was thought that this would put an end to paternalism.

It did put an end to political paternalism.

We now get what the majority votes for.

But we still have industrial paternalism, a paternalism of the most cruel and unjust character.

A few men own the industries of the country.

They have the masses under their control.

They can starve them to death or freeze them to death or work them to death.

They can and do dictate for the most part when they shall work, where they shall work and what incomes they shall receive.

That is paternalism gone to seed.

So long as it continues emancipation from political paternalism is useless except as a means of accomplishing emancipation from this industrial paternalism.

By voting the Socialist ticket industrial paternalism can be abolished.

No, Socialism is not paternalism.

Socialism will complete and perfect political emancipation by introducing equal political rights for men and women, by introducing the initiative and referendum, proportional representation, the recall and home rule, by abolishing the veto power on the part of the executives, by abolishing the usurped power on the part of the courts to nullify the will of the people by declaring laws unconstitutional and by making the national and state constitutions amendable at any time by majority vote, so as to do away with what has been called "the tyranny of the dead."

Socialism will accomplish industrial emancipation by abolishing industrial paternalism and introducing industrial fraternalism—in other words, by abolishing private monopoly and introducing the public ownership and the popular management of the industries now used to exploit the people out of the bulk of the product of their honest toil.

In the Socialist commonwealth the people engaged in any industry will elect the managers, foremen, superintendents, etc., in that industry.

That is the rule of the many instead of the few.

When the few cease to rule and the many begin to rule paternalism will breathe its last and fraternalism will take its place.

When these changes are brought about by Socialism we will have both a political and an industrial government of, for and by the people. These changes will enable the people to govern themselves, both politically and industrially, for the first time since civilization began.

And when the people govern themselves, both politically and industrially, paternalism will cease and fraternalism will begin.—John M. Work.

Cut Throat Competition.

I believe there is good in every human heart. I believe that people are naturally good, but they can be perverted under the present industrial system. Greed is the dominating motive—every man for himself and every man against every other man not working in his interests.

You have got to knock down your fellow man under our system in self defense. It is a fight for self preservation, and in the fight the honest, conscientious and scrupulous man goes down. There is no longer anything like conscience in our commercial system. Absolute honesty is impossible. I know it from observation and experience. Everything is fair in business, and business is war.—E. V. Debs.

Going Up!

"As the result of enormous increases in food prices," says an eastern press dispatch, "New York is fast approaching a famine standard. Meats, canned goods and eggs have taken an alarming jump." All other food products have been advanced accordingly. The trusts are more than usually active since Roosevelt entered upon his policy of extermination.—Wayland.

Socialist Column.

Conducted Under the Auspices of the Socialist Party of the United States.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modern society rests and substitute for it co-operative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor.—Professor Schaffle.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Martinus Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. 2280, made March 29th, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26 Township 155 N., Range 41W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Hanson of Germantown, Minn
Arne Overby " " "
Tollef C. Hovelsos " " "
Martin Hovelsos " " "

oct 24 to nov 28 R. J. Montague, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 4, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Nov. 15th, 1907, viz: Sivert Gunderson H. E. No 1?2 Red Lake Series for the S. E ¼ of Sec. 28 in Twp 154 N. of R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole Holmen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Levas, " " " "
Ole E Grinde, " " " "
John Hegrenes, " " " "

oct 10 nov 14 R. J. Montague, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl J. Larson of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 612 made Oct 3rd, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 153 N., Range 42W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on December 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Pliny H. Wright of Anton, Minn.
Albert J. Narum of " "
Ed. Olson of " "
Anlin Breake of " "

oct 31 dec 5 R. J. Montague, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert J. Narum of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 2?4, made June 23rd, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 11, Township 153 N. Range 42, W and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Carl J. Larson, of Anton, Minn
Pliny H. Wright, of " "
Ed. Olson, of " "
Tobias Skjerping, of " "

oct 31 dec 5 R. J. Montague, Register.

$5.00

DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at almost cost. Any one interested requested to call at A. Andersen's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1907 NUMBER 47

Historical Society

F. M. EDDY ON TEMPERANCE

Former Ninth District Congressman Is Now a Temperance Lecturer.

Delivers His First Address to a Minneapolis Audience Sunday Evening.

Hon. Frank M. Eddy, who for six years was our representative in congress when Red Lake county was a part of the old Ninth district and is well known personally to all of the old residents of this section, has turned temperance lecturer, and delivered his first address to a Minneapolis audience Sunday evening. Mr. Eddy is one of the ablest public speakers in the state, and in the future announces that he will give his attention to the temperance question. The following extracts from his speech are taken from the Minneapolis Journal:

Mr. Eddy said that having drunk away a promising political life, the chance of becoming governor of the state, the value of several farms, and having washed it all down with a $6,000 printing plant, he thought he was competent to make a few remarks on the liquor question. He had no intention of appearing as a "horrible example," altho, he might look the part, but he wished to talk to the people like rational beings. In his talk he expected to tread on some people's corns and this brought him to the subject of his lecture, which was "corns." There had been many corns on the body politic, such as religious intolerance, political tyranny, slavery, but the biggest and worst was intemperance. Having been a cornplaster for a great many years he had now joined the army of corn doctors, not for the sake of gain or for the applause of men, which had been so dear to him, but from a stern sense of duty.

For years, he said, he has been the advance agent of evil, not intentionally, but just as dangerous nevertheless, for

it was the unthinking people whose crimes were the most dangerous.

The highest peak in the entire range of folly is the senseless and supremely silly custom of treating. This custom is the true dementia Americana.

Temperance is an asset: intemperance is a liability.

Signing the pledge is simply a declaration that you have as much sense as the beasts of the field and the birds of the air.

If it were not for respectable drinking the disreputable drinking would soon be abolished.

Intemperance is the most stubborn and most dangerous corn on the body politic.

We endure evils, because we always have endured them.

There is no difference between the man before the bar and the man behind the bar except that the man before the bar is the bigger chump.

The saloon business is the only one in the world for which screens are put up to conceal the amount of business done and the character of the patrons.

What can exceed in foolishness the deliberate act of paying out good money for the acquisition of dangerous diseases and horrible vices.

Robbed a Saloon.

Knut Aldal's saloon was broken into sometime Sunday morning and some $10 in cash and a check for $1.50 was taken from the cash register. Besides this some cigars and liquor was taken. The police have strong suspicions as to who did the job, but no evidence and as a result no arrests have been made. Entrance to the building was gained through a side door.

Notice.

The United Norwegian Lutheran congregation will have evening Services in "Oddfellows' Hall" next Sunday evening at 7:30 all invited.

The Confirmation class met for instruction, both in English and Norwegian in 'Oddfellow's Hall,' Saturday at 2 P. M.

Rev. Wangensteen, Pastor.

—Farm For Rent Sec. 29 Town of Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

FARMERS LOSE CASH.

Thieves In Wisconsin Steal Savings Of A Farmer.

By withdrawing money from the banks the farmers are doing themselves a great injury, as the only thing that is making farm produce sell low is the scarcity of money. Money left in banks is not idle and farmers should remember this.

The following taken from the Minneapolis Journal shows how two farmers withdrew their cash from the bank and lost all they had.

Waupun, Wis. Nov. 14—Having drawn all his saving from the bank, Joseph Terhorst, a town of Alto farmer, placed the money in a fruit jar and hid it in a cupboard. He went after his mail and found a similar jar on the mail box, containing a certificate of deposit for $300 with his name on it. Hurrying back to the house, he found that the jar he held in his hand was the one he had placed in the cupboard, but $700 in currency was missing.

John T. Needham, a farmer, drew $500 from his savings bank, and on arriving at his farm late in the evening, found that he had lost it.

Brought to This City.

The Elder automobile, much mention of which has been made in the newspapers of Red Lake county of late, was brought to Thief River Falls the first of the week, and will remain here permanently in the future. Dan Goran, a Red Lake Falls liveryman has a claim against the machine for storing it for two or three months and he will get what the courts allow him. It will be remembered that Mr. Goran wanted $1 per day storage charges and would take nothing less. Mr. Elder, the owner of the machine considered this unreasonable and took the matter into the courts. Even then Goran refused to give up the machine, and demanded that $1 per day be paid or he would keep the automobile. The result has been that numerous legal complications resulted and it is quite likely that it will be sometime before the case is finally settled.

John L. Erickson, who had been working in the saw mill here during the summer, returned the first of the week to his home up at Ingalls.

FACTS ABOUT RED CLOVER

Government Expert Gives Some Very Interesting Facts About Clover.

Tells What Science Is Doing to Learn Nature of Clover Plant.

C. Beaman Smith, of Washington, D. C., assistant in United States department of agriculture, and an expert on clover, spent last week in the Red River Valley. He was here to investigate clover and if possible to find out more about this plant, to learn our soil conditions and to compare those conditions and the results of our experiments in clover growing with those met with by people living in other states.

Mr. Smith is one of the best posted men in the country upon clover and gave an interesting talk upon the subject to a number of interested parties.

He said: "In our department we read the newspapers of the country and in this way, supplemented with other information coming in from the various state experimental stations and from reports made by individuals, we keep pretty good track of what the farmers are doing in every section of the country. Thus we learned that your people here in northern Minnesota were getting into clover growing, not only to enrich the soil and to take off crops of hay, but for the seed, and that accounts for the seed, and that accounts for the fact that I am here now.

"We know from careful investigation, from scientific research and from practical observation and experience, much about clover. There is, however, much more that we do not know about this plant. I came here from the northern part of the southern peninsula of Michigan, where clover growing is perhaps the chief industry. The people down there have been in the business for a longer time than you have up this way, and their success has been more marked. In that locality a yield of 12 bushels to the acre of medium red seed was accomplished. This was an abnormal yield and such a result was obtained but once and by but one man. It is, however, not unusual in Michigan for clover to yield as high as 10 bushels to the acre and 6 and 8 bushels are common. This does not mean that low yields of from one to two bushels are unheard of in that section, for they are relatively common also. However, farmers of Michigan have studied clover for years and many of them are able to get unusual results in clover seed growing.

"The flower midge is probably the most important factor in determining the yield of clover seed. Few of your farmers will know anything of this little insect, but it is here, as it is wherever clover is grown. This flower midge attacks the clover when it is in bloom. It then goes into the ground and spins a cocoon around itself and after a period it reappears, generally when the clover which has been cut for a hay crop is in bloom a second time. This insect preys on the flower and destroys it, and thus there is no seed. Because the flower midge appears twice each season, and at the time clover usually is in bloom both the first and second times, accounts in a large measure for the fact that some years there will be practically no seed crop and other years the seed will yield abundantly while in the same season neighboring farmers will have varying experiences with their seed crops because they did not cut their crops at the same time.

"The well informed clover seed grower will endeavor to cut his clover in such time as will bring it into bloom when the flower midge is in the ground. This can be done by clipping the first crop or by pasturing down, and thus holding the blossom back until the flower midge has gone into the ground. In some sections of the country we know when the flower midge appears and does its work on the last flower. We are now going to find out when this insect appears in Northern Minnesota, as the time may vary with different localities and states.

"Another thing which we are looking into carefully is why a thick and rank growth of clover will often-times not produce nearly so much seed as in places where the growth of clover is scattering and weak or where it is light on knolls or ridges of land. The heaviest crop of seed is not always obtained where the clover is strong and rank. We have observed in nature that a plant growing under most unfavorable conditions will, when it is about to succumb, put forth its most vigorous efforts to propagate its species. Thus it may be that clover growing on knolls and ridges, and apparently having a hard time to live, will bend every energy to produce seed, so that its species may not become extinct. This is a striking thing in nature and we want to know if it accounts for the fact that the high knolls and ridges so often produce more and better seed than can be obtained from other land.

"The government is doing everything possible to advance the interests of agriculture. There is comparatively much to learn about clover. In every locality there is a great difference of opinion as to how a crop should be handled. No one seems to be sure of his ground. That is because there is so much investigating to be done yet. The government will solve the clover problem in time and as fast as the nature of the plant comes to be thoroughly understood, the government will take the necessary steps to enlighten the farmers of the nation.

"Clover is a wonderful plant. It will work wonders for northern Minnesota as it has done in Northern Michigan. All crops fail sometimes, but the farmers of Red Lake and adjoining counties will pursue the wise plan if they follow up clover growing more or less every year."

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

NEW RULE SOON.

After January 1st People Will Not Be Quarantined For Smallpox.

After Jan. 1, 1908, new laws will go into effect governing smallpox cases, and houses where smallpox is known to exist will not be placed under quarantine.

A sign, to serve as a warning will be placed upon the house, but not as indicative of a quarantine. This sign is placed upon the house by the local health department by the physician in attendance as soon as it is discovered.

The state board of health is of the opinion that vaccination is the only solution of the prevention of the spread of smallpox, and a free vaccine law will go into effect Jan. 1, 1908, the same being recommended by the state board of health. The rules and regulations will be published officially by medical journals before Jan. 1.

The state board of health expresses its views on the subject of vaccination as follows:

"Without going outside of our own state, the records of the past few years show that quarantine has done but little towards preventing the spread of this disease. The records of Minnesota show up to Aug. 1, 1907, 31,291 cases, with 220 deaths. There have probably been at least 50,000 cases of smallpox in Minnesota during the period referred to above (Jan. 1, 1899 to Aug. 1, 1907), for many cases were not reported, and hence not recorded. Every careful observer will testify that the smallpox cases coming under observation in the above record have not prevailed among the well vaccinated people of Minnesota.

"With these facts before the board it seemed unwise to continue placing a heavy financial burden upon citizens and municipalities in a continued attempt to control this disease, in whole or in part, by means of quarantine."

Wanted—To purchase 50 tons of baled hay. Will pay highest market price. J. A. Egan, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

EVERYONE SATISFIED.

No Use of the War at Plummer Being Continued Any Longer.

The Plummer Pioneer is very jubilent over the fact that the case of Latta against Pleth, Enderle and Alrick was settled out of court for $1 and costs amounting in all to $28. Mr. Latta says that he did not desire to get any large cash judgment against the defendants, a personal vindication was all that he was after and therefore he considers that he has won a great victory.

As we understand it, Messrs. Pleth, Enderle and Alrick were not afraid of Latta getting any judgment against them, but it is sometimes the fashion of jurors to bring in a judgment of one cent on one dollar, and in cases of this kind the defendants would be compelled to pay the costs. In this case the costs would amount to a few hundred dollars if the case came to trial.

There is a law, however, that provides that if the defendants in personal damage cases tenders the plaintiff $1 and the costs of the action before the case comes to trial and it is refused, then the plaintiff has to pay the costs of the action if the judgment is for only $1. Messrs. Pleth, Enderlee and Alrick were only too anxious to have the case come to trial, but took means to protect themselves against a one dollar judgment. Mr. Latta, like all other newspaper men, has no use for real money and so he accepted the $1 tendered—with the vindication attached—and gave up his hopes of securing $15,000 and a possible chance of losing the vindication. Therefore it is quite evident that he is well satisfied with the outcome of the case. Messrs Pleth, Enderlee and Alrick, being money changers and business men, have no sentiment, and when they settled a $15,000 suit for $1 undoubtedly thought that they were making a shrewd deal. Therefore they are satisfied. Now why not now have peace at Plummer.

Minnesota Weights per Bushel.

Corn in ear	70
Shelled corn and rye	56
Irish potatoes, beans, peas, wheat, and clover seed	60
Sorghum and broom corn seed	57
Sweet potatoes	55
Onions, rutabagas	52
Barley, millet, Hungarian grass seed	48
Green apples, buckwheat, hemp seed, rape seed, beets	50
Carrots and timothy seed	45
Parsnips and blueberries	42
Currants and gooseberries	40
Cranberries	31
Oats	32
Dried apples and peaches	28
Charcoal	20
Bluegrass, redtop and orchard grass seed	14
Plastering hair, unwashed	08
Plastering hair, washed	04
Coal	90

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stove and a hard coal heating stove.

Taking Good Care of

you---that's part of our business; seeing that you get the right clothes, for you; the fit perfect, the style right. We're not simply trying to sell you some clothes ---any kind---and get your money. We want you to have the right thing---for you.

We sell and recommend Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes because they are right, in every way; when we get a man into such clothes we know he's correctly dressed.

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

. . . . . . THE HOME OF . . . . . .

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

GORDEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS.

START YOUR PICTURE NOW
FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT
BORRY'S GALLERY.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

A. D. Brown was in the city last week from Little Oak.

Miss Flinn spent Sunday in Minneapolis visiting friends.

County Supt. Mc Anulty was in the city the first of the week.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

Leonard Peterson was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Walter Rosenburry went down to Minneapolis Sunday evening.

George Wernham was down to Minneapolis to take in the foot ball game.

Cashier Kvennes, of the Middle River State bank, spent Sunday in the city.

Furnished rooms - for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Mrs. Jens Wolden arrived here last week from Kelliher to visit her parents.

Miss [illegible] Arneson left Monday for Stillwater to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Closing out sale at Abrahams' store, east end of bridge. Everything at cost or less.

Mrs D. P. O'Neil returned to this city last Saturday from the O'Neil Norman county farm.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in the city visiting Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Soren O. Bugland, of Thorwick, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

Mike Mulhall left Monday for Prince Albert, Canada, to visit a son he has up there for a few weeks.

M. V. Evenson went down to Wisconsin last Friday to attend to business matters for a few days.

Dr. and Mrs. Teal left last Friday for Euclid, called there by the serious illness of Dr. Teals brother.

J. O. Johnson, of Fergus Falls, was in the city last week visiting his sister, Mrs. George Jarman.

Sven A. Swanson, who had been out at Finley, N. D., during the fall, returned to this city Tuesday.

Nels Burtness left the first of the week for North Dakota and expects to be absent for a couple of months.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Compton, of Grit, were in the city last week visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bishop.

D. N. Winton left Sunday evening for Alabama to look after his lumber interests in that state for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hughes, of St. Hilaire, were in the city to spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs Wm. Warner.

For Sale—A modern nine room house on North La Bree avenue. For price and terms inquire at Peoples State Bank

Mrs Mc Nutt, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. W. A. Bishop, returned Monday to her home at Sauk Center.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Ed Iverson, of Brunkeberg, was in the city last Saturday and found time to call at the News office and pay for his paper a year in advance.

Thomas Kinslea, who has been at work during the summer at Gilby, N. D returned to this city last Friday and will [illegible] the winter here.

[illegible] College, Crookston, Minn., [illegible] complete course for only [illegible] enroll before Dec [illegible]

[illegible] of the prosper [illegible] Brunkeberg, [illegible] Saturday and made the News office a pleasant call.

[illegible] man's panic [illegible] last [illegible] Lake [illegible]

[illegible] H. J. C[illegible] [illegible] from the [illegible]

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will serve a warm supper [illegible] sale in the basement of the church tomorrow evening

10,000 yds. of laces, braids, etc; worth from 10c to $1 a yard, will be sold at from 1 cent to 10 cents per yard at the closing out sale at Abraham's store, east end of bridge.

The suit for slander brought by Rev. Johan A. Brunsdahl against Oscar Olson was dismissed last week, there being no appearance upon the part of the plaintiff.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled, one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

—Farm For Rent Sec. 20 Town Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

The International Falls Press reports that several of the lumber firms operating in that vinicinity have lowered the wages of men from $40 to $25 and that most of the men have quit and returned to the cities.

W. G. Cunningham, who lives up northeast of here near Jelle, was in the city the first of the week. He reports that there are many deer and moose hunters up in his section, but owing to the fact that everything is so dry in the woods, the deer and moose can hear a hunter a long distance off, and are keeping out of range of the guns.

The local school teachers who had been at Crookston attending the meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational association, returned home Saturday. Prof J. H. Hay was unable to attend owing to illness.

Melvin Evenson, who had been working with the government surveyors since last spring, returned to this city last Friday. The men he had been working with quit work and the other crews will discontinue work in a short time.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Dec. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

D. P. O'Neil returned to this city yesterday from his Norman county farm. Mr. O'Neil has disposed of his stock and farm machinery in Norman county and will not farm down there in the future. He will devote all of his time in the future to his Red Lake county lands.

—Wanted— Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Carl Angell and Henry Hermanson are going to build an ice rink on the lots just south of the J. W. Wallin building on Main avenue this fall. The rink is to be covered, a building 12: x 50 feet to be built and it is quite likely that next spring a hardwood floor will be put in and the building used for a roller skating rink.

Hundreds of Thief River Falls people were enjoying the skating on the Red Lake river just above the bridge on Sunday. The ice was very clear and the absence of logs in the river, something unusual, afforded an excellent opportunity for all who enjoy skating to have a good time. The river was black with people and it was estimated that nearly 1000 were on the ice.

A. P. Mead, who has been in charge of drainage survey that has been made of the Chippewa lands in Northern Minnesota, was in the city last week and has left for Washington, D. C., to make his report to the government officials. He is very enthusiastic over the drainage of these lands and says that the work can be done at a very small cost. He believes that congress will this winter appropriate money to go ahead with the work.

Miss Ala Clements, daughter of Andrew Clements, one of the old and highly respected citizens of this city, left last Saturday for Tacoma, Wash., and upon her arrival there will be married to Rev. George Iverson, a Methodist minister. Miss Clements is the only daughter of Andrew Clements and a young lady held in high esteem here. Mr. Iverson is a young man of ability and push and at one time, was a resident of this city.

C. O. Jackson has tendered his resignation as chief of the local fire department to take effect as soon as his successor is named. Mr. Jackson is president of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's association and as the tournament is to be held here next June, he does not feel that he can spare the time from his business to look after the business of both of these offices. He has recommended that the firemen appoint Dennis LeSage chief in his place and this will probably be done.

"We have an industry in our very midst the size of which the great majority of our citizens haven't the least idea of. It was a surprise to us and will be to nearly everybody, to learn, as we did Tuesday, that E. L. Brown had just shipped 1000 pounds of honey to Milwaukee. While this is not the first shipment of honey made by Mr. Brown, it is the largest he has made thus far. He has been raising bees and producing honey for several years, starting with a few hives and gradually increasing the number of the bees and the amount of their product. His success has demonstrated that bees thrive here and that honey can be produced in this locality of as good quality as may be found anywhere."—Warren Register.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1908 Almanac.

Is ready for delivery and excels all former editions in beauty and value. The cover is a beautiful design in colors, the entire book is full of fine half tones, astronomical engravings and interesting matter. It contains the Hicks weather forecasts complete for the whole year, finely illustrated. The price by mail is 35 cents, on News-Stands 30 cents. Word and Works, the Rev. Irl R. Hicks fine monthly magazine, contains all his weather forecasts from month to month, together with a vast amount of the best family reading. The price is $1 a year and one almanac goes with each subscription. Address Word and Works Publishing Co., 2201 Locust St., St. Louis, Missouri. Write for rates on almanacs in quantities. Agents wanted.

Meeting of Farmers.

The adjourned annual meeting of the Farmers Exchange will be held in the city hall on Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, November 23.

Andrew Trovaten, Pres.

A GOOD BUT CHEAP DAILY PAPER.

The St. Paul Daily News for 15 Months for $1 50.

The St. Paul Daily News is constantly making extremely liberal propositions for new subscribers, and its latest offer to send the paper daily, except Sunday, from now until Jan. 1. 1909, to all new subscribers for $1.50, is the best ever. This will carry you all through the next presidential campaign and will give you a live, up-to-date daily newspaper for 10 cents a month. Send in your subscription direct to The St. Paul Daily News, St. Paul, Minn., or the publisher of this paper.

Watches

We carry the largest and best stock of watches of any house in the Northwest and here quote you prices that cannot be duplicated elswhere. We carry in stock such standard makes as the Hamilton, Elgin, Waltham, Trenton, New York Standards, Betsy Ross, etc. Also a fine line of standard railroad watches.

Gentlemen's Watches.

7 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$3.85
15 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
17 jewels. 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.60
17 jewels, 18 size Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price,	$8 80
7 jewels, 16 size Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5 50
15 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.70
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.90
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$13.75
7 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
15 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.70
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.90
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$15.12

Ladies Watches.

7 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$4.95
15 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.05
7 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.15
15 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$8.80
17 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price	$14.30

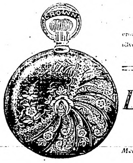

An endless variety of watch cases to select from. Boss, cresent, crown 20 and 25 year guaranteed gold-filled cases also solid gold, silver and silveroid, the latest designs and finest patterns

Dr. A. J. Klimek

LEADING JEWELER,

Mechan Block. LaBree Avenue.

Subscribe for the News. $1 per Year.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Big Clearance Sale

—AT—

MISS LAKIN'S

Saturday, Monday, and Tuesday, Nov. 23, 25, 26.

All hats in store go for $2.88 and less.

$1.50 and $2 hats go at only 95c.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90
Oats	35c
Flax	98c
Barley	50
Eggs	25c
Butter	32c
Potatoes	50c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 18.—Wheat—Dec., $1.03¾; May, $1.10¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.08⅛@1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.07¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.04¼@1.04⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.00@1.02.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 18.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50; veals, $4.00@5.75. Hogs—$4.65@4.85. Sheep—Wethers, $4.40@4.50; lambs, $5.00@5.50; spring lambs, $6.00@6.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 18.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07½; No. 1 Northern, $1.06; No. 2 Northern, $1.03¼. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.05½; No. 2 Northern, $1.02½; Dec., $1.04½; May, $1.11. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14½; Nov., $1.14½; Dec., $1.14¼; May, $1.21½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Wheat—Dec., 95c; May, $1.03⅞. Corn—Dec., 55⅝c; May, 58¾c. Oats—Dec., 47½@47¾c; May, 50⅜@50½c. Pork—Jan., $12.75; May, $13.05. Butter—Creameries, 22@37c; dairies, 20@21c. Eggs—17½@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 7½@8c; springs, 8@8½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.35@6.45; cows, $1.10@4.85; calves, $5.25@7.25; heifers, $1.20@4.85; Texans, $3.25@4.00; Western cattle, $3.15@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.30@4.50. Hogs—Light, $4.95@5.47½; mixed, $4.95@5.50; heavy, $4.90@5.45; rough, $4.90@5.05; pigs, $4.25@5.15. Sheep, $2.00@5.20; yearlings, $4.70@5.50; lambs, $4.00@6.60.

Killing Time!
Piling Up Cost!

That's what you get in the so-called eye treatments. Glasses are the medicine of the eyes. A bath in hot salt water is soothing and beneficial to inflamed eyes. Glasses will give permanent relief when fitted by me. I back up what I say with a guarantee, that's the fair way.

Dr. A. J. Klimek,

Eye Specialist,

LaBree Ave. Mechan Block.

J. K. Wood went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Rev. Aastad went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Miss Kuhnel and Miss Elsie Robbecke left yesterday for Fargo.

W. J. La Bree was over to Bemidji the first of the week.

Game Warden Munch was up from Crookston the first of the week.

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

Attorney E. M. Stranton went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening.

Mrs. L. M. Hong will entertain a company of lady friends tomorrow afternoon.

K. Ragness, of Germantown, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. James Bulman and Mrs. James Farr visited with friends in Red Lake Falls last week.

Supper and Auction by Ladies Aid of the Synod church Friday Evening The 22nd. At 6 o'clock.

City Attorney Halvorson went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to attend to some court cases.

White shirts at 25c. Children's underwear at from 10c to 30c a piece at the closing out sale at Abrahams', east end of bridge.

Wanted—To purchase 50 tons of baled hay. Will pay highest market price. J. A. Egan, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The Ladies of St. Bernards' church will serve a New England supper on Tuesday evening, Nov. 26, in the Masonic building on Main Avenue.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Church Sunday evening at 7:45. Rev. S. T. Palm from Sandridge will preach.

I. T. Aastad.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms Friday evening. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusements and refreshments are to be served.

There will be an entire change of program this evening at the Bijou and it will be one of the best this year. The illustrated song will be "Good Old United States."

The annual election of officers of the Antlers Club will be held this evening at the club rooms, and other business transacted. It is earnestly desired that all members of the club be present.

Take Notice.

Under the auspices of the Seventh Day Adventists, a series of lectures are to be delivered in the Evenson Hall commencing this evening. For tomorrow evening the subject will be: "State Church or Free Church. Which? Will America Establish a State Church? Shall the Catholic Church Receive Power in America?"

Come and hear.

For Saturday night, the subject will be announced later.

Sunday night the subject will be: "The New Theology and the Old Faith."

Monday night "Every Age Has Its Man, Every Man Has His Message; the Message of the Hour" by Pastor L. H. Christian of Milwaukee.

You cannot afford not to attend. You will never regret it. All welcome.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

MISSING FOR TWO WEEKS.

Ole Johnson, a Cattle Buyer, May Have Been Murdered.

Had About $450 in Cash Upon His Person When Last Seen.

Where is Ole Johnson.? That is something that no one seems to be able to answer and it is feared that he has been robbed and killed. Mr. Johnson is a Finlander and has made Thief River Falls his headquarters during the past summer buying cattle for a mercantile company up at Hibbing. On Friday, Nov. 8, he returned to Thief River Falls from a trip to Hibbing, and had about $450 in cash upon his person. He engaged a rig at Newberry & Bulman's livery stable and was to have gone out into the country the *following Monday morning* to purchase cattle. He was about town all day Friday and Saturday and was last seen on Sunday about noon. Since that time no one appears to have seen him and it is feared that he has met with foul play. It was common knowledge to a large number in the city that he carried a large sum of money upon his person, and it is thought that he may have been murdered for his money.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

The total enrollment of our school now is 136.

Martin Meehan returned to school Tuesday morning and is a member of the Junior class.

There was an "extra" session of the German class after school Tuesday eve. But on the whole it was rather enjoyed.

Who was Epicurus? For information inquire of N; a Junior.

Several pupils have been absent the past week owing to illness.

Miss Anna Connelly is substituting for Miss Mc Crillis this week; she having a siege of tonsilitis.

Miss McCrillis was called to her home in Iowa on Wednesday by the death of a sister.

All the teachers attended the N. W. M. E. A. at Crookston last Friday. 1000 were in attendance.

It is impossible to keep track of the many new pupils entering the different schools and grades.

The Central school building is bulging with youthful humanity. There is scarcely room for the teachers in some of the grades.

Special Sale On Hats.

I find I still have a very large stock on hand and in order to reduce the same I begin on Nov. 23 and will continue for a week to sell all hats for cost. Come and see the bargains.

Clara Lee.
Location, Borrys' Building.

The Spleen as Food.

In France and Italy many persons eat the spleen, what we call in French "ratte." I have eaten it myself. Generally from a pig it weighs about eight ounces, and it is situated on the right side of the pig, touching the liver. A spleen from a cow or bull weighs about two pounds, but is a little more spongy than the pig's spleen, which is the best. If some one should start the fashion we would after awhile pay 75 cents a portion in first class restaurants, especially if some person of mark should start the habit.—Chef Valere Braguchais in Letter to New York Tribune.

The Modern Turkish Woman.

The modern Turkish woman receives a far better education than many of her western sisters. When the latter is busy visiting, going to concerts or even indulging in sports the oriental within the barred windows of her harem follows these movements in spirit. With a knowledge of seven languages, three oriental and four European, foreign governesses and as many books as she requires little escapes her attention.—London Strand.

Lightning as She Saw It.

While little Gertrude was looking out of a window during a thunderstorm she saw a flash of lightning play along a telegraph wire.

"Oh, mamma," she exclaimed, "I just saw a piece of the sun fall down from the sky!"—New York Press.

Matrimony's Small Change.

In olden times it took a broken sixpence to plight the troth of two fond hearts in proper style. These days it's the lover who is broke. But he is much the same old sixpence.—Puck.

Not Guilty.

[illegible] Amateur Sailor—Let [illegible] [illegible] has been [illegible] ing crew [illegible] the least [illegible]—Punch.

The average elevation of North America is 1,220 feet and of South America 1,200 feet.

We Have Confidence We Accept Checks

Confident that the banks of the country at large and of this community especially are absolutely sound, we will accept in payment on accounts and for merchandise, Cashier's Checks, local pay roll Checks, Checks signed by responsible parties on banks in this vicinity, also savings bank books.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

NOTED R. R. MAN HERE

Sir William Van Horne Spent Tuesday Night in the City.

Was Making an Inspection of the Soo Line's Road.

Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific road and perhaps the greatest railroad man in the world, spent Tuesday night in Thief River Falls. The Canadian Pacific road owns fifty one per cent of the stock of the Soo line and it was for the purpose of inspecting the road that Sir William was here. Tuesday morning he left Kenmare in his private car and arrived here Tuesday evening, making his first trip over the Wheatline and he expressed himself as more than pleased with the country through which this road passes. He remained here until yesterday morning and left for Minneapolis at 6:30, his private car being attached to the day passenger which leaves here at this hour.

In the party with Sir William was General Superintendent Huntington, of the Soo line and other prominent stockholders of the Canadian Pacific.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 16.

Brown Guy.
Dudveck Anton.
Dolson Chas L.
Dahlin Jojo J.
Lee Oliver.
Myhre Marthin.
Manson Lewis.
Mohlin Bermen.
Molde Anna K.
Oranson A.
Prat George.
Reid Farliel.
Solberg J. J.
Tobalen Leyer.
Toye Miss Dottie.
Toune Fred.
Toye Miss Hasel.
Wilson A.
Larson Lenord.
Nordius Walmun.
Wing Sime.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

I hereby make it known to the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity, that I will commence my opening sale, November 21 and will be prepared to supply your wants in General Merchandise at as low price as they can be sold for cash and as a special inducement to come and get acquainted I will make cut prices on all kinds of underwear.

J. H. JACOBSON.
NORTH MAIN AVE.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 21, 1907.

No Turning Back.

Harper's Weekly, a newspaper that was of vast service to its country in the days of its strength and freedom, but that is now openly charged with having strings leading to Wall street where they are pulled by selfish interests for their own benefit, says:

> It is our profound conviction that the 'Roosevelt panic' marks the biginning of the end of the political careers of both Roosevelt and Bryan, and that a sane—even quiet—man will be elected president one year hence. If so the intervening period of general depression which seems inevitable will not be wholly without its compensations.

Says the Washington Star, commenting upon this remark:

> If by this "sane, even quiet, man" is meant a man who will "cut out" the reforms inaugurated by Mr. Roosevelt, and swing things back into the old ruts, this vision is misleading. It is only necessary to quote the old proverb, that revolutions do not go backward. And that there has been a sort of revolution the record both shows and justifies.

There is no need of opening the record for proof of this view. The record is already open, where every man can read, and "it is our profound conviction" that Harper's Weekly is absurdly wrong, and that its wish has been father to the thought.

The elimination of both Bryan and Roosevelt, if that were possible, would not swing the nation back into its old rut of unthinking partisanship, supine submission to federal, state and municipal misgovernment, blind idolatry of tariff principles inculcated by selfish interests, and patient suffering under the oppressions of trust abuses, despoilment of corporations by autocratic boards of directors, and corrupt interference in government by inflated wealth.

If Bryan and Roosevelt should be eliminated, others would spring up to take their places. The people are awake and aware of what has been going on, and to say that they are likely to slip back into their old blindness and shameful submissiveness is to insult the intelligence and courage of the American people.

The revolution has begun, and it has gone farther even than most people realize. It cannot go backward. It must go forward. Its speed may not be always so precipitable, but there is no harm in that, because precipitance involves danger of error. A revolution too sudden might delay real reform by giving arguments to the enemies of reform.

But the revolution will proceed. No "sane, even quiet, man," by which Harper's Weekly means such a man as Harriman and Rockefeller and Ryan and others of their kind might choose in secret council, will be acceptable to the people next year. A sane and even quiet man in the literal sense, meaning a man who will plow steadily ahead without disastrous haste or sluggardly hesitation, might be acceptable, indeed. —Duluth Herald.

Name Your Farm.

The legislature of Missouri has very wisely passed a law that encourages farmers in naming their farms, as well as protects the name adopted.

It provides that upon the payment of a fee of $1 to the county clerk of the county in which the land is situated, the farmer may secure a certificate which will set forth its location and name together with his own name. Where such certificate is properly registered no other farm in the county can bear the same appellation.

This legislation is to be commended, as there is real value in having a farm thus designated. Once a reputation is gained for its products a premium will be obtained because of its designation.

A distinctive appellation, for the homestead that may have been held by your family for generations, sounds far better than to describe it as the farm on the hill, or in the valley, or on such a section.

If each agriculturist would name his farmstead and use a letter head designating the special lines of stock or kinds of grain he raises, it would be a good advertising medium and the expense very slight. "The Lone Tree Farm," "The Riverside Farm," or similar names sound well and if one takes any pride in his products the very name will help to market them.

We name our children and our animals, why not attractively name the home place?

One Way to Make Money.

Here is a sample of what is known as "high finance": A New York owner of a franchise sold it to the Metropolitan Street Railway Co. for $250,000. When payment was made the president of the company handed the seller a check for nearly a million dollars accompanied by a memorandum directing him to divide the extra seven hundred and a few odd thousand among a half dozen certain individuals, of whom the president himself, the late William C. Whitney, was one. This was done, and doubtless the amount of the check appeared upon the company's books as the cost of the franchise, and, no doubt, the stockholders actually paid that amount for it. If that method of watering stock is not criminal, it should be made so at once. Perhaps many of the contracts for construction work were handled in the same way. It is no wonder that Whitney, Widener, Dolan, Elkins, Ryan and their kind have become multi millionaires.—Warren Register.

Wall Street.

On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday (Oct. 21, 22 and 23), call money was readily obtainable in Wall Street at rates averaging about three and a half per cent. The statement of the New York associated banks "made a favorable exhibit"—to quote the Financial Chronicle. The Treasury Department had been steadily increasing its deposits in the banks, the total reaching 164 million dollars. For more than a week the Bank of France had been befriending New York by refusing to advance interest on gold in transit, thus averting exports of the metal from this country. And London bankers, by repurchasing American securities which they had previously sold, checked an advance in sterling exchange which threatened to draw gold from New York to England.

Realizing the strain upon credit, in short, the great fiscal agencies at Washington, Paris and London were extending their power to prevent an acute disturbance. Unquestionably, they realized also that this country itself was sound and immensely prosperous, bulging with marketable products, and well in the way of the liquidation that would relieve the pressure on money.

Such was the story of the first half of the week. But on Thursday the corner in United Copper collapsed. This corner was an operation having no more relation to trade and industry than a faro game has. A few men thought they saw a grand opportunity to squeeze certain brokers who were short. So they made a pool of the stock and put the price up to 60. Then, as usual, one unloaded on the others.

United Copper dropped from 60 to 10. The Stock Exchange suspended one of the operators; and New York awoke to a realization that these manipulators were in control of several banks. Buying the stock of one bank, they borrowed money upon it with which to buy the stock of another, and thus came into guardianship of millions of deposits. The effect upon bank depositors of this realization was naturally alarming. A run was started upon a number of institutions with many millions of deposits, and several soon suspended payment. Call money rose to 125 per cent, and was unobtainable at that. The stock market was in a panic. The reason was that the very heart's blood of business confidence in the banks had been impaired by a realization that certain banks were in control of a clique of speculators. And yet there are men in Wall Street who say, and believe, that the President did it. —Saturday Evening Post.

AUCTION SALE!

I Will Sell at Public Auction on

Friday & Saturday,

November 22 and 23, at the

Bean Building,

on North Main Avenue, Three Doors North of John Aos' Store, a Complete Stock of MEN'S and BOYS'

Clothing, Shoes, Underwear, Shirts, Caps and etc.

The Sale commences at 1 o'clock p. m. and at 7 o'clock in the evening. Remember the dates: Friday and Saturday, Nov. 22 and 23.

A chance to get winter clothes at your own price. About 50 overcoats and 100 suits to bid on.

BEN CHRISTIENSON, Owner.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE

LIGHT RUNNING

NEWHOME

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

Orange, Mass.

Sold by authorized dealers only.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA

THE DRAYMAN.

Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

BULLETIN

Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent

Thief River Falls, Minn.

A DESERTED CITY.

Otter Tail City, Once a Thriving Town, Now a Deserted Village.

Perham Enterprise: Louis Schroeder, a pioneer settler of Perham township, still holds a tax receipt for $3 which he paid on personal property for the year 1872. The receipt was written when the county seat of this county was located at Otter Tail city, 11 miles south of here. It was signed by Mr. Shaw, who was county treasurer at the time and who afterwards skipped out with the county's funds.

Mr. Schroeder says that Otter Tail city was a very lively burg at that time. It had several hotels, a dozen or more saloons, and a large number of general stores and other mercantile establishments. The survey for the Northern Pacific railway had been made through the town, business was brisk and property was booming. The railroad asked a $2,000 bonus from the new town but the request was refused. The company then ran another survey 11 miles further north, built its line there, and Otter Tail city's metropolitan prospects went glimmering.

Soon afterwards a gang of robbers stole the county records from Otter Tail city and carried them to Fergus Falls and established the county seat there, and this gang and their successors have managed to hold the county seat there ever since. The loss of the railroad and the county seat proved the downfall of Otter Tail city. It withered and decayed, like Goldsmith's "deserted village." The site it occupied on the shore of beautiful Otter Tail lake is now covered with grass and the days of its greatness are remembered by only a few old settlers.

Lumber Cut to Be Small.

Reports from the woods are to the effect that the smallest cut for years will be made. One lumberman said that the only satisfaction he got from the present conditions was that it gave him an opportunity to call the lumberjacks together and make them a short speech. It was:

"You blankety blank specimens of humanity! You have been running things up in the woods for the past few years. You were hard to get and harder to keep, and gave us all kinds of trouble.

I now have the pleasure to inform you that your wages hereafter will be ten dollars less per month and if you don't want to stay, you just hike on." He says they all concluded to remain as there is likely to be three or four men for every job in the pineries this winter.

TO INSTRUCT ASSESSORS.

Tax Commissioners To Confer With Assessors in Regard to Their Work.

The state tax commission is preparing for a campaign of education with the purpose in view of securing a more nearly complete listing of the property of the state for taxation, says the Glencoe Enterprise. A pamphlet is being prepaired containing all the laws, including those in the revised laws and the session laws of 1905 and 1907, together with the court decisions bearing on these laws. The pamphlets will be prepared primarily for the use of assessors and other taxation officials. The pamphlets will probably be issued early in the spring, and during March and April after the assessors have been elected the board intends to make a tour of the state for the purpose of conferring with the assessors about their work. This will be done during March and April before the assessors begin their work. The primary object of the visit to the assessors will be to urge them to make the lists of the property in their district as complete as is possible. The most glaring defect in the present system of taxation in this country is generally recognized to be that such a large proportion of the personal property escapes taxation entirely.

The result of this is that when a general increase in the valuation is ordered in any class the man who made an honest return of his property is made to suffer doubly by reason of the advance, while the man who makes a inncomplete return or none at all gets off easy. The co operation of the assessors will be asked in securing a return of the taxable property in each district as complete as it can be made so that the burden of taxation will be divided more equally, and if an increase in the valuation is ordered in any class it will not work any injustice. Without the assistance of the assessors, however, but little good can be accomplished along this line, and it is for this reason that the trip next spring is projected.

CHARGE IS LAWFUL.

Railroads May Collect Ten Cents Extra for Fare on Trains.

Attorney General Young has ruled that railroads operating in Minnesota may exact an extra charge of 10 cents from passengers paying fare on trains. He holds it to be a reasonable regulation, and one the companies may put into effect without violating the 2-cent fare law.

The opinion is given in answer to a request from Canadian Northern officials who said that objections were being raised to the imposing of the charge on the ground that it was not legal.

The charge had been imposed during the life of the 3-cent fare, but has been temporarily abandoned when the new law came into effect. Mr. Young disposes of the point in controversy in the following language:

"I beg to advise you that, in my opinion, the railroad companies have the same right to adopt reasonable regulations to protect their business as they had before, provided the extra sum charged to persons not having tickets is not strictly a part of the fare. It is of the highest importance to the public that railroad companies should receive full compensation from all passengers, as well as from all persons who ship freight over their lines, and any regulations which will enable the companies to protect themselves against loss in the revenue properly chargeable to the passenger service should be upheld and not discouraged.

"Furthermore, I think that your commission would have authority to approve any reasonable regulation adopted for the purpose of compelling passengers to purchase tickets."

Boost Don't Knock.

The citizens of the hustling little town of Menomonie, Wis., have adopted an admirable pledge that could be followed by all of us to good advantage. If carried out it would improve our town materially and as a result make each individual more prosperous and more contented with his surroundings.

The pledge follows:

"On my word and honor I here and now declare that as long as I remain a resident of this community it will be my constant aim to boost it all the time and every time.

"I will do all I can for every public work that has the good of the community for its object.

"I will submit to majority rule and won't knock and howl my head off if things are not always done my way.

"I realise if this town is good enough to make money in, it is the proper place to spend it, especially if I ever want to see it again."

Joe Leavy Goes Free.

The case of the state against Joe Leavy the news agent charged with stealing $35 from the pocket of J. B. Johnson, a farmer living up near Grygla, was tried before Judge Watts and a jury last Friday. The case against Leavy was considered a very strong one, but the jury after remaining out seven and a half hours returned a verdict of not guilty.

Those who attended the trial say that County Attorney Germo made out a very strong case against Leavy, and were unable to understand how the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

We wish to announce to the public the fact that our big store is now crowded to the limit with goods of every description which we offer at prices that defy competition. We will call your attention to a few special lines:

The Very Latest New Fall and Winter Coats.

Every style in vogue this season is represented in our assortment of beautiful coats; loose fitting, form fitting, all lengths, latest mode and material your fancy may dictate.

Heavy Kersey Coats with Fur Collar 12 to $35.00.

All styles Black and Fancy Coats from 9.00 to $25.00.

Ladies Plush and Fur lined Coats 25.00 to $50.00.

Ladies short Jackets in Plush and Fur at 15.00 to $65.00.

Ladies Skirts.

The most beautiful line in the city, prices from 2.50 to $18.00, one lot to close out, special sale, don't fail to get one of these bargain skirts.

Ladies Waists.

Beautiful new styles in Waists, in silk, embroidered, nets, lace designs, mohair and wash goods, prices 1.25 to $8.50.

Furs Furs Furs.

We handle the Celebrated Annis furs, superior in quality to other makes, prices in fur scarfs 75c to $25.00.

Dress Goods.

We have them in all the latest fabrics, in every shade and style, plain colors, and invisible Plaids, Panamas, Poplin and Serges from 50c to $2.00.

Fancy Wool Plaids and Mixtures 25 to 50c.

Before buying your fall supply, call at our store and be convinced that we can save you money. We aim to please you.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

BIJOU THEATRE.

Automatic Vaudeville Show.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 16, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 30th, 1907, viz: Gus Peterson H. E. No. 6569 Chippewa Series for the W. ½ of N. E. ¼ and E. ½ of N. W. ¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 156 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gunerius Olson, of Sorum, Minn
Frank Carlson, " " "
Haltan Olson, " " "
August Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov 21 dec 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Bergling of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 23 made June 30th 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 21, Township 154 N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Dec., 30th 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Elias Overland of Thief River Falls, Minn
Nels Swanson " " " " "
Renold Johnson " " " " "
Frank L. Bergling Brunkeberg, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.
nov 21 dec 26

Notice of Cancellation of Land Contract.

Crookston, Minnesota, November 14, 1907.

To M. O. Sorensland and A. G. Bjorneby:

You and each of you, will take notice that [illegible] of the default made by you in the [illegible] of the covenants and agreements [illegible] be performed in that certain [illegible] dated April 11, 1902, wherein [illegible] Nils Nilson, Jr. and Richard [illegible] parties of the first part, [illegible] and assure to you, as purchasers [illegible] by warranty deed the [illegible] premises situated in Polk [illegible]: The South-west [illegible] South-west quarter [illegible] and the West half [illegible] quarter (NW ¼) and [illegible] of the North-[illegible] Section Seven (7) [illegible] Forty-Nine (149) [illegible] two (42) West, upon the payment [illegible] the sum of Twelve-Hundred-Twenty-Four Dollars ($1224.00) and interest at the time specified in said contract. It is the intention of the undersigned owners of the premises hereinbefore described to cancel said contract. The matters in which you are in default and by reason of which defaults said cancellation of said contract is made are the following:

First: Neglect and failure to pay [illegible] of Ten-Hundred-Twenty Dollars [illegible] of the purchase price of said premises which were payable on or before the [illegible] day of April, 1907, with interest thereon [illegible] the 11th day of April, 1902 at the rate of [illegible] per annum amounting in all at the [illegible] of this notice to the sum of Thirteen-[illegible] Dollars.

Second: Your failure and neglect to pay [illegible] assessed against said above described [illegible] for the year 1906 in the amount of [illegible] and ninety five cents. ($11.95)

Third: Your failure and neglect to pay [illegible] assessed against said premises for [illegible] amounting to Nineteen and 63-[illegible]

[illegible] hereby notified that said contract [illegible] at the end of thirty days after [illegible] service of this notice upon you unless [illegible] comply with the conditions [illegible] by making payment of [illegible] of said premises [illegible] and by paying the taxes [illegible] and 1906, and by [illegible] costs of the service of this [illegible] upon you.

[illegible] may be made to the undersigned or to their attorney, A. A. Miller, Esquire, [illegible] attorney, at the office of Miller & Foote [illegible] of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

NILS NILSON JR and
RICHARD A. RUSTEN
A. A. Miller, Their Attorney.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—in Probate court.

In the matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. Smith, Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to John S. Smith, Chas E. Smith, Peter Smith, Lorentz Larson, and Ida Kelberg, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of John S Smith, having been filed in this court, representing that Kathrine A. Smith, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the [illegible] day of May 1906, and praying that letters of administration of her estate be granted to John L. Finke and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of December 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 18th day of November 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

(SEAL)
nov 21 dec 5

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

LOCKED SAFE LOOTED

Robbers at Minneapolis Secure $4,500 in Cash and Checks.

Robbers secured $4,500 in cash and checks from the safe in the main office of the Minneapolis General Electric company. It was reported by the company officials that the cash amounted to $1,500 and the checks to $3,000.

How the robbers secured entrance to the safe is a mystery, as it was found locked and in good repair when the office force arrived after the robbery. The main building of the General Electric company on Fifth street south is open day and night and it is believed that some one slipped into the office and either opened the safe or found the outer doors open.

The safe is a large one with inner and outer compartments. The outer doors have a combination lock which was in place, but which must have been forced in some manner. The inner safe has no combination and once the robbers had opened the big doors their work was easy.

The money and checks, together with some valuable account books and memoranda, were in a large leather bag inside the safe. The robbers took the bag without stopping to separate the cash and checks from the other papers, which could be of no value to them.

BODY THROWN INTO A LAKE

Blue Earth County Man Murdered and His House Destroyed by Fire to Cover the Crime.

BODY THROWN INTO LAKE

Mysterious Murder Committed In Blue Earth County.

That murder was committed and Isaac E. Wheeler's house in Sterling township, Blue Earth county, set on fire to conceal the crime was developed when his body was taken from the icy water of the Maple river, a mile from his home, by Coroner Kennedy of Mankato and his assistants.

An examination of the body solved the mystery of the manner of his death, but gave no clue as to the identity of the men who struck the fatal blows. A stab wound was found running entirely through the neck, six stab wounds were found above the heart and there were two deep cuts on each arm between the elbow and the wrist.

There were no cuts in either the outer or under shirts, indicating that these had been pulled up when the wounds were inflicted or put on afterwards. It is apparent that Wheeler was attacked after he had retired, perhaps while he was asleep. After the murderer had done his work he carried the body nearly a mile to the Maple river and threw it into the water. Before or after doing this he set fire to the house.

TERRORIZED FARMERS.

Insane Laborer Runs Amuck With Repeating Rifle.

Armed with a repeating rifle Julius Voight, a farmhand who is believed to violently insane, for two days terrorized the farming community of Edina, Hennepin county. It was not until he was shot three times with a shotgun, twice in the leg and once in the head, that he was finally captured and placed in the jail at Wayzata. Later he was taken to Minneapolis by Deputy Sheriff Johnson.

Voight tried three times to kill Richard Moriarty, a farmer of Edina. He threatened to kill a milkman he happened to meet on the road and declared that he would kill Miss Craig, daughter of John Craig, an Edina farmer. His capture saved her.

EXCESS CHARGE LEGAL.

Minnesota Attorney General Rules on Cash Fares.

Attorney General Young has rendered a decision that railroads operating in Minnesota may exact an extra charge of 10 cents from passengers paying fares on trains. He holds it to be a reasonable regulation and one the companies may put into effect without violating the 2 cent fare law.

The opinion is given in answer to a request from Canadian Northern officials, who said that objections were being raised to the imposing of the charge on the ground that it was not legal.

The charge had been imposed during the life of the 3-cent fare, but was temporarily abandoned when the new law came into effect.

Aged Woman Commits Suicide.

Mrs. Theodore Lindland, who made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Mott of Willmar, committed suicide by hanging. The other occupants of the house were away from home at the time. Upon returning they found the aged woman dead, her head through a noose formed of a clothesline and attached over a door. She was sixty-five years old. No cause for the act is known unless it be despondency over ill health.

Drowned While Skating.

The eleven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Smith of Lindstrom was drowned while skating on Andrews bay. Harry Lether, a local traveling man, narrowly escaped drowning in trying to reach him with a small plank.

ELEVATORS TO BUY GRAIN

Duluth and Minneapolis Managers Issue Instructions.

A most encouraging piece of news developed when it was learned that all the line elevators in North Dakota and Minnesota had been given instructions by the Duluth and Minneapolis managers to buy all the grain that is offered and to pay the highest price for the same.

Since the recent financial stringency spread over the country more or less risk has attended the situation and no such sweeping instructions were contemplated, but now that the clouds are disappearing and money is loosening up the indications are that until the close of navigation there will be an almost unprecedented activity in the grain movement.

The foreign demand for grain is very strong, providing it can be moved before lake traffic freight ceases. In this connection it might be stated that the jobbers of Duluth and Minneapolis have wired a great many of their customers and salesmen to urge the marketing of wheat at once to the end that the farmers may receive the highest possible prices for the same. If they hold back until navigation closes prices will necessarily be much lower on account of the all-rail haul from the Head of the Lakes to the seaboard.

MONEY FOR NORTHWEST.

Government to Deposit Half Million in Twin City Banks.

Additional government deposits to the amount of $500,000 will be made in the banks of the Twin Cities as soon as arrangements can be made for forwarding the money.

The money will be divided evenly between the two cities, St. Paul getting $250,000 and Minneapolis the same. The deposits in St. Paul will be made with the regularly established government depositories and thus the larger banks will get the money, but the smaller banks will be indirectly benefitted.

The determination of Secretary Cortelyou to help out the financial situation in the Northwest resulted from representations made to the president and secretary of the treasury concerning the urgent need of money to move the crops and while the relief agreed upon is comparatively small yet it will be of some assistance, and the hope is that further government deposits may be secured.

CANNOT STAND RATES.

Short Line Asks Relief From Commodity Schedule.

The Duluth and Northwestern Railway company has applied to the railway and warehouse commission for exemption from the commodity rates established by the legislature last winter. This is a short road running from Cloquet to Hornby, about forty miles.

"The company asserts that the volume of business on its line is so small as to make it impossible to make a fair return on the investment on the basis of the legislative commodity rates."

The commission will give the company a hearing on Nov. 25.

STABS SELF FOR BURGLAR

Alfred Adamson's Horrible Dream Has Bloody Ending.

Excited by a vivid dream Alfred Adamson, a Minneapolis carpenter, stabbed himself twice in the chest while asleep in his room.

He dreamed that a burglar entered his room and crept toward his bed. To defend himself he drew his knife and attacked the dream burglar. He awoke to find he had only injured himself and he at once went to a physician and had his wounds dressed.

His injuries are not serious, although he is weak from loss of blood. It was some time after he stabbed himself that he awoke.

Three Years for Fighting.

Ole Torgrimson, a farmer of the town of Frohn, Beltrami county, pleaded guilty in court at Bemidji to the charge of assault in the second degree and was sentenced to serve a term of three years in the state penitentiary at Stillwater. Last August Torgrimson visited Bemidji and after imbibing much liquor he returned to his home. He got into an altercation with some of his neighbors with the result that several of them were beaten by him. Subsequently Torgrimson was indicted by the grand jury.

Minnesotans to Back Amundsen.

Captain Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the Northwest passage, was accorded an enthusiastic reception on his arrival in Minneapolis. The interest which was displayed in the arrival of the famous explorer was made the more fitting and proper by the announcement that in Captain Amundsen's attempt to reach the North Pole in 1909, Minneapolis capital will back the enterprise.

Former Duluth Alderman Suicides.

Worry over the financial situation caused Oscar Nelson, a wealthy business man of Rockford, Ill., to commit suicide by inhaling illuminating gas at his home there. He formerly was a prominent furniture manufacturer and alderman at Duluth, Minn., where he lived for twenty years.

Albert Lea Boy Drowned.

While skating on the ice on Fountain lake two sons of Mr. and Mrs. Nels Tortness of Albert Lea went too near the open water at the city pumping station and before the younger boy, a lad of ten or twelve years, could be rescued he was dead.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

After seven hours and a half of argument of both sides of the question Judge Hough, in the United States circuit court at New York, announced that he would not be ready to render a decision on the petition of the interstate commerce commission to compel E. H. Harriman to answer certain questions propounded to him last spring in the course of the commission's investigation into the so-called Harriman lines until Dec. 1. The opposing counsel were given the privilege of filing additional briefs during the next two weeks.

Sullivan-Hopkins Democrats in Illinois have asked William Jennings Bryan to lay aside his "halo" long enough to permit the party to elect a Democratic president. They think it would be possible to achieve this result if Mr. Bryan will forget himself long enough to permit Democrats to unite and pass up their partisan fighting.

Latest advices received at army headquarters at Omaha from the Thunder Butte country, the scene of the Ute Indian troubles, show that indications all point to a speedy settlement.

By far the greatest winter exodus ever known of alien laborers from the United States is now in progress.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Mrs. Evelyn Romadka has been sentenced to the penitentiary for from one to twenty years by Judge Brentano at Chicago. Mrs. Romadka is the wife of a trunk manufacturer of Milwaukee and was arrested and convicted of being accessory to the burglaries and larcenies of Albert Jones, a negro of Chicago.

Checks and currency to the amount of $22,000 intended to pay the wages of the Carbon Coal and Coke company's miners at Cokedale, Colo., were lost or stolen while in transit in a stage from the Longsdale railroad station to the camp, a distance of only two miles.

Mrs. Charlotte Phillips was freed from the charge of killing her husband, John J. Phillips, coal operator and broker, at the conclusion of the preliminary hearing before Justice Brown in East Cleveland.

Four armed Italians perpetrated a daring robbery on the outskirts of Passaic, N. J., holding up a paymaster and carrying away a satchel which the police say contained between $5,000 and $7,000.

The trial of Mrs. Annie Bradley, on the charge of murdering former United States Senator Arthur Brown of Utah, has begun at Washington.

LABOR NEWS.

That there will be a war to the knife between the American Federation of Labor and the National Association of Manufacturers is evidenced by the action taken by the federation, now in session at Norfolk, Va. The federation has already taken the aggressive by looking to the establishment of a fund to fight the manufacturers through its executive council.

For the second time in seven months Louisville has a street car strike, the 850 union employes of the Louisville Railway company having walked out.

The American Federation of Labor, by a vote of 154 to 50, refused to place itself on record as favoring the government ownership of railways and mines.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

West.

Carlisle Indians 12, Minnesota 10.
Pennsylvania 6, Michigan 0.
Wisconsin 12, Purdue 6.
Illinois college 16, Beloit 0.

East.

Yale 12, Princeton 10.
West Point 21, Tufts 0.
Dartmouth 22, Harvard 0.
Cornell 18, Swarthmore 0.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Meeting of Farmers

The adjourned annual meeting of the Farmers Exchange will be held in the city hall on Saturday afternoon at [illegible] o'clock, November 23.

Andrew Tenstad, Pres.

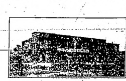

HEADQUARTERS

For storm windows, storm fronts, and storm doors. Order your storm doors and windows and have them hung in place before its to cold to get a good job done. Call on us and be convinced that our price combined with quality is girht as we wish to sell every storm door and sash in this city. Send for price list.

Pioneer Sash & Door Co

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rates and reservations, call on,

W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

DEATH CALLS OTTO SALOMON

Originator of the World's Greatest School for Sloyd Dies at Naas—His Characteristics.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Otto Salomon, founder of the famous pioneer school of instruction in sloyd, or manual training at Naas, and internationally kown as an expert in the system, is dead. He was born in 1849 and his school was founded in 1868. Thousands of pupils are now studying sloyd in various parts of the world. Says The Journal (Minneapolis) regarding the great Swedish educator: "Herr Otto Salomon, the unsalaried director of the world's greatest school for sloyd, situated deep in the forest at Naas, Sweden, is dead. There has thus passed from earth one of the greatest of modern educators, a man *who leaves his impress on the educa*tional system of nearly every civilized country of the world, and whose name takes its glorious place alongside those of Froebel and Pestalozzi. If not the originator of sloyd, an honor which perhaps belongs to his uncle, Abraham Salomon, who bought the medieval castle and estate at Naas and set his nephew to teaching manual training, he was the man who taught the world the necessity of training the hands of the child. He soon saw that a school to train teachers was better than a mere school of manual training for children. This he established near his castle, and he made the course so attractive and the expense so light that he was soon sending forth into the schools of Sweden well equipped teachers of 'sloyd,' which is the Swedish word for skill and finds its English equivalent in the word 'sleight,' now almost exclusively used in the expression 'sleight of hand.' It was possible for a poor teacher to take a full six weeks' course at Naas at a total expense of $18. Sloyd soon spread through all Sweden, and then demands began to come from other countries for some of Salomon's teachers. Manual training is today a vital feature of the educational systems of many countries, and a large share of the credit for this fact is due to the wealthy and cultured Swedish Jew who has just closed his long career of usefulness. It has been said of him that he was in instinct an aristocrat, but in pedagogy a democrat. The peasants who worked his estates for him crooked the knee reverently when his carriage passed, just as their ancestors did for the lord of Naas in the seventeenth century. Feudalism still survives in the country districts of Sweden. And yet the coat of arms which adorned his carriage and was emblazoned everywhere consisted of a hammer, a spokeshave and a compass. Absolute equality was insisted upon in his school, to which of late years have journey pilgrims from all countries in search of training in sloyd. The fare was so severely plain and simple that American pupils often asked him to furnish better food and charge more. But he answered that the school was primarily for poor Swedish teachers, who could not afford a better fare, and he would have no distinctions among his pupils. Doubtless Herr Salomon's sons will carry on the work at Naas, just as his disciples are carrying it on in schools all over the world."

A few days ago the promoting firm of Watson & Co. failed with liabilities of nearly 5,000,000 crowns ($1,270,000). Stock took a decided slump and the Karl-Malmberg company, owning three sugar factories, and the largest pork exporting firm in Sweden, with a capital of 10,000,000 crowns ($2,500,000) was reported to be in difficulties. This resulted in a scare and other firms were reported to be close to bankruptcy.

The German minister in Stockholm, Von Muller, has been transferred to The Hague and his successor in Stockholm will be Count Von Puckler, who is envoy at Luxemburg at present. The secretary at the German legation Baron H Von Berchendorf, will also leave Stockholm in the near future, having been appointed secretary to Prussian legation in Munchen, succeeding the late Baron Von Werthen.

Dr. Helmar Key, the well known and popular editor of the Svenska Dagbladet, will in the near future resign from his position as editor in chief of that paper and will be succeeded by Mr. G. Zethelius, who is one of the heaviest stockholders of the Svenska Dagbladet.

A new tenor of first magnitude has made his debut at the Royal Opera in the person of Hugo Wahlroth. His singing has created much attention among the Stockholm theater going public and a most brilliant future is predicted for this talented young singer.

The author and journalist W. [illegible] Granath, died in Stockholm last [illegible]. He was born in 1855 and [illegible]. He has written a number of historic novels which proved immensely popular.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Captain Roald Amundsen, the famous Norwegian explorer, who has made the northwestern passage, is lecturing through the larger cities of the east, and his account of the thrilling experiences through which his expedition passed has caused much favorable comment in New York, Washington and Boston. While in Washington Captain Amundsen was received by President Roosevelt, who conversed with him for a long time about the expedition through the northwest passage, and also about his coming venture, when in 1909 or 1910 Captain Amundsen will try with an expedition from San Francisco to reach the north pole by way of Bering strait. In speaking of his intention to use polar bears instead of dogs on his coming expedition, Captain Amundsen said that it is feasible, as Hagenbeck, the great animal dealer and trainer in Hamburg, has polar bears which for several generations have been born in captivity and which are tamer than the average Eskimo dog. One polar bear can pull as much as twenty dogs, and during the winter time, when they are not in use, eat little, as they have inherited their ancestors' hibernating instincts.

The Aftenposten relates in a translation from "Die Musik," the following interesting letter from Edvard Ibsen written July 3, 1906, to the coronation committee: "I must feel very much amused over your fear that I would write a coronation cantata. No and again no—such a thing is far away from my mind and I have therefore declined the invitation to write it. A number of years ago I also received a similar offer from the British coronation committee, which I promptly declined.

Sven Aarestad, the foremost advocate of temperance and a member of the cabinet, said recently in a lecture before the Students' union that the question of prohibition or no prohibition will have to be decided in the near future and at the same time he argued that prohibition is both justifiable and practical. The conservative press said that he talked like an irresponsible man on the temperance question.

Little Crownprince Olaf is perhaps as popular a personage as there is in all Norway at present. He is one of the prettiest of royal children and one of the most mischievous too. When out for an airing in the state carriage or the automobile it is a common thing for the little fellow to wave greetings to passersby, who return his salutes enthusiastically. He has become a sort of juvenile hero with the populace.

After negotiations lasting a year a new treaty guaranteeing the integrity of Norway was signed at Christiania last week by representatives of Norway, France, Great Britain, Germany and Russia. A declaration also was signed dissolving the treaty of 1855 under which Great Britain and France guaranteed the integrity of Sweden and Norway against Russia.

The Dylwad tourney, which was planned to include Russia also, has now been canceled. Mme. Dylwad has been compelled to cancel her American engagements too and it is now doubtful if the great Ibsen actress will come here at all.

At a church meeting in Christiania a week ago last Friday Rev. Konow of Bergen, was discharged from the ministry. He was accused of heresy. He denied the divinity of Christ.

The "Deutsche club" in Christiania celebrated its tenth anniversary Oct 18. An elaborate banquet was given in the evening, which was attended by about 200 persons.

Countess Ida Wedel-Jarlsberg has modeled a bust of Miss Birgitte Esmarck, which shall be unveiled at the latter's grave in April. The bust will cost 1,200 crowns.

There are only seventy-six automobiles in Christiania, but within another year the indications are that they will be in general use.

The alliance between the Bjornsons and the "Aftenposten" now seems to be at an end. Young Mr. Bjornson is now in Germany.

A new paper—a fortnightly review—is now being published in Christiania. It is editor by Nanna With.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Copenhagen Vartland comments as follows on the news that the crown prince of Germany is to make himself familiar with the civil administration of the government: "To give our crownprince a similar chance would cause serious considerations. As a parliamentary monarch it would not be proper for him to meddle with the affairs of state. He must give no impulses and must not interfere with the government. The greater the ignorance in which he is kept the greater will be the cheerfulness with which he discharges his duties."

A short time ago a dozen American Mormon missionaries came to Denmark and put new life into the Mormon church in northwestern Jylland. It did not take long, however, before [illegible]

[illegible] Los Angeles [illegible]

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The Carlisle Indians defeated the Minnesota university football team at Minneapolis by a score of 12 to 10. Minnesota was outplayed in the first half, but the Gophers came back so strong in the second half that they fairly swept the Indians off their feet. The Gophers' onslaught on the Carlisle line were so terrific that seven redskins had to leave the game so badly were they used up. Minnesota played by far the best game in the second half on straight football, both on offense and defense, but poor generalship in directing the plays caused the Gophers to throw away at least two chances for a touchdown.

Frank M. Eddy, former congressman from Minnesota, has entered upon a year of lecturing upon temperance topics under the auspices of the International Uplift society. Mr. Eddy's former prominence in the state as a Republican politician and his consequent wide acquaintance make his determination to devote his entire time in the future to the work of temperance an especially interesting announcement.

Minneapolis saloonkeepers want to compromise. They are tired of the 11 o'clock lid and are willing to make certain concessions if the ministers of the city will relax a little from their firm position of compelling the mayor to enforce the state law. The saloonkeepers made the first move for a compromise when they asked Mayor Haynes to arrange for them a conference with the ministers.

Stillwater loggers, who employ many hundreds of men in logging camps and have had big crews at work in the pineries, have generally decided on making heavy discharges of men and some of the big concerns indicate that they will lay nearly all of them off, for a time at least. Various reasons are assigned.

In his report, which will be put before congress at the coming session, General Mackenzie, chief of engineers of the army, will ask for $239,543 for improving the channel of the Mississippi river between St. Paul and Minneapolis and $500,000 to continue the operations between the Missouri and St. Paul.

The elevators again are buying grain in the small towns in Southwestern Minnesota, arrangements having been made at the shipping terminals for credit upon the shipment of the grain instead of upon its arrival, as has been the rule since the squeeze in the money market began.

The state timber board has decided to hold sales of state timber in some of the northern counties about the middle of December. The lands to be offered for sale are located in Lake, St. Louis, Aitkin, Cass and Beltrami counties and the sales will be held at the county seats.

The estimated expenses for all departments of the city of St. Paul during 1908, as prepared by Controller Betz, is $3,078,870, which is an increase of $156,912 over this year's expenses.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Hans C. Peterson, a prominent farmer of Otter Tail county, was fatally injured in the outskirts of Fergus Falls. He had started for home and when half a mile from town he dropped a rein. He stepped upon the wagon pole to recover it, the horses started and he was thrown under their feet. The wheels of the wagon passed over his stomach and he died from his injuries several hours later.

Louis C. Dion of St. Paul was killed on the Omaha railroad tracks at Spooner, Wis., by an engine. The young man was the youngest son of L. N. Dion, vice president of the St. Paul Transfer and Storage company. He was born in St. Paul twenty years ago.

Albert Puschert, living southeast of Lyle, was instantly killed while hauling railroad ties. After loading he mounted the load and started off. The horses became frightened, the load was tipped over and the ties, falling upon the driver, instantly killed him.

Fire at the city hospital in Stillwater caused consternation among the patients and attendants, but was fortunately got under control before serious results ensued to the inmates or to the building, although a portion of the place is rendered uninhabitable.

While "playing Indian" Fred Schuppel, a fourteen-year-old Minneapolis boy, was shot through the head by his cousin, Roy Schuppel. While the lad's condition is serious he probably will recover.

John Mattson, well known in South Minneapolis, committed suicide by drinking a large dose of poison.

OBITUARY.

W. W. Hall, aged seventy nine years, a pioneer of Minnesota, is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. C. Brokaw of Minneapolis. Mr. Hall, who was among the Stillwater pioneers, has been making his home with his daughter in Minneapolis for the last year.

[illegible] Holland, a member of the famous First Minnesota regiment, is dead at his home in Winona as a result of an attack of pneumonia. Mr. Holland had been a resident of Winona for [illegible], a large part of the time in the grocery business.

Charles H. Vanstrum, a pioneer of Minnesota and one of the earliest merchants in Minneapolis, is dead.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

SPECIAL RATES ON FARM LOANS FROM NOW ON.

PEOPLES STATE BNK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

Kiewel Brewing Co.
Crookston, Minn.
A Liquid Food
White Seal
Kiewel Brewing Co.
Crookston, Minn.
A Builder of Health

As Pure and Clean as the Name

A Recognized Leader of All Bottle Beer.

ORDER NOW

KIEWEL BREWING COMPANY.

CHRIS PAULSON, Agent, Phone 164, Thief River Falls, Minn.

READ THE NEWS FOR NEWS

WHAT A FARMER SAYS.

The Trusts Have the Idea; the Rest Suffer Because They Have Not.

Trusts are not altogether bad, as most farmers think. The long headed men who constitute the trusts are organizing the industries of the world. They are showing farmers and wageworkers how to do business. They are systemizing production and distribution. They are using machinery to advantage, and, remember, the full use of machinery can only be had by organization and system. The more complete the organization the better will machinery perform its service. The machine is a social institution, and Socialism proposes the completest possible organization of these social forces in the interest of the useful citizenship.

For this social service the trusts are charging their own price. Farmers and wageworkers are not paying enough attention to their side of this social contract. They are producing abundantly, but they leave the entire management of the business, particularly the transportation and distribution departments, to the trusts; and for their own useful services as working people they more or less meekly, more or less grumblingly, take just what the trusts are forced to leave them. Instead of $4,000 or $8,000 per year they manage to subsist on $437.

It is well known that "the law is a part of every contract," and Socialists at least understand that political parties are the social representatives of the economic classes—workingmen and capitalists. That the laws are made and administered by the politicians of both old parties in the interest of capitalists, of labor exploiters, is plain, and when a farmer or wageworker votes for the politicians of either old party he votes for $437 per year instead of $4,000 or more. He votes into every contract laws in the interest of the exploiting capitalist class, and these laws fix the relations with the masters of the "system." If the giant Labor be in chains it is because he votes to wear those chains.

The secret of the success of big capital is not so much of a secret after all. Big capital organizes and systemizes its business. It doubles, trebles and quadruples the productive power of labor. It cuts off waste. It commands the use of the best machinery against which small capital using inferior machinery and a poorer system cannot successfully compete. It causes goods to be produced cheaper, sells at less expense and thus takes the market from the little old fogies who hang to the old methods. Thus the trusts are creating a small class of capitalist owners and a large class of wageworkers. The little independent producers, who are mostly farmers, are being squeezed out. Capital is socializing industry. Let labor now proceed to the socialization of capital. Toward this we are rapidly proceeding in the due course of social growth. The air is full of Socialism. It is all around us. Even now we are in the midst of the social revolution.

But capitalists now dictate the terms upon which labor produces and exchanges. Labor scarcely has a voice in the matter. Capital takes the cream because we consent to this one sided business arrangement. We protest, we grumble, we kick, but we consent. How do we consent? We consent with our ballots, and we can only withdraw our consent by casting our votes for more complete Socialism. In the arrangement of the terms upon which labor serves society the ballot is labor's only voice. If he is satisfied that the present capitalist class shall absolutely dictate these terms he does well to vote either old party ticket. If he wants the $4,000 per year standard of living instead of the $437 standard he must vote for it. Farmers and wageworkers get just what they vote for.—From "Letters From a Farmer," by C. J. Lamb.

The Class Struggle.

The class struggle began with the prehistoric tribal wars and can end only when the laborers can be delivered from the inheritance of industrial disaster handed down to them from the fortunes of barbarian warfare. This class struggle was shown in the servile rebellions when slavery had been made the status of the workingman. This class struggle was shown in the labor unions and the strikes when the wage system had been fastened on the toiler, when he had been robbed of any opportunity to use the resources of the earth in his own right, had been refused the right to live without a master and had not been guaranteed even the right to have a master. This class struggle is shown now in the struggle for Socialism, which is no new thing in the world. It is the same old warfare, at last informed as to the nature of the rights of the toilers and equipped with the power of the ballot in the struggle to secure these rights.—John Stuart Mill.

What a Priest Says.

Advancing the cause of Socialism is not the work of factions and giddy heads, as some think who see a scarecrow in every new movement, but is the progress of humanity. I call Socialism the doctrine of love and justice which was taught by Christ. Socialism does not mean tumult and ruin, but food and work for all, a home and clothing for all, a living assured to all, happiness and justice for all.—Father [illegible], Italy.

Socialists Object.

W[illegible] from [illegible] that the S[illegible] parliament are the only [illegible] the payment to Russia's [illegible] for war purposes. W[illegible] spectacle it is, Fin[illegible] to Russia so that the [illegible] country" will be able [illegible] to take away the re[illegible] the Finlanders enjoy.—People's Paper.

THE ONLY WAY OUT.

Socialism the Only Means by Which to Attain Real Democracy.

The condemnation of the existing industrial system is that it brutalizes manhood. Success is measured in dollars. Dividends are of more importance than manhood and character.

Profit sharing has been tried, but with somewhat disappointing results.

The workingmen distrust the large salaried employers and feel that profits are eaten up in salaries.

Trades unions have sprung up, and their existence is justified, for if capital can unite, labor may and perhaps must.

But labor unions are not the final solution. The next natural forward step in social evolution will be the transfer of great consolidated industries from trusts and private capital to public ownership.

Some day the people will own the railroads and coal mines and all the largest necessary businesses of the land—not necessarily the smaller ones—just as today we have public ownership of streets, schools, libraries, postal system, etc.

And if the business is run for the people, not the profit that can be made out of the people, larger wages can be paid, commodities can be purchased more cheaply and the whole standard of living, physical, intellectual, moral, will be raised thereby.

This is Socialism, pure and simple. It is not anarchism. Instead of privileged classes we should have a real democracy, democracy consummated.

FOR THE INDIVIDUAL.

Socialism Insures the Fullest Freedom to Every Human Being.

Let no one be astonished that we bring forward the idea of a national community now, whereas at first we set ourselves to establish the liberty of the individual. The nation, and the nation alone, can enfranchise all citizens. Only the nation can furnish the means of free development to all. Private associations, temporary and limited in character, can protect limited groups of individuals only for a time. But there is only one universal association that can guarantee the rights of all individuals without exception, not only the rights of living, but of those who are yet unborn and who will take their places in the generations to come.

If, then, we invoke the nation we do so in order to insure the rights of the individual in the fullest and most universal sense. Not a single human being for a single moment of time should be excluded from the sphere of rights. Not one should be in danger of becoming the party or instrument of another individual. Not one should be deprived of the sure means of laboring freely without servile dependence on any other individual.

Social ownership of property is merely opportunity of action brought within the reach of all.

Socialism will exalt and ennoble humanity. It will level up all men and give new meaning and dignity to life.—Jaures.

Industrial Depressions.

Those who believe that there are indications that a severe industrial depression is due will find by an inspection of the monthly issuance of building permits that in the month of August the building operations in Chicago were $1,000,000 less than in the corresponding month in 1906 and that for the past eight months of the present year there was an aggregate decrease of $7,000,000 in the building permits issued by the city.

This is but one of the many industries in which there is a like indication that one of those industrial panics, which the Socialists alone are able to explain, is approaching.

These periodic convulsions which society is forced to suffer through the operations of capitalism can only be abolished when the industry of the country is freed from the anarchistic organization that now prevails and is systematically run by the workers.—Chicago Daily Socialist.

A Notable Book.

The New York Sun announces that "Dr. Lewis H. Morgan, well known to American readers as the author of 'The League of the Iroquois' and 'System of Consanguinity and Affinity of the Human Family,' has lately published a comprehensive and suggestive study of 'Ancient Society.'" The joke is on the Sun. Morgan's great book was published a generation ago. The author has been dead for many years. We heartily wish that his books, especially the "Ancient Society," were "well known to American readers." Unfortunately his own countrymen as well as the English have neglected one of the greatest of sociological scientists and have left it to Germans and Russians to appreciate his work. However, it is pleasing to note the fact that at last a reprint has been demanded and that even the Sun has found it worthy of a rather careful review.—New York Worker.

How We Are Drifting.

While the people of the United States have a quasi-republican form of government, the tendency, not only in capitalistic circles, but also in the well to do middle class, is decidedly anti-republican.

While we are supposed to have a democracy, we are hampered by having an uncrowned king and a senatorial oligarchy, and the well to do middle class applauds both.

While we have no hereditary nobility, we have a moneyed aristocracy which has now become hereditary. And it is the most oppressive and contemptible the world has ever seen.—Victor L. Berger.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

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Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Martinus Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 3980, made March 24th, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 28, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Hanson of Germantown, Minn
Arne Overby " " "
Tollef C. Hovelson " " "
Martin Hovelson " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 24 to nov 28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl J. Larson of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 612 made Oct 3rd, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on December 3rd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Filley H. Wright of Anton, Minn
Albert J. Narum of " "
Ed. Olson of " "
[illegible] of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 31 dec 5

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct, 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert J. Narum of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. 231 made June 23rd, 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 11, Township 153 N., Range 42 W and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Carl J. Larson, of Anton, Minn
Filley H. Wright, of " "
Ed. Olson, of " "
Tobias Skjerping, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 31 dec 5

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 23rd., 1907 viz: Christ Anderson H. E. No. 563 Chippewa Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 9 in Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Sordahl, of Thorwick, Minn
Albert Klogness, " " "
Ed. Hanson, " " "
Julius Finnan, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 14 dec 19

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Any one interested is requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1907.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

State School of Agriculture to Have a Farmers School.

Term Commences on January 10 and Entrance Must Be Made on the 9th.

Investigations and experiments by scientific men are uniting to produce great changes in the practice of agriculture and the management of live stock. In order to keep up with the times the farmer must bring himself into close relations with recent investigations, discoveries and methods relating to his business.

To meet the needs of men of mature years who are busy on the farm the greater portion of the year, the Department of Agriculture of the University of Minnesota has established what is known as The Short Course for Farmers, which has been in operation for seven years. For the coming year some important changes are to be made in this course which will, it is hoped, make it still more useful and popular.

A series of lectures especially fitted for farmers' wives will be given. The daily program will be so arranged as to allow the ladies to make the lectures in Entomology, Botany, Horticulture, Poultry and other subjects of that short course in which they would naturally be interested in common with the men.

This course will open January 10th, 1908, and the first two weeks will be devoted to judging grains, soils, and live stock, including horses, beef cattle sheep and swine.

Following the course in judging, a lecture course of four weeks on subjects of vital interest to Minnesota farmers will be given.

Those taking this course should register and secure boarding places not later than Thursday, January 9th, as work will begin promptly at 8:15 on Friday, January 10th.

After the first two weeks there will be no lecture work on Monday, but this day will be spent in visiting places of interest, such as stock-yards, flour and flax mills, stock farms, etc.

Expenses—For the entire course of six weeks a registration fee of $10 will be charged.

For those who take only the two weeks of judging or any part thereof the registration fee will be $3.

Board may be secured in either of the Twin Cities at $3.50 to $4.25 per week.

Entrance Requirements—For this course no entrance examinations are required and no age limit is prescribed.

Location—The school is situated north St. Anthony Park, midway between St. Paul and Minneapolis. To reach it take a Como-Harriet or Como-Hopkins car from either city, get off at Commonwealth Ave. And go toward the east.

Farmers wishing to register for the course or desiring futher information should write to D D. Mayne, Principal, or Jas. M. Drew, Register, St. Anthony Park, Minn.

WHIRLED TO DEATH.

Boys' Blouse Catches in Revolving Shaft and He is Instantly Killed.

The 9 year old son of Mail Carrier Andrew Anderson, of Stephen, Minn., met a horrible death last Friday, at noon when he was caught in the revolving shaft of an elevator and crushed to death.

The young lad, in company with other boys, was on his way home from school at dinner time. They took a short cut home, started across the railroad tracks, near the south elevator. Young Anderson stopped near the elevator, and the boys dared one another to jump over the tumbling rod which connects the elevator with the engine house. This rod was a few feet from the ground. And in jumping over it young Andersons' blouse in some way became entangled in a screw that proceeded from the side of the rapidily revolving shaft, and in a second he was drawn around the shaft and his body jammed against the ground with such terrific force that every bone in his body was broken. Death was instantaneous.

—Subscribe for the News.

FARMERS EXCHANGE

Annual Meeting Held Last Saturday and Officers Are Elected.

The annual meeting of the share holders of the Farmers Exchange was held in Thief River Falls last Saturday afternoon and quite a number of farmers were in attendance.

Owing to the unsettled condition of the markets, it was decided not to employ any wheat buyer to buy wheat on the track, and no further business will be done by the organization until next year. Officers were elected as follows:

President—Andrew Trovaten.
Vice President—D. P. O'Neill.
Secretary—A. G. Loftnes.
Treasurer—E. J. Overland.
Directors—A. E. Anderson, August Ristau, W. H. Quist, P. O. Sorlom and Peder Jacobson.

NEW OFFICERS.

Antlers Club Holds Annual Meeting and Elects New Officers.

The annual meeting and election of officers of the Antlers Club was held last Thursday evening. The meeting was quite well attended and President Penney made his annual report, showing that the affairs of the club were in first class condition. A number of new rules and regulations were adopted and a committee was adpointed to revise the by-laws. The following officers were elected:

President—Walter Rosenberry.
Vice President—W. A. Wyman,
Secretary—Oscar Spoonheim.
Treasurer—Ole Thoreson.
Trustees—Math. Barzen, W. W. Prichard and T. L. Melgaard.

Deer Are Not Numerous.

Game Warden Wm. Munch spent last week up near Little Oak. To a NEWS reporter he stated that about fifty hunters were up in that section hunting for deer and that very few of them were successful. Some few had killed deer and after hanging them up in trees returned later to find that they had been stolen. Trappers, Mr. Munch said, were getting an unusual large amount of skins and were all making good money.

SNOW NOT MUCH HELP

Cruiser Says It is of Little Assistance in Hunting.

A Mistaken Impression as to Its Value to Sportsmen.

Duluth Herald—"It makes me smile every time I hear these hunters says this is poor weather for deer hunting, because there is no snow on the ground," said C. G. White, a timber cruiser in the employ of a local tie and post company, yesterday. "I have been around in the woods a good deal, living on them most of the time, in fact, and have done more or less hunting on my own hook, which is something of an exception in a timber cruiser. What I started to say was that I never found snow of the least advantage in hunting, and don't remember ever having seen more than two or three men in my life who claimed to have actually killed deer as a result of tracking them.

"The average city man talks learnedly about not having been able to get any game because of a lack of snow. That is no handicap. Two or three inches of the feathery beautiful on the ground deadens the sound of a person's footsteps, but a little rain will answer the purpose just as well. The city chap who is not used to the woods may be able to locate a good deer country with the assistance of snow, by the tracks he sees, but the hunter of experience can tell this just as well when there is no snow. And when I say hunters of experience, I do not necessarily mean men who do not live in the city. There are city sportsmen who are in town the year round, with the exception of a week in the hunting season, who know just as much about the hunting of small and alrge game as the professional trapper and hunter, and sometimes they know more about it.

But among those who are not experienced there seems to be an impression that all one has to do when there is snow is to follow the first track one comes across to find a deer waiting patiently to be shot at the other end of the tracks. As a matter of fact, the deer doesn't wait. He always thinks of his back track, and spends so much time thinking about it that a person can get close to him from the other direction, for he is taken by surprise. Before lying down he always walks a short distance through a thicket, where it is impossible to see more than a few feet ahead, so that he can easily hear the approaching footsteps and escape before he is seen. Once he is startled, a person has to follow even a young deer, perhaps six or eight hours before the animal becomes tired enough to get careless, and an older animal will lead him a lively chase all day, and he may never see it.

"Another false impression that most city men labor under is that they have to do all their hunting in the thick forest. Where a man intends to keep moving while on the hunt, instead of sitting on a stump and watching a runway, he is invariably better off if hunting in a chopping or in a territory that has been burned off three or more years before. By chopping I mean a tract of land where the pine timber has been cut off but which has not been burned over.

The country in either a burning or a chopping is open enough so that a man can see a deer a considerable distance, and in the former the animal sometimes is out of range. Deer seem to prefer an open country to the forest for napping in the day time, and almost always when a man jumps upon them in the open, he gets close enough to stand a good show of downing them with a rifle, if he is any shot at all. Of course, the chances are that he must take a running shot, but that is where the sport comes in. If the burning has numerous chances for seeing game are all the better."

Antlers Club to Help.

President Rosenberry has been authorized by the Antlers Club to appoint a committee of five to co-operate with the firemen and render all assistance possible in making arrangements for the Firemen's Tournament to be held in this city next year in June. It is proposed to make this tournament one of the best ever held in this section of the state.

On A Cash Basis.

Six Hendrum merchants give notice in last weeks' Review that they will extend no credit after Nov. 20. There is probably no country on the face of the earth where the credit system has been as much overdone as right here in the Red River Valley, and while credit can not be wholly shut off all at once the sooner we get down to a cash basis the better for all concerned.—Ada Index.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

KILLED TWO MULES.

Some Eastern Hunters Mistake Mules for Deer.

Hunting stories are being told by the traveling men at the present time. Most of them are exaggerated. Some possess a slight resemblance of the truth. A man who accompanied two Easterners to the woods told one the first part of the week that sounded as if it might contain all the elements of truth.

It seems that the hunters did not travel far from the habitation of man and the more domesticated animals. Besides they were novices at the game of deer hunting. The first animal that walked on four legs was extremely liable to draw their fire. That they should both fire at the same time, and what's more unfortunate, that they should both hit the mark, is extraordinary. However, the man who was telling the story vouches for it.

It seems that the hunters suddenly came upon a small clearing and in the sudden excitement of the moment—or through the films of highly colored imagination—mistook two browsing mules for elusive deer. Two rifles cracked as one, and two hearts ceased to throb—that is the hearts of the mules, if such utterly perverse animals possess hearts, although the hearts of the excited hunters beat with double velocity.

When the smoke of battle cleared away some farmer was a much more profitable risk for an insurance company—for dead mules are harmless, but was deprived of two sturdy drawers of a plow. Of course, the hunters made good with the coin of the realm. The farmer was satisfied, and in the course of time the two mules will doubtless pass through a strange and startling metamorphosis and will take on the more graceful forms of deers when the story is retold around Eastern firesides.

Will Campaign For Settlers.

The state board of immigration, thru Commissioner George Welch, is preparing an immediate campaign for extensive advertising of Minnesota and its special advantages for new settlers.

This is to be accomplished thru the circulation of thousands of pamphlets and general advertising matters. For this purpose names and addresses of possible settlers, men who might desire to move to the unsettled regions of this state if they knew the great opportunities offered, are being secured wherever possible. To aid in this, a register has been placed at the entrance of the new capitol, and the visitors, one to two thousand a day, are requested to leave their names and addresses. They will be sent all advertising matter of the state board of immigration. Lists are also being secured of delegates to conventions in different parts of the country.

The literature will contain illustrations of actual scenes in northern Minnesota, lands simply awaiting the plow; descriptions of state lands in every county with statistics relative to the respective counties; and an explanation of the liberal terms on which state lands are sold.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled, one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA
THE DRAYMAN
Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

Taking Good Care of

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you---that's part of our business; seeing that you get the right clothes, for you; the fit perfect, the style right. We're not simply trying to sell you some clothes ---any kind---and get your money. We want you to have the right thing---for you.

We sell and recommend Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes because they are right, in every way; when we get a man into such clothes we know he's correctly dressed.

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ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

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GORDEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

MARKETS.

Wheat	93
Oats	35c
Flax	96c
Barley	55
Eggs	25c
Butter	32c
Potatoes	50c

Mrs. Kidder went down to Crookston last evening.

Rev. Aastad went down to Crookston last evening.

Miss Iddings went down to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

The building for the new skating rink is nearly completed.

W. J. La Bree was down to Mahnomen the first of the week.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday morning.

Frank Mikeluckey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

D. N. Winton returned the first of the week from his trip to Alabama.

James Meehan Jr. came up from Minneapolis yesterday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Omlid left Tuesday for Grand Forks, N. D., to spend the winter.

For Sale—A full blooded Heriford bull, three years old. John Graff, Germantown, Minn.

John Graff, of Germantown, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Kinslea and Miss Daisy Novotney left Tuesday for visiting with relatives.

P. A. Johnson, of Germantown, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

C. K. Stockland, the Russel grader manufactures, was in the city the first of the week.

J. J. Weeks returned to this city yesterday from a trip to the Southern part of the state.

Miss Stella Newberry left yesterday morning for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting friends.

Found—At the Antlers Club rooms, a small gold ring. Owner can have same by calling upon George Lipscomb.

John Sarum, who represents Eastern Marshall county on the county board, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Warren.

The degree staff of the royal neighbors are requested to meet next Tuesday afternoon at 2:3o at the Odd Fellows hall. Special work.

Miss Ramstad, who is attending the Ladies Seminary at Fargo, returned to this city yesterday to spend thanksgiving with her parents.

The Young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. D. B. Bakke next Friday evening, Dec. 6.

Miss Grace Meehan came up from Morehead, where she is attending the Normal school, to spend Thanksgiving with her parents.

Miss Florence Wharton arrived in the city the first of the week from Minneapolis and will spend the winter with her uncle, F. J. Stebbins.

As not any of the school teachers are going to be out of the city on Thanksgiving, there will be school as usual on Friday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Anderson left yesterday morning for Fosston to attend the funeral of Mrs. Anderson's sister, who died quite suddenly.

Monday was the tenth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. G. Halvorson and they were very pleasantly surprised by a number of their friends.

All members of the royal Neighbor Lodge are requested to be present at the regular meeting, Wednesday Evening, Dec. 4. Election of officers and initiation.

Frank Kratka, who during the summer has been working on the new Soo extension to Duluth, returned to this yesterday and will spend the winter here.

Lost, stolen or taken by mistake—A telescope valise having three heavy straps around it. Information concerning the same wanted. Emil Erickson, West Hotel.

The Twentieth Century Lodge No. 113 Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen will give their first annual ball in the Evenson Hall this evening. Music will be furnished by the Red Lake Falls orchestra.

[illegible] of Oiheim, had the sad misfortune of having one of his legs broken above the knee by falling from a wagon. Mr. Storm in company with [illegible] neighbors were returning home Sunday evening after spending the day at the [illegible] home. In some manner Mr. Storm lost his balance and fell from the wagon in such a manner that both wheels passed over his leg. Dr. [illegible] of Thief River Falls was called and ordered Mr. Storm taken to the hospital at Thief River Falls for treatment. —Grygla Eagle.

Miss McDoughal will arrive in the city today from Minot to spend a few days visiting friends.

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran church in the town of Smiley next Sunday afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. D. B. Bakke next Thursday afternoon, Dec .5.

All of the town officers of Numedal and some who are not town officers (we will not publish names for we do not know who is who) were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week and tried to have Judge Watts tell who were the officials of this township. It appears that matters are very complicated and even Judge Watts could not render a decision until he secures more evidence. It is a badly tangled up affair and much ill feeling is the result. Next spring there is quite likely to be a very warm election held in this township.

GERMANTOWN.

The weather for the last two weeks has been ideal for all kinds of out door exercise. The roads also are in the best possible condition and the farmers are taking advantage to rush in their grain.

The local creamery was shut down this fall on account of the defective engine, which has caused more or less trouble at different times this season, and now to prevent the recurrence of this the directors have called a special meeting of stock holders to be held on Friday to make arrangements for a new power and consider a change in the by laws in regard to the sale of shares.

The creamery feed mill is humming again, Frank Dau commenced running it last week with his threshing engine.

Will Jones is a new employe at Vaughan Bros. & Co.

Adolph Mae is back from Grafton N. D, near which [illegible] has been working through the summer.

Carl Kirchmann suffered the loss of one of his best [illegible] time ago.

Martin Berg of Silverton was up week before last looking after his farming interests at this place.

Mrs. Henry Roller is reported quite ill this week.

Work on hauling rocks and sane for school house foundation was commenced last week.

Revival Meetings.

The Scandinavian meetings in Evenson Hall are to continue one more week. Friends from Hazel, New Folden, Henning, etc., have come and more are expected. Evangelist J. F. Anderson, of St. Paul and O. J. Norlund of Warren are present. The evening lectures by Evangelist L. H Christian from Milwaukee have been very well attended.

This speaker has lectured in many cities both in America and Scandinavia. Following is a part of the program for the week:

Thursday night in the church east of the Soo depot.—"Sin against the Holy Spirit."

Friday night.—"Living issues for earnest people."

Saturday night.—"The hour of his judgment."

On Sunday there is a meeting in the Evenson Hall at 3 p. m., and the church at 7:45 p. m. An English service will be held in the church Thursday at 3 p. m.. Subject: "The greatest Thanksgiving."

Creamery Statement for October.

Amount of Cream received 54,97.

Average test $29.19.

Amount of Butterfat 7280.

RECEIPTS.	
Butter shipped	$1887 50
Sales at Creamery	461 33
Other receipts	60 75
	$2409 58

DISBURSEMENTS	
Paid patrons	$2125 22
Paid into expense funds	283 36
	$2409 58

Those drawing forty dollars and over:

P. Engelstad	$80 22
S. O. Lee	43 93

P. Engelstad, Sec.

United Lutheran Church.

Confirmation Class of the United Lutheran Congregation will meet next Saturday at 2:30 A. M. in Odd Fellow Hall. Instruction in English and Norwegian.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran Congregation will meet with Mrs Steneeth on Wednesday afternoon, December 4th. All cordially invited.

Rev. Wangensteen, Pastor.

Seed Oats for Sale.

Improved Ligowa, the best of over thirty varieties tested at the Northeast Experiment Farm. Clean Amount Limited. First come, first served. Eight miles east of town. Address

Quist Bros.

Thief River Falls.

- Subscribe for the News.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

The Junior and Senior classes had a class meeting Monday evening but it did not prove very satisfactory. Why?

Carl Ahlos and Tom Crowe visited our school Monday afternoon.

Willis visited with some very "aristocratic and learned" people Monday evening. For further information inquire of him.

Our school is still increasing, if many more come it will be impossible to seat them.

"Sleighbells" were heard in school Tuesday but to our disappointment they quickly vanished.

Marie and Will Sponheim were among the visitors of this week and were pleased with our school.

Miss Carlson expects to spend Thanksgiving in our city and it is needless to say we will rejoice to see her.

About 20 intermediate grade pupils were moved to the high building from the Central this week. It still leaves every room in the city filled some of them to overflowing.

A teachers meeting was held on Monday afternoon at the Central.

The 7th and 8th grades were never so large in the history of the school.

KRATKA.

Creamery meeting will be held at Kratka on Dec. 3rd., for the purposing of organizing, and a creamery building will be erected some time this winter and be ready for operation Apr. 1st.

Stephen Singer has been appointed Postmaster at Kratka and Kratka will be made a P. O. Money Order office on January 1st.

The Kratka Milling Co., have their new Feed Mill and will have it ready for operation Dec. 1st. The capacity of the mill is 300 sacks per day and will be a great saving to the farmers in distance from Brunkeberg, Highlanding, Erie, and several other points south and north.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 23.

Augustine Wm.
Brag Floyd.
Erickson Elvin
Fanighan Pat
Hagen Mrs Maud
Harris Mrs. D. F.
Johnson Samuel
Jacobson Miss Inga
Jepson M.
Kelly J. J.
Knutzen Chas.
Krauth Mrs. Coley
Kibble Mrs.
Monsen Leuis box 10
Muyuord Mrs John
McDonald Mrs. J. -M.
McLeod Peter
Nordhus Rev. L. W.
O'Reilly John
Peterson Easter
Rogers Frank
Roney J. J.
Sturns E. W.
President of Indian School

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster

THE GARTER.

Insignia of the Most Coveted of All English Orders.

Although the most coveted of English orders, the origin of the Garter is really a mystery.

Conflicting authorities assign the foundation of the order either to the 23d of April, St. George's day, 1344, or to the same festival five years later, while the popular anecdote associated with it is that at a court ceremony a lady—either the queen, the Countess of Salisbury or the Countess of Kent—happened to drop her garter, which was picked up by King Edward III, who, observing a disposition to laugh among the bystanders, exclaimed in his royal displeasure, "Honi soit qui mal y pense" (disgraced be he who thinks ill of it).

The reigning monarch is, of course, ex officio the sovereign of the Order of the Garter.

At first the garter was made of light blue silk, but that which is now given is made of dark blue velvet. It is worn on the left leg a little below the knee.

The Order of the Garter as an order of chivalry has a very deep religious significance. It is, or should be, attended by religious ceremonies of a very precise and ornate character, and it was reported in Victoria's reign that a certain nobleman hesitated as to accepting the honor on account of its having been conferred on an oriental potentate.—Philadelphia North American.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 23, 19[illegible]. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, [illegible] Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on January [illegible] [illegible] H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake [illegible] [illegible] Twp. [illegible] N. of R. [illegible] W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: [illegible] Knut Larson of [illegible] Knut Nesheim of [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible]

Dec [illegible] Jan 3 [illegible] Register.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

THE PURSER'S JOKE.

Why Religious Services Were Not Held on That Trip.

On most of the big ocean steamers a minister is usually found among the passengers, and invariably he is called upon on Sunday to conduct religious service in the main dining saloon. Occasionally the man of the cloth seeks the purser and asks if he may conduct a service on the Sabbath. A case of this sort happened recently on one of the Red D steamers on the run from New York to La Guayra. A young minister who three days before the steamer sailed had taken orders from a seminary, and a day later a wife asked the purser if he might conduct religious service on the following day which was Sunday. The purser replied that the dining saloon was at his disposal and that the passengers would be informed. "At what hour shall the service begin?" asked the young minister. The purser rubbed his brow a moment and replied that he could begin at "nine bells." The minister and his bride appeared in the dining saloon at 9 o'clock in the morning and waited four hours for the congregation, which did not come. On the following day he listened again for "nine bells," but heard them not.—New York Tribune.

She Said the Wrong Thing.

"I shall never forget the breakfast I gave to a pretty girl when I first knew her," the short man began. "It would make your mouth water to hear what it was—grape fruit to begin with, the most delicate of breakfast food with cream, a choice broiled chicken—it was a late breakfast—the finest of fruit, coffee. I can't remember the things I ordered for her at that breakfast, and what do you think she said when she finished? She said: 'You needn't have gone to so much trouble. I don't care for anything but a couple of eggs for my breakfast and a piece of toast.'"

"It was the wrong thing to say, I will admit," sighed his wife. "I was that girl, and I have been living ever since on a couple of eggs for my breakfast and a piece of toast."—New York Press.

Sheathing a Ship.

Sheathing a ship is covering the bottom with a sheath of copper. In all seas, but particularly in those of the tropics, the hulls of ships are liable to the attack of certain worms which penetrate the hardest wood and have been known in the course of a few months to damage the hull so as to render the vessel worthless. Copper sheathing protects the ship not only against the attacks of these borers but also against decay, and is especially valuable in the case of iron ships the metal rapidly oxidizing and becoming brittle when exposed to the action of the sea water.

Fortunate.

"I thought," said the author as he took back the manuscript, "that the story would just about do for you."

"Yes," rejoined the editor, "that's just about what it would do if we printed it, but fortunately I happened to read it myself, so I am returning it to you for fear of accidents. People are so careless."—Judy.

Starting Him In Business.

Bride's Father (to his prospective son in law, a young lawyer)—I am not going to give my daughter a cash dowry, but I have some doubtful claims for $10,000 that I will make over to you, and you can [illegible] them.

She Was a Countess.

Spriggs—Say, Sniggs, is there any thing in the story that your nephew married a countess? Sniggs—Well, yes, I suppose there is. The young lady ran the adding machine in Bigg[illegible] house & Bing[illegible] [illegible]

Too Late to Die.

Gerald—I would die for you. Geraldine—But [illegible] [illegible] a dead one already.—New York Press.

[illegible] Louis Globe-Democrat.

I am now prepared to deliver goods to any part of the city. Telephone your orders and you will receive prompt delivery. I guarantee both my goods and prices and will appreciate your patronage.

Highest prices paid for BUTTER and EGGS.

J. H. JACOBSON,
NORTH MAIN AVE.

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure*. We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle.

"Leads Them All."

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

The News: $1 per Year.

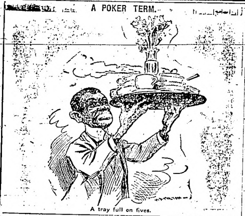

A POKER TERM.

A tray full on fives.

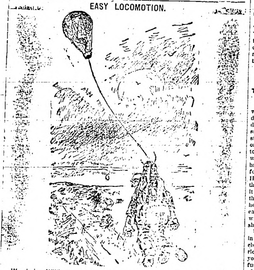

EASY LOCOMOTION.

Wandering Willie (who, while taking a roadside trip, has been caught by a balloon's drag anchor): "Am I dreamin' or in [illegible]?"

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,
Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rates and reservations call on

W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

The News: $1 per Year.

TESTED HIS LOGIC.

John Seemed to Make His Point, but Missed the Chicken.

The old couple were eating their first meal with their son after his return from college.

"Tell us, John," said the father, "what have you learned at college?"

"Oh, lots of things," said the son as he recited his course of studies. "Then," he concluded, "I also studied logic."

"Logic," said the old man. "What is that?"

"It's the art of reasoning," said the son.

"The art of reasoning?" said the father. "What is that, my boy?"

"Well," replied the son, "let me give you a demonstration. How many chickens are on that dish, father?"

"Two," said the old man.

"Well," said John, "I can prove there are three." Then he stuck his fork in one and said, "That is one, isn't it?"

"Yes," said the father.

"And this is two?" sticking his fork in the second.

"Yes," replied the father again.

"Well, don't one and two make three?" replied John triumphantly.

"Well, I declare," said the father, "you have learned things at college. Well, mother," continued the old man to his wife, "I will give you one of the chickens to eat, and I'll take the other, and John can have the third. How is that, John?"—Judge.

MEXICAN CARRIERS.

The Cargadors Can Carry Enormous Loads on Their Shoulders.

Just as one finds the rickshaw everywhere in India, so one finds the cargador in Mexico. He is a beast of burden. In general he is a comparatively small man, with broad shoulders and stout arms and legs. To look at him one would not think he would be able to carry heavy burdens. But the weight he can carry is surprising. You have a trunk you can scarcely move, for instance. You send for a cargador. He gets it upon his back, high up on the shoulders, and he marches off with it as easily as though it were a plaything. A life dedicated to carrying heavy burdens has made this work easy for him. A slightly built Mexican will carry over 500 pounds on his shoulders for short distances.

Until recent years almost everything in the City of Mexico and, everywhere else throughout the republic was carried upon the backs of cargadors. If you wanted to move your household furniture you hired a certain number of cargadors. For house moving they generally work in pairs, each pair having a hand truck, which they pick up and carry when it is loaded, for it has no wheels. In the City of Mexico there are still hundreds of these hand trucks, though one may now find plenty of carts, wagons and heavy moving trucks.—Mexican Herald.

The Only Piece He Cared About.

"There was a French count," said a lecturer in the midst of a little sermon on selfishness, "who was traveling from Paris to Monte Carlo. On his journey he stopped at Mentone, where he sent for his valet, who had preceded him and was to have met him at that point. 'Alas, monsieur,' exclaimed the count's courier, 'poor Francois! I have just looked my last upon him. He was killed in a railway accident. His corpse lies on the outskirts of Mentone, cut in a hundred pieces!' 'Ah!' murmured the count, regretfully, 'Then just go back and fetch me the piece that contains my trunk keys.'"

The Old Way and the New.

The young lady from Boston was explaining. "Take an egg," she said, "and make a perforation in the base and a corresponding one in the apex. Then you apply the lips to the aperture and by forcibly inhaling the breath the shell is entirely discharged of its contents."

An old lady who was listening exclaimed:

"It beats all how folks do things nowadays. When I was a gal they made a hole in each end and sucked."—Judge's Library.

What the Poet Says.

After their honeymoon to Niagara falls they came back and settled on the old farm.

"Gracious, Sile!" said Cynthia. "Why are you in such a bad humor?"

"Making butter is blamed hard work," grumbled Silas, removing the beads from his brow.

"Oh, cheer up, Sile! Don't the poet say that it is love that makes the world go round?"

"Yes; but, by gosh, it don't make the churn go round!"—Chicago News.

A Change In Temperature.

"I hear the audience last night was rather cold," said Hi Tragedy.

"They were at first," replied Lowe Comedy, "but when they remembered that they had paid good money to see the show they got hot."—Catholic Standard and Times.

The Worst Part.

"So your daughter is going to marry a title," said the old acquaintance.

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox, "it's worse than that. She's got to take a fellow that I don't see along with it."—Washington Star.

His Coat of Arms.

Mrs. Newrich—Don't you think, William, now we are getting into the [illegible] that we ought to have a coat of arms? Mr. N.—Certainly, my dear. I'll [illegible] one at it tomorrow.—[illegible]

Fine manners need the support of fine manners in others.—Emerson.

We Have Confidence
We Accept Checks

Confident that the banks of the country at large and of this community especially are absolutely sound, we will accept in payment on accounts and for merchandise, Cashier's Checks, local pay roll Checks, Checks signed by responsible parties on banks in this vicinity, also savings bank books.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

CAME TO STAY.

Return of the Prodigal With Money and a Large Check.

Old home week had come, and the returned sons and grandsons were gathered together. One after another they rose and told with pardonable pride their achievements in the great world, impressing their importance on the stay at homes. At length Mr. Jameson spoke:

"I went away from here twenty years ago a poor young man, with only one solitary dollar in my pocket. I walked the four miles from my father's farm to the station, and there I begged a ride to Boston on a freight car. Last night I drove into town behind a spirited pair of horses, and my purse—guess how much my purse holds in money today, besides a large check," and Mr. Jameson looked about him with a smile.

"Fifty dollars!"

"Seventy-five!"

"A hundred!" shouted the boys, filled with admiration.

"No," said Mr. Jameson, drawing a large, flat purse from his pocket when the clamor had subsided, "none of you has guessed right. When I had paid the 25 cents to Ozzy Boggs for my refreshing drive in the coach I had, besides my trunk check (which I retained for financial reasons), exactly 4 cents. I have come back, my friends, to stay. Any little jobs of sawing and splitting will be gratefully received."—Woman's Home Companion.

Our Names Lack "Color."

At an early period, and indeed well toward the beginning of modern history, proper names told something as to paternity, occupation and habitation. Today they are quite colorless. A new Ulysses would no longer be Laertides. No Peter indicates that he is the son of Paul. A Carpenter or a Weaver is likely to be a lily fingered stockbroker. Even the place names, complains the Nation, have pretty much disappeared, except in the case of nobility, and since the average gentle family has not for years lived on its titular estates or perhaps has had none at all our new Gastons de Feix give us a name as sapless as John Jones.—London Chronicle.

A Knockdown Argument.

A suburban school just opening for the season was composed of both city and country children. The teacher selected eight boys to debate the subject "Which Is Preferable, Country or City Life?"

After they had read many arguments with much enthusiasm, Country Hi[illegible] [illegible] down his paper and said: "Mr. President, they [illegible] know what they're talking about. The city [illegible] knows nothing [illegible] and that beats anything I know."—Ladies' Home Journal.

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway

issues from time to time bulletins [illegible] the advantages of Minnesota [illegible] If you have relatives or friends [illegible] [illegible] west send us [illegible] will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
T[illegible]

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

November 28, 1907.

Quite a movement has been started to have the vote of Minnesota in the next Republican national convention cast for Robert M. LaFollette for President. The NEWS would be much pleased to see LaFollette the nominee of the Republicans next year. He stands for what is right and fair, and if he was elected president of the United States he would carry out the campaign started by President Roosevelt against the trusts and large corporations.

After the Scare Is Over.

Washington Post: Now that the country has staggered along under a socalled "panic" for a couple of weeks, it may be well to pause and consider just what is the matter. Is the country on the verge of destruction? If so, it must have been trembling on the verge a long time, for there has been no new development or disaster to cause the panicky feeling. What is the basis for the scare that has caused people to take their money out of the banks and hold it in their fists? Now that they have their money, where they can feel it and gloat over it, they are beginning to wonder what frightened them. They are beginning to tire of losing the interest on their money. Every day that they keep their money out of active work they are losers. As prudent persons they recognize this fact.

When men come down to hardpan they cannot give a valid reason for their money scare. They are as well off as ever. The crops are big, the railroad business is rushing, real estate is solid, merchants are forced to order heavily to meet local demands, and factories are running steadily on orders reaching far ahead. What, then, is the matter? Some persons say it is because of the scarcity of money. Of course, money is not as plentiful as it ought to be—it never is. But the scarcity has not happened within a week. Business is done on credit, and not on coin. Credit is capable of expansion; it is flexible and elastic. There is plenty of it.

The truth is that the money flurry of the last two weeks is as senseless a scare as a theater crush or a mad dog panic among shoppers. This fact is becoming apparent to persons of sound sense, and they are sheepishly preparing to put their money back where it will begin to breed interest. Foreign investors are snapping up the investors are snapping up the investments which Americans afflicted with money colic threw overboard. In a few days these Americans will be looking around and wishing they had kept their heads. They will be lucky if they find as good investments as those they threw over when it was fashionable to become purple over an imaginary danger.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. ROHRECKE, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

DISTRICT COURT.

How A Number of Cases Were Disposed of By Court and Judge.

State vs Dan Guerin, charged with assaulting an officer, dismissed on account of not sufficient evidence.

State vs R. B. Hamilton, charged with indecent assault, dismissed on failure of prosecuting witness to appear and testify.

State vs H. B. Blackey, charged accepting a bribe, dismissed.

State vs E. H. Ackerman, charged with giving a bribe, dismissed.

Elesta Allison vs Garceau & Zaiser, court granted twenty days time to plaintiff to file supplimental evidence.

V. E. Segerstorm vs C. W. Teal et al., dismissed upon motion of plaintiff.

Merchants Nat'l Bank of Crookston vs H. Fant, case re-opened and judgment ordered, then settled out of court and dismissed.

Julius Kessler & Co. vs Ole Torgerson et al, suit on sale of note, verdict for plaintiff and stay of thirty days granted.

Joseph Cyr vs Edward Enright, verdict for defendant and stay of twenty days granted on proceedings.

Odd School Situation.

While visiting schools in the southern part of the county this week, Co. Supt. Casey came across a situation in school economy that perhaps cannot be duplicated anywhere else in the state, or, it may be, the whole United States, for that matter. He found a school in which only ten pupils were enrolled, the ten being present on the occasion of his visit. They were seated five on the south side of the room, and five on the north side. The five on the north side, all boys, belonged to one family; and the five on the south side, three boys and two girls, also belonged to one family. In other words, two families in the district furnished all the pupils enrolled in the school. The district is five years old and has seven months of school in the year. The largest enrollment it has ever known in previous years was 13. The teacher says that there is a rumor that one of the two families are soon to move away, and then it will be more lonesome than ever.—Crookston Times.

Have We Looked at It This Way!

Last year Sears & Roebuck is said to have sold goods to the extent of over $40,000,000. If this business was distributed among the merchants of the country it would give a wonderful impetus to business. This amount of business is sufficient to maintain 3,000 general stores throughout the country and represents the means for the living of twice as many families. This increase of population in the smaller towns would also cause a wonderful increase in the local markets for farm products. It would increase the value of farm property as well. The first impression upon a stranger looking for a location is the business activities of the town.

If the town seems quiet and dead he will naturally think the surrounding farms are of little producing value or business would be brisker. This is merely one instance of what might be done to increase business and also the marketable value of the farm.—Brandon Echo.

Two Extremes.

A two hundred pound man can travel from here to Thief River Falls for sixteen cents, but it costs 35 cents to send a six pound package to the same place.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

And even at that the package cannot check one hundred fifty pounds of baggage with it free, carry two grips of any weight each, keep the window open to the discomfort of passengers, put its feet on the cushioned seat opposite, plow smoke into its neighbor's ear, and spit into the aisle. This oppression from unjust conditions sanctioned by the law is becoming unbearable.—Crookston Times.

A Public Debate.

A public debate will be held at the Woodmen hall, Gully, on the evening of Nov. 30th, 1907.

Question: "Did Norway have any cause or right to tear loose from the union of Norway and Sweden?

Head speakers: Carl Pederson and H. O Halvorson.

A $10 stake goes to the winners.

The Old Romans.

Do you know that the Roman mortar was harder than the stones which it held together? It is a remarkable thing that we do not know how to make mortar like that now. And what an eye those old Romans had for position! It is a pity that some historical writer doesn't write a romance with Julius Caesar as the central figure. Shakespeare seems to be the only author who has done anything of that sort really well.—London Captain.

Cold Comfort.

"I have no money," the man complained.

"You have been given," responded Jupiter, "a sense of humor instead."

"To what end?"

"That you may enjoy watching those who have."—[illegible]

False.

Miss B[illegible]—How dare you tell people my hair is bleached? You know it is false? Miss Ravenwing—Yes, dear, I know it is. I told them it was bleached before you got it.—London Telegraph.

LIKE WINTER OF 1877-8.

Present Season Compared With Winer of Thirty Years Ago.

The following: from the St Cloud Times will bring to old timers the remarkable winter of 1877:

"Thirty years ago this fall, in the winter of 1877-1878, Northern Minnesota experienced weather conditions never heard of before and probably never to be of record again. On the 24 th day of December the sun came out hot, the snow melted from the ground, and all through January and Feburary farmers might have been seen plowing, while as early as March 4th, large quantities of wheat had been sown."

The above was the statement of George R. Whitney made this morning, following a remark which carried with it the suggestion that this section of the state was enjoying some mighty fine weather at the present time. Mr. Whitney's statement is backed by H. C. Waite and other old timers who remember that most unusual year.

"I lost $2,500 worth of venison that winter and came nearly being ruined financially." Mr. Whitney continued.

"I, was running a general store at Rich Prairie, Morrison county, at the time. I had bought up a large quantity of deer meat for shipment to the cities. It spoiled on my hands. Several others besides myself were hit, among the number G. Holding, for whom the town of Holding, Stearns county, was named. On the year in question it froze up solid in early November and there was about 18 inches of snow on the ground. We also had one blizzard. On the 4th of March I remember C. B. Buckman, late congressman from this district, had several hundred acres of wheat in the ground. After the wheat came up about two or three inches, it was frozen down. The roots, however, were not hurt, and the grain soon sprung up again and he harvested one of the largest crops that year he ever cut. There were many others who had the same experience.

Diseased Dairy Cows.

At the last meeting of the state live stock and sanitary board, a regulation governing tuberculosis in dairy cattle was passed. It provides that all cattle which shows tuberculosis symtoms must be quarantined and the entire herd tested with tuberculin within thirty days.

Also, that when cattle have been inspected and found to be free from tuberculosis, the owner shall not introduced into the herd any cattle which have not been inspected and found to be free from tuberculosis. The regulation further provided that all barns must be disinfected and whitewashed after diseased cattle have been removed from them. Owners who violate this regulations are not to receive any compensation for any cattle condemned by the state or local boards.

—Subscribe for the NEWS.

Watches

We carry the largest and best stock of watches of any house in the Northwest and here quote you prices that cannot be duplicated elswhere. We carry in stock such standard makes as the Hamilton, Elgin, Waltham, Trenton, New York Standards, Betsy Ross, etc. Also a fine line of standard railroad watches.

Gentlemen's Watches.

7 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$3.85
15 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
17 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.60
17 jewels, 18 size Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price,	$8.80
7 jewels, 16 size Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5 50
15 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.70
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.90
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$13.75
7 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
15 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.70
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.90
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$15.12

Ladies Watches.

7 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$4.95
15 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.05
7 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.15
15 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$8.80
17 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price	$14.30

An endless variety of watch cases to select from.—Boss, cresent, crown 20 and 25 year guaranteed gold-filled cases also solid gold, silver and silveroid, the latest designs and finest patterns

Dr. A. J. Klimek

LEADING JEWELER,

Meehan Block, LaBree Avenue.

Subscribe for the News. $1 per Year.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen photographs taken at BORRY'S gallery will make twelve beautiful Christmas presents that will be appreciated, welcome and cheap.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Sheriff Fosberg, of Warren, was in the city last week.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. *Evenson block. Phone 244.*

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. Knudson, of the town of North, last week.

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting with friends here.

"Closing out sale at Abrahams'" store, east end of bridge. Everything at cost or less.

Mrs. J. P. Curtis entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon.

Emil E. Zeh, Olaf Ramstad and Ira C. Richardson were down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Miss Irene Caldwell, who is teaching school near Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week.

R. D. V. Car, the Middle River editor was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. James Meehan, who had been down to Red Lake Falls visiting friends, returned to this city last week.

Mrs. Conrad Olson arrived in the city last Friday from Grand Forks and is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Lang.

Robert Teal, one of the pioneer citizens of Euclid, died last Thursday. He was a brother of Dr. Charles Teal of this city.

Wanted—To purchase 50 tons of baled hay. Will pay highest market price. J. A. Egan, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

White shirts at 25c. Children's underwear at from 10c to 30c a piece at the closing out sale at Abrahams', east end of bridge.

Miss Mary Caldwell, who is working at Register of Deeds Quist's office at Red Lake Falls, is home visiting her mother this week.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Neal Pannebaker returned to this city last week from a trip to Thief River Falls Lumber companys' camps up in the Red Lake country.

-Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., offers any complete course for only $50 to all who enroll before Dec 2nd. Send for catalog now.

Jim Havel, the efficent printer in the NEWS office, left Tuesday for Badger to spend Thanksgiving day with his grandparents who live upon a farm near that place.

10,000 yds. of laces, braids, etc; worth from 10c to $1 a yard, will be sold at from 1 cent to 10 cents per yard at the closing out sale at Abraham's store, east end of bridge.

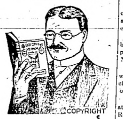

Killing Time! Piling Up Cost!

That's what you get in the so-called eye treatments. Glasses are the medicine of the eyes. A bath in hot salt water is soothing and beneficial to inflamed eyes. Glasses will give permanent relief when fitted by me. I back up what I say with a guarantee, that's the fair way.

Dr. A. J. Klimek,

Eye Specialist,

LaBree Ave. Meehan Block.

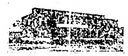

HEADQUARTERS

For storm windows, storm fronts, and storm doors. Order your storm doors and windows and have them hung in place before its to cold to get a good job done. Call on us and be convinced that our price combined with quality is girht as we wish to sell every storm door and sash in this city. Send for price list.

Pioneer Sash & Door Co

Attorney F. A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Miss Ida Rondorf left last week for Staples where she will visit with an uncle and attend school until next spring.

Herman Hanson, of Newfolden, has rented the Scandinavian Hotel in this city and takes possession of the same December 1st.

Arguments in the county seat case were made last week before Judge Watts and he took the matter under advisement before rendering a decision.

A new school house is being built in district No. 42, town of Silverton. The building when completed will cost about $400 and Bert Norby has the contract for doing the work.

—Farm For Rent Sec. 20 Town Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

The city council held a special meeting last Saturday evening. The $2000 worth of refunding bonds, drawing interest at the rate of 5½ per cent were sold at par and Contractor Hanson was paid in full for the work he has done on the telephone line road.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Dec. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

The November term of the district court for Marshall county convened at Warren Monday and a large number of witnesses and jurors from the eastern part of Marshall county passed through the city this week enroute to the county seat.

Among those who made a big profit farming this year is Olaf O. Johnson and his father of Lida, Otter Tail county. They got 49 bu. barley per acre which sold for 81 cents, realizing over $40 per acre, still they kept some of the barley to feed to pigs.

Ole Johnson, the cattle buyer whose disappearance caused his friends in this city to fear that he had met with foul play, has been located. For the past two weeks he has been down at Plummer buying cattle from farmers in that vicinity.

While playing around some cars that were being switched, Allie, the ten year old son of Mrs. Bahrs, a trained nurse, fell under a moving car and had his leg cut off at the knee late last Wednesday afternoon. The accident happened on the East Side, and it is indeed a most unfortunate affair.

—Wanted—Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Breckenridge has begun a campaign against the saloons called line saloons, operated by someone in the employ of large breweries, who are the owners. Hereafter in the application it must state that he is independent of the brewery interests and must have a better line of qualifications than those granted licenses previously.

A party of Minneapolis sportsmen went up to International Falls, where they charted a small steam boat and hired two guides and made a hunting trip along the Rainy river. The result of their hunt was one lone partridge. Nevertheless, they had a most enjoyable trip and consider that they were well paid for the expense.

Engineer Matt Milligan, who was the engineer in the first train to arrive in Thief River Falls, and since that time has been the engineer of the passenger engine, is not on this run any longer. Myer Kelley, who is older in the service, made application for this run last week and Mr. Milligan is now on the passenger run between Emerson and Fargo.

According to the Roseau Times, a movement is on up in Roseau county to condem the Great Northern right of way from Roseau to Warroad and make a state road out of the same. As will be remembered, this road was graded a couple of years ago by the Great Northern, but the steel has never been put down, and the residents up there are quite sore at the road.

John Meehan and son, Martin, returned to this city last week from a trip up to Little Oak where, in company with Charley Clark they had been hunting deer. Mr. Meehan reports that deer were not very numerous and that not many of the hunters that were up that way succeeded in killing any. He brought back two fine bucks, however, and feels well pleased.

For the first time in several years according to reports from Bemidji, the yearly logging season has been favorable to the logging contractors. The swamps have been gradually freezing and there has been no snow to prevent the hardening of the surface. The weather is cold and every night the frost sinks deeper into the ground. For several years past the snow came before the ground had frozen and the swamps were soft and gave lots of trouble in roadmaking.

A disastrous fire swept the country six miles east of Warren last week. A strip three miles wide and ten miles long was burned. Many farmers lost hay, some machinery, but no dwellings were destroyed.

The case of the city against the Red Lake Falls Milling company removing its elevator to a point within the fire limits of the city, has not been decided by Judge Watts as yet. The matter is to be submitted on briefs and it will probably be several weeks before a decision is rendered. No matter which side wins, the case will be appealed to the supreme court.

Some hunters while tramping thru the underbrush on the banks of the east branch of the Rapid river twelve miles from its mouth, found a skeleton, or part of one, as some of the bones were missing. It was partly buried in the dirt and leaf mold, evidently having been there a long time. On examination it was found to be that of a man, and it is thought that it is the remains of a hunter or trapper. Pieces of cloth and a rusty pair of scissors were found beside the skeleton.

Frank Zavoral, one of the hustling settlers living out near Erie postoffice, was in the city the first of the week and made this office a pleasant call. Mr. Zavoral says that there is a whole lot more *grain raised out in his section* than most people have any idea about, and that threshing will continue for a week or ten days more. Flax is turning out from 8 to 13 bushels to the acre, while wheat averages from 18 to 23. The settlers out there are all prosperous and contented and next year will increase their average considerable.

Proceedings have been commenced to have Didrik Kvinlaug thrown into bankruptcy. Mr. Kvinlaug last spring purchased the creamery at Wylie and later erected another creamery at Dorothy. It appears that he had very little money and none of the material used in building the creamery has been paid for. Farmers in that vicinity who sold cream to these two institutions also were not paid. About two weeks ago Kvinlaug deserted his family at Wylie and it is thought that he has gone to the Canadian Northwest.

Attempt to Rob.

Geo. Colbon, alias H. Smith, a wrestler by profession, who has been spending the last couple of weeks in the village, was caught Monday night by marshal Fee in the back room of one of our saloons in the act of going through Andrew Holseth's pockets, and was taken to the village lock-up. Andrew Holseth, who has been employed on the O. H. Bang farm the past year, had just been paid off and came to spend some of his wad, which amounted to some hundred dollars. Colbon soon spotted him as a victim and enticed him into a back room where he would undoubtedly have succeeded in getting the money had not our wide-awake marshal come along about that time and halted his game. Colbon was taken to Warren Tuesday evening and given a hearing, the result being that he was bound over to the grand jury for attempted robbery. Colbon carries a bad reputation having been arrested several times previous to this in other towns where he has made his residence. He will now reside at the county jail awaiting hearing in district court.—Oslo Tribune.

Attacked by Moose.

Chas. Hughes of this place and C. W. Newberry of Crookston, returned yesterday from O'Brien creek where they have been hunting for the past week. While away Mr. Hughes had an encounter with a monster moose, which he does not care to have repeated. Chas. shot the moose who fell in his tracks, and Chas. left his rifle standing against a tree, intending to examine his prize. When within a few feet of his supposed victim the moose arose and attacked Mr. Hughes, striking him on the arm with one of his huge fore-legs, bruising the arm and inflicting a severe wound. Mr. Hughes made for the nearest tree, with the moose following closely in his tracks. There ensued a pretty merry-go-round, with Chas. slightly in the lead. At this stage Mr. Newberry came to the rescue, but the moose made his get-away. Mr. Hughes' arm has been hanging limply from his side ever since the encounter.—Kelliher Journal.

Never Fly Higher Than You Can Roost.

The Rip Van Winkle Club of Warwick effected their organization last Monday night. The motto of the club is: "Never to Fly Higher Than You Can Roost" and the object of the organization is sleep, sweet sleep—and then some more sleep. Quite a number of influential citizens of our city attended the meeting.—Warwick N. D. Sentinel.

A New Church.

A number of people met at the home of B. Dan Bjorkman on the East Side last Friday afternoon and articles of incorporation of the First Swedish Baptist church of Thief River Falls were adopted. The following board of trustees were elected: C. Elgstee, Erick Hood and Nils Ek. The society has purchased lots on the corner northwest from the Knox school and it is the intention to build a church in the near future.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

BIJOU THEATRE.

- AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

CHIVALRY.

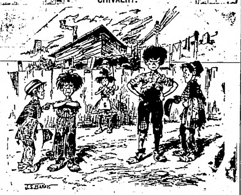

Second: "Now do yer best, Jim, and don't fergit. If yer don't swipe 'im out in t'ree rounds yer loses de lady."

SOUND ADVICE.

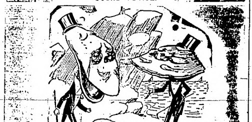

The Clam (to the oyster): "Why don't you follow the example of an old rounder and shut up once in awhile? Every time you open your face you get into broils and stews!"

A TIGHT SQUEEZE.

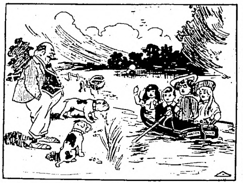

Ethel (in the dingey: "Oh, Mr. Eckstein, do come with us. We've heaps of room!"

Bobby: "And do bring Lion or Rupert with you!"

ANOTHER OLD TRADITION GONE.

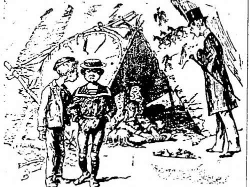

Jimmie (at the show): "Say, Billy, dese are de red fiends dat live on raw beef an' blizzards. 'Sh! Here comes a dude. Dey may scalp him."

Indian (to dude:): "I say, chappie, old man, have you a perfumed cigarette with you?"

EFFECTS OF AMBITION.

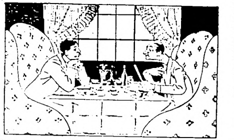

C[illegible] (dining out): "What's become of the star boarder?"

Boarder: "Sh! That's me. The old star married the landlady and now eats in the kitchen."

HORSE WHISPERERS.

Men Who Can Control the Most Vicious Animal by Voice.

The horse whisperer might be an unknown quantity in England and Ireland today, but there are not a few men who exercise a wonderful control with their voices over horses which when the dominating influence is absent are apt to literally kick over the traces. In the thoroughbred stables of England and Ireland today there are not a few stablemen and jockeys who succeed in holding in check the vice in horses which in demonstrative manner show that they cannot tolerate the presence of the grooms or attendants.

Nimrod claimed for Count Duval a power and influence of the human voice over the brute creation, but that power was backed up by a lecture to the horse with "his clinched fist in his face."

But the horse whisperer of today avoids all gesticulations and trusts entirely to a combination of sounds or words. There is no bullying done, and the whisperer can face a mad horse with his hands behind his back and apparently at the mercy of the beast that has to come under the charm. One means of keeping remount horses quiet in stations during the South African war was that employed by the yeomen, who sat in a ring of head to head horses singing as loudly as possible and riveting the ears and attention of the otherwise sprawling and hungry animals.

One of the first whisperers to acquire absolute control over fractious equines was Con Sullivan, who migrated in his youth from Kilmallick, where he could trace his genealogy through a long line of snafflers, and became almost exclusively employed by Lord Doneralle. The whisper of this man made an indelible impression upon any horse, bringing the pupil to a degree of docility unattainable in the ordinary course of discipline.

The race horse King Pepin, a famous racer, vicious and reputed to have killed two grooms at the Curragh, once came under his charge. He was wanted to win a race at Mallow, but when saddling time came it found him in one of his unmanageable moods. He reared, plunged and flung out fore and aft until he completely cowed groom and jockey. It was at this crisis that some one recommended that he should be "whispered." As it was the only chance left of taming him in time for the start, his owner gladly availed himself of it, though warned that horses were sometimes thrown into a state of stupor by the process.

Sullivan was soon found, and he was delighted at the opportunity of "fwhusperin' before so much 'quolity' from all parts." "Show us the wild baste," he said, "and we'll soon tache him manners."

When he got within the circle—and a wide one it was—in which King Pepin was playing his antics he walked up to him, approaching the horse from behind. He mumbled some words as he walked which, though not quite inaudible, were as unintelligible as a sermon in the unknown tongue, but they had a most magical effect on the horse, for he stood stock still. Sullivan then patted him on the neck, while he whispered a word or two in his ear, whereupon King Pepin went on his knees and incontinently lay down.

The whisperer then stretched himself on him at full length, took out a pouch containing pipe and tobacco, flint and steel, struck a light and blew a cloud as he lounged on the stomach of this high mettled colt with as much composure as if he were seated on a bench in his favorite taproom. After two or three puffs he got up, beckoned the nag to his legs, saddled him and walked off to the starting post, the horse following and fawning upon him like a dog. He won the race in a canter.—London Live Stock Journal.

Great Falls of the Potomac.

The Great Falls of the Potomac are about fifteen miles above Washington, but the neighboring country has remained so wild and undeveloped that the falls have been difficult to reach. The famous Conduit or Aqueduct road, so called because it is built over the big conduit which brings the national capital its water supply, leads about up to the falls on the Maryland side and there stops. It is famous as one of the best roads in the country, and it is a favorite drive with Washington people and visitors. About halfway up this road crosses a deep gulch by means of the Cabin John bridge, a majestic stone arch built by the government and until recently the longest single masonry span in the world, about 220 feet. This bridge was begun just before the civil war, and a tablet was inserted in its side, giving the name of Jeff Davis as secretary of war. During the war his name was mutilated by soldiers, and now it is entirely cut off.—Pathfinder.

Dawn on the Prairies.

While we ate the eastern sky lightened. The mountains under the dawn looked like silhouettes cut from slate colored paper. Those in the west showed faintly luminous. Objects about us became dimly visible. We could make out the windmill and the adobe cattle ranch houses and the corrals. The cowboys arose one by one, dropped their plates into the dishpan and began to hunt out their ropes. Everything was obscure and mysterious in the faint gray light. I watched Windy Bill near his tarpaulin. He stooped to throw over the canvas. When he bent it was before daylight, when he straightened his back daylight had come. It was just like that, as though someone had reached out his hand to turn on the illumination of the world.—Stewart Edward White in Outing Magazine.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

SPECIAL RATES ON FARM LOANS FROM NOW ON.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

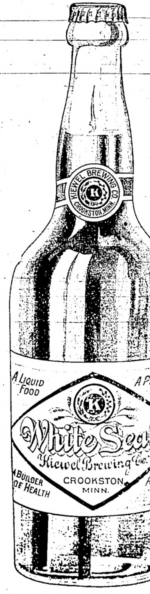

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READ THE NEWS FOR NEWS.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

TALKS OF NORTHERN QUESTION

London Graphic Has an Idea for Its Solution Which Sweden Does Not Take Kindly To.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The London Daily Graphic says: "There is a northern question, just as complicated and dangerous as the east Asiatic question, to which it is not a little similar. Five small states are located close to two great aggressive powers, and their geographical conditions are such as to cause considerable inconvenience to their neighbors. This contributes to the creation of an uneasy situation. A declaration of neutrality does not solve the problem. The question must be handled in an entirely different way. We have an excellent precedence for its treatment in the British-Spanish and French-Spanish agreements, which preserve the status quo in the Mediterranean and the east Atlantic. If something similar could be attained with regard to the Baltic and the northeast Atlantic the 'northern question' would soon be solved, and the guarantees of the peace of Europe materially increased." Sweden does not take kindly to this idea because it suggests the fate of such countries as Morocco and Korea.

Can Hallberg, the Oresund swimmer, swim the English channel? This is a question which the Nord Sporting paper asks its many readers. As is perhaps known, Captain Webb, the Englishman, swam from Dover to Calais, a feat which he is the only man who has attempted successfully thus far. A large number of swimmers have since that time attempted to swim the channel, but failed. Now the well known swimmer, Hjalmar Johanssen, has the word. He believes that Carl Hallberg, the famous Oresund swimmer, can swim the channel and the Weekly Dispatch (London) states on good authority that Hallberg will make the attempt next year. The announcement that Hallberg will make the attempt has aroused no end of interest among followers of aquatic sport.

The landtag of Finland passed a prohibition law by a unanimous vote Nov. 1. It prohibits the production of alcohol in Finland and the importation thereof into Finland. As the law affects Russia's tariff arrangements with other countries it is not certain that the czar will sanction it. The passage of the law was celebrated with temperance festivals in all parts of Finland.

August Wilhelm Hoffstedt, for a number of years professor at the Technical High school in Stockholm, died Nov. 1, after a long and painful illness. Hoffstedt was born in Svardsjo, Dalarne, in 1841, and was graduated from Upsala university in 1860. He was an able instructor and was for a number of years the editor of a technological monthly in Stockholm.

The famous Norwegian actress Mme. Dybwad, arrived in Stockholm Nov. 18, where she is now giving a series of Ibsen plays at the Svenska teatern. Mme. Dybwad is considered the greatest living Ibsen actress and her appearance in Stockholm is attracting large and select audiences.

The crownprincess of Sweden, who is still at Karlsruhe, Germany, is suffering from an acute attack of rheumatism accompanied with fever and has been compelled to take to her bed. Considerable alarm is felt for her in royal circles in Sweden.

Mme. Anna Hellstrom-Oscar will, according to recent rumors, be engaged at the Oscars teater during the winter season. Mme. Hellstrom is the opera singer who attracted such wide attention among Swedish-Americans a couple of years ago.

J. E. Wettergren & Co., of Gothenburg, have delivered [illegible] army hats to the war department. [illegible]

[illegible]

NORWAY.

Christiania.

[illegible]

...er reasons why this modern means of conveyance should be utilized here far more than now is the case. To build railways in such a mountainous country is very expensive, but suitable motor cars could be introduced on the fine country highways that connect the different districts, and they could supplant horse vehicles now in use. There is much objection to and restriction of the use of automobiles on Norwegian country roads. Special permit must be obtained from the governor of the district through which the machine is to be driven, and there are a number of rules to be observed in regard to speed, frightening horses, etc. It may be that some of these precautions are necessary in Norway, because as everyone knows who has traveled in a kjaerre on some of the roads in Norway it would not be a bit nice if a horse got scared by an automobile and jumped the track in a spot where the next landing place would be several hundred feet below. There may also be something in the objection that the roads are not built for such heavy vehicles as some of the larger automobiles. The automobile has come to stay, however, and despite the many objections raised against it, the number of machines will increase year by year. A Norwegian association of automobile owners has been formed, and is working hard to get more modern and practical regulations enforced. So far, all automobiles have been imported from Germany, France and America. Now the Norwegians, however, think they know enough about 'the new thing' to build it themselves, and a company is being organized in this city.

Electricity for light and power is coming well to the front in Christiania. The electric power used in Christiania is all furnished through the municipal electric plant, but is obtained by long distance transmission from Kykkelsrud, in Smaleene, where the power is furnished by the waterfalls at Sarpfors. From this source 1,25[illegible] kilowatts are obtained. The charge for light has now been reduced to 0.[illegible] ore for a 5 candle lamp and 2.0 ore (about three-fourths of a cent) for a 32 candle lamp per hour. The largest consumers of electric energy in Christiania are the two shipyards, which take 680 horsepower. The greater number of the breweries also get their power from the municipal plant. Electric power has also come into use in many of the smaller industrial establishments, such as tailor shops, shoe factories, etc. Experts think the demand will soon be much larger than the supply, and then some other source must be found. The municipality owns Solbergsfos, a waterfall which, with an expenditure of about 5,000,000 crowns will develop 22,500 horsepower.

A week ago last Wednesday the royal family left for England. A stop was made with the Danish royal family, whence Queen Maud and Crown Prince Olav proceeded, accompanied by Queen Alexandra to England. King Haakon returned to this city later, however, in order to be present at a rather important cabinet meeting. The most important feature was that the premier, Michelsen, resigned, owing to failing health. By his physicians he has been ordered to lay aside work and care of every kind in order to regain his health. His private business at Bergen he has left in charge of his only son, and his place as the chief of the cabinet has been filled by T. G. Loevland, the minister of foreign affairs. The king presented Michelsen with "Olav's Kjaeden," a distinction never before given to any Norwegian.

Grand hotel and an adjoining business block were completely destroyed by fire a week ago last Saturday. Two sisters, the Sorensen sisters, were the victims of the flames. The loss entailed is estimated at 200,000 crowns.

The city council of Christiania has voted an appropriation for the purpose of purchasing Sculptor Vigeland's works and will donate same to the Christiania museum.

Railway communications between the two central stations in Christiania were completed a week ago last Wednesday.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Queen Alexandra, who has been staying at her Danish home, Villa Hvidore, gave an instance of her considerate treatment of her employes, in whom she always takes a kind interest, and see that they are comfortable. Her majesty, wishing to speak to her gardener, whom she could not find in the glass house, went to his cottage in a corner of the grounds. The gardener was not at home, but his wife [illegible] the queen [illegible] while she fetched him. While waiting the queen [illegible]

[illegible]

MARIUS S. NORELIUS

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minnesota was treated to one of the biggest surprises in the history of football Saturday when Wisconsin, playing under a tremendous handicap in many ways, held them to a 17 to 17 tie at Camp Randall, Madison. Minnesota rooters and players were not the only ones surprised, for the Wisconsin team as well as the Badger students were expecting defeat. On all around work Wisconsin clearly outplayed the Gophers. The Badgers scored three touchdowns and Messmer converted two of them into goals. Minnesota scored only one touchdown, but Capron kicked three goals from the field.

Claiming he is their uncle and securing thereby not only money but kisses a jovial and smooth tongued Frenchman has been deluding the women of French descent in Minneapolis for some time. Just how much he secured has not been figured up, while the number of kisses he received is being kept a dark secret by his victims. He seemed to know enough of the family history in each case to warrant his being taken as a genuine relative and no suspicion was attached to him.

Suits have been started in the Ramsey county district court against the Great Northern and Northern Pacific for the collection of penalties aggregating $20,365.34 for non-payment of their gross earnings taxes on the date fixed by law. The suit against the Great Northern is for $8,494.71 and the one against the Northern Pacific for $11,880.63.

The output of Minnesota canning factories for 1907 shows a decrease, compared with last year, owing to the fact that only fifteen canneries ran this season, against twenty-three last year. The output of 1907 was 4,842,450 cans of all sizes and last year 6,832,100, a decrease of 1,549,650.

When the driver of an automobile gets the "stop" signal from a horseman he must stop the vehicle still on the road, but is not required to stop the motor. The supreme court has just decided this point, reversing the district court of Mower county in the case of Mahoney vs. Maxfield.

The net increase in railroad mileage in the state for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, was 85.97 miles, according to the reports received from the railroads by the railroad and warehouse commission.

John D. Rockefeller, the oil king, has declined the invitation sent him from the business men of St. Paul to attend a banquet to be given in his honor.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Through the clever work of Frank Colwell, a detective for the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, a gang of alleged freight car thieves has been discovered in Minneapolis. Three trainmen were arrested and brought into court charged with wholesale robberies from the freight cars given them to switch. The company claims that robberies have been going on for several months and that fully $3,000 worth of freight has been taken from the cars while in the Minneapolis switching yards.

Nellie Dunn, a twelve-year-old girl who stole a coat because she was dressed so shabbily that the other children at school laughed at her, has been arrested in Minneapolis at the instigation of detectives of a big department store.

Lewis Marchart, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Marchart, was burned to death at his home in Sartell, three miles from St. Cloud. The boy attempted to start a fire with kerosene and an explosion followed.

Frank A. Peterson, the Minneapolis saloonkeeper who jumped from a third story window at his home, believing some one entered the room to attack him, is dead from the injuries sustained.

Leo Jacter, the four-year-old son of Alex Jacter of Melrose, fell into a tub of boiling water while his mother was doing washing and was so severely scalded that he died twenty-four hours later.

Smith & Berg's furniture store at St. Paul was deluged by water during a fire that started on the top floor of the building. The loss is estimated at $15[illegible] to $2[illegible].

Gustaf [illegible], aged fourteen years, was killed by a stray bullet from a rabbit hunter's gun in the woods near [illegible] home, north of Goodhue.

OBITUARY.

General Alexander Hughes is dead at Minneapolis after a brief illness. General Hughes served four years in the Northern army, [illegible]

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Representative men from fifteen of the Atlantic coast states have formed a permanent organization under the name of the Atlantic Deep Waterways association, the object of which will be to bring about a system of waterways to permit the free movement of traffic by inland waters between the various Atlantic seaboard states from Maine to the Gulf of Mexico.

The federal grand jury at Salt Lake City has returned indictments against the Union Pacific Railroad company, the Oregon Short Line, the Union Pacific Coal company, J. M. Moore, general agent of the Union Pacific Coal company, and Everett Buckingham, assistant general superintendent of the Oregon Short Line, for violations of the interstate commerce law.

The Cunard liner Mauretania, the largest vessel afloat, has reached New York on her maiden trip after a continuous battle with wind and waves. Although she failed to make fast time for the entire trip the Mauretania broke the record for the best day's run, making 624 knots.

At a conference of the members of the Democratic national committee at French Lick, Ind., it was decided to hold a meeting of the committee at Washington Dec. 12 for the purpose of selecting a time and place for the national Democratic convention next year.

The New York city board of education has ordered that no hymn or carol in any way mentioning Christ or Christmas shall be sung henceforth in the public schools of New York. The decision of the board is the result of agitation by Jews.

The suit arising out of the effort to consolidate the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny, Pa., has been decided by the supreme court of the United States in favor of the consolidation.

The Alabama senate has passed the prohibition bill, 32 to 2. The law becomes effective Jan. 1, 1909. The bill had previously passed the lower house.

Although steerage rates have been advanced from $21 to $32 the rush of foreign laborers back to Europe continues at the rate of 25,000 a week.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Russia has wiped out the balance of her indebtedness to Japan arising from the war, the Russian embassy at London handing over to the embassy of Japan a check for $24,302,200. This represents the balance due Japan for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners.

Reports representing that Portugal is on the eve of a revolution are received at Paris with caution, as dispatches coming directly from that country have been censored and those indirectly across the frontier are held more or less under suspicion.

About one dozen villages were damaged by an earthquake which was felt in the province of Reggio di Calabria, Italy. Several houses collapsed, but fortunately no lives were lost.

Famine conditions are threatening the Vesternorrland and Vesterbotten districts of Lapland, where deluging rains have had disastrous effects on the crops.

Traffic on the East Indian railway, 2,165 miles long and the second largest line in India, is rapidly becoming paralyzed by a strike.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

West.

Ames 20, Iowa 14.
Carlisle 18, Chicago 4.
Notre Dame 17, Purdue 0.
Minnesota 17, Wisconsin 17.

East.

Yale 12, Harvard 0.
Army 22, Syracuse 4.
Brown 18, Amherst 0.
Navy 12, Virginia P. I. 4.
Swarthmore 15, Bucknell 4.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—Wheat—Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.07[illegible]. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.0[illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, 94[illegible]; No. 3 Northern, 9[illegible].

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.[illegible]; veals, $4.00@5.75. Hogs—$[illegible]. Sheep—Wethers, $[illegible]; good to choice lambs, $5.00@[illegible].

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.0[illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.0[illegible]. [illegible] Flax—To arrive, $1.[illegible]; on track, $1.[illegible]; Nov., $1.[illegible]

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

[illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

[illegible]

RUNS WILD FOR A WEEK

Massachusetts Man Caught in Woods Near Duluth.

A man named George W. Graham, for years employed as a cutter in a shoe factory in Lynn, Mass., has been doing the wild man act in the woods near Lakewood pumping station, just outside of Duluth, for a week, but was captured and is now in the Duluth police station, while the police are trying to get into communication with his friends in the East.

Reports of a wild man in the woods had reached Duluth of late, but were discredited until a party of hunters reported that the wild man had eaten dinner with them. They could get nothing out of him as to his name or residence and he disappeared suddenly when he had eaten. A search later resulted in his capture.

Graham is recovering his mental poise and gave his name, home and occupation. He says he left Montreal for Duluth, but remembers nothing more. He is temporarily unbalanced.

DANIEL SINCLAIR DEAD.

Oldest Editor in Minnesota Passes Away at Winona.

Hon. Daniel Sinclair of Winona, aged seventy-six years, who held the distinction of being the oldest editor in Minnesota, is dead in that city. Mr. Sinclair served as editor of the Winona Republican, which he established in 1856, for almost half a century. In 1880 he was named a delegate at large to the national Republican convention at Chicago. He was chosen chairman of the Minnesota delegates and gained national prominence by reason of his persistence in keeping the name of William Windom before the convention, thus contributing largely to the defeat of James G. Blaine and the nomination of James A. Garfield. He was elected as representative to the Minnesota legislature in 1863. Mr. Sinclair served as postmaster of Winona for twenty-five years.

FIGHTS WITH BURGLARS.

Jasper's Watchman Fires Upon and Routs Marauding Gang.

Burglars forced an entrance to the postoffice at Jasper. The night watchman opened fire upon them and they made a rapid exit through a back window. An exchange of shots then followed, but the burglars eluded the officers and escaped to the country. The sheriff and a large crowd of citizens pursued the robbers, but they managed to get away.

Federation of Commercial Clubs.

In view of the immense benefits which it is expected will result to Minnesota from the organization of all commercial bodies of the state the Commercial club of St. Paul has secured the active cooperation of the mayor of St. Paul and the governor of Minnesota in arranging for a convention of all the commercial clubs, business leagues and industrial bodies within the state to meet at the old capitol in St. Paul on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1908, at 10 a. m. It is expected that the convention will continue for two days. It is hoped that it will result in the permanent federation of all the commercial and business interests of the state.

Woman Dies of Wound.

Mrs. Mary Bailey is dead at her home at Oak Hill, a few miles outside of Minneapolis, as a result of a gunshot wound in the temple received when her fourteen-year-old daughter knocked over a loaded shotgun while sweeping the floor and caused it to explode. The heavy charge of buckshot with which the gun was loaded made an ugly wound in the mother's head and she lingered thirty-six hours in severe pain. The girl did not know the gun was loaded.

Brakeman Killed in Collision.

H. T. Bohn, aged forty-two, of Winona, this state, a brakeman, was killed in a rear end collision of two freight trains in the terminal yards at St. Paul. The Milwaukee freight train on which Bohn was working was standing on the main track waiting to be run on a passing track. A Rock Island freight train, with right of way, dashed around a sharp curve, crashing into the rear end of the Milwaukee train, wrecking the caboose and three cars.

Two Policemen Badly Injured.

Patrolmen James H. Holland and Andrew S. Hervin of St. Paul were seriously injured when the Rondo station patrol wagon, in which they were riding, was struck by an interurban car at Western and University avenues. Both men were thrown out of the wagon by the impact. H[illegible] has seven ribs broken and is suffering from severe internal injuries. Hervin is injured internally.

Would Entertain Rockefeller.

A number of the prominent business men of St. Paul have tendered a banquet to John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate. [illegible]

Two Brothers Are Drowned.

[illegible] the majority of the family.

BOY DIES IN SMOKE

Three-Year-Old Perishes in Duluth Tenement Blaze.

SAID TO BE AN EMBEZZLER

Police Searching for Missing Cashier of Wells-Fargo Express Company at Minneapolis.

Stumbling along through a hallway filled with suffocating smoke at a fire which badly gutted the tenement house at 32 Tenth avenue west, Duluth, little Talmer Adzen, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Adzen, lost his grip on the hand of his frantic mother, who was exerting every means to save her baby, and in the confusion the little one was lost. When its body finally was discovered in a heap in one corner of the hallway life was extinct.

Three other small children were rescued from the building with the greatest difficulty and Mrs. Pringle, occupying rooms in the building, was taken down from the roof by Fireman McIntosh in an almost helpless condition. She first sought exit from the burning house but with rare heroism dashed back to the hallway in an effort to assist Mrs. Adzen in removing her little family to a place of safety. Overcome by the smoke she was compelled to turn back from the hallway and climbed to the roof through an open window.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Cashier of Express Company at Minneapolis Sought by Police.

Charles W. Wiley of St. Paul, cashier in the Minneapolis office of the Wells-Fargo Express company, is being sought by the agents of the express company, who say he is short in his accounts.

Wiley has been employed as cashier by the express company three years and always has been considered reliable. Of late, however, according to General Manager L. B. Littlejohn of this city, Wiley has been gambling.

While looking through some books in the office, Mr. Littlejohn found a note from Wiley addressed to the superintendent at Chicago. In this note, according to a statement made by Mr. Littlejohn, Wiley practically admits a shortage, although he did not state how much. Experts were at once placed at work upon the books.

As soon as he learned that Wiley had left, Mr. Littlejohn notified the Minneapolis police and detectives were put on the case.

FRIGHT KILLS GIRL.

Falls Dead After Being Saved Unhurt From Runaway.

Miss Mary Hadin of White Rock, Goodhue county, and her brother were driving together when his team became frightened and started to run away, breaking loose from the carriage. The young man was pulled over the dashboard, but the girl was left in the carriage and not hurt. She started to a nearby house to get a lantern, but when almost at the door screamed and fell dead. She was eighteen years old and the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sephan Hadin.

MANKATO'S FOUNDER DEAD

Parson Johnson Was Only Survivor of First Territorial Legislature.

Parson K. Johnson, aged ninety-two, of Brainerd, one of the founders of the city of Mankato and a member of the territorial legislature of Minnesota, is dead at Brainerd.

The last legislature gave Mr. Johnson a reception while in St. Paul as the only survivor of the first territorial legislature. He was a member of the territorial legislature from St. Paul and of the state legislature from Mankato.

Car Hits an Ambulance.

In a collision between a street car and the Asbury hospital ambulance at Minneapolis Mr. and Mrs. Grant [illegible] and their six-year-old daughter Grace of [illegible], this state, were [illegible]. The child was being taken to the hospital [illegible]

Victim of Robbers Suicides.

[illegible]

[illegible]

CHIVALRY.

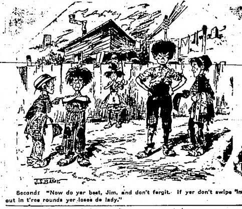

Second: "Now do yer best, Jim, and don't fergit. If yer don't swipe 'im out in t'ree rounds yer loses de lady."

SOUND ADVICE.

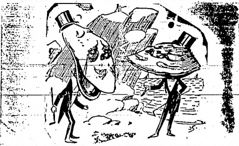

The Clam (to the oyster): "Why don't you follow the example of an old rounder and shut up once in awhile? Every time you open your face you get into broils and stews!"

A TIGHT SQUEEZE.

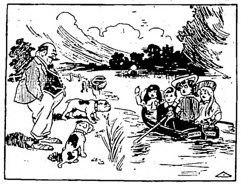

Ethel (in the dingey): "Oh, Mr. Eckstein, do come with us. We've heaps of room!"

Bobby: "And do bring Lion or Rupert with you!"

ANOTHER OLD TRADITION GONE.

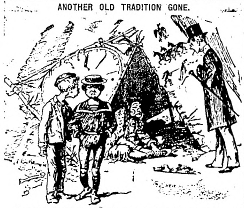

Jimmie (at the show): "Say, Billy, dese are de red fiends dat live on raw beef an' blizzards. 'Sh! Here comes a dude. Dey may scalp him."

Indian (to dude): "I say, chappie, old man, have you a perfumed cigarette with you?"

EFFECTS OF AMBITION.

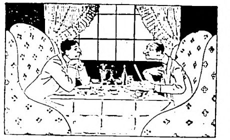

Cora's (dining out): "What's become of the star boarder?"

Sec boarder: "Sh! That's me. The old star married the landlady and now eats in the kitchen."

HORSE WHISPERERS.

Men Who Can Control the Most Vicious Animal by Voice.

The horse whisperer might be an unknown quantity in England and Ireland today, but there are not a few men who exercise a wonderful control with their voices over horses which when the dominating influence is absent are apt to literally kick over the traces. In the thoroughbred stables of England and Ireland today there are not a few stablemen and jockeys who succeed in holding in check the vice in horses which in demonstrative manner show that they cannot tolerate the presence of the grooms or attendants.

Nimrod claimed for Count Duval a power and influence of the human voice over the brute creation, but that power was backed up by a lecture to the horse with "his clinched fist in his face."

But the horse whisperer of today avoids all gesticulations and trusts entirely to a combination of sounds or words. There is no bullying done, and the whisperer can face a mad horse with his hands behind his back and apparently at the mercy of the beast that has to come under the charm. One means of keeping remount horses quiet in stations during the South African war was that employed by the yeomen, who sat in a ring of head to head horses singing as loudly as possible and riveting the ears and attention of the otherwise sprawling and hungry animals.

One of the first whisperers to acquire absolute control over fractious equines was Con Sullivan, who migrated in his youth from Kilmallick, where he could trace his genealogy through a long line of snafflers, and became almost exclusively employed by Lord Doneraile. The whisper of this man made an indelible impression upon any horse, bringing the pupil to a degree of docility unattainable in the ordinary course of discipline.

The race horse King Pepin, a famous racer, vicious and reputed to have killed two grooms at the Curragh, once came under his charge. He was wanted to win a race at Mallow, but when saddling time came it found him in one of his unmanageable moods. He reared, plunged and flung out fore and aft until he completely cowed groom and jockey. It was at this crisis that some one recommended that he should be "whispered." As it was the only chance left of taming him in time for the start, his owner gladly availed himself of it, though warned that horses were sometimes thrown into a state of stupor by the process.

Sullivan was soon found, and he was delighted at the opportunity of "twhisperin' before so much 'quolity' from all parts." "Show us the wild baste," he said, "and we'll soon tache him manners."

When he got within the circle—and a wide one it was—in which King Pepin was playing his antics he walked up to him, approaching the horse from behind. He mumbled some words as he walked which, though not quite inaudible, were as unintelligible as a sermon in the unknown tongue, but they had a most magical effect on the horse, for he stood stock still. Sullivan then patted him on the neck, while he whispered a word or two in his ear, whereupon King Pepin went on his knees and incontinently lay down.

The whisperer then stretched himself on him at full length, took out a pouch containing pipe and tobacco, flint and steel, struck a light and blew a cloud as he lounged on the stomach of this high mettled colt with as much composure as if he were seated on a bench in his favorite taproom. After two or three puffs he got up, beckoned the nag to his legs, saddled him and walked off to the starting post, the horse following and fawning upon him like a dog. He won the race in a canter.—London Live Stock Journal.

Great Falls of the Potomac.

The Great Falls of the Potomac are about fifteen miles above Washington, but the neighboring country has remained so wild and undeveloped that the falls have been difficult to reach. The famous Conduit or Aqueduct road, so called because it is built over the big conduit which brings the national capital its water supply, leads about up to the falls on the Maryland side and there stops. It is famous as one of the best roads in the country, and it is a favorite drive with Washington people and visitors. About halfway up this road crosses a deep gulch by means of the Cabin John bridge, a majestic stone arch built by the government and until recently the longest single masonry span in the world, about 220 feet. This bridge was begun just before the civil war, and a tablet was inserted in its side, giving the name of Jeff Davis as secretary of war. During the war his name was mutilated by soldiers, and now it is entirely cut off.—Pathfinder.

Dawn on the Prairies.

While we ate the eastern sky lightened. The mountains under the dawn looked like silhouettes cut from slate colored paper. Those in the west showed faintly luminous. Objects about us became dimly visible. We could make out the windmill and the adobe of the ranch houses and the corrals. The cowboys arose one by one, dropped their plates into the dishpan and began to hunt out their ropes. Everything was obscure and mysterious in the faint gray light. I watched Windy Bill near his tarpaulin. He stooped to throw over the canvas. When he bent it was before daylight; when he straightened his back daylight had come. It was just like that, as though some one had reached out his hand to turn on the illumination of the world.—Stewart Edward White in Outing Magazine.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

The second half of unpaid Real Estate taxes is due on or before Nov. 1, 1907. Tax list at PEOPLES STATE BANK.

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PEOPLES STATE BANK.

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READ THE NEWS FOR NEWS

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

TALKS OF NORTHERN QUESTION

London Graphic Has an Idea for Its Solution Which Sweden Does Not Take Kindly To.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The London Daily Graphic says: "There is a northern question, just as complicated and dangerous as the east Asiatic question, to which it is not a little similar. Five small states are located close to two great aggressive powers, and their geographical conditions are such as to cause considerable inconvenience to their neighbors. This contributes to the creation of an uneasy situation. A declaration of neutrality does not solve the problem. The question must be handled in an entirely different way. We have an excellent precedence for its treatment in the British Spanish and French-Spanish agreements, which preserve the status quo in the Mediterranean and the east Atlantic. If something similar could be attained with regard to the Baltic and the northeast Atlantic the 'northern question' would soon be solved, and the guarantees of the peace of Europe materially increased." Sweden does not take kindly to this idea because it suggests the fate of such countries as Morocco and Korea.

Can Hallberg, the Oresund swimmer, swim the English channel? This is a question which the Nord Sporting paper asks its many readers. As is perhaps known, Captain Webb, the Englishman, swam from Dover to Calais, a feat which he is the only man who has attempted successfully thus far. A large number of swimmers have since that time attempted to swim the channel, but failed. Now the well known swimmer, Hjalmar Johansen, has the word. He believes that Carl Hallberg, the famous Oresund swimmer, can swim the channel and the Weekly Dispatch (London) states on good authority that Hallberg will make the attempt next year. The announcement that Hallberg will make the attempt has aroused no end of interest among followers of aquatic sport.

The landtag of Finland passed a prohibition law by a unanimous vote Nov. 1. It prohibits the production of alcohol in Finland and the importation thereof into Finland. As the law affects Russia's tariff arrangements with other countries it is not certain that the czar will sanction it. The passage of the law was celebrated with temperance festivals in all parts of Finland.

August Wilhelm Hoffstedt, for a number of years professor at the Technical High school in Stockholm, died Nov. 1, after a long and painful illness. Hoffstedt was born in Svardsjo, Dalarne, in 1841, and was graduated from Upsala university in 1860. He was an able instructor and was for a number of years the editor of a technological monthly in Stockholm.

The famous Norwegian actress Mme. Dybwad, arrived in Stockholm Nov. 18, where she is now giving a series of Ibsen plays at the Svenska teatern. Mme. Dybwad is considered the greatest living Ibsen actress and her appearance in Stockholm is attracting large and select audiences.

The crownprincess of Sweden, who is still at Karlsruhe, Germany, is suffering from an acute attack of rheumatism accompanied with fever and has been compelled to take to her bed. Considerable alarm is felt for her in royal circles in Sweden.

Mme. Anna Hellstrom-Oscar will, according to recent rumors, be engaged at the Oscars teater during the winter season. Mme. Hellstrom is the opera singer who attracted such wide attention among Swedish-Americans a couple of years ago.

J. E. Wettergust & Co., of Gothenburg, have delivered [illegible] army hats to the war department. The consignment is valued at [illegible] crowns and will be distributed among the soldiers next month.

The old historic Riddarholm church will undergo a thorough restoration in the near future for which the riksdag will be asked a substantial appropriation.

J. E. Leo, the famous [illegible] artist, who recently passed away, has donated [illegible] crowns to the city of Gothenburg.

Marten M[illegible] has been appointed chief of the [illegible]

[illegible]

NORWAY.

Christiania.

[illegible] in a flat country, there are other reasons why this modern means of conveyance should be utilized here far more than now is the case. To build railways in such a mountainous country is very expensive, but suitable motor cars could be introduced on the fine country highways that connect the different districts, and they could supplant horse vehicles now in use. There is much objection to and restriction of the use of automobiles on Norwegian country roads. Special permit must be obtained from the governor of the district through which the machine is to be driven, and there are a number of rules to be observed in regard to speed, frightening horses, etc. It may be that some of these precautions are necessary in Norway, because as everyone knows who has traveled in a kjaerre on some of the roads in Norway it would not be a bit nice if a horse got scared by an automobile and jumped the track in a spot where the next landing place would be several hundred feet below. There may also be something in the objection that the roads are not built for such heavy vehicles as some of the larger automobiles. The automobile has come to stay, however, and despite the many objections raised against it, the number of machines will increase year by year. A Norwegian association of automobile owners has been formed, and is working hard to get more modern and practical regulations enforced. So far, all automobiles have been imported from Germany, France and America. Now the Norwegians, however, think they know enough about 'the new thing' to build it themselves, and a company is being organized in this city.

Electricity for light and power is coming well to the front in Christiania. The electric power used in Christiania is all furnished through the municipal electric plant, but is obtained by long distance transmission from Kykkelsrud, in Smaalene, where the power is furnished by the waterfalls at Sarpfors. From this source 1,250 kilowatts are obtained. The charge for light has now been reduced to 0.6 ore for a 5 candle lamp and 2.0 ore (about three-fourths of a cent) for a 32 candle lamp per hour. The largest consumers of electric energy in Christiania are the two shipyards, which take 680 horsepower. The greater number of the breweries also get their power from the municipal plant. Electric power has also come into use in many of the smaller industrial establishments, such as tailor shops, shoe factories, etc. Experts think the demand will soon be much larger than the supply, and then some other source must be found. The municipality owns Solbergsfos, a waterfall which, with an expenditure of about 5,000,000 crowns will develop 22,500 horsepower.

A week ago last Wednesday the royal family left for England. A stop was made with the Danish royal family, whence Queen Maud and Crown Prince Olav proceeded, accompanied by Queen Alexandra to England. King Haakon returned to this city later, however, in order to be present at a rather important cabinet meeting. The most important feature was that the premier, Michelsen, resigned, owing to failing health. By his physicians he has been ordered to lay aside work and care of every kind in order to regain his health. His private business at Bergen he has left in charge of his only son, and his place as the chief of the cabinet has been filled by T. G. Loevland, the minister of foreign affairs. The king presented Michelsen with "Olov's Kjaeden," a distinction never before given to any Norwegian.

Grand hotel and an adjoining business block were completely destroyed by fire a week ago last Saturday. Two sisters—the Sorensen sisters—were the victims of the flames. The loss entailed is estimated at 200,000 crowns.

The city council of Christiania has voted an appropriation for the purpose of purchasing Sculptor Vigeland's works and will donate same to the Christiania museum.

Railway communications between the two central stations in Christiania were completed a week ago last Wednesday.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Queen Alexandra, who has been staying at her Danish home, Villa Hvidore, gave an instance of her considerate treatment of her employes, in whom she always takes a kind interest, and sees that they are comfortable. Her majesty, wishing to speak to her gardener, whom she could not find in the glass house, went to his cottage in a corner of the grounds. The gardener was not at home, but his wife invited the queen inside while she fetched him. While waiting the queen noticed how small and inconvenient the rooms were. Within a hour she returned to the cottage with her sister the dowager empress of Russia, and the architect of the house, so that the [illegible] [illegible] the winter. Work was commenced on the cottage the next day.

[illegible]

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minnesota was treated to one of the biggest surprises in the history of football Saturday when Wisconsin, playing under a tremendous handicap in many ways, held them to a 17 to 17 tie at Camp Randall, Madison. Minnesota rooters and players were not the only ones surprised, for the Wisconsin team as well as the Badger students were expecting defeat. On all around work Wisconsin clearly outplayed the Gophers. The Badgers scored three touchdowns and Messmer converted two of them into goals. Minnesota scored only one touchdown, but Capron kicked three goals from the field.

Claiming he is their uncle and securing thereby not only money but kisses a jovial and smooth tongued Frenchman has been deluding the women of French descent in Minneapolis for some time. Just how much he secured has not been figured up, while the number of kisses he received is being kept a dark secret by his victims. He seemed to know enough of the family history in each case to warrant his being taken as a genuine relative and no suspicion was attached to him.

Suits have been started in the Ramsey county district court against the Great Northern and Northern Pacific for the collection of penalties aggregating $20,365.34 for non-payment of their gross earnings taxes on the date fixed by law. The suit against the Great Northern is for $8,484.71 and the one against the Northern Pacific for $11,880.63.

The output of Minnesota canning factories for 1907 shows a decrease, compared with last year, owing to the fact that only fifteen canneries ran this season, against twenty-three last year. The output of 1907 was 4,642,450 cans of all sizes and last year 6,892,100, a decrease of 1,549,650.

When the driver of an automobile gets the "stop" signal from a horseman he must stop the vehicle still on the road, but is not required to stop the motor. The supreme court has just decided this point, reversing the district court of Mower county in the case of Mahoney vs. Maxfield.

The net increase in railroad mileage in the state for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, was 85.97 miles, according to the reports received from the railroads by the railroad and warehouse commission.

John D. Rockefeller, the oil king, has declined the invitation sent him from the business men of St. Paul to attend a banquet to be given in his honor.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Through the clever work of Frank Colwell, a detective for the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, a gang of alleged freight car thieves has been discovered in Minneapolis. Three trainmen were arrested and brought into court charged with wholesale robberies from the freight cars given them to switch. The company claims that robberies have been going on for several months and that fully $3,000 worth of freight has been taken from the cars while in the Minneapolis switching yards.

Nellie Dunn, a twelve-year-old girl who stole a coat because she was dressed so shabbily that the other children at school laughed at her, has been arrested in Minneapolis at the instigation of detectives of a big department store.

Lewis Marchart, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Marchart, was burned to death at his home in Sartell, three miles from St. Cloud. The boy attempted to start a fire with kerosene and an explosion followed.

Frank A. Peterson, the Minneapolis saloonkeeper who jumped from a third story window at his home, believing some one entered the room to attack him, is dead from the injuries sustained.

Leo Jaster, the four-year-old son of Alex Jaster of Melrose, fell into a tub of boiling water while his mother was doing washing and was so severely scalded that he died twenty-four hours later.

Smith & Borg's furniture store at St. Paul was deluged by water during a fire that started on the top floor of the building. The loss is estimated at $15,000 to $20,000.

Gustaf Baumann, aged fourteen years, was killed by a stray bullet from a rabbit hunter's gun in the woods near Baumann's home, north of Goodhue.

OBITUARY.

General Alexander Hughes is dead at Minneapolis after a brief illness. General Hughes served four years in the Northern army, enlisting with the Seventh Wisconsin regiment, Company H. The company was a [illegible] of the Iron Brigade and General Hughes served in the [illegible] [illegible] years old.

Mrs. Wilhelmina H. Bartlett of [illegible] [illegible] at Fort [illegible] is dead at [illegible]

Mrs. Anna McLaren, widow of General [illegible] N. McLaren, [illegible] during the Civil war, [illegible] St. Paul [illegible] seventy [illegible] years.

Mrs. John Detley, a resident of Minneapolis since 18[illegible], is dead.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Representative men from fifteen of the Atlantic coast states have formed a permanent organization under the name of the Atlantic Deep Waterways association, the object of which will be to bring about a system of waterways to permit the free movement of traffic by inland waters between the various Atlantic seaboard states from Maine to the Gulf of Mexico.

The federal grand jury at Salt Lake City has returned indictments against the Union Pacific Railroad company, the Oregon Short Line, the Union Pacific Coal company, J. M. Moore, general agent of the Union Pacific Coal company, and Everett Buckingham, assistant general superintendent of the Oregon Short Line, for violations of the interstate commerce law.

The Cunard liner Mauretania, the largest vessel afloat, has reached New York on her maiden trip after a continuous battle with wind and waves. Although she failed to make fast time for the entire trip the Mauretania broke the record for the best day's run, making 624 knots.

At a conference of the members of the Democratic national committee at French Lick, Ind., it was decided to hold a meeting of the committee at Washington Dec. 12 for the purpose of selecting a time and place for the national Democratic convention next year.

The New York city board of education has ordered that no hymn or carol in any way mentioning Christ or Christmas shall be sung henceforth in the public schools of New York. The decision of the board is the result of agitation by Jews.

The suit arising out of the effort to consolidate the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny, Pa., has been decided by the supreme court of the United States in favor of the consolidation.

The Alabama senate has passed the prohibition bill, 32 to 2. The law becomes effective Jan. 1, 1909. The bill had previously passed the lower house.

Although steerage rates have been advanced from $21 to $32 the rush of foreign laborers back to Europe continues at the rate of 25,000 a week.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Russia has wiped out the balance of her indebtedness to Japan arising from the war, the Russian embassy at London handing over to the embassy of Japan a check for $24,302,200. This represents the balance due Japan for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners.

Reports representing that Portugal is on the eve of a revolution are received at Paris with caution, as dispatches coming directly from that country have been censored and those indirectly across the frontier are held more or less under suspicion.

About one dozen villages were damaged by an earthquake which was felt in the province of Reggio di Calabria, Italy. Several houses collapsed, but fortunately no lives were lost.

Famine conditions are threatening the Vesinorrland and Vesterbotten districts of Lapland, where deluging rains have had disastrous effects on the crops.

Traffic on the East Indian railway, 2,165 miles long and the second largest line in India, is rapidly becoming paralyzed by a strike.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

West.

Ames 20, Iowa 14.
Carlisle 18, Chicago 4.
Notre Dame 17, Purdue 0.
Minnesota 17, Wisconsin 17.

East.

Yale 12, Harvard 0.
Army 23, Syracuse 4.
Brown 18, Amherst 0.
Navy 12, Virginia P. I. 4.
Swarthmore 35, Bucknell 4.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—Wheat—Dec., $1.00¾@1.00⅞; May, $1.07¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.01¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.00¼; No. 2 Northern, 94½@95¾c; No. 3 Northern, 93¼@97¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50; veals, $4.00@5.75. Hogs—$3.70@3.90. Sheep—Wethers, $4.25@4.50; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.70; springs [illegible]

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.0[illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, $[illegible]; Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.0[illegible]. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, [illegible]. Flax—To arrive, $1.07[illegible]; on track, $1.1[illegible]; Nov., $1.1[illegible]; Dec., $1.07[illegible]; May, $1.1[illegible].

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Wheat—Dec., [illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Cattle—[illegible]

RUNS WILD FOR A WEEK

Massachusetts Man Caught in Woods Near Duluth.

A man named George W. Graham, for years employed as a cutter in a shoe factory in Lynn, Mass., has been doing the wild man act in the woods near Lakewood pumping station, just outside of Duluth, for a week, but was captured and is now in the Duluth police station, while the police are trying to get into communication with his friends in the East.

The acts of a wild man in the woods had reached Duluth of late, but were discredited until a party of hunters reported that the wild man had eaten dinner with them. They could get nothing out of him as to his name or residence and he disappeared suddenly when he had eaten. A search later resulted in his capture.

Graham is recovering his mental poise and gave his name, home and occupation. He says he left Montreal for Duluth, but remembers nothing more. He is temporarily unbalanced.

DANIEL SINCLAIR DEAD.

Oldest Editor in Minnesota Passes Away at Winona.

Hon. Daniel Sinclair of Winona, aged seventy-six years, who held the distinction of being the oldest editor in Minnesota, is dead in that city. Mr. Sinclair served as editor of the Winona Republican, which he established in 1856, for almost half a century. In 1880 he was named a delegate at large to the national Republican convention at Chicago. He was chosen chairman of the Minnesota delegates and gained national prominence by reason of his personal persistence in keeping the name of William Windom before the convention, thus contributing largely to the defeat of James G. Blaine and the nomination of James A. Garfield. He was elected as representative to the Minnesota legislature in 1862. Mr. Sinclair served as postmaster of Winona for twenty-five years.

FIGHTS WITH BURGLARS.

Jasper's Watchman Fires Upon and Routs Marauding Gang.

Burglars forced an entrance to the postoffice at Jasper. The night watchman opened fire upon them and they made a rapid exit through a back window. An exchange of shots then followed, but the burglars eluded the officers and escaped to the country. The sheriff and a large crowd of citizens pursued the robbers, but they managed to get away.

Federation of Commercial Clubs.

In view of the immense benefits which it is expected will result to Minnesota from the organization of all commercial bodies of the state the Commercial club of St. Paul has secured the active cooperation of the mayor of St. Paul and the governor of Minnesota in arranging for a convention of all the commercial clubs, business leagues and industrial bodies within the state to meet at the old capitol in St. Paul on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1908, at 10 a. m. It is expected that the convention will continue for two days. It is hoped that it will result in the permanent federation of all the commercial and business interests of the state.

Woman Dies of Wound.

Mrs. Mary Bailey is dead at her home at Oak Hill, a few miles outside of Minneapolis, as a result of a gunshot wound in the temple received when her fourteen-year-old daughter knocked over a loaded shotgun while sweeping the floor and caused it to explode. The heavy charge of buckshot with which the gun was loaded made an ugly wound in the mother's head and she lingered thirty-six hours in severe pain. The girl did not know the gun was loaded.

Brakeman Killed in Collision.

H. T. Bohn, aged forty-two, of Winona, this state, a brakeman, was killed in a rear end collision of two freight trains in the terminal yards at St. Paul. The Milwaukee freight train on which Bohn was working was standing on the main track waiting to be run on a passing track. A Rock Island freight train, with right of way, dashed around a sharp curve, crashing into the rear end of the Milwaukee train, wrecking the caboose and three cars.

Two Policemen Badly Injured.

Patrolmen James H. Holland and Andrew S. Hervin of St. Paul were seriously injured when the Rondo station patrol wagon, in which they were riding, was struck by an interurban car at Western and University avenues. Both men were thrown out of the wagon by the impact. Holland has seven ribs broken and is suffering from severe internal injuries. Hervin is injured internally.

Would Entertain Rockefeller.

A number of the prominent business men of St. Paul have tendered a banquet to John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, and if he accepts arrangements will be entered into for it at one of the [illegible] [illegible] been forwarded to Mr. Rockefeller [illegible] a reply is expected [illegible]

Two Brothers Are Drowned.

[illegible] skating. [illegible] fatherly [illegible] the mainstay of the family.

BOY DIES IN SMOKE

Three-Year-Old Perishes in Duluth Tenement Blaze.

SAID TO BE AN EMBEZZLER

Police Searching for Missing Cashier of Wells-Fargo Express Company at Minneapolis.

Stumbling along through a hallway filled with suffocating smoke at a fire which badly gutted the tenement house at 32 Tenth avenue west, Duluth, little Talmer Adzen, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Adzen, lost his grip on the hand of his frantic mother, who was exerting every means to save her baby, and in the confusion the little one was lost. When its body finally was discovered in a heap in one corner of the hallway life was extinct.

Three other small children were rescued from the building with the greatest difficulty and Mrs. Pringle, occupying rooms in the building, was taken down from the roof by Fireman McIntosh in an almost helpless condition. She first sought exit from the burning house but with rare heroism dashed back to the hallway in an effort to assist Mrs. Adzen in removing her little family to a place of safety. Overcome by the smoke she was compelled to turn back from the hallway and climbed to the roof through an open window.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Cashier of Express Company at Minneapolis Sought by Police.

Charles W. Wiley of St. Paul, cashier in the Minneapolis office of the Wells-Fargo Express company, is being sought by the agents of the express company, who say he is short in his accounts.

Wiley has been employed as cashier by the express company three years and always has been considered reliable. Of late, however, according to General Manager L. B. Littlejohn of this city, Wiley has been gambling.

While looking through some books in the office, Mr. Littlejohn found a note from Wiley addressed to the superintendent at Chicago. In this note, according to a statement made by Mr. Littlejohn, Wiley practically admits a shortage, although he did not state how much. Experts were at once placed at work upon the books.

As soon as he learned that Wiley had left, Mr. Littlejohn notified the Minneapolis police and detectives were put on the case.

FRIGHT KILLS GIRL.

Falls Dead After Being Saved Unhurt From Runaway.

Miss Mary Hadin of White Rock, Goodhue county, and her brother were driving together when his team became frightened and started to run away, breaking loose from the carriage. The young man was pulled over the dashboard, but the girl was left in the carriage and not hurt. She started to a nearby house to get a lantern, but when almost at the door screamed and fell dead. She was eighteen years old and the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sephan Hadin.

MANKATO'S FOUNDER DEAD

Parson Johnson Was Only Survivor of First Territorial Legislature.

Parson K. Johnson, aged ninety-two, of Brainerd, one of the founders of the city of Mankato and a member of the territorial legislature of Minnesota, is dead at Brainerd.

The last legislature gave Mr. Johnson a reception while in St. Paul as the only survivor of the first territorial legislature. He was a member of the territorial legislature from St. Paul and of the state legislature from Mankato.

Car Hits an Ambulance.

In a collision between a street car and the Asbury hospital ambulance at Minneapolis Mr. and Mrs. Grant Simons and their six-year-old daughter Grace, of Long Prairie, this state, were [illegible] injured. The child was being taken from the depot to the hospital for treatment [illegible] now in a dan[illegible] [illegible] the result of the [illegible] from flying glass. Her parents [illegible] cut and bruised, are not in a dangerous condition.

Victim of Robbers Suicides.

Thomas N[illegible] of Spokane, Wash., who was on his way to his old home in [illegible], fell in with strangers in Minneapolis and was [illegible] despondent over the loss of his money and [illegible] committed suicide in [illegible] room at a [illegible] City hotel.

[illegible] Set of Twins.

The [illegible] that have [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] [illegible] been [illegible] in twenty [illegible] which [illegible] Mr. Hosner [illegible]

[illegible] Grain Cargo.

[illegible] one of [illegible] has [illegible] with 421,000 [illegible] which is [illegible] grain on Lake Superior.

0.95

SHEPHERD CARVERS.

The Lonely Sheep Tenders of the California Sierras.

There are few lonelier lives in the world than those lived by shepherds in the high meadows of the California Sierras. All alone they follow their sheep, seeing no one for many months of the year but the sheep, their dogs and perhaps an occasional—a very occasional—traveler. Probably this solitude dries up the springs of speech, for they are said to be very silent when they do encounter any one.

One of these strange men is a Basque from the Pyrenees. A lean, dark visaged, ragged fellow, he is now and then overtaken by some wanderer in the mountains. Along the trail before him his sheep feed. His mongrel collie hangs at his heels. He may raise his stick in mute salutation; he may slouch by without a sign. Yet this uncouth being has one talent—he can carve. His amusement is carving quaint sheep buckles out of bone. Every herd has its bellwether, about whose neck hangs a bell. The bell depends from a leather collar, and it is the buckles of these collars that this old Basque shepherd and some of these other Sierra shepherds make in the course of their lonely days. Sometimes a buckle represents a summer's work, for some of them are very elaborate. Some are in the semblance of saints or angels. Some have the monograms of the sheep owners or of the shepherds in curious designs. All are patiently cut, bit by bit, with the pocketknife of the shepherd.—Exchange.

DIET AND SLEEP.

Eating Before Retiring and Digestion During Slumber.

Diet has little influence on sleep except in so far as it may produce disturbances of digestion and through these of the general balance of health. The hypnotic effects of certain foods, such as onions, lettuce, milk, etc., are chiefly imaginary. Even the time of the last meal of the day is of relatively little importance except that it is well to let this be at least two or three hours before retiring. But even this rule has many exceptions, as many healthy laboring men habitually fall asleep over their pipes directly after supper, and children after poking the spoon into their little eyes nod off over the tea table, with the bread and butter still clutched in their chubby fists.

The processes of digestion probably go on more slowly during sleep, but they are perfectly carried out, as is illustrated by the almost invariable habit among animals of going to sleep directly after a meal.

Indeed, a moderate amount of food in the stomach or intestines seems to promote slumber. Many night workers, for instance, sleep much better for taking a light or even full supper just before retiring.—Dr. Woods Hutchinson in American Magazine.

The Tenors' Parts.

Probably the composers are largely responsible for tenor worship. In Verdi's operas, with hardly an exception, the tenor plays a more important part than the baritone or bass, and the same is true of other opera writers, Mozart's "Don Giovanni" being a notable exception. Wagner wrote one opera, "The Flying Dutchman," in which the baritone is king; whereas in six of his works the supremacy of the tenor is indicated by the very titles—"Rienzi," "Tannhauser," "Lohengrin," "Tristan und Isolde," "Siegfried," "Parsifal." This being so, we shall probably continue to be subject to the tyranny of one tenor or another, unless it be true, as was maintained at a conclave of French savants, that the tenor voice is a relic of barbarism, destined to become extinct.—Argonaut.

Poems, Pictures and Songs.

It takes all kinds of people to make up a world and all kinds of poetry to make up a world literature. Despite the efforts of the critics to lay down definite canons of judgment for the literary, pictorial and musical arts most of us continue to like a poem, a picture or a song for no better reason than because we like it. It appeals to us, and if it does that it is for us a true poem, picture or song. Whether it is to be classed among the great products of art is another question. That depends upon the universality and permanence of the appeal it makes.—Current Literature.

Trifling Favors.

Mrs. Jones—That old maid next door is the most brazen borrower I know! Mrs. Brown—Indeed! Mrs. Jones—Yes. Why, only yesterday she came over to inquire if she could borrow my husband for an hour to clean her sewing machine, thrash a man who had insulted her and discharge her cook.—London Scraps.

Pretty Bad.

"Well," asked Stinjay, "what do you think of the cigar? My doctor especially recommended that brand to me."

"H'm!" coughed Knox. "So he wants to cure you of the tobacco habit, eh?"—Philadelphia Press.

Her Mission.

"She always reminds me of a public office."

"That's curious."

"Not so very. She's continually seeking the man, you know."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Suspicious.

Horse Dealer—'E jumps well, 'e trots beautiful, 'e's as quiet as a lamb, an' I'll let you 'ave 'im cheap. Possible Purchaser—Why, what's wrong with him?—London Answers.

Woman is a thing of beauty and an expense forever.—Life.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 16, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, *Municipal Judge for the City of Thief* River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 30th, 1907, viz: Gus Peterson H. E. No. 5560 Chippewa Series for the W. ½ of N.E.¼ and E.½ of N.W.¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 156 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gunerius Olson, of Sorum, Minn.
Frank Carlson, " " "
Haltan Olson, " " "
August Nelson, " " "

nov 21 dec 26 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Bergling of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 27 made June 20th 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 24, Township 154 N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Dec., 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Elias Overlund of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Swanson " " " " "
Renold Johnson " " " " "
Frank L. Bergling " Brunkeberg, Minn.

nov 21 dec 26 R. J. Montague, Register.

Notice of Cancellation of Land Contract.

Crookston, Minnesota, November 14, 1907.

To M. O. Sortendahl and A. G. Bjorneby:

You, and each of you, will take notice that by reason of the default made by you in the performance of the covenants and agreements by you to be performed in that certain contract for deed dated April 11, 1902, whereby the undersigned Nils Nilson, Jr. and Richard A. Rusten, as parties of the first part, agreed to convey and assure to you, as parties of the second part, by warranty deed the following described premises situated in Polk County, Minnesota, to-wit: The South-west quarter (SW.¼) of the South-west quarter (SW.¼) of Section six (6) and the West half (W.½) of the North-west quarter (NW.¼) and the South-east quarter (SE ¼) of the North-west quarter (NW ¼) of Section Seven (7) all in township One-Hundred-Forty-Nine (149) North of Range Forty-two (42) West, upon the payment by you of the sum of Twelve-Hundred-Twenty-Four Dollars ($1224.00) and interest at the time specified in said contract, it is the intention of the undersigned owners of the premises hereinbefore described to cancel said contract. The matters in which you are in default and by reason of which defaults said cancellation of said contract is made are the following:

First: Neglect and failure to pay the sum of Ten-Hundred-Twenty Dollars ($1020.00) of the purchase price of said premises which were payable on or before the 11th day of April, 1903, with interest thereon from the 11th day of April, 1902 at the rate of six per cent. per annum amounting in all at the date of this notice to the sum of Thirteen-Hundred-Sixty-two and 21-100 Dollars.

Second: Your failure and neglect to pay the tax assessed against said above described premises for the year 1905 in the amount of Eleven Dollars and ninety five cents. ($11.95)

Third: Your failure and neglect to pay the taxes assessed against said premises for the year 1906 amounting to Nineteen and 52-100 Dollars ($19.52).

You are further notified that said contract will terminate at the end of thirty days after the service of this notice upon you unless prior thereto you shall comply with the conditions of said contract by making payment of the sum due on the purchase price of said premises as aforesaid and by paying the taxes thereon for the years 1905 and 1906, and by further paying the costs of the service of this notice upon you.

Such payment may be made to the undersigned, or for them, to A. A. Miller, Esquire, their attorney, at the office of Miller & Foote in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

NILS NILSON JR. and
RICHARD A. RUSTEN
By A. A. Miller, Their Attorney.

nov 21 dec 5

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. Smith, Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to John S. Smith, Chas E. Smith, Peter Smith, Lorentz Larson, and Ida Kolberg, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of John S. Smith, having been filed in this court, representing that Kathrine A. Smith, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 20th. day of May 1905; and praying that letters of administration of her estate be granted to John L. Finke; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 11th. day of December 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 18th day of November 1907.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

{ SEAL }

nov 21 dec 5

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 17, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Martinus Johnson of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 3980, made March 28th, 1901, for the N. E. ¼ Section 26, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec. 2nd, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Emil Hanson of Germantown, Minn
Arne Overby " " "
Tollef C. Hovelson " " "
Martin Hovelson " " "

oct 21 to nov 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl J. Larson of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 612 made Oct 3rd., 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on December 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Pliny H. Wright of Anton, Minn.
Albert J. Narum of " "
Ed. Olson of " "
Aslin Brekke of " "

oct 31 dec 5 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert J. Narum of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 234, made June 23rd, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 11, Township 153 N. Range 42. W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Carl J. Larson, of Anton, Minn
Pliny H. Wright, of " "
Ed. Olson, of " "
Tobias Skjerping, of " "

oct 31 dec 5 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 23rd., 1907 viz: Christ Anderson H. E. No. 5161 Chippewa Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 9, in Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Sorbahl, of Thorwick, Minn
Albert Klovness, " " "
Ed Hanson, " " "
Julius Funan, " " "

nov 14 dec 19 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1907 NUMBER 49

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LORD OF THE LAKE

Isadore Lewin, Former Resident of This City, Is in Trouble.

Sold Exclusive Rights to Fish in Lake Michigan for Forty Dollars.

Isadore Lewin, a former resident of this city is in trouble at the new town of Gary, Indiana. "Ike," as he was known to the residents of Thief River Falls, has had rather a checkered career since he left this city some four or five years ago. He first traveled about as an eye doctor and expert, but as this did not prove a profitable vocation, he spent last summer *in Wisconsin towns* "following the ponies" and blacking boots as a side line. He is now engaged in a new business which promises to prove more profitable. According to a paper published at Gary, Indiana, a copy of which has been received at the News office, Isadore claims to be the sovereign of Lake Michigan and sold the rights to fish in this big pond of water to John Sermanski, a recent arrival from Poland, for the sum of $40.

Sermanski, who is the "bunkee" in this merry comedy of abused trust, spent about $200 on the strength of the subtle Isadore's representations. He thought that he was getting a monopoly on the perch trade and spent about $160 in buying apparatus and tackle, after making Isadore a present of $10 for the license. He had dreams of becoming president of a "fish trust."

John is a day laborer out of a job. He was afraid that it was going to be a hard winter, with no place open for him at the steel mills, and after a week's meditation he decided that the lake offered golden opportunities for a Polish Izaak Walton. Some one had told him that the fish were so tame that they would eat out of the hand. The longer he thought the better it seemed. Isadore is the guide, philosopher and friend of all the Slavic folk in Gary, and so Sermanski went to him for advice. He confirmed his theory about the plentitude of fish in the lake. There were billions of them there all good to eat. At which Sermanski joyously observed:

"Zvyotrjqtpsfghibez!"

"Very well, then," answered Isadore. "I will sell you a license that will give you the sole rights to fish in the lake for five miles off the coast of Gary. Forty dollars, please."

Sermanski rushed home and dug the forty from under his mattress. Then he rushed back to Isadore, trembling lest some one else should beat him to it. He handed over the money and got the license.

It is declared by the police of Gary that Isadore retained R. E. Houren, an attorney, formerly of South Bend, to draw up the document. The lawyer's share of the plunder is said to have been $25. At any rate, Sermanski received an imposing document, quoting the Indiana state game and fishing laws, and *concluding with the words:*

"Under which John Sermanski has the right to fish in a canoe on Lake Michigan."

Forthwith Sermanski bought a canoe for $35. Then he contracted with a lumber company for $85 worth of planks, out of which to build a shed on the lake front. His next investment was 2?0 feet of seining net. Then he rallied five of his Slavic friends around his banner to help him in catching the fish and peddling them about the streets.

When he started to build the shack he discovered that another license was necessary. He applied at the police station for it, and then learned the truth about his grand monopoly. He has placed the case in the hands of Attorney Bardon of Gary, who will prosecute Isadore for having taken advantage of Sermanski's igorance of American laws and customs.

Although a rank amateur, Isadore displayed an ingenuity worthy of the twin Josephs known to the police as "Paper Collar" and "Hungry."

Isadore's defense is that Sermanski "hounded" him about a license to fish until he simply had to sell him one in self defense.

"He's crazy on the subject—bughouse about fish," Isadore declares.

Sermanski has not been deterred in his fishing enterprise by the discovery that he was deceived. He and his mates have been busy with the canoe and seine But he has learned that Isadore's statements as to the number of fish in the Lake were as untrustworthy as his license and this grieves him more than the loss of the $10.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Martha Rogers Suffered a Stroke of Paralysis Last Week.

Martha Rogers, second oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Rogers, died last Friday morning. On Nov. 16, the 33rd anniversary of the birth of the deceased, she suffered a stroke of paralysis, and from the effects of this she had almost entirely recovered, but last Wednesday night she was taken with a second attack which caused her death.

The deceased was born in Eau Claire, Wis., and has been a resident of this city for a number of years, being held in high *esteem here.* The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon from the Presbyterian church, the Rev. L. H. Christian conducting the services.

Good Advice This.

O. E. Naegele, president of Germania bank of Minneapolis—In this remarkable situation when everybody is prosperous and there is not enough currency to go around, it is important that every dollar possible should be kept at home until the banking business is again on a cash basis. In the cities this is being done with a good degree of success, and the clearing house certificates and cashiers' checks prevent a serious embarrassment. But out in the country, where there are no clearing houses, every dollar hoarded or sent away from home counts double. At this time the patronage of the foreign catalogue houses is a factor that ought to be considered seriously. By their own reports two of these catalogue houses located at Chicago which deal in almost every commodity of use to the home or farm, do a business of $90,000,000 a year. This is $300,000 for each of the six business days of the week. This money comes largely out of the country towns within radius of 1,000 miles of Chicago.

—Subscribe for the News.

KILLED BY A BASE BALL

Victor Falk Hit in the Head With a Base Ball and Dies.

Accident Happened Up Near Malcom Postoffice on Sunday Nov. 24.

While playing a game of base ball up at Malcome, about sixty-five miles northeast of here in Beltrami county, on Sunday, Nov. 24, Victor Falk, a homesteader up there received an injury which later caused his death. Falk was batting and a ball thrown by the pitcher hit him in the head. For a *few* moments the blow stunned him, but later he was able to walk home. After arriving home he commenced to bleed very freely from the nose and mouth and became unconscious. A few hours later he died.

The deceased was a young man about 30 years of age and was not married. For the past six years he has resided upon a homestead up near Malcom and was well known to the residents of Thief River Falls. The body was brought to this city last Friday and from here shipped to Marine Mills where a mother resides, for burial.

Cash and Credit Prices.

In a number of towns merchants are adopting the method of labeling their goods with two prices—in plain figures that everyone can read—a cash price and a credit price, the latter being 15 to 25 per cent higher than the former. On this plan the country towns are able to sell cash goods cheaper than in the cities—expenses being lower. There is no reason why the local merchant should be expected to sell goods on credit for cash prices, as he often has to pay 10 per interest on the money thus tied up, nor, is there any reason why the man who pays cash should be taxed to pay part of the loss, both in principal and interest, on the credit business. The two should be kept separate. The fact that customers who run credits from year to year are generally the first to go elsewhere with their cash trade should help to bring merchants to this conclusion. Produce and bankable paper are treated as cash under the system.—Hendrum Review.

Sandridge.

It is so long since your correspondent has sent in any items that it is about time to make up.

All have now threshed and the good grain prices this fall put a lot of cash in the farmers hands.

The creamery here has also been the medium of converting dairy produce into thousands of dollars. The creamery here although getting a late start has had a very successful run and is in ship shape to handle the vast amount of cream produced around here.

The Postoffice inspector was to Sandridge yesterday to inspect and found everything O. K. as usual.

A. B. Meek, G. N. agent here has resigned.

Mrs. R. L. Olson has been away visiting relatives near St. Paul.

M. Thunheim is back again from St. Paul where he had been with a car of stock, he said prices were low.

Julius Olson was at Middle River yesterday.

Miss Emma Herser is at present working at Hansons, the boys here are jubilant over her getting further north.

Louis Hanson was up the Greenbush line yesterday.

Mrs. Ole Nyhus was up visiting at R. L. Olson.

Ellef Eide has purchased a hay press and is nearly done pressing his hay which he will ship out.

Nearly Ready.

The work of installing the new telephone system has progressed rapidly this week. The wiring is practically all done and many of the phones have been put in place. It was the intention of Manager Hooper to have it in running order by the first of the month but an important part of the equipment has not yet been received so the system will not be in working order for possibly a week longer.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Gives Its Employes and Others An Opportunity to Invest.

The recent newspaper reports from the financial centers show a very large increase in the number of holders of stock in various corporations, particularly in those companies which are considered safe. It is understood that these new stockholders are largely people of comparatively small means who are taking advantage of the present low prices to invest savings in securities, which while safe, will pay a better rate of interest than the higher prices of last year would return.

The government recently recognized the importance of including idle capital to invest, thus keeping the money in circulation and giving a safe investment and fair return to the holders of such idle capital, and has issued one hundred million of short time three per cent notes and fifty millions of Canal Bonds. In foreign countries there is every facility for the investor of small means to make safe small investments; in this country there are few.

President Louis W. Hill, of the Great Northern Railway, has issued a circular outlining a plan whereby its employes and others living along the system may purchase for investment one or more shares of that company's stock without paying the usual commissions charged by stock brokers.

In explanation of this action on the part of the company Mr. Hill says: "During the last few weeks, and particulary since financial conditions became acute, the officers of the company have received many requests from employes and others for information as to how small investments might be made in stock of the Great Northern Railway Company. These inquiries came mainly from people who had no experience in purchasing stock in New York or from persons living in communities where there were no stock brokers."

The circular outlines in detail the conditions and methods attaching to the purchase of stock. No subscription will be received for over one hundred shares, but if any person desires more than one hundred shares the Great Northern Employes' Investment Company will endeavor to purchase same in New York at such price as the subscriber may name.

All subscriptions for less than one hundred shares will be filled at the current market price of the stock at the time the subscriptions are received. A remittance of the approximate price of the shares of stock to be purchased should accompany the subscription and should be for slightly more than the probable cost in order to allow for fluctuations of the market. Immediately upon receipt of the subscription and remittance the required number of shares together with any over remittance and a full statement of the transaction will be sent to the subscriber.

Employes now holding investment certificates issued by the Great Northern Employes' Investment Company may surrender all or part of their certificates and purchase Great Northern stock with the proceeds. Contrary to the custom such employes will be permitted to take out other Investment certificates from time to time as they desire up to the amount of the certificates surrendered for the purchase of Stock. Current price quotations can usually be obtained through the public press.

There are other details relative to the procedure in purchasing the stock that are fully explained in the circular.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

LECTURE CAN BE SECURED

Farmers of This Section Can Get Pointers on Wheat Raising.

State Entomologist Is Willing to Deliver Lecture Here.

The following circular which has been sent out by the state should receive careful consideration by farmers of the Red River Valley, and it is to be hoped that entomologist can be secured to give a series of lectures throughout this section of the state as outlined in the circular:

The State Entomologist is planning, as in previous years, a series of lectures on insects and plant diseases affecting fruit trees, grain, garden crops and flowers, which are given free to farmers or fruit growers in sections where there is a demand for information on these subjects.

The fruit grower will learn how to combat the Plum Curculio and the Codling Moth and other pests, best ways of spraying, substances to spray with, and also how to counteract the effect of Apple Scab, Blight and other dangerous diseases. The farmer will be told all about the "green bug" and other lice which affect grain and the market gardener and the housewife will find items of interest and value.

The lectures are illustrated with models, or with lantern slides, or both, and have been found to be quite popular.

The Entomologist furnishes his own lantern, and only requires that citizens desiring such lectures should furnish a hall.

Letters of inquiry along this line should be directed to the State Entomologist, care Experiment Station.—St. Anthony Park, Minnesota.

Farmers Telephone Line.

A meeting was held last Saturday afternoon of farmers living in the vicinity of the Rocksbury Sanders school house No. 73, for the purpose of organizing a company to build a farmers telephone line. It is proposed to build the line from Thief River Falls southwest. The attendance at this meeting was not as large as desired, and so another meeting will be held on Saturday afternoon of this week at 2 o'clock. At this meeting it will be possible to give an idea as to the cost of building the line, and those farmers who are interested in the project say that it is a sure go.

A Roseau county man found a Shepherd dog he had lost in the middle of a straw pile, where it had been imprisoned nearly a month before, while they were treshing. The dog was alive, but very thin and rather hungry.

You Want Your Clothes to Fit===of course; mabey you spend extra money, and time, having your measure taken, etc- in order to get a good fit.

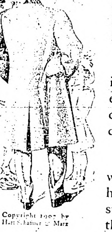

Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

We can fit you perfectly here in Hart, Schaffner & Mark clothes; and if you think the clothes don't fit, don't take them, you can judge for yourself about it.

These Clothes are made to wear not simply to sell; They hang right, and look right; you're sure of all wool when you see that label.

Gordon Furs. Crossett Shoes. Staley Underwear.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

. . . . . . THE HOME OF . . . . . :

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

EVERY MAN A PRODUCER.

How Industry's Process Will Be Directed Under Socialism.

What, first, under Socialism, is to be the standard of right and justice? To this the Socialists say that the workers' law will be "No product, no income;" that every man must be a producer or be actually useful to the producers or else be scorned and denied share in the product. One puff of the giant's breath will blow away all that fine mechanism of law and business through which we now mulct the product of the worker on all sides under such guises as rent, interest, profit, fee and salary. The only citizenship held honorable will be economic citizenship—comradeship in production and in the sharing of product.

The next question we ask of the Socialists is how this fine canon of justice is to be put into action—in what way is industry to be carried on? The answer of the Socialists is that that will be the affair of the experts who will have it in hand when the time comes. The proletariat, familiar with machinery and with its exact sequence of effect from appliance, reverent also of science, will intrust to scientific men the direction of its processes precisely as now do the stockholders of a corporation. There is now developing in various parts of the world—notably in England and Belgium—a science of co-operation which is producing a corps of specialists in that best and finest of all sciences and an army of workers disciplined in applying it. And it is to such trained hands that the task will be intrusted of replacing our present antiquated, clumsy, indirect process of production and distribution by a simple direct process.—Rufus W. Weeks.

TAKE AWAY THEIR TOOLS.

The Right and the Wrong Way of Punishing Robber Trusts.

The great United States government, mistress of the seas and monarch of the commercial world, has demonstrated that its army of deputy marshals can run down an old man and compel him to come into court and testify like a citizen.

But, to get around to the point, will you kindly tell me just what is accomplished by humbling John D. and finding the Standard Oil robbers?

The Standard Oil company can grind the fine right out of us again by putting up the price of oil. It can take every penny of it back and more.

What good does it do us to see an old man humiliated so long as they don't take his kit of burglar's tools away from him?

Yet not exactly like a common citizen, either. Come to think about it, if a common citizen had dodged the summons like Rockefeller did the court would have put him through a merciless examination as to why he evaded service and would have sent him to jail for contempt of court.

When we Socialists get into power we will deprive the Standard Oil capitalists and all other capitalists of their burglar's tools, so that they can rob us no more. That will be much better than getting a little cheap vengeance by humiliating an old man.

Revenge is useless.

Hatred is foolish.

A Socialist hates nobody. He simply recognizes the facts and acts accordingly. He goes after something substantial.—W. M. Ash in Organizer.

Thoughts to Ponder.

There is a profit string on everything the workers need. When they eat, tug goes the string before they have satisfied their hunger; for the most of the food belongs to the capitalist class. When they clothe themselves, tug goes the string again before they have satisfied their barest needs. And so, with their home comforts and everything else, there's the string that keeps them from an even whack-up with the master class, even though labor produces all!

Yes, capitalism promotes the purity of the home, don't-cher-know! There were only 150,000 divorces in the United States last year.—Social-Democratic Herald.

With the Thinkers.

Economic equality among individuals creates the democratic virtues; economic equality among nations can alone prepare the way for international peace and justice.—Edwin R. Seligman.

One class accumulates in utter idleness enormous and ever increasing revenues; the other, far more numerous, labors lifelong for miserable wages. One class lives without working, the other works without living—without living a life, at least, worthy of the name.—Achille Loria.

SOCIALIST NOTES.

According to August Bebel, every third man in Germany over twenty-five is a Socialist.

The longer capitalism lasts the lesser will the family become. Look about you and see if it is not so.

The Socialists of France and Spain are making extensive arrangements for public antimilitary demonstrations to be held simultaneously in Paris and Madrid. It will be so arranged that leading French Socialists will address the Spanish meetings in Madrid while Spain's leaders will speak in Paris.

John D. Rockefeller, the [illegible]ed, pious old gentleman whose oil enlightens the world and makes the country's wheels go around, has given the University of Chicago a total of $23,824,322. The Chicago university is the best oiled educational institution in the world, yet the same university produces more Socialist students than any other American university.—St. Louis Labor.

SOCIALISM AND THE HOME.

How Social Democracy Would Affect the Marriage Relation.

Although Socialism is primarily an economic proposition, its effect upon woman and the home life is noteworthy. That Socialism would greatly elevate woman is generally admitted by all. Under the new regime woman would be placed economically upon an equal footing with man. I do not mean by this that she would simply have the door to industrial employment opened to her. This in a large measure has been attained already, and with the most deplorable results.

The labor of woman today in industrial pursuits means the total destruction of the family life of the workingman. The total number of women engaged in occupations in 1890 was 3,712,144, an increase of 2,068,936, or 125.6 per cent, since 1870. Of this number 3,102,606 were wageworkers. A woman thus engaged is not free from household duties. It simply adds a new burden to her weary lot. She is torn from her family of little ones, who perhaps are intrusted to strange hands or left to run in the streets, while she seeks the factory to aid the husband in securing the daily bread. In place of the family life destroyed the apologists of the present order are pointing to the day nurseries as compensatory institutions, which in reality are only devised for the purpose of accelerating the separating of mothers from their babes. Do not be deceived by such miserable substitutes. The Socialists demand the abolition of the system that makes it necessary for the wife to aid the husband in eking out an existence. This condition of the family is begotten of capitalism. The introduction of machinery has eliminated the necessity of strength and skill, thus opening the way for the employment of women and children and so making it possible for them to earn their own subsistence. This done the wages of the man could be safely reduced to the level of his own keeping (formerly he had to get wages sufficient to support the whole family; otherwise he could not propagate himself and raise up new labor power for capitalist use) and thus compel women and children to turn themselves into instruments of exploitation. This has given the capitalist an added advantage by the increase of labor power in a market already overstocked. Thus our present system destroys the home, the safeguard of purity and righteousness.

Says the author of "Social Reform and the Church:" Today among the poorest class home is a travesty. The mother must work to compensate the father's enforced idleness and low pay, and her children come into the world with feeble bodies, broken nerves and moral impotence. It has been said that to educate a child you must begin with his great-grandfather. More to the point it is that if you would have a people intelligent, moral and Christian you must relieve their mothers and grandmothers from poverty and excessive toil. The home is the place where most of all environment tells. Overwork for women and children is the physical basis for crime, intemperance and vice. The youth, the man or the woman who has grown up in a home—or the mockery of a home—such as this can never escape from the prison of his own faltering body.

Socialists do not care to heighten the competition in the economic field. It is severe enough already. What they desire is not free competition among the sexes, but special vocations for the sexes. Women are so constituted that certain employments are injurious to them. What we want is suitable employment for women and reward according to results. This is truly utopian under the present system. That women should compete with men in utter disregard of physiological facts and be obliged to accept less pay for equal services rendered is part and parcel of our competitive system.

Economic independence and freedom is the basis of all independence and freedom. Such liberty would destroy in toto the matrimonial market. Marriage would cease to be a mere institution for the support of woman. By securing to woman the opportunity of earning her own living by honorable, pleasant and fitting employment you would make a husband and wife loving equals.

Socialists, however, do not expect all women or even a majority to earn their own living. What they want is to endow women with the potentiality of economic independence of man. This power, which may be realized at any time, would check much of the overbearingness and despotism often manifested by the "lord of creation." Economic equality between husband and wife would work a transformation in the family. The advantages which Socialism would bring to women are almost incalculable.—Rev. Charles H. Vail.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

AUCTION SALE!

I Will Sell at Public Auction on

Thursday & Friday

December 5 and 6, at the

BEAN BUILDING

on North Main Avenue, Three Doors North of John Aos' Store, a Complete Stock of MEN'S and BOYS'

**Clothing,
Shoes,
Underwear,
Shirts, Caps
and etc.**

The Sale commences at 1 o'clock p. m. and at 7 o'clock in the evening. Remember the dates: Thursday and Friday, Dec. 5 and 6.

A chance to get winter clothes at your own price. About 50 overcoats and suits to bid on.

H. O. TVETEN, Owner.

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Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

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We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

The News: $1 per Year.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

RESIGNATION OF MICHELSEN

Stockholm Dagblad Gives a Noteworthy Swedish View of the Premier's Retirement.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following comment in regard to Premier Michelsen's recent resignation appeared in the Stockholm Dagblad recently and gives in part at least a noteworthy Swedish view of the premier's retirement. "To Sweden he gave a wound which will not heal quickly, and even if it is understood that he acted because he thought he fulfilled an historic mission, and even if it is realized that the 7th of June was not his work alone, but that he only executed the idea of an all-controlling public opinion, still it will not be easy in our country to remember him without bitterness. But this does not prohibit us from respectfully remembering what he has done for the safety of the new kingdom after the happening of what he looked upon as unavoidable. He himself perhaps never believed that the disruption of the union would open the doors to a Utopia where all the fat resolutions of popular massmeetings would assume the form of reality, but there were so many others who thought so. He prevented these from taking the 'high-seat,' and for that deed we shall respect him, even in our country; for a kingdom turned into a field of parliamentary experiments on a large scale is somewhat unpleasant even to its neighbors. The last two years of his administration were full of trials, but he stood them well, and some day it may be acknowledged, even on the other side of the boundary mountains, that his exploit of June 7, 1905, was thrown into the shade by the difficult piece of statecraft of the period of reconstruction which followed that day."

Professor Lindman, of Upsala university, has made a discovery, which will not fail to interest botanists all over the world. He has discovered, and that purely accidentally, a herbarium of 2,000 flowers, which have been pressed by Carl Von Linne himself. They are well preserved and also provided with the proper descriptions. The herbarium was once presented by Linne to his pupal, Jonas Alstromer, who left them to his heirs, in whose possession they have been for many years without them knowing their real value. The British museum, which has the largest Linne collections on record, has offered to purchase the herbarium, but it is doubtful if Professor Lindman will allow it to go out of the country.

A telegram from Stockholm states that President Fallieres of France will pay a visit to Sweden next March, although Sweden was not originally included in his list. Had the French president passed Sweden up it would have been a serious breach of etiquette, as King Oscar has paid not less than two visits to France during the past four years. As it is now arranged President Fallieres will first visit Stockholm and then Malmo. He will then proceed to Copenhagen and Christiania. A French naval squadron will pay a visit to Stockholm at the same time that the president will be there.

Kristina Nilsson, the Countess Casa de Miranda, is at present enjoying a visit in Stockholm. She has not been in good health for some time and has conferred with eminent specialists here regarding her condition. She is suffering from heart disease and her physicians have advised her that she must avoid all excitement and spend as much as possible of her time at home. She has expressed it as her sincere wish to spend the Christmas holidays in Sweden, but she may, owing to the uncertainty of her health, be compelled to return to southern Europe, where the mild climate may help her.

The Nobel prize for chemistry will be awarded to Sir William Crookes, of London. He discovered thallium, an element, in 1861 and invented the radiometer in 1874. He recently discovered a process of extracting nitric acid from the atmosphere, which, it was announced will soon be available for commercial, industrial and agricultural purposes and will revolutionize the nitrate industry and the world's food problem.

The Kristianstad Milk company has commenced to make fancy cheese of different kinds, which have never been produced for the market in Sweden. The import has amounted to about $25,000 a year, and efforts will be made by said company to supply the home market. A foreign expert is superintending the work in order that a first-class article may be turned out from the very start.

Marine Director Alphons Engstrom in one of his recent reports points out that the Swedish navy lost 18,000 crowns last year through a contract with an American company known as the "Vacuum Oil company," which was to deliver so much oil to Swedish vessels. The report has caused much comment in government official circles and a rigid investigation will be started.

Professor Oscar Montelius has been invited to lecture at the Lowell Institute in London regarding the early history of Europe. It may be possible that Professor Montelius will also give a series of lectures in America in the near future.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The retirement of Premier Michelson has caused widespread comment all over Norway. It is, too, with genuine regret that the nation must part with the services of this able man. An unmistakable sign of his great popularity was the gathering which was held in his honor Nov. 3, when about 400,000 people turned out to do him honor. From early morning flags were flying from all public buildings and from many private buildings and from the ships in the harbor. In the afternoon the grand parade was started, in which more than 40,000 people participated. When the marchers reached Akershus, the number had swelled to 50,000. Here from the balcony of the famous old building, Mr. Michelsen and members of the diplomatic corps viewed the paraders, and returned the greetings of the people. Mr. Bugge, chairman of the city council of Christiania, delivered the address for the premier, who afterwards made a lengthy reply, in which it was evident that he was deeply affected. Mr. Michelsen in his address urged that "the prosperity and happiness of the people cannot be attained in any other manner than through the work of the people themselves. No other progress than that which we ourselves make will ever be ours." The ex-premier will reside at his home, "Gamlehaugen," at Bergen, this winter until spring, when he will go to some health resort in southern Europe. He is only 50 years old, but his health is broken.

The large foreign tourist steamers ("floating hotels," as they are called) and the private pleasure yachts brought in about 1,200,000 kroner. Fourteen of these floating hotels visited the country during the year. Of these six were British, five German, one Danish, one French and one Dutch. Together these fourteen steamers made fifty-one trips and brought about 8,500 passengers. The chief purchases made by such ships consist of fresh meat, fresh fish, canned goods, fresh fruit and berries and vegetables. Such purchases are estimated at 2,000 kroner for each ship or 102,000 kroner in all, whereto must be added about 100,000 kroner for coal. The purchases made ashore by the passengers of such steamers are estimated at 470,000 kroner, and their trips across the country and minor excursions to some 380,000 kroner. For the privilege to hunt and fish foreigners paid during the year about 1,400,000, and for other purchases spent some one and one-half million kroner. The Norwegian mail and telegraph made 85,000 kroner on the visitors. The largest portion of the money is, of course, taken in during the summer season. Only some 300,000 kroner is credited to the winter season.

Since Professor Yngvar Nielsen, in 1886, made an estimate of the money spent annually in Norway by foreign tourists, no such reports have been prepared until a few days ago, when the director for the Tourist Traffic association sent off a report covering 1906. Professor Nielsen, for 1886, estimated the number of visitors at 14,000, who spent 5,500,000 kroner. In 1906 the number was 31,350, and the money more than 12,000,000 kroner ($3,216,000.)

Another prominent Norwegian has, owing to failing health, resigned from office. This is Bjorn Bjornson—son of the famous author—who for years has been director of the National theater at Christiania. He has proved himself a very able man, and his aim has been to produce art for art's sake, and to keep the national stage on a most elevated plane. He is to rest during the winter in Rome, with his distinguished father, and if well by next spring, it is possible that he may make a lecture trip to the United States. His successor has not yet been appointed.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A Copenhagen dispatch states that some Danish fishermen were surrounded by sharks on the fishing grounds far out in the North sea. The sharks were from twelve to fifteen feet long, and they rushed around and under the boat with such speed that the water seemed to boil. When the fish hooks were pulled in the fish on them were half eaten by the sharks. The lines were pulled up for fear that the sharks would bite them off. The men [illegible] that if one of them had dropped into the water he would have been attacked by the sharks at once. The greedy monsters followed the men until they were within a short distance of the shore.

Prince George of Greece, honorary president of the Gymnastic Teachers' association of Greece, has proposed a revision of the rules of gymnastics followed in the Greek schools, and the changes are based on the Swedish system of gymnastics. Prince George further proposes that teachers who have received their training at the Central Institute of Gymnastics at Stockholm be hired to give practical and theoretical instruction to all teachers of gymnastics in Greece.

The corner stone for the new Kristiansborg palace, which is to be erected at a cost of [illegible], was laid amidst great festivities a week ago last Saturday. King Frederick delivered the address of the day in the presence of about [illegible] people. Among the notables present were, besides the cabinet ministers and members of the diplomatic corps, the Dowager Empress Dagmar of Russia.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The test case in which the state is trying to establish a ruling on the right of manufacturers to make a substitute for butter that looks like butter was started in the Minneapolis police court last week and will probably be carried to the United States supreme court before finally settled. The case is a criminal suit against the Hammond Packing company.

Congressman Stevens of St. Paul has a plan to make that city a subcapital for the postal business of the Northwest. Mr. Stevens says that the postal expenditures in the United States have grown in ten years from $90,000,000 to $215,000,000 and that the development of this branch of the government business will necessitate division of the work.

Burd P. Johnson of Minneapolis has been vindicated. A jury has decided that statements made by his brother-in-law, Matt B. Higgins, that he wore corsets, drank liquor and stole cigars were not justified by the evidence. The verdict returned was for $1 damages and costs against the defendant. Johnson sued for a much larger amount.

The three state free employment bureaus are all doing a big business, according to Labor Commissioner W. H. Williams. They placed 3,300 people during the month of October. Since Aug. 1, when the St. Paul and Duluth bureaus were started, the three places have found work for over 19,000 people.

Representative Tawney and his colleagues of the Minnesota delegation won an easy and complete victory in the Republican caucus of the house of representatives in securing the nomination of Samuel A. Langum of Preston to be postmaster of the house by unanimous vote.

Four women now claim the body of "Dr." Leslie Davis, or Day, who committed suicide in Minneapolis last week. The last woman to send word to the police is Miss Lila Spees of Indianapolis, who says she was engaged to marry the doctor.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

William Draper of Pork Bay, Cook county, met a tragic death recently by falling from the edge of a seventy-five-foot bluff. It is thought he missed the road in the darkness and wandered off between two long rows of brush piles that led to the edge of the cliff.

Joseph Kouba, employed in the parcel room at the Union depot at St. Paul, is dead of blood poisoning. The poisoning was the result of a small scratch received while handling an old grip, a nail on the grip catching in the fleshy part of Kouba's thumb.

One family in Blue Earth county, a few miles from Mankato, is undergoing a siege of smallpox. It is the Zehm family, numbering eleven, and every member is down with the disease. Several other families in the county are afflicted.

Ervan Hopkins, who shot Henry Holland during a quarrel in a St. Paul saloon on the night of Sept. 9, has been acquitted of a charge of assault in the first degree. The jury found that Hopkins acted in self defense.

Suffering intense agony as a result of a dog bite five months ago Elsa Peterson, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Peterson of Minneapolis, is dead, a victim of hydrophobia.

Charles Frank, a business man of Williston, N. D., reported to the Minneapolis police that he had been robbed of a pocketbook containing $3,000 while in the Mill City.

Frank D. Myers, formerly a railroad traveling passenger agent, was found dead in his room at the Nicollet hotel in Minneapolis. It is believed Myers committed suicide.

Henry Hoganson, a stone mason, committed suicide by cutting his throat at the home of Gustine Gjermundson near Houston.

Herman Prigge was killed on his farm four miles from Mazeppa, Goodhue county, as a result of his wagon being upset.

A man supposed to be Fred Dixon was run over and killed by a switch engine at St. Paul Park.

OBITUARY.

In one day death claimed three men who had been prominent in the business and professional activities of St. Paul. W. H. S. Wright, one of the best known citizens of St. Paul and one of the most prominent Masons in the country, was stricken after a brief illness. Louis Lockwood, an architect, who was in the prime of life and gave promise of becoming one of the foremost in his profession, died after an acute attack of anaemia. Reuben S. White, active for many years in the business life of the city, died after an illness of two years.

Robert Angst, chief engineer of the Duluth and Iron Range railroad and the leading authority of the world on iron ore dock construction, is dead at Duluth after an illness of scarcely more than a day. The deceased was sixty years of age.

Samuel D. Hamilton, county commissioner of Hennepin county, is dead. Mr. Hamilton was one of the early residents of Minneapolis and was formerly prominent in the lumber industry.

Robert C. Christiansen, one of the pioneer lawyers of Minneapolis, is dead.

Car Shortage Unlikely.

It is said that the chances are bright for an escape this fall and winter from the car shortage which last year crippled the business of the Northwest. All the railroads are now plentifully supplied with cars. There are cars for any one anywhere in the Northwest for the asking and unless the unexpected should happen the transportation business will continue to run without serious hitch.

Foul Play Is Feared.

Michael O'Connell, engineer of the hoisting engine on the Red Lake railway, disappeared from Bemidji on the night of Nov. 9 and no trace of his whereabouts since that time has been secured. O'Connell was stopping at the West hotel with a man named Davis who was fireman on the hoisting engine. Davis also is missing and foul play is feared.

Coal Wagon Drivers Strike.

Drivers of six large coal companies went out on a strike at St. Paul because the companies put into effect a schedule of pay by the ton instead of by the day as heretofore. Between seventy-five and [illegible] are affected. There are about [illegible] drivers not involved, working for companies still paying by the day.

—Subscribe for the News.

We Have Confidence We Accept Checks

Confident that the banks of the country at large and of this community especially are absolutely sound, we will accept in payment on accounts and for merchandise, Cashier's Checks, local pay roll Checks, Checks signed by responsible parties on banks in this vicinity, also savings bank books.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

D. B. BAKKE, President. **H. LOKEN, Vice President.**
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. **OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.**

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The distance rate seems to be about the only kind of parcels post service likely to be adopted in the U. S., that plan receiving more favorable mention than any other. We presume each one has a right to make a suggestion as to the basis of rates, so here is ours: For packages going thru one postoffice only, 1c. a pound; if to postoffice within the same county, 3c. a pound; if within the state, 6c.; if within a bordering state 10c; rest of the country 20c. We do not say these are the correct figures but give them as a conveniet basis upon which the difference in rates might be adjusted, as a strict mileage rate would cause too much work for the postmasters.—Hendrum Review.

The farmers of North Dakota report that the soil is becoming harder to plow each year. For some years after the native prairie land is broken three horses will furnish the motor power for a gang plow without a great deal of exertion. If the land is continually cropped to wheat four will be necessary. In many cases where the land has been farmed for a quarter of a century, it now requires five good heavy horses to pull the same sized plows that three formerly did. The continuous cultivation is removing many parts of the soil and leaving it so the dirt runs together and grows harder and more difficult to plow each year. —Fargo Forum.

"Now is the time of the year to be a farmer, sleep late in h ... o rangs and read all the preliminary campaign documents that are beginning to find their way to the rural districts. The winter is a great time to improve the mind and have a good lazy time on the farm," says Mary McFadden, in the Duluth News Tribune, to which the Alexandria Post—News aptly replies:

"Miss News and Comment is addressing the northern Minnesota farmer of ten years ago who sowed and harvested his crops and then spent the long winter months by the fire side. Her congratulatory remarks scarcely apply to the progressive agriculturist of to day who has found in diversified farming not only a sure road to wealth and affluence but an occupation which gives him profitable employment the round twelve months of the year.

With a barnful of stock there is little danger of the farmer having to resort to either Ayer's almanac or campaign documents for entertainment. Profitable employment, a daily mail and a telephone service have made life on the farm worth living."

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

The program for the balance of this week shows several new comedies of the right sort while Mrs. Krouse will have Eddie Mortens' big hit at Madison Square Garden, New York City, in "The Maid and the Millionaire," Entitled, "Brother Noah Gave Out Checks for Rain,"—a great base ball song.

"Those Boys Again," a short comic.

A beautiful drama of Puritan days entitled, "The Wooing of Miles Standish."

"Forty Winks," Blinks is awakened by the alarm clock, lies down again for just forty winks more, jumps up and into his cloths at lightning speed, rushes out, eats breakfast, collides with baker, butcher, etc. Engages auto, it tears a long at frightful speed, then suddenly explodes and Blinks awakes again and finds it is just forty minutes since the alarm went off.

Views on the Panama Canal showing the steam shovel at work unloading a dirt train, dirt scraper in operation--track lifting machine laborers in mess tent.

"The Magic Bottle," this exquisite series is beautifully colored by hand presents a rare combination of mystery, loveliness, superb photography and wonderful acting.

Card of Thanks

To those who so kindly assisted us during our late bereavement we extend our heartfelt thanks.

James Rogers and family.

Seed Oats for Sale.

Improved Ligona, the best of over thirty varieties tested at the Northeast Experiment Farm. Clean Amount Limited. First come, first served. Eight miles east of town. Address,

Quist Bros.

Thief River Falls.

Judge Smith McPherson of Red Oak, Ia., in the United States circuit court at Kansas City, handed down a decision dissolving the injunction recently granted to local theatrical managers prohibiting county officials from closing the theaters on Sundays. Judge McPherson asserts that he has no jurisdiction.

The Democratic national convention will be held before the Republican convention next year if the plans adopted by members of the Democratic committee at a secret conference held at French Lick, Ind., with Chairman Taggart are carried out.

Nome and the entire Seward peninsula in Alaska is shrouded in an ashy haze and the ground for miles is covered several inches deep with a fine gritty powder, which is believed to be volcanic ash.

Senator J. B. Foraker has made it clearly known that he will contest the Ohio delegation to the Republican national convention with Mr. Taft.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Being hampered by a lack of ready funds with which to continue its business the American Silk company, which has a capital stock of $11,000,000 and operates mills in several cities, was placed in the hands of a receiver by Judge Ward of the United States circuit court at New York city.

Recent resumption of industrial activity in the Eastern states controverts to some extent the stories of general depression that gained circulation on account of the closing down, partially or completely, of many concerns.

That there can be no restoration of public confidence until the state and federal authorities send to jail the men who have looted corporations is the opinion of Stuyvesant Fish.

A New York report says the Harriman and Hill railroad interests have arrived at an agreement which will insure harmony between them for the future.

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

GUARANTEED CURE FOR Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—O. C. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

PROCEEDINGS

Of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., November 18, 1907.

Pursuant to law the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county met in the office of the county auditor, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at ten o'clock a. m.

Members present—Pigeon, Aubol and Shaw.

Members absent—Lindquist and Demann.

On motion duly carried Commissioner Shaw was elected temporary chairman.

Minutes of the meeting of September 16th, 1907, were read and on motion duly carried as read.

Minutes of the meeting of October 10, 1907, that convened at ten o'clock a. m. on said date, were read and on motion duly carried accepted as read.

Minutes of the meeting of October 19, 1907, that convened at eleven o'clock on said date, were read and on motion duly carried accepted as read.

On motion duly carried C. M. Evenson was granted an auctioneer's license.

Commissioner Lindquist entered and took his respective chair.

Motion made by Shaw, seconded by Pigeon, that a day of hearing be set on the school petition of A. D. Brown and others for the formation of a new school district, on the seventh day of January, A. D. 1908, at 4 o'clock p. m. of that day. Motion carried unanimously.

Commissioner Demann entered and took his respective chair.

The petition of G. Granum and others for the formation of a new school district duly came before the board, and on motion carried unanimously a day of hearing was set for January 7th, A. D. 1908, at four o'clock p. m.

The petition of L. T. Berg to be set off from school district No. 60 to school district No. 35 was read, and on motion duly carried a day of hearing was set for January 7th, A. D. 1908, at 4 o'clock p. m.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Demann that the county auditor be instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of a steel bridge across the Clearwater river between sections 2 and 3, township of Garnes, and sections 34 and 35, town of Mayfield; provided, however, that the towns contribute $400. Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Demann, that the Superintendent of Highways be instructed to draw plans and specifications for the construction of said steel bridge.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until one o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by chairman at one o'clock p. m. All members present.

On motion duly carried the application of H. A. Radeke for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes was granted subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

On motion duly carried the application of Dennis Cyr for correction of assessment of taxes, the same was rejected.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Demann, that the division of property between school districts Nos. 147 and 61 be according to the following memorandum: School district No. 147 to receive one-half of text books, nine seats, three chair, three cords of wood, one book case, heating stove with drum, and stove pipe, school bell, two water pails, one dipper, one table, one dictionary one ax, one department chart, one numerical frame, and one globe. School district No. 61 to receive one-half of text books, nine seats, two chairs, three cords of wood, one teacher's desk, and one map case with seven maps. And each of the said school districts to receive their pro-rata share of the amount of funds in the school district asureltrtay aluerusoin pesMotsoj oa oo meeting and chi hoo annualehn paid into the treasur n it aast beme, according to the taxable p aist h of both real and personal pro lo rche said districts. The school house ejtyh la district No. 147 is to remain its wiv nvnnperty conditional upon its free seincoeapy time for town hall purposes. itishtosa revailed.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

St Hilaire Spectator, misc publications	$253 50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, misc publications and supplies	35 25
Alex F Lattimore, publishing notices	2 20
W G Hunt, publishing notices	2 90
S W Bagley, publishing notices	3 25
Chas W Latta, publishing notices	2 20
John W Eastman, publishing notices	2 20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, letter heads for Treasurer and Sheriff and publishing notices	10 00
Daily Bond News, official adv sale of Judicial Ditch bonds	18 00
Commercial West, official adv sale of Judicial Ditch bonds	5 34
John W Eastman, 500 envelopes for Clerk of Court	2 00
S A Swanson, justice fees State vs Dan Guerin	[illegible]
Geo D Bernard & Co, supplies for county offices	17 95
Free Press Printing Co, supplies for county offices	[illegible]
Pioneer Press Printing Co, supplies for county offices	66 40
Miller Davis Printing Co, supplies for county offices	[illegible]
Hugo Biner, cleaning chimneys in court house	[illegible]
S A Swanson, assisting in drawing grand jury	[illegible]
John B O'Brien, livery hire and necessary expenses to Crookston getting data for bond issue	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
J K Wood, Engineer's fees county ditch No 25, 28	11 00
J K Wood, Engineer's fees county ditch No 24, 22	11 25
J K Wood, Engineer's fees county ditch No 28	10 70
Zaiser Bros, livery hire for Engineer on county ditch No 22, 24, 25, 28	19 75
Zaiser Bros, livery hire for Engineer on county ditch No 24, 25, 28	17 50
S A Swanson, justice fees State vs Draper	7 70
Lewis A Nelson, expenses bringing Harvey Lachance from Reformatory as state witness	22 95
Lewis A Nelson, turnkey wages from September 24th to 29th inclusive	6 00
Lewis A Nelson, expense in case of State vs Harvey Lachance and Joe Levee	52 21
Lewis A Nelson, expense bringing Harvey Lachance back to Reformatory	22 95
Lewis A Nelson, board for Lachance and Levee	90
Robert A Lee, expense in case of State vs Hans Rasdahl	11 02
Herman Linder, per contract for building sidewalk around court house property	299 35
Herman Linder, extra work on side walk around court house property	70 40
O T Tandberg, postage stamps in county treasurer's office	10 81
Ed A Aubol, mileage attending meeting of county board October 19 and November 18, 1907	6 00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage attending meeting of county board October 19 and November 18, 1907	6 40
Daniel Shaw, mileage attending meeting of county board October 19 and November 18, 1907	8 00
Wm C L Demann, mileage attending meeting of county board October 19 and November 18, 1907	2 80
C A Lindquist, mileage attending meeting of county board October 19 and November 18, 1907	7 20
Wm C L Demann, 1 day and mileage inspecting county ditch No 28	5 60
Ed A Aubol, 1 day and mileage inspecting county ditch No 28	6 00
Daniel Shaw, 1 day and mileage inspecting county ditch No 28	7 00
John B O'Brien, expense calling meeting county board October 10, 1907	21 50

On motion duly carried the following bill was laid over:

River Falls Township, for bridge across county ditch in section 35 and 36	[illegible]

On motion duly carried the following bill was rejected:

Dr H Grundy, to examine pauper in town of Nogosdal	12 50

On motion carried the board adjourned sine die.

CHAS. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners.

Attest: JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
County Auditor and
Ex Officio Clerk of Board.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Never at the beginning of any congress have the congressional leaders of both parties found themselves so at sea concerning legislation than they are on the convening of the Sixtieth congress. Very little except the financial situation is engaging the attention of any member of either house and all the members of both houses, whether leaders or followers, confess their inability to forecast what may be done on that subject.

The final closing of allotments on the 2 per cent two-year certificates has been definitely announced by Secretary Cortelyou. Information is still withheld at the treasury as to the amount of the allotments made, but such information as is obtainable indicates that the total will not materially exceed $25,000,000.

All goods guaranteed as represented

Xmas

No charge for engraving

will soon be here; think what you are going to buy this year for Xmas presents.

We have an elegant line of Goods to show, all goods are new, the finest pattern, latest styles, and the beauty of all, at the lowest possible prices, considering quality. Come in and give us the pleasure of showing you the finest line of Xmas goods as follows:

Diamonds
Watches
Clocks of all kinds
Cut Glass
Sterling Silverware
Sterling Silver Novelties
Silver plated Hollowware
Silver plated Flatware
Umbrellas
Thimbles
Optical Goods etc.
Chains of all kinds
Solid Gold and Goldfilled
Solid Gold Rings of all kinds
Bracelets
Hat, Handy, Cuff and Waist Pins
Gold and Goldfilled Brooches
Gold and Goldfilled Cuff Buttons
Scarf Pins and Studs
Collar Buttons
Crosses, Lockets and Charms
Emblem Jewelry etc,

We call your attention particularly to Watches at such Bargain as they are sold now they never will be sold again. Our aim is to supply all the Watches for this Xmas.

With a purchase amounting to One Dollar we will give away a Double Pocket Coin Purse made of Madras Imported leather with our compliments.

Hoping to see every reader of this paper at our store, at an early date, and extending to one and all the Compliments and Good Wishes of the season.

Yours to please.

Dr. A. J. Klimek

LEADING JEWELER,

Meehan Block. LaBree Avenue.

I am now prepared to deliver goods to any part of the city. Telephone your orders and you will receive prompt delivery. I guarantee both my goods and prices and will appreciate your patronage.

Highest prices paid for BUTTER and EGGS.

J. H. JACOBSON,
NORTH MAIN AVE.

BULLETIN
Great Northern Railway

Help Build Up Your State

The Great Northern Railway issues from time to time bulletins and booklets telling of the advantages of Minnesota as a home state. If you have relatives or friends you think might be induced to move west send us their names and we will mail them some interesting literature.

W. E. Baker, Agent
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Christmas Presents.

One dozen photographs taken at BORRY'S gallery will make twelve beautiful Christmas presents that will be appreciated, welcome and cheap.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson Blk.

Miss Dora Clark was up to Rollis last week visiting her parents.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

Prof. Halvorson, of this city, has organized a music class at St. Hilaire.

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Judge William Watts, of Crookston, spent Thanksgiving day in Thief River Falls.

Miss Clara Hoff was up from St. Hilaire last week visiting with friends here.

Closing out sale at Abrahams' store, east end of bridge. Everything at cost or less,

For Sale—A full blooded Heriford bull, three years old. John Graff, Germantown, Minn.

Editor H. C. Longballe, of the Halstead Advocate, was in the city last week visiting friends.

E. E. Rose left last Friday for Whitefish, Montana, where he expects to make his future home.

A. D. Halin and Miss Anna Harson, both of Plummer, were married in this city last Saturday.

Jake Johnson and family left last Friday for Windom, Minn. to make their future home.

Scott Lamont, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre, returned to this city last Saturday from a trip to Fargo.

William Curran left last Saturday for Kalispell, Mont., and expects to make his home there in the future.

White shirts at 25c. Children's underwear at from 10c to 30c a piece at the closing out sale at Abrahams', east end of bridge.

Mike Stengel, one of the enterprising settlers living up near Erie, was in the city last week and made the News office a pleasant call.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

The school funds of North Dakota can be loaned out on farm mortgage security, a constitutional amendment to that effect having been adopted at the last election.

10,000 yds. of laces, braids, etc worth; from 10c to $1 a yard, will be sold at from 1 cent to 10 cents per yard at the closing out sale at Abraham's store, east end of bridge.

Homer Mussey, who is working in the Twin Cities as a conductor on the street car system, came up from St. Paul last week. He will remain until the first of the year visiting his parents.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled, one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

—Farm For Rent Sec. 20 Town Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows (three milking) calves and steers at once. Will sell cheap. Ed. G. Holmes.

John Mickeluckey, the veteran trapper, spent last week at Elm lake. He secured 111 muskrats, but as he set most of his traps for mink and did not secure any, he feels disappointed.

If you want to buy a present for your best girl and get one that will please her call at Dr. A. J. Klimeks' jewelry store. Read his advertisement in this issue and see what he has to offer for sale.

The grand ball given by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers in the Evenson hall Thanksgiving evening was a very largely attended affair. Over 400 tickets were sold and many outside people were present.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Dec 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

The Twenty Five Thousand Club of Crookston has received an offer from a linen mill company to locate a branch in Crookston for a bonus of $15,000. The proposition looks good to the club and it is considering sending on the money.

Cut glass dishes make handsome Christmas presents. Dr. A. J. Klimek has a large stock and prices are reasonable.

At the home of Mr. Johan Johnson in Rocksbury there was a double wedding Johan Johanson was married to Mrs. Oline Ness and Oldus Vinje from Gygla was married to Miss Anna Sunstad Rev. Alex Sand officiating.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Farmers throughout the Valley are complaining of the loss of numerous horses this fall from a peculiar disease for which there seems no cure. The disease is first noticeable by a general breaking down and in two or three weeks the animal dies.

Sears, Roebuck & Co. have been indicted for fraudulant use of mails, down in Iowa, the charge being that they sent out advertising offering paint at certain prices, and the paint did not contain the ingredients named in the description, but was of an inferior quality.

The price paid patrons of the local creamery for butter fat during the month of October was 29 cents. This was omitted from the statement published last week and inasmuch as the price is much better than most creameries in this vicinity paid, Secretary Engelstad desires us to make a note of it.

Tollef Tunheim carried away from the Live Stock Show that was held in St. Paul last week the first premium on fancy cattle with a check for $350.00. Mr. Tunheim had on exhibit 57 head of Polander cattle that he raised on his farm near Newfolden. Does it pay to raise good cattle? Ask Tollef.—Newfolden Review.

At Ulen on the 17th inst Miss Mary Paulsburg and Elling Ellingson were joined in marriage. The bridegroom is one of the prosperous new settlers of Mayfield township and has been here for several days preparing his home to receive his bride. He returned to Ulen Thursday to bring his bride to Red Lake county where they will make their future home on his farm.—Plummer Pioneer.

John A. B. Anderson was in yesterday from his home in northern Mayfield township. Mr. Anderson has been advertising for a wife and has received lots of applications for the position. In fact he has so many to choose from that he finds it hard to make any choice. He is none the less determined to marry and put himself under the watchful care of some tender woman for life.—Plummer Pioneer.

The United States Steel Co.'s payroll at Hibbing was $225,000 last month, of which 80 per cent was in cash. The foreigners there send large amounts home each month and this new arrangement makes it impossible for them to do so. The script floats around the iron range all right, but it can't be sent to the old country and the merchants are selling more goods on account of this plan of payment.

There was a social dance among the settlers of northern Mayfield township at the residence of Hans Holmen last Saturday evening. Reports received after the ball state that there were eight girls present and some over forty young men. They all claim to have had a good time but the way the crowd was divided throws some light on the reason why settlers up there advertise for a bride. —Plummer Pioneer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Omundson finished Thursday last in assisting the boys in winding up affairs at the farm a mile west of the village and departed for their home near Thief River Falls the same evening. Saturday morning they were followed by Gust and Theodore. During the past season the boys have sold over $2500 worth of products from this 160 acre farm beside summer following about 20 acres. They cleared over $1000 from 33 acres of potatoes. This is a credit to both farm and its farmers. —Twin Valley Times.

George Melley, an Indian boy, whose home was at Red Lake, but who had been attending school at Flandrau S. D., was accused of robbing the Red Lake postoffice of $30 at the recent term of the federal court held at Fergus Falls. The young man had come home from the Indian school on a vacation and visited the little postoffice which was in charge of his sister. The sight of money was too much for him, and he quietly extracted $30. He plead guilty and was sentenced to one year and three months in the St. Cloud reformatory.

Dr. Bockman went down to Minneapolis Monday evening.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

For Sale—One water spaniel pup two months old. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Attorney G. Halvorson was over to Warren the first of the week attending to some legal business.

D. N. Winton left Tuesday for Kalispell, Mont., to spend a few days looking after his business interests out there.

"Kid" Traverse left Monday for Prince Albert where he will remain during the winter working for Bulman Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. James Meehan and Mrs. E. E. Sirrine, who had been visiting at the K. M. Hanson home, left Monday for Minneapolis.

We can save you money on watches, clocks, jewelry and cut glass. Our prices are the lowest and stock the largest. F. J. Stebbins.

The annual election of officers of Northern Lodge No. 233, A. F. & A. M., will be next Monday evening. It is desired that all of the members be present.

John Fuller went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday to spend a few days taking an inventory of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's yard at that point.

Dr. Schaleben will leave about the 1st of Jan. for Illiamne, Alaska, where he has received a reindeer station and give medical aid to the natives. Mrs. Schaleben will not go to Alaska until about the 1st of March.

Rev. L. H. Christian, who has been holding a series of revival meetings here for the Seventh Day Adventists, left Tuesday morning for Detroit where he will remain for a few days and from there go to Milwaukee.

Do your Christmas shopping early and do not fail to call at the jewelry store of Dr. A J. Klimek. He has the largest assortment of cut glass goods, umbrellas, rings, and watches and silver novelities to be found in the city.

C. F. Conrad, who for the past year or more has been the agent for the Soo at this point, leaves this week for Minneapolis where he will enter the general offices of the company. C. L. Smith, of Alexandria, is to be the new agent here and he has already taken charge of the work at the depot.

It may prove a most interesting piece of news to our subscribers, in fact the item of news is one we are loath to publish and in fact come to think of it we will say nothing about it, for it might make some of our subscribers over joyous. Anyway, it was only about paying subscription dues. A mere trifle.—Ex.

On Wednesday, Dec. 18, the medical men of Thief River Falls and surrounding towns and villages will meet at the Antlers Club rooms and an organization will be perfected. It is the intention to have meetings in this city every two months during the future and matters of interest to medical men will be discussed.

Smith, the wrestler, who made Thief River Falls his headquarters for a few months, was tried at Warren Monday for attempting to rob a man in a saloon at Oslo recently. He was found guilty and Judge Grindeland sentenced him to the state's prison for a term of two years. The evidence against Smith was not half so strong as against Joe Leavy, but then, Red Lake and Marshall are different counties.

The Todd county creamery at Long Prairie, according to a Long Prairie man who is here today, is making a really remarkable record. The last two years it has paid an annual dividend of 32 per cent, and this year promises to be equally successful. The capital stock of the company can only be sold to farmers who deliver milk or cream to the creamery. The report for the month of October, just out, shows that over 330,000 pounds of milk were received, from which more than 20,000 pounds of butter were made. The receipts from the sale of butter amounted to $5,303.

A sad accident occured last week in the township of Mary in Norman county, Wednesday by which John Puetz the well known farmer lost his life. Accompanied by his sons he was hauling hay, and the load he was driving tipped over, throwing him to the ground. He struck on his head, and when one of the boys reached him and asked if he was hurt, he merely moved his hand, and died soon after without regaining consciousness. John Puetz was one of the pioneer settlers of the county, 62 years old, a man well liked by his neighbors and loved by his family, who have the sympathy of all in their great and unexpected loss.

There has been rumors about town of late as to who were to receive appointments upon the police force under Mayor Hamre. When asked by the News, Mr. Hamre stated that he had not as yet decided who he would appoint nor would he give the matter any attention until a few days before he took the office. Mr. Hamre intimated, however, that he did not need any assistance in making selection. His policemen are to be his personal representatives and as he is held more or less responsible for the acts of the men on the police force, he does not consider that others have a right to request him to make certain appointments.

J. D. Abbot was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Rev. Aastad was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Goodnow Torrison was over to Fisher the first of the week.

Miss Ramstad returned Monday to Fargo where she is attending the Ladies Seminary.

Henry Cook, of Germantown, passed through the city yesterday enroute to Crookston.

Miss Grace Meehan returned Monday to Moorhead where she is attending the normal school.

Olaf Wahlberg, of Brunkeberg, was in the city yesterday and made this office a welcome call.

There will be communion services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son were up from Crookston last week visiting at the home of Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Miss Marie Caldwell, who is working in Register of Deeds Quists office, returned Monday to Red Lake Falls.

Miss Hazel Toye left Monday for Crookston and from there went to Winnipeg to spend a few days.

Dr. Eshelby, of St. Paul, who is interested in land in this section with C. J. Knox, was in the city last week.

With a purchase of $1.00 or more at Dr. A. J. Klimek's jewelery store, you are presented with a handsome pocketbook.

Carl Klockmann, one of the solid and substantial farmers living up near Germantown, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. J. J. Padden and daughter, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last week visiting at the home of Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Mrs. Frank Lawrence and children arrived in the city last evening from Fergus Falls and will visit the C. A. Robbecke home until after the holidays.

Miss McDoughal, who had spent a few days in the city visiting with old friends, returned Monday to Minot, N. D. where she is teaching school.

Thomas Crowe, who is attending college at Valpariso, Ind., spent last week in the city visiting his parents. He returned to Indiana Sunday evening.

Melvin Evenson left Monday for Greenbush where he will assist at the Hanson & Barzen Milling company's elevator for a few days during the rush of business

Good and reliable jewelry at reasonable prices. That is what you want. That is what makes an acceptable Christmas gift. Call and see Dr. A. J. Klimek's stock before buying elsewhere.

The firemen will give a grand ball on New Years eve and it promises to be one of the best of the season. The firemen have a reputation for doing things and the dance will probably be a good one.

A company has been formed to build an electric road from Detroit to Fargo. It will handle both freight and passengers. It is believed that the Soo is back of the company and that the new road will be a cross country road for the Soo people.

All who are owing bills to the firm of Kenison & Amundson are requested to call and settle the same during the present month. On the first of January the store is to be closed and all accounts not paid will be placed in the hands of an attorney.

A company has been organized at Alexandria to manufacture medical remedies, articles of incorporation having been filed this week. The company will manufacture cough syrup, liniments, ointments, etc. Leading physicians and druggists of the village are back of the enterprise.

The News is in receipt of a letter from W. T. Hunt, proprietor of the New Brunswick Stock farm up at Roosevelt in Roseau county, stating that he will be in Thief River Falls in the near future and desires to talk with the business men of this place regarding the building of an air line railroad from this city to Roosevelt. He says that the distance is only 83 miles and that the road could be built at a small cost. He believes that the farmers would build the road.

Yesterday afternoon Miss Gunda Wedmer and Elmer E. Goar were united in marriage at the home of the bride. Rev. Smith officiated and only close friends of the bride and groom witnessed the ceremony. The bride is one of the accomplished young ladies of this city and has a large circle of friends who will wish her a happy life. The groom is one of the prominent and substantial business men of Stephen, Minn. They will make their home at Stephen.

Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson of Red Lake Co., has issued marriage licenses the past week as follows: Frank Hill to Della Hince both of Lambert, Otto H. Hessler of Bray, to Mathilda Hoppe, of Sanders, Oscar W. Carlson of Thief River Falls to Nora M Johnson of North, Oldus Vinje, of Beltrami county, to Anna Sunstad, of St. Hilaire, Aristide Lambert to Annie Darcet both of Lambert, Bernard Duffy, of Polden to Annie Wiese, of Lake Pleasant; Carl E. Ekstrom to Hilda A. Adolphson, both of Town of Black River, Helmer Halvorson of Plummer, to Karoline J. Rolstad, of Hamel.

Jerry O'Brien, who has a homestead up near Highlanding, came over from North Dakota the first of the week to look after his interests here.

Call at Dr. A. J. Klimek's jewelery store and look over his stock before making your Christmas purchases. He has the best and largest stock and prices are below that of others.

At the meeting of the city council Tuesday evening an ordinance was introduced which is intended to keep children off the streets at nights. During the winter months children are prohibited from being on the streets after eight o'clock unless accompanied by an older person and during the summer the time is fixed at 8.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, the matter of establishing a waterworks and electric light commission to have full charge and management of the city's plant was discussed at consideradle length. The unanimous opinion is that it would be the proper thing to do and it is quite likely that at the meeting of the council next week the commission will be established.

LABOR WAR AT DULUTH.

Contractors and Builders Unite for the Open Shop.

As the result of a dispute between the union bricklayers and the nonunion ironworkers on the new office building for the City National bank Duluth is threatened with a war for the open shop between the contractors and union laborers. The union men refused to work with the nonunion workers employed by the American Bridge company on the building. The contractors had a special contract for the brick work and had nothing to say regarding the iron work. They felt they were unjustly treated by the union and gave the men a limited time to return to work. They did not do so and the fight will be to the finish. The other contractors have united in supporting the firm and an effort will be made to make Duluth an open shop town as far as the building trades are concerned.

ENTIRE TOWN THREATENED

Fire at Hibbing Causes a Loss of $100,000.

The Miles hotel and vaudeville theater at Hibbing, recently built at a cost of $100,000, was burned to the ground. When the fire got beyond control the north end of the hotel, next to some wooden buildings, was dynamited.

Only the most desperate efforts of the fire department, seconded by citizens and by the steel corporation apparatus, saved the business section of the town from total destruction. Several blocks of wooden buildings stood directly in the line of the flames, the nearest being separated from the burning hotel by a narrow alley.

So imminent was the danger that the steel corporation closed down its mines, laid pipe lines from its shafts and sent its teams and men to the scene.

MURDER IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Insane Colored Man Shoots Another Negro.

Impelled by an insane desire to murder any one he considered an enemy Henry Itson, alias Cecil, colored, shot and instantly killed John Dutton, also colored, in the Richelieu club rooms at Minneapolis.

Itson had imagined that Dutton was about to murder him and with no other provocation sent a bullet through Dutton's heart. In a complete confession made to Captain Sinclair, Richard Tattersfield and others at police headquarters he admitted the shooting and also said that he had never spoken to Dutton. Furthermore he had no grievance against him. An insane fear of assassination at the hands of Dutton was all that impelled him.

Itson is calm and does not appear to be at all sorry for his act.

FOUND DEAD IN HOTEL.

Minneapolis Attorney Expires Suddenly at Omaha.

George F. Porter, well known attorney and theater man of Minneapolis, was found dead in his room at the Paxton hotel at Omaha. Heart trouble, from which he had been suffering, is asserted as the cause. He has a wife and children traveling in the South and they may be in Cuba by this time. He was thirty-eight years of age. His body was taken to Minneapolis by Edward B. Masl, connected with Mr. Porter's law firm. It was Mr. Masl who found him.

Stickney Favors Central Bank.

President Stickney of the Great Western railroad, at a meeting of the Roosevelt club of St. Paul, presented an exhaustive paper advocating the repeal of certain banking laws to enable the formation of a great central bank for the United States. He showed the great stability of similar banks in England and on the Continent and the much poorer comparative showing our banks make in times of panic.

Admits Killing a Man.

That George Grabosich of Eveleth was killed by a shot fired feloniously from a revolver in the hands of Eli Metrasovich was the finding of the coroner's jury empaneled by Deputy Coroner Gleason to investigate Grabosich's death. The jury was told by the interpreter that Metrasovich admitted killing the man, but of the several witnesses called only one testified to seeing him fire the shot.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91
Oats	38c
Flax	97c
Barley	60
Eggs	25c
Butter	32c
Potatoes	50c

To Manufacture Snuff.

A new industry is gaining prominence in Northern Minnesota—the manufacture of snuff. For some time past Roseau has boasted of one snuff factory, Barkman, Jr. son of the biggest snuff manufacturer in Norway has been turning out the product in considerable volume, having been associated with Isreal Sjoberg one of the wealthy merchants and land owners of that section.

During the past few weeks Barkman has withdrawn from the Sjoberg concern and a stock company has been formed in which he is a stockholder together with Charles Richardson, Dr. Norin, Representative Eckman and Frank Wheatcroft, and the factory was started the forepart of this week with a capacity of 800 pounds per day. The brand will be known as Barkman's Snuff and the organization has incorporated as the Barkman Snuff Manufacturing Co; and intends embarking in the business on a large scale, increasing the capacity as the demand justifies.

Next Entertainment of Lyceum Course.

Next Thursday evening, Dec. 12, the fourth entertainment of the Lyceum course will be given at the Presbyterian church. The attraction will be the Lucy—De Bona combination, the program consisting of readings, costumed impersonations, crayon sketches and singing, recitations (with Harp accompaniment,) harp solos, etc. This will be a delightful entertainment, as both Mr. Lucey and Signor De Bona are recommended as first class artists by the leading papers of the country. Come out and spend a pleasant evening. Tickets on sale at Curtis Drug Store.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 30.

Haugen Rev. Tilda
Hudnell Mrs.
Jones Bessie
Knutson Melvin,
Larson O. I.
Noelan Mrs Mary
Patterson M.
Reime Henry
Rice Miss Myrtle
Sand Mrs. Hans C.
Sand Hans C.
Solum Mrs Maggie

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

No Cash in Stock.

We beg to announce that not a dollar of our superfluous or other cash is concealed in cast-off socks, old tea pots vacant or unused chimneys, discarded stoves or old boots, but all— yes, all—is deposited in the banks of this city. Patronize home institutions.—Stillwater Gazette.

Library Notes.

A meeting of the library board was held at the library on Tuesday afternoon. Members present: Mrs. T. L. Melgaard, Mrs. J. M. Bishop, Prof. Hay and Mayor Grundy.

Two new members of the board were appointed by Mayor Grundy as follows: Mrs. E. E. Zeh and A. I. Anderson.

Over 625 books were taken out of the library for the month of November.

The new books are on the go all of the time. If you haven't read them you are missing it.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Marie Gilbertson, Reporter.

We are glad to see one of our old scholars, Frank Kratka, back in the school room.

On Monday William Sponheim, Thomas Lonson and Nathaniel Mussey entered the high school.

Miss Godward was ill Monday afternoon and was not able to be at school.

Nina Horton visited school last Friday afternoon.

The new black boards have at last arrived and are a great improvement to the room.

Miss Carlson received a warm welcome from her old scholars last week.

School on Friday following Thanksgiving was not a success, in the High School at least. Too many cases of deranged digestion.

The Normal enrollment is now 21.

Arther Thorwick entered High School Tuesday morning. There is 140 students enrolled this year.

Miss Mc Crillis returned from Iowa Sunday where she was called by the death of her sister.

Miss Lida Mc Dougal of Minot made the school a welcome visit Monday. It is divulging no secret to say that she would not dislike occupying her old place again.

—Subscribe for the News.

YOUNG CASE ARGUED

Comes Up Before United States Supreme Court.

IMPORTANT POINT INVOLVED

Thomas D. O'Brien of Minnesota and Attorney General Hadley of Missouri Appear for Plaintiff.

The case of Attorney General Edward T. Young of Minnesota, involving a fine of $100 on the charge of contempt of court, was argued in the supreme court of the United States at Washington. The case deals with the rights of states to prescribe railroad rates and the importance of the matter was indicated by the effort to intervene which was made in behalf of the corporations doing business in other parts of the country, which involve the same questions. The case against Mr. Young grew out of an effort by the Northern Pacific Railway company to prevent Young as attorney general from enforcing the state law of 1907. The United States court for the district of Minnesota, Judge Lochren presiding, granted a temporary injunction in accordance with the prayer of the railroad company, but notwithstanding this order Mr. Young instituted proceedings in the state circuit court for Ramsey county asking for a writ of mandamus compelling the railroad company to comply with the law. He was promptly summoned before Judge Lochren, who imposed a fine for contempt.

Attorney General Sought Relief.

The attorney general sought relief by applying in an original action to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that the Minnesota federal court was without jurisdiction.

The case involves the constitutional question whether an action like this is not a suit against a state, which is prohibited by the eleventh amendment to the Constitution. So important is the case that Attorney Hines sought on behalf of the Southern Railway company to file a brief in the case because of the probable effect of a decision on this point on the various rate controversies of that company, and a similar request was made in the case of the Consolidated Gas company of New York, involving the 80-cent law, by Former Assistant Attorney General Whitney, who appeared for the House Service Corporation of New York. Former Assistant General Beck made a protest in the latter proceeding, contending that to permit such a course at this time would be equivalent to allowing a premature argument of the gas case. The court took the application in this case under advisement, but admitted the brief in the Southern Railway case.

The Young case was argued by Attorney Thomas D. O'Brien of Minnesota and Attorney General Hadley of Missouri for Mr. Young, and Chief Counsel C. M. Bunn of the Northern Pacific against that official.

BAN PUT ON MALT DRINKS

Minnesota Supreme Court Defines What Are Intoxicants.

The state supreme court has handed down an important decision relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors. This decision goes into the rights of dealers to sell malt beverages without local licenses and it would appear that if the decision has any general effect it will prevent the sale of the various malt extracts except at regularly licensed saloons or on the presentation of a doctor's prescription at a drug store.

The case was that of the state against Noble Schagel, a resident of Kandiyohi county. The defendant was indicted and found guilty of selling intoxicants without a license. He sold what was called Swedish malt. One sample, after analysis by a university professor, was found to contain 2.72 per cent alcohol and another sample disclosed 3.18 per cent alcohol. Schagel appealed and the supreme court says the verdict must stand.

DROWNED WHILE SKATING

Youth and Young Man Lose Lives in Sauk Lake.

John Hooper, aged fifteen son of George Hooper, a well known farmer, and James Draper, aged twenty-three, a farmhand employed by Daniel Buckley, were drowned in Sauk lake, about a mile above Sauk Center.

They were skating with a party of young folks and set out by themselves for a distant part of the lake. That was the last seen of them alive. An older brother of Hooper searched all night for the bodies. Finally the boy's hat was found near the shore and then both bodies were seen lying in eight feet of water near the edge of some broken ice, through which they had skated.

Charitable Bequest Upheld.

The California heirs of Fanny S. Wilder of St. Paul have failed to successfully attack the Wilder charity, bequeathing millions to the worthy poor of St. Paul. Judge Lochren in the United States circuit court has dismissed the bill brought by the heirs, holding that the charitable trust had been upheld by the supreme court of Minnesota. An appeal will be taken from Judge Lochren's decision.

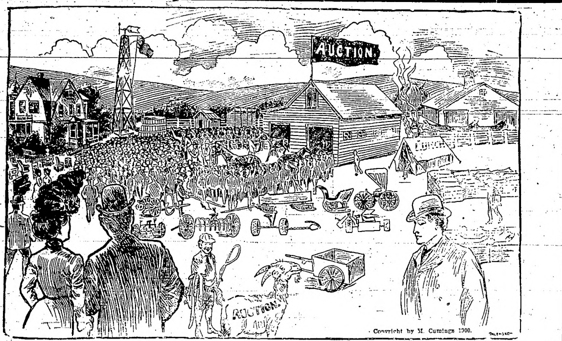

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Auction Sale, Thursday, Dec. 12, 1907.

AT CHRISTIAN BJERKE'S PLACE, 1 MILE EAST OF BRUNKEBERG STORE, COMMENCING AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

1 mare, 10 years old and weighing 1000 pounds
1 mare colt, 7 months old.
3 work oxen
2 milk cows
1 3 year old heifer
1 wide tire wagon
1 17 shoe Van Brunt drill
1 14 in. Osborn disk
1 3 horse boss harrow
1 McCormick binder
1 McCormick mower
1 14 in John Deere breaking plow
1 18 in. stubble plow.
1 Deering self dump hayrake.
1 pair of heavy bob sleighs.
1 single harness.
1 set double harnesses, good as new.
1 buggy.
15 tons of hay.
All household goods and other articles too numerous to mention.

FREE LUNCH WILL BE SERVED

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over $10, bankable paper due Nov. 1, 1908.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer. CHRISTIAN BJERKE, Owner.

THE DEATH RECORD.

General Leon Jastremski, a Confederate veteran, candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor of Louisiana and formerly a grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the United States, is dead at Baton Rouge, La.

Rev. William Parker, one of the best known Christian ministers of Northern Indiana, committed suicide in two feet of water in the canal at Goshen, Ind.

John B. Obermyer, inventor of the time lock for safes, is dead at his home near Zanesville, O.

Former Judge James B. Bradwell, one of Chicago's most distinguished pioneers, is dead.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 30.—Wheat—Dec., $1.03⅝; May, $1.09⅞; July, $1.10⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$4.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Wheat—Dec., 96⅝c; May, $1.03⅜@1.03½. Corn—Dec., 55c; May, 55⅞@56c. Oats—Dec., 47c; May, 50⅞@51c. Pork—Jan., $12.62½; May, $12.95. Butter—Creameries, 19@23c; dairies, 12@23c. Eggs—20@25c. Poultry — Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 8½c; springs, 9½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 30.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¼@1.05¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.02¾@1.03¼; Dec., $1.04¼; May, $1.10⅜. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.03¼. Flax—To arrive, $1.09; on track and Nov., $1.10¼; Dec., $1.09; May, $1.16⅜.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.50; cows, $1.15@4.60; calves, $5.50@7.00; Texans, $3.10@3.90; Western cattle, $3.10@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30. Hogs—Light, $4.40@4.90; mixed, $4.45@4.95; heavy, $4.40@4.95; rough, $4.40@4.55; pigs, $3.70@4.40. Sheep, $2.00@5.00; yearlings, $4.50@5.25; lambs, $3.75@6.35.

THE REX

CIGAR STORE, NEWS STAND, CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR.

We serve Ives Ice Cream, the very best made in Minneapolis.

ROLPH & SON

SECOND DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA

THE DRAYMAN.

Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

CHINESE FOOTBALL.

It Is More Like a Prolonged Riot Than a Pastime.

"The first game of football I witnessed upon my arrival in China," one of our consular representatives at home for a visit remarked recently, "I mistook for a very serious riot, and you wouldn't have blamed me either.

"In the first place, I was not aware that the Chinese had any such game, but later found that it is very popular in north China. It is not played as is the American game, and instead of eleven players to the side there are fifty. These northern Chinese are almost giants, and every man on the team will be six feet or over in height and weigh on the average 200 pounds. There are no goals, side lines or halves. The game lasts until one side is the winner, and frequently this is not accomplished before two or three days.

"The idea of the game is to force a small wicker basket, which takes the place of our ball, into the territory of the other side—this territory being one-half of the town—and up and down the streets the fight rages. Each man is equipped with a whistle with which to summon assistance when too hard pressed.

"Stealth as well as main force may be used in getting the 'ball' into the enemy's country, and I know of one clever player who did so by passing over the roofs of the houses. As you may imagine, a hundred giants yelling and fighting in the streets create some excitement."—Harper's Weekly.

SOUL HOUSES.

One of the Queer Customs of the Ancient Egyptians.

Egyptian "soul" houses were curious edifices made probably between the tenth and twelfth dynasties—that is, about 3000 and 3300 B. C. The same principle that caused the warrior's steed to be slain on his grave seems to have actuated the early Egyptians when they built a house for the dead man's soul.

The beginning of the custom was that a mat was laid on the grave, with a pan of food upon it. Afterward this offering was carved in stone as a table of offerings to give permanent satisfaction for the soul. Then to the table was added a shelter copied from an Arab tent, and this gradually was elaborated. The shelter was placed on columns, a hut was put into this portico, chambers were copied, and finally appeared complete two story houses furnished with pottery models of couch, chair, stool, fireplace and the figure of a woman making bread.

The soul was conceived of as ascending from the grave through the ground and requiring shelter while feeding on its everlasting provision, and yet, though it ascended through the earth, it needed a staircase to go up to the upper floor, and the soul had a donkey, for which a manger was required.—Chicago News.

Ventilate Well.

An old writer says, "When men lived in houses of reed they had constitutions of oak; when they lived in houses of oak they had constitutions of reeds." This is a picturesque description of the injury which may come to us from fine houses too closely confined to keep out the fresh air and too heavily curtained, preventing the entrance of sunshine, which is almost if not quite as important as air. But it is not at all necessary to have our fine houses unhealthy, and it requires only intelligence and thoughtfulness to render a brick house as good a promoter of health as a cabin. Fresh air will come into well ventilated modern houses as well as through the open cracks of a house of reeds and sunlight through a window in a palace as well as a hovel.

The Discovery of Iron.

The stone age, bronze age and iron age so overlap one another it is impossible to say just when one begins or ends. Men began to use both bronze and iron long before stone had ceased to be used. In fact, America was in the stone age so late as its discovery by Columbus 400 years ago. It is safe to say that history proper and the iron age were born together anywhere from 8,000 to 10,000 years ago. It is more than likely that men gained their first information concerning the properties of iron through experiments with the pieces of it that had fallen from the sky in the shape of meteors.—New York American.

Energy.

Aubrey de Vere, an Irish poet and gentleman, mentions in his "Recollections" that when ten years old he had a tutor who constantly inculcated in him rectitude, purpose and energy.

The tutor's praise of energy was expressed by the saying:

"There are three letters of more value than all the rest in the alphabet—namely, N R G."

Headed Him Off.

"My wife," began Hicks, "dropped in to see me at the office today and"—

"Sorry, old man," interrupted Wicks, "but my wife held me up before I left home; I can't lend you a cent."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Destitute.

Hungry Hank—I feel sorry for de lady wot lives in dat mansion on de hill. She is absolutely destitute. Sauntering Sam—Destitute? Hungry Hank—Yes. Destitute uv generosity.—Exchange.

The Whole Show.

Visitor—And what is the special distinction of this theater? Actor—I!—Fliegende Blatter.

A little neglect may breed great mischief.—Chesterfield.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 16, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 30th, 1907, viz: Gus Peterson H. E. No. 5569 Chippewa Series for the W. ½ of N. E. ¼ and E. ½ of N. W. ¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 158 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gunerius Olson, of Sorum, Minn.
Frank Carlson, " " "
Haltan Olson, " " "
August Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 21 ded 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Bergling of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 23 made June 20th 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 21, Township 154 N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Dec., 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Elias Overlund of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Swanson " " " " "
Renold Johnson " " " " "
Frank L. Bergling " Brunkeberg, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

nov 21 dec 26

Notice of Cancellation of Land Contract.

Crookston, Minnesota, November 14, 1907.

To M. O. Sorterdahl and A. G. Bjorneby:

You, and each of you, will take notice that by reason of the default made by you in the performance of the covenants and agreements by you to be performed in that certain contract for deed dated April 11, 1902, whereby the undersigned Nils Nilson, Jr. and Richard A. Rusten, as parties of the first part, agreed to convey and assure to you, as parties of the second part by warranty deed the following described premises situated in Polk County, Minnesota, to-wit: The South-west quarter (SW.¼) of the South-west quarter (SW.¼) of Section six (6) and the West half (W.½) of the North-west quarter (NW.¼) and the South-east quarter (SE.¼) of the North-west quarter (NW.¼) of Section Seven (7) all in township One Hundred-Forty Nine (149) North of Range Forty-two (42) West, upon the payment by you of the sum of Twelve-Hundred-Twenty-Four Dollars ($1224.00) and interest at the time specified in said contract. It is the intention of the undersigned owners of the premises hereinbefore described to cancel said contract. The matters in which you are in default and by reason of which defaults said cancellation of said contract is made are the following:

First: Neglect and failure to pay the sum of Ten-Hundred-Twenty Dollars ($1020.00) of the purchase price of said premises which were payable on or before the 11th day of April, last, with interest thereon from the 11th day of April, 1902 at the rate of six per cent. per annum amounting in all at the date of this notice to the sum of Thirteen-Hundred-Sixty-two and 21-100 Dollars.

Second: Your failure and neglect to pay the tax assessed against said above described premises for the year 1905 in the amount of Eleven Dollars and ninety five cents. ($11.95)

Third: Your failure and neglect to pay the taxes assessed against said premises for the year 1906 amounting to Nineteen and 52-100 Dollars ($19.52).

You are further notified that said contract will terminate at the end of thirty days after the service of this notice upon you unless prior thereto you shall comply with the conditions of said contract by making payment of the sum due on the purchase price of said premises as aforesaid and by paying the taxes thereon for the years 1905 and 1906, and by further paying the costs of the service of this notice upon you.

Such payment may be made to the undersigned, or for them, to A. A. Miller, Esquire, their attorney, at the office of Miller & Foote in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

NILS NILSON JR. and
RICHARD A. RUSTEN
By A. A. Miller, Their Attorney.

nov 21 dec 5

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate court.

In the matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. Smith, Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to John S. Smith, Chas E. Smith, Peter Smith, Lorentz Larson, and Ida Keiberg, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of John S. Smith, having been filed in this court, representing that Kathrine A. Smith, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 29th day of May 1906 and praying that letters of administration of her estate be granted to John L. Finke, and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of December 1907, at 2 o'clock P. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 15th day of November 1907.

N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

(Seal) Attest:

nov 21 dec 5

—Wanted—a local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on January 7th, 1908 viz: Bernard P. Hridding H. E. No. 278 Red Lake Series for the Lot 1 and N. ½ of N. E. ¼ and S. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼ of Sec. 10, Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Carl Beiswenger, of Anton, Minn.
Krist Larson, of " "
Knut Solheim, of " "
Cornelius H. Helland, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 28 jan 2

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Carl J. Larson of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 612 made Oct 3rd., 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 12, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on December 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz.

Pliny H. Wright of Anton, Minn.
Albert J. Narum of " "
Ed. Olson of " "
Antin Brekke of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 31 dec 5

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Oct. 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Albert J. Narum of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 241, made June 23rd, 1894, for the S. E. ¼ Sec. 11, Township 153 N., Range 42, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Dec 9th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Carl J. Larson, of Anton, Minn
Pliny H. Wright, of " "
Ed. Olson, of " "
Tobias Silterping, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 31 dec 5

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 21st., 1907, viz: Christ Anderson H. E. No. 5461 Chippewa Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 9 in Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Sordahl, of Thorwick, Minn
Albert Klocness, " " "
Ed. Hanson, " " "
Julius Finman, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 14 dec 19

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

CALIFORNIA LEGENDS.

Weird and Thrilling Tales of the Olden Days.

A MINE THAT WAS HAUNTED.

The Ghost of Tom Bowers, an Elusive, Luminous Warning and a Race Between Life and Death—The Building of Lofty Mount Shasta.

A haunted house in the family sends delicious shivers down the spinal cord of the ancestral tree, but even more delightfully spooky is the possession of a haunted mine, and such a boast California can make on the authority of early legend.

Once upon a time in the days of old and the days of gold a miner of the name of Thomas Bowers lived and delved in the vicinity of Pike City.

A shy, silent man was Thomas, doing his prospecting without a partner and even holding aloof from the jolly company of the other miners after the day's work was done. And in the same shy, silent way that he had lived he died—noiseless footsteps across the snow to the brink of the slope where he had been prospecting and at the foot of a landslide his speechless body—alone in death.

After his remains were buried decently and in order there were excited whispers about strange noises at the mouth of the old shaft, and soon, quite incidentally, of course, the mine was abandoned.

The greed of gold, however, taps impatiently at closed doors, and after some little time a thriftless miner hoping for a short cut to wealth undertook to work the old mine again and suddenly surprised his creditors by paying his bills. But things flowed not so smoothly as they seemed. There was many a slip of nerve between nugget and pick. Every morning the miner found that his sluice had been tampered with, that during the night the water had been turned on by unknown hands. Yet the most diligent search led to no discovery, and as a last hope of untangling the clammy mystery the miner one evening inaugurated a watch, well armed with a rifle.

The shadows deepened into darkness, into an absolute blackness. Suddenly while reconnoitering a phosphorescent light attracted his attention, and as he boldly advanced toward it he discovered a placard hung from a tree—a sort of spectral transparency, it seems—bearing the following words: "Notice! I, Thomas Bowers, claim this ground for placer mining."

When the reader's mind had recovered from its earthquake of astonishment the miner made a snatch at the placard. A pricking thrill went through his fingers, as though they had taken liberties with an electric battery. The luminous writing was gone, but in his ears roared the flowing water of the sluice and through the roar the sharp, clear cut tap, tap, of a pick. Again the flash of warning light—and before him stood Tom Bowers.

The California miner is no coward. The rifle was lifted, fired. With a yell of rage the ghost, brandishing pick and shovel in excited arms, pursued the trespasser.

A race between life and death in a new sense was the one that followed—all the way to Pike City. There the other miners, celebrating a new find by a dance in a saloon, were suddenly alarmed by terrified screams. Running out, they found neither man nor ghost, but tossed upon the ground a rifle and a pick and a shovel with the initials T. B. cut in the handle.

A legend of an entirely different type is connected with the same period of California history.

During the rush for gold in the fifties a party came west by the Gila river route. The heat was intense. The supply of water gave out. On the hot, barren sands just below Yuma the dying cavalcade pitched their desperate camp.

In the silence of the early night from one of the wagons came the prattling voice of a little child lifted in prayer:

"Do, dear God, give us water, and I never will be naughty again."

And scarcely had the petition gone up to the stars when the sound of running water was heard, and up from the dry, hot sands bubbled a pure, life giving spring.

The water of this New river, as it was called, swept north for twenty miles, at one place spreading into a deep lake two miles wide, but when migration went by the northern route, the pretty tradition naively ends, no longer needed, the New river's spring dried up.

Perhaps no more desolate spot can be pictured than Death valley, with its terrific heat, its lack of water, the sodic dust of its plains strewn with mummified animals and the bleached bones of lost prospectors. But fair and fertile once lay the valley, a flourishing pueblo ruled over by a beautiful queen.

Alas, the beauty was only skin deep, and ambition alone ruled a cold, cruel heart. A palace to surpass the houses of the neighboring Aztecs was her dream, and she cared not how many lives might be sacrificed in speeding the [illegible].

For miles the tribe carried stone and timber and when they faltered by the wayside she lashed their naked limbs. So sacred was royalty regarded that her people dared not protest, but in her zeal to have the palace erected before accident or possible death she had forced her daughter even to join the throng of workers, and when the lash was lifted against her own flesh and blood the princess turned before sinking down in death from exhaustion and cursed both her mother and the kingdom.

The gods answered quickly. The sun sent down a heat so fierce that the streams dried up, vegetation became scorched, the animals sought new abodes, while queen and people died as though by plague.

But in the midst of the desolation the palace half completed may be seen to this day—if fortune favors the traveler with a mirage.

An amusing ghost story haunts the early history of Santa Barbara island. Such were the awful noises heard by ships in passing that every sailor on board devoutly crossed himself, convinced that it was the headquarters of swimming and flying monsters. Unfortunately for the sailors' yarns it was latterly discovered that some shipwrecked cats had landed on the island, their numerous progeny living sumptuously on dead fish and the eggs and the young sea fowl.

Long before the first white man entered Kern county that locality was inhabited by a superior race far advanced in arts and devout worshipers of the Great Spirit. In fact, one of their number so excelled in wisdom that the others fell down and worshiped him, and, in jealous anger the Great Spirit caused the earth to shake and swallow up the entire population, *afterward wiping out every vestige of* their idolatry by pouring water into the valley until it became an inland sea.

Later repenting him of the evil and in impatience over his own vengeance, the Great Spirit threw up the earth smoking with heat into the Sierra Nevada mountains, broke away the hills damming up the lake at its foot and drained off the water into the sea at the Golden Gate. Then he opened the mouth of the earth and released the Jonahs from their long captivity.

Little took they the lesson to heart. No sooner had the place blossomed into beauty again than they fell into idolatry once more, the worshiped chief going so far as to challenge the Great Spirit to single combat. The answer was a thrust of the gage in their very faces. The race was exterminated forever by a horde of savages from the Mojave desert, while a whirlwind swept away all vegetation.

But if we are tracing back to the origin of things we must dig deeper till we reach the legend of Mount Shasta, the very first part of the earth to be created.

The Great Spirit broke a hole in the floor of heaven with a huge rock and went on throwing down more rocks until he could step from the sky upon the top of the pile.

Then caressingly he touched the sides of the heap with his hands, and forests sprang into being. Leaves from the trees he plucked and breathed upon until they fluttered into the air, fleet winged birds. Beasts and fishes he also formed from his staff.

And so in love he became with the mountain of his creation that he hollowed it out into a wigwam, "where he dwelt for centuries, the smoke of his lodge fire being often seen pouring from the cone before the white man came."—May C. Ringwalt in Los Angeles Times.

Convenient Banking.

The bank examiners of the treasury department have some odd and amusing experiences during their investigations of country banks. At one small and primitive institution an examiner found a deficiency of $100. Of course an explanation was demanded. The cashier made a brave attempt to look wise. Finally he took $100 from a private money drawer. "There, that will fix it," he said.

"How will you enter that to make good the balance?" asked the examiner.

The cashier looked bewildered, but finally said he would not enter it at all.

"You see," he remarked, "that drawer I just went into to make the balance is what we call the 'outs and over' drawer. Whenever we're out of balance we go to 'outs and over' to make things right. Then, again, when the sheet shows more cash than we ought to have the surplus goes to the drawer. Funny the city banks never thought of that scheme." — Harper's Weekly.

Some Notes on "Origins."

"Humpty Dumpty Sat on a Wall," etc., has come down to us from the days of King John. "The Babes In the Woods" dates from the fifteenth century, being founded upon facts, an old house near Wayland Wood, Norfolk, having the whole story in carvings on a mantelpiece. "Little Jack Horner," "Little Miss Muffet, "Old Mother Hubbard," "Mother Goosey" and "Goosey, Goosey Gander" are each traceable to the sixteenth century.

"Pussy Cat, Pussy Cat, Where Have You Been?" belongs to the reign of Queen Elizabeth. "Three Blind Mice" first appeared in a music book dated 1600. "A Froggie Would a-Wooing Go" was licensed to be sung as far back as 1600. "Boys and Girls Come Out to Play" and "Lucy Locket Lost Her Pocket" both hail from the period of Charles II. And, last of all, "Cinderella," "Jack the Giant Killer," "Bluebeard" and "Tom Thumb" were published by their author, Charles Perrault, in the year 1697.—London Notes and Queries.

Fish Stories.

Mr Towngay—How long does a fish grow in a year? The Guide—Waal, it depends on who's tellin' it an' his eddication an' natural inventiveness.—Chicago News.

SECRET WRITING.

How Letters May Be Made Safe From Prying Eyes.

Even with the most unromantic of us occasions sometimes arise when we should like to make some memorandum or write some letter which cannot be read except by those we wish to do so. Here is a simple method:

Soak a sheet of note paper in cold water and lay it perfectly flat upon a pane of glass. Place above it another sheet, dry this time, and on the upper sheet write your message with a fairly hard pencil. You now destroy the dry paper and allow all the moisture to evaporate from the wet piece. Don't hold it to the fire, but let it dry naturally. If you then examine it closely you will see not the faintest trace of writing, but if you moisten the paper once more and hold it up to the light you can read quite plainly all you wrote. It will show up like the watermark on a postage stamp. This method, by the way, is sometimes adopted by convicts. They use their gruel cans instead of glass and a sharp piece of wood for a pencil.

Another way is less dirty and even more effective. Lay several sheets of paper on a firm surface and write upon the top one. Then remove the bottom sheet, on which no impression appears. If you hold this in the vapor of iodine, however, the writing will turn brown and be quite legible. The explanation is plain. The note paper contains starch, which on being pressed turns to hydramide, a substance which is acted on by iodine in the manner described.—Answers.

—Wanted—Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

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Hotel Ogahmah

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

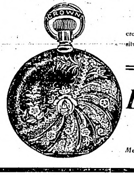

Watches

We carry the largest and best stock of watches of any house in the Northwest and here quote you prices that cannot be duplicated elswhere. We carry in stock such standard makes as the Hamilton, Elgin, Waltham, Trenton, New York Standards, Betsy Ross, etc. Also a fine line cf standard railroad watches.

Gentlemen's Watches.

7 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$3.85
15 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
17 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.60
17 jewels, 18 size Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price,	$8 80
7 jewels, 16 size Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5 50
15 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.70
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.90
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$13.75
7 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
15 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.70
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.90
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$15.12

Ladies Watches.

7 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$4.95
15 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.05
7 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.15
15 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$8.80
17 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price	$14.30

An endless variety of watch cases to select from. Boss, crescent, crown 20 and 25 year guaranteed gold-filled cases also solid gold, silver and silveroid, the latest designs and finest patterns

Dr. A. J. Klimek

LEADING JEWELER,

Mechan Block. LaBree Avenue.

Subscribe for the News. $1 per Year.

Going Out of Business!

On account of the fact that we are going to close out our business in Thief River Falls we will offer for sale our entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishings, shoes, etc., at

COST for CASH

The Big Sale is now on. We have the largest and best assortment of clothing in Thief River Falls and there is not a broken line in our store. All of our goods are new and up-to-date, so if you want to secure a genuine bargain, call early and look our stock over.

C. O. D. Clothing co.

KENISON & AMUNDSOM, PROPS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1907 NUMBER 50

Historical Society

CITY WINS ITS SUIT.

Northwestern Telephone Company Cannot Establish a Local Exchange.

Victory for the City Considered an Important One by Attorneys.

The state supreme court last week handed down a decision in the Thief River Falls telephone case and it will be good news to the residents of this city to know that the city has won its fight. The law points involved are of great interest to telephone companies and it is the first decision ever rendered upon the question involved. The Northwestern Telephone company was given the right to enter Thief River Falls and use the streets for the purpose of running its line. It was not the intention of the city council that the company would have the right at any time to establish a local exchange here unless the council gave permission, but the telephone company contended that it had this right. Application was made to the city council to designate certain streets on which to run lines for a local exchange and upon the council refusing to grant this application the matter was taken into the courts and the result has been a victory for the city.

The decision means that Thief River Falls will not have two telephone exchanges, which is a matter the citizens have been fighting for all along. Now if some way could be arranged so that both the long distance companies entering the city would connect up with the local exchange, all would be well.

The following is the decision of the supreme court:

State ex rel The Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company, appellant, vs. City of Thief River Falls, et al: respondents.

Syllabus: On the 20th of March, 1899 the city council of respondent city passed the following resolution: "Resolved by the city council of the city of Thief River Falls that the right, privilege and the authority is hereby granted to the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, its successors and assigns to occupy the steets, alleys and public grounds within said city for the purpose of placing therein its poles, wires and fixtures constituting its telephone and telegraph line within and thru said city, provided that the location of said poles and wires and fixtures shall be designated by said city council. Nothing herein contained shall be constituted to give exclusive right in the premises to said company."

On the 21st of August, 1899, the council, by resolution, designated certain steets for the construction of the company's long distance telephone line from the city limits to a point within the city.

Held: The resolution of March 20th, *constituted a grant to install within* the city the company's long distance system only, and did not embrace the power to establish a local telephone exchange.

Affirmed.

—Lewis, J.

Elect Officers.

Northern Lodge No. 236, A. F. & A. M. held its annual meeting Monday evening and the following officers were elected for next year:

Warshipful Master—W. B. Fuller.
Senior Warden—Ben Christionson.
Junior Warden—John Durbin.
Secetary—W. E. Baker.
Treasurer—T. L. Melgaard.

The local Masonic lodge is one of the most prosperous in the state, and, according to Deputy Master McCuaig this lodge has held more meetings and conferred more degrees than any other Masonic lodge in the state outside of the twin cities and Duluth. It is the intention to have the installation of officers sometime in January.

A deal was closed this week whereby Rolph & Son disposed of their confectionery store in the Dobner-Meehan block to P. G. Hanson, of Warren. The store has always enjoyed a good business and no doubt will continue to do so.

MUST KILL WOLVES.

Department of Agriculture Urges Concerted Campaign.

The United States department of agriculture has issued a circular on the destruction of deer by the northern timber wolf. The data was gathered by Vernon Bailey, assistant in charge of geographic distribution, who visited several localities in Northern Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota from which complaints have been made. In his circular Mr. Bailey says:

"Deer were found in consider numbers in the swamp and dense timbers, where, during the time of deep snow, they had gathered into well beaten yards, often a hundred or more in a yard. Within the yards and along the trails food was abundant, and the deer would have wintered in good condition if unmolested, but while the snow was soft they were entirely at the mercy of the wolves.

"Wolves were numerous, and dead deer were found in almost every yard visited, some partly eaten, others only torn and mangled. Large bucks, as well as does and fawns, had been killed, many more than could be eaten at the time. Only those killed since the last heavy fall of snow were visible, but in previous seasons hundreds of deer carcasses have been reported in the yards after the melting of the snow. When the snow becomes heavily crusted in the spring the deer leave the yards and scatter over the country and are not easily caught. The wolves then return to the old carcasses, which probably furnish much of their food during the breeding season."

Mr. Bailey urges that all the breeding dens of the wolves should be located and the pups destroyed. By concerted efforts on the part of residents, and those interested in the protection of deer, he says the increase of wolves may thus be effectually checked. The dens once located they should be visited every year in the breeding season, as wolves are known to use the same dens in successive years.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

BELIEVE IT IS ALL RIGHT

Business Men of This City Believe That Road Could Be Built.

Farmers up North Want It Badly and So Do People of This City.

The article published in the News last week to the effect that the farmers up in Roseau county desire to build a road to Thief River Falls has received a great deal of favorable mention. A large number of our business men believe that *the scheme is a feasable* one and could be carried out if the farmers are in earnest about the matter, and it appears that they are.

It is a well known fact that the Soo, in building the extension from Thief River Falls to Kenmare, paid very fancy prices for a right-of-way, yet from the sale of townsite lots in new towns along the road, considerable more than the cost of the right-of-way was realized. Now if the farmers would exchange the right-of-way across their farms and do some of the grading, taking stock in a new company to be organized for their pay, the sale of townsite lots would more than pay for the cost of surveying and the doing of the additional grading. It is believed that nearly enough stock could be sold in Thief River Falls to buy the steel rails and ties and pay for the laying of the same. Equippment could be secured from the Soo to operate the road at a reasonable rental and a railroad in which all of the people could be interested would be quite sure to pay. Mr. Hunt, of Rosevelt, one of the substantial farmers living up north of here, is the main mover in this new enterprise, and we believe that other farmers are equally interested. It would be a big thing for Thief River Falls and the farmers living north of here if this road could be built.

New Ditch Law Void.

The ditch law passed by the last legislature was laid away on the shelf last week in an opinion handed down by the supreme court, in which Justice E. A. Jaggard declares chapter 191 of the Laws of 1907, the new ditch law, to be unconstitutional and void.

The new law gave the owner of wet lands the right to drain them across a neighbor's land. If the man whose land was affected by the drain offered an objection it was up to the town supervisors to appraise the damage.

William Pautzke of Rockford attempted to dig a ditch across the land of Charles Schubert, who entered a protest, on the ground that the new law permitted the taking of private property for private purposes.

Citizen Paper Hard to Get.

That it is no easy matter to secure citizenship papers under the new naturalization law was shown at a hearing conducted by Judge W. A. Cant, in the district court last week. Out of nine applicants that appeared before the court to get their second papers, three were admitted to citizenship, one was denied and five were held up by United States District Attorney Sweet, who represents the government at all hearings in the Northwest for citizenship papers.

Of the two Duluth men whose applications were held up, one did not fulfill the requirements as to his age, and the other was turned down absolutely for reasons known to the government official.

Railroad Commissioners Here.

Ira B. Mills, William E. Young and C. F. Staples, members of the Minnesota state railroad and warehouse commission were in Thief River Falls last Saturday, coming up from Crookston on a toure of inspection, and went to examine the Great Northerns' bridge across the river at this point, as the city council has made application for the use of this bridge while the new bridge is being built this winter.

The Hotel Scotland has been reopened to the public under the management of H. H. Finrow who will run it as a strictly first class hostelry. Erick Iverson, owner of the property, says he is well pleased that the present management has taken the premises and thinks that Mr. Finrow will do an excellent business as he will keep the service up a high standard at rates of $1.00 and $2.00 per day, the rate being charged according to the wants of the hotel patrons.—Plummer Pioneer.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 10.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, *Mr. Baldwin started* a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.

T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

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You Want Your Clothes to Fit===of course; mabey you spend extra money, and time, having your measure taken, etc-in order to get a good fit.

We can fit you perfectly here in Hart, Schaffner & Mark clothes; and if you think the clothes don't fit, don't take them, you can judge for yourself about it.

These Clothes are made to wear not simply to sell; They hang right, and look right; you're sure of all wool when you see that label.

Gordon Furs. Crossett Shoes. Staley Underwear.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

...... THE HOME OF ......

H. S. & M. Suits. H. S. & M. Overcoats.

WINKJER'S SUCCESSOR.

George Austin of St. Hilaire Wants to See Best Man Get the Job.

Crookston Times: George Austin, buttermaker at St. Hilaire, writes to the 25,000 Club to the effect that dairymen throughout the Red River Valley wish the appointment of a successor to Inspector Joel Winkjer be postponed until after the second Monday in January, at which date the regular examination will be held in St. Paul which decides eligibility to such a position. There are several men in the valley who are entirely competent to fill the position, and it is desired that these men be given an opportunity to take this examination so as to be in the line up when the appointment is made. Mr. Austin requests that the Club and the Crookston papers use influence to effect the postponement of the appointment as desired. It is true that the claims of northern Minnesota to such appointments as this one have been overlooked in the past, and there is every reason why Mr. Winkjer's successor should be selected from this section. Mr. Austin's point is well taken. The dairymen took this stand in the resolutions adopted at their recent convention here.

DAIRYING IN LAMBERT.

A Red Lake County Township That Is Getting Very Prosperous.

Fosston Thirteen Towns: George Charest, of Lambert, passed through Fosston on Tuesday's local freight bound for Big Falls with a quantity of dressed meat, it being his intention to use this first shipment to open a meat market with in that promising new town in the timber country.

Mr. Charest has been a progressive and successful farmer in Lambert for a number of years and is an enthusiastic believer in the advantages of dairying in northern Minnesota. He talked enthusiastically of the success of the Lambert cheese factory, of which he is the treasurer. For the month of October and the first fifteen days of November he paid out to the patrons of the factory a few days ago over $1,500, making the total amount paid out this season for milk used in the factory about $12,000.

14 cents a pound was realized from the sale of the last shipment of cheese from the Lambert factory, the highest price on record upon its books, and the patrons received $1.42 per 100 pounds for their milk, likewise the record price paid out.

Mr. Charest fully appreciates the great benefit the factory and the different creameries have been to this section of the country, especially for reason of the land being to a large extent flat and low in that locality and not adapted to grain raising.

He has no notion of disposing of his farm and only undertakes his new venture in butcher business as something of an experiment and as what might be called a "side line," realizing the superior stability of the dairy farm as a dependence.

ALFALFA IN NORTHWEST

This Plant Is Especially Adapted to this Section

Secretary Wilson Says Farmers Should Investigate the Plant.

One of the things which Secretary of Agriculture Wilson discussed in his annual report, is the efforts which are being made to introduce the yellow-flowered Siberian alfalfa in this country. The secretary states that it is especially adapted to the Dakotas and Minnesota. Along with the efforts to introduce this plant is another one to secure loten clover from Norway.

These two plants, should the efforts to introduce them prove successful, will assist in solving the diversified farming question in the northwest. One of the reasons why farmers will not turn from the constant growing of wheat and flax is that no other crop of equal money producing value has been found, and the man on a small farm cannot launch very extensively into stock raising.

Until something as good in the way of money making is available, the farmers will go on as they have in the past, except that the increased population and the consequent decreasing of the size of the farms, will drive them into more intensified methods. But if we can find a forage plant that will yield as abundantly as alfalfa does in other states, live stock can be profitably raised on smaller farms than is now possible and this industry will supercede the raising of one or two grains as is now the case. It may not be possible to convert the alfalfa crop into cash except through the medium of live stock, but a few acres—should it be as productive as it has proven elsewhere—will enable the grower to keep and mature more marketable stock than he can now do on many acres.

It would be well for the farmers of the state to investigate for themselves the value of the two plants which have a direct application to our agricultural condition and if they should prove as valuable as the experts of the department of agriculture expect, they will largely solve one of the questions which is confronting the present generation in this state and must in all probability be solved by the next.

—Wanted—Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

SOCIALIST'S COLUMN.

(Published Under the Auspices of the Local Organization.)

A SHIFTING CLASS.

Importance of the Small Trader and Shopkeeper in Germany.

The small trading and shopkeeping class is exceedingly numerous in Germany in consequence of the stinted development which the large capitalists and manufacturers as a class have had in that country. In the larger towns it forms almost the majority of the inhabitants; in the smaller ones it entirely predominates from the absence of wealthier competitors or influence. This class, a most important one in every modern body politic and in all modern revolutions, is still more important in Germany, where during the recent struggles it generally played the decisive part.

Its intermediate position between the class of larger capitalists, traders and manufacturers—the bourgeois, properly so called—and the proletarian or industrial class, determines its character. Aspiring to the position of the first, the least adverse turn of fortune hurls the individuals of this class down into the ranks of the second.

Thus eternally tossed about between the hope of entering the ranks of the wealthier class and the fear of being reduced to the level of proletarians or even paupers, between the hope of promoting their interests by conquering a share in the direction of public affairs and the dread of rousing by ill timed opposition the ire of a government which disposes of their very existence because it has the power of removing their best customers, possessed of small means the insecurity of the possession of which is in the inverse ratio of the amount, this class is extremely vacillating in its views. Humbly and crouchingly submissive under a powerful feudal or monarchical government, it turns to the side of liberalism when the middle class is in the ascendant. It becomes seized with violent democratic fits as soon as the middle class has secured its own supremacy, but falls back into the abject despondency of fear as soon as the class below itself, the proletarians, attempts an independent movement.—Karl Marx in "Revolution and Counter Revolution," 1848.

Private Ownership.

Private ownership of the means of production and distribution is responsible for the ever increasing uncertainty of livelihood and the poverty and misery of the working class, and it divides society into two hostile classes—the capitalists and wageworkers. The once powerful middle class is rapidly disappearing in the mill of competition. The struggle is now between the capitalist class and the working class. The possession of the means of livelihood gives to the capitalists the control of the government, the press, the pulpit and the schools and enables them to reduce the workingmen to a state of intellectual, physical and social inferiority, political subservience and virtual slavery.

The economic interests of the capitalist class dominate our entire social system; the lives of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profit, wars are fomented between nations, indiscriminate slaughter is encouraged and the destruction of whole races is sanctioned in order that the capitalists may extend their commercial dominion abroad and enhance their supremacy at home.

But the same economic causes which developed capitalism are leading to Socialism, which will abolish both the capitalist class and the class of wage workers and make all mankind into a brotherhood.

Jerome K. Jerome a Socialist.

Excerpt from an interview with the great English humorist in the New York Times:

"I don't call my lectures Socialism because people don't like the word, you know, but I manage to introduce the doctrine without their knowing what it is, and they always agree with me," he explained. That was the satisfying thing about it all—they always agreed with him. If they didn't, would he go on lecturing?

We Want to Live.

The great practical claim of Socialism is essentially a religious claim. It is that we shall have a beautiful world to live in. We have already the beautiful external world of nature, but our social order and organization deprive us of opportunity to so live in it that we may make its beauty our own.

SOCIALIST SHOTS.

Socialism is not a theory, but a logical sequence. It is not a guess but a further development of a well tested principle.

If half the capitalist papers report of crime, poverty and oppression under capitalism is true the system is already damned out of its own mouth.

The only kind of religion that Socialism opposes is the political kind that apologizes for the evils of capitalism and goes out of its way to antagonize and misrepresent Socialism.

There is absolutely no regulation and punishment of the trusts proposed that does not have as its primary object the perpetuation of the system that gives the [illegible] and creates a class of [illegible].

Our forefathers rebelled against paying tribute to the king of England, yet we are paying tribute of profits to the king of England and the emperor of Russia, both of whom have financial

HEAVEN ON EARTH.

What the Solution of the Economic Problem Means to Mankind.

Socialism is intensely interesting to the Christian. Today as never before the idea of the realization of the kingdom of heaven here and now dominates men's minds, and as never before the world is prepared for it. The onward, resistless sweep of democracy means nothing less than this. The principles of the Declaration of Independence have for a hundred years been leavening the minds of the Anglo-Saxon world. For the first time in history the foundation for such a state today exists. Till recently slavery in some form either for the race or for a large majority of it has been inevitable. Why? Because the labor necessary to supply the material needs of the people has been so great that emancipation was impossible. Today the machine stands ready to supplant the slave, the serf and the wage earner. Material comfort, comparative leisure and opportunity for growth are possible to all in a country like ours. Economic pressure is forcing upon us the only practicable solution. Our power to produce is today vastly greater than our power to sell. The wants of the rich are easily supplied; the limits of the purses of the poor are soon reached. Then there remains over the mighty "surplus" that breeds panics and compels the discharge of thousands of toilers. With progress in invention and industrial concentration this pressure may intensify till irresistible. The oppression of monopoly is daily becoming more odious. The new conscience is driving men on to seek a condition in which their neighbors may live like human beings. A new hope has arisen in human breasts. Men are coming to expect a reign of brotherhood. A new resolve is forming. Men mean to attain such a state.

Do economic adjustments alone mean the kingdom of heaven on earth? No. They are, however, essential conditions precedent. What but a mockery were a heaven, here or hereafter, in which men must ever expend their best energies in the struggle for the meat which perishes and to feed their own children must snatch from the children of their brothers! The economic problem must first be solved before widespread brotherhood can become possible, but with the means of life once secured to all the people the necessity of strife, military and industrial, will disappear and with it the strife itself. Leisure will come; opportunity to study, to think, to travel, to meet men, to broaden in thought, to forget prejudice and hatred—in a word, to become social beings. Then, for the first time in human history, will it become practicable to realize fully the ideal of Jesus—the kingdom of God on earth.—Professor Thomas E. Will.

Easy to See.

A recent letter from Japan informs us that what is termed the "too rapid civilization" of that country by the introduction of our methods of production and distribution has reduced great numbers of workingmen to "a condition in which wretchedness and misery, squalor, poverty and hunger, premature decay, bent and warped forms, pinched cheeks, sunken eyes and early death are the rule." This description would apply with truth to the working people of any of the great cities of Europe or America. With us, however, it is not so easy to put one's finger upon the immediate cause of such degeneration and degradation. As to the result in Japan, there can be no question. It follows too closely upon the cause, and the situation is not complicated by the introduction of other factors. Pointing to the present industrial system, under which we live and die, principally die, with this object lesson of Japan before us we can say unhesitatingly and unequivocally, "Thou art the man!"—Tyner.

Government Telephones.

The Strathcona (B. C.) Plaindealer states that Saskatchewan province will follow the lead of Manitoba in the establishment of a state telephone service. The Manitoba government is now extending this service to every portion of the province, having erected more than 500 miles of trunk line this summer, and is pushing the work very vigorously. Its effort is to extend the service to the smaller towns which have been totally neglected by the private companies. It is estimated that the rates charged will be about one half those levied by the Bell company.

Workers and Watchers.

Civilized man, so called, spends his time in watching his fellow man. How many men in eleven are really at work? One. Yes, in the greatest city of earth, London, it takes ten men to watch and keep that one man at work. In the country the proportion of workers and watchers is about equally divided.—Joaquin Miller.

A Beautiful System.

The present system is a beautiful system, is it not? Look at the scandals, divorce suits, murder mysteries and other "great" news items in the daily press, and you must be convinced.—Buffalo Herald.

Private ownership of the sources and means of existence has reduced one class to living merchandise and another to heartless hawkers of such merchandise. Social ownership will elevate both to the dignity of equal freedom and noble manhood.—Appeal to Rea-

Short Time Only

We are going to quit doing business on December 31. This leaves but a short time in which you will be able to get your

Clothes and Furishings at Less Than Cost.

The stock is getting low but if we have your size you are sure to get the benefit of a big bargain. Don't fail to come in if you need anything in wearing apparel. You will never again have such a chance to get good goods for so little money.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSON, Proprietors.

Watches

We carry the largest and best stock of watches of any house in the Northwest and here quote you prices that cannot be duplicated elswhere. We carry in stock such standard makes as the Hamilton, Elgin, Waltham, Trenton, New York Standards, Betsy Ross, etc. Also a fine line of standard railroad watches.

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15 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.00
17 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.25
17 jewels, 18 size Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price,	$8 50
7 jewels, 16 size Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5 50
15 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.25
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.50
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$13.00
7 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.00
15 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.40
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.50
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$14.85

Ladies Watches.

7 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$4.75
15 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.80
7 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.90
15 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$8.50
17 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price	$14.00

Slaughter prices on cut glass. We can save you money on anything you want in the holiday line.

City Drug and Jewelry Store.

F. J. STEBBINS, PROP.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.

For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY

Dept. 40 176 Lake Street, Chicago

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Ronbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE MONEY CRISIS IN SWEDEN

Interesting Account of the Flurry Given by Correspondent Hugo Vallentin.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Hugo Vallentin, the Minneapolis Journal's special correspondent in Stockholm gives the following interesting account of the recent money crisis in Sweden: "As foreshadowed in a previous letter, we have the crisis in Sweden. It was not to be avoided in any case because of over-speculation and warranted piling up of values, which has been the order of the day here for the last two years. No doubt Sweden has made great strides forward in many directions, and the development of her industries and the increase of her national fortune have been enormous on account of many lucky circumstances, but as usual in times of upswing, there are always a lot of unsound concerns, hangers on, which, without really contributing to the wealth of the nation, suck up a lot of money and swell until they burst. As long as money is plentiful and confidence universal, they go on and live, and sometimes they, in spite of their criminal unsoundness and in face of financial justice, live much longer than they deserve, but generally they burst as soon as they are picked, after having fulfilled their purpose of providing their founders with motor cars and a luxurious life generally and ruined a lot of less clever people who wanted to be rich in a short time. The American crisis has had its effects even here, and several radically unsound concerns, both here and in the provinces have tottered and fallen as soon as the banks which had supported them saw the necessity of withdrawing their support. Some time ago a certain leading stockbroking firm failed for a large amount, having extended its dealings inland too far to be able to extricate itself when the scarcity of money began to be felt. It cannot be said so far as I know, that this firm has done any gambling business, but without doubt it has gone beyond the limits of ordinary caution and has done business beyond the capital that its disposal warranted. It is possible that the difficulties of this firm might have been tided over under more fortunate circumstances, but the working of the money screw beginning in Wall street was already felt here. It is possible that the losses in this concern will not be great, but losses there will be."

The beautiful fairy play "Lucky Per," by the celebrated Swedish author, August Strindberg, will soon be brought before the American public, in English version, judging from a recent report from Stockholm. This charming play has been translated into English by Mrs. Swanston Howard, and is to be produced in one of the biggest New York theaters in the near future. Something like $80,000 is to be spent on the mounting and no trouble is to be spared to give the play a suitable setting. It is most certain that if Strindberg's play is well acted and mounted that it will make a tremendous hit in America."

The Swedish Nobel committee has awarded the Nobel prize for literature this year to Rudyard Kipling, the English novelist. The award of the Nobel prize for literature this year gains especial favor from the fact that it lay between Mark Twain and Rudyard Kipling. Naturally enough Americans are not a little disappointed, for they feel that their own Mark should have had it, and one American editorial writer goes so far as to say "There will be a little quarrel with the award on the ground that Kipling under all circumstances has not deserved it."

The Swedish Liberal Federation held its meeting in Stockholm recently. About 300 delegates were present, among them several ex-ministers and other prominent men of the party. After a rather heated debate in trying to establish a platform it was decided to bow to the inevitable and accept the so-called proportional system, but to try to secure woman suffrage as well. The elections will take place in 1908 and the federationists then expect to make marked gains.

The Swedish minister in Christiania, F. A. Gunther, has requested leave of absence for a few weeks. It is explained that the cause of his recent appearance in Stockholm is that the Norwegian foreign department refused to inform him of the signing of the neutrality treaty; he heard nothing about it except through the papers. He maintains that the Norwegian foreign department should have officially notified him about what took place.

In order to qualify as a member of the Swedish Sportsmen's society Prince Gustaf Adolf ran a distance of ten kilometers a week ago last Wednesday. The time limit set was fifty minutes. The prince ran the distance in 48 minutes and 3 seconds. It is reported that the prince will be one of Sweden's representatives at the Olympian games in London next year.

A recent [illegible] to the effect [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] will again visit America, this time for the purpose of studying the Swedish American women at close range. The real object of her visit has as yet, however, not been made known.

Next summer the German patent bureaus will hold their annual convention in Stockholm. Herr Bennich, chief of the German patent bureau, was in Stockholm a few days ago to make arrangements for the big meeting.

The Nobel prize for chemistry has been awarded Sir William Crookes, of London. Professor Michelsen, formerly a professor at the Chicago university, has been awarded the Nobel prize in physics.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

The Norwegian storthing has set on foot an experiment in legislation, designed to solve the tramp problem. While it is probable that Norway is less troubled by able-bodied tramps, beggars and other varieties of incompetents and dependents than most countries, since even the poorest of her many poor folk have the fine pride that makes for self-help, still the problem is there as it is everywhere. The new law is aimed at the able-bodied man who won't work—an abomination not to be tolerated among an industrious and thrifty people. Such a man is taken in hand by the police, who warn him of the danger of long imprisonment that threatens him, and who notify him where to apply for employment. This direct official action is designed to prevent him and his family from becoming a charge of the community. It involves providing him with work, but there is always plenty of work to be done in Norway—too much, one would think, for the scanty population, thinned out by emigration. A card is given to the enforced applicant for work, and if for any reason work is not immediately available, the date of his enforced return to the labor bureau is indorsed on it. If he refuses to apply for work, or to do the tasks assigned, or leaves them without reason, or is discharged for incompetency, he may be sent to the workhouse for eighteen months, or, if it is a second offense, for three years. In this institution he faces work, hunger or punishment. A roaming tramp is liable to similar imprisonment for from three to six years. He is forced to establish a fixed residence, the police aiding him when necessary, and some option is left to the authorities as to whether they will return him to his legal home or send him to the workhouse. A fund is provided from which homes for the very poor may be secured. There is thus no passing of tramp from one community to another as is the practice here. The workhouse or a fixed home and regular employment are the only alternatives for these nomads of civilization. The law seems drastic, but not too much so. At any rate, the Norwegian experiment will be watched with interest wherever the tramp is a problem pressing for solution.

The question of liquor prohibition has lately come into prominence in Norway. Secretary of Agriculture Aarestad, who is a temperance leader, having declared that immediate prohibition is the aim of the anti-liquor element. The strongest opponents of this policy are the merchants of Christiania, who point to the alleged failure of prohibition in many American states, and also to the lawbreaking here, which they claim is the result of limiting the "samlag system," whereby communities monopolize the sale of liquor. Many towns are voting upon the question of discontinuing the "samlag system," the result thus far being ten in favor of discontinuance and six against such action. In the towns where the samlag has been voted down no liquor whatever is sold. The "samlag system" in Norway is similar to the "Gothenburg system" in Sweden. By a law passed in 1871 the local boards in the towns were allowed to make over their control of the retail liquor trade to philanthropic bodies called samlags which instead of seeking to increase the sale of liquor, made it their aim to supervise and restrict the drinking of spirits, the profits being devoted to object of public utility.

Banker Ernest Thiel, of Stockholm, has subscribed 20,000 crowns to the Vigeland fountain. He has been placed on the gridiron by the Swedish papers for sending money across the border.

The dedication of the Melhaven monument, which should have taken place Dec. 7, has been postponed until next spring.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

That the temperance movement is gaining ground in Denmark is conceded on all sides. The temperance advocates are making the public schools their allies by securing temperance men as teachers. At present there are 950 temperance advocates in the teaching profession of Denmark, 480 of them being members of the national temperance organization. Of course these are not liquor teachers [illegible] good use of their opportunities and as a result an army of young crusaders of the schools is being recruited all over the country.

The removal of the ruins of Kra [illegible] a great many objects of interest, some of them being hundreds of years old. [illegible] Nov. [illegible] dinavia.

MARIONS NORELIUS.

FATAL ST. PAUL FIRE

One Woman Is Dead and Eight Others Narrowly Escape.

Mrs. Katherine Soop, employed in the kitchen at Carling's Robert street restaurant at St. Paul, was suffocated by smoke in a fire which partially destroyed the building, causing a loss of $30,000. Eight other women, kitchen help, who were in the building, were rescued by firemen and the police. When the flames were discovered the women did not stop to dress, merely putting on their skirts and cloaks. They tried to get down by the stairway, but found it blocked by the flames. Then they ran to the windows in front and called for help. One or two of them were preparing to jump, but a policeman called to them not to and shortly afterwards they were carried down on ladders.

It was not until the fire had been extinguished that Mrs. Soop's body was found. She had not been very badly burned and Coroner Miller, who took charge of the body, declared she had died of suffocation.

POLL OF MINNESOTA VOTERS

Republicans Want Roosevelt Nominated and Democrats Declare In Favor of Johnson.

ROOSEVELT IN THE LEAD.

Poll of Minnesota Republicans on Presidential Candidate.

Republicans of Minnesota are overwhelmingly for Theodore Roosevelt or William H. Taft for president, according to a poll taken by the Minneapolis Journal covering seventy-two counties of the state, recording the preferences of leading party men in each locality for president.

They want Roosevelt to run and about two-thirds of them are unwilling to take him at his word and permit him to retire. Of 741 Republicans voting 448 asked to be recorded for Roosevelt. The other 253 expressed nine different first choices, but 142 of them were for Taft, with Hughes and La Follette coming some distance behind.

The Democracy of the state is for Governor Johnson and the governor's admirers are not all willing to concede that Bryan must be nominated. The Democratic poll does not fully indicate Governor Johnson's strength. It is Johnson or Bryan with most of them, according to the way they look at the probabilities. In a number of cases it was reported that the Democrats would be for Johnson, but did not consider him a candidate, so they were recorded for Bryan, with some other man as second choice.

MRS. LLOYD INDICTED.

Alleged Woman Forger Refuses to Give Her Real Name.

Nine indictments have been returned against Mrs. Aimee Lloyd by the grand jury of Olmsted county, sitting at Rochester. Six of the charges were for forgery in the second degree and three times she is charged with obtaining money by means of bogus checks.

Mrs. Lloyd appeared before the judge with the same smile that characterized the young woman in her previous appearances before the city justice. Calm and determined she listened to the reading of each count.

Upon being asked her true name by the county attorney she refused to answer. Her attorney, Mr. Spillane, who was with her, answered that she would stand trial under the name as given in each indictment.

ROBBERS BLOW BANK SAFE

Gang Secures $3,700 in Cash at Rothsay, Minn.

The Bank of Rothsay, Otter Tail county, a private institution conducted by K. K. Peterson, W. J. Breen and E. J. Breen, was burglarized and $3,700 in cash was secured by the robbers, who took everything except the pennies.

Entrance was obtained through the office of Dr. S. E. Eklund, who occupies adjoining rooms. Once inside this office the burglars smashed a panel of an unused door and entered the bank. Nitroglycerin was used and both safe and vault were successfully blown.

BYSTANDER IS KILLED.

Cloquet Man Shoots at a Bartender and Hits the Wrong Man.

John Holm, aged twenty-five years, employed by the Cloquet Lumber company at Cloquet, is dead as a result of a bullet fired by John Clark. The deadly missile was intended for John Carlson, an employe of the saloon, with whom Clark had been on bitter terms for several days. Immediately after the shooting Clark escaped into Wisconsin, but was captured at Barron.

St. Paul Music Hall Burns.

Fire totally destroyed the Empire music hall at St. Paul entailing a loss of about $[illegible]. The building was owned by the Pabst Brewing company of Milwaukee. Fireman Walter A. [illegible] was injured by falling [illegible] not seriously, and half a dozen other firemen narrowly escaped death by being hurled to the railroad tracks [illegible] feet below when the outer wall of the burning building collapsed.

All goods guaranteed as represented

Xmas

No charge for engraving

will soon be here; think what you are going to buy this year for Xmas presents.

We have an elegant line of Goods to show, all goods are new, the finest pattern, latest styles, and the beauty of all, at the lowest possible prices, considering quality. Come in and give us the pleasure of showing you the finest line of Xmas goods as follows:

- Diamonds
- Watches
- Clocks of all kinds
- Cut Glass
- Sterling Silverware
- Sterling Silver Novelties
- Silver plated Hollowware
- Silver plated Flatware
- Umbrellas
- Thimbles
- Optical Goods etc.
- Chains of all kinds
- Solid Gold and Goldfilled
- Solid Gold Rings of all kinds
- Bracelets
- Hat, Handy, Cuff and Waist Pins
- Gold and Goldfilled Brooches
- Gold and Goldfilled Cuff Buttons
- Scarf Pins and Studs
- Collar Buttons
- Crosses, Lockets and Charms
- Emblem Jewelry etc,

We call your attention particularly to Watches at such Bargain as they are sold now they never will be sold again. Our aim is to supply all the Watches for this Xmas.

With a purchase amounting to One Dollar we will give away a Double Pocket Coin Purse made of Madras Imported leather with our compliments.

Hoping to see every reader of this paper at our store, at an early date, and extending to one and all the Compliments and Good Wishes of the season.

Yours to please.

Dr. A. J. Klimek

LEADING JEWELER,

Meehan Block. LaBree Avenue.

We Have Confidence We Accept Checks

Confident that the banks of the country at large and of this community especially are absolutely sound, we will accept in payment on accounts and for merchandise, Cashier's Checks, local pay roll Checks, Checks signed by responsible parties on banks in this vicinity, also savings bank books.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Minneapolis Journal has taken a poll of the state and finds that Roosevelt is almost the unaninous choice of the Republicans. There is no question as to this, and if Roosevelt could be induced to except a third term he would no doubt have the state delegation without a fight. There are a whole lot of Roosevelt boomers—such as Tom Shevlin—whom we do not believe are sincere and it be well not to place men of the Shevlin stamp upon the delegation.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

'Merry Milkmaids" Recently Presented at Bemidji Very Successfully.

Bemidji Pioneer: A full house greeted the opera of "The Merry Milkmaids," in the City Opera House last night.

The whole performance is entirely satisfactory,

Of the principal characters, the "Queen of the Milkmaids," taken by Miss Dora Hanson, was perhaps the most difficult role among the ladies' parts, the music being mostly written in a high key, in which she was several times compelled to take cadenzes and obligatos, and the dramatic quality of the voice rang out clearly above the chorus. Her acting was entirely in keeping with the part.

Miss Blanche Boyer as "Dorothy," the coquette, had, perhaps, the most to commit, both of words and music, of any of the ladies' parts, and her mezzo-soprano voice showed to good advantage in the duets with Mr. Fisk and Mr. Wilson, and especially in the trio with Miss Hanson and Mr. Wilson, which received an enthusiastic encore from the audience.

Mr. Fisk, as commodore, made a very good impression. He possesses a very good baritone voice,

Mr. G. E. Moyer, as the village judge, made a typical country justice. His acting throughout was entirely in keeping with the part.

Miss Mable Brown, as Monica the Indian fortune teller, looked as well as acted, the typical Indian. Her two solos were well rendered and her voice showed to good advantage in the quartette, "Joy Shall Be Thine."

Naturally, much was expected of Mr. Wilson, and his impersonations and voice met fully the expectations. The reading given between the acts was especially well received and merited the encore which was given.

C. A. Warren, we understand, took the part of the German doctor on short notice. He gave a realistic impersonation, both in voice and actions, of the typical Dutchman.

The bright, vivacious character of Ruth was well taken by Miss Ida Virginia Brown, the laughing song being especially well received.

Mrs. J. A. Youngren, as Margery, handled her part and voice in an excellent manner, one of the most beautiful numbers of the evening being the bell trio by Margery, the Queen and the Judge, which, with the chime of bells, seemed especially to please the audience.

Adulterated Milk was well represented by Sir Chalk, Sir Pump and the four Milk Cans, and received the enthusiastic appplaus of the audience.

Mr. Earl DeVelling made a very good military man, and seemed to catch the spirit of his character.

The lullabye, by Miss Grading, with a rocking accompaniment of the chorus, was one of the most pleasing numbers of the evening.

Of the chorus numbers, the opening chorus and pan drill by the milkmaids; the burlesque military drill of the farmer boys; the finale of the first act, the churning chorus of the second act; the ding-dong chorus, and the finale of the second act, in which the bride and the groom appear with the village judge and the flower girls were the best.

Seats on sale by the High School students for this Opera which will be given in Evenson's Opera House next Wednesday and Thursday nights Dec., 18th and 19th. Admission to all parts of the house 50c.

Mrs. J. H. Werstlein has for sale one cutter, one big sled one light bob sled, one single harness, one double harness, one ox harness and three cords of stone and a hard coal heating stove.

Practical.

"What," asked the dreamer, "would you do if you could be a king for a day?"

"Me," answered the practical man, "I'd borrow enough money to live on for the rest of my life."—London [illegible]

[illegible]

BIJOU THEATRE.

The following is the program for tonight, Friday and Saturday nights:

Hunting scenes have ever been a leading feature in animated pictures since their inception. This week we will present a most thrilling series "A Wild Boar Hunt." Mrs. Krouse will sing Williams and Van Alstynes' great hit "In the Land of the Buffalo."

"Runaway Motor Car."
"Wild Boar Hunt."
Illustrated Song.
"Baby's Peril."
"Quebec Scenic."
"Milkman"

The views of Quebec will be of interest to Canadians, as several views of this beautiful city and vicinity are shown.

GERMANTOWN.

At a stockholders meeting of the creamery association held on Nov. 29th. A deal was made with the salesman of the Creamery Package Manufacturing Co., of Minneapolis for the purchase of a new steam engine for the creamery. It is to be a 15 horsepower engine with 20 horsepower boiler. The new machinery will be instal'ad in the creamery next month so it will again be in running order at an early date in the spring. The old gasoline engine and small steam boiler used before was disposed of in the same deal.

Mrs. Christine Johnson is away on a visit with relatives and friends in the vicinity of Grafton, N. D.

Hans Skogstad of Silverton was up last week attending to business matters

Representatives of the Dr. Wards and Dr. Watkins remedy companies were around this and last week, offering medicines to all and selling to some.

Martin Sadstad made final proof on his homestead last week at Thief River Falls.

Co. Supt. of schools L. M. Mithun made his official call on the schools now in session in this vicinity Saturday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Payne leave this week, Mr. Payne for his timber claim in Roseau Co., and Mrs. Payne for New York State to visit relatives.

Indian summer hit us this time. The good weather continued all of last week what little snow there was on the ground is almost gone.

Miss Olga Gunderson now of Moorhead Minn. is visiting with former neighbors in Moylin township.

Nels Moe was up around Grygla and Liner last week taking orders for enlarged pictures.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov.30.

Bengland Joe
Bakken John
Brodin J. F.
Erickson Arthur
Halinz Mrs. E.
Havelsrud Halvor
Johnson A. E.
Kjelberg Miss Ida
Lee Oliver
Lundgren C.
Monson Lewis
Nilson Ragnil
Olson K.H.
Pederson Noble Miss.
Sand Hans
Sand Hans C.
Welden Ole

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

There is reason to believe that the entire question of emigration of Japanese to America has been satisfactorily settled. It is understood that Japan has outlined a plan by which it is agreed to limit emigration to students and commercial men having means of support and entirely to prevent Japanese laborers from going to America.

New York, which can usually be depended upon to provide something new and sensational, treated its millions of residents and tens of thousands of week end visitors to the novelty of a thoroughly "blue" Sunday, the first and probably the last in the history of the metropolis. Everything but the churches were closed

Chicago has been selected as the place and June 16 the time for the meeting of the Republican convention next year. This decision by the Republican national committee followed a long and hard fought contest between the advocates of Chicago and those of Kansas City

The Cunard liner Mauretania has established a new eastbound transatlantic record. Her time for the voyage from Sandy Hook, 4 days 22 hours and 29 minutes beats the best time of her sister ship, the Lusitania, by twenty one minutes.

Judge William H. Hunt in the federal court at Helena, Mont., has signed an injunction restraining the Great Northern railway from collecting the excess over the old rate on a new lumber rate which went into effect Nov. 1

Chairman James H. Ferriss of the Populist national committee has issued a call for a Populist national convention to be held in St. Louis April 2, 1908.

SUGGESTS IMPEACHMENT.

Attorney Questions Decisions of Minnesota Supreme Court.

In a letter sent to Chief Justice Start of the state supreme court, a copy of which has been forwarded to Governor Johnson, Attorney Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis questions certain decisions made by the highest tribunal in the state within the last six years and calls for an explanation of the decisions. In a letter to the governor, sent with a copy of that addressed to the chief justice, Mr. Hart says that he wants information as to whether the decisions in the specified cases were right and, if not right, if there is a just cause for impeachment. Mr. Hart says in his letter to Governor Johnson, dated Dec. 7:

"Enclosed I hand you a copy of a letter this day mailed to Hon. Charles M. Start, chief justice of the supreme court of the state. It explains itself. My object in preparing the paper is to present in an orderly manner the character of alleged grievances existing against the court and to advise the court thereof that proper inquiry may be made as to whether they are in fact grievances—that is, are the decisions referred to, or any of them, right?

"It is a serious matter and therefore an important one. I leave it to your good judgment as to what shall, at this time, be done in the premises. Political complications may suggest themselves, but it is not a question of politics.

"The attorney general's office or the judiciary committee of the house, or both, are your properly constituted legal advisers in this matter. You surely will not act hastily and as the merits of the charge rest entirely upon what the court itself has said and done it is not easy for you to act unjustly."

KELLOGG COLLAPSES.

Noted Attorney Taken Ill at a Banquet in New York.

In the midst of his speech at the annual dinner of the Minnesota society of New York in New York city Frank Kellogg of St. Paul, who is the prosecutor in the case of the United States against the Standard Oil company for a dissolution of the corporation, suddenly staggered, placed his hand to his forehead and sank to his chair in a faint. He was removed to an ante room, where later he was revived. It was at first feared that the illness was serious, but the physicians who attended him soon afterward announced that Mr. Kellogg had been overcome only temporarily by fatigue due to overwork, combined with an attack of indigestion. Mr. Kellogg himself, upon returning to consciousness, declared that he would be all right in a day or two.

TWO BOYS DROWNED.

Minnesota Farmer Recovers Bodies of His Sons.

Two young lives were lost at Lake Lily, near Elysian. The victims were sons of Frank Wesley, a farmer living on the bank of the lake, and their ages were eight and ten years, respectively.

The lads were skating just before dark and broke through the ice, going down in five feet of water. The father recovered the bodies with a pole after he was attracted to the lake by their screams.

JOHN GOODNOW IS DEAD.

Former Consul General at Shanghai Expires in Spain.

A cablegram has been received at Minneapolis by near relatives announcing the death at Malaga, Spain, of John Goodnow, former consul general at Shanghai, China. No details were given, the message containing only the bare announcement of the death.

Mr. Goodnow of late had been interesting himself in the causes of the Spanish boycott on American goods.

Boys Save Woman's Life.

Fighting desperately in the cold water of the Mississippi river a couple of Minneapolis schoolboys were able to rescue a young woman who was intent upon drowning herself. Ida Christionsen, twenty-one years of age, was pulled from the water where she had thrown herself in an effort at self-destruction by William Mortenson and Engols Homo, pupils of the Monroe school. The boys are about fifteen years of age.

Want Law Enforced In St. Paul.

Taking the broad ground that all laws on statute books should be enforced, the executive committee of the St. Paul Christian Endeavor union ordered the appointment of a committee to send a letter to Attorney General E. T. Young demanding the enforcement of the 11 o'clock saloon closing law, with the request that action be commenced against St. Paul officers for refusing to enforce that law.

Well Known In Minnesota.

Henry Keller of Sauk Center, former state senator, is dead at Omaha of Bright's disease. He was sixty-two years old and was president of the Keller Manufacturing company of Sauk Center and Joplin, Mo. Mr. Keller served ten years in the Minnesota senate, from 1887 to 1897, and was well known throughout the state. His wealth is estimated at [illegible]

Seven Persons Injured.

Seven persons were more or less severely injured in the [illegible] of an [illegible] gas generator in the home of [illegible] at Osseo. Mrs. [illegible] and her five children, with Joseph Chenhart, were all cut and bruised by the [illegible] of the [illegible] which wrecked the interior of the house.

Gems In Verse

A SONG TO LYDIA.

I KNEW that you were coming back!
Shall I tell you how?
Today a wild bird swung and sung
On a blossomed bough.
Far and high his greeting rose
'Gainst the sunrise flame,
And all the notes of all his song
Tangled in your name.

I knew that you were coming back!
Shall I tell you why?
Today a new rose broke in bloom
'Neath the noon blue sky.
Rare and red it beckoned me,
Bending as I came,
And all the sweet of all its bloom
Only breathed your name.

I knew that you were coming back!
This is how I knew:
Bird and rose and earth and air
Gave me news of you.
Green leaves merry in the wood,
Glad waves on the sea,
And all the winds of all the world
Sang your name to me!
—Theodosia Garrison.

THE MAIDEN'S CHOICE.

GENTEEL in personage,
Conduct and equipage;
Noble by heritage;
Generous and free;

BRAVE, not romantic;
Learn'd, not pedantic;
Frolic, not frantic—
This must he be.

HONOR maintaining,
Meanness disdaining,
Still entertaining,
Engaging and new;

NEAT, but not finical;
Sage, but not cynical;
Never tyrannical,
But ever true.
—Henry Carey.

A WOMAN'S WISH.

WOULD I were lying in a field of clover,
Of clover cool and soft, and soft and sweet,
With dusky clouds on deep skies hanging over,
And scented silence at my head and feet.

Just for one hour to slip the leash of worry
In eager haste from Thought's impatient neck
And watch it coursing, in its heedless hurry
Disdaining wisdom's call or duty's beck!

Ah, it were sweet where clover clumps are meeting
And daisies hiding, so to hide and rest;
No sound except my own heart's steady beating,
Rocking itself to sleep within my breast.

Just to lie there, filled with the deeper breathing
That comes of listening to a wild bird's song!
Our souls require at times this full unsheathing—
All swords will rust if scabbard-kept too long.

And I am tired—so tired of rigid duty,
So tired of all my tired hands find to do!
I yearn, I faint, for some of life's free beauty,
Its loose beads with no straight string running through.

Aye, laugh, if you will, at my crude speech,
But women sometimes die of such a greed—
Die for the small joys held beyond their reach
And the assurance they have all they need!
—Mary Ashley Townsend.

MY BOOKS.

THEY dwell in an odor of camphor,
They stand in a Sheraton shrine,
They are warranted "early editions,"
These worshipful tomes of mine.

IN their creamy "Oxford vellum,"
In their redolent "crushed levant,"
With their delicate watered linings,
They are jewels of price, I grant.

BLIND tooled and morocco jointed,
They have Zaehnsdorf's daintiest dress;
They are graceful, attenuate, polished,
But they gather the dust no less

FOR the row that I prize is yonder,
Away on the unglazed shelves,
The bulged and bruised octavos,
The dear and dumpy twelves—

MONTAIGNE with his sheepskin blistered,
And Howell the worse for wear,
And the worm drilled Jesuit's Horace,
And little old chopped Moliere,

AND the Burton I bought for a florin,
And the Rabelais foxed and flea'd—
For the rest I have never opened,
But these are the books I read.
—Austin Dobson.

THE IRISH PIPES.

I HEARD the piper playing,
The piper old and blind,
And knew its secret saying—
The voice of the summer wind.

I heard clear waters falling,
Lapping from stone to stone;
The wood dove crying and calling,
Ever alone, alone!

I heard the bells of the heather
Ring in the summer breeze,
Soft stir of fir and feather
And quiet hum of bees.

The piper drew me yearning
Into the dim gray lands
Where there is no returning,
Although I wring my hands.

There to the piper's crooning
I saw my dead again,
All in a happy nooning
Of golden sun and rain.

You piper kind and hoary,
Your pipes upon your knee,
If I should tell my story
The things you piped for me,

The folk would leave their selling,
And bid their buying go,
If I could but be telling
The things you let me know.
—Katharine Tynan.

DOUBT.

IN love, if love be love, if love be ours,
Faith and unfaith can ne'er be equal powers:
Unfaith in aught is want of faith in all.
It is the little rift within the lute
That by and by will make the music mute,
And ever widening slowly silence all.
—Alfred Tennyson.

CREED AND CROWN.

A CREED is a rod,
And a crown is of night,
But this thing is God:
To be man with thy might,
To grow straight in the strength of thy spirit,
And live out thy life as the light.
—Swinburne.

Half Past Kissing Time.

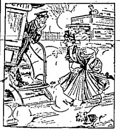

The Lady in a Hurry—Why didn't you stop at once, conducter, when you saw me waving my hand?

The Facetious Conductor—Lor', miss! Why, I thought you was a-throwin' kisses at me.—Sketch.

What He Didn't Know.

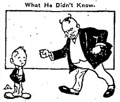

Irate Pa—Now, I'm going to punish you and don't try that innocent game on me. I know all the wicked things you've done today.

Willie—No, you don't. You don't know where I've hid the strap you lick me with.—Once a Week.

Two of a Kind.

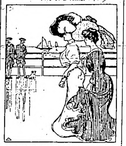

First Summer Girl—Who is that clean shaven, handsome boy?

Second Summer Girl—Oh, he's an actor!

First Summer Girl—No, I mean the other one.

Second Summer Girl—Oh, he hasn't any money either!—Punch.

Generally.

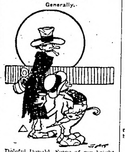

Doleful Donald—Some of my brightest thoughts come to me when I am asleep.

Thirsty Gus—Troubled with insomnia, ain't you?—New York Mail.

Absentminded.

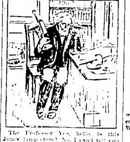

The Professor—Yes, hello, is this Jones' lamp store? No, I can't tell you the size of the shade, but here's the lamp.—Harper's Weekly.

A Cure For Obesity.

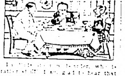

[illegible] I am glad to hear that one of my former boarders [illegible]

Stout Boarder—Yes, he spoke very highly of it. After telling him that I had tried all kinds of antifat without success, he advised a short stay here.—Tatler.

Partners.

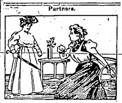

"Before I engage you I must tell you my husband is very particular and very cross."

"Don't fear. Between us we'll manage him."—Fliegende Blatter.

Couldn't Touch Him.

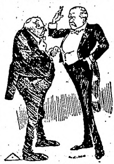

"I tell you, sir, you're a liar!"

"Sir! If I were a fighting man, I'd knock you down for that."

"I'll bet you $10 I can prove it."

"Sir, I—er—never bet."

Real Need For Hurry.

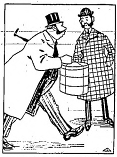

The Gentleman with the Bonnet Box—Don't stop me, old chap! Don't stop me! I've got a new hat for my wife in here, and if I'm not quick it'll be out of fashion before she's worn it!—Drawn by H. M. Bateman in Sketch.

Seeing the Sights.

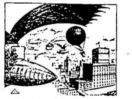

New Yorker (to visitor)—There is a relic of the past—an old Fifth avenue balloon.—Harper's Weekly.

Any Port In a Storm.

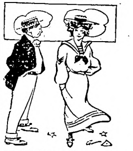

She—Just imagine! Supposing you were so immensely wealthy that you couldn't possibly spend your income. What would you do?

He—Marry you.—New York Mail.

A Tight Squeeze.

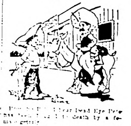

[illegible]—I hear Dead Eye Pete has [illegible] to death by a female grizzly.

[illegible]—Well, that's just like Pete. He never could stand being hugged by a female.—Chips.

Christmas Presents.

One dozen photographs taken at **BORRY'S** gallery will make twelve beautiful Christmas presents that will be appreciated, welcome and cheap.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91
Oats	38c
Flax	96c
Barley	60
Eggs	25c
Butter	32c
Potatoes	50c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 7.—Wheat—Dec., $1.04¼; May, $1.08¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.07⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.03⅛; No. 3 Northern, $1.00@1.02.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$4.50@4.70. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.35; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.65.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 7.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.06; No. 1 Northern, $1.04½; No. 2 Northern, $1.02; Dec., $1.03; May, $1.09½. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.03; No. 2 Northern, $1.00½. Flax—To arrive, on track and Dec., $1.10½; May, $1.17.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 7. — Wheat—Dec., 94¼@94⅜c; May, $1.01⅝@1.01¾. Corn—Dec., 54⅝@54½c; May, 55⅝@55¾c. Oats—Dec., 50⅛@50¼c; May, old, 53¼c; May, 51⅝c. Pork—Jan., $12.50; May, $12.90. Butter—Creameries, 20@27½c; dairies, 17@25c. Eggs—20@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 8@12c; chickens, 9½@10c; springs, 8c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.25@6.40; cows and heifers, $1.15@4.70; Texans, $3.00@3.90; calves, $5.00@7.00; Western cattle, $3.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.20@4.25. Higs—Light, $4.50@5.00; mixed, $4.60@5.10; heavy, $4.55@5.05; rough, $4.55@4.75; pigs, $3.90@4.85. Sheep, $2.00@5.00; yearlings, $4.60@5.25; lambs, $4.00@6.35.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

L. G. Browning was down to Crookston last week.

Deputy Sheriff Lee was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Frank Lawrence was up from Fergus Falls to spend Sunday.

Frank McGinty left Monday on a business trip to Minot N. D.

Frank Zavoral was in the city from Erie the first of the week.

Supt. and Mrs. J. H. Hay were down to Crookston last evening.

Services in Oddfellows Hall next Sunday morning at 10.30 a. m.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence, Evenson block. Phone 244.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson visited with friends in Red Lake Falls last week.

A. L. Kjoss, of Reiner, was in the city Monday and made this office a call.

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

F. C. Nicial was up north on the Greenbush line Monday selling his cigars.

For Sale—One water spaniel pup two months old. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

The confirmation class meets in Oddfellow's Hall Saturday Dec. 21st at 2:30 p. m.

Daniel Patterson and Dr. Cummings, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Monday evening.

The board of county commissioners meet at Red Lake Falls Saturday of this week.

Caspar Falk was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to some business matters.

Mr. F.C. Nicial as Sir Chalkin "Merry Milkmaids" next Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

Severn S. Nelson, of Anton, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

For Rent—One four room house, one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

H.P. Spexheim left Monday on a business trip to points in the central part of the state.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday at the Kretschmar home.

Read the press comments on "The Merry Milkmaids" given by Mr. Wilson recently at Bemidji.

H. Fant was over to Devils Lake the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Ed Erickson, of Crookston, were in the city last week to attend the Carlson-Johnson wedding.

The Antlers Club gave a social session last evening which was greatly enjoyed by a large number of people.

See the "Pan Drill" by the "Milkmaids" at Evenson Opera Houre next Wednesday and Thursday nights.

Ed O'Hara had the misfortune to lose a finger last week, it being badly smashed by a cake of ice falling upon it.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week calling upon all old friends here.

Lost—A gold watch charm, with the letters C.B. and B. of L. engraved upon it. Finder please leave at NEWS office.

Miss Irene Caldwell, who is teaching school near Red Lake Fall, was in the city last Saturday visiting with friends.

Cut glass dishes make handsome Christmas presents. Dr. A. J. Klimek has a large stock and prices are reasonable.

James K. Wood was up to Middle River the first of the week doing some surveying for the farmers near that village.

With a purchase of $1.00 or more at Dr. A. J. Klimek's jewelery store, you are presented with a handsome pocket-book.

White shirts at 25c. Children's underwear at from 10c to 30c a piece at the closing out sale at Abrahams', east end of bridge.

K. R. Killand and Andrew Simenson, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Tuesday transacting business and made this office a call.

Mr. B. Dan Bjorkman as "Captain" of the "Farmers Brigade" in "Merry Milkmaids" next Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Mrs. Lulu D. Halvorson as "Queen of the Milkmaids" at Evenson's Opera house Wednesday and Thursday evening Dec. 18th and 19th.

We can save you money on watches, clocks, jewelry and cut glass. Our prices are the lowest and stock the largest. F. J. Stebbins.

Joseph Duchamp left Monday for the Red Lake Indian Agency with three teams of horses and he expects to sell them to the Indians up there.

Mr. W. B. Krouse as the "German Doctor" and the "Sheeny Peddler" at Evenson's Opera house Wednesday and Thursday evenings Dec. 18th and 19th.

Mrs. I. A. Anderson as "Monica" the indian fortune teller in "The Merry Milkmaids" at Evenson's Opera House next Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

Secure your ticket of the High School scholars for the "Merry Milkmaids." Admission 50c to all parts of the house for either Wednesday or Thursday nights.

Call at Dr. A. J. Klimek's jewelery store and look over his stock before making your Christmas purchases. He has the best and largest stock and prices are always right.

10,000 yds. of laces, braids, etc worth from 10c to $1 a yard, will be sold at from 1 cent to 10 cents per yard at the closing out sale at Abraham's store, east end of bridge.

Lost—On the streets of Thief River Falls, Friday afternoon, Dec. 6, a pocket-book containing $30 in bills. Finder please return to Casper Iverson, Brunkeberg, Minn., and receive reward.

There will be a basket social in school district 25, town of Norden (Christensen school house) on Saturday evening, Dec. 14. The proceeds are to be used to purchase a book case and reference books for the school. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend, and a good time guaranteed.

If you want to buy a present for your best girl and get one that will please her call at Dr. A. J. Klimek's jewelry store. Read his advertisement in this issue and see what he has to offer for sale.

—Farm For Rent. Sec. 2, Town of Rocksbury, 320 acres with buildings. Also I desire to sell my horses, cows, three milking calves and steers at [illegible] Will sell cheap. E. G. H[illegible]

Do your Christmas shopping early and do not fail to call at the jewelry store of Dr. A. J. Klimek. He has the largest assortment of cut glass goods, umbrellas, rings, and watches and silver novelities to be found in the city.

Michael Kjos, a farm hand employed by P. Engelstad of Rokksbury, has caught three female wolves during the past four weeks in traps he had set. As the bounty on these wolves is $7.50 each, he is making a nice amount of money on the side.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Dec. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

All who are owing bills to the firm of Kenison & Amundson are requested to call and settle the same during the present month. On the first of January the store is to be closed and all accounts not paid will be placed in the hands of an attorney.

The Greenbush Journal wants wood and wants it bad. Editor Sanders says that farmers who want to pay their subscription in wood must bring the same in before December 18, for after that date wood will be accepted and only cash will go. It is evident that they are expecting an early spring up at Greenbush.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald and children arrived in the city last Saturday from Breckenridge and will spend several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bailey. Dr. Archidald has decided to remove from Breckenridge and will leave in a few days Pacific coast country where he will look up a new location.

Conrad Olson, the mail carrier on the route from Erie to Thief River Falls, had a serious run away near Erie on Friday last, in which he was thrown out of the buggy and badly hurt in the side and back. Mr. Sunsdahl of Erie drove him and the mail to Theif River Falls Saturday and will drive for him until he recovers from his injurys.—Sunbeam.

The Ladies of St. Bernards church are out getting subscribers for the Minneapolis Journal this week. By securing 120 yearly subscribers, the Journal will give a high class concert in this city sometime during the month of January and the proceeds from the sale of tickets will be given to the Catholic church.

There is blood on the moon at Breckenridge. The citizens are engaged in an internecine war with the Northwestern Telephone Co. because the company has raised the rates on telephones, and the end is not yet. The business men have ordered their 'phones taken out and threaten to build another telephone line Stock has been subscribed to the amoun of $10,000 to finance the home company.

A farmer at Marshfield, Wis., was standing behind a stack of grain with his feet protruding, whereupon a neighbor mistook them for two rabbits and discharged his shotgun at them. This matter of a man's vision during hunting season is absolutely not understandable. It isn't necessary even to have a rabbit's foot to be shot at, and if one has a hare lip he better stay indoors until the season is closed.

According to the annal report of Secretary Wilson the farmer is about the whole thing—when it comes to supplying the wants of the people—and in no wise can the present financial squeeze be attributed to the horny-handed son of toil. It is just the opposite—the farmer, with well filled granaries, is the sufferer. The American farmer this year raised $7,112,000,000 worth of farm produce—which is said to be a great deal more than the actual value of all the railroads in the country.

Former residents of this city who recently went west to work in the saw mills and lumber camps of the Pacific coast country are writing to old acquaintances here that they expect to return soon. Owing to the raise in the freight rate on lumber from the west, most of mills upon the Pacific coast are closed down and there is not much prospects that they will start operations again for a good many months. A job is a hard thing to get out west just at the present time.

The People State Bank is giving away two handsome souveniers that should be in every home. One is an almanac that should be especially valuable to farmers. It gives information on how to foretell the weather, standards of weights and measures, contents of fields and lots, every day business law, interesting statistics and thousands of other things too numerous to mention. The other souvenier is a three minute glass. These will be given free to adults, but not to children. Call early as the supply may be exhausted soon.

As required by law, the state banks of this city are this week publishing statements of their condition. These statements are decidedly flattering to the strength of the local banks and show that they are in every way solvent and prepared to meet all of their obligations. The loans have been decreased, but this is the natural result at this time of the year. The cash on hand far exceeds the amount usually carried, in fact the local banks are carrying more cash on hand than they care to, and were it not for the conditions elsewhere would be shipping it [illegible].

Fred Richards was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Honey for sale at 20 and 25 cts. per pound at O. Tessums.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Westin last Friday.

Miss Hazel Toye returned to this city Tuesday from Crookston.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Geske, of Rocksbury, Tuesday.

D. Webb, who has a claim out east of here, came up from Dawson Tuesday.

C. J. and D. N. Winton returned to this city Tuesday from their trip to Kalispell, Mont.

Wanted—A neat, competent girl for second work and nurse girl, at once. Mrs. D. N. Winton.

The Antlers Club will entertain tomorrow evening. Cards and dancing will be the amusement.

Mrs. O. F. Melby as "Jannita" in "The Merry Milkmaids" at Evenson's Opera house Dec. 18th and 19th.

Mr. A. C. Hilden as the "Tramp Commodore" in "The Merry Milkmaids" at Evenson's Opera house Dec. 18th and 19th.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson left last Saturday evening for Minneapolis, where she goes to again enter a hospital for another operation.

Dr. P. L. Vistaunet as "Farmer Joe" in The Merry Milkmaids" next Wednesday and Thursday evenings at Evenson's Opera House.

Hear the Comic duet "Oh Pretty Maid Where Are You Going" by the "Commodore" and "Dorothy" in Merry Milkmaids.

The anuual meeting of the congregation will be held in Oddfellow's Hall Saturday Dec. 21st at 10 a. m. All voting members are requested to be present.

Mr. G. Halvorson as "The Village Judge" in "The Merry Milkmaids" Evenson's Opera house Wednesday and Thursday evening Dec. 18th and 19th.

Hear the beautiful "Bell Trio" with chime of church bells by "Margery" the "Village Judge" and the Queen" at Evenson's Opera next Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

Farmers out on the Wheat line are not disposing of much wheat these days and as a result railroad work is quite dull. Last year at this time a large number of extra train crews were employed and here was a big shortage of cars, while the opposite is now true.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran church will hold an auction sale and serve supper in school district No. 31, town of Smiley, on Saturday, December 21. Great preparations are being made for the event and it promises to be a successful one in every way. All are cordially invited to attend.

Joseph Wickum, a settler living up near Highlanding, was sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls Tuesday. Wickum has been up before Judge Tarrant several times in the past, and his insanity is caused by drinking liquor. Sheriff Nelson and James Farr took the unfortunate man to the asylum.

Speaking of Indians on the Indian reservation Indian Agent Frater has the following to say of the Chippewas to a Bemidji Pioneer reporter: "The Indians are going into the winter in better shape, I should say than a year ago. They have had good berry and rice crops and some of them have earned sums of money working. Liquor is the only draw back with the Indians. I get along with them very nicely. It would seem that the Indias are losing ground as to population. They are decreasing gradually instead of increasing. There have been more deaths than births the past year."

Beaver and otter have been taken from the list of prohibited fur bearing animals in Minnesota, and may now be trapped or shot at any time. Whether this was an error of the law makers, or not, is not known, but it is nevertheless true. In amending the law of 1905, to lengthen the closed season for certain fur bearing animals, the mention of otter and beaver was wholly omitted, the amended law applying only to muskrat and mink. Trappers will probably take advantage of this omission during the winter and ply their trade in the northern part of state, where beaver and otter are reported unusually plentiful.

Attorney G. Halvorson secured an order from Judge Watts last week compelling Register of Deeds Quist to return fees he had collected for recording mechanics' leins. The law requires a tax of 50 cents per hundred dollars for recording mortagages which is paid to the county, and Register of Deeds Quist and County Attorney Germo held that a mechanics lein was the same as mortgage. Judge Watts, however, holds otherwise and in the future this tax will not be demanded and all sums so collected in the past will be returned to persons who paid the same. So far as is known this is the first decision made under the law which recently went into effect taxing mortgages.

Sam Torgerson yesterday caused a warrant to be sworn out against one Simonson, a hack driver, charging him with assault and battery. Simonson claims that Torgerson owed him $2, and refused to settle. Torgerson says that he don't. Anyway that is what caused the fight and Sam has a [illegible] on him now almost as big as one of the cakes of ice he used to cut out of the Red Lake river.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

FREE

TO BUYERS AT OUR STORE.

ONE PARLOR LAMP
ONE JARDINER
ONE BERRY DISH

Come in and we will explain how you can get one or more of these premiums.

Our sale on winter goods previously advertised still continues.

J. H. JACOBSON,
NORTH MAIN AVENUE

C. A. Nason was down to Crookston last evening.

Andrew Stenseth was up north on the Greenbush line last Friday looking after some real estate deals.

Charles Alexandre left yesterday for the Red Lake country to scale logs for the lumber company during the remaining part of the winter.

Comunion services in the Norwegian Lutheran Church next Sunday 10:30 A. M.

I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Milton Forder returned last Saturday from his trip to Virginia, Minn. and left again Tuesday for Rollis to look after his farming interests up there.

Services in the church east of Soo Depot by O. J. Nerlund, Sunday evening at 7:30. Subject: The object of Pauls letter to the Galatians and its lessons.

The Sterioptican views on the Life of Christ will be continued next Wednesday evening at 7:30 in the church east of the Soo Depot. Seats free. A welcome to all.

Good and reliable jewelry at reasonable prices. That is what you want. That is what makes an acceptable Christmas gift. Call and see Dr. A. J. Klimek's stock before buying elsewhere.

Wolves are reported as being very numerous in the country northeast of here and farmers up that way think that hunters like the Mighty Ole Peterson could make good money up in that section killing wolves for the bounty.

For Sale—All my household goods, including one rolled top Maicey desk, will be sold at at private sale will continue up until Saturday evening of this week.

C. F. Conrad.

Miss Violet—you would never think she was a flower—was arrested in Crookston and brought to this city yesterday. She is charged with robbing a resident of this city of $50, in one of the resorts across the track. She claims she did not get the money—that another woman known as "Whiskey Maud" stole the money.

—Wanted—Local representative for Thief River Falls and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Station O, New York.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Dec. 3, 1907

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$101,257 90
Overdrafts		1,094 81
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		[illegible]
Other real estate		2,556 56
Due from banks	33,310	
Checks and Cash Items	360 38	
Cash on Hand, items below	29,562 51	
Currency	25,081	
Gold	2,165	
Silver	2,073 25	
Other	258 26	
Total Cash Assets	63,252 87	63,252 87
Total		169,932 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		3,561 92
Deposits subject to check	66,875 56	
Demand certificates	5,083 19	
Cashier's Checks	870	
Due to Banks	8,388 10	
Total immediate liabilities	81,217 64	
Time certificates	73,152 58	
Total deposits	154,370 22	154,370 22
Total		169,932 14

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, H. G Dobner, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of Dec. 1907. O. E. Thoreson, [SEAL.] Notary Public, My commission expires May 11th, 1914.

ATTEST: (Two) P. W. MABEY,
DIRECTORS. CHAS A. ROBBECKE,

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Dec. 3, 1907

Date of Call by Supt., Dec. 3, 1907.
Date of Report by Bank, Dec. 7, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$60,975 95
Overdrafts		823 33
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,209 78
Due from banks	2,583 40	
Checks and Cash Items	[illegible]	
Cash on Hand, items below	7,834 71	
Currency	6,953	
Gold	[illegible]	
Silver	443 65	
Other	37 36	
Total Cash Assets	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		[illegible]
Undivided Profits		[illegible]
Bills Payable		[illegible]
Deposits subject to check	[illegible]	
Cashier's Checks	1,330 80	
Total Immediate Liabilities	[illegible]	
Time Certificates	[illegible]	
Total deposits	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. I, T. P. Hamre, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. T. P. Hamre, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of December 1907. [illegible] Notary Public. [SEAL.]

My commission expires June [illegible] 1914.

Attest (Two) A. M. Langseth,
Directors Lars Backe

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Cut this ad out and bring it to the store of P. G. Hanson, in the Dobner-Meehan block, and you will receive 15 cents worth in trade for 10 cents.

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA

THE DRAYMAN.

Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

TORRISON BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

C. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.

We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

In a letter addressed to Chief Justice Charles M. Start of the state supreme court, a copy of which has been forwarded to Governor Johnson, Attorney Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis questions certain decisions made by the highest tribunal in the state within the last six years and calls for an explanation of the decisions. In a letter to the governor, sent with the copy of that addressed to the chief justice, Mr. Hart says that he wants information as to whether the decisions in the specified cases were right and, if not right, if there is a just cause of impeachment.

Superintendent S. L. Heeter of the St. Paul schools has presented to the board of school inspectors a report on the habits of young boys in the public schools. From an examination conducted by the teachers and principals of various schools and on confession of 2,000 boys he shows facts in relation to the percentage of boys who smoke and the standing of these boys in the schools which surprised the members of the board. He stated that boys who smoke do the poorest work in the schools and that the same boys are hardest to manage.

The ditch law passed by the last legislature was laid away on the shelf in an opinion handed down by the supreme court, in which Justice Jaggard declares chapter 191 of the laws of 1907, the new ditch law, to be unconstitutional and void. The new law gave the owner of wet lands the right to drain them across a neighbor's land. If the man whose land was affected offered an objection it was up to the town supervisors to appraise the damage.

Oscar Palmer Anderson has secured a marriage license in Minneapolis to marry Martha Adams, whom he married once eight years ago when she was twelve and he was sixteen. Irate parents of the couple at that time secured an annulment of the marriage from the courts and the children waited until they grew up and will now be married again.

J. E. C. Robinson was fined $100 at St. Cloud for malfeasance in office. This is the case of the appeal of the state against Robinson, who, it was charged, did not enforce the Sunday closing laws while holding the office of mayor, which office he resigned a year ago to accept the office of senator.

Minnesota lost money by playing football at Madison this year, the Gopher share of the gate receipts of the Wisconsin game being only $1,800. The share was much smaller than at first estimated and will not cover the entire expenses of sending the team and the band to the game.

The village council of Madelia has placed thirty-three habitual drunkards on the blacklist and has instructed the marshal to see that none of them secures a drop of liquor in the saloons.

Using a stove poker as her only weapon a Bloomington schoolteacher drove a big Newfoundland dog that was mad out of her schoolroom, where it was menacing the lives of her pupils.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Clayton, the eleven-year-old son of Alderman George Miner of St. Cloud, and Leander Bjorklund, twelve-year-old son of a St. Cloud pastor, are in the hospital as a result of touching a match to a leak in an abandoned naphtha tank at the gas plant in that city.

As the result of eating from a box of candy sent to one of the members of the faculty of the Sacred Heart academy at Owatonna several teachers and students of that school were made very ill, ptomaine poisoning probably having occurred.

James Thomas, a prisoner in the county jail in Minneapolis, attempted to hang himself, using his underclothing as a noose and the bars of his cell door as the gallows. He was discovered and cut down in time to save his life.

Fred Pfefhardt, a fourteen-year-old boy living at Mound, Lake Minnetonka, broke through the ice on Lake Langdon and was drowned before aid could reach him.

Fire in the boat yards of Samuel Peters & Son at Wabasha destroyed four steamers, causing a loss of $75,000.

Charles Bergstrom was struck by a Chicago Great Western passenger train in St. Paul and instantly killed.

OBITUARY.

James Slavin, aged sixty-one, was stricken with heart trouble while attending service at St. Luke's church at St. Paul. While unconscious he was carried into the priest's house adjoining the church and when he was placed on a couch it was discovered that he was dead.

Mrs. Maude Ulmer Jones, known throughout the Northwest and in the principal operatic centers for her singing, is dead at Minneapolis, aged thirty-seven.

Frederick G. James, one of the best known realty operators in Minneapolis, is dead in that city from shock, following an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. Vitaline Fontaine, who arrived in St. Paul when it was a mere group of settlers' huts in 1842, is dead in that city at the age of eighty years.

Mrs. Francis Illingworth Silcox is dead at St. Paul, where she had resided since 1852.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

"Not guilty" was the verdict rendered by the jury in the case of Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, charged with the murder of former United States Senator Arthur M. Brown of Utah at a hotel in Washington on Dec. 8, 1906. Amid the applause of a crowd that filled the courtroom Mrs. Bradley with tear dimmed eyes, was discharged from custody and a trial that has evoked national attention for three weeks was at an end.

An insane man walked into the anteroom of the executive chamber at the statehouse at Boston and, finding Governor Guild's door closed, turned on three prominent labor leaders and fired three shots at them, probably fatally wounding Edward Cohen of Lynn, president of the state board of the American Federation of Labor, and seriously wounding Dennis D. Driscoll of Boston, secretary of the same board.

Tirey L. Ford, general counsel of the United Railroads, has been acquitted at San Francisco of the charge of having bribed former Supervisor Jennings Phillips to vote for an overhead trolley franchise. This was Ford's second trial. In the first trial the jury was unable to agree on a verdict.

Five hundred "night riders," masked and heavily armed, marched into Hopkinsville, Ky., at night and destroyed four tobacco warehouses and other property valued at over $200,000.

Twenty holdups by masked men, one man murdered and three persons dying by their own hand was the record of twenty-four hours at St. Joseph, Mo.

H. J. Groves, managing editor of the Kansas City Post, who a few days ago was shot by General Richard Horne, is dead.

The second trial of Harry K. Thaw on the charge of murdering Stanford White has been postponed until Jan. 6.

E. W. Swenson killed his former wife, shot her husband and then committed suicide near Smithville, Tex.

Robbers wrecked the safe in the bank at Carney, Okla., and got away with $4,000.

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rates and reservations, call on,

W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw—it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

TWO QUEER ANIMALS

The Marabou and the Hyena of Central Africa.

BOTH VULTURES IN NATURE.

Each Gorges Itself on Carrion, and the Bird and Beast Often Battle For Their Food—Fairylike Plumes That Are as Light as Air.

The ugliest storks in the world are found in southern Asia and central Africa. Their flesh colored heads are only partially covered with stiff, wiry feathers, and hanging on the breast they bear a disgusting pouch, which answers the purpose of a crop. One of the largest of these storks is the marabou. It stalks about the great sandy plains of central Africa with composure and a lordly grandeur, as if it were the most beautiful bird in the world. Its body feathers are of a dull metallic green color, and its wings and tail are dingy black. Looking at the awkward creature, no one would suspect that under its ungainly wings it carried the most exquisite and fairylike little plumes, so airy that it takes basketfuls of them to weigh an ounce. They are pure white and so much desired for trimming that the bird is vigorously hunted by the natives, who sell these dainty feathers to traders for a very large price.

The marabou feeds on carrion, like the vulture. Its throat is very large, and it will greedily eat everything that comes in its way. In the swamps and plains around Khartum, on the Nile, are immense flocks of marabous, and they are so daring as to come to the slaughter houses on the outskirts of the city in search of food, and whole ox ears and shin bones with hoof attached have been found in the crops of specimens which have been killed.

These birds are skillful fishers. They haunt the low marshy islands in the rivers and lakes of central Africa, with elephants, monkeys, flamingoes and many varieties of birds for companions, and gain their principal food from the water. They often go in companies of ten or twelve to fish. Wading in the water, the birds form a circle, which they gradually draw together, gathering the frightened fish in the center of the net, when with their long bills and quick movements they speedily provide themselves with a hearty meal.

Although marabou mammas have been seen proudly parading around with a brood of diminutive downy young ones, so shy and retiring is this bird in its domestic habits that naturalists have been unable to determine when and how it builds its nest. The natives assert that it nests in high trees, but their statement is not confirmed.

In captivity the marabou is lord of the inclosure, and in zoological gardens, where specimens have been confined, no other birds or even small beasts dare approach the feeding trough until the hunger of this impudent bird is satisfied and it has retired to the warmest corner for a nap. The immense strength of its bill makes it a formidable enemy, and when fighting for food it will often overcome the largest vultures and wage successful battles with beasts of prey.

The hyena inhabits the same portions of Asia and Africa as the marabou, and travelers give accounts of terrible contests between these two singular members of the animal kingdom. The hyena is called the vulture among beasts, as it prefers carrion for its food, and as long as it can find dead animals to devour it leaves the flocks and herds in peace. Cowardly by nature, it rarely attacks man or beast unless driven to desperation by hunger.

The striped hyena inhabits the northern latitudes of Africa, Persia and Syria, while the spotted species, which is easily tamed and is sometimes called hyena dog, is found in large numbers in the vast plains of South Africa.

The hyena is a strange looking beast. It has a big head and a heavy, shaggy mane. The hind part of its body is much lower than its shoulders, and its hind legs are short. This odd formation gives it an awkward, shambling manner of walking, which is both ludicrous and hideous.

This creature rarely shows itself by day, but when the shadows of night fall on the plains and forests it comes out from its home among the rocks and caverns in search of food. African travelers are much annoyed by it. When the camp is silent and all are sleeping the hyena comes prowling round, uttering hoarse human cries, and should it fail to find sufficient camp refuse to satisfy its hunger some poor donkey is sure to be torn in pieces by its terribly strong jaws.

Few animals have been the subject of so much superstition. In ancient times it was believed that a dog went mad if a hyena turned its evil eye upon it, and the beast was believed by many to be a wicked sorcerer, who went about in human form by day and at night assumed the shape of a hyena. The poor and ignorant peasantry of Arabia even at the present day believe in the evil eye of this beast and are afraid to shoot it lest they should incur the wrath of the wicked spirit which they imagine walks the earth in this ugly form.

The poor hyena, however, far from being an evil spirit, is a real blessing to the regions it inhabits, as it is a natural scavenger, provided by the kind wisdom of nature to clear the ground of much loathsome and decaying matter, thereby rendering the air sweeter and purer and more healthful.

THE GRASS FENCE.

Thrilling Incident of the Battle of Bunker Hill.

The battle of Bunker Hill gave the occasion for many deeds of valor, and since that day we hold a list of names illuminated in our memory. One of these names belongs to the Knight of Derryfield. Do you remember who he was, and can you recall the song of his bravery? Read of it once more and have impressed again on your heart the implicit obedience and perfect courage of the New Hampshire farmers and their captain, John Moor.

When the forty-five men of the little town of Derryfield, N. H., left their homes to fight for the great cause each knew that no men were ever led by a braver man than their beloved Captain Moor. His courage had inspired many of them in the French and Indian war. So, eagerly, when the alarm came in 1795 they marched with him and his drummer boy son to Cambridge, where he was entered a captain in Stark's regiment.

And now comes the battle of Bunker Hill. Behind a fence, piled thick with grass, Captain Moor's company lay as still as death. An order had come from Colonel Stark that not a shot was to be fired until the British passed a stake that was driven a short distance away. With perfect confidence in themselves *and their captain*, the farmers waited—waited motionless while that beautiful, death dealing pageant of British warriors swept grandly toward them. With the coolness and wonderful precision of a dress parade the old world came to meet the new, the grenadiers and light infantry marching in single file twelve feet apart, the artillery advancing more slowly and thundering out an insolent defiance to the conceited little rebels, while on each side five battalions formed an oblique line to the fence breastworks. The very flower of the English army, full blossomed in learned maneuvers, resplendent in shining arms and waving banners, advanced to meet a little group of men untrained in tactics of warfare, only half armed, clad in homespun, hiding behind a breastwork of grass.

The dead line was crossed. Bang! Bang! Bang! The little rebels were awake at last. Now, not the stake, but a line of fallen bodies marked the dead line. Thunder and lightning belched forth from that breastwork. A fire, intense, steady, killing, and the brave march of the Britishers was checked. A slight recoil, and the officers, dashing up, again urged the line forward. Not for one moment did the grass fence cease its voice of fire and shot. One by one the brave grenadiers and their dashing, gallant officers fell to the earth. The ranks broke and the proud host fled before the meager handful of New Hampshire men. Ah, if we could only have had grass breastworks and Captain John Moor all along the American line!—C. F. Harrison in Atlanta Constitution.

A Philanthropist.

An earnest east side worker says that not long ago she was approached by an old gentleman who has the reputation of being something of a philanthropist with the request that he be permitted to accompany her on one of her rounds of visits. Much pleased, the worker consented. The destitute condition in which many families were found elicited expressions of deep sympathy from the old gentleman, but to his companion's surprise and regret nothing more material. Presently they came upon a small girl weeping bitterly.

"What is it, my dear?" the old gentleman inquired.

The child raised a tear stained face and pointed into a dark alleyway. "Me mudder sent me to buy some bread, an' I lost my dime in there, an' I'll git licked awful!" she sobbed.

"Poor dear!" he remarked in a tender voice, at the same time putting his hand into his vest pocket. "Don't cry. Here is a match. Perhaps you will be able to find it!"—Harper's.

Misled by Stationery.

"I wrote a note to my washerwoman about a week or two ago asking her please to bring my clothes home," said the woman. "I needed them. I happened to be in a religious concern at the time and used its paper to write the note on. Bertha came yesterday.

"'I've a great notion to discharge you, Bertha,' I told her. 'Why didn't you bring me my clothes? Must I get enough things to wear a year without having them washed on your account?'

"'To tell you the truth,' Bertha apologized meekly, 'you wrote on that theah religious paypah, and I didn't pay no 'tenshun to it. I jes' thought it was some o' them peepul writin' to ask me to come to prayah meetin'. I didn't know it was youah lettah, miss, till yesterday mawnin', when I got tiahd of seein' it around and opened it, so that was why I didn't git heah no sooneh with youah clo'es.'"—New York Press.

Moody on the Cards.

One evening in San Francisco Evangelist Moody sat in his room at the hotel playing a game of cards with Mrs. Moody and two friends when a messenger came in with a dispatch. As the boy stood waiting for a reply Mr. Moody suddenly asked, "Won't you sit down, my lad, and have a game of authors with us?"

The boy declined and soon left the room. Hardly had the door closed when Mrs. Moody said, "Why, Dwight, what made you think of inviting that boy to sit down and play with us?"

"My dear," replied Moody, "don't you see, if I had not called the boy's attention to the fact that we were playing authors all the morning papers would certainly have announced under big headlines that D. L. Moody had been discovered in a San Francisco hotel engaged in a game of cards?"

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at *Crookston, Minn.*, Nov., 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on January 7th, 1908 viz: Bernard P. Hylding H. E. No. 278 Red Lake Series for the Lot 1 and N. ½ of N. E. ¼ and S. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼ of Sec. 10, Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Carl Beiswenger, of Anton, Minn.
Krist Larson, of " "
Knut Solheim, of " "
Cornelius H. Helland, of " "

dec 28 jan 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 16, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 30th, 1907, viz: Gus Peterson H. E. No. 5560 Chippewa Series for the W. ½ of N. E. ¼ and E. ½ of N. W. ¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 156 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gunerius Olson, of Sorum, Minn.
Frank Carlson, " " "
Haltan Olson, " " "
August Nelson, " " "

nov 21 dec 26

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Bergling of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 23 made June 20th 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 24, Township 154 N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Dec., 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Elias Overland of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Swanson " " " " "
Renold Johnson " " " " "
Frank L. Bergling " Brunkeberg, Minn.

nov 21 dec 26

R. J. Montague,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 23rd., 1907, viz: Christ Anderson H. E. No. 5464 Chippewa Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 9, in Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Sordahl, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klogness " " "
Ed. Hanson, " " "
Julius Fiman, " " "

nov 14 dec 19

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

ANCIENT BOWS.

That of the Scythians Was in the Form of the Letter C.

While universally used by the ancients, the form of the bow varied with different nations. The Scythian bow was in the form of the letter C, and the bow of the Tartars, descendants of the Scythians, still keeps that shape.

The Greek bow was not more than three or four feet in length, but so stout and stiff that it required considerable strength and skill to use it. It is said that the first Greek bows were made from the horns of a species of goat, the bases being united by means of a metallic band. Afterward other material was used in their manufacture, but they still retained their original shape. These bows were too short to be of much use, and, comparatively speaking, but a small portion of the troops were armed with them.

The Romans carried the bow to Britain, where it at once obtained favor and during the middle ages was extensively used, forming an important element of the armies of that period.

The English archers were said to be the finest in the world, and their skill decided the battles of Creecy, Poitiers and Agincourt. The bows used were of two kinds—the long bow and the arbalest, or crossbow. The arbalest was made of steel or horn and was of such strength and stiffness that it was necessary to use some mechanical appliance to bend it and adjust the string. The arbalestiers carried a quiver with fifty arrows and were placed in the van of the battle.

FELLOW-SUFFERERS.

Each Had Throat Trouble Just Like the Other.

As the commuter who always boarded the train at Paradise Hills seated himself he was conscious that the young man next him looked at him with some curiosity as they exchanged good mornings. For the first few minutes neither one spoke; then the young man broke the ice. "You have a delicate throat, I see," he said commiseratingly. "I used to be bothered that way myself."

The commuter hesitated. There was something about his seat mate which invited confidence.

"Have you been married long?" he asked, with apparent irrelevance.

"Not so very," admitted the young man. "Why?"

The commuter cautiously loosened the bandage round his throat and, turning toward his companion, displayed an absurd looking, polka dotted tie.

"We've been married less than a year," he muttered, "and she gave me six for my birthday."

The hand of his seat mate grasped his in a cordial, sympathetic grip.

"I thought so," he said. "It's only a year since I had my attack of throat trouble."—Youth's Companion.

Blowing the Nose.

Medical experts are calling the attention of the public to the importance of performing the nose blowing operation in a scientific and hygienic manner. First one nostril and then the other should be blown without undue violence. Doctors state that the two nasal passages should never be closed at the same time. If they are obstructed, as in the case of a cold, the back of the throat is filled with compressed air, and this, together with the discharge and the microbes which it contains, may be driven through the eustachial tube into the middle ear and lead to serious results. A great authority on the subject used to forbid his patients to blow their noses when suffering from a cold. The course is hardly one which will commend itself to those in the habit of catching colds. The best advice would seem to be that when it is necessary to blow the nose blowing should be done gently.—London Mail.

Wanted His Money's Worth.

"Have you any choice as to the wedding march?" asked the church organist.

"The wedding march?" echoed the father of the bride.

"Yes; the march that is played when the bridal procession moves down the aisle. Which one would you prefer—Mendelssohn's or the march from 'Lohengrin'?"

"Any difference in the expense?"

"Oh, no!"

"Then play the one that's the longest."

Silk Manufacture.

From all accounts silk manufacture originated in China. Chinese tradition has it that the Emperor Foh Li taught his people the art of cultivating the silkworm as early as 5000 B. C. Spain was the first European country to receive the silkworms, the Arab conquerors introducing them about the tenth century, probably from their home on the borders of Persia. The foundation of the silk industry in France dates from the year 1515, when Francis I imported silk workers from Milan.

The Baby's Fault.

Nursemaid—I'm going to leave, mum.

Mistress—Why, what's the matter? Don't you like the baby?

Nursemaid—Yes'm, but he is that afraid of a policeman that I can't get near one.—London Tatler.

His Absentmindedness.

Professor (after dinner, looking at his empty plate in a rage)—There, we've had spinach and egg again! You know perfectly well, Amelia, that I can't eat it!—Fliegende Blatter.

Sure Thing.

"Do you believe any of the plant or arboreal kingdom would stick to man if given the choice?"

"I think the dogwood."—Baltimore American.

AUCTION SALE!

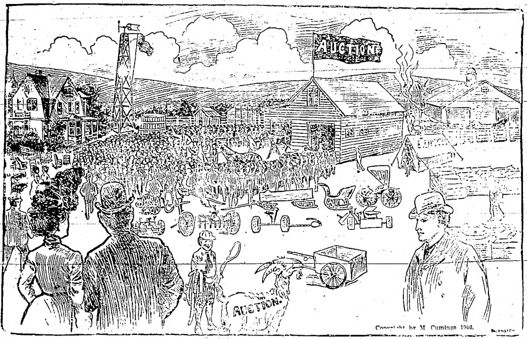

Copyright by M. Cumings 1900.

Friday, December 20, 1907.

On Section 33, Silvertion, 5 Miles East and 1 Mile South of Thief River Falls.
Sale Commences at 11 O'clock in the Forenoon.

One bay horse, 10 years old, weight, 1400 pounds.
One bay horse, 9 years old, weight, 1300 pounds.
One grey horse, 12 years old, weight, 1300 pounds.
One grey mare, 6 years old, weight, 1300 pounds.
One bay mare, 10 years old, weight, 1200 pounds.
One sorel horse, 9 years old, weight, 1200
One grey horse, 13 years old, weight 1150 pounds.
4 milch cows, 4 years old.
1 milch cow, 7 years old.
1 yearling heifer.
1 yearling steer.
3 spring heifers.
50 chickens.
1 No. 9 cook stove.

The horses are in fine shape and every horse guaranteed.

TERMS: Cash or bankable paper due in one year from date.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer.
PEDER OMUNDSON, Owner.

IRRESISTIBLE SLEEP.

An Experience in the Fierce Cold of Tierra del Fuego.

"Whoever sits down," said Dr. Solander to his company among the hills of Tierra del Fuego, "will sleep, and whoever sleeps will wake no more." The brave doctor and his men had tramped a considerable distance through the swamps, when the weather became suddenly colder and fierce blasts of wind drove the snow before it. In a short time the cold became so intense as to cause the most oppressive drowsiness. Dr. Solander was the first to find the inclination to sleep, and he insisted upon lying down. In vain his companions entreated and remonstrated. He lay down, and when told that he would inevitably freeze to death answered that he desired nothing more than to lie down and die.

One of the black servants lay down also. Solander declared himself willing to go on, but begged to be allowed to sleep first, and in a few moments the two men were in a profound sleep. Soon after, those who had been sent forward to kindle a fire returned with the welcome news that the fire awaited them at a short distance. The men happily succeeded in awakening Solander, who, although he had not been asleep five minutes, had almost lost the use of his limbs, and the flesh was so shrunken that his shoes fell from his feet. It was with [illegible] and assistance that he consented to go on, but all attempts to [illegible] man were futile, and he was left to die.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Scientific American.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Closing out sale at [illegible] east end of bridge. Everything at cost or less.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1907 NUMBER 51

A POACHER WAS NABBED.

Lambert Man Caught Shooting Chickens Out of Season.

Was Fined $11 45 by a Brooks Justice of the Peace.

The first arrest and conviction recorded in this section in many years for shooting prairie chickens out of season occurred on Saturday afternoon when Deputy Game Warden Wm. Munch arrested Antoine Boucher of the town of Lambert Red Lake County and had him arraigned before Judge A. Laniel of Brooks. The game warden induced him to plead guilty and further costs and he did so, the hunt costing him $11.45.

Because of the mild weather there are great flocks of prairie chickens in Lambert township where considerable brush is found and it is not a difficult feat to slaughter them as they rise in bunches at the edge of the groves. This is the first fracture of the chicken law reported since the close of the season this year, but spice of the game warden had the man nailed the day after the shooting took place. This watchfulness is resulting in a more strict observance of the game laws than was ever before noticed.

Deer Running Amuck.

One fortunate, large buck deer, which escaped the slaughter of the last hunting season, visited the village of Solway at 9 o'clock last Friday, coming into the main street from an easterly direction.

The animal stood on Main street, in front of the blacksmith shop, for a few moments, sizing up the town, then proceeded on westward, as unconcerned as a horse or cow. The citizens here would not harm him, it being the closed season.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

SLATER EXPLAINS.

Tells Why He Did Not Give Valley Men a Chance.

In a letter to the secretary of the Twenty-Five Thousand Club, of Crookston Commissioner E. K. Slater, of the state dairy and food department, explains the reasons for the appointment of O. A. Storvick, of Emmons, Minn., as dairy inspector for this section of the state to succeed Joel G. Winkjer. Mr. Slater says:

"I have had this matter under advisement for several weeks and have followed the letter of the law in making the appointment. The men interested in dairying in that section of the state have the same privileges of taking examinations as those from other sections. I have not been able to see my way clear to attempt to circumvent the purpose of the civil service by making use of the subterfuge of holding the appointment open. The spirit of the law does not contemplate any such action on the part of the dairy and food commissioner.

"I appreciate the interest the people of the Red River Valley have have taken in this matter and I feel that they have been acting in the best of faith in urging me to hold open the appointment until some of the men in that district might take the examination. They have not kept in mind the strict reading and purpose of the law.

"I can assure you that Mr. Storvick is a broad minded man, thoroughly experienced, and can easily adapt himself to conditions in the Red River Valley. In fact, I believe he is better fit for the work than any of the men who have been mentioned for the place from that section of the state."

Attend The Farmers' Short Course.

Lectures on dairy husbandry, live stock management, crop rotation, farm management, agricultural chemistry, entomology, horticulture, farm mechanics etc.

Two weeks of live stock and grain judging. Special lectures for farmers' wives and daughters on household art. Course begins at University of Minnesota School of Agriculture, St. Anthony Park, between St. Paul and Minneapolis, on January 10 and continues until Feb. 21.

For full particulars regarding train service and fare call on.

W. E. Baker,
Great Northern Railway Agent.

Hurts the Homesteader.

Commissioner Ballinger of the general land office believes that homesteaders in the mineral states of the West are getting the worst of it under the present laws and will urge congress next winter to change the laws.

Under the present mineral law if a man takes a homestead for agricultural purposes and it develops before he secures his final patent, that the land is underlaid with mineral, he loses the homestead, improvements and all.

Many such cases have come to the attention of the land office officials. One man took a homestead six years ago and improved it highly. He put most of it in cultivation and spent over $5,000 in erecting buildings on it. He had one more year to live on it before he could get a patent under the homestead laws. Before the time came to receive a patent the government discovered that the farm was underlaid with coal and the man was deprived of his homestead with all its improvements, which represented his labor for nearly seven years

Elder Not a Drayman.

George Elder was arrested last Saturday, charged with running a dray line and not having city license. Ed Longevin, acting for the other draymen of the city, was the complaining witness. The testimony developed the fact that Mr. Elder had taken the contract to haul wood for some of the office buildings in the city and Judge Bishop did not consider this an offence against the ordinance. Mr. Elder is not doing a general dray business. He was therefore discharged.

Poor Substitute For Bank.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, Dec. 8.—Fearing for the safety of his money, John Cunningham, a brakeman, at Boone, Iowa, drew out $1,000 from a bank. He carried it on his person for some time and while on a visit at the home of his father-in-law, J. J. Moor, at Stratford, placed in an empty stove. While the family were visiting the neighbors the house took fire and burned to ground, with it was consumed Cunningham's $1,000.

The annual meeting of the Red Lake River Transportation company will be held on Monday, the 13th of January, at the Highlanding school house. All the stockholders are requested to be present.

ROUTE ESTABLISHED.

Rural Route No. 2 Will Run North From Here to Manor.

The local postoffice has received word from Washington to the effect that the postoffice department has decided to establish Rural Route No. 2 running out of Thief River Falls. The route is to be established January 1st and will run from this city on the east side of the Thief river to Thorwick and from there to Manor postoffice and return by way of the west side of the Thief River. The route will be about thirty miles long and it is quite likely that L. J. Higgins of this city will be appointed carrier as he was instrumental in getting the route established.

Pad The Pay Roll.

The cashier and timekeeper for the Shevlin-Mathieu lumber company left Spooner a couple of weeks ago and since departure it has been discovered that they had kept about twenty dummies on the pay roll all summer and it is estimated that at a total expense of about $5000 to the company. There are between 300 and 500 men working in the mill during the summer and the cashier who made out the checks and the timekeeper who kept track of the men worked in together and nothing was suspected until after their departure when one of the checks which had been left behind uncashed turned up, resulting in an investigation which developed the above information. Jack Cosgrove was the cashier and a young man by the name of Patterson was timekeeper.

Farmer Fined $50.

Crookston Journal: E. J. Erickson of Fertile was arrested while in this city at the instance of Inspector E. B. Holberg of the Pure Food Department of the state, and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of selling rotten eggs to a local hotel. 10 dozen were found to be bad in two cases and Erickson admitted they had not been candled.

Judge Wild imposed a fine of $50 which was paid. Mr. Holberg will stick around awhile and satisfy himself that eggs shipped to Crookston are all in good shape, together with meats and there may be more arrests. The eggs were bought for fresh eggs. This is the class that makes the pure food department popular with the consumer.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

The News: $1 per Year.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

For your own convenience we suggest doing as much of your shopping in the forenoon as possible, avoiding the afternoon crowds.

Announcement of Holiday Readiness

But 5 more Shopping Days to Christmas and the query---"What shall I give?" is in many instances unanswered. We can help you answer it by directing your attention to numerous useful articles in our store, suitable for Xmas Gifts, our stocks are larger and better than ever before. We are here to serve you with every facility at our command and invite your attention to the following:

FOR THE MEN

Suit of clothes	$10 to $30	Handkerchiefs	5c to 50c
Overcoat	$5 to $25	Mufflers	50c to $3.50
Fur lined coat	$50 to $100	Fancy hosiery	25c to 50c
Trunks	$3.50 to $15	Suspenders	25c to 50c
Suit cases	$1.50 to $16.50	Gloves and mittens	50c to $3
Shoes and slippers	$1.50 to $5	Caps	50c to $2
Bath robes	$5 to $10	Gordon hat	$3
Smoking jackets	$6.50 to $10	Fur collar	$3 to $12.50
Fancy vests	$1.50 to $4	Cuff buttons	25c to $1
Shirts	50c to $2.50	Collars, 2 for	25c
Underwear	50c to $7.50	Dutch stetson	50 to $3.50
Sweaters	50c to $4.50	1 box cigars, pipe, etc.	
Neckties	25c to $1.50		

FOR THE GIRL

- Dress patterns
- Small furs
- Cloak
- Shawls, caps
- Fancy hosiery
- Fancy hose supporters
- Fancy neckwear
- Handkerchiefs
- Gloves and mittens
- Dolls
- Teddy bears
- Shoes and slippers
- Side combs
- Souvenir postal card books

FOR THE BOY

- Suit of clothes
- Overcoat
- Shoes
- Underwear
- Mufflers
- Shirts
- Handkerchiefs
- Neckwear.
- Mittens
- Sweaters
- Moose hide moccasins
- Fur collar
- Stockings
- Leggins
- Teddy bears

FOR THE LADIES

Cloak-cloth or fur		Fancy hosiery	25c to 1.50
Dress patterns		Fancy neckwear	25c to 1.50
Waist pattern, silk or wool		Handkerchiefs	3c to 2.00
Shawls silk or wool	50c to 4 50	Shoes and slippers	1.00 to 5.00
Fur scarfs	1.50 to 25.00	Hand bags	50c to 6.50
Muffs	1.50 to 10.00	Fancy combs	10c to 1.50
Gloves	1.25 to 3.50	Fancy belts	25c to 3.00
Fancy hose supporters	25c to 1.50	Silk petticoats	4.00 to 7.00
Pin cushions	25c to 50c	Wrappers and kimonas	1.00 to 5.00
Doilies centerpieces	50c to 6.50	Trunks	3.00 to 15.00
Corsets and corset covers	50c to 2.00	Suit cases	1.50 to 16.50
Silk waists	3.00 to 6.50		
Skirts	3.00 to 18.00		

Table Linen, Napkins, Linen sheeting, Pillow casing, Comfortors, Blankets, Lace curtains, Draperies, Bed spreads, Towels, Sofa cushions, Chinaware, Lamps, Fancy groceries, Xmas candies, Apples, etc.

THE GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE
HEADQUARTERS FOR USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFTS

Christmas Presents.

One dozen photographs taken at **BORRY'S** gallery will make twelve beautiful Christmas presents that will be appreciated; welcome and cheap.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Tom Hovet was down to Crookston last week.

Charlie Brink was down to Crookston last week.

Mrs. S. Konison visited friends at Grand Forks last week.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence. Evenson block. Phone 244.

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

Mrs. Kretzschmar spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with friends.

Cashier Kvennes, of the Middle River State bank, spent Sunday in the city.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Mike Fricker, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Miss Annand left last week for Lake City, called there by the serious illness of her mother.

John Vrolson has been appointed postmaster at Highlanding in place of T. S. Jacobson, resigned.

Miss. Doris Knox entertained a company of her little friends last Saturday in honor of her eight birthday.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday attending a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

White shirts at 25c. Children's underwear at from 10c to 30c a piece at the closing out sale at Abrahams', east end of bridge.

Dr. W. N. Murry, of Minneapolis, spent Sunday in the city visiting his mother and sister, Mrs. Downs and Mrs. G. Halvorson.

We can save you money on watches, clocks, jewelry and cut glass. Our prices are the lowest and stock the largest. F. J. Stebbins.

Ole Johnson, who had spent a couple of weeks here visiting with old friends, left last Saturday for Prince Albert where he is working for the lumber company.

K. M. Hansen went down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday and will assist County Auditor O'Brien for a couple of weeks in getting up the annual financial statement.

At a special meeting of the creamery board of the local creamery held last friday, it was decided to sell the gasoline engine used at present and install a ten electric motor.

10,000 yds. of laces, braids, etc worth from 10c to $1 a yard, will be sold at from 1 cent to 10 cents per yard at the closing out sale at Abraham's store, east end of bridge.

Charley Schram, a son of W. Schram who at one time lived in the town of Rocksbury and still owns a valuable farm there, came up from Arthur, Iowa last week to look after his father's interests here.

The reciprocal demurrage law, passed at the last legislature, has been in effect five months. Official reports state that but four claims against the railways have been presented under the new law. The car situation is evidently improved.

The Twin Valley Times says two Amundson boys, Gust and Theodore, cleared over $2,000 from their 160 acre farm west of Twin Valley. $1,000 of this was cleared from 30 acres of potatoes, part of the 160 acres was summer fallowed this year.

Mrs. Downs, mother of Mrs. G. Halvorson, suffered a stroke of paralysis last Thursday and has lost the use of her right arm. She is now getting along nicely and it is expected that she will be entirely well in a short time.

The fourteenth annual ball to be given by the Thief River Falls Fire Department in the Evenson Hall on New Years eve promises to be a grand success in every way and the firemen are making all kinds of preparations for the event.

State authorities are making renewed efforts to have the interior department turn over to the State [illegible] acres of swamp lands on White Earth and Leech Lake reservations. They are worth over $1,000,000, and would be a big addition to our school funds.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Knox and children leave next Monday for Iowa to spend the holidays with relatives.

Mrs. D. K. Bryant wishes to call the attention of the public to the fact that she has a select assortment of decorated china and novelties in water colors suitable for Christmas presents. She cordially invites the public to call at her home on the East Side and inspect work.

A farmer this side of Crookston has sold his 320 acre farm for $50 per acre. This farm did not bring this high price because it was any better than the surrounding farms but it commanded this high price because the owner could show its high state of cultivation and this particular piece of land had made him a fortune.

Chris Wich, of Detroit, was in the city to spend Sunday with relatives here. Mr. Wich is an expert rifle shot and at the fair grounds Sunday afternoon he entertained a number of people, giving an exhibition of fancy shooting, and all who witnessed the performance are loud in their praise of Mr. Wich's ability as a marksman.

Baer Bros. of Frazee have been missing articles from their store for a long time past, and suspicion pointed to a man named Scroggins He was caught red handed last week. He offered to pay for all the goods he had stolen. The firm had kept pretty good track of the value of the stolen goods and demanded $120. Scroggins offered $50 but finally paid the sum demanded.

The new steel bridge across the Clearwater river two miles south of here was finished on Tuesday of this week. The crew has been at work on this bridge for about two weeks and the people living in that vicinity say they did a fine piece of work. From here the crew went to Thief River Falls to put a new steel bridge over the Red Lake river.—Plummer Pioneer.

Dr. Michael Bockman left Monday evening for Minneapolis and on Saturday of this week at 8 p. m, he will be united in marriage to Miss Florence Brazil, one of the accomplished young ladies of that city. After the ceremony he will leave for Chicago to spend several days and will return to Thief River Falls with his bride after the holidays. The many friends of Dr. Bockman in this city will extend congratulations.

Matt Skala returned to Red Lake Falls last Friday morning from Ely over on the iron range where he marketed a car load of dressed meat. The car contained fifty-five head of hogs and thirteen beef, for which he received top-notch prices. Mr. Skala believes in looking up a market for all lines and then purchasing from the farmers everything marketable and this bespeaks his success as a general merchant.

The school teachers left this week for their various homes to spend the holidays. Miss Godward went to Elbow Lake, Miss Blexrud to Preston, Miss Iddings to Minneapolis, Miss Grindeland to Warren, Miss Danielson to Winona, Miss Payne to Brainerd, Miss Knoff to Fergus Falls, Miss Marsh to St. Cloud, Miss Wold to Austin, Miss Reiner to Glencoe, Miss Lind to Brainerd and Miss McCrillis to Hampton, Iowa.

The McIntosh Times has on exhibition at its office a sample of winter wheat raised in the town of Knute that yielded $61\frac{1}{2}$ bushels on a measured acre and a half. The grain was sown on August 24th of last year and secured a good start before winter set in. As this is his first experience with this variety of seed, and he is not sure how it will stand the test of time the grower requested no mention of his name in connection with this article as he will give a more detailed report later.

Spring Valley was going to maintain a free skating rink for the youngsters. To this end it placed a subscription box in the post office for the donations of the public. After the box had been up several days and accumulated considerable currency, some sneak thief swiped the box and contents and thus brought great woe to the children and [illegible] to their elders, an anathema upon himself from both. Now the authorities of Spring Valley announce that the thief has been discovered and that he will soon be brought before the bar of justice. [illegible] The state is with the people of S. V. in their [illegible] calamity, and awaits with eager interest the arrest and punishment of the man who did the thing".

Joe Johnson, of Erie, was in the city Tuesday.

Frank Jeffers was in the city the first of the week.

James Paddon left yesterday morning for the Red Lake country.

Walter Mc Andress was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

George Diebel returned to this city Monday evening from his trip to Milton, N. D.

Harry Woolson returned the first of the week from a trip up to the Rainey River country.

Mesdames S. W. Bagley and J. W. Bishop gave a sleighing party in honor of Mrs. Schlaben yesterday afternoon.

Cashier Gigstad, of the Merchants State Bank, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Charles Shirley left yesterday morning for the Thief River Falls Lumber companys' camps in the Red Lake country.

Mayor John A. Duffy, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday. He was here as a witness in a case before Judge Bishop.

Miss Golda Hill is expected to arrive in the city Saturday from Minneapolis where she teaches in the public schools that city.

—For Sale Cheap—A second hand 16 horsepower Port Huron engine. Cash or on time. Address Box 621, Crookston, Minn.

Attorney Charles E. Boughton and Justice of the Peace S. A. Swanson were in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

A. T. Rice has purchased the interest of his partner, George Elder, in the ice business and will conduct the business alone in the future.

Notice to ice consumers: The following dealers will deliver ice to any part of the city for sixty cents per load. Frank Chittick, George Elder and A. T. Rice.

Dr. and Mrs. Schlaben leave for Minneapolis to day where they will visit before the Dr. leaves for Alaska, Mrs. Schlaben will go to Alaska in the spring.

A. J. Rolston yesterday closed a deal for the sale of the Hub restaurant to G. Weiner, until recently the local agent for the Hamm Brewing company here.

Hon. L. H. Johnson, president of the Hennepin Bridge Co., the concern that has the contract for building the bridge across the Red Lake river here, was in the city Tuesday.

Severt Frisvold returned to this city last week from Park River, N. D., where he had spent the past eight months working upon a farm, and will remain with his parents here until next spring.

George Curran this week received a letter from E. J. Morrisey, who is now located at Billings, Mont. Mr. Morrisey says that his wife has just been released from a hospital where she had been confined for five weeks with a severe attack of typhoid fever. She is now getting along nicely.

Selma, the year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Evenson, died last Friday from diptheria. There are three other cases of diptheria in the Evenson home, Mr. Evenson and his two sons Oscar and Alvin having the disease, but in a mild form and they are in no danger whatever. There are no other case of diptheria in the city.

George R. Kirkpatrick, a Socialist lecturer, will be in the city tomorrow and will deliver a lecture in city hall in the evening, taking for his subject "Civil War in Industry." Mr. Kirkpatrick is no stranger in Thief River Falls, having delivered a lecture here last summer. He is an earnest speaker and the Socialists of the city extend a cordial invitation to all the people of the city to attend this lecture.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening it was decide to take no action regarding the appointing of a commission of three to take charge of the electric light and water works plant. All of the councilmen and most of the citizens believe that this is the proper thing to do, but the present council believes that the new commission should be appointed by the new city council that goes into office on the 1st of January, for the reason that any commission appointed now would serve through the term of the new council.

Our merchants are busy these days waiting on the trade that usually precedes the Christmas rush, and are working over time in order that the Christmas shoppers may see their goods to the best advantage. Additional clerks are employed in every store and this week's trade promises to be the best holiday trade ever given the Thief River Falls merchants, as special inducements are being offered to people from a distance to come here to do their Christmas shopping. People who live within the city [illegible] do their Christmas shopping early to avoid the extra rush which always [illegible] the Christmas trade. [illegible] at this time of the year are [illegible] The [illegible] merchants appreciate the trade they are receiving and are doing all in their power to make the Christmas [illegible] attractive, as is evidenced by the splendid display windows of various stores in the down town districts.

Louis Hanson went down to Crookston last evening.

County Supt. McAnulty was in the city yesterday.

Christmas Services in Oddfellow Hall, Christmas Day, at 7.30 p.m.

Mike Kassa, of Anstead, was in the city yesterday and made this office a call.

Oscar Aos, of Milton, N. D., was in the city the first of the week visiting his uncle, John Aos.

Services Sunday at 10:30 a. m. in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church: There will be no Sunday school.

John Nelson, of Ward county, N. D., was married to Miss Ella Erickson, of the town of Norden, by the Rev. Aastad on Monday, Dec. 16.

C. F. Conrad, former agent for the Soo line here, left last Saturday for Chicago and expects to secure a position with one of the railroads that make that city its headquarters.

Mrs. Ingeborg Ellingson died at the home of her son, Ole Ellingson, in this city Monday. The deceased had been a resident of this city for about five years and was well and favorably known here. She was 67 years of age and death was due to old age. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon, the Rev. Aastad officiating.

Bids Wanted.

For the construction of a school house in District No. 119, town of Moylan, Marshall county. Building to be frame, 18x24 feet. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clerk's office. Building must be completed by the 15th of May. Bids must be in the clerk's hands by noon January 4, 1908. Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

P. A. Johnson, Clerk.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91
Oats	37c
Flax	99c
Barley	55c
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c
Potatoes	50c

Advertised Letters.

Brot Demmes
Jeffers Christophers
Kjerstin T. F.
Johnson Marcus
Kjerstin Louise
Olson Carolina
Olson Jonas Hilmer
Olson Mrs. Christian
Sakols Louis
Straight George
Tencke Farmer
Wilkson W.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The program for the last half of this week is considered one of the best of the season. Mrs. Krouse will have J. W. Erlan's beautiful song, illustrated, "Thelma," a song of the Norse land while in the Burglar Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, an elderly couple, awakened by a noise from lower floor, convinced that thieves are below, they cautiously arouse their son, arming themselves, they awaken their daughters. All proceed up stairs and enlist brave(?) butler. Lastly the cook joins party and all proceed downstairs to kitchen door after several harassing experiences, courage is mustered up and all enter the kitchen where on the table a small kitten is playing with a ball of twine.

"Blacksmith Revenge."

"A Midnight Surprise," or "The Burglar."

Illustrated Song "Thelma."

"Romania; its Citizens and Soldiers."

"Eclipse" or the courtship of the Sun and Moon."

The Red River Cart.

Crookston Journal.—The picturesque Red River cart which was a considerable factor in the early development of the Northwest has practically dropped out of sight.

From 1844 to 1858 there were hundreds of these carts in operation plytheir way thru the Valley between St. Paul and Winnipeg. They were made entirely of Wood, being light but very strong in construction and were drawn by a single ox, the harness often being made from buffalo hide. Long trains of these carts, sometimes numbering 500 to 800 in single file, the ox on each cart being tied to the cart in front of him, made the trip to St. Paul once a year. Their use was in bringing furs to civilization and in return taking back merchandise and supplies to the frontier trading post. The old Red River trail to Fort Gary was about 500 miles in length. Traveling was made at the rate of about 15 miles a day and each cart had a capacity of from 600 to 800 pounds. In fording rivers, the wheels of the wooden carts were removed, strapped to the body part and floated across the river, the oxen being trained to swim across. In 1881 there were but six of these carts in operation, but in 1868 there were as many as six hundred, in that year however, boats were put in operation on the Red River making the trip from Winnipeg to Fargo thus shortening the trip. In 1867 when the first railroad was put in between St. Paul and Minneapolis, the route was still further diminished and a few years later the railroads usurped the work of the primitive transportation facilities.

STEENERSON WON OUT.

Secures Favorable Action from the Department of the Interior.

Final Proofs That Had Been Rejected Are Now Accepted.

L. M. Hong yesterday received a telegram from Congressman Halvor Steenerson at Washington which will be good news to eighteen homesteaders who have proved up on homesteads on the eleven towns.

As will be remembered a number of homesteaders who had proven up on homesteads on the eleven towns and had their proofs accepted by the Crookston land office for which a final receiver' receipt had been issued, later had the proofs rejected by the department of the interior at Washington on the ground *that only eight months residence* had been shown whereas the interior department now requires fourteen. The cancelation of these proofs caused all kinds of complications. A receiver's receipt has generally been considered as good as a deed in this section and as a result most of the settlers who had proved up had mortgaged their land, and in a few cases they had sold the land. Congressman Steenerson was appealed to and he sent the general land office at Washington a letter asking that no further action be taken until he could arrive in Washington and appear in behalf of the settlers. This request was granted and the result has been that Mr. Steenerson has won a complete victory for the settlers and a residence of 8 months will be all that the government will require of settlers in the future who purchased their land at the sale.

In all eighteen proofs that had been accepted by the Crookston land office were rejected and had the ruling of the department of the interior been allowed to stand it would have caused a great deal of trouble and in some cases loss to innocent parties who had loaned money or bought land of those who had proved up.

The annul meeting of the United Lutheran Congregation, will be held at their of worship, in Oddfellow Hall, next Saturday at 10 a.m. All voting members are requested to be present.

—Olaf M. Wangensteen, Pastor.

Accept Our Merry Christmas

as a personal one from a friend to a friend.

And our earnest and heart felt "Thanks" to one and all for the liberal patronage extended to us during the past year.

We certainly feel that we have every reason to wish all our friends and pataons

A VERY MERRY CHRISTMAS.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

O. J SHEI & CO. THIEF RIVER FALL, MINN.

A King Whom All Sweden Mourns

Oscar II. Was One of Europe's Most Accessible Monarchs—Tallest of Sovereigns, Yet the Kindliest—His Successor a Giant In Stature and a Man of Action.

By ROBERTUS LOVE.

JEAN BAPTISTE JULES BERNADOTTE, one of Napoleon's famous marshals, was the grandfather of Oscar II., king of Sweden, who died at Stockholm Dec. 8, and was the founder of the royal line. Bernadotte in 1818 became king of Sweden and Norway as Charles XIV. His son succeeded him as Oscar I. The second Oscar was the third son of the first Oscar and consequently was not reared with any expectation of reaching the throne. He was permitted to follow his own bent, which inclined to the sea. Young Oscar, born Jan. 21, 1829, entered the Swedish navy at the age of eleven. The young prince worked hard, passing through all the grades and winning his lieutenancy in the regular army. Prince Oscar entered the University of Upsala at the age of twenty, where he *distinguished himself in mathematics.*

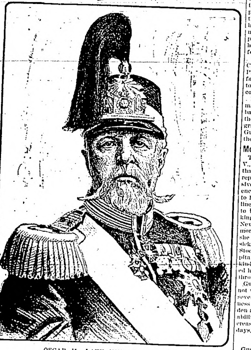

OSCAR II., LATE KING OF SWEDEN.

After his university course he resumed his career in the navy, making cruises to many lands.

His brother, Gustave, the crown prince, died, and the second brother, Charles, became [illegible] heir to the throne. Charles being childless, Prince Oscar thus became a distinct possibility in the line of succession. He was twenty-eight years of age when [illegible] married. After visiting [illegible] European courts the prince met and married Princess Sophia of Nassau in 1857. On the death of Charles XV. in 1872 Oscar II. ascended the throne. Thus the fourth Bernadotte king of Sweden and Norway was but two generations removed from the founder of the line, and he was born while [illegible] Bernadotte was still [illegible].

For many years King Oscar possessed the [illegible] said he was proud of being the tallest of European monarchs. He stood six feet two and a half inches. Slim, erect, dignified, he was "every inch a king."

Remarkable Linguist.

President Roosevelt once called King Oscar the ablest of European rulers. From his early youth Oscar always evinced a deep interest in literature and art. He became an accomplished musician and composer, a dramatist, a poet, a historian, a painter and a remarkable linguist, writing eight languages and speaking five. King Oscar has been called the most eloquent orator in his country, where oratory is still held in very high esteem. Most of his literary work was done before he became king.

The modesty of King Oscar has been a favorite item of praise by his admirers for many years. When he traveled abroad he usually went incognito, and even in his own country he preferred when on a trip to be known merely as a nobleman. It is related that on one occasion a purse-proud nobleman rolled up to a wayside inn, his carriage horses spent, and haughtily demanded the hire of fresh animals.

"You must wait at least an hour for fresh horses," said the landlord.

"What? [illegible] Bring me horses at once, [illegible]"

[illegible] I have are being [illegible] that gentleman [illegible]," said the innkeeper, pointing to a [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] am," replied the haughty nobleman. "I am, sir, Field Marshal Baron George Sparre, the last and only one of my race."

"I am very glad to hear that," said the tall man as he drove away. "It would be a terrible thing to think there might be more of you coming."

As the tall man was King Oscar II., it is evident that the monarch possessed a sense of humor along with his other qualities.

Long the King of Two Countries.

It is said that Oscar's consuming desire from the time he ascended the throne was to go down in history as "the king of peace." That he lived up to this ambition two years ago, when he permitted Norway to become a separate kingdom without war, is a matter of recent interest. For thirty-three years he had been king of Sweden and Norway, but when the latter country *desired to be represented* abroad by its own consuls for its own interests the king accepted the situation and permitted Norway to depart in peace, though many of his counselors urged belligerent measures. King Oscar did not believe in coercing the common people. His own grandfather was a humble country notary in France before he fought with Napoleon.

When the king's son and successor, Crown Prince Gustave, was married to Princess Victoria of Baden in 1881 the father revealed not only his eloquent tongue, but his paternal heart in welcoming home the bridal couple.

It is interesting to note that by this marriage the crown prince brought back to Sweden to sit as queen upon the throne of her fathers a great-granddaughter of the banished King Gustave IV., who was driven from the kingdom by Bernadotte.

Most Popular Woman In Sweden.

The new king of Sweden, Gustave V., is said to be much less popular than was his father. According to report, he is reticent, sedate, exclusive and undemocratic. This tendency is attributed by some persons to his wife, who belongs to an ancient line of monarchs and holds tenaciously to the doctrine of the divine right of kings and the privileges of her class. Nevertheless, no woman in Sweden is more popular than she. Every year she provides a Christmas tree for the sick poor children in the hospital at Stockholm, going personally to the hospital to see the children. Her many kindnesses to the poor and the afflicted have caused her to be much beloved throughout the country.

Gustave is forty-nine years old and is not without experience as a ruler. For several months during his father's illness he was regent, ruling both Sweden and Norway. He showed excellent ability. Gustave's popularity has increased considerably since his earlier days, when he was quite unpopular.

Enthusiastic Hunter.

Gustave is called the Nimrod of the Swedish family. He is an enthusiastic hunter. While his father's tastes ran largely to literature, Gustave's bent is toward sportsmanship. Nevertheless, he is something of a student. Gustave is an admirer of Emperor William of Germany and has made a close study of military matters. When he was regent some years ago it was a matter of gossip that he aspired to make the dual kingdom a military power, and it was said by certain Swedes at the time of the separation of Norway that if Gustave were king he "would lick the [illegible] of the Norwegians" rather than let them go their way.

With [illegible] years and more experience, however, the successor to the [illegible] Oscar appears to have [illegible] and acquired [illegible]. It is generally believed throughout Sweden now that Gustave will make an acceptable king. Like his father, he is tall and of striking appearance.

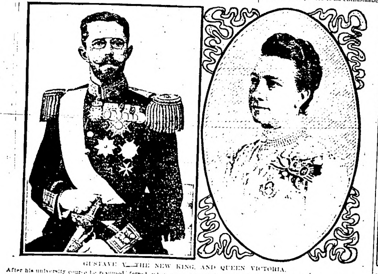

GUSTAVE V.—THE NEW KING, AND QUEEN VICTORIA.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.

For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal,
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

STANDARD SLEEPING CAR COMFORT

on your trip to St. Paul or Minneapolis, you can avoid the fatigue that usually follows a night in an ordinary day coach by using our standard sleeping car. Long roomy berths—Plush upholstered seats.

Use Train Number 6

to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other intermediate points, and ride in the standard sleeper. The comfort is worth the cost. Good connections at Crookston for Passengers from Thief River Falls. For rat s and reservations, call on,

W. E. Baker,
Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,

Contractors and Builders

BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

No matter where a man is located he believes he knows of a place where money is easily and readily made; a place where the fields are always green. But after he sells out, at a sacrifice, and moves, he finds that the reports from the place are dishonest and that it has its drawbacks and disadvantages; and success is only possible there by adopting the same hard rules required by success everywhere. —International Falls Press.

Notwithstanding the fact that we Americans find much to admire regarding the great postal system operated by our Uncle Samuel, yet the fact that he is not infallible and that his methods are subject to criticism is evidenced by the many raps taken at him and his works by both press and laiety. The Buffalo Journal is out with the request to its readers asking them to rebel against paying the box rent charged at the local postoffice, claiming an unjust discrimination because of the free delivery in the country and larger cities. The further assertion is made that the boxes are but a labor saving device and would be used just as extensively if no rent whatever was paid. Then another exchange adds to this the fact that the local postmaster is required to furnish the boxes, often at considerable expense, and the department takes all the rents collected for its own personal use. So it goes on and on. Nothing is perfect and some there are who will never be satisfied.—Detroit Record.

Minnesota timber will last but a short time longer, says a veteran lumberman who has made a study of the supply, and then will come the devastion of the Oregon, California and Washington forests. After that what has the country to depend for structural material outside of its iron deposits and banks of gravel. Iron and cement will both figure a great deal heavier in the building trades twenty years hence than they do now. In fact nearly all buildings erected will have to be of iron, clay or cement composition because of the lack of timber. Wood will be an ornament and old well built houses of today which are well preserved and kept from the weather, will bring big sums. With the lack of timber and particularly the sorts available for the manufacture of paper the newspapers will be handicapped by almost prohibitive prices for their staff of life and it is likely that we will have a return of the parchment and gut of years, years ago, who knows but what we may have to resort to the old stone tablet method of the days of Moses. One thing is certain, however and that is that timber in any shape or will be worth money.

A writer in the Saturday Evening Post, in reviewing some of the recently adopted state constitutions, makes some pointed and pertinent allusions to constitutions in general and the manner in which the average American regards them. He says:

"The almost superstitious reverence of constitutions is an attribute distinctively American. Our veneration for the Federal Constitution is equaled only by our lack of knowledge of its provisions. We were compelled to read it in school, but have not done so since and most of us have it mixed in a vague way with the immortal Declaration of Independence; but all of us doff our hats and swallow our disappointment when some judge of a higher or lower court nullifies our favorite act of legislation by scrawling across it that awesome and omnipotent word, "unconstitutional," we do not know just why it is unconstitut

[illegible] and possibly the judge
to our school funds.

doesn't; but we do know that a thing cannot be right if it is unconstitutional, and we regard the excommunicated enactment as a rock on which our ship of state would have been wrecked had not the judicial pilot read his chart aright. We also believe—at least, most of us do—that constitution making is a lost art. It is the popular belief that our national greatness is due to the fact that constructive statecraft reached its zenith in 1789, and that it was decreed that a few men should meet in secret session and mould a document perfectly fitted for a civilization of which the most imaginative of the founders had not the faintest vision. We are fond of believing—why, I do not know—that the men of a century and a quarter ago knew more of our needs than we do ourselves, and that it is unpatriotic to hint anything to the coutrary."

The Red River valley is just now on the verge of a far reaching change in the method of farming, and is passing through the same experience that every new country which began with exclusive wheat raising has had to pass through in adapting itself to a diversified system. What Illinois, Iowa and southern Minnesota had to learn years ago, we are now learning. Those farmers, who hung onto the old style of farming too long, were most of them forced to the wall. And so here. Farmers who fail to adapt themselves to the new conditions have a struggle on their hands, notwithstanding the high price of cereals. A few get discouraged and leave for greener, though less promising fields. But the Red River valley farmers as a class are doing a lot of thinking just now and are learning fast. They are passing through the ordeal incident to the change with less friction than farmers have done anywhere else. The numerous creameries established in the valley, and the increased production of meat, poultry, eggs, hay and other farm products are evidence of this fact.—Warren Sheaf.

The Precious Pine.

To one who has had the felicity of engaging in any building operation the last year or so, Forester Pinchot's statement of the progressive destruction of our timber supply, and the corresponding scarcity of lumber, will come with all the convincing power of a doctor's bill to a convalescent.

The consumption per capita in the United States, he says, has risen to four hundred board feet a year against an average of sixty feet in Europe, and the timber cut since 1880 would make a floor one inch thick over the States of Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Delaware.

The price of it, at current quotations, would plate the floor with solid silver and put a gold head on each and every nail.

No one seems to have any remedy, but we have heard the opinion hazarded, in a purely tentative way, that the tariff, which penalizes Canada's immense timber supply and puts a premium of two dollars a thousand feet on the cutting of native trees, does not materially improve the situation. —Saturday Evening Post.

Flags In Battle.

The evolution of the battleflag was a gradual process, and evidence of its first use in warfare is neither definite nor decisive. Its germ was contained in the numerous and varied standards and ensigns used by the ancient Egyptians, the Assyrians and the Chaldeans, from whose wooden or metallic images of favorite deities the modern battle flag has been elaborated. Naval flags were carried in the sterns of Greek battleships as far back as 500 B. C. Probably the linen tunic hoisted by Antigonus as a signal for his Illyrian troops to begin the attack at Sellasia and the waving of his red cloak to start a cavalry charge were the first demonstrations of the usefulness of flags on the battlefield.

A Business Matter.

She—Here is your engagement ring, Henry. I can't marry you. I love another. He—What is his name? She—In heaven's name, you won't kill him, will you? He—Oh, no; but I thought I might do a deal with him with this ring.—Scoutra.

who did the thing".

THE BABY.

Where did you come from, baby, dear?
Out of the everywhere into the here.

Where did you get your eyes so blue?
Out of the sky as I came through.

What makes the light in them sparkle and spin?
Some of the starry spikes left in.

Where did you get that little tear?
I found it waiting when I got here.

What makes your forehead so smooth and high?
A soft hand stroked it as I went by.

What makes your cheek like a warm white rose?
Something better than any one knows.

Whence that three cornered smile of bliss?
Three angels gave me at once a kiss.

Where did you get that pearly ear?
God spoke, and it came out to hear.

Where did you get those arms and hands?
Love made itself into hooks and bands.

Feet, whence did you come, you darling things?
From the same box as the cherubs' wings.

How did they all just come to be you?
God thought about me, and so I grew.

But how did you come to us, you dear?
God thought of you, and so I am here.
—George Macdonald.

Short Time Only

We are going to quit doing business on December 31. This leaves but a short time in which you will be able to get your

Clothes and Furishings at Less Than Cost.

The stock is getting low but if we have your size you are sure to get the benefit of a big bargain. Don't fail to come in if you need anything in wearing apparel. You will never again have such a chance to get good goods for so little money.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.
KENISON & AMUNDSON, Proprietors.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
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COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Watches

We carry the largest and best stock of watches of any house in the Northwest and here quote you prices that cannot be duplicated elswhere. We carry in stock such standard makes as the Hamilton, Elgin, Waltham, Trenton, New York Standards, Betsy Ross, etc. Also a fine line of standard railroad watches.

Gentlemen's Watches.

7 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$3.65
15 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.00
17 jewels, 18 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.25
17 jewels, 18 size Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price,	$8.50
7 jewels, 16 size Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.50
15 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.25
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.50
17 jewels, 16 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$13.00
7 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.00
15 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$7.40
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$9.50
17 jewels, 12 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted, price	$14.85

Ladies Watches.

7 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$4.75
15 jewels, 6 size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$5.80
7 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$6.90
15 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, price,	$8.50
17 jewels, O size, smallest size, Elgin or Waltham watch, adjusted price	$14.00

Slaughter prices on cut glass. We can save you money on anything you want in the holiday line.

City Drug and Jewelry Store.
F. J. STEBBINS, PROP.

"THE MERRY MILKMAIDS."

Opera Given by Home Talent Last Evening a Great Success.

Performance Will Be Again Repeated This Evening.

The comic opera, "The Merry Milkmaids" presented in the Evenson opera house last evening by home talented under the direction of Prof. G. T. Wilson was a success in every way and a large and appreciative audience witnessed the play. The opera will again be given this evening and those who did not witness the play last evening should be sure to attend tonight. The following is the cast of characters and the synopsis of the play:

CAST OF CHARACTERS:

Queen of the Milkmaids	Mrs. G. Halvorson
Dorothy, the coquette	Hazel Toye
Commodore	O. C. Hilden
Village Judge	G. Halvorson
Monica	Mrs. A. I. Anderson
Farmer Jim	G. T. Wilson
Dutch Doctor	W. B. Krouse
Ruth	Mrs. M. Hathaway
Margery	Agnes Bakke
Farmer Joe	Dr. P. L. Vistaunet
Juanita	Mrs. O. L. Mellby
Anita	Pauline Golla
Janit	Mrs. C. A. Nason
Captain	B. Dan Bjorkman
Fay	Emma Backe
Maud	Blanche Godward
Edith	Eleanor Connelly
Alma	Florence Wharton
Clara	Lulu McCrum
Myrtle	Mrs. Nettie Torrison
Sir Chalk	F. C. Nicall
Sir Pump	B. Dan Bjorkman
Milk Can No. 1	A. H. Huseth
Milk Can No. 2	A. I. Anderson
Milk Can No. 3	Ione Higgins
Milk Can No. 4	Grace Reiner

CHORUS OF MILKMAIDS.

Clara Backe, Ione Higgins, Esther Kretzschmar, Nellie Berg, Mrs. F. J. Lawrence, Gertrude Meehan, Minnie Bakke, Ada Danielson, Grace Reiner, Marie Gilbertson, Gertrude Knoff, Marie Sponheim, May L. Paine, Mrs. Anna Huseth, Elsie Robbeck, Pauline Lind, Florence Berg.

FARMERS BRIGADE.

O. L. Hallowell, Frank Kratka, Ernest O'Neill, Thomas Lonson, Willis Akre, Wm. Prichard, Harry Prichard, Lester Brady, Stafford Curran, James Curran, R. A. Kromer.

ACT I.

SCENE I.

The opera opens with the milkmaid's greeting to the early morning, answered by the farmer boys on their way to the field. This is followed by a duet between Janet and Anita to the accompaniment of the tinkling bells from the pasture lands.

The farmer's brigade is out in early training and stop to linger with the milkmaids before going to work. The Village Judge passes that way and expounds love to the girls, who are very much amused at his lengthy discourse and the maids are then off to the milking.

SCENE II.

The commodore finds a substantial breakfast and is surprised by the Doctor, but being a quick witted individual eludes his persecutor. The Doctor goes in search of him.

Romantic little Dorothy is enticed by the wiles of a bold rover, posing as a commodore, to go with him to seek their fortune. Her faithful lover, Farmer Jim, is forgotten and the sham commodore is jubilant over his success.

The Dairy Queen comes from her morning walk in time to welcome the maids who return with flowing pails.

Dorothy is telling her morning adventure to the Queen and receiving advice when footsteps are heard and the beggar (the commodore) appears, tells his tragical tale of misfortune, and departs in disgust as Farmer Jim enters with confessions, to learn that his declaration has been so long deferred that he is, alas! too late.

Maids are singing while polishing the buckets and pans, when a peddler (the Doctor in disguise in search of the Commodore) enters and displays his wares. Ruth has a bit of romance to relate. Monica, the Indian fortune teller, then reveals the future to Dorothy. The farmer boys return from the fields amid hearty demonstrations of welcome.

ACT II.

Happy maids churn the golden butter. Alma gives the maids a glimpse of her childhood and then all go off to the milking. Farmer Jim, driven to the depths of despondency, is in need of encouragement, which he receives from Farmer Joe and the village judge, but Monica makes him the happiest of all by her words of good cheer.

The jolly gentlemen on their way home are accosted by the arrogant Commodore, whose identity is exposed by the Doctor, which causes Farmer Jim to build a bright air castle of Hope.

Margery indulges in retrospection and the busy judge pauses a moment to paint a picture of life. Vesper bells announce the close of day. Dorothy discovers the Commodore is a sham and when Farmer Jim again tells her his love in presenting a bunch of Mayflowers she acknowledges she always loved him. They decide to float down Life's stream together.

Chalk, Pump and the Milk Cans take the evening train for the city.

The maids and farmer boys return from labor and Ruth makes a startling announcement as the vesper song comes floating in from the neighboring chapel and the wedding bells peal forth.

INTERVAL CURTAIN.

The entrance of the bridal couple provokes a merry demonstration of "All hail to the farmer's bride" and happiness reigns in the home of "THE MERRY MILKMAIDS."

The duet, "Oh Pretty Maid," and the song, "Sweet Bunch of Mayflowers," were written by Mr. Wilson for this production.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Jan. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

PEOPLE ARE WARNED.

State Fire Warden Cautions People About the Decorations

Christmas Trees Are Dangerous and May Cause Fires.

A year ago a Christmas tree caught fire in one of the larger churches in St. Paul during the program of a Sunday School festival, and a panic was barely averted.

Such awful consequences may follow incidents of this nature that it staggers imagination.

Warnings against the dangers lurking in this torchlike toy, this instrument of whole-souled joy or, perchance, nameless horrors, cannot be repeated too often.

A Christmas tree should be made as fire-proof as possible. It is dangerous at best. No candles should be put upon it; if candles must be used, then

Don't put cotton on it.

Don't put paper articles on it.

Don't put candy wrapped in paper on it.

Don't put celluloid articles on it.

Don't put lace or popcorn-strings on it.

Don't put candles on weak branches, because they may shift position in losing weight from burning and set the tree on fire.

Don't put any inflamable articles under the tree when candles are lit; a spark from a twig may set them on fire.

Don't set the tree in a cotton-made snowbank; it may put your house in ashes and turn your joy into mourning.

Don't leave children alone with the tree, nor the tree alone with itself when the candles are lit. Don't place the tree, near window curtains; a slight draught may swing them against a candle.

Decorations can hardly improve upon Nature's architecture, as displayed in a well proportioned evergreen, but if the tree must be decorated, non-inflamable articles should be put on. And the Christmas shops glitter with a countless variety of pretty and cheap ornaments that may be safely used. A little care in its selection may save money, joy, homes, churches, festival halls and lives.

EDWARD PETERSON,
State Fire Marshall.

GENERAL DEMAND.

For Homesteaders in This Section of the State.

Crookston, Minn., Dec. 11.—During the past few months there has been a notable increase in the number of contests filed on homesteads located in Northern Red Lake, Roseau and Eastern Marshall counties, and this fact indicates the increased demand for desirable farms in this section. While the government has been enforcing a more strict compliance with the land laws in recent years, the fact remains that the homesteaders on the frontier lands as they might be called were not very particular regarding their terms of residence nor the provisions regarding improvements.

The time has come, however, when every piece of land is being watched and a homesteader who does not live up strictly to all the requirements is practically certain of losing his land. The local United States land office has a long list of contests scheduled for the next few months, and more are being filed nearly every day.

Lodge Officers.

The following officers have been elected by the various lodges of this city;

C. O. F.

R. J. McGinn, Chief Ranger; Pat Soards, Vice Chief Ranger; Wm. J. McGinty, Past Chief Ranger; Matt. Barzen, Rec. Sec. Hubert Holtzknecht, Fin. Sec. Wm. Mulry, Treasurer; Fred Holtzknecht & John Baker, Trustees; John Baker, conductor; Henry Schmitz, Inner Sentinel; John Schmitz, Outer Sentinel.

M. W. A.

Consul, I. C. Richardson; Worthy Advisor, J. L. Higgins; Banker, Herman Ohm; Clerk, Louis Lonson; Sentry, Engle Peterson; Watchman, Loren Miller; Physician, Dr. Henry Grundy; Manager, R. A. Kromer.

F. O. E.

Pres., Jas. Bulman; Vice Pres., A. O. Westin; Sec., C. H. Porter; Chaplain, E. J. Erickson; Treas., R. McGinn; Inside Guard, Carl Fredrickson; Outside Guard, Knut Swanson; Trustees, C. C. Jackson, Chris. Paulson, Albert Spokely.

E. O. S.

Worthy Matron, Jessie Penny; Worthy Patron, A. I. Anderson; Associate Matron, Nicoline Hawes; Secretary, Edith Anderson; Treasurer, Fina Borry; Conductress, Leesa Lakin; Associate Conductress, Mary Christianson.

I. O. O. F.

Chas. Olson, Noble Grand; Andy Erickson; Vice Grand; Wm. Durbin, Secretary; Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer.

A Job For the Fool Killer.

What was evidently intended for a harmless joke nearly caused the death of several people at Holmes station, eight miles north of Fertile, a week ago Tuesday night. The matter has been kept quiet until now, with the result that the perpetrators of the deed have been found out.

As near as we can find out a number of young men of that vicinity got together to have some fun with Chris. Folstad, the Holmes section foreman, who was recently married. They waited till nearly midnight when all were asleep and then climbed on the roof of the house and stuffed the chimney full of old rags and then quietly skipped away. Folstad went to bed that night with a good soft coal fire and when the draft was shut off the house soon became filled with escaping gas and smoke. Folstad, his wife and two children of his first wife slept downstairs, while in the upper rooms were Oliver Lode and two of his children and one other section man. Lode was awakened some time after midnight by being in terrible agony and being convinced that something was wrong attempted to awaken his children but couldn't. He hastily picked them up, carried them down stairs and out doors and then went in to arouse the others which he accomplished after considerable effort. The two Lode children suffered the worst and it took nearly an hour in the open air to revive them. All the inmates were more or less sick for several hours and but for the awakening of Mr. Lode the "jokers" would have discovered a ghastly sight the following morning.—Fertile Journal.

BIJOU THEATRE.

For the first half of Christmas week the management has secured Edison's latest featured subject, entitled, "The Midnight Ride of Paul Revere." Views of the Green Dragon Inn are shown. The committee of safety meets. A daughter of liberty brings the warning. The British are leaving the town to night. Paul Revere arrives. Views of Old North church are shown and sentinels are posted. Revere's friend slips by them into the church. The signal lights are hung. The British discover him. He escapes through the window as they break in the church door. On the opposite shore Paul Revere waits for the signal lights, and lo! as he looks on the belfry height, a glimmer and then a gleam of light, a second lamp in the belfry burns. The fight with the British on Lexington Green is shown. The farmers gave them ball for ball, from behind each fence and farmyard wall, and thus was fired, the shot that was heard around the world.

Dr. A. J. Klimek,
The Leading Jeweler
WISHES ALL OF HIS CUSTOMERS
AND FRIENDS A MERRY CHRISTMAS
AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

THE KING OF CURES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

FREE
TO BUYERS AT OUR STORE.
ONE PARLOR LAMP
ONE JARDINER
ONE BERRY DISH
Come in and we will explain how you can get one or more of these premiums.
Our sale on winter goods previously advertised still continues.
J. H. JACOBSON,
NORTH MAIN AVENUE

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.
Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

TORRISON BROS.,
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.
O. M. EVENSON, LICENSED EMBALMER.
We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

A SLAVE TO CAPITALISM.

The Independent Farmer Is Behind the Procession.

The farmer does not live as well as the average mechanic. He works longer hours, and his wife works still longer. He does not have as good a house, is not accessible to any amusements or recreation. The farmer works twelve to fifteen hours a day and his wife works eighteen. The mechanic works eight or ten at most, and the wife of the mechanic dresses better, has more leisure, more neighbors, attends more theaters, entertainments and socials than the farmer's wife. The children of the mechanic have better opportunities to develop, to see and learn, than the children of the farmer, whose isolation leaves them undeveloped as to the meaning of the great world they live in.

The "independent farmer" has not kept up with the procession. He is a slave to capitalism. The capitalist class puts the price on everything he raises and puts the price on everything he buys. He is given a mean living for fifteen hours' work for himself and whole family. The mechanic by organization gets as good or a better living for not over ten hours' work.

The tenant farmer or the hired farm hand does not get as good a living as the common laborer of the cities, except in the matter of food alone. Great is the independent farmer! I would not own a farm as a gift and take his *long hours and isolation* for the sake of having a perpetual "job" of work. I would prefer the dependence of the wage earner to such "independence."

Will the farmers not wake up to see the great bunko game that is being played upon them by the capitalist class? The farmers feed themselves and feed the whole world besides, and what do they get? Why, they get food and a little shoddy clothing! Socialism will give them everything that the world produces for not over six or eight hours average work per day. Their isolation and lack of association with their kind have prevented them from organizing as have the city workers. But they can join the Socialist party and thus work together against the common foe—capitalism. The ownership of a farm means only a mean living for the farmer. The city worker gets that without the ownership and with less labor. Their interests are identical. Will the farmer see it?—William C. Green.

Socialism Against Anarchy.

Socialism or Collectivism is definitely set over against anarchy as its legitimate opponent, as its opposite. Anarchism contends that the working class is incapable of emancipating itself. Anarchism declares only for revolution and refuses any statement of what it would do. Anarchism always relates itself to the present state, not as a good citizen seeking justice, but as a rebel promoting disorder. Anarchism is a programme of destruction. Socialism contends that the working class must and will emancipate itself and by securing power in government introduce collective ownership of great productive and distributive enterprises of the nation. It has a definite programme in accord with natural evolution. Its votaries are good citizens working through the lawful agencies of our civilization to change what is bad in our present system. Socialism puts forward a constructive programme that challenges the trust and confidence of all men. People confound Socialism and anarchy and yet we themselves confess that in very many respects the present system is absolute anarchy. The Socialist strives to get rid of the anarchy in the present system. We must surely be in sympathy with their efforts in this respect.—G. H. Strobell.

Now and Under Socialism.

A Socialist government would be a pure democracy, and if the people decided to have a deep waterway the public servants would proceed at once to carry out the will of the people.

Today it is necessary to send numerous special trains and special boats loaded with grafters and other cheap politicians to make speeches and to carouse at champagne suppers.—Peoria Socialist.

A Scientist's View.

I am looking to the coming year with no expectation of any great change, political or social, but with a hope and belief that the great movement among the workers in favor of a more rational and more equitable system of government and of social organization will continue to grow as it has been growing during the last few years.—Alfred Russell Wallace.

To Lovers of Liberty.

Those who love the liberties already won must open the door to the new unless they wish to see them all take flight together. There can be no single liberty. Liberties go in clusters like the Pleiades.—Henry D. Lloyd.

A FEW WON'TS.

You can afford books when Socialism comes.

There will be no blacklists under Socialism.

There will be no panics under Socialism.

There will be no unfair lists under Socialism.

There will be no renters or evictions when Socialism comes.

There will be no boodling and no grafting under Socialism.

You will have time for reading and study when Socialism comes.

Men will not work all their lives and then be made paupers in a day by a fire or panic when Socialism comes.—Appeal to Reason.

to our school funds.

AIMS OF SOCIALISM.

Complete Political Democracy Based on Adult Suffrage.

And the right of man to labor and his
right to labor in joy—
Not all your laws can deny that right nor
the gates of hell destroy.

Socialism does not propose to surround life with a network of laws in the vain hope that it will make men perfect and remodel human nature by legal enactment, but it does propose to destroy, as far as this is possible by collective effort, all those antisocial conditions which compel men to live vain, hopeless, sordid, brutal and unworthy lives. It does not expect nor will it attempt to override the great laws of human nature and make men equal, but it does make the proposal that all those things which deny equal opportunities and create unnatural inequalities should be destroyed. It claims for every child born into the world its heirship to the vast resources of wisdom and knowledge so painfully gathered by the race through long ages. It claims for every child equal opportunity for the fullest and freest development of all its powers, leaving only natural inequalities to manifest themselves. That is the "equality" of Socialism. To be more specific, the form of government at which Socialism aims, the form of government essential to its very existence, is a complete political democracy resting on the broad basis of adult suffrage. It thus elevates woman to the plane of political and social equality with man. Industrially the state—no longer representative of a class, but of the whole nation—will be as democratic as it is politically.

In a schoolroom a wise teacher placed a beautiful rose to brighten the day for her children. Soon the boys and girls began to clamor for the rose, each begging the teacher for the sole possession of it. "To give it to any one boy or girl would be unjust to all the others," said the teacher. "Besides, it would be unwise, for whoever obtained it could not get more of its beauty than now. I cannot divide it, for if I do the rose will be destroyed, and each child will have a worthless petal only. There will be no rose. Together we can enjoy it. In a real sense each of us owns the rose." Social property is like that. It cannot be owned by any individual without robbing all other individuals. It cannot be divided without ruin. Yet each individual can own the whole of its utility and enjoy its full benefits.—John Spargo.

A Paradox.

The present system is a fine mechanism and also a clumsy process, according to the point of view. As a machine for abstracting from the worker the largest possible share of his product, mainly in insensible ways, it is a marvel of ingenuity and effectiveness, while, on the other hand, looked at with regard to its economic function, its contribution to human welfare, its only true reason for existence—which is the production of the largest possible volume of useful commodities and the distribution of these commodities as widely and as evenly as possible—it is a rude and clumsy machine.—Weeks.

Political Action.

Jaures, the French M. P., said: "We are in favor of political action because we want economic freedom.

"You may have traitors in any party, but the worst traitor and most dangerous foe is he who as you go out to fight says, 'Leave your weapons at home.' The most powerful weapon of the working class in their struggle is political action, and the most dangerous enemies of the working class are those who advise them not to use that weapon."

The Contemptible Neutral.

The world was full of battle,
The whole world, far and wide.
Men and women and children
Were fighting on either side.

I was sent from the hottest combat
With a message of life and death.
Black with smoke and red with blood,
Weary and out of breath.

Forced to linger a moment
And bind a stubborn wound,
Cursing the hurt that kept me back
From the fiery battleground—

When I found a cheerful stranger,
Calm, critical, serene,
Well sheltered from all danger,
Painting a battle scene.

He was cordially glad to see me,
The coolly smiling wretch,
And inquired with admiration,
"Do you mind if I make a sketch?"

So he had me down in a minute,
With murmurs of real delight.
My "color" was "delicious,"
My "action" was "just right!"

And he prattled on with ardor
Of the moving scene below,
Of the "values" of the smoke wreaths
And the "splendid rush and go."

Of the headlong desperate charges,
Where a thousand lives were spent;
Of the "massing" in the foreground
With the "middle distance" blent.

Said I: "You speak serenely
Of the living death in view.
These are human creatures dying.
Are you not human too?

"This is a present battle
Where all men strive today.
How does it chance you sit apart?
Which is your banner, say?"

His fresh cheek blanched a little,
And he answered, with a smile,
That he fought not on either side;
He was watching a little while.

"Watching," said I, "and neutral!
Neutral in times like these!"
And I plucked him off his sketching stool
And brought him to his knees.

I stripped him of his traveling cloak
And showed him to the sky—
By himself [illegible], a traitor,
By his handiwork, a spy!

I dragged him back to the field he left,
To the fate he was fitted for.
We have no place for lookers-on
While all the world's at war.

who did the thing'."

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on January 7th, 1908 viz: Bernard P. Hvidding H. E. No. 278 Red Lake Series for the Lot 1 and N.½ of N.E.¼ and S.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of Sec. 10, Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Carl Beiswenger, of	Anton, Minn.
Krist Larson, of	" "
Knut Solheim, of	" "
Cornelius H. Helland, of	" "

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R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 16, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 30th, 1907, viz: Gus Peterson H. E. No. 5560 Chippewa Series for the W.½ of N.E.¼ and E.½ of N.W.¼ of Sec. 33, Twp. 156 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gunerius Olson,	of	Sorum, Minn.
Frank Carlson,	"	" "
Haltan Olson,	"	" "
August Nelson,	"	" "

nov 21 dec 26

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Bergling of Thief River Falls, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 23 made June 20th 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 24, Township 154 N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Dec., 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Elias Overland	of	Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Swanson	"	" " " "
Renold Johnson	"	" " " "
Frank L. Bergling	"	Brunkeberg, Minn.

nov 21 dec 26

R. J. Montague,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Nov. 5, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 23rd., 1907, viz: Christ Anderson H. E. No. 5461 Chippewa Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 9, in Twp. 155 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Nels Sordahl,	of	Thorwick, Minn
Albert Klogness,	"	" "
Ed. Hanson,	"	" "
Julius Finnan,	"	" "

nov 14 dec 19

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class in All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to
H. FANT'S

DEED OF A LUNATIC

Minneapolis Man While Insane Slays Wife and Himself.

DESPONDENT OVER LOSSES

Financial Affairs Believed to Be Responsible for Worry That Ended in Double Tragedy.

Crazed with worry over financial losses C. M. Colby, sixty-five years of age, murdered his wife and killed himself with a razor in their home at the Oxford flats in Minneapolis.

The wife fought frantically for her life when attacked by the demented man and her daughter, Mrs. Ernest Boyd, twenty-two years of age, ran from the house in search of help, but returned with aid too late to prevent the terrible tragedy. She found her parents lying lifeless on the floor with the blood-stained razor between them.

The insanity which caused the deed had been noted in Mr. Colby by his wife and daughter for some time. Repeated financial losses had unbalanced his mind and he had spoken often of killing himself and had suggested to them that they all take strychnine. Only a few hours before he made his murderous assault upon his wife he had turned on the gas in their rooms in an effort to kill his entire family.

OFFICIALS MAY BE OUSTED

Mayors and Chiefs of Police of Twin Cities in Danger of Removal.

There is a possibility that as a result of the activities of "lid crusaders" in both cities St. Paul and Minneapolis will lose their present mayors and chiefs of police.

A formal demand for the official scalps of Mayor Robert A. Smith and Chief O'Connor of St. Paul has been formulated and presented, and in Minneapolis the advocates of a strict enforcement of laws restricting the sale of liquor have threatened to adopt similar tactics against Mayor J. C. Haynes and Chief of Police Frank T. Corriston.

Officers of the St. Paul City Union of Christian Endeavor societies have mailed a letter to Attorney General Young asking him to take the necessary steps to procure the prompt enforcement of the 11 o'clock closing law for saloons. This is the result of a resolution passed at an executive committee meeting of the union. The attorney general may remove the mayor or police officials if they refuse to enforce the state laws.

TWO BROTHERS DROWNED

While Skating Minnesota Boys Go Through the Ice.

Edwin and Clarence Greden, fifteen and twelve years of age, respectively, were drowned in Buffalo lake, near Buffalo.

The two boys left home to go skating. They failed to return home and a searching party was sent out. The body of one was discovered in about thirty feet of water and an hour later the other body was found about fifteen feet from that of the first.

From the positions of the bodies and the fact that the mitten of the younger was found on the ice it is thought the older plunged into the icy waters through an airhole and that in endeavoring to help his brother the younger was himself dragged to his death.

MINNESOTA LAW UPHELD.

High School Fraternities Lose Right of Existence.

The high school fraternity as an institution lost its fight and its right to existence by a district court decision at Minneapolis holding that the new state law forbidding such organizations is valid. With the beginning of the present school year the parents of members of one of the Minneapolis high school fraternities brought an action to test the law. The secret societies have been permitted to continue pending the decision, but they must now go.

Court Upholds Big Verdict.

The supreme court has affirmed a judgment given in the Ramsey county district court at St. Paul for $30,000 in favor of Early W. Whitehead against the Wisconsin Central Railroad company. The plaintiff, a brakeman in the employ of the railroad, while standing on top of a freight car was knocked to the ground by coming in contact with a low overhead bridge. He was run over and both his legs were cut off.

Girl Burned to Death.

A seven-year-old daughter of F. H. Meyers, who lived on a farm three miles south of Jackson, was burned to death while playing with fire. While the parents were out of doors the child put some paper in the open stove. The paper blazed up and the girl's clothing was ignited. She ran out of the house and the wind fanned the flames to such intensity that the girl was [illegible]. She died soon afterwards.

Section Hand Burned to Death.

August North, [illegible], a section hand, met a terrible death at [illegible] Siding, near [illegible], when the shed in which he was sleeping caught fire and burned to the ground. North is supposed to have been suffocated by the smoke and when his body was taken out of the ruins it was terribly burned and disfigured.

JOHNSON BOOM GROWING.

Influential Element of Democracy Backing Minnesotan.

A special from Washington to the St. Paul Dispatch says:

That Governor Johnson will be taken up by a very influential element of the Democratic party for president is now generally conceded in Washington, even by the personal friends of Bryan. If overtures and efforts which will soon be under way to make Governor Johnson the nominee meet with success a formidable and forcible Johnson organization will be seen by March 1. His visit to Washington and his all around popular qualities made the Minnesota governor the talk of the hour. Columns have been written about him in Eastern papers and some of the writers have perhaps overdone the printing of praise for the governor.

He is compared to Abraham Lincoln and is looked upon as the saviour of the Democratic party. When he left for home there were telegrams for him to visit New York and meet with prominent party men.

The prediction is made here that John A. Johnson will at the proper time declare himself a candidate against Bryan. It is based on conclusions made, not only upon observations here, but upon a close study of the situation in Minnesota and the Northwest generally.

RECOMMENDS DISBARMENT

Bar Association Acts in Case of Attorney Who Criticised Court.

Disbarment is to be the punishment of Francis B. Hart, Minneapolis attorney, for his recent attack on the supreme court of Minnesota, if the recommendation of the State Bar association is adopted.

A joint meeting of the board of governors and ethics committee was held at the office of How, Butler & Mitchell in St. Paul, when the matter was discussed. Subsequently the board of governors and the ethics committee held separate meetings, when each organization adopted resolutions that were later adopted by the joint body.

The resolutions recite that the attack by Mr. Hart on the state supreme court was unwarranted and unjustifiable and that it should receive unqualified condemnation.

The Bar association also took action providing that counsel be appointed to represent the association in the disbarment proceedings.

The resolution adopted by the ethics committee orders that charges be preferred against Mr. Hart before the board of governors in order that his expulsion be brought about.

ST. PAUL MAN STABBED.

General Row Among Hungarians May Result Fatally.

Paul Garsovitsch is in a critical condition at the St. Paul city hospital from a knife wound under his left shoulder and a cut on his left wrist. His injuries were inflicted during a general row among a crowd of Hungarians, who gathered for a social at the home of John Anelen.

Three kegs of beer are said to have been brought to the house. A fight started and Garsovitsch was stabbed in the back with a table knife. The knife penetrated three inches into the man's back and he fell unconscious on the floor. The men and women fled, but seven arrests were made later in connection with the affair.

TRAGEDY IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Jealous Husband Kills His Wife and Himself.

While his wife and their two little children, the eldest only six years old, were asleep George Stimson of Minneapolis shot his wife through the heart and then killed himself. Both probably died instantly. The bodies were not discovered until twenty-four hours after the tragedy. During all that time the children, oblivious to what had taken place, were locked up with the dead bodies of their parents, unable to understand why they slept so long. Jealousy is assigned as the cause of the tragedy.

DROWNED IN LEECH LAKE

Young Woman and Companion Perish While Skating.

Miss Lola Bright of Walker and Walter Johnson of Robbinsdale were drowned while skating on Leech lake at Walker. The bodies were recovered in about eight feet of water off Walker point, about half a mile from the Walker dock.

Miss Bright was one of the most popular and likeable young ladies in the village and was the only daughter of William Bright, one of Walker's merchants.

Costly Fire in Minneapolis.

Fire in the upper floors of the Syndicate arcade at Minneapolis threatened one of the most valuable retail and business property. Prompt work on the part of the firemen alone saved the [illegible] building. A high wind fanned the flames into a fury. The total damage by fire and water will amount to [illegible] [illegible] in water [illegible].

Railroad Man a Suicide.

Henry [illegible] died in Minneapolis from [illegible] [illegible] was in great [illegible] when he retired and no reason is assigned for the suicide. An empty bottle labelled "morphine" was found in his room.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

After deciding to hold the next Democratic national convention at Denver and fixing the date of the meeting for July 7, 1908, the Democratic national committee entered upon a spirited debate on the propriety of accepting more of the $100,000 offered by Denver for the convention than actually needed to pay the expenses in that city. By a vote of 31 to 14 it was finally decided to accept the money.

Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court at Chicago, has entered the final decree in the suit of sixteen railroads against fifty-two ticket scalpers, in accordance with the recent decision of the United States supreme court holding that the business of railroad ticket scalpers is illegal.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States district court at Kansas City, issued an order temporarily restraining the Missouri state board of warehouse and railway commissioners and Attorney General Hadley from putting into effect the new law reducing express rates.

In the closest and hardest fought election contest which Boston has known for many years the city went Republican by about 2,000 votes, Postmaster George A. Hibbard, Rep., defeating Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, Dem., who was *a candidate for reelection*.

Attorney General Beyers has notified the county attorneys in every county in Iowa that he will insist on a strict enforcement of the Martin mulct prohibition law. His orders apply to those cities and towns in Iowa which do not live up to the closing law.

The lid is on in Iowa. Saloons Sunday were closed throughout the state and hereafter they will close at 10 p. m. everywhere if they would avoid prosecution.

State's Attorney John J. Healy has announced publicly that he will enforce the laws so as to close every saloon in Chicago on Sunday.

Industrial education as a part of the public school system is to be a fact in Chicago in the near future.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

High water caused the collapse of a new bridge in course of erection over the West branch of the Susquehanna river at Millinville, Pa., and resulted in the death of seven men and the injury of nearly a score of others, two of whom may die. Forty men were at work on the traveler on the middle span of the structure when it collapsed. They were all thrown into the swollen river.

Three hundred and twenty-two bodies have been recovered from the two mines at Monongah, W. Va., where a terrible explosion occurred recently. Coal company officials, at the conclusion of a house to house canvass, announced 338 men missing, indicating sixteen bodies still in the mines, which are supposed to be under falls of slate and earth that have not yet been disturbed.

Ernest Schultz and F. W. Rylo were fatally scalded and twelve others severely burned in an engine room at the American Steel and Wire company's plant at Cleveland, O.

Loss of life and great damage to property are reported from Eastern and Central Pennsylvania by floods.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The Union Avenue Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, Mo., which was obliged to close by the suspension of the National Bank of Commerce, will reopen for business.

The Fairbanks Banking company of Fairbanks, Alaska, has closed its doors on account of a lack of currency. The officials state that the suspension is temporary.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 14.—Wheat—May, $1.07¼; July, $1.07⅛@1.08. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.01¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.01¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅛@1.02¼; No. 3 Northern, 97¼@99¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 14.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.00@4.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—$4.20@4.65. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.60.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 14.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅛; Dec., $1.01⅛; May, $1.08⅛. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.01⅛; No. 2 Northern, 99⅛c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12; Dec., $1.12¼; May, $1.18⅛.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—Wheat—Dec., [illegible]; May, $1.01¾@1.01⅞. Corn—Dec., 55¼@55⅝c; May, 57⅛@57⅜c. Oats—May, [illegible]; May, 51⅞c. Pork—Jan., $12.75; May, $12.15. Butter—Creameries, 24@25½c; dairies, 17@23c. Eggs—24@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 8@12c; chickens, 7c; springs, [illegible].

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—Cattle—Beeves, $[illegible]; cows and heifers, $[illegible]; Texans, $[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]; Westerners, $3.10@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.15. Hogs—Light, $4.15@4.55; mixed and butchers, $4.20@4.65; heavy, $4.20@4.65; rough, $4.20@4.35; pigs, $[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible]@4.45; yearlings, $4.50@5.30; lambs, $3.75@6.25.

ART WORLD ROMANCE

Pictures by Whistler, Long Hidden, Hung at West Point.

FIVE ORIGINAL DRAWINGS.

Sketches of Academy Life Made When Great Artist Was a Cadet Found in Fifty-year-old Scrapbook Stored in Attic—Camp Life Wittily Pictured.

By the discovery in a half forgotten box of a fifty-year-old scrapbook containing five original drawings by James Abbott MacNeill Whistler the library of the United States Military academy at West Point has been enriched and new light is thrown on the early work of the great artist, says the New York Herald. The other day the five pictures were hung on the walls at the academy, to which they were presented upon their discovery a few weeks ago. The story of their discovery is one of the romances of the world of art.

Fifty-six years ago, in the summer of 1851, Whistler, then a boy of sixteen, entered the Military academy. At that early age in life he had already begun to show marked talent for drawing, and the records of the academy show he was at the head of his class in that department. One of the West Point instructors was First Lieutenant Absalom Baird, who afterward gained distinction in the civil war and died with the rank of brigadier general. Lieutenant Baird encouraged the young cadet in his artistic ambition, and as a mark of his appreciation Whistler gave his instructor some of the sketches of scenes about the academy he had made in his leisure time.

Little dreaming that the author of the sketches would ever become one of the most famous American artists, Lieutenant Baird put them in a scrapbook in which he had filed many mementoes of West Point, preserving them undoubtedly because of the humorous recollections of cadet life which they called forth. After the civil war the scrapbook, with other volumes, was packed in a box and stored away in the attic of the home of General Baird's widow. The general's son in turn became an army officer and is now on the army list as Captain William Baird, retired.

A few weeks ago while rummaging among rubbish in the attic of his old home Captain Baird came upon the box of books and the scrapbook with the Whistler pictures. Knowing the Military academy was eager to get any mementoes of Whistler's life there, he sent the five drawings to Colonel Charles W. Larned, professor of drawing and dean of the academic board. Colonel Larned has had them framed, and four pen sketches representing a tired cadet on guard duty have been hung in the library, while a wash drawing occupies a place on the wall of the classroom of the department of drawing.

There are other works of Whistler at the Military academy, but they are simply the prescribed work of the classes in drawing in his time, copies of other pictures, still life sketches and topographical work. The five that were hung recently are original in idea as well as execution, and probably there are no earlier examples of Whistler's original work in existence. Only one of them, the wash drawing of camp life, is signed. That bears the initials "J. A. W." Whistler did not insert the "MacNeill," his mother's maiden name, until after he had left the academy. From memoranda in the scrapbook, however, the other four pictures are known to be also Whistler's work. There is no way of placing the exact date of the pictures, except that they must have been made between 1851 and January, 1854, when Whistler left West Point to become an engineer's draftsman.

Four of the pictures are a series of pen drawings, humorously illustrating the experience of a sleepy cadet on guard duty. In the first he is shown proudly shouldering his rifle and pacing his post, in the second his head droops and his feet lag, in the third he is sitting on the ground, and in the fourth he is stretched prone, fast asleep. They are inscribed "First Half Hour," "Second Half Hour," etc., and each is headed "On Guard In Camp." Each of these drawings is about 8 by 10 inches in size. The wash drawing in monochrome, showing a cadet seated on the ground with the white tents of the cadet camp in the distance, is slightly larger.

Florida's Biggest Cypress Log.

Richard Cummings reports the champion stock log of all Florida, says the Apalachicola (Fla.) Times. It was cut near Moccasin slough by Robert Hathcock on land owned by a lumber company of Apalachicola and will be brought to Apalachicola, where it will be cut into boards. This log is of cypress, measures forty feet in length and is seventy-two inches in diameter at the small end. This huge log contains 11,562 feet, board measure, and is probably the largest stick of timber ever cut in Florida.

A Christmas Reader.

Without, both earth and glade are drear,
The pungent north winds rule,
And night by night the faltering year
Draws frostily toward Yule.

Within, [illegible] the log's glow,
I see about me stand
Long rows upon inviting rows—
Wise men from many a land.

Nor here nor legend do I heed,
I pass the [illegible] store
To take the Holy Book and read
The Bethlehem tale once more!
—Clinton Scollard in New York Times.

PERIL IN THE COUNTRY.

Dangerous Place to Raise Boys, Says Y. M. C. A. Orator.

At the annual dinner of the New York state committee of the Young Men's Christian association the other night at the University club in New York the discouraging condition in country districts was emphasized, says the New York American.

"The country situation is a very important and menacing one," said Myer T. Scudder, president of the New Paltz state normal school. "I can say after twenty-five years' experience in the educational work of country districts that the tendency in the country life of children is distinctly downward.

"An ever increasing number of undesirable men are drifting into farm labor, and it is far easier for a boy to go wrong in the country than in the city. It is a bad place today to bring up a boy. The farmers have been prosperous in recent years.

"The farmer has the latest magazines, and his house is better heated and lighted than ever before, but the improvement in his condition does not reach down to the children, and the expulsive forces of country life are depopulating the farming districts.

"We must introduce some force into country life which will make it more attractive and tend to hold the younger generation in the country. The Y. M. C. A. *is such a force. The church is* dead, but unburied. There seems no hope for the country church today unless some body like the Y. M. C. A. can come in and vivify it."

F. W. Pearsall of the Y. M. C. A. state committee, touching on the same subject, said: "Name me any vice of the city and I will match it in the country. The forces for evil are strong in the country, and the forces for good are largely impotent. The Y. M. C. A. is trying to solve this problem of the country boy."

"SOUL HOUSES" FROM EGYPT.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts Receives Valuable Egyptian Relics.

Two "soul houses," probably more than 6,000 years old, were recently installed in the Egyptian department of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. While possessing no importance as art objects, they are of great historical interest, because they show what were the ordinary houses of the Egyptians in the country at a date prior to 3000 B. C., says the Boston Globe.

These "soul houses" are made of rough pottery and were placed upon the graves for the shelter of the soul. They show that from simple hutches the Egyptian dwellings developed into houses of several compartments, with courtyards, balconies and stairways, to what appears to have been a roof garden.

In one of those secured by the Museum of Fine Arts a pile of firewood is shown in the corner of the yard, and there are bins for the reception of corn, while the roof is supported in the front by round pillars, and there are covered porches on the balcony. The second one is simpler in form, but has a stairway in the front leading up to the balcony.

The strongest belief of the Egyptian and one which influenced the whole character of the nation was a belief in the immortality of the soul, or "Ka." In order that the ka should at the last day have a body in which to be clothed, mummification was carried to a most advanced stage. That the soul after leaving the body, should not be homeless, the little "soul houses" were made in imitation of the ordinary dwelling in which the deceased had formerly lived.

Very few of these "soul houses" have ever been found, as they were naturally frail and in the course of centuries were broken.

Colorado's New Industry.

"There was a time when Colorado was regarded as principally a mining state, but that time has passed," said A. E. De Ricqules, general manager of a live stock company of Denver, to a representative of the Washington Post. "This winter, for instance, the state will take care of 1,000,000 sheep that were raised on the grazing lands of Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, Texas and other states. This has become one of our great industries, the number of the sheep taken care of being about the same as last year. The beet sugar industry is large, and the fodder from the beets is fed to the sheep; also hay and corn. Pens are built and the young lambs taken from their mothers, who reared them in other states, put in these pens, fattened and then in the spring killed for the best hotels and markets of the east."

Out of the Grab Bag.

At a church fair in Pottstown, Pa., the other night they had a "grab bag," says the Philadelphia Bulletin. A miller paid a dime and plunged his hand into the great bag of turkeys, pumpkins, tins of scrapple and chains of sausages. He drew out a card that contained these words:

> GOOD FOR ONE GRAVE.
> Not Transferable.
> James Dust.

The church's aged gravedigger, having nothing else to subscribe to the grab bag, had subscribed a grave digging. The miller has hung the quaint card in a frame over his desk and vows that if he dies before James Dust his grave shall be dug for nothing.

New Dog Disease.

A new disease has been discovered in the dogs of fashionable people—namely, motor heart. The canine heart is not equal to the strain of being jolted while riding in a motor car.

SEA SERPENT CHASE.

Old Norwegian Sailor Seeks Backing For Queer Project.

WILL USE WHALING METHODS

Carl Ollsen Will Use a Harpoon Provided With a Bomb—A Ship Will Drag the Apparatus Along the Ocean's Bottom.

Carl Ollsen, an old seafaring man, who lives in Christiania, Norway, believes that the only way to convince a skeptical world that sea serpents really exist is to catch one, says the Kansas City Times. Furthermore, he is willing to undertake the job provided anybody can be persuaded to risk $2,500 to defray the cost of the expedition. Recently he inserted an advertisement in one of the London papers to try to find a financial backer for his projected sea serpent hunt. He has received several answers, but none of them has been quite satisfactory. But he is still hopeful that he will succeed in landing a capitalist before the sea serpent season opens. He has done much of his voyaging in English ships and speaks English well.

"I advertised in a London paper," he said, "because rich folk are thick as blackberries there, and from what I have heard many of them put a lot of money into schemes that, to say the least of it, are quite as risky as a sea serpent chase."

Ollsen believes in sea serpents, though he never had the good fortune to see one himself. "But in my sea experience I have met many sailors that have," he added, "and I'd accept their evidence any day against the opinion of landlubbers who know nothing of the mysteries of the deep. If the persons I know who have seen sea serpents only had money I would not have to advertise in a London paper for a capitalist to back my scheme."

"Have you devised any plan for catching a sea serpent?" he was asked.

"Of course I have," he answered. "I wouldn't expect anybody to put money into the idea if I hadn't. What I propose to do is to apply in principle the method followed by modern whalers. You know they shoot the whale with a harpoon provided with a bomb that explodes when the line tightens. The bomb not only kills the whale, but generates a lot of gas, which prevents it from sinking.

"But as sea serpents don't seem to come to the surface often they will have to be sought on the bottom at perhaps considerable depth, and that will necessitate a modification of the whaling method. Instead of trying to shoot a harpoon into a sea serpent one will have to go fishing for him. The apparatus will be dragged along the bottom of the sea by a ship. Attached to the bait will be a bomb. When the sea serpent swallows the bait he will swallow the bomb, too, for it needn't be a particularly big one to do the business. When the sea serpent starts moving of course he will give a yank on the line. That yank will release three steel claws and at the same time explode the bomb. The steel claws will prevent the creature from getting loose even if the bomb don't kill it. Of course one can't make everything clear without drawings, but I've schemed everything out and provided for fixing the bomb so that it can't be discharged by mere contact with the sea bottom."

HOGS TO PAY CHURCH DEBT.

Mayor Johnson of Cleveland Among First to Promise a Porker.

Thomas Vinnedge, a member of the Baptist church of Hope, ten miles east of Columbus, Ind., has devised a novel plan for wiping out the debt against his church. He has written to many persons throughout the United States asking the donation of a hog from each, says a Columbus (Ind.) special dispatch to the Washington Post.

His first mail, received the other day, brought thirty replies. Among those who have agreed to donate a hog is Mayor Johnson of Cleveland. One-half of the sales money is to be applied to the church debt and the other half remitted to those who give the hogs. It is expected that at least a thousand hogs will be received.

Ban on White Horses.

White horses are now excluded from the German army, the use of smokeless powder making them too conspicuous.

All Hail, to Oklahoma!

Here's hurrah for Oklahoma, Uncle Sammy's newest state!
She's a busting fine addition to the U. S. syndicate,
And she's mighty, mighty welcome, as she steps aboard the van,
So it's ho for Oklahoma, Oklahoma spick and span!

She's been waiting with a patience that's a credit to her fame
For to see the constellation with a star tacked to her name,
And we're mighty glad to see her in the bright and starry band,
So it's ho for Oklahoma—Oklahoma, here's a hand!

In her soil as yet uncounted lie the greatest stores of wealth;
In her air, so crisp and bracing, is an endless store of health;
In her people there are neighbors who will fill your life with zest,
So it's ho for Oklahoma, Oklahoma of the west!

'Tis a pretty gift for Christmas that they've brought the U. S. A.,
And a cause for glad thanksgiving on the glad Thanksgiving day,
And the flag that waves above us takes a brighter, fairer hue
When we think of Oklahoma. Oklahoma, here's to you!
—John Kendrick Bangs in Harper's Weekly.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

GRIEF OVER DEATH OF OSCAR

Scholarly Monarch of Sweden Completes His Work on Earth—Sorrow Is Universal—Gustaf V Is Now King.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

King Oscar, considered the most scholarly monarch in the world, died at 9:10 o'clock on the morning of Dec. 8, and all Sweden is bowed in grief. The venerable monarch passed away peacefully, surrounded by the members of his family including the aged Queen Sophia, the crown prince, Oscar Gustaf, high ministers of state and members of the diplomatic corps. Outside of the palace great crowds stood with bowed heads and tearful eyes long after the announcement came of the death of the well loved sovereign. Naturally enough the whole country is bowed down with grief, for King Oscar was not only a kind and considerate ruler, but had endeared himself to his people almost as an intimate and personal friend would have done. When the flag on the palace was dipped to half mast there was a moan of anguish from the multitude and many of them cried "Our dear old king is dead." The report of King Oscar's death has caused profound grief the world over, not the least so in America, where thousands of his former subjects mourn him as a man whose rule was kind and considerate and one which brought the best interests of civilization to the foreground so far as Scandinavian civilization is concerned. Many are those in the great northwest who well remember the kindly expression in that good old face and many more are those who shall silently bless the good work which he has done. The last hours of the expiring monarch were passed in unconsciousness and up to the end he gave no sign of recognizing those about him. The queen was grief-stricken because he could not bid her good bye. In the death chamber knelt the heart-broken queen and gathered about her were her children, grandchildren and great grandchildren praying for strength to bear this great affliction. The church bells began to toll and the minute guns boomed. All Sweden mourns its great loss. At 1 o'clock in the afternoon King Gustaf V took the oath of office before the cabinet and court assembled in the grand gallery. The oath was administered by Minister Lindman. Then the princes of the blood swore allegiance to the new king, who embraced them, giving his favorite brother, Carl, a hearty slap on the back. Gustaf V has published a proclamation addressed to the administrative and ecclesiastical authorities informing them of his accession to the throne and a further proclamation addressed to the people of Sweden, in which he refers in eulogistic terms to their late sovereign. In the latter he says "Providence richly endowed that magnanimous prince with great and brilliant qualities. His sense of duty, his respect for justice and his love for right and his unceasing regard for the welfare of his subjects—these were the traits of character in the late king which we shall always remember with gratitude and regret." The proclamation refers briefly to the material progress of Sweden under Oscar's reign and then Gustave addressed himself personally to the people, saying among other things: "Our aim will always be to unite our people for the common work for the fatherland. Recognizing fully that to this end we must look to the continuous cooperation of all classes, we expect the loyal aid of all [illegible]. Only when the Swedish nation as a whole recognizes its responsibility toward the fatherland can [illegible]." Sweden's home and foreign policy is likely to be little changed [illegible] the new monarch, who is [illegible] constitutional in character and [illegible] to dispense with some old formalities and ceremonials of court. [illegible] as far as the Norwegian question is concerned there will be no changes.

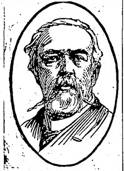

THE DEAD KING.

The five Nobel prizes founded with the vast fortune by Alfred Nobel, the inventor of dynamite, to reward each year those who have aided humanity by scientific or medical research, by idealistic literature and by the promotion of peace were distributed last Tuesday, which was the eleventh anniversary of Mr. Nobel's death. The literary prize goes to Rudyard Kipling. Kipling's predecessors have been Sully-Brudhomme, Mommsen, Bjornson, Mistral Echegaray, Sienkievitch and Carducci. The prize for chemistry will be awarded to Sir William Crookes, of London, the discoverer of Thallium and the inventor of the radiometer. The recipients of the chemistry prize in former years were Professors Von Hoff, Fischer and Von Bayer, of Germany; Professor Arrhenius, of Sweden; Sir William Ramsey, of England, and Professor M. Mossen of France. The prize for physics has been awarded to an American, Professor A. A. Michelsen, of the University of Chicago, in recognition of his discovery of a new method of determining the velocity of light. Dr. Michelsen's predecessors have been Professors Roentgen and Lenars, of Germany; Professors Lorenz and Zeeman, of Holland; M. and Mme. Currie and Professor Becqueral, of France; Lord Rayleigh and Professor Thompson, of England. The Nobel prizes have an average of $40,000 each.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

All Norway celebrated the 75th anniversary of her most distinguished poet and author, Bjornstjerne Bjornson. The anniversary was made the occasion for demonstrations by the literary, dramatic and singing societies throughout the country. Literary exercises were held at the universities and in all the principal towns, and the venerable author was showered with congratulations from every quarter of the world. Bjornson has long been recognized as the national poet of Norway. His name is a synonym of the hopes and aspirations of the Norwegian people in their political and intellectual struggles. No man ever loved Norway more than he; no man ever did more than he for her progress and prosperity. To promote her welfare he has unweariedly applied all the powers of his great genius. Bjornson was born in 1832 in the district of Osterdalen, where his father was a clergyman. Six years later his family moved to Romsdalen, a district famous for its magnificent scenery. At the age of 11 the lad was sent to school, but his progress was not rapid. When 18 years old he came to Christiania and at Heltberg's school became a companion of Henrik Ibsen, Jonas Lie and others who were later to become famous. Bjornson began his literary career in the early 50's. In 1857 he published a peasant novel, "Synnove Solbakken," which proved epoch-making in Scandinavian literature. In it and several others that followed he gave an idealized picture of peasant life—brought the thoughts and aspirations of the peasantry into literature. In all his literary work Bjornson has conscientiously and persistently sought to put his high and noble ideals into practice. He has not been a mere poet and dreamer, holding himself aloof from the people. He has personally—with both tongue and pen—engaged in every political, social and literary combat of his times. Through his ardent advocacy of reform he has often brought upon himself the wrath of many, but the gratitude of more. He is without doubt the greatest orator that Norway has ever produced. Pleading the cause of truth and justice before a large audience he is irresistible. His oratorial powers have been lavishly used in the services of the country. Bjornson is a man of powerful personality and commanding presence. Grim and furious at times, he nevertheless possesses the gentleness of a woman. There are many touching stories of his relations with his tenants on his estate and the scores of poor people and social outcasts who continually visit him for advice and assistance. And it is said that none seeks him in vain.

Attended by the princes and his suite, King Gustave V on Dec. 10 received the homage of the troops, who were drawn up in a semicircle around the palace. It was a splendid and solemn spectacle. The king addressed the troops briefly, saying that it was his firm conviction that they would always be ready to follow when the welfare of the country required them to do so. The funeral of the late king is expected to be held Dec. 19. Only the reigning sovereign of Sweden among the crowned heads is likely to attend, the king of Denmark and others sending representatives. The Dowager Queen Sophia has decided to live in retirement at Castle Ulrikadal.

At a meeting on Dec. 10 of the Nobel Institute J. G. Loevland, the Norwegian premier, announced that the Nobel peace prize would this year be equally divided between Theodore Moneta, of Italy, and Louis Renault, of France. The premier took advantage of this occasion to eulogize the late King Oscar of Sweden, who, he said, had been prominent among the kingly peacemakers of the world. Mr. Renault is the permanent delegate of France to The Hague tribunal. M. Moneta has been prominent as a worker for the peace of Italy.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

America may soon have the honor of the visit of the young Prince Erik, son of Prince and Princess Valdemar, who wants to visit the big farms of Minnesota, Dakota and California, where so many of his countrymen have settled. The prince himself wishes to become a farmer in Denmark, and his parents, who are very democratic in their ideals, are only encouraging his personal inclinations.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The Fergus Falls Commercial club will organize the Fergus Development company, a corporation to be composed of Fergus Falls citizens who are interested in securing new manufacturing industries for that city. The company is to be capitalized at $100,000 and this money will be paid in installments as it is needed and lent to manufacturers establishing new factories or invested in their preferred stock.

According to the analysis of a competent assayer a good grade of lignite coal has been discovered on the Guhl farm two miles east of Collegeville, Stearns county. The deposit is about 110 feet beneath the surface and shows a seam of fifteen feet in thickness. Twelve St. Cloud parties are interested in the new venture and have taken options on the property.

T. J. Moonan, representing the state labor bureau, is closing his inspection of the fourteen counties in Southeastern Minnesota included in the Winona district. He says he finds much child labor employed, especially in Winona, but conditions are becoming better because of the assistance given by school authorities.

The lid goes on the Sunday funeral in Duluth Jan. 1. The cemetery associations, enthusiastically supported by the undertakers and the clergy, have taken up the cudgel in opposition to Sunday funerals and a petition has been circulated by those interested in the movement.

The herd of forty cattle of the Albert Lea Milk company has been tested for tuberculosis and sixteen cows and a bull were condemned and have been slaughtered. Other herds are being tested in the vicinity of that city and almost invariably some tuberculosis is found.

The Red Wing Manufacturers' association has organized the Red Wing Realty company for the purpose of erecting houses at low rental or for sale at cost to laboring men.

By the will of Mrs. Frances J. Pray, a former Minneapolis woman, the bulk of an estate valued at $90,000 will go to Minneapolis charitable institutions.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

With the legs worn away to the knees by their ceaseless beating against a joist the body of Emil Erickson, a miller, was rescued from the shafting in the grist mill at Prairie Farm. Erickson was alone in the mill and probably was putting on a belt when his clothing in some way became caught on a shafting running at the time at about 100 revolutions per minute and he was pounded to death and his body mangled.

Francisco Elergo, a young Italian bridegroom of less than a week, was shot down by a countryman in his own house in Minneapolis and died before aid reached him. Jealousy is believed by the police to be the cause of the shooting, as his young wife was found later in company with another man, evidently in hiding, in a small house in another part of the city.

Mrs. Sarah Watson was fatally injured by a Robbinsdale car at the crossing of the Robbinsdale line and the Great Northern tracks near Minneapolis. She was badly mangled and her skull was fractured. She was picked up by the crew of the car and taken to the city hospital, where she died several hours later.

Mrs. Charles Peterson of Minneapolis wakened to find that she had rolled upon her baby and smothered it to death in the bed. The child was asleep between its father and mother when the accident occurred. The mother could scarcely be restrained from killing herself when she discovered the accident.

D. D. Williams, a veteran of the Civil war, was found dead in his room at the Pauly hotel in Minneapolis when his room was broken open. The man is believed to have turned on the gas before retiring for the night. He was formerly an inmate of the Soldiers' home and was sixty-five years of age.

Peter Fornell, living one mile west of Shafer, was burned to death in his cabin. The house was burned to the ground and only a few charred bones of Fornell's body were found. Fornell was eighty-four years old. He came to this country from Sweden in 1854.

Fire at Twin Valley destroyed the yards, warehouse and offices of the Trimble Lumber company, the Twin Valley Implement company's warehouse and office and the Welum & Wald's warehouse. The total loss is about $20,000.

Joseph Mashek of Sheridan township, Redwood county, blew off the upper part of his head with his shotgun. Brooding over domestic troubles is thought to have been the cause.

Scarlet fever is raging near Wolverton. The nineteen-year-old son of Carl Ernst is dead and other families in the same neighborhood are afflicted.

William Koenig, a brakeman for the Great Northern, was killed while breaking a coupling at Minneapolis.

J. P. Smith, a bookkeeper, committed suicide in the [illegible] Park. No motive for the deed is known.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Ole E. Linjer, [illegible] of Minneapolis, died suddenly from heart failure.

Christmas Is Coming

THOUGHT OF YOUR PRESENTS?

We Have Them.

Call at our store and we will show you an endless variety of usefull articles suitable for Xmas Presents, at right prices.

To help you make your selections we suggest a few of our Specialities.

IN MENS WEAR, Fancy Vests, Silk Mufflers, Suspenders, Neckties, Fine Shirts, Cardigan Jackets and Sweaters.

IN LADIES WEAR, Shopping Bags, Fancy Belts, Neckwear, Belt Bucles, Silk Shirtwaists, Cushion Covers, Silk Scarfs and Handkerchiefs.

We have the largest stock in the city, call early and make your selections. We can please you.

Langseth Mercantile Co

Consolation.

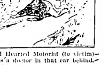

Kind Hearted Motorist (to victim)—There's a doctor in that car behind.—Browning's Magazine.

A Safeguard.

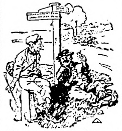

First Beggar—What's that paper you've got?

Second Beggar—List of places where there's a lack of workmen.

First Beggar—You crazy? We won't go near such places!

Second Beggar—Chump! That's why I got it!—Fliegende Blatter.

Airy Criticism!

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA

THE DRAYMAN.

Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXIV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1907 NUMBER 52

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

WOLVES ARE STARVING.

Unable to Run Down Deer In Light Snow.

Fall Easy Victims to the Poisoned Bait of Hunters.

The large number of wolves that are being killed at the present time is said to be due to the presence of little snow in the woods. Albert Kitto, of Tower, who is a large dealer with the Indians and the trappers in hides and furs, says that because there is so little snow in the woods the deer can easily get away from the wolves and the latter have been become so starved that they are falling an easy prey to poisoned bait.

The majority of the pelts that have been brought to the county auditor's office lately have been taken from wolves that have been poisoned.

In seasons when the snow is deep, and covered with a crust, when it is an easy matter for the wolves to run down and kill deer for food, the trappers find it a hard matter to get them with poisoned bait. When, however, the wolves are extremely hungry, when there is practically nothing else in sight for them, they seem to abate their usual wariness and fall easy victims of the hunters.

Mr. Kitto says that it is no unusual occurrence for a fox or some other animal to eat poisoned bait and die. When the wolves come along and find the poisoned animal they have eaten it and been poisoned in turn. It is claimed that such cases are a rare occurrence in seasons when the wolves find plenty of live food, that at such times they will give a suspicious bait a wide berth.

Mr. Kitto's statements are corroborated by a hunter who resides near Floodwood, and who has been paid the bounty of some twelve or fifteen pelts this year. The Floodwood hunter claims that he put out a rabbit that had been poisoned, with the expectation of catching a wolf. He claims that a fox came along and seized the rabbit, and bit it in two parts, but not liking the taste of the bait the fox discarded the two pieces of poisoned meat and went its way. Shortly afterward two wolves came along on the trial of the fox, found the two portions of the poisoned rabbit, ate them and were killed.

Five wolf pelts were presented at the auditor's office yesterday and in each case the animals which the pelts formerly covered were killed with poison.

Hardly a day passes but that from one to three pelts are presented for the bounty.—Duluth Herald.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

Catalog Methods of Doing Business to Be Shown Up

"The indictments found by the Federal Grand Jury at Des Moines, Iowa, against the Chicago catalogue firm of Sears, Roebuck & Co., upon the charge of using the mails to defraud are expected to lead to an airing of catalogue methods that will be a good thing for the country.

"The indictments are found charged specifically in one count that paint was sold as being of the highest grade, of the firm's own special make, and containing white lead, whereas the paint was of inferior quality, was not made by the firm, and contained no white lead. In two other counts it is charged rings were sold by catalogue numbers as containing a certain number of pearls, sapphires and it is alleged that none of these stones were genuine.

"These indictments were secured through the effort of W. J. Pilkington, editor of the Merchants' Trade Journal, of Des Moines, who announces in his paper this week that he has been collecting evidence of this character, not only against the firm indicated, but other catalogue houses, and that he will continue to gather evidence in a campaign to teach the catalogue houses that they cannot use the U. S. mails to win the trade away from country merchants by the misrepresentation of quality of goods in order that they might appear to be selling at lower prices."

The M. D.'s Meet Here.

The meeting of a number of doctors living in towns in the vicinity of Thief River Falls was held in this city last Thursday evening and preliminary steps were taken to organize a medical association for the northwestern part of the state. The territory of the new association will take in all of Marshall [illegible] and Kittson counties and the [illegible] part of Red Lake county. No permanent organization was effected at the meeting held last week, but another meeting will be held on Thursday, Jan. 2, and at this time the society will be formed and officers elected.

TAX LEVY FOR CITY.

County Auditor O'Brien Gives Out Figures of Red Lake's Two Cities.

The clerical force of the county auditor's office is busy getting the tax rolls ready to turn over to the county treasurer on the first Monday in January, and it was only recently that the tax rate was figured out for this city as well as Red Lake Falls, and the tax extended on the books. The total valuation for the entire county has not as yet been ascertained, but will be given at a later date.

The assessed valuation for Red Lake Falls is $257,308, which includes both real and personal property, and with a levy of 69,3 mills will give the city $17,081.45 for school and general purposes. The school rate is 32 mills, and the state tax school, county and city levy totals 37,3 mills.

The assessed valuation for Thief River Falls is $570,205 for both real and personal property, while the levy amounts to 50.3 mills, thus giving $28,681.31 for school and general purposes. Their levy for school purposes is 26 mills, and 21.3 mills for state school, county and city levy.

WOODSMAN LOST REASON

James Anderson Was Taken to Insane Hospital Last Week.

Had Been Walking Boss For Thief River Lumber Co. Many Years.

James Anderson was last week taken to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls by the authorities of Beltrami county:

Anderson is well known thru out this section of the country, having been walking boss for the Thief River Falls Lumber Co., for many years in the logging camps and on the drives, and was personally acquainted with every lumberjack in the northwest.

His actions were first noticed to be somewhat queer about two years ago and about a year ago his wife took him to a private sanitarium in Wisconsin near where her people resided. He has been an industrious and trusted employe of the company, and drew a good salary, but this was drained heavily during the past year, and last week he was brought back to Beltrami Co., to be examined for insanity he having gained no legal residence in Wisconsin, as he was a patient during his entire stay there.

He is not at all violent, but reason has fled and he is a hopeless wreck mentally. His sad fate will be learned with keen regret by his many friends, and his wife will receive the general sympathy in her trouble. There are no children.

Likes Minnesota.

"One of the greatest states in the Union—with the best farm lands, with exceptional rural opportunities, with magnificent cities and near markets—that's my opinion of Minnesota" said C. W. Case, of Manchester, Eng., who was recently in Saint Paul. "Why Americans should move to Canada when Minnesota presents so many opportunities mystifies me. I should ask for no more attractive home city than this, nor could I wish a better tributary country in which to do business. Minnesota, it seems to me, will one day be quite the richest state in the entire Union. It has all the factors of permanent and substantial wealth and prosperity."

Engagement Announced.

The engagement was announced the first of the week of Miss Clara Hoff to Mr. A. C. Kvinnes of Middle River. Miss Hoff is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hoff of this village where she has passed the greater part of her life and has a large circle of admiring friends who will rejoice in her happiness. Mr. Kvinnes is the cashier of the Bank at Middle River and is a young man who stands high in both business and social circles. We are not informed as to the date of the wedding.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Why Dairying Pays

Hutchinson Leader: Here is a statement from the United States department of agriculture which should set every farmer thinking:

[illegible]

[illegible] shortage in the world's bread supply.

BOY HERO OF ST. HILAIRE.

Henry Just, 11 Years old Killed Big Timber Wolf

Was at Home Alone And Tried Three Guns Before Wolf Fell.

Crookston Journal: For cool headed heroism Henry Just, the 11-year old son of a well known farmer south east of St. Hilaire stands at the head of the class, and as evidence of his bravery and prowess he has the carcass of a big timber wolf which he will have mounted.

While his parents drove to town he was left on the farm alone to keep the fire going and look after things generally. Towards nightfall heard the sheperd dog making a big fuss back of the stable, and investigating he spied a big timber wolf in a small pasture which was fenced in with woven wire. The wolf had retreated to one corner where it was being worried by the dog, but the dog took good care to keep at a safe distance.

The boy quickly closed the gate and running to the house got his 22 rifle and shot the animal several times, but the small bullet did not phase the brute other than to make him more ferocious. The lad then got a shot gun loaded with buckshot, but was afraid to shoot for fear he would kill the dog also which was closing in on the wolf and jumping around so lively that he was apt to get hit.

Finally the lad returned to the house and secured a big rifle belonging to his father which he had been forbidden ever to touch. He forgot the paternal ukase in his extremity, however, and with the first bullet shot the wolf thru the heart.

Returned the Coal.

Most of the Red Lake Falls people will remember John Rue, carpenter and builder, formerly living here. One night some years ago John heard a noise in his coal bin, and upon investigation found a neighbor helping himself to a hod of fuel. The prowler made the plausible explanation that he had just run out of coal and didn't want to awaken Mr. Rue to apprise him of the fact. This was apparently satisfactory, and nothing more was thought of the incident until several weeks later when Mr. Rue heard another suspicious noise in the vicinity of the coal shed. The same man was there, and upon being confronted by the owner, the culprit explained his presence by the fact that he was just in the act of returning the coal he had borrowed. Presence of mind is an art worth cultivation even to a burglar.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Big Money in Potatoes

The following from an exchange relative to Clay county's potato crop shows grain and stock by no means exhaust the possibilites of the Red River valley:

"Clay county will go on record this year with a potato crop conservatively valued at $375,000. Of this crop the Shroeder family, well known and extensive potato growers, had in this year 733 acres, from which they harvested 109,050 bushels. Not a bushel has been sold for less than 62 cents a bushel. From 238 acres of the 733 acres there was harvested 38,200 bushels, and from this particular lot there has been shipped already ninety four cars. They have store house capacity for fifty cars."

A Thief River Falls boy who works up in Western Canada recently nearly threw his mother in a "conniption fit" due to his, at times, careless scribbling. When the postal regulations went into effect between this country and Canada, he decided to cut off some of his subscriptions to magazines published in the United States, and suggested that the folks at home send him occasionally a bunch of the periodicals which they received and which he specially desired. The first letter from Thief River Falls following this suggestion gave a list of the Magazines that could be sent him. His reply made no reference, seemingly, to the list, but below the signature was a brief postscript in a feeble scribble that his mother interpreted as "I have crawlers." It took all the family and some of the neighbors to determine that what the line did say was "I have Colliers."—Crookston Times.

Detroit was to have a prize fight last week, the contestants to have been Dick Shephard of Detroit and Young Erwin of Seattle. Some of the good people of the town got busy and when the mill was to start the village marshal appeared with the necessary authority to arrest both principals and spectators. The fight did not take place.

DRAINAGE BILL.

Steenerson Attempts to Solve Problem of Federal Funds for Irrigation.

Washington, Dec. 19—Representative Steenerson today introduced a general drainage bill based in part on his drainage bill of last session. It is intended at the same time to meet the point made by the supreme court in the Kansas and Colorado case, that government money cannot be used to drain or irrigate privately owned lands.

The Steenerson bill will be the basis of an attempt which may be made to secure legislation.

Killed Wolf With Club.

W. H. Googory, of Cass Lake, assistant superintendent of logging on the Cass Lake reservation, was attacked by a large, hungry timber wolf one day last week while returning home through the woods and but for his courage and muscle backed by a stout club he would undoubtedly have lost his life. As it was, he stunned the animal with the first blow and then hammered away until he killed it.

TO OUST THE STANDARD

Suit Commenced in State Courts by Attorney General Young.

Claimed That Oil Company Is Favoring the Twin Cities.

Attorney General E. T. Young has commenced an action in the Ramsey county district court for the revocation of the right of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana to do business in this state. The complaint alleges that the company is violating the anti-discrimination law passed by the legislature last winter by selling the same grade, quality and test of oil in the Twin Cities at 1¼ to 3 cents a gallon less than at other points in the state where same rates of transportation apply.

This matter has been pending for some time and originated in the filing of a complaint by several independent oil dealers with secretary of State J. A. Schmahl, in which they charged the Standard with discriminating in the price of its product among localities of the state. The matter was referred to the attorney general and suit was about to be brought some time ago when the attorneys for the independent dealers reported that they were about to secure the promise of the Standard to obey the law. Negotiations toward this end have been pending for several weeks, but the independent dealers finally gave up the attempt and the suit is now brought to enforce the law.

If the company is found guilty of discriminating, its license to do business in this state will be canceled.

Support Home Trade.

If you send your money away from home does it not occur to you that you are not helping to build up your own community, or make it pay your home storekeeper to stay in business where you live, and where he helps you to pay taxes, but that you are building up some concern in a distant city that has no interest in you or your property.

Remember that your home merchant accommodates you often by delivering your goods at your door, by extending credit to you when cash is not at hand; he helps to support the schools, churches and other public institutions, including helpless and unfortunate ones in your locality; he is your neighbor, working shoulder to shoulder with you, and helps to increase the value of your own farm or real estate by making your community more active and vigorous.

The tendency for the past few years has been for people to congregate in large cities, and the more the farmer helps to centralize the distribution of goods in large cities the more he helps to cut down the value of his farm, and the farm products. It is for the interest of the farmer to have a number of villages, towns and small cities throughout the country, rather than a few large cities. By building up his own community and helping to make it progressive, working shoulder to shoulder with his neighbor, the merchants and local business men, each helping the other, conduces to the best development of the country.

Here Is a Generous Man.

Leonard Holmes wishes to inform the thief that stole a quarter of beef out of his woodshed last Saturday night that if he is short of vegetables or any thing else that goes to make a Christmas dinner he had better call and get fixed up.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

FREE

TO BUYERS AT OUR STORE.

ONE PARLOR LAMP

ONE JARDINER

ONE BERRY DISH

Come in and we will explain how you can get one or more of these premiums.

Our sale on winter goods previously advertised still continues.

J. H. JACOBSON,

NORTH MAIN AVENUE

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

STEENERSON INTRODUCES HIS DRAINAGE BILL.

Mud Lake District to Be Drained at a Cost of $1,100,000---Means Much to This Section.

Government to Be Reimbursed by a Increase in the Selling Price of the Land.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson has introduced his bill in congress for the drainage of land in the "Mud Lake District" and the chances are that it will become a law at this session of congress. The passage of this bill means more to this section than any bill ever introduced in congress.

The following is the bill:

Whereas by Act of Congress of June 21, 1906, (34 Stats. at Large 352), the Secretary of the Interior was authorized to make a drainage survey of the lands ceded by the Chippewa Indians, in the State of Minnesota, under Acts of Congress of January 14, 1889, and February 20, 1904, and which remain unsold and were overflowed and swampy in character with a view to determining whether they could be profitably reclaimed by drainage and to determine whether a sufficient fund could be provided by an increase in the price at which said lands should be sold in the future, and,

Whereas by authority of said act the said lands were withdrawn from further sale or entry pending said survey and improvement, and,

Whereas, under date of January 28, 1907, the Secretary of the Interior made a report (House Doc. 607, 59th Cong. 2nd Sess.) of the survey of a part of said lands, with drainage plan of the "Mud Lake District," and recommending the construction of said improvement, estimated to cost $1,100,000, said cost to be returned to the Government, by an increase of $3.23 per acre of the unsold lands drained, and proper provision for repayment of cost by settlers upon land, already entered and incidently benefited by said improvement.

Now Therefore, be it enacted by the Senate and house of representatives in congress assembled, that the Secretary of the Interior be and he is hereby authorized to construct and maintain said drainage works for the reclamation of said land in said report mentioned, and the sum of One Million one hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for that purpose out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to make appropriate provisions to secure, by lien on the land or otherwise, the repayment of the cost of the construction, operation, and maintenance of such works by the owners of or entrymen for the lands benefited thereby and for the entry of the public lands reclaimed under the homestead law as herein provided. He is authorized to acquire any rights or property for the United States necessary for the purposes of this Act, by purchase or by condemnation under judicial process, as provided in the Act of August first, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight (twenty fifth Statutes at large, page three hundred and fifty-seven) and Acts amendatory thereof.

Sec. 3. Payments for the cost of construction shall be made in such number of installments, not exceeding ten, as may be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, and the failure to pay any such installment when due, or any of the annual charges for operation and maintenance when due, shall render subject to cancellation any homestead entry under this Act, with the loss of all moneys paid and all rights here under. Payments on account of the drainage of ceded Indian lands disposed of under this Act shall be in addition to any charges for the land provided by law.

Sec. 4. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to enter into such contracts as he may deem advisable with any persons or private or public corporations or the State of Minnesota for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act, or to assist or co operate in the drainage of said lands, and may accept gift or grants of land or other rights, property, or securities, and shall be authorized to sell, lease, or dispose of lands acquired or reserved under the provisions of this Act or of any rights, property, or securities so received.

Sec. 5. That all moneys received or collected in connection with the operations under the provisions of this Act shall be used to reimburse the Government for the cost of said improvement, as well as the proceeds of the sales of material temporarily utilized or condemned

Sec. 6. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to perform any and all acts and to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this Act into full force and effect.

Decided in Our Favor.

Judge Watts this week decided the county seat case—the one commenced by M. V. Evenson in behalf of the citizens here—in favor of Thief River Falls. The case was up for trial at the November term of the district court and Judge Watts has had the matter under advisement for a number of weeks. The Red Lake Falls attorneys will undoubtedly take the case to the supreme court and final decision will be rendered in the spring.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat [illegible]
Oats [illegible]
Flax [illegible]
Barley [illegible]
Eggs [illegible]
Butter [illegible]
Potatoes [illegible]

Borry, the Photographer.

BIJOU THEATRE.

Prof. Chris. Halvorson, violinist will continue to play throughout the week.

"A Story of a Modern Mother."

"The German Band."

Illustrated Song, "I Can't Find Another Girl Like You," violin obligata.

"The beautiful drama, "Indian's Idyll."

A laughable satire, "The Fisherman's Luck."

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington, D.C.

Dahl Miss Sadia.
Harkoom F. E.
Larson Miss Hilda.
Mosek Miss Kallie.
Deverson Mrs. Joe.
Kiesow Richard.
Oliver Mrs. A. J.
Borren Austin.
Jordan Dr.
Sullivan William D.

When calling for any of the above please say, *advertised.*

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Saloon Robbed of $59.

O. W. Carlson's saloon on Third street was broken into sometime Sunday morning and $59 in money was stolen. The saloon was closed Saturday night by Joe Mosleth, the bartender, and the theft was not discovered until Sunday morning. The police have strong suspicions as to who did the job, and an arrest may be made later.

GERMANTOWN.

A merrey Christmas and Happy New Year to all our readers every where.

Christmas is here and winter has as yet made no headway. There is not enough either for sleighing or blizzards. Good old St. Nicolas will have to bump around on wheels this time if he turns out at all.

The American Union Sunday school is temporarley closed for the winter. The sessions have been generally well attended during the summer.

This years road work on the grade across the beaver dams was completed last week dy hauling in rocks for road bed.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cook left for Warroad last Thursday to commence operations on a timber claim near that place. Frank Cook, Will Jones and Charley Clockmann started out overland on Wednesday for the same destination with three teams, and that the cord wood piles out there will be large and many before spring goes without saying.

Ditlif Daw Jr. returned from the woods near Bemidji last week having been taken sick while out there. He is reported to be improving.

Miss Emma Jonas closed a succesful term of school in this district on Friday. In the evening an entertainment and shadow social was given in the Hopkins Chapel. The program was all well rendered and bore indeuce of thorough training. The affair was quite we'l attended and the sale of shadows netted the school abqut twenty six dollars to be expended to increase the library. Friends of the teacher and school also took advantage of the occasion to present Miss Jonas with a gift as a reward of merit for efficient management of the school.

Carl Otto pulled out for Radium the first of the week, where he expects to remain for the next three months.

George Gusa was down from Middle River Tuesday.

S. J. Rice was down from Ringbo the first of the week.

J. A. Ralston and family spent Christmas at Crookston.

Homer Mussey was down to Crookston the first of the week.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Chittick on Monday.

Attorney Halvorsen was down to Crookston the first of the week.

A. J. Wentzel and son left Monday for Fisher to spend the holidays.

Severt Fri[illegible] was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting with friends.

Prof. Wright and family of Crookston spend Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Krouse.

Gustaf Christenson came up from Fertile Tuesday to spend the holidays with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. N[illegible] were down to Crookston the first of the week visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. [illegible] and child [illegible] left Monday [illegible] holidays.

[illegible]

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city Tuesday.

A. E. Lufkin and family left Tuesday for McIntosh and Fosston to spend the holidays visiting with relatives.

Miss Golda Hill returned to this city last Saturday from Minneapolis, where she is teaching school, and will remain here until after the holidays.

Services in the church by the Soo Sunday night at 7:30.—Welcome.

Mrs. Ben Borneman, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday visiting with friends.

Lawrence Smith, who is running a lumber camp for Eugene Caldwell up in the Red Lake country, was in the city to spend the holidays with his parents.

Through the courtesy of Congressman Halvor Steenerson, the Antlers Club now receives the Congressional Record. Secretary Sponheim wrote to Mr. Steenerson asking that the club receive this document and the request was at once granted.

A class of nineteen will join the modern Woodmen this evening. Great preparations are being made for the event and it is promised that at least one of the candidates gets his money's worth. The Woodmen lodge has long been the strongest one in the city and will continue to grow.

Prof. G. T. Wilson, under whose direction the "Merry Milkmaids" was presented here, left last week for his home in Iowa. It is rumored that Mr. Wilson will return to Thief River Falls the first part of January and open up a moving picture show here in company with W. B. Krouse.

The meeting of the Socialists held in the city hall last Friday evening was very well attended. Dr. P. L. Vistaunet was chairman of the meeting and he introduced George P. Kirkpatrick, the speaker of the evening. Mr. Kirkpatrick, gave a lengthy address and was listened to with attention.

They talk about this being the "banana belt," but you will probably believe it when you see the large lemon on display at the store of J. M. Ryan and which was grown by Mrs. Nels Malm living at Big Woods, ten miles west of Argyle on a tree that is but three years old. The tree blossomed about Christmas time last year and with greatest of care on the part of Mrs. Malm it brought forth this fine specimen of lemon—large plump and juicy. The tree was raised from seed and nourished in a small pot, three quarters in size.—Argyle Banner

The people of Thief River Falls and vicinity did not take the advice of the newspapers and merchants and do their Christmas shopping early this year. Not much of a holiday business was done by the merchants until the latter part of last week. On Monday the shopping was on in full force and nearly every farmer, together with the residents of the city were out in full force. Some of the stores were so crowded that it was almost impossible to gain an entrance and all was confusion. Nothing like the crowds in the stores was ever seen here before.

THE RATTLER.

It Rarely Sounds Its Note of Warning Until Attacked.

Contrary to the general belief, the rattler rarely gives its characteristic note of warning until actually attacked. In fact, the sharp, vibrant ring of its terminal appendage is probably designed more to assist this very sluggish serpent to obtain its food than to sound defiance or warning. In the first place, serpents possess but the most rudimentary traces of auditory apparatus and are practically deaf, the deficiency in the sense of hearing being compensated for by an extreme sensitiveness of feeling which makes them aware of the approach of moving objects by the vibration of the ground.

Hunters, treading cautiously upon a soft carpet of moss or leaves to avoid alarming game, will often step close to or over a rattler without disturbing it or receiving warning, and while many snakes are seen and killed by them it is probable that a far greater number are passed by unnoticed. All snakes are timid and would rather run than fight, and the rattler is not inviting certain destruction by advertising its whereabouts in the brush.—Francis Metcalfe in Outing Magazine.

CAUGHT THE THIEF.

An Incident Which Illustrates Japanese Detective Methods.

Recently in the village of Ta[illegible]mura, Japan, all the male inhabitants above the age of fifteen years were assembled in front of the local Shinto shrine at the call of the village chief. A thief had been [illegible] [illegible] were taken [illegible] [illegible]

Matter For Surprise.

She—You know, Mr. Jones, I drank some poison by mistake once.

He—By Jove! Didn't it kill you?—Tatler.

Between Friends.

Mr. Hanantatt—I say, McBooth, here's an article about a fellow who walked around the world.

Mr. McBooth—An actor, by Jove!—Washington Star.

Stout and Bitter.

The [illegible]—[illegible] wants to be a boatman like me? Well, take my advice an' don't. I'm a starvin' perfession.—Pick-Me-Up.

"A Drop In the Bucket."

—Harper's Weekly.

It Depended.

English John and Pat were two friendly workmen, who were constantly tilting, each one trying to outwit the other.

"Are you good at measurement?" asked John.

"I am that," said Pat quickly.

"Then could you tell me how many shirts I could get out of a yard?" asked John.

"Sure," said Pat, "it depends on whose yard you get it in."

The Beginning of Football.

The first reference to what may possibly be the game of football is to be found in a proclamation of Edward II, 1314, when the people were forbidden "to hustle over large balls." The present name was first used in a statute of Edward III, 1347. [illegible]—London Reader.

Worse Than Simple.

[illegible]

Behind the Guns.

[illegible]

Lucky.

[illegible]—Statesman.

THE RATTLESNAKE.

Removing Its Poison Fangs Does Not Render It Harmless.

A common misconception which is apt to lead to serious accidents is the belief that a rattler is rendered perfectly harmless, so that it can be handled with impunity, by the removal of its poison fangs. These fangs, two in number, are situated on the upper jaw and lie flat except when the serpent strikes, when they become erect and the closing of the jaws compresses the poison glands and injects the venom through minute openings in them. In striking its prey (for whatever charm the serpent may employ to get its victim within easy reach it relies upon the venom to give the coup de grace) these fangs may often be broken, and nature has provided a full supply of reserve weapons which lie dormant in the gums and which within two weeks will develop and replace the injured fang.

An acquaintance who returned from a hunting trip with twenty-five full grown rattlers in a box kept them in his office for two months confined behind a coarse meshed wire screen. He handled them most carelessly, as he had extracted the poison fangs, but when shown that each of them had developed a perfect pair of new ones there was a sudden rise in the local snake mortality. One was preserved and sent to the Bronx zoo, where it a short time afterward produced a large litter of young ones, which could have easily crawled through the screen behind which the mother had been kept. As each of them possessed the poison apparatus in full commission and was without the power to rattle, they would have been even more dangerous than adult snakes.

Professional snake handlers are often ignorant of this power to quickly replace fangs possessed by rattlers, and this ignorance led to a serious accident to one of them. He was badly bitten and narrowly escaped death, his recovery being attributed to the generous amount of whisky which was immediately administered to him, which illustrates another mistaken idea. It is a pity to shatter a pleasant illusion, but alcohol, except in very small doses, is harmful rather than beneficial as an antidote to snake bite poison.

As a matter of fact, although the symptoms of rattlesnake poisoning are most painful and alarming, an adult rarely dies from the bite of the variety common in the north. The diamond backs of the south attain a much larger size and consequently inject more venom, and their bite is proportionately more dangerous.—Francis Metcalfe in Outing Magazine.

He Won the Breeches.

There is a proverbial phrase signifying that the wife is master in the household, by which it is intimated that "she wears the breeches." The phrase is both odd and common and is only half understood by modern explanations, but in mediaeval story we learn how "she" first put in her claim to wear this particular article of dress.

A French writer of the thirteenth century (Hugues Piaucelles) relates some of the adventures of a couple whose household was not entirely harmonious. Sire Haines was the husband; Dame Anieuse, the wife. After a quarrel one evening Sire Hains said, "Early in the morning I will take off my breeches and lay them down in the middle of the court, and the one who can win them will be acknowledged the master or mistress of the house."

Dame Anieuse accepted the challenge. The battle was fought the next morning. It was a long battle, and it was bloody. At the end Sire Hains bore off the breeches, but the good dame had convinced the world that she was entitled to wear them in her own house.

The Accommodating Spanish Cow.

It was the first cow we had seen in Spain, and she had every right to be the haughty creature that she was. A girl led her about the plaza at dusk, milking a thimbleful of the rare beverage at the houses of the customers, and it is hard to say which of the three concerned was the most proud—the one sold, the one who bought or the one who gave the milk. She of the bovine race was decorated with an old chenille fringed curtain and, as though that was not enough to boast of, pulled along the streets a very unruly but bouncing daughter. The calf was tied to the tail of the cow by a rope and had already learned the ineffable joy of hanging limp and being dragged by her fond parent. Fortunately the rope was not too long for disciplinary purposes, and when exasperated beyond all polite admonition the cloven hoof of the mother set daughter upon her feet once more.—Louise Closser Hale in Harper's.

Smallest Deer In the World.

The "mousedeer" is the chevrotain, one of the smallest of hoofed animals. It stands less than twelve inches in height at the shoulder. The prevailing color of the fur is brown, finely speckled with yellow. The spots are large and sometimes run into each other and form stripes. The underparts of the body are white. It possesses the peculiar habit of walking on the tips of its hoofs. This lends a stiffness to the legs, which has gained for the chevrotain the reputation of having no knee joints. It has no horns or antlers. But as in the case of the musk deer, the male is provided with large canine teeth or tusks in the upper jaw. It is of exceedingly timid disposition and lies hidden in the jungle throughout the day and only ventures to feed in the early morning and after dusk in the evening. In captivity this tiny native of India is gentle, quite tame, but always shy.—Chicago Tribune.

MERMAIDS OF LEGEND

Sea Women That Were Vouched For by Ancient Writers.

ORIGIN OF THE DELUSION.

These Traditional Creatures Were Probably Dugongs and Manatees. Seal Maidens of Fable—Mermaids of Fiction and the Seal of Fact.

There is a decided fascination about the mermaids of legend. Considering their traditional form, it does not seem quite certain whether they can be included among the fair "humanities" of old religion, but it would be extremely interesting to see one. In all seriousness the truths and poetry underlying and inherent in the old myths are well worth attention, but apart from these there is something distinctly entertaining in the quasi-historical accounts that we have of mermaids and the heroic attempts at rationalistic explanation. The fancy has taken firmer hold on popular imagination than many of the old legends. Of course they are recognized as nonexistent; but, unlike *the majority of mythological beings*, they are invested colloquially with a sort of humorous reality.

A "History of the Netherlands" gives a circumstantial account of a great tempest which washed ashore near Haarlem a "sea woman" as she was swimming about. She was captured and cleansed from the "sea moss that had grown about her" and became a humanized creature, except that she was always trying to escape into the water. And it is added, "Many persons worthy of credit have justified in their writings that they had scene her in the said towne of Haarlem." In the sixteenth century off Ceylon some sailors captured "seven mermen and mermaids," several priests and physicians testifying to the fact and the latter leaving it on record that after examination and dissection they found the external and internal structures resembled those of human beings. Hudson, the famous navigator, declared that his ship's company had seen a mermaid, the upper part of her body like a woman, skin very white and long black hair. An old Iceland history tells of one near Greenland, "the neck and head in all respects like a human being." The Norwegian Bishop Pontippidan, who wrote in the eighteenth century, "records the appearance of a mermaid which was deposed to on oath by the observers." And not to multiply quotations proving the belief even of the learned in the actual existence of the mermaids, Pliny asserts authoritatively that "as for the mermaidens it is no fabulous tale that goeth of them, for looke how painters draw them, so thay are indeed."

It seems hard after all these weighty testimonies that we should be assured that the "historical" mermaids were only dugongs or manatees, seals or sea lions, especially as some of these interesting creatures measure some eighteen feet in length and are by no means attractive in appearance. Something in the shape of the head and the breast is relied on by the rationalistic scientists as explaining the delusion, but one is at a loss to understand how this can account for the circumstantial descriptions that have come down to us. Coevals of those old writers have proved to us by their paintings that they held very much the same views as to what constitutes feminine beauty as we have, and we should certainly not discover in the dugong or manatee anything whatever to suggest in the very faintest degree the idea of a pretty woman. Yet there is generally the implication of comeliness in the verbal pictures the old writers give of their mermaids, though Columbus, who reported that he had seen two or three, admitted that he saw no beauty in them. The seal explanation perhaps does the least violence to one's traditional ideas, as, whatever may be thought of its resemblance to a woman, it is in itself graceful and its face and eyes are pleasing.

There is, at any rate, a rather suggestive coincidence in the view that the mermaid of fiction is the seal of fact, for closely allied if not identical with mermaids were the "seal maidens" of a thousand fables. The accepted tradition was that these maidens assumed the form of seals, which they could relinquish at any moment by divesting themselves of the sealskins. Only if while they were disporting themselves in quasi human guise their seal integuments were stolen or hidden they would have to remain as "maidens" and could not resume the form of seals. We know on the authority of many a song and legend that willingly or unwillingly a man has been

> "married to a mermaid
> At the bottom of the deep blue sea,"

but in the case of the fortunate purloiner of a seal maiden's "troublesome disguise" there was no need for a submarine descent. She could quite comfortably live on land and, indeed, had to unless she found her sealskin again, though always longing, like the mermaid of Haarlem, to become a sea dweller once more. There is therefore unquestionably a certain poetic propriety in the scientific identification of the mermaid with the seal.—London Globe.

Renunciation.

"I have always been a good friend to you, Mrs. Jinx," said Mrs. Lapsing with blazing eyes, as she rose to go. "but I am a friend no longer. You have talked about my husband. Right here is where our paths diverge. Good afternoon."—Chicago Tribune.

Gems In Verse

CONSOLATION.

WE sigh for days that are no more,
We mourn the loss of passions dead;
We sing the threnodies of yore
And weep the tear of pleasures fled.

Yet o'er the pathways of today
Some lingering roses still may lean,
And where our doleful footsteps stray
Sweet flowers be springing, all unseen.

Alert, the ear may catch the trill
Of bird song caroled in the tree,
And voices from the air to fill
The soul with present ecstasy.

Above the dreaming, did we hear
The sterner tone of duty's call
To sympathy with things anear
That wait our joyance more than all—

Soon would we breathe the purer thought
That sets the stagnant pulse amove,
And to our lifted hands, unsought,
Will come the answering touch of love!
—John Troland.

AN ENCOUNTER.

WHO cares for the burden, the night and the rain,
And the steep, long, lonesome road,
When at last through the darkness a light shines plain,
When a voice calls hail, and a friend draws rein
With an arm for the stubborn load?

THOUGH his way lie over the prairies green
And mine up the sunrise hill,
Though no more in my path may his light be seen
And I never may travel the leagues between,
His succor aids me still.

FOR life is the chance of a friend or two
This side of the journey's goal,
Though the world be a desert the long night through,
Yet the gay flowers bloom and the sky's grown blue
When a soul salutes a soul.
—Harriet Monroe.

THE HAPPY KING.

THE king of Spain is happy—not because he wears a crown;
Not because he walks on velvet and his paths are shod with down;
Not because he wields a scepter and is greeted as "Your grace"
By the silver gartered gentlemen of high and haughty place;
Not because the masses greet him with their glad "Long live the king."
For in these jocund voices often sounds the traitor's ring!
The king of Spain is happy just because in dreams of rest
He saw a little baby dreaming on a mother's breast!

The king of Spain is happy, as all kings of men are glad
When the household rings with revel of the lips of Little Lad,
When babyhood in blossom pours the wonder of its bloom
Through the palace and the hovel like a rose of old perfume;
The king of Spain is happy that a little life in glee
Has come to hear the dreamy song and dance upon his knee,
And grow in strength around him and go forth with sword in hand
To keep the trace of kingship for the glory of the land!

The king of Spain is happy—not because his phalanx led
On the fields of splendid battle, treading down the kingly dead;
Not because his banners glistened o'er the ramparts of the foe
And there came a wind of wailing from the lips that wept in woe;
Not because he heard the trumpets waken on the hills of morn
The triumph of the pennants that his conquering hosts had borne;
The king of Spain is happy that the dawn of love has smiled,
And the tender hand that leads him is the hand of Little Child!
—Baltimore Sun.

THE SUNRISE NEVER FAILED US YET.

UPON the sadness of the sea
The sunset broods regretfully;
From the far, lonely spaces slow
Withdraws the wistful afterglow.

SO out of life the splendor dies,
So darken all the happy skies,
So gathers twilight, cold and stern,
But overhead the planets burn.

AND up the east another day
Shall chase the bitter dawn away.
What though our eyes with tears be wet?
The sunrise never failed us yet.

THE blush of dawn may yet restore
Our light and hope and joy once more.
Sad soul, take comfort, nor forget
That sunrise never failed us yet.
—Celia Thaxter.

THE LAND OF EVENING.

DOWN to lands of evening, where the little shadows fall,
Down to lands of evening when the bells of sunset call,
Down to lands of evening from the workhouse of the day,
Oh, lovely are the roses scattered all along the way!

Down to lands of evening, all so sweet and all so still,
The dew upon the meadows and the blue upon the hill;
Down to lands of evening with a love song in the breast,
And little [illegible] waiting in the sweet [illegible] nest!

Down to lands of evening from the roaring traffic [illegible]
Dreaming [illegible] the buttercups and dancing [illegible]
Down to lands of evening from the half [illegible]
To the little sweetheart mother and the bloom of baby life!
—Anonymous.

CROSS PURPOSES.

I LAID my plans with care
And meant to win and wear,
[illegible]

I [illegible]
—Times-Democrat.

MEASURE FOR MEASURE.

WHAT [illegible]

EARTH [illegible]
Make earth and heaven!
—Harriet Prescott Spofford.

CLOTHES AND THE MAN.

Study the Lord of Creation and the Things He Wears.

See the man!

He wears a hat of straw, stiffened with glue until it is like a tin pail, or of felt or silk, stiffened with bum shellac until it is like a cast iron pot. Inside this unyielding brim is a thick band of hard, stiff leather, re-enforced with finer bands of flannel. Result, compression of the blood vessels of the scalp, causing undue perspiration, headache and baldness.

About his neck in summer is a turndown collar, which is a high, stiff fence of eight thicknesses of starched linen. This fits closely, leaving him unable to turn his head without great effort. Imbedded in this and tied in front in a thick, uncomfortable bunch is a tie of heavy cotton or silk, re-enforced with linings of quilted canton flannel.

His shirt has a stiff, unyielding front of the firmness of a priest's breastplate. This must be donned with dexterity and worn with care lest it break or bend. His waistcoat is made of heavy woolen cloth, and in summer he wears one of heavier, thicker and warmer duck or cheviot. This warmth and thickness, however, are only in front, where nature has already protected the lungs and heart. At his back, *where protection is required* against draft or chill, the waistcoat is of thin muslin.

His coat is built similarly, the fronts being re-enforced with lapels of many linings.

About his waist he buckles a belt so tightly as to interfere with breathing and circulation, yet can rarely get it tight enough to achieve its own purpose.

For this reason he must wear suspenders, which are probably the most uncomfortable garment known.

He carries a stick which has no pretense to use or beauty.

He has dozens of pockets into which he never puts anything.

He has buttons which button nothing and buttonholes which are not to be used.

He has strange jewelry of clumsy intent. Great buttons of uncouth shape must be thrust through stiffly starched layers of linen. Collar buttons must be lost and hunted for.

He has rings on his fingers, pins in his scarf, chains across his breast, fobs dangling from his pockets and studs in his shirts.

He is not what he was created, but is what he has created.

Is the man a savage?

No; he is the lord of creation!—Life.

MILLET'S POVERTY.

Incident In the Life of the Great French Painter.

It seems almost incredible that Millet, painter of "The Angelus" and other now world famous pictures, should have suffered from the poverty that forms the basis of the following story, but it is a fact that he did: One day, indeed, he found himself without food in the house for himself and his family. In his extremity Diaz offered to take two of Millet's drawings to Paris and make an effort to sell them. Evening came, the Millet family anxiously awaiting their friend's return. If he came back without the drawings it meant bread; with them, hungry to bed. Night fell, the family sitting in darkness because they felt they could not afford a light.

At last they heard the stamping of Diaz's wooden leg as he crossed the little paved court and his lusty voice calling out: "Light! Light! Where is the light?" The family hurried to light a candle. But even while the head of the old fashioned sulphur match still was spluttering Diaz, who was a Spaniard and nothing if not temperamental, slapped down two leaves of bread on the table, one after another, in quick succession. When at last the candle was burning he drew out 60 francs in gold, all save one piece, which he had been obliged to change in buying the bread. He arranged the gold pieces in a circle like a halo around the candle, ending with the change, of which he made a neat pile.

"Ah," sighed Millet as he regarded the unhoped for treasure, "if only I could count on a sum like this every week!"

"Would *you* turn capitalist?" reproachfully asked Diaz.

If to suffer is a spur to genius, is it a wonder that these Barbizon men were great painters?

Getting Even.

At the savings bank it is requisite to obtain the signature of new depositors to an identification form. Recently a lady with more independence of spirit than experience exhibited unwillingness to comply with the regulation.

"What is your husband's name?" asked the clerk.

"My husband's name is Peter Jones. What is your wife's name?" snapped the fair depositor.—London Scraps.

Unappreciated.

"I've worked for the party faithfully for the last twenty years," began the office seeker, "and I can say with truth that I never once asked for an office."

"Great record!" put in the party leader. "I wouldn't think of urging you to break it. Keep it up."—Philadelphia Press.

Memory.

Tommy—Pa, what is memory?

Tommy's Pa—Memory, my son, is something that enables us to forget the money we borrow and remember the money we lent.—Philadelphia Record.

Don't preach too much; do a kindness when you can.—Steed.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Hyncsville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months is made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well."

STOPS THE PAINS caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

[illegible]

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself. "5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

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Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

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THE NEWS, THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Business and Inflation.

A weekly magazine has set apart $50,000 to advertise its Christmas issue, and in justifying this action in the face of the unsettled financial situation, it says: "This will be a bad year for inflation, but a good year for business."

That seems to sum up the situation accurately in about as few words as it could be said in. It is going to be a poor year for inflation, but a good year for business.

If all years were poor years for inflation, they would be better years for business. Inflation is at the sacrifice, sooner or later, of business stability. During years of inflation business may be feverishly good, but the inflation gets into business, too, as well as speculation, and then when the bubble of inflation breaks; as all bubbles must, the fever of business is succeeded by a chill.

The alternation between fever and chills is not healthy. If it could be so arranged that business was always rosy and vigorous and flushed only by good health, not by fever, everybody would be very much better off.

Inflation is due to the mad struggle for quick profits and sudden riches. That means taking speculative chances, not only in stocks but in legitimate business. Taking speculative chances means gambling, and gambling means losses. What one wins, many lose. When the losses are heavy, everybody suffers. Watered stock, chains of banks devoted to the speculations of those who control them, high finance—which means low morals: these are the elements of inflation.

If we have a bad year for inflation, it will be a splendid thing for everybody. Business can get along without it; in fact it cannot be healthy with it. A bad year for inflation but a good year for business is a consummation that should be earnestly sought by this country, and when it has such a year every year there will be more general comfort and less bloated fortunes, more thrift and less poverty, more real happiness and less corroding false pleasures.

When this country needs more than currency reform, tariff revision, curbing of trusts or railroad rate regulation is the substitution of thrift for greed, sober common sense for insane thirst for quick wealth, and good business for inflation.

Given these, and the others must follow as the night the day. The insatiate hunger for inordinate wealth and display has given birth to the schemes that have fed it: to thieving tariff schedules, to watered stocks, to trust oppressive railroad rates.

The disease is speculation, and these are only its symptoms. It is a poor doctor that seeks to treat symptoms while overlookidg the deep-seated disease that causes them.

It is going to be a good year for business and a bad year for inflation; let's hope it will be followed by more of the same.—Duluth Herald.

When is a Law a Law.

A regrettable controversy lately arose in Illinois. The legislature of that State convened in special session for the purpose of considering a direct primary bill, went through certain paces in the way of motions, [illegible], ballotings, amendments, conference committee proceedings and acts by the two Houses upon the conference committee report.

Governor Deneen and his partisans alleged that the net effect of these various proceedings was that the legislature duly passed the bill, making it a law of the State as soon as it should receive the signature of the executive; while Speaker Shurtleff and his friends stoutly maintained that the legislature rejected the bill. Leading legislative lights were of different opinion as to whether the legislature had or had not passed the bill, and it looked as though there might be an appeal to the Supreme Court to decide this point.

That would have been unfortunate in a way, because if the Supreme Court decided that the legislature did pass the bill there would surely have been another appeal to the same tribunal to decide whether or not the bill, being duly passed, was constitutional.

It takes a couple of years, on an average, to find out whether a law that the legislature has enacted is constitutional and binding. If, now, it should take two years more to decide whether the legislature had enacted the law, much confusion would obviously result, and it might become almost necessary to elect legislatures that had a tolerably clear idea as to what they were doing.—Saturday Evening Post.

Hestor Wanted A Big Turkey

"THE president is going to have a twenty-five pound bird for his dinner," mused Sam Hestor on his uncertain way to his home in Floyd street, Cleveland, on the eve of Thanksgiving last year. "What's the matter with Sam Hestor having a big bird?"

About this time he was passing the zoo. In the large inclosure was the pet ostrich, Charley. Hestor got his eye on Charley, and visions of a Thanksgiving feast of which Floyd street would talk for years came into his mind.

A few minutes later a policeman discovered Hestor chasing the ostrich around the pen. At times he got a few plumes and sometimes he narrowly escaped a knockout blow as Charley let fly his feet. By the time the policeman reached him Hestor had the whole zoo aroused and screaming.

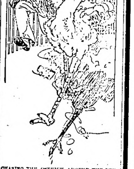

CHASING THE OSTRICH AROUND THE PEN.

"Biggest turkey I ever saw," said Hestor when he was arrested. "Still, some of those big birds ain't tender. Won one at a raffle once and we had to stew him in a wash boiler to get him fit to eat."

The charge of trying to steal the pet of the Cleveland zoo was not pressed, and he was allowed to go home and fall to on a real bird.

DIED GIVING THANKS.

Father Fell From Chair While Recounting Family's Blessings.

George Douglas Keen, an accountant employed by the Bush Terminal company, sat down to his Thanksgiving dinner at his home, [illegible] Twenty-eighth street, Brooklyn, at [illegible] last Thanksgiving day. Before him was a large turkey, and seated about the table were his wife, Anna, and his three children—Douglas, eight years old; Alva, five, and Gordon, three.

Great preparations had been made for the dinner, and Mr. Keen felt elated with the outlook [illegible] the table. It was a holiday. The [illegible] outside was cold, and the warmth inside was all the more genial.

"Well, I guess we have a little something to be thankful for, Mrs. Keen," said the head of the house.

He helped his wife, his children and then himself. Then he sat down and put a piece of turkey in his mouth.

"Yes," he went on, "[illegible] everything all [illegible], we [illegible]."

Then he fell out of his chair dead. The doctor said it was heart disease.

—Subscribe for the News

WHALES AS RAMS.

Cases Where These Marine Monsters Have Attacked Vessels.

While cruising in the south seas the whaler Essex on Nov. 20, 1820, was furiously attacked by a cow sperm whale supposed to have been the mother of a calf which had just been harpooned. The whale had not been wounded herself, and her attack was very determined. At her first rush she passed under the Essex and carried away a great length of her false keel. Then, coming to the surface a considerable distance away, she appeared to take bearings and deliberately charged the vessel again, ramming her with such violence that she stove in the bows, while the ship rolled so heavily that the captain thought she must be dismantled. The case is memorable because the crew had to abandon the vessel, and one boat was never heard of again.

A more singular instance of a whale attacking a vessel occurred in 1895. The singularity lies in the fact that in the case of the Handa Isle the attack was entirely unprovoked. This vessel, a brigantine of 260 tons, was on her way to Sydney with a cargo of timber. On Aug. 24, about noon, a couple of sperm whales rose very close to the vessel and, while the crew watched them "sporting" across her bows, the pair suddenly slued around and came straight for her. One thought better of it and dived below the Handa Isle. The other struck her fair and square on the beam, crushing in her timbers. Having rammed the ship in this resolute fashion it sheered off, terribly damaged about the head, and presently sank tail first.

Fortunately there were some packages of rawhides on board, and the crew were able to keep the vessel afloat with the pumps until a rough and ready collision mat had been fashioned out of these and drawn over the leak.—Bailey's Magazine.

Women of the Kurds.

As to the way the Kurds treat their women, an Asiatic traveler says: "They neither veil them nor impose upon them heavy manual labor. Their women are well clothed and are free to ride abroad, bully their husbands and express their opinion in public affairs with as loud a voice as any suffragist could desire. To see a woman of sixty upright as a lance and with a good figure is not uncommon, and that, I think, is a sufficiently striking testimony to any one acquainted with the east."

Our strength grows out of our weakness. Not until we are pricked and stung and surely shot at awakens the indignation which arms itself with secret forces.—Emerson.

The Langseth Mercantile
Company Wish All
A Happy
New Year.

Short Time Only

We are going to quit doing business on December 31. This leaves but a short time in which you will be able to get your

Clothes and Furishings
at Less Than Cost.

The stock is getting low but if we have your size you are sure to get the benefit of a big bargain. Don't fail to come in if you need anything in wearing apparel. You will never again have such a chance to get good goods for so little money.

C. O. D. Clothing Co.

KENISON & AMUNDSON, Proprietors.

THE GREATEST CURE
FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

HE WAS OBLIGING.

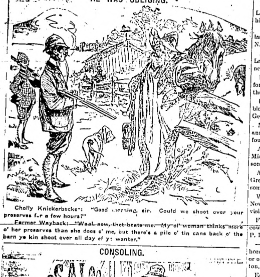

Cholly Knickerbocker: "Good morning, sir. Could we shoot over your preserves for a few hours?"

Farmer Wayback: "Waal, now, thet beats me. My ol' woman thinks more o' her preserves than she does o' me, but there's a pile o' tin cans back o' the barn ye kin shoot over all day ef ye wanter."

CONSOLING.

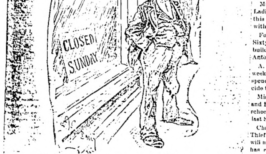

Wandering Willie: "Well, I'm dead busted, anyway."

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Louis Hanson was up to Greenbush last Saturday

H. P. West, the Iowa land man, was in the city last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Nicholas Werstlein was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

O P. Nelson, of Germantown, was in the city last Saturday.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence, Evenson block. Phone 214.

Pat Mahon was down to Minneapolis last week visiting his parents.

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Joe Sedlacek was up from Iowa last week visiting his brother, Emil Sedlacek.

Miss Etta Flinn left Monday evening for Minneapolis to spend the holidays.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday visiting with Fr. Adolph.

H. A. Loken left last week for North Dakota to spend a week visiting friends over there.

H. G. Dobner left Sunday evening for Lake City to spend the holidays with his parents.

Mrs. John Norton arrived in the city last week to visit her daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Attorney Maboy was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Frank McGinty left Sunday evening for Wisconsin to visit relatives and spend the holidays.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Michael Kjose, of Rocksbury, killed another wolf last week, making his fourth this season.

Attorney G. Halvorson was up to Middle River last Friday attending to some legal business.

Andrew Stenseth was up north on the Greenbush line last week attending to some business matter.

Walter Robbecke left yesterday for New Ulm to spend a couple of weeks visiting with relatives.

For Sale—Three heavy oxen and seven cows, will soon be fresh. Inquire of H. P. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

—For Sale Cheap—A second hand 16 horsepower Port Huron engine. Cash or on time. Address Box 621, Crookston, Minn.

Eddie Hermanson, who is attending an art school in Minneapolis, arrived here last week to spend his vacation with his parents.

Miss Ramstad, who is attending the Ladies Seminary at Fargo, returned to this city last week to spend the holidays with her parents.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

A. E. Abraham and family left last week for Kalispell, Mont. They expect to spend the winter in the west and may decide to locate there permenently.

Miss Grace Meehan, Otto Ramstad and Elmer Mattson, who are attending school at Moorhead, returned to this city last Saturday to spend their vacation.

Chas. Nelson moved his family to Thief River Falls this week where they will make their future home. Charles has engaged in the saloon business at that place—Greenbush Journal.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Jan. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Through the courtesy of Congressman Halver Steenerson, the Antlers Club now receives the Congressional Record. Secretary Sponheim wrote to Mr. Steenerson asking that the club receive this document and the request was at once granted.

State authorities are making renewed efforts to have the interior department turn over to the State 184,000 acres of swamp lands on White Earth and Leech Lake reservations. They are worth over [illegible], and would be a big addition to our school funds.

Prof. G. T. Wilson, under whose direction the "Merry Milkmaids" was presented here, left last week for his home in Iowa. It is rumored that Mr Wilson will return to Thief River Falls the first part of January and open up a moving picture show here in company with W. [illegible].

The meeting of the Socialists held in the city hall last Friday evening was very well attended. Dr. P. L. Vistaunet was chairman of the meeting and he introduced George P. Kirkpatrick, the speaker of the evening. Mr. Kirkpatrick gave a lengthy address and was listened to with attention.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding last Saturday.

Attorney S. Cook was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Oscar Sponheim spent Sunday at Crookston visiting with friends.

Frank Przybyszeski—name and all—was in from Germantown last week and made this office a call.

Perl W. Maboy was over in North Dakota on the Wheatline the first of the week attending to business matters.

Write to Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minnesota, for its special holiday offer to those who enter the week after New Year.

The Minnesota insurance department has prepared the township mutual insurance laws in pamphlet form and will send them out upon request.

The ice rink was opened to the public last Saturday evening and a large crowd was in attendance. The proprietors of the rink have had considerable trouble in getting a good bed of ice for the rink, owing to the mild weather, but from now on anticipate no trouble.

The freight service on this branch of the Great Northern from Thief River Falls to Greenbush is only three times a week now—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays the freight train only comes north as far as Thief River Falls. There is no change in the passenger run.

If a person has money concealed it is always known by some people, and the owner is in constant dread that it will be destroyed or stolen. Better join the wise don't worry club, and keep your money in the bank where it will earn interest, be perfectly safe and help the business of the country.—Hubbard County Clipper.

Three men residing in the neighborhood of Fergus Falls trapped $560 worth of furs in four weeks. They started Nov. 1st in North Dakota where the law permits trapping on that date and then they worked over into Minnesota after the 15th. Their four weeks trapping yielded 96 mink, 650 muskrats, 31 skunk, 10 white weasels, 2 red foxes and one coon.

Andrew Trovaten, the well known town of North farmer who is at present at Stoughton. Wis., where he expects to remain for the next three months, writes the News that times are dull in Wisconsin. He says that both of the big wagon factories at Stoughton are closed and there are maney idle men. Farmers can not sell their tobacco and the price of hogs is away down.

Senator Nelson has also introduced a bill to amend the national bankruptcy act, to provide that debtors who owe less than $500 may not be able to take advantage of the terms of the act. In its actual operation the present law has been taken advantage of by persons who owe small tradesmen for groceries and household supplies, and the bill is intended to protect these merchants from such losses.

James Suter a former resident and county commissioner of Red Lake county is now well located at Yakima, Wash., and is one of the fortunate investors who struck a valuable piece of land that is now on the electric line about two miles from the city limits. The land across the way from him has been sold for $1200 an acre and platted into acre lots. It is a great deal of satisfaction to us of the Red River Valley that the foundations of all these western fortunes were laid in the Valley.—Crookston Journal.

A town that never has anything to do in a public way is on the road to the cemetery. Any citizen who will do nothing for his town is helping to dig the grave. A man cursing the town furnishes the coffin. The man who is so selfish as to have no time to give to city affairs is making the shroud. The man who will not advertise is driving the hearse. The man who is always pulling back from any public enterprise throws boquets on the grave. The man who is so stingy as to be howling hard times preaches the funeral, sings the doxolgy, and thus the town lies buried from all sorrow and care.—Exchange

L. P. Brandstrom returned home from near Winnepeg this morning. Mr. Brandstrom tells us of a very disgraceful scene he saw on the train at Emerson when the train arrived at Emerson the custom officer in looking over the baggage belonging to a lady he found a ladies fur coat. He asked the lady what she was doing with the coat and she told him that it was a coat that belonged to her sister who had left it at her home a few weeks and that the coat had been bought in Chicago at a cost of $375 (?) also that she was taking it to her sister who lives in the state of Iowa. The lady could not tell where the fur had been bought but offered to prove her assertion that the coat had been bought in the United States if given time and also offered to pay duty on the coat which the officer refused and turning he put the coat in a stove where it was burnt up. It is hoped that this case will be looked after and the custom officer made to suffer for this coward act.—Newfolden Review.

Child Terribly Scalded.

Yesterday forenoon Gunder, the 16-months-old son of Thor Gunstenson, of Garnes township, was probably fatally scalded by falling into a dish pan full of hot water. As near as we can learn Mrs. Gunstenson was busy with her housework and had filled the pan with water and had pushed it partly under the stove. The little one, playing on the floor, fell backward into the water while she was looking in another direction. She snatched him out at once and dispatched a message to Plummer at once for Dr. Clark and to notify Mr. Gunstenson, who had come to town earlier with a load of grain. Dr. Clark went out at once and did everything possible for the little sufferer. The tender baby flesh was badly cooked and came off quite freely with the clothing.

But slight hopes are entertained for the child's recovery.—Plummer Pioneer.

Some Advertising Costs.

Some of the larger advertisers spend fortunes for space in high class publications, says a trade journal. For instance, a single page in one issue of the "Chicago News" cost $1141.50; in the "New York American, $930.00; in the 'New York Herald,' $698.25; in "Collier's Weekly," $1600.00; in the "Saturday Evening Post," $1800; in the "Delineator $1800.00 in the "Woman's Home Companion," $1800: in the "Youth's Companion," $2,400; in the "Ladies' Home Journal," $1,000.00. Notwithstanding the high prices charged no publisher can guarantee anything in the way of returns.

Sell Bananas by Weight.

Down in LaCrosse, Wis., bananas will hereafter be sold by the pound. This is the ruling that has been made by the Retail Grocers' association. The change is intended for the benefit of the customer. Under the system of selling by the dozen the choice bananas go to the first comer, and those who come afterward are obliged to take some that are not worth near as much as the first ones. The grocers buy by weight and they are now going to sell by weight. The rule went into effect Monday.

M. B. A.

The Modern Brotherhood of America elected the following officers at their annual meeting;

President,	J. S. Carland;
Vice President,	O. C. Evenson;
Sec. and Treas.,	Mrs. Ed. Erickson;
Conductor,	C. E. Wright;
Chaplain,	Mrs. J. S. Carland;
Watch,	Miss Annie Anderson
Sentry,	Mrs. J. S. Rayson;

Trustees: Paul Modderigh, W. M. Jennings and Ben Erickson.

Saved the Prize.

Here is a complete sentence in eight words. Can you read it?

Stand
I
Took
You
To
Throw
Takings
My.

A prize of $10 will be awarded to the first reader sending in a correct reading of the foregoing sentence.

P. S.—Upon second thought we will answer this ourselves and save the $10 to buy ham and eggs with. Here it is: "I understand you undertook to overthrow my undertakings."—Pittsburg Press.

Mark Twain's Mean Man.

"The meanest man I ever knew," said Mark Twain, "lived in Hannibal. He sold his son-in-law the half of a very fine cow and then refused to share the milk with the young fellow on the ground that he had only sold him the front half. The son-in-law was also compelled to provide all the cow's fodder and to carry water to her twice a day. Finally the cow butted the old man through a barbed wire fence, and he sued his son-in-law for $50 damages."

Taken at His Word.

Master Walter, aged five, had eaten the soft portions of his toast at breakfast and piled the crusts on his plate.

"When I was a little boy," remarked his father, who sat opposite him, "I always ate the crusts of my toast."

"Did you like them?" inquired his offspring cheerfully.

"Yes," replied the parent.

"You may have these," said Master Walter, pushing his plate across the table.—Harper's Weekly.

Korean English.

The following gem of English as it is writ by a Korean was handed to us by one of our reporters: "Some days last one of the families in Shong Pyung Chun made a loud when be soundly slept in the dreaming, at the whilst one of the Japanese military officers arrived there and asked the reason of making noise."—Korea News

Second Best.

"No," said the sweet young thing "I wouldn't marry the best man on earth."

"Then my case must be hopeless," said the youth sorrowfully.

"Not at all. I simply said that to encourage you."—Pittsburg Press.

There is a vast difference, says a wise philosopher, between wishing and winning. Many a good man has failed because he had his wishbone where his backbone ought to have been.

Mayfield Bachelors.

What's the matter with the bachelors of Mayfield township? Well, nothing much only that they are very prosperous and they're rapidly getting fewer. The wave of prosperity hit them good and strong this year and the matrimonial bug has been busy among them with great results. Elling Ellingson, Hans Holmen and Charley Kjellen, three of the best of them, are bachelors no longer. John A. B. Anderson dont want to be a bachelor any longer than he can help. Leap year is almost here and several of the other single follows are getting restless. There is still a number of choice bachelors left out there so hurry up girls, and make your choice early. They're going fast.

To the leap year maiden we wish to say that we can guarantee the Mayfield township brand of bachelor to be prosperous and steady. They reside on fine farms, are good farmers, and when a few more of them get married Mayfield township will be about the best place in northern Minnesota—Plummer Pioneer.

Bids Wanted.

For the construction of a school house in District No. 119, town of Moylan, Marshall county. Building to be frame, 18x24 feet. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clerk's office. Building must be completed by the 15th of May. Bids must be in the clerk's hands by noon January 4, 1908. Board reserves the right to reject any and al bids.

P. A. Johnson, Clerk.

Attend The Farmers' Short Course.

Lectures on dairy husbandry, live stock management, crop rotation, fair management, agricultural chemistry, entomology, horticulture, farm mechanics etc.

Two weeks of live stock and grain judging. Special lectures for farmers' wives and daughters on household art. Course begins at University of Minnesota School of Agriculture, St. Anthony Park, between St. Paul and Minneapolis, on January 10 and continues until Feb. 21.

For full particulars regarding train service and fare call on.

W. E. Baker,
Great Northern Railway Agent.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson, and Kittel Knudson, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nils Knudson being duly filed in this court, representing that Knudt Syverson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of June 1904, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Nils Knudson, Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of January 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N.W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 19th, day of December, 1907.

COURT SEAL N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
dec 26 jan 9

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tina Holsinger of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made Dec. 2nd, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 1, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Jan. 28th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Albert Rohrer	of Germantown, Minn.
Nels Larson	" " "
Peter A. Johnson	" " "
John Graff	" " "

dec 26 jan 30

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Przybyszeski of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made October 3rd, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Feb 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Frank Staska	of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mat Staska	" " " "
Fred Skaar	" " " "
Ole Holmen	" " " "

dec 26 jan 30

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his said claim, that said proof will be made before J. M. [illegible], Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb. 3rd, 1908, viz: Engebret Nelson H E No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 24, in Twp. 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tollef O Loyland	of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Knute Loyland	" " " "
Andrew Lindal	" " " "
Martin H. [illegible]	" " " "

dec 26 jan 30

R. J. Montague,
Register.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WILL ABOLISH MISERY.

Plenty of Opportunity For the Industrious Under Socialism.

Under Socialism there will be neither poverty nor extreme wealth. These conditions are the result of exploitation, and therefore they belong to capitalism. Abnormal and unnatural conditions do not make for moral living.

Today we are haunted by the fear of a penniless old age or the ever present possibility of being thrown out of work or being laid up by sickness or accident. No such disturbing fears will trouble us under Socialism, because there will be plenty of opportunity for the industrious. The aged, the sick and the unfit will be properly taken care of, as any civilization worthy the name must do.

And high society, which is largely an aggregation of parasites, gluttons and sensuous debauchees, should be put to work. This will do much to cure them of their vices and at the same time lift a great load off the shoulders of the sober and industrious worker, who at present is robbed and exploited in order to maintain this trash, this so called high society, in idleness and vicious living.

A certain writer has said that any man can be good on $50,000 a year. Such a one might be good if he kept his mind active at some useful occupation, but if asked to name the best conditions under which to turn out a first class bum, debauchee and all round good-for-nothing I could think of nothing more admirably adapted to the purpose than idleness and $50,000 a year.

Man to be moral must lead a normal life. This is the whole secret of morality. What percentage of the people today lead a strictly normal life? It is safe to say there are almost none. Conditions today do not favor normal living, and this is why there is so much crime and immorality in the world.

Socialism will bring us many new opportunities, chief among which will be an opportunity to live a clean, moral and respectable life.—Buffalo Herald.

LIFTING THE LOAD.

Adoption of Socialism Would Set All Mankind Free.

A heavy dray broke down in the street, and a man was crushed and held captive under it. On top of the dray was a load of merchandise, and on top of the merchandise were sitting a lot of monopolists.

A crowd of men gathered about and began to discuss how to relieve the man crushed by the dray. They stayed so long and discussed so hard that the people finally created them into a legislature.

Then they called on a lot more men, called political economists, who decided that the man had always been so crushed. It was his natural condition, and it was useless to think of releasing him.

Other professors said it would overturn civilization to let the man get out from under the dray, and so it would.

Next, chairs were endowed in universities to teach that the man was there because he was not fit to survive or that he had too much overproduction on top of him; that even if he got out he could not walk because of lack of experience in walking.

Then came the theologians, who said the man's heart was bad and that it must be saved before the stuff could be taken off; finally that if his heart could be got right he need not have the weight taken off at all.

And the theologians secured a life job for centuries just for preaching that the man could not possibly be anywhere than where he was.

Finally a man came along and said "Why, take the stuff off, and let the man go free!"

That man was a Socialist.

Making Life Worth While.

By the way, did you ever notice that those who have government jobs are the ones who most frequently express the fear that it would ruin the rest of us to have them, that it is the officeholders who decry public ownership for fear of graft, that the very ones who decry the suggestion of industrial servants receiving old age pensions are those who have "served" their country in fine uniforms at big salaries and are sure to be retired on half pay and that those who scornfully cry "paternalism" at every proposal to feed hungry children in school, furnish jobs to the unemployed, loan money to the poor at low interest and make life generally worth while to working people are not only willing, but wolfishly eager, to get millions in gold from the government when they have gambled themselves into financial trouble? Do you not see that government exists to support the rich? Why not vote for government to support us all?—Christian Socialist.

The Line of Approach.

Keir Hardie, one of the Socialist members of parliament, voiced the sentiments of English Socialists when he said at Bradford, England, a year ago:

"It becomes increasingly evident that Socialism in Great Britain will come through the municipalities—municipal trams, municipal water, municipal gas, municipal electricity, municipal bread, municipal coal and municipal land. These things are all putting the people, or will put them, in possession and control of the essentials of life, and that is what Socialism aims at."

Even a Century and a Half Ago.

It is computed that if every person worked usefully four hours daily they would produce enough to give every one the necessaries and comforts of life and banish want and misery from the world.—Benjamin Franklin, 1700.

WHAT SOCIALISTS WANT.

The People to Own In Common Where They Produce In Common.

Let us state some plain facts. Indeed, nearly all there is to Socialism, as to science in general, is a system of arrangement of certain facts.

Men are working today with wonderfully productive machines. The user of a modern locomotive transports a thousand times as much each hour as the driver of an ox team could move in a month. The child tending a battery of Northrup magazine looms weaves miles where the old hand loom worker wove feet. The steam thrasher turns out carloads of grain where the man with the flail thrashed bushels.

This is the story that meets us everywhere.

With relation to these wonderful machines the members of society are divided into two classes—those who own and those who do not own the machines.

The class that own the machines do not need to work. They may be, like the owners of the great Marshall Field estate, wards of a court. They may be insane, infants, in jail. This does not interfere with their ownership.

The class of owners does not need to do any work, yet its income flows in.

This is because of the existence of the other class—the class that does not own anything.

This nonowning class cannot live unless it can use the property of the *owners. It cannot even set foot on the* earth unless it uses the land that belongs to the owning class.

The nonowning class cannot live unless it produces wealth. In order to produce wealth it must use the land and machines of the owners.

For the opportunity to use the property of the possessing class long enough each day to produce a subsistence for itself the propertyless class agrees to keep on producing wealth with these wonderfully productive machines all day.

The portion which the propertyless producing class creates for itself and is allowed to keep is called wages, and all the remainder flows into the pockets of the possessing class as rent, interest and profit.

The Socialists point out that, since no function is performed by these owners and since it requires neither brains nor ability of any kind to hold titles, therefore it would be easy for the workers collectively to hold these titles. The workers could just as well appoint the state as their agent to hold the titles as the capitalists can appoint banks, corporations and trust companies for that purpose.

Under Socialism there will be none shut out from ownership. All will be owners, and all will be users. This is what the Socialist party is seeking to accomplish.—Chicago Daily Socialist.

Frances Willard's Views.

In common with other well informed Socialists Miss Willard did not profess that Socialism when inaugurated would instantly solve all of the problems of life. On this point she expressed her opinion thus: "Long after the great trust of humanity takes to itself the earth and the fullness thereof as the equal property of all there will remain reforms as vital as any I have mentioned." The economic problem once justly solved, however, will give us a better opportunity to get at other needed reforms. Indeed, we can never reach the latter until the former is righteously settled. * * * "Nothing is today doing so much to lessen the respectability of drinking intoxicating liquors as the growing sense of brotherhood on the part of all civilized men."

It may be interesting to note in this connection that on another occasion when speaking of the causes of intemperance Miss Willard declared, "For myself, twenty-one years of study and observation have convinced me that poverty is the prime cause of intemperance." This, it will be observed, is directly contrary to the popular notion regarding this matter.

Socialist Notes.

Say, Mr. Worker, wouldn't you like to live in a world where your living would be secure provided you contributed a fair amount of labor and where the roof over your head would be yours for a certainty and secure for the dear ones for whom you love to provide. Wouldn't the serenity of such a life be grand? Better read up on Socialism!

Distorted and dwarfed as some of our natures may have become under the bad environment and the crushing temptations of the capitalist system of selfish grab, there is still in every breast a longing for a state of society founded on the live and let live principle, the principle of brotherly love and mutual helpfulness. Some may have been spoiled to the point of entire loss of moral feeling; but, compared to the great body of mankind these are so few as to affect the count. Socialism cannot come too soon for the good of the world.—Social Democratic Herald, Milwaukee.

The Elevation of the Masses.

The transformation of the crowd into the people is profound task. It is to this labor that the men called Socialists have devoted themselves during the last forty years. The author of this book, however insignificant, he [illegible] of the oldest in this [illegible] [illegible] Victor Hugo.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on January 7th, 1908 viz: Bernard P. Hvidding H. E. No. 278 Red Lake Series for the Lot 1 and N.½ of N.E.¼ and S.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of Sec. 10, Twp. 153 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Carl Heiswenger, of Anton, Minn.
Krist Larson, of " "
Knut Solheim, of " "
Cornelius H. Helland, of " "

R. J. Montague, Register.

dec 28 jan 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 16, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on December 30th, 1907, viz: Gus Peterson H. E. No. 5569 Chippewa Series for the W.½ of N.E.¼ and E.½ of N.W.¼ of Sec. 31, Twp. 154 N. of R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Gunerius Olson, of Sorum, Minn.
Frank Carlson, " " "
Haltan Olson, " " "
August Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov 21 dec 26

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 13, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Bergling of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 21 made June 28th 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 21, Township 154 N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Dec., 30th, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Elias Overland of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Swanson " " "
Renold Johnson " " "
Frank L. Bergling " Brunkeberg, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

nov 21 dec 26

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00

DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,

Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.

Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern

SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.

RATES $1 PER DAY.

First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,

Candies

and

Tobacco

Go to

H. FANT'S

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Excise Commissioner Mulvihill of St. Louis has announced that every brewer in St. Louis and East St. Louis have formally made a written pledge to him that they will not sell beer or other supplies to any saloon or "lid" club which he places on a blacklist which he will furnish the managements. The blacklist will comprise the names of saloons or clubs that violate the liquor laws.

The backbone of the American navy, sixteen first class battleships, under command of Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, has set sail from Hampton Roads for the Pacific ocean—a 14,000-mile cruise, which has set all the world to talking. President Roosevelt, accompanied by a party of guests, was present to review the fleet and bid farewell to the officers and men.

Sunday amusements have been resumed in New York city under the modified city ordinance passed recently. Theaters, opera houses and higher class music halls continued as before. The only departure of consequence from the weekday presentations was that stage "business" was eliminated. Costumes, scene shifting and "make-ups" were barred.

United States senators, congressmen, high government officials and representatives of many business interests gathered at Cleveland Saturday in the interest of a ship subsidy. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Newberry was one of the speakers.

John F. Ahearn, who was recently removed from the office of president of the borough of Manhattan by Governor Hughes on charges preferred by officers of the City club, was elected by the board of aldermen borough president to succeed himself.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central railroad was postponed by order of Judge Ball of the superior court at Chicago until March 2.

Immigrants afflicted with contagious diseases are coming into New York faster than the local health authorities can care for them.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, leader of the minority, and Representative David A. De Armond of Missouri engaged in a fist fight over the passing of the lie on the floor of the house of representatives immediately after adjournment. Mr. Williams struck the first blow and Mr. De Armond retaliated vigorously with clenched fists. When the combatants were separated by an assistant sergeant-at-arms blood was flowing down Mr. Williams' face from a small gash in the left cheek and his forehead was red and abrased.

In a speech filled with denunciation of the president, the secretary of the treasury and the department of justice, of financiers and "captains of industry" Mr. Tillman addressed the senate on his resolutions directing an investigation by the committee on finance of the recent bond issues by the treasury department and of the issuance of clearing house certificates throughout the country.

POLITICAL NEWS.

At a session that lasted less than ten minutes the Republican county committee of New York county by an almost unanimous vote refused to consider at this time a resolution endorsing Governor Charles E. Hughes for the Republican presidential nomination.

Thomas W. Lawson of Boston will, according to an interview, soon launch a new political party. Its candidates for president and vice president, according to the plan as announced, will be Theodore Roosevelt and Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota.

J. Hamilton Lewis of Chicago has announced that he will accept the Democratic nomination for governor of Illinois if it were tendered him.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Wheat—May, $1.12½@1.12¾; July, $1.12⅝@1.12⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.06½@1.07; No. 3 Northern, $1.02@1.04.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@5.50. Hogs—$4.15@4.45. Sheep—Wethers, $3.85@4.00; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 21.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09[illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.08[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, $1.05[illegible]; Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.1[illegible]. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, $1.0[illegible]. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.1[illegible].

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Wheat—May, $1.06[illegible]; July, [illegible] May, 57[illegible]; July, [illegible] —May, [illegible]; May, [illegible]; 47[illegible]; July, [illegible]. Pork—Jan., $12.7[illegible]; May, $12.[illegible]. Butter—Creameries, 2[illegible]. [illegible] Eggs—21@2[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, [illegible] chickens, [illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Cattle—[illegible] $[illegible]; cows and heifers, $[illegible]; Texans, $[illegible]; [illegible] Western cattle, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $4[illegible]; [illegible] heavy, $4.[illegible]; pigs, $3[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible]; yearlings, $4.2[illegible]; lambs, $3.75@4.70.

IN FEDERAL SUPREME COURT

Legality of Minneapolis Sunday Closing Law Upheld.

That the Minneapolis city ordinance prohibiting the keeping of saloons open on Sundays is not in violation of the federal Constitution was in effect judicially declared by the supreme court of the United States in the case of the state of Minnesota vs. Val Marcinlak.

Marcinlak is the owner of a saloon in Minneapolis and was prosecuted in the municipal court of that city. Sentenced to pay a fine of $25 he appealed to the state supreme court, where he lost. He then brought the case to the federal court, where the ruling of the state court was affirmed. Marcinlak raised the question in the supreme court that the proceeding of the city court in refusing him a jury trial was a summary act such as is not justified by the Constitution, but the higher court refused to accept that view. The decision of the court was announced by Chief Justice Fuller, but he submitted no written opinion.

TRAGEDY AT WABASHA.

James Margastad Said to Have Been Shot by Peter Nigg.

Peter Nigg is in the county jail at Wabasha *awaiting the action of the* grand jury at the May term of the district court and James Margastad is at St. Elizabeth hospital at Wabasha in a very serious condition with two charges of No. 6 shot fired from a shotgun in his body. Nigg is charged with the shooting, which he denies. Nigg, it is said, was ejected from the Margastad home because he was abusive and thereupon, it is alleged, he shot Margastad.

Was a Pioneer Minnesotan.

Colonel William Crooks, assistant to the president of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, is dead at Portland, Ore., aged seventy-six years. Colonel Crooks, in whose honor the first locomotive ever operated in Minnesota, in 1862, was named, drove the first spike into the pioneer road of this state, the old St. Paul and Pacific road, now a part of the Great Northern. He was chief engineer of the road at one time. He was colonel of the Sixth Minnesota volunteer infantry and served during a portion of the war. Prior to that time he was stationed at Fort Snelling with General Sibley and played a prominent part in the Indian wars.

St. Paul Man Asphyxiated.

D. J. McCarthy of the freight claim department of the Great Northern railway was found dead in his room in the Porter hotel at St. Paul from gas poisoning. Coroner A. W. Miller was called and after an examination the body was taken to the county morgue, where the coroner will make a further investigation into the case. McCarthy was found dead in bed and the gas was turned on. It is supposed that he accidentally turned the gas on after extinguishing the light.

Duluth Primary Election.

In the hottest primary fight Duluth has ever witnessed Emil Tessman received the Democratic nomination for mayor, defeating Mayor M. B. Cullum by what the final returns show to have been a plurality of 138 votes. The most astounding feature of the election was the number of votes cast. More than 7,700 votes were polled in the city, a number equal to that generally polled at a general election. Of these more than 5,500 were Democratic.

Railroad Employe Killed.

George Dutcher, an employe of the Milwaukee and St. Paul railway at Wabasha, had both legs cut off just above the knees. He was taken to St. Elizabeth's hospital and died an hour later. Dutcher was employed in the capacity of cinder pit cleaner and was in the pit shovelling when a switch engine kicked three cars down the track over which he was working. In his effort to get out he was caught, the cars passing over him.

Young Woman Dies In Flames.

Katherine Krick of Melrose, about twenty years of age, lost her life in a burning house. While attempting to escape from the building the girl became suffocated and fell into the flames. Her body was recovered twenty minutes later, but it was charred and unrecognizable. John Krick, the girl's father, was badly burned but will recover.

St. Paul Club Goes to Chicago.

James J. Callahan, owner of the Logan Square baseball park at Chicago, has been offered the Chicago franchise of the American association and has accepted it. To show that the magnates in the organization are a unit on the proposition President George E. Lennon of the St. Paul club [illegible]

Injured in Auto Accident.

As the [illegible] between [illegible] sustained fatal injury.

Minneapolis Girl Killed.

[illegible]

CHARGES ARE FILED

Attorney Hart Must Answer for Criticising Supreme Court.

HEARING SET FOR JAN. 2

Governor Johnson Asked to Select Five District Court Judges to Sit in the Case.

Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis will appear at the bar of the Minnesota supreme court Jan. 2 to answer the charge of violating his duty as attorney by writing and causing to be published a letter attacking the supreme court. The supreme court justices will not sit in the case, but the court will consist of five district judges assigned by Governor Johnson to sit in the case.

The charges against Captain Hart were presented to the court by Eli Southworth, secretary of the state board of law examiners, and with them a formal order directing Captain Hart to appear Jan. 2 in answer.

It is charged in the accusation against Hart that he has been guilty of "willful misconduct in his profession," that he has violated his official oath which required him to conduct himself "in a courteous manner to the best of his learning and ability with all good fidelity to the court," and that he has violated the statutes of the state of Minnesota calling on him to observe and carry out the terms of his oath and "maintain the respect due to courts of justice and judicial officers."

WRECK ON SOO ROAD.

Baggageman Killed and Twenty Persons Injured.

Train No. 105 on the Soo line was derailed two miles west of Kensington. O. L. Anderson, baggageman, Minneapolis, was instantly killed and twenty persons were injured, several seriously.

The derailment occurred on a thirty-foot embankment and the smoker rolled over several times and stopped right side up. The baggage car was smashed to splinters and it was here that Anderson met his death. A helper standing beside him was unhurt.

The injured passengers were taken to Glenwood. It is believed that none are fatally hurt.

The mail car and day coach left the rails but did not overturn. None of the passengers in the sleeper were hurt.

FRIEND OF WHITES DEAD

Chief Iron Shield Was a Scout With General Sibley.

Chief Iron Shield (Wa[illegible]) is dead on the reservation south of Morton, Renville county, aged seventy-five years.

Iron Shield was a friend of the whites during the Sioux war of 1862 and one of Sibley's most trusted scouts. He had letters signed by Sibley, for whom he was aide-de-camp before and after the battle of Wood Lake.

PEG IN SHOE IS FATAL.

Pierces Man's Foot and Blood Poisoning Results.

J. P. Bauer, a well known citizen of Bluffton, Otter Tail county, is dead from blood poisoning caused by an injury to his foot resulting from a peg in his shoe. The peg worked up and pierced his skin and blood poisoning and other complications followed. Mr. Bauer was a middle aged man and had a large family.

Would Oust the Standard.

Attorney General E. T. Young has commenced an action in the Ramsey county district court at St. Paul for the revocation of the right of the Stand Oil Company of Indiana to do business in this state. The complaint alleges that the company is violating the anti-discrimination law passed by the legislature last winter by selling the same grade, quality and test of oil in the Twin Cities at 1½ to 3 cents a gallon less than at other points in the state where same rates of transportation apply.

Free Lunch Law Invalid.

Hugo O. Hanft, judge of the municipal court of St. Paul, holds the anti-free lunch ordinance unconstitutional. This ordinance, passed several months ago by the council over the veto of the mayor, prohibits the giving away or selling below the market price any food in places where liquor is sold. The measure was backed by the retail liquor dealers and opposed openly by only a few saloonkeepers.

Early Lid at St. Paul.

Chief of Police O'Connor of St. Paul has placed the 11 o'clock lid on that city. The new regulation caused some excitement among the uninitiated. The saloonkeepers, who had been previously advised that the state law was in effect, told their customers that the lid was on. Several [illegible] arrested, but the policemen were [illegible] and the crowds were dis[illegible]

Mille Lacs Indians May Sue.

Congressman Bede has introduced a bill in the house to confer jurisdiction on the court of claims in the suit which the Mille Lac Indians may institute for the recovery of the value of 61,[illegible] acres of land lost to them by their removal to the White Earth reservation.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The jury trying the case of Morton S. Barrett against the Soo Railway company, on trial at St. Paul, found a verdict for $26,000 in favor of the plaintiff. Barrett is a minor and last summer while working in North Dakota as a harvest hand he attempted to steal a ride on a train on the defendant road. He was ordered off by the brakeman while the train was standing still. He did so, but later got on again and was found by the brakeman after the train had started. He asserted that he was violently pushed off and that he was severely injured.

Minnesota is ninth in wealth compared with other states in the Union. This, according to the report of the state tax commissioner, is largely due to the valuation of property held by railroad, telegraph and telephone companies, which almost equals 82 per cent of the total taxable property in the state, amounting to $1,138,067,984.

The Great Northern has decided not to contest payment of the 5 per cent penalty on that portion of its 1905 gross earnings tax that was left unpaid March 1, 1906. It has notified Attorney General Young that it admits judgment for $3,484, which is the penalty on $169,951 in taxes allowed to become delinquent.

Crookston has adopted the 11 o'clock lid. The cause of this evidently is the recent invasion of that section by the Anti-Saloon league officials. Another thing which evidently is the outcome of the arrival of the Anti-Saloon league men is the sudden and mysterious disappearance of every slot machine in Polk county.

The state board of control has decided to add a tailor shop to the equipment at the St. Cloud reformatory. The shop will supply the clothing used by the inmates of the various institutions under the control of the board and it is expected that the venture will result in a considerable saving to the state.

State Treasurer Dinehart and State Auditor Iverson have returned from the northern part of the state, where they conducted a number of timber sales, the receipts of which aggregated $35,095. Six sales were held and in a number of cases the prices received were considerably in excess of the appraised value.

That women pay taxes and have just as much right to vote as men was the decision of the state grange, which held its thirty-ninth annual meeting at the Masonic Temple in Minneapolis. The question did not awaken any very lively discussion, as the sense of the meeting pointed all one way.

A report from Vineland, located on the southwest shore of Mille Lacs lake, says that representatives of one of the big mining companies, presumably the Oliver Mining company of Duluth, have been quietly securing options on lands in that vicinity for some time past and will drill for iron ore.

W. A. Ewen of Columbia Heights, a suburb of Minneapolis, who was robbed of $65 and a gold watch and chain several weeks ago, suffered a severe shock the other day when the amount of money taken from him was returned by mail, with a polite and apologetic letter from the robber.

Based on the number of deer and moose known to have been killed during the open season Carlos Avery, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, estimates that nearly 5,000 deer and perhaps 150 moose were killed in this state.

Refused admission to the University of Minnesota by the board of regents John L. Gleason has asked the courts of Hennepin county to compel the university authorities to enroll him as a student in the university.

The annual report of Commissioner of Immigration Sargent shows that 20,559 aliens came to Minnesota during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907.

Nyle W. Dunn, fullback of the Gopher football team of 1907, has been elected captain of the Minnesota football team for 1908.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The motion to annul the information against John Mooney, held at Buffalo for murder in the first degree, was denied. Mooney then pleaded not guilty to the charge. Further proceedings will not take place until April 1, when Mooney will be tried at a special term of court.

Thirty cases of smallpox are reported at Clarissa and six at Browerville, in Todd county. The public schools in both villages have been closed and every effort is being made to prevent the spreading of the disease.

John Engler, a laborer at the new Catholic cathedral at St. Paul, was hit by a steel bucket used for carrying sand and was probably fatally injured.

Annie Heberer, seven years of age, was run down and killed by a Wisconsin Central passenger train while she was going to school at North St. Paul.

OBITUARY.

Richard Peel, one of the pioneer locomotive engineers of the Omaha railway, dropped dead at his home in St. Paul.

Joseph R. Carli, who was known as the last survivor of the earliest settlers in Stillwater, is dead, aged sixty-eight.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

GUSTAVE V., KING OF SWEDEN

Will Make a Good Ruler if Guided by the Beautiful Example Set by His Famous Father, Oscar II.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Comparatively little is known of Sweden's new king, who really has not had much of an opportunity to show what he is good for during the many years that his father has steered the ship with so steady a hand. He has, however, on one or two occasions, when he was temporarily in charge of the government, evinced some spunk, rather one should say evinced a possibly firmer stand towards Norway than did his father, whose heart was full of peace. But now the question with Norway has been settled and Sweden, thanks to King Oscar's peaceful methods, can look forward to a new and greater period of material development. And what Sweden needs more than anything else at present is just a great industrial awakening. King Gustave V. should at all events make a good king, especially if he will be guided by the beautiful example set by his famous father. The new king is not as accomplished as his father and is by no means the speaker or the finished scholar that his father was, but he can learn. King Gustave is of a firm disposition and when he takes a stand he is what we would term from an American viewpoint, a stand-patter. He is fond of military life and out door sports; is an ardent tennis player and is said to be a crack shot. He speaks the Swedish language with a southern brogue and his enunciation is somewhat hampered. Although he can never hope to attain his father's popularity, there is all reason to believe that Sweden will fare well under his reign and with the assistance of an able cabinet he ought certainly be able to make good. Gustave V. was born in the castle of Drottingholm. Immediately after his birth he was made duke of Vermland. He pursued his studies from 1877 to 1878 at Upsala. In 1879 he traveled abroad, visiting almost all the countries of Europe. In 1889 he returned a second time to the university at Upsala. He entered the army in 1875 and in 1892 he was given the rank of lieutenant. In 1896 he served as inspector of the military schools and in 1898 he was made a full general. Between 1894 and 1891 Gustave filled the office of vice king of Norway. As a result of Gustave's persistent and strenuous efforts to hold the Swedish-Norwegian union together, he earned the enmity of the radical majority in the Norwegian storthing and in retaliation the storthing took away from him a yearly appanage amounting to $12,500.

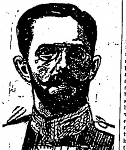

GUSTAVE V., THE NEW KING.

Fifteen thousand persons came to view the body of King Oscar Dec. 14. The day before only persons especially invited were admitted to view the remains in the chapel of the royal palace. The body was clothed in an admiral's uniform and the catafalque had been made into a bower of beautiful flowers. The coffin was lined with purple velvet and deeply fringed with gold. A large gilt royal crown was placed at the head of the coffin, which is much longer than any other in the Bernadotte vault. A new hearse was built for the funeral. It had no top, but a great awning was carried over the hearse by high army officials. At the funeral of King Oscar the Danish royal family was represented by the queen and Prince Carl. Kaiser William sent one of his sons, while the duke of Connaught represented England and the duke of Aosta the Austrian emperor. Dowager Queen Sophia will receive the castle Ulriksdal as a permanent residence. According to the latest bulletins her condition is occasioning anxiety. The strain upon the queen incident to the illness and death of the king was very severe, and since his death she has always been almost constantly confined to her bed.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

An amusing incident took place in London the other day at Paddington station, when the queen of Norway drove up on her way to Windsor palace. She found a royal saloon carriage in readiness, which she promptly entered. It was only after waiting some minutes that she discovered that she was seated in a special train ordered for the German emperor. She made a hasty and somewhat confused exit and proceeded to another platform, where a royal saloon carriage had been attached for her use to an ordinary train. Says an English correspondent in this connection: "It is not beyond the bounds of possibility that Queen Maud may have acquired something of her new subjects' distrust and dislike of the great war lord, whom they have long suspected of cherishing designs upon the integrity of the northern peninsula. Before the elevation of Prince Charles of Denmark to the throne of Norway the kaiser cast longing eyes in that direction. From its geographical situation, a German port in Norway would enable him to close the Baltic at will, besides affording a magnificent naval base for other operations.

The official opening of the Christiania-Bergen railroad, which had been fixed for last Monday, has been indefinitely postponed. The route lies for seventy miles among mountains 4,000 feet high. A week ago last Monday a heavy snowstorm occurred, and the drifts in the cuttings were five yards deep in some place. The rotary plow broke down after getting stuck, and when an ordinary snowplow was tried the engine capsized and tore up the rails. There is some anxiety for the men at the mountain stations, as these are now inaccessible. By next winter the snow-shed system will have been completed and blockades will be avoided. The line was built by the government to unite eastern with western Norway. Communication hitherto has been maintained by sea and by the ordinary highways, there being no railroad to the western coast except that of Trondhjem, which is a considerable distance north of Bergen.

The death of Eva Nansen, wife of Dr. Nansen the arctic explorer and diplomat, which occurred Dec. 9, is especially sad in view of the plan recently formed by herself and her husband whereby Dr. Nansen was to resign the post of Norwegian minister in London and return to Norway to pass the remaining years of his life with his family. Dr. Nansen has returned to Norway. He received the sad news of his bereavement while on a train. Five children are left motherless in the home, which was one of the happiest in Norway. It is now thought probable that Dr. Nansen will be induced to remain in London.

The news of King Oscar's death caused genuine grief in the hearts of thousands of Norwegians who, in spite of the recent dissolution, loved and esteemed King Oscar for his broadmindedness and benevolence. In Sweden it is not believed that their noble king is in one way as much grieved in Norway as he is in his own land. Judging from the many kindly expressions of sympathy which have been published since the death of King Oscar, it is evident that he had hosts of friends and admirers in old Norway who mourn him as honestly as do the Swedes themselves.

C. F. Lund, a Dane, who was once director of the orchestra of the imperial opera at St. Petersburg, died a few days ago in Copenhagen. He was buried in the poorhouse graveyard at public expense. He was to receive a pension from the Russian government after his withdrawal from public service on account of a shock caused by the explosion of a shell from Rojestvensky's squadron, but the money never came to him.

The "Folkets Hus" in Christiania was dedicated a week ago last Sunday, in the presence of thousands of people. The institution has been erected by workingmen's unions in different sections of the country and will now be their national headquarters.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The announcement that the governments of Sweden and Prussia have agreed to start a line of car ferries directly between those two countries has set the managers of the Danish railways to thinking. The head of the railway department spoke very freely about the matter to a reporter. The new ferry line, he said, would not only deprive Denmark of much transit trade between Germany and Sweden, but it might even get some of the traffic between Hamburg and Norway. Denmark, he said, simply has no choice, she must improve the Gedser and Warnemunde line as well as the railway connected with it. One of the improvements which he looks upon as imperative in this connection is a railroad bridge across Masnedsund at a cost of $2,000,000.

The articles in the London newspapers declaring that treaties like that recently concluded guaranteeing the neutrality of Norway are also necessary in the cases of other countries are strongly denounced by a politician of high rank in Denmark. He asserts that the London treaty of 1852 did not protect Denmark's neutrality from Germany in 1864 and that no better results can be expected in the future. Denmark, in the opinion of this official, is determined to remain neutral, but it regards treaties as worthless. The same view is expressed by all the influential papers of that nation.

The renowned actress, Betty Hennings, especially famous for her Ibsen roles, intends to retire from the stage in the near future. Mme. Hennings has been an actress on the Danish stage for more than forty years.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

HONEY GUIDES.

African Birds That Lead Men to the Nests of Bees.

"For many ages," says a writer, "the small birds which are known in Africa as honey guides have been in the habit of leading human beings to the nests of bees. The first notice of the kind of which I have knowledge is in 'Lobo's Travels in Abyssinia,' published by Le Grand in 1728. 'The moroc or honey bird,' says this author, 'is endued with a peculiar instinct or faculty of discovering honey. When the moroc has discovered any honey he repairs immediately to the roadside and when he sees a traveler sings and claps his wings, making many motions to invite him to follow him, and when he perceives his coming flies before him from tree to tree till he comes to the place where the bees have stored their treasure and then begins to sing melodiously. The Abyssinian takes the honey without failing to leave part of it for the bird to reward him for his information.' Sparrman, who traveled at the Cape in 1775-76, gives also a very good description of the bird as observed in the southern part of the continent.

"The honey guides lead human beings to the nests of wild bees not so much for the honey as for the grubs or larvae found within the comb. The natives are for the most part well aware of this fact, and if they reward the honey guide, which they usually do to some grudging extent, break off for it a piece of the comb in which the grubs are hatching. Sparrman has a curious note upon this detail. He says, 'I was informed by my boshiesmen (bushmen), as well as by the colonists, that a man who makes it his constant business to go after the bees should not at first be too grateful and generous to this officious bird, but leave for it only just as much as will serve to stimulate its appetite, by which means it will be induced in hopes of obtaining a more liberal reward to discover another swarm of bees.'

"When it desires to feed upon some comb which it has discovered it makes its way to a human being, flutters about restlessly and hops from branch to branch or from bush to bush or from one ant hill to another until it succeeds in attracting the man's attention. During this time it utters a shrill cry of 'cherr, cherr!' frequently repeated. If the man is a native who understands its habits and is willing to follow it he often gives a soft, soothing whistle and, taking with him a hatchet, accepts the restless little creature's guidance. The honey guide now goes on ahead, never keeping very far away and always jealously noticing whether the man is really following. At length the honey nest is reached and the bird's object accomplished. While the native or natives attack the nest and rifle the comb the bird still flutters about, chirping. When the business is concluded and the men depart the honey guide descends from its perch and helps itself to as much of the larvae as it can find.

"When thus following a honey guide the native goes, as a rule, very quietly, taking care not to frighten his small adviser. If the man by reason of bush or other obstacle travels, in the bird's opinion, too slowly, it will repeatedly come back to him, fly closely and angrily about him and with restless twitters and evident impatience urge upon him the necessity of hurrying up."

Roaring Wags.

Specialists modern scientists are bound to be. But they are not the shriveled specimens so often pictured by the man in the street, all cold intellect and devotion to the pursuit of an abstract idea. They know how to play. Like other men, they are gregarious and play together.

The Red Lion club was composed of great Englishmen, and Huxley was one of the members. The club used to meet during the session of the British association. To a certain meeting at Ipswich, England, which Huxley described in his "Letters," some foreigners were invited, the Prince of Canino, Bonaparte's nephew, among them, and greatly astonished they were at the exceedingly human behavior of the learned professors. The Red Lion men had a custom of roaring instead of cheering and of wagging one coat tail (the lion's tail)—when applauding. The prince was much impressed by these proceedings, and when he stood up to respond to the toast of his health instead of making a speech he gave three mighty roars and three wags.—Youth's Companion.

Lucky Editors.

When the late N. Villemessant, the proprietor of the Paris Figaro, died he left the paper to the three men who had done the most to aid him. But there were many old contributors on the paper, men with well known names, who made an outcry at this division of property. They insisted that they ought to have been consulted, and they threatened to found an opposition paper to Figaro.

This alarmed the three principals, and they made a proposition to the effect that they themselves should take each [illegible] out of [illegible] years and that the other men should each have a share of [illegible] for the work [illegible] Yet these [illegible] more than half a column a day [illegible] Indeed, that much [illegible] had a very easy time of it.

It was one of the conditions that when any one of them dies his share goes to the others, so that the last survivor will have an enormous income.—London Observer.

A SINGULAR DUEL.

How the Death Penalty Was Administered to Two Indians.

The following story illustrates very well one of the characteristics of the Indian, as it shows that Indians, as a rule, did not mind dying so much as they were particular about the method. It was a good many years ago at Pine Ridge, when there was trouble with the Cheyennes. Major Cooper was there as agent, and there were two young Cheyennes who were badly wanted for murder. They had waylaid and killed a prospector. They were not caught, and the chances were that they would not be unless the soldiers were called in. If this were done it was likely to precipitate trouble with the whole tribe, and Major Cooper laid the case before the headmen. They were told that if the soldiers were sent for there would surely be trouble and were requested politely to ask the two erring bucks to come in and be hanged.

Word was sent to the two young Indians, Head Chief and Young Mule, who were out in the hills. They sent word back that they had no objection to dying if it would keep the rest of the tribe out of trouble; but that if they had to die they preferred to die fighting, and they wanted it distinctly understood that they would not be hanged. It was entirely against the customs of the government, but rules did not go for much in those days. Results were the chief things, and Major Cooper sent word to them that if they wanted a fight he would risk accommodating them. A date was set and early in the morning they rode toward the agency, fully armed. Major Cooper was out to meet them, and the rest of the tribe, the potential hostiles, were gathered on the hills to see fair play. The agent rode out into the open and slipped off his horse, using it for cover and shooting across the saddle.

The two young Indians galloped up to within shooting distance and commenced circling, hanging on the off side of their ponies and shooting under their necks and across their heads. The tacit understanding was that if they were killed it was all right, but if they got the agent they would pull out into the hills and wait for some other challenger. The fight did not last long. Cooper had a heavy buffalo gun and killed one Indian, shooting him through the body of his horse. The other kept on circling, and several shots were exchanged till the Indian was shot through the body. He knew it would be all up with him in a few minutes and charged, shooting as he came. But the agent's luck held good, and he was dropped within fifty yards. The law was satisfied, and the agent was able to report officially to Washington that the Indians had been executed.—Washington Star.

What Is a Midshipman?

By luck I for the first time in my life have found a plausible derivation for midshipman. It would appear that in the days immediately after the flood the vessels were very high at the ends, between which there was a deep "waist," giving no ready means of passing from one to the other. To meet this difficulty there were employed a class of men, usually young and alert, who from their station were called midship men, to carry messages which were not subject for the trumpet shout. If this explanation holds water, it, like forecastle and afterguard and knightheads, gives another instance of survival of nomenclature from conditions which have long since ceased.

Whatever the origin of his title, it well expressed the anomalous and undefined position of the midshipman. He belonged, so to say, to both ends of the ship as well as to the middle, and his duties and privileges alike fell within the broad saying that what was nobody's business was a midshipman's. When appointed as such in later days he came in "with the hayseed in his hair" and went out fit for a lieutenant's charge, but from first to last, whatever his personal progress, he continued as a midshipman, a handybilly.—Captain A. T. Mahan in Harper's.

The World's Gypsies.

The gypsies have passed under a variety of names, arising either from their supposed original country or the callings and characteristics of the race. The old English Egyptian, the Spanish Gitana and the Magyar Pharaoh nepek (Pharaoh's people) all point to an Egyptian origin. The Scandinavian Tatare identifies them with the Mongolian hordes which terrorized early Europe, while the French Bohemian suggests yet another country as their cradle.

As to the names bestowed by their supposed character, the Arab boldly calls them haraml (a villain), the Dutchman Heydens, or heathens, and the Persian takes his name from their complexion and dubs them karachi, or swarthy. A charter of William the Lion, as early as the twelfth century, mentions their Scot's name of tinklers, which is commonly supposed to be a corruption of tinker, although possibly the substitution of "l" for "r" has produced this form of the Italian [illegible], one of the most widespread of gypsy appellations. [illegible]

Regular Caller.

[illegible]

[illegible] How is that?

[illegible] Why, we are engaged.—Chicago News.

Gems In Verse

OLD FAVORITES.

WHATEVER IS IS RIGHT.

Know thy own point: This kind, this due degree
Of blindness, weakness, heaven bestows on thee.
Submit: In this or any other sphere
Secure to be as blest as thou canst bear,
Safe in the hand of one disposing power,
Or in the natal or the mortal hour.
All nature is but art, unknown to thee;
All chance, direction which thou canst not see;
All discord, harmony not understood;
All partial evil, universal good;
And, spite of pride, in erring reason's spite,
One truth is clear—whatever is is right.
—Alexander Pope.

THE WAY TO SHADOWTOWN.

Sway to and fro in the twilight gray;
This is the ferry for Shadowtown.
It sails away at the end of the day
Just as the darkness closes round.

Rest, little hand, on my shoulder—so;
A sleepy kiss is the only fare.
Drifting away from the world we go—
Baby and I in the rocking chair.

See, where the firelogs glow and spark,
Glitter the lights of Shadowland.
The raining drops on the window—hark,
Are ripples lapping upon its strand.

There where a mirror is glancing dim
A lake lies shimmering, cool and still;
Blossoms are wavering o'er its brim—
Those over there on the window sill.

Rock slow, more slow, in the dusky light.
Silently lower the anchor down.
Dear little passenger say "Good night."
We've reached the harbor of Shadowtown.
—Eugene Field.

THE RULER OF THE QUEEN'S NAVEE.

When I was a lad I served a term
As office boy to an attorney's firm.
I cleaned the windows and swept the floor,
And I polished up the handle of the big front door.
I polished up the handle so care-ful-lee
That now I am the ruler of the queen's na-vee.

As office boy I made such a mark
That they gave me the post of junior clerk.
I served the writs with a smile so bland,
And I copied all the letters in a big round hand.
I copied all the letters in a hand so free,
And now I am the ruler of the queen's na-vee.

In serving writs I made such a name
That an articled clerk I soon became.
I wore clean collars and a brand new suit
For the pass examination at the institute.
And that pass examination did so well for me
That now I am the ruler of the queen's na-vee.

Of legal knowledge I acquired such a grip
That they took me into the partnership.
And that junior partnership, I ween,
Was the only ship that I ever had seen,
But that kind of ship so suited me
That now I am the ruler of the queen's na-vee.

I grew so rich that I was sent
By a pocket borough into parliament.
I always voted at my party's call,
And I never thought of thinking for myself at all.
I thought so little they rewarded me
By making me the ruler of the queen's na-vee.

Now, landsmen all, whoever you may be,
If you want to rise to the top of the tree;
If your soul isn't fettered to an office stool,
Be careful to be guided by this golden rule—
Stick close to your desks and never go to sea,
And you may all be rulers of the queen's na-vee.
—William S. Gilbert.

HIGHLAND MARY.

Ye banks and braes and streams around
The castle o' Montgomery,
Green be your woods and fair your flowers,
Your waters never drumlie!
There simmer first unfauld her robes
And there the langest tarry,
For there I took the last farewell
O' my sweet Highland Mary.

How sweetly bloomed the gay green birk,
How rich the hawthorn's blossom,
As underneath their fragrant shade
I clasped her to my bosom!
The golden hours on angel wings
Flew o'er me and my dearie,
For dear to me as light and life
Was my sweet Highland Mary.

Wi' mony a vow and locked embrace,
Our parting was fu' tender,
And, pledging aft to meet again,
We tore oursels asunder.
But, oh, fell Death's untimely frost,
That nipped my flower sae early!
Now green's the sod and cauld's the clay
That wraps my Highland Mary!

Oh, pale, pale now those rosy lips
I aft hae kissed sae fondly,
And closed for aye the sparkling glance
That dwelt on me sae kindly;
And mouldering now in silent dust
That heart that lo'ed me dearly,
But still within my bosom's core
Shall live my Highland Mary!
—Robert Burns.

TWO SHIPS.

Two ships of war met on the sea,
And each had sail so brave and free,
And the sun on high was shining.
But it was plain they were enemies,
For a shot from each boomed on the breeze
While the sun on high was shining.
[illegible]
[illegible]
And the sun on high was shining.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
But the sun on high was shining.
—Unidentified.

TO A NEWBORN.

[illegible] a newborn
We[illegible] while all around thee
So [illegible] last long
That [illegible] smile while all around thee weep.
—Sir William Jones.

To the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity who have so liberally patronized our store during the few months we have been in business here, we desire to extend our thanks. During the year 1908 we hope for a continuance of your patronage and will endeavor to merit the same by giving all full value for their money. Wishing all a happy and prosperous New Year, we remain,

Yours truly
Dr. A. J. KLIMEK,
The Leading Jeweler,
Meehan Block, Thief River Falls, Minn.

To Be Sure.

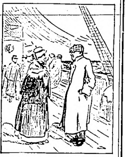

Old Lady—Are you travelling for the good of your health?

Defaulting Bankrupt—Rather!—Illustrated Bits.

In the Barnyard.

Materfamilias—Great Scott! Two more mouths to feed!—Harper's Weekly.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XX THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1908 NUMBER

ST PAUL Historical Society

BAD FIRE AT GREENBUSH

Half of the Business Section of the City Destroyed by Fire.

Water Works Pipes Frozen Up and Bucket Brigade Did Good Work.

Greenbush was visited last Friday morning by the most destructive fire in its history. As a result, five of its leading business institutions were entirely wiped out, and it will be some time before they are able to establish themselves again. From information received from Greenbush the following business houses were victims of the fire:

Kukowski's General Store.
State Bank of Greenbush.
Slominski's & Bazal's Saloon.
Andrew Larson's Saloon.
T. E. Thompson's Hardware Store.

The fire started in Kukowski's store at two o'clock in the morning, cause unknown. It had gained considerable headway before discovered and even a well-equipped system would not have had much effect on it. Such system as Greenbush possesses gave out and refused to work, leaving the fire fighting entirely to a hastily formed bucket brigade, which did strenuous service all through the night and succeeded in preventing the spread of the fire beyond the five buildings that could not be saved. From the store the flames spread to the Slominski & Bazal saloon in the same building, completely gutting it. The bank of Greenbush is across the street and this, too, caught fire, owing to the strong wind that was blowing, and also went up in smoke. The Larson saloon went the way of the first.

At eight o'clock in the morning the fire was out and an opportunity given to estimate the losses. On the store and contents the loss will be between six and seven thousand, with some insurance. There was some insurance on the other building.

It would have been difficult for the fire fiend to have chosen more favorable conditions for his purposes. After midnight the weather had turned exceedingly cold, and the thermometer probably registered around twenty below zero when the fire was discovered. This with the strong wind that was blowing, made the work of the fighters exceedingly difficult; at times it seemed a most unendurable.

Although the fire was confined to the five buildings mentioned several other buildings in the neighborhood had very narrow escapes from destruction. The building of K. O. Dobk, confectioner, was afire several times as was also the store building of Ole Hildahl, but valiant work on the part of the bucket brigade saved them.

Greenbush has a watermain system with hydrants and a central pressure plant, but it is believed that the hydrants were not properly protected, for they refused to work and it is believed that they were frozen up.

Improve the Fishing.

Sam T. Fullerton, superintendent of the state fish hatcheries, has ambitious plans for the restocking of the fished out lakes and streams of the state. Especially does Mr. Fullerton's plan apply to the northern part of the state.

Pike Lake, near Duluth, has been partially restocked, but Mr. Fullerton has further plans regarding this lake. It is the ambition of the superintendent to bring the fish hatchery that will be established at Deerwood up to the same plane of efficiency as the ones at St. Paul and Glenwood. With an increased appropriation from the next legislature, Mr. Fullerton believes that he can place the hatchery in the northern part of the state on a good working basis. The breeding of bass, a fish which is exceedingly scarce in all parts of the state will be taken up and Mr. Fullerton believes that within a few years the [illegible] will have some of the finest fishing to be found in any part of the country. The work of stocking lakes and the streams that have been thoroughly fished out has been progressing with great rapidity during the past two years and the coming year will result in a more material benefit to this part of the state. The bringing in of trout and bass will add greatly to the attractions offered the tourist and summer residents and in the course of time will be the means of bringing to the northern part of the state many disciples of Isaac Walton. Mr. Fullerton is enthusiastic regarding the carrying out of his plans and hopes to increase the amount of black bass in the northern streams by [illegible] per cent within the next few years.

Notice, all persons are hereby notified not to trust anyone in my name.
Ed. G Holm.

TAXABLE VALUATION.

Red Lake County $200,000 More Than Last Year.

The total valuation of the real and personal property of Red Lake county for the year 1907, as equalized by the state board of equalization (exclusive of exempted property) is $3,263,705, which is about $200,000 more than last year. Since no reassessment was made this year of the real estate, the figures extended being the same as last year, the raise is therefore entirely on personal property. We expect to see a still larger gain next year upon the assessment of real estate, all of which goes to show Red Lake county is now being permanently settled and will continue to raise in value with each successive year.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Strange Man Found in Town With Throat Cut.

A strange man who appears to be somewhat out of his head was found in town this morning with a fresh gash in his throat from which blood had stained his clothes and the sidewalk. He was first discovered at about seven o'clock when Len Olson let him into Hjertos & Dalquist's store. He claimed to have walked into town, but tells conflicting stories as to where he came from. He says his name is Heron, that he is crazy, tired of life and inflicted the wound in his own throat. He claimed to have hidden $39 in the woods five miles out from town. By direction of the county attorney received by phone the man will be taken to Warren by Constable Hanson this afternoon.—Middle River Pioneer.

The Boy and the Gun.

Quite likely many parents are not aware of the fact that a law of the state makes it a misdemeanor to allow a boy 14 years or under to carry firearms, whether for target practice or hunting unless accompanied by his parents or guardian.

This law is the outcome of many frightful accidents, caused solely by the pernicious custom of allowing young boys to carry and use firearms. The penalty imposed upon a parent for allowing a boy to carry firearms is quite severe, a fine of not more than $100 being imposed, or a corresponding term in the county jail. In extreme cases the judge may sentence a parent to a term in jail and a fine of $100 in addition. The county attorneys in many sections of the state are making especial efforts to strictly enforce the law. We notice the other day that the prosecuting attorney for Duluth is vigorously enforcing the law and announces that he is going to keep it up.—Ex.

Compensation.

A small boy, returning from school one day, inquired of his father what people meant when they spoke of "law of compensation." The father, in the course of his explanation, cited the fact that if one of the senses is lost, some one of the others receives a corresponding development; as, for example, if a man's sight became impaired, his sense of touch or of hearing would become more acute and so on.

"Oh, now I see why it is," interrupted the little fellow, "that when one leg is shorter than it ought to be the other is always longer."—Harper's Weekly.

5,000 Deer and 150 Moose.

Based on the number of deer and moose known to have been killed during the open season, Carlos Avery, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, estimated that nearly 5,000 deer and perhaps 150 moose were killed in this state. The figures available are those of the number shipped into the several counties. They show that 2,501 deer and 82 Moose were shipped by the hunters, and it is estimated that at least as many were killed by the residents of the counties in which the big game abounds and were not shipped.

Sold Skim Milk.

Manager Batchler of the N. P. restaurant at Staples was arrested last week for selling skim milk. The sale of such milk without a statement to the effect that it is skim milk is a violation of the pure food laws and the penalty is $25 fine. The case came up before Justice Barber and Attorney Church appeared for Batchler. A plea of not guilty was entered and the case set for Jan. 15.

Hog cholera has broken out in the vicinity of Hanley Falls and hundreds of hogs have died. The losses are heavy and judging from the report in a Hanley Falls paper, the farmers are much to blame for the condition of affairs. The paper charges that the farmers have shown utter disregard for the commonly known and understood rules for combating the disease and that dead hogs have been allowed to remain in the fields for days and weeks at a time. The paper urges that the authorities get after the farmers and prosecute them for their negligence.

STATE REVENUES.

Real and Personal Properties Pays the Big Part of the Tax.

Neither the railroads nor the iron properties of St. Louis county constitute the principal revenues according to figures contained in the first annual report of the state tax commission, filed yesterday afternoon with the governor.

In its report the total revenue received by the state during the past year is given at $11, 250, 312, of which $6,692,054 was derived from taxation.

The burden of taxation is distributed as follows, according to the report:

Real and personal property, 81.45 percent.
Railroads 11.93 percent.
Iron properties, 4.19 percent.
Special interests, 2.43 percent.

The total taxes assessed in Minnesota during the year, state and local, amounted to $27, 408,686.

During the year the board received and gave attention to over eleven hundred applications for abatement.

In reviewing its work, the board refers at some length to its valuation of the iron properties of the state and says this work will be continued. Reference is also made to the wide-open tax amendment law which, in the opinion of the board will permit of much hidden property being made accessible to the assessors.

ACQUITTED.

Jury Says That Lena Kragero Not Guilty of Child Murder.

Crookston, Minn., Dec.26.—It took the jury in the trial of Lena Kragero, at Ada, for child murder, just forty minutes to bring in a verdict of not guilty, Monday evening. The defense called Doctors Baldwin, of Ada, and Meigher, of Ulen, who testified that in their opinion the baby found in a well on the farm where the defendant was working had died from loss of blood. The mother of the girl testified to a chronic ailment defendant had had for a number of years, and four witnesses were called and testified to the good character the defendant had borne, and their firm belief in her chastity, and the defendant herself took the stand and denied being the mother of the child or of any knowledge whatever of the tragedy, and also identified several garments which resembled others introduced by the state, which were found wrapped about the dead infant found in the well near Twin Valley, and which the witnesses for the state might easily have mistaken for the ones they thought belonged to her.

The assistant attorney addressed the jury for the prosecution, and occupied all Monday forenoon, and Senator F. H. Peterson made an impassioned plea for acquittal, which lasted for three hours. The judge's instruction to the jury was not lengthy, and very much to the point. The jury retired at 4:50 yesterday afternoon and returned at 5:30 with a verdict of acquittal, having taken one informal ballot and one formal. The defendant broke down and wept when the verdict was read, and after thanking the jury left the court house with relatives. The verdict returned seemed to meet popular approval, and there was some applause in the court room, which was packed during the entire trial.

NEW RURAL ROUTE.

Rural Route East of Here to Commence on March 2.

Postmaster O. F. Post received word this week that rural route No. 2, to run through parts of Rocksbury and River Falls was ordered established by the department and that service would commence on March 2nd 1908. The route will be handled by one carrier who will receive at the start $900 per year. It will be 27½ miles long and will serve 108 families.

Carrier will leave the postoffice at St. Hilaire at 11.30 each day and return not later than 6 p. m. Much of the credit for the establishment of this route can be given to P. O. Hagglund, O. F. Post and Congressman Steenerson. The route will be a great convenience and a decided benefit to the farmers in the section served.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Insurance Muddle.

There is a muddle in insurance affairs that is causing the attorneys and judges interested to grow gray haired trying to figure out the ins and outs of the case.

A young man residing at Mason City, Iowa, bought 2,[illegible] extra fine cigars and then insured them at their full value. After he had his policy safely stored away he started in and smoked them up and then put in a claim for them on the ground that they had been destroyed by fire. The case went to court and he won out. Immediately the insurance company issued a warrant for his arrest on the ground that he had set fire to his own property and the judge after deliberation sent him to jail for six months.

NO DAMAGES FOR ANGUISH.

Supreme Court Hands Down a Decision Brought in Red Lake County.

Dead Body Shipped from Cass Lake to Ogema Was Delayed.

The supreme court, in an opinion filed last week, disposes of the case of Jennie D. Beaulieu, respondent, vs. the Great Northern Railway company, appellant. The result is an affirmation of the district court of Red Lake county and W. A. Tautges, a former attorney of this city, represented Mrs. Beaulieu.

Justice Jaggard, however, dissents and gives his position in a lengthy statement attached. He makes the point that there is substantial grounds for damages for mental anguish, though the others hold malicious conduct must be specified in the complaint to entitle the plaintiff to such.

The case came to the supreme court on a demurrer made to the complaint by the railway company, which was overrulled by the lower court. The case will now go back for trial on its merits.

The trouble in controversy was the body of a young child shipped over the Great Northern from Cass Lake to Ogahmah, the point of burial. The body was to be transferred to the Soo at Erskine, but this the company failed to do, and the casket was carried through to Crookston. As a result the parents and others in waiting were put to much inconvenience and anguish. The mother thereupon sued for $3,000 damages. The court in disposing of the question of mental anguish, says:

Jennie D. Beaulieu, respondent, vs. Great Northern Railway company, appellant.

Syllabus: First—Damages for mental anguish can be recovered in an action for breach of contract only in those exceptional cases where the breach amounts in substance to an independent willful tort.

Second—In an action for damages for breach of contract by a railway company to transport a corpse over its line to a particular point, delivering it there to an intersecting carrier to be conveyed to its place of destination, the breach consisting in the negligence of the company's agents and servants in carrying the corpse beyond the connecting point, thus causing a delay of twenty-four hours in the funeral arrangements, it is held, that in the absence of wilful or malicious misconduct on the part of the company or its agents, damages for mental anguish cannot be recovered.

Third—The complaint construed and held not to state a cause of action within this rule, tho it does state a cause of action for nominal damages.

Order affirmed. —Brown, J.
Jaggard, J., dissents.

A Minnesota Moose Head.

The following will be of local interest inasmuch as the W. T. Baily referred to has been a regular visitor to this section every year for the past ten years, hunting prairie chickens in the country northeast of here with Judge Morris and others from Duluth:

A Minnesota moose head will now grace His Majesty's flag ship of the English navy. When W. T. Bailey a wealthy Duluth lumberman was traveling in Europe a couple of years ago he made the aquaintance of Lord Beresford, an admiral in the navy.

Lord Beresford expressed a desire to possess a mounted head of the monarch of the American forest, and since that time Mr. Bailey has been on the lookout for one that would fairly represent the moose family and do credit to the art of taxidermy. Consequenty he applied to the state game and fish commission that furnished him just such a sample as he desired. In this connection it is of some interest to state that the head referred to is one seized by Game Warden Loman a few months ago near the mouth of Rainy River, having been killed out of season, and shipped by him to the game commission at St. Paul.

Creamery Statement For Nov.

Amount of cream received	14,448
Average test	27.61
Amount of butterfat	3,994
Price paid	27c
RECEIPTS.	
Butter shipped	$ 890 30
Sales of creamery	337 01
Other	6 40
Total	$1,233 40
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons	$1,074 38
Paid into Expense Fund	158 02
Total	$1,233 40
Those drawing forty dollars or over	
P. Engelstad	$74 08

P. ENGELSTAD, Sec'y.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.
LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.
LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

FREE
TO BUYERS AT OUR STORE.
ONE PARLOR LAMP
ONE JARDINER
ONE BERRY DISH
Come in and we will explain how you can get one or more of these premiums.
Our sale on winter goods previously advertised still continues.
J. H. JACOBSON,
NORTH MAIN AVENUE

COAL
All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton
ED O'HARA
THE DRAYMAN.
Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

The News: $1 per Year.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	97
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 02
Barley	60c
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	50c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Deputy Sheriff was down to Red Lake Falls.

J. E. Morrissey was up from Crookston last Friday.

Rev. Aastad was down to Red Lake Falls over Sunday.

R. D. V. Carr, of Middle River, was in the city last week.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city Monday from a trip to Duluth.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

For Rent—The store room just north of my jewelry store. A. J. Klimek.

Mrs. B. M. Wilson spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with friends.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Attorney Michelet spent the holidays in Minneapolis visiting with his parents.

Halvor Lakon returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to North Dakota points.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

For Sale—Three heavy oxen and seven cows, will soon be fresh. Inquire of H P. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Miss. Peterson, a former stenographer here but now located at Grand Rapids, is here visiting friends.

James Martin left Monday for Kellicher to spend a few days looking after his business interests there.

Gustaf Gunderson left Monday evening for Fergus Falls to attend Northwestern college for six months.

Attorney O. Halvorson was down to his old home at Hawley last week to attend to some business affairs.

Ole Helgeson returned to this city last week from a visit with his brother, A. B. Helgeson, at Spokane, Wash.

Claude Rolph left Saturday evening for his old home at Albert Lea, Minn., to spend a few weeks visiting with relatives.

Dr. A. J. Klimek left the first of the week for Little Falls and Royalton to to visit old friends for a for a few weeks.

—For Sale Cheap—A second hand 16 horsepower Port Huron engine. Cash or on time. Address Box 621, Crookston, Minn.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Mrs. K. M. Hansen and son, Donald, left Saturday evening for Minneapolis, where the latter will receive medical treatment for a few days.

Action for damages for the negligent keeping of stock, while in custody of an officer has been commenced by Ole Oaklund, of Erie, against Frank Zavoral constable of this Township.—Sunbeam.

W. A. Chubb was up from Barnesville last week visiting old friends here. Mr. Chubb was formerly the foreman of the Soo roundhouse here and has a similar position at Barnesville with the Great Northern.

Mrs. Kerwin Kinslea, who left this city 2 weeks ago to visit relatives at Bemidji, suffered a stroke of paralysis at that place and has been confined to her bed ever since. She is now said to be improving.

Lars C. Netteland, one of the prosperous farmers living near St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday and made this office a pleasant call. He is much interested in seeing rural route No. 2 from St. Hilaire established.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls, Jan. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant left Red Lake Falls last Saturday evening for Fox Lake, Wis., called there by the serious illness of his mother. Mr. Tarrant's mother has visited Thief River Falls and made many friends who hope for her speedy recovery.

Nicholas B. Westlein and Miss Serena Lunde, both popular young folks of this city, went down to Red Lake Falls last week and were united in marriage by Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant. The News and their many friends in this city extend congratulations.

H. Fant left last Saturday evening for the place of his birth in the mountain district of Eastern Kentucky. It has been a number of years since Mr. Fant left Kentucky, he leaving that state at the age of eighteen, and this is his first visit to the scene of his birth.

It was a happy wedding consummated last Friday evening by Judge N. W. Tarrant, in the Probate Court room, when he pronounced as man and wife H. O. Folkedal and Miss Gurina Swanson. The new benedict and bride were both from Hilda.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Fred C. Dablow and Miss Lena Wich were united in marriage last Thursday at the home of the brides parents at Detroit. The groom is one of the popular Soo line engineers and the bride was one of the clerks in the drygoods department of the Langseth Mercantile company.

A prominent farmer living near Argyle said to us the other day: "This country is good enough for me. I milk fifteen cows every day and the profit from these cows pays my expenses—what I raise and realize in grain goes into the bank to my credit, and I am satisfied. What more can a man expect in this world?"—Argyle Banner.

The Canadian government has a good scheme in view in proposing to provide old pensions after [illegible] or [illegible] is reached. For an annual contribution of $15, beginning at the age of 20 years, the beneficiary will become entitled, after he has reached the age of 60, to an annuity of $129 a year as long as he lives. If the beneficiary prefers to wait for his annuity until he has reached the age of 65 he will then be entitled to [illegible].

C. J. Knox spent Sunday at Crookston.

Miss Marie Caldwell returned to Red Lake Falls Monday.

Wm. McGinty was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

K. O. Gigstad, the St. Hillaire banker, was in the city yesterday.

Prof. Halvorson will play the violin at the Bijou the last half of this week.

Ed. Wilcox left Tuesday for Roseau Co. to look after farm loans for a few days.

James Cullen was in from the town of Moylan the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Torrison went to Fisher Tuesday to spend New Years day with Mr. Torrison's parents.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church will meet with Mrs. Lonsen at her home on the East Side this afternoon.

Prof. J. H. Hay left last evening for St. Paul to attend a meeting of the Minnesota State Educational association.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawrence and children, who have spent the holidays at the Robbecke home, returned to Fergus Falls today.

The Firemen's dance New Years Eve was one of the largest attended balls ever given in the city and all had a most enjoyable time.

Nick Eckstein, the genial Wylie merchant and former business man here, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday shaking hands with old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kratka and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Goebler removed this week from the Dobner and Meehan block to Mr. Kratka's residence.

F. C. Niclai was up to Greenbush selling cigars the first of the week. He reports that burned buildings up there will all be rebuilt in the spring.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran church will meet with Mr. and Mrs Evenson next Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 8. All are cordially invited.

Attorney Samuel Cooke, of this city, has decided to locate at Roseau, Minn. Mr. Cooke is a lawyer of ability and his many friends here wish him success in his new location.

Carl Jacobson, son of J. H. Jacobson, the North Main avenue merchant, is here spending the holidays with his parents. Carl is attending Carelton College at Northfield and will return to that institution Sunday evening.

Amund Sather, of Rollis was on Tuesday examined as to his sanity by Court Commissioner S. T. Johnson, Judge of Probate Tarrant being out of the county. Mr. Johnson found Sather insane and sent him to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

The Swedish Lutheran congregation will have gospel services in the East Side Mission church on Tuesday, January 8, at 11 o'clock a. m., and annual meeting immediately after the services which will be conducted by Rev. Ryding of England.

Lowell Tilton, a boy raised here in Thief River Falls, is in this city to spend the holidays with his parents. Lowell is now employed as storekeeper for one of the large iron mining companies at McKinley over on the iron range, and the people of Thief River Falls are glad to know that he is getting to the front.

L. A. Kaufer received a letter the first of the week from his brother Henry who is located at Calgary, Canada, in which he stated that Northern Minnesota is a garden of Eden compared with the Alberta country. He advises all friends to remain where they are for starvation and famine exist on every hand. Those among the farmers who are able to return to civilization are leaving the country, while the others will exist the best they can. He says most of the Red Lake county people have done fairly well, but thinks all should let well enough alone.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The Tribune is pleased to state that the Browns Valley roller mill property has been sold by Mr. Stone to Edward Healy, of Red Lake Falls, but who formerly resided at Morris and was a member of the merchandise firm of Olson, Guether & Healy Co. Mr. Healy has been active in the real estate business for several years and owns and operates a mill and an electric light plant at Red Lake. He is personally known to the Fant brothers of this place and they speak highly of him as a man [illegible]

[illegible]

TRUSTEES ARE COMING.

Three Hundred and Thirty-Six to Meet Here on Saturday, Jan. 11.

Hon. J. W. Olson, Superintendent of Public Instruction to Address Meeting.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty has called a meeting of all the trustees of the 112 districts of Red Lake county to meet in Thief River Falls on Saturday, January 11, 1908. Hon. J. W. Olson, State Superintendent of public instruction, is to be present and address the meeting, and for the purpose of answering all questions concerning the law governing school districts that may be asked by the various trustees. City Supt. of schools Hay, County Supt McAnulty and other prominent speakers will also be present and give short talks upon educational affairs and matters of interest to school trustees.

There are 336 school trustees in the county entitled to attend this meeting and each will receive $3 per day for time spent in attending the meeting and 5 cts. per mile for the number of miles traveled each way in attending the meeting. School teachers are also requested to attend the meeting, but they receive no compensation.

A complete program of the meeting is to be mailed to all of the trustees and teachers, but this has not as yet been prepared. The meeting is called for the high school in this city, but as this room will probably be too small an adjournment will quite likely be taken to the Evenson Hall.

WILL BE A BIG AFFAIR

Woodmen and Neighbors to Give a Joint Installation.

Also Celebrate the Silver Anniversary of Woodcraft.

The joint installation of the officers of the Royal Neighbors and Modern Woodmen, followed by the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Woodcraft next Thursday evening, January 9, promises to be one of the biggest social affairs ever seen in Thief River Falls. The local Woodmen lodge has a membership of 150 and there are about 75 members of the Royal Neighbors. In addition to these members, about 250 invitations will be issued. The installation ceremonies will be in the camp rooms in the Odd Fellows block and the social meeting to follow the installation will be in the Antlers Club rooms. The Woodmen never do anything by halves and the celebration promises to be a grand affair.

INFORMATION IS WANTED

Iowa Man Supposed to Be Somewhere in This Section

His Wife Is Said to Be Very Sick in a Sioux City Hospital

Chief of Police Erickson has received a letter from relatives at Sioux City, Iowa, of J. L. Junger inquiring as to his whereabouts. Junger is described as man 2[illegible] years of age, fair skin and hair and weighs about [illegible] pounds. When last heard from he was in Thief River Falls, although no one here appears to know him. He is a married man, [illegible] and the wife is [illegible] in a hospital at Sioux City. [illegible] Any information regarding the [illegible] to Chief Erickson [illegible]

[illegible]

J. H. JACOBSON WISHES ALL A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

THIEF RIVER IS TO HELP

Will Try and Create a Sentiment in Favor of Drainage Bill.

Will Send Representatives to Twin Cities and to Duluth.

Thief River Falls is going to do what it can to help create a sentiment in this state in favor of the bill introduced by Congressman Halvor Steenerson to drain the ceded lands of the Red Lake Indian reservation. At a meeting of business men held last week it was unanimously decided to send a couple of representatives to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth and try to get the commercial bodies of these cities to take an active interest. Mayor Hamre and Daniel Shaw were selected and they will go to the cities in about one week.

Kosin Sells Out.

Theo Kosin, the tailor, on Tuesday disposed of his tailor shop here to Louis Heyduk, of St. Paul. The new proprietor is a skilled tailor and that he will conduct a first class and up-to-date establishment in every respect goes without saying. He has had years of experience in the best tailor shops in the country.

Mr. Kosin is undecided as to the future, and sold out his business here on account of poor health. A little over three years ago he located in Thief River Falls and by upright dealing and steady devotion to his business built up a large trade here, and made many friends who greatly regret that he is to leave. Wherever he goes, he will have the best wishes of the people of Thief River Falls.

Bids Wanted.

For the construction of a school house in District No. 119 town of Moylan, Marshall county. Building to be frame, 18x24 feet. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clerk's office. Building must be completed by the 15th of May. Bids must be in the clerk's hands by noon January 1, 1908. Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

P. A. Johnson, Clerk.

A PLUMMER MAN'S BRIDE

Milwaukee Girl Will Share Fortune With Young Farmer.

Romantic Ending of a Courtship Carried on by Mail.

If all went well, Miss Jessie Perry of yesterday is Miss John A. B. Anderson today, the wife of a young farmer near Plummer who has a valuable claim in the town of Mayfield. Miss Perry passed through the city enroute from her home in Milwaukee to her new home, and expected Mr. Anderson to meet her at the depot and the wedding was to take place at once.

The newspapers did it. A romantic courtship by mail abetted by a private detective in Milwaukee is involved in a bit of fiction-like fact.

Miss Perry wrote the one appeal that went home to the Plummer man. She said she was a good girl, tired of city life and with a longing in her heart for the blissful and peaceful atmosphere of a country home.

"Dear Miss Perry," wrote Plummer, "pack your trunk and come at once." And Miss Perry is here.

There are a number of other young men in the town of Mayfield—all having good farms—who want good wives just as bad as Anderson did.

John Sorum, the genial Marshall county commissioner, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute to points on the Wheatline to spend a few days visiting with relatives.

Attend The Farmers' Short Course.

Lectures on dairy husbandry, live stock management, crop rotation, fair management, agricultural chemistry, entomology, horticulture, farm mechanics etc.

Two weeks of live stock and grain judging. Special lectures for farmers' wives and daughters on household art. Course begins at University of Minnesota School of Agriculture, St. Anthony Park, between St. Paul and Minneapolis, on January 10 and continues until Feb. 21.

For full particulars regarding train service and fare call on,

W. E. Baker,
Great Northern Railway Agent.

Avoid alum and alum phosphate baking powders. The label law requires that all the ingredients be named on the labels. Look out for the alum compounds.

NOTE.—Safety lies in buying only Royal Baking Powder, which is a pure, cream of tartar baking powder, and the best that can be made.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

THE VICTIMS.

Tragedy In a Death Trap Mine—A Socialist Story.

It is not coal you are burning up.
But human creatures' lives.

The flaring, flickering light from the lamps in their caps showed their coal begrimed faces as they huddled together and talked in hushed tones of the thing that had happened. Near them on the floor of the mine lay a man's head, blackened and blood smeared. A little beyond it was a hand, the fingers still twitching slightly. From underneath the mass of slate, newly fallen, a little red stream trickled slowly toward them. They moved a little farther from it and a little farther until they were huddled against the opposite wall, but it followed them stealthily.

They knew that they must die. No human power could rescue them before the deadly gases crept upon them, but the horror in their eyes was not all a horror of death.

The youngest, a boy of fourteen, slipped his hand into his father's.

"Let's write to her," he said, "and to the children."

"Write!" groaned the father. "Write! What can we tell her? Can you tell her how to fill six mouths when she has nothing—nothing?"

"We can tell her," the boy said bravely, though the horror deepened in his eyes, *"that we're not afraid to die."*

The man was already fumbling in his pocket for a pencil. The other followed his example.

"I'm not afraid to die," the father said; "but, God knows, I'm afraid for her to live."

They crouched down in the narrow space and began writing on such scraps of paper as they could find in their pockets, spreading it out as smoothly as possible on knee or dinner pail or smooth bit of slate. For a long while there was unbroken silence save for the labored breathing of the men as the air became more oppressive and the scratching of the pencils as their work stiffened fingers moved clumsily, but rapidly, in the race with death. And, though they knew that it was their master's greed for profits that had made the mine a death trap, there was no word of bitterness or resentment in the letters they wrote to their dearest.

Before they had finished writing one of them fell back and lay writhing and gasping for breath. They did not try to revive him. They knew that to do so would only prolong his torture. When he lay still at last, with distorted face and protruding tongue, they felt a little relieved. They knew he was at rest.

The boy was trembling violently. Each breath was harder to draw than the one before it. He turned a little, with his back to the dead man, and looked at his father.

"I'll tell her to use my clothes for the children," he whispered. "She won't do it unless I tell her to, and it will help a little."

• • • • • • • •

And outside in the clear morning sunlight the women were weeping.

But in one of the costliest mansions of a city not far away a man sat at his dainty breakfast table scowling over the news that had just reached him through the telephone.

He looked across at the prettily painted thing for whom he had divorced the wife of his youth.

"It will cost a confounded lot of money," he growled, "to get that mine in working order again."—May Beals in "A Rebel at Large."

Common Ownership Necessary.

The first result of the invention of machinery has been to increase the wealth of the few. The hope of the world is that through invention man can finally take such advantage of these forces of nature, of the weight of water, of the force of wind, of steam, of electricity, that they will do the work of the world. And it is the hope of the really civilized that these inventions will finally cease to be the property of the few, to the end that they may do the work of all for all.

When those who do the work own the machines, when those who toil control the inventions, then, and not till then, can the world be civilized or free. When these forces shall do the bidding of the individual, when they become the property of the [illegible] instead of the monopoly, when they belong to labor instead of [illegible] called capital, when these great powers are as free to the individual [illegible] the air and light are now [illegible] then, and not until then, the [illegible] will be restored and all forms of slavery will disappear.

Whence Cometh Crime.

A man in Chicago [illegible] rob a diamond broker [illegible] reason that he was driven [illegible] ties by being [illegible] sharks. When you pick up a newspaper and read of the [illegible] numerous crimes just [illegible] and figure out whether the [illegible] inspired by economic [illegible] not, and you will be [illegible] number that are [illegible] the system we are living under. How the problem of crime will [illegible] when the Socialist regime comes upon the stage?"

Let the Nation Own the Trusts.

Under the capitalist system the vast majority of mankind must sell themselves to the capitalistic owners of the means of production and distribution in order to live, and to live miserably at that.

The nation owns the postoffice and everybody is glad that it does. It ought to own all the trusts, so that all may enjoy the benefits.

It ought to own all the means of production as soon as such industries have become sufficiently concentrated.

CLASS STRUGGLES.

Fight Will Continue Until All Men Have Free and Equal Bread.

Whatever terms the struggle may appear in, it is none the less true that the history of the world has pivoted itself upon the struggle for bread. Up to the present time economic conditions have been the compelling motives of great historic changes or of the lack of changes. All real revolts in their analysis have been motived by intolerable economic conditions, and wars of conquest, however disguised, have been wars of theft, the predatory expeditions of economic might.

History has been the struggle on the part of those who made bread, but did not have it, against those who had bread, but did not make it, the word "bread" here symbolizing all the things that go to make up opportunity and privilege. Bread to eat means opportunity to live and means power in one's hand. To be certain of one's bread is to have the ground of liberty beneath one's feet, and to have power over another's bread, power to give it or take it away, as may serve one's interest, is to have the power of life and death over another.

And this is the one and only blasphemy, the supreme and desecrating sacrilege, from which all blasphemies and sacrileges and human wrongs spring, that some people should control the lives of other people, their thoughts and deeds and aspirations, their judgments of right and wrong, the labor of their hands, the uplifting or the prostrating of their souls. And the basis of this ancient and universal wrongdoing, making history seem but a flood for the destroying of the human spawn, is the ownership of bread.

This is why history is the struggle of those who produce bread against those who possess it—the struggle of the breadmakers against the bread owners for increasing scraps of power which the ownership of bread puts into the hands of the world's masters. The struggle for bread is the struggle for life in all its expression, the struggle for equality of power and opportunity to be and to blossom. Until bread and all that bread means are communized and equalized and made as certain and free as the air we breathe liberty cannot be said to have begun its real work. This is not to say that man lives by bread alone; it is to say that until all men have free and equal bread no man may freely and completely live. This economic motive lies deep in religion and politics, even where it is least apparent.—Herron.

SOCIALISM IN EUROPE.

Amazing Spread of Democracy Among the Masses of the People.

Charles Edward Russell, the sociologist, has been making a tour of Europe and studying the conditions of society in the various countries. Mr Russell was interviewed before sailing for the United States. He said:

"Europe is full of the most hopeful signs for every person that believes in democracy. The peaceful revolution that began about five years ago is reaching a very remarkable development. You can see it most plainly in the great spread of co-operation and public ownership.

"Nobody can go observingly about the continent and fail to see that gradually the masses of the people are beginning to see where their interest lies and to be weary of being exploited by corporations and combinations of the fortunate.

"The most amazing thing I encountered was the evidence of the growing Socialism in Austria. At the present rate of Socialistic development the Socialist will have in six or seven years absolute control of the Austrian government; but, of course, Socialism makes headway everywhere in Europe. I don't know anything more remarkable than that two Socialists should have been elected as such this summer to the British parliament.

"There is no getting away from the significance of such a fact in a country like England.

"I made my customary tour through the east end of London and got some amazing photographs of conditions there.

"The situation grows steadily worse from year to year. Unless it is dealt with it will submerge England. The slum is the heart of the whole human problem. So long as we have that evil it is nonsense to talk about progress."

The Capitalist System.

There are too much privation, too much poverty, too much immodesty, too much nakedness, too many convict prisons, too many tatters, too many defalcations, too many crimes, too much darkness, not enough schools, too many little innocents growing up for evil! The pallet of the poor girl is suddenly covered with silk and lace, and in that is the worst misery. By the side of misfortune there is vice, the one urging on the other. Such a society requires prompt succor.—Victor Hugo.

A Bad System's Fruit.

The Bowery mission has made an appeal for money to maintain its "Bread Line" which, it says, will be more needed this winter than ever before. Every night from Thanksgiving to Easter the mission [illegible] hungry, workless, homeless men and boys, who stand in line for hours [illegible] The line often extends several blocks [illegible] even in [illegible] of prosperity.—Worker, New York.

[illegible] They cannot kill the spirit. We will rise on the [illegible] where we fell more boldly to fight out another.—Karl Marx and Frederick Engels.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov., 25, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation *proof in support of his* claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn. on January 7th, 1908 viz: Bernard P. Hviding H. E. No. 278 Red Lake Series for the Lot 1 and N.½ of N.E.¼ and S. E.¼ of N. E.¼ of Sec. 10, Twp. 153 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Carl Beiswenger, of Anton, Minn.
Krist Larson, of " "
Knut Solheim, of " "
Cornelius H. Helland, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 28 jan 2

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tina Holsinger of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 982 made Dec. 2nd, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 1, Township 151 N., Range 41. W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief river Falls, Minnesota, on Jan., 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Albert Rohrer of Germantown, Minn.
Nels Larson " " "
Peter A. Johnson " " "
John Graff " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register,

dec 26 jan 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Przybyszeski of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 639, made October 3rd, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 28, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls Minnesota, on Feb 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Frank Staska of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mat Staska " " " " "
Fred Skaar " " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 26 jan 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his and claim, that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 3rd., 1908, viz: Engebret Nelson H. E. No. 62 Red Lake Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 24, in Twp. 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Tollof O. Loyland of Thief River Falls, Minn
Knute Loyland " " " " "
Andrew Lindall " " " " "
Martin H. Hallingsrued " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

dec 26 jan 30

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Bemidji News wants the Cass Lake and Crookston land offices abolished and a new land office covering the territory of the two districts located at Bemidji. That would be all right for Bemidji, but it would be a great hardship upon the settlers living in the Crookston land office district.

The bill introduced by Congressman Steenerson to drain the ceded lands of the Red Lake Indian reservation is, in our opinion, the most important piece of legislation ever attempted by a representative in congress from this state for the benefit of the state. If it becomes a law it will add millions of dollars to the wealth of the state, and afford an opportunity for a large army of people to become wealth producers. It can be accomplished only by the government taking the initiative and furnishing the large amount of money—$1,100,000—to dig the drainage ditches and this would all be paid back to the government again by the settlers who would take these lands for homes. All of the people of the state should take an active interest in seeing this law enacted.

Speaking of the "swollen fortunes," what think you of Standard Oil profits aggregating nearly $100,000,000 annually? Is it possible for one trust, 90 per cent of the stock of which is held by fifteen men, to make profits averaging about $273,000 per day, or more than $11,000 per hour, by fair means? Is it safe for a government to tolerate conditions of combination, monopoly, extortion, coercion under which such aggrandizement is possible?

One of the big sources of profit has been the exaction of rebates, yet when the government proposed to prevent rebating and other abuses, Standard Oil, which has hitherto enjoyed immunity in its system of commercial pillage, cries out that it is being persecuted. "Persecution"! The mockery of this protest is that the government has not only tolerated the abuses of monoply, but has actually sheltered the predatory operations by giving Standard Oil the protection of a high tariff—the highest enjoyed by any trust in the country. Standard oil enjoys tariff protection to the extent of about 15) per cent.—Kansas City Star.

The Disappearing Forests.

When the timber out of which we build our houses is all gone we can build houses out of concrete and brick and stone. We can replace our wooden sidewalks with cement, and indeed we are doing it already to a considerable extent. We can use coal or electric heat in place of wood for fuel, and we can find some substitute for wooden boxes.

But what are we going to do for matches when the timber is all gone?

That may seem like a far-fetched alarm, but it is one that is really beginning to command attention. The matchmakers are becoming anxious about the supply of wood for their product, not only in this country but in others. In France and Germany there is a movement to plant forests just to match timber.

This country uses about 7[illegible] matches a year, or about half the world's production. Matches are cheap, and nobody thinks about their cost. A match is about the only thing that strangers will ask from each other. They are so cheap that no thought is ever taken about economy in their use. Yet it is said that the supply of match timber is dwindling so rapidly that matchmakers are becoming alarmed about the outlook. There are hundreds of factories scattered over the country turning out matches. One plant on the Pacific coast, covering 240 acres, operates over thirty miles of railroad, over which is carried to it daily 200,000 feet of sugar and yellow pine logs for the match machines. Inferior lumber will not do. It must be straight-grained and free from knots, and it must be carefully treated in addition. The factory referred to turns out as by product, from timber not fit for matches, 1,000 doors and 800 window sashes daily. In a single year one match company cut in the lake country 225,000,000 board feet of pine.

If the apparently small item of matches is cutting into the forest wealth at this rate, what the entire timber industry is doing staggers the imagination. The supply of timber is melting before the woodsman's ax as the snow vanishes before the spring sunshine, and at the present rate of consumption it can be only a few years before there will be no timber left for matches, not to speak of houses and sidewalks and fences.

No wonder President Roosevelt is an earnest advocate of forestry. No wonder he has worked for the creation of forest reserves and for the expenditure of public money in planting new trees. The nation and the timber states have a vast task ahead of them in replacing by forestry the vanished supplies of timber, and the quicker they get about it in real earnest the better.

And let's hope that the second growth, when it comes, will be kept by the nation and the states for the people's benefit, and not turned over bodily to lumbermen who will raze the new forests as fast as they can with no thought of the future.—Duluth Herald.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

According to a ruling of the postoffice department which became effective January 1, 1908, publishers of weekly newspapers are prohibited from extending credit to their subscribers for a period of more than one year. The new regulations are as follows:

> A reasonable time will be allowed publishers to secure renewals of subscriptions, but unless subscriptions are expressly renewed after the term for which they are paid, within the following periods
>
> Dailies within three months,
> Triweeklies within six months,
> Semiweeklies within nine months,
> Weeklies within one year,
> Semimonthlies within three months,
> Monthlies within four months,
> Bimonthlies within six months,
> Quarterlies within six months,
>
> they shall not be counted in the legitimate list of subscribers, and copies mailed on account thereof shall not be accepted for mailing at the second-class postage rate of one cent a pound, but may be mailed at the transient second-class postage rate of one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof, prepaid by stamps affixed.

The new order was received by the local postoffice late last week, too late to make mention of the matter in last week's issue, and it gives the publisher a very short time to notify his subscribers, some of whom are over one year delinquent, a sufficient notice.

The relation of the publisher of the NEWS with his subscribers has always been very pleasant. From time to time we have mailed statements to our subscribers, but when any of them have been unable to pay we have never insisted upon a settlement. We know personally nearly every subscriber upon our list and are not afraid to extend credit, or continue to extend credit to them. The postoffice department, however, has taken an arbitrary stand in the matter, and while in the circular it says that "the right of the publisher to extend credit for subscriptions to his publication is not denied or questioned" yet the postage is so increased as to deny the publisher this right.

The whole trouble seems to be that there is a large annual deficit in the postoffice department each year which is claimed to be due to the fact that newspapers and other publications receive the cheap postage rate of one cent per pound. The order was undoubtedly made in order to reduce the amount of second class matter carried in the mails.

Hereafter the NEWS will extend credit to its subscribers for only one year, as after that time, in order to keep in good standing with the postoffice department, papers cannot be mailed at second class rates. If the subscriber does not pay for the paper at the end of one year, it will have to be discontinued, as we cannot afford to mail the paper and attach a one cent stamp. Papers this week are mailed to all of our subscribers and those owing us for more than one year are stamped with a one cent postage stamp. If your paper is so stamped, it will be notice to you that you are owing us for more than one year. If you know the amount, please call or mail it to us before next Thursday. If you do not know the amount, and want to get the paper next Thursday, please write and so inform us, as otherwise the paper will not be sent. Statements of the amount due us from subscribers will be mailed as promptly as possible.

It is a very unfortunate matter for both the publisher and subscriber that this new ruling goes into effect so suddenly, but it has been made by the postoffice department and there is no way of getting around it.

Mark Twain a Loser.

Mark Twain has material for a new chapter in his autobiography in connection with his experience with a patent health food company, which has gone into bankruptcy, in which he invested about $32,000. The company was called the Plasmon Company of America, and Twain was vice president and acting president of the company under his own name, Samuel L. Clemens.

The distinguished humorist told a newspaper reporter who interviewed him on his connection with the company that he first became acquainted with plasmon several years ago, when he was in Europe. It is a powder made of milk, and was intended to cure the worst forms of indigestion. He used it on the advice of a physician, and became impressed with its merits. The powder was then being manufactured by an English company, but had not been introduced here. When a company was organized to place the article on the market here Twain became an easy victim.

Twain ascribes the failure of the American company to the rascality of some of its officers, which led to dissensions among the stockholders, and finally disrupted the business. Naturally he does not view the matter in a facetious light, although some of the reporters seemed to think it had a humorous aspect.

A humorist learns to accommodate himself to circumstances, and can sometimes work when in anything but a jovial frame of mind. No doubt Mark Twain will be able to extract a joke from his experience with plasmon when his first irritation has worn off. He met much more serious business reverses a few years ago, and rose superior to them, paying off a heavy indebtedness by his lecture tour of the world. He is not the first man of letters who has been unfortunate in business, and may congratulate himself that his losses in plasmon were not more serious.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

ANIMAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Difference Between Instinct and Reasoning Power.

Most animals have little self consciousness, and their reasoning powers at best are of a low order, but in kind at least the powers are not different from reason in man. A horse reaches over the fence to be company to another. This is instinct. When it lets down the bars with its teeth, that is reason. When a dog finds its way home at night by the sense of smell this may be instinct; when he drags a stranger to his wounded master, that is reason. When a jack rabbit leaps over a bush to escape a dog or runs in a circle before a coyote, or when it lies flat in the grass as a round ball of gray, indistinguishable from grass, this is instinct. But the same animal is capable of reason—that is, of a distinct choice among lines of action. Not long ago a rabbit came bounding across the university campus at Palo Alto. As it passed a corner it suddenly faced two hunting dogs running side by side toward it. It had the choice of turning back, its first instinct, but a dangerous one; of leaping over the dogs or of lying on the ground. It chose none of these, and its choice was instantaneous. It ceased leaping, ran low and went between the dogs just as they were in the act of seizing it, and the surprise of the dogs as they stopped and tried to hurry around was the same feeling that a man would have in like circumstances.—"Evolution and Animal Life."

PLANT ODDITIES.

Flowers That Possess Eyes, Though They May Not See.

The night hath a thousand eyes, but a nasturtium leaf has more. Holding up his hand in front of a desert shrub, an experimenter has taken a microphotograph showing half a dozen distinct images of his fingers formed by the eyes of the plant. Many common garden and wild flowers—the nasturtium, begonia, clover, wood sorrel and bluebell among others—possess eyes situated on their leaves. They are minute protuberances filled with a transparent gummy matter which focuses the rays of light on to a sensitive patch of tissue at the back of it in a similar manner to that in which the eyes of an animal do their work. A common nasturtium plant has thousands of such eyelets on its leaves, forming thousands of minute images of the objects around them. But, though a plant may have eyes, it does not follow that it sees. It is not yet known if the sense impressions are telegraphed to some central nerve exchange corresponding to the brain of the animal. In addition to these light sense organs many plants possess a touch of sensitiveness and a response to electric stimuli that show further resemblance to the animal world, while ferns, mosses and sea weeds in an early stage of their existence are capable of actually swimming through water.—Chicago Tribune.

The Lady In the Moon.

An amateur astronomer writes of the "lady in the moon:" "It is a very beautiful face seen in profile and uplifted as though in proud disdain of things terrestrial. The curve of the throat is exquisite, and indeed the entire outline is marvelously lifelike. The moon lady may best be observed through a small opera glass when our satellite is at half. At that time the tip of the chin about touches the terminator—that is, the dividing line between the light and dark portions of the lunar surface. Most people can recognize the man in the moon. Well, the hair of the lady, in which I can always fancy I see a spray of orange blossoms, forms the man's left eye, the nose and mouth his nose, and the chin and throat the man's mouth."

An Unhappy Comparison.

A country minister had just received his first call to the charge of a small church, and his wife, of course, was highly excited—so much so that she was obliged to tell everybody of the good news.

One day she met a farmer's wife and began the conversation. [illegible]

[illegible] show."—Pearson's Weekly.

List of Personal Property Tax Payers.

SMILEY.	
Anfinson, Ole T.	84
Anfinson Torkel,	2 34
Anderson, Oscar N.	3 75
Amundson, Ole	1 04
Anderson, A. E.	2 01
Bjorge, Ole	14 15
Bolstad, Ole	4 18
Berg, S. A.	3 56
Bieswenger, Carl	18 51
Bieswenger, Fred	9 29
Brekke, Antin	8 49
Christianson, C.	4 54
Dahl, J. A.	5 17
Erickson Tollef	6 96
Fredrickson, Hans	10 15
Froisness, Gernor	1 83
Fisher, Jacob	3 20
Gustafson, G. O.	5 85
Holdeng, B. P.	3 83
Helgeland, Ole L.	19 49
Hendrickson, Torval	2 92
Helgeson, H. A.	4 90
Hestvet, H. J.	9 16
Helm Chas	15
Helland C. H.	6 09
Hestekod, Ole	4 81
Jakobson, Steffen	1 12
Johnson, Nels E.	16 96
Johnson, Sam	40
Johnson Daniel	7 62
Johnson L. E.	4 07
Lura, Salve	11 68
Laudson, Maret	7 65
Lane, F. A.	7 26
Larson, Carl	10 06
Larson, Ole J.	4 64
Larson Krist	22 47
Matson, Martin	1 78
Newton, A. B.	29 55
Newton, Ole	8 90
Narum, Albert J.	6 99
Ness, Albert	3 65
Nelson, Marta	4 56
Pederson, Christian	1 31
Pederson, O. M.	14 11
Salmonson, J. E.	8 19
Sorenson, A. G.	5 39
Stenseth F. L.	41
Stone, Tobias	2 62
Sordal, T. J.	8 52
Skjerping, Tobias	8 04
Tune, Peder	3 27
Valtenson, Betsy	8 43
Viken, H. O.	5 01
Weiner, Casper	4 98
Wood W. E.	9 73
Wickum, J. R.	10 15
Berg, P. O.	39
Laudson, Mrs.	1 65
Stenseth, Tinan	31
Wood, J. K.	05
Pederson, Gunder	38
Braaten, Jens	25
Lawson, Oscar	18
Cernousek, George	03
Swanby H. S.	1 05
STAR.	
Bjorgufson, Omund	3 39
Bjorneraa, H. K.	9 30
Chrpa, John	86
Elg, Carl O.	2 98
Ekwall, C. J.	1 09
Fjeld, Hans H.	4 63
Fort, Anton	3 16
Fevig, Lars C.	4 43
Grane, Nils N.	1 55
Hoffman, J. V.	2 33
Honby, B.	2 33
Johnson, Joseph	15 12
Johnson, Henry	2 22
Johnsrud, Ole	6 13
Jacobson, Theodore	9 23
Lakken, Ole S.	77
Omlid, Oluf O.	9 96
Odegaard, Christ	4 84
Prucha, Karl	1 19
Stengel, Mike	6 48
Skaaren, Kristen	05
Sjulestad, Even	1 34
Strande, Ole	1 54
Strande, Knut O.	1 40
Strande & Anderson	8 87
Tofteland, J. A.	11 28
Tommerdahl, J. O.	2 58
Frinka, Albert	6 73
Watne, T. O.	1 61
SANDERS.	
Anderson, H. F.	2 22
Aaseby, R.	2 73
Amble, J. J.	78
Anderson, N. K.	1 76
Anderson, J. A.	2 94
Braaten, E. E.	1 66
Bakken, C. O.	2 44
Brandwold, John	1 89
Carlson, C. A.	4 13
Dahestrom, Alfred	4 16
Engebretson, Sander	5 13
Fromm, Carl	1 01
Hanson, Hogan	3 01
Hanson, Loreng	5 21
Haard, Erik	4 75
Hoppe, August	6 39
Hahner, William	4 19
Johnson, Ivar	3 49
Johnson, Gust	8 10
Jensen, Anna C.	1 19
Janko, August	5 88
Krouse, August	5 71
Larson, O. L.	4 92
Larson, Ole	4 43
Lind, Matilda	7 08
Larson, J. A.	48
Mossbuck, Martina	6 01
Ness, S. N.	4 61
Ness, P. N.	1 46
Olson, Erick	5 20
Oaness, Lena	3 72
Ortloff, Herman	5 30
Peterson, H. J.	6 37
Peterson, C. H.	7 28
Rux, Fred E.	3 10
Rux, Fred	4 01
Roland, L. M.	8 75
Swanson, Bengt	5 25
Swanson, Nils	2 45
Swenson, Oscar	4 83
Stark, N. G.	1 72
Sevre, Helmer E.	2 31
Swenson, C. T.	4 37
Swenson, John M.	5 80
Thoreson, Ole	1 18
Thoreson, Sven	2 58
Thorstad, James O.	3 48
SILVERTON.	
Anderson, Anton	4 44
Blackey, H. B.	1 89
Berg, Martin	10 76
Braznay, Andrew	3 50
Baner, J. J.	3 95
Berggren, Gust	3 21
Bergh, P. E.	3 84
Chooland, T. L.	2 72
Coan, John T.	7 34
Drews, Fred	1 75
Evenson, Oscar	3 68
Forthun, Ole	4 31
Fodstad, Halvor	11 22
Gunderson, Oliver	1 14
Gunderson, Thor.	1 18
Grende, Ole E.	7 81
Gusen, R. A.	3 45
Hjelden, Halvor	7 81
Hanson, H. G.	57
Hegreness, John	4 15
Homme, Ole	1 86
Hanson, Henry	8 55
Hanson, Ole G.	4 55
Hanson, Lars	10 06
Hulten, Peder O.	3 97
Hanson & Barzen Co.	4 25
Lutenback, August	4 92
Larson, Lars	1 16
Letnes, Jens	3 88
Myklestad, Andrew	3 53
Nash, Andrew N.	7 16
Norby, Berte	40
Ostrem, Oscar	3 25
Ottum, O. L.	10 16
Omlid, T. M.	4 14
Omundson, Peder	7 07
Omundson, Ole	9 04
Peterson, Carlys F.	1 07
Pederson, A. E.	2 16
Patcek, Fred	6 88
Ptacek, Mrs. Fred.	2 81
Quist, E. L.	09
Quist, Martin	75
Quist, I. E.	2 12
Quist, W. H.	2 45
Rued, Hans P.	7 41
Rak, Ulrick	19 91
Rud, Peder C.	5 58
Skogstad, Hans G.	7 25
Stenbjem, P.	2 60
Sorenson, H. C.	2 16
Snudt, John A.	6 45
Saaka, Matt	4 21
Senum, George	29
Sorlum, P. O.	8 21
Trontvett P. J.	1 20
Wright, W. J.	1 98
Lindsay, Wm.	25
Ovnan Gilbert	2 14
Sarum, John J.	8 67

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

WINKJER TO FIGHT TRUST.

Former St. Hilaire Man Selected for an Important Campaign.

Conditions in Minnesota as Compared With the Southwest.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press contains the following article sent them by their Washington News Bureau, and telling of the work which is to be done by J. G. Winkjer, the St. Hilaire man recently appointed by Uncle Sam to fight the creamery trust. Although something of Mr. Winkjer's work has been known before, yet the following article explains every detail of the work, and it is a matter of congratulation to the Red River Valley that when Uncle Sam needed a man to throttle one of his worst trusts he picked a man from this section of the state where the trust is not tolerated. The article follows:

"The agricultural department is perfecting a plan upon the success of which is believed to depend a decided betterment in the conditions of the farmers of the west in their relation to the business of organized creameries. According to the information of the department, there is opportunity for radical reforms for the protection of the farmers of the Southwest, notably Kansas and Nebraska, which will put the farmers of that section on a basis in line with the successful operation of the creamery industry of the Northwestern states, where Minnesota is cited as an excellent example.

"The plan is in the nature of a crusade against the creamery trust, which practically controls the creamery business of Kansas and Nebraska. It doesn't include the filing of suits to wipe out the creamery trust, but embraces a scheme to force the trust to pay higher prices for cream and to encourage the development of co-operative creamery industries.

"An expert creamery man, Joel G. Winkjer, formerly located at Crookston, skilled in the organization and management of co-operative creameries, has been appointed by Secretary Wilson to assist the farmers of Kansas and Nebraska to establish independent creameries and thus obtain a higher price for their cream. The creamery trust has heard of the proposed plan and has filed a protest with the department. In the protest the officials of the trust claim that 85 per cent of the co-operative creameries of Kansas and Nebraska have been failures and that the dairy business of those two states has only been developed under the centralizing system. It is further claimed that at the present time the co-operative plants cannot secure enough product for successful operation.

"Notwithstanding this claim of the trust officials, the agricultural department is proceeding with its plans. It doesn't take any stock in the position taken by the trust, and in proof of it cites the cases of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Iowa.

"It gives figures to show that the co-operative creameries of Minnesota and Wisconsin and Iowa produce butter at a cost of 2 cents a pound, not counting the cost of the cream, while the actual cost in Kansas, exclusive of the cost of cream, is about 6 1-2 cents. The markets are about the same.

"Therefore in combining profits the creameries of the Northwest tax the 2 cents per pound cost against their farmers, while the trust in Kansas and Nebraska tax 6 1-2 cents per pound cost against their farmers. The inference is drawn that the difference is taken as profit and goes to the trust which controls Kansas and Nebraska. The 2 cents in the Northwest represents one-twelfth the value of the butter, while the 6 1-2 cents in Kansas and Nebraska represents about one-fourth the value.

"Taken from another angle, the department shows that for the last nine months the average price paid, net, to the farmers of the Northwest for cream was 29.11 cents, while that paid to the 10,000 Kansas and Nebraska farmers was 24.43 cents, or a difference of 4.67 cents.

"The department takes issue with the trust on the proposition that the creamery business of Kansas and Nebraska has been developed under the 'centralizing system,' and gives figures to show that really there has been no appreciable development of the business in that territory since the trust began operations. In six years the industry in Kansas and Nebraska has only increased 6 per cent under trust methods, while in Minnesota, under co-operative methods, it has increased 51 per cent.

"Co-operative creameries were first established in Minnesota in 1893. That year there were 86 opened. Now there are 682. During the same period there has been an increase of only ten in individual creamery companies there—175 for 1893 against 185 for 1897. In Kansas since 1900 there has been a decrease of 47 per cent in the number of creameries. Most of them were absorbed by the trust."

The Highlanding Creamery.

The board of directors of the Highlanding Creamery Association held a meeting on Sunday afternoon to count up the noses of the cows signed. Although the territory had not been more than half canvassed it was found that we have cows enough to make a creamery pay from the start and the people are all taking hold of the matter in earnest and that creamery will be built, and will be built next spring, for we tell you, when the Democrat Republicans, Socialists and Prohibitionists get to pulling together in Highlanding, there is something going to drop. And to make the matter more solid the north part of the town of Deer Park are coming in with us.—Sunbeam.

Correct Estimate of Congress.

"Mr. Dooley" describes congress in the current American. He says, in part:

"Th' on'y raison congress goes on an' nobody cares is, that it niver dales with subjicks that anny wan else iver talks about onless they are in dhrink. Who iver heerd iv two sensible men discussin' th' river an' harbor hill—or wan sensible woman? Did you an' ye'er wife iver set down at night an' debate th' pension system or free rural delivery, great subjicks that ivry day f'r three months will sind congress to th' flure? No, sir.

That's th' reason why we can put up with governments, because they'r always kept busy attindin' to matthers iv no importance. Annything that's important enough to need attendence I'll never pass over to a collection iv lawyers fr'm th' rural disthricks. Whin ye see me face convulsed in passion an' anger gleamin' fr'm me eye, tis not about th' railroad situation I'm thinkin', but about me tight shoes. Whin ye see me with me head bowed in thought, it's not wondhrin' about th' threesury surplus I am, but meditatin' on how I'm goin to raise th' money f'r th' monthly rent."

A movement is on foot to build a farmers' telephone in this neighborhood and it is expected after it is put in operation here to connect the line with Middle River. A meeting will be called soon to decide wether it is best to incorporate a company or to do the work by subscription.—Rollis correspondence in Middle River Pioneer.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had. J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

INJURED AT BLACKDUCK.

Frank Jeffers Falls Under Wheels of Train at Blackduck.

Is Well Known Throughout the Northwestern Part of the State.

Frank Jeffers, one of the best known persons residing in the Northwestern part of the state, met with an acident at Blackduck last Friday evening which may result in his death.

Mr. Jeffers for the past few months has been traveling upon the road for a Crookston printing house and he was out on the road on business for this concern when he met with accident. He was standing on station platform talking with several former residents of Red Lake Falls and was intending to take the train which leaves Blackduck at 7:30 northbound. The train had started and was under way before he realized it, and in making a quick effort to get aboard the train, he slipped on the icy platform and went partly under the wheels of the train. He was at once taken to the hospital at Blackduck and it was found that his right leg was so crushed above the ankle and his left foot so mangled that both had to be amputated. The right leg was cut off just above the ankle and all of the left foot except the heel was cut off.

Frank Jeffers was one of the best known men in Red Lake county and had an extensive acquaintance throughout the northwestern part of the state.

His parents were early settlers of what is now Red Lake county, having settled upon a farm near Red Lake Falls when Mr. Jeffers was but a boy, and he was educated in the schools of this county and later was a school teacher. When Red Lake county was set off from Polk county, he was elected county superintendent of schools by the first board of county commissioners, and upon three different times he was elected by the voters by large majorities. In the fall of 1904, while he was still holding the office of county superintendent, he became a candidate for the office of register of deed and was elected over K. J. Weeks by a small majority. After holding this office for two years he was defeated in 1906 by E. L. Quist. After going out of office he traveled upon the road for a Minneapolis printing concern in Wisconson, but lately resigned this position and went upon the road for a Crookston house, traveling in the northern part of this state. For many years he took a prominent part in politics and had hundreds of friends throughout this section. In partnership with Charles E. Bougton he established the Red Lake Falls Courier and successfully conducted this paper until it was sold to John E. King. Mr. Jeffers is married and has three children.

The latest reports from Blackduck are to the effect that he will recover, as he has a strong constitution.

PROCEEDINGS

Of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
December 14, 1907.

Pursuant to law the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county met in the office of the county auditor, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at ten o'clock a. m.

Members present Lindquist, Aubol, Shaw, Demann and Pigeon.

Members absent—None.

On motion duly carried an auctioneer's license was granted to G. C. Gulrud.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Aubol, that the final estimate on County Ditch No. 28 of three hundred forty-four and [illegible] dollars be accepted and the engineer discharged. Motion carried unanimously.

On motion duly carried the County Auditor was instructed to advertise for fifty cords of green poplar wood to be delivered at the court house.

Call for special meeting of the county board November 12th, 1907.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Red Lake. ss

[illegible] of the members of said board, to be held at the office of the County Auditor, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county, on Saturday, the 14th day of December, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the transaction of the following business:—Any business that may come before the board.

Witness my hand and official seal at Red Lake Falls, this 2nd day of December, 1907.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board
(Seal)

BOND RESOLUTION.

Red Lake Falls, minn.
December 14 1907.

Commissioner Daniel Shaw offered the following preamble and resolutions and moved their adoption.

WHEREAS: In pursuance of and in full compliance with the provisions of chapter 258 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1901, and the several acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, such steps have been duly and legally taken that a public drainage ditch has been duly located and established, partly in the county of Red Lake and partly in the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, and known as Judicial Ditch No. 4, and such proceedings have been duly and legally taken in the District Court of the Fourteenth Judicial District, duly located and establishing said ditch, and it has been definitely ascertained and established in accordance with the provisions of the law applicable thereto that the expense incurred and to be incurred in the locating, establishing and construction of such of said Judicial Ditch as is located within this county of Red Lake, and in such relation to said county of Red Lake as to affect lands therein, within the terms of said legislative acts, will be at least the sum of $16,[illegible], and

WHEREAS: This Board has heretofore duly determined to issue the bonds of this county, for the purpose of paying the expense incurred and to be incurred in locating, establising and constructing so much of said Judicial Ditch as is located within this county, and in such resolution thereto, as to affect lands therein within the terms of said laws, and said bonds have been duly sold. Now, therefore be it

RESOLVED, By this Board of County Commissioners that the sum of $16,700 is necessary to defray the expense incurred and to be incurred in locating, constructing and establishing so much of such Judicial Ditch as is located within this county of Red Lake, and in such relation to this county as to affect lands therein, within the terms of said chapter 258 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1901 and the several acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

RESOLVED, FURTHER, That the negotiable coupon bonds of said county of Red Lake be issued for said purpose in the aggregate amount of $16,700, said bonds to be seventeen in number, sixteen thereof of the denomination of $1,000 each and one of the denomination of $700, all bearing date the first day of October, 1907, and due in ten years from their date, with interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of April and October of each year, both principal and interest payable at the banking house of A. B. Leach & Co., in Chicago, Illinois.

RESOLVED, FURTHER, That said bonds and the coupons attached thereto shall be substantially in the following form, with the necessary variations as to number and amounts thereof, to wit:

No. .... $........

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake.
PUBLIC DRAINAGE DITCH BOND.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That Red Lake county, in the State of Minnesota, acknowledges itself indebted and for value received promises to pay to bearer [illegible] Dollars [illegible]

For the prompt payment of this bond, both principal and interest at maturity, the full faith, credit and resources of the county of Red Lake are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said county for the purpose of defraying in part the expense incurred and to be incurred in locating, constructing and establishing so much of a certain public drainage ditch, known as Judicial Ditch No. 4, as is located within said county, or in such relation to said county as to affect lands therein, within the terms of chapter 258 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota of 1901, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto and is issued by authority of and in strict accordance with the provisions of said chapter 258 as amended by chapter 315 of the General Laws of said State for the year 1903.

It is hereby certified and recited that the issuance of this bond has been duly authorized by resolutions of this Board of County Commissioners of said county, duly passed and recorded, and that the total indebtedness of said county, including this bond, does not exceed any constitutional or statutory limitations.

It is further certified and recited that all acts, conditions and things required by laws of the State of Minnesota to be done precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, have been properly done, have happened and been performed, in regular and due form and time as required by law.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, has caused this bond to be signed by the Chairman of said Board and countersigned, sealed and recorded by its County Auditor, this first day of October, A. D. 1907.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Com'rs.

Countersigned:
JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
(Seal) County Auditor.

(FORM OF COUPON)

No........ Red Lake Falls, Minn., $........

On the first day of........ .... 19....
the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, will pay to bearer the sum of........ .... Dollars, at the banking house of A. B. Leach & Company in Chicago, Illinois, for the semi-annual installment of interest upon its Public Drainage Ditch Bond, dated October 1st, 1907. No ....

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.

Countersigned.
JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
County Auditor.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That each of said bonds and each of said coupons thereto attached shall be signed by the Chairman of this Board and countersigned by the County Auditor, and each of said bonds sealed by the County Auditor, who shall record the same, and when so executed and recorded said bonds shall be delivered to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, the purchaser thereof, upon its paying into the County Treasury the amount of its bid therefor, which is not less than par.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the full faith, credit and resources of Red Lake county, and of its Board of County Commissioners, as such, be and the same are hereby pledged to provide money for the payment of the principal and interest of said bond, when and as the same shall become due.

RESOLVED, FURTHER, That the resolutions of this Board heretofore adopted, providing for the issuance and sale of $16,700, for the purpose aforesaid, be and the same are hereby modified, in accordance with the terms of these resolutions.

Commissioner Wm. C. L. Dimann, one of the members of said board, seconded the motion to adopt said preamble and resolutions, whereupon the following vote was taken and recorded.

Those voting in the affirmative Commissioners Lindquist, Aubol, Shaw, Demann and Pigeon.

Those voting in the negative—None.

Whereupon, said preamble and resolutions were duly declared adopted.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until one o'clock, p. m.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at one o'clock p. m. All members present.

Commissioner Shaw offered the following resolution, and moved its adoption.

Be It Resolved, by the board of county commissioners of said county, that the sum of Six Thousand Dollars is hereby ordered to be transferred from the general ditch fund into the general revenue fund of said county. Said resolution was seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried by the following votes: Aye—Commissioner Lindquist, Aubol, Shaw, Demann and Pigeon. Motion carried unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Aubol, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw.

Resolved, That the sum of Five Thousand Dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund, three thousand dollars payable in the year 1908, and two thousand payable in the year 1909, to aid the City of Thief River Falls to construct a combination steel and concrete bridge from the foot of First Street in the Original Townsite to the foot of Bridge Street in Red Lake Rapids, now a part of said city, provided said bridge is completed before July 1st, 1908. Resolution carried unanimously.

On motion duly carried John A. Duffy was allowed $1,600 00 on county ditch No. 24 and county ditch No. 25.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Demann, that the county road and bridge committee be authorized to look after the expenditure of State aid for the Thief River Falls steel bridge. Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Demann, that the board rescind the motion made at the meeting held November 18, 1907, about the division of property between school district No. 147 and school district No. 64. Motion carried.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Red Lake, } ss

WHEREAS, At a special meeting of this board held on September 16, 1907, School District No. 147, of the Town of Numedal, in said county, was divided into two districts, and designated as school districts Nos. 147 and 64; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the moneys, funds and credits belonging to said school district No. 147, at the time of the said division be and the same is hereby divided in pro rata shares between the said districts, and that such division is to include all the moneys in the treasurer's hands on July 31st, 1907, and all moneys paid into the treasury of District No. 147 up to January 1st, 1907.

Resolution prevailed.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon, that the county take up the account of Sheriff Lewis A. Nelson of $58 16 for conveying Harvey LaChance to the State Reformatory at St. Cloud. Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Shaw, that the County Treasurer be allowed one hundred fifty dollars for clerk hire for remainder of year 1907.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Com'rs.
Attest JOHN B. O'BRIEN,
County Auditor and
[Seal] Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

The Langseth Mercantile Company Wish All A Happy New Year.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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A Real "Hoss" Race.

If you would see a horse strapped, booted, braced and geared to the limit you must seek such a track as you see at the old time country fair. Here comes an awkward flea bitten gray which never went under 2:50 in his life. He is hobbled and checked and goggled and hitched up sidewise, lengthwise and crosswise until there is more harness than horse. You wonder how his driver ever got him into this rigging and how he will get him out again without cutting him free with a jackknife. A farmer with a gray beard and twinkling eye observes to his neighbor:

"Last time John Martin had that plug out on the road I told him he had the old cripple overloaded with fust aids to the injured. Them straps that was cal'lated to hoist up his knees must ha' pulled too tight, and the critter was yanked clean off the ground. What John was gettin' ready for was a race for flyin' machines, not a hoss trot."—David Lansing in Outing Magazine.

Dina Moe and Dina Mite.

Mr. Cracker, a young colored gentleman of our city, had just obtained employment in one of our department stores as an experienced porter, but after a short time proved to be unfit for the position. Being fired, he thereby gained the nickname of Fire Cracker. Fire Cracker was deeply in love *with a young woman of his own race* by the name of Miss Moe and after a short acquaintance found that her surname was Dina. He went to Dina Moe and said:

"Dina Moe, does you lub me?"

She quickly replied, "No."

Not being disheartened and at the same time remembering the motto he learned at school, "If at first you don't succeed try, try again," he went to Dina Moe again and said:

"Dina Moe, could you learn to lub me?"

Dina this time rolled the white of her eyes and, looking Fire Cracker in the face, answered:

"Dina—Mite!"—Judge's Library.

Snapdragon Seed Pods.

The antirrhinum, or snapdragon, is one of the old fashioned garden flowers known by every one. Although it is a visitor from southern Europe, it has been here so long that it has become naturalized. When we say "lion's mouth," "frog's mouth," "calf's mouth," "rabbit's mouth," we mean snapdragon, all these names being suggested by its grotesque masklike corolla. But there is something still more grotesque if we will wait till the seed time and gather the dried, brown skeleton of the seed pod. Look at them sideways, under a bright lamp light if possible, and you will find they have quite a resemblance to a rhinoceros. Remove the calyx and the little horns on the nose and look at them from the front, and they have a still more striking resemblance to human skulls, and by turning them about you get all sorts of queer expressions on the grinning mouth.—St. Nicholas.

Hurry.

To our own age belongs the credit of having raised hurry from the degraded position of a disease to that of a commercial process. Formerly hurry simply brought people to an early grave, with nothing to show for it, whereas now it is become the means of transforming peace of mind, which is a solecism, to say the best of it, into ready money. Hurry has grown to be a great fact in life. Even the fashions take account of it until women are found doing up their hair in such a way that they may go the speed limit without fear of its coming down. And the best of hurry is that it is its own sufficient justification. Nobody expects hurry to have any particular reason behind it any more.—R.-B. in New York Life.

Preposterous.

An aged Jersey farmer visiting a circus for the first time stood before the dromedary's cage, eyes popping and mouth agape at the strange beast within. The circus proper began, and the crowds left for the main show, but still the old man stood before the cage in stunned silence appraising every detail of the misshapen legs, the cloven hoofs, the pendulous upper lip and the curiously mounded back of the sleepy eyed beast. Fifteen minutes passed. Then the farmer turned away and spat disgustedly.

"Shucks! They ain't no such animal!"—Everybody's Magazine.

Not His Usual Brand.

He was a waif from the slums, having his first experience of the country. They gave him a new laid egg at breakfast as a great treat, but after one spoonful he put it quietly aside and devoted himself to the bread and butter.

"Why, Pete," exclaimed the matron in charge, "don't you like your egg?"

"No, ma'am," he replied deprecatingly. "It don't seem to have no smell nor taste."—Pearson's Weekly.

All Wrinkled.

Dolly—No, I won't wash my face. I just hate to wash my face. Grandma—Naughty, naughty! When I was a little girl I always washed my face. Dolly—Yes, and now look at it!—Cleveland Leader.

Dissolving Mergers.

"[illegible] is [illegible], eh? The town [illegible] for the last year?"

"[illegible]"

"You must have had a revival?"

"No; we had a [illegible]."—Washington Herald.

No man knows so well where the shoe pinches as he who wears it.—Lincoln.

Color Gossip.

Have human beings, like animals, a tendency to clothe themselves in colors that reproduce the prevailing tone of their surroundings? There is another question for scientists who have discovered that different colors produce differing effects on the health and disposition of individuals. At all events color conventions in different parts of the world are decidedly at a variance. For example, while we use black in mourning the Chinese wear white gowns, white caps, white shoes and white ties on their cues. The royal color in Europe is purple—a hue of red, not of violet, as often misrepresented. In China the imperial color is yellow, and a certain shade of yellow may not be worn by the common people, but is conferred upon high officials as a great distinction.

Some individual color preferences are historical. Cleopatra loved yellow; Mme. de Pompadour delighted in a charming mixture of pink and blue; Napoleon's first empress, Josephine, wore the daring combination of black, white and emerald green, while Eugene Field boldly declares that—

> Any color, so long as it's red,
> Is good enough for me.

—Woman's Home Companion.

Bargain Sales In Japan.

Even in placid Japan they have bargain sales, but they conduct them on very different principles from the scrimmages we have over here. An amusing American woman has embodied her experiences of traveling alone in Japan in a most entertaining volume just published, whence may be gathered a description of a sale at the greatest trading house in Japan.

The goods are not flung about. They are shown to advantage in locked cases, and the heads of departments keep the keys. Remnants, however, are laid on mats, and, though there is keen anxiety to secure bargains, perfect order and quiet prevail.

Babies toddle about quite comfortably, others sleep on their mothers' backs. However orderly and quiet though the Japanese bargain sale may be, it is not free from the shoplifter, and it is interesting to hear that the detective is as necessary in the flowery land as in England. The kimono sleeve is a useful receptacle for unconsidered trifles.—London Ladies' Pictorial.

Giving Him a Chance.

Mrs. Wilson's husband was often obliged to go to New York on business and frequently did not reach his home until the arrival of the midnight train. Mrs. Wilson had been in the habit of sleeping peacefully at these times without fear, but a number of burglaries in the neighborhood during one of her husband's trips to New York had disturbed her calm.

On the night of his return Mr. Wilson was stealing carefully up the front stairs, as was his wont on such occasions, so that his wife would not be wakened, when he heard her voice, high and strained.

"I don't know whether you are my husband or a burglar," came the excited tones, "but I am going to be on the safe side and shoot, so if you are Henry you'd better get out of the way!"—Youth's Companion.

A Lesson In Language.

A regular Mr. Malaprop recently came home from his first visit to Europe. He grew enthusiastic about Rome.

"It was fine," he declared, "to go into them churches over there and see the old tombs—cigarophagusses, they call 'em. And then the Sixteen chapel is great, and as for the Vaccination, where the pope lives, well!"

But his stock of compliments gave out when he got to the subject of beggars.

"I always refused them pennies," he said, "because, you see, I didn't want to set a bad prestige!"—New York Times.

Not So Many.

They went in to dinner together. He was very bashful, and she tried in vain to draw him out. Finally she began to talk books, and he became responsive. "And Hugo?" she asked. "Do you like his style?" "Oh, yes," he replied; "I find him intensely interesting. I've read a number of his books." Then she asked, "Have you read 'Ninety-three?'" "No, I've—er—only read three. I didn't know he had written so many."

Reason For High Price.

"You charge me $2 for that little dish of possum?" said the guest at the crossroads hotel. "It's an outrage!"

"No, it ain't, stranger," replied the landlord. "I wuz six nights ketchin that possum, an' when I kotched him I kotched the rheumatism with him an' I need the money for my doctor's bill."—Atlanta Constitution.

A Doubter.

Little Helen—Ma, the minister told me today that God gave me to you. Mother—Well he did, my dear. Helen—Then somebody isn't telling the truth. I heard auntie tell Mrs. Watson that the court gave me to you.—Detroit Free Press.

His Ground.

He—Why are you going to marry that old fossil? She—I love the very ground he walks on. He—I know, but isn't there any other way of getting it? [illegible]

No Hindrance.

"[illegible] the next dance, Miss Peck?"

"[illegible] engaged, Mr. Gaffer."

"[illegible] Why, I'm married!"—Exchange.

Nearly every Japanese follows [illegible] of his father.

Economical.

"I believe I have found the prize woman economist," said an east side baker the other day. "She has just moved into my neighborhood, and I understand the family is by no means poor. The wife came into my place Monday and bought a dozen small cakes. I supposed they were for tea that evening. Imagine my astonishment when she came back Friday evening carrying a small paper sack, from the depths of which she carefully drew forth three of the identical cakes I had sold her four days before. Nodding her head toward them, as she set them down on the counter before me, she said sweetly, 'Won't you please exchange these for some fresh ones?' at the same time indicating a batch that I had brought from the oven not half an hour before."

"Well, what did you do?" asked the baker's sympathetic friend.

"Do? I gave her three of the fresh ones. I think I must have been mesmerized. Next thing I know she will be bringing back the bread crusts to have new loaves put inside them."—Columbus Dispatch.

Odd Baby Customs.

Among the Parsees when a child is born a priest takes the place of the medicine man, carefully noting down all details of birth and "calculating its nativity" to a nicety. Having graciously consulted the parents, he announces the child's name. Baptism by water and by fire follows, the infant being first dipped in a tub and afterward taken to church to be held over a flame.

In Persia the baby is laid on the floor while five names on five different slips of paper are either tucked under the edge of the carpet or hidden in the Koran. The first chapter of this holy book is then read and a slip drawn at random. The chosen name is confided to the baby's ear, but lest he should forget his wee memory is tagged by fastening the paper to his clothing.—Los Angeles Times.

Origin of His Name.

In correcting the exercises of her class a teacher recently observed a new name inscribed on one of the papers—Tom Brown.

She looked round the class, but could see no new boy. Not a little puzzled, she requested Tom Brown to stand.

Up jumped Tommy Smith, and the teacher got more puzzled still.

"Your name's Smith," she said, "not Brown."

Tommy looked not a little abashed and shifted uneasily from one foot to the other.

"Please, ma'am," he said, "it's owing to family trouble. I didn't do it, please, ma'am."

"But," she said sternly, "I repeat, your name is Smith."

"Please, ma'am," said the boy, "it's changed now. Ma's married the lodger."—London Mail.

Things He Saw.

A gentleman in a Liverpool restaurant the other day thought he would have a joke with the waiter and asked him if he had ever seen a sausage roll.

"Yes," replied the waiter. "I have not only seen a sausage roll, but I have seen a biscuit box, a table spoon, a bicycle pump, a penny stamp, a chimney sweep, a chain link, a nose gay, a camera slide, a garden fence, a sword fish, a spoke shave, a wall flower"—

But when he got to "a fire escape" the gentleman thought it was time he escaped too.

As he was going the waiter went on with "a tap turn, a cake walk, a mountain climb, a sky lark, a honey comb"—

But by this time the customer was hurrying down the street in a dazed condition.—Liverpool Mercury.

They Tax All Signs.

Every sign in Rio Janeiro is taxed. A cafe having a special "sorvete," or ice, to serve makes a placard and hangs it to a doorpost or to one of the palm trees in tubs which commonly decorate such establishments. The notice thus posted must have a revenue stamp attached. Permanent signs are taxed on a permanent basis, temporary signs on a stamped basis. A sign "House For Rent" bears a revenue stamp. Under such circumstances the tax on signboards or billboards is the expected thing, but naturally there is much less general use of such forms of advertising.

Excusable.

"I suppose," remarked the coy widow, "that you are not an advocate of early marriage?"

"Oh, yes, I am," replied the scanty haired bachelor.

"Then," continued the c. w., "why is it you are still a bachelor?"

"That's quite another matter," answered the bachelor. "The only marriages I believe in are early ones, because there is some excuse for youthful follies."—Chicago News.

Couldn't Fool Her.

Mrs. Murray Keith, a venerable Scotch lady, from whom Sir Walter Scott derived many of the traditions and anecdotes wrought in his novels, taxed him one day with the authorship, which he stoutly denied.

"What!" exclaimed the old lady, "D'ye think I dinna ken my ain groats among other folks' kail?"

Explained.

Little Willie—Say, pa, what is the difference between "well" and "good"? Pa—I have noticed, my son, that about the only time when you are good is when you are not well.—Denver Post.

The Reason.

The raison d'etre of the family who can't live on $[illegible] a year is usually some other family who won't.—Puck.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson, and Kittel Knudson, and all persons interested in the the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nils Knudson being duly filed in this court, representing that Knudt Syverson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of June 1901, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Nils Knudson, Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of January 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 19th, day of December, 1907.

COURT SEAL. N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

dec 2: jan 9

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Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.
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The News, $1 Per Year.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

MORE ABOUT KING GUSTAVE V.

Stirring Times Ahead for Sweden Under the Rule of Her New Monarch and Regime.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following editorial which appeared in a recent issue of the Minneapolis Journal will undoubtedly interest many of the readers of these columns who are interested in knowing something about King Oscar's successor: "Now that Gustave V is securely seated on the throne of Sweden, the question naturally arises, What sort of a monarch will he make, and what effect will his character and political opinions have upon the fortunes of the country? Although the new king on several occasions acted as regent while his father was on the throne, he really had little opportunity to demonstrate what capacity he possesses for kingship. Oscar merely turned over to his son at such times the mass of details, such as the examination and signing of papers, which ill health had for the nonce made irksome. The king really kept a close rein on the regent and dominated his policy. On one occasion the menace of the union crisis caused Oscar to take the scepter quickly from his son's hand, and himself to resume the active direction of affairs. It thus happens that as little is really known about Gustave's abilities as there was about Edward VII's when in 1901 he ascended the British throne. Gustave is a man of forty-nine, whereas Edward was ten years older than that upon his accession. Each had been overshadowed all his life by a universally revered royal parent, and came into power late in life. As crown prince he never succeeded in getting the firm hold on the affections of the Swedish people that his father had. He has not the warm sympathetic temperament of Oscar, nor his democratic ways. In his youth he did not scruple to show his sympathy with the military aristocracy of the country, which has resisted so strongly the democratizing of the government. Yet the responsibility of kingship and the wisdom that comes with years may enable Gustave to serve his people well. His admirers are predicting that under his rule Sweden will again take her proper place in the concert of Europe, under the chaperonage of Germany. There is no doubt that the king is a Germanophile. He is as much at home in Berlin as in Stockholm, and is a fast friend of the kaiser. His queen is a German princess, niece of Edward VII. He believes that Germany and not England is Sweden's natural friend and protector. The next riksdag is expected to effectuate the scheme of universal suffrage on the proportional representation plan approved by the last riksdag. While this plan was devised by the conservatives to save as much political power to themselves as possible, they have grave reason to fear the results when every Swedish man at last gains the ballot. There are stirring times ahead in Sweden. And so the character and temper of the new king, and his capacity for politics both domestic and international, become matters of great moment."

The body of the late King Oscar was interred Dec. 19 in Riddarholm's church, the burial place of Swedish kings and heroes, with a ceremony the simple impressiveness of which was accentuated by the widespread evidences of popular sorrow. Along the snow-covered route of the funeral procession thousands of people gathered and stood bareheaded in the biting cold during the passage of the hearse and the mourners. Every bell in the city tolled throughout the progress of the funeral. Black draperies and other emblems of mourning hung from the fronts of buildings facing the streets down which the funeral cortege passed and both sides of the route were lined with lines of troops. Immediately following the hearse walked Gustave, the new king of Sweden, the king of Denmark and the princes of the Swedish royal house. The mourners were followed by the special foreign embassies representing states in all parts of the world. The queen of Sweden and the queen of Denmark drove to the church. The Dowager Queen Sophia was prevented by illness from attending the funeral. The [illegible] of Stockholm [illegible] the ceremony [illegible] the conclusion of the service [illegible]

[illegible] Albert Ra[illegible] the owner and manager of six private theaters in Stockholm, has been mentioned as a possible candidate and it is not considered unlikely that if he should be offered the post he would accept it and also be able to prove that even an opera can be managed as a business affair, leaving a good pecuniary result without lowering the standard.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

O. Hauge, the Norwegian minister to the United States, died Dec. 20 while on a snow-shoeing trip. Mr. Hauge left Christiania alone in the morning, expecting to return early in the afternoon. As he did not return a searching party was sent out and found his body lying in the road. Physicians made every effort to resuscitate him but without success. They announced his death due to heart failure, probably brought on by over-exertion. Mr. Hauge was born in Christiania on April 30, 1862. He has had a notable career in the diplomatic service for so young a man. He was appointed attache to the legation of Norway and Sweden at London in 1889 and subsequently served in the same capacity at Paris and Berlin until he was transferred in 1893 to the foreign office in Stockholm. Later he served as first secretary of legation at Paris, Copenhagen, Berlin and St. Petersburg. His service in America dated from his appointment in 1901 as secretary of the Norwegian legation in Washington, where he served at different times as charge d'affaires ad interim. After the separation of Norway and Sweden Mr. Hauge was appointed charge d'affaires, and in March, 1906, he was appointed envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Norway at Washington.

The Norwegian government has planned four new railway lines, which it is proposed to complete in twelve years at a cost of about $16,000,000. One of them is to run from Kristiania to Trondhjem through Gudbrandsdalen. This is to have a branch line running from Domaas through Romsdalamt to Aandalsnas. A third line is to run from Kristiania to Kragero, and this will be part of the "Vestland" railway, which is to follow the coast. Finally, a new line is to be built in Nordland. If this general plan is adopted by the storthing the exact location of some of the lines will cause bitter controversies among the localities directly concerned.

There are plans under way by a Christiania syndicate to construct a large pulp factory in northern Sweden in the near future provided that the necessary concessions can be secured. For a long time past Norwegian machine shops have turned out steam boilers and other heavy articles for several wood pulp factories in northern Sweden.

Mme. Dybwad, the famous Norwegian tragedienne, is seriously ill in Christiania and has been compelled to cancel all her theatrical engagements for the season.

The "Regiment's Daughter" has been rendered recently at the "National theater," with Madame Dagny Skarseth in the title role.

Olaf Hansen, the theatrical manager in Bergen, has 11,000 crowns coming in salary. If he can only get it he ought to be happy.

King Haakon, Queen Maud and Crownprince Olaf returned a week ago last Friday to Christiania from their visit in England.

The Savings bank in Molde will during the coming year erect a new bank building at an expense of 150,000 crowns.

Mr. Gude has been appointed Norwegian minister to Washington to succeed the late Minister Hauge.

Bjornstjerne Bjornson and family will spend the remainder of the winter in Rome.

The Bergens Aftenblad has opened a branch office in Christiania.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A plan to exchange American and Danish professors in the respective countries will after all prove successful, chiefly through the efforts of Professor Carl Lorentzen, of the New York university, and the American minister in Copenhagen, Dr. Maurice F. Egan. As a result of these negotiations President Butler, of the Columbia university, and Professor McCracken, of the same university, will each give a series of three lectures at the Copenhagen university next year. All expenses connected with these lectures are to be defrayed by Danish-Americans. The idea has met with a great deal of [illegible] in Denmark.

A [illegible] King Oscar of Sweden was held in Copenhagen Dec. 19. It was attended by the king [illegible]

MARIUS S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Because the engineer told him to jump Charles Harkee is seeking $15,000 in the Hennepin county district court from the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad as the result of personal injuries received. Harkee contends he was fully warranted in jumping from the locomotive when the engineer shouted "We're into it," assuming that a disastrous collision was impending. He took the leap, claims to have been seriously hurt internally and now believes that the railroad company should be made to pay.

Edna Dickinson Kruse of Chicago, heiress of the late Albert Johnson, the Minneapolis millionaire, has won in her vigorous fight against having her Minneapolis real estate holdings taxed on a valuation of $466,906, as reported by the city assessor in 1906. Her taxes will be reduced from $12,441.31 to $7,049.25, a reduction of $5,392.07, while in her action she sought a reduction of only $4,323.85.

Flour shipments from Minneapolis reflect the poor season, the 1907 output falling nearly 1,000,000 barrels short of the amount shipped in 1906. The number of barrels of flour sent out from Minneapolis by all the mills so far this year has been 13,825,375, while for the corresponding period of 1906 there were 14,573,123 barrels shipped, a difference of 747,748.

The largest single haul of rough fish known to fishermen on the upper river was made this week by Charles Sharp in the Wisconsin channel, only a few miles from Red Wing, when 50,000 pounds of carp were secured by means of a seine 1,000 feet long. The largest haul made last year was 30,000 pounds.

L. G. Pendergast of Bemidji has been selected to succeed Colonel Charles T. Trowbridge as custodian of the old capitol. Mr. Pendergast was a candidate for lieutenant governor on the ticket with Governor Johnson at the last election and is a veteran of the Civil war.

Smallpox statistics for 1907 up to Dec. 23 show that there have been more than four times as many cases in Minnesota this year as last year. The total number of cases reported last year was 598, while the total number of cases reported so far this year is 2,528.

Daniel W. Lawler of St. Paul, Democratic candidate for governor at one time, has filed as a candidate for mayor of St. Paul on the Democratic ticket.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Frank Jeffries, former register of deeds of Red Lake county and ex-superintendent of schools at Red Lake Falls, lost both his legs at Black Duck as the result of an accident and it is probable that he will die. Mr. Jeffries, who had spent the day in Black Duck as the sales representative of the Northwestern Publishing company of Crookston, where he now lives, was about to board the northbound Great Northern passenger train when he fell between two coaches just as the train was pulling out.

With a sentence of one year and six months at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater still ringing in his ears Charles W. Wiley, for sixteen years cashier of the Wells-Fargo Express company's Minneapolis office, swore to Judge Fred V. Brown that he would never again drink a drop of liquor. The young man, who pleaded guilty to having embezzled $1,000 of the company's funds, lays his downfall to intoxicants and gambling.

Disdaining to call on a man for help Mrs. Rosa Simonson of Minneapolis indulged in exciting revolver practice and vanquished two burglars whom she caught going through her house. One of the intruders is thought to have been wounded and although both escaped they obtained no valuables. They were even compelled to leave their coats behind them that they might get away the quicker.

Red Wing was visited by a disastrous fire Sunday, when the local yards of the Ballard Tramble Lumber company of Minneapolis, in the heart of the manufacturing district, were destroyed, causing a loss of $50,000. For a time the $1,000,000 plants of the Red Wing Malting company and the Red Wing Furniture company were threatened.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Carr of St. Paul lost their Christmas dinner because burglars broke into their home and carried away the turkey and everything else eatable in the house, including a half loaf of bread and a $1 bag of sugar.

OBITUARY.

Rev. Stephen G. Updyke is dead at Los Angeles, Cal. He was at one time a prominent minister in the Congregational and Episcopal churches, being actively engaged in Minnesota and South Dakota. He was a member of the Rawlins post, G. A. R., of Minneapolis and preached for some time in the Minneapolis Bethany Congregational church.

[illegible] Riley, one of the oldest railroad engineers in America, is dead at Northfield, aged eighty-five years. He had spent fifty-seven years in the service and for the past twelve years was engineer on the train running between Northfield and Red Wing.

John Callahan, one of the earliest pioneers of Minneapolis and the state, is dead in the Mill City, aged seventy-three years.

BOY KILLED BY WOLVES.

Otter Tail County Youth Said to Have Met Horrible Death.

Sheriff Albertson of Otter Tail county, who has returned to Fergus Falls from Sebaska, where he went to serve some papers, states that reports have reached that village that a boy was eaten by wolves in the sparsely settled country eighteen miles east of Fergus Falls.

A number of boys were in the habit of going to school returning together, and one child, a boy of eight, was kept after school, necessitating his return home alone. He failed to reach home and as darkness settled down his father started with a lantern to hunt for him.

He heard the growling of wolves not far distant. Going into the brush to where the noise had come from he found his son dead, mangled, torn and nearly half devoured, with two gray wolves standing over him.

The animals retreated on his approach and the remains of the boy were taken to his home for burial.

BOY SLAYER PLEADS GUILTY

Young Nee, in Jail at Shakopee, Awaits His Sentence.

Showing little remorse for having shot and killed Special Officer Donald McCall on Christmas eve in Prior Lake Thomas Nee, a boy of seventeen, entered a plea of *guilty at Shakopee* to a charge of murder in the first degree.

As the proceedings were only preliminary the young man must await the action of the grand jury, which meets in March. In the meantime he will be held at Shakopee.

Minneapolis Man a Suicide.

Angered at the entreaties of his son to "quit drinking and be a man" Henry Allison of Minneapolis, forty-five years old, braved a blinding snow storm and while shaking from cold crept up fifty feet on the supports of the steel arch bridge that spans the Mississippi river near the Minneapolis Union depot, fastened a wire to the structure, placed his head in a noose and darted downward to death. The wire nearly severed the man's head.

Engineer Ground to Pieces.

William Altier, a locomotive engineer, was instantly killed at St. Paul by being pinned under his engine following a collision in the yards of the Northern Pacific. His fireman, William Benton, was badly scalded and was removed to Luther hospital. Altier was taking his engine light through the yards when it was struck a glancing blow by another engine. Altier's locomotive was overturned and he was ground to pieces under it.

Special Court Appointed.

Governor Johnson has announced the appointment of Judges F. C. Brooks, Minneapolis, chairman; H. R. Brill, St. Paul; W. S. McClenahan, Brainerd; Nathan Kingsley, Austin, and Myron D. Taylor, St. Cloud, to sit in judgment on Francis B. Hart, the Minneapolis attorney whom the state board of law examiners is seeking to disbar. Insulting the supreme court is the charge and disbarment will be the penalty if found guilty.

Blaze at South Crookston.

Fire which broke out in South Crookston wholly destroyed three buildings, causing a loss of about $40,000, on which there was only about $1,000 insurance. The fire started in a restaurant owned by Eli Rivard from an overheated stove and destroyed the restaurant and building adjoining and also a saloon building in which a stock and saloon fixtures and some liquor were stored.

Minnesota Veteran Dies Suddenly.

Colonel C. T. Trowbridge, for many years custodian of the old capitol at St. Paul, died suddenly in his rooms in the building. He had been in feeble health for some time past, but his death had not been looked for. Colonel Trowbridge was a veteran of the Civil war and one of the best known G. A. R. men in Minnesota.

Pioneer Contractor Dead.

Thomas Fitzpatrick, a pioneer settler and a prominent building contractor, died suddenly at his home in St. Paul after an illness extending over only a few days. Mr. Fitzpatrick, who was seventy-five years old, reached St. Paul in 1856 and since that time had occupied a foremost position among contractors of the city.

Victim of Kerosene Explosion.

Mrs. Alice Melby, wife of John I. Melby, residing near Ashby, died from burns caused by the explosion of a kerosene can while she was trying to light a fire on her return home from that village, where she had been doing some shopping.

Train Severs Man's Head.

An unidentified man was run over at Kelliher by the Kelliher-Funkley mixed train on the Minnesota and International railway and was instantly killed, the unfortunate man's head being entirely severed from his body.

CONFESSES TO MURDER.

North Dakota Youth Admits He Killed Arthur Le Claire.

Pembina, N. D., Dec. 21.—James O'Brien of Neche has made a complete confession of the murder of Arthur Le Claire, the Great Northern fireman. The sixteen-year-old slayer finally gave up the details of his crime to J. C. Crawford, a Pinkerton detective, who has been working on the case.

The confession came after he had been confronted with his bloody clothing, hat, bat with which the crime was committed, a bloody scarf and other evidence of his guilt.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

To carry the fight into the federal court will be the next move of the Goldfield (Nev.) Mine Owners' association. A suit will be filed in the circuit court of the district of Nevada asking not only for an injunction against picketing and interfering with nonunion men, but for the final dissolution of the Goldfield Miners' union.

A special session of the Nevada legislature will be called by Governor Sparks. The date of convening will be in about two weeks. The call will be made at the request of President Roosevelt, who has notified Nevada's governor that such action must be taken or the troops now stationed at Goldfield will be removed.

Financed by wealthy New Englanders New York lawyers have brought a test case in the United States court for the Southern district of New York to determine the right of the executive to discharge a battalion of the Twenty-fifth infantry as an outcome of the rioting at Brownsville, Tex.

"Kansas for Christ" is to be the slogan in a statewide evangelistic campaign that is to be pushed simultaneously in every county of the Sunflower state next year. Hundreds of ministers from various denominations, together with numerous well known evangelists, are to hold revivals.

At Birmingham, Ala., just as the black cap was about to be placed over the head of Henry Thaxton, a negro, convicted for the killing of S. T. Hunstucker, white, a telegram from the governor ordering a suspension of the execution for fifteen days was delivered to the sheriff.

The Chicago police found $3,023 sewed in the lining of the working coat of David Ehler, a section hand employed on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad who was struck by a switch engine and killed in the railroad yards there.

Estella Hartzell, child wife of George B. Hartzell of Pittsburg, killed herself because she could no longer endure being left alone at night, her husband refusing to give up his night work and seek day employment.

An advertisement in a Chicago newspaper has brought an inheritance of more than $1,000,000, with a title of nobility, to George William Northedge, a farmer of Marinette, Wis.

The salaries of all clerical employes of the Erie railroad who receive more than $60 per month will be cut from 2 to 10 per cent after Jan. 1.

THE DEATH RECORD.

James Reusley, eighty-seven years old, inventor of the spoon oar and maker of oars for most of the prominent boat clubs of the country, committed suicide at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., by shooting himself in the head.

John Chandler Bancroft Davis, for the past twenty-four years reporter for the United States supreme court and formerly United States minister to Germany, is dead at Washington.

Rev. Franklin S. Hatch, aged sixty, general secretary of the Christian Endeavor movement in India, Burmah and Ceylon for several years, is dead at Brookline, Mass.

Chief Engineer Fox Mccutheon, U. S. N., retired, was struck and killed by a Philadelphia and Reading train at Philadelphia.

John Lambert, the well known artist and portrait painter, died at his country home in Jenkinstown, a suburb of Philadelphia.

Henry Wulff, former treasurer of the state of Illinois and once a prominent Republican politician, is dead at Chicago.

Captain A. B. Logan, comrade and lifelong friend of President McKinley, is dead at Warrensburg, Mo.

Former Governor Elihu E. Jackson of Maryland is dead at Baltimore at the age of seventy years.

Rear Admiral Charles W. Abbott, retired, is dead at Warren, R. I.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28.—Wheat—May, $1.14; July, $1.14¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.13¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.11½; No. 2 Northern, $1.08¾@1.09¼; No. 3 Northern, $1.04¾@1.06¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@5.75. Hogs—$4.40@4.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.10@4.20; good to choice lambs, $5.50@6.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 28.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.10¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.07¾; Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.14¾; July, $1.15[illegible]. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.0[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, $1.05[illegible]. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17¼; Dec., $1.16¾; May, $1.22¾; July, $1.24.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Wheat—May, $1.07¾; July, [illegible]. Corn—May, 59⅜c; July, 58⅜c. Oats—May, old, 54⅝c; May, 52⅜c; July, old, 45⅝c; July, 46⅝c. Pork—Jan., $12.50@12.52½; May, $12.77½. Butter—Creameries, 20@28c; dairies, 18@25c. Eggs—21@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10@11c; chickens and springs, 9½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.45@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.20@4.65; Texans, $3.10@3.90; calves, $5.50@6.75; Western cattle, $3.20@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.25. Hogs—Light, $4.25@4.65; mixed and heavy, $4.30@4.75; rough, $4.30@4.45; pigs, $3.50@4.35. Sheep, $2.90@4.75; yearlings, $4.90@5.25; lambs, $4.25@6.65.

SYSTEM OF WIRELESS

Offices to Be Established in Twin Cities and Duluth.

LOWER RATES ARE PROMISED

Said Charges of New Company Will Be Less Than Wire Messages, by Telegraph or Telephone.

Wireless telegraphic communication is to be established, within a month, between Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago and Detroit by a Minneapolis company. As soon as the system has been tested commercial messages will be accepted. The rates, it is promised, are to be lower than for messages by wire, telegraph or telephone.

The Minneapolis Wireless Telegraph company has been organized to establish the new form of communication between the cities named. It has ordered supplies, and, inasmuch as the establishment of the means of communication is simple, thirty days is not too short a time in which to begin the experimental work. The company is a private affair and no stock has been issued. Officials of the International Vallograph company of Minneapolis are backing the new company. H. W. Wiecking of the former company is to be secretary treasurer. George Almour, for two years in charge of wireless telegraph on the battleship Missouri, will install the system for the company.

The Minneapolis station will be in the Metropolitan Life building and the aerial wires will be set up on the roof of that big structure. The Ryan hotel roof will afford the connection for St. Paul. The purpose in going to Duluth is to get water communication with Chicago and Detroit. Wireless messages work better over water than by land, hence the detour by way of Duluth and down the lakes through Milwaukee.

DIES OF HIS WOUNDS.

Shakopee Constable Shot While Serving Warrant.

Donald J. McCall, the Shakopee constable who was shot on Christmas eve near Prior Lake and taken to Minneapolis, is dead in St. Barnabas hospital. Thomas Nee of Prior Lake is under arrest at Shakopee.

McCall had two wounds, said to have been inflicted by Nee. One bullet entered McCall's side below the ribs, while the other pierced his stomach.

According to the Prior Lake authorities McCall went to Nee's home to serve a warrant charging Nee with entering a hardware store and stealing $50 worth of goods. As the constable came to Nee's door the latter is said to have fired twice, both bullets taking effect.

Although weakened by the wounds McCall pluckily held his ground and got his prisoner. Nee was later turned over to Sheriff Wagner of Shakopee.

DIES OF EXPOSURE.

St. Paul Woman Meets Tragic Death in Iowa.

Mrs. John E. Burns of St. Paul, wife of a railroad conductor of that city and sister of Mrs. Robert Budatz of Council Bluffs, Ia., who has been staying with her sister in the Iowa city for the past six weeks, failed to return from a walk on which she started and twenty-four hours later her body was found three or four miles east of the city. Mrs. Burns underwent a surgical operation at her home some time ago and later was treated in a Minneapolis sanitarium. On her walk she was accompanied by the family dog, a collie, and the faithful animal was still by her side when found. She had apparently lost her way and died of exposure.

WILL SAW LESS NEXT YEAR

Heavy Cutting of Lumber for 1907 Overstocked Market.

So large has been the amount of cutting by Minneapolis mills of timber this year, from April to the middle of November, that the demand for the greater part of 1908, it is said, has already been filled. In the period mentioned 214,000,000 feet were cut.

Estimates for the cutting next year place it at about 60 per cent of 1907. Less than half the number of men will be employed. Thousands are already returning from lumber camps in the state.

Last winter 25,000 men were kept busy. This year about 10,000 were employed.

DROPS DEAD AT MEAL.

Aged Resident of Mankato Stricken Before Family.

William Kane, branch manager of the Northwestern Thresher company, dropped dead of heart trouble at his home in Mankato while eating supper. He was seventy years old and intended to retire shortly and spend the remainder of his days at his former home in Heron Lake. He leaves a wife and eight children.

Passengers Disarm Robbers.

A Great Northern passenger train bound from Duluth to Deer River was boarded by three armed men who proceeded to hold up the passengers. Some of the latter tackled into the robbers, knocked them down, disarmed them and turned them over to the sheriff at Deer River.

THE FRIGATE PELICAN.

It Is a Small Bird With an Enormous Stretch of Wing.

The frigate pelican, or man-of-war bird, is usually found between the tropics. Although when stripped of its feathers it is hardly larger than a pigeon, yet no man can touch at the same time the tips of its extended wings. The long wing bones are exceedingly light, and the whole apparatus of air cells is extremely developed, so that its real weight is very trifling. It flies at a great height above the water and from that elevation pounces down on fish, especially preferring the poor, persecuted flying fish for its prey.

Under the throat of the frigate pelican is a large pouch of a deep red color, which can be distended with air at the pleasure of the bird. The pouch is larger and of a more brilliant red in the male than in his consort, and the general plumage of the female is not so bright as that of the male.

Although its swiftness of wing and general activity enable it to snatch a fish from the surface of the water or to pounce upon the flying fish before it can again seek the protection of its native element, yet it too often uses its powers in robbing other birds of their lawful prey. It is enabled in some mysterious way to find its way home by night, even though it may be 400 or 500 miles from land. The length of the male bird is three feet and the expanse of wing eight feet.

AN OLD TIME DRINK.

Refreshing Switchel and the Way It Used to Be Made.

They don't make it nowadays—not mostly. But they used to make it years ago, and how good it was! The corn lot had to be cultivated, and it was a long way from the house, and it was very hot up there on the hillside. When they loaded the cultivator and the hoes and spades on the stone boat and hitched the two horses to that dry ground vessel, they stowed away as part of the cargo a big stone jug. And when the corn lot was reached the jug was stowed away in a shady fence corner under the butternut tree and covered over with grass to keep it cool. What was in the jug? Switchel. It was made of vinegar, molasses, ginger and water. The water was drawn from the spring beside the kitchen and was as cold as ice could have made it. And the stone jug kept it cold. The vinegar gave it a pleasant acidity, the ginger a little "tang"—that's what they called it up in "the country"—and the molasses just sweetened it a bit. And how good it was to go over into the fence corner and take a few swallows out of that jug of switchel!

Come on, let's go and get a glass of ice cream soda. It will be somewhere about the hundredth part as good as a draft of switchel out of that stone jug in the fence corner in the corn lot up in the country.—Utica Observer.

She Was a Stayer.

One of the longest visits on record is one that was made by a woman in the south. Perhaps such a thing could not have happened in a less hospitable part of the country. The visitor was one of those most unfortunate waifs and strays of the country—a refined woman with no home of her own. That was in the days when women were expected to be cared for and not go out into the world to look out for themselves. This woman went one day to spend the day with a friend, and she remained for twenty-five years. She outlived the father and mother of the family, took their places to some extent in the hearts of the children, and for all those years she lived there happy and beloved and giving in return for her home those services which can not be hired.—Exchange.

Sam Houston on Education.

One of the provisions in the will of General Sam Houston read:

"My will is that my sons should receive solid and useful education and that no portion of their time may be devoted to the study of abstract sciences. I greatly desire that they may possess a thorough knowledge of the English language, with a good knowledge of the Latin language. I request that they be instructed in the Holy Scriptures and next to these that they be rendered thorough in a knowledge of geography and history. I wish my sons early taught an entire contempt for novels and light reading."—Fort Worth Telegram.

Stands Still.

"Your friend, Miss Passay, has become quite chummy with Miss Newcombe. I don't suppose there's much difference in their ages."

"I [illegible] for Miss Newcombe, but [illegible] any difference in Miss [illegible]. She has been twenty [illegible] years to my knowledge."—Philadelphia Press.

Sweet Joy.

[illegible]

A Practical Letter.

[illegible]

A Sensitive Monkey.

The most pathetic of all monkey stories is one which Grant-Duff has somewhere recorded. The Dublin zoo had a famous ape whose delight was the friendship of the principal of the establishment. He never passed the cage without a handshake and a friendly chat until once a member of the royal family went visiting. That day the principal, too engrossed with the duties of showing the august guest round the place, overlooked his poor relation. The ape grieved and sulked and when he went again to its cage turned savagely from him. The human friend was sent absolutely to Coventry by his humble admirer. And straightway the health of the sulking, sorrowing animal began to decline. It fell a victim to consumption. When the end was obviously at hand the principal went to look. The ape seemed to brighten up at his approach. It crept feebly to the front of its cage, thrust out its hand for a grasp of reconciliation and forgiveness, then lay down and died.—St. James' Gazette.

The Wrong Goldsmith.

"A friend of mine," said a political orator, "was once a good deal annoyed while addressing a meeting by a man in the front row who howled like a dog. At every telling point in my friend's argument this man would emit frightful howls and spoil the effect.

"My friend asked the name of the man and was told that it was Harry Loff. Then he said in a loud voice:

"'Mr. Loff, it is plain that our friend Goldsmith had you in mind when he said:

"The watchdog's voice that bayed the whispering wind,
And the loud Loff that spoke the vacant mind."

"'He said that, did he?' cried Loff furiously, and he turned and struck a little fat man behind him a hard blow over the head.

"It was only after a five minutes' scrimmage and much profane abuse that Mr. Loff was convinced that the Goldsmith referred to was the long dead poet and not the little fat man of the same name."

Pat's Drams.

A physician not long ago was called to see an Irishman and among other directions told him to take an ounce of whisky three times a day. A day or so later he made another visit and found the man, while not so sick, undeniably drunk.

"How did this happen?" the physician demanded of Pat's wife, who was hovering about solicitously.

"Sure, dochter, an' 'tis just what you ordered an' no more that he had," she protested.

"I said one ounce of whisky three times a day. That could not make him drunk," the physician said. "He has had much more than that."

"Nivur a drop more, dochter, dear," she declared. "Sure, an' Oi didn't know just how much an ounce was, so Oi wint to the drug store an' asked an' the lad—he's a broth of a boy, too—told me that an ounce was sixteen drams, an' Pat has had thim regular an' no more."—London Tit-Bits.

Beauty of Inequality.

The beauty as well as the happiness of the universe requires inequality. Equal lines, smooth surfaces and eternal plains have no beauty. We must have hill and dale, mountain and valley, sea and land, suns of all magnitudes, worlds of all sizes, minds of all dimensions and persons and faces of divers casts and colors to constitute a beautiful and happy world. We must have sexes, conditions and circumstances—empires, nations and families—diversities in person, mind, manners in order to the communication and reception of happiness; hence our numerous and various wants are not only incentives to action, but sources of pleasure, both simple and complex—physical, intellectual and moral.—Alexander Campbell.

The Jewel of Forgiveness.

Nothing is more moving to man than the spectacle of reconciliation. Our weaknesses are thus indemnified and are not too costly, being the price we pay for the hour of forgiveness, and the archangel who has never felt anger has reason to envy the man who subdues it. When thou forgivest, the man who has pierced thy heart stands to thee in the relation of the sea worm that perforates the shell of the mussel which straightway closes the wound with a pearl.—Richter.

Importance of the Engineer.

One fact is certain that in the future the engineer, using the term in its widest sense, will become increasingly more and more essential to the social progress of the universe, and that on his labors and inventiveness, more than on that of any other class of society, will depend the ultimate physical well being of mankind.—Cassier's Magazine.

Got His Answer.

"I suppose it's always hog killing time in your town, Miss Packer," sneered the New Yorker.

"Oh, yes," replied the fair vesitor from Chicago, "but don't let that keep you from visiting us. We always protect our guests."—Philadelphia Press.

Harmless Then.

[illegible] I may tell you that, though my daughter is well educated, she cannot cook. [illegible] it doesn't matter [illegible] she won't try.—[illegible]

A Bird Puzzle.

[illegible] egg and [illegible] than woyme."—St. Louis Republic.

BUYING A SAW.

Find Out the Kind You Want Before You Go to Purchase.

When the man in the golf cap started downstairs his wife ran to the door and called him back.

"Harry," she said, "I want you to go into a hardware store today and get a saw. Don't forget it, please. We need one badly."

Being an accommodating person, the man in the golf cap said he would not forget it. He chose the luncheon hour as the most opportune time for making his simple purchase. He was in a good humor, and he smiled blandly when he went bustling into the store and said:

"I want a saw, please."

"What kind of a saw?" asked the clerk.

"Why," said the prospective purchaser, "I don't know; just a saw. Any kind will do, I presume."

The clerk sighed. "If you only knew what you want to use it for, perhaps I could advise you," he suggested.

"What I want to use it for?" echoed the man in the golf cap. "Why, I want to saw, of course—that is, my folks do."

"Saw what?" asked the clerk.

"I don't know," admitted the nonplused shopper.

The clerk led the way to the rear of the store. "I will show you a few of the different varieties of saws we have on hand," he said. "Observation and explanation of their uses and prices may assist you in making a decision. Here is a metal saw. It is made of highly tempered steel and will saw iron, copper, lead and all manner of metals. Is that the kind you want?"

The man in the golf cap was sorely perplexed. "No," he said. "I don't think so. We have no metals at our house to work on that I know of."

"Perhaps you would like a meat saw?" suggested the clerk. "But you are not a butcher."

"Heaven be praised, no!" said the man who wanted a saw.

"Here is a regular kitchen saw for general utility purposes. It will cost you only 50 cents. How does that strike you? No? Then here is the cabinetmaker's saw. Then I have here the plumbers' saws, the fine delicate saws used by all manner of artificers and the ordinary wood saws, which will cost you anywhere from 50 cents to $4. In that back room we have still other varieties of saws—the two man ten foot saws, buzz saws and circular saws. If you want to pay a big price you had better take one of the circular saws. I'll give you a good one for $500. Would you like to see them?"

The man in the golf cap looked about him wonderingly.

"No, thank you," he said. "I guess I won't take any till I find out just what kind I want."

"I regret being unable to make a sale," said the clerk affably, "but I really think that the best plan."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Richter's Conducting.

Countless are the stories told of the geniality of Dr. Hans Richter. Once while rehearsing a Mozart symphony in which the first violins had a number of delicate trills and turns to perform these were played too heavily for Richter, who said: "Please, gentlemen, pianissimo! Queen Mab, not suffragettes." Again when on one occasion Richter was not thoroughly satisfied with the orchestral rendering of a scene from "Tristan und Isolde" he stopped the rehearsal and asked for more dignity in the playing, adding that Isolde was the daughter of a king, not of a cook. On another occasion while rehearsing Tschaikowsky's "Romeo and Juliet" music the violoncellos have a very passionate melody to play. Richter was by no means satisfied that the needful warmth of expression had been obtained. "Gentlemen, gentlemen," said he, "you all play like married men, not like lovers."—London Tit-Bits.

Girls' Names.

In the eighteenth century girls were christened Sophia and Caroline, in the early nineteenth Emma and Jane, a little later Laura and Clara. Then came a crop of Dorothys and Marjories, who are now all calling their own babies (in a reaction against the "quaint") Elizabeth. The names of men suffer no such emphatic fashions, and yet it is a pleasure to note that there are certainly no more young men called Alf and Gus, as were the young men who walked with the crinoline in the days of Leech. Good is the sound of John through all changes.—London Chronicle.

A Protest.

The brave ship was wallowing in the waves that threatened to engulf her at any moment. Hastily the captain ordered a box of rockets and flares brought to the rail and with his own hands ignited a number of them, in the hope that they would be seen and the passengers and crew rescued. Mid the rockets' red glare a tall, thin, austere individual found his way with difficulty to the rail and spoke to the captain.

"Captain," said he, "I must protest against this [illegible]. We are now facing death. This is no time for a celebration."—Success Magazine.

Blind Swimmers Swim Straight.

It is a [illegible] that blind swimmers are [illegible] the straight course [illegible] given [illegible] of white [illegible] power of [illegible] almost exactly.—Dundee Advertiser.

A DESERT SANDSTORM.

Experience of a Woman Traveler While Crossing Sahara.

What it means to encounter a sandstorm in the desert of Sahara is described by Mrs. Palmer Thomas: "Few things bring such a sense of utter powerlessness as a desert sandstorm, and I shall never forget my experience of one. Our dragoman one day suddenly called our attention to a darkening horizon line. 'See,' he said; 'sandstorm comes. No man will ride in such.' We had barely time to dismount and make the camels kneel in a circle on the sand before the storm was upon us. Each man threw his kaftan over the peaks of his saddle and crouched within the shelter it afforded and that formed by the animal's body behind him, while I nestled in the hollow formed by my camel's neck and shoulder, drawing the folds of the blanket-like stuff tightly over me. The wise beast, knowing what was coming, turned her long neck right round and laid her head on my knees, seeking the protection of my cloak for her eyes against the sand, which, driven by the fury of the wind, struck the face like powdered glass.

"But I looked out upon the scene as long as I could, watching what appeared to be a mass of brown gauze veils streaming up across the sky, darkening the sunlight and gradually blotting out everything from our sight. An icy wind preceded the cloud, increasing in intensity every minute until the sound of its roaring made one's own voice inaudible, while the darkness became that of densest night. And so we sat silent in the noise and the blackness until the hurricane abated. Then, looking out again, I saw the brownish mass of cloud flying before the wind away toward the Nile, some forty miles distant, and the cloudless blue of a March sky in Egypt once more overspread above us.

"But the legs of our beasts were all covered with the sand that had fallen and notwithstanding my sheltered position the sand was lying on my dress and hat and was thick upon us. For some time we watched the brown cloud losing itself in the immensity of the desert, where the whitening bones of animals tell with sad frequency of the overwhelming fury of these sudden tempests; then we mounted and rode away."—Chicago News.

A Trick With Numbers.

Choose any four consecutive numbers, as 50, 51, 52 and 53. Multiply them together, and the product may be divided by 24. This will be found to hold true for any four consecutive numbers we may choose unless one of the numbers is 24 or a multiple of 24, such as 48, 72, 96, etc. In the same way any five consecutive numbers multiplied together may be divided by 120 unless one of the numbers is 120 or a multiple of 120.—St. Louis Republic.

The First Golf Links.

The orthodox number of eighteen holes, it seems, was fixed by pure chance. There were originally twenty-two holes on St. Andrews links, and so it continued till 1764, when the first four holes were converted into two. Thenceforward every full course has been laid out to correspond with alma mater.—London Saturday Review.

Mansfield's Fancy Collar.

Richard Mansfield, when a mere boy, was playing the leading role in a tragedy, in the last scene of which he was strangled. Sometimes, however, the actor who was to simulate strangling him became too realistic. Several times he nearly incapacitated the principal player for finishing his great scene. It came to such a pass that drastic measures had to be taken. One evening, in the greenroom, Mansfield sidled up to the muscular player who was to strangle him. The latter noted a strange addition to Mansfield's costume. Instead of the collaret of lace it was his wont to wear, bound about his neck was a leather band thickly studded with prongs.

"And what is that for?" he asked.

"Oh, that?" replied Mansfield, with the rising inflection and a smile in his voice; "that is merely a trifle, a mere trifle to defer the collection of my life insurance. Most inconveniently the healthy condition of my neck and throat is necessary for the pursuance of my profession and the earning of my daily bread."

The other actor saw the point and apologized. Mansfield took off the collar and never after suffered at his companion player's hands in the big scene.

Fire Escape on a Steamer.

"We're used to odd questions," said the skipper of a river steamer as he stood on the wharf in the center of a crowd of [illegible] passengers, "and when I get this bunch aboard I'll [illegible] you the latest. All aboard! Very good. [illegible] The other day as we left the pier and swung into the stream a woman approached with her two children. I saw I was [illegible] 'Where's the fire escape?' she demanded. [illegible]

What Gives a Book World Significance.

According to a reliable estimate, the number of books published each year throughout the world is at the present time about 7,000. Most of these go into well merited oblivion. Some enjoy a temporary popularity. A very limited number are translated into several languages and become part of the permanent heritage of humanity. From the point of view of both writer and reader few questions can be of greater importance than this: What is the quality that makes a book vital, that gives it world importance? In the largest sense, it may be answered that the universal book is the book that transcends all national boundaries and appeals to universal emotions. But these emotions vary in intensity from age to age and from century to century.—Current Literature.

Italy's Thanksgiving Day.

A vintage festival is about the nearest thing the people of Italy have to a Thanksgiving day, but the two things are the same in spirit if very different in detail. At these festivals a primitive interchange of labor takes place. Everybody helps everybody. No wage is given. This man's vines facing the south are forward, another man's vines are backward. From all the countryside around the peasants flock to each vineyard as needed. [illegible] no Italian will do a [illegible] of work [illegible]. But he will not hurry. He [illegible] love meanwhile to the girl who works with him.

A Polar Thanksgiving.

[illegible] of our menu."

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

The Ideal Beer

Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure*. We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle. "Leads Them All."

Hamm's

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

MY WIFE SUFFERED

SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC

RHEUMATISM

CURED BY SWANSON'S

"5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or [illegible] write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

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Dept. 90 — 176 Lake Street, Chicago

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV — THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1908 — NUMBER 2

ST. PAUL Historical Society

THE MESSIAH AT PELAN.

Strange Family That Lives in the Village of Pelan.

Family Is Called the 'Singers' on Account of Musical Ability.

Traveling men report that there is a very queer family of religious fanatics living up at Pelan, who on account of their musical ability are called the "Singers" by the residents up there.

They arrived in Pelan early last fall from no one knows where, and on account of their strange religion they have been the standing curiosity of the village. The family is composed of the parents and six children, which makes quite a chorus when they all take hold. The man claims to be the David mentioned in the Bible and when he came thru Pelan he was on his way to the Canadian border to meet the Dukobors who were looking for the Messiah. When he reached Pelan he heard the Canadian government had rounded up the Dukobors and driven them back. Himself and family have been at Pelan ever since waiting for the Dukobors to cross over and cross over and capture them. His wife claims to be Eve, the first of the human species. Nobody is able to learn their real names. They answer to no other name than David and Eve. They spend their time singing and praying and are said to have some strange rites and beliefs.

Returned from the Cities.

S. Kenison returned Sunday from a trip to the Twin Cities where he went to purchase a new stock of clothing. Mr. Kenison has purchased the interests of his partner, Chris Amundson, in the C. O. D. Clothing store and will hereafter conduct the business alone. He has purchased a large line of goods and will continue to keep up the standard this firm has always maintained.

SALARIES ARE FIXED

City Council Held an Adjored Meeting Last Friday Evening.

D. P. O. Neill Elected Assessor and Salaries of Offices Fixed.

The adjourned meeting of the city council was held last Friday evening and D. P. O. Neill was elected assessor. Salaries for the next two years of city officials were fixed as follows:

Mayor, $100 per year.
Alderman, $50 per year.
City Clerk, $600 per year.
City Attorney, $100 per year.
Assessor, $200 for first year and $175 for the second year.
Policemen, $60 per month.
Street commissioner, $51.66 per month.
Electricians, $62.50 per month.

The salary of the city treasurer was not fixed, nor was the salary of the superintendent of the electric light plant.

All of the salaries are the same as last year with the exception of the city attorney who is given a raise of $100 per year and the electricians of the electric light department were also given a slight increase.

A Creamery Meeting.

No action was taken last week in the meeting called for the purpose of organizing a creamery at Erie in the town of Star. It was impossible for those in attendance to agree upon a location. A large number want the creamery located at a point near the corner of the towns of Goodridge, Reiner, Star and Highlanding and as a result withdrew from the meeting and will attempt to organize a new creamery. A meeting has been called for the 21th of January at John Dahlen's place in the town of Reiner and at this meeting some action will be taken. The new location is said to be favored by a large number of the settlers.

TRAPPERS FORTUNATE

Fur Buyers Say They Are Meeting With Good Success.

Winter Has Been An Excellent One for the Old Time Trappers.

From the time the white men first came to Northern Minnesota, the present site of Thief River Falls has ever been the headquarters for fur dealers, and it still enjoys this distinction.

The furs brought to Thief River Falls every year by trappers who operate in the vast country northeast of here, amounts to considerable, and just now they are commencing to bring in large quantities.

The fact that there is not so much snow in the woods is of assistance to the trappers. They can carry on operations more easily, and with less loss than if the snow were two or three feet deep. When there is a snow storm every few days, as is the case some seasons, the traps become quickly buried. Most of the men in the business are meeting with fair success through Northern Minnesota, and some of them will make good stakes before the season is ended.

It is not so easy to pick up good furs cheap as it was a few years ago. More buyers are in the field, and the greater the competition the more one has to pay for the raw product. Local dealers have always made it a practice to pay a fair price, but others were not so scrupulous, and in old days they treated the Indians shamefully, often buying a $10 pelt for perhaps a dollar, or giving something in exchange of less value than a dollar. The Indians and white men alike are now pretty well educated up to the market price on furs, and there is no opportunity to cheat, even if one wants to.

Quite a number of Indians are engaged in trapping through the northern part of the state. While there are numerous professional trappers, there are also many amateurs, who live on homesteads and trap a little as a side line. They pick up enough money to carry them thru the summer. One advantage about the business is that living expenses are next to nothing, especially with the professional, who moves about from place to place. He carries with with him only the actual necessities of life, such as flour, corn meal, salt and coffee. All his meat he shoots himself. The simple fare, and being constantly out of doors, keeps him in perfect health and it really isn't such a bad sort of a life as one might suppose.

While there are districts in Northern Minnesota where trapping is still pretty good, it will not be many years before fur-bearing animals are so scarce as to make trapping decidedly unprofitable, except in the cases of homesteaders, who do it as a side line.

Got Ahead of the Railroad.

The Milton Globe tells of how one man beat Jim Hill: The Great Northern Railway company is giving no reduced rates in North Dakota and Minnesota to eastern points as has been their custom in the past, but W. J. Reid of Devils Lake fooled them a trip. He learned that at Brandon, Man., where the Great Northern is competing with the Canadian Pacific on rates to eastern Canada, he could buy a ticket to any point in Ontario for $40, while from Devils Lake it was $72. He went up to Brandon and purchased tickets for himself and wife. He came right down through Devils Lake, took a three days "stopover" and continued his journey east over the same road, and in the same car that he would have taken had he purchased his tickets at Devils Lake and paid $72 each for them. He will use the $64 for the purchase of Christmas presents.

Was She Underpaid?

The following is an incident related by a country exchange: A farmer's wife took her poultry to market in two lots, placing 30 of the finest chickens in one crate and the 30 poorest in another. The butcher offered her $1 a pair for the first lot, $1 for each three in the second lot. Figuring that she would receive $25 for her chickens the woman accepted the offer. But the butcher only paid her $24 and when she said that the price was $25 he explained the matter thus: At $1 for each pair of chickens in one crate and $1 for each three in the other, she should receive $2 for 5 chickens and there were 12 bunches of 5 chickens each, or 60 chickens in all. [illegible] the price, $24, paid [illegible]. Although the woman felt that the butcher had gained a dollar on the deal, she took the money and went home.

George Newberry was down to Detroit last week.

AN EXCITING EXPERIENCE.

Great Northern Man on This Branch Does Not Like Bees.

Had Some in Express Car to Take up to Middle River.

Do bees sting in winter? Well, if you are looking for information on this subject, just ask Sam Lyngholm, the genial express messenger on the Greenbush train, and get some valuable and interesting information at first hand.

Does Mr. Lyngholm know? Well, you ought to see him.

It happened this way: Last Friday at Red Lake Falls, a couple of innocent looking boxes with slits in the bottom were expressed to some one at Middle River. When the trainmen were loading the boxes on the train they noticed that some bees fell out and they were made aware of the fact that they were a couple of hives of bees that had been kept in a cellar and the bees were hibernating for the winter. When the bees were placed in the car, the trainmen warned Mr. Lyngholm that he might get stung, but the latter scoffed at the idea. "Bees won't sting in the winter time," said he, and went on with his work.

Everything went along smoothly until a few minutes after the train pulled out of Thief River Falls. Then suddenly there was a yell that turned Fireman Thos. Hunt pale, made Engineer Buckley reach for the air. It came from the baggage car and it sounded as if there was a holdup and a murder combined being committed there. The next instant the door in the end of the baggage car flew open and Lyngholm rushed out, his hair streaming behind and causing him to look for all the world like one of his famous Viking ancestors. There was a scramble over the coal and he landed sitting on the floor of the cab of the engine, one hand holding a spot on the back of his neck and his mouth spouting Norse language so fast that it raised the steam guage twenty pounds in three seconds.

By the time the train reached Holt, which is three stations beyond Thief River Falls, he had become calm enough to explain that he had set the bees so near the stove that they thought it was summer and, being exceedingly hungry and ferocious after their long period of inertia, they suddenly came out of the hive and went after the expressman as if he were their personal enemy.

He spent the rest of the journey to Middle River in the cab of the engine and when that town was reached he went to the general store there and bought three yards of last year's mosquito netting to tie around his head before he would venture into the car.

Killed the Wrong Wolf.

A farmer down near Glenwood had all kinds of trouble one night last week and he is now kicking himself around the barn-yard every time he thinks of what a hasty fool he was. A wolf had killed and eaten one of his hogs. The farmer was on the incessant lookout for Mr. Wolf and one evening he thought he saw the intruder, standing close to the open well. He took a shot at the animal, killing it dead. The supposed wolf rolled into the well. The farmer had considerable difficulty in bringing the supposed wolf carcass to the surface and his surprise and chagrin may be imagined when it is stated that the wolf proved to be nothing else than another one of his hogs.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company was held in the village hall last Monday and a fair sized crowd was in attendance. The books of the company show a continued prosperity and a steady growth of the company since its start until at present it is carrying nearly one half a million in fire policies. This is a gain of over sixty thousand dollars the past year. The business was in such satisfactory shape that all of the old officials were re-elected except Treasurer Ed. A. Aubel who declined and Chas. Gustafson was elected in his place.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Attention, Sons of Veterans.

There is need of a Camp of Sons of Veterans in every town where there still remains veterans of the war of 1861 to 1865 or where there are soldier's graves to be remembered on Memorial Day.

The Commander of the Minnesota Division Sons of Veterans would like to correspond with any loyal son or grandson of a veteran who wishes to organize a Camp of Sons of Veterans. All correspondence will be answered.

John Harrison,
Com. Minn. Div. S. V.
Aitkin, Minn.

Kick the Printer

BULLETIN
LATEST NEWS
"BOOK"

In the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., there has been for many years a conspicuous signboard outside an office—which reads, "KICK THE PRINTER."

Bibulous persons sometimes go inside to carry out the apparent request, but they discover that the printer is a gentleman by the name of Kick.

In every town there are persons who, if they do not actually feel like kicking the printer—the newspaper man—at any rate do a lot of kicking at the way he conducts his paper.

Please DON'T kick the printer; he is doing the best he can.

And what he does for the town and community, despite his occasional mistakes, may be a great deal more than the kickers themselves are doing. Did THAT ever occur to you?

We are all neighbors in this town. What helps one helps the others. What hurts one hurts the others. Every community is a mutual benefit association, whether organized or just running wild. The printer is a charter member.

If you had no printer—no newspaper—how would you like that? Do you know what happens to towns that don't support a newspaper? Nothing happens. Nothing ever happens in a town like that. As soon as things begin to happen in a town the newspaper comes along and tells about them.

The newspaper boosts the town. It records progress and offers suggestions, by the editor or the readers, as to further progress. Every copy of every issue advertises the town. This is all free advertisement. It costs the town nothing. It costs the people nothing. It is a part of the business.

In view of this fact, which nobody can dispute, it is much better to pat the printer on the shoulder now and then or to speak kindly of him than to kick him.

NO; DON'T KICK THE PRINTER.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 10.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

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Subduing Mother's Voice.

The successful merchant invited his parents to visit him in New York city. They came gladly and on the following Sabbath were escorted to a fashionable church in Fifth avenue. Some of the hymns were familiar. In their rendition the visiting pair contributed heavily, with the credit for volume in favor of the father. Although not always in correct time and sometimes in discord, yet the joy of this good couple leaped forth in joyous praise, and they did not see the glowering looks of nearby worshipers or the beetlike face of their devoted son.

"Father," explained the merchant that afternoon while his mother was taking her accustomed nap, "in our churches the congregations do very little singing. It is left entirely to the choir."

"I know, my boy," said the old man as he lovingly placed a hand on his son's shoulder, "that it was very embarrassing to you this morning, but if I hadn't sung as loudly as I did the people would have heard your mother."—New York Press.

Muskrats.

Rare old Captain John Smith in his quaint "History of New England and the Summer Isles," published in London in 1624, gives probably the first written account of the muskrat. He says that "the mussacus is a beast of the form and nature of our (English water rat" and adds that "some of them smell exceedingly strong of musk." These animals may be caught in almost any sort of trap baited with sweet apples or parsnips. Muskrats have very strong teeth and can use them on wood effectively, so it is wise to protect all corners and cracks in your wooden traps with pieces of tin or sheet iron. They have good noses and can smell an apple a long distance off. Place your traps in the shallow water at the edge of the mill pond or stream inhabited by these rats and they will doubtless find it without difficulty. Young muskrats are very gentle and playful and may be handled without fear. They do not grow fierce with age if reared in captivity and accustomed to gentle treatment.

Receiving Tommy.

There is a certain inspector of schools who prides himself on his original method of examining, but occasionally his originality receives a shock. In a fatherly manner he had gathered a class of young children round him and soon had their open mouthed attention.

"Now, suppose that you and I were playing a game of marbles," he said to little Tommy Jones. "You have ten marbles and I have eight."

The class gathered closer round.

"At the end of the game you have won half of my marbles, and of course I want to play again to win them back."

The children pressed even nearer

"At the end of the second game I win half of those you now have. Tell me"—excitement waxed intense—"tell me," he continued, "how many marbles you are left with?"

With a [illegible] of inexpressible disgust the [illegible] fell back. "Why [illegible]," he [illegible] blowed if it ain't [illegible]."—London Answers.

Infant Prodigies.

In [illegible] of ten cases your infant pro[illegible]. Among [illegible] the [illegible] of prodigies was [illegible] one of his [illegible] produced [illegible] for the [illegible] [illegible] James [illegible]

The Cheats.

Every [illegible]

water to the thirsty is charity. Removing stones and thorns from the road is charity. Exhorting your fellow men to virtuous deeds is charity. Smiling in your brother's face is charity. Putting a wanderer in the right path is charity. A man's true wealth is the good he does in this world. When he dies mortals will ask what property has he left behind him, but angels will inquire, "What good deeds hast thou sent before thee?"—Mohammed.

Good Actions.

When we have practiced good actions awhile they become easy. When they are easy we take pleasure in them. When they please us we do them frequently, and then by frequency of act they grow into a habit.—Tillotson.

Corrected.

"Mamma, Mrs. Oldcastle just went wild over our new bust of Shakespeare when she was here this afternoon."

"Burst, my dear, burst. Mercy sakes, how can you use such slang? And you've been to Europe twice too!"—Chicago Record-Herald.

No Joke to Him.

"That fellow," said Tete de Veau, "is always getting off the old joke about the difficulty of finding a woman's pocket."

"But, you know," L'Oignon explained, smiling, "he married a rich wife."—Los Angeles Times.

If thou addest little to little and doest so often soon it will become a great heap.—Hesiod.

Handling Live Wires.

Never handle an electric wire (lest it be "alive") with the naked hand, but use a nonconducting substance as a protector. Any good nonconducting substance will supply protection.

Rubber—In form of gas stove tube or water hose, could be thrown over a wire to pull it from its connection with a live wire.

Porcelain—In form of a bit of common crockery or a floor tile, hand plate for door, a stone ink bottle.

Glass—A stout bottle, a glass rod or a pane of glass could be used to dislodge a wire from its connection with a trolley wire or other current feeder.

Wool—A woolen scarf, stocking, coat or wrap.

Cotton—Any piece of cotton garment or stout cotton twine.

Silk—Scarf or other garment.

Any of these materials in goodly thickness could be used to protect the hand in removing a live wire or even using an instrument to cut it through.

Spain's Canny Railroads.

In Spain the railroads do not lose a chance to make a little profit even in the case of the nontravelers. When you see somebody off in that country you must pay for the privilege. The railroads all sell billetes de anden which are good for the platform only These cost generally 5 centimos, equivalent to a cent in American money Just why this is done it is hard to see because persons entering a train cannot very well avoid the conductor, who is always making trips to inspect the carriages. If a person attempted to steal a ride in a carriage, he would have small chance of getting away with it. If caught, he would have to pay a penalty of just twice the fare between the point where he was discovered and the point where tickets last were inspected.—New York Sun

He Had No Choice.

The wife of a dynamite tender went to a haberdasher's to buy a necktie for her husband. She selected a brilliant red one, ready made, whereupon the young and inexperienced salesman with compassion for the future owner, was moved to remark:

"Excuse me, madam, is this tie for your husband?"

"It is," replied the woman

"Don't you think he'd rather have some other color? I'm afraid he won't wear this red tie."

"Oh, yes, he will," said the woman grimly. "He'll have to—he's dead!"—London Answers.

Spoiled Their Waltzing.

In her memoirs Mme. de Boigne gives some interesting glimpses of English social life. For instance, she writes:

"In 1816 no young English lady ventured to waltz. The Duke of Devonshire returned from a tour in Germany and observed one evening at a large ball that a woman was never seen to better advantage than when waltzing. I do not know whether he was anxious to play a trick, but he repeated this assertion several times. It was passed from mouth to mouth, and at the next ball all the young ladies were waltzing. The duke admired them greatly, said that it was delightful and gave proper animation to a ball. He then added carelessly that he, at any rate, had decided never to marry a lady who waltzed. It was to the Duchess of Richmond and at Carlton House that he saw fit to make this revelation. The poor duchess, the most clumsy of matchmaking mammas, nearly fell off her chair with horror. She repeated the statement to her neighbors, who passed it on, and consternation spread from seat to seat. The young ladies continued to waltz with clear consciences. The old ladies were furious, but the unfortunate dance was concluded. Before the end of the evening the good Duchess of Richmond was able to announce that her daughters felt an objection to waltzing which no persuasion of hers could ever overcome. Some few girls of more independence continued to waltz, but the majority gave it up."

After the Honeymoon.

"Pa," inquired a small boy on the Oakland boat, "what's a simoon?"

"Huh!" grunted the man without looking from his paper. "Simoon's sand storm on the dessert, dreaded by travelers."

"And, pa, what's a honeymoon?"

"Honeymoon's rice storm on a train, enjoyed by travelers."

"Then a honeymoon's something like a simoon, ain't it, pa?"

"Guess so. Keep quiet. Don't ask so many fool questions. Look at the sea gulls."

"But ain't they a good deal alike, pa—simoons and honeymoons?"

"Ugh, huh, both full of hot air! Most honeymoons become simoons in a few years. When the honey's gone the sigh's left."

"Pa, were you ever on a honeymoon?"

"Percy, if you don't stop pestering me with questions I'll never bring you over to the city again."

"Well, ma said she had a honeymoon, and it was like a dream, and all the rest of it's been a nightmare."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Life Saving and Law.

The Roumanians are as curious in some things as the Chinese. A girl who fell into the river and was swept down by the current finally seized a bush on the bank and drew herself to shore. The owner of the land on which the bush grew immediately claimed a reward of 4 shillings because his bush was there and had saved her. Her father refused to pay, and there was a lawsuit. What the law has to decide is whether drowning people can make use of bushes on the bank without paying for the same or whether the assistance of the said bush is worth a certain sum of money.

In China if a person falls into the water no one must help him out, but at the same time a spectator can be imprisoned for not advising the victim to stay on dry land.

The Navel Orange.

For a product of nature a California navel orange as it graces the breakfast table or the push cart is about the most artificial thing in the world. It is also a very striking illustration of the fact that while beauty may be only skin deep it counts for a whole lot. To begin with, the navel orange of California is an exotic, reaching its present habitat after devious wandering. And, be it ever so sweet tasting, if its skin has had its beauty marred it scarcely ever gets farther than the orchard where it grew. Not only that, but even the most comely ones before they are boxed and shipped are brushed by machinery and polished and otherwise fussed with to give them a beauty which mere nature never would have provided.—William R. Stewart in Technical World.

Ignorance Not Bliss.

"There is a certain gnawing uncertainty about calling on people who speak a different language from their servants," remarked the woman who does. "You can never tell whether they are saying, 'Make another cup of tea, Katie; I have company,' or 'She always drops in about tea time, confound her! Pour some more hot water in the pot.'"—New York Press.

Saw For Himself.

A man carrying a looking glass said to a newsboy, "Come here and look into this glass and you will see a donkey."

"How did you find that out?" retorted the boy.—London Express.

Opposites Often Wed.

"Miss, you are a hoiden. Nobody will ever care to marry a boisterous girl."

"Don't worry, mother. I'll find some nice, girlsterous boy."—Kansas City Journal.

Externally.

The Doctor—You understand, don't you, that this is only to be used externally? The Patient's Wife—Sure, sir, I allus makes him get out of bed to drink it!—London Scraps.

It is better to hope and to work than to grumble and quarrel and shirk.—Baltimore American.

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A Wasted Present.

"What in the world shall I send Aunt Betsy, John?" demanded the masterful lady of the mild little man.

"A workbasket or a book?" he suggested.

"Don't be a fool, John! You've no taste. I'll send her one of those fancy boxes of soap."

And she lifted to her nose a box containing six round tablets of perfumed soap.

"Yes," she continued, "this is the very thing!"

"But, my dear, really"— he protested.

"You be quiet, John! Now, wrap this up, miss!"

Two days later a packet arrived from Aunt Betsy, and in haste they opened it to see how she had taken their thoughtful present. Under the wrapping was the affectionate message:

"Niece—Herewith I return the box of shaving soap you sent me. I am too old to appreciate the joke of being regarded as a bearded lady. Your aunt, Betsy."

Then, but only for a moment, the mild little man smiled.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Dreadful Assault.

Justice Ball, an Irish judge, was noted for his amusing manifestations of ignorance, but whether they were real or pretended has never been clearly established. He tried a case in which a man was indicted for robbery at the house of a poor widow. The first witness was the young daughter of the widow, who identified the prisoner as the man who had entered the house and smashed her mother's chest.

"Do you say that the prisoner at the bar broke your mother's chest?" said the judge in astonishment.

"He did, my lord," answered the girl. "He jumped on it till he smashed it entirely."

The judge turned to the crown counsel and said: "How is this? Why is not the prisoner indicted for murder If he smashed this poor woman's chest in the way the witness has described he must surely have killed her."

"But, my lord," said the counsel, "it was a wooden chest."—Cornhill Magazine.

Comets In Olden Days.

People nowadays do not regard the comet as one of those signs that forerun the death or fall of kings, but the superstition was still current in the time of Queen Elizabeth, though, to the amazement of her courtiers, the queen calmly scorned it. It was also thought that if the sovereign would refrain from looking at the malignant celestial passerby no harm would come to her. On one occasion Elizabeth's attendants shut and curtained her windows, but her majesty, as might have been expected, with "a courage answerable to the greatness of her estate," caused them to be opened, crying as she looked up: "Jacta est alea—the die is cast!" Then, like King Knut on the seashore, she read her people a homily, asserting that her "steadfast hope and confidence were too firmly planted in the providence of God to be blasted or affrighted with those beams which either had no ground in nature whereupon to rise or at least no warrant in Scripture to portend the mishaps of princes."

Queen Elizabeth as an Ale Drinker.

There is an amusing letter written by the Earl of Leicester to Lord Burleigh as to the lack of sufficiently strong ale for the queen at Hatfield "There is not one drop of good drink for her here. We were fain to send to London and Kenilworth and divers other places where ale was. Her own beer was so strong as there was no man able to drink it." Ale and bread were the chief items of the royal breakfast. The quantity of ale consumed by ladies at breakfast in those days was considerable, for in the reign of Henry VIII the maids of honor were allowed for breakfast "one chet loaf, one manchet, two gallons of ale and a pitcher of wine." A Lady Lucy made a mighty [illegible] of the national brew. Her breakfast was a chine of beef, a loaf and a gallon of ale and for her pillow meal a posset [illegible], a generous cut of mutton, a loaf and a gallon of ale.—Westminster Gazette.

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WORK OF THE BRAIN

Curious Facts About the Human Thinking Apparatus.

WHERE THOUGHTS ARE BORN.

Right Handed Persons Form Ideas In the Left Half of the Brain and Left Handers In the Right Half—Strange Freaks of Mental Blindness.

Common opinion has it that the thinking is done in the front part of the brain, so that a high forehead means a lofty intellect. Common opinion, it turns out, is precisely wrong. More hard thinking is done at the back part of the head than anywhere else. Much of the rest is done in a region just above the ears.

When the thinking involves action the sides and top of the head play their special part. In fact, about the only portion of the outer layers of the brain substance that has never been found to have the least connection with any sort of thinking is that lying above the eyes.

There is another curious fact about the thinking apparatus. Nine men out of ten at least do all their thinking on the left side of the brain and might, as far as their purely mental operations are concerned, get on just as well if the entire right half were removed.

To be sure, a tumor on the right side of the brain, a broken blood vessel or a disintegration of the brain substance is apt to cause more or less complete and permanent paralysis of corresponding groups of muscles, always, of course, on the left side of the body, since, as is well known, nearly all the nerve fibers in passing from the brain to the body organs cross over to the other side.

Such an injury to the right side of the brain, however, does not in general affect the mind. This remains as clear and sane and vigorous as ever.

On the other hand, the very same injury to the brain which on the right side affected only the body will when it occurs on the left side affect the mind as well. To paralysis of the muscles is added curtailment of the thinking powers.

There have been men who have lost a cupful of brains out of the right side of their heads and retained all their mental faculties unimpaired. There have been other men in whom the loss of a half a thimbleful from the left side has rendered them for the remainder of their lives unable to recognize by sight their own wives.

I have said that most men do all their thinking on the left side of their brains. The remainder use only the right sides of theirs. These, moreover, are the left handed men.

Apparently, too, right handed men are right eyed men also, and not only sight a gun or use a microscope with the right eye, but also sit to drive or stand to bat or grasp tools in the way that will give to that eye the more unimpeded view. In addition, right handed men are also right eared—while they hear with both ears, they listen with the right—as any one may test in his own case for himself.

Left handed men are correspondingly left eyed and left eared. Thus, the centers for the more skillful hand and probably for the better trained eye come normally on the same side of the brain as the thinking apparatus, so that the eye, hand and thought work together.

In general, then, all the thinking is done on the left side of the brain. Can we not go farther and say that particular kinds of thinking are done in particular regions of the left cortex?

The phrenologists, of course, have the entire brain mapped out like city lots—combativeness here, order there. This part of one's brain operates when he puts away his shoes in the closet, that when he throws them at the cat.

Now, as a matter of fact, we have "faculties" in the mind and "organs" in the brain about as much as we have a baseball playing muscle and a wood sawing muscle and still another muscle for standing still. The brain acts as a whole just as the body does We use all our muscles to play ball, and we use them all to saw wood.

I have already touched upon the case of the man who suddenly lost the ability to recognize his wife. This man, who was a workman in Glasgow, had his skull fractured by a blow on the left side of the head about mid way between the ear and the crown, so that a splinter of bone became imbedded in the gray matter of his brain At once he lost the capacity for thinking about what he saw.

Though his sight was sharp enough, he could not recognize the most familiar objects. His friends, his children, his wife, appeared merely as colored spots, yet otherwise his mind was clear, and the moment any of them spoke he knew them at once. He could not tell by eyesight how many fingers were held up before his face, but by touch he could count them as well as ever.

Still stranger freaks of mental blindness, however, are brought about by the bursting or plugging of minute blood vessels in the brain. There is a New York case of this sort, an educated [illegible] aged woman who took up [illegible] one morning and to her [illegible] found that she could not read a [illegible] word!

A little artery had become stopped [illegible] supply was cut off from the [illegible] of gray matter which the [illegible] in thinking about [illegible] and written words. To the day [illegible] the woman never read [illegible]. Yet in every other respect she remained entirely normal.

To speak paradoxically, the most important deeds of our lives are our words. It is speech more than anything else that makes us human, while words are not so much "for the purpose of concealing our thoughts" as the only means by which we are able to think effectively at all.

Few injuries, therefore, are more distressing to the victim or to his friends than are those which affect the "speech center" at the side of the head a little above and in front of the auditory area. An apoplectic stroke at this point often paralyzes an entire half of the body and renders the victim dumb for the remainder of his days.

It sometimes happens, however, that the plugged or ruptured blood vessel injures just the right bit of brain tissue to cut off the power of speech and do nothing else. The patient can use his mouth and throat as before—for everything except talking. Sometimes if the injury does not extend to the center from the hand he can communicate in writing.

He can read and understand spoken words as before. Occasionally he can utter parrot fashion any sound in the language or even repeat correctly anything said in his presence. Sometimes the aphasic can use words of one syllable. Sometimes he retains a small stock of words. It may be no more than four or five. Sometimes he loses his stock of proper names or it may be all his nouns.

There have been aphasics who would articulate perfectly, but were continually at a loss to find the appropriate word. It is all a question of the precise point where the smashup happened to occur and the extent of the destruction. In all cases what is lost or curtailed is the ability to think about spoken words.

It seems strange that when one is dining he innervates the muscles of the tongue and lips and throat from the sides of the brain like other paired organs, but when he turns to speak to the waiter he controls the very same muscles from the left side of his brain only.

It all goes to show how peculiar and in a sense artificial are human speech and ability to think in words.—Chicago Record-Herald.

SCALP WOUNDS.

Various Results That May Come With a Bump on the Head.

A bump on the head is one of the commonest of accidents, but the skin which covers the cranium is tough and is protected by the hair of the scalp, so it is comparatively rare that the blow results in anything more serious than a bruise. This is fortunate, for an open wound of the scalp is a rather difficult affair to manage at times, and its complications and sequels are likely occasionally to give more or less trouble.

A severe bruise, such as may be caused by striking the head with considerable force against a blunt projection, say the rounded edge of a table, usually results in more or less boggy swelling, due to the effusion of serum or blood under the scalp. Ordinarily this gives no trouble, except that it may be quite tender for a few days. The effused serum or blood is sooner or later absorbed, and the bump becomes a thing of the past.

In some cases the fluid becomes full of pus owing to the inflammation of the bruised tissues. This kind of a wound must be opened and the matter washed out, otherwise it may burrow quite a distance along the skull and possibly result in the destruction of some of the bone.

An ordinary bruise of the scalp does not call for much attention. If the swelling is considerable the scalp and hair should be thoroughly washed, and then a lotion should be applied of boric acid dissolved in cologne water or a wash of witch hazel. If the hair is very thin it had better be cut short over the bruise, so that the lotion can more readily reach the part if the sufferer is a boy, but if a girl the lotion will have to reach the spot as best it can. The hair need not be cut unless it is really a case serious enough to call for the offices of a surgeon.

When the scalp is cut or torn the matter is more grave, both in its present state and its possible consequences, and had better be left to the doctor to treat. A blow hard enough to tear the scalp may have been of sufficient force to crack the skull, and even if the bone is intact—and the fracture may occur in another part of the skull from that struck through the operation of what surgeons call contrecoup or a "counterblow"—the scalp may become inflamed and slough away, leaving the bone denuded, so that it may lose its vitality and give rise to trouble calling for surgical interference, or it may become the seat of an erysipelas. At any rate, the wound will need washing and possibly a few stitches to bring the cut edges together.—Youth's Companion.

Value of Understanding.

The habit of being content with nothing less than understanding a thing is of inestimable worth to every man, young or old. No matter what one's occupation or responsibility, his first task is to understand what is his part to do. Understanding means not only to know a thing before one's eyes, but to know a task, a position or an opportunity in its relation to other things. It requires some thinking, therefore, to have a comprehensive grasp of any piece of work in its rightful relations. No one can dutifully and faithfully hold a place or accomplish a good thing without at least enough thinking to understand clearly what he is to do and what its meaning is. Few of us work under sealed orders. Most of us have plenty of light to make sure we are on the right track and are doing things in the right way.—Wall Street Journal.

Animal Instinct.

A friend of mine saw two cats approaching each other on the top of a board fence. There was no room for them to pass each other, and he wondered what would happen. When they were near each other one of them stopped, turned around and retreated till it came to another board fence that joined at right angles the one they were on. The cat stepped off on this fence and waited there till the other went by. My friend thought this act showed an appreciation of the problem beyond the reach of instinct. No doubt those cats had met before, and one was master of the other. What more natural than that the defeated cat should retreat before the superior and when it came to the other fence step off upon it and let the victor pass? The action involved no mental process any more than when two inert bodies in motion meet each other and one gives way. There was no other course open to the cat. If she or he had turned back and taken to the side fence solely to accommodate the other cat, why, that were another matter.

The Gordon setter that met a train of cars upon a railroad bridge and stepped down upon one of the timbers of the bridge and stood there while the train passed gave no proof of reasoning powers. It was the only thing the dog could do. Nearly all animals know enough to get out the way of danger. If they did not, what would become of the race of animals?—John Burroughs in Outing Magazine.

Old Roman Laws.

The old Roman laws, according to Colquhoun, conferred on the husband complete empery over the wife. All she owned or earned was vested in him, and he acquired the same rights over her person and property as if she were his natural daughter. The wife, on the other hand, acquired all the rights to a child and to her husband's name and succession in the event of an intestate estate, and she could exercise all the privileges to which her sex admitted. The power of the ancient Roman father over his offspring was originally perpetual, nor could the child be emancipated from the father's control during the father's life except by that parent's consent, nor did he become sui juris until the father (being himself sui juris) died, when the son was emancipated by the simple operation of the law. In those brave days the father had legal permission to scourge his children or to send them, fettered like slaves, to work on his estate or even to kill them, choosing whatsoever means for their taking off he thought proper.

How the Brahman Cleans His Teeth.

When the Brahman cleans his teeth he must use a small twig cut from one of a number of certain trees, and before he cuts it he must make his act known to the gods of the woods. He must not indulge in this cleanly habit every day. He must abstain on the sixth, the eighth, the ninth, the fourteenth, the fifteenth and the last day of the moon, on the days of new and full moon, on the Tuesday in every week, on the day of the constellation under which he was born, on the day of the week and on the day of the month which correspond with those of his birth, at an eclipse, at the conjunction of the planets, at the equinoxes and other unlucky epochs and also on the anniversary of the death of his father or mother. Any one who cleans his teeth with his bit of stick on any of the above mentioned days will have hell as his portion.—"Hindoo Manners," by Abbe Dubois.

The Way to the Station.

A party of automobilists was touring through Virginia. An accident to the car forced them to take a train home. As they walked down the road seeking some one from whom they could inquire their way they met an old darky, says the Success Magazine

"Will you kindly direct us to the railroad station?" one of the party asked.

"Cert'n'y, sir," he responded. "Keep a-goin' right down dis road till yo' gets to where two mo' roads branches out. Den yo' take de lef' one an' keep on a-goin' till yo' gets to where de ole postoffice uster be."

Creative.

A certain man coming from abroad was taken up by the smart set.

"We'll make a lion of him," quoth they, "for the distinction he will thereupon reflect upon us."

But the man was too little. It takes much material to make a lion.

"Then we'll make a monkey of him," said the smart set, determined to have some exercise for their creative genius.

Nor was the world the worse off For, after all, it is the contribution to the gayety of nations that is especially needed.—Puck.

Disappointment.

Amateur Sportsman (after shooting best friend)—Too bad, too bad, but I thought you were a deer. The Victim—Don't fret. Amateur Sportsman—Don't fret! Why, man, I promised my wife a pair of horns.—Illustrated Bits.

The Main Trouble.

Wise—Oh, give us a rest for awhile, won't you? Dooley—Well, every fellow has a right to his opinion and— Wise—Yes, but the trouble is that he can't be made to realize that there may be a wrong to it.—Indianapolis News.

Patience.

Traveler (after waiting patiently for train for four hours)—Shall it no be comin' the day, I doot? Porter—Hoots, mon, hae ye no patience? Ye'll just bide a wee while an' she'll be by!—Punch.

Indiscretion, malice, rashness and falsehood produce each other.—L'Enclos.

Geo. Newberry
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel
Ogahmah
O. A. [illegible]BECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Hot-Breads
Light and
Sweet
are made with
ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MY WIFE
SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure

STOPS
THE
PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.
"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similiar ingredients.
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

A spirited contest is one in Hennepin county for delegate to the national Republican convention between Tom Lowry and Tom Shevlin. We are glad that we do not live in Hennepin county for we certainly would not have much choice.

In view of the agitation for government guaranty of bank deposits it is interesting to note that the average annual loss to depositors in banks could have been covered by a tax of one-twentieth of one per cent on all depositors in banks.

The Battle Lake Review tells of another instance of how people "save money" by sending away from home for goods. A half dozen car loads of ranges have been sold through peddlers in Otter Tail and Becker counties at prices ranging from $70 to $80 while local dealers sell the same thing at $50 to $60.

The suggestion in Mayor Hamre's message to the effect that the city take steps towards building or commencing to build a hospital is a decidedly good one and we hope that this will be done. Thief River Falls is an important railroad center, and having a population of over 5,000 it is certainly in need of a good hospital more than anything else.

The rank and file of the Republican party in Minnesota is certainly for Roosevelt and his policies and for that reason they favor Judge Taft for president because he is the president's choice. Senator La Follette, who is out-Roosevelting Roosevelt in congress, appears to be second choice. All that now remains to be done is to see that good clean, honest and capable men are elected as delegates.

Elmer Adams, editor of the Fergus Falls Journal, is touring Southern California and sends back some interesting accounts of the trip to his paper. Among other things, he says: "One thing that fills the Northern people with disappointment is the fact that California fruit is just as high here as it is in the east and not as good. As is in the east everywhere the best is always shipped and that which will not stand shipping is consumed at home."

Julius Barnes, of Duluth, estimates that only 38,000,000 bushels of wheat above seed requirements are in farmers' hands and in elevators in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and looks for a great scarcity of wheat before another crop. The mills of Duluth and Minneapolis alone last year ground [illegible] bushels during the first seven months of the year and the query now is: Where will all this needed grain come from. There appears to be but little margin for shipping [illegible] mills [illegible] their supplies [illegible].

The D[illegible] [illegible] Bryan, we believe he could prove the strongest candidate the Democrats could nominate, but if he defeated Bryan in a contest for the nomination, he could not stand any show of election.

From Texas comes the report that the influx of settlers into the new sections of that state is at a standstill. Real estate dealers are said to be the cause of this, and while they no doubt would not plead guilty to the charge, there is a great deal of evidence against them. These land dealers purchased much cheap land and have been doubling the value of it every month or so since that time. The result is that the price now asked for the land is so high that people looking for homes are afraid to invest. The state of Texas has done some investigating and finds that the residence of Indiana, Illinois and Missouri have been so pestered and defrauded by real estate dealers that they are afraid to have any dealings with them and as a result many desirable residents are being lost by the state of Texas. The state now proposes to issue in book form a list of lands for sale in the state. Actual owners of land will be allowed to insert a description of their lands and the price per acre that they are asking. These books are to be distributed among the home seekers in the central states, and it is believed that it will result in much good. This is done for the purpose of bringing the buyer and the actual settler closer together and it is believed that it will have the effect of reviving the land boom. The News believes that it would be a good thing for Minnesota to do some advertising along this line.

Murdered by a Statue.

The death of Kenneth, the half mythical king of Scotland, was one of the most curious and remarkable in history, if it may be called a historical fact. It seems that Kenneth had slain Cruthlintus, a son, and Malcolm Duffus, the king and brother of Fennella. She, to be revenged, caused Wiltus, the most ingenious artist of the time, to fashion a statue filled with automatic springs and levers. Flat bed and set up this brazen image was an admirable work of art. In its right hand Wiltus placed a ewer and in the left an apple of pure gold finely set with diamonds and other precious stones. To touch this apple was to court death. It was so arranged that any one [illegible]

[illegible]

THE STATE BANKERS.

Local State Banks Hold Their Annual Election of Officers.

All the Banks Did a Prosperous Business the Past Year.

The stockholders of the First State Bank held their annual meeting Saturday evening and elected the following directors: C. L. Dobner, H. G. Dobner, Math. Barzen, L. M. Hoag, P. W. Mabey, S. Swenson and John Aes. The directors re-elected all of the old officers as follows:

President—C. L. Dobner.
Vice President—Math. Barzen.
Cashier—H. G. Dobner.
Assistant Cashier—L. M. Hoag.

The First State is the oldest bank in Thief River Falls, and for years has done large and profitable business. The affairs of this bank are in excellent shape and the usual dividend was declared on stock.

The stockholders of the Citizens State Bank held their annual meeting last Wednesday evening. There was no change in the directors and the report of the condition of this bank showed that a very prosperous business had been done the past year. The following directors were again elected: Olaf Ramstad, T. L. Melgaard, O. J. Schei, C. M. Evenson, A. A. Wassen, Louis Hanson, B. Christianson, Rasmus Oen and Chris. Amundson. The directors elected the following officers:

President—Olaf Ramstad.
Vice President—O. J. Schei.
Cashier—T. L. Melgaard.
Assistant Cashier—C. W. Vorachek.

The annual meeting of the Peoples State Bank was held last Wednesday evening. This the youngest financial institution in Thief River Falls, but by no means the least, having the largest capital of any bank in the city. Directors were again elected as follows: T. P. Hamre, D. B. Bakke, Lars Backe, H. P. Sponheim, Olaf Tessum, Anton Langseth, A. O. Auble, P. L. Vistaunet and H. A. Loken. The directors have not elected officers for the coming year as yet, but it is not probable that there will be any change in the present officers. The bank is doing a large and prosperous business.

ERICKSON DISMISSED.

Mayor Hamre Gets up "His Dutch" and Fires Chief of Police.

E. O. Erickson, who was to have been allowed to serve as chief of police until the 1st of February, was dismissed from the service of the city Monday morning by Mayor T. P. Hamre.

The trouble between the mayor and the chief of police was caused by Mr. Erickson having a fish vendor who was stationed at the junction a McGinn corner arrested for obstructing the street. The fish vendor made complaint to Mayor Hamre, and made certain charges against Chief Erickson to the effect that Erickson had solicited the gift of some fish as pay to be paid for [illegible] his conduct [illegible] That he refused [illegible] and as a result [illegible] a warrant having [illegible] by Mr. Erickson.

Mr. Erickson states that the man was [illegible] city ordinance and that he [illegible] requested to arrest him by the [illegible] in the city who consider [illegible] entitled to protection from [illegible]

Mayor Hamre [illegible] the matter [illegible]

[illegible]

ATTENDANCE WAS LARGE.

Over 250 School Trustees Attended Meeting Here Saturday.

An Interesting Program Rendered and All Had a Good Time.

Over two hundred and fifty school trustees of Red Lake county met in Thief River Falls last Saturday, and secured much valuable information regarding country schools.

The morning session was held at the high school, where an exhibit of school work was on display. Dr. Gambell gave a short talk upon "School Hygiene," D. P. O'Neill talked on "Taxation" and Supt. McAnulty and Supt. J. H. Hay gave a talk upon general subjects.

The afternoon session was held in the Evenson Hall and it was crowded to the limit. Mayor Hamre welcomed the trustees to the city in a few well chosen words as did President Lars Backe of the school board. This was followed by a piano solo rendered by Miss Stella Robbecke. Supt. Bergh of the St. Hilaire schools then read an interesting paper upon county schools of agriculture which was well received. Mrs. O. F. Mellby rendered a vocal solo and Miss McCrillis gave a recitation.

Hon. S. J. Race, of Minneapolis, who was here as a substitute for J. W. Olson, state superintendent of public instruction, gave an address upon "School Democracy" which proved very interesting and many valuable pointers were given to the school trustees. Mr. Race was followed by Principal Harrington of the Crookston experimental farm and he talked upon agricultural topics. A list of questions asked by various school trustees was then answered by Supt. McAnulty.

The trustees present organized an association, the purpose of which is to secure more state aid for country schools. Officers for the new association were elected as follows:

President—Ed. A. Auble, of Rocksbury.

Secretary—County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty.

Treasurer—Louis Perrault, of Terrebonne.

NO USE FOR CHURCH.

That is what some people say. It often depends on a man's business as to whether or not he has use for the church. If for example, a man is making his money, and making lots of it, in a business that degrades manhood, he isn't liable to find church life very congenial. Christianity stands for the uplifting of men, not for their degradation.

If a man is following shady methods in his business, or in his profession, he's not likely to favor church attendance. Christianity stands for honesty and trust, not dishonesty and trickery.

Again, a man may be living a life that he knows is evil. He hasn't much use for the church as long as he tries to deaden his conscience. Christianity stands for a clean life.

There are other reasons, of course why a man keeps aloof from the church. Yet with all the shortcomings that some churches exhibit, how would you like to live in a town where there wasn't one? How would you like to live in Thief River Falls, and bring up a family with no church to stand for high ideal and the better life?

[illegible] you will find a [illegible]

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

[illegible]

BOAT MEETING WAS LIVELY

Old Crowd Downed Duchamp and Elected the Directors.

Joe Was Not Permitted to Vote the Stock of Others.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Red Lake River Transportation company was held Monday at Highlanding and it proved to be quite an interesting meeting. Joe Duchamp, who last year had trouble with the old board of directors and the managers of the boat, was present, and having secured the right to vote by proxy a large amount of the stock held by people who were not present at the meeting, he made an attempt to put in a board of directors and officers to his own liking. The farmers up around Highlanding were all against Mr. Duchamp, and stood by the old board of directors. They voted that no one should be allowed to vote stock who was not personally present and of course this put Mr. Duchamp helplessly in the minority and a board of directors suitable to the farmers up near Highlanding were elected.

There were a number of warm discussions at the meeting and it came near to being more than a discussion at times, it is said.

BIJOU THEATRE.

Miss Elsa Robbecke will sing this week, Bert J. Wood's beautiful pictured melody, "You're the Brightest Star of All My Dreams."

"Cast up By the Sea" is an exquisitely photographed drama of great human interest. A picture in which a fisherman and his young wife are kneeling at the bedside of their babe, a doctor enters and turns away as the child has passed away. Both parents are very much effected. Suddenly a storm arises, a wreck and disaster is heard above the wind, and through the telescope he sees a frail boat with a human form. He goes to the rescue and a bright, living child is found beside the dead body of a young woman. The fisherman thanks Providence for his gift and he seeks his wife, who also is thankful for the little golden-haired babe that has been sent them to take the place of their own.

"Little Red Riding Hood."
"Only Mother."
"Onions Make People Cry."
Illustrated Song.
"The Unlucky Substitute."
"Cast Up By the Sea."

Peter Peterson returned to this city yesterday from a trip to Alexandria.

Appreciated the Beautiful.

That it is not always well to put on one's dowdiest garments when one goes to visit the poor is the moral of a story told in an English magazine recently. There were two philanthropists, according to the tale, one a professional and the other an amateur. The professional had arranged to take the amateur to a gathering of slum dwellers in the east end of London. At the appointed hour the amateur, who happens to be a duchess and a great beauty, appeared at the house of her friend, a dazzling apparition in court dress, tiara and jewels. "Oh, my dear," gasped the professional, falling helplessly into the nearest chair, "don't you know that we are going to one of the lowest and most squalid slums? I can't promise that you will bring any of that back with you." But the beauty only laughed. "That's all right," she said. "I quite understand you. But poor people love beautiful things. Their children especially are captivated with fine dresses and feathers. Just wait and you will see!" And the professional did see. Those poor, half starved, half naked slum dwellers had eyes for no one but the dazzling young beauty who had done them the infinite honor of coming to see them in her most beautiful frock and jewels.

Not Much News.

In the summer of 1903 an exploring expedition set out from Cook Inlet, Alaska, in an attempt to climb Mount McKinley, the highest peak on the American continent. They went in with a pack of cayuses through a hundred miles of tundra and then struggled for weeks over glaciers and through terrible hardships to emerge at last on the Chulitna river down which they rafted to civilization, as represented by Cook Inlet.

As they came in, worn, ragged, at last [illegible] from exposure and [illegible] a [illegible] old man strolled up [illegible] with four white [illegible] dogs [illegible] Rosen [illegible] They asked him the news of the world.

"Waal, yer know the [illegible] he drawled, "and the [illegible]

[illegible] And Russia's going to fight the Japs. That ain't much happened this summer."

MEANS MUCH TO THE STATE

The Steenerson Drainage Bill Would Add Millions in Wealth.

Would Increase the Population About 12,500 Also.

The Minneapolis Journal of Monday contained an interesting article from Washington giving some facts regarding Congressman Steenerson's bill to drain the Mud Lake district. The following is part of the article:

According to figures furnished by Secretary Garfield to congress, there are 404,000 acres of land in the Mud Lake district. These lands belong to the Indians, who will have to be paid $1.25 an acre for them, and the settlers will have to pay the cost of drainage, which is estimated at about $3.50 an acre. When drained, these lands will be among the most fertile in all Minnesota, and will be settled promptly.

Speaking on the question of what this drainage would mean for the state, Mr. Garfield said:

"As the lands to be drained will be subject to homestead entry only, they would afford homes for 2,500 farmers, according to the estimates furnished by the census bureau. The same authority says that there is an average of five persons on every farm in the country, which would give a total of 12,500 to new population in northern Minnesota. It is fair to say that these people would expend yearly for supplies of all kinds $500 a family, which would mean an addition of $1,250,000 a year to the volume of state business. Placing the crop value of the land at the modest figure of $10 an acre, there would be $1,000,000 added to the business of the state, in addition to the sum last named.

"The danger the bill may meet will lie in the policy of the speaker of the house, who it is said in some quarters will not favor any legislation at this session, adding to the public expenditures for public improvements of this character. Mr. Tawney, chairman of the appropriations committee, will be asked to permit the modest sum asked for under the Steenerson bill to be applied to the very desirable ends it is designed to meet. He should not show any particular opposition to this bill, as the sum appropriated will be covered back into the treasury, as is the case with the irrigation revolving fund, to be used again and again for drainage purposes.

"The advocates of federal aid to drainage may not look kindly upon any single state project, standing alone, but if they do, the national drainage association will lend its influence toward the Steenerson bill, believing it will be the entering wedge for national aid to drainage.

"The topographical survey of the entire Red Lake reservation has been completed by the government, and a report upon the work will be made to congress as soon as possible. Unquestionably, Mr. Steenerson, if successful in passing his present bill, will, in the future attempt legislation that will reclaim the entire two million acres of the Red lake reserve."

Woodmen Installation.

The joint installation of the R. N. A. and M. W. A., last Thursday evening was an enjoyable affair.

The Royal Neighbors, as evidence of their good will towards Mrs. Orra M. Richardson, who had faithfully discharged the duties of Oracle for nearly nine years, presented to her an umbrella with a pearl and gold handle, suitably and handsomely engraved by Dr. Klimek.

The ladies of the Catholic church furnished an elegant supper and everyone was happy.

The Woodmen are most sincerely thankful to the Antler's club and the Masonic Fraternity of this city for the free use of their sumptuous halls. They also thank the Sons of Norway, for the spirit of fraternalism manifested by them in adjourning a meeting to accommodate others. By Committee.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn. Post Office if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington, D.C.

[illegible] L. M.
[illegible] Nels
Leegard Mrs. Lizzie
[illegible] Lewis
Nelson Miss Anna
[illegible]
Trudeau William
Bakker Miss Mathilda
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] Miss [illegible]
[illegible] Henry

When [illegible] for any of the above please say advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Fresh honey for sale at O. Tessum's store.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogahmah.

J. E. Morrisey was up from Crookston last week.

County commissioner John Sorum was in the city last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Walter Rosenberry was over in North Dakota last week selling lumber.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 241.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

D. N. Winton was over to Bemidji last week attending to business matters.

John Meehan was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Frank Hathaway was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

Attorney S. Cooke left Monday for Roseau and will make that city his home in the future.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Walter Robbecke returned to this city last week from his trip to the southern part of the state.

Ex-Sheriff Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls last week attending to some business matters.

Word comes from Sioux City, Iowa, that a daughter has been born to Dr. and Mrs. Lanning.

K. M. Hanson returned to Red Lake Falls Monday to resume his duties in the county auditor's office.

Lars Runnestrand, of the town of Reiner, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

Chris Amundson left last Saturday evening for St. Paul and will remain there until spring visiting with relatives.

—For Sale Cheap—A second hand 16 horsepower Port Huron engine. Cash or on time. Address Box 621, Crookston, Minn.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to some of the duties of the office of court commissioner.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

T. Nelson, who has a valuable claim up near Brunkeberg, came over from Stephen the first of the week and will remain upon his claim the remaining part of the winter.

Judge Andrew Grindeland came over from Warren Saturday evening and remained here until Monday morning visiting with his daughter, Mrs. O. F. Mellby, and then proceeding to Roseau county to hold a term of court.

Oscar A. Trytten, one of the old time settlers up in the Germantown country and who still has a valuable farm there, came over from Hatton, N. D., Monday where he is now located, to look after business matters for a few days and visit with old friends.

—Two cows for sale. Inquire of S. J. Johnson.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Rasmus Oen was down to Crookston last week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Shei last Thursday.

Andrew Myklastad, of Anton, was in the city Tuesday and called at this office.

H. W. Skagen was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. C A. Nason were down to Crookston last week visiting with friends.

For Sale—Household goods at a bargain. Mrs. A. J. Klemik, Evenson house 5th. St. N.

Christ Nelson of Thorwick, was in the city Tuesday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Michael Fricker, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week attending to business matters here.

C. C. Jackson left Sunday evening for Monticello, called there by the death of his sister's husband.

Charles N. Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Miss Emma Vorachek, of Lankin, N. D., spent Sunday in the city at the home of John J. Vorachek.

Albert Eve, of Highlanding, was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

John J. Vorachek left Monday for Conway, N. D., to spend a few days looking after his farming interests over there.

John Guinan arrived here from Kalispell, Mont., last Saturday and will spend a couple of weeks here visiting old friends.

Dr. Archibald returned to this city Tuesday from his trip to the Pacific coast country. He has decided not to locate out west.

Mrs. Bert Walker was down to Crookston to spend Sunday, taking her daughter, Florence, down to receive treatment from an eye specialist.

P. Sullivan was down from Highlanding the first of the week, having with him his son, John, who was operated upon at the hospital for appendicitis.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Feb. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Judge N. W. Tarrant returned home Tuesday noon from Fox Lake, Wis., whether he was summoned by the illness of his aged mother. He reports the aged lady much improved at the time of his departure and has hopes that she may enjoy many more years of sunshine and happiness.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

It is reported that a very enthusiastic creamery meeting was held last week at Strathcona, Minn., where there is a large settlement of farmers who are anxious to start in the creamery business. The meeting was addressed by several creamery men and the farmers were shown what their neighbors are doing in other places in northern Minnesota, and it is almost certain that a new creamery will be organized there.

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 01
Barley	68c
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	50c

J. D. Abdott was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Tom Hovet was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Dr. Lemieux, the genial Red Lake Falls physician, was in the city Tuesday on professional business.

Walter Rosenberry was down to Minneapolis the first of the week attending the lumbermen's convention.

Mrs. Neeson, who had been in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Will Mullery returned to Crookston yesterday.

The masked ball to be given by the base ball boys tomorrow evening promises to be a largely attended affair.

Miss Bessie Brevick, who had been visiting her mother in this city, returned to Mason City, Iowa, the first of the week.

The family of A. Anderson, the jeweler, has removed into the city from their farm and are now living in a house on North LaBree avenue just north of the Richardson home.

The Order of Railway Telegraphers living at various towns along the Soo line, met in Thief River Falls Sunday and matters of interest to the order were discussed. About thirty were present.

George R. Kirkpatrick, the Socialist, will again be in Thief River Falls on Thursday evening, January 23, and will deliver a lecture in the city hall. Mr. Kirkpatrick is so well known in Thief River Falls that he needs no introduction to an audience here and is sure to be greeted by a large audience.

Mark Carmichael, the inventor of the milking machine, gave a public demonstration of the workings of his machine to a committee of business men yesterday morning. A cow belonging to Olaf Ramstad was milked. The machine would do the milking all right, but the cow would not stand still and so the demonstration was not a success.

W. J. LaBree was down to Plummer Tuesday and reports that the citizens there gave a genuine old fashioned charivari to John A. B. Anderson and his bride. Anderson is the town of Mayfield settler who secured a bride through an advertisement in a Milwaukee newspaper. Every man woman and child in Plummer was out and the bride was of the opinion that Plummer was a very live town.

ORGANIZE TOURNAMENT.

Antlers Club to Settle the Question as to Who Are the Best Whist Players.

There will be a smoke social at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow evening and at this time it is the intention to organize a Norwegian whist tournament and settle for all time a much mooted question as to who are the champion players of the club. Each person will be given the privilege of selecting his own partner and the teams thus organized will play together during the entire season. It is the intention of playing each Friday evening and each team will play three games together. At the conclusion of the tournament the winners will be awarded a prize and the others will be compelled to forever keep still.

GERMANTOWN.

The beginning of the New Year was just as good as the close of the old in regard to the weather, and it is apparent now that we are in the midst of the finest winter experienced by settlers in this part of the country. There is some complaint on the small amount of snow on the ground as sleighing is quite heavy but otherwise everybody is contented.

The Ladies Aid Society met with Mrs. Henry Roller last Wednesday and held a fairly well attended meeting. The society is working for a church steeple and bell and deserves to be encouraged.

Nels Moe is down in Norman county having driven out there some two weeks ago.

The annual meeting of the Scandinavian Lutheran congregation was held in the church January 5th. On the election of officers L. Bendickson was elected member of the board of trustees for a term of three years; Oscar Hovet was secretary; A. K. Haggy, treasurer and Martin Olson janitor each for one year. Among other matters acted on, it was decided to have six weeks of parochial school next summer and to make several improvements on and about the church and property, grading the road from the church to the section line etc.

The annual meeting of the Germantown Creamery Association is to be held this year on the 2[illegible] inst.

The new engine for the creamery has arrived and will be installed as soon as possible.

Carl Moen, [illegible] of Sutherland progressive barber [illegible] visited with friends here last week.

If we [illegible] know the amount of our taxes now it is no fault of the authorities.

Grand Clearance Sale

On Monday, Jan. 20, we commence a series of special sales for the purpose of reducing our stock and make room for spring goods. This sale will last 10 days and closes on Jan. 29. There will be extraordinary bargains in all departments and no one should miss this sale. For further particulars see large posters. We welcome everybody to this grand sale.

Langseth Mercantile Co

SCHOOL FOR TWO COUNTIES

A Large Summer School to Be Held Here This Year.

Red Lake and Marshall Counties to Have but One School.

Supt. J. H. Hay, of the city schools and County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty were over to Stephen Monday attending the meeting of trustees for Marshall county. They report that the meeting was quite largely attended, but there was not as large a crowd as was in attendance at the meeting held here Saturday.

J. W. Olson, state superintendent of Public instruction, was present and he promised Supt. Hay and Mr. McAnulty a summer school for Red Lake and Marshall counties to be held in Thief River Falls this year. The school will be for six weeks and will be started about the 15th of June. There will be about 300 school teachers of the two counties present and it will be one of the largest schools ever held in the northern part of the state. The instructors that will have charge of this school will be announced later.

Jeffers Improving.

Says the Red Lake Falls Gazette;

Fred Borchers was over to Blackduck the latter part of last week to see Frank Jeffers and look after his wants as a representative of the local I. O. O. F. lodge. Fred reports the injured man in fine spirits and doing nicely, and says it will be but a short time until he may be removed to his home in Crookston. Everything possible is being done by the Odd Fellows and numerous friends for the relief of the unfortunate man, and liberal donations have been extended by all. The citizens of Red Lake Falls made up a purse of $125, the firemen at their meeting Monday night voted him $150, and the Odd Fellows sent a check for $75, besides the weekly offering allowed by the by laws of the order. All our people sympathise with the unfortunate man and are ever ready to extend aid in the time of need to a citizen as highly respected as was Frank Jeffers and his family.

J. A. RALSTON DISCHARGED

Former Restaurant Man Is Found Not Guilty by the Court.

Was Charged With Stealing a Note for $250 from G Halvorson.

J. A. Ralston, until recently the proprietor of the Hub restaurant, was arrested Saturday evening charged with stealing a note for $250 from the desk of Attorney G. Halvorson. The note was one which Mr. Ralston had entered into a written agreement to pay, although he was not the original signer.

Ralston was tried Monday before Judge Bishop. Attorney Halvorson testified that Ralston was in his office on Saturday afternoon settling an account for electric lights with Supt. Peterson. He was given the use of Mr. Halvorson's desk on which to do some writing and Mr. Halvorson states that he noticed in particular that the note was laying upon the desk. He went into another room and when he returned Ralston was gone and he at once noticed that the note was also missing. Careful search of the office was made and it could not be found. Supt. Peterson testified substantially the same as Mr. Halvorson. There was no direct testimony to the effect that Ralston had taken the note, all of the evidence being circumstantial. Ralston testified in his own behalf denying that he had taken the note. Judge Bishop held that there was not sufficient evidence to hold him upon and the case was dismissed.

At Red Lake Falls last Saturday morning occurred the wedding of J. Morrisette and Mrs. Katie Olson. The groom is popular and highly efficient marshal of Plummer and the bride a most estimable young woman of Wa[illegible]. The happy couple will make their home in Plummer for the present, but we are informed will move later on to the nice farm owned by the bride in Johnson township.

Found—A stray dog came to my place about a week ago. It's black of medium size has a bushy tail and pointed nose. Owner please call at John [illegible]'s East Side, or write Box 1023.

A BOOM ON FOR CLARK

Former Resident of This City Getting to the Front.

May Get a State Office Over in North Dakota.

Sam H. Clark, who a few years ago was a resident of Thief River Falls and while here was editor and part owner of the Press, is being boomed for the office of state insurance commissioner in North Dakota. That he may be successful is the wish of the people here. The following taken from the Minneapolis Journal refers to his candidacy:

Williston, N. D., Jan. 13.—The movement to nominate a newspaper man for insurance commissioner on the republican ticket has been sweeping the state from east to west and there is now a strong boom for Sam H. Clark, editor of the Minot reporter. Mr. Clark came here from Minnesota shortly after graduating in the law department of the university and took up newspaper work.

Compliments a Local Lady.

Those who attended the Congregational church, both morning and evening, last Sunday, aside from the usual interesting and instructive services, had the rare pleasure of listening to the superb singing of Mrs. G. Halvorson, of Thief River Falls, who rendered a solo at both services. Mrs. Halvorson is a cultivated singer of note. Her voice is soprano, of great range and power, combined with sweetness and perfect control. She was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Tenney, returning to her home Monday.—Ada Herald.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association will be held at the City Hall on the last Saturday of January being the 25th. Meeting convenes at 11 o'clock a. m. then adjourn to the basement of the M. E. church on East Side of the river where a free dinner will be served to the farmers by W. W. Prichard. Meeting convenes at City hall again at 1:30 p. m. sharp.

P. Engelstad, Sec.

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

GOVERNMENT RAILROADS.

Public Ownership Is Already Beyond the Line of Experiment.

Says Lawson, "The only time a Union Pacific railroad requires a Harriman for a head is when it schemes and plots to pillage the people in defiance of existing laws." And he says (and he ought to know, being behind the scenes himself) that an honest man of good managerial ability could take Harriman's place at a moment's notice without the interruption of the legitimate business or policy of the road.

This claim is well borne out by the fact that when the high financiers in the past have "managed" the railroad into bankruptcy the government has taken the management over under a receivership, selecting for receiver such a man as was available, and soon put the road back on a paying basis. And this is why government ownership of railroads is already feasible and beyond the line of experiment. We have had it already, and it has been a success.

The real function today of the railroad president is the function of a long headed monkey worker. He is in office to employ craft instead of service to the road and the road's patrons. That is the reason why railroad presidents get such stupendous salaries, for only men of abnormal *craft are suited* for such work.—Frederick Heath in Omaha Socialist Herald.

A Universal Picture.

Take a man, for instance, who labors hard from fourteen to sixteen hours a day to obtain the bare necessaries of existence. He eats the bacon and potatoes—when, indeed, he can get them—in a place which might rather be called a den than a house and then, worn out, lies down and sleeps. He is brutalized in a moral and physical point of view. He has no ideas but propensities—not beliefs, but instincts. He does not read—he cannot read. He has not within his reach the least means of self enlightenment, and his contact with the upper class is only the relation of a servant to a master, of a machine to the director of a machine. Of what use are books to such a being? How can you come at him, how kindle the divine spark which is torpid in his soul, how give the notion of life, of sacred life, to him who knows it only by the material labor that crushes him and by the wages that abase him? Alas, this man's name is Million! He is met with on every side. He constitutes nearly three-fourths of the population of Europe.—Joseph Mazzini.

Pure Marriages.

Socialism does not deal directly with marriage, but indirectly it will do much to promote purer and happier relations in this direction. Ministers are just now discussing the increase of the "divorce evil," but it does not seem to occur to them that this has its real origin in the capitalistic system, which has put marriage, with everything else, on the commercial basis. The hard conditions of existence drive thousands of women to enter the marriage state with almost the first man who offers himself regardless of love, with the result that before long the mistake is discovered and relief is sought in divorce. Not until woman is economically free will this "problem" be solved. Socialism instead of abolishing marriage will make the real love marriage possible for all.

A Corrupting System.

An American scientist has discovered a new race of people in the fastnesses of Alaska, and he found that they were a singularly moral and happy people, but that they are gradually dying out. Then he adds this significant statement: "It is to be hoped for their sakes that they die out before the white traders go to them. Then they can die cleanly and happily as they live." Almost unconsciously the scientist indicts the present system of society. The present system is poison and contamination to the virtues, and there is such a recognition of the fact, even if vague, that sympathy goes out to a discovered race which is pure in its habits, but which in all probability is soon to be overtaken by our civilized rottenness and immoral greed.—Social-Democratic Herald.

Attorney Studies Socialism.

Dispatch to Chicago Daily Socialist from Findlay, O.: "William David, prosecuting attorney, since his trust busting campaign against the Standard Oil company has been showing great interest in Socialism. He was a visitor at the last Sunday meeting of the party. David was also one of the judges in the debate held several weeks ago on the subject, 'Resolved, That the Capitalists Are Doing More to Bring About Socialism Than the Workingmen.'"

For a Just Society.

The Socialist votes cast by the Socialist party in the different countries shows that for the first time in the history of the world there is an intelligent and systematized movement toward the conscious organization of a just society. The [illegible] possibility is about the greatest [illegible] the human brain is capable of at this time, but [illegible] every one [illegible] greatest [illegible]

Saw Hope in Socialism.

During the last years of her life Frances E. Willard [illegible] Socialist. [illegible] of all profits from its management.

HE LEARNED WISDOM.

How an Objector to Socialism Was Convinced of His Error.

MY OBJECTIONS TO SOCIALISM.

[By a leading business man.]

The alarming growth of Socialism in recent years calls for serious consideration by all who cherish our American institutions.

The Socialists are carrying on what they call a "campaign of education," and they keep eternally at it.

We should meet this campaign with one of our own.

How are we to do this?

By exposing the fallacies of Socialism, to be sure.

To do this intelligently we must acquaint ourselves with the answers of the Socialists to the principal objections to their theories.

With this in view I addressed a short communication to a prominent Socialist some time ago with the request that he answer the following objections to Socialism:

Socialism would lead to anarchism.

Socialism proposes an equal division of wealth.

Socialism would degrade woman and destroy the home.

Socialism is opposed to religion.

This is the way he answered me:

Anarchism proposes to let every man do as he pleases and teaches that there shall be no law and no authority outside of the individual.

Socialism demands direct government by the people and the ownership by the people of all important industries, to be operated for the sole purpose of supplying the needs of the people.

To do this effectively the workers must organize. Anarchists oppose organization.

Socialism would extend and perfect government by making it democratic and industrial.

Anarchism would destroy government.

Socialism is opposed to "dividing up."

Socialism demands that the mines, railroads and trusts be owned by the people precisely in the same manner as our public schools, streets and public highways are now owned.

You haven't heard of the people "dividing up" the schools, streets, highways and bridges, have you?

Certainly not! They are public conveniences for the use of all, and even strangers are permitted to use the highways and bridges without let or hindrance. They serve the community at cost.

Aber! Coal mines, railroads, telegraph and telephone lines are also public utilities.

If you desire to use them, however, you are obliged to pay tribute to private owners. They make you "divide up."

These private owners are not in business to look after the needs of the people, but to make profits, forcing us to "divide up."

Only the people can operate public utilities at cost.

Socialism would protect the home.

Homes cannot be made nor families properly cared for by men who receive for their labor only a bare living.

Socialism proposes better incomes for workingmen, fewer hours of labor, more education. These would insure more and better homes.

Socialism demands for woman the right to vote, equal pay with men for equal service and opportunity for self support.

Isn't it nonsense to say that woman would be less moral because she could vote, had better pay and was certain of a respectable living?

Both men and women would be relieved from the uncertainties of the struggle-for-existence and would then be absolutely free to marry for love alone.

Socialism regards religion as a private matter.

It would be suicidal for the Socialist party to oppose religion.

Our enemies know this, and that is why they try to stir up religious strife among us.

We all desire good clothes, good homes, good books, good music and all the good things that go toward making happy homes and pleasant associations. These are the things Socialism strives to obtain for all alike regardless of race or religion. All agree on this.

We have people of all shades of belief and unbelief in our ranks, and it would be foolish for us to wrangle about these matters.

We are striving for practical results that will benefit all—for the true brotherhood of man on earth.

After reading these strong answers to my objections to Socialism I came to the conclusion that I had been barking up the wrong tree.

So I wrote to the Social-Democratic Publishing company, Milwaukee, Wis., and asked it to send me about $5 worth of its best books on Socialism, and I got wise."

Go thou and do likewise.—A. J. Welch.

The Socialist Advance.

The New York Evening Post's [illegible] are turning to Socialism [illegible] for the mastery.—People's Paper.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tina Holsing, of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 982 made Dec. 2nd, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 1, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Jan., 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Albert Rohrer of Germantown, Minn.
Nels Larson " " "
Peter A. Johnson " " "
John Graff " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 26 jan 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Przybyszeski of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 639, made October 3rd, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 28, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Feb. 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Frank Staska of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mat Staska " " " "
Fred Skaar " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 26 jan 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention *to make commuted* proof in support of his and claim, that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 3rd., 1908, viz: Engebret Nelson H. E. No. 12 Red Lake Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 24, in Twp. 151 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Tollof O. Loyland of Thief River Falls, Minn
Knute Loyland " " " "
Andrew Lindall " " " "
Martin H. Ballingsrued " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 26 jan 30

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson, and Kittel Knudson, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nils Knudson being duly filed in this court, representing that Knudt Syverson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of June 1904, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Nils Knudson. Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of January 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 19th, day of December, 1907.

COURT SEAL

N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

dec 26 jan 9

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit, Candies and Tobacco Go to H. FANT'S

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KIPLING'S VISIT TO SWEDEN

Englishman the Center of Interest at the Distribution of the Nobel Prizes—Pleased at His Reception.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Rudyard Kipling has paid a visit to Sweden and has expressed in glowing terms his great appreciation of the hearty reception accorded him there. At the distribution of the Nobel prizes at the Musical academy he was the center of interest and it was evident that Kipling was deeply appreciative of the fact that he got the prize for literature. Mr. Kipling's books are widely read in Sweden and had his visit to Stockholm not been limited to only three days he would have had a reception in Stockholm such as no other literary winner of the Nobel prize before him had had. To a representative of Dannebrog (Copenhagen) Kipling said: "Stockholm is one of the most beautiful cities I have ever seen. I looked over the city very thoroughly and of all that fascinated me most was the wonderful Skansen. But I realized only too well that my time was too short, so I am going to visit Stockholm again next summer. The Swedish people are exceptionally hospitable and I think they are so natural and sincere. King Gustave V. made a very favorable impression upon me and seems to possess all the qualities that have made his people so famous. He seems to be farsighted and clearheaded and expresses himself rapidly and to the point. I was especially well impressed with the comfortable traveling communications in Sweden, which are indeed the best that I have ever enjoyed. My wife and I can never forget the tribute paid us by the school girls of Stockholm. It is cherished by us as one of the red letter events of our lives."

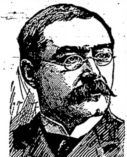

RUDYARD KIPLING.

The Danish king and queen, the crown prince of Roumania and Prince Max of Bavaria while attending the funeral services in Stockholm were guests at the royal palace. Grand Duke Konstantinovitch, of Russia, was the guest of the duke and duchess of Vestergotland at the palace on Djurgarden. The duke of Vienna was a guest of Prince Eugene and also Duke Friedrick of Austria and Prince Ferdinand were the guests of Count Carlsson Bonde. The French representatives were quartered with Baron Trolle.

King Oscar's fortune is now estimated at about 25,000,000 crowns. A number of papers estimated it a short time ago at only 10,000,000 crowns, but the Stockholm papers all unite in stating that King Oscar's fortune was closer to 30,000,000 than 10,000,000. At any rate King Oscar was a very rich king and Queen Sofia has a fortune in her own right which easily exceeds 10,000,000 crowns.

Prince Wilhelm and Grand Duchess Maria of St. Petersburg will be married the second week of June and will arrive in Stockholm about June 15. At the marriage festivities, which will take place in St. Petersburg, representatives of the English, Russian, German and Danish royal families will be present.

Again the physicians are urging Queen Victoria to return to Italy for her health. Her lungs are weak and she cannot stand the vigorous northern clime. Very likely the queen is already on her way south to spend the remainder of the winter in Rome, where the climate seems to agree with her best.

King Oscar's coffin was purchased at a cost of [illegible] crowns. The coffin is fifteen centimeters long and is the largest coffin in the Bernad[illegible] vaults. The hearse was exceedingly simple and there was nothing expensive about it whatsoever.

Strompatteren, the popular Stockholm restaurant and concert garden, has been offered for lease by the city council with the stipulation, however, that nothing but wine and beer be served at meals.

Major General Olof Bernhard Malm will succeed Major D. H. Tingsten as Sweden's minister of war. General Malm was born in 1851 and has had much experience in public life.

The youngest officer in the Swedish army at present is Wilhelm Virgin. He was born Aug. 29, 1888, and is therefore only nineteen years old.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Morgenbladet, the big Christiania daily, in discussing the crops for 1907 gives statistics showing the value of the crops in Norway the past few years. According to these statistics it appears that an average crop is about as follows: 2,567,000 tons of hay, 7,900,000 hektoliters of potatoes, 264,000 hektoliters of grain, 3,474,000 hektoliters of barley, 314,780 hektoliters of rye, 118,000 hektoliters of wheat. In this calculation turnips and other vegetables are omitted. In 1905, a good year, the value of the crops was 200,500,000 crowns. In 1904, a poor year, the value of the crops was 162,750,000 crowns. In conclusion Morgenbladet says that it is still too early to make an accurate estimate of the 1907 crops. That it will be less than normal, however is certain.

Professor Rontgen, who some time ago was authorized to go through a number of Grieg manuscripts, which were never put in print by the late composer, states that he has found some perfect gems. So new volumes of Grieg songs, allegro and andante will be published in the near future permission to do so having been secured from Mrs. Grieg. Professor Julius Rontgen, who is a pianist of wonderful capabilities and who is considered one of the best Grieg interpreters in Norway, will give a concert in Copenhagen this month, when he will render the selections mentioned which, of course, have never been rendered in public before.

The duties on imports for November in Norway for the year of 1907 amounted to 2,395,578 crowns, as against 2,078,145 crowns in November, 1905. In the first eight months of the fiscal years of 1907-08, the duties aggregated 30,746,807 crowns, as compared with 28,570,590 crowns during the same period a year ago. If the increase continues to the end of the fiscal year the total will be more than 41,000,000 crowns.

Bjornson has written a long and interesting article in the "Berliner Tageblatt" regarding the late King Oscar, who during the last few years was an intimate friend of Bjornson's. The article is full of touching incidents taken from the time that he was king of both countries. It is a well known fact that prior to receiving the Nobel prize for literature, Bjornson was really a strong opponent of King Oscar.

Minister Hjalmar Christian Hauge's funeral took place a week ago last Friday. He was buried in Our Savior's cemetery. In the funeral procession, which was an unusually large one, participated a representative of King Haakon, United States Minister Herbert Pierce and members of the diplomatic corps.

The remains of the late Mme. Eva Nansen, wife of the Norwegian explorer, Fridtjof Nansen, were cremated in Gothenburg, Sweden, week before last. The deceased gave orders many years prior to her death that her body was to be cremated and her wish was gratified.

The number of postal money orders which were sent from the United States to Norway for the holidays amounted to about 778,410 crowns this year. Last year the money orders sent during the same period amounted to 628,811 crowns.

An anonymous book entitled "Under the Law," which was recently published, has created much attention in all parts of the country, especially in school circles. The book takes up child punishment as it is being practiced in rural schools.

Mme. Nina Grieg, widow of the late composer, Edward Grieg, has received permission to erect a mausoleum on Trold-Haugen in memory of her husband.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Copenhagen gets an immense business from southern Sweden. There are some weeks thousands of Swedes in Copenhagen, who come there to do business. Malmo, while a very active town, cannot hold her own with Copenhagen and the trade that the Danish metropolis has received from Sweden during the last few year, especially the last three years, runs up into big figures and is on a steady increase. The relations between the two countries are the most cordial and have, if anything, been strengthened since Sweden and Norway separated.

Dr Maurice F. Egan, United States minister to Denmark, attended a New Year's reception given by King Frederick and Crown Prince Christian. Mr Egan had a long conversation with the king, who said he would like to visit President Roosevelt, but could not undertake the journey so soon after his visit to [illegible]. Crown Prince Christian displayed great interest in the voyage of the American battleship fleet from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Since Sweden and Norway dissolved partnership the former country is [illegible] the greatest [illegible] with Copenhagen as the center of exchange. [illegible]

Queen Alexandra will pay a visit [illegible]

King Frederick and Queen [illegible] of Denmark attended King Oscar's funeral.

MARION S NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Uniform switching rates have been adopted by the state railroad and warehouse commission for the transfer yards at the Minnesota transfer and South St. Paul. The board has had this question under consideration for several years and in the course of that time has found it necessary to settle disputes in many individual cases, but not until now has there been a uniform schedule adopted to apply to all cases.

By having handled during the year 1907 twice the amount of barley that was handled during 1906, amounting to the extraordinary total of 20,023,820 bushels, Minneapolis has broken every previous record and has jumped to the head of the list as the first primary barley market of the United States.

Resolutions were adopted by the Minnesota Retail Implement Dealers' association at their fourth annual convention in Minneapolis declaring the machinery canvasser an "unnecessary evil" and pledging themselves to do all that is possible to chase him out of the state of Minnesota.

G. H. Powers, residing near Little Falls, has just sowed thirty acres to timothy and clover. He says that the ground is in good condition and the season, as it is, is very satisfactory for sowing grass seed. There is very little snow and what there is will not hurt the seed.

The contest to test the validity of Mahnomen county has been dropped. Mahnomen county was created out of the eastern part of Norman county, the question of the division having been submitted to the voters at the last general election.

The enforcement of law in St. Paul is the purpose of the Young People's Law Enforcement league, organized by representatives of the Baptist Young People's union, the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor and the Epworth league.

State Treasurer Dinehart has received from the Northern Pacific Railway company a check for $11,880.63 in payment of the 5 per cent penalty for the failure of the company to have its taxes for 1904 fully paid up on March 1, 1905.

The gross receipts of the Minneapolis postoffice for the year ending Dec. 31, 1907, amounted to $1,527,154.46. The figures for the year 1906 were $1,452,439.51, showing an increase of $74,714.95.

Warden Wolfer of the Stillwater prison announces that the prices for binder twine at the prison for the ensuing season will be 1 cent per pound in all grades less than last year.

The annual report of the state railroad commission shows that nearly eighty-six miles of railway were built in Minnesota during the last fiscal year.

Judge Dickinson of Minneapolis has upheld the right of the board of education to compel high school students to resign from fraternities.

Walter J. Hill, son of Mr. and Mrs. James J. Hill, and Miss Dorothy Barrows were married at St. Paul Saturday.

St. Paul was seventh among American cities in the building record for 1907.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

In wild flight from officers after he and his brother had, it is charged, robbed an express wagon Fred Mortenson, twenty-one years old, plunged headlong from the forty-foot parapet on the High street side of the Union depot trainyard at Minneapolis and broke his leg. He was unable to run farther and was captured by detectives and taken to the city hospital.

Mrs. Michael Micko, twenty-three years old, is dead at her home in Minneapolis from having taken four medicine tablets to relieve a splitting headache. Within ten minutes she was unconscious and the end came in a few hours. Her body turned blue in color and every muscle appeared to be paralyzed.

It is thought that many Minneapolis girls have been swindled out of all their savings by two smooth young mining stock sellers, the total amount of the presumed swindle reaching $25,000. The promoters have been arrested in New York and will be brought back to Minneapolis.

Believing that he had found something that would "taste good" William Cagley, the one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jay Cagley of Minneapolis, stole a bottle of skin lotion from the top of a table when his mother was not looking and drained the bottle, dying in great agony.

Dr. L. C. Gray, a veterinary surgeon of Paynesville, drank a large dose of carbolic acid while in bed, dying from the effects of the poison soon afterward.

William Russell, a farmer living four miles east of Rosemount, committed suicide by taking strychnine. His mind had been unbalanced for some time.

Charles Watson, a boy of thirteen, was thrown from a wagon in a runaway at Foxhome and killed almost instantly.

OBITUARY.

George Benz, head of the firm of George Benz & Sons of St. Paul and one of St. Paul's oldest and best known citizens, is dead.

Judge Jacob Newsall, a pioneer resident of Owatonna, is dead after nearly two years of suffering from diabetes.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Roosevelt has decided to remove the federal troops from Goldfield, Nev., immediately as a result of the report made to him by the commission sent there to investigate the situation. The report says: "The conditions did not support the general allegations in the governor's request for troops, nor were his specific statements established to any such extent as to justify his use of those statements for the purpose of getting federal troops." The report then recommends that the troops be withdrawn regardless of any request that may be made for their retention.

In a message to the house of representatives President Roosevelt urged that in preparing for the work of taking the next census the 4,000 or more additional employes needed be appointed only after competitive examinations under the rules of the civil service commission and strongly denounced the "patronage system" of making the appointments.

In an opinion by Justice White the supreme court of the United States, divided 5 to 4, held to be unconstitutional the congressional enactment of June 11, 1906, known as "the employers' liability law," making railroads and other common carriers responsible to employes in accidents due to the negligence of fellow servants or to ineffective appliances.

Richard A. Ballinger, commissioner of the general land office, has tendered his resignation of that office to President Roosevelt and it has been accepted to take effect March 4. Fred Dennett, assistant commissioner, has been appointed commissioner.

It is now confidently expected at the department of justice that suit will begin within the next few days against E. H. Harriman, involving the relations between the Union and Southern Pacific railroads.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Judge Walter N. Sanborn of the United States circuit court has appointed A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago Great Western railroad, and Charles H. F. Smith, both residents of St. Paul, receivers for the Chicago Great Western railroad. The appointment of receivers followed the inability of the company to raise money to meet obligations falling due in 1908 and the failure to secure an extension of the obligations.

According to the monthly circular of the National City bank of New York $276,000,000 in cash disappeared between the call for the condition of the national banks responded to last August and the one last month.

Nearly $8,000,000 was spent in the United States during 1907 for motor cars, according to the estimates made by the Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers.

General Manager Holdrege has announced that a large number of Burlington railroad employes in all departments will be laid off at once.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Father Charles F. Kearful, for nearly forty years a Catholic priest in Missouri and Kansas, has been notified by the state department at Washington that he is heir to a fortune of $500,000 left by his uncle, Karl Kirkfogel, a prominent wool merchant, who died recently in Sydney, Australia.

The North German Lloyd Steamship company and the Hamburg-American Steamship company have definitely agreed to work in unison on all of the most important lines of their services, the agreement to last several years.

The Pennsylvania supreme court has refused to permit an appeal to be taken to that tribunal from the superior court in the famous Hartje divorce case.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Wheat—May, $1.12¼; July, $1.12¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.14¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.12¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.10¼; No. 3 Northern, $1.06¼@1.08¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$4.15@4.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.50@6.85.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 11.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.09¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.07¼; May, $1.12¾; July, $1.13⅛. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16¾; May, $1.20¾; July, $1.22¼.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.30@4.50; Texans, $3.10@3.90; calves, $5.25@8.00; Western cattle, $3.70@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.15. Hogs—Light, $4.10@4.40; mixed, $4.10@4.45; heavy, $4.10@4.45; rough, $4.10@4.20; pigs, $3.50@4.15. Sheep, $3.50@4.60; yearlings, $4.90@5.80; lambs, $5.25@7.20.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Wheat—May, $1.05¾; July, 98⅛c; Sept., 95¼c. Corn—May, 60c; July, 58¼@58⅜c; Sept., 58¼c. Oats—May, old, 53⅛@53⅜c; May, 52⅛c; July, old, 47⅛c; July, 45⅛c; Sept., 39⅞c. Pork—Jan., $12.82½; May, $13.37½. Butter—Creameries, 20@29½c; dairies, 18@25c. Eggs—24@26c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10@11c; chickens, 9½c; springs, 9c.

SPECTACULAR BLAZE.

Entire Minneapolis Fire Department Battles With Flames.

Putting up one of the hardest and most spectacular fights that has been waged against fire in Minneapolis for years the entire fire department battled for two hours to save the block of commercial buildings on Third avenue north between Fourth and Fifth streets, occupied by a number of wholesale firms.

At one time the flames gained such headway that the St. Paul fire department was called upon to be in readiness to respond to an emergency call from Minneapolis, but this proved unnecessary and the fire at last was confined to the row in which it originated. The loss is estimated at $163,000, with insurance amounting to about $138,000.

During the worst of the fire Chief Canterbury ordered the greater part of his force into the Northern Manufacturing company's building, which was separated from the burning structure by only a fire wall, and for more than an hour 200 men occupied the various floors, fighting to keep the flames from gaining a foothold. Their efforts were successful and the fire was placed under control.

The fire originated in some straw stock in the rear of that portion of the buildings occupied by the Bibb *Broom company. It ate its way to the* elevator shaft and from there swept to the upper floors and the roof and by the time the fire department got to work the entire Ford building was a mass of flames.

The spectacular effect was greatly heightened by the breaking of the flames from the upper part of the structures and the height at which the fire had to be fought also added materially to the danger of the firemen.

The buildings which were destroyed were all four-story structures of brick and the fire made its way so completely through them that there was no chance of saving any of the stock to speak of. In almost every case the loss is total.

KILLED BY THE CARS.

Four Men Meet Death in St. Paul and Vicinity.

Four men were killed on the railroads in St. Paul and vicinity within twenty-four hours and one was seriously maimed.

B. Beselves of Minneapolis was killed in the Minnesota Transfer railway yards, being run over by two cars.

John Oltean, a Roumanian laborer, was run down by a Northern Pacific passenger train near the Western avenue bridge. His skull was fractured and he died instantly.

William Fischer, who was run down by a St. Paul road passenger train at Grace and Oneida streets while he was driving a coal wagon across the tracks, died at the city hospital.

Frank Faribault, who was squeezed between two freight cars in the West Side yards of the Chicago Great Western railway, died at St. Joseph's hospital.

George Clark of Chicago had his right knee fractured when he fell from a train under the Third street bridge.

BIG BUILDING GUTTED.

Fire Destroys Minneapolis Furniture and Carpet Exchange.

Fire gutted the seven-story warehouse of the Hartman Furniture and Carpet Exchange at Minneapolis, causing a loss of $125,000. The loss is covered by insurance. Sherman Moore and Alex Millan, employed in the warehouse, had narrow escapes from death soon after the fire started. They attempted to extinguish the blaze with chemicals and while so employed their avenues of escape were filled with fire. Seeing that it was impossible for them to extinguish the fire they raced for their lives through the smoke and flames. Both men were burned about the face and hands. The fire went from the second floor through the roof. Fire walls prevented the flames from spreading to surrounding wholesale buildings.

Minnesota Secures Swamp Lands.

A big addition to the state swamp land holdings was announced when a letter was received in St. Paul from James R. Garfield, secretary of the department of the interior, confirming Minnesota's title to 187,000 acres of land in the Chippewa and White Earth reservations. All that is now in question is about 2,000 acres, of which some doubt is entertained as to whether they were originally swamp or not.

Alleged Swindlers Indicted.

Indictments have been voted by the Hennepin county grand jury at Minneapolis to insure the extradition from New York city of Charles [illegible] and John Lattrick, accused of being the perpetrators of an extensive stock swindle in Minneapolis. Bench warrants were issued by Judge Holt, and armed with these, the Minneapolis detectives do not expect to have any trouble in bringing the prisoners back to Minneapolis for trial.

Threat to Kill St. Paul Priest.

A Black Hand letter sent to Father A. D. Majer, pastor of St. Adelbert's Catholic church at St. Paul, has aroused the members of the parish and if the writer can be discovered they promise a warm time for him. The letter threatens the life of the priest unless he stops collecting money for the support of the church. The letter is written in Polish and evidently by an illiterate person.

POLITICIAN ARRESTED

Accused of Tampering With Federal Jury at St. Paul.

JURORS ALSO ARE INVOLVED

Action Brings to a Sensational Close Case Against Wisconsin Grain and Stock Company.

Sherman S. Smith of Minneapolis is accused of tampering with the Woods jury in the United States court at St. Paul. He is held by Judge Morris under $5,000 bail to answer a charge of contempt of court. Two jurors in the case, Lyman Bachellor of Medalia and E. C. Benedict of Sabin, Clay county, were also placed under like bonds on the same charge. Mr. Smith denies the charge.

This action brought to a sensational close the case against alleged officers of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company which has been on trial in the United States district court for more than a month and which has attracted wide attention. Judge Morris dismissed the jury and continued the *case over to the June term of court.* When the case is taken up again it will be as a new case and the ground covered at the present trial will have to be gone over again.

The defendants in the case are L. A. Wood, G. W. Wood, F. C. Wood, F. B. Wood, Charles Kelly and Paul Foss, who are charged by the government with being connected with the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company. The concern was a commission company and the government charges that it used the mails for the purpose of fraud.

Sherman S. Smith, who is accused of tampering with the jury, was on the special venire summoned for this case, but he was not accepted as a juror. He is a prominent Republican politician of Minneapolis. He represented a Minneapolis district in the state house of representatives during the sessions of 1901, 1902 and 1905, and he has been active in both local and state politics.

AGED RECLUSE MURDERED

Chris Walther of New Ulm Meets Tragic Death.

Chris Walther, sixty-five years old, was found murdered in his home in North German street, New Ulm, only about six blocks from the business section of the city. From the condition of the house robbery plainly was the motive for the crime, but there is no clue to the identity of the murderer other than that the police believe it to have been somebody familiar with the habits of the man. They think the act was deliberately planned and that Walther had been watched for some time.

Walther was a bachelor and had lived in New Ulm about thirty years. He had led the life of a recluse, and has been the only occupant of his little house. The only wound on the body was a mark below the right temple, and some blood had oozed from the left ear.

WILL SUCCEED GREELY.

General Edgerly to Command Department of Dakota.

By direction of the president Brigadier General Winfield S. Edgerly has been relieved from command of the department of the Gulf at Atlanta, Ga., and ordered to proceed to St. Paul and assume command temporarily of the department of Dakota during the absence of Major General Greely. General Edgerly's present assignment to the command of the department of Dakota, although announced as temporary, is intended to be made permanent on the statutory retirement of General Greely March 27 next. General Greely has been granted leave of absence until that date and has practically ended his career as an officer in active service.

BETS $5,000 ON JOHNSON

New Yorker Wages He Will Be Elected If Nominated.

With the national conventions which will nominate presidential candidates still a number of months away betting on the result of the election has already been started at the headquarters for campaign wagers, the Hoffman House, New York city. The first wager of the campaign is reported as having been recorded on the offer of John S. McDonald, the turfman, to bet $5,000 that Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota, if nominated for the presidency, would be elected. The reported taker of the wager is Thomas H. Shevlin, at one time member of the Republican national committee from Minnesota.

RETURNS FOR BREAKFAST

Alleged Murderer Escapes From the Shakopee Jail.

Thomas Nee, in the county jail at Shakopee for the murder of Deputy Sheriff McCall at Prior Lake a couple of weeks ago, escaped by knocking down the jailer. He went five miles in the country, where he stayed all night in a strawstack. During the night he attempted to take his life by using strips of a horse blanket for a noose, but this required so much effort that he finally decided to return to jail and he walked in on the guard in the morning in time for breakfast.

FASCINATING GEOLOGY.

A Study That Stirs the Imagination and Wonder of Man.

"Perhaps the greatest era in the history of geology," says a writer in the London Times, "was that in which the cataclysmic conception of terrestrial changes gave place to a belief that such changes had, in large part at least, been gradual and continuous and produced by the slow operation of causes still in activity in all parts of the globe. The cataclysmic conception had its original source no doubt in the Biblical narrative of the deluge and in the extent to which the highly figurative language of that narrative had been impressed upon the minds of many generations of men. It would naturally be supported by the phenomena of earthquakes and of volcanic eruptions, phenomena visibly and even startlingly productive of great local changes and seeming to afford at least possible or conceivable explanations of all other changes which had preceded them.

"It gradually came to be perceived that these great and startling events were really insignificant both in their character and in their extent when they were compared with those wrought by the simple influence of weather, by the splintering of rock surfaces by the freezing of water within crevices, by the denudation occasioned by rainfall and to be noted by those who are observant, in the turbidity of every streamlet after a shower, by the gradual conveyance of river mud to the bed of the ocean and by the alterations of land and water shown by fossil remains to have occurred, not once only, but frequently, in many parts of the globe. The fascination exercised by the pursuit of thus tracing back the lines of nature's handiwork has been strongly felt by many of the greatest intellects of the century, and hence it has followed that geology has been studied with an ardor which, in spite of the comparative newness of the pursuit, has already placed it in the front ranks of contemporary science.

"Those who are insensible to its fascinations or who are ignorant of the truths which it has revealed have often been disposed to deny or dispute its utility and to think that the time devoted to it might have been better employed. It might be sufficient to say that geology furnishes the knowledge which is essential to the economical and successful extraction of the mineral treasures of the earth, of the coal and iron which have done so much to create and foster the prosperity of England or, as Professor W. J. Sollas of Oxford put it in his address, that it has conducted water to our thirsty cities, has poured the gold of Africa into the lap of commerce and found diamonds to adorn the fair.

"But these things, he declared, were subordinate to the endeavors of the society to foster right thinking on the mysterious problems presented by the planet on which we dwell, and in this great conception of its work he will command the assent of all who recognize what has been in past time the effect of right thinking upon human history and its influence in raising mankind to the level which its most civilized representatives have now attained and from which they look forward to still further advances. The votaries of science have seldom been stimulated by mere utilitarianism; but, as a matter of fact, utility has followed in their footsteps wherever these have been directed."

Whittier's Loneliness.

He was essentially a lonely man. Romantic by temperament, susceptible to feminine charms and exactly constituted for the happiness of love and domestic life, he was doomed to austere celibacy. Filled with curiosity for distant places and having as contemporaries Irving, who spent over twenty years of his life in Europe; Cooper, who, besides his voyages, lived abroad seven successive years; Bryant, who made six excursions to the old world; Longfellow, who knew Europe perhaps better than his native land, Whittier's travels were bounded on the north by the limits of New England, on the east by the neighboring shore, on the south by Washington and on the west by Harrisburg. Brought up a Quaker, he was cut off from the cheerful human activities of New England churches, the most prominent feature of village social life. The curse of constant headaches and chronic insomnia made him almost a prisoner, or, as Barrett Wendell phrases it, he was 'generally troubled by that sort of robust poor health which frequently accompanies total abstinence.' But with all these discouragements, privations and enforced renunciations, he seems to have preserved the temperament of a beautiful child. — Professor W. L. Phelps in North American Review.

It Didn't Work.

A man who had been out of work for a long time suddenly recollected reading a story of a clerk who applied for a situation. He was courteously told that there was not a vacancy, and as he turned away he stooped and picked up a pin from the floor. The employer, struck by the action, called him back and said: "You seem a careful sort of man. Call back tomorrow, and I will give you a job."

Our hero therefore determined to copy this [illegible] example, and next day saw him standing before a large manufacturer [illegible] dropped a pin on the floor.

Getting the usual reply that there was no vacancy, he turned away and then, like the other man, stooped and picked up a pin. But the result was different!

"Here, Henry," shouted the employer, "see this fellow off the premises! A man who steals a pin would steal anything!"—Pearson's Weekly.

Mild Hazing.

The proprietor of a plumbing establishment downtown has a poor opinion of goat initiations. A young man, dapper and twenty, came into his plumbing shop and asked to see an expensive porcelain bathtub. The proprietor explained at length the good qualities of a certain make.

"This seems to be an excellent one," said the young man.

Without warning he jumped into the bathtub, drew his coat closely around him and exclaimed: "Quick, turn on the water! I want to try it."

The proprietor thought he was insane and, soothing his head, said, "There, there, you're all right."

"Yes," the young man gurgled, splashing in the imaginary water; "it's very comfortable."

Then he began to squirm and splutter.

"Quick, quick!" he cried. "Turn off the water! I'm drowning!"

"Wait till I reach the faucet," said the proprietor softly, side stepping to the telephone.

Just at this moment two other young men, a trifle older, entered.

"Well, Bobby, had your bath?" they inquired.

"Yes."

"Then come down to the vegetarian restaurant and order a side of roast beef."—New York Globe.

Good as a Corkscrew.

"Do you know how to take a tight cork out of a bottle without a corkscrew?" was asked by a woman the other day at a gossip party. "It's a mighty good thing to know in an emergency.

"My sister and I were coming back from the mountains, and she got faint on the cars. I had a bottle of aromatic spirits of ammonia in my bag, but when I tried to get the cork out I simply couldn't make it budge.

"'Let me take it out for you,' suggested a man across the aisle.

"Then, borrowing my pocketknife and using his own with it, he removed the cork in a jiffy. He inserted the blades on opposite sides between the bottle and the cork, each one turned in a different direction. Then when the blades were firmly pushed in he simply pressed the two together, gave them a wrench sideways, and the cork came out without any trouble. I have since tried it on larger bottles with success. It is a trick worth knowing."—Exchange.

The Quest of Truth.

It is a good deal easier to poke fun at history than to write history meriting credence. Mr. Bodley when writing his "France" experienced the force of this in a curious way. He shut himself up in France for years to get the atmosphere and the knowledge necessary for his work. One of his trials arose over some question of electoral jurisprudence. It was not of international importance, but still interesting to students of comparative procedure. Therefore he wrote to a deputy who is a parliamentary expert to clear up the obscurity in which the text books involve the point and incorporated his reply in the text of the book. Later, being invited by an experienced mayor to be present at a poll over which he presided, Mr. Bodley put the question to him and received a quite different reply. Finally the author referred the point to a senator of indisputable authority, who showed that the deputy and the mayor were both wrong.—St. James' Gazette.

Woman's Wit.

An emperor of Germany besieged a city which belonged to one of his rebellious noblemen. After the siege had lasted for a long time the emperor determined to take it by storm and to destroy all it contained by fire and sword. He did not, however, wish to injure the defenseless women; therefore, he sent a proclamation into the town, saying that all the women might leave the place unhurt and carry with them whatever they held most precious. The nobleman's wife instantly decided to take her husband, and the other women followed her example. They soon issued from the city gate in a long procession, each one with her husband on her shoulders. The emperor was so much struck with the noble conduct of the women that he spared all; even the city itself was left untouched.

Wouldn't Tip It.

A Toronto man who visited England last summer appears to think that country the champion tip taker. He says: "Well, I had tipped every man from the swell gent who seemed to own the house of commons down to the hireling who gummed the wrong labels on my luggage, and I went into the waiting room on the landing stage at Liverpool to wash my hands of everything English, and what do you think stared me in the face when I had finished? A placard saying, 'Please tip the basin.' I'll be hanged if I did!"

Monuments.

Dr. Griffin—I must say the world is very ungrateful toward our profession. How seldom one sees a public memorial erected to a doctor! Mrs. Golightly—How seldom! Oh, doctor, think of our cemeteries!—London Answers.

Doesn't Always Follow.

Because some men get over a fence safely with a loaded gun it is not always safe to assume that they won't examine a mule's heels to settle a bet.—Washington Post.

The Difference.

Upgardson—Doesn't Weerius bore you nearly to death? He talks like a phonograph. Atom—Not at all. When a phonograph runs down it stops.—Chicago Tribune.

It improves a girl's looks immensely to be rich.—New York Press.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It g ives you a complte record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

When Life Was Little Valued.

The 223 capital offenses which the old English law recognized as punishable by death did not keep down crime, and with the abolition of the death *penalty for all* crimes but murder crime in England, as well as everywhere else all over the world where the death penalty has been modified, lessened markedly, notes the Boston Traveler.

Edmond Burke said that he could in his time obtain the assent of the house of commons to any bill that carried the death punishment.

A man's life was not very valuable in those strenuous days. If he scratched his name on Westminster bridge, if he wore a wig or false mustache or any other disguise on a public road, if he cut down a young tree, if he stole property worth more than $1.25, if he had been transported for crime and returned a day ahead of the expiration of his term of punishment, if he wrote a threatening letter, if he stole a hide from a tanner's, for any and all of these things and for 200 more than these he was hanged by the neck until he was dead.

Loading Freight by Cards.

"I don't know whether the practice is still kept up in the far south, but I remember how tickled I was at seeing the method used in loading goods into freight cars down in Mississippi some while ago," said a railroad man of St. Louis.

"A lot of strapping black fellows will be on the job under the supervision of a white man, who will be issuing orders with great volubility. 'Put this aboard the king of diamonds; take this to the ace of hearts; load this on the ten of spades; this to the jack of clubs,' and so on, and then you'll notice each one of the long line of freight cars has tacked on it some one of the fifty-two cards composing a full deck. The Senegambian loafers for the most part were ignorant of letters and figures but every man of them knew the pasteboard emblems which he had often handled in games of seven up. That next to craps is the chief diversion of the colored sports of Dixie."—Baltimore American.

Cruel Spring.

The talk in the village hostelry had been on the subject of vegetable freaks, but at length it veered round to goats.

"Did ever you keep a goat, Bill?" inquired a gray whiskered gentleman in a corner seat.

"Did I ever!" answered the little man addressed with rustic familiarity. "I bought one last Christmas what nearly brought me to the work'us. Eat anything, from tins o' blackin' to flatirons, that goat would. Lucky thing for me the spring killed it."

"I didn't know the seasons affected goats," observed the gray whiskered gentleman.

"Who's talkin' about seasons?" came the reply. "It was the spring of our alarm clock what 'e made a meal of one day as done it!"—London Express.

Generally the Case.

"I wish you would mention this to Jinks. It is highly important."

"I'll mention it to him today."

"But how do you know you will see him today?"

"I'm bound to bump into him. I owe him money."—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

No Mercy.

Mistress—Sarah Jane, what has happened? Sarah Jane—Oh, mum, I've fallen down the stairs and broken my neck! Mistress (firmly)—Well, whatever you've broken will be deducted from your wages.—Sydney (N. S. W.) Bulletin.

He Could Not Will.

"Can you lend me a fiver, old fellow?"

"Surely I can."

"But will you?"

"Ah, my will power has utterly deserted me these days!"—Town Topics.

Motoring.

"Motoring is the very poetry of motion."

"Except when you have a smashup."

"No, even then—it's blank verse!"—London Opinion.

Two Enigmas.

"Why don't we see men like the novelists describe?"

"I give it up. Why don't we see girls like the illustrators draw?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Divided Answer.

The country mind sometimes works slowly, although with an enviable weight and accuracy, but the country mode of expression is usually to the point. Even its pauses serve their turn. They are always of rhetorical value. An old fisherman sat by the sea wall skinning eels which were that forenoon to be packed in ice and sent to a city market. A young woman, a visitor in town, stood by watching the unusual occupation and quite fascinated by the ease and dexterity with which it was carried on. At length she felt the necessity of "making talk."

"What do you get for eels?" she asked.

"Nothin'," returned the old man emphatically, stripping off a skin. Then with the same precision and lightning-like haste he "peeled" another and another, leaving his visitor to wonder at the eccentricity which prompted him to take so much trouble unrewarded. It was only after she had given up the question as a bad job that he calmly finished his sentence—"to what I'd ought to."

How Sleep Is Caused.

Just how sleep is brought about is one of the unsolved problems that have been before science since the earliest times. There are three general explanations of sleep. They are called the circulatory, the chemical and the histological theories. The first two have subdivisions. The histological theory is now pretty well accepted. The nervous system is made up of thousands of nerve cells. These are connected like a huge net by nerve elements, little branching fibers. Each nerve element is structurally interdependent, but functionally dependent. Neurologists tell us that the fibers become disconnected in sleep—that is each nerve cell is separated from its neighbors by the elements, or connecting fibers, becoming disconnected. The nerve cells build up themselves while separated, as they have no message from the body to bear to the brain. As the sleeper regains consciousness the nerve fibers unite and once more begin their duties.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Possible Population of the Earth.

By the best reckoning the earth's population for some two centuries or so has been increased at the rate of about a million a year. From now on on account of improved material conditions and the diminution of the slaughter consequent to war, the increase bids fair to be much greater. It has recently been estimated that the earth under present conditions might be able to support a number treble that of its present population—that is, about 4,500,000,000—four thousand five hundred millions. By means of scientific appliances and the reclamation of arid and swamp lands it has been calculated that the figure given might be doubled or even trebled, giving ten or possibly fifteen thousand millions as the ultimate limit of the earth's population.—New York American.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. A. Smith Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to John L. Finke.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is limited to Six months from and after the date hereof, and that Tuesday the 7th day July 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

(PROBATE COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

Dated January 7th 1908.

G. Halvorson, Attorney for Estate.

jan 16-30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 6, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph [illegible] of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made July 1st [illegible], for the [illegible] Sec. [illegible] Township [illegible] N Range [illegible] W and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn. on Feb. [illegible] 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

August [illegible] of Germantown Minn.
Jacob [illegible] " "
Nick [illegible] " "
[illegible] " "

jan 16 feb 13

R. J. Montague,
Register.

We have a good stock of Shoes, Dry Goods, Overalls, Shirts, and Groceries. We sell as cheap as possible and guarantee quality. A special cut price on winter goods.

J. H. JACOBSON,

PHONE 102. NORTH MAIN AVE.

The Ideal Beer

Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle.

"Leads Them All."

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THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

ST PAUL Historical Society

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 16 1908 NUMBER 2

SEED CORN IS SCARCE.

Government Issues an Important Circular Regarding Seed Corn.

Farmers Should Take Care in Selecting Corn for Seed.

It may seem somewhat out of season to mention the factors pertaining to the successful corn crop for 1908. The season just closed has brot forth results that have not been encouraging. The crops have been less productive than in former years. The high prices received for farm produce have brot the value of the crop up to normal, but the real quality (grade) of the grain is below the usual standard of excellence. This has been particularly true of the corn crop. As a result, there is sure to be a poor quality and a much too-limited supply of seed corn.

For the 1,500,000 acres devoted to corn in Minnesota there will be necessary about 214,286 bushels of seed required in 1908, to say nothing of the seed necessary for planting the many acres of fodder corn annually produced. When we consider that only a small per cent of the yield of an acre of corn is fit for seed, it is little wonder that there is such a demand for seed corn. From the United States Crop Report, the reports indirectly received from the various localities of the state, and the reports received by the Division of Agriculture from farmers who have co-operated with the Experiment Station in growing Minnesota No. 13 corn, it is evident that the 1907 corn crop is an immature one. From the fifty letters sent out to corn co-operators, only three have reported a thoroly matured crop and seed for sale. There is sure to be an increased demand for seed corn next spring. A great many farmers will unthinkingly use Southern seed ill adapted to their conditions, or seed of poor quality.

The requisites of first-class seed corn are three in number:(1)Life of germinating ability; (2) Purity and breeding; (3) Condition of seed (maturity). In this bulletin the author wishes to lay stress upon the first and to call attention to the great need of saving some seed (even tho the quality may not be what it should be), and of properly caring for the seed.

These have to do primarily with the life of the seed and are this year of greater importance than usual.

As already stated, the general quality of corn is poor. Early frosts prevented the normal maturation of the seed and, as a consequence, the ears are soft, poorly filled and full of moisture. This is the very worst condition the corn could be in for any purpose. It is more susceptible to freezing and very difficult to cure (dry out) without molding or sprouting, and thus injuring its vitality and strength. However, it is wise under the prevailing conditions, to save in the best possible manner the seed ears necessary for planting next year's crop. If farmers, at this late date, can pick out cure and save seed corn that will grow, or that they think at this time will grow, they should go to their crib or shocks and save in the best possible manner all good ears; even more ears than just enough for seed, as the demand is likely to be strong next spring.

The best seed corn (other things being equal) is that cured in the natural way. Since frost prevented ripening this year, other means must be used to cure the seed. Several methods of curing large and small lots of seed ears have been in use at the Experiment Station, and for large amounts a thin layer upon the floor of a well ventilated room is thot to be most efficient and practical. In small amounts (ten bushels or less) the slat racks or "trees" are best. The slat racks are made by nailing narrow one inch strips crosswise upon two upright boards. These boards are six inches or less wide, thus when the slats are nailed on either side and opposite in pairs, an ear of corn will rest safely when laid across them. The slats are placed about six inches apart, thus allowing of only a limited number of ears being piled together. This is necessary to prevent molding or decay. In this manner ears may be stored with comparative safety. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] placed about three inches apart and driven in slanting slightly toward the top end. The timber thus "nailed," can be leaned against the wall or supported by braces at the bottom so as to stand alone. The seed ears are forced, butt end first, upon these nails. In this manner they remain, without contact and where they can receive perfect circulation of air. For the home supply of seed there is no better method to be recommended.

When the seed ears are fairly well cured a few kernels from each should be tested for germination. This test will indicate the probable value of the seed.

Seed corn should remain upon the cob until just before planting. It retains its vitality better and is not as subject to injury as when shelled.

The seed corn situation, from the standpoint of quality and supply, is very bad—it is serious.

Farmers have thot it not worth while to save their own seed. This is a grave and serious mistake, for immature ears would produce a fair quality of seed when thoroly cured and carefully stored.

C. P. Bull,
Asst. Agriculturist.

Praises Congressman Steenerson.

A little act of Representative Steenerson's that has recently come to our notice causes us to think more of him than would all the newspaper puffs that we could read in a summer's vacation. It appears he has charge of the defense in the Waller divorce case with which most of our readers are more or less familiar. Mrs. Waller, who is not wise in court proceedure, wrote him during the latter part of November for information concerning the progress of her case and said she was anxious to get a little money to buy clothes for the baby. After explaining that the case was argued before the Supreme court Nov. 7, that the Court had taken the case under advisement, that he expected a decision soon and that the case if decided in Mrs. Waller's favor (which it later was) would come back for trial at Ada next spring, Mr. Steenerson expressed his regret at the destitute condition of his client and closed his letter as follows: "I enclose ten dollars as a Thanksgiving present to the baby, which I contribute out of my own pocket."—Twin Valley Times.

Pupils Not the Judges of Teachers.

About this time at the beginning of the school year, when your boy or your neighbor's boy comes home from school you have been in the habit of saying: "Well, Johnny, how do you like your teacher?" Now suppose you reverse the question and ask: "How does your teacher like you?" It will give the boy something to think about, for it is very likely that if he has shown an amiable disposition and behaved himself the teacher will like him. Showing an interest in a pupil berating a teacher is one of the most foolish things imaginable. It gives him an exaggerated opinion of his judicious ability, and once he forms an opinion that a teacher must come up to his expectations, the quicker you unseat that opinion the better for all concerned. It is the teacher's prerogative to teach, correct and improve, and if there are any criticisms to be made, they should come from that source.—Hallock News.

Plenty of Cars.

The freight car famine, about which so much was heard last winter, is entirely unknown this year. Railway business has evidently fallen off on account of the financial stringency, and futher than this, there have been no blockades to tie up cars as there were last winter. This year grain shippers can get all the cars they want on short notice. It is said that there are empty cars on many of the sidings or insignificant stations in North Dakota, where last winter those same localities could hardly get cars for love or money. Although navigation on the lakes is now over, shipments of wheat from Duluth last week aggregated nearly 1,000,000 bushels and the shipments of flax were correspondingly large. All of this grain is moving eastward by rail.

The New Years ball at Kratka was attended by about [illegible] couple and notwithstanding the hall is a large one it was filled to its full capacity, with the jolly young folks of the eleven towns who kept the floor warm by dancing until broad daylight Jan 1st. Even Sigalstad furnished the music which was very satisfactory. All who attended had a fine time and the best of order and good fellowship prevailed.—[illegible] Sunbeam.

W. A. Schreiter received the sad intelligence last Thursday afternoon of the death of his brother-in-law, Charles [illegible], at his home in Oshkosh, Wis. [illegible] The deceased is well known here, having often been the guest of the Schreiter family, the last time about four years ago, and will be remembered by many friends who will deeply regret his demise. [illegible] Red Lake Falls, departed Friday evening to be in attendance at the funeral to be held [illegible] Sympathy is expressed by [illegible] Red Lake Falls friends of the sorrowing family.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

SURE RAT CURE.

Crookston Times Tells of an Experience in Crookston.

If you have been troubled with rats, of which there have come to be a great many in Crookston, you may draw a sigh of relief, for there is now known a sure cure for the pests.

Druggist A. G. Anderson heard that if a rat was caught and a bell tied around its neck that it would drive all the other rats away from that particular place, and, as he has been greatly bothered with the rodents at his home on South Broad way, he decided to try the trick. The rats were quite plentiful about his barn and in the basement of his house and it did not take him a great while to trap one of them, a big gray fellow. On the rat he securely strapped a small tinkling bell and then turned it loose. The effect could be noticed at once. Every rat about the place disappeared except the gray one. For some time they heard this rat scurrying about under the barn floors with his tinkling bell and then he finally disappeared.

Some time ago the night clerk at O. N. Hagen's Oyster Bay restaurant, at the corner of Robert and Main, was greatly mystified by a tinkling noise that sounded from various parts of the building. It sounded like the distant ringing of a tiny bell and at first the clerk came to the conclusion that he was either dreaming or that he was mistaken. For several days the noise continued and it was followed by the sudden and mysterious disappearance of every rat about the building, although they had been a great bother for some time.

One night not long ago, however, the night clerk suddenly saw a rat poke his nose out of a hole in the floor and a minute later the rat's body followed and the noise was explained, for around its neck was fastened a tiny bell.

Since that time the rat has become a pet about the restaurant. He does not seem to be able to get used to the ringing of the bell at everymore, however, and will stand for minutes at a time trying to get the bell off its neck, acting for all the world like a dog that has not yet got used to its collar.—Crookston Times.

BERNARD HAS HOPES.

Believes Steenerson Bill Will Pass at This Session.

Washington, Jan. 4.—A. G. Bernard of Minnesota, secretary of the National Drainage association, predicts that there will be legislation this winter providing for the drainage of a considerable portion of the Red Lake Indian reservation. Representative Steenerson has already introduced a bill for this purpose in the house, and it will also be pushed in the senate by the Minnesota senators.

Town of Star Wants A Creamery.

The settlers living in the new town of Star are now thinking of building a creamery. An organization has been effected of which John Gillis is president and H. A. Halvorson is secretary, and a meeting will be held soon to decide on whether or not to build. There are lots of settlers and cows in the town of Star and all that is needed is a creamery to bring prosperity to all.

Junger Is Located.

Last week the News contained an item to the effect that the wife and relatives of J. L. Junger, of Sioux City, Iowa, would like to learn of his whereabouts. It was thought he was in Thief River Falls, and Chief Erickson made a diligent search for the man here but could not locate him. This week he received a letter from Sioux Falls stating that Junger had written home and that they no longer worried as to his whereabouts. It is quite likely that the man is going under an assumed name here and his attention was called to the fact that his wife would like to hear from by the item published in the News.

Peter Erickson, a pioneer resident of Red Lake county living near Plummer, died at his country home last Friday and the funeral was held on Sunday. Mr. Erickson was seventy seven years of age at the time of his death, and he leaves a wife and grown family to mourn his loss. The family have the heartfelt sympathy of all friends and acquaintances.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Millers claim that the durum wheat is becoming softer each year—more like the blue stem. Years ago the millers made the same protest against blue stem that they do now against durum. At the time blue stem was first introduced there was as much difference between it and fife as there is now between durum and blue stem.

A representative of the state dairy department has been testing the herds of the Moorhead milkmen, and the result is that 12 cows out of a total of 271 have been condemned as tubercular. The cows were in three herds, and supplied the city with milk. All of those condemned have been shipped to St. Paul and slaughtered. The state pays the owners two thirds of their appraised valuation. They will receive about $30 for each cow killed.

RATES ARE TOO HIGH

Lumbermen Interested in a Hearing to Be Had at Duluth Soon.

Recent Action of Road Raising Rates on Logs Is Questioned.

The railroad and warehouse commission has arranged for a hearing at Duluth on Jan. 14 on the question of the reasonableness of the existing rates on ties and other forest products. The hearing is called on the complaint of Joseph W. Reynolds who has complained to the commission that the present rates on such products on the Great Northern are excessive. The present rate on this class of products is the same as that which applies on lumber shipments, and the claim is made that a distinction should be made between the rates on finished lumber and on ties, logs and such rough products of the forest. It is urged that the cost of loading lumber is greater than that of ties or logs and that the danger of damage in shipments is much less in the case of the latter.

FOURNIER APPEALS.

Bemidji Man Takes an Appeal to the State Supreme Court.

Charles W. Schrutchin, attorney for Paul Fournier, formally served notice on County Attorney Henry Funkley; mailed a notice to Attorney General W. T. Young, and also filed notice with Clerk of Court Rhoda, of appeal to the state supreme court from the judgment and sentence of the district court of Beltrami county, entered on April 13 last; and also appeals from the further order made and entered on Jan. 2 by Judge Spooner, denying the motion of Fournier for an order vacating the judgment and sentence and setting aside the verdict granted by the jury, and denying the defendant's motion for a new trial, in the case of the State of Minnesota vs Paul Fournier, who was convicted of the crime of murdering N. O. Dahl at Quiring, in Beltrami county, and who is now serving a sentence of life imprisonment in the state prison at Stillwater for the crime.

Found Guilty.

The following from the Crookston Times of Monday refers to a former resident of Thief River Falls:

Martin Norland, a young man of the city, was fined $10.00 and costs in Judge Wilde's court this afternoon on the charge of disorderly conduct. Norland was at the Great Northern station on Saturday evening and, while there, it is claimed that he insulted a young lady who had missed her train and was waiting in the station to take the north bound Winnipeg flyer at 2 o'clock. The testimony of the young lady in court today showed that Norland had made insulting remarks to her, followed her about the station every time she moved and in other ways made himself objectionable. A Mr. Thompson, of Hallock, who chanced to come into the station, became very indignant over Norland's conduct and he phoned Captain Vonderbeck, who came down to the station and arrested the man. Norland has until 1 o'clock to put up the fine and costs and failing to do so he will go to the county jail.

Wilcox in North Dakota

E. S. Wilcox, of Thief River Falls, Minn., is spending the day in Minot. Mr Wilcox is mortgage and loan inspector for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company, and has spent a large portion of his time in North Dakota this season. During the past month he has recommended farm loans to the amount of $100,000 and expects to pass upon at least 30,000 more before the first of the New Year. The Minnesota Mutual does an extensive loan business in Minnesota and North Dakota, and Mr. Wilcox spends his entire time and is personally inspecting the land upon which the loans are requested.

"North Dakota land is a mighty good risk in most cases," said Mr. Wilcox to a Reporter representative today. "It is seldom that we turn down a loan where the application is made by an actual settler, but on the other hand it is seldom that I recommend a loan to a non resident land holder."

The Minnesota Mutual is also doing a large insurance business within the state and is considered one of the most substantial companies in existence.—Minot Reporter.

A. W. Hanson, of Erie, one of the settlers that is helping to make the town of Star a garden spot of Red Lake county, was in the city Monday and made this office a pleasant call.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA

THE DRAYMAN.

Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE ANNUAL MEETING.

Norwegian Lutheran Synod Church Holds Its Annual Meeting.

Officers Elected and Financial Statement for the Year Submitted.

The annul meeting of the members of the Scandinavian Evangelical Lutheran church of the Norwegian Synod was held at the church in this city Tuesday morning. The meeting was held for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and the transaction of other business.

A. G. Loftnes was elected trustee for a term of three years. Lars Backe was elected secretary and D. B. Bakke treasurer. A finance committee consisting of R. Oen, John G. Nilson, E. J. Overland, Christ Thompson and Lars Backe was also elected.

The Young Peoples society of the church reported that it was about decided to purchase a new pipe organ for the church at a cost of $1,532.

It was decided to make many needed repairs and finish up the basement of the church and the following committee was appointed to have charge of this work: Nils G. Nelson, B. J. Falk, O. Tessum, Dr. P. L. Vistaunet and Lars Backe.

In the past, Rev. I. T. Aastad has been in charge of the congregations at Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Rocksbury as well as Thief River Falls and Silverton. The meeting decided, in order that more services be held here, that Rev. Aastad give up the three first named congregations.

Services will be held in the local church every Sunday morning and evening hereafter, the morning services being in Norwegian and the evening services in English. Rev. S. T. Palm, of Sandridge, will in the future have charge of the Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Rocksbury congregations and will reside at St. Hilaire. It was also voted to increase the salary of Rev. Aastad.

Miss Marie Sponheim was elected assistant superintendent of the Sunday school.

Treasurer Bakke presented an interesting and complete report of the receipts and expenditures of the congregation for the year just past, which shows the church to be in excellent financial condition. The following is the report of Mr. Bakke.

Received for the Parochial School (Religions Skolen:)

Rasmus Oen	$ 4 00
H. P. Sponheim	4 00
Nels N. Lee	4 00
D. B. Bakke	4 00
Christian Granum	4 00
Ben Falk	2 00
Mrs. Lonson	1 00
John H. Johnson	3 00
Mrs. Angel Pederson	1 00
Andrew Anderson	1 00
Mrs. Roen	1 00
J. Weeks	2 00
Syver S. Syverson	2 00
Ed. Evenson	1 00
Mrs. P. Lonson	1 00
Rev. I. T. Aastad	3 00
John Nilson	1 50
Anton Langseth	2 00
Andrew Holden	2 00
Nils Lunde	1 00
Anton Dybvik	1 00
Mrs. Hans Langseth	3 00
Gulbrand Granum	3 00
H. K. Strand	1 00
Jens P. Jensen	3 00
O. Williams	1 50
Levi Robertson	1 50
Oluf Tessum	1 50
Gunder Pederson	1 00
Ed. Larson	1 00
Ole Ryan	2 00
E. Ryland	1 50
Total	$63 50
Paid Teacher wages	$ 60 00
Balance cash	3 50
Total	$63 50

Received for building a second story to the present parsonage and deed to one half lot adjoining the property on the south side:

Thief River Falls Lumber Company	$ 37 50
D. N. Winton	25 00
Rasmus Oen	30 00
Christian Granum	20 00
Gulbrand Granum	10 00
Mrs. Hans Langseth	20 00
A. J. Berg	10 00
A. G. Loftness	12 00
Gunder Pederson	5 00
Levi Robertson	7 00
J. P. Curtis	5 00
P. L. Vistaunet, M. D.	5 00
H. P. Sponheim	30 00
Nels Lee	5.00
Ben Docken	2 00
Jens P. Jensen	3 00
A. C. Huseth	5 00
Anton Langseth	5 00
H. Loken	10 00
T. Lonson	5 00
C. Amundsen	5 00
Syver L. Syverson	5 00
John H. Johnson	5 00
Lars Gill	2 00
John Aos	5 00
F. L. Hagen	10 00
H. K. Strand	10 00
Andrew Anderson	8 00
O. J. Schei	10 00
William Michelet	10 00
E. O. Gullingsrud	15 00
John Forsberg	5 00
Oluf Tessum	10 00
John J. Weeks	5 00
T. P. Hamre	10 00
D. B. Bakke	25 00
Ben Falk	10 00
Lars Hellesylt	1 00
Christ Thompson	10 00
Ole Hermanson	2 00
M. Bockman, M.D.	5 00
Andrew Moengen	8 00
Nels A. Nelson	5 00
H. O. Brevik	3 00
Nels Nelson	10 00
Jorgen Adserud	5 00
Ole Flathum	10 00
Oluf Tessum	10 00
Levi Robertson	10 00
Halvor Loken	10 00
Ed. Sorenson	3 00
Ole Nilson	6 00
John L. Nilson	6 00
Christ Thompson	6 00
Miss Inga Wiker	2 00
A. O. Hanson	6 00
Erik B. Bakke	3 00
Mrs. T. Lonson	3 00
Andreas A. Anderson	6 00
Ben Erickson	5 00
Louis Lonson	3 00
Christian Granum	20 00
D. B. Bakke	30 00
Gulbrand Granum	10 00
H. K. Strand	6 00
John H. Johnson	6 00
Syver S. Syverson	3 00
Mrs. Hans Langseth	15 00
John P. Forsberg	8 00
Edward J. Erickson	3 00
Ole A. Ellingson	5 00
Mrs. Ole Fjoser	2 00
Mrs. Lina Jennings	2 00
Anton A. Dybvig	2 00
F. L. Hagen	5 00
Wilhelm Michelet	8 00
Andrew Anderson	8 00
Ole Hermanson	4 00
Nels A. Nelson	5 00
Elling Rolland	3 00
Mrs. Frisvold	1 00
Anders J. Moengen	6 00
Anders A. Wiste	3 00
Albert Angel	6 00
Kohn J. Borgen	4 00
Nils N. Lee	6 00
Anders G. Loftnes	6 00
Gunder Pederson	6 00
Lars Thorson	2 00
Jens O. Bakke	2 00
Elias J. Overland	8 00
Jorgen Eide	6 00
Albert Olson	6 00
Jorgen Adserud	6 00
Nils S. Nilsen	6 00
Isack Olson	2 00
Andrew J. Berg	6 00
Mikkel N. Jorde	6 00
Bernt J. Falk	6 00
Henry Kaushagen	4 00
Martin H. Ballangrud	4 00
John J. Borgen, Jr.	2 00
Dr. P. L. Vistaunet	6 00
Tollef Loyland	5 00
Peter A. Kolden	5 00
Andrew Hoverstad	1 00
C. M. Hoverstad	1 00
Ole Eggerud	5 00
Emma L. Bakke	3 00
Bertel L. Bakke	3 00
Clara Aos	1 00
Emil Evensen	2 00
E. B. Oberlien	3 00
O. J. Schei	5 00
J. J. Weeks	5 00
Jens Bertelsen	4 00
Jens P. Jensen	6 00
Anton Langseth	5 00
Total	$567 68

Miscellaneous Receipt:

Offer for Children's Home	17 75
" " Home Mission	39 76
offer for Home Mission	73 05
From Ladies Aid	125 00
" "	51 00
" "	150 00
Total receipts	$1,024 44

Expended:

To interest on $500	3 00
" children's home	17 75
" tax on ½ lot	2 [illegible]
" Recording deed	50
" Statement printed for 1906	4 50
" Board for numbers	1 00
" Payment on Note	275 00
To Interest on note	51 00
" Ticket to Benson for delegate	10 00
" home mission	112 81
" Repairing organ	10 00
" Oen and Granum for hardware	9 11
" Interest on note for lumber	5 00
" Ministers salary	350 00
Cr. balance	172 [illegible]
	$1024 44

BALANCE STATEMENT OF FUNDS.

RECEIVED.		EXPENDED.	
Dec. 31, 1907.		Dec. 31, 1907.	
For current expense	$ 1,024 44	To current expense	$ 851 60
For school	63 50	To school	60 00
For collection at services	102 48	To janitor, wood, light and Miscl	107 80
For building	980 96	To building	980 96
		To cash on hand on January 1st 1908	171 02
Total	2,171 38		$2,171.38

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Church and lots	$ 9,000 00	Note to Dallager for extention of church	$ 575 00
Parsonage and lots	4,000 00	Parsonage note	500 00
Church furniture and fixtures	1,200 00	Parsonage	193 96
Cash on hand	171 02	Net worth	13,102 06
	$14,371 02		$14,371 02

Received in collection at services in church during 1907:

January	1	$ 4 73
"	7	1 50
"	13	2 08
"	23	86
"	27	2 17
February	3	90
"	12	4 02
"	17	3 80
"	2[illegible]	1 15
March	3	4 2[illegible]
"	10	2 87
"	2[illegible]	2 25
April	11	4 07
"	21	1 21
"	2[illegible]	46
"	28	1 80
May	5	1 61
"	26	1 61
June	2	2 65
"	16	1 86
"	21	1 77
"	[illegible]	1 18
July	7	2 5[illegible]
"	14	1 87
"	2[illegible]	1 41
August	4	2 87
"	[illegible]	3 45
September	[illegible]	4 29
"	15	4 53
"	2[illegible]	2 25
"	2[illegible]	2 64
October	6	4 30
"	13	2 50
"	2[illegible]	2 97
"	27	1 47
November	[illegible]	2 82
"	17	1 41
"	24	1 3[illegible]
December	1	1 3[illegible]
"	[illegible]	3 4[illegible]
"	15	2 6[illegible]
"	22	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

Expended	
Wood	$ [illegible]
Miscellaneous	[illegible]
O. Tessum, Janitor	[illegible]
Light	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Halvor E. Olsen	2 00
W. Jennings	5 00
Ed. Erickson	2 00
Lars Backe	15 00
Henry Eide	2 00
Ole Simonson	10 00
Ole E. Nilson	12 00
E. A. Anderson	10 00
Lars Thorson	3 00
Elias J. Overland	12 00
G. M. Jorde	2 00
Henry Kaushagen	6 00
O. G. Storholm	2 00
Albert Olson	7 00
Ben. Erickson	5 00
Robert A. Lee	2 00
Jorgen Eide	10 00
Mikkel J. Jorde	10 00
H. M. Jorde	2 00
Albert Angel	2 50
John Nilson	5 00
Rev. I. T. Aastad	500 00
Note to People's State Bank	193 96
Total	[illegible]

Expended as follows

To Lumber Company as per bill	$ 416 2[illegible]
" Carpenter Work	110 00
" Plastering	24 36
" Drying	2 00
" A. C. Hanson	4 00
" Painting	28 00
" Work on Chimney	7 00
" Hardware bill	155 62
" Bricks	6 00
" Wiring	5 40
" Storm Doors and work on Windows	4 20
" Lamp black	50
" Half of one lot	200 00
Total	[illegible]

Received from members of the Congregation and others to pay minister's salary and running expenses, as follows

Cash on hand Jan. 1st	[illegible]
Lars Backe	[illegible]
Ole Simonson	[illegible]
E. Gullingsrud	[illegible]
Rasmus Oen	[illegible]
H. P. Sponheim	[illegible]
D. N. Winton	[illegible]

Young Trapper Shot Through The Hand.

Last Friday while engaged in setting some traps, a younger brother of Ed and Oscar Houg of the town of Minerva, Clearwater Co., accidentally shot himself thru the hand with a large calibre rifle. The young man was in the act of arranging a trap when the gun was discharged the bullet entering the palm of the hand and coming out at the base of the thumb. As the bullet was of the steel jacket variety and his hand was so close to the muzzle when the gun was discharged the wound is not considered a very serious one, only a flesh wound resulting.

Thrilling Wolf Story.

The Clearwater Crystal is responsible for the following narrative:

"It is told of a farmer from Pine Lake that in order to get to town early he started out before daybreak but forgot to grease his wagon. When he got into the hills on the range line the wheels began to creak. The farmer thinking there were a hundred wolves after him, whipped up the horses and drove like a madman until the hubs were so heated that the old dry grease melted and stopped the noise. He drew a sigh of relief and promised he would not be caught out that time of night again.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Thief River Falls, Minn., Post Office if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington, D.C.

Arntson Mrs. Oscar
Bakken Ane Loise
Brandon Mat
Ellenbow Miss Etta
Dahl Miss Mary
Gunderson Mrs Maggie
Hanson Ole H.
Halverson Carl
Posh Wa
Skogstad Mrs. G.
Sjoberg Mrs Mary
Tronsdad Ole

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster

Notice, all persons are hereby notified not to trust anyone in my name.

Ed. G. Holm.

List of Personal Property Tax Payers.

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Aos John	110 70
Aspeland Erick	5 49
Arneson Ole	1 08
Arpin A. M.	6 26
Aines E. S.	7 59
Aker A. H.	1 59
Angell Hans	51
Albert A. C.	6 21
Anderson Martin	1 08
Amory H. K.	2 51
Abraham A. E.	24 68
Anderson Andrew	9 54
Aldal Knute	19 44
Arneson Samuel	51
Brady M.	2 05
Borneman H. B.	4 82
Baker W. E.	4 67
Brudvick Christian	3 13
Barzen M.	4 62
Baker C. A.	3 54
Bagley S. W.	22 77
Bothun M.	45 14
Bjerkhoel J.	7 34
Blom O. J.	10 52
Berg Nels	15 90
Bakken O. L.	3 65
Bishop W. A.	9 09
Booren G. W.	6 41
Bockman M. W. H.	6 41
Bishop J. M.	3 44
Bredeson August	4 82
Butman F. S.	2 26
Brownell L. C.	3 49
Bakke Gilbert	1 44
Brooton Roier O.	1 44
Backe Lars	2 51
Burns M. C.	1 28
Bakke D. B.	7 21
Bulman Bros.	11 70
Bulman James	6 47
Barnett James	6 61
Blanchard Mrs. E.	2 00
Borry Jacob	12 57
Crowe J. J.	6 16
Crandall C. R.	8 78
Christianson B.	11 08
Coe Peter	47
Citizens State Bank	283 12
Carlson Oscar	15 65
Conklin J. E.	67
Curtis J. P.	59 25
Chelin C. A.	7 28
Conrad C. F.	4 07
Conklin Boiler Works	12 83
Caldwell Minnie A.	3 08
Chittick Frank	1 85
Doege F. S.	67
Dybvig Anton	16
Diebel Henry	9 13
Duluth Brewing Company	25 65
De Laurier T.	4 10
Dibble F. Z.	08
Durbin John	15 39
Evenson M. V.	5 61
Eberhardt P.	20 52
Ewert & Griebstein	20 46
Evenson O. C.	5 94
Evenson C. M.	5 03
Evenson & Erickson	62 08
Erickson Andy	30 78
Erickson Alma	32
Eastman John	15 80
Emerson E. T.	5 29
Evenson E. M.	3 13
Erickson E. O.	67
Elder George	20 78
Fasel A. H.	1 90
Fuller H.	93
First National Bank	388 66
First State Bank	293 44
Fellman John	36
Fuller W. B.	4 67
Farmers' Mill & Grain Company	13 44
Froseth Carl	10 52
Forsberg J. P.	11 39
Finch Winslow Carlisle Company	161 16
Fredrickson Carl	10 57
Gambell F. H.	12 00
Grundy Henry	19 85
Gillick W. G.	66
Gulrud C. C.	3 11
Granum Christian	8 01
Granum Gilbert	1 03
Gullingsrud E. O.	1 38
Guynn M.	19 95
Hay J. H.	6 51
Hagen F. L.	4 00
Holtzknecht Fred	4 46
Holtzknecht Hubert	61
Harlow M. C.	3 49
Hoag Security Company	6 41
Halseth A.	2 11
Hanson Louis	4 93
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.	251 63
Hakuison Nils	5 70
Heasley S. L.	82
Hicks H. M.	81 15
Halvorson N. F.	51
Hanson Marit	5 13
Hoag L. M.	11 31
Hansen K. M.	2 82
Herron Wm.	3 28
Hadroth H.	1 59
Hall Mrs. A. A.	8 56
Halvorson H. Jr.	1 03
Hawes G. W.	7 03
Hannibahl Minnie	11 90
Helgeson O. B.	3 13
Hanson O. C.	2 77
Halda Joseph	15 36
Heileman Brewing Company	38 22
Hill Mrs. E.	41
Huseth A. H.	9 90
Hankey T. B.	4 67
Hafare T. P.	6 21
Helgeson Olga	51
Hamm Brewing Company	191 78
John Gund Brewing Company	43 60
Johnson M. M.	2 67
Johnson Gustie	5 39
Johnson Samuel	1 70
Jensen J. P.	32 12
Jackson & McGinn	161 57
Jackson C. C.	8 88
Jonas Jacob	5 29
Krohn E. A.	1 [illegible]
Kyes E. O.	1 74
Kretzschmar Anna	5 54
Kromer R. A.	16
Kerstad Wm.	14 62
Karvand Engen	93
Kennison & Amundson	95 22
Krouse W. B.	[illegible]
K[illegible] H. J.	21 8[illegible]
Kiewel Brewing Company	20 14
Lakin Lena	[illegible]
Longevin Ed.	2 10
Langseth A. M.	1 00
[illegible]	[illegible]
Lee Torkel G	[illegible]
[illegible] Wm	41
Langseth Mercantile Company	[illegible]
Langseth Mrs. Anna	[illegible]
Larson Gib	[illegible]
Lee Nils N	[illegible]
Lamont S. L.	[illegible]
La Fave W.	1 78
La Pree W. J	[illegible]
Laker A. & Company	21 84
Lohmer, Henry	10 97

Martin & Roark	20 52
Mussey, H. E.	5 33
Mabey, Perl W.	12 72
Mickulecky, Frank	3 23
Mulhall, M.	7 24
Matson, Lars	3 49
Morin, A.	3 65
Minneapolis Brewing Co.	31 44
Mosleth, Joe	11 95
Mulry & Effinger	13 70
Morrissey, E. J.	6 87
Melgaard, T. L.	8 46
Morgan, John	32 99
Monroe, Myrtle	13 24
Martin, James	1 59
Michelet, Wm.	2 72
McNally, J.	30
McNiven, D. J.	2 67
McGinn, Robt.	7 08
McGinty Bros.	5 07
National Elevator Co.	37 81
Nelson, Hans	10
Nason, C. A.	9 03
Nielni, F. C.	1 18
Nelson, O. H.	15 96
Nelson, N. K.	51
Newell, H. B.	1 23
Nelson, N. A.	7 08
Nyhus, Ole O.	1 54
Newberry & Bulman	32 63
Newberry, Geo.	7 90
Oen & Granum	111 32
Olson, Ben.	30
Olson, Erick	7 70
Olson, Conrad	7 13
O K Hide, Fur & Trading Co	22 57
Olson, Lars	6 57
Oen, Rasmus	10 10
Olson Bros.	29 65
Odelin, Erick	2 11
Ostvolden, Nels	1 54
Odie, O.	2 01
O'Hara, E. D.	4 20
Porter & Lesarge	21 70
Prestebak, Mrs. Hans	12 93
Patton, J. K.	2 01
Paulson, Peter	3 13
Paulson, Christ	61
Pannabaker, P. N.	93
Porter, C. H.	1 13
Peterson & Klingborg	9 65
Penney, G.	9 90
Peoples State Bank	586 36
Pederson, August	10
Preston, A. E.	2 46
Pioneer Sash & Door Co.	42 62
Peterson, Leonard	5 07
Revaahl, O. R.	87
Rosenberry, W.	3 54
Ralston, J. A.	7 59
Robertson, Levi O.	51 20
Rasmusson, C. M.	10 87
Rude, Ole	5 49
Roth, Fred	3 02
Rogers, James	2 21
Rolph & Son	19 50
Remmem, A. B.	28 16
Richardson & Cooke	12 21
Ramstad, Olof	8 46
Ruminski, John	7 44
Richardson, Ora M.	1 79
Rouleau, Joe	2 77
Ryland, Eli	4 00
Robbecke, C. A.	20 06
Stenseth, A.	1 95
Shirley, Chas.	2 41
Smith, C. L.	10
Sorthland, A.	1 08
Strand, H. K.	10 77
Skagen, H. H.	1 34
Stebbins, F. J.	91 05
Shaw, Daniel	6 72
Storholm, O. G.	4 77
Schaleben, H. O.	5 44
Schei, O. J. & Co.	189 96
Schei, O. J.	7 79
Sponheim, H. P.	9 17
Sullivan, R. D.	67
Sharbach, S. H.	63 61
Swore, J. A.	15 90
Sundahl Bros.	32 89
Simpson & Croak	22 22
Syverson, Nels	1 54
Stensrud, John	6 10
Sedlacek, Emil	7 64
Standard Oil Co.	61 30
Torrison Bros.	75 35
Tanem, A.	8 26
T. R. F. Co-operative Cry. Co	17 64
Torstvet, A. J.	8 98
Tessum, O.	14 78
Udby, I. E.	5 13
Umbreit, A. M.	1 95
Vance, Robt.	2 88
Vistaunet, P. L.	3 69
Votava, Joe	16
Voss, Albert	1 28
Vandervort, E. D.	3 41
Vorachek, J. J.	32 73
Wood, J. K.	61
Wilson, C. M.	2 26
Wassen, Andrew	35 91
Williams, G. G. & Co	11 54
Williams, G. G.	26 26
Walker, B. G.	5 23
Wilson Clothing Co.	39 50
Wilson, Steen & Co.	16 42
Werstlein, Mrs. J. H.	4 56
Westin, A. O.	21 55
Wright, C. E.	67
Queen City Bottling Co.	16 67
Yeager, Val	21 60
Zeh, Phil J.	5 84
Zeh, E. E.	2 26
Winton, D. N.	15 54
Prichard, W. W.	8 62
Thief River Falls Lbr. Co.	2016 80
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.	69 87
International Harvester Co.	51 50
Thief River Falls Tele Exchange H. Foust, Mgr.	20 04
Total	8[illegible]

[illegible]

Anderson, Gothra	[illegible]
Akerlund, Manne J	[illegible]
Anderson, A L	[illegible]
Ault, Mike Jr	[illegible]
Bessler, Henrietta	11 28
Crown, Ed	3 [illegible]
Dahlen, J A A	4 8[illegible]
England, Charlie	4 [illegible]
England, Selma	[illegible]
Fiste, J P	3 [illegible]
Hanson, Dora	[illegible] 97
Hanson, Mrs John B	5 88

Hagstrom, A P	6 53
Jensen, Mattie C	3 81
Johnson, Matilda	6 13
Johnson, Iver A H	1 82
Larson, Emil	3 32
Larson, Thomas	1 01
Lindblom, Peter	10 64
Lindblom, Henry	12
Lindquist, C A	10 31
Nelson, C A	4 79
Olson, Alfred C	6 79
Petson, Christ	2 51
Schumacher, W M	6 02
Swanson, Johanna S	5 20
Swanson, Sara M	8 08
Scholin, John	1 98
Scholin, Swan	9 99

NUMEDAL

Bugg, T P	12 54
Bugg, John J	4 98
Blomberg, J A	5 11
Berggren, Marie	60
Bugge, Christ	6 96
Forslund, Alfred	5 92
Hanson, Sivert	6 19
Joringdal, Elias	12 48
Johnson, Halvor	2 74
Larson, Olof	10 92
MyKulecky, Frank	1 66
Olson, Sophia	6 88
Orwick, A E	4 03
Olson, Halvor	24
Olbue, Erick	2 14
Olson, Olaf	1 81
Running, Mrs O	4 30
Roesner, Fred	5 65
Ross, Gust	6 98
Swanson, Enger	16
Swenson, J P	6 69
Syverson, Tom	7 88
Stevens, Chas	9 35
Waslie, John O	5 63
Winberg, Magnus	6 08
Berggren, & Albue	48
Sande, P L	4 12

NORDEN.

Anderson, Ben	4 06
Anderson, John	2 07
Asseby, Iver L	5 16
Asseby, Iver R	2 97
Aos, C E	3 89
Braating, John	3 78
Breviek, Ole H	1 06
Blom, John	3 70
Carlson, John F	3 33
Christensen C	12 04
Dimmen, Mrs Severin	7 41
Eklund, Andrew	8 72
Erickson, Haldor	3 47
Finke, John L	7 51
Funnesdal, A J	7 93
Feragen, Andrew	4 73
Feragen, Andrew O	59
Feragen, Mrs John O	83
Feragen, Albert	13
Gravine, Ellef	3 32
Hitterdal, L K	4 20
Iverson, Andrew N	6 35
Johnson, Andrew	3 61
Johnson, Mrs Irra	3 32
Johnson, August	4 88
Kron, Axel	3 40
Knutseth, Knut	3 32
Lillegaard, Ole	10 75
Lappegaard, Ole	3 44
Lee, Lars	3 19
Morstal, A	6 15
Martinson, Rasmus	5 06
Massestad, Mrs Laufone	3 26
Myrom, Amund	4 02
Moosebraaten, Ole N	4 58
Ness, Ole E	2 69
Nordhagen, G J	42
Nordlund, August	6 56
Nora, Nils O	7 63
Ordal, Olaus O	4 84
Peterson, Mrs Minnie	6 00
Parbst, L J	5 58
Prichard, W W	3 37
Rust, Martin	4 87
Rodegaard, Nels	7 52
Rogne, P O	2 90
Sielsvold, John	10
Shogren, Sacarias	6 05
Sevre, Mrs Laura	3 03
Slotten, Hans J	6 57
Samuelson, Nils	4 09
Skaar, Mrs Anna	5 86
Soderberg, P E	3 25
Strandvold, Halvor	2 99
Sorenson, Soren	8 83
Tweet Jacob O	1 34
Valdues P A	6 94
Vik, John A	4 52
Wiken, A H	3 76
Wiberg S E	2 79

NORTH.

Adzero, Jorgen	8 31
Bertelson, Jens	2 01
Broten, O R	66
Bergling, John A	1 43
Ballingrud, M X	3 61
Brovig, H O	10 74
Conely, D	17 61
Dean, Hugh	2 68
Dahle, Paul A	8 37
Douglas, Mrs L F	9 20
Engen, Christian	5 32
Erickson, Elias	9 29
Eide, Jorgen	10 99
Erickson, L E	4 57
Edenholm, Fred	4 55
Gusa, Ferd	7 16
Gusa, Geo A	3 70
Gusa, Bros.	10 30
Hansen, A E	3 18
Haavi, G K	6 12
Hastad, Mrs Thomas	1 21
Flattum, Ole	10 31
Frieberg, John	4 00
Hoverstad, Andreas	2 13
Hoverstad, Thomas	77
Hoverstad, C M	48
Isakson, Ole	2 85
Jacobson, Pete	2 60
Johnson, Bernt	7 01
Jorde, Mikkel J	6 70
Jorde, Andrew	4 95
Jorde, Gulbrand	2 15
Johnson, Bernt	4 27
Jacobson, B	1 44
Jacobson, Thomas	2 78
Kinslea, Kervin	34
Knox, C J	12 28
Knutson, Nils	4 87
Kleven, Marie	6 96
Kanshagen, Henry	2 01
Longren, John	21 71
Loyland, K O	4 80
Loyland, P O	5 87
Long, W O	27 31
Myrin, Nels	2 18
Moylan, Patrick	14 60
Monroe, Geo	1 19
Moylan, Martin	4 71
Nelson, Engebret	3 54
Olson, Albert	12 40
Ondal, Salve O	66
Ondal, Charley	2 62
Overland, E J	7 50
Paulsen, S M	3 89
Roesner, John	12 47
Rustebakken, Alfred	14 84
Runnestad, T K	7 28
Rustad, Christian	1 50
Steen, C	7 94
Swanson, Nels	6 23
Simonson, Ole	1 70
Sandstrom, Victor	1 78
Stenseth, Andrew	1 71
Smith, John L	8 1[illegible]
Soderberg, Aug	3 78
Treisten, Andrew	3 54
Wichmann, Albert	10 50
Wold, M I	3 25
Williams, H R	3 93
T. R. Falls Cem Brk Wks	28 73
McCullough J P	

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

The Ideal Beer

Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure.* We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.

Our guarantee label is on every bottle.

"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

WITNESS FOR SOCIALISM.

Individual Profit Skimming Makes a Social Problem.

"The nation's resources are being wasted on every hand." Such is the startling cry raised by the United States' chief forester, Pinchot, who backs his arguments with an array of facts that the foremost American papers, irrespective of party, as well as President Roosevelt, have been compelled to heed. In thirty-three years at the present rate of consumption he declares that America will be faced with a timber famine and with it the disappearance of the lumbering business, the fourth greatest industry in the country.

America's anthracite coal in the same way can last out only fifty years and bituminous coal only a hundred. Yet the established coal mining practice of the day in America does not take out more than one-half the coal, leaving the less easily mined to be made permanently inaccessible by the caving in of the abandoned workings. Thus there is "prodigious and inexcusable waste."

Thirdly, in the oil and gas fields, although many are already exhausted, yet vast amounts of gas continue to be poured into the air and great quantities of oil into the streams. Vast amounts of oil are even systematically burned in order to be rid of it, "a deliberate destruction of the nation's future."

Fourthly, as a result of forest denudation and the consequent exposure of the land to floods, at least 100 square miles of fertile soil is destroyed per year and becomes itself as it chokes the river beds a source of enormous damage and expense for its removal. The Mississippi river alone carries down each year 400,000,000 tons of sediment—twice the amount of material to be excavated for the Panama canal and representing the most fertile portion of America's richest fields.

Fifthly, the conservation of the inland water supplies for purposes of irrigation and transportation has as yet "only begun."

Mr. Pinchot sums up and the president agrees that the planned and orderly development and conservation of her natural resources is the first duty of the United States.

The logical outcome of this conclusion is forcibly suggested by the Globe, which points out "the difficulty of applying any remedy to the present conditions since the natural resources which are in peril are almost entirely under private ownership."

So the world's thoughts move inevitably forward to Socialism.—London Labor Leader.

Economic Determinism.

In every historical epoch the prevailing mode of economic production and exchange and the social organization necessarily following from it form the basis upon which is built up and from which alone can be explained the political and intellectual history of that epoch; that consequently the whole history of mankind since the dissolution of primitive tribal society, holding land in common ownership, has been a history of class struggles, contests between exploiting and exploited, ruling and oppressed classes; that the history of these class struggles forms a series of evolution in which nowadays a stage has been reached where the exploited and the oppressed class—the proletariat—cannot attain its emancipation from the sway of the exploiting and ruling class—the bourgeois—without at the same time and once for all emancipating society at large from all exploitation, oppression, class distinctions and class struggles.—Dr. Karl Marx.

The Rule of the Few.

Every honest man and woman and every patriot who can think ought to say to himself the following:

The machinery and all the progress in implements of production we cannot and do not want to destroy. Civilization does not want to go back to the middle ages or be reduced to barbarism. But as long as these implements of production—land, machinery, raw materials, railroads, telegraphs, etc.—remain private property only comparatively few can be the sole owners and masters thereof. And as long as such is the case they will naturally use this private ownership for their own private advantage. The highest industrial order which competitive individualism has given us and can give us is that of capitalist and wage earners. And a capitalist and wage earner order of society inevitably ends and has already ended in the economic rule of a comparatively few absolute masters over a numerous socially subject class. —Victor L. Berger.

Capital.

By capital is meant anything which produces interest, a sum of money lent which at the end of months or years yields a profit, land that is cultivated or any instrument of labor that is set in action not by its proprietor, but by salaried workmen. The land which is cultivated by the peasant and his family, the [illegible] of the poacher, the plane or hammer of the carpenter, albeit [illegible], is not capitalistic property [illegible] the owner utilizes it himself instead of using it to extract surplus value from others. The [illegible] of profit [illegible] like a Nessus shirt to the [illegible]

It Makes a Difference.

COMPETITION IS WARFARE.

So Said England's Manufacturer and Socialist, William Morris.

Our present system of society is based on a state of perpetual war. Do you think this is as it should be? I know that you have often been told that the competition which is at present the rule of production is a good thing and stimulates the progress of the race, but the people who tell you this should call competition by its shorter name of war if they wish to be honest, and you would then be free to consider whether war stimulates progress otherwise than as a mad bull chasing you over your own garden may do. War or competition, whichever you choose to call it, means at the best pursuing your own advantage at the cost of some one else's loss, and in the process of it you must not be sparing of destruction even of your own possessions or you will certainly come by the worse in the struggle. You understand that perfectly as to the kind of war in which people go out to kill and be killed, that sort of war in which ships are commissioned, for instance, to "sink, burn and destroy," but it appears that you are not so conscious of this waste of goods when you are only carrying on that other war called commerce. Observe, however, that the waste is there all the same.

Now, let us look at this kind of war *a little closer, run through* some of the forms of it. First you have that form of it called national rivalry, which in good truth is nowadays the cause of all gunpowder and bayonet wars which civilized nations wage. It is now a great "competition" between the great nations of civilization for the world market, and tomorrow it may be a desperate war for that end. We shall let this impulse to snatch markets carry us whither it will, whither it must. Today it is successful burglary and disgrace. Tomorrow it may be mere defeat and disgrace. In saying this I only want to show you what commercial war comes to when it has to do with foreign nations. That is how we live now with foreign nations, prepared to ruin them without war if possible, with it if necessary. Well, surely Socialism can offer you something in place of all that. It can furnish you peace and friendship instead of war. We might live utterly without national rivalries. Think what an amount of waste that would avoid!

Meantime let us pass from this "competition" between nations to that between the organizers of labor, great firms, joint stock companies—capitalists, in short—and see how competition "stimulates production" among them. Indeed, it does do that. But what kind of production? Well, production of something to sell at a profit. A certain market is demanding goods. There are, say, a hundred manufacturers who make that kind of goods, and every one of them would, if he could, keep that market to himself and struggles desperately to get as much of it as he can, with the obvious result that presently the thing is overdone, and the market is glutted, and all that fury of manufacture has to sink into cold ashes. Doesn't that seem something like war to you? Can't you see the waste of it—waste of labor, skill, cunning; waste of life, in short. And if there is cheapness at what cost do we gain it? At the cost of cheating the consumer and starving the real producer for the benefit of the gambler, who uses both consumer and producer as his milk cows. I need not go into the subject of adulteration, for every one knows what kind of a part it plays in this sort of commerce. It is an absolutely necessary incident to the production of profit out of wares.—William Morris, English Manufacturer and Socialist, in a Lecture.

Capitalist Finance.

By manipulating the market so as to be alternately creditors or debtors and by using their control of the circulating medium to make money scarce or plentiful the gamblers of Wall street have been able to wring millions from the American public, and, while in a crisis like the present we hear of numerous failures, yet those who profit by these bankruptcies are not the shorn lambs nor the nonspeculating populace, but a few cormorants who have more strongly intrenched themselves than their fellows. When labor is made the standard of value the gamblers' reign will be over. Until this is done our lives, our labor and our lands are at their mercy. Let us vote ourselves free.—Saturday Evening Tribune, Seattle, Wash.

Monopoly of Money.

It was a lucky thing for Wall street that Mr. Rockefeller had not paid that [illegible]—Post-Intelligencer.

It is an unlucky thing for the American people that Rockefeller and Wall street have the lifeblood of the nation (the circulating medium) so firmly in their grip that no business can be transacted without their consent. The suffering and misery throughout the United States caused by the recent financial panic again illustrate the lack of wisdom in permitting a monopoly of one of the most important functions of society.—Saturday Evening Tribune.

Greatest Battle in the World Today.

The issue between Socialism and individualism is, I believe, the leading issue of this [illegible] western world. [illegible] "Socialism and Spiritual Progress," Page 4.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tina Holsinger of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 9[illegible] made Dec. 2nd, 1901 for the SE¼ Section 1, Township 151 N., Range 41, W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Jan., 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Albert Rohrer of Germantown, Minn.
Nels Larson " " "
Peter A. Johnson " " "
John Graff " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 26 jan 30

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Przybyszeski of Germantown Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 639, made October 3rd, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 28, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Feb. 3rd. 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Frank Staska of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mat Staska " " " "
Fred Skaar " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 26 jan 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his and claim, that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 3rd., 1908, viz: Engebret Nelson H. E. No. 42 Red Lake Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 21, in Twp. 151 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Tollef O. Loyland of Thief River Falls, Minn
Knute Loyland " " " "
Andrew Lindall " " " "
Martin H. Ballingsrued " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 26 jan 30

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson, and Kittel Knudson, and all persons interested in the the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nils Knudson being duly filed in this court, representing that Knudt Syverson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of June 1901, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Nils Knudson, Now therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of January 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N.W. Tarrant Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 19th, day of December, 1907.

COURT SEAL
N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

dec 26 jan 9

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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SIMPSON & CROAK, Props.
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

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BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

At Its Old Tricks Again.

There is a legal difference between evasion of law and violation of law, but there is no moral difference. Perhaps the greatest harm the criminal trusts have done in this country has come through the exercise of the ingenuity of lawyers who have been paid fat fees to teach the trusts how to evade the law without breaking it.

If you violate a law, you are subject to punishment. If you can evade it, you may accomplish the same unlawful ends, but you are not subject to punishment. That is why it has paid the corporations well to employ ingenious lawyers to show how to split hairs without breaking laws.

Ida M. Tarbell in the January American Magazine shows how the Standard Oil company has recently evaded an important and valuable law designed for the protection of the people. Under this law pipe lines, by which the oil trust transports its oil, were made common carriers, and subject to the supervision of the interstate commerce commission, just as interstate railroads are.

The object was to open oil transportation to the public from the Indian Territory to the Atlantic ocean. A trunk pipe line ran over this course, divided, like trunk railroads, between several corporations, all subsidiary to the Standard Oil company of New Jersey. But the line was continuous, and the course was interstate, and it probably never entered into the minds of the lawmakers that there was a way to dodge this law.

But there was, and one of the oil trust's attorneys, John G. Milburn, is credited by Miss Tarbell with devising it. Under his directions the oil trust readjusted the ownership of its lines, so that each company would own no pipage outside of the state in which it was incorporated. Thus each line stopped at the state boundary.

In the summer of 1906, when it became certain that the pipe line section of the Hepburn bill would pass, Mr. Milburn advised his clients that they should pump no more oil across state lines. How did they get around it? Very easily.

On each state boundary the oil trust built a receiving tank. On the eastern side of the receiving tank, in the other state, a pumping station was built. The oil goes into a tank in Pennsylvania owned by one company, is pumped out of that tank by a pump owned by another company in another state, and so on to the coast.

The oil trust now pumps its oil across several states, but in no case is it pumped across a boundary, so there is no interstate traffic about it, and the pipe line section of the Hepburn law is useless.

The law isn't broken. It is simply evaded. The federal law does not apply, because there is no piping company doing an interstate business, and because no oil is pumped across a state boundary. It is pumped to the boundary by one company, placed in a receiving tank on the line, and then the company in the next state pumps it out of the tank and on to another tank upon the next state boundary.

Such outfits have been installed between Pennsylvania and Maryland, between Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and between New York and New Jersey.

This isn't lawlessness, because it is lawful, but the imitation is so close that common folks will not be able to see the difference, and they probably won't try.—Duluth Herald.

Outlook is Hopeful.

Henry Clews, the great New York financial authority, closes his annual review as follows.

"In closing it seems to me entirely reasonable to indulge in more hopeful views. Possibly we may have to face six months, or even a year, of more or less business depression. The dangerous tendencies of a year ago have been thoroughly arrested, and the tendencies now at work are those of a corrective nature, which is distinctly encouraging. The disease has been correctly diagnosed and it is now only a question of applying the proper remedy—contraction—and the patient, having a vigorous constitution and courageous temperament, will soon recover. This is a presidential year, and unless all signs fail, the campaign is likely to be a comparatively quiet affair. The issues of the day are clearly defined, being largely of Mr. Roosevelt's creation, and the fight promises to be concerning men more than principles. It would be a surprise if the republican party lost its present control, and it is not undeserving of notice that Mr. Bryan is not quite as much feared since he dropped the free silver and government ownership.

"A final word as to distrust and its causes. The distrust which has been so grave an element in the panic was produced by two sets of influences. The first was strictly economic and was appreciated only by the business community; the second was moral and had a far-reaching effect on public opinion. It is a wholesome and encouraging sign that the American public will not tolerate the scandalous exposures which began with life insurance investigations, extended into corporate management generally and ended with probing our street railways. Mr. Roosevelt, very properly, chiefly concerned himself with the latter causes of distrust. For this he has been quite as unjustly criticised as would the surgeon for cutting out a cancer from his sick patient. While the causes of the panic were chiefly economic, corruptive influences were largely responsible for hastening the breakdown; and President Roosevelt's aggressive policy, though probably disturbing at times of extreme sensitiveness, will do more toward restoring American credit at home and abroad than any other single influence.

Business Discrimination.

Northfield News: A serious blow has been aimed at the special privileges enjoyed by Twin City merchants and jobbers by the business men of Duluth which threatens a diminution of their profits and is liable to result in their being obliged to pay taxes on their stocks. It appears that it has been customary for the railroads to store for extended periods goods from the East consigned to St. Paul and Minneapolis importers without charge. The way this worked out was that the jobbers did not have the freight moved until it was needed for immediate disposal or until it was sold outright. The importers were thus not only relieved of the expense incident to maintaining warehouses of their own, but the goods, although remaining at the head of the lakes for months at a time were regarded as being in transit and thus escaped assessment for taxation purposes altogether. For a long time this unfair kind of competition has been a source of annoyance and loss of business to Duluth wholesalers who had to pay their own storage and had no device for dodging the tax collector, but they saw no way of preventing it. Since the passage of the federal rate bill, however, a remedy has been found; and complaint has been made before the interstate commerce commission that the favors shown Twin City shippers by transportation companies are in effect a discrimination against men in other sections of the state engaged in the same business and, therefore, unlawful. Previous decisions in parallel cases leave little room for doubt that ultimately Twin City importers will either have to warehouse their own goods or pay railroad companies a reasonable charge for that privilege.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	98
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 05
Barley	68c
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	50c

BIJOU THEATRE.

Special music by the Bijou orchestra will be the feature for the last half of this week.

Miss Essa Robbecke will have "Something in the Colored Line" entitled, "Loving Time", beautifully illustrated.

The feature film, "The Dog Police of Paris" is a wonderful picture, showing the dogs at work tracking criminals through streets, country, over the river they go, finally bringing down their prey in a garrot. This is a remarkable exhibition of what training and a natural instinct for hunting can do.

The comical sketch, "Reuben Brown in Town" shows his arrival in New York. With determination he hoarded his earnings until he accumulated quite a roll, and the great day arrives when he bids the old folks a fond adieu and starts Bowery-ward. New York! at last his wildest dreams are realized and starts on his tour of sightseeing.

Prof. Halvorson, violinist last half of next week.

Services in the Newton Schoolhouse next Sunday Jan. 12th. at 10:45 a. m. In the Evenson Hall in the evening at 7:30. Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Marshall Murdock, editor and proprietor of the Wichita (Kan.) Eagle, father of Congressman Victor Murdock and one of the best known newspaper men in the United States, is dead, aged seventy years.

John Chandler Bancroft Davis, for the past twenty-four years reporter for the United States supreme court and formerly United States minister to Germany, is dead at Washington.

Mrs. Mary Louise Morgan Whitney, owning property valued at about $30,000,000 and reputed to be the wealthiest woman in the South, is dead at New Orleans.

Mrs. John Van Ness Roberts, well known in New York society, is dead from the effects of an overdose of a drug which had been prescribed for a weak heart.

Rev. Father D. J. Stafford, pastor of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church at Washington, an eminent preacher and noted Shakespearean scholar, is dead.

Dr. Nicholas Senn, one of the most widely known surgeons in the United States, is dead at Chicago of heart disease.

Bishop Edward G. Andrews of the Methodist Episcopal church is dead at his home in Brooklyn, aged eighty-two.

Charles Augustus Young, one of the foremost astronomers in the United States, is dead at Hanover, N. H.

Catherine Devine, known on the burlesque stage as "Little Egypt," is dead in New York city.

Edward Hanlon, ex-champion oarsman of the world, is dead at Toronto, Ont.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—Wheat—May, $1.14¾; July, $1.14⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.16½; No. 1 Northern, $1.14¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.12½; No. 3 Northern, $1.08½@1.10½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@5.75. Hogs—$4.22½@4.35. Sheep—Wethers, $4.25@4.50; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.35.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 4.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.12⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.11¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅝; May, $1.15¼; July, $1.16. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.10¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅜. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.19; May, $1.23; July, $1.24½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@6.20; cows and heifers, $1.25@4.65; Texans, $3.20@4.00; calves, $5.25@7.00; Western cattle, $3.75@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.30. Hogs—Light, $4.15@4.55; mixed, $4.25@4.62½; heavy, $4.20@4.60; rough, $4.20@4.30; pigs, $3.60@4.25. Sheep, $3.00@5.15; yearlings, $4.70@5.50; lambs, $4.75@6.80.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Wheat—May, $1 [illegible] July, [illegible] Corn—May, [illegible] Oats—May [illegible] Pork—Jan. $12.72½; May, $13.37½. Butter—Creameries, [illegible] Eggs—23@24c. Poultry—[illegible] chickens, [illegible]

Logger Killed by Train.

[illegible]

NEW COUNCIL IN CONTROL.

Recently Elected Alderman Organize on Tuesday Evening.

Mayor Hamre Delivers Message and Make Police Appointments.

The new city council held its first meeting Tuesday evening and about all of the business that was transacted was to effect an organization and elect officers.

Before the new council met, the old council held a short meeting. After a motion had been made by Alderman McGinn, which was unanimously seconded by all present, to the effect that the president to be elected by the new council buy the supper for the crowd, an adjournment was taken.

The new council organized by unanimously electing W. W. Prichard as president of the council and that gentleman furnished a bountiful spread for all at Weimer's restaurant. M. V. Evensen was elected vice-chairman.

Lars Backe received five votes for city clerk was declared elected.

For city attorney G. Halvorson received three votes and W. Michelet two votes. The former was declared elected.

Street Commissioner Melby was again elected to fill this position, receiving three votes. Nels Lee who was formerly street commissioner, had in an application for appointment and received two votes.

The bonds of Ed Evenson as city treasurer was fixed at $10,000 and Mr. Evenson presented a bond in that amount which was approved.

—Paul Medderigh was again appointed fire warden.

A communication was received from the fire department asking that D. LeSage be appointed chief, James Bulman assistant chief, Andy Erickson second assistant chief, Chris Paulson third assistant chief and Emil E. Zeh secretary. This was done.

The matter of appointing an assessor and city poor physician was deferred until Friday evening, the council taking an adjournment to that time. There are three applicants for the office of assessor—Ben Christienson, K. M. Hanson and D. P. O'Neill.

The matter of fixing salaries of city officials was not acted upon, but it is rumored that there is to be a general increase given all employes.

Godfriend Adolphs and Wm. Ferris, employes of the electric light department, had in an application for an increase in salary, but no action was taken.

Mayor Hamre was present and made the following appointments:

Chief of Police—Ed Jarneson.

Patrolmen—A. W. Lang and Ole Eible.

Health Commissioner—Dr. P. L. Vistaunet.

The following is the mayor's message which was delivered to the council and ordered placed on file:

To the City Council of the City of Thief River Falls.

Gentlemen:—In almost every newspaper we see the statement that the country has developed too fast for the railroads; if such is the case with the railroads of the Northwest, how much more so is it not the case with our city which has almost doubled in population in the last three years, and, from being a small country village without any public improvements of any note, now is a city of five thousand souls, with a modern system of waterworks and an extensive sewer system, also one of the most successfull municipal electric lighting plants owned by any city in the state; in fact our growth has been so phenominal that it has taxed our City Government to the utmost in trying to keep pace with the requirements that the citizens expect and require of a growing and hustling city, and we can not give too much praise to our predecessors, when we note the splendid results of their labors with the means at their disposal. In order to continue and maintain the high standard established, it will require the united efforts, not only of the mayor and the city council, but of every citizen, and each one should constitute himself a committee of one to boost for the best interests of the city of Thief River Falls.

In assuming the office of Mayor, I am deeply appreciative of the honor conferred and the confidence necessarily vested in me with such office, and I hope that I may be able to justify both the [illegible]

[illegible]

must pause, and when called upon to give our attention to the broader field of our community or country, we must forget the petty jealousies that mar our better nature, and come together as citizens, and shoulder to shoulder overcome all difficulties, and jointly and severally exert ourselves in the promotion of the general welfare of the City of Thief River Falls.

I recommend:

1 That the City Council place the Electric Light and Water Department in the hands of a committee or special commission.

2 The city should pay for all street lights and all lights in public buildings and all electricity used in public donations for light and power; that by so doing the electric light rates could be reduced.

3 That all electric light users should be put on a meter system and that our present meter rates should be reduced and placed on a step rate plan, thus insuring justice and equity to all electric consumers.

4 I recommend a reduction of rates for city water, thereby inducing more citizens to use city water, for the additional cost of supplying double the amount of water used at this time would be nominal.

5 I further recommend that the council pass a resolution as required by the state authorities, in order that an application for the establishment of a company of Minnesota National Guards in this city will be considered by said authorities.

[illegible]

cessors, doing our utmost to build and encourage good streets and good roads in the city and leading into the city, as good roads and streets is one of the best assets that any city can have. As it was for ancient Rome a source of strength and prosperity, let us try to make it a saying in our time that all good roads lead to Thief River Falls.

We want to make this beautiful city of ours surpass any city in the State of Minnesota in the high standard of our public utilities and city government, by enforcing our laws and ordinances in such a manner as to insure safety to life and property and clean morals, and give to every law abiding citizen, be it a wage earner or a business man who may come here to earn a living or invest their money with us, safety and protection to life and property so long as we represent the will of the people. Let this be our motto: That the name Thief River Falls will represent and be referred to as the highest standard of economic and clean city government.

Yours truly,
T. P. Hamre, Mayor.

Celebrate Silver Wedding.

Monday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Parbst, who reside west of the city, and they were very pleasantly surprised by a large number of their friends and neighbors. Some 44 guests were present and all had a most enjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. Parbst were married at [illegible], Norway, and have resided in this section since 18[illegible]. They are held in universal high esteem and the News joins their many friends in hoping that they live to celebrate their golden anniversary.

Meeting Will Be a Big One

The meeting of school trustees to be held in this city next Saturday promises to be a very largely attended affair and [illegible] the program for the affair [illegible] that it will be one of the most interesting meetings ever held in Northern Minnesota. In the neighborhood of [illegible] school trustees representing [illegible] all parts of Red Lake county will be present.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

We have a good stock of Shoes, Dry Goods, Overalls, Shirts, and Groceries. We sell as cheap as possible and guarantee quality. A special cut price on winter goods.

J. H. JACOBSON,

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Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Sunday School every Sunday at 9 a.m.

W. J. La Bree was up to Greenbush Monday.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis last week.

E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week.

Swen Swenson was up to Middle River last week.

John Ristau was down from Germantown Sunday.

Services in the Synod Church next Sunday at 10:30.

Lowell Filton returned last Friday to McKinley, Minn.

Dr. Bockman and bride returned to this city last week.

Mrs. Frank Carlson visited friends at Plummer last week.

Swen Swenson returned Monday from a trip to Newfolden.

Attorney S. Cooke was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Dr. H. G. Hieber, and office residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

George Wernham returned to this city Tuesday from his trip to Duluth.

Louis Hanson was up north on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

A. I. Anderson was up to Middle River last week attending to business matters.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday with friends here.

Frank Zavoral was in the city from Erie last week attending to business matters.

W. N. Powell, the banker and real estate man of Warren, was in the city last week.

Mrs. John Gilbertson left last Saturday for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few weeks.

Mrs. K. M. Hansen returned to this city last Thursday from her trip to Minneapolis.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Chief Erickson's wife was taken dangerously ill Sunday evening, but is now improving.

The Ladies Aid meets, with Mrs. H. Langseth January 16th, at 3 p. m. All cordially invited.

Miss Isla Ramstad has returned to Fargo to resume her studies at the Ladies Seminary at that place.

For Sale—Three heavy oxen and seven cows, will soon be fresh. Inquire of H. P. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Eddie Hermanson returned to Minneapolis Sunday to resume his studies in an art school at that place.

Miss Irene Caldwell returned to Red Lake Falls last Saturday, near which place she is teaching school.

S. Kenison left Monday evening for the Twin Cities to spend a few days attending to business matters.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son were up from Crookston last week visiting at the Kretzschmar home.

Miss Nellie Abbot, of Rollis, passed through the city last Friday being enroute to St. Paul to visit friends.

H. G. Dobner returned to this city Sunday from a trip to Lake City where he had been to spend the holidays.

Ole Torrison and wife returned to this city Monday from Fisher where they had been to visit Mr. Torrison's parents.

Michal Hilden and son, of Park River, N. D., were in the city the first of the week visiting at the home of H. P. Sponheim.

Tom Hovit, local manager of the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Wholesale house here, was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—For Sale Cheap—A second hand 16 horsepower Port Huron engine. Cash or on time. Address Box 621, Crookston, Minn.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Miss Grace Meehan, Miss Annie Connelly and Miss Halseth left Monday for Moorhead to attend the state normal school at that place.

Miss Golda Hill, who had spent the holidays in the city, returned to Minneapolis Saturday to resume her duties in the public schools.

Mrs. D. Farrel, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week and on Monday evening installed the newly elected officers of the Eastern Star.

Mrs. A. I. Anderson left Tuesday for Lanesboro, Minn., to spend a few weeks visiting with Mr. Andersons' parents. Mr. Anderson will go down later.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Aasen, who had been here to spend the holidays with old friends and relatives, returned, Monday to their home at Loma, N. D.

Daniel Shaw went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday morning to be present at the first annual meeting of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county.

The prices of food stuffs are not likely to go down but rather up. Government estimates puts the average yield per acre on most grain considerable lower than last year.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will give a grand ball on the evening of January 29. Tickets are now being sold and it promises to be a largely attended affair.

An exchange says there are two reasons why some people don't mind their own business. One is that they haven't any mind, and the other is that they haven't any business.

Charles Hoar, a former Thief River Falls boy, who is traveling for a Duluth paper house, will again make this territory, for the past year he has been working out of Duluth.

A new post office called Mavie, eight miles directly east of town, has been established with Charles P. Quist as postmaster. The new office will be convenient for a large number of patrons.

Fresh honey for sale at O. Tessum's store.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogahmah.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

S. W. Bagley was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Dr. Melby was up to Middle River yesterday on professional business.

G. Torrison returned to this city yesterday from a visit with friends at Fisher.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston last evening attending to legal business.

John Havil left Tuesday for Winona, called there by the serious illness of his mother.

The board of county commissioners organized Tuesday by again electing C. E. Lindquist chairman.

Some household goods for sale. Inquire of Mrs. A. J. Klimek, Evenson houses on fifth street.

Sabath services in the church by Soo every Saturday from 2:00 to 4:00 P.M. All are welcome! O. E. Johanson.

Lost—A small memorandum book while in town Jan. 4. Finder please return and get reward. P. Engelstad.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Norwegian Luthern Synod meets with Mrs. Hans Langseth next Thursday, July 16.

Andrew Bjerkhoel, who had spent the holidays here with his parents, left Tuesday for Ross, N. D. where he is in charge of a drug store.

O. J. Norlund will speak in the church by Soo Sunday evening 7:30 subject: Why am I a Seventh Day Adventist? You are cordially invited.

Services in "Oddfellow Hall" next Sunday evening at 7:30. All are welcome.

Olaf M. Wangensteen, Pastor.

School opened Monday morning after the holiday vacation and the enrollment was greatly increased. There are now over 1000 pupils attending the city schools.

Ovid Morean passed through the city yesterday enroute from Brooks to Red Lake Falls. Mr. Morean was candidate for county treasurer in this county in the fall of 1904.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders and directors of the First State Bank of Thief River Falls will be held in their banking rooms on Saturday evening, January 11, 1908, at 8 o'clock.

The building of the new piers for bridge was commenced last week. Street Commissioner Melby is looking after the citys' interests in the building of the bridge and it looks as if a good job was being done.

Miss Eva Olson and Miss Laura Siminson, teachers in the Grand Forks College and O. T. Felland, superintendent of the Twin Valley schools, was in the city last week visiting at the home of H. P. Sponheim.

Word has been received from Sacred Heart Minn., to the effect that Gertrude, the two year old daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Schalaben, until recently residents of this city, is very sick of pneumonia and not expected to live.

The Sons of Norway had a banquet in the Antlers Club rooms last Thursday evening. Several speeches were made by local Scandinavians, which was followed by musical selections and dancing. A most enjoyable time was had by all.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Jan. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

C. C. Jackson, who last week retired as chief of the fire department, was presented with a handsome gold headed umbrella by the members of the department. Mr. Jackson is very popular with the firemen, and has many times served as chief of the department.

The joint installation of officers of the Masonic and Eastern Star Monday evening was a very enjoyable affair and was attended by about 150 residents of the city and surrounding towns. After the installation a banquet was served by the ladies of the Eastern Star.

Louis Heyduk wishes to announce that he has purchased the tailoring establishment of Theo Kosin and is now prepared to do all kinds of tailoring, cutting and designing. He desires to have those in need of anything in his line call and see him and guarantees to give the best of satisfaction.

Those from St. Hilaire who were in the city Monday evening attending the joint installation of the Masons and Eastern Star were as follows: Mr. and Mrs. George L. Austin, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives, Daniel Patterson, C. L. Harris, A. D. Wilson and Miss Katherine Patterson.

Reports from St. Paul are to the effect that domestic trouble has caused the separation of C. F. Conrad and his wife. Mr. Conrad was the former agent for the [illegible] here and with his wife left last month for St. Paul. Mrs. Conrad is said to be attending bookkeeping at [illegible] in St. Paul and it is [illegible] where Mr. Conrad is located.

Most people know that if they have been sick they need *Scott's Emulsion* to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about *Scott's Emulsion* is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

WATCH THIS SPACE NEXT WEEK, WHERE BARGAIN SEEKERS WILL FIND SOMETHING TO READ THAT WILL BE INTERESTING TO THEM.
LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

PRICE LIST

of the different examination fees, lenses, frames and mounting. Take notice how small the price is for simple lenses and no charge for examination. For $1.50 you get the glasses fitted to your eyes, guaranteed to be right. Read the prices over carefully, then come in and place yourself under our care. We guarantee you recovery and satisfaction.

NO CHARGES FOR filling prescriptions on glasses, duplicating old or broken lenses, fitting and testing for Presbiopion, or old sight or any simple condition where physical and nervous disturbances are not present.

$2.50 CHARGES FOR fitting stigmatism, muscular insufficiencies, attacks of headaches, painful, inflamed eyes, removing foreign bodies from eyes, or treating any trouble or disease in first stage.

$5.00 CHARGE FOR general examination and treatment of the following classes, chronic inflamation of the eyes, chronic headaches, stomach, kidney and heart trouble, roaring in ears, nueralgia, dizziness, floating spots or any blurring or abnormal condition in the eyes.

$10 00 CHARGE FOR treatment and examinations for tonic and clonic spasm, with all its disorders.

$25.00 CHARGE FOR general examination and treatment of conditions of long standing, granulation of eyelids, derangements of the nervous system, including St. Vitus Dance, epileptic fits, hysterical fits, or a complete breakdown.

$50.00 CHARGE FOR straightening cross eyes, symptoms of insanity, etc.

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Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
LaBree Ave.

PRICES ON LENSES.

			Inserted	Rimless
Spherial periscopic convex	any size		$1.00	$1.50 a pair.
Sphero-cyl compound lenses	"	"	2.50	3.00 "
Spherial prisms or decentered	"	"	2.75	3.25 "
Pebbles periscopic convex	"	"	5.00	7.00 "
Deep periscopic or tonic lenses	"	"	6.00	7.50 "

For bi-facial lenses add to the above prices as follows:

			Inserted	Rimless
Aluminico, nickel or white metal	any size		$ .50	$ .75
Goldfilled riding temples	"	"	2.00	2.00
Goldfilled best quality	"	"	2.50	2.50
Goldfilled best " solid gold bridge	"	"	3.50	3.50
Solid gold medium weight 10kt	"	"	4.50	4.50
" " " " 14kt	"	"	5.50	5.50
" " heavy " 10kt	"	"	5.50	5.50
" " " " 14kt	"	"	7.50	7.50

We carry a great variety of eyeglass mountings, prices vary according to make and quality from 50 cts. to $2.00. Solid gold from $2.00 to $5.00

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

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Absolutely Pure

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caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
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Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

Attention Farmers!

Do not burn your flax straw---it is worth money. I will pay $2 per ton for flax straw delivered in Thief River Falls.

F. H. FASSEL,

Proprietor of the Flax Tow Mill.

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We make a specialty of handling the best furniture—furniture that is made by reliable and honest manufacturers—and we sell at reasonable prices. That is the secret of our success. We are also exclusive agents for Edison Phonographs. Call and see them.

A Broken Vow.

By JANE LUDLUM LEE.

Copyright, 1907, by C. H. Sutcliffe.

"Shall I put this gray dress in the trunk, Alice, or do you think it will be too thin?"

This remark was addressed to a disconsolate looking girl who sat huddled up in a big armchair at the window day dreaming. Her dark, red brown hair had not been combed, and her dress consisted of a pink silk wrapper carelessly tied around the waist. No answer was forthcoming to the question.

"Alice, do you hear me?"

"Yes—that is, no, auntie—that is, I don't care. I don't want any clothes."

"But, my child, you can't go to a hotel without clothes. Come; you must help me with the packing. I'll attend to the body of the trunk, and you pack the tray."

Alice moved leisurely from her corner and languidly threw some trifles in the trunk. She went over to her desk and scratched off a hasty note while her aunt finished her part of the packing. Finally the task was finished, and Alice offered to lock the trunk. This she did, putting the key in her purse.

"THIS IS NOT MY TRUNK AT ALL!"

"Thank you, auntie. I'll be ready promptly at 2, and ask Mary to mail this letter, please."

At about the same hour Willard Kean was walking the floor of his handsome bachelor apartment in a fashionable district of the city.

"I'll be darned if it was my fault, and I'll be darned if I apologize. She can just sulk it out, and I'll leave town where I'll not be tempted. Perry, Perry!" he called, and a little Japanese servant appeared.

"Throw a few of my duds into a trunk, will you? I'm off for a few days at Hot Springs. You know what I'll need—dress suit, dinner coat and a few togs for loafing on the piazza. And, Perry, be quick about it, for I'm going on the first train out."

Perry began his task, bobbing in and out of the room, his arms laden with linen, fancy vests, suits, etc. When the packing was finished he asked for the key.

"I'll lock it," replied his master. "You call a cab. That train leaves about 2 o'clock, and if I miss it there will be just one less Jap in this town tomorrow."

Kean walked to the mantelpiece, picked up something, threw it in the trunk and locked the latter. He caught the 2 o'clock train and settled himself in his section.

Alice and her aunt made the same train and were soon comfortably fixed in the stateroom of the adjoining car. Orders were given that meals should be served to them there, while Kean ate in the regular diner.

After a half hour of absolute silence auntie opened the conversation.

"Alice, dear, you must pull yourself together. Willard Kean is not the only man in the world. We really cannot afford this trip, and you must try to get some benefit from it. Hot Springs is full of young people, and I simply cannot have you going about with that long face."

"I didn't want to take the trip. I didn't want anything except to be let alone. I don't want to get any benefit, and I simply will not try to be pleasant to anybody, so there now."

Auntie dropped the conversation for a time as [illegible]. The next day brought them to Hot Springs, where they got off and drove to the hotel. The clerk assigned them to a room, and they asked that their trunks be sent up at once. Two trunks were soon delivered and Alice stooped to unlock hers. The key went in rather hard, it turned harder, but finally it gave to the strength of her hand. She opened the lid, and her own photograph stared her in the face.

"Auntie, did I [illegible] put that picture in here?"

"Certainly not, my dear. Why should I? Besides, I haven't one like that."

"Auntie, this is most peculiar. This isn't my trunk at all! Why, see, it is full of men's shirts, vests, ties, etc. It's all a mistake except the picture. There's no mistake about that. It's mine, all right enough. But what is it doing in a strange man's trunk?"

"Maybe the photographer sold it to him."

"Maybe he did, auntie, but look on the back: 'To the dearest sweetheart in the world—Alice.' That picture I gave to Jack just after we were engaged. The owner of this trunk is a common thief, and I'll report him to the hotel management. Help me fix my hair, auntie. I am going right to the office and have this matter adjusted at once."

• • • • • • • •

Kean dropped off the car at Hot Springs, sauntered up to the hotel and went to his room, where he lit his pipe and began walking the floor. A knock at the door interrupted his thoughts, and he opened it to let in the men with his trunk.

"That's not my trunk, you muttonhead! Get out of here with it!"

"Marked with your name, sir, on the tag. Just try your key and see if you are sure it's wrong."

Kean took out his key ring, all the while talking as he fitted the key in the lock.

"Sure it's wrong! Why, you thick headed chump, don't a man know his own baggage? What is this—a hotel or a batty house? Holy Moses!" he exclaimed as the key fitted and the trunk opened upon a large photograph of himself in a leather frame.

"All right, boys, my mistake," he added as he handed each man a dollar bill.

Left alone, he picked up the photograph and walked with it to the window, pinched himself to see if he was alive, then laughed, then swore. Examining the trunk, he realized it was not his, as he had no use for silk petticoats and lingerie dresses.

"I'll keep this photo, all right, all right, but the lady can have her trunk," he mused as he made his way to the office. The clerk smiled as he made the complaint.

"Come right with me, will you, Mr. Kean? A lady just came down from room 411 who, I think, can explain this mistake and give you your rightful belongings."

"All I want is my trunk. I'm not anxious to see the lady."

"But I'd rather you came along to make it easier for me," and Kean followed in silence.

The clerk's knock at the door of 411 was answered by "Come in," and they entered.

"Here is the gentleman whose trunk you have, and who can return yours, Miss Buckingham, and"—

"Billy!"

"Alice!"

"Mr. Kean!"

"Miss Buckingham!"

Auntie seemed to have something private to say to the clerk, for she asked him to step into the hall for a moment with her, thus leaving the two culprits alone.

Alice looked like a wilted flower, and tears came to her eyes. What could a man do, even if it was not his fault, even if he had taken a solemn oath not to apologize? He reached out his arms, and she slipped into their embrace and cried just a few happy tears on a shoulder very dear to her.

"Please don't cry, Alice. Of course I was to blame. It was nasty of me to tease you about that Benton girl; but, really, dear, I only did it just to see how much you cared."

"And I cared so much. But, Billy, dear, how can you explain about those trunks? My key opened yours."

"Easy enough, darling. We bought those two trunks on that shopping expedition when auntie chaperoned us in Paris at the Bon Marche, and evidently the locks were the same. We won't have that trouble again, Alice, for the next time we take a trip there will only be one trunk for both of us. Where is your ring, dear—consigned to the ocean or the ash barrel?"

"Oh, Billy, you're horrid to find me out! Here it is around my neck. You see, I wrote you saying the engagement was all off, but I kept the ring just for a day or two, you understand, thinking maybe—oh, don't be so mean!"

"Well, I'll forgive you this time, but don't take it off again until the plain gold one goes on under it."

And she promised to do as he said.

HIS COURSE IN LOVE.

By LULU JOHNSON.

Copyright, 1907, by M. M. Cunningham.

On the whole, Treadway thought it rather nice of him to be willing to marry Marion Hitesman. He was possessed of an income of half a million a year, the income from his mother's estate, and when his father died—well, it required the services of two men to keep track of the Treadway investments.

Marion was a dainty little country woman, but she would need a lot of social training, of course. Perhaps a year in a finishing school might be a good thing to fit her for the place in society she was destined to fill. It might be a bother to wait a year before marriage, though, so on second thoughts perhaps a social secretary would be a better plan. Treadway decided upon the social secretary as the lesser of two necessary evils.

Marion Hitesman was only a little country girl, the belle of Wichfield, a village of a few thousand persons. Treadway had been forced to stop over there for repairs to his automobile, and before these were made he had seen Marion. After that the automobile was called upon only for little trips to nearby points of interest, and Treadway paid his easy going court to the girl.

Perkins, his father's lawyer, made his summer home in Wichfield, and the introduction was easily accomplished, but Treadway found courtship according to Wichfield notions rather complicated. In town he would have left a standing order with the florist and confectioner. There would have been an occasional motor excursion and finally a proposal of marriage in the conservatory at some one's dance and a note in the society columns of the papers.

Here it was all different, and, while he enjoyed the novelty of it, he found it rather awkward at times. In town mammas with marriageable daughters were willing to do more than half the courtship for him. Here he found himself on the same level of equality in the Hitesman home as Ben Taylor, who clerked in Luscomb's grocery.

TREADWAY WATCHED HER WISTFULLY.

Even this fact did not serve to warn him, however, and his declaration was entirely characteristic. The two were returning from a ride in the country. A score of couples had gone out to the home of a farmer host, and the road was dotted with buggies. At Marion's command Treadway had not thrown on speed to outstrip the others, as he usually did, and the car rolled along as quietly as though it were under the observation of a string of traffic police.

Marion, leaning back against the upholstered cushions, gave a luxurious little sigh.

"I love automobiling," she said, "when the car does not run too fast."

"You shall have an automobile for your own," he promised, "when we are married."

"Are we to be married?" she asked with a touch of coldness in her voice.

"I hope so," was the prompt reply. "I've got a lot of money, and in time I shall have a lot more. I can give you everything you want and introduce you into society. Of course you'll have to coach up a little, but you'll make it all right. Is it a go?"

"No, thank you," said Marion very quietly. "I admit that the proposition you make is glittering in the extreme, but I must decline."

"Decline!" he gasped in amazement. "Why, I know a hundred girls in New York who would just jump at the chance!"

"In that case," was the quiet retort, "I shall omit the customary expression of regret. No doubt you will find quick consolation."

Treadway was too stunned to argue. He busied himself with the steering wheel until the big black car drew up in front of the Hitesman home. He helped her out and opened the gate for her.

"It is goodby as well as good night," he said as she held out her hand. "I shall be gone in the morning."

She stammered something he could not catch and hurried up the walk to the house. Treadway watched her wistfully until the door closed behind her, then he went away, carrying in his heart the memory of a slender figure silhouetted against the light from the open door.

In the early dawn the big touring car slipped down the dusty road. There was the usual gossip, and then Wichfield forgot Treadway in the excitement of a revival meeting at which a famous evangelist exhorted. But Treadway did not forget, even though he put the width of the Atlantic between himself and the little town where he had met defeat. He dawdled in London and loafed miserably in Paris, but he could not forget the girl with the big brown eyes, and he was glad when at last he turned his steps homeward.

The summer had passed, but the brisk autumnal air made touring a delight, and presently for a second time the big black car rolled into Wichfield. Perkins, the Treadway lawyer, had closed his house and gone back to town, but there was an excellent hotel, and presently Treadway found himself installed in a comfortable room. Once settled he sallied forth to find Marion.

She was not at home, they told him at the house, but Mrs. Hitesman added minute directions by which he found the patch of woods where Marion had gone in search of nuts.

Evidently her nutting was but an excuse for a walk in the woods, for he came upon her day dreaming at the foot of a huge chestnut. As he approached the looked up wonderingly; then, after a moment's pause, she sprang to her feet with outstretched hands.

"For a moment I thought you must be a vision," she cried as he hurried toward her. "Mr. Perkins told me just before he left that you had gone abroad for the winter."

"I did go across," he confirmed, "but I couldn't stay. I wanted to come back and ask you if your decision was final."

"My decision?" she echoed.

"Yes," he explained. "I know you told me that you would not marry me, but I could not be content until I asked again. I went to London and Paris to try to forget you, but the farther from home I got the more I seemed to want you, and so here I am."

"But the hundred or more who were ready to accept you and your millions?" she reminded.

"There might be a million or more who would be ready to accept my hundreds," he replied impatiently, "but the whole million in one big seraglio would not be you, dear. It was a silly, braggart speech that I am heartily ashamed of now. It was that which brought me back. I wanted to tell you how well I realized what a fool I had been. I love you too much to give up without another appeal. I've a whole lot to learn, Marion, but will you be the teacher, dear, and show me that the cursed money is not everything?"

"I think I should like to try," she whispered as he caught her hand.

"And I came over here prepared for the argument of my life," he said wonderingly.

"You said this time what you should have said before," she replied. "The last time you offered me wealth and position. This time you have offered me your love. It is love that a girl wants, Tom. It's not always the money she seeks. I liked you before, but I could not be bought."

"But I loved you then," he cried.

"Not in the same way," she explained, "or you would have told me so. You wanted me to teach you. That was the first lesson."

"Then here endeth the first lesson," cried Treadway, with a laugh, as he bent to touch the soft brown hair with his lips. "Let's hope the others will not be so drastic. You've been pretty hard on your pupil, sweetheart."

Tricking a Jeweler.

A fashionably dressed woman once alighted from a brougham in west London and stepped into a hairdresser's shop. She informed the barber that she had a son who was of unsound mind and that the doctor had ordered his head to be shaved.

Her son, she said, was violent, and she instructed the barber to get a couple of assistants and seize him when he was brought round, to tie him in a chair and shave his head in spite of anything he might say. The barber did not relish the job, but an advance fee of a guinea tempted him, and he fell.

Then the lady drove to the jeweler's, bought some expensive rings and jewelry and expressed surprise at having left her purse at home. She offered to drive the jeweler home with her, together with the jewels, and pay him at her residence.

On arriving once more at the barber's the two alighted, and the unfortunate jeweler at a sign from the lady was seized and bound to a chair, and in spite of his angry yells and expostulations his head was shaved. Meanwhile the lady drove off with £300 worth of gems and was never heard of again.—London Mail.

Very Plain.

Two country women, mother and daughter, were at the circus for the first time. They were greatly taken with the menagerie. At last they came to the hippopotamus and stood for several minutes transfixed in silent wonder. Then the mother turned to her daughter and said slowly and solemnly: "My! Ain't—he—plain!"

An Advantage.

"Now," said Tommy's mother, "I hope you'll profit by that spanking and not be such a little savage hereafter."

"Boo hoo!" blubbered Tommy. "I wish I was a little savage. Little savages' mammas don't wear slippers."—Exchange.

Foiled Again.

The stout man opened the door of the small waiting room at Bushby station and looked cautiously into the room. As he saw it was apparently empty, he entered, closed the door softly behind him and tiptoed over to the weighing machine. "I guess I've got my chance at last," he muttered as he hastily thrust a cent into the slot and stepped gingerly on the platform at the same instant.

He settled himself firmly and was adjusting his glasses to decipher the number of pounds registered when the door of the ticket agent's room opened, and out he came, rubbing his chilled hands.

"Have to warm up at the stove once in awhile," he said genially and was surprised at the answer he received.

"Any excuse does 'em, I notice," muttered the stout man, and he stepped heavily from the weighing machine without having deciphered the figures.

"You won't find out how much I weigh today!" he said louder, with a baleful glance at the ticket agent. "This is the forty fifth time I've tried to use one of these machines in peace, but now I give it up. If it isn't an imposition, I don't know what is!"—Youth's Companion.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building, 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

REFEREE IS APPOINTED

Will Take Testimony in Hart Disbarment Case.

JUSTIFIES HIS STATEMENTS

At Preliminary Hearing Accused Attorney Does Not Withdraw Criticism of Supreme Court.

Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis appeared at St. Paul before the special supreme court appointed by Governor Johnson to act in the disbarment proceedings brought against him by the state board of law examiners for his criticism of the supreme court. Mr. Hart not only did not offer to withdraw or modify any of the statements complained of, but sought to justify them on the ground that they were truthful statements and that in making them he had not been guilty of any violation of his duty as an attorney at law. He insisted that he was prepared to stand by his statements.

After the court had overruled his objection to the petition, which was based on the ground that it does not allege facts sufficient to constitute an offense, the court appointed ex-Lieutenant Governor Gideon S. Ives of St. Paul referee to take the testimony in the proceedings and set March 10 as the date for the final hearing in the matter. The taking of testimony will commence at Mr. Ives' office on Jan. 15. Upon the conclusion of the evidence in chief of the prosecution the respondent will be granted, if he so requests, ten days in which to prepare his defense. The prosecution will be required to serve its brief on the respondent by Feb. 25 and both briefs must be filed in the court not less than three days prior to the final hearing.

CAR HITS BOBSLED.

Six People Injured, Two Seriously, Near South St. Paul.

Six people were injured, two of them seriously, by an Inver Grove street car. A company of twelve was returning to South St. Paul from Inver Grove, where they had gone for a bob party as guests of Fred Scofield, who was driving. Shortly before reaching Riverside the sled was run down by the car that runs from Inver Grove to South St. Paul.

The bob had been running on the street car tracks. Mr. Scofield and the party saw the car approaching rapidly, but could not turn out quickly because of the tracks. All the occupants of the bob were thrown out, several of them some distance. Mr. Scofield clung to the lines of the four mules hauling the bob and was dragged a considerable distance, tearing a gash in his head and suffering severe bruises.

ROBBERS WOUND OFFICER

Fail to Secure Booty From Bank at Sleepy Eye.

The attempted robbery of the State bank of Sleepy Eye was foiled by Night Policeman Roman Krueger. That the robbers were not professionals was shown by the crude outfit of tools which was left behind and which, it is suspected, was stolen from passenger coaches and the roundhouse in this city.

In making his rounds Krueger went through an alley near the bank and was knocked down from the rear by a robber stationed on guard with a club. The officer was also badly gashed with a knife. The robbers then ran away and there is no clue to their identity.

ENDS LIFE IN A CROWD.

Minneapolis Man Commits Suicide With Carbolic Acid.

"Well, here's to hell in a hurry," said J. E. Chase, at one time a prosperous furniture dealer, as he drained an ounce bottle of carbolic acid in the Voegeli drug store at Minneapolis. The store was filled with persons waiting for street cars, many of them being women and children. Every effort was made to save the man's life, but in vain, and he died at the city hospital in terrible agony.

Accused of Embezzlement.

Miss Augusta Fahrm, cashier of the A. E. Johnson steamship agency at Minneapolis, was arrested in her apartments at the Hotel Berkeley, accused of embezzling several thousand dollars of the company's funds. She was placed in custody immediately after her arrival from Omaha, where she had gone just before Christmas to spend the holiday with her parents. Miss Fahrm denies the charge, claiming the alleged shortage is due to errors in bookkeeping.

OMAHA ROAD HAS OPTION

Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg Line May Be Absorbed.

An official of the Omaha road has an option for the purchase of the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg road, which runs from Virginia, this state, to a point near International Falls, on Rainy river, and for one-half of all the timber owned by the Cook & O'Brien interest. Cook & O'Brien also own the road. The option expires on March 1.

Boy Killed by Street Car.

John Jerusel, ten years old, whose father was killed at the Y. M. C. A. building at St. Paul last summer, met a tragic death under the trucks of a South St. Paul street car. His skull was crushed. The exact manner in which the boy met his death is not certain.

TO GUARD MORALS OF CITY

Ministers and Laymen of Minneapolis Plan Organization.

Plans for promoting the moral and physical improvement of the city of Minneapolis were formulated at a meeting of ministers and lay delegates of the city churches. Rev. W. B. Riley, pastor of the First Baptist church, presided and the meeting was attended by about 100 ministers and laymen.

The purpose is to form a committee of 100 members which will at all times be on duty and in whose hands shall rest the carrying out of all plans for the betterment of the city. Business members will be entrusted with the duty of raising money and it is expected that a substantial fund will soon be available for use by the committee in any undertaking which the members may think wise.

Represented at the meeting were members of the Church federation, Anti-Saloon league, Home Protective league, young people's societies, temperance societies and prohibitionists of the city. It was their belief that by concerted action better results in the moral betterment of Minneapolis might be obtained.

Resolutions were adopted declaring the purpose of the organization to be for the aid of the city officials in the execution of the letter and spirit of the law and also heartily approving Attorney General Young's insistence upon enforcement of the state laws.

A PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

Court So Declares Minnesota University Athletic Association.

The University Athletic association is a private and not a state institution. This has been decided in a decision handed down by Judge Brown in the Hennepin county district court in the case of Edward E. George vs. the University of Minnesota Athletic association, in which the plaintiff sought to recover damages because of injuries sustained at a game at the university field last fall.

Upon the filing of the complaint the state demurred, claiming under the statutes and constitution the state could not be made defendant in action for damages.

The theory was that the state, being all the people, could not be sued by one of itself.

Arguments were lengthy, but in making his decision the court allows the complaint and the case will come to trial under the theory that the association is a private enterprise and has nothing to do with the university or the state.

MINNESOTA BANK ROBBED.

Thieves Blow Safe and Obtain Over Two Thousand Dollars.

The Farmers and Citizens' State bank of Braham, Isanti county, was robbed of $2,600, of which $1,200 was silver, and the rest paper money. The burglars broke into the rear of the building and blew the safe up with nitroglycerin. The safe was completely ruined.

Persons coming home on the night train heard sounds in the building, but before they got any one to assist in making an investigation the robbers had escaped. The burglars stole a team from a farmer living nearby and made their escape. It is supposed that they went towards Rush City.

There is no clue thus far to the robbers' identity.

LUMBER COSTS LESS.

Reduction in Prices of From $1 to $3 Per Thousand.

Prices of pine lumber have been slashed by the Weyerhaeuser interests $1 to $3 a thousand. Prevailing conditions are such that it was felt that these reductions could be made and are liable to stay in for the ensuing year.

One of the reasons given for making the reductions is that it is cheaper to conduct logging operations this winter on account of lower wages being paid. The prices of other commodities have come down and it was felt that lumber should come down likewise. It is expected that the reductions will stimulate building operations considerably this year.

NOVEL METHOD OF SUICIDE

Minnesota Miner Ends His Life With Coal Gas.

A miner named Salvina A. Bederna of Eveleth, thirty years old, adopted novel means of ending his life. The people that he boarded with were away, and he got two galvanized tubs and built soft coal fires in them in his room. He succeeded in creating enough coal gas to kill him.

The man had been sick, and his mind was affected.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Rev. Jere Knode Cooke, formerly pastor of St. George's church, Hempstead, L. I., who left his wife some eight months ago, eloping with a seventeen-year-old heiress named Floretta Whaley, has been located in San Francisco, where he was living with the young woman and a child born to them two months ago.

Transatlantic passenger travel, east and westbound, has been greater during the year 1907 than in any period for the past four or five years. This travel for the year 1907 reached the enormous total of 2,957,328.

Owen Moran, champion featherweight of England, made a draw fight of twenty-five rounds at San Francisco with Abe Attell, champion of America, who was thought to be invincible at his weight.

Declaring the Alabama prohibition laws, as far as 1908 are concerned, unconstitutional the probate judge of Cullman county issued nine saloon licenses and the liquor establishments will be reopened.

According to the annual report of Port Collector Mills Superior distanced all other ports in the world in point of coal receipts. The total amount of coal received in 1907 was 5,095,446 tons.

Judge Trieber, in the federal court at Little Rock, upheld the constitutionality of the anti-futures bill passed by the last Arkansas legislature at the request of the Farmers' union.

The stork made 125,126 visits in New York city during 1907, according to statistics prepared by the commissioner of health. This is an increase of 13,354 over the previous year.

The Douglass county (Neb.) district court has upheld the Omaha "blue laws" as being entirely constitutional and in future the Sunday closing law will be enforced strictly.

All women except members of Thaw's family and the women reporters will be excluded from the courtroom during the second trial of Harry K. Thaw.

Saloons in fifty counties in Alabama closed their doors at midnight Dec. 31.

Educators Elect Officers.

The Minnesota Educational association, in session at St. Paul, elected the following officers: President, C. G. Schulz, St. Paul; corresponding secretary, V. G. Pickett, Waseca; recording secretary, Mrs. Kate S. Jones, Meeker county; treasurer, F. J. Sperry, Anoka.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

The financiers of New York and other eastern places failed to crush the Banks of the Northwest. By mutual consent the Banks of the Northwest agreed to stand together and by so doing it has proved a complete victory as up to the present time not one Bank in Minnesota or the Dakotas has been reported closing it's doors. Millions of dollars have been deposited in the banks of Minnesota and the Dakotas and not one of their depositors has lost a dollar in the present stringency.

Almost daily we read in the paper that money has been lost, stolen, burned or recklessly spent in speculation, which, nine times out of ten could have been saved if kept in the bank.

The Peoples State Bank thanks one and all, both old and new patrons for their confidence and willingness to deposit money and paying up notes.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complte record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

LAST HOURS OF KING OSCAR

The Queen, Holding the Dying Monarch's Hand, Gives Him Religious Comfort.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The last hours of King Oscar have been most pathetically described by all the Swedish papers. It is said that about 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Dec. 7—the day before he died—the king had opened his eyes and for a few moments recognized all those about him. Suddenly he exclaimed quite audibly: "God bless you all!" The queen, who sat by his bedside holding his hand in hers, replied: "Yes, the Lord will guide your through His grace is great!" The king then repeated: "Yes, his grace is great!" Queen Sofia bowed down and whispered the following words into the dying monarch's ears: "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanses us from all our sins." King Oscar then uttered the words: "Thank Jesus!" These were his last words.

There was an unusually large number of Swedish-Americans who returned home for the holidays. A Swedish paper has given their return the following incorrect and misleading coloring: "Many Swedes who were thrown out of work in America a few weeks ago have returned to Sweden, but it is not an easy matter to obtain work in the old country this time of the year." Swedish-Americans do not go to Sweden in search of employment. They go there to visit their relatives and in nearly every instance they return to America.

Comprehensive experiments have proved beyond doubt that it will pay to use electricity on the state railways of southern Sweden. The government has been farsighted enough to acquire waterfalls for motive power, and the change from steam to electricity may be made sooner than originally contemplated, because labor may be had much cheaper now than a few months ago.

Mme. Maude Auckarsvard, who married Coswa Auckarsvard, Swedish minister to Constantinople, has, according to recent reports, been made a countess by the pope in Rome. Mme. Auckarsvard, who is an American by birth, came to Stockholm about eight years ago to visit Consul and Mrs. Winslow and it was on that occasion that she met and married Minister Auckarsvard.

The government as well as the business men are worried because foreign lotteries draw so much money out of the country. Some one has proposed that the sending of lottery tickets through the mails be prohibited, but instead of this certain prominent men are in favor of running a government lottery, so as to keep the money in the country.

Dr. Munthe has recently made the statement that Queen Victoria of Sweden is now very much improved in health and that it may be possible for her to remain through the winter in Stockholm. This will be the first winter in fifteen years that Queen Victoria will spend in Sweden, having heretofore spent her winters in Italy.

A number of Sweden's leading lumber dealers gathered in Stockholm a few days ago for the purpose of organizing a timber trust. They did organize and agreed to reduce next year's production about 75 per cent and also to control the prices on lumber.

The earthly remains of King Oscar were embalmed Dec. 9 by Professor C. Sundberg, of the Karolinska Institute in the presence of Professors Berg and Edgren and the king's doctor, Dr. Flensburg. Present were also Count Ancarcrona and Count Von Rosen.

King Gustave has made one move which pleases the Swedish people very much. He has decided to made the coronation festivities as inexpensive as possible and proposes to have a sane celebration of that event.

Circumstances this year were favorable to the holiday trade until the lamented death of King Oscar changed the situation and caused the volume of Christmas business to fall far below the usual mark.

King Oscar has written some exceedingly interesting memoirs, which, however, he gave explicit orders should not be published before fifty years after his death.

King Oscar's private fortune is estimated at 10,000,000 crowns. It is believed that is altogether too modest an estimate and that 20,000,000 crowns would represent it closer.

Countess Casa de Miranda—Christina Nilsson—was the last person who was granted an audience by King Oscar. The countess shortly afterwards departed for Paris.

John Forsell's resignation from the Royal Opera has not been accepted by the managers and the great singer will be compelled to fulfill his contract or pay a big fine.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Says Mr. Alger, the Christiania correspondent: "Although Ibsen is no more and Bjornstjerne Bjornson and Jonas Lie are both getting old and do not turn out new works as regularly as they used to do, there is no sign that Norwegian literature is going into decay. It is an old custom in Norway for an author to be a recognized master or a novice, to bring out his latest product in time for the Christmas trade. This season the number of new books is exceptionally large, and while the greater part may not have to be issued in several editions, some new good stuff has been turned out. In recent years Bernt Lie, nephew of Jonas Lie, has made quite a hit with his books, but he turned out nothing new this year. Vilhelm Krag's 'Vandringsmand' will, perhaps, be the greatest seller of the season."

The body of the seven-year-old girl, Gudrun, who was sought all over the country on the supposition that she had been stolen by gypsies, was found in Christiania a few days ago in a water tunnel behind an old meat market not far from her home. The wonder boy, John Flottum, who is alleged to possess "second sight," said months ago that he had seen the girl in one of his visions with gypsies in a cave 200 miles from Christiania. Persons who had faith in the boy's "vision" mined away the whole of a small mountain in trying to find her. The boy wonder's fame has been ruined by the discovery of the body in Christiania. Whether Gudrun died as a result of an accident or a crime is not known.

In due time, says a Christiania correspondent, Christiania will be beautified by a fountain designed by Wigeland, the well known sculptor. It will be set up on Eidvolds Plads, between the storthing building and the National theater. The work, which will be groups of allegorical figures, is to cost about $75,000, of which the Christiania municipality pays a large part. A Swedish gentleman of means and an admirer of art has given 50,000 crowns. It is a work of such great dimensions that several years will pass before its completion can be accomplished.

The old "Sannes-Sjolens" jail in Trondhjem was totally destroyed by fire last week. No lives were lost. Adjoining buildings, among them being the telegraph station, caught fire, but was put out through the promptness of the fire department. A strong wind from the south was blowing at the time and the fire company had all they could do to get the fire under control. A number of old and valuable archives were destroyed in the jail and many papers containing descriptions of many of Norway's notorious prisoners were also destroyed.

According to recent statistics, published only a short time ago, the aggregate tonnage of Norwegian steamers now in use is greater than that of her sailing vessels. At the beginning of last year the aggregate registered tonnage of the steamers was 1,227,293 and that of the sailing ships 755,048 and that of the motor was 2,306. The crews on the steamers consisted of 18,536 men and 739 women, and on the sailing vessels 10,550 men.

Bjorn Bjornson's resignation as director of the National theater has caused no end of comment and he has, of course, come in for a great deal of criticism, both in Norway and elsewhere. He has now gone to Italy with his parents to spend the winter there. It will be interesting to see whether Young Bjornson will venture to America again next summer, especially to the northwest.

The holiday trade in Christiania and throughout Norway has been, generally speaking, fair, showing a marked improvement over last year. There is more money among the people in spite of the poor harvest, and even where cash is scarce with the farmers there has been no considerable check to trade. Credit is freely given, confidence having been restored.

Furious storms along the coast and fog in the Christiania fjord have caused much delay and inconvenience to the shipping during the last two or three weeks. The worst of all happened two days ago, when two sailing vessels, one Norwegian and one Swedish, were wrecked on the southern coast of Norway and twenty-four sailors drowned.

Thousands of American visitors, nearly all Norwegians, spent Yule with "old folks at home" this year. Never before in the history of the country have so many Christiania visitors from America come to Norway to spend the holidays as this year.

Olaf Hanson, one of the best known comic actors at the National theater, has now gone to Bergen to be director of the theater.

Consul General W. C. Christophersen, of Antwerp, celebrated his seventy fifth birthday during the early part of last month.

From the Nansen fund has been set aside a prize of 5,000 crowns for Roald Amundsen.

General Hoff in Bergen has published a text book on "Bridge Whist."

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A unique society has recently been organized in Copenhagen. It is known as the Victims of Duty and has for its object to furnish aid to the families of persons who lose their lives while attempting to save others or while preforming some duty in public service.

A telegram from Copenhagen last week stated that the Prussian war department has purchased the patent right to the Poulsen wireless telephone, with which many practical experiments have been made lately.

Christmas cheer abounded in Denmark with good business and much gift giving as well as many domestic and public holiday functions.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

SEMI-ANNUAL

CLEARANCE

SALE!

Immense reductions in all lines of Clothing, Caps, Underwear, Shoes, Mittens, Shirts, Overshoes, etc., are offered to all economic buyers of merchandise.

We are determined to clean up all lines and offer our merchandise at prices that will appeal to every body.

Savings amount to 33 1-3 per cent and in some instances to 50 per cent.

The prices offered will certainly move the goods and we advise early purchases by all as the quantities are limited.

NOTE THE PRICES

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

Regular	$25.00	values	$17.60
"	22.00	"	16.50
"	20.00	"	14.50
"	18.00	"	13.50
"	16.50	"	12.25
"	15.00	"	10.50
"	12.00	"	8.25
"	10.00	"	6.90

Boys Suits and Overcoats.

Regular	$12.00	values	$7.90
"	10.00	"	6.90
"	9.00	"	6.00
"	8.00	"	5.75
"	7.00	"	5.00
"	5.00	"	3.75
"	4.00	"	3.00
"	3.00	"	2.00

Shoes, Heavy Leather Lined Dress Shoes.

$5.00	values	$3.75
4.50	"	3.25
4.00	"	3.00
3.50	"	2.65
3.00	"	2.10
2.50	"	1.85

Flannel Shirts and Dress Shirts Are Priced Below Cost.

Regular	$3.00	shirt	$2.10
"	2.50	"	1.75
"	2.00	"	1.50
"	1.50	"	1.15
"	1.00	"	.75
"	.75	"	.50
"	.50	"	.39

Underwear.

Regular	$3.00	garment	$1.90
"	2.50	"	[illegible]
"	2.00	"	[illegible]
"	1.50	"	1.00
"	1.25	"	.78
"	50	"	.33

Caps.

$2.50	Caps	$1.65
2.00	"	1.45
1.50	"	1.15
1.25	"	.95
1.00	"	.69

Overshoes and high top rubbers

4 buckle overs regular $2.50 values 2.10

2 buckle overs regular $2.25 value 1.90

12 in high top rubbers, regular $3 value, 2.60

Worsted and Wool Trousers.

Regular	$6.00	value	$4.50
"	5.00	"	2.75
"	4.00	"	3.00
"	3.50	"	3.75
"	3.00	"	2.25
"	2.50	"	1.75

The hardest part of the winter is yet to come--and the merchandise will not stay on the shelves long at these prices.

Sale begins

Thursday, Jan. 9. and Continues Until February 1.

WILSON'S

THREE DOORS WEST OF POSTOFFICE

V.95

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN. THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1908 NUMBER 4

ST. PAUL Historical Society

THE NEW TOP LAWS

Some Of The Requirements Regarding The Payment Of Taxes.

Personal Property Taxes Must Be Paid Before April 1st.

During the past few days, County Treasurer Tandberg, has mailed to every tax payer on the books a notice of the amount of their personal tax for the year 1907, and remittance for same must be in the treasurer's hands on or before the last day of February in order to save the ten per cent penalty added *March first. If this tax is not paid* before April first the collections will be made by the sheriff.

Regarding real estate taxes it is probably that many people are not aware of the law existing in regard to the payment thereof. Where the amount of tax on any one lot or tract does not exceed $1.00 the treasurer is enjoined to compell full payment prior to November 1st. It is the usual custom for tax payers to pay one-half their taxes before June 1st of each year, and the remaining half prior to November 1st. For instance, if a person owned several lots or tracts on which the tax was forty-two cents for each, he must pay his tax in full before June 1st, but if the tax is $1.01 or any larger amount for each lot, he may pay half June 1st, and the remainder prior to November 1st.

BINDER TWINE PRICES.

The Prices Of State's Prision Twine Is Less Than Last Year.

Warden Wolfer, of the Minnesota State Prison, announced last week that the prices for binder twine at the prison for the ensuing season had been agreed upon. The prices will be one cent a pound less in all grades than last year.

The new prices are lower than those fixed for this season by any other factory, even lower than prices in other prisons. The prices, the grades and the quality are all guaranteed for the season. The contemplated output will be 13,000,000 pounds.

For standard 500 feet to the pound, the price is 7¾ cents a pound; sisal, 500 feet, 7¾ cents; standard manila, 505 feet, 8¾ cents, manila, 600 feet 9¾ cents pure manila, 11 cents.

After Catalogue Houses.

Saint Paul lines are now seriously considering a reform which if adopted will prove an important curb to the activities of Chicago catalogue houses. Heretofore catalogue-house freight shipments into the Northwest, amounting to many thousand of packages, have been loaded in full cars and forwarded to Saint Paul, the individual shipments unloaded into the warehouse here, and then forwarded individually to consignees. This means that such houses have paid a car lot rate over three-fourths the distance the shipment to the Northwest goes, and the usual less then car lot merchandise rate for the distance from Saint Paul to destination. It is now proposed to charge 3 cents per 100 pounds for distributing such shipments in warehouses, which means additional freight of $30 per car on catalogue-house shipments. Several Chicago houses are shipping as high as 20 cars a day of such freight.

The proposed new rule will also operate against the practice of loading cars at the catalogue houses in Chicago, switching them to local freight houses and there distributing their contents for shipment to destinations without cost.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association, will be held at the City Hall on the last Saturday of January being the 25th. Meeting convenes at 11 o'clock a. m. then adjourn to the basement of the M. E. church on East Side of the river where a free dinner will be served to the farmers by W. W. Prichard. Meeting commences at City hall again at 1:30 p. m. sharp.

P. Engelstad, Sec.

Attention, Sons of Veterans.

There is need of a Camp of Sons of Veterans in every town where there still remains veterans of the war of 1861 to 1865 or where there are soldier's graves to be remembered on Memorial Day.

The Commander of the Minnesota Division Sons of Veterans would like to correspond with any loyal son or grandson of a veteran who wishes to organize a Camp of Sons of Veterans. All correspondence will be answered.

John Harrison,
C. m. Minn Div. S. V.
Aitkin, Minn.

GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATES

Crookston Claim Holders will be Watched by Uncle Samuel.

Register Montague Asked for Information by Inspector Colter.

The business men of Crookston who have filed on claims near Roosevelt, Williams and Graceton within the past few months will need to watch their knitting pretty close as the government inspectors are getting a line on them and there is no question but what all who have filed will have to live up to both the letter and the spirit of the law or they will not hold their claims.

Following is a letter received by Register Montague of the land office which needs no explanation:

Department of the Interior, General Land Office, Duluth, Minnesota, January 14, 1908. Hon. R. J. Montague, Register, United States Land Office, Crookston, Minnesota. Dear Sir: Information has reached me that ten or eleven business men of Crookston, Minnesota have made homestead on public lands in the vicinity of Roosevelt and Williams, Minnesota, and I have to request that you carefully examine your records and forward to me the the names and address, together with the business and occupation of each of these persons, as well as a description of the lands entered, showing the number of the entry and the date of filing.

Very respectfully,
L. J. Colter,
Chief of Field Division No. 8

Big Farmer Dead.

News was received here Tuesday of the death of F. W. Woodward, owner of the Snake River Farm northwest of this city. The cause of his death was pneumonia. While Mr. Woodward never made his home here, there has probably not been a year for more than a quarter of a century that he did not spend a month or two on his Marshall county farm. He was well known to many of the people of Warren and vicinity and enjoyed the highest respect of all. Farming was only one of a number of pursuits in which he was largely interested and for many years he was one of the big lumbermen of EauClaire, Wis., district in which he made his home.—Warren Register.

Changes Proposed.

A postoffice inspector was in the city the first of the week, and as a result he will make recomendations that certain of the star routes running out of Thief River Falls be changed. It is proposed to have the mail for Germantown go out by way of Brunkeberg daily and return by way of Thorwick. Brunkeberg is to be made a supply office and mail routes from that place will supply the offices of Kuhnel, Highlanding, Erie and Hilda. Germantown will continue to be the supply office for the country northwest of that place.

Some Difference.

The St. Hilaire Lumber company evidently finds that St. Hilaire was a good deal cheaper place to do business than at Bemidji. At St. Hilaire this company used to pay a personal property tax of about one thousand dollars a year. We notice from the personal property tax list published in the Bemidji Pioneer that the company is now paying a personal property tax of over ten thousand dollars a year.

Married Last Week.

Arnt C. Halvorson, of Reiner, and Miss Alvelda Olson, of Esplee, were united in marriage in this city last Friday. The bride is one of the popular young ladies of Eastern Marshall county and the groom is one of the substantial young settlers of the town of Reiner. They will make their home on the groom's homestead in the town of Reiner. The News extends congratulatons.

Patrons along the route of free delivery will confer a favor upon the driver by supplying themselves with stamps, as on these cold days it is next to impossible for the driver to pick pennies out of the mail box. It would not be so bad if the patrons would wrap the money up in a piece of paper that time might be saved in performing these services.

Register of Deeds E. L. Quist, has lately installed in his office a new book typewriter for use in copying records in the books of the county. The machine is here on six months trial, and in talking with this genial official he says the machine is calculated to save its cost in the purchase of books every two years.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

ALL FAVOR DRAINAGE

Commercial Bodies of the State Pass an Important Resolution.

Minneapolis and St. Paul Jobbers Are Interested In The Bill.

The commercial bodies of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and the state at large are going to take an active interest in an endeavor to secure the passage of the Steenerson bill for the drainage of the Mud Lake district. At the meeting of the commercial bodies of the state held in St. Paul last week the following resolution was adopted;

WHEREAS, There are in the ceded Chippewa Lands of the Red Lake Indian Reservation about 629 square miles of territory, comprising about 402,500 acres of good agricultural land, much of which is either under water, or subject to such frequent inundation, that it can not be improved until it is properly drained, and

WHEREAS, These lands are so largely in the hands of the United States government, that neither the State nor the settlers can undertake any comprehensive plan of drainage, and,

WHEREAS, Congress at its session in 1906 and 1907 appropriated $25,000 for the purpose of making a careful and comprehensive survey of said lands in the Mud Lake basin, with a view to determining the practicability and cost of draining said lands, and,

WHEREAS, There is now pending in Congress a bill known as A. R. 11311, introduced by Hon. Halvor Steenerson, appropiating $1,000,000 for the carrying out of said system of drainage, and,

WHEREAS, The appropriation is to constitute a charge upon the lands benefitted, and to be repaid to the United States Government in ten equal installments as provided for in the National Irrigation Act,

NOW, THEREFORE, be it RESOLVED, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in Congress be requested to support and press for passage this most meritorious measure.

The commercial bodies of the twin cities also took action and from now on will do all in their power to keep up the agitation.

"We found everyone in favor of the bill," said Mayor Hamre to the News, "and the only trouble was concerning the importance of the bill. When it was properly explained to them, they became enthusiastic supporters of the bill. The jobbing interests of the city now fully realize the importance of the bill, and so it will mean the addition of thousands of settlers to this section, it will result in greatly increasing their business. They appear to be just much interested now as are the people of Thief River Falls."

MAIL ORDER BRIDE.

Batchelor Anderson, of Plummer, Was Not Satisfied With His Bargain.

John A. B. Anderson, the Mayfield township bachelor, is a bachelor no longer as he was succesful in his efforts to find a bride through the medium of a Milwaukee newspaper. The bride Miss Jessy Perry, arrrived from Milwaukee on Tuesday night. On Wednesday just before noon they were married by Judge Rothsten and that same evening she left for the east again after signing a stipulation for divorce.

The circumstance leading up to the wedding, and subsequent parting, have been aired in newspapers. The exact cause of their separation so soon after the wedding have not been given out but we understand that both parties claim to have been very much disapointed in their partner. Anderson gave the woman $25 to pay her expenses on her return trip. So ended the great romance of Anderson's life. He says he is thankful things are no worse and is still receiveng the congratulations of friends on the result.—Plummer Pioneer.

A Cure For Smallpox

Edward Hine, a correspondent of the Liverpool Mercury says:

"I am willing to risk my reputation as a public man if the worst case of smallpox can not be effectually cured in three days simply by cream of tartar. This is the sure and never failing remedy. One ounce of cream of tartar disolved in a pint of waterr to be drank when cold at short intervals. It can be taken at any time, and is preventive as well as curative. It is known to have cured in a hundred cases without failure. I have myself restored hundreds by this means. It never leaves a mark, never causes blindness, and always prevents tedious lingering. If the people would only try it and report all the cures to you, you would require to employ many columns if you gave them publicity."

BEARS ARE NUMEROUS

Have Left Hibernation Quarters, Thinking It Is Spring.

Skunks Have Followed Suit And Trappers Are Happy.

Bear hunting is good this spring.

The calendar says it isn't spring, but the weather man isn't paying any attention to the calendar, and has succeeded in dishing up a brand of sunshine and mildness that has fooled bruin into the belief that winter is a thing of the past. Consequently he is not at home in his usual hibernation quarters.

Whether the bear tribe followed out its annual custom of seeking a quiet burrow and going to sleep last fall for an extended period isn't known, but it is known that if such a thing were done, the sleep was an extraordinarily short one. Hunters, trappers and settlers living northeast of here say the animals are roaming around in the woods now just as freely as they will next June, and that none of them, apparently, are hibernating. This arrangement is perfectly satisfactory to the trappers, for a good bear skin brings about $30 cash, and it is much easier to get one when its owner is rambling around making tracks in the snow, then it would be if bruin were buried five or six feet underground.

The same condition is said to hold true of skunks, which hibernate just the same as bears, and seldom venture forth during the winter. This year they are violating the time-honored custom, and wandering around in the woods as freely as the hardy rabbits. They also make tracks in the snow, which tracks, if followed, ultimately lead to a burrow, and as a burrow usually contains from two to six to eight skunks, and as the animals are easily trapped, the man engaged in the business is duly grateful to the weather man for his present efforts. Skunks are not very pleasant to handle, if one doesn't know how, but when a skunk pelt is worth $2.50, as it is now, it pays to learn how to handle them.

The fact that bears and skunks are to be found this winter is proving a great boon to the trappers, and is adding many dollars to their profits for the season. Considering the value of their fur, they are about the easiest of any fur-bearing animal to capture, and time spent in pursuit of them is not wasted. Skunk pelts generally go by some other name when they leave the factory in the shape of coats and cloaks, but there are few furs as beautiful as skunk, after it has been properly prepared, and not many that are more expensive.

POLICE CAPTAIN WINS

In Suit Brought Against Him By Farmer For Damages.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16—In the district court here, before Judge Watts, Capt. Emil Verderbreck, of the Crookston police court was given the verdict in a suit to recover damages brought by E. S. Brown against the captain.

The case has attracted considerable attention, as a point of law was involved. Verderbreck, while on police duty, was taking a team belonging to Brown to a livery barn, as they had stood on the street longer than the law allows. Brown demanded the team from Verderbreck and attempted to take them away from the officer, and he claims that Verderbreck hit him with his club.

The officer took the team to the barn and Brown sued for damages, claiming that the policeman had gone beyond his rights in keeping the team after he had demanded them, and that he had no business to strike him with his club. The jury, however, cleared the police captain by bringing in a verdict against Brown.

Brother and Sister About to Wed.

Albert Jackson and Miss Minnie Burton of Englewood, S. D., discovered just before the day set for their marriage that they were brother and sister and they are now in Northern Minnesota to make a search for their mother, whom they have not seen since they were small children.

Jackson is a miner, and has been in the Black Hills for several years. Miss Burton came to the Black Hills six or seven months ago as a book agent. The young woman sold the miner some books. Jackson fell in love with her, contrived to see her frequently, and in a few weeks asked her to marry him. She consented and they set a day for the nuptials.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

COAL

All Kinds of Hard and Soft COAL. 2,000 lbs. for a Ton

ED O'HARA

THE DRAYMAN.

Leave orders at Langseth's or at O. Tessum's.

The News: $1 per Year.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News, $1 Per Year.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Fresh honey for sale at O. Tessum's store.

H. G. Dobner was up to Germantown Sunday.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

C. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Farm for rent four miles west of town, see Hager, the land man.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Attorney N. B. Moran, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday.

Don't fail to see Miss Cummings at the ice rink Saturday evening.

The champion lady skater of America at the ice rink Saturday evening.

The News is always glad to publish items of interest. Call up No. 14.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

County commissioner John Sorum was in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. L. M. Hoag is confined to her home with a mild attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. O. Tessum was confined to her home by an attack of the grip last week.

Spanking good driving team for sale, or will trade for cows, see Hager the land man.

Mrs. A. W. Lang left for Grand Forks Tuesday to visit with friends for a few days.

Fr. Carbioan, of Moorhead, was in the city the first of the week visiting Fr. Adolph.

For Sale—Household goods at a bargain. Mrs. A. J. Klemik, Evenson house 5th. St. N.

The new motor for the creamery has been installed and is working very satisfactorily.

D. N. Winton left Sunday evening for Chicago to attend to business matters for a few days.

E. G. Norton arrived in the city last week from Nevada to visit his sister Mrs. D. N. Winton.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

W. R. Peterson, of Anton, was in the city Tuesday and found time to call at the News Office.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was down from Germantown last week visiting her sister Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

W. A. Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week attending to business matters here.

Emil E. Zet left Sunday evening for Stark, Mont., called there by the serious illness of his mother.

J. W. Vrolson, the genial Hibglanding merchant, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Do not miss our special sale. Hundreds of bonafide bargains all over our great store. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Church next Sunday at 10:30 P. M. All are invited to attend. I. T. Aastad.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Church meets with Mrs. J. T. Aastad Tuesday afternoon the 30th at 3 o'clock P. M.

The Young Peoples' social, of the Norwegian Lutheran Church meets with Mrs. I. T. Aastad Friday evening, the 31st at 8 P. M.

During the special sale, the children's and misses' coats are going at half price. It will pay you to buy for next winter. Langseth Mercantile Co.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod will meet at the church parsonage Thursday afternoon, Jan. 30. All are invited to attend.

Coming, Miss Minnie Cummings, the champion lady figure skater of America. Will be at the Thief River Falls Ice rink on Saturday evening, January 25.

F. H. Fassel reports that he has already shipped twenty two cars of flax tow and expects to ship about that much more before the end of the season.

Come and look at our shoe sale. It beats anything you ever saw in shoe bargains. Langseth Mercantile Co.

John E. Havil, who for the past eight months has been working for the Soo line, returned to this city last Saturday and will spend a couple of months here.

Ed Iverson, W. M. Blowers and George Vagner, all settlers living up near Brunkeberg, were down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Edward Emerson, the six year old son of Ben Emerson, a Soo round house employe, died last Saturday of pneumonia. The funeral services were held Monday afternoon.

Our sale price on men's boys' and children's suits is attracting attention. Come in and see for yourself that we mean business. Langseth Mercantile Co.

H. A. Halvorson, of Reiner, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call. Mr. Halvorson and his three sons own 1,080 acres of land and are all prosperous.

A man has invented a writing paper that crumbles into dust within forty eight hours after ink has touched it. This is calculated to prevent a lot of trouble in the world.

A prominent Crookston land man says many old settlers of the Valley who went west wish they were back, and some of them who had their farms here listed for sale have withdrawn them from the market.

The dwelling house on the Hans Jackobson farm east of Ulen, which now belongs to Geo. F. Perley, of Moorhead, was stolen recently, and a reward is offered for the arrest of the thief.

The secretary of the interior has decided to reopen the case wherein Minnesota claims 187,000 acres of swamp land on White Earth. This practically settles it that the state gets the lands, which are worth over 1,000,000.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Feb. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Mrs. C. F. Gudin and Mrs. O. E. Olson, of Grand Forks, and Mrs. Conrad Olson, of Crookston, were in the city last week visiting their father, Ole H. Bakken, who was quite sick with a severe attack of pneumonia. Mr. Bakken is now improving.

The sanatorium for treatment of tuberculosis at Walker has been opened. The charge is seven dollars per week, and only those who are suffering slightly are taken as patients. The county commissioners are authorized to pay the expenses of anyone they send there.

A number of subscribers have already given heed to the new postal regulations requiring subscriptions to be paid in advance in order to pass thru the mails and have been in and squared up. We hope that every subscriber will settle his account at once and pay for one year in advance.

John Olson, one of the old time settlers up near Germantown, now located at Grafton, N.D., was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters here. Mr. Olson still owns a valuable farm up near Germantown and intends to remove back here after the Mud Lake ditch has been built.

George R. Kirkpatrick, the Socialist will again be in Thief River Falls on Thursday evening, January 23, and will deliver a lecture in the city hall. Mr. Kirkpatrick is so well known in Thief River Falls that he needs no introduction to an audience here and is sure to be greeted by a large audience.

Capt. James Compton, commandant at Minnesota State Soldiers Home, died very suddenly last week. Capt. Compton was formerly a state bank examiner and in his official capacity often visited Thief River Falls and made many friends here. He was also an uncle of W. C. Smiley a former resident of this city.

A. W. Layman, special agent of the land office, was in the city last Saturday and heard evidence in the case of the government against John Guinan. Mr. Guinan filed upon a homestead on the eleven towns in November, 1904 and made final proof last spring. The final proof was rejected and Mr. Guinan took an appeal.

Two costumes, lost at the masquerade ball given by the Baseball boys last Friday night. Finder please return to the "News" office.

A legal separation was made in this city Tuesday between Rasmus Mortenson and his wife. The couple are old residents of the town of Nordon.

Since our special sale started our store has been crowded with happy buyers. We are kept busy but can wait on a few more customers. Langseth Mercantile Co.

There was a meeting at the Antlers Club last evening for the purpose of organizing a commercial club. Next week the News hopes to give a full account of the meeting.

G. T. Wilson has been in the city the past week and in company with W. B. Krouse is looking over the field here with a view of opening up a vaudeville theatre. They have arrived at no definate understanding in the matter as yet.

Commencing with the first week in February, the Bijou will change its program three times each week instead of twice as at present. This popular place is going to keep to the front and will continue to give the best show possible for the money.

Last Sunday O. W. Brink, found a large timber wolf among his stock in the barn yard on his farm near St. *Hilaire. The wolf evidently came in* for a small calf or a piece of poultry. He sent one of the children into the house for a gun and succeeded in killing it. This is Mr. Brink's second wolf this winter.

Quite a number of people have left this state in recent years and located farther west. But Minnesota, according to statistics, has made the largest growth in wealth of any state in the union during the past four years, and offers splendid inducements to the settler and investor, fully equal to those of any other locality.

In order that spectators may have a good opportunity to see Miss Minnie Cumming's, the champion figure skater of America, the management of the ice rink has built an addition to the waiting room of the rink this week. Good accommodations will be provided for all who attend, and none should fail to see Miss Cummings, she is certainly a wonder.

Wm. Huggins, of western Polk county, has made a great success of raising small fruits and vegetables on his farm north of East Grand Forks. Last summer he had 480 quarts of strawberries on one-eighth of an acre. He says strawberries can be raised very easily here and expects to have a big crop next summer He sold the berries at 15 cents a quart last summer.

H. A. Jackson, head salesman at Rapp and Post, had a peculiar accident last Tuesday which will lay him up for some time. He was handling a frozen hide which a farmer had just brought and it fell striking him on the right foot and breaking his big toe. Mr Jackson is still confined to his home by the accident but will be around again in a few days.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

About a year ago Henry Houpt, the well known River Falls farmer, informed us that if the Spectator continued to publish the names, each month, of all creamery patrons who drew a check of fifty or more dollars we might as well keep his name in type as he intended to beat that figuring each and every month during the year. The boast was not an idle one and Mr. Houpt's name has appeared in the list every month and to make it good and strong the December report published this week shows that he draws a check of $113.10 for the month. There is no reason why others cannot do equally as well.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

There is a town in the northern part of the state that now numbers 700 population and a gentleman was telling us the other day what made it grow since he lived in it, some four years. He said: "There were about ten business men all told when I landed and there were as many opinions on everything of a public nature. We called a meeting and perfected an organization ostensibly to boom the town. We all agreed to pull for what a majority wanted and pull we did in every way, and soon the effect of our work could be seen by outsiders. They came in and invested and soon the town began to thrive. There is no one knocking and we have attained a greater growth than other towns of our section." —Exchange.

We hope that all of our subscribers who have carelessly allowed their subscriptions to run behind will make extra efforts to pay up within the next few weeks. Otherwise we cannot, under the the ruling of the department, send out the News to those who owe back subscription. Under that ruling we will be obliged to purchase stamps to put on papers not payed for in advance or at least up to date, and that, of course, is entirely out of the question. After the matter has been adjusted, it will be best for both the subscribers and publishers. Any person can pay a year's subscription, but if they let the matter run behind several years, it soon amounts to quite a sum and then is not so easily paid. So we hope all will gracefully help us carry out the new order. We would like to hear from all.

Postmaster Kratka went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to some business matters.

Commencing the first week in February the Bijou will give an entire change of program on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club Friday evening of this week. All good Norwegian whist players are requested to be present.

E. B. Bakke, who has been traveling in North Dakota for Swift & Co., arrived in the city the first of the week to spend a day visiting with his family.

The Young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will hold a bazzar in Masonic building for one week, commencing on Feb. 10 and ending on the 15th. Coffee and lunch will be served each afternoon and evening, and many useful articles will be offered for sale.

Did you ever think of it? Suppose every business man in town took as much interest in the upholding of the town and forwarding all public enterprises as the newspaper man. He works for railroads, manufactures, schools and churches, good streets and roads; urges, pleads, scolds and badgers and cavorts around generally. Imagine his feelings then when some lame, springhalted kind of a fellow reproaches him because he don't boom things enough. *If the town does* boom and the prices of real estate advance and the owners grow rich from his labor, he makes nothing by it. He is like the poor boy at a picture show without the necessary quarter to gain admission. It is not infrequent that newspapers find themselves unappreciated by the men whom they have favored by their support, column after column being published in their favor, and yet such favors when the test comes, are unappreciated. When you find your home paper taking no interest in your success, when you find it aggravatingly silent when you think the editor should be tearing away his linen in your behalf, do not work yourself into fever of anxiety as to the cause, but just ask yourself wherein have you placed the paper and its editor under obligation to use space and energy for you.—Exchange.

Toward the Pole.

Ice eight feet thick on the ocean and snow falling even in summer—such is the weather experienced in the polar regions. When the air is dry and still it is remarkable how low a temperature can be borne with ease. One explorer tells us that with the thermometer at 9 degrees it was too warm for skating. The summer weather in this region is, moreover, in some respects pleasant and healthful. Within the arctic zone there are wonderfully colored sunrises and sunsets to be seen. They are both brilliant and impressive. But the nights—the nights are monotonous and repelling. A rigid world buried in everlasting snow, silent save for the cracking of the ice or the wail of the wind. Travelers in these regions experience many discomforts. The keen air causes their skin to burn and blister, while their lips swell and crack. Thirst, again, has been much complained of, arising from the action of the low temperature on the warm body.

Only Night Air at Night.

Speaking of Florence Nightingale and her efforts to keep the world healthy, it seems pertinent to make special mention of her mission in behalf of the open window at night. In the early years of her labors much unintelligent opposition to this method of ventilation because of the supposed harmfulness of the night air was expressed, but Miss Nightingale had one stock argument in support of her position, it being the question, "What air shall we breathe at night but night air?" It was unanswerable from her opponents' point of view, even if it did not always convert them, but it did lead a countless number into saner ways of living and along the way to the present methods of treating tuberculosis.—Boston Transcript.

Garantized Oils.

The following advertisement of olive oil is the work of a Rio Janeiro firm:

"Ours olives oils have garantized of fitts quality. Diligently fabricated add filtrated, the consumer will find with them, the good taste and perfect preservation. For to escape to any contrefeit, is necessary to requiere on any botles this contremarc deposed conformably to the law. The corks and the boxes bare all marked with the fire."—Case and Comment.

The Housekeeping Instinct.

A bright little girl who had successfully spelled the word "that" was asked by her teacher what would remain after the "t" had been taken away.

"The cups and saucers," was the prompt reply.

Self Composed.

She—He is a person of perfect ease and possession and is thoroughly at home anywhere. He—Yes, he even has the faculty of making you feel a total stranger in your own house.—London Tit-Bits.

NOTICE

To Charley Damman[illegible]

On the 15th day of February, 1908, at [illegible] o'clock P. M. of said day at the front door of the City Hall in the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, to pay an [illegible] to Anton B. Remmem [illegible] [illegible] for keeping, feeding and caring for [illegible] [illegible] at public auction [illegible]. One [illegible] horse, about fifteen years old and weight about twelve hundred pounds, the property of the said Charley Damman.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, this 21st day of January 1908.

Jan 23-Feb 6. Anton B Remmem

A two weeks sale on nearly everything in the store commencing January 23 Here are the prices on a few items, so you can see the great reduction we are making for cash.

$1.00	dress goods for	78c
.50	" " "	39c
.25	" " "	19c
1.00	Underware "	77c
.50	" "	38c
3.50	wool pants for	2.75
1.00	mittens "	76c
.50	" "	38c
5.00	shoes "	3.98
4.50	" "	2.79
1.00	worth of grocery	89c

J. H. JACOBSON

Phone No. 102 North Main Ave.

COUNCIL GETS BUSY.

Regular Meeting of the City Council Held Tuesday.

Considerable Business of Importance Is Transacted.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening, and a great deal of time was spent in adopting new rules and regulations to govern that body. It seemed to be the unanimous opinion that all business be done strictly in accordance with the law, and with this object in view Aldermen Forder introduced several resolutions making changes in former rules.

Alderman Evenson and Forder, of the bridge committee reported that the bridge contractors were doing a very satisfactory job and requested that the city clerk be instructed to ask Mr. Turner, the engineer in charge of the work, to come to Thief River Falls and make an examination.

Applications for a rebate in personal property tax was made by James Barnett whose tax was $6 61; by M. Bothun, whose tax was $15 14, and by F. J. Stebbins, whose tax was $91.05. These gentlemen are of the opinion that their tax was too high and were told to present their application in proper form and it would be acted upon.

F. H. Kratka made permit to lay sewer pipe from his residence to the river. No action was taken in the matter.

Chief Dennie LeSage of the fire department, appeared before the council and reported that the city's fire engine was out of commission. As the water mains extending to the East Side are not in good repair, it leaves the whole East Side without fire protection. The council instructed the fire deparment to have the engine repaired and if necessary to send the engine to the factory.

Mayor Hamre and Chris Wiste urged the council to pass a resolution pledging the city to provide a suitable armory properly lighted and heated for a militia company here. This the council did and it is quite probable that the rink will be rented for this purpose.

The city clerk was instructed to pay the two per cent tax on money received for liquor licenses to the state auditor for the support of the state inebriate farm. This city pays $200.

The fish vender who was arrested and fined for obstructing the streets made application that the council refund the amount of the fine he had paid. There was considerable discussion over the matter and the councilmen were of the opinion that inasmuch as he had plead guilty the city should not refund the fine.

M. M. Johnson and Nels Bergh, as trustees for the Zion Church, made application to build an addition to the Church and it was granted.

A city board of health consisting of Aldermen Forder, Ramstad and Evenson was selected and as soon as a set of rules are adopted the new board will commence doing business.

The street commissioner was instructed to be present at all regular meetings of the council in the future.

Dr. Grundy was elected city physician and his salary was filed at $125 per year.

No action was taken in regard to fixing the salary of the city treasurer.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 04
Barley	60c
Eggs	22c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	40c

BIJOU THEATRE.

The management has secured a strong bill for the last half of this week.

"Tunneling the English Channel," is witty conception of the English-French alliance. An entirely novel and original application of motion photography, an innovation heretofore inconceivable in its stupendousness, in 30 vivid incidents.

Illustrated song, "Top O' the Mornin Bridget McCue," sung by Miss Elsa Robbecke.

A comedy in seven minutes, "Hey! Look Out There."

A Drama in Seville, The bull fight in this series leaves far behind all those represented up to the present date. Is the most complete that exists. The spectator sees in turn all the incidents of the fight. Entrance of cuadrilla, picadores on horseback, setting of banderillas, estocada, death of bull.

Last half of next week.

"Life and passions of Christ," highly recommended. The action is dignified, the settings are grandiose and on strictly authentic sources, and the development of the divine tragedy goes forward to its climax with simplicity and truth that arise to the hights of sublimity, a quality which is indespensable in this subject, but hitherto rarely achieved. Fully lectured throughout. This performance will take an hour with three performances an evening throughout. Entirely different from the Passion Play.

The Ideal Restaurant is the name of the new eating establishment to be opened in Thief River on the first of February. The new Restaurant is to be located in Meehan block just north of Dr. A. J. Klimek's jewlery store and it is going to be one of the best in this section of the state. Mrs. A. J. Klimek is to be in charge of the place and when it is open for business the public is cordially invited to call.

Petit Jurors.

Names of Petit Jurors drawn on the 17th day of January, 1908, for the Spring 1908 General Term.

Octave Lefabre, Garnes,
Lars Torske, Garnes,
Anton Peterson, Wyandotte,
Louis Theroux, Terrebonne,
Gust Kankel, City of Red Lake Falls,
Ovide Emard, City of Red Lake Falls,
John Oleson, Garnes,
L. A. Kellog, Lake Pleasant,
John A. Dahl, Smiley,
Jacob Jonas, Thief River Falls,
Ole Berg, City of Red Lake Falls,
Andrew Rollandson, Deer Park,
C. Fred Bender, Equality,
Ole Iverson, Kratka,
S. O. Finhart, Rocksbury,
John L. Finke, Nordon,
Herman Ohm, Thief River Falls,
C. A. Carlson, Sanders,
L. H. Omlid, Silverton,
John Lenertz, City of Red Lake Falls,
K. R. Kitland, St. Hilaire,
Joe Fisher, Smiley,
O. L. Bendickson, Equality,
Ole Quam, Thief River Falls.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls Minn. for the week ending Jan. 18 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Burk, John
Ford, Miss Olie
Gerhart, Nick
Hann, Jennie
Hermanson, John
Holte, Miss Minnie
Johnson, A. F.
Johnson, A. E.
Larson, Miss Ester
McEnelly, Bert
Olson, Thomas
Wily, Charles
Wiken, Miss Mary
WhitMore, Win

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

ANCIENT TRICKSTERS.

Queer Conjuring Feats of the Seventeenth Century.

SOME QUAINT OLD RECIPES.

Little Experiments In Which Boiling Heads Off Living Animals Was an Incident—How They Killed a Horse and Cured Him Again.

Conjurers in ancient times were not very respectable members of society. When successful they enjoyed the reputation of having sold their souls to the evil one, and when of inferior ability they gained notoriety by being either drowned or burned. The mediaeval magicians as well as the Egyptian magi and the Chaldean sages were only a strange mixture of chemist, conjurer and charlatan, and as these gentlemen were in the habit of using their supposed occult powers to their own advantage they were naturally unpopular. The feats of jugglery performed by these craftsmen were intended for the mystification and not the amusement of the public, and for centuries conjuring had to it only a black side.

The amateur conjurer of today is not always a popular individual, save with children and the unsophisticated yokels. To the general public he is merely a bore of greater or less magnitude, whose performance is so obvious as to deceive no one. It is hard to realize that this person is no mere mushroom growth of modern society, but in point of fact his role is one of a respectable antiquity, for he is to be found treading close upon the heels of the magicians and in the days when witchcraft was still rampant. This is significant of his reputation even in those early times, for had any one taken his tricks seriously he would doubtless have been run to earth and done to death as a wizard.

In the middle of the seventeenth century, in the earliest years of the restoration, a number of tricks were published in one of those facetious books which seem to have occupied the press to a great extent at this time, but which owing to their popularity have for the most part perished. The chief recommendation of the greater number of these tricks is that no apparatus beyond the utensils of everyday life is necessary; also it is suggested to the performer that he can make some small profit out of his entertainment by prevailing on his audience to bet with him on the result of the trick.

"To set a horse's or an asse's head upon a man's head and shoulders" seems impossible out of the land of Faery, but we are informed that by boiling the head cut off a living animal "the flesh boyl'd may runne into oyle," and then by mingling the hair beaten into powder with this oil and anointing the heads of the standers-by "they shall seem to have horses' or asses' heads"—a costly experiment and fearsome if successful.

But, besides this, one can "make people seem headlesse," and this without bloodshed and by the following simple recipe: "Break arsenick very fine and boyle it with sulphur in a cover'd pot and kindle it with a new candle, and the standers-by will seem to be headlesse." Doubtless a strong imagination is necessary for success.

Some of the tricks are such as would nowadays cause the performer to be disliked, to put it mildly. For instance, "have a nut filled with ink and give this unto another and bid him crack it and see what he can find in that," which being done "will cause much laughter."

"To keep a Tapster from frothing his pots" must have been an amusement to the wags of the period, and for this "provide in readinesse the skin of a red Hering, and when the Tapster is absent do but rub a little on the inside of his pots, and he will not be able to froth them, do what he can, in a good while after."

"To counterfeit a diamond with a white saphir" is a most useful accomplishment, but the fraud is likely in these days to be discovered and is more a chemical experiment than a trick.

Several tricks are recommended which have animals as their subject and are for the most part brutal to our modern ideas. Perhaps the least objectionable is "to seem to kill a Horse and cure him again," which may be thus accomplished:

"Take the seed of henbane and give it the Horse in his Provender, and it will cast him into such a deep sleep that he will seem dead. If you will recover him again, rub his Nostrils with Vinegar, and he will seem to be revived." The "seem to be revived" sounds rather ominous, and it is to be noted that the correct quantity of henbane is not mentioned, so that it might be best to make this experiment on some one else's horse.

"To make a shoal of Goslings draw a Timber logge" sounds interesting, but unfortunately the directions are vague. "To make a shoal of Goslings or a Gaggle of Geese to seem to draw a Timber logge is done by the verie means that is us'd when a Cat draws a fool through a Pond, but handl'ed somewhat further off from the Beholders."—London Standard.

What the Hydra Was.

There have been many strange things in English history. One of the most curious was recently mentioned by a little schoolgirl.

"The hydra," said this much informed young person, "was married to Henry VIII. When he cut her head off, another one sprang right up."—Youth's Companion.

RAN THE GAME OUT.

Shortest Billiard Match In Which Schaefer Ever Participated.

"Some years ago," said a sporting man, "when 'Wizard' Jake Schaefer kept a billiard room in New York city, he was always ready to play all comers who desired a game. Many strangers and people unknown to Schaefer naturally strolled in—many, too, who probably did not know him. But it made no difference to Schaefer. Sometimes strangers would desire to play for money, but this Schaefer would never do. To all such propositions he would say, 'No, I won't play for money, but I'll tell you what I will do—I will play a game, the loser to treat the house.'

"One day an old farmer entered the place, and after wandering about looking at the pictures on the walls and examining the tables he asked if there was any one present who would like to play him a game of billiards. Schaefer, as usual, said that he would play the stranger.

"'How much shall we play for?' asked the farmer.

"'I never play for money,' replied Schaefer, 'but I will play you for the drinks for the house.'

"'All right,' said the farmer. 'How many points shall we play?'

"'Oh,' replied Schaefer demurely in all the consciousness of his superior powers, 'we'll just play until you are satisfied, and we will call that a game.'

"The crowd smiled as the players prepared for the contest. The balls were placed on the table, and Schaefer brought out his favorite cue, and it fell to his lot to open the game.

"The opening shot in a billiard game is a somewhat difficult one, as most players know, and Schaefer, probably through indifference, missed it. He not only missed it, but left the balls close together near one of the cushions. It was what is termed in billiard parlance a 'set up.'

"The old farmer carefully chalked his cue and after deliberation made the shot. He then gazed at the balls a moment, laid down his cue and exclaimed:

"'I am satisfied.'

"The score was then 1 to 0 in favor of the old farmer, but as Schaefer had agreed to make the game as long or short as the farmer desired he had to be satisfied. Schaefer of course had to invite all present, including his conqueror, to partake of the hospitality of the house. As the crowd laughed and drank Schaefer remarked that the game was the shortest he had ever played and probably the shortest on record."

LIGHTNING.

The Mystic Fluid Has Been Known to Cure as Well as to Kill.

A peculiar feature of lightning when attacking a human being is that it is known to cure as well as to kill. In one instance a man who was paralyzed on one side of his body from childhood was struck by a thunderbolt, and after remaining insensible for twenty minutes he recovered with the full use of all of his members. Another case was that of an invalid in one of the Austrian hospitals who was lucky enough to stand in the way of an atmospheric spark and was enabled without delay to leave the hospital perfectly well.

A similar occurrence took place on the passenger packet boat New York when a person who had been hopelessly paralyzed for a great many years was struck by lightning. He was so astonished to find himself cured that he ran about the deck like a madman and was so crazed with joy that the rest of the passengers believed him to have become mentally unbalanced until they learned the cause of his exuberance.

The cases where persons have benefited by a visit from this heavenly power are too numerous to mention, as in a number of cases they have lost their deafness or regained their eyesight and in some cases their mental balance, and lightning really proves fatal in few cases in comparison to the number of people it touches each year. If we could provide a way by which we would not get an overdose of this most wonderful fluid, lightning would undoubtedly prove to be the long sought elixir of life, but the difficulty arises in its being beyond our control.—Denver Post.

Peculiarity of Hair.

A woman leading two children stepped into a barber shop with her charges.

"I want their hair trimmed," she said, "but not all the way round. I only want it trimmed off even. It is just the right length on the right side, but too long on the left side. I had their hair trimmed only a little while ago, and here it is noticeably longer on the left side. I don't believe it was trimmed evenly in the first place."

"Oh, yes, it was," the barber assured her. "It grows faster on the left side, that is [illegible]. Most people's hair does grow faster on that side, but it is on children's heads that we are most likely to notice it."—New York Press.

Emerson's Pun.

"Now, R[illegible] if I let you a boat will you pr[illegible] not to be naughty any more?"

The [illegible] Boston boy [illegible] [illegible] his [illegible] "Mother, when you have [illegible] the [illegible] I shall [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

When a [illegible] sees a young man to her home [illegible] and he [illegible] that she did the [illegible], it's time for him to sit up and take notice.—Moniteau County Herald.

THE STORMY PETREL.

A Naturalist's Efforts to Discover the Secret of Its Flight.

A naturalist visiting Algeria bought from a sailor four captive stormy petrels. They weighed about 1.65 pounds apiece. Their wings were five inches wide and had a spread of four feet. The ability of the petrel to breast the most furious storms has been universally admired. Its name is derived from its power of walking on the waves, like the apostle Peter, and its courage and strength in planting its footsteps on the crests of the most tempestuous sea have given a text to many writers. The naturalist, wishing to release his captive petrels, threw one of them into the air. It tried to fly, but fell headlong, went crashing against a stone wall and battered out its brains. He took the second petrel to an upper story and launched it from a window; but, having no initial velocity, it, too, fell like a stone. The third bird he took to the top of an observatory and pushed it out into space. It flapped its wings desperately, but nevertheless lunged downward and broke its wings against a post.

The naturalist was now convinced that the stormy petrel's feats at sea are made possible because it first gets up momentum by running along the top of the water. Wishing to give the remaining bird a chance to demonstrate his theory, he took it out into a desert-like plain bare of grass, smooth as the surface of a calm sea. "Here," the naturalist reports, "I set my fourth petrel down. It squatted at first and then turned with its beak to the wind and its wings outstretched and started running, beating its wings, not hampered by any herbage. It ran a hundred yards, carrying its weight less and less on its feet and finally all on its wings, but all the time skimming the ground. At last with a single bound, catching the wind, the petrel rose sixty feet, careened around and flew past me overhead and glanced at me on its way, as if to say, 'Success in flight is all based upon momentum.'"—Harold Bolce in Everybody's.

CLUNG TO LIFE.

An Old Time Natchez Indian Who Refused to Be Sacrificed.

One of the repulsive features of the laws under which the Natchez Indians were governed was that when a member of the royal family of the nation died it was necessary that several others of the people should accompany him to the tomb by suffering death at the hands of executioners. When the "great sun," the hereditary chief of the whole nation, died, all his wives, in case he were provided with more than one, and also several of his subjects were obliged to follow him into the vale of shadows. The "little suns," secondary chiefs, and also members of the royal family likewise claimed when dying their tribute of death from the living. In addition to this, the inexorable law also condemned to death any man of the Natchez race who had married a girl of the royal line of the "suns." On the occasion of her death he was called upon to accompany her.

"I will narrate to you upon this subject," writes an old French chronicler of Louisiana, "the story of an Indian who was not in a humor to submit to this law. His name was Ettecteal. He had contracted an alliance with the 'suns.' The honor came near having a fatal result for him. His wife fell sick, and as soon as he perceived that she was approaching her end he took to flight, embarking in a pirogue on the Mississippi, and sought a refuge in New Orleans. He placed himself under the protection of the governor, who was at that time M. de Bienville, offering himself to be the governor's hunter. The governor accepted his services and interested himself in his behalf with the Natchez, who declared in answer that he had nothing to fear, inasmuch as the ceremony was over, and as he had not been present when it took place he was no longer available as a candidate for execution."

Love Me, Love My Dog.

A curious incident, involving a young and good looking Frenchwoman and her dog, occurred recently on a continental railway. For several hours the young woman bestowed more attention and tender care upon the pretty little creature than the majority of women do upon their firstborn, and at every station it was taken out for exercise, and between stations it was fed with dainty nibbles taken from its special basket, which also contained extra wraps, fresh shoes and a gay collar with a huge bow. What attracted most attention was, however, the purchasing of a bottle of mineral water, the taking out of a tiny folding traveling cup, into which some of the water was poured, and the lapping of it up by the pet.—Leslie's Weekly.

The Charm of Doing Good.

Beneficence has this peculiarity that the more we exercise it the more pleasure we find in its exercise. We attach ourselves to the unfortunate object that we relieve, and the assistance we give him becomes a want to those by whom it is administered. He who has once caused the tears of gratitude to flow and who can afterward seek a pleasure sweeter than that is not worthy of feeling all the charm of doing good.—Mme Roland.

Stung.

"That Professor Blink fooled me bad."

"How?"

"He told me that ethnology was the science of the races, and when I went to the library and asked for a book on ethnology there wasn't a word from cover to cover on how to pick the winners."—Baltimore American.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

Pay your personal property taxes at the People's State Bank. We have a complete list for Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - - $30,000.

UNTIMELY MESSAGES.

A Bit of Business Enterprise That Was Not Appreciated.

A story of the delightfully effective turning of the human worm comes from the Chicago Record-Herald. For several weeks Raymond had been the only tenant of his house. Mrs. Raymond and the children were waiting in the south for the weather to settle. Late one evening, when Raymond was in his bathtub, he heard somebody ringing the front door bell.

He decided not to pay any attention to it. The person who was doing the ringing would presently get the idea that nobody was at home and go away.

But the ringing continued. Raymond went on scrubbing his back with the long handled brush and rubbing soap over himself and hoping that the individual who was ringing the bell might be good enough to quit before the battery was exhausted or the wires were worn out. At last, when he could stand it no longer, he got out of the water, put on a bath robe and went to the front window, from which he was able to see who was at the door.

He beheld a telegraph messenger and at once began to feel queer in the region of the heart. Something had happened to his wife or one of the children.

"Be down in a minute!" he called to the boy, and he was as good as his word. He did not wait to put on any more clothes. He even forgot that he was barefooted.

When he had opened the door the boy handed him what looked like a telegram, but was, in fact, only a clever imitation of one. He tore open the envelope and read this message:

Dear Sir—Have you examined our ten dollar overcoats? If not, you should do so at once. They will interest you.

DASHINGTON,
Clothier and Haberdasher.

The boy, who wore a uniform like that of a telegraph messenger, departed while Raymond was reading the advertisement, and thus probably saved himself from being personally assaulted.

Raymond was angry. He threw the piece of paper on the floor and stamped his heel on it; but, being barefooted, he hurt his heel more than he did the advertisement. This did not improve his temper.

His anger increased as the moments passed. When he went to bed he was in a fighting mood. He wondered if it might not be possible to prosecute a man who counterfeited telegraph blanks for the purpose of deceiving people. He tossed about, nursing his anger against Dashington and vowing that he would go naked through the streets rather than buy so much as a necktie at the Dashington store. Finally, at about 2 o'clock in the morning, a happy thought struck him.

He hopped out of bed, went to the telephone, found Dashington's house number and called for it. Reasonably soon somebody sleepily asked what was wanted.

"Is this Mr. Dashington's residence?"

"Yes."

"I should like to speak to him."

"He can't be disturbed at this time of night. Call in the morning."

"No; I must speak to him now."

"Won't you give me your message?"

"No; I must speak to him personally."

"But do you realize what time it is?"

"Yes, but I am very anxious to speak to him at once. Please call him to the telephone at once."

After a long time another sleepy voice was heard.

"Hello! Is this Dashington?" asked Raymond.

"Yes."

"Well, I just wanted to tell you that I got your telegram late this evening, and I don't think I care to look at any of those ten dollar overcoats. I thought you'd be anxious to know whether the messenger succeeded in finding me, so I"—

There were jumbled chunks of language mixed with sounds indicating that the instrument at the other end was being subjected to harsh usage, and then silence. After this Raymond went back to peaceful sleep and pleasant dreams.—Youth's Companion.

PRICE LIST

of the different examination fees, lenses, frames and mounting. Take notice how small the price is for simple lenses and no charge for examination. For $1.50 you get the glasses fitted to your eyes, guaranteed to be right. Read the prices over carefully, then come in and place yourself under our care. We guarantee you recovery and satisfaction.

NO CHARGES FOR filling prescriptions on glasses, duplicating old or broken lenses, fitting and testing for Presbiopia, or old sight or any simple condition where physical and nervous disturbances are not present.

$2.50 CHARGES FOR fitting a stigmatism, muscular insufficiencies, attacks of headaches, painful, inflamed eyes, removing foreign bodies from eyes, or treating any trouble or disease in first stage.

$5.00 CHARGE FOR general examination and treatment of the following classes, chronic inflamation of the eyes, chronic headaches, stomach, kidney and heart trouble, roaring in ears, neuralgia, dizziness, floating spots or any blurring or abnormal condition in the eyes.

$10 00 CHARGE FOR treatment and examinations for tonic and clonic spasm, with all its disorders.

$25.00 CHARGE FOR general examination and treatment of conditions of long standing, granulation of eyelids, derangements of the nervous system, including St. Vitus Dance, epileptic fits, hysterical fits, or a complete breakdown.

$50.00 CHARGE FOR straightening cross eyes, symptoms of insanity, etc.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK, Eye Specialist
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
LaBree Ave.

PRICES ON LENSES.

		Inserted	Rimless
Spherial periscopic convex	any size	$1.00	$1.50 a pair.
Sphero-cyl compound lenses	" "	2.50	3.00 "
Spherial prisms or decentered	" "	2 75	3.25 "
Pebbles periscopic convex	" "	5 00	7.00 "
Deep periscopic or toric lenses	" "	6.00	7.50 "

PRICES ON FRAMES.

		Inserted	Rimless
Aluminico, nickel or white metal	any size	$ .50	$ .75
Goldfilled riding temples	" "	2.00	2.00
Goldfilled best quality	" "	2.50	2.50
Goldfilled best " solid gold bridge	" "	3.50	3.50
Solid gold medium weight 10kt	" "	4.50	4.50
" " " " 14kt	" "	5.50	5.50
" " heavy " 10kt	" "	5.50	5.50
" " " " 14kt	" "	7.50	7.50

We carry a great variety of eyeglass mountings, prices vary according to make and quality from 50 cts. to $2.00. Solid gold from $2 00 to $5.00

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Fable For Critics

Once there was an Ox. He was a fine, hefty Ox. He could pull a big load. He never balked, but always liked to go straight ahead.

But the Ox had enemies.

There was the Flea and his whole big Family. "We don't care whether this Ox travels or not," said the Flea and his Folks. "All we want is some of his blood." Whereupon the Fleas eternally pestered the Ox and gave him That Tired Feeling.

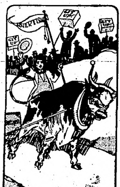

Then there was the Tom Cat and his brothers—the Doubting Thomases. "We don't know whether this Ox is going the right way or not," said the Thomases. "Anyhow, we'll scratch his back for him." Whereupon the Felines jumped on the back of the Ox and scratched him for fair, which made the Ox exceedingly sorrowful.

Then there was the Fiste Pup and his Fellow Fistes—a whole litter of Fistes. "We don't care how slow the Ox goes," said the Fistes; "the slower the merrier for us. All we want is to lag behind him and bite his Tail." Whereupon the Fistes snapped continually at the Tail of the Ox, which gave the Ox a mighty mournfulness.

Finally the Ox, pestered constantly with the Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes, got to looking sickly. He stopped and lay down on his job, and there was no more going forward for him.

KEY TO THE SITUATION: The town is the Ox. The Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes are those citizens who criticise every progressive movement and do everything they can in their petty ways to make the Ox quit pulling in the right direction.

MORAL: Give the Ox a chance to pull. Everybody holler, "Git up!"

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

A. E. Bakke, son of D. B. Bakke of this city, purchased the Newfolden Review last week. The paper is much improved under the new management.

A writer to the Saturday Evening Post says: All this hue and cry about President Roosevelt's disturbing the business interests of the country which is instigated probably by corporations whose corruption he is endeavoring to expose and punish, reminds me of the Quaker whose wife discovered him behind the door kissing the hired girl. He said, "wife, if thee doesn't quit thy peeking, thee will make trouble in the family."

"Keep your eye on Steenerson" says the Washington correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal. That is what the people of the Ninth district have been doing for six years and have three times elected him to congress without opposition and are going to do it again. Mr. Steenerson is beginning to be recognize as the ablest man in congress from Minnesota and that is saying nothing derogatory to the ability of the other representatives from this state.

The Washington Post has polled the Democratic members of the House of Representatives on the question: "What candidate do you prefer to day as the nominee for the presidency?"

Of the 167 Democrats in the House the views of 151 were ascertained. Fifty-three are opposed to Mr. Bryan, but he secures ninety-eight votes. Nearly all those who are opposed to Mr. Bryan prefaced their statement with the remark that the Nebraskan would probably be nominated, but would likely be defeated at the polls. The vote was: William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska, 98. Governor Johnson of Minnesota, 31. Judge Gray of Delaware, 10. Judge Harmon of Ohio, 4. Senator Gulberson of Texas, 4. Governor Hoke Smith of Georgia, 1. Justice White, 1. John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, 1. Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, 12.

The state tax commission is preparing for a campaign of education with the purpose in view of securing a more nearly complete listing of the state for taxation, says the Glencoe Enterprise. A pamphlet is being prepared containing all laws, including those in the revised laws and the session laws, of 1905 and 1907 together with court decisions bearing on these same laws. These pamphlets will be prepared primarily for the use of the assessors and other taxation officials. The pamphlets will probably be issued early in the spring, and during March and April, after the assessors have been elected, the board intends to make a tour of the state for the purpose of conferring with the assessors about their work. The primary object of the visit to the assessors will be to urge them to make the lists of the property in their district as complete as possible. The most glaring defect in the present system of taxation in this country is generally recognized to be that such a large proportion of the personal property escapes taxation entirely. The result of this is that when a general increase in the valuation is ordered in any class the man who made an honest return of his property is made to suffer doubly by reason of the advance, while the man who makes an incomplete return or none at all gets off easy. The co-operation of the assessors will be asked in securing the return of the taxable property in each district as complete as it can be made, so that the burden of taxation will be divided more evenly, and if an increase in the valuation is ordered in any class it will not work any injustice. Without the assistance of the assessors, however, but little good can be accomplished along this line, and it is for this reason that the plan for next spring is projected.

Railroads and the People.

In his eminently fair and sensible statement of the railroad side of the case in the Saturday Evening Post, under the head of "What the People Owe the Railroads," B. F. Yoakum of the Rock Island railroad complains as follows:

In the early days, he says, people in the western states "sent delegation after delegation to induce railroad companies to build, and then they turn about and pass various kinds of unfair legislation against the railroads."

It is a long stretch of very interesting history over which Mr. Yoakum thus leaps without pausing for breath. Between the time when the people in various parts of the country were clamoring for railroads, and offering them almost anything to come, and the time when the same people, or their decendants, revolted against railroad manipulation of public government and began retaliatory legislation, a generation elapsed in which much happened.

At first, before the railroads came, the West was a wide and fertile but undeveloped empire. Settlers were few, though the land called to them to come and make its fertility bear fruit. The only way this empire could be developed was by railroad construction. So the railroads came, and the land increased in population and productiveness. Every mile of railroad meant more settlers and more production, and every new settler and every pound of additional yield of the soil meant more business for the railroads.

The people were so glad to have the railroads that they let them do pretty nearly anything they wanted to do. So the railroads took charge of political conventions, selected candidates for state and legislative offices, put their lobbyists right in the legislatures where they could do the most good, and saw to it that legislation was directed into channels that offered no harm, and very often offered much profit, to the railroads.

But that was too good to last. The people began to sit up and take notice. They saw what was going on, their legislators being supplied with free passes and election expenses, political conventions dominated by railroad interests, their lawmaking bodies debauched and purchased. It was entirely natural that they should become suspicious of the railroads and of the legislatures. It was equally natural that when this condition arose, the pendulum should swing the other way. It was to be expected that when it did swing, it would swing all the way, and that in return for the vast injustice done the people, retaliation should take the form of some injustice to the railroads.

But there has been very little such injustice, and what there has been the courts will quickly straighten out. The revolt was inevitable, and it was right, everlastingly right. Any injustice it may involve is to be regretted, but it will not be permanent.—Duluth Herald.

Who Pays for the Railroads?

The annual report of the Union Pacific Railway is noteworthy. Not so much because it shows that in the ten years since reorganization, with an increase of six per cent, in miles of road operated, gross earnings have increased from $33,281,126 to $87,471,766, or one hundred and sixty per cent., and net earnings from $13,700,835 to $44,929,543, or two hundred and twenty-seven per cent., as because in this document President Harriman, for the first time, tells stockholders the details of those vast operations in the stocks of other roads, conducted with their money and credit, which he has been carrying on for the last six years.

Stockholders now know at what price Mr. Harriman bought for them various shares involving an aggregate investment of $214,897,362, and at what price he sold for them shares of a total value of $117,869,800. We judge it will be a satisfaction to them to know.

During the decade, as the report shows, surplus profits of the road, over and above all charges and the regular dividends, amounted to $116,352,865, which, in one form or another, have been put back into the property. For additions, betterments and extensions there has been expended $104,427,986.

The original cost of constructing the Union Pacific, according to testimony before Congress, was $50,720,959. The Federal Government donated lands and loaned its bonds to an amount substantially equal to this cost. In the last decade more than twice this cost of the original line has been available for improving and extending the present system, without the contribution of a single dollar by stockholders or the creation of a penny of debt—all surplus profits.

Everybody knows who owns the railroads. Information as to who pays for them is less extensive and exact.—Saturday Evening Post.

Creamery Statement for December.

Amount of cream received, 14,133 lbs. Average test, 25.42, Amount of butterfat, 3,592.6, Price paid, 30 cents.

RECEIPT

Butter shipped	$1,147.37
Salesat Creamery	182.85
Other	5.10
	1,335.32

DISBURSEMENTS

Paid Patrons	$1,104.12
Paid into Expense Fund	$231.20
	1,335.32

Those drawing Forty Dollars and over:

P. Engelstad 1,03.57

P. Engelstad,
Sec'y.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

Sowing Grass Seed.

Little Falls, Minn., Jan. 20—G. H. Powers has just sowed 30 acres to timothy and clover on his farm a mile west of this city, and will put in 20 acres more this week. He says the ground is in good condition now and he considers the season very satisfactory for the sowing of grass seed. There is very little snow on the ground in this locality.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake.—ss. In Probate Court. In the matter of Knudt Syverson, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the Estate of Knudt Syverson deceased, late in the town of North, in the County of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Nils Knudson.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Nils Knudson, the Executor, made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knudt Syverson, deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this Order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be for ever barred.

It is further ordered, That Monday the 20th day of April 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the The Thief River Falls news, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 20th day of January A. D. 1908.

By the Court.
N. W. Tarrant.
Judge of Probate.
(PROBATE COURT SEAL) Jan. 23-Feb. 6

Notice Of Teachers Examinations.

The Semi-Annual Teachers Examinations will be held at Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire, and Red Lake Falls in accordance with the following program.

PROGRAM OF EXAMINATIONS
—FOR—
COMMON SCHOOL CERTIFICATES
January 30 and 31st, and February 1st, 1908.

Thursday, January 30th
(First Grade Studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:15 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography, or General History.

Agricultural may be taken at any one of above periods, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.

Friday, January 31st.
(Second Grade Studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:15 Geography.
2:45 Composition and Penmanship.
3:20 Reading.

Saturday, February 1st.
(Second Grade Studies Continued.)

A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

H. F. McAnulty,
Co. Supt.,
Red Lake Co.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

COMING
THE CHAMPION LADY
FIGURE SKATER OF AMERICA

MISS MINNIE CUMMINGS
At the Thief River Falls Rink on
Saturday, Jan. 25

THE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS.

CLOVER LEAF.

Berling Frank	6 12
Cottand Anton	16 22
Dyrdahl Andrew	15 59
Duchamp Fred	3 97
" Joseph	3 93
" Lena	2 80
George A. B	3 55
" A. R.	6 20
Iverson Ed	18 11
Johnson John C.	3 82
Kjesbo John	13 62
Horeysh John	1 11
Leeberg Nels	1 06
Marish Josephine	7 77
Nygaard Christ	5 83
Owen Morris	2 80
Ottoson Oscar	4 40
Price T. A.	4 91
Payde Jay	4 97
Przyby Zaky John	9 46
Payne Jennie	15
Sulland Peter	5 11
Swenson Peter	5 14
Sollme Iver	4 85
Skrenvet Gunder	13 99
Schmidt Co l'e'	1 17
" Ernest	1 14
Sanders Andrew	4 65
Topika Joseph	80
Torrison C.	2 25
Ulvild John	12 73
Vad Engebret	01
Verner Ed	5 52
Bednarcek Thomas	2 12
Braas Jacob	87
Hurt Charlie	5 51
Hurnby Joseph	15 46
Holmen Ole	12 21
Kratcholl Frank	7 68
Oskey Joseph	2 49
Ptacek Joseph	2 52
" Louis	20
Pickson Andrew	08
Skaar Thor	12 63
Padden James	1 40
Newberry Charles	2 90
Domer Carl	4 84

KRATKA

Anenson Andrew	6 53
Brelland Ole S	7 13
Bjornson Halvor	9 57
Brevick Olaf	4 82
Brorby C. P.	3 62
Christofferson Ole	4 40
Conely M. H	6 82
Dangerfield S	16 59
Elefson Thosten	9 68
Gullingsrud Ole S	6 20
Gjervold S. T.	1 87
Hanson Albert	8 69
Hunstad Peter	1 87
Henry Chas	6 55
Husby J. R.	5 10
Hedin Peter	9 30
Hemmestvedt T	9 31
Jensen Carl	24 57
Johnson R. M	10 59
" Staner	4 88
Knutson Sam	2 67
Kongelf Louis O	7 09
Klien Joe	20
Langlie O. H	5 18
Leslin H. R	9 45
Larson Ludvig	9 83
Luidobeja Peter	8 96
Langlie Bros	37 71
Myhre Christ	2 18
Mandt Andrew	1 22
Overson Ole	11 81
Olson Carl G	3 24

O'Brien Jim	1 75
Olson Halvor	2 13
" Theodor	10 53
Ofte Lars E.	9 12
Olson Ed	1 53
" Gunder	2 13
Peterson Chas	2 48
Parnow William	12 92
Paulson Peter	3 70
Quirk John	5 45
Runnestrand Henry	5 10
Sandland Andrew	4 27
Skog E. Anton	5 30
Svenson Gudmound	1 24
Tweden Tom	18 48
Thiel August	5 96
Tienan B. E.	2 51
Trunnes Hauken	7 12
Vinies Osmund	2 86
Waale Ole	4 27
" Halvor	6 90
Wright P. H.	4 01

REINER

Anderson Mikkel	8 85
" John M	3 40
Antonson O. H	1 33
Aukre Ellef	11 09
Berg Theodore O	2 40
Birkeness Gustav	1 46
Dahlen John	1 95
Halvorson Halvor E	8 60
" Julius	12 45
" Torgus	10 36
" Henry G	3 20
" Helmer I.	2 23
Hermanson Julius S	1 07
Helle T. G	16 49
Hornik John	4 80
Johnsrud Reinhart	13 16
Johnson Charlie	3 13
Kassa George	7 28
Knutson August	3 40
" Anton	12 19
Langlie Aslak H	15 36
Olson Peder M	3 60
Roseland Lewis L	9 76
Runnestrand Lars	8 10
Segrud Emil	7 23
Stenvik John J	12 69
Torgerson Michael T	14 05
Udstrand Johan E	5 01

STAR

Bjorgufson Anund	3 30
Bjorneraa Halvor K	9 30
Chrpa John	86
Elg Carl O	2 08
Ekwold C. J	1 09
Fjeld Hans H	4 03
Fort Anton	3 16
Fevig Lars C	4 43
Grane Nils N	1 55
Hoffman J. V	2 33
Henby Bohumil	2 21
Johnson Joseph	15 12
" Henry	2 22
Johnsrud Ole	6 13
Jacobson Teodore	9 23
Lokken Ole S	77
Omlid Oluf O	9 96
Odegaard Christ	4 84
Prucha Karl	1 19
Stengel Mike	26 48
Skaaren Kristen	65
Sjulestad Even	4 28
Strande Ole	1 54
" Knut O	4 40
Strande & Anderson	8 87
Tofteland J. A	11 28
Tommerdahl J. O	2 58
Trnka Albert	6 73
Waine T. O	1 61

KING OF ALL
THROAT & LUNG
REMEDIES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
—CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST
CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had. J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.
PRICE 50c SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY AND $1.00
ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

ROCKSBURY.

Amundson, Hans	2 51
Anderson, A. E.	4 81
Anderson, E. E.	2 03
Anderson, A. F.	1 08
Aubol, Ed A.	5 26
Aubol, Freda,	42
Aubol, O. A.	3 84
Aubol, A. A.	8 02
Berg, Axel F.	3 31
Brandvold, S.	3 31
Bakken, M. P.	4 31
Boe, Peder A.	2 89
Borgen, A. O.	2 34
Barzen, Matt	4 68
Beebe, N. E.	7 05
Beebe, N. E.	14 70
Bergan, L. L.	1 85
Calloway, R K.	6 40
Campbell, J. F.	4 86
Dahl, John E.	4 24
Engelstad, P. E.	15 93
Elgsten, C.	7 13
Erickson, Carl J.	3 88
Erickson, Jorgan	1 63
Eastman, G. W.	2 93
Falk, Caspar	3 40
Finhart, S. O.	4 26
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Frisvold, K. K.	2 74
Gustafson, Chas.	6 60
Geske, Albert	5 28
Geske, Gust	76
Hogl, J. A.	4 76
Husby, A.	3 58
Hagglund, P. O,	2 87
Hanson, Hans J.	6 58
Halm, E. G.	4 91
Halm, Ben	42
Johnson, John	5 93
Johnson, Swan	3 35
Jaranson, Ole	1 73
Johanson, Johan	4 46
Johnson, Swan	5 16
Kittelson, Chris	5 28
Kvail, John	1 78
Lee, S. O.	5 55
Lian, L. O.	4 46
Liden, C.	7 17
Langseth, A. O.	3 08
Loken, Lars A.	1 07
Loberg, Lars A,	4 24
Loberg, O. A.	2 30
Meehan, John J.	6 60
Moeller, Wm.	6 57
McAndress, Mike	7 80
Maland, O. O.	1 95
Miller, Anton	2 91
Moengen, A. E.	3 88
Moe, Chris	2 58
Mathson, Chris	1 81
Mathson, Ole	1 81
Oien, C. E.	2 96
Odegaard, A. A.	7 22
Oen, Rasmus	2 94
Olson, H. E.	5 37
Olson, Christian	3 55
Olson, Paul	3 13
Olson, Christen	1 19
Paulson, P. C.	2 73
Pope, Henry	5 37
Ronning, O. A.	2 72
Riegert, W. D.	3 75
Rockstad, M. C.	53
Roe, Nels T.	2 82
Rondorf, Henry	7 39
Soderberg, Andrew	5 92
Skottem, H. O.	4 05
Stenerson, G. L.	5 25
Satre, Ingeborg	5 28
Stroberg, J. P.	3 94
Seeland, M. H.	2 21
Nelson, John	2 87
Nelson, Herman	35
Nettland, Lars K.	7 07
Nelson, John S.	2 63
Nelson, N. S.	5 13
Thompson, Christ	8 56
Turnquist, Fred	1 40
Torgerson, A.	2 66
Torstveit, H. J.	2 50
Falman, J. P.	7 18
Weiberg, Swan	6 86
Welo, A.	5 37
Wold, Bernt	82
Sletten, Tom T.	22
Fellman, John P.	97

GOODRIDGE.

Baker, A. H.	31 40
Beaucon, E. H.	9 80
Bjerke, C. H.	2 38
Hanson, Edwin	4 27
Hanson, Torkel	7 91
Jacobson, Nels	5 93
Markuson, John	8 38
Nylen, Nels A.	48
O'Brien, Jennie H.	4 32
O'Brien, Donough	2 71
Sjolsvold, John	3 30
Urdahl, Christ	5 88
Urdahl, Hellen	2 31
Urdahl, Osmund	7 50
Vaughan, Morgan	13 51
Vestby, Iver	10 41
Vigenstad, Alfred	1 71
Wagner, George	4 21

HIGHLANDING

Arndt, Henry	$ 8 6[illegible]
Bosdeck, Martin	2 [illegible]
Donn, Jack	89
Donnaker, Anthony	3 43
Davis, Edon	2 3[illegible]
Dale, T. S.	8 12
Eve, Alfred	4 11
Ellingson, Andrew	13 31
Erickson, Jorgen	1 13
Erickson, Matt	3 81
Eliason, Henry	8 7[illegible]
Fourst, John	7[illegible]
Gulrud, G. C.	1 [illegible]
Geving, Arnt	7 08
Geving, Ole	4 94
Hornchek, Anton	1 0[illegible]
Hanson, A. W.	7 48
Hole, Isak	1 63
Homme, Osmund K.	2 7[illegible]
Hansen, Olaf B.	4 21
Homme, John	8 7[illegible]
Hauer, Ole O.	7 13
Hammersten, Alfred	3 78
Hart, W. G.	1 7[illegible]
Halverson, Herman H.	4 21
Johnson, John M.	3 18
Johnson, Bernt	3 2[illegible]
Johnson, A. M.	32
Jacobson, T. S.	21
Kveste, Ben K.	[illegible]
Kolstrand, D. A.	[illegible]
Knutson, Dagne	[illegible]
Krbecek, John	[illegible]
Lee, Ole G.	[illegible]
McAndrews, Walter	7 88
Myrum, Peter	[illegible]
Nelson, Andrew	[illegible]
Nesheim, J. B.	[illegible]
Nelson, Severt	2 81
Narveson, Halvor	2 18
Olson, Carl	[illegible]
Oftedahl, J. S.	[illegible]
Overum, Ole	[illegible]
Olson, Tobias	[illegible]
Omlid, Ole B.	1 30
Omlid, Ole O.	6 03
Pederson, E.	89
Reierson, Daniel	6 21
Rustad, P. A.	9 42
Rime, E. K.	1 03
Swanson, John N.	7 88
Sundsdahl, Ole O.	11 00
Stixrud, Nels P.	4 98
Shosten, Eva	1 05
Sullivan, P.	8 83
Sander, Elo	82
Thoreson, T. M.	1 30
Thoreson, Idan	5 76
Thoreson, Oscar	7 97
Trenda, Joseph	3 95
Voohcky, Joseph	13 54
Vralson, J. W.	11 86
Vattendahl, Ole W.	2 61
Wentzel, Aug. J.	9 10
Wold, Peter C.	8 41
Zavoral, Frank A.	1 67

GERMANTOWN.

The third annual meeting of the Germantown Creamery Association was held Monday. The meeting was well attended and was a nice affair in all ways. The different reports showed that a growing and successful business had been done the past year, and the indications are that next year will be still better. Among other things acted upon may be mentioned, that it was decided to have the creamery started again March 1st. Henry Longevan was given control to put in the new engine.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—President, John Ristau, Vice President' Henry Roller, Secretary, N. Bundlund, Treasurer, Wm. Vaughan, Directors, C. Habedank, Henry Cook, Amund Johnson, T. C. Hovelsos and August Ristau.

Will Vaughan provided dinner for the crowd at the Scandia where justice was done to the occasion.

John Olson, a former resident of this place and now located at Grafton, N. D., was up this week looking after his interests here.

Some of Mr. and Mrs. Rollers children are on the sick list this week.

BIJOU THEATRE.

Beginning week after next the Bijou will make three changes of programme a week, changing Monday's Wednesday's and Fridays. The whole performance with the exception of interpolated songs, illustrated by pictures, will consist exclusively of the latest and best of all that has developed along the moving picture line. Knowledge of value in manufacturing, for instance, that popular film scenes at a straw hat factory, are graphically impressive.

These views give people ideas on subjects with which they never would come in contact in any other way. These pictures illustrate scenes and doings in foreign countries, important events, modes of living and travel which in no other way than by the moving picture could be a part of one's experience.

Grand Clearance Sale

On Monday, Jan. 20, we commenced a series of special sales for the purpose of reducing our stock and make room for spring goods. This sale will last 10 days and closes on Jan. 29. There will be extraordinary bargains in all departments and no one should miss this sale. For further particulars see large posters. We welcome everybody to this grand sale.

Langseth Mercantile Co

COAL
Nut Coal,
Stove Coal
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at
JACKSON & McGINN'S
And Leave Your Order.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.
Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

We Print Auction Bills.

SOME MISAPPREHENSIONS.

False Ideas That Socialists Have Had to Disavow.

Those who do not wish you to be Socialists have given you very false notions about Socialism in the hope of setting you against it. They have brought many false charges against Socialists in the hope of setting you against them. So you have come to think of Socialism as a thing foolish or vile, and when it is spoken of you turn up your noses (instead of trying to see beyond them) and turn your backs on it.

They say that Socialists want to get up a revolution, to turn the country upside down by force, to seize all property and to divide it equally among the whole people.

We will take their charges one at a time.

As to revolution, I think I shall be right if I say that not one Socialist in fifty at this day expects or wishes to get Socialism by force of arms.

In the early days of Socialism when there were very few Socialists and some of those rash or angry or unthinking men, it may have been true that Socialism implied violence.

But today there are very few Socialists who believe in brute force or who think a revolution desirable.

The bulk of our Social-Democrats are for peaceful and lawful means. Some of them hope to bring Socialism *to pass by* means of a reformed government; others hope to bring it to pass by means of a newer, wiser and juster public opinion.

Revolution by force of arms is not desirable or feasible, but there is another kind of revolution from which we hope great things. This is a revolution of thought. Let us once get the people, or a big majority of the people to understand Socialism, to believe in Socialism and to work for Socialism, and the real revolution is accomplished.

Our real task is to win the trust and help of the people, and the first thing to be done is to educate them.

Next, as to seizing the wealth of the country and sharing it out among the people, we do not propose such a thing. Yet how often have you been told that Socialists want to have the wealth equally divided among all! And how often have you been told that if you divided the wealth in that way it would soon cease to be equally divided, because some would waste and some would save!

Another charge against Socialists is that they are atheists, whose aim is to destroy all religion and all morality.

This is not true. Many prominent Socialists are Christians; not a few are clergymen. Many capitalist party leaders are agnostics or atheists.

The charge of immorality is absurd. Socialists demand a higher morality than any now to be found. They demand perfect honesty. Indeed, it is just the stern morality of Socialism which causes ambitious and greedy men to hate Socialism and resist it.

I believe there is not one Socialist in a hundred who would vote for doing away with marriage or for handing over the children to the state.

Again, you are not to fall into the error of supposing that the relations of the sexes are all they should be at present. Free love, it is true, is not countenanced, but free lust is very common.

It may be a very wicked thing to enable a free woman to give her love freely, but it is a much worse thing to allow and even at times compel (for it amounts to that by force of hunger) a free woman to sell her love—no, not her love, poor creature; the vilest never sold that—but to sell her honor, her body and her soul.

I tell you men I would do a great deal for Socialism if it were only to do that one good act of wiping out for ever the shameful sin of prostitution. This thing indeed is so horrible that I never think of it without feeling tempted to apologize for calling myself a man in a country where it is so common.

There are several other common charges against Socialists—as that they are poor and envious; that they are ignorant and incapable men, who know nothing and cannot think; that, in short, they are failures and wasters, fools and knaves.

These charges are as true and as false as the others.

I think I may claim that Socialists are in the main honest and sensible men, who work for Socialism because they believe in it and not because it pays, for it seldom pays at all, and it never pays well. And I am sure that Socialism makes quicker progress among the educated than among the ignorant and among the intelligent than among the dull.

If you find a Socialist who is foolish, laugh at him. If you find one who is a rogue, don't trust him. If you find one "on the make," stop his making. But, as for Socialism, if it be good accept it; if it be bad, reject it.—Merrie England.

Various Testimonies.

William Morris—I feel sure that the time will come when people will find it difficult to believe that a rich community such as ours could have submitted to live such a mean, shabby, dirty life as we do.

Professor W. Clark—The answer of Socialism to the capitalist is that society can do without him, just as society now does without the slave owner and the feudal lord, both of whom were formerly regarded as necessary to the well being and even the very existence of society.

The subject of Socialism is not one to be ignored nor to be sneered out of discussion by the beneficiaries of the oligarchy of wealth. It is receiving the best thoughts of the best minds of the most enlightened nations of the earth.—Seattle Daily Times.

SOCIALISM NOT ATHEISTIC.

Many Religious Men Among Founders of the Movement In America.

A persistent effort is being made to brand Socialism as atheism or opposed to religion. This can only appeal to the unthinking, for Socialism is not a religion, nor does its philosophy occupy itself with a revelation of God to man, a future state or with an ethical morality. The only way in which it approaches religion is that it proclaims certain things economically wrong. But the doctrine of protection does that also. So does the single tax doctrine. Every school of politics does that. Christian men have had much to do with bringing Socialism into notice.

From the beginning of the Socialist movement in America religious men have been identified with it. The five current American books teaching Socialism were written by men who are or have been active in the ministry—Sprague's "Socialism From Genesis to Revelation," Vail's "Principles of Scientific Socialism," Mills' "The Struggle For Existence," Spargo's "Socialism" and Rauschenbusch's "Christianity and the Social Crisis."

Many times have Christian men organized to foster the spread of Socialism, particularly among the church members. Among those efforts were the publication of the Dawn at Boston over twenty years ago, the first *Christian Socialist paper, edited by* Rev. Dr. W. D. P. Bliss. The Christian Socialist league, of which E. D. Wheelock was president and Rev. Frederick D. Strickland was secretary, afterward obtained members in various parts of the country.

The Social Crusaders, organized by Wilson, Wentworth, Wise and Hollingsworth, made a fine start, publishing an excellent monthly called the Social Crusader, editer by Franklin H. Wentworth.

The Collectivist society is still doing splendid work, though not distinctively religious, and has published some superior pamphlets, such as "The Socialism of Jesus," by Weeks. And the Brotherhood of the Kingdom, which held its thirteenth annual conference at Marlboro-on-the-Hudson, fathered by Rev. Leighton Williams and other leading ministers of the east, though not exclusively Socialist, deserves to be mentioned as a Christian Socialist organization because of its personnel and the discussions it engages in.

And for a few years the Christian Socialist Fellowship, with the Christian Socialist of Chicago as its organ, is hard at work and is a rapidly growong organization. Professor E. J. Ward of Rochester is secretary general, and there are twelve district secretaries in various parts of the country.

A Preacher's View.

Of all people in the world the ministers of the gospel ought to be first and foremost in advocacy of Socialism. They certainly would be if they understood it and were sincere in their preaching of peace and good will. If they do not understand Socialism in these days, when it is the live topic of discussion, or if they have not the courage to espouse it because it has not yet become sufficiently popular, they ought to be ashamed to look intelligent and honest men in the face. Let them know, however, that Socialism will free even them. It will deliver the church from the clutch of Mammon and permit it to carry on its work with clean money and a clear conscience. It will enable men to practice the sermon on the mount. Under Socialism the church will never experience the humiliation it is now suffering at the hands of the money power.—Rev. J. M. A. Spence.

A Pleasing Outlook.

The fellow that is too lazy and superficial to give the subject proper thought dismisses Socialism by saying its converts are too optimistic. Of course all thinking Socialists are optimistic. Evolution and history unite in making them so. Great empires, kingdoms and republics have risen, flourished and gone down because of corruption and injustice. Yet each succeeding age has taken a higher stand. So it will continue until we reach those millennial days when there will be peace, plenty, no more strife—only good will. That is the dream of good people. They can't be anything but optimistic.—Common Sense.

As Much Wealth as Ever.

Work with all your might for Socialism. It is the only thing that will do us any good. Hard times are upon us, and you will often hear your neighbor regret the fact. Don't neglect to point out to him that there is just as much wealth in the country as ever there was and that the trouble with him and his fellow workers is they are being robbed by the present system.—People's Paper.

The Best Governed City.

"The Socialists have for years been in control in the city council of Berlin," writes William E. Curtis in the Chicago Record-Herald, "and it may not be a coincidence only that experts in municipal problems are almost unanimous in the opinion that the city government of Berlin comes nearer to the ideal than that of any other great city in the world."

How We Live.

Pierced by the pin trust.
Chilled by the ice trust.
Roasted by the coal trust.
Soaked by the soap trust.
Doped by the drug trust.
Wrapped by the paper trust.
Bullied by the beef trust.
Lighted by the oil trust.
Squeezed by the corset trust.
Soured by the pickle trust.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

A HANDSHAKE.

Story of a Parting Clasp by One Who Observed It.

They had been talking about various ways of shaking hands and had pretty well gone over the ground covered by all the philosophic writings on handshakes when one of the men in the group said:

"The most expressive handshake I ever saw was given by one man to another. There was no tie of kinship between them.

"Each was about forty. Both were in perfect health. One had the prospects of many years of life. The other was to die within a minute, and the man whose hand he held was to kill him.

"It seemed to me then that I could read the meaning of the handshake given by the man about to die to the man about to kill him. It seemed to say: 'You are a good man, and I like you. I thank you for many acts of kindness and especially for this friendly grasp.'

"Then, with a gently lingering cling, he let the other man's hand slip from his own. There was a volume of meaning in that motion.

"It seemed to say that there were the morrow's sunrise and many more for the man whose hand he was releasing, but for him a few moments more of life, and then— It seemed to say that there was an age of human companionship in every instant during which the two hands touched.

"It seemed to say that when the clasp was broken he was forever cut off from the living and was as one dead. And many other things it seemed to say that I cannot translate into words.

"Within a few seconds one of the men gave the signal that ended the life of the other.

"It was a case," the story teller continued, "of the hanging of a man in Connecticut for murder. While under the influence of liquor with other men he had dealt one of them a blow that resulted in his death.

"The condemned man was not by nature or inclination a criminal. He had never been arrested before he was taken into custody for murder.

"The sheriff, who shook hands with him on the gallows just before the drop fell, had a genuine liking for him. He offered the condemned man the usual merciful portion of liquor before the execution, but the man refused it.

"By the way, I have seen several persons hanged, and I think this man was the only one I ever saw go to the scaffold without being 'doped' with liquor, and he was the steadiest in nerve of them all. His only betrayal of weakness, if it was such, was his noticeable clinging to the sheriff's hand before releasing it."—Washington Post.

In the Berth Below.

It is asserted by some naturalists that the puma, the second largest of the big cats of South America, neither feared man nor regarded human beings as its prey, but on the contrary sought their society. The following anecdote from "Animal Artisans," by Mr. C. J. Cornish, long a resident of British Guiana, supports the belief that the puma seeks the society of man instead of attacking or fearing him.

When making an expedition up one of the large rivers in a steam launch our friend gave a passage to an elderly Cornish miner who was anxious to reach the gold fields. Not wishing to intrude upon his hosts, he did not sleep on board the launch, but always swung his hammock between two trees on shore. As climbing into a high slung hammock is not easy, he usually fastened it rather low, and his weight probably brought it to within three feet of the ground at the bottom of the curve. One morning, being asked how he had slept, he complained that "the frogs had made such a noise underneath his hammock that they had kept him awake."

Some Indians of the crew who were folding up the hammock laughed a good deal when they heard this, and being asked the reason, said, still laughing, "Oh, 'tiger' sleep with old man last night!" They had found under the hammock the marks of where a puma had lain. The noise which had kept the occupier of the hammock awake was the purring of the puma, pleased at occupying the "next berth" below a man.

A Glimpse of Ouida.

Ouida (Louise de la Ramee), in green silk, sinister clever face, hair down, small hands and feet, voice like a carving knife; also her mother. At dinner puns and jokes; Ouida silentish. The ladies go to the drawing room upstairs, and when, after an interval, we follow them we hear before the door opens a voice going on inside like a saw and on entering find Ouida saying in loud, harsh tones, "Women are ungenerous, cruel, pitiless!" Planche, taking refuge on an ottoman, with a face expressing humorous alarm: "God bless my soul! I think they're angels. I adore them. They're the best half of the world."

Ouida, with severity: "I entirely disagree. The woman nearly always leads the man astray," etc. "Women can't be impersonal."

Mr. Cassell philosophizes on the subject rather materialistically. Ouida departs after inviting Planche and me to visit her at the Langham hotel, where she is biding at present with her mother and an immense dog. She carries a portrait of the latter around her neck in a locket, which she detached after dinner and handed around for inspection, with the remark, "This is my hero" (perhaps the hero of one of her books). She asked somebody present, "Have you read my last book?" "Not yet."—"William Allengham, a Diary."

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
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Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. A. Smith Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to John L. Finke.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is limited to Six months from and after the date hereof, and that Tuesday the 7th day July 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

(PROBATE COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

Dated January 7th, 1908
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Estate.
jan 16 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan., 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Berndoblinger of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 478 made July 1st 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 17th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

August Ristau of Germantown, Minn.
Jacob Ristow " " "
Nick Bandlund " " "
Ernest Schmidt " " "

jan 16 feb 13
R. J. Montague, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tina Holsinger of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 182 made Dec. 2nd, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 1, Township 154 N., Range 41, W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Jan., 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Albert Rohrer of Germantown, Minn.
Nels Larson " " "
Peter A. Johnson " " "
John Graff " " "

dec 26 jan 30
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Przybyszeski of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 639, made October 3rd, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 28, Township 154 N., Range 41W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Feb 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Frank Staska of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mat Staska " " " " "
Fred Skaar " " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " " "

dec 26 jan 30
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his and claim, that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 3rd., 1908, viz: Engebret Nelson H. E. No. 42 Red Lake Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 24, in Twp. 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Tollof O. Loyland of Thief River Falls, Minn
Knute Lovland " " " " "
Andrew Lindall " " " " "
Martin H. Bullingsrued " " " " "

dec 26 jan 30
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.
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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NEW SPELLING IS NOT LIKED

Petition to Sweden's King to Have the Rules Abolished Being Circulated Throughout the Country.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

New rules for spelling the Swedish language were put in force April 7, 1906, and since that time they have been observed in the schools, but generally ignored outside of the schools. A petition to the king to have the new rules abolished has been drawn up and circulated in all parts of the country, and by the time the document is handed to the king it will no doubt be backed by thousands of signatures. Fridjur Berg, who was minister of public instruction in the spring of 1906, receives the credit as well as the blame for the new rules. Being issued and enforced by the government without regard to the riksdag, these rules may also be abolished by the government.

It has been learned on good authority that there were Russian anarchists present at King Oscar's funeral. When the Grand Duke Constantine arrived in Stockholm a detachment of Swedish detectives were on hand immediately and he was under their protection during the entire funeral ceremonies in Stockholm. Two Russians were arrested during the grand duke's visit and neither one could give a satisfactory account of themselves. They are both suspicious characters and are still held in arrest.

The following card of thanks has been published by Dowager Queen Sofia in the "Post Tidning:" "My heart's thanks to you one and all, societies and individuals for all sympathy, telegrams and flowers, which were sent me during my recent bereavement, which is so painful. The memory of all this shall always remain dear to my heart and as we both, the king and I, have loved Sweden for fifty long years, so will my prayer continue to be: 'God bless our beloved fatherland.'"

The garlands—as many as 400—which had arrived from all parts of the world as a token of esteem for the dead king, have been removed from the royal palace to the Riddarholms cathedral, where they have been placed in the Bernadotte vaults. On both sides of the sarcophagus of King Carl John a number of the wreaths have been hung. The floral tributes at the king's funeral were valued at not less than 25,000 crowns.

During King Oscar's reign the industrial growth of Sweden was enormous. In 1872, when he ascended the throne, Sweden had 2,358 manufacturing establishments, employing 46,556 persons, and in 1905 there were 11,962 factories, employing 277,853 persons. During the same period the value of the products increased from $84,000,000 to $311,000,000.

Dr. V. Hugo Vickstrom, editor of the Jemtland's Posten, died at his home in Ostersund a few days ago, aged fifty-one years. Mr. Vickstrom made a trip to the United States about two years ago and then wrote a series of interesting articles for his paper regarding the Swedish-Americans and their economic conditions in their adopted country.

In Sweden when a king dies it is an ancient custom that the dead monarch's favorite horse shall be shot. King Oscar's favorite horse was "Armida," but it has been learned that she will not be shot. Whether King Oscar ever gave any orders regarding the fate of his favorite horse or not, prior to his death, is not known.

It is reported that if the new king could only have his own way about it, there would be no coronation festivities at all. But the Swedish people want to have a celebration, of course, yet it will be limited in expense by order of King Gustave. This decision on the part of the new king has gained many new friends for him.

The Dramatic theater will be formally opened some time next month. This should have taken place during the early part of this month, but owing to the king's death it was postponed. King Gustave has promised to be present at the opening of the big theater.

Laplanders have petitioned King Gustave for duty-free flour, as great distress prevails among them on account of the wet summer. About fifty parishes are represented in the petition. The king has ordered an investigation to be made.

The new motto on the Swedish crown now reads "With the People for Our Country." During the past decade there have been not less than two changes in the Swedish motto. One was occasioned by the country's dissolution from Norway.

The directors of the Stockholm Musical Academy and of the Royal Opera will erect a statue of Jenny Lind at 40 Mastersamuelsgatan, where the famous nightingale was born.

Fishing on the Bohuslan coast this season is very profitable. On Thursday of last week not less than 25,000 hektoliter of "sill" were captured.

The river Ljung has gone on a rampage, causing a destruction of property estimated at about [illegible] crowns.

There are now 302 automobiles registered in Stockholm. In the entire country there are as yet only about six hundred and fifty automobiles. There is a great field for some enterprising American auto manufacturer.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The following item has caused profound interest among Norwegain women and has caused no end of comment among the women suffrage leaders of the country: "The presence of women as members of the landtdag of Finland is watched with interest. No less than twenty-seven women have been appointed as members of committees. Some of them were appointed either because they are women or on account of vacancies, and in a few cases they are evidently unfit for the positions which they occupy. This will place the women in an awkward position and give their opponents a chance to point to their unfitness for legislative work. All the bills introduced by women refer to the interest of women and children in social, educational and other problems of an ethical nature. One of the bills provides for changing the age of consent from fifteen to eighteen years."

Consul Selmer's beautiful country home, Overvig, in the vicinity of Ranheim, about five English miles from Trondhjem, was totally destroyed by fire last week. An old servant named Karen Sunstad was suffocated by the smoke, and an eleven-year-old child was saved by being thrown out of a window at the very last moment. It was entirely uninjured. The loss entailed is estimated at about 100,000 crowns. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The Christiania Morgenposten has proposed that the Nobel peace prize be awarded only once in five years and that the money intended for the other prizes be used for the establishment of a permanent international court of arbitration in Christiania. This has aroused general indignation in Sweden and it is only the beginning of a series of petty squabbles which will be inaugurated between the two countries at no distant date.

Christiania has during the past month entertained a large number of Norwegian-Americans, who came home to spend Christmas and New Years. They have been here in large numbers and all seem to have enjoyed their visit. The mail and post money order receipts from America has also been unusually heavy this year.

That Ex-Premier Michelsen is held in great esteem in Norway is evinced by the fact that the fund which is to be raised in his memory already amounts to $14,000. This amount has been raised in Bergen alone and it is estimated that Christiania will raise at least $25,000.

Emperor William has ordered a number of cottages of peasant design, which he proposes to erect about his new castle in Schleswig. A representative of the emperor was recently in Norway to take the order and make arrangements for their transportation to Germany.

Statsminister Richter has left a sealed package of memoirs with orders that they should not be published until after King Oscar's death. As the great Swedish king is now dead, these memoirs will most likely soon be published.

The first session of the storthing was held Jan. 11. The sitting was brief and informal, as the ceremonial opening by King Haakon did not take place until Jan. 13. M. Berner was reelected president and M. Knudsen vice president.

Oven Gude, who was recently appointed Norway's minister at Washington to succeed the late Minister Hauge, will assume his duties at the American capital April 1.

The Oplandske Credit bank is erecting a 75,000 crown building in Hamar, which it is expected will be completed before May 1.

The widow of the late Consul Bors has donated 10,000 crowns to Bergen's new library building.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Greenland Copper Mining company is planning work on a larger scale. The reports from the mines are very favorable. The copper ore beds are more extensive than they originally were supposed to be, and the ore is very fine. Machines for running the drills have been sent to the mines in order that the work of testing the ore deposits may be rushed. A depth of eighty feet has been reached. The copper ore is to be shipped to Denmark, where a company is ready to buy any amount of it.

Admiral Richelieu, president of the Scandinavian American line, declared about a week ago that it will be necessary to limit the passenger service because there have been such a large number of Scandinavians, especially laboring people, who have returned to the old country and who intend to remain there owing to the depressed labor conditions in America. Be that as it may Admiral Richelieu's statement will stand an investigation.

There is quite a colony of Russians in Copenhagen at present and it is gradually increasing. There are now about 2,000 Russians in the city. Many Russians [illegible] fail to show up because they fear that the Russian government may deprive them of their freedom.

Holger Drachmann, who has been a patient at the Hornbek hospital during the past six months may be able to leave the hospital some time this month.

The crown prince and princess returned to Copenhagen last week after spending the holidays in Switzerland.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Strong evidence of the continually widening field of the Minnesota iron ore deposits is found in the filing with Secretary of State Schmahl of articles of incorporation of the Gorham-Garbett company of Minneapolis, with a capital of $1,000,000. This company owns iron ore properties in Crow Wing county and the purpose of the company is to work the deposits which have been disclosed by prospecting.

Louis Nash, president of the St. Paul Straphangers' league, has filed for the Democratic nomination for mayor of St. Paul on a platform calling for law enforcement, taxation on idleness instead of industry, "no seat, no fare," seven rides for a quarter, lower telephone rates, regulation of fakors, honesty and efficiency in public office and a business administration.

Enforcement of the law against Sunday theaters probably will be the first action by the recently organized Young People's Law Enforcement league of St. Paul. At a meeting of the active members of the league it was the sentiment of the members that efforts should be made to secure the enforcement of law in this regard.

Encouraged by the showing made at the last session of the legislature in an effort to get through a bill providing for county option the Anti-Saloon league has determined to fight for such a measure in every county in Minnesota, believing that next winter will witness a victory for them when the lawmakers convene in St. Paul.

Health authorities in Minneapolis are winning in the fight for lives of persons threatened by the "great white plague," a marked decrease in the number of deaths from tuberculosis being reported for the year 1907, as shown in the report of the city health department just made public.

At the annual meeting of the Washington County Medical association it was decided to inaugurate vigorous methods to stop the spread of tuberculosis in live stock and its consequent contamination of human beings through dairy and meat products.

The St. Louis county board has reduced the mine valuations of the steel corporation between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000. Independent mining companies are seeking aggregate reductions of about $12,000,000.

One hundred and twenty-five representatives of the commercial clubs of Minnesota met in the old capitol at St. Paul and organized the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs.

Samuel R. Van Sant, twice governor of Minnesota, is willing, under certain conditions, to once more become a candidate for that office on the Republican ticket.

The Public Ownership party of Minnesota held a convention in Minneapolis and nominated a state ticket headed by Beecher Moore for governor.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

"Just for fun" a band of small boys in the vicinity of Thirteenth and University avenues northeast, Minneapolis, soaked a vacant house at the above corner with kerosene oil and then set it on fire. When the fire department arrived the building was a mass of flames and it soon burned to its foundation. It was a story and a half frame building.

During the year 1907 650 women were locked up at the Central police station in Minneapolis, an increase of nearly 200 over the figures of 1906. During the past year 200 juvenile cases were handled and 467 lost children cared for.

Gretchen Krueger, a schoolgirl of thirteen years, was instantly killed on Lake St. Croix at Stillwater by being run over by a pair of sleds loaded with mill edgings. Her back was broken and she did not speak after the accident.

W. E. Mathews, colored, was found guilty of murder in the second degree by a jury at Minneapolis. He shot and killed Galenus Jones, colored, on Nov. 6, 1907.

There are a great many cases of smallpox in Otter Tail county at present, but the disease is mild and none of the patients have been seriously ill.

One hundred and eleven cases of smallpox have been discovered in two small villages in Martin county.

The Peavey elevator at Wheaton, with about 25,000 bushels of grain, has been destroyed by fire.

Twenty-four suspected cases of diphtheria are in quarantine at the state reformatory at St. Cloud.

OBITUARY.

Ulrich Ilpp, who dashed through the ranks of the Indians surrounding New Ulm in 1862 and hastened to Mankato for aid for the besieged town, is dead at Mankato, aged ninety.

Slipping on an icy pavement John Dunham, pioneer wholesale grocer of Minneapolis, received injuries from which he died several days later. He was seventy-seven years old.

George O. Erskine, for whom the town of Erskine was named and a pioneer financier of Crookston and Fargo, is dead at Crookston, aged eighty years.

Captain James Compton, commandant of the Minnesota Soldiers' home, died suddenly of heart failure, aged sixty-eight.

George C. Cochran, widely known as an editorial writer of unusual ability, is dead at Minneapolis.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Stricken with apoplexy Emmet R. Olcott, sixty-two years old, one of the best known lawyers in this country on international questions, dropped unconscious on the sidewalk near his home in New York city and died before the arrival of medical aid.

Professor B. M. Reynolds, for the past thirty years one of the best known educators of Wisconsin and Minnesota, is dead in a hospital at Morgan City, Ala. Professor Reynolds had gone South for the benefit of his health.

John F. Betz, one of the best known brewers in the country and one of Philadelphia's wealthiest citizens, is dead. Mr. Betz, although a Lutheran, was a chevalier of St. Gregory by grant of the late Pope Leo XIII.

Charles Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, former minister to Russia and postmaster general, died suddenly at his home in Philadelphia, aged sixty-five years. Death was caused by heart trouble.

John H. Clements of St. Louis, aged sixty-four years, who fifteen years ago was a millionaire but who for the past year had been marriage license clerk of St. Louis at $100 a month, was found dead in bed.

Rabbi Bernhard Felsenthal, said to be the oldest Jewish theologian in the United States and recognized as one of the world's greatest Hebrew scholars, is dead at Chicago.

Mrs. Herbert M. Sears, member of a wealthy Boston family and a guest at the Hotel St. Regis, New York city, committed suicide by jumping from a thirteenth story window.

Edmund Clarence Stedman, widely known as the "banker poet," died at his home in New York city from a sudden attack of heart trouble.

Allen Campbell Barrows, professor of English in Ohio State university, died suddenly at his home in Columbus, O.

Former Governor Charles H. Sawyer of New Hampshire is dead at his home in Dover, that state.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Hough, in the United States circuit court at New York city, has handed down an opinion directing Otto Kahn, a member of the banking firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., to answer all questions propounded to him by the interstate commerce commission. E. H. Harriman was directed to answer all questions except those relating to the purchase of Union and Southern Pacific stock in connection with the dividend of August, 1906.

Governor Hoch, in his message to the special session of the Kansas legislature, announced that the legislature was called to enact a primary election law, to strengthen the tax commission law, to establish a bank depositors' guarantee fund, to enact railroad legislation and strengthen the prohibition law.

The North German Lloyd Steamship company and the Hamburg-American Steamship company have definitely agreed to work in unison on all of the most important lines of their services, the agreement to last several years.

Judge Dana, in the district court at Topeka, Kan., assessed a fine of $12,600 against the International Harvester company, which the court found guilty on forty-three counts of violating the Kansas anti-trust law.

Depositors in Nebraska banks are to be guaranteed against loss on account of bank failures without the aid of new legislation if the plan now being evolved by Governor Sheldon is carried out.

Reports are current that the Wisconsin Central has passed into the hands of interests closely identified with the United States Steel corporation.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—Wheat—May, $1.08⅝@1.08⅞; July, $1.09¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.10⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅛; No. 3 Northern, $1.02⅝@1.04⅛.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@5.50. Hogs—$4.10@4.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 18.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.07⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.05⅝; May, $1.09⅝; July, $1.10⅛. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.03⅛. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.15¾; May, $1.19¾; July, $1.21.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@6.25, cows and heifers, $1.50@4.20; Texans, $3.20@4.00, calves, $5.50@7.30; Western cattle, $3.75@4.60, stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.20. Hogs—Light, $4.15@4.40, mixed, $4.20@4.50; rough, $4.20@4.35, pigs, $3.60@4.2[illegible]. Sheep, $3.50@5.70, yearlings, $5.60@6.00, lambs, $5.50@7.30.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Wheat—May, $1.02⅝@1.02¾, July, [illegible]; Sept., 94⅛c. Corn—May, 60c, July, 58⅞@59⅛c, Sept., 58⅝c. Oats—May, old, 54c, May, 52⅝c, July, old, 47⅛c, July, 45⅞c, Sept., 39⅞c. Pork—Jan., $12.75, May, $13.27½. Butter—Creameries, [illegible], dairies, 19@27c. Eggs—21@24c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 10c; springs, 9c.

AVERTS POSSIBLE PANIC.

Duluth Stage Manager Extinguishes Fire in Unique Manner.

James J. Laundergan, stage manager at the Lyceum theater at Duluth, did the right thing at the right time and prevented a possible panic at a critical time in the progress of a show. An audience, with the terrible disaster at Boyertown, Pa., fresh in mind, saw a serpent of flame shoot up above the stage, but before the panic could be started the fire was extinguished in a rather remarkable manner by Mr. Laundergan.

There is a swinging scene in the play in which girls occupy swings wrapped in imitation moss, illuminated by electric lights. One of the light bulbs burst and instantly the moss was in flames. The stillness in the audience was ominous and in this moment of suspense Laundergan walked calmly onto the stage and, as if it were what he was accustomed to do every day, seized the burning rope, climbed it hand over hand until he reached the fire and extinguished it with his bare hands.

He descended and walked off the stage as calmly as he had entered it, although his hands had suffered in extinguishing the fire.

FURTHER CHARGE MADE.

Minneapolis Man Accused of Attempting to Bribe Witness.

Another serious charge was preferred at St. Paul against Sherman S. Smith, the Minneapolis politician, when the government, in a supplemental affidavit by George J. Hammond, asserted that he had approached the latter before he went on the stand for the government in the case against the Wood brothers et al. and had asked him "how the sum of $10,000 would look to him," presumably for the purpose of influencing his testimony in favor of the defendants in that case.

George W. Armstrong, attorney for Mr. Smith, brands the latest development of the contempt proceedings of the government against Smith and the two jurors, E. C. Benedict of Sabin, Clay county, and Lyman G. Bacheller of Madelia, charged with improper conduct in discussing the case against the alleged officers of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company with Smith, as being ridiculous.

Taking of testimony in the contempt case has begun before Judge Morris in the federal court.

HART DISBARMENT CASE.

Defendant Objects to Form of Proceedings Against Him.

Contending that the proceedings against him should take the form of a libel suit rather than an action for disbarment and that he should not be punished as an attorney for what he had done as a citizen Captain Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis made formal objection to the proceedings which seek to remove him from the bar of the state when the taking of testimony was begun at St. Paul before Gideon S. Ives, the referee.

The proceedings are upon a petition of E. H. Southworth, secretary of the state board of law examiners, charging that Hart, in writing and publishing letters criticising decisions of the supreme court, had been guilty of misconduct in his profession as an attorney at law and had been guilty also of willful violation of his oath of office.

An adjournment was taken until Jan. 21 to allow the defendant to prepare his defense.

BOMB WRECKS A HOUSE.

Attempt Made to Wipe Out a Minnesota Family.

A bomb thrown at the residence occupied by Thomas Nicholas, captain of the Mohawk mine near Aurora, tore out the side of the building and threw Nicholas, his wife and their four children from their beds. The youngest child, an infant that was sleeping with the parents, was seriously injured.

Although scores of men poured out of the mine to investigate the outrage, no definite clue to the identity of the perpetrators was discovered.

News of the outrage spread through out the range towns like wild fire and in a number of cases superintendents and mining captains made arrangements to [illegible] their dwellings [illegible]. One of [illegible] said that he believed that the Nicholas outrage is the beginning of a reign of terror that will [illegible] in the spring.

C[illegible] Fire at Hibbing.

[illegible]

Seeks Republican Nomination.

Attorney General E. T. Young of Appleton is a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. Mr. Young has announced the fact and supplemented it with a statement that he would not again seek the nomination for attorney general.

Body Strewn Along Track.

Robert Wilkinson of Spooner, Wis., head brakeman on a freight train that pulled into the Omaha yards at St. Paul, was ground to pieces under the trucks of the train. His body was dismembered and strewn along the tracks for nearly a mile.

PROSECUTION ENDED

Case Against Northwestern Lumbermen Dismissed.

ACTION IN FEDERAL COURT

Judge Lochren Upholds Demurrers to Indictments Charging Conspiracy to Defraud.

Demurrers to indictments against nineteen prominent lumbermen, charging conspiracy to defraud, were upheld in the federal district court at Minneapolis by Judge William Lochren. The indictments were based upon the issuance and operation of the plan in which the so-called "little black book" was an important factor. It is designed to badger catalogue house competitors and to pile upon them useless and costly correspondence, both through asking many questions and through numerous requests for expensive catalogues. Judge Lochren heard counsel for but one of the indicted lumbermen and upheld the demurrers, which ends the prosecution.

USED KEROSENE ON FIRE

Two Minnesota Men Are Burned to Death.

Reviving a fire with kerosene deprived two men of their lives near Cambria, Blue Earth county.

Reese and William Thomas, wealthy bachelor farmers, were spending the winter together in a small house in the timber. Reese arose first in the morning, built a fire in the stove and went out and did the chores, leaving his brother in bed. On returning, he found that the fire was scarcely burning, so he poured some kerosene into the stove. The coals caused the oil to explode and the entire room was ablaze in a moment.

Reese Thomas' clothing blazed up and he ran out of doors, but fell dead ten feet from the house.

William Thomas leaped from the burning bed and dashed out of doors, his night dress burning. He reached a spring, but not before the garment had burned off. He then made his way in a nude condition to a neighbor, a quarter of a mile away. He was very badly burned and died.

The house was consumed with its contents.

EXAMINER TAKES CHARGE

Two St. Paul Banks Fail to Open Their Doors.

The doors of the State bank of St. Paul and the Citizens' Savings bank, also of St. Paul, were not opened for business. The announcement was posted that the two institutions were in the hands of the bank examiner.

These are the two St. Paul banks with which A. Z. Drew, owner of the Hamline and Midway private banks, which closed their doors last Friday, was connected and it was largely through the failure of the Drew private banks that public confidence in the other banks was put to a test.

While no figures as to assets and liabilities of the State bank of St. Paul and the Citizens' Savings bank are available it is stated positively in the office of the public examiner that there is no question as to the solvency of the Citizens' Savings bank and that the affairs of the State bank of St. Paul will be straightened out within a reasonable time.

The total deposits of the two banks is about $500,000.

KILLED HER HUSBAND.

Chisholm Woman Clears Up Murder Mystery.

Mrs. Elias Matsen, who was arrested at Chisholm on the charge of complicity in the brutal murder of her husband, has made a complete confession to Chief of Police Madden. Matsen's lifeless body was found on a bed in a room over a saloon, with a double-bitted axe implanted in his skull. Mrs. Matsen was at once taken into custody along with six men who it was thought could shed some light on the tragedy. Four of the men were released upon Mrs. Matsen's confession and two will be held as witnesses. Mrs. Matsen's excuse for killing her husband was that she thought she was killing the devil.

Minnesota Boosters Organize.

Minnesota's boosters—the various commercial clubs of the state—have fused themselves into a permanent organization at a meeting in St. Paul for the one purpose of advertising and advancing the interests of the state. It is to be known as "The Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs." Officers were elected as follows: President, D. N. Neil, Red Wing; first vice president, John H. Hearding, Eveleth; second vice president, Spurgeon Odell, Mankato; treasurer, Frank J. Meisl, Minneapolis; secretary, Curtis L. Mosher, St. Paul.

One Dead; Two Seriously Hurt.

Three men fell from three separate wagons in different parts of Minneapolis in one day recently, one dying as the result of a broken neck, another had his back broken and the third is paralyzed from the fall and physicians say he will be a cripple for life. Stephen Wachtler, fuel dealer, was the man who died from his injuries; Frank Rippon had his back broken and Ole A. Bulander was so seriously injured he will be a cripple for life.

WHEN IT'S HOT.

Add Your Own Idea to These Pictures of Oppressive Heat.

"Suppose we describe in turn the scene that our fancy pictures as illustrating our notion of oppressive heat," said one of a party discussing the extremes of weather. "What do we think of—what time, what place, what conditions?"

The suggestion was received with favor, and here are some of the responses:

"A new concrete sidewalk at noon, with the sun beating down on it and your heels sinking in, and the heat reflected in your face, and the air pervaded with the smell of tar."

"The desert, with an exhausted caravan struggling to reach a mirage that hovers on the horizon, but doomed to perish of thirst, as perished the man and the animal whose bleached bones they are passing."

"Washing dishes in the kitchen, with the thermometer at 95 out of doors and a hundred and something within, with your hands so soapsudsy and greasy that you can't lift them to your face to wipe away the perspiration and with your whole being so tired and cross and miserable that you would cry—if you were not ashamed to."

"The deck of a becalmed yacht, with a glassy sea and a long, slow roll and the brasswork so hot that it burns your hand, the sun high, the sky cloudless, the sails hanging with not a breath to stir them, the victim prostrate and seasick, with no consciousness in the present except of heat and nausea and no expectation for the future but sunstroke."

"Standing alone in the middle of a broad, hot field that is flaming with scarlet lilies, with no sound save the notes of the grasshoppers and the locusts."

"Noon on a country road which lies between treeless, barren fields, with no living thing in sight but an ox team lurching slowly on its way in a cloud of yellow dust."

"A night in August when coolness has not come with darkness, when you cannot sleep and can hardly breathe and when it seems that morning would never come."—Chicago News.

MOONLIGHT IN MUSIC.

Story of How Beethoven Created His Wonderful Sonata.

Beethoven's famous composition, the "Moonlight Sonata," is said to have been composed under the following circumstances:

One evening as Beethoven and a friend were hurrying through the streets of Bonn they heard the familiar notes of the "Sonata In F." Something in the musician's touch attracted the attention of Beethoven, and he stopped and listened. Suddenly the music stopped, and the despairing words of the musician came to them through the open window, "Oh, if I could but hear some really good musician play this wonderful piece!" and the words ended in a sob.

"Let us go in," said Beethoven. They entered and found the player a young girl, poor and blind. Beethoven sat down at the old harpsichord and played as he had never played before. His listeners were spellbound. "Tell us," they begged, "who are you?" For answer he played the opening bars in the "Sonata In F." "It is Beethoven!" they exclaimed in awe and admiration.

Suddenly the candle flickered and went out. Beethoven ceased playing and bowed his head upon his hand. His friend threw open the shutters. A flood of beautiful moonlight entered the room. Its transfiguring light touched up the poor old instrument and rested upon the noble figure bowed before it. The profound silence was broken at last by the musician, who said: "Listen. I will improvise a sonata to the moonlight." Then was created this wonderful sonata, beginning in a sad, tender movement, the embodiment in sound of the gentle moonlight transfiguring and glorifying the dark earth.

Suddenly the music ceased, and with a brief farewell Beethoven hurried home to put upon paper this famous composition.

Antiquity of Tennis.

Among all the popular games of today none perhaps is of greater antiquity than tennis, for it is said to have originated in the ball games of the ancient Greeks and Romans. In the first place the ball was struck by the hand, later on heavy gloves were worn or cords strapped round the palm, and the racket was contrived during the fifteenth century in France, where the game was very popular, and thence introduced into England.—London Captain.

Indian Hemp and Catalepsy.

A single grain of the resin of Indian hemp will produce catalepsy in a man. A few hours are required for the effects to reach a climax, when his limbs may be placed in almost any position without difficulty, and when once placed they remain in the given position indefinitely, although the natural influence of gravity would cause them to fall. During the catalepsy the body is usually insensible to all impressions.—Exchange.

Taken In One Way.

He—So you persist in breaking off the engagement? She—Most decidedly. What do you take me for? He—Oh, about forty. Better think it over. It may be your last chance.—Harper's Weekly.

Lost to Science.

Marryat—So that great inventor is dead and his wonderful secret is lost. Newitt—Not at all. He told his wife just before he died. Marryat—Yes, that's what I mean.—Philadelphia Press.

BRILLIANT BAIT.

Gaudy Lures by Which Salmon and Trout Are Fooled.

No one except a fisherman or a fly dresser has the faintest conception of the enormous variety of materials used in the manufacture of flies, especially salmon flies.

Trout flies are made to resemble various real insects, but salmon flies have no likeness to anything that inhabits earth, air or water, and to this day no one knows why the king of fish is fool enough to snatch at the gaudy lures which are cast across the pools above his head.

Take such a well known salmon fly as the "silver doctor." The feathers of five different birds are used to build it—namely, those of the Indian crow, the blue jay, the pheasant, the turkey and the pintail duck. Silver wire, yellow floss silk, sky blue hackle and scarlet wool are also necessary for the tying of this fly.

There is hardly any brilliantly plumaged bird known whose feathers are not in demand for fly tying. Jungle fowl, blue chatterer, scarlet ibis, bustard, swan, macaw, peacock, mallard, Indian roller, teal, wood duck, grouse, eagle and florican are only a few of those whose feathers are stowed away in the drawers of any fishing tackle manufacturer.

You will also find gold and silver wire, gold and silver tinsel, silk of every color under the sun, chenille of many different hues, worsted, mohair and fur of a number of different animals.

There is an artificial gray gnat used for trout fishing which is made partly of mouse whiskers and is in consequence one of the most expensive trout flies which you can purchase.

Gaudy flies for salmon fishing are no new invention. Writing two and a half centuries ago, Richard Franck says:

"Remember always to carry your dubbing bag about with you, wherein ought to be silk of all sorts, thread, thrums, moccado ends and cruels of all sizes and varieties of color, diversified and stained wool, with dogs' and bears' hair, besides twisted fine threads of gold and silver, with feathers from"— And he goes on with a long list of birds of brilliant plumage.

But even for the noble salmon there are many other baits used besides the fly. The most deadly is without doubt salmon roe, the use of which is prohibited in almost every part of the civilized world. The "gardener's fancy"—in other words, the common lobworm—is a first class salmon bait, and so is prawn boiled to a delicate pink hue. On most good rivers these baits are of course illegal.

Some believe in anointing their baits with various strong smelling oils or unguents. The above mentioned Richard Franck did so. He advocates putting the worms into a lignum vitae box which has first been anointed with "the chymical oil of bays, sulphur, Barbados tar, ivy or cornu cervi." Poor worms! One wonders how long they survived in such a horrible mixture.

Trout will take a very wide variety of bait. A grasshopper is most killing, and so is a blue bottle set on a small hook and used with a blow line.

The roach fisher knows the virtue of boiled wheat. The softened grains are taken with eagerness by these fish, while perch will go vigorously for a clump of flour and water dough. A perch has been taken by an angler who had run short of bait with the eye of a previous capture stuck upon the point of a hook.

Thames fishermen will tell you the virtues of cheese paste as a bait for chub, and these rather shy fish can also be taken with a very ripe cherry in which a hook is artfully concealed.

Almost all fish have cannibal propensities, so that the young of their own species prove an irresistible bait for the older and larger members. This is specially true of trout, and many an angler has known of cases where a small fish hooked has been seized before it could be brought to land by a larger one of the same variety.—Fly.

Deaf Elephants.

Solitary elephants, not necessarily "rogues," may be met with in all jungle country frequented by elephants, declares Harry Storey, the author of "Hunting and Shooting In Ceylon." A "solitary," he says, is rather fond of taking up its residence in the neighborhood of a village and helping itself contentedly to the villagers' produce.

Elephants in Ceylon have in general acquired a contempt for the presence of the ordinary villager and will walk through a fence as soon as look at it and help themselves to growing crops in spite of the watchers' presence, shouts or even firing of guns. A good deal of this indifference is due to the fact that there are many deaf elephants to be found all over the country, more than people imagine, and such animals are quite indifferent to any amount of noise. Let an elephant, however, once become aware that he is being hunted, and he becomes as wary and alert as possible.

I once heard of an elephant that was making havoc among the cattlemen in the great swamp of Diwulani and had been "proclaimed" for destruction. I made a forced march by night in faint moonlight, in course of which I walked slap into an elephant in a dark, swampy hollow, and I don't know which of us was the more startled, I or the elephant. Anyhow he made record time for the jungle, and I sat down to let my nerves recover a bit. Undoubtedly that was a deaf elephant.

Quite Popular.

Mrs. A.—And are your neighbors fond of you? Mrs. B.—Very. Just think, when I told them we wanted to move, but couldn't afford to, they offered to pay all our moving expenses.—London Scraps.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complte record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

We have a good stock of Shoes, Dry Goods, Overalls, Shirts, and Groceries. We sell as cheap as possible and guarantee quality. A special cut price on winter goods.

J. H. JACOBSON,
PHONE 102. NORTH MAIN AVE.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

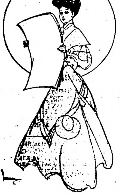

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking!

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. X | THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1908 | NUMBER 5

Historical Society ST PAUL

ANNUAL MEETING OF CREAMERY SHAREHOLDERS

Officers for the Coming Year Are Elected and Other Business Transacted.

Secretary P. Engelstad Makes a Full and Complete Report of All Business Done.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of Thief River Falls Co-Operative Creamery Association was held in Thief River Falls last Saturday, and nearly one hundred farmers were in attendance. The farmers and a few of the business men were entertained at dinner by W. W. Prichard, the founder of the creamery, at the Methodist church, where a very enjoyable dinner was served.

The business meeting of the Association was held in the city hall in the afternoon and much of the time was consumed in receiving the reports of the officers of the association and to answering questions of interest to the patrons.

The following officers were elected:

President—J. O. Thorstad.
Secretary—P. Engelstad.
Treasurer—John L. Finke.
Directors—R. L. Muzzy and S. N. Nelson.

These are the same officers that served during the past year with the exception of M. Bakken, who was president, and L. J. Parbst, who was a director. Both of these gentlemen were tendered the unanimous election again, but positively refused.

There was some talk regarding the price paid for butter fat by the local creamery and the one located at St. Hilaire. In order that our readers may compare the price, we publish a statement from both creameries in this issue. The St. Hilaire creamery paid 1.16 cents more for butter fat than did the local creamery, but the average test here 2.11 points higher than at St. Hilaire, so that there was really not much difference in the price paid. Then, too, the local creamery expended $1,400 in improvements this year and this made the running expenses of the creamery much higher and necessarily a lower price for butter fat.

In P. Engelstad the association has one of the best secretaries of any creamery association in Minnesota, and the following is a part of his report and address which explains the matters and standing of the creamery in a very detail manner:

Amount of cream received, 379,882.
Average Test, 28,11.
Amount of butter fat, 106,795,50.
" " butter made, 123,766.
" " cream sold, 3052 quarts.
" " ice cream made, 650 gallons.
" " butter shipped, 116,351.
" " " consumed in city 7415.
Average overrun 17.6.
" price paid for butter fat 26.78c
" " received for butter shipped 24.75c.

RECEIPTS FOR 1907.

Balance from 1906	$139.35
Received for Butter	28,787.73
Call from Sahat Co.	2,534.71
Cash sales of Creamery	1,477.03
Butter Tubs	59.48
Five Shares	125.00
Ice Cream shipped	76.35
Dairy Salt	61.50
Returned Checks	41.15
Booklets	2.85
Freight Check St. H. Co.	4.17
" " Plummer Co.	.50
Albert Hanson Kratka	
Ret. B. Charge	.80
	33,287.82

DISBURSEMENTS FOR 1907.

Paid Patrons	28,650.40
Paid for Milk	140.33
Buttermakers Salary	931.71
Assistants	449.63
Sec'y. Salary	212.70
Treasurers' Salary	72.42
Directors' Salary	60.00
Drayman	159.40
Gasoline	141.44
Phone and Electric	61.13
Ice Cream supplies	155.63
Coal and Wood	117.66
Tubs and Supplies	493.32
Improvements	555.68
Ice	75.00
Insurance	31.50
Tax	34.52
Principal and Int.	522.50
Stoves, Tanks &c	52.76
Freight and Express	202.58
Incidental Expenses	99.53
Balance	60.70
	33,287.82

OUR LIABILITIES JANUARY 1st, 1908.

One Note Dated 6-15. Tubs..	200.00
" " " "	218.75
" " " " " Coal...	249.00
Total,	$667.75

Assets

Balance in Treasury	60.70
One Note for a Share	25.00
Estimated Tubs on Hand 1004..	266.00
Estimated Coal on Hand	150.00
87 Bbls. Common Salt	108.00
36 " Dairy "	99.20
15 Gallon Seperator Oil	5.25
2 Boxes of Soap	7.00
Claim Against Soo R. R.	8.50
Newfolden Creamery	6.40
Farmers Creamery Co. Roseau	6.40
Deer Creamery Co. Karlstad..	2.40
Patrons Account carried forward:	7.80
	$752.05.

When we take into consideration that our business as a co-operative association extends merely over a period of one and one-third years, we can certainly satisfy ourselves that we have done exceedingly well for a new concern during the past year. Besides paying as high a price for butter fat during the past year as most creameries in the "hand separator" class, we have expended in the neighborhood of $900 in improvements on our lots and buildings and for additional machinery and repairs on same. And, furthermore, we have paid the balance of our creamery debt, $500 with accumulated interest of $22.50.

The average price paid for butter fat during the whole year has been a trifle over 26¾ cents.

The average price received for butter, shipped during the whole year has been 24¾ cents.

This shows that our average over-run of 17.6 per cent, coupled with the profits on sales at the creamery, has not only handled all expenditures during the year but has also applied two cents on the butter fat above the price received for butter.

This clearly demonstrates that the business of our association is in as healthy and flourishing condition as could be wished for. The only drawback is the small amount of cream received during the winter months although our expenses are proportionately high, but an improvement in this respect is quite noticeable. In comparing the last month of the year with the corresponding month of 1906, I find an increase of 1468 lbs. of butter fat.

It is safe to say that we have to go far and wide in order to find another creamery which has done as well as we have, considering the time we have been engaged in the business. What is the reason that we, as a new organization, have done equally as well, if not better, than most other creameries? It is not because we have had better officers or more capable men than other creameries; not because we have had better buttermakers than many other creameries. Our excellent success can be attributed to two main causes: first the excellent central location of our creamery in a growing city; second, because we were fortunate enough to buy a complete outfit, ready for business and the hardest pioneer work in the dairy business already done.

I have said it before, and I repeat it, that if we had built our creamery in an entirely new field, where no creamery had before existed, we would have had many difficulties to contend with which we now know nothing about.

Right here, in this immediate neighborhood we have one of the best creameries in the northwest, and quite a few patrons of our association expect us from the very start to make a race with that old institution, which has the advantage of being free of debt, has money on hand, and can, at the most critical time, produce at least twice as much raw material as we can. Suppose we take a look in some other direction and make a comparison with some other creameries, instead of with our record breaking neighbor.

The relation between officers, butter maker and patrons, has, as a rule, been pleasant and harmonious. Of course, once in a while a patron makes a kick about a low test. Naturally this test goes up as often as it goes down, or sooner or later there would be no test. It seems to be our nature, when the test goes down a couple of points or so without any apparent reason, to become suspicious that there is some mistake; but we have yet to see the man, who, when his test goes up without any apparent reason, comes and tells us that he suspects a mistake.

Then again, an occasional can of cream is missing on the creamery sheet, which the men in charge, in their haste, had forgotten to put down. The secretary makes mistakes now and then, deducting one cent for sinking fund when it should be half a cent, and so on. But these are small matters which can easily be corrected by calling the secretary's attention to them.

In order to get the cream from outside points in as large quantities as possible and in as good condition as possible, we shall, next year, adopt the station plan. Some preliminary work has already been done in that respect.

In conclusion I would say, that our patrons, whether they have much or little cream, have been very active and enthusiastic in promoting the welfare of the association by bringing what cream they could spare during the winter months. And right here, I want to pay my tribute to the small patron. It is really more work, proportionately, for the patron with the small amount of cream to bring it to the creamery than it is for one with a larger amount.

On behalf of the rest of the officers, as well as myself, I thank you for what you have done during the past year, hoping that you will be able to do much better during the coming one.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The annual report of the St. Hilaire Creamery Association for 1907 is as follows:

Amount of cream received, 753,035 lbs.
Average test, 25 per cent.
Butter fat, 195,453 lbs.
Churn over run, 16.3 per cent.
Amount of butter made, 227,436 lbs.
Butter shiped out of state, 190,783 lbs.
Butter sold in state, 35,660 lbs.
Butter sold to patrons, 993 lbs.
Total amount of money, $64,001.96.
Total amount paid patrons, $54,595.56.
Butter maker's salary, $985.
Helper's salary, $376.
Fuel, $120.
Tubs, $922 56.
Ice, $35.
Butter salt, $112 90.
Incidentals (including officers' salaries) $1023.73.
Total expences, $3,765.19.
Freight and commission, $5,831.21.
Total amount, $64,004.96.
Average price paid for butter fat, 27.94 per lb.
Average price paid for actual butter 24 cents.

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

WALKED 200 MILES

John Larson Walked from Beaudette to Minneapolis.

John Larson, being without funds, walked more than 200 miles to save his sister from exile.

His heart was lightened when he learnd that the story of what they do with people who get the smallpox, as told him by some lumbermen at Beaudette, Minn., is not true.

Young Larson, tall, unproportioned physicially and poorly clad, would not be content even when told by an officer that his sister, if she had been placed in quarantine, was perfectly safe. He must be reassured by the story from her own lips. He called up the quarantine hospital and learned from her that she was convalescing and would be out in a few days.

Larson had been working near Beaudette. He received a letter from Minneapolis that his sister was in quarantine. He showed the letter to some of his fellow workers and they at once told him what officials do with smallpox patients. He was told that people with smallpox are sent into exile and that they have to spend the balance of their lives on some isolated island. Without waiting to even get his money Larson started for Minneapolis, hardly stopping to drink or sup on the way, so fearful was he that he would not arrive before his sister was exiled.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Makes Objection.

Editor News: On January 23rd your paper contained an item to the effect that application had been made to the city council to build a sewer to empty into the Red Lake river above the dam. This should not be granted, for as sure as we continue to empty sewerage into the dead water above the dam just so sure are we to have a continuation of deaths in the city from typhoid fever. There are now a few sewers emptying filth into the river above the dam. This sewerage does not float down river but sinks to the bottom where it decays, and certainly contaminates the water pumped into the water mains every day. Last winter a great deal was said about cutting ice on the river, yet to my way of thinking the ice taken from the top of the water where there is some current is a good deal purer than that taken from the bottom of the river where the sewerage is deposited and the water is almost stagnant. —O.

GOOD JOB ON THE BRIDGE

City Council Held a Special Meeting on Saturday Evening.

Police Force Reduced to Two and Resorts Closed.

A special meeting of the city council was held last Saturday evening for the purpose of conferring with C. A. P. Turner, the civil engineer who has charge of the work of building the bridge across the Red Lake River. Mr. Turner reported that the contractors were doing an excellent job, and the aldermen were of this opinion also.

Alderman Forder introduced a resolution providing for two policemen in future instead of three as at present. Also that the mayor and chief of police be required to draw up a set of rules governing the police department of the city and when the rules were adopted and approved by the council they should be in full force. There is a belief among many of the business men of the city that the police force should not be reduced, but the councilmen say that the mayor is given the privilege of appointing specials at any time occassion requires it, and if it is found that two policemen cannot do the work, a new resolution will be passed by the council allowing three men.

The council discussed in an informal way the matter of the resorts across the track selling liquor. Saloon keepers are required to pay a license of $1000 per year and are now required to close promptly at 11 o'clock and on Sundays.

It was reported that these resorts were selling liquors at all times of the night and on Sundays, and that the licensed saloon keekers were not getting a fair deal. It was the understanding of the councilmen that these resorts be notified to discontinue the selling of liquor and if they refuse to do this their places would at once be closed up.

He Understood.

To a bank in one of the smaller cities not a thousand miles from here came an old German named Schmidt one day during the recent financial flurry and demanded the money which he had on deposit there. The cashier explained to him that his money was there all right but that instead of the money they would give him clearing house paper which would serve the purpose. Everything not seeming clear in the man's mind he repeated the explaination and added that he hoped he and his neighbors would be satisfied to do their part in keeping the money where it was. After repeating it a third time he asked him to explain to his neighbors, which the German promised to do. Upon second thought the banker decided to find out just how the man understood him and asked him what he would tell his neighbors.

"Vell, ve haf a little baby by our house, und ven he vakes him up tonight about twelve o'clock and vants some milk, I say to him, "The milk is down in the kitchen but I gif youd someding just as good. Here is a milk ticket. Be good now and go to sleep.""

44,000,000 Eggs Per Day.

The honored American eagle must take a back seat in favor of the hen. She now reigns supreme in the minds of 80,000,000 people in the United States, who consume daily 44,000,000 eggs.

Did you ever stop to think what the hen does for us? We pay her $300,000,000 per year. Her eggs for one year, if shipped in one train, would make a solid line of cars from Washington, D. C., to Chicago, Ill., a distance of over 800 miles. Her 16,000,000,000 eggs a year if made into a necklace would reach from the earth to the moon and back. If made into an omelet the omelet would be large enough to completely envelop the entire earth. With the money spent on eggs we could build two Panama canals a year and a congressional library every seven years. We paid more for eggs last year than all the teachers, the wheat raisers or the corn growers earn.

Fined For Smoking.

A thirteen year old boy who is a student in the schools here and whose name we need not mention, was caught smoking a pipe on the school house grounds last week by Prof. Bergh. The boy was arrested upon complaint of the professor and taken before Justice Nelson who found him guilty as charged and imposed a fine of $10 or five days in jail. The fine was suspended however during good behavior. It is not probable that there will be much smoking by pupils around the school house for some time.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

COST $50 TO LIFT THE LID

John Tangness Fined $50 for Having Saloon Open on Sunday.

First Man to Be Convicted Under Mayor Hamre's Administration.

John Tangness, who recently purchased the Knut Aldahl saloon on La Bree avenue, was fined $50 and costs before Judge Bishop Monday for having his saloon open on Sunday. Tangness was not personally guilty, his bar tender being the one to have the saloon open. The bar tender was not quite clear about the matter and did not remember wether or not he had the saloon open, but after talking the matter over with Chief Jarneson he came to the conclusion that he was in the saloon doing business on Sunday and so Mr. Tangness entered a plea of guilty and paid the fine.

In annoucing the amount of the fine, Judge Bishop stated that had the one who was actually in the saloon been arrested for keeping it open on Sunday the fine would have been $100 instead of $50, ann this was intended as warning to others.

Mayor Hamre strted that the laws governing saloons would be strictly enforced and that he hoped it would not be necessary to fine any more saloon keepers. Those who violate the laws in any way are to be fined, and it is going to be cheaper for saloon keepers to conduct their business according to law.

NEW ROAD TO BORDER

Proposed Line Will Run Between Roosevelt and Thief River Falls.

Roosevelt, Minn., Jan. 24.—A meeting was held here to consider the building of an air line railroad between Roosevelt and Thief River Falls. A committee, consisting of A. J. Harwood, A. J. Conee and R. D. Jones, was appointed to confer with a similar committee at Thief River Falls. The road will afford direct transportation for the timber products of the northern border to the prairies of North Dakota and will open up for settlement a tract of government land covering more than twenty townships.

A Good Law.

Any sheriff, constable village marshal or police officer may remove, shelter and care for any horse or animal found exposed to the weather and not properly blanketed or remaining two successive hours without attending in cold inclement weather and when necessary may deliver such animal to another person to be sheltered and cared for; but in all cases the owner, if known, shall be immediately notified and such officer or persons having possession of the animal shall have a lien thereon for its care and keeping and the expense of the notice, redeem such animal by paying the expences, incurred as aforesaid, it may be treated as estray and dealt with as such.—Law of 1905.

Mrs. Carrie Barney, of East Grand Forks, wishes she had not become flurried by the financial panic. It cost her just $700 to find out that banks are the safest places for money after all. When her building and furniture were burned last week, the money, which she had withdrawn from the banks and secreted in a mattress, was lost among the other things.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

Seeing the Sights.

Even in these days of liberal education the young women sometimes show how confused are the ideas shut up in their heads. Illustrative of this is the native blunder which Edmondo de Amicis recounts in his story of a voyage from Genoa to Buenos Ayres:

The captain of the steamer which numbered the charming young blunderer among its passengers met her one morning and said:

"Signorina, we cross the tropic of cancer today."

"Oh, indeed!", she cried with enthusiasm. "Then we shall see something at last."

Human Muscles.

If the muscles in the arm of the average man were put together and a nervous impulse passed into them, their contraction would lift a weight of 224 pounds from the ground. Muscles have the unique power when stimulated by nerve impulse of contracting somewhat as rubber bands might do if they could squeeze themselves up shorter. They are, in fact, the reverse of rubber, for they contract only and cannot stretch o[illegible]

Marching Geese.

Norfolk geese were driven up to London in thousands without losing condition. It paid better before the days of railways to let the geese transport themselves. The largest drove mentioned was one of 9,000, which went from Suffolk, through Chelmsford and on to London. They took their journey easily, marching ten miles a day. The ordinary day's march of the German army is thirteen miles, only three miles better than the geese. When Lord Oxford bet the Marquis of Queensberry that a drove of Suffolk geese would beat an equal number of turkeys in a walk to London the geese won by forty-eight hours.—Cornish's "Animal Artisans."

The Exception.

"Durn you and your old grocery!" shouted a man who backed up against the fresh paint.

"Didn't you see that sign, 'Fresh Paint?'" asked the grocer.

"Of course I did, but I've seen so many signs hung out here announcing something fresh that wasn't that I didn't believe it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking!

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

A GREAT SHEEP RANCH

Modern Methods In the Wool Raising Industry.

DETAILS OF THE BUSINESS.

The Summer and Winter Ranges, the Lambing Period and the Work of the Docking Crews—How the Fleece Is Shorn, Graded and Packed.

A modern sheep ranch today is most interesting and involves a great deal of detail unknown to most people. As I spent some time on a big sheep ranch in Idaho a year ago, some account of my observations may be of interest. Unlike cattle, which can, except in certain seasons, be left to themselves, sheep have to be herded the year around. The country is divided into several sections, a winter and summer range. The latter is generally in the hills, mountains and in parts of the forest reserves, permits for which have to be had from Washington. Only so many sheep are allowed in it, and the government charges about 5 cents a head for the summer season, which opens in Idaho about June 15. The winter range is in the valleys and plains or near the ranches, where hay can be had when the snow becomes too deep.

The hardest season is perhaps the lambing period, which comes in Idaho during May. A band of 1,500 to 2,500 ewes is taken out under a lambing boss, who has with him two or three herders, a night herder, a night shooter and one cook. As soon as any of the lambs are born they are gathered together in a small band and flagged—that is, a pole with a red flag is placed near, so they can be easily banded together and that the mothers will suckle their young. When 500 or 600 ewes have lambed they are all driven together in a band and taken on to a new section a mile or so away, where they remain until all the band has lambed. Then they are divided again into two bands, under a herder and helper, and wait until docking and shearing begin before they go to the summer range. The ewes are herded each night by a herder, whose duty it is to keep them on their bed grounds, while the night shooter, either afoot or horseback, rides around, shooting blank cartridges every little while to scare away coyotes or other animals. He generally places two or three red lanterns on prominent places as guides for his night's work.

About the middle of May the docking crew is made up, which generally consists of a boss, cook and five or seven men. Starting at some convenient point, they put out with two wagons, one containing the tents, provisions and beds, while the other holds the corral. The corral is made of laths and wire and can be put up in thirty minutes. The ewes and lambs are driven into it, the lambs cut out and put into the triangle shaped fence, where two or three men hold them by all four feet, while another cuts off their tails and slices the ears of the ewe lambs. They are branded with the outfit and flock brands, while ewes are also marked and counted. In this way the percentage of the lambs is taken. Sometimes three or four bands are treated that way in a day, the corral being taken up and put down wherever the next band is, but two bands are all that most crews can do in a day when they are very near together. This goes on for ten days or two weeks until all the sheep under whose foreman they are have been treated.

About May 25 or June 1 shearing begins. A large outfit will have perhaps two or three shearing plants situated conveniently in different parts of the country. A large plant will have thirty or forty shearing machines with steam for power, while a smaller one of sixteen machines will have a gasoline engine. Blades have been given up mostly now, and nearly all modern outfits use the clippers. The shearers are paid by the sheep, 10 cents for rams and 8 cents for all other sheep and a dollar per day board. A "high roller" will shear 200 sheep in ten hours, but these men are far and few. The average is a little below a hundred sheep per day. Each foreman knows beforehand just about what time to have his sheep on hand, and it is remarkable how thousands of sheep can be handled and timed so that none will mix up. A band of ewes and lambs will come in by sunset and are corralled and the lambs cut out and counted, while the ewes are put through a chute into an alleyway and five or eight put in each shearer's pen. As each pen is refilled and the shorn sheep put out the alley man and shearer toll up their account. The shorn sheep are put down another alley and branded with the outfit brand and flock brand.

After the shearer has shorn his sheep he lets it go back into the pen and takes out another, kicking the fleece out of his way, which a boy ties up and throws into a car. The latter gets one-fourth cent a fleece for tying and will make perhaps $3 to $6 a day. The car is pushed down to the end of the shed where the fleeces are graded and thrown into different pens. Whenever there is enough wool of a certain grade it is thrown up on a platform, where two men sack and tramp it into wool sacks. It is then put out on the scales, recorded in a book with the number of the bag, weight, brand and grade, tolled out and stacked up ready for the teams to haul it to the railroad to be shipped east.—Country Gentleman.

CHINESE TIDBITS.

The Way Vegetables and Meats Are Preserved by the Natives.

In China turnips, several varieties of cabbage and seaweed are often prepared for winter by giving them a coat of salt and drying in the sun. A vegetable resembling cabbage is sometimes dried in the sun without salt and put away in shallow baskets until ready for use. They have a way also of making a kind of sauerkraut very much as Americans do. The treatment of certain vegetables in this way is a common practice. The best native hams come from a region known as the Kinhua district, in Chekiang province. The hams when dressed and ready for curing are carefully placed in vats. A kind of pickle is then prepared of salt, water and a sauce from the soy bean, which is poured over the fresh hams. After the hams have been in the pickle a sufficient length of time they are taken out and hung up to dry and occasionally, but not often, smoked, when they are ready for the market. Sometimes a little nitrate of potash is also added to help preserve them, but this addition is the exception and not the rule. It is reported that in the south hams are cured by means of an alkaline earth and common salt, but so far as can be learned no earth of any kind is employed in the middle and northern provinces. The famous pickled eggs of China are preserved with a pickle made of common mud, salt, saltpeter and soy bean sauce, all mixed together. The eggs are coated with a plaster of this mixture and laid away until ripe, when they are ready for the table. Prepared in this way they will keep several months.

PAPER MAKING IN KOREA.

Hermit Kingdom Supplies Best to China and Japan.

It is not generally known that the best kinds of paper met with in China and Japan are the product of Korea. It is claimed by many that the Korean paper excels the very best that is made in China and Japan. It is produced entirely by manual labor and without the use of any machinery. The raw material used for the better kinds is obtained from the bark of the Broussonetia papyrifera, which is collected in the spring and beaten in water containing a large admixture of wood ashes until reduced to a thick pulp.

This is taken in large ladles and spread upon frames of bamboo so as to form thin sheets. Another kind of paper is made from old scraps trodden into pulp, much in the same way that grape juice is extracted in some countries, and, though this mode of pulping is slow, it has the advantage of not breaking the fiber so much as when machinery is used.

After the pulp has been made into paper the sheets are piled up to a height of six feet and then cut into pieces, to be again subjected to the stamping with the feet. At the same time the roots and seeds of a plant called tackpoul are added, the soluble parts of which are supposed to give tenacity and toughness to the paper.—Exchange.

Reminded Him.

A negro pastor was warming up to the climax of his sermon, and his auditors were waxing more and more excited.

"I wahns yer, O my congregashun," exclaimed the exhorter—"I wahns yer against de sin uv fightin'; I wahns yer against de sin of whisky drinkin' an' do sin uv chicken robbin', an' I wahns yer, my breddern, against de sin uv melon stealin'."

A devout worshiper in the rear of the church jumped to his feet and snapped his fingers excitedly.

"Whuffo does yer, my brudder, r'ar up an' snap yo' fingers when I speaks uv melon stealin'?" asked the preacher.

"Kaze yo' jes' minds me whar I lef' mah overcoat," replied the devout worshiper as he hurried off.

A Poor Prophet.

Conan Doyle told of an experience which he had when leaving school. His teacher must have been one of those noble old Romans such as Thackeray describes as roaring at young Pendennis when the major, his uncle, called to take the boy away. When Conan Doyle had finished his course in school the head master called him aside and, after eying him with ominous disfavor, spoke to him in measured tones as follows: "Doyle, I have known you now for seven years, and I know you thoroughly. I am going to say something which you will remember in after life. Doyle, you will never come to any good!"—Bookman.

Had Been There.

"Here's a firm advertises for a general man, not afraid of good pay, one willing to start at [illegible] You have all the qualifications to fill that job."

"All except the [illegible] to invest in the business."—Pittsburg Post.

Not Qualified.

[illegible]

A Substitute.

[illegible]

A two weeks sale on nearly everything in the store commencing January 23 Here are the prices on a few items, so you can see the great reduction we are making for cash.

$1.00	dress goods for	78c
.50	" " "	39c
.25	" " "	19c
1.00	Underwear "	77c
.50	" "	38c
3.50	wool pants for	2.75
1.00	mittens "	76c
.50	" "	38c
5.00	shoes "	3.98
4.50	" "	2.79
1.00	worth of grocery	89c

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SOCIALISM DEFINED.

What It Is and Its Relation to the American Labor Movement.

While attending the recent convention of the American Federation of Labor of Norfolk, Va., Victor L. Berger, the well known Wisconsin leader, was interviewed by a local paper.

"Tell you about Socialism, its aims and objects and its connection with the American Federation of Labor?" responded Mr. Berger in answer to the reporter's query.

"Well, you know most of the people think we want to sand bag all the rich people and whack up on the spoils of war. But they're all wrong," said the Socialist, with a laugh and shake of the head. "We're not bloodthirsty.

"I know you realize that the present economic system of the country rests on competition. This is not only true as far as the sale of commodities is concerned, but it is also true as to labor—that is, the workingman's labor is a ware on the market and is subject to the law of supply and demand.

"The employer is in business to make profit, and the cheaper he can secure labor the greater the profit he gains from his business.

"From the viewpoint of the employer it is not a question as to whether your work is quite up to the standard of the other fellow's, so long as your wages are far below his; hence if one manufacturer employed cheap labor the rest to compete with him would be forced to do likewise or fail. If we would allow things to go on in a natural way under the present competitive system the worst and most heartless men would set the pace, and they would grind the standard of labor down to that of the Chinaman.

"This is why the workingmen have formed unions to resist this lowering of the standard of living and to better the conditions as far as it is in their power to do so.

"Now, this competitive system works both ways. It also eliminates the smaller manufacturer.

"We all know that the big fish eat the little, and the still bigger fish eat the big ones, but finally only the very biggest kind remain in the pond, and they don't fight each other any more, but combine and form a trust.

"These trusts control the market in their respective branches of industry and make the people pay what they see fit or what the people can stand.

"No, we Socialists don't fight the trusts as such, because we know they are only the natural outcome of competition, and they do prove a good thing for those on the inside. They accomplish a great saving in production and produce cheaply.

"The trouble is the benefits accrue to only a few men, while 80,000,000 people stand outside and pay.

"There is also another phase of all this. A handful of men in this country have it in their power to say how much meat we are to eat, how much lumber we are to use, how well we are to dress, and so on. They can do this by the simple process of putting up the prices or of lowering them.

"In short, a handful of men can say how well or how poorly we are to live, and, since the length of our lives depends upon that, then virtually they have the power to say, too, how long.

"As I said, the trusts cannot be destroyed. They are the result of the production on a large scale of machines and of competition. And it is right here evidently that Roosevelt and Bryan failed to look deeply into this question.

"The machinery and all the progress which has been made in the implements we cannot destroy. We don't want to go back to the middle ages.

"But as long as we have private ownership of these means of production and these trusts only a few men will be the owners, and hence only they will derive the benefit from them.

"Therefore, say the Socialists, the only way to send this is to take possession collectively as a nation of all the means of production, particularly of the trusts, and manage them for the benefit of the nation as a whole.

"And that is Socialism.

"And after all this the project if put into effect would not be such a new one. We now enjoy municipal and government ownership of many public utilities—for instance, the postal service and the gas, water and electric lighting plants owned by many cities.

"Such an action on the part of the government as I speak of would also solve the labor question, because the government would pay the laborer the full value of his product—that is, also the profit which the private owner now secures—aiming only to operate on a safe margin and make the various mills and factories pay their running expenses.

"Of course this movement would benefit all, both rich and poor, in the end. When this is secured we will have attained a higher civilization than is dreamed of now.

"But the working class of people, being oppressed more than any other class oppressed by the present system, are most interested in the change.

"Socialism is the necessary outcome of the present civilization. It must be Socialism or barbarism."

God Our Fortress.

At the opening of the sixth international congress of Socialists, held in Stuttgart recently, where delegates from twenty-three countries participated, a choir of 300 voices sang for the opening Martin Luther's famous hymn, "Ein' Feste Burg Ist Unser Gott" (A mighty fortress is our God).

Socialist Vote of the World.

[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	over 7,000,000

WHAT IS SOCIALISM?

System Based on Common Ownership of Means of Production.

Socialism is a theory of a system of human society based on the common ownership of the means of production and the carrying on of the work of production by all for the benefit of all. In other words, Socialism means that the railways, the shipping, the mines, the factories and all such things as are necessary for the production of the necessaries and comforts of life should be public property, just as our public roads, our public parks and our public libraries are public property today, so that all these things should be used by the whole people to produce the goods that the whole of the people require.

Socialists say that this is no utopian dream, but the necessary natural outcome of the development of society. It used to be supposed that anything like the collective carrying on of any enterprise was impossible because it was thought that the personal supervision and control of the owner were absolutely necessary to the success of any such enterprise. But we see today that the greatest undertakings are those which are owned by joint stock companies, in which the personal supervision of the proprietors is quite impossible and in which the whole business is managed and carried on by paid officials who might just as well be paid by the community to carry on the enterprise in the interest of the general body of the people as be paid by a few wealthy men to carry it on for their profit.

Today goods are not produced to satisfy human needs. They are simply produced to provide profit for the class which owns the means of production. It is only for the sake of this profit that the property owning class owns these means of production. As a consequence we have shoddy and adulterated goods produced; also, as this profit is simply the difference between the value of the work which the working people do and the amount they receive in wages, the actual producers never receive the equivalent of what they produce and therefore are never able to buy it back again. It happens, therefore, that as the machinery of production increases and workmen are able to turn out more goods they are thrown out of work and they, with their wives and children, are in want and misery, not because there is any scarcity of the things they need, but because there are more of them than those who have produced them can buy.

Under the present system, therefore, the very increase of wealth is too often a curse to the wealth producers, simply because those who produce have no ownership in the means of production and no control over the things produced.

Under Socialism, as the means of production would belong to the whole people, the whole people would have control of the things produced. Every increase of wealth then would benefit the whole community. Under the present system increased wealth means increased luxury for the many. In a Socialist community increased production would mean more leisure, more wealth, more means of enjoying life, more opportunity for recreation for everybody.

By the discoveries of science, the inventions of genius and their application to industry man has acquired such power over nature that he can now produce wealth of all kinds as plentifully as water. There is no sound reason why poverty and want should exist anywhere on this earth. All that is needed is to establish a more equitable method of distributing the wealth already produced in such profusion. That is what Socialism proposes to do. The work of production is organized, socialized. It is necessary to socialize distribution as well.—Harry Quelch in London Justice.

What a London Daily Says.

The London Daily News is inclined to give the Socialists a fair deal in the great fight that is now in progress in Britain, for it makes the following correct observation:

"Socialism has all the vitality of a new religion. It has no secret party fund. It lives by the subscriptions and the levies of the members paid in pence. Its work is done by ardent volunteers, who go out 'without purse or scrip' to preach and teach, giving their services from disinterested zeal, and when it fights a contested election it wins with a fourth of the outlay on which the Conservative loses."

Notes.

Socialists are not "ahead of the times." It's the other fellow who is "behind the times."

That the producers of wealth may receive the wealth they produce is the goal toward which the Socialist is pointing.

Society should own the things which are social necessities.

You can end "grafting" quickly enough by simply sending capitalism to the scrap heap.

Tools of production should belong to those who use them.

Is This Civilization?

We boast that "we lead the civilization of the world," and we keep a giant goblin army of 2,000,000 children making their forced march on the factory floors, an army that outwatches the sun by day and the stars by night, thus grinding to our mills the bones of our little ones to make good the boast. Is this civilization?—Edwin Markham.

A Wonderful Growth.

"Socialism," says Professor John Graham Brooks, "is spreading in all countries with a rapidity that cannot be kept track of with statistics."

BRILLIANT OSTENDE.

Belgium Has the World's Most Famous Bathing Beach.

Two-thirds of the people go to Ostende, the Belgian beach, to gamble, but the remaining third is so large that the beach, in spite of splendid size, is always covered with the portable bathhouses, the mushroom and coffin shaped chairs. Even at night the chairs will be there, for with the lights from the buildings and the lighthouse it is almost turned into day. This lighthouse is quite a curiosity. It dates back to 1771, and now in its rebuilt and modernized state it throws a gleam over the country for forty-five miles round.

We are fond of referring to Broadway, New York city, as an especially cosmopolitan street; but, if you will permit the expression, it is not in any way "in it" with the promenade at Ostende. All countries are represented, and every representative is in his Sunday best. On a sunny afternoon in the season the boulevards of Paris are not more brilliant than this far famed avenue.

Here the German officer is not in uniform, but in the full glory of his spotless white flannels, his many colored wide silk belt and his imitation panama hat. And as he passes a group of attractive ladies his waxed mustache will grow stiffer in its upward twirls, and his walking stick will cut the air even more jauntily than before. If his monocle be especially cleverly handled and his face show an unusual number of the much coveted saber scars, he may be rewarded with a murmured "Reitzender Kerl."

The tall, black bearded Russian will walk somberly along and show no emotion or interest in anything, but you may be sure that very little will escape his notice, and at the casino when the play is high you will always find him in close attendance.—Charles F. Peters in Bohemian Magazine.

THE INFINITE.

Beyond the Visible the Invisible, Beyond the Invisible the Unknown.

In "Victor Hugo's Intellectual Autobiography" the great Frenchman writes as follows of the infinite after asking what vehicle shall be adopted to cross the spaces of the universe: "The locomotive travels fifteen leagues an hour. The hurricane travels sixty leagues an hour. The cannon ball travels 700 leagues an hour. The locomotive drags; the hurricane limps; the cannon ball is a tortoise. Let us bestride a ray of light. This is a mount 4,000 times swifter than the cannon ball, 4,200,000 times swifter than the hurricane and 17,000,000 times swifter than the locomotive. It makes, as you know, 70,000 leagues a second.

"Start. Light launches you from the earth to the sun in eight minutes; from the sun to Oceanus in four hours, from Oceanus to Centaurus in three years and eight months, from Centaurus to the pole star in twenty-eight years, from the pole star to the Milky way in 16,800 years, from the Milky way to the nebula of Canes Venatici in 5,000,000 years—you have not yet taken a step.

"The apparitions of the universe will continue to loom. The unsoundable will remain before you in its entirety. Beyond the visible the invisible, beyond the invisible the unknown. Everywhere, everywhere, in the zenith, at the nadir, in front, behind, above, below, in the heights, in the depths, looms the formidable darkness of the infinite.

"What, then, is there back of all this? Nothing, say you? Nothing? What! I, a worm of the earth, am possessed of an intelligence, and this immensity is without one? Oh, pardon us, Abyss of Infinity!"

Effects of Radium.

Many precious stones show a remarkable change of color in the presence of radium. In late German experiments a colorless diamond from Borneo became pale yellow after an exposure of eight days to impure radium bromide, deeper yellow in eight days more and was not wholly restored to its original colorlessness by heating to redness. The light blue of a sapphire turned to green in two hours, then to yellow, reddish yellow and after fourteen days to yellowish brown. The color disappeared on heating, a light yellow invariably reappearing, however, when the stone became cold. The rays did not affect the color of the amethyst, ruby, blue topaz or chrysoberyl, but a tourmaline with a green end became green at any other point on which the rays acted.

She Could Swim.

"Look here!" exclaimed the irate suburbanite, as he floundered about in the green water and soft mud. "When I bought this lot didn't I tell you I had just been married?"

"You did, sir," replied the land agent boldly.

"Well, do you think this is the proper place to bring a bride?"

"I do, sir. Didn't I hear you call her 'Duckie' two or three times?"—Chicago News.

The Main Point.

"Young man, you don't want my daughter."

"Why, sir, I can support her in the style to which she has been accustomed."

"But can you support her in the style of which she has been accustomed to read in trashy novels?"—Washington Herald.

It's better to do something for somebody than to do somebody for something. Try this today.—Wall Street Journal.

Aristotle believed that the proper age for marriage was thirty-seven years for a man and eighteen for a woman.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

Pay your personal property taxes at the People's State Bank. We have a complete list for Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

Notice Of Teachers Examinations.

The Semi-Annual Teachers Examinations will be held at Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire, and Red Lake Falls in accordance with the following program.

PROGRAM OF EXAMINATIONS
—FOR—
COMMON SCHOOL CERTIFICATES

January 30 and 31st, and February 1st, 1908.

Thursday, January 30th
(First Grade Studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:15 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography, or General History.

Agricultural may be taken at any one of above periods, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.

Friday, January 31st.
(Second Grade Studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:30 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:15 Geography.
2:45 Composition and Penmanship.
3:20 Reading.

Saturday, February 1st.
(Second Grade Studies Continued.)

A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

H. F. McANULTY,
Co. Supt.,
Red Lake Co.

NOTICE

To Charley Dammann.

On the 13th day of February, 1908, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day at the front door of the City hall in the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, to pay an indebtedness to Anton H. Remmem amounting to Sixty & 70-100 Dollars for keeping, feeding and caring for the following property since October 17th, 1907, the same will be sold at public auction, to wit:

One black horse, about fifteen years old and weight about twelve hundred pounds, the property of the said Charley Dammann.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minnesota this 21st day of January, 1908.
Jan. 23-Feb. 6. Anton H. Remmem.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.
In Probate Court. In the matter of Knudt Syverson, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the Estate of Knudt Syverson deceased, late of the town of North, in the County of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Nils Knudson,

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Nils Knudson, the Executor, made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knudt Syverson, deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this Order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be for ever barred.

It is further ordered, That Monday the 28th day of April 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the The Thief River Falls news, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 20th day of January A. D. 1908.

By the Court,
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.
(PROBATE COURT SEAL) Jan. 23-Feb. 6

POINTERS.

This big graft system is built on nothing but ignorant votes.

Hit the rich loafers a wallop with your vote next election day.

Where do you put your independence when you are looking for a job?

This voting proposition is serious business. Look to it more closely.

Socialism will abolish poverty and crime by removing the cause of both.

Working people should see that the rich bums who ride around in autos get out and help do the world's work.

Cheap.

The clubwoman giggled.

"You know, my husband's birthday is next week," she said, "and I"—

Laughter overcame her for the moment.

—"and I have been taking a cigar out of his case every day for the last three months. Well," she went on, "I've got a hundred now, and I'll give them to him for a birthday present."—Exchange.

PRICE LIST

of the different examination fees, lenses, frames and mounting. Take notice how small the price is for simple lenses and no charge for examination. For $1.50 you get the glasses fitted to your eyes, guaranteed to be right. Read the prices over carefully, then come in and place yourself under our care. We guarantee you recovery and satisfaction.

NO CHARGES FOR filling prescriptions on glasses, duplicating old or broken lenses, fitting and testing for Presbiopia, or old sight or any simple condition where physical and nervous disturbances are not present.

$2.50 CHARGES FOR fitting a stigmatism, muscular insufficiencies, attacks of headaches, painful, inflamed eyes, removing foreign bodies from eyes, or treating any trouble or disease in first stage.

$5.00 CHARGE FOR general examination and treatment of the following classes, chronic inflamation of the eyes, chronic headaches, stomach, kidney and heart trouble, roaring in ears, neuralgia, dizziness, floating spots or any blurring or abnormal condition in the eyes.

$10.00 CHARGE FOR treatment and examinations for tonic and clonic spasm, with all its disorders.

$25.00 CHARGE FOR general examination and treatment of conditions of long standing, granulation of eyelids, derangements of the nervous system, including St. Vitus Dance, epileptic fits, hysterical fits, or a complete breakdown.

$50.00 CHARGE FOR straightening cross eyes, symptoms of insanity, etc.

DR. A. J. KLIMEK, Eye Specialist
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
LaBree Ave.

PRICES ON LENSES.

			Inserted	Rimless	
Spherial periscopic convex	any	size	$1.00	$1.50	a pair.
Sphero-cyl compound lenses	"	"	2.50	3.00	"
Spherial prisms or decentered	"	"	2.75	3.25	"
Pebbles periscopic convex	"	"	5.00	7.00	"
Deep periscopic or toric lenses	"	"	6.00	7.50	"

PRICES ON FRAMES.

			Inserted	Rimless
Aluminico, nickel or white metal	any	size	$ .50	$ .75
Goldfilled riding temples	"	"	2.00	2.00
Goldfilled best quality	"	"	2.50	2.50
Goldfilled best " solid gold bridge	"	"	3.50	3.50
Solid gold medium weight 10kt	"	"	4.50	4.50
" " " " 14kt	"	"	5.50	5.50
" " heavy " 10kt	"	"	5.50	5.50
" " " " 14kt	"	"	7.50	7.50

We carry a great variety of eyeglass mountings, prices vary according to make and quality from 50 cts. to $2.00. Solid gold from $2.00 to $5.00

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

"Sherm" Smith, a well known Minneapolis politican, was last week found guilty of contempt of court by Judge Morris. For years Smith has been one of the agents of the corporations in this state and those who stand for clean politics will not regret that he was found guilty.

The cotton mills of River Falls recently declared a dividend to the stockholders of 23 per cent and now the management is cutting the wages of the employes. Twenty-three per cent dividends should satisfy the owners—and surely the men and women who earn this for them should be paid decent wages.

Jason Weatherhead, who has not been a member of the Democratic party but a short time, having formerly been a Porpulist, gets quite sarcastic in his paper, The Norman County Herald, and passes our esteemed fellowtownsman and life long Democrat the following hot one:

> John Morgan, of Thief River Falls, is said to be an active candidate for delegate to the democratic national convention from this congressional district. Of course John, is far removed from "the predatory interests."

We have heard some criticism of certain farmers by parties in town because the farmers will not allow hunting on their farms. These town men think that their refusal is caused by selfishness, but such is not the case. In many cases we know of stock being shot, especially in pastures where there is timber and brush; it also makes stock wild to have the hunters shooting and running around over pastures. Then again, a good many hunters, instead of going around by the gate, will take down the fence and forget to put it up again. It may be said that all hunters do not do this, to which we will agree, but there are enough who do, to make the farmer think twice before allowing any hunter at all on his farm. How would the town men like it to have the farmers, when they came to town, running around their premises, tearing down fences and scaring the family cow out of the barn? The average farmer isn't selfish in this matter, he is merely acting in self defence.—The Farm Magazine

Thrifty Immigrants.

A bulletin of the federal bureau of labor contains some facts and figures that show that the people of this country can, if they are so minded, take lessons in thrift from some of the immigrants that are now flocking to these shores.

The amount that some of the common laborers among the immigrants can live upon is nothing short of astounding. For instance, it is stated that among the Italian laborers the average monthly cost of food per head in the railroad commissary department is $5.13 to $5.48. In contract commissary the cost is a little higher, $5.90 to $10. $7; and in exceptional camps the average is $6.50 to $10. The highest cost therefore, is $10 a month, and it runs as low as $5.13

Slavs and Hungarians require more. Their minimum food cost, on the co-operative plan, averages $8.43 to $11, and in boarding houses, including lodging, it is $12 to $18.

An incident is related of an Italian laborer who acted as interpreter and subforeman on railroad work at $1.50 a day. He sent to his folks in Italy $200 as his surplus saving after six months' work. During the preceding month his total food expense was $4.48, devided as follows. 36 loaves of bread at 8 cents, $2,88; 7½ pounds of fatback, 90 cents; 10 pounds of macaroni, 70 cents. On this diet this Italian laborer kept up his working force and maintained his health.

The report says that the Italian *laborers save more money at the* same wages than any other class of European laborers in the United States. According to a commissary clerk of years' experience in hourly touch with them, "in every 100 Italians employed on railroads at 14 cents an hour, ninety-five men will save $25 to $27 per month after paying for food, shanty and clothing." A table in the report shows that the average surplus earnings of 679 Italians in a month in 1905 was $27 29, and in 1906 the average was $30.28 a month for 1,530 men, after paying for food, rent of shanty, clothing, tobacco, soap, etc.

In the seven years ending with 1906 money orders sent from this country to Italy, Austria Hungary and Russia, averaging $28.08 each, amounted to $119,757,895.86, and about the same amount was sent to other countries.

The thriftiest immigrant—those who will live on the least and save the most, come from these countries. During the seven years ending with 1906 there was sent from this country to Europe $29.54 for every man, woman and child born in Italy and living in this country. During the same period there was sent to Europe $19.81 for every man woman and child in Austria Hungary and Russia.

These figures furnish food for thought. The fact that the money goes to Europe is not so important as the danger that the knowledge that the laborers can live on so little may—and perhaps does—lead employers to crowd wages down to a point where less than thrifty workers cannot exist.—Duluth Herald.

Worth Considering.

When Socialism is adopted farmers will not be serfs and peasants; they will not work twelve hours a day; they will not have to live isolated lives; they will be situated to receive the benefit of every improvement that is produced; they will have all the advantages that any other class of citizens enjoy; they will not have to take any chances of drought, famine or failure; they will not be subject to the ups and downs of any market prices; they will not be taken advantage of by a thousand sharpers; they will be able to travel as much as other citizens; they will dress as well and live as well. If they only knew!—Appeal

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use *Scott's Emulsion* after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

MICROBE IS THE CAUSE

Swamp Fever Not Due to Poisonous Plants in Minnesota.

any Red River Valley Horses Have Died of This Disease.

Washington, Jan. 27—A. D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture, in his annual report says that the investigations of swamp fever in horses, which has prevailed in the Red River Valley in Minnesota, have been prosecuted during the last year in co-operation with the Minnesota experiment station. Definite results already have been obtained, he says, which not only throw new light upon the infection but are highly encouraging with reference to the possibility of obtaining a satisfactory treatment for the disease.

Confining conclusions to the observations drawn from these experiments, Dr. *Melvin presents the following summary:*

Swamp fever is caused by a micro organism and not by chemical poisons or poisonous plants.

It is transmissible among horses and mules by inoculation.

The virous is preset in the blood.

The disease has been transmitted to a horse by subcutaneous inoculation of blood.

The incubation period is approximately from ten to thirty days, at the end of which time the first symptom, a rise in temperature, appears. The disease when uncomplicated follows a chronic course terminating in death.

The disease is characterized by fevers recurring at regular intervals and by progressive anemia, emaciation and weakness. The appetite is tremendous, and remains so even after the animal has become very weak. There is a marked wasting of the flanks and hind quarters.

The most constant and characteristic lesions are found in the circulatory system, mainly in the heart.

Will Soon Be Here

Dr. G. A. Penney this week received a letter from J. H. Guerin, district deputy of the Elks Lodge. Mr. Guerin stated that he would visit Thief River Falls in the near future, and make arrangements for installing the Elks Lodge in this city.

A Bargain

For Sale—40 acres in sec 31, town of East Valley, has:

1 good one and one-half story log house, 12X18ft., 1 frame barn, 22X22 ft., with shed 10X22. Two acres under cultivation, 2 wells, whole forty fenced.

For sale cheap, inquire of, Gunerius Olson, Sorum post office, Minn.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge

In the matter of Anthony T Danneker Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No. 925.

To the honorable William Lochren, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the sixth division District of Minnesota.

Anthony T. Danneker, of Highlanding in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 23rd day of April 1907, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts, provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 15th day of August, A. D. 1907.

Anthony T. Danneker, Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 25th day of January, A. D. 1908, on reading the foregoing petition, it is Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1908, before said Court, at St. Paul in said District, at 10 o'clock in the fore noon; and that notice thereof be published in The Thief River Falls News a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls in said District, on the 25th day of January, A. D. 1908.

Charles L. Spencer, Clerk By L. A. Leverson, Deputy Clerk

Seal of the Court.

THE SHOEMAKER'S ART.

It Has Been Known Since the Earliest Days of Civilization.

A few winters ago I passed a day among the wonderfully decorated tombs in the cemetery of what was once Memphis, upon the western bank of the Nile, writes Julius Chambers in the Brooklyn Eagle. One of the show places is the remarkable underground palace that the illustrious Queen Ti of the fifth dynasty (i. e., about 4,500 years ago) constructed for her final resting place. It consists of a great court 40 by 60 feet, as I remember, and several other apartments, besides the mummy chamber, which is reached by a stairway leading down from the largest room. Upon the walls of this tomb are the best preserved pictures to be found in all Egypt, and among them are the figures of two artisans working upon coverings for the feet.

Therefore, makers of shoes, I salute you! More than 4,000 years before the art of printing had practical existence, although you will admit that the decorator of Queen Ti's tomb was almost a publisher, your art was recognized, respected and immortalized.

The natural impulse of mankind is to go barefoot. Every reader can remember youthful days in which the greatest possible pleasure was embodied in a run through the woods or along the shore unshod. Very well can I recall the secret spot in the barn in which I was wont to hide my shoes and stockings in order that I might be in the competition for the first stone bruise of the summer. That was the primitive man, speaking up for the faraway days "before we were women and men."

AN OLD TIME ASCENT.

London's First Balloon and the Great Excitement It Raised.

Tremendous excitement was caused when London's first balloon went up. The balloon, manned by a young Italian named Vincent Lunardi, ascended from Moorfields, then an open space of ground, on Sept. 15, 1784, in the presence of more than 100,000 spectators. All business was suspended, the king himself setting the example by adjourning a cabinet council that happened to be sitting. Vast crowds followed the balloon's course, some on horseback, in carts, in chaises, but mostly on foot. The Great North road, above which the aeronaut sailed for some distance, was a roaring river of humanity.

Many were hurt in the crush, but the only fatality recorded was the death from fright of an old country woman, who, coming out of her cottage to see what the excitement was about, beheld the balloon just above her head. On the other hand, Lunardi undoubtedly saved one man's life, a jury bringing in a verdict of not guilty on a notorious highwayman in order that they, the prisoner and the judge who was trying the case might rush out of court to see the balloon.

The aeronaut descended eventually near Ware, in Hertfordshire, where his sudden drop from the clouds was the cause of more astonishment and excitement. Many of the spectators swooned with fear, while others urged the putting of Lunardi to death there and then on the ground that he must needs be a sorcerer and in league with the evil one.

Small Necked New Yorkers.

Statistics furnished by manufacturers of shirts and collars indicate that the average New York man has a smaller neck than his out of town brother. Comparison of orders shows that out of a given volume of business booked Boston and Chicago led in the matter of big sizes. Inquiry at several haberdashery shops in Manhattan resulted in the information that any number larger than sixteen and a half would have to be specially called for from the factory or had through the selling agent. In other cities it is an everyday experience to sell as high as size eighteen over the retail counter. Of course the element of snug fit is a factor, but as a regular proposition eastern and western men are more "bull necked" than is the case with their New York brethren.—New York Press.

Dried Elderberry Leaves In Asthma.

"If you will gather leaves from an elderberry bush when they are green and let them dry and then put them into a pillow and sleep upon them nightly for about three months," said a Petersburg (Tenn.) man, "they will cure the worst case of asthma. After they are dried the leaves have a peculiar but pleasing odor. By inhaling this odor the asthma is cured. I know a number of people who cured themselves of asthma by sleeping on dried elderberry leaves."—Nashville Tennessean.

Heaven's Secrets.

The following is a true story, vouched for by a correspondent. Her little boy of seven years of age said to her one day: "Mother, I know why it is that babies cannot speak until they are twelve months old. It is because they come straight from heaven, and if they were able to talk as soon as they were born they would tell the secrets, and so God doesn't let them speak until they have almost forgotten them."—London Methodist Times.

Not a Crank.

He—I notice you call a great many of your acquaintances cranks. I hope you do not consider me a crank? She—Certainly not. A crank is a person with one idea, and I never heard anybody accuse you of having one!—Pearson's Weekly.

COIN MOTTOES.

Inscriptions That Were a Joy to the Cynics and Critics.

A collection of coin mottoes gathered by an Italian student, Amerigo Scarlatti, was published in Minerva, an Italian periodical. Scarlatti is of the opinion that such inscriptions, though not intended to be cynical, too often admit of such an interpretation through the irresistible habit of the public of ignoring the intention of the designer and applying the motto to the coin itself.

Thus when Charles II., king of the two Sicilies, had engraved on his silver ducat the Latin words "Unus non Sufficit," meaning "One is not enough," all the world insisted on forgetting that the king referred to a single scepter and enthusiastically agreed with him that one ducat wasn't enough for any one.

On the contrary, a storm of ironical opposition was aroused when Louis de Bourbon, king of Etruria, in the early part of the last century inscribed "Videant Pauperes et Laetentur" on his coins. The words mean "Let the poor see and rejoice," and of course every one wanted to know why a poor man should rejoice at merely seeing a piece of money.

On the papal coinage of 1573 bearing the arms of Gregory XIII. are the words "Et Super Hanc Petram" (And upon this rock). Of course the pope and the artist who designed the coin *meant the words to refer to the papacy*, but the evil minded applied them so maliciously to the coin itself that the issue was speedily stopped. A similar opportunity for evil tongues was afforded when the Knights of Malta coined an issue of dollars with the sign of their order, the Maltese cross, and their motto, "In Hoc Signo Militamus" (In this sign we combat). The ribald affected to take it as a confession that with them money was truly the sinew of war.

A Venetian lira dated 1474 has the somewhat ambiguous motto "In Tibi Solo Gloria" (To thee alone the glory). A sequin coined by Cardinal Rezzonico in 1744 bears the words "Veni Lumen Cordium," or "Come, thou light of hearts." Clement XI. issued a coin with an image of the Madonna, with the legend "Causa Nostrae Laetitiae" (Cause of our joy), and a Venetian piece with an allegorical figure of Justice, with the words "Nostra in hac elicitas" (Our happiness in this). All of these inscriptions were irreverently diverted by contemporaries from their true object to the money itself.

TOMORROW'S BIRTHPLACE.

Line In the Pacific Where It Shakes Hands With Yesterday.

Most people who have read Jules Verne's "Around the World In Eighty Days" will remember how narrowly the traveler missed his bet, having forgotten that in following the sun from east to west he had gained one day.

When one crosses the Atlantic from London to New York he gains rather more than half an hour each day. From New York to Chicago another hour is gained, another to Denver, another to San Francisco, which is reckoning time eight hours later than London and of course the best part of a day later than Shanghai and Yokohama. In crossing the Pacific there comes a time when the day begins, where yesterday and tomorrow shake hands and where the traveler is cheated out of a day in his life.

In mid-Pacific, going west, one skips from Sunday to Tuesday. Going east he has one day of the week repeated—two Sundays or Tuesdays, as the case may be.

The line of the changing day is not a straight one. The islands in the Pacific take their time from the continent with which they trade and from which they were discovered. Thus the line of the change zigzags down the Pacific from south to north, dodging between the islands.

Hence it might easily happen that a ship which has already skipped a day would reach an island which clings to San Francisco time. In such a case it would be Monday on shore and Tuesday on the ship.

If the ship's jolly boat were lying at a wharf, it would be Monday on the wharf and Tuesday on the boat.

And if a person lives somewhere near the line he can get a sailboat and visit yesterday and tomorrow in the most delightful fashion.

Advance Thanks.

The phrase "Thanking you in anticipation" is now becoming common. I think it is one of the meanest ever invented and one of the most insulting, for it implies that, however much pains the worker may take, he will get no thanks for it afterward. Why should he? He has been thanked already. It further implies an imperious and insufferable demand which must and shall have immediate attention on pain of being considered no gentleman. Surely no one who really respects a correspondent ought to employ this touting bagman's phrase.—Professor Skeat in London Academy.

Succeeded.

Gadde—You don't seem to have made a very satisfactory impression on Borem. Cleverley—I tried very hard to do so. Gadde—Well, he told me you didn't impress him as a man he would care to associate with very much. Cleverley—Fine. That's very satisfactory. It's the very impression I wanted to make.—Philadelphia Press.

All In the Family.

Rector (delighted)—Well, Richard, back at work, eh? Let me see, you are Richard, aren't you? Laborer—No, sir. Ol' le John, sir. You 'ad the pleasure o' buryin' Richard last week, you remember, sir!—London Punch.

S. H. Sharbach

Cash Bargains for Next Week.

Note the saving of from 1-4 to 1-3 by trading at this store for cash.

Dry Goods.

Big assortment of Percales, Ginghams Ginghams, Chambrys and Outings. Values to 20c, choice of any piece to close, a yard	9c
Outings and apron ginghams, 10c quality to close, a yard	7c
Childrens fleeced underwear from 25c to 40 regular price, cut to close at each	19c
Ladies 50c fleeced underwear to close, at each,	39c

Groceries

Choice tomatoes, a can,	10c
Fine Sweet Corn, a can,	10c
Custard Pumpkins, a can,	10c
Baked Beans, a can,	10c
Fancy Red Alaska Salmon, a can,	10c
Early June Peas, a can,	10c
Prepared Mustard, Large size,	10c
3 Bars Magic Washer Soap,	10c
Small olives bottle,	10c
12 oz. can Snow Flake Baking Powder,	19c
1 box of 3 cakes fine toilet soap,	19c
Heinzes Apple Butter, large can for	25c
Boys & Mens 50 to 75c caps choice, to close,	39c
Mens Fleeced Underware regular 50c goods now	35c
All Calicoes any color very best quality, yard	7c

All winter goods regardless of cost or price.

Handsome pictures free with $2.00 cash purchases. It pays to trade for cash at Sharbach's.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 570; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, Mortgagee.

G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11.30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177 by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and [illegible] Dollars ($1,656.[illegible]) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Seventy five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure. Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A D 1908, at 1 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, Mortgagee

G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1 00
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 05
Barley	68c
Eggs	22c
Butter	20c
Potatoes	45c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Fresh honey for sale at O. Tessum's store.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

Tom Hovet was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Rev. Dahle was down to Perley the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Attorney Richardson was down to Crookston last week.

Seed oats and seed flax for sale at the Red Lake Falls elevator.

County Supt. McAnulty was in the city the first of the week.

Farm for rent four miles west of town, see Hager, the land man.

T. S. Jacobson was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

The News is always glad to publish items of interest. Call up No. 14.

—Dr. H. G. Hiebor, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Robert McGinn.

Spanking good driving team for sale, or will trade for cows, see Hager the land man.

Charles S. Fisher, of Anton, was in the city last Friday and made this office a call.

Mrs. F. H. Gambell left Tuesday for Euclid to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Joseph Johnson was in from Erie the first of the week attending to business matters.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Mrs. E. E. Zeh who had been visiting friends at Virginia and Bemidji, returned to this city Monday.

Soren Berglund left last week for Grand Forks and Fisher to visit old friends for a few days.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Minneapolis the first of the week attending to some business matters.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis Sunday morning to look after his interests here for a few days.

Charles Battin, of Germantown, was in the city last Friday and called at the News Office while in the city.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to some legal business matters.

Ex-County Commissioner Ole J. Johnson, of Plummer, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Red Lake Falls.

150 pupils now attending Bütton's Business College, Crookston, Minn. Special Terms for January. Write us.

For Sale—Good team of work horses, weight about 1,400 pounds each. Inquire of A. O. Bergland, Thorwick, Minn.

Congressman Steenerson has introduced a bill in congress appropriating $90,000 for a public building at Crookston.

Mrs. W. G. McAnders and daughter, Miss Lacy, visited with friends in Minneapolis and at Southern Minnesota points last week.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson is reported to return to this city from Minneapolis, where she has been receiving medical treatment, this week.

Since the land was put on sale in Mahnomen County last year 72,800 acres have been sold of which 41,100 acres are mortgaged.

Services in the Odd Fellows Hall, next Sunday evening at 7:30
All are welcome.
Olaf M. Wangensteen, Pastor.

Services in the Evenson Hall, next Sunday, Feb. 2, at 10:45 a m, 7:30 p m. Also services in the Newton School house the same day at 3 p m. Cordial invitation to all.
M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

A. D. Brown is down from the new town of Hickory.

H. G. Dobner left Sunday evening for Lake City to visit his parents for a few days.

"Our Shirt Sleeve Winter" came to an end yesterday morning. Forty below zero weather is too cold to go out without a coat on.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Church meets with Mrs. J. T. Aastad Tuesday afternoon the 30th at 3 o'clock P. M.

The Young Peoples' social, of the Norwegian Lutheran Church meets with Mrs. I. T. Aastad Friday evening, the 31st at 8 P. M.

Commencing the first week in February the Bijou will give an entire change of program on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

The Ladies Aid of the Trinity congregation will meet with Mrs. Andre at Beuford Hotel on February 4, at 2 oclock. Cordial invitation to all.

There will be a masked ball in the Evenson Hall on the evening of February 14. A cash price will be given to the best masked lady and gentleman.

Town 152-39 was organized last Saturday. The new town will be known as Hickory and there is not an unorganized township in Red Lake county now.

E. E. Zeh writes from Stark, Mont., that his mother greatly improved in health and that he will return to Thief River Falls on Saturday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Flack and daughter, of Minnewaukon, N. D., who had been in the city visiting Mrs. Nichols, returned to their home Monday.

Ed Evenson, who had been up in the Pea Soup Island country for a couple of weeks looking after a portable saw mill he owns there, returned to this city last week.

Ole Overum, of Highlanding, was in the city Monday and made this office a call. He says that the Highlanding creamery will be started up by the first of May.

Andrew Johnson, father of Mrs. Andy Erickson, died Monday morning from an attack of pneumonia. The deceased was 65 years of age and had been a resident of Thief River Falls for a number of years.

There was a large crowd at the ice rink Saturday evening to witness the skating exhibition given by Miss Minnie Cummings. Miss Cummings was certainly a wonder and those who attended were not disappointed.

Bernard Knutson, of Thorwick, was in the city last week, coming down to meet Fred and Oscar Erickson, of Winnipeg junction. The Messrs. Ericksons' will probably purchase farms and locate in this section.

Thomas Dean, a brother of Hugh Dean, died at the Soo Hotel in this city last Tuesday of consumption. The deceased had been a resident of this city but a few years. The funeral services were held Friday.

Editor Widsten, of the Hendrum Review, who spent a month on the reservation, says the Indians hold an 80 acre tract of land at $800 when first approached for sale, but later sell for a team of horses, a buggy and $50 in cash.

The church at Thorwick was removed last week from Halvor Listoe's place to G. Olson's place on the west side of Thief River. Twenty-four oxen hauled the church to its new location, Harold Oen furnished twelve of them.

Joseph Duchamp says that the News erred when it stated that he was attempting to put in a board of directors for the Red Lake River Transportation company to his own liking. Mr. Duchamp says that he made no nominations.

The superintendent of schools of Mahnomen county received $20 as his salary last year. The total amount paid out in salaries in that county last year was $2,[illegible]. The total tax collection for the the year amounted to $821 00.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Feb. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Commencing with the first week in February, the Bijou will change its program three times each week instead of twice as at present. This popular place is going to keep to the front and will continue to give the best show possible for the money.

The bazaar to be given by the young peoples society of the Norwegian Lutheran Syond church in the Masonic building on the week commencing on February 10th and ending on the 15th, promises to be the biggest affair of its kind ever before attempted in Thief River Falls. Elaborate preparations are now being made. The proceeds are to be used to purchase a $1,500 pipe organ for the church.

The Great Northern last week laid off two employes at the depot here and three men will have to do the work of five in the future. There is a larger volume of business being transacted now than at this time last year, but this fact does not seem to be taken into consideration. The Great Northern is reducing the number of men employed all over the systym, and is said to have laid off in the neighborhood of 75,000.

The city's electric light plant was out of order for a short time yesterday, and so many calls were made over the telephone for the power house that the workmen could not find time to make the repairs. The result was that they cut the telephone wire and many people who tried to telephone to the power house to ask what was the matter with their lights thought the telephone system was also out of order.

A certain farmer who lives only a few miles out of Crookston and who is on one of the farmers' toll telephone lines which run out of this city has evolved the following unique plan to keep track of a cow which has the habit of straying away from the farm. He has painted the number of his telephone in big black letters on the side of the cow, and now when the neighbors see the animal they call up the owner and tell him where she is and he sends some one for her.

Ray Herron, oldest son of Wm. Herron, was brought to this city the first of the week suffering from a bad bruise on the head. While at work driving a loading team in one of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's camps in the Red Lake country last Saturday, the load of logs upset and one of them struck Herron on the head. He was knocked senseless and for a time it was thought that he was dead. He is now getting along nicely, however, and will suffer no bad effects from the injury he received.

We understand another operation was necessary upon the foot of Frank Jeffers, and the wounded member was this time taken off just above the ankle. The other operation was more successful and the wound is healing nicely, while it seems the amputation of the foot at the instep left a few splintered bones and they would not unite, hence a second operation. Frank's many friends at this place are hopeful for the best and wish for him a speedy recovery from the effects of the operations that he may be able to be about and with us once again.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The discovery has just been made that House File No. 716, passed at the recent session of the legislature, is invalied, because it was not properly engrossed. The bill relates to the appointment of superintendents of high ways and road inspectors in counties having less then 200,000 population. The engrossers left out an amendment providing that townships could authorize voters to pay their road taxes in either money or labor, and the omission invalidates the entire law. The law is the second passed by the last legislature that has been invalidated by reason of errors in engrossing.

Andrew Bjork, one of the prosperous settlers living up near Sandridge, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Bjork is an enthusiastic boomer for the Sandridge creamery and says that the farmers up in that vicinity are going to make this creamery one of the best in the country. Since the creamery started up this summer it has done a business of about $8,000. The creamery is not the only branch of farming Mr. Bjork is interested in. This fall he threshed 101 bushels of winter wheat from two acres of land, and he is of the opinion that winter wheat is the thing to raise in this country. The winter wheat kills off all of the foul seed in the fields, and Mr. Bjork is going to raise this kind of wheat quite extensively in the future. He still has a few bushels of seed wheat of this variety for sale and would like to have other farmers in this vicinity buy some and start raising it.

We hope that all of our subscribers who have carelessly allowed their subscriptions to run behind will make extra efforts to pay up within the next few weeks. Otherwise we cannot, under the the ruling of the department, send out the News to those who owe back subscription. Under that ruling we will be obliged to purchase stamps to put on papers not payed for in advance or at least up to date, and that, of course, is entirely out of the question. After the matter has been adjusted, it will be best for both the subscribers and publishers. Any person can pay a year's subscription, but if they let the matter run behind several years, it soon amounts to quite a sum and then is not so easily paid. So we hope all will gracefully help us carry out the new order. We would like to hear from all.

Grand Clearance Sale

On Monday, Jan. 20, we commenced a series of special sales for the purpose of reducing our stock and make room for spring goods. This sale will last 10 days and closes on Jan. 29. There will be extraordinary bargains in all departments and no one should miss this sale. For further particulars see large posters. We welcome everybody to this grand sale.

Langseth Mercantile Co

County Attorney Germo was in the city yesterday.

Ex-County Commissioner P. A. Eckstrom was in the city yesterday visiting with freinds here.

Halvor Loken went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to attend to some business matters.

Wanted—A carload work horses, must weigh about 1,300 lbs. each. See Hager, the land man.

Found—A small silver watch on the ice rink on the river. Owner can have same by calling at O. J. Bloom's meat market.

Mrs. H. A Leslin, wife of one of the well known settlers living up near Kratka, died Tuesday from the bursting of a blood vessel in the head. The deceased had been sick but two days, and her death will therefore be a surprise to her many friends in this section. Mrs. Leslin was born in the state of New York of German parents and came to Thief River Falls in 1904 at the opening of the eleven towns for settlement. She was 31 years of age and leaves four small children and a husband. The funeral services will be held Monday from the German Lutheran church in this city. The family will have the sympathy of all

SCHOOL NOTES.

Ralph Douglas, Reporter.

One of the prominent young lady members of the Freshman class arrived at school Tuesday morning with two snow white cheeks.

Knute Runnerstrand has been absent from his place for nearly a week, on account of sickness. But we are glad to say that he is better again.

The cold weather of the last few days has increased the absences in the school room.

The physics class performed a very enjoyable experiment on Tuesday afternoon. The teachers seemed to enjoy the result of the experiment as well as the students.

The teachers' examinations will be held in the Normal room of the high school building on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week.

Miss Wold will resume her position in the central school next week.

Prof. J. H. Hay will superintend the teachers examination.

No more cases of fever have been reported lately.

Miss Flack, of Minnewaukon, as a guest of Avis Akre, visited the High School Monday afternoon.

KRATKA CREAMERY.

Now Organized and Will Soon Be Doing Business.

Articles of incorporation of the Kratka Co Operative Creamery association were drawn up by Attorney G. Halvorson this week and approved by the board of directors. The articles have been filed with Register of Deeds Quist and the organization is now completed.

This creamery association starts out under very favorable conditions. There are fifty seven stockholders who subscribed for 90 shares at $25 each and the creamery therefore has a paid up capital of $2,250. Every farmer in the vicinity of Kratka is a shareholder and are the owners of 500 cows.

Work of building the ice house and putting up the ice will be commenced this week and the creamery will be built in time to commence operations in May. The following are the officers of the association:

President—R. M. Johnson.
Vice President—Ole S. Brieland.
Secretary—Stephen Singer.
Treasurer—Peter Hedeen.
Directors—Halvor T. Waale, Magnus Olson and Albert Hanson.

BIJOU THEATRE.

Life and Passion of Christ. (highly recommended.) This is always a new programme that is found to touch the heart of the most sceptical. This series comprises four parts and the whole staging has been based on strictly authentic sources. This set is doubtless the finest and most complete that has ever been placed on the market. Every part is richly colored and tinted. This set is considered by many critics, the finest religious play ever made. Miss Elra Robbecke will sing, "The Holy City" and "Calvary."

Beginning next week three entire changes of program a week, new songs, new pictures, changing Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls Minn. for the week ending Jan. 25 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Erickson, Christ.
Erickson, Miss Amanda
Hanson, Miss Lena
Larson, Miss Easter
Kang, R. M.
Munson, Dave
[illegible], A.
Ness, Mrs. Albert
Nelson, G. W.
Olson, Erick
Slegler, A's
Trudeau, William

DAMAGED BY THE WATER

Garceau & Zaiser Stock of Merchandise was on Fire.

Damage to the Goods Mostly Done By Water and Smoke

A disastrous fire occurred at Red Lake Falls on Saturday morning, the total loss being estimated at $14,750.00. The property destroyed belonged to the big mercantile firm of Garceau & Zaiser. The fire started in the basement of their store and, although the loss from the fire was not great, the stock was almost ruined by water.

The building was a brick structure owned by J. B. Demaris and the loss on the building was only about $500 00, fully covered by insurance. The fire was hard to locate. It was in the rear of the building and the whole place was filled with smoke. The firemen started at the front of the store, and simply filled the building with water, and fully three-fourths of the $19,000.00 stock was destroyed by the smoke and water. The insurance of the stock amounted to $17,000 00.

Settled Out of Court.

Upon the complaint of Harriet Sophia Fant, a warrant was issued for the arrest John Joseph Fant last Saturday. Mr Fant was charged with embezzling funds belonging to Mrs. Fant. The case was to have been tried before Special Municipal Judge Richardson yesterday afternoon, but the matter was settled out of court.

For some time past there has been domestic trouble in the Fant household. An understanding has been reached between the two, however, and a division of the property made. Mrs. Fant has been given the store and store building and Mr. Fant takes the remaining property. Mr. Fant is now located in Minneapolis where he has entered into a new business venture, and Mrs. Fant will continue to reside in Thief River Falls. The trouble between the two was caused by both claiming all of the property.

Crop Conditions.

Farmers who were figuring on commencing seeding this week have decided to postpone this work for a few weeks.

A Fable For Critics

Once there was an Ox. He was a fine, hefty Ox. He could pull a big load. He never balked, but always liked to go straight ahead.

But the Ox had enemies.

There was the Flea and his whole big Family. "We don't care whether this Ox travels or not," said the Flea and his Folks. "All we want is some of his blood." Whereupon the Fleas eternally pestered the Ox and gave him That Tired Feeling.

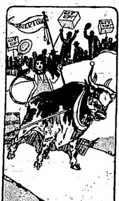
ADVERTISE
GIT UP!
GIT UP!
GIT UP

Then there was the Tom Cat and his brothers—the Doubting Thomases. "We don't know whether this Ox is going the right way or not," said the Thomases. "Anyhow, we'll scratch his back for him." Whereupon the Felines jumped on the back of the Ox and scratched him for fair, which made the Ox exceedingly sorrowful.

Then there was the Fiste Pup and his Fellow Fistes—a whole litter of Fistes. "We don't care how slow the Ox goes," said the Fistes; "the slower the merrier for us. All we want is to lag behind him and bite his Tail." Whereupon the Fistes snapped continually at the Tail of the Ox, which gave the Ox a mighty mournfulness.

Finally the Ox, pestered constantly with the Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes, got to looking sickly. He stopped and lay down on his job, and there was no more going forward for him.

KEY TO THE SITUATION: The town is the Ox. The Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes are those citizens who criticise every progressive movement and do everything they can in their petty ways to make the Ox quit pulling in the right direction.

MORAL: Give the Ox a chance to pull. Everybody holler, "Git up!"

C O A L

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

THE MEXICAN BORDER

How Both Sides of the Line Are Watched and Guarded.

UNCLE SAM'S BRAVE RIDERS.

The Work That Is Performed by These Well Mounted, Well Armed and Courageous Patrols—The Mexican Rurales and Their Methods.

If business or recreation should take you down to that long line which forms the boundary between the United States and Mexico, you may by chance meet a well mounted rider, armed with rifle and pistols, pacing observantly along some bypath or canyon. He is one of the United States boundary riders appointed by the treasury department to patrol the border on the lookout for smugglers, cattle runners and other persons whose presence on the American side is generally undesirable.

For this position the man selected must possess courage, judgment and no little physical endurance, for his duties may call him forth at all hours and seasons, and he may be responsible for a stretch of border land many miles in length.

For example, between San Diego, on the Pacific coast of California, and Yuma, in Arizona, there is but one boundary rider to patrol a line of over 150 miles, and this is in part over a sparsely settled mountainous region and partly through the waste of the Colorado desert.

As opposite him, on the other side of the line, the Mexican government maintains from fifteen to twenty rurales for the same work, it is a good illustration of the trust reposed in a single American citizen by his government. It is probable there is no other man in the United States whom it would be harder to find at a given moment than the boundary rider of the San Diego-Yuma district.

He may be down on the Colorado desert, watching near some water holes for a venturesome band of cattle runners, or in some canyon of the mountains on the lookout for a wagon load of prohibited immigrant Chinamen; but, wherever he is, one may be fairly sure it is not where the transgressor of the customs laws expect him to be.

That he must possess both judgment and courage the following incident, which took place during the career of the former boundary rider in this district, will aptly illustrate:

For some time a band of cattle runners had been working successfully back and forth over the line in spite of the boundary rider's vigilance. They seemed to be able to divine his movements, so that while he was watching a trail through the mountains they were rushing a bunch of cattle over the desert.

But at last he managed to surprise the band and, rifle in hand, drove two of them into Campo.

Then, however, arose the question as to the method of taking them down to the coast. He hired a double seated vehicle, the only one in the place.

But at once another question presented itself. How was he to seat his prisoners, for either they must be placed together on the front or the back seat or separated, both seemingly a hazardous choice?

He finally decided to separate them, and so, with one on the front seat with him and the other behind, he started for the coast.

The two cattle runners managed to communicate with each other by signs and at a rough part of the road made the boundary rider, in turn, their prisoner. Needless to say, they then made the best of their opportunity to escape over the border, but as they fell into the hands of the unsympathetic rurales they would have been better off if they had submitted to the law of their own country.

This brings one of the somewhat different methods pursued by the Mexican government in guarding their side of the border. From a cursory inspection of the line one might suppose that the Mexican side is not guarded at all. You may cross the line ten times at different places and never set eyes on a rurale, but it is well known that you have done so nevertheless, and on the eleventh excursion you are likely to find yourself surrounded by a picturesque group, who will carry you off to jails if your explanation is not satisfactory.

As a rule, the rurales patrol back and forth in detachments at a distance of from ten to fifteen miles from the actual border. Many a headlong dash for the American side has been made by perfectly law abiding citizens, with the rurales at their heels, because they have been heedless in obtaining a permission to cross the border.

True, an American citizen may cross the border at will, as far as he himself is concerned, but as he is almost certain to carry some article liable to duty it is upon that charge that he may be arrested.—Michael White in Youth's Companion.

Rural Claims.

Through the influence of the daily press cities and their needs have come to absorb such an amount of daily attention that the importance of the country and its inhabitants to the welfare of the nation is largely overlooked; hence the call to do everything that can be done to enlarge, to refine, to purify and to strengthen the life of our country people. And one means to this end which has not hitherto been used as much as it might have been is the cultivation in the school and in the home of the habit of reading good books.—Bishop of Hereford in Nineteenth Century.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

F. S. DOEGE & CO.,
Contractors and Builders
BRICK BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. A. Smith Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to John L. Finke.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is limited to Six months from and after the date hereof, and that Tuesday the 7th day July 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County as provided by law.

(PROBATE COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

Dated January 7th, 1908.

G. Halvorson, Attorney for Estate.

jan 16 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan., 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Berndobinger of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 478 made July 1st 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 17th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

August Ristau of Germantown, Minn.
Jacob Ristow " " "
Nick Bundlund " " "
Ernest Schmidt " " "

jan 16 feb 13 R. J. Montague, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Tina Holsinger of Germantown, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 962 made Dec. 2nd, 1904, for the SE¼ Section 1, Township 154 N., Range 41. W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U.S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Jan., 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Albert Rohrer of Germantown, Minn.
Nels Larson " " "
Peter A. Johnson " " "
John Graff " " "

dec 26 jan 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register,

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec 21, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Przybyszeski of Germantown, Minn. has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No 639, made October 3rd, 1904, for the N. E. ¼ Section 28, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on Feb 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Frank Staska of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mat Staska " " " "
Fred Staar " " " "
Ole Holmen " " " "

dec 26 jan 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 23, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his and claim, that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 3rd., 1908 viz: Engebret Nelson H. E. No. 42 Red Lake Series for the N. W. ¼ of Sec. 24, in Twp. 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Tollef O. Loyland of Thief River Falls, Minn
Knute Loyland " " " "
Andrew Lindall " " " "
Martin H. Ballingsrud " " " "

dec 26 jan 30 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Hot-Breads Light and Sweet
are made with
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure
SWANSON'S

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.
"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similiar ingredients.
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
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Dept. 80 170 Lake Street, Chicago

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

BIG INCREASE IN POPULATION

Sweden Has Gained 600,000 in Twenty Years in Spite of the Large Losses Due to Western Immigration.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Sweden's population is steadily increasing in spite of western immigration. During the past twenty years the country's population shows an increase of 13 per cent, or about six hundred thousand. Sweden's population is at present, therefore about five and one-third millions. About two hundred years ago Sweden's population was only about one and one-third million. In 1886 there were only fifteen cities in Sweden with a population of more than ten thousand. Now there are twenty-five cities in the country who have more than ten thousand inhabitants, twenty who have between five and ten thousand, thirteen with over two thousand and fifteen with over one thousand inhabitants. In all there are six cities whose population during these years have doubled, namely the manufacturing towns Eskilstuna, Boras, Vesteras, Sodertelge, Lulea and Falkenberg.

The new Dramatic theater is fast approaching completion and the last touches of the decorations on the walls are now being made. The theater has only a seating capacity of 1,241 persons, but the managers of the theater limited the seating capacity on purpose. In fact Swedish theaters in comparison with American theaters have only small seating capacities, comparatively. The Oscar theater has a seating capacity of 1,146 and the Swedish theater only 1,060. The Dramatic theater will be dedicated within a fortnight, when King Gustave and other members of the royal family have been invited to be present.

More than twenty-six thousand persons in the Swedish capital are receiving aid from the charity bureaus at present. Thousands of men are unable to secure any employment and charitable institutions are taxed to the limit. More than 2,500,000 crowns will be expended for the maintenance of the poor in Stockholm during the current year. The conditions are indeed alarming and unless a change for the better sets in soon Stockholm will be a truly poverty-stricken city.

Dr. Carl Munthe and Dr. Carl Flensburg, Queen Sofia's physicians, have advised her majesty to seek a milder climate at once. The dowager queen is at present failing rapidly and the greatest anxiety is manifested regarding her condition. The king's death was a great shock to her and she has been practically unable to leave her bed since the sad event occurred.

Professor J. Berg has been appointed a knight of the North Star order and Professor J. G. Edgren has been appointed commander of the Order of Vasa. Both of these gentlemen are well known and highly respected among the professional circles of Stockholm. These gentlemen for many years been King Oscar's physicians.

Gothenburg has now a population of 160,584, showing an increase in population the last year of 3,057. Malmo, which has a population of 79,770, shows an increase of 4,509, and Orebro has an increase during the past year of 1,210, her population at present being 27,766.

The Stockholm dailies report that the banks and insurance companies of Stockholm raised for charitable purposes $5,000 on the occasion of the funeral of King Oscar and the money was turned over to the dowager queen for distribution.

There is apparently a lull in Swedish immigration, judging from latest reports. During the month of November only 250 Swedes emigrated to foreign countries. This is really the smallest number on record.

When the riksdag convened a week ago last Wednesday King Gustave reappointed the former officers of that august assemblage. This is reported to have been met with great satisfaction by all the members.

The minister of agriculture has introduced a bill in the riksdag for making it easier for private parties to obtain possession of government land, or "crown land," as it is called in Sweden.

A number of Spanish fishermen have been operating recently in Aresund. The revenue cutter "Skagerack" was sent after them and soon chased them out of Swedish waters.

The well known Swedish author, Gustaf, of Geijerstam, celebrated his fiftieth birthday Jan 5. He is enjoying vigorous health and is one of the busy literary men of Sweden.

Prince Wilhelm has been made a knight of the Danish Elephant order. The prince is at present in Moskwas, where he has been celebrating the Russian Christmas.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

It is noteworthy that a very impressive service was held in Trinity church, Christiania, on the day before the funeral of King Oscar, which took place in Stockholm. Among those in attendance were the members of the Swedish legation, a large portion of the Swedish colony, presidents of the storthing, Berner and Knudsen, and all members of King Oscar's Norwegian court. The orchestra of the National theater played Gounod's Meditation and the assembly sang a Swedish hymn. An impressive sermon was preach by Bishop Erlund, who closed with a prayer for Queen Dowager Sofia and the new king and queen of Sweden. The Masonic chorus sang "Den Store Hvide Flok," and Mrs. Ellen Gulbransen, a Swedish hymn. The service closed with Handel's Largo by the orchestra of the National theater.

Under Norway's new municipal laws there will be in the number of sixty-three towns only twenty-seven who will be operating under the old "samlog" regulations this year. In thirty-six towns the sale of liquors will be forbidden. The annual sales have not varied much during recent years. In 1906 the total was 5,210,000 litres, 45 per cent of which was alcohol. The temperance movement is forging ahead rapidly. In 1906 about 17,000 persons, or 11 per cent, of the adult population of the country belonged to some temperance society and besides these, there are, of course, many thousands of temperance people who do not belong to any society.

At the first session of the storthing, a week ago last Saturday, President Berner and Vice President Knudsen were re-elected to their respective offices. In his address to the assembly King Haakon expressed his gratification at the signing of the integrity treaty and in the excellent way in which Norway was represented at The Hague last year. He also recommended to the storthing the importance of extending the railway system of the country and the great necessity of securing forestry and mining appropriations.

A game which is becoming very popular in Norway at present is diabolo. It is an indoor game and is being enjoyed by thousands at present. It was imported from England, where it is said to be a perfect craze this winter. Ski running for an outdoor sport is proving exceedingly popular and ski manufacturers have their hands full. The Norwegian ski has also of late years become an article of export and thousands of dollars are now made in the ski business every year.

A Christiania correspondent says: "Since the death of King Oscar there have been many manifestations of sympathy in this country. The press has united in paying tribute to his memory. Through the Norwegian minister at Stockholm King Haakon and Queen Maud sent a wreath. The royal couple attended the Oscar memorial service held at Copenhagen on the day of the funeral, being there on their way back from England to Christiania.

Ove Gude, Norway's diplomatic representative in Austria-Hungary, is to be Minister Hauge's successor in Washington. He has many years of experience in the diplomatic service, both during the union with Sweden and since, having been born in 1853. He is still a man in his prime, weighs 200 pounds and is a most imposing figure. He will take up his duties in Washington about April 1.

Furious storms have raged with disastrous results in Norway during the past two months. They have, if anything, seemed worse than usual. The shipwrecks and lives lost during the month of December alone make a most formidable list and in many homes the Christmas has been saddened through the death of some loved one.

Wilhelm Krag, the Norwegian author, celebrated his thirty-sixth birthday Christmas Eve. Although a comparatively young man he has already made a place for himself in Norwegian literature and much of interest will surely be forthcoming from his pen if he will be blest with good health.

The storthing has unanimously approved the treaty which was signed on Nov. 2 by representatives of Norway, Great Britain, Germany and Russia guaranteeing the integrity of Norway.

Miss Colle Berge, a daughter of the well known missionary, has departed for Zululand, where she will devote her time to missionary work exclusively.

Herring fisheries around Bergen are now very profitable. Two fishermen are able to make on an average 25 crowns a day.

The Norwegian general consulate in Japan has been moved from Yokohama to Tokio.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The renowned Danish poet, Holger Drachmann, died very suddenly in Copenhagen the other day, aged sixty-one years. Last summer when Drachmann celebrated his sixtieth birthday he was the recipient of congratulations from leading literary men all over the world. He also paid a visit to Stockholm last summer and was for a few days the guest of King Oscar. Drachmann was regarded as Denmark's leading poet of modern times and his pen has been a prolific one. He was born and educated in the Danish capital and traveled afterwards extensively on the continent. Seven years ago Drachmann visited the United States, where he was well received and where he delivered a series of lectures. He published "Poems" in 1872 and later followed a collection of stories entitled "In Storm and Calm." He later on wrote a number of novels in which he describes sea life most tellingly. During the last two years Drachmann has been confined in a sanatorium.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The books of the postmaster of Biwabik show that more than $80,000 went through that office to different portions of Europe during 1907. About $50,000 went through the Aurora postoffice and $15,000 through the McKinley postoffice. No figures are obtainable as to the amount sent by the banks, but this $145,000 represents money sent home by foreigners working in the mines.

A queer case of discrimination against reputable physicians has been discovered in the law providing for the establishment of a state hospital farm for inebriates passed by the legislature last winter. The law as passed expressly prohibits reputable physicians from certifying to the inebriety of persons for commitment to the institution.

Three candidates have put in an appearance for the position of commandant at the Soldiers' home, made vacant by the death of Captain James Compton. Selection will be made Feb. 11. James Howard, Sauk Center; A. H. Reed, Glencoe, and William H. Harries, Caledonia, all veterans, seek the position.

Alarmed by the prohibition wave which they fear will sweep Minnesota into the "dry" column persons interested in the liquor industry met at the West hotel in Minneapolis and formulated plans for a state campaign to stem the tide of temperance legislation.

St. Paul had the lowest death rate for 1907 that it has had for three years. The number of people who died was 2,022, which, with an estimated population of 216,000, gives a rate of 9.36 per 1,000. In 1906 the rate was 9.60 and in 1905 9.41.

At the March village elections on the Mesaba range the "lid" will be the principal and practically the only issue. Of all the towns working under the village system of government Biwabik alone is closed tight.

The Commercial club of Royalton held a meeting to discuss the question of establishing a canning and pickling factory in that village at a cost of $15,000.

The president has nominated John R. Howard of Sauk Center to be Indian agent at the White Earth agency in this state, succeeding Simon Michelet.

William P. Roberts of Minneapolis has been elected grand master of the Masonic grand lodge of Minnesota.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Two brothers were brought unexpectedly face to face at the Central police station in Minneapolis last week, one having been arrested on the charge of burglary and the other forgery. Neither knew that the other was in trouble until the meeting took place. Their aged mother later appeared in behalf of one of the boys and was surprised to learn that both had been locked up.

Following an unsuccessful attempt to rob a grocery store at Minneapolis a desperado turned his revolver upon the proprietor, A. E. Fewell, who had given chase to the burglar, and sent four shots whizzing close to the groceryman's head. Mr. Fewell escaped without injury, but the shots stopped his pursuit of the man when he realized that it might cost him his life.

On the recommendation of Judge W. S. McClenahan of Brainerd, who imposed the sentence, the state pardon board has commuted the sentence of Merton S. Munn from death to life imprisonment. A request that such action be taken was refused by the board about a week ago, but the case was again considered and the request granted.

Extraordinary alarm over a scarlet fever epidemic in the Kenwood and Douglas school districts of Minneapolis caused the board of education to meet in special session. Demands to have the schools closed were listened to but not granted. It was, however, decided to burn at least 750 text books in the two school buildings.

Fire did damage estimated at $10,000 to the stock in the Stack & Co. department store at Duluth. One of the clerks, Miss Barbara Dramer, came near losing her life. She was found on the basement stairs unconscious from smoke and was revived with difficulty.

Alighting from his hose cart after a spectacular run up Nicollet avenue in Minneapolis Captain Charles H. Bradley of Engine Company No. [illegible] was run over and killed by a fire engine following the hose cart.

Barbara Thomas, a St. Paul domestic, has caused the arrest of Clare Smith, whom she accuses of stealing her watch while attempting to kiss her after escorting her home from a dance.

While at work putting up ice for the Cedar Lake Ice company at Cedar Lake, Minneapolis, Christian Eck fell from the top of a twenty foot ladder and was killed.

OBITUARY.

Nathan Bernheim was found hanging in the cellar of his home at St. Paul. Despondency over ill health is supposed to have prompted the suicide.

Jacob Wagoner, one of the oldest of Rochester's settlers, dropped dead while shoeing a horse. He had been in apparent good health.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States district court at Kansas City, declared void and unconstitutional the statute passed by the Missouri legislature in 1907 forbidding foreign corporations from transferring suits brought against them from the state to the federal courts upon pain of forfeiture of their charter.

Earthquake shocks which have caused the shutting down of the Glendon mines, owned by the Wharton Steel company, at Hibernia, N. J., are believed to indicate that the entire mountain range in which the mines are situated is undergoing a settling process.

An attempt of the socialists to bring about a "march of the unemployed" through the down town streets of Chicago resulted in two sharp fights with the police in which the would-be marchers were routed after a number of men had been clubbed.

Seven states were represented at the Missouri navigation congress at Sioux City, Ia., nearly 1,000 delegates being present from Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas and Iowa.

Six railway companies were found guilty in the United States district court at Chicago of having violated the safety appliance law.

The 2-cent railroad fare law now in force in Pennsylvania has been declared unconstitutional by the state supreme court.

THE DEATH RECORD.

John B. Larkin, controller of Pittsburg and formerly postmaster, was found dead in bed. Death was due to asthma. His sudden demise caused surprise, as it follows closely the death of many prominent Pittsburgers.

George E. Bowden, Republican national committeeman from Virginia former member of congress and clerk of the United States court for the Eastern district of Virginia, is dead at Norfolk.

James Bigheart, ex-chief of the Osage Indians, who, it is claimed, was the richest Indian in the United States, is dead of paralysis at his home near Bigheart, in the Osage Nation.

Morris K. Jesup, ex-president of the New York chamber of commerce, retired banker and long prominent in civic affairs, is dead. He was seventy-eight years old.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, head of the Christian Scientists, has changed her place of residence from Concord, N. H., to Brookline, a fashionable suburb of Boston. A special train carried the aged woman from her old home to the new, a pilot engine preceding the train to insure safety.

Clarence Darrow, the Chicago attorney, who has been seriously ill in Los Angeles for several weeks with mastoiditis, has been operated upon. The outcome is still in doubt.

Jack London, the author, and his wife, whose whereabouts has caused anxiety to their friends, have arrived at San Francisco on the steamer Mariposa from Tahiti.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Democratic senators held a conference for the purpose of trying to agree upon a policy to be pursued with reference to the proposed financial legislation. Speeches were made by almost all the senators present and developed a wide divergence of opinion on the questions at issue.

The accident bulletin just issued by the interstate commerce commission covering the months of July, August and September, 1907, shows that the number of casualties on railroads during that quarterly period were 23,0[illegible], including 1,339 killed and 21,724 injured.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 25.—Wheat—May, $1.05¼; July, $1.05⅜@1.05½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.12; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.05½@1.07; No. 3 Northern, $1.02@1.04.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $[illegible]. Hogs—$4.10@4.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.10; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 25.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10½; No. 1 Northern, $1.08½; No. 2 Northern, $1.05½; May, $1.09½; July, $1.09½. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.05½; No. 2 Northern, $1.02½. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17¾; May, $1.20½; July, $1.22½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.65; Texans, $3.25@4.60; calves, $5.00@7.00; Western cattle, $3.70@4.65; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.60. Hogs—Light, $4.15@4.45; mixed, $4.20@4.50; heavy, $4.20@4.52½; rough, $4.20@4.30; pigs, $3.60@4.25. Sheep, $3.25@5.50; yearlings, $4.90@5.65; lambs, $5.00@7.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Wheat—May, $1.00½; July, 97⅛@97¼c; Sept. 94¾c. Corn—May, 60⅝@60¾c; July, 59⅜@59½c; Sept. 58¾c. Oats—May, old, 57¼c; May, 51½c; July, old, [illegible]; July, 44¾c; Sept. 38¾c. Pork—Jan. $12.47½; May, $12.97½. Butter—Creameries, 21@31c; dairies, 20@28c. Eggs—20½@21½c. Poultry—Turkeys, chickens and springs, 10c.

TAKEN TO MINNEAPOLIS.

Threats of Lynching Made Against Prisoners at St. Cloud.

Fearing an attack on the St. Cloud jail by a mob if Patrolman Henry Becker of St. Cloud dies as the result of revolver wounds inflicted when he was attacked by three burglars, alleged to be Pat Sheehan, John Green and Edward Carmody, the men accused of the crime were taken to Minneapolis by Detectives James Howard of Minneapolis and Sweeney and Fraser of St. Paul.

Threats against the lives of the men were heard on the streets of St. Cloud when conclusive evidence was brought out that Carmody, the last man to be arrested, was in St. Cloud at the time of the shooting. He was identified by Becker as one of the men who shot at him. A grip on which Carmody's name was stamped and which contained a complete set of burglar's tools, was found in a hotel there. Carmody did not deny that they belonged to him.

These developments, taken in connection with a turn for the worse in Becker's condition, have aroused St. Cloud. The physicians say they have little hope of saving Becker's life.

DENIED BY JOHNSON.

Report That He Will Not Be Candidate for President.

"There has not been any such telegram," said Governor Johnson at St. Paul when asked about the report from Washington that Wilber J. Abbott, Bryan's manager at Washington, had received a telegram from the governor saying that he would not be a candidate in opposition to Bryan. In fact, the governor said he did not know Mr. Abbott.

The report from Washington stated that Mr. Abbott told a group of newspaper correspondents that he had received a telegram from Governor Johnson saying that if Bryan was to be a candidate for the nomination Johnson did not propose to let his name go before the convention. The report said that this was taken in Washington to mean that as soon as the Bryan bandwagon gets started Governor Johnson would climb aboard and thus defeat the plans of the conservatives who wanted him to lend himself to a movement to prevent Bryan from getting two-thirds of the convention.

DYNAMITE OUTRAGE.

Another One Discovered on Iron Range in Minnesota.

Another dynamite outrage on the range has been discovered and made public and Nick Brickirch was arrested at Hibbing, accused of having attempted to blow up a boarding house conducted by Matt Kronick near Hibbing. Kronick stated that he found the banking about the house torn up and a space under the house large enough for a man to get through. Upon investigation he found a fuse partly burned leading to a bag in which were four sticks of dynamite and beside it were unburned matches. Kronick suspects Brickirch of the deed for two reasons. For some time prior to last October Brickirch had been employed under Kronick, but had been discharged. Since then Kronick says he has been having trouble with him.

A few days prior to the outrage Brickirch had a suit of underwear, identical with that wrapped about the dynamite, washed at the Kronick house, according to the latter. A hearing in the case will be held at Hibbing.

Second Juror Also Cleared.

Judge Morris, in court at St. Paul, dismissed the contempt proceedings against Lyman G. Bachellor of Madelia, one of the two jurymen sitting in the case of the United States against the Wood brothers et al., who were charged with having violated the orders of the court by discussing the case with Sherman S. Smith of Minneapolis, thereby exonerating both of the jurors, E. C. Benedict, the other juror, having been previously discharged.

Costly Fire at Deer River.

A disastrous fire at Deer River, in Itasca county, caused a loss estimated at over $75,000 and totally destroyed six buildings in the center of the business district of the village. The fire started in the second story of the block occupied by J. F. Baker's general merchandise store. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is certain that it started between the rafters on the inside of the building.

Minneapolis Grain Man Dead.

J. E. Gage of Minneapolis, a prominent grain man, member of the firm of Andrews & Gage, is dead at his home in that city after an illness of one week. Heart disease was the cause of death. Mr. Gage has long been a prominent member of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce. He has been associated with the Andrews & Gage company for fourteen years.

Banker Killed by Train.

John M. Dickson, president of the First National bank of Fulda, was struck by a passenger train on the Southern Minnesota division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad and instantly killed. He was walking on the track and being slightly deaf did not hear the approaching train.

Death Sentence Commuted.

The state board of pardons, in session at St. Paul, commuted the death sentence of Peter N. Mathiasen to life imprisonment. Mathiasen was convicted of killing his friend, Johan Johansen, near Tenstrike, Minn.

SMITH FOUND GUILTY

Minneapolis Politician Convicted of Contempt of Court.

GIVEN NINETY DAYS IN JAIL

Judge Page Morris Believes Smith Was Too Active Concerning Case on Trial.

Sherman S. Smith of Minneapolis was found guilty of contempt of court by Judge Page Morris in the United States district court at St. Paul and he was sentenced to serve ninety days in the Ramsey county jail. A stay of execution for thirty days was granted to permit Mr. Smith's attorney to take steps to have the judgment reviewed by the United States supreme court.

Mr. Smith has been a prominent Republican politician. He has served in the legislature and during the late session he was the speaker's clerk. Since this charge was brought against him he was elected vice president of a *Minneapolis ward club.*

The contempt charge grows out of the case against alleged officers of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company, who were charged with using the mails to defraud. The trial of that case stopped short when the charges of contempt were made against Mr. Smith and two of the jurors, Lyman Bachellor of Madelia and E. C. Benedict of Sabin.

The charges were that Mr. Smith and the two jurors had been talking about the case while the trial was in progress. Additional charges were made against Mr. Smith in affidavits filed by George J. Hammond, one of the witnesses for the government, who asserted that Smith in two conversations with him had made overtures to influence his testimony. The two jurors subsequently were discharged.

WOMAN GOES TO PRISON.

Pleads Guilty to Grand Larceny at Minneapolis.

Miss Augusta Fahrm, the young woman who was arrested at Minneapolis a few weeks ago charged with embezzling several thousand dollars from a steamship agency by which she was employed, pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree when arraigned in the Hennepin district court and was sentenced to one year and four months in the state prison.

In answer to questions by the court Miss Fahrm said she was thirty-three years of age; that she embezzled approximately $2,000, all of which she had spent.

Before imposing sentence Judge Holt commented upon the fact that Miss Fahrm's home influence had been good and that she had arrived at an age of discretion. Under the circumstances, he said, he could do nothing but impose a sentence in the state prison.

Miss Fahrm was stylishly gowned in a brown walking suit when she appeared in court. She wore patent leather shoes and a large picture hat.

BANKER COMMITS SUICIDE

Appleton Man Believed to Have Been Demented.

A. L. Sloss, cashier of the First National bank of Appleton, committed suicide by blowing out his brains. No reason is known for his action, but it is believed that he became demented, not being strong enough to bear the strain of the amount of business he was carrying on. He was interested in several banks in this state and South Dakota.

Fear Girl Was Stolen.

Carry Paola, a handsome fifteen-year-old Italian girl, has disappeared from the home of her mother in Minneapolis and her relatives fear she has been stolen by Domenic Arbanesi, who, they say, apparently not only sought revenge, but gold as well. Arbanesi is under arrest in Omaha and is being held at the instigation of Edward Perera, Italian consul in Minneapolis. The girl has not been located. She has been lost for three weeks.

Grain Records Shattered.

Two January records were broken in Minneapolis when, after the railroads had landed 1,097 cars of grain in the yards, trading at the chamber of commerce passed the million dollar mark, reaching the heretofore unknown winter figure of $1,070,076. The grain movement for this time of the year also far surpasses previous marks.

Tax Amendment Not Ratified.

Judge Dibell, in the St. Louis county district court at Duluth, has rendered a decision holding that the tax amendment was not ratified and adopted by a majority of the electors voting at the general election in Minnesota last November and the good roads amendment was ratified and adopted by a majority of such electors.

Schoolgirl Ends Her Life.

Eleanor Priebe, seventeen years of age, a sophomore in North high school at Minneapolis, shot herself through the head at the Priebe home and died before medical aid could be summoned. The girl had been suffering with influenza for the last week and it is believed that her mind was deranged.

Gave It Up.

A friend of the writer recently had application for a public appointment in a small Scottish town, and, thinking that his chances of success would be greater by a little judicious canvassing, he resolved to call upon a few of the town councillors, in whose hands the appointment lay. Of the civic dignitaries' position in private life he knew nothing. Journeying to the town in question, he hired a cab at the railway station and requested the jehu to take him to Councillor Bisset's, the treasurer. The councillor was found in his blacksmith's shop shoeing a horse.

"I'll see somebody of more importance than this, anyhow," said the candidate to himself, and, turning to the driver, he said, "Drive me to Councillor Maitland's office."

The cabman thereupon drove him to the local joiner's shop. This was worse even than the smithy, and in despair he ejaculated:

"Drive me to Councillor Gray's."

"I am Councillor Gray, sir," replied the cabman.

The answer staggered the candidate. He quietly paid his fare and disappeared, resolved to leave his fate in their hands without prejudicing them in any way in his favor. — London Standard.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the matter of, Peter A. Kolden, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy, No. 965.

To the honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States, for the district of Minnesota.

Peter A. Kolden, of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the twenty-first day of September, 1907, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts, provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 13th day of December A.D., 1907.

Peter A. Kolden,
Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, sixth Division, ss.

On this 22nd day of January, A. D. 1908, on reading the foregoing petition, it is Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1908, before said Court, at St. Paul, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the fore noon; and that notice thereof be published in the The Thief River Falls] News, a newspaper printed in said District and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known Creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1908.

Charles L. Spencer, Clerk.
By L. A. Levorsen, Deputy Clerk.

{ Seal of the Court. }

In District Court of the United States.
For the District of Minnesota.

In the matter of Clifford D. McLennan Bankrupt In Bankruptcy No. 960.

To the honorable William Lochren, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Clifford D. McLennan, of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota in said District, respectfully represents:

That on the 31st day of August, last passed, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE He prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 6th day of January, A. D. 1908.

Clifford D. McLennan,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, sixth session ss.

On the 22nd day of January A. D. 1908 on reading the foregoing petition, it is

ORDERED By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1908, before said court, at St. Paul in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the same time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the honorable, Page Morris, Judge of said court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1908.

Charles Spencer,
Clerk.
By, L. A. Levorsen,
Deputy Clerk.

{ Seal of the Court. }

AUCTION SALE

Thursday, February 6, 1908.

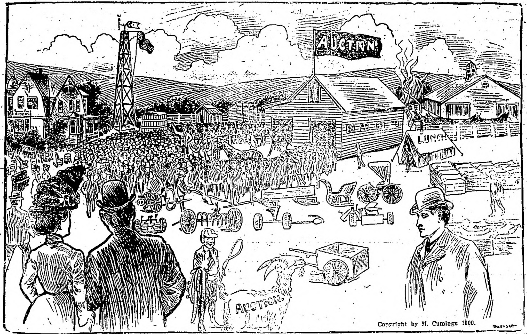

Copyright by M. Cumings 1900.

Commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m. on Thursday, Feb. 6, the following goods will be offered for sale at the Magnus Lysbakken farm, section 32, town of Clover Leaf, three miles west of Brunkeberg postoffice.

- 1 brown horse 11 years old, weight about 1300 pounds.
- 1 grey mare 12 years old, weight about 1300 pounds.
- 1 grey horse 9 years old, weight about 1150 pounds.
- 1 brown mare 8 years old, weight about 1150 pounds.
- 2 milch cows.
- 4 pigs 6 months old.
- 1 sow, will have pigs in May.
- 15 chickens.
- 1 new National Cream Separator.
- 1 Dowagiac 20-shoe drill.
- 1 16 Dowagiac breaking plow.
- 1 3 horse drag.
- 1 light spring wagon
- 1 narrow tire farm wagon.
- 1 buggy, single seat.
- 1 bob sleigh
- 1 hay rack.
- 5 single work harness
- About 10 tons hay, in stack.
- House hold goods.

Free Lunch Will Be Served at Noon.

Terms: All sums under $10, cash; over $10, bankable paper due November. 1, 1908.

C. M. EVENSON.
Auctioneer.

MAGNUS LYSBAKKEN.
Owner.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior Land Office at Crookston Minn., Jan [illegible], 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christopher M Haverstad, as one of the heirs of Thomas T. Haverstad, Deceased, of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim viz Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 1st, [illegible] for the S. E. [illegible] Section [illegible], Township [illegible] N. Range [illegible] W, and that said proof will be made before [illegible] U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls, Minn., on March [illegible] 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John [illegible] of Thief River Falls, Minn
[illegible] Berggren
Andrew Haverstad
Iver Aastad

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan. 30-Feb. 27

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complte record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1908 NUMBER 6

THE M. & M. CONCERT CO.

Will Be in Thief River Falls on the 22nd of February.

Entertainment Is Given for the Benefit of St. Bernard's Church.

For the benefit of St. Bernard's Church, the Mohr-McMillion entertainers will give a concert in the Evenson Hall in this city on Saturday evening, Feb. 22nd. The entertainment is under the auspices of the Minneapolis Journal and promises to be the best attractions ever seen in the Northwest. The company includes,

Miss Florence Jerome Mohr, who has no superior as a story-teller, impersonator and reader. She has a fascinating stage presence, and you can't help but appreciate her delightfully clever work.

Little Miss Corinne Fleming with her "National Dances" and popular songs of the day, is everybody's favorite, she "makes good" with such popular favorites, as ',Experience", "My Dutch Colleeh" and "Benjamin Bins."

Mr. Joe Colling, "the man of many Voices," is as a strong card with the Mohr-McMillan Company this season. He is, without question, the Premier Mimic of America, and has worked his specialty in both this country and Europe. The (New York) Morning Telegraph says, "He imitates nearly everything under the sun." The Philadelphia Item says: Joe Colling (the mimic) keeps his audience in splendid humor with his clever imitations."

Miss Marie Marquis, the brilliant young American suprano, destined some day to be a Nordica or Melba, sings a number at each performance. She has a voice of rare sweetness and wonderful compass. Her repertoire includes many gems from grand opera. She sings in English, and always receives an ovation.

Miss Pauline Weir, does some clever work in the two pretty little comedies that this company puts on, and introduces an original club-swinging specialty that always takes.

Mr. Everitt Burke, handles the illustrated songs, making big hits with the late favorites "The Tale the Church Bells Tolled," and "Somebody's Waiting for you."

Mr. D. Seymour McMillan, acts in the capacity of musical director and business manager.

Two Laughable Comedies concludes the performance with something new and beautiful in, motion pictures.

FORCED MUSIC.

Wolves Compel a Musician to Entertain Them.

While going some four miles from Blaisdell, N. D., to his farm after band practice, Ole Olson had a most singular experience. After about two-thirds of the distance, he met with what he supposed to be three dogs, but when they gathered around and commenced yelping, he immediately saw the error of his supposition and also that it was up to him to defend himself against the attack of three wolves. Being unarmed and *frightened he hardly knew what to* do; however, he managed to get out his pocket knife, and with this in one hand and the horn in the other he not infrequently gave the wolves something to think about. He yelled for help—none came. He tried the horn with the same hope; the music had the desired effect. The wolves receded some twenty yards, sat down, pointed their noses toward the stars and began that dismal howl so well known to every plainsman. If he started to move or stop playing, the wolves would put in their protest by renewing attack. He had been playing some three hours when the neighbors curious to know the meaning of such a hubub, rescued him. He was so week from want of breath and exposure, that he had to be helped into the wagon.

The Return Wave.

There are not wanting indications that the flow of immigration to the Canadian northwest, and to the newer parts of North Dakota, has passed, and the return wave is already on its way. The small crops of the past season, the consequent stagnation of business, and the prospect that 1908 will be a "dry season"—that constant dread of the Canadian and North Dakotian—cannot fail to produce this result.

One of the wisest men of our acquaintance, one with the broadest outlook upon the field, and with opportunities of first-hand information shared by very few, expresses the situation in a letter to the editor of this paper as follows:

"The west froze up very dry—too dry for plowing in many sections—and, with no snow so far, old-timers are writing me that they fear the dry years are on them again. If so the north half of your country ought to double its population ere the thing blows over,"

Which Is Your Bank?

STOVE WAS THEIR BANK.

LaCrosse Couple Lost $300 in Savings When First Fire Was Started.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 16.—As a result of secreting their savings in a heating stove during the warm weather, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baldwin lost $300 in currency when they started their first fire this fall. Mr. Baldwin had been employed as a lineman in Rockford, Ill., and during his absence he sent his wife his earnings, a portion of which she kept in the stove for safe keeping. Upon his return home, Mr. Baldwin started a fire on a cool evening, not knowing the money was hidden there.

The above item, taken from a Minneapolis paper of recent date, is merely one of hundreds of similar cases that are happening right along. It furnishes one of the best reasons why you should place your money in our bank, where it will not only be safe against such accidents, but will earn you a good rate of interest besides.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD,
President.

T. L. MELGAARD,
Cashier.

RED RIVER DRAINAGE

Government Says It Is Impracticable to Straighten River.

Several Reasons for This are Assigned by Gen. McKenzie.

Gen. Alexander McKenzie, chief of the army engineers, who has investigated conditions along on the Red river, reported to congress that the schemes to deepen and shorten the river, as proposed by Minnesota and Dakota interests, *is* impracticable. Several reasons are assigned, the most important being the enormous expense, and the international problem which would be encountered. He states that should the river be shortened, the water would rush down upon Canadian territory and would there pile up against ice jams, causing great damage to adjoined lands. There seems to be no chance to get relief along this line, and it is up to the residents of the valley to make the best of the river as it is and guard against its present channel being filled with earth. A great many ditches are being constructed along either side of the river rushing water from both ways for many miles. Two results are inevitable, large volumes of water will be rushed to the river, causing an overflow, and millions of tons of sediment will find its way to the river's bed where it will further reduce its carrying capacity. Government engineers who were cruising the river in an early day are said to have found drift-wood in a tree top nearly 70 feet from the ground. Many old residents of this section tell of seeing the Red River from 15 to 20 miles wide during an overflow. If congress would make an appropriation to provide artificially against the washing of earth from the mouth of the drainage ditches, it would confer a lasting benefit upon those whose homes are near the river.

HAY MARKED GLUTTED

Shippers of Hay Must Prepay Freight to Duluth and Superior.

Hay is a drug on the market. Clover is never in much demand for shipment, but this winter all kinds of hay, even the best of timothy and wild hay from the Red River flats, finds little demand in the city markets.

It has been the custom of hay growers in this vicinity to consign carload shipments of hay to parties in Duluth and Superior. After the hay arrived at its desination the market was overloaded and the hay would not sell for enough to pay the freight. The railway Co. was often obliged to sell the hay for what it would bring and lose some of the freight.

The company has given notice to agents not to bill out hay for Duluth and Superior unless the freight is paid in advance. This order applied to all the hay producing sections. Thief River Falls received such an order and now no hay can be shipped from this station to the heads of the lakes and points east of Duluth, unless the freight is paid in advance.

Stay By The Home Creameries.

Joel G. Winkjer, writes from Manhattan, Kansas, that for the month of November, the centralized creameries of that state paid on an average less than 25cts. for butterfat, while the local creameries here in the north paid from 24 to 27cts. For the month of June we paid from 23 to 24cts., while in Nebraska the centralizers paid but 18cts. There are two states where the centralizers have full control of the dairy industry, and consequently pay what they please. Thus, we see what it means for farmers to stick to the local creameries. The comparisions above noted make it very apparent that the milk and cream producers of a state wherein the manufacturing of the product is not in the hands of one man, or a set of men are to be congratulated.

Subscribe for the News.

DIED LAST WEEK.

Mother of N. W. Tarrant Passes Away at Fox Lake.

The Fox Lake Representative of January 31st, contains the following regarding, the death of Mrs. Margaret Tarrant, mother of Judge N. W. Tarrant:

Mrs. Margaret Tarrent, relict of the late N. W. Tarrant, and one of our pioneer citizens, died at her home in this village early Tuesday morning, aged 84 years. She had been in failing health for several weeks and the end came peacefully. Mrs. Tarrant and her husband came to Fox Lake in 1851 and she has lived here ever since. They engaged in farming for a time afterwards going into the general store business which has been continued by her son, J. E. Tarrant. Mrs. Tarrant was a good business woman and for many years gave the store her personal attention. She was genial and made many friends who appreciated her sterling worth. Since the death of her husband a number of years ago she has not been active in business life though always ready to respond to any call and always faithful to her trust. She has been a good women and a good neighbor and had the respect and esteem of a large number of friends. She leaves two sons, Judge N. W. Tarrant, of Red Lake Falls, Minn., and J. E. Tarrant, of this village, and two daughters, Mrs. Anna Cruden, of LaMoure, N. D., and Mrs. Nellie McAllister, of Minneapolis, to mourn her loss.

The funeral was held yesterday at St. Mary's church and was largely attended. Interment was at the Catholic cemetary.

GET TOGETHER.

Farmers Should Make Themselves Vote for One Thing.

A uniform carload of cattle, hogs, sheep or potatoes always brings a better price than does a mixed load. It is always to the advantage of the farmer if the buyer comes to him rather than for him to go to the buyer as he has his product at home where he can hold it if if the price does not suit him, which he cannot well do if he has hauled it or shipped it to market. A buyer can pay a higher price for a product where he can get it in large quantities, because it takes less time and expense for him to get the amount he needs.

The above facts make it obviously to the interest of the farmers in any locality to "get together" for the purpose of producing some product of uniform quality and in large enough quantities to attract buyers.

Twelve farmers at a small town in North Dakota "got together" on growing potatoes. Each grew from 10 to 40 acres of a given variety. They get from 5 to 10 cents per bushel more for their potatoes, while at other towns a buyer spends from two or more days "picking up" a carload, and then they are not of uniform quality. At West Salem, Wis., thirty farmers are breeding Guernsey cattle. They use better sires than most breeders can afford when working alone. Buyers come to them for Guernsea because in one day they can look over a few hundred head. At St. Cloud, Minn. several men are breeding shorthorn cattle. Breeders all over the country know this and go to St. Cloud for Shorthorns. Any community may become noted for the excellence and quality of any particular product and reap the benefits therefrom. Are the farmers of Red Lake County going to be behind in the race? Or shall we "get together?"

Clover Seed Pays.

The farmers of Wadena county have been doing a big business in clover seed during the past season. The Wadena Pioneer Journal says that three carloads of seed have been shipped from that city since last September. The seed brings a big price, being the most profitable crop raised on the farm. The farmers of Wadena county have reaped rich harvests from clover, the seed bringing over $20 per sack. A farmer who could take a wagon load of clover to market was able to carry home a small fortune in return for his produce.

BIG BAZAAR NEXT WEEK.

Young Peoples Society to Have a Six Days Bazaar.

Promises to Be a Grand Success in Every Way.

Commencing next Monday morning, the Young People's Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will give a six days, bazaar in the Masonic building.

Great preparations have been made, and it promises to be a great success in every way. The following is a list of the booths:

VALENTINE BOOTH.

The darts, hearts and quivers are all here; or the pretty little remembrances that please the favorite sister, or someone else's sister. Not the common, ordinary kind but the latest and newest effects in Heart to Heart Talks on paper. Some very pretty hand painted tokens of love. We also have hand painted boxes filled with fine home made candies, suitable for valentines. In charge of Mr. C. R. Halgrin and Miss Minnie Bakke,

LINEN BOOTH.

We certainly are proud of our collection of hand finished fancy aprons, handkerchiefs, collars, pillow-slips and other fancy articles. Every piece represents the finest and neatest kind of hand work. They are dainty in the extreme and their exclusiveness is absolute. Prices no higher than on the ordinary factory goods. Miss Annie Anderson and Miss Clara Aos, in charge.

BANNER BOOTH.

High school students, make your rooms more attractive by getting a High School Banner. It improves the appearance wonderfully. Combination of colors is red and blue. Each banner is made of high grade felt with well proportioned letters stitched with silk thread. Made in different sizes. We have the Y. P. S. Banners and silk Norwegian flags. Emma Backe and Marie Hermanson, in charge.

NORWEGIAN BAKERY.

If you would consider for a moment the time, trouble and bother of making your cake at home, you'll readily appreciate our Norwegian bakery. Our cakes are cleanly made and carefully baked, using only the finest ingredients in the making. Try a few of our dishes, and if you are pleased with them we would be glad to tell you how they are made. In charge of Arodahl Sisters.

CANDY BOOTH.

Candy Purity—It is not enough that candy should look well and taste well, it must be made of pure material, cleanly cooked and in clean and sanitary pictures. That's why we have been so careful to have every pound of our home made candy as pure, fresh and delicious as candy can possible be made. You will find that we have many new and toothsome dainties, sold by the pound or put up in very pretty hand painted boxes. In charge of Clara Backe and Gena Granum.

LUNCH AND REFRESHMENTS.

Come to see us every afternoon for your coffee and lunch. We also serve all evening, cocoa furnished to those who desire it. Some baked cakes, cookies, and sandwiches.

Marie Spoonheim and Gyda Falk,
In charge.

FISH POND.

This fishing place will be the most popular place in this part of the state during this week. Everybody is sure to make a catch. Don't miss it.

H. N. Petersen, In charge.

A Bargain

For Sale—40 acres in sec 30, town of East Valley, has 1 good one and one half story log house, 12X18ft., 1 frame barn, 22X22 ft., with shed 10X22. Two acres under cultivation, 2 wells, whole forty fenced.

For sale cheap, inquire of, Gunerius Olsen, Serum post office, Minn.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR
ROYAL Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

MANGLED BY THE ENGINE

Superior Railroad Man Slips and Falls Under Drivers.

Was a Brother of Henry Fitzpatrick of This City.

Slipping while running between the engine and the cars of a great Northern freight train in the Superior yards last Friday morning, Frank Fitzpatrick, foreman of a switching crew, a brother of Henry Fitzpatrick, an engineer on the Soo running out of Thief River Falls, was run over by the engine and so badly injured that he died shortly afterwards at the hospital.

The train was backing at the time, and Fitzpatrick was between the engine and the cars, coupling them.

His body was badly mangled by the drivers of the engine.

Mr. Fitzpatrick left Friday morning for Superior to attend the funeral.

SWINDLED FARMERS.

Man Sold Farmers Lumber—at Great Reduced Prices.

According to the Minot Independent a fakir beat a number of farmers in the vicinity of Foxholm, N. D. out of several hundred dollars.

About two months ago, a Norwegian, giving his name as Louis Munsen, walked into the Foxholm country claiming to be an agent, authorized to dispose of dimension lumber, fence posts, telegraph and telephone poles bridge timber and Indian relics, the latter being made at Red Lake, Minn. He quoted cheap prices, especially on the timber dimension lumber being sold at $16 per thousand. He seemed quite independent and did not apparently care much whether he sold anything or not. Many bought from $5 to $25 worth of stuff, paying cash for the same. Munsen saying that the government did only a cash business. He sold buckskin moccasins at $1 per pair and buckskin underwear for $6 a suit. He had a lot of Indian goods with him for samples. He had a vast amount of paper money in one grip estimated at three or four thousand dollars, worth and also had a large quantity of gold. He told the farmers that he kept away from the cities because he did not care to be held up. Munsen gave his address as Crookston, Minn. but letters sent here have been returned as no such person could be found.

No word has been received from Munsen and the farmers who bit are certain that they have been swindled. One of the victims swore out a warrant for the arrest of Munsen and Sheriff Lee, of Minot, is now looking for him, tho he is no doubt far from Minot by this time. Munsen gave four names and operated close to Minot. He is about 45 years old and wore a light overcoat.

The victims have become wise and hereafter will have nothing to do with strangers traveling thru the country. Munsen of course claimed that the government could quote prices lower than the home merchant. This is another argument in favor of dealing with the home man, who must do the square thing.

Hiram Pechecker of East Wind, Ind., after attending a lecture on "The Rights of Man", went home and announced to his wife that he would no longer wash the dishes and scrub the floor. Pechecker subsequently telephoned to the local drug store for a dollar's worth of court plaster.—Ex.

SHCT HIS FATHER.

P. O. Heglund, of Rocksbury, Shot by His Son yesterday Morning.

Boy Said to Be Insane and Is Now in the County Jail.

P. O. Hegland, of the town of Rocksbury, was shot by his son, John Hegland early yesterday morning.

Particulars regarding the affair, have not been easy to obtain, but from all accounts the son, who was about 25 years of age, is insane and had no motive in committing the crime. The bullet entered Mr. Hegland's breast, and did not touch any vital part of the body. There is absolutely no danger of any serious results unless blood poisoning should develope. The bullet has not as yet been located.

After he shot, the son walked to St. Hilaire and gave himself up to the authorities. He recently came to his father's home in the town of Rocksbury from North Dakota where he had been working as a paper hanger and paperer, and it is said that he was sent here by the Dakota authorities on account of his demented condition.

P. O. Hegland is a well known citizen of Red Lake County. For a number of years he was county surveyor and since retiring from that office has lived upon his farm in the town of Rocksbury.

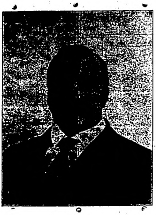

P. O. HEGLUND.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Ralph Douglas, Reporter.

County Superintendent of schools Mithun, of Marshall county, gave the high school students a short talk last Thursday. We enjoyed it very much.

A man can show himself a fool without putting it down in black and white.

The Seniors seem to be having a difficult task of choosing a class play. They have just begun to learn the second one. We hope that they will soon find something which they can play.

The absences have continued during this week and our record at the close of the year will be rather poor unless the pupils change their ways.

Harry Prichard was absent yesterday.

Avis and Willis Akre have been absent so far this week on account of sickness.

Miss McCrum was under the spell of the grip this week.

Miss Wold and Miss Laughlin of the Central will return Saturday.

Miss Allard and Miss Buse who are visiting Mrs. Ben Wilson, were callers at high school yesterday.

George Bolton, of Strathcona, was a business caller in this city this week.

Goes to Minneapolis.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company has decided to open up an office for the sale of lumber in Minneapolis and Walter Rosenberry, of this city is to be placed in charge. Mr. Rosenberry will have his office in the Lumber Exchange building. This change is made in order that the local lumber company can get into closer touch with buyers. Mr. Rosenberry has been very popular with the residents of Thief River Falls and all regret that he is to remove from the city.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the school board of District 120, up to Feb. 18th 1 o'clock p. m. 1908.

For the purchase of material and erection of school house to be completed by May 20th 1908. Plan and specifications can be seen at the clerks office at Germantown, Minn.

Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. William Vaughan,
Clerk.

Bids Wanted.

Independent School District No. 18, Thief River Falls, will receive bids up to Saturday, February 15, for the purchase of 200 coards of good body split poplar wood. Wood to be delivered at the various school houses in Thief River Falls.
G. A. Penney, Clerk.

Still Another Operation

Frank Jeffers, the Crookston man who is at a Blackduck Hospital with both feet taken off as the result of a railroad accident, is not improving as fast as could be desired and it is possible that he will have to undergo still another operation.

It will be remembered that part of one foot was left when the first operations were performed. However, this refused to heal and it was found necessary last week to remove the bones of the heel and fold the flesh of the foot over to form a pad. It is feared that this will not heal properly either, and if it does not, it will be necessary to remove his foot at the ankle as the other one was taken off.—Crookston Times, Feb. 5.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Ivor L. Erickson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

J. L. Norton arrived in this city last week to visit his daughter, Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday evening at 7:45.

County Attorney Gorme was in the city yesterday attending to some legal matter.

Aaron Anderson, of Millaca, was in the city the first of the week visiting D. P. O'Neill.

Services in the Swedish Mission church east side Sunday, Feb. 9, by Rev. Dahlquist, at 3 o'clock.

W. B. Krouse left last evening for Green Bay, Wis., called there by the serious illness of his mother.

Thomas Raimg, arrived in Thief River Falls yesterday from Missoula, Montana, to look after his interests in Marshall county, where he has a large stock farm.

The Antlers Club tendered a farewell smoke social to Walter Rosenberry Tuesday evening. Mr. Rosenberry was the President of the club and one of its most pupular members.

A. G. Loftnes and A. J. Berg, two enterprising settlers living about five miles out of town, have connected their homes by means of telephone. An ordinary barb wire fence is used, but they say they can talk over this wire in a perfectly distinct manner. It is the intentions of Messrs. Loftnes and Berg to interest more of their neigbors in their telephone system and in the near future hope to have connections with Thief River Falls. The telephone on the farm is now recognized as a necessisty.

Elna Dagoberg, wife of Everet Dagoberg, county treasurer of Marshall county, died at the Warren hospital Thursday, at 8 o'clock p. m. Mrs. Dagoberg was born in Sweden, and married to Mr. E. Dagoberg in 1875 and came to America in 1883, settling in the town of Vega, Marshall county, which continued to be their home until about ten years ago, when they moved to Warren. Mrs. Dagoberg leaves a husband and two daughters, Mrs. Nels Bystorm and Miss Cora Dagoberg, both of Warren, and many other relatives and friends in this vicinity. The funeral was held from the Swedish Lutheran church on Sunday and the church was filled with people who came to pay their last respects to their departed friend. The floral tributes were beautiful. The remains were laid to rest in the Warren cemetary. Mrs. Dagoberg was a devoted wife and mother, beloved by all who knew her, and the striken family have the sympathy of the community in their hour of sorrow.

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL

Regular Meeting of the Council Held Tuesday Evening.

Saloon Licenses Fixed At $1,000 and Other Business Transacted.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening, all of the aldermen being present.

Upon motion of Alderman Forder seconded by Alderman Evenson the saloon license was fixed at $1,000 for the year 1908 and no limit as to the number of saloons was made.

Henry Gorkey was again appointed as dog catcher and the license for dogs was fixed at $1.00.

The board of health recomended that the health officer be placed upon a salary, but no action was taken by the council and the matter was laid over to the next meeting of the city council.

A number of citizens appeared before the council and asked that the city pay the salary of an instructor for the local band. The council agreed to do this if it could be done legally and the matter was referred to the city attorney for an opinion.

The application of John Tangness to have the Knut Aldahl saloon licence transferred to him was refused. The council has no right to transfer or issue a license to any one convicted of violating the liquor laws during the past year and as Mr. Tangness was recently convicted of having his saloon open on Sunday, the transfer cannot be made.

The city clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the deposit of city funds.

The resolution passed by the city council at a former meeting limiting the police force to two men was returned to the council without the mayors approval. No action was taken by the council in the matter, and the city will continue to have three policemen.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96c
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 06
Barley	60c
Eggs	22c
Butter	22c
Potatoes	50c

SUPREME COURT THE ISSUE

Minnesota's Attorney General on the Presidential Campaign.

That the appointments to the United States supreme court are the real bone of contention in the presidential campaign was the argument of Attorney General E. T. Young in a speech before the Fourth Ward Republican club at Minneapolis. Organized predatory wealth, he charged, is seeking the nomination of presidential candidates who will appoint judges sympathetic to the idea of the centralization of power in the federal government. There are four judges on the bench now who on account of age and infirmity will probably retire during the next presidential term. It is important, he asserted, that men be nominated for the presidency who will not appoint judges favorable to the idea of the centralization of government.

CHOKED TO DEATH.

Farmer Found Lying Dead Under a Pile of Sacks.

John Marczak, a Polish farmer residing a few miles northwest of Ivanhoe, was found choked to death under a load of sacks of feed which had overturned while he was hauling the load home. One arm and one leg were not pinioned under the load.

He left town about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, but was not discovered for several hours. The load had overturned at the end of a small culvert which he had not been able to distinguish because of drifting snow.

A Bark For Barker.

The editor sat in his easy chair. Editors always have easy chairs—in fiction. He thought he recognized the handwriting on one of the envelopes. He sighed.

"Another poem," said he, reaching for the waste paper basket. He opened the letter. He was agreeably disappointed. It was prose. It ran as follows:

"A man named Barker had a dog that barked, so he called it Barker because it barked and because his own name was Barker. So the man was Barker, and the dog that barked was Barker. The man didn't bark, although his name was Barker. Barker and Barker went for a walk, and Barker barked—that is, dog Barker, not man Barker. In fact, dog Barker barked so much that man Barker said 'Barker, don't bark so often. You never hear me bark.' Just then man Barker barked his shin on the bark of a tree and barked like anything."

The editor paused. There was a note inclosed, which ran, "Please send check for inclosed to me at 1001 Barker avenue, city." Then did the desk machine write, with a smile, "I have received your joke and will send check—when my bark comes in."—Judge.

SON FOUND GUILTY.

But Father Is Acquitted by Jury at Hastings.

"Guilty of manslaughter in the first degree" for the son and "not guilty" for the father was the double verdict rendered by the jury at Hastings in the Brennan murder trial. The jury was out almost an even twelve hours.

Anthony Brennan, the murdered man, was shot while in a field on his farm on Aug. 27, 1907. At the time of the shooting he was engaged in a quarrel with Michael Nolan Brennan and the latter's son, Michael Brennan, Jr., over the boundary lines of their farms, which adjoin each other.

Both father and son were arrested, and on the death of the wounded man a day or two later were charged with murder.

During the trial it developed that there had been trouble between the Brennan families ever since they had lived on the adjoining farms, and an attempt was made to show premeditation of murder on the part of the defendants. The testimony also revealed an attack on the younger man by Anthony Brennan during the quarrel on the day of the crime, and during which Anthony Brennan struck Michael Brennan, Jr., on the face with a stick. It was following this blow that the shot which resulted in Anthony's death was fired.

The young man admitted the shooting, but declared he did not intend to do more than wound his assailant and that he intended to shoot him in the leg. Self-defense was the plea made by both the Brennans.

BODY FOUND IN THE RUINS

Minneapolis Student Perished in Fire at Cornell University.

From the ruins of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity house at Cornell university, Ithaca, N. Y., which had been destroyed by fire, were taken the charred remains of J. S. Kiehle, a junior in mechanical engineering. That any lives had been lost was not known until a meeting of the fraternity was held, when a roll call developed the fact that Kiehle was missing. The ruins were searched and his body was found near the elevator shaft where the fire originated. It is supposed that Kiehle was on his way to an upper floor to save "Ted" Seeleye of the Cornell cross country team, who was known to be an occupant of a room there. Seeleye, scantily clothed, escaped down a ladder.

Kiehle was from Minneapolis and was one of the squad tried out for the football team last fall.

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FRESH INSPIRATION.

Napoleon and His Attitude Toward the Common Soldier.

Napoleon understood human nature. He recognized the great truth, "As a man thinketh in his heart so is he," and knew how to apply it not only to himself and his own ambitious projects, but to other men as well. Moreover, he knew precisely the right moment to apply it to quicken the spark of divine energy which smolders in every man, although the ashes of fatigue and failure may cover its light temporarily.

A French soldier carried a dispatch to Napoleon. Just as he delivered it into the hands of the emperor his spent horse dropped dead. Napoleon wrote an answer to the dispatch, then, dismounting from his own horse, he handed the bridle to the soldier.

"Take this horse and ride back, comrade," he said.

"Nay, sire," stammered the soldier, gazing at the blooded horse and its trappings. "It is too magnificent and grand for me, a common soldier."

"Take it!" commanded Napoleon. "There is nothing too grand and magnificent for a soldier of France."

The soldier mounted and rode away on his perilous business, ready and willing, and Napoleon's words, repeated through the ranks and columns of his army, gave to his tired troops fresh inspiration and energy. "Nothing too grand and magnificent for a soldier of France!" they said, and the thought that they were worthy of the best inspired them to the mighty deeds which followed.

WIFELY ORDERS.

Two Men Obeyed Them, but the Third Man Balked.

"Three men sat rather late at the club one night," said the man who is responsible for the story. "As they were separating they discussed a little nervously the receptions that awaited them at their wives' hands and agreed that he who didn't do what his wife told him on getting home should have to treat the others to a turkey dinner. The first man after reaching his house stumbled about the dark bedroom till he kicked the cat. The cat squalled, and the man's wife, raising her head from the pillow, moaned, 'Well, go on; kill the poor cat and have done with it.' The man frowned and muttered to himself, 'It is a case of kill the cat or pay for the dinner.' So he killed the cat.

"The second man on his arrival could not find any matches. As he looked for some in the drawing room he bumped against the piano, and his wife complained, 'Why don't you break the piano, careless?' Determined not to lose his bet, the man got a hatchet, and the sound of crashing blows soon filled the house.

"The third man, getting home, stumbled on the way upstairs. His wife screamed angrily, 'Go on, fall downstairs and break your neck, do!' 'Not me,' said the third man after a moment's thought. 'I'll pay for the turkey dinner.'"—Chicago News.

A Merchant's Memory.

Among the characteristics which made for the success of Mr. A. T. Stewart, the great New York merchant, says Richard Lathers in his "Reminiscences," was an extraordinary memory for the details of his vast business.

One day as Mr. and Mrs. Lathers were leaving the store Mr. Stewart accosted them at the door.

"I hope, Mrs. Lathers, you have found what you want," he said.

"No, Mr. Stewart," she replied. "I want a very plain brussels carpet for a small library, a light color with a small blue figure. You have a great variety, but nothing just like that."

"I am quite sure we have that exact description," he said, and, turning to a clerk, added: "Go to the third floor and get out from the last invoice of carpets No. 2206. I think the style and pattern will just suit Mrs. Lathers."

To the amazement of the shopper it proved to be the very thing she was looking for.

Consider the Birds of the Air.

An eminent ornithologist calls attention to the fact that a crane can travel through the air a thousand miles a day without flapping its wings, but by merely keeping them stretched and adjusted to the prevailing breezes. A hawk can stay in the air for days and weeks, moving with its wings motionless. It is the same with the gulls and numerous other winged creatures. In studying the science of aerostatics consider the birds of the air.—Boston Herald.

For Winter Use.

A lady farmer planted a garden. She was very proud of her prospective peas, but when her husband asked if they were ripe she said, "Oh, they haven't come up yet!"

"Haven't come up yet? Why, the season's nearly over!"

"Yes," she said, "but I planted canned peas. I think they come up a little late."—New York Times.

A Keen Observer.

"Who was that fool you bowed to?"

"My husband."

"Oh, I—er—I—humbly apologize. I—"

"Never mind. I'm not angry. But what a keen observer you are!"—London Scraps.

Bitter Revenge.

Tommy Figg—Sister's beau kicked my dog yesterday, but I got even with him, you bet. Johnny Briggs—How? Tommy Figg—I mixed quinine with her face powder.—Indianapolis Journal.

HIS TERRIBLE EYES.

Senator Cass Could Almost Paralyze a Man With a Look.

Giant heads, bodies and brains were Webster and Cass. All the strength of New Hampshire granite was concentrated in those two sons. To look upon them made the ordinary man feel small. Wonderful eyes they possessed, and men have been known to shiver with dread when one or the other allowed his glance to fall upon them. Cass could look through a stranger in a way to make his brain burn and his knees knock together. One searching stare seemed to destroy all mentality and fill the victim with paralytic emotions.

No man dared take liberties with Cass. In 1846 the proprietor of the National hotel in Washington was a man who so closely resembled the great senator from Michigan that he was often mistaken for him. An old friend, returning from a journey, entered the lobby and, seeing him leaning against the desk, slipped up behind and hit him a terrific whack on the shoulder, saying cheerily and simultaneously: "Hello, old man! Here I am back again. How are you?" Senator Cass straightened up his six feet three and, turning upon the assailant his terrible, bloodshot eyes, almost annihilated him with a look. Not a word was spoken. That look was ample. The stranger was so "rattled" that he could not even apologize, but slunk dejectedly out of the hotel.

Later in the day when congress was supposed to be in session the stranger returned to the hotel to shake hands with the proprietor and tell him all about the Cass incident. Walking bravely up, he laid his hand down on his friend's shoulder and, without waiting for a greeting, surprised him with: "See here, old fellow, you got me in a deuce of a scrape this morning. Why, you know, I took old Cass for you, slapped him on the back, nearly taking off a shoulder, and the old fool looked at me as if he wanted to commit murder. The darned old lunatic, why doesn't he stay out of here? He knows"— Again the great senator from Michigan straightened up his six feet three, again he turned his bloodshot eyes, again he looked and again the victim fled. Two mistakes of that kind in one day!

CHARACTER IN WALKING.

Traits Which Are Readily Disclosed by One's Gait.

"There's a conceited man coming down the street," said the girl in the group on a corner. "How do I know? By his walk. I can tell the chief trait of any person's character by watching him or her walk. For instance, if a man walks with a heavy lift to his hips he's sure to be obstinate. If he sinks down a little on his heels he has a comfortable attitude toward life and the world in general—in fact, he's a bit lazy. That woman coming down the street now is a gossip. Any one could tell that because of her mincing, fussy gait. Indecision is the chief characteristic of that woman's character across the street. Don't you see how she swings her foot rather hesitatingly in the air before she puts it down?

"The man who walks with his knees leaning is sure to be of the pious type—the disagreeably pious type, I mean. You see that old codger who is crossing the road with his stomach seeming to lead the rest of him—well, of course it is evident that feeding is his chief delight. When an intellectual man walks his head leads. That girl who sways so is self conscious. Yes, that girl going down the street has a pretty walk, gliding and quiet, but watch out for her; she is treacherous in the extreme.

"The man who puts his feet down especially solidly is heavy and somewhat stupid. That little person crossing the road with a quick, clean step is energy personified, but he has the sort of energy which has no regard for the rights or feelings of others. The girl coming out of that store has an ugly streak in her nature. Don't you see how she puts her foot down unwillingly as if she were saying: 'I won't! I won't!' I shouldn't advise any man to marry her.

"Of course I don't pretend to know thoroughly a person's character by his walk, but I do discover his predominating characteristic."

The Quality of Mercy.

A notorious mountain moonshiner, familiarly known as Wild Bill, was tried before a federal court in Georgia and was adjudged guilty. Before pronouncing sentence the judge lectured the prisoner on his long criminal record and at last, informing him that the court entertained no feeling of anger toward him, but felt only unmixed pity, sentenced him to spend six years in the federal prison at Atlanta.

Bill stolidly shifted the quid of tobacco in his mouth and turned to leave the courtroom with the marshal. Once outside the only thing he said was this:

"Well, I suah am glad he wa'n't mad at me!"

Proving It.

"Keep up your courage, old man," said the passenger who was a good sailor to another who was leaning over the railing and paying tribute to Neptune.

"Never mind me," came the answer between gasps. "I've always heard that it takes travel to bring out what there is in a man."

Painfully Natural.

Playwright—Is her acting natural? Manager—[illegible] Natural? Why, when she appeared as the dying mother last night an insurance agent who has her life insured for $25,000 and who was in the audience actually fainted.—London Tit Bits.

LEE AND M'CLELLAN.

An Incident of the First Meeting of the Two Soldiers.

The first meeting between General George B. McClellan and General Robert E. Lee happened in Mexico during the war with that country. McClellan was a lieutenant of engineers, and Lee was a major on the staff of General Winfield Scott.

One day McClellan was walking across a field when he saw General Scott and his staff approaching on horseback. As they drew near Major Lee reined up his horse and asked the lieutenant if he did not know that he was disobeying orders. His tone was sharp and angry. McClellan answered that he was not aware of any disobedience and asked for an explanation. Lee replied that all officers had been told to remain in their quarters, awaiting orders, and asked for the lieutenant's name.

McClellan gave his name and said that no order of that kind had reached him. But Lee in a peremptory tone ordered him to go to his quarters and remain there. Then he rode off and rejoined General Scott and the staff, who had not stopped. McClellan went to his quarters, as he had been directed to do, but was quite indignant at the way in which Lee had treated him, for he had not knowingly committed a breach of discipline.

He had just finished telling his brother officers the incident when he was informed that an officer was outside the tent asking for him. On going out he was much surprised to see Major Lee, who saluted him with respect.

"Lieutenant McClellan," the major said, "I am afraid that I was not courteous in my manner to you a little while ago, and I have called to apologize."

"I assured him that it was all right," said General McClellan in telling the story, "and he rode off after making a low bow, leaving me in admiration of a superior officer who so promptly and generously repaired an error."—Chicago News.

AN AERIAL HORROR.

The Very Dreadful Thing That Strohschneider Did.

A group of aeronauts were talking aeronautics.

"Did you ever hear of Strohschneider?" said a German. "He did a dreadful thing once. I'll tell you about it.

"Strohschneider appeared in a certain village and advertised that he would take the landlord of the village inn up with him on a trapeze hanging from the car of his balloon.

"Though the landlord's wife made a kick and the authorities, upholding her, forbade the man to accompany Strohschneider, the landlord sat in state on the trapeze beside the famous aeronaut when the ascension began.

"But those nearest to him noticed that he was paler than a ghost and that his arm was thrown around Strohschneider's neck as if in terror. And, noting these things, the people nodded ominously to one another.

"Up and up went the balloon, and now a murmur of horror arose among the multitude. The aeronaut and the landlord were quarreling; they were fighting. High up there in the clouds, perched on the swaying trapeze, they struggled, thumped, kicked.

"Suddenly the aeronaut, in a mad burst of rage, seized the landlord by the throat, thrust him backward and flung him into space. Down the poor fellow dropped like a stone, turning over and over. He alighted on his head.

"The people, mad with horror and rage, rushed to the spot. And there, to their amazement, stood the landlord, laughing heartily. The figure that had fallen was a manikin dressed up in his clothes.

"And this," the speaker concluded, "is the only practical joke that has ever been played from a balloon."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Perils of Crinoline.

The dangers of the historic crinoline are illustrated by a story told by Lady Dorothy Nevill in her "Reminiscences." Going too near the fireplace, her voluminous skirt caught fire, and in an instant she was in a blaze. There were no men present, and the women could not help her, because if they had gone near enough to be of use their own skirts would have been ignited. Fortunately Lady Dorothy had sufficient presence of mind to roll herself in the hearth rug and thus subdue the flames.

A Judge of Land.

Proud Father—Welcome back to the old farm, my boy. So you got through college all right? Farmer's Son—Yes, father. Proud Father—Ye know, I told ye to study up chemistry and things so you'd know best what to do with different kinds of land. What do you think of that flat meadow there, for instance? Farmer's Son—Cracky, what a place for a ball game!—Kansas City Independent.

Pity the Poor Wolf.

"Why is it," asked the fox, "that you always look so gaunt?"

"Oh," replied the wolf, "it's all due to the business I'm in. I always have to keep away from the door until there's nothing left in the house to eat."—Catholic Standard and Times.

The New Yorker.

"You New Yorkers don't seem to know anything about the rest of the country," said the visitor.

"The rest of the country?" echoed the New Yorker. "What's that?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Equality may be all right, but no human power can convert it into a fact.—Balzac.

German Humor.

[illegible]

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Solid gold medium weight 10kt	" "	4.50	4.50
" " " " 14kt	" "	5.50	5.50
" " heavy " 10kt	" "	5.50	5.50
" " " " 14kt	" "	7.50	7.50

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BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

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Polk coutny is going to have a warm election this year judging the number of candidates that are now in the field and there are sure to be more.

Those gentlemen who desire to go to the national Republican convention from Minnesota as uninstructed delegates should be elected to stay at home.

Young, Jackson, Dunn and a dark horse are to be candidates for the Republican nomination for governor. The News would be pleased to see either Jackson or Young nominated, and hopes that no bitter fight will develope.

The recent message of President Roosevelt to congress was a plain statement of facts in bold and aggressive language. The "criminal rich" are denounced in no uncertain terms, and congress is urged to pass laws to meet new conditions. It is a plea for honest methods and will be approved by the people as a whole.

Charles M. Schwab, the steel master says: Put the girls in the kitchen. Teach them housewifery Take women out of shops, stores, business offices; out of studios colleges, laboratories and music schools Let them work as domestic servants. There is no field that offers better opportunities of success for women than that of domestic service. The domestic life is the only life that gives her a chance to develope her best Every woman who is obliged to earn her own living should seek a position as servant in some household. There is no disgrace in being a servant. It is the proudest position anyone can occupy. No matter how clever a woman is, she should be proud to fill such a position. The only education that counts for women is education in domestic science. No woman can be truly called educated who does not know how to keep house. It is five hundred times more important that a girl be taught to cook, mend, wash dishes and darn socks than that she study Greek, Latin, literature and music. If women only realized it, such accomplishments do not win the admiration of man.

The Right to Earn a Living.

The narrow margin on which thousands of workers in this country live is painfully illustrated by the conditions existing today in many of the large cities. Times are not hard; recovery from panic is progressing rapidly; the general average of comfort has not decreased materially. Yet in these cities there are thousands of unemployed laborers whose condition is pitiful indeed, says the Duluth Herald. It is true that in the mass of honest seekers for work they cannot find, there are many idle loafers so low that they are glad to become parasites on the bounty of those who sympathize with the hard lot of men who want work and can't find it; yet the existence of a large body of unemployed workers is beyond the question. This has come about in a very short time. Only a few months ago, there was ample employement at good wages everywhere. Now employement, especially for common labor, does not equal the demand for jobs.

The other day many of these miserables in Chicago inspired with some hope by those who said the city ought to give them employement, got together to march to the city hall. The procession appears to have been very peaceable; men seeking a favor, if it is a favor to be given right to earn an honest living, are not likely to be turbulent. But the police banded together, clubbed the marchers, broke up the formation of the line, and arrested some of the leaders for "inciting a riot!"

Society owes men out of work something better than a clubbing and a denial of right of peaceful assemblage. It owes them jobs; owes them not charity, but the right to work for an honest day's wage. It will owe them this so long as there is more than enough in society's hands to go around.

Society may say that it is not its fault, that it is the fault of the men for being mere laborers, and for congregating in the cities. which are the worst possible places for them. Yet somebody must labor; somebody must dig ditches and grade railroads and sweep streets. Society's duty is not to bow down before those who are able to hold their own and to get a thousand times more than their share, but to protect thos whose fate it is to depend upon crude labor for their bare existence.

If society were a tangible entity; if it were a largehearted, broadvisioned individual, it could not look complacently upon those swarming masses of hungry men in the cities, and then upon the broad areas of vacant land needing only human labor to make it fruitful, without a pang. In Chicago, in New York in other large centers, human brawn is rusting in idleness and wasting in hunger; while out of the cities, in Minnesota, in the south, in many places, are thousands upon thousands of vacant acres calling for men to make them yield wealth. It is somebody's duty to put these idle, hungry men where they can be busy, well-fed and useful. Whose duty is it?

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

Farm Business.

The average farmer has as large an investment as the average merchant, yet the average farmer does not keep accounts. To be sure, he does not do business with as many people as does the merchant. Yet he does business with several animals, machines and crops, any one of which is liable to get the best of him if he hasn't some way to check up with it.

Merchants hesitate sometimes about trusting their customers for large amounts. Many farmers turn over to a cow "on tick" twenty to thirty dollars worth of feed and ten to twenty dollars worth of labor each year with nothing to show for it but the cow. Some cows never pay up but have a standing account getting larger every year, and the longer you keep them the more they owe you. Some cows pay every cent and then throw in a nice bunch for profit. Which kind of cows are you keeping? It is easy to find. You will hear about it at the Farmers Institute held here on Friday, Feb. 28.

The speakers coming here are practical and succesful farmers who, like you, are too busy to keep books, yet they will show how many valuable facts may be known by a farmer regarding the various enterprises of the farm, by just a few figures. Bring your boy or girl or your wife along, they will catch on in a minute.

Wounded by Highwaymen.

A. F. Peterson of Minneapolis was shot by highwaymen while on his way home. The bullet struck his forearm, breaking one of the bones. He was taken to the city hospital. Peterson was accosted by two men who commanded him to throw up his arms. Peterson obeyed and as the thieves were approaching to search him one of them shot, probably accidentally. The bullet hit the victim's upraised arm. The thugs ran and were followed by a patrolman who was attracted by the noise of the revolver. The policeman fired several shots at the fugitives, who escaped.

Suspended Banks to Reopen.

The State Bank of St. Paul, which failed recently, will, it is said, reopen its doors for business Monday, Feb. 10. This information was conveyed to Public Examiner Schaffer and he says he has every reason to believe it will be done. The bank, together with its savings department, is still in the process of reorganization and so far everything has progressed satisfactorily.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 3.—Wheat—May, $1.04⅝; July, $1.04⅜@1.04⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.04⅜.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$4.00@4.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.10; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 3.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.02¾; May, $1.04¾; July, $1.05¼. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.02¾; No. 2 Northern, 93¾c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.17; May, $1.18¼; July, $1.20¾.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@6.15; cows and heifers, $1.70@4.60; Texans, $3.30@4.40; calves, $5.00@7.00; Western cattle, $3.70@4.[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.60. Hogs—Light, $4.10@4.40; mixed, $4.15@4.50; heavy, $4.15@4.50; rough, $4.15@4.25; pigs, $3.50@4.20. Sheep, $[illegible]@5.60; yearlings, $4.60@5.60; lambs, $5.00@7.15.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Wheat—May, [illegible] July, [illegible] Sept. [illegible] Corn—May, 59⅜@59½c; July, [illegible] Sept., 5[illegible]c. Oats—May, old, [illegible] May, 49⅛c; July, old, 44⅝c; [illegible] 43⅛c; Sept., 37⅛c. Pork—May, $12.01; July, $12.23. Butter—Creameries, 23@29½c; dairies, 20@24½c. Eggs—21@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 12c; springs, 10c.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CORONATION OF KING GUSTAF

His Determination to Limit the Festivities of the Occasion Meets General Approval.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Considerable apprehension has been aroused in the southern part of the country regarding the failure of Robert Dickson. It appears that Mr Dickson's affairs in Skane are in a deplorable state. According to the reports of the men that have been examining the books of the Dickson affairs, they are in an exceedingly complicated condition, and it is impossible to make an accurate statement as to his assets and liabilities. It is certain, however, that the liabilities will not be less than 7,000,000 crowns. One reason for the downfall of Mr. Dickson is his willingness to help others by going security for them. The liabilities he thus incurred foot up to several hundred thousand crowns.

King Gustaf's decision to "limit" the coronation festivities has met with such general approval that he has already become quite popular among the masses, who seemed to think that it was just the thing. The new king has also declared that he is not anxious to have an increase in the royal apanages for his sons, stating that they can get along on what income they have now. He has emphatically stated that it is his desire to conduct an exceedingly economic administration and that he would like to abandon many royal European customs were he in a position to do so. Naturally the Swedish people are thus far delighted with their new king.

Herman F. L. Lagerkrantz, Swedish envoy to Washington, D. C., has been recalled by the Swedish government and transferred to Copenhagen. As Minister Lagerkrantz paid an extensive visit to the northwest last year many of his friends are wondering what the primary cause of his removal from Washington was. A great many believe that King Oscar's death had a great deal to do with it and that the new king wanted another man at Washington. Mr. Lagerkrantz's successor has not been named as yet.

The well known sportsman, Dr. Carl Smitt, also known as an enthusiastic autoist, left for Marseilles, France, the other day, from whence he will continue the journey to Egypt. Mr. Smitt has brought his automobile with him and plans to make an extensive auto tour in Egypt during the next five or six months. A great many of the doctor's friends are afraid, however, that the trip may prove an exceedingly adventuresome one.

Is Swedish emigration abating? Is a question that is being frequently asked in Sweden at present. Judging from latest reports it is. During the month of December only twenty-seven persons emigrated to foreign countries from Sweden. It is noteworthy, however, that among the twenty-seven there were ten persons who went back to America after residing in Sweden only about two years.

The Swedish government has officially accepted the invitation of the United States to take part in the international congress of fishing industries in Washington next September. The experts who are at present in St Petersburg arranging for the Swedish exhibit at the sport and fishing exhibition there will be sent to America.

Dr. Gustaf F. Giljam, for a number of years chief of the ecclesiastical department and a representative in the first chamber of the Swedish riksdag, died at his home in Stockholm a week ago last Tuesday. Dr. Giljam was a close personal friend of the late King Oscar and was for years one of his trusted advisors.

W. H. Robertson, the newly appointed American consul in Gothenburg, arrived there Jan. 1 and immediately assumed his duties. He is temporarily located at Hotel Eggers.

The finances of the city of Stockholm are at present in excellent condition. At the close of the fiscal year there was a surplus of 9,880,620 crowns in the treasury.

The youngest mayor in Sweden is Magnus Spolm, who is only twenty-eight years old. It is an unusual thing in Sweden for a young man to be appointed to office.

Former Minister Trolle has introduced a bill in the riksdag calling for 42,000 crowns to cover the expenses of the Swedish consulate in New York

The mayor's salary in Gothenburg has been raised from 10,000 to 12,000 crowns a year.

NORWAY.

Christiana.

Michael Alger, the Christiania correspondent, in speaking of Norway's South American trade says: "It was but a short time ago that a new line of direct steamers between Norway and ports in the Gulf of Mexico began operations. The boats on this line seem to have [illegible] both ways already. [illegible] Norwegian [illegible] between [illegible] and Argentina [illegible] two companies have recently been organized with the double purpose of placing Norwegian goods on the Argentine market, and importing such leading products of that country as flour and hides They claim that Argentine imports much that Norway produces, such as fish and fishery products, wood pulp paper, etc., and they are trying to get their share of this trade. To make the enterprise effective a direct line of steamers is contemplated, and will undoubtedly become a reality before long. Many of the above-named products now imported by Argentine are claimed to be of Norwegian origin, sold there through German jobbers. Such imports amount to several million dollars annually, and it is the aim of the men at the head of this new Argentine trade movement to leave out the foreign middlemen and reserve what profit there is in the deal for Norway and Norwegian merchants Other articles which Norway expects to sell to Argentina are matches, box shooks, doors, window frames, ready built wooden houses and other products of the forest."

A most singular and uncanny occurrence is reported from Moss, a little town near Christiania, and Norwegian newspaper writers have, in vain endeavored to explain. The occurrence which is peculiar in its character to say the least, was the following: At Moss, a small town south of Christiania, lives a family who, among several other pieces of furniture, has an old clock, whose functions as a timekeeper ceased years ago. Out of respect for services it once had rendered it was permitted to hang on the wall though no longer useful. Below this ancient timepiece hung a photograph of the late King Oscar of Sweden which he himself had presented to the lady of the house and with whom he was well acquainted. As will be remembered it was a Sunday morning that King Oscar died. On that particular morning when the Moss family was gathered around the breakfast table, the old clock on the wall, which had been out of running condition for years, began to strike. While they all were very much surprised at the unexplainable occurrence, they become still more so when later in the day they learned that King Oscar had died just about when the old clock, over his highly treasured picture, had so unexpectedly struck.

Just at present Christiania, which is the center of interest in theatrical circles at present, is having some trouble in selecting a new chief of the National theater. This has not been accomplished yet. Among the few applicants who have come forward is Johan Fahlstrom. He has been running a theater of his own for some time and therefore his application has been given serious consideration. He is on the best terms with his colleagues and they all favor him. It is quite possible that he will be the man selected.

The question of how to preserve the three ancient viking ships, which have been unearthed at different times and which are the property of the University of Christiania, has long been discussed and it is now said that a plan proposed by an architect of Holland, is likely to be adopted. This is to place them in a large subterranean hall to be constructed in the hill near the royal palace. A Norwegian firm in London has guaranteed to pay one tenth of the cost if the plan is adopted by the authorities.

During the period of 1905-1906 there emigrated 165,206 persons from Norway. In 1906 the number of emigrants were as follows: To the United States, 20,449; to Canada, 1,476, and to Asia, Australia and Africa together, only twenty-eight. Thus it will be seen, in comparison with former years, that Norway's emigration is on the decline.

In 1905, 1,183 persons met death by accident, of which 753 succumbed by drowning, twenty-two persons were killed or murdered, of which nine were children less than twenty-four hours old; 144 committed suicide, eighty-two died by hanging, twenty-five by drowning, fifteen by stabbing, and a like number by shooting.

Little Prince Olaf is an enthusiast on skeeing. Several times this season the little fellow has appeared on the famous "Holmenkollen" and there is always a crowd there to admire the plucky little prince.

Norway's population at the end of 1906 was 2,321,68. Christiania is now estimated to have 233,000 inhabitants

In 1906, 208 couples were divorced, of which eighty-one came from Christiania.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A recent dispatch to the "Politiken" (Copenhagen) contains the startling information that the czar of Russia has decided on the partition of Finland, adding to Russia the district of Viborg, which formerly was a part of the empire, and sending an army corps to the grand duchy of Finland to overcome any protest. The plan, according to the report, would involve the retirement of Nicholas Gerhard, the governor general of Finland, and the appointment of General Von Boeckmann, the former aide of Count Bobrikoff, the governor general of Finland who was assassinated in [illegible]

The body of Holgar Drachmann, the great Danish poet, who died Jan. 15, was cremated according to terms of stipulation in his will. The ashes were carried in ceremonial procession through the streets of Copenhagen followed by thousands of people, then were taken to the harbor and placed on a steamer which conveyed them to Skagen, on the northern extremity of Jutland, where Drachmann had his favorite summer residence. His tomb will be built on a sandy hill overlooking the North sea.

MARION & NORELIUS.

DIES TO SAVE OTHERS

Heroic Deed of Itasca County Boy Costs Him His Life.

HOME DESTROYED BY FIRE

Rescues His Younger Brother and Sister but Is Overcome by Smoke and Cremated.

Clifford Cook, a farmer's son, gave his life in the rescue of his little brother and sister from a fire that destroyed their farm home near Northome, Itasca county.

Awakened by the heat and noise of the flames and the suffocating smoke the lad, with thought only for the others in the home, dashed to the bed of the children, who a few moments later would have perished. Seizing the little ones he groped his way to a window and dropped his precious burden to the ground. But it was too late for him to make the leap to safety. Or perhaps he had turned back again in an attempt to save his parents. He was overcome and was cremated.

Mrs. Cook jumped from the window of the upper floor and was badly cut by glass about the face, hands and limbs.

Mr. Cook attempted to enter the building and was terribly burned about the face and hands. Both parents are in a precarious condition.

The two youngest children, who were thrown out of the window by their brother, were only slightly injured.

Mr. Cook is manager at Northome for the Stone-Cook Lumber company. His farm is a mile from Northome.

STRANGE SCENE IN COURT

Minneapolis Chinaman Refuses to Take Blood Oath.

Cringing in terror Tom Lee stood in the basement in the city hall at Minneapolis and flatly refused either to take the blood oath or make the sacrifice of the chicken as a witness in the case of Jim Mar against the Quong Quan Lee Long Keo company in the municipal court. At the same time he denied the oath was binding to any Chinese.

The refusal of the witness to take the oath came as the climax to a sensational court session before Judge C. L. Smith, in which there were frequent accusations that the interpreters were not translating truthfully. Then Judge Smith ordered Tom Lee to take the blood oath, or the Confucius oath, as it is called in China.

At the conclusion of arguments and testimony introduced to show that the Confucius oath was the only binding one for a Chinaman Judge Smith ordered the clerk to take the witness from the room and swear him over the blood of the chicken. The birds were in the basement, but the Chinaman refused to carry out his part of the programme.

Judge Smith immediately remanded the witness to the custody of a court officer, saying he was satisfied that the oath commonly administered in police court was not binding to the witness.

Judge Smith later reversed his own decision and decided the blood oath was not necessary.

FIVE PERSONS INJURED.

Collision of Trains on Minneapolis and St. Louis Road.

A rear end collision occurred in the Minneapolis and St. Louis yards at Waterville betwen the Twin City local and the North Star limited and five persons were seriously injured.

The first train, which was behind time, stopped to fix a hot box and the second train, running on time, crashed into it. The rear coach of the first train and the engine of the second were heavily damaged, but the track was soon cleared and the trains went on except one sleeper, which had to be sidetracked.

JOHN A. LOVELY DEAD.

Former Associate Justice of Supreme Court Passes Away.

After a struggle of many months Hon. John A. Lovely, formerly a member of the supreme court of the state, passed quietly away at his home in Albert Lea, surrounded by his wife, son, daughter and near friends. Judge Lovely was sixty-four years old on Nov. 18 last and had resided in Albert Lea since 1867, except during the time he was in St. Paul serving as an associate justice of the supreme court.

Woman Burned to Death.

Mrs. Alfred Jance of Fisher is dead at that place as the result of burns received in her home there. Mrs. Jance was attempting to make the soft coal fire in her kitchen stove burn better and poured kerosene on the smouldering fire. She was instantly enveloped in flames which came from the explosion of the kerosene gas and the coal gas mixing.

Centenarians Called by Death.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Zeitlik, the two oldest residents of Marshall county, are dead at Warren. They were born in Bohemia and came to this country years ago, being the first settlers in the town of Tabor, Marshall county. Mr. Zeitlik was 102 years old and Mrs. Zeitlik was 105. They had been married seventy-nine years.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Fresh honey for sale at O. Tessum's store.

Dr. Dunlap was up from Crookston last Saturday.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

C. J. Knox was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last week.

Seed oats and seed flax for sale at the Red Lake Falls elevator.

Walter Rosenberry was down to Minneapolis last week.

Farm for rent four miles west of town, see Hager, the land man.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

County Supt. of schools McAnulty was in the city last Saturday.

Mrs. Kretzschmar was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

The News is always glad to publish items of interest. Call up No. 14.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Spanking good driving team for sale, or will trade for cows, see Hager the land man.

Wallace Nichols was over in North Dakota last week selling lumber to the trade.

Attorney Mabey spent last Friday evening in Crookston attending to business matters.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Amund Johnson, of Germantown, was in the city last Friday and made this office a pleasant call.

Elias Angell and Miss Hilda Furrnes, both popular young people of this city, were married last week.

Miss Marie Arneson, who had been visiting friends at Stillwater for several weeks, returned to this city last Saturday.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

School examinations were held in this city last Friday and Saturday. About 25 took the examinations on Friday and over 50 on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. O'Neil returned to this city last Saturday from a visit with old friends in Wisconsin and Central Minnesota points.

B. Henry Costello and his nephew, Charles Costello, were in the city from Hilda last week. The latter filed upon a claim in the town of Deer Park.

Canadians are paying 30 cents a bushel duty on barley to get it into this country. To that extent our farmers are better off than our neighbors this year at least.

Arrangements are being made by Grand Forks Norwegians for the greatest celebration of May 17 ever held there. As the 17th is Sunday the program will be carried out on the 18th.

A brand new baby boy arrived at the home of Swan Johnson of Rocksbury last week. This makes twelve at the Johnson home but the little one was welcome just the same.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Feb. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Jacob Steenes, of Hendrum, recently shipped 2,070 lbs. of rye grass seed to seed house at Faribault, Minn., and sold it for 7 cents per pound—a total of $145. He had four acres of it and still has 20 bushels of seed left. The grass resembles brome grass.

The bazaar to be given by the young peoples society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church in the Mammoth building on the week commencing on February 10th and ending on the 15th, promises to be the biggest affair of its kind ever before attempted in Thief River Falls. Elaborate preparations are now being made. The proceeds are to be used to purchase a $1,500 pipe organ for the church.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

The fifteen creameries in Norman county paid to patrons an average of about $10,500 each during 1907, making a total our farmers received from this sourse of about $157,500.

—I will rent out my farm in town of March Grove, 160 acres, 50 acres under cultivation, good hay land, three miles *from City of New Folden. Write or* call, good conditions. Herman Hanson, Thief River Falls, Minn. Box 389.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Zejkdlik, of town of Tabor, Polk Co., passed away on succeeding days last week, at a ripe age, both having passed the century mark. The wife died on Tuesday, her age being 105 years, and on Wednesnay her faithful husband rejoined her on the other shore, his age being 102 years.

At a meeting of the commercial club last Wednesday night it was decided to properly celebrate the birthday of the St. Hilaire creamery by having a big farmers meeting on Friday, Feb. 21st Messrs. Austin, Martz and Nelson were appointed as a committee of arrangements. Further particulars will be given later.

Little Ellen, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kehoe of Middle River, died Tuesday morning at the home of her parents of scarlet fever and the remains were brought here over land the same day for burial. The bereaved parents have the heartfelt sympathy of all friends in time of their sorrow.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Charles Alexander came down from the Red Lake country last week where he is employed by the Thief River Falls Lumber company in looking after their log scale. Mr. Alexander says that the Thief River Falls Lumber company is getting a big cut of logs this winter and that in the neighborhood of 10,000,000 more than can possible be sawed this summer is being cut.

H. K. Rude, et al, has brought suit against the Crookston Lumber Co. a Wisconsin corporation, in the sum of $370.46 for damages accrued by virtue of the said Crookston Lumber Co, having dammed up the Clearwater river, causing the said Clearwater river to overflow its banks and destroy the growing crops on their farms during the years 1905 and 1906.

The almost wholesale slaughter of cattle in this and other states on account of tuberculosis infection is causing considerable investigation in some sections. It is the general belief that such an extensive slaughter of animals is unnecessary. In New York state the farmers, granges are taking up the matter and by resolutions are demanding more thorough examination of the cattle.

As a result of process of careful selection and breeding, the Maine experiment station has succeeded in producing a flock of hens that have egg records of 240 a year. In view of the fact that the average egg production of the country as a whole is only about 50 eggs per hen, the above record is a remarkable one. The nearer one can approach such record with his flock of poultry the larger margin of profit will he find therein.

The citizens of Detroit are going to try a plan that should result in a great deal of good. They have arranged a "parents day" at the public school. During the day special arrangements will be made for the parents to visit the school and examine the work of the scholars and in the evening a program will be given which will be participated in by prominent citizens of the town. Occasions of this kind should serve to strengthen the bond between the citizens of a community and its greatest public enterprise—the public school.

A "circuit" meeting composed of ministers and delegates from neighboring congregations, will be held at the Synod church of Warren, Minn., from Feb. 11 to 13th inclusive. The subject which has been chosen for consideration and discussion at the meeting is "The Glorious Estate of the Christian," based upon 1 Peter 2 9-10. The discussion will be led by Rev. J. T. Aastad, of Thief River Falls. The meeting will open on Tuesday, the 11th, with service in the Scandinavian language, which will be conducted by Rev. H. B. [illegible], of [illegible], Minn. On the 12th at 7:30 p. m., English services will be held, and will be conducted by Rev. O. G. Jucel, of Elbow Lake, Minn.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Ed G. Holm was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Eddie Hermanson returned to this city from Minneapolis Monday morning.

Peter O'Toole came over from Durbin, N. D., the first of the week to visit with friends here.

There will be a grand masked carnival at the ice rink on Monday evening, Feb. 10th. Good music.

K O. Jevne, of Strathcona, was in the city the first of the week, attending to business matters.

A. N. K. Anderson, of the town of Sanders was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

James Wilson was over from Reynolds, the first of the week visiting his daughter, Mrs. S. W. Bagley.

Charles N. Bourd of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday, being enroute Waubon where he has a bank.

Misses Lillian Buse and Mollie Allard, of Red Lake Falls, visited friends in the city the first of the week.

Don't fail to attend the grand masked carnival at the ice rink on next Monday evening. Good music and a good time far all.

O. N. Olson was over to Grand Forks the first of the week to attend the convention of the farm implement dealers of the Northwest.

John Moe, of Sandridge, who has been at the hospital here receiving medical treatment, is greatly improved in health and will be able to return to his home in a few days.

The Ideal Restaurant opened up for business Monday morning. It is the neatest and best restaurant ever opened in the city and deserves to receive a liberal patronage.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet with Mrs. Gilbert Granum on Thursday, February 13. All are cordially invited.

John O. C. Carlson, of Plummer, was married to Miss Hilda Norby of this city Tuesday afternoon by the Rev. J. T. Aastad. They will make their future home at Plummer.

Pete Engelstad was up to Strip and Stone last week in the interest of the Thief River Falls creamery. Stations are to be established at both of these places. A. Carlson is the agent at Strip and O. B. Hall at Stone. The Strip station will commence in a few weeks.

W. J. LaBree this week circulated a petition among the business men of the city to raise some funds to send to Frank Jeffers who is in a hospital at Blackduck. It is reported that Mr. Jeffers is getting along nicely and that he will be able to leave the hospital in a few days.

At the butter makers contest held at the Minnesota State Dairymen's convention at Northfield January 22, the highest award went to Charles Mickelson of the New London creamery. C. Johnson, of the Thief River Falls creamery, served 91½ points, as did also George Austin, of the St. Hilaire creamery.

D. B. Barber, formerly of this city, has removed from Kalispell, Mont., to Minneapolis. The Northwestern Lumber company with which Mr. Barber, the Wintons and Dobners are connected has opened up an office in Minneapolis for the sale of lumber. C. L. Dobner is now in charge of all of the company's interest in the state of Montana.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire was in the city Tuesday. The law creating the office of county superintendent of highways has been declared illegal owing to a mistake of a minor clerk, and Mr. Martz who has filled this petition finds that he is out of a job. He recently invested a considerable sum in new instruments in order to comply with the requirements of law.

Sunday was ground hog day, and unless the animal is as blind as a bat he saw his shadow. This means he will return to his winter quarters and will remain there for six weeks longer or in other words six more weeks of winter are at hand. As there has been but one week so far, the fact that there will be but six weeks more will cause no alarm, as six weeks is really needed to kill any germs that might be afloat. Here is hoping that the ground hog gets the rest which has been denied him during the winter weeks to which they were really entitled.

The Olivia Times tells of a young man by the name of George P. Waceck who has secured a patent on a new traction engine which will take the place of horses in many instances and can be put to innumerable uses, such as seeding, harrowing, plowing, etc. In harvesting any make of harvester may be used by removing the drive wheel, off pole and grain wheel, and attaching to engine by means of four bolts. All this work one man can do. The engine by means of a belt can run a threshing machine or a churn, feed grinder, etc. In hauling loads it can outdo the work of horses, making better time, and carrying heavier load, inasmuch as one load can be carried on the machine and the other drawn behind it. It is especially adapted to soft fields, which have been the bane of all traction engine designers. Any kind of power may be used, including gasoline, steam or electricity.

SANDRIDGE CREAMERY.

New Institution to the North Of Us Makes Good Showing.

Annual Meeting Held Recently and Officers Are Elected.

The first annual meeting of the Farmer's Co-operative Creamery company, of Sandridge, Minn., was held at the creamery Saturday January 26th. The meeting was well attended, about 50 members being present, all seemed well satisfied with the business done since beginning July 15th, it was decided to raise the creamery shares five dollars per share from and after July 15, 1908.

The following is a list of officers elected for the ensuing year. President; Charles Larson, Vice President; A. Bjork; Secretary, John A. Sorum; Treasurer, C. H. Gunheim; Directors, G. Hoffman; Theo. Sorum; N. A. Fosen; R. L. Olson and P. G. Sorter.

Annual Statement:

Total cream received, 103,063 pounds.

Total Butterfat received, 26,330 pounds

Total Butter churned, 29,710 pounds.

Average test, 25.39 pounds, over run, 11.34 pounds.

Average price paid for Butterfat, 24.37cents.

Gross receipt for butter, $8,017.69.

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid freight and commission	$831.72
Paid patrons,	$6,417.69
Paid expense fund,	760.02
Balance,	$8.26.
	$8017.69.

The four drawing the largest amount for season are, Otto Johnson $184.31; H. M. Olson, $155.89; T. O. Dovre, $144.97; Theo. Sorum, $142.09.

F. Steinhaur, drawing the largest check for one month, $34.61.

John A. Sorum,
Secretary.

MARRIED MONDAY.

Miss Lucy McAnders Married to Mr. George C. Hunt.

Miss Luzy L. McAnders, of this city, and Mr. George C. Hunt, of Fargo, N. D., were united in marriage at St. Bernard's church Monday morning at 9 o'clock, by the Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingmann. The marriage ceremony was witnessed by a number of friends and relatives a wedding dinner was served at the home of the brides parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. McAnders at one o'clock. The bride has been a resident of this city for about a year, and during her stay here has made many friends. The groom is a popular young man of Fargo. Mr. and Mrs. Hunt left Monday evening over the Great Northern for a short wedding trip and will make their future home at Muskegon, Mich., where the groom will engage in business.

BADLY INJURED.

Grygla Man Had His Skull Crushed—Was Hit by a Board.

While at work in a portable saw mill up near Malcom postoffice, Knut Soele, of Grygla, was hit in the head by a board and sustained an injury that may cost him his life. The board hit him square in the forehead crushing his skull and exposing his brain. The accident happened last Wednesday and Dr. Heiber went up there on Thursday and brought the injured man to this city Friday evening. He is now at the hospital and is resting nicely. Dr. Heiber says that he has a fair chance of recovering.

Killed a Wolf.

The Middle River Pioneer has the following exciting account of a captured wolf:

Ole Winson tells us a wolf story: It seems his boys had some traps set and when Ole arrived home after dark one night last week, they heard a noise in the direction of the traps. Ole took a lantern and a gun and started. He found a sure enough wolf in the trap. He set the lantern down and blazed away. The wolf made into a brush heap and stuck his head down in the snow. Ole snapped the gun to find there was no more cartridges in it and the only thing was to kill the wolf with a club. He threw the gun down and grabbed a piece of a limb and went at the wolf with all his might. He said he had to pound the brush pile into kindling wood before he could hit the wolf, but he finally killed him and looked for his trap, which he supposed to find fast to one of the wolf's feet; but lo, and behold, there was no trap on the wolf anywhere. After searching for quite a while in the snow, he found the remains of the trap which was struck by his shot and broken all to pieces. If the cowardly wolf had been a fighter, he would have discovered that he was free, and would thus have saved his life. "Never say die," until you are down and out.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE TO BE HELD HERE.

Friday, the 28th Day of February the Date That Has Been Selected.

Every Farmer Living in the Vicinity of Thief River Falls Should Be Present.

There will be a session of the Minnesota Farmers' Institute at Thief River Falls, on Friday, Feb. 28.

The Farmers' Institute is the traveling school of agriculture for the farmers of Minnesota. The Institutes have been in operation for twenty years and the work is well known over the entire state. The instructors employed are practical farmers who have made a success of their special lines of farming, and who have the ability to go on the platform and tell other farmers how they have gone about their work. They are all men who have learned their work through their own experience and observation, and our farmers should not miss hearing them and getting from them all the information they can.

Farmers' Institute Annual No. 20 will be distributed at the close of the morning session of the Institute. This is a new book containing over 300 pages of the best farm reading, and every farm home should have a copy of it.

There will be two sessions of the Institute, one at 10 a. m. and the other at 1:30 p. m. The meetings are always started sharp on time, whether there be only one man in the hall or two hundred. Those who come late are sure to miss something good. Be on time for hot sessions, stay till the close, and then say if it has not been worth a whole lot more trouble than it has taken to attend.

It is not intended that these meetings shall be for the benefit of the men only. The women and young people will always be interested in what is being done. They are often the ones who are more apt to take hold of the improved methods that are advocated and so lead the way for the men of the family.

For the benefit of these who cannot get up in the meeting and ask questions a box is always placed on the platform into which questions can be dropped concerning matters that are of interest. This question box is opened during the afternoon session, and the answers to the questions are very often a most interesting part of the session.

There will be no regular program, *only such topics as are of interest to our* locality will be discussed, and these will be taken up at such times during the day as are most convenient. Be on hand from beginning to end, so that nothing will be missed.

Bring your note book and pencil with you. Many of the points given by the speakers should be put down so that they will not be forgotten. The charts and diagrams hung on the walls are worth making sketches and notes of.

A Change Is Made

Tom Hovet, manager of the Finch-Winslow-Carlise wholesale house in this city, has resigned his position with the company in this city, and accepted a position as traveling salesman for a Duluth house. Mr. Hovet's family will continue to reside in this city and his territory will cover this section of the state. N. F. Saxton is to be the new manager of the wholesale house here. He has been in the employ of the Finch-Winslow-Carlise company for a number of years and is well known in this city.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls Minn. for the week ending Jan. 25 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Halvor
Bakke, Mrs. Jako
Dahl, Miss Sadie
Hanson, Miss Clara
Krbeck, John
Monson, Lewis
Olson, Alma
Olson, Elmer
Von Lirk, W. C.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

A VALID OBJECTION.

Young Sheridan's Ready Wit Saved Him a Birching.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan early evinced a genius for getting something for nothing and, seeing the door of the refectory had inadvertently been left unlocked, peeped in and saw a huge basket of grapes freshly gathered from the orchard.

Stealthily closing the door and approaching the grapes, he thus addressed them: "I publish the banns of marriage between Richard Brinsley Sheridan and these grapes. Is there any one to forbid the banns?" And, having no reply to his query, he proceeded to fill his breadbasket from the other basket with great gusto. But retribution was to follow, for on the class being reassembled the master called upon Richard Brinsley Sheridan to stand forth and joined with his name the ominous name of Walker, who was the dunce of the school and selected from his weight and size to mount the culprit upon his shoulders in order that the master might get a firm surface upon which to use the birch with effect.

Sheridan being duly mounted and appropriately denuded of superfluous raiment, the master thus addressed him: "I publish the banns of marriage between Richard Brinsley Sheridan and this birch. Is there any just cause or impediment why these two parties should not be joined in holy matrimony?"

"Hold!" yelled Sheridan.

"Well?" said the master.

To which Sheridan said, "Why, sir, the parties are not agreed!"

This being not only witty, but apt, as being a valid objection in point of law, Sheridan was requested to retire and restore himself to his former habiliments amid the uncontrollable laughter of all concerned, including the head master.—Exchange.

THE LAND OF OPHIR.

Where Was It—In Mashonaland, South Arabia or India?

One of the most interesting and important questions concerning Biblical sites perpetually invites research and persistently evades solution. "Where is the land of Ophir?" Dr. Karl Peters at a public meeting in Berlin declared emphatically that this famous Biblical region is located between the Zambezi and Limpopo rivers. He told his German audience how he has discovered many shafts of ancient gold mines, 500 temples, fortifications and other ruins of Phoenician origin. Dr. Peters affirms that coins unearthed in Mashonaland belong undoubtedly to the time of King Solomon. His opinion is that no other part of Africa could have exported the ivory, silver and precious stones which are recorded in the Bible as coming from Ophir.

Against this theory, founded as it undoubtedly is on very plausible evidence, Bible students are still likely to maintain, on the testimony of Genesis x, 29, that Ophir was a section of South Arabia. Here down to the time of Ezekiel the Phoenicians still landed to procure gold and gems with which those famous sailors and merchants of the ancient world traded in many countries distant from their Syrian shores.

Many erudite writers have attempted to identify Sofala, on the east coast of Africa, with Ophir, while yet others have located it in India. One of the most learned essays written on the subject is from the pen of Professor Hommel, who argued that the ancient land of gold was Arabia Felix.—Homiletic Review.

A Man to Be Envied.

"Do you know," remarked a visitor to a Broadway hostelry, "I'm always inclined to envy the clerk in a hotel like this. He is always well groomed and smiling, has a wider acquaintance among the wealthy or well to do than I can ever hope to have and is always so aggressively at peace with the world and himself; also he wears, more often than not, a diamond scarfpin or ring which is certainly beyond me. It's a pretty comfortable berth."

Several hours later the hotel clerk reached for his coat and hat. As he left the office he turned to a comrade:

"Say, Ned, can you let me have $10 till the first? Rent due at home tomorrow, and I'm shy. Doctor's bills hit me pretty hard this month, and I don't want to lie awake tonight if I can help it."—New York Globe.

Her Poor Memory.

A woman who belonged to an ancient but penniless family married a rich plebeian, but she never forgot the misalliance nor allowed any one else to do so. One day, attended by a servant, she went into a store and gave an order.

"And where shall I send it, madam?" said the shopkeeper.

"Jean," said the woman, turning to her servant, "tell the man your master's name. I never can remember it."

The Average Man.

"Pa, what's an average man?"

"One who has a sneaking suspicion that he has qualities which make him superior to anybody else."—Chicago Tribune.

Would Get Copyright Fee.

"What can I do for you, sir?"

"Well, you see, parson, there's a girl with me that I'd like to get copyrighted in my own name."—New York Press.

To Catch the Train.

A physician says early rising is an error. More frequently it is a necessity.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Receiving a new truth is adding a new sense.—Liebig.

INSULTS TO ROYALTY.

Some of the Things That Constitute Leze Majesty In England.

Many people think that leze majesty—giving insult to royalty—is not a crime in Great Britain. The English statute books, however, contain many penalties for such offenses.

Placing a postage stamp on a letter upside down is a punishable offense, as is also the defacement of a coin bearing the royal image. This is insulting the king's effigy.

Private individuals may not raise the royal standard over their dwellings. This is the emblem of the regal authority to be displayed only where the king is present.

While an agitator may talk against royalty in the abstract as much as he chooses, contemptuous or insulting personal references to the reigning sovereign opens the offender to a heavy fine and imprisonment.

The slightest slap upon the face of the king or queen—or any other part of the anatomy, for that matter—is punishable with the death penalty. In the reign of Queen Victoria a Lieutenant Page struck her across the face with his cane. He was sentenced to death, but the queen commuted his sentence.

It is likewise a crime to bring the uniform of the sovereign into contempt. To garb a low comedian or a villain of the stage in a discarded uniform of the army or the navy is sufficient to bring heavy censure from the government. For this reason theatrical managers usually see to it that the uniforms worn are not exactly copies of the real things.

ARTIFICIAL LIGHT.

The Most Brilliant Illumination Is Not Always the Best.

A writer in an engineering magazine offers some disconcerting information on the subject of illumination, disconcerting because the reader will probably find that he has been, innocently enough, following a course of procedure there described as injurious. For instance, in the case of eye strain he may have felt that even the dim light by which he worked was too strong, and so turned down the light, thus increasing the difficulty, or, what is more likely to be the case, when the strain has been caused by too brilliant illumination he fancies that what is needed is stronger light and so increases it.

Overstrain from too bright a light is said to manifest itself by an itching sensation in the eyeballs, with the tendency to rub the eyes for relief. The proper course, then, is to see that the light is more perfectly diffused or softened and that it falls in the right direction. After these precautions have been taken it is worth while to try a smaller quantity of light, this trial to continue long enough in time for the eyes to become fully adjusted to the change. The value of illumination is not to be judged by the apparent brightness of the lights when looked at directly—the brighter the light the better—but by the effect on the object to be looked at, and the most desirable effect, so far as the eyes are concerned, is not always produced by the most brilliant lights.—Indianapolis Star.

Set the Pace.

Young Mabel had a habit when soup was served at the table of mushing her crackers or bread in it until it was a great mess. Her mother made many efforts to have her correct this strictly primeval habit.

One day there was to be company at the table, and the mother said:

"Now, Mabel, Mrs. Brown is to dine with us tonight, and I want you to act at the table just as nicely as she does. Please don't 'mush' your soup."

Mabel promised faithfully to follow the example set by Mrs. Brown, and the dinner opened with every promise of a fine time. However, Mabel was using a pair of very sharp eyes on Mrs. Brown and in an instant blurted forth at the top of her voice:

"Oh, mamma, Mrs. Brown is 'mushing!' May I?"

Had Tried Electricity.

A benevolent gentleman attempted to converse with the motherly old lady who sat next to him in the railway carriage. He discovered that she was very deaf, and the conversation was established by shouting.

"You are very deaf, aren't you, madam?" ultimately bellowed he of the benevolence.

"I am so," was the reply, "and haven't been able to do a thing for it."

"Have you ever tried electricity?" shouted the kind hearted man.

"Yes," she said, nodding vigorously, "I was struck by lightning last summer."—London Graphic.

How She Felt.

Stella—So you kissed the young parson in the dark hall, thinking it was your brother? You must have felt awfully cheap when you discovered your mistake. Mabel—Cheap! Why, I felt like a Friday remnant at a Monday bargain sale.—Chicago News.

Foreign.

Doctor (after careful examination)—Some foreign substance is lodged in your eye. Dennis—Oi knowed ut! That's what Oi git f'r wurrukin' wid them Frenchmen!—Illustrated Bits.

His Views.

"What are your views on currency?" asked the busy citizen.

"Mostly sad and reminiscent," answered the man who had been to the races.—Washington Star.

At 12 multiplicity of business. The man of one thing is the man of success.—Edwards.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

A two weeks sale on nearly everything in the store commencing January 23 Here are the prices on a few items, so you can see the great reduction we are making for cash.

$1.00	dress goods for	78c
.50	" " "	39c
.25	" " "	19c
1.00	Underwear "	77c
.50	" "	38c
3.50	wool pants for	2.75
1.00	mittens "	76c
.50	" "	38c
5.00	shoes "	3.98
4.50	" "	2.79
1.00	worth of grocery	89c

J. H. JACOBSON

Phone No. 102 North Main Ave.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Kick the Printer

BULLETIN
LATEST NEWS
BOOM

In the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., there has been for many years a conspicuous signboard outside an office which reads, "KICK THE PRINTER."

Bibulous persons sometimes go inside to carry out the apparent request, but they discover that the printer is a gentleman by the name of Kick.

In every town there are persons who, if they do not actually feel like kicking the printer—the newspaper man—at any rate do a lot of kicking at the way he conducts his paper.

Please DON'T kick the printer; he is doing the best he can.

And what he does for the town and community, despite his occasional mistakes, may be a great deal more than the kickers themselves are doing. Did THAT ever occur to you?

We are all neighbors in this town. What helps one helps the others. What hurts one hurts the others. Every community is a mutual benefit association, whether organized or just running wild. The printer is a charter member.

If you had no printer—no newspaper—how would you like that? Do you know what happens to towns that don't support a newspaper? Nothing happens. Nothing ever happens in a town like that. As soon as things begin to happen in a town the newspaper comes along and tells about them.

The newspaper boosts the town. It records progress and offers suggestions, by the editor or the readers, as to further progress. Every copy of every issue advertises the town. This is all free advertisement. It costs the town nothing. It costs the people nothing. It is a part of the business.

In view of this fact, which nobody can dispute, it is much better to pat the printer on the shoulder now and then or to speak kindly of him than to kick him.

NO: DON'T KICK THE PRINTER.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

A four weeks sale on nearly everything in the store commencing January 23 Here are the prices on a few items, so you can see the great reduction we are making for cash.

$1.00	dress goods for	78c
.50	" " "	39c
.25	" " "	19c
1.00	Underwear "	77c
.50	" "	38c
3.50	wool pants for	2.75
1.00	mittens "	76c
.50	" "	38c
5.00	shoes "	3.98
4.50	" "	2.79
1.00	worth of grocery	89c

J. H. JACOBSON

Phone No. 102 North Main Ave.

A Fable For Critics

Once there was an Ox. He was a fine, hefty Ox. He could pull a big load. He never balked, but always liked to go straight ahead.

But the Ox had enemies.

There was the Flea and his whole big Family. "We don't care whether this Ox travels or not," said the Flea and his Folks. "All we want is some of his blood." Whereupon the Fleas eternally pestered the Ox and gave him That Tired Feeling.

Then there was the Tom Cat and his brothers—the Doubting Thomases. "We don't know whether this Ox is going the right way or not," said the Thomases. "Anyhow, we'll scratch his back for him." Whereupon the Felines jumped on the back of the Ox and scratched him for fair, which made the Ox exceedingly sorrowful.

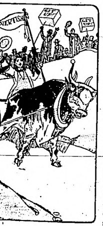
ADVERTISING
GIT UP!
GIT UP!
GIT UP

Then there was the Fiste Pup and his Fellow Fistes—a whole litter of Fistes. "We don't care how slow the Ox goes," said the Fistes; "the slower the merrier for us. All we want is to lag behind him and bite his Tail." Whereupon the Fistes snapped continually at the Tail of the Ox, which gave the Ox a mighty mournfulness.

Finally the Ox, pestered constantly with the Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes, got to looking sickly. He stopped and lay down on his job, and there was no more going forward for him.

KEY TO THE SITUATION: The town is the Ox. The Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes are those citizens who criticise every progressive movement and do everything they can in their petty ways to make the Ox quit pulling in the right direction.

MORAL: Give the Ox a chance to pull. Everybody holler, "Git up!"

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News: $1 per Year.

THE WORKERS' SAVINGS.

Government Should Provide a Safe Depository For Them.

One of the most heartrending and deplorable sights is that of the working class in winter, old men and women as well as young, waiting from early morning until late at night, lined up like a lot of cattle, waiting under guard of burly policemen a chance to get the savings of years from a bank.

The workers are blamed almost uniformly for making these runs. They are right in trying to protect their savings. It is criminal for the government to make them take these risks. They have earned the money by the ill requited toil of years. A just banking system would protect these funds. Whatever else may be said, even unjustly, about the waste of the workers and concerning shiftlessness, the only charge against the toilers here is that of being too ready to trust their masters.

Whether one believes in capitalism or not, the man who encourages any plan to shift this risk from the shoulders of the great army of toilers as individuals is to that extent a public benefactor. Let capitalism do its worst, if the burden is carried by the nation rather than by the workers in their individual capacity, the burden can be unloaded when those who share it jointly desire to do so.

The best thing the workers can do with their savings is to put them in postal orders until the needed protection is given. This protects the workers and also makes the master class more ready for postal savings banks than they would otherwise be.—Socialist Herald.

LABOR EXPLOITATION.

State of "Mutual Beneficence" That Made Ruskin Rich.

"Where does the rich man get his means of living?" asks John Ruskin. "I don't see myself how a more straightforward question can be put—so straightforward, indeed, that I particularly dislike making a martyr of myself in answering it, as I must this blessed day—a martyr, at least, in the way of witness—for if we rich people don't begin to speak honestly with our tongues we shall some day soon lose them and our heads together, having for some time back most of us made false use of the one and none of the other.

"Well, for the point in question, then, as to the means of living, the most exemplary manner of answer is simply to state how I got my own, or, rather, how my father got them for me. He and his partners entered into what your correspondent mellifluously styles 'a mutual beneficent partnership with certain laborers in Spain.' These laborers produced from the earth annually a certain number of bottles of wine. These products were sold by my father and his partners, who kept nine-tenths or thereabouts of the price themselves and gave one-tenth or thereabouts—to the laborers, in which state of mutual beneficence my father and his partners naturally became rich and the laborers as naturally remained poor. Then my father gave all his money to me."

Socialism's Aim.

Socialism does not promise a panacea for all ills. It does not suppose a state of society where all will be provided with plenty and every one will be free from mental and physical ills. Socialism is advocated only as a next step in human development. Just as there has been emancipation from class privileges in the political field, just so will society eventually free itself from the fetters of economic dependence. Just so long as man depends for his living upon his fellow man, just so long will the human race not be emancipated. Socialism stands for the next step in human civilization and human development, and hence as long as society moves forward the lot of mankind will of necessity become better, and this is why Socialists are perfectly confident in the ultimate realization of real Socialism. To change from the capitalistic state to a Socialistic state, involving the abolishment of the private ownership of the tools of production, violence might result, but in such case it would not be by Socialists. By a process of evolution we shall gain control.—Hillquit.

You Seem to Like It.

The steel trust taxes you without representation.

The sugar trust taxes you without representation.

The packing trust taxes you without representation.

The oil trust taxes you without representation.

The copper trust taxes you without representation.

The coal trust taxes you without representation.

The electric trust taxes you without representation.

The hundreds of other trusts tax you without representation.

What jackasses our ancestors must have been to get mad and fight because good King George wanted to tax them 6 cents a pound on tea without representation! Do you catch on? Too stupid!—Appeal to Reason.

Socialism.

Socialism is a conscious endeavor to substitute organized co-operation for existence in place of the present anarchical competition for existence. It is an attempt to lay the foundation of a real science of sociology which shall enable mankind by thoroughly understanding their past and present to comprehend and thus within limits to control the movement and development of their own society in the near future.—Hyndman.

A NEW CONSCIENCE.

Socialism Has Constructed an Entirely New Morality.

The graft epidemic which now rages throughout the country is nothing new, nor can it be cured by grand jury investigations alone.

Even 4,000 years ago there were graft and boodle among the Egyptians. So say the old papyri which were found in the ancient Egyptian city of the dead. This city of the dead itself was a nest of boodlers and robbers. Every reader of Greek history knows, moreover, that Athens and Sparta fell through boodle and graft. How common graft was even during the best epoch of the Roman republic we are informed by every Roman historian. In the time of the Caesars boodle grew to gigantic proportions. When the barbarians made their irruptions, robbery, rape and murder were matters of course. During all the middle ages the right of might was law. The proudest lines of feudal princes and lords all over Europe sprang directly from common robbers and highwaymen.

As to our own glorious republic, we need only read the biographical literature of the time of our so much glorified Revolution to get an idea of the graft and boodle which were then practiced in our land. No name is spared in these memoirs, not even that of the Father of His Country, although there is sufficient evidence to exonerate at least Washington, Thomas Jefferson and Thomas Paine from the worst charges. And how matters went in our civil war, which ostensibly was undertaken to abolish slavery, and how they have gone on since then I do not need to remind my readers.

Thus in point of fact things have not constantly become worse, but have continually grown better.

Business transactions and practices which twenty or thirty years ago were considered almost legitimate—because they were inbred in the capitalist system, which, in fact, inherited them from the feudal period—are now abandoned as far as possible even by the capitalists themselves.

Business itself is graft from time immemorial. Even the old Greeks had the same god for commerce and theft—merchants and thieves prayed to Hermes as their patron. They have the same god today. There are bribery, trickery, fraud, all through the business world. Every huckster tries to get something for nothing, and the more the better. For what is Rockefeller but a successful huckster? And every huckster would like to become a Rockefeller. And Rockefeller's and Ryan's business only differs from the occupation of the James brothers in that it requires less personal courage and more cunning.

The same facts we find in capitalist politics. A supervisor or alderman is not going to spend two or three thousand dollars to be elected and then get only a salary of four or five hundred and a lot of disagreeable work besides. Every man voting for such a supervisor-of-alderman ought to know this and does know it. Every business man or contractor who does business with the city or county knows how this business is done. It is still the old maxim—business is business. And only yesterday it was considered smart and almost legitimate business to defraud the nation, the state or the community wherever possible.

It is here, right at the bottom, where the effect of Socialism comes into play.

The Socialists here and abroad by their unceasing propaganda have sharpened the social conscience. Indeed, it may be said that Socialism has actually created such a conscience. What formerly and even quite recently was considered perfectly correct—what was excused with the words "business is business, you know"—today is investigated by grand juries and denounced by newspapers even, although it is business.

The Socialists have taken in hand to construct an entirely new morality and give the world a new conscience. And thus it has come to pass that the poor Socialists everywhere, in Germany, France and Italy, and also in America, have shown themselves more capable of resisting all temptations than even the richest and most "respectable" bourgeois.

Therefore if the people wish to put a final end to graft and boodling they must put the Socialists on guard. Then they can be sure of making no mistake, first, because the Socialists by municipalization and collectivism and the abolition of contract labor will remove temptations and tempters from as many industries as possible, and, second, because they first, before all other citizens, have adopted the new social conscience and therefore are much less open to temptations than other men.—Victor L. Berger.

Man Crushing Capitalism.

We hate the capitalist system. No true man can admire it. No conscientious man can applaud its treatment of the people. No honest man can deny its cruelties. We are not unmindful of the historic building up work the system has accomplished, but its days of service are long past. It has now developed production to the point where the private ownership of industry has become a vicious thing, injurious physically and morally to the common people and certainly injurious morally to the conquering few. At the present stage of civilization the capitalist system inevitably produces Thaw trials for the rich and slums for the poor. Dead must be the soul of the man who does not want to lift his eyes above this fearful muck of our present society and to look at the radiant future which Social Democracy presents to view as man's next step as a society in the march toward economic and moral improvement.—Heath.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The New Amsterdam National bank and the Mechanics and Traders' bank, both of New York city, have closed their doors. Both institutions were controlled by the Morse-Thomas-Heinze interests and had suffered heavy withdrawal of deposits of late.

After holding a meeting at which resolutions were adopted asking Mayor Thompson to find work for them about 2,000 unemployed workmen of Detroit, Mich., marched from Arbiter hall to the city hall and their leaders presented the resolutions to the mayor.

Application has been made for the appointment of a receiver for the Consolidated Steamship company, organized by Charles W. Morse, with a capital of $120,000,000, for the purpose of controlling the Atlantic coastwise business.

The Oriental bank of New York city has suspended. According to its last statement it owed to individual depositors $7,576,811 and to banks, bankers and brokers $3,477,252.

The Pittsburg Stock Exchange has reopened for business following a suspension of three months on account of the recent financial flurry.

Traffic conditions on the railroads in the Northwest are steadily improving and all indications are that they *will continue to do so.*

The Home bank of Brooklyn, a state institution, has suspended.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Arthur W. Fergusson, executive secretary of the Philippine commission, died suddenly from heart disease at Manila. Mr. Fergusson went to the islands with Governor General Taft in 1901 and had remained constantly at his post.

Anna E. Hahn, one of the first American schoolteachers to go to the Philippines, was murdered at Batangas, island of Luzon, Jan. 29, according to a dispatch received at the bureau of insular affairs at Washington.

Adelbert E. Bleekman, for many years one of the most eminent members of the Wisconsin bar, is dead at La Crosse, aged sixty-two.

Rev. John W. Venebal, for forty years sovereign grand chaplain of the Odd Fellows in the United States, is dead at Hopkinsville, Ky.

Dennis O'Sullivan, the Irish actor and singer, is dead at Columbus, O., after an operation for appendicitis.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

United States Attorney Hiram E. Booth, acting under the direction of the attorney general, has filed in the circuit court of the United States for the district of Utah, sitting in Salt Lake City, a petition or bill in equity to dissolve the alleged merger of Harriman lines.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States district court at Kansas City, has handed down a decision declining to interfere with the local officials in the enforcement of the Missouri statute making unnecessary labor on Sunday a misdemeanor.

Announcement is made by the Louisville and Nashville railroad that it will no longer receive shipments of liquor into Georgia or Alabama, states which have recently passed prohibition acts.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Miss Gladys Moore Vanderbilt, daughter of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and Count Laszlo Szechenyi, member of the Hungarian nobility, lieutenant of hussars and hereditary member of the Austro-Hungarian parliament, were married in New York city.

Chancellor Day of Syracuse (N. Y.) university, discussing President Roosevelt's latest message, declares it "reads like the ravings of a disordered mind."

Too Slow to Be a Soldier.

In a room on the top floor of a large factory a boy was amusing himself by going through the bayonet exercise with a long handled brush in lieu of a rifle. His boss, coming quickly upon him, gave him a box on the ear for wasting his time. The sudden blow caused the lad to lose his balance and fall down the hoist shaft, but fortunately he kept his hold on the brush, the handle of which, getting across the shaft, broke his fall and enabled him to grasp the chain, down which he slid in safety. The boss was horrified at the effect of his action and rushed breathless and gasping with fear down the eight flights of stairs to the basement, expecting to find a mangled body for which he would have to account. He was, however, just in time to see the lad drop on his feet unharmed, so, recovering his self possession and his breath, he exclaimed:

"Want to be a soldier, eh? Well, you're too slow for that. Why, man, I can walk down all those stairs quicker than you can fall down the hoist shaft."—London Answers.

Receiver for Big Power Company.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 2.—A receiver has been appointed for the Whitney company of Rowan county, near Salisbury, which has been developing water power at a point called The Narrows, thirty miles below Salisbury, where already $3,000,000 has been spent.

Altruism.

To love our neighbor is to submit to the discipline and arrangement which make his life reach its best, and so do we best love ourselves.—Henry D. Lloyd.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Work on the new site for the village of Sparta has been renewed by the steel corporation and it is believed that the actual work of moving the village will be started in the near future. Sparta is a town of 1,500 population and the business section is underlaid with iron ore. The business buildings are to be hauled to their new locations on flat cars, this being accomplished by using two engines and two cars on a double track.

The Crookston Twenty-five Thousand Commercial club is planning on an aggressive campaign for an increase in the population of the Red River valley during the coming summer and A. D. Stephens and other members of the club have formed a unique plan to induce actual settlors to locate in that vicinity.

James Manahan of St. Paul has made complaint before the state railroad commission against coal rates on the Northern Pacific and live stock rates on the Great Northern. He alleges that present rates are excessive and extort *$500,000 annually from the* public on coal rates and $100,000 on live stock rates.

At a meeting of the waterworks committee of the Minneapolis council plans for the installation of a filter plant for the waterworks department were discussed in the hope of making it a public issue. The cost of such a plant is estimated at $1,000,000.

Strict quarantine and compulsory vaccination regulations may not be initiated by village councils or boards of education, but must originate with the state board of health, according to an opinion just rendered by the attorney general.

While digging a well just north of its power house the Biwabik Mining company has unexpectedly penetrated iron ore. The ore found is rather lean, but of sufficient richness to warrant its being mined at some time.

Plans for the reorganization of the State Bank of St. Paul, which closed recently, are progressing favorably and it is expected that the bank will reopen for business within two or three weeks.

A ten-story hotel, costing $1,000,000, and a fifteen-story office building, costing $800,000, to be built by St. Louis capitalists, seem assured for St. Paul in the near future.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

During a moment of religious excitement at the Minneapolis Charity mission Nolan J. Whiteside rose to his feet and dramatically confessed a long series of crimes, the chief among them being a particularly bold burglary committed four years ago at Madison, Wis. He was placed under arrest and turned over to officers from Madison.

A remarkable thing happened at the Adriatic mine near Aurora, on the Mesaba range. Joe Takovitz, a miner, fell down the shaft, a distance of 120 feet. Both of his legs were broken, but beyond that he was not badly hurt.

Frank Whalen, engineer, and Charles Hessler, fireman of a Chicago Great Western passenger train, were seriously hurt when the engine left the tracks and rolled over an embankment about a mile from South St. Paul.

Mrs. A. Stephens, living alone four miles north of Gull River in Cass county, was burned to death in her house. The house and all its contents were destroyed.

Mrs. Frank Globoker of Biwabik, living next to a house that burned recently, has become violently insane as a result of the excitement connected with the blaze.

Sam Morrill, who lived on a farm near Granite Falls, committed suicide while mentally deranged by shooting himself with a revolver.

Health Commissioner J. C. Campbell of South St. Paul has issued an order closing the Riverside school on account of smallpox.

L. H. Cahoon fell from the Minneapolis and St. Louis bridge over the Little Cottonwood river near Searles and was instantly killed.

Mrs. Henry Martinsen is dead at Ruthton from burns sustained while pouring kerosene oil on a smoldering fire in a stove.

Amasa Mason, nearly eighty years old, was run down and killed by a passenger train near Caledonia.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. P. L. Mills, one of the earliest residents of Blue Earth county, is dead at her home at Garden City. She was born in New York state and located in Garden City in 1854, where she continued to reside, except during a period in 1862, when the Sioux Indians drove the family to Mankato.

Mrs. William Hayes, founder of the Winona public library, is dead at her home in that city, having succumbed to pneumonia. She has also been prominent in missionary work.

Rev. P. R. Murray, a pioneer priest, is dead at Wabasha. The deceased was born in Ballygown, near Belfast, Ireland, about the year 1823 and came to America in 1845.

Dr. S. F. Wentworth, for twenty-six years a practicing physician in Minneapolis, is dead, aged seventy-two.

Mrs. Mary A. Faivre, a sister of the late Mrs. Ignatius Donnelly, is dead at St. Paul, aged eighty-one.

Fred Stephan, a St. Paul saloonkeeper, dropped dead while eating dinner with his family.

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

COAL

Nut Coal,
Stove Coal
Hocking Valley Soft Coal,
George Creek Smithing Coal. Call at

JACKSON & McGINN'S

And Leave Your Order.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week.

A FEAT IN PHOTOGRAPHY.

Daring Descent to Get a View of an Osprey's Nest.

Now commenced my work, and I descended on my rope to terrace after terrace, forcing my way through thick rows of prickly pear, a most painful operation. And now we found that there was nobody below to signal us where the nest lay. The inevitable result was that after descending more than 100 feet I had to signal to be hauled up again, always through the prickly pear. Again did I descend, and again did I fail to find the nest. On the third occasion I reached a recess in the great cliff, whence, after unbending my rope and securing it to a bush for obvious reasons, I made a cast along a ledge to the south and reached a point which I identified as being not far from the nest as seen from below. So I retraced my steps and, regaining my rope, was hauled up for a third time. During this operation I passed a ledge where a peregrine falcon was nesting. The old female swept close around with shrill cries and eventually alighted on the sandy shelf of rock within a few feet of me and, with outspread wings and every feather standing on end, lowered her head and screamed furiously. I have no doubt I was close to her young, but I had more serious work in hand, and so I left her alone.

I now made my fourth and last descent and found myself immediately over the nest, but before I could go down to it the party handling the rope had to work their way down toward me, since the rope was too short. Finally I reached the nest, an enormous mass of big sticks measuring more than five feet across and doubtless the result of many years' work. In it were two eggs much incubated. By standing on a ledge close to the nest and pressing the camera between my body and the face of the cliff I was able to take some long time exposures with fairly good results. It was near sunset, and the cliff was in deep shadow, which did not facilitate my task. Between the shaly nature of the cliff, the slippery terraces covered with loose soil and stones and the detestable prickly pears I never had a more unpleasant or arduous task on a cliff before. But I have lived to endure worse experiences, although not so painfully protracted as were these.

My very curt entry in my diary summarizes the whole job thus: "Bad shale cliffs, vertical and dangerous. Height over sea, 160 feet. Top of cliff, 310 feet. The worst bit of rope work I ever did."

With regard to the prickly pears, it was many months before the last of the poisonous spines I had collected in various parts of my body consented to come out, and then only after first festering.—London Saturday Review.

Disinterested Professional Advice.

"Bring me that beefsteak potpie"—

"Yassah," said the dining car waiter, listening near by.

"And bring me some of those French peas"—

"Yassah; but boss, maybe you all don't know dey's French peas in dat pie."

"No, I didn't. Thanks, George. And —ah—and—ah, then bring me some potatoes."

"Yassah, boss; but maybe you all didn't know dey's tatehs, too, in dat pie."

"No, I didn't. Thanks again, George. It's mighty nice of you to keep me from buying a lot of stuff I wouldn't want."

"Yassah. Ah reckon it's mahty nice o' me t' do dat, boss. Ah's seen so many, m-a-n-y people—nice gemmens, lak you all—waste money fo' veg'tables dat might jus' as well 'a' been handed over to th' waiteh. Yassah, Ah sho' has."—Judge.

Bacteria In Butter.

"Bacteriologists have shown us that ordinary butter is swarming with germs," declares Good Health. "A single teaspoonful of milk generally contains from 2,000,000 to 10,000,000 germs. The number may even be much larger than this. In the removal of cream from the milk the germs are taken with it, and in the process of churning the germs are collected with the fat, so in the butter we have the concentration of a large part of the germs contained in the milk from which the butter was derived. So in a pound of butter derived from twenty pints of milk the number of bacteria must be almost beyond estimate. A brief computation will show that the number of bacteria contained in a pound of butter might easily reach the enormous sum of five to ten billions."

A Touch of Vanity.

On Nov. 25—St. Catherine's day—French girls who have passed their twenty-fifth birthday and are unmarried wear a little cap made of fine muslin, the symbol of maidhood. As the day approaches the millinery shops show these caps in great quantities, and their manufacture by young girls is always accompanied by jokes at the expense of old maids; but, strange to relate, these caps, because they are becoming to all, are worn on St. Catherine's day by young girls as well as by old maids.

Where It Doesn't Apply.

"Slow and sure," remarked the man with the quotation habit, "is a good motto."

"But," protested the thoughtful thinker, "there is one thing that can never be slow and sure."

"What's that?" queried the quotation dispenser.

"A watch," replied the t. t.—Kansas City Independent.

A woman's love is a paradox. You can't keep it unless you return it.—Philadelphia Record.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 5?0; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virture of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA,
Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and 88-100 Dollars ($1,656.88) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty-eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, together with Seventy-five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure: Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A. D. 1908 at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christopher M. Hoverstad, as one of the heirs of Thomas T. Hoverstad, Deceased, of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 56 made June 21st, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 25, Township 154, N. Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on March 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Frieberg	of Thief River Falls, Minn
Gust Berggren	" " " "
Andreas Hoverstad	" " " "
Iver Aastad	" " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Jan. 3 to Feb. 27.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Berndoltinger of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. 478 made July 1st 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb. 17th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

August Ristau	of Germantown, Minn.
Jacob Ristow	" " "
Nick Bundlund	" " "
Ernest Schmidt	" " "

R. J. Montague, Register

jan 16 feb 13

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. In Probate Court. In the matter of Knudt Syverson, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the Estate of Knudt Syverson deceased, late of the town of North, in the County of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Nils Knudson,

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Nils Knudson, the Executor made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knudt Syverson, deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, That [illegible] day of April [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock A. M. at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the The Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published [illegible] said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this [illegible] day of January A. D. [illegible]

By the Court,
[illegible]
Judge of Probate.

(Probate Court Seal, State [illegible])

NOTICE

[illegible]

Dated at Thief River Falls [illegible] this [illegible] day of January [illegible]

J. [illegible] Feb 6. Anton B. Bennem.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Andersen's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Hot-Breads Light and Sweet
are made with
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similiar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 90 · 1?? Lake Street, Chicago

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

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ST. PAUL Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE TO BE HELD HERE.

Friday, the 28th Day of February the Date That Has Been Selected.

Every Farmer Living in the Vicinity of Thief River Falls Should Be Present.

There will be a session of the Minnesota Farmers' Institute at Thief River Falls, on Friday, Feb. 28.

The Farmers' Institute is the traveling school of agriculture for the farmers of Minnesota. The Institutes have been in operation for twenty years and the work is well known over the entire state. The instructors employed are practical farmers who have made a success of their special lines of farming, and who have the ability to go on the platform and tell other farmers how they have gone about their work. They are all men who have learned their work through their own experience and observation, and our farmers should not miss hearing them and getting from them all the information they can.

Farmers' Institute Annual No. 20 will be distributed at the close of the morning session of the Institute. This is a new book containing over 300 pages of the best farm reading, and every farm home should have a copy of it.

There will be two sessions of the Institute, one at 10 a. m. and the other at 1:30 p. m. The meetings are always started sharp on time, whether there be only one man in the hall or two hundred. Those who come late are sure to miss something good. Be on time for hot sessions, stay till the close, and then say if it has not been worth a whole lot more trouble than it has taken to attend.

It is not intended that these meetings shall be for the benefit of the men only. The women and young people will always be interested in what is being done. They are often the ones who are more apt to take hold of the improved methods that are advocated and so lead the way for the men of the family.

For the benefit of these who cannot get up in the meeting and ask questions a box is always placed on the platform into which questions can be dropped concerning matters that are of interest. This question box is opened during the afternoon session, and the answers to the questions are very often a most interesting part of the session.

There will be no regular program, only such topics as are of interest to our locality will be discussed, and these will be taken up at such times during the day as are most convenient. Be on hand from beginning to end, so that nothing will be missed.

Bring your note book and pencil with you. Many of the points given by the speakers should be put down so that they will not be forgotten. The charts and diagrams hung on the walls are worth making sketches and notes of.

SANDRIDGE.

The first snow storm this winter has just commenced and by the looks, it is going to be a hummer, still we can't kick as we have had no winter to speak of so far.

Engebretson has been chopping a lot of cord wood for next winters' sale.

C. Ring and wife were down to Sandridge to visit their daughter Mrs. O. Hanson also their acquaintances.

School here has again commenced after a month of Christmas vacation Miss Kvenvolden is teaching. The school-board tried all they could to get rid of her for doing far from the square thing in teaching the scholars, but as she has the contract to teach, she refused to quit before she gets another school.

The snow storm is over, and we got sufficient snow to have good sleighing.

Ed Horin was a brief caller at Hanson's to day.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

WILL BUY PEAHSANTS.

Polk County Sports Will Purchase 500 Pheasant Eggs.

Birds Protected By A State Law Until the Year 1910.

The Polk County Game and Fish Association has decided to stock the county with pheasants. This move has been determinded upon on account of the rapid disappearance of the prairie chicken. The association which has a membership in excess of 100 sportsmen, desires to provide hunting for the future and authorities have recommended the pheasant as the bird best adopted to this climate.

At least 500 ring neck pheasants' eggs will be purchased at a cost of $100 and will be hatched by domestic chickens. Wallace Evans, an authority at Oak Park, Ill., states that fully 90 per cent of the eggs will be hatched and the birds can be raised without danger of loss. As the state law prohibits any shooting of pheasants until 1910, it is believed that a sufficient number of birds will be raised to make Polk county one of the best pheasant shooting sections in the northwest. The state game commission is much interested in the move upon the part of the association and will assist in every way. The commission placed a few pheasants in this county last year, but owing to the high price of the birds, it could not stock the county sufficiently to serve any practical purpose.

The Polk County Game and Fish Protective Association was organized in Crookston a year ago with a charter membership of 100 men interested in the preservation of game and the enforcement of the state laws. The annual dues were placed at $1.00 and the money received the first year was largely expended in defraying the expenses of a representative at the state legislature, who appeared in opposition to legislation inimical to the principles of the association. The organization was formed to see that the state laws protecting game and fish were respected and to assist the work of the game warden in carrying out the orders of the state commission. It is the only organization of its kind in the entire state, but it is probable that similar organizations will be organized this season in different sections.

MARTZ IN OFFICE.

Attorney General Holds Law Is Constitutional.

In a recent letter to County Attorney Germo the Attorney General holds that the county board may appoint a person other than the present county surveyor as county superintendent of highways, under Chapter 458, Laws of 1907, provided the appointee is a competent surveyor and road builder.

He states, however, that the constitutionality of the law is in doubt, a district judge at Duluth having held it unconstitutional, that he admits it is a close question, but is of the opinion it is constitutional. Yet in order to have the question determined at once his office has framed up a case for presentation to the Supreme Court by quo warranto proceedings, and a final determination is expected within thirty days.

This means the retention in office of C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, who at the last meeting of the county commissioners "vetoed" the bids for a new bridge and by calling the attention of the bidders to how more closely to the plans and specifications saved the county upwards of one thousand dollars.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Lem Rafferty Dead

Many friends in this city and vicinity will be shocked to learn of the death of Lem Rafferty at his home at Warren last week after an illness of several weeks.

Deceased since the early days has been manager of the large Woodward farm near Warren but for the past few years has made his home at Warren. He was a broad-minded, big hearted man who has spent the best part of his life in developing the Woodward farm, and was very successful.

He was 57 years of age and leaves a widow and 2 children, the children by his first wife both having died a few years before the death of their mother seven years ago.

Bids Wanted.

Independent School District No. 18, Thief River Falls, will receive bids up to Saturday, February 15, for the purchase of 2?? cords of good body split poplar wood. Wood to be delivered at the various school houses in Thief River Falls.

G. A. Penney, Clerk.

ABOUT FARM DRAINAGE.

Important Subject to Be Discussed at Farmers Institute.

Farmers Who Have Wet Land Should Ask Questions.

How much money is invested in unproductive land on your farm, that is unproductive because it needs drainage? What does your loss amount to on this idle capital at 6 per cent per annum? How many years out of the last five have you harvested soft corn or cultivated a poor stand, because your land was not fit for corn? "cussed" the weather? How many bushels of oats do you lose each year because the grain lodges or fills poorly on boggy land.

These are a few questions the Minnesota Farmers' Institute would like to ask you. Come to the Insitute meeting and ask the speakers on Farm Drainage to help you solve your practical problems in open ditching, tile draining, construction of outlets, etc.

In an address before the Minnesota State Agricultural Society in 1907 Mr Fred Meyer of St. James, Minn., stated that he had laid 25,000 ft. of tile on 320 acres of land at a total cost of $1,400, or 92 cents per rod. In 1908 his oats yielded 55 bu. per acre No. 2 white on tile drained land, while yields on adjoining land averaged about 30 bu. of low grade, musty oats.

Is your farm among the vast number in Minnesota that need drainage?

Egg Inspection.

Preparations are being made by the Minnesota State Dairy and Food Department for the strict enforcement of the law regarding the sale of bad eggs during the ensuing year. Inspectors will be stationed in the various cities and towns of the state which are the principal points for the receipt of eggs for shipment and an energetic effort will be made for the confiscation of all rotten stock. The inspectors' duty will be to watch the sale of eggs to general stores by farmers and they will take away the unsalable stock from the farmers. The campaign conducted during the past couple of months has had a marked effect upon the condition of the market and the amount of bad eggs shipped in is materially lessened. There has been much speculation by dealers as to the effect the enforcement of this new law will have on the price of eggs. Commissioner Slater states that it may force an advance in prices but nevertheless the Department will continue the work, as they believe it will result in more benefit to the public and dealers in general than would a continuance of the present prices for the sale of bad eggs. All retailers are held responsible for the eggs found in their possession and are liable to a heavy fine if found violating the law.

Seed Men Boom Valley.

Seedmen througout the country are paying a tribute to the Red River Valley, which acknowledges it to be the leading section of the country for the raising of first class farm products. In their annual catalogues the seeds they are specializing are all displayed as "Red River Crown," or "Red River Valley Specials." This is especially true with potatoes, the valley grown seeds being given a large percentage of the advertising.

This sort of advertising is especially beneficial to the section, for it makes it known as not only the wheat growing district of the United States, but also the vegetable garden of the Northwest. It is said that the demand for all kinds of seed raised in the valley commands the highest prices and are in big demand.

A Bargain

For Sale—40 acres in sec 30, town of East Valley, has:

1 good one and one-half story log house, 12X18 ft., 1 frame barn, 22X22 ft., with shed 10X22. Two acres under cultivation, 2 wells, whole forty fenced.

For sale cheap, inquire of, Gunerius Olson, Sorum post office, Minn.

Sealed Bids Wanted

Sealed bids will be received by the school board of District 120, up to Feb. 18th 1 o'clock p. m. 1908.

For the purchase of material and erection of school house to be completed by May 25th 1908. Plan and specifications can be seen at the clerks office at Germantown, Minn.

Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. William Vaughan, Clerk.

Absolutely Pure

From Grapes, the most healthful of fruits, comes the chief ingredient of ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Costs a little more than the injurious alum or phosphate of lime powders, but with Royal you are sure of pure, healthful food.

Personal Property Tax Payers.

HOLT.	
Anderson, Casper	3 43
Anderson, Hogan	4 35
Bjerk, Andrew	6 30
Dovre, T O	5 50
Ekerdalen, H O	4 35
Gunheim, C H	8 69
Heinze, C L	2 08
Hanson, Andreas	3 59
Hanson & Barzen	38 45
Heinze, Herman	4 80
Hollesylt, L L	7 23
Johnson, Olof	6 84
Johnson, Erik	3 89
Johnson, Otto	4 69
Knudson, Ole	4 06
Knox, C J	6 06
Larson, Mat	3 40
Nass, August	4 35
Nelson, John	3 52
Paulson, T	3 90
Reierson, R	14 40
Rogny, Christ	7 91
R L Falls Mfg Co	14 62
Risberg, E O	6 28
Smith, C E	3 35
Saastad, T O	4 45
Saastad, C O	3 14
Wigge, Henrick	3 19
Wigge, Louis	3 20
Bottem, Thore	4 13
Bergquist, P O	5 50
EXCEL.	
Bromley, James	4 05
Berg, J J	4 75
Bersheim, Iver S	4 74
Berg, A I	7 94
Bergland, S O	4 03
Copp, Fred	7 62
Erickson, J E	12 54
Easthouse, Ole	6 62
Gjttrud, K	7 86
Hanson & Barzen	39 02
Halvorson, H B	9 83
Heiser, Fred	4 14
Hanson, Oscar	4 66
Haugen, O G	4 41
Hoffman, M	4 30
Johnson, O A	4 07
Knutson, Girnstine	14 01
Koglin, Aug	5 33
Kish, Martin	4 81
Larson, N O	6 49
Loftnes, A O	8 70
Larson, C	7 34
Muzzy, R L	13 16
Mortenson, John	3 43
Meier, Katie	3 53
Nelson, C. F.	4 60
Nelson, N. K.	3 81
Nelson, O. E.	9 10
Ose, Guny	3 43
Oen, Harold	13 35
Olson, R. L.	4 18
Olson, Mathias	6 81
Ose, K. T.	7 81
Oen, R.	12 20
Rupprecht, Otto	6 17
Reidl, John	5 63
Reierson, Ole	6 92
Rindal, A. J.	4 63
Skommedal, G. J.	7 57
Skahl, And.	4 13
Swartz, C.	3 02
Sorum Theodore	4 17
Saugen, M. O.	4 53
Strom, Martin	4 17
Solem, Peter	5 42
Simonson, H	4 05
Steiner, Karl	3 18
Steinhauer, Anna	7 10
Swanson, J. P.	8 54
Wendt, [illegible]	4 32
Warring, Simon	7 64
Williams, S. O	5 40
Withman, John	3 69
Skommedal, J. G.	3 40

GOT 90 DAYS.

"Bemidji Slim" Will Spend Three Months in the County Jail.

Louis Johnson, known through this section as "Bemidji Slim was given a ninety day sentence in the county jail by Judge Bishop last Saturday for stealing an overcoat from Henry Hanson a young man who has been in Thief River Falls since last fall and whose parents reside at Greenbush. Hanson loaned Johnson his overcoat and the latter went over to Bemidji, got on a drunk and sold the overcoat. He admitted his guilt and told the authorities who he sold the overcoat to.

A WONDERFUL COW.

Gives Eleven Gallons of Milk in a Single Day.

Northfield News: "People frequently read about the production of milk and butter by cows of Holstein breed and the most of the cows are kept where the readers of the News cannot easily see them but there is one cow at Spring Brook farm a mile from Northfield that is among the great ones and is giving as much milk daily as ten average cows of the state. On Thursday of this week she gave eighty-eight pounds of milk or eleven gallons.

The average family that is using a quart of milk a day would be at a loss to know just what to do with the surplus if they had a cow that was giving 44 quarts daily. And the end is not yet as this cow has been gaining on an average of two pounds a day for two weeks and will before many days go well to the 100 pound mark as she is eating heartily.

She is milked four times a day. At the two twelves and sixes and the milk is being weighed to the tenth part of a pound. This cow is eating less than forty cents worth of feed a day and at twelve cents per gallon wholesale, the value of her milk is $1.32. Or at retail the same at six cents per quart the milk would bring $2.64. A few cows like this in the neighborhood will soon make it famous for producing the very best in the world."

"Hank" Murray Bankrupt.

Crookston, Minn., Feb. 8.—H. (Hank) T. Murray, for years a well known and popular railroad conductor in this city, who worked from the bottom of a railroad ladder, is going thru bankruptcy at Galesburg, Ill., according to notices received by creditors in this city from John J. Turnicliff, referee in bankruptcy at that place. The first meeting of creditors will be held in Galesburg on the 15th of this month.

Mr. Murray for some time past has been in charge of the Burlington yards at Galesburg.

Firemen to Meet.

Pres. C. C. Jackson, of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's association, has called a meeting of the executive committee of this association to meet in Crookston Thursday, February 20, to make arrangements for the Firemens tournament to be held in this city this year in June. It is proposed to make the tournament this year one of the best, and Thief River Falls will certainly extend a hearty welcome to all the visiting firemen.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly *Scott's Emulsion* enables you to throw off a cough or cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	94c
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 03
Barley	55c
Eggs	22c
Butter	22c

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Dr. Grundy was up to Karlstad the first of the week.

R. Rionson, of Sandridge, was in the city the first of the week.

A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, was in the city the first of the week.

"Hop Sing" the chinaman at Evenson's Hall, February, 19th, 1908.

County Supt. of schools McAnulty was in the city the first of the week.

Come and see the French couple at Evenson's Hall, February 19th, 1908.

Julius J. Olson the Warren Attorney, was in the city the first of the week.

Tom Hovet left Monday for Duluth to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. W. W. Prichard left the first of the week for Iowa to spend a few weeks visiting relations.

Charlie Gunheim, of Sandridge, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Miss Effie Bakke who had been in the city visiting her parents, returned to Newfolden Monday.

Kion, the Japanese girl, "fair" and all, will be at the Evenson Hall, February, 19th, 19.8.

D. N. Winton went down to Minneapolis Monday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Twin Cities the first of the week attending to some legal business.

Be sure and see the Scotch couple in Highland custom, at the Evenson Hall, February, 19th, 1908.

Attorney P. W. Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis the first of the week to attend to business matters for a few days.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley left Monday evening for Pipestone, Minn., to visit Mr. Bagley's mother who is quite ill.

County Commissioner John Sorum was in the city Monday enroute to Warren to attend a meeting of the county board.

Yesterday was Lincoln's birthday, a legal holiday in Minnesota. The schools and the banks were closed during the day.

The ten year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Knut Bakke died Monday of scarlet fever. The funeral services were held Tuesday.

It rained all day Tuesday, but yesterday morning the rain turned into snow, so that we will have good sleighing for a few weeks it is hoped.

Bertie Backe, who had been employed at Greenbush as cashier for the Great Northern, returned to this city last week, having resigned his position up there.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club tomorrow evening. Cards, Music and dancing will be the amusements. The Red Lake Falls Orchestra will furnish the music.

Rev. J. T. Aastad and H. P. Spoonheim, of this city and Rev. B. Bjornson, of Brunkeberg, went over to Warren Tuesday morning to attend a conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod.

Owing to the shipments being delayed again, there was no change of program last evening, but will change to-night, also entire change Friday night as usual. Miss Elsa Rebeckke will have Harry Von Tilzer's great cowboy story song "Sacramento" Friday evening only.

Do not fail to sign the Clute Order Seed List at Creamery. We can obtain more favorable prices on seed by presenting a club order than buying individually. P. Engelstad.

The Fertile Commercial club held a special meeting Monday night to take some action in regard to the federal grain inspection the question having been submitted to the club by Congressman Steenerson for its views in the matter.

A subscription paper was circulated about town the first of the week to secure funds with which to hire a band leader. A sufficient amount was raised, and Prof. Bruchman, formerly the leader of the Red Lake Falls band has been hired.

Horace Bagley, a brother of S. W. Bagley and a former resident of this city, has purchased the Tribune at Tawner, N. D. Mr. Bagley is engaged in banking business over there there, but will devote a part of his time to the paper in the future.

Through the efforts of County Commissioner John Sorum, the Marshall county board this week appropriated $500 to fix the road across the big bog between Germantown and Grygla. It is the intention to build a plank road across this bad piece of road.

The young People's Society's Bazaar which is being held in the Masonic building this week is attracting large crowds. Last evening an oyster supper was served and Saturday evening a chicken supper will be served. The Bazaar will close Saturday evening.

Farmers build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We can furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

Mr. and Mrs. Stebbins left last Thursday evening for Rochester, Minn. On Saturday an operation was performed upon Mrs. Stebbins at the famous Mayo Hospital at Rochester, and reports from there are to the effect that the operation was a success in every way and that Mrs. Stebbins will be able to return to Thief River Falls in a short time.

County Auditor, O'Brien and Attorney Germo, were down to St. Paul the first of the week and won the tax case against Beltrami County. A large amount of logs assessed against the Thief River Falls Lumber company by the Thief River Falls assessor were claimed by the Beltrami County Authorities. The winning of the case means much to Thief River Falls and Red Lake County.

E. M. Stanton went down to Crookston last evening.

C. H. Martz was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Chief Jarneson went down to Crookston last evening.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston last evening.

M. M. Johnson went down to Crookston last evening.

The year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Greibstein died last Friday of diptheria. It was their only chield, and the parents have the sympathy of all.

Juvenile Cantata.

The cantata to be given under the direction of Mrs. G. Halvorson and auspices of the Presbyterian church bids fair to be one of the best Juvenile entertainments ever given in Thief River Falls. No efforts have been spared in giving the children the proper drilling for the Cantata and a perfect rendering of the "Strange Visitors, or a Meeting of the Nations", is assured.

The Cantata will be proceeded by an excellent musical and literary program by the best talent of Thief River Falls which all will be sure to enjoy. The Cantata will be held in Evenson's Hall, February 19, 1908 beginning at 8 15 p. m. Admission 35c, children 25.

WE GET A COMPANY

Thief River Falls to Have a Militia Company.

A message received in the city Tuesday from Mayor T. P. Hamre in St. Paul, states that Thief River Falls gets one of the new state militia companies. A sufficient number have signified a willingness to join the company, and it is expected that an organization will be perfected in a few days. The proprietors of the skating rink will put a hardwood floor in the building and it will be used as an armory until the city is able to build one.

Roseau Masons to Organize.

Roseau, Feb. 10—The local Masonic lodge has been granted a charter by the Grand Lodge of Minnesota. At the annual meeting the Grand Lodge found the records of the Roseau Lodge to be in proper form and granted it a regular charter. It is the wish of the Lodge that Past Grand Master A. T. Stebbins father of county attorney Stebbins, be delegated to formally organize the lodge, and Grand Master Roberts will no doubt accede to the request. About March 1st the ceremony is expected to takeplace.

Rumored Sale of Rushford.

There is a rumor about town to the effect that George W. Harris, of Winona has purchased the Rushford hotel property from James Meehan. Mr. Harris was here the first of the week and looked over the property. He seemed to be well satisfied and it is quite likely that the deal will go thru. Mr. Harris is an experience hotel man.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Ralph Douglas, Reporter.

Avis Akre was taken sick again on Monday and was not to school on Tuesday.

Yesterday was Lincoln's birthday and we enjoyed a Holiday, St. Valentine day will be observed in the lower grades.

The serrious seem to be doing considerable hustling around lately. No doubt preparing for the ringing down of the curtain in their High school carers.

The physics class has started in the study of electricity. All the experiments are found to be very interesting.

Miss Laughlin, the second grade teacher of the central, who has been ill at her home in Minneapolis for three weeks, returned last Sunday and is again in her accustomed place.

The latest nonresident pupil to enroll is Harry Hawkins, of Cormel, Beltrami County. This place is 50 miles northeast of this city.

Rapid advance is now being made by all the students. Everybody is well settled into the harness, and the steady application that usually characterizes the work of a second halfyear is plainly noticed.

It is a matter of not a little comment that about half the high school enrollment consists of boys and young men. This is the more remarkable, when it is stated that a high school in northwestern Minnesota or even in the southern part of the state, finds more than one quarter of its enrollment consisting of boys. This speaks well for the young men of the city and surrounding territory.

The total enrollment in all grades to the first of February is 1,046. Of this, 146 are found in high school.

SANDERS.

Ed O. Ferrn is back from Sandbergs.

Peter L. Anderson started to work as a helper at the St. Hilaire creamery last Monday.

August M. K. Anderson will sell his horses at auction sale on Friday, March 6th, at St. Hilaire.

Sven Thorson is quite sick with rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudd are visiting with her folks, S. Thorson's.

Gust Johnson is busy grinding feed with his horse power outfit.

Alfred Dahlstrom shot a wolf a short time ago.

At the Presbyterian church Sunday Rev. Neil A Gilchrist will speak in the morning on "The Onoard Mant." Following the morning service a meeting of the congregation will be held to consider calling a pastor. The subject of the evening sermon will be "Present-Day Aspects of the Liquor Problem."

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, in probate Court.
In the matter of the estate of Aaron Johnson Decedent.
The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, Robert Johnson, Mrs. Andy Erickson, Ida Johnson, Aurora Johnson and Wanda Johnson and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent. The petition of Ida Johnson having been filed in this court, representing that Aaron Johnson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the [illegible] day of January 1908, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Andy Erickson and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, Therefore, you, and each of you are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota on the [illegible] day of March 1908 at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] M. why said petition should not be granted.
Witness, the Judge of said Court and the Seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of Feb. 1908.

[illegible]
Probate Judge

Court Seal
Feb. 1908.

MUST HAVE LICENSE

Milk Sellers Required to Take Out a State License.

A O Storvick, the newly appointed state dairy and creamery inspector, who took the place left vacant by the resignation of J. G. Winkjer, has just concluded a thorough inspection of the dairies which supply the city of Crookston with milk and cream and he is also looking up every milk and cream retailer in the city to see that they comply with the state law and take out the licence of $1.00 that is provided. Mr. Storvick states that the Crookston dairies are in good shape as a general thing. He recommended one or two changes to some of the dairymen mostly along the line of ventilation and sanitation and he will see that they obey the law in this respect.

"Every person who retails cream or milk in the city, including the stores that sell cream or the restaurants that sell milk at five cents a glass, are compelled, under the state law, to take out a license of $1.00," said Mr. Storvick, "and there are many of them who have not been doing this. Any person who sells milk from their own cows, if they have more than three cows, comes under this law also, and I have been kept busy looking them up."—Crookston Times.

Minnesota's Offering.

The Minnesota State board of Immigration under the guiding hand of that master of arrangements, George Welsh, has issued a booklet on the "Three Kingdoms of a Great State, which should make very good advertising for this state. The title page of the book is as follows.

"Minnesota, The North Star State at the head of the Mississippi Valley, the greatest and richest agricultural region in the world. A state with 20,000,000 fertile acres which await the homeseeker."

The booklet is filled with a lot of information concerning location area and topography, railroads, bacon and hogs, the Minnesota horse, sheep industry, creamery industry, the state fair, vegetables, fruits, corn, cereals of all kinds, good roads and drainage, school system, game, fish and summer resorts, mineral kingdom, water-power, and state and government lands within the borders of the state.

Under the caption of "An Offering', Mr. Welsh's book says.

"What has Minnesota to offer? Many, many things of value to you. The land area is 50,335,360 acres There were 155,659 farms in 1900, representing an ownership of 26,246,498 acres of which 18,442,585 acres were proved, over 11,000,000 acres being devoted to cereal production alone. Since 1900 many thousands of acres of new land have become Minnesota farms, and allowing for timber land owned by lumbermen, swamp land not yet reclaimed, Indian reservations and non agricultural land, there are today in Minnesota fully 20,000,000 acres of good agricultural land in its virgin state awaiting settlers. This land can be bought at prices ranging from $5 to $25 an acre, according to location. In addition there are thousands of acres of improved land in older settled sections of the state that can be purchased at prices that are very reasonable compared with the land values in other states.

"Twenty million acres of new, rich land on easy terms. An area greater than half the area of the state of New York.

"There are three kingdoms in this great state—the animal, vegetable, and mineral—and each is experiencing a mighty development. It will pay you to read the chapters in these kingdoms. They are of interest to anyone seeking land or business opportunities in a state of great resources.

Subscribe for the News

LAWS OF WAR.

The Code That Governs Hostilities Between Civilized Nations.

The "laws of war" as at present formulated by the civilized nations forbid the use of poison against the enemy; murder by treachery, as, for example, assuming the uniform or displaying the flag of a foe; the murder of those who have surrendered, whether upon conditions or at discretion; declarations that no quarter will be given to an enemy; the use of such arms or projectiles as will cause unnecessary pain or suffering to an enemy; the abuse of a flag of truce to gain information concerning an enemy's positions; all unnecessary destruction of property, whether public or private.

They also declare that only fortified places shall be besieged, open cities or villages not to be subject to siege or bombardment; that public buildings of whatever character, whether belonging to church or state, shall be spared; that plundering by private soldiers or their officers shall be considered inadmissible; that prisoners shall be treated with common humanity; that the personal effects and private property of prisoners, excepting their arms and ammunition, shall be respected; that the population of an enemy's country shall be considered exempt from participation in the war unless by hostile acts they provoke the ill will of the enemy.

Personal and family honor and the religious convictions of an invaded people must be respected by the invaders and all pillage by regular troops or their followers strictly forbidden.

GOT HIS OMELET.

Why One Man Ceased Trying to Be Funny With Waiters.

"I've never tried to be funny with a waiter," the traveler was saying, "since the time when I had a little experience with one in California. It was several years ago, and I was rather 'fresh.' I stepped into a restaurant one morning and ordered an omelet.

"'What kind?' asked the waiter.

"'Why, are there more kinds than one?' I said.

"'Oh, yes, sir,' he answered me; 'there are several.'

"'Well, bring me an ostrich egg omelet.'

"'All right, sir,' he said, 'but you'll have to wait quite awhile. It takes a long time to make an ostrich egg omelet.'

"I told him I had plenty of time. He went away and was gone fully an hour. Then he came back with a big covered dish.

"'There you are, sir,' he said, placing it before me and uncovering it.

"Well, it was an omelet, all right, and big enough for half a dozen men. Whether there was an ostrich farm in the neighborhood and he got a real ostrich egg or whether he made it from a couple of dozen hens' eggs I don't know, but I distinctly remember that it cost me $2—and I learned a valuable lesson."—Youth's Companion.

An Old Joke.

My Lord Craven, in King James First's Reign, was very desirous to see Ben Jonson, which being told to Ben, he went to my Lord's House; but, being in a very tatter'd Condition, as Poets sometimes are, the Porter refus'd him Admittance, with some saucy Language, which the other did not fail to return. My Lord, happening to come out while they were wrangling, asked the occasion of it. Ben, who stood in need of no-body to speak for him, said, he understood his Lordship desired to see him; you, Friend, said my Lord, who are you? Ben Jonson, reply'd the other. No, no, quoth my Lord, you cannot be Ben Jonson who wrote the Silent Woman, you look as if you could not say Bo to a Goose. Bo, cry'd Ben. Very well, said my Lord, who was better pleas'd at the Joke than offended at the Affront, I am now convinced by your Wit, you are Ben Jonson.—"Joe Miller's Jest Book," 1739.

A Wide Distinction.

Barney Malloy and Mike Calrey were shingling a roof. "Barney," Mike asked, removing a bunch of shingle nails from his mouth and settling back comfortably, "what is the difference between satisfied and content?"

"The difference? Sure, there's none," answered Barney. "If you're satisfied, your're content, and if you're content you're satisfied."

"That was my opinion, too, Barney, me boy, up to now, but it struck me sudden-like as I put that last nail in that I am satisfied, all right, that Molly Calrey is my wife, but I am durned sure I am not content!"

Seatless.

An English hostess was entertaining about 300 people at a reception and had provided only about seventy-five seats. In despair she said to a compatriot: "Oh, I am so distressed! Not three-fourths of these people can sit down!"

"Bless my soul, madam!" he exclaimed. "What's the matter with them?"

The Martial Spirit.

"When you go into battle," said the human analyst, "do you feel your heart surge with hostility toward the foe or anything like that?"

"Yes," answered the military expert. "In time of war we feel even more resentful toward the foe than we feel toward our rival associates in time of peace."—Washington Star.

A Study In Dimensions.

"Jimmy, how large a piece of cake do you want?"

"I want a big piece, but don't gimme so much that I'll have to divide it with sister."

THE DRAGON FLY.

Singularly Adapted to Its Life of Aerial Piracy.

No one could fail to be struck with the singularly perfect adaptation of the dragon fly's structure to a life of aerial piracy. The four wings are large and in proportion to their weight enormously strong. Each is supported by a wonderfully arranged network of slender ribs, which give the necessary rigidity to the thin, transparent membrane forming its basis. The muscles by which the wings are moved are massive and powerful and are so arranged among themselves that the animal is capable of steering its course with an unerring accuracy which any bird might envy. In this power it is largely aided by a marvelous keenness of sight, for in addition to the two great, gorgeously colored compound eyes which make up so much of the head the insect possesses three smaller "simple" eyes, making five eyes in all. The prey when overtaken is seized and devoured by means of powerful, sharply toothed jaws.

An animal which lives such an active life naturally requires a very perfect breathing apparatus, and this is amply provided by a system of holes on the sides of the body, which open into an elaborate network of air tubes, supplying every part of the system. The air in these tubes is constantly renewed by the regular compression and dilatation of the body by special muscles.—Chambers' Journal.

HIBERNATION.

How and Why Some Animals Exist All Winter Without Food.

The philosophy or nature of hibernation and why and how it is that the hibernating creatures can go so long without food are interesting studies.

In the first place, the creature in order to enable it to sustain life throughout the long winter during which it hibernates is endowed with the capacity of accumulating within its body a large quantity of fat. This fat is to the animal what a well stocked coal cellar is to a fire, and until the whole of it has been consumed the tissue of the body proper remains untouched. It has been ascertained that animals can endure the waste of tissue until it amounts to 40 per cent of their normal weight. Should the weight be reduced beyond that point the result is death. But nature comes to the rescue of the hibernating creatures in another way. When the hibernation begins, respiration and digestion almost cease (in some cases they cease absolutely), and the circulation is only just active enough to sustain life. As a consequence of this the wear and tear is reduced to the minimum, and the creature is enabled to pull through.—New York American.

Horses and Music.

Regimental horses have been the subjects of musical tests, and nearly all enjoyed the experience, only a very small percentage of the animals remaining indifferent to sweet harmonies, while equally few showed active dislike. The great majority were soothed, inspirited or excited by music. Most of the horses, like the war chargers one may suppose them to be, enjoyed the bugle above any other instrument and neighed gallantly when it was sounded, but thoroughbreds and colts generally were found to prefer the shrill treble of the fife, which roused them to great and sometimes unmanageable enthusiasm. This was the more significant because the fife was an unfamiliar instrument to them, not being generally used, as is the bugle in the French army.—Paris Cor. London Telegraph.

Model of Economy.

A certain farmer who lives out in the county and who is noted for his closeness in money matters has a twelve-year-old son, who is as industrious as his father is penurious.

Recently the father and son made a compact whereby the latter would receive 10 cents for every cord of wood he sawed and piled in the wood shed. Immediately the boy became very busy at the wood pile, and his earnings have been piling up at a rapid rate, his mother keeping her son's hard earned savings for him.

"What are you going to do with all your money?" the thrifty youth was recently asked.

"Goin' to buy a new saw with it," was the reply.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Benjamin Constant.

Benjamin Constant, having sided with Napoleon during the hundred days, felt the need of justifying himself when Louis XVIII. returned to power. He wrote the king a letter with that end in view and called upon Mme. Recamier to discuss the subject. She asked him quietly:

"Have you finished your letter?"

"Yes."

"Are you satisfied with it?"

"Entirely satisfied. I have almost persuaded myself."

Marrying.

Everybody is expected to marry once, and there is not much talk when you marry the first time, but people look wise when you marry the second time and roar when you marry the third time.—Atchison Globe.

Very Interesting.

"What do you find so very interesting about society?" asked the ordinary person.

"Watching people trying to get in," answered Miss Cayenne.—Washington Star.

Time is the great comforter of grief, but the agency by which it works is exhaustion.—Landon.

A four weeks sale on nearly everything in the store commencing January 23 Here are the prices on a few items, so you can see the great reduction we are making for cash.

$1.00	dress goods for	78c
.50	" " "	39c
.25	" " "	19c
1.00	Underwear "	77c
.50	" "	38c
3.50	wool pants for	2.75
1.00	mittens "	76c
.50	" "	38c
5.00	shoes "	3.98
4.50	" "	2.79
1.00	worth of grocery	89c

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A Fable For Critics

Once there was an Ox. He was a fine, hefty Ox. He could pull a big load. He never balked, but always liked to go straight ahead.

But the Ox had enemies.

There was the Flea and his whole big Family. "We don't care whether this Ox travels or not," said the Flea and his Folks. "All we want is some of his blood." Whereupon the Fleas eternally pestered the Ox and gave him That Tired Feeling.

Then there was the Tom Cat and his brothers—the Doubting Thomases. "We don't know whether this Ox is going the right way or not," said the Thomases. "Anyhow, we'll scratch his back for him." Whereupon the Felines jumped on the back of the Ox and scratched him for fair, which made the Ox exceedingly sorrowful.

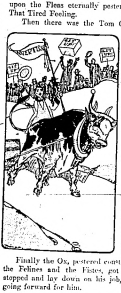

Then there was the Fiste Pup and his Fellow Fistes—a whole litter of Fistes. "We don't care how slow the Ox goes," said the Fistes; "the slower the merrier for us. All we want is to lag behind him and bite his Tail." Whereupon the Fistes snapped continually at the Tail of the Ox, which gave the Ox a mighty mournfulness.

Finally the Ox, pestered constantly with the Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes, got to looking sickly. He stopped and lay down on his job, and there was no more going forward for him.

KEY TO THE SITUATION: The town is the Ox. The Fleas and the Felines and the Fistes are those citizens who criticise every progressive movement and do everything they can in their petty ways to make the Ox quit pulling in the right direction.

MORAL: Give the Ox a chance to pull. Everybody holler, "Git up!"

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FAR APART AS THE POLES.

There Is No Common Ground Between Socialism and Anarchy.

Nearly every day some one asserts that the Socialists and the anarchists are the same. This is heard from people who are good, honest and absolutely sincere in their beliefs. Why, then, do they say it? Because of ignorance and because the old party papers have found it profitable to deliberately lie to them. No honest man who has studied the doctrines of Socialism will make such an assertion, for he knows it is not true.

Socialism and anarchy are as far apart as the north is from the south. There is no common ground between them, not a single plank in either of their platforms on which the other can find a trace of a foothold. Anarchy is individualism gone crazy. It believes that society should sacrifice for the individual, that the restrictions of law should be removed; let every man be a law unto himself and do that which seems right in his own eyes.

Socialism says that in order to gain the greatest blessings for all the individual must sacrifice his private interests for the interests of society or the majority. Socialism demands a strong centralization of power, plenty of laws and complete enforcement.

But it also says that the rank and file have a perfect *right to an entire* control over the body that wields that centralized power.

Anarchy stands for war and murder, Socialism for peace and brotherly love; anarchy for self, Socialism for society.

Still, we Socialists take into consideration that selfishness is the mainspring for nearly all actions of the greater part of the people. We believe that human nature is based on selfishness, yet in order to secure the greatest good to self we must secure the greatest good for all.

THE UPWARD MARCH.

Socialism Foreshadows the Next Higher Plane of Society.

Since the advent of civilization the outgrowth of property has been so immense, its forms so diversified, its uses so expanding and its management so intelligent in the interest of its owners that it has become on the part of the people an unmanageable power. The human mind stands bewildered in the presence of its own creation. The time will come, however, when human intelligence will rise to the mastery over property and define the relations of the state to the property it protects as well as the obligations and the limits of the rights of its owners.

The interests of society are paramount to individual interests, and the two must be brought into just and harmonious relations. A mere property career is not the final destiny of mankind if progress is to be the law of the future as it has been of the past. The time which has passed away since civilization began is but a fragment of the past duration of man's existence and but a fragment of the ages yet to come. The dissolution of society bids fair to become the termination of a career of which property is the end and aim, because such a career contains the elements of self destruction.

Democracy in government, brotherhood in society, equality in rights and privileges and universal education foreshadow the next higher plane of society to which experience, intelligence and knowledge are steadily tending. It will be a revival in a higher form of the liberty, equality and fraternity of the ancient gentes.—Lewis Morgan in "Ancient Society."

Real Democratic Rule.

The initiative means the power of the people on a petition signed by a given percentage of the legal voters to initiate or start any desired law which the legislative representatives of the people have failed to enact, and it includes the power of the people to enact the law by a popular vote which they have initiated in case their legislative representatives refuse to enact it.

The referendum means the power of the people on a petition signed by a given percentage of the legal voters to require that any law enacted by their legislative representatives shall be referred to a vote of the people before it goes into effect.

It is the veto power in the hands of the people and enables them to defeat such laws as they do not want.

The recall means the power of the people on a petition signed by a given percentage of the legal voters to call an election for the purpose of voting out of office any corrupt or unworthy official.

Notes.

Our boasted "prosperity" is much like our boasted "liberties." They both exist on paper only. Socialism will make both prosperity and liberty realities.

There was a long discussion in the Social Democratic congress in Germany on the drink question, especially the effect of the present conditions of employment in causing drunkenness.

In Italy the government is giving franchises to the peasantry with the idea of using them against the Socialists. They have realized that our doctrines do not spread very rapidly among the extremely poor. It takes some brains and education to appreciate the necessity for industrial freedom.—G. H. Strobel.

Socialism In India.

The first branch of Socialists formed in India was organized by Keir Hardie in Calcutta during his recent visit to that country.

WHAT SOCIALISM MEANS.

That All Opportunities Shall Be Open and Equal to All Men.

The Socialist programme is not a theory imposed upon society for its acceptance or rejection. It is but the interpretation of what is, sooner or later, inevitable. Capitalism is already struggling to its destruction. It is no longer competent to organize or administer the work of the world or even to preserve itself. The captains of industry are appalled at their own inability to control or direct the rapidly socializing forces of industry. The so called trust is but a sign and form of the developing Socialism of the world's work. The universal increase of the uncertainty of employment, the universal capitalist determination to break down the unity of labor in the trades unions, the widespread apprehensions of impending change, reveal that the institutions of capitalist society are passing under the power of inhering forces that will soon destroy them.

Into the midst of the strain and crisis of civilization the Socialist movement comes as the only conservative force. If the world is to be saved from chaos, from universal disorder and misery, it must be by the union of the workers of all nations in the Socialist movement. The Socialist party comes with the only proposition or programme for intelligently and deliberately organizing the nation for the common good of all its citizens. It is the first time that the mind of man has ever been directed toward the conscious organization of society.

Socialism means that all those things upon which the people in common depend shall by the people in common be owned and administered. It means that the tools of employment shall belong to their creators and users; that all production shall be for the direct use of the producers; that the making of goods for profit shall come to an end; that we shall all be workers together, and that all opportunities shall be open and equal to all men.—From Socialist Party Platform, 1904.

THE DIRTY WORK.

Under Socialism Manual Labor Will Fall on All Alike.

The anti-Socialist when he wants to put forth a staggering argument against Socialism insists on knowing who is going to do the dirty work under Socialism. He thinks any one who does "dirty" work is not worthy of respect, and yet we will wager that he himself is perfectly willing to allow the dirty work about his home to be done by his mother, his sister, his wife or his daughter, all of whom he certainly respects. There will be some dirty work under Socialism doubtless, but humanity will certainly not let that fact stand in the way of carrying on the system by which commercial cannibalism will be a thing of the past.

President Lincoln was once found blacking his own boots by a very snobby nobleman from some foreign country, and the nobleman, being "noble," was shocked. "What," he said, "the president of a great nation blacking his own boots!" Lincoln straightened himself, with surprise, and replied: "Why, certainly. Whose boots should I black?"

It is quite probable that under Socialism some of the dirty work—what little is left after labor saving machinery has been freely installed—will fall to the lot of every one, and it ought to, for no respectable person should shirk it off on to another. But we imagine that the earth will keep on revolving as usual in spite of it, and no one need be deterred from voting for Socialism for fear that it will not.—Frederic Heath.

The Need of Propaganda.

Socialism is inevitable. That means our economic and social development will some day make it clear even to the dullest mind that a solution of our industrial problems is possible only by industrial co-operation. But are we to look on passively and wait until the mind more dull and tense than our own has at last reasoned it out all by itself? Certainly not. We want to get there sooner. And we will get there in the near future if we set to work and educate the man who is still groping in the dark. We know things will make him see the light some day, but we want him to see it now, therefore our incessant propaganda and agitation.—Solidarity.

Looking at the Facts.

When one remembers that in America [illegible] people live in constant toil and poverty ([illegible] of them able to obtain physical comfort by ceaseless drudgery, 20,000,000 in nerve straining uncertainty on the verge of want and [illegible] actually hungry, while none of the [illegible] have a chance to satisfy their hearts with life's richer opportunities) and less than [illegible] are rich or well to do, and that even they must battle fiercely to hold their prize, he can scarcely possess his soul with patience.

The Parasite.

Oh, I'm a jolly tapeworm, and I live in a [illegible] man
Who labors night and day for me as hard as ever he can.
Oh, I live in his paunch and laugh to see him work and eat
Till he starves his wife and children to give a tapeworm meat.
The jaws of my man make music that drives me wild with glee,
And I [illegible] to think how the [illegible] cares for me.
I'm only a worm, I know, and a worm of low degree,
But I bless the Lord with all my heart for making a man for me.
The Lord is very good to me, and I thank him all I can,
Yet, after all, I sometimes think it's hard upon my man.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

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It seems to be the unanimous opinion that President Roosevelt's recent message to congress insures the nomination of Judge Taft. The people want to read more of these kind of messages.

There are to be two members of the state railroad and warehouse commission to be elected this fall in Minnesota. It is to be hoped that the people of the state will take an active interest in the election of men for this important position. There is a general suspicion—and it is quite well founded—that the railroads have dictated these nominations during the past.

If the people of Minnesota are for William H. Taft for President, the thing to do is to send a delegation to Chicago who will vote for him. The scheme of allowing someone to go to the National Convention as a compliment and have the wishes of the Republicans disregarded in the selection of the candidate ought not to win this time. This is no time to extend a compliment to Mr. Lowry.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Senator Clapp, of Minnesota, is reported as saying: "It isn't more money that we want. but a freer circulation of the money that we already have. To guarantee deposits would be to go straight to the heart of the present trouble, and correct it by the simplest method. This idea isn't new, for other countries have had it in operation for years. It has worked well wherever tried, and I believe would work well with us."

The Fergus Journal very truthfully says: These are rather tough times for those individuals whose only visible means of support is a roll top desk. The cities are full of them. They have done pretty well during the easy times of the last five years, but with tighter years the suckers are not taking to the mines or the oil wells and they are beginning to shy at paper electric railway stock. It would be awful to see some of these gentle- men who always lived on "easy money" obliged to work.

Some time ago, all the grain buyers in the Northwest Territory met at Ottawa to devise some plan whereby they could help the farmers dispose of some 3,000,000 bushels of frosted wheat. On account of the wheat being badly frosted it could not be manufactured into flour. In fact it was hardly fit for feed, and still something had to be done so that the farmers could realize something, however, little it would be, to tide them over until they could realize something on this year's crop. If the truth was told there are thousand of farmers in the Northwest Territory that are in a deplorable condition, and if this winter had been as severe as last, the hardship the people would have had to suffer would have been undescribable.—Hallock News.

Interstate Injuries.

What appears to be the weightiest constitutional objection to the Employers. Liability Act is that it applied to injuries arising in the handling of commerce that was local in character as well as to interstate commerce.

While every railroad is an interstate carrier, Congress has no control over that part of its business which is local. To meet this objection that act must apply only to injuries arising in the handling of interstate commerce.

So, if a brakeman is killed while coupling cars containing goods that are moving between two points in the same State, the railroad may plead fellow-servant rule—unless it happens to have been superseded by statue in that State—and escape liability for his death; but, if the cars contain goods that are moving from one State to another, the railroad is liable, and the widow may recover damages.

Such arrangement, we infer, would be constitutional, and Congress could not even require the railroads to paint a skull and crossbones on the State cars so that a brakeman would know when he was taking not only his life but the future of his wife and children in hand. Yet it is very certain that the basic idea of the Constitution of the United States was to promote justice-not injustice.—Saturday Evening Post.

Rooseveltisms.

New conditions make it necessary to schackle cunning as in the past we have shackled force.

We seek to control law-defying wealth, in the first place to prevent its doing dire evil to the republic and in the second place to avoid the vindictive and dreadful radicalism which if left uncontrolled, it is certain in the end to arouse.

Just as the blackmailer and bribe giver stand on the same evil eminence of infamy, so the man who makes an enormous fortune by corrupting legislatures and municipalities and fleecing his stockholders and the public, stands on the same moral level with the creature who fattens on the blood money of the gambling house and the saloon.

The methods by which the Standard Oil people and others have achieved great fortunes can only be justified by the advocacy of a system of morals which would also justify every form of criminality on the part of a labor union, and every form of violence, corruption and fraud, from murder to bribery and ballot box stuffing in politics.

Certain wealthy men of this stamp, whose conduct should be abhorrant to every man of ordinary decent conscience, have during the last few months, made it apparent that they have banded together to work for reaction.

The extraordinary violence of the assaults upon our policy and to enormous sums spent in various ways, give a fairly accurate measure of the anger and terror which our public actions have caused to corrupt men of vast wealth to feel in the very marrow of their being.

The only way to counteract the reactionary movement in which these men are engaged is to make clear to the public just what they have done in the past and just what they are seeking to accomplish in the present.

It is only rarely that the men responsible for the wrong doing themselves speak or write. Normally, they hire others to do their bidding, or find others who do it without hire.

The apologists of successful dishonesty have hurt honest business men, honest working men, honest farmers, and how they clamor against the truth being told.

It is not the puppets but the strong, cunning men and the mighty forces working for evil behind and through the puppets, with whom we have to deal.

The stockholder is not an innocent who voluntarily purchases stock in a corporation whose method and management he knows to be corrupt; and stockholders are bound to try to secure honest management, or else are stopped from complaining about the proceedings the government finds necessary to compel the corporation to obey the law.

To Make American Linen.

Some part of the $22,000,000 now paid by America to Europe for linens, will hereafter go to swell the profits of the American farmer. This is the inevitable result of the process perfected by a Massachusetts inventor for transforming flax straw into linen fiber in a less number of days than it takes weeks to accomplish the same result by the methods followed abroad.

Although, according to the Department of Agriculture, there are three million, seven hundred thousand acres in the United States devoted to flax growing, this crop has been profitably grown entirely for the seed, "Millions of tons of straw have been burned each year, much of which in quality and length for the production of fiber far exels the average straw from which the Russian peasants make the fiber which chiefly supplies the linen fabrics of the world," says the Department of Agriculture's Farmers' Bulletin No. 274.

The preparation of flax for spinning by the European method, which appears to have changed very little in the last two thousand years, requires from sixteen to thirty weeks, most of which is taken up simply by waiting for natural rotting processes to do their work. After the straw has been disintergrated, there are more long and tedious washings, bleachings and dryings, the actual number of which to produce white linen cloth is no less than twenty-five. There is no labor in the United States cheap enough to make it possible to do this work here.

The invention that is to give the American farmer a chance to market his flax straw and which will introduce for the first time into American mills, the making of linen fiber, has been perfected by Benjamin C. Mudge, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. It is partly a mechanical and partly a chemical process and the inventor has over and over again demonstrated that he can by this process make linen fiber out of flax straw in half a day. Mills are already being erected in Massachusetts to use the Mudge process, and these mills have shown their faith in their works by going into the middle western states for supplies of straw. Nobody knows how much straw is produced because up to this time, it has never been worth accounting for. The census gives the production of flax seed at something over ninteen million bushels, worth about the same number of dollars.

As to the ability of the Mudge process to transform raw flax into soft white fiber, there can be no doubt. Before the chemical stage of the process is reached, the straw is first fed into a machine through fluted rollers, which after crushing it, empty the straw into a rapidly revolving drum containing "scutching" and "hackling" machinery. Here is it beaten and pulled, the "shive" (woody portion) being seperated from the fiber and drawn out through a sieve by exhaust fans. Thus cleaned of shive, the fiber is transfered to a second drum which completes the cleaning of the fiber and makes it ready for degumming and bleaching. Incidently, Mr. Mudge has discovered a way to make linen highly absorbent, and as the cost by treating flax by this process is so low and the advantage of linen over cotton so considerable, the general substitution of linen for surgical purposes is sure to come.

Ofcourse cotton millers have been somewhat concerned as to the effect of this invention on their business, and experts who have investigated this side of the question have made up their minds that if it is possible to obtain linen fiber in sufficient quantity at low cost, they can make a virtue of necessity when the time comes simply by substituting linen for cotton in their mills so far as this is required by popular demand. But however this may turn out, there seems no reason to question that Americans will soon be able to afford the freest use of linen from American mills that will add hugely to the total of cotton fabric production, now valued above half a billion dollars a year.

All He Said.

Officer—How is this, Murphy? Sergeant complains that you called him names. Private Murphy—Plaze, sur, I never called him ony names at all. All I said was, "Sergeant," says I, "some of us ought to be in a menagerie."—London Tit-Bits.

Inevitable.

"So Nelson is dead. What killed him?"

"You know he had one foot in the grave?"

"Yes."

"Well, some one pulled his leg."—Harper's Weekly.

We are accustomed to see men deride what they do not understand and snarl at the good and beautiful because it lies beyond their sympathy.—Goethe.

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L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL - PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Fresh honey for sale at O. Tessum's store.

Dennis Kavanugh was over to Bemidji last week.

Miss Irene Caldwell spent Sunday in this city.

F. C. Niclai was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Farm for rent four miles west of town, see Hager, the land man.

Seed oats and seed flax for sale at the Red Lake Falls elevator.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

M. Hammer and C. C. Moe were down to Plummer last week.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Prof. Borg, of the St. Hilaire city schools, was in the city Sunday.

Peter Rude, of Thorwick, made this office a pleasant call last Friday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Will Spoonheim has received the appointment as rural carrier on route No. 2.

Postmaster Olson, of Sorum, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

J. A. Rolston last week purchased the Oyster Bay restaurant from Sam Torgerson.

W. E. Chapman, of Esplee, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Mrs. A. E. Lufkin was up to Newfolden the first of the week visiting her parents.

For Rent—One four room house one block east of Soo Depot. Inquire of Geo. W. Elder.

Mrs. M. Bockman went down to Minneapolis last Friday evening to visit her parents for a few days.

"Minnesota" is the name selected for the mowers and reapers to be manufactured at the state's prison.

A. K. Haggy, of Germantown, was in the city last Saturday and did not forget to make a call at the News office.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Allen Benzie, who has for some years served as manager of the grocery department of the Golden Rule Department Store, resigned his position last week. He has not yet announced his plans for the future.—Warren Sheaf.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls Feb. 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

—I will rent out my farm in town of March Grove, 160 acres, 50 acres under cultivation, good hay land, three miles from City of New Folden. Write or call, good conditions. Herman Hanson, Thief River Falls, Minn. Box 389.

P. H. Wright, of Anton, was in the city last Saturday and made the News office a pleasant call. Mr. Wright buys fur up in his section and states that a very large number of mink have been caught by the settlers up there this winter.

James Bulman and George Newberry were over to Grand Forks last week and while there made a deal for the purchase of a new two seated automobile. It will be delivered in the spring and is said to be one of the finest machines on the market.

An exchange gives the following receipt for filling our penintentiary:

When your boy doesn't want to go to school let him loaf, when he gets into mischief and your neighbor reports it to you, curse your neighbor in the presence of your boy, but do not reprimand the boy. When he gets a little larger and [illegible] something of value and you find it out, just laugh at it and let it go; when he gets into something that [illegible] him to the justice court and he is found guilty, pay the fine, curse the court, the jury, and every one in connection with the matter, pity the boy and you will soon have a splendid candidate for the pen.

P. W. Roark arrived in this city last Saturday and will make his future home here. Martin & Roark have disposed of their interests at Kelliher.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30, A. M. in the afternoon at 3 o'clock services is Silverton.

W. E. Casselman, of Lockhart, is going into dairying more extensively than ever this year. He has made arrangements to milk at least 40 cows during the summer.

P. Engelstad; "I hope to see every farmer in this section in Thief River Falls on the day the farmers' institute is held here. No farmer can afford to stay from this meeting.

Albert Lonson, a former Thief River Falls boy, who is now cashier of a bank at Pekin, N. D., arrived in the city the first of the week to spend a few days visiting old friends and relatives.

James Bulman left Tuesday morning for Prince Albert to look after the logging operations of Bulman Bros. at that place for a few days. He was accompanied by James Martin who goes to look over the country and visit with old friends.

In some states county boards are setting trees along the main traveled county roads. This will not only result in beautiful drives but add greatly to the comfort of the teams as well as the people who travel them.

B. H. Hviding, one of the prosperous settlers living out near Anton, was in the city last week and made the News office a call. Mr. Hviding says that the farmers out in his section are all prosperous and contented and he believes that this section of the state is going to make great progress during the next few years.

Lumber for the new creamery to be built at Highlanding was hauled out last week and it is expected to have the creamery in running order early this spring. Wm. Lauretzon, of Plummer, has been engaged as butter maker and as he is one of the best in the state, the product of the Highlanding creamery is sure to command a good price.

Frank Dunnel, a son of Louis Dunnell, who lives a mile and a half west of Mahnomen, was killed last week by a tree falling on him. He was caught by the branch of another and as he passed under the tree the branch gave way and he was felled to the ground being instantly killed. His funeral was held from the Pembina Church.

John Hagglund, who last week shot his father, P. O. Hegglund, of the town of Rocksbury, was adjudged insane by Judge of Probate Tarrant and was taken to the Fergus Falls asylum by Deputy Sheriff Lee. Mr. Hegglund is getting along nicely, and will suffer no bad effects from the wound he received at the hands of his insane son.

There will be a short summer course at the State Agricultural college at St. Anthony Park for teachers, lasting from June 8 to 27. The course has been designed to give those wishing to introduce carpentry, blacksmithing, the elements agriculture, sewing, cooking and other subjects into their school courses an insight which will make such subjects practical and successfully taught.

Many up to date villages and cities now have a City Forester, who has supervision of the tree planting and care of trees on the streets. If it is decided to have elms on a street he has authority to prevent some eratic individual from setting out box elders or willows and spoiling the symmetry of the street. He also fixes the line and the distance between the trees. He also supervises the trimming and no telephone or electric light vandal comes along and slashes shade trees right and left with immunity.

The wheat receipts in the Minneapolis and Chicago markets have been heavier this year than last year up to this date. The reason for this undoubtedly is that the snow blockade held back a large share of last year's crop until toward spring, while the excellent weather and rather dull business in other lines has caused the roads to forward every bushel offered this year. It is expected that from now on, or at least after the time the blockade was raised last year, receipts will fall far below those of a year ago. In fact it is not likely there is much wheat left to be marketed.

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatre.

F. C. Niclai was down to Fosston and Bagley last week selling his well known brand of cigars.

Anthony Dannaker, of Highlanding, was in the city last Friday and made this office a pleasant call.

H. R. Leslin and family, of Kratka, desire to extend their thanks to all who so kindly assisted them during their late bereavement.

Anton Langseth has resigned his position with the Langseth Mercantile company and will travel on the road for a wholesale house.

Miss Astrid Gruber and Miss Ragna Dryer, of St. Paul, arrived in the city last week and are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet with Mrs. Gilbert Granum on Thursday, February 13. All are cordially invited.

This afternoon the Ladies Aid of the Synod meets with Mrs. Gilbert Granum at 3 o'clock P. M., Friday, Feb. 21st, at 8 o'clock P. M. the Young People Society meets at the same place.

Quite a number of farmers living in the country northeast of here, have been in town this week with loads of wheat for the first time since they harvested *last fall*. The poor sleighing has been the cause of their not coming in before.

The Thief River Falls creamery did a very good business during the month of January. There was an increse in the amount of cream received of 128 per cent over the receipts of January, 1907. Secretary Engelstad says that February will show up fully as good.

It is seldom that an artist of Miss Mohr's ability visits Alexandria, and there seems no good reason why an attracaction of this kind, embodying as it does all that is high class, cultured and refined, and tending to elevate the mind, should not be greeted with twice the audience that attends an ordinary 'show".—Alexandria Journal. At Thief Tiver Falls, Feb. 22.

The Mohr-McMillian entertainers gave a splendid entertainment at the Operh House Tuesday night. A very large audience greeted them, and the program was well received. Miss Mohr's efforts are exceptionally fine, and superior to anything of the kind that has ever visited Armour. The entertainment was under the auspices of the Eastern Star. —Armour Chronicle Tribune. At the Evenson Hall, Thief River Falls Feb, 22.

May Build a Dam.

St, Hilaire, Feb. 10—Engineer C. H. Martz has made a preliminary report to the village council in regard to the proposed building of a new dam across the Red Lake River south of here. While Mr. Martz has not yet completed his survey or made his estimates he has gone far enough to demonstrate clearly that the village can purchase land and build a dam across the river south of here which would give all the power needed and it can be done much cheaper than the power in the village can be bought.

Widows to Get an Increase.

Many people in this section, specially widows of veterans of the civil war are very much interested in the fact that the house has passed a general widow's pension bill granting a flat pension of $12 a month to all widows of honorably discharged soldiers of the United States who have not heretofore received the benefits of the pension law, and an increase of $1 a month to all those who have under the act of June 27, 1890 which granted $8 per month. The bill involves the annual expenditure of $12,000,000 and was passed with but one dissenting vote.

GERMANTOWN.

Last weeks cold snap was a sharp contrast to our earlier acquaintance with the winter and was felt all the more on that account. The previous good weather was enjoyed but the present fine sleighing affords some consolation.

The Ladies Aid Society met with Mrs. Hans Jarstad Wednesday of last week and drew a good sized crowd in spite of stormy weather. The next meeting will be with Miss Vaughan at Germantown March 4th.

The creamery ice has been packed, the new engine is being installed and everything will be in trim for the start of this years run next month.

To while away some of these long evenings there has been a series of surprise parties on our Northern border.

Tom Havelson and Martin Olson are in Warren this week as delegates from the Lutheran Congregation of this place, attending a three days meeting held there, composed of ministers and delegates of the Thief River Falls circuit of the Norwegian Synod.

Henry Sterts contemplates moving out to Washington in the spring to engage in farming.

Henry Cook was down from Warren last week.

Several new shareholders have been added to the creamery association this winter, among them being Jay Payne, Martin Todstad, Detlef Dau, Joseph Vokes, Joseph Haresch and John Kratochvil. There is still room for more.

Reduced Prices in Winter Goods.

We are still having winter weather and you certainly need some more winter goods. We are a little overstocked in some lines and will give our customers the benefit in reduced prices for the next three weeks.

Ladies' winter coats, ...	1-3 off regular price
Children's and Misses' coats, . .	1-3 off regular price
Ladies' neck furs, ...	1-3 off regular price
Men's and Boys' cloth overcoats, . .	1-3 off regular price
Men's sheep lined coats, ...	10 per cent reduction
Men's mackinaws, ...	10 per cent reduction
Overshoes and winter rubbers, .	10 per cent reduction

SHOES. Have just received a large consignment of mens, ladies and childrens shoes, and are now in a position to sell you the best shoes for the least money. We will not be undersold. Look at our shoes before buying.

We have also added to our shoe department a bargain counter. Real bargains, look them over.

See our Spring line of dry goods, coming in daily in all departments.

Our dry goods bargain counter is always filled with exceptional bargains.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

BUILDING RAILROADS.

Crookston Times Has Large Force of Men at Work.

Says That Greenbush Extension Is to Be Completed Soon.

Monday's Crookston Times contained a long article to the effect that the Great Northern was going to rush the building of the road from Greenbush to Warroad. The Times says in part:

At the present time they have several hundred teams and a large crew of men are at work on this grade, rebuilding the places that have been washed down, strengthening the weak spots, and in every way getting it ready for the actual laying of the ties and the rails.

This would be good news to the residents of Roseau county if it were true, but as a matter of fact not a thing has been done towards building the road into Roseau county since the work of grading the roadbed was stopped some two years ago. The Crookston Times also says that the present activity was started by the Great Northern on account of the agitation of building an air line from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls Minn. for the week ending Feb. 8, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington, D. C.

Abbey, Mrs. Mary
Brown, Mrs. S. C.
Burkee, Mrs. J. E.
Calahan, Mrs. [illegible]
Hanson, Mrs Olaf
Hanson, Olaf
Haraldson, [illegible]
Lund, Ed
Olson, Mrs. A.
Rabbie, Wm.
Rae, S. J.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Hans H. Kresten,
Postmaster.

Subscribe for the News.

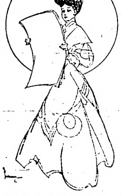

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

Kick the Printer

BULLETIN
LATEST NEWS
"BOOM"

In the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., there has been for many years a conspicuous signboard outside an office which reads, "KICK THE PRINTER."

Bibulous persons sometimes go inside to carry out the apparent request, but they discover that the printer is a gentleman by the name of Kick.

In every town there are persons who, if they do not actually feel like kicking the printer—the newspaper man—at any rate do a lot of kicking at the way he conducts his paper.

Please DON'T kick the printer; he is doing the best he can.

And what he does for the town and community, despite his occasional mistakes, may be a great deal more than the kickers themselves are doing. Did THAT ever occur to you?

We are all neighbors in this town. What helps one helps the others. What hurts one hurts the others. Every community is a mutual benefit association, whether organized or just running wild. The printer is a charter member.

If you had no printer—no newspaper—how would you like that? Do you know what happens to towns that don't support a newspaper? Nothing happens. Nothing ever happens in a town like that. As soon as things begin to happen in a town the newspaper comes along and tells about them.

The newspaper boosts the town. It records progress and offers suggestions, by the editor or the readers, as to further progress. Every copy of every issue advertises the town. This is all free advertisement. It costs the town nothing. It costs the people nothing. It is a part of the business.

In view of this fact, which nobody can dispute, it is much better to pat the printer on the shoulder now and then or to speak kindly of him than to kick him.

NO; DON'T KICK THE PRINTER.

For Fruit,
Candies
and
Tobacco
Go to
H. FANT'S

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME
If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

Maximilian and "La Paloma."

Wherever that haunting air, "La Paloma," is played the memory of the Emperor Maximilian, shot by the Mexicans on June 19, 1867, should be preserved. Maximilian's final request was that "La Paloma" should be played while he stood up to meet his doom. He died with the tune in his ears, and his wife went mad with the shock of his execution.

The Irish Priest.

Stephen Gwynn has said somewhere excellently that the Irish priest possesses the secret of Irish life. He does, and so entirely is the key to it in his possession that I doubt if any genius, however great, could give an adequate rendering of Irish life without introducing the priest.—Katherine Tynan in Fortnightly Review.

A Stylist.

Uncle—Here, my boy, are a couple of chocolate cigars. But where are you going with them? Little Johnny—Why, I am going to eat them in the smoking room.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

It is a dangerous thing to dig pits for other folks.—French Proverb.

Fear and Danger.

Nervous Old Lady (to deck hand on steamboat)—Mr. Steamboatman, is there any fear of danger? Deck Hand (carelessly)—Plenty of fear, ma'am, but not a bit of danger.

Little girls believe in the man in the moon, big girls in the man in the honeymoon.

Legend of St. Winifred Well.

A romantic legend hangs around St. Winifred well. Cradocus, a neighboring prince, smitten with the beauty of a Holywell damsel and roused to anger by her coyness, struck off her head as she fled from his unwelcome attentions. The head, rolling down the hill, rested near the church, and from the spot the present copious spring gushed forth as the earth opened to swallow up the assassin. St. Benno, who was passing, picked up the head and, with a skill which is now lost to the medical profession, restored the maiden with only a slender white line on her neck as evidence of the miracle. But not only did the well spring from the spot where the head rested, but the moss on its brink was supposed to be possessed of a particularly fragrant smell, while the blood marks on the stones assumed many beautiful tints on June 22, the anniversary of the event. Today the well is contained in a rectangular building, and the water flows into a large basin in the shape of an eight pointed star.—London Chronicle.

A STRENUOUS RULER.

Daring, Coolness and Bravery of James IV. of Scotland.

One of the interesting characters of history is James IV., king of Scotland from 1473 to 1513. He was athletic, courageous and fond of adventure. In putting down insurrections and improving the criminal administration of the country he was foremost in the ranks and did not shun a hand to hand contest. He married a daughter of Henry VII. of England and made a treaty which secured peace between the two countries. He labored to build up a navy and develop commerce and showed skillful diplomacy in dealing with other nations. He was killed in battle at Flodden, where his army was disastrously defeated by Henry VIII.

Those were strenuous times, when it was necessary for a king to be a fighter and to inspire his obstreperous subjects with some degree of terror. King James used often to go about the country in different disguises, not only because he loved adventure, but because he could thus secure information on the state of the nation at first hand.

It is related of the vigorous Scottish king that once when wandering through the hills during the night he was overtaken by a violent storm and was obliged to take shelter in a cavern near Wemys, which is one of the most remarkable antiquities of Scotland. Having advanced some way in, the king discovered a number of men and women ready to begin to roast a sheep for supper. From their appearance he suspected that he had fallen into evil company, but as it was then too late he asked hospitality from them till the tempest was over. They granted it and invited the king, who was unknown to them, to sit down and join them at supper. They were a notorious band of robbers and cutthroats, and this fact soon dawned upon James.

As soon as they had finished their supper one of them presented a plate on which two daggers were laid in the form of a St. Andrew's cross, telling the king that this was the dessert they always served to strangers; that he must choose one of the daggers and fight him whom the company selected as his antagonist. The king, realizing that he was to be murdered, instantly seized both daggers, one in each hand, and plunged them into the hearts of the two robbers nearest to him. He then dashed out of the cave and made his escape, returning as soon as possible with a body of soldiers, by whom the whole band was arrested and publicly hanged.—Punxsutawney Spirit.

A BRAHMS ANECDOTE.

The Man Who Spoiled an Evening For the Great Composer.

Among the Brahms anecdotes which are popular in Germany this one was contributed by Frau Luise Pohl. Brahms liked Baden-Baden and took as much pleasure in a winter visit to the place as in the crowded summer time. The residents knew this when they invited him in 1876 to come and direct some of his works. After the concert the friends of the master assembled at Goldemen Kranz by invitation of the oberburgermeister ganner to "drink a glass of wine." The session lasted long, but gradually the company grew smaller. Presently they had all gone except Brahms and Cornelius Rubner. After awhile even Brahms suggested home, and his young companion eagerly agreed to adjourn the session. On the way home Brahms asked his companion, whose name he had not heard, "By the way, do you know this young director Rubner?"

"Are you interested in him?" he asked by way of answer.

"Certainly. Adolf Jensen thinks he is not only great, but genial. Don't you know him?"

"I know him very well. He is an arrogant, conceited fellow, who can do nothing and knows nothing."

The pleasure of the evening was spoiled by this harsh opinion as to a man whom Brahms had made up his mind to like. The next morning he attended, with some others, a breakfast at Jensen's, where he told the story. He had hardly finished when the door opened and Rubner walked in.

"That's the man who slandered your friend," said Brahms, and when everybody laughed he suspected what was told to him as soon as the first man recovered.

Using the Fire Buckets.

In many business offices fire buckets are placed, filled with water, in readiness for an emergency. It is seldom, says the Scientific American, that instructions for use are placed near the supply. The wrong way to tackle an incipient fire is (usually) to hurl the whole contents of a bucket on the spot. Most of the water is wasted by this means. A heavy sprinkling is more effective. The water may be splashed on the blaze by hand, but a more useful sprinkler is a long haired whitewash brush. One of these should hang beside every nest of fire buckets.

A Doubtful Assertion.

Browne—They say that drowning men catch at straws.

Towne—Yes, but I doubt it. I've seen a number of men drown, and those of them who had any preference at all seemed in favor of a plank. In fact, I do not now recall ever having been asked for a straw by a gentleman who was drowning.—New York Journal.

Extravagant.

Kind Lady—If I give you this penny what will you do with it? Beggar—Hire a motor cab and show me friend Bigby the town, ma'am.—Illustrated Bits.

Conceit may puff a man up, but never prop him up.—Ruskin.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 570; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.
Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and 60-100 Dollars ($1,656.60) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty-eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Seventy-five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure: Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christopher M. Hoverstad, as one of the heirs of Thomas T. Hoverstad, Deceased, of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 56 made June 21st, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 25, Township 154, N. Range 43, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on March 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Frieberg of Thief River Falls, Minn
Gust Berggren " " " "
Andreas Hoverstad " " " "
Iver Aastad " " " "

Jan. 30-Feb. 27.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan., 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Berndobbinger of Germantown Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 478 made July 1st 1904, for the S. E. ¼ Section 5, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Feb., 17th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

August Ristau of Germantown, Minn.
Jacob Ristow " " "
Nick Hundhund " " "
Ernest Schmidt " " "

Jan 16 feb 13

R. J. Montague, Register.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.

In Probate Court. In the matter of Knudt Syverson, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the Estate of Knudt Syverson deceased, late of the town of North, in the County of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Nils Knudson,

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Nils Knudson, the Executor, made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knudt Syverson deceased.

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be for ever barred.

It is further ordered, That Monday the [illegible] day of April 1908, at ten o'clock A. M. at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the The Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the [illegible] day of January A. D. 1908.

[illegible]

N. W. [illegible]
Judge of Probate

[illegible]

NOTICE

[illegible]

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses
CONSULT ME.
I will examine your eyes free
F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Hotel Northern
SIMPSON & CROAK, Props
RATES $1 PER DAY.
First Class In All Respects.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel
Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Hot-Breads
Light and
Sweet
are made with
ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MY WIFE
SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.
Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.
STOPS THE PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.
"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.
A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.
"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 46 174 Lake Street, Chicago

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
[illegible]
Scientific American.
[illegible]
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
[illegible]

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

LAGERKRANTZ IS NOT RETIRED

He Will Soon Return to Washington as Minister from Sweden—Is Temporarily at Copenhagen.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The report that Herman de Lagerkrantz has been retired from his post in Washington, D. C., is groundless. Mr. Lagerkrantz has been appointed Swedish ambassador to Copenhagen ad interim and will, according to latest reports, only remain there about two months, when it is expected that he will return to assume his duties as Sweden's minister at Washington.

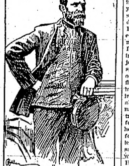

HERMAN DE LAGERKRANTZ.

One of the alleged perpetrators of the great robbery in Tiflis, Russia, Jan. 26, 1907, when two policemen and five Cossacks were killed and 341,000 rubles ($170,500) were taken from a treasury wagon, was arrested in Stockholm the other day while trying to change a number of 500 ruble notes. The man, who says his name is Kruschinsky, will be held, pending the receipt of orders from the Russian government.

A mining engineer who recently returned to Stockholm from a trip in northern Norway, where the Russian boundary near Lyngfiord is not more than fifteen miles from the North sea, relates that he there found a large number of Russian soldiers quartered in small wood huts and that they have been busy lately building a railway within Norwegian territory.

The Swedish government has officially invited the United States to participate in the international fisheries congress, which will be held in Stockholm in September. The same representatives which are at present interesting the Russian government to participate in this congress will soon journey to Washington on the same errand.

The city of Malmo had 79,770 inhabitants at the beginning of the new year and the increase for the past year was 4,509. The growth of the population has been more and more rapid since the beginning of this century, the increase for each year, beginning in 1900, being 718, 1,687, 1,703, 2,692, 3,259, 1,718, 3,135 and 4,509, respectively.

Valdemar Backstrom, chief director of a Swedish exporting house, which also controls an importing concern in Worcester, Mass., was found dead in a janitor's office Jan. 30 with a revolver clenched in his hand. It is believed that he committed suicide because of ill-health and financial trouble.

The Idun beauty contest is attracting widespread attention in Sweden at present. More than 2,000 photographs have been sent in to the Idun office and the prize judges are now busy selecting the winners.

Stockholm has now a population of 339,000, showing an increase during the past year of about six thousand. Stockholm, however, is not growing as fast as Copenhagen, which now has more than 450,000 people.

The riksdag has made an appropriation of $10,000 in the near future for the establishment of an employment bureau, whose chief aim it will be to secure employment for home returning Swedish-Americans.

The state calendar of Sweden will be published later than usual because so many appointments are being made in the different departments of the government since the new king ascended the throne.

Gustaf V. is the first Swedish king in the history of the country who was a grandfather at the time he ascended the throne. King Gustaf has recently been appointed a general in the Danish army.

President Fallieres of France contemplates a visit to Sweden next summer. He will arrive in Stockholm early in June in time to [illegible] journey northward and view the midnight sun.

S. L. H. Slocum, United States military attache in St. Petersburg and Stockholm, will return to Stockholm within a few days.

L. O. Smith, the well known Swedish captain of industry, is reported seriously ill in his home in Stockholm.

Princess Patricia, of England, a sister of the Crownprincess of Sweden, arrived in Stockholm Jan. 12.

A French legation residence will be erected in Stockholm in the near future.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The big ski tournament will be held in Christiania Feb. 20 to 24. Snow this year is very plentiful and well adapted for the sport. King Edward and Queen Alexandra of England, besides a number of distinguished French diplomats, are expected to attend. Says Michael Alger, the Christiania correspondent, in speaking of the winter sports in Norway: "The foreign tourist traffic travel in Norway has hitherto been almost exlusively during the summer months and although certain interests for years have been working to draw the attention of foreign travelers to the beauty of the Norwegian winter and the outdoor sports indulged in, the number of winter tourists is still small. But it is increasing every year. In former years it was only the great Holmenkol ski race they came to see. Now it is different. At present such places as Holmenkollen, Voxenkollen, and others have already a number of guests, mostly Englishmen, but also many Danes and Swedes. They are learning the art of skiing and seem to enjoy it just as much as the native sports. Foreigners who have no idea of what joy and healthy stimulation flight on the Norwegian snow shoes brings, are inclined to think of Norway in winter as a most dreary and miserable place, and for the man not familiar with skiing this may be partly true. Should a foreigner land here for the first time on a day like this, he would find the Norwegian capital a foggy, dark, chilly town, and perhaps leave it in disgust. But should the same person know how to use skis, he would take the first electric car up to Holmenkollen—it would take him about half an hour—and there the sun would be shining gloriously over the snow-decked forests of fir and pine, and he would spend his day at the greatest winter outdoor pastime that ever fell to the lot of mortal. But the proof of the pudding is in the eating of it, and skiing has to be tried before it can be appreciated, and when gradually the number of foreign winter tourists has grown the day will come when Norway will enjoy a tourist traffic also in winter, which may not ever come up to that of the summer season, but will be of great importance. Just as now returning summer tourists tell their friends of Norway's beautiful scenery in summer, so gradually will the fascinating story of ski sport and the grandeur of the snowdecked forests and mountain ranges, on which the winter sun throws its golden rays, turning the whole landscape into fairyland, set in white and gold, be told. Such reports from friend to friend count more than all the advertising that any association or tourist bureau turn out, although such institutions are very active in spreading useful information to the outside world as to what Norway has to offer as a tourist country, both in summer and in winter, and undoubtedly such endeavors are followed by material results."

The Morganbladet says that King Haakon has purchased extensive hunting grounds in Numedal. The land extends from Dagli up through the Hardanger plateau and most of it is 3,000 feet above the sea. Reports from this section state that there is an abundance of white grouse and some excellent fishing lakes.

Christiania papers state that Ex-Premier Michelsen will remove to Christiania this month. Mr. Michelsen has always favored the capital and thrives there better than anywhere else.

The storthing's Radical and Conservative parties have selected President Berner and Professor Frederick Stang as their respective leaders.

Last year there were 5,895 children born in Christiania. Of this number 3,050 are dead, leaving the actual number at 2,845.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Ferdinand Meldahl, the noted Danish architect and for many years director of the Academy of Fine Arts in Copenhagen, died Feb. 3. He was eighty-three years of age. Not only was M. Meldahl a great architect, but he was an able administrator. He rebuilt Frederiksborg castle, which was destroyed by fire, beginning the task in 1860 and completing it in 1885. He was the personal friend of the emperor of Germany and Queen Alexandra of England and the author of many books.

It has been decided to arrange for a world's fair in Copenhagen in 1913 which will be twenty-five years after the 1st international exhibition here and the seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of the Danish industrial association. The exhibition will cover about two hundred acres of land and include all branches of industry, agriculture and art from all parts of the world. Buildings already are being planned for a special airship section.

Burglars broke into the rooms of Count Carl von Moltke a few days ago and stole silverware to the amount of $2,000. [illegible] of the burglars.

Caruso, the great Italian tenor, has been billed for Copenhagen for just one evening and he is to receive $2,430 for his trouble.

MARION S NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The Park Rapids Lumber company has begun an action in the United States court at Fergus Falls against Simon Michelet as superintendent of the White Earth Indian reservation, alleging that it is the owner of 3,500,000 feet of timber which has been seized by Michelet. It demands the return of the timber, or, if this is impossible, asks for damages of $25,000.

It is persistently reported in lumber and railroad circles at Duluth that Charles Ruggles of Milwaukee, one of the wealthiest men in the West, has purchased the Duluth, Virginia and Winnipeg road, which runs from Virginia on the Mesaba range to the Rainy river, a distance of 100 miles. The road has about fifty miles also of branch lines.

Following a lengthy conference between Dr. C. M. Jordan, city superintendent of schools, and Health Commissioner P. M. Hall it was decided to close the Douglas school building in the Kenwood district, one of the most fashionable in Minneapolis, because of the continued prevalence of scarlet fever.

Figures just compiled by J. W. Olsen, state superintendent of public instruction, show that the number of men employed in the state as teachers is decreasing, while the number of women is increasing. As compared with the preceding year the salaries paid last year show an increase.

The state drainage board has instructed George A. Ralph, its engineer, to make a preliminary survey looking to the drainage of between 20,000 and 25,000 acres of land located in Aitkin county. The land lies between the Mississippi and Willow rivers.

As the result of an injunction granted by Judge Brooks of the Hennepin county district court restraining the use of market quotations of the chamber of commerce a body blow, it is said by the grain men, has been dealt to "bucketshop" offices.

It does not look as if the proposed two weeks state fair in commemoration of the admission of Minnesota into the Union fifty years ago will materialize. Apparently there is opposition in some quarters and lack of interest elsewhere.

The Minneapolis school board has voted to spend $441,000 for school buildings. Of that amount $140,000 will be expended for new high schools and the balance for new grade schools and additions to the present buildings.

The Minneapolis and St. Paul locals of the Iron Molders' union of North America have declared off their strike for the closed shop which has been in progress since May, 1906.

Senator Nelson has left Washington for Colorado Springs, Colo., called there by the dangerous illness of his son, Harry K. Nelson.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While playing with two small companions John Brobam, a twelve-year-old Bohemian lad, living with his parents in the Minneapolis "flats" just below the Washington avenue bridge, slipped while playing on the edge of that structure and plunged headforemost down sixty feet, turning a series of somersaults in the air and alighting unharmed on his feet in a bank of snow, which nearly engulfed him.

For the first time in the history of Minneapolis the death list for a single month reached 325, the total contained in the health commissioner's report for January. For the same month a year ago 270 persons died, while in 1906 the number was 243. Pneumonia heads the ghastly list, claiming as its share eighty victims.

John Haaglund, who recently shot his father, P. O. Haaglund, at their home near St. Hilaire, was adjudged insane by Judge Terrant at Red Lake Falls. The boy was about to commit suicide and it was while attempting to prevent it that the father was shot. The injured man will recover.

Joseph Powell, who played the part of clown in a troupe of trick bicyclists at the Orpheum theater in Minneapolis last week, is dead as a result of a wound in the hand which was caused by the discharge of a revolver loaded with blank cartridges.

John H. Hein, a homesteader, was burned to death in his cabin near Two Harbors. He was fifty-two years of age and his wife and four children reside in Minneapolis.

OBITUARY.

C. N. Bell, aged fifty-three, one of the most prominent lawyers in St. Paul, is dead. Mr. Bell was the author of the St. Paul charter and had been prominent in all the important litigation around the famous Wilder wills, of which he was also the author.

C. W. Baumbach is dead at Oklahoma City, Okla. He was the son of W. P. Baumbach of Wadena, this state, and before going South was cashier of the First National bank of Wadena. He was widely known throughout Northern Minnesota.

Lewis B. Newman, forty-seven years old, a well known contractor of St. Paul and the Northwest, is dead at St. Paul after an illness extending over a month. Death was due largely to a nervous breakdown.

Franklin L. Greenleaf, one of the most prominent figures in grain and flour circles and one of the pioneers of Minneapolis, is dead.

Mrs. Jasperson, who was probably the oldest resident of Otter Tail county, is dead at the age of ninety-six years.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

In the midst of a wild blizzard the steamer St. Cuthbert was burned to the water's edge off the Nova Scotian coast. Fifteen members of the crew were drowned by the swamping of a small boat in which they attempted to leave the vessel after fire had broken out.

One woman is dead and several persons are in the hospital suffering from injuries as the result of a fire which destroyed a five-story brick apartment building in New York city.

In a fire of unknown origin at South Sioux City, Neb., the rooming house of Edward Streator was burned to the ground. Two lives were lost and five persons were injured.

Seven men were killed and a half dozen injured by the explosion of a boiler in the rolling mill of Van Allen & Co. at Northumberland, Pa.

Two Polish boys and one girl were drowned and many families driven from their homes by a flood caused by an ice gorge at Dillonvale, O.

Four persons were burned to death in the destruction by fire of a farmhouse near Preston, Minn.

Four fires in Philadelphia, all burning at the same time, caused damage estimated at $200,000.

Five firemen injured and a loss of $120,000 was the result of a fire at Racine, Wis.

San Francisco is now free from bubonic plague.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

A cut of nearly $9,000,000 in the army appropriation bill is the net result of weeks of consideration of that measure by the house committee on military affairs. The bill as decided on carries a total appropriation of $85,017,616, or $8,790,048 less than the estimates submitted by the war department and urged by Secretary Taft.

The house committee on appropriations reported favorably the pension bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909. The bill as reported abolishes the pension agencies throughout the country and consolidates them in one central distributing agency at Washington.

Without division and with only one voice in opposition the house passed the Sulloway bill granting a flat pension of $12 a month to all widows of honorably discharged soldiers. The measure involves an additional expenditure of $12,741,000.

What will be known as "the minority currency bill" was introduced by Representative John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, the Democratic leader of the house, who drew the measure as a result of conference of Democrats behind closed doors.

The senate has passed the bill placing Major General O. O. Howard on the retired list of the army as a lieutenant general.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Captain William M. Forrest, son of General Nathan Bedford Forrest, the Confederate cavalry leader, who was recently stricken with paralysis while witnessing a play, is dead at Memphis, Tenn.

Judge Thomas D. Mellon, retired, one of Pittsburg's foremost citizens and well known throughout the country as a banker and capitalist, is dead, aged ninety-five.

Hon. George D. Wise, for many years a member of congress from the Third Virginia district, is dead at Richmond, Va. He was seventy-two years old.

Major A. W. Edwards, founder of the Fargo Daily Argus in 1879 and later of the Fargo Forum in 1891, is dead at Fargo, N. D., after a long illness.

Rear Admiral Seth M. Ackley, U. S. N., retired, is dead at Washington, aged sixty-two years.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 10.—Wheat—May, $1.04⅝@1.04¾; July, $1.05. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.08¼@1.08⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅛@1.05⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅞@1.03⅛; No. 3 Northern, 98⅝c@$1.01⅛.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@3.75; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$3.90@4.10. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.10; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 10.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.06⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.04⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅞; May, $1.04⅝; July, $1.05⅜. In store—No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅝; No. 2 Northern, 99⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16¾; May, $1.17¾; July, $1.19¾.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@6.00; cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; calves, $5.00@7.00; Western cattle, $3.75@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50. Hogs—Light, $4.05@4.35; mixed, $4.10@4.37½; heavy, $4.10@4.40; rough, $4.10@4.15; pigs, $3.50@4.10. Sheep, $3.20@5.40; yearlings, $5.25@6.25; lambs, $5.00@6.90.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Wheat—May, 96⅝@96¾c; July, 92⅝c; Sept, 89⅝@89¾c. Corn—May, 61⅝@61¾c; July, 59⅝c; Sept, 59@59⅛c. Oats—May, old, 53⅝c; May, 51⅛@51⅜c; July, old, 45⅞c; July, 44⅝c; Sept., 36c. Pork—May, $11.95; July, $12.27½. Butter—Creameries, 23@32c; dairies, 21@29c. Eggs—19½@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, chickens and springs, 12c.

JEALOUS HUSBAND KILLED

Shot by Boarder Whose Life He Is Said to Have Threatened.

Henry Bolot of Duluth, aged forty-seven, shot and almost instantly killed Marquis Chirbouno, aged sixty-five.

Bolot has for many years been foreman of the Elliott Packing company there and Chirbouno a millworker at whose home Bolot and his ten-year-old daughter have boarded for a number of years.

It is said that Chirbouno was jealous of Bolot, imagining that he was paying too much attention to Mrs. Chirbouno. If it had not been for Mrs. Chirbouno Bolot would have been killed instead of her husband.

Mrs. Chirbouno was awakened to hear her husband moving about in the hall muttering that he would kill somebody. She got up quietly and peered through the door of her room and from there she could see her husband stealthily entering Bolot's room. Chirbouno had a hatchet in his hand.

Quietly as possible the woman ran up behind her husband and caught hold of the arm that held the hatchet. Chirbouno uttered an exclamation of anger and tried to throw her off. The room was lighted dimly by a light turned low.

Bolot awakened and, taking in the situation, reached for a revolver that lay on the dresser. Observing that Bolot was awake and prepared to defend himself the woman let go of her husband and ran.

Chirbouno then approached Bolot threateningly, not fearing the revolver apparently, and Bolot shot him, inflicting a wound from which he died quickly.

WAR NOW WAGED OPENLY

Campaign Against Catalogue Houses Following Court Decision.

The "little white book" has succeeded the "little black book" as a weapon for the wholesale lumber dealers against the competition of catalogue houses.

Following the recent decision by Judge William Lochren of the federal court at Minneapolis that the "little black book" campaign was not a conspiracy the opposition to the competition of catalogue houses is now being waged absolutely in the open with new instructions to dealers. The Mississippi Valley Lumberman prints the text of the "little white book" in its current issue, offering to send the book in limited numbers free to interested persons or in large numbers at reasonable terms.

Lumbermen and merchants are cautioned against "going beyond" the advice offered in the book except on consultation with legal counsel. The book professes to be a compilation of the various plans suggested by individual dealers to offset catalogue competition. Among the bits of advice offered by the book are these:

"Don't send for any of these catalogues under fictitious names and do not make any misrepresentations."

"Don't be stingy with your local paper. Patronize it. Advertise in it."

"In your communications use unprinted stationery."

GOES TO SUPREME COURT

Minneapolis High School Fraternity Case Appealed.

William F. Brooks of Minneapolis will appeal the famous high school fraternity case to the supreme court of the state. Notices to that effect have been served on the school authorities. The appeal is taken in behalf of his son, Robert L. Brooks, who was barred from graduating with the January class in the Central high school because of his refusal to withdraw from active membership in the Lambda Sigma fraternity during the remainder of his attendance in school, a period of about two weeks. Later on the school board refused to grant young Brooks a dismissal card showing his standing in his studies, which would entitle him to admission to a college.

Died to Save Her Children.

Her clothes wrapped in flames, unheedful of the death awaiting her, Mrs. Mary Brandys of Minneapolis sacrificed her life to save her children who had been sprinkled with burning gasoline. After tearing the clothes from the children she rushed into the yard and rolled in the snow. The accident was due to an attempt to start a fire with gasoline. Mrs. Brandys died of her injuries.

Destructive Fire at Fisher.

The village of Fisher had a disastrous fire, starting in the hardware store of Larson & Son in an unknown manner. Four of the leading business places were wiped out, as follows: Gunder Krosture, general merchandise, loss, $10,000; Ole Larson & Son, hardware, $5,000; Carl Vinje, saloon, $2,000; Ole Gunstemson, drugs, $2,000; H. Falewsky, owner of the Vinje saloon building, $3,000.

Trapper Commits Suicide.

After eight years of hiding from business failure in Saginaw, Mich., William Andrews, a Northern Minnesota trapper and hunter, blew off the top of his head in his shack in the woods about a quarter of a mile from Alle Junction station. The body was found with the rifle clutched in the dead man's hands.

Train Held-Up in St. Paul.

Three masked highwaymen held up a freight train in the Como yards at St. Paul and got away with a lot of silks. A brakeman who interrupted them was forced to drop his lantern and hold up his hands until the bandits made good their escape. The value of their loot is unknown.

FOUR DIE IN FLAMES

Farmhouse Destroyed by Fire in Fillmore County.

ONLY ONE INMATE ESCAPES

Latter Also in Serious Condition From Exposure and Inhaling Smoke and Flames.

Fire starting at a stovepipe hole in the floor of the house caused the deaths of four persons and the possibly fatal injury of a fifth on the farm of C. W. Engle six miles southwest of Preston. The dead are:

C. W. Engle, thirty-seven years old; Mrs. C. W. Engle, Mrs. Thomas Yeast, mother of Mrs. Engle; Baby Engle, the infant child of the first named victims.

Thomas Yeast, Mrs. Engle's father, was the only inmate of the house who escaped from the flames and he was so seriously burned in attempting to rescue the others that his injuries, with the subsequent exposure, may cause his death. He inhaled smoke and flames and internal injuries are feared. The house was completely destroyed.

The bodies of the four victims of the fire were almost completely incinerated. No trace whatever of the baby could be found in the ruins. Of the other victims nothing is left but their skulls and a few bits of partly burned flesh and clothing, all of which could be gathered up in a bushel basket.

ATTACKS VALIDITY OF LAW

Standard Oil's Reply to Minnesota Ouster Suit.

The Standard Oil company has filed a demurrer to the suit brought against it by Attorney General Young for the forfeiture of its Minnesota charter.

Its right to do business in the state is attacked because of an alleged violation of the anti-discrimination law passed by the last legislature.

The company claims the law is unconstitutional because it is in violation of both the federal and state constitutions. It proposes to take property without due process of law, the company says.

Further, it holds that the act specified is class and special legislation and therefore in conflict with the state constitution. The complaint, it also says, does not constitute facts.

The suit against the Standard Oil company was commenced early in December in the Ramsey county district court. In an answer made the company then asked that the state be compelled to make its complaint more specific. This it withdrew and filed the demurrers given above.

MURDERS YOUNG TEACHER

Rejected Suitor Then Ends His Own Career.

Miss Bessie Graham, sixteen years old, was murdered in view of the pupils of the school in the township of Two Inlets, Hubbard county, where she taught, by August Bolt, who then killed himself.

Miss Graham and Bolt lived in eastern Becker county, near the little town of Osage. For the past year or so the young man had been attentive to Miss Graham. Because of her youth and ambition she was not responsive to his entreaties. Miss Graham was very studious and hoped to become proficient in the profession of teaching and to this end she had attended the Park Rapids high school most of the time for the past two years. Recently she had been teaching a school in the country.

LID VICTORY AT DULUTH.

Roland D. Haven, Rep., Elected Mayor by Small Plurality.

Roland D. Haven, Republican, defeated Emil Tessiman, Democrat, for mayorship of Duluth by approximately 700 majority. The voters of Duluth have given the brewery and saloon interests to understand that they cannot hope to control the administration of this city.

Mr. Haven does not pretend to be a radical, but he will enforce the laws and says that he will treat saloon men as fairly as any other class and not undertake to persecute them. The common council is now a tie, eight Republicans and eight Democrats, but there is a majority of law enforcement aldermen.

Valuable Papers Missing.

A tin box, the contents of which are valued at $50,000, the personal property of Daniel C. Hopkins, vice president of the Hopkins Land company, has disappeared from his office in the Metropolitan Life Insurance building at Minneapolis. The Mill City police are trying to solve the mystery and seem to be baffled. They say the case is one of the most difficult that the department ever has attempted.

Farmer Suddenly Stricken.

Nelson P. Thoren, a prosperous and respected farmer living on the White Bear road west of Stillwater, fell dead from a cake of ice on his farm. Assisted by his son he was pulling ice from a small lake to be stored on the farm. Being overcome with faintness he sat down on a cake of ice and a moment later fell over dead. Heart disease was the cause of death.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A LESSON IN GERMAN.

Follow It Closely and You Will See How Really Simple It Is.

Among the Hottentots (Hottentoten in German) the kangaroos (Beutelratte) are found in great numbers. Many of them wander over the country free and unmolested; others, less fortunate, are taken by hunters and put into cages (Kotter) provided with covers (Lattengitter) to keep out the rain. These cages are called in German Lattengitterwetterkotter, and the kangaroo after his imprisonment takes the name of Lattengitterwetterkotterbeutelratte. One day an assassin (Attentater) was arrested who had killed a Hottentot woman, Hottentotmutter, the mother of two stupid and stuttering children in Straettertrottel. This woman in the German language is entitled Hottentotenstraettertrottelmutter, and her assassin takes the name Hottentotenstraettermuttertaeter. The murderer was confined in a kangaroo's cage — Beutelrattenlattengitterwetterkotter—when a few days later he escaped, but fortunately he was recaptured by a Hottentot, who presented himself at the mayor's office with beaming face.

"I have captured the Attentaeter," said he.

"Which one?" replied the mayor. "We have several."

"The Attentaeterlattengitterwetterkotterbeutelratte."

"Which Attentaeter are you talking about?"

"About the Hottentotenstraettertrottelmutterattentaeter."

"Then why don't you say at once the Hottentotenstrattelmutterattentaeterlattengitterwetterkotterbeutelratte?"

The Hottentot fled in dismay.

THE AWKWARD "MRS."

Single as Well as Married Women Once Carried This Title.

A curiously awkward word, if it be a word, is "Mrs." It is not spelled as it is pronounced—no one but a Welshman or a Pole would be equal to pronouncing it as it is spelled—and its pronunciation is a clumsy contraction of the good old English designation "mistress."

In the days of old, when leisure had not become, as it is now, almost a forgotten luxury and people were less anxious to clip their speech, the full pronunciation was often used, and "mistress" was not altogether elbowed out of existence by the vulgar "missis."

But nowadays "mistress" has dropped out, and consequently the contracted pronunciation of "Mrs." has prevailed and holds the field.

Another point worth noting in the history of the designation is that about 150 years ago and earlier "Mrs." was applied quite impartially to unmarried as well as married ladies. Even children were sometimes styled "Mrs."

The burial of an infant daughter of John Milton, who died at the age of five months, is recorded in the parish register of St. Margaret, Westminster, and her name is entered as "Mrs. Katherine Milton," followed by a small "c," to indicate that a child is meant. But this may be regarded as an exceptional use of the title.—St. James' Gazette.

A Sabbatarian Dog.

"Tip was an Irish setter—his name was really Tipperary and Tip for short," said a New York clubman. "He knew when it was Sunday, and he kept the day. He was the only Sabbatarian dog I ever knew. He used to sleep on a rug in my room. I had to keep early hours in those days, and every morning at 7 o'clock Tip would put his cold nose against my face and remind me that it was time to go to work. Then while I was dressing he would go to the village postoffice and bring home the mail. On Sunday morning he never stirred off his rug until I was good and ready to get up, which was usually quite late, and nothing could induce him to go to the postoffice on that day. And the best part of the story is it is absolutely true."—New York Tribune.

No Plot.

The actor, rounded up in Russia with a bunch of others, retained his composure while his companions in misfortune were giving way to despair.

"I can prove my innocence of complicity in any conspiracy to the complete satisfaction of the authorities," he said.

"How can you do that?" one of his companions asked. "You will always be suspected of being connected with a plot."

He smiled confidently.

"Not when I tell them that for years I have been playing in musical comedies."—Baltimore American.

Golfing Sarcasm.

"Caddy, how many strokes is that for this hole?" asked the golfer with the plaid cap.

"I can't say, sir."

"Can't say?"

"No, sir; I can only count up to twelve, sir."—Pick-Me-Up.

Self Reliance.

It is easy in this world to live after the world's opinion. It is easy in solitude to live after our own, but the great man is he who in the midst of the crowds keeps with perfect sweetness the independence of solitude.—Emerson.

Ready For Business.

A tragedian playing Richard III. in a small town was waited on after the show by an honest farmer, who said that "if the gen'l'm who wanted a horse was still of the same mind he would like to do business with him."

No better masters than poverty and want.—Dutch Proverb.

THE MAXIM GUN.

Curious Origin of This Terrible Engine of Destruction.

The origin of the Maxim gun was somewhat curious. Mr. Maxim (Sir Hiram) after the close of the great civil war in America was visiting one of the southern battlefields. He picked up a Springfield rifle and began firing at a target. He soon discovered, to his amazement, that his shoulder was all black and blue with the recoil. This set him thinking, and he soon conceived the idea of utilizing this force in a gun which would fire automatically.

He went to London full of his idea, but no one would listen to him. In Birmingham the chief man in a factory refused to make a bolt gun.

In despair Mr. Maxim packed up his trunks and went to Paris. In two weeks the work was done. This gun Mr. Maxim exhibited in London in 1885. He spoke of it then as the gun of the future. It is now the gun of the present. It is a wonderful gun and a deadly one. By adjusting the indicator it will fire bullets at any rate from one per minute to 600.

This terrible weapon is started by the firing of the first shot. After that it works itself and will keep going as long as cartridges can be fed into the machine. When one belt of 333 is exhausted, all that is necessary is to hook on another.

When the British government gave an order for the gun they stipulated that it should not weigh more than a hundred pounds and should be capable of firing a thousand rounds in four minutes. Mr. Maxim produced a gun which weighed thirty-five pounds and fired 2,000 rounds in three minutes.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

AN IRREGULAR VERB.

One That Made a Frenchman Despair of Learning English.

"What does 'Beat it!' mean?" asked the man of an inquiring frame of mind of his well informed friend.

"Why," was the reply, "that means to go, depart, be off, take your leave, and don't be slow about it. I don't know what it came from unless it is a bit of policeman's slang for 'Get off my beat!' or 'Clear out unless you want me to beat you!'

"I am reminded of a line in one of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes' amusing poems, scattered through the pages of his delightful 'Autocrat of the Breakfast Table.' It runs:

> "Depart! Be off! Exceed!
> Evade! Escape!

But it takes a Latin scholar to discover the derivations of all his verbs of motion.

"There is a story of a Frenchman who on his way to England was made the victim of a practical joke in regard to the verb 'go,' whose 'went,' 'going,' 'gone,' are irregular enough, goodness knows. He was found to be struggling with this variation: 'I go; thou departest; he clears out; we cut stick; you make tracks; they absquatulate,' and as he read it he exclaimed: "Mercy! What irregular verbs you have in your English language!' "—New York Tribune.

Getting His Own Back.

An ironworker, having had the worst of an argument with a friend, decided to get even with him.

Waiting, therefore, until his enemy had retired to rest one night, he approached his street door and knocked loudly in order to wake him.

Opening the bedroom window, the other hurriedly inquired what the noise was all about.

"Why," replied the outside one, "one of your windows is wide open."

"Which one?"

"Why, the one you have your head through," chuckled the other as he went away satisfied with the success of his plot.—Illustrated Bits.

Must Charge to Get Crowd.

The ladies' guild of an uptown church had planned an evening entertainment and reception and asked the rector to make announcement of it on the Sunday preceding.

"This is all right," he said, "but you must charge admission."

"Why, this is just a social evening," they protested. "We are inviting people."

"They won't come," said the rector, "because they will think it is not worth while. But charge a small admission and you will have a good crowd." So the women gave in, and subsequent events proved the rector was right.—New York Press.

They Made Her.

A grandmother was reproving her little grandchildren for making so much noise.

"Dear me, children, you are so noisy today! Can't you be a little more quiet?"

"Now, grandma, you mustn't scold us. You see, if it wasn't for us, you wouldn't be a grandma at all."—Harper's Weekly.

One For Each Life.

"I want a good revolver," began the determined looking man.

"Yes, sir," said the salesman. "Six chambers?"

"Why—er—you'd better make it a nine chamber. I want to use it on a cat next door."—London Express.

A Poor Corner.

When a girl puts a man off by saying she will keep a little place in a corner of her heart for him he may be sure that it is a corner for which she doesn't expect to have much use.—Chicago Record Herald.

Youth holds no society with grief.—Euripides.

FINE PRINTS.

Care With Which They Are Treated by Amateurs and Collectors.

How careful collectors and amateurs of fine engravings are of their treasures is illustrated by a written agreement that a local firm of dealers in such things had to sign recently when they wanted to borrow several particularly rare engravings for an exhibition they were to have in their galleries. The owner of the prints insisted that from the time the box in which the prints were sent to the dealers was opened in the shop no hands but those of the junior partner of the firm were to touch them. The owner stipulated expressly that the member of the firm was to take them out of the box, frame them himself, hang them on the walls and when the show was over follow the prints back through these various stages until a porter was ready to screw the cover of the packing box on again. The prints were so rare and fine that the junior partner cheerfully agreed to all of these conditions for the sake of showing the engravings.

That the prints were extremely rare may be appreciated from the fact that before two of them in particular came into the private collector's possession he made a special journey to Stuttgart, Germany, to see them, and when he looked at them he left an open order to a dealer in that city to buy them, no matter what they cost. He got them but he paid the highest price ever known for such engravings to bring.—New York Press.

CRANKY METAL.

Moods and Mystery That Are Embodied In a Piece of Steel.

A cutlery company will make a hundred razors from the same piece of steel by the same process, and part of the razors will be good and part of them bad. It may be fifty of one kind or seventy-five or twenty-five—nobody knows. The maker doesn't know; the buyer doesn't know. Barbers say that even the price doesn't seem to make much difference. You may get a good razor for a quarter or a bad one for $5. And the same razor will get a contrary edge today, so that you can hardly shave with it, and tomorrow, without additional sharpening, it will work like a charm.

One tap will go on a bolt easily and stay there. Another tap will hardly go on at all. A third may be screwed on tight and snug and yet keep coming off in spite of all that can be done.

Sometimes men that work with machines have a premonition of coming disaster, as do the men that sail on the seas or thread the winding paths of the big woods. Nature as well as pieces of mechanism seems able to communicate to man why they are in a calamitous and threatening mood. — Chicago Tribune.

Madrid and Its Climate.

Along the Mediterranean shore Spain presents a narrow ribbon of fertile, delightful country. The region is often called "the garden of Spain."

It is a great contrast to pass from these tropical shores to the wind swept plains of interior Spain. The level country inclosed by the Guadarrama and the Cantabrian mountains forms in the west an extensive wheat growing region. Toward the east as the rainfall decreases pasturage encroaches upon arable culture. In New Castile, on the south of the Guadarrama and in about the center of Spain, the political capital has been placed. The level country in which it has been dropped, as if by accident, is for the most part a waterless plain, swept in winter by the piercing winds from the naked mountains of the north, sweltering in summer under the effect of the sun's rays on bare rock and soil.

The climate of Madrid has been tersely described by its inhabitants as "three months of winter and nine of hades."

Honey Ants.

Certain Mexican ants are selected by their kindred as storehouses of honey. They are fed with honey until the abdomen speedily becomes smooth and round and so filled with honey that the skin is transparent. These ants are doomed to pass the remainder of their lives as mere honey cells, from which their kindred extract the honey when it is required. There are several specimens of these ants in the British museum with the honey still within their transparent bodies. The Mexicans raid the nests of these ants for the sake of the honey that their bodies contain, and the ants are eaten raw as sweetmeats.

The Full Particulars.

The other day a lady who lives in our town entered a grocery store and asked to be shown a good kind of breakfast cereal.

The clerk took down a package and said:

"Madam, this is a predigested food."

"Oh, is that so?" she returned. "And by whom?"—Woman's Home Companion.

Good For An Appetite.

"You must have a good appetite," remarked the thin man enviously. "What do you take for it?"

"In all my experience," replied the plump one, "I have found nothing more suitable than food." — Philadelphia Press.

Easily Settled.

Nurse—Doctor, a sponge is missing. Possibly you sewed it up inside the patient. Eminent Surgeon—Thank you. Remind me to add $10 to the bill for material.—Puck.

Talk is cheap, but silence costs you a great deal less.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

Pay your personal property taxes at the People's State Bank. We have a complete list for Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.

CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

A TERRIBLE REWARD.

Cromwell's Payment For the Capture of Pembroke Castle.

During the struggle between King Charles and the parliament Pembroke castle was so well fortified that Cromwell, with all his cannon, could not take it.

After many failures he gave up his intention and began to march on for Tenby. But before he had proceeded far a country shoemaker came up to Cromwell and asked him whether he would reward him if he would tell him how to get the castle into his possession.

Cromwell, very glad of this offer, consented. Then this old shoemaker, glad to get some money, as no doubt he was rather poor, told him that there was a pipe through which they got their water and that if he were to cut the pipe the castle would surrender.

Cromwell said, "I thank you for the information you have given me, but as you have turned traitor to your countrymen the only reward I will give you is that you shall be hanged on the very next tree that I come to."

Cromwell had the shoemaker hanged and cut the pipe he had told him of, leading to the castle, which then surrendered.—London Telegraph.

Made It Clear.

When Colonel Edmund Rice was in command of the Twenty-sixth infantry (mostly volunteers from New England) in the Philippines, he organized from his regiment a company of mounted scouts. To equip them for this service he made requisition on headquarters for the necessary outfit, including eighty nosebags. Some officious clerk in the quartermaster's office in Manila returned the requisition to Colonel Rice with these written remarks: "Your report shows but sixty men in your mounted company. Why do you require eighty nosebags?"

The colonel's explanation was short and characteristic. It was: "It is true I have but sixty men, but I have eighty horses. The nosebags are for the horses, not for the men."

Inoculation For Smallpox.

Lady Mary Wortley Montagu is generally credited with having introduced inoculation into England from Turkey. In 1718 she had her son inoculated at Adrianople with success. She was allowed to have it tried in England on seven condemned criminals in 1721, and in 1722 two members of the royal family were inoculated. The practice was bitterly opposed by the clergy until 1760. A Dr. Mead practiced inoculation with success up to 1754, and Dr. Dunsdale of London inoculated Catherine II. of Russia in 1768. Vaccine inoculation was introduced by Dr. Jenner in 1799.—New York American.

The Moors of Today.

The Moors of today are the descendants of those who conquered Spain, who were practically paramount in the southern portion for two centuries and relics of whose wonderful buildings are to be found at the present day in that country. Indeed, it is strange to consider the position of the Moors of today when we see the work of their hands in past centuries, and the only explanation lies in the fact that they are unable to adapt themselves to modern conditions.—Strand Magazine.

Crushed.

"Brudder Jones, if you didn't smoke, you might own a brick house, like what I does."

"Look here, man, don't you come pesterin' wif me like dat. You didn't git dat brick house by not smokin'. You got it by borrowin' mah newspaper to read an' mah vittles to eat. You may be a fly financier, but dat don't gib you no license to set up for a human copy book!"—Kansas City Independent.

Capital.

"Let me illustrate the difference between capital and labor," said the rich uncle to the impecunious nephew. "Suppose I give you £5—"

"That's capital," replied the nephew, extending his hand for the money.—London Telegraph.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

PRICE LIST

of the different examination fees, lenses, frames and mounting. Take notice how small the price is for simple lenses and no charge for examination. For $1.50 you get the glasses fitted to your eyes, guaranteed to be right. Read the prices over carefully, then come in and place yourself under our care. We guarantee you recovery and satisfaction.

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$50.00 CHARGE FOR straightening cross eyes, symptoms of insanity, etc.

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		Inserted	Rimless
Spherial periscopic convex	any size	$1.00	$1.50 a pair.
Sphero-cyl compound lenses	" "	2.50	3.00 "
Spherial prisms or decentered	" "	2 75	3 25 "
Pebbles periscopic convex	" "	5 00	7.00 "
Deep periscopic or toric lenses	" "	6.00	7.50 "

PRICES ON FRAMES.

		Inserted	Rimless
Aluminico, nickel or white metal	any size	$ .50	$ .75
Goldfilled riding temples	" "	2.00	2.00
Goldfilled best quality	" "	2 50	2.50
Goldfilled best " solid gold bridge	" "	3.50	3,50
Solid gold medium weight 10kt	" "	4.50	4.50
" " " " 14kt	" "	5.50	5.50
" " heavy " 10kt	" "	5.50	5.50
" " " " 14kt	" "	7.50	7.50

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THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1908 NUMBER

ST. PAUL Historical Society
MINNES HISTORI SOCIE

ARE TIRED OF CANADA.

Settlers In Dominion Seeking Lands In Northern Minnesota.

Are Desirious of Getting Lands In Northern Minnesota.

George Welch, commissioner of immigration for the State of Minnesota, says that many of the settlers of the Canadian Northwest are dissatisfied with conditions up there, and is of the opinion that many of them will settle on the free government lands in the Northern part of this State. Mr. Welch, says:

"The state board of immigration is in receipt of a number of communications from the Canadian Northwest in which the writers are asking for information about homestead lands in Minnesota. They say they have no money and consequently are unable to buy lands. They inform me that their crops have been entirely destroyed for two consecutive years.

I believe the people of our state should be acquainted with these conditions, and therefore I take the liberty of writing you. I feel no hesitation in saying that if the homesteader of to-day was acquainted with the opportunities that are offered in the Northern sections of Minnesota, that district would receive a settlement unparalleled in history.

In the communications that come to this office I find a large percentage of the writers desirous of settling on lands on which there is a quantity of native timber."

The $50 List.

For the month of January the following patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery get over $50.

H. Houpt, $103 19.
Andrew Mortenson, $81.07.
Emil Just, $76.96.
John Konickson, $63.16.
August Swanson, $51.55.
N. E. Beebe, $58 05.
O. W. Brink, $60.98.
N. A. Nelson, $50 33.
Peter Johnson, $56.23.
Claus Henricks, $51.22.

The price paid is 33 cents and the total amount of business for the month is over $3,000.

Making Money.

N. B. Bergerson, who is renting a farm near Crookston, has demonstrated that farming pays here. Four years ago he borrowed money enough to purchase two cows and moved onto the farm. Today he is worth $5,000 and has an income from his dairy which averages between $250 and $300 per month.

$1320 FROM 27 COWS.

Over $900 Was Paid to Him for Butter by the Hotel Crookston.

Calves and Other Produce—from Cows Made Balance of Total.

Farmers who are doubtful regarding the amount of money to be made from cows might investigate the record made last year by Geo. M. Swift of Mentor.

He has 27 cows and last year his receipts were $1320 from his herd and of this amount he received over $900 from the Hotel Crookston alone from butter sales and in addition to the butter he sold elsewhere he sold a large amount of veal.

Pretty fair return from 27 cows and any farmer in the Valley can duplicate it if he goes at it right. Prices were much higher than the average last year, but the butter will not lower much of any in price this year and nothing short of an earthquake will ever bring butter down to the ridiculous price where it has been at times in the past ten years.

A BOOM FOR KING

Red Lake County Man May Be the Boss Democrat.

It is exceedingly probable, in the light of recent events, that either John E. King, state librarian, and editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, or Carlos Avery, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, will be successor to Frank A. Day as chairman of the democratic state central committee. Mr. King has been in close touch with the committee and its active work during recent campaigns and is a man capable in every way to take this important position and his many friends throughout the northern part of the state, regardless of party affiliation will be pleased to see him get the appointment he is slated for. —Argyle Banner.

Dairying Pays.

Conservative figures taken from the annual reports of Todd county creameries, including the amount of butter fat going to creameries just across the line from that county, which is taken there by Todd county farmers, total the large amount of 1,305,938 pounds of butter, $333,377 16 being paid the Todd county farmers for butter fat during the year 1907. Dairying is somewhat new in that county, as seven years ago there was little being done in that industry in that county.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

Every farmer in the vicinity of Thief River Falls should be in town Friday, Feb. 28th, to attend the meeting of the Minnesota State Farmers' Institute. There will be two sessions, one commencing promptly at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and one at 1:30 in the afternoon. Prominent speakers will be present.

THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

There Were 404 Births and 103 Deaths in County Last Year.

87 Were Born in Thief River Falls and 23 Died During the Year.

The following is the report of births and deaths in Red Lake county for the year 1907 as furnished to the News by Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson:

Total births within the County, 404.
Total deaths within the County, 103.
Total births within the City of Thief River Falls, 87.
Total deaths within the City of Thief River Falls, 23.
Total births within the City of Red Lake Falls, 36.
Total deaths within the City of Red Lake Falls, 10.
Total births within the V. of St. Hilaire, 31.
Total deaths within the V. of St. Hilaire, 4.

Town of Terrebone reports the most births and deaths, 29 births and 4 deaths. Town of Goodridge reports no births or deaths.

As Compared With The Year 1906.

Total births within the County, in the year of 1906, 452.
Total deaths within the County, in the year of 1906, 123.
Total births within the City of Thief River Falls, 105.
Total deaths within the City of Thief River Falls, 21.
Total births within the City of Red Lake Falls, 36.
Total deaths within the City of Red Lake Falls, 4.
Total births within the city of St. Hilaire, 31
Total deaths within the City of St. Hilaire, 12.

THE DOG IS HERE.

We Have the Down River Crowd on the Hip This Time.

A case which bids fair to rival the famous automobile litigation of last summer, has been started in the municipal count of this city. Last fall W. J. Labree lost a dog. There are various and conflicting opinion as to the value of this dog, and the News is not going to express any opinion. Advertisements were inserted in various papers of the county and it was finally discovered that a farmer by the name of Joe Harish, who lives a few miles from Red Lake Falls, had the dog. Mr. LaBree notified Mr. Harish to send the dog, and the latter gentleman complied with this request. The spirit of graft permeating the air of Red Lake Falls and vicinity had a bad effect upon the honest farmer however, and the dog was sent to Thief River Falls C. O. D. $3. The $3 it is thought was for feeding the dog, although from all appearances the dog had not eaten much more than Elder's automobile did during its stay there. Mr. LaBree refused to pay the $3, but got out replevin papers and now has the dog in his possession. The case will come up for trial before judge Bishop on next Tuesday morning, and the judge is spending all of his spare time reading up on dog decisions of the past in order that absolute justice may be done. With the remnants of Sheriff Nelson's deputies and our new state militia it is safe to say that no fool attorney from Red Lake Falls can come up and take possession of this dog.

Soo Line to Duluth.

General Manager Pennington of the Soo announces that his company is to concentrate its efforts during 1908 on the completion of the new line into Duluth and that no work will be done in North Dakota this year, but that the company is planing more miles of track for that state during 1909—if the financial conditions are right.

MAIL CLERK EXAMINATION.

Government Jobs on Mail Cars Can Be Had by Examination.

Applicant Must Be Five Feet Five Inches Tall and Weigh 130 Pounds.

An examination will be held in Grand Forks on Feb. 26 to secure eligibles for the position of railway mail clerks in various states among them being Minnesota and North Dakota. The railroads and the government service finds it hard to secure a sufficient number of men for this class of work, altho the pay is high and the work pleasant in many ways. The applicants must be 5 feet 5 inches in height and weigh 130 pounds with hat and overcoat. The examination consists of questions in simple spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship geography and the location of towns and villages in the state the applicant wishes to work in. The examination on the whole is a very easy one, with the exception of the location of towns and the applicant is given plenty of time and opportunity to study this up. Any further information can be secured of J. J. Dunlop, Grand Forks, N. D.

OFFERS REWARD.

Federal Government Prints offers of Rewards in the Postal Guide.

For the first time in the history of its publication the United States Postal Guide contains offeres of rewards for persons arrested and convicted of robbing or tampering with the mails. A reward of $500 is offered for the arrest and conviction of robbers who have attacked persons intrusted with the mails; $250 is offered for the conviction of persons who robbed mailsacks when they were unprotected. $200 is the price set for the conviction of persons firing at persons intrusted with the mails; and $50 for conviction of persons robbing postal stations.

The guide for 1908 gives the number of postoffices in the United States at the beginning of the year as 61,560, which is a decided decrease over last year when an even 65,000 officers numbered 80,000, but the spread of the rural free delivery system put many officers out of commission.

VOTE ON LICENSE.

St. Hilaire to vote on License Question This Year.

For the first time in its history, St. Hilaire will vote this year, at the annual election to be held on the 10th of March, upon the liquor license question. The law requires that when ten or more legal voters so petition, it shall be the duty of the council to cause the question to be voted upon at election. Some twenty signed the petition at St. Hilaire.

Reports from the down river town are to the effect that there is a strong sentiment against the saloons in that village, and that the fight is going to be a close one.

Lumber Output.

More lumber was cut in the United States last year than in any other year in its history. The enormous amount of 37,550,736 board feet was produced, and the mill value of this was $621,151,388

In addition, there were produced 11 858,260,000 shingles, valued at $24,155,555, and 3,812,807,000 lath, valued at $11,492,570. On the whole, it is safe to say that the present annual cut of the United States approximates 40 billion feet, and that the total mill value of the lumber, lath and shingles each year produced is not less than $700,000,000. These figures give some idea of how vast is the lumber industry and how great is the demand for its products.

FACTS ABOUT THE SOIL.

Every Acre of Land Has Wealth to the Amount of $2,700.00

Farmers Should be Careful of Their Land and Diversify Their Crops.

A notable address was made by President Worst, of the North Dakota Agricultural College at the implement dealers' convention in Grand Forks last week, on diversified farming. It was well worth printing in full, but we can give only a few extracts from it in these columns. He said, in part:

"There are conditions in Europe which we are fast drifting to, and will reach if we do not call a halt. Nine-tenths of the farmers in Europe are living on rented land and unless we change our system of farming our children will be sowing and reaping on some capitalist's farm at an enormous rental. The people of the east impoverished their land and, abandoning it came west to begin again on free government land. We are today pursuing the same course that has spelled failure in the past for millions, by robbing our lands of their wealth without giving them anything in return. Why should we be interested in the farmers diversifying? Do not the farmers of these prairies of ours have a comparatively easy time in raising wheat year after year? Much of our land has become weedy and consequently unprofitable because the farmers have been guilty of soil robbery. Beginning with one of the most magnificent soils anywhere they have robbed the land of its wealth, without giving anything in return. In every acre of average soil there is 8,500 pounds of nitrogen, 5,300 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 1,700 pounds of potash, each a commercial product of definite commercial value. These three elements, if some means could be devised for drawing them out of the soil at once and sold at their present commercial value would make one acre of land worth $2,700. If a farmer were to tap his land and extract every year a given quantity of these substances and sell them, it would amount to practically what every farmer does who mines 20 to 30 bushels of wheat out of his land every year. Besides the quantity he actually uses out of the soil, he liberates and allows to go to waste in the atmosphere four times as much as he utilizes in the production of his wheat. At present prices every average bushel of wheat costs $1.07 in the valuable assets it robs the soil of. This amounts to $32.35 for a 30 bushel crop. Is it any wonder that our land is becoming unproductive and unremunerative when it is being robbed of its wealth in this manner? Instead of raising wheat every year, try corn. By so doing you destroy the fungus and insect enemies of wheat and by its cultivation you kill some weeds and remove some of the other damage caused by the continual raising of wheat. Then, the next year, try flax, which is a very profitable crop to raise in rotation. With a crop of oats plant some clover and timothy. Clover is a great restorer of nitrogen to the soil to equal $43.15 if you had to pay for it, and by observing such conditions as have been demonstrated as adding to the value of your soil you can go right on farming profitably down through the ages. Manure your land thoroughly at least once in five years, and use a manure spreader, for it will make the manure go twice as far as the old fashioned way.

"The dairy cow will be the salvation of the northwest. A ton of butter takes but 25 cents away from the value of the land, while a ton of wheat takes $10 from its wealth. We are shipping our land's wealth to Europe in the form of grain to be fed to steers there and enrich their land. We are selling the fertility of our soil."

Has Made Assignment.

The Golden Rule of this city last week made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, and a representative of the creditors has been placed in charge of the store. The officers of the company are well known residents of this city who have long enjoyed the respect and esteem of the community for their integrity and moral worth. That the company is at present financially embarrassed is a matter of general regret, and it is to be hoped that the steps being taken will result in its soon being relieved of the burden of debt under which it has been struggling for some time and in enabling it to resume business again.—The Warren Register.

Subscribe for the News.

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD and strictly prohibits the sale of alum baking powder—
So does France
So does Germany
The sale of alum foods has been made illegal in Washington and the District of Columbia, and alum baking powders are everywhere recognized as injurious.
To protect yourself against alum, when ordering baking powder,
Say plainly—
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
and be sure you get Royal.
Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. It adds to the digestibility and wholesomeness of the food.

BIG MEET OF FARMERS.

St. Hilaire Commercial Club Sent Out Over Four Hundred Invitations.

Free Dinner to Be Given to All and Interesting Program Prepared.

Over four hundred invitations to the farmers in this vicinity have been sent out by the St. Hilaire Commercial Club to attend the big farmers' meeting at the Imperial hall at St. Hilaire on Friday February 21st at 10:30 a. m. It is the wish of the club that every farmer in this part of Red Lake County will attend and with every invitation a dinner ticket was enclosed.

A large number have already signified their intention of being present and all indications point to the largest meeting of farmers ever held in Red Lake county. The speakers who will be here are men of experience and they will without a doubt give many valuable hints to the farmers attending.

The following is the program:
Address of welcome;—
C. H. Martz.
Proper feeding of Milch Cows;—
O. A. Storwick.
General Discussion;—
By local farmers and others.
Cheap Milk production;—
Hon. John R. Morley.
Horticulture and Hogs;—
R. A. Schultz.
Dairy Notes;—
Charles Nelson.
Query box.

BEAVERS WON

Logging Company Tires of Removing Beaver Dam and Having it Rebuilt

The Park Rapids Lumber company has been beaten out by a colony of beavers, a rare thing in this country at the present time.

The beavers are on Squaw creek, in the northern part of Becker county. They had a dam built across the creek and the lumber men removed it. The beavers set to work and rebuilt the dam. It was again removed by the lumbermen.

Now that the beavers have shown such persistency the lumber company has decided not to molest the animals further. They will be allowed to add to and strengthen their dam unmolested.

Hints on Advertising.

Suggestion is a trade builder. The hermit buys only the barest necessities of life. He does not read the newspapers, and his attention is not called to the many things that would make life brighter, happier and more comfortable for him.

It is the advertiser who suggests things of this sort that builds up a big business.

Hard Times Out West.

Ole Beito, a former resident of Hendrum writes from Spokane: "I want to advice people in the east looking for work to stay where they are and get what they can, for times are hard out here. Spokane is full of workingmen and a job can not be gotten at any price. Many of them are without money and the conditions are getting serious."

A Bargain

For Sale—40 acres in sec 30, town of East Valley, has: 1 good one and one half story log house, 12X18-ft., 1 frame barn, 22X22 ft., with shed 10X22. Two acres under cultivation, 2 wells, whole forty fenced.

For sale cheap, inquire of Gu Olson, Gorsum post office, Minn.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89c
Oats	38c
Flax	$1 01
Barley	55c
Eggs	22c
Butter	23c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 17.—Wheat—May, $1.01⅛; July, $1.01½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅞@1.06⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅞@1.03⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅞@1.01⅝; No. 3 Northern, 95⅞@98⅝c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 17.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75@5.50; fair to good, $4.00@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.25; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$4.10@4.35. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.10; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.55.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 17.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.01⅝; No. 2 Northern, 98⅝c; May, $1.01⅛; July, $1.01⅝. In store—No. 1 Northern, 99⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 96⅛c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.12¾; May, $1.14¼; July, $1.16.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.85@6.00; cows and heifers, $1.80@4.75; Texans, [illegible]60@4.50; calves, $5.25@7.00; Western cattle, $4.00@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.70@4.75. Hogs—Light, $4.10@4.35; mixed, $4.15@4.40; heavy, $4.20@4.45; rough, $4.20@4.25; pigs, $3.60@4.20. Sheep, $3.25@5.35; yearlings, $5.60@6.30; lambs, $5.00@6.90.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Wheat—May, 92⅞@93c; July, 89¾c; Sept., 86⅞c. Corn—May, 60¼c; July, 58½@58⅝c; Sept., 58c. Oats—May, old, 52⅝c; May, 50⅝@50½c; July, old, 45⅝@45½c; July, 44¼c; Sept., 37¼c. Pork—May, $11.25; July, $11.65. Butter—Creameries, 21@32c; dairies, 20@27½c. Eggs—20½@21c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 11c; springs,

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

H. G. Dobner was up to Germantown last Saturday.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs Fred Roth last week.

Mrs. O. F. Mbloy visited her parents at Warren last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Farm for rent four miles west of town, see Hager, the land man.

Seed oats and seed flax for sale at the Red Lake Falls elevator.

Mrs Bert, Walker was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Mrs. Ole Torrison went down to St Hilaire the first of the week.

Mrs. C. J. Knox has been confined to her home by sickness this week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton returned Sunday from a trip to Wausau, Wis.

For Sale—Good second hand piano or will trade for cows. See Hager the Land man.

A. P. Olson, of Grygla, was in the city last Friday and made the News office a call.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting old friends here.

M. W. Evenson was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Clarence Cummings was up from Minneapolis last week visiting with old friends here.

Mayor, T. P. Hamre, was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Arnt Giving, of Brunkeberg, was in the city Monday and made this office a pleasant call.

Joseph Johnson, of the town of Star, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was in the city from Germantown last week visiting her sister, Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

Theodore Dock, Nic Nelson and Joe McDonald, business men of Hawley, were in the city last week.

Albert Lonson returned to Pekin, N. D., last Friday to resume his duties as cashier of the bank at that place.

Jacob Anderson, the newly appointed postmaster at Jelle, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Jacob Anderson has been appointed postmaster at Jelle northeast of here in *Beltrami county in place of Louis Jelle* resigned.

Ole Giving, one of the substantial settlers living out near Brunkeberg, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Henry Roller, one of the substantial citizens of Germantown, was in the city last Friday and did not fail to call at the News office while in the city.

Fisher merchants are planning to erect a big department store to take the place of those burned in the recent fire. One big store in place of a lot of small ones is expected to draw more business.

Do not fail to sign the Clute Order Seed List at Creamery. We can obtain more favorable prices on seed by presenting a club order than buying individually. P. Engelstad.

H. H. Halvorson, treasurer of the new High'anding Creamery Association, was in the city Monday attending to business matters. He says that work on the new creamery is to be rushed.

Peter Hedeen, one of the pushers for the Kratka creamery, was in the city last Thursday attending to business matters and found time to call at the News office and pay for his paper a year in advance.

Remember that the Mohr McMillion Concert company gives an entertainment in this city Saturday evening. If you have not already secured your tickets you should do so at once. Tickets for sale at Stebbins drug store.

The Mohr McMillion concert company which gives an entertainment in the Evenson Hall Saturday evening of this week under the auspices of St. Bernard's society, is a guaranteed attraction and everyone should be sure to attend.

—I will rent out my farm in town of March Grove, 160 acres, 50 acres under cultivation, good hay land, three miles from City of New Folden. Write or call, good conditions. Herman Hanson, Thief River Falls, Minn. Box 330.

Rev. J. P. McColough and family left last Friday evening for Wyoming to make their future home. The McColough family has made a large number of friends during their residence in this city and all greatly regret that they have departed.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and at 7:30 p. m. In the evening the services will be conducted in the English language. The Young Peoples Society meets to-morrow night with Mrs. G. Granum. I. T. Aastad.

Farmers build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We can furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

J. B. Armstrong, formerly a clothing merchant at Red Lake Falls, has been in St. Paul and Chicago the past week buying spring goods for his store at Missoula. Jim reports a good business in Montana and says both he and Paul Berthon and families are enjoying good health and like the country.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The young ladies of this city are just now decidedly popular with the young men. This is all occasioned by a leap year dancing party to be given in the Evenson Hall tomorrow evening. The young men who have been favored with an invitation are walking on air and the others—well, there is no use to discuss an unpleasant subject.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls March, 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Wanted;—A good girl for general housework. Mrs. G. A. Penny.

H. H. Halvorson, of Brunkeberg, went down to Crookston last evening.

Ole O. Neeja, was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Ole Giving, of Brunkeberg, was in the city Monday, and made this office a call.

Mrs. Ben Borneman, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday visiting with friends.

There will be services morning and evening at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Nick Bundhund, of Germantown, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to legal business.

H. P. Sponheim, went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

D. N. Winton and J. J. Crowe left Tuesday for Bemidji to attend to business matters for a few days.

O. E. Bush, of Rollis, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters and made this office a call.

J. A. Swore went down to Minneapolis Monday evening to attend a convention of the A. O. U. W.

For Sale;—Three heavy oxen. Inquire of H. R. Leslin, Anton, Minn. twelve miles east of Thief River Falls.

H. R. Leslin, of Anton, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters and did not fail to make this office a call.

John H. Lee, of Viking and Ida P. Olson, of this city, were married Sunday at noon in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church by the Rev. I. T. Aastad.

O. P. Nelson, of Germantown, transacted business in the city Monday and did not forget to call at the News office and pay for his paper one year in advance.

A leap year masked ball is to be given in the Evenson Hall on next Friday evening, Feb., 28. Dance tickets are $1, and the management gaurantees a good time for all.

J. H. Gerenrin, of Little Falls district, deputy of the Elks Lodge, will be in the city Saturday and will make all of the arrangements for installing the new lodge of Elks here.

Frank Fourque, John Holmberg and James Dean left Tuesday morning for Bemidji to work during the next few weeks installing the machinery in the new Winton saw mill at that place.

Frank Braclin, representing the Northwestern Telephone Co., was in the city the first of the week. This company desires to transfer its exchange from the Hotel Rushford to the Dobner-Meehan block and permission is to be asked of the council in the near future to allow several long distance phones to be installed in different business houses in the city.

Louis Hanson, of the firm of Hanson & Barzen, the manufacturers of Vivo flour at Thief River Falls is spending the day in the city with A. G. Sandberg, the local manager for the concern and is highly pleased with the business being done here. This is due to two things a popular manager, and a high class product.—Crookston Journal.

It is said that a big swindle has just been unearthed by which the farmers of the Northwest have been swindled out of thousands of dollars. The men who were responsible formed a company for purchasing cream, poultry and farm products at a higher price than could be obtained in the local market. As a result they secured considerable produce for which they never paid.

The state department of public instruction has made a compilation of statistics of the reports of the county superintendents showing the total number of teachers to be 1,576 men, 12,352 women. The year before there were 1,630 men and 11,908 women. The average wages for the men are $104.03 a month in independent and special districts, and $50.40 in common school districts. The women get $50.68 in independent and special districts and $49.60 in common school districts.

—Here is another slam at "edication" floating around says the Redwood Gazette. Johnnie belonged to the great unwashed and was a sore trial to his teacher. When forbearance no longer seemed a virtue, teacher wrote Johnie's mother: "Please give John a bath. He is so dirty and smells so badly that I really cannot stand it any longer." Johnnies mother rose to the occasion and sent Johnnie back next day as dirty as before with the following note: "Johny hain't no violet don't smell him, lern him."

One of the most successful merchants of North Dakota says that the catalog houses have no terror for him. He has the catalogs of all the big houses on hand and when a customer tells what he can do by dealing with any of the Chicago firms, he brings out the catalog and offers to duplicate anything they have to sell at the same price. "There is good money in it—in fact I can make more money selling goods for cash at catalog house prices than for credit at regular prices. There is not a live merchant who cannot sell cheaply and make money at it."

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting of the City Council Held Tuesday Evening.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening.

Martin Bothun appeared before the council members and asked that he be given a rebate on his personal property tax which he alleged was much higher than the tax paid by others. The council refused to grant the request and Mr. Bothun took his rebate out in paying his compliments to the council.

The People's State Bank was designated depository for the city funds, being the only bank of the city to put in a bid.

Superintendent Peterson of the electric light and water works department reported that there was quite a number of the patrons of the city in arrears for water and light furnished and the council instructed City Attorney Halvorson to commence suit against the delinquents at once.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The Bijou changed program last evening as per schedule and there will be an entire change of program Friday. Miss Robbecke will sing Friday and Saturday evenings, "When the Winter Days are Over," by Feist and Mathan.

For to night Miss Robbecke will sing Alva Dunlap's beautiful ballad, "Just To Be With You."

Among the pictures are, drama, "Life of Two Sisters". Comedy, "Peasants Honeymoon to Paris," comedy, "Beating the Landlord." but last and best of all is a scintillant sative of the Physical culture fad entitled, "Dr Skinum." Dr. Skinum the learned professor of physiology, dermatology, biology and all the other "ologies" boldly claims to correct any error of nature, be it ever so anomalous. Amazing changes and cures are performed by the old Professor. This is unquestionably an assured laughing bit.

Died up in Canada.

Crookston, Minn, Feb. 15.—News has been received here of a tragedy in the Shellbrooke country, Northwestern Canada, which cost the life of Hilmer Loftus, son of Nils Loftus, a well known farmer of Sletten township, Polk county.

Young Loftus took up a claim in Canada, and had been there improving it. Recently he started out for a hunt with two companions, but after tramping for awhile they separated, Hilmer going alone and the other two keeping within hailing distance in order to cover more territory.

When it came about time to be heading for home the two could not locate Hilmer, and after a fruitless hunt staggered home. They summoned aid, and for two days the search was kept up, when finally they came upon the body of the unfortunate young man, frozen stiff, where he had dropped from sheer exhaustion.

His father, Nils Loftus left at once to take charge of the body. The young man was 28 years of age, and single.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Feb 8, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anderson, Rev. A.
Anderson, Mrs. Isabella
Brown, Frank
Cook, Frank P.
Drews, Mrs. A.
Johnson, Frank
Johnson, Konrad
Jansen, Sam
Nelson, Zobannah Miss
Nelson, Hanna
Vince, Louis
Westby, Miss Ida
Wood, W. H.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

$2,000.—160 acres, rich black loam soil, in Red Lake County, on county road, with good neighbors, seven miles from St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Terms $500 cash, balance on or before ten years at 6 per cent SE¼ Sec. 9, T 153 R 41.

W. D. Washburn, Jr.,
1051 Security Bank Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

A Woman's Face.

No words can express the almost divine love and tenderness and the perfect trust and happiness of that girl wife's face as she looked into the eyes of her husband—and smiled. Other holiday impressions may grow dim and fade away, but that sweet woman's face remains stamped on my memory forever.—Wynne in London Reader.

Ungrammatical Justice.

"Prisoner at the bar," said the magistrate, "for the crime of overspeeding you will pay a fine of $10 or be took to jail for ten days."

"That's not a correct sentence," murmured the prisoner.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Anxiety never yet successfully bridged over any chasm.—Ruffini.

A four weeks sale on nearly everything in the store commencing January 23 Here are the prices on a few items, so you can see the great reduction we are making for cash.

$1.00	dress goods for	78c
.50	" " "	39c
.25	" " "	19c
1.00	Underwear "	77c
.50	" "	38c
3.50	wool pants for	2.75
1.00	mittens "	76c
.50	" "	38c
5.00	shoes "	3.98
4.50	" "	2.79
1.00	worth of grocery	89c

J. H. JACOBSON
Phone No. 102 North Main Ave.

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

Every farmer in the vicinity of Thief River Falls should be in town Friday, Feb. 28th, to attend the meeting of the Minnesota State Farmers' Institute. There will be two sessions, one commencing promptly at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and one at 1:30 in the afternoon. Prominent speakers will be present.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Why He Concealed His Calling.

"I hope," said the young man, "that partial concealment of the truth is no lie. If it is, I am telling a whopper right now, and I'm a divinity student too. That is what I am lying about. I don't tell that I am studying theology. If I did I wouldn't find it so easy to hold this job. I'm one of the down-on-his-luck students who has to work his way through college. One of the first things I learned when I began to look for a position was that the average employer of labor has no use for the divinity student. Somehow every man engaged in business holds the opinion that a young fellow who is studying for the ministry lacks backbone, and he is afraid to trust him with important duties.

"After I had ingenuously explained my circumstances to about twoscore of employers and had been turned down by all of them I got wise. I am working now. The boss doesn't know I am pegging away nights on church history. If he did the chances are he'd discharge me, not because he has any grudge against parsons or church history, but because he, like everybody else, would think I hadn't pluck enough to earn my salary."—New York Times.

Staggered Webster.

In the somewhat famous case of Mrs. Bodgen's will, which was tried in the Massachusetts supreme court many years ago, Daniel Webster appeared as counselor for the appellant. Mrs. Greenough, wife of the Rev. William Greenough of West Newton, was a very self possessed witness. Notwithstanding Mr. Webster's repeated efforts to disconcert her she pursued the even tenor of her way until Webster, becoming quite fearful of the result, arose, apparently in great agitation, and, drawing out his large snuffbox, thrust his thumb and finger to the very bottom and, carrying a deep pinch to both nostrils, drew it up with gusto, and then, extracting from his pocket a very large handkerchief, he blew his nose with a report that rang distinct and loud through the crowded hall.

He then asked, "Mrs. Greenough, was Mrs. Bodgen a neat woman?"

"I cannot give you full information as to that, sir. She had one very dirty trick," replied the witness.

"What was that, madam?"

"She took snuff."

Most Popular of Pictures.

The best known picture in the world, it has been said, is Vandyke's portrait of James II. of England as an infant, popularly known as Baby Stuart. Two million copies of it are said to be in American homes, and it is equally popular in England and continental Europe. This is not because it is a portrait of a child who became king, but because it is a masterly piece of infant portraiture. The plump, round cheeks and tiny nose, surmounted by a tight fitting cap, appeal to every lover of children. The figure with which the world is familiar is the central one in a group of the eldest three children of Charles I. painted in 1635, when the baby, afterward known as the Duke of York, was only two years old and barely able to stand alone.—Youth's Companion.

She Told Him a Lie.

He had been dining well, but not too wisely, and the next morning his conscience as well as his head smote him pretty considerably. Yet he managed to struggle down to breakfast and to make an attempt to toy with the dainty and tempting dishes which his dear little wife had thoughtfully provided.

"Cecil," said his better half gently as she watched his ineffectual endeavors to do justice to the matutinal repast, "I am afraid that I told you a lie yesterday, and I want you to forgive me, dear."

"A lie?" he asked wonderingly.

"Yes. As you left the house you will remember I said to you, 'You'll be home early, darling?' Well, it wasn't true!"

And he went out a sadder and wiser man.

Mountains Had Not Moved.

The story is told that when Judge William Rogers was chairman of the school committee in a New England town one examination day he went around questioning pupils of the middle grade. He asked a boy named Rock where the Rocky mountains were. The boy answered correctly, but failed to be promoted that term.

The following year the judge asked the same question. Rock replied, "The same place they were last year."

Wholesome Fear.

Miss H., the principal of a grammar school, was investigating a case brought her by a pupil.

"Are you quite sure that was the way it happened, Mrs. P.?"

"Miss H., that was just the way. I'm telling you the truth. I wouldn't dare tell you a lie. I'm not well enough today."—Woman's Home Companion.

University Tests.

One might say that the first test at Oxford is athletic ability, the next sociability and the final scholastic ability. When you have passed the first two, you are the admiration of your friends; when you have shown yourself a scholar besides, you are the admiration of your college.—Rhodes Scholar in Sunset Magazine.

Disproved

She—They say that a man becomes like that with which he continually associates. He—[illegible] idea! I've been a fishmonger [illegible] and I can't swim a yard yet!—London Opinion.

A patch on the trousers is not as bad as a stain on the soul.—Richmond Evening Journal.

Stevenson as He Talked.

He used to stand on the hearth rug in the smoking room, says Walter Crane in his "An Artist's Reminiscences" of Robert Louis Stevenson, the center of an admiring circle, and discourse very much in the same style as that in which he wrote. It gave one the impression of artificiality rather—I mean his manner of speaking and choice of words, as if carefully selected and cultivated. If a remark was offered by one of the company he would perhaps accept it and turn about, much as a conjurer does when he borrows a handkerchief or a hat from some one in his audience, or perhaps he would work it into his next sentence, returning it to his interlocutor improved—wrapped in silver paper, metaphorically speaking. His personal appearance was quite as unusual as his speech—a long, pale, thin face and lank hair, quick and penetrating eyes and a rather sardonic smile. The world in general, especially in clubland, wore white shirts and collars as a rule, but Stevenson sported black ones.

A Queer Ad.

"An Italian with a piano organ was turning the handle of his machine rapidly, but not a note was to be heard. I stopped at once. What on earth could be the matter?"

The speaker, an advertising agent, smiled.

"Finally," he said, "I went up close to the man.

"'A breakdown?' I asked.

"He pointed to a small placard on the organ's front, and I read:

"'The interior of the instrument has been removed. The relief that in consequence you experience is as nothing compared with that which immediately follows a dose of Sure Cure Cough Mixture.'

"It was an original ad.," the expert ended, "and I followed it up. From what the Sure Cure people told me, I found that the same ingenuity and money put in legitimate newspaper advertising would have brought 50 per cent more returns."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Lion Tamer's Secret.

The boarhound growled, and the great yellow lion leaped back in fear.

"The lion could kill the hound," the trainer said, "but he doesn't think so. He thinks the hound could easily kill him."

"Why?"

"When the lion was a cub this boarhound, full grown, lived in the cage with him. The big dog could, of course, lick the little cub, and the cub therefore feared and respected him. Now the cub is grown up, but he still thinks the hound is the better. We rear a cub with a full grown hound in this way for a reason. The hound is a protection to us trainers afterward when the cub is grown, for then should he become rambunctious one look from the dog will send him, subdued and ashamed, slinking off, to the cage's farthest corner."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Story of Zero.

The word "zero" is from the Spanish and means "empty," hence nothing. It was first used for a thermometer in 1705 by a Prussian named Fahrenheit. By experimenting with snow and salt Fahrenheit found that he could produce a degree of cold equal to that of the coldest winter day. It happened that the day on which he made his final experiment was the coldest that anybody could remember, and, struck with the coincidence of his scientific discovery, he hastily concluded that he had found the lowest degree of temperature, either natural or artificial. He called the degree "zero" and constructed a thermometer graduating up from zero to boiling point, which he numbered 212 and the freezing point 32.

One of Three Things.

Fred Jones, a man of no small dimensions, was a popular conductor on the Boston and Maine railroad, making daily trips between Boston and Plymouth. One day several years ago while collecting fares he encountered a man under the influence of liquor who would not show a ticket. After reasoning in vain with this passenger Mr. Jones said, "Now, see here, you'll have to do one of three things—give me a ticket, pay your fare or get off and walk."

"You've (hic) got to do one of three things," was the reply—"eat less (hic), hoop yerself (hic) or bust."

His Nerve.

Speaking of a Wall street operator, a broker said: "The man's nerve is amazing. It shocks me. It reminds me of a money lender to whom a friend of mine, a great rider to hounds, once resorted.

"'Yes,' said the money lender to my embarrassed friend, 'I will renew your note, but only on one condition, sir—namely, that during the next paper chase at Lenox you scatter from your bag these 5,000 pink slips bearing my name and the words, "Money advanced on easy terms." Is it a go, sir?'"

The Alternative.

A Frenchman applied to a local official for a passport to visit Klatterwingschen in Switzerland. The functionary, who was not a fellow of any geographical society, studied in vain with the spelling of the place's name. Then, unwilling to confess his difficulty, he blandly asked, "Would you as lief visit some other town?"

Hopeful Gleam.

Mrs Becks: Dear oh dear, my cold is getting worse and worse! I'm getting so I can't talk. I wonder what I'd better do. Mr. Becks [illegible] goodness' sake, don't do anything!—Cleveland Leader.

Some men dress quietly and others lose their collar buttons.—Dallas News.

Trials of Writers.

George Eliot in one of her letters, referring to her novel "Daniel Deronda," writes as follows: "My book seems to me so unlikely ever to be finished in a way that will make it worth while giving to the world that it is a kind of glass in which I behold my infirmities." Again of the same work, "As usual, I am suffering much from doubt as to the worth of what I am doing and fear lest I may not be able to complete it so as to make it a contribution to literature and not a mere addition to the heap of books."

Montesquieu wrote thus to a friend: "I thought I should have killed myself these three months to finish a morceau (for his great work) which I wished to insert on the origin and revolutions of the civil laws of France. You will read it in three hours, but I do assure you that it cost me so much labor that it has whitened my hair."

The eminent modern French writer Gustave Flaubert suffered tortures in his efforts to attain perfection. When composing, he would sometimes spring to his feet, shriek aloud and call himself "blockhead," "idiot." No sooner was one doubt removed than another arose. At other times he would sit at his writing table as one magnetized, lost in contemplation. His friend Turgeneff declared that it was exceedingly touching to see his struggles with language. He would work a whole day and sometimes all night on a single page.

Traps of the Ant Lion.

We read of the tiger traps in India—great pits dug in the ground and covered lightly with pliant bamboo. The tiger steps upon the false top and before it can retreat is precipitated into a trap. Walking along a sandy road, look for tiny circular pits sunk below the surface and then sit down and watch an exciting episode in the life of the little still hunter which has dug the pitfall. It is invisible, and for some time the whole affair seems lifeless. Then an ant comes blundering along and without warning topples over the edge and begins to slide down the incline. But the insect fights hard for life and seems about to make its escape, when, lo, the sand grains heave upward at the bottom and with a jerk are hurled like a miniature catapult at the ant, knocking it over and rolling it to the bottom. The ant lion, for such it is, now seizes its prey and after sucking its juices casts the dry body away and mends its pit against the coming of another victim.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Scientists' Corner.

Lord Kelvin was buried in Westminster abbey in the spot which by analogy we might call scientists' corner, but it is such a very ugly phrase. If pilgrimages are made there the pilgrims will be of another type from those whose shrine is poets' corner. And yet, when one thinks of the poets, how many of them have opened up such wide spaces of imagination as Newton and Herschel, Darwin and Kelvin? If Shakespeare had known such men he would have admitted their right to take their place with the lover, the madman and the poet who are of "imagination all compact." But this conception has not penetrated the popular mind, which is hardly equal to pure imagination unadulterated with emotion and a good many primitive instincts.—London Saturday Review.

Getting His Money's Worth.

A New Hampshire man tells of a tight fisted man of affairs in a town of that state who until recently had never been observed to take an interest in church matters. Suddenly, however, he became a regular attendant at divine service, greatly to the astonishment of his fellow townsmen.

"What do you think of the case of old Ketchum?" said one of the business men of the place to a friend. "Is it true that he has got religion?"

"Well, hardly," replied the other. "The fact is it's entirely a matter of business with him. I am in a position to know that about a year ago he loaned the pastor $50, which the latter was unable to pay. So there remained nothing for Ketchum but to take it out in pew rent."

Struck Out.

Dr. C., who always employs two servants, man and wife, was talking to a patient one day about a couple he had just discharged because the man drank.

He remarked: "It is so strange, but it is always the way with a man and wife. If one is good, the other is no good."

The patient asked him, "How is it with you and Mrs. C.?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Home Life of Genius.

The Actor (before breakfast)—Where are the papers, my dear? His Wife (an actress, absentmindedly)—Of course you! They are far beyond your reach, thank heaven! And I'll die a thousand deaths before you can wrest the secret from—oh—er—Jack, I mean, the boy forgot to leave them this morning!—Puck.

A Reason.

"Pa," asked Mr Henpeck's little boy, "why did Patrick Henry say, 'Give me liberty or give me death'?"

"He must have been out five minutes after the curfew rang the night before."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Highest Applause.

To [illegible] compliment a coxcomb [illegible] a good act, but you would not praise [illegible]. The silence that accepts merit as the most natural thing in the world is the highest applause.—Emerson.

Experience is the extract of suffering.—A. Helps.

A Lost Bank Note.

A friend of mine, writes a Scottish correspondent, recently saw a piece of paper lying on the street. He picked it up. It was a one pound note. Some men might have pocketed it, with a smile of satisfaction. My friend, however, honestly handed it over to the police. A short time afterward he discovered that he himself had lost a pound. He thought over the matter and remembered that before finding the note he had been standing on the edge of the pavement for some time. It slowly dawned upon him that the pound he had found was his own and that he had drawn it from his pocket unconsciously. He went back promptly to the police station and explained the circumstance. The officer in charge only shook his head and smiled incredulously. "Very clever," he said, "but—eh—it will scarcely do." If my friend cared to call back at the end of six months, he was informed, he would get the pound if in the interval it had not been claimed. During this time of waiting he is inclined to meditate as to whether honesty is always the best policy.—London P. T. O.

In Case of Accident.

Don't bluster. Be tactful. If there are dangerous germs present, ask them to withdraw. If they demur, ask them where they were brought up with gentle irony.

Be careful to render first aid to the injured. A great deal of unnecessary *suffering* has been caused by persons hastily rendering third or even fourth aid where first aid was indicated.

In case of drowning select a best method of resuscitation. There are 4,639 best methods in all. Have them about you in the form of loose newspaper clippings and run them over briefly before acting.

Keep cool. Stop every little while and take your temperature.

If the coroner arrives while you are at work, immediately desist. It is discourteous to save life in his presence.

Take accurate notes of the street and number. Reviving patients almost always ask where they are.

If possible, induce death to supervene rather than to take place merely or even to ensue. It gives the family a sense of dignity.—Puck.

The Frank Critic.

"When Sir John Millais was engaged in painting his 'Chill October' among the rushes on the banks of the Tay, near Perth," said an English artist, "a railway porter from the station at Kinfauns used to carry the canvas back and forth for him.

"The porter was a quaint chap. His services were called for many days in requisition. He became quite friendly with Sir John and seemed to take a hearty interest in the progress of the painting.

"Well, 'Chill October' was eventually finished and sold a little while afterward for a thousand pounds. This fact somehow reached the porter's ears. He met Sir John's brother-in-law at Kinfauns one day and said excitedly:

"'Mon, is't true that Sir John's sold t'picture and got a thousand poond for't?'

"'Yes, certainly,' was the reply.

"'A thoosand poond!' repeated the porter. 'Why, mon, I wadna gi'en half a croon for't.'"

Rotundity of Earth.

We are assured by competent authority that Thales of Miletus taught that the earth was of a globular form so early as 640 B. C. Pythagoras demonstrated from the varying altitudes of the stars that the earth must be round. Aristarchus of Samos maintained that the earth turned on its own axis and revolved about the sun, which doctrine was held by his contemporaries as so absurd and revolting that the philosopher nearly lost his life B. C. 280. The wisdom of the ancients was, of course, lost sight of in the darkness of the "middle ages," and it took Galilei and Copernicus to restore the old knowledge to the world.—New York American.

Murder In Germany.

Germany distinguishes between two kinds of murder—one, premeditated and intentional, is punishable by death; the second, intentional homicide without deliberation, is punishable by penal servitude for from five to fifteen years. Dueling in Germany is a misdemeanor of a special kind. Who kills his opponent in a duel is not charged with murder or manslaughter, but with dueling, the punishment for which is detention in a fortress for fifteen years.—London Chronicle.

Ruffled His Feathers.

Artist (showing friend his masterpiece)—Now, my boy, that is a picture, if you like—real and natural. What do you think of it? Friend—Capital! Capital! So lifelike! Such light and shade! I don't think I ever saw a better picture of a battlefield. Artist—Great Paul Rubens! That's not a battlefield; that's a basket of fruit!—London Standard.

Reduction.

The old nag was jogging up the hill with the clergyman.

"Yes," said the old nag, "it is rather tough pulling them up to the parsonage, but it will be easier coming back."

"How so?" queried the friendly goose at the roadside.

"Why, can't you see that after leaving the parsonage two will be made one?"—Chicago News.

The Editor Regrets.

Office Boy—The editor says he's much obliged to you for allowing him to see your drawings, but much regrets he is unable to use them. Fair Artist (eagerly)—Did he say that? Office Boy (truthfully)—Well, not exactly. He just said: "Take 'em away, Pimple. They make me sick."—London Tatler.

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AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
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When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
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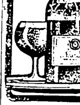

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The News, $1 Per Year.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Cannon Falls Beacon:—when Mr. Bryan in a seeming burst of confidence told Speaker Cannon that he the speaker, was his choice for Republican candidate for the presidency, Uncle Joe didn't know whether William had handed him a banquet or a bat on the eye and Mr Bryan didn't enlighten him on that point.

Redwood Reveille: The Reveille believes with the Northfield News that candidates for governor should be heard from on the following; A maximum freight-rate law; strict enforcement of the two cent passenger rate and anti-pass laws: the supervision and restriction of the issuing of stocks and bonds of public service corporations; a uniform system of accounting in state offices; the abolition of the professional legislative lobbyist; and delegation to the national convention pledged to a platform made of Roosevelt policies.

There can be no harmony in the republican party as long as fellows like Shevlin are trying to use it for the benefit of their private business. Anyone who expects to bring about harmony is chasing a rainbow. The politicians who represent the big interests must be unmercifully beaten by the representatives of the people, and cast overboard, like Jonah, and if there is a whale around that wants to swallow them he is welcome to do so, because no one else cares to.—Hendrum Review.

Walter Wellman, the correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald, who has recently made a trip through the west, sizes up the political situation as follows,

The people of the west, by an over whelming majority of both political parties, uphold the policies of President Roosevelt and demand their continuance.

By almost though not quite as great a preponderance of opinion the Republicans favor the nomination of Judge Taft to carry on the Roosevelt work.

These are the dominating facts as to the state of public opinion in all this part of the country. It is a public opinion which is finding expression in political action almost everywhere. With exceptions to be hereinafter considered. Delegates are to be sent to the national convention chosen expressly or instructed to give living force to this popular demand.

The Warren Sheaf puts it this way:

"The professional politicians and party papers are discussing the campaign fund question and wondering what the campaign committee will do when the corporations finally quit contributing. They seem to think that such funds cannot be dispensed with and are suggesting $1 popular subscriptions and similar schemes. Why not do away with "slush" funds and let the people study up the issues for themselves and make up their minds without all the hurrah and wind-jamming that has been the chief incident of presidential and state campaigns for many years? With the possible exception of 1896 the various "campaigns of education" have been such in name only. Thinking men do not wait until just before election to decide how they will vote. A long, strenuous and a crimonious campaign is a fat take for the bosses and other jobbers in the official patronage.

Present indications are that it will not be so difficult for the farmer in the northwest to secure help in the future as it has been during the past seven or eight years. There is many a young man who has been lured away from the farm by the high wages offered in the city, never taking into consideration the cost of living in comparison, who will be glad to go back to the good old farm again where he is at least sure of getting three square meals a day. The high wages of the past years have been a serious drawback to the farmers of the northwest as they have in reality realized less from their produce and have been compelled to pay an unreasonable price for their labor, and getting a very unsatisfactory class of labor at that. It seems that the time is again coming when the farmer will be able to secure help at the normal wages, and such being the case we can look forward to more and better cultivated farms.—Hallock News.

POLITICAL GRAFT.

The quality of a statesman's patriotism is easily tested when there is presented to him an issue between his political patronage and the people's good. It is unpleasant to know that there are very few statesmen whose patriotism is equal to this test, and that the present session of congress is going to furnish ample proof of that embarrassing fact.

The committee on appropriations of the house of representatives has agreed to recommend the abolition of the eighteen pension agencies that are now maintained by the government throughout the country. There is not the slightest bit of doubt that this could be done without harming either the government or the pensioners, and that $250,000 a year would be saved thereby.

So there is little doubt that the house will vote to cut off this useless expence.

There is no more doubt, however, that the senate, when the appropriation bill comes before it, will vote to reinstate the pension agencies.

No. But the senators appoint the pension agents. That makes the difference. The representatives have no share in this patronage, so they are quite willing, since they realize that it is useless expence, to the government a good turn in the way of economy.

But the senators, who have been able to reward some of their active constituents by appointing them to have charge of pension agencies look at the matter in a very different way. They resent this economical streak in the house very much, and there is little question that they will see to it that the pension agencies are taken care of when the bill reaches them.

It isn't a very good show for the senate. The pension bureau costs a great deal of money. Though the war ended more than forty years ago, the pension rolls are still large, and the nation's duty to the pensioners is the greater because they are older and more dependent. Yet here is a petty political graft, stealing a quarter of a million dollars a year from the pension fund, that is to be maintained because the senators find it a convenient source of patronage.

The pension agencies are useless, and have been useless for a long time. Pensions could be just as well paid by checks from Washington as through the pension agencies, and thus $250,000 a year would be available for pensions instead of being wasted to pay political debts. A "statesman" snarling over his bone of patronage is not a pretty sight.—Duluth Herald.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion*.

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

DROWNED AT NEWPORT.

Only Son of Congressman and Mrs. Halvor Steenerson Is Dead.

Young Man Was Well Known Throughout This Section of the State.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 17.—Benjamin G. Steenerson, only son of Representative Halvor Steenerson, of Minnesota, was drowned yesterday off the tug Annie R. Wood, on the way from Newport to Fort Greble. He is supposed to have perished in an attempt to save the life of John M. McIntosh, a marine. Both men were drowned. While some believe they committed suicide, there are indications of foul play which the police are investigating. The two were friends and were awaiting discharge from the army.

Captain Rich, of the tug, says the two men leaped over board without warning near Conanicut Point, but it is believed McIntosh was pushed overboard in a quarrel with N. I. Olsen, and that Steenerson attempted to rescue him.

Private Steenerson enlisted Oct. 24th, 1907, at East Grand Forks, Minn. In the record of enlistment his age is given as 27 years, his occupation "student" and his residence as Crookston, Minn. The enlistment papers and other records of McIntosh are in Washington awaiting his discharge.

According to some of the members of the tug's crew, the two men jumped suddenly into the water. The police, however, believe the circumstances warrant an investigation, and Neil I. Olson, who was on the tug, was held as a witness.

There is said to have been a dispute between the two marines and Olson over the ability of the United States to whip Denmark.

Friends of the men are not inclined to credit the theory that they jumped overboard voluntarily and committed suicide.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Representative Steenerson left Washington for Newport, R. I., this morning to make investigation into the circumstances surrounding the death of his son, Benjamin Steenerson, yesterday. Up to the time of his departure we had received no information of the finding of the body, but he hopes that it will be recovered soon.

Information of his son's death came to Mr. Steenerson yesterday afternoon in a telegram from Lieutenant Creecy, of the Marine barracks, Newport.

The telegram stated that death was due to an accident, which occured about 3 o'clock, p. m.

Information that young Steenerson had enlisted in the marine caops came as a great surprise to his friends in this city.

Congressman Steenerson said today that when there was talk of war with Japan, the young man became imbued with a spirit of adventure and enlisted in the hope that he would be sent on board a ship that might take part in the war. He expected at least to make the trip around the Horn with the battleship fleet, and was much disappointed when he was left behind. Mr. Steenerson visited his son at Christmas and said he seemed to like military life, and was cheerful and did not seem to have any troubles.

Young Steenerson attended the University of Minnesota for one year before coming to Washington.

Here he attended George Washington university and was graduated from the law school in June of last year. He was captain of the university football team for three years, during which time the university had the best team in its history, Steenerson being largely responsible for building it up. He was also a member of one of the law fraternities of the university, and was a popular student.

Mr. and Mrs. Steenerson today received many messages of sympathy. All members of the Minnesota congressional delegation called at the Cairo, where they are living this winter, and a number of other members of the house also called or sent messages of sympathy.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 18.—Altho the Newport police have abandoned the investigation because the dual tragedy occured outside their jurisdiction and because Chief Crowley believes that there was no foul play, the naval authorities at the training station are by no means satisfied with the conclusions reached by the police in connection with the drowning here of Private Benjamin G. Steenerson and John M. McIntosh of the marine crops.

Representative H. F. Steenerson came to Newport from Washington to be present during the search for the body of his son. Representative Volstead came with the Crookston congressman. Mr. Steenerson is convinced that in situations of the drowning being other than accidental are wholly without foundation.

Launches from the station have been engaged in a search for the bodies, but without success.

Captain F. W. Rich and crew of the tug Annie R. Wood agreed in the stories they told of the tragedy. They said that the marines were in the pilot house and after a time McIntosh said he was going aft to get something to eat. He went below, but not to the galley end, and was never seen again.

When McIntosh's absence was discovered Steenerson hurried all over the boat in search for him and returned to the pilot house in a peculiar mood. According to captain Rich and others in the house, Steenerson talked wildly about the loss of his companion, then took off his coat and suddenly stepped to the deck and jumped overboard.

The only trouble aboard the tug, according to the testimony of all, was a dispute between Niel Olsen and a man named William Champain. As a result of this trouble Olson's eye was blackened.

After the examination the police discharged all the men but Olsen, who was detained in case the county or naval authorities desire to make further investigation of the incident.

The police believe now that McIntosh accidently fell overboard while going below and that Steenerson's mind was deranged with his comrade's fate and he committed suicide.

Steenerson was making a fine record in the marine crops according to his superiors, and the special ability he had exhibited from the time of his enlistment had induced the officers of the marine crops to request that he be not sent with the battleship fleet to the Pacific, but remain here in the naval training station with a view of studying for an examination soon to be held upon the successful passage of which Steenerson would have obtained a commission. He had already made a good showing in all his studies except mathematics.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 18.—The naval board of investigation, headed by Commander, William B. Fletcher, today began its inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the drowning on Sunday last, of Private Benjamin G. Steenerson and James M. McIntosh. Those on board the tug at the time of the drowning were examined and their account of the affair did not differ from that which they gave to the Newport police. Congressman Steenerson of Minnesota, father of Benjamin, was present and asked many questions of the witnesses.

The New Mail Route.

Quite a number of bids for the carrying of the mail from this city to Germantown have been sent to Washington. The new service which goes into effect on the 9th of March calls for the carrying of the mail by way of Anton, Kratka and Brunkeberg and returnnig by way of Thorwick. The mail will leave this city each morning at 7 o'clock and return at 5 o'clock in the evening.

Scandia House

Third door north from Langseth's.

Come in and make yourself at home.

20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.

Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

S. H. Barnard of Duluth is to be commandant of the Minnesota Old Soldiers' home at Minnehaha falls. He was selected out of a field of fourteen candidates. Mr. Barnard at present is first assistant postmaster at Duluth and has been prominent and active in G. A. R. circles, both local and state.

The Mapleton board of education has passed resolutions directing that in Mapleton the cigarette law of the state be enforced. The reports of Superintendent Brown indicate that a number of students are using cigarettes and that they are failing to pass in their work.

Mayor J. W. Andrews of Mankato has instructed the police force to put a stop to shaking of dice, card playing and chance games of any character in saloons, cigar stores, etc., for drinks or cigars. The laws prohibiting gambling in every form are to be rigidly enforced.

Pending the determination by the courts of the constitutionality of the law passed last winter providing for the establishment of a hospital farm for inebriates no further action will be taken by the state board of control in the matter of locating the institution.

There is agitation on foot for the organization of a baseball circuit in Southern Minnesota to take in Austin, Owatonna, Albert Lea, Faribault and possibly several others. It is generally believed that such a movement would prove profitable.

Governor Johnson has appointed John Lind of Minneapolis and H. B. Hovland of Duluth members of the board of regents of the state university to succeed J. T. Wyman of Minneapolis and S. G. Comstock of Moorhead.

The twelfth annual convention of the Minnesota Retail Merchants and Grocers' association was held at Red Wing last week. St. Paul was chosen as the place of meeting next year.

Governor Johnson has been invited to address the members of the Alabama Industrial association at their annual convention at Mobile May 20 and 21.

A plant covering ten acres of ground is to be erected by Griggs, Cooper & Co. of St. Paul in the Midway district between that city and Minneapolis.

The free text book system is growing in Minnesota, according to the report of State Superintendent Olsen.

J. F. Jacobson announces that he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Federal Judge Morris has extended from Feb. 23 to March 1 the stay of execution in the case of Sherman S. Smith of Minneapolis, adjudged in contempt of court. This extension was granted to enable counsel for the respondent to prepare a bill of exceptions, as the case will be taken to the United States circuit court of appeals on a writ of error.

Henry Nelson has followed his companions, Charles Nelson and William A. Sutton, to death in a state prison cell. They were a trio of boys in their teens who murdered Henry Krier, a saloonkeeper at Owatonna, in the summer of 1903. They were sentenced to Stillwater for life and all three died victims of consumption.

The body of Mrs. Martha Peterson, who disappeared from her home at Ashby in a heavy snow storm two weeks ago, has been found in a drift in a railway cut a short distance from her home. It is said she had been drinking and laid down beside the track and was frozen to death, the snow gradually drifting over her.

Two cases of diphtheria having appeared among the pupils of one room in the public school at Hokah the school board has closed school and churches and public gatherings will be called off to guard against further spread of the disease.

John Flood of Duluth, engaged in the undertaking business, is dead of blood poisoning. Mr. Flood contracted the blood poisoning while handling embalming fluid. Some of the stuff got into his system through a cut in his hand.

Gustav Lovestrand of Ivanhoe, who was taken to Rochester for medical treatment, is dead as a result of having his neck broken in a scuffle with a young man of eighteen years. Mr. Lovestrand was sixty years of age.

Harriett Bassett, a trained nurse, charged with forgery and passing numerous checks on Minneapolis firms, has been arrested in that city. Miss Bassett is said by detectives to have made a complete confession.

Ivan Seffonich, a Montenegrin employed in the Fayal pit near Eveleth, ploddled a "missed" blast with a stick. His body was removed to the Gleason morgue a few minutes later.

OBITUARY.

Captain Jerome Dana, formerly a well known resident of Blue Earth county, is dead at Brainerd, aged eighty. He was a veteran of the Mexican, Civil and Indian wars and assisted in the execution of the thirty-eight Sioux Indians at Mankato in 1862.

"Daddy" James Finlay, nearly eighty years old, watchman and stage door keeper at the Minneapolis Lyceum theater, was found dead in one of the dressing rooms of the playhouse. Heart failure and old age were the direct causes of his death.

SON IMPLICATES FATHER.

Latter Wanted in Minneapolis on a Charge of Swindling.

Joseph Mulhall, sixteen years of age, testified before United States Commissioner Foote at Chicago that his father, James T. Mulhall, is a criminal. It is alleged that the elder Mulhall was implicated in the swindling of Minnesota produce raisers under the name of the Nicollet Creamery company of Minneapolis. He is said now to be a fugitive in Canada.

Jacob Nathanson, arrested in Chicago for the same offense as is alleged against Mulhall, is fighting extradition and it was in connection with these proceedings that young Mulhall appeared in court.

He was the only witness examined by the government and he testified that his father and Nathanson were engaged in business in Minneapolis under false names and made misrepresentations through the mails to the growers of produce.

Mulhall declared that he had been employed by his father in his alleged unlawful business and was anxious to get away from it and lead an honest life.

While he was testifying his mother and his sister, Miss Anna Mulhall, attempted to influence his testimony by signs and whispers. They were compelled to leave the courtroom.

MANY STATES REPRESENTED

National Ditchers' Association Meets at Glencoe.

The National Ditchers' association held its annual convention and banquet at Glencoe. At least 250 persons attended the meeting and 183 covers were laid for the banquet which followed.

At the business session George McAllister of Glencoe was elected president and W. G. Gould, also of Glencoe, was chosen secretary. W. H. Carstens was elected vice president and R. T. Hubbard treasurer. The legislative committee is composed of C. F. Welch of Farmington, C. Seneseall of Hutchinson, W. Woodbeck of Lanier, Ia., Gus Herridges of Madison, Frank Morrison, W. W. Willard and John Knoor of Brownton.

The place of next year's meeting has not been determined upon. The St. Paul Commercial club has invited the association to that city in 1909, but no definite action has been taken. The delegates here represented a dozen states.

Boy Killed by a Car.

While playing "tag" on his way home from school Harry Alpirin of Minneapolis, eleven years old, was pushed by a playful companion toward a speeding street car bound down town and in trying to catch his balance grabbed hold of a rod beneath the trolley, being drawn under the rear wheels and fearfully mangled. The accident took place directly in front of the St. Barnabas' hospital and the mangled lad was hastily carried into that institution. The end came in a few minutes.

Pleads Guilty to Forgery.

John Barbrick, arrested in his Wall street office in New York city on complaint of Minneapolis authorities, pleaded guilty to forgery in the second degree before Judge Holt at Minneapolis. His companion, Charles Brogren, who is charged with selling worthless mining stock in Minneapolis, is still in the Hennepin county jail and will stand trial on a larceny charge in the district court shortly.

NOT APPLY TO LABOR UNIONS

Amendment to Anti-Trust Act Offered in the House.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Representative Hughes of New Jersey has introduced an amendment to the Sherman anti-trust act which is designed to meet the objection raised by the supreme court of the United States in a recent decision. The amendment is as follows:

"This act shall not be construed to apply to any arrangements, agreements or combinations between laborers made with the view of lessening the number of hours of labor or of increasing their wages; nor to any arrangements, agreements or combinations among persons engaged in horticulture or agriculture made with the view of enhancing the price of agricultural or horticultural products."

EMPLOYS NONUNION MEN.

Derrick of Bridge Company Blown Up at Clinton, Ia.

Clinton, Ia., Feb. 17.—With a crash heard seven miles away a derrick car of the Milwaukee Bridge company was blown up by dynamite. Twelve sticks of dynamite failed to explode and three bridges near the derrick were unharmed, though the derrick was demolished. Work on the superstructure of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad bridge will for the present be stopped. The Milwaukee company employs nonunion men.

Matrimonial Agent Convicted.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Marion Goodenough, who as Marion Grey conducted a matrimonial bureau in Elgin, Ill., was found guilty of having used the mails in perpetrating a fraud upon William [illegible] of Dearborn, Mo., by failing to secure for him as a wife a "wealthy and good looking widow," as promised in advertising matter sent out by her. The verdict was returned before Judge Landis in the United States district court after the jury had deliberated nearly twenty-four hours.

LOSES HAIR IN A NIGHT.

Peculiar Happening to a Homestead-Living Northeast of Here.

Losses a Heavy Growth of Hair During the Night While Sleeping.

Doctors in this section are much puzzled over the remarkable case of John Cottam, a homesteader, residing northeast of here, up near Beaudette, who retired Wednesday evening in his usual good health and with a heavy growth of hair, and awoke in the morning with his head as bald as a billiard ball. So far as known Mr. Cottam has been suffering from no illness that would have a tendency to cause the hair to fall out, which, together with the fact that practically every hair on his head and even his eyebrows fell out, all in the course of a few hours makes his case all the more remarkable.

Mr. Cottam moved some six years ago from Eagle Lake, Minn., taking a homestead near Beaudette and has since made his home there with his family. He is nearly 60 years of age.

Some time during last Wednesday night he awoke and complained to his wife that he had one of the worst headaches he had ever had in his life and expressed the fear that he would probably come down with an attack of grip. After lying awake for a little while he felt somewhat better and fell asleep again.

When Cottam awoke in the morning he did not himself at first realize that anything particular was the matter with him until members of the family astonished at his unusual appearance told him that he had not a hair left on his head he know that what they said was only too true and he was as much astounded as the rest of the family.

Doctors who have been advised of the circumstances say that they can not account for the strange happening.

Died At Fergus Falls

Fergus Falls Daily Journal, Feb. 11: Gunder J. Vigen, father of Dr. J. G. Vigen, died in this city at 3 a. m. from kidney and bowel trouble, following an attack of grip. Mr. Vigen was 61 years of age and was until recently of Thief River) Falls. He came to this city shortly before the Holidays, and has since made his home with Dr. Vigen here. His wife and one daughter, Mary have died in recent years, and he is survived by one son and one daughter—Dr. Vigen, of this city, and Mrs. Alfred Haley, of Lathbridge, Canada. He has been seriously ill for only about a week. Mr. Vigen was an earnest Christian and an excellent man in every way. Although quiet and retiring, he has made a great many friends since coming here and all will deeply regret to learn of his death. Funeral services will be held at Zion church in this city at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, and will be conducted by Rev. J. J. Rendahl, and the remains will be taken to his former home in Thief River Falls on the night train that night and laid at rest beside those of his wife and daughter.

Surveyors Have Quit Work.

Civil Engineer Fry, and the party of surveyors, who had been working up in the country north of the Red Lake taking levels for the government ditches, returned to this city last Saturday. Work on this survey will not be again resumed until next spring.

Another Railroad Rumor.

Lawton Ramsey County, N. D, reports that a large party of Soo surveyors have been working in that vicinity and are working on a survey running from Adams to Devils Lake. The survey crosses the Great Northern at Lawton. The citizens of Lawton are greatly interected in the proposed line. The information as to the route is given by the surveyors. Adams is almost directly northeast of Devils Lake and is one of the principal towns on the Thief River-Kenmare line of the Soo which was built two years ago.—Grand Forks Herald.

RULES FOR TRAIN CREWS.

Sixteen Hour Limit Law Will Go Into Effect the 4th of March.

Railroads are Now Preparing to Comply With the New Law.

Operating officials are busy figuring how they will be able to comply with the provisions of the federal law making it illegal for any employe connected with the movement of trains to work more than sixteen hours consecutively. The act, which becomes effective March 4, is specfic in its terms, but to make working conditions thru out so that they will fit in calls for extraordinary efforts from the officials.

"I wish we knew what we were going to do about the law," said a railroad official yesterday. "We are now seeking to learn from the legal lights what will have to be done."

Operating officials say that the men usually do not have to work longer than sixteen hours. But there are exceptional cases. There may be a hot box or the other hundred and little accidents, to delay the movement of a train and the crew gets in at the terminal several hours behind the schedule.

A train might be only a few miles from its destination but according to the literal interpretation of the law the crew cannot take it through if the legal time limit has expired. The train would have to stand idle on a side-track, waiting until the crew shall have had eight hours rest. Within only a few miles from the terminal this in reality would work a hardship on the crew, who would prefer to work a little longer in order to get a rest at home. Several new working rules will have to be devised, all of which will have to meet the requirements of the law and yet be practical.

The section of the act which applies to trainmen is as follows: "That it shall be unlawful for any common carrier, its officers or agents, subject to this act to require or permit any employe subject to this act to be or remain on duty for a longer period than sixteen consecutive hours, and whenever any such employe of such common carrier shall have been continuously on duty for sixteen hours he shall be relieved and not required or permitted to go on duty until he has had at least ten consecutive hours off duty; and no such employe who has been on duty sixteen hours in the aggregate in any twenty-four hour period shall be required or permitted to continue or again go on duty without having had at least eight consecutive hours off duty."

The railroad violating the law shall be liable to a fine of not to exceed $500 for each violation.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

DAIRYMEN'S CONTESTS.

R. R. V. Dairymen's Association Conducted Both Cow and Herd Contests.

Many Have Entered add Success of Last Year Will Be Surpassed.

The Red River Valley Dairymen's Association was organized for the promotion of the dairy industry in the Valley and one of the best ways to do this is to educate the farmer in the art of breeding and selection of dairy stock and teach them to feed more intelligently. A good method to work up some interest along this line is by means of contests between individual cows and also between different herds in the production of butterfat per cow.

By means of these contests it can be shown what a great difference there is in cows as to the amount of butterfat they will produce under the same conditions and it will also be shown what effect the different method of feeding and caring for cows has upon the production of butterfat. By means of these contests it will be discovered where some of the best cows are located and what their records are and they will to a certain extent be taken as a standard by other dairy men in the Valley who are keeping unprofitable cows and so on the interest in the matter will continue to grow.

The Red River Dairymen's Ass'n conducted a cow contest last year and much enthusiasm was worked up and good accomplished. This contest is being conducted again this year along the same lines and quite a large number of cows have been entered. For any who have been keeping a record of the butterfat production of their cows since September or October it is not too late to enter the contest yet.

This Association will also conduct a creamery patron's herd contest during the coming year. Ten dollars in cash will be given to the patron receiving the largest amount of cash per cow from the creamery between January 1st and October 1st 1908. In order to get the right number of cows milked during the period it will be necessary to figure the number of cows milked each month and take the average at the end of nine months. This contest is open to dairymen in the Red River Valley who is a patron of some creamery except those who have already entered the cow contest.

An affidavit must be made out and sworn to by two disinterested parties besides the owner of the herd as to the number of cows milked during the period. A picture of the winning herd will be framed and hung in the hall at the next convention of the Red River Valley Dairymen's Ass'n and the owner's picture will be printed on the programs. The names of all those entering the contest with amount received for the nine months will be published in the Dairy Records of St. Paul. If someone desire not to have their names published they should notify the secretary at the end of the period.

All those wishing to enter this contest should notify the secretary by March 15th, 1908.

—George L. Austin,
Secretary,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

MADE OVER $250

Young People's Society's Bazaar Was Big Success.

After paying all expenses, the Young People's Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod made over $250 profit from their bazaar held all last week in the Masonic building. The energetic young people of this society are certainly entitled to much credit for the successful manner in which they conducted the bazaar and they are more than pleased with the financial returns. The proceeds of the bazaar are to be used to purchase a new $1,500 pipe organ for the church.

To the business men and others who contributed goods and patronized the bazaar, the members of the Young People's Society desire to extend thanks.

Strathcona In the Swim.

Sam Thompson, president of the newly organized creamery at Strathcona, north of here on the Greenbush line, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday making arrangements for the building of the creamery in the near future. Strathcona has a number of live farmers who have the necessary number of cows and it is expected that the new creamery will be a success from the start.

Supt. McAnulty received word yesterday from State Supt. Olsen to the effect that a teachers' training school would be held in Thief River Falls for four weeks beginning July [illegible]. C. J. Butler will be conductor and the instructors are, W. G. Shierer and Mary Gardner —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

NO DRAINAGE THIS YEAR.

Bills of Congressmen Steenerson and Volstead Opposed by the Speaker.

Quite Likely That They Will Not Pass at This Session.

A dispatch from Washington to the Twin City papers says;

"Advocates of the passage of a national drainage law at the present session have practically given up hope of success. The opposition by speaker Cannon and other Republican leaders to and measures increasing public expenditures which can possibly be postponed to a further time is so strong that bills such as those providing for payment out of the federal treasury in aid of a national drainage policy are regarded as having small chance of passage.

"Indeed the opposition is so strong to measures of this kind that Representatives Volstead and Steenerson, who have special bills relating to drainage matters in Minnesota, have little confidence that Speaker Cannon will give encouragement to the passage of these bills at the present session.

"In order to meet this situation Representative Volstead has remodeled his Minnesota drainage bill so to provide that no payments shall be made from the public treasury, but simply authorizing the disposal of the land under any circumstances which will promote the drainage policy.

"Mr. Volstead is confident that if any bill on the subject of drainage can be passed at this session it will be one which simply takes an initial step in the matter, without entailing any public expenditure.

"The house has passed a bill which was reported from the committee on public lands by Representative Volstead authorizing the return of money that has been paid by homesteaders or other would be purchasers of public lands in all cases where, through no fault of the person making the payment, title to the lands failed. Officials of the general land office recommended the passage of the bill."

Furnished rooms—for rent steam heated and bath room, over Bijou Theatro.

Subscribe for the News.

Have No Seed Wheat.

David Coutts returned to Argyle from Regina on Monday. Mr. Coutts verifies the reports sent out of hard times and want being prevalent in parts of that country, and farther says that farmers are up against the real thing. They have no seed grain and the Canadian government has been called upon to supply the same. Farmers in that country were forced to accept 60 cents per bushel for grain this fall when the market price at Winnipeg was over the dollar mark.

NEW CLUB ORGANIZED.

Commercial Club of Thief River Falls Organized in This City Saturday.

Officers are Elected and a Constutution and by-Laws are Adopted.

A meeting was held in the Evenson Hall Saturday evening for the purpose of organizing a new Commercial Club. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and the following officers were elected:

President; O. J. Schei.
Vice President; D. P. O'Neill.
Second Vice President: L. M. Hoag.
Secretary; D. Shaw.
Treasurer; G. Halvorson.

It was voted to have the membership fee $1 and monthly dues were fixed at $1. The secretary will be paid a salary of $25 per month.

The organization of this new Commercial Club will give Thief River Falls two organizations of this character, the other being the Public Affairs committee of the Antlers Club. There will be no fiction between the two bodies, however, as both will work for the best interests of Thief River Falls, but as some of the business men of the city were averse to becoming identified with the Antlers Club it was deemed advisable to start the new organization. It is the belief of the News, however, that if the two bodies were united much more good could be accomplished.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.
Ed. G. Holm.

MAY BUILD A RAILROAD

Company Incorporated to Build an Electric Line Out of This City.

Officers Elected and $50,000 of the Capital Stock Has Been Subscribed.

At a meeting of business men held Monday Evening articles of incorporation of the Thief River Falls Electric Railway company were signed and approved, and officers for the new company were elected. A total of $50,000 of the capital stock was subscribed for at the meeting. The officers elected were as follows:

President—D. N. Winton.
First Vice-President—D. P. O'Neill.
Second Vice-President—M. Forder.
Third Vice-President—M. V. Evenson,
Secretary—T. P. Hamre.
Treasurer—L. M. Hoag.
Council—G. Halvorson.

Directors—O. J. Schei, John Morgan. M. V. Evenson, T. P. Hamre, L. M. Hoag, D. B. Bakke, C. M. Evenson, G. Halvorson, M. Forder, D. P. O'Neill, Olaf Ramstad, D. Shaw, D. N. Winton, Math. Barzen, C. C. Jackson, W. W. Prichard, I. L. Erickson, Goodnow Torrison, C. A. Robbecke, H. P. Spoonheim and H. G. Dobner.

It is the intention of the company to build an electric line into the country northeast of Thief River Falls, but no definite route has been selected nor will one be until assurance can be had from the farmers that a free right-of-way and other concessions are granted. The farmers living to the east and north of Thief River Falls have long desired railway connections with this city and if they now show the proper spirit they will get a line. The stockholders in the new company are all men of means and they have been assured of a liberal backing.

Go to Crookston Tonight.

President C. C. Jackson, Ira C. Richardson and Emil E. Zeh, go to Crookston this evening to attend the meeting of the executive committee of Northern Minnesota Firemen's Association. The committee will make arrangements for the firemen's tournament to be held in Thief River Falls this June.

Reduced Prices in Winter Goods.

We are still having winter weather and you certainly need some more winter goods. We are a little overstocked in some lines and will give our customers the benefit in reduced prices for the next three weeks.

Ladies' winter coats, ... 1-3 off regular price
Children's and Misses' coats, . . . 1-3 off regular price
Ladies' neck furs, ... 1-3 off regular price
Men's and Boys' cloth overcoats, . . . 1-3 off regular price
Men's sheep lined coats, ... 10 per cent reduction
Men's mackinaws, ... 10 per cent reduction
Overshoes and winter rubbers, . 10 per cent reduction

SHOES. Have just received a large consignment of mens, ladies and childrens shoes, and are now in a position to sell you the best shoes for the least money. We will not be undersold. Look at our shoes before buying.

We have also added to our shoe department a bargain counter. Real bargains, look them over.

See our Spring line of dry goods, coming in daily in all departments.

Our dry goods bargain counter is always filled with exceptional bargains.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

Kick the Printer

BULLETIN
LATEST NEWS
"BOOM"

In the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., there has been for many years a conspicuous signboard outside an office which reads, "KICK THE PRINTER."

Bibulous persons sometimes go inside to carry out the apparent request, but they discover that the printer is a gentleman by the name of Kick.

In every town there are persons who, if they do not actually feel like kicking the printer—the newspaper man—at any rate do a lot of kicking at the way he conducts his paper.

Please DON'T kick the printer; he is doing the best he can.

And what he does for the town and community, despite his occasional mistakes, may be a great deal more than the kickers themselves are doing. Did THAT ever occur to you?

We are all neighbors in this town. What helps one helps the others. What hurts one hurts the others. Every community is a mutual benefit association, whether organized or just running wild. The printer is a charter member.

If you had no printer—no newspaper—how would you like that? Do you know what happens to towns that don't support a newspaper? Nothing happens. Nothing ever happens in a town like that. As soon as things begin to happen in a town the newspaper comes along and tells about them.

The newspaper boosts the town. It records progress and offers suggestions, by the editor or the readers, as to further progress. Every copy of every issue advertises the town. This is all free advertisement. It costs the town nothing. It costs the people nothing. It is a part of the business.

In view of this fact, which nobody can dispute, it is much better to pat the printer on the shoulder now and then or to speak kindly of him than to kick him.

NO; DON'T KICK THE PRINTER.

Persevere.

I have often heard people in mature life say, "If I had only kept on as I had begun, if I had only persisted in carrying out my ambition, I might have amounted to something and been infinitely happier."

Multitudes of people have led miserable lives of regret, with thwarted ambitions constantly torturing them, simply because in a moment of weakness and discouragement they turned back. If there is any time a person needs nerve, grit and stamina it is when tempted to turn back, when the coward voice within says: "Don't you see how foolish it is for you to try to do this thing? You have not the means or the strength. How foolish to sacrifice years of comfort and pleasure at home among the people who love you for the sake of doing what you have undertaken! It is better to turn back and acknowledge your mistake than to go on and sacrifice so much." Whatever you do or how heavy the burden, do not lay it down at such a time. No matter how dark the way or how heavy the heart, wait until the "blue" depression or the discouragement has passed before taking any decided step.—Success Magazine.

Customs of the Street.

In crowded city streets, especially in London and Paris, when a driver is halted by another driver ahead of him he throws up his hand or his whip perpendicularly as a warning to the man back of him. Thus warned, the next driver checks his team and then holds his hand or his whip as a warning to the man back of him. Thus there might be seen going up one after another in a line stretching back hands or whips to the number of half a dozen or more as the drivers were successively halted or slowed down by the blockade in front. So of drivers of horse drawn vehicles whose drivers commonly sit high where their hands or whips can be seen above their heads. This signaling is done somewhat differently by the drivers of automobiles, who sit low. So in such circumstances what the automobile driver does to signal to the man back of him that he is held up is to stretch his arm out outside of his vehicle horizontally to the right.—Washington Post.

How It Was Becoming.

"That dress is becoming, my dear," said the man who thinks he is a diplomat.

She looked at him coldly for a moment and then replied:

"Yes. It is becoming threadbare."

Brutally Frank.

Scribbles—When I take a dislike to a man I use him as the villain character in one of my novels. Critticus—Ah, I see! You punish the poor fellow by burying him alive, as it were.

Jack Tar and the Actor.

A famous Irish actor of the eighteenth century named John Moody early in life, before he went on the stage, had been to Jamaica and worked his passage home as a sailor before the mast. One night some time after he had been engaged at Drury Lane when he was acting Stephano in "The Tempest" a sailor in the front row of the pit got up and, standing upon the seat, hallooed out, "What cheer, Jack Moody, what cheer, messmate?"

This unexpected address rather astonished the audience. Moody, however, stepped forward and, recognizing the man, called out: "Tom Hullett, keep your jawing tacks aboard. Don't disturb the crew and passengers. When the show is over make sail for the stage door, and we'll finish the evening over a jug of punch. But till then, Tom, keep your locker shut." Moody, it is related, was as good as his word.—Cornhill Magazine.

Exchanging Amenities.

A blatant sample of the loud voiced, self conscious, look-at-me variety of man took his seat in a bus and called to the conductor:

"Does this bus go all the way?"

"Yes, sir," responded the conductor politely.

"Does it go as far as Oxford street? I want to get out there."

"Yes, sir," was the reply.

"Well, I want you to tell me when we get there. You'd better stick a stamp on your nose or put a straw in your mouth or tie a knot in one of your lips, so that you won't forget it."

"It would not be convenient for one in my position to do so," said the conductor courteously, "but if you will kindly pin your ears round your neck I think I shall remember to tell you."—London Scraps.

The Sins of Hatters.

If any tradesman has a lot to answer for it is surely the hatter. He will most unblushingly tell you that a certain type of hat is suited to your particular style of beauty, knowing that the information is false, and all the while you have a dull suspicion that you don't look well in it. Yet you are obliged to believe him. His persuasive powers are so cultivated that I firmly believe he would make a dwarf think himself "a fine figure of a man."—Fry's Magazine.

May Do It Now.

"In the olden times it is said that it was possible for a man to render himself invisible."

"Pshaw! That's not at all remarkable. Men in this country are doing it every day."

"You don't say so! How do they manage it?"

"By marrying famous women."

Directing Folks In Boston.

The stranger had been searching nearly half an hour among the mysterious curving ways of the park for Fenway street. At last the trim figure of a hurrying student attracted her eye, and she resolved to ask for the necessary information.

"Can you tell me, please, where Fenway street is?" she asked.

"Yes, indeed," answered the student. "Why, we're in it now."

"Yes?" The stranger looked rather helplessly around at the wealth of shrubbery, the smooth roads that seemed to lead only to Mrs. Gardner's green roofed palace. "But I wanted to find a certain number on Fenway street."

"Oh!" said the student, a helpless expression for a moment clouding her face.

"Do you know, there's a street down there." She pointed a daintily gloved hand straight into a clump of elms. "I don't know the name of it. I never did know that it had a name. Why don't you try that one?"—Boston Herald.

Pretty Strong Lungs.

In "Through Luzon on Highways and Byways" the author, a naval officer, tells this expansive story. We vouch for the story only, not for the facts:

While traversing this attractive country, which offers so much to tempt the husbandman, we met with no sign of life until nearing a village, where could be seen native hunters after deer and carabao. The carabao furnishes a fine quality of meat and has a peculiar, instinctive trait in being the only denizen of the forest that can protect itself against the boa constrictors, which are somewhat numerous in these parts. When the carabao is pounced upon by the boa and the reptile has wrapped itself round the body for the squeezing process of killing the animal, the carabao slowly draws in its sides until the boa has his grip fixed securely and begins to tighten up, when suddenly the carabao inflates his lungs to their fullest and spreads his sides, tearing the vertebrae of the reptile into a thousand pieces.

How Tea Lead Is Made.

Tea lead for lining tea chests is superior at least from the standpoint of cheapness to any other metal. According to an article in the Brass World, the method practiced by the Chinese in the manufacture of tea lead is to press molten lead between two flat stones. The excess of lead is melted in an iron kettle by a direct fire underneath. Rice paper is carefully smoothed down over the surface of the stones to supply a nonconductor of heat and thus prevent the chilling of the lead. The stones are now placed flat upon the ground and the upper one raised a short distance, with one edge resting upon the lower stone. In other words, the stones are opened like a book. A ladle full of melted lead is now poured in between the stones, and the top one is quickly dropped. The lead is squeezed out until only a thin layer is left. Tea lead usually runs from .005 to .10 inch in thickness.

An Untamed Marquis.

The father of the Marquis of Bute had an amusing experience in the neighborhood of Rothesay. He met a cockney traveler who asked to be directed to a certain place. Deceived by the marquis' accent, the visitor took him for a southron and took occasion to make supercilious remarks about the barbarous islanders of Bute. He said, "Blime me, I suppose you're like me, an Englishman?"

"No," responded the marquis; "I'm a native of Bute, this island."

"Good gracious!" exclaimed the Londoner, in amazement. "Then who in the dooce tamed yer?"

Lord Bute assumed a fierce expression and, raising a ponderous cudgel he was carrying, said angrily, "Who says I'm tame?" The alarmed cockney turned and fled.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Two Cures For the Blues.

"What do you do when you have the blues?" asked the first woman.

"I walk up Fifth avenue and look in all the jewelers' windows and at the orchids and high priced hats. What do you do?"

"I go way down to Rivington street and look at the wretched poor women with seventeen children struggling in the dirt. That makes me thankful my affairs are no worse."—New York Press.

Its Worth.

The actress, having been arrested for running her automobile seventy miles an hour, was describing the superb car to a reporter.

The young man inquired:

"How much did you say it was worth?"

"At least two columns on the front page," she answered absently.—Kansas City Independent.

Shut Her Off.

First Deaf Mute (making signs)—Did your wife complain because you stayed out till after midnight? Second Deaf Mute (chuckling)—Did she? You should have seen her! But when it began to get monotonous I just turned out the light.

Two Questions.

"Why don't we see men like the novelists describe?"

"I give it up. Why don't we see girls like the illustrators draw?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Followed the Lead.

Teacher—Where do we obtain [illegible]? Freddie—From the coal bed, miss. Teacher—Right! Now, Jimmy, where do we obtain feathers? Jimmy—From feather beds, miss.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 570: by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice; the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota; will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.
Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177: by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and 60-100 Dollars ($1,656.60) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty-eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Seventy five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure: Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls Red Lake County, Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 21, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christopher M. Hoverstad, as one of the heirs of Thomas T. Hoverstad, Deceased, of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 56 made June 21st, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 25, Township 154, N, Range 43, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on March 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Frieberg of Thief River Falls, Minn
Gust Berggren " " " " "
Andreas Hoverstad " " " " "
Iver Aastad " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
Jan. 30-Feb. 27.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, in probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Aaron Johnson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, Robert Johnson, Mrs. Andy Erickson, Ida Johnson, Aurora Johnson and Wanda Johnson and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Ida Johnson having been filed in this court, representing that Aaron Johnson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 27th day of January 1908, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Andy Erickson and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of March 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th day of Feb. 1908.

(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
Feb. 13-27.

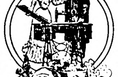

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DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
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your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
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Sweet
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Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
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MY WIFE
SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kyneaville, Fla.
Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well."

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"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.
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If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.
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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

BALTIC SITUATION DISCUSSED

Both Swedish and Danish Newspapers Are Taking Sides in the Matter—Opinions Pro and Con.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The so-called Baltic situation is being much discussed in both Swedish and Danish newspapers at present and opinions pro and con are being freely offered. Swedish and Danish papers agree that negotiations are pending with regard to the perpetration of status quo in the Baltic sea. Some Swedish papers hold that it is sufficient to have Sweden, Germany and Russia agree to an entente, while an official Danish paper explains at length why England, and eventually Denmark, ought to have a voice in the matter. The Danish paper even goes so far as to say that Denmark will not be bound by the prospective entente unless it is endorsed by England. A Swedish paper adds that this position proves Denmark to be a vassal of England, and that for this very reason both England and Denmark may be cut by those who enter into the agreement.

The talk about Swedish-Americans returning to Sweden because of depressed labor conditions in America receives a great set-back every time that Swedish-Americans return home to spend the holidays and within a few weeks return to their adopted land in fully as large numbers and more often bringing a number of their friends and relatives with them. Swedish authorities are at a loss to understand this, but if they were fully acquainted with conditions in America they would soon know the reasons why. Strenuous efforts have been made to induce American Swedes to return, but thus far they have proven a failure.

Preliminary contracts have been signed for official plans of a deep waterway canal from the North sea to Vennern, Sweden's largest inland lake. If the canal is built, millions of acres of land will become available for industries which are now prevented by lack of transportation. It is also expected that several inland towns would develop into important cities. The proposed waterway is eighty miles in length and connects many small lakes.

The memoirs, containing interesting accounts of King Oscar's relation to Norway and which have been left by Richter, who was at one time Norway's minister to Sweden, will now be published. Mr. Richter's stipulation was that these memoirs should not be published until after King Oscar's death.

On Jan. 19, King Gustaf was, in the midst of great festivities, installed as the highest officer in the Swedish Masonic order. The installation took place in the Hall of Knights in the palace of the nobility on Blasieholmen. Present were the crownprince and Prince Carl and about eight hundred Masons.

A grand banquet was given in Stockholm the other night in honor of Salchow and Oholm, the crack skaters who have broken all European records. About five hundred of the city's enthusiastic outdoor sportsmen attended the banquet.

Justice E. Biesert, a well known figure in political circles in Stockholm, took his departure for Africa the other day and will go to the desert climate south of Cairo in search of a cure for his impaired nerves.

It is learned on good authority that as soon as King Gustaf and Queen Victoria will return from their contemplated trip to England that King Edward will pay visit to Denmark.

Stockholm's art exhibition will be held in 1909, according to the decision of the riksdag, which has voted a substantial appropriation. The exhibition will be located in Friesen's park.

The celebrated author, August Strindberg, celebrated his sixtieth birthday Jan. 22. He was the recipient of many congratulations, both at home and abroad.

The banks of Stockholm have negotiated for a loan of [illegible] crowns for the city of Stockholm from French, German, Danish, and Belgian banks.

The Swedish Automobile club will hereafter be known as the Royal Automobile club, having been placed under the royal patronage of the king.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The growth of the merchant marine of Norway for the year 1907 is represented by 65 vessels, having a gross tonnage of [illegible]. Norwegian firms have added 77 steamers, 16 sailing vessels and 6 motor boats to the total during the year. Fifty nine steamers and 17 sailing vessels were purchased abroad and 26 steamers and 20 sailing vessels were sold to foreigners during the year. No less than 20 steamers, [illegible] sailing vessels, and one motor boat were totally lost, and 20 vessels were condemned. The total number of vessels at the beginning of the new year was 3,064, having a tonnage of 1,81647.

The following item illustrates how the tipping system flourishes in Norway and from this can be formed an idea of what this amount to in summer, when the tourist season is at its height: The winter's holiday season was a most prosperous one for the hotelkeepers and their employes of Christiania. It is related that one hotel boy got 250 crowns in one week in tips and as compensation for carrying luggage. Most of this money came from Norwegian-Americans, who arrived in the fatherland to visit relatives and were in a very generous frame of mind.

Norwegians are firm believers in education and now the country is going a step farther still. The country is soon going to have a normal school for the education of instructors in housekeeping, and one of six months for training cooks and teachers of cooking. Only persons having a good common school education will be admitted. Chemistry and physics will be the most prominent studies at the school. All of the leading food stuffs will be subjected to a chemical analysis.

The matter of choosing a new manager for the National theater must be settled within a short time now or the directors, it is claimed, will lay themselves open to a good deal of censure. One of the candidates considered is Holfdan Christensen and many people would like to see him get the position. At any rate the matter must soon be settled or it is apparent that there will be more trouble.

Both on the southeast coast of Norway and in the Haugesund district enormous masses of herring have been caught this season. As a consequence the prices in European markets are so low that it does not pay to ship and large lots of good herring are fed to hogs or used as fertilizing material. These abnormal conditions have caused the failure of the Johnson company, the largest herring exporters in Christiania.

The publishers of Ibsen's epic "Brand" have met some terrific criticism from the pen of the publisher of Vart Land in Copenhagen. The Ibsen publishers have also been likewise criticised by "Dannebrog," Professor Borchsenius, the literary critic, Brix, and other Danish publishers.

A permanent opera company may be organized in Christiania in the near future. Mme. Cally Monrad wants it started in the Eldorado and her supporters are Concertmeister Demling and Hjalmar Christensen.

During the recent wrestling match between Beck-Olsen, the Dane, and Norbeck, the Norwegian, the latter was badly defeated and advised by his physicians to abandon the wrestling arena altogether.

Alexander Kielland's "Around Napoleon" has been translated into English, but Norwegian critics maintain that the book will not gain favor among English readers.

The Drammen bourse committee has started to solicit funds for an historical museum, which it is planned to erect in that city in the near future.

Norway's exports to the United States last year were about $4,000,000. Of this amount $933,000 worth of exports was exported from Bergen.

Captain Jean Kielland will leave for Congo, S. A., in the near future, where he has accepted a commission in the British army.

Royal Librarian Huntfeldt's library has been sold to the congressional library in Washington, D. C.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Edward's plan to visit Denmark, which was recently made known to the public, was a surprise to diplomatic and political circles, as he has never before been in Copenhagen in the winter time and did not accompany Queen Alexandra when she was in Copenhagen last fall. The visit was also a surprise to the court festivities planed for this month and they have all been countermanded. As there is no personal reason why King Edward should take the rough North sea trip in midwinter, it is inferred that the visit has a special significance. It is believed in some quarters that it is intended as a hint as to how the British monarch stands on the Baltic sea matter, concerning which Germany, Russia and Sweden are said to have been negotiating.

Princess Marie, always the most democratic of princesses, has issued an invitation to a "poppy festival," a great charity affair, which is to be held in the concert palace for three days, April 2, 3 and 4, and is to end with a masquerade, at which the crowned heads are to be present, the kings of Norway, Sweden and Denmark. Several royal princesses and all the leading members of the aristocracy will be in charge of various booths where a fair is to be held for the benefit of a number of charitable institutions, Protestant, Jewish and Catholic. Among the specially invited guests is the United States ambassador, Dr. M. F. Egan, who has become exceedingly popular in Copenhagen.

The members of the financial committee of the [illegible]

MARION S NORELIUS.

FOREIGN NEWS.

What is practically the break-up of the European concert on the Macedonian question has come as a shock to the chancellories of the Continent and England, particularly as a quiet diplomatic season had been anticipated. Germany caused the break that may lead to serious results.

Count Boni de Castellane, the divorced husband of Anna Gould of New York, was found guilty by the correctional court at Paris of criminal assault and battery on Prince Helie de Sagan, his cousin, and fined $20. The prince was awarded 20 cents damages.

The lieutenant governor of British Columbia has signed the re-enacted Natal act, assent to which was withheld last year. The act will be put into force immediately and all the immigrants in British Columbia will have to pass an educational test.

Nearly fifty women suffragettes who made a raid on the house of commons were arraigned in police court in London and sentenced to pay a fine or one month's imprisonment. All but two of the women preferred to go to jail rather than pay the fine.

The great American fleet of sixteen battleships passed Valparaiso, Chile, Feb. 14, and continued on its voyage northward. All Valparaiso and thousands of persons from every city in Chile witnessed the passing of the fleet.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

By direction of the president Acting Secretary Oliver has ordered a company of infantry from Fort Gibbon, in Alaska, to Fairbanks, in that territory, to preserve order during the mining strike in that section. This action was taken upon representations from the United States court in Alaska to the attorney general that the presence of federal troops was needed.

Secretary Root and Ambassador Jusserand have signed a treaty providing for the arbitration of any issue that may arise between France and America. The treaty will have to be submitted to the American senate and to the French executive before it can become effective.

That railroads are constantly tending toward combination, with virtual control vested in the controlling company of the system, is reiterated in a report which the senate has received from the interstate commerce commission in reply to a resolution of inquiry.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Both branches of the Mississippi legislature have passed a prohibition bill providing that all licenses now in existence in the state shall cease on Dec. 31. The governor has already signified his intention of immediately signing the bill.

The supreme court of Ohio has caused a sensation by knocking out all the indictments against the convicted bridge trust in that state. The indictments are held to be illegal on the grounds of duplicity and indefiniteness.

Hon. Newton Edmunds, former governor of Dakota territory and president of the Yankton National bank, is dead at Yankton, S. D., aged eighty-eight years.

Six automobiles have started on a race from New York to Paris by way of Alaska and Siberia, a distance of approximately 20,000 miles.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate a moderate improvement in trade and a slightly better feeling regarding the future.

The Pennsylvania railroad has on its lines, East and West, 77,000 idle cars, representing an investment of $77,000,000.

The State bank of Butte, Mont., which closed its doors last October, has resumed.

Maintaining His Argument.

One night at Brooks' when Coke was present Fox, in allusion to something that had been said, made a very disparaging remark about government powder. Adam, attorney general to the Prince of Wales, who heard it, considered it a personal reflection and sent Fox a challenge. At the time appointed Fox went out and took his station, standing full face to his adversary. Fitzgerald pointed out to him that he ought to stand sideways. "What does it matter?" protested Fox. "I am as thick one way as the other." The signal to fire was given. Adam fired, but Fox did not. His seconds, greatly excited, told him that he must fire. "I'll be —— if I do!" said Fox. "I have no quarrel." Whereupon the two adversaries advanced to shake hands. "Adam," said Fox complacently, "you'd have killed me if it hadn't been for the badness of government powder."—London Bellman.

The Sausage.

The sausage dates back to the year 897. It has been asserted that the Greeks in the days of Homer manufactured sausages, but this prehistoric mixture had nothing in common with our modern product. The ancient so called sausage was composed of the same materials which enter into the makeup of the boudin of the French market and the blood pudding of the French Canadian. The ancient sausage was enveloped in the stomachs of goats. It was not until the tenth century that sausage made of hashed pork became known. It was in or near the year [illegible] that, thanks to the introduction into Germany of cinnamon and saffron, the sausages of Frankfort and Strassburg acquired a universal reputation.

MUST BE LEGALLY MARRIED

One of the Qualifications for Alderman of East Grand Forks.

Alderman Kelliher of the East Grand Forks city council, who was married recently, has introduced an ordinance which provides that after sixty days from the passage and approval of the ordinance it shall be unlawful for any alderman of the city to participate in any of the council proceedings or exercise any of the duties, functions or acts, or enjoy any of the rights, benefits or emoluments of such office unless he is of good moral character, more than twenty-five years of age and legally married. It is further provided that the refusal or neglect of any alderman to so qualify himself, if he be not so qualified, to conform with all the provisions of the ordinance, shall subject him to removal from his office.

Accused of Embezzlement.

After having worked his way up from office boy to custodian of large sums of money Adolph Stamwitz, paying teller of the National Bank of Commerce of Minneapolis, is charged with having taken $3,450 of the funds belonging to that institution. He has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury, and is at liberty on bail bond of $5,000, which was promptly furnished by his friends. Stamwitz was bonded for $10,000 by a surety company. Irregularities in the bank's accounts were discovered by National Bank Examiner C. H. Bosworth.

State University Can Be Sued.

John Gleason, former football player, ousted from the college of law at the state university because of friction with the faculty and who is attempting to force his way in through legal proceedings, won a victory when Judge Fred V. Brown of the Hennepin county district court rendered a sweeping decision in which he establishes the responsibility of the university to sue and be sued. The decision was the result of a demurrer filed by state attorneys to the Gleason complaint.

Minneapolis Scholar Injured.

While exercising in the Phillips-Exeter academy gymnasium at Exeter, N. H., Foster Holmes of Minneapolis sustained injuries which were declared to be very dangerous. Holmes is a senior. He was trying the so-called giant swing on the horizontal bar, when he slipped and fell to the floor. He was rendered unconscious and shortly after his removal to the hospital it was announced his condition was critical.

Five Years for Manslaughter.

Michael Brennan, recently convicted at Hastings of manslaughter in the first degree for the killing of Anthony Brennan at Lakeville Aug. 27, was sentenced in district court by Judge F. M. Crosby to five years in the state prison at Stillwater at hard labor. The sentence was regarded with surprise by many people, notwithstanding that much sympathy was expressed for the prisoner.

Workman Meets Terrible Death.

Caught helpless in a coal chute in the Northwestern railroad shops at Winona, where the rumble of machinery drowned his frantic shouts for aid, Anton Fichmann, sixty-five years old, met a horrible fate. The heavy conveyor, released from above by a fellow workman, descended on Fichmann and struck him on the head, breaking his neck.

His Punishment.

It was beginning to rain, and a man who was on the point of starting for church discovered that there wasn't an umbrella in the house fit for use.

"You can borrow one from the T—s next door," suggested his better half. "They never go to church."

"No, Laura," he answered with firmness. "It is wrong to borrow umbrellas on Sunday. I shall punish myself for my carelessness by not going to church this morning."

Man and a Carpet.

Clara—I'll give you a conundrum. Why is a man like a carpet? Tom—I give it up. Clara—Well, he's no sooner down than people walk all over him. Tom—Oh, pshaw! Man is totally unlike a carpet, for the more dust he has the less likely he is to get the shake.—Illustrated Bits.

A Very Mad Dog.

A little girl came running to tell about a mad dog she had seen. "We saw a mad dog!" she gasped, but the words seemed too tame to do justice to the situation. "Oh, he was mad, mad!" she added, frowning and pumping her fists. "He was furious!"—Harper's Weekly.

A Thinking Part.

The Old One—In adopting a theatrical career you are entering a touchy and jealous profession. Keep guard over your tongue. The New One—Oh, I've found out that I'll have ample opportunity to think before I speak!—Puck.

Were Nagged by Their Wives.

Rip Van Winkle, Socrates, Petruchio, Agamemnon, Joseph Gargery, Solomon, Mr. Caudle, Mr. H. Peck and Beadle Bumble. Any additions sent in to this list will be regarded in the strictest confidence.—Chicago Tribune.

Rebuked.

"Yaas," said Cholly Silley, "she was out when I called, but I hope for better luck next time."

"How ungallant of you!" exclaimed Miss Knox. "You should wish her the good luck."—Exchange.

THE SQUARE ROOT OF 2

No One Has Yet Succeeded In Extracting It Accurately.

SOME IMPOSSIBLE PROBLEMS

The Effort to Cultivate a Blue Rose, the Search For Absolute Zero, the Perpetual Motion Phantom and the Squaring of the Circle.

There died in the year 1902 in St. Felix, a small village in the department of Haute Garonne, in France, a wealthy octogenarian horticulturist who spent the last forty-five years of his life and a sum variously estimated at from £12,000 to £15,000 in attempting to produce by artificial cultivation a blue rose.

He failed, and for the best of reasons—the task is one impossible of accomplishment. As De Candolle, a great authority on this subject, has pointed out, yellow and blue are the fundamental types of color in flowers, and these colors are antagonistic, mutually excluding each other. Yellow by culture may be changed into red or white, but never into blue. On the other hand, blue will pass into red, but never into yellow. We have a yellow rose; hence there is no blue.

The pursuit of the absolute zero point is to chemists what the discovery of the north pole is to geographers. Ever since Fahrenheit in 1724 broached the problem scientists innumerable have striven to reach the goal in vain, although each, in turn, has succeeded in outdistancing the other.

Thus Fahrenheit boasted that no one could ever attain artificially to a greater degree of cold than he produced with salt and ice—seven degrees below zero—although, of course, he did not suppose that cold ended there. Yet, within a few years of his death, over 100 degrees below had been obtained, and Professor James Dewar, whose researches in the field of low temperatures have brought out so many new and startling facts, succeeded by cooling down the rare gas helium by the aid of liquefied hydrogen in registering the almost inconceivable temperature of 422 degrees below zero F. But this is not absolute zero, and the problem remains unsolved.

Here and there, in odd corners of the earth, gray, bent men still pore over crucibles seeking the philosopher's stone—that mysterious and wonderful substance which will, they believe, when found change the baser metals into gold. It never will be found, of course, for such a substance, in the nature of things, can have no concrete existence. Nevertheless for hundreds of years the best brains and keenest intellects in Christendom sought it early and late.

Nor were their labors wholly wasted, for it was while searching for this mythical treasure that Bottcher stumbled on the secret of the manufacture of porcelain; Roger Bacon on that of the composition of gunpowder; Geber on the properties of acids; Van Helmont on the nature of gas, and Dr. Glauber on the "salts" which bear his name. After a similar fashion, too, the three century long hunt for the elixir of life bequeathed to us a whole host of valuable remedial drugs and was the means indirectly of saving or, at all events, prolonging literally millions of lives.

So also, as the result of the vain search after perpetual motion, there was evolved the greatest of all the generalizations of modern physical science, the principle of the conservation of energy, and even now more or less important discoveries are being constantly stumbled on by seekers after the same perennial will-o'-the-wisp. For let it be by no means imagined that the perpetual motion cranks are all dead and gone. On the contrary, they are probably fully as numerous and as sanguine today as they were in the time of Leibnitz or Newton.

Of course the thing is impossible and has been proved so over and over again, but that does not deter them. Only the other day a man turned up at the office of a well known patent agent with a model of a perpetual motion machine which depended for its proper working upon the interception of gravitational attraction.

The principle of the invention, the inventor was good enough to explain, was simplicity itself. The only thing that remained to be done, he ingenuously remarked, was to find the proper material for an interceptor. Is it possible to conceive of human folly going further than this?

Among mathematicians the two most famous unsolvable problems are the trisection of the angle and the duplication of the cube. Men have toiled at one or the other, sometimes at both, of these for fifteen, twenty, thirty years, only to retire at last baffled and beaten. Their calculations and methods of work have in many instances been published to the world, but the subject is too abstruse to attempt to do more than merely touch upon it in a popular article of this kind.

It is somewhat startling, however, to find that even figures, just plain, ordinary arithmetical figures such as are easily understandable by any modern board school boy, have given rise to problems quite as incapable of solution as any of those springing out of the higher mathematics.

No one, for instance, has yet succeeded in extracting the square root of 2, although Dr. W. H. Colvill, a civil surgeon of Bagdad, succeeded in working it out to no fewer than 110 places of decimals, and, moreover, his titanic sum has been proved to be absolutely correct, so far as it goes. Here is the result, in case some reader should be seized with an irresistible desire to carry it a stage or two further:

1.41421356237309504880168872420969807856967187537694807317667973799073247846210703885038753432764157273501384623

Undoubtedly, however, of all the now admittedly unsolvable figure problems which have from time to time occupied the attention of mathematicians the most famous is that generally known as squaring the circle. The time and energy thrown away upon it in days gone by are simply amazing. A Dutch professor, Jacob Marcelis by name, worked at it for forty-three years and came at last to the conclusion that the circumference contained the diameter exactly

$$3\frac{1008449087377541679894282184894}{6977183637540819440035232727702}$$

times. He was wrong. Another notable computer, one Ludolph van Ceulen, continued his calculations as long as he lived and at his death had the result inscribed on his tombstone at St. Peter's church, Leyden.

Yet a third enthusiast worked out the calculation to more than 700 places of decimals and even then did not get so near as Peter Metius, who guessed at his answer. This latter lucky gentleman asserted that the diameter is to the circumference as 113 is to 355. This is so nearly right that the error would be less than a foot in a circle with a 2,000 mile radius.

For a long time this approximation was as near as any one got, but in 1863 a lady mathematician went one better. Here is her formula: "From three diameters deduct eight thousandths and seven millionths of a diameter, and to the result add 5 per cent." We have then not quite enough, but the shortage is only at the rate of about an inch and a sixteenth of an inch in 14,000 miles. Finally, an Englishman named Shanks succeeded in reducing by more than one-half even this well nigh infinitesimal error, and there for the present the matter rests.

It may be of interest to note, however, that some little while back a man made a great hubbub in London because he had not obtained the reward which he alleged had been offered for the discovery of the correct solution, although he claimed to have arrived at it. He said he did it by actual measurement, and it was found on investigation that he had constructed a boxwood disk of twelve inches in diameter which he rolled along a straight rail. The man was a joiner by trade and evidently knew well what he was about when he measured, for his answer, 3.140625, is wrong by less than one in 3,000.—Pearson's Weekly.

INDIA'S WHITE ANTS.

Only One Kind of Wood, Sandal, Can Withstand Their Attacks.

Insects of various kinds are a perennial plague to Indian dwellers, tea growers and others.

The tea bushes in the Assam gardens have no less than four destructive enemies, from which no means of escape has yet been devised by man. These are the bark eating borer, the sandwich caterpillar, the mosquito and the white ant, all of which attack the bush and do immense damage.

By far the worst of these plagues is the white ant, the mosquito merely attacking the leaves and causing a blight. The ants, however, begin at the roots and eat upward, reducing the wood to powder and leaving only the bark to support the top, which soon topples over by reason of its own weight.

There is no Indian wood which would resist the ants' insidious attack except sandal. It delights in reducing pine and white wood to a powder. It cannot work in the light, but must get at the wood from some dark recess and work within a shell.

In some mysterious way the white ant gets indoors and has a particular penchant for penetrating into a veneered or lacquered picture frame, and in a short time nothing will remain but the veneer or lacquer, nothing else being left but a small portion of the powder, the rest being consumed or removed.

The method of attack is by emitting a kind of acid, which destroys the wood. And this ant has been known to bore holes through the sheet iron bottoms of trunks. Several long, supporting joists in a consular building in Calcutta were eaten out so completely that they had to be replaced with steel ones.

While these destructive white ants do not seem to possess much literary taste, they sometimes attack books and destroy them by boring holes through leaves and cover from side to side.

An English resident in an Indian city had a fine set of upholstered furniture, which he protected by some covering as well as he could before leaving his home for an absence of some months on business, and when he returned he sat down in a chair, which collapsed under him like a framework of cardboard.—Westminster Gazette.

Literary Coincidences.

Tennyson said of a strange literary coincidence. "A Chinese scholar some time ago wrote to me saying that in an unknown untranslated Chinese poem there were two whole lines of mine almost word for word." Byron in his monody on the death of Sheridan, where he says there will never be another Sheridan, the mold being broken up, employs, word for word, terms in which an ancient Sanskrit document refers to the death of Maru, notwithstanding that Byron could never have seen the document. Shakespeare's passage about love and lightning in "Romeo and Juliet," ii, 2, is almost identical with a quotation from "Malata and Madhava," an Indian poem by Bhavabott, written nine centuries before and not translated up to Shakespeare's time.

STRUGGLE FOR EXISTENCE.

Capitalism Aims Not to Kill Labor, but to Keep It In Submission.

This great principle that runs through all the realms of life has its most wonderful field of action in the affairs of human life.

The individual struggle of itself puts an intense strain upon the energies of men. Capitalism gives a peculiar direction to these individual struggles, hurling men at one another's throat in a manner not to be observed in the relations of the members of any other living species.

Among workingmen the struggle of the individual is not for the development of all his resources and does not tend to bring out his best qualities, nor does it result in his building up the character or the career of which he is abundantly capable. He is obliged to fight against his fellows in a bitter warfare for a job. Even when he combines with his colaborers in the union he cannot get free from this warfare with the other workers, his bitterest battles being against the strike breakers of his own class.

The struggle between the members of the exploiting class results in the survival and aggrandizement of the most brutal and inhuman of the species.

But the individual struggle is not the important line of this struggle for existence in human affairs. It is very secondary to the prodigious struggle of classes. A man's individual struggle will determine to which class he belongs and will give him the earmarks of his class, will develop the ideas and morals and habits in him that belong to his class.

The capitalist class cannot live at all without the working class from which to draw continually the surplus value upon which it thrives. Cut off the surplus value from labor's product and you thus destroy the capitalist class. Their struggle is not to kill the working class, but only to keep it in submission. For this they build their state, frame their laws, march their armies. For this they support their churches and their schools. For this they fight the battles against labor. It is a class struggle, more and more perfectly organized as the years go by. It is a struggle of a class for existence.

On the other hand, the working class has no need at all for an exploiting class. It supports itself alone and in addition supports the exploiting class. Its struggle is not to keep the opposing class within bounds, but to destroy it altogether. When any portion of the laboring class perishes under the insatiable greed of the exploiters, then that portion of the exploiting class dependent upon that part of the laboring class perishes with it. But when the incubus of exploitation is lifted from any portion of labor the laboring class not only does not suffer, but is immensely benefited.—Common Sense.

Headed For Socialism.

Labor and capital cannot help organizing, Joe. Were they to stop organizing—that is, if they were to stop growing—they would die. They must organize, they must socialize, as corn must grow or hens lay eggs, because they cannot help it. Growth, organization, socialization, is the perfectly natural thing. Both labor and capital are obeying the law of self preservation. Production by machinery is the environment which compels association.

And when will these social forces stop organizing? They will not stop. They cannot. They are headed straight for Socialism and are already well along the road and will run over anything that gets in their way. Old methods, old institutions, old customs, ancient precedents, all give way to the social influence of modern machinery. The inventor is the basic social revolutionist.

A thousand plain, everyday facts declare that Socialism is inevitable. The change from the competitive lack of system to the co-operative, systematized organization of industry is already half accomplished.—"Eight Letters to a Farmer."

Signs of the Times.

Socialism seems to be doing things in Texas. The Waco Tribune recently advised its readers to go and hear a Socialist lecturer for the sake of fair play and because the country is "drifting toward the Socialistic basis." In commenting on this the Dallas Morning News expresses the conviction that the Populists of Texas have gone over to Socialism. To quote directly concerning the Populists, "the most of them have progressed to Socialism, and the most of the Democrats are progressing toward Populism."

Socialism Abroad.

A new Socialist daily, the Cry of the People, has appeared in Turin. There are now six Socialist dailies in Italy, three of which—Avanti, Giuntizia and the new Turin paper—are the property of the party.

The Denmark Socialists recently sent $8,000 to their Russian comrades to help them in their battle for freedom.

The fact that a Socialist paper has been started at Rekjavik shows that the movement is making headway in Iceland.—Cleveland Citizen.

A Socialist View.

"It is hardly humane," says the millionaire Socialist, Robert Hunter, in his book on "Poverty," "for us to call a man a pauper who has grown old by a life of vigorous and honest toil. It is brutal to call that man a pauper who has lost his labor power in the form of limbs, eyes or health while producing the wealth of the world and who must of necessity after sustaining the loss ask relief and respite until death."

TRAINED IN THE RIGHT.

Why Socialists In Office Would Be Free From Corruption.

The man who asks "Can the Socialists be trusted in office?" does not realize that the wealth production of the country is controlled by a class—the wealthy class. In order to keep all their privileges they must own the government. To own the government they must control the source from which power springs—the political parties that furnish the nominees who are elected. When we realize that can we not see that the big parties are controlled by the class whose interests are opposed to ours and when, therefore, they elect officials the officials strive to please them, not us? And yet when the affairs of city, state and national government grow so rotten from the constant corruption practiced by the capitalistic class for its enrichment that you want to make a change you turn to that very class for your better men. What a foolish thing to do!

Don't you know that even as the Socialists are trained to regard as wrong many of the present practices of our business life, such as the giving away of franchises, performing public work by contract, the issuing of bonds by city, state or nation; the use of the police and army in labor disagreements, the punishment without trial by injunction, etc., so the business man or lawyer is trained in the idea that these things are right, and when he does them as your representative he expects your applause. And so he helps on the accumulation of wealth in the hands of the wealthy few by the laws he enacts as legislator, by the decisions he renders as judge, by the way he executes the law as president, governor, mayor or police official. If you want things different, stop electing him.

The only people in politics who can be trusted are the Socialists. Why? Because they have taken sides, are distinctly for the working class as against the capitalist class. Whether the things they are for are wrong, according to the capitalist standard, or not, the Socialist is trained to regard them as right, and when power comes to him he will do all he can to make them the law of the land.—G. H. Strobell.

WAGEDOM AND SLAVEDOM.

In Some Respects the Wageworker Fares Worse Than the Chattel.

It was Carlyle, I believe, who said that the wageworker differed from the chattel slave in that he was bought for a short time instead of for a lifetime. There are other differences, not by any means all in favor of the wageworker. True, the wageworker in the great English speaking countries is endowed with political powers which he can use if he will to end his servitude to capital. In so far as this is true he is, of course, in a superior position to that which the negro slave occupied.

The chattel slave owner had to keep his slaves in good condition in the "lean" years as well as in the times of greater prosperity, but the modern employer has no such obligation resting upon him.

In Louisiana before the war the planters hired gangs of Irish laborers to do the heavy and unhealthy work because "it was much better to have the Irish do it, who cost the planter nothing if they died, than to use up good field hands in such severe employment." In some respects the wageworker is at a disadvantage compared with the position of the chattel slave. Nevertheless I do not for a moment suggest that a return to chattel slavery would be desirable.—John Spargo in Capitalist and Laborer.

Minor Things First.

How those who believe in Socialism will achieve control of the public power for all the earth is not by winning the world first and the township afterward. It is exactly the reverse. Carry the smallest office at once. It is of the utmost importance. It is the unit with which all other victories must be achieved. Elect the county supervisor, use the office for the benefit of the county, elect the aldermen and the mayor in your little town, give your town a better local administration than it has ever had, let there be cleaner streets, let there be greater safety, let there be more justice, win the confidence of those who are nearest you, silence their fears by proving your ability to render good service, prove your right to undertake the larger task by doing effectively the one that is next your door, and always remember that it is never safe to trust any movement requiring the confidence of your fellows in the hands of those who do not have the confidence of those who know them best.

A Capitalist Problem.

Today we are face to face with the problem of the unemployed. Under our present system there is but one way to solve it. Under Socialism we would not hear of it, for as rapidly as one industry had more help than it needed the overplus would be sent to other industries or the working hours of the entire population would be reduced. Of course it would be simple under a sane, practical arrangement such as Socialism presents. But enough of the people have not as yet been persuaded to study Socialism in an unprejudiced spirit, so we must go on, perhaps for years, with the present crazy, impractical methods of national housekeeping, under which the few may roll in wealth, enjoying their monkey dinners, and their unnatural lusts, while the many must either "hit the road" and wind up in the foul and inhospitable jails or, worse even than this, live lives of constant worry and terror in their efforts to preserve their families from want and sin.

THE ESKIMO KAYAK.

This Greenland Craft Is a Most Difficult One to Handle.

There is no craft so difficult to handle as the Eskimo kayak. The only boat familiar to us which in any way resembles it is the racing shell, but if a crack oarsman of one of our crack colleges were tied into a kayak and told to shift for himself even in smooth water he would have a hard time of it.

The kayak has been evolved through hundreds of years of necessity. Without it the Greenland Eskimos at least would not be able to provide their daily bread, or, more properly speaking, their daily blubber.

It is singular that all the materials used in the construction of the kayak come from the sea—driftwood for the frame, sealskin for the covering, thongs for the harpoon and dart, ivory and bone for bow, stern and keel and for the various implements. The women prepare the skin covering and stretch it over the frame till it is as tight and firm as the head of a drum. On such occasion there is great excitement in the community. A regular "kayak bee" is held; even refreshments are not lacking, for the owner of the kayak treats to coffee all around when the work is satisfactorily done.

The completed boat is a triumph of ingenuity and skill. It is about eighteen feet long, sharply pointed at each end. Its greatest depth is six inches and its width about eighteen. It is entirely covered save for the little round hole into which the owner slips, pushing his feet underneath the skin deck in front.

This hole is fitted to the person for whom the boat is designed, and his thighs completely fill it up. When he is seated in it and his waterproof jacket is tied securely round the edge he is able to defy the waves which wash over him or the rain which beats upon him. The six thong loops arranged on the deck in front and the three or four behind hold his implements—bird darts, lances, knives and, most important of all, his harpoon. A little stand is arranged directly in front of him, upon which is coiled the harpoon line, and behind him on the kayak is the harpoon bladder, which is attached, inflated ready for use, to the line.

The most expert are apt sometimes to be overturned. It may be by the attack of a walrus or even a seal, by a careless movement or an unexpectedly large wave. If he does not right himself at once, he is inevitably drowned unless a comrade comes to his assistance. The usual method of turning the kayak upright again is by using the paddle as a lever, holding it along the side of the boat, pointing it toward the bow, then sweeping it through the water, but those who are thoroughly proficient are able to do it by means of their throwing stick, their arm or even their hand.

GLASGOW'S SLUMS.

Its Awful Sleeping Quarters and Its "Penny Pawns."

In the Millgate Monthly there is a description of the "Alsatia of Glasgow"—the Cowcaddens—where "all that is most unsalubrious and repellent in our modern life is to be found." Side by side with all that is demoralizing live and flourish harpies of various kinds and degrees. None is so dangerous to the health of the community as she who night after night seeks to make a dishonest penny by overcrowding her slummy house. Sanitary inspectors find the occupants of overcrowded houses, in their attempt to avoid detection, concealed in every conceivable corner—hidden in cupboards, under beds and even on the housetops. Two tiers of people have been found in one bed, one on the boards or mattress, the bed then flung over, and another living tier on the top.

What are known as "penny pawns" abound in the district. A broker who keeps one of these can purchase an article of any value from a penny upward. He is compelled to keep it for only seven full days, and at the end of that period he may sell it to whomsoever he chooses, and that, too, in all probability, for several hundred per cent more than he paid for it. Thousands of poor people are entirely ignorant of the difference between a pawnbroking establishment and a "penny pawn," with the result that in many cases when they go to the latter they lose goods which, if pledged with the former, they might have redeemed in time.

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TAXES

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The Earth and the Moon.

As the original earth nebula condensed the lighter materials were distributed quite uniformly over the entire surface, but these are now missing from one hemisphere, the reason seeming to be, as Professor G. H. Darwin demonstrated in 1879, that a portion of the earth's crust has been thrown off by tidal action, forming the moon. The surface density of the present continents is about 2.7, the mean density of the moon appearing to be 3.4, or not far from that of the missing continents to the depth reached. The moon, it is computed, equals a mass having the surface area of the terrestrial oceans and a depth of thirty-six miles, and it is concluded that the crust when thirty-six miles thick must have been torn away over three-fourths of the earth, the remainder breaking apart to form the eastern and western continents, with Australia and other islands. These continental and island fragments floated like great ice floes on liquid materials of a density of 3.7 or more. This great rupture gave the earth's surface its chief irregularities, with a mean difference of three miles between the levels of the continental plateaus and the ocean beds, and as the water condensed in the cooling depressions, with the Pacific where most of the moon had been, the dry land was formed that has made human life possible. We may consider that without this change the earth would be now in the condition of Venus, with water over its whole surface.

The Oldest Forename.

In ancient times people had one name only, as Adam or David, and in order to distinguish persons of the same name it was the custom to affix the description "son of" Isaac or Joseph, as the case might be. Thus we get Solomon ben David among the Hebrews and Evan ap Richard among the Welsh, to quote two examples. Although the argument that those names were not strictly "forenames" is not without weight, yet it is responsible to accept them as such, seeing that the application had to be supplemented by another for the sake of distinction. We are therefore entitled to include them within the scope of the question. Adam and other early Biblical names are regarded as the oldest for obvious reasons; but, excluding these, the choice falls upon Marmaduke, which is the modern rendering of the ancient Chaldean Merlidug, also written Marduk and Merodach, the god who interceded constantly between the angry Ea and the humble Damkina, his father and mother. The Romans used both forenames and family names, and of the former two that date back about 2,500 years are still with us—namely, Marcus and Lucius, represented in modern tongues by Mark and the feminine Lucy. The old form Marcus is still retained in some families.

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A BIG SUIT COMMENCED

Action Brought in District Court Against the Langseth Heirs.

Contention Is Whether Partner or Administrator Should Wind up the Affairs.

A suit was started in the district court of Red Lake county last week by Anton Langseth against T. P. Hamre, as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased. The suit is for $23,000, the amount paid by the Langseth Mercantile company for the business of Langseth Bros. and for $5,000, the amount collected on accounts due the old firm. The contention of Anton Langseth is that as surviving partner of his brother, Hans Langseth, he should have control of the estate and should wind up the affairs of the business. The contention of the defence, it is understood, will be that there was no partnership agreement, but that Anton Langseth was simply working under a contract for his brother. While the suit is for a large sum—$23,000.00—the amount is of course not claimed by Anton Langseth as being his own, but as being the property of Langseth Bros. in which concern he claims an interest, and by right of the law of partnership he claims the right of controlling the amount and winding up the affairs of the business.

Four years before the death of Hans Langseth, a contract or agreement was entered into between Hans Langseth and Anton Langseth whereby the two were to be associated in the general mercantile business together, for a period of five years, the former furnishing all of the capital and the latter to give his services and receive, as pay, one-third of the profits of the business. At the death of Hans Langseth, and upon the request of his heirs, Mrs. Hans Langseth and children, T. P. Hamre was appointed the administrator, and since that time has conducted the affairs of the estate.

As we understand it, there is no dispute as to the amount due Anton Langseth under the terms of the agreement or contract under which he was associated in business with his brother, the contention being entirely as to whether he should wind up the affairs of the business or T. P. Hamre, who has been appointed the administrator.

The Langseth Mercantile company is in no way involved in the suit, nor is T. P. Hamre personally. The suit is in fact one against the heirs of the late Hans Langseth—Mrs. Langseth and the minor children. Concerning the suit, Mr Hamre, the administrator, makes the following statement:

WHO ARE THE DEFENDANTS?

"In a certain news item that appeared in the Press last week in regard to certain suits started in the district court against the Langseth Mercantile company and T. P. Hamre as administrator of the estate of Hans Langseth, deceased, defendants, by Anton Langseth, plaintiff, I will here state a few facts that has come to my knowledge relating to the above entitled actions. On January 9th, 1906, Mr. Hans Langseth died intestate leaving as sole heirs a widow and four small children, the oldest being less than 7 years of age. On February 27th, 1906, Mr. T. P. Hamre, a brother of the widow, was duly appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of said Hans Langseth.

On April 1st, 1902, it appears that Hans Langseth and Anton Langseth entered into articles of co-partnership, to become partners in conducting a general merchandise business. The terms of *said partnership were substantially* as follows; Said partnership to continue for a period of five years if not otherwise terminated. Each to put into the said business such moneys or sums of money as each would agree with each other from time to time. The profits and losses caused from said business were to be divided as follows: Hans Langseth to have two-thirds of all net gains and Anton Langseth to have one-third of all gains. Each were to stand all losses in said business from bad debts or otherwise in a like proportion.

"It appears from the books of account kept by said firm that Anton Langseth never at any time put into or invested a single dollar in the above mentioned business or co-partnership, but has converted and did convert to his own personal use, goods and money out of the above mentioned business to the amount of, $4,959 52 in the same period of a little less than four years. Furthermore, Mr. Anton Langseth, the plaintiff of the above mentioned action, has at no time filed any claim of any nature against said estate in probate court.

"I regret that the plaintiff in the above entitled action should have allowed himself to be led by a probable misconception of what is morally right and wrong and possibly by malicious counsel and an incompetent legal advisor, to proceed against the widow and the little orphans of the deceased Hans Langseth, who are the actual defendants."

Worth Trying.

It is said, tho not generally known that the family which possesses a cream separator need never be without nice soft water. By running hard water through your seperator, that which comes out the cream spout will be found to be soft. The hard or hevier substance in the water will be thrown to the center, and can be separated as easily as the cream from the milk. The only reason rain water is soft is because the processes of evaporation leaves the hevier or mineral substance on the earth. Just try this experiment.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

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TOURNAMENT JUNE, 16--19.

Firemen To Meet in This City Next June From 16th to 19th.

Executive Committee Met in Crookston Last Week and Set the Date.

The committee which has charge of setting the dates for the annual convention of the Northwestern Minnesota Firemen's Association, gathered in Crookston last week from the various valley towns and they decided to hold the big tournament on June 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th. The place for the tournament this year will be Thief River Falls and one of the biggest meetings in the history of the northern part of the state is expected.

The following were in attendance: President; C. C. Jackson, from Thief River Falls, Ira Richardson and Emil Zeh, from Thief River Falls, G. Converse from Red Lake Falls; Chief Bang from Ada; Chas. Moore from Hallock; R. B. Taralseth and A. A. Ecklund from Warren. Thos. Johnstone represented Crookston. The committee transacted routine business, made several plans for entertainment, etc, and made one change in the rules which will govern the tournament this year. The change is, that in the ladder climbing contest, all contestants must touch every round of the ladder. This is to prevent a contestant starting to climb before the ladder is placed.

Sandridge Creamery.

The following is the statement of the Sandridge creamery for the month of January, 1908:

Amount of cream received	11,431 lbs.
Average test,	27.26
Amount of butterfat,	3,128 34
Average price paid.	29.37
RECEIPTS.	
Balance from December,	$8 29
Transfered from building fund,	4.46
Received from butter sold,	1,139.12
" from C. B. & Q. R. R. Co.	15.61
" butter contest,	3.86
Total,	$1,171.34
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons,	$918.92
" expense account,	147.07
Balance,	105.35
Total,	$1,171.34

John A. Sorum,
Secretary.

Will Be a Success.

Wm. Lauretzon, of Plummer, was in the city the first the week attending to business matters. Mr. Lauretzon is looked upon as being one of the best butter makers in this section of Minnesota, and made the product of the Plummer creamery famous in the eastern markets. He has accepted a position with the new creamery association organized at Highlanding, and commences his duties the 1st of March. Mr. Lauretzon says, that the Highlanding creamery will be one of the best equipped in this section and the only thing that remains to make it a decidedly successful institution is the amount of cream the farmers bring in. As there are a number of cows up in that section he anticipates no trouble.

Will Commence Work Soon.

President, S. O. Thorstad, Wm. Moeller and others interested in the newly organized Farmers' Mutual Telephone company, were in Thief River Falls Monday making arrangements for the commencement of work on the line in the near future. It is the intention of the company to build twenty miles of line this year and work is to be commenced as soon as the frost goes out of the ground. Shares of stock are selling at $25 and a large number have subscribed at present and more are expected to come into the company in the near future. The line is to be built this year and will be in the towns of Sanders and Rocksbury and connections with both St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls will be made.

A Pleasing Entertainment.

In a crowded house in the Evenson entertainment Saturday evening, the Mohr McMillan Entertainers gave a very pleasing entertainment. The show was a clean one in every way, and each member of the company came up to the expectation of the audience. Little Corinne Fleming in her national dances and songs of the day did exceptionally well and was very heartily applauded by the large audience. Should this company ever again visit Thief River Falls it would be greeted by a large audience.

Subscribe for the News.

SUMMER SCHOOLS.

Thief River Falls to Have a Four Weeks Summer School.

List of Other Cities In This Section Favored With Schools.

Appointments of teachers for the summer schools to be held thruout the state in the coming season have been announced by J. W. Olsen, state superintendent of public instruction. The plans for this year provide for only twenty-nine county schools, while last *year there were thirty-seven*; but the number of long-term schools has been increased to such an extent that the number of weeks of tuition provided this summer will be about the same as last year.

The following is the list of summer schools to be held in Northern Minnesota together with the instructors:

Thief River Falls (four weeks)—P. J. Butler, Argyle; W. G. Shirer, Buffalo; Mary Gardner, Duluth.

Bemidji (six weeks)—J. H. Hay, Thief River Falls; Belle Richards, Duluth; John E. Palmer, Clinton; Emogene Lodtra, Duluth.

Bagley (four weeks)—George E. Keenan, Warren; Maria Lynch, Minneapolis; Edith Burgess, Coleraine.

Roseau (four weeks)—C. S. Yeager, Fosston; E. B. Bothe, Hallock; Lillian McGibbon, Alexandria.

Hallock (four weeks)—E. T. Carroll, Wadena; R. C. Burnett, East Grand Forks; Nellie D. Erickson, Fergus Falls.

Warren (four weeks)—D. A. Freeman, Grand Rapids; Rena Bruce, Duluth; J. B. Bengtson, Evansville; Maude M. Atkins, Minneapolis.

The school at Thief River Falls will commence on the 6th day of July.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Feb. 22, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Karen
Clausen, Dan
Christianson, Ruth
Cleffgaard, J. T.
Dahlstrom, Arthur
Deneson, Karolina
Dean, Hugh
Eaton, John
Evenson, Semor
Hiogl, Mary
Martz, C. H.
Morris, Owen
Olson, Elmer
Tangness, John

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

COMMITS SUICIDE.

Son of Rev. Layfette Dodds Commits Suicide at His Father's Home.

The many friends of Rev. Layfette Dodds, who was at one time presiding elder over this district for the Methodist church, will be pained to learn of the suicide of his son, Harry Dodds.

The young man had been working in the yards of the Dower Lumber company at Verndale for a number of months and a few weeks ago was sent to Wadena; where he was assisting the book-keeper. The work seemed to be too much for him and on Wednesday evening of last week he left the town and for a couple of days could not be located. He turned up in Detroit and visited at the Bert Chadner home. His father went to Detroit and brought him home to Staples.

He did not seem to know where he had been but it was afterward learned that he had been at Fargo and had gone to Valley City.

While his dementia was apparently of a few days duration, it is probable that it dates back to a few years ago.

In the fall of 1905, while alone at the home of his brother Jesse in Minneapolis, burglars entered the house and he grappled with them in the dark and was shot at twice, one bullet entering his breast, and it is believed that the shock he received at that time had some effect on his nervous system that was not apparent, but it had left him in a condition that he could not withstand the strain of work and worry.

His act has been a great shock to his relatives, especially to his father.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed. O. Holm.

Nine New Families.

Reports from Strandquist, north of here on the Soo line, are to the effect that C. M. Carlson, the enterprising real estate dealer up there, is doing all kinds of business, and as a result of his efforts nine new families are coming from Iowa the 1st of March and will settle on farms in the vicinity of Strandquist. Mr. Carlson may not be doing as big a real estate business as some of the other land dealers, but he is bringing in actual settlers and that is what this country is badly in need of.

May Be a Candidate.

P. A. Eckstrom, of Wylie, was in the city last Friday attending to some business matters. Mr. Eckstrom has been mentioned as a suitable candidate for county treasurer in Red Lake county this fall, and he may decide to get into the race. He is well qualified to hold this office—or any other within the gift of the people of Red Lake county—and the News *would be much pleased to see* him thus honored.

MET FATE OF A HERO.

Benjamin Steenerson Died Trying to Save the Life of a Comrade.

It Is Thought Probably That the Body Will Be Recovered.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Representatives Steenerson and Volstad have returned from Newport, R. I., where they went to investigate the death of Benjamin G. Steenerson of the marine corps, son of the congressman.

"I attended the meetings of the naval board of inquiry, and am satisfied that my son met his death trying to save his comrade," said Mr. Steenerson. "All evidence showed that he was anxious to save McIntosh and that he jumped overboard with the impression that he saw the body of his fellow marine in the water. There was no evidence showing that he committed suicide, because after he had been in the water a few minutes he cried for help, and a buoy was thrown overboard toward him. The current carried the buoy away from him, however, and the tug was unable to get near him and, after struggling in the water for a short time, his strength gave out and he was drowned. Neither was there any evidence that my son had been in a fight. On the contrary, he tried to seperate two men who were fighting.

"Everybody at the marine barracks spoke of my son in the highest terms.

Every man in the marine crops detachment wanted to help in the search for the body, and they were only restrained by orders from officers of the detachment. My son was detailed as clerk to the quartermaster, who told me that he was the most popular man at the post.

"Those who are familiar with currents in Narragansett bay say that in all probability the body will be recovered."

Germantown.

Lief Jordeshaugen, being the lowest bidder, was awarded the contract for building the school house. Following are the bids received:

P. Jortland $975.
F. S. Doege & Co. $912.
L. Jordeshaugen $887.

Most of the lumber was hauled up last Saturday and the building is to be completed the latter part of May.

Our neighboring school district to the east had a basket social some time ago and realized some 50 dollars.

Ole Holmen of Cloverleaf township visited with Germantown friends on Sunday.

Will Jones is back from the woods up near Warroad where he has been working this winter.

We note with concern the project of an air line running north and east out of Thief River Falls. We have for years been building air lines—of the air castle variety; but we are of the opinion that the one now proposed bids fair to become a reality and most earnestly hope it will.

Goes to Spooner.

Dr. S. H. Corrigan, of Newfolden Minn., has been surveying Spooner with a view of opening up a hospital. He received sufficient encouragement to warrent the venture and will in consequence establish himself here during the next 2 or 3 weeks, having made arrangements for a building with Mr. Bang, for present occupation. Mr. Bang will commence operations on building at once to permit of the opening of the hospital without delay.—Spooner News.

DEMAND FOR TIES LIGHT.

Northern Minnesota Tie Camps Are Forced to Close.

Railroads Withholding Orders Hoping for Lower Prices.

Northwestern railroads are not buying any ties just now. They are taking them only where contracts calling for their delivery are in existence. Where there are such contracts, they were made early in the season, before the financial stringency brought *gloom to* the railroads.

Purchasing agents say they are not buying because limited construction operations the coming summer will result in a very light demand for ties. Tie dealers, however, express the opinion that, while the roads will need a good many more ties than they have ordered, they are holding off in making any more purchases in the hope and expectation that prices will be forced to a much lower figure than at present.

The net result of the fact that practically no ties are being bought will be a closing of scores of small camps through Northern Minnesota, and the dumping of hundreds of men on the local labor market.

Small operators being unable to dispose of their cut, are preparing to close their camps for the season, and it is understood that a number of them will go out of business next week. Several already have closed, and the men who have been working in them are drifting to town on every train. Most of the men who have been getting out ties have a much larger supply on hand now than they see any market for, and therefore they do not feel justified in continuing operations, for fear that an oversupply will result in a financial loss to them.

While railroad building operations probably will not be so extensive the coming season as they were last, it is still believed that the roads are really planning on more work in this direction than they are willing to admit, and that when operations begin in the spring, there will be an active demand for ties, for the roads will be forced into buying, unless prices get to a figure which they consider satisfactory before that time. Dealers claim that purchasing agents of the different lines got together last fall, during the financial stringency, and when wages in the woods were being cut, and agreed not to buy any ties until there was a drop in prices. They thought it is claimed, that by standing together and holding off in placing their orders, the cutters would become alarmed for fear the supply would be larger than the demand, and would offer the product at a lower figure. Whether the plan in this respect will work out remains to be seen.

TO PUSH WORK

Newly Incorporated Railroad Company Appoints Important Committees

A meeting of the newly incorporated company which propose to build a railroad into the country northeast of Thief River Falls, was held Monday evening. Matters of interest to the company were discussed and it was the understanding of the stockholders that work of building the new line be commenced at an early date.

A committee to have charge of selecting a right-of-way was appointed as follows: D. P. O'Neill, Olaf Ramstad C. M. Evenson and Math Barzen.

A commitee to select a suitable water power on the Red Lake River was appointed as follows: Milton Forder, L. M. Hoag and Robert McGinn.

M. Bothun Sells Out.

Theo. Dock and Vic. Nelson, of Hawley, this week closed a deal for the purchase of the pure food grocery store from M. Bothun. The new proprietors propose to run a thoroughly up-to-date and modern grocery store and they have had years of experience in this line. They came to the city highly recomended and no doubt will do a large and faithful business.

Site Selected.

Members of The Highlanding Creamery Association met at the Highlanding school house last Saturday and adopted their by-laws and located the creamery site permanently. There was some little difference of opinion about the location of the site, but each side gave in one rod, and Ole Overum gave two rods of land, which settled the question satisfactory to all.—Sunbeam.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 02
Barley	50c
Eggs	20c
Butter	25c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 24.—Wheat—May, $1.03¾; July, $1.03⅛@1.03¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.08½; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅛; No. 2 Northern, 1.03⅛@1.04; No. 3 Northern, 99c@$1.02.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 24.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.03¼; May, $1.03¼; July, $1.03¾. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14½; May, $1.15; July, $1.16¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 24.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75@5.50; fair to good, $4.00@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.25; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$3.90@4.20. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.15; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@6.00; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.00; Texans, $3.70@4.75; calves, $5.50@7.25; Western cattle, $4.00@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.90. Hogs—Light, $4.05@4.30; mixed, $4.05@4.30; heavy, $4.05@4.35; rough, $4.05@4.15; pigs, $3.50@4.15. Sheep, $3.25@5.60; yearlings, $5.50@6.30; lambs, $5.00@6.90.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Wheat—May, 94¾c; July, 89⅝@89½c; Sept., 86¾c. Corn—May, 60¼c; July, 58¾c; Sept., 57⅝c. Oats—May, old, 52¼@52⅜c; May, 49⅞@50c; July, old, 44⅛@44¾c; July, 42⅞c; Sept., 36⅞c. Pork—May, $11.30; July, $11.67½@11.70. Butter—Creameries, 21@32c; dairies, 20@28c. Eggs—17½@18½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens, 12c; springs, 12½c.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Seed oats and seed flax for sale at the Red Lake Falls elevator.

County Supt. Mc Anulty was in the city the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Attorney Michelet, was down to Minneapolis to visit his parents Sunday.

Misses Irene and Mary Caldwell were up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

For Sale—Good second hand piano or will trade for cows. See Hager the Land man.

H. G. Dobner went down to Minneapolis Friday evening, returning Monday morning.

Miss Lakin went to the cities Monday evening to purchase her spring stock of millinery.

Nels Peterson, the Crookston landman, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

James Martin and James Bulman returned to this city last week from their trip to Prince Albert.

Having purchased the Pure Food Grocery Store of M. Bothun, we respectfully invite the public to call and become acquainted with us. It is going to be our aim to conduct a thoroughly modern and up-to-date store and we will handle only the best of goods and sell the same at moderate prices. Hoping to meet one and all we remain, your's for business.

DOCK & NELSON.

There will be an entertainment and box social in school district No. 106, March 6. Everybody cordially invited. Abbie Miller, teacher.

Miss Rhoena Goff, who had spent the winter in the city visiting her sister Mrs. P. W. Mabey, left Monday evening for her home in Wisconsin.

Alex O. Rod, manager of the East Side meat market, and Miss Nellie Hoffseth were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents.

A leap year masked ball is to be given in the Evenson Hall on next Friday evening, Feb., 28. Dance tickets are $1, and the management gaurantees a good time for all.

J. B. Myrland, the popular bookkeeper for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, left last Saturday for Belmont, N. D., to spend a few days visiting with his parents.

S. J. Rice, of Sandridge, was in the city last week to meet his wife, who had been confined in the hospital at Warren for five weeks. Mrs. Rice is now getting along nicely.

Walter McAnders was down from Highlanding last week to attend to business matters. He says that the new Highlanding creamery is going to be a success from the start.

The leap year dance given by the young ladies last Friday evening was a great success, and the young ladies were all voted royal entertainers by the young men who attended.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard left Monday morning for Kennedy to attend the funeral of Mrs. Lauritz Melgaard, wife of a brother of T. L. Melgaard who died very suddenly last week.

R. L. Olson, of Sandridge, was in the city the first of the week. He announces that he is going to have an auction sale on March 13th and will offer some exceptional bargains.

Lee E. Healy and Paul Brunelle, two well known young men of Red Lake Falls, have accepted positions with the Alaska Fish and Lumber company and left last week for Shakan, Alaska.

Do not fail to sign the Clute Order Seed List at Creamery. We can obtain more favorable prices on seed by presenting a club order than buying individually. P. Engelstad.

H. A. Skagen, manager of the hardware department of the Lingseth Mercantile company, left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to attend the meeting of the Minnesota state hardware dealers convention.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Dr. G. A. Penney very pleasantly entertained a large number of his gentlemen friends last Thursday evening at his home on the East Side. Norwegian whist was played and Dr. Grundy won the head prize.

Orson Doe, of Red Lake Falls, who last summer clerked in F. J. Stebbins' drug store, passed the examination before the Board of Pharmacy at Fargo last week and has accepted a position in a North Dakota drug store.

—I will rent out my farm in town of March Grove, 160 acres, 50 acres under cultivation, good hay land, three miles from City of New Folden. Write or call, good conditions. Herman Hanson, Thief River Falls, Minn. Box 359.

Farmers build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We can furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

W. A. Chubb, who has been a foreman in the Great Northern's shops at Barnesville the past year and formerly held a similar position with the Soo in Thief River Falls, has resigned his position there. Mr. and Mrs. Chubb have been patients in the Wright hospital in Fergus Falls recently. Mr. Chubb suffering with influenza and Mrs. Chubb recovering from an operation. They have gone to LaCrosse, Wis., to visit relatives for a time and from there they expect to go to California to live.

House for sale or rent, Inquire of O. Tessum feed store.

Frank Zavoral, of Erie, was in the city Tuesday enroute to Red Lake Falls.

J. Lamporter, of Esplee, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute to Crookston.

Mrs. Ben Borneman, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday visiting with friends.

Mrs. J. H. Jacobson left Tuesday for Lake City to spend a few days visiting with friends.

A. C. Hanson went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to attend to business matters.

The united Lutheran church congregation have decided to have their services in Evenson Hall.

Leif Jordeshangen, of Germantown, was in the city last week and favored the News office with a call.

Misses Hilda and Annie Wiberg drove home last Sunday afternoon for a short visit with their parents.

B. M. Wilson went down to the twin cities the first of the week to attend to business matters for a few days.

For Sale;—Three heavy oxen. Inquire of H. R. Leslin, Anton, Minn. twelve miles east of Thief River Falls.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church meets with Mrs. R. Oen today. All are cordially invited.

County Supt. McAnulty wishes to announce that he will be in Thief River Falls on the last Monday of each month.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and young son came up from Crookston last Saturday to visit at the home of Mrs Kretzschmar.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Erickson and Miss Hilda Erickson visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wiberg last Sunday afternoon.

Wayne Richardson, who is now attending the North Dakota State University, spent Sunday in the city with his parents.

E. B. Bakke left last Saturday for North Dakota to again take by his position as traveling salesman on the road for Swift and Co.

Miss Rennie Doyle, of Duluth, arrived in the city Tuesday and is visiting at the home of Mrs. J. J. Crowe. She is enroute to Montana.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter and Mrs J. J. Padden arrived in the city Tuesday from Red Lake Falls, and are visiting at the Kretzschmar home.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Oscar Spoonheim, assistant cashier of the Peoples State bank, was over to Grand Forks the first of the week attending to business matters.

Charles E. Boughton, attorney, statesman, poet, authority on county seat matters, automobiles, dogs, etc., of Red Lake Falls, transacted business in the city Tuesday.

There is to be a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Red Lake Transportation Co., at the Highlanding school house on Saturday, February, 29th, at 2 o'clock, p. m.—Sunbeam.

Herman Ohm went up to the town of Excel yesterday to attend a good old fashioned German wedding—Miss Elsie, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Furstnau to Mr. Basner.

The Ladies Aid society of the swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Paulson, on the east side, Wednesday, March, 4th, at 2 o'clock. All members are requested to be present as this will be the annual meeting.

We handle the very best patent flour on the market, of different brands. Also whole wheat flour, graham, corn meal, oatmeal, etc, Feeds of all kinds, garden and field seed, baled hay, by the bale or carload. You are cordially invited to call. Prices are right. Prompt delivery. Phone, 234. O. Tessum.

The summer school for Beltrami county will be the only six weeks school to be held in Northern Minnesota, and Supt. J. H. Hay, of the Thief River Falls schools, has been named as the instructor to have charge of this school. Mr. Hay is recognized by State Supt. Olson as being one of the ablest instructors in the state.

P. J. O'Connell, of St. Paul, is in the city this week. It is quite likely that Mr. O'Connell will purchase a block of stock in the Pioneer Sash and Door company and become a permanent resident of this city. Mr. O'Connell is an experienced man in lumber business and if he becomes a member of the company will greatly add to the strenght of the company.

It is the matter of common observation that grass does not grow so well close to trees as in the open. The same is true of grains. Experiments in England and in this country have shown that the deleterious efforts of the near neighborhood of grass and trees are mutual. The trees suffer as well as the grass and grain. This is especially true of fruit trees. The cause is ascribed to the excretion by the trees, on the one hand, of substances poisonous to the grass, and by the grass, on the other hand, of substances poisonous to the trees. It thus appears that the failure of grass to grow well near trees should not be ascribed to too much shade, nor to the exhaustion by the tree roots of the food supply needed by the grass.—Exchange.

Rocksbury.

Martin Meehan has been staying out of school for the past week with a slight sickness but is getting better now.

Miss Gustie Satre came up from Red Lake Falls to attend the leap year dance last Friday evening.

Mrs. Henry Pope is on the sick list now and Miss Shrader is helping her with her household duties.

On last Friday evening a large number of Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Hansen's friends and neighbors gave them a pleasant surprise. The evening was spent in playing various games and about midnight supper was served, after which Mr. Pope, in behalf of the neighbors, presented them with a half a dozen silver tea-spoons as a token of remembrance from their many friends. The guests began to depart shortly after midnight, all pronouncing Mr. and Mrs. Hanson royal entertainers.

Quite a number of the folks around here expect to attend the Farmers' Institute next Friday.

A number of the people from the Riverside school attended the debate last Thursday evening held at school No. 73.

Mrs. and Mr. Lorenzo Hanson entertained a large number of their old friends at dinner last Sunday.

Mrs. Peter Ness called on Mrs. A. Miller last Thursday afternoon.

Miss Una Miller is detained at home from her school duties on account of a severe cold in her head.

Miss Emma Satre spent Sunday at her home.

Mrs. Albert Gerke is visiting with her parents, out on the reservation.

David and Hannah Gustafson spent Sunday evening with their friend Emma Satre.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gustafson attended church in Thief River Falls Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Meehan spent Sunday at her home.

John Orrison was out to stay over night Thursday evening with his schoolmate Clinton Miller.

The debate held in the school house No. 73 last Thursday evening, was well attended. The subject for discussion next Thursday evening is, "Resolved" that the world is getting better.

Last Friday evening Miss Clara Satre, Miss Legvold and Mr. Martin Benson drove out from town to attend the party at Mr. Lorenzo Hansen.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The Bijou for last evening and to-night has been an exceptionally strong program. Miss Elsa sang beautifully the latest hit from the House of Harris, "There's Another Picture in My Mamma's Frame." This song is beautifully illustrated. Friday she will sing, "Comrade Mine," by A. Gillispie.

Everybody was interested in the beautifully tinted fairy Phantasy, "Bluebeard and His Wives."

The last scene is symbolic of the triumph of the brothers, both of them and their sister appearing mid much dancing. Coloring is fine. The rest of the program is full of laughable hits. "The Electric Battery," "The Bomb," and "The Crazy Quilt." Each better than the other.

Entire change of program Friday.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Ralph Douglas, Reporter.

Evelyn and Estelle Grindeland and Edna Matson of Warren paid the High School a visit Monday.

Martin Meehan is back at school after an absence of several days.

The Second year German books have at last arrived and the class is now studying Wilhelm Tell.

The High School pupils were greatly favored last Friday morning by a visit by Mr. Lars Backe and Mr. D. P. O'Neill, two members of the school board.

Mr. Backe gave us a few very welcome words. Then Mr. O'Neill gave us a talk that every body enjoyed and we were only sorry to have him stop. We will always be glad to see Mr. Backe and Mr. O'Neill and hope Mr. O'Neill will favor us many more times with his interesting talks.

All of William McNalley's class mates are sorry to hear that he is confined to his home by illness.

Marie Gilbertson and Avis Akre were absent from the junior class yesterday on account of sickness.

State examinations will be held on March 16th and 17th.

Supt Hay will be conductor of a six week summer school at Bemidji. Four instructors will assist him there. Supt. Butler of Argyle will conduct a four weeks' school here.

Notice.

Fresh milk at 5 cents per quart sold at Bloom's meat market every morning, Commencing on Monday morning, March 2.

Morning services in Evenson Hall next Sunday morning at 10:30. All are invited to attend. Olaf M. Vaagenstren Pastor.

My sale continues on dress goods, underwear, and overshoes. All other goods as cheap as the cheapest.

J. H. JACOBSON,
North Main Ave.

Every farmer in the vicinity of Thief River Falls should be in town Friday, Feb. 28th, to attend the meeting of the Minnesota State Farmers' Institute. There will be two sessions, one commencing promptly at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and one at 1:30 in the afternoon. Prominent speakers will be present.

Farmers to Be Entertained.

The farmers and their families who are in Thief River Falls tomorrow to attend the farmer's institute are to be well entertained. Tickets for dinner, good at any hotel or restaurant in the city, are to be given to the farmers at noon with the compliments of the Thief River Falls commercial club. Promptly at 1 o'clock a special performance will be given at the Bijou which will be free to all the farmers and members of their family.

The Spanish Royal Standard.

The Spanish royal standard is most complicated. The red and yellow of the Spanish flag is said to be derived from this occurrence: In 1378 Charles the Bold dipped his fingers in the blood of Geoffrey, count of Barcelona, and drew them down the count's golden shield in token of his appreciation of the latter's bravery. The shield, so marked, became the arms of Barcelona, which became part of Aragon and its arms were taken by that kingdom. Now to the royal standard: In the first quarter or upper left hand part of the flag are the arms of Leon and Castile, the lion and the castle. The second quarter is taken up one-half by the arms of Aragon, one-half by the arms of Sicily. The upper third of the third quarter—directly under the first—shows the Austrian colors. The lower two-thirds is divided between the flag of Burgundy and the black lion of Flanders. The upper third of the fourth quarter shows the checkers, another Burgundian device, while the lower two-thirds is taken by the red eagle of Antwerp and the golden lion of Brabant, and on the top of all this are two shields, one showing the Portuguese arms, the other the French fleur-de-lis. Considerable of a flag that.

Good Cause For Tears.

A certain mediaeval sultan had all the mirrors removed from his palace, so that he might avoid the pain of seeing his own face. This sultan called on his grand vizier one day and by accident happened to catch sight of his reflection. His hideousness overpowered him, and he broke into violent sobbing. In this outburst the vizier joined. Finally the sultan calmed down, wiped his eyes and got ready to smoke and talk. But not so the vizier. He sobbed on and on. His master, tapping his slipper impatiently on the cushions, waited for him to cease. At length the sultan got angry and exclaimed:

"Why do you weep longer than I, vizier?"

"Alas," the grand vizier replied, "you wept, O commander of the faithful, because you saw your face but for an instant, but I see it all day and every day."

Subscribe for the News.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Feb. 14, 1908.
Date of Call by Supt., Feb. 21, 1908.
Date of Report by Bank, Feb. 28, 1908.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$60,653 27
Overdrafts		290 97
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,291 78
Other real Estate		800 00
Due from banks	10,022 31	
Checks and Cash items	454.51	
Cash on Hand, items below	3,460 55	
Currency	1,445	
Gold	390	
Silver	1 521 35	
Other	104.20	
Total Cash Assets	14,607.42	14,607.42
Total		83,653.44
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$30,000
Undivided Profits		1,678 96
Bills Payable		1,500
Deposits subject to check	27,093.53	
Cashier's Checks	1,323.61	
Total Immediate Liabilities	28,417.14	
Time Certificates	22,060.34	
Total deposits	50,477.48	50,477.48
Total		83,656.44

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss I, T. P. Hamre, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. T. P. Hamre, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of February 1908. Henard Docken, Notary Public. [SEAL]

My commission expires June, 1st, 1911.

Attest: (Two) O. Tessum,
Directors. Lars Backe

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on Feb. 14, 1908.
Date of Call by Supt. Feb. 21 1908.
Date of Report by Bank, Feb. 26, 1908.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$101,628 73
Overdrafts		1,311 84
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800 00
Other real estate		3,652 36
Due from banks	23,111 01	
Checks and Cash items	1,961 68	
Cash on Hand, items below	21,302 46	
Currency	17,648	
Gold	1,866	
Silver	1,561 25	
Other	288 73	
Total Cash Assets	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		151,782 62
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		[illegible]
Surplus fund		[illegible]
Undivided profits, net		1,261 87
Deposits subject to check	67,455 43	
Demand certificates	6,125 54	
Cashier's Checks	25	
Due to Banks	[illegible]	
Total Immediate Liabilities	[illegible]	
Time certificates	[illegible]	
Total deposits	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss I, H. G. [illegible], cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. G. [illegible] Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of February 1908 [illegible] Notary Public. My commission expires May 11th, 1914.

Attest: (Two) [illegible]
Directors. P. W. Mabey.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

OUR PATRIOTIC SONGS

We Are Not as Familiar With Them as We Should Be.

FEW OF US KNOW THE WORDS

How Many Americans, For Instance, Can Recite "The Star Spangled Banner" or "My Country, 'Tis of Thee?" "Dixie" and "Maryland, My Maryland."

Proud as they are of their nation, it is a strange fact that Americans are not so familiar with their country's patriotic airs as are the people of the foreign lands.

Even when they are stirred to the point of singing by bands they find it hard to recollect the words. And it is doubtful whether many are aware of the bits of history attached to some of the land's patriotic airs.

Take "The Star Spangled Banner," for instance. How much can you sing of that song? Yet, if any can be called the national anthem, this is the one. Of course it is unfair to ourselves to say that we cannot sing it, but it must be admitted that we don't know it as generally as we should.

Its author, Francis Scott Key, now lies in a cemetery at Frederick, Md., where an American flag is always waving over his grave. Key wrote the song after an experience he had while a prisoner aboard a British war vessel. While he was aboard the boat Fort McHenry, the sole protection of Baltimore, was bombarded, and the song tells of his satisfaction at finding the flag of his country still waving upon the dawn of the succeeding morning.

It is a hymn which all Americans can join in singing, because it breathes the spirit of the whole land and has not one suggestion of sectionalism in it.

Next as a national song comes "America," sometimes known as "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." Objection is frequently raised against this because the tune was not original. It is the property of the British empire as much as it is of the United States, and when it is heard from afar one cannot tell whether the band wants to feel the inspiration that is in the words of "America" or in "God Save the King."

The words of the song "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," were written by Samuel Francis Smith. The song was first sung at a Sunday school celebration of the Fourth of July at the Park Street church in Boston. It is an interesting fact that one of the little boys who helped to sing "America" for the first time is now the chaplain of the United States senate, the venerable and reverend Edward Everett Hale.

Then we have "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," which has something like an echo of "Britannia, the Pride of the Ocean." The tune of "Yankee Doodle" is a good one, and we all like to whistle or hum it, but the words unfortunately are not very good and, furthermore, it has been said did not mean a great deal at the time they were written. At any rate, it has not the solemn grandeur that "The Star Spangled Banner" holds.

The origin of "Yankee Doodle" is shrouded in the mystery of a score of conflicting tales. It is generally agreed, however, that the tune came from England, and the words were invented by the British soldiers to be sung in derision of the raw American troops who joined them at the camp on the Hudson below Albany in 1755 during the French and Indian war. Twenty years later the rebellious patriots played "Yankee Doodle" at the battle of Lexington, and it became the first national song of the United States.

Philadelphia has considerable interest in "Hail Columbia." It was written by Joseph Hopkinson of this city, although the air was one composed by a German who was conducting an orchestra in New York. Hopkinson wrote the words at the time when war was threatened with France in 1798, and for a long while it was the most popular of our patriotic songs.

As for sectional songs, there are some which have mighty good tunes, a case in point being "Dixie." Although this was the battle hymn of the Confederacy, Lincoln enjoyed it immensely and on the day of his assassination asked a band to play it for him.

"Dixie," however, was written long before the civil war and was not intended for the use of the Confederates. It was written in 1859 by Daniel D. Emmett, who was singing with Bryant's minstrels in New York. Bryant's show was dragging, and as failure seemed imminent he asked Emmett to write a negro "walk around" which would stir up some enthusiasm. "Dixie" was the result.

Its adaptation nearly two years later as the war song of the south was an accident. Mrs. John Wood was appearing at the New Orleans Varieties theater in "Pocahontas." On account of the rising tide of war a zouave drill was introduced into the show. The orchestra leader tried over several airs for the march and finally hit upon "Dixie." The war cloud burst the next week, and from New Orleans "Dixie" spread all over the south. At the north Fanny J. Crosby, the hymn writer, wrote a song for "Dixie" which was strongly Union in sentiment, but the other side had pre-empted the air.

Then it was that the north took up "John Brown's Body," which was first put on by a Boston company, and later Mrs. Julia Ward Howe wrote to the tune "The Battle Hymn of the Republic."

Another popular southern air is really an old German one. It had been used in America for many years as a vehicle for the old college song "Lauriger Horatius," but it is now universally associated with "Maryland, My Maryland."

This song was considered by James Russell Lowell to be the best poem produced by the civil war, and Mr. Lowell could not have been partial to its sentiments. It was written by James Ryder Randall, a Marylander. At the outbreak of hostilities Mr. Randall was teaching in a small college in Louisiana. When he heard the news of the riots in the streets of Baltimore in April, 1861, he was fired by the intelligence and angry because his native state did not forsake the Union. Under these circumstances he wrote the poem. It was first published in the New Orleans Delta and copied in all the southern papers and, of course, became very popular among Maryland secessionists. One of these, Miss Jennie Cary, suggested adapting it to the air of the familiar college song. Miss Cary was in Virginia just after the first battle of Bull Run. She and a party of friends were serenaded at Fairfax Court House by the Washington Light artillery of New Orleans. Miss Cary responded by singing "Maryland, My Maryland."—Philadelphia Press.

RESTAURANT TIPS.

The Much Vexed Question From the Waiter's Point of View.

"I know by the way you nod your head you think it's pretty hard on the public. Suppose every waiter here got a regular salary, with no chance for extras. Do you suppose he'd be jumping hurdles for a lot of fussy people, all kicking about better things than they get at home? Do you think he'd present the glad smile to those he'd like to choke, break his neck making everybody comfortable and then listen to their hard luck stories or more painful jokes? No, sir; he'd serve the stuff just as he got it from the kitchen. He wouldn't go back and fight for tidbits and extra hot food. He'd be in no hurry to serve any one and pile up work for himself. The customer would wait because the waiter wouldn't, and probably he'd never come back, and that's where the owner would lose."

"It must take great ingenuity to make the system pay," I mused.

"It does," said Joseph. "The stupid waiter starves. Do you know that in order to hold good waiters the cheap hash slinging joints have to pay higher wages than the swell restaurants? There's not the opportunity for tips in the cheap places, and the waiter must follow opportunity like a bird of prey. He simply has to be clever enough to get tips, and he has no social standing to make him bashful. There are two methods—one is to get them spontaneously, the other to force them out. Most people tip only because they're ashamed not to. I make out better with the first method, especially in a place like this, where most of our patrons are regulars. It isn't the regular who does the complaining. He knows and saves the exertion.

"With strangers it's a gamble. It may be a little party, and the things they order gladden your heart with anticipation. You try to be a gentleman with the service, and then at the finish you get nothing—or maybe a dime. You can't complain; you'd be discharged. But there are ways. You can't blame a waiter who is bunkoed if he administers a rebuke in a dignified way, such as, 'Ah, sir, you've forgotten a dime of your change,' or he can call his helper and without a word point to the coin for him to remove."—Robert Sloss in Harper's Weekly.

They Were Good Eaters.

One day Dr. Norman McLeod, who was a large and healthy man, and one of his burly elders went to pay a visit to a certain Mrs. MacLaren of the congregation who lived over the Scotch hills. She was a frugal woman, but since she knew that a call from these two meant that they would stay to supper, too, she determined that they should have the best in the house. So she piled the table with jellies and jam and preserves and shortbread and all the delicacies of the season, and, the journey having been long, they partook unsparingly, and after the meal the elder said to her:

"Mrs. MacLaren, were you at the kirk Sunday?"

"Oh, aye," she said, "I was."

"And what did you think of the treatment of the miracle?" The sermon had been on the loaves and fishes.

"I thought it was good," said Mrs. MacLaren.

"And what is your idea on the subject, Mrs. MacLaren?" persisted the minister.

"Losh," said their hostess suddenly, "I'm thinkin' that if you and the elder had bin in the congregation there wadna ha twelve baskets of fragments for the disciples to gather up!"

The End Came Another Way.

A distinguished actor was one time engaged at one of our leading provincial theaters in a drama in which he attempts an escape from a convict prison, first by getting rid of his fetters by means of a file and lastly by getting over the prison wall. In the act of doing this he is shot at by a warder and killed.

One particular night the drama had run its usual course up to the point where the [illegible] attempts the escape over the prison wall. The warder, as usual, presented his rifle, but instead of a [illegible] report nothing but a [illegible] [illegible] was heard. The rifle was [illegible] and after a [illegible] delay again [illegible], but with the same disappointing result.

The audience now began to hiss and jeer. The [illegible] actor then got over the prison wall and staggering toward the footlights exclaimed: "I've swallowed the file!" and fell [illegible] on the stage amid the laughter and applause of the audience.—Pearson's

AUCTION SALE!

FRIDAY, March 6, 1908.

Commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, at the Gronvold farm, section 26, town of Holt, two miles north and one mile east of Sandridge Station, I will offer for sale:

One "Champion" binder, six foot cut.
" "Monitor" double disk drill 16 disks.
" Three horse steel drag, LaCrosse make.
One disk, Emerson make.
" Mower, Jones make.
" McCormick hay rake, 10 ft.
" Gang plow, Defiance make.
" John Deere 16 inch sulky plow, with prairie braker attachment. This plow is both a stubble and braking plow.
One John Deere 14 inch walking plow.
" Cultivator, one horse.
" Platform scale, can weigh 1,550 lbs.
" Faning mill, extra large size, complete with all kinds of sieves.
One Lumber wagon, complete with double box.
One buggy, with pole and shafts.
" Pair of bob sleighs, new.
" Hay rack and about 40 grain sacks.
" Two horse cultivator, complete.
" Incubator and brooder.
Two sets of working harnesses.
One Grind Stone and one sickle grinder.
" Wheel barrow and forks, spades and crowbars.
About 40 chickens. Household goods.
Four Cows with calf.
One bull, two years old next spring.
" well bred stallion, color gray, fine sire.
Two grey horses, sound, weighing about 1400 lbs. each, and in good condition.
One grey mare with foal, weight about 1100 lbs.
One bay horse, weight about 1100 lbs.
" Black colt, one year old next spring.
The above described horses are sound, true and in good condition. The cows and bull are of some very good bread.
Also one large stock pump, complete with tubings for about 40 ft. well.

A FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper due November 1, 1908.

ANDREW THORESON,
OWNER.

C. M. EVENSON,
AUCTIONEER.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

There are in this little world of ours many very nice people who don't amount to a continental. They are so afraid of doing the wrong thing that they never do anything at all. Better a dunderhead that does things.—Bede's Budget.

From the manner in which farmers from the southern part of the state are heading for Northern Minnesota and the way the newcomers are certain to arrive from Illinois, Iowa and other states the coming spring, is it not about time for the people who are here, to realize that this is about the most prosperous section of the entire United States? We should not be the last to get next to this fact.—Crookston Journal.

Warren Sheaf—We in the west where food is produced in abundance and where the larder in every farm house is filled clear to the ceiling with good things to eat can hardly realize the conditions that exist in many of the industrial centers in the eastern states. In the Kensington mill district of Philadelphia, Pa., there are 50,000 men, women and children needing relief at this very time. Why so many people prefer going hungry in the overcrowded centers of population, to living on a farm where they can always have plenty to eat and wear, with pure air and freedom thrown in is more than we can understand.

We read a great deal about poor wheat crops in parts of Western Canada last year and how the farmers are up against it in hard shape. It is said that seed grain will have to be furnished by the Canadian government. All this is very discouraging for the poor settlers and is apt to discourage many a homeseeker. Wheat raising is not the thing alone for the farmer to bank on. Seed grain has been furnished by this state several times to wheat growers in the great and rich valley of the Red, and it is apt to happen again if Red River farmers keep on banking on wheat. No one should discourage a man from seeking a farm home and no one is justified in decrying the opportunities offered the homeseeker by the Canadian government.—Roseau Times.

THIS IS SIMPLE.

The Minneapolis Daily News says: A private citizen of New York—one J. Pierpont Morgan by name—gives a dinner party to some seventy odd gentlemen. They eat, drink and smoke late, enjoying the choicest that money can provide.

When the company emerges from the banquet chamber, Mr. Morgan, as their spokesman, announces that the eighty odd millions of people composing this republic shall, for the ensuing year, pay the now current prices for steel.

It's as easy as drawing a cork or paring an apple.

No one can make steel without iron ore or coal. Providence made these minerals in plenty and deposited them in the body of the earth, presumably as a free gift to all.

But Morgan et al. have acquired possession of the hills and valleys and plains containing these deposits as absolutely as if the Great Maker had handed them over, saying: "With the compliments of God Almighty.

And so Mr. Morgan and his friends, having possession of practically all the accessible materials required for the making of steel, who else can have anything to say about it; especially as the tariff prevents outside competition?

When Morgan and his friends at dinner say the price of steel shall go up, the price goes; when they say down, down the price goes; when they say stationary, stationary, the price remains.

It is all as simple as A. B. C.

JUSTICE IS TOO BLIND.

Four years ago the excursion steamer General Slocum, was burned in the East River, New York, and 1,031 lives were lost. The victims were mostly women and children.

In the investigation that followed, the most horrible neglect and parsimony were discovered. The fire hose on the boat was rotten; the life preservers were old, filled with iron to make their weight come up to requirements, and useless: the crew was made up of poorly paid, miserable wretches who lost their heads and saved themselves at the expense of the lives of the women and children.

The blame was placed beyond any question, at the doors of the owners of the vessel, the United States inspectors who had passed the vessel in her frightful con condition and the captain.

Of them all, the captain was the least culpable. Yet he is the only one that is going to be adequately punished. A few days ago the United States circuit court of appeals sustained the decision of the lower court, sentencing this man, Capt. William H. Van Schaik, to ten years imprisonment. He is now a pitiable, broken man of 70 years, and there appears to be nothing left for him but death behind prison bars.

The Slocum was owned by the Knickerbocker Steamship company. Frank A. Barnaby was its president, James K. Atkinson was its secretary, F. B. Dexter its treasurer, and Captain John A Pease was commodore of its fleet. These men were all indicted. They have never been tried. The indictments against them are accumulating dust in a pigeonhole somewhere.

These are the men chiefly responsible for the horrors of this casualty. They were the men in charge of the company's business, who "cut down expenses" by buying inferior life preservers, by employing cheap help, by maintaining rotten fire hose, and by keeping the vessel in such a condition that it was a constant menace to life. The captain no doubt knew of these conditions, and no doubt, too, he erred in not bringing them to the attention of the public officials. Yet these conditions had been passed by the inspectors, were approved by his employers, and to complain to the public meant his discharge. So, foolishly perhaps, and maybe even criminally, he continued to command a vessel that was so miserably equipped that when it caught fire a thousand lives were sacrifised.

Yet no contortion of argument can make him a fit scapegoat upon whom all the punishment is to be inflicted. If he was guilty, as no doubt he was, the owners of the vessel were far more guilty. Yet he, at the age of 70, goes to prison for ten years, while the indictments against the owners, the men primarily responsible, still lie untouched in the prosecuting attorney's desk.

This is not justice. If the captain is to be punished, the owners should be punished, too. If they are to escape, he, too, should be let of scotfree.—Duluth Herald.

WANTS TO JOIN NAVY

Local Man Writes to the Recruiting Officer in Minneapolis.

Would Like to Join the Navy if He Could Take Wife Along.

The following item taken from the Minneapolis Tribune is of local interest:

Gustavus Gustavuson of Thief River Falls, Minn., is anxious to keep house on a big battleship of the United States navy. He has the dearest little wife ever a man had and he thinks of joining the navy, but could not leave his better half and has written the Minneapolis office to find out what kind of quarters married men have aboard ship.

He wants to enlist as a clerk and evidently it has never dawned on him that the navy is a poor place for a man who likes his own hearthstone.

"My wife is a good cook and puts out the whitest washing in town," he writes "and I couldn't be comfortable away from home unless she were with me to look after me. But I tell you, though, her presence would inspire any man to deeds of heroism. Let me know at your earliest convenience what you can do for us."

Now, Lieut. Gay, who received the letter, is a married man, and since his stay in Minneapolis has known for the first time since he married what it is to have a home and Mrs. Gay with him, so he wrote Mr. Gustavuson that Thief River Falls is a better place for married people than anything the navy has to offer.

Some Theatrical Jokes.

In a performance of "The Lady of the Lake" the actor who took the part of Roderick Dhu was known to be in pecuniary difficulties. When Roderick gave the line, "I am Roderick Dhu," Fitzjames responded, "Yes, and your rent's due too." On the production of a piece called "The Spy" the early acts showed that it was going to prove a failure. So when at a certain point a character had to rush on and shout, "Five hundred pounds for the spy!" the author-actor, who was concealed behind a rock, arose and cried, "It's yours—copyright, manuscript and parts!" That was the end of the performance.

When eating takes place on the stage, the temptations to play tricks with the food are naturally great. In "Henry V." the leek which that inimitable braggart Pistol has to eat is usually made from an apple. But on one occasion at Sadler's Wells the Fluellen of the evening gave him a real onion, and he had no choice but to struggle through it, though the tears coursed down his fat cheeks.—Cornhill Magazine.

Saved His Goldfish.

When a Bavarian peasant treats himself to a new hat, he does not throw the old hat away. He just puts the new hat on top of the old one. The other day an amusing scene was witnessed at the Munich railway station. A peasant who had bought a new hat and a bowl containing several goldfish found himself hustled by the crowd surging at the entrance to one of the platforms. In the crush the bowl was broken, and the fish fell out. For a moment the peasant knew not what to do. Suddenly he made up his mind. He snatched his two hats from his head, and, picking up the lively fish he put them inside the old hat, which he then filled with water at the nearest water tap. Carrying the improvised aquarium, the ingenious peasant entered his train smilingly, but very carefully.—Munich Cor. London Globe.

RULING IS IMPORTANT.

All Citizenship Papers Must Be Taken Out in Home County.

Those Taken Out in Other Counties are Declared Void.

Since the change in the law in 1906 as to the manner of persons declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States and to become citizens, the idea has been that such declaration of intention to become citizens or proceedings to become full citizens might be in any part of the judicial district in which the applicant resided. Recently the Department of Commerce and labor, having control of all matters in relation to citizenship, has ruled the declaration of intention to become a citizen must be made in the county wherein the applicant resides, and all proceedings taken to become citizens of the United States *must* be in the county of which the applicant is an actual resident.

It appears that all papers taken out whether declaration of intention or final papers in counties other than those in which the applicant resided, are void.

The Land Office at Crookston last week had to refuse an application to make homestead entry by Ingeborg Olson, of Beaudette, because she declared her intention in Koochiching County, in place of in Beltrami county.

Food Prices Drop.

Wholesale grocers and jobbers say that prices on almost every article of food, except fresh vegetables and produce, will gradually decrease in price during the coming year. Some articles have already increased in price, notably cheese, spices, dried fruits and packing house products.

Owing to low prices for meat on the hoof, meat prices have already been reduced in a degree, especially pork. Other packing house products are following. Dealers do not fear the lowering tendencies of the market as they believe the people will eat more and the demand from retailers and consumers will increase as the prices decrease.

The decrease will be gradual as the market has been to high, the jobbers admit, and a reaction is sure to come.

Even champagne will go down. The effervescent wine will cost $2.00 less a case by the middle of March.

For Celebration.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Senator Clapp today gave notice of an amendment he will urge to the Indian appropriation bill, which authorizes the secretary of the interior to pay to the treasurer of the executive committee of the White lands of the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota $1,000 out of funds belonging to said lands, to be expended in the annual celebration of said bands, to be held June 14, 1908.

A Bargain

For Sale—40 acres in sec 30, town of East Valley, has:
1 good, one and one-half story log house, 12X18ft., 1 frame barn, 22X22 ft., with shed 10X22. Two acres under cultivation, 2 wells, whole forty fenced.

For sale cheep, inquire of, Gunerius Olson, Sorum postoffice, Minn.

Dr. Spofford makes his next visit to Thief River Falls March, 9 at Rushford Hotel. Dr. Spofford has been visiting Minnesota cities for four years and his work speaks for itself. Remember the date, if your eyes trouble you.

Every farmer in the vicinity of Thief River Falls should be in town Friday, Feb. 28th, to attend the meeting of the Minnesota State Farmers' Institute. There will be two sessions, one commencing promptly at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and one at 1:30 in the afternoon. Prominent speakers will be present.

ENGINEER IS ARRESTED.

Major Keeley Charged With Threatening Members Of His Family.

Was Arrested Last Week and Taken To Barnsville.

Last week, Engineer James J. Keely better known as "Major Keeley," who has the passenger run from Crookston to Greenbush, and who is said to be the oldest engineer on three divisions, The Northern Dakota and Barnsville, was arrested by the sheriff of Clay county from Moorehead and taken to Barnsville where he was charged by the members of his family with assult.

Engineer Keeley stops at A. B. Moran's at Carman, and is well known to all the railroad boys. He is very popular and the news that he went home last Saturday night, as is his custom every Saturday and had trouble with his family can hardly be credited.

It is alleged that he threatened to do a killing stunt on his last visit home, but the details have not as yet been learned here.

Engineer Keeley is not related to Conductor Keeley of Thief River Falls nor to the Keeleys of Euclid who are well known throughout the section of the state. He is about 55 years of age and it is reported that there is something behind the present prosecution which will come out later.—Crookston Journal.

Goes to Germantown.

Henry Nelson, who has been helping his cousin, Gus Berggren in the creamery at Middle River this winter has secured the position of butter maker in the Germantown creamery for the coming season.—Middle River Pioneer.

Lots of Tubs.

A shipment of butter tubs consisting of 800 tubs, was received by the creamery Tuesday. This looks like a lot of tubs, but they won't last long when the creamery gets to churning 50 tubs a week or better, as Buttermaker Beggren says he expects to do in the best of "the good old summer time."—Middle River Pioneer.

NEW PLOW A WONDER.

George A. Ralph Says That Gasoline Plow Will do Much Work.

Predicts That It Will Revolutionize Farming Methods in the Valley.

Geo. A. Ralph, who was in the city recently attending to business matters, says: That the invention of a gasoline plow by a Minneapolis man will revolutionize farming in the Red River Valley and in all other agricultural sections. He says he has seen the plow and that there is no question as to its efficiency and success.

It consists of either 12 or 14 plows 14 inches wide and travels at a speed of 3 miles per hour and in 10 hours will turn over 60 acres of stubble and with a day and night crew would turn over 160 acres in a little over a day and a half. This means the work of 96 horses and 24 men as the plowing is done at the present time, and in addition the work will be done in much better shape, and much deeper.

The inventor of the plow, which has been thoroughly tested, Engineer Ralph states, guarantees that the plow will do the work at a cost of from 35cts to 45cts. per acre, while it costs about $1.50 per acre under the present system. In addition to this the machine needs but little guidance, being practically automatic in its workings. Mr. Ralph is of the opinion that this invention will do more than anything else to put a renter on every farm in the Red River Valley and get all land under cultivation as plowing is the most expensive operation in connection of the tilling of the soil.

Destroyed by Fire.

The fire department was called out last Friday evening for the first time in several weeks by the burning of Mrs. Wilcox's home on Third street just east of the Soo hotel. The origion of the fire is thought to have been started by a defective chimney and the house and all of the contents were burned. Mrs. Wilcox was absent from the house when the fire broke out. There was $900 insurance on the house and none upon the contents, which make the loss to Mrs. Wilcox considerable.

Most people know that if they have been sick they need *Scott's Emulsion* to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about *Scott's Emulsion* is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

TAXES

Pay your personal property taxes at the People's State Bank. We have a complete list for Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

PEOPLES STATE BANK.
CAPITAL, - - - $30,000.

THE GREATEST CURE
FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

The News: $1 per Year.

MAY COME FOR SEED.

Dominion Government Is Going to Spend Much Money for Seed.

Farmers of the Canadian Northwest to Be Given another Chance.

Seed wheat and other grains are quite liable to be very high this spring. Grainmen and owners of land in the Canadian west are interested in the plan of seed grain distribution which the Canadian government has undertaken on a large scale. It is even possible that some seed grain may be bought in Thief River Falls for shipment into Canada.

The Dominion Government stands ready to extend between $30,000,000 and $4,000,000 to see that every farmer in the west who had a poor crop last year gets a chance to start right this spring. Alberta will get 100,000 bushels of wheat, 600,000 bushels of oats and 100,000 bushels of barley for seed. Saskatchewan will get 100,000 bushels of wheat, 1,000,000 bushels of oats and probably as much as 200,000 bushels of barley. Manitoba will not need so much assistance from the government.

R. E. A. Leach and forty assistants are at work in Winnipeg, where the seed grain is being cleaned and bagged. Later the distributive headquarters will be moved to Regina.

The proceeding is of a nature to tone up the entire western part of Canada, where in consequence of indifferent to poor crops last year, harvest returns were small. The Canadain government is going upon the theory that the weather of last season was extraordinary and not likely to occur again in half a century, if ever. It is proposed to give opportunity to every farmer who was unable last year to save seed grain, to get a ready and ample supply when spring opens. It is expected that 50,000 applications will be received.

The import duties on grain, from the United States into Canada vary from 10 to 12 cents a bushel, but the Canadian officials have the power to cancel this on any shipments intended for seeding purposes.

For snaps in city property, see Hagor, the land man.

WILL RUSH EXTENSION.

Soo Preparing to Begin Their Good Work Early in Spring.

Supplies Are Now Being Unloaded at Wrenshall, Minn.

Substantiation of the report that the Soo road will rush its work on the Duluth extension as soon as weather conditions permit in the spring, is found in the fact that it is shipping supplies in large amounts to Wrenshell, Minn. and to other points along the right-of-way of the new extension,

Wrenshall is a station only about twenty miles out of Duluth, and the fact that necessary supplies for carrying on grading and construction work are being placed there, is taken as evidence that crews of men will be started working on this end of the extension, as well as farther down the line, as soon as *circumstances will permit in the spring.*

It is understood the Soo management intends taking every possible advantage of existing conditions in the labor market, and get what work they can done before the situation changes. Just now there are a good many more men than jobs, and consequently a low scale of wages is being paid. It is low, at least, in comparision with that in effect last year, when the scarcity of labor compelled the payment of top-notch prices for workmen.

Grading work on the lower end of the line was well under way last fall, and, with a large enough force of men, it is believed the grading clear to Duluth can easily be completed before the summer comes to a close.

Hard on Deer.

Deer in Northern Minnesota are falling easy victims to the wolves just now, on account of the heavy crust that formed over the snow during the recent warm spell. The crust is sufficiently strong to sustain the weight of the wolves, while the sharp hoofs of the deer cut through it, and make running hard for the animals. Wolves can overtake them on this account with scarcely any effort.

Wolves are every year growing more numerous in Northern Minnesota, and the extermination of the deer is consequently getting the more rapid. The principal diet of the wolves is venison, especially during the winter months, and every year they make great inroads into the ranks of what deer yet remain. In certain districts there are no deer at present, where only two or three years ago the hunting was excellent.

No Overseer Elected.

Auditor O'Brien this week sent to the clerks and supervisors of the several townships of the county a circular letter calling attention to the law passed in 1907 abolishing the office of town road overseer. The following section of the new law is quoted:

"Sec. 2. The office of town road overseer is hereby abolished and in place thereof the town board shall appoint a competent road builder as road inspector, who shall have charge under the direction of the county superintendent of highways of the construction and maintenance of all roads and bridges in the town. He shall hold office during the pleasure of the town board. He may appoint one or more competent assistants, subject to the approval of the town board. The compensation of road inspector and assistants shall be fixed by the town board. Before entering upon his duties, he shall give bond to the town board, in the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) conditioned for the faithful disharge of his duties"

Will Soon Pay the Taxes.

That Minnesota's cows, with what assistance they can get from the hens and the iron mines, will soon pay all the taxes that are needed to run the state government, is a statement made by the state dairy and food commission in a fragmentary report recently issued.

Minnesota has 84 counties and there are creameries in 78 of them. Twenty-nine counties produce 64,361,263 pounds of the 86,217,727 pounds of creamery butter made in the state. The figures show that the other 55 counties produce 21,856,464 pounds of creamery butter. If the total product was distributed evenly it would give over 1,026,401 pounds of creamery butter to each county.

Gasoline Plow.

A farmer living west of Crookston has purchased a gasoline plow. The plow is guaranteed to plow 40 acres a day and it is the intention to plow up 2,000 acres this spring.

Stealing Carr's Wood.

If the fellow who was seen swiping wood from the editor's woodpile Tuesday night will step into the wood shed he will find wood nicely split up.—Middle River Pioneer.

COW AND HEN ARE MIGHTY.

Worth More Than All the Grain Crops In 1906.

Facts Given By Secretary of Dairy and Food Department.

The possibilities of diversified farming in Minnesota are so great that very few, if any, of our farmers or business men realize, even in a small measure, what the future has in store for our citizens in that respect. The fame of Minnesota as the Bread and Butter State has been heralded far and wide, and justly so, and it has been the means of calling merited attention to our commonwealth as a desirable location for the sturdy citizen seeking a soil and climate productive not only of wealth but of health also. While thousands have come in the past few years to enjoy the manifold blessings vouchsafed here, there are yet thousands of broad acres awaiting only the magic touch of the intelligent farmer to bring forth bountiful crops and spread the smile of happy hearts to all comers.

Of course, if "you are from Missouri" you will "want to be shown," and wherever you are from it is proper that you should judge from facts and not from glittering generalities.

In 1906, according to government statistics, Minnesota produced in grains as follows:

	Bushels.	Value.
Flax seed,	4,741,528	$ 4,883,774
Potatoes,	12,123,914	4,485,850
Buckwheat,	63,532	34,307
Barley,	31,591,420	11,056,997
Rye,	1,707,016	853,523
Oats,	72,077,160	25,203,906
Wheat,	55,801,591	39,619,130
Corn,	50,149,277	17,050,751
Total,		$103,168,211

The above is a fairly good showing in itself, but remember that every bushel of that grain was taken from the soil its productive properties, and if followed exclusively, would in a few years mean failure and decay to the agricultural interests of our state. Happily, and largely through the teaching of the educational forces of Minnesota along lines of diversified farming, our farmers, instead of robbing the soil, have been adding to its value, and how? Well, in 1906 there were in the state 1,010,700 cows and the farmers were not only milking dollars from them, but they in turn were feeding to the soil in fertalizer the very elements that had been exhausted in the production of grain crops. When we add to the earning capacity of the cow that of the hen, the combination will prove one that nothing but the providence of the almighty could overcome. This may seem an unwarranted statement; but facts are facts, and to prove the truthfulness of the claim made above, let me quote you the statistics of dairy production and of the value of poultry and egg products in our state, and then judge for yourself.

Here is the value of cows, butter, cheese, calves, skim milk, eggs and poultry in Minnesota in 1906, and the figures speak for themselves.

Creamery butter	$21,551,431.75
Dairy butter and milk sold in cities	10,727,000.00
Skim milk returned to farmers from creamery.	3,882,401.00
Cheese,	317,198.38
Calves,	2,000,000.00
Eggs,	15,975,616.80
Poultry,	11,905,565.00
Milch cows (1,019,700) in number,	31,046,000.00
Total,	$106,399,212.93

Think of this toilers of less fortunate climes and especially you struggling denizens of the crowded cities. Well, you know what the strenuous life the white man's burden is, and the never ending grind of a mere existance. Under the conditions wherein this vast wealth is produced there is an uplift of our citizenship, a broadening of the brotherhood of man, an elevation of society generally. How strange that the countless thousands standing on the border land of want and misery do not turn their faces and like the star of Empire, "Westward take their way," Dame Nature stands with the horn of plenty ready to pour out her generous gifts, only demanding industry, sobriety and clear thinking to now make the now virgin soil to bloom with untold products for man's comfort. And let me say that while Northern Minnesota is but sparsely settled today, at least in a comparative sense, yet with its mineral wealth and agricultural possibilities, if rightly directed along proper and reasonable lines so far diversified farming is concerned, it may become one of the richest portions of the United States.

The opening of that section and dotting each eighty or one hundred and sixty acres with prosperous husbandmen and happy homes must be done with the splendid help of the cow and hen. While the sturdy farming is pulling stumps old boss and the hens will be pulling him out of debt, besides feeding the family. This may seem far fetched to the unitiated, but when we consider the fact that the value of dairy cows and their products combined with the value of the grain raised in Minnesota by about $3,000,000 the proof is conclusive. These figures are quite marvelous and will make the banker and the baker "sit up and take notice." If you will just give the hen a chance she will not only scratch out what iron ore there is in the section, but will lay enough eggs to feed the men who are making the farms, and the cow will produce enough fat to grease the throats of the steel trust magnates and then leave enough to swell the banks account of the farmer to such proportions that he will be glad he left the fatherland.

W. W. Wall,
Secretary dairy and food department of the state of Minnesota.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

PURCHASES MORE LAND.

Big Purchase of Land Made Last Week for Big Power Dam.

Work on Huot, Red Lake County, Dam May Be Commenced Soon.

While in Crookston last week, W. J. Murphy, of the Crookston Water Works, Power & Light Company, concluded a deal for the purchase of 210 acres more of land in the vicinity of the proposed site of the new power dam, eleven miles northeast of Crookston. This gives to the company considerably in excess of 1,000 acres and gives some idea of the magnitude of the undertaking.

As to whether work will be started in the new power dam or not the coming year, Mr. Murphy would give no intimation. It is understood, however, that all the plans are made and it is possible that work may be started as soon as spring arrives. The project has had the careful consideration of the best known engineers in the country and its feasibility has received their sanction.

The project, when completed, will give Crookston a power plant which will compare favorably with any in the United States and ought to prove of great value in attracting manufacturing plants and users of large amounts of power.

A Nine Pound Valentine.

A nine pound baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Hjertos on February 14th. Hjertos is unfortunately on the sick list so the boys about town cannot see how much bigger he is since the event, but he has a box of good cigars handy by his bed for his visiting friends.—Middle River Pioneer.

Scandia House
Third door north from Langseth's.
Come in and make yourself at home.
20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.
Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb. [illegible]
Notice is hereby given that Peder C. [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June, [illegible], for the Lots [illegible] and [illegible] E ½ S W ¼ Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range 43 West and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April [illegible]
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land viz:
Henry Hanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Folstad, " " " "
John Friberg " " " "
Jens Jensen, " " " "
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
Feb 27 April [illegible]

Reduced Prices in Winter Goods.

We are still having winter weather and you certainly need some more winter goods. We are a little overstocked in some lines and will give our customers the benefit in reduced prices for the next three weeks.

Ladies' winter coats, ... 1-3 off regular price
Children's and Misses' coats, . . 1-3 off regular price
Ladies' neck furs, ... 1-3 off regular price
Men's and Boys' cloth overcoats, . . 1-3 off regular price
Men's sheep lined coats, ... 10 per cent reduction
Men's mackinaws, ... 10 per cent reduction
Overshoes and winter rubbers, . 10 per cent reduction

SHOES. Have just received a large consignment of mens, ladies and childrens shoes, and are now in a position to sell you the best shoes for the least money. We will not be undersold. Look at our shoes before buying.

We have also added to our shoe department a bargain counter. Real bargains, look them over.

See our Spring line of dry goods, coming in daily in all departments.

Our dry goods bargain counter is always filled with exceptional bargains.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

A PECULIAR MONSTER

The Fierce Man Eating Crocodile of Australia.

A PATIENT, CUNNING BRUTE.

This Powerful and Savage Saurian, Sometimes Twenty-seven Feet In Length, Will Tackle Anything From a Sheep to a Half Ton Bullock.

The crocodile of the Nile differs very little from that of Australia, which is generally termed "alligator," though in reality a true crocodile. The head of a true alligator is broader and shorter than that of the crocodile. There is also considerable difference in the teeth and their disposition in the jaws. The teeth of an alligator are unequal, and the larger of the lower canine enters a cavity in the upper jaw, while that of a crocodile simply fits into a groove on the outside of the upper jaw, leaving the tooth clearly visible when the mouth of the monster is closed. There are also differences in the webbing of the toes and the form of the legs, though to the general observer there is little or no difference.

The crocodiles no doubt feed largely upon fish, but as they grow older and stronger and require great quantities of food they will when hungry attack anything from a sheep or kangaroo to a bullock, a big crocodile making short work of a bullock weighing over half a ton. Some of these monsters measure as much as twenty-seven feet in length and possess immense strength besides wonderful cunning and patience. One will lie in wait at any watering place frequented by animals, hardly distinguishable from a log of wood, so still and impassive it has become. The animal coming down to drink is seized in the crocodile's huge jaws and drawn into the water and drowned.

At other times the tail is used to sweep the animal into deep water, where, even though its prey may be a heavy bullock, it has little or no chance against its enemy, which is specially provided by nature with an arrangement that prevents the water rushing down its huge throat even though its jaws are fully distended through holding its prey. Thus after a few brief seconds the unequal struggle is over, and the saurian takes the carcass in tow to some favored locality where he can enjoy it at his leisure.

In the early days at Port Darwin, South Australia, bathing in the open sea was forbidden owing to the danger from crocodiles, there and nearly everywhere else in Australia called alligators, though in reality no true alligators exist in Australia. A young trooper named Davis, a fine swimmer, disregarded the general order and one morning early went for a swim. Far out in the harbor he noticed what he and others took to be a floating log. Many of the northern trees float and are washed down in the wet season to the open sea. Out went the strong swimmer, nearer and nearer to the supposed log, until too late he recognized his mistake and that he was approaching instead of a log a huge and apparently listless crocodile.

But the knowledge came too late to be of any service to poor Davis, though some men called out to him from a small craft close by to "Go back! Go back!" and Davis did make an attempt to retreat and was swimming manfully shoreward when the huge brute flashed down upon him at a terrific speed and, opening his great jaws to their utmost capacity, came down with a smack that was heard even to the shore, and inside their cruel grasp was Trooper Davis' head. Then, with the quickness common to the saurian, it had disappeared with its victim.

Crocodiles at nighttime low and bellow just like cattle, especially like bulls, and I have spent some nights in an open boat in Cambridge gulf, northwestern Australia, where the whole place seemed to be alive with them, and what with their splashes and cries, the weirdness of the whole scene and their close proximity as they at times rocked the boat sleep was impossible, for there are several instances on record where crocodiles have taken or have attempted to take men from out of camps and boats.

A poor fellow named Reed, the mate or second mate of the Guinan, had gone in his vessel to some river in Carpentaria gulf—I believe the Roper. The vessel was at anchor near the mouth of the river. The mate, Reed, had been dispatched in charge of a watering party and was some distance up the river in a large open boat. Water had been obtained, and they were all ready for a return to the ship. All being made snug, the tired fellows turned in, having made their camp in the boat. The night was a very fine one, the moon shining brightly, when toward midnight the sleeping camp was aroused by some terrific shrieks. These were the cries of poor Reed, who, enveloped in his bedding and mosquito curtains, was being borne off by a crocodile.

It is said by those who knew him well and accompanied him on this and other previous trips that he had the habit of sleeping with his foot on the gunwale of the boat, and no doubt this afforded the crocodile an easier opportunity of seizing him.

The crocodile has a remarkable eye. It can arrange the pupil to a vertical or horizontal position at will to suit its requirement by day or night. It has a special natural protection to the eye, and through a duct escapes the fluid when the monster weeps. In fact, he is a peculiar brute altogether, with many special gifts besides his huge jaws that help to make of him the terror he is.—Sydney Mail.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 570; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice; the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA,
Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and 69-100 Dollars ($1,656.69) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that, by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty-eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Seventy five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure: Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christopher M. Hoverstad, as one of the heirs of Thomas T. Hoverstad, Deceased, of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 56 made June 21st, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 25, Township 154, N. Range 43, W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on March 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Frieberg of Thief River Falls, Minn
Gust Berggren " " " "
Andreas Hoverstad " " " "
Iver Austad " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan. 30-Feb. 27.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, in probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Aaron Johnson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, Robert Johnson, Mrs. Andy Erickson, Ida Johnson, Aurora Johnson and Wanda Johnson and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Ida Johnson having been filed in this court, representing that Aaron Johnson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 27th day of January 1908, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Andy Erickson; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of March 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th day of Feb, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

(Court Seal)

Feb. 13-27.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [illegible] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
[illegible] New Home [illegible]
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

$2,000,—160 acres, rich black loam soil, in Red Lake County, on county road, with good neighbors, seven miles from St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Terms $500 cash, balance on or before ten years at 6 per cent SE¼ Sec. 9, T 153 R 44.
W. D. Washburn, Jr.,
1051 Security Bank Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

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THE DIVINING ROD.

No Mysterious Virtues Hidden In the Dowser's Wand.

In experiments with a divining rod as used for discovering underground supplies of water one of the geologists of the United States geological survey found that at points it turned downward independently of his will, but more complete tests showed that the down turning resulted from slight and—until watched for—unconscious changes in the inclination of his body, the effects of which were communicated through the arms and wrists to the rod. No movement of the rod from causes outside the body could be detected, and it soon became obvious that the view held by other men of science is correct, that the operation of the "divining rod" is generally due to unconscious movements of the body or of the muscles of the hand. The experiments made show that these movements happen most frequently at places where the operator's experience has led him to believe that water may be found.

The uselessness of the divining rod is indicated by the facts that the rod may be worked at will by the operator, that he fails to detect strong currents of water running in tunnels and other channels that afford no surface indications of water and that his locations in limestone regions where water flows in well defined channels are rarely more successful than those dependent on mere guesses. In fact, its operators are successful only in regions in which ground water occurs in a definite sheet in porous material or in more or less clayey deposits, such as the pebbly clay or till, in which, although a few failures occur, wells would get water anywhere.

Ground water occurs under certain definite conditions, and as in humid regions a stream may be predicted wherever a valley is known, so one familiar with rocks and ground water conditions may predict places where ground water can be found. No appliance either electrical or mechanical has yet been successfully used for detecting water in places where plain common sense or mere guessing would not have shown its presence just as well. The only advantage of employing a "water witch," as the operator of the divining rod is sometimes called, is that skilled services are obtained, most men so employed being keener and better observers of the occurrence and movements of ground water than the average person.—Scientific American.

A Pet Bear.

Bears unless hungry or abused are good natured animals and make amusing pets. "When I was in the revenue service at Alaska," said a lieutenant, "we had a pet bear on the boat, and we called him Wineska. He used to climb to the crosstrees, going up hand over hand by the ratlines. One day he ventured out on the yardarm, and there he stayed. We had to get a rope and haul him down. Once he vaulted over the head of our Chinese cook and went into the lockers, where he helped himself to sugar and butter. We had a tackling made for him, much the same as a harness of a pet pug, and we would drop him overboard, with a rope attached, to take his bath. Once he landed in a native boat and nearly frightened the occupants out of their wits. He was as playful as a kitten, and, although he sometimes disobeyed, he was never treacherous or unkind. When he was lost or hid himself, as he often did, we would look in the dark till we saw two little balls of fire. These were his eyes and gave him away every time."

She Carried a Parcel.

The laugh is on one of the attendants at the Congressional library at Washington. One of the rules is that no one shall be allowed to carry a parcel of any kind into the building. One day a tall young woman appeared at the door, and when the attendant saw that she had a parcel under her arm he told her that it was against the rules for her to take it with her. She demurred and pronounced the rule absurd. There were certain parcels that people should be allowed to carry with them, and so forth, and so forth. But the man insisted that he must enforce the rule and that she would have to leave the parcel with him until she came out. That settled it. The young woman deliberately opened the parcel, took from it three pairs of black stockings that she evidently had just bought, and, hanging them over her arm, she gave the attendant the paper in which they had been wrapped, saying:

"There, please keep that until I come out. I have no parcel now."—Chicago News.

What Audiences Believe.

The light suddenly went out during one of my performances in Waterbury. A panic was in prospect. However, I shouted out: "Ladies and gentlemen, I am about to perform a most marvelous trick. I have here a lemon; but, of course, you can't see it. I am about to cut it in two and bring out of it an elephant!"

The audience settled down. Squash! I cut the lemon. "And now," I said, "the elephant has gone. It has walked off the stage. But, of course, you can't see it, but that doesn't matter."

Sure enough, there was heard a slow, shuffling sound quite appropriate, although it was made by the fat stage manager, who was shuffling across the boards in his slippers. The light returned, there was much applause, and all was well. The next day a man stopped me in the street and said he considered that trick the most marvelous he had ever seen and would I be giving it again that night? It's true!—Horace Goldin in Cassell's Magazine.

NAPOLEON'S VIOLETS.

How the Imperialistic Emblem Came to Be Adopted.

An old French pamphlet published in 1815 tells how the violet came to be the emblem of the Imperialist, or Napoleonic, party in France.

Three days before going into exile on the island of Elba Napoleon was walking up and down a garden at Fontainebleau, discussing his future with the Duc de Bassano and General Bertrand. He was still uncertain whether he should go to Elba quietly at the bidding of his enemies or whether he should try to offer some resistance. The Duc de Bassano was urging him to strike a blow for his liberty—bad advice surely.

As the trio walked back and forth they came upon a child three or four years old who was picking violets. Napoleon called the baby to him and asked for his flowers, and the little thing gave the emperor all he had. A silence in the political talk followed until Napoleon, who always had a vein of superstition in his reasonings, said:

"Well, gentlemen, I am thinking of that child. That chance meeting seems to me like a piece of secret advice, warning me for the future to imitate the modesty of this flower. Yes, the violet shall henceforward be the emblem of my desires."

"Sire," said Bertrand boldly, "for your majesty's glory I like to think that feeling will last no longer in you than the flowers that inspired it."

But the emperor, silent and unheeding now, withdrew and went to his private rooms. The next day he was seen walking in the garden with a bunch of violets in his buttonhole and stooping now and again to pluck more. A man named Choudieu, a grenadier of the guard, was on sentry duty, and, taking advantage of the laxity of discipline that prevailed in this hour of ruin, he ventured to speak to the fallen sovereign.

"In another year, sire, the violets will be growing thicker here. You can gather them with less trouble."

"What!" was the answer. "Do you suppose I will be here next year?"

"Perhaps sooner. We soldiers hope so."

"But do you know that I leave for Elba day after tomorrow?"

"Your majesty will suffer the storm to pass."

"Are your comrades talking and feeling as you do?"

"Almost all of them."

"Ah, well, tell them to feel, but not to talk. When your sentry duty is over, go to General Bertrand. He will give you twenty napoleons. But keep the secret."

Choudieu did not keep entirely secret the story of his conference with his majesty, but he threw a veil over his allusions and taught the other soldiers to do so by calling their great and worshiped leader Father Violet. Little by little talk about Father Violet reached the public, and to wear a bunch of violets by the time the next season came around was a recognized sign of imperialistic sympathies. To this day violets are not worn in the same general way in France that they are here and in England, because they are felt to be a political badge. A legitimist would not be seen with a bunch in his buttonhole any more than he would wear a republican tricolor cockade.

Force of Habit.

A Boston psychologist was recently reminded of the story of the Russian jailer who, changing his occupation, found the chief interest of his leisure moments in catching birds, putting them in cages and selling them to the highest bidder.

The scientist, having to attend a series of lectures in a large public hall, struck up acquaintance with the janitor of the building and soon noted in him a suggestive bent of mind. The man seemed fond of counting the people and would occasionally report the exact number present. "We have 115 here tonight," he would say, or "Just 201 all told," or, when the hall was crowded, "I make it 370." There was a problem in all this, but it took some time for the psychologist to solve it.

A bit of friendly, familiar talk, continually renewed, did the business, for it brought out the fact that the janitor had spent many of the previous years of his life as warden in an eastern prison. With rifle on shoulder from some inclosing wall the man had counted his convicts until the habit became ingrained. In the recesses of his brain the lecture hall took the shape of a jail yard, and the audience were his prisoners. He counted because he wished to know if all were there.—Boston Herald.

The City of the Three Rivers.

The city is generally considered to be very fortunate that possesses a river, but Khartum crowns and watches over three of the greatest rivers of the world. From the troublesome magic of the Bar el-Gazel and its sudd grass, from the hot confines of the equator, the White Nile fetches its milky waters; from the azure mountains of Abyssinia and through the heat of that savage country the Nile flows to Sudan. Created in this fashion and seeming to have rushed down south rather than it does run northward, the Egyptian Nile is formed and in return touches the city only to take its course again to the sea. Khartum is built above the union of waters, but the whirly currents have less interest [illegible] than has the melancholy waste [illegible] make the Sudan famous for both defeat and victory. The desert has already fetched famine and destruction, and, if not quite so practically swarming now, the wilderness is nevertheless always a [illegible] later, and it is over this savage country that Khartum must keep vigilant guard.—Marie Van Vorst in Harper's.

AN ODD CANDLESTICK.

With A Curious Reach of the Long Arm of Coincidence.

Historical students when called upon to criticise relations of events, especially those that seem in themselves unlikely, that are recorded to have happened in the lives of persons whose careers are separated by a long period of time when the said events have a very striking similarity between them are wont to regard the first narrative as the prototype and the latter as a case of transference. Sometimes this may be the correct view to take, but it is commonly a dangerous proceeding to insist upon. An example has occurred to me which illustrates this.

At East Butterwick, a village on the banks of the Trent, there lived in the middle of the nineteenth century a shopkeeper named Marshall. He was a general dealer, supplying nearly all the wants of his neighbors. Above this man's shop and adjoining outhouses was a long chamber open to the roof in which he kept such stores as he had not room for in his somewhat small shop. Among other things, this room contained a mangle, which was at the service of such of the women of the town as made him a small payment.

One winter evening several women were engaged in mangling when one of them knocked down their solitary candlestick, and, being probably of earthenware, it was broken. Work for the night was nearly over. It did not seem worth while to fetch another, so one of the women took the still burning candle—happily it was not a very short one—and stuck it into some black, dusty looking stuff which she had noticed in a barrel standing near. Soon, however, one of these good dames had occasion to descend into the shop and, encountering Marshall there, naturally began to apologize for the candlestick having suffered.

We may conceive what was the shopkeeper's horror when he heard what was the substitute that had been found, for he knew at once that the candle was standing in a cask of gunpowder. He rushed upstairs and was just in time. He made "a cup with his two hands," as he said, "so that no sparks could get to the powder," and drew the candle calmly out without uttering a sound. His words afterward when all danger was over were, I have been told, of a kind not uncommonly heard on board of keels and coal barges on our rivers, but such as are discouraged elsewhere.

In the year 1861 "The Depositions From the Castle of York In the Seventeenth Century" was published by the Surtees society. In a note in this work by its editor, Canon Raine, the following passage occurs. The parallelism between the two narratives as to the way the candle was removed from danger is very striking:

"Newcastle had a very narrow escape about 1684. An apprentice going up with a candle into a loft which contained many barrels of gunpowder and much combustible material thoughtlessly stuck the candle into a barrel, of which the head had been knocked off, to serve for a candlestick. He saw the danger and fled. A laborer ran into the loft and, joining both his hands together, drew the candle softly up between his middlemost fingers, so that if any snuff had dropped it must have fallen into the hollow of the man's hand."—London Notes and Queries.

The Charm of the Orient.

Rich and poor wear the plaited frock coat of somber hues, the absence of a collar producing a slovenly appearance, while the snow turban of the Arab and the red fez of the Turk are replaced by the black lambskin kolah and the brown felt skullcap of the peasant. You ask why the carpenter should draw his plane toward him, why the horse is backed into his stall or the boat dragged sternforemost on the beach. You notice the footnote at the top of the page and that your morning egg is invariably served with its small end uppermost. But not certainly in such trivial matters does the charm of the east reside. We are nearer an explanation when we acknowledge the release from care and artificial conventions which accompanies a relapse to the conditions of a freer and more primitive life. To enjoy an ease, even luxury, of life we could not afford at home to have a servant for every task, to ride in Bombay or Teheran when we would walk if in Piccadilly, to be free from the burdens of a civilization which has created civic responsibilities and duties to one's fellow men, to have no Young Men's Christian association to support or fireman's ball to patronize, to be able to play the role of self indulgence to one's heart's content and be, in truth, a little king—in these things, alas, for many lies the secret of this charm.—Atlantic.

Ginseng as an Elixir.

Many of the Chinese believe that when all other remedies fail and death is at hand ginseng has the power to bring back health and longevity; hence when they feel the need of it they will pay fabulous prices for certain kinds of roots. A root to be really valuable as a commodity must come from the mountains of Kirin or be reputed to have come from there. It must be bifurcated, so as to resemble as much as possible the human form, and be semitransparent, dry and flinty. Of course the larger the root the better, and as it is sold by weight it is not very uncommon for a good specimen to bring as much as $[illegible] an ounce. The value for such a root is in its shape, its texture, the manner in which it has been cured and the region whence it came. But it must be borne in mind that out of a great quantity of roots only a very few of the kind described can be obtained, so that the average price of ginseng is even greatly less than $100 per pound.

PAYING COMPLIMENTS.

A Couple of Historical Examples In the Polite Art.

All people enjoy being complimented, though many say they do not. But this denial comes either of affectation, shyness or over self consciousness. There is no conceivable subject on which people do not take pleasure in a well turned compliment. They like one on their good looks, their wit or grace, the books they have written, their touch on the piano, the puddings or pies they make, their babies, their sermons, their everything, from the heavens above to the earth beneath and the waters that be under the earth.

Now, there is an especial art of complimenting that needs to be studied and mastered quite as much as the art of music or poetry or oratory. Compliments should never be fulsome, never troweled on, never open to a suspicion of a private ax to grind in the way of currying favor. They should be purely objective in the sense of having no other end in view than that of imparting pleasure, encouragement and the recognition of cordial good will. Still, if only humorously couched, there may be plenty of badinage and exuberant imaginative exaggeration in them, carried off with a laughter and play of sportive fancy that will relieve them from being oppressive. And yet always must they have a basis of sincerity and genuine human love.

To study the art of complimenting one needs only to familiarize himself with recorded instances of those who have been past masters in the way of doing it both sincerely and delightfully. When, for example, Turgot, that noblest of French statesmen and lover of humanity, came to Paris to greet Voltaire, he was so piteously afflicted with gout in both legs as scarcely to be able to move. "As I look on M. Turgot," said Voltaire, "I think I see the statue of Nebuchadnezzar." "Yes," said Turgot, "the feet of clay." "And the head of gold—the head of gold!" replied Voltaire. Were ever gout, decrepitude and the glory of human virtue so deliciously and magniloquently intermingled as in this imagery from the book of Daniel of the colossal statue of the four Assyrian dynasties—its feet of clay, its thighs of brass, its breast of silver and its head of fine gold?

One more example. When Sir Joshua Reynolds was painting the portrait of Mrs. Billington, an entrancing singer in her day, in the character of St. Cecilia listening to the celestial music on high, she took with her the great composer Haydn and showed him the picture. "It is like," said Haydn, "but there is a strange mistake." "What is it?" hastily asked Reynolds. "You have painted her listening to the angels. You ought to have painted the angels listening to her." "Mrs. Billington sprang up and threw her arms around my neck," added Haydn. What woman with a soul in her would not and have clinched it with a hearty hug?—Boston Herald.

Nefarious Scoundrels.

No modern advertising column is likely to contain an advertisement as vigorous in its language as one published in an old Newburyport Herald of a century ago, threatening with "public exposure"—no mention is made of prosecution—if he should repeat his raids, the "nefarious scoundrel, void of either manners or breeding," who had stolen apples from a certain orchard.

Whether or not the remainder of the crop was spared, it is impossible not to feel that the satisfaction of seeing "nefarious scoundrel" in good black print must have proved eminently soothing to the spirit of the peppery old gentleman who penned the advertisement.

The disproportion between the language and the offense reminds one of that trial, in another old colonial town, at which a pompous judge had discoursed so eloquently on the offended majesty of the law and the wickedness of lawbreakers in general that the plaintiff, who was simple minded, began to fear the special larceny in question would be lost sight of.

"Don't ye hang him, judge!" he broke in suddenly. "No, don't ye hang him! Mebbe he desarves it for goin' agin the law and the prophets, but I don't want he should forget he stole my three biggest pumpkins! I want he should set sorrowin' in jail and remember what brung him there. Try and forgive him his other villainies, judge, and jest you jail him for them pumpkins!"

The Lambs on the Track.

One never knows the value of an amiable deed till he knows all its consequences, and the merit of it is in not knowing them all beforehand. An engineer of a passenger train was driving through a snowstorm, eagerly scanning the track as far as he could see, when, halfway through a deep cut, something appeared lying on the rails. It was a sheep with her two little lambs. His first thought was that he could rush on regardless of them, probably without damage to his train, but the sight of the innocent family cowering in the storm touched him, and as they paid no heed to his warning whistle he pulled the air brake and sent his fireman ahead. In a few minutes the man came back with a terrified face. There had been a landslide, and just beyond the cut the track was covered with rocks. It seemed certain that if the train had gone on at full speed in the blinding snow it would have been impossible to stop in time to escape disaster. In the absolute sense the incident was providential, as everything is, but circumstantially the passengers on that railway train owed their safety, if not their lives, to an engineer who was too tender hearted to kill a sheep and her lambs.

LABOR SAVING MACHINERY.

Only Socialism Can Make It a Blessing to the Toiler.

Invention has filled the world with the competitors not only of laborers, but of mechanics—mechanics of the highest skill. Today the ordinary laborer is for the most part a cog in a wheel. He works with the tireless; he feeds the insatiable. When the monster stops, the man is out of employment—out of bread. He has not saved anything. The machine that he fed was not feeding him, was not working for him. The invention was not for his benefit. The other day a man was heard to say that it was almost impossible for thousands of good mechanics to get employment and that, in his judgment, the government ought to furnish work for the people. A few minutes after another said that he was selling a patent for cutting out clothes, that one of his machines could do the work of twenty tailors, and that only the week before he had sold two to a great house in New York and that over forty cutters had been discharged.

On every side men are being discharged and machines are being invented to take their places. When the great factory shuts down, the workers who inhabited it and gave life to it, as thoughts do the brain, go away, and it stands there like an empty skull. A few workmen by force of habit gather about the closed door and broken windows and talk about distress, the price of food and the coming winter. They are convinced that they have not had their share of what their labor created. They feel that the machines inside were not their friends. They look at the mansion of the employer and think of the places where they live. They have saved nothing—nothing but themselves. The employer seems to have enough. Even when employers fail, when they become bankrupt, they are far better off than the laborers ever were. Their worst is better than the toilers' best.

The capitalist comes forward with his specific. He tells the workingman that he must be economical, and yet under the present system economy would only lessen wages. Under the great law of supply and demand every saving, frugal, self denying workingman is unconsciously doing what little he can to reduce the compensation of himself and his fellows. The slave who did not wish to run away helped to fasten the chains upon those who did. So the saving mechanic is a certificate that wages are high enough. Does the great law demand that every worker live on the least possible amount of bread? Is it his fate to work one day that he may be able to get food enough to be able to work another? Is that to be his only hope—that and death?

Capital has always claimed, and still claims the right to combine. Manufacturers meet and determine upon prices even in spite of the great law of supply and demand. Have the laborers the same right to consult and combine? The rich men meet in the bank, the clubhouse or parlor. Workingmen when they combine gather in the street. All the organized forces of society are against them. Capital has the army and the navy, the legislative, the judicial and the executive departments. When the rich combine it is for the purpose of "exchanging ideas." When the poor combine it is "conspiracy." If they act in concert, if they really do something, it is a "mob." If they defend themselves, it is "treason." How is it that the rich control the departments of government? In this country the political power is equally divided among the men. There are certainly more poor than there are rich. Why should the rich control? Why should not the workers combine for the purpose of controlling the executive, legislative and judicial departments? Will they ever learn how powerful they are?

In every country there is a satisfied class—too satisfied to care. It is too happy to be generous. This satisfied class asks no questions and answers none. It believes the world is as it should be. All reformers are simply disturbers of the peace. When they talk low they should not be listened to. When they talk loud they should be suppressed.

The truth is today what it always has been, what it always will be. Those who feel are the only ones who think. A cry comes from the hungry, from the oppressed, from the downtrodden, from the unfortunate, from men who despair and from women who weep. There are times when mendicants become revolutionists, when a rag becomes a banner under which the noblest and the bravest battle for the right.

How are we to settle the unequal contest between men and machines? Will the machine finally go into partnership with the laborer? Can these forces of nature be controlled for the benefit of her suffering children? Will the workers become intelligent enough and strong enough to be the owners of the machines? Will these giants, these Titans, shorten or lengthen the hours of labor? Will they give leisure to the industrious, or will they make the rich richer and the poor poorer?

Dots and Dashes.

Socialism stands for clean, decent surroundings, for pure food and healthy environments. This is impossible under capitalism; hence we say abolish it!—Chicago Socialist.

The workingman has a struggle; the capitalist has a cinch.—Miners' Magazine.

Who is the dreamer, after all? Isn't it the man who thinks mankind can be individually reformed under the capitalist system when that system puts a premium on business cupidity and on selfishness?—Social Democratic Herald.

A TITLED SOCIALIST.

Lady Warwick Stands For Abolition of the Competitive System.

Lady Warwick has proved a tremendous acquisition to the ranks of the English Socialists. To an American unfamiliar with England and its deference to rank, wealth and position in society it is difficult to properly estimate how much Lady Warwick has brought to the English Socialist movement.

We have no woman in all America who, even if she did declare for Socialism, could do us a tithe of the good Lady Warwick has done for the English Socialists. We may have women who are richer, who are more learned, who are more eloquent, who are more religious and who may be as beautiful, we may have women who excel Lady Warwick in everything that she brings to our English comrades; but, admitting all this, still we must remember that under a monarchy a title of nobility when united to wealth and beauty forms a personal power unknown in a republic.

It must also be borne in mind that Lady Warwick has given no mere sickly assent to the generalities of Socialism and stopped there. She has become a member of the Social Democratic federation and is today speaking throughout Great Britain from its platforms. She has declared that she stands for the absolute abolition of the competitive system and for the co-operative commonwealth.

Lady Warwick has no miserable bourgeois philanthropic fuddling in her makeup. She declares the poor are poor because they have not the courage and brains to demand their rights, and she has come to them to aid them in a fight for their own, not to encourage them to be better beggars.

In the course of a recent interview Lady Warwick said:

"I am wholly in agreement with all the details of the programme put forth by the Social Democratic federation here, including, as it does, democratization of the government machinery, abolition of the house of lords, adult suffrage, which would give the vote to all, irrespective of sex, on the basis of citizenship and not of property; abolition of all indirect taxation, free maintenance for those attending state schools, abolition of school rates, nationalization of the land, with control of labor on co-operative principles and forty-eight hours to be the maximum hours of labor for all trades and industries."

Lady Warwick also spoke of the feeding of the children and of land law reform as sympathetically and as soundly as any Socialist could desire and, on being asked what she would do if she was a multimillionaire, replied as follows:

"What would I do if I were a multimillionaire? I would spend every penny of it on the Socialist movement. For one thing, I should like to see the Socialists in possession of a big institute, with a hall to accommodate many thousands of people. In the second place, I would start a newspaper which should not be subject to the changing moods of cranks and faddists, but should be run on absolutely Socialistic lines, with a capital which would make it impossible for those connected with it to be tempted from their allegiance by any capitalist whatsoever.

"The remainder of the fortune which you have suggested I would spend in every way that would be likely to result in Socialists obtaining seats in parliament."

Economic Determinism.

In every historical epoch the prevailing mode of economic production and exchange and the social organization necessarily following from it form the basis upon which is built up and from which alone can be explained the political and intellectual history of that epoch; that consequently the whole history of mankind since the dissolution of primitive tribal society, holding land in common ownership, has been a history of class struggles, contests between exploiting and exploited, ruling and oppressed classes; that the history of these class struggles forms a series of evolution in which nowadays a stage has been reached where the exploited and oppressed class, the proletariat, cannot attain its emancipation from the sway of the exploiting and ruling class, the bourgeoise, without at the same time and once for all emancipating society at large from all exploitation, oppression, class distinctions and class struggles.—Marx.

South American Socialists.

Chile, South America, has joined the International Socialist party, and for the first time we learn by way of Brussels, where the International Socialist headquarters are located, that the Chileans have quite a powerful movement. The party started in 1887, controls four daily papers and seventeen others and has a membership of 50,000 organized into ninety-two locals. There are three Socialists in parliament and 119 in local municipal governments. The initiative and referendum is in operation in local bodies. When one stops to consider that the population of Chile is about the same as Ohio's, we are forced to admit that those South Americans have got us beat a mile, and then some.—Cleveland Citizen.

Socialism In Turkey.

Socialism is flourishing over a considerable part of the earth's surface, but it might have been supposed that the outlook was hopeless in Turkey.

A definite Socialist society has now been started at Vana as the result of this agitation. Capitalism will not have everything its own way even in the land of the sick man.—Labor Leader.

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A PATIENT, CUNNING BRUTE.

This Powerful and Savage Saurian, Sometimes Twenty-seven Feet In Length, Will Tackle Anything From a Sheep to a Half Ton Bullock.

The crocodile of the Nile differs very little from that of Australia, which is generally termed "alligator," though in reality a true crocodile. The head of a true alligator is broader and shorter than that of the crocodile. There is also considerable difference in the teeth and their disposition in the jaws. The teeth of an alligator are unequal, and the larger of the lower canine enters a cavity in the upper jaw, while that of a crocodile simply fits into a groove on the outside of the upper jaw, leaving the tooth clearly visible when the mouth of the monster is closed. There are also differences in the webbing of the toes and the form of the legs, though to the general observer there is little or no difference.

The crocodiles no doubt feed largely upon fish, but as they grow older and stronger and require great quantities of food they will when hungry attack anything from a sheep or kangaroo to a bullock, a big crocodile making short work of a bullock weighing over half a ton. Some of these monsters measure as much as twenty-seven feet in length and possess immense strength besides wonderful cunning and patience. One will lie in wait at any watering place frequented by animals, hardly distinguishable from a log of wood, so still and impassive it has become. The animal coming down to drink is seized in the crocodile's huge jaws and drawn into the water and drowned.

At other times the tail is used to sweep the animal into deep water, where, even though its prey may be a heavy bullock, it has little or no chance against its enemy, which is specially provided by nature with an arrangement that prevents the water rushing down its huge throat even though its jaws are fully distended through holding its prey. Thus after a few brief seconds the unequal struggle is over, and the saurian takes the carcass in tow to some favored locality where he can enjoy it at his leisure.

In the early days at Port Darwin, South Australia, bathing in the open sea was forbidden owing to the danger from crocodiles, there and nearly everywhere else in Australia called alligators, though in reality no true alligators exist in Australia. A young trooper named Davis, a fine swimmer, disregarded the general order and one morning early went for a swim. Far out in the harbor he noticed what he and others took to be a floating log. Many of the northern trees float and are washed down in the wet season to the open sea. Out went the strong swimmer, nearer and nearer to the supposed log, until too late he recognized his mistake and that he was approaching instead of a log a huge and apparently listless crocodile.

But the knowledge came too late to be of any service to poor Davis, though some men called out to him from a small craft close by to "Go back! Go back!" and Davis did make an attempt to retreat and was swimming manfully shoreward when the huge brute dashed down upon him at a terrific

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 570; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice; the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA,
Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota; on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177: by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and 60-100 Dollars ($1,656.60) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty-eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Seventy five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure: Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christopher M. Hoverstad, as one of the heirs of Thomas T. Hoverstad, Deceased, of Thief River Falls Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final Commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 56 made June 21st, 1901, for the S. E. ¼ Section 25, Township 154, N. Range 43, W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on March 3rd, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Frieberg of Thief River Falls, Minn
Gust Berggren "
Andreas Hoverstad "
Iver Austad "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
Jan. 30-Feb. 27.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

$2,000,—160 acres, rich black loam soil, in Red Lake County, on county road, with good neighbors, seven miles from St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Terms $600 cash, balance on or before ten years at 6 per cent SE¼ Sec. 9, T 153 R 44.

W. D. Washburn, Jr.,
1051 Security Bank Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Hot-Breads Light and Sweet
are made with
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MY WIFE SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

ter writes: "My wife suffered with umatism for seven years. She was d condition. After using "5-Drops" months it made a permanent cure. veral years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

AL BOTTLE FREE

suffering with Rheumatism, Lumca, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or l disease, write to us for a trial bottle S" and test it yourself.

S" is entirely free from opium, cophine, alcohol, laudanum and other redients.

Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
170 Lake Street, Chicago

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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tific American.

Co. 361 Broadway, New York

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE DIVINING ROD.

No Mysterious Virtues Hidden In the Dowser's Wand.

In experiments with a divining rod as used for discovering underground supplies of water one of the geologists of the United States geological survey found that at points it turned downward independently of his will, but more complete tests showed that the down turning resulted from slight and—until watched for—unconscious changes in the inclination of his body, the effects of which were communicated through the arms and wrists to the rod. No movement of the rod from causes outside the body could be detected, and it soon became obvious that the view held by other men of science is correct, that the operation of the "divining rod" is generally due to unconscious movements of the body or of the muscles of the hand. The experiments made show that these movements happen most frequently at places where the operator's experience has led him to believe that water may be found.

The uselessness of the divining rod is indicated by the facts that the rod may be worked at will by the operator that he fails to detect strong currents of water running in tunnels and other channels that afford no surface indications of water and that his locations in limestone regions where water flows in well defined channels are rarely more successful than those dependent on mere guesses. In fact, its operators are successful only in regions in which ground water occurs in a definite sheet in porous material or in more or less clayey deposits, such as the pebbly clay or till, in which, although a few failures occur, wells would get water anywhere.

Ground water occurs under certain definite conditions, and as in humid regions a stream may be predicted wherever a valley is known, so one familiar with rocks and ground water conditions may predict places where ground water can be found. No appliance either electrical or mechanical has yet been successfully used for detecting water in places where plain common sense or mere guessing would not have shown its presence just as well. The only advantage of employing a "water witch," as the operator of the divining rod is sometimes called, is that skilled services are obtained, most men so employed being keener and better observers of the occurrence and movements of ground water than the average person.—Scientific American.

A Pet Bear.

Bears unless hungry or abused are good natured animals and make amusing pets. "When I was in the revenue service at Alaska," said a lieutenant, "we had a pet bear on the boat, and we called him Wineska. He used to climb to the crosstrees, going up hand over hand by the ratlines. One day he ventured out on the yardarm, and there he stayed. We had to get a rope and haul him down. Once he vaulted over the head of our Chinese cook and went into the lockers, where he helped himself to sugar and butter. We had a tackling made for him, much the same as a harness of a pet pug, and we would drop him overboard, with a rope attached, to take his bath. Once he landed in a native boat and nearly frightened the occupants out of their wits. He was as playful as a kitten, and, although he sometimes disobeyed, he was never treacherous or unkind. When he was lost or hid himself, as he often did, we would look in the dark till we saw two little balls of fire. These were his eyes and gave him away every time."

She Carried a Parcel.

The laugh is on one of the attendants at the Congressional library at Washington. One of the rules is that no one shall be allowed to carry a parcel of any kind into the building. One day a tall young woman appeared at the door, and when the attendant saw that she had a parcel under her arm he told her that it was against the rules for her to take it with her. She demurred and pronounced the rule absurd. There were certain parcels that people should be allowed to carry with them, and so forth, and so forth. But the man insisted that he must enforce the rule and that she would have to leave the parcel with him until she came out. That settled it. The young woman deliberately opened the parcel, took from it three pairs of black stockings that she evidently had just bought, and, hanging them over her arm, she gave the attendant the paper in which they had been wrapped, saying:

"There, please keep that until I come out. I have no parcel now."—Chicago News.

What Audiences Believe.

The light suddenly went out during one of my performances in Waterbury. A panic was in prospect. However, I shouted out: "Ladies and gentlemen, I am about to perform a most marvelous trick. I have here a lemon; but, of course, you can't see it. I am about to cut it in two and bring out of it an elephant!"

The audience settled down. Squash! I cut the lemon. "And now," I said, "the elephant has gone. It has walked off the stage. But, of course, you can't see it, but that doesn't matter."

Sure enough, there was heard a slow, shuffling sound quite appropriate, although it was made by the fat stage manager, who was shuffling across the boards in his slippers. The light returned, there was much applause, and all was well. The next day a man stopped me in the street and said he considered that trick the most marvelous he had ever seen and would I be giving it again that night? It's true!—Horace Goldin in Cassell's Magazine.

NAPOLEON'S VIOLETS.

How the Imperialistic Emblem Came to Be Adopted.

An old French pamphlet published in 1815 tells how the violet came to be the emblem of the Imperialist, or Napoleonic, party in France.

Three days before going into exile on the island of Elba Napoleon was walking up and down a garden at Fontainebleu, discussing his future with the Duc de Bassano and General Bertrand. He was still uncertain whether he should go to Elba quietly at the bidding of his enemies or whether he should try to offer some resistance. The Duc de Bassano was urging him to strike a blow for his liberty—bad advice surely.

As the trio walked back and forth they came upon a child three or four years old who was picking violets. Napoleon called the baby to him and asked for his flowers, and the little thing gave the emperor all he had. A silence in the political talk followed until Napoleon, who always had a vein of superstition in his reasonings, said:

"Well, gentlemen, I am thinking of that child. That chance meeting seems to me like a piece of secret advice, warning me for the future to imitate the modesty of this flower. Yes, the violet shall henceforward be the emblem of my desires."

"Sire," said Bertrand boldly, "for your majesty's glory I like to think that feeling will last no longer in you than the flowers that inspired it."

But the emperor, silent and unheeding now, withdrew and went to his private rooms. The next day he was seen walking in the garden with a bunch of violets in his buttonhole and stooping now and again to pluck more. A man named Choudieu, a grenadier of the guard, was on sentry duty, and, taking advantage of the laxity of discipline that prevailed in this hour of ruin, he ventured to speak to the fallen sovereign.

"In another year, sire, the violets will be growing thicker here. You can gather them with less trouble."

"What!" was the answer. "Do you suppose I will be here next year?"

"Perhaps sooner. We soldiers hope so."

"But, do you know that I leave for Elba day after tomorrow?"

"Your majesty will suffer the storm to pass."

"Are your comrades talking and feeling as you do?"

"Almost all of them."

"Ah, well, tell them to feel, but not to talk. When your sentry duty is over, go to General Bertrand. He will give you twenty napoleons. But keep the secret."

Choudieu did not keep entirely secret the story of his conference with his majesty, but he threw a veil over his allusions and taught the other soldiers to do so by calling their great and worshiped leader Father Violet. Little by little talk about Father Violet reached the public, and to wear a bunch of violets by the time the next season came around was a recognized sign of imperialistic sympathies. To this day violets are not worn in the same general way in France that they are here and in England, because they are felt to be a political badge. A legitimist would not be seen with a bunch in his buttonhole any more than he would wear a republican tricolor cockade.

Force of Habit.

A Boston psychologist was recently reminded of the story of the Russian jailer who, changing his occupation, found the chief interest of his leisure moments in catching birds, putting them in cages and selling them to the highest bidder.

The scientist, having to attend a series of lectures in a large public hall, struck up acquaintance with the janitor of the building and soon noted in him a suggestive bent of mind. The man seemed fond of counting the people and would occasionally report the exact number present. "We have 115 here tonight," he would say, or "Just 201 all told," or, when the hall was crowded, "I make it 370." There was a problem in all this, but it took some time for the psychologist to solve it.

A bit of friendly, familiar talk, continually renewed, did the business, for it brought out the fact that the janitor had spent many of the previous years of his life as warden in an eastern prison. With rifle on shoulder from some inclosing wall the man had counted his convicts until the habit became ingrained. In the recesses of his brain the lecture hall took the shape of a jail yard, and the audience were his prisoners. He counted because he wished to know if all were there.—Boston Herald.

The City of the Three Rivers.

The city is generally considered to be very fortunate that possesses a river, but Khartum crowns and watches over three of the greatest rivers of the world. From the troublesome jungle of the Bar el Gazel and its sudd grass, from the hot confines of the equator, the White Nile fetches its milky waters, from the azure mountains of Abyssinia and through the heat of that savage country the Nile flows to Sudan. Created in this fashion and seeming to have rushed down [illegible] rather than it does run northwards the Egyptian Nile [illegible] in return [illegible] the city only to take its course again to the sea. Khartum is built [illegible] but the whole [illegible] [illegible]. The desert has already [illegible] and destruction, and, if not quite [illegible] the wilderness [illegible] it is ever the savage country that Khartum must keep vigilant guard.—Marie Van Vorst in Harper's.

AN ODD CANDLESTICK.

With a Curious Reach of the Long Arm of Coincidence.

Historical students when called upon to criticise relations of events, especially those that seem in themselves unlikely, that are recorded to have happened in the lives of persons whose careers are separated by a long period of time when the said events have a very striking similarity between them are wont to regard the first narrative as the prototype and the latter as a case of transference. Sometimes this may be the correct view to take, but it is commonly a dangerous proceeding to insist upon. An example has occurred to me which illustrates this.

At East Butterwick, a village on the banks of the Trent, there lived in the middle of the nineteenth century a shopkeeper named Marshall. He was a general dealer, supplying nearly all the wants of his neighbors. Above this man's shop and adjoining outhouses was a long chamber open to the roof in which he kept such stores as he had not room for in his somewhat small shop. Among other things, this room contained a mangle, which was at the service of such of the women of the town as made him a small payment.

One winter evening several women were engaged in mangling when one of them knocked down their solitary candlestick, and, being probably of earthenware, it was broken. Work for the night was nearly over. It did not seem worth while to fetch another, so one of the women took the still burning candle—happily it was not a very short one—and stuck it into some black, dusty looking stuff which she had noticed in a barrel standing near. Soon, however, one of these good dames had occasion to descend into the shop and, encountering Marshall there, naturally began to apologize for the candlestick having suffered.

We may conceive what was the shopkeeper's horror when he heard what was the substitute that had been found, for he knew at once that the candle was standing in a cask of gunpowder. He rushed upstairs and was just in time. He made "a cup with his two hands," as he said, "so that no sparks could get to the powder," and drew the candle calmly out without uttering a sound. His words afterward when all danger was over were, I have been told, of a kind not uncommonly heard on board of keels and coal barges on our rivers, but such as are discouraged elsewhere.

In the year 1861 "The Depositions From the Castle of York In the Seventeenth Century" was published by the Surtees society. In a note in this work by its editor, Canon Raine, the following passage occurs. The parallelism between the two narratives as to the way the candle was removed from danger is very striking:

"Newcastle had a very narrow escape about 1684. An apprentice going up with a candle into a loft which contained many barrels of gunpowder and much combustible material thoughtlessly stuck the candle into a barrel, of which the head had been knocked off, to serve for a candlestick. He saw the danger and fled. A laborer ran into the loft and, joining both his hands together, drew the candle softly up between his middlemost fingers, so that if any snuff had dropped it must have fallen into the hollow of the man's hand."—London Notes and Queries.

The Charm of the Orient.

Rich and poor wear the plaited frock coat of somber hues, the absence of a collar producing a slovenly appearance, while the snow turban of the Arab and the red fez of the Turk are replaced by the black lambskin kolah and the brown felt skullcap of the peasant. You ask why the carpenter should draw his plane toward him, why the horse is backed into his stall or the boat dragged sternforemost on the beach. You notice the footnote at the top of the page and that your morning egg is invariably served with its small end uppermost. But not certainly in such trivial matters does the charm of the east reside. We are nearer an explanation when we acknowledge the release from care and artificial conventions which accompanies a relapse to the conditions of a freer and more primitive life. To enjoy an ease, even luxury, of life we could not afford at home to have a servant for every task, to ride in Bombay or Teheran when we would walk if in Piccadilly, to be free from the burdens of a civilization which has created civic responsibilities and duties to one's fellow men, to have no Young Men's Christian association to support or fireman's ball to patronize, to be able to play the role of self indulgence to one's heart's content and be, in truth, a little king—in these things, alas, for many lies the secret of this charm.—Atlantic.

Ginseng as an Elixir.

Many of the Chinese believe that when all other remedies fail and death is at hand ginseng has the power to bring back health and longevity; hence when they feel the need of it they will pay fabulous prices for certain kinds of roots. A root to be really valuable as a commodity must come from the mountains of Kirin or be reputed to have come from there. It must be bifurcated, so as to resemble as much as possible the human form, and be semi-transparent, dry and firm. Of course the larger the root the better, and as it is sold by weight it is not very uncommon for a good specimen to bring as much as $1 [illegible]. The value for such a root is in its shape, its texture, the [illegible] in which it has been cured and the region whence it came. But it must be [illegible] that out of a great quantity of roots only a very few of the kind described can be obtained, so that the average price of ginseng is even greatly less than $1[illegible] per pound.

PAYING COMPLIMENTS.

A Couple of Historical Examples In the Polite Art.

All people enjoy being complimented, though many say they do not. But this denial comes either of affectation, shyness or over self consciousness. There is no conceivable subject on which people do not take pleasure in a well turned compliment. They like one on their good looks, their wit or grace, the books they have written, their touch on the piano, the puddings or pies they make, their babies, their sermons, their everything, from the heavens above to the earth beneath and the waters that be under the earth.

Now, there is an especial art of complimenting that needs to be studied and mastered quite as much as the art of music or poetry or oratory. Compliments should never be fulsome, never troweled on, never open to a suspicion of a private ax to grind in the way of currying favor. They should be purely objective in the sense of having no other end in view than that of imparting pleasure, encouragement and the recognition of cordial good will. Still, if only humorously couched, there may be plenty of badinage and exuberant imaginative exaggeration in them, carried off with a laughter and play of sportive fancy that will relieve them from being oppressive. And yet always must they have a basis of sincerity and genuine human love.

To study the art of complimenting one needs only to familiarize himself with recorded instances of those who have been past masters in the way of doing it both sincerely and delightfully. When, for example, Turgot, that noblest of French statesmen and lover of humanity, came to Paris to greet Voltaire, he was so piteously afflicted with gout in both legs as scarcely to be able to move. "As I look on M. Turgot," said Voltaire, "I think I see the statue of Nebuchadnezzar." "Yes," said Turgot, "the feet of clay." "And the head of gold—the head of gold!" replied Voltaire. Were ever gout, decrepitude and the glory of human virtue so deliciously and magniloquently intermingled as in this imagery from the book of Daniel of the colossal statue of the four Assyrian dynasties—its feet of clay, its thighs of brass, its breast of silver and its head of fine gold?

One more example. When Sir Joshua Reynolds was painting the portrait of Mrs. Billington, an entrancing singer in her day, in the character of St. Cecilia listening to the celestial music on high, she took with her the great composer Haydn and showed him the picture. "It is like," said Haydn, "but there is a strange mistake." "What is it?" hastily asked Reynolds. "You have painted her listening to the angels. You ought to have painted the angels listening to her." "Mrs. Billington sprang up and threw her arms around my neck," added Haydn. What woman with a soul in her would not have clinched it with a hearty hug?—Boston Herald.

Nefarious Scoundrels.

No modern advertising column is likely to contain an advertisement as vigorous in its language as one published in an old Newburyport Herald of a century ago, threatening with "public exposure"—no mention is made of prosecution—if he should repeat his raids, the "nefarious scoundrel, void of either manners or breeding," who had stolen apples from a certain orchard.

Whether or not the remainder of the crop was spared, it is impossible not to feel that the satisfaction of seeing "nefarious scoundrel" in good black print must have proved eminently soothing to the spirit of the peppery old gentleman who penned the advertisement.

The disproportion between the language and the offense reminds one of that trial, in another old colonial town, at which a pompous judge had discoursed so eloquently on the offended majesty of the law and the wickedness of lawbreakers in general that the plaintiff, who was simple minded, began to fear the special larceny in question would be lost sight of.

"Don't ye hang him, judge!" he broke in suddenly. "No, don't ye hang him! Mebbe he deserves it for goin' agin the law and the prophets, but I don't want he should forget he stole my three biggest pumpkins! I want he should set sorrowin' in jail and remember what brung him there. Try and forgive him his other villainies, judge, and jest you jail him for them pumpkins!"

The Lambs on the Track.

One never knows the value of an amiable deed till he knows all its consequences, and the merit of it is in not knowing them all beforehand. An engineer of a passenger train was driving through a snowstorm, eagerly scanning the track as far as he could see, when, halfway through a deep cut, something appeared lying on the rails. It was a sheep with her two little lambs. His first thought was that he could rush on regardless of them, probably without damage to his train, but the sight of the innocent family cowering in the storm touched him, and as they paid no heed to his warning whistle he pulled the air brake and sent his fireman ahead. In a few minutes the man came back with a terrified face. There had been a landslide, and just beyond the cut the track was covered with rocks. It seemed certain that if the train had gone on at full speed in the blinding snow it would have been impossible to stop in time to escape disaster. In the absolute sense the incident was providential, as everything is, but circumstantially the passengers on that railway train owed their safety, if not their lives, to an engineer who was too tender hearted to kill a sheep and her lambs.

LABOR SAVING MACHINERY.

Only Socialism Can Make It a Blessing to the Toiler.

Invention has filled the world with the competitors not only of laborers, but of mechanics—mechanics of the highest skill. Today the ordinary laborer is for the most part a cog in a wheel. He works with the tireless; he feeds the insatiable. When the monster stops, the man is out of employment—out of bread. He has not saved anything. The machine that he fed was not feeding him, was not working for him. The invention was not for his benefit. The other day a man was heard to say that it was almost impossible for thousands of good mechanics to get employment and that, in his judgment, the government ought to furnish work for the people. A few minutes after another said that he was selling a patent for cutting out clothes, that one of his machines could do the work of twenty tailors, and that only the week before he had sold two to a great house in New York and that over forty cutters had been discharged.

On every side men are being discharged and machines are being invented to take their places. When the great factory shuts down, the workers who inhabited it and gave life to it, as thoughts do the brain, go away, and it stands there like an empty skull. A few workmen by force of habit gather about the closed door and broken windows and talk about distress, the price of food and the coming winter. They are convinced that they have not had their share of what their labor created. They feel that the machines inside were not their friends. They look at the mansion of the employer and think of the places where they live. They have saved nothing—nothing but themselves. The employer seems to have enough. Even when employers fail, when they become bankrupt, they are far better off than the laborers ever were. Their worst is better than the toilers' best.

The capitalist comes forward with his specific. He tells the workingman that he must be economical, and yet, under the present system economy would only lessen wages. Under the great law of supply and demand every saving, frugal, self denying workingman is unconsciously doing what little he can to reduce the compensation of himself and his fellows. The slave who did not wish to run away helped to fasten the chains upon those who did. So the saving mechanic is a certificate that wages are high enough. Does the great law demand that every worker live on the least possible amount of bread? Is it his fate to work one day that he may be able to get food enough to be able to work another? Is that to be his only hope—that and death?

Capital has always claimed and still claims the right to combine. Manufacturers meet and determine upon prices even in spite of the great law of supply and demand. Have the laborers the same right to consult and combine? The rich men meet in the bank, the clubhouse or parlor. Workingmen when they combine gather in the street. All the organized forces of society are against them. Capital has the army and the navy, the legislative, the judicial and the executive departments. When the rich combine it is for the purpose of "exchanging ideas." When the poor combine it is "conspiracy." If they act in concert, if they really do something, it is a "mob." If they defend themselves, it is "treason." How is it that the rich control the departments of government? In this country the political power is equally divided among the men. There are certainly more poor than there are rich. Why should the rich control? Why should not the workers combine for the purpose of controlling the executive, legislative and judicial departments? Will they ever learn how powerful they are?

In every country there is a satisfied class—too satisfied to care. It is too happy to be generous. This satisfied class asks no questions and answers none. It believes the world is as it should be. All reformers are simply disturbers of the peace. When they talk low they should not be listened to. When they talk loud they should be suppressed.

The truth is today what it always has been, what it always will be. Those who feel are the only ones who think. A cry comes from the hungry, from the oppressed, from the downtrodden, from the unfortunate, from men who despair and from women who weep. There are times when mendicants become revolutionists, when a rag becomes a banner under which the noblest and the bravest battle for the right.

How are we to settle the unequal contest between men and machines? Will the machine finally go into partnership with the laborer? Can these forces of nature be controlled for the benefit of her suffering children? Will the workers become intelligent enough and strong enough to be the owners of the machines? Will these giants, these Titans, shorten or lengthen the hours of labor? Will they give leisure to the industrious, or will they make the rich richer and the poor poorer?

Dots and Dashes.

Socialism stands for clean, decent surroundings, for pure food and healthy environments. This is impossible under capitalism; hence we say abolish it!—Chicago Socialist.

The workingman has a struggle, the capitalist has a cinch.—Miners' Magazine.

Who is the dreamer, after all? Isn't it the man who thinks mankind can be individually reformed under the capitalist system when that system puts a premium on business cupidity and on selfishness?—Social Democratic Herald.

A TITLED SOCIALIST.

Lady Warwick Stands For Abolition of the Competitive System.

Lady Warwick has proved a tremendous acquisition to the ranks of the English Socialists. To an American unfamiliar with England and its deference to rank, wealth and position in society it is difficult to properly estimate how much Lady Warwick has brought to the English Socialist movement.

We have no woman in all America who, even if she did declare for Socialism, could do us a tithe of the good Lady Warwick has done for the English Socialists. We may have women who are richer, who are more learned, who are more eloquent, who are more religious and who may be as beautiful, we may have women who excel Lady Warwick in everything that she brings to our English comrades; but, admitting all this, still we must remember that under a monarchy a title of nobility when united to wealth and beauty forms a personal power unknown in a republic.

It must also be borne in mind that Lady Warwick has given no mere sickly assent to the generalities of Socialism and stopped there. She has become a member of the Social Democratic federation and is today speaking throughout Great Britain from its platforms. She has declared that she *stands for the absolute abolition of the competitive system* and for the co-operative commonwealth.

Lady Warwick has no miserable bourgeois philanthropic fuddling in her makeup. She declares the poor are poor because they have not the courage and brains to demand their rights, and she has come to them to aid them in a fight for their own, not to encourage them to be better beggars.

In the course of a recent interview, Lady Warwick said:

"I am wholly in agreement with all the details of the programme put forth by the Social Democratic federation here, including, as it does, democratization of the government machinery, abolition of the house of lords, adult suffrage, which would give the vote to all, irrespective of sex, on the basis of citizenship and not of property; abolition of all indirect taxation, free maintenance for those attending state schools, abolition of school rates, nationalization of the land, with control of labor on co-operative principles and forty-eight hours to be the maximum hours of labor for all trades and industries."

Lady Warwick also spoke of the feeding of the children and of land law reform as sympathetically and as soundly as any Socialist could desire and, on being asked what she would do if she was a multimillionaire, replied as follows:

"What would I do if I were a multimillionaire? I would spend every penny of it on the Socialist movement. For one thing, I should like to see the Socialists in possession of a big institute, with a hall to accommodate many thousands of people. In the second place, I would start a newspaper which should not be subject to the changing moods of cranks and faddists, but should be run on absolutely Socialistic lines, with a capital which would make it impossible for those connected with it to be tempted from their allegiance by any capitalist whatsoever.

"The remainder of the fortune which you have suggested I would spend in every way that would be likely to result in Socialists obtaining seats in parliament."

Economic Determinism.

In every historical epoch the prevailing mode of economic production and exchange and the social organization necessarily following from it form the basis upon which is built up and from which alone can be explained the political and intellectual history of that epoch; that consequently the whole history of mankind since the dissolution of primitive tribal society, holding land in common ownership, has been a history of class struggles, contests between exploiting and exploited, ruling and oppressed classes; that the history of these class struggles forms a series of evolution in which nowadays a stage has been reached where the exploited and oppressed class, the proletariat, cannot attain its emancipation from the sway of the exploiting and ruling class, the bourgeoise, without at the same time and once for all emancipating society at large from all exploitation, oppression, class distinctions and class struggles.—Marx.

South American Socialists.

Chile, South America, has joined the International Socialist party, and for the first time we learn by way of Brussels, where the International Socialist headquarters are located, that the Chileans have quite a powerful movement. The party started in 1887, controls four daily papers and seventeen others and has a membership of 20,000 organized into ninety-two locals. There are three Socialists in parliament and 119 in local municipal governments. The initiative and referendum is in operation in local bodies. When one stops to consider that the population of Chile is about the same as Ohio's, we are forced to admit that those South Americans have got us beat a mile, and then some.—Cleveland Citizen.

Socialism In Turkey.

Socialism is flourishing over a considerable part of the earth's surface, but it might have been supposed that the outlook was hopeless in Turkey.

A definite Socialist society has now been started at Vana as the result of this agitation. Capitalism will not have everything its own way even in the land of the sick man.—Labor Leader.

N°95

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRAISE FOR QUEEN VICTORIA

Interesting Article Descriptive of the New Swedish Sovereign Which Appeared in "Sveriges Ungdom."

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following interesting item regarding Sweden's new queen appeared in the journal "Sveriges Ungdom" in its last issue: "At the side of King Gustaf stands a queen, who has brilliant and representative qualities that it is difficult to find her equal among modern queens and princesses. Such an imposing connection of womanly kind-heartedness and queenly dignity is difficult to find among the royalty of Europe. Whether you see Queen Victoria at the royal banquet board or attending some public function—you will always find her the same inviting personage, democratic, yet dignified in manner and therefore she is the ideal queen. She converses readily in English, French, German, Italian and Swedish and her diplomacy is regarded the keenest. She possesses a most refined taste and evidence of this can be found wherever she has taken up her residence. In Tullgarn palace the touch of her hand can be discerned in every corner and she has furthermore a wonderful knowledge of architecture. And be it remembered that she is a pure Hohenzollern and is an esteemed friend to every royal house in Europe. There is no queen in Europe today for whom royalty has so much respect as for Queen Victoria of Sweden."

The minister of finance has prepared a document to show that the present laws are too favorable to the sugar industry of Sweden. The tariff, he says, is so high as to give the sugar trust a monopoly of the trade. At the same time the internal sugar tax is so low that the trust can make more money than it ought to, at the expense of the consumer. One of his arguments strikes with tremendous force. He states that when all the sugar factories are brought into the trust some of them were valued at three times the money actually invested. The government wants a sugar tax which is expected to bring $750,000 into its coffers before the end of the year. Naturally, the "sugar barons" are on the anxious seat.

A contract was closed between the Swedish and German state railways the other day effecting a co-operation of the use of the ferries between Trelleborg and Sassnitz. Sweden receives about 10,000,000 marks in subsidies from Germany and the old steamship company will now be dissolved. The new ferry line will be in operation next year. New ferryboats are being built so that passengers from Berlin to Stockholm need not change cars at all. Through this new arrangement the time consumed in traveling between the two capitals will be shortened by three hours.

That Sweden has a most liberal government can be be proved by the following item beneath the caricature of the king, which appeared not long ago in a socialist paper in Malmo, and for which the paper has thus far not been chastised by the authorities at Stockholm: "'With the people for the native land,' is the motto, and thereby he thinks he has a trump on hand. But the people have all the aces (the picture shows the four aces at the corners) and, therefore, can get rid of all kings at any time—by trumping them."

The "Stockholm Tidningen" states that John Forsell will soon tender his resignation to the Royal Opera managers and that he will be succeeded by the American barytone singer, Clarence Whitewill, who has been offered a most flattering sum of money and who will now appear in a long series of opera engagements in Stockholm. Whitewill has appeared in the Royal Opera in Berlin and in London and comes highly recommended.

King Gustaf has appointed Vollmer Bostrom, a son of District Governor Bostrom, as his private secretary. Bostrom is also one of Sweden's cleverest tennis players, and as King Gustaf is an enthusiastic tennis player, it appears that he has selected the right man for the right place.

King Gustaf continues to observe the greatest economy in everything. For instance he ordered that there shall be only four dishes at the dinner table at the royal palace instead of five. Only half of the guests that formerly used to frequent the royal palace are now invited there.

Eugene Braght, secretary to the Turkish legation in Stockholm, had the misfortune the other day to be run over by an unruly horse. He broke several ribs and was otherwise badly bruised about the arms and body.

The American minister, Mr. Graves presented his credentials to the new King Jan. 1st. On this occasion Mr. Graves also presented the new legation secretary, Mr. James J. Bailey.

King Oscar was insured for [illegible] 000 crowns. The report that the king carried insurance to the amount of 11,000,000 crowns is absolutely groundless.

The Norwegian government contemplates the erection of a new legation building at a cost of about 200,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

In Paris last week appeared the official publication of the treaty which was recently signed by France, England, Germany, Russia and Norway to guarantee the integrity of the last mentioned country. In the treaty it is distinctly stipulated that Norway cannot under any circumstances dispose of any of her territory and that the nations in question will protect her against any threatening power. The treaty will be in effect for a period of ten years, but will be extended another ten years if it is not dissolved within eight years from the time that it was signed. The treaty was published officially a week ago Thursday and the press in general comments very favorably upon it. The "Dagbladet," however, considers it very platonic and of actually little value in time of danger. A prominent socialist paper declares that the treaty is directed against Sweden. Other papers claim that Sweden has no reason whatsoever to feel piqued about the matter. The conservative press in general speaks in very favorable terms of the treaty.

According to statistics recently published the money sent from America to Norway in the form of postal orders during the year of 1907 amounted to 11,816,835 crowns, as against 9,529,058 crowns in 1906. During 1907 postal orders to the aggregate sum of 857,000 crowns were sent from Norway, thus leaving a balance in Norway's favor of nearly 11,000,000 crowns in this account. But, as is well known, money comes to Norway from America also through other channels. Thus, according to the Norwegian-American almanac during 1907 there came in the form of bank checks about 10,000,000 and through the emigration offices about 5,000,000. To these sums should be added the many greenbacks sent inclosed in ordinary letters and of which there are no statistics. During December the largest sums arrive. Last year the record for one month was broken, when 1,230,976 crowns were received in postal orders. During December, 1906, the sum was 1,123,159 crowns.

The storthing by a large majority has voted to lend the rural community of Verdalen $600,000 with which to buy eighty square miles of woods, constituting two-thirds of the community's area. The woods formerly belonged to a private family, most of the people renting their farms from it. Now the poor people of the community will take up the manufacturing of paper pulp on a large scale, the bulk of the inhabitants thus becoming employers and employes at the same time. Socialists are enthusiastic and hope that the scheme will be a success.

The skating races for the championship of Norway were held in Christiania Jan. 1 and 19. Mr. Spetherhaug, of Trondhjem, carried home the championship. His time in the 5,000 meter race was 9:25 3-5; in the 500 meter race, 46½ seconds, and 1,500 meters he covered in 2:30 1-5. Fancy skating is also receiving due attention. At the recent contest Harry Poulsen retained his title as champion fancy skater of Norway. Pair skating, boys and girls, were also on the program and their performances were very fine.

The library of H. J. Huntfeldt, chief of the Norwegian state archives, has recently been purchased by the library of congress at Washington. The most interesting features of this collection are the genealogical and personal historical works which it contains. The addition of Norwegian literature will undoubtedly prove of great interest to the many families with the Norse language on the American side of the water.

Queen Dowager Sofia of Sweden, through her head chamberlain, has extended special thanks to the members of the former Norwegian court for sending a wreath to the funeral of King Oscar.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Ferdinand Meldahl, the noted Danish state architect, and for many years director of the Academy of Fine Arts at Stockholm, died Feb. 3, eighty-three years old. Not only was M. Meldahl a great architect but he was an able administrator. He rebuilt the Fredericksborg castle, which was destroyed by fire, beginning the task in 1861 and completing it in 1885. He erected also many public and private buildings. He was the personal friend of the kaiser of Germany and Queen Alexandra of England, and the author of many books.

Prince Erik of Denmark, the third son of Prince Valdemar, is to become a farmer and with that object in view is to receive a thorough education in agriculture. Although only seventeen years old he holds very decided views about his own country. He is convinced that agriculture is Denmark's principal industry and that her success and prosperity are bound up in it. He does not intend, therefore, to follow the rule almost invariably accepted by royal princes and enter the army or navy.

The auto chauffeurs of Copenhagen have gone on a strike because a member of their union was discharged. This places the owners of automobiles in a bad position, for in Denmark it is against the rules of etiquette for an automobile proprietor to run his own car.

The Danish [illegible] has a proposal [illegible] 1907 before the [illegible] committee, to make an [illegible] of $150,000 for a [illegible] marine boat.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

A remarkable family reunion occurred at Fergus Falls last week, Mrs. Van Fossen and husband arriving from Macomb, Ill., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Maire. Mrs. Van Fossen was kidnapped from her home in St. Charles, this state, when five years old and her parents searched for her twenty-six years. She was taken to an orphan asylum at Quincy, Ill., grew up and married and finally, securing trace of her parents, made a visit to them.

The state grand lodge, A. O. U. W., in session at St. Paul, adopted a new schedule of rates after a prolonged and animated discussion. The general effect of the new schedule, with five assessments a year, is to lessen the yearly rates for members under forty-four years of age and increase the rates of members over that age. The earliest date at which the new schedule can be put into effect is July 1.

State Bank Examiner Schaefer is in favor of the establishment of a central state bank, in which a fund will be accumulated to guarantee the payment of the deposits in all state banks. He believes that the establishment of such a bank and such a fund would do much to remedy the present evils in the financial scheme and prevent the recurrence of such a crisis as that of the last few months.

In a speech before a meeting of Minneapolis bankers T. B. Walker of that city had the following to say of John D. Rockefeller: "One of the best citizens of the United States is John D. Rockefeller. He is honorable, just, square. He is also a good Christian. There is no better thumbed Bible in this country than that of the oil king. And yet how he is reviled by the unthinking."

The annual report of the secretary of the state live stock sanitary board shows that during the fiscal year ending July 31, 1907, there were inspected by the board on account of tuberculosis 18,022 cattle, of which 1,165 were killed. The report also shows that during the year 516 glandered horses were killed.

The girls' training school, for which provision was made by the legislature last winter after a long and spirited fight, will be located at Sauk Center, Stearns county. This was decided upon at a meeting of the state board of control after a discussion of the advantages offered by each of the proposed sites.

The annual report of the Northern Pacific Railway company, filed with State Auditor Iverson, shows an increase of more than $600,000 in the gross earnings for 1907 over 1906. The report shows gross earnings for last year of $14,436,563.28, upon which the 4 per cent tax will be $577,462.53.

When all the state lands and the state timber are sold and the royalties from all ore in state lands are received the general school fund of the state will probably reach $100,000,000 and the university fund $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, in the opinion of State Treasurer Dinehart.

Julius Moersch, statistician in the department of labor, has tendered his resignation to Commissioner W. H. Williams to take effect March 1. Mr. Moersch has been connected with the department twelve years and will now devote his time in preparation for the practice of law.

St. Paul spent $1,035,994 for permanent improvements in 1907, the largest amount ever expended by the city in a single year. The Auditorium, the new parks, the Fort Snelling bridge and sewer work made the total so large.

The thirty-fourth annual convention of the State Young Men's Christian association was held in Mankato last week.

OBITUARY.

County Attorney Samuel T. Littleton is dead at Owatonna after an illness of about three weeks. He was forty-nine years old and was one of the most prominent lawyers in Minnesota. Mr. Littleton was born in Missouri and was a cousin of Martin W. Littleton, who won fame in the Thaw trial recently.

Valentine Goldsmith Hush, a well known capitalist and mining operator, is dead at Fruitvale, Cal. The deceased was a native of Ohio, sixty-five years of age. Mr. Hush was a resident of Minneapolis from 1867 to 1837, where he was engaged in the banking business.

Rev. Edward L. Grussendorf, who was the second settler of what is now Fergus Falls, is dead in that city of apoplexy at the age of eighty-four years.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While unloading lumber in the Great Northern yards in Minneapolis Axel Peterson, an employe of the Northern Lumber and Wrecking company, accidentally knocked the coupling pin loose from his wagon and was crushed to death.

Ernest Young had his arm torn off in a power wringer at the laundry of the insane asylum at Fergus Falls. The arm was fearfully mangled by the machine and the young man is in a critical condition.

The three-year-old daughter of C. M. Lang, living west of Wells is dead from the effects of poison taken by accident. The child got hold of a box of liniment and drank the contents.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Brigadier General Francis S. Dodge, U. S. A., retired, who was awarded a medal of honor by congress for distinguished gallantry at the battle of White River in Colorado in the Indian campaign in the sixties, is dead at Washington.

Miss Harriet Hosmer, the sculptress, is dead at Watertown, Mass. Marble statues modeled by Miss Hosmer stand in many of the leading cities of Europe and the United States.

George Holm Yeaman, lawyer, ex-congressman and minister to Denmark under President Johnson, is dead at Jersey City, N. J., in his eightieth year.

Right Rev. Henry Yates Satterlee, D. D., for the past twelve years Protestant Episcopal bishop of Washington, is dead. He was sixty-five years old.

Charles F. Young, grand chief ranger of the Foresters of America, is dead of typhoid pneumonia at Rochester, N. Y. He had been ill only a few days.

John F. Randolph, treasurer of the Edison Manufacturing company, of which Thomas A. Edison is president, committed suicide at West Orange, N. J.

Crosby S. Noyes, the veteran editor of the Washington Evening Star, is dead at Pasadena, Cal., where he had been ill for some time.

Brigadier General Rufus Saxton, U. S. A., retired, dropped dead in Washington of heart disease. He was eighty-four years old.

Senator Asbury C. Latimer of South Carolina is dead at Washington. He had served ten years in the house and five in the senate.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Steps for the formation of a new national political party were taken at a conference of the Independence league at Chicago. The provisional national committee, of which William R. Hearst is chairman, was authorized by resolution to call a national convention to nominate candidates for the presidency and vice presidency after the Republican and Democratic parties have held their gatherings.

Kansas Democrats, in state convention, unanimously adopted a resolution instructing all delegates to the Denver convention, both state and congressional, "to cast a solid vote for the nomination of William J. Bryan for president of the United States."

The Ohio Democratic state central committee unanimously adopted resolutions endorsing William Jennings Bryan for the nomination for president. The state convention will be held in Columbus May 5 and 6.

The Republican state central committee of Illinois has adopted resolutions endorsing Joseph G. Cannon for the presidency and fixed Thursday, March 26, as the date for holding the state convention in this city.

Resolutions endorsing the candidacy of Secretary Taft for president have been adopted by the Republican state committee of Alabama.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

E. H. Harriman gained a complete victory in the Illinois Central litigation which has been in the superior court at Chicago since last October. Judge Ball rendered a decision dissolving the temporary injunction granted to Stuyvesant Fish by which 286,231 shares of stock were enjoined from being voted at the annual meeting of the Illinois Central Railroad company. This stock was held by the Union Pacific Railroad company and the Railroad Securities company of New Jersey.

The jury in the Snell $2,000,000 will case at Clinton, Ill., has been discharged by Judge Cochrane, being unable to reach a verdict.

"n," said the furrier, "came from a young seal bachelor, a youth ignorant of love and of life."

"How do you know?" the lady asked.

"By its fineness, its perfection," he replied. "The pile, you will note, is like close cut velvet. Only bachelor seal skins have such a pile.

"The bachelor seal," he went on, "has a rather sad life. The big bull seals in the seal islands have each a household of fifteen or twenty wives, but the young bachelors must herd by themselves. Let one of them attempt to marry and straightway a bull slays him. Not till he is big enough to fight and conquer a bull—not till he is fourteen or fifteen years old—can he know the delight of settling down in a home of his own.

"He leads a hard, ascetic, celibate life, only in the end as like as not to make a lady a very fine coat. All the very fine coats, I repeat, are made from the unhappy bachelor seals."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Gladstone Bull.

Mr. Gladstone dearly loved a joke even at his own expense, and he possessed considerable mimetic powers. He was once guilty of an amusing bull in a debate on the question of disestablishment. Insisting on the hold [illegible] on the affections of the people by the Church of England, he said: "When an Englishman wants to get married, to whom does he go? To the parish priest. When he wants his child [illegible], to whom does he go? To the parish priest. When he wants to get buried, to whom does he go?" [illegible] was greeted with a [illegible] laughter, in which Mr. Gladstone himself joined, adding, "As I was contrasting the English church with the Irish, the bull is perhaps excusable."

MINNESOTA COLLEGES.

May Obtain Funds From General Educational Board.

Minnesota educational institutions may come in for a considerable slice of the funds that are annually donated by the general educational board of New York city, which is backed by John D. Rockefeller and other Eastern capitalists. Wallace Buttrick, secretary of the board and formerly pastor of the First Baptist church of St. Paul, has been at St. Paul making a survey of the field. He visited most of the colleges of the state with a view to ascertaining just what is most needed to further education in this state.

The general educational board, which was organized in 1902, is for the purpose of promoting and systematizing educational beneficences. The board has an endowment of $20,000,000 and already has given nearly $3,000,000 to further education in this country.

Mr. Buttrick, during his stay in St. Paul, conferred with the presidents of the state university, Hamline university, St. Thomas, Macalester and other colleges. He is endeavoring to find out just what the Minnesota institutions need. In addition to his general observations he will consult numerous statistics and have voluminous reports from each institution to help him and the board determine just what will be done in Minnesota.

CANNOT OPEN MINOR'S MAIL

Parents or Guardians Must First Get Child's Consent.

In an opinion just made public Assistant Attorney General Weeks holds that parents or guardians cannot open letters or mail addressed to minor children under their care. This is when the consent of the minor children is not given.

The same prohibition, Mr. Weeks holds, extends to principals of schools and those at the head of colleges and other institutions of learning. Even the consent of the pupils' parents or guardians is not sufficient. The party receiving the letter alone can give such authorization.

WOMEN PATIENTS IN PANIC

Small Fire Occurs in Insane Asylum at St. Peter, Minn.

Several hundred female patients confined in the south detached ward at the state hospital for the insane at St. Peter were thrown into a panic by a fire which broke out under the building. Nearly 300 women were quartered in the ward, but the nurses succeeded in quieting them and all were taken from the building. Not a patient was injured, but two of them escaped in the confusion, but were captured later.

State Editors Elect Officers.

The Minnesota State Editorial association in session at Minneapolis has elected the following officers: President, W. M. James, Breckenridge; first vice president, S. Y. Gordon, Browns Valley; second vice president, W. H. Goetzinger, Elbow Lake; third vice president, A. W. Sheets, Long Prairie; secretary, C. P. Stine, St. Paul; treasurer, David Ramaley, St. Paul; executive committee, C. C. Whitney, Marshall; F. J. Meyst, Minneapolis; W. E. Easton, Stillwater.

Takes Poison by Mistake.

Mistaking carbolic acid for medicine Mrs. Mary Brooks of Minneapolis, aged fifty-six years, took one-third of the contents of a pint bottle of the poison in her room and died at the city hospital a short time afterwards. The woman's only known living relative, thirteen-year-old Mary Brooks, her daughter, was at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and returned to find her mother prostrate upon the floor.

Confesses to Robbing Corpses.

R. C. Russell, until recently in the employ of a Minneapolis undertaking establishment, has confessed to the police that he robbed the bodies of persons that were placed in his charge. One of the bodies, that of a suicide coachman, was robbed of $100 in money by Russell, while from the body of Eliza Odegard was taken a valuable gold watch. He has been held to the grand jury.

Man Killed by Kick of Horse.

Theodore Peterson, aged thirty-five, a son of Ole Peterson, who has been a member of the state legislature for several terms, was killed by a kick from a horse after the man had been thrown from his wagon while returning from Lafayette to his home in Bernadotte township, Nicollet county. His body was found lying in the road, about four miles from Lafayette.

Woman Centenarian Dead.

Mrs. Marie Gross, one of the oldest inhabitants of Minnesota, who was born when Jefferson was president of the United States, is dead at the Minnes[illegible] in Scott county home, of which she had been an inmate since the opening of the women's building a year ago. She lived to the age of 104 years and six months. She came to Minnesota in 18[illegible].

Admits Big Robbery.

In a confession to Police Chief Corriston of Minneapolis W. F. Brettner, arrested in [illegible] is said to have [illegible] from a safety deposit vault on the [illegible] floor of the Minneapolis Metropolitan Life building the tin box belonging to D. C. Hopkins, a land dealer, containing stock certificates and other papers valued at $80,000.

FOR GIVING REBATES

Great Northern Conviction Sustained by Highest Court.

ELKINS LAW STILL IN FORCE

Enactment of the Hepburn Railroad Rate Law Did Not Repeal the Former Statute.

Whether the railway rate law, known as the Hepburn act, repeals section 1 of the Elkins act prohibiting rebates by railroads was involved in the case of the Great Northern Railway company vs. the United States, which was decided by the supreme court of the United States against the railroad company and against the contention of such repeal.

The case was instituted in the United States district court for the district of Minnesota, which court fined the railroad $1,000 each for fifteen violations of the first section of the Elkins law.

The alleged offenses against the law were committed during the summer of 1905 and consisted in granting concessions to the W. P. Devereux company on its shipments of oats and corn from Minneapolis, this state, to points in Washington. The company admitted the concessions and fought the prosecution on the ground that by amending the Elkins act so as to provide for punishment by imprisonment rather than by fines the Hepburn law had so modified the original law as to accomplish its repeal and render punishment under it impracticable. The decision was announced by Justice White and affirmed the finding of the district court and the United States circuit court of appeals.

WOMAN GOES TO PRISON.

Mrs. Aimee Lloyd Pleads Guilty at Rochester, Minn.

Mrs. Aimee Lloyd, the famous "woman in brown," who is charged with swindling business men of Washington, Baltimore and other Eastern cities by means of forged checks and who was arrested and bound over in Rochester, this state, in December for obtaining merchandise and money from business men of Rochester under false pretenses, pleaded guilty in the district court and was sentenced to the state reformatory. She is twenty-four years of age and will remain in the reformatory until released by the state board of control.

Mrs. Lloyd, before her marriage, was one of the society leaders of Winona and Rochester, but the past few years had been spent in various parts of the counutry.

MINNESOTA IS FOR TAFT.

Such Is the Opinion Expressed by Frank B. Kellogg.

"I haven't any doubt that Minnesota will be for Taft and I believe the delegation will be instructed," was the parting remark of F. B. Kellogg, Republican national committeeman from Minnesota, as he left St. Paul for the East to take up the work of prosecuting the Standard Oil cases.

Mr. Kellogg, during the two weeks he has been home, has been in communication with a large number of Republicans in every section of the state and has heard nothing but Taft sentiment from them. He says he is convinced that 95 per cent of the Republicans are for Taft.

AGED MAN MURDERED.

Robbery the Motive of Brutal Crime Near Wabasha.

Barnard Rahmer, seventy years old, was murdered at his home three miles from Wabasha by two men. A girl who kept house for him was the only other person on the place at the time, and as she ran from the place the murderers fired after her, frightening her so that she hid in a haystack. The motive for the murder is believed to have been robbery, as some money and a gold watch were taken from the house, but a safe which contained nearly $1,000 in currency and $1,500 in certificates of deposit was left untouched. No arrests have been made.

ICE BOATS COLLIDE.

Six Persons Injured on Lake Near Minneapolis.

Skimming along at the rate of thirty miles an hour four iceboats in two different accidents were wrecked on Lake Calhoun, near Minneapolis. Six persons were injured and one of them, Vesta Stanchfield, a high school girl, lies at the residence of Dr. Russell Wolcott in a semi-conscious state. There are grave fears that she will not recover. The injured are:

Vesta Stanchfield, George Frakel, Ray Camp, Fred Burton, Mrs. Charles Alstrom and Mike De Frees.

Decision in Favor of Duluth.

The federal [illegible] court has [illegible] adversely to the Northern Pacific Railway company the case of the state of Minnesota [illegible] involving the right of the city of Duluth to [illegible] the railroad company to keep in repair a viaduct over its tracks in Duluth.

ST. PAUL
Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1908 NUMBER 10

BIG MEET OF FARMERS.

State Farmers Institute Held in This City Last Friday.

Over 500 Farmers Living in This Vicinity Attended the Meeting.

Over 500 farmers were in Thief River Falls last Friday to attend the meeting of the State Farmers Institute. It was the largest meeting of farmers ever held in Thief River Falls and all enjoyed the meeting very much.

The morning session was opened by an address of welcome by Mayor T. P. Hamre. Mr. Hamre stated that in welcoming the farmers he did not consider that the welcome should be to "our city" but to "their city," for he and all the other business men of Thief River Falls realized that upon the prosperity of the farmers depended the growth and prosperity of Thief River Falls. After the address of welcome the institute speakers—R. A. Schultz, John Carlson and Charles Hale—gave interesting talks on farm subjects.

At noon the farmers were all presented with dinner tickets and a special performance was given at the Bijou Theatre at 1 o'clock.

D. P. O'Neill, upon behalf of the farmers, opened the afternoon session. He did not believe that Mayor Hamre should be so generous in calling Thief River Falls the creation of the farmers and that the farmers were content to call the city "Ours," thus showing the credit of building a city here with the business men. Mr. O'Neill told of the wonderful resources of this county, how happy and contented the farmers were at present. He believed in co-operation and that the farmers and business men should always stand together upon all matters of public importance to this section.

R. A. Schultz, who had charge of the institute was the next speaker. He stated that two years ago he had conducted an institute in Thief River Falls and that the turn-out had been very poor. This year when he received a letter from Attorney G. Halvorson asking that an institute be held here, he did not consider the matter with any great amount of favor. Mr. Halvorson had agreed to advertise the meeting extensively, however, and he became convinced after meeting that gentleman that he would do it. He paid Mr. Halvorson a high compliment and stated that it was the largest institute he had held this year and he did not believe that any he would hold in the future would come up to this mark. He promised that he would do all in his power to see that Thief River Falls had an institute next year.

A vocal solo was then rendered by Mrs. O. F. Mollby which was greatly appreciated.

Supt. J. School Hay gave an informal talk to the farmers, inviting them to send their sons and daughters to Thief River Falls city schools if opportunity afforded it and he assured them that their children would be given the best the city had, and his remarks were greatly appreciated by the farmers present.

Miss McCrillis, of the city schools, then entertained the audience with a reading, after which the instructors took charge of the meeting again.

The meeting closed at 4 o'clock, a piano solo being rendered by Miss Ramstad.

OUT OF HOSPITAL

Frank Jeffers so Far Recovered as to Be Removed to Crookston.

Frank Jeffers, of Crookston, who was so seriously injured in an accident at Blackduck recently that it was necessary to remove both of his feet, was brought down from Blackduck last Friday and removed to his home in Crookston.

While Mr. Jeffers suffered much as a result of the accident and the subsequent operations performed on his limbs by the surgeons, his splendid constitution survived all obstacles, and at the present time he is cheerful and full of hope for the future.

One of his feet was amputated slightly above the ankle, the other being left with a portion of the heel and the ankle, and both members are healed nicely; in fact Mr. Jeffers states that he is nearly as well as ever, with the expectation of the natural soreness of the wounds. Otherwise there are no serious results.

In speaking of the accident, Mr. Jeffers says that while his feet were being ground under the wheels, his one thought was to hang to the rods of the coach, which he did until he was clear of the platform at Blackduck. Had he not done so, it is more likely that his entire body would have passed under the car and he would have sustained a horrible death. After the accident, Mr. Jeffers was in terrible pain and at one time was unconscious for two days. However, the good people of Blackduck especially those at the hospital, looked after his every want and he lacked for nothing that was necessary.

Mr. Jeffers will remain in Crookston for some time, but will probably eventually return to his old home in Red Lake Falls. It is more likely that he will secure artificial feet and soon be able to get about among his friends.

Was Fined $5.

A well known farmer paid a fine of $5 and costs Tuesday for neglecting his team, leaving them standing out in the cold several hours without blanketing. He had been warned several times by the marshal but continued in the practice, hence the arrest and fine.—Fertile.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

ARE TAKING ALLOTMENTS

Red Lake Indians Want to Break Up Their Tribal Relations.

Have Been Taking Allotments Under Terms of Steenerson Bill.

Reports from the Red Lake Indian reservation are to the effect that the Indians up there are all filling allotments for land with the Indian agent under the provisions of the Steenerson bill. It is not just clear whether or not the pine allotments will be approved by the secretary of the interior, but it seems to *be the general desire of the Indians* to take their allotments and cut the tribal relations of the Red Lake band.

There are about 300,000,000 feet of standing pine on the reservation and this is so distributed that it can be divided nearly equal among the members of the tribe. Those who are taking pine allotments are figuring upon logging the same in the near future and thus provide a means of employment for themselves and families.

P. Moylan, of the town of North, whose wife and children are members of the Red Lake band, was up to the lake recently and made selections. Nearly every Indian on the reservation has now made an allotment and a committee of five has been appointed and sent to Washington to confer with the department of the interior.

May Be a Law Suit.

Wylie correspondence in the St. Hilaire Spectator:

Roadmaster Gibson, of the Great Northern railway came down on a special Monday and proceeded on the overland route to Ferdinand Gother to see and find out why the latter broke up fenced in the abandoned road bed and right-of-way of the G. N. formerly known as the Crookston, Wylie and St. Hilaire T line. It is the concise opinion of everybody along this line that Mr. Gother did the proper thing as long as Jim Hill pulled up the iron and ties and left it in such a condition that it is a veritable paradise for noxious weeds to do their best—and they generally do it—and the farmers along the line reap the benefit—of the noxious weeds. If it is in the power of the railroad commissioners, they should see that the roadbed and right-of-way be turned over to the original owners or that Jim Hill be compelled to lay steel over the line in question—between Wylie and Shirley.

May Pass Congress.

A bill has been introduced in congress to allow homesteaders to remain away from their claims during the months of December, January, February and March, and that the time of being absent shall not be deducted from the time required for them to be upon the land to gain title. The bill also provides that all persons who have once taken a homestead and for any cause failed to perfect title, may take another, except those whose entries were cancelled for fraud and those who relinquished for a valuable consideration. If the bill passes it will secure many a homesteader who has been unfortunate and has failed to perfect title on account of sickness or want of means to improve.

Personal Property Taxes.

The following is a list of the personal property tax payers in the town of Grand Plain who pay a tax of over $5:

Bettin, Carl	5 82
Clausen, Thomas	6 88
Bendickson, Louis	9 99
Bundhund, N	6 94
Beaudry, Orila	10 15
Clausen, Hans	8 21
Cook, Henry	16 53
Dau, Detlef	6 10
Dommer, John	7 61
Gunderson, Anton	13 10
Germantown Cry Assn	7 83
Habedank, Carl	6 91
Halvorson, John	5 35
Hovelson, M.	5 48
Hovelson, T. C.	11 82
Hamre, Louis	9 48
Johnson, Amund	9 03
Koutson, B.	7 08
Keptsky, —	9 38
Kafka, Frank	7 72
Kolckmann, Carl	7 72
Nelson, Ole P.	8 91
Philipp, John	7 11
Ristau, Emil	7 00
Ristau, Aug.	7 00
Ristau, Harry	6 57
Ristau, Joe	7 58
Vaughan, Bros. & Co.	63 17

Subscribe for the News.

CREMATED IN A FIRE

Prominent Polk County Farmer Lost His Life Last Week.

Entered a Burning Barn and Was Overcome by the Smoke.

One of the most shocking tragedies in the history of Polk county, took place last Tuesday evening about dusk when Paul K. Fossbakken a well known farmer residing 6 miles north of Fosston was cremated in his barn.

About 4:30 looking out of the window Mr. Fossbakken noticed smoke *issuing from the barn,* he went out to investigate. His wife followed him to the barn thinking he was all right she released all stock and when he failed to reappear in a few minutes she called to him.

Hearing no response she entered the mow but failed to locate her husband. Fearing he was overcome by smoke she hastily summoned neighbors and a nearby farmer went to the mow with a lantern to search for Mr. Fossbakken. The smoke was very dense and the lantern went out.

Other neighbors arrived on the scene and further frantic efforts were made to locate the unfortunate man, but they were without avail.

By this time the fire broke out in the haymow and the barn was soon in ruins. In the smoking remains the body of the dead man was located, burned beyond recognition.

The origin of the fire is a mystery. The barn was one of the finest in Polk County being 30 by 64. Mr. Fossbakken being engaged in the dairy business on an extensive scale and owned 25 head of cows.

Deceased was 47 years of age and one of the best known and most highly respected farmers in Polk county. He leaves a widow and a large family of children who have the deepest of sympathy of all in their terrible bereavement.

Keep Away From The West.

Don't hear good reports from the western coast states and I'm sorry on it. Times are awful out there, and I'm told the bottom has fallen out. Hear that stagnation has struck them, and there are thousands of men out of work, and even begging for bread. Everything is at a stand still, and the prospects are anything but bright. 'Tis well for Minnesota and Dakotas that crops were good last year commanding the vast amount of money they did and therefore prosperity, happiness and comfort abound. When you are told there are better times, better places, better anything than right here in glorious Minnesota, tell those who make the claim, that they are provaricators and I'll back you up every day in the year and Sundays too.—Gossip in Anoka Union.

January Creamery Statement.

Amount of cream received	19,382
Average test	23.76
Amount of butterfat	5,188.20
Price paid	32cts.
RECEIPTS.	
Butter shipped	1,639.68
Sales at creamery	260.73
Total	1,900.41
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons	1,660.22
Paid into expense fund	240.19
Total	1,900.41
Those drawing Forty dollars and over:	
P. Engelstad	$129.24
Fred Copp	54.30
Albert Meyer-Brooks	46.14
A. J. Funnesdahl	42.30
Butterfat January, 1907,	2,770.20
" " 1908,	5,188.20
Increase,	8,770

P. Engelstad.
Secy.

The Way to Get Business.

Crowd the local papers with advertising and you crowd your store with customers. Get them coming your way then treat them courteously; give them good honest value for their money—and keep it up. If every merchant in every town would follow this plan for six months, you would find the helper in the express office warming up the place with uncalled for catalogues from mail order houses.—Ex.

A Bargain

For Sale—40 acres in sec 30, town of East Valley, has:

1 good one and one-half story log house, 12X18ft., 1 frame barn, 22X22 ft., with shed 10X22. Two acres under cultivation, 2 wells, whole forty fenced.

For sale cheap, inquire of, Guerius Olson, Gerum postoffice, Minn.

DAIRY PLAGUE.

Tuberculosis, Glanders, Hog Cholera and Rabies Being Found.

The annual report of the secretary of the state live stock sanitary board shows during the fiscal year ending July 31, 1907, there were inspected by the board account of tuberculosis 18,022 cattle of which 1,165 were killed. The report also shows that during the year 516 glandered horses were killed. From July 31, 1906, to March 31, 1907, the board paid claims for cattle and horses killed on account of disease $63,409.29, and on file unpaid claims for animals killed on account of glanders and tuberculosis amounting to $29,038 80.

Speaking of tuberculosis the report says that "the disease is now demanding more attention than has ever been given it. It is the one great scourge of our cattle and swine. The disease has spread to such a degree throughout this continent that it is *a question if it can ever be eradicated.* Minnesota has put forth great efforts to prevent the further importation of tuberculosis cattle into the state. Minnesota breeders have striven earnestly in the last two years to eradicate the disease from their herds. The majority of our large breeders have had their herds tested and are making great efforts to keep them clean."

The persistent warfare against glanders, the report says, is beginning to bear fruit. Less outbreaks have been experienced in the state during the last year than at any other time.

A serious outbreak of hog cholera and swine plague was experienced during the year, Renville, Watonwan and Rock counties suffering the most severely. The disease was traced to imported hogs in the Watonwan outbreak. "One method of spread," the report states, "is due to the prevalence of hog shippers buying exposed hogs and having owners deliver to stock yards, where they are again sold to farmers. This is a pernicious habit and one that is impossible to guard against without the co operation of rail road agents."

The report deprecates the fact that it was impossible to obtain any legislation looking to the control of rabies during the session of the legislature last winter, stating that, "the prevalence of the disease is a menace to both the human family and domestic animals, and the losses and expense incurred to individuals are completely lost sight of."

A Sad Accident.

Elburn, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Durand of Stephen, met death in a horrible manner last week. Last Thursday the little fellow in company with his brother, was playing about the kitchen stove, while in the act of falling from a chair, he grasped for a kettle of boiling water on the stove, which was upset over his body, scalding him down the breast and back so severely that death followed on Saturday evening. The little fellow suffered excruciating pain until death relieved him, and the loving parents are prostrated with grief.

The funeral took place on Monday last at Stephen and was largely attended by sympathizing friends and relatives.

An Old Settler.

Mrs. P. F. Konikson, of River Falls, died on Thursday evening, February 27th at the age of 75 years.

Mrs. Konikson was born, raised and married in Swoden to Mr. Konikson. She came to Wisconsin with her husband in 1887 and they moved to Red Lake county in 1890 where they have since resided. She leaves a husband and three sons, August Konikson of Gervais; John Konikson of River Falls; and Gustav Konikson of Washington, to mourn the loss of a faithful wife and a loving mother.

The funeral services were held Sunday at the Claire church in River Falls.

No Railroad This Year.

In view of the fact that the officials of the Great Northern declare that the rails will not be laid this year on the Greenbush extension to Roseau and Warroad it is necessary that proper legal steps be taken to compel a forfeiture of the right of way and to adopt such other legal measures as are deemed advisable. To this end the citizens and farmers should get busy. A fund is necessary and it is suggested that the best legal talent be employed in the matter and a fund of from $5,000 to $10,000 be raised if necessary, to defray the expense.—Roseau Times.

Have a Patent Ice Saw.

Messrs. H. J. Fuch and J. Babst of Barnesville have invented a machine for sawing out ice from the frozen surface of lakes and rivers. It is a rotary saw, propelled by a gasoline engine. With one saw and a four horse power they can saw out 5,000 cakes of ice, 24 inches square and 10 inches thick per day. The capacity of the machine can be greatly increased by adding extra saws. The gentlemen have applied for a patent for their invention.

YOUNG GIRL IS SHOT.

Insane Lover Shot Miss Laura Flishman, a 16 Year Old Girl.

He Then Turned the Weapon on Himself and Dies Instantly.

Bemidji, Minn., Feb. 28th—Infatuated with the charms of a 16 year-old girl, who spurned his insane love, J. O. Jahnke, aged 30 years, at 9:30 o'clock this morning. Shot and instantly killed Laura Fleishman, at her father's home near Tenstrike, and then turned the gun on himself, putting a bullet in his own brain, and dying instantly.

The horrible crime was committed in the presence of three smaller children, members of the Fleishman family, who were the only witnesses to the shooting.

It appears Jahnke asked the Fleishman girl to marry him, and her refusal to become engaged, coupled with the statement that she did not love Jahnke, turned the later's love to hatred, and created in his mind an insane determination to destroy the object of his infatuation and end his own career.

Jahnke taught school at Fleishman's three years ago, subsequently leaving and living at Langdon, N. D., since then. Three months ago he returned to Tenstrike and made his home with the Fleishman's. He became infatuated with Laura Fleishman and asked her to marry him yesterday, but the girl refused. Jahnke brooded over the refusal, and when again refused this morning, he grabbed a Winchester rifle and shot the girl twice, then turned the weapon on himself and putting a bullet in his brain, dying instantly. The three smaller children in the room at the time of the shooting were greatly scared.

Our Timber Gets The Money.

The prices of all kinds of timber are gradually getting back to the old time prices of a year ago. The demand for timber seems to have greatly increased since the first of the year and the buyers are more plentiful and active. So far the source of demand for our timber has been from the saw mills located down the river and jobbers in ties, poles, posts, etc., who ship over a Canadian road.

In a very short time buyers from southern points will demand the timber in this section and ship over the two new lines of railway. Just now that demand is being filled by the timber districts located along the right of-way of two lines but that source of supply will soon be exhausted then they will be clamoring for our timber up the lake and down the river.

Just to give our readers an idea of the demand there is at present for the kind of timber that grows here we clip the following from the Baudette Region.

Would it not surprise you that a stretch of territory along the Rainy river and the Canadian Northern railway in Minnesota will sell more than a half a million dollars worth of timber this winter? Out of this one firm alone will buy stuff to the extent of a quarter of a million dollars. Talk about your farm lands ranging in price from $50 to $100 per acre. They never yield a proportionately bountiful crop. Frost, water, drouth and hail do not seem to "phase" the hardy tamarac and cedar.

In the country surrounding Warroad and Roosevelt the Grand Trunk Pacific railway thru Canada, have contracted for 300,000 tamarac and cedar ties, and about 350,000 posts.

With such an influx of money of money and such comparatively heavy exports it is bound to leave a heavy trade balance in favor of the border territory of Minnesota. These facts and figures can be verified. We are proud of the results obtained by the people living on the oft despised frontier and are pleased to compare notes with the good farmers who have secured excellent results from farming and dairying. But our settlers should bear in mind that the timber will soon be cut away and they must look to the soil for support. So it will be well to tuck away a handsome bunch of money to tide you over the transitory period between the times you are timber farmers and grain and grass farmers.—International Falls Press.

Of Course, We Have a City.

It costs a fortune to run the city of Thief River Falls. Its revenues last year amounted to $19,124, which was all spent and $900 besides, being overdrafts on funds. The indebtedness of the city is $55,300, but they have improvements worth much more than that to show for it.—Ada Index.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Langseth Mercantile Co

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Special Sale of Popular Priced Lace Curtains.

Commencing Saturday morning, March 7, the most sensational cut price lace curtain sale we have ever attempted, large assortment of exquisite patterns and beautiful designs. Price 23c per pair and up.

Every pair perfect, every design a beauty.

REMEMBER Saturday this entire lot of curtains goes without reserve. Saturday the time limit, one day only.

Langseth Mercantile Company.

HERO OF FAMOUS POEM.

"Jim Bludsoe" of the Upper Mississippi Dead.

The remains of John Jones, famous as the "Jim Bludsoe" of the upper Mississippi river, have been laid to rest at Dakota, Winona county. Jones' experience was so much similar to that of the hero of John Hay's famous poem that many believe he was the inspiration of it. Jones was pilot of the ferryboat Warsaw, which transferred passengers from La Crosse to the Minnesota side of the river in the period just after the Civil war. About forty years ago the Warsaw caught fire while in the middle of the channel, with several hundred passengers aboard, but Jones headed the steamer for an island in the center of the river and in the words of the poem, "held her nozzle against the bank until the last galoot was ashore." He was then obliged to make his own way to land through the burning boat. Although he received serious injuries he survived and died of old age.

THREE MEET DEATH.

Fatal Fire in Store Building at Hines, Itasca County.

Three persons were killed; four severely injured and four others slightly injured in a fire which destroyed the store building of V. M. Owens at Hines, Itasca county. Two of the dead were entrapped by the flames and the third, Wells Johnson, was overcome and died while trying to save his eight-year-old nephew from the fire. The dead are:

Vina Doyle, domestic, International Falls; Wells Johnson, clerk; Rodney Owens, eight months old.

The seriously injured are: V. M. Owens, Mrs. V. M. Owens, Lester Johnson and Millicent Owens.

The damage to the building amounts to about $1,500 and that to the stock is $20,000. There was no insurance on either. The village is entirely without fire protection and all efforts made were directed toward saving the lives of the occupants of the building.

INVENTED THE TELEPHONE

Dr. S. D. Cushman, Aged Eighty-nine, Dead at Minneapolis.

In the death at Minneapolis of Dr. S. D. Cushman it is not generally known that there passed away the man who invented the first telephone, his being the first human voice to ever send a message over wires, and that after nature, in the form of a bullfrog, had brought to his astonished senses the fact that such a thing could be accomplished. Deceased was eighty-nine years of age, having been born in Virginia on Feb. 16, 1819, being a descendant of the historical Cushmans who came to Virginia in 1640.

Dr. Cushman was associated in the early pioneer days with S. F. B. Morse, the discoverer of the telegraph. He was also a warm friend of Horace Greeley and one of his prominent contemporaries in what might be called the era of rapid mechanical development.

PROMOTER FOUND GUILTY

St. Paul Man Convicted on Charge of Grand Larceny.

Guilty of grand larceny in the first degree, as charged in the indictment, was the verdict returned by the jury at St. Paul in the case of S. A. Phillips, promoter, and formerly Northwestern manager and agent for the Hancock company, which had charge of floating the capital stock of the Chicago-New York Air Line Railway company.

The specific charge was that Phillips embezzled $2,600 of the Hancock company's funds while acting as its representative in Minnesota, North and South Dakota.

Judge Bunn sentenced Phillips to seven years at hard labor in state prison. A stay of execution for thirty days was granted pending an appeal to the supreme court.

DISEASE IS EPIDEMIC.

Smallpox, Diphtheria and Measles Afflict Eveleth.

A smallpox, diphtheria and measles epidemic has broken out at Eveleth and almost a hundred families are under quarantine. The epidemic came upon the town so unexpectedly and suddenly that its equal could hardly be imagined. Dr. T. V. Johnson, the health officer there, has resigned, giving no reasons, and the city has a hard problem to cope with.

Over 1,000 children have been dismissed from the public schools, due to sickness of pupils and teachers.

From Pulpit to Cell.

From pulpit to a cell in the state penitentiary is the fate decreed for Rev. Samuel White by a Hennepin county jury, which after several hours' deliberation returned a verdict finding the former clergyman guilty of larceny in the second degree as the result of charges growing out of transactions in a "loan" business which he has been conducting in Minneapolis for the last few years.

Subscribe for the News.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 2.—Wheat—May, $1.06¾@1.06⅞; July, $1.05¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.07; No. 3 Northern, $1.02@1.05½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 2.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09½; No. 1 Northern, $1.07½; No. 2 Northern, $1.05½; May, $1.06; July, $1.06. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.15⅜; May, $1.16¾; July, $1.17¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75@5.50; fair to good, $4.00@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.25; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$4.25@4.45. Sheep—Wethers, $4.75@5.15; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.60.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.90@6.00; cows and heifers, $1.80@4.90; Texans, $3.75@4.75; calves, $5.00@7.25; Western cattle, $4.00@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.90. Hogs—Light, $4.35@4.60; mixed, $4.65@4.70; heavy, $4.35@4.65; rough, $4.35@4.45; pigs, $3.75@4.40. Sheep, $3.50@5.50; yearlings, $5.00@6.25; lambs, $5.00@6.85.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 2.—Wheat—May, 97¾@97⅞c; July, 93⅜@93½c; Sept., 90⅜@90⅝c. Corn—May, 61⅛c; July, 59¾c; Sept., 59⅜c. Oats—May, old, 52½c; May, 51⅛c; July, old, 44⅜c; Sept., 37⅜@37½c. Pork—May, $11.70; July, $12.07½. Butter—Creameries, 24@31c; dairies, 20@27c. Eggs—15@15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12c.

Facing a Waterspout.

What it means to encounter a waterspout in the south seas is described by Beatrice Grimshaw: "First of all, a black trunk, like an elephant's, began to feel blindly about in midair, hanging from a cloud. It came nearer and nearer with uncanny speed, drawing up to itself as it came a colossal cone of turbulent sea until the two joined together in an enormous black pillar some quarter of a mile broad at the base and probably a good thousand feet high, uniting as it did the clouds and the sea below. Across the darkening sea, against the threatening copper crimson sunset, came this gigantic horror, waltzing over troughs of torn up water in a veritable dance of death like something blind, but mad and cruel, trying to find and shatter our fragile little ship."

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

QUITS ARMY FOR COAL OFFICE

Ill-Health Causes Son-in-Law of General Booth to Resign Position With Salvationists.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

General Booth's son-in-law, the well known E. D. Hellberg, who for a long time has been one of the leading Salvation Army commanders in Stockholm, has now resigned from his position with the Swedish Salvation Army and has accepted an agency for an English coal firm. It is also stated on good authority that Mr. Hellberg has been in ill-health for some time and that he has been unable lately to attend to his duties with the "army" in Stockholm. Mr. Hellberg is now agent for one of the leading coal firms in England. While being interviewed the other day Mr. Hellberg denied most vigorously that there were any "differences" between him and his father-in-law, as had been reported quite generally in the Swedish press some time ago.

The well known Stockholm sea captain, A. A. Stauss, also one of the leading stockholders in the machine firm of R. Brown & Co., sent in his application for bankruptcy the other day. Although he was considered to be worth over half a million dollars about six months ago, he allowed himself to get mixed up into such extensive negotiations with Elon Larsson, the "Monte Carlo millionaire," that he has lost his entire fortune and has now, after mortgaging all his property, been compelled to place himself in the hands of the bankruptcy court. The "captain" is a well known figure in the popular betting and sporting circles of Stockholm, but also had a good and solid standing in commercial circles.

Complaints from commercial institutions and business firms against the existing package and mail methods between America and Sweden have been published and also presented to the royal postoffice. A private individual in New York has a contract with the Swedish postal authorities to forward all packages going between the two countries. This system gives the brokers in Copenhagen a chance to make extra charges for brokerage, with the result that the transportation rates are exorbitantly high. It also causes delay, as the packages are gathered and sent only once a week.

General Cherif Pascha and Princess Eminee gave a dinner in Stockholm the other day to a number of their intimate friends, when the princess, after securing the sanction of the authorities in Constantinople, appeared before her friends unveiled, thus breaking an old and time-honored Turkish custom. The many friends of the Turkish princess, who thus had an opportunity to see her face for the first time, all united in saying that the princess possesses a charming face and think that it is pity that the stringent Turkish custom forbids her to show it.

Queen Victoria's health is somewhat improved and she is now in a position to take daily promenades, together with the Dowager Duchess of Baden. The two are seen together a great deal. Just exactly when the queen will make her usual departure for Italy is not known at present, but she will undoubtedly leave Stockholm during the early part of next month. Owing to the death of King Oscar, Queen Victoria has been compelled to delay her trip to the south a great deal longer than is her custom.

Professor Oscar Montelius, who has been requested to deliver a series of lectures at the famous Lowell Institute in Boston, will start for America during the early part of next October. He will give six lectures, four of which will be devoted to the subject "Pictures from the Life of Ancient Sweden," and the other two will be on "Greece." Professor Montelius may also deliver one or two lectures in Chicago.

The latest proposition in reference to the Swedish navy is to build during the years of 1908 to 1913 two first-class battleships at a cost of 13,500,000 crowns each; two torpedo cruisers at a cost of about 2,561,000 crowns each; eight torpedo boat destroyers, at a cost of about 1,286,000 crowns each; twelve first class torpedo boats of 450,000 crowns each, and four second class submarine boats at a cost of 375,000 crowns each.

King Gustaf and Queen Victoria were present at the formal opening of the Royal Opera a week ago last Tuesday night. This theater is the costliest in all Sweden and one of the most elegant in Europe. It has been erected at a cost of 7,000,000 crowns. The play given on this occasion was August Strindberg's "Master Olof."

A portrait in oil of King Gustaf, the first attempted since he became Sweden's king, has now been started by Prof. K[illegible]. The portrait, which is to be donated to the Swedish [illegible], is life size and shows his majesty in civilian attire.

Dr. O. Siren has been appointed professor of art, theory and history at the Stockholm high school. Professor Siren is regarded also as one of Stockholm's most excellent art critics.

Gerhard de Geer, a member of the Stockholm high school, has been appointed Swedish corresponding secretary of the Geological society of London.

Sir Rennel Rodd, England's minister to Sweden will in the near future move to Rome, where he will represent England as ambassador.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The movement on the part of Norwegian-Americans to present the mother country with a suitable token of the love and esteem of her emigrated daughters has caused much favorable comment in the Norwegian press in general. The object on the part of American-Norwegians is to start a subscription of $100,000 with which to purchase the proposed gift. The present is to be given to Norway on May 17, 1914, the centennial of the adoption of the Norwegian legislation. The proposition which appears to have the greatest number of supporters is to present the fatherland with a Norwegian minister's residence and legation at Washington. Helge A. Haugan, Nicolay A. Grevstad and F. Herman Gade are at the head of the movement in Chicago. The Chicago delegation will be made up of nearly fifty leading Norwegian-Americans. Those at the head of the committee in Minneapolis, Minn., are Professor H. G. Stub, of the Luther seminary, chairman; Professor William Peterson, of Augsbury seminary, secretary; Gisle Bothne, professor of Norwegian language at the Minnesota university, and Consul E. H. Hobe, of St. Paul.

Norway is about to recover its long lost medieval coronation regalia and also a number of priceless treasures belonging to the cathedral of Trondhjem. When in 1537 the great reformation menaced the Catholic church in Norway Archbishop Olav Ingebretson fled from Stenviksholm castle, near Trondhjem, to Holland, taking with him various cathedral treasures, together with the ancient coronation regalia. Archbishop Ingebretson died in 1538 and after a protracted lawsuit the treasures passed into the possession of Frederick III., Palatine elector, a descendant of whom now occupies the throne of Bavaria, in which country the archbishop's archieves were discovered. Now, after a lapse of more than three and a half centuries, these objects have been acquired by the Norwegian government and are to be placed among the state archives. Director Grosch, of the Industrial Art museum in Christiania, will soon go to Bavaria to get the highly-prized articles, the acquisition of which has been greeted with the utmost pleasure and interest throughout the country.

Again the cathedral. The government has proposed that the appropriations toward the restoration of the celebrated Trondhjem cathedral be increased 20,000 crowns per year and that the city of Trondhjem undertake to increase the fund to the same extent. This increase in the annual revenue of the restoration committee is necessary in order to insure the completion of the work by 1914, as planned, and in order to keep seventy-two men now employed. When completed the Domkirke, as it is called, will be one of the grandest cathedrals the world has ever seen. It is, as is well known, one of the show places in Norway—a building that all tourists must see.

The portrait in oil of former Premier Michelsen, which was painted by Lund and purchased by the Bergen Art museum, has been refused by the directors of the museum. No reasons for this action on the part of the directors has been given. In accordance with Ex-Premier Michelsen's wish it has now been presented to and accepted by the National Art museum in Christiania.

The English steamer "Alaska," en route from Trondhjem to Middlesborough, was wrecked off the Norwegian coast last week. The crew, consisting of fourteen men, all perished.

King Haakon has ordered coined a new medal known as the "King's Reward Medal." It is of gold and will be awarded to those who make a mark in literature and art.

Bergen's eleven male choruses will give a joint concert in the new theater there next month. It is scheduled to be the greatest affair of the season in Bergen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A recent telegram from Copenhagen states that Governor Cold, of the Danish West Indies, has resigned from his post and will instead become president of the Scandinavian-American steamship line to succeed Admiral Richelieu. It is learned on good authority that Mr. Cold's former secretary, Mr. Limpricht, will be appointed governor of the West Indies to succeed Mr. Cold. The latter has been a successful governor of the islands and his resignation from his position has caused universal regret.

Just at present, leaving consumption outside, cancer is claiming a surprisingly large number of victims in Denmark. According to reliable statistics 3,000 contract the deadly disease every year. This is an appalling number for so small a country as Denmark.

The use of liquor continues to decrease throughout Denmark. Last year [illegible] crowns less were expended for brandy than during the preceding year and the decrease in the consumption of ale and beer was in a corresponding degree.

MARION S NORELIUS.

TWO BROTHERS DEAD

Two Others Seriously Injured by Explosion of Potash.

VICTIMS BADLY MANGLED

Minneapolis Youth Drops Bottle of Explosive Left Over From Fourth of July Celebration.

Exploding potash killed two brothers and seriously injured two others in Minneapolis. The accident occurred in the attic of the C. A. Ekelund home, where a bottle of the chemical, left over from last July 4, was stored.

Clifford, aged four, who was killed instantly, was riddled with pieces of glass. Nearly every part of his intestines and liver was punctured. Herman, aged eighteen, lost an arm just below the elbow, his left hand was mangled so that it had to be amputated and his stomach was riddled with glass. He died twelve hours after the accident in the city hospital. Conrad, aged eight, suffered a broken wrist. Both he and Richard, aged eleven, were frightfully cut by glass. *The roof of the house was wrecked* and many windows were broken by the explosion.

The three younger boys had gone to the attic to play and the older brother, Herman, remembering that the explosive was up stairs, rushed to secure it. He found Clifford with the bottle in his hands and in taking it away dropped it to the floor.

FAVORS TAFT'S CANDIDACY

Republican State Central Committee Adopts Resolutions.

"We, the members of the Republican state central committee, confident that in so doing we reflect the practically unanimous sentiment of the Republicans of the state of Minnesota, adopt the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That we do hereby indorse the administration of Theodore Roosevelt.

"Resolved, That William H. Taft has our enthusiastic support for the Republican nomination for president of the United States and that we hereby respectfully commend his candidacy to the electors of the state of Minnesota and suggest that all delegates selected to attend the Republican national convention be instructed by the state convention and by the nine district conventions to support and vote for him until he is nominated."

The above resolutions were adopted by the Republican state central committee after it had fixed the date for the convention for April 16 and the date for the convention to nominate state officers for July 1. The first convention will be held at Minneapolis and the other at St. Paul.

The resolution indorsing Taft was not adopted without opposition, but a poll of the committee showed thirty-two for Taft, one for Hughes, one for La Follette and one for Roosevelt.

The committee adopted the plan of apportionment suggested by James Larson of Walnut Grove, which gives a convention of 1,128 delegates. The representation is based on the average vote in 1906 for state officers and allows one delegate for each 200 votes plus five at large for each county.

BANK ROBBERS GET $3,000

Burglars Loot Institution at Clear Lake, This State.

The First State bank of Clear Lake, south of St. Cloud on the Northern Pacific, was blown by cracksmen. The burglars secured $3,000 in currency. The safe and vault were wrecked and the damage to the building amounts to $1,000. The bank carried ample burglar insurance. The cracksmen made their escape on a hand car. No one in the little town was aroused by the explosion.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY RESULTS

Young Woman Near Tenstrike Refuses to Marry Suitor.

E. O. Jahnke, a schoolteacher, aged thirty, murdered Miss Laura Fleischman at the home of her father near Tenstrike and then shot himself, both dying almost instantly. The double crime was committed with a Winchester rifle in the presence of three small children. The young woman had refused to marry Jahnke, which was the motive for the killing.

Cremated in His Room.

C. J. Peterson, aged sixty years, who lived alone in a poor room in the third story of the Scandinavian Benevolent Society building at Red Wing, was burned to death in a fire which broke out in that building. When the firemen reached the scene they broke into his room through the dense smoke and found Peterson's lifeless body, badly charred, on the floor.

Goes to Prison for Life.

After an all night session the jury in the [illegible] case at International Falls returned a verdict of murder in the first degree as charged in the indictment. Judge Stanton sentenced [illegible] to life imprisonment. [illegible] last August killed a negro named William [illegible] during a dispute over a logging contract settlement.

THE BELL IN THE SEA

How Ocean Liners Hear Their Way In Thick Weather.

FOG SIGNALS UNDER WATER.

Method by Which the Submerged Gong Is Operated and the Apparatus by Which the Sound Is Picked Up Miles Away—Port and Starboard Lights.

To those who go down to the sea in ships probably no discovery in recent times has been of more importance or tends more to save life than that of the possibility of signaling from ship to ship and from ship to shore by sound, writes Sidney F. Walker in the London Mail. It literally, when fully developed, will enable steamers to "hear" their way under all conditions of weather and particularly in fog just as well as they now see their way on clear nights by the aid of the lights that each ship carries and those distributed round the coast of every civilized country.

The whole apparatus hinges upon the *fact that water is a good conductor* of sound. The readiest example of this of which the writer is aware is to be found usually at mineral baths. There is nearly always pumping going on in connection with the baths, but under ordinary conditions the pump is not heard. When undressing, for instance, to enter the bath one can very rarely hear the pump, but immediately one is in the bath if one places one's head under water the pump is almost painfully evident, and an engineer could easily count the strokes had he a watch at hand.

For signaling purposes a bell is employed, immersed some distance under the water and inclosed in a chamber, the hammer being worked by compressed air operated from the surface. The sound of the strokes on the bell is transmitted to a distance of several miles and can be heard by suitable apparatus. The hearing apparatus consists of a microphone, a modification of that we use every time we speak to the telephone, inclosed in a chamber inside the ship and connected with the bridge by wires in the usual way. The microphone chamber is filled with a special liquid which the inventors have found to answer the purpose best, and there are, as at present arranged, one chamber and one microphone on each bow below the water line. In the chart house on the bridge are a pair of telephone receivers, similar to those we put to our ears when we talk through the telephone on shore, and a switch, enabling the receivers to be connected to either of the two microphones.

Several of the lighthouses on the coast of America and some, the writer believes, on that of the United Kingdom are fitted with bells as described above, which are rung at certain intervals, each lighthouse having a different number of beats, so that any particular lighthouse is distinguished by its bell, just as in clear weather it is distinguished by the arrangement of its lights. An approaching ship can tell within a very close approximation, as mathematicians would say, how it lies with regard to the lighthouse, because the bell will be heard loudest in that microphone on the side of the ship on which the lighthouse is, and the officer of the watch can steer accordingly.

All ships carry a red light at night on the left hand, or port, side and a green light on the right hand, or starboard side, while all steamers carry in addition a white light showing on both sides. Neither of the lights can be seen astern or for some distance toward the bows, the limit being what sailors call two points abaft the beam, a little astern of her middle point, so that when approaching a ship from astern no lights are visible to the approaching ship, but her full lights are visible from the ship approached.

When two ships are approaching each other from opposite directions end on, each ship will see the other's two or three lights and can easily steer to keep out of each other's way. There is a simple rule for this, and incidentally it may be mentioned that the danger is least in this case, provided that both ships are properly handled. The danger of collision arises principally from ships crossing each other, and for this also there are simple rules governed by what is called the rule of the road. Leaving out the question of sailing ships for the moment, the ship which has the other, the crossing ship, on her own right hand (starboard) side has to keep out of the way, and it does so by turning slightly to the right, or to starboard, presenting her left side to the other ship.

Whenever a ship has to give way to another the color of the light of the other ship is on the same side as that to which the helm must be moved. Thus when a red light is seen on the right hand (starboard) side the helm is put to port, the side of the light seen. Similarly when a sailing ship is crossing from port to starboard, showing her green light, that carried on her starboard side, the steamer puts her helm to starboard to clear. This rule could be followed quite as easily with sound signals.

Recommendation.

"It seems to me that I have heard most of the ideas advanced in your speech before."

"That," said Senator Sorghum, "merely goes to show that they are good ideas which will stand wear and tear."—Washington Star.

A LEAP TO FAME.

The Story of a Stuffed Cat In the Smithsonian Institution.

In the Smithsonian institution at Washington is a case containing a stuffed cat. A card attached to the case, setting forth the reasons why this particular feline is known to fame, gives official sanction to a tale that is in every respect as remarkable as any emanating from the nature fakirs. The story of the cat is as follows:

Many years ago, while the Washington monument was still in an unfinished condition, an adventurous and patriotic cat ascended the interior of the shaft by means of the ropes and scaffolding. When the workmen arrived at the upper landing the next morning and began to prepare for the day's work the cat took fright and, springing to the outer edge, took the leap of over 500 feet to the hard earth below.

In the descent, which was watched closely by the workmen, the cat spread herself out like a flying squirrel, fell slowly and alighted, as cats always do, on all fours. After turning over on the soil a few times as if dazed she prepared to leave the grounds. She had proceeded almost beyond the shadow of the monument when a stray terrier pounced upon and killed her.

One of the workmen rescued the remains of the cat and turned them over to the Smithsonian institution, which caused the skin to be mounted and placed under the glass case.—Youth's Companion.

SOUND WAVES.

The Way They Are Deflected by Atmospheric Causes.

One of Uncle Sam's scientists at Washington gives an interesting explanation of the action of the wind in preventing the spread of sound toward the direction from which the wind comes.

It is, he claims, not the wind, as such, that prevents sound from traveling against it, but differences in the strength of the wind. If, for instance, the wind is stronger above than below or stronger at one side, its effect will be to tilt the sound waves in one direction or another.

Differences of temperature in the air also cause deflection of the waves of sound. Other atmospheric causes exist which deflect sound from a straight course and prevent it from going as far in certain directions as it may have been expected to go.

Some of the sirens in this country, says the scientist, produce sounds which ought theoretically to be audible at a distance of 1,500 miles, but, in fact, the authorities are satisfied if they are heard only two miles away. The reason for the discrepancy between calculation and experiment was probably atmospheric deflection of the sound.—Minneapolis Journal.

Coughs.

Every person who coughs should not alarm himself with the idea that he is in a bad way. Experience has convinced us of a fact that there are two distinct kinds of coughs—one proceeding from an affection of the lungs and air tubes, as in a cold, the other proceeding from effervescence in the stomach. The lungs cough is a symptom which all know to require attention, lest serious consequences ensue. The stomach cough is a much more simple matter and may easily be got quit of. It is caused by the food and drink which are put into the stomach effervescing and producing an irritation. A knowledge of this fact ought to lead persons so affected to ponder a little on the nature of their ailment and the tone of their digestive powers.

The Underdog.

Underdoggism does not arise wholly from condition (you find underdogs in the very seats of the mighty), but from a winsome quality of mind which is inherent. You may know the underdog by a certain negative attitude, an absence of assertion, a denial of superiority, a smiling air of seeing the humor of the situation, a droll hint of a wink at his own discomfiture. Some of them, it is true, do make the mistake of trying to be something else. They put on an imposing front and in a momentary flood of favor and fortune pose as dogs rampant. Yet even in that lofty attitude the tail may be observed between the legs.—Atlantic.

Expert Tattooers.

The inhabitants of the Marquesas islands are among the most expert tattooers on earth, and not even the crown of the head, the fingers and the toes are exempt from the needle. The hands are ornamented with utmost care, all the fingers having their own pattern, so the hand would look as though incased in a tight fitting glove were it not for the finger nails of enormous length which complete the hand adornment of the wealthier natives.

Couldn't Hear It.

A man who was charged at the Willesden police court with intoxication and using bad language pleaded guilty to the first part of the charge, adding: "As to the language, I know nothing about that because I'm deaf."—London Express.

Caught.

"My dear, you grow prettier every day."

"And stingier, John. Compliments are all very well, but I'd like to see a little ready cash occasionally."—Washington Herald.

One More Right.

Mistress — Many a married woman envies you your place here as cook for us, Bridget. Cook—Yes'm—'cause I can leave and they can't. — Lippincott's.

MAKE BELIEVE GIFTS.

A Curious Custom at the Courts of East Indian Princes.

There is a curious custom at the courts of the Indian princes. When a British officer or a physician calls upon a rajah he is shown into the reception or throne room, where sits the rajah, surrounded by the great state officers. After the exchange of the usual salutations one of the officers brings in a tray on which are displayed jewels and golden ornaments studded with valuable stones, perhaps worth £50,000 or more. The trayful of valuables is supposed to be a present from the rajah to his visitor, and it is offered first to the gentleman, who, inclining his head, touches the edge of the tray with the tips of his fingers, and it is then passed over to the lady, who invariably accompanies the British officer, if he is married, on such occasions. She follows the example of her husband, and the tray and its contents are then returned to the jewel room. In lieu of the unaccepted jewels a long necklace of tinsel, of little value, is placed around the neck of each, where it remains during their stay within the palace. There is a very strict law against any British officer accepting a gift from a native prince. Even when a doctor may have performed some serious operation upon a rajah, who, being grateful, wishes to give—*exclusive of a money fee*, varying from £200 to £1,000, according to the operation performed—a present of a shawl, golden cup or some similar valuable, the doctor must obtain special permission from the viceroy before he dare accept the present. If any officer accepts a gift of any value without such permission he may have to resign. This rule was made because in the old days, when the East India company governed India, an officer's pickings and the presents often extorted from the rajahs were worth much more to him than his salary.—London Tit-Bits.

THE LAST MAN SHAVED.

An Explanation by the Barber That Did Not Quiet His Nerves.

There were five of us hunting and fishing in the Queensland bush when one rainy day a stranger appeared. He said he was a tramp barber, and as none of us had been shaved for a fortnight we gave him half a day's work.

About four hours after he had left us a band of six men rode up, and the leader inquired if we had seen a tall, roughly dressed man pass that way. We told him of the barber, and he looked from man to man and exclaimed:

"Good gracious, but you are all freshly shaved!"

"Yes, we gave the barber a job."

"And he shaved each one of you?"

"He did and did it well."

"Boys, do you hear that?" shouted the man as he turned to his companions.

"What of it?" asked one of our party.

"Why, he went insane yesterday and cut a man's throat in his barber's chair over at Unadilla, and we're after him to put him in an asylum."

They rode away at a gallop and next morning returned to our camp with the man, who had been captured after a hard fight and was tied on his horse. He seemed to remember us when he was given a drink of water, and as he handed the cup back he quietly observed:

"I say, gentlemen, please excuse me. I meant to finish off the last man who got shaved, but I got to thinking of something else, and it slipped my mind."—Cape Times.

Beacon Fires In China.

In China such beacon fires as spread the alarm of the Spanish armada through England used to be the call to war. Many years ago, the story goes, the emperor sat with a beautiful woman looking toward the beacon hills. She would like to see those waiting piles lighted, and upon her insistence the thing was done. The greatest excitement prevailed throughout the provinces, and troops came hurrying in from all sides. When the leaders learned that no danger menaced, that the fires were lighted to satisfy the whim of a woman, their wrath fed on their lost confidence, and with the actual call to arms the response was slow and unenthusiastic. It was a repetition of the old story in Webster's spelling book. "Wolf" had been cried too often.

Antiquity of the Mortgage.

The legal document known as a mortgage can be traced as far back as the dawn of authentic history. The mortgage comes directly down to us from the Romans, but its antiquity is much more remote than the Roman nation. The Greeks, Carthaginians, Persians, Egyptians, Babylonians, all knew of the mortgage and daily used it in their business transactions. It is safe to say that the custom of giving mortgages is practically as old as settled human society.—New York American.

More Than Luck.

"Do you believe in special providence?"

"Sure! When I was a boy the school I attended was struck by lightning one night and burned!"

"Nothing special about that."

"Oh, but it was just the night before the circus came to town!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Filial Obedience.

"Harold," she murmured in his ear, "mamma says I mustn't encourage you to come here so often, and I have to do as she tells me, of course, but you don't need any encouragement—do you, dear?"

How poor are they that have no patience.—Shakespeare.

BEAU FIELDING.

He Was the Enigma of English Social Life In His Day.

Beau Fielding was a young man of fashion in the reign of William III. His house was sumptuously furnished, his hunters, hacks and racers were of great value, and "he kept a table of princely hospitality." He had no ostensible source of income. All that was known of him was that he was the fifth son of Thomas Wilson, an impoverished gentleman of Leicestershire. Evelyn describes him as a very young man, "civil and good natured, but of no great force of character," and "very sober and of good fame." All attempts to discover his secret were vain. "In his most careless hours of amusement he kept a strict guard over his tongue and left scandal to conjecture what it pleased."

He redeemed his father's estate and portioned off his sisters and when remonstrated with on his extravagance replied that, however long his life should last, he would always have enough to live in the same way. Some said it was he who had robbed the Holland mail, for which another man had suffered; others that he depended upon the gambling table, though he never played for large sums. He was the enigma of social life till his career was cut short by a duel. His adversary was at that time a young man about town like himself, John Law, who afterward became the founder of the famous Mississippi scheme by which half of France was ruined. When the mysterious Beau died he left only a few pounds behind him and not a scrap of evidence to enlighten public curiosity.

HOT POTS OF HEBER.

The Curious Natural Formations Found In Utah.

Of ever increasing interest to natural curiosity seekers are the hot pots, about three miles from Heber City, Utah, on a branch line of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, running up through picturesque Provo canyon.

This region is a level plain, upon the surface of which arise in strange confusion numbers of conical shaped cisterns, the largest of them being all of fifty feet high, a hundred feet in diameter at the top and twice that at the base and containing in their dark depths immense volumes of water heated to a high temperature in the furnaces of the earth. The waters contain the usual chemical properties of thermal springs and are used for bathing and drinking with excellent effects.

These pots have evidently been formed by the slow deposition through countless centuries of the silica and soda which enter into the composition of the waters that once welled over the rim. The hot pots are found in the midst of cultivated fields and thriving orchards notwithstanding the peculiar rocklike soil composition.

One of the marked peculiarities of the region is the hollow, rumbling sound caused by carriages and horses as they move over the roadways for miles around. "Is there an enormous cavern just below the surface and will it ever cave in?" is the anxious inquiry of every visitor alarmed at the strange underground sounds.—Exchange.

Sweet Cane From a Far Country.

It has been supposed that sugar cane was the "sweet cane from a far country," mentioned in Jeremiah vi. 20, and in Isaiah xliii. 24. According to Strabo, Nearchus, the admiral of Alexander the Great, describes a kind of "honey" from an Indian "reed" which was probably sugar cane. Europe seems to be indebted for the plant to the Saracens, who introduced it into Rhodes, Cyprus, Sicily, Crete and Spain in the ninth century. The crusaders of the twelfth century found it in Syria. The Spaniards and Portuguese carried it to Madeira and the Canaries in the fifteenth century, and on the discovery of America it was taken to the West Indies.—New York American.

Real American Aristocracy.

It was through the Declaration of Independence that we Americans acknowledge the eternal inequality of man, for by it we abolished a cut and dried aristocracy. We had seen little men artificially held up in high places and great men artificially held down in low places, and our own justice loving hearts abhorred this violence to human nature. "Let the best man win." That is America's word. That is true democracy. And true democracy and true aristocracy are one and the same thing. —Owen Wister in "The Virginian."

An Embarrassing Explanation.

"Why do you charge me 25 cents when your sign says, 'First class hair cut, 15 cents'?" demanded the indignant customer. The small French barber shrugged his shoulders and lifted his eyebrows.

"Pardon, monsieur," he returned softly, "but it is not all who come to me that have the first class hair."

Collections.

"My collection," said the numismatist proudly, "is worth $10,000 and every coin genuine."

"Mine," said the minister sadly, "is worth about $7.63 a Sunday, and I have to take my chances on the coins being good."—Cleveland Leader.

Would Take a Chance.

"Not a cent," replied the rich man coldly. "Money is not good for the poor."

"Well," responded the applicant, "just pretend that you have a grudge against me."—Exchange.

When faith is lost and honor dies, the man is dead.—Whittier.

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QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

Physical Geography.

The following answer was recently given in a geography examination in reply to the question, "From what direction do most of our rains come?"

Most of our rains come straight down, but some of them come sideways.

A Safety Match.

"Papa, what is a safety match?"

Mr. Henpecked (looking carefully about to see if his wife is within hearing)—A safety match, son, is when a baldheaded man marries an armless woman!

A Dubious Compliment.

"It looks well, but I am afraid it is dubious," said a financier, speaking of a proposed scheme. "Yes, it is dubious. It reminds me of the Turkish pasha and his wife.

"A Turkish pasha lay dying. He summoned to him the youngest and fairest of his forty-six wives and said to her in a low, weak voice:

"'Put on your richest costume, your most brilliant jewels. Deck your hair with pearls and brighten your finger tips with henna.'

"The young wife blushed. Even in her grief she was flattered.

"'And why, my lord,' she said, 'do you desire me to make this sumptuous toilet?'

"'So that death when it comes,' the man replied, 'seeing you so beautiful, may perhaps carry you off instead of me.'"

Motion of the Sun.

Owing to the revolution of the earth the sun seems to make its daily circuit around us, which of course is not the case. But the sun is revolving about its center quite as truly as the earth is. It was one of the conceptions of that most remarkable man, Sir John Herschel, that the whole solar system had a motion in space and was advancing toward a point in the heavens near the star Hercules. Sir John's conception—as bold an idea as ever entered the human mind—is now generally accepted by astronomers, and the opinion is quite universal among them that the entire system is tracing out a curvilinear path in space, a course around some mighty center, probably at Hercules.

Good Enough to Charge For.

When William H. Scott was managing clerk in the early sixties for the firm of Cleveland & Titus, a client came in and wanted an opinion right away. No member of the firm was in. Accordingly, Mr. Scott, with some hesitation, wrote the opinion. When the principal, Mr. Cleveland, came in, he explained the circumstances and showed him the opinion. Mr. Cleveland looked at him with a smile and then read it with care. "Humph!" said he, "pretty poor opinion, but it will do to charge."—New York Times.

A Caustic Reply.

A gentleman once said to a barrister: "That was a very [illegible] father's today." [illegible] "Yes. He must have [illegible] some one." But the father overheard this remark and reminded him that the Bible says: "The ox knoweth his owner and the ass his master's crib." This caustic reply silenced the barrister.—London Telegraph.

The Rapid Rise of Clive.

The evidences of Clive's genius, said Lord Curzon, were incontestable. In nine years he had risen from being a poor and unknown clerk to be one of the most famous captains of his own or any other age.

His Early Struggles.

"Tell me about your early struggles, grandpa."

"Oh, I never had no early struggles, Johnny. I allus took things jest as they come."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Reasonably Sure.

She—[illegible] writes for the magazines.

He—She'll get 'em if she sends the price.—Judge.

He smiles best that can hurt the least.—Danish Proverb.

NATURE'S MYSTERIES.

And the Little That Man Really Knows About Them.

I seized the opportunity some little while ago on finding myself sitting next to a great physicist of asking him a series of fumbling questions on the subject of modern theories of matter. For an hour I stumbled like a child, supported by a strong hand, in a dim and unfamiliar world, among the mysterious essences of things. I should like to try to reproduce it here, but I have no doubt I should reproduce it all wrong. Still, it was deeply inspiring to look out into chaos, to hear the rush and motion of atoms moving in vast vortices, to learn that inside the hardest and most impenetrable of substances there was probably a feverish intensity of inner motion. I do not know that I acquired any precise knowledge, but I drank deep drafts of wonder and awe.

The great man, with his amused and weary smile, was infinitely gentle and left me, I will say, far more conscious of the beauty and the holiness of knowledge. I said something to him about the sense of power that such knowledge must give. "Ah," he said, "much of what I have told you is not proved; it is only suspected. We are very much in the dark about these things yet. Probably if a physicist of a hundred years hence could overhear me he would be amazed to think that a sensible man could make such puerile statements. Power—no, it is not that! It rather makes one realize one's feebleness in being so uncertain about things that are absolutely certain and precise in themselves, if we could but see the truth. It is much more like the apostle who said: 'Lord, I believe. Help thou my unbelief.' The thing one wonders at is the courage of the men who dare to think they know."—Putnam's.

POWER OF WEALTH.

Money, Says a Physician, Is Able to Purchase Even Life.

The aged millionaire sighed.

"I'd give all my money," he said, "if I could buy twenty-five more years of life."

"But your money has already bought you that," said the physician coldly.

"What rot are you talking now?" the millionaire asked peevishly.

"No rot at all, for it is a fact, a dreadful fact," said the physician, "that the rich live, on the average, twenty-five years longer than the poor. Born rich, you are assured of a quarter century more life than would be your allotment were you born poor. Wealth buys you all that. And yet they say that there is nothing in money. Why, man, money buys life."

"How do you mean?" said the millionaire. "This sounds rather like nonsense to me."

"Oh, wealth protects one from so many ills. Rich babies nearly always live, but poor ones die of a hundred complaints induced by poverty. Poor babies die off shockingly. And so with boys and girls, with men and women—if they are rich. They live healthily and therefore long, while if they are poor they live unhealthily, and disease, accident, contagion, privation—all sorts of preventable things—carry them off.

"Yes, money buys life, and reliable statistics show that if two children are born today, one rich and the other poor, the rich one will outlive the other by the tidy margin of twenty-five years."—Philadelphia Record.

He Deserved the Watch.

A little boy who had been promised a watch in a too indefinite future showed a tendency to revert to the subject with a frequency which finally overcame the patience of his irate father. "If you say 'watch' again in my presence I'll thrash you!" was the ultimatum. Next morning at prayers, when each member of the family offered a Bible verse, the boy demurely gave his as he fixed his parent with his eye and repeated, "What I say unto you I say unto all, Watch!"

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The fight for governor appears to be between Jacobson and Young. That is a good place to keep it.

In New York they have declared a bank clerk to be insane because he said his salary was more than he earned. Unfortunately New York is not the only place in which people who fail to get all the money they can, honestly or otherwise, are considered crazy.

Albert Lea Times Enterprize: While a few well-known politicians in this state whom the people have on many occasions slapped into temporary quietude are now engaged in playing the kitchen game of politics, each trying to circumvent the other, and all trying to parcel out the offices among themselves, would it not prove delightfully refreshing if the people themselves once got into the game and selected a governor of their own making—just for a chance?

Two Harbors Iron Trade Journal: The crop failures of the past season throughout a great section of the Canadian Northwest has put a damper on immigration to that country and the eyes of the settler are turning to Northern Minnesota, where crop failures are unknown. It is believed that Northern Minnesota will be one of the best agricultural regions in the country in time to come, and all that is necessary to bring this about is more practical farmers to pitch in and get out of the soil what it is capable of producing.

Congressman Steenerson, who favors Taft for president, writes to a friend in Ada as follows: I sincerely hope that Norman county and the whole district will be solid for Taft; because I believe he will better fill the ideal of people than any other aspirant. He will most faithfully carry out the reform policies of the present administration and with great care and wisdom, and he is also in favor of a thorough and early revision of the tariff, besides his chances of nomination are so good that they overshadow all others. While I should be inclined to be neighborly I should not like to have my district and state through away their strength upon a hopeless candidate.

No proposition could be more absurd than that the question of who should be the Republican candidate for governor should be left to the seventh congregational district because Mr. Young and Jacobson happen to live in that district. The state as a whole should decide whom it deems best to head the Republican ticket. This leaving the selection of officials to districts has resulted in some very vicious selections. often times an undesirable element can control a district while it would be overshadowed in the state as a whole. It has been the district caucuses which have put the control of the legislature into unworthy hands on two or three occasions. Let the state as a whole decide between Messrs. Dunn, Young, Jacobson and any one else who may desire to be a candidate.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Secretary Wilson invites the superintendents of schools and other educators who are in Washington this year to take advantage of the plans and policies of the Department of Agriculture for the encouragement of school gardens and the study of plant life in the public schools. It is one of the articles of Secretary Wilson's creed that every man, woman and child will be happier in life and will make a more desirable [illegible] by digging in the ground now and then, by keeping green a piece of turf, by planting trees, by raising a few vegetables or even keeping a pot of flowers on the window-sill of a tenement-house. He considers it one of the most important functions of this government to instruct the people of the country how to get into communion with nature, and believes that the public money is well invested when it is spent in training teachers to give instruction in that line.

That Anti-Boycott Decision.

"The most crushing blow ever given organized labor," is the way an admired, but biased, contemporary describes the decision of the United States Supreme Court that a boycott, by labor unions, directed against an article of interstate commerce is a violation of the anti-trust clause of the Sherman act.

Many other newspapers have assumed that the decision is something of tremendous importance to organized labor.

It should be noted, as a great many competent observers have pointed out, that various forms of industrial activity to-day are in violation of the Sherman act. That act, as several times interpreted by the Supreme Court, probibits in the most sweeping way any combination whatever that is in restraint of trade; and as nearly every business combination that is of any value to anybody must restrain trade at some point or another, the act may almost be said to prohibit all combinations and agreements that effect interstate commerce. Yet it is well known that interstate commerce is actually carried on by combination and agreement to a greater extent than ever before. The act was meant to prevent and destroy trusts. How far it has succeeded in that every newspaper knows. The decision will no more destroy any labor union than innumerable decisions, which asserted the principle of the common law that competition must not be suppressed, have destroyed any trust.

That trade in many of its forms must be restrained in order to be profitable is certainly the judgement of the business world to day, and in this view some notable politicians are now frankly concurring. That the Sherman Act should be radically amended is the opinion of at least one Cabinet Minister and even of the President. It is doubtful whether it can be so amended as to give special powers to large organizations of capital without granting organizations of labor the same scope.—Saturday Evening Post.

The Letter, But Not the Spirit.

The Louisville & Nashville railroad has shown the other coal-carrying and coal-owning railroads of the country that there is "more than one way to skin a cat."

May 1, 1908 after nearly two years notice to the railroads, a federal law goes into effect prohibiting transportation companies from owning the commodities they transport to market. The law is aimed at the coal trust, which has been created and given power to prey upon the people by the fact that the railroads which carry the coal to market own or control the the coal fields. It is easy to see how a trust can be formed when those interested in forming it control the avenues of transportation as well as the greater part of the coal fields. There is no more chance for independence here than there is when a growing trust gets secret rebates from the railroads.

Since the trust was formed through this joint ownership system, the farmers of the law against it hoped that the destruction of the system might open the way for independence. Most of the coal carrying railroads are getting ready to fight it, and meanwhile they are asking congress and the interstate commerce commission to postpone the time when it goes into effect. There seems to be no disposition to do this, nor is there any need of doing it. The railroads have had nearly two years notice, and with the expectation named they appear to have taken no steps to comply with it.

The Louisville & Nashville, however, proudly announces that it has complied with all the law, and shows its brothers in the business how they can comply with it, too, and yet come to no harm.

Originally the title to the railroad and to the coal mines rested in the Louisville & Nashville railroad company. The railroad company has disposed of all its coal mines, and now it owns not a single acre of coal land. And yet its control of the coal fields is just as sure as it ever was. How did it accomplish the trick? Easily.

The railroad company simply transferred the coal property to its stockholders as individuals. All it cost was the price of making out a few deeds. The stockholders immediately organized a new corporation, and elected the same officials to manage the coal mines that manage the railroad.

The railroad owns no coal mines, but the same people that own the railroad own the mines, and the same officers that run the railroad run the coal mines. The road claims that it has complied with the law to the letter, and defies the government to show wherein it has failed to do so. Yet it has not disturbed its control of the coal fields in the slightest degree.

If this trick is upheld, the people, through congress, will have to devise some other way of meeting the evil.

But such evasions of law, if persisted in, are some day going to make the people so impatient that they will cut the Gordian knot by simply taking over both railroad and coal mine, thus creating a joint ownership that will not work out for the fattening of the special privileged.

Notice to Town Clerks.

All official oaths and bonds of town officers should be properly executed according to law, before they are turned in to be filed with the county officers, otherwise the clerk of District Court can not certify to the official acts of such officer.

The official bond and notice of election must state the length of the term for which the officer is elected or appointed. The Town Clerk's bond must have the approval of the Town Treasurer, and the justice bond of the chairman of the town board. Such justice must give bond in the sum of not less than $500 00 The official oath and bond of the clerk, the official bond of the justice, the notice of election of justice and the notice of qualification of the constable must be filed in the office of the Clerk of District Court.

The town treasurer's bond must be approved by the chairman of the town board and filed with the Register of Deeds within six days thereafter.

The assessor's bond is filed with the County Auditor.

C. W. Johnson,
Clerk of District Court.

Peddlers Fined.

Six young men engaged in peddling dress goods about the city without a license were arrested last week. It appears that all of the men were employed by E. P. Ripley, who was fined $50.00 and costs. Ripley did not pay his fine, but put up a cash bond and appealed his case to the district court.

J. P. Reldon was fined $10 and costs and paid the fine.

Charles Murphy was fined $25 and being unable to raise this amount is now in the city jail.

The cases against the other three, Daniel E. Pappenfus, Peter J. Hammer el and Charles T. Miller were dismissed.

Irvine Camps Closing.

Blackduck American: With the exception of the Big camp at Pine Island the camps of the J. A. Irvine company will complete their work about the 3rd of of March. The break-up occurs much earlier than last year but this is because of the favorable logging weather which prevailed during the past winter. The season just drawing to a close has been ideal for operations in the woods and without exception the loggers this year are retrieving any losses they may have sustained during the previous year or two.

Rural Route No. 2.

Rural route No. 2 out of Thief River Falls started Monday of this week. The new route discontinues the post offices of Serum and Mecter and supplies many of the patrons of Thorwick post office. It is necessary for all of the subscribers of the News, in order that they have their mail delivered promptly, to notify us that they are residents along this new route.

FOOL KILLER IS WANTED.

Lots of People Living Up North of Here Waiting for Him.

Citizens of Spooner and Beaudette Do Not Want Federal Drainage.

That a fool killer is in need and needed badly in Northern Minnesota as shown by the following "protest" sent out from Northern Minnesota against the proposed Steenerson drainage bill:

Beaudette, Minn., Feb. 29.—Settlers and business men of Baltrami county have taken a decided stand against the pending drainage bill before congress and at a meeting held here this week of those vitally interested in the subject, a resolution was drawn up in which their sentiments were strongly set forth. The mass meeting was under the auspices of the Spooner and Beaudette Commercial clubs and was for the purpose of discussing the drainage proposition as proposed for all the untaken federal lands in what was formerly embraced within the old Red Lake Indian reserve. This reserve extends or did extend, all along the international boundry from Blackduck (a confluent of the Rainy River) on the east to a point about six miles west of Warroad, a distance of 70 or 80 miles.

The resolution adapted was sent the Minnesota congressional delegation and asks that they use their power to have the northern portion of the ceded Chippewa lands excepted and excluded from the operation of the act of June 21 1906, and also the Indian appropriation act approved March 1, 1907, as well as a protest against the proposed law.

After a full consideration of the drainage proposition as emboided in the laws above mentioned and in bills recently introduced in both houses of congress it was the unanimous sentiment that they were not to the benefit of the people of these parts.

Many settlers have been urging Congressman Steenerson to advocate drainage for Northern Minnesota and this seems to have been a great demand in this state for years. The Chief legislative and land department as a whole would not consider these cries from Northern Minnesota without taxing the settlers for all this drainage—that is, the settlers who filed on government land since March 1st, 1907—and they would be taxed anywhere from $2.50 to $3 per acre plus the usual $1 25 per acre charged for the commutation proof. But the worst feature, it was said, was the fact that the settlers could not prove up nor get title to their land until the survey and great ditches had been completed and the cost assessed against each settler who had filed since March 1,1907 This is much more than an ordinary settler can pay and much more than this land would sell for at the time of proof. Then the settlers could not hope to get title to their land in less than 10 years, judging from history in similar matters. This latest plan is bodied in a pending bill.

A great per cent of the land in northern Beltrami county, say 60 per cent, is covered with a deep layer of decayed vegetation and moss and is undoubtedly the most fertile land in Minnesota. If this was drained too extensively it would cost great areas to burn two or three feet down into the clay subsoil, running the territory. These lands which are proposed for drainage are very high and the slope is from two to five feet to the mile, affoarding good drainage as soon as roads are put in and the settlers clear off the timber.

It was also thought that the state is fully able to take care of the drainage whenever necessary.

Farmers, settlers and business men from Warroad, Swift, Roosevelt Williams, Graceton, Pitt, Beaudette, Spooner Clementson and Frontier as well as from the Lake of the Woods, numbering in all 300, voiced their opinions against the drainage issue.

It was also urged at the gathering that congress dispose of all the pine forties which have been reserved and most of which have but little pine on them, be sold and a chance be given the settlers to get them. This is the best land, being along streams, and is a means of keeping the settlers scattered.

Attorney Middleton was elected chairman of the conference Attorney Geo. E Erickson, secretary. Among the speakers were Albert Berg, president of the Spooner Commercial club and mayor of that town, C. E. Middleton, George E. Erickson, Harry Curry, H. P. [illegible] and W. B. Eiven of Pitt, Editor Huse of Spooner and Editor [illegible] of Beaudette, besides a number of other people who spoke to leave off drainage as proposed.

Change Is Made Today.

W. B. [illegible] on Tuesday severed his connection with the Hotel Roosevelt and removed with his family to the [illegible] Meehan block. The new proprietor, George W. Harris, of Virginia, who purchased the property of James Meehan, will arrive in the city today and open up the hotel.

ACTIVITY IS RENEWED.

Considerable Stir Is Reported in the Rainy Lake Gold Fields.

Railroad Facilities Said to Have Made a Change in the Conditions.

Reports brought by people who have been in the Rainy Lake region within the past several weeks indicate that there is considerable activity being shown there in the way of sales and options on lands, and the rumor is current that large interests are quietly at work securing control of properties there with a view of pushing the development of the Rainy Lake gold fields, which was dropped several years ago.

Along in the early '90s there was a big stir in the Rainy Lake gold fields. A number of companies were organized for development purposes and considerable stock was sold.

The gold excitement, however, seemed to die a natural death.

At the time the excitement was the highest there was a constant stream of people and supplies going into the Rainy Lake country through Tower, by the Vermilion lake route, the only available route into the country at that time.

There were no railroad facilities, and everything had to be transported by boat a portion of the way and then toted over a rough trail the remainder of the distance. The cost of getting machinery and supplies to the district was enormous, and the promoters of the various mining industries finally gave up the struggle.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company, on the Canadian side of the boundary, and the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road on the American side of the line, will, it is claimed, revolutionize matters in the Rainy Lake country. It is claimed that there are thousands of acres of land from some of which ores have been taken with gold running in value from $2 to $12 per ton, and the transportation facilities now offered in the way of railroads are likely to arouse new interest in the field.

Creamery Industry Status.

It may be interesting to consider just what the condition of the creamery industry is at the present time. Without burdening our readers with a mass of comparative statistics we will simply state that the creamery industry was never in so satisfactory a condition before. In some localities local conditions have been responsible for the closing down of creameries, and it is natural that people living in such communities should arrive at the conclusion that conditions there are indicative of what prevails over the country.

It is a great mistake to draw such conclusions. The great majority of our creameries depend upon local trade and when the local supply of raw material fails there can be but one result.

The creameries of the country are becoming better established as the years go by. The old frame buildings are giving way to modern brick structures and a better equipment follows as a matter of course. Creamery boards and managers are becoming more competent to conduct the affairs of business and buttermakers are becoming more competent. Creamery patrons are learning more about economical milk production and have learned that the creamery is the most valuable business institution in which they are interested. The territory of dairying is constantly enlarging and many new creameries are being established. Judging by the past and the condition of the creamery business of today, one can not fail to become convinced that dairying and the home creamery are to stay with us and become more and more important in the business world as the years go by.—E. K. Slater, in Northwestern Agriculturist.

WORK IS COMMENCED.

Sufficient Power for the New Electric Line Can be Secured.

Committee Starts Out Today to Select a Suitable Route.

The stockholders in the recently incorporated railroad company which is to build a line from Thief River Falls into the country northeast of here, held a meeting Monday evening.

Milton Forder, Robert McGinn and L. M. Hoag, the committee appointed to look up a suitable water power to furnish electric power for the new road, reported that a dam could be built across the Red Lake river two miles south of town that would furnish a twelve foot head, or four miles south of town one could be built that would develop a 17 foot head. Very little land would be injured by overflow, and the cost of building a dam would not be great as there was a good foundation. A sufficient amount of power could be secured to not only run the proposed electric line, but to also furnish power for the city's electric light plant.

Today the committee appointed to select the right-of-way—D. P. O'Neill, Math Barzen and Olaf Ramstad—start to work. They will go into the county northeast of here and select several routes. It is the intention to build the line into the timber county northeast of Thief River Falls and it is quite likely that the end of the road will be some point on the Rainy River. The committee expects to be absent for about ten days.

Prices Attract the Buyer.

Merchants who advertise prices attract the eye of the reader and the buyer. That's what the big fellows in the city do and that's the reason the catalogue houses secure a big trade. People read these prices and imagine they are lower than those of the home merchants, simply because the latter do not persistantly and everlastingly keep the price before the public. Our home merchants can sell goods exactly as cheap as the catalogue houses and will do it. But they should bear in mind the necessity of advertising prices.—Stillwater Gazette.

Young Man Dead.

Henry Sponheim, the seventeen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Sponheim died at his parents residence on the east side Sunday evening of heart failure, caused from the effects of scarlet fever. The body was buried Monday and the funeral services will be held later in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church. The deceased was one of the pupils of the public schools of this city and was decidedly popular with his classmates. His parents will have the sympathy of all in his untimely death.

The Farmers' Short Course.

The six weeks short course at the Minnesota Agricultural School is drawing to a close, and it has been a very successful one. The class includes nearly one hundred and fifty bright, progressive farmers who have taken advantage of the dull season on the farm to add to their knowledge of agriculture. Plan on attending the short course at your state school next winter.

"Soo" Business at Warren.

Agent Chadle reports selling on an average of 1,300 tickets a month, while it is estimated about 10,000 people get off the Soo trains here during the month. It is plain, according to the figures that the Soo has made a large increase in the amount of travel to and from this city and the need of a bigger and more modern hotel is becoming more urgent every day.—Warren Sheaf.

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	98c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 01
Barley	50c
Eggs	20c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city the first of the week.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

House for sale or rent, Inquire of O. Tessum feed store.

Mrs. Kidder was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Martin on Monday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

For Sale—Good second hand piano or will trade for cows. See Hager the Land man.

A. C. Kvennes, the Middle River banker, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

Martin Bothun and wife spent Sunday at Middle River visiting with friends.

Fifteen horses were condemned for glanders, in one of the Moorhead livery barns, recently.

Settlers coming back from Canada and western Dakota are locating over in Mahnomen county.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

For Sale:—Three heavy oxen. Inquire of H. R. Leslin, Anton, Minn. twelve miles east of Thief River Falls.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis Monday to spend a few days looking after business matters.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Hawley the first of the week attending to business matters.

Restaurant men are being convicted for using skim milk in oyster stews—which is unlawful, unless so ordered.

Editor Bakko, of the Newfolden Review, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

T. E. Glines, living up near Thief Lake and a father of G. E. Glines, the painter, of this city died the first of the week.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart, and son John, who had been visiting friends in the city, returned to Crookston last Saturday evening.

J. D. Abbott, one of the hustling settlers of the town of Rollis, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Rev. I. T. Aastad was down to Twin Valley the first of the week to attend a special meeting of the Wild Rice conference.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Louis French, an engineer on the Great Northern and at one time a resident of Thief River Falls, is very sick at the St. Vincent hospital in Crookston with typhoid fever.

We have recently purchased the M. Bothun Pure Food Grocery and earnestly solicit a share of your business. Call up phone No. 115 and orders will promptly be attended to, and delivered to any part of the city.

Next Weeks Specials.

Selected Princess tomatoes, regular price 15c, now 12½c. [illegible] Princess corn, regular price 15c, now 12½c. Capitol quinces, regular price, 25c, now 20c. Van Camp's squash, regular price, 12½c, now 10c. Capitol brand pine apple, regular price, 25c, now 17c. One pound package Vim coffee, 25c. One pound package Princess Coffee, [illegible] One pound package Golden West Coffee, 35cents.

These are our leading brands of canned goods and coffees. We handle a complete line of extra fancy crackers for afternoon lunches, also fruits, and crockery.

DOCK & NELSON.
Successors to M. Bothun.

Mrs. S. Torrison, of Fisher, and Mrs. Joe Tagley, of Mentor, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. Ole Torrison, returned to their homes Monday.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock services in Silverton. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

At a meeting of the Independent Grain Shipper's Association, in Fargo, this week, a committee was appointed to provide for the building of a terminal elevator at Duluth, Minneapolis or Superior.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins returned to this city Monday from Rochester, where Mrs. Stebbins had been to receive treatment. Her many friends in the city will be pleased to learn that she is entirely well.

Farmers build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We can furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

Mr. Engstad, who bought the John Sullivan farm accross the river from Sunbeam is going to build on the land this spring and will make his home here. This is the start on the second crop of settlers, and this land will soon all be occupied by actual residents, that has been proved up on and abandoned.—Sunbeam.

We heard on the street the other day of a man who claimed he was too poor to take his home paper, but all the same he read a notice in some paper telling how to prevent a horse from slobbering and sent $1.50 for the receipt, says an exchange. When the $1.50 worth of information came it read: "Teach the horse how to spit."

C. A. Robbecke last week received from Germany, a portrait of his father which he values very highly. The portrait was painted by a brother of Mr. Robbecke, who is one of the famous artists of Europe, having painted portraits for the German Kaiser and other members of the royal family of Germany. It is a great work of art and is highly prized. Mr. Robbecke's father is 81 years of age.

Leonard Peterson was down to Minneapolis last Friday and Saturday attending a meeting called for the purpose of organizing the Minnesota Central Stationmen's association. A large number were in attendance and Mr. Peterson was elected second vice president of the association and also a member of the committee on by-laws and constitution. The organization is for the purpose of promoting the general welfare of the electric light stationmen.

—I will rent out my farm in town of March Grove, 160 acres, 50 acres under cultivation, good hay land, three miles from City of New Folden. Write or call, good conditions. Herman Hanson, Thief River Falls, Minn. Box 389.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land, 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

We handle the very best patent flour on the market, of different brands. Also whole wheat flour, graham, corn meal, oatmeal, etc. Feeds of all kinds, garden and field seed, baled hay, by the bale or carload. You are cordially invited to call. Prices are right. Prompt delivery. Phone, 2[illegible]1. O Tessum.

The District meeting of Crookston District of the United Lutheran church will be held in St. Hilaire from Friday 13th, to Sunday the 15th, of March. All the pastors in the district are expected to be present. Sunday morning at 10:30 the church will be dedicated. Rev. [illegible] from [illegible] to preach the introductory sermon and Rev. Eggen from Minneapolis to preach the dedication sermon.

Rev. Olaf M. Wangenstein,
District Sec'y.

Dr. Spafford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th, Marsham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th, [illegible] Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

O. Tessum is shipping wood west on the Wheatline.

County Attorney Germo, was in the city yesterday.

Frank. Cernouseck went down to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Erick Jansson and family left yesterday for Seattle, Washington.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week.

Oscar Hanson, the genial wheat buyer at Sandridge, was in the city Tuesday.

Dr. A. Klemick went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

Eight room house, second house north of Park hotel, for rent. Inquire of M. C. Burns.

Mrs. A. Huseth and children left Tuesday for Fertile to visit relatives for a few days.

Ed Conen and family leave this week for Ballard, Wash., to make their future home.

Miss Annie Weiberg and A. Blomberg both of the town of Norden, are to be married today.

Judge of Probate, Tarrant, was in the city yesterday shaking hands with his many friends here.

H. J. Conklin went up to Middle River yesterday to look after some repair work for a few days.

Mrs. Nels Lee left Monday for Warren to enter the hospital at that place and receive medical treatment.

H. M. Hicks went down to Mahnomen yesterday to spend a few days looking after business at his branch store at that place.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet in the church basement Thursday, March, 12th, with Mrs. O. Tessum.

At a meeting of the Odd Fellows lodge held Tuesday evening, the Commercial Club was tendered the free use of the hall for one evening each week.

The United Lutheran church will hold services in Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 7:30. All are invited.

Rev. Olaf M. Wangensteen.

The Young People's society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet with Mrs. O. Tessum in the church basement on Friday evening March 13th.

State Dairy inspector Storvick was in the city Monday, being enroute to Orleans, north of here on the Soo line, where the farmers are going to start a creamery.

City Council Doings.

Not much business was transacted at the regular meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening.

Upon the motion of Alderman Ramstad, the library board was authorized to purchase $100 worth of new books for the public library.

"Dr." Blahr, the French doctor who heals the sick with the aid of gum, roots and bark, appeared before the council and asked that he be given financial aid to go to Crookston to consult an eye specialist. The matter was referred to the poor committee.

The fire department was given the consent of the council to purchase four new rubber coats and boots.

A petition from the Farmer's Telephone company asking the right to enter the city was referred to the committee on streets.

Say Jeffers May Be a Candidate.

It is rumored that Frank Jeffers is to again be a candidate for office in Red Lake county this year. A number of the friends of this gentleman living in various parts of the county have been busy of late making a canvass of the voters to endeavor to learn the sentiment of the people. Mr. Jeffers was always very popular and no doubt now has the sympathy of many people who did not support him in former campaigns. A man who canvassed Thief River Falls states that he found many, who, two years ago were actively against Jeffers that say that they would not oppose him this year.

A Very Sad Case.

Rev. Julius Schroeder, pastor of the German Lutheran church, was taken suddenly and violently insane this week and yesterday was taken to the Fergus Falls insane asylum by sheriff Nelson and Wm. McGinty. Less than a year ago, Rev. Schroeder's wife died and this is the cause of his insanity.

The particularly sad thing about the whole affair is that ten children, the oldest being 16 years of age, are now left without a father or mother. It is the duty of the people of Thief River Falls to see that these children are well cared for.

Paper has Suspended.

Harold J. Sanders, the publisher of the Greenbush Journal, this week announces that the publication of his paper has been suspended. The merchants at Greenbush gave the Journal very poor support, although the paper was one of the best equipped in Roseau county.

Notice.

Fresh milk at 5 cents per quart sold at [illegible] meat market every morning.

Subscribe for the News.

Germantown.

On a guess six inches of snow fell Sunday and Saturday so now there is sleighing in plenty,

There was a large attendance at the Farmer's Institute here last Thursday The school house where the sessions were held, being packed to its utmost capacity; and if this year will not see a larger average of production in all lines it is no fault of the instructors.

Albert Haraldson and family leave this week for Holmes N. D. where he rented a 320 acre farm. Mr. Haraldson has resided on the N. K. Nelson farm for a number of years and is well known by the passing public.

John Vaagone of Moylan township, has rented a farm near Hatton N. D., and he and his family move out this week.

School opened Monday, after two months vacation, with Miss Emma Jonas as teacher. Miss Jonas also taught the previous term.

The creamery is expected to open for business some time this week, or as soon as the work of installing the engine is completed. Henry Nelson, the new buttermaker arrived last week.

The mail from Thief River Falls to Germantown will be carried per automobile next and following summers if Joe. Duchamp, one of the bidders, is awarded the contract on the new route.

Next Tuesday is the election day. Local politics are quiet, so it appears that few changes if any will be made in the personal officials now serving.

Rocksbury.

Mr. J. O. Thorstad was a business caller at John Meehan's last Tuesday.

Many people in this vicinity are sick with colds and la grippe as the result of our changeable weather.

A sleigh-load of young people drove out from Thief River last Thursday evening to attend the debate held in school no. 73. The next topic for discussion is, "Resolved", That foreign immigration is a detriment to our country."

Miss Marguerite McAndress spent Saturday and Sunday at her home near St. Hilaire.

Miss Shrador returned to her home in Thief River Falls last Tuesday after spending some time with Mrs. Henry Pope who has been numbered with the sick.

Many of the farmers attended the institute Friday and were well pleased with the programe.

By the looks of the snow it seems as though winter has returned.

Another telephone meeting was held in school no. 73 last Saturday by all the farmers interested in that line.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Miller spent Sunday at home.

A number of the young people from this vicinity intend to attend the box social next Tuesday evening in the Riverside school.

Lorenze Hansen and John Larson are going to have a joint auction March 2nd. Soon these two families will depart for Iowa where they will make their future homes.

George Meehan has been laid up with a bad cold for the past few days.

Manor.

The weather is quite disagreeable for our free delivery mail carrier. He certainly has a fine start.

Last Saturday a dance was given at the home of Martin Kisch. The attendance was not very large on account of the snow storm.

Mr. Steinhauer received a letter from a well known old settler, Carl Buetner, who left here for Samoa a number of years ago and his friends here supposed he was dead. From Saoma he went to San Francisco and to Oregon where he is now living happily. His friends were surprised to hear from him.

Pastor Seltz came up to hold service at Manor school house last Sunday. On account of the snow storm the k y did not get there and services were held at John Meyer's place.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Feb 29, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Karen
Anderson, Sam
Bunker, J. E.
Felstad, Miss Nellie
Gilbertson, Gilbert
Iverson, John
Jorden, Mrs. Dan
Jackson, Swift
Johnson, Henry
Kjelberg, Mrs. Ida
Lee Martin
Larson, Miss Gertrude
Mamme, Mat
Oneal George
Swift, Jay

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed. G. Holm.

CAPITAL, $30,000.00

People's State Bank.

FOR YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

Save part of your income regurlarly and deposit your savings in the Peoples State Bank. Your money will be earning interest for you, working while you work but also while you rest. Get the Bank back of you, and your business will expand more rapidly.

We furnish pass books and checks free of charge. If you make your payments in checks you have a record which can not be disputed.

We have money to loan on Real Estate. We write insurance on City and farm property.

People's State Bank.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The program presented last evening and to night is one of the best ever presented at the little play house. "The Highwaymen," is a cleverly conceived, superbly enacted and exquisitely photographed drama of great interest. The effect of this picture is grand.

"Late For a Wedding."

"The Highwaymen."

Illustrated song-"Good-bye Glory," sung by Miss Elsa Robbecke.

"Deaf and Dumb."

"Japanese Vaudeville," this is beautifully hand colored.

Miss Robbecke will sing Friday a beautiful waltz ballad, "Blue Eyes."

Every lady and child will be presented with a beautiful gift at the Saturday matinee at 4 o'clock.

Time and the Man.

Some one may suggest that if Cromwell and Napoleon Bonaparte and Bismarck and George Washington and Abraham Lincoln had not appeared to do the work they did others would have arisen equally capable of doing it, though perhaps in a different way. To this suggestion there are two answers. One is that it is pure conjecture. The other answer is that history shows us many occasions when the great man was needed, and when the need of him was acutely felt, and yet when he did not appear. The greatness of some men is largely due to favoring conditions. Other men, perhaps more brilliant, achieve less than their powers seemed to promise because they were not quite in key with their own age. Perhaps they were ahead of it.—James Bryce in Pall Mall Gazette.

Great Events From Little Causes.

While staying at the court of Frederick II. of Prussia Voltaire presented Mme. de Pompadour's compliments to the king, who scornfully replied, "Je ne la connais pas." Out of vengeance for so much insult, as she deemed it, madame induced the weakminded Louis XV. to convert his country's long standing hostility against Austria into friendship. A Franco-Austrian army then took the field against Prussia, and as it was an easy matter for madame to enlist the practical sympathy of Elizabeth of Russia, who had been the subject of Frederick's indiscreet remarks also, half a million lives were lost.—London Notes and Queries.

He Came Back at Her.

"Many mendicants," said a New York charity official, "are humbugs, and we do well to refuse their requests for help. What excellent digs, though, they sometimes give us in return. I remember the case of a farmer's wife who refused a tramp a night's lodging.

"'Well, then, ma'am,' said the tramp, 'would you mind if I slept in that big meadow there behind your barn?'

"'No,' said the woman, 'you may sleep there if you like.'

"'One thing more, ma'am,' said the tramp. 'Before I say good night. Will you please have me called at 4 o'clock sharp? I want to catch the cattle train to market!'"

Italian Diet.

The low resisting power of the Italian, even among the more favored classes, to the assaults of disease has long been ascribed to the [illegible] of the well nigh farinaceous and leguminous fare [illegible]—the call on the heart in the later stages of pneumonia, for example, too often finding inadequate response from the defect of the muscle forming constituents in the diet of the patient.—London Lancet.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Ralph Douglas, Reporter.

On account of Miss Marsh's illness, Ida weeks was called upon to act as substitute Monday.

Several have been absent this week on account of illness; as many as twenty were absent Monday.

A new No.5 Oliver typewriter has been installed in the High School, it is used by the Commercial students.

The Physics class have put into operation several electric bells which greatly add to the convenience of the principal.

The total enrollment in the high school to date is 152. It will likely reach 165 before the close of the school year.

Anna Rust, one of the normal students, is teaching the fifth and sixth grades in the high this week, for Miss Johnson who is taking Miss Marsh's work.

Miss March has been ill this week.

A great deal of sympathy is expressed for the Spoonheim family in the loss of their son, Henry, who died last Sunday. He was a member of the eight grade in the Knox.

The beginning of the end is at hand. The first of the social events that mark the closing of a high school senior's life will take place at the Akre resident Friday evening, when the Seniors tender the high school Juniors a reception.

The following is a poem composed by a senior:

There'll be doings up at Akre's a reception, Friday night, So please meet us down at Kretzschmar's, Eight of o'clock will be alright.
Yes this is the annual blowout, For the Juniors as you know, and the faculty will be there, For they're not afraid of snow.
All endeavor to be present, On next Friday eve so bright. Yes, we'll pick you up at Kretzschmar's and we'll tote you back that night.

Scandia House

Third door north from Langseth's.
Come in and make yourself at home.
20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.

Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Gilbert Olson. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson, [illegible] and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the Estate of said decedent: The petition of Maret [illegible] having been filed in this court, representing that [illegible] then a resident of the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 11th day of September, [illegible] and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to H. Christianson, and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of March, 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 3rd day of March, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

(Court Seal.)

March 5-19.

TO HEAD OFF SOCIALISM.

An Old Scheme of Politicians That Always Fails.

There is an old scheme which is tried by politicians in every country whenever Socialism reaches the point where it becomes too powerful a political factor to be longer ignored. This consists in demanding that capitalism must be reformed in order to prevent the coming of Socialism.

Bismarck was the first to try this, because Socialism became a power first in Germany. He had a powerful centralized government, which enabled him to go further than will ever be possible in any other country. His plan was followed up by the German emperor even after he had discharged Bismarck.

The result is that Socialism has grown faster and become more powerful in Germany than ever.

Now Secretary Taft suggests the same scheme for the United States. At his recent speech before the Boston Merchants' association he said:

"If the abuses of monopoly and discrimination cannot be restrained, if the concentration of power made possible by such abuses continues and increases and it is made manifest that under the system of individualism and private property the tyranny and oppression of an oligarchy of wealth cannot be avoided, then Socialism will triumph and the institution of private property will perish."

Here is a plain statement of the situation. If capitalism cannot be improved so as to remove its "evils," then Socialism is inevitable.

That is the simple truth.

The only question to be discussed is, Can capitalism be reformed so as to remove the evils complained of?

Germany tried it when the trust was not yet born, when capitalism was in its early youth of competition, before it had attained to the giant manhood of monopoly. In spite of the efforts of the most effective government in the world the trust came, and the "abuses of monopoly" came, and the "oligarchy of wealth" was not avoided, and Socialism bids fair to triumph in the near future.

In this country the trust is already here. It owns the government which is asked to control it. It has Taft himself so completely under control that it has used him as it pleased for the procurance of injunctions against its refractory wage slaves.

When the present administration made the mildest sort of bluff at correcting some of the more flagrantly criminal actions of concentrated wealth it took but a few weeks of panic to bring that administration crawling humbly on its knees to the kings of finance begging for orders.

Yet the "abuses" at which the administration was striking were not even those that are bringing on Socialism. Socialism springs from the working class, and no move had been made even ostensibly in its interest.

There was no suggestion of stopping the terrible slaughter of workingmen, no attempt to restrict the prostitution of the courts to the ends of the exploiting class, no mention of any move to check the relentless war upon organized labor. Nor can these things be stopped while capitalism remains.

The "abuses of monopoly," "concentration of power," "tyranny and oppression of an oligarchy of wealth," are all parts of the "institution of private property in wealth production and distribution," and to talk of having that institution without these things is to speak of having a snake without head, tail or body. Wherever the "institution of private property" has existed these things have come along with it. It is owned by individuals only because it has the power to exploit, to enable its owner to live without working from the fruits of the toil of others. These things are its very essence and not superficial excrescences. Therefore they cannot be avoided; therefore Socialism will triumph.—Chicago Daily Socialist.

Labor's Meager Share.

With modern machinery labor produces five times as much goods for each day's labor as it did a hundred years ago. It lived then, poor though it was, and supported the great armies and hordes of nobilities that had fastened themselves on their backs. Today labor should not work more than four hours a day to produce everything it could use. But the workday is almost as long as it was then, and the poverty today in cities is even greater than it was then.—Appeal to Reason.

For the Good of Society.

Socialism implies that the individuals who make up society should in their collective capacity possess all the instruments of production and thus prevent the evils arising from the present industrial system. It requires that the process of production and distribution should be regulated not by competition, with self interest for the moving principle, but by society as a whole for the good of society.—Palgrave's Dictionary of Political Economy.

Socialist Painters.

It is true that under Socialism there might not be so much stimulus of self interest, but the result of the free play of self interest in modern industry should not make honest men fear its curtailment.

Christians are often warned against Socialism as "materialistic," but it is probably less so than the present system under which we live. Certainly if we compare a Socialistic newspaper with a financial gazette there is no doubt where the materialism lies.

Socialism is an ethical, a humanitarian movement. It would probably be Christian if the churches did not turn away from it.

SOCIALISM EXPLAINED.

A Movement to Make the Means of Production Common Property.

Socialism is a movement of the working class, including all who do useful work of hand or brain, to capture control of the government and to make the means of production, land, railroad and machinery, the collective property of all.

Socialists do not expect to see this change brought about because the pictures of a future state will be so beautiful that all will want to realize them. Socialists understand that most people are mainly moved by the desire to get a living in the easiest possible way.

Now, here in America fifty years ago there was little in social conditions to interfere with a man acquiring by his own labor enough to keep him in his old age. But in these fifty years great changes have come about. Individual production, where each man owned his own tools and employed himself, has changed to collective production, where the simple tools have become complicated machinery and where each man no longer works for himself, but thousands and thousands of men serve a single corporation.

The new way of working is far more effective than the old, for more wealth is produced. But the surplus value produced by this more effective labor belongs not to the workers, but to a small owning class, the capitalists.

Now, the Socialist sees that the American laborers must soon reach the same stage as their fellow laborers in Europe and must realize that their only chance of getting the fruits of their own labor is in voting for a party of their own and abolishing the plutocratic government which now oppresses them.

To sum up, then, a Socialist, in the proper sense of the word, not only believes in the common ownership of the means of production, but he understands that the laborer is defrauded by the private ownership of machinery (law of surplus value); he understands that people are mainly moved by their material interests (economic determinism), and he realizes that common ownership can only be brought about by the conscious efforts of the working class to overthrow the capitalist class and grasp political power (the class struggle).

This may not sound so beautiful as utopian dreams and highly colored pictures of reforms in New Zealand, but it has the merit of being true. Socialist ideas are founded not on speculations, but on ascertained facts. Collectivism is coming because it is the next inevitable step in human evolution. It is bound to come, yet you can do something to delay it or something to hasten it.—Charles H. Kerr.

SOCIALISM A WORLD FORCE.

It Is Educating the People Into New Modes of Thought.

The Socialist makes people think, and the propaganda of the Socialist more than that of any party, church or cult shocks and thrills society to its very center. Socialism is educating the people into new modes, habits and attitudes of thought. Its work never ceases. It goes on day and night. In colleges Fabian professors encourage it. The most rigid censorship cannot prevent some of its books getting on the shelves of public libraries. The soap box orator, perched at a crowded street corner, is ever active, ever glorious in his self imposed martyrdom. And week after week the presses keep going, a horde of distributers plies its trade, and monthly millions of leaflets are tossed at the world.

The Socialists are no longer a band of hunted outcasts. They are gay, defiant, jaunty. They have numbers, organization, bases of supplies. You may call them fanatics, but they are as cool and intelligent in their fanaticism as the little brown heathens that stormed Port Arthur and put a Russian navy into limbo. Every penny is looked at twice before it is spent. Every available man attends to duties no other can better perform. They have all the sanctions of great personality behind them. The greatest living scientist, Alfred Russel Wallace, the man who worked out the theory of evolution contemporaneously with Darwin, is a Socialist. Nearly every political economist of note acknowledges the accuracy of its scientific forecast. The most prominent literary men, poets and philosophers are among its disciples and apostles. Socialism is growing. Mankind has at length turned to the task of establishing a just social order.

Socialist Notes.

The new Socialist party of the province of Alberta, Canada, which is being organized by the trades unionists has decided to contest four seats in the forthcoming parliamentary election at Calgary, Edmonton, MacLeod and Medicine Hat. Three other points are under consideration. Keep your eye on those Canucks.

Sweden is surely succumbing to Socialism. Two more seats in parliament have just been won by the Socialist party—one in Stockholm, where all the parties combined against the Socialists, and the other in the district of Gotteberg, where there was a three cornered contest. There are now eighteen Socialists in the parliament of Sweden.

The Socialist party in Berlin has issued a statement relative to the occupation of the membership, which shows, among other things, that 90 per cent of the members are wage workers and the remainder small shopkeepers and professionals. Of the working people all but 8 per cent are organized in trades unions and they constitute the active workers in the industrial field.

My sale continues on dress goods, underwear, and overshoes. All other goods as cheap as the cheapest.

J. H. JACOBSON,
North Main Ave.

The News, $1 Per Year.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure*. We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

The News: $1 per Year.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Gideon S. Ives, who was appointed referee to take the testimony in the disbarment proceedings brought against Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis, has filed his report with the clerk of the supreme court. Accompanying the report is a brief of the attorneys for the prosecution, in which they answer the points made by Captain Hart in his defense and close with a request for his disbarment. The special supreme court appointed to act in this case will meet on March 10 to hear the final arguments.

The Minnesota Protective Dairies association, which held its first annual meeting at the old capitol in St. Paul last week, authorized its board of directors to go ahead with the work for which the association was organized and it is probable that in a few weeks they will be ready to begin the business of handling the output of Minnesota creameries. A central distributing plant will be established at Chicago, to which the creameries will ship their butter and from which it will be sold directly to consumers.

Adjutant General Wood has selected the towns in which the nine new companies of the Minnesota national guard will be organized, this number of additional companies being required to bring the militia up to the standard of the Dick law and to secure the largest possible federal aid for its maintenance. The new companies will be located at St. Peter, Madison, Bemidji, Thief River Falls, Redwood Falls, Duluth, Eveleth, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Retail liquor licenses may not be transferred to nor held by brewing companies incorporated in any state other than Minnesota, according to a ruling made by C. Louis Weeks, special assistant attorney general, in answer to a query by County Attorney Bullis of Blue Earth as to whether a license may be transferred to an Iowa brewing corporation.

The state will offer for sale 396,600 acres of land in the north half of the state at public auction between June 22 and July 24. The lands will be sold to the highest bidder, a payment of 15 per cent of the purchase price being required at the time of sale. The balance may run for forty years at 4 per cent interest. The title to all of the land is perfect.

Checks amounting to $100,000 have been received by the city of St. Paul from the St. Paul Gas Light company. The amount included the first payment of gross earnings taxes under the new arrangement under which the company pays the city a 5 per cent gross earnings tax in addition to the personal property tax which it has been paying.

The gross earnings tax of the Great Northern Railway company for 1907 is $918,115.88, an increase of $60,344.94 over the tax in 1906, when it paid $857,770.94. The gross earnings in 1907 were $22,692,896.92, a gain of $1,306,623.27 over 1906.

Secretary Wall of the state dairy and food department figures that the dairymen of Minnesota pay $1,000,000 annually in commissions to get their product marketed.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Charged with fraudulent use of the mails Adolph Birkholz, who represents himself as a practitioner in magnetic and suggestive therapeutics, was arrested at Minneapolis by a United States deputy marshal and later was released on $1,500 bail pending a hearing.

On account of a number of cases of scarlet fever the school at Randall has been closed and public gatherings have been forbidden to be held until further notice.

Mourning the loss of his mother and incensed at the shiftlessness of his father Fred Beck, fifteen years old, attempted suicide at Minneapolis.

Thomas Warren, a veteran of Company C, Ninth Minnesota volunteer infantry, in the Civil war, was burned to death at White Earth.

Chris Larson, a woodsman, was killed by a blow from a limb of a falling tree while at work in Connor's camp near Hibbing.

Paul E. Fosshaken, one of the bonanza farmers of Northern Minnesota, was burned to death in his large barn near Fosston.

OBITUARY.

County Auditor W. C. Lincoln died suddenly at his home in Fergus Falls. He had been at his office during the day and on going home in the evening ate some peanuts, which seemed to disagree with him. A physician finally was called and administered an emetic, but the patient died in a few minutes.

After an illness of only a few days Edward E. McDermott, assistant professor of elocution and oratory at the University of Minnesota and father and president of the Minnesota High School Debating league, is dead at Minneapolis.

Hilary B. Hancock, twin brother of Winfield Scott Hancock, famous for his achievements during the Civil war, is dead at his home in Minneapolis.

John T. Rogers, for several years closely associated with the grain and lumber business of Minneapolis, died suddenly at his home in that city.

Mrs. Anna Gavin, for over fifty years a resident of St. Paul, is dead at the age of ninety years.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The question whether the railroad rate law, known as the Hepburn act, repeals section 1 of the Elkins act prohibiting rebates by railroads was involved in the case of the Great Northern Railway company vs. the United States, which was decided by the supreme court of the United States against the railroad company and against the contention of such repeal.

Without a word of comment or debate on the merits of the question and by a vote almost duplicating that of last year the New York state senate for the second time has refused to concur in the renewed recommendation of Governor Hughes that Otto Kelsey be removed, on the ground of incompetency, from the office of state superintendent of insurance.

The supreme court of Texas has sustained the judgment of the lower trial courts wherein they rendered a judgment for $1,000,000 damages and ouster from the state against the Waters-Pierce Oil company for violating the Texas anti-trust laws. The case will be appealed at once to the United States supreme court.

Five perfectly formed children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Campbell of Steubenville, O. Three of the babies died within an hour after their birth. One boy and one girl will live, it is said. Three of the children were boys.

Justice Guy, in the New York supreme court, set aside the verdict of a jury and fined twelve jurymen $60 each for deciding the verdict by the flip of a coin.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Centralization of control of practically every coal mine in the country in the hands of one of the most gigantic holding companies in the history of American business is predicted as the outgrowth of the recent federal dictum that the railroads cannot hold stock in mines that make shipments over their lines.

On petition of the Mercantile Trust company of New York, trustee for a large number of bondholders, United States Circuit Judge McCormick of the Northern district of Texas appointed Judge T. J. Freeman of Dallas receiver for the International and Great Northern Railroad company.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that improvement continues, although progress is slow and the conservatism of buyers confines contracts to immediate needs.

An extra dividend of $75 per share on its preferred stock, calling for a disbursement of $8,250,000, has been declared by the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company.

A tunnel and subway system connecting Hoboken with New York city by tubes under the Hudson river has been opened for business.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Twenty-two specific charges are made in a petition praying for the removal of William T. Jerome as district attorney of the county of New York which was sent to Governor Hughes at Albany by a committee of stockholders of the Metropolitan Street railway through their chairman, William F. King.

Mrs. Anna M. Weightman Walker of Philadelphia, one of the richest women of America, was married to Frederick Cortland Penfield in St. Patrick's cathedral, New York city. Following the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Penfield sailed for Europe on the Carmania.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Andrew Hamilton, former counsel to the New York Life and other insurance companies and in charge for many years of insurance litigation and legislation matters in all parts of this country and Canada, was found dead in bed at his home in Albany, N. Y.

Hardware Men Elect Officers.

The State Retail Hardware Dealers' association, in session at St. Paul, elected the following officers: President, Amens Marchel, Perham; vice president, E. H. Heines, Renville; treasurer, H. H. Heydon, Chatfield; executive committee for one year, C. F. Lander, St. Cloud; Charles Grill, Sherburne; J. C. Stubiman, St. Paul.

The Origin of "Parson."

"Parson" is from the Latin "persona," a person, and the parson is the persona ecclesiae, or representative, of the church. The forms parson and person bear the same relation to each other as clark and clerk. From being pronounced parson the word has come to be so written. Blackstone in his "Commentaries" says:

"He is called 'parson' (persona) because by his person the church, which is an invisible body, is represented, and he is himself a body corporate in order to protect and defend the rights of the church which he represents."

"To parse a sentence" is to resolve it into its grammatical parts, and the verb is declared to have arisen from the interrogation "Pars?"—that is, "Quae pars orationis?" (What part of speech?) used by schoolmasters.

Too Broad a Hint.

"You've got a fellow in there that won't wait on me again, not much," said an irate customer, as he emerged from the dining room and slapped his money down on the pay desk. "I'm not stingy," continued the customer, "and I don't mind giving tips, but when a waiter hangs round 'till a fellow has nearly finished eating and whistles 'Do Not Forget Me,' I think it is about time something was done."—London Mail.

SPARED THE ENEMY.

A Spanish Governor's Generosity In the War of 1746.

In the year 1746, when England was engaged in war with Spain, Captain Edwards of the Elizabeth of London, coming through the gulf from Jamaica richly laden, met with a violent storm. The ship sprang a leak that obliged it to run into the port of Havana. The captain went on shore and waited on the governor and told him of the occasion of his putting in, adding that he surrendered the ship as a prize as well as himself and crew prisoners of war, only requesting good quarters.

"No, sir," replied the governor. "If we had taken you in fair sea or approaching our own coast with hostile intentions, your ship would then be a lawful prize and your people prisoners, but when, distressed by the hand of Providence, you come to our port for safety of your lives we, being men, though enemies, are bound by the laws of humanity to afford relief to the distressed who ask it of us. We cannot, even against our foes, take advantage of the act of God. You have leave therefore to unload your ship, if that be necessary to stop the leak. You may fit her here and traffic so far, besides, as shall be needful to pay the charges. When repaired you may depart. I will give you a pass to be in force till beyond Bermuda. If after that you are taken then you will be a lawful prize, whereas now, as you are only a stranger, you have a stranger's right to safety and protection."

Here was fairness. The ship departed and arrived without any further accident in the port of London.

AN ANCIENT BANQUET.

Menu of a Christmas Dinner Served In Feudal Times.

"A Christmas dinner in feudal times," said an antiquary, "was served at 11 o'clock in the morning. It began with plum pudding, or plum porridge, as they called it in their old fashioned way; a suet pudding stuffed with raisins, currants, prunes, mace, cloves and ginger.

"Next came a boar's head on a silver platter decorated with holly. This dish was heralded with a flourish of trumpets and the lighting of the great Yule log. The head had a lemon in its mouth. A hot mustard sauce went with it.

"The third course was a peacock in full plumage. Its beak was gilded, and it was stuffed with spices and sweet herbs.

"Geese and capons followed drenched with amber grease, and then came frumenty, for which I'll give you the recipe."

The old man read here from his notebook:

"'Frumenty.—Take clean wheat and brey it in a mortar till the hulls be all gone off and seethe it till it burst, and take it up and let it cool, and take clean fresh broth and sweet milk of almonds or sweet milk of kine and temper it all, and take the yolks of eggs. Boil it a little and wet it down and messe it forth with fat venison.'

"There were other fixings," the antiquary ended, "such as hacken sausage, brawn pudding and souse, cheese, apples and nuts. The drinks were beer, malvoisie and sherris sack."

Canaries Steamship Pets.

Few and far between are the steamships entering the port of Boston that cannot boast of a canary. No matter how battered and rusty the craft may be, one is pretty sure to find the canary somewhere in the rooms of the officers or crew. Its cage, as a rule, is a wonderful creation of brass wire and lace, and the canary himself usually is a singer whose trill and whistle are of the best. The little songsters appear to enjoy life on the ocean. Seldom are they inconvenienced by the motion of the vessel, and the more the cage swings from its hook the more they warble. Sailors will tell you a canary is a mascot. Be that as it may, the canaries are great pets. Frequently one may see a sailor on the water front lugging his bird and cage to some new berth.—Boston Herald.

A Neat Bit of Selfishness.

"For several years," said a married man, "I did not have a taste of tenderloin at home, as I sat at the head of the table and was compelled to give that part of the steak to my wife. A year ago I invited her to sit at the head of the table and do the carving, since which time I have always had the tenderloin, for she politely gives me the best cut, which I accept indifferently, as though I do not know what it is. I respectfully lay the suggestion before the Society of Chuck Eating Husbands."—Atchison Globe.

Too Rough.

A traveler in the dining car of a railroad had ordered fried eggs for breakfast.

"Can't give yo' fried aigs, boss," the negro waiter informed him, "lessen yo' want to wait till we stops."

"Why, how is that?"

"Well, de cook he says de road's so rough dat ebery time he tries to fry aigs dey scrambles."—Life.

Bound to Get There.

"I don't know whether to make a doctor or a lawyer of John," said the old man. "I've got a lawsuit to be settled an' a leg to be cut off, so I s'pose I can't miss it fur either way."—St. Louis Republic.

Point of View.

Susie—Wouldn't you like to be as happy as a lark?

Johnnie—Naw! Think of the time they have to get up.—Truth.

A MILITARY SURPRISE.

President Grant and the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

Colonel John L. Clem, the "drummer boy of Shiloh," never attended West Point. In the early part of Grant's first term Clem obtained an audience with the president. "Mr. President," he opened the interview, "I wish to ask you for an order to admit me to West Point." "Why do you not take the examinations?" questioned Grant. "I did, but I failed to pass." "That was unfortunate. How did it happen?" "Why, you see, I was in the war while those other boys of my age were in school."

Clem was barely eighteen then and boyish looking even for his years. He had made his own way to the president and had no political sponsors to back him. "What!" exclaimed the president. "You were in the war?" "Yes; I was in the war four years." And Clem related his experiences. Grant wrote something, which he handed to the young applicant, saying: "Take this to the secretary of war. I guess it will fix you all right."

Clem went back to the secretary of war, who had before received him coldly, and delivered his note. The secretary read it and asked, "Do you know what this is?" "No," replied Clem. "I suppose it is an order to admit me to West Point." "Well, it isn't. It's an order to commission you second lieutenant in the regular army."—Chicago News.

THE FACE IN ILLNESS.

To the Trained Eye It Quickly Shows a Patient's Condition.

The face is a good index to the state of one's physical being, and from it symptoms of disease can be detected almost before the patient is aware that anything serious is the matter with him. For instance, incomplete closure of the eyelids, rendering the whites of the eyes visible during sleep, is a symptom in all acute and chronic diseases of a severe type. It is also to be observed when rest is unsound from pain wherever seated.

Twitching of the eyelids, associated with the oscillation of the eyelids, or squinting, heralds the visit of convulsions.

Widening of the orifices of the nose, with movements of the nostrils to and fro, points to embarrassed breathing from disease of the lungs or their plural investment.

Contraction of the brows indicates pain in the head, sharpness of the nostrils pain in the chest and a drawn upper lip pain in the abdomen.

To make a general rule, it may be stated that the upper third of the face is altered in expression in affections of the brain and the middle third in the diseases of the organs contained in the abdominal cavity.

Cotton Spinning Feats.

"Sea Island cotton is the best kind," said a southerner. "It is finer and silkier than any other cotton in the world. A pound of it can be spun into 4,770 miles of thread. For an experiment once in the English town of Manchester a skilled spinner spun a pound of sea island cotton into a single thread 1,000 miles long. Then for another experiment he took another pound of cotton and spun it into as many hanks as he could get. He got 10,000 hanks in all, and the yarn in each measured 840 yards. Thus, out of a pound of cotton 4,770 miles of yarn was produced. This yarn, though, was too fine to be of any practical utility. Those two experiments made a superb experiment for the cotton of the south."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Constantinople Shoemakers.

In Constantinople the shoemakers are all poets. While a customer is having a heel repaired or a shoe relaced the attendant recites extemporized or memorized verses to him. As the language is Arabic or Turkish, the listener rarely knows whether he is hearing a good or bad verse. On the Muski, the Broadway of old Cairo, one can buy the red leather, sharp toed slippers, universally worn in a land where there is rarely any rain, for about 60 cents. They are not worth more, being very flimsy articles in construction. They are not representative of the expert English or American handmade shoe, which is a thing of beauty, of comfort and of enduring utility.—Argonaut.

Never Took the Hint.

Jackson—Well, what did your wife say to you when you got home so late last night? You know you were afraid she'd scold. Fairleigh—My wife's a jewel. She didn't scold a bit. In fact, she didn't even ask me where I had been or what had delayed me; but, late as it was, she sat down at the piano and began to play and sing. I tell you she's one in ten thousand. Jackson—What did she sing? Fairleigh—"Tell Me the Old, Old Story."

No Vulgarity.

"You inherited quite a nice little fortune," said the lawyer.

"Yes," replied the fortunate youth.

"I suppose you will pay a lot of your debts now?"

"I had thought of it, but I concluded to make no change in my manner of living. I don't want to be accused of vulgar display."

Secret of Failure.

The secret of most men's failure is mental dissipation, wandering energies, squandering energies upon a distracting variety of objects instead of condensing them into one.—London Chat.

The average man fools his wife but once—when he marries her.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

ELECTRICITY.

It Has Taken From Fire Its Supremacy as Man's Servant.

As we hear the whir of the dynamo or listen at the telephone, as we turn the button of an incandescent lamp or travel in an electromobile, we are partakers in a revolution more swift and profound than has ever before been enacted upon earth. Until the nineteenth century fire was justly accounted the most useful and versatile servant of man. Today electricity is doing all that fire ever did and doing it better, while it accomplishes uncounted tasks far beyond the reach of flame, however ingeniously applied. We may thus observe under our eyes just such an impetus to human intelligence and power as when fire was first subdued to the purposes of man, with the immense advantage that, whereas the subjugation of fire demanded ages of weary and uncertain experiment, the mastery of electricity is for the most part the assured work of the nineteenth century and in truth very largely of its last three decades. It begins at once to marry the resources of the mechanic and the chemist, the engineer and the artist, with issue attested by all its own fertility, while its rays reveal province after province undreamed of and, indeed, unexisting before its advent. Every other primal gift of man rises to a new height at the bidding of the electrician.—F. Nelson Tracy in Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

CELESTIAL WONDERS.

Color of the Sky and the Moon and the Hues of the Stars.

It is the atmosphere that makes the sky look blue and the moon yellow. If we could ascend to an elevation of fifty miles above the earth's surface, we should see that the moon is a brilliant white, while the sky would be black, with the stars shining as brightly in the daytime as at night.

Furthermore, as a most picturesque feature of the spectacle we should notice that some of the stars are red, others blue, yet others violet and still others green in color. Of course all of the stars, if we bar the planets of our own system, are burning suns, and the hues they wear depend upon their temperature.

The hottest stars are blue. Thus Vega, in the constellation Lyra, is a blue sun hundreds of times as large as our own solar orb. We are journeying in its direction at the rate of millions of miles a day, and at some future time it may gobble us all up.

For, after all, humiliating though the confession be, our sun is only a very small star—of the sixth magnitude or thereabouts—and of an importance in the universe so slight as to be scarcely within the pale of respectability.—Reader Magazine.

One Seam For Fifteen Years.

It has been said that the most monotonous form of labor is gumming labels. But there are many others which come very near it. In the boot and shoe trade, for instance, the work is divided among as many workers as possible. One will thus make a single cut in the leather and another give one turn of the machine handle. In some cases a pair of shoes have passed through fifteen pairs of hands before reaching completion. As a natural result, there are workers who week after week go on performing the same work hundreds of times a day. Indeed in one factory there is a woman who for fifteen years has sewed only one seam. Her machine works so rapidly that she spends as much time inserting and withdrawing her work as in the actual sewing.—Westminster Gazette.

The First Christmas Gift Book.

In the General Advertiser of Jan. 9, 1750, appeared the earliest known announcement of a Christmas gift book, and in this case it was undeniably a gift book:

"Given Gratis. By J. Newberry, at the Bible and Sun, in St. Paul's Churchyard, over against the north door of the church (only paying one penny for the binding), Nurse Truelove's Christmas Box; or The Golden Plaything for Little Children, by which they may learn the letters as soon as they can speak; and know how to behave so as to make everybody love them; adorned with thirty cuts."—London Mail.

Reason For Objection.

Fond Mother—Why don't you like your roommate at college, Reginald? The professor told me he would be a good companion for you because he studies so hard.

Young Collegian—But, mother, he uses so many sesquipedalian words.

Fond Mother—That settles it, my son. I don't want you to be contaminated by association with anybody who uses such dreadful language.—Baltimore American.

Just Out.

Elder Brother—Didn't you stop at the news agent's and get that magazine for me?

Jimmie—He didn't have none; jest sold out.

"Did he say so?"

"I didn't have to ask him. There he had it all printed on a big sign, '—— Magazine Jest Out.'"—Chums.

The Missing Factors.

"Now, then, children," said the teacher, "what is it we want most in this world to make us perfectly happy?"

"De things we ain't got!" shouted the bright boy in the back seat.—Philadelphia Press.

The less religion a man has the more he thinks his wife ought to have.—Chicago News.

Absence of Mind.

Many amusing anecdotes are told of Bishop Burnet's absence of mind, but few perhaps are more striking and have been less repeated than the following, which Lord Orford used to relate:

Burnet was once dining with the Duchess of Marlborough after the great duke's disgrace. In the course of conversation, speaking of Marlborough's great qualities, great services and great fall, Burnet compared the duke with Belisarius, the great Roman.

"But how in reason," exclaimed the duchess, "could so great a general be abandoned?"

"Ah, my lady, do you know what a cursed brimstone of a wife he had?"

The hearers, to the good Burnet's surprise, were confused and dumbstruck with the force of the parallel he discovered in the cases of the Roman and the Englishman.—St. James' Gazette.

The Count Too Touching.

In the long corridor of an uptown hotel they tell of a certain foreigner who until recently held court there of evenings. At last he disappeared, and then each of the men who had nightly been entertained by his flow of anecdote and his abundance of witty stories confessed that he had lent the count various sums, ranging from $100 up. The total seemed so formidable that a movement was set on foot to bring the defaulter back, his whereabouts having been ascertained. But funds were needed for the purpose. One of the big men of Wall street who was a creditor on the count's books to the extent of $500 was approached for a subscription.

"Not on your life!" said he. "I don't want him back. He'll borrow more money from me if he gets in town. But I'll subscribe $25 toward a fund to send him back to France if he'll agree to sail from Boston."—New York Globe.

Recipe For Making Money.

First catch your capital, however small, or if homemade, such as from savings, so much the better. Place in a steady, secure position, where it will not be disturbed, and allow to stand. Skim off all that accrues without waste and with that at the proper season make a stiff paste of business, in which place your capital or as much of it as you can use with advantage. A little ripe judgment should be added. Season with hope and enterprise and stir briskly with a bunch of fresh energy. While your pie is cooking watch it carefully yourself and see that nothing goes wrong. Keep up a good fire until it begins to brown and don't take too much off the top for tasting until the whole is well cooked; then enjoy the result.—London Graphic.

Square Bullets.

In 1718 an Englishman, James Puckle, secured a British patent for what seems to have been an attempt at a breechloading rapid firing gun. An original feature of the invention was the use of two different breech plates, one for square bullets, to be used against the Turks, and the other for round bullets, to be used against Christians. It is curious to find two opposing tendencies in the same invention—first, the desire to construct a gun that should be more effective because more destructive, and, second, a desire to recognize certain ethical distinctions in its use. If a round bullet was too good for a Turk, a square one was too bad for a Christian.—London Chronicle.

Stereotyping.

It is claimed that stereotyping was known in 1711. It was practiced by William Ged of Edinburgh about 1730. Some of Ged's plates are to be seen at the Royal Institution, London. A Mr. James attempted to introduce Ged's process in London in 1735, but failed. Stereotype printing was used in Holland during the last century, and a quarto Bible and a Dutch folio Bible were printed there. It was revived in London by Wilson in 1804. Since 1850 the durability of stereotypes has been greatly increased by electrotyping them with copper or silver.

The Cure.

Professor W. E. Grange, author of the "History of Primitive Love," alluded in the course of a lecture in Boston to the modern cynical view of love that prevails: "I remember once hearing a bricklayer and a plumber discuss love. 'I hold,' said the bricklayer, 'that if you are terribly in love the way to cure yourself is to run away.' The plumber shook his head and sneered. 'That will cure you,' he said, 'provided you run away with the girl.'"

Short and Out.

"Where is Mr. Middleman?" asked the caller at the broker's office.

"I think he's out on a little matter of wheat," replied the bright clerk.

"Out long?"

"Certainly not. If he had been long, he would have been in. It's because he was short that he's out."—Philadelphia Press.

Chemical.

In Prestbury churchyard, near Macclesfield, England, may be found the following epitaph on a chemist:

Willie's dead—we're full of woe—
We'll never see him more.
He thought to drink of H_2O,
'Twas H_2SO_4.

A Vicious Dig.

Patty—I always think of all the unkind things I have said during the day before I fall asleep at night. Patricia—Dear me! Do you stay awake as long as that?

Many a fellow has his nose to the grindstone without sharpening his wits.—Philadelphia Record.

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CROSSING THE BAR.

Dying Words of Some of the World's Famous Men.

Nothnagel, who died alone in his room, noted his own symptoms to the last. A letter to his assistant is said to have ended as follows: "Written late on the evening of July 6 just after experiencing these severe attacks—died of calcification of the arteries." Traube also made observations on himself to the very end. Locock expressed a wish to be present at the postmortem examination on himself, and among Cuvier's last recorded words is a remark, as his fingers twitched involuntarily: "Charles Bell is right: 'Ce sont les nerfs de la volonte qui sont malades.'" Dyce Davidson, professor at Aberdeen, died immediately after saying to his class, speaking of the next meeting, which was never to take place, "Four o'clock on Monday, gentlemen; 4 o'clock."

Several doctors have taken their leave with a blessing to those around them. Astley Cooper's last recorded words are, "God bless you, and goodby to you all!" He had previously said to his physicians, Bright and Chambers, "God's will be done; God bless you both!" adding, "You must excuse me, but I shall take no more medicine." Benjamin Brodie was heard to mutter, "After all, God is very good." The saddest of all recorded last words are probably those of Oliver Goldsmith, who, when asked by his physician if his mind was at ease, said, "No, it is not!" On the other hand, William Hunter's mind seems to have been full of bright thoughts at the moment of death, for he said, "If I could hold a pen, what a book I could write!"

Pasteur and Darwin, though not belonging to the medical profession, are venerated by it as teachers. Darwin's last words were, "I am not the least afraid to die." Pasteur was offered a cup of milk and, being unable to swallow it, murmured, "I cannot." He passed away with one hand in his wife's, the other grasping a crucifix. Lastly are mentioned the last words of Mirabeau, which are said to have been addressed to a doctor. He wrote on a slip of paper, which he gave to his physician, the philosopher Cabanis, the single word, "Dormir." Another account, which may be an expanded version of this, is that after begging for an anodyne he said reproachfully to the doctor: "Were you not my physician and my friend? Did you not promise to spare me the suffering of such a death? Must I go away carrying with me the regret of having confided in you?" This is rather a long and rhetorical speech for a dying man.—British Medical Journal.

Japanese New Year Cakes.

An annual event in Japan is the making of the New Year's cake, which every family must have if good luck is to follow it during the ensuing year. This cake is made of a peculiar variety of rice, boiled and pounded in a great wooden mortar until it is of the consistency of dough. Although the pure white dough is often colored yellow or pink, the shape of the cake is always the same—that of the sacred mirror, one of the three sacred symbols of the Shinto faith. A piece of this cake is offered to the Shinto deities because it is of the shape of the sacred mirror which wooed the sun goddess to come out of the cave where she had hidden herself in wrath and thus saved the land from total darkness. Each member of the family takes a hand in the manufacture of the New Year's cake. Even the baby is carried out and his baby hand guided in lifting the heavy wooden mallet for a "good luck" blow. Enough is made to last nearly the whole year through, and it occupies an important place in the daily menu.—Leslie's Weekly.

Queer Fish.

At first thought the electric chair, which sends the criminal to his doom, would seem to be a refinement of invention possible only to man's genius. But the electric eel can benumb a horse so that it will drown before recovering from the shock, and the fiercest fish is rendered helpless by the gentlest touch of this creature. Small wonder these eels flourish in their native waters and seldom fail to find food enough and to spare!

At any rate, the gentleman angler casting his fly upon the ripple is unique. Surely no animal can match the rod and line! Yet there is a fish with a long, slender filament drooping forward from its head, tipped with a fleshy, wormlike appendage. The fish lies quietly on the bottom and awaits a nibble. Soon a minnow makes a dash for the waving luscious morsel. The huge mouth opens, and—the finny angler has dined! A veritable Shylock this, with rod, line and bait of his own flesh and bone!—Chicago Record-Herald.

When the Nose Bleeds.

When the nose is bleeding never hold it over a basin or hold the head down in any way. This only causes further rush of blood to the broken tissues in the nose. The head should be held up and back, the flow being caught in handkerchiefs or cloths. One of the most effective and simple means of checking a nosebleed is to press on the upper lip. Near the undersurface of the lip runs the artery that supplies the interior nasal passages where the ruptures occur. If this is pressed, the flow of blood is mechanically checked, thus allowing the blood around the broken tissues to congeal and seal up the opening. If merely pressing with the finger does not succeed, place a wad of paper under the lip and fold the lip over it, holding it down tight. Again, if this does not succeed and a drug store is near get some adrenalin, saturate a piece of cotton with it and apply to the interior of the nose from where the blood flows.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr. and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date of the 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907 at 11 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 13 of mortgage on pages 570: by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Fourteen Hundred and forty-four and 72-100 Dollars ($1,444.72) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot number Seventeen (17) block number Fifty-eight (58) of the Original Townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Fifty Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the cost and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th, 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA,
Mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, containing power of sale, duly executed and delivered by James Meehan, Jr., and Margaret C. Meehan, his wife, mortgagors to Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of September, A. D. 1907, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1907, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on said day in book 8 of mortgages on page 177: by which default the power of sale has become operative, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of One Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Six and 69-100 Dollars ($1,656.69) and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to wit:

Lot numbered Seventeen (17) of block numbered fifty-eight (58) of the original townsite in the City of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage together with Seventy-five Dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements allowed by law in case of foreclosure: Which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Red Lake or his deputy, at the front door of the Peoples State Bank in the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota on Saturday the 14th day of March A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M. subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of said sale as provided by law.

Dated January 29th 1908.

PEOPLES STATE BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA, mortgagee.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb. 19, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Peder C. Rud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 139 made June 22nd, 1904, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E. ½ S. W. ¼ Section 19, Township 151 N., Range 42 West and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 4 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Hanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Fodsted, " " " " "
John Friberg, " " " " "
Jens Jetnes, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Feb. 27 April 2

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, in probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Aaron Johnson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, Robert Johnson, Mrs. Andy Erickson, Ida Johnson, Aurora Johnson and Wanda Johnson and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Ida Johnson having been filed in this court, representing that Aaron Johnson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 27th day of January 1908, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Andy Erickson; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of March 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th day of Feb. 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

(Court)
(Seal) Feb. 13-27.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist:
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

$2,000,—160 acres, rich black loam soil, in Red Lake County, on county road, with good neighbors, seven miles from St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Terms $300 cash, balance on or before ten years at 6 per cent SE¼ Sec. 9, T 153 R 44.
W. D. Washburn, Jr.,
1051 Security Bank Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Hotel
Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Hot-Breads
Light and
Sweet
are made with
ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Anti-dyspeptic; may be eaten without inconvenience even by persons with delicate digestion
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MY WIFE
SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kyneaville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

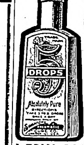

STOPS
THE
PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.
"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 174 Lake Street, Chicago

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1908 NUMBER 11

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST PAUL
Historical Society

REFUSES TO BUILD LINE.

Great Northern Will Not Extend This Branch This Year.

President Lewis W. Hill Says There Is Too Much Unfavorable Legislation.

Roseau, March 7.—Roseau county, with its 15,000 inhabitans, 90 organized school districts, 33 organized townships, 5 prosperious villages and 3,000 farmers, is to be denied railroad facilities this year by the Great Northern. The following letter explains itself:

"Great Northern Railway Company, President's office, St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 19 1908.

"R. J. Bell, Roseau, Minn.—Dear sir:

"Replying to yours of the 17, I beg to advise that it was our intention when we graded the line to Warroad to rail it the following year. However, since then the conditions have changed, and have become more unfavorable each year. At the present time I doubt if there are any stockholders or directors of any of the railroads in Minnesota who desire to have any additional milage in Minnesota. The rates which have been established are not profitable on lines where business is reasonable heavy and certainly would not be on branch lines. Further than this, the time of railroad officers is so largely taken up by attending commission hearings, etc., that they have little time to attend to their duties as railroad officers in operating the roads and giving service to the public.

Under these conditions we do not care for any aditional mileage, and I am quite certain in my own mind that the road to Warroad will not be railed this year.— "LOUIS W. HILL,
"President."

Roseau county has been and is tributary to the Great Northern. It is within the radius of what the Great Northern terms its territory, and is entitled by reasons of its settlement and development to railroad facilities from that company. It is business a proposition and not a sentiment.

Just why the sins, if sins they are, of the people of Minnesota against railroad corporations should be visited upon the people of Roseau county is hard to understand. The above letter of President Hill will certainly make interesting reading matter for the general public as to the complaints he therein makes and the letter if submitted for comment to the end that the public may know just where they stand in relation to the position which Mr. Hill says the railroads of Minnesota have taken.

It will be noticed by the above statement of President Hill that he only gives it as his opinion and in his mind that the railroad will not be railed to Warroad this year and it is possible that in wording his letter he had in mind the extension of the road to Roseau, at least. It is to be hoped, however, that conditions will be such as to cause the officers of the Great Northern to complete the road from Greenbush to Warroad this season. It was decided by the Board of Directors of the Great Northern to finish all uncompleted work this year. Naturally this would include the Roseau branch. Every effort on the part of the citizens of Roseau and the businessmen of St. Paul and Minneapolis will, no doubt, be directed toward influencing the Great Northern officers to take action this year.

Lots of Chickens.

This may seem a queer time of the year to make the prediction, but railroad men say prairie chicken and pinnated grouse hunting will be good in this section next fall. Their opinions are based on the number of birds seen along the tracks. Enough are observed to give rise to the belief that, with proper conditions during the coming spring and summer for raising the young, there will be some good sport for the hunters next September.

It is customary for chickens and grouse to come to the railroad tracks for gravel and also for grain that has leaked out of the cars.

They generally begin this practice late in the fall, along in November and sometimes earlier. Most of them are seen in midwinter, and just now they seem to be fairly numerous in certain sections, despite the fact that they were a scarce article last fall.

There have been winters when they were more plentiful, but at the same time there are enough in evidence now to warrant the belief that there will be good hunting in the fall, provided, of course, that our spring and summer weather is all right for hatching and raising the chicks.

Money for Schools.

Public schools throughout Minnesota will receive larger allotments from the state school fund this spring than ever before. The apportionment just completed by the state superintendent of public instruction provides $1.90 for each pupil between the ages of 5 and 21 years who has attended school for forty days in the year. Last year in March the amount was $1.60 per capita.

The total amount to be apportioned is $712,631.70 whereas the amount divided in March the last year was only $605,057.33. The total number of pupils figuring in the apportionment is 365,988, and the number last March was 378,251. The decreased number of pupils has contributed to the increase in the per capita amount.

There an 3,718 scholars in Red Lake county and the apportionment amounts to $7,064.20 for which our tax payers will be very grateful.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

SETTLERS ARE COMING.

New Settlers Coming to the Red River Valley This Spring.

Bring Dairy Stock and Farm Machinery Along With Them.

Crookston, Minn., March 5.—Judging from the arrival of immigrants the past two weeks, the coming spring will witness the biggest influx of settlers that has been recorded in this section in many years.

In the immediate vicinity of Crookston farmers have arrived with stock and machinery from points in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Missouri. A gratifying feature is that all have a good bunch of dairy cows and propose to make dairying a feature of their farming.

The landmen have done more business this winter than in any preceding winter for ten years. Until the snow came the past week land could be shown to as good advantage as at any other season of the year.

Large landowners are making an effort to get renters on their farms, and there have been several arrivals from the middle states who propose to work large areas on shares or for a flat cash rental. In addition to the newcomers for this immediate vicinity there is also a movement on all the branch lines, and from present indications there will be more land tilled in the Red River Valley the coming year than for many years past.

Goes to South Dakota.

C. M. Williams, who has had charge of the work for the American Sunday School Union in this section of the state, left Crookston with his family this week for Huron, S. D., where they will make their future home. Mr. Williams has had charge of the work here for the past six years and his new appointment is in the nature of a promotion. He will be succeeded by Mr. Aschim, of Chicago.

Mr. Williams has been very successful since coming to this section. He came to a new field and had to do pioneer work in getting the Sunday schools of Minnesota organized and on a successful basis. His duty has not been to work for any one denomination, but to go out into the outlying districts and to get the Christian people of the district organized for work in an interdenominational school.

Ott-Nott but Did.

Minot, N. D., March 5.—Although their relatives think they Ott Nott have got married so soon, Elmer J. Ott and Carrie M. Nott nevertheless secured a marriage license from Judge Davis yesterday and in all probability today they are husband and wife.

In this case Miss Nott is older than Mr. Ott. The chances are that Carrie Nott will be the boss of the house. If she tells Mr. Ott that he Ott Nott attend the club after midnight, Ott will probably Nott do it. At any rate they Ott Nott have any trouble.

Both Mr. Ott and Miss Nott live in Ward county. Miss Nott is 25 years old and Mr. Ott is 23.

All Mrs. Ott will have to do is to forget to write the N at the beginning of her name and start it with an O.

Committee Meets.

Four members of the republican county central committee of Red Lake county met last Thursday at the Spectator office. Those present were: Dr. N. M. Watson and A. P. Toupin, of Red Lake Falls, Dan Patterson and H. E. Ives. They decided to call a republican convention to meet at St. Hilaire in the village hall on Thursday, April the 9th and primaries for the selection of delegates to be held on Saturday, April 4th. The convention is called for the purpose of selecting twelve delegates to the state convention at Minneapolis and twelve delegates to the district convention at Crookston, both conventions to elect delegates to the national convention. The call will be published next week.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Sure Sign of Spring.

Spring is here. There is no longer any doubt about this. Last Friday Conductor H. Hadrath, of the Soo line, discovered a butterfly wandering about in his yard. He captured the little fairy and brought it down town with him to prove to all skeptical persons that he was telling the truth. Butterflies are not numerous in this section the first week in March, but from now on we expect that there will be many of them.

FIND GREAT REASONS.

Committee of Proposed Electric Line Like County to the East.

They Say It Will be the Garden Spot of Minnesota Soon.

D. P. O'Neill, Olaf Ramstad and Math Barzen, the committee having charge of selecting a right-of-way for the proposed new electric line to be built from Thief River Falls into the county northeast of here, returned to this city Saturday evening after making an extensive trip through the territory into which it is proposed to run the railroad. They did not go as far as it had been their intention, turning back after they had reached the Rapid river.

All are loud in their praise of the county through which it is proposed to run the new line and state very emphatically that it is going to be the garden spot of this section of Minnesota. The settlers in that section are all going into the dairy business quite extensively, and the only drawback to the county is lack of proper drainage and poor roads. At present, is costing the settlers too much for transportation and if an electric line is built it will be a great help to the settlers.

ASK FOR LICENSE

Game Wardens Want All Guns to Be Licensed.

Law to require the payment of a license fee by every man in the state who carries a gun for the purpose of hunting, is advocated by the game wardens of the state in resolutions adopted in their general conference held at the old state capitol. Other resolutions favor federal protection, and control of migratory birds and fish in the Great Lakes; more liberal appropriations from the state funds for propogation of food and game fishes of the state and encouragement of artificial propagation of the Hungarian and the ring-neck pheasant.

The meeting was held in response to a call issued by Carlos Avery, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, to all the game warden's who are regularly employed by the commission on salary, and thirty-seven of them responded. The members of the commission and its principal officers and employes were also present, and the meeting proved so satisfactory that in future the commission will hold a similar conference every year for its wardens.

One of the chief features of the conference was the adoption of the resolutions outlined above, which were recommended by a committee consisting of A. G. Rutledge, S. F. Fullerton, and J. C. Green.

Telephones for the Soo.

Edmund Pennington, vice president and general manager of the Soo road, has announced that in compliance with the nine-hour law, effective last week affecting all telegraphers of the railroads of the country, the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railroad will install the telephone service as rapidly as possible throughout the entire system from the twin cities to the coast via the Soo-Spokane route, thus supplanting the telegraph system.

On the Great Northern arrangements have been made to comply with the law. Three operators have been placed at stations where it is necessary to keep open day and night.

Hotel Evelyn Open.

George W. Harris arrived in the city last Thursday from Winona and took control of the Rushford Hotel property which he purchased of James Meehan. Mr. Harris has named his hotel the Evelyn, in honor of his granddaughter. He has had a number of years experience in the hotel business, has the required amount of capital and that he will make a success of the business goes without saying.

Another Leak Found.

A bad leak in the water works mains at the corner of LaBree avenue and First Street, was discovered last week, and while the repair was being made, the water had to be shut off. It is becoming more evident every day that contractor Patterson, who did the job here, slighted his work very much, and it is costing the city considerable to keep the system in repair.

Subscribe for the News.

ENGLAND SAYS
NO ALUM
IN FOOD
and strictly prohibits the sale of alum baking powder—
So does France
So does Germany
The sale of alum foods has been made illegal in Washington and the District of Columbia, and alum baking powders are everywhere recognized as injurious.
To protect yourself against alum, when ordering baking powder,
Say plainly—
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
and be very sure you get Royal.
Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. It adds to the digestibility and wholesomeness of the food.

MINNESOTA CREAMERIES

Pay Million Dollars Yearly in Commissions to Sell Butter.

Remedy Lies With the Dairy Farmer and Creamery Manager.

It costs Minnesota creameries $1,000,000 annually in commissions to sell their butter. Better raw material and a higher grade, finished product will stop this great drain upon the dairy resources. Commission houses absorbed one-twentieth of the sum derived for our 80,000,000 pounds of butter in 1906.

It seems a strange thing that the creameries of Minnesota should be compelled to pay commissions of about $1,000,000 annually for selling their product to Eastern consumers. It is a tremendous tax, and ways and means should be adopted by dairymen and creamery managers to eliminate it. That $1,000,000 would sound good in the pockets of our farmers, judging from conditions prevailing in the counties of Freeborn and Steele, where the best creameries find a ready market for their butter at top prices F. O. B. at their stations, and no commission is charged.

Of course, quality is what brings cash buyers to their doors and that is what every creamery and every dairy farmer must strive for if they would eliminate the million paid in commissions.

There is no more important duty for the dairy farmers of Minnesota to perform, for their own benifit and from a purely selfish standpoint, than to furnish a perfectly sweet and sanitary raw product to their local creameries that their finished product may command the highest price at their own shipping stations, and that without commission. When one thinks of the high standard in the markets of Minnesota butter, it seems almost a parody to think of it costing our creameries $1,000,000 annually to place it in the hands of the buying public.

In 1906 the total running expenses of the creameries of our state were about twice the amount paid for them for commissions for the sale of their product. The remedy lies with the dairy farmer and creamery manager, for if the farmer will deliver pure sweet milk or cream to the creamery and the managers hire only first class buttermakers, they will find buyers at their plant willing to pay the highest market price for their product without charging commission. There is great room for education along the lines indicated, and when creamery patrons do their part faithfully and intelligently and co-operative creamery management is conducted as closely to proper business methods as those used by central plants, then a new era will dawn, and the farmer will be the chief beneficiary.

Some creamery managers, with a false idea of economy, will hire a cheap buttermaker, cheap at least in amount of salary received, and the chances be will lose ten times his salary in low overrun. That kind of economy spells ruin. Some Minnesota creameries, according to reports from Washington, D. C., have shown monthly losses of hundreds of dollars from the above cause. What business on earth could stand such a drain except a co-operative creamery, and live? These are not pleasant facts to relate, but they must be told that correction of the fault may follow.

A great work is being done for the advancement of the cause of diversified farming in Minnesota, and the whole heart of the dairy and food commission is in the cause; but the tinkling symbals of eloquence in laudation of the dairy farmer and buttermaker will be worse than wasted if there is not aroused a quickening sense of their duty in the contest for better conditions and products.

They deserve much praise for what has already been accomplished in Minnesota; but this is more their immediate cause—one of financial self interest, and that $1,000,000 divided among them is certainly worth the effort for better raw and finished dairy products. That $1,000,000 paid to the commission men of Chicago and New York amounts to almost one-twentieth of what our 80,000,000 pounds of butter sold in 1906. Think of it and then act.

W. W. Wall,
Secretary Minnesota Dairy and Food Commissioner.

Will Introduce a New Bill.

Regarding the protest of the Commercial clubs of Spooner and Beaudette to the Steenerson drainage bill, Congressman Steenerson last week sent the following telegram to the citizens of that city:

"The demand of the settlers for the revocation of withdrawal of ceded Indian lands and restoration of right to make entries and final proofs is just and proper, and I have prepaired a bill which I this day introduced allowing entries and proofs on these lands to be made without delay or regard to proposition for drainage works."

A Crop That Paid.

P. J. Martini, who owns a farm two miles north of Sauk Rapids brought his 1907 clover to market this week in a single load and with one team of horses. There were approximately sixty bushels. This does not seem extravagant as to quantity but when it is stated Mr. Martini received a check for $540 for his little load of clover, the average and uniformed citizen will sit up and take notice. Clover was one of the best and most paying crops the farmers had this past season and in a number of instances it proved the salvation of farmers whose other crops proved part of total failures.

The District meeting of Crookston District of the United Lutheran church will be held in St. Hilaire from Friday 13th, to Sunday the 15th, of March. All the pastors in the district are expected to be present. Sunday morning at 10.30 the church will be dedicated. Rev. Broeland from Neilsville to preach the introductory sermon and Rev. Eggen from Minneapolis to preach the dedication sermon.

Rev. Olaf M. Vaugenstren,
District Sec'y.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gundersoe.

For snaps in city property, see Hage the land man.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

Scandia House

Third door north from Langseth's.

Come in and make yourself at home.

20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.

Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Aaron Johnson, deceased, late of the city of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, being granted to Andy Erickson.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Aaron Johnson, deceased.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 8th day of June, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 7th day of March, A. D., 1908, by the court.

{ Probate } N. W. Tarrant,
{ Court } Judge.
{ Seal } March, 12-26.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [*Chain Stitch*] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Chief of Police George M. Shippy of Chicago, his son Harry and his driver, James Foley, were wounded by an anarchist who attempted to assassinate the police official in the hall of the latter's residence. The desperate struggle, in which Mrs. Shippy and her daughter Georgietto joined, was terminated when the chief drew his own revolver and killed his assailant, who was afterwards identified as a Russian Jew, twenty-two years of age, a recent arrival in this country. Harry Shippy is the most severely hurt of those injured in the affray. Although the bullet from the assassin's revolver passed completely through his body, just above the heart, it is said that his chances for recovery are favorable. The others are not seriously injured.

Augustus Hartje, a millionaire; John L. Welshons, a hardware merchant and friend of Hartje, and Clifford Hooe, a negro coachman, who have been on trial at Pittsburg charged with conspiracy to blacken the character of Mrs. Mary Scott Hartje, were acquitted, binding instructions having been given to the jury to find such a verdict and place the costs of the case upon the county.

Misconduct of the affairs of the Oriental bank of New York, which is in the hands of receivers, is charged in a report written by examiners employed by the receivers. The report says that several apparent defalcations, forgeries and other violations of law by employes were covered up for fear of exposure of higher officials, who are alleged to be guilty of misdeeds.

Nathan Vidaver, special deputy attorney general, was arrested at New York charged with attempting extortion. The action was brought by District Attorney Jerome, who alleges that Vidaver by threats got $500 from William Montgomery, formerly president of the Hamilton bank and now under indictment on charges of overcertification.

Masked robbers, armed with automatic revolvers, made a desperate attempt to rob the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Winnipeg and the interior of the bank bears marks of a terrible struggle in the shape of bullet marks in the wall and Freeman Sussex, paying teller, nurses a broken arm.

Warden Frank Conley of the Montana penitentiary at Deer Lodge was dangerously wounded and his first assistant warden, John Robinson, was killed when three life convicts made a dash for liberty. Two of the convicts were shot and dangerously wounded.

A pitched battle between farmers and three robbers, in which two of the latter were wounded, followed the daring robbery of the postoffices at Hedricktown and Bridgeport, N. J. The men were captured.

Two negroes, Curry Robertson and John Henry, were lynched near Hawkinsville, Ga., and their bodies burned. They were charged with the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Hart.

While drunk John J. Lynch of Avon, Conn., shot and instantly killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. Catherine Dittman, then fatally wounded his wife and killed himself.

We Do All Kinds Of

Commercial Printing.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

STAAF INTERPOLATES TROLLE

Subject of Sweden's Neutrality Is Brought Up in the Riksdag —Reply of M. Trolle.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

In the second chamber of the Swedish riksdag former Premier Staaf interpolated the foreign minister, M. Trolle, on the subject of Sweden's neutrality, asking whether Sweden would avoid conventions tending to imperial neutrality and also whether the government was prepared to make a statement regarding the fortifications on the Aland islands. M. Trolle, in reply, said: "Sweden is always bound to aim in its general policy at the maintenance of neutrality. Guaranteed neutrality would not conduce to this end, but would make us dependent upon the guaranteeing powers. Sweden does not desire to enter that dangerous path, but will preserve her neutrality, and should a conflict occur, if the theater of war is close to us, will defend her independence directly neutrality is infringed. The government has not asked for a guarantee, but it has not wished to reject the projects concerning the maintenance of the status quo in the Baltic. If these pourparlers have any result, it will be for greater security of territory. The necessity for silence during the negotiations prevent me being more explicit, but the Swedish government has this important question close at heart." Mr. Staaf expressed himself as being satisfied with the statement, saying that he was confident that the conclusion of the Baltic treaty would not increase the risk of Sweden becoming involved in war.

Increasing excitement attends the discussion as to the future of the Aland islands. The news reached Sweden that Russia regards the treaty whereby the St. Petersburg government bound itself not to fortify this archipelago, or any part of it, as dissolved by the rupture of the union between Sweden and Norway. The Swedish government refuses to accede to any such view. Its position is that Russia solemnly engaged with Britain and France in March, 1856, neither to fortify the Aland islands nor maintain there any military or naval establishment, and that this engagement was absolutely unaffected by the dissolution of the Swedish-Norwegian partnership. Sweden did not sign that treaty, but Britain, France and Russia did. The Stockholm government regards its continuance as vital not only to the security of Stockholm and the whole of the Swedish kingdom, but free access to two-thirds of the Baltic. Russian guns lowering over this capital from the Aland islands, only twenty-six miles distant, and Russian sea power brought so near are conditions which the Swedes cannot contemplate without the greatest resentment and alarm. It would menace the kingdom's trade with its northern provinces, practically shut up the gulf of Bothnia and Finland and create so terrible a danger to this country that Sweden would be forced to convert itself into an armed camp and crush its people under a burden of armaments.

The relations between Sweden and Russia are decidedly strained at present. The tension has arisen because Russia insists upon being released from the agreement made when Sweden surrendered Finland that no naval stations or fortifications should be established on the Finnish shores adjacent to Sweden. The part taken by Russia in the Norwegian integrity treaty and her present attitude on the Baltic "closed sea" question also have greatly irritated Sweden. War is feared in Sweden because Russia for some time has been preparing to establish a naval station on the western shores of Aland island, which is twenty-five miles from the Swedish coast and only a few hours by steamer from Stockholm. It is believed in some quarters that Germany will adopt drastic measures against Denmark if this state refuses to join Germany and Russia against Sweden in the efforts to make the Baltic a closed sea.

A. K. Billing, a well known Stockholm editor, met an accidental death the other day after he had just finished his breakfast and was about to start for his office. For some reason or other he stumbled and fell down a flight of stairs, sustaining such serious injuries that he died within half an hour from the time it happened. The deceased was born in Norrköping in 1851. He was graduated from the Upsala university in 1872 and a few years later he became associate editor of the Svenska Dagbladet and published also for a number of years a paper in Sodermanland. He was later associate editor of the Vartland, editing its political department. At the time of his death he was editor of the "Industria," a weekly journal devoted to Swedish business interests. He had hosts of friends in Stockholm, all of whom respected him for his fairmindedness and gentlemanly demeanor.

Nearly all the countries have now been formally notified of King Gustaf's accession to the throne. The King of Italy received the Swedish delegation last week in Rome, where it received a most cordial reception. The Swedish royal house is on exceptionally friendly terms with the king and queen of Italy, this especially because the present Queen of Sweden has spent so much of her time in Italy.

Recent investigations by reliable mining engineers show that north of the "Loussajarton" there are more than 12,500,000 tons of iron ore. The northern part of Sweden has often been referred to as the section of slumbering millions, and still the Swedish iron industry is, though old, really in its infancy.

The "Fylgia," which visited American shores last summer, is now cruising in Indian waters. A reception was given in honor of the commander and crew of the Fylgia Jan. 11 at Bombay under the auspices of the Royal Bombay Yacht club.

Anders Zorn, the eminent Swedish artist, arranged a ski tournament up in Alfdalen the other day. About five hundred peasants were present and there were about twenty-five contestants.

During the year of 1907, there were 3,092 applications for patents to the Swedish patent bureau. Of these, 2,041 were accepted. The others were rejected.

Queen Sofia has been confined to her bed recently. She is suffering from bronchitis. Her physicians do not believe, however, that the attack is a fatal one.

Malm, minister of war, who has been ill for a number of weeks, has now recovered sufficiently enough to attend to his duties.

Carl Fredrik, former comptroller of the postoffice department, has donated a sum of 20,000 crowns to the "Fund for Aged Servants."

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Norway's minister of finance is urging economy. During a debate in the storthing the other day regarding the country's finances, the minister said: "After prosperous years come the reverses. The latter have struck us. We are feeling the depression of hard times as seriously as our neighbor nations. "Our crop was comparatively poor, the shipping industry is practically at a standstill, exports have diminished and the price on mineral ore has also decreased. We have increased the customs and taxes on our poor people, but we cannot tax them this way any longer. The burden will be too heavy for them to carry. I therefore urge economic measures most earnestly and trust that this body will curtail its proposed appropriations at present and practice economy." The finance minister's remarks were given the closest attention.

Captain Roald Amundsen, the navigator of the northwest passage, expects to spend the next five years drifting through the Polar channel. In a recent interview he said: "I will have a strong little vessel, but a little larger than the 'Gjoa,' in which I made the passage. I expect to have most of my old crew with me. From my observations made on the former voyage, I think it will take about five years to drift from the Pacific to the Atlantic."

Captain Roald Amundsen is to make another trip to the frozen north. "Mine will be purely a scientific expedition and search for the pole will not be its object," he says. "The discovery of the north pole would be absolutely of no importance or use to the world." Some one should tell that to Walter Wellman, suggests one of the cosmopolitan dailies.

French, German and American automobile firms are now going after business in earnest in all the larger cities and towns of Norway. The splendid roads of the country present great opportunities for autoists and the steady increase of tourist traffic places them in great demand.

A large number of the tourist hotels are now undergoing thorough renovation preparatory to the opening of the tourist traffic. All indications point to a busy season and bookings for "summer quarters" have already arrived in large numbers.

The King and Queen of England may pay a visit to Christiania some time next summer. No date for their arrival has been set, but it is known that negotiations for their coming are under way.

The Bjornsons are at present in Rome. The elder Bjornson is engaged in completing another novel, which, it is believed, will be in the hands of the publishers not later than May 1.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A memorial fest in honor of Holger Drachmann, the eminent poet, was given at the Royal Opera House in Copenhagen Feb. 9. The entire house was filled with friends and admirers of the late poet and Otto Benzon delivered on this occasion a brief sketch of Mr. Drachmann's life and work.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra are expected to visit Copenhagen during the latter part of this month. Their visit to Denmark at this time of the year is regarded as something out of the ordinary and is thought to have much bearing on international politics.

Sir Allan Johnstone, the British minister to Copenhagen, was given an audience by King Edward Feb. 10. Sir Johnstone returned to Copenhagen from England last week.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA GRAIN LAW.

Commissioner Staples Defends It in Washington.

A sturdy defense of the Minnesota grain inspection and grading system was presented to the committee on interstate commerce of the house of representatives by C. F. Staples of the state railroad and warehouse commission. Commissioner Staples went to Washington to appear before the committee on account of the charges that have been made against the Minnesota inspection by the North Dakota senators and representatives, who have charged that the grain from their state which passes through Minnesota to the mills of Minneapolis or terminals at Duluth does not receive proper grading, and is compelled to be sold on grades lower than it is believed by them the grain shows on the gradings which it receives on leaving the terminal elevators.

R. J. Hall of Morris, Minn., a farmer, also appeared before the committee as a representative of farmers' associations in the state, to testify to the belief entertained by the farmers of Minnesota that the grain inspection and grading system in operation under the laws of the state work satisfactorily to the producer.

WILL BE SENT TO INDIA.

Salvation Army Rounding Up All Stray Cats.

A report from Minneapolis says the Salvation Army of that city is preparing to "round up" all stray cats and send them to India. It is to fight the bubonic plague that the felines are to be deported and in all cities where the Salvation Army is located cats will be collected.

The bubonic plague is spread by means of a flea which infests rats. In India it is against the religious principles of the country to take the life of an animal, so the plague thrives and thousands are carried away every year. A member of the Salvation Army in the Punjab district last year made the discovery that cats are immune from the insects and that the natives do not object to one animal killing another. This seemed a simple solution to the problem of exterminating the black plague.

Thousands of cats were at once imported from England and two cat farms were established at Gujerat. The decrease in the death rate was wonderful.

FOR LAST THREE MONTHS

State to Pay Out $11,404 for Wolves Slaughtered.

Warrants for the quarterly payment of wolf bounties are being prepared in the office of the state auditor and will be sent out to the county treasurers in a few days. The payments aggregate $11,404, which pays the bounty on 1,713 animals, of which 1,407 were full grown wolves and 306 cubs. The bounty is paid at the rate of $7.50 for full grown wolves and $3 for cubs, although some of these payments are at the old rate of $1 for cubs, the animals having been killed before the new law became effective.

Roseau county heads the list in the amount received with $1,252.50, with Polk next with $1,029, while Kittson gets $967.50 and St. Louis $855. Ramsey county gets $67.50 and Hennepin county gets nothing.

Mangled Body Found on Tracks.

The body of a man was found mangled on the Milwaukee and St. Paul railway tracks at St. Paul, by a member of the switching crew. The left leg of the victim was severed at the knee, the neck was broken and the left arm nearly separated from the body. Papers found in the pockets indicate that his name is Mark Popovich, nineteen years of age, and an Austrian. He evidently was a laboring man.

Interest on Pension Money.

Interest hereafter will be collected on the pension money of the inmates of the State Soldiers' home and be turned over to the state treasurer to be credited to the home support fund. A resolution to this effect was adopted at a meeting of the home board upon the report of a committee appointed to consider the report of Public Examiner Anton Schaefer of an examination of the affairs of the home.

Engineer Dead; Fireman Hurt.

Engineer C. E. Hinchman was killed and Fireman G. E. Chamberlain injured in a collision in the Union depot yards at St. Paul between a Milwaukee switch engine and a Burlington motor. Passengers on the motor train were hurled from their seats and suffered minor bruises. A blinding snow storm, prevailing at the time, is blamed for the collision.

Artillery Will Not Leave Snelling.

As a result of a conference at the war department at Washington it is settled that the order transferring the batteries of field artillery from Fort Snelling will be rescinded, and the war department will favor the establishment of an artillery and general practice range at Sparta, Wis.

Emma Goldman Barred.

Emma Goldman, "high priestess of anarchy, who was booked for two lectures in New Ulm March 23 and 24, will not be allowed to appear. The New Ulm Turnverein, after a spirited meeting, voted to cancel the engagement, and she will be unable to secure the Verein hall.

FOR THE PRESIDENCY

Democratic State Committee Presents Johnson's Name.

BRYAN FORCES DEFEATED

Friends of the Nebraskan Vainly Endeavored to Prevent Endorsement of Favorite Son.

The Democratic state central committee, in session at St. Paul, after a stubborn fight adopted a resolution endorsing Governor John A. Johnson for the Democratic presidential nomination and recommending that he be named by the national convention at Denver next July.

As the meeting of the committee was presided over by Frank A. Day, private secretary to the governor, and who voted for the Johnson resolution on every test and on the final ballot, the action of the committee is held by political leaders as placing the governor formally in the race for the Democratic presidential nomination.

The Johnson resolution was carried by a vote of 68 to 23, after the Bryan adherents had forced two test votes, on both of which they were defeated. The Bryan men insisted on a roll call on every vote and gave notice in their speeches on the original resolution that they would not be bound by the action of the state committee, but would make a fight throughout the state for a delegation from Minnesota to the national convention instructed for the nomination of Mr. Bryan. Moreover, a meeting of Bryan adherents held at the Ryan hotel immediately after the adjournment of the state committee, formed a Bryan organization which proposes to carry the contest against Johnson into every precinct of the state.

The state committee, besides adopting the Johnson resolution, voted that the state convention to elect delegates to the national convention should be held in St. Paul on May 14. The matter of calling a convention to nominate state officers was left to a committee of five to be appointed by State Chairman Frank A. Day.

HON. ALBERT L. COLE DEAD

Republican Candidate for Governor of This State in 1906.

Hon. Albert L. Cole, Republican nominee for governor two years ago, is dead in Texas, where he had gone for the benefit of his health.

A. L. Cole was born in St. Lawrence county, N. Y., and came to Minnesota in 1882. He was sixty years old and served two terms in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature—in 1903 and 1905. He was educated in the common schools and St. Lawrence university and for seven years was school commissioner in New York. Since his residence in Minnesota he was in business at Fergus Falls, Walker and Bena. He was the Republican nominee for governor in 1906 and was defeated by Governor Johnson.

BRYAN IS FOR PEACE.

Said to Have Called Off Fight on Johnson in Minnesota.

A special from Washington to the St. Paul Dispatch says: Peace and probable unity between the Bryan forces and the Johnson following in the Northwest is the talk now in Democratic circles. The Bryan radicals in Minnesota have been called off in their opposition to Governor Johnson and he is to be conceded the state without any opposition, if the plan set on foot by Willis J. Abbott and other strong Bryan followers is followed out. Bryan, it is said, has sent word that he wants no trouble and will not make any personal fight on any Democratic candidate for the presidency in his home state.

Boys Rob Shoe Store.

A trio of boy burglars have been arrested at Minneapolis by Detectives Howard and Neary, charged with entering the Hathaway & Shafts Shoe company shoe building and stealing about 200 pairs of shoes, valued at nearly $800. The boys gave their names as Frank Myers, Martin Tobin and Tom Hargan. They range in age between fifteen and seventeen. They admitted they had no reason for their early start in crime on a big scale other than the gratification of a "daredevil" spirit.

Nephew of Louis Reil Injured.

George Riel, nephew of Louis Riel of Canadian revolutionary fame, who was employed at the government saw mill near White Earth Indian agency, while engaged in cutting timber was accidentally caught under a falling tree. One of his hips was crushed, a portion of his scalp was torn off and he otherwise was bruised. He was taken to Minneapolis for treatment, but he is not expected to recover.

Family Narrowly Escapes Death.

Mrs. Louis Burrow of St. Paul and her four children, ranging in age from one to fifteen years, narrowly escaped asphyxiation from coal gas. The mother was found in a semiconscious condition writhing in pain on the floor and the youngest child was unconscious, its body turned blue. A physician was called and worked three hours over the child before it was out of danger.

My sale continues on dress goods, underwear, and overshoes. All other goods as cheap as the cheapest.
J. H. JACOBSON,
North Main Ave.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Do You Want to Make The Women Happy?

Shopping by Mail is vastly unsatisfactory to the Female.

There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer, ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the *bargains*. *When* a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

THE MINING HORRORS.

How Socialism Would Value Human Lives Above Profits.

From Nov. 30 last, when there was an explosion in the Fremont mine, to Dec. 10, when a Connellsville mine blew up, there were six great mine disasters, in which about 800 men lost their lives, all in a short period of twenty days.

There have been various ways suggested to stop this steady, regular process of industrial murder. Philanthropic lawmakers have multiplied inspectors, but the chief inspector of the greatest mining state in the Union declares that this has not decreased accidents. Considerable legislation has been enacted, but standing by itself this legislation has had little effect.

The only thing that has materially checked the waste of life has been the extension and increase of power of the labor unions.

These organizations are the only things about the mine that are not controlled by the desire for profits. They are the only things that put profits below lives. So it is that they are the greatest life saving institutions connected with mining.

It is admitted that, no matter how numerous inspectors may be, they cannot detect all violations of mining laws. But it is the miner who must be forced to violate these laws or who must see their violations. If he has no union behind him, he dare not complain lest his life pay the penalty, for to lose his job is to lose the means whereby he lives, and that is life. But backed by a union he insists that his life be protected.

One of the greatest causes of mine accidents is unskilled labor. The union insists that no one be allowed to work in a mine who has not first been properly trained.

If one miner refuses to go down into a mine which is filled with gas, he loses his job. If 500 miners refuse to go into a gaseous mine, profits stop and the mine owner ventilates the mine.

Against every improvement that threatens profits the mine owner fights. Against everything that threatens life the union fights.

A few years ago Walter Wellman wrote a series of articles on the Fairmont mining region. He told of the wonderful philanthropy of the mine owners. He declared that they were performing wonders in their efforts to care for the miners. But they would not allow any unions among their employees.

Monongah is in the Fairmont region, and those same benevolent mine owners are now begging for funds to care for the widows and orphans they have made.

Yet there are points where the union shakes a little. The United Mine Workers of Illinois a few years ago asked the legislature of the state to pass a law providing for especial care in the firing of shots. The legislature passed the law, but the mine owners refused to obey it. The governor did not call out the troops to force them to obey it, although it was a law designed to save human life. On the contrary, a commission was called to arbitrate the question of whether the law should be enforced.

The third member on that commission was Judge Gray of the United States circuit court. This judge, sworn to interpret and enforce the law, decided as a member of this commission that the mine owners need not obey the law.

The judge was representing the class to which he belonged—the possessing class—to whom profits are more sacred than lives, and therefore he decided in favor of the profits and against lives.

Had the workers controlled the government of Illinois, had they had judges representing their class upon the bench, lives would have been given first place, and the shot firers' law would have been enforced.

So long as one class lives upon profits and the other upon the expenditure of its lives in production there will always be a war between profits and human lives. So long as the profit taking class rules lives will be made secondary to profits.

The Socialist sees that the time is coming when the working class will take advantage of its overwhelming numbers to secure possession of government and also of the mines and other things through which wealth is produced. It will then conduct all industry for the benefit of the producers. There will be no conflict between profits and lives. All energy will be exerted to the lengthening and the strengthening and betterment of human lives. It will be to the interest of no one to kill persons in order that profits may follow. Therefore there will be no such industrial murders.

That is Socialism.—Chicago Daily Socialist.

Groans and Tears.

The groans and tears that the master class draw out of the wealth makers the globe over are enough to turn even a heart of stone. The fearful tortures in Russia and other countries, the cries of hunger in one nation after another, all proclaim that the followers of the Prince of Peace have had one thought for his spirit and ten for Mammon and place. No wonder Social Democracy is international!

Victories in Norway.

The Socialists chalked up some more victories in the recent elections in Norway. In Christiania the new city council will be composed of twenty-seven Socialists against fifty-seven of the other parties, and the Socialist vote increased 25 per cent. In Bergen twenty-four Socialists were elected to fifty-three of the other parties. In twelve smaller towns 110 Socialists were elected.

PARASITES OF SOCIETY.

The Beggars of the Slums Are Allies of the Capitalist Class.

Beggars cannot even indulge in the self-deception that they are necessary to the social system. They have no recollections of a time when their class rendered any service to society. They cannot brag about their power and force their parasitic existence upon society. They are only tolerated. Humility is consequently the first duty of the beggar and is the highest virtue of the poor.

Like the menials, this class of the proletariat also is servile toward the powerful. It furnishes no opposition against the existing social order. On the contrary, it ekes out its existence from the bones thrown to it by the rich. How could it want to abolish them? Furthermore, beggars are not themselves exploited. The higher degree of exploitation is carried against the workmen, and the larger the incomes of the rich all the more have the beggars to expect. Like the menial class, they are partakers of the fruits of exploitation. What could move them to put an end to that system?

When William M. Tweed, the shining star of Tammany some years ago, was unmasked and brought to justice for his wholesale plunder of the public treasury it was this class among the population of New York city that stuck to him to the last. He had been a generous almoner to it. Nor has the character of Tammany's following materially changed since then. This division of the proletariat constitutes, strictly speaking, the slums. Never yet has it shown the least spontaneity of spirit for resistance against the system of exploitation. But it is not a bulwark of the present system. Cowardly and unprincipled, it readily leaves in the lurch those whose alms it has taken so soon as wealth and power have slipped from their hands.

This class has never taken the lead in any revolutionary movement, but it has always been found on hand during the social disturbances, ready to fish in troubled waters. Occasionally it has given the last kick to a falling class. As a rule, however, it has satisfied itself with exploiting and corrupting every revolution that has broken out and being ready to betray it at the earliest opportunity.

The capitalist system of production has given strong increment to the slums. It steadily sends to them fresh recruits. In the large centers of industry they constitute a considerable portion of the population.—Kautsky.

A PARABLE.

Competition Is a System That Results in Death of the Weakest.

There was a man who did buy unto himself a chariot and two spanking horses thereto. The pair were well matched and fleet of foot, and the whole turnout was the envy of the countryside.

Said his confidential friend and adviser:

"You have made one great mistake is that you have harnessed the pair together. Had you placed one horse at the back of the cart and the other in front you would find they would go like the wind."

"How is that?" said the owner. "They will be pulling against each other!"

"Exactly. What they want is initiative to spur them on. When each finds the other pulling in the opposite way he will put all his strength into the struggle."

Being a reasonable man and willing to take any advice which appeared practical, the owner accordingly had a second cart made, with shafts at both ends, and harnessed his horses back to back.

The beautiful animals tugged with might and main, but at first it seemed as if each were as strong as the other, and the cart stood still. At last, however, one gave way. With a plunge, the other sprang forward, the weaker one being dragged along the ground until he was killed.

"It is only in accordance with the laws of nature," said the wise man, "that the weakest should go to the wall."—London Justice.

Only Party Deserving Respect.

The future belongs to Socialism. Professor Theodor Mommsen, the historian and greatest student of jurisprudence that Europe has produced in a long period, said shortly before his death that the Socialists alone had a programme, that they alone could afford to face the future calmly and that they were the only party deserving of any respect.

Mrs. Sanderson a Socialist.

Mrs. Annie Cobden-Sanderson, the woman suffragist who is receiving considerable attention from the daily newspapers, is a Socialist and treasurer of the Independent Labor party of London. Mrs. Sanderson lectured in New York recently on the subject "Socialism and Women" and created a splendid impression.

Notes.

Arnold White, member of the privileged class of England, recently stated, according to the London Leader, that "the superior classes intend to defend their property (from Socialism) with rifles, if necessary," to which Robert Blatchford replied that "the Socialists have no rifles and would have to fall back on brains, where their opponents are weak." Things must be getting warm over in England. But Socialism marches from one victory to another the world over.

The capitalists claim their incomes should be great to pay them for their great brain capacity! Well, how about their great brain capacity when the banks fail and they go broke?

My sale continues on dress goods, underwear, and overshoes. All other goods as cheap as the cheapest.

J. H. JACOBSON,
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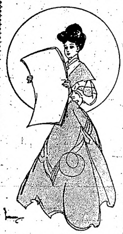

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There isn't a woman in Christendom—or in Islam—who doesn't prefer ten times over the trip through a store to the trip to the postoffice.

Why, Lord bless their hearts, the ladies love to shop! It's just as unsatisfying and artificial to shop by mail as to make love by mail—and that's the limit.

But, while the women love to walk through aisles of bargains, they love also to read about the bargains. When a newspaper comes to the house, which page does the woman peruse first? The page with the biggest shopping ads. Sure thing! Won't fail one time in ten. Test it and see.

In communities where the merchants don't advertise big enough to tempt the women, what happens? The Mail Order Catalogue comes along, full of attractive ads., with prices put down in black and white. The women read the catalogue; they are tempted by the bargains offered; they send their money by mail.

Thus they miss nine-tenths of the glory and joy of shopping. But what else can the poor ladies do?

Now, Mr. Merchant of Our Town, be good to the ladies. Give them some interesting reading matter. Print some of your bargains in your home paper. Put the prices there in black and white.

Isn't it really a pity to deprive the ladies of one of their supreme delights—shopping, seeing things, inspecting before taking?

BE GOOD TO THE LADIES AND YOU'LL BE PROSPEROUS.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

THE MINING HORRORS.

How Socialism Would Value Human Lives Above Profits.

From Nov. 30 last, when there was an explosion in the Fremont mine, to Dec. 10, when a Connellsville mine blew up, there were six great mine disasters, in which about 800 men lost their lives, all in a short period of twenty days.

There have been various ways suggested to stop this steady, regular process of industrial murder. Philanthropic lawmakers have multiplied inspectors, but the chief inspector of the greatest mining state in the Union declares that this has not decreased accidents. Considerable legislation has been enacted, but standing by itself this legislation has had little effect.

The only thing that has materially checked the waste of life has been the extension and increase of power of the labor unions.

These organizations are the only things about the mine that are not controlled by the desire for profits. They are the only things that put profits below lives. So it is that they are the greatest life saving institutions connected with mining.

It is admitted that, no matter how numerous inspectors may be, they cannot detect all violations of mining laws. But it is the miner who must be forced to violate these laws or who must see their violations. If he has no union behind him, he dare not complain lest his life pay the penalty, for to lose his job is to lose the means whereby he lives, and that is life. But backed by a union he insists that his life be protected.

One of the greatest causes of mine accidents is unskilled labor. The union insists that no one be allowed to work in a mine who has not first been properly trained.

If one miner refuses to go down into a mine which is filled with gas, he loses his job. If 500 miners refuse to go into a gaseous mine, profits stop and the mine owner ventilates the mine.

Against every improvement that threatens profits the mine owner fights. Against everything that threatens life the union fights.

A few years ago Walter Wellman wrote a series of articles on the Fairmont mining region. He told of the wonderful philanthropy of the mine owners. He declared that they were performing wonders in their efforts to care for the miners. But they would not allow any unions among their employees.

Monongah is in the Fairmont region, and those same benevolent mine owners are now begging for funds to care for the widows and orphans they have made.

Yet there are points where the union reaches a limit. The United Mine Workers of Illinois a few years ago asked the legislature of the state to pass a law providing for especial care in the firing of shots. The legislature passed the law, but the mine owners refused to obey it. The governor did not call out the troops to force them to obey it, although it was a law designed to save human life. On the contrary, a commission was called to arbitrate the question of whether the law should be enforced.

The third member on that commission was Judge Gray of the United States circuit court. This judge, sworn to interpret and enforce the law, decided as a member of this commission that the mine owners need not obey the law.

The judge was representing the class to which he belonged—the possessing class—to whom profits are more sacred than lives, and therefore he decided in favor of the profits and against lives.

Had the workers controlled the government of Illinois, had they had judges representing their class upon the bench, lives would have been given first place, and the shot firers' law would have been enforced.

So long as one class lives upon profits and the other upon the expenditure of its lives in production there will always be a war between profits and human lives. So long as the profit taking class rules lives will be made secondary to profits.

The Socialist sees that the time is coming when the working class will take advantage of its overwhelming numbers to secure possession of government and also of the mines and other things through which wealth is produced. It will then conduct all industry for the benefit of the producers. There will be no conflict between profits and lives. All energy will be exerted to the lengthening and the strengthening and betterment of human lives. It will be to the interest of no one to kill persons in order that profits may follow. Therefore there will be no such industrial murders.

That is Socialism.—Chicago Daily Socialist.

Groans and Tears.

The groans and tears that the master class draw out of the wealth makers the globe over are enough to turn even a heart of stone. The fearful tortures in Russia and other countries, the cries of hunger in one nation after another, all proclaim that the followers of the Prince of Peace have had one thought for his spirit and ten for Mammon and place. No wonder Social Democracy is international!

Victories in Norway.

The Socialists chalked up some more victories in the recent elections in Norway. In Christiania the new city council will be composed of twenty seven Socialists against fifty-seven of the other parties, and the Socialist vote increased 25 per cent. In Bergen twenty four Socialists were elected to fifty-three of the other parties. In twelve smaller towns 103 Socialists were elected.

PARASITES OF SOCIETY.

The Beggars of the Slums Are Allie of the Capitalist Class.

Beggars cannot even indulge in the self deception that they are necessary to the social system. They have no recollections of a time when their clas rendered any service to society. They cannot brng about their power and force their parasitic existence upon society. They are only tolerated. Humility is consequently the first duty of the beggar and is the highest virtue of the poor.

Like the menials, this class of the proletariat also is servile toward the powerful. It furnishes no opposition against the existing social order. On the contrary, it ekes out its existence from the bones thrown to it by the rich. How could it want to abolish them? Furthermore, beggars are not themselves exploited. The higher degree of exploitation is carried against the workmen, and the larger the incomes of the rich all the more have the beggars to expect. Like the menial class, they are partakers of the fruits of exploitation. What could move them to put an end to that system?

When William M. Tweed, the shining star of Tammany some years ago, was unmasked and brought to justice for his wholesale plunder of the public treasury it was this class among the population of New York city that stuck to him to the last. He had been a generous almoner to it. Nor has the character of Tammany's following materially changed since then. This division of the proletariat constitutes, strictly speaking, the slums. Never yet has it shown the least spontaneity of spirit for resistance against the system of exploitation. But it is not a bulwark of the present system. Cowardly and unprincipled, it readily leaves in the lurch those whose alms it has taken so soon as wealth and power have slipped from their hands.

This class has never taken the lead in any revolutionary movement, but it has always been found on hand during the social disturbances, ready to fish in troubled waters. Occasionally it has given the last kick to a falling class. As a rule, however, it has satisfied itself with exploiting and corrupting every revolution that has broken out and being ready to betray it at the earliest opportunity.

The capitalist system of production has given strong increment to the slums. It steadily sends to them fresh recruits. In the large centers of industry they constitute a considerable portion of the population.—Kautsky.

A PARABLE.

Competition Is a System That Results in Death of the Weakest.

There was a man who did buy unto himself a chariot and two spanking horses thereto. The pair were well matched and fleet of foot, and the whole turnout was the envy of the countryside.

Said his confidential friend and adviser:

"You have made one great mistake is that you have harnessed the pair together. Had you placed one horse at the back of the cart and the other in front you would find they would go like the wind."

"How is that?" said the owner. "They will be pulling against each other!"

"Exactly. What they want is initiative to spur them on. When each finds the other pulling in the opposite way he will put all his strength into the struggle."

Being a reasonable man and willing to take any advice which appeared practical, the owner accordingly had a second cart made, with shafts at both ends, and harnessed his horses back to back.

The beautiful animals tugged with might and main, but at first it seemed as if each were as strong as the other, and the cart stood still. At last, however, one gave way. With a plunge, the other sprang forward, the weaker one being dragged along the ground until he was killed.

"It is only in accordance with the laws of nature," said the wise man, "that the weakest should go to the wall."—London Justice.

Only Party Deserving Respect.

The future belongs to Socialism. Pro fessor Theodor Mommsen, the histori an and greatest student of jurispru dence that Europe has produced in a long period, said shortly before his death that the Socialists alone had a programme, that they alone could afford to face the future calmly and that they were the only party deserving of any respect.

Mrs. Sanderson a Socialist.

Mrs. Annie Cobden-Sanderson, th woman suffragist who is receivin considerable attention from the dail newspapers, is a Socialist and trea urer of the Independent Labor party London. Mrs. Sanderson lectured New York recently on the subje "Socialism and Women" and created splendid impression.

Notes.

Arnold White, member of the priv ileged class of England, recently stated, according to the London Leader, that "the superior classes intend to de fend their property (from Socialism) with rifles, if necessary," to which Robert Blatchford replied that "th Socialists have no rifles and wou have to fall back on brains, whe their opponents are weak." Thi must be getting warm over in Eng land. But Socialism marches fro one victory to another the world ove

The capitalists claim their incomes should be great to pay them for the great brain capacity! Well, how abo their great brain capacity when th banks fail and they go broke?

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

On April 1st 1908, we will be obliged to drop from our list a number of our subscribers who are one year or more in arrears with their subscription account. Under the new postal law which went into effect Jan. 1st, 1908, papers going to subscribers one year or more in arrears may not be mailed at newspaper rates, but must have a stamp affixed. This will increase the cost of mailing the paper, far beyond the usual rate, and is an item which the publishers cannot stand. The penalty which a Publisher must meet who transgresses this law is a fine for each instance of not less than $100 nor more than $500 while the News has in the past been ready to extend credit for subscription, it must now request that all outstanding accounts on this item be paid at once. Bills have been mailed regulary, which tells you when you are paid to, and if in our debt, remit to us or call and settle the amount with us, and thus save the expense of our putting the account in such a shape that we will not lose it. It is merely a case of obeying the postal law, and not carring the account, and under these circumstances we have got to protect ourselves. We would suggest that in the future, to save any annoyance and trouble not only to the publisher but to the subscribers as well, that subscriptions be more frequently paid in advance than allowed to lapse ino arrear. Attend to this at once.

Virginia Enterprise: While labor leaders in the West are sending back word to this section warning people to keep away from the coast because of the surplus of labor at all Western points the workingman on the Mesaba who really wants work is still provided with the means of a livelihood at good wages.

American Medicine: That "colds" are due to "catching heat" is another one of the curious paradoxes due to the modern investigations of desease, and by "colds" is ment all the acute inflammations of the respiratory tract, including pneumonia Eskimos never have pneumonia at home but they nearly all die of it when they come to New York. This disease is now the most fatal one in the heat of Panama. Peary states that none of his party suffered from coughs and colds in the arctic, but after their return they have all had such diseases "Tropical colds" are the persistent forms of bronchitis found in white men in the tropics and so hard to "throw off" or cure. It is well to inquire, now that the benefits of cold air are being recognized, whether our winter colds are not really due to the unwholesome heat of our houses which are hotter in winter than in summer. If so, we do not "catch cold" when we leave the house, but "catch heat" when we enter it. Every new fact seems to point to the necessity of a reform in our methods of overheating our houses.

How To Do It.

Maxwell's Tailsman for February has a very strong editorial on the menace of the catalogue houses. It gives retail merchants some good advice as how to meet and defeat the common enemy. It well says:

"Fight the devil with fire. Any plans for the protection of the retail merchant and the jobbers and manufacturers who sell to the trade must go to the very root of evil—must meet the catalogue house competition at every point, and on their own grounds—the advertising field.

"The catalogue houses are conducting the most comprehensive systematic, and far reaching advertising campaign that was ever planned, and they have been at it for years, spending dollars where the retail merchants and wholesalers have spent cents. They have had the business courage to put their money into publicity, knowing that they would get it back multiplied a hundred fold.

"What has been done in an organized way to offset this avalanche of mail order journal and catalogs?

"Nothing.

"Some of the local merchants have advertised liberally in the local press, but a much larger number have utterly failed to keep up the procession. The people often do not know what the local merchant has in his store—neither do they know what the catalogue house has to sell, and the price is always before the eye.

"If the retail trade is to hold its ground against the competition of the catalogue houses, they must meet them on the broad field of prices. And this must be done through the local press.

"In nearly every town the local publisher has stood manfully by the interests of the community by refusing to run mail-order advertisements. Further, he stands ready to prosecute an aggressive campaign against the mail-order idea. What is necessary is concerted action among the merchants and liberal use of the local columns to convince the people that they can save money by trading at home."

Decay In Wood Prevented.

It is estimated that a fence post, which under ordinary circumstances will last for perhaps two years, will, if given preservative treatment costing about 10 cents, last 18 years. The service of other timbers, such as railroad ties, telephone poles, and mine props, can be doubled and often trebled by inexpensive preservative treatment. To-day, when the cost of wood is a big item to every farmer, every stockman, every railroad manager—to everyone, in fact, who must use timber where it is likely to decay—this is a fact which should be carefully considered.

It is easy to see that if the length of time timbers can be used is doubled, only half as much timber will be required as before and only one-half as much money will need to be spent in the purchase of timber. Moreover, many woods which were for a long time considered almost worthless can be treated and be made to last as long as the scarcer and more expensive kinds.

Of the actual saving in dollars and cents through preservative treatment, a fence post such as was mentioned at the beginning might serve as one example. The post is of loblolly pine, and costs, untreated, about 8 cents, or, including the cost of setting, 14 cents. It lasts about two years. Compounding interest at 5 per cent, the annual charge of such a post is 7.53 cents; that is, it costs 7.53 cents a year to keep the post in service. Preservative treatment costing 10 cents will increase its length of life to about eighteen years. In this case the total cost of the post, set, is 24 cents, which compounded at 5 per cent, gives an annual charge of 2.04 cents. Thus the saving due to treatment is 5.49 cents a year. Assuming that there are 200 posts per mile, there is a saving each year for every mile of fence of a sum equivalent to the interest on $219.60.

In the same way preservative treatment will increase the length of life of a loblolly pine railroad tie from 5 to 12 years and will reduce the annual charge from 11.52 cents to 9.18 cents, which amounts to a saving of $58.65 per mile.

It is estimated that 150,000 acres are required each year to grow timber for the anthracite coal mines alone. The average life of an untreated mine prop is not more than three years. By proper preservative treatment it can be prolonged by many times this figure. Telephone and telegraph poles, which in ten or twelve years, or even less, decay so badly at the ground line that they have to be removed, can by a simple treatment of their butts, be made to last twenty or twenty-five years. Sap shingles, which are almost valueless in their natural state, can easily be treated and made to outlast even painted shingles of the most decay-resistant woods.

Thousands of dollars are lost every year by the socalled "bluing" of freshly sawed sapwood lumber. This can be prevented by proper treatment, and at a cost so small as to put it within the reach of the smallest operator.

In the South the cheap and abundant loblolly pine, one of the easiest of all woods to treat, can by proper preparation be made to take the place of the high-grade longleaf pine for many purposes. Black and tupelo gums and other little-used woods have a new and increasing importance because of the possibility of preserving them from decay at small cost. In the Northeastern and Lake States are tamarack, hemlock, beech, birch, and maple, and the red and black oaks, all of which by proper treatment may help to replace the fast-diminishing white oak and cedar. In the States of the Mississippi Valley the pressing fencepost problem may be greatly relieved by treating such species as cottonwood, willow, and hackberry.

Circular 139 of the Forest Service, "A Primer of Wood Preservation," tells in simple terms what decay is and how it can be retarded, describes briefly certain preservatives and processes, gives examples of the saving in dollars and cents, and tells what wood preservation can do in the future. The circular can be had free upon application to the Forester. Forest Service, Washington, D. C.

Worth Considering.

When it is remembered that 70,000 head of cattle find their way from the Northwest into Iowa and Illinois every year to be fed and sold at a profit in Chicago, and that about $60,000 worth of dead carcasses are shipped into Minnesota alone, it is evident that the Northwest is losing a large sum of money annually to the cattle feeders of Illinois and Iowa. Attention is being directed to this condition of things in St. Paul and the question is being asked, how can the intelligent farmer work his land, and what system of cropping can he adopt in order to keep it in a high state of fertility so that he can raise enough grain to fatten the cattle which are raised in the Northwest, and so put into his pockets the profits which are finding their way into the pockets of the southern cattle feeders. That this desirable condition of things can be brought about has been demonstrated by the Agricultural College of Minnesota. If only the rank and file farmers can be prevailed upon to adopt the most modern methods not only would they become richer but the Northwest would add about $6,000,000 a year to its income.

Last Entertainment of Lyceum Course

The Midland Jubilee Singers, last number of Lyceum course, will appear at the Presbyterian church next Thursday evening, March, 19. This troupe is composed of colored people who are recomended as high class and college bred, not condescending to the trashy music so often given by jubilee singers, but making a record for the best in their line. They have delighted their audiences wherever they have appeared. Tickets are now for sale at Curtis drug store.

Town of North.

The election in the town of North was a quiet one this year, being only one contest. H. P. Williams, who resides on the west side of the river, was a candidate for supervison against Jorgen Eide, a resident of the east side. Both are good men, and the sectional issue was the only one between the men. The following officers were elected:

Supervisor—Jorgan Eide.
Town Clerk—E. J. Overland.
Treasurer—August Soderberg.
Assessor—G. K. Haave.
Justice—S. M. Poston.
Constable—Tom Jacobson.
Town School Supt.—Andrew Trevaten.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

A FARMERS ELEVATOR

Farmers Living Near Alvarado Organize an Elevator Company.

Postmaster Steenerson of Crookston Was the Principal Speaker.

Elias Steenerson, postmaster of Crookston was leading speaker at Alvarado on the Soo north of Thief River Falls last Saturday afternoon, in the presence of two hundred farmers and over one hundred delegates from Marshall and Polk counties. Following his address the Alvarado Farmers' Elevator company was organized, capitalized at $5000 and 2100 shares were subscribed for on the spot. J. Malm was chosen president and F. E. Dahlgren, secretary

Mr. Steenerson's address covered the principle of co-operation among farmers in the marketing of their produce. He stated that these many farmers' elevator companies forming thruout the state would result in a big co-operative terminal elevator at Duluth and the Twin Cities. He urged that every attention be turned to installment of farmers' exchanges on a business basis.

Other local speakers spoke for a short time to the meeting.—Crookston Journal.

Town of Rocksbury.

Supervisor—S. O. Loe.
Town Clerk—P. Engelstad.
Treasurer—Ed A. Aubol.
Assessor—Ole A. Aubol.
Justice of Peace—Charles Gustafson.
Constable—Ole A. Aubol.

Town of Cloverleaf.

Supervisor—Ed Iverson.
Clerk—Joseph A. Duchamp.
Treasurer—Peter Sulland.
Assessor—Chris Swandsgaard.
Justice—Thomas Price.
Constable—Anton Kotlan.
For grader, 6; against grader, 26.

CHURCH TIME.

Quaint Ways of the Early Dutch Settlers in the New World.

As early as 1659 the Dutch settlers at Kingston, N. Y., erected with their own hands a little church building and dedicated it the following year. When a regular minister arrived from Holland the same year, writes Mrs. Nellie Urner Wallington in "Historic Churches of America," he found himself a dominie with a membership of but sixteen souls and a salary paid in wheat, which was then legal tender among these humble tillers of the soil.

In 1694 a bell was imported and gave such pleasure to the members of the little parish that they used it to announce the hours for meals for the farmers of the neighborhood.

The observance of one quaint custom was reminiscent of their former life in Holland—the announcement by the gray haired sexton between the ringing of the first and last church bells that the hour for service had arrived.

From door to door he traveled, rapped loudly and cried, "Church time!"

Notices of all kinds, whether of funerals, christenings, weddings or merrymakings, were handed first to the sexton, who in turn gave them to the clerk, who stuck them on the end of the bamboo pole which he kept for that purpose and reached them up to the dominie.

At the termination of the service, as in other Dutch churches, the deacons took up the collection with long poles having little velvet bags hung on the ends and a tinkling bell to wake the sleepers to the responsibilities of a contribution.

THE DUCK SHOVER.

A Man Who Gets Things on the Bounce and the Nod.

An amusing dialogue occurred between Judge Willis, K. C., and a plaintiff who sued a man for the value of a quantity of grain supplied.

His honor said he had received a letter from the defendant, who said he could offer only half a crown a month "That," continued his honor, "will take six years to get rid of the debt."

Plaintiff (emphatically)—I would willingly forgive a poor man, but when you find he is a "swanker" and doing every one in the neighborhood it puts your back up [Laughter.] We have to cut things very fine in order to get a shilling or two, and then these gentry come "swanking" about the country as if they were toffs. I am told by others that he is nothing more than a "duck shover." [Laughter.]

His Honor—A what shover? [Loud laughter.]

Plaintiff—Duck shover, your honor, a man who gets things on the bounce and the nod. [Renewed laughter.]

His Honor—You mean a man who gets people to let him have things on credit by representations that are not correct? Is that what you mean to convey by your big phrase—duck shover and so forth? [Laughter.]

Plaintiff—That's it—duck shover and swanker. [Renewed laughter.]

An order to pay 5 shillings monthly was made.—London News.

TO SELECT A DAM SITE.

Power Committee Authorized to Purchase a Site for a Dam.

Newly Incorporated Railway Company Held Important Meeting Monday Evening.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Thief River Falls Electric Railway held Monday evening it was voted to give the committee on power—Milton Forder, Robert McGinn and L. M. Hoag—the authority to purchase a site for a dam at some point along the Red Lake river. There are several suitable sites for dams, and the committee is given full power to select the one that can be purchased the cheapest.

The stockholders find that until a site for a dam which is to furnish power for the proposed electric line is selected, it would be useless to attempt to secure a right-of-way. After the dam site is selected and purchased, the company will be in a position to proceed with the other work.

Badly Frozen.

Fred E. Hagen, a Crookston man, was badly frozen at Roosevelt Monday and he was brought to that city Tuesday night on the Greenbush train and is now receiving medical treatment at his home there.

It appears that Hagen went to Roosevelt some time ago to work for J. A. Newton, of that place, and after getting there he went on a spree and lost all his money. No one would take him in and he laid out doors all one night. Monday morning he was found and his hands were terribly frozen and may have to be amputated.

Hagen is a habitual drunkard and his family is on the city at the present time.

Grygla Creamery.

Statemet of Grygla Creamery Assn. for year ending Dec. 1907.

Total amount deposited at Citizens State Bank	$16,251.28
Total amount cash on hand	217.55
Total,	$16,468.83
Total amount paid to patrons	$16,150 95
Cash on hand on Dec, 31 '07	317.88
Total.	$16,468 83
Number of patrons patronizing creamery in 1907,	103

G. A. Johnson,
Treasurer.

The following is a statement rendered by secretary Findeland for the month of January.

Cream received,	12,972 lbs
Average test,	22 4 per cent
Average yield,	26 38 per cent
Butter made,	3,420.75 lbs
Butterfat,	2,906 55 "
Over run,	514 20 lbs
Butter sold to Fitch Cornell	3,339.00 lbs
Butter sold at home,	81.75 lbs
	3,420.75 lbs
Cash received for butter,	$1,171 79
Overpaid last month,	.67
Total,	$1,174.12
Paid to patrons at 31 c per lb,	$901.03
Sinking fund,	42.75
Expenses,	219.04
Cash on hand,	11 30
Balance,	$1,174.12

Tried to End All.

Considerable excitement was caused in the city last Saturday, when a resident living on main avenue attempted to end his life by cutting his throat with a razor. Although quite a severe gash had been cut in the man's throat, no vital joints were touched and it did not take the doctors long to repair the injury. The man was suffering from acute alcoholic insanity when he attempted his life.

PROTECTION IS GOOD

Supt. Hay Gives Facts Regarding Fire Protection in City Schools.

No Danger of the Cleveland Disaster Being Repeated Here.

Editor News: In order to allay the fears of the public with regard to possible addident by fire in our city schools, and to inform them of what has been done and what is being attempted to secure safety against any possible dangerous contingency, may I be permitted to present the following statement?

No rubbish of any description whatsoever has ever been permitted to accumulate under stairways, in closets or any where else about the school buildings.

Not more than three cords of wood can be stored in the furnace room or basement at one time.

The boiler rooms are separated from the remainder of the basement by partitions made as tight as possible.

The janitors are in the buildings at all times except during a short lunch period at noon.

A jar of drinking water is kept in each room.

No pupil is permitted to enter the furnace room, nor to loiter in or about the basement closets.

All the primary or lower grade pupils are seated on the first floor.

All doors, both inner and outer, swing out. Where this was found inconvenient or impracticable, the doors were removed and stored away.

No door of any description is locked during the time school is in session. Before the opening of the morning session the janitors open all outer door fastenings except one, and this one is so simple and works so easily that it can be loosened by the smallest child.

Stops on windows are loosened so every sash can be raised.

A sufficient number of hand grenades have been ordered for all the buildings.

Fire drills are held twice a day. Later, these will be reduced in number but there will never be less than two per week. Every possible condition that might obtain in case of fire will be considered in these drills.

If any parent or other interested person can suggest a plan, whereby the further safety of our school children can be secured beyond what has already been attempted or accomplished, it will be gratefully received and put in operation. Criticism and suggestion are cordially invited from all quarters. No expense, labor or trouble will be considered too great by those in authority in school affairs in our city, in order to secure the highest degree of safety for the boys and girls in our schools.

Respectfully,
J. H. Hay.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending March, 7, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Karen
Andrews, A.
Berard, Leoucious
Beck, Clark....2
Faarseth, Christian
Gudmunson, Jorgen
Holde, Miss Olive
Johnson, Miss Alma
Mansa, Denis
Mauritsen, M.
Moen, Nels....2
Villoax, Mary
Volden, Miss Gina

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

HAVE YOUR
EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN AT
BORRY'S GALLERY

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 03
Barley	50c
Eggs	20c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Hugh Dean came down from the Red Lake last week.

James Meehan returned to Minneapolis last week.

W. B. Krause was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

House for sale or rent, Inquire of O. Tessum food store.

Dr. Grundy was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

C. H. Martz. of St. Hilaire. was in the city last Saturday.

County Supt. McNulty, was in the city the first of the week.

Will Vaugan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

Attorney Charles Loring, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday.

Register of Deeds Quist spent Sunday in the city visiting with friends.

Ole Evenson returned to this city the first of the week from Blackduck.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

George Elder was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

P. H. Wright, of Anton, is in the city this week receiving medical treatment.

C. M. Evenson was down to St. Paul last week attending to business matters.

James Patton came down from the Red Lake country the first of the week.

For Sale—Good second hand piano or will trade for cows. See Hager the Land man.

Misses Irene and Mary Caldwell were up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

We Have Recently Purchased the
M. Bothun Pure Food Grocery
and earnestly solicit a share of your business. Call us by Phone No. 115 and orders will promptly be attended to any part of the city.

NEXT WEEK'S SPECIALS:

Selected Princess Tomatoes, regular price 15c, now	12½c
Princess Corn, regular price 15c, now	12½c
Capitol Brand Quinces regular price 25c, now	20c
Van Camps Squash, regular price 12½c, now	10c
Capitol Pineapple, regular price 20c, now	17c
1 lb. pkg. Vim Coffee	25c
1 lb. "Princess Coffee	25c
1 lb. "Golden West	20c

These are some of our leading brands of canned goods and coffees. We also handle a special line of new extra fancy cookies for luncheons and parties, fruits, candies, cigars and crockery.

DOCK & NELSON
Successors of M. Bothun

Halvor Loken was down to Fargo the first of the week attending to business matters.

H. M. Dudley, of Duluth, was in the city the first of the week visiting with friends.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

C. P. Nelson, of Germantown, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

K. Rognes was in from Germantown last Saturday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was up to Greenbush the first of the week attending to business matters.

P. P. Hamre was down to Manville, N. D., the first of the week attending to business matters.

Miss Ella Anderson left Monday for Barnesville, where she has accepted a position in a store.

Mrs. Caldwell left Monday evening for Minneapolis to purchase her spring stock of millinery.

W. C. Addy, the Strandquist merchant, spent Sunday in the city visiting with friends.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was in the city yesterday attending to some legal business.

Pat Sullivan, of Highlanding, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute for North Dakota.

W. A. Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week looking after interests here.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church is entertained by Mrs. Olaf Tessum in the basement of the church.

Mrs. Marshall came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday and is visiting at the home of Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

$150 cash takes a 2500 pound team. Also 500 bushels of clean seed oats for sale. H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Services in the Swedish Mission church east side, Sunday, March, 15, at 3 o'clock. Rev. Dahlquist, Pastor.

The Young Peoples Society of the Synod church meets in the basement of the Synod church Friday evening at 8:15.

Night Policeman A. W. Lang left the first of the week for Litchfield where he expects to sell a farm that he owns down there.

T. B. Torkelson, the former Middle River banker, is now located at Bowman N. D., where he is engaged in the banking business.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson, who had been in Minneapolis for several weeks receiving medical treatment, returned to this city last Sunday.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning, March, 15, at 10:45, in the evening at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Frank Hunt, one of the prominent business men of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Brooks where he is interested in a hardware store.

The ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Andy Erickson on the east side Monday, March, 16 at 2 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Immanuel congregation will have services next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Newton School House. Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle. Pastor.

The ten children of Rev. Julius Schroeder, who was last week taken to the Fergus Falls insane asylum, left on Friday for Thompson, N. D., where they have relatives and will make their future home.

C. O. G. Johnson and Jens Lee were up from Perley, Wednesday. They have formed a partnership under the firm name Johnson & Lee and will commence the manufacture of all kinds of cement and artificial stone work, at Perley. They expect to engage Engel Peterson, of Thief River Falls, as foreman of the plant.—Hendrum Review.

Anton Gunderson will remove his saloon to the building just north of Bloom's meat market the first part of April. Ole Arneson will open up a saloon in the building vacated by Mr. Gunderson.

The Germantown creamery started up this week after being closed down for the winter. It is the intention to keep the creamery running all of next winter as most of the patrons are increasing their heard of cows.

Rev. S. T. Palm and his wife, who have recently removed from Sandridge to St. Hilaire, were in the city Tuesday Rev. Palm now has thirteen congregations, but hopes to have this number reduced in the near future.

Gunder J. Vigen's farm, 200 acres, 40 acres pasture, good machinery and full outfit of farm horses for rent $75.00 a year, apply to, Carl Hanson, Viking, Minn., or J. G. Vigen, Fergus Falls, Minn. J. G. Vigen.

Mark Carmichael, the inventor of the milking machine, was in the city last week. Conklin Bros. have recently built a new machine for Mr. Carmichael which has a number of improvements over the old one and works much better.

Services in the Church of the Lutheran Synod next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. English services in the evening at 7:45. Sunday school at 9:15 A. M. *The bible* class meets immediately after the morning services.

Rev. I. T. Aastad.

County Commissioner John A. Sorum came down from Sandridge Tuesday evening and left yesterday morning for Warren to attend a meeting of the county board. Mr. Sorum says that there was a warm election in the town of Holt Tuesday, the licence question being the issue.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land, 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

Casper Weiner was in from his claim on the reservation the first of the week. He reports that a new girl arrived at his house recently and now he has a family of eleven children. In a few years Casper is going to send a photograph of his family to President Roosevelt.

Wm. Herron, who has had charge of a camp for the Thief River Falls Lumber company the past winter, returned to this city last week, together with a number of men who had been employed by him. Most of the camps in the Red Lake county have been broken up, and a very successful winter's work was done.

Senator A. T. Stebbins, of Rochester, a cousin of F. J. Stebbins, of this city, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute from Roseau to his home. Senator Stebbins is a former past grand master of the state A. F. and A. M. Lodge, and was at Roseau instituting a lodge of this order.

Nothing has been heard from the bids recently sent to Washington for carrying the mail to Germantown by way of Anton and Brunkeberg. There has been a number of protests sent to the department against changing the Germantown route and it is quite likely that the matter will be investigated before the change is made.

Farmers build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We can furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

We handle the very best patent flour on the market, of different brands. Also whole wheat flour, graham, corn meal, oatmeal, etc. Feeds of all kinds, garden and field seed, baled hay, by the bale or carload. You are cordially invited to call. Prices are right. Prompt delivery. Phone, 234. O. Tessum.

A. A. Hall, who travels for a St. Paul wholesale hardware firm and makes his headquarters in this city, last Friday received a new automobile and in this summer will use this machine to call upon the trade in this section instead of using the railroad and hiring livery rigs. Mr. Hall has to make a number of inland towns as do all traveling men in this section of the state.

C. H. Martz returned on Tuesday from the southern part of the state where he had been visiting relatives, after attending the meeting of the State Highway Commission at St. Paul. Mr. Martz was instrumental in having the commission assign $1300 state aid to Red Lake county for the building of a state highway in the county this coming year. It was the largest amount assigned to any county in this part of the state.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

H. L. Dudley, formerly employed by the Times was a visitor in the city between trains this morning. Mr. Dudley was on his way from Duluth to Red Lake Falls, where he is spending the day on business. He was at one time the manager of the Red Lake Falls Gazette and was also at one time owner of the Thief River Press. He will return this evening and spend the night in Crookston. Mr. Dudley is now employed on the Duluth Star.—Monday's Crookston Times.

SHOES

The time is now coming when you need to buy a good pair of shoes. Our stock is now quite complete, and we can show you the best shoes money can buy at popular prices. We carry the largest assortment and strongest lines in the city. Here are some of our leading brands;

Ladies fine shoes, Duttenfofer shoes, Price,	$2.50 to $3.00
Ladies Godman shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and Children's Buster Brown shoes Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and children's Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Boy's Buster Brown and Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.90 to $2.50
Men's Mason Hand-Made shoes, Price,	$3.00 to $6.00
Men's Fine shoes, the Crawford line, Price,	$3.50 to $5.00

We also handle the Copeland and Ryder high top shoes for men, nothing better if you want to keep your feet dry, and get a shoe that will wear longer than any other make.

Our ladies Oxfords are coming in daily. Call on us before buying and we can convince you we give the best shoes for the money in the city.

Langseth Mercantile Co

County Commissioner Lindquist was in the city yesterday.

Peter Peterson went down to Crookston last evening to visit his son, Ed Peterson.

Prof Halvorson will play the violin at the Bijou the last half of this week.

Work of putting down the cement floor for the bridge was commenced this week.

Wanted—A school teacher for District No. 55, town of Silverton. Wages, $10 per month. Apply to Frank Staska, Mavie postoffice, Minnesota.

The following have made application to City Clerk Backe this week for license to sell intoxicating liquor: Tom Vondracheck, Oscar Carlson, Ewert Greibstein and Val Yager.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

E. B. Bakke has resigned his position as salesman on the road for Swift & Co. in North Dakota, and is now traveling for the Queen City Fruit company. He has the territory tributary to Thief River Falls and will make his home in this city.

In the Presbyterian church Rev. Neil H. Gilchrist will preach on "The book of Jonah and its Lessons" at the morning service. The subject of the evening service will be "A Character Study—Paul." Mrs. Pock and Mrs. Halvorson will sing.

The Sherwood & Dicks dredge crew and Healey's teamsters were all assembled here yesterday unloading the big boom for the dredge. This monster arrangement is 60 feet long and weighs in the neighborhood of 7 or 8 tons and it required two flat cars to land it here Four teams and two sets of bob sleighs will be required to land it as its destination on the Roseau River a distance of about 25 miles. The large boiler that will furnish steam for five engines also arrived with the same shipment.—Lancaster Herald.

Convention Call Issued.

The call for the Republican county convention is out this week. The basis of representation is one delegate at large for each fifty or fraction thereof votes cast at the last election. This gives each township two delegates. St. Hilaire has three delegates. Red Lake Falls, First ward, 2, Second ward, 2, Third ward, 3; Thief River Falls, First ward, 6; Second ward, 3; Third ward, 4.

Subscribe for the News.

DIED MONDAY

Charles F. Umbreit, an Old Settler, Passed Away.

After an illness of several weeks duration, Charles F. Umbreit, one of the pioneer settlers of this section of Minnesota, died at his home in this city on Monday.

The deceased was born in Germany on the 2nd of September, 1837, and at the age of 17 years came to America, first settling at Fort Washington, Wis., where he resided for five years and then removed to Illinois where he resided for 21 years. While in that state he enlisted as a private in company H 63rd regular Illinois volunteers and served for four years during the Civil War, being honorably discharged at Springfield, Ill., during the month of June, 1865. He was twice married, the last time to Mary E. Marsh. In the early days he came to this section, being one of the first settlers, and took a homestead in the town of Excel, Marshall county. In the year 1901 he removed to Thief River Falls.

The funeral services will be under the auspices of the Masonic lodge, of which the deceased was a member.

BIJOU THEATRE.

The program presented last evening at the little play house was up to standard. The "Beautiful Transformation" scene being beautifully hand colored and very novel. The comedy, "Looking for His Bank Note" is very humerous. It is a lamentable tale of a foreigner who calls at a bank, he inadvertently drops a bank note, an inebriate wearing white shoes steps on the note and it adheres to the sole of his shoe. A frantic search follows looking for the fellow with white shoes on.

"The Southern Romance" is a subject of finest dramatic interest combined with plantation scenes and negro eccentricities supplying the comedy element essential in a popular romantic drama.

Overture—Miss Ramstad.
Kenodrome—"An Unpleasant Legacy.
—"A Southern Romance.
Illustrated Ballad, "I Never can Forget You, Dear", sung by Miss Elsa Robbecke.
Kenodrome—"A Cripple's Duel."
"White Shoes."
"Beautiful Transformations." hand colored.

Souvenir Matinee, Saturday, 4 o'clock sharp.

EAR BITTEN OFF BY DOG

John Hagen, a Prominent Farmer of Mentor, Mutilated for Life.

A Small Pet Dog Became Suddenly Very Vicious.

John Hagen, one of the prosperous farmers of Mentor, had his ear bitten off by a pet terrier Monday morning at his farm home and he will be mutilated for life.

The day before the dog had been presented to Mr. Hagen by Steve Quesnelle, a neighbor. Mr. Hagen had picked up the dog, and was fondling it in his arms when, without warning, the vicious little brute sank his teeth into Mr. Hagen's hand. The man snatched the dog away and rested it against his shoulder while he examined the wound in the hand, and the dog immediately nipped at his ear taking the greater portion of it clean away.

Mr. Hagen at once wrapped up the ear in a piece of paper and started for Erskine, with the idea that the piece could be sewed back on again, but by the time he reached that town the severed member was dried up and dead, and the physician informed him that he would be mutilated for life.

Steenerson Denies.

Representative Halvor Steenerson of Crookston has issued the following statement:

"I notice in some Minnesota papers a statement that I have introduced a bill to limit the application of the bankruptcy law to persons whose indebtedness exceeds $500. This statement is erroneous. I have never introduced any bill seeking to amend the bankruptcy law in any particular."

Three Cents an Acre.

Congressman Steenerson has introduced a new bill in congress, which will make an additional cost of three cents an acre to enter land on the Chippewa reservation in this section. The three cents per acre covers the cost of drainage survey which has been made by the

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed. O. Holm.

DEFEC[illegible] PAGE

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

Kick the Printer

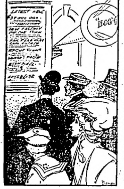

In the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., there has been for many years a conspicuous signboard outside an office which reads, "KICK THE PRINTER."

Bibulous persons sometimes go inside to carry out the apparent request, but they discover that the printer is a gentleman by the name of Kick.

In every town there are persons who, if they do not actually feel like kicking the printer—the newspaper man—at any rate do a lot of kicking at the way he conducts his paper.

Please DON'T kick the printer; he is doing the best he can.

And what he does for the town and community, despite his occasional mistakes, may be a great deal more than the kickers themselves are doing. Did THAT ever occur to you?

We are all neighbors in this town. What helps one helps the others. What hurts one hurts the others. Every community is a mutual benefit association, whether organized or just running wild. The printer is a charter member.

If you had no printer—no newspaper—how would you like that? Do you know what happens to towns that don't support a newspaper? Nothing happens. Nothing ever happens in a town like that. As soon as things begin to happen in a town the newspaper comes along and tells about them.

The newspaper boosts the town. It records progress and offers suggestions, by the editor or the readers, as to further progress. Every copy of every issue advertises the town. This is all free advertisement. It costs the town nothing. It costs the people nothing. It is a part of the business.

In view of this fact, which nobody can dispute, it is much better to pat the printer on the shoulder now and then or to speak kindly of him than to kick him.

NO: DON'T KICK THE PRINTER.

We Do All Kinds Of

Commercial Printing.

Too Much Collection.

A Scottish gentleman paying a visit to London was taken by his nephew to a service in St. Paul's cathedral. He had no acquaintance whatever with the liturgy of the Church of England. He picked up a prayer book and became very much interested, but as he turned over the leaves his face became clouded with a look of intense anxiety. He placed the prayer book carefully down, looked cautiously around, picked up his hat and crept stealthily to the door. His nephew followed him and said:

"Are you ill, uncle? What is the matter?"

The uncle replied: "No. But it is enough to make any man ill to see the number of collections made in this kirk!"

"Collections!" said the nephew, in surprise. "If there is any at all, there certainly won't be more than one."

"Well," said the uncle, "they should no' mark so many in the book. There's naething but 'collect' and bits of prayer, then 'collect' and more prayers, and 'collect' again. And says I to mysel', 'If I bide here until all these collections are ta'en, I'll no' have a bawbee in ma pocket!'"—London Tit-Bits.

How Indians Tan Deerskin.

The skin dressing of the Indians, both buffalo and deer skins, is generally very beautiful and soft. They stretch the skin either on a frame or on the ground, and after it has remained there for three or four days, with the brains spread over the fleshy side, they grain it with a sort of adz or chisel. After the process of graining, though the skin is apparently beautifully finished, it passes through another process—that of smoking. For this they hang the skin on a frame in a smoke proof house or tent. The fire is made at the bottom out of rotten wood, which produces a strong and peculiar smell. The fire must be smothered to make the smoke. The grained skins must be kept in the smoke for three or four days, and after this the skins will always remain the same, even after being wet, which does not belong to the dressed skins in civilized countries.—"Life Among the Indians."

The Partitions of Poland.

There have been three partitions of Poland. The first was in 1772, when Prussia took the palatinates of Malberg, Pomeria and Warmia, a part of Culm and a part of Great Poland. Austria took Red Russia, or Galicia; a part of Podolia, Sandomir and Cracow, and Russia took White Russia, with all the part beyond the Dnieper. The second partition was in 1793, by which Prussia acquired the remainder of Great and a portion of Little Poland, and the Russian boundary was advanced to the center of Lithuania and Volhynia. In the third and final partition, in 1795, Austria had Cracow, with the country between the Pilica and the Vistula. Prussia had the capital, with the territory as far as the Niemen, while the rest went to Russia. —New York American.

A Dramatic Author.

Like most actor managers, Macready was pestered by would be dramatic authors. An ambitious young fellow brought him a five act tragedy one morning to Drury Lane.

"My piece," modestly explained the author, "is a chef d'oeuvre. I will answer for its success, for I have consulted the sanguinary taste of the public. My tragedy is so tragic that all the characters are killed off at the end of the third act."

"With whom, then," asked the manager, "do you carry on the action of the last two acts?"

"With the ghosts of those who died in the third!"—Cornhill Magazine.

Gray Versus Brown Camels.

The length of a stage varies throughout Persia, depending on the character of the country, and is reckoned in farsaks, the old Greek parasang. The farsak is a most elastic and uncertain measure, and as animals are paid for per farsak as many as the credulity of the traveler will allow are crowded into each stage. "How far," I once asked an old Kurdish muleteer, "is a farsak?" "As far as one can distinguish a gray from a brown camel," was the discreet answer. They average about four miles and the stage about six farsaks, or twenty-five miles —Atlantic.

Thought He Could Buy Them Cheap.

Elderly German (as he calls at a lodging house door)—Glad lady, I saw, yes, der advertisement in der evening paper dat you have a pair of pajamas to sell, yes? Boarding House Mistress (indignantly)—Pajamas! You old fool, do you think this is a department store? Where is the advertisement? The German (producing the advertisement and reading it aloud)—"For sale, von almost new bedroom suit, cheab! Call and see it."—Bohemian.

Eats 'Em Alive.

"Does this dog like strangers?"

"Loves 'em, ma'am."

"Well, I must have a dog that does not like strangers."

"As I was about to say, ma'am, when you interrupted me, this dog loves strangers an' has eaten several of 'em, ma'am. Yes, ma'am, thank you!"—Houston Post.

Lingering Animosity.

"Those two families in the adjoining flats who used to be at daggers drawn have been reconciled, haven't they?"

"I don't know. They profess friendship, but one family gave the little boy in the other a big toy drum, and the second family gave the first one's oldest boy a fiddle."—Baltimore American.

Life is but a fleeting show, but it is nevertheless the greatest show on earth.—Atchison Globe.

Changed His Taste.

The Empress Eugenie, whom Napoleon III. chose to share his throne, had a ready wit, which, although it never veiled a sneer, often confused those on whom it was directed. The late Dr. T. W. Evans tells in his reminiscences the story of a distinguished senator, who, on being asked what he thought of the speech in which Napoleon had declared his marriage intention to the deputies, replied:

"A fine speech—excellent! But I prefer the sauce to the fish," meaning that Napoleon's words were better than his choosing of a bride.

Some weeks later, at a dinner given at the Tuileries, this senator was seated next to the empress, who, observing that after having been helped to the turbot he declined the sauce, said to him, smiling roguishly:

"Monsieur, I thought it was the sauce you liked and not the fish."

With rare presence of mind the senator hesitated but a moment.

"A mistake, madam," he said, "for which I am now trying to make amends."

The Corner Days.

Some aged country folk like to take note of what they call the corner days —the 20th of March and the 20th of September—when the sun crosses the line and the days and nights are of equal length and the 20th of June (the longest day of the year) and the 20th of December (the shortest). After the 20th of June they say, "When the days grow shorter the weather grows hotter," and after Dec. 20, "As the days begin to lengthen the cold begins to strengthen."

Levi Beebe, a noted old weather prophet, who used to watch the weather from his eyrie on Beartown mountain, southern Berkshire, Mass., made prophecies which were greatly prized. He made his prognostications from a study of the winds, the clear, cloudy and stormy days for ten days each side of the corner days and multiplied them by 3 to tell the weather for each succeeding quarter, and he made some marvelous guesses.—New York Press.

Insect Contrivance.

As Dr. Darwin was walking one day in his garden he perceived a wasp upon the gravel walk with a large fly nearly as big as itself which it had caught. Kneeling down, he distinctly saw it cut off the head and abdomen and then, taking up with its feet the trunk or middle portion of the body, to which the wings remained attached, fly away. But a breeze of wind, acting on the wings of the fly, turned round the wasp with its burden and impeded its progress. Upon this it alighted again on the gravel walk, deliberately sawed off first one wing and then the other and, having thus removed the cause of its embarrassment, flew off with its booty.

Gambetta's Lost Eye.

Gambetta, the French patriot, had but one eye. How he came to lose the other in childhood is told by a writer: "It appears that Gambetta had such a dislike to going to school that he said to his father that unless he were taken from school he would poke one of his eyes out. His father insisted on his remaining on at school, whereupon Gambetta did as he had threatened to do, and on his father remonstrating with him he said that if his father sent him back again to school he would poke the other eye out. Such a determined character was he that his father had finally to give way to him."

Why They Fly.

Bobby—Mamma, do the streets of heaven flow with milk and honey? Mamma—So the Bible says, dear. Bobby—And is that why the angels have wings, 'cause the walkin's so bad?

Obedience is better than sacrifice.— Shakespeare.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb. 19, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Peder C. Rud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 179 made June 22nd, 1901, for the lots 3 and 4 and E ½ S W ¼ Section 13, Township 154 N., Range 42 West and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 4 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Hanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Halvor Folsted, " " " " "
John Friberg, " " " " "
Jens Jetnes, " " " " "

Feb. 27 April 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Gilbert Olson State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson, Caroline Mork and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the Estate of said decedent. The petition of Maret Olson having been filed in this court, representing that Gilbert Olson then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota died intestate on the 11th day of September 1907, and praying that letters of administration of his Estate be granted to [illegible] and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition. Therefore you and each of you are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said court, and the seal of said court this [illegible] day of March, 1908.
(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge
March [illegible]

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

$2,000,—160 acres, rich black loam soil, in Red Lake County, on county road, with good neighbors, seven miles from St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Terms $500 cash, balance on or before ten years at 6 per cent SE¼, Sec. 9, T 153 R 44.
W. D. Washburn, Jr.,
1051 Security Bank Building,
Minneapolis, Minn

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID. WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

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MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The state board of control has passed a resolution authorizing Warden Henry Wolfer of Stillwater to work the convicts overtime not to exceed three hours per day in order to get out the necessary supply of binding twine. The resolution provides that the work shall be voluntary on the part of the inmates, so none can be compelled to work overtime. The prisoners are to be allowed 25 cents for each three hours while so employed.

The public schools of the state will soon receive their shares of $712,667.20, the amount of the March state school apportionment. This is at the rate of $1.90 a pupil, the largest apportionment ever made in March. In making up the enrollment list only those pupils who attended school for at least forty days during the last school year are considered.

The state highway commission has apportioned $72,650 to the various counties of the state to assist in the construction of roads during 1908. The money will be expended on designated state roads, the counties agreeing to expend twice the amount allowed by the highway commission in each case.

The city of Winona, through its board of municipal works, will build an experimental filtration plant in an effort to come to some solution of the water problem. The city water was condemned by the state board of health some time ago because it was found to contain sewage contamination.

An ordinance with radical changes in the regulation of the saloon business in St. Cloud was introduced at the council meeting and given its first reading. The principal changes are to increase the liquor license to $1,000, to regulate the saloon district and to limit the number of saloons to sixteen.

Applications for the abatement of state taxes must be accompanied by the recommendation of the county auditor in order to give the state tax commission jurisdiction to pass upon the matter, according to a decision of the state supreme court.

Hugo B. Koch of St. Paul has been appointed factory inspector by W. H. Williams, state labor commissioner, to succeed F. E. Hoffman, who has succeeded Julius Moersch as statistician of the department.

Representative Tawney has introduced two public building bills, one for approximately $50,000 for a public building at Austin and the other for a like amount for a building at Rochester.

The medical department of Hamline university has been merged with that of the University of Minnesota. After the present college year the Hamline department will be closed.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Pleas of his ministerial friends did not save Samuel White of Minneapolis, former preacher of the gospel, from being sentenced to spend thirteen months at hard labor at the Stillwater prison. Judge Holt pronounced sentence on the conviction of grand larceny in the second degree. The court then granted a stay of execution for thirty days to allow time for an appeal to the supreme court.

Charles Johnson, a water tender at the plant of the Zenith Furnace company at Duluth, was shot by some unknown person with probably fatal results. He walked to the rear of the engine room to shut a door and while there peered out into the darkness. A man leaped toward him and fired a revolver at him, the bullet lodging in the groin.

Pneumonia heads the Minneapolis death roll of February, as in December and January, although the rate is somewhat less than for January. There were fifty-five deaths during the month from this disease; twenty-nine from tuberculosis and twenty-one from Brights disease, the two next highest causes of death.

Richard C. Russell of Minneapolis, an embalmer's assistant, was sentenced to prison for an indeterminate period for robbing bodies in his charge. He confessed to taking $100 from one body and a gold watch from another.

Edward Smith and Roy Rolland, each nineteen years old, arrested at Minneapolis by Detectives Hayes and Crummey, have confessed to having committed more than half a dozen robberies in the last week.

The body of Charley Teller, a farmer, was found dead on the railroad tracks near Dassel, evidently having been run over by a Great Northern train.

Fire at Albert Lea burned the building of the Lembke Dry Goods company, causing a loss of approximately $50,000.

OBITUARY.

Charles Passavant, a resident of St. Paul for more than fifty years and a prominent figure in municipal affairs in the early days, is dead, aged seventy-six years.

Philip Fick, an alderman in the city council of St. Anthony, now Minneapolis, is dead in the Mill City.

Duell Nelson, aged seventy-five, one of the first residents of North St. Paul, was found dead in bed.

Edmund Doyle, an old resident of Marshall, died at the advanced age of 100 years and 3 months.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10; No. 1 Northern, $1.08; May, $1.06; July, $1.06¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.14¾; May, $1.15¼; July, $1.16¾.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 9.—Wheat—May, $1.07@1.07⅛; July, $1.05⅛. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅛@1.11⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅝@1.09⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.06⅞; No. 3 Northern, $1.02@1.05.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75@5.50; fair to good, $4.00@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.25; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$4.40@4.60. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25@5.75; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 9.—Wheat—May, 95⅞c; July, 90½@90⅝c; Sept., 87⅝c. Corn—May, 64¼@64⅜c; July, 62c; Sept., 61c. Oats—May, 51½c; May, old, 53⅛c; July, 43⅝c; July, old, 44⅝c. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—18@18½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 12@12½c; springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.20@6.25; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.15; Texans, $4.00@4.80; calves, $5.25@7.00; Western cattle, $4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.90. Hogs—Light, $4.45@4.47½; mixed, $4.50@4.80; heavy, $4.50@4.80; rough, $4.50@4.65; pigs, $3.85@4.50. Sheep, $3.65@6.00; yearlings, $5.50@6.25; lambs, $6.60@7.10.

LABOR NEWS.

More than 5,000 granite cutters, quarrymen and others employed in the granite industry at Barre, Vt.; Montpelier, Vt., and Westerly, R. I., are affected by a suspension of work due to a failure by the unions and manufacturers to agree to the provisions of a new wage scale.

Danger of a street car strike at Des Moines, Ia., was averted when the board of arbitration agreed to give employes of the company an increase of approximately 15 per cent above the present scale.

Coal mines in Iowa may shut down on April 1 on account of lack of agreement on wage schedule. Fifteen thousand men would be affected.

DREAM FOOD.

Hasheesh, the Strange Drug That Is Used in the Orient.

Hasheesh, that strange drug which has given our language its word "assassin"—a man so frenzied by the drug that he accomplishes murder—is used by the Persians, Turks and Egyptians in a manner akin to the use of opium by the Chinese. It is the product of a plant grown in large quantities in the Peloponnesus (southern Greece) in the district about Tripolitza. The plant grows to a height of about four feet, and its branches are thickly covered with small leaves and studded with tiny seeds.

The entire plant, stalk and branches, is cut within a few inches of the root and laid out in the sun to dry. The branches are then rubbed to separate the seeds, and these in turn are ground into a fine powder, which constitutes the drug. The drug has the power of inducing sleep and producing pleasant and fantastic dreams. Continued use of hasheesh renders its devotees wild and reckless and results in a complete wreck of their mental and physical constitution.

For this reason the Egyptian government prohibited the importation of the drug and entered into a convention with Greece to prevent its exportation from there to Egypt, where the consumers of hasheesh are very numerous. The drug is practically never used in Greece, but is now exported to the various ports in England, Austria, France and Italy, and from there much, no doubt, ultimately finds its way to Egypt.

BRIGHT SAYINGS.

A Little Batch of Stories Related by an Englishman.

The sultan of Turkey had sent the queen of Spain a diamond bracelet. She had the stones reset in earrings and called the fact to the attention of Fuad Pasha, the Turkish envoy.

"His majesty," replied Fuad, "will be delighted that your majesty gives an ear to what comes from Constantinople."

To the same Fuad an Englishwoman impolitely said, "How many wives have you?"

"The same number as your husband, madam," said the wily Turk. "The only difference is that he conceals one of his and I do not."

When Robert Lowe married and said, "With all my worldly goods I thee endow," he grumbled to his wife afterward, "And at the time I hadn't a brass farthing."

"Oh, but, my dear, you forget there is your genius."

Lowe replied, "Well, you cannot say I endowed you with that."

In a much older story Frederick the Great is represented as saying angrily to the English ambassador of the day, "England is now without an ally upon the continent except God."

Sir Hugh Elliott instantly replied, "Yes, sire, but God is an ally that demands no subsidy."—From "Rambling Reminiscences," by Sir Henry Drummond Wolff.

LAW AND LITERATURE.

Writers Who Might Have Won Reputation at the Bar.

The old connection between law and literature was strengthened by the late Sir Lewis Morris, who practiced as a conveyancer in Lincoln's Inn while he was establishing his reputation as a poet. There have been several poets who have abandoned the steep places of the bar for the slopes of Parnassus, but the late Sir Lewis Morris is the only poet of repute who has found the tasks of conveyancer not incompatible with the cultivation of the muse. R. D. Blackmore, the author of "Lorna Doone," practiced as a conveyancer for several years. Sir Walter Scott, speaking of himself and law, said, "There was no great love between us, and it pleased heaven to decrease it on further acquaintance." Most of the poets who have sprung from the legal profession appear to have entertained the same unfavorable view. Cowper, who was a fellow pupil of Lord Thurlow in an attorney's office, was called to the bar at the Middle Temple, but he quickly yielded himself to the charms of literature. Denham was a member of Lincoln's Inn, and Thomas Gray, the author of the famous "Elegy Written In a Country Churchyard," studied for the bar, but neither of these got beyond the apprenticeship stage. Barry Cornwall was a solicitor.—Law Journal.

A HOMESICK PIONEER.

Poetic Plaint of One of the Early Settlers in Missouri.

In wonder the people of today read of the persistent cheerfulness with which the pioneers went about the business of settling the great west. Nevertheless it somehow gratifies the weakness of human nature to know that there was now and then a wearer of the deerskin leggings and coonskin cap who grumbled.

One early settler who went from a snug New England village to the fever haunted prairies along the Missouri was moved to put his complaints into rhymes, one of which has survived and is now carefully preserved by the descendants of the early settler, who live surrounded by the peaceful prosperity and comfort of a Missouri farm right in the heart of the anathematized prairie:

Oh, lonesome, windy, grassy place,
  Where buffalo and snake prevail—
The first with dreadful looking face,
  The last with dreadful sounding tail—
I'd rather live on camel hump
  And be a Yankee Doodle beggar
Than where I never see a stump
  And shake to death with fever'n ager.

Judging from the last line, one might conclude that an acute attack of "ager" had suddenly prevented him from continuing.

Pie in England.

Pie came to the fore in England many centuries ago. It originated in the form of mince pie and was used in the celebration of Christmas. In its primitive stage it was baked in a deep sided dish, lined and covered with rolled out dough. The filling was of forcemeats, richly sweetened and spiced. This spicing and flavoring stood for the presents which the wise men bore to the Christ in the manger. For years and years this custom of having the Christmas mince pie prevailed, but finally it was denounced far and wide by the Puritans as a form of idolatry, and the government after parliament had suppressed the celebration of the birth of Christ took steps to stop the baking and eating of the mince pie. Eventually saner reasoning led to the taking off of the ban, and the pie eating custom was renewed.—London Standard.

Firm Resolution.

Dave Saddler was a brave Confederate soldier who was in the hospital at Richmond and who, in spite of his sufferings, always took a cheerful view of the situation. One day when he was recovering a visiting minister approached his cot and tendered him a pair of homemade socks.

"Accept these," said he. "I only wish the dear woman who knit them could present them to you in person."

"Thank you very much," said David gravely. "But I have decided that I never shall wear another pair of socks while I live."

The preacher protested, but to no purpose, and finally he sought out the boy's sister to tell her how foolishly the invalid had behaved.

"Why," exclaimed she, "both his feet have been shot off!"

The Scent of Flowers.

As a rule the scent of flowers does not exist in them as in a store or gland, but rather as a breath, an exhalation. While the flower lives it breathes out its sweetness, but when it dies the fragrance usually ceases to exist. The method of stealing from the flower its fragrance while it is still living is no new thing, and it is not known when it was discovered that butter, animal fat or oil would absorb the odor given off by living flowers placed near them and would themselves become fragrant.

How to Make Home Happy.

Mary (angrily)—I think you are the biggest fool in town, John. John (mildly)—Well, Mary, mother used to tell me that when I was a little boy, but I never thought she was right about it until I married you.—Liverpool Mercury.

A Thackeray Retort.

Being asked once whether he had read any of the books of a popular novelist, Thackeray rejoined:

"Well, no. You see, I am like a pastry cook. I bake tarts and I sell 'em, but I eat bread and butter."

The best remedy for wrongs done us is to forget them.—Syrus.

EARLY NEW YORK.

Its Name In the Year 1664 Was the "Towne of Mannados."

While many persons are aware of the fact that New York has not always been so called, having for a time at least been known as New Amsterdam, probably not one in 10,000 is aware of the fact that in early days it possessed still another and now forgotten name—the Towne of Mannados. That this was the case, however, is shown beyond the shadow of a doubt by a map which hangs in the armory of the Old Guard of the city of New York among its collection of early Americana, the authenticity of which is certified to by the manuscript department of the British museum, in whose possession is the original from which the copy in the possession of the Old Guard was made.

As a quaint representation of early geographical ideas of what is now Greater New York the map in question is interesting. It is one of the very few on which the name of Towne of Mannados is given priority over that of New Amsterdam.

The facsimile which hangs in the Old Guard armory, certified as being a correct copy in every particular, is entitled "A Description of the Towne of Mannados, or New Amsterdam, as it Was in September, 1664." If, however, the "towne" at that time existed in the shape indicated by the plan, extremely violent earthquakes must have occurred since. The map, a curious illustration of early ideas of geography, shows New York, or, rather, the Towne of Mannados, as a peninsula, jutting into an inclosed bay formed by "Hudson river" on one side and an unnamed stream on the other, probably regarded as its continuation. To the west lies an unexplored territory designated as the "maine land" and to the east "Longe Isleland."

What is probably Staten Island is depicted as lying due west of what is today Wall street, and the only outlet from the inclosed bay into which the Towne of Mannados juts is a single extremely narrow pass between the "maine land" and "Longe Isleland," which almost meet at a point in the vicinity of what is now Sandy Hook. On either side of this passage is the descriptive title "Heads."

That, in brief, was the idea of the Towne of Mannados in 1664. The plan also shows a spot marked "Water Mill" at the mouth of a stream which is probably the Harlem river, while "Ye Governour's House" is located at the extreme southeastern part of the island. The territory, which was even vaguely mapped, hardly extends above what is now Twenty-third street. Beyond that on the "plan" there lies a vague territory much used by early geographers.—New York Times.

Sticking on and Sticking In.

His mother was proud of him, and with reason. He had just won a prize in Sunday school, and his teacher in the public school had reported him the best boy in her class. Consequently Mrs. Buggins felt a moral joy in discussing with him that evening at supper the evil character of the other boys of the neighborhood.

"And I wouldn't go about any more with Charlie Binks if I were you, Tommy," she concluded. "I was told this morning that he was seen sticking pins into his little sister's pug dog. But, of course, I know you wouldn't do such a thing."

"Tommy's virtuous eyes shone with the calm realization of his ethical superiority to the Binks boy.

"No, mother," he answered, "of course I wouldn't."

"But," broke in his father, "I heard that you were there at the time Charlie was sticking in the pins. You should have struck him, my lad."

For a moment Tommy's face fell, but he soon justified himself.

"I couldn't stop him, father," he explained. "You see, I was holding the dog."—London Scraps.

Cruikshank at Eighty.

"Among the many people whose acquaintance I made in Richardson's rooms was old George Cruikshank. I happened incidentally to remark that I wasn't very well, when Cruikshank in his genial manner exclaimed: 'What? Not well? A powerful young fellow like you ought to be ashamed of yourself to talk of being unwell! Here, let me see you do this.'

"He sprang up, took the tongs and poker from the fireplace, crossed them on the floor like swords and then, whistling his own air, danced a highland sword dance with great agility and accuracy, keeping it up for at least a quarter of an hour. As he threw himself into a chair, somewhat exhausted by his efforts, he said, 'Now, then, when I'm dead you can say you saw old Cruikshank when he was over eighty years of age dance the sword dance in Dr. Richardson's room.'"—From "Pages From an Adventurous Life."

The Significance of Small Duties.

Don't object that your duties are so insignificant. They are to be reckoned of infinite significance and alone important to you. Were it but the more perfect regulation of your apartments, the sorting away of your clothes and trinkets, the arranging of your papers —"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with all thy might" and all thy worth and constancy. Much more, if your duties are of evidently higher, wider scope; if you have brothers, sisters, a father, a mother, weigh earnestly what claim does lie upon you on behalf of each and consider it as the one thing needful to pay them more and more honestly and nobly what you owe. What matter how miserable one is if one can do that? That is the sure and steady disconnection and extinction of whatsoever miseries one has in this world.—Thomas Carlyle.

THE INDUCED TRANCE.

Franz Anton Mesmer and His Weird Hypnotic Methods.

Charlatan though he was, mankind owes a greater debt to Franz Anton Mesmer than has generally been acknowledged. As the present writer has elsewhere said, "When Mesmer published in 1773 his account of the marvelous cures effected by what he was pleased to term animal magnetism, he sowed seed which was to render inevitable the diligent husbandry of today." Grant that hypnotism had still to be clarified by the researches of an Esdaile, an Elliotson a Braid, a Charcot, a Liebeault, a Gurney, before it became what it is today—a wonderful curative instrument and aid to psychological experimentation—grant all this, and Mesmer remains the first of a line of psychotherapeutists and psychopathologists whose fame, if belated, is steadily growing. That he should have been rebuffed by the orthodox practitioners of his day is not surprising. When in 1778 he went to Paris he went with a well developed sense of the value of advertising. The campaign he inaugurated was of a character to disgust the conservative and thoughtful, but to take a sensation loving populace by storm. Most extravagant tales of cures he had accomplished in Berlin, Vienna and elsewhere were noised abroad. Through a convert he challenged the physicians of Paris to enter into a contest with him, they to treat twelve patients by the orthodox methods, he to treat twelve by his. Of course this challenge was rejected, and equally, of course, its rejection was interpreted by the thoughtless as an acknowledgment of the superiority of Mesmer's treatment. His rooms were thronged; his purse waxed constantly heavier.

The treatment he gave was such as to appeal vividly to the imagination of the patient—in a word, to increase his suggestibility. Suggestion, indeed, was its root element, although Mesmer failed or pretended to fail to recognize this and taught that its efficacy depended upon the effluence of a mysterious fluid. In a room dimly lighted and hung with mirrors the patients were seated about a circular vat of considerable size covered with a lid and containing various chemicals. A long cord connected the patients with one another, while in the lid of the tub were several holes, through each of which passed an iron rod bent in such a way that its point could be applied to any part of a patient's body. The patients were requested not to speak, the only sound in the room being strains of soft music. When expectancy was at its flood Mesmer would enter clad in the robe of a magician and carrying an iron wand. At one patient he would gaze intently; another he would stroke gently with his wand. Soon some would burst into laughter, others into tears, while still others would fall into convulsions, finally passing into a lethargic state, out of which, it is claimed, they emerged cured or on the highroad to a cure. Occasionally the treatment was given outdoors, a tree being "magnetized" and the patient collapsing in a swoon so soon as he approached it.

In such wise were Europeans first made acquainted with the phenomenon of the "induced trance."—From "The Riddle of Personality," by H. Addington Bruce.

The Magazine West.

Once there was a newspaper man who came up into my country to write up the way his syndicate thought it ought to be. His sombrero was very wide and rakishly tilted—away from the sun. His shirt was open at the throat and decorated with a handkerchief, but because he did not know why cowboys wear handkerchiefs around their necks he wore it like a girl at a picnic. It was white silk and became him very well. There had not been an arrest made in Maverick for nearly three years, but the syndicate man had so much gun metal on him that he fairly clanked. When he first struck our town he saw an Indian, in shirt sleeves and overalls, leaning against the doorsill of a general store. He was Johnny Dean, a graduate of the Carson school, who played the cornet and afterward organized a labor strike among the Indians at the salt works. The syndicate man clapped him on the back and said:

"Heap big Indian, come drink fire water."

Dean looked him all over, with the gentle flicker of a smile. "Thank you," he said, "I never use alcoholic stimulants." The interesting part of this story is that it is a two years' penitentiary offense to furnish liquor to Indians.—Atlantic.

Laughter and Indigestion.

"I don't know whether nature fitted me out with a different sort of digestive apparatus from the average man," remarked a magazine reader, who looked up from the printed page. "Here is a writer who sets it down as a solemn fact that 'laughter and good cheer are enemies of dyspepsia.' Now, whenever I go to a dinner where a lot of good stories are told or amusing speeches made and I laugh more than usual the result for me is an aggravated attack of indigestion. More than this, and, although I never drink anything in the way of intoxicants, I am certain to have an attack of hiccoughs as a result of laughing, which always amuses my friends who are aware of my nondrinking habits. I present the anomalous picture of perhaps being the only man at the table who has not taken a drink of any kind, and yet my actions are those of a man who had decidedly too much liquor. You can't make me believe that old saw about laughter being good for digestion in spite of the solemn gentleman who wrote this article."—New York Press.

WHY NAMED SEQUOIA

Origin of the Title Given to California's Big Trees.

HONOR TO A FAMOUS INDIAN.

The Wonderful Work of Joseph Guess, a Half Breed Cherokee, Whose Latinized Name, Thanks to a Generous Scientist, the Giant Trees Bear.

In California's wonderland nothing is more interesting or wonderful than the Sequoia gigantea, which grows along Sierra Nevada's slopes, and its lesser cousin Sequoia sempervirens, inhabiting the lands near the coast around Santa Cruz. "What is the meaning of sequoia?" I asked a judge. "It is undoubtedly of Latin derivation, but I fail to remember its significance," was the judicial reply. The physician declared it "well chosen scientific nomenclature" and stopped. A man on the street said he "guessed it was the name of the fellow that discovered the trees," so I came to the conclusion that but few know, and yet the story is interesting.

A long time ago, as the story books say, there lived near famous old Fort London, in east Tennessee, not far from the Georgia line, a very great man of whom not one American in a hundred has ever heard. Joseph Guess, or Sequoia, a half breed Cherokee Indian, was born in 1700 and possessed qualities which would have made him great at any period or among any people in the world's history. Combined with a powerful creative intellect were indomitable energy, application, persistence, that no discouragement could affect, and a firm confidence in his own ability to overcome obstacles. In his youth he acquired distinction in his tribe as a craftsman in silver, his handiwork showing not only technical skill in execution, but unusual ingenuity and originality of design.

It was not, however, until 1809 that he began the work that was to entitle him to a place among the earth's truly great. In that year Sequoia's ambition was fired by the knowledge that the whites had a method of communication by means of writing and books and set out to devise a written language for his own people. When it is realized that Sequoia was illiterate, knew not a single letter of the English alphabet, had no basis in his own language to build upon, the stupendous difficulties of the task he set for himself may well be imagined. He began his great work without a doubt of his ultimate success, with the superb faith that belongs only to the great. From an old English spelling book he copied all the letters, giving to each a sound, modified some of the letters he found, invented others until he had eighty-five characters, by means of which might be expressed every sound in the Cherokee language. Not only would this have been impossible with our alphabet, but so simple was the system that any one speaking Cherokee might within a week or two learn to read and write it. There are not lacking learned and distinguished philologists who unhesitatingly declare that Sequoia's alphabet is the most perfect ever devised for any language.

He had at first the usual experience of inventors. Shafts of ridicule were aimed at him, and he even received violent abuse from many of his tribesmen for his attempts to introduce this remarkable innovation, but his triumph came in 1821 in California. He was then sixty-one years of age, when a council of Cherokee chiefs formally adopted his invention. Soon a printing press was established, and quite a large and varied literature was its fruit, while even a newspaper was printed in Cherokee by the aid of Sequoia's alphabet.

The desire for learning among the Cherokees was remarkable, so much so that in a very few months after the invention was given to the nation thousands of its members could read and write. Considering the difficulties of his undertaking, I think we are safe in writing the old chief who died full of honors far from home in Mexico one of the greatest of Americans.

Tennessee has given to the world many great men, Presidents Jackson, Polk and Johnson standing in the forefront. The nation they served has become one of the first of the earth, and so their names are known of all men. The people toward whose uplifting Sequoia spent his life are scattered to the four winds of heaven. Only a remnant remains, and in a few more generations they will be but a memory, and his achievement will be known only to the curious.

The old chief's life work was not in vain. No life of unselfish devotion ever is. A great American scientist with a soul attuned to the fitness of things Latinized the Indian name to Sequoia and gave it to California's great trees. And what name for the greatest of American growths could be more appropriate than that of one of the greatest of America's early race?

Scientists tell us some of these trees are thousands of years old. Everything that lived in all the earth when they were young has long since passed away. But there are young ones coming on under the shadow of their elders, and so is it beyond the range of probability that a dozen centuries hence some broken and discouraged traveler resting under the gracious shade shall ask the reason for the beautiful name Sequoia and, hearing, become uplifted and stimulated to do noble things through the story of the humble red man who by unselfish devotion became great?—John D. Ross in Los Angeles Times.

THE MODERN CIRCUS

Vast and Dazzling, It Is Really a Very Simple Affair.

AN ANALYSIS OF A BIG SHOW.

Four Main Parts, Aerial, Ground, Equestrian and Hippodrome, to Which All Else Is Incidental—The Actual Cost and Press Agent Figures.

While the performance of the big modern circus is truly dazzling and confusing to the average visitor, an analysis will show it to be a very simple affair.

The performance proper consists of four parts—namely, aerial, ground, equestrian and hippodrome. Everything else is incidental or adjunctive. The menagerie, freaks, curiosities, etc., make up the remainder of what we call "the show."

If one will examine the programme of the circus performance carefully, it will be seen that the ground acts alternate with, say, a jockey act, an aerial act, an equestrian act, another ground act, another aerial act, and so on for the entire performance.

The performers are mostly foreigners, Japan furnishing the most of any *particular country. France, Italy and* Germany give us the most of the athletic artists, while England and America produce the equestrians. But the Japanese furnish fully three-eighths of the whole entertainment.

The natives of Nippon have never been equaled by those of any other country for tricks of the feet and hands. The Japanese, however, are never found on the programme as equestrians, trapeze artists or clowns. With these parts eliminated they may be said to give the greater part of the performance. Cut the equestrian and trapeze acts and the Japanese will be found in almost every number.

A single Japanese troupe of five or six members, costing from $150 to $400 a week, will thus furnish the most of the entertainment. As every circus goer knows, the Japanese are especially skillful in every feature of juggling, balancing by hands or feet, manipulating of objects, wire walking, etc., which they have carried to such a degree of perfection that their acts are unapproachable by the people of any other nationality.

The first Japanese performer in this country was a small boy who came with the first Japanese embassy to the United States.

His performance created a perfect furore of enthusiasm, and he attracted more attention than the novel embassy itself. Little "All Right" will be remembered, though the embassy and its important mission has long been forgotten.

The name was acquired from the circumstances that the words "all right" were the only English words the child knew at the time, and he used to sing them out in his shrill treble as he finished what was then deemed a remarkable feat, to the intense delight of the audience.

So popular was the little chap that his advent was followed by several other little "All Rights" from the same curious country beyond the Pacific until the Japanese performers here became an old story.

The chief reason for the overwhelming preponderance of foreign talent in the American circus lies in the practical exclusion of children from the stage and ring in the United States. So many of the states have laws forbidding the public appearance of children under sixteen that theatrical managers hesitate to produce any play with a child in the cast. As acrobatic feats require early and severe training, the American is practically cut off from this way of earning a living.

In present conditions when Little Eva in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" has become old enough to marry little "All Right" would be an impossibility, for not only do these laws prevent the training of American children for the stage and ring, but they prevent the appearance in this country of some of the most famous family troupes of Europe.

Abroad the show career offers a better means of advancement than the trades, and poor parents frequently apprentice their children to those who train them for the stage or ring. In this country we generously send them to the cotton mills or the mines.

The American circus performer has gradually become restricted to the equestrian act, and in the act of riding he or she is not excelled, even by the English, though the latter nation has produced some fine equestrians, haute ecole and daring bareback riders.

Mme. Dockrill, wife of R. H. Dockrill, himself one of the best high school riders of his time, was a famous American rider in 1874. She used to ride four bareback horses abreast, her feet resting on the two outside horses in Roman fashion. She also did the Mazeppa act and other thrilling bareback feats. Her pretty daughter Rose was trained in the same act and afterward became a star rider.

Emma Lake, who died quite recently at an advanced age, was another famous American equestrienne. She always won salvos of applause as her horse, with noble head high in the air, rose almost to a perpendicular on his hind feet at the word of command, while his skilled mistress retained a firm place in the saddle.

Riders at one time were the chief attraction of the circus and were billed as we now bill our "death defying deeds." In the old one ring days the whole performance was practically divided between the rider and the clown. When the rider was not riding, the clown had the ring all to himself, even the band ceasing to play until the clown sang or got off his jokes, after which the rider resumed the performance.

All riders in those days were "champions" in the show printing. The press agent invariably wreathed these champions in laurels wrested from other champions, and on the dead walls their breasts were adorned with rich medals of superlative merit.

There were such champions as Charles W. Fish, Martino Lowande, William Domott, William Showles, Robert Stickney, William Ducrow, Jim Robinson, Jim Melville, his son, Frank Melville, and many others.

Among the clowns of renown in the earlier days were Jim Cooke, the Shakespearean clown; Johnny Patterson, the Irish clown; Joe Pentland, Dan Rice, Billy Burke, etc. Their pay was nearly as high as that of the riders. Clowns and riders were the only real expensive atractions of the circus up to the year 1870.

A year or two later P. T. Barnum and his associates, W. C. Coup and Dan Costello, introduced a hippodrome, and that feature became a fixture in the circus performance and necessitated the big tent. The hippodrome separated the audience so widely from the performers that the old singing and talking clown soon vanished.

His place was taken by the silent funmakers of today. From being a chief feature the clown became a mere pantomimist, relegated to the waits. The hippodrome multiplied riders and cheapened them, so they, too, lost individuality. The distance and multiplicity of features enabled the showmen to run in mediocre riding acts instead of the first class ones formerly necessary. The sharp rivalry characteristic of the one ring days was dead.

The hippodrome, which furnishes half an hour's entertainment, is itself relatively the cheapest part of the performance today.

When Maude Oswald was a hippodrome rider, the races were hotly contested. So great was this rivalry at times that the management had to interfere, not because of the danger to the contestants, but for fear that they might injure the horses or other property. The riders owned their individual necks and could be replaced at any time without expense to the show.

Nowadays the hippodrome personnel is made up of the odds and ends and costs little or nothing extra. A clown will become a "Roman" rider; his wife will drive a chariot. Half a dozen women, some of them sewing girls in the wardrobe department, make up the ladies' flat races. An equal number of stable grooms will do the crack jockey races.

A few dogs run around the track once, and it is called the "whippet dog race;" half a dozen terror stricken monkeys are strapped to pony saddles, and their frantic fear sends the audience into convulsions of laughter.

The only really meritorious feature of the hippodrome is that of the fine jumping horses introduced in modern days. Then come the chariot races, the cheapest kind of affairs, but furnishing perhaps the most thrilling excitement to the average country crowd. There used to be elephant and camel races, but the brutal manner in which it was necessary to goad and prod these unfortunates in order to get them to run at all was so repulsive to the gentle hearted in the audience that these races had to be eliminated.

The hippodrome as a circus feature is popular with showmen because cheap and a good filler. Nobody has to be hired for it. The obligation is put into certain contracts.

The harmless little press agent stories as to the tremendous outlay in salaries and all that which may seem to conflict with anything here set down may be relegated to the fiction department. The real cost of running a big show is considerably less than any other business in like capitalization.—Baltimore Sun.

Study the Goose.

There is much to study about a goose. Just observe a flock of geese some day when you are out visiting on a farm. They'll give you amusement by the hour.

A goose hasn't the slightest idea of breadth or depth. The assertion that every goose that passes through an open barn door ducks its head, no matter if the opening be twenty feet high, is as true as can be, and, while a goose can't be made to believe that there is no danger to its head as it passes over the sill of a barn door, it is equally positive that it can creep through a two inch augur hole or a knothole in a fence just as easily as it can go through a twenty foot door and with more safety to its person. I have laughed myself sore more times than a few at the persistence of some old goose in trying to enter an inclosure through a hole in the fence hardly big enough to get its head through, while a gate big enough for a team of horses to pass through was wide open within three feet of the hole.—New York Sun.

One to Three at Whist.

The late Senator Hoar was extremely fond of whist, which he played with remarkable skill.

A friend says that the only time he ever knew the usually placid and genial man from Massachusetts to be absolutely impatient was when on one occasion at whist the senator had an unusually stupid partner. Notwithstanding this handicap, the pair were winning right along even against good players.

In the middle of one game some one paused behind the senator's chair and asked, "Well, senator, how are you getting on?"

"Very well, indeed," was the reply. "In view of the fact that I have three adversaries."—St. Louis Republic.

THE CLEARING HOUSE

Methods of the Big Bank Exchange in New York City.

MARCH OF THE MESSENGERS.

The Way Millions on Millions of Dollars in Checks Change Holders In a Few Minutes In the Daily Balancing of Accounts Between Banks.

"Clearing!" That word is the order for the shuffling of many feet and the pattering of thick envelopes upon hard wood. Men with leather bags hung against their chests like bass drums pass up and down rows of desks at which other men sit and as they go by deftly hand out brown paper packages containing the equivalent of millions in gold. Thus do the banks of New York transfer money each business day.

As vast as the figures involved in the operation are, they do not make an impress upon the mind. One is more apt to wonder whether the gray haired messenger in the blue serge suit would succeed in disorganizing the line if he gave the wrong envelope to bank No. 49 and, if so, whether he would be condemned *forever* by his associates. But no one seems to make a mistake, and the visitor has no reason to worry about the possibility of misplacing $28,000,000 even for half a second. The machinery of the clearing house is almost too perfect to slip a cog.

The clearing house begins to show signs of activity as early as 9:30 o'clock, when the vanguard of bank runners makes its appearance. They travel in pairs and are mostly young men, although the veterans have not all retired. Their badge of office is a bag, any sort of bag, suit case, telescope, kit bag, canvas bag. Sometimes it has the name of the bank it came from printed across the end. More often it bears no distinguishing mark.

Further, its identity is frequently hidden behind an exceedingly shabby exterior. That is perhaps a virtue. At all events, it is not considered good form in banking circles to be ostentatious. A strong bag even though it be old and chafed is just as good a vehicle for a fortune as a new one and is less likely to produce burnings in the heart of a thug. So this is the reason why the young men who sweep up the marble stairs look as if they were carrying bags filled with their own clothing instead of other persons' checks. Self conscious they are not despite the loads they carry, and one might well imagine they were going upstairs to change their garments for gymnasium suits.

But when the visitor reaches the floor above and climbs to the little gallery at one end he realizes that not basket ball, but another game, is to be played. Already the players are preparing to take their positions. At the side walls are benches on which delivery clerks are sitting, their bags at their sides, and opposite is a solid counter divided into about seventeen compartments, to the front of which are affixed, if occupied, the name plates of different banks. Beyond the first is a second counter and between the two a rack for hats and overcoats. A broad aisle with more benches and hatracks separates the two rows of counters from duplicates on the opposite side of the room.

Settling clerks, who take their places on high stools behind the outer rows of counters, face the walls. Those at the inner counters face the center aisle. At the elbows of the settling clerks stand their assistants, who are required to sign the exchange slips presented with each package of checks.

As the clock nears 10 one glances from the high dome, with its row of electric lights, to the scene below. The clerks at the compartments have made themselves comfortable. The messengers standing at ease before them have slung their bags and are ready. A minute passes. A man appears at the rostrum in the gallery and rings a gong twice. Eyes below are uplifted as he makes an announcement about out of town banks that will hereafter clear through different correspondents. That is not of particular interest, but he pauses briefly and then utters the magic word, "Clearing!"

The messenger for bank No. 1 crosses the room at one end of the counters and takes the place of No. 97, who has moved down a pace. Simultaneously fifty other men have taken a step forward, and the tramping and scraping of feet come regularly. No. 1 has slapped an envelope down before the clerk at No. 97's compartment, dropped a ticket into a slot, offered an exchange slip for signing and passed on to No. 96 without uttering a word. Each of No. 1's fifty associates has duplicated his performance in every detail, and so the exchanges, as they are called, have been fairly started.

In the meantime the settling clerks are doing their share of the work. Long sheets of paper in front of them are being filled out with the total amounts of the checks presented by the men who are circling about the counters, making monotonous but not unpleasant sounds with their feet. Suddenly, when you are just beginning to understand what it is all about, a halt is called. No one says anything, but every one stops. You ask why, and some one says the exchanges have been completed. You ask how $300,000,000 can change hands in exactly fifteen minutes by the clock, and the same person looks at you with a pitying smile and remarks, "Why, you've just seen it done."

There is marked silence for a moment after the feet have stopped moving. The crowd in the room begins to thin out, for the delivery clerks are going, taking with them the packages of checks which have been deposited with the settling clerks. The latter still have work to do. Their assistants rescue the little tickets from the compartments into which they were dropped, and the settling clerks scan the amount of them to see if they agree with the totals on the exchange slips.

When first he entered the room the settling clerk gave the proof clerk in the manager's gallery the amount of the checks he brought with him. Now he ascertains the total of the amount deposited with him. Soon he is able to tell whether his bank has a debt or credit balance, and this information he communicates to the proof clerk. Then the clearing house knows exactly how much cash will have to be moved from bank to bank in adjusting balances.

Forty-five minutes is the limit allowed for making the exchanges and proving the balances, and fines may be imposed if the allotted time is exceeded. But it is rarely necessary to impose fines, so rapid is the work of the messengers and so simple the system of exchange. Most of the work is done before the messengers get to the clearing house. The checks for exchange with other banks are inclosed in separate envelopes, and these envelopes are arranged in consecutive order in the delivery clerk's bag; so all needless delay in depositing them is eliminated.

To make the clearing finally complete it is of course necessary to exchange the cash. "Accordingly," says James G. Cannon in his book on "Clearing Houses," "before half past 1 o'clock each debtor bank, in compliance with the requirements of the constitution, pays into the clearing house the amount of its debit balance and obtains a receipt for the same signed by the assistant manager. After half past 1 o'clock the creditor banks receive at the clearing house their respective balances and give their receipts for the same in a book provided for that purpose, but in no case can a creditor bank receive its balance until all the debtor banks have paid in."—New York Post.

A MARKET IN MOROCCO.

The Best Place to Study the Ways of the Wily Natives.

The place of all places to see the Moorish people is at their markets, for every class and kind of them is there, and when you have seen one market you have seen them all, for there is a racial similarity in the Moors the world over.

The first thing about a Moorish market that attracts the attention of a traveler is the farreaching odor or, rather, the multiplicity of odors, for there is a composite character about the smell of a Moorish market that cannot be equaled anywhere outside of China. Before you can even hear the continual wrangle and jangle of the market place you can smell it.

Once there the interminable jumble of things and folks is disconcerting, and the evidence of dirt everywhere takes from an American all desire to deal in eatables, for the Moors seem to be wholly insensible to dirt of any kind and every kind and have no objection to fruit and berries that have come in unprotected over miles of dusty and sandy roads.

These people are natural traders, second to none in their ability to obtain the highest possible price or equally ready willingness to let the article go for a mere pittance rather than miss making a sale.

They will begin the price of a lamp at 3 shillings and after a little haggling will come down to 1 shilling, but if you move on they will thrust the lamp into your hand and ask you to give them anything for it that you will, and it is a sale, no difference how small may be your offer.

In nearly all countries the everywhere present and always the same donkey is an inevitable adjunct of a Moorish market. The whole animal kingdom would be searched through in vain to find any creature more wholly devoid of impulse and sentiment than this imposed upon little beast.

Like a fatalist philosopher, he is wholly resigned to the order of things, and nothing can cause him to stir from the even tenor of his ways. Caressing and even food do not seem to add any to his satisfaction, and beating and abuse do not detract from his tranquillity. His features are perfectly immobile.

As he stands in the market place one may pet him and give him bits of grass or fruit and he will not raise his head or even open his eyes. He is the supreme, ineffable resignation in flesh and blood. And no Moorish market is complete without him by the score.—World's Events Magazine.

How to Stick Stamps.

"Say," remarked the postoffice clerk who was off duty as he watched a friend affix two stamps to the corner of an envelope, "why don't you put those stamps on horizontally instead of vertically? Don't you know you would save a lot of work for us stampers if you put your stamps beside each other instead of under each other? We always have to make two strokes when canceling vertically pasted stamps by hand, and they don't work well through the stamping machines either."

"Is that so?" inquired his friend as he took another envelope and proceeded to affix two stamps to it in a vertical position. "Then, by the great horn spoon, why doesn't the government sell its stamps in horizontal lines? Look at these. Here I bought 20 cents' worth of two cent stamps and they come to me in vertical lines. If I buy five twos, I get them attached one to the bottom of the other. Do you think I'm going to the trouble of tearing each stamp off just to please a government clerk by pasting them side by side? Guess again."—New York Press.

CAPITAL, $30,000.00

People's State Bank.

FOR YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

Save part of your income regurlarly and deposit your savings in the Peoples State Bank. Your money will be earning interest for you, working while you work but also while you rest. Get the Bank back of you, and your business will expand more rapidly.

We furnish pass books and checks free of charge. If you make your payments in checks you have a record which can not be disputed.

We have money to loan on Real Estate. We write insurance on City and farm property.

People's State Bank.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. PAUL Historical Society

BRYAN IS IN THE LEAD

Looks Very Much as if the Peerless One Would Win Out.

Lots of Active Work Being Done in the Ninth District.

The Democrats of this section of Minnesota are just now engaged in a bitter fight for the control of the delegates to the Democratic national convention, the fight being between Governor Johnson and William Jennings Bryan. Some time ago it was announced that Governor Johnson would be endorsed by the Ninth district convention without a fight, but it now looks very much as if Bryan would secure the delegation. Reports from Red Lake Falls are to the effect that the Democrats down there are breaking away from the leadership of John King and are doing some active work for the Peerless One. In this end of the county there is some Bryan sentiment, but all of the Democrats favor John Morgan for delegate to the national convention and Mr. Morgan is for Johnson.

Reports from Roseau, Beltrami and Norman counties are to the effect that Bryan delegates are to be elected without any fight.

In Polk county which had been considered as being solid for Johnson, the Bryan men have started an active campaign and it looks very much as if they would win out. John Vig, of Fosston, and P. J. Carey, of Fertile, are the leaders of the movement and they have enlisted the support of other prominent Democrats living in various parts of Polk county as follows: Ex-County Attorney W. E. Rowe, L. E. Gossman, N. B. Moran, M. E. Randkley, J. E. Carpenter, A. J. Sauve, Hugh Quigley, Hans Samuelson, Nicholas Engel, Victor Widecamper, Jacob O. Jorgenson and Paul Useldinger.

It is more than probable that the Bryan men are going to be victorious in the Ninth district.

Moral: Advertise.

Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as snow; it strayed away one day where lambs should never go. And Mary sat her quickly down and tears streamed from her eyes; she never found the lamb because she did not advertise. And Mary had a brother John, who kept a village store; he sat him down and smoked his pipe, and watched the open door. And as the people passed along and did not stop to buy, John still sat and smoked his pipe and blinked his sleepy eye.

And so the sheriff closed him out, but still he lingered near, and Mary came to drop with him a sympathetic tear. How is it, sister, can you tell why other merchants here sell all their goods so readily and thrive from year to year. Remembering her own bad luck the little maid replied: Those other fellows set there, John, because they advertised.—Lynn Herald.

Don't Like the Dagos.

The Soo road has dumped off a couple of Italian section laborers at this point. They were a part of about 800 of this class of laborers which has passed through Minneapolis during the last fortnight, and the company says their employment was made necessary by the scarcity of laborers during different periods of the year. They claim that when labor in other fields was plentiful the road had to suffer on account of insufficient help. These Dagos are under contract for a stated period and it is supposed that they will stick to their jobs. One thing is certain and that is, they are a no good bunch to have hanging around the town. In the language of T. Roosevelt they are exceedingly undesirable citizens.—Adams, N. D., Budget.

Marine Engines for Sale.

We want an agent for Thief River Falls and vicinity for our Boat Engines. Several hundred on hand ready for shipment. Write for wholesale prices. 1908 Catalog just out. North Western Steel & Iron Works, EauClaire, Wis.

Baker Didn't Send the Money.

It is not very often that W. E. Baker, the local agent for the Great Northern, is asked to pay claims for the company, but last week he received the following letter, which explains itself:

Sir. You give me lots of trouble by sending me out on the road with those horses and cattle the 4th day of March. We got to Grand Forks the same day, and they kept me there until the 6th, and gave us nothing but big expense. I am not going to stand for this. Now, if you will send me $25, I will keep still, and if you don't, I will hire J. J. Sutton, of Argyle, and go after the Great Northern, and you will lose your job. Remember, if you send me $25, I will not say a word, otherwise I will bring a suit..

Albert Haraldson,
Holmes, N. D.

To Meet Assessors.

The State Tax Commission intends to meet with the assessors of each county at the different county seats this year for the purpose of talking over matters of taxation with them.

The commission has informed county auditor Malberg that it will meet with the assessors of this county on Friday May 8, at one o'clock P. M. Assessors are allowed pay at the rate of two dollars per day for the time required to attend this meeting. The assessment books will be delivered to them at this meeting, which is held in place of the usual meeting on the last Thursday in April.—Warren Sheaf.

Shot for a Moose.

Baudette, Minn., March 13.—Peter Larson, while at work clearing east of Rapid river, was accidently shot and killed on Tuesday by a homesteader named Wingren, who formerly resided near Black Duck. Wingren had traced a moose, and seeing an object in the thick forest, fired two shots, one missing and the other striking Larson in the abdomen. He died before medical aid could reach him. Wingren left yesterday for International Falls to give himself up.

Subscribe for the News.

GET TOGETHER

Mud Lake Association of Warren Have a Social Time.

Warren Register: It is reported to us, that for a royal good time, where good fellowship reigned supreme, the meeting of the Mud Lake Association last Friday evening at the home of D. Farrell put all ordinary entertainments away back in the shades of Egyptian darkness.

This association is made up of our local sportsmen, who annually, in October, take a hunting and camping out trip to the wilds of the Mud Lake country, and not one of these gentlemen refused the summons sent out last week by His Royal Highness, Mr. Farrell, to appear at his home on March 6th, at six o'clock p. m.

In a short time after all had arrived the doors to the dining room were slid back, disclosing a scene that made every hunter present feel that this is a mighty good world to live in. The table groaned with the abundance of good things to eat and gave every one an appetite like unto a camp supper after a day's tramp and shooting in the marsh, and to add to the picturesque charm of the scene was the table decoration, which consisted of a miniature camp tent, standing in the center of the table with the flap thrown back showing the camp stove, beds, etc., and camp utensils scattered about on the outside.

After all were seated an hour and a half of solid enjoyment was spent at table, and the time from then on till near midnight was spent in telling wonderful stories of hunting and camping experiences. Before leaving, every one expressed his appreciation of a genuine good time and by an unanimous vote declared Mrs. Farrell an honorary member of our association and a worthy helpmate of a whole souled, clean-handed hunter and sportsman. The members present were H. L. Wood, Harry Bernard, J. P. Easton, A. B. Nelson, W. N. Powell, C. S. Hull, W. J. Brown and W. F. Powell.

Catholic Marriage Laws.

The Minneapolis Journal outlines the principal provisions of the latest decree as follows:

"Marriage of Catholics by civil magistrates will be null and void after Easter.

"Engagements to be binding must be written and signed in the presence of two or more witnesses. Private betrothals between Catholics after Easter affect no matrimonial obligation in the eyes of the church. Fallen-away Catholics, whether they become Protestants or infidels, are bound by these laws.

"Bishops after assuming office can perform marriage ceremonies only in their own dioceses.

"Priests after assuming office can marry only in their own parishes.

"Marriages will be invalid unless the consent of both parties is asked and received by a witness of the ceremony.

"Marriages will be invalid unless there be two witnesses besides the priest or bishop.

"Marriages should take place in the parish of the bride, except for reason.

"Marriages entered into in case of danger of death can be witnessed by any priest and two other persons.

"In the absence of a priest for more than a month Catholics can marry under the civil law in the presence of two witnesses."

Who Pays For Your Advertising?

Who pays the cost of advertising? At first sight this question looks easy. One is apt to say off-hand that the advertiser pays for it. But upon closer investigation it becomes apparent that an advertiser, who advertises properly, gets back all the money he spends in advertising, and a good deal more—else what would be the use of his advertising? The purchaser doesn't pay it because he gets the goods as cheaply from an advertising firm as he could from a non-advertising firm. In many cases he buys cheaper. Then who pays the cost of advertising? The non-advertiser! By the lack of enterprise in bringing his goods before the attention of the public he loses customers, who buy from advertising people. The profits which are lost by non-advertisers find their way into the coffers of those who do advertise. As an example: If $20 spent in advertising brings you in $30 additional profit, your advertising is paid for and you are $10 in pocket.—From the Book Seller and Stationer, February, 1907.

Bought Lots of Rails.

The Great Northern has placed its order for 6,000 tons of steel rails for which it was in the market some time ago. It amounts, in all, to about 425 miles of track. A considerable portion will be used in completing the line of the Billings & Northern, the construction of which has been going on for nearly two years, and the remainder will be used in replacement along the various parts of the line.

ITS A RICH COUNTRY

New Electric Line Would Open Up a Rich Timber Country.

It Is Estimated That There Is Over $1,000,000 Worth.

The residents living up along the Rainy River are very much interested in the proposed electric line to be built into the country northeast of here. Every week the News is in receipt of letters from residents living up in that section. A well known timber cruiser *living* at Beaudette writes the News this week that the proposed line would run through a country in which he estimates that there are 300,000 cords of pulp wood oceans of cord wood and a large amount of timber suitable for lumber. It is estimated that the present value of this timber is considerable more than $1,000,000 and until a line is built into that country there will be no market for it. It is easy to see that a line from Thief River Falls into that section would be a paying one from the start, and the residents of this city are determinded to see that the road is built.

Mining Stock Pointers.

Mining stock should be bought in the dark of the moon from a total stranger. If possible pay him in lead money. Mining stock is useful for several things. The long and narrow certificates are good for laying upon pantry shelves. The short, fat ones can be used in the bottom of drawers. The handsomely engraved certificates, on hand made paper, can be rolled up and used for killing flies. You should, of course, buy your stock carefully and choose the size which will come in handiest. Low grade mining stock should be bought just before house cleaning. It can then be laid under the carpets during the summer. Late in the fall it can be taken up and used for bedding the horse.—The Confidential Banker.

Wyandotte.

Supervisor—Anton Loe.
Clerk—John R. Larson.
Treasurer—Hans R. Kolseth.
Assessor—Lars Branrud.
Justice—John Rice.
Constable—Chas. Lundstrom.

Deer Park.

Supervisor, C. O. Lindberg.
Town Clerk, John Randbeckie.
Treasurer, O. M. Mandt.
Assessor, Tore T. Lunde.
Justice of the peace, E. A. Mostue.
Constable, G. T. Anderson.
There were 54 votes cast.

FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR

ROYAL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Behind the Throne.

Senator T. P. Gore, the new representative of Oklahoma in the upper house at Washington, is beginning to learn that the wheels of National legislation, though they may grind exceding fine, turn just about as slowly as the turners dare to turn them, and that the quality of the flour produced depends a good deal on who it is that brings the grist to the mill.

"However," said Mr. Gore recently, "I have one optimistic colleague among the newcomers. This new Senator went home the other day, and was thrusting out his chest among his constituents.

"'Do you find it hard,' somebody asked him, 'to push through the legislation you desire?'

"'Not at all; not at all,' was the answer. 'When Aldrich and I agree on a bill we can always pass it.'"—Saturday Evening Post.

Will Test Air.

State Superintendent J. W. Olson has written letters to all of the county superintendents of the state requesting them to supply themselves with anemometers and to use them in such schools as they may visit officially, especially schools drawing state aid.

An anemometer is a contrivance that tests the condition of the air in a school room as to its purity. For some time it has been a rule of the department that country schools drawing state aid must be equipped with a heating and ventilating system, and now the department will insist that these systems do the work successfully that is required of them. The anemometer is the instrument that will make the test.

If the instrument shows failure on the part of the ventilating system to do its work properly, state aid will be withdrawn, or will be denied to those districts that make application for it.

Newfolden.

Supervisor, John A. Johnson.
Clerk, N. Skaug.
Treasurer, Gust Ekman.
Assessor, Martin Tinglund.
Justice of the Peace, 2 years, N. O. Brandt.
Justice of the Peace, one year, Peter Benson.
Constable, 2 years, Peter Tvedt.
Constable, 1 year, K. M. Gustavson.

Some fat men have a hard time getting clothes

that fit; so do very tall, thin men; so do several other odd sized fellows---chunky little "shortys," or very slender, boyish figures. Such men often say: "Ready-made clothes wont do for me."

If you're that kind of a man---any of those kinds---we'll surprise you with our Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; we'll fit you better than you're used to, no matter who makes your clothes; we'll do it for less money than you think possible, and you'll get the Hart Schaffner & Marx all-wool quality; best clothes you ever saw, or wore.

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OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The citrus fruit crop of Florida for the year 1907-8 is placed at 2,295,072 boxes against 3,826,018 for 1906.

More damage is done the uncovered strawberry bed during the months of February and March than in the earlier portion of the winter.

The total clip of wool in the United States for 1907 was 298,294,750 pounds, including the washed and unwashed product. Of the total output there were 130,359,118 pounds of scoured wool, valued at $78,263,165.

About the easiest money made on American farms, entailing no drain upon the fertility of the soil, is that return secured from the flocks of sheep which consume the largely waste vegetable growths to be found thereon.

There are four things that a farmer of good health is justified in going into debt for—namely, tiling the wet acres on his farm, a manure spreader, fences that will enable him to keep sheep and a soft water cistern for the good housewife.

Oil of lemon in alcohol and plain kerosene are both highly recommended for use in treating seed corn just prior to planting for the purpose of preventing damage by the wireworm. About a tablespoonful of oil is used to a planter box full of seed.

The California orange harvest is now well on, and the crop, both in quality and quantity, promises to establish a new record. It is estimated that the total output of oranges of the state will reach 30,000 carloads, which means 9,000,000 boxes, or about 1,350,000,000 oranges. The harvest will last until July 1.

If the $200,000, more or less, that is spent annually in the farcical distribution of seeds of very indifferent merit by the congressmen who hope thereby to better their chances of reelection were divided equally among the several states and territories for use in practical and helpful experiment station work, it would be a far more serviceable disposal of the money.

Of an estimated total forest area in the confines of the United States of 700,000,000 acres the amount in state or national reserves is placed at 22 per cent, while the rest is in unreserved public lands or private tracts. The total area, however held, is deemed sufficient with right management by those who have made a study of the subject to eventually supply the lumber needs of the country, and this in spite of a continually increasing demand.

On every farm where grain is raised and where intensive methods have become imperative the seed drill should be used for all the small grains. Not only is less seed required where the drill is used, but by sowing the seed at an even depth and in moist soil a better and more uniform stand of grain is secured. Experiments conducted by the Illinois experiment station showed that an increase in yield of from five to seven bushels per acre was secured on plots of ground where the drill was used.

For a number of years following the introduction of the culture of sugar beets in this country in 1887 the industry was at a standstill. By 1893 the production of beet sugar had reached 22,344 short tons. In 1901 it was 184,606, while last year the total output was 500,000 short tons. The increase noted is due chiefly to the extending of the culture of the sugar beets in the irrigation sections of the west rather than to its adoption in sections where there is sufficient rainfall to produce the ordinary tilled farm crops.

With a view to freeing themselves from the dictation of beef prices by the Chicago packing houses, a group of central Iowa farmers have lately shipped a carload of fine beeves direct to Portland, Me., where they will be loaded for shipment to England. A prior shipment direct to the Liverpool market resulted in their receiving such good prices that they were led to try the plan again. There would seem to be no good reason why this method could not be followed right along whenever Chicago or other packing house centers were not paying a fair price.

The present cotton output of Brazil is estimated at 80,000 tons, and, according to reports received from United States consuls living in that country, the industry is increasing rapidly. Primitive methods are still in vogue, however, and the quality of the product is poor.

A much more sensible and profitable type of agriculture will prevail than is general today when every quarter section farm in the country supports a herd of from thirty to sixty sheep. They are large consumers of waste vegetable growths—the byproducts of the farm—and for this reason every landowner should keep a flock.

If the farmer is in such straits financially that he must economize, let him go without socks and undershirt rather than scrimp on the price of seed corn or oats that he has to buy this season. He would be far better off at harvest time or husking if he got good seed oats at 75 cents and seed corn at $3 than he would to take poor seed of either grain as a gift. Economize if one must, but let it not be in seeds of any kind.

Every bit of clover seed that is bought this spring should be carefully examined under a microscope before it is paid for and put in the soil. The seed is bound to be high, and the temptation will be great to adulterate it with the seeds of other worthless or noxious plants and weeds. Buy it long enough before it is to be used so that if necessary a sample of the seed can be submitted to your state experiment station officials for inspection.

In the northern states alfalfa can be more easily started in the early part of August than in April, as when given the late planting opportunity is afforded during the preceding months to kill most of the weed seeds that may be lodged in the soil. The soil should be put in the best of tilth and the seed either drilled in or dragged enough so that there will be sufficient moisture for purposes of germination. It is well to remember that alfalfa, like red clover, does not do well on low or undrained soils.

Owing to the light weight of oats in so many sections of the country where an excellent crop of this cereal is usually produced, the matter of getting good seed is going to be one of considerable difficulty this spring. Whether home or foreign grown seed is used, the grain should be put through a fanning mill under a good blast of air for the purpose of getting rid of the light, chaffy kernels, which, as a rule, have little or no germinating power. In the process a good deal of weed seed is also likely to be eliminated, which is a decided benefit.

One hundred and fifty thousand acres of irrigable land in Eden valley, Wyoming, will be opened for settlement under the Carey federal irrigation act June 1, and it is expected farmers from many sections of the country will flock there to make entry on the land, which promises to be very productive under the irrigation system which is being completed. The Eden valley project is the largest of twenty-four provided for in the state. The valley in question is situated twenty miles from Rock Springs, a station on the Union Pacific, whence it is easily accessible by stage.

While he may show a very humble and democratic spirit in so doing, a boy or man is a traitor to himself and the times in which he lives if he is content to do drudge work and does not take steps to fit himself to do the highest class of work of which he is capable. Not only is this argument justifiable from the standpoint of the wage which one will receive, but carried out extensively it will reduce the number of those who are by circumstance or necessity destined to do the rough work of life and thereby insure them better pay for their labor. One will always find a better paying position higher up in the industrial scale if he only fits himself to perform its duties.

A Minnesota orchardist, writing an agricultural paper in that state, expresses very serious doubts as to the hardiness of the Northwestern Greening, which, while not an apple of high grade or quality, has been about the only hope of the apple men of the north central states when it came to a variety that would keep through the winter. He states that all of the trees of this variety in two counties in the state which bore good crops of fruit in 1903 died the following year. If it should prove true that this apple is not hardy north of latitude 43, it will prove a distinct loss and a source of disappointment to orchardists in the territory mentioned, and those in particular who have planted it in commercial tracts in the hope that it would be a hardy winter variety and profitable.

A recent bulletin issued by the department of agriculture gives an interesting account of brome grass, or Bromus inermis, as it is scientifically called. For forage purposes this grass is considered as not quite so valuable as timothy, but it is superior to timothy in one respect—that it will flourish under semiarid conditions where the latter grass will not grow at all. The brome grass makes a firm, tough sod, an excellent characteristic while it is in pasture, but which becomes a drawback when it comes to breaking the meadow up and putting it into a tilled crop, as it requires at least two years to thoroughly kill all the grass after it has once acquired a foothold. The bulletin states that brome grass furnishes more forage in the western parts of the Dakotas than the native varieties and more forage in the eastern part of the states than Kentucky blue grass.

APPALACHIAN FOREST RESERVE.

There has been no measure before congress in many years more vital as affecting the forestry interests of the country than the bill introduced in the house of representatives last December and in the senate somewhat later for the creation of an Appalachian forest reserve. Under the terms of the bill the secretary of agriculture is authorized and directed in his discretion to acquire for national forest purposes by purchase or gift lands more valuable for the regulation of stream flow than for cultural or other purposes situated on the watersheds of navigable streams in the southern Appalachian mountains within the states of Virginia, Maryland, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Kentucky and Tennessee and in the White mountains in the states of New Hampshire and Maine. Among the more important provisions of the bill are specifications of the conditions under which title is transferred from the individual to the federal government, permission being given to except title to minerals or standing timber on tracts that may be transferred. The secretary is empowered to advertise for lands in the several states and must take those that are offered at the lowest price, but only after the legislature of the state in which the land is located shall have consented to the acquisition of such land by the United States for forest purposes. The bill sets aside $5,000,000 which shall be available immediately upon the passage of the bill for the purchase of the lands mentioned. Provision is also made for the sale of agricultural lands which may be located in these mountainous areas in the ordinary homestead method, but in tracts not exceeding eighty acres to each settler. The bill provides that lands acquired under the act shall be reserved, held and administered as national forest lands. People residing in these forest reserves continue under the same legal jurisdiction as prior to their sale to the federal government except in the matter of offenses against the United States. Under the terms of the bill the secretary of agriculture not only has oversight over the government reserve proper, but may for the protection of the watersheds of said navigable streams agree to administer and protect for a definite term of years any private lands situated upon any of these watersheds, but on condition that timber thereon shall only be cut in accordance with the rules and regulations which the government shall prescribe. Friends of the forest preservation policy of the present administration view this measure as one of the most vital which have ever been before congress, and it is earnestly hoped that the measure may become a law. The individual citizen cannot do much, but he can write his representative in congress if in doubt about his attitude and urge him for love of country and consideration for the welfare of future generations to give the bill his cordial support.

INSTRUCTIVE STATISTICS.

The government Crop Reporter for January contains some very interesting data in tables which show the average yields of grain per acre in the United States during the forty year period beginning in 1868 and ending with the close of 1907. During the first five years of this period the average yield of the leading cereals was as follows: Corn, 27.6 bushels; wheat, 12.3; oats, 29.2; barley, 23.8; rye, 13.8. In the last five years of the period from 1903 to 1907 the yield of the same cereals was: Corn, 27.5; wheat, 13.9; oats, 29.9; barley, 26.5; rye, 16 bushels respectively. There are some helpful deductions and lessons that may be drawn from the figures given. Among them is this—that a more exact and scientific type of agriculture has not during the period served to counteract the loss in fertility of soils that to begin with were marvelously prodigal and responsive. The figures given also emphasize the fact that those who are engaged in the good work must continue preaching the gospel of a better type of agriculture which will restore to the soil its lost estate of pristine productiveness. Another fact that is brought out is that there must be a scad of redhanded agricultural sinners who are prosecuting a wretchedly unprofitable type of agriculture to bring the yields of the cereals named down to so low a figure. Every farmer in the country should consider it his personal, religious and patriotic duty to raise such crops as will put him on the upside of these paltry averages—to be a lifter up instead of a puller down.

A TREE FOR THE NORTH.

The attention of readers of these notes has been called before to the Norway poplar as a valuable tree suited to planting in the northern portion of the central west. The poplar in question bears no cotton or seed, as does its cousin, the cottonwood, but is propagated entirely by cuttings. The tree grows straight. The wood is straight grained and makes good lumber and also splits easily, seasons quickly and makes excellent summer fuel. The growth of the tree is rapid. In Minnesota, where it was introduced some years ago, it has been known to attain a height of fifty feet and a diameter of seventeen inches in fourteen years. The tree seems to be very hardy and adapted to a variety of soil and moisture conditions. Experiments which have been conducted by the federal forest service show that the Norway poplar is superior to the Carolina poplar because of greater hardiness, better form and a superior quality of wood.

F. E. Trigg

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Diplomacy on the part of Judge John Day Smith of the Hennepin county district court prevented Nils and Greta Danielson, wedded for forty years, from being legally separated, the couple's firm belief that they are to meet their dead child in paradise being the strong argument used by the judge in his talk against issuing a divorce decree. "When you pass the great river," said Judge Smith, "and come to meet your child do you want to meet it hand to hand or as strangers? The first step here may end there." The woman began to cry and the old man gathered his aged wife in his arms and led her from the courtroom. The case has been dismissed.

By resorting to the statutory provision for writ of error, a form of procedure rarely used in this state, Samuel A. Phillips of St. Paul, under conviction for embezzlement, will secure an immediate hearing of his case in the state supreme court and his release on bail in the meantime. Except for this course of procedure Phillips would be obliged to remain in jail until the October term of the court, as it would be impossible to secure a hearing at the April term in the regular course of business.

Students of the University of Minnesota are to be enlisted to aid the Woman's club of Minneapolis in doing away with the smoke evil. Professor William Schaper called for volunteers from his class in municipal administration who would be willing to cover the entire city and secure information on violations of the smoke ordinance.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Minneapolis charities and corrections it was definitely decided by a unanimous vote to establish at the earliest moment a municipal institution for the care and cure of consumptives, $15,000 having recently been appropriated to the board for the erection of such an institution.

Believing that the spread of disease may be traced to tardy collection of garbage Dr. P. M. Hall, health commissioner of Minneapolis, has decided to expend an appropriation of $100,000 in better service for the residential districts of the city, cutting off a heretofore free collection from the grocery stores.

Representatives of the Oliver Mining company, the United States Steel corporation mining company, appeared before the state tax commission and urged a reduction of $30,000,000 in the assessment of the Oliver properties in the state.

A very large attendance of teachers and school officers from the five counties of Clay, Otter Tail, Norman, Becker and Wilkin was a feature of the educational convention at Moorhead last week.

Fire escapes on eight St. Paul school buildings have been ordered by the board of school inspectors. The improvements will cost $9,150.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Mrs. C. Santouski, an elderly woman, a resident of Otter Tail county for thirty years, is dead from blood poisoning caused by a pin prick. The pin pierced her hand several weeks ago, making a slight injury. Little was thought of the matter at the time, but the wound failed to heal, the hand began to swell and blood poisoning developed, which resulted in her death.

Deliberate murder is the charge made by Louisa Marple of Minneapolis against her husband, W. H. Marple, a railroad fireman. He is charged with having opened the gas jets in the woman's sleeping room in an attempt to asphyxiate her. Marple has been arrested on a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Marple charging him with attempted murder.

Disregarding the shrieks of warning from the locomotive whistle and refusing to leave the track upon which he was walking an unidentified lumberjack deliberately permitted himself to be struck by a switch engine at the junction near Tower and was instantly killed.

Thomas H. Harbern of St. Cloud, a member of the executive committee of the Stock Breeders' association and who last year won the $500 prize given by J. J. Hill for the best farm in the Sixth congressional district, was seriously injured at Hallock by an enraged bull.

Yearning for a free life in the forest, yet unable to longer make a living for his wife and child by means of gun and trap, Joseph Cardell, an Indian, committed suicide at a lodging house in Minneapolis by turning on all the gas jets in his room.

J. H. Shormack, a night call boy for the Northern Pacific railroad at Dilworth, was killed in the Dilworth yards by being struck by an engine while attempting to cross the tracks.

Gus Schulze, a hostler in the Barrett & Zimmerman stables at Midway, is dead from the kick of a horse.

OBITUARY.

George R. Seaton, one of the best known Elks in Minnesota, is dead at Minneapolis at the age of sixty-nine years. Mr. Seaton had been tiler of Minneapolis lodge No. 44 since the institution. He was also a member of George N. Morgan post, G. A. R., having served as first lieutenant in Company A, One Hundred and Fifty-second New York infantry, in the Civil war.

AGAIN CRITICISES COURT.

Captain Hart's Plea at Final Proceedings in Case.

Declaring himself ready for disbarment if that should be his portion Captain Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis added to the severity of his criticism of the supreme court in the final proceedings of the case in which he is on trial for disbarment before a special court appointed by Governor Johnson.

"I would rather be disbarred," said Captain Hart in impassioned tones, "than to practice before a court that for some reason will not regard the established law as its authority. Disbarment would be preferable rather than, at my age and with my pretended experience, I should be allowed to continue inveigling people into my office to give them advice, when the action that I advise is to be subjected to such treatment as I have received at the hands of the supreme court of Minnesota."

After argument favoring Hart's impeachment by Attorney P. J. McLaughlin the court took the case under advisement.

WORKS CLEVER SCHEME.

"Con" Man Secures $1,075 in Diamonds for $21.

Mr. "Maurice," a prepossessing gentleman, worked a clever game on the jewelry firm of Fiske & Johnson of Minneapolis, making away with $1,075 worth of diamonds.

"Maurice" entered the store and asked to see the diamonds. He selected several stones valued at $1,075. He counted off the money. The clerk then counted the amount and informed "Maurice" that he was $1 short.

"Maurice" admitted the shortage. Searching about his pockets for the other dollar he pulled forth a big roll of bills. Placing them on the counter he "accidentally" knocked the $1,074 to the floor. He picked up the $1,074 which he apparently laid on the counter. Taking the diamonds he left the store.

Then the clerk awoke to find that the stranger had left only $21.

LEAVES GUESTS TO SUICIDE

Winona County Farmer Hangs Himself to a Tree.

William Estey, aged sixty-five, a wealthy farmer of Winona county, left his home while his house was full of guests, and hanged himself to a tree. The body was found ten rods from the house.

Estey had invited friends to spend the evening at his home. Just as his guests were preparing to depart Estey stepped outside, saying he would return in a few moments. Failure to return alarmed his friends, who went to search for him. No trace of the man was found, but at daylight his son, looking from the window, saw his father's body dangling on a rope which had been fastened to a tree near the house. Ill health is given as the cause of the deed.

WOMAN QUICKLY ACQUITTED

Mrs. Mattson Found Not Guilty by a Jury at Chisholm.

Mrs. Selma Mattson, charged with killing her husband, Nicoll Mattson, at Chisholm Jan. 14 last by sinking a double bitted axe into his skull, was acquitted by a jury after deliberations lasting but fifteen minutes.

Mrs. Mattson was indicted for murder in the second degree. The evidence against her was purely circumstantial and not of a conclusive nature. She had made a statement to the chief of police of Chisholm in which she is alleged to have confessed that she killed her husband, but this was ruled out of the evidence on the ground that the statement was made under implied promises of immunity.

OVERCOME BY FUMES.

Minneapolis Firemen Narrowly Escape Death.

Wood alcohol fumes caused by a fire in the dry kiln at the Northwestern Nimpo-Board factory at Minneapolis nearly caused the death of sixteen firemen who entered the burning structure to turn water on the flames.

The gas which had accumulated in the kiln suddenly broke out and pervaded every corner of the smoke filled building. Firemen would drop without warning and their comrades would become unconscious while taking them out. It was only by careful watching and prompt medical service that all the men were saved.

Shot Man for a Moose.

Peter Larson, while at work clearing near Beaudette, was accidentally shot through the abdomen by a homesteader named Wingren. Wingren had tracked a moose and, seeing an object in the thick forest, fired two shots. One missed and the other struck Larson, who died before medical aid could reach him. Wingren gave himself up to the authorities.

Body Scattered Along Track.

Frank Brown was run over and killed near Clear Lake, Stearns county, by Northern Pacific train No. 4, bound for St. Paul. Brown had evidently been walking on the track, but the engineer says he did not see him. His body was cut in two, one half of the remains being found a mile from the other half. Brown's home was at Fairfield, this state.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

An attempt was made by Guiseppe Alia, the condemned murderer of Father Leo Heinrichs of Denver, to escape from the county jail where he has been under heavy guard day and night. He made use of a razor blade, with which he slashed the neck of a "trusty" who was cleaning his cell, and made a rush to get away. The trusty, despite his cut, rushed after Alia and pinioned him and he was quickly overpowered with the help of Deputy Warden Carpenter.

Charles W. Morse, the former banker, and Alfred H. Curtis, formerly president of the National Bank of North America, pleaded not guilty in the United States circuit court at New York to a joint indictment of twenty-nine counts. Eleven of the counts charged them with conspiracy and eighteen charged them with making false entries.

John R. Walsh, former president of the Chicago National bank, convicted of illegal use of the funds of that institution, was denied a new trial by Judge Anderson of the United States district court and sentenced to serve five years in the federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Walsh was released on $50,000 bail pending an appeal.

John H. Sanderson, contractor; William P. Snyder, former auditor general; W. L. Mathues, former state treasurer, and James M. Shumaker, former superintendent of public buildings and grounds, were found guilty at Harrisburg, Pa., of conspiracy to rob the state on capitol contracts.

The California state supreme court has denied a rehearing in the Schmitz case, which was decided by the court of appeals in favor of the ex-mayor. The court sustained the appellate court in its decision that the indictment upon which Schmitz was convicted was defective.

Harry Orchard, before Judge Fremont Wood in the district court at Caldwell, Ida., was allowed to withdraw his former plea of not guilty and enter another plea of guilty to the murder of former Governor Steunenberg. Orchard was remanded for sentence.

Guiseppe Alia, who assassinated Father Leo Heinrichs in St. Elizabeth's Catholic church in Denver on Feb. 23, has been convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death. The trial of Alia lasted only three days and a half.

A lone bandit boarded the mail car on the westbound Oriental limited, the fast transcontinental train of the Great Northern railway, at Bonners Ferry, Ida., bound the two mail clerks, robbed the mail and escaped.

One hundred masked night riders rode into Birmingham, Ky., shot six negroes and whipped five others. The raid followed a warning of two weeks ago to all negroes to leave Birmingham.

Warren McKay, a native of Canada, killed his wife and three children at his home in Tenino, Wash., and then committed suicide. Ill health was the cause.

Four negroes, who had confessed to starting incendiary fires, were lynched by a mob at Van Cleave, Miss.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The steamer Mauretania has established a new transatlantic record by beating her own best previous eastward record by two hours and thirty-six minutes. Her time on this trip was 5 days and 5 minutes. She traveled over the long route, the total distance traversed being 2,932 knots.

The right of George B. McClellan to the office of mayor of New York city, which is contested by William R. Hearst, will be determined at a trial which is to begin before the appellate division of the supreme court on April 13.

Constitutional prohibition was defeated in the Mississippi senate by a vote of 21 ayes to 19 nays.

A LEARNED LUNATIC.

Alexander Cruden, the Compiler of the Bible Concordance.

Alexander Cruden, the persevering and painstaking compiler of the famous Concordance to the Bible, was appointed bookseller to the queen of George II. by Sir Robert Walpole. The Concordance which has conferred celebrity on his name was published and dedicated to Queen Caroline in 1737. He was permitted to present a copy of it in person to her majesty, who, he said, smiled upon him and assured him she was much obliged to him. She died sixteen days afterward, and Cruden did not reap the benefit of the queen's appreciation which he had anticipated. He prepared a second edition twenty-four years afterward and dedicated it to her grandson, George III. For this and a third edition issued in 1769 he reaped a reward of £800.

Cruden was a very eccentric character and was thrice placed in private lunatic asylums. He designated himself "Alexander the Corrector" and also the "Corrector of Morals," his claim to the latter title consisting in his stopping all persons whom he met in public places on Sundays and admonishing them to go home and keep the Sabbath day holy. He was a great believer in the distribution of tracts and spent a great part of his means in this way.

It seems difficult to believe that an eccentric man of this sort should have his name associated with such a remarkably painstaking book as his Concordance undoubtedly is, as it must have cost an enormous amount of labor in its compilation, but it was probably the severity of his occupation that unhinged his mind. He died at Camden street, Islington, on Nov. 1, 1770.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝; May, $1.04⅝; July, $1.04⅞. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16⅝; May, $1.16⅝; July, $1.18¾.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 16.—Wheat—May, $1.05⅝; July, $1.04⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅝@1.09⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.06⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.04⅝; No. 3 Northern, 99⅝c@$1.02⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75@5.50; fair to good, $4.00@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.25; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$4.25@4.50. Sheep—Wethers, $5.75@6.25; good to choice lambs, $6.60@7.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@6.35; Texans, $4.10@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.35; Western cattle, $4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00. Hogs—Light, $4.40@4.67½; mixed, $4.40@4.72½; heavy, $4.40@4.72½; rough, $4.40@4.50; pigs, $3.75@4.35. Sheep, $3.85@6.50; yearlings, $5.65@6.80; lambs, $5.60@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 16.—Wheat—May, 95⅛@95¼c; July, 89⅞@90c; Sept., 86⅞@87c. Corn—May, 65¾@65⅞c; July, 62¾c; Sept., 61¾c. Oats—May, old, 54¼c; May, 52¾c; July, old, 47⅝c; July, 45c; Sept., 37⅝c. Pork—May, $12.27½@12.30; July, $12.67½@12.70. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12½c.

GROUND-HOG DAY.

Survival of a Festival of the Middle Ages in Europe.

The origin of ground hog day is accounted for in the following way: Feb. 2, or Candlemas day, was a favorite holiday, marked by public gayety and ceremonies in Europe during the middle ages. It is still marked there by the closing of banks and offices, but not otherwise, outside of the reading of church services. In the church calendar it is known as the Feast of Purification of the Virgin and was first instituted by Pope Sergius about the year 681 A. D. The popular name of the day is derived from the early custom of lighting up the churches with candles and carrying these in procession on this festival.

As to the weather superstition giving to Candlemas the name of ground hog day, that is a worldwide fable. In Germany it is the badger that breaks his winter nap on this day to essay the thankless task of weather prophecy; in France and Switzerland it is the marmot and in England the hedgehog. Observation shows, says the Housekeeper, that none of these small animals do thus observe the date fixed; also that the weather on this date does not accurately foretell that of the following two months, as is supposed. But it is a general truth that in temperate latitudes warm and sunny weather in the first half of February is apt to be followed by a change and a cool spring, and on this fact our ground hog and badger stories are founded.

TWICKENHAM.

Famous as the Abode of Many English Literary Giants.

The place to which the lover of English literature will sooner or later turn his steps is Twickenham. No other small town can boast of having been the residence and beloved abode of so many famous literary lights. With it are associated the immortal names of Pope, Horace Walpole, Swift, Gay, Lady Wortley Montagu, Gibson, Boswell, Johnson, Tennyson and Dickens. Surely this is enough to make any place doubly immortal! Twickenham was well nicknamed by Horace Walpole the Baiae, or Tivoli, of England, for it has truly been to London what Baiae was to ancient Rome—indeed, in a far higher degree. The big red brick house in Montpelier road where Alfred Tennyson lived for so many years of his earlier married life was the one in which many of his earlier poems were written. There his son Lionel, the second Lord Tennyson, was born, and there the author of "Idylls" entertained many of his literary friends and acquaintances. That house should surely be sacred to all lovers of English literature, which saw the dawn of "In Memoriam," which witnessed those delightful gatherings graced by Tennyson, Hallam and kindred spirits within its walls. It is today called "Tennyson House."—Westminster Gazette.

His Gratitude.

The Medical Record tells of a man who was cured of blindness by a surgeon remarkable for his unprepossessing appearance. When vision was fully restored, the patient looked at his benefactor and said:

"Lucky for you, young man, I did not see you before you operated or I would never have given my consent."

Humiliation.

"I tell you, sir, kissing the hand that smites you is nothing to what I saw in the hotel this morning."

"What was that?"

"The porter blacking the boots that had kicked him last night."—London Telegraph.

Art.

"Was that picture you just sold a genuine work of art?"

"No," answered the dealer, "but the story I told about it was."—Washington Star.

SOCIALISM DEFINED.

Its Promises and Possibilities—A Guarantee of Peace.

Definition 1.—Socialism contemplates a more advanced civilization, social order and government under which distributive justice shall satisfy the inalienable rights of man by securing equally to all the natural means, developed resources and chances essential "to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Definition 2.—Socialism is a theory or system of social reform which contemplates a complete reconstruction of society and a more just and equitable distribution of property and labor.—Webster.

After years of careful thought and study I have become convinced that the ideals of Socialism are founded in justice and are decidedly humane and practical and are therefore destined to win ultimately and give us more advanced and better civilization. The promises and possibilities of Socialism appear to me as follows:

First.—Socialism would give us a government of, by and for the people, in which Horace Greeley and Abraham Lincoln alike believed and for which all enlightened Socialists contend and argue in the interests of humanity everywhere.

Second.—Socialism would give universal prosperity and happiness by allowing and securing to all those "certain inalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," along with nature's provided means thereto, in perfect agreement with the plain announcement of the American Declaration of Independence.

Third.—Socialism would declare and sustain the brotherhood of man by unifying interests and by destroying the evil of money and the profit system and establishing co-operation in fraternal government and dominion throughout the civilized world.

Fourth.—Socialism would give universal prosperity and peace rather than war and materially lessen crime by removing temptation and destroying the incentive thereto and by making the ways of justice and virtue so plain, attractive and easy as to be seen and respected by all, so that the world would be given a happy riddance of crime, lawyers, courts, prisons and gallows, to a very great extent at least, through the removal of causes that now instigate all manner of wrongdoing.

Fifth.—Socialism would establish by politic and equitable transition the public ownership of all utilities that serve and are essential to the welfare of all the people and secure the individual in the possession of those things which especially serve individual welfare, the people thus becoming proprietors and managers collectively of all public utilities, as the brotherhood of man most certainly requires.

Sixth.—Socialism would give us the most advanced civilization and, unlike anarchy, would secure both individual and national welfare by the wisest legislation and laws possible for an intelligent people, guided by experience, to make.

Seventh.—Socialism is full of life and salvation and would sustain and satisfy the Golden Rule with the best of government and perpetuate a golden age.

Eighth. — Socialism, finally, by mutual understanding and agreement among nations, would abandon the destructive art of war entirely, thus turning the energies now used to destroy and kill into channels of peaceful, productive industry for the greater prosperity and happiness of mankind in the ways of peace and unity.

War necessities are costly. Under Socialism no outlay for killing people would be sanctioned or required. Socialism rises above savagery and contemplates only peace and prosperity and would indeed "beat swords into plowshares and spears into pruning hooks."—Dr. William J. Hill, Michigan.

Collective Ownership.

Every engine that is constructed to do real work is a harbinger of the days to come when, civilization being more perfect than it is, the toil of the worker will be lightened and his path through life made easier than it has ever been in all the world's history. Before this, however, the worker must see to it that all these engines belong to all the people and not to a favored few. If he does not see to this, the advent of every new machine is likely to entail greater hardships upon him and make his position in society less secure than to improve his condition generally. There is but one way for workingmen to get possession of the tools and forces of construction—they must vote for them.—St. Louis Labor.

What Socialism Demands.

The average man devotes more time, more energy and more thought to the making of a living than to any other pursuit. This proves that in practise the most important occupation of men is the matter of getting the material means of life, such as clothes, food and shelter. But in getting these essential things the wageworker is under the domination and control of a master. Socialism demands for such nothing more nor less than industrial freedom, the kind of freedom that affects his real life.

Ministers Turn to Socialism.

The number of ministers of the gospel who have recently announced themselves converts to Socialism is attracting attention. They now have a national organization and an official propaganda paper, the Christian Socialist, published at Chicago.

Socialism Coming.

I am myself convinced that the society of the future will be some form of Socialism—labor organized for the good of all, like the postoffice, organized for the equal benefit of all.—Alfred Russel Wallace, Greatest Living Scientist.

A FAIR QUESTION.

What Is Left Now Under Capitalism? Some Economic Facts.

A contemporary of ours not a thousand miles away is perplexing itself and its readers with its incapacity to understand elementary economic facts. It therefore asks us if we will explain what there is left as private property to anybody "after all the land, all the capital and all the means of production have been taken over by the community under Socialism."

We shall answer that conundrum like a shot. Everything that is not land and is not capital and is not means of collective production will be left to the people to make their private property if they choose. Their clothes, their furniture, their pots, their silver and table china and cutlery, their garden flowers and vegetables, their photographs, books, paintings, automobiles, horses and carriages, pleasure boats, toys, watches, brooches, spectacles, combs, bicycles, cats, pigs and canaries and ever so many things more that most people own as their private property today will be their own private property to their hearts' content. Nobody else will either need or desire to deprive them of these possessions, and they will have in addition the use of all the public means of wealth provided by the co-operative labor of the community, such as good houses, good places to work, fine public works, etc.

And now we have so cheerfully answered our neighbor will he kindly answer us in return? Will he tell us what there is left to the overwhelming mass of the producing and working class of this country today "after all the land, all the capital and all the means of collective production have been taken" by the landlords and the capitalists as their own private property?—Appeal to Reason.

FOR THE GOOD OF ALL.

Socialism Alone Can Prevent the Disorganization of Society.

The Socialist programme is not a theory imposed upon society for its acceptance or rejection. It is but the interpretation of what is sooner or later inevitable. Capitalism is already struggling to its destruction. It is no longer competent to organize or administer the work of the world or even to preserve itself. The captains of industry are appalled at their own inability to control or direct the rapidly Socializing forces of industry. The so called trust is but a sign and form of this developing Socialization of the world's work. The universal increase of the uncertainty of employment, the universal determination to break down the unity of labor in the trades unions, the widespread apprehensions of impending change, reveal that the institutions of capitalist society are passing under the power of inhering forces that will soon destroy them.

Into the midst of the strain and crisis of civilization the Socialist movement comes as the only saving or conservative force. If the world is to be saved from chaos, from universal disorder and misery, it must be by the union of the workers of all nations in the Socialist movement. The Socialist party comes with the only proposition or programme for intelligently and deliberately organizing the nation for the common good of all its citizens. It is the first time that the mind of man has ever been directed toward the conscious organization of society.—National Platform.

The Bloodiness of History.

Who have been responsible for the bloodshed of this blood soaked globe, the workingmen or the ruling classes? Always those ruling or seeking to rule politically, commercially or even ecclesiastically. The ruling class is always a bloodthirsty class. It is ready to bring about bloodshed to maintain its fleecing rights. And in spite of this fact and the fact that history has always shown it, this class is forever hinting at bloodthirsty intentions on the part of the masses. It is more than a case of bad conscience; it is an employment of the "Stop thief!" principle which is so often used to divert attention from the real thief. Once in awhile, however, some member of the ruling class incautiously breaks loose, like Chancellor Day of the Syracuse university, and hints at "streets full of blood" and the like.

Class Rule.

At the present time the capitalist class, being the dominant economic class, owning and controlling all of the great industries of the world, is also the ruling class. The governments of all civilized countries are dominated by the capitalists. The interests of the capitalists alone are considered in the deliberations and actions of legislative, executive and judicial branches of government, except where the working class is represented by elected members of its organizations.

Starve Them Out.

A new way to deal with Social Democracy has been discovered in Schoenwald, Germany. A master painter of that place has just made the proposal that merchants and farmers refuse hereafter to sell potatoes to Socialists. "Then they would starve to death, and that would be the end of Social Democracy," he declared triumphantly.

Ought Not to Be Resisted.

Some time ago the Rev. Lyman Abbott lectured at Yale college and devoted a part of his lecture to Socialism. "I believe the movement toward Socialism in this country to be irresistible," he said, "and I believe, too, it ought not to be resisted."

Would End Selfishness.

Socialism would eliminate the motive for a selfish life.—Frances Willard.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Live Political Issue.

William Allen White, in an address before the City club of Chicago, said some plain truths. It was a plea for fair treatment for the wage earners.

"European civilizations provide for an old age pension, for cheap state insurance for laborers, savings banks under state ownership and control, and for other devices so that honest, industrious men and women may not have to beg or go to the poorhouse in their old age," said Mr. Allen.

Asked how the debt was to be paid, he answered:

"Money must be taken in taxes away from those who have much and given to those who have little. The mere fact that a man has much does not signify that he stole it; but practical experience shows that most of those who have much—so many hundreds of millions—have not, as a matter of cold fact, returned to society any adequate equivalent for it."

In conclusion Mr. White said the movement looking toward the equitable distribution of the production of labor was the mainspring of American politics today.

Taxing Stock Transactions.

The Hepburn bill taxing stock transactions, while there is absolutely no possibility that it will pass, has aroused interest everywhere, and particularly on the stock exchanges. The fact that it will not pass is no reason, as the people are getting to understand, why it is not a good measure or why it should not pass says the Duluth Herald.

It imposes a tax of 50 cents on each share of stock traded in, any way. If a share of stock worth $100 is sold for that amount, the transaction would involve the payment of 50 cents, which would be ½ of 1 per cent upon the value of the stock. If, however, the deal were a margin trade instead of a straight-out purchase, only $10 would be put up by the purchaser. As he would still have to pay the tax, the rate would be 5 per cent upon the money he put up, which would practically make a prohibitory tax upon margin trading, while the tax upon legitimate transactions would be no more than fair. The effect of such a law would be to kill the business of margin trading, and that is exactly what it is intended to do

No logical argument can be put up against such a measure. There is no economic justification for margin trading. It is gambling, pure and simple, and cannot be dignified by the title of "speculation." The man who buys outright with the expectation of selling later at an increase speculates, and speculation can never be stopped. But the man who puts up $10 a share to bind a trade does not buy at all, nor does he intend to buy; he simply bets upon the market.

The bill does not impose a tax upon an agreement evidencing the deposit of stock certificates as collateral security for money loaned thereon nor upon the stock so deposited. The payment of the tax is to be evidenced by stamps affixed to the stock or to the memorandum confirming the trade, and without such stamp no transaction can be made the basis of any action or legal proceedings. In other words, if a man bought stock and the tax was not paid, he could not be sued for the recovery of the price of the stock. Furthermore, those who evade payment of the tax are liable to a penalty of a fine of $500 to $1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Assurances having gone out from Washington that there is no possibility whatever that the bill will be passed, the stock exchanges have taken heart and have recovered from the depression into which the introduction of the measure cast them.

It is hardly worth while discussing a bill which we are assured cannot possibly be passed, yet at the same time those who know the harm that margin trading does to those that engage in it, to the industries of which the stock traded in is the evidence, and to the country at large, will be forgiven for speculating upon what an excellent thing it would be for the country if this measure could be put through and made effective.

Crying Before They Are Hurt.

There is, ofcourse, no warrant for the insinuation, properly challenged by president Roosevelt that "drastic laws, inimical to the interests of the railroads," have brought about a condition that makes wage reduction necessary.

With very few exceptions, all the laws which might be so characterized belong to a period prior to the last half of 1907, and by reducing rates, they directly affect gross earnings. But in the last half of 1907, gross earnings of the railroads were larger by eighty-five million dollars, than in the like period of 1906. For the year, gross earnings increased two hundred and twenty five million dollars, on top of a gain of a hundred and fifty millions in 1906, on top of a gain of a hundred and eighty millions in 1905. In ten years the gain had been a billion and a half. Every month of 1907 showed a gain except December, when the loss was about five per cent. This, beyond question was due to business depression.

Even the Southern roads, which complain the loudest, showed substantial gains in gross earnings for the last half of 1907. The leading ones are capitalized fifty or sixty per cent more per mile than the "granger" roads—excepting Rock Island, notoriously inflated. The other "granger" roads, as they stand, probably cost fifty or sixty per cent more a mile than the Southern roads.

Some Southern roads find it difficult to maintain dividends on watered stock; but they should not ask their employees to make up the deficit.

Railroad earnings have decreased the last three months because business has not been so brisk. Measured against the gain of the last three years the decrease is trivial. The roads should be in no hurry about cutting wages. They are never headlong and precipitate about raising them.—Saturday Evening Post.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use *Scott's Emulsion* after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Coal Trust Strategies.

Duluth Herald:—The fight to separate the ownership of the coal fields from the ownership of the railroads that carry the coal, and thus to break up the infamous coal trust that is glutting itself upon the necessities of the people, is bringing out some curious things.

Not long ago The Herald told how the Louisville & Nashville railroad was getting around the law forbidding railroads to own the commodities they transport. This railroad simply transferred all of its coal holdings to a new corporation, composed of stockholders in the railroad. The stockholders promptly elected the *same officers that run the railroad*, and now, while the railroad does not own a single coal mine, its control over the mines it used to own is just as absolute as ever.

Another interesting case is that of the Western Maryland road which was supposed to own coal mines, and which is opposing an attempt to make the law applicable to its case. It sets up two defenses:

First, the coal lands are not owned by the Western Maryland road, but by a corporation called the West Virginia Central, so that the law does not apply in this case.

Second, these coal lands are a part of the security for the bonds of the Western Maryland, and it would be confiscation, despoilation, and other disagreeable things, to take them away from the road, because it would leave the bondholders without the security to which they are entitled.

It is a little puzzling to follow the line of reasoning necessary to reconcile these two defenses. Whichever way you turn, and no matter how much you may try to avoid it, you come up against the inevitable conclusion that if both are correct, this railroad has mortgaged property that it does not own. If the railroad does not own the coal lands, and at the same time the coal lands are a part of the security for bonds issued by the railroad, how are you going to escape this conclusion? And doesn't the law have something to say about people that mortgage property they do not own?

If the railroads follow the example of the Louisville & Nashville this will, it is claimed, cure the evil which the new law is intended to reach, because the railroad could not discriminate in rates in favor of the company owned by its stockholders without incurring penalties. This is true, but there is no necessity of actual discrimination. Suppose a fair rate were 40 cents a ton, and suppose the railroad raised it to a dollar a ton. The coal mines owned by the railroad stockholders could pay this easily, because it would go directly back into their own pockets, while the coal mines whose owners did not share in the railroad receipts would be oppressed or even driven out of business by the exorbitant rate

The strongest point raised against the new law is that many of the coal-carrying and coal-owning railroads have issued bonds based on mines and railroads alike, and that to compel the roads to sell their mines would injure the "innocent purchasers" of bonds. However, this should not be an insurmountable bar to the enforcement of this necessary law.

A correspondent of the Aitkin Independent, writing from Texas, advises Minnesotians to stay where they are, or at least not to be hasty in selling out and going to the Lone Star State. He advises people to beware of the land agents who say that from $25 to $50 per acre profit can be cleared on crops.

"You will not see the sign of a straw stack, hay stack, corn field or corn crib anywhere along the gulf coast," says he. "The farmer buys everything he eats or feeds to his stock. Hay, $20 to $52 per ton; potatoes, $1.40; bacon, 25 cents; eggs, 35 cents and 40 cents, and everything else in proportion. And strange as it may seem, all kinds of fruit are much higher here than in the north, and vegetables can be bought in our northern cities about as cheap as here. Tree life is very scarce here, also bird life. Climate really is nice barring the wind and dampness. The only water to be had is cistern water. Wells are blackish. Let me advise all who contemplate making a change to hold onto that which you have and come down for a full season and investigate. You who are northern born and bred, used to good horses, hogs, cattle and corn raising, with other northern advantages, investigate thoroughly before you make the change, or I fear your dissapointment will be great."

Mayfield.

Supervisor—R. O. Gordon.
Clerk—Sam Lovaas.
Treasurer—H. C. Jarr.
Assessor—Sever Maaren.
Justice—A. C. Mayfield.
Constable—Nels Solheim.

Equality.

Supervisor—R. H. Green.
Clerk—Lewis Sall.
Treasurer—E. E. Havik.
Assessor—G. T. Hegnar.
Justice—E. E. Havig.
Constable—Ed Erickson and J. A. Walker.

Norden.

Supervisor, 3 years—Ben Anderson.
Clerk—G. J. Nordhagen.
Treasurer—Nels O. Nora.
Assessor—Lars Lee.
Justice—John L. Finke.
Constable—Ole P. Rogne.

Highlanding.

Supervisor for 3 years, J. S. Hanson,
Supervisor for one year, T. Toreson.
Town Clerk, J. W. Vrolson.
Treasurer, August J. Wentzel.
Assessor, P. C. Wold.
Justice of the peace, W. G. Hunt and A. F. Lattermor.
Constables, H. H. Halvorson and Ausmond Homme.

Adgar.

Supervisor, Hans Jorstad.
Clerk. A. J. Frostvold.
Assessor, Albert Clungness.
Justices, Peter Rude; S. Brokke.

Grand Plain.

Supervisor, Carl Habedank.
Clerk, N. Bundhund.
Treasurer, Martin Hovelson.
Assessor, John Ristau.
Justice, M. Olson.
Constable, Frank Dau.

Middle River.

President, John Phillipson.
Trustees, A. Dalquist; A. E. Wicklund; Chris Rundtom.
Clerk, R. D. V. Carr.
Treasurer, E. P. Modin.
Assessor, M. N. Gullikson.
Justice of the Peace, Chris Rundtom.
Constable, M. N. Gullikson.

The ballot went in favor of license by a large majority.

Plummer.

President—H. H. Finrow.
Trustees—Nels A. Nelson.
—S. A. Lochen.
—E. B. Lanager.
Clerk—O. J. Johnson.
Treasurer—Henry J. Enderle.
Assessor—Oscar Carlson.
Justice, John A. Rothsten.
Constable, E. L. Witcheman.

St. Hillaire.

President, A. L. Wilson.
Trustees, C. H. Martz, K. O. Gigstad, Mike Fricker.
Assessor, Dave Collins.
Constable, R. C. Workman.
Justice, Jens Nelson.
For licence, 68; Against licence, 33.

Town of Star.

Supervisor—Hans H. Fjeld.
Town Clerk—Joseph Johnson
Treasurer—Christ Adogard.
Justices—Joseph Johnson and E. Shulestad.

Excel.

Supervisor, 3 years—J. G. Saomedal.
Clerk—John Whitman.
Assessor—S[illegible] Waring.
Justice—Theo. Sorum
Constable—Fred Steinhaur.

Smiley.

Supervisor—Carl Be[illegible]ger.
Clerk—Tobias Stene
Treasurer—A. C. Sorenson.
Assessor—Ingebret Viken.
Constable—Krist [illegible]

For general town purposes $200 was appropriated, for road and bridge fund, $2[illegible], for poor fund $25 and $[illegible] for the purpose of repairing and maintaining roads.

Germantown.

General interest in the affairs of our township was shown at the town meeting on the 10th a larger vote being polled than has been the case for some years. The clerks and treasurers reports showed the financial affairs in prosperous condition. The road question was well threshed out, we hope for future benefit. Discussion on the subject took up a large part of the day, Squire Philipps elloquent appeal for better methods in road building was a feature especially worthy of mention. Officers were elected as follows:

Supervisor—Carl Habedank.
Town Clerk—N. Bundhund.
Treasurer—Martin Hovelson.
Assessor—John Ristau.
Justice of the Peace—Martin Olson.
Constable—Frank Dale.

The new board of supervisors elected Henry Roller as chairman for the present year.

Henry Tierts sold his horses, machinery and house hold goods at public auction last Friday. In spite of inclement weather the auction drew a large crowd and a fair price was realized on the articles sold, auctioneer Henry Roller conducted the sale.

Mr. Sierts and family leave this week to make their future home in Washington.

R. A. Kromer was up from Thief River Falls last week.

Ole Overby, of East Grand Forks, came down from the woods near Tenstrike last week and is visiting with his brother Arne Overby.

Nels Lee was up from Thief River Falls last week. Mr. Lee still owns the farm here and his many friends are glad to learn that he intends to move back this spring.

A brother of Emil Otto drove up from Radium last week for a few days visit here.

Over 100 volumes for the school library have arrived. This is one of the items that makes ours an up-to-date school.

The third annual convention of teachers, and school trustees, of eastern Marshall county will be held here in the school house next Saturday. A full house is anticipated.

Mrs. G. Skogstad is reported on the sick list.

Rocksbury.

Mr. Zaiser, agent for the J. R. Watkins medicine company, was through this vicinity last week.

Arthur and Lyle Meehan have been staying out of school for the past week on account of a bad cold, but are able to be out some now.

Miss Emma Satre is back to school again after an absence of a number of days.

Miss Alice Brady spent Saturday and Sunday with her schoolmate Edna Miller.

A large sleigh-load of Normalites and their teacher Miss Bleuxrud, drove down to the Riverside school for observation work, last Friday.

This fine weather reminds us of spring.

Miss Edna Miller spent Friday night with Miss Alice Brady.

Because of the lovely weather last Friday night, most of the people stayed at home to enjoy themselves with indoor sports instead of going to the debate.

(To late for last week.)

Miss Hannah Gustafson spent part of last week in Thief River Falls with her friend Ida Kaarvand.

School closed in District No. 73 last Thursday for a months vacation.

Quite a large crowd attended Laronze Hansen's and John Larson's sale Monday last, and everything went pretty well.

A sleigh-load of young folks from Thief River Falls, drove out to attend the debate Thursday evening. The topic discussed, "Resolved that foreign immigration is a detriment to our country was well talked on and the judges decided in favor of the negative side.

Craven Callaway called on his friend Clinton Miller last Thursday evening.

A number from this vicinity attended the social at the Riverside school last Tuesday evening and also the social in school 103 Friday evening.

Emma Satre spent Sunday at her home south of town.

Miss Gertrude Meehan has been boarding at home for the past week.

Schuyler Satre has bought the milk route from Lorenzo Hansen and any one wishing for milk, leave orders with him.

Miss Martha Tanem stayed over night with her friend Edna Miller and also attended the box social in school 103 Friday night.

Snow! Snow! Snow! It seems as if we get it every day.

Miss Marguerite McAnders spent Thursday evening with Miss Gertie Therstad.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Hansen and children, also Mr. John Larson left Friday for their future homes in Iowa.

Town of Moylan.

Supervisor, 3 years, James Cullen.
Clerk, Knud Rogness.
Treasurer, Arne Blakkestad.
Assessor, Ole E. Wiseth
Justice of the Peace, Fred Selly
Constable, Martin Bakken
Town Road Inspector, John Graff.

ROSEAU IS UP IN ARMS

Farmers and Others Will Try To Get Back the Right Of-Way

They Claim That the Soo Road Will Build a line Into Roseau County.

There is blood on the moon up in Roseau county. Since the receipt of a letter from President Lewis W. Hill of the Great Northern to the effect that neither the Great Northern nor any other road wanted any more trackage in Minnesota under present conditions, and that there was no hope of any steel being laid on the grade from Greenbush to Warroad, the people along the right-of-way are up in arms:

Legal advise has been secured and steps will be taken by the farmers to get the right-of-way back. Most of it was donated to the Great Northern to secure the road, but part of it was secured under condemnation proceedings. The farmers whose *farms are cut* up now propose to get their land back and will cary the fight into the courts.

Roseau citizens say they have received overtures from the Soo and will cut loose from the Great Northern as soon as possible, and accept the Soo's proposition instead. They believe the Soo will have trains running in time to move the next crop if the Great Northern's right-of-way is vacated.

Paper From Flax Straw.

Washington, March 14.—Representative Gronna has been making investigations into the availability of flax straw as a material for making print paper, and is contemplating the delivery of a speech showing the results of that investigation.

"I believe we have in North Dakota a better material for making print paper than wood-pulp," said Mr. Gronna today. "This material is our flax straw. Two New York men, who have been in the papermaking business all their lives, have been in Washington for the past week and have gone over the matter with me thoroughly and have demonstrated to my satisfaction that our product can be utilized for this purpose. They have spent thousands of dollars experimenting with flax and other straws and they assure me that paper can be made just as cheaply from this material as from wood-pulp."

Silverton.

Uric Pak was in town with a load of hay Monday.

F. J. Staska made a trip to town last week.

R. Sebek was at Thief River Falls on Monday.

Mrs. Staska spent the first part of the week in town visiting friends.

Who was the little boy out with his papa's clothes the other night? Do you know?

H. Skogstad went to Germantown Friday to see his mother. She is quite sick.

Joe Kamrowski has come out to his claim to farm and his brother, Frank, also came out to stay with him a week or so.

Mr. C. Hart is finishing up his new house.

Bids Wanted for New Route.

It is quite likely that the government will make no change in the mail route from this city to Germantown, as bids are now being asked for on a new daily mail services from this city to Kratka by way of Mavie and Anton. Bids are to be received up to the 31st of March, and the new route is to be started on the 13th of April. The mail is to leave Thief River Falls every mornin; at 6:15 and will arrive at Kratka at 12:15, leaving that place again at 1:15 and arriving in Thief River Falls at 7:15. The distance is about 40 miles and a bond of $1,800 must accompany the bid.

Fancy Skating.

Norval Babtie, the world's champion skater entertained an audience at the ice rink Saturday evening. He gave a wonderful exhibition of skating, but owing to the short time in which the management had to advertise the event, the crowd was very small.

In The District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of Charles W. Nelson, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Charles W. Nelson of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake, in said district, [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that on the [illegible] day of March, [illegible] the above named Charles W. Nelson was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the [illegible] referee in [illegible] on the [illegible] day of March [illegible] at which time said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March [illegible], 1908.

[illegible]
Referee in Bankruptcy.

HAVE YOUR

EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS

TAKEN AT

BORRY'S GALLERY

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 01
Barley	50 to 60c
Eggs	20c
Butter	25c

Subscribe for the News.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Tomorrow is the first day of spring.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Hugo Anderson was over to Warren last week.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city the first of the week.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

E. M. Hoff, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week.

Henry Diebel was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

D. N. Winton was down to Minneapolis last week.

House for sale or rent, Inquire of O. Tessum feed store.

John Kirsch, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last week.

Daniel Patterson was up from St. Hilaire last Friday.

Attorney Grady was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

—Miss Flynn was down to the twin cities the first of the week.

Ed Korstad was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Mrs. Ole Torrison, visited with friends at St. Hilaire Sunday.

Louis Seidle came down from the Red Lake country last week.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

Isrel Sjoberg, the Roseau merchant, was in the city yesterday.

Ebony and Hapzibah will surely make you laugh till your sides ache, at "Dot the Miner's Daughter."

Groceries.

Apples per gal can regular price 45 now,	35
Princess tomatoes regular price 15 now,	12½
Princess corn regular price 15 now,	12½
Princess evaporated milk now,	10
Van Camps Squash regular price 12½ now,	10
Victory first quality gooseberries	18
Golden West preserved strawberries	25
Golden West preserved black raspberries	25
Mazall fresh and crisp breakfast food, three packages	25
Coffee, Barrington Hall Steel Cut per pound	35
Coffee princess 1 lb package	25
Coffee Vim, 1 lb pkg	25
Herring spiced 10 lb pails	$1.00
Herring Norway 3 lbs	25

We also handle Armours pure leaf lard, Armours Hams and Bacon.

Flour, Vim, Mascot and Northland.

DOCK & NELSON

Successors of M. Bothun

Don't miss "Dot, the Miner's daughter."

Dr. Vistaunet was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

M. Bothun went down to Fergus Falls Tuesday to visit friends.

—For Rent—Eight room house, second door north of Park Hotel.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Anton Langseth was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Ed Emerson returned to this city Monday from a trip to Norman couty.

Better get your reserved seats early, for everybody is going to see "Dot, the Miner's Daughter.

$150 cash takes a 2500 pound team. Also 500 bushels of clean seed oats for sale. H. R. Leslin, Anton, Minn.

Mrs. Gus Borg, of Rollis, who had been at the hospital here receiving medical treatment, returned home Tuesday.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city last week from a trip to St. Paul where he had been attending to business matters.

The United Lutheran congregation will have Services in Evenson Hall, next Sunday evening at 7:15. All are welcome.

Mrs. Olaf Ramstad, Mrs. Ole Evenson and Mrs. A. Anderson were down to St. Hilaire last week attending the conference.

"Dr." McMahon has quit the medical profession. He cured all of his customers and as a result worked himself out of a job.

Prof. Washburn says the greenbug, which are so destructive to grain in the Southwest, need never be feared in this climate.

Miss Alice Christienson returned to this city Monday from Fertile where she had been visiting her parents for a couple of weeks.

The Great Northern is rebuilding its bridge across the Red Lake river in this city and large crew of men are now at work upon the job.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Wanted—A school teacher for District No. 55, town of Silverton. Wages, $40 per month. Apply to Frank Staska, Mavie postoffice, Minnesota.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Joseph Johnson, town clerk, justice of the peace, sheep king and prominent citizen of the town of Star, honored Thief River Falls by paying this city a visit last week.

Mrs. Cunningham was in the city the first of the week, the first time since last fall. She says that the patrons of the new rural route are greatly pleased with the service they are receiving.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Clerk of Court Johnson reports marriage licenses issued for last week as follows; Chris M. Thorson to Berntina A. Marken, both of Highlanding; Peter Spangrud, of Roseau county, to Anna Berg, of Thief River Falls.

Simon Bergseng, one of the prosperous and well to do settlers living up near Liner, was in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters. The News was favored with a call from Mr. Bergseng while in the city.

Gunder J. Vigen's farm, 200 acres, 40 acres pasture, good machinery and full outfit of farm horses for rent $75.00 a year, apply to Carl Hanson, Viking, Minn., or J. G. Vigen, Fergus Falls, Minn. J. G. Vigen.

The Misses Lee and Bangen announce their spring opening on Saturday, March, 21st, and will be ready to show a full line of ladies and misses trimmed and street hats. All the ladies are cordially invited to call.

W. J. La Bree was up to Greenbush yesterday.

The senior class play is the theatrical event of the season.

O. Hicks, the detective for the Soo line, was in the city yesterday.

W. B. Krouse left yesterday for St. Paul and Chicago on a business trip.

Dot, the Miner's Daughter" contains an excellent lesson. It is a high class play.

Mrs. Burke, of Greenbush, was in the city the first of the week visiting at the home of Mrs. T. P. Hamre.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, came up from Crookston yesterday to visit at the Kretzschmar home.

Make your plans to enjoy yourself for two solid hours with "Dot, the Miner's Daughter" and her friends on Friday, March, 27th.

Although there has been small pox in the vicinity of Thief River Falls all winter, not until last week were any cases reported in the city.

Mrs. Ira C. Richardson was last week honored by being elected as a delegate from the state supreme camp to the national Royal Neighbors convention to be held in Chicago this year in May.

M. Guinn, who has conducted the saloon just south of the Hotel Ogahmah, left last week for—we don't know where, and left quite a number of creditors, mostly wholesale liquor houses and breweries, to mourn his departure. The saloon is closed.

The auction sale at the O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading company's store will commence at 2 in the afternoon and at 7 in the evening, instead of from 2 to 7 as appears in their ad on the last page of this paper. There are going to be some big bargains offered at this sale.

There is more sickness in Thief River Falls than ever before. In every school room there is a large number of absentees, so many in fact that work in the schools is somewhat handicaped, There is no serious sickness, bad colds being the complaint in almost every case.

The Young People of the United Lutheran church will meet at the home of Logvalds Wednesday evening, March, 25th, at 8 o'clock p. m. All the young people are kindly invited.

Olaf M. Wangensten,
Pastor.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will be held an apron sale and serve dinner in the Masonic building on Wednesday, March 25. The apron sale will start at 2:30 p. m., and dinner will be served from 5 o'clock on. All are invited.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land, 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

Judge J. M. Bishop is confined to his home this week and it will probably be several days before he can be about town, as he sustained a badly sprained ankle Sunday. Special Judge Richardson is looking after the duties of the municipal court judge during the absence of Mr. Bishop.

Farmer's build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

We handle the very best patent flour on the market, of different brands. Also whole wheat flour, graham, corn meal, aotmeal, etc, Feeds of all kinds, garden and field seed, baled hay, by the bale or carload. You are cordially invited to call. Prices are right. Prompt delivery. Phone 231. O. Tessum.

A conference participated in by delegates from several towns was held at Grand Forks Tuesday to devise ways and means to have durum wheat put on the same footing as other varieties and to wage a campaign by which the alleged unjust discrimination on the part of the milling interests may be overcome.

A very pretty home wedding occured at the home of Ben Erickson the 11th of March at 8 o'clock p. m. Petter Spangrin was married to Anna Berg. Hagbart Olson was best man and Anna Lonson bridesmade. Only the nearest friends were invited. An elegant supper was served. Ceremony performed by Rev. I. T. Aastad.

Dr. H. B. Newell Veterinary Surgeon and dentist from the Chicago Veterinary College, wishes to announce that he will arrive in Thief River Falls on Wednesday, March, 25th, 1908. Dr. Newell intends to locate with us to practice his profession. Dentistery and all deseases of the horse, dog, cow etc. skillfully treated. Office at Curtis Drug store, Thief River Falls, Minn.

After April 1 postoffice regulations will prevent subscribers one year or more in arrears from receiving this—or any other—newspaper, without 1c postage on each copy. Subscribers are urged to look at their date, stamped on each copy, and if they are one year or more behind in their payments, accept this notice as applying to them. It's "a ground hog case" all around. Back subscriptions must be paid on or before April 1, 1908. The paper cannot be sent any longer to those in arrears.

Everybody is going to the Senior Class Play on the 27th.

M. V. Evenson went down to Crookston last evening.

Mayor T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston last evening.

For Sale—Good second hand piano or will trade for cows. See Hager the Land man.

Nels Lee was up to Sandridge the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. D. N. Winton entaertained a large company of lady friends Tuesday afternoon.

Wallace Nichols left Tuesday for North Dakota points on a lumber selling tour.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

Five rooms, front flat for rent, over E. & E. Clothing store. Inquire of C. M. Evenson.

Ole Helgeson and family left Tuesday evening for Spokane, Wash., to make their future home.

Ed Wertz, who has been spending the winter in Nebraska, returned to this city the first of the week.

Meadames Hathaway and McLellan spent Sunday at St. Hilaire visiting with Mrs. Borneman.

Frank Mc Ginty returned to this city last Saturday from Wisconsin where he had spent the winter.

Fred Niclai was down on the Fosston branch the first of the week selling his well known brand of cigars.

Ole Thoreson, bookkeeper for the First State Bank, was over to Warren last week visiting relatives.

Emil Greibstein on Tuesday removed from Porter's addition to his new home in the northern part of the city.

H. M. Hicks returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to Mahnomen where he has a branch store.

John Sorum was in the city last Saturday, being enroute home to Sandridge from a trip to Warren.

Attorney G. Halvorson left Tuesday on a business trip to Wadena and Long Prairie to be absent for a few days.

Services in the Lutheran church of the synod next Sunday at 10:30 A. M.

Rev. I. T. Aastad.

Mrs. Marshall, who had been in the city visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson, returned to Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Hon. Dan Robertson, of Argyle, who represents Marshall county in the state legislature, was in the city last week.

Hepzibah- "Hain't I tole yo about Soddom an Gomorrow what dropped down dead fo lyin." "Dot, the Miner's Daughter."

H. C. Sinks, representing the state board of health, was in the city yesterday investigating matters regarding the health conditions in the city.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church will serve a hot supper in the basement of the church a week from next Friday evening, March 27. Everybody cordially invited.

Ebony- "Oh, Massa, I didn't go fo to do it, even if he choked me, till I'se brack in the face." "Dot, the Miner's Daughter."

On Thursday, March 26th the Ladies Aid of the Synod church will be entertained in the church parlors by Mrs. L. P. Vistaunet and Mrs. E. Bakke A cordial invitation.

Here's Wishing Success.

Dr. E. H. Whitcomb, well known to the people of Thief River Falls, having a stock farm up in the town of Reill9, is a candidate for re-election to the office of assemblyman in St. Paul again this spring. We don't know much about St. Paul politics, but we do know considerable about Dr. Whitcomb and if he is not elected by a large majority there is certainly something wrong with the voters of that city. Dr. Whitcomb stands for the best of interests of the people at all times.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending March, 14, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Karen
Arneson, Oskar
Eaton, John
Furreseth, Thos.
Heisler, Jno.
Hovorka, Mrs. Jacob
Haughes, Robert
Malmstrom, Nick
Manor Trading Co.
Backe Martha
Ness, Albert
Nelson, Edd
Peterson, Mrs. Anton
Peterson, Miss Emma
Romanson, Ben.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster

Notice.

All persons are herbby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed G. Holm.

THE SENIOR CLASS PLAY

"Dot, the Miner's Daughter" To Be Presented By the Senior Class.

Play Will Be At the Evenson Opera Hall, Friday, March the 27th.

The Seniors of the Thief River Falls High School will present "Dot, the Miner's Daughter" as their class play at Evenson's Opera Hall on Friday, March 27th. A matinee for the pupils of the public schools will be given at 4 sharp, and an evening performance for all at 8 o'clock. Admission to matinee 10 cents, to evening performance, 35 and 50 cents.

This well known drama abounds in thrilling scenes throughout and will furnish two hours of excellent entertainment. It has been prepared under the most careful supervision and the individuals representing the several charac'ers of the caste are well qualified to assume their respective parts. It is well up to the standard of former class plays, and this is saying not a little. Special attention will be given to the seating and ventilation of the hall, in order that all may be comfortable

Reserved seat plan at Stebbins' Drug Store. The following is a synopsis of the play:

David Mason, a farmer, writes confession of how he killed George (Bancroft) Clifton, took Dot Clifton, the daughter, and fled. Floyd, the villian, secures fatal paper, decides to marry Dot, to secure her fortune. Royal Meadows, Dot's lover, endeavors to prevent this. Herbert, Mr. Mason's son, just home from school, loves Winnifred Clifton, Dot's friend. Winnifred, while at school, has secretly married Floyd, but loves Herbert. Floyd threatens to disclose Mr. Masons's crime to secure his consent to marriage with Dot. Dot consents to save her supposed father. Winnifred is kidnapped to keep Dot from knowing the truth about Floyd. Herbert finds her. They return just in time to prevent the marriage. Floyd Exposes Mr. Mason.

Both are imprisoned. Floyd escapes and is drowned. George Clifton, who had only been injured, appears on scene on time to save David. Reconciliation between Mr. and Mrs. Clifton. Dot and Winnifred find they are sisters. Dot and Royal, Winnifred and Herbert receive blessings from their parents who consent their prospective marriages. Hepzibah and Ebony, negro servants of Mr. Mason, furnish the fun.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

David Mason, a farmer, Ernest O'Neil.

Herbert Mason, David's son, just from college, Willis Akre.

Royal Meadows, Foster son of Mrs. Clifton, Harry Prichard.

Arthur Floyd, a villain, William Prichard.

George Clifton, A returned Californian, Stafford Curran.

Parson Swift, An astonished clergyman, Tom Lonson.

Bill Torry, a boatman, Floyd's confederate, Frank Kratka.

Brewster, police officer, Frank Kratka.

Ebony, a colored individual, Roland Blanchard.

Mrs. Mason, David's wife and a good adviser, Ida Weeks.

Dolores, the miner's daughter, Myrtle Blanchard.

Mrs. Clifton, George Clifton's deserted wife, Marie Gilbertson.

Winnifred Clifton, Mrs. Clifton's daughter, Esther Kretzschmar.

Hapzibah, a lady of color, Ione Higgins.

Bridesmaid, Avis Akre.

Accompanist, Estelle Robbecke.

His [illegible]

The [illegible] which Napoleon III [illegible] of France is vividly described in the "Memoirs of Monsieur Claude." Among the many anecdotes of the eventful evening of Dec. 1, 1851, M. Claude gives the following: "Comte de Morny, the chief spirit of the nocturnal drama about to be performed, was at the Opera Comique in order to allay suspicion. A lady said to him, 'M. de Morny, is it true that they are going to sweep out the chamber?' 'Madame, I don't know anything about it,' he replied, 'but if there is any sweeping to be done I shall try to be on the side of the broom handle.'"

An Exception.

"My faith in newspapers has received a sad shock," said the burglar just captured in the act.

"How so?" asked the policeman adjusting the cuffs.

"I had read so often that a copper was never around when needed," rejoined the prisoner, lapsing into sullen silence.—Philadelphia Ledger.

After the Quarrel.

Kind Old Gentleman—Why have you had trouble with that poor little lad? Johnny [illegible] with one hand!—Brooklyn Life.

You know [illegible] well or not well enough to trust them.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE OREGON R. R. LANDS

Special Dispatch From Washington Says Government Is Getting Busy.

Legislation Asked to Take Some 2,000,000 Acres for the Railroad.

Quite a number of the residents of Thief River Falls are interested in the Oregon railroad lands, and therefore will be interested in the following special Washington dispatch published in the Chicago Record Herald:

Washington, March 14.—That the California and Oregon Railroad, a Harriman line, is in danger of losing about 2,000,000 acres of land in California and Oregon, embraced in its grant from the government, is indicated in hearings now being held before the House committee on public lands.

The department of Agriculture today supplemented the request of the Department of Justice that the House committee pass the Senate resolution authorizing the Attorney General to proceed against the company. The proceedings will seek to bring about a forfeiture of its title to lands on the ground that it has violated the terms of the government grant.

B. D. Townsend, special agent of the Department of Agriculture, told the committee that Harriman in a public speech announced that he and his companies would hold indefinitely the lands granted to them in order to make a big profit, despite the fact that the government provided that the lands should not be withheld for any purpose, but should be sold in tracts of 160 acres upon application of homesteaders.

BIJOU THEATRE.

"Handling a Battleship's Fleet."

"The Kitchen Maid's Dream."

Song, illustrated, "Down Where the Swanee River Flows," sung by Miss Ella Robbecke.

"Making Charcoal."

"Lonesome Junction." The scene in "Lonesome Junction" is laid at a railroad station in the heart of the Rockie's and altho a small borg it deserves a large dot on the map on account of the exciting time experienced by a party of tourists the day this picture was made. To the station there comes a coterie of weary travelers, all possessed with a wild desire to put a long distance between Lonesome and the backs of their necks. As usual the train is six hours late and you may imagine the party is in not a very amiable humor.

"The Kitchen Maid's Dream," is an altogether different subject. This is mysterious and novel.

The battleships show up very plain as well as the many drills on board the ships.

Last but not least is a very educational film entitled, "Making charcoal," which shows the whole process of this industry.

The management announces the coming of an exceptional film called "Alebala" this is a fairy story and the scenes and plot is woven around a band of Arabs in Arabia. Souvenir Matinee at 4 o'clock, sharp, Saturday.

A Candidate for Sheriff.

A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday interviewing the voters here regarding the advisability of becoming a candidate for the office of sheriff. Mr. Jones is one of the old time and highly respected citizens of St. Hilaire and has strong backing in his home town. He reports meeting with a great deal of encouragement here and it is quite likely that he will enter the race for republican nomination.

We have a nice line of summer dress goods and shirt waists just recieved.

J. H. Jacobson.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KRONOBERG REGIMENTAL BAND

Its Tour of the United States Will Be Made Under the Personal Auspices of King Gustaf V. of Sweden.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Kronoberg Regimental Band, which is going to visit America in the near future and engage in an extensive concert tour, will arrive at New York next month. The band made its first appearance in Stockholm as it is now organized in 1888, taking the capital by storm. Upon this victorious engagements followed a decade of remarkable tours, all started from the city of Vexio, the garrison center of the famous regiment. In 1902 the band made a concert tour in Germany. Thirty-one cities expressed their surprise at the excellence of the military music of Sweden, which they never thought would never stand a comparison with that of Germany, but which they found in many respects superior to that of their own country. The tour of the United States will be made under the personal auspices of his majesty, King Gustaf V. of Sweden. It will be the first direct greeting from the people of Sweden, sent with the sanction of its sovereign, to the people of the United States, in grateful remembrance of its sympathy, expressed so sincerely upon the occasion of the recent demise of King Oscar II. of Sweden, a warmer friend than whom this country has had no one among the crowned heads of Europe. King Gustaf V., who was the patron also of the American tour of the Lund Student Choir, has given the Royal Kronoberg Regiment Band permission to wear their uniforms, while concerting on American soil.

Per Lamm, the well known Swedish book dealer and publisher, who has resided in Paris during the past thirty years, died in the Swedish colony Chaussee d'Antin in Paris, Feb. 20. He was a Knight of the Legion of Honor and was well known and respected in literary circles in Paris. Mr. Lamm has translated Selma Lagerlof's "Jerusalem" into the French, and had for years been a correspondent to the newspapers in Stockholm.

The Swedish academy held its annual celebration Feb. 15. Present were the king, crownprince, Prince Karl and Prince Eugen and members of the diplomatic corps. The director, Bishop Billing, in a brilliant address paid a glowing tribute to the late King Oscar and also took occasion to extend the thanks and appreciation of the academy to the new king for agreeing to be its protector.

Arvid Odman, popularly known as "Laukan," celebrated his thirty-fifth anniversary as an opera singer the other day. All of Stockholm's leading artists came to tender him their respects and presented him with a giant floral wreath. Mr. Odman has now retired from the operatic stage, but often sings in concert and is still greatly appreciated by Stockholm audiences.

The Royal Dramatic theater was formally dedicated Feb. 18 in the presence of the king, crownprince and other members of the royal house. It was a gala event and the elite of Stockholm turned out in large numbers. The "New Dramatic," as it is called, is one of the finest theaters in Sweden.

The rule is that each member of the family share in the same honor, so now all the Nystroms have become Chinese noblemen. Young Nystrom went to China a number of years ago, where he engaged in the importing business.

Sellgren, the opera singer, is suffering from heart failure and has now been compelled to cancel his contract with the directors of the Royal Opera.

The riksdag has been asked to make an appropriation of 10,000 crowns to be used for the purpose of checking immigration to foreign countries.

The late Hugo Tamm's fortune is estimated at 5,139,000 crowns. Many people estimated Mr. Tamm's fortune at 10,000,000 crowns.

Director Bernstrom has donated 50,000 crowns to the Technical institute. It will be known as the Bernstrom stipend fund.

A son of Dr. Karl Nystrom has been taken by the Chinese nobility and is now a full fledged Chinese nobleman.

Queen Victoria is reported improving in health. Recently she has been taking long drives about the city.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Cable dispatches state that an apparently insane man, a Swedish subject, fusilladed the royal castle there with a rifle. He fired altogether a dozen bullets, several of which crashed through the windows and embedded themselves in the interior walls of the castle. The man was promptly seized by the police and disarmed. At the police station he declared that it was his intention to kill King Haakon. He still had forty or fifty cartridges in his pockets. King Haakon and Queen Maud were absent from the castle.

A later dispatch from Christiania states that the name of the man who fired on the royal castle in Christiania last Monday was Johannes Gren. He has lived in Christiania for many years and has followed the trade of a blacksmith. His grievance appears to be that King Haakon received too large a salary from the public funds, and to the police he declared that the king had no right to rob his country. It is said that Gren spent several years in an asylum in Denmark.

Hotel Metropole in Bergen, which during the past seven or eight years has been owned and controlled by the Hause Brewing company, has been sold to J. H. Stadheim for 320,000 crowns. The hotel was erected about ten years ago and is one of the largest and best appointed hotels in Bergen.

Vilhelm Krog, who has succeeded Erling Bjornson as manager of the Christiania National Theater, was born in Kristiansand in 1871. His first wife, from whom he was divorced, is a daughter of Alexander Kielland.

Ove Gude, the newly appointed minister to Washington, has been voted an appropriation of 15,000 crowns by the storthing. Mr. Gude will leave for Washington in April.

There are at present a great many unemployed people in Christiania. The local charity organizations are all hard pressed and are besieged by poor people who beg assistance.

The Norwegian Kinometographic company has increased its capital stock to 150,000 crowns. Hugo Hermanson is the director.

Editor Kleiveland, for many years editor of the "Indlandsposten," has been chosen editor of the "Stavanger Avis."

The city council of Bergan has passed a resolution aiming to put a stop to all open air street meetings.

An old peoples' home will be erected in Fristad in the near future at a cost of 50,000 crowns.

A monument in honor of Hans Krag will be erected at Holmenkollen in the near future.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Another notable death is that of General Henrik Castenschild, who passed away in Copenhagen last week, aged ninety years. He entered the army in 1848 and took an active part in the battle of Stepplnge. In the maneuvers of 1850 he fought with honor in the battle of Isted and was then promoted to major general. One promotion followed another and General Castenschiold grew to be one of the most prominent figures in the Danish army. All Copenhagen attended his funeral, which was one of the largest ever held in Denmark.

Anton Gardbo, an author and professor, died at his home in Harmstel a few days ago, aged fifty years. He had written several historical works and had for years taught foreign languages in the Hormested high school.

Great preparations have been made for the proper reception of King Edward and Queen Alexandra. They will receive a most cordial reception when they arrive and no efforts are being spared to make it a big event.

The government is preparing to send out a biological expedition to Greenland to investigate the prospect of developing the fish industry along Greenland's southern coast.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Boy's Work for Baby.

Professor William Frear, of the Pennsylvania State college, discussed in Harrisburg the eighty-three kinds of breakfast foods that he recently tested for the government.

"Most of them were very good," said Professor Frear. "The taste test, in most cases, was pleasure rather than work. To make work out of it would be to act like a little boy I know in Bellefonte.

"This little boy's mother went, last Washington's birthday, to a reception, leaving the baby in Jimmy's care. With an injured look Jimmy said on her return:

"'Mamma, I wish you wouldn't make me mind baby again. He was so bad that I had to eat two mince pies and half the fruit cake to amuse him.'"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Which One?

"What is the name of this line?" asked the stranger on the front platform, steadying himself as the car bumped along the tracks, lurching from side to side.

"Out here," answered the motorman of the suburban trolley car, taking a chew of tobacco, "they call it the dairy line."

"Why do they call it that?"

"Because if you bring a bucket of sour cream aboard it'll be butter when you get to the end of the run."—Chicago Tribune.

Her Wish.

He—If I possessed the power to grant one wish you might make, what would it be?

She—Oh—let me see—I hardly think I ought to tell you. I'm afraid you would be offended.

He—Offended? Why should I be offended? Go ahead. Name it.

She—Well, if you insist, I should wish that you might before you come to see me next time take your cuffs to a barber shop and have them trimmed.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Succinctly Stated.

Visitor—I have often heard of your "elevated loop problem." What is it? [illegible] The problem is how to get the most nickels out of it with the least expenditure of money on it.—Chicago Tribune.

BIG LOOTING ALLEGED

St. Louis County Man Accused of Wholesale Grafting.

RESTITUTION SUIT BEGUN

Official Charged With Organizing Town for the Sole Purpose of Robbery.

Sensational graft charges are made against Treasurer Charles Buyck and Clerk W. A. Jones of the town of Buyck, St. Louis county, in a civil suit instituted by the town authorities as the result of an examination conducted by the public examiner.

Restitution of $33,000 by Buyck and $4,500 by Jones, alleged to have been misappropriated from the township funds, is demanded by the plaintiff in the action.

Buyck is alleged to be the dominating figure in a bold conspiracy, and Jones is said to have been his willing tool. It is alleged that Buyck conceived the idea of organizing the unorganized territory in section 9, township 65, range 17, into an unorganized town and then by bonding the town and by taxation and other methods raising large sums of money which by manipulation could be diverted to his own uses.

The complaint alleges that Buyck originated the petition for the organization of the town and the county board organized it, giving the division his name. The town voted to issue bonds for $2,000 to raise money to build a road from Vermillion bridge to Pelican Station. It is asserted that Buyck held up the Commercial Investment company when that company took up the bonds and that the concern paid him $413 extra for some unlawful purpose.

The town authorities allege that Buyck gathered about him a gang of hangers-on subservient to his will; that he charged exorbitant prices for boarding the men; ordered work done on the road out of season in order that the men could get money to spend over his bar, and that he bled the town treasury generally.

FATAL HUNTING ACCIDENT

Man After Squirrels Kills Minneapolis Workman.

While hunting squirrels on the outskirts of North Minneapolis S. D. De Witt sent a bullet whizzing through the air and before its course had been spent it pierced the heart of Nels Nelson, an employe of the C. A. Smith saw mill, killing him instantly.

De Witt was at once placed under arrest and hauled into police court, where, after a preliminary examination on the charge of manslaughter, he was held to the grand jury. He was released on $1,000 bonds. The shooting took place within the city limits, thus giving the municipal court jurisdiction in the case.

At police headquarters De Witt gave an account of the shooting, saying that he was hunting and that the trees prevented his seeing the men. He had located a fine large squirrel and, taking aim, fired. At once he heard some one cry out in pain and ran to the place, where he found Nelson had been stricken.

CARRIES OFF HONORS.

Minnesota Wins Banner at Buttermakers' Convention.

Minnesota again carried off all the honors at the National Creamery Buttermakers' association, which held its annual convention in St. Paul last week. Not only does Minnesota win the banner for the highest average scores, but her buttermakers got the highest individual score and the second highest. Iowa won the first in the gathered cream class and Minnesota second. Iowa also won the butter scoring contest, with Minnesota and North Dakota tied for second.

Judge Lochren to Retire.

After twenty-four years of service as judge in the state and federal courts Judge Lochren of Minneapolis will retire from the bench. He will tender his resignation as a judge of the United States district court at the end of the month. Rumors that Judge Lochren intended to resign have been current a number of times during the past few years, but in each case they were denied by the judge. The information this time comes from the judge himself. He will be seventy-six years old next month and for the past year or two his health has been failing and it is on this account that he has decided to resign.

Buttermakers Elect Officers.

The National Creamery Buttermakers' convention, in session at St. Paul, elected the following officers: J. J. Farrell of Carver, Minn., president; Lauritz Olsen of West De Pere, Wis., vice president, and S. B. Schilling of Chicago was re-elected secretary treasurer. These were all elected unanimously.

Boys Accused of Forgery.

After committing a daring series of forgeries, it is alleged, William Burns, thirteen years old, and Harry Curran, fifteen years old, were arrested at apartments they had rented at the Rogers hotel at Minneapolis. Both boys are said to have confessed. It is thought they secured more than [illegible]

S H O E S

The time is now coming when you need to buy a good pair of shoes. Our stock is now quite complete, and we can show you the best shoes money can buy at popular prices. We carry the largest assortment and strongest lines in the city. Here are some of our leading brands;

Ladies fine shoes, Duttenhofer shoes, Price,	$2.50 to $3.00
Ladies Godman shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and Children's Buster Brown shoes Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and children's Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Boy's Buster Brown and Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.90 to $2.50
Men's Mason Hand-Made shoes, Price,	$3.00 to $6 00
Men's Fine shoes, the Crawford line, Price,	$3.50 to $5.00

We also handle the Copeland and Ryder high top shoes for men, nothing better if you want to keep your feet dry, and get a shoe that will wear longer than any other make.

Our ladies Oxfords are coming in daily. Call on us before buying and we can convince you we give the best shoes for the money in the city.

Langseth Mercantile Co

Men's Maids.

"Men's maids, yes," said an employment agent. "There are more of them than of men's men or valets. Visit the fashionable hotels of California, Florida, the Riviera, Egypt, and as you pass open bedroom doors of a morning or an afternoon what do you see? Maids changing the studs in evening shirts, pressing trousers with patent alcohol irons, brushing coats and putting fresh laces in boots. The average well to do couple—the couple that can afford the best winter and summer resorts—travel with a maid, but not with a maid and a valet, for, after all, a valet is very expensive, and his duties occupy only a few hours a day, and a maid can get through all of them just as well as not. So the average lady's maid is a man's maid as well—maid to the wife, valet to the husband. She likes her latter duties. They are, you see, simple and easy, and they draw forth the most generous tips."—New York Press.

Reynard the Fox.

Renard, or, as it is more usually written, Reynard, is the name given to the fox in a famous German epic of the fourteenth century called "Reynard the Fox." The book is really a satire on the state of Germany in the middle ages, the different animals, each of which are given a special name, typifying different institutions. Thus Reynard the Fox stands for the church, Isengrim the Wolf for the barons and Nobel the Lion for the emperor. Other characters are Tibert the Cat and Bruin the Bear. Both in the last named case and that of Reynard the personal name given by the author has passed into common speech.

Turn About.

In a Great Western railway carriage on the way up to London a youth had disturbed and annoyed the other passengers by loud and foolish inane remarks during a great part of the journey. As they passed Hanwell Lunatic asylum he remarked, "I often think how nice the asylum looks from the railway."

"Some day," growled an old gentleman, "you will probably have occasion to remark how nice the railway looks from the asylum."—London Answers.

Getting It All.

"What can I bring you today, sir?"

"I hardly know. The doctor says I need carbohydrates and proteids, and I want something with albumen, I think."

"Yes, sir. How about an order of hash?"—Pittsburg Post.

Always at It.

"They say that Mrs. Grundy does a great deal of fancy work."

"I should say she did! When she can find nothing else to do, she ruffles her husband's temper."—Detroit Free Press.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similiar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
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LIGHT RUNNING
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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

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PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
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$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Scandia House
Third door north from Langseth's.
Come in and make yourself at home.
20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.
Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

For Husbands.

A clergyman took down a small volume.

"This is called," he said, "the 'Instructions of Ptah-ho-Tep.' It is one of the very oldest papyrus writings known. It gives among other things advice to husbands, and that advice is as good today is it ever was. Listen."

And he read:

"'If thou be wise, furnish thy house well.

"'Woo thy wife ever, and never quarrel with her.

"'Nourish her daintily.

"'Deck her out, for fine dress is her greatest delight.

"'Feed her upon sweets.

"'Perfume her.

"'Make her glad with praise.

"'Adorn her with jewels, feathers and the skins of beasts as sumptuously as thy purse will suffer.'"

How Much He Thought About Her.

They were on their way to the theater, and she was tremulously happy. She felt that the words she longed to hear would be spoken that night, and the idea made her almost dizzy with delight.

"Mr. Sampson," she said softly, "why do you wear that bit of string upon your finger?"

"Oh," replied Mr. Sampson, taking it off, "that was to remind me of my engagement with you tonight."

It wasn't much, but it was enough to take away the delightful dizziness.—London Chronicle.

The First Advertiser.

The author looked up from the first chapter of his mammoth "History of Advertising."

"I wonder," he murmured, "who could have been the first manufacturer to advertise. It is an item that would fit in well here."

"There is no extant data on the subject," said the farmer, "but I have every reason to believe that the hen is the person you are looking for."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The World Goes On.

We all imagine that our work is important and that no one can do it as well as we do, but the world has been constantly improving in spite of the fact that every man dies at the end of a short time.—Atchison Globe.

Ready Remedy.

Author—I am troubled with insomnia. I lie awake at night hour after hour thinking about my literary work. His Friend—How very foolish of you! Why don't you get up and read portions of it?

Geography.

"I'd like to see that young Japanese prince."

"A Japanese prince! Where is he?"

"Oh, he's traveling incognito."

"Is he? I'm so dreadfully weak about geographical names. That's in Manchuria, isn't it?"—Chums.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb. 19, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Peder C. Rud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 139 made June, 22nd, 1904, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E. ½ S. W. ¼ Section 19, Township 154 N., Range 42 West and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April, 4 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Hanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Fodstad, " " " " "
John Friberg, " " " " "
Jens Jelnes, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Feb. 27 April 2

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Gilbert Olson, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson, Caroline Mork and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the Estate of said decedent: The petition of Maret Olson having been filed in this court, representing that Gilbert Olson, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 11th day of September, 1907, and praying that letters of administration of his Estate be granted to B. Christianson: and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, 1908, at 9 o'clok A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 3rd day of March, 1908.

(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge
March, 5-19.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Aaron Johnson, deceased, late of the city of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, being granted to Andy Erickson.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Administrator made and filed herein as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Aaron Johnson, deceased.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 8th day of June, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 7th day of March, A. D. 1908, by the court.

(Probate Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant,
Judge
March, 1908.

Subscribe for the News.

ROPE SUPERSTITIONS.

Odd Beliefs About the Cure of Cancer and Mumps.

"Yes, I am heartily glad that execution by hanging is passing out of existence," said the jailer of twenty-five years' service. "Not only was hanging by the neck a gruesome, horrible affair to me, but it was always followed by a host of requests for a bit of the rope with which the hanging was done. Of course, these requests came mostly from ignorant people, but they were no less of a nuisance on that account. Oh, no, they didn't want bits of the rope for morbid reasons, but because they firmly believed in the old superstition that a bit of rope used in a hanging would cure cancer if rubbed on the affected part. None of them ever came back to report whether a cure was effected, but I reckon if there had been any cures I would have heard of them.

"That isn't the only rope superstition, by the way. In Maine, where I came from, some folk always use hempen rope for the mumps. A piece of it is tied around the waist of the sick person, so that the disease will not creep to any vital part, but remain in the face. The superstition is observed by a few people of this day, and if you go into small remote country towns in Maine you will see hempen ropes hanging in the corner grocery store, bearing a label, 'Ropes For Mumps.'"—*New York Tribune.*

LAST WORDS.

Thoughts That Marked the Passing of Some Noted Men.

There is a collection of "last words" of celebrated men which contains many beautiful and startling phrases. Whether they were really uttered by the men to whom they have been credited, says the Berliner Post, is another matter. Thus the words of Augustus, 'The comedy is at an end—did I play my part well?' are known to nearly every reader. The collection of last words of great physicians published by 'The British Medical Journal' gives Haller credit for saying, 'The artery beats—it beats no more,' and says of Nothnagel that he wrote: 'The night of July 6, after a violent attack of angina pectoris, * * * I will die of arterial calcination.' Cooper, Bright and Brodie died with blessings upon their lips, and Darwin, looking death calmly in the face, said, 'I really do not fear death.' Locolz's last words were flippant: 'Au revoir, gentlemen. At the autopsy we will meet again.' None of these classic sentences, however, impress one so much as did the words of one of the few mortals who to our knowledge went into the unknown with minds undimmed. He was an old man who had lived a good and full life. With his last breath he said: 'It is not yet time. I want to stay'—that was the voice of nature."

The Next Duty.

"What is my next duty? What is the thing that lies nearest to me?"

"That belongs to your everyday history. No one can answer that question but yourself. Your next duty is just to determine what your next duty is. Is there nothing you neglect? Is there nothing you know you ought not to do? You would know your duty if you thought in earnest about it and were not ambitious of great things."

"Ah, then," responded she, "I suppose it is something very commonplace, which will make life more dreary than ever. That cannot help me."

"It will if it be as dreary as reading the newspapers to an old deaf aunt. It will soon lead you to something more. Your duty will begin to comfort you at once, but will at length open the unknown fountain of life in your heart."—George Macdonald.

He Drew.

A very pretty girl had a bashful artist for a sweetheart, but he would never come to the point. One night after he had made a desperate attempt to test her feelings she looked at him in a very significant way.

"What do you mean by that?" he asked, with a startled look.

"Do you profess to be an artist?" she replied evasively.

"Yes."

"Do you think you are a good one?"

"I flatter myself that I am."

"Well, I don't think so."

"Why not?"

"Because you cannot even draw an inference."

He did, though, and now they draw conclusions.

Victims of Heredity.

It has been shown that criminal tendencies depend on heredity and social and physiological circumstances. The most important of these is heredity. Just as no amount of ambition will enable a man to write a Shakespearean drama if he have not the talent, so it is preposterous to expect in a child of vicious parents, brought up among vicious surroundings, that moral tone which would characterize the finest type of humankind.—Strand Magazine.

Precious Models.

"Just think, somebody broke into my studio last night. Unfortunately I had just begun a study in still life."

"Was it stolen?"

"No, but the models were—a ham and some sausages."—London Tit-Bits.

Reassuring.

First Actor—I am in a quandary. I have been offered an engagement by two managers, and I don't know how to act. Second Actor—Well, don't worry. They'll soon find it out.

Do not neglect to keep your boots polished. You can always shine at one end if you cannot at the other.

ENGLISH RED TAPE.

War Office Methods and the Test of a Mountain Gun.

The story that a gun of marvelous possibilities invented in England may be sold abroad owing to the apathy of the powers that be is not altogether surprising.

Whitworth refused Napoleon III.'s offer of $50,000 a year for life to go to Paris and manufacture his cannon for the French army, but perhaps our war office was not so faddy then as now.

Some little time ago a new gun for hill fighting was offered and was sent out to India to be tried. It was dragged up steep hills, rushed down rocky defiles, left for a week at a time in mountain torrents—in fact, submitted to all the tests which a veteran officer accustomed to war with the hill tribes could suggest.

The report was satisfactory in every respect, but a war office genius blandly asked if the gun had been dropped down a precipice. It had not.

The war office was horrified and amazed at the neglect of so elementary a test. The gun was now dropped down a precipice with the inevitable result—its internals were irremediably damaged.

How was it possible, the war office asked, to accept such a weapon? And the army of India was left to potter along with obsolete weapons because this new arm would not stand impossible tests.—*London Sketch.*

AWAY BELOW ZERO.

The Awful Cold That Comes With Eighty Degrees of Frost.

It is difficult to form any conception of the degree of cold represented by 80 degrees of frost that at times prevails in certain parts of Russia. Sir Leopold McClintock tells us how in one of his arctic expeditions a sailor was foolish enough to do some outdoor work at precisely this temperature. His hands froze, and when he rushed into the cabin and plunged one of them into a basin of water so cold was the hand that the water was instantly converted into a block of ice.

At 25 degrees, Dr. Kane says, "the mustache and underlip form pendulous beads of dangling ice. Put out your tongue, and it instantly freezes to this icy crusting. Your chin has a trick of freezing to your upper jaw by the happy aid of your beard. My eyes have often been so glued as to show that even a wink was unsafe."

During a theatrical performance given by the crew of his ship at an inside temperature of 30 degrees "the condensation was so excessive that we could barely see the performers. Their hands steamed. When an excited Thespian took off his coat it smoked like a dish of potatoes. Any extra vehemence of delivery was accompanied by volumes of smoke."—Pearson's Weekly.

A Wrong Diagnosis.

The small boy with the big bundle of papers was observed to be moistening some of his stock in the street fountain.

"Ah, my lad," said a benevolent old gentleman, "it does me good to see such an illustration of cleanliness."

"What do yer mean, boss?" asked the boy as he stared up in wonder.

"Why, aren't you trying to wash the mud spots off the edge of your papers?"

"No, boss; you are way off. You see, some of dese papers is two weeks old, an' if I dampen 'em up a bit people will think they are just from de press an' never think of lookin' at de date. Good graft, old sport! Say, some day when I am a captain of industry I'll give you a job."

But the benevolent old gentleman had fled.—Boston Post.

The Order of St. Patrick.

The "most illustrious Order of St. Patrick" dates only from 1783, says a London writer, when it was founded by George III., and is not to be compared in age with "the most ancient and most noble Order of the Thistle," which, dating from a remote antiquity, was revived by James II. in 1687. The curious thing about the bands, or ribbons, of these two orders is that St. Patrick's is blue of the hue that may be seen in the "hackles," or plumes, in the bearskins of the Irish guards, though it suggests the blue bells of Scotland, while the sash of the thistle is a dark green, suggestive of Erin's verdant isle. On state ceremonies these two orders are frequently confounded.

What She Was Trying to Accomplish.

The other morning at the breakfast table three-year-old Jeannette was poking vigorously with her knife at a biscuit.

"What are you trying to do, Jeannette?" demanded mother. "Be careful; you will cut your hand."

Said Jeannette, "I'm trying to unloosen this biscuit; it's so tight!"—New York Times.

Not a Matter of Choice.

Columbia Alumnus—That woman on the debate team is intolerable. You wouldn't like to debate with a woman, would you? Cornell Alumnus—Got so I don't mind it now. Been married five years.—New York Tribune.

Hard Lines.

"Does your wife make you explain all your acts?"

"Worse than that."

"Worse than that?"

"Far worse; she doesn't permit me to explain them."—Houston Post.

The Three Periods.

Jason—There are three periods in a man's life when he does not understand a woman. Grayson—And they are? Jason—Before he knows her, when he knows her and afterward!

THE QUADRANT.

How the Idea of the Device Came to Thomas Godfrey.

Concerning Thomas Godfrey, a famous American mathematician, there is an interesting account in the "Literary History of Philadelphia."

Thomas Godfrey was a glazier. He seemed to be one of the most singular phenomena that ever appeared in the learned world.

One day while at work at his trade a young girl came to a pump and filled a pail with water, which was left upon the sidewalk. The sun's rays were reflected from Godfrey's glass to the pail of water and then to his eye, thus completing a triangle. This is said to have suggested to the glazier's mind the idea which in 1730 became the basis for the double reflecting sea quadrant.

Prior to this time English mariners had been using Davis' bow to ascertain their latitude at sea, but it could not be adjusted in a storm. Godfrey gave the subject careful study, taught himself Latin in order to read Newton's "Principia" and endeavored to have the value of his invention recognized in England. While thus engaged he determined to have the device tested on a ship bound for the West Indies. In Jamaica the quadrant was exhibited, or presented, to an English sea captain. Thus the important discovery came into the possession of Hadley, a mathematical instrument maker in *London, whose name it usually bears* in spite of the long exertions of influential Americans of the eighteenth century to have Godfrey's claims established and honored.

TESTING DRUGS.

Ergotine Is Tried on Chickens, Digitalis on Frogs.

A lot of sorry looking chickens, dogs and cats loafed in the black, ill smelling yard of the great chemical plant.

"We use these animals to test our drugs on," said the chemist. "They come in very handy. They more than earn their board.

"Ergotine is a drug we test on chickens. It is a simple test. If a dose of ergotine fails to turn a chicken's comb black, we know that the drug is for some reason or other worthless.

"Hasheesh we test on dogs. Hasheesh is made of female hemp buds. Male hemp buds have no medicinal value, yet some dishonest dealers put male buds on the market, and since they resemble the female buds precisely it is impossible to detect them save by an actual test. Dogs given hasheesh get drunk and happy if the stuff is good.

"Digitalis, the heart stimulant, is tested on frogs. We inject a drop of it into a frog's stomach, and in the kymograph, or heart recording machine, we study the changes that take place in the frog's heart action. Thus we get a very accurate knowledge of what our digitalis can do.

"Do we ever test drugs on ourselves? Oh, yes, indeed, often. Chemists have lost their lives, chemists have gone incurably insane, through too rash a bravery in testing drugs on their own persons."—Los Angeles Times.

The Raven.

Writing on "Birds in Christian Legend and Symbol" in the National Review, Rev. R. L. Giles says:

The raven is looked upon with divided feelings. He is the "bird of ill omen" par excellence. "Corvo di mal augurio" is indeed the Italian equivalent of the phrase and "Unglucksrabe" the German one. According to the fathers, he is the emblem of procrastination, with his cry of "Cras, cras"—"Tomorrow, tomorrow." His not having returned to the ark has always been remembered against him. Yet he, too, is a pious bird. He played his part in the Christmas mystery. It was said that at the hour of the great birth the cock crowed "Christus natus est," the raven croaked "Quando?" the rook cawed "Hac nocte," the ox mooed "Ubi?" the sheep bleated "Bethlehem," and the ass brayed "Eamus." This is found as early as the fourth century.

Time She Began.

It was on a Sixth avenue surface car. A woman sat with her little daughter, who to all appearances was seven or eight years old. The conductor came for the fares, and the woman gave him a five cent piece.

"Is the little girl with you, madam?" asked the conductor.

"Yes," assented the woman.

"Her fare, please," said the man.

"But I never have paid for her," began the woman.

"And does that prove that you're never going to?" asked the conductor, taking the fare reluctantly tendered.—New York Press.

Genius Defined.

Professor of Polite Literature and High Art—Now, young gentlemen, can any of you give me a good definition of genius? Beloved Disciple—Genius, sir, is an unlimited capacity for taking—er—what belongs to others.—Sydney (N. S. W.) Bulletin.

The Spendthrift Version.

"You know that old saying," began Kwoter, "'Take care of the pennies and'"—

"And," interrupted Galley, "the dollars will take care of your heirs."—Philadelphia Press.

An Agreement.

Parishioner (a little the worse for liquor)—I hearah you preach las' night. New Minister—You didn't hear much, I fancy. Parishioner—Tha' what—hic—I thought myself.—Leslie's Weekly.

Whenever I find a great deal of gratitude in a poor man I take it for granted there would be as much generosity if he were a rich man.—Pope.

TRIBE OF CRIMINALS.

The Maghaya's Greatest Pride Is Successful Burglary.

The Maghaya is born in an arhar field and schooled to theft from his infancy. He lives without shelter or food for the morrow, perpetually moving from encampment to encampment, chased by the police and execrated by the villagers. His greatest pride is a successful burglary and a prolonged drinking bout his most coveted reward.

Jail offers no terrors to the dom. It is merely the result of being a bungler at his trade. The first attempt to reclaim the Maghaya doms in Champarun was made by Mr. (now Sir E.) Henry. He found the greater number of the adult members of the tribe were in jail. Every police officer was held responsible if any doms were found in his jurisdiction, with the result that as soon as a dom was released from jail he was usually returned thither under the bad livelihood sections.

Agricultural settlements were established for the tribe, but they do not seem to have been very successful as civilising agencies. The settlements serve as houses for the women and children, but the men are seldom found in them.

The females generally hawk stolen property in the villages and act as spies.—Bengal Gazetteer.

A WINDOW AND A WAR.

Costly Incident of the Reign of Louis XIV. of France.

A terrible war was once caused by a window.

It was in the days when Louis XIV., "Le Grand Monarque," was dazzling Europe. His minister, Louvois, was superintending on the king's behalf the building of the palace of the Trianon in the park at Versailles. Louis inspected the buildings one afternoon and declared one of the windows to be out of shape and smaller than the rest. This Louvois denied, and the king had the window measured, with the result that he was proved to be right, and he openly before all the court ridiculed Louvois.

But the minister had his revenge, for with the angry ejaculation that he would find better employment for a monarch than that of insulting his favorites, he embroiled France by his insolence in a quarrel with the powers, which only ended years later in the peace of Ryswick after a war which entailed the loss of many lives and the expenditure of large sums of money.—Pearson's Weekly.

Wonderful Pews.

"Are you aware," said the antiquary, "that there are certain church pews to which the contribution basket is never passed?"

"No."

"It is a fact. These pews are in certain old churches in Philadelphia, in Boston and in a number of New England villages. They have been rented on a noncontribution basket basis for a couple of centuries. In the past, it is said, men slept in church. They even played draughts there, and the advent of the contribution basket would have been an amazing interruption to them. So for a very much higher rental they obtained pews that the collectors ignored. These pews in churches that like to keep up the quaint customs of the past are still maintained."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Sarcastic.

It was evening, and the conductor rang the bell violently as the omnibus crossed over at the bank. The driver drew up with a sudden jerk. No one stirred, and after waiting for a second or two the conductor ran up the stairs two steps at a time.

"Didn't you say you wanted the Mansion 'Ouse?" he demanded of a large and reposeful lady in front.

"Yes," she said without making any attempt to rise.

"Well," responded the conductor, "if you still want it you'd better come down, 'cause I can't shift it any closer for tuppence, and" (with cutting emphasis) "the 'oses is tired of waiting."—London Scraps.

Courts In the Open.

One of the revising barristers in the north of England held his court under a tree in a vicarage garden, the village schoolroom not being at his disposal. This is not by any means the first court held in the open. Deborah in the book of Judges, it will be remembered, gave judgment under a palm tree. Admirals, according to Prynne, held their courts "close by the flux and reflux of the sea," and in the fifteenth century the admiralty court used to sit on a quay at Southwark.—London Law Journal.

Waste of Energy.

"You never change your mind about anything, do you?"

"What's the use?" rejoined the egotist. "I found years ago that I was just as liable to be wrong the second time as I was the first."—Washington Star.

The Elopement.

Muriel—When you eloped with George, did you leave a note telling your people where you had gone? Gabrielle—Why, of course. If I hadn't, how would papa have known where to send us any money?—Illustrated Bits

The Attraction.

"Miss Skylie appears to have lost her attractiveness for the gentlemen," said one girl.

"Oh, no," replied the other; "she didn't lose it. Her father lost it on the Stock Exchange."

A good and faithful judge prefers the honest to the expedient.—Horace.

FATE AT THE HELM.

A Curious Coincidence of the Cruise of the Amity.

Ralph D. Paine while delving into the old sea logs kept by eighteenth century captains and now stored in the Essex institute at Salem brought to light a strange tale that yet was fact. He tells about it in Outing Magazine:

"The Grand Turk, a good ship belonging to Elias Hasket Derby of Salem, a well known merchant, was returning to Salem from the West Indies.

"During the voyage Captain Ingersoll rescued the master and mate of an English schooner, the Amity, whose crew had mutinied while in the Spanish main. The two officers had been cast adrift in a small boat to perish. This was the first act in a unique drama of maritime coincidence in 1774.

"After the castaways had reached Salem, Captain Duncanson, the English master of the Amity, was the guest of Elias Hasket Derby while he waited for word from his owners and an opportunity to return to his home across the Atlantic. He spent much of his time on the water front as a matter of course and used to stand at a window of Mr. Derby's counting house idly staring at the harbor.

"One day while sweeping the seaward horizon with the office spyglass the forlorn British skipper let fly an oath of the most profound amazement. He dropped the glass, rubbed his eyes, chewed his beard and stared again. A schooner was making across the bar, and presently she stood clear of the island at the harbor mouth and slipped toward an anchorage well inside.

"There was no mistaking her at this range. It was the Amity, his own schooner which had been taken from him in the West Indies, from which he and his mate had been cast adrift by the piratical seamen. Captain Duncanson hurried into Mr. Derby's private office as fast as his legs could carry him. By some incredible twist of fate the captors of the Amity had sailed her straight to her captain.

"Mr. Derby was a man of the greatest promptitude, and one of his anchored brigs was instantly manned with a heavy crew, two deck guns slung aboard, and, with Captain Duncanson striding the quarter deck, the brig stood down to take the Amity.

"It was Captain Duncanson who led the boarders, and the mutineers were soon overpowered and fetched back to Salem jail in irons. The grateful skipper and his mate signed a crew in Salem and took the Amity to sea, a vessel restored to her own by so marvelous an event that it would be laughed out of court as material for fiction."

Late at the Play.

We know from Pepys and from passages in the plays of contemporary dramatists that the manners of theater audiences in the restoration epoch were not nice, but there is no reason to believe that even the fops habitually arrived at the theater late. Mr. Sparkish, Mr. Novel and their fellows would talk loudly while the play was going on to show the superiority of their wit to the poet's, but they likely were on hand early to lose none of the fun. In later epochs of English theatrical history theater going was a serious undertaking, not a mere pastime. One can tell from the beginnings of old plays that the authors counted on audiences closely attentive from the first. Lady Randolph is the first speaker in "Douglas," Orestes in "The Distressed Mother," Almeira in "The Mourning Bride." The custom of "playing the audience in" with a short piece was of still later origin. Perhaps about that time the habit of going late to the theater became common. "Half price" for late comers was a custom of Thackeray's time.—Westminster Gazette.

A Witch's Weight.

"I was weighed this morning at the grocery," announced Brenda, a small, dainty young woman of trim figure, "and I weighed just ninety-nine pounds and a half. When I stepped down old Mr. Follansbee laughed and said: 'That's a lucky half, miss. Ninety-nine is witches' weight.' I asked what he meant, and he said: 'My, my, didn't ever hear of witches' weight? Well, that is queer. Your gran'ther kin tell ye, though.'

"And now, grandfather, what is witches' weight?"

"Ma'am Jones," said grandfather tersely, "was a witch, and her weight was witches' weight."

There was a chorus of exclamations.

"Yes, a witch in my day," he reiterated, "as much a witch as any witch, and as much believed in, if not as widely.

"As for her weight, I believe ninety-nine pounds is indeed the traditional limit of weight for a witch. Perhaps it is the utmost a broomstick will carry."—Youth's Companion.

How Caterpillars Build.

Many clever caterpillars which dwell habitually in company build a common nest for the common benefit. Of these is the famous American tent caterpillar. The tents are really nests of silk spun among leaves and twigs. In them the caterpillars dwell when young, and to them they resort for shelter in rainy weather even when larger grown. Allied species which pass through the winter in the caterpillar state construct winter sleeping places which the bookish folk call hibernaculums. These are often conspicuous among the branches during the cold months of the year. If torn open they reveal a surprising thickness of spun silk, forming a dense nonconductive wall. At the center of the mass lie from thirty to fifty tightly packed caterpillars waiting for the return of the warm weather, when they will resume their feeding.

AUCTION SALE!

AT THE

O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading Company's Store

NORTH MAIN AVE. THIEF RIVER FALLS

March 19, 20 and 21.

FROM 2 TO 7 P. M.

In order to reduce my stock of goods to one line, I am going to offer all

Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Hardware Shoes, Suits, Hats, Caps and Underwear

for sale at auction. It is going to be my endeavor to sell the above mentioned goods in three days. Come in and buy goods at your own price. Everything must be sold.

C. M. EVENSON,
AUCTIONEER.

JOHN SORENSON,
OWNER.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARGH 26, 1908 NUMBER 13

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

The News, $1 Per Year.

LANDS ARE IN DEMAND

Lots of Inquiry for Lands in the Red River Valley This Year.

People in Illinois and Iowa Are Looking This Way It Is Said.

E. P. Schaefer, of Crookston, who also has a land office at Hebron, Ill., has the following to say regarding land conditions in this section:

"There is double the inquiry for Valley lands that there has been at any time for the past four years. This I attribute to the fact that less interest is being taken in Texas and Canadian lands. The farmers of Illinois and adjacent states have determined that the Red River Valley offers better inducements than any section of the country at the present time.

"Those who have returned from the Canadian Northwest as a rule do not bring very glowing accounts. While some did well, many did not, and what is more they are dissatisfied with the lack of schools, churches and other evidences of civilization which will not be established for many years to come in sections where cheap lands can be secured because the sparsley settled regions will not permit of such improvements

"The coming of spring and summer will witness more sales of land in the Valley and in the cut over sections between the Valley and Duluth in the northern part of the state than have been recorded during any year in the past five. At present there is no question but what the reputation of the Red River Valley as an ideal diversified farming section is rapidly spreading The recent butter contests by the National association held in St. Paul in which Minnesota walked off with the majority of the prizes has shown them what Minnesota can do in the butter line and they are taking due notice."

A $15,000 DEAL

Baker-Wilcox Property Brought a Good Round Sum.

An important real estate deal was closed in this city last Friday whereby Mary Brunnette, of Fargo, N. D., became the owner of the Baker-Wilcox property, paying $15,000 cash for the same. The property is in the shape of an L, and the first floor is occupied by Robertson's Bazaar. It has a frontage of 25 feet on LaBree avenue which extends back 80 feet and then joins Third street, having a frontage of 25 feet on this street. The second story of the building is partitioned off into two modern flats and the building *yields a rent of $1,560 a year.* The building was built a couple of years ago by O. A Baker and Ed Wilcox.

The new owner is quarter blood Chippewa and recently disposed of her pine allotment on the White Earth reservation. She is well pleased with her purchase.

Another Candidate for Sheriff.

Wm. McGinty was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week and while there filed for the office of sheriff of Red Lake county on the Democratic ticket. It is not likely that Mr. McGinty will have any opposition at the primaries but at the general election there are sure to be other candidates. Mr. McGinty is an old time resident of the county, having resided on a farm in the town of Poplar River before removing to Thief River Falls.

Left In a Hurry.

Earl Retrie, the agent for the Great Northern at Middle River, left Suddenly for points unknown last Saturday. He closed up the depot and walked to Newfolden where it is thought he took the flyer to Winnipeg. He was not short in his accounts or did not owe the people of Middle River anything, but was wanted for some crime in Pennsylvania, his former home, and the authorities had located him at Middle River.

MILLING CO. WINS OUT

Judge Watts Decide Case of City Against Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

Holds That Our Ordinance Is Decidedly Weak in One Point.

Judge Watts this week decided the case of the city of Thief River Falls against the Red Lake Falls Milling company in favor of the latter. The case was started last summer when the defendent milling company removed its elevator into the fire limits of Thief River Falls, contrary to the provisions of a fire ordinance. The ordinance reads that building of other than fire proof material shall not be erected within the prescribed territory. Judge Watts holds that this does not prevent moving of frame buildings into the fire limits. The case will undoubtedly be appealed to the supreme court in the hopes that this body will put a more liberal construction upon the meaning of the ordinance. As the matter now stands, anyone wishing to avoid the ordinance could errect a building outside of the fire limits and then remove it within the fire limits. This was not the meaning the city council intended the ordinance should have had when it was passed a little over two years ago.

Burned with Molten Brass.

Crookston Journal: Lionel Snelling, one of the well known farmers of Angus, 20 miles north of here, who is also of an inventive turn of mind, was terribly burned about the face, eyes and hands yesterday by the explosion of molten brass, as he was pouring it from the ladle in which he had melted it, into a small cup.

Without doubt his life was saved by the break-neck race to his home of Dr. F. C. Mitchell, of Euclid, who was telephoned and having his team hitched up preparatory to making another call had his driver run them the entire six miles, and 30 minutes from the time he was telephoned for he was at the Snelling residence and applied relief measures.

Snelling suffered terrible agony and the outcome will not be known for a day or so. Dr. Mitchell thinks the eyesight can be saved, but it is not certain.

It seems that Snelling with J. F. Montgomery, the Angus merchant, has been experimenting all winter with a wireless telegraphy outfit, which it was proposed to operate between the store at Angus and the Snelling farm, a distance of about three miles. They had the apparatus so it would work short distances and were attempting to improve it at the time of the accident.

It is supposed there was a little water in the bottom of the cup when the molten brass was turned into it, and that this caused the explosion, but the cause will never be definitely known.

Ebony- "Oh, Massa, I didn't go fo to do it, even if he choked me, till I'se brack in the face." "Dot, the Miner's Daughter."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

Spring Opening Day

SATURDAY, MAY 28,

AT THE

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

TO ALL MANKIND:
Every man, woman and child in Thief River Falls and vicinity may feel personally invited to attend our Spring Opening Sale Saturday March 28th.

JUST AS ALWAYS.
Once again we remind you that our regular every day prices are as low, and often lower, than so called "Special Sale" prices elsewhere. Read that again, think it over.

Advent of the Fashion for the Season 1908

occurs at our annual display for Easter and spring, which will be held Saturday, March 28. The spring season begins in earnest Saturday. Every section is ready with an authorative showing of the new styles. Dress goods, Laces and Embroideries, Jackets, Skirts, Corsets, Gloves, Neckware, Shoes etc. etc. for women. Suits, Coats, Trousers, Headwear, Furnishings, Shoes, Underwear etc. etc. for men and boys.

Here are a few of the many discounts for that day and for cash only.

In the Dress Goods Department.

Dress Goods of every kind, Trimmings, Laces and Embroideries, Hosiery and Underwear at
20 PER CENT OFF SATURDAY.

Muslins, Sheetings, Shirtings, etc., at
10 PER CENT OFF SATURDAY.

Summer Wash fabrics, Ginghams, White Goods etc., at
10 PER CENT OFF SATURDAY.

Jackets, Skirts, Waists etc., at
15 PER CENT OFF SATURDAY.

In the Clothing Department.

Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, Trousers, etc., at
20 PER CENT OFF SATURDAY.

New Spring Goods at
15 PER CENTS OFF SATURDAY.

In the Shoe Department.

SHOES. You all know our Crossett Shoes for men—Selby and Red Cross Shoes for women—Bunker Hill and Portsmouth for boys and girls are the best makes of shoes on the market, at discount of
15 PER CENT OFF SATURDAY.

In the Grocery Department We will have a free demonstration of Chase & Sanbourn's Coffee and National Biscuit Co.'s Biscuits. Be sure and attend this demonstration and learn the merits of our coffee.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY.

ORANGES, GRAPE FRUIT, BANANAS, LEMONS, APPLES, LETTUCE, ONIONS, RADISHES, CUKES, CELERY, PARSLEY, RHUBARB, PINEAPPLE.

PROMPT SERVICE—TWO DELIVERIES.

MUSIC AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

THE GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE.

HAVE YOUR
EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN AT
BORRY'S GALLERY

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	97c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 01
Barley	50 to 60c
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Don't miss "Dot, the Miner's daughter.,'

Register of Deeds Quist spent Sunday in the city.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Louis Hanson went up to Middle River Saturday.

Henry Deibel was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Ole Arneson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Dr. Vistaunet was down to Crookston the first of the week.

The senior class play is the theatrical event of the season.

W. B. Krouse was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Attorney George K. Fargo, of Ogema, was in the city last week.

Miss Minnie Bakke was up to Newfolden to spend Sunday.

Rev. I. T. Aastad was down to St. Hilaire to spend Sunday.

200 bushels of seed oats for sale by, H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Phil Zeh has opened up a confectionary store on La Bree avenue.

—For Rent—Eight room house, second door north of Park Hotel.

Miss Irene Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Alderman Milton Forder was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

County Attorney Brown, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

John Sorum was down from Sandridge last week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was down to Minneapolis Sunday to visit his parents.

County Auditor O'Brien, accompanied by his wife, was in the city last Saturday.

Dot, the Miner's Daughter" contains an excellent lesson. It is a high class play.

Albert Spokley left Monday for Belmont, N. D., to make his future home.

John Anderson, proprietor of the Soo Hotel, went to Crookston the first of the week.

Read the Golden Rule Spring Opening Sale Ad.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Fr. Ambrose was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting Fr. Adolph.

James Power, an old time resident of this city, was in town last week visiting old friends.

A number of young people were down to St. Hilaire Saturday evening attending a dance.

H. G. Dobner left Saturday evening for La Crosse, Wis., returning the first of the week.

Hans Jorstad, of Thorwick, was in the city Monday and made this office a pleasant call.

Don't fail to attend the Spring Opening Sale at the Golden Rule Saturday, March, 28th.

Better get your reserved seats early, for everybody is going to see "Dot, the Miner's Daughter.

Ed Iverson, one of the popular settlers living in the town of Clover Leaf, was in the city last week.

John Guinan left Monday evening for Kalispell, Mont., to work for a lumber company out there.

Special discount in every department on opening day at the Golden Rule Saturday Mar. 28th.

Senator A. D. Stebbins, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

John Markuson, of Brunkeberg, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Ebony and Hapzibah will surely mak you laugh till your sides ache, at "Dot the Miner's Daughter."

Pat Sullivan, of Highlanding, was in the city last week, being enroute home from a trip to North Dakota.

Fred Solley, who lives east of Germantown, was in the city the first of the week and made this office a call.

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Bjerkhoel, of Kennedy, were in the city to spend Sunday with Mr. Bjerkhoel's parents.

M. P. Brophy, a lumberman from Vancouver, B. C. was in the city last week visiting his uncle, D. P. O'Neill.

Will Whitman, an old Thife River Falls boy, came over from Grand Forks Monday to visit his mother for a few days.

Mrs. Theo. Dock arrived in the city last week from Hawley to join her husband and make this city their future home.

Ole O. Legvold left Saturday for Grand Forks and other North Dakota points to spend a few days visiting old friends.

Make your plans to enjoy yourself for wo solid hours with "Dot, the Miner's Daughter" and her friends on Friday, March. 27th.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

OPENING OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
STYLES
AT
Miss Lakin's Millinery Parlor
ON
April 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th.
HANDSOME PATTERNS AND OTHER BEAUTIFUL
HATS FOR ALL AGES. ALL ARE
CORDIALLY INVITED.
APPRENTICE GIRL WANTED AT ONCE.

Everybody is going to the Senior Class Play on the 27th.

Ole Haggvist and Miss Vinna Lee, both of St. Hilaire, were married in this city yesterday by Municipal Judge Bishop.

Joseph Duchamp last week purchased the Gwyn horse of L. M. Hoag. Joe promises to do things at the county fair this year.

Dr. P. L. Vistaunet last week resigned as health officer and Dr. Bockman was appointed by Mayor Hamre to fill the vacancy.

S. T. Johnson went down to Red Lake Falls Monday to attend to his duties as court commissioner during this term of court.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Miss Lizzie Stach, of Wolverton, arrived in the city last Saturday and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury.

Music by the full Orchestra Saturday afternoon and evening at the Golden Rule Spring Opening Sale—Clarionet solo by Prof. Bruchman.

The ladies Aid of the Lutheran Synod meets in the basement of the church this afternoon, entertained by *Mrs. P. L.* Vistaunet and E. Bakke.

The Thief River Falls creamery paid a better price for butter fat for the month of February than any creamery in this section of the state.

Wanted—A school teacher for District No. 55, town of Silverton. Wages, $10 per month. Apply to Frank Staska, Mavie postoffice, Minnesota.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Mrs. Bryant has started a new class in china painting and will continue to teach during the spring months. Private lessons given if desired. Phone 29.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, and Mrs. Stewart, of Red Wing, who had been visiting at the Kretzschmar home, returned to Crookston last Friday.

George Wehrmar, who travels for a Duluth dry goods house and makes his headquarters in this city, left Monday for Duluth where he will spend a month.

Services of the Immanual Congregation next Sunday forenoon at 10:30, at the usual place, Newton school house.

M. L. Dahle,
Pastor.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 7:45 Student Arthur Lawrence will preach. All are cordially invited.

M. L. Dahle,
Pastor.

I wish to notify all people who are driving across my property that they will be prosecuted if they continue in this practice in the future.

F. H. Kralka.

D. N. Winton was over to Bemedji the first of the week. The new mill recently built by the Wintons at Bemidji started up this week and will continue to run until it freezes up next fall.

Services in the Lutheran Church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and English service at 7:45 p. m. Services in the Silverton Lutheran at 3 o'clock p. m. Acordial invitation to all.

Rev. I. T. Aastad.

Mrs. Torgerson was down to Alexandria last Friday to attend the funeral of Henry Nelson, son of Senator Knut Nelson. Mrs. Torgerson is an old friend of the Nelson family and when Henry was born in Wisconsin in the year 1871 she was nurse for Mrs. Nelson.

It is rumored that Wm. Eickhoff, who has been the village marshall the past year, will not be a candidate for re-election this spring as he is figuring on going into the patent medicine business in Wisconsin in the near future.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A team driven by Mrs. M. Bockman and Mrs. C. C. Jackson indulged in quite a lively runaway last Saturday morning just east of the bridge across the Thief River. Both of the ladies jumped from the sleigh and very fortunately sustained no serious injuries.

Isaac E. Wilson and Miss Anna D. Bergan, two popular young people of the town of Wyandatte, were married in this city last Saturday by Municipal Judge Bishop.

Free demonstration of Chase and Sanborn, Coffee and National Biscuit Co's. Biscuits Saturday March 28 afternoon and evening at the Golden Rule grocery department.

The high school students will present their play. "Dot, the Miner's Daughter." at the Imperial hall in St. Hilaire on Saturday evening of this week. The play will be under the auspices of the St. Hilaire schools.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th, Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th, Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

Hepzibah—"Hain't I tole yo about Soddom an Gomorrow what dropped down dead fo lyin." "Dot, the Miner's Daughter."

Mayor John C. Chase, of Haverhill, Mass., the first Socalist ever elected mayor of an American city, will be in Thief River Falls on the evening of April 9 to deliver a lecture. The local Socalists are making plans for a large meeting.

Ole Omundson, one of the prosperous farmers living east of the city, returned recently from a trip to Wisconsin where he had spent six weeks visiting old friends. It was twenty years since Mr. Omundson had visited his friends in that section.

H. J. Sanders was up from Greenbush Thursday attending to some business matters. Mrs. Sanders is making her home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Em. Waterman northeast of town until Mr. Sanders has wound up all his business affairs after which they will move west.—Badger Herald.

Ed Quigley, who bought a valuable claim at first sale of the eleven towns, removed to this city last week from Beltrami. His claim is three miles north of town, and one of the best on the reservation. Mr. Quigley has a large herd of high grade cattle and is going into the dairy business quite extensively

A Norman county farmer has been making a net profit of $1.10 per day throughout the winter on 1000 hens. Four dollars and ten cents a day the year round, above all expenses, is not so bad for the hen, and speaks volumes for this part of the country as a hen country, as well as being the mecca for diversified farming.

Prof. Casper E. Bergh has informed the school board that he will not be a candidate for re-election as principal of the St. Hilaire schools the coming year. It is, we understand, Mr. Bergh's intention to enter the state university next fall. He has given general satisfaction as an instructor here and a great many will regret to see him go.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Farmer's build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

Quite a number went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to be present at the opening of court. Among those going down were: George Lipscomb, P. W. Mabey, E. M. Stanton, Herman Ohm, James Bulman, James Farr, G. Halvorson, John L. Finke, August Carlson and E. H. Draper.

Henning, south of here on the Soo line, has been having a serious time with diptheria and of late the disease seems to have broken out afresh and is now raging with more violence than at any time heretofore. Five families in the village and two in the country near by are under quarantine. The churches and schools are closed, while all public gatherings are prohibited.

Andrew Clements, the veteran market gardner, sold his property just north of the city the first of the week to Martin Bothun for $1,600 cash. Mr. Clements is undecided as to what he will do in the future. He is one of the pioneer residents of this secion and the News sincerly hopes that he will continue to make his home here. Mr. Bothun will go into the chicken raising business on an extensive scale.

After April 1 postoffice regulations will prevent subscribers one year or more in arrears from receiving this—or any other—newspaper, without 1c postage on each copy. Subscribers are urged to look at their date, stamped on each copy, and if they are one year or more behind in their payments, accept this notice as applying to them. It's "a ground hog case" all around. Back subscriptions must be paid on or before April 1, 1908. The paper cannot be sent any longer to those in arrears.

The remains of Mrs. Borghild Larson, who died at Reiner one of the Eleven Towns east of Thief River Falls, a week ago last Monday were taken thru this city last week enroute to Ashby, from where they will be taken to her old home in Eagle Grove Township, Otter Tail Co., where the funeral services will be held. Deceased was 79 years of age and was one of the pioneer residents of Otter Tail Co., but for the past few years has lived with her daughter, Mrs. M. T. Torgeson at Reiner. Her son in law M. T. Torgeson accompanied the remains, his wife's health not permitting her to make the journey.

Lenard Peterson went to Crookston yesterday.

A New Business Firm.

Emil Dryfuse and Arthur Chapman, two experienced plumbers from Minneapolis, have organized the Thief River Falls Heating and Plumbing company and will be open for business in a few days. They have rented the building just north of Stebbins drug store and will carry a full line of plumbing goods. Both are young men who have mastered their trade well and that they will make a success of the business goes without saying.

Bijou Theater.

"The Cabman's Delusion" certainly made a hit last evening. The cabby is certainly mystified and his delusions are very comical.

The films showing the various merits of dogs is very interesting, especially the conflict between the fox terrier and a large red Reynard.

Miss Robbecke made a hit in the pretty march ballad—"Good-bye Mamie," Friday she will sing, "Somewhere the Sun is Shining," by McDonald and Melbourne.

"Carnival at Nice."

"Mother-in-law Race."

Illustrated song—Good-bye, Mamie," sung by Miss Robbecke.

Merits of Various Dogs."

"The Jealous Wife."

"A Cabman Mystified."

Souvenir Matinee at 4 sharp, Saturday

Watch for the dates of the beautiful Arabian story, "Alibaba." Very interesting and noval aspecial music.

Special music for Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

Dogs Kill Chickens.

Two dogs played havoc with a flock of 150 chickens owned by Gynther Tessum, the eleven year old son of O. Tessum, the first of the week. The chickens are kept on the Tessum farm, just west of the Great Northern turn table. The tenant on the farm has been absent for a couple of weeks, and there was no one at home to protect the chickens. How many the dogs killed is not known, but 59 dead chickens have been found in the yard and woods in that vicinity and the rest of the chickens can not be found.

The chickens were owned by Gynther Tessum, who had earned the money with which to purchase them, and some of them were quite valuable.

Give a Grand Opening.

The Golden Rule store is giving a grand spring opening on Saturday of this week and in keeping with everything this popular store attempts, it is going to be a grand success. The orchestra will furnish music during the afternoon and evening and coffee and wafers are to be served all free of charge.

The Golden Rule is one of the largest and most popular stores in Thief River Falls and the business has been built up entirely by O. J. Schei & Co. since coming to this city about six years ago. The history of its growth and success is the history of Thief River Falls.

No Exemption.

County Attorney Hoffard received from the Minnesota Tax Commission instructions that no one will be granted the $100 exemption under the state law, no credits shall be offset by debits, unless in each case a verified list is made of personal property or of debits and credits and handed the assessor; and auditors shall refuse to issue certificates to assessors whose books do not comply with this law.—Crookston Journal.

Sold the Bonds.

At a special meeting of the city council held last Friday evening, $12,000 worth of five per cent water works bonds were sold at par. The money has nearly all been spent in making repairs on the system, and the remaining amount will be needed for the same purpose.

Star.

The settlers in the town of Star, are all in favor of the proposed electric line being built in the town line straight east from Thief River Falls.

Mrs Nick Meyer arrived home from Sisston, S. D., last week, having visited her daughters and friends at her old home.

Olaus Hole arrived home from Thief River Falls last Sunday.

Miss Olga Berntson will assist Mrs Baird for a few weeks with her work in the store.

Julius Hannen and Andrew Wells, brought a large wolf to our town clerk last week, that was killed by the former on Wednesday, March, 18th.

We learn from the Eleven Towns that a daily mail will be established between Thief River Falls and Erie, providing bids are satisfactory.

Rocksbury.

Spring, spring, beautiful spring, it seems to be here at last.

Mr. Meehan and family spent Friday evening at Mr. Miller's.

Elmer and Emma Satre spent Sunday at home.

Abbie Miller spent Sunday at her home.

Mrs. John Meehan attended the "St. Patricks" party at Mrs. D. N. Winton's last Tuesday.

Mrs. Callaway called at Anton Miller's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacke moved into Thief River last Saturday and their son, Ed, is working the home place.

Miss Agnes Jacke is staying at Mr. Miller's.

A number of Sophomore boys came out to attend the debate in the Sunny Side school. The topic discussed, "Resolved that country life is preferable to city life," was well talked on and the judges decided in favor of the country side.

C. M. Wilson, Lars Backe, C. M. Evenson and George Diebel went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

HURRAH FOR PATTERSON

Red Lake County Man To Be Boomed for Ninth District Delegate.

A Pioneer Resident of the Valley and Staunch Republican Always.

H. E. Ives, the St. Hilaire editor, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Ives says that the residents of St. Hilaire are urging Danial Patterson to become a candidate for delegate from the Ninth district to the national convention to be held in Chicago this summer. There is no man in Red Lake county that the News would be more pleased to see honored, and there is no man in the ninth congressional district better qualified to represent the sentiment of the district. From now on, Mr. Patterson's friends in Red Lake county are going to conduct an active compaign in his behalf and their chances of success are good.

Mr. Patterson is one of the old and highly esteemed residents of St. Hilaire, and has a host of friends in all parts of the Red River Valley. He has been a life long Republican, and stands for the "square deal" three hundred and sixty-five days in the year.

Hunt Wants a Bridge.

W. G. Hunt, the versatile editor of the Sunbeam was a visitor here last Saturday. Mr. Hunt together with McAndress were trying to interest Highway Commissioner Martz to draw plans for a bridge which they are badly in need of at Highlanding.

We have a nice line of summer dress goods and shirt waists just recieved.

J. H. Jacobson.

Groceries.

Apples per gal can regular price 45 now,	35
Princess tomatoes regular price 15 now,	12½
Princess corn regular price 15 now,	12½
Princess evaporated milk now,	10
Van Camps Squash regular price 12½ now,	10
Victory first quality gooseberries	18
Golden West preserved strawberries	25
Golden West preserved black raspberries	25
Marall fresh and crisp breakfast food, three packages	25
Coffee, Barrington Hall Steel Cut per pound	35
Coffee princess 1 lb package	25
Coffee, Vim 1 lb pkg	25
Herring spiced 10 lb pails	$1.00
Herring Norway 3 lbs	25

We also handle Armours pure leaf lard, Armours Hams and Bacon.
Flour, Vim, Marvel and Northland.

DOCK & NELSON
Successors of M. Bothun

WHO IS A SOCIALIST?

Who is a Socialist? It is the man
Who strives to formulate or aid a plan
To better earth's conditions. It is he
Who, having ears to hear and eyes to see,
Is neither deaf nor blind when might, roughshod,
Treads down the privileges and rights which God
Means for all men—the privilege to toil,
To breathe pure air, to till the fertile soil;
The right to live, to love, to woo, to wed
And earn for hungry mouths their need of bread.
The Socialist is he who claims no more
Than his own share from generous nature's store.
But that he asks, and asks, too, that no other
Shall claim the share of any weaker brother
And brand him beggar in his own domain
To glut a mad, inordinate lust for gain.
The Socialist is one who holds the best
Of all God's gifts is toil—the second, rest.
He asks that all men learn the sweets of labor
And that no idler fatten on his neighbor;
That all men be allowed their share of leisure,
Nor thousands slave that one may seek his pleasure.
Who on the Golden Rule shall dare insist—
Behold in him the modern Socialist.

The above poem by Ella Wheeler Wilcox needs this qualification: Socialism is not a patent plan or man devised scheme for a reform of society. Socialism is the next higher phase in civilization above capitalism if social evolution is not to be replaced by anarchy and chaos—civilization improved by going higher and higher in the scale. Barbarism, feudalism, capitalism—these stages of human progress have succeeded each other by natural development. Next comes Socialism, or Social Democracy, unless we turn society to the right about. Capitalism is built on the competitive principle. Socialism means the collective principle. As an indication that capitalism is already ceasing to be a benefit to mankind we see the effort of industry to move toward collective conditions. Mankind today largely produces collectively, but the ownership of industry is not collective; hence the distress of the working class.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Its Exaltation Is a Survival of the Doctrines of Mediaevalism.

It is easy to see in the exaltation of the federal judiciary a survival of the old mediaeval doctrine that the king can do no wrong. In fact, much the same attitude of mind which made monarchy possible may be seen in this country in our attitude toward the supreme court. As long as the people reverenced the king his irresponsible power rested on a secure foundation. To destroy the popular belief in his superior wisdom and virtue was to destroy the basis of his authority; hence all criticism of the king or his policy was regarded as an attack on the system itself and treated accordingly as a serious political crime. There are indications that popular faith in the infallibility of the supreme court has been much shaken in recent years.

It is but natural that the wealthy and influential classes who have been the chief beneficiaries of this system should have used every means at their command to exalt the supreme court and therefore secure general acquiescence in its assumption and exercise of legislative authority.—Professor J. Allen Smith, University of Washington.

Ruskin's View.

Neither the roads nor the railroads of any nation should belong to any private persons. All means of public transit should be provided at public expense, by public determination, where such means are needed, and the public should be its shareholder. Neither road nor railroad nor canal should ever pay dividends to anybody. They should pay their working expenses and no more. All dividends are simply a tax on the traveler and the goods levied by the persons to whom the road or canal belongs for the right of passing over his property, and this right should at once be purchased by the nation and the original cost of the roadway, be it of gravel, iron or adamant, at once defrayed by the nation, and then the whole work of the carriage of persons or goods done for ascertained prices by salaried officers, as the carriage of letters is done now.—John Ruskin, 1868.

Socialist Notes.

The poor make the rich rich, but the rich make the poor poor. An equal exchange is no robbery.

Those good people who belittle and repudiate this world are as reluctant to leave it as any of us.

Let the machinery do the work, but learn how to own the machinery, so you can get the benefit of what it does.

Business and its increase are not for the fellow who keeps busy. They are for the fellow who keeps him busy.

There is nothing wrong with the trusts—for those who own them—and when your national neighbors unite to own the trusts, there will be nothing wrong with them to you.

By Another Name.

Jerome K. Jerome, the famous English author, unionist and lecturer, has turned Socialist. Jerome is out on a lecture tour, and the New York Times interviewed him. "I don't call my lectures Socialism," he said, "because people don't like the word, you know. But I manage to introduce the doctrine without their knowing what it is, and they always agree with me."

No Postoffice Bankruptcy.

And now that the panic times have come has any one heard of the failure of any postoffice? Have any of its employees received their salaries in scrip or unexchangeable checks or certificates? Has it refused to honor anywhere its money orders or required sixty days' notice before paying them? But then the public cannot do things.

A PREACHER SOCIALIST.

Time to End Present System, Says Denver Clergyman.

Rev. Henry W. Pinkham of Denver, for many years pastor of Bethany Baptist church, has come out strongly for what he terms Christian Socialism, says a Denver paper.

Declaring that the principle of brotherly love as taught by Christ is as much a part of Socialism as it is of Christianity and that the true solution of the present state of matters in the realm of industry involves the destruction of capitalism and the substitution therefor of a system in which brotherly love will be a predominant factor, the Rev. Henry W. Pinkham has announced that he should in the future advocate Socialism. His announcement created a great sensation.

His announcement in part was: "I intend to advocate Socialism in a downtown hall on Sunday afternoons. A Denver branch of Christian Socialist fellowship has been established, and its platform gives me an opportunity that I welcome. The ruling motto in the present scheme of industry is, 'Each man for himself and the devil take the hindmost.' The Christian spirit cannot dwell at peace with such a system, and it is high time to end it. The actual evolution of business in recent years points the way to this end very clearly—it is the way of Socialism.

"Not only Christianity, but democracy as well, demands Socialism. Government of the people, by the people and for the people cannot exist along with the enormous economic inequality that is so marked a factor of our time. This inequality cannot be attributed to individual differences in ability or diligence. Its explanation is simply that under the present system a few have the legal right to exploit the multitude. That is as evidently contrary to the ideal of democracy as it is to the ideal of Christianity."

The Rev. Mr. Pinkham said to a reporter: "I believe this question will cause great agitation among the clergy of this country within the next few years. The time is coming—it must come—when the clergy of the whole country will exert their influence toward a solution of the present industrial problem, and they will unitedly find and develop that solution along the lines of brotherly love as preached by Jesus Christ.

"Christianity cannot successfully abound in the hearts and lives of all under the present scheme of industrial life. The oft debated question, 'Can a man be successful in business and still be a thorough Christian?' can have but one answer under existing conditions. That answer must be 'No.'

"Gradually all things are working toward the goal of Socialism. I believe in evolution, in a gradual achievement of this particular goal along these lines. In my belief and according to Socialistic theory, all monopolies should be governed by and for the people as a whole.

"President Roosevelt, although a Republican, and under no circumstances can he be called a Socialist, is yet aiding the cause of Socialism to a marked degree. His politics are all along these lines. Socialism and Christianity—I speak of them in one breath, as they both embody the great principle of brotherly love—must eventually triumph. We must work along these lines until they do."

A Happy Illustration.

Maurice Maeterlinck says that one bee can never make honey for the reason that a bee alone has no intelligence. Bees succeed only by working for the good of other bees. A single bee, separated from the hive, is absolutely helpless, yet the hive of bees has a very great and well defined purpose and intelligence.

This intelligence is called "the spirit of the hive." Occasionally a bee will go off to the fields and come back gorged with honey, bringing nothing for the common stock, and this bee is quickly killed—stung to death by a self appointed committee who sit on the case and seem to consider that any bee that loses sight of "the spirit of the hive" and works for private good is criminally insane and cannot be allowed longer to cumber good space.—Philistine.

Jesus Led Revolution.

A remarkable sermon was preached recently, says the London Chronicle, at the City temple by the Rev. R. J. Campbell to an unusually large week day congregation from the text, "Now after that John was put in prison, Jesus came into Galilee preaching the gospel of the kingdom of God."

The keynote of his discourse was that John the Baptist was the forerunner of Jesus, not in the ordinarily accepted sense, but as the preacher of a social revolution.

It was no use, continued Mr. Campbell, saying that Jesus was not alive to the social wrong of his age, because he was, and it was this and the things he said and did which brought him to his death and accounted for the fear and hatred in which he was held by the respectable classes of his time.

Outlived His Usefulness.

There was a time when the capitalist did a useful service in organizing industry. That time is past; he has turned over to hired laborers every duty except that of drawing dividends, interests and rent. When the Socialist party comes into power it will relieve him of that duty and let him be a laborer like the rest of us, but he will be well off, for all the people will be well off. If every one worked four hours a day at useful work with the help of the best machinery, we should produce enough so that all could have as good food, clothing and shelter as those with large incomes have now.—Exchange.

AUCTION SALE!

Thursday, April 2, 1908.

Commencing at 10:30 a. m. sharp, at the old Lindbloom farm one-half mile southeast of Thief River Falls, I will offer for sale the following property:

Two heavy work horses.
7 Cows, 6 fresh in April.
3 heifers, 2 years old.
1 bull, 2 years old.
3 yearling steers.
1 yearling bull.
1 yearling heifer.
50 chickens.
1 McCormick mower.
1 McCormick binder.
1 Thompson hayrake.
1 Creso plow.
1 Drag.
1 Organ.
1 Sewing Machine.
All household furniture.
1 Wide tire wagon.
1 narrow tire wagon.
1 Set carpenter's tools.
1 DeLaval cream separator.
Barley and Hay.

A Free Lunch at Noon.

TERMS: All sums under $10.00, cash; over that amount, bankable paper.

K. K. FRISVOLD, OWNER. H. G. DOBNER, CLERK. H. M. HICKS, AUCTIONEER.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of your community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and therbey aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Convalescent Finances.

Our exports of merchandise in December and January were the largest ever known, amounting to 413 million dollars. This is almost half as much as our exports for the whole year 1893 or 1894. The balance of trade in our favor for the two months was 236 million dollars.

This compares with a balance in our favor of 237 millions for the twelve months following the panic of 1893—that is for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894. No doubt the large borrowings of gold in Europe in November last were canceled by the shipments of goods in the two months following. The figures suggest that, however badly our finances became tangled for a moment, we had a vast store of actual wealth, in the form of quick assets, to draw upon.

Bank clearance the country over outside of New York City, from January 1 to the end of February, showed a decrease, as compared with 1907, of about fifteen per cent. But 1907, for the same period showed an increase over 1906 of about seven per cent. The loss in railroad gross earnings of January this year was only a little more than the gain in January last year.

In short, four months after the October panic we were doing a business that would have seemed phenomenal at any time prior to 1905, and money was fairly easy.

Ofcourse, if enough large employers, to meet a situation that seems quite temporary in character, should insist upon laying off men and cutting wages, thereby lastingly crippling the purchasing power of the country, full recovery would be slower than it might otherwise be.—Saturday Evening Post.

Wheat Prices a Game of Chance.

Though the incidents mentioned below are "ancient history" as we now count events, they are of very recent occurrence, and they well illustrate how prices of the most important farm products are made.

January 28 wheat sold in Chicago at $1.02, and at that price J. Ogden Armour is said to have sold large quantities of it for future delivery; that is, or what is really the transaction, he bet that the price of wheat would go down. How much he "sold" on such a wager is not known; but three days later, reports, true or false, genuine or forged, hired to be sent or sent as real news, no one knows, but the effect was the same—reports came of heavy shipments of wheat from Argentine, a panic was precipitated on 'Change, and the price of wheat dropped January 31 to 95½ cents per bushel!

Now see the result. Suppose Armour had sold on the 28th, 500,000 bushels of wheat, which he could have done as these deals are made without owing a grain of real wheat the purchaser must pay him the difference between the price at which he "sold" and the price at delivery, or 6½ cents per bushel, equal to $375,000. No one seems to know just what Armour did win, but it was the opinion on 'Change that his "profits," his winnings, that day amounted to from seven hundred thousand to a million dollars. All because reports of heavy shipments of wheat had come, or had been made to appear to come from the Argentine.

But the pathetic side of such transactions is the real side. Suppose a farmer had a thousand bushels of real wheat that he was unable to deliver on the 28th, but that he could and did deliver on the 31st. Armour's winnings cost him $[illegible]. Suppose an unsuspecting country buyer, though well informed and prudent as a business man could be, attracted by the price of $1.02, shipped on the 28th, ten thousand bushels from Kansas to Chicago. It reached its destination on the 31st, and the shipper lost $675 on the game that Armour is said to have played.

And again. In all games of chance, or speculative deals of this character, what one gains or wins another, or others, must lose. If Armour won a million dollars somebody else lost a million dollars.

We break up gambling houses, we forbid "bookmaking and pool selling," we destroy gambling devices, and the spirit of the churches and the moral sentiment of age declare we do right. Why, then cannot some way be found to stop this most pernicious of all gambling, gambling that sets a price on every drop of sweat that falls to fertilize the broad acres of our farms? This is a matter that effects farmers most of all, and they must make the Legislatures and the Congress hear them.—Up-to-Date Farming.

Scientific Farming.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is seldom bashful about asking congress for more money for his department, and he is always able to back up his request with such a crushing array of figures showing what a splendid investment the money is that congress, for its part, is seldom backward about granting his desires. He got all he asked for this year, and the house committee on agriculture performed a very meritorious service when it added to his estimates an additional million to be expended in schools of instruction for the farmers, which will give them all the latest information possessed by the department about, seed methods of planting and other means of increasing the yield of the soil.

As has been said before, the department of agriculture does tremendous good to the country. It is able to do what no individual farmer could do—spend large amounts of money in scientific experiments to find out the best way to keep the soil fruitful while making it yield the maximum amount of wealth. It has, in this manner, collected a vast amount of useful information, and if it could be all instilled into the mind of every farmer in the country, instead of producing seven billions a year from the soil we should soon produce twice that.

These schools of instruction, provided for by the additional added to the estimates by the house committee of agriculture, will round out the work of the department by furnishing a means of getting the information at hand before the farmers. This is done now by annual publications and by the exceedingly valuable farmer's bulletins, which are available without cost to every farmer who asks for them. Yet many farmers affect to scorn scientific methods, and still cling to the old wasteful, unsystematic and unscientific methods of farming, who might be induced to change if they could have the lessons taught by the department brought before them in oral form, accompanied by practical illustrations of their value.

A waste even greater than the waste of the forests has been accomplished in this country by hit-or-miss agricultural methods. There has been—speaking generally—no thought whatever of the danger of soil exhaustion; no thought of intensified farming, whereby one acre can be made to yield the profits of five under wasteful methods; no thought of enriching the soil in the very process of getting wealth out of it. American farmers in many cases get less out of a hundred acres than a Japanese will get out of five acres. That is because in Japan soil is scarce, and here it is plentiful. But it will not always be plentiful, and the time has arrived when the earth should be tilled economically, systematically and scientifically, instead of wastefully, aimlessly and ignorantly.

The department of agriculture—and in this its functions are purely paternalistic and Socialistic—is doing a splendid work in awakening the country to the need of scientific farming, and in showing it how to farm scientifically.—Duluth Herald.

BULLETIN NO 71.

Valuable Pointers on the Planting and Use of Fodder Corn.

Fodder corn is corn sown in drills so thickly that no ears are formed.

It is used instead of hay, more especially with cattle and sheep, and may be fed with good results to horses.

In feeding value it is better than timothy hay, especially for dairy cows.

It yields from two to four times as much per acre as hay. It has yielded as high as eight tons of cured fodder per acre on the Experiment Farm.

A crop may be harvested the same season it is sown which can not be done with hay.

It is a cultivated crop and has a value in this respect, in that it tends to keep out weeds, quack grass, etc., and this cultivation also improves the soil mechanically.

Fourteen acres is grown every year on the Experiment Farm.

It follows clover in the rotation, and is used as a feed in connection with clover.

In preparing the field for fodder corn the clover sod is manured and plowed in the spring. It might be plowed in the fall with good results, but it is deferred till spring for the winter supply of manure. The field is harrowed smooth, and the corn sown with a grain drill in rows three feet apart. The drill is made to seed in three-foot rows by stopping up all the cups but those three feet apart.

In the absence of a grain drill a garden drill may be used to good advantage, and this should be on every farm.

The corn is sown from May 15 to June 10, owing to the condition of the season.

About three quarters of a bushel of seed is sown per acre.

The field is harrowed frequently till the corn is up, and then cultivated every week or ten days throughout the growing season.

It is harvested when it has reached its maximum growth, or earlier if in danger of frost

The past year it was sown June 4 (late season) and harvested Aug. 25. Its yield was 11.5 tons per acre, green weight.

One hundred tons were up in the field and cured for fodder.

The greatest amount of feed can be gotten from fodder corn, and in the most nutritious form, when put in the silo. Fodder corn made into ensilage, has practically the same feeding value as if fed green from the field.

It is one of the best feeds for dairy cows during the winter, and easiest to handle, but owing to the cost of the silo and machinery, it is not recommended only to farmers keeping 15 or more cows and who can afford its first cost. During the life of a well constructed silo, the entire cost of building, machinery, and all the expense of growing the fodder, and getting it in the silo does not exceed $2 a ton, as a cost on the ensilage as a feed.

At the present time, however, the silo is only for a few in this section of the state, but fodder corn may, and should be, grown by every farmer. Not exclusively of clover, but to feed in connection with it: Or it may be fed the fore part of the season, when it gives best results, and clover the latter part. By growing fodder corn at least a third more stock can be kept on the same number of acres.

It should be planted on well drained land. The soil cannot be too rich.

The seed may be bought from any of the large seed firms, if not on the local market. Minnesota No. 13 has given the best results on the experiment Farm.

—A. J. McGUIRE,

Northeast Experiment Station,

Grand Rapids, Minn.

The Fishing Law.

The only fish which may be taken in any manner during the months of March and April, are pickerel, carp suckers, red horse, and bullhead. These fish are termed predatory fish, and they may be taken at all times of the year, either by means of hook and line or by spearing. From May first to February first it is lawful to catch pike, muscalonge, crappies, perch, sunfish, catfish and sturgeon but in no case except as mentioned above is it lawful to use a spear. Trout, any variety except lake trout, may be caught between the 15 of April and the first of September, but with a hook and line only.

Black, gray or Oswego bass may be caught with a hook and line at any time between the 29th day of May and the first day of March.

No person shall in one day catch more than 25 fish, except sunfish, perch, pickerel or bullheads, and no person shall have in his possession any fish caught in the waters of this state except as provided by law. No artificial light shall be used in spearing pickerel, suckers, red horse, carp or bullheads during the months of May and June.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed. G. Helm.

TENSTRIKE MAN DUPED.

Alleged to Have Been Victimized by Red Lake County Woman He Loved.

Said to Have Paid Her Debts, and Then He Was Jilted.

Crookston, Minn., March 19.—Henry Thompson of Tenstrike has lost all faith in womankind, and believes Cupid is about the most wretched shot on record, according to a current report. While his experience did not cost him a fortune, only about $150, he is reported to be mad at the fair sex. It is said he became enamored of a dressmaker of Red Lake Falls and day before yesterday repaired to that city to meet his "affinity." The young woman was willing to cast her lot with him—but she had a few debts about town which must first be squared. Mr. Thompson produced six crisp $10 bills and the debts were squared.

Then there were some hats and other necessaries that must be forthcoming at once and Henry dutifully "dug up" about $10 more. Then the two came to Crookston and engaged apartments at a leading hotel. The man had the check to the young woman's trunk, the two intending to leave last evening for Tenstrike. During the forenoon the two did some more shopping at Henry's expense. That afternoon the young woman feigned weariness and said she would take a nap while Henry took a stroll about the city. Henry carelessly left the check for the trunk on the bureau in his room.

His "affinity" stole in while he was absent and "swiped" the check, ordered a hack, had the trunk taken to South Crookston and boarded the train for Fargo, or some point farther away. When Henry returned and could not find his "affinity" he grew suspicious and discovered that the trunk was also missing. He swore that all women were false, and after missing his first train, took the next one back to Tenstrike, a dejected, distrustful man.

His "affinity has not yet been heard from, but is probably opening dressmaking parlors in some distant town.

His Whereabouts Unknown.

Jacob Nelson, who has been farming a few miles southwest of Warren, is reported to have disappeared as completely as if the earth had opened and swallowed him. Early last Thursday morning he woke his wife and informed her that he was going to leave at once and would never be seen hereabouts again. He drove to town and put his horse up in Dixon's barn. Since then no one in Warren or vicinity has seen him, so far as we have heard. Persons who have had dealings with him recently say that he has talked and acted queerly at times, and doubts are entertained as to his complete sainity. He was in prosperous circumstances and his domestic life was happy, and neither Mrs. Nelson nor any of the missing man's friends are able to account for his having left home. It is rumored that Mr. Nelson had for some time been suffering from insomnia, and if this be a fact it probably accounts for his disappearance. His family and friends would be very glad to hear from any one who can give them tidings of the wanderer.—Warren Register.

New Smallpox Regulations.

The local health officers having knowledge of, or having reason to suspect, the existence of smallpox, shall investigate, and at once place upon the house where smallpox exists a sign setting forth the facts. This sign is to serve only as a warning to those who may wish to avoid the house and not as an indication of quarantine. When the attending physician considers a smallpox patient as having recovered he shall report the fact in writing to the local health officer, who shall thereupon remove the warning card from the house. The patient must not leave the house until after the removal of the warning card.

The apartments occupied by a smallpox patient shall be deemed infected, and when vacated by death, removal, or recovery of the patient shall, together with their contents, be thoroughly disinfected under the supervision of the local health officer.

The regulation of smallpox is the same as the regulation for scarlet fever and diptheria, which reads: "The danger of transmitting scarlet fever and diptheria by a second to a third person being slight when reasonable precautions are taken, the local health officer may permit those who do not have the direct care of the patient or patients to leave the premises in order to attend to their regular duties except when such individuals are associated with children away from the quarantined house."

The local health officer of any city, village or township must report within twenty four hours to the secretary of the Minnesota State Board of Health all cases of smallpox occurring within his jurisdiction, and the date of removal of the warning card.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD CURE

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE.

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

NEW BILL INTRODUCED

Congressmen Steenerson and Volstad Have a New Drainage Bill.

Not Likely That There Will Be any Opposition to New Bill.

Washington, March 19—An agreement has been reached between Representatives Volstad and Steenerson and officials of the interior department, under which the Volstad bill, providing for drainage of swamp lands in Minnesota under state auspices, is to be pushed in the house, with some modifications.

This agreement was reached at a conference called for the purpose of discussing the Steenerson bill, providing for general drainage throuout the country, under federal control, and the Volstad measure, for purely local action in the state of Minnesota.

This bill, as will be introduced, will provide that the state shall assume charge of drainage on public lands and ceded Indian lands in Minnesota. Bonds to cover the cost of construction of drainage works are to be issued by the state and are to remain as liens upon the lands. A new feature will provide that lands shall be sold under acts of cession by the Indians, plus the cost of drainage, and in the case of purely public lands under the provisions of the homestead law, the settler to pay the cost of drainage.

Such lands as are not disposed of by entry, as provided in the existing law, are to be put up at auction and sold at a price not less than the amount needed to cover what is due the Indians and due the state for construction work. Where the bid is not sufficient to cover the costs, the state is to bid in the tracts unsold, and reimburse itself from subsequent sales.

If there is any surplus on any tract, it is to go into the Indian fund of the federal treasury.

It is said that the committee on public lands and Indian affairs will indorse the bill agreed upon, as it does not bind the government to the expenditure of any money for improvement. Representative Steenerson and Volstad hope that when the bill is introduced and reported, it can be brought up and passed in the house. Both realize that there is no chance for the passage of a general drainage law, for which bills have been introduced in both houses.

Representative Steenerson has secured assurances from officials of the interior department that a favorable report will be made on his bill providing for the restoration to settlement and entry of lands in the Red Lake reservation, which were withdrawn from settlement two years ago, pending an investigation of drainage possibilities. The survey has now been completed and settlers in that section of the state are asking that the lands be opened.

The Senate committee on public lands ordered a favorable report on a bill to restore to the registers of land offices fees collected for cancellations of land entries.

The house committee on public lands agreed to report favorably the bill introduced by Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming, to increase from 160 to 320 acres the amount of non-timbered, non-irrigable lands under the homestead act. The bill provides, however, that continuous residence must be had on the homestead for five consecutive years, and require a certain amount of cultivation of the soil.

SAM FOR MAYOR

Former Resident of This City Is a Candidate for Mayor.

The many friends of Sam H. Clark, formerly of Thief River Falls, will enjoy the dry humor of his announcement of his candidacy for mayor of Minot in the Minot Reporter of which he is editor and publisher. He came out as a candidate Tuesday of last week and the fight is a three cornered one. After handing some taffy in the Reporter to the other two aspirants for the office of Mayor, Editor Clark says of himself:

"The Reporter has very little to say with regard to the candidacy of Mr. Clark. We have known him intimately for some twenty odd years and in all of our dealings with him he has been absolutely right. He has been our best friend, has stood by us staunchly in times of trouble and we have always shared our joys with him. Our success has ever been a source of pleasure to him and his success has likewise been a pleasure and satisfaction to us. We have every confidence in him and believe that if elected he will give the city an administration that will be in keeping with the progress and enterprise of the Magic City. One thing we are certain of—if elected Mayor he will be Mayor all the time."

"Cheerful" Clothing

The Modern Trend in Wear for Men

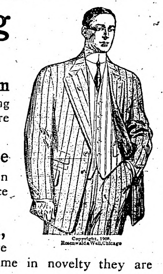

Copyright, 1908, Rosenwald & Weil, Chicago

Man is coming out of the gloom as style tendencies prove. He is no longer willing that all the snap and smartness in the family attire be "in his wife's name."

"Cheerful" Clothing displays the optimism which is undeniably gaining ground in modern life, and this fact should affect your choice of styles for the coming Spring and Summer.

Venture away from the severely plain, but be certain that the styles you select are authentic—that whether modestly smart or extreme in novelty they are genuinely right.

A sure way to know that you are right

is to wear the Rosenwald & Weil "Cheerful" Clothes for men

"Cheerful" Clothes, too, they are—with happy cut and snappy style and all the little arts and graces of tailoring that make "R & W" Clothes "comfortable" to your self-respect as well as to your person.

We can give you good proof of "R & W" quality

To make a long story short, Rosenwald & Weil manufactured standard Fancy Vests, Rain Coats and Outing Suits for twenty-two years before entering the general clothing field.

This valuable experience developed in their staff the knack of creative designing and the habit of careful work.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY IN THIEF RIVER FALLS BY

Wilson Clothing Co.

THE SENIOR CLASS PLAY

"Dot, the Miner's Daughter" To Be Presented By the Senior Class.

Play Will Be At the Evenson Opera Hall, Friday, March the 27th.

The Seniors of the Thief River Falls High School will present "Dot, the Miner's Daughter" as their class play at Evenson's Opera Hall on Friday, March 27th. A matinee for the pupils of the public schools will be given at 4 sharp, and an evening performance for all at 8 o'clock. Admission to matinee 10 cents, to evening performance, 25 and 50 cents.

This well known drama abounds in thrilling scenes throughout and will furnish two hours of excellent entertainment. It has been prepared under the most careful supervision and the individuals representing the several characters of the caste are well qualified to assume their respective parts. It is well up to the standard of former class plays, and this is saying not a little. Special attention will be given to the seating and ventilation of the hall, in order that all may be comfortable.

Reserved seat plan at Stebbins' Drug Store. The following is a synopsis of the play:

David Mason, a farmer, writes confession of how he killed George (Bancroft) Clifton, took Dot Clifton, the daughter, and fled. Floyd, the villian, secures fatal paper, decides to marry Dot, to secure her fortune. Royal Meadows, Dot's lover, endeavors to prevent this. Herbert, Mr. Mason's son, just home from school, loves Winnifred Clifton, Dot's friend. Winnifred, while at school, has secretly married Floyd, but loves Herbert. Floyd threatens to disclose Mr. Masons's crime to secure his consent to marriage with Dot. Dot consents to save her supposed father. Winnifred is kidnapped to keep Dot from knowing the truth about Floyd. Herbert finds her. They return just in time to prevent the marriage. Floyd Exposes Mr. Mason.

Both are imprisoned. Floyd escapes and is drowned. George Clifton, who had only been injured, appears on scene on time to save David. Reconciliation between Mr. and Mrs. Clifton. Dot and Winnifred find they are sisters. Dot and Royal, Winnifred and Herbert receive blessings from their parents who consent their prospective marriages. Hepzibah and Ebony, negro servants of Mr. Mason, furnish the fun.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

David Mason, a farmer, Ernest O'Neil.

Herbert Mason, David's son, just from college, Willis Akre.

Royal Meadows, Foster son of Mrs. Clifton, Harry Prichard.

Arthur Floyd, a villain, William Prichard.

George Clifton, A returned Californian, Stafford Curran.

Parson Swift, An astonished clergyman, Tom Lonson.

Bill Torry, a boatman, Floyd's confederate, Frank Kratka.

Brewster, police officer, Frank Kratka.

Ebony, a colored individual, Roland Blanchard.

Mrs. Mason, David's wife and a good adviser, Ida Weeks.

Dolores, the miner's daughter, Myrtle Blanchard.

Mrs. Clifton, George Clifton's deserted wife, Marie Gilbertson.

Winnifred Clifton, Mrs. Clifton's daughter, Esther Kretzschmar.

Hapzibah, a lady of color, Iona Higgins.

Bridesmaid, Avis Akre.

Accompanist, Estelle Robbecke.

Bryan on Advertising.

It is the lot of the wise man to be asked a fool question. In fact, the asking is an acknowledgment of the wisdom of the man of whom the inquiry is made. Nobody ever asks a fool question of a fool, for a fool answers a fool according to his folly and there is no question whereto the asker so honestly wants a wise answer as a fool question.

This being so, the man who asked William Jennings Bryan whether he really believed in advertising paid Mr. Bryan a compliment. It happened in Reading, Pennsylvania, this winter, and the modern Commoner indeed showed that he was a wise man by the reply he made. It was

"The fellow who tries to attract business without advertising is like the fellow who throws his sweetheart a silent kiss in the dark. He knows what he is doing—but nobody else does."—Saturday Evening Post.

PAYED THE TAX.

Tri-State Telephone Company Payed Up Last Week.

County Attorney Germo has just received a check in favor of the county in the sum of $112.35, from the Tri-State Telephone & Telegraph company of Minneapolis. This amount is for taxes of 1906 on a mortgage owned by the company against H. Fant and on file in the Register of Deeds' office. The company objected to the payment of this tax on two grounds: first, that since it paid a gross earnings tax it was not subject to ordinary taxation, arguing that the particular mortgage was necessary to the promotion of its corporate business; second, that even granting that this mortgage was subject to ordinary taxation, it should have been taxed in Hennepin county, in which county the company has its main office.

The case came up in district court at the last term of court, Mr. Germo appearing for the county and Attorney Roberts of Minneapolis appearing for the company. Judge Watts decided against the company on both points, and with a stay of twenty days was asked for by the company and granted, there was no appeal taken and the case is now closed.

Girls Here's a Chance.

It is stated that Ole H. Olson has taken in every leap year ball in Red Lake County this year and there has been [illegible] at that. Such [illegible] enterprise should be rewarded.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

MEET ASSESSORS

Tax Commissioners Coming to Explain the Work.

County Auditor J. B. O'Brien has been notified by Frank L. McVey, chairman of the Minnesota Tax Commission that a member of the commission will meet with the assessors of the cities, villages and townships of Red Lake county at the auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls on Tuesday afternoon, May 5th, at one o'clock. This meeting is in accordance with the revised laws of 1905, and is held for the purpose of arranging the next personal and real estate tax assessments. The board will hold similar meetings in every county in the state. Notices will be sent to all the assessors in the different sections of the county to be present, as it is hoped that much good in the way of uniform and proper assessing may be accomplished by these meetings.

To Be Married Saturday.

On Saturday afternoon of this week at 2 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lars Netteland, of the town of Rocksbury, will occur the marriage of Mr. John W. Sundahl, of this city, to Miss Caroline Netteland. The groom is one of the substantial and popular business men of Thief River Falls, while the bride is the daughter of old and highly esteemed residents of Rocksbury. They will make their future home in this city. The News desires to extend congratulations in advance.

Subscribe for the News.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

For the year 1907 the poultry products of the country exceeded in value the whole of the hay crop.

It is the March hatched chicks that make the November layers, which are the most profitable members of the whole flock.

A South Dakota farmer recently traded for a herd of Shetland ponies what is supposed to be one of the largest horses in the world. The animal in question stands eighty-one inches high and weighs nearly 3,000 pounds.

For the young wife who does not know how to cook, but is willing to learn, there is good ground for hope that she will do better, but for the one who neither knows nor cares and, added to this, is possibly slipshod and indifferent the husband has just ground for complaint.

According to recently published figures, lard is the most valuable single packing house product exported from the United States. It is even more valuable than the cattle exports and goes to a greater number of markets in larger quantities than do other meat products.

Flax undoubtedly has a place as a subduer of newly broken soils, but is a curse when used anywhere else. In European countries, where this plant is raised year after year and primarily for its fiber, an intensive system of agriculture is followed, together with a heavy fertilizing of the soil.

It is a fair proposition that if John expects Mary to be just as neat, tidy and winsome after marriage as before he himself should likewise be as attentive, courteous and generous a husband as he was a lover. There are many husbands and wives who fall down in these particulars. Where these directions are followed by both partners there is quite likely to be a happy home.

A simple system of crop rotation that is generally recommended and that not only tends to conserve the fertility of the soil, but results in a maximum destruction of weeds, consists of corn two years, oats one and clover one. Coupled with the points mentioned, the clover, in addition to being a soil renovator, imparts a physical texture that makes it possible to put it in the best possible condition for succeeding crops of whatever kind.

The farmer and gardener, even though he may not have an aesthetic taste which would cause him to protect bird life for its sake alone, if he has but a thought for the size of his pocketbook will do all he can to shield the birds of the community in which he lives from their many enemies. Never before has the place of the birds in the system of nature's economy been more fully appreciated than now and never so high a value placed on the service which they render to man.

If the failure to get a start in clover is due to the same causes as with alfalfa, it is quite likely that in a good many cases insufficient seed is sown to give a proper stand. Especially is this the case where no nurse crop is sown and where, if the clover plants do not get a good start of the weeds, the weeds will swamp the clover and smother it out. True, clover seed is expensive, but this furnishes additional reason why, if it is worth while sowing the crop at all, enough should be sown to produce a satisfactory stand.

Of different food products for farm animals a chemical analysis shows dry alfalfa hay to be just about equal pound for pound to bran. In a ton of the former there are 220 pounds of protein, 792 pounds of carbohydrates and 24 pounds of fat. In the same weight of bran there are 244 pounds of protein, 772 pounds of carbohydrates and 60 pounds of fat. These figures explain why alfalfa is such a boon to those sections of the country where it can be successfully grown. Red clover hay is an excellent substitute for alfalfa, a ton containing 150 pounds of of protein, 716 pounds of carbohydrates and 34 pounds of fat.

If any of the readers of these notes are planning to set out timber lots on a modest or large scale this spring, we would advise them to communicate with the directors of the horticultural department of their state experiment station or with the forest service bureau at Washington. From either source data will be forthcoming which will not only recommend the best trees to set out in a given locality, but will give details of the best methods to get the wood lots started and the care they should receive. The forestry question is a very live one just now, and both state and federal departments are more than anxious to aid any who desire to assist in the work of reforestation.

It is an interesting fact that, while the exports of bacon from the United States to the United Kingdom have fallen off from 450,000,000 pounds in 1890 to 197,000,000 pounds in 1904, with hams the exports were 65,000,000 pounds in 1890 to 170,000,000 pounds in 1904.

Of the agricultural products imported into the United States during the past year plant products constituted $403,000,000. Of this amount the chief items were: Sugar and molasses, $94,000,000; coffee, $78,000,000; vegetable fibers, $62,000,000; fruits and tobacco, each $26,000,000; vegetable oils, $15,000,000.

There is one thing that is in worse taste than sending a statement of account or "dun" to a debtor, and that is for the debtor to allow the account in question to run until his creditor finds it necessary to resort to this means of collecting. There are many who seem to take offense at a dun who are not able to see the other side of the proposition.

A friend writing us states that he is at a loss to understand why high priced land in so many sections is left lying idle for lack of proper tiling. He states that it has cost him but $15 an acre for the land he has actually tiled, while the land thus drained has become the most productive of his whole farm. Our friend states that under no circumstances would he lay a smaller tile than four inches in diameter, a smaller size being at times unable to do the work required of it.

The common red squirrel is a relentless enemy of bird life, and the farmer and gardener will be ahead at the end of the season if he exterminates all these animals that frequent the wood lots in the vicinity. It is probably because of these graceful and cute yet cruel little rascals so many varieties of birds shun wood lots as nesting places, preferring rather to make their homes nearer the dwellings of man, whither these enemies come less frequently to disturb them. Squirrels are all right in a pie; elsewhere we prefer the birds.

A nearby nurseryman writes us that he considers the common mole one of his best friends and never thinks of killing one of the little fellows. He has learned by experience that their chief article of food is the white grub, or larva of the June bug, which not only works havoc in strawberry beds, but also in flower and vegetable gardens. While he admits that the mole now and then makes the lawn look somewhat unsightly in his search for grubs and worms, it is his view that he does vastly more good than harm in nature's economy.

It is estimated that 300,000 cage birds are imported into the United States every year. Most of them come from Europe, Germany in particular, where the industry is carried on in a small way by the housewives, who carry it on as a side issue in connection with their household duties. The birds require relatively little care, yet bring a handsome revenue. Officials of the department of agriculture are of the opinion that these birds could in a short time be raised in this country instead of being imported from European countries in case proper attention were given to the matter.

There are two or three things that ought to be remembered in making the hotbed, or cold frame, as it is perhaps more properly called. First, use fresh horse manure that will heat. Soak it down and let it warm up considerably before putting in the earth and don't pack the earth down so tight as to prevent the heating process. Three or four inches of soil, depending somewhat upon its texture, ought to be sufficient. Let the earth warm thoroughly before planting the seeds. Water frequently and raise the sash on warm days, and be sure to have horse blankets ready when the thermometer goes down to zero.

The person who sets out an orchard for the first time usually makes the mistake of selecting too many varieties. It is far better and more satisfactory to select two or three hardy standard varieties, fall or winter, as the case may be, and pass up the job of using several acres as an experimental plot for thirty or forty varieties that the nurseryman may urge upon you. Perhaps the wisdom of having but two or three varieties is not fully realized until the trees come into bearing and one has the marketing of the fruit to attend to. With many varieties and as many seasons of ripening there is much delay and putter work in picking and disposing of the fruit, while the prices one can get for little dabs are not so satisfactory as for good sized consignments of but two or three varieties.

If the children are given proper training in the home it will include, among other things, the inculcating in a firm and gentle manner of traits of promptness, obedience and respect. It may for the time being be easier for the parent to follow the line of least resistance and allow the child to have his own way, but in the long run this is simply but a postponement and multiplying of problems of government. Conditions surrounding the child should be such that respect and obedience will not have to be insisted on in violation of the child's sense of justice, which, while it may not be worked out into a theory, is nevertheless keenly developed. Crowning and gracing all relations between child and parent, there should be a strong bond of sympathy and good fellowship that will serve to make the training of the child a relatively simple matter and the development in him of respect and obedience a simple and natural outgrowth.

THE ENGLISH SPARROW.

A lady reader of this department living at McGregor, Ia., a careful student of bird life, writes expressing appreciation for the items which frequently appear among the notes pleading for a more adequate protection of the birds that are such good friends of man and particularly of the farmer and gardener. Our friend points out that it is the unemployed "fool with the gun," young and old, from the towns and villages rather than residents of the country that does the most damage in destroying helpful bird life, and the point is one that in most instances will have to be admitted. While professing friendship for bird life in general, she in common with other students draws the line on the English sparrow as an all around nuisance, as it consumes comparatively few insects, destroys the eggs and nests of other useful birds and, above all, is a spreader of diseases in its capacity as scavenger of the animal excrement in poultry and barn yards. The point would seem to be very well taken—one that should provide still further argument in favor of exterminating the English sparrow, in whose favor the only thing that can be said is that he is a plucky chap and stays with us through the winter months. Our correspondent cites the fact that, nesting as they do in old straw piles and sheds here, the children may find their nests and easily destroy them, while she refers to an article in Bird Lore in which the writer recommends trapping them in the common cage rat traps, in the "out of sight" traps and by smudging the birds with sulphur fumes while they are at roost under straw sheds in the winter months. The birds will drop and can be disposed of in a pail of water before they come to. The best friends of bird life recognize the English sparrow as one of the worst foes they have to contend with and will favor almost any method by which it can be exterminated. We are pleased to present the above suggestions and would be pleased to hear from any other reader who may have discovered effective means of disposing of the sparrow nuisance.

MONOTONY BREAKS THEM DOWN.

If the figures are reliable which are repeatedly published—that of the inmates of insane hospitals farmers' wives constitute a larger per cent than any other single class of people—it would seem to be worth while to inquire into some of the causes which are responsible for this condition. While all farmers' wives who do their share of the work have their time pretty fully occupied, it would not seem to be this so much as lack of change and variety that is responsible for the mental depression referred to. Because of household responsibilities which the good wife cannot well escape from she leaves the house less seldom than her husband, who goes to market with grain or stock. On this account every effort should be put forth to give her variety and change and relief from her household cares as often as is practicable. Before the hair grows silver on the temples and the shoulders are stooped with overwork the considerate husband, son and daughter will do all they can to relieve the mother of the heavy burdens which she has borne so long and uncomplainingly. Any relief of this kind while she can appreciate it will be sweeter to her than hot tears and lovely flowers on her coffin lid. Make the lives of these tired mothers as bright and happy as may be, and but a poor return will be made them for their unselfish and loving ministry.

SOME POSSIBILITIES OF ALFALFA

Professor D. H. Otis of the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin has just concluded a series of experiments with alfalfa as a feed for dairy cows. He finds that young cows not giving milk can be kept in good condition during the winter and gain from 1.25 to 1.5 pounds per day when fed nothing but alfalfa hay. Speaking further of the value of alfalfa as a ration, he states that, with an average yield of four tons, alfalfa will produce 880 pounds of digestible protein per acre, to supply which in the form of oil meal would require 1.5 tons, which at present prices would cost $52.50. A summary of the feeding trials which were conducted showed that alfalfa could be made to take the place of at least one-half of the grain usually fed to dairy cows. The cash returns from feeding alfalfa at the different experiment stations range from $10 to $20 per ton. Professor Otis states in closing his report that, with a yield of four tons per acre, a conservative estimate would indicate that the Wisconsin dairy farmer would be able to increase his profits from 50 to 75 per cent by the liberal yet judicious use of alfalfa grown upon his own farm.

SHOULD BE MORE HEDGEROWS.

It is a firm conviction of the writer that there ought to be more hedgerows than there are on central western farms, for when grown they not only serve as a fence which will turn live stock, but provide birds which nest in shrubs the best possible protection during the summer season. Of all his friends in the animal kingdom outside of the farm animals none render the farmer more valuable service than the many birds which range over his land and he is not only doing [illegible] a kindness, but helping himself in a very definite fashion, if he so manages things that they can have as many nesting places as possible.

F. E. Trigg

FORESAW THE OBVIOUS.

The Usher Knew What the Answer of His Charges Would Be.

"The temperance orator of today," he said, "is sure of a respectful hearing. In the past it was not so. At the beginning of the temperance movement drinking men came to our meetings for no other purpose than to interrupt and confuse. The orator had to be very careful in his remarks. He had to look out lest he give his hearers an opening for some opportune but ribald interruption.

"I remember," he said, "when they began temperance work here in Washington. A series of meetings was held in a large hall. The audiences were always numerous, but they interrupted horribly. In the end an ex-prize fighter was hired to sit every night in the obstreperous gallery and keep order there.

"Well, one night the orator contrasted the clean content of home life with the squalor of drunkenness. He spoke beautifully, and at his climax he cried in ringing, impassioned tones:

"'What do we want when we return from our daily toil? What do we desire to ease our burdens, to gladden our hearts, to bring smiles to our faces and song to our lips?'

"Here the orator paused for effect, and the conscientious prize fighter tiptoed hurriedly to the front of the gallery, shook his finger at his unruly charges and said in a threatening stage whisper:

"'Mind, the first feller among ye wot says "Beer!"—out he goes.'"—Washington Star.

IT WROTE ITSELF.

The Author's Story of the Origin of "My Maryland."

Brander Matthews wrote an account of the circumstances under which "Maryland, My Maryland," was written, and the poem's author, James Ryder Randall, approved Professor Matthews' account. In April, 1861, Colonel Randall read in the New Orleans Delta news of the attack on the Massachusetts troops as they passed through Baltimore.

"This account greatly excited me," Mr. Randall wrote in answer to a letter from Professor Matthews. "I had long been absent from my native city, and the startling event there influenced my mind. That night I could not dismiss from my mind what I had read in the paper. About midnight I arose, lit a candle and went to my desk. Some powerful influence seemed to possess me, and almost involuntarily I proceeded to write the song of 'My Maryland.'

"I remember that this idea seemed to take shape as music in my brain—some wild air that I cannot now recall. The whole poem was dashed off rapidly when once begun. It was not composed in cold blood, but under what may be called a conflagration of the senses if not an inspiration of the intellect. No one was more surprised than I was at the widespread and instantaneous popularity I had been so strangely stimulated to write."

Colonel Randall always told his friends that the poem "wrote itself."—New York Herald.

Doing Chores.

To dig one's own potatoes, to shock one's own corn, to pick one's own apples, to pile one's own squashes at one's own barn! It is like filling one's system with an antitoxin before going into a fever plagued country. One is immune to winter after this, provided he stays to bake his apples in his own wood fire. One works himself into a glow with all his digging and picking and piling that lasts until warm weather comes again, and along with this harvest glow comes stealing over him the after harvest peace. It is the serenity of Indian summer, the mood of the after harvest season, upon him—upon him and his fields and woods.—Dallas Lore Sharp in Atlantic.

Case For an Expert.

"Have you fixed up my will just the way I told you?" asked the sick man, who was the possessor of many needy relatives and some well to do but grasping ones.

"I have," asserted the lawyer.

"Just as strong and tight as you can make it, eh?" asked his client.

The lawyer nodded.

"All right," said the sick man. "Now I want to ask you one thing—not professionally—who do you think stands the best chance of getting the property when I'm gone?"—Youth's Companion.

Would Take Nothing.

Mrs. Green (who thinks of hiring)—But is the girl honest? Can she be trusted? Mrs. Brown (the girl's former mistress)—You need not be in the least alarmed. She is perfectly honest. All the time she was with me I never knew her to take a thing, not even my advice as to how things should be done.—Boston Transcript.

Waits and Measures.

"What sort of a table do they set at your boarding house?" asked the young man who was contemplating a change.

"A table of waits and measures," replied his friend, "the first long and the latter short."—Chicago News.

Almost.

Horace—Did the college authorities reinstate young Smith after he was expelled? Helen—Almost. Horace—Almost? Helen—Yes, I heard his folks say he was halfback.

His Contributions.

Missionary—Do you ever contribute money for the heathen in foreign lands, sir? Millionaire—Oh, yes. Both of my daughters married foreign noblemen.—Judge.

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

MORE ABOUT KING GUSTAF V.

Probably in No Land in All Europe Is There Such a Mighty Hunter—Other Characteristics.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

A Stockholm writer says of the new king: "All the time when Gustaf was crown prince he came so little in contact with the people, so that even today, if you ask an ordinary Swede his opinion of the new king, you will be answered with a shrug of the shoulders. Among a few, however, the idea begins to take hold that the new king is a remarkable man. Bjornstjerne Bjornson, the great Norwegian writer, who said many a bitter thing about the Swedish crown prince, lately declared that in face of what he has seen since this man came to the throne, he regrets much of what he has written. One of the new king's passions, however, has long been known to his people. He is a mighty hunter. There is probably no land in all Europe where the true nimrod finds such satisfaction as in Sweden. Its forests swarm with game and its lakes and rivers with an abundance of fish. Gustaf is never so happy as when on the trail of a bear, and if all tales be true, he has even surpassed the president of the United States in the number of wild animals that he has killed. Unlike his father, who was brilliant, a friend of beautiful women—and a man of exceeding attractiveness and amiability, Gustaf is a man of plodding ways, modest, grim, wanting nothing for himself, passionately fond of the open air. He is probably the best shot in the kingdom and certainly the best tennis player. His room is ornamented with many a trophy won in the tennis court—won against all comers and not merely against those who gladly lose a game to a prince. The new king is a teetotaller, an out and out total abstainer and when he gives a dinner he serves no imported wine or liquor of any kind on his table.

The remains of Emanuel Swedenborg will be brought from England to Sweden in the cruiser "Fylgia." The coffin and remains will be taken aboard at Dartmouth, from whence it will be brought direct to Karlskrona. The transfer of the remains will be in charge of the Swedish minister at London. In this connection it may also be stated that the directors of Skansen open-air ethnological museum are preparing plans for a museum of Swedenborgian relics in the house owned by Swedenborg before he left Sweden. The arrangements are being superintended by Professor Alfred H. Stroh, of Boston, who has been studying the biography of the philosopher for the Swedenborgian church in America.

It is interesting to note the great progress that Sweden is making along educational lines. There are at present 13,949 common schools in Sweden. The work in these schools is conducted by 12,247 female teachers and 5,708 male teachers. There are 851,407 children between the ages of seven and fourteen years and most of them attend the common schools. The annual expenses exceed $8,500,000, a trifle more than one-half of this amount being paid out as teachers' wages. The school attendance in Sweden is increasing every year and the standard of education is gradually climbing higher and higher.

Prince Wilhelm has been invited to become president of the Swedish Yacht club. A committee called on him the other day and asked him if he could accept and he consented to allow the committee to place his name before the society's consideration. The fact that Prince Wilhelm, who is at present easily the most popular among the princes of the Swedish royal house consented to become eligible for the presidency of the society will add much zest to yachting in Stockholm this summer.

Stockholm has now been engaged in a seven year war against rats. It has cost the municipality not less than 14,000 crowns to kill 721,274 rats during this period. There are lots of rats in Stockholm and up to this time no poison or method has been discovered to completely exterminate them. Therefore in order to prevent the spread of disease the rat war must be continued at all costs.

Director Erik Hoegberg has been made a knight of the Order of Vasa by King Gustaf. Director Hoegberg was knighted because of his merits as conductor of the Royal Kronoberg Regiment Band, with which he has started for America. The king has appointed Crownprince Gustaf Adolf as personal protector of the tour.

H. Friedlander, a prominent Stockholm merchant, has in memory of his late wife donated [illegible] crowns to Crownprincess Louise's Home for Sick and Destitute Children. Mrs. Friedlander has previously donated [illegible] crowns to the same institution.

According to cable dispatches northern Sweden has during the past two weeks been visited by terrific snow storms, causing a general delay of traffic and isolating altogether many northern towns.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

In the towns as well as in the rural districts of Norway civil cases are generally at first carried before the commission of conciliation, which is composed of two or three members, chosen by and from the voters by jurisdiction. This commission tries at first to reconcile the parties, and if the reconciliation does not take place, directs them to one of the courts of law. If the parties are reconciled, the commission fixes in writing the conditions of the reconciliation and gives the force of law to the obligations thus contracted. Its obligations and awards can be carried on appeal to the ordinary tribunals of first instance. The claim is made for the courts of conciliation in Norway at present, and it is a reasonable one, that they prevent a good deal of useless litigation and save costs not only to the parties in question, but to the state. Their work is informal. They get at the facts in an as unconventional a way as possible.

More than 70,000 people attended the Holmenkollen ski races and never before in the history of Holmenkollen events has there been such a large and enthusiastic gathering. In the grand stand were diplomats, English army officers, Danes, Americans, Germans, Swedes and scores of globetrotters and tourists. Present also were the king and queen, accompanied by high dignitaries of the Norwegian court. The Holmenkollen event resembles in a measure the American Derby day at least so far as enthusiasm is concerned, although the ski sport is one which is characteristic of the country. Betting was freely indulged in and there were some heavy losers. In Christiania the cafes and hotels were over-crowded and the city was taxed to its utmost capacity in its efforts to entertain the visitors.

Great preparations are being made in Christiania at present for the reception of King Edward in Christiania during the latter part of next month. His majesty will be accompanied by Queen Alexandra, who plans to visit her brother, King Frederick, in Copenhagen.

Waldemar Sommerfelt's opera, entitled "Between Battles," has been rendered in a number of German cities with singular success. The opera is attracting widespread attention and the German version is said to be an excellent one.

No word has thus far been received from the steamer Aslak, which was apparently wrecked in the North sea on her way from England to Norway. The crew consisted of thirteen men, most of whom had their homes in Trondhjem.

The Norwegian Technical association will hold its fourth annual convention this year in Bergen, Aug. 19 and 22. A delegation from the Technical societies in Stockholm and Copenhagen are expected to attend.

A Danish, Swedish and Finnish theater have each offered Madame Dybwad, the Ibsen actress, a sum of 10,000 crowns for a three months' appearance at Copenhagen, Stockholm and Helsingfors, respectively.

Harold and Signe Steen, the two popular stars at the National theater, have signed a contract for next season with the Fahlstrom theater.

J. B. Bull has just completed a novel entitled "1811." It is an historic novel and critics predict that the book will be in great demand.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Politiken states that a prominent ship owner proposes that a passage be constructed in opposition to Kaiser Wilhelm's canal by deepening the Limfjord, the broad and shallow channel between the North sea, which is now closed to navigation by sand. This would shorten the route from the North sea to the northern part of the Baltic sea about 170 English miles, and ships also would avoid danger on shallows along Skagen at the northern point of Jylland. This improvement would cost in the neighborhood of $6,000,000.

Denmark is carefully watching Sweden's negotiations with Germany and Russia regarding maintaining a status quo in the Baltic sea. The matter has also made an unfavorable impression on England and it is believed that the approaching visit of King Edward to Copenhagen and Stockholm has much to do with it. It is believed by many that Sweden and Denmark, also Holland and Belgium, will join in an endeavor to secure treaties of integrity like that secured by Norway a few weeks ago.

There will be some hard times coming for the drunkards of Denmark if the rigsdag passes the law, which has been proposed, viz., that the authorities should be allowed to make a fine of from 2 to 500 crowns upon persons caught intoxicated, or sentence them to imprisonment for thirty days. It is very possible, too, that the rigsdag may pass such a law in the near future, judging from the temperance wave which seems to have struck the country during the past year.

The [illegible] of agriculture has proposed that the rigsdag make an appropriation of [illegible] crowns for checking the pests that are in a measure [illegible] the bee industry of Denmark. During the past ten years the annual [illegible] of the country's bee industry [illegible] not less than 15,000 [illegible] annually and thus it will be seen that it is a mighty important thing for the country to take care of.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

A sensational development occurred in the trial at New York city of Raymond Hitchcock, the comedian, when Justice Blanchard ordered the acquittal of the defendant on the indictment against him growing out of the charge of Ellen von Hagen, a young girl. The action of the justice was taken after Flora Whiston, the prosecution's chief corroborating witness, had testified that the story she told before the grand jury was false.

Harry Orchard, self-confessed slayer of former Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, has been sentenced to death at Caldwell by Judge Fremont Wood. Judge Wood recommended that the sentence be commuted to imprisonment, saying he believed Orchard told the truth while on the stand in the Haywood and Pettibone trials.

An investigation into the affairs of the United Home Protectors' Fraternity of Port Huron, Mich., ordered by the state banking commissioner, ended with the announcement that Supreme Secretary W. L. Wilson is short a sum in excess of $75,000 and his arrest on the charge of embezzlement.

George Frankhauser and Charles McDonald, charged with having held up the Great Northern Oriental limited last September and rifling the registered mails of $40,000 being transported to a Spokane bank, broke jail at Helena, Mont., and are still at liberty.

Guiseppe Alia, convicted slayer of Father Leo Heinrichs of Denver, has been sentenced to death during the week beginning July 12.

At Fall River, Mass., Mrs. Joseph Torrien, aged twenty-five, killed her two children and herself with illuminating gas.

A band of night riders shot and killed Harlan Hedges, a prominent farmer residing near Carlisle, Ky.

LABOR NEWS.

The national convention of United Mine Workers of America has adopted the report of the scale committee ordering all miners to cease work on April 1 in districts where no contract has been signed or joint conferences were not in progress.

A memorial protesting against the failure of congress to enact legislation favorable to the interests of organized labor and setting forth its demands has been presented to Speaker Cannon and to Vice President Fairbanks.

Twenty-four breweries in St. Louis and East St. Louis were almost completely shut down by the walkout of nearly 3,500 union brewers, maltsters, bottlers, firemen and freight handlers, allied with the brewing interests.

Fifteen hundred machinists, boilermakers and members of kindred trades, working in the Denver and Rio Grande railroad shops, have struck. The trouble, it is said, will extend to all Gould lines.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

College feeling among the students at the University of Michigan burst forth into a riot at Ann Arbor. More than a dozen students were locked up in jail and the Star theater, a 5-cent place of amusement, was literally wrecked. The trouble began over the ejectment from the theater of a student who insisted in repeating the college yell.

Tommy Burns, the American heavyweight champion, made short work of Jem Roche, the Irish champion, in their contest at Dublin for the world's championship. Practically only one blow was struck, Burns knocking Roche out when hardly more than a minute of the first round had been completed.

"Leck Allen, a St. Joseph (Mo.) prize fighter, is dead from injuries received in a boxing match with Fritz Guthenberger, professionally known as "Young Rhodes," also of St. Joseph.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 23.—Wheat—May, $1.04⅞; July, $1.02⅝@1.02¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.04⅝; No. 3 Northern, 98⅝c@$1.01⅝.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅝; May, $1.03⅝; July, $1.03⅝. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.16¼; May, $1.15¾; July, $1.17⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.25@6.00; fair to good, $4.25@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$4.70@4.85. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25@5.85; good to choice lambs, $6.00@7.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.65@6.75; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.50; Texans, $4.40@5.40; calves, $4.00@6.20; Western cattle, $4.65@5.[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $3.15@5.25. Hogs—Light, $4.85@5.10; mixed, $4.85@5.15; heavy, $4.85@5.15; rough, $4.85@4.95; pigs, $4.00@4.65. Sheep, $4.[illegible]@6.6[illegible]; yearlings, $6.00@7.15; lambs, $5.85@7.65.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 23.—Wheat—May, 94⅜c; July, 88⅞@89c; Sept., 85⅞c. Corn—May, 66c; July, 63⅛c; Sept., 62⅛@62⅝c. Oats—May, old, 54⅜c; May, 52⅞c; July, old, 45⅛c; July, 44⅛c; Sept., 35⅛c. Pork—May, $12.25@12.27½; July, $12.45; Sept., $12.60. Butter—Creameries, 22@23½c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 13c; springs,

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Carl Samuelson, the thirteen-year-old son of Mr. Samuelson of Cromwell township, Clay county, fell on the ice the other day and struck on the back of his head. He paid very little attention to it at the time and the next day went to school. The following evening he was taken worse and before a doctor could be summoned he died.

Samuel A. Phillips of St. Paul, promoter of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Seattle Electric Railroad company, has been held to the federal grand jury by United States Commissioner Charles L. Spencer on the charge of using the mails to defraud. He waived examination and was admitted to bail in the sum of $2,500.

Having failed in an effort to end his life by drinking creosote Nels Peterson of Minneapolis, a switchman, succeeded in his determination by leaping in front of a rapidly moving Wisconsin Central engine on Boom Island. The body was fearfully mangled, death being instantaneous.

Charlie Wingren, a homestead settler near Rapid River, Koochiching county, who recently pleaded guilty to manslaughter in killing a neighbor in mistake for a moose and was sentenced to the St. Cloud reformatory, has been paroled by the state board of pardons.

Slipping from the rollers on which it was being moved a twelve-room frame house crashed through the ice on Lake Minnetonka and sank in ten feet of water. An effort was being made to move it across Wayzata bay.

Otto Huebner, a barber of Minneapolis, left home March 2 with $2,700 in bills on his person and his whereabouts is now unknown, his wife believing he has been murdered for his money.

Edward Darmody, fresh from Chicago, which he now insists is not such a bad town after all, landed in Minneapolis looking for a job and was robbed twice within twenty-four hours.

Richard Bierbach, aged seventy-one, has been sentenced at Minneapolis to serve three years in the penitentiary for larceny. This is Bierbach's third term in prison for the same crime.

Joseph Schroeder, about forty years old, a Great Northern section foreman at Morris, was knocked down by an engine and run over, cutting off both legs just below the knees.

J. M. Bachelder, an aged invalid, was burned to death in a fire that started in his room in his grocery store at St. Paul.

The general store of F. A. Wyatt of Sabin was entered by robbers and $118 and a number of checks were taken.

GENERAL NEWS.

An investigation which has just been completed by state authorities has revealed conditions in Minneapolis hospitals which are both unsatisfactory to the state board of control and are in violation of the state laws. Dr. P. M. Hall, city health commissioner, and James G. Houghton, building inspector, have been notified of the result of the investigation and immediate steps must be taken to do away with the offending conditions.

Edward Peterson, state fire marshal, in his annual report will recommend that the legislature take steps to control fire insurance rates instead of continuing to permit the rates to be fixed by the board of underwriters as at present. He believes that many of the incendiary fires are due to the feeling that robbing fire insurance companies is one way of getting even.

Frank A. Day, as chairman of the Democratic state central committee, has issued the call for the state convention which is to select delegates to the national convention at Denver. The call provides for primaries on the evening of May 6, which is Wednesday, and for the county conventions on Saturday, May 9.

Mrs. John Brevig, living five miles north of Madelia, has given birth to triplets. The babies are all girls. Two of them weigh four pounds each and the third six pounds.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. John B. Cook, one of the early residents of St. Paul, is dead at the age of eighty-one years. Mrs. Cook was the daughter of the late Commodore Stephen Champlain, U. S. N., and had resided in St. Paul since 185[illegible].

S. C. Olmstead, a St. Paul attorney who went to Texas last fall for the benefit of his health, is dead. He had practiced law in St. Paul for twenty years and was active in Republican politics.

Patrick A. Egan, founder of the St. Paul Athletic club and quite prominent in athletics in the state, is dead. He was well known as a life insurance man.

After having lived continuously in Minneapolis for sixty years Mrs. Marion Russell, widow of R. P. Russell, died at her home in that city.

W. F. Promer, superintendent of the St. Paul public baths and one of the old time members of the police force, is dead, aged sixty-eight.

Alva Dunning Roe, curator of the museum of the Minnesota Academy of Sciences, is dead at Minneapolis, aged eighty-two.

HALF A DOZEN INJURED.

Explosion Occurs During a Fire at Minneapolis.

During a fire on North Sixth street in Minneapolis which did $60,000 damage the lives of five members of the salvage corps and one police sergeant were endangered by the collapse of the third floor of the Gamble-Robinson Wholesale Fruit company building. The collapse was followed by an explosion that blew out both ends of the structure.

Lieutenant Frank Cross, Al Fleetham, Paul Thompson, Steven Linham and James Allerdice, members of the salvage corps, were covering the stock on the lower floor of the Gamble concern when the collapse and explosion occurred. The men were hurled like chaff, along with barrels, boxes and debris, twenty feet into the street. None of them sustained greater injuries than painful bruises and cuts.

Sergeant Russell probably was hurt worse than the firemen, although he was not in the building at the time of the explosion. One of the doors was hurled against him, knocking him to the ground.

The explosion is supposed to have been caused by the sudden forcing of hot air into the unventilated confines of the first floor when the third floor collapsed.

BLACK HAND THREAT.

Made Against State Senator Calhoun of Minneapolis.

Following his announced intention of resorting to injunction if possible to prevent the public appearance of Miss Emma Goldman, noted anarchist lecturer, in Minneapolis, and fired to rancorous resentment by his scathing utterances regarding the sect, some one has sent State Senator John F. Calhoun of that city a letter threatening his life. The letter reads:

"Beware, beware. Take warning! Any more cheap utterances from you and zip you go to ——!"

The letter was unsigned, but at the top of the sheet was scrawled the crude outline of a skull and crossbones. At the bottom of the page a hand, drawn with black ink, designated the emblem of the Black Hand.

The letter was not sent through the mail, but was delivered to the clerk of the West hotel, where the senator and his family are living, by a messenger of the A. D. T. It was received first by Mrs. Calhoun, who read it and suffered a nervous shock from the threat against her husband.

ALLEGED ROBBER BEATEN

May Die of Injuries Inflicted by Railroad Man.

A desperate fight between Adolph Griffin and Conductor J. W. Saxton of the Northern Pacific railway in the Gladstone yards of the railroad, in which revolvers and drawpins were used, resulted in Griffin being taken to the St. Paul city hospital by Sheriff Gerber. It is thought that the man is fatally hurt. Griffin has several scalp wounds and it is thought that there is a fracture at the left temple. His left arm is broken and he is otherwise badly injured. Mr. Saxton, the conductor, escaped with a number of scalp wounds. He was taken to his home in Gladstone.

The affair is said to be the result of several robberies in the yards, and the detection of Griffin in the caboose of Saxton.

Hurled to Instant Death.

Lawrence Hope of St. Paul, aged fifty-two years, proprietor of a jewelry store, was struck and instantly killed by the Omaha flyer as he was crossing the tracks at Post Siding. According to the engineer Mr. Hope walked directly in front of the fast passenger train and was struck with terrific force, his body being hurled 125 feet through the air. Mr. Hope was a thirty-second degree Mason and was prominent in other fraternal organizations.

Injured in an Elevator.

Jeremiah Daly, a retired farmer of Langdon, was caught in an elevator in the Manhattan building at St. Paul, sustaining injuries that may prove fatal. His right hip is dislocated and he also received a double rupture besides other internal injuries. He is in a serious condition at St. Joseph's hospital.

Woman Badly Injured.

Struck by a westbound Soo passenger train while driving across the track Mrs. Regina Smith, fifty years old, a widow living on a farm near White Bear, Ramsey county, was carried 300 feet on the pilot of the engine and then hurled to one side of the track. She is seriously hurt but may recover.

Minneapolis Sends Aid.

Fire destroyed eight business houses at Braham, Isanti county. The blaze was finally gotten under control by the aid of a [illegible] of firemen from Minneapolis. The total loss will not exceed $[illegible].

Senator Nelson's Son Dead.

Henry Knute Nelson, son of Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota, is dead at Colorado Springs, Colo., of consumption after a long illness, aged [illegible] years.

Finally Dies of Injuries.

New York, March 23.—After having received treatment twenty-four times in twenty years at Long Island College hospital, Brooklyn, for sixty-eight fractures of various bones, John Furey, a bootblack, died in that institution of internal injuries received in falling down stairs several days ago.

RATE LAWS ILLEGAL

Federal Supreme Court Knocks Out Minnesota Statutes.

HABEAS CORPUS IS DENIED

Attorney General Young Guilty of Contempt for Refusing to Obey Circuit Court Injunction.

The supreme court of the United States, sitting at Washington, denied the petition of Attorney General Edward T. Young of Minnesota for a writ of habeas corpus in the case in which he is held for contempt of court by the United States circuit court of Minnesota because he refused to abide by an injunction issued by that court forbidding him from taking any action looking to the enforcement of the maximum railroad rate law. The court at the same time pronounced invalid the Minnesota law regulating both freight and passenger rates. The opinion was announced by Justice Peckham, who held the Minnesota law to be unconstitutional on its face because of the enormous penalties imposed for disobedience to it.

Justice Harlan delivered a dissenting opinion, in which he expressed the view that the decisions of the court in the Minnesota and North Carolina cases marks a new era in the relationship between the states and the federal government and between the federal and state courts. He contended that the suit of the railroad company in the Minnesota case was in reality a suit against the state and he dwelt at length upon the enormity of permitting a subordinate United States court to order the imprisonment of an official of a sovereign state to test a law of the state. "If this can be done," he said, "why can't a similar injunction be put on a grand jury or a district attorney in any criminal proceeding?"

SHORTAGE MADE GOOD.

Errors Found in Accounts of Former State Oil Inspector.

Because of alleged bad bookkeeping and failure to properly collect the fees due the department irregularities that amount to $6,199.95 have been found in the accounts of J. A. McDermott, former state oil inspector.

Acknowledging that the form of bookkeeping in use was obsolete and that mistakes might be due to it Mr. McDermott asked to be informed of the discrepancies when the examination of his accounts was taken up by Public Examiner Schaefer and as fast as they were found made good the loss.

To date Mr. McDermott is reported to have paid into the state treasury because of these discrepancies between $5,500 and $6,000. Public Examiner Schaefer says the state will not lose a cent.

The investigation of the oil inspector's department was begun at the instance of Secretary of State Schmahl and was in conformity with a law which demands an examination of the department's books before the bonds of the official's successor can be approved.

BREAKS AMERICAN RECORD

John Evanson Jumps a Hundred and Thirty-one Feet on Skis.

John Evanson of Duluth broke the American ski record on Chester hill in that city with a jump of 131 feet in the last tournament of the season. The former record was 124 feet, made by Evanson at Ishpeming, Mich., four weeks ago. Ole Feiring of Duluth jumped 135 feet, but fell. Four riders distanced the former American record. The new mark is the more remarkable because the day was warm and it was necessary to haul snow from nearby woods to prepare the slide for jumping.

Great Western Wage Dispute.

Word has been received at St. Paul from Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission and Commissioner of Labor Neill that they will be unable to give any attention to the question of a change in the working schedule of the employes on the Chicago Great Western for at least two weeks, and possibly longer, on account of the press of other railroad matters which they are considering at Washington.

Smallpox Closes College.

Carleton college at Northfield has been closed by vote of the faculty on account of the appearance of a case of smallpox. The spring vacation would begin on the 2[illegible]th, but it was thought best, under all the circumstances, to let all the students go at once, since many parents were requesting that their children should be allowed to go home.

St. Paul Primary Election.

Joseph McKibbin was nominated for mayor by the Republicans at the primary election held at St. Paul, receiving a plurality of about 1,500 over Luis Hoffman, the Republican candidate for the same office two years ago. Daniel W. Lawler, once candidate for governor on the Democratic ticket, was nominated for mayor by the Democrats.

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

DOGS KILL 19 WOLVES.

St. Vincent Man has a Pack of Hounds That are Very Valuable.

Great Sport Enjoyed During Past Winter—Killed Two Saturday.

While a great many wolves have been killed in the northern part of the state the past winter, in most instances they were killed by parties who were out rabbit hunting or located a den and "laid" for the wolves with a rifle or trapped them.

A regular "wolf chase" is seldom heard of in this state, or any of the northwest states, tho it is a most thrilling pastime, and foreign nobles would travel hundreds of miles to participate in one. One reason for this is that there are very few hounds in this section of the country.

Near St. Vincent, Kittson county, there is at least one gentleman who indulges in the sport after the real old fashioned manner, August H. Gooselaw who has several fine wolf hounds and one of them could not be purchased for $500 spot cash.

During the past winter his dogs have killed 19 wolves, and he considers the sport the most exciting on the list. His favorite dog is always first at his Wolfship, and worries him till the others reach the scence of action when the trouble is soon over.

Mr. Gooselaw's last wolf chase was Saturday last when his dogs laid two wolves low after a most exciting chase. Mr. Gooselaw has a horse that is trained in the chase, and generally enjoys the sport with a few of his friends who are at home in the saddle.

In addition to the sport enjoyed, there is a substantial income, Mr. Gooselaw having collected $140.50 in bounties at $7.50 each, and $19 additional for the hides which are worth $1 each.

A party of sportsmen from Crookston with a gentleman from Minneapolis and one from Duluth are now making arrangements with Mr. Gooselaw to arrange a chase for their benefit and an exciting time is anticipated.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank everyone of the R. N. of A. for their kind help given us and every act which they did in recognition of the a a val of a nine pound girl at our house on the 24th day of February, 1908, it being impossible to secure other help. The R. N. of A. are jolly good fellows.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Johnson.

Creamery Statement.

Creamery statement for Feb. 1908.	
Amount of cream received,	21,391
Average test,	26.22
Amount of butterfat,	5,608
Price yaid,	34 cents.
RECEIPTS.	
Butter shipped	$1,945.25
Sales at creamerp	270.68
Other	43.80
Total	$2,259.73
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons	$1,918.91
Paid into expense fund	312.92
Balance	27.90
Total	$2,259.73
Those drawing $40 and over;	
P. Engelstad	$135.14
Fred Copp	53.18
STRIP STATION.	
Amount of butterfat	601.20
Average test	27.40
Gross amount to patrons	$204.66
STONE STATION.	
Amount of butterfat	48.60
Average test	30.19
Gross amount to patrons	$16.53
Amount of butterfat Feb., 1907,	3,360.30
" " " " 1908,	5,608.00
Increase 68 per cent.	

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

Creamery Statement.

Statement of Sandridge Creamery for the month of February, 1908.

Total cream received	121.33 lbs
Average test	28.43
Butterfat	3,535.03 lbs.
Butter made	4,120.00 "
Over run	14.19
Average price paid	$30.53
Total receipt including last balance,	$1,416.81
Paid patrons	$1,079.59
Expense fund and supplies	302.54
Balance	28.68
Total	$1,416.81.

John A. Sorum,
Secretary.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The following patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery received over $50 for the month of February:

A. Mortenson	$91.71
H. Heupt	91.48
Emil Just	79.13
John Konikson	68.08
Swan Johnson	66.13
N. A. Nelson	57.29
Peter Johnson	51.12
Claus Hendricks	51.84
Frank Draxler	51.27

Total amount of money received for butter sold, $3,600.

Price paid for butterfat, 33 cents per pound. This makes the 3rd month in succession that patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery have received 33 cents a pound.

Spring Millinery Opening
Friday and Saturday
March 27-28
A Display of Our Own
Original Designs and
Especially Selected Pattern
Hats.
You Are Cordially Invited
to View the Showing.
Miss Agusta Johnson,
LaBree Avenue.

Germantown.

Mrs. Gulbrand Hanson Skogstad died Saturday March, 14th, from a complication of diseases after being confined to the sick bed for about two weeks. The funeral occured March 18th, Rev. H. Bjornson officiating. The date of the funeral was also the date of her 76th birthday anniversary. The deceased with her husband, who died three years ago, and other members of the family were among the earliest settlers of this community, moving from Walsh county N. D. on to their homestead here in 1896. Three sons and one daughter who were all present at the funeral service. Math Skogstad and Mrs. Christine Johnson, both of Moylan township, and Ole Hanson and Hans Skogstad, of Silverton township. The bereaved children and grand children have the undivided sympathy of all. Among non-residents who attended the funeral here last wednesday were Mr. and Mrs. Jens P. Jenson, of Thief River Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Halvor Fodstad, of Silverton.

The meeting of school officers and teachers of eastern Marshall county called for March 21st came off without a hitch and was proclaimed by all present, the best meeting of its kind that has been held here. The day was spent in general discussion on school works and a great many facts were brought home to those who are in charge of our district schools, that will, if followed, go a long ways in making the system more efficient. Among the teachers present were Misses Jonas, Holden, Johnson, Ohlberg and Mr. Borve.

Mrs. Nels Moe went down to Fargo, N. D., last week, called there by the serious illness of a sister at that place.

Several parties drove out to Morgan Vaughans place Saturday to spend the evening.

A large double burr feed mill has been installed in the creamery. This mill has several times the capacity of the old one and it is expected that this in connection with the new 20 horse-power engine will make the grinding business go some.

April showers bring May flowers, but we have yet to learn what March showers are good for. However, we seem to be approaching spring and that's good for something.

Pete Johnson came down from Wisconsin last week and is visiting with his brother Martinus Johnson of this place.

The first "cow-cow" of crows was heard on Sunday to remind us of better days ahead.

Henry Cook Jay Payne and others of their company who have spent the winter in the woods up at Warroad returned this week.

Silverton.

C. Hurt was at Red Lake Falls on business last week.

Say girls this is leap year. We have a lot of nice looking batchelors wating for you to speak.

School will start in district No. 55 on April 1st.

Uric Rak sold one of his horses to Mr. Krotifell for $105.

Anton Dandy was at Germantown last Friday.

For sale—One good cow. Call on Mat Staska.

Joe Kamrowski went to North Dakota on business last week.

F. G. Staska was out east of Germantown last week.

Direct Court.

District court convened at Red Lake Falls Monday. There are not many cases to be tried at this term and it is not likely that court will last longer than this week.

The case of George Lipscomb, of this city, who is claiming damages to the amount of $2,500 for being carried beyond the station he desired to get off at in North Dakota, will be tried before Judge Watts in Crookston.

The divorce case of G. Weimer against his wife will be tried later in chambers.

The case of Henry Diebel against George Diebel will be tried to day.

Taken to the Asylum.

John Johnson who declares that his residence is in Duluth, was committed to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls, from Bemidji and was taken there last week by Deputy Sheriff Andrew Johnson. Johnson recently became possessed of the idea that he had several millions in the old country and many hundreds of acres of land in New York Mills.

The insane patient has a claim east of Grygla where he has lived at the for the past five years, and during all that time has never been farther from home than the Grygla post office and was not there often. The physicians state that his is a case due solely to [illegible]

Three Times a Week.

The Great Northern is going to run its freight on this branch only three days a week in the future. In order to compete with the Soo at this point, however, freight will be brought to this city on the passenger on the days the freight does not run.

SHOES

The time is now coming when you need to buy a good pair of shoes. Our stock is now quite complete, and we can show you the best shoes money can buy at popular prices. We carry the largest assortment and strongest lines in the city. Here are some of our leading brands;

Ladies fine shoes, Duttenfofer shoes, Price,	$2.50 to $3.00
Ladies Godman shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and Children's Buster Brown shoes Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and children's Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Boy's Buster Brown and Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.90 to $2.50
Men's Mason Hand-Made shoes, Price,	$3.00 to $6.00
Men's Fine shoes, the Crawford line, Price,	$3.50 to $5.00

We also handle the Copeland and Ryder high top shoes for men, nothing better if you want to keep your feet dry, and get a shoe that will wear longer than any other make.

Our ladies Oxfords are coming in daily. Call on us before buying and we can convince you we give the best shoes for the money in the city.

Langseth Mercantile Co

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Aaron Johnson, deceased, late of the city of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, being granted to Andy Erickson:

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Aaron Johnson, deceased.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 8th day of June, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 7th day of March, A. D. 1908, by the court.

(Probate Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

March 12-26.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb. [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that Peder C. Rud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 22nd, [illegible], for the Lots 3 and 4 and E ½ S W ¼ Section 19, Township 154 N., Range 42 West and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 4, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Hanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Fodsted, " "
John Froberg, " "
Jens Jetnes, " "

Feb. 27 April 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Scandia House
Third door north from Langseth's.
Come in and make yourself at home.
20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.
Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

Subscribe for the News.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks. North Dak

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All Work Given Careful Attention.
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1908 NUMBER 14

ST PAUL Historical Society

CLASS PLAY A SUCCESS.

Members of the Senior Class Show Marked Ability as Actors.

Present "Dot the Miner's Daughter" to a Large Audience Friday Evening.

The class play presented by the seniors of the Thief River Falls high school in the Evenson hall last Friday evening was a decided success, and a large and appreciative audience witnessed the production. The play last year was considered far above the standard for amatures, but the play this year far outranked the efforts of last year.

Ernest O'Neil, who acted the part of David Mason, the hero of the play, had a most difficult part, as did also William Prichard, who acted the part of Arthur Floyd, the villain. Both did exceptionally well and are deserving of much praise.

Ione Higgins, who did so well in the class play of two years, did even better this year and acted the part of Hapzibah, a lady of color, in a manner that would make any ordinary black mammy take a back seat. Her side kicker was Rolland Blanchard who played the part of Ebony, another colored individual, and if he had not been good it would have been a great disappointment to those who witnessed his performance one year ago.

Myrtle Blanchard acted the part of Dolores, the miner's daughter and was the heroine of the play. She, too, was in the class play of two years ago and acted her part in an exceptionally fine manner.

Esther Kretzschmar, who represented Winnifred Clifton and Ida Weeks, who was David Mason's wife, made their first appearance before the foot lights in this play. Miss Kretzschmar acted her part in a decidedly easy and graceful manner and was one of the stars of the play, while Miss Weeks took the part of a mother and home woman in a very acceptable manner.

Willie Akre acted the part of Herbert Mason and Harry Prichard was Royal Meadows. Both were young men and they wove webs of infatuation around the unsuspecting ladies in a perfectly natural manner.

Tom Loneon, Frank Kratka, Marie Gilbertson and Avis Akre had minor parts which did not permit of their showing their true ability before the foot lights, but they acted their parts well and received much applause.

Teachers Hired.

The school board has hired twenty one of the twenty-six teachers required to conduct the schools for Thief River Falls next year. Not all of the present faculty made application this year. The following are the teachers that have been hired: J. H. Hay, Blanch Godward, Clarice Griedeland, Marie Bloxrud, Grace Laughlin, Mary McGinn, Rachel Schrepel, Vera Wilhelm, Emma Backe, Emily Lakin, Edith Day, Gertrude Meehan, May Paine, Tella Johnson, Myrtle Wold, Lula McGrum, and Gertrude Knoff.

New teachers have been hired as follows: Emma E. Hoff, of Twin Valley, Alice McCabe, of Crookston, Florense Oleson, of Mapelton, and Stella Cepra, of Adams, Minn.

Local Bank Wins Out.

The Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls has been designated as depository for the city of Fergus Falls. The Fergus Falls banks entered into a combination not to pay interest on the city's deposits, and the result was that outside banks were asked to bid. The local bank bid three per cent on money deposited for six months, and five per cent on money left for one year. That the bid of the local bank was accepted, is a compliment to its sound financial condition.

Goes to St. Paul.

L. C. Simons, the Red Lake Falls banker, has accepted the presidency of the Twin City State Bank, a new financial institution recently organized in St. Paul, and will remove to that city with his family in the near future. Mr. Simons will still retain his interest in the Plummer and Brooks banks.

BIG HERD OF CARIBOU

About Fifty Or Sixty In County North of the Red Lake.

Game And Fish Commission Will Try to Make Indians Cease Killing Them.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press last week contained the following:

"Although it has been supposed for several years that caribou were no longer to be found in Minnesota, except a stray animal now and then, it is now reported that there is a *herd of fifty or sixty* in the region northeast of the north arm of Red Lake in Beltrami county. Reports have also been received by Carlos Avery, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, that the Indians on Red Lake Indian reservation have been killing some of these caribou during the winter, and the matter will be taken up with the interior department in an effort to restrain the Indians from killing off this last herd.

"Some years ago, there was a number of caribou in this state, but of late years they have almost disappeared and it was supposed that following their migratory instincts they had left in a body in search of new feeding grounds. Recently, however, reports have been received of the presence of the herd of the animals in swampy inaccessible region to the northeast of the upper end of Red Lake.

"It was also reported that the Indians had killed a number, probably a dozen, during the past winter, and A. G. Rutledge, of Bemidji, deputy game warden, has just returned from a trip into that country with evidence substantiating the assertion. He found two fresh caribou scalps in the possession of settlers who had obtained them from Indians passing through that part of the country.

"The difficulty in stopping the slaughter of this last remnant of the caribou herds in this state is in keeping the Indians within the limits of their reservation. It was thought best to take the matter up with the interior department as the co-operation of that department would probably be more efficient in attainding the desired end than arrest and conviction of the Indian offenders."

REPORT MADE

Congressman Steenerson's New Bill Given Favorable Report.

Washington, March 27th.—Representative Steenerson has secured a favorable report on his bill to restore to entry and settlement a large tract of ceded Red Lake land which was withdrawn two years ago pending investigation, with a view to the establishment of drainage works thereon. The investigation was made, and it was found that reclaimation by drainage would cost more than $1,000,000, which *congress* was not disposed to provide at this time, even tho the appropriation is made reimburseable from the sale of reclaimed lands.

There has been a demand from that section for the reopening of this land, some of which can be cultivated without drainage, and the bill was introduced in response to that demand.

It provides for payment in accordance with the terms of the Red Lake treaty, with the addition of 3 cents an acre, to cover the cost of the drainage survey.

Mr. Steenerson has introduced a bill to legalize naturalization proof in certain cases. Under former decisions, of the department of justice this proof could be submitted in any county in a judical district. Under later rulings, however, applicants for naturalization papers were required to submit their proofs in the county in which court was held.

Many aliens in Minnesota have procured naturalization papers under the first ruling which are now declared to be invalied, and the bill is intended to give such persons rights of citizens without further proceedings in court.

Big Demand For Land.

Real estate men from the central states are in this sections looking after land bargains and securing many options where they can get large tracts. One of them said that the coming of spring and summer will witness more sales of land in the cut over sections in the northern part of the state than have been recorded during any year in the past five. At present there is no question but what the reputation of this section as an ideal diversified farming section is rapidly spreading. There is double the inquiry for these lands than there ever has been before. This is attributed to the fact that less interest is being taken in Texas and Canadian lands. Those who have returned from the Canadian Northwest as a rule do not bring very glowing accounts. While some did well, many did not, and what is more they are dissatisfied with the lack of schools, churches and other evidences of civilization which will not be established for many years to come in the sections where cheap lands can be secured because the sparsely settled regions will not permit of such improvements.—International Falls Press.

The Triumph of a New Idea.

It has been a subject of comment that the usual features of the Sunday newspapers showed too little variety. A recent departure in Sunday journalism has met with popular recognition and approval. The great illustrated weeklies and monthlies no longer have a monopoly of the periodical field.

Conan Doyle received $25,000 for the American serial rights of his last story, the highest price ever paid for similar rights. Anthony Hope, Jack London, Sewell Ford and many other popular novelists contribute to the publication which set the pace by paying this record price. Celebrated men and women write constantly for it on all subjects of timely interest. Clever verse, wit, humor and interesting miscellany complete a most interesting table of contents. It is profusely illustrated by the leading artists. In fact, the Sunday Magazine of the Record-Herald maintains the highest standard of periodical literature throughout. It gets the best at whatever cost.

A Forced Lay Over.

Two young men from Illinois met with a peculiar experience here this week. They were enroute to Manitoba with two cars containing their stock, household goods, etc. They bucked in one of the cars, each of which contained some of the stock. They were asleep when their train arrived here Sunday night and were much surprised when they awoke some hours later to find that the car they had been occupying had been set out here, while the other car had been taken on with the rest of the train. As a result of the error of the trainmen the emigrants had to spend Monday in Warren. The freight Monday night picked up their car and they went on their way rejoicing.—Warren Sheaf.

UNCLE SAM AFTER CROOKS

Thieving Land Locaters May Land in Grip of the Law.

Official Eyes are on Several Who Are Unprincipled.

Crookston Journal: The United States government is keeping a sharp lookout for "locators" who deal sharply with their clients. A number of cruisers in the north country who have been accused *on various* occasions of dealing unfair with their customers are in the limelight and the next move they make will cause them to be brought into court to answer for their wrongdoing.

"If the men who file on homesteads would only be confidential with us, we could help them out in a great number of cases," said an attache of the U. S. land department who was in Crookston. "On various occasions we have told men who were seeking homesteads to look out for certain fellows who were locating them, as they were crooked. In nearly every instance the prospective homesteader would become angry and as much as tell us that we did not know what we were talking about. Of course when they come to prove up their claim and find that they have paid several hundred dollars for nothing they wish that they had taken our advice."

"It is an easy matter for a locator to fool the average man who wants to take up a homestead. The general public, as a rule, knows absolutely nothing about the lay of land, directions or locations. When he is taken out and shown a tract of timber he can be handed any kind of a description and he cannot say whether it is right or wrong. Several times our attention has been called to instances where three or more men have been located on the same claim by the same cruiser and none of them had the right description.

"This kind of locater usually shows his victim a nice bunch of timber with a river flowing thru it, and he bites hard right away. He pays his good money, thanks the cruiser heartily for securing such a nice tract of pine for him and goes on his way rejoicing. But when he comes to prove up he finds himself defrauded, he gets very sore.

"Other locaters, who are not quite so bad, pick out homesteads for their clients and then watch every move to see that they live up to the very letter of the law. Any time that they do not they locate, another customer on the same claim."

A Novel Predicament.

Pleading guilty to shooting game out of season, Barney Burton, of Little Falls, placed himself in the peculiar position of having to contribute to the payment of a reward for his own conviction. Burton is a member of the Little Falls Gun Club, which posted notices throughout that section of the state offering a reward of $20 for the arrest and conviction *of anyone found violating* the game laws. As a member in good standing Burton will be obliged to pay his proporationate share of the reward, in addition to the $100 which he was fined for the out-of-season shooting. This is indeed a novel predicament.

FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR
ROYAL Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Won't Allow It.

The post office authorities have given warning to newspapers that the law governing the publication of lucky number holders in raffles and other things will be strictly enforced from now on. The warning states that newspaper publishers will excercise more care in the future and not publish anything regarding guessing contests or any other proposition wherein there is the slightest chance of lottery or chance scheme.

The penalty for the violation is the withdrawal of the paper from the mails.

Lots Of Clover.

Although clover and timothy seed is unusually high priced, especially clover, it is surprising what an enormous amount of seed is being shipped in this spring. One firm alone sold over 500 bushels of clover and timothy. Several other firms have sold almost as much, in addition to what individual parties have shipped on their own account. If there is anything that indicates a change for better farming, this does. It means that in a few years we will have clean fields and more profitable farming.—Hallock Weekly News.

How Dairying Pays.

Who says dairying doesn't pay? Over $270 for an average herd of eight cows, or about $46 per cow, is the income P. P. Boukol, of Flom, in Norman county, has had from his cows the last year. Added to this the family has had plenty of butter and milk for their own use, which would increase the actual average per cow considerable. To attain such results and the success Mr. Boukol has had, the farmer must get rid of his scrub cows for as long as he does not recognize that fact so long will dairying prove unprofitable.

Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

You can get here very stylish top coats, ready-to-wear, made in a variety of good fabrics, and bearing the reliable name of Hart Schaffner & Marx garments that will fit you—body, mind, pocketbook. You'll find us ready with them; and with all kinds of fine clothes for spring.

We make a specialty of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, because they're absolutely all-wool, because the styles are correct; they're clothes we can depend on; and so can you.

Fine Suits, $18, $20 $25, $30 and up. Fine Overcoats, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30 and up.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Gordon Hats. Croissett Shoes.

1907 Taxes.

Both Real Estate and Personal, are now payable.

We have complete tax lists for the northern part of Red Lake County and the eastern end of Marshall County and shall be pleased to have you call and make your tax payments through us.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

NEW JAIL IS NEEDED.

Agent of American Prison Association Visited Red Lake County's Jail.

Jail Is "Not Strong and Unsafe" and Sanitary Condition Is Bad.

An agent of the American Prison association has made an examination of the Red Lake county jail and finds that the structure which costs the tax payers of Red Lake county a good round sum is entirely worthless. The following is the report:

The Red Lake county jail is a small institution reported to be "not strong and unsafe." There are only 5 cells in the building and at the date of the visit were only 2 men imprisoned. The visitor does not state where children are kept if they are sent to jail. The building is so small that one is left to believe that they are kept in the same cells with the adults. Boys and others are not separated from the hardened prisoners.

"Poor" reading matter is provided and no religious exercises of any kind are held. There is no in and out fee, nor are there any rules governing officers or prisoners.

Fifty-seven cents a day is the cost of the prisoner's food. The bedding on the iron bunks is washed once a week and the prisoner's underclothing is changed weekly, the county furnishing changes. The building is heated by old fashioned stoves and lighted by electricity. There is no regular water supply in this institution, nor are there any closets, night buckets being used exclusively. There are no baths in the building and plumbing does not exist.

At the end of the schedule filled out by the visitor, question was asked "Needs of Institution." The inspector answered briefly but to the point "New jail." That seems to be the solution for Red Lake county.

Telephone Meeting.

A telephone meeting has been called to meet at the Highlanding school house on Saturday April 4th, at 2 o'clock p. m. The purpose of this meeting is to form an organization to build a telephone line from Brunkeberg to Hilda. Let all turn out to this meeting, from the north, south and the east and the west, and try to get one line through the country. This means you. If you want to see telephone lines, come to this meeting.—Sunbeam.

We have a nice line of summer dress goods and shirt waists just recieved.

J. H. Jacobson.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

Phone 111. Main Ave.

Lake Floods Natural.

Washington, March 28.—That floods on the Lake of the Woods are not caused by dams on the Canadian side of the lake is the opinion expressed by Secretary of State Root in a letter to Representative Steenerson. On January 27th Mr. Steenerson wrote the secretary that statements had been made that floods were caused by power dams erected on the Canadian side, and asking for information whether the construction of these dams had raised the level of the lake.

Secretary Root says he made inquiry of the war department for data on the subject and was furnished with records of readings of gages established by engineers in charge of the improvement of the Lake of the Woods and Warroad harbor. He says the memorandum shows that the lake in its natural condition is known to have been subject to considerable fluctuations. He says further that the annual report of the geological and natural history survey of Canada, 1885, of explorations made in 1883 and 1884, when there were probably no dams at the outlet, states that the range of rise and fall was ten feet.

An engineering officer at St Paul also reports that there has been nothing unusual in the variations during the past year, and is of the opinion that they were due to natural causes and not to the operation of power dams.

Rocksbury.

Miss Irene Sawyer, of Thief River Falls, spent Sunday with her friends Sena and Alma Welo.

Mr. Frank Satre and Emil Welo recently returned from Lake of the Woods where they have been for some time.

Miss Lizzie Stach of Barnesville, is up visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Moeller.

Mr. and Mrs. Rondorf and children called at the home of Anton Miller on Sunday.

Mr. J. O. Thorstad and wife called at Wm. Moeller's Sunday.

Sophus Ness called on Emil Welo Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Nelo called on Peter Ness Sunday last.

The debate last Friday evening was well attended, and made very interesting. The topic, "Resolved, that the pen is mightier than the sword," was chosen for next time.

Last Sunday evening some of the young folks of this vicinity enjoyed a sleighride, given by Mr. David Gustafso.

Silverton.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Vodlicke and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cerncek were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Matt Staska Sunday.

R. Sebek was visiting last week with Fred Stacek.

Charley Moe's brother came up to visit him for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Brozen were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stacek Sunday.

Joe Kamowski is building a log house on his claim.

Anton Pederson was down by the river after a load of wood last week.

Matt Staska is on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stacek were in town last Saturday.

John Vavrick sold his farm to Uric Pak last week.

Over 500 Cars.

Henry Schroeder, of Sabin who is extensively engaged in the growing and marketing of potatoes and an eminent authority on that tuber, says that the season for the crop of 1907 is now practically over and that he has only one car to ship, and his son has only three cars more on hand. In all, the two have shipped about 500 cars to different parts of the country. He thinks that on the basis of 500 bushels to a car, the minimum allowed, about 1,500 cars would represent the shipments of potatoes from Clay county. On the average price obtained by farmers this would mean an income to Clay county of at least $375,000 for potatoes alone.

Sunday School Open.

The Grace Union Sunday School in district No. 73 Rocksbury township will be reopened next Sunday April 5th at 1:30 P. M.

This union sunday school has been in a flourishing condition since its organization and it is hoped that the future may be even more so.

A most cordial invitation is extended to old and young people to attend the same.

H. Pope.
Sunday School Supt.

Times Hard in Wisconsin.

Andrew Trovoten, the well known town of North farmer, accompained by his wife, returned to this city last week from Wisconsin where they had spent the winter. Mr. Trovoten states that times are very hard down there as compared with this section. Owing to the high price of feed, farmers were forced to sell their hogs, and so many being dumped upon the market at once caused the price to go below the cost of raising hogs. In the cities, work is scarce and many laboring men are out of employment.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
O. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

His License Is Held Up.

At a meeting of the council held Saturday evening for the purpose of granting liquor licenses, the application made by George Williams was referred to the committee on license, consisting of Alderman Prichard, Ramstad and Forder and this committee will report to the council at the next regular meeting to be held on the 7th of April. As Mr. Williams' license expired April 1st, he will be compelled to close his saloon today and remain closed until the 8th of April at least.

Asked about the matter, the members of the council state that there is a suspicion that Mr. Williams has been selling liquor after 11 o'clock at night in the second story of his building, and that before a license is granted to him this year a pledge is to be exacted from him to the effect that the state laws will be strictly lived up to.

Second Entries for Land.

Register R. J. Montague of the Crookston land office last week received from the department of the interior at Washington, instructions relative to the recent law passed by congress in regard to second homestead entries. The law requires that anyone desiring to make entry under the homestead laws, who has made a previous entry, but has lost, forfeited or abandoned the first entry, must make affidavit giving date and description of his former entry and that it was not cancelled for fraud or for any other consideration. The instructions are explicit and will serve for the future guidance of the office.

Traveling Man Arrested.

Upon the complaints of E. L. Wichterman, a liveryman of Plummer, a warrant was issued for the arrest of W. J. Teal, a traveling man, last Friday by Judge Bishop. The Plummer liveryman claims that Teal refused to pay a bill for livery hire, and Teal claims that Wichterman tried to over-charge him. The case will be tried before Judge Bishop on the 10th of April, Teal having put up a cash bail of $25 for his appearance at that time.

Stanton in the Field.

E. M. Stanton this week announces that he is going to be a candidate for the office of county attorney again this fall and will file upon the Democratic ticket. It commences to look as if Thief River Falls would have quite a number of candidates for this office as Wilhelm Michelet and Ira C. Richardson are quite sure to get in the field. The latter two will file on the Republican ticket.

Crew Hired.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Red Lake River Transportation Co. last week, August J. Wentzel, Watt McAndrews and J. W. Vrolsen were elected as board of managers for this season. Martin Swanson was hired for pilot, Chas. Swanson for engineer and Sam Johnson for fireman.—Sunbeam.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

RODS FOR LIGHTNING

State Fire Marshall Peterson Tells of Their Use and Sevrice.

Says That Lightning Rods Do Much To Protect Farm Property.

From special reports received at the state fire marshall's office of three hundred and eighty-seven lightning fires in this state during the last five years, not one of these structures were reported as having been provided with a lightning rod. Forty odd companies represented in the Indiana State Mutual Insurance Association reported a year ago that none had had a loss on a rodded building. A committee from the Nebraska State Association reported that probably rodded buildings were never struck and that two-thirds of Nebraska farm losses were from lightning. A lightning rod mutual fire protective association in Ohio covering $1,200,000 of risks has never paid one cent of loss.

Lightning rods are now made in knowledge of the character of the work that they have to do, and scientific opinion is unanimous that they protect if properly erected.

The cheapest serviceable lightning rod consists of a starshaped galvanized steel rod about one-half inch in diamater. Rods made of twisted or braided copper wires to the thickness of about one-forth inch are equally servicable, last longer but cost a little more. A lightning rod should be inserted sufficiently deep into the ground to reach permanantly the moist earth. It may be nailed or stapled directly to the building, sharper curves than with a radius of one foot should be avoided. It should start at one end of the building, reach the highest point follow along such highest point to the opposite end and down into the ground in the same manner as at the starting point. So called "points" should be electrically secured to the main rod and be well braced to the building, and should reach up about three or four feet above the main rod. Ornaments should be avoided. The material for such rods can now be had from all reliable hardware dealers. No patented devices are necessary and any man with ordinary mechanical ability can put up a serviceable rod.

Edward Peterson,
State Fire Marshall.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly *Scott's Emulsion* enables you to throw off a cough or cold.

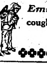

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Died At Age of 81.

Sover Quame, aged 81 years, died at the home of his son, Ole Quame, on the east side last Saturday. The funeral services were held Monday afternoon. The deceased had been a resident of the city but about two years and was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

They tell a story about a land seeker who started for Texas or some other distant district that had been painted in glooming colors by the imaginative land boomer. The land seeker hurried there as if he thought there was not enough to go around and he might be left. Several months later he drifted home minus about all he started with but driving a team of big gray mules. Asked what he had done with the bonanza farm he had started to take possession of and he said he had traded 80 acres of it for the mules. "And what did you do with the other eighty?" enquired his questioner. "Don't gimme away," was the reply, "but the feller was a tenderfoot, and when it came time to make out the deed, I run in the hul quarter section onto him."

Stole State Timber.

State Auditor Iverson last week announced the seizure in Roseau county of 10,000 feet of logs and timber, claimed to have been stolen from state lands. Prosecution of the thieves has been ordered. The logs and lumber taken were traced by a cruiser and found in the vicinity of two small portable sawmills. The confiscated property will be sold at public auction at Roseau today.

Candidate for Judge.

Horace Bagley, a former resident of this city and at present engaged in the banking and newspaper business at Towner, N. D., is a candidate for the office of the county judge of McHenry county. Mr. Bagley is an able man and his many friends here wish for his success.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

The Licensed Three-Fourths Percheron Stallion

"FRANK"

Weihgt, 1400; 4 Years Old; Color, Dapple Grey.

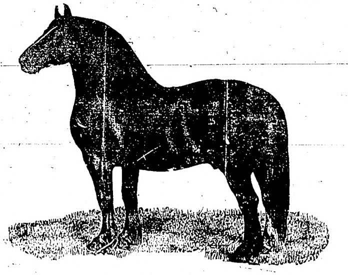

OWNED BY

J. O. Kjesbo of Brunkeberg, Minn.

Will stand at the following named places and dates during the season commencing April 13, 1908:

Mondays and Wednesdays, at Jensen's Barn, Thief River Falls.
Tuesdays, in the Town of Excel.
Thursdays, in the Town of Smiley.
Fridays, in the Town of Clover Leaf.
Saturdays, in the Town of Reiner.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Scandia House
Third door north from Langseth's.
Come in and make yourself at home.
20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.
Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

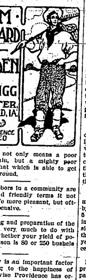

Light seed not only means a poor stand of grain, but a mighty poor showing in that which is able to get head above ground.

When neighbors in a community are on cordial and friendly terms it not only makes life more pleasant, but ofttimes less expensive.

The enriching and preparation of the soil will have very much to do with determining whether your yield of potatoes this season is 80 or 250 bushels per acre.

While money is an important factor in contributing to the happiness of home life, a wise Providence has ordained that the essential principles of happiness are entirely apart from financial considerations.

One of the excellent features about a dairy which gives a return of $600 to $900 per year is that revenue is forthcoming at stated intervals throughout the year instead of in a lump sum, as when grain or live stock is sold.

Those folks are moving too frequently whose household operations do not result in the accumulation of one rag bag, while those either do not move or clean house frequently enough in whose garrets half a dozen can be found.

Wonder if it isn't much the same instinct which causes folks to set things of questionable worth away with a possibility of their future use as causes the dog to bury in the garden an old bone from which he has gnawed every possible vestige of flesh.

There was exhibited last year at the Jamestown exposition a White Orpington hen that scored 97 points, which makes her the most ideal poultry representative of her time. An added fact of interest in connection with this particular bird is that her owners value her at close to $2,500.

That father is a poor student of boy nature who gives the lad a pig with the understanding that it is a bona fide transfer of property and then pockets the proceeds when the animal is marketed. This is a snide game of the first water, and the boy involved therein has good grounds for grievance.

While there is danger now and then that one will devote himself so exclusively to one occupation or pursuit that his faculties become warped as a result, it is quite as unwise and unsatisfactory for one to spread himself out over so many things that he doesn't amount to anything in any one of them.

Barring the first few weeks when the stomach of the calf is in a tender and sensitive condition and when no ration is so well adapted for it as at least a part whole milk, a fat forming ration can be fed in the shape of oil meal and cornmeal that is just as satisfactory and much less expensive than in the shape of butter fat in the milk.

While the state of Oklahoma is richly endowed with oil and mineral deposits, not the least valuable of her varied assets are a rich soil and genial climate, enabling her to grow bountiful crops of cereal products. Last year she produced 910,000 500-pound bales of cotton, worth not far from $50,000,000, while her 1,300,000 acres devoted to winter wheat yielded a gross revenue of not far from $25,000,000. All her resources considered, Oklahoma is one of the most favorably situated states of the whole Union.

The economy effected by the use of the separator in the dairy has been proved so many times as hardly to need further emphasis, but it is well to put the figures in black and white once in awhile. Experiments noted by the dairy department of the New York experiment station showed that in one instance the loss in butter fat as a result of setting milk in deep pans in running water amounted to one pound for every 100 pounds of milk. In the case of a cow which gave an annual yield of butter fat of 300 pounds the total loss on the basis of the above figures would amount to ninety pounds.

As the result of a gradual yet almost complete denudation of many watersheds in the Appalachian mountain system cities and agricultural lands in the territory referred to are now almost completely at the mercy of spring rains and freshets. It is conservatively estimated that the damage done in central eastern states last season alone amounted to nearly $100,000,000, while similar flood damage, if on a smaller scale, was inflicted by the freshets of February and is likely to be repeated before the season of spring rains is over. Perhaps in no other way is the pressing need of a preservation of our wooded areas being emphasized than in this terrible havoc which is being annually wrought by floods and freshets.

The fellow who this year buys seed off the cob from distant firms may be said to be monkeying with a sort of shell game, which is likely to prove a more hazardous speculation than that which gullible suckers sometimes buck up against at the county fair.

In view of the fact that an early ripening of the onion crop is of the utmost importance, so that the crop may be properly cured before cold weather comes on, the seed should be placed in the ground as soon as the soil can be worked. Both the seed and the young plants are tough and are not hurt by a freeze.

An advantage which is sometimes overlooked in the sowing of early oats is that in case clover is sown therewith the grain can be cut a week or ten days earlier, which will give the clover plants just that much time to thicken up and get well rooted before the hot and usually dry weather of the summer comes on.

It is but human nature in the hired man to kick if his work is so arranged by his employer that he is at it from 5 in the morning until 9:30 p. m. day in and day out. While even the considerate employer cannot always avoid these long hours at busy seasons of the year, he will see that they are the exception and not the rule.

It would seem to be an equitable proposition that if the railroad company is justly entitled to charge demurrage for the detention of its cars past a period of forty-eight hours, the shipper of grain and live stock is likewise entitled to damages if he is compelled to wait longer than a stated time for cars in which to market his live stock or produce.

An asset when old age comes on that is far more satisfying and comforting than a large bank account and broad acres is the esteem, respect and love of the boys and girls who have grown up in the home. This state of affairs resembles the bank account in that it does not come about by chance, but is the outgrowth and result of painstaking care and consideration.

What a fine thing it would be for a change if men could be relieved of the necessity of scratching like mad to get the wherewithal to buy grub with, if women could be relieved of the drudgery of getting said grub ready to put on the table and washing dishes, kettles and pans after it was devoured! Really this would give us a little time to get acquainted with our families and our neighbors and live a trifle.

Where the family is fond of stock soups there is probably no more economical meat that can be got for the family larder than choice soup bones or boiling pieces. The resourceful housewife will not only be able to contrive savory and palatable dishes from such cuts, but the ration she puts on the table will be nutritious as well. Lean meat that may be left over can easily be worked into a good hash with a slight re-enforcement to take the place of the nutritive elements that have been extracted in boiling.

If there is any one precaution that the owner of a dairy should take during the grazing season it is that he should not scrimp his cows on their run or supply of pasture. In just the same way as the growth of a steer will vary from 150 to 300 pounds during a six months' season, depending upon whether the pasturage is abundant or insufficient, will the dairy cow vary in her yield of milk. It takes about so much feed to supply what is called the maintenance ration. It is the amount of food above this which gives a profitable return in flesh or butter fat.

This is the time of the year when the gullible reading public, and especially those who peruse agricultural magazines, want to beware the gas bag seedman, who is already in print with his stories of yields of 1,100 bushels of potatoes, 1,000 bushels of onions, 150 bushels of corn and 120 bushels of oats to the acre. Might as well put him in the Ananias class at once and take it for granted that if he is lying about the quantity or yield which his seeds will produce he is also stretching the truth when it comes to quality and purity. Buy, rather, of some house which keeps within forty rows of apple trees of the truth.

Among the real delicacies that have been enjoyed on the writer's table this winter are home preserved string beans that possess a freshness and fineness of flavor that are but slightly inferior to those gathered fresh from the garden in July or August. The beans in question were picked, washed and cut as for immediate consumption and cooked until nearly done, when they were packed in salt at the rate of four parts beans to one of salt. Not only is the texture of the beans put up in this way crisp and firm, but the fine flavor is remarkably well preserved. Sweet corn put up in the same way is as fine as could well be.

Give the small boy of the home a garden patch this spring which he can call his own, planting the seeds, caring for the growing things and receiving the return which he can make from selling the products of it. Perhaps it is the girl and not the boy, in which case she might be given the same chance with a patch in the vegetable garden or a flower bed which she can care for as her own. The feeling of pride that comes to the child with the supervision or ownership of a thing is a most wholesome sentiment, giving it an interest in the work at hand which it would not have under any other circumstances, and should be encouraged whenever possible.

ABUSE OF PASTURES.

At a recent farmers' institute which the writer attended considerable attention was quite properly devoted to a discussion of farm pasturage, emphasis being placed especially upon the folly of overpasturing, both from the standpoint of harm done to the pasture and loss sustained by the stock raiser through having his animals insufficiently fed and as a consequence stunted in their development. One stock raiser of experience cited the following cases which had come under his own observation: One season with short pasturage a bunch of steers made a gain during the season of 120 pounds each. Estimating the animals as worth $4 per hundredweight, this meant a gain of $4.80 per head. Calling the pasturage worth $3 an acre, the rental value of the land, there was a profit of $1.80 per acre for the season. Another bunch handled by the same feeder after he had profited by his earlier experience were allowed a range of two acres each. At the end of the season they had made a gain of 330 pounds per head. Being thrifty and of better quality, these last brought $4.50 per hundredweight, a total gain during the season of $14.85. Subtracting the cost of pasturage, $6 per head for the two acres, leaves a net gain of $8.85 per head and a net return on each acre of $4.42. While there might be many cases in which the results would not *be so striking* as in the instances cited, the underlying truth involved is one that every stock feeder should think over carefully. Added to the handicap of pastures being overstocked are often found the other abuses of turning stock on to them in the spring before they get a fair start and of allowing them to be pastured too late in the fall. With proper handling there is no piece of land on the average farm that can be made to give a larger return than a good pasture, and this, too, with the expenditure of practically no labor and with the exhaustion of none of its fertility, but rather an increasing of it. If a pasture gets a good start in the spring and is strong, it will carry two cattle for every three acres. If more than this number are put on, it will quite likely result in financial loss at the end of the season.

GOOD MONEY IN POULTRY.

A Pennsylvania schoolmaster living not far from Philadelphia owns a forty acre farm near that metropolis which gives him a larger income than he receives in his capacity as pedagogue. Sixteen acres are devoted to growing potatoes and fourteen to corn, while the remaining ten are given over to the raising of poultry. On this plot he aims to keep from 1,000 to 1,200 laying hens the year round, which give him an annual income of about $3,500. He never keeps a hen over a year old and sells all cockerels that he does not need for his own use at three months old. He raises White Leghorns exclusively and has a contract with a leading Philadelphia hotel which gives him 50 per cent above prevailing market prices on his entire egg output on condition that he is to receive nothing at all for any case of 360 eggs in which a bad or stale egg is found. He aims to give his hens fresh clover pasture all of the year possible and enough range so that they are always clean. He buys yearly the best representatives of the breed that he can find and selects the best layers from his own flocks for his breeding pens. His success is due not only to thoroughbred poultry, but the best in the way of poultry houses and conveniences and thoroughbred care.

SEED GERMINATION.

A nearby reader of these notes writes inquiring what is the lowest temperature that will properly germinate tested seed corn. In reply to our correspondent we would say that, while we have never made a germinating test at varying temperatures and have never read reports of such a test, it will not be difficult to give him the information that he really desires. In seed germination of any kind it is well to keep in mind that in addition to moisture and a seed bed a certain amount of heat is required to wake the sleeping germ to life. In the testing of seed corn it is best where possible to have about the same temperature prevail that would normally exist when the seed were placed in the open ground at planting time. While such temperature varies with different seasons, with different days and from night to day, it would probably run from 60 to 75 degrees F. A further fact that should be kept in mind is that, while the best seed would show little germinating power below 50 degrees, seed that are dead of or weak vitality will not make a respectable showing at any temperature. We believe that it would be safe to say that 60 degrees is the lowest temperature at which seed corn could be given a fair and satisfactory test.

MAN MORE THAN METHOD

It seems to be the consensus of opinion that in the care and management of the public roads, while a great deal depends upon the system which is followed, even more depends upon the individuals in whose hands are placed the administering of the road laws and the superintendence of the road work. This was given emphasis in a recent farmers' institute which the writer attended, it being agreed that better road work was done under the old system of paying the tax in days' work with competent supervision than under the present cash system in case the road work was placed in careless or indifferent hands. Where good superintendence is to be had under both circumstances the cash system is generally viewed as preferable.

F.E.Trigg

CAPITAL, $30,000.00

People's State Bank.

FOR YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

Save part of your income regularly and deposit your savings in the Peoples State Bank. Your money will be earning interest for you, working while you work but also while you rest. Get the Bank back of you, and your business will expand more rapidly.

We furnish pass books and checks free of charge. If you make your payments in checks you have a record which can not be disputed.

We have money to loan on Real Estate. We write insurance on City and farm property.

People's State Bank.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure.* We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

The News, $1 Per Year.

HE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Johnson and Bryan Democrats of Crookston are going to have a battle royal at the primaries this spring.

Dick O'Conner, of St. Paul, says that the Democrats of Minnesota, North Dakota and other northwestern states are not Democrats at all, but Populists, and that is the reason they are opposing Governor Johnson and supporting Bryan.

Predictions sent out from Wall street are to the effect that the rise in the prices of stocks is likely to be rather slow and devoid of sensational jumps between now and next fall. One needn't be much of a predictor to be able to put forth such predictions.

There have been 264 delegates elected to the National Republican convention. Of this number 194 are instructed for Taft, 16 for Cannon, 26 for Fairbanks, and 28 uninstructed. It surely looks as though the claims of the Taft managers that the big secretary will be nominated on the first ballot will be good.

Joel P. Heatwole last week announced that he was a candidate for governor and comes out upon a platform that all would support. The trouble with Heatwole, however, is that for years he was one of the agents of the railroads in this state, and his conversion to the cause of the people has been of too short duration.

O. W. Stanton, of International Falls, was last week appointed district judge by Gov. Johnson to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Spooner. The appointment was an excellent one and gives general satisfaction to the people of that Judicial district. Mr. Stanton will remove to Bemidji and make his home.

It is thought in New York that Alfred G. Vanderbilt and his wife have separated. This supposition has come into existence because of the fact that Alfred has visited his mother-in-law only four or five times during the last year. How often must a New York man visit his mother-in-law in order to remain on good terms with his wife?

Hendrum Review: That the big reductions in the salaries of railway employes is a bluff of the railway magnates for political effect, is the opinion of most people. Just what the game is, is not apparent, but no doubt it is for the purpose of creating times, so as to discredit Roosevelt's administration and place a corporation tool in the presidential chair as his successor.

In speaking of the candidacy of Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, as a delegate from the Ninth district to the National Republican convention, the St. Hilaire Spectator says: "There is probably no man in this congressional district more entitled to recognition than he, and he has a host of friends who will naturally aid him in the fight. If elected there is no question but that he will cast his vote for Taft.

North Dakota Democrats did a very unfriendly act last week when they instructed their delegates to the national convention to vote for Bryan first, last and all the time, and would not even endorse Gov. Johnson as second choice. It is now assured that over three fourths of the Democrats will be instructed for Bryan and his nomination is assured. Gov. Johnson is a good clean man, but the fact that the Wall street interests have been his main supporters is reason enough why he cannot expect to secure the support of neighboring states.

International Falls Echo: There are two little words, simple enough in themselves, that introduce untold trouble in this world and are responsible for more gossip, scandal and harm than any other two words in the English language. These two words are nothing more than "they say." They have done more to ruin reputation than all other things. If you never quote what "they say," you may be quite sure you will never be a gossip.

Both Otter Tail and Clay Counties have candidates for delegates to the national Republican convention from the Ninth district. Clearwater county has two candidates—only one of which of course will be present—while Red Lake county will present Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire. It has always been the custom to select one delegate from the northern part of the district and one from the southern. We believe that Mr. Patterson has an excellent show of success. There is surely no better man in the Ninth district to represent the Republicans.

Clearwater county has two candidates for delegates to the Republican National Convention, both from Bagley, in the persons of Oscar Barness and A. L. Kaiser. We are not in a position to name the winner; But we predict that if Oscar goes after the honor that he will give "Bismark" the run of his life.—Clearwater Journal.

Clearwater county is the smallest county in the Ninth district with the exception of Mahnomen. It can hardly expect to elect two delegates, and there is nothing sure that it will land even one.

Congressman De Armond of Missouri last week proposed that as the Philippines didn't seem to be of much value to the United States we might turn them into a nursery for the raising of homegrown nobles for American heiresses. He inquired amid laughter and applause, "Why not raise in the Philippines, instead of importing, the necessary quantum of barons and dukes and counts and other titled bipeds?" In this case, there would be a domestic industry organized, against which there could be no objection. There would be no trouble in negotiating with our own homemade dukes. We could fix our own tariff rates and determine what we should pay for the privilege of exporting to the Philippines such of our daughters as we would desire to part with and to accompany with a right handsome dot.

Aitkin Age: "If all men had too much education to wear overalls and use tools, what would the world be?" asks a tradesman in the Duluth Herald discussing the present labor troubles in that city. Here we are again confronted with the supposition that education divorces men from "wearing overalls and using tools." Education is a curse rather than a blessing when looked upon in this light, and not until education is obtained for the purpose of making intelligent and more efficient workmen will it have reached its proper usefulness. There is no more honest money made than that paid for a hard day's work, and the workman who can go to his bed at night having produced something useful by the day's efforts is not only a benefactor to the world, but is pretty sure to have a strong body and healthy mind.

Died of Consumption.

Mrs. Ben Amberson, wife of an employe at the Soo round house, died on Monday Morning of Consumption. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon. The deceased was 35 years of age and besides her husband leaves three small children. A young son died a few months ago.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

Star.

C. J. Ekwall, formerly a prominent citizen of St. Hilaire, but now school clerk of district No. 56, Town of Star makes a "suggestion" in last weeks' "Eleven Towns" that does not suggest. Mr. Ekwall contributed ninty one cents towards state, county, town and school funds as taxes for 1907 and the citizens of the town of Star admit that he has a perfect right to "suggest," and if he has anything under his hat that bothers him.—Out with it.

Ole O. Sundsdahl submitted a bid for the daily mail route from Erie to Kratka, and we hope that he will be successful.

The town board of Star held a meeting March 31, and appointed a road overseer and transacted other business.

B. G. Walker is expected out here on the first electric car leaving Thief River Falls.

Christ Lenson, of Anton, a cattle buyer and cream separator agent, postmaster and merchant, bought a carload of cattle in this neighborhood last week.

A. D. Brown, of Little Oak, expects to attend court at Red Lake Falls and on his return will know whether he is married or single.

The farmers in the town of Star have the lumber trust skinned, and it is a poor day for logs when they can't keep four saw mills going. Quite a few have as high as 12,000 feet piled in their yards.

When we knew Bill McGinty he was a cattle rustler, wonder if he will remember us after he gets to be sheriff.

The only bridge W. G. Hunt is in need of is across the "bloody chasm" between himself and Lattimore. The editor of the Sunbeam should pack his outfit over to Highlanding, thereby saving the state and country the expense of a bridge and in addition be a useful citizen of a live place.

Your correspondent interviewed Mr. Johnson, the sheep king, etc., regarding a manure spreader recently purchased by him at Thief River Falls, and Mr. Johnson states that the way the manure rolls off the dash board reminds him of H. W. Lee, addressing the municipal court in the laundry case.

Germantown.

A solicitor for the Universal Stock Cabinet company of Minneapolis, was up last week enrolling members to the company's correspondence course in veterenary science.

Dommer brothers lost a valuable horse last week.

Chris. Moen was up last week, and while here disposed of his land at this place. Mr. Moen is one of the old time settlers and has been absent for the last five years at different points on the Pacific Coast and in Alaska.

Vaughan Bros. & Co. are preparing to build an addition to their store this spring, making it 30 feet more in length the old quarters not being large enough for the increasing business.

Next Wednesday will occur the marriage of Ed Klappenbech to Miss Christina Clauson, daughter of Mrs. Frank Kainz, at the home of the bride. The contracting parties are both well known in the community, the bride being one of the popular young ladies of the country who with her folks have made this their home for the last ten years. The groom is one of our substantial farmers. We take pleasure in wishing the happy couple a pleasant future.

Sandridge.

Winter has been hanging on long but that does not say we will have a late spring. At this writing the weather is much warmer and it looks as if the change for spring weather has come.

Mrs. Hanson has had a light attack of scarlet fever and they were quarantined for a short time.

Ole J. Moen has purchased R. L. Olson's team of horses.

Elef Eich has rented R. L. Olson's farm for the season.

Carl Engebretson had the misfortune to loose one of the oxen he purchased this winter.

One of the Rolland Bros. was out here Saturday looking for fat stock.

Martin Tunheim drove past here with a carload of cattle. He said he had to quit the Great Northern on account of the long delays in trains.

Hilmer Gaife is working at Hanson's at present.

Engebretson Bros. sold a team of horses recently in Thief River Falls.

Farmers around here are commencing to talk telephone business. It would be a good thing to have all right.

Clara LaBree Dead.

News has been received in the city of the death of Mrs. George Radce, formerly Miss Clara LaBree, who died at her home at Seattle, Wash., on the 27th of March of hemorage of the lungs. The deceased was born in Thief River Falls twenty six years ago, being a daughter of John LaBree, the pioneer citizen of this section. She was the twin sister of Mrs. John Rogers, of this city and a sister of W. J. LaBree and Mrs. Steve Waring, also of this city. The other brothers and sisters reside in the west.

About Quality

From the day this store was opened to the public we have been conducting a campaign of higher education on clothing, and it is gratifying for us to know that once a man has purchased from us, he learns the value of quality as we expound it and not only comes here for his future needs but recommends us to his friends. We do not and never will advertise anything but facts, we do not offer garments at prices which must mean misrepresentation, and furthermore we guarantee every garment to be exactly as presented, not only at the time you purchase it, but for all times.

Wilson Clothing Co.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending March, 21, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Bushee, Miss Maggie.
Blomquist, J. O.
Johnson, Kristian.
Katoley E. L.
Lee, P. A.
Monson, L. S.
Marser, Lowis.
Minnis, Almon.
Olson, Miss Emma.
Olson, Miss Carolina.
Peterson, Mrs. Lina.
Soderberg, Hilder.
Ingeborg Pederson—Returned, from Norway.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

What Might Have Been.

Lord Rosebery in an address at Glasgow university some years ago gave utterance to the following interesting speculation:

"Had the elder Pitt when he became prime minister not left the house of commons he could doubtless have induced George III. to listen to reason, introduced American representation into parliament and preserved the thirteen colonies to England. The new blood of America would have burst the old vessels of the constitution and provided a self adjusting system of representation. There would have been no war of separation, no war of 1812, and finally, when the Americans became a majority, the empire would perhaps have moved solemnly across the Atlantic and Britain become a historic shrine, the European outpost of the empire."

The Roman Forum.

The Forum Romanum, the first that was erected in Rome, served equally for the purposes of trade and all public meetings as well as for the administration of justice by the consuls and other Roman magistrates. Later on, when the fora numbered some eighteen or twenty, they were divided into two classes, some for public meetings and the proceedings of the law courts and others for the various requirements of trade. The Roman forum corresponded to the agora, or market place, of the Greeks, and no Roman city was without this important center of judicial, political and commercial life.—New York American.

Subscribe for the News.

Where Idols Are Eaten.

At certain seasons in some parts of India it is the duty of every devout person to eat a special sort of confectionery. Every confectioner in October, for instance, has a pole about six feet high at his door, and to this is nailed a great hook about a foot long and thick in proportion. On one side of this is a brisk fire, with a huge earthen pan on it. Before the pan a man may be seen sitting, for nobody stands when he can sit, with a kind of wooden ladle, and with this he briskly stirs a quantity of bubbling, black looking sugar till it becomes quite tough. He then scrapes it together and puts it on a piece of board to cool a little, and then, getting up and dexterously throwing it on the large hook, he begins to pull out the tough substance. He draws it out to the length of four or five feet at a time and throws it back and elongates it again, and so he manipulates it till the mass becomes as white as snow. This composition so treated is manufactured in all sorts of sacred forms—figures of little idols and gods—and is eagerly bought for consumption.—Strand Magazine.

Ink Froze on the Pen.

The winter of 1683-4 in Europe still holds its place as one of the most severe and remarkable on record. So tremendous was the cold that trees split asunder with deafening reports. The strangest sight of all was on the Thames. Here on more than a foot thickness of ice a thoroughgoing town of streets was erected. There were tailors' shops, butchers' shops, tobacconists, printers and, indeed, many other businesses all being carried on as if they had stood there for years.

Writing anywhere but near a large fire was impossible, as the ink froze in pot and on the pen, whole barrels of liquids were frozen solid and wine was sold in one pound blocks. New bread on being taken out of the oven would immediately stiffen and become solid. There were hundreds of deaths from the cold, and throughout the frost the poor suffered miserably.—Pearson's Weekly.

A report which we have seen circulated, but not yet verified, is that Iowa farmers are taking advantage of the excessively high prices of butter by selling their entire product at top notch New York prices and are importing for their own use oleomargarine from the Chicago packing houses. The writer is disposed to brand this as fiction, as Iowa farmers possess a reputation for good sense as well as a desire to make money in dairying. If the charge is true in any sense, it is probably the folks who don't have any cows at all that are lubricating their flapjacks with oleomargarine.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell or Mortgage Land.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson and Caroline Mork and all persons interested in the sale or mortgage of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of H. Christianson as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interest of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold or mortgaged and praying that a license be to H. Christianson granted to sell or mortgage the same.

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of April, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 31st day of March 1908.

(Court Seal.) N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.

Apr. 2-16

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to H. Christianson.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof, and that Monday, the 28th day of September, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant,
(Probate Court Seal) Judge of Probate.

Apr. 2-16.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to [illegible] Robinson, William Robinson and Jesse Jackson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said court, this [illegible] day of March [illegible]

(Seal) N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

Apr. 2-16. G. K. Fargo,
Attorney [illegible]

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

HAVE YOUR
EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN AT
BORRY'S GALLERY

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	92c
Oats	40c
Flax	$1 03
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Bertie Backe went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Louis Hanson was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Anton Langseth went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Charles W. Latta was up from Plummer the first of the week.

Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week.

200 bushels of seed oats for sale by, H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Mayor T. P. Hamre went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Editor Bakke, of the Newfolden Review, was in the city Tuesday.

Alderman Forder was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ole Omlid, of Erie, was in the city Monday and made the News office a call.

Tom Lewis, of Esplee, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

John Vad, of Germantown, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a call.

J. Bjorkheel was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

J. O. Kjesbo, of Brunkeberg, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Mike Fricker, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday, attending to business matters.

Rev. Smith was up to Badger the first of the week holding services in the M. E. church there.

C. E. Smith, of Holt, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

—For Rent—Eight room house, second door north of Park Hotel. Inquire of M. C. Burns.

Ben Christienson was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton left Monday for New York to spend ten days on a pleasure trip.

A. H. Baker, one of the substantial farmers living out near Brunkeberg, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

W. J. LaBree was up to Strathcona last week and reports that thriving little place as enjoying quite a boom. The new creamery is nearly completed, a new hotel is being erected and the Great Northern has promised to build a depot and install an agent.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Fred Niclai was up north on the Greenbush line this week, selling his popular brand of cigars.

Adolph Schlausser came up from Minneapolis last week to spend a few days visiting old friends.

F. T. Satre, of the town of Rocksbury, was up to Sandridge the first of the week attending an auction sale.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston the first of the week, attending to some legal business.

Dr. Newel was up to Middle River Monday looking after a horse that had been injured in a runaway.

Services in the Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10:30. English services in the evening at 7:45

The suit of Henry Diebel against George Diebel and R. B. Laingo was settled out of court last week.

Nick Eckstein, the genial Wylie merchant, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the Silverton congregation meets with Mrs. Henry Hanson April 8th at 1 o'clock P. M.

Joseph Dostol, one of the settlers living out near Erie, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a call.

Mrs. James Bulman and Miss Maude Newberry spent Saturday and Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with friends.

Miss Ramstad returned to Fargo Monday to resume her studies in the North Dakota State Agricultural school.

Wm. Miller, of Vinton, Iowa, who has large real estate holdings in this section, was in the city last week visiting C. J. Knox.

A. L. Tainter, of Hawley, arrived in the city Tuesday to look the town over with a view of making an investment here.

Chris Amundson, who had spent several weeks in St. Paul visiting relatives, returned to this city last week.

Misses Sophia and Emilie Lee, of Barnesville, who had been in the city visiting their uncle, Nels Lee, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Nels Lee, who had been at Warren receiving medical treatment, returned to this city last Saturday greatly improved in health.

Will Doege, who had spent the winter at Walverton, Minn., returned to this city last Saturday.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

P. N. Peterson, of Stone, was in the city last Saturday. His little girl had a bad case of scarlet fever this winter but is now entirely well.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Newberry & Bulman, the liverymen, last week received a handsome new automobile. The machine has a seating capacity of four and is one of the best machines ever brought to Thief River Falls.

Sheriff O. J. Anderson, of Hallock, was in the city the first of the week having in his custody Axel Anderson, of Warren, who was taken to Karlstad to answer to the charge of passing worthless checks.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Those who enjoy a good wholesome comedy, presented by a company of capable players, will have their desire gratified when Margaret Minton will be the attraction in her new play "Panama" a story of the great canal.

Reports from Beaudette are to the effect that Joe Juneau, a former well known resident of this city, was married recently to a woman of that place and is now engaged in running a boarding house and saloon up there.

Mayor John C. Chase, of Haverhill, Mass., the first Socialist ever elected mayor of an American city, will be in Thief River Falls on the evening of April 9 to deliver a lecture. The local Socialists are making plans for a large meeting.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Henry Diebel went down to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

James Bulman returned yesterday from Red Lake Falls.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Carl Habeduck, one of the substantial farmers living up at Germantown, was in the city last week and did not forget to call at the News office.

B. A. Sardal, a law student from Minneapolis, arrived in the city last week and has entered the office of Attorney G. Halvorson as an assistant.

Rober Lane, who had been here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lane, of Kratka, returned to his home at Evansville, Minn., last Friday.

The spring opening at the Golden Rule store Saturday was attended by thousands of people. The store was crowded all the afternoon and evening.

Arthur Morrisey, the 21 year old son of James E. Morrisey, of Crookston, fell from a building at McGhee, Ark; the first of the week and was instantly killed.

Oscar Hovelsen, one of the genial and bright young settlers living up near Germantown, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Laugh and forget your troubles at the merry capers of "Tuesday" as played by Margaret Minton, in her new play "Panama" which comes to the opera house for one night Saturday, April 4th.

Among the jurors drawn for the federal term of court to be held in Minneapolis on the 6th of April is the name "C. L. Dobner, of Thief River Falls." Mr. Dobner is now a resident of Montana and ofcourse will not have to serve.

Do not forget that dainty little Margaret Minton and her clever company of nine people are here only for one night at the opera house Saturday, April 4th, in the succesful new comedy drama "Panama," a story of the great canal.

Margaret Minton's new play, "Panama" the next attraction at the Opera House Saturday, April 4th is conceded to be one of the best comedy dramas of the present season. It contains a well told story and is presented by an exceptional clever company.

A call has been issued for the Democratic county convention. It is to be held in Thief River Falls on Saturday May 6th. A total 113 delegates will be entitled to seats in the convention. Thief River Falls will have 21 delegates, Red Lake Falls, 14 and St. Hilaire 3.

The Young Peoples Society of our congregation living in the city meets with Christ Thompson April 3rd at 7:30 P. M. All our young people are cordially invited.

I. T. Aastad,
Pastor.

County Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city last week attending to the duties of his office. Mr. McAnulty says that he will probably be a candidate again. There are rumors of other candidates for this office, which under the present law is quite a lucrative one.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land, 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

Farmer's build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

An old proverb says that every man in going through this world carries two packs. The one in front is stuffed with the faults of his neighbors: the one behind with his own. And this just means that while he readily sees all the faults of his neighbors he does not see his own. In other words he thinks he has none.—Ex.

A southern Minnesota women, against her husband's advice, went into the dairying business, assuming independent financial responsibility, buying the cows milking them and getting the cream to market, managing the entire venture herself, and in five years not only paid the mortgage on her husband's farm, but bought the adjoining 160 acres.

Alex A. Sweaas is determined to take part in the purifying of Thief River Falls and has accepted the agency for the sale of Diozo in the city. Diozo disinfects and purifies the air, and Mr. Sweaas believes that if he sells enough of this new invention that there will be no need for certain of our citizens and the health officer being at sword's point.

All the stations between Moorhead and Crookston are to have their telegraph instruments removed, except at at Halstad. On the Ada line, Ada will be the only telegraph station and on the St. Vincent branch only Warren and Stephen will have operators. The stations are to be placed in the care of custodians, except a few of the smallest ones, which will be closed. This means a reduction of from $75 to $90 down to $40 per month. The operators will probably be given positions elsewhere, as the 8 hour day will make room for more men at the larger centers.

PURE FOOD
GROCERY.

Cocoanut Bulk per lb.	18
Prunes, California per lb.	12½
Apples, choice evaporated per lb.	12½
Salmon, choice Chinook per lb can	15
Codfish, shredded per can	12½
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Mazall, Fresh and crisp 3 for	25
Syrup, pure maple ½ gal.	75
Pancake Flour 6 lb. sack	30
Coffee fresh roasted per lb.	15

Come in and get acquainted, we will treat you right.

DOOK & NELSON
Successors to M. Bothun
Phone No. 115 3rd St.

SHOES

The time is now coming when you need to buy a good pair of shoes. Our stock is now quite complete, and we can show you the best shoes money can buy at popular prices. We carry the largest assortment and strongest lines in the city. Here are some of our leading brands;

Ladies fine shoes, Duttenfofer shoes, Price,	$2.50 to $3.00
Ladies Godman shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and Children's Buster Brown shoes Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and children's Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Boy's Buster Brown and Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.90 to $2.50
Men's Mason Hand-Made shoes, Price,	$3.00 to $6.00
Men's Fine shoes, the Crawford line, Price,	$3.50 to $5.00

We also handle the Copeland and Ryder high top shoes for men, nothing better if you want to keep your feet dry, and get a shoe that will wear longer than any other make.

Our ladies Oxfords are coming in daily. Call on us before buying and we can convince you we give the best shoes for the money in the city.

Langseth Mercantile Co

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. Dan Bjorkman last Saturday.

Wanted—Girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. G. A. Penney.

See Olson Bros. & Co. for Cedar posts and all kinds of cord wood.

Rolland Blanchard left yesterday for Thompson, N. D., to work on a farm until next fall.

Mrs. Blanchard, the librarian, reports that the quarterly circulation of the books was 2,087.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. G. Halvorson, to morrow afternoon, Friday April 3.

M. V. Evenson, P. P. Hamre, H. P. Spoonheim, J. T. Aastad, D. B. Bakke and H. O. Skagen went down to Crookston last evening.

Chas. Newberry, the liveryman, had the misfortune to break his arm last Tuesday evening while starting up the gasoline engine which operates his automobile.

It is said that Joe Wessel, a traveling man well known in Thief River Falls, is to be appointed a member of the State Game and Fish commission by Gov. Johnson.

A number of new books are to be purchased for the library in the near future. Those desiring to see any certain books purchased are requested to leave a list with the librarian.

The United Lutheran church will hold services next Sunday, both morning and evening in the Evenson Hall. Mr. Strom from Foston will speak. All are cordially invited. Olaf M. Wangensteen, Pastor.

Alfred Eve, who recently proved up on a claim up near Highlanding, was quietly leaving for South Dakota this week leaving a number of unpaid bills behind. An order for his appearance before Court Commissioner Johnson was secured and Mr. Eve was made to tell of his wealth. No information of benefit to Mr. Eve's creditors was gained and the end is not yet.

"Panama" a story of the great canal, the new play in which Miss Margaret Minton is being featured this season, is one of the few dramatic successes of the year. The plot of the play, which is laid in the canal zone, is consistent and interesting, interwoven with bright dialogue and clever comedy, and contains a dainty love story. Elaborate special scenery, specially arranged music, and new mechanical effects are a few of the many features that has made "Panama" one of the exceptional attractions of the season. This pleasing production will be seen here at the opera house Saturday, April 4th. Reserved seats may be had at Stebbins Drug Store.

The Health Department Muddle.

There has been a great deal of talk in the city of late regarding violations—or alleged violations—of the rules and laws governing the local board of health. The matter came to a head yesterday when County Attorney Germo, of Red Lake Falls, and Justice of the Peace Jens Nelson came to Thief River Falls and caused a warrant to be issued for the arrest of Municipal Judge J. M. Bishop charging him with violating the quarantine laws and resisting the health officer. Three other prominent citizens are to be arrested as soon as the Bishop case is disposed of. The trial of Judge will be at 2 o'clock today and next week the News hopes to give a full account of the trial.

Bijou Theater.

As seen last night and the same program to-night Allibaba is a wonderful adaptation of the well known story, teeming with interest, pathetic and beautiful, with magnificent spectacular effects. This subject the management takes pleasure to recommend very highly as the most beautiful film ever produced in this city for its photographic quality and sustaining interest.

Edison's film, "The Trainer's Daughter," or "A Race for Love. This film was taken at the Chicago track and the race is very exciting. Miss Elsa Robbecke will sing the beautiful pictured melody, "I'd Live or I Would Die for You."

Entire change of program Friday, as usual. Miss Robbecke will sing, "The Heart You Lost in Maryland, You'll find in Tennessee.

A Socialist Lecturer.

The local Socialists have secured Ex-Mayor John C. Chase of Haver Hill Mass. for a lecture on Socialism in the City Hall on April 9th at 8 P. M.

Mr. Chase has the distinction of having been the first Socialist Mayor of any American city.

Mr. Chase has had a wide experience in platform work, and he is generally spoken of as a typical, Yankee Orator, plain, practical and methodical, with just sufficient dry humor to add spice to his forcible and interesting remarks.

He is regarded as one of the most effective speakers now touring the country for the Socialist party, and all those who desire to know more about the Socialist movement, should attend this meeting.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to attend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed. G. Holm.

The Salvation Army.

The Salvation Army is actively engaged in preparing for its annual week of Self Denial, which has now become an established custom throughout the world. The dates fixed are April 19th to 26th. Last year the Army raised a princely sum by this means, which enabled it to pursue its Missionary, Spiritual and social work with uninterrupted success.

Few persons seem to realize what a vast and world-wide movement this has become. These modern crusaders have now more than 15,715 officers under their banners, working in some fifty-four different countries and colonies, and in their own energetic way they are preaching the Gospel to the poor in about thirty different languages. It appears from their recent returns that the following countries and colonies have been invaded: Great Britain, France, Sweden, Finland, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Switzerland, Denmark, Norway, Gibraltar, Italy, Iceland, Malta, India, Ceylon, Java, Japan, Cape Colony, Natal, Orange Free State, Zululand, Mashonaland, Bechuanland Transvaal, St. Helena, United States, Canada, New Fondland, Argentine, Uruguay, Bermuda, Hawaii, Jamaica, British Guiana, Victoria New South Wales, Greenland, South Australia, West Australia, New Zealand and Tasmania.

Special expeditions are expected for China, and the native population of South Africa.

Of Social Institutions the Army has now a vast network numbering in all about 786.

The Army will adopt some very self-sacrificing measures in order to raise the amount of money agreed upon. Every member, as well as friends of the movement, is being requested to abstain from any articles of food or clothing which may be considered in the least degree luxurious are unnecessary, and many officers are even denying themselves of that which many of us are apt to regard as absolute necessitie, in order that they may contribute something to the common fund.

That the effort will meet with success goes without saying, and there is no doubt that the friends of the movement recognize the vast amount of good already accomplished, will not fail it afford their practial recognition when the proper time arrives.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

CRYSTAL GAZING.

If You Want to Try It, This Will Tell You How to Proceed.

Having satisfied myself that some people really would see hallucinatory pictures in a glass ball or in water, I examined the ethnological side of the question. I found by studying works of travel and anthropology that many savage and barbarous races gaze into water, polished basalt, rock crystals, and so on, for the purpose of seeing distant events, foreseeing the future, detecting criminals, and so forth. It does not seem to me credible that so many and so widely separated peoples should agree with ancient Greeks and the races of western Europe in staring away if they did not see hallucinatory pictures. So I believe that some people do see them. Nor is this fact now denied by professors of psychology.

I have never been able to foresee from character, complexion, habit of mind and other indications what persons would prove capable of descrying even fancy pictures in a glass ball. The best gazers of my acquaintance, those who hit on pictures coincidental with actual events unknown to them or with the secret thoughts of a companion, are both of them not unfamiliar with other curious experiences. But I have tried with the glass ball two or three other friends who have seen what are vulgarly called "ghosts" in haunted houses, and in the glass ball they can see nothing, while people who never saw ghosts do see "coincidental" pictures in a glass ball.

If any readers care to make experiments, they can begin by purchasing a ball, or, of course, a glass jug of water will do, or even a teaspoonful of ink, in some cases, but both are inconvenient and may spill. Having got the ball, it is best to go alone into a room, sit down with the back to the light, place the ball at a just focus in the lap on a dark dress or a dark piece of cloth, try to exclude reflections, think of anything you please and stare for five minutes, say, at the ball. That is all. If after two or three trials you see nothing in the way of pictures in the ball, you will probably never succeed.—Andrew Lang.

Circumstantial Evidence.

During a discussion in regard to circumstantial evidence a lawyer told of a remarkable case which, he said, appears in the Virginia reports. It was this:

A man was discovered drawing a knife from the prostrate form of another man near a roadside. The witnesses rushed upon him and took the weapon from him. It was still dripping with the warm blood of the victim. He was accused of the murder, but asserted his innocence. He claimed that he had happened along the road but a few moments before and saw his alleged victim struggling with another man. Before he could come up the unknown had driven his knife home and had fled into some brush close by. Seeing the knife still in the breast of the fallen man, he stooped over and drew it forth just as his accusers came on the scene. That was his story. The knife being identified as the property of the accused, no credence whatever was placed in his tale. He was tried, convicted and hanged.

A year later the man who had really committed the crime while on his deathbed confessed that he was the murderer and told how he had stolen the knife from the innocent man who had been sent to the gallows.

A Perfect Marriage.

Most people know and admire the work of the versatile William Blake, poet and artist, but few people know the story of his perfect marriage, for a perfect marriage it was indeed. In 1780 Blake fell in love with a pretty girl called Clara Woods, but she did not care for him, and the blow was a severe one to the impressionable young man. He left London and took up his abode at Richmond, where he lodged with a nursery gardener named Boucher. Mr. Boucher had a beautiful daughter, Catherine, and she became the confidant of the poet's love affair, and her generous sympathy so cheered Blake's mental sufferings that he gradually fell in love with the gentle girl. His affection was warmly returned, and Catherine Boucher married William Blake on Aug. 18, 1782. It was an ideal union. The young husband took a delight in teaching his wife, who was all eagerness to learn, and the modest gardener's daughter became eventually a cultured woman, who was an ardent hero worshiper of her clever husband and who cheered his life more than any one else could. Mrs. Blake learned to color her husband's drawings and was extraordinarily adept in the work.

Discovery of Osteopathy.

"The man who discovered osteopathy was a great sufferer from headache," aid a man who claims to know. "He ried every remedy on earth almost, ut could get no permanent relief. One ay he had a terrible headache and rent out into his front yard to lie under the shade of a big tree and rest his hrobbing head on the cooling grass. uspended from a limb of the tree was rope swing used by the children. he man lay under this swing for while and finally put the rope under is head to act as a support. In a few oments he was surprised and pleased find that his headache was much etter. In half an hour the pain had one. He began an investigation. He scovered that the rope swing pressed n the nerve in the back of the head. his pressure stopped the headache. 'ith more study he decided that many ains could be relieved if nerves could given the proper treatment—a mas ge. He started an osteopathic school d has made a grand success."—ville Tennessean.

THE FIRST INDUSTRY.

Problems of the Farm Curiously Ignored by the Ancients.

Why agriculture, the first industry to be learned and so obviously the most fundamental, was the last to be developed is one of the most baffling mysteries of history. One marvels at it afresh as one stands before a certain glass case in the Egyptian quarter of the British museum, wherein is a little group of farm utensils—a fractured wooden plow, a rusted sickle, two sticks tied together with a leathern thong and several tassels that had hung on the horns of oxen. To be sure, these implements were used 3,000 years ago—they were found in the tomb of Seti I.—but one remembers that when Egypt was using these bread tools, no better than those of the barbarians about her, she had a most elaborate government, an army and navy and art and literature.

The records and relics of other nations down through history show the same strange incongruity. For thousands of years the wise men of the world absolutely ignored the problems of the farm. A farmer remained either a serf or a tenant. He was a stolid drudge—"brother to the ox." Even the masterful old pilgrim fathers had no plows at all—nothing but hoes and sharp sticks—for the first twelve years of their pioneering.

And therefore for thousands of years there was hunger.—Everybody's Magazine.

LORD KELVIN'S SUMS.

Slips of an Absentminded Dentist in Simple Arithmetic.

Great scientist though he was, the late Lord Kelvin sometimes failed to do simple addition or subtraction sums correctly. Once on a blackboard at Glasgow university he made two and two five and, hearing the delighted laughter of the class, hastily altered the five to a three. On another occasion he said, "Seven times nine, Mr. Macfarlane, are a hundred and what?" (Pause.) "But, no," continued the scientist, "seven times nine cannot be a hundred and anything, for the square of a hundred is ten."

How he nearly lost his life through his devotion to science was told by Lord Kelvin himself in the house of lords some years ago. He was engaged in testing certain chemical ingredients which could be safely mixed together in particular proportions, but which became a highly explosive mixture if the weight of one element was exceeded. His assistant in adjusting the difference between the decimal system and ordinary troy weight measured out a quantity which would have meant certain death to both and was just adding it to the mortar when Lord Kelvin noticed the mistake.

Explosive Force of Water.

Water, looked upon as the tamest of liquids, is as great an explosive as dynamite under certain conditions. In one day water breaks up more earth and rock than all the gunpowder, gun cotton and dynamite in the world do in a year. These explosives can be controlled by human agency, but water does not hold itself accountable to man. It runs into the ground, freezes, expands and splits the soil into little pieces. Finding a crack in a huge rock, it repeats the same process, forcing it asunder. If frozen in the pores of a tree it often explodes with a report like a gunshot and the force of a dynamite bomb.—Popular Mechanics.

Funny Thing About Jersey.

The policeman who usually guards the Broadway and Dey street corner, but who is now off on sick leave as a result of trying to stop a runaway horse, was in a reminiscent mood.

"All sorts of people pass the corner," he said. "One day I missed a German porter who was in the habit of stopping to speak to me every day. A few days later he reappeared, and I asked him where he had been.

"'Over in Jersey,' he replied.

"'What part of Jersey?' I asked.

"'I don't know,' replied the German. 'Funny thing 'bout them towns over in Jersey. They all have different names.'"—New York Globe.

Disqualified.

"I should like to be excused, your lordship," said a man who had been summoned on a jury.

"What for?"

"I owe a man £5, and I want to hunt him up and pay it."

"Do you mean to tell this court you would hunt up a man to pay a bill instead of waiting for him to hunt you up?"

"Yes, your lordship."

"You are excused. I don't want any man on the jury who will lie like that."—London Chronicle.

Something the Same.

"Politics must be a very trying profession."

"I don't know," answered Senator Sorghum, "that it is so different in politics from what it is in private life. Your friends all speak well of you and your enemies knock."—Washington Star.

Her Portrait.

Miss Elderly—I painted this portrait of myself some weeks ago and— Cadlings (looking at the picture of a young girl)—What a good memory you have!—Transatlantic Tales.

A Slip.

"What shall I play?" asked the organist of an absentminded clergyman.

"What sort of a hand have you got?" was the unexpected reply.—London Telegraph.

'Tis not the many oaths that make the truth.—Shakespeare.

SOCIAL DEMOCRACY.

Its Aim Is to End Wage Exploitation and Give Plenty to All.

Under the present system society is rapidly dividing into two classes—the rich and the poor, the capitalist class and the proletariat. The one toils without enjoying; the other enjoys without toiling.

In the wage earner of the cities and the farmer we recognize the types of the producing elements of this country. Under our present economic system both are exploited for the benefit of the capitalist class, the laborer on the sale of his labor power and the farmer on the sale of his products. Both are again exploited in the purchase of practically all the necessities of life.

The final aim of the Social Democracy is the emancipation of the producers and the abolition of the capitalistic system. For that purpose we organize the producing classes in city and country into a political party to take control of the powers of government.

The most characteristic expression of the present economic system is the trust and the monopoly.

Electricity, steam and many modern inventions have struck the deathblow at production on a small scale. Competition has wiped out competition. Production on a large scale makes monopoly a necessary condition. The trust and the monopoly are here, whether we wish it or not. The only question is *whether they shall be public or private monopolies.*

Private monopoly is a curse to the nation. Thus we see the coal trust making untold millions out of the sufferings of the poor, the oil trust piling up the greatest fortune the world has ever seen upon the ruin of innumerable small dealers and in defiance of all laws and courts of justice, the meat trust sending thousands of unsuspecting human beings to an early grave by selling diseased meat simply to make dividends and heap up millions. Similar statements could be proved against all the other trusts.

Therefore the Socialists demand that the production of this country shall be taken away from the control of a small number of irresponsible men whose only aim is to exploit us to the last limit of our endurance without regard to human life or welfare.

The Socialist party stands for every radical change that will bring more wealth, more culture and more security to the masses of the people, but the measures we urge are not a cure for all the existing evils, nor are they all Socialistic measures. They are to be viewed rather as palliatives, capable of being carried out even under the present conditions. Under no circumstances should the people rest content with palliatives of this kind. The people should move onward to the conquest of all public powers, to an entire change of the present system for one which will secure to the people collectively the ownership of the means of production and distribution and thereby the blessings of our modern inventions and a standard of civilization and culture hitherto unknown in history.

Understand Socialism.

With a suddenness that must be startling to those who note only the surface of events, Socialism has become a factor in our moral, political and industrial life. The Socialist vote for president last election attracted a good deal of attention—more perhaps than in itself it deserved—but it was in no way a measure of the importance of the Socialist movement. And year by year as science compels consolidations and co-operations on a scale impossible in the past the collectivist proposals formulated by the German Jew, Karl Marx, out of the theorizings of the great French economists of the eighteenth century are bound to receive more and more attention.

Whatever one believes about it, he must inform himself, for, while Mark Hanna's prediction that Socialism would be the storm center of the next great political battle in this country seemed exaggerated when he made it a few years ago, his farsightedness is already vindicated. To fight for Socialism you must understand it; to fight against Socialism you must understand it.—Saturday Evening Post.

Toil's Consciousness.

To the average man, especially when he chances to be a small capitalist, the term class consciousness spells the passion of sullen toil against all that world that lies above the grime and wretchedness of field and factory and throbs with the blind fury of the worker who knows no hope save in the ruin of things. He looks upon Socialism, therefore, as a dangerous force whose chief function is to stir up envy and hate in the brains of the working men against the rich in high places. Class consciousness in reality simply means the recognition of the basic equality of all labor as the source of wealth and the fundamental right of every man to the full product of his toil.—Father Hagerty.

The Two Roads.

You are now at the forks of the road. One leads to capitalistic monopoly, the other to Socialistic freedom. Which will you take?

The cutthroat competitive system means idleness, misery, poverty, suicides and murder. Socialism means plenty, contentment and freedom.

The plutocrats and their hirelings condemn every move for relief of the toiling masses.

Socialism gathers dignity from ridicule and grows under unjust persecution.

A Definition.

Socialism is the ownership by the many of what the many must collectively use.

A WORLD TO CONQUER.

Mission of Socialism Is to Win the Earth For Humanity.

The Socialist movement is as wide as the world, and its mission is to win the world, the whole world, from animalism and consecrate it to humanity.

What a tremendous task!

And what a royal privilege to share in it!

To win a world is worthy of a race of gods.

And in the winning men develop godlike attributes since all men are potential gods.

To the strained and vigilant eye of the Socialist on the watchtower all is well in point of outlook. Capitalism has had its day and carnage, and its crimson sun is slowly but surely sinking in the west.

What a madhouse the earth would seem today in the frenzied revelry of capitalism but for the light Socialistic philosophy sheds upon it—what Alpine peaks of wealth and what deserts of poverty, despair and death!

What man, unless his heart be adamant, can contemplate this awful scene and be content?

What man, unless his brain be atrophied and his vision blinded, can fail to perceive the impending crisis?

In the presence of this vast and terrible phenomenon, how satisfying to be enlisted in the Socialist movement, to understand its doubt dispelling social philosophy and to interpret passing *events in the clear light of its science.*—Eugene V. Debs.

HOUSE OF MAMMON.

Senate of the United States So Named by a Congressman.

"Fully 50 per cent of the members of the United States senate buy their way into that body."

This is the opening paragraph in an extended interview with Congressman John A. M. Adair, who rises to excoriate the upper branch of the national congress as a house of Mammon. Nothing is said about a den of thieves. That is left to be inferred.

Mr. Adair proceeds in detail to make good his charge that half the members of the senate have their campaigns financed by the trusts and are in fact the creatures of these corporations and bound to do their bidding. Mr. Adair was not needed to impart this information, it being well known by all who have eyes to see and ears to hear, but it is well to have such a pointed and emphatic statement come from a member of congress itself. The charge is thus made direct. It leaves no room for doubt. Were it not true the senate would be prompt to relieve itself of such an imputation placed upon its honor by the member of a co-ordinate body.

What has the senate to say? What can it say? What dare it say?

The senate of the United States under capitalism is a house of dishonor. It is unclean. It has a rank smell.

It is in fact a buzzards' roost.

Socialism is marshaling the hosts that will disperse it.—Appeal to Reason.

A Philosopher's Socialism.

Unless men were disposed to co-operate, to lend each other mutual assistance, the talent and the time necessary to his own convenient maintenance would be wanting to every one, for all are not alike fit for every kind of work, and no one suffices to provide everything most indispensable even to himself.

The strength and the time, I say, would be wanting to him who alone and single handed should propose to plow, sow, reap, grind, bake, brew, weave, stitch, etc., too many things to mention, but which are all most necessary to the support of life. And I have said nothing of the arts and sciences, which are all indispensable for the improvement of mankind and for their comfort and well being.

We see those who live in a state of barbarism and without a polity passing miserable lives, but little raised in condition above the beasts of the field, and even they, wretched and unpoliced as they are, could not procure the few things they have without some kind of mutual assistance and co-operation.—Spinoza.

An Object Lesson.

The United States postal system is the greatest industry on earth. It gives its patrons better service and pays its employees better wages than any private corporation in existence, and it does these things in spite of the fact that it is subject to all the graft of a politician ridden capitalist government. The postal system is not Socialism and needs many improvements to make it what it should be, but it is a huge object lesson in the fact that industry can be run successfully without being privately owned.

A Higher and More Noble Life.

Much has been said of the physical suffering and ill health caused by overcrowded dwellings, but the mental and moral ill health due to them are greater evils still. With better house room and better food, with less hard work and more leisure, the great mass of our people would have the power of leading a life quite unlike that which they must lead now, a life far higher and far more noble.—Marshall, "Present Position of Economics."

Plenty Makes Us Poor.

The civilized stage turns every vice which barbarism practices in a simple way into a complex, ambiguous, equivocal and hypocritical form. It moves in a vicious circle in the contradictions which it eternally reproduces without being able to remove them, so that it ever accomplishes the very reverse of that which it really does or pretends to aim at—for instance, that in civilization poverty is born of plenty.—Fourier.

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

FORESTRY EXHIBITION IN 1910

Government of Sweden Will Invite All Nations to Attend the Show at Stockholm.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The government is preparing invitations to the nations of the world to take part in a forestry exhibition in Stockholm in 1910. Wood products of every sort and in all stages of manufacture will be exhibited. The most expert foresters of the various countries will give lectures on the latest phases of the art of preserving, developing and taking care of forests. An important part of the exposition is expected to come from the Adirondacks and other sections of America and also from the insular dependencies of the United States, where the recent work of exploration and analysis of timber is considered to surpass in interest and value that in any other quarter of the globe. Britain will be requested to send exhibits from Egypt, South Africa and India. For the first time it is expected that the tree wealth of the far east will be adequately shown. Canada, Australia and New Zealand will all have exhibits. Comparisons will be made of rare woods from remote parts of the world. It is the intention to make extensive preparations for the proper entertainment of visitors.

Bishop Billing made some very pointed remarks regarding college examinations during the course of an address relative to the university appropriations. "We have," said the bishop, "exaggerated greatly the value of the censor's control. It is a poor teacher who can not arrange his examinations so that his favored student can pass. At least during the time I was a teacher I had occasion to try this method (laughter.) Then they come and tell us that the final examinations are too easy, but I doubt if there is any one, even in this august assemblage, who could successfully pass them."

Word comes from one of the inland papers of Sweden that more than two-thirds of the beet growers of the country have positively refused to recognize the sugar trust until it will offer them better prices. It is believed that the sugar output during the coming year will be only one-third of the average crop. It is estimated that the earnings of the laborers who weed and dig the beets will be hit hardest of all and that the reduction in their earnings will total up to at least $1,500,000.

The good women of Sodermanland are going to present Prince Wilhelm and Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna a suitable wedding gift and are now busy soliciting funds for this purpose. Latest cable dispatches state that the wedding will take place in St. Petersburg May 3 and that King Gustaf, the bridegroom's father, may possibly attend the wedding. In the latter event it will be the first time that King Gustaf visited a foreign court since his accession to the Swedish throne.

The contract for building the new torpedo boat destroyer has now been let by the government to the Kockum Iron Works in Malmo. The vessel, when completed, will cost $260,000 and all the building material, designs and everything will be typically Swedish. It is understood that English firms offered to build the boat at a much lower cost, but the government decided to patronage home industry.

Sven Hedin's big scientific work describing his trip and explorations in central Asia in 1899-1902 has now been completed. The work comprises six volumes with text and three volumes of maps. It is the most important scientific work of modern Sweden and will be translated into French, German and English.

The total receipts of the postoffice department in Sweden during the year of 1907 were 19,626,300 crowns. The total expenditures amounted to 17,555,900 crowns. Thus a surplus remains amounting to 2,070,400 crowns, which is a decided increase over that of the previous year.

The new Spanish ambassador to Sweden is Caro Szechenyi, who was formerly Spain's ambassador to Vienna. The new ambassador arrived last month.

Professor Carl Wilhelm Skarstedt, the eminent educator, was buried in Lund's cathedral March 2. It was one of the largest funerals ever held in the city.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

During the recent cabinet crisis the Knudsen forces won out and the new cabinet, which has been definitely approved by King Haakon, is as follows: Gunnar Knudsen, premier and minister of finance; M. Christophersen, foreign affairs; M. Seig, public worship; M. Ihlen, minister of labor; Judge Abramsen, minister of commerce; M. Castberg, minister of justice; M. Foosness, minister of agriculture, and M. Heftze, national defense. Messrs. Knudsen, Ihlen, Castberg and Abrahamsen are radical members of the storthing. M. Christophersen is at present consul general at Antwerp; M. Seig is a professor, M. Heftze is director of telegraphs and M. Foosness is a landowner. It is believed that the new cabinet will have an uncertain lease of life, but it is expected to last until the country has a chance to clear the air electorally in 1909. This is so simple because no group in the storthing could gain much by throwing over the Knudsen combination. The entire press, including the opposition journals, agrees that Knudsen's position could not be less happy. The late ministry resigned week before last because a vote in the storthing showed that it could retain office only by favor of the coalition parties, which it was not willing to do.

The French reporter who attended the recent Holmenkollen ski tournament has become an enthusiastic admirer of Norway's athletic youth. He unhesitatingly placed the young people of Norway at the head of everything of its kind in the whole world and exclaimed in ecstacy: "Their life rings like a song throughout the whole world." Young Norwegian sportsmen are now wondering how the enthusiastic Frenchman is going to square himself with his countrymen at home when he returns to Paris.

Several thousand Norwegian reindeer are reported feeding in Norwegian forests. The government has sent a representative to investigate conditions in Dividalen and vicinity. This section of the country is well adapted for reindeer and the animals thrive well there. The roving reindeer flocks and their herdsmen care but little for the boundary line between the two countries and their chief aim is to find the best feeding grounds.

General Ole Hansen, commander-in-chief of the Norwegian army, denies a report that the soldiers of Norway are to be equipped with the Ross rifle. The Krag-Jorgenson rifle now in use is regarded as excellent and there is at present no thought of giving it up and substituting a new weapon. The general disclaimed having any knowledge of the Ross rifle.

Professors McCracken and Butler, of Columbia college, New York, who, according to a long planned arrangement are to exchange lectures with two professors of the Copenhagen university, will also deliver each a lecture in Christiania. They will be accompanied to Christiania by Professor Gisle Bothne, of the State university of Minnesota.

The Grieg memorial committee has been organized in Bergen, the object being to solicit funds for a fitting memorial in honor of the late composer. The members of this committee are Christian Michelsen, ex-premier; Frantz Meyer, Ryar Olsen, J. Geelmyden and Fritz Sundt.

Captain Theodore Yelland, of Bergen, will in the near future leave for Congo, S. A., where he has accepted a commission in the Congo army. Captain Yelland is one of the most popular among the younger set of military officers in Bergen.

Owing to extensive fires in the woolen and cotton mills in Trondhjem several hundred people have been thrown out of work and many of them have appealed for aid from the local charity organizations.

The Norwegian Bible society has purchased the Munch No. 2 building from Mme. Schjoldager for 450,000 crowns. The building is centrally located and will be a splendid location for the society.

The restoration of the Trondhjem cathedral, which was started in 1869, has up to the present time entailed an expenditure of 3,500,000 crowns. Still the work has not by far been completed.

The Lina Neros factory in Bergen was completely destroyed by fire on the night of March 3. The loss entailed is estimated at 25,000 crowns. There was 20,000 crowns of insurance.

June 17 next marks the 100th anniversary of the dedication of Our Saviour's cemetery in Christiania. Appropriate ceremonies will be held at the cemetery on this occasion.

Mme. Levy's theatrical spring tour had to be abandoned, as three of her ablest assistants went back on their contract. They suddenly decided to join a Copenhagen company.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Sweden's celebration of the 250th anniversary of the treaty of Roskilde Feb. 26 has caused no end of unfavorable comment in Denmark, not to say disgust, and the general sentiment of the country has been voiced by the Copenhagen Vart Land in the following terms: "The only thing that is still needed to make the similarity complete is, that Denmark be divided a third time and blotted out. As dividers we may readily think of the states to which Denmark has already lost land, namely Germany and Sweden. Sweden is already a considerable power which may again become a great power. The western powers would not be out to oppose the growth of Sweden into a great power by annexing the Danish islands and assuming control of the entrance to the Baltic, which thereby would be prevented from becoming a German 'mare clausum.'"

The bank committee which on Feb. 9 took over the affairs of the Detail Handlers' Bank has come to the conclusion that the institution is insolvent and has decided in favor of liquidation. The capital invested in the bank is regarded as entirely lost. It became known early in February that this bank was in difficulties and there was a run on it Feb. 8.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

In a special message to congress President Roosevelt renews his recommendation for legislation on the following subjects: Model child labor law; new employers' liability act; modification of injunction power; allow fair corporation combinations and agreements; federal participation in receiverships of public utility concerns; speedy action in financial legislation; investigation of tariff schedules immediately; put wood pulp on the free list; permanent waterways commission; protection of waterpower rights.

The supreme court of the United States denied the petition of Attorney General Edward T. Young of Minnesota for a writ of habeas corpus in the case in which he is held for contempt of court by the United States circuit court of Minnesota because he refused to abide by an injunction issued by that court forbidding him from taking any action looking to the enforcement of the maximum railroad rate law. The court at the same time pronounced invalid the Minnesota law regulating both freight and passenger rates.

William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, has handed his resignation to President Roosevelt and will become president of the National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City. He will be *succeeded as comptroller* by Lawrence O. Murray, assistant secretary of commerce and labor and former deputy comptroller of the currency.

According to the latest programme the battleship fleet will visit China as well as Australia and Japan and will be home on Washington's birthday.

Two additional war vessels have been ordered to Hayti, following a conference of officials of the state and navy departments.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The sub-committee of the house judiciary committee, appointed to investigate charges against Judge L. R. Wilfley of the United States court for China at Shanghai on charges of misconduct in office preferred by a number of American lawyers residing in Shanghai, submitted its report to the full committee. The report does not recommend impeachment, but severely censures Judge Wilfley for harshness on the bench and ignorance of the law.

Minority Leader Williams has notified the Republican members of the house that unless they take up and endeavor to pass the employers' liability bill, the bill for publicity of campaign contributions, the free wood pulp and the free print paper bills the Democrats would obstruct all efforts at other legislation by refusing to grant unanimous consent for the consideration of bills.

The Aldrich currency bill has passed the senate by a vote of 42 to 16, in the main a party vote. Previous to the taking of the vote on the Aldrich bill a vote was taken on the Bailey substitute authorizing the government instead of the national banks to issue the emergency circulation for which the bill provides. The vote on the substitute stood 13 to 42.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A coroner's jury at Chicago declared Chief of Police Shippy and J. F. Foley, his driver, to have been justified in killing Averbuch, the young Russian Jew who attacked the chief in his home recently.

An investigation is in progress at Pittsburg which, it is said, will result in the deportation of thousands of undesirable foreigners from the Pittsburg district within the next few months.

Plans for a $15,000,000 combination of Chicago retail coal dealers have been perfected.

The American car in the New York-Paris race has arrived at San Francisco.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 30.—Wheat—May, $1.03⅝; July, $1.01⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.05¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.04¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.02¼; No. 3 Northern, 95¼@99¼c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 30.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.05½; No. 1 Northern, $1.03½; May, $1.01½; July, $1.02¼. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.16; July, $1.18.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; Veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.65@5.75. Sheep—Wethers, $5.75@6.25; good to choice lambs, $7.00@7.60.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.75@7.35; cows and heifers, $2.00@6.10; Texans, $4.50@5.60; calves, $4.50@6.75; Western cattle, $3.15@5.20; stockers and feeders, $4.50@5.50. Hogs—Light, $5.55@6.05; mixed, $5.55@6.05; heavy, $5.55@6.05; rough, $5.50@5.70; pigs, $4.50@5.40. Sheep, $4.50@7.00; yearlings, $6.00@7.75; lambs, $5.85@8.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 30.—Wheat—May, 92¼c; July, 85¾c; Sept., 84¾c. Corn—May, 66⅝c; July, 64⅝c; Sept., 63½@63¾c. Oats—May, old, 53¾c; May, 52¾c; July, old, 47¼c; July, 45¼c; Sept., [illegible]c. Pork—May, $13.75@13.77½; July, $14.10@14.15; Sept., $14.52½. Butter—Creameries, 22@28½c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 13½c; springs, 13½c.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

There is a movement on foot for the organization of a Minnesota State Merchants' association, to be a federation of all the retail dealers' associations in the state. The association will endeavor to boost Minnesota and will also work for the betterment of the roads, drainage and other matters of common interest and will work for the beautification of the cities and towns of the state.

A sudden return of the faculty of speech is reported from Gordonsville, Freeborn county. Mrs. Jane Barber lost her power of speech two years ago and all treatment by physicians was fruitless to relieve her. Judge of her surprise and that of her friends when, at a prayer meeting recently, she was able to talk as well as ever and gave her testimony as lucidly as any one present.

Two vacancies on the district bench, one in the Sixth and the other in the Fifteenth district, have been filled by appointment by Governor Johnson. C. W. Stanton of International Falls was appointed to the Fifteenth district, succeeding Judge Marshall A. Spooner, and A. R. Pfau of Mankato was appointed to the Sixth district bench, succeeding Judge Lorin Cray, also of Mankato.

The village of Garfield, south of Fergus Falls, voted in favor of saloons at the recent village election and the farmers of the locality are up in arms. A meeting of sixty of those living in the vicinity of the village has been held to protest against granting liquor licenses and it was intimated that a number of them would withdraw their trade if licenses were granted.

The stockholders of the Red Wing Sewer Pipe company have authorized the erection of a new sewer pipe plant to be located at some point to be decided upon by the board of directors, probably in or near the Twin Cities. The capacity of the company's two Red Wing plants is not sufficient to supply the demand for sewer pipe.

Edward C. Parker, assistant to Professor Samuel B. Green in the department of horticulture and forestry in the Minnesota school of agriculture, has accepted a position to found an experiment station in agricultural work in Mukden, Manchuria.

It is officially given out by J. E. Rogers, hotel and saloon capitalist, that he intends to erect a handsome sixteen-story modern fireproof hotel at Fourth street and Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, at a cost of $2,000,000.

E. L. Fisher, a prominent citizen of Duluth, who had been postmaster of Duluth for eight years, going out of office about two years ago, has been adjudged of unsound mind and taken to Fergus Falls for treatment.

The Budweisers of St. Paul won the five-men event in the state tournament of the Minnesota Bowlers' association at St. Paul by a score of 2,789.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Frank Lord, a young boy, while riding on the freight elevator of the Itasca Paper company at Grand Rapids, became frightened, leaped from the car and fell in such a way that his neck was broken. He died instantly.

Jumping fifty feet from the Wisconsin Central bridge in Minneapolis in order to escape an approaching train Charles Anderson of St. Paul landed in the icy waters of the Mississippi river without suffering any injuries.

Fifty students in T. J. Caton's business college at Minneapolis were endangered by fire. Seven were taken down the ladders by firemen and Professor Caton saved himself by making use of the fire escape.

The greater part of the plant of the Union Roofing and Manufacturing company at St. Paul has been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at between $50,000 and $60,000, fully covered by insurance.

The parsonage of St. Louis Catholic church at St. Paul was ransacked and looted by burglars, who got away with $350 in cash and a number of valuables, including a watch and some trinkets.

Harriet Basset, fifty years old, a professional nurse, pleaded guilty to forgery in the second degree before Judge Andrew Holt in the Hennepin county district court.

Smallpox has broken out in Champlin, Hennepin county, and the schools have been closed. It is in light form and the town authorities are using quarantine measures.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McMinomoy, pioneer farmers of Rosemount, have been wiped out by diphtheria within the past month, the third dying Sunday.

OBITUARY.

Captain George Leonard Winslow, for forty five years a pilot on the Mississippi river and one of the first steamboat captains to go up the Minnesota river, is dead at Minneapolis, where he had resided for the past two years.

Mother Benedicta, for thirty-one years head of St. Joseph's German Catholic orphan asylum of St. Paul, is dead, aged sixty-seven.

John Larson of Albert Lea, aged seventy, dropped dead while driving, falling from the buggy into the street.

John Willoughby, one of the pioneers of the state, is dead at Minneapolis at the age of eighty nine.

VESSEL BADLY DAMAGED.

Dynamite Exploded on River Steamer at St. Paul.

By the explosion of a heavy charge of dynamite placed in the cabin of the steamer C. W. Cowles at St. Paul by some persons unknown the craft was damaged to the extent of $300 and several other steamers moored near at hand, as well as the freight depot of the St. Paul road, placed in danger of destruction by fire.

The explosion occurred shortly after Captain George Winans, the owner of the boat, and four men who were employed in getting her ready to go into commission had gone ashore. No one was hurt.

The dynamite had been placed in the stateroom which Captain Winans was having prepared for his own use. It was inserted through a transom in the outside door and hung immediately beneath the ceiling with a long fuse attached. When the charge went off it completely demolished three of the after port staterooms, reducing the thin bulkheads to kindling wood, shattering their furniture and badly damaging the galley in the rear.

It is believed the dynamiting of the Cowles was the work of vandals, as no more tenable theory to account for the attempt to destroy it has so far been advanced.

JOHNSON FOR PRESIDENT.

R. T. O'Connor Is Certain of the Governor's Nomination.

"No, we did not expect to get the North Dakota delegation for Johnson," said R. T. O'Connor of St. Paul, who is reputed to be the real manager of Governor Johnson's presidential campaign. "If you remember, the Democratic state central committee of North Dakota declared for Bryan when it met three weeks ago and nothing was done in the meantime to bring that state into line for John A. It might have been different if Johnson had declared himself. There is a difference of opinion on that point amongst Johnson's friends. I, myself, have felt that Johnson would have done better if he had come out some time before he did. But you can't always tell how these things work out. I may be wrong and the other fellows may be right.

"But you can say this as coming from me: You can say that I am positive that John A. Johnson will be nominated for president on the Democratic ticket at the national convention in Denver. I am just as sure of that as I ever was of anything in my life."

VERDICT OF $35,000 UPHELD

State Supreme Court Passes on Personal Injury Case.

The supreme court of this state has affirmed a verdict for $35,000 for personal injuries given in the district court of Freeborn county at Albert Lea. This is the largest personal injury verdict that has ever stood the test of the supreme court.

The case was that of Ida B. Clay, administratrix for Louis R. Clay, deceased, respondent, vs. the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad company, appellant.

Clay, a young man, was frightfully injured by being caught by a projecting platform as he was climbing off a "gondola" loading car. The suit was brought and the verdict given while he was living, but he died while appeal proceedings were pending.

The supreme court says the verdict was justified by the evidence and that it was not inspired by passion or prejudice.

DIES AT AGE OF 104.

Mrs. Lydia Vine Had Resided in Minnesota Since 1864.

Mrs. Lydia Vine is dead at the home of her son, William Vine of Viola, Olmsted county, at the age of 104 years, 6 months and 13 days. She was born in New York state on Sept. 16, 1803. At the age of eighteen years she was married to Henry H. Vine and settled in Minnesota in 1864. The union was blessed with ten children, five of whom are now living. Besides these there are thirteen grandchildren, twenty-five great grandchildren and eight great great grandchildren.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Itasca County Farmer Is Placed Under Arrest.

Barney Dyer, a farmer living at Hines, Itasca county, has been arrested charged with the crime of murder in the first degree, in having, it is alleged, caused the death of his wife, Florence Dyer, by administering poison to her. A warrant for the arrest of Dyer was issued by County Attorney Henry Funkley, as a result of information filed with the county attorney. Mrs. Dyer died about a week ago.

Stolen Ride Proves Fatal.

A stolen ride on a freight train cost Mike Agerman of St. Paul, thirty-nine years old, his life. In jumping from the train at the short line crossing near the city hospital he lost his balance and struck on his head on the rails, fracturing his skull, and dying twenty minutes later at the hospital.

Domestic Tragedy at Duluth.

Henry Wilson, a resident of West Duluth, shot and instantly killed his wife and then attempted to take his own life. Jealousy is said to have been the cause of the shooting. The woman was instantly killed, but Wilson was only slightly wounded and will probably recover.

JOHNSON A CANDIDATE

Would Accept Democratic Nomination for President.

FINALLY STATES POSITION

Will Not Fight for the Honor, but Would Accept It Were It Tendered Him.

John A. Johnson, governor of Minnesota, will accept the Democratic nomination for president if it is offered, but he is not an "open" candidate. That, officially, is his position.

In a letter to Swan J. Turnblad, editor of the Daily Posten, a Scandinavian newspaper of Minneapolis, Governor Johnson frankly declares that he does not believe that any American citizen should be an active, open candidate for the nomination to the presidency, but any American would appreciate the high honor which could come to him in being selected as standard bearer of his party. The main part of his letter follows:

"While I recognize that the press has had much to say of me in connection with this high office, I have hitherto avoided any public or private expression regarding my position. Matters have progressed so far, however, that it seems to me that I should at least say, in answer to your interrogation, that if the Democratic party of the nation believes me to be more available than any other man, and felt that by my nomination I could contribute any service to the party and to the nation, I should be happy to be the recipient of the honor which it would thus confer.

"I have done nothing and will do nothing in the way of organization to bring about this end, and shall not be a candidate in the sense of seeking the nomination. If, however, those who have the welfare of the country and the Democratic party at heart, should feel that I am necessary in this year of grace, I certainly shall respond to any call which may be made upon me.

"In this connection I desire it understood that in no sense am I to be a candidate for the purpose of defeating Mr. Bryan or any other man; that the only consideration which would induce me to allow the use of my name would be the feeling that I might be necessary to the cause."

KILLS WOMAN AND HIMSELF

Jealousy Supposed Cause of Double Tragedy at St. Paul.

William Dudley Trainer, aged thirty years, a vaudeville actor, shot and instantly killed Mrs. William Pryor, aged twenty-six, his traveling partner, at the Clarendon hotel in St. Paul. He then turned the weapon upon himself, inflicting a wound in his head which proved fatal at the city hospital several hours later.

Blighted love and jealousy are thought to have caused the dual tragedy.

William J. Pryor, the murdered woman's husband, is an actor, whose home is in Providence, R. I. Trainer was not married, so far as can be learned.

Mrs. Pryor was lying in bed when murdered. The bullet passed through both of her temples. In her hand was an endearing letter written to her some time ago by Trainer, bright with promise. It is thought that the woman, disgusted at his failure to obtain engagements on the stage, threatened to desert him and return to her husband.

ASKS COURT TO ELUCIDATE

Attorney General Young and Railroad Rate Case.

An application for a rehearing, with a request for a definite explanation of the court's recent findings, will probably be made to the supreme court of the United States by Attorney General Young and those associated with him in the matter of the commodity rate injunction suits.

Pending this application and the court's answer the question of a call for a special session of the legislature will be held in abeyance.

Though Governor Johnson says he has reached no definite conclusion regarding the suggested call it is generally believed that if he can see his way out of it the two legislative bodies will not be convened.

Escapes With Light Sentence.

Estelle Taylor, who formerly attended the University of Minnesota and who was arrested in Chicago some months ago on the charge of passing forged checks, pleaded guilty in that city to obtaining money by false pretenses and was sentenced to ten days in the county jail.

Captured in California.

Roland W. Patterson, formerly a bookkeeper employed by the Chivalier & Matthews Lumber company of Spooner, this state, was arrested at Los Angeles, Cal., on a charge of having committed forgeries, which, it is alleged, netted him $10,000.

Fed Laundry Soap to Infant.

Mrs. Emily Tricedahl of Minneapolis fed her two-year-old baby a quantity of shaved laundry soap and it took a physician several hours to save the infant's life. Mrs. Tricedahl had the delusion that a "higher" power had instructed her to [illegible]

MEN OF THE FRONTIER

How They Brought Law and Order to the Unruly West.

THE RULE OF THE REVOLVER.

Life in the Wild Days When Gun Plays Occasioned Little Comment, Yet When There Was Always Safety in "Leaving It to the Crowd."

The bold, reckless life of the frontier of the middle years of the nineteenth century and later has been often recalled by the stories of desperadoes and bad men, but in the birth and growth of the frontier cities is a unique phase of American civic genius which has been little dwelt upon.

Most of the cities of the far west have hovered close about the gatherings of hardy miners as they came or went on a feverish search for gold. In forty-nine 80,000 men from all parts of the world reached the El Dorado of California. Some traveled 2,000 miles overland; others went far around by Panama or Cape Horn. In fifty-nine 100,000 gold seekers stampeded wildly across the sunburnt plains of Colorado. Only 40,000 stayed the year through. Of like kind, although of smaller proportions, were all the pilgrimages that are more or less responsible for the cities of the west, the finding of a streak of magic yellow, its story leaking out and growing, the glimpse of nuggets and specimens and then the grand, senseless rush to the Land of Get-Rich-Quick.

Thousands of daring spirits were drawn by the yellow loadstone, intent on nothing but the accumulation of wealth. Then necessity produced some weird assemblages of tents, shanties and log cabins, many of which grew into cities. Often full grown towns sprang up in a few months. Far from any state or territorial government and composed of a conglomerated herd of excited men, none of whom had time for civic affairs, these embryo cities existed and grew under conditions that were unique and extremely wild.

Our forefathers landed on the eastern coast full of religious zeal and a desire for freedom of thought and life. Their leaders and law came with them. They prayed and lived communistically as long as they could, then increased, expanded and developed into a nation. But the gold discoveries of California, Nevada, Colorado and Montana brought thousands of independent men to the wilderness who were full of the hunger for gold, not homes; who had no leaders, no laws to which they could appeal and nothing to bind them together. Then the leaders came out of the crowd, and the law grew as it was needed. It was only after a time that any of these men came to consider remaining permanently in the country, and it was these venturesome builders who developed the newer part of our nation.

From the nature of things, with so much at stake among such hard living men, there were plenty of fights and disputes. There being no authority to which to appeal, differences were settled between man and man. A six shooter was the greatest help a man could get toward a physical superiority over other men, and so everybody carried a "gun" and knew how to use it. The trigger finger grew nimble with practice, and there developed a condition where frequent killings and shootings occasioned little comment or criticism, where men were almost indifferent to the spilling of blood and looked death square in the face with a nonchalance that is hardly conceivable now. Shooting affrays were the froth of a very strong brew of the border life, and they put a settlement to questions quickly and definitely. If when the smoke cleared away some good man lay biting the dust, his light had gone out according to the code of the time, fierce and barbarous as codes must be when man first struggles with nature.

And yet there was always safety in "leaving it to the crowd." The general sentiment of the community was very partial to fairness and honesty during the early days of most border towns. There were no locks or keys, almost any man's credit was good to any amount, and stores and provisions could lay untouched for months in wholly unguarded places. It was the natural, frank honesty of the virgin west and a veritable paradise for thieves and criminals.

And they came, hordes of murdering, plundering adventurers who knew no code of morals or chivalry, and resorted to anything to accomplish their ends. They found plunder rich, crime easy and escape still easier and, drifting all over the country, levied tribute from each new camp as it sprang into being. Often these men were in such a majority that a man who believed in honesty and justice was a man indeed if he had the courage to back his ideals. But there were such men, men as God meant men to be, full of the sense of right and the fitness of things and unafraid. They stepped right into the opening and tackled some of the cussedest crowds in Christendom, teaching a wholesome respect for "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" to bunches of drinking, blasphemous and unharnessed tempers. The gun fightings, lynchings and wanton spillings of blood that spiced the histories of the time may have been very close to savagery, but they serve now to deepen the respect we must have for men who harnessed law and order on such conditions.—Outing Magazine.

Good Temper.

Good temper is like a sunny day.—French Proverb.

THE COUNTRY BANKER.

His Influence on National Finance During Crop Harvesting.

Enter the small town for almost any purpose—to sell books, to seek a location, to look up land titles, to write life insurance, to get a news story, to collect a debt—and early in your visit you will go to the ornate, imposing building on the corner of the two busiest streets. You will pass a lattice crowned counter and be admitted to a room large enough only to hold a desk and two chairs. There you will come face to face with the town's financier, the Pierpont Morgan of the community, the banker. Not an enterprise, not a considerable business undertaking, is started without consultation with him. The man who sells a farm and wishes to put his money where it will earn interest goes to the banker. The widow with a few thousand dollars of life insurance—more money than she ever saw together in all her life before—asks the banker how to invest it. It would be better if more of this class would take the banker's advice when it is given. Then there is the merchant who owes for a large portion of his goods. He comes nervously asking if the bank will "see him through" the dull season. The banker gives assent to one, explains to another, refuses a third and comes at last to read unconsciously the business record of every man he meets on the street.

The country banker exerts his greatest influence on national finance during the crop harvesting season. Whether it be in the gathering of fruit in California, of cotton in the south or of wheat in the plains region, the banker comes in direct touch with the worker.

Take the wheat harvest as covering the widest area and creating the most intense demand during its existence. In a single state 20,000 harvesters are needed besides those already at work on the farms. Through the labor bureaus and railway departments whole train loads of workers are secured from states at a distance. These helpers are mostly itinerants, and they have no local standing. A grain raiser went among his laborers one Saturday night and, asking their names, proceeded to make out checks for the week's work.

"What shall we do with them?" asked one.

"Cash them at the bank, of course."

"Who will identify us?"

The employer saw the point, tore up the checks and secured currency with which to pay the men. That made a demand on the bank. Scores of other farmers were doing the same thing. Hundreds of other communities did it. The result is that the country bankers draw millions of dollars from the "reserve centers" every harvest and to some degree change national financial currents thereby.—C. M. Harger in Atlantic Monthly.

Helping the Postoffice.

"It is surprising," said a postoffice employee, "how many people there are who think they know better than the postal authorities the most direct way for a letter to reach its destination. It is quite common for us to handle mail that has instructions in regard to speedy delivery written in one corner of the envelope. Not only are we directed to send domestic mail by a certain railroad or steamboat line, but the route by which the writers wish foreign bound letters to travel is also designated. These instructions frequently denote a lamentable ignorance of transportation facilities on the part of the writers. If they were obeyed the delivery of the letters would be delayed rather than expedited. Fortunately such directions are disregarded by the postal authorities unless they happen to coincide with the government's arrangements for handling mail, so nobody is inconvenienced except the clerks who read the unnecessary advice."—New York Sun.

Mother.

At a mothers' meeting a young woman recounted with some pride a number of proverbs about mothers.

"'It's easier for a poor mother to keep seven children than for seven children to keep a mother.' That sad and striking proverb," she said, "is from the Swiss.

"'A mother's love is new every day.' 'He who will not mind his mother will some day have to mind the jailer.' 'Better lose a rich father than a poor mother.' 'A father's love is only knee deep, but a mother's reaches to the heart.' Those proverbs are all German.

"The Hindoos say poetically, 'Mother mine, ever mine, whether I be rich or poor.'

"The Venetians say: 'Mother! He who has one calls her. He who has none misses her.'

"The Bohemians say, 'A mother's hand is soft even when it strikes.'

"The Lithuanians say, 'Mother means martyr.'"

Novelty In Cement Wall.

There is a wall of cement in Los Angeles which shores up one side of a building lot that has an artistic value never intended by the builder. He had moved his bags of cement on to the ground to be ready for work and was then called away on some other job for a day or two. In the meantime one of the very infrequent rains came on, and each sack turned into stone under the action of the water, and the fabric of the sacks themselves was absorbed into the cement so that it was impossible to remove it. Consequently each sack was wrought into the wall as if it had been a bowlder o the line of an old stone wall. They were then chinked and bound together with worked cement, and after a time the weather disposed of the gunny sacking, but left the blocks marked with the impress of the weave. The result is a highly ornamental cement wall, resembling at a little distance a wall of some woven material.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

AN OCEAN VOYAGE.

One of the Things It Teaches Is the Value of System.

"I wish," said the head of a large business house, "that every man who distresses his friends and associates by his lack of method could be told off to take a trip or a succession of trips on the sea. He'd learn something; he'd have to. There's a force in example, you know, and the effects of shipshape conditions would make themselves felt sooner or later. I don't mean to say that a revolution in character would follow any such experience, but with the majority of people it is safe to say that there would be some alteration for the better.

"Oh, yes, I know, there are certain men and women who are born to disorder, as you might say, and who couldn't be helped by any course of treatment. They are the unfortunates of business and professional life, that's all. But for the ignorant, the thoughtless, those who never have appreciated what a saving of time is involved in a little sensible planning or in the following of approved system in routine matters, a sea voyage, with its discipline, its precise allotment of time, its method, in a word, must prove a most beneficial thing. It's funny that when you hear so much about the restfulness of ocean travel so few realize that the regularity of the life, its system, its evident adaptation of means to ends, constitutes such a large factor in bringing about this result. And the same principle can be applied on shore."—New York Press.

Diamond Cut Diamond.

Once upon a time there were in Paris two papers, the Razor and the Scorpion, which were always going for each other with great ferocity. Every week people bought the Razor to read how it cut at the Scorpion and the Scorpion to learn how it stung the Razor.

A certain philanthropist felt pained to see such violence, so he invited the two editors to dine in the hope that over good fare he could make peace between them. At the appointed time one lean, melancholy man presented himself and was ushered in. After an interval, as no other guest approached, the host demanded:

"May I ask, are you the editor of the Razor or Scorpion?"

"Both," said the sad eyed man.

I, Myself.

From this hour I decree that my being be freed from all restraint and limits.

I go where I will, my own absolute and complete master.

I breathe deeply in space. The east and the west are mine.

Mine all the north and south. I am greater and better than I thought myself.

I did not know that so much boundless goodness was in me.

Whoever disowns me causes me no annoyance.

Whoever recognizes me shall be blessed and will bless me.—Walt Whitman.

Best He Could Do.

"Sir," said the irate parent as he unexpectedly entered the parlor, "what do you mean by kissing my daughter?"

"Excuse me," replied the poor but otherwise honest young man, "but I desired to show my appreciation of your daughter's loveliness, and kisses are the only things I can afford to give her at the present stage of the game."—Detroit Tribune.

Unmanned.

Wigg—What errors these novelists make! Here the author of this book speaks of his heroine as being unmanned. Wagg—Maybe she was divorced.—Philadelphia Record.

More Important.

"Did I understand you to say," asked Mrs. Chatters, "that your husband had no vocation?"

"Worse than that," replied the minister's wife. "I said he'd had no vacation."—Philadelphia Press.

The Locality.

"Are you in pain, my little man?" the kind old gentleman asked.

"No," answered the boy. "The pain's in me."

Know how to give without hesitation, how to lose without regret, how to acquire without meanness.—George Sand.

COURTESY IN THE ORIENT.

An Attempted Innovation That Did Not Meet With Favor.

It is not always wise to force upon a people new customs, even those of advanced principle, in the face of long established tradition. Lady Burton discovered this truth when she attempted to introduce European courtesy into the orient. She tells of her experience in "Inner Life of Syria." The incident occurred at one of her own receptions.

It is de rigueur every time coffee, tea or sherbet comes in for every fresh relay of visitors that I should take it with them and drink first. When I first arrived I used to get up as a matter of course, make the tea and coffee and carry it round. The dragomans would sit lazily and watch.

One day I asked them to get up and help me. They were pleased to do so and willingly handed the refreshments to any of the Europeans, man or woman, but not to their own ladies, who blushed, begged their pardon and were quite confused when I made it known this attention was for them as well as for others. The women looked appealingly at me and stood up, praying not to be served. One man who was really in love with his wife, a beautiful creature, gave her a teacup as if it were a good joke, with a little sneer. She bent, kissed his hand and begged his pardon.

I felt quite indignant with the men for so behaving to their wives, mothers and sisters, but one said to me:

"Pray, Mrs. Burton, do not teach our women things they do not know about and never saw."

After that I held my tongue, but I let him know that with Europeans it was the height of bad taste not to wait on any woman.

HAD HIS REVENGE.

But the Heartless Hotel Man Got In the Last Laugh.

A hotel proprietor in Kansas City once told of an amusing incident connected with the stay at his house of a rural politician.

The politician had come to the hotel for but one day, and he had taken his dinner elsewhere with a friend. When on coming to pay his bill he found himself charged with a day's board, dinner and all, he protested vigorously. It was explained to him that the American plan was based strictly on time and that if he chose to eat elsewhere it was his own lookout. The man, however, refused to be pacified and paid the bill under protest. Then, to every one's surprise, he asked if dinner were "still on." Upon being informed that it lasted until 9 in the evening he exclaimed:

"I've eaten one dinner, but I'm going to get my money's worth out of this house if I suffer all the torments of dyspepsia."

He then rushed into one of the dining rooms, seized a bill of fare and ordered everything he could think of. When he finally reached his limit, the waiter handed him a check for $8.35.

"What's that for?" he demanded.

"Your dinner, sir."

"But I have already paid for my dinner in my bill," protested the unfortunate man. "I am staying here on the American plan."

"Then you should have gone into the other dining room," said the writer. "This is the European plan cafe."—Harper's Weekly.

His Lecture on Job.

"I dunno what dey call Job a patient man for," said Brother Dickey, "kaze of all de growlers I ever heard tell on he sho' wuz de growliest! But he sho' did have enough ter make him growl—dat he did! De devil say, 'Looky yer, Job, you in my power now, an' I gwine ter 'flict you wid a few biles.' An' Job say, 'All right; I kin stan' it ef you kin.' But de biles commence ter break out so thick an' fast dat Job say, 'Looky yer, man, dese ain't no biles—dis de smallpox, sho' es you bo'n!' An' he retch so dat he had ter scratch hisse'f wid a goat's head. Den de devil git in a high win' an' blow down Job's house, an' dat wuz too much! So ol' Job lif' up his voice an' he say: 'Looky yer, I bargain fer biles, but I didn't want no harricane th'owed in fer good measure!'"—Frank Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

A man who hopes to succeed must take himself seriously, even if it be his business to banish seriousness.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Aaron Johnson, deceased, late of the city of Thief River Falls, in the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, being granted to Andy Erickson.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the Administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Aaron Johnson, deceased.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 8th day of June, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 7th day of March, A. D., 1908, by the court.

(Probate) N. W. Tarrant,
(Court) Judge.
(Seal) March, 12-26.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Feb. 19, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Peder C. Rud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 139 made June 22nd, 1904, for the Lots 3 and 4 and E. ½ S. W. ¼ Section 19, Township 151 N., Range 42 West and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on April 4 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Henry Hanson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Halvor Fodsted, " " " " "
John Friberg, " " " " "
Jens Jetnes, " " " " "

Feb. 27 April 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Departed Glories of Fez.

Fez the "fertile," the Home of the western Arabs, still retains traces of the magnificence which made her in the middle ages the rival of Mecca. In the twelfth century the holy city, to which when the road to Mecca was closed pilgrimages were made, contained as many as 700 temples, fifty of which were adorned with marble pillars. In those old days the city was the haunt of philosophers, physicians and astronomers. A mere formal pretense of study is now all that is practiced. "They have Euclid in folio volumes," a traveler writes, "but neither copied nor read. The teacher sits crosslegged on the ground and repeats in a drawling tone between singing and crying words which are echoed by the scholars sitting around him." Fez, however, is honest enough in one respect—she does not believe in outward show. In the interior of the houses are apartments decorated with paintings and arabesques, while the outside walls are often built of mud.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

5 DROPS
Absolutely Pure
SWANSON'S

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.

For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE LIGHT RUNNING NEWHOME

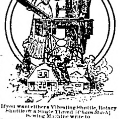

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.

Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. PAUL Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1908 NUMBER 15

MEETING IS CALLED

County Commissioners Again Called to Meet and Consider the Petition.

Former Madamus Proceeding Had to be Dismissed on Account of Error.

As will be noticed by a legal notice published in this issue, the board of county commissioner of Red Lake county are again called to meet to consider the county seat removal petition. Last fall mandamus proceedings were commenced and the case should have been tried at the March term of court. However it was discovered that a technical error had been made in the proceedings, the judge having made his returns outside of the county, and it was thought best to commence a new case and dismiss the old one. Therefore the county commissioners are called to meet on the 25th of April, to consider the petition and if they do not meet, madamus proceedings will again be commenced. It may take some years before the case is decided, but one thing is certain and that is that the voters of Red Lake county are some day going to have an opportunity to vote upon the question of where the county seat is to be located.

New Pipe Organ Coming.

The new pipe organ which the Young People's society is going to purchase for the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church has been ordered and will arrive here the latter part of the month. The organ is one of the best made, the cost price being $2,000. When it is installed in the church, a musicale is to be given to which an admission fee of $1 be charged.

A noted musician from St. Paul will be secured to play the pipe organ upon this occassion and local talent will furnish the balance of the program.

Sam Clark Is Mayor.

After one of the most exciting elections ever held in a North Dakota city, Sam H. Clark, formerly one of the publishers of the Press in this city, was elected mayor of Minot, N. D., by a majority of 160. Sam's many friends in this city will extend congratulations.

Will Run as an Independent.

A. B. Jones, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday. Mr. Jones is a candidate for sheriff and was thinking of filing for the Republican nomination, but has now decided that he will keep out of the primaries and run as an independent. One campaign is all Mr. Jones feels that he is able to stand, and he is going to endeavor to be a winner.

Gave Valuable Pointers.

Dr. H. M. Bracken, executive officer of the state board of health, was in the city last Saturday to investigate matters regarding the quarantine for contagious diseases in Thief River Falls. Several conferences were held with interested parties and members of the board of health.

In the evening a public meeting was held at the city council room to which the city officials, members of the school board and doctors were invited. At this meeting Dr. Bracken gave a clear and concise review of the quarantine and health laws in the state of Minnesota, and answered many questions asked of him by interested parties. Those who attended the meeting gained much valuable information.

Special Meetings.

Major Milsaps, the young peoples secretary of the Northwestern province, will conduct special meetings at the Salvation Army Hall, April 13th and 14th. Subjects will be;—

April 13th at 8 o'clock P. M., Religion true or false.

April 14th at 8 o'clock P. M., Eternal life or eternal death.

Tuesday afternoon April 14th at 4 o'clock a junior meeting will be conducted at the hall, and we invite every little boy and girl of the city to come after school and bring little friends with them.

Invitation extended to all, don't fail to come and enjoy the meetings.

Lars Gill Dead.

Lars Gill, who for a number of years has been employed by the Thief River Falls Lumber company, died Sunday from the effects of kidney disease. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon from the Norwegian Lutheran church. The deceased was about 45 years of age and besides a wife leaves an adopted daughter.

A Game Protective Association.

Game Warden Wm. Munch, of Crookston, was in the city last week and had a meeting with a number of local sportsmen with a view of having a game protective association organized here. Mr. Munch told the local sportsmen how the Polk county organization had purchased 500 English Ring Neck Pheasant eggs and will introduce this new game bird in the Red River Valley. It is the intention of the local organization to buy a number of these eggs also.

Game Wardens After Shooters.

The state game and fish commission is paying special attention to duck hunters at this season, for, according to Executive Agent Carlos Avery, the commission regards this as a grevious offense. Only two have been caught and fined this spring.

"Shooting ducks at this season is regarded as a serious offense," said Mr. Avery. "It prevents the ducks from mating and nesting and drives them away from the lakes and sloughs in this state. Usually the ducks are mated before they come from the South, so if one of the pair is shot it spoils the whole family. If the ducks are let alone at this time they will nest all over the state."

People coming on the trains from different parts of the state report seeing flocks of thousands of geese along the routes of the railroads, especially on the ice in the lakes. The geese come a week or two ahead of the ducks and they do not nest in this part of the state. Some geese nest in the northwest portion of the state, around Red Lake, but the most of them go up to Canada.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.

Ed. G. Holm.

BURNED TO DEATH

Three Children Burned to Death in the Town of Caribou.

Destruction of a Homesteaders Home Together With the Contents.

The brief story of a horrible catastrophe that occurred near Caribou, Kittson county, a few days ago, has reached this city. Caribou is west of the village of Lancaster. Three lives were lost and the home of Oliver Montville, a homesteader, and all its contents destroyed.

Mrs. Montville had her shoulder broken and was otherwise badly injured in being thrown from an upstairs window to safety, and Mr. Montville was terribly burned about the face and hands while trying to rescue his children from the burning building, but only succeeded in rescuing one, George, 16 years old.

Nothing is known as to the origin of the fire, except that the children had been out to a late hour that night spending the evening with neighbors, and that upon their return home and retiring for the night they might have left the fire in the stove unsafe, or carelessly thrown a burning match in the woodbox or some corner where it smouldered and later ignited into a blaze.

At about 1 o'clock Mrs. Montville was awakened by smoke and the roar of flames downstairs, and although nearly suffocated by smoke she managed to arouse her husband and running to the door of the room to help the children who were occupying a chamber across the hall from where they were sleeping she was met by a rush of flames that completely felled her to the floor in an unconscious condition, her husband barely succeeding in dragging her to the window and hurling her out to safety.

Mr. Montville then directed his efforts in trying to rescue his child, who was occupying a bed in the same room, but each attempt failed and he was finally driven out by the flames, which by this time had completely enveloped the interior of the building, only to see his child cremated within arm's length of safety. Leading to the ground below, ladders were at once hoisted to the window of the room occupied by two other children, but as soon as the window was broken in, the place resembled a fiery furnace, volumes of flames shot out and cut off all possible help, and two more of the unfortunate little ones perished here.

The victims were John, aged 8; Delphine, aged 10, and Mary, aged 13.

STATE HIGHWAYS.

A Communication Regarding the Laws Governing State Roads.

County Auditor O'Brien is in receipt of a communication from the State highway commission, relating to the method of establishing state roads and obtaining the amount of the state aid fund allotted to the different counties. A number of inquiries are constantly received by the commission and this communication is in reply to the many questions. The substance of the communication is as follows:

A county may designate any road as a state road and the state aid fund is to be applied on some permanent improvement, such as grading or surfacing with gravel, etc., but not to exceed one-third of the total cost of the work. It is not necessary that the state aid fund be applied all in one place but may be distributed, provided that the improvement is of a permanent nature. The work may be done by contract or by labor as the board sees fit, but returns must first be made before a certificate can be issued. The communication further refers to the Road red book and to sections 9 and 10, charper 163, Laws of 1905. Appended to the communication are several extracts of laws and opinions of the attorney general relating to the appointment of a county superintendent of highways, his qualifications, bonds, duties, etc., one provision being that the county superintendent of highways be a surveyor.

Farmer's build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hagen, [illegible]

Confidence

when eating, that your food is of highest wholesomeness—that it has nothing in it that can injure or distress you—makes the repast doubly comfortable and satisfactory.

This supreme confidence you have when the food is raised with

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

There can be no comforting confidence when eating alum baking powder food. Chemists say that more or less of the alum powder in unchanged alum or alum salts remains in the food.

ON STONE AND TIMBER

Unusual Proof Made Saturday Morning At U. S. Land Office.

Henry Cook, of Germantown, Gets Stone and Timber Claim.

Crookston Journal: Henry Cook, of Germantown, an inland postoffice on the southern boundary of Marshall county, made final proof today under the stone and timber act on the NE quarter of NE quarter section 25, town 164, range 37, which is a fractional township next to the Manitoba boundary line about ten miles northwest of Warroad, the Canadian Northern railway bisecting the town. He made affidavit, filed Dec. 5 1907, and brings as witnesses Fred Ellms, Jay Payne and Frank Cook of Germantown and J. D. G. Clover of Warroad. This is the first stone and timber claim in the United States land office here for some time.

The timber and stone act passed by congress some years ago applied to all those public lands in the United States not ceded by Indians and provided that in such cases as affidavit with corroborating witnesses was made that a specified eighty acres in these public lands was not fit for agricultural purposes it could be purchased for four dollars an acre without residence.

The most of the land within the jurisdiction of the United States land office at Crookston is ceded Indian lands and is not subject to stone and timber entry. However there is a territory in this district yet containing isolated tracts subject to stone and timber entry.

The boundary of the Red Lake Indian Reservation on the northwest edge begins a short distance north of Thief River Falls and just skims the northwest thru the postoffices of Pencer and Falun and a little west of Casperson and Cedar Bend ending on the bay about five miles north of Warroad. All public land northwest of this line where subject to stone and timber requirements may be entered as Mr. Cook got his eighty along the international line.

Subscribe for the News.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE PLACE TO BUY SHOES.

HURRY UP FOR EASTER.

It is getting close to Easter Sunday and by past experience, those who can do so, should buy their Easter shoes now.

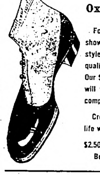

Men's Easter Shoes and Oxfords.

For gentlemen we are showing unusually clever style and extremely good quality at very low prices. Our $3.50 and $4.00 shoes will win out against all competition.

Crossett shoes makes life walk easy.

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00
Bench made, $5.00.

Women's Easter Shoes and Oxfords.

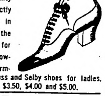

There isn't a woman in this city or vicinity that can't find exactly what she wants in shoes here at the Golden Rule. As for style, our spring showing surpasses all former efforts. Red Cross and Selby shoes for ladies, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

Children's Easter Shoes and Oxfords.

For the youngsters we have the most beautiful and serviceable line of shoes ever put on the maaket—Bunker Hill and Portsmouth for boys and girls. $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

The Golden Rule Shoe Department

"THE FAMILY SHOE STORE."

MONEY

DEPOSIT IT WHEN YOU HAVE A SURPLUS WITH

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BORROW IT WHEN IN NEED FROM

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TO DEPOSITERS: We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

TO BORROWERS: We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal and real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

HAVE YOUR
EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN AT
BORRY'S GALLERY

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 02
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	22c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

C. W. Nelson was down to Crookston last week.

Dr. Mellby was up to Middle River Tuesday.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Read about the one hundred watch sale in this issue.

Mrs. M. C. Burns was down to St. Hilaire last week.

John Sorum was down from Sandridge the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Christ Strom last Saturday.

Andrew Stenseth was up north on the Greenbush line Monday.

Clarence Cummings was over from Oslo to spend Sunday.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

200 bushels of seed oats for sale by, H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Mrs. Ed Enright, of Red Lake Falls, visited friends in the city last week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Dr. Penney went down to the Twin Cities Saturday, returning on Tuesday.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting old friends.

K. K. Trisvold and family left this week for California to make their future home.

Wayne Richardson was over from Grand Forks to spend Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. Van Horton, of Lockhart, arrived in the city Tuesday to visit Mrs. D. P. O'Neill.

—For Rent—Eight room house, second door north of Park Hotel. Inquire of M. C. Burns.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday attending to legal business.

Andrew Wasson and family left Tuesday for Spokane, Washington, to make their future home.

Thomas Hasted left Tuesday for Mayville, N. D., to attend to business matters for a few days.

Wanted—To buy a horse weighing about 1200. Apply to N. Swanson, section 23, town of North.

The contract to fix up the telephone road east of town was let the first of the week to A. C. Hanson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Prichard returned to this city last Sunday from their trip to the Pacific coast.

A. C. Baker, of Decorah, Iowa, was in the city the first of the week to look after his business interests here.

Mrs. J. J. Voracheck left for Broket, N. D., Tuesday, called there by the serious illness of her brother.

M. C. Kollins was in the city the first of the week from the Eleven Towns attending to some business matters.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis last Saturday to look after his business interests here for a few days.

Postmaster Elias Steenerson, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday looking after some real estate he owns here.

—Do not fail to read Dr. A. J. Klimek's ad in this issue. When Dr. Klimek advertises he always offers bargains, that is the reason he is doing the jewelry business in Thief River Falls.

Services will be held in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Lenten services with communion on Thursday evening April 16th, at 7:45. All are cordially invited. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from St. Hilaire on Tuesday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

For a first class suit made to order, go to Louis Heyduck, east of Meehan block.

August E. Smith, of Duluth, arrived in the city last week and has accepted a position in Louis Heyduck's tailor shop.

For sale or exchange for good land, a stock of general merchandise. Call on Evenson & Erickson, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Services in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side Sunday, April 12, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. Peter Dalquist.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to North Dakota where he had been looking after some farm loans.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet in the church basement this afternoon. All are cordially invited.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Olaf Ramstad returned yesterday with a large number of fine farm horses which he purchased in Norman county and will sell to the farmers in this section.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning at 10:45, and in the evening at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Michael T. Torgerson and Helmer I. Halvorson, two hustling settlers of Reiner, were in the city the first of the week and made the News office a pleasant call.

W. B. Nicholls, who has been traveling in North Dakota selling lumber for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Special attention is called to the ad of Torrison Bros. on the last page of this issue. To boys and girls who can solve this rebus an exceptional good prize is offered.

Nels A. Nelson, one of the mail clerks on the Wheatline, went down to Fargo Monday, returning Tuesday with his parents who will make their future home in this city.

A Norman county farmer has been making a net profit of $4.10 per day thruout the winter on 1000 hens. Four dollars and ten cents a day, the year round, above all expenses, is not so bad for the hen.

While in the cities the first of the week, Dr. Penney purchased a new four seated Reo runabout automobile. The machine is expected to arrive here in about two weeks.

M. C. Burns went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening and is assisting Sheriff Nelson post notices for the meeting of the county board to consider the county seat petition.

Former Chief E. O. Erickson left for Fosston Monday where he has accepted the position of village marshal. There is a row on over at Fosston and it was thought wise to get an outside man for a police officer.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Ole Moengen, of Thief River Falls, who recently graduated in the telegraphy department of Button's Business College, at Crookston, has accepted a position with the Great Northern Railway at Mandak, Mont.

The many friends in this city of Rev. J. J. Schroeder, who was recently taken to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls, will be pleased to learn that he has been entirely cured and discharged from that institution. He is now with his family at his old home in North Dakota.

O. J. Schel left yesterday for Grand Forks.

Olaf B. Hanson, of Hilda, was in the city yesterday being enroute to Red Lake Falls.

Phil Zeh went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Pat Sullivan, river foreman for the East Grand Forks Lumber company, was in the city yesterday.

Olaf Schel, who had been in the city visiting his brother, O. J. Schel, left yesterday for his home at Fergus Falls.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Charley Sundberg next Monday, April 13 at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. All are cordially invited.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church Sunday 10:30. Services in English in the evening at 7:45. Sundays school at 9:15 in the morning and bible class at the close of the morning services.

After looking over lands in Washington and Idaho, that are held at $100 to $1,000 an acre, E. M. Aldrich, a Red River Valley farmer, says lands are too cheap here and he will sell none of his lands for less than $75 an acre.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land, 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

A leading real estate dealer of Warren, who is just back from the east, says he found a big demand for Red River Valley lands, in fact greater than ever before. He says all that is necessary to get the country settled up is to show them what we have and for the business men to get together and push.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual Easter sale Saturday afternoon April 18th, at the church parlor. Fancy served articles, cooked foods, including breads, cakes, cookies, doughnuts, pies, etc., cut flowers, home made candies, and Easter eggs will be sold. A light lunch will be served during the afternoon.

S. T. Johnson, pioneer Democrat of Thief River Falls who always labors for the success of others and seldom receives the reward which is due him, has organized a Johnson club in Thief River Falls with a large number of members. If the Johnson club was to boom S. T. we would join, but when it is for John A. we are content to take a back seat.

Senator Nelson last week introduced a bill appropriating the sum of $25,000 for the establishment of a fish cultural station in Minnesota, this amount to include the purchase of the site, construction of buildings and ponds. The selection of the site is left to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor. No one knows so well the advantages to be derived from the establishment of such stations in Minnesota.

There will be a material increase in the wheat acreage around Crookston this year, the result of the settlement of immigrants on farms that have been held by land companies. Scores of farms which have been lying idle from two to five years will be cultivated this year. The crops that will be materially increased this year will include corn, clover and other grass crops and potatoes, all of which will be given vastly more attention than ever before.

State Begins Advertising.

The state board of immigration have just issued a book entitled "Minnesota's Fiftieth Anniversary." The book has been compiled, not so much for the purpose of advertising the state, as for placing information in the hands of prospective homestead seeker which will guide him in selecting in Minnesota a location suitable to his desires.

Short, descriptive and statistical information is given of each county in the state. This has been compiled from the most reliable sources available, and the writer has aimed to give a fair, impartial description of each county.

The book contains about 200 pages, over 40 pages of which contain photographic scenes from different portions of the state.

MILLINERY
the latest
the best
the cheapest
at
CALDWELL'S.
North LaBree
Avenue, opposite
Hotel North
Western.

Subscribe for the News.

WILL GET THEIR LAND

Government to Give Pine Holdings to Red Lake Indians.

Under Treaty of 1904, Poor Lo Will Receive His Rights.

A special commissioner from the United States Indian office will come from Washington to the Red Lake Indian agency within a few days, to settle the long-belated allotments to the Indians, according to E. L. Warren of Cass Lake.

Mr. Warren says the alotment will be settled under the McLaughlin treaty of 1904, which stipulates that the Indians can have either agricultural or pine lands.

Since the treaty wasmade in 1904, about 150 of the Indians have died, says Mr. Warren, and their heirs will never receive any benefit from the treaty that has never been enforced by the government. Lumber interests opposed the carrying out of the provisions of the treaty. The present application of the Indians has been made direct to the Indian office at Washington, and as the official in charge has returned his receipt of the application, it is the general supposition around the Red Lake agency that the matter will at last receive the attention of the government.

Mr. Warren says as long as the Indian is a ward of the government in the matter of receiving rations or a pension, just so long will he refuse to work. Senator Clapp had the halfbreeds of the White Earth reservation given their allotments in one sum. When they learn that they must earn their own living, Mr. Warren says, they will become useful citizens. It is the plan to give the Red Lake Indians what they have in one lump sum, as the plan has proved to be the best way of dealing with Poor Lo, says Mr. Warren.

The Red Lake agency is the only one in the state where the Indians have not received their allotments from the government. Pine land is worth a good price right at the present time,, and the Indians taking their annuity in timber will realize a snug little sum on the sale.

Bijou Theater.

"The Three Milliards" will be the premier attraction for the grand spring opening at the Bijou, April 27th. This trio is pronounced by press and public as the greatest comedy musical artists in Vaudeville. They have a clever turn in comedy and music that is sure to furnish amusement for the patrons of the popular little playhouse.

The program last evening and tonight is an exceptional one. Scenic—"Going to Switzerland" a traveler and his field glass are shown. We see what he sees—weird, but sublime in photographic perfection, the Alpine views are magnificent, wonderful ice fields, glaciers, crags, crevices, snow clad pinnacles and chasms in all their thrilling majesty, sublime silence and snowy desolation, pass each other in rapid succession, each scene more beautiful than the last.

The hand colored film "Wonderful Minows" is a beautiful piece of art, mysterious changes, appearances and disappearances.

Miss Elsa Robbecke sang the colonial ballad, illustrated—"Just Some One," by W. R. Anderson.

Friday and Saturday illustrated song, "Jennie Lee."

A Mammoth Pine.

Mr. Helic Clementson who has a contract to cut and remove pine from off the reserve lands in Town 158 31, reports of having had cut a pine tree, last week, which, had such not broken in the fall would have scaled considerably above 5000ft. The butt log of this monster of the northern forest scaled 1520 feet, Doyle rule. A thing which was never very common in any section of the eastern part of the country, and a rarity in most parts. It is commonly presumed that the farther north the latitude the the smaller and more dwarfed trees usually grow; however when a forest can and does produce good healthy, thrifty trees of the proportion above referred to it must either be that the hardy pine is liable to development in any latitude with proper soil conditions or else the Rainy River Valley is far from the oft imagined cold and undesirable country as some would have one to believe. This large tree is not by any means an exception for it is not an uncommon sight to see poplar and spruce trees from 30 to 38 inches in diameter on the stump, and white birch from 20 to 30 inches. Thus it can readily be seen as of what desirability our Northern Minnesota forests are, and especially for the lumbering industry.—Spooner News.

Carl August Johnson, the second son of Johan Johnson of Rocksbury, died of heart trouble at his home last Thursday at the age of fourteen. He had been sick for several years and death came as a relief to the little sufferer. The funeral was held at the Swedish Lutheran church last Sunday afternoon Rev. Sand officiating.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

City Council.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening and about all of the time of the councilmen was taken in allowing bills.

The committee looking after the construction of the new bridge,—Milton Forder and M. V. Evenson,—reported that concrete work for the center pier and a portion of the floor of the bridge had frozen before it had set, and as a result should be done over again. This committee advised that the bridge be not accepted in its present condition.

The Northwestern Telephone company made another application for a franchise in the city and it was refused.

George Williams withdrew his application for a liquor license.

The residents of Kendall avenue on the east side made application for four street lights and the matter was referred to the committee on lights.

Vaudeville to Be Introduced.

George H. Webster, booking agent of Valley City, N. D., was in the city Tuesday and while his stay here made a contract with S. A. LaMont, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre. The first vaudeville performance will be on the 27th of April and there will be a change of program twice each week. The Bijou is one of the popular places of amusement in Thief River Falls and gives full value for the money. The introduction of vaudeville is a step in advance and it is to be hoped that the public will appreciate this.

Rocksbury.

Mrs. I. A. Miller called on Mrs. Peter Ness one day last week.

Mrs. Tillie Holtzkneicht called on Mrs. Rondorf last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bakken are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Lora Miller came home from Wisconsin last Thursday, where he has been for a time.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ortloff spent last Tuesday at Krause's and Janke.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller called on Meehan's last Thursday evening.

Gertie and Ed Thorstad, also Una, Clinton and Edna Miller attended the debate in the Riverside school last Tuesday evening.

Miss Gertrude Meehan attended a party in Thief River Falls last Thursday.

The relatives of Mr. Albert Geske planned a pleasant birthday surprise on him last Saturday evening.

Miss Ebbie Miller closed a successful term of school in district 106 and is now home for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moeller gave a party to their friends last Saturday evening.

School started again in the Sunnyside school last Monday with Miss Marguerite McAndrew as teacher.

Mr. Andrew Ortloff passed thru this vicinity on his way to the district in Thief River last Friday.

Mr. Henry Rondorf attended the auction south east of St. Hilaire last Friday.

Mr and Mrs. David Rux passed thru this vicinity on their way to Thief River Falls last Friday.

Mr. Fecarrus, of South Dakota, a representative of the "Home Comfort Range" company, was calling on the farmers of this vicinity last Monday.

Miss Elva Bartlett spent Tuesday evening with her teacher, Miss Meehan.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending April, 4, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Carlson, Swen
Dahl, Miss Mary
Halvorson, Albert
Cibbel, Dick
Larson, Miss Esther
Manson, F. J.
Monson, Lewis
Phillips, Geo.
Wengburg, George
Wiss, Mrs. J. W.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

For Sale.

About 1500 tons of ice, 2 ice plows, ice forks, etc. One pair of light horses and wagon. Will be sold cheap. A. T. Rice.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

COMMITTEES NAMED

Preparations Now Being Made for the Firemen's Tournament This year.

A List of Hustlers Appointed to Have Charge of Affairs.

The general committee of the Firemen's Tournament association met Monday night and appointed their committees for the tournament, as follows:

Committee on Finance—C. C. Jackson, Ira C. Richardson and Ben Wilson.

Committee on reception and entertainment—Geo. Curran, W. B. Fuller, Andy Erickson, Dr. Penney, K. M. Hanson and W. Michelet.

Committee on Inquiry—Paul Medrick, Dan Shaw, Ole Torrison, Bob McGinn and E. E. Zeh.

Committee on grounds—Pat Mahon, Ed Jarnason, Christ Paulson and D. LaSage.

Committee on Decoration—James Bulman, Bob McGinn, Phil Zeh and K. M. Hansen.

Committee on Publishing—Ira C. Richardson, James Bulman, George Jarman and K. M. Hanson.

Committee on Music—Christ Porter, Louis Lonson and Jesse LaBree.

D. LaSage is on all committees. C. C. Jackson was appointed treasurer and Ben Wilson was appointed Secretary.

D. LaSage, acting secretary.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Rev. Dr. O. A. Ostby, from Minneapolis will deliver three lectures on Psychology at Evenson Hall, Monday, 27th, Wednesday 29th and Thursday, April 30th at 8 o'clock P. M. subjects:

1. Mind, its power and functions.
2. Origin of our being and pre-natal influences.
3. Mortal and immortal life and their relation.

Course tickets on sale at Stebbins drug store at $1.00 for the three lectures, single lecture, 50cents at the door.

Dr. Ostby if a member of the "Society for Psychical Research" of London, and has devoted most of his time for years to the study of the mind and soul of man and the great laws of our being, so we feel justified in saying that you will miss a chance of a lifetime if you miss those lectures.

They will be of the greatest importance to the ministers, teachers and educators and indispensible to the businessman, and no parent or prospective parent can afford to dispense with the instruction given in these lectures. They will teach you the great universal laws by which, when understood, and rightly applied, the parents can give to their child a body and a soul endowed with powers of the highest efficiency for their physical and spiritual welfare.

Don't miss it. Secure your tickets early.

Star.

Knut Solheim of Anton P. O. paid Star township a visit Monday, March 30.

A gasoline saw rig let go the other day at Erie. No one was hurt and the damage was slight.

Miss Inga Boen arrived home, after a visit at Thief River Falls, last Friday.

School began last Wednesday with Miss Tessie Jacobson, of St. Hilaire, as teacher. District No. 56 will utilize part of Mr. Johnson's house as school room.

Shaak Simonson, at one time proprietor of the Oyster Bay restaurant at Thief River Falls, but now located at Little Oak paid Erie a visit last Sunday.

James O'Brian, of Highlanding paid Little Oak a visit recently, of which we will tell more later.

A loud report, as of an explosion was heard Monday, March 30th, at noon and Editor Latimore suggested it might have been Hunt's think tank going higher, but from what the writer knows about Mr. Hunt it would probably go in the other direction.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1908, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated April 7th, 1908. John H. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
(Auditor's Seal)

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of [illegible], Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the Creditors of [illegible] of Wylie, in the county of Red Lake, in said District, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1908 the above named [illegible] was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said district, on the [illegible] day of April A. D. 1908 at [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 4th, 1908. Ole J. Vaule.
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Life in Christiania.

Many of the residences of Christiania stand villa-like in the midst of pretty gardens, which in summer are full of bloom and give the streets a peculiar charm and sense of openness. Within, the people live simple, wholesome lives, kindly and hospitable, with that truest hospitality which invites the guest to share in good cheer without ostentation or display. Dinner is at 3 or 4 o'clock, served by trim, fresh looking maids, and supper at 8, where, except on formal occasions, the guest is free to forage around the table for himself. Host and hostess drink the health of each guest with the word "skaal," replied to by the eyes over the glass after drinking. Adjourning to the drawing room, the guests thank both master and mistress of the house, and on the next meeting never fail to say, "Thanks for the last time." One is everywhere struck by the frank and unaffected simplicity of the life and the straightforward kindliness of the people.—H. H. D. Peirce in Atlantic.

Dread of Marble Portraits.

"One peculiarity of human nature that I am reminded of daily," said a sculptor, "is the disinclination of the average man to look upon himself reproduced in marble. The sight strikes him with positive dread. It makes him feel as if he were looking on his own lifeless body. For that reason it is difficult to persuade many persons worth modeling to sit for a sculptor. Frequently I am asked why most of my work is modeled after dead and gone subjects. The answer is that living people refuse to give me a commission. The art of the sculptor differs there from that of the painter. Everybody likes to be painted. The sight of one's face, one's figure, one's clothes, in a picture evokes nothing but pleasurable emotions if well done, but to see oneself carved out of marble produces such an overpowering sense of death that many sensitive persons put off immortalization at the hands of a sculptor until they are really dead."—New York Press.

His Brothers.

At the usual monthly petty sessions court held in a certain provincial town some weeks ago the following incident occurred:

One of the local police constables had summoned a neighboring farmer on a charge of "having a number of asses wandering at will on the public road." The defendant failed to appear, but his brother was present in the person of the clerk of petty sessions, who on hearing the sentence of the presiding magistrate, "Fined 2s. 2d. and costs," rose to the occasion by replying: "They're my brother's, your worship I'll pay the fine."

He was shocked when his becoming exhibition of fraternal love for the asses was rewarded with an outburst of laughter.—London Graphic.

Where the Shoe Pinched.

It was easy for Mr. Randall to bear with his wife's remarkable decision of character at all times, but her obstinacy he found most difficult to endure.

"I can't quite comprehend her," he confided to his brother after one trying experience. "Many years as we have been married, she still surprises me. Why, all in the same day, sometimes in the same hour, she will settle a disturbance in the kitchen, put the children just where they belong, adjust some matter in the church and then, when her judgment ought to be at its best, display the most astounding obstinacy in attempting to regulate my goings out or comings in. It's—it's incomprehensible."

Moslem Prayer Rugs.

Prayer rugs were evidently invented for the purpose of providing the worshipers with one absolutely clean place on which to offer prayers. It is not lawful for a Moslem to pray on any place not perfectly clean, and unless each one has his own special rug he is not certain that the spot has not been polluted. It does not matter to these followers of Mohammed how unclean a rug that is on the floor may be, because over it they place the prayer rug when their devotions begin.

An Eye Experiment.

The two eyes really see two objects. If the two forefingers be held, one at the distance of one foot, the other two feet in front of the eyes, and the former be looked at, two phantoms of the latter will be observed, one on each side. If the latter figure be regarded, two phantoms of the nearest finger will be observed mounting guard, one on either side.

Answered.

Two ministerial candidates named Adam and Low preached in a Scottish church. Mr. Low preached in the morning and took for his text, "Adam, where art thou?"

He made a most excellent discourse, and the congregation was much edified. In the evening Mr. Adam preached and took for his text, "Lo, here I am!"

His Economy.

Father—It's only fair to tell you that I'm pleased with your economy this term. Your requests for money were too frequent last term. Son—Yes, father, I thought so, too, so this term I've had everything on tick.—London Tit-Bits.

Lucky.

Smith—Just missed running down an old lady with my auto. Jones—Bah Jove, you're a lucky dog! Smith—Sure. I just had it painted last week.—Chicago News.

Little Food.

Student—Something is preying on my mind. Professor W.—It must be very hungry.—Yale Record.

Nature's Vengeance.

Pliny informs us that twelve cities in Asia Minor were swallowed up in one night. In the year 115 the city of Antioch and a great part of the adjacent country were buried by an earthquake. About 300 years after it was again destroyed, along with 40,000 inhabitants, and after an interval of sixty years was a third time overturned, with the loss of not less than 60,000 souls. In 1692 the city of Port Royal, in Jamaica, was destroyed by an earthquake, and the houses sank into a gulf forty fathoms deep. In 1693 an earthquake occurred in Sicily which either destroyed or greatly damaged fifty-four cities. The city of Catalonia was utterly overthrown, 19,000 inhabitants of the city perishing in the ruins. In 1755 Lisbon was destroyed by an earthquake, and it buried under its ruins above 50,000 inhabitants. In August, 1822, two-thirds of the city of Aleppo, containing a population of 200,000, were destroyed by an earthquake. Thirty thousand of its inhabitants were buried in the ruins.

Held Down the Speaker.

The sanctity of the speaker is an inviolable law of parliamentary England, yet once the necessities of the nation were so great that an assault and battery had to be made upon his sacred person. It was in the third parliament of Charles I. that the angry commons framed their petition of rights. This cut at the very root of the king's prerogative, and among those in the house who opposed it was Mr. Speaker. Upon Sir John Elliott moving its acceptance the speaker essayed to leave the chair, which would, of course, have proved fatal to the bill. But they were ready for him, and Hollis and Valentine seized him, one on each side, and literally held him in the chair until the formality of the reading was over. So vital was the petition considered that Cromwell said in the lobby afterward, "Had we been defeated I should have left England tonight."—London Chronicle.

Undodgeable Taxes.

"In the past," said the tax assessor, "governments were wiser. They levied taxes that could not be sworn off. There was, for instance, the English birth tax of the seventeenth century. A laborer paid 2 shillings as birth tax; a duke paid £30. You couldn't get round it.

"Burials were taxed, according to the station of the dead, from a shilling to £25. That, too, could not be dodged.

"Marriages were taxed. A duke to marry paid £50; a common person, like yourself, paid half a crown.

"In those days you paid a tax on every servant, on every dog, on every horse, on your carriage, your hearth, your windows, watches, clocks, wigs, hair powder, plate, ribbons, bricks, coal, gauze and candles."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Madman's Strange Belief.

An unfortunate maniac was confined in one of the Scottish lunatic asylums, his particular infirmity being an unshakable belief that every day was Christmas day and that he was dining sumptuously on turkey or roast beef and a good slice of plum pudding. His real diet, however, was of the plainest, he being served twice daily with a dish of oatmeal porridge. After daily describing to his attendants the pleasures he had tasted in his cut of turkey or what not he as regularly added, "Yet, somehow or other, everything that I eat tastes of porridge." This story it was which gave rise to the saying, "As palatable as the madman's porridge."

Some Famous Salt Lakes.

The Dead sea is forty miles long and nine miles wide. The Great Salt lake is seventy miles long and eighty miles wide, the largest body of brine in the world. There is evidence to show that once the Great Salt lake was at least 350 miles in length and 150 in width, nine times its present area. The Dead sea contains about 24 per cent of solids, one-third of which is pure salt, while of the 23 per cent of solid matter in the waters of Great Salt lake nearly all is salt.

Not a Question of Grammar.

The green reporter turned to Editor McKelway. "Which should I say," he asked hesitatingly, "'My boy Henry laid an egg on the table?'"

"Well," said Editor McKelway impatiently, "if you want something to crow over, and he's that kind of a hennery, let him lay it on the table if he can. Otherwise have him put it there."—Judge.

His Distinction.

A solemn funeral procession, slowly wending its way up the slope from the church to the grave, was intercepted by the old verger, who, pulling his forelock in the usual rustic style, addressed the clergyman, whispering in a confidential manner:

"Please, sir, corpse's brother wishes to speak to yer!"—London Tit-Bits.

A Nautical Secret.

Passenger—What makes this boat pitch so? Sailor—That's a nautical secret, ma'am, that we don't like to give away; but, seein' it's you, I don't mind tellin' you that it's the waves.—San Francisco Call.

He Wanted to Know.

The Employer (coldly)—Why are you so late? The Suburbanite (guiltily)—There were two wrecks on the track this morning, and— The Employer (testily)—Which was the other one?

Partly True.

Mr. Nix—I don't believe a word of your story! Weary—Well, that part about my bein' out of work for nine years is as true as gospel!—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

THE NEWS
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell or Mortgage Land.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson and Caroline Mork and all persons interested in the sale or mortgage of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of B. Christianson as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interest of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold or mortgaged and praying that a license be to B. Christianson granted to sell or mortgage the same.

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th, day of April, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court and the seal of said court, this 31st day of March 1908.

(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant.
Judge of Probate Court.
Apr. 2-16

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to B. Christianson.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday, the 28th day of September, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.
(Probate Court Seal) Apr. 2-16.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Annie I. E. Robinson, William Robinson and Jessie Jackson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of May, 1908, at 9 o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 28th day of March, 1908.

(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
April 2-16 G. K. Fargo,
Attorney for petitioner, Ogema, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure
SWANSON'S RHEUMATIC CURE CO.

STOPS THE PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread (Chain Stitch) Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
[illegible]
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

HAVE YOUR

EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS

TAKEN AT

BORRY'S GALLERY

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 02
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	22c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

C. W. Nelson was down to Crookston last week.

Dr. Mellby was up to Middle River Tuesday.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Read about the one hundred watch sale in this issue.

Mrs. M. C. Burns was down to St. Hilaire last week.

John Sorum was down from Sandridge the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Christ Strom last Saturday.

Andrew Stenseth was up north on the Greenbush line Monday.

Clarence Cummings was over from Oslee to spend Sunday.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

200 bushels of seed oats for sale by, H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Mrs. Ed Enright, of Red Lake Falls, visited friends in the city last week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Dr. Penney went down to the Twin Cities Saturday, returning on Tuesday.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting old friends.

K. K. Trisvold and family left this week for California to make their future home.

Wayne Richardson was over from Grand Forks to spend Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. Van Horton, of Lockhart, arrived in the city Tuesday to visit Mrs. D. P. O'Neill.

—For Rent—Eight room house, second door north of Park Hotel. Inquire of M. C. Burns.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday attending to legal business.

Andrew Wasson and family left Tuesday for Spokane, Washington, to make their future home.

Thomas Hasted left Tuesday for Mayville, N. D., to attend to business matters for a few days.

Wanted—To buy a horse weighing about 1200. Apply to N. Swanson, section 23, town of North.

The contract to fix up the telephone road east of town was let the first of the week to A. C. Hanson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Prichard returned to this city last Sunday from their trip to the Pacific coast.

A. C. Baker, of Decorah, Iowa, was in the city the first of the week to look after his business interests here.

Mrs. J. J. Vorachek left for Broket, N. D., Tuesday, called there by the serious illness of her brother.

M. C. Kollins was in the city the first of the week from the Eleven Towns attending to some business matters.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis last Saturday to look after his business interests here for a few days.

Postmaster Elias Steenerson, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday looking after some real estate he owns here.

—Do not fail to read Dr. A. J. Klimek's ad in this issue. When Dr. Klimek advertises he always offers bargains, that is the reason he is doing the jewelry business in Thief River Falls.

Services will be held in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Lenten services with communion on Thursday evening April 16th, at 7:45. All are cordially invited.
F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from St. Hilaire on Tuesday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

For a first class suit made *to order*, go to Louis Heyduck, east of Meehan block.

August E. Smith, of Duluth, arrived in the city last week and has accepted a position in Louis Heyduck's tailor shop.

For sale or exchange for good land, a stock of general merchandise. Call on Evenson & Erickson, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Services in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side Sunday, April 12, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. Peter Dalquist.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to North Dakota where he had been looking after some farm loans.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet in the church basement this afternoon. All are cordially invited.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Olaf Ramstad returned yesterday with a large number of fine farm horses which he purchased in Norman county and will sell to the farmers in this section.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning at 10:45, and in the evening at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all.
M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Michael T. Torgerson and Holmer I. Halvorson, two bustling settlers of Reiner, were in the city the first of the week and made the News office a pleasant call.

W. B. Nicholls, who has been traveling in North Dakota selling lumber for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Special attention is called to the ad of Torrison Bros. on the last page of this issue. To boys and girls who can solve this rebus an exceptional good prize is offered.

Nels A. Nelson, one of the mail clerks on the Wheatline, went down to Fargo Monday, returning Tuesday with his parents who will make their future home in this city.

A Norman county farmer has been making a net profit of $4.10 per day thruout the winter on 1000 hens. Four dollars and ten cents a day, the year round, above all expenses, is not so bad for the hen.

While in the cities the first of the week, Dr. Penney purchased a new four seated Reo runabout automobile. The machine is expected to arrive here in about two weeks.

M. C. Burns went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening and is assisting Sheriff Nelson post notices for the meeting of the county board to consider the county seat petition.

Former Chief E. O. Erickson left for Fosston Monday where he has accepted the position of village marshal. There is a row on over at Fosston and it was thought wise to get an outside man for a police officer.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Ole Moengen, of Thief River Falls, who recently graduated in the telegraphy department of Dutton's Business College, at Crookston, has accepted a position with the Great Northern Railway at Mandan, Mont.

The many friends in this city of Rev. J. J. Schroeder, who was recently taken to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls, will be pleased to learn that he has been entirely cured and discharged from that institution. He is now with his family at his old home in North Dakota.

O. J. Schei left yesterday for Grand Forks.

Olaf B. Hanson, of Hilda, was in the city yesterday being enroute to Red Lake Falls.

Phil Zeh went down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Pat Sullivan, river foreman for the East Grand Forks Lumber company, was in the city yesterday.

Olaf Schei, who had been in the city visiting his brother, O. J. Schei, left yesterday for his home at Fergus Falls.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Charley Sundberg next Monday, April 13 at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. All are cordially invited.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church Sunday 10:30. Services in English in the evening at 7:45. Sundays school at 9:15 in the morning and bible class at the close of the morning services.

After looking over lands in Washington and Idaho, that are held at $100 to $1,000 an acre, E. M. Aldrich, a Red River Valley farmer, says lands are too cheap here and he will sell none of his lands for less than $75 an acre.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land, 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. *What have you to trade in farm land* here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

A leading real estate dealer of Warren, who is just back from the east, says he found a big demand for Red River Valley lands, in fact greater than ever before. He says all that is necessary to get the country settled up is to show them what we have and for the business men to get together and push.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual Easter sale Saturday afternoon April 18th, at the church parlor. Fancy served articles, cooked foods, including breads, cakes, cookies, doughnuts, pies, etc., cut flowers, home made candies, and Easter eggs will be sold. A light lunch will be served during the afternoon.

S. T. Johnson, pioneer Democrat of Thief River Falls who always labors for the success of others and seldom receives the reward which is due him, has organized a Johnson club in Thief River Falls with a large number of members. If the Johnson club was to boom S. T. we would join, but when it is for John A. we are content to take a back seat.

Senator Nelson last week introduced a bill appropriating the sum of $25,000 for the establishment of a fish cultural station in Minnesota, this amount to include the purchase of the site, construction of buildings and ponds. The selection of the site is left to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor. No one knows so well the advantages to be derived from the establishment of such stations in Minnesota.

There will be a material increase in the wheat acreage around Crookston this year, the result of the settlement of immigrants on farms that have been held by land companies. Scores of farms which have been lying idle from two to five years will be cultivated this year. The crops that will be materially increased this year will include corn, clover and other grass crops and potatoes, all of which will be given vastly more attention than ever before.

State Begins Advertising.

The state board of immigration have just issued a book entitled "Minnesota's Fiftieth Anniversary." The book has been compiled, not so much for the purpose of advertising the state, as for placing information in the hands of prospective homestead seeker which will guide him in selecting in Minnesota a location suitable to his desires.

Short, descriptive and statistical information is given of each county in the state. This has been compiled from the most reliable sources available, and the writer has aimed to give a fair, impartial description of each county.

The book contains about 200 pages, over 40 pages of which contain photographic scenes from different portions of the state.

MILLINERY
the latest
the best
the cheapest
at
CALDWELL'S.
North LaBree
Avenue, opposite
Hotel North
Western.

Subscribe for the News.

WILL GET THEIR LAND

Government to Give Pine Holdings to Red Lake Indians.

Under Treaty of 1904, Poor Lo Will Receive His Rights.

A special commissioner from the United States Indian office will come from Washington to the Red Lake Indian agency within a few days, to settle the long-belated allotments to the Indians, according to E. L. Warren of Cass Lake.

Mr. Warren says the alotment will be settled under the McLaughlin treaty of 1904, which stipulates that the Indians can have either agricultural or pine lands.

Since the treaty was made in 1904, about 150 of the Indians have died, says Mr. Warren, and their heirs will never receive any benefit from the treaty that has never been enforced by the government. Lumber interests opposed the carrying out of the provisions of the treaty. The present application of the Indians has been made direct to the Indian office at Washington, and as the official in charge has returned his receipt of the application, it is the general supposition around the Red Lake agency that the matter will at last receive the attention of the government.

Mr. Warren says as long as the Indian is a ward of the government in the matter of receiving rations or a pension, just so long will he refuse to work. Senator Clapp had the halfbreeds of the White Earth reservation given their allotments in one sum. When they learn that they must earn their own living, Mr. Warren says, they will become useful citizens. It is the plan to give the Red Lake Indians what they have in one lump sum, as the plan has proved to be the best way of dealing with Poor Lo, says Mr. Warren.

The Red Lake agency is the only one in the state where the Indians have not received their allotments from the government. Pine land is worth a good price right at the present time,, and the Indians taking their annuity in timber will realize a snug little sum on the sale.

Bijou Theater.

"The Three Milliards" will be the premier attraction for the grand spring opening at the Bijou, April 27th. This trio is pronounced by press and public as the greatest comedy musical artists in Vaudeville. They have a clever turn in comedy and music that is sure to furnish amusement for the patrons of the popular little playhouse.

The program last evening and tonight is an exceptional one. Scenic—"Going to Switzerland" a traveler and his field glass are shown. We see what he sees—weird, but sublime in photographic perfection, the Alpine views are magnificent, wonderful ice fields, glaciers, crags, crevices, snow clad pinnacles and chasms in all their thrilling majesty, sublime silence and snowy desolation, pass each other in rapid succession, each scene more beautiful than the last.

The hand colored film "Wonderful Mirrors" is a beautiful piece of art, mysterious changes, appearances and disappearances.

Miss Elsa Robbecke sang the colonial ballad, illustrated—"Just Some One," by W. R. Anderson.

Friday and Saturday illustrated song, "Jennie Lee."

A Mammoth Pine.

Mr. Helic Clementson who has a contract to cut and remove pine from off the reserve lands in Town 158-31, reports of having had cut a pine tree, last week, which, had such not broken in the fall would have scaled considerably above 5000ft. The butt log of this monster of the northern forest scaled 1520 feet, Doyle rule. A thing which was never very common in any section of the eastern part of the country, and a rarity in most parts. It is commonly presumed that the farther north the latitude the the smaller and more dwarfed trees usually grow; however when a forest can and does produce good healthy, thrifty trees of the proportion above referred to it must either be that the hardy pine is liable to development in any latitude with proper soil conditions or else the Rainy River Valley is far from the oft imagined cold and undesirable country as some would have one to believe. This large tree is not by any means an exception for it is not an uncommon sight to see poplar and spruce trees from 30 to 38 inches in diameter on the stump, and white birch from 20 to 30 inches. Thus it can readily be seen as of what desirability our Northern Minnesota forests are, and especially for the lumbering industry.—Spooner News.

Carl August Johnson, the second son of Johan Johnson of Rocksbury, died of heart trouble at his home last Thursday at the age of fourteen. He had been sick for several years and death came as a relief to the little sufferer. The funeral was held at the Swedish Lutheran church last Sunday afternoon Rev. Sand officiating.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

City Council.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening and about all of the time of the councilmen was taken in allowing bills.

The committee looking after the construction of the new bridge,—Milton Forder and M. V. Evenson,—reported that concrete work for the center pier and a portion of the floor of the bridge had frozen before it had set, and as a result should be done over again. This committee advised that the bridge be not accepted in its present condition.

The Northwestern Telephone company made another application for a franchise in the city and it was refused.

George Williams withdrew his application for a liquor license.

The residents of Kendall avenue on the east side made application for four street lights and the matter was referred to the committee on lights.

Vaudeville to Be Introduced.

George H. Webster, booking agent of Valley City, N. D., was in the city Tuesday and while his stay here made a contract with S. A. LaMont, proprietor of the Bijou Theatre. The first vaudeville performance will be on the 27th of April and there will be a change of program twice each week. The Bijou is one of the popular places of amusement in Thief River Falls and gives full value for the money. The introduction of vaudeville is a step in advance and it is to be hoped that the public will appreciate this.

Rocksbury.

Mrs. I. A. Miller called on Mrs. Peter Ness one day last week.

Mrs. Tillie Holtzknecht called on Mrs. Rondorf last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bakken are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Lora Miller came home from Wisconsin last Thursday, where he has been for a time.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ortloff spent last Tuesday at Krause's and Janke.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller called on Meehan's last Thursday evening.

Gertie and Ed Thorstad, also Una, Clinton and Edna Miller attended the debate in the Riverside school last Tuesday evening.

Miss Gertrude Meehan attended a party in Thief River Falls last Thursday.

The relatives of Mr. Albert Geske planned a pleasant birthday surprise on him last Saturday evening.

Miss Ebbie Miller closed a successful term of school in district 106 and is now home for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moeller gave a party to their friends last Saturday evening.

School started again in the Sunnyside school last Monday with Miss Marguerite McAndrew as teacher.

Mr. Andrew Ortloff passed thru this vicinity on his way to the district in Thief River last Friday.

Mr. Henry Rondorf attended the auction south east of St. Hilaire, last Friday.

Mr and Mrs. David Rux passed thru this vicinity on their way to Thief River Falls last Friday.

Mr. Fecarrus, of South Dakota, a representative of the "Home Comfort Range" company, was calling on the farmers of this vicinity last Monday.

Miss Elva Bartlett spent Tuesday evening with her teacher, Miss Meehan.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending April, 4, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

- Carlson, Swen
- Dahl, Miss Mary
- Halvorson, Albert
- Cibbel, Dick
- Larson, Miss Esther
- Manson, F. J.
- Munson, Lewis
- Phillips, Geo.
- Wengburg, George
- Wiss, Mrs. J. W.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

For Sale.

About 1500 tons of ice, 2 ice plows, ice forks, etc. One pair of light horses and wagon. Will be sold cheap. A. T. Rice.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

COMMITTEES NAMED

Preparations Now Being Made for the Firemen's Tournament This year.

A List of Hustlers Appointed to Have Charge of Affairs.

The general committee of the Firemen's Tournament association met Monday night and appointed their committees for the tournament, as follows:

Committee on Finance—C.C. Jackson, Ira C. Richardson and Ben Wilson:

Committee on reception and entertainment—Geo. Curran, W. B. Fuller, Andy Erickson, Dr. Penney, K. M. Hanson and W. Michelet.

Committee on Inquiry—Paul Medrick, Dan Shaw, Ole Torrison, Bob McGinn and E. E. Zeh.

Committee on grounds—Pat Mahon, Ed Jarnason, Christ Paulson and D. LaSage.

Committee on Decoration—James Bulman, Bob McGinn, Phil Zeh and K. M. Hansen.

Committee on Publishing—Ira C. Richardson, James Bulman, George Jarman and K. M. Hansen.

Committee on Music—Christ Porter, Louis Lonson and Jesse LaBree.

D. LaSage is on all committees. C. C. Jackson was appointed treasurer and Ben Wilson was appointed Secretary.

D. LaSage, acting secretary.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Rev. Dr. O. A. Ostby, from Minneapolis will deliver three lectures on Psychology at Evenson Hall, Monday, 27th, Wednesday 29th and Thursday, April 30th at 8 o'clock P. M. subjects:

1. Mind, its power and functions.
2. Origin of our being and pre-natal influences.
3. Mortal and immortal life and their relation.

Course tickets on sale at Stebbins drug store at $1.00 for the three lectures, single lecture, 50cents at the door.

Dr. Ostby is a member of the "Society for Psychical Research" of London, and has devoted most of his time for years to the study of the mind and soul of man and the great laws of our being, so we feel justified in saying that you will miss a chance of a lifetime if you miss those lectures.

They will be of the greatest importance to the ministers, teachers and educators and indispensible to the businessman, and no parent or prospective parent can afford to dispense with the instruction given in these lectures. They will teach you the great universal laws by which, when understood, and rightly applied, the parents can give to their child a body and a soul endowed with powers of the highest efficiency for their physical and spiritual wellfare.

Don't miss it. Secure your tickets early.

Star.

Knut Solheim of Anton P. O. paid Star township a visit Monday, March 30.

A gasoline saw rig let go the other day at Erie. No one was hurt and the damage was slight.

Miss Inga Boen arrived home, after a visit at Thief River Falls, last Friday.

School began last Wednesday with Miss Tessie Jacobson, of St. Hilaire, as teacher. District No. 56 will utilize part of Mr. Johnson's house as school room.

Shaak Simonson, at one time proprietor of the Oyster Bay restaurant at Thief River Falls, but now located at Little Oak paid Erie a visit last Sunday.

James O'Brien, of Highlanding paid Little Oak a visit recently, of which we will tell more later.

A loud report, as of an explosion was heard Monday, March 30th, at noon and Editor Latimore suggested it might have been Hunt's think tank going higher, but from what the writer knows about Mr. Hunt it would probably go in the other direction.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1908, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated April 7th, 1908. John R. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
(Auditor's
Seal.)

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

In the matter of Dedrick [illegible], Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the Creditors of Dedrick [illegible], of Wylie in the county of Red Lake, in said District, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given, that on the [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1908 the above named Dedrick [illegible] was duly adjudicated a bankrupt and the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk in said district, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1908, at [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon at which time said creditors may attend prove claims appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April [illegible], 1908. Ole J. Vaule,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Life in Christiania.

Many of the residences of Christiania stand villa-like in the midst of pretty gardens, which in summer are full of bloom and give the streets a peculiar charm and sense of openness. Within, the people live simple, wholesome lives, kindly and hospitable, with that truest hospitality which invites the guest to share in good cheer without ostentation or display. Dinner is at 3 or 4 o'clock, served by trim, fresh looking maids, and supper at 8, where, except on formal occasions, the guest is free to forage around the table for himself. Host and hostess drink the health of each guest with the word "skaal," replied to by the eyes over the glass after drinking. Adjourning to the drawing room, the guests thank both master and mistress of the house, and on the next meeting never fail to say, "Thanks for the last time." One is everywhere struck by the frank and unaffected simplicity of the life and the straightforward kindliness of the people.—H. H. D. Peirce in Atlantic.

Dread of Marble Portraits.

"One peculiarity of human nature that I am reminded of daily," said a sculptor, "is the disinclination of the average man to look upon himself reproduced in marble. The sight strikes him with positive dread. It makes him feel as if he were looking on his own lifeless body. For that reason it is difficult to persuade many persons worth modeling to sit for a sculptor. Frequently I am asked why most of my work is modeled after dead and gone subjects. The answer is that living people refuse to give me a commission. The art of the sculptor differs there from that of the painter. Everybody likes to be painted. The sight of one's face, one's figure, one's clothes, in a picture evokes nothing but pleasurable emotions if well done, but to see oneself carved out of marble produces such an overpowering sense of death that many sensitive persons put off immortalization at the hands of a sculptor until they are really dead."—New York Press.

His Brothers.

At the usual monthly petty sessions court held in a certain provincial town some weeks ago the following incident occurred:

One of the local police constables had summoned a neighboring farmer on a charge of "having a number of asses wandering at will on the public road." The defendant failed to appear, but his brother was present in the person of the clerk of petty sessions, who on hearing the sentence of the presiding magistrate, "Fined 2s. 2d. and costs," rose to the occasion by replying: "They're my brother's, your worship I'll pay the fine."

He was shocked when his becoming exhibition of fraternal love for the asses was rewarded with an outburst of laughter.—London Graphic.

Where the Shoe Pinched.

It was easy for Mr. Randall to bear with his wife's remarkable decision of character at all times, but her obstinacy he found most difficult to endure.

"I can't quite comprehend her," he confided to his brother after one trying experience. "Many years as we have been married, she still surprises me. Why, all in the same day, sometimes in the same hour, she will settle a disturbance in the kitchen, put the children just where they belong, adjust some matter in the church and then, when her judgment ought to be at its best, display the most astounding obstinacy in attempting to regulate my goings out or comings in. It's—it's incomprehensible."

Moslem Prayer Rugs.

Prayer rugs were evidently invented for the purpose of providing the worshipers with one absolutely clean place on which to offer prayers. It is not lawful for a Moslem to pray on any place not perfectly clean, and unless each one has his own special rug he is not certain that the spot has not been polluted. It does not matter to these followers of Mohammed how unclean a rug that is on the floor may be, because over it they place the prayer rug when their devotions begin

An Eye Experiment.

The two eyes really see two objects If the two forefingers be held, one at the distance of one foot, the other two feet in front of the eyes, and the former be looked at, two phantoms of the latter will be observed, one on each side. If the latter figure be regarded, two phantoms of the nearest finger will be observed mounting guard, one on either side.

Answered.

Two ministerial candidates named Adam and Low preached in a Scottish church. Mr. Low preached in the morning and took for his text, "Adam, where art thou?"

He made a most excellent discourse, and the congregation was much edified. In the evening Mr. Adam preached and took for his text, "Lo, here I am!"

His Economy.

Father—It's only fair to tell you that I'm pleased with your economy this term. Your requests for money were too frequent last term. Son—Yes, father, I thought so, too, so this term I've had everything on tick.—London Tit-Bits.

Lucky.

Smith—Just missed running down an old lady with my auto. Jones—Bah Jove, you're a lucky dog! Smith—Sure. I just had it painted last week —Chicago News.

Little Food.

Student—Something is preying on my mind. Professor W—It must be very hungry.—Yale Record.

Nature's Vengeance.

Pliny informs us that twelve cities in Asia Minor were swallowed up in one night. In the year 115 the city of Antioch and a great part of the adjacent country were buried by an earthquake. About 300 years after it was again destroyed, along with 40,000 inhabitants, and after an interval of sixty years was a third time overturned, with the loss of not less than 60,000 souls. In 1692 the city of Port Royal, in Jamaica, was destroyed by an earthquake, and the houses sank into a gulf forty fathoms deep. In 1693 an earthquake occurred in Sicily which either destroyed or greatly damaged fifty-four cities. The city of Catalonia was utterly overthrown, 10,000 inhabitants of the city perishing in the ruins. In 1755 Lisbon was destroyed by an earthquake, and it buried under its ruins above 50,000 inhabitants. In August, 1822, two-thirds of the city of Aleppo, containing a population of 200,000, were destroyed by an earthquake. Thirty thousand of its inhabitants were buried in the ruins.

Held Down the Speaker.

The sanctity of the speaker is an inviolable law of parliamentary England, yet once the necessities of the nation were so great that an assault and battery had to be made upon his sacred person. It was in the third parliament of Charles I. that the angry commons framed their petition of rights. This cut at the very root of the king's prerogative, *and among those in the house* who opposed it was Mr. Speaker. Upon Sir John Elliott moving its acceptance the speaker essayed to leave the chair, which would, of course, have proved fatal to the bill. But they were ready for him, and Hollis and Valentine seized him, one on each side, and literally held him in the chair until the formality of the reading was over. So vital was the petition considered that Cromwell said in the lobby afterward, "Had we been defeated I should have left England tonight."—London Chronicle.

Undodgeable Taxes.

"In the past," said the tax assessor, "governments were wiser. They levied taxes that could not be sworn off. There was, for instance, the English birth tax of the seventeenth century. A laborer paid 2 shillings as birth tax; a duke paid £30. You couldn't get round it.

"Burials were taxed, according to the station of the dead, from a shilling to £25. That, too, could not be dodged.

"Marriages were taxed. A duke to marry paid £50; a common person, like yourself, paid half a crown.

"In those days you paid a tax on every servant, on every dog, on every horse, on your carriage, your hearth, your windows, watches, clocks, wigs, hair powder, plate, ribbons, bricks, coal, gauze and candles."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Madman's Strange Belief.

An unfortunate maniac was confined in one of the Scottish lunatic asylums, his particular infirmity being an unshakable belief that every day was Christmas day and that he was dining sumptuously on turkey or roast beef and a good slice of plum pudding. His real diet, however, was of the plainest, he being served twice daily with a dish of oatmeal porridge. After daily describing to his attendants the pleasures he had tasted in his cut of turkey or what not he as regularly added, "Yet, somehow or other, everything that I eat tastes of porridge." This story it was which gave rise to the saying, "As palatable as the madman's porridge."

Some Famous Salt Lakes.

The Dead sea is forty miles long and nine miles wide. The Great Salt lake is seventy miles long and eighty miles wide, the largest body of brine in the world. There is evidence to show that once the Great Salt lake was at least 350 miles in length and 150 in width, nine times its present area. The Dead sea contains about 24 per cent of solids, one-third of which is pure salt, while of the 23 per cent of solid matter in the waters of Great Salt lake nearly all is salt.

Not a Question of Grammar.

The green reporter turned to Editor McKelway. "Which should I say," he asked hesitatingly, " 'My boy Henry laid an egg on the table?' "

"Well," said Editor McKelway impatiently, "if you want something to crow over, and he's that kind of a hennery, let him lay it on the table if he can. Otherwise have him put it there." —Judge.

His Distinction.

A solemn funeral procession, slowly wending its way up the slope from the church to the grave, was intercepted by the old verger, who, pulling his forelock in the usual rustic style, addressed the clergyman, whispering in a confidential manner:

"Please, sir, corpse's brother wishes to speak to yer!"—London Tit-Bits.

A Nautical Secret.

Passenger—What makes this boat pitch so? Sailor—That's a nautical secret, ma'am, that we don't like to give away; but, seein' it's you, I don't mind tellin' you that it's the waves.—San Francisco Call.

He Wanted to Know.

The Employer (coldly)—Why are you so late? The Suburbanite (guiltily)—There were two wrecks on the track this morning, and— The Employer (testily)—Which was the other one?

Partly True.

Mr. Nix—I don't believe a word of your story! Weary—Well, that part about my bein' out of work for nine years is as true as' gospel!—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell or Mortgage Land.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson and Caroline Mork and all persons interested in the sale or mortgage of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of B. Christianson as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interest of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold or mortgaged and praying that a license be to B. Christianson granted to sell or mortgage the same.

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th, day of April, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court and the seal of said court, this 31st day of March 1908.

(Court Seal.) N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate Court.
Apr. 2-16

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to B. Christianson.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday, the 28th day of September, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant,
(Probate Court Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Apr. 2-16.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Annie L. E. Robinson, William Robinson and Jessie Jackson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of May, 1908, at 9 o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 28th day of March, 1908.

(Court Seal.) N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
April 2-16 G. K. Fargo,
Attorney for petitioner, Oceola, Minn.

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your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

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MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kyneaville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

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caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

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"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similiar ingredients.

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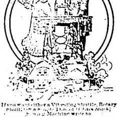

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Mr. Hill Is Changeable.

Franklin K. Lane, interstate commerce commissioner, gives out the following interview, respecting the railroad situation in this country pictured so pessimistically by James J. Hill, in his New York interview:

"A year ago Mr. Hill said that the railroads had failed to meet the traffic necessities of the country; that there had been a steady increase in business which the railroads had not met, and that it would be necessary to invest $5,500,000,000 in providing equipment, double tracks and terminals to handle the business of the country properly. And now, because for two or three months the railroads have been able to handle more business than was offered them, we are met on all hands with the cry that the country is going to the bow-wows. What is the necessity for painting the picture blacker than it is? Does it arise out of the fact that Congress is in session or that there is a presidenelection impending?

"I tell you frankly I do not understand the reason why, at a time when railroad credit should be upheld, those who ought to be most interested in supporting that credit are lending their influence to breaking it down. The average monthly receipts from freight and passenger traffic for each mile of the 225,000 miles of railroad in the United States reporting to this commission for the first seven months of this fiscal year were $980, which is $180 per mile per month more than the average for the fiscal year ending in 1905, the year of the last presidential election, which was certainly not regarded as a poor year in the rail road industrial world.

"While we will this year doubtless fall behind the revenues of last year, there is no reason for wearing sack cloth and ashes, and certainly no public reason for adding the evils consequent upon the New York panic by placing emphasis upon the the unfortunate condition of certain roads or general falling off in traffic as compared with the high standards of other years."

Receivership Loot.

During five months the Knickerbocker Trust company of New York, which closed its doors during the panic of last fall, was in the hands of three receivers.

Lately it was released from its receivership and opened for business again.

The court allowed the three receivers $75,000 each for their trouble, besides correspondingly large attorneys' fees.

It is not surprising to hear, after this, that the superintendent of banking of New York has recommended that the old style of receiverships be done away with, and that insolvent banks shall be placed in charge of deputies of his department who shall be paid regular salaries for the work.

The expense of receiverships in this country has become a shameful scandal. It was utterly impossible for the receivers of the Kinckerbocker Trust company to earn the compensation allowed them by the court, which was at the rate of $180.000 a year each. It amounts simply to looting the resources of the trust company with the conivance of the courts.

It is related that the attorneys for the receivers, in demanding this sum for their clients, dwelt upon the generosity of the receivers in not demanding 5 per cent upon the amount of money handled by them, which would have amounted to a great deal more than the $225,000 that was paid. In view of the remarkable rate of pay that was allowed them by the court, the marvel is that they did not demand all of the bank's resources as compensation, and that the court did not compromise by giving them half.

The court, however, announced that the sum allowed was less than the receivers had earned, and less than they could have claimed under the statutes. The court is wrong in its first statement, since they could not have earned what they got. It is right in its second statement, but the statute itself is grievously wrong.

The suggestion of the New York superintendent of banks appears to be a good one. It would throw much responsibility upon the department of banking, and would increase the need of care in selecting its chief and its subordinates, but it would certainly obviate the shameful spectacle of trust funds being looted under the guise of law and with the approval of the courts.

The liquidation of a banking institution is a very important function. It should be put into the hands of capable, expert and honest men, who should be paid a fair price for their services. But to put it into the hands of men who will consent to receive an unfair portion of the money that belongs to needy depositors is to outrage justice and make the courts a cover for looting helpless creditors.

If state banking departments are properly constituted, this work could be as well done by them, and far more cheaply.—Duluth Herald.

The Railroad Bookkeeping Mystery.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania was able to decide that a rate of two cents a mile for carrying passengers in that state was confiscatory and void. This is, perhaps, an illustration of the ability of the court, for the lay mind still finds the problem baffling.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has just issued its report of operations for 1907, from which it appears that—the average rate received per passenger per mile, including commutation and excursion tickets, being 1.918 cents—the profit to the road over and above operating expenses was only .127 cents per passenger per mile, or about two million dollars on the whole passenger traffic.

This certainly is a slim margin, and a modest return upon the capital invested. But if the ratio of operating cost in the passenger department had been the same as in the preceding year, the profit per passenger per mile would have been about three times as great, and the higher operating cost in 1907 was due, in part President McCrea tells us, "to a more accurate distribution of expenses as between freight and passenger traffic"—in other words, to a different method of bookkeeping.

Possibly the legislature, in passing the two-cent-fare act, assumed that the books were properly kept before. If the Interstate Commerce Commission does succeed in enforcing such a system of accounting that a railroad report will have an exact meaning it will perform a service which, finally, will be of immense benefit to the roads.—Saturday Evening Post.

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ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

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Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

Phone 111. Main Ave.

There is a butter famine in England that is going to benefit the dairymen of the Northwest. The Shortage of butter imported to England was reported to be 12,500 tons on April 1st and in London butter is retailing at $1 per pound.

Has Invented Shocking Machine.

William A. Leitch of Sarles, N. D. claims to have invented a successful grain shocking machine, which, if the claims of the inventor are correct will save the farmers in all of the grain growing countries millions of dollars.

The invention consists of a small machine that is attached to any binder and it takes the bundles as they fall off the binder and carries them in an upright position on a rotary table. This table rotates step by step and builds the shock, in much the same manner as it would be built by hand. It makes two complete revolutions and then by an ingenious device is parted in the middle after which the shock is dropped to the ground. Several attempts have been made by other inventors along the same lines, but have been unsuccessful on account of the shock tumbling forward with momentum of the machine. In this machine this is overcome by a very simple device. A steel ring is held in position on the outside of the shock while the same is building and this ring drops with the shock and holds it together until it is deposited on the ground, when it swings back into position again and is ready for the next shock. The machine has undergone some very extensive tests. At one test the machine was driven forward at a trot, and even at that gait it placed the shock in a perfect manner, while the bundles that were used in the test were found to weigh not more than about two pounds. The inventor claims that the cost of the machine will be hardly more than the hiring of help to do the shocking on 300 to 400 acres of grain.

Extend Thanks.

A crowded house greeted the seniors of the Thief River Falls high school when they presented their class play, "Dot, The Miner's Daughter," at the Imperial hall last Saturday evening.

The play was well received by the audience and all seemed pleased with the evening's entertainment. One half of the proceeds were donated by the class to the library fund of our local schools and a considerable sum was realized.

The people of St. Hilaire in general wish to express their sincere thanks to the Senior class and Supt. Hay of the high school for not only affording us a pleasant evening's entertainment but also for their liberal donation.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

ABOUT YOUR SEED GRAIN

Some Wise Precautions That Farmers Should Put In Practice.

Weak and Poor Seed Should Not Be Planted This Spring.

Don't sow soft or bin-burned wheat, and don't sow dark colored or scaly flax—certainly not without making suitable germination tests. If you do not understand testing seeds, send samples to the experiment station or agricultural college of your state with a request that they be tested and it will be done for you without cost.

1. Light, shrunked or weak seed of any kind should never be sown. It makes no difference how the injury to the seed is brot about, whether by hot winds, wet weather, frost, animal or vegetable pararites, "burning" in the stack or bin, or any other cause. If inferior seed be sown, a good crop cannot reasonably be expected.

2. The best and only safe varieties for the practical farmer to sow, are those that have already proved themselves adapted to his locality, or some other locality having like conditions of soil and climate.

3. Continuous growth of wheat on the same kind of soil or under like climatic conditions, does not cause degeneration but on the contrary, if proper care is taken in culture and seed selection and the seed be kept pure, wheat grown for a long term of years in any given locality should become with each added year better adapted to the conditions peculiar to that locality. A change of seed from one locality to another often results in serious losses, as it sometimes takes several years to overcome a seemingly slight change in environment. Importation of seed for a distance should be resorted to only when it is impossible to obtain suitable seed near home or when some new variety is to be tested, which latter should always be done on a small scale at first.

Smuts of cereals are caused by minute parasitic fungi and the black dusty masses which replace the heads and kernels of grain from the "smut balls."

These seeds are very minute and blow about and adhere to the kernel before it is planted. When the kernel sprouts the black spores or smut seeds also germinate and send delicate threads into the young seedling. These threads follow the growth of the plant and fill the head or kernel as soon as formed and there develop a mass of spores of smut seeds instead of wheat kernels.

All varieties of wheat and oats are subject to sumt, and all seeds should be treated with formaldehyde (Sometimes called formaline.) Get the best grades and make a solution of one pound of formaldehyde to 45 gallons of water. Two gallons of this solution to the bushel will be enough. Put the wheat or oats in a pile on the barn floor. Sprinkle the pile thoroly with the solution and shovel over. Leave the grain piled for two or more hours and then repeat the sprinkling and shoveling process until you are quite sure that all the grains have become wet, when the seed may be sacked or piled until the next day. If the grain is very smutty it may be dipped in the solution, and dipping is very effective. It is an advantage for the grain to be kept in the pile over night after the treatment because the chemical has better opportunity to attack the smut spores. Throw horse blankets over the pile to keep in the fumes; otherwise the smut spores on the top grains are not killed. Do not leave it piled long enough to get hot. Dip bags in the solution before sacking the treated seed. The drill should be set to sow more of this swelled seed than you would sow if dry. One can determine how much by measuring before treating and again when ready to seed. Wheat swells about one-fifth in bulk. There are machines on the market which reduce the labor of treating the seed and perhaps do the work more effectively than it can be done by hand. Formaldehyde is said by chemists to be non-poisonous. Do now whatever is necessary to prepare for seeding. Clean and sack the seed and clean, repair and oil the seeders.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Coconaut Bulk per lb.	18
Prunes, California per lb.	12½
Apples, choice evaporated per lb.	12½
Salmon, choice Chinook per lb can	15
Codfish, shredded per can	12½
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Marall, Fresh and crisp 3 for	25
Syrup, pure maple ½ gal.	75
Par[illegible] Flour 6 lb. sack	30
Coffee fresh roasted per lb.	15

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Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

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ALL DEALERS

GOOD ROADS.

Major Cooley to Arrange for a Public Demonstration.

Major George W. Cooley, state highway engineer, plans to hold a monster "Good Roads" meeting before long, with a program for construction only without any "hot air." He suggests holding this big meeting the latter part of the year, making it the most complete of its kind ever held. The idea was conceived after the recent big meetings held in St. Paul, East Minneapolis, and other places in the state.

These meetings have shown the wide-spread interest taken in the subject. At the recent meeting held in East Minneapolis there were present over three hundred enthusiastic farmers and others from out of town. The committee appointed to develop a plan for a state organization is meeting with success in its efforts. The people of the state are beginning to realize that good roads are absolutely essential to the welfare and development of the state.

In my travels in the various parts of the state," said Mr. Cooley, "I find a strong demand for something further along the lines of the meeting recently held here. The people who are directly interested in the building of roads are thoroughly awake to the necessity of adopting the most approved methods in order to obtain the best results, and I believe such a meeting would be thoroughly apprecated by the people in every portion of the state.

"If the meeting is held it will cover the field thoroughly. It will be an exposition of roadmaking machinery and materials, with practical talks by men of wide experience in the various details of the work. In a large meeting of this kind much better results can be obtained than by the smaller local meetings, because in such a meeting as we expect to hold the manufacturers will have exhibits of all kinds of machinery used in road making, and we can have speakers of wide experience in such a meeting, which is impossible for all of the smaller meetings. A question box would be a feature and through this means any one confronted by special problems in roadmaking would be able to get the advice of the men qualified to give it.

"I have not yet decided definitely on the plan, but there is a general demand for such a meeting, and if it can possibly be done the plans will be carried out."

Mr. Cooley's plan is to make it an instructive meeting by having men present who know about the practical details of road making.

Found in Panama.

The cashier and time keeper of the Shevlin Mathieu Lumber company at Spooner who suddenly left the employ of the company last December with about [illegible] extra money have both been captured according to reports. Jack [illegible] the cashier was found in Panama, and Sheriff Baily returned the other day from Los Angeles with young Patterson, the time keeper. Patterson's parents who live in eastern Canada and are wealthy, have made up the money which was secured by means of padding the pay roll. Those in a position to know about the affair refuse to deny or confirm these reports.

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(Chicago Veterinary College.)
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TELEPHONE NO. 235.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

We have a nice line of summer dress goods and shirt waists just recieved.

J. H. Jacobson.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

A PECULIAR CONTEST

Roseau County Woman Contests the Claim of Her Husband.

An Attempt Was Being Made to Rob Him of A Legal Claim.

Maggie Odegaard, a women 49 years old, last week contested the claim of Ivor Mikkelson in the town of Badger Roseau county, on the basis of a tale of marital woes and inhuman robbery.

In the summer of 1902, Maggie was a toiling servant girl who with frugality and industry had saved $1,200 of the world's wealth. On July 4th of that year she was married to John E. Kleppe who had filed on a claim, (NE¼, town 161, range 42,)in the vicinity of the village of Badger, in the county of Roseau. On August 7th, 1907, after five years, Maggie Odegaard was granted a divorce in the Roseau County court on the grounds of inhuman treatment, and that her husband committed unnatural crimes and revoting practices.

She was at that time granted $300 alimony and one-third interest in the homestead of Kleppe, so goes the charges. In addition to this the Roseau County court gave her a lien for $1,200 on the claim of Kleppe, in return for her savings which he had taken to his own use, and the improvement on the claim. One week after the granting of this divorce, Kleppe relinquished his claim to Iver Mikkelson, his Nephew, who had just arrived from Norway for the very purpose of taking this claim, so states the documents. Now comes Maggie Odegaard to contest the claim of this newcomer to the homestead which she and her husband occupied.

Attorney Jas. Montague represents the plantiff in the case, and Attorney Eric Haggen looks after the interests of Iver Mikkelson.

Stay On the Farm.

Stay where you are on the farm Mr. Farmer, and do not let the flattering get rich quick schemoralluro you to the city or some other climate. This is the best country on the face of the earth, and you have every advantage that those of other lands claim if you only seek them out. Start where there are good schools and every advantage, both socially and in a business way. Where crops never fail, where the water is as good as it is anywhere on earth and where the land is fertile and can by careful handling be made to yield the best crops of the world. Cut up the old homestead and make a place for the boys that are growing to manhood and want to go to a new country. Encourage them to diversify their crops and teach them to improve their stock so that one cow in the future will bring them in as much as two did in the past. There are hundreds of chances for them right in your own locality, and rather than rent the farm to strangers let the boys have it at a nominal rent, and in a short time they will be as independent as you are. The weed problem will soon make all farmers farm more intensively, and better take the matter in time than to let the weeds get the upper hand.—Minnesota Dairymen.

Like Mahnomen.

A few Iowa and Illinois farmers have been straying into Mahnomen county during the last few weeks. They at once go home and start making a noise like a rooster that has discovered a whole bakery lying around loose, and as a result we may expect a rush of farmers from that portion of the country before long. It takes a farmer from down in that country to appreciate what is good land, because they have some there. And when they come here to farm they come prepared to do it right.—Waubun Forum.

Woodmen Convention.

The Woodmen of Red Lake county held a convention at St. Hilaire April 1st and elected Ira C. Richardson of Thief River Falls as a delegate to the state camp, which meets at Duluth next month. Henry Hennemuth of Red Lake Falls was chosen alternate, and Thief River Falls decided upon as the meeting place next year. A committee consisting of Messrs. Richardson, Salley and Jackson was appointed to confer with the other fraternal insurance lodges of the county relative to the organization of a county picnic association. It is likely the project will be successful, and in that event the picnic will be held in June or July.

Married.

Otto Klingberg and Hulda C. Peterson, both young people who are well known in this city, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Peterson, in town of New Maine, on Monday, March 30th, Rev. [illegible], of Newfolden, tied the nuptial knot. It was a quiet home wedding, only relatives and a few friends being present. The happy couple will make their home in Thief River Falls, where the groom is a rising young business man.—Warren Sheaf.

AUCTION SALE!

Wednesday, April 15, 1908.

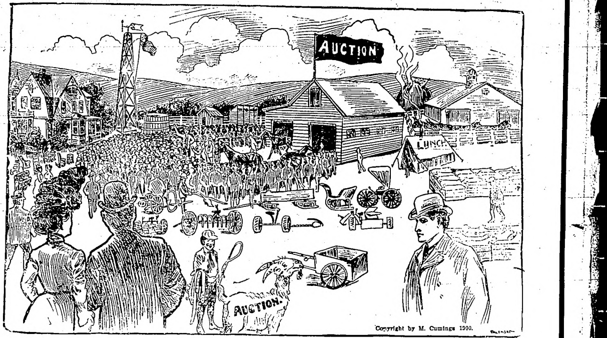

Copyright by M. Cumings 1900.

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock on Wednesday, April 15th, 1908, the undersigned will sell at public auction the property named below, at Peder C. Rude's farm on SW¼ of section 19, town of Silverton. No side-bidders. Everything goes.

9 milch cows.
17 head of young cattle.
1 narrow tire farm wagon.
1 single buggy.
1 set single harness.

Household goods consisting of
1 new Singer Sewing machine.
beds and bedding.
stoves.

200 bushels seed oats.
25 bushels seed barley.
Tables and chairs, and other articles too numerous to mention.

HOT LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT NOON

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper due December 1st, 1908.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

JOHN FRIEBERG and PEDER C. RUDE, Owners.

The Latest in Tramps.

Women tramps are the latest. At St. Cloud Thursday night the police found a woman asleep in a cattle car in the Great Northern yards. Her only companion was a little rat terrier dog, who stood guard over her. When the police entered the yard they met two tramps who told them of the presence of a women. The officer entered the car and found that he had a fight on his hands to get rid of the animal which stood guard over its mistress. The dog attacked the officer and it was with great difficulty that the animal was put out of the way. The woman, who was scarcely 2? years of age, was very angry at the presence of the officer. It did not take long, however, to get her out of the place and put her in a local hotel. The girl, whose name was Cummings, stated she was on her way to Fargo, where she expected to secure employment. She had walked from Minneapolis to St. Cloud.

St. Hilaire Has an Attorney.

Mr. Roy V. Lewis, of Worthington, Minn., arrived last Saturday and has decided to locate here. Mr. Lewis is an attorney at law, being a graduate of the University of Minnesota and comes here highly recommended. He has the appearance of being a bright, capable young man and we can see no reason why he should not succeed here. He has rented the office east of the bank and is now all ready for business.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Subscribe for the News.

Was Light Fingered.

F. G. Leach, the Soo's agent at Alvorado, has been found not strictly honest in conducting the business of the company. It is claimed that he sold some of the company's coal and lumber, which he had no right to do, and pocketed the proceeds himself. The company found out about the matter and on Thursday this week was discharged from the service. Leach is a young man, recently married, and no doubt regrets now that he departed from the path of rectitude.—Warren Sheaf.

Clover Seed Brings $4,000.

Writing to the Farm Magazine of Omaha, Neb., T. H. Parsons, of Pillager, near Motley, tells of the success of the farmers of that vicinity in raising clover seed last season. He writes:

"Our postmaster here at Pillager received a draft from a Minneapolis seed firm of $4,000 for one consignment of clover seed. One farmer sold clover seed enough from 22 acres to pay one-half the price $1,000, which he paid for 100 acres last season.

Filing Fee is $20.

Owing to a mistake in a law which was passed at the last session of the legislature candidates for county office at the primaries will be compelled to pay $20 this year. The law passed was intended to make the filing fee for representatives $10 for their district and this portion was enacted, but by a mistake the filing fee for county officers was put at $20.

Love is Blind.

That troubles never come singly to a man in love is very evident, judging from the paragraph below, taken from the Red Lake Falls Gazette. To be asked to leave the house would have been sufficient punished for one evening but to have the local papers publish it, oh—horrors. It reads as follows:

In speaking of a recent visit from a St. Hilaire young man one of our fair damsels said he prolonged his visit so late that she thought he ought to go. Finally she asked him to think of any number between 1 and 9, add 1, multiply by 9, cross out left hand figure, add fourteen, add the number started with —and then, she said, it was a pleasure to watch the young man's countenance.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
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EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
E ST SIDE.
ETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Scandia House
Third door north from Langseth's.
Come in and make yourself at home
20 cents per meal and 20 cents for lodging.
Herman Hanson,
PROPRIETOR.

FARM
ORCHARD
AND
GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The hog should not only have a clean place in which to rest and sleep, but a clean trough in which to eat even if it will put up with one that is dirty.

Where circumstances permit it is well to have the pasture divided into two fields, which will not only make it possible for each field to get a rest by turns, but to be rinsed and cleaned by the summer rains.

It is estimated that the decrease in bird life in the last twenty years has averaged 20 per cent. One will readily understand what this means in added license for insect life if he will watch a single robin at work feeding her young on a summer morning.

A kite raised not long ago by an eastern astronomer to the height of 21,000 feet, or nearly four miles, registered a temperature at that height of 1.10 degrees below zero. This would seem to indicate in interstellar space a degree of cold that to the human mind is almost inconceivable.

A two line local in the home paper will in nine cases out of ten enable one to find a buyer for the article he wants to dispose of as well as quickly locate the party who has the thing that he may be in need of. Try it once if the method is new to you and see if this statement is not correct.

A lady friend of the writer states that she wishes to register a protest against the planting of apple and plum trees on the lawn, it being her thought that the fallen fruit makes an unsightly litter and that it also serves to attract numerous house flies. We are not at all sure that the lady is not right and that such trees were better grown in the garden patch.

Any method of seeding small grain which leaves a considerable portion of it uncovered or at so shallow a depth that it does not germinate is without question just so far careless and wasteful. That is why a drill is preferable to the common broadcast seeder, for with the former not only is less seed required to cover a given piece of ground, but a better yield is received from that which is sowed.

We read the other day of a farmer who had a good idea of the eternal fitness of things and was pretty level headed. He sent his wife, son and daughter to the state agricultural short course, while he himself stayed at home, did the chores and concocted his own coffee and flapjacks. They undoubtedly appreciated his self sacrifice, the exercise of which without question had a wholesome influence upon himself.

It is just as often bad management as ill luck or misfortune that is responsible for a fellow's not getting ahead in the world. We have in mind the case of an acquaintance who does not seem to appreciate the financial inconsistency involved in laying himself and his team off a job at which he realizes $3 per day to haul a $2.50 jag of hay. It does not require an expert financial accountant to make an accurate estimate of this man's financial status.

Among the best bird friends of the orchard trees may be mentioned the nuthatches, chickadees, goldfinches, woodpeckers and bluejays. One species inspects the trunks and limbs, another guards the twigs and leaves, while still another looks for its insect food upon the ground beneath the trees. Were it not for the myriads of insect eggs, larvae and insects which these birds destroy during the fall, winter and spring months and against which they also wage a continual warfare during the summer months the trees would be able to live but for a short time.

An experiment conducted last season by Lord Kennard of the Royal Agricultural Society of Great Britain, while carried out under somewhat different conditions from those that prevail in this country, still has a real value for every American farmer who is interested in the most economical handling of his farm fertilizers. In the experiment referred to two ten-acre fields lying side by side and of the same fertility and character of soil were fertilized, the one with manure which was left out in the weather from the time of its accumulation to the time it was spread on the land, while on the second plot of ground was scattered manure that had been kept under cover and as a consequence contained virtually all of its fertilizing power. When he gathered his crops from these in the fall he found that the last named plot yielded 150 more bushels of potatoes per acre and 120½ bushels more wheat than that which had been fertilized by the leeched and weakened manure. It is worth while for the farmer to inquire which of these two systems he is working under.

It is not necessary for one to have the experience himself to be persuaded of the fact that it is wise in embarking in new undertakings to start in on a modest scale. While the profits may not be large, neither are the disappointments.

A dirty creamery patron can counteract and overturn the science and skill of the best buttermaker that ever lived and not only defraud himself out of profits that he might just as well have, but work a like injustice to every other patron of the same concern.

With an increase in the value of their lands American people must of necessity practice in a larger measure the thrift of the foreign folk who come to our shores, who in their native lands are compelled to exercise an economy that aims to utilize everything that can possibly be used.

The time is approaching rapidly when the many varieties of our song birds are going to be viewed primarily on the basis of their value in dollars and cents to the agricultural and horticultural interests of the country and secondarily because of their sweet songs, which meet an aesthetic need in the human heart.

While very different in size and general appearance, the bluejay and the common crow belong to the same species. In their habits, however, there is more similarity. Barring the carrion ration of the latter, their bill of fare is much alike, while neither bird has the migratory habit developed to any considerable extent.

No one should undertake the care of poultry or small fruit who is not willing to give them painstaking care and attention. When some one who has been successful with poultry makes a snug sum out of the business it is quite easy to forget the time and attention which was required to make such success possible.

He takes a very unreasonable, unfair and unjustifiable attitude as a member of our business and economic order who is not willing that his neighbor or his fellow should make a fair margin of profit on the business which he transacts. A failure to show this fairness and consideration is responsible for a good many small and contemptible procedures.

Due to the operation of a kindly natural law scars on the face of nature tend to heal over and become less unsightly with passing time, as do those in the human body. The fresh excavation of a gravel pit or the embankments of a railway cut are soon spread with a luxuriant carpet of grass and flowers, an unconscious attempt seeming to be made to repair the damage done and make the passerby forget.

While the home may not be large and finely furnished or the lot on which it sits of a generous size, there is no excuse if a few simple touches are not put in to add to the beauty and attractiveness of the premises. A neat grass plot, flower gardens, vines and shrubs tastily arranged can be had with a trifling expenditure of time and pains and bring a return in real satisfaction that can hardly be measured.

Reports are frequent of late of the use of the ordinary bicycle pump in the cure of milk fever. The process is a simple one. The udder of the affected animal is washed in soap and water and each quarter of the bag inflated with air forced into it by a bicycle pump through an ordinary milking tube. When filled the teats should be tied with a soft string to prevent the escape of air and each quarter gently kneaded and rubbed. This treatment has been known to effect a speedy cure in many cases.

While a thorough preparation of the soil is advisable for all farm and garden crops, there is probably no crop in which its results are more noticeable or helpful than in the case of potatoes. Putting the soil in fine tilth not only enables it to retain necessary moisture, but in backward seasons enables it to receive and retain the warmth of the sun more readily. Added to this should be mentioned the fact that if the soil is loose and fine the work of destroying myriads of weeds is greatly facilitated, which throughout the season means the reserving of just that much moisture and fertility for the potato crop. If you are doubtful about results, try giving a portion of your field extra preparation this year and see if the difference in yield at digging time does not more than pay for the extra cost of preparing the seed bed.

Dairy officials in a number of states are sending out this year explicit directions for a more sanitary and intelligent care of the milk and cream in the farm dairies. Among these directions the following points are emphasized, which it is well for all who have the care of milk and cream to keep in mind. One of the most important is an observance of strict cleanliness in the buildings and stable equipments and in the milking of the cows and handling of the cream. Another is the thorough scalding of the separator each time after its use. The third and last is the cooling of new cream before it is added to that previously skimmed or separated. While much responsibility for prime or poor butter can be laid at the door of the buttermaker, it is well to remember at the same time that it is absolutely impossible for him to overcome or eradicate contamination in a body of cream that is due to carelessness on the part of the individual patron in any one of the three respects mentioned.

SHOULD TEST THE SEED.

Perhaps there has not been a year in the past twenty when throughout the corn belt seed corn of good germinating power has been scarcer than it is going to be this year. This is due not only to the unfavorable season for the crop last year, but the usual carelessness in saving seed that was good and sound. In view of these facts it is imperative that all seed planted this year should be given a careful test, which will enable one to determine the exact germinating power of each ear. It is estimated by those in a position to know that the state of Iowa alone last year lost $45,000,000 as a result of planting poor and untested seed corn, and it is safe to say that other states lost correspondingly from the same cause. Of several plans which have been tried for the testing of seed corn perhaps there is none which is simpler or gives more satisfactory results than the Holden method. This has been given in previous years, but it is worth while repeating. It is as follows:

The germination box is a simple affair and can be made by any one in an hour's time. Any box about six inches deep and 2 by 3 feet in size may be used. Fill the box about half full of moist sand, dirt or sawdust, well pressed down, so that it will leave a smooth, even surface. In case sawdust is used it should be put in a gunny sack and set in a tub of warm water for half an hour, so that it will be thoroughly moistened before using. Take a white cloth about the size of the box and rule it off checkerboard fashion one and a half inches each way. Number the checks 1, 2, 3, and so on, and place it over the sawdust and tack to the box at the corners and edges. Lay out the ears to be tested side by side on the floor; remove one kernel from near the butt, middle and tip of the ear; turn the ear over and remove three kernels from the opposite side in like manner, making six kernels in all, thus securing a sample from the entire ear. Place the six kernels at the end of the ear from which they were taken. Use care that the kernels do not get mixed with the kernels from the ear next to it. After the kernels are removed boards may be laid over the rows of corn to keep them in place until the germination is known. Place the kernels from ear of corn No. 1 in square No. 1 of the germination box, from ear No. 2 in square No. 2, and so on with all the ears. Then place over this a cloth considerably larger than the box. Cover with about two inches of moist sand, dirt or sawdust and keep in a warm place so that it will not freeze. The sitting room will perhaps be the most suitable place. The kernels will germinate in eight to nine days. Then remove the cover carefully to avoid misplacing the kernels in the squares. A piece of thin cloth placed over the kernels before the covering is put on will prevent the kernels from sticking to the upper cover. Examine the kernels in the germination box. For example, the kernels in squares Nos. 1, 11 and 20 have failed to grow, and some of the kernels in squares Nos. 2, 3, 4, 9, 12 and 15 have refused to grow or show weak germination. The corresponding ears should be rejected. The ears showing weak germination should be treated the same as worthless ears.

ADULTERATED GRASS SEED.

Due to the unfavorable season which prevailed throughout the northern states last year, both the quantity and quality of grass seed, especially clover and alsike, were not up to the standard. As a consequence a strong temptation has been placed before unscrupulous and unreliable dealers to palm off on eager customers seed that is of very poor quality and vitality or that which is heavily adulterated with both noxious and useless weed seeds. A number of samples of clover seed which have been inspected by western experiment stations in the past few weeks have shown between 30 and 50 per cent of impurities. Recently enacted pure seed laws protect the purchasers in a good many states, giving them redress at law in case seed delivered is not as represented. In states where such laws do not exist and where it is impossible for one to secure necessary seed from a near neighbor or a home dealer who is known to be thoroughly reliable we should advise submitting a sample of seed for inspection to the specialists of the state experiment station before sending a check for the payment of it.

HOW MUCH SEED?

It is quite likely that a poor stand of clover is often due to sowing a scant allowance of seed, as well as to the fact that the seed may be poor or of weak vitality. While six quarts of seed to the acre is a practice that is quite generally followed, we believe that much better results would often be secured if this amount were increased by a quart or two. The critical time with both clover and alfalfa is the short time when the two legumes are acquiring a mastery over the weeds—that is, occupying the ground. If for any reason the plants are weak, the stand thin and the ground swarming with young weeds, the chances are that the young clover plants will be swamped and the money put into purchasing the seed virtually thrown away. Had there been a better stand the contest might have resulted differently and a fine stand of the legume been the result. In putting in clover this year make the experiment of sowing a little more seed than is customary on a portion of your land and see if the results secured justify the additional expense.

F. E. Trigg

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MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

State Treasurer Dinehart's report of the condition of the various funds in the state treasury at the close of business March 31 shows a balance of $2,390,311.01 in all of the funds, which is about $50,000 less than the total balances on March 31, 1907.

Work on the double track for the Mankato Electric Traction company has been resumed and inside of two weeks it is expected that the line will be completed and cars in operation. Under the franchise the line must be in operation by May 1.

There is a falling off of nearly 50 per cent in the timber cut in Minnesota during the present season as compared with recent preceding years, according to figures and estimates prepared by Forestry Commissioner Andrews.

Stillwater teachers have asked the board of education for an increase in wages of $5 per month, to take effect next year, and a gradual increase according to time service to a maximum of $75 per month instead of $60 as at present.

One of the most successful conventions in the history of the Northern Minnesota Educational association closed Saturday after a two days' session in St. Cloud. Over 500 delegates were present from all over the state.

After having been discarded for several days at the Hennepin county morgue as worthless the coat worn by Carl Hult, who committed suicide at the St. James hotel in Minneapolis recently, was found to contain $500.

The new state banking law, which prohibits the use of the word "bank" by any institution which refuses to allow the public examiner to inspect and superintend its business, went into effect April 1.

Thomas Lowry of Minneapolis has withdrawn in favor of Walter W. Heffelfinger as a candidate for delegate at large from Minnesota to the national Republican convention.

Paul E. Ewart, assistant United States district attorney, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress in the Second district.

A. T. Stebbins of Rochester, this state, has been honored by being elected president of the National Hardware Dealers' association.

A new theater, to cost $125,000 to $140,000, will be erected this summer in Minneapolis by the owners of the Majestic theater of St. Paul.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Anthony Stevens, a blacksmith, who resided with his brother, Charles Stevens of St. Paul, was killed at Monticello. He was employed in the blacksmith shop of the Great Northern railway and while he was going to work was struck by a passenger train and instantly killed.

Guy H. Morris of Austin, this state, was arrested there on the eve of his marriage to a telephone operator of that city. He was arrested by Chester Edwards, an officer from Spokane, Wash., on the charge of stealing $1,500 in diamonds from Jennie Smith of Spokane.

Two cases of smallpox have been discovered in the Anoka asylum for the insane. Both victims are nurses in the institution and one of them has had the disease several weeks and neither case had been quarantined nor had either of them been vaccinated.

Tony Sissonet, a St. Paul Italian, shot his ten-year-old son, James Sissonet, in the left hip during a family row. The bullet was intended for the son-in-law, Frank Barto. The shot went wild and struck the lad, who was sitting in a corner of the room.

Four horses were cremated in a barn fire in the rear of 2020 Nineteenth avenue south, Minneapolis. The firemen made heroic efforts to save the animals. The horses and barn belonged to Joseph White, a peddler.

Thomas Michael Neo, aged eighteen, pleaded guilty at Shakopee to murder in the second degree for having killed Constable Donald J. McCall at Prior Lake last Christmas day and was sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

Oscar Anderson, twenty-four years old, was struck by a St. Paul train at St. Paul and painfully injured. His right hip was bruised and he was hurt about the ribs.

Robbers blew the postoffice safe at Minnehaha with nitroglycerin, wrecking the room and taking with them $200 in cash and a package of stamps.

OBITUARY.

Captain Thomas Walsh, a pioneer of St. Paul and a resident of Minnesota since 1856, is dead at St. Paul just two weeks after the death of his wife. Captain Walsh was connected with the St. Paul police force for years and was a familiar figure on the streets of that city.

Frederick E. Rice, superintendent of the Northwestern division of the Pullman company and formerly district superintendent in St. Paul, is dead at his home in Chicago after an illness of some months. He was fifty-five years of age.

Joseph White, formerly of St. Paul, under a life sentence for murder in the second degree in Minneapolis, is dead at the Stillwater prison, aged thirty five years.

Chester G. Higbee, for thirty-four years a prominent physician of St. Paul, is dead, aged seventy-three.

IN GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Johnson Headquarters Are Formally Opened at Chicago.

Headquarters of Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota, candidate for the Democratic nomination for the presidency, have been formally opened in the Grand Pacific hotel at Chicago. Frederick B. Lynch, treasurer of the Minnesota Democratic state central committee and a personal friend of Governor Johnson, is in charge.

While objecting to the title of campaign manager Mr. Lynch declared that he was in charge of Governor Johnson's interests in the presidential race. The campaign directed here, Mr. Lynch asserted, is to be an educational one.

In regard to Governor Johnson and his prospects he declared:

"What the friends of Governor Johnson desire to do is to drive home to the Democratic leaders and rank and file the fact that we have in Governor Johnson a man who can win. The Democrats of this country are very tired of twelve years of defeat."

SPARTA WILL BE MOVED.

Minnesota Range Town Underlaid With Iron Ore.

It will not be many months now, it is believed, before the little village of Sparta, on the Mesaba range, is shifted to a new location. Ore underlies the present site and to permit of its economical mining it is necessary that the town be moved. The new location has been selected following the spectacle of diamond drilling to determine where ore does not exist. As soon as the work of filling is completed by the United States Steel corporation and the ground has settled sufficiently a wholesale removal of buildings will take place. It will perhaps be only a question of time when McKinley also will occupy another site. Hibbing, the metropolis of the range, is another town underlaid with ore bodies.

DRESSED IN SCANTY ATTIRE

Guests of Minneapolis Hotel Rush Into the Street.

Clad only in their night clothes the guests of the National hotel at Minneapolis rushed out into the street because of a fire panic.

The fire was discovered by William Jossey, a theatrical man. He at once turned in the alarm. The clanging of bells aroused the other guests, most of whom were theatrical people, and all made a mad rush for the door.

No one was injured in the panic and the fire was extinguished with little trouble.

Humane Society Causes Arrests.

As the result of a campaign inaugurated by officers of the Minneapolis Humane society Dr. Samuel Friendlander, for twenty-five years a practicing physician in Minneapolis, and William McNeil were placed under arrest. Complaint is sworn out by S. L. Van Etten of the Humane society in behalf of Clara Greenlay, who tells a harrowing story of an operation and mistreatment. Other arrests are expected on similar charges.

Two Killed in Minnesota Mines.

Walter Mitchell was killed at the Pillsbury mine at Hibbing. He was at the bottom of the pit and a beam fell from the upper works, crushing him. He was a son of Captain Leo Mitchell of the mine. Nick Nadich, shift boss at the Laurel mine, was killed by a cavein. Two others were buried with him but were rescued.

Weather Forecaster Dead.

After an illness lasting a little over one week Frank T. Williams, weather forecaster for St. Paul, is dead from pneumonia. Mr. Williams took charge of the St. Paul station of the weather bureau Nov. 19, 1906, and a short time after his arrival was promoted from weather observer to weather forecaster. He was forty-six years of age.

Plan Exchange of Professors.

Minnesota may have "exchange" professors from several Scandinavian universities next year. If action now pending at the Universities of Copenhagen and Christiania turns out favorably several professors from those institutions may be secured to lecture at the University of Minnesota in the "exchange of professors" plan.

Nine Business Houses Burn.

Fire of an unknown origin at Kenyon destroyed nine buildings, mostly of frame, on the north side of Main street. The losses will run close to $50,000, with insurance of about one-half. Incendiarism is suspected. No one was injured. A rain helped the firemen to keep the flames from the residence section.

Soothing Syrup Kills Twins.

The twin babies of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Ackerknecht of St. Paul are dead of opiate poisoning, superinduced by the use of a well known brand of soothing syrup. The babies, a boy and a girl, had been given the soothing syrup to quiet them and were given an overdose, according to the attending physician.

Iowa Man Suicides at St. Paul.

S. S. Nelson, thirty-five years of age, of Kanawha, Ia., was found dead in bed in his room at the Kendall hotel at St. Paul. The gas jet in the room was open and a towel was tied over the keyhole of the door. No motive for the suicide is known.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 6.—Wheat—May, $1.00; July, 99⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.02¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.00¾; No. 2 Northern, 98⅜c; No. 3 Northern, 91¾@96⅜c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 6.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.02⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.00⅛; No. 2 Northern, 96½c; May, 98½c; July, 99⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.14⅜; July, $1.16⅜.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 6.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.60@5.95; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.75@5.95. Sheep—Wethers, $6.00@6.75; good to choice lambs, $7.00@7.40.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 6.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.65@7.40; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.10; Texans, $4.50@5.60; calves, $4.75@6.75; Western cattle, $4.40@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.35. Hogs—Light, $5.80@6.20; mixed, $5.80@6.25; heavy, $5.80@6.22½; rough $5.80@5.95; pigs, $4.75@5.60. Sheep, $4.75@6.75; yearlings, $6.20@7.30; lambs, $6.00@7.80.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 6.—Wheat—May, 90½@90⅝c; July, 86⅝@86½c; Sept., 85¼c. Corn—May, 66¼@66⅜c; July, 63⅞@64c; Sept., 62⅞c. Oats—May, old, 52½c; May, 51¼c; July, old, 45¾c; July, 44c; Sept., 37c. Pork—May, $13.32½; July, $13.67½. Butter—Creameries, 22@29½c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens and springs, 13c.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The People's party convention, in session at St. Louis, nominated Thomas E. Watson of Georgia for president and Samuel Williams of Indiana for vice president. The Nebraska and Minnesota delegations, working in the interest of William J. Bryan, strove desperately to bring about an adjournment of the convention until after nominations had been made by the Democratic and Republican parties and, failing, walked out of the convention.

Headquarters of Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota, candidate for the Democratic nomination for the presidency, have been formally opened in the Grand Pacific hotel at Chicago. Frederick B. Lynch, treasurer of the Minnesota Democratic state central committee and a close personal friend of Governor Johnson, was placed in charge.

Supporters of Judge Gray of Delaware for the Democratic nomination for president have completed arrangements for establishing headquarters in Washington and they will actively enter upon a campaign in behalf of the Delaware statesman.

The Indiana Republican state convention endorsed Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks for president and instructed the thirty state delegates to the national convention at Chicago to vote and work for his nomination.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

A resolution was introduced in the house by Mr. Fuller of Illinois calling on the ways and means committee to report to the house a bill to repeal all duties on wood pulp and print paper "to the end that action may be taken thereon at the present session of congress."

Charges of a serious nature against Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forestry bureau, were made in the house by Messrs. Smith of California and Mondell of Wyoming during the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

In his capacity as a member of the house Speaker Cannon introduced a resolution directing the attorney general to transmit to the house the papers bearing upon the investigation into the affairs of the print paper trust.

The senate committee on military affairs voted down both the Warner and the Foraker bills providing for the restoration to the service of the negro soldiers who were discharged on account of the Brownsville riot.

The house committee on banking and currency is practically unanimous against reporting the Aldrich currency bill in the form in which it was passed by the senate.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The sum of approximately $700,000 involved in the Wall and Cortland Street Ferries Railway company deal, which has been under investigation by the New York grand jury, included a political contribution of $500,000, with interest, made by the Metropolitan Street Railway company in the presidential campaign of 1900, according to an explanation said to have been given to the grand jury by Thomas F. Ryan.

After two hours of desperate work George Hackenschmidt quit in his match with Frank Gotch for the catch-as-catch-can wrestling championship of the world, giving the title to the Iowa man by default.

A combined attack on the 2-cent passenger rate is promised to the railroads that operate in Illinois, Minnesota and Missouri. It is probable that the suits will be filed within a week.

The reorganized National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, with William B. Ridgely, former comptroller of the currency, as its president, has reopened.

One Hundred Watch Sale

April 10th, I place One-Hundred complete high grade watches on as pecial sale at an extremely low price. Sale will be continued until the One-Hundred watches are sold. The reason why?

My desire is to convince the public that they can buy watches at a lower price right here at home, than they do from any eastern corporation.

My desire is to prove to the shrewdest and the most skeptical buyer and convince one and all that it is a fact.

Every watch is tested and guaranteed to be a perfect timepiece and the price for which it will be sold is guaranteed to be absolutely the lowest.

Money refunded in case you are not satisfied with your purchase.

The One-Hundred watches are the following: Elgin, Waltham and Hamilton movements. Boss, Crescent, Crown Goldfilled, Solid Gold and Silverine cases. Open face and hunting, sizes ladies and gentlemen from 7 to 23 jewels. Prices attached in plain figures to every watch, one price to everyone. Don't delay, get choice of selections at;

A. J. Klimek's Jewelry Store,
Meehan Building LaBree avenue.

SHOES

The time is now coming when you need to buy a good pair of shoes. Our stock is now quite complete, and we can show you the best shoes money can buy at popular prices. We carry the largest assortment and strongest lines in the city. Here are some of our leading brands;

Ladies fine shoes, Duttenfofer shoes, Price,	$2.50 to $3.00
Ladies Godman shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and Children's Buster Brown shoes Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Misses and children's Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.50 to $2.50
Boy's Buster Brown and Red School House shoes, Price,	$1.90 to $2.50
Men's Mason Hand-Made shoes, Price,	$3.00 to $6.00
Men's Fine shoes, the Crawford line, Price,	$3.50 to $5.00

We also handle the Copeland and Ryder high top shoes for men, nothing better if you want to keep your feet dry, and get a shoe that will wear longer than any other make.

Our ladies Oxfords are coming in daily. Call on us before buying and we can convince you we give the best shoes for the money in the city.

Langseth Mercantile Co

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SWEDEN SEEKS A FOREIGN LOAN

Wants to Borrow One Hundred and Fifty Million Crowns to Relieve the Money Stringency.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Says the Vart Land (Stockholm): "Sweden is at present preparing negotiations for a foreign loan of 150,000,000 crowns to relieve the stringency of the money market. We hope that these negotiations will be successfully closed with all possible dispatch. Every day that passes by under the present exhorbitant rents makes it more difficult to secure money and brings injury and loss to the country. But when we shall again have arrived at normal conditions let us then hope that the money market can be so regulated that we may not again suffer from the same dastardly jobberies and frenzied speculation, which has characterized the last few years and which last fall brought to the public eye a picture of such a frightful lot of economic and moral rottenness. There must unquestionably be some way to provide the country enough money to supply the righteous demand for it and banish jobbery and gambling. The Riksbank finally did take steps to relieve the situation and it had its appreciable effect, too, but it came too late to prevent the disgraceful episodes of 1907. It is secretly hoped that the country has been taught a hard lesson this time and that such a lesson may further teach us to prevent a repetition of the wild and sensational gambling scenes, which threatened to place the country in ignominious bankruptcy. Indeed the whole world seems to have been affected more or less, but there was no occasion for it in a country like Sweden, which has so many bitter experiences behind her.

The king's right to create nobility is recognized by the first chamber of the Swedish riksdag. On the other hand the second chamber has almost unanimously—there being only one vote against the proposed change in the law—voted against this antiquated royal prerogative. The proposed revision of this law will be turned down during the present session of the riksdag, but it will undoubtedly be taken up again next year. Sweden's nobility is decreasing in numbers every year and with so democratic a king as Gustaf is, it is not going to receive any great impetus during his reign. That much is certain.

P. M. Wikstrom, who celebrated his sixtieth birthday the other day, donated 100,000 crowns to Vesterbotten county, naming his gift the "P. M. Wikstrom Charity Fund." Only persons, however, who live in Vesterbotten will receive aid through this fund. The purport is that farmers may borrow a certain amount without paying interest during years when there is a crop failure.

Dowager Empress Sofia has subscribed 1,000 crowns to the Deaconess institute at Skondahl. The good old queen continues her charity work and indeed it seems that her whole life is now wrapped up in charity doing. Now that her health has been somewhat improved, the aged queen is spending most of her time visiting the poor and institutions of charity.

R. Johansson Tonkoping has presented a resolution in the second chamber of the riksdag demanding that all gambling by Swedish citizens in foreign lotteries be forbidden. The resolution was favorably received, but may not be considered in the first chamber, where a number of important measures have been squelched during the past winter.

A dealer in postage stamps has offered the Swedish postoffice department 8,600 crowns for 109 sacks of stamps. The postoffice department has several million stamps, including specimens from all parts of the world. It is likely the department will accept the offer and distribute the money among the postoffice employes.

During the year of 1907 there were 141,580,000 crowns deposited in the nation's savings banks and 134,958,000 crowns were drawn out. Thus at the end of the year, the net savings deposits were 6,622,000 crowns, which is considered a splendid showing, especially in view of last year's war scares.

Last year 21,584 persons emigrated from Sweden. Of these 12,307 were men and 9,277 women. Among this number 7,102 were foreigners. In this number is also included Swedish-Americans who came back to settle in the homeland, but who prefer to live in America.

Count Karl Mauritz Lewenhaupt died at his home in Stockholm about two weeks ago. He was a direct descendant of General Lewenhaupt, and the family to which he belonged has been prominent in public affairs of Sweden for a century or more.

Messrs. A. Norling and Einar Olsson, both members of the Djurgarden Athletic club, represented Sweden at the international foot races in Helsingfors, Finland, March 8. They captured first, second and third prizes.

Sweden's first woman police is Agda Hallden, who since March 20 has served on the police force of Stockholm, [illegible] is understood.

will in the near future be transferred to the detective department.

Mr. Lagerkrantz, Sweden's minister to the United States, who was to spend a couple of months in Copenhagen, was taken suddenly ill in Stockholm the other day and had to postpone his trip indefinitely.

According to statistics issued Jan. 1, this year, the population in Stockholm is 339,300. The increase in population at the Swedish capital has not been very marked during the past year or more.

The De Leval company shipped a large consignment of electric dynamos to Spain the other day. A number of these dynamos were sent to the royal summer palace at La Grenja.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The "exchange of professors plan" has struck a popular chord in the Norwegian capital and Chancellor Henry Mitchell MacCracken, of New York university, and President Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia university, will deliver lectures at the University of Christiania after completing their engagements in Copenhagen. The success of this venture has now occasioned a new proposition. On the American side it is proposed that a common fund be contributed by the Universities of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Iowa to bring lecturers from Scandinavian institutions and they in turn will send their representatives to Christiania, Copenhagen and Stockholm. The entire matter has been broached within a short time, but the faculties of the universities at Copenhagen and Christiania are eager for a consummation of the plan, and have unofficially expressed their willingness to enter into agreements for the sending over of their professors. If the institutions in Norway and Denmark take favorable action on any proposition made by American universities, there is little doubt but that similar action will be taken by a Swedish university, probably the Upsala university.

The Aftenposten (Christiania) states that thousands of ancient documents, many of them containing "Sagas," were about two hundred years ago loaned from the government archives to a learned Icelander, whose name was Arne Magnusson. Before he died he ordered that the collection be sent to the royal library at Copenhagen, where it is claimed the collection of documents may still be found. The Aftonbladet is now urging the government to take up the matter and it may be that negotiations may be started with Denmark for the purpose of securing the return of the collection to Norway, where, according to the Aftonbladet, it rightfully belongs.

Instead of erecting a monument in honor of the late Edvard Grieg, it is now proposed to erect a temple of music which is to bear his name. Large appropriations for this purpose are expected from abroad. Musical Germany has signified her willingness to join and several musical organizations have signified their willingness to send substantial sums of money.

Johan Gren, the Swedish mechanic, who wanted to shoot King Haakon, had been serving a term in prison in Sweden and had also been confined for a few months in an insane asylum in Denmark. He came to Norway from Denmark in September and has spent most of his time in Christiania doing odd jobs about town.

A new weekly paper has been started in Christiania. The name of the paper is "Vor Tid" and its editor will be Kyrre Grepp. It is understood that the new paper will be a "Venstre" organ.

The Michelson fund in Bergen has been swelled to 85,000 crowns. In Christiania 60,000 crowns have been subscribed for the same fund.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Chancellor Henry Mitchell MacCracken, of New York university, has arrived in Copenhagen and is this week delivering a series of lectures at the University of Copenhagen. He was received by the deputies of the university. The chancellor will be honored by the whole of educated Copenhagen and the university will give a banquet in his honor. The newspapers have published long articles about him. Professor MacCracken will be followed by President Nicholas Murray Butler, who will lecture in Copenhagen in August and September. Both men will lecture in Christiania after their Copenhagen engagements are over.

The "Politiken" (Copenhagen) in a recent [illegible] says: "In consequence of the vote of lack of confidence in it, carried on March 28 the Finnish senate has decided to resign. The vote passed the diet by 71 to 47 and was the work of the Socialists. They formally censured the Finnish administration for the delivery of Russian terrorists and political agitators to the Russian authorities and for lack of firmness in resisting Russian encroachment upon the rights of Finland and they demanded the retirement of the senate as incapable of defending the autonomy and liberties of Finland against the present reactionary campaign of Russia."

The committee which was appointed to examine the affairs of the [illegible] Merchants' Bank of Copenhagen state in their report that the bank is hopelessly insolvent and recommend that it be closed at once. All the capital invested is considered lost. This bank a few months ago was considered one of the most solid financial institutions in the country.

[illegible] NORELIUS

SHORTAGE IS ALLEGED

Accounts of Another Former Oil Inspector Investigated.

REPORTS TO THE GOVERNOR

Public Examiner Schaefer Says F. G. Warner Owes the State Twelve Thousand Dollars.

Public Examiner Schaefer has filed with Governor Johnson a report made by him covering an investigation of the state oil inspection department under former Inspector F. G. Warner. The report covers the period from Feb. 1, 1903, to Feb. 1, 1905.

In the words of W. C. Heilborn, the inspector who made the examination, discrepancies amounting to $12,010 have been located, or, to be accurate, the actual receipts are that much more than have been turned into the state treasury by Mr. Warner and his deputies.

According to the statement of Mr. Heilborn, the inspector in charge, the alleged discrepancies and the report made by him is as complete as the absence of the most important records of the department will admit.

The majority of the deputies' reports, affidavits and out shipment records, he says, are missing and he credits J. A. McDermott with saying that Mr. Warner told him they had been destroyed. The only book of record left, he says, was Mr. Warner's record of receipts and his monthly payments to the state auditor.

Mr. Warner's bond was in the sum of $5,000, given by the National Security company, and this, according to an opinion given by the state legal department, made a part of the report, can be attacked for its full value.

Mr. Warner declares that so far as he is concerned there is no shortage and he denies destroying records.

AGED RAGPICKER KILLED.

Finding of Body at St. Paul Followed by Arrest of Murderer.

Two weeks ago Fred Eschle, aged forty-seven, said to be an ex-convict, murdered John Smolensky, aged seventy-three, a St. Paul ragpicker, blowing the top of his head off with a shotgun.

The murderer hid the body under the floor of the victim's shack and occupied the house afterward, eating and sleeping in the home of the murdered man.

The corpse was discovered Sunday morning and Eschle was captured by the police some hours later and made a complete confession.

He pleaded that he was drunk when he committed the murder, but the police state that he killed the aged ragpicker for his money.

Eschle admits knowing that Smolensky had money, but denies that he took over $70 from the body. The money did him no good, for he was robbed by a pickpocket the Thursday following the tragedy while drunk.

RUN DOWN BY AUTOMOBILE

St. Paul Man and His Wife Sustain Injuries.

Dr. B. W. Kirby, veterinary surgeon, of St. Paul, and Mrs Kirby were seriously injured while driving by being run down by an automobile driven by an unknown chauffeur. The accident happened at Summit and Fairview avenues.

The condition of Dr. Kirby is grave, as it is feared he sustained a fracture of the skull. Mrs. Kirby was severely bruised and her back was injured, though she is not so badly hurt as her husband.

The driver of the automobile fled after the accident, abandoning the car.

Able to Show Written Orders.

On complaint of Charles O. Goss of Winona ninety-six cases of alleged violation of the liquor laws in the selling of liquor to children who were "rushing the growler" were investigated by Mayor Muir, County Attorney Simpson and Chief of Police Kammerer and in each case the saloonkeeper could show a written order from the parents or guardian of the children.

Minnesota for Taft.

The returns from the Republican caucuses that have so far been held throughout the state to elect delegates to the county conventions which will elect delegates to the Republican state convention fully justify the statements of those who have been claiming Minnesota for Taft. Ramsey county held its caucuses and everything went for Taft.

Hale to Succeed Lochren.

As a result of a conference held between Senators Nelson and Clapp at Washington it is agreed that the name of Attorney W. E. Hale of Minneapolis shall be indorsed for the judicial position to be vacated in the United States district court for Minnesota by Judge Lochren.

Bridgeman Killed by Train.

Samuel Waehal, aged forty, a bridgeman at the Soo line shops at Minneapolis, was killed by a switch engine. Waehal was on his way to work. He was walking on the tracks when the engine hit him. His head was smashed and both legs cut off.

One $150 and One $100 Purchase Check

And $5,250 in Additional Awards to Be Given Away

ABSOLUTELY FREE

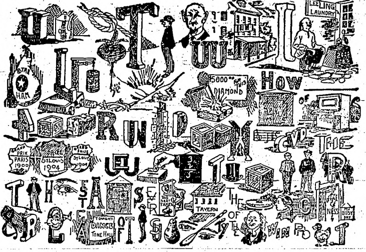

HOW TO WIN.

Find the correct solution of the Rebus Puzzle printed above. Envelopes containing solutions will be opened for record a short time previous to the date on which the awards are given away.

The answers will then be examined in the presence of the judges, and to the owner of the correct, or most nearly correct solution, will be presented a $150 purchase check, and to the one having the next most correct solution will be given a $100 purchase check.

To the other contestants will be awarded in order of merit, prize certificates of the following denominations, good on any new piano of Baldwin manufacture in the stock of the undersigned.

These certificates will be in the following denominations: $100, $95, $90 $85 $80, $75.

Should there be more than one correct solution of the Rebus, or should two or more tie, award will then be made upon penmanship and general neatness of the tying contestants' papers.

If you are fortunate in getting one of these certificates and already have a piano, the certificate may be disposed of to some one else, providing such transfer is properly endorsed by us.

DIRECTIONS FOR CONTESTANTS.

Write your solution on the sheet enclosed for that purpose. Complete information blank below and send or bring to the undersigned.

The use of this latter blank is to enable us to know how many homes in this vicinity are without pianos. There are no limits or restrictions as to the number of contestants in a family, but only one prize will be given in a family.

None of the prizes can be awarded to any one in the family of an employee of The Baldwin Company, or the undersigned, or to any of the judges in this contest, or to any one in their immediate families.

Only one coupon may be applied on the purchase price of any piano.

Winners of prizes can apply same on any new piano in the entire line of Baldwin, Ellington, Hamilton, Howard, Valley Gem and Monarch Pianos carried in stock.

Every piano on our floor is always marked in plain figures at the regular selling price, and not only will the coupon be accepted as so much cash on the piano, but the balance of the purchase price may be arranged on easy terms if desired. Every piano is fully warranted by The Baldwin Company.

This contest is open to all except those connected in any way with this or any other music house.

This contest will close Tuesday, April 14, 1908, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., and all answers must be delivered on or before that hour.

Torrison Bros.,

Leading Furniture Dealers.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Don't Fail to Enter the Contest. You Will Be Pleased With the Result.

THE JUDGES
APPOINTED ARE
L. M. HOAG
P. W. MABEY
M. BURNS

You Will Find It Interesting, Instructive as Well as Profitable.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1908 NUMBER 61

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Republicans Elect Delegates to the Congressional and state Conventions.

County Committee Instructed to Call Next Convention at St. Hilaire.

At the Republican county convention held at St. Hilaire last Thursday, D. P. O'Neill, of this city was elected chairman and Thomas Germo, of Red Lake Falls, was elected to attend the congressional convention held at Crookston yesterday:

N. M. Watson, J. A. Duffy, Daniel Patterson, D. P. O'Neil, Thos. Germo, S. A. Swanson, John W. Eastman, Daniel Shaw, A. P. Toupin, H. E. Ives, A. H. Fasel, G. Halvorson.

Alternates—P L Malvin, L. C. Simons, D B Bakke, O Ramstead, Theo Garceau, S M Sivertson, Ira C Richardson, T A Crompo, M V Evenson and C M Evenson.

The following delegates were elected to attend the state convention that meets in Minneapolis today:

Delegates—H E Ives, Wm Michelet, Ben Christienson, A P Toupin, Daniel Patterson, D N Winton, N M Watson, J A Duffy, D P O'Neil, Daniel Shaw, Thos Germo, Ed Enright.

Alternates—M V Evenson, C M Evenson, Theo Garceau, S M Sivertson, D B Bakke, O Ramstad, C N Bourdon, Ira C Richardson, P L Malvin, L C Simons.

The following resolution was passed by the convention, the delegates from Red Lake Falls being the only ones to oppose it: Whereas: The village of St. Hilaire is centrally located with train service that is especially convenient to the people of the South end, and being of easy access to the great majority of the people of the county.

Therefore: Be it resolved that the republican county central committee be instructed to call the next county convention at the village of St. Hilaire.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Rev. Dr. O. A. Ostby, from Minneapolis will deliver three lectures on Psychology at Evenson Hall, Monday, 27th, Wednesday 29th and Thursday, April 30th at 8 o'clock P. M. subjects:

1. Mind, its power and functions.
2. Origin of our being and pre-natal influence.
3. Mortal and immortal life and their relation.

Course tickets on sale at Stebbins drug store at $1.00 for the three lectures, single lecture, 50 cents at the door.

Dr. Ostby is a member of the "Society for Psychical Research" of London, and has devoted most of his time for years to the study of the mind and soul of man and the great laws of our being, so we feel justified in saying that you will miss a chance of a lifetime if you miss those lectures.

They will be of the greatest importance to the ministers, teachers and educators and indispensible to the businessman, and no parent or prospective parent can afford to dispense with the instruction given in these lectures. They will teach you the great universal laws by which, when understood, and rightly applied, the parents can give to their child a body and a soul endowed with powers of the highest efficiency for their physical and spiritual welfare.

Don't miss it. Secure your tickets early.

Want Farm Work.

The commissioner of immigration writes that he has received letters from a number of men in the east who want employment on farms in Minnesota. He believes they are men who want to buy farms and locate in this state, but they want to work for a time in order to learn our methods of farming. Farmers who need such men are requested to write George Welsh, Commissioner of Immigration, St. Paul.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.
Ed. G. Holm.

THE NEW DRAINAGE.

Bill Proposes That Government Land Shall Be Taxed for Drainage.

Would Be of Great Benefit to This Section of the State.

Washington, April 8.—In explaining the details of his bill which has been reported from committee on public lands, providing for drainage of certain lands in Minnesota, Representative Volstead shows that if the bill becomes a law it will give to the state of Minnesota the right to treat public lands subject to entry and entered lands the same as previously owned lands under the drainage laws of the state. This will enable the state to secure the drainage, not only of these lands, but also of large tracts held by settlers in private ownership.

Mr. Volstead explains that the lands to which the bill applies are located in the north part of the state and that settlement has advanced upon them and occupied large tracts too swampy to be of any real value. He shows there are approximately 3,000,000 acres of this swamp land, the title to which is held by the United States, besides large tracts belonging to the state or to private individuals.

A survey of one drainage project has been made by the officers of the geological survey, covering about twenty townships, nearly all of which is swamp. The lands have been opened to settlement for many years, most of them at $1.25 per acre, but owing to their swampy character they have remained unentered. Mr. Volstead believes that under the terms of the bill the national government is fully protected and that it is not the purpose to have the general government engage in the drainage of any of the land or to make it liable for any expense of such drainage, but to give the state authority to drain the lands at its own expense.

BOOMING GRASS.

Cannon Falls Editor Says He is the Proper Candidate.

J. C. Applegate, editor of the Cannon Falls Beacon, has sent out the following circular to the press:

As you perhaps know I have during the past four years been making a study of and a fight for equitable freight rates as they apply in this state to the country towns. The injustice which I have found practiced upon the interior towns has challenged my active interest in securing a better system, and more rigid application of what laws we have relating to this subject.

The board of railroad and warehouse commissioners in this state is, in my opinion likely to be within the next few years of unusual importance, since the old system of no control must be superseded *by one of complete control*. *It is* necessary therefore that the commission be composed of honorable men who represent the people all the time. Men of mature judgement, wide business experience, and of seasoned character.

At least one such man has signed his willingness to become a candidate: Mr. John H. Grass, of Fergus Falls. So anxious am I that such men as Mr. Grass be selected for the commission that I am voluntarily addressing my newspaper brethren in his behalf. In addition to the qualities I have mentioned as essential Mr. Grass has given much attention to the details of the rate question and is especially qualified in that regard. He has also had long experience in the grain business which is an important department of the commission's work.

I am hoping that the custom of leaving the nominating of candidates for places on the commission for the railroads to arrange will not be tolerated in the coming conventions, but that the business men and farmers will take the matter in hand and dictate the nominations

Fraternally yours,
J. C. Appelegate,
Cannon Falls, Minn., March 30.

UP IN SMOKE.

Creamery Near Fertile Burned to the Ground.

Fertile, April 10.—The Sundahl creamery was burned to the ground at an early hour this morning. The enterprise was completely destroyed. The farmers in the vicinity of Sundahl, Norman county, were aroused from their slumbers at an early hour this morning by the cry of fire. Investigation showed that the creamery building was in flames. Every assistance was rendered towards extinguishing the fire, but the flames had gotten such a start, that all efforts were futile. The main building of the enterprise was quickly burned to the ground and the fire also spread to the sheds, ice house and surrounding structures. They were all completely destroyed.

The loss is estimated as in excess of $5,000, partially covered by insurance. The destruction of the creamery, outside of the pecuniary loss, will be keenly felt by the farmers of the section for the reason that the creamery brought to them each month a revenue, the loss of which will amount to considerable.

The origin of the fire is a mystery, as no one had been near the structure from early last evening and it did not break out until about four o'clock this morning. The creamery has been operating for the past eight years and has been regarded as one of the most successful creameries in the Red River valley.

"How to be Happy—tho Married."

This is the title of a lecture to be delivered in the Evenson hall, Thief River Falls, on April 21st, by Elbert Bede, of Duluth, who is making a wide reputation as writer in association with his father, Congressman J. Adam Bede, in the publication of Bede's Budget, which is a characteristic magazine, chuck full of wit and wisdom. Mr. Bede's lecture is gotten up in the same style that he writes. The strong points of the talk are the sallies of wit and humor, which make it anything but dry, altho it is not lacking in human interest and instructive features. The lecture is given for the purpose of advertising Bede's Budget, and a six months subscription goes with each ticket. Tickets, 25 cents; reserved seats, 10 cents extra. On sale at Stebbins' drug store.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land. 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

EASTER

APRIL 19

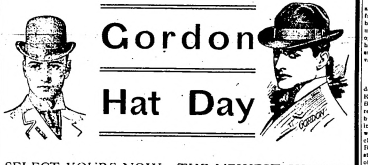

SELECT YOURS NOW. THE NEWEST SHADES,
THE LATEST STYLES, AT THE

Golden Rule Clothing Department

The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes. The Home of the Crossett Shoes.

FARM LIFE ATTRACTIVE

President Roosevelt Wants Farm Life Attractive for Boys and Girls.

Gives Some Valuable Pointers That Should Attract Attention.

In the recent message to congress there was a paragraph which has generally escaped notice in the excitement created by the more pungent paragraphs of the presidential document and yet it contained a suggestion which is of vital interest to the future. It was that some action should be taken by the government that may be calculated to check the onward march of the farmer boys to the city. The president does not make any specific suggestions or recommendations as to what action would be necessary, but leaves it to the department of agriculture to co-operate with state governments in developing institutional and social movements to make farm life attractive.

The conditions which called forth the reference in the president's message is a reality and it is a problem the solution of which must demand attention. When it comes down to the simple question of who is the better off, the clerk in in a city store, of the farmer lad on a modern farm, as far as real comforts are concerned a mind free from luxurious desires, will say the latter. While the former may be surrounded with amusements; the glare and glitter of urban enticements, it takes money to take advantage of them and nine out of every ten farmer lads who forsake the broad fields for the city life, find they have exchanged satisfied freedom, the result of having every reasonable necessity taken care of, for a selfdom of unsatiated desires brought about by lack of funds necessary to cater to the luxuries present on every hand. City life, with its theatres, libraries, lodges, social functions and all things that add to the pleasure [illegible], but slowly yet surely farm life is becoming more pleasant and the farm lad is getting into closer touch with urban life through the telephone, the rural delivery and in some sections the trolley car. There has been a big change in farm life and it is possible that the president's stand will work a revolution that will place the attractions of rural life almost on a par with city life.

The school house has been brought home to the farmer boy and it may not be long before he is given the advantage of a social club with gymnasium privileges, reading rooms, billiard and pool tables—in fact a social center where every pleasure can be enjoyed and city life can be forgotten for it will have nothing further to offer.

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD

and strictly prohibits the sale of alum baking powder—

So does France
So does Germany

The sale of alum foods has been made illegal in Washington and the District of Columbia, and alum baking powders are everywhere recognized as injurious.

To protect yourself against alum, when ordering baking powder,

Say plainly— **ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

and be sure you get Royal.

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. It adds to the digestibility and wholesomeness of the food.

There is no reason why farmers living within a few miles of our cities and towns should not be members of our commercial clubs and their wives be associated with our wives in the social organizations. With this mutual exchange of courtesies better and closer relations would be established, and farm life would become more acceptable and the cities would be benefitted by their trade, which is always dependent upon their good will. There is no really good reason why there should be an exodus of farm boys and girls to the cities at the present time, but the fact remains that there is and becomes a matter for solution.

Time to Use the Drag.

This is the time of the year when the Split Log Drag can be used to the best advantage. Villages, towns and private parties ought to own and operate these drags. They are inexpensive and their general use will improve the roads and save the traveling public thousands of dollars. Every farmer ought to own one of these drags. The fact that they are inexpensive and simple is doubtless something of a drawback to their use.

If they cost $125 and were manufactured by some city machine house, it [illegible] for some slick salesman to go out and sell them as fast as he could make out the orders but the fact that they are a home-made affair and so simple in construction that an average boy is able to make one rather counts against them. However, as a matter of fact the Split Log is the greatest thing of the kind ever devised and no farming community can regard itself as thoroughly up-to-date until its residents are regular users of this road machine.

For Sale.

About 1500 tons of ice, 2 ice plows, ice forks, etc. One pair of light horses and wagon. Will be sold cheap. A. T. Rice.

Subscribe for the News.

MONEY

DEPOSIT IT WHEN YOU HAVE A SURPLUS WITH

BORROW IT WHEN IN NEED FROM

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TO DEPOSITERS: We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

TO BORROWERS: We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal and real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 04
Barley	50
Eggs	12½
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Do your Easter shopping at the Golden Rule.

Dr. Grundy was up to Middle River last week.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

W. A. Wyman was down to Minneapolis last week.

George Lipscomb was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Seeding was quite generally commenced in this section this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Bockman were down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

George Wahrnam returned to this city last week from his trip to Duluth.

Easter novelties such as belts, combs, neckwear, etc. at the Golden Rule.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Swamby, of Hazel, last week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Cashier Kvennes, of the Middle River State Bank, spent Sunday in the city.

Max Koenig was in the city last week from his claim up east of Germantown.

For sale or exchange for good land, a stock of general merchandise. Call on Evenson & Erickson, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Easter Shoes and Oxfords at the Golden Rule—best makes and newest styles.

Will Vaughan was in from Germantown last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Charles Latta, of Plummer, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Crookston.

D. P. O'Neill, Daniel Shaw and Wilhelm Michelet went down to Crookston last evening.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

The ladies of the Synod church will meet in the Synod church parlor a week from Thursday, April 23rd.

Ladies' Kid and silk gloves, short and elbow length—all the new shades for Easter wear at the Golden Rule.

Mrs. G. W. Booren left last week for Minneapolis and Stillwater to spend a couple of weeks visiting friends.

Dr. Heiber went down to Cedar Falls, Iowa, last Friday evening to visit his parents. He returned Tuesday.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Phillip Zeh, Jr., who for the past year has been in the west, returned to this city last week to visit his parents.

B. A. Sordal, assistant in G. Halvorson's office, was up to Middle River last Friday attending to business matters.

Miss Florence Whorton, who had spent the winter in the city visiting with the family of F. J. Stebbins, returned last Saturday to her home in Minneapolis.

F. S. Doege left Monday for Hallock, where he has the contract for building a $12,000 school house this summer. Work upon the building has been commenced.

Charley Johnson, Nels Parson and Carl Carlson, three prominent Wylie farmers, were in the city Monday looking at some farm horses they desire to purchase.

Ed wilcox left last week for St. Paul and from there will go to South Dakota points to look after some farm loans for a few weeks.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

Mayor and Mrs. T. P. Hamre left Monday evening for Hot Springs, Ark., and expect to spend about six weeks at this famous health resort.

Joe Moriestte, former liveryman of Plummer and now a farmer in the town of Mayfield, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Remsford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

See Hicks for mission furniture.

Read about the one hundred watch sale in this issue.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Mr. Ben Borneman, of St. Hilaire was in the city las Saturday.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

200 bushels of seed oats for sale by, H. R. Loelin, Anton, Minn.

For a first class suit made to order, go to Louis Heyduck, east of Meehan block.

Mayor Hamre was up to Greenbush last Friday attending to business matters.

Boys' Suits and Shoes at the Golden Rule—best and largest assortment in the city.

—For Rent—Eight room house, second door north of Park Hotel. Inquire of M. C. Burns.

Pat McQuaid left last week for Michigan, called there by the serious illness of his sister.

Andrew Steneeth was at Warren and Crookston last week attending to some real estate business.

For Sale;—3 horses, 2 cows, 1 yearling Heifer, 1 Calf and 50 Chickens. See Hager, the land man.

Wanted—To buy a horse weighing about 1200. Apply to N. Swanson, section 23, town of North.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

H. N. Hager this week removed his real estate office to the ground floor of the old first state bank building.

M. C. Gaulke, of Thompson, N. D., arrived in the city last week to visit his sister, Mrs. Blanchard. He returned again Monday.

Mrs. Schalaben and daughter arrived in the city Tuesday to visit friends for a few days before going to Alaska to join Dr. Schalaben.

Emil Dryfoos, of the Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating company, was up to Orleans the first of the week figuring upon some work.

Arthur Chapman, who is associated with Emil Dryfoos in the plumbing business here, arrived in the city last week from Duluth.

W. B. Krouse received a telegram Sunday from Green Bay, Wis., announcing the death of his mother. He left that evening to attend the funeral.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

Special attention is called to the ad of Torrison Bros. on the last page of this issue. To boys and girls who can solve this rebus an exceptional good prize is offered.

—Do not fail to read Dr. A. J. Klimek's ad in this issue. When Dr. Klimek advertises he always offers bargains, that is the reason he is doing the jewelry business in Thief River Falls.

Immanual congregation will have services at the usual meeting place, the Newton school house, next Sunday morning, April 19th, at 10:30. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Easter services will be held by the United Lutheran church in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning at 10:30. Mrs. Albert Huset will sing accompanied by Miss Lettie Ramstad. Easter offering will be taken up. All are invited. Rev. Olaf M. Wangensteen, Pastor.

Farmer's build a telephone line to your neighbor's. We furnish you all supplies in the telephone line either new or second hand better and cheaper than can be gotten elsewhere. It will pay you to call on us to get your supplies and material. Thief River Falls Telephone company.

Services in the Lutheran church of the Synod, Good Friday evening at 7:45, and Easter Monday at 10:30. The ladies aid meets with Mrs. Oscar Williams in the basement of the church on the 23rd of April at 3 o'clock p. m. Services in Silverton Lutheran church at 3 o'clock p. m. on Easter day. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

The lecture delivered by Mayor John C. Chase, of Haverhill, Mass., in the city hall last Thursday evening upon the subject of socialism was very well attended, and the speaker received liberal applause. Mr. Chase is not much of an orator, but he has a way of stating facts in a clear and convincing manner which greatly pleased his audience.

For the opening attractions at the Bijou, April, 27th, will be the "The Three Millards." They are a musical combination, both vocal and instrumental, and their work is very pleasing. There is a little girl in the trio with a sweet voice and she scores a big hit everywhere. Mr. Millard, as the silly country boy, is a character that will be remembered by the patrons of the house, especially his selections on the violin, which he plays in every position conceivable. Baby Millard and Mrs. Millard in their solos and musical turn are artists of great ability.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city Tuesday.

Dr. Mellby was down to Crookston the first of the week.

D. W. Conklin was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Largest assortment of go-carts and baby carriages at Hicks.

C. J. Knox left Tuesday evening on a trip to Iowa and Illinois points.

Just received, our third shipment of baby carriages this year. Hicks Furniture Co.

The Presbyterian Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Hawes and Mrs. Leonard Peterson at the home of the latter, tomorrow afternoon, April 17.

Easter services at the Presbyterian church next Sunday. Morning subject, "The Empty Grave," evening, "Christianity, the Religion of Hope and Joy." Special music at both services. Choir will be assisted by Mrs. M. W. H. Bockman.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual Easter sale Saturday afternoon April 18th, at the church parlor. Fancy served articles, cooked foods, including breads, cakes, cookies, doughnuts, pies, etc., cut flowers, home made candies, and Easter eggs will be sold. A light lunch will be served during the afternoon.

Postmaster Kratka reports that the total business done at the Thief River Falls postoffice for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1908, amounts to $8,652. This is an increase of $500 over the business done last year and the whole increase was made during the last quarter, the three first quarters being exactly the same as that of the year previous.

Hans Engelstad, a former resident of this section and a brother of Peter Engelstad, of the town of Rocksbury, arrived here last week from Everet, Wash, where he had been for the past few years accompained by his family. He has purchased a farm near Highlanding and intends to be a wealth producer in Red Lake County during the future.

Services will be conducted as follows: On Thursday evening April 16th, at 7:45 with the celebration of the Lord's Supper. Services on Easter Sunday at 10 o'clock, at Manor, in the afternoon at 3 o'clock, with communion, at Germantown, services with communion on Easter Monday at 10:30. A meeting of the voting members will follow the regular service. Rev. F. Seltz.

Charles Alexander returned to this city last week from the Red Lake county. Charley says that the Thief River Falls Lumber company cut enough logs during the past winter to run the saw) mill nearly two seasons; that he has inspected the bridge built across the Red Lake river here and pronounces it a bum job; that—well, we do not dare to print any more of Charley's remarks for fear of being sued for libel.

We are reliably informed a new cheese factory is soon to be established at Perrault station, with H. Lacoursiere and Joe Perrault as promoters. Work on the construction of a building will soon be commenced and we understand the machinery has already been ordered. The establishment of such an institution should be greatly appreciated by the farmers of that section and we wish for the promoters every measure of success. —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Ole O. Holson, of Alvarado, was in the city this week soliciting subscriptions for the payment of medical care and attendance for Clara Lindbrg, the 12 year old daughter of Ole Lindberg, of that place, who was accidently shot in the back by a playmate on March 29. Clara had gone to a neighbor's to play with their girl, who is 8 or 9 years old. There was a loaded gun upstairs where the children were playing all by themselves. The smaller one had taken the gun and in handling it it was discharged with the result as above stated. The injured girl was taken to the Warren hospital. Her spinal chord is injured, resulting in partial paralysis of the body. Her recovery is said to be very doubtful.—Warren Sheaf.

Every speaker should select a subject suited to his particular style. Elbert Bede has done this in taking "How to be happy—tho married," as the subject for his lecture to be delivered in the Evenson Hall on April 21st. Mr. Bede is a son of Congressman Bede, and, altho he has not been so prominently before the public, he has demonstrated that he possesses many of the characteristics of his father, and in places where he has delivered his lecture he has been spoken of as a chip of the old block. He is making a reputation as a bright writer and humorist as assistant to Congressman Bede in the publication of Bede's Budget, to advertise which publication the lecture is delivered. A six months subscription goes with each ticket at 25 cents. Reserved seats, 10 cents extra. On sale at Stebbins.

Tennis Club Organized.

A number of young men held a meeting last week and organized a tennis club. John H. Merland was elected president of the new association and Oscar Sponheim secretary and treasurer. Grounds near the high school will be fixed up for tennis grounds. It is the intention to play a number of games with clubs from Crookston, Warren and other valley towns this summer.

DROWNED AT DAM

Dead Body of August Peterson Found Yesterday Morning.

The dead body of August Peterson was found yesterday morning floating in the river just above the sluice of the power house. The deceased was last seen alive going down LaBree avenue about half past nine in the evening. He was a resident of this city and lived near the turn table of the Great Northern railway.

Ives a Candidate.

Harry E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, this week filed as a candidate for the legislature from this district, which comprises the counties of Red Lake, Beltrami and Clearwater. Beltrami is quite sure to have a candidate in the field and it is probable that there will be another candidate for Red Lake.

Kratka.

Ole Hofdahl, who has been at Beltrami for the past month returned home Thursday. Mr. Hofdahl says that he will return to Beltrami and bring back with him a bunch of cows, as he was pleased to learn that he is located so near a creamery.

The Kratka creamery building is well under construction and is expected to be ready to make the first butter churning soon after May 1st.

Kettel Brecki has hired out for the season to Mr. Hedeen for a consideration of $235 for the season. Who says that they are not paying wages out in Kratka?

Rumor has it that Mr. Pat Sullivan is going to sell out and move to South Dakota.

A splendid opportunity is left for a blacksmith shop at Kratka with a fine territory and good income. A better location could not be found in the northern part of the state.

K. A. Hunderson was a business visitor at St. Hilaire, Wednesday.

Ray Livingstone was out near Rhoda last week. Wonder if he remembers that this is leapyear?

The settlers residing east of Kratka are very much disappointed over the poor prospects of the drainage bill passing congress this year. It seems strange that congress has several million dollars to spend on the Panama canal but not any to advance in the interests of drainage.

Ole Vastrand has returned from Cottonwood and is now residing on his claim. Ole has a fine claim, all he needs is a "fair partner" now.

Stephen Singer and Peter Hedeen were at St. Hilaire Thursday, republican delegates from Kratka township. We are informed they also measured the depth of water in several places before returning.

Fishing is the sport of the day.

The Kratka boys are getting together and will organize a baseball nine and will soon be prepared to play any nine in Red Lake county.

Star.

Deputy Sheriff Robert Lee and Ed. Evenson of Thief River Falls, visited the town of Star last week.

Spring work commenced here Monday April 13, and the ground is in fine condition.

A supply of water for the Highlanding creamery was struck at a depth of 39 ft., flowing within 8feet of the top of the ground.

Miss Effie M. Hays, of Minneapolis and Abbie L. Irwin, of Thief River Falls visited their claims last Sunday.

Mr. Gjerness called on the farmers of Star in the interest of the Highlanding creamery this week.

Mr. Burstad formerly of Ulen, moved his family household goods and live stock onto his claim this week.

It is evident that the town of Star is far ahead of any other part of Red Lake county for the reason that the land is rolling and the water rapidly settles into the low places.

Mr. Lattimore has succeeded in obtaining assistance to run his printing plant and postoffice in the person of Miss Olga Larson, of Little Oak.

Knowing how hard it is for Mr. Eastman to fill up his great family journal, we have stretched our intellect about a rod this week to furnish interesting news from the town of Star.

Rocksbury.

Spring is here at last.

A large crowd attended the debate last Friday in the Sunnyside school, it being the last debate of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Bessler passed thru this vicinity on their way to Thief River Falls last Friday.

Mr. Carl Baken sold one of his horses last Friday.

Emma and Elmer Sarre, also Roy and Sam Pope came home to attend the debate Friday night and also to spend Sunday at home.

The surveyors were out from Thief River Falls last Saturday to locate the line fence between Mr. Baker's and Mr. Barsen's land.

See the collapsable go carts at Hicks.

APRIL 21ST.

New Militia Company to Be Mustered in On That Date.

Lieutenant Colonel, F. E. Resche, of the third regiment infanty, has informed Chris. Wiste that he will be in Thief River Falls on the 21st of April and will then muster in the volunteers of this city's new militia company. Mr. Resche will appoint the first set of officers for the company at this time. The following is a list of the young men of this city who have enlisted:

Hugo Anderson, Adolph Mike, John A. Swere, Oscar F. Mellby, Wm. B. Fuller, Christian A. Wiste, Carl H. Hermanson, John Gustavson, Anton Fenfand, Ole G. Olson, Wm. Breyette, Diaz Beaudry, Evan O. Kjos, Philip O. Robbecke, Samuel O. Hofto, Hjalmer Carlson, Wm. Prichard Jr., Carl J. Angell, Ed. Johnson, Tarje S. Brokke, George Lenox, James E. Bulman, Arthur L. Delbel, Ralph C. Douglas, Pat H. Mahone, Carl M. Hansen, Walter W. Robbecke, Homer T. Mussey, Louis Lang, Otto W. Klingberg, Carl Vroke, Carl Oske, Christ M. Strom, Oscar Dahl, Rainer A. Elliott, Geo. D. LaSage, Martin M. Strom, Louis Hanson, Alfred Rassmusson, Henry Eyde, Burnard Docken, Hans Stenerud, Fred Stenerud, Laurence B. Larson, Iver E. Howick, Oscar Spoonheim, John Rawson, Lewis A. Nelson, Paul Modrigh, Dani. A. Sheedy, Nels A. Borsheim, Alfred N. Anderson, Axel O. Rod, James Farr.

Judge Grindland will deliver a lecture at the Synod Church a week from next Friday. Subject, "Honesty is the best policy." The proceeds to be used for the payment of the pipe organ.

Pioneer of Red Lake Falls Dead.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Emard, a pioneer resident of Red Lake Falls aged 102 years, was held from St. Joseph's church at that place yesterday morning. She died Sunday morning. She was one of the oldest residents of the state and the mother of twelve children.

The deceased was well known in this city and thruout this section of the country, having for years resided in and about Red Lake Falls.—Crookston Journal.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending April, 11, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Anton, G.
Chase, Miss Clara
Cloutier, Mad. Carolina
Dahle, Denver P.
Helgeson, Miss Ida
Jasmer, Barney
Johnson, Louise
Kosin, Theo
Monson, Lewis
Lisall, Mauritz....2
Merrill, Burt
Philips, Frank
Rowe, A. R.
Tillman, Elmer
Weston, J. M.
Walker, Lewis
Wiken, Miss Hana.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Bijou Theater.

The program shown last evening and repeated to-night is the best one that was ever shown at the little playhouse. "The Pearl Fisher," is a beautiful piece of art. His dreams takes him to the depths of the ocean. We see what he saw, beautiful, yet sublime, beautifully colored throughout.

Edison film, "Stage Struck," nuff said. Miss Elsa Robbecke made a hit in the illustrated ballad, "Sweet Heart Days."

"What the Curate Did," an up-to-date subject.

"Stage Struck Girls," every day life. Illustrated Balla :.

"Life of a Bee," very interesting.

"The Pearl Fisher," beautifully colored throughout.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

EASTER will soon be here and for your Easter groceries try some of our leading brands of canned goods like the Princess and the Golden West brands. They are the best that *money can buy.* We guarantee every article that goes out of our store and if not satisfactory we are here to make it right. We also receive shipments of green vegetables for Wednesdays and Saturdays, which are always kept nice and fresh. In the fruit and confectionery line we handle nothing but the very choicest.

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 115. 3rd St.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM. Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

Has for your convenience a Real Estate Tax List for part of Red Lake and Marshall Counties, also for Blocks numbered.

We are now better prepared to make Real Estate Loans than before. Come and consult us.

Safety Boxes for Rent.

There is no need of keeping Valuables, Deeds, Contracts, Wills and Insurance Policies at home, when same can be kept within easy reach in a Fire Proof Vault.

Interest paid on time deposits.

People's State Bank.

CAPITALISM AND WOMAN.

Deplorable Plight of Fair Sex Under Present System.

One of the saddest tragedies of life under the capitalist system concerns the women. To no small extent the milkmaid in the song spoke for her sex when she said "my face is my fortune." Well, what does capitalism, the system of society under which we are forced to live today, do for the comeliness of womankind? Of all things a woman is most sensitive of her good looks, and yet it is just here that capitalism strikes her its most cruel blow. Passing by the woman of luxury and indolent ease and the few of the upper middle class who may employ themselves just enough to keep in good health, what do we find to be the lot of the average woman who has assumed the responsibilities of the housewife and thus escaped the still more luckless fate of the spinster? Faded at twenty-five and a hag at forty, when she should be just in the prime of her womanliness!

Overworked, nerve racked, run down with unrelenting drudgery, broken in spirit, forlorn, womankind is indeed capitalism's saddest tragedy. In woman's plight natural laws are at work. Overtaxing invites nature's penalties, for nature renders no judgments with fixed juries or crooked judges. The overdriven, ill kept grocer's horse moves on day by day toward the boneyard, while the carefully groomed, properly exercised carriage horse challenges our admiration by his glossy hide and proud, lusty, mettlesome bearing. With the human species it is the same eternally and always. You can draw your own picture of how different would be the fate of woman under the Socialist regime.

Jane Addams has called housework a "belated industry." Invention has saved very few of the housewife's steps. Under the Socialist impulse it would do many things in that direction. With the bread earner of the family getting his socially due share of the products of his toil the pinch of poverty, the pall of economic anxiety, would be lifted from the myriads of little homes, joy would come with work that was not overwearisome, the home would be brighter, sunnier, happier, and woman would keep her looks and her robust, radiant health and her vivacity and womanly grandeur just as nature intended she should. Of all people women should be the most anxious for the abolition of the capitalist regime and the coming of the next higher phase of civilization—the Socialist commonwealth!—Heath.

Evils of Competition.

Under the capitalist system the wageworkers are by no means the only sufferers. The small employers, the small merchants, are also feeling the sting of an unequal competition, for every one of these men of business lives at war with all his brethren. The hand of the one is against the other, and no foe is more terrible to him than the one who is running a neck to neck race with him every day.

Therefore in the factory as well as in the store the profits must be cut constantly and the sales must be ever enlarged. The latest improvements, the best labor saving machinery, must be used and as little wages must be paid as possible. The race is for life or death, and "the devil gets the hindmost."

The fierce competition lessens the profit on each article, and this must be compensated for by a greater number of articles being produced and sold—that is, the cheaper the goods the more capital is required to carry on the business.

Dots and Dashes.

There are a thousand hacking at the branches of evil to one who is striking at the root.—Thoreau.

To admit that because things have long gone wrong it is impossible to make them go right is a most fatal doctrine.—Ruskin.

The New York Socialists will launch a daily paper May 1. It will be known as the Daily Call.

Now it is reported that there is still a possibility that August Bebel, the great German Social-Democratic leader, will pay this country a visit. He will speak in only ten or twelve places, however.

Dreams.

Many a capitalist dream of plunder has come true—more's the pity. But to dream of better life for humanity at large through a change in the economic system—ah, that's the unforgivable thing! The Socialist is that kind of a "dreamer," and a capitalist can put an awful amount of contempt in his voice when he dismisses Socialism and Socialists as "visionaries." So long as his selfish dreams come true he has contempt for all unselfish dreams.—Frederic Heath.

Would Enlarge Ownership.

Determined opponents of the present capitalistic system of industry, as the Socialists are, still they never think of calling the concentration of capital the cause of all evil.

Socialists do not try to smash the trusts as such. On the contrary, the Social-Democracy appreciates so fully the advantages of industrial production on a large scale that we wish its most perfect development, which is impossible under the capitalist system.

Beginning to See.

The New York Outlook says: "Provident institutions and savings banks are being drawn upon by a comparatively large class of people and, as much depositors' savings are gradually exhausted, a larger number is constantly drifting into the class of the unemployed and the homeless in need of work." No wonder the workingmen are beginning to see a thing or two.

WASTE—A SARCASM.

Collective Public Ownership Would Eliminate Useless Labor.

Between South Bend and Niles, a distance of twelve miles, there run side by side a steam road and a trolley road, with two sets of bridges, fences, grades, cuts, steel tracks, depots, operating forces, rolling stock and other equipment, where one set is amply sufficient for all the traffic. This condition is duplicated quite generally throughout the east and middle west.

Again, between the same towns, running side by side, are five pole lines—Western Union line, Bell Telephone line, Citizens' Telephone line, a trolley line and a power transmission line. Poles for the latter cost from $7 to $15 each. One pole line would be entirely adequate under a rational economic system.

Last summer I saw in the Cripple Creek district a small hill, some 3,000 feet in diameter, which contains the celebrated Independence gold mine and 272 others. Just think of it! Two hundred and seventy-three shaft houses, shafts, hoisting and pumping equipments crowded together on one little hill! And the fool people there boast about the number as one of the attractions of the district! An ant digs one hole in the ground, but man, the wise bug, must have 273 to accomplish the same result!

Man, the noble, superior animal, builds two railroads where only one is needed and struts around and swells up with importance over his stupid achievement! Man, the skeesicks, who boasts of a monopoly on reason, erects five pole lines where one would suffice and then wonders what the dickens his grandchildren will do for toothpicks! Man, the intellectual geezer, digs 273 holes in the ground where but one is needed and is ass enough to brag about it!

At this point some long eared critter usually wakes up and brays: "Heehaw! Why, this makes lots of work for the laboring people! What would they do without it? Heehaw!" Under collective public ownership, which would eliminate all such useless labor, they could do useful work, hours of labor could be reduced for all and— But why waste explanations on an animal long on kicks and short on comprehension! Did some one squawk?

The foregoing is a true picture of our present economic system. Candidly, now, gentle reader, do you really think it deserves to be perpetuated? More than 3,000,000 men in Germany alone do not think so, and their number is increasing by leaps and bounds in this country. Honestly, now, do you truly think it an indication of a superior intellectual acumen to play the role of an apoligist for such a stupid, wasteful system—a system which even the lowly ant would be ashamed to advocate? If one did it would be promptly kicked out of the colony as a hopeless imbecile.

Yes, man is a wise bug! Great is man and the works thereof! All hail to the illustrious king of chumps!—R. L. Green.

An Important Difference.

Socialist programmes and party platforms on both sides of the Atlantic emphasize the fact that the Socialist demand is for the socialization, not for property as such, but of property become capital—that is, property employed in production under certain circumstances. The term "capital" is confined by Karl Marx himself to such land and machinery or other instruments and material of production as may be employed in supplying social needs. Not only the individual home—which not one family in five now owns in America—garden, furnishings, clothing, books, pictures, boats, horses, carriages, etc., proper to individual and family use and enjoyment, but also the tools, instruments and materials of artist and craftsman, builder and farmer, when used in production for individual and family use and enjoyment are excluded by the Marxian definition from the category of things that Socialism would bring under collective ownership and administration.

Socialism's Day.

Instead of paying the worker simply the cost of producing the commodity, labor, in the lowest market, Socialism would make the social value of the product the basis of wages. More than any other one thing or than all other things combined this is the thing which marks the line most distinctly between mere reformers and Socialists.

The Perfection of Industry.

The control of production by the people as a whole means the highest possible perfection of industry on a large scale.

True Freedom.

Men, whose boast it is that ye
Come of fathers brave and free,
If there breathe on earth a slave,
Are ye truly free and brave?
If ye do not feel the chain
When it works a brother's pain,
Are ye not base slaves indeed,
Slaves unworthy to be freed?

Women, who shall one day bear
Sons to breathe New England air,
If ye hear without a blush
Deeds to make the roused blood rush
Like red lava through your veins
For your sisters now in chains,
Answer, are ye fit to be
Mothers of the brave and free?

Is true freedom but to break
Fetters for their own dear sake
And with leathern hearts forget
That we owe mankind a debt?
Nay! True freedom is to share
All the chains our brothers wear
And with heart and hand to be
Earnest to make others free!

They are slaves who dare not speak
For the fallen and the weak.
Hatred, scoffing and abuse.
They are slaves who dare not choose
Rather than in silence shrink
From the truth they needs must think.
They are slaves who dare not be
In the right with two or three.

—Lowell.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . . . .

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell or Mortgage Land.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Maret Olson and Caroline Mork and all persons interested in the sale or mortgage of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of B. Christianson as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interest of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold or mortgaged and praying that a license be to B. Christianson granted to sell or mortgage the same.

Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th, day of April, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 31st day of March 1908.

Court Seal. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate Court.

Apr. 2-16

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Gilbert Olson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Olson, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to B. Christianson.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday, the 28th day of September, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

Probate Court Seal. Apr. 2-16.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Sarah Ann Robinson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Annie L. E Robinson, William Robinson and Jessie Jackson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of May, 1908, at 9 o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 28th day of March, 1908.

Court Seal N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

April 2-16 G. K. Fargo, Attorney for petitioner, Oxena, Minn.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

5 DROPS
Absolutely Pure
DIRECTIONS TAKE 3 TO 5 DROPS ONCE A DAY
SWANSON'S RHEUMATIC CURE CO.

STOPS THE PAINS caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similiar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread (*Chain Stitch*) Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.

Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.

Our guaranty never runs out.

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Of the two classes of internal improvement drainage is likely to prove even more popular, as a public issue, than irrigation, and for a number of reasons. In the first place, the swamp areas are scattered principally through out the already well settled portions of the country, where population is comparatively dense and transportation facilities already well developed. In the second place, the engineering problems involved, while of great magnitude, are, in many of the projects, comparatively simple, and the cost of drainage much less than that of irrigation reclamation. It is usually an easier and cheaper undertaking to get water off from land than it is to get water on land, and a system once established, the cost of drainage maintenance is much lower. Where the cost of government irrigation reclamation ranges from $21 to $60 per acre in the projects thus far announced by the Interior Department, and with a probable average of $30 per acre for all the government work, the estimated cost of drainage, for most of the projects, is less than one-third this amount, and is as low in some instances as $2 or $3 per acre. Reclaimed, this land will vie in productivity with the most fertile farm lands of the wealthiest of our agricultural sections, and immediately become worth $50, $100, $200, and even $300 per acre. The decayed vegetation and humus of centuries and ages lie stored in the swamps, and when drained they form richer soil than any other class of land and are of far more persistent fertility.—From the American Review of Reviews.

Linseed Oil Trust Profits.

Before the linseed oil trust was formed there were sixty factories in the United states that produced linseed oil. The actual value of factories was, say, $50,000 each. As they were competitors the business of each was conducted on a basis that enabled the owners to earn about 6 per cent dividends.

When the linseed oil trust was formed each of the owners of the sixty plants turned his property worth $50,000, over to the trust stock, or $10 for every dollar of value. The business of the trust was concentrated as much as possible. Some of the plants were closed up, which threw a large number of men out of employment.

To the employes who were retained the trust was in a position to say: "We will pay you so much wages," and they had to accept or join the army of the unemployed. To the man who wants to paint his house: "We will charge you so much a gallon for the linseed oil," and he has to pay it or let his house rot. Be such methods and practicing economy in every way possible, the trust manages to pay about 3 per cent dividends on its $10,000,000 of stock, which means that the holders get 30 per cent on the money actually invested.—Glen Union.

Roosevelt on Lincoln.

Writing in Collier's to promote interest in the work of the Lincoln Farm association. President Roosevelt says:

"Like Washington's, the keynote of Lincoln's career was disinterested devotion to the welfare of the country, combined with a rugged and healthy quality of mind which made it as impossible for him to be inefficient as to be false to his ideals.

"There are many men who have made great marks in history by wrongdoing, by spending their lives primarily for their own advancement. But this man both lived and died that the nation might grow steadily greater and better, and the only reward he accepted was that which came in the shape of the chance to render render service to his fellow countrymen.

"Lincoln saved the Union, and yet at the same time lifted higher than ever before the cause of liberty.

"The fundamental difference between the careers of our two great national heroes and those of almost any other men of equal note in the world's history is shown by the fact that when we think of our two great men we think inevitably not of glory, but of duty; not of what the man did for himself in achieving name or fame or position, but of what be did for his fellows.

"Lincoln like Washington, had the right ideal, and also lived up to it in practical fashion. No more blessed thing could have happened to a great democratic republic like ours than to have had this man of the plain people, this rail-splitter, this country lawyer, develope into its hero and savior; for every feature of his career can be studied as a lesson by each of us whatever his station, as we lead our several lives.

"Lincoln was a shrewd and enlightened man of the world, and he had all the practical qualities necessary for a man who was to guide such men as his countrymen were and are; and yet he was also a genius of the heroic type, a leader who rose level to the greatest crisis through which this nation or any other had to pass in the nineteenth century."

The Virtue of Supervision.

Andrew Carnegie, in an article in the Century magazine, brings his testimony to the support of the policy of railroad and trust regulation, taken up by the president with the unqualified support of the masses of the people.

He says that the president has performed a great service in focussing the attention of the country upon certain crying evils, and that the present position of the government is all that could be desired. If he means to approve its attitude, Mr. Carnegie is correct; if he means that it has done all it should, he is mistaken.

"It was the custom for different rates to prevail," says Mr. Carnegie, "in beginning of railroad development, when all was chaos, but our conditions are soon to be those which the old have been led by experience to establish. We are only following their example in supervising railroads and other corporations strictly, as we do national banks. Leases, mergers, purchases of shares, control of other lines or corporations, the issue of stocks and bonds, and the rates of freight, must all be reported, examined and approved by the tribunal which is to become our industrial supreme court.

"We may rest assured that the interstate commerce commission, progressing from year to year as it gains experience, will sustain fair rates for railroad companies and establish what is indispensable—equality of rates throughout the whole country. The equality of the shipper will soon become an axiom ranking with the equality of the citizen—one shipper's privilege over any railroad every shipper's right. Different rates per ton or per mile may prevail in different sections, or under different conditions, but these will be open to all."

Mr. Carnegie points out what is by no means the least important gain from supervision of corporations when he says that it will give to shareholders in corporations a degree of security hitherto unknown; that it will enhance the value of their investments, and prove as beneficial for the corporations as for the shareholders and the country. Capital, under these conditions, will be attracted more than ever to these fields, and that includes foreign as well as domestic capital. There can be no doubt that the knowledge that directors in this country often lose sight of their obligations to stockholders in their own selfish ends has tended to alarm foreign capital, as well as domestic capital. The knowledge that the government will insure a fair deal to both stockholders and public will re-establish confidence in these securities, and give them a more stable value than they have ever had.

"The ease and rapidity with which the commission was established," says the iron master, "which has already abolished demoralizing rebates and is rapidly giving to investments the security they possess in other lands by bringing them under supervision, is a grand triumph for our governmental system, and gives to all the assurance that no emergency can arise in our country that we cannot meet."—Duluth Herald.

ETIQUETTE IN KASSALA.

A Chat Between a Male Heathen and Two Native Ladies.

Some of the traditional observances in the polite society of other lands afford, in addition to amusement, considerable opposition to the free intercourse to which modern conditions have accustomed us. Mrs. Speedy, one of the first English ladies to visit Kassala, gives a good instance of this in her "Wanderings In the Sudan" when relating how she and her husband received their first callers. Their patroness was an Italian lady who had long been a resident of the city.

"In the morning a rap came to the door," writes Mrs. Speedy, "and on opening it I saw madame, with two Arab women, standing outside. She inquired cautiously if Charlie were within, and on my saying that he was she made a sign to the two ladies, who drew the thickly concealing shawl still more closely over their hidden faces and moved off to one side in the passage, turning their backs to the doorway.

"She then explained to me that they were of very high rank and of a very strict sect and must on no account be seen by a strange man, especially not by one who was of another nation and an infidel. They were, however, very anxious to see me and had come to do me that honor, and if Charlie would not object to go below or into some other room for a few minutes they would make their visit very short.

"I represented the state of the case, and he at once consented to absent himself, his only regret being that he should not have a chance to converse with these ladies, as there were many things which he wished especially to know and which he was not likely to have any opportunity so good as the present for ascertaining. In turn, I represented this side of the question to madame, and after much hesitation and whispered conversation in the passage a compromise was effected.

"It was arranged that, completely veiled, the ladies should enter the room, not venturing to turn their heads in the direction of the masculine heathen, and that he should before they entered turn his back to the direction by which they would come in.

"This was all strictly carried out, and thus, back to back and a considerable distance apart, an edifying conversation went on for half an hour, questions being put in bland, inquiring tones and dulcet replies given, which appeared to be quite satisfactory to both parties."

The Longest "Straight."

To the Buenos Aires and Pacific railway belongs the peculiar distinction of having on its system the longest straight stretch of railway in the world. The length of this is 205½ miles, and it is situated on the main line, between 158 and 363¼ miles from Buenos Aires. The straight was formerly broken by reverse curves forming a detour around Lake Soria. The longer portion was then 175 miles long and was even then the world's record. The lake having, however, practically dried up, the company suppressed the curves, and the cutoff was opened to service on Oct. 15, 1907. It seems that when the line was set out in the seventies, at which time the country was in the hands of the Indians, after leaving Junin, which was a military outpost and the last point of contact with the Buenos Aires civilization, a course of about west-northwest was set and the line run straight across the flat pampas until it met another line about sixty miles long, which was pushed out eastward from the western terminus, Villa Mercedes. There were no obstacles of importance to avoid, and hence the phenomenal bee line.—Engineer.

Cain's Wife.

"I never discuss marriage," said the late General Fitz-Hugh Lee, "without thinking of an old colored preacher in my state who was addressing his dark skinned congregation when a white man rose up in the back of the building.

"'Mr. Preacher,' said the white man.

"'Sir to you,' said the parson.

"'Mr. Preacher, you are talking about Cain, and you say he got married in the land of Nod after he killed Abel. But the Bible only mentions Adam and Eve as being on the earth at that time. Whom, then, did Cain marry?'

"The colored preacher snorted with unfeigned contempt.

"'Huh!' he said. 'You hear dat, bredren an' sisters? You hear dat fool question I am axed? Cain, he went to de land o' Nod, just as de good book tells us, an' in de land o' Nod Cain gits so lazy an' so shiftless dat he up an' marries a gal o' one o' dem no 'count pore white trash families dat de inspired apostle didn't consider fittin' to mention in de holy word.'"

FIRE AT OSLEO

Local Firemen Called to That City Saturday Night.

A fire which was discovered in the cold storage house of the Minneapolis Brewing company at Osleo last Saturday evening at 10:30 threatened the destruction of the village. Aid was asked of from this city and a special train was made up by the Soo and about thirty-five firemen went over to to help fight the fire. A large amount of hose and other fire fighting aparatus was taken over and the local men did good work.

The fire was confined to the Soo right-of-way, and all that burned was four of the six cold storage houses belonging to breweries, the Soo's coal sheds containing about 600 tons of coal and the water tank.

A. D. Brown Gets Divorce.

Judge William Watts and Court Reporter C. M. Lohn came up from Crookston Monday morning to resume court, and the way the cases were disposed of was anything but slow. The judge has even established a new record in divorce suits—a decree being granted in the case of A. D. Brown vs. Mrs. A. D Brown while the train stood in wait at the Great Northern depot. The calendar cases had all been disposed of during the day, the Brown case excepted, and while waiting at the depot to take the train home, the judge heard the testimony of Mrs. Brown, who was an incoming passenger from Thief River Falls, and after pronouncing his decision stepped aboard the car and was soon whirling across the country homeward bound, leaving a happy and contented little woman.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

To Have a Market Day.

At a meeting of the Commercial club held last Friday evening, it was decided to establish a market day for Thief River Falls. The matter was all referred to the Public Affairs committee of the organization and this committee will be given full power to act. A market day is expected to do much in bringing people to Thief River Falls to do their trading and it is to be hoped that the matter will be pushed.

M. E. Church Services.

Sunday School 10 o'clock a m.
Preaching at 11 o'clock a m.
Epworth League 7:15 p m.
Preaching at 8 pm.
Childrens' Easter Service 11 o'clock a. m.
Easter Sermon at 8 o'clock p.m. Sunday meet.

HAVE YOUR
EASTER PHOTOGRAPHS
TAKEN AT
BORRY'S GALLERY

Painful Etiquette.

The royal court of France used to be a great place for etiquette. Louis XIV. once caught a severe cold owing to the fact that on his arising from his bed one cold morning the lord of the chamber, whose duty it was to hand him his shirt, happened to be absent. Not one of the numerous courtiers present had the courage to trangress etiquette by handing the garment to the shivering monarch.—London Scrap Book.

Indifferent.

"I can't give you an opinion on that question," the statesman replied, "because it's a question I pay no attention to—I am indifferent to it—as indifferent as the backswoodsman's wife. That lady, you know, looked on while her husband had a fierce hand to hand tussle with a bear, and afterward she said it was 'the only fight she ever saw where she didn't care who won.'"

Going On.

A terrible noise of thumping and stamping came from Bob's room early one morning.

"Bobby, Bobby," called his mother from downstairs, "what is going on up there?"

"My shoes," replied Bob.

One Drawback.

Olive—What an improvement it will be if the time ever comes when everybody can get a seat in the street cars.

Violet—Oh, I don't know. A girl would never be sure then that she was pretty. —Puck.

Some children act as if it were a constant surprise to them that their parents had the excellent taste to pick them out.—Nantucket Inquirer and Mirror.

SUBSCRIBE
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THE NEWS

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1908, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated April 7th, 1908. John H. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
{ Auditor's }
{ Seal. }

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.
In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs.

Herman Hanish, and Nannehen Hanish, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,
Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota,
April 16-May 21 Plaintiff's Attorney.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 9th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 150 made June 22nd 1901 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 151, N, Range 42 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May, 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Molinee "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Bryzney, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
April 16-May 21 Register.

Subscribe for the News.

Special Easter Sale

THREE DAYS ONLY

As a special inducement to Easter Shoppers, we will on April 16, 17 and 18, give

TEN PER CENT DISCOUNT

on the following described merchandise:

Ladies' Spring Jackets.
Ladies' Shirt Waists.
Ladies' Walking Skirts.
Ladies' Petticoats.
Men's Suits.
Boys' Suits.
Children's Suits.

The above discount is a liberal one considering our previous low prices. Our spring stock is now complete in all lines, at prices that are right. The above discount is for cash only.

Langseth Mercantile Co
Thief River Falls, Minn.

That hacking cough continues
Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.
Take *Scott's Emulsion.*
It builds up and strengthens your entire system.
It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

PRACTICAL INFORMATION

A Good Article Telling How to Raise All Kinds of Vegetables.

Supt. McGuire Tells of the Market the Duluth County Affords.

The growing of vegetables may be recommended in Northern Minnesota on a commercial scale as well as for the home garden. The yield and quality of vegetables grown in this section of the state can hardly be surpassed. There is also an extensive market in the cities at the head of Lake Superior, and the mining districts, but for the farmer not tributary there is difficulty in securing it. It is supplied largely by wholesale shippers from other districts. This market rightly belongs to the farmers of Northern Minnesota and it may obtain by co-operation among the farmers, and it is only in this way that it can be. Wholesale dealers want vegetables in carload lots, and vegetables of a uniform grade and quality.

Where a community of farmers would make vegetable growing an issue, and aim for uniformity, and co-operate in shipping, they could command a market for all they could grow.

For a farmer with only a few acres under cultivation, vegetables, when they can be marketed, is the most profitable crop that can be grown.

On the experiment farm all the common garden vegetables have been grown successfully with the exception of melons. Tomatoes and cucumbers have generally required a little extra care in the way of protection against late and early frosts to insure their maturity, and also the navy bean, which is somewhat uncertain in ripening at this degree of latitude (47½.) With these few exceptions the growing of vegetables has been exceedingly satisfactory.

Vegetables do best on a sandy loam soil, and the richer the soil in fertility and humus the better. A heavy applicant of stable manure every year is essentially the best growth of most vegetables. The ground should be manured and plowed in the fall, as fall plowing not only gives the best results ingrowth, but it also kills many destructive insects that live in the soil during the winter. It should not be harrowed till spring, but the earlier in the spring the better, which will help to retain the moisture and kill weed seeds.

In laying out the garden it will be found more satisfactory to plant everything in rows than the old-fashioned way of beds, and rows far enough apart to permit of horse cultivation. The garden needs frequent cultivation, not only to keep it free from weeds but to retain the soil moisture. More can be done with a horse cultivator in an hour than all day with the hoe. The cultivator does not dispense with the hoe, but it greatly lessens hand work which is more expensive.

Questions are frequently referred to the experiment station regarding the best varieties of the different vegetables for this section, and also the seed firm that handles the best grade of seed. Both the questions can be answered only in a general way. There are many varieties of most vegetables that do equally well and there are also several seed firms that handle practically the same grade of seed. A safe rule for the beginner is to use the well known varieties that have been on the market for several years, and the new stock that appears in every spring catalog only in an experimental way, if at all.

With some vegetables it is well to discriminate in early and late varieties. In tomatoes, cucumber, beans, squash and pumpkins early varieties should be grown, while with cabbage early varieties to the extent of what will be used when mature, and late varieties for winter use, and late shipping.

In planting, tomatoes, celery, early cabbage and caulliflour, should be started in hot beds. Late cabbage is also started in this way, but it may be sown directly in the garden, very good results having been obtained through this system on the experiment farm.

The vegetables that command the best market in the fall for shipping are cabbage, carrots, beets, turnips and rutabagas. For the summer and early fall market, onions, peas, raddish, lettuce and cucumbers. These are the most staple products and safest to grow in a commercial way.

The successful sale of vegetables depend largely upon their quality, appearance and the way they are put up. Size alone does not indicate quality or make a product a good seller. Smoothness, uniformity and freeness from dirt and bruises in handling are quite as important as size. A great deal may be learned about vegetables at an agricultural exhibit, by observing the vegetables that take prizes, when a competent judge is in charge.

For more detailed information in gardening write U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington D. C., for Farmers' Bulletin No. 91. It is free.

A. J. McGuire, Supt. Experiment Station, Grand Rapids, Minn.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Cocoanut Bulk per lb.	18
Prunes, California per lb.	12½
Apples, choice evaporated per lb.	12½
Salmon, choice Chinook per lb. can	15
Codfish, shredded per can	12½
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Mazall, Fresh and crisp 3 for	25
Syrup, pure maple ½ gal.	75
Pancake Flour 6 lb. sack	30
Coffee fresh roasted per lb.	15

Come in and get acquainted, we will treat you right.

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at
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First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Married Last Evening.

Last evening at 8:30 at the home of the brides' sister at LaCrosse, Wis., occured the marriage of Harry [illegible] Dobner, of Thief River Falls, to Miss Antonette MacMillan, of LaCrosse. Immediately after the wedding ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Dobner left for a trip to the west and will arrive in Thief River Falls about the first of May, and at once go to housekeeping in the Winslow residence on the east side.

The bride is one of the highly respected and popular young ladies of LaCrosse, and the groom is a well known business man of Thief River Falls, being the cashier of the First State Bank, the oldest and one of the most substantial financial institutions of this city.

For Sale.

About [illegible] tons of ice, 2 ice plows, ice forks, etc. One pair of light horses and wagon. Will be sold cheap. A. T. Rice.

BOUND OVER.

Case of Government Against Herbert Wright Tried Here Saturday.

The case of the United States against Herbert H. Wright, charged with smuggling an alien—Margaret Price—into the United States was up before U. S. Commissioner Browning in this city last Saturday.

Wright is in the Canadian government service, being employed as a custom collector at Emerson, Manitoba. He assisted Margaret Price, who had been refused admission into the United States by Inspector Shirley D. Smith, of the United States service, and for this offence he was arrested.

Quite a number of witnesses were here to give testimony, among them being Wm. F. McKay, agent for the Soo at Noyes, H. A. Ryder, deputy U. S. marshal, Walter E. Carr, immigrant agent for the U. S. stationed at Winnipeg, Thomas E. Rafferty, section boss for the Soo at Orleans and Wm. Connelly, custom house inspector at Emerson.

Assistant U. S. District Attorney Dickey, of Minneapolis, was here to look after the interests of the government and Attorney Konzen, of Hallock acted for the defendant.

The defendant was bound over by Commissioner Browning to await the action of the United States grand jury which convenes at Fergus Falls in May, and his bail was fixed at $500.

A "Fair" Contest.

How many school children are there who are fimailar with the history of their own state?

The management of the State Fair are interested in learning to what extent the children of Minnesota know of the struggles of the early settlers, and they propose a novel method of ascertaining.

The big spectacular feature of the 1908 Fair will be known as "Fort Ridgely in '62." A reproduction of the old fort as it stood, at the time, will be constructed in the in-field of the half-mile track, and a portrayal of the attack by the Indians is to be reproduced.

One thousand people, including three hundred genuine Sioux Indians, will participate in the exhibition. It is intended to make the enactment as consistent as possible, and, as yet, the story upon which the action will be based is undecided. In order to secure a variety of versions of the various attacks by the Indians on Fort Ridgely, the State Fair management intend officering eighteen prizes for the best story or description of the affair, written by the pupil in the Public Schools.

The story may be taken from any of the many histories that are published on the Sioux War in Minnesota, or, they may be written from descriptions of the battles, as described by participants, many of whom are alive, and living in various parts of the State. The story must be written, however, in the writers own style and not quoted.

Any boy or girl living in Minnesota, and a pupil of the public schools, may contest for the prizes. A committee of promintent business men of St. Paul and Minneapolis will act as judges, and the spectacle will be based on the events as described in the winning story, which will be published in the official program of the Fair, together with a portrait of the writer.

There will be eighteen prizes given as follows:

To the one whose story is selected as the winner, there will be given a cash prize of Ten Dollars ($10.00,) a season ticket to the fair, good for both Main Gate and Grandstand, and in addition a mammoth portrait of the winner will be shown in fire works, of the first night of the fair.

To the one whose story is considered second best, there will be given a cash prize of Five Dollars ($5.00,) and a season ticket to the fair.

To the third, Three Dollars ($3.00,) and a season ticket to the fair, and to the next five, a season ticket to the fair, and the next ten will each receive a single admission to the fair.

The contest will close at midnight June 1st. All stories must be written in ink, one side of the paper only, and must be confined to one thousand words. The age, name and school attended should be plainly written at the top of the page. Stories to be addressed to C. N. Cosgrove Secretary Minnesota State Fair, Hamline, Minn.

About Wheat.

Following is an article that appeared in the Minneapolis Journal, Monday evening March, 20th, '08: "That bearded wheats are inferior to the older types such as blue stem and hard fife wheats in milling value is the conclusion reached by F. C. Parker assistant agriculturalist at the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. Within the past five years, a large amount of bearded spring wheat seed has been distributed throughout the northwest and various types have found great favor among the grain growers on account of their vigor, early maturity and large yields, in which respects they surpass the older kinds. A careful series of experiment shows the flour from the blue stem wheat is superior in percentage of glutten and in volume of loaf obtained."

SUDDEN DEATH

Father of Mrs. Henry Grundy Dies very Suddenly.

Mrs. Henry Grundy last week received a telegram from Brantford, Ont., announcing the sudden death of her father, Stephen Tomlinson. She at once departed for Brantford to attend the funeral. The Brantford Daily Expositor contains the following account of the death:

It is with the deepest regret that The Expositor today records the death of Stephen Tomlinson, superintendent of the city water works department, with which he had been connected for 30 years, extending to the time prior to the service being aquired by the city.

The death came as a complete surprise and great shock to a wide circle of friends in this city and vicinity, as it was not generally known that the deceased had been in poor health for the past few weeks. While he still continued to attend to his duties he was far from well, an attack of grip some time ago having left him in a weakened state. Yesterday he remained at home, but in response to inquiries made last night, stated that he would resume work this morning. The rest during the day seemed to have benefited him considerably, and last evening he was feeling very well.

At an early hour this morning he rose to prepare for the day's activities. While dressing he was suddenly stricken, and died a few moments later, the demise being due to hearth failure, resulting in the weakened state in which that organ was left after the attack of the past winter.

The deceased who was in his 68th year, was born near the Farrington church, of which he was a life-long and consistent member, and had resided in this county all his life. He was connected with the Waterworks service before it was acquired by the city from the late Ignatus Cockshutt, about twenty years ago. When it became a city service he continued to be associated with it, becoming overseer and superintendent. Under his direction the mechanical branch of the work has been conducted with great success, always giving the best of satisfaction and excellent results. He continued in his position until his untimely death, in which the city loses a most faithful and efficient servant, who gave liberally of his time, energy and talents to the city's service.

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NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
—CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS.
THIEF
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LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

One Hundred
Watch Sale

April 10th, I place One-Hundred complete high grade watches on as pecial sale at an extremely low price. Sale will be continued until the One-Hundred watches are sold. The reason why?

My desire is to convince the public that they can buy watches at a lower price right here at home, than they do from any eastern corporation.

My desire is to prove to the shrewdest and the most skeptical buyer and convince one and all that it is a fact.

Every watch is tested and guaranteed to be a perfect timepiece and the price for which it will be sold is guaranteed to be absolutely the lowest.

Money refunded in case you are not satisfied with your purchase.

The One-Hundred watches are the following: Elgin, Waltham and Hamilton movements. Boss, Crescent, Crown Goldfilled, Solid Gold and Silverine cases. Open face and hunting, sizes ladies and gentlemen from 7 to 23 jewels. Prices attached in plain figures to every watch, one price to everyone. Don't delay, get choice of selections at;

A. J. Klimek's Jewelry Store,
Meehan Building LaBree avenue.

FARM · ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER. ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The fellow who plows a clean straight furrow is quite likely to be straight in some other respects.

A cement walk costs but a trifle more than a substantial plank walk of the same dimensions and will outlast it many times.

A pretty accurate lineup on the ability and financial standing of a farmer can be secured by a glimpse at the kind of fences he has on his place.

The real womanliness and thoughtfulness of a woman may be called in question who will request or allow a dead song bird to be placed on her hat.

There is one thing that is a trifle more exasperating than having your flower beds scratched to pieces by your own hens, and that is to have your neighbor's hens do the same job.

The anonymous letter writer and the dog poisoner belong to the same cowardly company, both engaging in enterprises for which they do not care to assume responsibility.

Poultry that is confined should be provided with an abundance of charcoal, oyster shell and grit. When running loose the fowls will get these elements or their equivalents of their own accord.

In the last analysis one will reap the largest and most lasting results for himself in that undertaking in which he contributes most generously to the happiness and well being of those to whom he ministers.

In justice to his neighbors the man who lives in town should not keep chickens unless he puts himself in shape to keep them shut up. If they are allowed to run loose, neighborly relations are quite likely to be strained.

We have known of cases where if the lord of the house had worked more assiduously with buck and saw at the wood pile and emptied and filled more pails he would have had both less time and less inclination to find fault with the way the women folks were running the house.

Where one understands the proper recipes for making the different kinds of cement for the various farm uses any enterprising farmer or farmer's boy can manufacture his own cement blocks, make water trough, hogpen floor or construct the walks about the house provided only that a supply of sand and gravel is at hand.

In keeping track of the family expenses it is well to have all items of merchandise charged, with payments monthly or quarterly, or pay cash for all items as soon as ordered. Where a mixed system of payment is followed there are likely to be confusion and more or less misunderstanding as between patron and merchant.

While the clearing up of the patches of small trees and brush along the roadsides and fence rows and in the pastures may tend to improve the landscape from the aesthetic point of view, it means the destruction of just so many places of shelter for the bird life of the locality, which is an even more important consideration than the improving of the landscape.

A recent bulletin issued by the forest service contains the interesting facts that, while France and Germany have but 14,500,000 acres of state forests as against the national forest reserves in this country of 100,000,000, these two countries spend annually on their forests $11,000,000 and get from them in net returns $30,000,000, while the United States spends but $1,400,000 and secures a paltry return of less than $130,000.

Feeding experiments conducted by different experiment stations as well as by individual feeders show that a very satisfactory ratio for the cow in milk is four quarts at a feed twice a day of a mixture of 100 pounds bran, 100 pounds middlings and 100 pounds gluten meal. An equally good one is the same quantity at a feed of the following mixture: A hundred pounds ground oats and corn, 100 pounds bran and 50 pounds gluten meal.

Weeds never die so easily as when they are "just a-bornin'," and for this reason there is no method that is more effective in destroying them than the judicious use of a harrow in the cornfield or potato patch the week following the time of planting. Often good results are secured if a cultivation is given just as the young plants are coming through the ground, but before there is a spread of leaf. As soon as another lot of weed seed has started to germinate these ridges may be harrowed lightly to advantage and in the case of potatoes harrowing may be given as late as two weeks after the plants have come through the ground.

Being behindhand is more largely a matter of mere habit than necessity, being much more easily encouraged than discouraged when once formed. With many it is to quite an extent responsible for the fact that they never get ahead in the world.

One beauty about a good system of tiling is the fact that, while it makes the land through which it runs arable in a wet season, it does not dry it out too much in a dry season, as a mellow condition of soil prevails that tends to prevent a baking of the surface.

The children in the home enjoy a balanced ration as well as do the animals in the feed lot or stable. Such a ration is pork and beans, boiled potatoes and brown bread, poached egg on toast, good graham bread and Jersey milk; roast pork, dressing and baked potatoes and apple sauce; roast beef, mashed potatoes and pie.

An even and tractable disposition in a horse is often spoiled by improper handling and training, as is often the case with the strong willed and wide awake boy or girl. The very qualities which make the child or horse most useful and valuable if properly trained make them the more difficult to manage if they are not properly handled in the early stages.

The wife of the famous musician Paderewski has within the past month purchased four single combed White Orpingtons, for which he paid the enormous sum of $7,500. It was a hen of this same strain that scored ninety-seven points at the Jamestown exposition, being valued by her owners at $2,500. These men certainly need no argument to prove that it pays to raise pure bred poultry.

There is a type of folks that are as tender hearted as can be in their relations to and treatment of dumb animals who are seemingly calloused when it comes to hurting the feelings of their own folks or circulating a false report which may besmirch the good name of a neighbor or acquaintance. The first named trait is a most commendable one, but should not be divorced from the higher type of benevolence.

A recent government bulletin on crop production in European countries states that the average crop obtained from an acre of potatoes in Germany is $40 and from an acre of sugar beets $55, while wheat yields $29 and rye but $21 per acre. In France the acre value of hops reaches $153, of tobacco $93 and of sugar beets $47 against only $21 for wheat. In the Netherlands the gross return per acre of wheat, $20, is surpassed by the returns from tobacco, $213, potatoes $74 and sugar beets $52.

In the face of the great scarcity of help in many of the rural sections of the country the girls and women in the home are frequently of necessity called upon to help out at busy seasons of the year. While this is perfectly proper, provided they have the time to spare and while the outdoor exercise they would get would undoubtedly be beneficial, it is well to favor the young and immature girl and not impose upon her tasks that are beyond her strength. Often an injury is done the child unwittingly that may remain for years. The fact that the girl may be ready and willing to help should be taken as a reason for extra precaution.

The enterprising merchants of one western town that we read of the other day have arranged to offer substantial prizes to those farmers whose land adjoins the main thoroughfares leading into the city who shall keep the section of road next their places in the best condition with the King road drag. While the move is rightly termed a public spirited one, the merchants have figured that the improved condition of the roads will tend to increase the travel into town and the business resulting therefrom sufficiently to reimburse them for the expense they may incur in providing the prizes in question. The move is thus a piece of farsighted, wholesome selfishness.

We Americans might be a deal more hospitable than we are if we were only content to entertain our neighbors and friends upon a more modest and simple scale. Too often it is the case that when the company is gone the good housewife heaves a sigh of relief, which may be usually interpreted to mean that she is pretty well tired out and right glad that the ordeal is over with. While it is much easier to say than do, the having of company ought to result in change and a recuperation rather than a depletion of strength and vitality. And until this order of things is brought about the largest service that we can render our friends or that can be rendered us by our friends will be impossible of realization.

If the small grain that is to be used for seed is infected with smut, the best method of correcting the difficulty is to treat it with a formalin solution. Where regular machines for this purpose are not available very satisfactory results can be secured by spreading the grain in a pile about eight inches deep on the barn or granary floor and sprinkling it thoroughly with a solution made by mixing one-half pint of formalin with twenty-five gallons of water. After the sprinkling is done the pile of grain should be shoveled over thoroughly so that each kernel of grain will be sure to get moistened. When the pile has been allowed to remain in this condition two hours it should be shoveled over again several times and scattered out so as to dry. The treatment should be given if possible within twenty-four hours of seeding.

NOT ENOUGH FEED.

There seems to be little question that a good many dairy cows work at a disadvantage and do not bring their owners the return they might simply because they are not given a ration sufficiently large above that required to maintain their physical organism. Details of a test case in which this point was nicely brought out have lately been published by the experiment station at Cornell university at Ithaca, N. Y. A cow which had been kept by a farmer in the vicinity for some five years, during which time the average yearly cost of feed had been $28 and the average return from milk sold but $25, was taken in charge by the station directors and for a considerable period fed on a ration which cost $32 per year. With this feed she gave a return during the year of $38. Thus instead of being kept at a loss of $3 per year she yielded a return of $6. Of course it is seen at a glance that the animal in question was a very poor stick to start with, but at the same time with the former feeding she used so much of her ration in keeping her organism in operation that there was nothing left as a margin of profit. It should be noted that an increase of feed of $4 per year resulted in an increased return of $13. It is safe to say that at least 30 or 40 per cent of the dairy cows of the country, as a whole, are kept at a positive loss and couldn't be made revenue producers under any system of feeding. On the other hand, it is also quite likely true that a good many animals are kept at a trifling gain or dead loss simply because they are not given a large enough ration. The determination of the point in question is an easy one and can be ascertained by any dairyman who will carefully measure his feed and measure and test the milk from the individuals in his dairy herd.

PAYING BY CHECK.

A friend of the writer who came in to pay an account the other day hauled a check book out of his pocket with the remark that for the past two years he had paid all his bills by check and found the system a most satisfactory one. The check method of payment has several strong arguments in its favor and should be more generally employed. In the first place, where accounts are paid thus, the check made payable to order, with the payee's signature indorsed on the back, it serves as a receipt for the amount, while the stub in the hands of the payer states for what purpose the check was drawn. Again, with this system the bank keeps one's books and is glad to do so in return for the additional circulating medium which is thus placed in its hands. If a fellow loses his pocketbook and a dishonest person finds it there is always a loss of silver or paper currency which cannot be identified or recovered. If his check book, no one can get money through it except by forging the owner's name, which is a penitentiary offense. Finally the check system gives one a complete record of expenditures and enables him to learn by a review of his accounts at the end of the year just where his money has gone, a record that is likely to be very uncertain and hazy when he uses the cash system and does not keep a careful record of the same. Of course the check system presupposes a bank account, in the accumulation of which the individual ought not to need particular urging.

PANCAKES AND SWILL TANKS.

As showing the obstacles which the average buttermaker has to contend with in the matter of carelessness or right down filthiness on the part of patrons in the handling of their milk and cream, a friend who has the responsible position of buttermaker in a co-operative creamery which is patronized by some 500 farmers cited an instance which would seem ample to account for almost any methods the mind could conjure up when it came to caring for things in the dairy. The patron in question went to the creamery to get a small pail full of buttermilk for cooking, but on this particular occasion the can in which it was kept sweet and fresh from the churn was empty. Nothing daunted, our friend, who, by the way, is baching it, went to the pump outside, which leads to an underground tank containing buttermilk of all degrees of ripeness, pumped his pail full, took it home and made soda pancakes out of it. No use looking for "western extras" from creameries patronized by this kind of cattle.

A MISERABLE TYPE OF FRAUD.

If there is a type of fraud anywhere that ought to be discountenanced and squelched in every way possible, it is that which is plied so extensively among the clerks to be found in many of the larger cities by sharpers in the employment of numerous real estate, mining and investment companies. While the victims are often men, they are not so numerous as women, who, having less business experience and being more unsuspecting and confiding, often lose their entire earnings in these fake investment enterprises. If one is in a salaried position and has an amount of money to invest, before taking stock in any enterprise it would be well to ask the advice of the most reliable and conscientious banker or business man of one's acquaintance, who will in all probability be able to determine from the character of the concern whether the proposition is a safe one to invest in. If ventures of this kind were really good, the persons of small means would hardly be allowed to get in on the ground floor.

F. E. Trigg

One $150 and One $100 Purchase Check

And $5,250 in Additional Awards to Be Given Away

ABSOLUTELY FREE

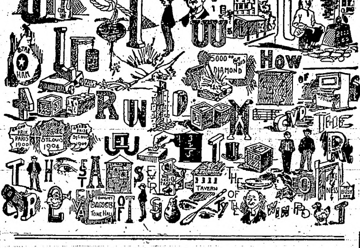

HOW TO WIN.

Find the correct solution of the Rebus Puzzle printed above. Envelopes containing solutions will be opened for record a short time previous to the date on which the awards are given away.

The answers will then be examined in the presence of the judges, and to the owner of the correct, or most nearly correct solution, will be presented a $150 purchase check, and to the one having the next most correct solution will be given a $100 purchase check.

To the other contestants will be awarded in order of merit, prize certificates of the following denominations, good on any new piano of Baldwin manufacture in the stock of the undersigned.

These certificates will be in the following denominations: $100, $95, $90 $85 $80, $75.

Should there be more than one correct solution of the Rebus, or should two or more tie, award will then be made upon penmanship and general neatness of the tying contestants' papers.

If you are fortunate in getting one of these certificates and already have a piano, the certificate may be disposed of to some one else, providing such transfer is properly endorsed.

DIRECTIONS FOR CONTESTANTS.

Write your solution on the sheet enclosed for that purpose. Complete information blank below and send or bring to the undersigned.

The use of this latter blank is to enable us to know how many homes in this vicinity are without pianos. There are no limits or restrictions as to the number of contestants in a family, but only one prize will be given in a family.

None of the prizes can be awarded to any one in the family of an employee of The Baldwin Company, or the undersigned, or to any of the judges in this contest, or to any one in their immediate families.

Only one coupon may be applied on the purchase price of any piano.

Winners of prizes can apply same on any new piano in the entire line of Baldwin, Ellington, Hamilton, Howard, Valley Gem and Monarch Pianos carried in stock.

Every piano on our floor is always marked in plain figures at the regular selling price, and not only will the coupon be accepted as so much cash on the piano, but the balance of the purchase price may be arranged on easy terms if desired. Every piano is fully warranted by The Baldwin Company.

This contest is open to all except those connected in any way with this or any other music house.

This contest will close Tuesday, April 14, 1908, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., and all answers must be delivered on or before that hour.

Torrison Bros.,

Leading Furniture Dealers.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Don't Fail to Enter the Contest. You Will Be Pleased With the Result.	THE JUDGES APPOINTED ARE L. M. HOAG P. W. MABEY M. BURNS	You Will Find It Interesting, Instructive as Well as Profitable.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

BANK LOST 400,000 CROWNS

The Commercial of Skaane Is Out That Sum Through the Operations of a "High Financier."

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Commercial Bank of Skaane has published a report in which it says that its losses through the alleged swindling operations of a "high financier," amount to 400,000 crowns. The bank has learned that the alleged swindler was apprehended at Buenos Ayres when trying to exchange Swedish money. The officers found some 15,000 crowns on his person and a return ticket to Sweden. He confessed his crime at once. The government of Argentine has expressed its willingness to deliver him to Swedish officers on certain conditions, and it is quite certain he will soon be back in his native country to answer the charges against him.

A conference of prominent financiers will soon be held in Stockholm for the purpose of arranging a direct passenger route from London to St. Petersburg via Christiania, Copenhagen, Berlin, Stockholm and Helsingfors. It is planned thus to make the journey two days shorter than formerly. It is believed that the new arrangement will attract a great many tourists who now pass by the Scandinavian peninsula and visit France, Switzerland and southern Europe instead. The people in Helsingfors, Finland, are especially elated over the new project, as this will place them in closer contact with other nations.

Dr. Otto Nordenskjold has worked out a plan to hold a polar congress in Brussels in the near future under the auspices of the International Polar Bureau. Scientists all over are manifesting a lively interest for the plan and it is expected to have a number of Arctic and Antarctic explorers attend the congress and discuss ways and means of exploring the unknown polar regions. Dr. Nordenskjold made an Antarctic expedition himself a few years ago and gave a series of interesting lectures on his trip to these regions in America during the winter of 1906.

The prospects are that there will be an unusually large number of Swedish-Americans who will visit Sweden this coming summer. The tourist bureaus have received thousands of inquiries and many Swedish-Americans have also inquired about the price of small Swedish farms. As this latter report comes from Sweden it may be a little colored. The efforts on the part of Sweden to induce Swedish-Americans to return has hitherto at least been a singular failure.

Swedish physicians have refused to participate in the annual Scandinavian Medical association's meeting, which will be held in Bergen this summer. The reason for their concerted action in this direction is, it is claimed, the recent integrity treaty adopted by Norway, which the Swedish physicians declare is a slap in Sweden's face. Last year the Swedish medical contingent were present at the medical association's meeting in Christiania.

The Berliner Tageblatt has been discussing at some length the future disposition of the Aaland Island, regarding which so much has been written in Swedish papers recently. The editor of the Tageblatt maintains that Germany should do all in her power to prevent Russia from taking such a step. A Swedish Stockholm paper coincides in this view and believes that Germany and Sweden should join hands on the matter.

There will, according to latest reports, be a new management of the Royal Swedish Yacht club, the old one having fallen into disfavor. There has been much criticism against some members of the club because they engaged in meaningless negotiations with the New York Yacht club. Prince Wilhelm is now chairman of the club and the organization looks forward to a brighter future.

It is rumored that King Edward and Queen Alexandra will visit Sweden April 26. A few days prior the royal pair are scheduled to arrive in Copenhagen. There is much activity at the royal palace and King Gustaf is making great preparations in order to give his distinguished guests a truly royal reception.

A Swedish society has been organized in St. Petersburg. There are about fifty Swedes who have joined the society and several others have declared their intentions to join later.

The Crownprince's Hussar regiment will celebrate its 150th anniversary April 28. A grand militay reception will be given in its honor in Stockholm on this occasion.

Farm help is scarce all over Sweden, especially in the southern part, where handsome wages are offered.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

A Christiania correspondent throws some light on the reasons for the final downfall of the historic ministry that brought about the union crisis of June 7, 1905. The political situation in Norway, however, is by no means as yet clear. It appears that the task Christian Michelsen undertook, after his brilliant success in uniting all shades of political opinion in support of his policies at the time of the crisis, has proved impossible of performance. The great premier believed he could have built up a strong moderate party of the center which would govern Norway. Forced by ill health to give up public life he turned over his task to J. G. Loveland, his minister of foreign affairs. At the time the original cabinet had dropped one by one, until of their number only S. B. Arctander and Mr. Loveland remained, Premier Loveland announced that he would steer the liberal course, but in the same breath be adhered to the Michelsen policy. This inconsistency seems to have been the chief cause of his downfall; the radical liberals and the socialists uniting in the close vote by which lack of confidence was shown. Gunnar Knudsen, the chief of the new cabinet, was also a member of the original Michelsen cabinet, as minister of finance. He is a radical and a tariff reformer. His ministry, however, is not supported by the socialists, and can count with certainty upon the votes of but 55 liberals out of a total membership in the storthing of 123. He will be forced to govern under these untoward conditions until the elections of 1909 indicate with clearness the desires of the Norwegian people, as between the radicals and the moderates. Meanwhile, the socialists hold the balance of power. The situation illustrates how quickly partisan issues arise and partisan feeling develops in a democracy, when the danger from without which had produced a patriotic solidarity has been removed. It is necessary and healthful that there should be party divisions in Norway. Mr. Michelsen postponed them for some time by the brilliance of his achievements in the time of the crisis, and by the strong hold he had on the admiration and love of the people. But his more intellectual, though less popular colleague, Mr. Loveland, has found himself unable to maintain the Michelsen tradition. When the issues have been more sharply defined, they will be fought out on the "hustings," and a new government with a new mandate from the people will take the helm.

Interesting speculation has arisen all over northern Europe as a result of the announcement from Norway that the authorities there have decreed that when husband and wife are traveling together the latter need pay only half fare. Some persons are pointing out that the new ruling is a most equitable one, since it is manifestly fair that two persons who are in reality one should be privileged to travel on one ticket. Englishmen, for instance, who look for reason and precedent for everything in history, however, cannot profess to believe that providence in originally sanctioning the institution of marriage had in mind an ultimate saving in railway fares. On the other hand, it is observed that there is no precedent for the Norwegian railway authorities thus to consider a man and his wife as one and a half, the obvious inference from this new regulation being that the wife is not the better half. Is the husband, it is asked, to occupy a whole seat and the wife be squeezed into half the space usually allotted to passengers? Or shall the husband take his wife on his knee? No explanation furnishing answers to these important questions is given by the Norwegian authorities.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Chancellor McCracken's lecture at the University of Copenhagen a week ago last Saturday night was listened to by hundreds of prominent educators, men of letters, instructors, artists and students. Every seat was taken and there were lots of people who could not gain an entrance. A banquet was held in honor of the American chancellor the following evening, which was attended by about four hundred guests. It was a notable event and one which marks the beginning of an important educational movement between Denmark and the United States.

A recent London dispatch states that King Edward and Queen Alexandra are literally to be separated from bed and board this summer. The queen, who shows her inclination toward entertaining every year, will almost become a hermit. A considerable part of the summer she will spend at "Hvidore," the cottage which she and her sister, the dowager empress of Russia, bought last year and which is charmingly situated on the Danish sound.

Denmark is going to be well represented at the Olympian games, which are to be held in London this coming summer. The Danish government has made an appropriation of 6,000 to defray the expenses of the Danish athletes who go to London to represent their country.

The committee in charge of the collecting of funds for the memorial in honor of the late King Christian and his consort have decided to offer a prize of [illegible] crowns for the best design for the sarcophagus for the royal dead, to be placed in the Roskilde cathedral.

An Andersen Museum has been opened in Odense in the house where the famous fairy tale author, Hans Christian Andersen, was born. The historic house has been purchased by the city of Odense which has also fitted it out as a museum.

About forty railways—only over short distances, however—will be built during the summer in different parts of Denmark. The rigsdag has passed a bill authorizing their building.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

HONOR STATE'S DEAD

Monument Dedicated on the Battlefield of Shiloh.

JOHNSON MAKES AN ADDRESS

After Paying Tribute to Minnesota's Soldiers in the Civil War He Discusses State Rights.

Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota, at the dedication of the monument erected by the North Star state to the memory of the Minnesota soldiers who gave their lives to their country on the battlefield of Shiloh, Tenn., delivered an address carefully calculated to win the warm approval of the South.

It was a consistent and emphatic declaration in favor of the closest adherence to the theory of state rights and a strongly worded protest against the extension of interference by the general government through the federal courts with the administration of state laws.

The recent decision of the United States supreme court in the Minnesota and North Carolina railroad rate cases was characterized as "one of the unhappy incidents in the history of our republic."

Ideal weather favored the visiting Minnesotans and the dedicatory ceremonies were carried out without untoward incident. Governor Johnson and staff and about half a hundred other prominent Minnesota people were present. General L. F. Hubbard presided and speeches were made by Governor Johnson and General C. C. Andrews of St. Paul, secretary of the memorial commission.

Governor Johnson's address dealt first with the honored dead of the state and he paid a thoughtful tribute to the Minnesota soldiers in the Civil war. Then he took up public affairs, reverting to the early days of the nation and the making of the Constitution. He said that it is the duty of the Americans of today to preserve the form and substance of the democracy created by the fathers.

BRIDEGROOM BEHIND BARS

Accused of Killing Member of a Charivari Party.

Instead of going on a honeymoon as he expected to do William Griswold is locked up in the Hennepin county jail, facing the charge of having shot and killed Bennie Navratil, six years old, who had innocently joined a charivari party that strenuously serenaded the newly wedded couple at Hopkins, a suburb of Minneapolis.

Griswold denied that he committed the crime, asserting that another man on the sidewalk across the street did the shooting. He says this man is an enemy of his and was shooting at him and hit the little boy. He declared that a warrant for the arrest of this man will be sworn out. The Hennepin county officials place little credence in the story.

After the shooting the victim was rushed to St. Barnabas hospital in Minneapolis, where, despite the efforts of a quartet of physicians, he died.

Griswold is an employe of a Minneapolis window cleaning concern. His bride was Miss Sadoni Miller, daughter of Chris Miller.

FURTHER REPORT MADE.

Former Oil Inspector's Alleged Shortage Increased.

Fenton G. Warner's alleged shortage in his accounts as state oil inspector for the period from Feb. 1, 1903, to Feb. 1, 1905, is increased $1,975.05 by a supplemental report filed with the attorney general by Anton Schaefer, state public examiner. This report deals exclusively with the Duluth division of the Standard Oil company's territory and the total shortage reported from the Twin City and Duluth divisions is $13,985.05.

Examinations are still to be made in the Mankato, La Crosse and Fargo divisions and report on that part of the work will follow.

Plea of Guilty in Rebate Case.

In federal court at Minneapolis W. R. Begg, counsel for the Great Northern, entered a plea of guilty in the rebate case against his company and Judge Page Morris imposed a fine of $3,000. On motion of United States District Attorney Houpt the charges in this case were nolled against R. Campbell, fourth vice president; W. W. Broughton, freight traffic manager, and C. I. Sweeney, assistant general freight manager.

Man Dies of Starvation.

According to statements made by Mrs. L. A. Sidmore of Minneapolis her husband died of starvation and lack of medical attention, despite the fact that city authorities had been notified. Coroner J. M. Kistler says the man had pneumonia and that he suffered from lack of nourishment.

Bank at Dundee Robbed.

After cutting all the telephone wires leading from the village yeggmen blew the safe of the State bank of Dundee and escaped with something over $1,300. Three men in the window of a hotel opposite the bank saw the burglars at work, but were afraid to give the alarm.

OPPOSES THE ALDRICH BILL

Twin City Delegation Appears Before House Committee.

S. A. Harris, president of the National Bank of Commerce of Minneapolis, a member of a delegation representing some of the business interests of Minneapolis and St. Paul, appeared before the house committee on banking and currency at Washington in opposition to the Aldrich bill in its present form. It would greatly curtail the ability of the banks, he said, to accommodate the borrowing public—the business men. They also objected, he said, to the La Follette amendment prohibiting bankers from lending money to any firm or corporation in which the directors may be interested, as this would take away from the directory of the banks the best elements in their community. He thought there should be no legislation at this time.

D. S. Culver, cashier of the German-American National bank of St. Paul; J. N. Jackson, representing the St. Paul Jobbers and Manufacturers' association; F. B. Wells, representing the Minneapolis chamber of commerce; George H. Partridge, representing the jobbers and manufacturers of Minneapolis; George C. Powers, president of the Second National bank of St. Paul, and F. M. Prince, president of the First National bank of Minneapolis, all opposed the Aldrich bill. They said they saw no necessity for an emergency currency bill at the present time and favored a well considered permanent bill.

STARVES HIMSELF TO DEATH

St. Paul Man Dies in Attempt to Fast Forty Days.

Knute Ohnstead is dead at St. Paul, having literally starved himself to death in an attempt to fast for forty days in order to demonstrate his theory that the mind controls the body and that mind is mightier than matter. Ohnstead's fast lasted thirty-nine days.

Ohnstead had been steadily growing weaker during the past week and another boarder at the same house notified the police, declaring that unless prevented Ohnstead would starve himself to death. An officer was sent to the house and he found Ohnstead in an emaciated condition and very weak. He suggested to Ohnstead that he be treated by a physician, but Ohnstead replied that he knew what he was doing and that he desired nothing to eat or treatment of any kind.

The officer's report was sent to the city physician and when an assistant went to the house several hours later he found that Ohnstead had succumbed.

Ohnstead was about forty years of age and had done no work since beginning his self-imposed fast.

IRON PLANT IN RUINS.

Place That Cost $1,000,000 Destroyed by Fire.

Fire did great damage to the Ironton Construction company's plant on the St. Louis river near Duluth. It will be impossible to determine the amount of the damage until the condition of the machinery has been ascertained.

The plant was built fifteen years ago and was designed to make "I" beams, angles and other heavy iron construction material and cost at the time about $1,000,000. It has been idle except for the first year or two after it was built and is now owned by the Searle estate of New York.

Visit to Clairvoyant Costs $400.

Oscar Nordberg called a couple of times on a Minneapolis clairvoyant with the intention of being treated for nervousness. The visits cost him $400 and the clairvoyant is missing. The police are looking for the healer. Nordberg has been nervous all winter and, desiring to be cured, called on the clairvoyant, who inquired carefully about the bank account of the patient. On the second visit Nordberg was persuaded to hand over his roll to the custody of the clairvoyant to be carried by him for a time as a part of the treatment.

Minneapolis Boy Drowned.

Otto Stann, nine years old, of Minneapolis, lost his life by drowning, a martyr to a playmate's dare. To show seven-year-old Willie Zeeb, his companion, that he was not afraid, he jumped onto the boom sticks in the river near Thirty-fifth avenue. He ran gleefully to the very edge of the logs and pretended that he was going to dive into the water, when he lost his footing and, crying for help, fell into the river and was drowned. The body was recovered.

Accused Woman a Suicide.

Charged with shoplifting the only escape from the ordeal of prosecution presenting itself to Mrs. L. L. Hubbard of Sebeka was suicide. She did try to secure evidence that might result in her acquittal of the charge of theft, but this proved of no avail, and the agony of death by poison was the alternative to which she turned.

Pleads Guilty to Embezzlement.

C. O. Alm, city clerk of Rushford, pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzlement, waived a hearing and was sent to the county jail to await the term of district court. The total amount taken is over $3,000.

Two Killed and Four Hurt.

Mendota, Ill., April 14.—By the explosion of a boiler at Bell's tile yard at Pawpaw, two men were instantly killed and four fatally injured. The dead are Frank and Arthur Moyler.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Hundreds of union painters are on a strike at Minneapolis which threatens to spread to still larger proportions among the different trades in a bitter fight over the question of whether or not the master painters can establish the open shop. The employers insist that from now on they shall employ competent workmen without question as to whether he is a union man. In carrying out this stand they are advertising throughout the country for painters and decorators.

Mayor George Moeglein of Little Falls received a letter from Attorney General Young stating that complaint had been made to his office that saloons were allowed to be open in the city of Little Falls at hours when they should be closed and also that gambling devices were operated in saloons. The mayor was directed to enforce the law in the matter on which complaints were made.

Fire insurance rates are unnecessarily high in Minnesota and an immediate reduction of 35 cents per $100 of insurance should be made, resulting in an annual saving of over $2,250,000 to the insuring public of the state, is the opinion expressed by Edward Peterson, state fire marshal, in his first annual report to the governor.

Minneapolis saloonkeepers, assembled in a big mass meeting, openly accused the breweries of being to blame for "the present endless chain of blind pigs" and served notice on the liquor makers that all sales to these places must cease or orders of reputable saloon men will be discontinued.

The new city council of Rochester has adopted a resolution to grant no more saloon licenses during the year. Rochester now has sixteen saloons, a number the council deemed sufficient for the size of the city. Up to March 31 there were twenty-one saloons doing business.

The state sanitary board has tested a dairy herd in Medo township, Blue Earth county, consisting of sixty-one head of thoroughbred cattle and has found that fifty-seven of them are afflicted with tuberculosis.

Lake navigation at Duluth opened last week when the steamer C. W. Moore of the Booth line left for north shore points with supplies for the settlers who have been shut off from the world for two months.

Hopkins, a suburb of Minneapolis, has secured the new plant of the Red Wing Sewer Pipe company, which means an expenditure of $300,000 for the building and land alone.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The six-year-old son of Peter Anderson of Lamp Lake, near Benson, was accidentally shot by an older brother. The boys were shooting at a mark with a 22-caliber rifle when it was accidentally discharged while being pointed toward the boy. The bullet struck the lad in the neck and, coursing backward, lodged near the base of the brain. He lived about ten minutes.

William Schulz of Sumter, a section foreman, was killed by a westbound passenger train on the St. Paul road in the same place and under the same conditions in which he ran down by the same train just a year ago. This time his companion escaped injury. Last year Schulz was unhurt, but his mate was killed.

State Auditor Iverson has received word from Roseau that thirteen men alleged to have cut timber from state lands were bound over to the grand jury which meets there on July 13. The men waived examination and were released on $100 bail each.

Five fires in fifteen minutes, two of which threatened disaster, was a record afternoon for the Minneapolis fire department. All of the flames had been extinguished fifteen minutes after the last alarm had been turned in.

While attempting to dodge a team in Minneapolis Andrew Peterson rode onto the street car tracks with his bicycle and was struck by a Como-Harriet car and almost instantly killed.

Professor A. W. Birkholz, a widely advertised Minneapolis healer, has been indicted by the federal grand jury in Minneapolis on the charge of having misused the United States mails.

In a fire which did $20,000 damage to the Napa Valley Wine house in Minneapolis a series of small explosions occurred and two firemen were injured.

Fifteen horses and a cow were burned to death in a livery stable fire at St. Paul Park.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Mary Tellett of Freeborn township, Freeborn county, is dead at the age of about sixty years, after a long illness, from cancer. For seventy-five days immediately prior to her death she took no food of any character. Physicians were amazed and declared that for a human being to live two and one-half months without food was unprecedented.

A. O. Cowles, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Olmstead county, is dead after an illness of one week from the grip. He was seventy-six years old.

Daniel R. Noyes, head of the firm of Noyes Bros. & Cutler, wholesale druggists of St. Paul, died at his home in that city of heart failure.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 13.—Wheat—May, 99⅝c; July, 98¾@98⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03½; No. 1 Northern, $1.01½; No. 2 Northern, 99¼@99⅝c; No. 3 Northern, 91@98c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 13.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.01; No. 1 Northern, 99c; No. 2 Northern, 95c; May, 97c; July, 98¼c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.16½; July, $1.18¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 13.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.95; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.70@5.80. Sheep—Wethers, $6.00@6.35; good to choice lambs, $6.75@7.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 13.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.60@7.30; cows, $2.15@6.25; heifers, $4.50@5.40; calves, $4.50@6.25; Western cattle, $4.40@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.25. Hogs—Light, $5.65@6.15; mixed, $5.65@6.15; heavy, $5.55@6.10; rough, $5.55@5.75; pigs, $4.50@5.45. Sheep, $4.75@6.75; yearlings, $6.25@7.25; lambs, $6.00@7.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 13.—Wheat—May, 91⅝c; July, 85¾c; Sept., 83⅝c. Corn—May, 67⅛c; July, 64¼c; Sept., 63c. Oats—May, old, 53⅛c; May, 52c; July, old, 45¼c; July, 43⅛c; Sept., 37⅝c. Pork—May, $13.40; July, $13.70@13.72½; Sept., $14.00. Butter—Creameries, 22@30c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry — Turkeys, 14c; chickens and springs, 13c.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Colonel William L. de Lacey, a prominent lawyer, committed suicide at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., by inhaling illuminating gas. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and served in the Civil war. According to a statement left by him his only reason for self-destruction was because he was tired of life.

The four policemen of Philadelphia recently arrested following a sensational confession of a nineteen-year-old youth which involved them in a number of robberies of business places pleaded guilty when arraigned and were given seven years each in the state penitentiary.

Jealous of a seventeen-year-old girl Samuel L. Gardner, aged fifty-nine years, a prominent civil engineer residing at McKees Rocks, Pa., shot the young woman, Miss Dorothy Yost, through the heart, causing instant death, and then killed himself.

Mrs. Alice Webb, divorced wife of Brodie L. Duke, the millionaire tobacco manufacturer, was arrested at Chicago on a warrant charging her with having defrauded a Chicago hotel company by means of fraudulent checks.

Robbers dynamited the safe of the State bank at Huron, Kan., and escaped with $6,500. The bank building was badly wrecked. The robbers, who are believed to have been six in number, escaped on hand cars.

M. A. Johnson, cashier of the First National bank of Stoughton, Wis., was found dead on the floor of his room with an open gas jet from a movable fixture in his mouth, indicating death was due to suicide.

Lorenz D. Kneeland, fifty-five years old, former senior member of the firm of Kneeland, Clement & Curtis, brokers, committed suicide at Chicago by shooting himself in the head with a revolver.

Rev. Father Joseph A. Graham, rector of the Roman Catholic Church of the Blessed Sacrament in Albany, N. Y., shot himself twice in the heart and died almost instantly.

In the best patrolled district of San Francisco thieves entered a jewelry store and robbed it of diamonds, watches and other jewelry amounting to $50,000.

Charles A. Murphey, a prominent lawyer and real estate dealer, committed suicide in New York city. His act is attributed to financial troubles.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

By the judgment of the supreme court of Tennessee, in an exhaustive opinion delivered by Justice M. M. Neil, the Standard Oil company is ousted from the state of Tennessee for the acts of this company at Gallatin, Tenn., in alleged restraint of trade.

Following the action of E. H. Harriman in providing $5,500,000 for the payment of maturing notes it is said in Wall street that the Erie road will shortly pass under the absolute control of Mr. Harriman and his associates.

The Great Northern Railway company was convicted of granting rebates to the American Sugar Refining company before Judge Holt in the United States circuit court in New York city and fined $5,000.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate improvement in some directions, while in other cases there is no change, the best news of the week being somewhat more prompt collections.

The Olive Street bank at St. Louis, having a capital of $100,000 and deposits of $350,000, has closed its doors.

The New York anti-gambling bill affecting racetracks was defeated in the state senate by a tie vote.

The American automobile in the New York to Paris race has arrived at Valdez, Alaska.

DEFECT[illegible] PAGE

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SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

When Actors Play to Actors.

"When he (Henry Irving) engaged me to play Ophelia in 1878 he asked me to go down to Birmingham to see the play, and that night I saw what I shall always consider the perfection of acting. It had been wonderful in 1874; in 1878 it was far more wonderful," wrote Ellen Terry in McClure's. "It has been said that when he had the 'advantage' of my Ophelia his Hamlet 'improved.' I don't think so. He was always quite independent of the people with whom he played. The Birmingham night he knew I was there. He played—I say it without vanity—for me. We players are not above that weakness, if it be a weakness. If ever anything inspires us to do our best it is the presence in the audience of some fellow artist who must, in the nature of things, know more completely than any one what we intend, what we do, what we feel. The response from such a member of the audience flies across the footlights to us like a flame. I felt it once when I played Olivia before Eleanora Duse. I felt that she felt it once when she played Marguerite Gautier for me."

The Topsyturvydom of Religion.

At the opening of King Edward VII.'s first parliament he had to repeat after the lord chancellor an oath which condemned in almost brutal words all things papistical. Yet held aloft by a Protestant peer for all Protestants to reverence was a veritable emblem of papal supremacy—a quaint little bonnet of crimson velvet turned up with ermine. This is the cap of maintenance, and so sacred is it that no hands but royalty may finger it. Thus the premier marquis, whose hereditary right it is to carry it, balanced it somewhat after the fashion of a conjurer upon a white staff. This cap was granted to Henry VIII. by Pope Leo X. In the middle ages it was held as symbolic of the overlord, only being granted to vassals and feudatories whom the lord wished to honor, so that it implies as nothing else could the supremacy of the pope over the kings of England.—London Standard.

What Makes the Heart Beat?

Professor Jacques Loeb, the celebrated biologist, in his book, "Dynamics of Living Matter," has shown that a strip cut from the ventricle of the heart put in a solution of chloride of sodium will continue to beat for a number of days, until putrefaction sets in. He says this can be done with an ordinary muscle after it has been extirpated from the body. This would tend to prove that the heart is a chemical machine and that it is all due to chemical action. The muscular contraction is probably due to the substitution of sodium for calcium salts in the cells of the muscles.

The difficulty of this theory is that it does not explain the control of the muscles. It is plain that the problem of control is not solved by the chemical theory.

A Fair Chance.

Dressed in the latest and most approved motor cycling costume, with goggles all complete, the motor cyclist gayly toot-tooted his way by Regent's park toward the zoo. Suddenly he slackened, dismounted and said to a small, grubby urchin:

"I say, my boy, am I right for the zoo?"

The boy gasped at so strange a sight and thought it must be some new animal for the gardens.

"You may be all right if they have a spare cage," he said when he could find his tongue, "but you'd ha' stood a far better chance if you'd 'd a tail!"—London Answers.

Lewis Carroll's Humor.

An English magazine gives some amusing pieces of Lewis Carroll's humor from the forgotten pages of Oxford pamphlets. During the election at Oxford in 1865 he gave vent to the following Euclidean definition: "Plain superficiality is the character of a speech in which, any two points being taken, the speaker is found to lie wholly with regard to those two points." A note is also given on the right appreciation of examiners: "A takes in ten books and gets a third class; B takes in the examiners and gets a second. Find the value of the examiners in terms of books, also their value in terms when no examination is held."

Solicitous.

An old lady unaccustomed to traveling innocently seated herself in a first class carriage, although she only had a third class ticket. The guard, thinking she had made a mistake, popped his head into the carriage and inquired, "Are you first class, ma'am?"

"No, sir, not altogether," she replied, "but much brighter than I was, thank you."—London Scraps.

Cause For Worry.

"Did you have a good time at your musical?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "Every time the band played anything I enjoyed I got worried for fear it wasn't classical enough to be the money's worth."—Washington Star.

Willing to Help.

"I suppose old Cashman has more money than he knows what to do with?"

"Yes, but his wife and daughters are ready to supply the needed information."

A Martyr.

"Mamma, have I got to take a bath tonight?"

"I'm afraid you have, my dear."

"But I haven't done anything all the week to deserve it."—New York Life.

The Force of Habit.

A certain accountant is so devoted to his profession that when he has nothing else to do he casts up his eyes.

Odd Use For Bread.

Perhaps the most novel use to which bread is put may be seen in one of our great watch factories, where more than forty loaves of fresh bread are required each day. An official of the watch factory is quoted as saying:

"There is no secret regarding the use of bread in this factory, and I am willing to tell all I can concerning it. From the earliest times in the history of watchmaking it has been the custom of watchmakers to reduce fresh bread to the form of dough. This is done by steaming and kneading. They then use this dough for removing oil and chips that naturally adhere in course of manufacture to pieces as small as a part of a watch. There are many parts of a watch, by the way, that are so small as to be barely visible to the naked eye. The oil is absorbed by this dough and the chips stick to it, and there is no other known substance which can be used as a wiper without leaving some of its particles attached to the thing wiped. This accounts for the continued use of bread dough in the watchmaking industry."—American Food Journal.

A Quaint Compliment.

On Mark Twain's seventy-second birthday a Hartford clergyman said of him:

"No wonder he finds happiness in old age. All the aged would be happy if they were as sympathetic and as kind as he. He is continually going out of his way to please others, and the result is that he is continually pleasing himself. Listen, for instance, to the quaint compliment he paid me the last time he came to hear me preach. He waited for me at the church door at the service's end and, shaking me by the hand, said gravely:

"'I mean no offense, but I feel obliged to tell you that the preaching this morning has been of a kind that I can spare. I go to church, sir, to pursue my own train of thought, but today I couldn't do it. You interfered with me. You forced me to attend to you and lost me a full half hour. I beg that this may not occur again.'"

Philosophy of Descartes.

Turning the mental vision inward, as Bacon turned it outward, Descartes watched the operations of the soul as an object in a microscope. Resolved to believe nothing but upon evidence so convincing that he could not by any effort refuse his ascent, he found as he inspected his beliefs that he could plausibly doubt everything but his own existence. Here at last was the everlasting rock, and this was revealed in his own consciousness; hence his famous "Cogito ergo sum" (I think, therefore I am). Consciousness, said he, is the basis of certitude. Interrogate it and its clear replies will be science, for all clear ideas are true. Down in the depths of the mind is the idea of the infinite perfection—the mark of the workman impressed upon his work. Therefore God exists.—New York American.

Science and Sound Fact.

"The workings of the human mind when asleep are full of wonder," remarked a scientist who was paying a visit to an acquaintance. "Have you ever started up from a sound dreamless sleep, with every sense on the alert and with your whole being thrilled with a vivid yet indefinable feeling that something was wrong and instant action required?"

"Often," replied his hostess, "and in nearly every case I have found that I was awakened by the fumbling of my husband's key at the front door!"

Impertinent.

Speaking of a man noted for his impertinence, an acquaintance said:

"Blank's impudence was second only to that of a waiter I heard about the other day.

"'Look here, waiter,' said a guest, 'this fish is not cooked properly.'

"'I know it, sir,' said the waiter, 'but you told me it was for your wife.'

"'Well, what of that?' asked the surprised guest.

"'Why,' said the waiter, 'I knew that if the lady was your wife she couldn't be very particular.'"

Realism in Art.

Two artists were boasting how they could paint. "Do you know," said one, "I painted a sixpence on the ground one day, and a beggar nearly broke his fingers trying to pick it up!" "That's nothing to what I did," said the other. "I painted a leg of mutton on a stone, and it was so realistic that a dog ate half the stone before he found out his mistake!"

His Narrow Escape.

"I tell you, the closing of the Steenth National was a mighty close call for me."

"How was that?"

"Why, a friend had advised me to put my money in it and"—

"And you took his advice?"

"No, but I would if I'd had any money."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Not the Kind He Wanted.

"Little Willie ran away to hunt redskins."

"Yes?"

"But he didn't find any until his father had finished with him."—Harper's Weekly.

Ungallant.

"My face is my fortune, sir," she said.

"Well," he replied, "poverty is no disgrace, but it's awfully inconvenient at times."

The Wicked Husband.

"Why does a man lie to his wife?" asks a woman writer. Dear me, does he?—Duluth Herald.

A moral, sensible, well bred man will not insult me. No other can.—Cowper.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.
Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.
Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
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The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"
The Beer you drink should be pure. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908 NUMBER 17

ST PAUL
Historical Society

SENT TO REFORMATORY.

Boy from Town of Excel Wanted to Have Fun With Jim Hill.

Placed an Obstruction on the Great Northern Railroad Track.

Warren Sheaf: Otto Kuehne, the 12 year old son of August Kuehne, of Excel, was taken before Judge Grindeland, of the district court, on Tuesday this week, charged with placing an obstruction on the track of the Greenbush line of the Great Northern railway. He had taken big railroad spikes and inserted them in the openings between the rails at the ends. This was done April 5th. When Monday mornings' passenger train came along it was nearly wrecked when it struck the protruding end of one of these nails. If the nail in bending had not turned a little to one side, the train would surely have been derailed and perhaps many people killed. A Great Northern detective was sent to look up the culprit and found him in the person of this boy, Otto Kuehne. Asked by the court why he did this he said he did it "just for fun," and that he wanted "to see the train jump." The boy did not appear to realize the seriousness of the offense. The judge thought that a year at the state reform school at Red Wing was the proper punishment, and the best thing that could be given the boy, whose schooling hitherto had been much neglected.

The railroad company has been troubled a great deal of late by boys putting obstructions on the track. A few days ago one of our local boys was caught in the act of moving a switch. These are serious offenses, and all boys should take warning.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

RED LAKE COUNTY

Some Statistics of the County as Given by State Board of Immigration

In a recent publication, "Minnesota's Fiftieth Anniversary" compiled by Commissioner Geo. Welsh of the State Immigration bureau, a short descriptive and statistical record of Red Lake county is given, reading, as follows:

This county was organized December 24, 1896, with the county seat at Red Lake Falls, and is situated in the northwestern part of the state.

The soil is productive and rich, being a black loam with a clay subsoil. The character of the soil varies considerably, the greater part of it being gently rolling; other parts sparsely timbered, while still in other sections we find dense hardwood timber.

The county is well watered by the Red Lake, Clearwater, Hill, Thief and Black rivers.

The area of the county is 1,116 square miles, or 714,050.28 acres, of which 712,428.52 acres are land and 611.76 acres are water. The land surface is divided into 3,700 farms at an average value per acre of $17 36.

Nearly every farm home in the county is supplied with United States rural free delivery, and local and long-distance telephones.

The population of the county in 1902 was 15,955, of which 10,928 were native born, the foreign population being as follows: Germany, 471; Sweden 844, Norway, 2,252; Great Britain and Ireland, 1,258; Denmark, 82; Poland, 44; Austria, 103; other countries, 10. Their occupations are the various agricultural persuits, together with manufacturing industries of which the county has 30, with an invested capital of $1,744,097.

The cereal crop, and average bushels per acre, according to last statistics, were as follows: Wheat, 13 53 bu.; oats, 29.17 bu.; corn, 27.79 bu.; barley, 19.1 bu.; rye, 12.17 bu.; flax, 8.45 bu.; buckwheat 10.7 bu.

The hay crop averaged 1 55 tons per acre, and in vegetables, potatoes averaged 105.36 bushels; onions, 154 67 and miscellaneous vegetables and an average value per acre of $42.76.

Dairying, live stock, poultry and fruit raising are carried on extensively. In 1906 the county had 7 creameries, with an output of 565,205 lbs. of butter; also, 4 cheese factories with an output of 113,526 lbs. of cheese.

The live stock of the county for 1907 was as follows: Horses, 5,800, average value per head, $56.40; cattle, 23,049, average value per head, $19.34; sheep, 5,272, average value per head, $1.72; swine, 2,652, average value per head, $3.62.

The county has 11 banks, the deposits of which are $1,053,384.71. It has 108 rural schools, 1 graded school, 2 high schools, and 18 churches divided as follows: Catholic, 7; Presbyterian, 2; Methodist, 2; German Lutheran 1; Swedish and Norwegian Lutheran, 7. It also has 6 newspapers.

The Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Soo railroads, which traverse all portions of the county, furnish excellent transportation facilities to the best markets in the northwest.

The county has *two cities and four* villages, viz; Red Lake Falls, population, 1,797; Thief River Falls, population 3,502; Plummer village, 129; St. Hilaire, 911; Lambert, 100; Terrebone, 100.

The total assessed valuation of the county in 1906 was $3,265,449 of which $571,102 was personal property.

On January 1, 1907, there were, in this county: 10,964 acres of state school lands unsold. Land can be purchased in this county from $5 to $35 per acre, according to location and improvements.

Dan Patterson Feels Grateful.

Crookston Journal:—Dan Patterson, of St. Hilaire who was elected alternate delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago at the convention held here Wednesday, was in the city this morning enroute home after attending the convention at St. Paul and to a Journal man said:

"I feel grateful to all the friends who stood by me at the county convention, but I wish to specially express my thanks for the hard loyal work of Wilheim Michelet and D. P. O'Neill of Thief River Falls. They worked like beavers and I shall never forget what they did for me.

NEW RULES.

Persons Exposed Must be Vaccinated or Quarantined.

The state board of health Tuesday adopted new regulations in regard to quarantine requirements of persons exposed to the disease, as well as those who are ill with it, unless they are vaccinated within three days of the first exposure.

The new regulations also provide that when smallpox breaks out in a community or in a school the schools must be closed for three weeks unless all unvaccinated teachers and pupils are vaccinated within three days of the first exposure.

Under the regulations which went into effect Jan. 1, 1908, only the patients were quarantined, but it having appeared that in many communities the local authorities were very lax in the enforcement of precautionary measures to prevent the spread of the disease, the board adopted this new regulation, which requires the insolation of all persons exposed to the disease unless they are vaccinated. The board feels that if the people do not care to avail themselves of the opportunity of being vaccinated, which they consider a preventative, the stricter quarantine regulations must be enforced.

The regulation providing for the closing of schools in the cases of epidemics of smallpox was adopted as a result of a recent opinion of the attorney general holding that such a step could not be ordered by the local boards of health or education unless the state board has established such a rule. It was thought, prior to that time, that this rule could be put into effect by local boards without any action on the part of the state board. As it is now the rule becomes operative only when adopted by the local boards

The rules adopted which apply here are as follows:

Following an exposure to smallpox every individual who cannot show evidence of a recent successful vaccination or a recent attack of smallpox must be vaccinated within three days of the first exposure or placed under the same isolation restrictions as smallpox patients.

If smallpox prevails in a community, or if the disease appears in a school, all unvaccinated teachers and pupils must be excluded from school for a period of three weeks unless vaccinated within three days of first exposure. Failing to comply with this requirement, the school must not be opened for a period of three weeks.

All persons having been ill with smallpox must have their clothing disinfected and take a disinfection bath before being released from quarantine.

$1000 for a Woman.

There may be nothing new under the sun, but "When the Mummy Moves" is certainly an original title for a story. It is, of course, a story of mystery and it is so ingenious and interesting a mystery that The Chicago Record-Herald, in which it appears serially, offers a prize of $1000 to the woman who makes the best solution, with 115 other cash prizes for women and girls who make the next best solutions. The story begins in the Chicago Record-Herald Thursday, April 23, and the conditions of the contest will be found, accompanying each installment, in that paper. Those who have been unable to get The Record-Herald containing the early installments may obtain a reprint of those installments by writing to the Prize Mystery Editor, The Chicago Record-Herald, Chicago. While the masculine sex is not eligible in this competition it is probable that it will interest the whole family circle and there is no reason why men should not help their wives, daughters, or friends to a successful solution.

May Effect Local Officials.

From Polk county comes the statement that attorney General Young has rendered a decision to the effect that no person can hold the double offices of assessor and clerk of town boards, the decision having been made at the request of a resident of Polk county.

If the above decision holds good, there are in Red Lake county several gentlemen who were elected to the dual offices at the town elections held last March who will be eventually compelled to resign as one official, in order to hold either office.

A Pitcher Secured.

The Thief River Falls base ball club has engaged the services of Ernest Liptz of Iowa, as pitcher for the season, and he is to be the only hired man in the club. Oscar Bergan is to act as catcher. It is expected to play the first game here on Sunday, May 3rd, but no team has as yet been secured. On Memorial day the Crookston team will be here to play a game with the local club.

Subscribe for the News.

SAVED BY HIS MOTHER

Plummer Boy Came Near Losing His Life in an Old Well.

Was Rescued by the Extraordinary Efforts on Part of His Mother.

The village of Plummer is ringing with praise of Mrs. A. R. Harris, wife of the Soo section foreman, who rescued the 4-year-old son from drowning in an unused well near the Harris home.

The mother was startled by her little son Clarence, who rushed in crying that Roy, aged 4, had fallen in the tank. She hurried out and looked in the railroad ditches and water barrels, and Clarence followed and pointed out the old well. She could not see the child, as he had sunk from sight.

The mother got into the well and down to the water level, a distance of about twelve feet. Just then the boy rose to the surface and she caught him by the hair. How she got out of the well with the unconscious form of her little son, she is unable to tell, and that they were not both drowned seems a miracle.

The well is curbed with ordinary planks with cleats on the inside about four feet apart, and was covered with a board just large enough to allow a pail to be lowered when the well was used. There was about seven feet of water in the well and how the mother made her way out with the child is hard to understand.

She carried the boy into the house and by rolling, the artificial respiration treatment, removed the water out of his lungs and stomach and he soon regained consciousness.

Dobner-MacMillan Wedding.

La Crosse Tribune: The marriage of Miss Antoinette MacMillan, daughter of Mrs. George MacMillan, to Mr. Harry Glen Dobner of Thief River Falls, Minn., took place very quietly last evening at the W. S. Cargill residence, 331 West avenue south, the home of the bride's sister, at eight-thirty o'clock. Only relatives of the bridal pair witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Dr. Thomas of the Presbyterian church.

Kreutz's orchestra was stationed in the upper hall, and the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march were sounded as the bride, accompanied by her brother, Mr. Dan G. MacMillan, approached the altar, where she was met by the bridegroom. The orchestra played softly through the ceremony and the ring service was used. There were no attendants.

The drawing room where the ceremony was performed, was handsomely decked in palms and ferns, and tall Easter lillies gleamed among the dark green foliage, while on the mantels and about the room were large clusters of pink roses. Miss MacMillan wore a gown of white embroidered lingerie over silk and carried roses.

After congratulations, a collation was served in the dining room, covers being placed for thirty. The color scheme in the dining room was pink and white lillies of the valley and roses mingling with artistic effect. A magnificent basket of pink roses was used as a centerpiece.

Mr. and Mrs. Dobner left last evening for Chicago, and in a day or two will take a trip to the Pacific coast, to be gone a month. They will be at home to their friends in Thief River Falls, Minn., where Mr. Dobner is engaged in the banking business. The groom's parents reside in Lake City, Minn., and Mr. John Dobner, the groom's father, was here to attend his son's wedding, but the mother was prevented by illness.

Miss MacMillan has lived in La Crosse most of her life and is prominent in social circles. She was educated at the University of Wisconsin, and has a large circle of friends throughout the state.

The following out of town guests were present at the wedding: Mrs. D. D. MacMillan of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. John MacMillan of Minneapolis, Mr. John Dobner of Lake City, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Dobner of St. Paul, and Dr. and Mrs. Hofstetter of Lyons, Ia.

Cover a fresh egg with a thin coating of lard and it will keep perfectly good for an indefinite period, according to a report of a new method of preserving eggs made to the state department by Consul Murphy at Bordeaux. The discovery is of Italian origin and is regarded as important, as it is claimed that 100 eggs can be thus preserved with 4 cents worth of lard and an hour's time.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

THIS SEASON THE styles, and patterns of fabrics in men's clothes are unusually striking; more bright colors, more smart patterns and weaves; a stock of men's clothes like ours looks almost giddy.

We'll show you the new fine goods for spring from Hart Schaffner & Marx made in their perfect way, and of all-wool fabrics, in the richest and most attractive patterns; not too lively, nor too quiet; just right.

This Store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

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The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes. The Home of the Crossett Shoes.

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BORROW IT WHEN IN NEED FROM
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
TO DEPOSITERS: We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.
TO BORROWERS: We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal and real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 06
Barley	50
Eggs	12½
Butter	22c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 20.—Wheat—May, $1.03; July, $1.01⅞; Sept., 90½c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.06⅜@1.07⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.04⅜@1.05⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅜@1.03⅜; No. 3 Northern, 94⅜c@$1.01.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 20.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.00; May, $1.01; July, $1.01⅜; Sept., 90⅜c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.17⅞; July, $1.19½; Sept. and Oct., $1.20.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 20.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.90; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.55@5.75. Sheep—Wethers, $6.00@6.25; good to choice lambs, $6.75@7.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 20.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50@7.25; cows and heifers, $2.25@6.20; Texans, $4.50@5.40; calves, $4.50@6.00; Western cattle, $4.50@6.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.25. Hogs—Light, $5.45@6.00; mixed, $5.55@6.05; heavy, $5.45@6.00; rough, $5.45@5.65; pigs, $5.90@5.95. Sheep, $5.00@6.75; yearlings, $6.30@7.15; lambs, $6.00@7.70.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 20.—Wheat—May, 94c; July, 87¼@87⅝c; Sept., 84⅜c. Corn—May, 66@66⅛c; July, 62¼@62⅝c; Sept., 61@61⅛c. Oats—May, old, 53⅛c; May, 51⅞c; July, old, 45⅛c; July, 43⅛c; Sept., 36⅞c. Pork—May, $12.80; July, $13.12½@13.15; Sept., $13.45. Butter—Creameries, 21@28c; dairies, 20@26c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens and springs, 11½c.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

See the colapsable go-carts at Hicks.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Harry Boen, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Sunday.

Ben Ducken was over to Bemidji to spend Sunday.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

Carl Ketzschmar was down to Crookston last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kinsela Monday.

County surveyor Wood went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

C. A. Robbecke left last Friday for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting friends.

D. N. Winton was over to Bemidji last week looking after his business interests at that place.

Ben Christienson was down to Minneapolis last week to attend the Republican state convention.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, were up from Crookston to spend Sunday at the Kretzschmar home.

Hon. R. J. Bell, of Roseau, passed through the city Monday, being enroute home from the state convention.

For sale or exchange for good land, a stock of general merchandise. Call on Evenson & Erickson, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mrs. Grundy returned to this city last Saturday from Brantford, Ont., where she had been to attend the funeral of her father.

Miss Agnes Gunderson who last week closed a successful term of school in District No. 105, town of Rocksbury, left Saturday for her home at Moorhead.

S. Kenison was down to Crookston to spend Sunday with his wife who is in a hospital at that place. Mrs. Kennison is doing nicely and will be able to be removed to this city in a few days.

Peter Eberhardt launched his new gasoline boat "The Ponemah" Sunday and the boat made its first trip up the river Monday. The boat, including the engines, were made here in Thief River Falls, and it is as good a one as runs on the Red Lake river.

See Hicks for mission furniture.

Dr. Mellby was over to Argyle last week.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Miss Grindeland was over to Warren visiting her parents last week.

Ole Thoreson and Hugo Anderson were over to Warren last week.

Mrs. H. W. Odney, of Crookston, was in the city last week visiting Mrs. Tom Hovet.

Thomas Kinsiea, who is working down at Ogema, was in the city to spend Sunday.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

For Sale;—3 horses, 2 cows, 1 yearling Heffer, 1 Calf and 50 Chickens. See Hager, the land man.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

The farmers' steamboat made its first trip to Thief River Falls last week and took out a large load of freight. The boat expects to do a rushing business this year.

If you have express to go either north or south, phone the Great Northern depot and we will call for it at your place of business.

A crew of men went up river Monday to work on Peter Eberhardt's boat, "The Mud Hen," raising dead head logs for the various lumber companies that operate on this river.

Elbert Bede, son of congressman J. Adam Bede, who was to have delivered a lecture in the Evenson Hall on Tuesday evening, decided to postpone the lecture until sometime the latter part of May.

C. H. Martz, the county road overseer, was in the city the first of the week looking over the road east of town. This road is in quite bad shape this spring and considerable work will have to be done upon it to get it in good repair.

The Central school boys played a game of ball with those from the Knox school. The game was a hotly contested affair, and was won by the boys from the Central school, the score being 10 to 3. Other games are to be played in the near future.

Barley is injured by frost before maturity much easier than other grains and experiments made at Fargo show that a considerable portion of the cereal raised in North Dakota last year is dead for seed purposes. Farmers should make a growing test before seeding.

Fr. Adolph was called to Tabor Monday to officiate at the funeral services over the remains of Miss Adilia Strobel, a seventeen year old girl that had died of consumption. Fr. Adolph drove over and says that the roads are in fine condition. Farmers were all busy at work in the fields and much of the spring work had been done.

Services in the Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and English services in the evening at 7:15. The lord's supper will be administered at the forenoon services. Sunday school at 9:15, bible class at the close of forenoon services. The ladies aid meets this afternoon, (the 21) in the basement of the church entertained by Mrs. Oscar Williams.

I. T. Aastad.

They will be of the greatest importance to the ministers, teachers and educators and indispensible to the business man, and no parent or prospective parent can afford to dispense with the instruction given in these lectures. They will teach you the great universal laws by which, when understood, and rightly applied, the parents can give to their child a body and a soul endowed with powers of the highest efficiency for their physical and spiritual welfare.

Don't miss it. Secure your tickets early.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

P. W. Roark and wife spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Holtor Tuesday.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Largest assortment of go-carts and baby carriages at Hicks.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday.

Tom Jacobson has been appointed road overseer for the town of North.

Attorney Charles E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last week.

Misses Irene and Mary Caldwell were up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

P. P. Hamro was down to Detroit the first of the week visiting with his family.

Dr. G. W. Booren left last Friday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

Just received, our third shipment of baby carriages this year. Hicks Furniture Co.

Mike Fricker, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Tom Norby, of Plummer, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to St. Paul and South Dakota.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

O. E. Erickson who is acting as village marshall at Foston, was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

Ernest Buse, pioneer citizen of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Contractor F. H. Farsel was up to Greenbush Tuesday looking after some contract work at that place.

Prof. Telland, of the Twin Valley schools, spent Sunday in the city visiting at the home of H. P. Sponheim.

County commissioner John Sorum, was in the city last week, being enroute home to Holt from a trip to Warren.

Prof. J. Holkesvik, of the Grand Forks college, was in the city last week visiting at the H. P. Spoonheim home.

The dance given by the Elite orchestra Monday evening was very well attended and the music was said to be the best.

E. Orwald has purchased the hotel at Middle River and guarantees to the public first class accommodations in the future.

Conditions thus far this spring have been very favorable for the farmers and a great deal of seed has been put in the ground.

The land men of the city held a meeting last evening at the real estate office of H. N. Hager for the purpose of organizing an association.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Peterson & Christienson, of Fertile, have leased the building just south of the Hotel Ogamah and will open up a saloon there in the near future.

Gilbert Haavi, of the town of North, went down to St. Hilaire Tuesday evening. He is one of the viewers appointed to assess the benefits of a new ditch to be built in the town of River Falls.

C. W. Nelson, of this city, has purchased a moving picture show and proposes to give entertainments in a number of the small towns in the vicinity of Thief River Falls this summer.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Nothing makes a better graduating present than a watch. We have them, the best that are made and sell at prices others cannot meet. City Drug and Jewelry Store, F. J. Stebbins, Proprietor.

Reports from the Red Lake are to the effect that ice is commencing to get unsound in places and it is quite likely that the break up will come any day now. The sooner that the ice goes out of the lake, the sooner will the local saw mill start up.

Prof. Wm. McGregor, of the St. Hilaire city schools, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday. Mr. McGregor is one of the bright young educators of the state and is giving excellent satisfaction at St. Hilaire. He has been engaged to teach at St. Hilaire again next year.

Information received in St. Paul from different parts of the state reveals that the wheat area was very much reduced last year, and that the farmers anticipate a still greater reduction this year, and they find the other crops are more certain and more profitable. In many localities dairying and diversified farming is fast supplanting the raising of wheat. Barley, corn, oats, spelts and other crops are being raised on thousands of acres that were devoted entirely to the raising of wheat a few years ago. In the eastern part of this section dairy farming is coming more and more into favor, and a number of co-operative creameries will be operating before the end of the year. Wheat raising has by no means been abandoned, but this cereal is taking its place in the rotation of the crops.

Frank Chiddick spent the first of the week at Mahnomen and Ogema.

Attorney Halvorson went down to Crookston last evening to attend to some legal business.

C. J. Knox returned from his trip to Iowa, where he had been to attend his mothers funeral, the first of the week.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.

George Elder.

Chief of Police Jarneson found two sticks of dynamite south of the Hotel Northern Tuesday morning. They had evidently been laying upon the ground there for some time and it is indeed fortunate that they were not found by children and thrown against anything hard. Just how the dynamite happened to come there is indeed a mystery.

Beginning next week the Bijou will have Vaudeville, moving pictures and illustrated songs. There will be changes of entire program twice a week, changing Mondays and Thursdays. Notice the change in prices—evenings 20 cents to all, afternoons 10 cents, children 5 cents. Matinee program the same as evening. The opening attraction will be "The Three Millards," they are a Musical combination both vocal and instrumental. There is a little girl in this trio with a sweet voice and she scores a big hit everywhere. Mr. Millard as the silly country boy is a character that will be long remembered, especially his selections on the violin which he plays in every position conceivable. This trio is pronounced by press and public as the greatest comedy musical artists and vaudeville.

For next week, commencing May 1, we will present America's Premier Roller Skate Dancers, "Ray and Rockwell, featuring clog, jig reel, buck and eccentric dancing on roller-skates showing slow, dragstop, triples, one-foot, chop-time, single or double, broken time, all on roller skates.

SCHOOL NOTES.

As the school year draws to a close, interest in the class day and commencement exercises arouse not a little curiosity. The class day program will be presented on the evening of Thursday, May 28th, and will consist of the presentation of a program including those features appropriate to such an occasion. The graduating exercise will take place on Friday, May 29th. Congressman J. Adam Bede has consented to deliver the address at this time. That it will be an event of more than passing interest goes without saying. The members of the senior class who will graduate and receive diplomas comprise the following list, the first two receiving the class honors: Myrtle Ruth Blanchard, Ida Cornelia Weeks, Esther Anna Kretzschmar, Ione Amanda Higgins, Estelle Marie Robbecke, Ernest Bernard O'Neill Willis Hardee Akre.

The total enrollment of the high school to date is 153, and this will not likely be increased further this year. Next year's enrollment in high is expected to reach 180 to 200. Where they are to be housed is the problem that will confront the school authorities.

The primary room in the Central building, over which Miss Wold is the presiding genius, has been placed on half day sessions for the remainder of the term. The enrollment in this room reached 80 last week and it was impossible to care for the little people properly under the usual system.

The spring additions to the primary rooms amount to about 75 six year old children.

The high school baseball team play the Warren high team at Warren Saturday of this week. The boys have been putting in some faithful practice and it is expected that they will succeed in "making good" on this trip. Frank Kratka will be in the box and Leslie will occupy the position behind the bat. The team will probably consist of the two already named with Norman Jorstad, Harry Prichard, James Curran, Stafford Curran, Tom Lonson, Ernest O'Neill, Ingwald Fossum, Lewis Iverson and Roy Motz.

Judge Grindeland Coming.

Judge Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, will deliver a lecture in the Synod church tomorrow evening—April 21—under the auspices of the Young People's society on the subject: "Honesty is the Best Policy." A small admission fee of 20 cents is to be charged and 10 cents for children. Proceeds to go to the pipe organ fund. Lecture will commence at 8:15 sharp.

Tournament Dates.

Owing to the fact that there are attractions in other towns of the valley on June 16, 17, 18 and 19, it is quite probable that the dates of the tournament will be changed to June 9, 10, 11 and 12. The matter is now being taken up with the executive officers.

Dam Went Out.

About 100 feet of the dam between here and St. Hilaire went out last Saturday and a large number of logs in the Red Lake river at that point belonging to the East Grand Forks lumber company are left high and dry. The dam will have to be built before the logs can be floated down, as the water in the river is very low.

MUSTERED IN THE MILITIA

Company L, Third Minnesota National Guards Now Organized.

Chris. Wiste, Captain, and James Bulman and W. B. Fuller are Lieutenants.

F. E. Resche, of Duluth, lieutenant colonel of the third regiment infantry, accompained by Capt. F. E. Westerberg of Crookston, were in the city Tuesday evening and mustered into the service of the state, Thief River Falls new militia company. The new company will be known as company L, and will become a part of the third regiment. The boys elected Chris Wiste as captain, James Bulman, first lieutenant and W. B. Fuller, second lieutenant. These gentlemen were in the regular service during the war with Spain, and have had much experience in military affairs.

It is expected that the new uniforms and guns will arrive next week and then the boys will commence and have regular drills.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting Held Tuesday Evening of This Week.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening. A whole lot of talking was done, and a great deal less business transacted. At the start out of the meeting Alderman Forder made formal objection to Alderman Prichard acting in dual capacity of president of the council and mayor of the city. He stated that some important matters might come before the council and that Mr. Prichard would have the right to vote upon this in the council and the further right to vote the same later as acting mayor. Mr. Prichard refused to relinquish his position as a member of the council and the important business hinted at by Mr. Forder did not materialize.

The committee on electric lights and water works recommended that a bookkeeper be hired to have charge of the books of this department; that a suitable office room be rented where a proper display of electric light apparatus sold by the city could be displayed and that the salary of Leonard Peterson remain at $125 per month. The report was accepted and ordered filed.

Dr. Grundy appeared before the council and asked that the case of the city against the Red Lake Falls Milling company be appealed to the supreme court. He said that the residents of his section of the city strongly objected to having the elevator located there, as it was a great damage to their property and gave many other sound, good reasons why the city should not let the case drop. City Attorney Halvorson told the council that he believed the city would win if the case was taken to the supreme court. No action was taken, but it is quite likely that the matter will again come up next Tuesday evening.

The matter of continuing the work of building the telephone road east from the city was taken up and a resolution was passed to the effect that the city would pay the expense of fixing it up in good shape.

The matter of fixing the salary of City Treasurer E. M. Evenson was up for consideration, but no action was taken on the matter.

Volstad Bill Passes.

Washington, April 21.—The Volstad bill authorizing the drainage of the Red Lake reservation in Minnesota which was under discussion for some time in the house yesterday was passed today under suspension of the rules. According to the provisions of the bill the state of Minnesota is given the right to treat public lands subject to entry and entered lands the same as privately owned lands under the drainage laws of the state. The right was sought to enable the state to secure the drainage not only of the public lands, but also of large tracts held in private ownership.

A possible Candidate.

Herman F. Anderson, of the town of Sanders, who is at present principal of the village schools at Hartrum, Minn., writes the News that he may become a candidate for the office of superintendent of schools of Red Lake county this year. Mr. Anderson is very highly spoken of and has a large number of friends in the county who will take pleasure in giving him support.

To Start a Foundry.

N. Peterson, of Crookston, was in the city the first of the week and while here made arrangements to enter into a partnership with Conklin Bros and will start a foundry here. A foundry is badly needed and all citizens here should give the new enterprise all possible encouragement.

Discount Sale!

20 per cent off on all Men's, Ladies and childrens spring caps, felt and straw hats.

A large line of Prints Percales and Summer Dress Goods and Shirt Waist Goods just received.

Call and see them, and compare prices.

J. H. JACOBSON.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

Phone 111. Main Ave.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1908, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated April 7th, 1908. John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
(Auditor's
Seal.)

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co.,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,
Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota,
April 16-May 21 Plaintiff's Attorney.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 9th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrelin, of Mavie, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible] made June 22nd 1901 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 151, N. Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A Mollner " " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn
Andrew Brynner, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
April 16-May 21 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. [illegible] of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made October 20th 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼ Sec. [illegible] and SE¼ SE¼ Sec 20 Twp 154 N. R. 43 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota at Thief River Falls Minnesota on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land viz:

[illegible], of Thief River Falls Minn.
Anders [illegible] " "
John [illegible] " "
Albert [illegible] " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Apr 23-May 28 Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, April 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before J. M. [illegible] Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn. at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June [illegible], 1908, viz: [illegible] H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake series for the NE¼ of Sec [illegible] Township 15[illegible] N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land viz:

William O. [illegible] of Thief River Falls Minn
M[illegible] Jorde " "
Gilbert M. Jorde " "
Andrew M. Jorde " "

April 23-May 28 R. J. Montague,
Register.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Subscribe for the News.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PLAYWRIGHT IN ROLE OF HERO

August Strindberg Passes Along the Street Just in Time to Save a Young Girl from Being Burned to Death.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

August Strindberg, the eminent Swedish author and playwright, recently appeared in the role of a hero. While a young girl named Hilda Nilsson at Karlavagen 30, was engaged in preparing dinner in the kitchen on a gasoline stove, her clothes caught fire through the upsetting of a cup of gasoline. She rushed out in the street, where August Strindberg happened along. He immediately saw the critical condition in which she was surrounded and pulled off his big overcoat, which he threw over the "blazing" girl. He succeeded in quenching the flames and thus saved the young woman's life. Imagine the young woman's gratitude when she learned that her rescuer was none other than Sweden's leading author and dramatist.

A scientific expedition under the auspices and protection of the Swedish government will start for the north polar regions during the latter part of June. The torpedo boat "Svensksund" will accompany the expedition. Professor Gerard Jacob de Geer, rector of the Stockholm high school, has been appointed leader of the expedition. Among other prominent participants of the expedition is Dr. Svea Adolf Gerhard von Hofsten, the eminent zoologist, and Dr. Carl Wiman, the geologist. The chief purport of the expedition is zoological, botanical and geological research, as well as a continued exploration of the polar regions.

The Swedish papers report that there are at present many Swedish-Americans who are returning to the homeland because they cannot procure work in America. It is interesting to notice how liberally the Swedish journals are spreading the news about the country. It still remains a fact that only a comparatively small number of Swedish-Americans remain in the homeland. When they have visited "the old home" they return to the land of their adoption.

Dr. P. P. Waldenstrom, well known as an evangelist and lecturer and also known in America in connection with the Yale jubilee, has presented to King Gustaf a petition bearing 314,000 signatures, asking the government's sanction for religious study in all the schools of Sweden. The petitioners hold that character is the basis of all achievements and that a nation cannot have character unless sound ethics are systematically taught in the public schools.

From St. Petersburg comes a dispatch stating that Prince Wilhelm's affianced, the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna, whose marriage to the Swedish prince will be solemnized at Tzarsko Selo palace May 3, will receive from the royal house of Russia a bridal gift of $500,000. Compared with other duchesses of the European royalty Duchess Pavlovna's fortune is considered small.

Over two thousand Stockholm school children have, owing to their physical defects, been excused from the regular course in gymnastics. A special form of exercise is provided for them and everything is being done by the school authorities to aid them in developing their physical constitutions. They are given so-called "sick gymnastics" instead of the regular drills.

The receipts of the private railways of Sweden for the year 1907 were about $17,000,000, which was $1,100,000 in excess of the receipts for the previous year. The total mileage was 5,020, or twice that of the state railways. But the state railways are so favorably located that there is practically no difference between the receipts of the two systems.

Owing to the strained labor conditions in Germany all Swedish laboring men have been warned from going there at present. A great many Swedish laboring men who cannot receive work at home make it a point to go to Germany every season to procure a season's work, but now labor conditions are as bad in Germany as they are in Sweden.

Sweden believes in maintaining good roads, and to tell the truth the roads all over the country are excellent. There are few countries who have any better roads than Sweden has and this year the government has distributed $225,000 for the improvement of wagon roads in fifty-two different localities.

The Royal Society of Arts has invited the prominent Swedish etcher, Axel Tallberg, to give a series of lectures before that society in the near future. Mr. Tallberg lectured in Iles [illegible] last year.

The king and queen of Greece and other members of the royal house of Greece will attend the wedding of Prince Wilhelm and Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna. They arrived with their yacht at Odessa April 11.

Louis Fraenkel, director of the Stockholm Handelsbank, and K. A. Wallenberg, president of the Stockholm Privat bank, have been awarded the German Red Cross order.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra of England will pay a visit to Stockholm on the 20th inst. They will be accompanied by Princess Victoria.

The Swedish crownprince is at present ill with the measles. Two of the little princes are also affected by the same disease.

John Swanberg, the Swedish long-distance runner, has been invited to participate in the international foot races in Berlin.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The following extract from the Christiania Morgenbladet throws an interesting light on woman's suffrage as it evinces itself at present in Norway: "Comparatively few women were elected at the local elections in Norway this time. A few figures will make this clear. In Christiania 79 men and five women were elected; in Bergen the corresponding numbers were 70 and 6; in Trondhjem 62 and 6; in Kristianssand 49 and 3; in Drammen 53 and 7; and in Fredrikstad 50 men and 2 women. The women had a much larger number of candidates, but they were defeated. Miss Holsen, president of the Women's Suffrage association, was asked how the women look upon this result and she answered in substance: 'We were deeply disappointed and highly indignant. It seemed as though we were paralyzed. We were unable to keep our ground at the elections. One reason for this result was, that we were too sanguine, we really thought that the men would vote for us. Besides, we did not understand their tactics, we did not realize that the matter was so complicated. Each party wanted a certain number of men as representatives of the different interests and the women were crowded out because they did not represent those particular interests. We were poorly organized, too; but we propose to unite our forces better next time.' Other leading suffragists spoke in the same strain. Mrs. Mariane Narup differed somewhat with the other leaders. She said that the women often scratched the names of each other off the ballots partly because they do not trust each other sufficiently, partly on account of jealousy.'"

The last act in the ministerial crisis farce that has lasted for a year and a half was played when the Knudsen cabinet was sustained by a vote of 57 members of the Left and ten Socialists against nineteen members of the Left and Thirty-six of the Right. Five members of the independent section of the Left voted for the cabinet, though they declared that they did so only because they were tired of the endless political debates, which made useful work impossible. One member of the cabinet, Colonel Heftye, resigned, declaring that he was not willing to live by the grace of the Socialists. Assuming that it will be careful not to attempt radical reforms the Knudson cabinet probably now is safe.

University Chancellor MacCracken of New York, delivered a lecture at the University of Christiania a week ago last Saturday. A banquet was tendered in his honor the Sunday following. A large audience turned out for the lecture and about three hundred people attended the banquet.

A merchant in Mo purchased not less than 17,000 ryper (the most palatable game bird in Norway.) From one man alone he secured 4,000 ryper.

Nicolay Mejdell, the well known sculptor, will furnish the sculptural piece representing Christ's Ascension for the new cathedral in Aalesund.

Minister Gude and wife departed for Washington, D. C., last week. Mr. Gude will present his credentials to President Roosevelt next week.

Consul Axel Helberg, of Christiania, celebrated his 60th birthday the other day. The consul is still maintaining vigorous health.

Johan Svendsen will conduct the orchestra at the Grieg memorial concert, which will be held in the near future.

Christiania expended 810,000 crowns for charitable purposes last year. In 1906 the city spent 827,000 crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Minister of Finance Wilhelm Lasson died last Monday at his home in Copenhagen after a long and painful illness. The Folketinget immediately adjourned. His funeral last week was attended by the members of the folketing and members of the diplomatic corps.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra are this week guests at the Royal Palace in Copenhagen and many receptions are being held in their honor. They will go from Copenhagen direct to Stockholm.

A large number of Danish-Americans arrived from the United States last week. Most of them have come to spend the spring and summer season visiting relatives and friends.

Professor Bissen, the sculptor, is at present engaged in making a bust of the queen of Denmark. When completed it will be placed in the Fredriksborg museum.

Last year the net earnings of the East Asia company was over $000,000 and an 8 per cent dividend was distributed among the stockholders.

Admiral Richelieu has donated $13,500 to the pension fund for the employes of the United Steamship company.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Consternation has been caused among the Western representatives of the Standard Oil company by the rejection of three cars of oil shipped into Minnesota within the last week. The company has protested against the state's test as incorrect and unnecessarily severe and has sent one of its experts from Chicago to demonstrate its contention.

In order to insure better sanitary conditions in the dairies of the state and to reduce, if not stop, the importation of cattle which have not been inspected, the state live stock sanitary board will make provisions for a more strict enforcement of the laws relating to tuberculosis among cattle and attempt to secure the co-operation of cattle breeders.

Before an audience which completely filled every available inch of space in the Auditorium, composed of St. Paul's labor host, resolutions were adopted setting forth what industrial workers demand of the present session of congress and what they will demand absolutely from all national candidates who may seek to secure the labor vote.

Muskrat and mink are said to have been more plentiful in Minnesota last winter than in many years. Officers of the state game and fish commission estimate that in the season just closed the trappers of Minnesota have collected more than $1,000,000 for the pelts of fur bearing animals.

Citizens of Wilkin county residing a few miles south of Barnesville have organized a mining company and as soon as the frost is out of the ground they will begin prospecting for ore. This company is determined to find out whether ore exists in Wilkin county, as previously predicted.

One of the largest verdicts ever sustained by the Minnesota supreme court was upheld in a decision handed down in the case of Albert E. Sprague vs. the Wisconsin Central railroad, in which a verdict of $30,000 awarded Sprague by the lower court is sustained.

Seventy negro waiters engaged for the Scottish Rite banquet at the West hotel in Minneapolis one evening last week struck for higher pay just as the first course was about to be served and as they were masters of the situation the strike was a success.

William Dawson, Jr., of St. Paul, a member of the class of 1906 at the University of Minnesota and now a student in the University of Paris, France, has been appointed American vice consul at St. Petersburg.

Milo R. McWhorter of St. Paul, who says that a trained nurse eight years his senior cast a spell over him and made him marry her, has secured a divorce in the Ramsey county court.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The soap, paper and other materials consumed by John Doe, an insane suspect held at the county jail at Duluth, probably caused his death. The man was found dead in his cell. There were no marks of violence to indicate suicide and it is believed that death resulted from the articles he ate, among which were a bar of soap and a part of a magazine.

It took a jury in the United States district court at Minneapolis a little over an hour to return a verdict of guilty in the case against Herbert F. Robinson, J. L. Layne and F. E. Holliday, on trial before Judge Page Morris on the charge of conspiracy in connection with a fraudulent "grain brokerage" business carried on in Minneapolis during the year 1905.

Harold H. Cooper, a fourteen-year-old farmer boy, son of Enoch B. Cooper of Kenyon, died in an ambulance as he was being hurried from the Union depot at St. Paul to St. Joseph's hospital. The boy had been kicked on the head by a colt while at work on the farm.

Under the influence of an acute attack of melancholia R. S. Miller, fifty-four years old, of Ely, an inmate of the Mounds sanatorium at St. Paul, threw himself beneath the wheels of a street car. Both his feet were so badly crushed that it was necessary to amputate them.

Percy Hawkins, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hawkins of Willmar, is dead from an abscess in the bowels. The boy was hurt while playing ball several weeks ago.

Fritz Goltz, forty-two years old, a resident of Breckenridge, fell off a load of dirt he was hauling. The wheels crushed his skull and he died an hour later in the hospital.

A forest fire in the vicinity of Cass Lake burned numerous piles of cord wood. Citizens fought the fire several hours or the damage would have been great.

Fire at South Stillwater destroyed six buildings, causing a loss of $15,000.

OBITUARY.

William K. Sharool of St. Paul was found dead in his room at the home of his son, C. K. Sharool. He was about eighty years old, but enjoyed good health and death was unexpected.

Herman Schlichting, cigar manufacturer, one of the most prominent Germans in St. Paul, is dead. He was forty five years of age.

Patrick Nash, a pioneer resident of St. Paul, is dead at the home of his daughter in Northfield, aged eighty-eight.

MASTER TO TAKE EVIDENCE

Another Move Made in Minnesota Railroad Rate Cases.

The first step in the Minnesota rate cases since the decision of the United States supreme court was taken at St. Paul when the attorneys for the state and the railroad companies appeared before Judge Sanborn of the United States circuit court of appeals relative to the appointment by the court of a master in chancery to take evidence offered by the state and the companies on the questions at issue for presentation to the court for decision.

Towards the close of the conference the attorneys, at the request of Judge Sanborn, mentioned the names of two lawyers, either of whom, if appointed master in chancery, would be satisfactory to both sides. These two were Attorney George P. Flannery of Minneapolis and Judge Charles E. Otis of St. Paul.

Judge Sanborn said that he had not yet determined whether he should instruct the master that will be appointed merely to report his findings as to the facts or his findings as to the facts and also his conclusions of law. Authorities differed, apparently, upon the duty of a master in cases parallel with that now under consideration.

FEDERAL JURY SAYS GUILTY

Alleged Brokers Convicted of Conspiracy at Minneapolis.

The jury found a verdict of guilty in the case of the United States against Herbert F. Robinson, J. L. Layne and F. E. Holliday, tried before Judge Morris in the federal district court at Minneapolis on an indictment charging conspiracy. The jury was in consultation for about an hour and a half.

The defendants operated what purported to be a grain brokerage business in an office in the Guaranty Loan building in the year 1905. The federal authorities are of the opinion that the defendants secured from $75,000 to $100,000 through their exploits by means of circular letters sent out broadcast through the mails with the information that they had inside and exclusive information on the grain markets and would, therefore, pay large returns on money given them for investment.

ARRESTED AT POINT OF GUN

Young Man Alleged to Be Working Blackmail Scheme.

August Kisser, a young man living on a farm five miles west of Bemidji, was arrested at the point of a gun after he had attempted, it is alleged, to carry out a bold scheme of blackmail.

Kisser has confessed that he was the author of an anonymous letter sent to George B. Thompson, in which he demanded that a sum of money be left for him at a lonely spot west of the city.

Deputy sheriffs arranged with Thompson that he should apparently carry out the order of the blackmailer, the officers to lie in wait for the man who came for the package. This was done and Kisser was captured.

Bryan Men Issue Call.

Twenty-two St. Paul supporters of W. J. Bryan have issued a call for caucuses and a county convention which will doubtless result in contesting delegations at the state convention. The caucuses are called for 7:30 p. m. on May 6, while the call of the Democratic county committee puts the time of the caucuses at from 5 to 6 o'clock on May 6. The Bryanites contend that the laboring men, who they say would support Bryan, could not attend the caucuses at 5 o'clock.

Jury Values Kiss at $4,750.

A jury has awarded Mrs. Olga Bergman of Hibbing $4,750 for a kiss. This is a reduction of $250 from the verdict at the first trial. She was a tenant of Jacob Kitz of Hibbing and declared that he stole a kiss from her by force one day when he came for the rent. Mr. Kitz set up a defense that he was being blackmailed, but two juries have found that Mrs. Bergman was kissed against her will and fixed the damages.

Telegrapher Ends His Life.

To join his young bride in death Robert E. Hoffman, a Minneapolis telegraph operator, twenty-eight years of age, committed suicide by locking himself in a room at the Beaufort hotel and turning on all the gas jets. A year ago Hoffman married Tennessee Butler of Glenwood, this state. After a few months she died. Hoffman attempted to commit suicide twice before he finally succeeded in ending his life.

St. Paul Convent Robbed.

While ten Sisters of St. Francis were conducting special Easter services for the children at St. Adelbert's Catholic church, St. Paul, burglars broke into the convent across the street and stole $300, which was kept for safekeeping in two cigar boxes in the room of the sister superior. This is the third robbery of a similar character which has recently occurred in St. Paul in Catholic institutions.

Schoolgirl Attempts Suicide.

Eva Gagne, about fifteen years old, who resides with her mother and stepfather at Duluth, drank carbolic acid on the streets of that city. She may recover.

WORK QUICKLY DONE

Harmony the Keynote of Minnesota Republican Convention.

DELEGATES TO VOTE FOR TAFT

Platform Endorses Roosevelt Policies and Favors Development of Waterways and Tariff Revision.

The Minnesota Republican convention, in a session at Minneapolis that lasted only two hours, elected four delegates at large to the national convention and their alternates, nominated eleven presidential electors and adopted resolutions instructing the delegates to vote for the nomination of Secretary Taft "until he is selected."

The "big four" from Minnesota to the national convention are Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul, Walter W. Heffelfinger of Minneapolis, State Senator Frank E. Putnam of Blue Earth and E. B. Hawkins of Biwabik.

The alternates are F. E. Bentley of Montevideo, C. M. Sprague of Sauk Center, D. C. Sheldon of Pine Island and W. B. Marr of Aitkin.

Harmony was the keynote of the convention, every element of contest being eliminated.

The platform cordially endorses the policies of President Roosevelt, declares for the development of the waterways of the country, reaffirms allegiance to the protective tariff, but declares that the time has come for a revision of schedules.

The following were nominated for presidential electors: At large, John J. Ecklund, Duluth, and Job W. Lloyd, Le Sueur county; First district, R. E. Thompson; Second district, Andrew C. Dunn; Third district, H. L. Sumption; Fourth district, James E. Molin; Fifth district, Stewart Gamble; Sixth district, A. H. Turrettin; Seventh district, Thomas Anderson; Eighth district, Daniel Anderson; Ninth district, E. J. Herringer.

DARING TRAIN ROBBERS.

Hold Up Passengers in the Heart of Minneapolis.

Two daring train robbers held up the passengers in the sleeper of Northern Pacific train No. 5 in the very heart of Minneapolis and, after securing $41 and two gold watches, pulled the air cord and when the train slowed down jumped off the car at Twenty-fifth avenue north.

Although the neighborhood was scoured by a number of policemen, detectives and railway special agents the two nervy bandits eluded capture.

Owing to the excitement over the robbery it was impossible to secure an accurate description of the men, but both are said to be small, one man appearing to be about fifty years of age. Both robbers wore masks.

LEAVES CITY BANKRUPT.

Clerk an Alleged Embezzler and License Money Cut Off.

As the result of the alleged embezzlement of $3,200 by the city clerk and the voting of no license last week the city of Rushford is threatened with bankruptcy. The saloon licenses expire April 23, at which time $4,500 revenue in licenses will be cut off. The shortage of City Clerk Alm, who was arrested and pleaded guilty, brings the loss of revenue almost up to $8,000. Neither contingency was anticipated when the tax levy was made last fall and the city has not sufficient money for its needs and no prospect of getting any until next winter. The council has not been able as yet to find a way out of the dilemma.

Lures Woman to Her Death.

After traveling hundreds of miles in search of a woman with whom he formerly lived at St. Paul, swearing vengeance because she had deserted him to elope with another, Guiseppe Crea of St. Paul, thirty-one years old, overtook his victim at Chicago, luring her to a certain place and mortally wounding her. Crea stabbed her three times, each wound in itself being sufficient to cause death.

Former Banker a Suicide.

Despondent over business troubles Charles F. Leland, formerly president of the Commercial bank of Duluth, shot and killed himself in that city. He fired two bullets from a revolver into his head and death was almost instantaneous.

Masked Men Hold Up Store.

Two masked men held up the drug store of Karl L. Fieseler in a suburb of St. Paul, shot the clerk and robbed the cash drawer of about $30. The clerk was shot in the arm and not dangerously wounded. The robbers escaped.

Duluth Brakeman Killed.

John O'Neill of Duluth, a brakeman on the Duluth, Missabe and Northern railroad, was killed at Saginaw Station, thirty five miles from Duluth. He attempted to board a freight train in motion and fell under the wheels.

Customs Officer Drowned.

William Brack, American customs officer at Fort Francis, Ont., was drowned while endeavoring to run the rapids in a canoe. Brack was a [illegible] dent of St. Paul, where his [illegible] live.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Zumbrota News: The success of the railroads in defeating the freight rate law is apt to encourage them to tackle the 2-cent fare measure. They had better let good enough alone.

The Crookston Times keeps insisting that the whole Red River Valley is ablaze with sentiment for Judge Mills for state railroad and warehouse commissioner. The Judge has held this office for a great many years and we see no reason why he should not now be willing to step aside and give others a chance.

St. Peter Herald: What is being done toward fixing the valuation of railroad property in Minnesota? The state railway and warehouse commission has had a force of high salaried hangers on traveling about the state gathering statistics, but has anything been accomplished? Unless the commission bestirs itself it will have another sin to answer for.

If you have made mistakes that placed the balance on the wrong side of the ledger after a year of toil, don't blame the country. Where your neighbor has succeeded you should, and the fault is at your own door. No country can stand a knocker, and the roads are always open for his passage into a new sphere of grumbling.—Moose Lake Star.

Austin Transcript: There is bound to be a revolution in the control of the national house of representatives. At present, the rules are shaped in such a way that the speaker and his subservient tools actually throttle the will of the majority. The speaker blocks all measures save those which have his express sanction and nothing can even get before the house except what has his open consent. It is a pretty condition of despotic rule and Tawney is helping it on.

John H. Grass, of Fergus Falls, is to be a candidate for the office of state railroad and warehouse commissioner. Mr. Grass believes in telling the people where he stands in his public announcement says:

> I favor the prompt completion of the valuation of the property of the railroads and the fixing of rates that will pay fair operating expenses and a fair return on the actual value of the property which they use for the convenience of the public. I favor the abolition of discriminations in favor of any individuals or localities.

Jake and the Interests.

Some of the papers are howling that Jacobson has "gone over to the interests." The fact seems to be that the interests have gone over to Jacobson. They know their own weight in acting as a millstone around a candidate's neck, and their shouting for Jacobson so loudly just at present is a bluff to turn the tide away from him. If there is the least show of nominating another man, the city delegation will stay by Jacobson only as long as it takes them to change their votes. When Jacobson goes over the interests, which he has spent a life time in fighting, we may reasonably expect to use water for fuel and whisky for laundry work.—Hendrum Riview.

The Judge never failed to "get after the railroads" just as hard and just as far as he was warranted by law, but he had enough judicial insight to know where he could not go without bumping up against adverse decisions of the courts, and so was honest enough and wise enough not to make a fool of himself and the State of Minnesota for the sake of merely playing to the galleries.—Hallock News.

The Judge here referred to is Judge Mills, the able jurist of the railroad and warehouse commission, and the editor of the Hallock News is Mr. A. E. Nelson, whose name has been connected with that famous appeal to James J. Hill for a $20,000 campaign subscription. In justice to Judge Mills it should also be said that he is not only honest enough and wise enough not to play to the galleries, but as demonstrated by his arbitrary disbarment of James Manahan, who proposed to take Mr. Hill at his own word, like Mr. Nelson himself, he is evidently discreet enough to play to the boxes.—Midway News.

The City and the Country.

The Rollis correspondent of the Middle River Pioneer, published in Marshall County, Minnesota, says: "The question, 'Resolved: That city life is more pleasant than country life' was debated at the Gatzke schoolhouse last Saturday evening and was attended by quite a number from this section. The country folks got the worst of it as they always do, and the affirmative won the question. The fact is, there is not much left of the old-fashioned country life except the poetry, and that is a hard thing to live on in two feet of snow. Get up a question that has two sides to it."

Now if that isn't poor old struggling, discontented human nature all over.

The question whether it is pleasanter to live in the city or the country being debated in the country, the city wins, and the sage reporter disdainfully declares that it couldn't be otherwise, because there is only one side to the question.

If the same question had been debated in the city, it is absolutely beyond doubt that the country would have won, and the audience and the judges would have been unanimous in their decision.

Country people, surrounded by conditions toward which the longing hearts of city people stretch out invisible soul hands, declare that city life is more pleasant than country life. City people, surrounded by conditions whose surface brilliancies make the country people discontented with their lot, would have declared in favor of country living as by far more pleasant.

So it goes. The berries on the clump of bushes just beyond are always bigger, juicier and more plentiful. The pool just a little farther up the trout stream always looks more temptingly promising. Our neighbor's lot in life looks rosier and more thornless than our own. The other fellow's calling looks more profitable and pleasant than ours.

The trouble is that those who judge thus superficially see only the glistening outside beauties, and don't think of the thorns that are on every rose bush.

The city man thinks of the calm peace, the glorious open fields and mystic woodlands, the wholesome living, the nicely adjusted relationships with their neighbors—not too close not too far away; of the swimming pool, the trout stream, the bass lake, the life-giving companionship with the fruitful soil, the fresh, open air and the charms of nature. He sees these in country living, and he forgets the possible monotonies, the possible hardships, and the possible narrowness of life—though these are as man makes them, whether he is alone in a wilderness of nature or more terribly alone in a wilderness of humanity.

The country man thinks of the crowded streets, the busy life, the theaters, the libraries, the concerts, the lectures, the air of activity and industry, the never-failing association of varied humanity. He sees these pleasant things, and he overlooks the poverty, the higher cost of living, the distinctions of class based on possession of money, the arrogance of the rich toward the poor, the dusty, monotonous abysses called streets, the hard *conditions of employment*, the financial hopelessness of the struggle for the vast majority.

There is good in each and bad in each, but wherever a man is he must create his own atmosphere if he is to be a full man and a true man.—Duluth Herald.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.

Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Little Great Men.

A Chinese who had long studied the works of Confucius, who knew the characters of 14,000 words and could read a great part of every book that came in his way once took it into his head to travel into Europe. Upon his arrival at Amsterdam his passion for letters naturally led him to a bookseller's shop, and as he could speak a little Dutch he civilly asked the bookseller for the works of the immortal Xixofou. The bookseller assured him he had never heard the book mentioned before. "Alas," cried our traveler, "to what purpose, then, has he fasted to death to gain a renown which has never traveled beyond the precincts of China?" There is scarce a village in Europe and not one university that is not thus furnished with its little great men.—Oliver Goldsmith.

First American Play.

The first play written by an American produced in this country, according to the Philadelphia Public Ledger, was the tragedy, "The Prince of Parthia," by Thomas Godfrey, which was brought out at the Southwark theater in the Quaker City in April, 1767, by Lewis Hallam's company, the first organization of players to visit Philadelphia. Godfrew was an ambitious young poet, who died at an early age. His play was above mediocrity and an important part of the volume of his works published in 1765.

A Use For His Obituary.

A well meaning and conscientious editor on being shown by the man most interested that the death of the commandant was falsely reported in his paper, apologized profusely and offered to make it all right.

"We'll print a correction at once," he said.

"Well," said the man who wasn't dead, "perhaps it would be better to let it stand. I'll show it to my friends when they want to borrow money."

Not Disturbed.

Nassau William Senior, the English political economist, was a frequent guest of Lord Lansdowne at Lansdowne House and on one occasion was busily writing, quite abstracted as usual, in a room full of company when Tom Moore was singing. The scratch of his pen was not an agreeable accompaniment, and at last one of the company asked very politely, "You are not fond of music, Mr. Senior?" "No," he replied, "but it does not disturb me in the least. Pray go on."

Careful About Worry.

A physician was recently attending a patient whose husband came to see him concerning her condition and greeted him with the words, "Mr. Irving, do you think there is any need for any unnecessary anxiety about my wife?"—Argonaut.

Guessed It.

Guest (suspiciously eying the flattened pillows and the crinkled sheets)—Look here, landlord, this bed has been slept in! Landlord (triumphantly)—That's what it's meant for!

Renovated.

Puffer—What's happened to my meerschaum pipe? Mrs. Puffer—Why, dear, I noticed it was getting awfully brown and discolored, so I put a coat of that white enamel on it.

Variety.

Visitor—Why do you make some of your pies round and some of them square? Wife—Because my husband has been complaining of sameness of his diet lately.

Jesters must be content to taste of their broth.—Latin Proverb.

Subscribe for the News.
Subscribe for the News.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Salmon Chinook choice 1 lb. can.	15
Salmon Princess choice cut 1 lb. can.	25
Grapes Princess per can.	25
Cherris Princess per can.	35
Tomatoes Princes regular prcie 15c, now,	12½
Corn Princess, regular price 15c, now,	12½
Peaches Princess sliced lemon-cling, per can.	30
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Peas, Golden West early June 2 cans for	25
Beans Golden West Cut Refuge per can	15
Apples, per gallon can.	35
Coffee, fresh roasted per lb.	15

We receive shipments of green vegetables on Wednesdays and Saturdays which are always kept *Nice* and *Fresh*.

DOCK & NELSON

Phone No. 115. 3rd St.

MILLINERY
the latest
the best
the cheapest
at
CALDWELL'S.
North LaBree
Avenue, opposite
Hotel North
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Lewis Heyduk

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Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

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VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

PROGRAM

Fourteenth Annual Tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament Association, Thief River Falls, Minn., June 16-19, 1908.

Reception Committee on duty from 8 o'clock P. M. June 15th., until close of Tournament.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16.

9.00 a. m.	Meeting of Executive Committee at Firemen's hall.	
1 30 p. m.	Address of Welcome at the Fair Ground by Mayor Hamre. Addresses by other prominent speakers.	
3.00 p. m.	Association Hose Race (the greatest feature of the Tournament) first prize championship banner valued at $75 and $50, cash	$ 125.00
	2nd prize	35.00
	3rd prize	20.00

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17.

9.00 a. m.	Grand parade.	
	First prize to the company having the most uniformed men in line	25.00
	Second prize.—For the next largest company in uniform	10.00
	For the best appearing company first prize	25.00
	For second best " "	10 00
	(Thief River Falls Firemen barred from Parade Prizes.)	
10.30 a. m.	Coupling Contest.	
	First prize	20.00
	Second prize	15.00
	Third prize	10.00
	One hundred yard dash, for Firemen only.	
	First prize	15 00
	Second prize	10.00
	Third prize	5.00
1:30 p. m.	Association hook & ladder race.	
	First prize	60.00
	Second	40.00
	Third	20.00
	Ladder Climbing.	
	First prize	15.00
	Second	10.00
	Third	5.00
4:00 p. m.	Base Ball.	
	Purse	100.00

THURSDAY, JUNE 18.

9:30 a. m.	Combination Hook and Ladder and Hose Race.	
	First prize	75 00
	Second prize	45.00
	Third prize	25.00
2:00 p. m.	Flag race.	
	First prize	20 00
	Second prize	15.00
	Hub & Hub race.	
	First prize	60.00
	Second prize	35.00
	Third prize	20.00
4:00 p. m.	Base ball.	
	Purse	100 00
	Evening.	
	Grand Ball at Opera House. Free to all firemen.	

FRIDAY, JUNE 19.

10:00 a. m.	In City. Service Wet Test.	
	First prize. Silver Water Set, valued at $40., Cash $60.	100.00
	Second prize	35.00
	Third prize	20.00
1:30 p. m.	Base Ball.	
	Purse	75.00

There will be Band Music, Concerts, Dances and Boat Excursions during the Tournament.

Use of Apparatus of Thief River Falls Fire Department free to all competing Teams. Apparatus of all visiting Teams will be hauled from and to trains and cared for free of charge. No tents needed.

D. B. BAKKE,	H. A. LOKEN,	T. P. HAMRE,	OSCAR SPONHEIM,
President.	Vice President.	Cashier.	Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;—18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

For Real Estate Loans, we are now better prepared than before, come and consult us.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

People's State Bank.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

Now is the time to buy your wire fencing. We have a large stock of American Fence, in all widths, at a very low price.

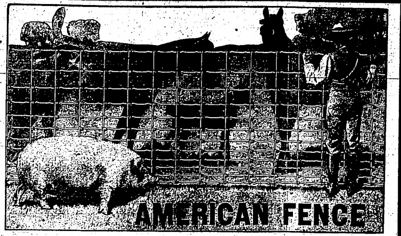

We also sell the **Quick Meal Ranges**, the best stove made.

Do you want to paint your house this spring? If so, buy your paint from us, it is 100 per cent pure.

Our Hardware line is now complete, and we carry everything usually kept in a first-class Hardware Store. Give us a trial. We aim to please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

TRIES BLACKMAIL

Bemidji Man Writes Letters and Gets Cought At It.

Bemidji, April 17.—August Kisser, a young man living with his mother on a farm five miles west of Bemidji, was arrested at the point of a gun, at midnight last night, after he had attempted to carry out a bold scheme of blackmail from which he expected to realize a good sized sum of money. Kisser was brought to the city by deputy sheriffs J. N. Baily and Arne Solberg, and lodged in the county jail, awaiting a hearing for his crime.

From a confession made by Kisser to the two officers while he was being brought to town, it was learned that Kisser was the author of an anonymous letter sent to George B. Thompson, in which the latter demanded that a sum of money be left for him at a lonely spot west of the city. The letter was as follows:

Mr. George B. Thompson:—We know you have money in the bank. Now, what we want is $100; and if you don't give it to us we will poison all your stock. Leave it at the signboard at 10 o'clock Wednesday night, April 14th. Remember, you are watched, and if you tell the police about this you will get hurt. Remember. XXXX

Mr. Thompson, who is a farmer living west of Bemidji, received the letter, in due course of the mail, and after thinking the matter over, handed the threatening epistle to the sheriff's office.

Deputy Sheriffs J. N. Bailey and Arne Solberg arranged with Mr. Thompson that he should apparently carry out the desire of the writer of the letter, and he was induced to go alone to the signboard (about three miles northwest of Bemidji) and deposit a package resembling a bundle of money, the officers to lie and wait in the shrubbery for the man who demanded the money.

The plan of the officers was carried out by Mr. Thompson, who went alone to the lonely spot where the signboard stands, and left the package, which contained paper, afterwards returning to his home.

The deputies remained in the brush until 12:30, when they decided that the man after the money had given up his quest and they walked to the signboard. At that instant the form of a man came out of the darkness towards the place where the officers stood. He was accosted and ordered to throw up his hands.

The strangar responded by making a movement with his hand towards his hip pocket, when Baily and Solberg drew their revolvers and fired in the air, at the same time advancing on the stranger. The latter failed to get out his gun before he was overpowered and his revolver taken from him.

The officers placed the man under arrest, ascertaining that his name was August Kisser.

While the trip was being made to the city, Mr. Kisser was finally induced to tell what he knew of the letter written to Thompson, and he confessed to being the author of the threatening document, claiming that he needed money very badly and took that method of getting it, knowing that Mr. Thompson had funds in a Bemidji bank.

Kisser made many overtures to the officers to let him escape, saying that no one else knew of his connection with the affair, and that he could be released and no one would be the wiser.

He was lodged in Beltrami county jail to await a hearing on a charge of attempted blackmail.

One Hundred Watch Sale

April 10th, I place One-Hundred complete high grade watches on a special sale at an extremely low price. Sale will be continued until the One-Hundred watches are sold. The reason why?

My desire is to convince the public that they can buy watches at a lower price right here at home, than they do from any eastern corporation.

My desire is to prove to the shrewdest and the most skeptical buyer and convince one and all that it is a fact.

Every watch is tested and guaranteed to be a perfect timepiece and the price for which it will be sold is guaranteed to be absolutely the lowest.

Money refunded in case you are not satisfied with your purchase.

The One-Hundred watches are the following: Elgin, Waltham and Hamilton movements. Boss, Crescent, Crown Goldfilled, Solid Gold and Silverine cases. Open face and hunting, sizes ladies and gentlemen from 7 to 23 jewels. Prices attached in plain figures to every watch, one price to everyone. Don't delay, get choice of selections at;

A. J. Klimek's Jewelry Store,

Meehan Building | LaBree avenue.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The following patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery received over $50 for the month of March:

A. Mortenson,	$95.54
H. Houpt,	89.56
J. Konikson,	79.45
Swan Johnson,	67.39
E. Just,	64.08
N. A. Nelson,	58.61
L. P. Tyre'n,	56.45
Peter Johnson,	56.57
F. Seeger,	55.24
S. Wiberg	53.09
J. Albin	53.25
Anton Peterson,	51.27
Henry Raadorf,	50.06

Price paid for butterfat, 31 cents.

Total amount received	$4,554.57
Total amt rec'd in '07 same mo	3,948.10
Same, in 1906,	2,105.50
Same, in 1905	1,994.70
Same, in 1904,	1,467.74

Fined $75 and Cost.

The case of Val Yager, charged with selling liquor to minors, was tried before Judge Bishop on Saturday and on Monday, a decision was rendered finding Mr. Yager guilty as charged, and he was fined $75 and costs. Attorney Charles E. Boughton was attorney for Mr. Yager while City Attorney Halvorson prosecuted. Mr. Yager has appealed the case to the district court and if it is decided against him there will appeal to the supreme court.

Germantown.

Winter is now a part of history and this is the busy season. Just now it is well to remember that as we sow so shall we also reap. That April first blizzard beat us out of the early spring we had hoped for; but with the present favorable weather a fair amount of seeding will be done this week.

An agent of the Home Comfort Range Co. covered the county last week, selling the farmers stoves and ranges.

Emil Otto returned last week from Radium where he had visited the old folks.

Rudolph Manthey, since last fall proprietor of the Scandia hotel, sold all his effects at auction April 14th and is preparing to leave for the Pacific coast. C. M. Evenson was up from Thief River Falls to conduct the sale. The hotel is vacant at present but another landlord is promised in the near future.

Road inspector Martin Olson has been kept busy for some time, repairing defective culverts and a large number of improvements have been made.

Carl Severson, a pioneer resident of this section returned last week after an extended absence at Minneapolis and Wisconsin points.

Albert Bakken, a former resident of the town of Clover Leaf and now located up in Western Canada, came down last week. He intends to take with him back a shipment of working oxen, for use on the Canadian prairies.

The foundation for the new school house is now being built and the construction of the building will be hurried hereafter with all possible speed.

Mrs. J. Ryne, superintendent of the local American Union Sunday school, returned some time ago from New York where she has spent the winter. The Sunday school was opened again last Sunday, after having been closed during the winter.

Jos. Duchamp has been awarded a new mail route contract, the route running between Thief River Falls and Kratka.

The cream receipts at the local creameries, like the capitol of Ireland, is dublin every time.

Rev. S. H. Aarness of Liner delivered the Easter sermon in the Norwegian Lutheran church last Sunday.

Ole Overby who has been visiting with his brother at this place for some time, leaves this week for East Grand Forks.

The new grass is just making its apparance which is earlier than other years.

Subscribe for the News.

NO FOUL PLAY.

Someone Misinforms the Crookston Daily Journal.

The Crookston Daily Journal of Monday contained the following item:

August Peterson, whose corpse was found in the Red Lake river at Thief River Falls Wednesday morning at five o'clock, may have been the victim of foul play. At any rate a strict post mortem examination will be held over his body to discover if he really met his death by drowning.

The Tuesday before he met his death he had sold a quarter section of land located about 1 mile south of Sandridge for $2800. He was displaying his money about the street and in the resorts of Thief River Falls while in an intoxicated condition. He was also boasting of the large amount of money he had on his person. A friend took him in charge and made him deposit the money in the bank, but it is considered that, believing he still had the money on his person he may have been the object of attack by unscrupulous frequenters of the resorts in which he appeared. Any other explanation of how he came in the Red Lake River off the bridge as that structure has a high railing and it would be almost impossible for a drunken man to get thru into the river, if such a notion had gotten into his head.

The publication of this item gave the people of Thief River Falls the first intimation of any foul play, and so far as can be learned there is absolutely no grounds for the article. Mr. Peterson sold his farm up at Sandridge about four years ago and has resided in the city since that time. He had very little if any cash upon his person the day upon which he drowned, and so far as is known by his friends and relatives, he had no money deposited in any of the banks.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending April, 18, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Amundson, Gunerius.
Johnson, Henry......2.
Rice, Major,
Svift, Arthur C. W.
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There is absolutely nothing in common between a dirty cream separator and a gilt edged butter product.

Any system of agriculture which encourages grain selling rather than dairying and stock raising is open to serious criticism.

Soils where the sorrel grows readily and clover will not get a foothold may be put right by the application of lime in some form.

Every use in which cement may be substituted for lumber is directly an aid to the government's wise system of forest preservation.

The truly patriotic citizen will not only vote for the right man at the polls in November, but he will plant seed corn in April and May.

While there should very properly be drafts coming from the chicken house now and then, there should be none entering it at night while the fowls are at roost.

Since hen manure is a very concentrated fertilizer, it should be put on the garden quite sparingly. If applied too plentifully it will kill vegetation and even young trees.

It will be very likely the same chap who failed to test his seed corn before planting it who will be bemoaning his hard luck and cussing the weather and Providence next election time.

There is a whole raft of so called pious and really well meaning people with whom it is mighty uncomfortable getting along, the trouble being as largely due to matters of psychology as of morals.

When the poultry is confined, and particularly during the winter months, meat scraps or other animal food should be provided to take the place of the insect life which they feed upon extensively during the spring, summer and fall months.

A young man's chief and most valuable assets as he starts out in life are honesty, sobriety and push. If a fellow has these traits, he will win out under most any circumstances, and if he doesn't he surely has a rocky and disappointing row to hoe.

It is quite likely more a matter of an available food supply than a certain degree of temperature that calls the migratory birds to their northern haunts at the return of spring. They fly south in the fall at the disappearance of insect life and return when it awakens in the spring.

There should be brought into the home along with sacks of flour, flitches of bacon and canned stuff good books and magazines for the maintenance of the intellectual life of the home. Starvation of the higher faculties may not be so immediately noticeable as is a depletion of physical strength, yet the effects are just as disastrous and far-reaching.

The broad tired wagon and the King road drag should go hand in hand in the improvement of the country highways. The use of the narrow tire on roads that have been put in good shape will tend to undo much of the good work which has been done, while the broad tired wagon is a real aid to whatever may have been accomplished along the line of road improvement.

A nearby farmer who for a number of years past has made a specialty of some one product each year last year had fifty acres planted to cabbages. When he had marketed the last carload of the vegetable, he found that he had cleared in the neighborhood of $50 per acre. The raising of the crop meant to start with a rich soil, clean cultivation and lots of hard work both in the care and marketing of the crop.

The listing of corn—the planting of it in the bottom of a deep furrow and the covering of it deeper as it germinates and grows—is practiced in several transmississippi states and is made necessary in order to make up for a deficient rainfall. Planted in this way the roots of the corn go deep and receive moisture from the subsoil. In other states in the eastern portion of the corn belt the effort of the tiller of the soil is quite often to overcome the handicap of a surplus of moisture.

There has recently been placed in a sawmill at Tacoma, Wash., what is said to be the largest leather belt that was ever made. It is 114 feet long, eight feet wide and three ply thick. It weighs 2,500 pounds, and there were required in its manufacture the hides of 225 large steers. The hides after being tanned were stretched under great tension and cemented to each other under a very heavy pressure, so that there was no need for a stitch or rivet in the whole belt.

While a cream separator is an admirable machine in the hands of a careful person, in the hands of one who is slovenly and dirty it may become a mere device for covering up filth, in which case it completely fails of its mission.

The fellow with a cracker box full of beer and whisky bottles in his wood shed, who attributes his poverty and so called hard luck to the economic system in which he lives on the government to which he pays taxes, is lacking in the ability to reason from cause to effect.

Every quarter section farm should have a flock of sheep numbering from thirty to sixty. If present fences are not adequate the reform should begin here. In any event there should be the sheep. It is well to embark in the business on a modest scale and increase the flock as experience is acquired.

"God helps those who help themselves" is nowhere given a more exact application than in the case of the fellow who thoroughly tests his seed corn. The good Lord can't do much for the fellow who is slipshod and trusts to luck, and this is just as true in the field of agriculture as it is in the realm of morals.

If the recent financial depression has caught any one class on the hip more than another it is those who, counting *on a continuation of boom times*, were last fall doing a $100,000 land business on a capital of less than $10,000, with a whole lot of partial payments made by customers on land negotiated with no present prospect that they will be able to make another payment for some time to come.

Few men of ordinary capacity can make a striking success of more than one thing, be it in the professions or various business pursuits, and the largest measure of success is usually obtained by devoting one's energies only to a single phase of a given occupation. Such restriction of attention and activity permits of a closeness of study and application that is not possible where a fellow tries to spread himself out over a forty acre lot.

While environment often contributes to success or failure in life, the determining causes in nine cases out of ten lie in the man himself. There are men who are bound to rise regardless of obstacles that they may find in their way, while another class could not be lifted out of the rut in which they move with anything short of block and tackle. While traits of push or inertia may be in a measure inherited, it is well to remember that both may be measurably increased or diminished by persistent attention or by indifference and neglect.

Potatoes to produce the smoothest and best tubers should be cut so as to have two strong eyes to the piece and planted to a depth of four inches in a rich soil which has been put in the best of tilth. If the potatoes to be used for seed show signs of scab they should be given the formalin treatment, suspended in a gunny sack and soaked for two hours in a solution made by mixing one-quarter of a pint of formalin in about twelve gallons of water. This treatment should be given the seed after it is cut and a short time before planting.

There are occasions when the taking or giving of a receipt for a sum of money paid may seem to be unnecessary, yet it is wise to do so in every case. With the most honest and best meaning of people there is possibility of a failure to make proper credit for an amount paid, and unless memory serves there is likely to be ground for a serious misunderstanding. As soon as one receives a receipt or acknowledgment he should file it away in a place of safe keeping, where it can be found should occasion require. The saving of all receipts may mean the saving of a good many dollars in a period of years.

The farmer who is wading around in his barnyard these days in a sort of manurial mush or gravy and has a good sized stack of straw in a nearby field which will have to be scattered and burned or hauled off before that part of the field can be plowed is certainly in need of instruction on some of the fundamentals of a rational system of agriculture. How much better all around if all of the straw that he did not need for feed had been scattered liberally over the whole barnyard and feed lot! This by spring would have become packed down and saturated with the melting snow and fertilizing elements of the droppings and urine, with the result that a fine lot of additional manure would have been at hand, ready for distribution on the hungry land.

The other day, within a week after the sweet liquid notes of the first meadow larks were heard in the vicinity where the writer lives, his attention was called to the fact that on the preceding day a fool schoolboy with a gun had come out from town and killed one of the pretty fellows without provocation of any kind, but just simply as the result of the barbarian desire to kill something. The lad in question must have been poorly trained at home and had his wits woolgathering when his teacher was trying to inculcate lessons on the protection of the useful song birds or he would never have been guilty of such an offense. The laws of his state impose a fine for the destruction of such birds, a law that merely from the financial standpoint of the farmer and gardener should be enforced to the letter.

FEDERAL BIRD PROTECTION.

If the reports in the public press during the past few months relative to the destruction of migratory song birds in southern states can be accepted with any degree of accuracy, it would seem high time that our chief executive and our representatives in congress were coming forward and espousing the cause of the protection of our useful birds by federal statute. It is reported that in the state of Louisiana alone there were killed by pot hunters during five or six weeks during January and February the enormous number of 1,000,000 robins. What the slaughter of this enormous number of useful birds means along the line of a destruction of power to hold insect pests in check can hardly be estimated. Yet it is quite likely that these birds were but a small portion of the total number of this and other varieties killed. Not only is the robin a friend of the southern gardener and cotton grower in destroying the common insects and the cotton boll weevil, but he is the main standby of the northern agriculturist. Every argument, both of sentiment and utility, would seem to demand that he and others be protected by federal laws which would levy a heavy fine for killing such birds, whether to provide wings and feathers for my lady's hat or to furnish the filling for potpies. Along with and in return for protection by people of the south of the robin and his like, birds which spend their winters there, the northern farmer could well afford to provide *more nesting* places and protect the purple martin, which, in addition to paying for his keep in the north, is considered one of the most valuable birds to the cotton growers in the destruction of the cotton boll weevil. The species of birds mentioned as well as many others are from their migratory habits factors of interstate interest and traffic, even if they do provide for their own transportation, and would therefore seem to come quite properly within the scope of federal or interstate legislation.

THE CORN QUESTION.

Viewed from several sides, it is questionable if in the end fifty cent corn is as great a boon for the agricultural interests of the country as many are wont to hold. In the first place, unless both hogs and cattle fetch an extremely high price, there is insufficient margin to justify extensive feeding operations. The result of this condition is that much of the grain is sold in the raw state, a large amount of fertility being removed from the farm in the process. With twenty-five cent corn, on the other hand, the temptation to sell the grain is greatly reduced, while if fed to stock it can be counted on with fair prices to yield 50 cents or better per bushel. The lower priced corn is not only a boon to the fellow who raises what he feeds because stock feeding tends to increase the fertility of his land, but it is also a distinct advantage to the fellow who has to buy all his feed. The above remarks would hardly hold good if fifty cent corn were always accompanied by $7.50 hogs, but this is not the case. The past winter season found corn between 50 and 60 cents per bushel, depending somewhat upon quality and locality, while hogs brought barely $4 per hundredweight on the central markets. The whole effect of this situation was to discourage or stop almost entirely stock feeding operations and dump a horde of unfinished stock upon a slump market, and this, whatever the price received for corn, can only be viewed as an agricultural calamity.

A GOOD WORD FOR THE DEVIL.

They possess an unfortunate disposition who are so warped or jealous that they can see little or no good in their fellows. We have in mind an acquaintance who is of this type. He almost unconsciously minimizes and discounts the good traits and deeds of his fellows and in the same way magnifies their defects and misconduct. This view of life always places human beings below par, is as pessimistic as it is unfair and brings no comfort or sunshine into life. Rather should be cultivated the habit of the good old sister who had such a way of saying a good word for all that when some one to test her began to upbraid the devil as a pretty tough character she replied that if Christian people were as energetic and industrious in working at their profession as he was at his the world would be a good deal better off. While the old lady may have carried her doctrine to an extreme, she was certainly working along the right line.

OPENING FOR HOME SEEKERS.

Under the provisions of the Carey federal irrigation act there will be offered for sale by the government this spring 412 forty-acre farms in the Yellowstone river valley, in the state of Montana. The farms are three miles from a railway station, while the climate of the section is delightful and the soil most fertile and responsive when quickened with the water from the irrigation system. Wheat, oats, rye and barley are all grown successfully, while apples and small fruits do exceptionally well. Alfalfa yields five tons per acre and fetches $5 per ton in the stack, while as high as $50 per acre is made from the culture of sugar beets. These small farms can be secured at a very reasonable figure, detailed information regarding them and the conditions under which they may be secured being obtainable from the statistician of the United States reclamation service, Washington. This is a bona fide proposition and is worth looking into.

F. E. Trigg

CRIMINAL NEWS.

As a result of the first conviction under the pure food and drugs law Robert N. Harper, a drug manufacturer and one of the best known business men of Washington, D. C., was sentenced by Judge Kimball in the police court to pay a fine of $500 on one count and $200 on another count of the indictment recently returned against him for manufacturing and selling an alleged mislabeled pharmaceutical compound. President Roosevelt had insisted that the prosecuting officer demand a jail sentence.

James Ryan, chief of police of Warrensburg, Mo., and Byron Hall, aged thirty, a son of J. E. Hall, a farmer living near Warrensburg, were killed and James E. Basham and Robert Pollock, night officers, were wounded in a pistol duel in the corridor of the Estes hotel. The three officers were attempting to take a revolver from Hall, when he shot all three. The officers returned the fire.

Two men entered the Citizens' State bank at Chatauqua, Kan., and after forcing Cashier C. C. Walterhouse and Del Easley, a business man, to enter the vault, locked them in and secured all the currency in sight, amounting to about $3,000, and escaped into the Osage hills across the line in Oklahoma.

Woodbury, N. J., is greatly shocked over the sensational suicide of the Rev. George W. Tomson, pastor of the Woodbury Presbyterian church, and the subsequent developments which involved the names of at least three women of that place.

Jesse Llewellyn Call, daughter of former Governor Llewellyn of Kansas, committed suicide in a hotel at Chicago by taking poison. Despondency because of ill health is believed to have been the cause.

Mistaken for burglars John and William D. Frank, sons of R. O. Frank, a Columbus (O.) grocer, were shot and killed by City Patrolmen Heinze and Casey.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Federal Judge Hanford, at Seattle, Wash., has signed the group bond decision, which means that the old lumber rate will go into effect pending the decision of the interstate commerce commission.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that the business situation shows no material change, improvement in some directions being offset by more curtailment in other departments.

The Dorr Street Savings bank at Toledo, O., an institution situated in the factory district and patronized principally by workmen and small tradesmen, has closed its doors.

The price of cotton options on the New York Cotton Exchange has gone below 9 cents per pound for the first time since September, 1906.

The American battleship fleet has arrived at San Diego, Cal., and was given a most enthusiastic reception.

LABOR NEWS.

The 200,000 idle miners in the Central competitive district have returned to work, following an agreement reached at a joint conference of miners and operators at Toledo, O. Both sides are delighted with the outcome of the conference and declare there is now a more harmonious feeling between miners and operators than has existed in years.

A federation of all unions employed in the shops of the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern railroads has been completed. It will fight reductions in a new wage scale to a finish.

The joint conference of operators and miners of the Iowa district has agreed upon a scale which is in practically every respect a duplicate of the expired contract.

A Bad Break.

"It beats the Dutch," said a young broker, "how much trouble a fellow's wife's most charming girl friend can make for a fellow—or for a fellow's wife." Then he explained what appeared to be greatly in need of explanation. "I went home for dinner the other night," he continued, "with a friend who was married recently. The wife's old chum was there and met the husband for the first time.

"'Really,' she said on presentation, 'I quite feel that I have known you. You see, that picture of yours in football costume that Jennie always kept on her dresser so long was very familiar to me.'

"Say, you ought to have seen the face of that friend of mine. But he finally found his voice.

"'But, my dear Miss Smith,' he replied, 'I never was a football player and never had on a football costume.'

"Then you should have seen Miss Smith's face."—New York Globe.

Animals Are Not Proud.

Professor Schuster asserts that animals lack moral feeling entirely, none of their acts being immoral or moral in the broad sense, and that they have no trace of a sense of shame or of honor. Their courage, he declares, is "a mere impulse of nature," and of moral courage they know nothing. He continues: "And animals have no pride in the sense of man's conception of that quality. They are not proud of their kind, of their kindred, of their individuality. They neither have an individuality nor are individual. Animals are not proud because they have no consciousness of the scope of the value of their kind, of their enterprise or of any other form of their capability. They are neither supercilious, proud nor the contrary—that is, grieved, wounded or depressed in regard to a possible pride."

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Right to the Point.

"The following letter," said a traveling man, "was received by a friend of mine who was drumming up trade in New England for a New York necktie house:

"'We have received your letter with expense account. What we want is orders. We have big families to make expenses for us. We find in your expense account 50 cents for billiards. Please don't buy any more billiards; also we see $2.25 for horse and buggy. Where is the horse, and what did you do with the buggy? The rest of your expense account is nothing but bed. Why is it you don't ride more in the nighttime?

"'John says you should stop in Boston, where his cousin George Moore lives. John says you should sell Moore a good bill. Give good prices—he is John's cousin. Sell him mostly for cash; also John says you can leave Boston at 11:45 in the night and get to Concord at 4:35 in the morning. Do this and you won't need any bed. And, remember, what we want is orders.'"

Trading as a Fine Art.

A grocery store in Nelson, Lancashire, was managed by a collier's wife. One night the good woman was compelled to leave the shop for a short time in charge of her husband, giving him full instructions how to act and especially cautioning him that in the event of a customer presenting a jar or pot and asking for treacle, jam or pickles he "must be sure and weigh th' pot."

Full of confidence, the collier installed himself behind the counter. In a short time a lad ran into the shop and piped out:

"I want two pound o' pickles fur mi fayther, and here's th' pot."

The good man carefully weighed the pot and exclaimed:

"Nay, lad, th' pot weighs enough bowt pickles, but I'll gi' thi one or two anyway."—Liverpool Mercury.

The First American Duel.

In the year 1639 occurred the first duel known to have taken place on American soil. The principals, Edward Doty and Edward Leister, were servants of a Mr. Hopkins, one of the New England colonists. The men had quarreled over some trifling matter and resorted to the field for its settlement. The affair was stopped by the authorities, but not before one had been wounded in the thigh and the other in the hand. There was no law covering such matters, but the governor of the province decided that the men should be punished nevertheless. At his orders they were sent to have their heads and feet tied together and lie in that condition twenty-four hours without food or drink. They suffered so much, however, that they were released at the end of an hour.

His Apprenticeship.

"Yes," said Mr. Pater, with ill concealed pride, "my youngest boy makes some smart remarks at times. Only recently he asked me what it meant to be an apprentice. I told him that it meant the binding of one person to another by agreement and that one person so bound had to teach the other all he could of his trade or profession, while the other had to watch and learn how things were done and had to make himself useful in every way possible."

"What did he say to that?" asked one of the audience.

"Why, after a few minutes the young rascal looked up at me and said, 'Then I suppose you're apprenticed to mother, aren't you, dad?'"—London Answers.

Herbert Spencer and the Puddles.

On no occasion was Herbert Spencer known to ride when going to a dinner, yet so carefully did he guard himself against the chance of soiling his dress shoes that he habitually carried a bundle of old newspapers under his arm. These were for the purpose of being dropped, one by one, into each mud puddle he might encounter on crossing the street. By the time he reached his destination the store of papers was exhausted. Muddy shoes on the return walk did not matter to him in the least.—London Caterer.

For Emergencies.

A banking reserve is for use, not merely for show. It is for use in times of emergency. Yet some bankers look upon their reserves very much as the superintendent of a hospital regarded its emergency bed. A patient all banged up in an accident was brought to the hospital one night and was told that there was no room for him. "Why not put him in the emergency bed?" it was suggested. "If we put him in the emergency bed," it was replied, "then we would have no emergency bed."—Wall Street Journal.

A Clever Scheme.

Mother (examining school report)—How did you come to have such good marks in arithmetic this week? Tommy—Well, you see, it was this way: We had ten examples a day, and I got the teacher to help me to do five, and Eric Jones got her to help him on the other five. Then we swapped helps. See?—Harper's.

Impartial.

"Mr. Scatterton prides himself on being strictly impartial."

"Yes," answered the unamiable man. "I once went shooting with him. He didn't seem to care whether he hit the rabbit, the dog or one of his friends."

The Dangerous Case.

One of the surgeons of a hospital asked an Irish help which he considered the most dangerous of the many cases then in the hospital. "That, sir," said Patrick as he pointed to a case of surgical instruments.

Man's wrinkled face is the original time table.—Dallas News.

The Buckboard.

"There are few persons who know how the name of 'buckboard' came to be applied to a vehicle," says a writer. "It was away back in the twenties, when the transportation of goods, wares and merchandise was almost entirely by wagon. A Dr. Buck was then in charge of military stores en route to army posts in the southwest. In east Tennessee much difficulty was experienced by reason of the rough roads, and there were frequent mishaps, mostly from wagons overturning. Dr. Buck overhauled the outfit and, abandoning the wagon bodies, long boards were set directly on the axles or hung below, and the stores were loaded in such a manner that there were no further delays from breakdowns, and the stores safely reached their destinations. In special emergency, too, the load could be shifted or taken off in a hurry. Dr. Buck's example was followed, especially when roads were rough, and soon much hauling was done by the use of wheels, axles and boards only. Now we have the buckboard, both in carriage and automobile forms, conforming closely to the original idea, though few suspect the source of it."—Chicago News.

Technical Swearing.

The late Sir John Millais was a very keen fisherman. He used to tell a story of an old man who was his attendant during a day's sport in the north of England. The old man was full of local gossip and small scandal and where the natural supply failed him he was clearly able to manufacture enough of his own to go on with. "I were out with the bishop yesterday," said the old man, referring to a popular church dignitary, who is also a good fisherman. "Ah," replied Millais, "he's a good man!" "Well," continued the old fellow, "'e may be, but 'e do swear a bit when 'e's fishin'." "Oh, nonsense!" replied Millais. "I don't believe that." The old man insisted that he was right, however. "I'll give you an instance," he said. "I was standin' 'longside o' the bishop same as I might be aside o' you, and 'e'd got a big fellow at the end of 'is line that was pretty nigh pullin' 'im off 'is feet, and I turns to 'is lordship and I says, ''E pulls — 'ard, don't he?' and the bishop says, 'Yes, 'e do.' Well, now, ain't that swearin'?"—London M. A. P.

St. Patrick and the Roosters.

St. Patrick's reputation as a snake charmer is known all the world over, but what he did to the roosters is a bit of history less disseminated. There is a small district in the heart of County Sligo, it seems, which strenuously resented the intrusion of the Scotchman. Succat (St. Patrick) had become exceedingly domineering, and it was decided to put a damper on his progress. He said to his hostess, "Wake me when the cock crows." When he had gone to bed she whispered this command to the neighbors, and all the populace concealed their roosters under small creels so they could not lift their heads high enough to crow. In consequence thereof the saint overslept himself and was furious when he discovered the trick that had been played on him. He laid his everlasting curse on the roosters of that district, and they have never crowed since.—Exchange.

The Number Fourteen In France.

So far as France is concerned, it is the number fourteen that has played a conspicuous and generally portentous part in her history. On May 14, 1554, the Rue de la Ferronnerie was enlarged by order of Henri II., and four times fourteen years later Henri IV. was assassinated there by Ravaillac—namely, on May 14, 1610. Henri had lived four times fourteen years, fourteen weeks and four times fourteen days—i. e., fifty-six years and five months. Then Henri's son, Louis XIII., died May 14, 1643, and month as his fathers. And 1643 added together equals fourteen, just as 1553 (the year of the birth of Henri IV.) equals fourteen. Louis XIV ascended the throne 1643, which added together equals fourteen and similarly the year of his death (1715) equals.

The Doctor at Sea.

A veteran naval surgeon, speaking of the odd things that crop out in the service, said that one of the younger medical cranks in the navy discovered much virtue in sea water, and no matter what disease came on his first action was to throw down the patient's throat a large dose of the nauseating liquid. The crew soon learned to hate him thoroughly. In process of time he fell overboard in a choppy sea, and a great bustle ensued. In the midst of it the captain came up and anxiously inquired the cause. "Oh, nothing, sir," replied a tar, "only the doctor has fell into his medicine chest!"

Fooling the Youngster.

"Mother," said Mr. Popley guardedly to his wife, "why not take the y-o-u-n-g-s-t-e-r to the m-a-t-t-i-n-e-e to-morrow?"

"Pa," chimed in the youngster quietly, "there's only one 't' in 'matinee.'"

Advice to a Wife.

Advice is often too good to be taken, but a very agreeable variety was once given by James Russell Lowell to a young woman about to be married. "Always give your husband—your own way."

A Thirst For Knowledge.

Caller—I wish you would tell me what the real difference is between a Stradivarius and any other violin. Information Editor—Well, sometimes it is as much as $5,000.—Chicago Tribune.

The happiness of life consists in something to do, something to love and something to hope for.—Dr. Chalmers.

A Lesson In Grammar.

In a certain mountainous region the teachers are appointed with little question concerning their grammatical orthodoxy. Occasionally, however, a wave of school reform sweeps through the valleys, and undesired examinations are thrust upon embarrassed pedagogues.

It was during one of these periods of intellectual discomfort that the following sentence was given: "The bird flew over the house." Accompanying it was the query, "Is 'flew' a regular or an irregular verb?"

One teacher after another shook his head hopelessly despite the slow, thought inspiring fashion in which the examiner repeated the perplexing fact that "The—bird—flew—over—the—house."

Finally a man rose in the rear, and, with the assurance of one who puts his trust in logic and a practical knowledge of natural history, he volunteered a solution. Said he:

"If that bird which flew over the house was a wild goose, it went in a straight, regular line, so the verb is regular. But if it was a peckwood that flew over the house, then it went in a crooked, zigzag line, and so the verb is irregular."

All but the grammar bound examiner were satisfied with this sensible and rational explanation. — Youth's Companion.

Artistic Slips.

It is a frequent matter of lamentation on the part of artists that one of their number may spend genius and time on a piece of work, only to fall conspicuously in small detail.

There is a story that one Royal academician gave a band five fingers and a thumb and that another painted a live lobster bright red.

The clever Goodall had been engaged in painting a number of laborers dragging a huge stone across the desert when a man of science entering the studio said to him: "I say, Goodall, if you want those fellows to pull that stone you must double their number. It would require just twice as many for the task."

But it is not modern painters alone who slip up on points of accuracy. Even Albrecht Durer in a scene representing Peter denying Christ painted one of the Roman soldiers in the act of smoking. Turner put a rainbow beside the sun, and in another picture he got fearfully tangled in the ship's rigging.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Fixing a Photografter.

Senator Stone of Missouri once made himself unpopular with a certain photographer. The latter individual appeared at the senator's room at the capitol and announced that he was there to take a picture. Stone expostulated, but in vain. A few days later the photographer again appeared and presented the pictures and also a bill for $10. Remembering how hopeless was his argument against having the picture taken, Senator Stone decided it would be still more useless for him to decline to pay for them. So he wrote a check. After the man's name was on the check he wrote the word "Photografter."

When the man presented the check at the senate disbursing office for payment, he was required to indorse the check and write after his name, just as it was written on the face of the check, the word "Photo-grafter."—St. Louis Republic.

A Limit to His Power.

A curious historical anecdote is handed down from the time of James I. James, being in want of £20,000, applied to the corporation for a loan. The corporation refused. The king insisted. "But, sire, you cannot compel us," said the lord mayor. "No," exclaimed James, "but I'll ruin you and the city forever. I'll remove my courts of law, my court itself and my parliament to Winchester or to Oxford and make a desert of Westminster, and then think what will become of you!" "May it please your majesty," replied the lord mayor, "you are at liberty to remove yourself and your courts to wherever you please; but, sire, there will always be one consolation to the merchants of London—your majesty cannot take the Thames along with you!"

Garrick's Wit.

David Garrick on one occasion passed Tyburn as a huge crowd was assembling to witness the execution of a criminal. "Who is he?" asked the great actor of a friend who accompanied him.

"I believe his name is Vowel," was the reply.

"Ah," said Garrick, "I wonder which of the vowels he is, for there are several. At all events it is certain that it is neither U nor I!"—London Saturday Review.

Quite Natural.

"Of course," said the tourist, "you know all about the antidotes for snake bite?"

"Certainly," replied the explorer.

"Well, when a snake bites you what's the thing you do?"

"Yell."—Philadelphia Press.

Two Roads.

First Mother (reading letter from son at college)—Henry's letters always send me to the dictionary. Second Mother (resignedly)—That's nothing. Jack's always send me to the bank.—Puck.

Source of Supply.

Minister—My dear little boy, why don't you get an umbrella? Jakey—Since pa has quit going to church he never brings home any more umbrellas.—Jewish Ledger.

Every misfortune can be subdued with patience.—Socrates.

How He Did It.

"When I was connected with a certain western railway," says a prominent official of an eastern line, "we had in our employ a brakeman who, for special service rendered to the road, was granted a month's vacation. He decided to spend his time in a trip over the Rockies. We furnished him with passes.

"He went to Denver and there met a number of his friends at work on one of the Colorado roads. They gave him a good time and when he went away made him a present of a mountain goat.

"Evidently our brakeman was at a loss to get the animal home with him, as the express charges were very heavy at that time. Finally, however, hitting upon a happy expedient, he made out a shipping tag and tied it to the horns of the goat. Then he presented the beast to the office of the stock car line.

"Well, that tag created no end of amusement, but it served to accomplish the end of the brakeman. It was inscribed as follows:

"'Please pass the butter. Thomas J. Meechin, brakeman, S. S. and T. Ry.'"—Harper's Weekly.

Ant Merchants.

Ant merchants, clad in leather underwear, are to be found in Paris, London and several other European cities. Wherever pheasants are preserved the ant merchant is in demand.

It is not, however, ants, but the eggs of ants, that the man chiefly deals in. From every part of Europe ants are shipped to him, and he keeps them in ant runs—places similar in their nature to chicken runs—and he feeds and tends them carefully, so that their health will keep fine and they will lay generously.

The eggs he packs in wooden boxes and ships to various earls, dukes, counts and other game preserves in different parts of the world. And the ants themselves he slays as soon as they cease to lay, pressing them and selling them in black blocks similar to plug tobacco to dealers in birds and bird food.

It is interesting to be an ant merchant, but leather underwear is essential to the business, as the little creatures bite unmercifully.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Coincidence.

The strange story told by a defaulting debtor of his being recognized after he had been for six years trying to live down the past is not so strange a story as one which came within the ken of Professor Jowett. A good man went wrong, was caught and sentenced at Liverpool to imprisonment. After the sinner had served his term Jowett and others helped him, and he obtained a colonial editorship where his past was unknown. He did well; was a new man. One day a tornado swept off the roof of his office. Under the roof was discovered a batch of old English papers which had been placed there and forgotten after the mail had brought them. He set members of his staff to work to get out of the derelicts anything which might be interesting enough to print. The first thing that they found was a full report of the trial and conviction of the man himself, their editor, at Liverpool all those years before.—St. James' Gazette.

Pants and Trousers.

Everybody talks well when he talks in the way he likes, the way he can't help, the way he never thinks of. The rest is effort and pretense. The man who says "trousers" because he likes to say it and the man who says "pants" because he likes to say it are both good fellows with whom a frank soul could fraternize, but the man who says "trousers" when he wants to say "pants" is a craven and a truckler, equally hateful to honest culture and wholesome ignorance. He belongs in the same sordid category with the man who wears tight shoes and high collars that are a torment to the flesh, who eats olives that he doesn't relish and drinks uncongenial clarets in imitation of his genteel neighbor in the brownstone front.—Atlantic.

Book Evolution.

"Books" have progressed from the days when they were only wooden rods or bits of bark. For the derivation which connects "book" directly with "beech," both having been "boc" in Anglo-Saxon, is the favorite one. "Buchstaben," the German word for letters of the alphabet, means literally "beech staves." Many book words go back to such vegetable origin. The Latin "liber," a book, whence comes our "library," was properly the inner bark or rind of a tree, especially of papyrus. The Greek "biblon," whence "Bible" and "bibliophile," meant much the same thing. A "codex" was a block of wood, and "leaf" is obvious.

A Compromise.

A private soldier was taken to the guardroom for being intoxicated. He became excited. "Sergeant, am I drunk?" he asked of the "noncom" in charge.

"Yes—take off your boots," was the reply.

"But excuse me, sergeant," the delinquent continued, "I am only half drunk."

"Very well, then—take one boot off!" said his superior.—London Scraps.

Peculiarity of Madness.

Who can tell why it is that in madhouses the idea of subordination is very seldom to be found? Bedlam is inhabited only by kings, poets and philosophers.—Medora Messenger.

Human deeds and human lives are never understood until they are finished. You can no more tell in advance how manhood will turn out than how a young child will grow up.

Kratka.

Seeding is in full blast in our vicinity.

Mr. Ole Eggen had the misfortune to lose another valuable horse lately.

Ole Vastrond made a business trip to Thief River Falls Monday.

Olaf Ramstad, of the Citizens Bank of Thief River Falls, was up renewing acquaintances and finds that this township is rapidly advancing to the front and is now as good as any in the country.

We are having the very finest spring weather. This nook of Red Lake county is a "Garden of Eden."

Otto Parnow, of Erie, was up for a brief visit with his folks Sunday.

Miss Lilly Wilson, of Wauke, is visiting with Mrs. Brilerud and expects to remain for some time.

H. M. Helgeson received the contract for erecting two school houses in this community last Monday. Kratka is getting to the front with 3 new school houses in sight this spring.

Fred Hoag arrived with his "Dan Patch" boat which was loaded to its utmost capacity. Fred unloaded seven tons of freight at this point on his first trip and had several tons left for up river points.

We are informed that a grand ball will be given at the Kratka hall on Saturday evening, May 16th, and continued over to the 17th.

Nils Berg, a prominent Thief River man, was here Monday looking after his farming interests.

John Gullingsrud has rented Carl Haven's place for the season and he is busy preparing it for a bumper crop.

The carpenter work on the creamery building is now nearly completed and the laying of concrete is well under way.

We are informed that the creamery board has recently succeeded in securing one of the highest record butter makers in the state, at $100 a month salary and from the present indications there are over 800 cows to start with, which will put this creamery on a paying basis with St. Hilaire.

Ludvig Larson was a business visitor at Thief River last Saturday.

James Madden recently returned from the city where he had spent some days on business.

A party of young batchelors have recently organized a club at this burg, and any fair maiden may receive further information by addressing "The Lonesome Club, Kratka, Minn.

Daily mail service is to commence May 1st, from Thief River Falls; to the office east, by a seperate route. Who says that we are not advancing to the front, with daily mail service and up-to-date creameries, stores, school houses etc?

Star.

Miss Inga Boen left for Thief River Falls last week to meet a niece whom she expected from Norway.

Seeding is now in full blast, and the prospects for a large acerage is good.

George Woods leaves for Thief River Falls this week.

Editor Lattimore visited the Myer family and Mr. Johnson last Sunday.

Nels N. Graive was in Thief River Falls on business last week.

Double You Gee Hunt is making a searching inquiry as to whom is a good writer in the town of Star, thereby paying us a compliment. This suggests a thought on our part that possibly we have hid our light under a bushel, and we might have been a "Mark Twain" or a "Jake-Winn Miller," possibly editing a blatherskite sheet useful for kindling wood, in a 2x4 shack fanning the air to sift out enough for breakfast; bowling ourselves hoarse trying to get somebody else to build our bridges, telephone lines, steamboats and work our pole tax. But What's the use to reason any further, we have a living example before us, and if Hunt sees us first you will not hear from us next week.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Rev. Dr. O. A. Ostby, from Minneapolis will deliver three lectures on Psychology at Evenson Hall, Monday, 27th, Wednesday 29th and Thursday, April 30th at 8 o'clock P. M. subjects:

1. Mind, its power and functions.
2. Origin of our being and pre natal influence.
3. Mortal and Immortal life and their relation.

Course tickets on sale at Stebbins drug store at $1.00 for the three lectures, single lecture, 50 cents at the door.

Dr. Ostby is a member of the "Society for Psychical Research" of London, and has devoted most of his time for years to the study of the mind and soul of man and the great laws of our being, so we feel justified in saying that you will miss a chance of a lifetime if you miss those lectures.

Will trade Canada land for Thief River country or Greenbush land. 320 acres in Canada with 170 acres under cultivation, house, barn, good water, 6 miles from station, one mile from school. What have you to trade in farm land here for the above? See Hager, the land man.

Subscribe for the News.

Official Notice.

To the citizens of Thief River Falls, Minn.—You are hereby notified that any nuisance consisting of manure, garbage, ashes or refuse matter on lots owned or occupied by you will save you expense by having it removed within seven days of this notice. And for the benefit of those who seem to think these notices are only a matter of form, I wish to state this. I shall expect this notice, which is part of the requirement of the health laws of the State of Minnesota, to be strictly observed and obeyed, as I shall see that the health laws are enforced. Signed,

M. Bockman,
April 22, 1908. Health Officer.

Bijou Theater.

The program last evening and tonight is an exceptional one, especially the beautiful film, "Against the Law." This is an interesting story of two smugglers on the shores of France,—beautiful sea scenes. Miss Elsa Robbecke met with great success in the pretty pictured melody, "At the Old Cross Roads."

"The Girl's Dream."
"Against the Law"
Illustrated song.
"At the Beauty Parlor."
"The waif's Dream."
"Tale of a Shirt."

Married in This City.

Charles Trondson of Blackduck, junior member of the firm of Witting & Trondson, and Miss Addell LaMoll, formerly of Bemidji but now a resident of Blackduck, were united in marriage Sunday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter LaMall, the wedding being a very pretty one and witnessed by many friends of the LaMoll's.

Mr. Trondson and Miss LaMoll came to Thief River Falls from Blackduck very quietly, Saturday night, few if any of the friends of either knowing that they had left Bemidji for Thief River Falls, and when the marriage ceremony was performed the bride and groom were rather elated at the fact that they had outwitted their many friends at the "Duck."

Mr. and Mrs. Trondson will make their home at Blackduck, but will not return to that place until about two weeks.

Rocksbury.

Many of the farmers are now busy with spring work.

Miss Hannah Bakken called on Miss Margie Miller Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Gustie Satre came up from Red Lake Falls last Friday to spend Easter at her home.

A number of the boys in Rocksbury gathered at Mr. Satres, Saturday evening to organize a ball team for the coming season.

Mr. J. Meehan is now laid up with rheumatism, we hope he will soon recover.

Miss Amber Hathaway, from Thief River Falls, spent part of the week with her school mate, Margie Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoppe drove out from Thief River Falls to their farm last Friday.

Miss Edna Miller called on Mrs. Carl Bakken, Sunday last.

Miss Gertrude Meehan entertained a number of teachers from Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Miss Abbie Miller left Monday afternoon for Red Lake Falls where she intends to teach this coming season.

Creamery Statement.

Creamery statement for March, 1908.	
Amount of cream received,	29,939.00.
Average test,	26.22
Amount of butterfat,	7,850.10.
Price paid,	32 cents.
RECEIPTS.	
Received for butter shipped	$2,496.64.
Sales at creamery.	292.93.
Total,	$2,789.57.
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons,	$2,529.03.
Paid into expense fund	260.54.
Total,	$2,789.57.

Strip Station.

Amount of cream	3,617.00
Average test	28.17.
Amount of butterfat	1,019.00.

Stone Station.

Amount of cream,	830.00.
Average test,	29.38.
Amount of butterfat,	245.60.
Those drawing $10 and over:	
P. Engelstad,	$121.81.
P. Voldness,	63.14.
And. Ecklund,	60.93.
Soren Sorenson,	55.39.
Fred Copp,	46.02.
O. S. Helgeland,	45.38.
Carsten Christianson,	40.74.
Butterfat Mch. 1907,	4,527.80.
" " 1908,	7,850.10.
Increase,	73 per cent.

P. Engelstad, Secretary.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.
Ed. O. Holm.

For Sale.

About 1500 tons of ice, 2 ice plows, ice forks, etc. One pair of light horses and wagon. Will be sold cheap.
Rice.

A QUEER VISION.

But It Was Only a Dream, and Dreams "Go by Contraries."

Methought I had a wonderful vision. Throughout the beautiful land there was a dreadful plague. The mills and factories were stopped, banking conditions were strained, and men were thrown out of work.

And as I looked I saw gathered about the public treasury hundreds of thousands of men from all walks of life, capitalists and laborers alike, holding up their hands in supplication to the government for aid.

"Give us money," said the capitalists, "for our reserve is impaired and we are worth only half of what we had before."

"Give us public work to do and pay us from the public treasury," said the workmen, "for we have no jobs and our families are starving."

I watched anxiously while the government pondered for a considerable time and then, with thumbs down toward the capitalists and with thumbs up toward the laborers, the government spoke thus:

"O ye capitalists! Avaunt! Ye would still have enough had ye much less. Ye have said that ye have raised yourself by your superior brains and skill. Go ye and repent.

"O ye laborers! Ye have nothing but your jobs. When your jobs are gone you have nothing left. Besides, ye do not ask for money, but ye seek to do service by which ye may earn money. It is a fair request and shall be granted."

Then I awoke, rubbed my eyes and wondered in what strange country I could possibly be.—Ellis O. Jones in Puck.

OVERPRODUCTION.

Toilers Always Create More Than They Are Able to Buy.

The workingmen under present conditions cannot employ themselves, but are dependent on the will and convenience of some employer who has the necessary capital. And not for love or for Christian charity does the employer give the workingmen employment. He does so to invest capital and to make a profit.

And since the working people of the country do not receive the full value of their products, can they be expected to buy back these products? Their numerical strength makes them the chief consumers of the country and those on whom production mainly depends.

In this way (by the laboring people not being able to consume enough) and by the planless way in which production is carried on in general the so called overproduction is created—that is, no matter how much or how little the toilers of a nation create they always create more than they are able to buy with their wages. And in this way the so called industrial crises originate. They have come upon us about every fifteen years, roughly speaking, since capitalist production began its sway. At such times the trade and the manufacturing of a nation come to a standstill because "there is too much on hand!"

And the working people have to stop work and go ragged and hungry because there is too much on hand.

"The Dead Line."

All about us today are the vast products of the toil of the workers, yet, thanks to capitalism, the workers groan under an artificial famine. Capitalism stands between them and their product and levels the gun of high prices at them when they reach out to get some of the abundance they have themselves made.

Just like the "dead line" at Andersonville prison.

The famished prisoner who stretched his hand across the line there to clutch at a root or a scrap that might slightly appease his terrible hunger got a bullet of death in his brain from a watchful sentry.

The prisoners at Andersonville would not of their free accord have voted those sentries and the powers behind them into governmental office.

But the prisoners of capitalism, the working class, have not avoided making such a terrible mistake in the past, and some will do it over again!—Social-Democratic Herald.

Socialism.

Socialism is a word having two distinct but related meanings. Primarily it is used as the name of a certain philosophy of history and method of interpreting and analyzing social phenomena. In the second place, since this philosophy and method have as one of their principal conclusions that society is evolving toward a co-operative social stage, the word is used to designate a co-operative social organization where the means for the production and distribution of wealth are the collective property of the workers, while the goods which are to be consumed become the private property of the individual.—Encyclopedia Americana.

An Eye Opening Book.

Tell your middle class friend who is willing to do a little reading to get "The Spirit of American Government," a new book by Professor J. Allen Smith, professor of political science, University of Washington. It is an eye opening book, written by a non-Socialist, but a man who is not afraid of facts and especially the facts of American history that have been covered up by capitalistic Fourth of July orators these many years.

At Each Other's Throat.

Civilization is commercialism
Commercialism is competition.
Competition is war.
War's hell, and we are right in it!

SOCIALISM WILL COME.

Unless Social Evolution Stops and Civilization Crumbles.

Capitalism followed feudalism because it has bred and developed its organs in feudal society. Neither capitalism nor any other social form ever came into existence because of any propaganda proclaiming its superiority to its predecessors.

Things do not arise at the beck of ideas. Ideas are the result of things impressing themselves on the brain.

Socialism is an explanation of existing society—an explanation which explains those of its contents which constitute the embryo of a future society. If the embryo of a Socialist society is not there, no amount of propaganda can create it. If it is there, it is there because it is an integral part of the evolving universe, and no Socialist faint heartedness, no declining Socialist vote and no capitalist conspiracy or repression can either destroy it or turn it aside into an industrial feudalism or anything else.

Our forecast of the co-operative commonwealth is on the same footing as an astronomer's prediction of an eclipse.

Socialism points to that social evolution which is making the capitalist class a decadent, functionless and therefore unnecessary class.

The evolution of society toward Socialism is not the result of Socialist propaganda, but our advocacy of Socialism is the intellectual result of that changing industrial society which constitutes its material foundation.

We are not drawing nearer a new society because an increasing number of persons are in favor of the change, but the rapid upbuilding of the organs of a new society now proceeding everywhere within the rotting shell of capitalism is becoming more and more apparent to every man and woman whose brains are highly enough organized to respond to their environment and perceive what lies plainly before their eyes.

If Socialism may fail of realization it can only be because we have blundered in our interpretation of social evolution in the past and in our analysis of those social forces operating in society today. It is upon these things that the validity of the Socialist position depends.

That body of ideas known as the Socialist philosophy stands today practically unchallenged in the world of thought. It has no critics among those who have taken the trouble to really understand it. If Socialism is in any real sense true, it is also inevitable.

If there is any flaw in the Socialist interpretation of the past, its analysis of the present or its forecast of the future, the bourgeois world with all its plentitude of purchased brains has never been able to put forward a man who could point it out.—Arthur M. Lewis.

Work and Reward.

Though there are still many comfortably situated men and women who believe that, on the whole, industrial conditions are such as to apportion the "good things in life" in accordance with the deserts of the recipients, this belief is rarely held either by those whose circumstances give them a close and wide acquaintance with the "hard facts of life" or by those who have brought intellectual analysis to bear upon the processes by which distribution of wealth is effected. The political economy not only of "the masses," as voiced by Karl Marx, Henry George and their followers, but also of the classes through the mouths of academic teachers, is full of frank avowals of the deep injustices which underlie the existing apportionment of wealth. The following words of J. G. Hill may be taken as a representative expression of this feeling: "The very idea of distributive justice or any proportionality between success and exertion is in the present state of society so manifestly chimerical as to be relegated to the region of romance."—John A. Hobson.

Socialist Notes.

"To eat or not to eat, that is the question"—in these days of high prices!

The people of Germany are now crying out against the increasing cost of living. Capitalism is international. You cannot escape it, but you can change it to a better and more humane system.

There is many a business man who hates the present business system, but who must grit his teeth, do what his competitors do and appear to believe in it. A business man who is a conscientious believer in the morals taught by religion has an especially hard time of it. There are many such who want the capitalist system evoluted out of existence and who secretly favor the Socialist principles.

Who can witness the present money flurry without seeing that the people do get about the sort of thing they vote for?

Socialist Snapshots.

If the interests of the capitalist and laborer are identical, is it not strange these two classes should be so often fighting each other?

If a man steals 10 cents he is a thief, if he gets away with the money a lot of poor people have intrusted to a savings bank he is an embezzler, but if he robs the workers of the nation of a few millions he is a captain of industry.

It is announced that in 1906 the Standard Oil Company of Indiana "earned" over $10,000,000 on a capitalization of $1,000,000. No wonder the stockholders said it was an era of great prosperity!

A Hymn of Capitalism.

Of all my father's family
I love myself the best.
If Providence will care for me,
The devil may take the rest.

3½% Alcohol Necessary to the Human System

The world's greatest scientists unanimously declare that the amount of alcohol (about 3½%) contained in beer is absolutely necessary to the majority of human beings—and that it is a true temperance drink. When a pure brew like

Gund's Peerless Beer

is taken into the system it mildly exhilarates, and the blood-making powers of the barley-malt strengthens the body and mind, while the tonic properties of the Bohemian hops electrifies the whole human organism. "Peerless" beer should be your home beer on account of its healthfulness. Telephone us at once and have it delivered today. "Peerless" is bottled only at the brewery—always on sale at first-class buffets, cafes, clubs and hotels.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., - LA CROSSE, WIS.

M. McCARTHY, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH,

Phone 186, Thief River Falls, Minn.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread (Chain Stitch) Sewing Machine write to

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.

Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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MY WIFE SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.

For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1908. NUMBER 18

ST PAUL Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

50 PER CENT OF VALUE.

This Is to Be the Basis of Assessment Used by the Assessors.

List of Instructions from State Tax Commission Given County Men.

The following is the list of written instructions given the assessors by the representative of Minnesota tax commission:

1. It is of the greatest importance that the assessor should place all property, both real and personal upon the assessment books.

2. The assessor should actually view all property so far as possible. He should not accept the valuation placed upon it by the owner, but should make his own valuation.

3. The assessor cannot deduct debts from credits unless the person claiming the same shall make an affidavit required by law.

4. Assessors have no athority to grant the $100 exemption. All property must be listed. The auditor, not the assessor, grants the exemptions.

5. Land should not be assessed at so much per acre throughout a township, but each tract should be valued seperately. Improvements upon the land should be assessed seperately from the land. Improvements consisting of buildings and permanent structures on the land. This applies to town and city lots as well as farm property.

6. Incorporated banks in the state are to be assessed according to section 48, tax code. Many private banking concerns have been incorporated since the last assessment and will come under the assessment method described in the tax code.

7. Shares of stock in all corporations, whether domestic or foreign, when the property of the corporation is not assessed in this state, should be listed and assessed to the owner thereof.

TO MOOSE LAKE.

Soo Will Not Build Through to Duluth This Year.

M. H. Foley Bros., the well known railroad contractors, makes the statement that the Soo extension would not be built beyond Moose Lake this year and it will probably be another year before the Duluth Brooten line is completed.

Moose Lake is situated in the southern portion of Carleton county and is at least 40 miles this side of Duluth. He gave no reason whatever for the inability to reach Duluth this year. He intimated, however, that it would be an impossibility because the work last season had been greatly delayed. The company is also having some trouble in securing all of its right of way. The decision of the Soo company not to complete the line this year comes as a disappointment to those who have ventured into business along the line with the belief that the traffic would be opened this year.

Valley Fruit Trees.

H. L. Melgaard received 100 choice apple trees this week which he will add to his orchard on the farm east of Argyle. Mr. Melgaard has already over 200 apple and plum trees on his place that are doing well and which produce a fine sample of juicy hard apples and plums.

At his residence in Argyle, Mr. Melgaard has a small orchard of apple and plum trees that produce an abundance of fruit every season that will compare favorably in size with any that is grown in the southern part of the state—only like all northern grown fruit, the flavor and quality is far superior to that grown to the south.—Argyle Banner.

THEY PAY BEST PRICES.

Farmers' Co-operative Creameries Pay Best Prices of All.

The Centralizers Pay an Average of 4 Cents a Pound Less.

At a report from the Dairy Division of the U. S. Department of Agriculture is at hand with figures showing receipts and disbursements in the creamery business for 1906 and 1907. The Department has been gathering statistics with much care and has the monthly reports from nearly all the co-operative creameries of the country and from many of the private creameries. There are 6,000 creameries in the country and of the number nearly 2,000 are co-operative. During 1906 the centralizers or city creameries of Kansas paid an average price for butterfat through the year of 20.9 cents. The figures were given by the owner of one of the big Kansas plants in setting forth arguments as to why farmers should ship to the centralizers. It is, therefore, probable that the price is high enough. During the same period, reports from one thousand co-operative creameries scattored thru the north section of the Mississippi valley and made to the Government's Department, indicate that averaging the returns from all, the price paid was close to 25 cents per pound. The co-operative creameries thus beat the centralizers by more then 4 cents per pound. On the output this difference run up into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. The centralizer's figures from 1907 are not at hand, but the Department's figures show that the farmers' creameries paid from 28 to 29 cents for butterfat throughout the year. These figures showing conclusively that the co-operative creameries pay more than the centralizers will surprise no one at all familiar with the creamery business. Freight and express charges, commissions to buyers and lower prices for product due to poor quality of the cream received to say nothing of all the profit the centralizers himself must have, all combine to raise the next expense of the centralizer and thus to cut down the price he is able to pay for the butterfat he gets. There are a few cheap tricks so old that they have whiskers on them whereby the centralizer works the country shipper of cream for a time, and strange to say catches a farmer once in while, but in the long run, as has been demonstrated again and again, the farmer who sticks to his local creamery is the man who gets the most for his butterfat.

Goes Out of Existence.

One by one the ancient landmarks known to only those of the present inhabitants who have resided here more than a score of years are passing away. Used in its commonly accepted sense, the term includes more than the venerable buildings, or trees in whose pleasant shade we loved to linger in our youth, or the bridge whose railing still bears the marks long ago made by our jackknives; it also includes the men and women who have all these years been our neighbors and friends, and the business concerns that have been identified with and promoters of the city's growth and progress during that time.

To this latter class belonged the firm of Gill & Lamberson, which passed off the stage of action last week, after having been engaged in banking in Warren continuously for twenty-four years. In 1884 they established in Warren the Bank of Warren, the oldest bank in Marshall county. The business was from the first entirely under the control and management of the junior partner, as Mr. Gill spent comparatively little of his time here, his home being in Chicago. The business was conducted on safe and conservative lines at all times and the Bank of Warren was generally recognized as one of the most solid financial institutions in northern Minnesota. Of late Mr. Lamberson has given his personal attention to his real estate business, which has grown to such proportions that it imposes upon him as great a burden as he cares to bear, so he has disposed of the entire banking business that nearly a quarter of a century of unremitting labor has built up, to the state bank of Warren, which was established in 1892 and now becomes the city's old bank. The transfer includes the handsome quarters erected a few years ago for the bank of Warren and since then occupied by it. The passing of such an institution in a comparatively new community like ours is in its effect akin to the permanent departure of an old friend. It has played its part, and that no small one, in the commercial life of the community. Naturally, it will not soon be forgotten.—Warren Register.

Sam Clark a Reformer.

Minot, N. D., April 21.—Mayor Clark, who assumed the reins of the city government Tuesday evidently intends to see that there is a strict enforcement of laws as one of his first orders was to the chief of police to strictly enforce every law.

In giving chief Hagen his instructions, Mayor Clark laid particular stress on the fact that the sale of cigarettes, tobacco, dime novels and everything in fact that would have tendency to demoralize the youth of the city must cease at once. Any pool hall proprietor who shall allow minors to frequent his place will be arrested at once and will be severely dealt with.

Every bawdy house and the people who frequent these places must leave the city at once; they will no longer be tolerated within the city limits, and even while outside of the city limits they will be at all times under strict police surveilance.

East Side Grocery Burned Out.

The fire department was called out last Friday morning during the rain storm, fire having been discovered in Carl Peterson's grocery store on the east side. The fire had gained considerable headway before the fire department arrived on the ground, but by good work succeeded in confining the fire to the building. The stock of goods was a complete loss and the building was left nearly a wreck. Mr. Peterson carried $1,000 insurance. The building is owned by Joseph Juneau.

Ralph Leaves Crookston.

Crookston, Minn., April 23—George A. Ralph, engineer of the state drainage board, has returned to St. Paul after spending a few days in the city, during which he sold his residence in Highland Park for $6,000. Mr. Ralph will remove his family to St. Paul to reside permanently about June 1st.

MUCH MONEY IS REALIZED

Hunters and Trappers Have Made Big Money the Past Winter.

The Value of Minnesota's Game is Enormous and Should be Protected.

The fact that the economic value of game to the state of Minnesota has been underestimated has been received with satisfaction at St. Paul, the center of the fur trade. The value of the furs secured by Minnesota trappers during the hunting season has been estimated at over $1,000,000.

Not long ago Prof. Lang, of St. Paul, estimated that the game birds, animals and fish of the state had an economic value of $1,000,000. From a report issued by the state game and fish commission it is now evident that it represents the value of the fur animals alone, and that with protection, game meat and fish will soon be worth as much. The large increase in mink and musk rats killed in different parts of the state admirably justifies the efficacy of the game laws. The fur from the musk rat is worth from 10 to 35 cents a skin.

The mink which is highly prized is worth from $5 to $6 on account of the richness and beauty of the fur. Both have been exceptionally plentiful thruout the season, and the people who make a business of securing these animals for commercial purposes have beaten all previous records and obtain over $1,000,000 as the reward of their industry. It is also reported that many farmer's sons have been able to earn several hundred dollars by killing these quadrupeds in the vicinity of their homes.

The game laws, however, are unable to protect the deer from the predatory instincts of the timber wolves; and, if they are to be protected, it seems that steps must be taken to appoint a state wolf catcher to kill the wolf pups.

The return of a herd of caribou to the region northeast of the north arm of Red Lake and Beltrami counties, and the steps which have been taken to prevent the Indians from killing them, is a matter of congratulation. If these noble animals are properly protected by the Indian agent, as they deserve to be, they will attract lovers of wild animals from all parts of the world, and will become an interesting feature of the state for centuries to come.

Subscribe for the News.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to extend credit to anyone in my name.
Ed. G. Holm.

FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR
ROYAL Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

High Interest in Dakota.

Times are pretty close in the Dakotas this spring and money scarce according to an exchange. A Swede went into one of the banks at Kenmare a few days ago and asked to borrow $10 for a month. The Swede had plenty of land and was honest, so the bank loaned him the money, but the bank was careful to take out the interest in advance, which though a little high amounted to $2.50. The Swede started for home with his $7.50 and the farther he walked the more he studied his financial condition. He sat down along the road, and was still figuring when one of his friends chanced to come his way. "What's the matter, Ole? What's troubling you today?" Ole scratched his head a little and then replied, "Ay tank them banker fellers been great. Ay borrow $10 for one month an they take out $2.50. Ay was just thinkin' that if I'd borrowed that panga for four months ay wouldn't have got a cent."—Ex.

A Dollar a Day for Old Soldiers.

A bill is before congress whose provisions give to each old soldier one dollar a day, approximately thirty dollars a month. It is supported by the committee on pensions and will undoubtedly become a law. It is said in its favor that it will relieve the old soldier from the necessity of the unnatural life at the soldier's homes and allow him to go back to relatives and friends where his last days may be spent in that degree of companionship and comfort that does not and cannot exist at the homes. We hope the bill may become a law.—Janesville Argus.

Damaged by Steam.

Crookston, Minn., April 21.—Five thousand dollars' damage was done to the New York store stock today. A radiator was taken out yesterday on the first floor and the steampipe was not plugged. The weather turned cold last night and at 5 a. m. the janitor of the Fournet block steamed up. Steam and water gushed up from the pipe and when the clerks opened the store, the floor was flooded and the store filled with steam.

For Sale.

About 1500 tons of ice, 2 ice plows ice forks, etc. One pair of light horses and wagon. Will be sold cheap. A. T. Rice.

TWO PAIR

It's an absolute fact that two pair of shoes purchased at one time and worn alternately will out-wear three pair bought one at a time. Try this out and prove the economy yourself.

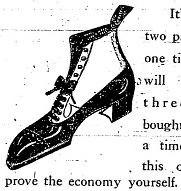

FOR MEN: A pair of Crossett high shoes and a pair of Crossett Oxfords.

FOR LADIES: A pair of Selby or Red Cross high shoes and a pair of Selby or Red Cross oxfords will give you a variety of dress.

Our stock of Crossetts for men and Selby and Red Cross for ladies includes all the up-to-date patterns in "highs" and "lows" of patents, dulls and russetts.

Men's Shoes,	$2.50,	$3.00,	$3.50,	$4.00,	$5.00
Ladies' Shoes,	2.00,	2.50,	3.00,	3.50,	4.00
Boys' Shoes,	1.50,	1.75,	2.00,	2.50,	3.00
Girls' Shoes,	1.00,	1.50,	2.00,	2.50,	3.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE FAMILY SHOE STORE.

MONEY

DEPOSIT IT WHEN YOU HAVE A SURPLUS WITH

BORROW IT WHEN IN NEED FROM

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TO DEPOSITORS: We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

TO BORROWERS: We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal and real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President. T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

Borry, the Photographer.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 02
Barley	50
Eggs	12½
Butter	22c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

See the colapsable go-carts at Hicks.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

B. E. Bothun was up to Holt last Saturday.

Rev. Palm, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

John Myrland was down to Fargo to spend Sunday.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

H. O. Skagen was down to Fargo to spend Sunday.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

Peter Belto was up to Strathcona to spend Sunday.

S. H. Sharbach was over to Duluth the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Crookston last evening.

H. N. Hager, the land man, was down to St. Hilaire last week.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

Largest assortment of go-carts and baby carriages at Hicks.

O. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, was in the city the first of the week.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was in the city last Friday.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Rommem's livery barn.

Ed Myraven was up from Crookston last week visiting old friends.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Holzknecht last Thursday.

L. D. Padden was down to Red Lake Falls last week to visit his brother.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

D. N. Winton was up to the Red Lake last week looking after the starting of log drives.

Just received, our third shipment of baby carriages this year. Hicks Furniture Co.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

Frank Yell and Miss Ida Norby were united in marriage last week by Judge J. M. Bishop.

Charles Gunheim, the Holt merchant, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

For Sale;—3 horses, 2 cows, 1 yearling Heifer, 1 Calf and 50 Chickens. See Hager, the land man.

John Sorenson was up to Middle River last Saturday looking after some farm property he owns there.

Leon Bourque was down to Crookston to spend Sunday. While there he joined the Knights of Columbus.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Rev. J. B. Smith was down to Crookston Sunday and occupied the pulpit in the M. E. church at that place.

Ed Wilcox left Tuesday for Minot and other North Dakota points to spend a few days looking after farm loans.

A. H. McKee, presiding elder of this district, will occupy the pulpit of the Methodist church Sunday evening.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, who had been visiting at the Kretzschmar home, returned to Crookston last Friday.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m.
M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Bishop J. D. Morrison, of Duluth, will be in the city Friday evening, May 1 and hold services in the Methodist church.

Miss Martha Kvistlin arrived here Tuesday from Norway and has gone out to Antan to make her home with a sister.

For sale or exchange for good land, a stock of general merchandise. Call on Evenson & Erickson, Thief River Falls, Minn.

See Hicks for mission furniture.

Misses Agnes Bakke and Elsie Robbecke were down to Red Lake Falls last Friday evening to attend the senior class play.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Ed Iverson, of the town of Clover, was down to St. Paul the first of the week with four carloads of cattle he had purchased of the farmers.

The Roseau Times is again assured that the Great Northern will extend the Greenbush line to Warroad this summer. We hope it is true.

Mrs. Martin Mosefin came up from Crookston Monday to spend a few days visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex A. Sweaas.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Casper Falk.

S. Kenison went down to Crookston Saturday, returning Monday accompanied by his wife, who had been receiving medical treatment in a hospital at that place.

Pat Sullivan, the genial river foreman for the East Grand Forks Lumber company, came over from Grand Forks Tuesday to make arrangements for the starting of a drive.

Wayne Richardson, who had been attending the University of North Dakota at Grand Forks, arrived in the city Saturday and will read law at his father's office in the future.

Andrew Clemments and son, Herbert, left Monday for Tacoma, Wash., to visit Mr. Clement's daughter. Mr. Clements assures all of his old friends here that he will return to this country again.

Services next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock in Immanuel congregation at the usual place the Newton school house. Cordial invitation to all.
M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Horace Bagley, a former attorney of this city now located at Towner, N. D., arrived in the city Tuesday and will remain until Saturday visiting his brother, S. W. Bagley, and other old friends.

Nothing makes a better graduating present than a watch. We have them, the best that are made and sell at prices others cannot meet. City Drug and Jewelry Store, F. J. Stebbins, Proprietor.

The buildings on a farm belonging to Emil Sedlacek in the town of Sanders, were destroyed by fire last week. The buildings were vacant and it is not known how the fire started. There is no insurance.

A postoffice inspector was called at Plummer the first of the week. Someone down there used a canceled postage stamp which fact was detected by postmaster Latta, and he set the sluths of the government at work upon the case.

Attorney G. Halvorson came down from Thief River Falls on Thursday and went out to Mayfield township where he effected a satisfactory settlement for the damage sustained by Charley Kjellen in the fire of last Sunday.—Plummer Pioneer.

The lecture delivered by Judge Andrew Grindeland last Friday evening upon the subject of "Honesty Is the Best Policy" was very largely attended and the audience was more than pleased with Judge Grindeland's remarks.

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10. o'clock. Parochial school next Saturday. There will not be services at Manor P. O. next Sunday afternoon, as previously announced, but on the afternoon of May 17th. Rev. F. Seltz.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Abraham and children, who had spent the winter in Montana, returned to this city Monday. Mr. Abraham says that times are hard in Montana and that he is well pleased with Minnesota and intends to remain here in the future.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

If you have express to go either north or south, phone the Great Northern depot and we will call for it at your place of business.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

A. H. Fasel has been awarded the contract for building the new bank building to be erected by the State Bank of Greenbush. The building is to be of cement blocks, 25 x 33 feet with basement. Mr. Fasel will commence work in the near future.

H. E. Mussey has donated a dozen young ash trees to the high school and they have been set out upon the grounds by the school children. The trees were raised by Mr. Mussey from seed and in a few years will add greatly to the beauty of the school grounds.

Foston is busy with another county division scheme, the purpose of which is to set of the Thirteen Towns country from Polk, with the county seat at Foston. Owing to the fear of Crookston and East Grand Forks to county option, the move may be successful.

Gertie Strassburger, the Crookston girl who disappeared so mysteriously a few years ago, and whose disappearance caused so much comment on the part of the valley press, has been located at Spokane, Washington. No account is given for her strange disappearance.

The Great Northern has taken the agent away from Sandridge and in the future, freight for that point will have to be prepaid. Sandridge was one of the most important stations on the north line, and it is going to be a great inconvenience to the people up there.

A. Th. Barkman, manufacturer of snuff, which made Roseau famous thru out the Red River valley, died Monday of last week from a disease of the kidneys. He was a member of the famous Barkman family of Swedish royal snuffmakers and has been in this country about two years.

The Northern Pacific is about to begin work on the double track between Staples and St. Cloud. When this piece of road is completed the company will have a continuous double track from Fargo to the cities which has been made necessary by the extensive traffic on this line the past few years.

Rev. I. T. Aastad, of Thief River Falls, Minn., President of the Board of Directors of Grand Forks College, and Rev. Olson, secretary of said Board, held a committee meeting in this city yesterday, together with Judge Grindeland, who also is a member of the Board of Directors of said institutions.—Warren Sheaf.

Ole Dahlberg, the great hunter and trapper, reports a bad season for his business. Some kind of an epidemic killed all the rabbits in Northern Minnesota last year, and he thinks that wolves, foxes and lynx were driven out on this account, as they live mostly on rabbits.—Middle River Pioneer.

Chief of Police Ed Jarneson has resigned from the police force to take effect tomorrow, and will engage in the business of paper hanging and painting again. It is understood that Andrew Lang is to be elevated to the office of chief, and Frank Chitticke will take Mr. Lang's place as one of the night policemen.

Emil Sedlacek, the well driller was down to Ogema last week. The village council at Ogema is figuring on putting in a system of waterworks and asked Mr. Sedlacek to figure on the job. Mr. Sedlacek put in the system up at Greenbush which has given such excellent satisfaction and if he secures the job at Ogema that village will be guaranteed a good job.

B. G. Rounds, one of the brakemen on the Soo, who makes his home in this city, met with an accident. Monday while the freight train was about to pull out of the yards at Thief River Falls, he fell off a box car and hurt his back and sprained one of his ankles. His friends will be glad to learn that he is improving and in a few days will be at work again.—Mahnomen Tribune.

W. J. LaBree was up to the Pea Soup Island county in Beltrami county the first of the week. He says that this section is the best ever and predicts that when that county gets a railroad, land up there will be worth five times what it can now be purchased for. Some of the farmers have made good improvements, but are handicapped on account of the distance to market.

Joe Giller, of Medford, N. D., has rented the O. H. Nelson building on La Bree avenue and will open up a clothing store there about the 15th of May. As will be noticed by an advertisement in another column, Mr. Nelson is going to close out his stock of groceries and confectionery. He will continue to reside in Thief River Falls, but will enter some other line of business.

Walter and Ralph McLain, large Polk county farmers who moved to Iowa three years ago, have returned to the Valley with their stock and machinery and say they consider this section offers the best opportunities for farmers. They will put in 480 acres this year. Nearly all of our Valley exchanges are printing items concerning former settlers here who are returning from Canada and other points.

Dr. Gambell was down to Crookston the first of the week.

O. K. Dook, of Greenbush, was in the city the first of the week.

Rier Rierson, of Sandridge, was in the city the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jens Nelson were up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

John Sundahl was up to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Merchant K. O. Jevne, of Strathcona, was in the city this week.

H. E. Ives, candidate for the state legislature, spent yesterday in the city.

Celesta Caldwell was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week to visit with friends.

Attorney G. Halvorson left yesterday for Baronsville to transact legal business for a few days.

Mrs. G. W. Booren returned to this city yesterday from her trip to Minneapolis and Stillwater.

John J. Vorachek was fined $25 and costs by Special Municipal Judge Richardson Tuesday for selling liquor to minors.

The Ladies Aid meets with Mrs. A. C. Hansen in the basement of the church May 7th at 3 p. m. A cordial invitation to all.
I. T. Aastad.

Passengers coming down from Greenbush Tuesday evening report that four moose could be seen along the side of the railroad track just north of Strathcona.

Services in the Lutheran Church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. The communion services commence at 10 a. m. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. English services at 7:45 p. m.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will be entertained by Mesdames J. M. Bishop and S. W. Bagley at the residence of the former, to-morrow, Friday afternoon. All are invited to attend.

The Ladies of the United Lutheran church meet on Wednesday afternoon, May 6, with Mrs. Hadrath. The Young people's Society meets in the evening of the same day with Mrs. Hadrath. All are cordialy invited.

—A rather fussy old lady called at the drug store the other day, says an exchange, and noting that the clerk looked pretty young said: "You're rather a young man to be left in charge of a drug store. Have you a diploma?" "No, ma'am," replied the young man who was longer on ability as a clerk than he was as a pharmacist, "but we have a preparation here of our own that is just as good."

Mayor Pauge, of Bemidji, was in the city last week, and while here made arrangements with Newberry & Bulman to take their high wheeled automobile to Bemidji in June and run it there during the week of the Elks convention. The roads are so sandy in Bemidji that the average automobile cannot run on the streets and as a result there is not an automobile in that town. It is believed that a high wheeled machine will run there.

Robert H. Purvis, the well known Crookston land man, returned from Mankato Tuesday and is more than enthusiastic over the prospects. He says that the people of the east are talking nothing but the Red River Valley. The valley atmosphere has taken hold of the people of outside sections and they believe that it is the United States at the present time. Conditions are first class and there is absolutely no reason why the valley should not flourish the coming year.

One of the great needs of the country is roads. The state as well as the local government is agitating this question. There has been money appropriated for this purpose but it needs more than this. It needs wisdom in planning and energy in executing. The county has in its employ a good civil engineer who understands road construction. Let the township road commissioners get "chummy" with the county roadmaster and together enlist every individual and the time will soon come when our roads will be the pride of the county.

The Minnesota law in regard to legal holidays reads as follows: "The word 'holiday' shall include New Year's day, Jan. 1; Lincoln's birthday, Feb. 12; Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, Memorial day, May 30; Independence day, July 4; Labor day, first Monday in September; election day, the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the even numbered years; Christmas day, Dec. 25; and the Friday next preceding Easter Sunday and commonly known as Good Friday. No public business shall be transacted on those days, except in cases of necessity, nor shall any civil process be served thereon."

Last Thursday was the 23rd of the month—a fact which many of the young men of this city will have occasion long to remember. That afternoon young men—thirty in number—received personal invitations from three handsome and vivacious young ladies to attend a party. They all dressed in their best bib and tucker and at the appointed hour appeared at the door of the charming hostesses. There was no light within and upon the door in large letters was the figures "23." It was some time before the young men realized that they had been invited to a "skidoo" party, and it is safe to say that they will accept no more invitations for parties on the 23rd of the month.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Janitor McDonald has fenced off and seeded down the yards of the Central school. The pupils will not be permitted to play on these plots until a good sod is formed. Later, flour beds and other improvements will be added. At the Knox, grass seed will be sown in May, and a few trees placed along the south side of the yard. Some fifty trees are also being planted on the high grounds. All rubbish and waste material have been removed from, or destroyed on the three school yards. The school authorities did much last year to improve the school grounds and are continuing their efforts this spring to make them as attractive as possible. This will be the better appreciated in view of the fact, that the city is unfortunate enough not to have within its limits even one public park plot. To a certain extent, neatly kept school grounds can supply this need, though they are somewhat semi-private.

The lawn tennis courts on the High grounds have been repaired and placed in condition for games.

The following list includes all the teachers who have been hired for work in the city school next year: Supt., J. H. Hay; Principal, Blanche Godward; high school assistants, Grace Grindeland, Maria Bloxrud, Effie M. Mead, L. L. Deal; grade teachers, Tella Johnson, Rachel Schrepel, Grace Meehan, Emma Backe, Hilda Ekholm, Stella Cipra, Gertrude Knoff, Edith Day, May L. Paine, Lulu McCrum, Emily Lakin, Clarabelle Freidheim, Alice McCabe, Anna Esposeth, Mary F. McGinn, Vera Githeim, Grace Laughlin, Myrtle Wold and Emma Hoff.

A basket social will be held under the auspices of the high school Juniors and the high school baseball team in the assembly room next Tuesday evening. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend and enjoy a social hour or two with the students and their friends. A literary and musical program will be presented and no admission will be charged.

A good supply of water has been secured in a well sunk in the basement of the Knox by Tom Benson. The three buildings now have their own supply of drinking water independent of the city system.

Several of the high school classes have completed the year's outlines of work and are engaged on review.

The teachers who refused re-election have all secured good positions at other points for next year. Miss Marsh takes the eight grade at Park River; Misses Lind and Danielson go to Duluth; Miss Reiner to Grafton, N. D.; Miss McCrillis will teach in the south, and the Misses Nickerson and Iddings will close their careers as teachers next month.

Dr. Deal, a Michigan teacher, has been secured for one of the high school assistants. He will care for science and part of the mathematics and direct the athletic interests. He comes highly recommended both as a teacher and a leader in athletic affairs and it is expected that the high school boys will no more have reason in the future to feel that their exuberance of spirits cannot well be made use of.

Miss Effie M. Mead, of Mankato, will teach stenography and typewriting and assist the other teachers with the large classes in the freshman and sophomore in high school next year. At present she is teaching in the Mankato Business College. Miss Mead has taught school ten years.

It is well for parents to know that students in the grammer grades and the high school cannot be promoted when they are kept out of school one to three months each year. No 8th grade pupil can enter high school unless he attends the whole year. A reasonable standard of work compels this attitude on the part of the school authorities.

Class day exercises will take place on the evening of Thursday, May 28th, and the graduating class will receive their diplomas on Friday evening.

Opsahl in the Field.

The News is in receipt of a letter from Jens J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, announcing that he is to be a candidate for the legislature from this district this year. Mr. Opsahl represented this district in the last legislature, and he voted right upon every bill in the interest of the people before that body. Red Lake county may have one or two candidates in the field this year, and in that event Mr. Opsahl can hardly expect much support in this county. Men of his stamp, however, are the kind needed in the legislature.

Did Not Meet.

The board of county commissioners did not meet on Saturday to consider the county seat removal petition. All five of the members were in Red Lake Falls on that day, but only two—Shaw and Auble—showed up at the court house.

Sends Us $50.

General Manager Pennington, of the Soo line, sent the fire department a check for $50 this week as a reward for services rendered at the fire at Oslo a week ago Saturday night. Much property belonging to the Soo was saved by the local firemen.

ARE HEADED THIS WAY

Robbers Loot Scandia State Bank of Stephen Tuesday Night.

Believed That the Robbers Will Come To Thief River Falls.

The Scandia State Bank of Stephen was burglarized Tuesday evening and about $8,000 in currency was stolen. The job was done by five men and the suspects are all headed this way and are expected to walk into this town sometime today, as it is not beleived that they would dare to take a train at any of the small stations north of here.

The robbers were discovered while at work at Stephen and a large number of shots were exchanged between them and citizens of Stephen. A large pool of blood found in front of the bank yesterday morning indicates that one of the robbers was badly wounded.

At day light yesterday morning a large force of men left Stephen in chase of the robbers. Two of the robbers had stolen a horse and buggy and were followed for a distance of seven miles southeast of Stephen. The wounded man was evidently in the rig, for a large number of blood spots were found along the road.

Two others left Stephen and went directly east. They were seen at daylight yesterday morning at Englund postoffice in Marshall county, where they made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up a farmer and secure his team. They left Englund and headed for Strandquist, on the Soo, but evidently did not enter the town.

A description of only one of the robbers is known. He purchased some goods at Warren Tuesday before the robbery, and these goods were found in the bank at Stephen. He is described as being a young man about 25 years of age, five feet, 7 inches tall, heavy set, large nose, badly tanned, black shiney hair, wore dirty blue overalls, dirty grey check coat and a cap. Had a smooth face.

The Marshall county authorities feel positive that the men slept yesterday in the woods and that this morning or today they will walk into Thief River Falls and desire to have the police here lock up all suspects.

The bank carried burglar insurance and is fully protected against all loss. It is one of the Melgaard chane of banks. A liberal reward will be paid for the capture of the robbers.

City Council.

The city council held a special meeting Tuesday evening for the purpose of acting upon a number of saloon licenses. Porter & Lasage, Martin & Roark and O. A. Westin were granted licenses. The application of J. J. Vorachek was laid over until the next meeting. The application of Alfred Rasmussen, who applied for a liquor license in the George Williams place, was rejected. There is considerable talk to the effect that the council took rather an arbitrary stand in this matter. It is stated that the applicant was told that if certain changes were made in the building—the inside stairway sealed up and the dumb waiter taken out—there would be no objection to the granting of the license. This, it is claimed, was done at considerable expense. In refusing the license no reason was given.

Commences Next Week.

R. Oen announces that work on the large brick block—75x140 feet—which he is going to build will be commenced next week. The building will be two stories high and when completed will be one of the best in the city. At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, Mr. Oen was given permission to use one half of LaBree avenue during the construction of the building.

Base Ball Saturday.

The Red Lake Falls high school base ball club will be here Saturday afternoon and play a game with the local high school team. The game promises to be a hot one.

Bijou Theater.

Have you seen "The Three Milliards" at the Bijou this week? They have a clever turn in comedy and music that is sure to furnish amusement for the patrons of the popular little play house. Remember the change of program to night. The moving pictures consist of:

"Glimpses of Argentine Republic,"
"Bobby's Birthday,"
"The Animated Statue,"

"Monte Cristo," in five acts. Since this world renowned story was first written by the famous French author, Alexander Dumas, it has probably enjoyed as universal popularity as any subject of pure fiction written. This story is presented with elaborate attention to detail, costume, scenery and dramatic cast.

Illustrated song, "When They're Bringing in the corn."

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

VESSEL TOO HEAVILY LOADED

Loss of the Canal Steamer Gota Alf at Gothenburg with Twenty-Two Passengers—Captain and Crew Escape.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

A telegram from Gothenburg states that the canal steamer Gota Alf capsized and sank April 15 in the harbor and that twenty persons perished. Those who perished were all passengers. The captain and crew saved themselves by swimming ashore. The cause of the disaster was evidently the fact that the steamer was too heavily loaded. Only a few bodies were recovered during the night, but dragging for the remaining bodies began the following day. The steamer was an old one and had been running in the canal between Stockholm and Gothenburg during the past twenty years.

A Swedish engineer named Westerberg has invented a new railway car to be used in the tunnel under the Hudson river at New York. The car is made of steel throughout and has a platform on both sides so that at the stations passengers can step both off and on without the slightest inconvenience. They can get off on one side and on on the other side. The car cannot start before all the doors are closed. Mr. Westerberg is at present a resident of Gothenburg, but has lived in the United States for a number of years.

A telegram from St. Petersburg states that a Swedish military balloon landed about 3 o'clock in the afternoon near Schulusselburg, twenty-one miles east of the Russian capital, on April 17. In the balloon were Lieutenant Moller and another Swedish army officer. The officers stated that they had left Stockholm the previous morning at 7 a. m. The Swedish officers were permitted to pack their balloon and return with it to Stockholm.

The boundary disputes will, according to present indications, be speedily settled in the near future. The two countries have now agreed to place the settling of the whole question in the hands of a court of arbitration consisting of the Queen of Holland, two Swedish and two Norwegian diplomats. One of the Swedish members will serve as chairman. Queen Wilhelmina will decide where and when the court of arbitration shall meet.

Count Birger Morner, the Swedish author and at present Swedish consul at Sydney, Australia, has been made an honorary member of the Australian Anthropological society. Count Morner is well known in Sweden as an author and his translations from the Danish and German are considered especially good. Mr. Morner resided for a number of years in Copenhagen.

Telephone connections between Gothenburg and Stockholm were opened April 1 and the line is now in full operation. The city of Gothenburg does an immense export business with Germany and the new telephone connections will prove a great boon to export men in both Berlin and Gothenburg.

There are quite a few temperance people in Sweden, judging from recent statistics. According to these there are at least 463,833 persons who are allied with some temperance organization or other. The temperance cause has received a great impetus in Sweden recently.

There is a professor at Upsala who does not want his son to study religion. His name is Professor Wicksell. The professor petitioned the national government to excuse his son from passing high school examinations in religion, but his petition was not granted.

The Morgenbladet (Christiania) states that Mme. Gunther-Molthagen, wife of the Swedish envoy at Christiania, Herr Gunther, died at the Voxenkollen sanatorium April 4, where she has been confined to her bed for a number of weeks.

The Swedish club in Riga, Lifland, has invited the Upsala Students' Male chorus to give two concerts this summer in the aforementioned city. They will guarantee the students 1,000 ruble if they determine to come.

It is now definitely decided that President Fallieres, of France, will pay Stockholm a visit during the latter part of the month of June. The French president will also pay a visit to Christiania.

An English newspaper correspondent states that the Russian government no longer has any designs on the Aaland islands and has abandoned all efforts to fortify any of the islands.

As diplomatic agent in Egypt, Sweden has appointed the consul general in Cairo, Count C. A. Wachtmeister. The Swedish consulate has also been transferred to Cairo.

Queen Victoria departed the 4th inst. for Karlsruhe and from thence she will continue her journey to Venice, where she contemplates remaining for a number of weeks.

A Turkish exhibition is at present being arranged in Stockholm by the dragoman Dr. F. R. Martin. The exhibition will be opened some time in July.

Dr. Rurik Holms, for a number of years one of the professors at Lund university, has been appointed inspector of the public schools in Gothenburg.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

In Norway, like in America, persons who have occupied high positions in the service of the government fall into soft berths when they have retired from the political arena. Ex-Premier Loveland, for instance, who has just retired, is slated for not less than four salaried positions at the same time, and Arctander will handle the finances of Christiania. Aarstad, another retired cabinet minister, has been appointed governor of Nedenes, and Berge will occupy the same position in Jarlsberg. So, taken all in all, the retired cabinet ministers are going to fare rather well and even better financially than they did before. Little wonder then that there are so many who seek cabinet positions in Norway and that may be one reason why there are so many cabinet changes in Norway. It appears to be the same thing in Sweden.

Says a Christiania correspondent: "The reports from the fishing ground are exceedingly favorable. During the last week of March about 4,000,000 codfish were caught and the whole catch up to that date was 15,200,000, or 6,000,000 more than for the same season last year. The production of cod liver oil during the same period was 575,000 gallons, against 250,000 gallons last year. Among the by-products may be mentioned 20,000 barrels of spawn. There seems to be codfish in immense quantities along entire west coast and in Loften alone there were 5,000 fishing smacks at the above date. The prices continue high and exporters are more than pleased with the situation.

There is, according to latest reports, more money in sight for the cathedral at Trondhjem. The finance committee of the storthing has unanimously reported in favor of increasing the annual allowance of the government for the restoration of the cathedral from 60,000 to 80,000 crowns, on condition that 30,000 crowns a year be raised from other sources. The city of Trondhjem has voted to give 10,000 crowns, and the other 20,000 will be raised by means of private contributions. A banking institution which has been very liberal in its allowance for this cause is the Savings Bank of Trondhjem, which has been giving 20,000 crowns annually during a great number of years.

The emigration from Norway last year was, according to recent statistics, quite considerable. There were, according to these statistics, 12,142 persons who emigrated to foreign lands during the year of 1907. Various causes have been given, but the most likely cause may be attributed to hard times. Most of those who emigrated cam from the cities, where there has during the past two years been a scarcity of labor. In Christiania last year the labor situation was more than embarrassing and there were naturally many who determined to emigrate to foreign lands, especially America, where they figured they could secure labor under easier conditions.

Edvard Grieg, Norway's most famous composer, will rest in a most picturesque spot, which in a way is in keeping with the weird temperament of the late musician. The report comes from Bergen that his remains are to be placed in a grotto in Troldhaugen near Bergen. In this grotto, which can only be approached from the fiord side, his urn will be placed, whereupon the opening to the grotto will be closed and sealed.

Work on the royal villa has been progressing very slowly of late owing to the heavy snow fall which came last month. The intention is now, however, to push the work with the greatest vigor and it is believed that it will be ready for occupancy during the latter part of the summer. The chances are probably that the building, which is to be an elaborate one, will not be completed before fall.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Business conditions in Denmark are a great deal healthier than in Sweden and Norway at present. The coming summer will witness much activity in the building of new railway lines, both private and national, and will thus give hundreds of idle men an opportunity to secure work. According to latest reports there will be not less than forty new lines of railway built during the summer and they are all backed by solid capital. The principal line to be built, is, we understand, the national line staked out from Copenhagen to Kjoge.

There are not less than fifty-three agricultural papers published in Denmark at present, which is, comparatively speaking, the greatest number published in any country in the world. Sweden has forty-one agricultural publications and Norway has nineteen.

The Copenhagen Street railway did an excellent business last year. The net profits were $541,250 and the stockholders were paid a dividend of 6 per cent. It is an excellent showing and naturally the stockholders are all pleased.

Denmark is about due for a cabinet crisis. The present political situation bears all the earmarks which would lead one to make such a prediction and the rumors to this effect will not easily down.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Samuel H. Bowman, a Minneapolis lumber dealer, has brought suit in the United States circuit court in Chicago to gain title to a portion of the Michigan lake front of Chicago. This tract is valued at so many millions that if Mr. Bowman should win his suit he will easily become one of the wealthiest men in the Northwest. The land embraces thirty-three acres and is now in possession of the city of Chicago, the Illinois Central railway and the South Park commission.

Wrought up over the reports that gambling still continues among students Cyrus Northrop, president of the University of Minnesota, made a personal visit to the cigar stands in the vicinity of the campus, scathingly rebuked the young men he found there and warned the dealers that they must discard their gambling devices. The students promised to stop the practice and dealers agreed to throw away their dice boxes and slot machines.

The state board of control has awarded to the J. & W. A. Elliott company of Minneapolis the contract for the erection of the new buildings at the state prison at Stillwater. The contracts cover a manufacturing building and dormitory, a warehouse building and a temporary power plant and water tower. The contract price was $148,680.

Dean Frederick Sheetz Jones of the engineering department of the University of Minnesota has been voted upon by the Yale faculty as successor to Dean Henry Parks Wright of Yale college, upon the latter's retirement, which will become effective September, 1909. This choice is subject to the ratification of the Yale corporation.

Figures compiled by Secretary W. W. Wall of the state dairy and food department show that in sixteen counties which in 1898 had no creameries there are now sixty-four in operation. All these counties are in the northern half of the state.

James Bryce, British ambassador to the United States, has been invited to deliver an address before the annual meeting of the Minnesota Educational association, which will be held in St. Paul Dec. 28 to 31.

At a meeting of the Owatonna council the saloon license was raised from $500 to $1,000 by a vote of 6 to 2. The number of saloons was limited to ten. Hitherto there have been fifteen or sixteen saloons.

Five hundred delegates attended the State Sunday School association convention at St. Paul.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A fierce forest fire occurred in the vicinity of Akeley. In White Oak township the farmhouse of S. W. Hurlbut, together with all farm buildings, machinery, several head of stock, forty tons of hay and 200 cords of wood, was destroyed. Several small saw mills and 100,000 feet of logs were burned in the Red River Lumber company's camp north of Akeley.

Allen Potter, son of former Senator E. G. Potter of Minneapolis, was drowned in Lake of the Isles. Potter's body was in the water only ten minutes, but despite the efforts of five physicians and the use of every method known to them animation could not be restored.

Paul Zorn, riding a bicycle in the middle of the Omaha track a half mile east of Stillwater Junction, was run down by the Twilight Limited out of St. Paul and instantly killed. He was fourteen years old and a son of Robert Zorn of Stillwater.

The skeleton of Johannes Swenson, who mysteriously disappeared on Dec. 28, 1905, has been found in a swamp in the town of Eddy, Beltrami county, by some persons who were fighting forest fires in the neighborhood.

James Gillespie, five years of age, was crushed to death by an automobile at St. Paul. The lad's skull and his left thigh were fractured, his neck was broken and the collarbone dislocated.

Fire which is said to have started in a shed where some boys were smoking cigarettes caused $40,000 damage to the plant of the E. L. Phillips Elevator company in Minneapolis.

F. D. Waterman of Elk River exchanged five or six shots with a thief at close range and two bullets went through Waterman's coat and missed his body. The thief escaped.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. J. G. Day, mother of Frank A. Day, private secretary to Governor John A. Johnson, is dead at her home in Fairmont. She was ninety-eight years of age and had been ill for some time.

George Stephenson, a pioneer of Goodhue county, is dead. He had resided on his present farm for the last thirty-six years and in the county for the last forty-four years.

John Dunnett, a prominent grain man of the Twin Cities, died at his apartments at the Plaza hotel, Minneapolis, after battling three hours with a stroke of apoplexy.

George W. Kehoe, first district chief of the Minneapolis fire department and one of the bravest and best known fire fighters of the Northwest, is dead.

Swan Nelson, member of the lower house of the state legislature from Minneapolis, is dead, aged forty-one.

DROWNED CROSSING LAKE

Catholic Priest Loses His Life Near Minneapolis.

Father J. H. Keil, thirty-five years of age, pastor of Holy Name parish, near Hamel Station, in Hennepin county, was drowned in Ditters lake. A heroic rescue by Father Laventure brought the drowning priest to shore, but he died shortly afterward without regaining consciousness.

Father Keil, together with his guests, Fathers Laventure and McCaren, were crossing the lake in a rowboat. The waves were running high and while Fathers Keil and Laventure were about to change places in the boat so as to give the former the oars a big wave overturned the frail craft.

The three men struck out for shore, some distance away. Suddenly Father Keil sank. Father Laventure turned back to his assistance and succeded in bringing him to land.

FOR MURDER OF WIFE.

John J. Mooney of Waverly Given Life Sentence.

After being out an hour and three-quarters the jury at Buffalo returned a verdict finding John J. Mooney, the Waverly real estate dealer, guilty of murder in the second degree and he was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Mooney killed his wife and made a desperate fight in court to escape punishment.

The prisoner received the verdict and sentence with little show of emotion. He remarked that he "was worthy of the sentence." Mooney apparently expected the outcome, for he seemed to be determined to accept his fate calmly.

Execution of the sentence was stayed until May 4. No attempt will be made to appeal the case.

Stolen Cash Recovered.

The police of St. Paul have recovered all of the money and other property stolen by Robert Kehle, the "convent burglar," from the several institutions robbed by Kehle. Detective Fraser and R. D. O'Brien, county attorney, have returned from Judd, N. D., where they recovered $375 from Kehle's brother, Herman Kehle, to whom the burglar sent the money the day after robbing the parsonage of St. Louis Catholic church. The police also located the place where Kehle roomed in St. Paul and here they found a valise containing $500 and other property.

Pardon Board Reduces Sentence.

The state pardon board, consisting of Chief Justice Start of the supreme court, Governor Johnson and Attorney General Young, has commuted the sentence of Dr. Jacob Force of Minneapolis from three years and six months to two years and six months, which will make him eligible to parole in two or three months. Dr. Force was formerly president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company of Minneapolis and it is as a result of his management of that company's affairs that he is now serving a term in the state prison.

Wounds His Son-in-Law.

Without warning other than the words "I'll kill you" Watkins Hall, colored, shot and seriously wounded his son-in-law, Sam King, in the presence of the latter's wife, who was nursing a child three months old in their home at Minneapolis. Hall was ready to send a third bullet into his victim when Mrs. King rushed between the struggling men with the baby in her arms and begged her father not to shoot again. The men quarrelled over a grocery bill. King may recover.

Engineer and Fireman Injured.

C. R. Williams, an engineer for the Soo railway, is in a critical condition at St. Joseph's hospital at St. Paul from scalds received by the collapse of a filling at Courtland avenue on the line the road is building into the city. George Benepe, the fireman of the engine, was also badly scalded and his presence of mind in "killing" the engine probably prevented the immediate death of the engineer.

Rain Puts Out Fires.

A heavy rainfall has given the northern part of the state relief from the destructive fires which daily were destroying farm buildings and had grown so rapidly that several villages were seriously threatened. Late reports from the northern part of the state were that hundreds of men were spending most of their time trying to save their homes, but rain will end their troubles in this direction.

Freight Fireman Killed.

Arthur N. Elliot of Byron, a fireman on an extra freight train on the Chicago and Northwestern road, was instantly killed at a bridge one and a half miles west of Cambria. It is believed that he leaned over from the platform to get fresh air after firing the engine and was struck on the head by the bridge and rolled under the train.

Duck Hunters Drowned.

Henry Moberg, forty-five years of age, and Sam Glover, thirty-two years of age, were drowned in Lake Lizzie, near Walker. The men were hunting ducks and used a steel boat and it is supposed that in some manner the craft was overturned and sank to the bottom of the lake, leaving the unfortunate men nothing to cling to.

PURDY GETS PLACE

Succeeds Judge Lochren of Federal Court at Minneapolis.

SENATORS TURNED DOWN

Messrs. Clapp and Nelson Had Recommended W. E. Hale, a Mill City Attorney, for Position.

The president has sent to the senate the name of Milton D. Purdy of Minnesota to be United States judge at Minneapolis in place of Judge Lochren, retired. Senators Clapp and Nelson had recommended W. E. Hale of Minneapolis for the place.

Since Mr. Purdy's appointment to the position of assistant to the attorney general in July, 1905, on the resignation of Judge William A. Day, he has had special charge in the department of justice of all cases relating to the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust act and the interstate commerce laws. He has argued before the United States supreme court many important cases for the government, among his most recent victories being the two cases of the Great Northern Railway company and the Armour Packing company against the United States, in which the government was successful. Through Mr. Purdy's work important principles of law applicable to the interstate commerce act were established.

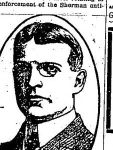

MILTON D. PURDY.

CAPTAIN HART DISBARRED

Cannot Practice in State Courts for Six Months.

Suspension from practicing as an attorney in any of the courts of this state for six months is the punishment meted out to Captain Francis B. Hart of Minneapolis by the special supreme court appointed to try the disbarment proceedings instituted against him by the State Bar association. The decision, written by Judge Frank C. Brooks of Minneapolis, acting chief justice, was filed with the clerk of the supreme court.

The special court severely arraigns Captain Hart for the language used in his letter to Chief Justice Start and incidentally upholds the correctness of the decisions rendered by the supreme court to which Mr. Hart took exception and upon which the letters were based. As to his defense that the letters were written by him as a citizen and not as an officer of the court, the special court holds that insofar as he exercised the right of a private citizen in criticising the court he was immune from the penalty sought to be enforced, but that in assailing the chief justice personally he wilfully violated his oath of office and rendered himself liable to disbarment.

MAY BLOCK CONFIRMATION

Purdy's Appointment Referred to Nelson, Depew and Overman.

The nomination of Milton D. Purdy of Minneapolis, now assistant to the attorney general, to be United States district judge of Minnesota, in the senate judiciary committee was referred to Senators Nelson, Depew and Overman. Mr. Nelson opposed the appointment of Mr. Purdy to the judgeship and should he continue his opposition could prevent confirmation at this session of the senate.

Railroad Employe Killed.

Thomas Nixon of St. Paul, employed in the roundhouse in the Northern Pacific yards, was run down and instantly killed as he was going to work. It was snowing hard at the time and the engineer of the switch engine did not see Nixon on the tracks and Nixon for the same reason could not see the approaching engine. Nixon's body was horribly mangled and death was instantaneous.

Child Strangled to Death.

The ten-year-old son of J. A. Schulte of Spring Grove became entangled in the hay rope in his father's barn and strangled to death. The little fellow was trying to make a swing out of the hay rope and stood on the beam and fastened the rope to the rafter, when in some way he lost his balance and fell, the rope becoming entwined around his neck.

DR. O. F. M. ELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
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$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Government and Good Roads.

A few facts from the April 10th number of Farm and Fireside that ought to wake up our slumbering congressmen:

"The total burden of the government tax is now about ten dollars per capita. At an increase of only seven cents a year per capita the government could vastly improve our roads. This would not be felt by any individual. Shall the annual expenditure of millions for the improvements of waterways and harbors, for the reclamation of semi-arid lands and the like be continued and the government refuse to help build roads for the farmer to haul his produce over? There is nothing problematical about national aid in good-road building; it is the only method ever tried in the world's history that has been successful. In a word the national government has the right, the need, the ability and the precedent to solve this question, and every farmer in the country ought to push hard for national aid. In Europe, Australia, New Zealand, South America and every other foreign country in which national aid has been tried in good-road building it has been a splendid and unqualified success.

"To us this listens all right. Perhaps the farmer can see something the matter with it, but it stacks up to the editor like the real thing. Anyhow, the farmer of this community—and especially of its richest agricultural parts—can never come into his own until a spell of soft weather has lost its power to stop business exchange and social intercourse between farm and town. This movement has a hump on itself, and it's going to break the ice of influence and get things going."

Uncle Joe as a Tariff Reformer.

The news paper publishers of the United States are a powerful body. They have complained long and loudly of oppression. The paper trust, they say, charges them unconscionable prices. Repeatedly they have demanded, therefor, that the duty on wood pulp and print paper be removed. Some of them became quite fretful and alluded to the apathy of the Ways and Means Committee in a manner that was really unpleasant on the eve of a campaign. They convinced President Roosevelt, who, in his last message, spoke favorably of immediate repeal of this duty.

And now comes the House organization, headed by the Speaker in person, gallantly to the rescue. Not with a bill to repeal the duty but with a set of ringing resolutions asking the Attorney-General, if he sees fit, to prosecute the trust, under the Sherman Act, for restraint of trade.

Now that Uncle Joseph has fairly set his puissant hand to redressing the abuses of the tariff in this manner we expect much of him. They say he is actually prepared, if the boot manufacturers grow too clamorous over the duty on hides, to have the Beef Trust arrested for spitting on the sidewalk. If American shipbuilders complain again that the Steel Trust handicaps them by selling plate to foreign competitors cheaper than to them, he will prosecute that trust for performing unnecessary labor on Sunday.

There is even some glimmer of hope for American artists who these many years have grieved over the idiotic barrier which the tariff erects against foreign works of art. The speaker will not remove the duty, but he will join heart and soul in the crusade against ugly bilboards.—Saturday Evening Post.

Railroad and Warehouse Commission.

The Iron Trail, the official organ of the railway employes in the state of Minnesota, has the following to say regarding the candidacy of a Northern Minnesota man for the important office of railroad and warehouse commissioner:

One of the important bodies in any state is its Railroad and Warehouse Commission, and that body must at all times be free from the great railroad interests. It should be operated only in the interests of the people who use the great thoroughfares.

The Railroad and Warehouse Commission of the State of Minnesota is considered as belonging almost body and soul to the railroad corporations.

The one thing that the people of Minnesota are going to try this next election—with the assistance of the Minnesota Shippers' and Receivers' Association—is to elect a commission that will be out and out for the best interests of the state at large. It is necessary, therefore, that the commission be composed of honorable men who represent the people all the time, men of mature judgment, wide business experience and of seasoned character.

Out of northern Minnesota comes such a man, John H. Grass of Fergus Falls.

His experience of forty years in the mercantile business makes him familiar with the needs of business men.

His experience of 20 years as owner and manager of one of the largest stock farms in the state makes him familiar with the needs of the farmer and stock shipper.

His experience as owner and manager of a grain elevator makes him familiar with the needs of grain shippers.

As president for some years of the Shippers' and Receivers' Association he has become familiar with the railroad situation.

He has been in many a fight for more equitable rates and for fair dealing on the part of the railroads with the people.

He stands for the prompt completion of the valuation of the railroads and the fixing of rates that will pay fair operating expenses and a fair return on the actual value of the property which they use for the convenience of the public. He favors absolutely the abolition of discriminations in favor of any individual or localities.

It is men who stand on such platforms as these that count—men who are for the people first, last and all the time.

Mr. Grass has made a statement for the benefit of all classes of railroad men as to his policy if elected.

He will do all he can to make working and riding on the railroads in Minnesota safer than it is today.

He will stand for the institution of safety devices when and where needed.

He will stand for full and complete reports of all accident, whether anyone is injured or not.

These are the things the railroad men are interested in.

It can be seen that he stands for the shippers, the traveling public, the farmers, the working man—in fact, for the whole people.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

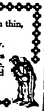

Now is the time to buy your wire fencing. We have a large stock of American Fence, in all widths, at a very low price.

AMERICAN FENCE

We also sell the Quick Meal Ranges, the best stove made.

Do you want to paint your house this spring? If so, buy your paint from us, it is 100 per cent pure.

Our Hardware line is now complete, and we carry everything usually kept in a first-class Hardware Store. Give us a trial. We aim to please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

How Germany Does It.

Because the opponents of measures tending to deprive stock and grain speculation of some of their grosser evils are declaring that ruin to the country will follow the adoption of such regulations, it is worth while to note that Germany has laws much more rigid than any now proposed in this country, and that the ruin predicted has not followed their adoption there.

Stock speculation in Germany is under strict government control. Dealing on margins is absolutely prohibited, and so are dealings in "futures." There is a penalty of fine and imprisonment for any broker, speculator or other middleman who buys or sells products of the soil or factory or mine except in the process of distribution.

All stocks and bonds, before being admitted to any of the German bourses, must be examined by a government committee. A prospectus must be presented, and there are severe criminal penalties for making false statements. This includes withholding pertinent information. Stocks of new corporations are admitted only after a balance sheet has been published at the expiration of a year. No transactions may take place on the bourse except in bonds or stocks that have been regularly admitted.

Furthermore, no one may speculate in stocks except registered brokers. This means just what it says, and it is intended to prevent merchants, business men and others from speculating. If they wish to speculate, they must register as stock dealers. If any one who has not registered speculates, the party with whom he deals takes the risk of repudiation, because no stock transactions except between registered brokers are enforceable at law. Unauthorized stock transactions are placed upon the same plane as gambling debts.

That does not mean that investment, as distinguished from speculation, is curbed in the slightest degree. Any private investor may buy stock of a registered broker, pay for it and take it away. But no "investor" can buy a hundred shares of $100 stock at $10 a share, and settle later on a basis of the difference in price. No "investor" may sell stock which he does not possess to a man who does not want to buy it. No "wash sales," fictitious transactions designed to fix the market price of a stock, are permitted.

All prices are fixed by the government committee through official "quotation brokers," who can have no other business. It is the duty of these brokers to prevent manipulation of prices by "wash sales" or other devices. The prices as fixed by the committee through the quotation brokers are official prices. There is no chance to "rig the market" in order to shear the lambs for the benefit of the bulls and bears whose warfare between themselves is just pretended, and whose only real warfare is a campaign of plunder upon outsiders. It is a crime for a broker to give false advice, and the stock ticker is prohibited.

Yet Germany seems to keep up fairly well under it. It has fifteen bourses, and a single Wall street. It has an aristocracy, but no arrogant plutocracy. We should have found it hard to build up our plutocracy without the friendly aid of Wall street.—Duluth Herald.

The best way to keep the boy on the farm is to offer him some inducements to remain there. For many years sociologists have been greatly disturbed at the tendency of the brightest of the country young people, especially of the boys, to hike to the towns, where, in their minds, there are greater opportunities for a "good time" or material advancement, as they are light or serious minded. The close observer, however, may note a vice versa tendency of late. With the hustle for a living in the overcrowded cities, even in good times, becoming so strenuous, and with free mail delivery in the country and the tendency toward better roads, better living, and the drudgery saved measurably by improved machinery, there is steadily more inducement to remain in the country, and to leave the city for rural districts.—Warren Sheaf.

Philadelphia Ledger: The anthracite situation, if it were closely studied today, would perhaps disclose a monopoly as nearly perfect as the world has ever seen. Its power is unlimited and its rapacity merciless. The consumers of domestic coal know its iron hand, and the treatment of the business world which uses steam coal is such that an embargo has been laid upon the industry and prosperity of Philadelphia. Without regard to the cost of coal or to the supply and demand or any other factor or consideration which rules in the general world of trade and commerce, the anthracite trust lays its relentless hand upon business energy and either paralyzes it or squeezes out the last dollar.

The failure of Congress to make provision for the construction of our new battleships shows a disposition on the part of our representatives to adhere to the time honored theory in this country that peace begets peace, that war is averted not because we are in a position to crush a nation but that we by example inspire a peaceable spirit in others. By following in the footsteps of European nations in adding to the aramament of our navy in America only postpones the day of universal peace.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

Closing Out Sale at Cost

Having leased my store building, my stock of confectionery and groceries must be closed out before the 15th of May. Everything will go at cost—come early while the stock is complete.

FIXTURES.

All store fixtures such as show cases, counters, scales, refrigator, etc., will be sold cheap. If in need of anything in this line call early.

O. H. NELSON

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

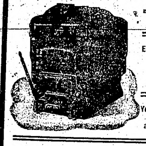

EMIL DRYFOOS. ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Phone 111. Main Ave.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Salmon Chinook choice 1 lb. can.	15
Salmon Princess choice cut 1 lb. can.	25
Grapes Princess per can.	25
Cherris Princess per can.	35
Tomatoes Princess regular price 15c, now,	12½
Corn Princess, regular price 15c, now,	12½
Peaches Princess sliced lemon-cling, per can.	30
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Peas, Golden West early June 2 cans for	25
Beans Golden West Cut Refuge per can	15
Apples, per gallon can.	35
Coffee, fresh roasted per lb.	15

We receive shipments of green vegetables on Wednesdays and Saturdays which are always kept *Nice* and *Fresh*.

DOCK & NELSON

Phone No. 115. 3rd St.

MILLINERY

the latest

the best

the cheapest

at

CALDWELL'S.

North LaBree Avenue, opposite Hotel North Western.

Wheat Buyers Short.

If reports are correct it appears that more than half the grain buyers along the Moorhead Northern have a shortage in their grain accounts this spring. At Kragness one is reported about 1200 bushels short, while at other points along the line the deficits are numerous but smaller. It appears that the state weight does not in any case correspond with local weights but, causes a shortage of several bushels on almost every car shipped. There is suspicion that the "shortage" claims of the various companies is a new form of graft, by which the buyers are bluffed into paying back their wages, and something more.—Hendrum Review.

Hard on Winter Wheat.

Some of the winter wheat fields do not look at all promising and it is possible that most of them will be seeded to other grain. The weather of the past winter consisting of frosts and thaws, has been about as unfavorable as it possibly could be for winter wheat. Rye, however, seems to be in very fair condition, which indicates that it is hardier than the wheat.—Hendrum Review.

Todd is Gone.

M. E. Todd, who is well known in this county, as a schoomaster, is reported to have left Argyle, near where he has lived a number of years, and is supposed to have gone to the Rainy river county or Canada.—Warren Sheaf.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending April, 25, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Edwardson, Miss Mary.
Knutson, Syver.
Lien, Miss Inga.
Nystoe, Mrs. O. O......2
Obelis, Ole.
Peck, Fred.
Rodham, Harold.
Severson, Miss Martha.
Wentzel, Jr. Aug.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5. Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, Adults 20c and Children, 10c; Afternoons, 10c to All.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

The News, $1 Per Year.

DATES CHANGED

Firemen's Tournament to Be Held June 29, 30 and July 1 and 2.

The dates for holding the fourteenth annual tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association to be held in Thief River Falls this year have been changed from June 16, 17, 18 and 19 to June 29, 30 and July 1 and 2. A few slight changes have also been made in the program as published last week. The local firemen are all hard at work and the tournament this year is going to be the biggest affair of its kind ever attempted in Nortnern Minnesota.

Gives Valuable Pointers.

Lars Leffler, butter- maker at the Hendrum creamery, gives the patrons of that institution some pertinent suggestions in the Hendrum Review. Among other things, Mr. Leffler says: "Farmers, bring in the cream as fresh as possible this season. It will make up to two cents a pound difference on the entire output if you do. In order to get the highest price on the New York market the butter must score 92 or better. In scoring, the flavor counts 45 per cent, and the flavor is almost entirely dependent on the condition of the cream when brought in. One can of sour cream will spoil a whole churning, in fact the flavor is dependent on the poorest cream rather than the best. The state laws governing creameries are much stricter than ever before and makes it necessary for the buttermaker to refuse any cream that is not sweet."

Joe Duchamp Gets Contract.

Joseph A. Duchamp has been awarded the contract for carrying the mail from Thief River Falls to Kratka by way of Mavie and Anton for a term of four years, commencing May 1st. The contract price is $[illegible]99 a year. It is understood that Mr. Duchamp contemplates buying an automobile and running a stage line in connection with carrying the mail.

Conrad Olson, who has been carrying the mail on this route has been in the employ of the government for nine years as mail carrier out of Thief River Falls, and he has been one of the most faithful mail carriers in the service as the patrons along the route he has served can testify.

A daily mail service is also to be established between Kratka and Erie by way of Highlanding on the first of May.

Creamery Statement.

Statement of Sandridge creamery for the month of March, 1908.

Total cream received,	16,420. lbs.
Average test,	28.52.
Butterfat,	4,685.91. lbs,
Price paid,	27 cents.
Total receipt including last balance,	$1,504.05.
Paid patrons,	1,265.20
Expense fund and supplies,	208.85.
Balance,	30.00.
Total,	$1,504.05.

Those drawing $40 and over:

C. Smith,	$49.05.
Ole J. Lunke,	46.72.
F. Stienhuer,	46.27.
M. J. Lunke,	43.09.
John Simonson,	41.67.
A. Bjork,	40.27.

J. A. Sorum, Sec'y.

Pays a Big Tax.

The Bemidji News is publishing a large number of statements each week in an endeavor to show that the Crookston Lumber company, which has a saw mill at Bemidji, is not paying its just taxes. To an outsider it would look as if the Lumber company was getting hit rather hard. The total personal property tax payed by the people of Bemidji amounts to $23,017.38, of which the Crookston Lumber company paid $12,787.17, and the other taxpayers combined in the city of Bemidji paid a personal property tax of $9,260.10. The Crookston Lumber company pays $3,526.98 more in personal property taxes than all other personal property tax payers in the city of Bemidji combined.

Located Wrong.

Ole Siverson Moen, formerly of Erskine, Polk county, is having troubles of his own on account of a bum steer given him by a locator in Roseau county. He is a practical farmer and departed for the north county last fall to secure some of the federal homesteads there. He fell in with a settler who said he would locate him for a consideration and he was shown one of the finest high and dry sites in the county. With dreams of a great farm in his mind he filed only to find when the figures came out that he had viewed a piece of land that belonged to another party, miles distant from his pick which was out in the muskeg. He is trying to get the land office here to cancel the entry.—Crookston Journal.

Telephone for Highlanding.

We have not been sleeping on the telephone line proposition, and now have a company in sight that will put in a line, by way of Lillo. Representatives of the telephone company will meet with the Highlanding people tomorrow afternoon, and will make arrangements to get the line in by June.—Sunbeam

DAIRY TALK

A Growing Demand For Good Butter Demands Care.

The United States Department of Agriculture has issued a circular as giving twenty dairy suggestions with special reference to sanitation. The growing demand for good butter on the eastern market means much for the dairy farmer, but in order to get the very best of prices the farmer must market pure, sweet cream, and the suggestions given below will do much toward an advance in prices if followed closely:

THE COWS.

1. Have the herd examined at least twice a year by a skillful veterinarian. Promptly remove animals suspected of being in bad health. Never add an animal to the herd until certain it is free from disease, particularly tuberculosis.

2. Never allow a cow to be excited by fast driving, abuse, loud talking, or unnecessary disturbance; do not expose her to cold or storms more than necessary.

3. Clean the entire body of the cow daily; hair in the region of the udders should be kept short by clipping.

4. Do not allow strong flavored food, like garlic, cabbage or turnips to be eaten, except immediately after milking. Changes in food should be made gradually.

5. Provide fresh, pure water in abundance, easy of access and not too cold.

THE STABLES.

6. Dairy cattle should be kept in a stable, preferably without cellar or storage loft, and where no other animals are housed.

7. The stable should be light, (4 square feet of glass per cow) and dry; with at least 500 cubic feet of air space per animal. It should have air inlets and outlets, so arranged as to give good ventilation without air drafts on cows.

8. The floor should be tight and constructed preferably of cement; walls and ceiling tight, clean, free from cob-webs, and, white-washed twice a year. Have as few dust catching ledges, projections and corners as possible.

9. Allow no dirty, musty, or dusty litter, or strong-smelling material in the stable. Haul manure to field daily, or store under cover at least 40 feet from stable. Use land plaster daily in gutter and on floor.

MILK HOUSE.

10. Have a light clean, well-ventilated and screened milk room, located so as to be free from dust and odors.

11. Milk utensils should be made of metal, and all joints smoothly soldered. Never allow utensils to become rusty or rough inside. Use them for handling, storing or delivering milk only.

12. To clean dirty utensils, use only pure water. First rinse the utensils in warm water. Then wash inside and out side with hot water, in which a cleansing material has been dissolved, and rinse again. Sterilize with boiling water or, steam. Then keep inverted in pure air and sun, if possible, until wanted for use.

MILKING AND HANDLING MILK.

13. Use no dry, dusty food previous to milking.

14. The milker should wash his hands immediately before milking and milk with dry hands. He should wear a clean outer garment, kept in a clean place when not in use. Tobacco should not be used while milking.

15 Wipe the udder and surrounding parts with a clean damp cloth immediately before milking.

16. In milking be quiet, quick, clean and thorough. Commence milking at the same hour every morning and evening and milk the cows in the same order.

17. If any of the milk is bloody, stringy, or unnatural in appearance or if by accident dirt gets into the milk pail, the whole should be rejected.

18. Do not fill cans in stable. Remove the milk of each cow at once from the stable to the milk room. Strain immediately through cotton flannel or cotton. Cool to 50 degrees Fahrenheit as soon as strained. Store at 50 degrees Fahrenheit or lower.

19. Never mix warm milk with that which has been cooled, do not allow milk to freeze.

20. A person suffering from any disease, or who has been recently exposed to a contageous disease, must remain away from the cows and milk.

Big Buffalo Herd.

Lamont in Alberta, just accross the line in Canada from Montana has the largest buffalo herd in the world, numbering over 400. They are kept in a large corall or game preserve so arranged that the Grand Trunk Pacific runs along one side of it for 80 miles thus giving passengers an excellent opportunity of seing the herd. Last year these buffaloes were nearly all shipped out of Montana to Lamont. Three hundred more have just been secured from the same source from a man named Michael Pablo, a Montana rancher. These will be driven up to Lamont, a distance of over 80 miles. A round-up of 300 wild buffaloes ought to make it somewhat exiting even to the old time cowboy. The two herds united together with the offspring will make a herd of close on to a thousand head—a sight worth seing. The net increase is estimated at 20 per cent annually hence [illegible]

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

GUARANTEED CURE FOR

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;—18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

For Real Estate Loans, we are now better prepared than before, come and consult us.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

People's State Bank.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

THE LICENSED AND REGISTERED STALLIONS

The President

"The President" is a Clydesdale, Register No. 9317, weighs 2000, color brown and a sure foal getter. This stallion took the first prize at the Iowa State Fair at Des Moines for three successive years.

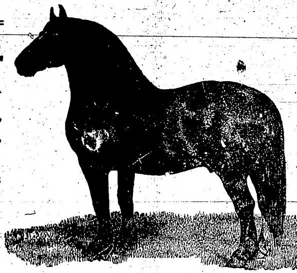

Iowa Pride

"Iowa Pride" is a Percheron, Register No. 15741, three years old, now weighs 1600, steel grey color, a perfect draught animal and must be seen to be appreciated.

These Horses Will Stand Every Week Day From Now Until August 1, 1908, at the Ramstad Barn, Thief River Falls, Minn.

FOR FULL INFORMATION, INQUIRE OF

G. H. SANDUM,
OWNER.

ALFRED LINDQUIST,
IN CHARGE.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court.
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota, Plaintiff's Attorney.
April 16-May 21

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 9th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No.156 made June 22nd 1904 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 154, N, Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May, 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Moline " " " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Bryzney, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
April 16-May 21

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parbst, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,600, made October 20th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 26 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Twp. 154, N. R. 44 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Funnasdahl " " " "
John Sjorsvold " " " "
Albert Faragan " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
Apr. 23-May 28

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson and Kittel Knudson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent. The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled. Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd, day of May, 1908 at 9 o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 27th day of April 1908.

(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

O. Halverson,
Attorney for petitioner.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
April 30-May 14.

Discount Sale!

20 per cent off on all Men's, Ladies and childrens spring caps, felt and straw hats.

A large line of Prints Percales and Summer Dress Goods and Shirt Waist Goods just received.

Call and see them, and compare prices.

J. H. JACOBSON.

Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 1[illegible], 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st, 1908, viz: Halvor [illegible] H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. [illegible] in Township 154 N of R 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

William O Long, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mikkle Jorde, " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " "
Andrew M. Jorde " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
April 23-May 28

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Impeachment proceedings will not be instituted against Lebbeus R. Wilfley, judge of the United States court for China, against whom charges of misconduct on the bench were brought by Lorin S. Andrews and other American lawyers resident in Shanghai. The house judiciary committee, by unanimous vote, adopted a report declaring that facts sufficient to justify the impeachment of Judge Wilfley have not been presented to the subcommittee, to which the charges were referred.

The house committee on banking and currency voted to lay on the table the financial bill offered by Representative Vreeland of New York as a substitute for the Aldrich bill and decided to report favorably the bill recently introduced by Chairman Fowler providing for a currency commission to consist of forty-three members, eleven members of the senate, eleven members of the house and twenty-one others, who must be citizens of the United States.

After consideration of less than two hours the senate committee on naval affairs reported the naval appropriation bill to the senate. On the battleship construction programme the senate committee adopted the policy of the house, making no change in the provision for two vessels.

At a meeting of the Republican steering committee of the senate the legislative programme was discussed, but no decision was reached to add any important measures to those destined for enactment at the present session of congress.

The McCall bill requiring publicity of campaign contributions was reported favorably to the house by the committee on election of the president, vice president and representatives in congress.

The house has adopted the Tillman resolution authorizing the bringing of a suit to reacquire the lands of the Oregon and California railroad in Oregon.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A writ of habeas corpus was granted at White Plains, N. Y., by Justice Morschauser on application of Harry K. Thaw. The writ is made returnable at Poughkeepsie on Saturday, May 2, at which time District Attorney Jerome of New York will be given opportunity to oppose the proceedings for Thaw's release.

The suspension of T. A. McIntyre & Co., brokers and members of the New York Stock Exchange and of the New York Cotton and Produce Exchanges is announced. The firm did a large business and had branches in Chicago, Baltimore, Boston, Hartford, Binghampton, Syracuse, Rochester and Hot Springs, Va.

Louis Strang, in a fifty horsepower Italian car, won the 259 mile automobile race over the Briarcliff (N. Y.) course. Cedrino, also in an Italian car, was second, and Guy Vaughan, in a thirty-horsepower car of American make, was third.

Army officers reaching San Francisco on the transport Buford from the Philippines bring news of serious uprisings in Mindanao and spasms of guerrilla warfare between the whites, the settlers and the natives.

The Nebraska State Lumber Dealers' association was perpetually enjoined by the state supreme court and restrained from all operations calculated to eliminate competition in the sales of building materials.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that no definite change has occurred in the business situation, although the favorable progress of the crops is an encouraging indication for the future.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 27.—Wheat—May, $1.05½; July, $1.01¾; Sept., 90¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.09¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.07¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.04⅜@1.05¼; No. 3 Northern, 91¼c@$1.03¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.00; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$5.25@5.35. Sheep—Wethers, $6.00@6.25; good to choice lambs, $6.75@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 27.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.07¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.02¾; May, $1.02¾; July, $1.01¼; Sept., 91c. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.17¾; July, $1.19¾; Sept., $1.19¾; Oct., $1.19¾.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50@7.15; Texans, $[illegible]; Western cattle, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]; mixed, $5.[illegible]; heavy, $[illegible]; rough, $[illegible]; pigs, $[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible]; yearlings, $[illegible]; lambs, $[illegible].

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 27.—Wheat—May, 97⅜c; July, [illegible]; Sept., [illegible]. Corn—May, [illegible]; July, [illegible]; Sept., [illegible]. Oats—May, [illegible]; July, 43⅝c; Sept., [illegible]. Pork—May, $12.8[illegible]; July, $12.[illegible]; Sept., $13.[illegible]. Butter—Creameries, [illegible]@25c; dairies, 18@21c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 13½c; broilers, per dozen, $1.50@3.50.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The Ideal Beer

Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be pure. We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states. Our guarantee label is on every bottle. "Leads Them All."

Hamm's

The News: $1 per Year.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The American Beauty rose and the old Brahma hen don't usually thrive as they ought to on the same lawn—that is, the rose doesn't.

Wherever one finds the silo and the clover or alfalfa meadow a sensible and profitable type of agriculture is pretty likely to be in vogue.

It is thought by many that politics more largely than economics was responsible for the unprecedented slump in hogs during the winter months.

It is claimed that the sweetness and flavor of a good orange may be increased by peeling, quartering and allowing it to stand in a cold place overnight.

Cuss words and blows in the dairy barn mean just so many less dollars in the monthly cream check. There are a lot of farmers who haven't got on to this fact yet.

Alfalfa hay at $15, with five tons raised to the acre, accounts for a large share of the prosperity to be found in those portions of the country where this valuable cereal thrives.

The work in the average town or country home is hard and burdensome enough at best without there being an inadequate or unhandy supply of fuel and of hard and soft water.

Flocks of sheep and substantial fences are to be found on the best farms of the country today. The man who doesn't have either improvement is certainly not living up to his agricultural opportunities.

The hog raiser and the man on a salary both have just ground for a kick with live hogs selling at 4 cents per pound and bacon and hams retailing at from 18 to 22 cents. The gap between the raw and finished product is greater than there is any possible excuse for.

Reports are to the effect that eggs may be kept a long time and in excellent condition by wiping them clean and coating them with lard. While the keeping qualities of the egg may be considerably increased in this way, we question if the method is as effective as the water glass solution.

Some idea of the part old Biddy now and then plays in the busting of the egg trust is gathered from the fact that during a period of about four days in the middle of March 44,570,520 eggs were shipped into the city of New York alone. As a result of this deluge of hen fruit there was a slump in the price of eggs of about 5 cents per dozen.

One of the chief sources of food for the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands is the tuberous root of the taro plant, which somewhat resembles the water lily. The roots of this plant are ground up into pulp and allowed to sour, in which form it is called "poi." The stuff is very sticky, and the natives eat it by sticking their fingers into a dish of it and then licking them off.

That boy is a mighty unsatisfactory and unpromising proposition, both for himself and other folks, who is lazy as all get out, but still insists on having three square meals a day. It is a source of increasing exasperation on the part of those who have to put up with folks of this type that their constitutional inactivity is almost always accompanied by a remarkably sound state of physical health.

A friend the writer knew some years ago fitted himself for the ministry. While possessing sincerity and earnestness to a marked degree, he was so diffident and ill at ease in the pulpit that his health broke down, and as a result he had to quit his pastoral work. He moved on to a farm which he owned and today runs a model dairy, from which he supplies milk to a large number of customers in a nearby town. While he no longer has a pulpit from which to preach, he still has the same opportunity to deal squarely with his fellows and to give "good measure, pressed down and running over."

While it is always one of the busiest periods of the year, the best time for pruning in the orchard is during April, May and June, as during these months scars that are made most quickly heal over, thereby lessening the possibility that the process of decay will set in at the point of cutting and thus weaken the tree. If the limb cut off is more than an inch in diameter it is well to paint the cut with white lead and oil. All limbs removed should be cut as close as possible to the trunk or main branch, while in removing one of two limbs it is well to remove the one which will leave the cut on the lower side of the main branch rather than the upper and on the side away from the center of the tree rather than on that toward it.

The person who pays his obligations by a check on his deposit in the bank always has at hand an automatic receipt which prevents his paying the same account twice. Of course this situation presupposes a bank account, which is also a pretty good proposition.

It is a very natural instinct perhaps for boys—and this is true of some grown gray headed—to find greater zest in doing a job for one's neighbor than for one's own folks. Perhaps the appreciation they get for the service performed has something to do with the situation described.

There is absolutely no method of protecting from the green goods man, the swindler and grafter the fellow who doesn't read. And, as a rule, the fellow who doesn't read and quite likely doesn't think hasn't the reasoning faculty sufficiently developed to draw helpful deductions from his own experience.

Millet, which is just the thing to sow on the low places on the farm, furnishes a grain supply which, when ground with oats or barley, makes an excellent fattening ration for beef. While millet hay makes a fair roughage ration for cattle if cured at the proper time, it is not so good as timothy, alsike or clover.

It is well for the good housewife to keep in mind that the man of the house and youngsters enjoy a variety of food, as do the animals in the barn. She should vary the soda-biscuit-fried-potato-salt-pork ration now and then and give them a surprise. It is more than likely, too, that she herself will enjoy the change of ration. While the change of diet may not make their coats more sleek, it is quite likely to brighten their eyes and whet their appetites.

Where a business man has employment in a city which is easily reached from suburban locations it is desirable from many points of view to have one's home in such a district. Here his family have the sunshine and pure air of the country, while the advantages offered by the city are also available. Moreover, he himself finds a needed relief and relaxation in the quiet of the country surroundings, there being usually enough to do about the place to give him the physical exercise which he ought to have if he would keep in the best trim for his city work.

The view that is held by many folks and one that is common in the speech of a great many more, whether they believe in it or not, is that ice which suddenly disappears in ponds and rivers at the coming of warm weather "sinks." This is a superstition pure and simple, for there is just the same unerring physical law tending to make it float in the spring as makes it stay on the surface of the water when it forms in the early winter. The solution of the phenomenon is not difficult. When a certain point is reached in the melting and rotting of the ice it suddenly disintegrates into millions of tiny spines or needles, which, exposed to the water of a warmer temperature, quickly melt. The only instance in which a body of ice would sink would be when it was mixed with or attached to an amount of dirt or stones which would make its specific gravity more than the water which it displaces, thereby causing it to sink rather than float.

When one is thinking of putting money into this or that enterprise it is always well to view with suspicion a proposition of whatever description which promises more than a legitimate return for the use of one's money. One method that is often followed by the worst type of grafters so as to make investors in their games believe that offers of abnormal returns on the investment are sincere is to return to them two or three large interest payments—just enough to increase the appetite for speculation and cause them to put in still more. In reality these payments are taken right out of the first installment of money sent in rather than being the legitimate return of the investment of such funds in a money making enterprise. But the investor finds, to his sorrow, that subsequent returns are not forthcoming. Even in such cases as the one just cited the abnormal interest return may be safely taken as a danger signal. The wise person will heed it and keep his money where he can put his hands on it.

The growing scarcity of post timber in the United States, coupled with a corresponding rise in price for posts of any description, lends additional force to the necessity of giving posts of whatever kind a preservative treatment which will increase their period of service from four to eight fold. An estimate is made in a recent bulletin on the subject issued by the forest service of the federal government that a fencepost which under ordinary circumstances will last two years will if given a preservative treatment costing 10 cents last eighteen years. Putting this in black and white, the bulletin states that the initial cost of a loblolly pine post is about 8 cents, while the cost of setting is 6 cents. Compounding interest at 5 per cent, the annual cost of such a post, supposing it would last two years, would be 7.53 cents. A preservative treatment costing 10 cents per post will increase its use to eighteen years. In this case the post when set costs 24 cents, which, compounded at 5 per cent, gives an annual charge of 2.04 cents, which makes the saving due to the preservative treatment 5.49 cents a year. In view of these figures every landowner who has fences to build should look up thoroughly this matter of a preservative treatment of posts.

CHARACTER RATHER THAN CASH

A fact that is observable in everyday business life and one that the young man just starting out in his career should take serious account of is that it is the character of the man back of a promise to pay rather than the present or prospective size of his pocketbook or bank account that makes his word and his note good and enables him to borrow money in time of need. To put it another way, it is one's disposition rather than one's ability to pay that is the largely determining factor in the fixing of his financial responsibility. In the way of illustrating the above truth there come to mind two men, representative of types that are to be found in almost any community. The one who draws a salary of $75 a month is careless in his money matters and makes a business of beating every man with whom he has a financial transaction. This practice, persisted in for years, has become a matter of habit and character, and today he justly deserves the title of "dead beat" in the community. The other man, representative of the opposite type, though receiving but little more than half the salary of the first and having considerably larger legitimate family expenditures, though often pinched financially, has been scrupulously careful to meet all obligations which he has contracted. The result is that today his word is as good as his note, and any one having money to lend lets him have it without asking any questions. It is a matter of congratulation that there are so many of this honest type and so comparatively few of the dead beat stripe. The young man starting out in life has it in his power to say which of the two classes cited he will belong to. He should remember that, while the salary which he may receive is an important factor as affecting his financial status, the character he forms while earning and spending it is an even more vital consideration.

SHALL HE GO IN DEBT?

That depends somewhat on circumstances. If he is a young man of persistence and industry, has no habits which would tend to dissipate his substance or his energies and is endowed with a fair degree of physical health, we should say that he would be justified in assuming a debt of reasonable amount, governed somewhat by his earning capacity and energy. If, on the other hand, he is lazy, has little or no initiative, is a bad manager and is generally listless and indifferent in the things which he undertakes and performs, he would better continue through life in the capacity of somebody's hired man and not assume a larger financial obligation than he can discharge with a month's wages. While going in debt unquestionably imposes a financial burden with more or less anxiety, it also inculcates a habit of saving and a more strict attention to one's receipts and expenditures. With hard work during a period of years, coupled with prudent management, one will find himself in possession of property that will sell on the market for several thousand dollars. Had the opposite course been followed and no debt assumed the same fellow would probably have been working along in much the same rut as at the start, with little or nothing to show for his efforts. Shall he go into debt? Yes; if he's made out of the right stuff.

MORE IRRIGATED LANDS.

On June 1 there will be open for entry under the terms of the Carey irrigation act 75,000 acres of land in Eden valley, in Sweetwater county, Wyo. This is the remaining portion of a tract of 100,000 acres, 25,000 acres of which have already been advertised for entry by the government. The tract in question will be ready for water during the season of 1909, but will be open for entry June 1 next. The entire cost to the entryman is $30.50 an acre, which includes the perpetual water right. An initial payment of $3.25 an acre is required when the entry is made, the remainder being payable in ten annual installments, terms which enable the settler to pay for his land from the crops which he raises thereon. Any person twenty-one years old or over is entitled to the right of entry if he has never made use of the Carey act right. One can make entry for the land without leaving home and without having to go upon the land until after the water is turned on. Thirty days' residence upon the land is required in order to obtain title. Further information relative to the conditions under which the land can be secured may be obtained by addressing the register of public lands, Washington.

AN EXPENSIVE NUISANCE.

There is probably no other single factor on the average farm that is responsible for more expense, vexation and annoyance than the weed pests against which war has to be waged unremittingly year after year. While no one is looking for an agricultural millennium, when weeds will be no more, there are certain means, often overlooked or ignored, which enable the farmer to greatly reduce and hold the weed pest in check. One of these is a careful system of crop rotation, in which clover has a place. Added to this there should be a flock of sheep to browse in the small grain and corn fields as soon as the crops are harvested. These two things—crop rotation and sheep—will go a long way toward mitigating the weed nuisance and at the same time will mean a more rational and profitable handling of the farm.

F. E. Trigg

Unintentional Sabbath Breaking.

In the early days of New England it was the custom to keep the Sabbath from sundown Saturday night until the same hour on Sunday. That this practice was attended by pitfalls is shown by an incident told in "The Papers of the Connecticut Valley Historical Society."

There lived in Ryefield a thrifty dame, an enterprising, driving woman and a notable housewife. The good woman was not willing to lose Sunday evenings out of her catalogue of housework, but she was pious withal and strictly kept the day to the sunset limit. As soon as the sun was fairly below the horizon she would begin her washing and get her clothes ready for drying bright and early on Monday morning.

One cloudy Sunday she, supposing the day was ended, changed her Sunday gown, rolled up her sleeves and went to work. As she was scrubbing away in the kitchen, her face toward the west window, the clouds suddenly broke, and the great round sun shone in full on the poor Sabbath breaker at work. She gave one cry of amazement and horror and fled the kitchen.

After that sinful day she never began her work on Sunday evening.

Lincoln's Rules.

On one occasion President Lincoln on entering the telegraph office of the war department, writes Mr. Bates in "Lincoln In the Telegraph Office," was heard to remark to Secretary Seward, "By jings, governor, we are here at last!" Turning to him in a reproving manner, Mr. Seward said, "Mr. President, where did you learn that inelegant expression?" Without replying to the secretary, Lincoln addressed the telegraph operators, saying:

"Young gentlemen, excuse me for swearing before you. 'By jings' is swearing, for my good old mother taught me that anything that had a 'by' before it was swearing."

One day Secretary Seward, who was not renowned as a joker, said he had been told that a short time before on a street crossing Lincoln had been seen to turn out in the mud to give a colored woman a chance to pass.

"Yes," said Lincoln, "it has been a rule of my life that if people would not turn out for me I would turn out for them. Then you avoid collisions."

What He Meant.

Park row at 1 a. m. and a policeman and a sailor in conversation.

"Keyside, keyside!" said the sailor. "'Ow will Hi reach the bloomin' keyside?"

"G'wan wid yo. D'ye think I'm a locksmith, that I know about yer old key and its side? There's one key and lock I'll be after givin' ye, and that's to a cell. Move on now."

"Keyside! Hi said keyside as plain as Hi could, blime!"

Just then a high brow who had been to the postoffice buying stamps so that his rejected contributions would come back to him stepped up.

"The man wants the keyside, whatever that is, and I dunno," said the policeman. "I believe he's looney and I'll run him in."

"He wants the quayside—the docks," said the high brow as he directed the man to the water front, while the policeman said:

"Well, I'll be blowed!"—New York Press.

A Slap at Mother.

Dinner was done, and the family was assembled in the sitting room. Mother had taken up the evening paper and was reading an account of how a highwayman had been operating in the suburbs. Father was down on his hands and knees trying to act like a horse while little Willie drove him around the floor.

"Papa," finally remarked the good lady, glancing toward her husband, "here is a story about another man who was waylaid. Do these holdups always stop you with a pistol and then go through your clothes?"

"Oh, no," grinfully replied father, arising from the floor. "Sometimes they wait until you hang your clothes over the back of a chair and go to sleep."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Nevertheless He Got Her.

"You say my daughter loves you?" questioned the old man.

"I'm sure of it," replied the young man.

"Well, well," returned the old man, looking the young man over critically, "There's no accounting for tastes, is there?"

And somehow, although the young man knew that he ought to be happy over the possession of the girl, he couldn't help scowling and speculating on that remark of the old man's.

Power of Deceiving.

There is a Brooklyn woman who possesses a servant who is a model in all respects save one—in that she is none too truthful.

Lately the mistress has been using all her eloquence to make Nora see the error of deceitfulness. But at last she had to own herself beaten when Nora, with a beaming smile, turned and in a most cajoling tone said:

"Sure, now, mum, an' wot do ye suppose the power of desavin' was given us fer?"

Marital Troubles.

Most of the people who write about troubles of married life are single. If they were married they would be so busy with their troubles they would not have time to write.—Moorhead Independent.

Forced Out.

She—Mr. Bloom does not pay his wife much attention, does he? He—No. The only time I ever knew of his going out with her was once when the gas exploded.

The Three Millards at the Bijou Theatre this week.

Have you seen "The Three Millards" at the Bijou this week?—do not miss them. Mrs. Millard and Baby Millard in their solos and musical turn, are artists of great ability. They are a musical combination, both instrumental and vocal and their work is very pleasing.

Next week—an exceptionally strong program, The Spaulding Bros., being a strong team of comedy acrobats, also "Kippy," the German comedy cartoonist. He will make you laugh. See his funny pictures. Saturday matinee at 4 sharp, 10 cents to all.

Rocksbury.

Mr. Thorstad was a business caller at St. Hilaire last Monday.

Miss Amber Hathaway spent Saturday and Sunday with her chum, Margie Miller.

The officers of the Farmers Mutual Tile Co., were in St. Hilaire last Monday on business concerning the company.

Mrs. Callaway and Max drove to town last Monday to enjoy (?) a fine drive in the mud.

Resolutions.

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father in His infinite wisdom has seen fit to call by death the beloved father of Sister Lucy Grundy, be it resolved—

That the heartfelt sympathy of every member of Winslow Chapter No. 182 O. E. S. be extended to Sister Grundy in her time of sorrow and may strength be given her to bear this affliction.

Fraternally, Maud Bishop, Jennie Stebbins; Committee.

Have Purchased Poles.

The Farmer's Telephone company, which expects to build a line from the town of Sanders into Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire, this week purchased the telegraph poles on the old right-of-way of the Great Northern from St. Hilaire to Wylie. They secured the poles for 27 cents each and now figure that the poles for their line will not cost over $5 per mile.

Forecastle Gourmets.

"Scouse, or lob scouse, a parson's face sea pie, junk, tack, slush and duff—there's a meal ye can't beat nowheres," said the sailor.

"Yes," he went on, "ye can talk about yer ris de veau, yer vol au vent, yer mousses and other French dishes, but they ain't none of them in it with sea fare dished up by a good sea lawyer.

"Scouse is soup, soup made o' salt beef. Add some good sea vegetables to it, sich as spud sprouts and split peas, and ye get an extra fine soup, what is gener'ly called lob scouse. Pot au feu is slops beside a rich lob scouse.

"Foller up yer scouse with a parson's face sea pie. That's a pie made of bullock's head. Good? Why, friend, there ain't nothin' like it on earth.

"Junk is salt beef. Junk ain't no brain food. It don't strengthen the mind like a correspondence course, but by tar, I'd rather have it than caneton a la presse or a supreme de sole.

"Tack and slush is the sailor's bread and butter. What if ye do have to break yer tack with a tack hammer, and what if yer slush is sometimes strong enough to queer the compass? Sailors need strong food, for they must do their work."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Little Card Trick.

A Russian priest was so devoted to the amusement of card playing that he played up to the last moment before commencing the church services. On one occasion, having a particularly good hand dealt him, he thrust the cards into his pocket, intending to return and finish the game after the service. Unluckily the cards fell out on the church floor, to the extreme scandal of the congregation. The witty priest, however, was fully equal to the occasion. At the conclusion of the service he beckoned up one of the choristers and asked him the names of several of the cards, which the boy knew correctly. He then suddenly asked the lad the name of the next saint's day, which the child could not tell.

"See!" cried the priest, turning to the congregation. "You teach your children the names of every card in the pack and leave them ignorant of their religion. Let this be the last time I am compelled to bring playing cards into the church to shame you." And picking up his hand he made an honorable retreat.—London Answers.

Star.

Conrad Olson, the veteran mail carrier who has faced more blizzards, climbed more snow-drifts and suffered more hardship and come out alive, than any man in Red Lake county, retires from the service, May 1st, and is succeeded by Ole Sundahl and Joseph Duchamp who will furnish a daily service, the former from Erie to Kratka and back, and the latter from Thief River Falls to Kratka and back.

Christ Larson, postmaster and merchant of Anton Postoffice, is again out after another carload of cattle, having shipped four this spring.

N. P. Olson, of Little Oak, paid Erie a visit last Saturday on business.

Supervisor and Mrs. Fjeld are the parents of a baby girl, all are well.

Ole O. Strande had the misfortune of losing his barn by prairie fire last week.

Kratka.

Mrs. Peter Hedeen arrived from Nelson last Saturday and will enjoy a summer's vacation out on the "Eleven Towns." This is Mrs. Hedeen's first trip out and she is very much pleased to see the "Garden of Eden."

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Jensen were up for a short visit with friends and relatives and bid them "good-bye" before leaving for California where Mrs. Jensen is obliged to go on account of her health, and her many friends wish her a speedy recovery and hope to see them back here again.

T. Turwald of Thief River Falls made a flying visit to his claim last week.

Peter Hedeen one of the enterprising farmers of Kratka reports 60 acres of wheat already sowed.

Krist Larson the Anton merchant is buying all scrub cattle the farmers have to sell up this way. Krist is doing a wise act as he buys out all the scrubs and the farmers have their good cows for the cream this summer.

The machinery for our creamery has arrived at Thief River and is expected here this week.

The name of our butter maker was ommitted last week and we are pleased to state that it is "Paul Kruger." But we do not wish to mislead the public to think this is the Paul that was the "Boer General in Africa," as it is not, but he is the Paul who is the highest scored butter maker in the northern part of the state.

Joseph Duchamp was the successful bidder on the mail route from Thief River Falls to Kratka and is expected to commence on Friday, May 1st.

Some serious prairie fires have been raging south of here lately causing considerable property to be destroyed, but the recent rains have checked this for some time.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of

Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

H. S. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 228.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SOCIALISTS SHOW THE WAY.

Escape From Present Torment Must Come Through Collectivism.

Like every new phase of civilization, Socialism thus far has received the attention only of the oppressed and the lowly. The opulent and the rich have no reason to wish for a change of the system. They do not, as a rule, want to hear anything about it.

Until of late, outside of the working class, only students of history, of political economy and a few advanced thinkers have given any attention to the principles of Socialism. Most other people have only a very vague idea even of its basis. Yet Socialism is in the foreground of discussion.

Socialism stands for a new civilization.

Of course with people who believe that whatever is will exist forever and that we have reached the acme of civilization it is entirely useless to argue.

But surely no educated man believes that the present conditions are the end of all things.

That we have not reached the end of our national development is clear. Every new invention and every new political question proves that to us. And it would be sad indeed if we had reached "the end." We then should soon be on a level with China.

And we need not explain that the Socialist movement is not to be traced to the irresponsible work of individual agitators or eccentric persons.

And we all deeply feel the disadvantages of the private ownership of the means *of production and distribution* on a large scale.

We observe how the railroads, street car companies and other public service corporations corrupt our legislatures. We notice how our life insurance savings are simply furnishing funds for high financiers. We witness how the largest factory owners combine into trusts which are financiered by banks and how the meat trust, the oil trust, the steel trust and all the other trusts are regulating prices and how, moreover, some of these trusts are ruining the health of the people.

Then we all must also comprehend that the owners of these sheets and strips of paper (which under our present system stand for "capital") virtually decide how much we shall pay for our coffee and our bread, how much for our kerosene and our coal and how much we are to spend for our houses, clothing, etc.

In other words, they decide how well or how poorly we are to live. They have "the say" as to how long or how short a time we are permitted to live.

Precisely for the same reason that the mechanic with his own shop and working on his own account has nearly disappeared in the struggle between hand work and machine work, for precisely the same reason the small manufacturers, with their little machinery, their small capital and their little stock of goods, are now being driven from the field.

And who are the successful men?

They are vulgar fellows, far from possessing eminent faculties or high attainments. They are men who have less knowledge or mental capacity than is required in many mechanical pursuits. They simply have a low animal devouring faculty, the faculty of the tiger or the crocodile—aye, of the swine—and have it well developed. It is these coarse, wolfish men who push to the wall many an intelligent and diligent manufacturer. They are the men who, by the employment and power of their capital, yearly ruin multitudes of hardworking small merchants and boast that they are selling more goods in one day than the whole "crowd" of other stores in a week!

Scores of such small merchants, driven to the wall by the proprietor of the mammoth store, have to be glad if the "prince" will make them his clerks and graciously allow them help swell his income. In short, the smaller fortunes invested in production or commercial enterprise are by this cutthroat competition attracted to the great capital like iron filings to a magnet.

The great capitalist triumphs; the small capitalist becomes a clerk, a politician, a traveling agent, a saloon keeper, a lawyer or a parasite of one kind or another—sometimes even a wage earner; the middle class disappears little by little—in fact, our social order may fitly be compared to a ladder of which the middle rounds are torn away one by one.

These conditions are before our eyes in spite of all that is said by the capitalist press and the capitalist politician.

And what remedy can the old political parties bring to the people?

Parties, like individuals, act from motives of self interest.

Now, both of the old parties are owned by the capitalists. This is a fact not even denied by the more honest leaders of both Republican and Democratic parties.

And what can you do about it?

There is only one party in the field standing for the new idea. There is only one party representing in the political field the necessary outcome of the evolution in the economic field. That is the Socialist party.

In the first place, by reforms we can stop the increasing pauperization and consequently also the enervation of the masses of the people. If real reforms are seriously taken up and carried out with determination, they may even lift the masses to a considerable extent.

But the main reason for our favoring them is because such reforms if logically carried out offer the possibility of a peaceful, lawful and orderly transformation of society.

Our party wants to guard this nation from destruction.

We appeal to the best in every man, the public spirit of the citizen, to [illegible] wife and children.

THE ROOT OF ALL EVIL.

Centralization of Wealth Threatens the Nation's Integrity.

The capitalist system of private ownership has resulted in practically abolishing the possibility of private ownership for the great majority of the people.

One-tenth of our population already owns nine-tenths of the wealth. The centralization of the control of property is increasing with a rapidity that threatens the integrity of the nation. The average of wages, the certainty of employment, the social privileges and independence of the wage earning and agricultural population, when compared with the increase of the wealth and social production, are steadily and rapidly decreasing.

With every increase of power and concentration of wealth the educated and professional class is forced more and more into dependence upon the capitalist. Our teachers, professors, speakers, newspaper editors and writers and all professional men are more and more at the mercy of the capitalistic system and brought into abject dependence. Thus the educated proletariat ever increases.

Money making is not a matter of education.

And wealth, usually expressed by money, is now god. It is by the distribution of part of this wealth that the rich man gets his dangerous powers. It is the monopoly of that which all want—some of which all must have—that makes his power so fearful.

The big grafter (or his heir) writes his check and he gets all the good or bad things his heart desires. He gets adulation, professional skill, wine and women, paragraphs in the newspapers and the disposal of political places.

Under such conditions it is only natural that money has become the root of all evil. Wealth being the greatest social power, it naturally is the worst of all social temptations. Our present economic system creates grafters, criminals, thieves and prostitutes.

A CLEARER LINEUP.

Near Future Will See Capitalism Arrayed Against Socialism.

Most people probably who have given the matter any thought expect that the political lineup in this country in the near future will be capitalism against Socialism. The late Senator Hanna predicted as much, and he was regarded as a wise political forecaster. But as to whether the Democratic party will succeed the Socialist party as the party of Socialism or not belongs to the realm of speculation, and each one is entitled to his guess. As for us, it is a matter of some indifference as to how Socialism is brought about, providing the way is the most direct that social evolution will permit of. But if it comes through the Democratic party, then all we can say is that the Socialists will have to clean up that party as they have cleaned up the organized labor movement.

The idea of two parties, one Socialistic and the other capitalistic, is abroad also in England. Only recently the Tory leader, Mr. Balfour, made an address in which he said: "The old patriotic liberalism of former days is vanishing. Only two parties will remain, the party of Unionism (this is the name of the party composed of Conservatives and former Liberals who broke away from their old party) and social reform and the party of social change."

Wealth For the Few.

A careful analysis of the census of 1900 shows that 250,251 persons possessed at that time $67,000,000,000 out of a total of $95,000,000,000, given as our then national wealth. Reduced to percentages, this would show three-tenths of 1 per cent of our population as possessing 71 per cent of the nation's wealth in 1900. The same causes which brought about this continued increase of wealth concentration have, moreover, been operating with ever increasing velocity during recent years, and it would be only fair to presume that the increase in wealth concentration since 1900 has been as great as during the ten years preceding, which would, then, give 1 per cent or less than 1 per cent of our population as now possessing 90 per cent of our entire national wealth of some $100,000,000,000.—Henry Laurens Call.

Equal Opportunity.

In regard to the political form Socialists demand the rule of the people—i. e., democracy. In regard to the economic sphere and the spirit which shall manifest itself in this form and give life to it they demand Socialism—that is, the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution.

Thus we shall have Social-Democracy—a democracy which is founded on economic independence, upon the political and industrial equality of opportunity for all.

Socialism.

Socialism implies that the individuals who make up society should in their collective capacity possess all the instruments of production and thus prevent the evils arising from the present industrial system. It implies that the process of production and distribution should be regulated not by competition, with self interest for the moving principle, but by society as a whole for the good of society.—Palgrave's "Dictionary of Political Economy."

Do Your Part.

Say, really, now, neighbor, if you believe in Socialism, wouldn't you like to have that comfortable feeling that comes to him who knows he is doing his part, however small it may be, contributing his small mite to make easier the attainment of the Socialist aims? Join the party.

Delivered Promptly to the Home

If you prize a pure malt and hop beer, and won't have any other kind in your home, you can't do better than to telephone us today and order a case of

Gund's Peerless Beer

This superb beer comes to you direct from the heart of the choicest barley lands in the world, and contains nothing but the juices of the best barley grown and the finest imported Bohemian hops. Its sparkling, brilliant glow is the product of **Gund's Natural Process** of brewing. *"Peerless" is on sale* at all first-class places and in high favor with the discriminating. Telephone us today for a case. Bottled only at our model 20th century brewery.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCARTHY, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH,
Phone 186, Thief River Falls, Minn.

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Peerless
BEER

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
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NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [*Chain Stitch*] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.

Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the **New Home** is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

BIJOU THEATRE.

AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

MY WIFE SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure
SWANSON'S RHEUMATIC CURE CO.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. X THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1908 NUMBER 19

ST. PAUL Historical Society

WANT $1.50 FOR FLAX.

American Society of Equity Wants $1.50 per Bushel for Flax.

Meeting Held Recently at Fargo and Farmers Given Pointers.

"Hold your flax for $1.50" is to be the slogan of the American Society of equity in North and South Dakota and Minnesota this season, according to the announcement made after the conference of officials of the societies which met in Fargo recently.

Among the prominent officials in attendance were Theo. G. Nelson, president of the grain growers' department of the society, of Chicago; C. T. Piersen of Casselton, N. D., secretary of the North Dakota union; N. H. Aldrich of Minneapolis, secretary of the Minnesota union; W. I. Lowthian of Milbank, S. D., secretary of the South Dakota Union.

It was stated that practically all of the flax produced in the United States is raised in the three states named above with sixty per cent. of the total amount raised in North Dakota. Just as soon as the drills stop work this spring, meetings will be called in every township in the three states and pledges will be taken from the farmers to hold their flax for $1.50 and wheat for $1. It is claimed that the price of wheat was raised last season to $1 and that the task of boosting the price of flax will be comparatively easy. It is hoped to secure pledges for 3,000,000 bushels in this state before harvest starts.

To a representative of the press, one of the members said:

"People representing organized capital measure their contributions to the progress and prosperity of the country in dollars and cents and when asked to part with their possessions they demand in return certain values.

"People representing organized labor measure their products by hours, days, weeks, etc., they demand and get a fixed value in return for every hour, day or week of service which they are asked to give, and the time has now come when farmers who measure their product by tons, pounds and bushels will and must be the same. They can do it, only by combining that which others want and must have. We have learned the lesson from the other fellow."

Marshall County Politics.

There is little doing thus far in county politics. It is generally assumed that nearly all, possibly all, of the present officials are candidates for re-election. Opposing candidates are slow about putting in an appearance. Some time ago it was reported that A. B. Isaacson, of Augburg, might come out for register of deeds, an office he filled most acceptably from 1897 to 1901. August G. Lundgren, the present efficient deputy country treasurer, is receiving much favorable mention in connection with the nomination for auditor. These are the only prospective Republican candidates that have been brought to our notice. On the Democratic side, it is taken for granted that Robert Tell, who ran a neck and neck race for sheriff in 1906 will enter the race for that office again this year.

In this legislative district Representative Robertson will undoubtedly be a candidate to succeed himself. Representative Hanson's intentions are not generally known. Roseau county considers herself entitled to one of the representatives and will therefore probably have two or three candidates at the primaries. The Democrats are so hopelessly in the minority in this district that it is by no means certain, as yet, that they will put up a legislative ticket.—Warren Register.

HUNG HIMSELF

Warren Man Commits Suicide Last Thursday.

Peter Lindquist, a well known resident of Warren, hung himself last Thursday afternoon.

No reason can be assigned for the suicide unless it was committed while temporarily deranged.

The body was found hanging from a rafter in the barn by one of the children. The coroner was summoned and decided an inquest was unnecessary as it was plainly a case of suicide.

Lindquist has been the proprietor for years of the Scandia Hotel, one of the smaller hotels of the county seat of Marshall county. He was well known thruout the section and always enjoyed the confidence of the people of the city. He was fairly prosperous and there is absolutely no reason for him taking his life, unless he had been suffering mentally.

His family did not notice anything different in his actions and not until he was missed from the hotel for some time was any thought given to his whereabouts. One of his children then started to look for him and in a short time was startled to find his lifeless body hanging in the barn in the rear of the hotel property. Aid was immediately called and the body cut down. Every effort was made to restore life, but it was discovered that life had been extinct some little time.

The deceased leaves a wife and four children.

Local Team Won.

The ball game last Saturday afternoon between the Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls high school teams proved a very interesting affair, and was won by the home team, the score being 3 to 4. Only seven innings were played.

An Easy Victory.

The Thief River Falls base ball team was down to St. Hilaire Sunday and played a game with a pick-up nine from that town. The score was 23 to 1 in favor of the local team.

TIES IT UP.

Secretary Garfield Does Not Want Red Lake Allotments.

Washington, April 30.—Secretary Garfield has adopted a new policy with regard to the opening of Indian lands on which there is any considerable quantity of merchantable timber. For this reason he has been put in the attitude of reversing his opinion of the allotment of 160 acres of land to Indians on the diminished Red Lake reservation, reservation of a certain quantity of timbered land for the benefit of the Indians in common and the sale of the remainder of the timber to the highest bidder, under regulations to be approved by him. The secretary now proposes to allot agricultural lands, and make a forest reserve of the timbered land, the forests to be administered by the federal forest service, and the proceeds of sales of matured timber to go to the Indians.

Before Mr. Steenerson introduced his bill, he consulted with Secretary Garfield, and secured both his approval and that of the Indians.

He was very much surprised, therefore, when the secretary made an adverse report in a letter to Chairman Sherman of the Indian committee, in which he said in part:

"I am strongly opposed to the bill, and do not believe it to be for the best interest of the Indians that their timber be administered in this manner.

"It is the intention of the commissioner of Indian affairs to detail a representative of his office to proceed to the Red Lake agency this summer and take up with the Indians the question of administering their timber lands in a manner whereby they would derive the greatest benefit from them without denuding their lands. This could be done, for instance, by placing their lands in a forest reserve, the ripe timber to be cut under the supervision of the forest service annually and the net proceeds paid to the Indians.

"If the Indians of the Red Lake reservation should agree to this or a similar policy, it is the intention of the department to request of the next session of congress legislation authorizing the allotment of agricultural of the reservation and the inclusion of pine lands in a forest reserve and their conservation in a manner whereby the Indians would receive full benefits of the sales of ripe timber and preserve the forests for future generations.

Traveling Tuberculosis Exhibit.

The first tour of the traveling Tuberculosis Exhibit of the State Board of Health will be through the southeastern part of the state and will occupy about seven weeks. The general plan is to allow a week for each community. The exhibition may also stop at a few smaller places along the route for a day or two. The exhibit will be at Stillwater May, 4th to 8th, at Mankato, May 12th to 16th at Winona, June, 8th to 13th and at Lake City on a date not yet fixed. Owatonna, Rochester and Wabasha are considering the matter.

The exhibition will be conducted by the state board of health, but in each case will be given under the auspices of a local organization which will meet strictly local expense and properly advertise the exhibition. The idea is to eventually cover the entire area of the state, rural as well as urban. This will be a novel feature of the Minnesota campaign and will probably be followed in other states where the population is largely rural.

Woman Wins Contest.

Register Montague, of the land office, has rendered his decision in the contest case envolving a quarter section of land near Badger in which Maggie Odegaard claimed that her divorced husband, John E. Klippe, had relinquished his claim to defraud her, and make it impossible for her to collect the judgment rendered against him by Judge Grindeland in the divorce trial at Roseau. She got judgment against him for $1,200, which she had given him immediately after the marriage, together with alimony and expenses. After order for judgment had been made and before judgment was entered, he relinquished after he had really earned title to the land by his residence and improvements, and he could have obtained title by the expenditure of about $6.00. The land office decided that the entry of Mikkelson was made in the interest of Klippe and to defraud his former wife, and that Mikkelson's entry should be cancelled.

Has a Good Show.

C. W. Nelson went up to Middle River Monday with his moving picture and vaudeville show and played in the village hall at that place in the evening. Tuesday and Wednesday evenings he was at Greenbush. Reports are to the effect that he gives a very pleasing show and it is liberally patronized.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

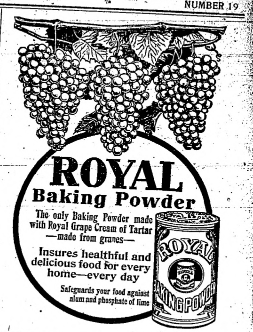

ROYAL Baking Powder

The only Baking Powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —made from grapes—

Insures healthful and delicious food for every home—every day

Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime

If We Had a Million Dollars.

The most of us would buy a big red automobile, hire a chauffeur, buy a ton of coal and pay for it in advance, get some new suspenders and a watch charm with a diamond in it, quit hunting for one dollar bills when our wife asks us for money, buy steak that is grown further away from the horns, own a troting horse that could trot, have half the populace swearing we stole the million and the other half trying to steal it from us, and finally die and fill a six foot grave about the same as our ancestors have done before, and then have the doctors and undertaker double their bills, while they tried to look and brag on the virtues of the deceased. What was then left of the million would then be fought over by the heirs, and half dozen grass widows would spring up from Kalamazoo to Poughkeepsies and swear they were our wives truly and legally before we were married to our sure enough wife, and they would weep and scatter the scalding tears about the court room where some lawyer who had "taken the case on shares" would whisper in their ears until the twelve jurymen wouldn't know a writ of habeas corpus from a pile of driving notices. And when the lawyers had got all they could some impecunious cuss with a wart on his nose, and an eye for business, would make our wives believe the moon was made of green cheese, and when he got the key to the safety box there would be high jinks and the devil to pay till the last of the million went like soap suds down a rat hole. No we don't want to be a millionaire.—Britt Tribune.

Scientific Dairying.

Recently, in a public adress, C. O. Carlson, the well-known dairyman of Erskine, says it is a mistake if people thought that it was an easy matter to become successful from dairying. He took up dairying after he had suffered a wheat crop failure, and it was only after he had learned that business methods had to be introduced into the dairy did he receive the largest returns. He found that cows for the herd had to be carefully selected and only the best kept and in order to be sure on this point a record book had to be kept of the daily productions of each cow in the herd. The result has been that while five years ago this herd produced on an average per cow $20 income, last year the average was $66.30 per cow. He showed by his record that from scientific and systematic care of his herd, he paid out during the month of January $126 for the food of his herd, and he received from the creamery a check for $293 21, or a net income from the herd of over $167.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

TWO PAIR

It's an absolute fact that two pair of shoes purchased at one time and worn alternately will out-wear three pair bought one at a time. Try this out and prove the economy yourself.

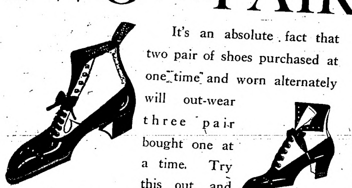

FOR MEN: A pair of Crossett high shoes and a pair of Crossett Oxfords.

FOR LADIES: A pair of Selby or Red Cross high shoes and a pair of Selby or Red Cross oxfords will give you a variety of dress.

Our stock of Crossetts for men and Selby and Red Cross for ladies includes all the up-to-date patterns in "highs" and "lows" of patents, dulls and russetts.

Men's Shoes,	$2.50,	$3.00,	$3.50,	$4.00,	$5.00
Ladies' Shoes,	2.00,	2.50,	3.00,	3.50,	4.00
Boys' Shoes,	1.50,	1.75,	2.00,	2.50,	3.00
Girls' Shoes,	1.00,	1.50,	2.00,	2.50,	3.00

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FAMILY SHOE STORE.

MONEY

DEPOSIT IT WHEN YOU HAVE A SURPLUS WITH

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BORROW IT WHEN IN NEED FROM

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TO DEPOSITERS: We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

TO BORROWERS: We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal and real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

SOCIALISTS SHOW THE WAY.

Escape From Present Torment Must Come Through Collectivism.

Like every new phase of civilization, Socialism thus far has received the attention only of the oppressed and the lowly. The opulent and the rich have no reason to wish for a change of the system. They do not, as a rule, want to hear anything about it.

Until of late, outside of the working class, only students of history, of political economy and a few advanced thinkers have given any attention to the principles of Socialism. Most other people have only a very vague idea even of its basis. Yet Socialism is in the foreground of discussion.

Socialism stands for a new civilization.

Of course with people who believe that whatever is will exist forever and that we have reached the acme of civilization it is entirely useless to argue.

But surely no educated man believes that the present conditions are the end of all things.

That we have not reached the end of our national development is clear. Every new invention and every new political question proves that to us. And it would be sad indeed if we had reached "the end." We then should soon be on a level with China.

And we need not explain that the Socialist movement is not to be traced to the irresponsible work of individual agitators or eccentric persons.

And we all deeply feel the disadvantages of the private ownership of the means of production and distribution on a large scale.

We observe how the railroads, street car companies and other public service corporations corrupt our legislatures. We notice how our life insurance savings are simply furnishing funds for high financiers. We witness how the largest factory owners combine into trusts which are financiered by banks and how the meat trust, the oil trust, the steel trust and all the other trusts are regulating prices and how, moreover, some of these trusts are ruining the health of the people.

Then we all must also comprehend that the owners of these sheets and strips of paper (which under our present system stand for "capital") virtually decide how much we shall pay for our coffee and our bread, how much for our kerosene and our coal and how much we are to spend for our houses, clothing, etc.

In other words, they decide how well or how poorly we are to live. They have "the say" as to how long or how short a time we are permitted to live.

Precisely for the same reason that the mechanic with his own shop and working on his own account has nearly disappeared in the struggle between hand work and machine work, for precisely the same reason the small manufacturers, with their little machinery, their small capital and their little stock of goods, are now being driven from the field.

And who are the successful men?

They are vulgar fellows, far from possessing eminent faculties or high attainments. They are men who have less knowledge or mental capacity than is required in many mechanical pursuits. They simply have a low animal devouring faculty, the faculty of the tiger or the crocodile—aye, of the swine—and have it well developed. It is these coarse, wolfish men who push to the wall many an intelligent and diligent manufacturer. They are the men who, by the employment and power of their capital, yearly ruin multitudes of hardworking small merchants and boast that they are selling more goods in one day than the whole "crowd" of other stores in a week!

Scores of such small merchants, driven to the wall by the proprietor of the mammoth store, have to be glad if the "prince" will make them his clerks and graciously allow them help swell his income. In short, the smaller fortunes invested in production or commercial enterprise are by this cutthroat competition attracted to the great capital like iron filings to a magnet.

The great capitalist triumphs; the small capitalist becomes a clerk, a politician, a traveling agent, a saloon keeper, a lawyer or a parasite of one kind or another—sometimes even a wage earner; the middle class disappears little by little—in fact, our social order may fitly be compared to a ladder of which the middle rounds are torn away one by one.

These conditions are before our eyes in spite of all that is said by the capitalist press and the capitalist politician.

And what remedy can the old political parties bring to the people?

Parties, like individuals, act from motives of self interest.

Now, both of the old parties are owned by the capitalists. This is a fact not even denied by the more honest leaders of both Republican and Democratic parties.

And what can you do about it?

There is only one party in the field standing for the new idea. There is only one party representing in the political field the necessary outcome of the evolution in the economic field That is the Socialist party.

In the first place, by reforms we can stop the increasing pauperization and consequently also the enervation of the masses of the people. If real reforms are seriously taken up and carried out with determination, they may even lift the masses to a considerable extent.

But the main reason for our favoring them is because such reforms if logically carried out offer the possibility of a peaceful, lawful and orderly transformation of society.

Our party wants to guard this nation from destruction.

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Thus we shall have Social-Democracy—a democracy which is founded on economic independence, upon the political and industrial equality of opportunity for all.

Socialism.

Socialism implies that the individuals who make up society should in their collective capacity possess all the instruments of production and thus prevent the evils arising from the present industrial system. It requires that the process of production and distribution should be regulated not by competition, with self interest for the moving principle, but by society as a whole for the good of society.—Palgrave's "Dictionary of Political Economy."

Do Your Part.

Say, really, now, neighbor, if you believe in Socialism, wouldn't you like to have that comfortable feeling that comes to him who knows he is doing his part, however small it may be, contributing his small mite to make easier the attainment of the Socialist aims! Join the party.

Delivered Promptly to the Home

If you prize a pure malt and hop beer, and won't have any other kind in your home, you can't do better than to telephone us today and order a case of

Gund's Peerless Beer

This superb beer comes to you direct from the heart of the choicest barley lands in the world, and contains nothing but the juices of the best barley grown and the finest imported Bohemian hops. Its sparkling, brilliant glow is the product of **Gund's Natural Process** of brewing. **"Peerless"** is on sale at all first-class places and in high favor with the discriminating. Telephone us today for a case. Bottled only at our model 20th century brewery.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCARTHY, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH,
Phone 186, Thief River Falls, Minn.

GUND'S Peerless BEER
GUND'S Peerless BEER JOHN GUND BREWING LA CROSSE WIS. U.S.A.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

BIJOU THEATRE.
AUTOMATIC VAUDEVILLE SHOW.

Open every afternoon from 3 to 5 and every evening from 7 to 11. Admission 10 cents; children 5 cents on afternoons only.

Entire Change of Program Three Times Each Week.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE NEWS

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread (*Chain Stitch*) Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the **New Home** is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

MY WIFE SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

TRADE MARK
5
DROPS
Absolutely Pure
DIRECTIONS
SWANSON'S RHEUMATIC CURE CO.

STOPS THE PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. X — THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1908 — NUMBER 19

ST PAUL
Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

WANT $1.50 FOR FLAX.

American Society of Equity Wants $1.50 per Bushel for Flax.

Meeting Held Recently at Fargo and Farmers Given Pointers.

"Hold your flax for $1.50" is to be the slogan of the American Society of equity in North and South Dakota and Minnesota this season, according to the announcement made after the conference of officials of the societies which met in Fargo recently.

Among the prominent officials in attendance were Theo. G. Nelson, *president* of the grain growers' department of the society, of Chicago; C. T. Pierson of Casselton, N. D., secretary of the North Dakota union; N. H. Aldrich of Minneapolis, secretary of the Minnesota union; W. I. Lowthian of Milbank, S. D., secretary of the South Dakota Union.

It was stated that practically all of the flax produced in the United States is raised in the three states named above with sixty per cent. of the total amount raised in North Dakota. Just as soon as the drills stop work this spring, meetings will be called in every township in the three states and pledges will be taken from the farmers to hold their flax for $1.50 and wheat for $1. It is claimed that the price of wheat was raised last season to $1 and that the task of boosting the price of flax will be comparatively easy. It is hoped to secure pledges for 3,000,000 bushels in this state before harvest starts.

To a representative of the press, one of the members said:

"People representing organized capital measure their contributions to the progress and prosperity of the country in dollars and cents and when asked to part with their possessions they demand in return certain values.

"People representing organized labor measure their products by hours, days, weeks, etc., they demand and get a fixed value in return for every hour, day or week of service which they are asked to give, and the time has now come when farmers who measure their product by tons, pounds and bushels will and must be the same. They can do it, only by combining that which others want and must have. We have learned the lesson from the other fellow."

Marshall County Politics.

There is little doing thus far in county politics. It is generally assumed that nearly all, possibly all, of the present officials are candidates for re-election. Opposing candidates are slow about putting in an appearance. Some time ago it was *reported that* A. B. Isaacson, of Augburg, might come out for register of deeds, an office he filled most acceptably from 1897 to 1901. August G. Lundgren, the present efficient deputy country treasurer, is receiving much favorable mention in connection with the nomination for auditor. These are the only prospective Republican candidates that have been brought to our notice. On the Democratic side, it is taken for granted that Robert Toll, who ran a neck and neck race for sheriff in 1906 will enter the race for that office again this year.

In this legislative district Representative Robertson will undoubtedly be a candidate to succeed himself. Representative Hanson's intentions are not generally known. Roseau county considers herself entitled to one of the representatives and will therefore probably have two or three candidates at the primaries. The Democrats are so hopelessly in the minority in this district that it is by no means certain, as yet, that they will put up a legislative ticket.—Warren Register.

HUNG HIMSELF

Warren Man Commits Suicide Last Thursday.

Peter Lindquist, a well known resident of Warren, hung himself last Thursday afternoon.

No reason can be assigned for the suicide unless it was committed while temporarily deranged.

The body was found hanging from a rafter in the barn by one of the children. The coroner was summoned and decided an inquest was unnecessary as it was plainly a case of suicide.

Lindquist has been the proprietor for years of the Scandia Hotel, one of the smaller hotels of the county seat of Marshall county. He was well known thruout the section and always enjoyed the confidence of the people of the city. He was fairly prosperous and there is absolutely no reason for him taking his life, unless he had been suffering mentally.

His family did not notice anything different in his actions and not until he was missed from the hotel for some time was any thought given to his whereabouts. One of his children then started to look for him and in a short time was startled to find his lifeless body hanging in the barn in the rear of the hotel property. Aid was immediately called and the body cut down. Every effort was made to restore life, but it was discovered that life had been extinct some little time.

The deceased leaves a wife and four children.

Local Team Won.

The ball game last Saturday afternoon between the Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls high school teams proved a very interesting affair, and was won by the home team, the score being 3 to 4. Only seven innings were played.

An Easy Victory.

The Thief River Falls base ball team was down to St. Hilaire Sunday and played a game with a pick-up nine from that town. The score was 28 to 1 in favor of the local team.

TIES IT UP.

Secretary Garfield Does Not Want Red Lake Allotments.

Washington, April 30.—Secretary Garfield has adopted a new policy with regard to the opening of Indian lands on which there is any considerable quantity of merchantable timber. For this reason he has been put in the attitude of reversing his opinion of the allotment of 160 acres of land to Indians on the diminished Red Lake reservation, reservation of a certain quantity of timbered land for the benefit of the Indians in common and the sale of the remainder of the timber to the highest bidder, under regulations to be approved by him. The secretary now proposes to allot agricultural lands, and make a forest reserve of the timbered land, the forests to be administered by the federal forest service, and the proceeds of sales of matured timber to go to the *Indians.*

Before Mr. Steenerson introduced his bill, he consulted with Secretary Garfield, and secured both his approval and that of the Indians.

He was very much surprised, therefore, when the secretary made an adverse report in a letter to Chairman Sherman of the Indian committee, in which he said in part:

"I am strongly opposed to the bill, and do not believe it to be for the best interest of the Indians that their timber be administered in this manner.

"It is the intention of the commissioner of Indian affairs to detail a representative of his office to proceed to the Red Lake agency this summer and take up with the Indians the question of administering their timber lands in a manner whereby they would derive the greatest benefit from them without denuding their lands. This could be done, for instance, by placing their lands in a forest reserve, the ripe timber to be cut under the supervision of the forest service annually and the net proceeds paid to the Indians.

"If the Indians of the Red Lake reservation should agree to this or a similar policy, it is the intention of the department to request of the next session of congress legislation authorizing the allotment of agricultural of the reservation and the inclusion of pine lands in a forest reserve and their conservation in a manner whereby the Indians would receive full benefits of the sales of ripe timber and preserve the forests for future generations.

Traveling Tuberculosis Exhibit.

The first tour of the traveling Tuberculosis Exhibit of the State Board of Health will be through the southeastern part of the state and will occupy about seven weeks. The general plan is to allow a week for each community. The exhibition may also stop at a few smaller places along the route for a day or two. The exhibit will be at Stillwater May, 4th to 8th, at Mankato, May, 12th to 16th at Winona, June 8th to 13th, and at

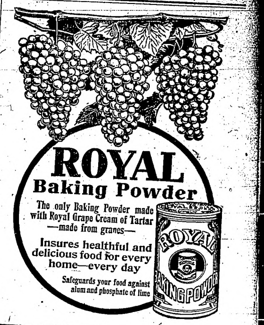

ROYAL
Baking Powder
The only Baking Powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —made from grapes—
Insures healthful and delicious food for every home—every day
Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime

If We Had a Million Dollars.

The most of us would buy a big red automobile, hire a chauffeur, buy a ton of coal and pay for it in advance, get some new suspenders and a watch charm with a diamond in it, quit hunting for one dollar bills when our wife asks us for money, buy steak that is grown further away from the home, own a troting horse that could trot, have half the populace swearing we stole the million and the other half trying to steal it from us, and finally die and fill a six foot grave about the same as our ancestors have done before, and then have the doctors and undertaker double their bills, while they tried to look and brag on the virtues of the deceased. What was then left of the million would then be fought over by the heirs, and half dozen grass widows would spring up from Kalamazoo to Poughkeepsie and swear they were our wives truly and legally before we were married to our sure enough wife, and they would weep and scatter the scalding tears about the court room where some lawyer who had "taken the case on shares" would whisper in their ears until the twelve jurymen wouldn't know a writ of habeas corpus from a pile of driving notices. And when the lawyers had got all they could some impecunious cuss with a wart on his nose, and an eye for

there would be high jinks and the devil to pay till the last of the million went like soap suds down a rat hole. No we don't want to be a millionaire.—Britt Tribune.

Scientific Dairying.

Recently, in a public adress, C. O. Carlson, the well-known dairyman of Erskine, says it is a mistake if people thought that it was an easy matter to become successful from dairying. He took up dairying after he had suffered a wheat crop failure, and it was only after he had learned that business methods had to be introduced into the dairy did he receive the largest returns. He found that cows for the herd had to be carefully selected and only the best kept and in order to be sure on this point a record book had to be kept of the daily productions of each cow in the herd. The result has been that while five years ago this herd produced on an average per cow $20 income, last year the average was $60.36 per cow. He showed by his record that from scientific and systematic care of his herd, he paid out during the month of January $126 for the feed of his herd, and he received from the creamery a check for $293 24, or a net income from the herd of over $167.

ey to loan on land. See Hager
man.

TWO PAIR

It's an absolute fact that two pair of shoes purchased at one time and worn alternately will out-wear
three pair

prove the
FOR M
pair of Cros
FOR L
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you a variety
Our stoc
Cross for lad
"highs" and

Men's S
Ladies'
Boys' Sh
Girls' Sh

EY

BORROW IT
WHEN
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FROM

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t rates and on easy

L. MELGAARD,
Cashier.

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took *Scott's Emulsion.*
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Another Crop Report.

Secretary Wilson's crop report for March 1, 1908, issued March 9, cost the wheat growers of this country $2,974,420! The market report from Chicago for March 9 says:

The wheat market was nervous and prices ranged nearly 2 cents. A sharp break at that opening, caused by extreme weakness in European markets, was followed in the first half hour by a radical advance caused by purchases by shorts. Sentiment continued bullish until the Government figures on farm reserves were announced, when prices declined to a new low mark for the day. The market closed weak.

The government report was to the effect that of the crop of 1907 there was still in farmers' hands March 1, 1908, 148,721,000 bushels. The above dispatch shows that prices were making a "radical advance" until the Government report was received, when it took a tumble, and made a low mark, vacillating as much as two cents. Another dispatch said wheat lost three cents on account of the report.

If the farmers had that much wheat still on hand and the price dropped three cents, their loss was $4,461,630; a drop of two cents involved, as we say above, a loss of nearly three millions.

This is entirely unnessary, cruel, almost criminal waste of farm crop values. If there was as much wheat in farmers' hands March 1 as the Department reported, it was of no benefit to the farmers to know it, certainly no benefit to them to make it public; and so far as the market gamblers and speculaters are concerned, it was none of their business. Besides, there was nothing alarming about it, because it was not so much as they held at the same time a year ago by nearly 58,000,000 bushels. Farmers did not hold their wheat so well last fall and winter as they did the fall and winter before. We do not know why, but we suspect the cruel effort made by a few who had been trusted to pervert the porposes of the society and divert it into other channels had much to do with it. But this affords no reason why the Department of Agriculture should pry into farmers' private affairs and notify the gambling interests who to direct their bets, especially when it involved the farmers in such heavy losses.—For it must be remembered that, under the present system, the gamblers make the prices at which the farmers must sell.

It should be noted also that what the farmers lost on account of this report, the Bear side of speculation gained, for it widened the margin that much in their favor. The real result of the report, therefore, though of course not so intended by the Department, was to take nearly three million dollars from the farmers who had held their wheat and give it to the market Bears. No department of government would dare to treat any other industry so. Up To-Date Farming has insisted that these untimely reports should be discontinued, but it seems the Department can see no way to do but to issue them. All of which means that farmers must drown their petty jealousies, allay their silly suspicions, conquer their prejudices, quit following false gods and again stand shoulder to shoulder for equity, justice and truth so as to make themselves heard.—Up-To-Date Farming.

"The Old World and Its Ways."

Col. William Jennings Bryan's new book of travel, intitled "The Old World and Its Ways," recounts his recent tour around the world and his journeys through Europe. It is profusely and elegantly illustrated with 251 artistic engravings representing men and things seen in various countries of the earth during that noted journey. The engravings are made from photographs taken by him or his party specially for this publication. It is regarded by him as the monumental literary work of his life, and is published under his special supervision.

It is sold only through agents, and following its announcement it has, we are advised, met with a demand that has exhausted in a few months [illegible] gating over 41,000 copies. B special contract with his publishers he made the retail price low down with the view of putting it within the easy reach of every reader and book buyer.

The book gives his experience what he saw and did—whom he met and his impressions and conclusions. He made a profound study of the nations and of men and things as he saw them around the world. He gives governmental, educational, religious and other conditions, from the standpoint of a student and one profoundly interested in all the peoples of the earth.

The book is in no sense political, but is a brilliant record of travel and observation, from the standpoint of a well informed American citizen, concerning the countries and the peoples of the earth as seen to-day. While the pen decribed the camera pictured the splendid details of this noted journey.

While Col. Bryan traveled as a private citizen he went with the prestige of having made two memorable contests for the President of the United States, and he was everywhere recognized and entertained as a great representative American, having a leading part in the direction of American affairs. He was given opportunity for observations never before accorded to any one traveling in a private capacity.

If one wants to see the world and the people who are at the head of affairs in all countries, as well as the masses, he has in this book an opportunity of seeing them through the eyes of Col. William Jennings Bryan. It is sold by subscribtion, and the Thompson Publishing Company of St. Louis, Mo., are the fortunate publishers. They offer an especially inviting opportunity to solicitors in another column of this issue.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Following the suicide of Charles Coster, a prominent broker and society man, the stock exchange firm of Coster, Knapp & Co., of which Mr. Coster was a member, announced its suspension on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange. The firm was a prominent one and had done an extensive business.

After an unbroken sleep for a period of eighty-five days Mrs. Beulah Hawkins, a patient at the county hospital at Los Angeles, awakened and asked for a drink of milk. She was able to stand and had full control of all her faculties, although still weak.

William A. Stetson, one of the best known leather dealers in the United States, was petitioned into bankruptcy by his creditors in the United States district court at Boston. His liabilities are estimated at $3,000,000.

Sixty thousand Roman Catholic laymen, marching in procession, brought to a climax and formally ended the week long celebration of the centenary of the founding of the Roman Catholic diocese of New York.

With the 2-cent fare law in operation for the greater part of the period the eight representative railroads of Iowa show a net gain of $283,057 in passenger earnings for the year ending Jan. 1, 1908.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate little change in the general situation, the total volume of trade during April comparing most unfavorably with the same month last year.

Delivery day on May contracts was marked by a burst of speculative fireworks in the Chicago wheat pit. May wheat soared to $1.04, an advance of 4½ cents over the previous close.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Eastbound Burlington train No. 6 was dynamited about a mile west of the Northern Pacific station at Butte, Mont. The explosion caused the first, or helper engine, to leave the rails, but it plowed along for a few hundred feet without turning over. The second engine crashed into the bank south of the track a few car lengths from where the explosion occurred and turned over. The engineer and fireman of the second engine and a tramp riding blind baggage were killed.

Mrs. Belle Gunnerson and her three children perished in an incendiary fire which destroyed their home near Laporte, Ind. A former employe on the farm, who was infatuated with Mrs. Gunnerson but whose attentions had been rejected, has been arrested on suspicion of starting the fire.

Tirey L. Ford, chief counsel for the United Railroads, charged with bribing former Supervisor Daniel G. Coleman of San Francisco to vote for a trolley franchise for the United Railroads, was found not guilty by a jury. The jury was out but two minutes.

Thirty-four indictments have been returned by the grand jury against well known Cincinnati brokers on charges of participating in the operation of alleged bucketshops.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Colonel Myron H. McCord, collector of customs at Nogales, Ariz., is dead of Brights disease, aged sixty-seven years. Mr. McCord, who was a native of Pennsylvania, was a veteran of the Civil war. He also served in congress from Wisconsin.

L. P. Farmer, chairman of the Trunk Line association and a prominent railroad man, died suddenly at his home in New York city. His death is believed to have resulted from apoplexy.

MILLERS FEAR CORNER.

Agree to Take No. 2 Wheat on Outstanding Contracts.

The Northwestern Consolidated Milling company of Minneapolis, by A. C. Loring, president, posted a notice at the chamber of commerce announcing that on contracts for wheat due it for May and July delivery the company will accept No. 2 Northern wheat at fair and equitable prices of difference, instead or No. 1 Northern, the contract grade.

The sensation caused by this move was still at its height when eight more such notices were posted and what at first had looked like the daring move of one big company took the appearance of concerted effort on the part of millers to stop the price manipulation that has been going on openly in the Minneapolis pit for some time and has threatened to end in a corner in May wheat.

The millers' contention is that a condition was developing that would paralyze the industry; that while there is wheat enough there is so small a quantity of No. 1 Northern, the contract grade in Minneapolis, that one large firm or a combination of firms might control it and run prices to a level that would make it impossible to sell flour, necessitating the closing down of the mills.

SUES FOR VALUABLE MINE

Widow of Deceased Soldier Claims Rich Property.

Suit has been filed in the district court at Duluth by Mary A. Skinner, administratrix of the estate of John R. Skinner, deceased, against Wellington R. Burt and the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines company, which involves the title to the Burt mine at Hibbing, one of the most valuable properties on the range and estimated to be worth $8,000,000.

The plaintiff claims that John R. Skinner served in the Union army during the War of the Rebellion and that under a soldiers' additional land grant, given him by reason of his honorable discharge, he filed on the land in question.

The company claims that Skinner, in common with many other Union soldiers, sold the soldiers' scrip given him on account of his honorable discharge and in July, 1875, signed a blank power of attorney to go with the scrip on account of a ruling of the land department requiring that land be entered on under the soldier's name.

FIRST PLACE OR NONE.

Johnson Not a Candidate for the Vice Presidency.

Rumors of combinations with the end in view of nominating Governor Johnson for vice president on the Democratic ticket were denied at the Johnson headquarters in Washington, where the following statement was given out:

"Governor Johnson is in the race for the presidential nomination. If by any chance he fails to get the presidential nomination he will not, under any circumstances, accept the vice presidential nomination."

LOSS IS VERY HEAVY.

Killing Frost Occurs in Southern Minnesota.

A killing frost is reported throughout the southern part of the state. Many thousand acres of garden truck, hundreds of flower beds and other green products were blasted by the frost and ruined for the season. Strawberry plants are frozen and wilted. Currant bushes and fruit trees, which were covered with buds, were killed for the season and will bear no fruit this year. The frost means a loss of many thousands of dollars.

Lunatic Tries to End His Life.

Charles Hill, a young farmer residing near Litchfield, was adjudged insane by the probate court at that place and committed to the Fergus Falls asylum. While on the way to the depot in custody of the sheriff and his brother Hill broke away from them, ran to a barber shop, jumped through the glass window, seized a razor and cut his throat before the officers reached him. He is in the Litchfield hospital with small chance of recovery.

Minneapolis Man Drowned.

Alexander Hamilton of Minneapolis, twenty-five years of age, was drowned after swimming a distance of four blocks in the Mississippi near the Northern Pacific railroad bridge. The drowning followed an attempt to shoot the rapids in a canoe directly below the powerhouse of the Twin City Rapid Transit company in company with his brother George, aged eighteen.

St. Paul Child Badly Injured.

Catherine, the three-year-old daughter of Anthony Segale of St. Paul, was run down by a horse at Rice and University avenue and seriously injured. The horse trampled on the child and broke two of her ribs and cut and bruised her body and head in many places. The driver was Edward Anderson. He was arrested charged with reckless driving.

Three Men Badly Injured.

D. C. Bardwell, E. H. Carter and H. H. Blayburn, switchmen in the Minnesota Transfer yards near St. Paul, were seriously injured by the derailing of a switch engine.

Discount Sale!

20 per cent off on all Men's, Ladies and childrens spring caps, felt and straw hats.

A large line of Prints Percales and Summer Dress Goods and Shirt Waist Goods just received.

Call and see them, and compare prices.

J. H. JACOBSON.

MILLINERY
the latest
— the best
the cheapest
at
CALDWELL'S.
North LaBree
Avenue, opposite
Hotel North
Western.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Now is the time to buy your wire fencing. We have a large stock of American Fence, in all widths, at a very low price.

AMERICAN FENCE

We also sell the **Quick Meal Ranges**, the best stove made.

Do you want to paint your house this spring? If so, buy your paint from us, it is 100 per cent pure.

Our Hardware line is now complete, and we carry everything usually kept in a first-class Hardware Store. Give us a trial. We aim to please you.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

KING OF ALL
THROAT & LUNG
REMEDIES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
—CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.— J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.
PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here In Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;— 18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

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BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

FARM · ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The careless hired man, even if obtainable at boy's wages, is the most expensive proposition that a man can have on his farm.

It is well to remember that, as a rule, weeds exhaust the fertility of the soil in just as large measure as do the crops which may be grown thereon.

If the orchard is doing business—filling baskets and barrels at harvest time—it should be fertilized just as should the corn and oat field or potato patch.

While a horse trader may be honest, there is presumptive evidence that if he is consistently so he cannot stay in the business any great length of time.

In one district in the state of Washington straw has been used very effectively on the highways in overcoming the difficulty encountered with mud and dust.

Perhaps eaves properly adjusted on the yard side of the big red barn will prevent the place from becoming a nasty mire during the rainy months of the spring.

The granger who will sell filthy cream to the creamery or addled eggs to the groceryman has no kick coming if he should find water and sand in the sugar or worms in the prunes.

It is a good idea to wage an effective rat and mouse campaign up to the 1st of May and then give the birds full sway by shipping the old tabby and her multicolored litter over into the next township.

Much butter we eat and like because it is juicy contains from 12 to 16 per cent of plain water. If it contains a larger per cent than this the government calls it adulterated and proceeds against the manufacturers accordingly.

He is a very inconsistent school patron who buys ten dollar roosters for his flock of poultry, a $200 sire for his herd of cattle and yet who kicks on paying $40 a month for the services of a competent teacher for the district school.

Any farmer is justified in setting his dog on the lightning rod agent, the average fruit tree peddler, the book agent and the small boy from town with the gun. It is a debatable question perhaps whose calves out of the bunch ought to be chewed the harder.

For the novice in the horticultural business it is well to remember that it is more satisfactory all around as well as more profitable to set one or two varieties of apple trees of recognized hardiness and merit as to quality of fruit than to dabble in ten or fifteen varieties, which are quite likely to be well described by saying that they are good, bad and indifferent.

It is fair to assume that the man or woman who makes much of his or her religious profession and yet whose theories are not put into practice in the home life and relations has but a shoddy, veneer kind of religion after all. We once knew an old codger of this type who was piety personified in the prayer meeting, but who was that tight and mean that he treated his own kin in a more ungracious manner than he would the cur that licked his boots in the street. The good Lord discounts heavily all such counterfeit stuff as this.

One western municipality that the writer knows of has settled the tramp problem in a very effective yet simple manner. The aldermen of the town have passed an ordinance levying a fine on any person who feeds a tramp. Coupled with this, strict orders have been given to the residents requesting them to ring for a patrol wagon at once when a tramp stops and asks for food. If he is there on the arrival of the patrol he is taken to police headquarters, where he is given food and clothing, if necessary, but where he is made to work his board and lodging out on a city wood or stone pile. So well does this plan work that tramps shun the town as they would a pestilence.

In view of the stress which the federal government and many states are now laying on the matter of a preservation of the forests of the country, Arbor day should take on an added meaning with its interesting and patriotic observances. Not only should the thought of the day be put into actual practice by planting trees in the school yards to furnish shade and make them more attractive, but there should be instilled into the hearts of the pupils at an early date the important services which these trees render to man and the duty that rests upon all of so protecting trees and forests already growing and setting new trees that in future years the lumber and fuel supply of the country shall not utterly fail.

In the settlement of neighborhood differences or disputes arbitration is a much cheaper method than going to law and at the same time makes possible subsequent friendly relations; which is a most important consideration.

Paint the picture as rosy as the representatives of the beet sugar factory are able, the fact remains that the corn farmer is prone to look askance at the proposition of descending from his riding cultivator and getting down on his marrowbones to weed and thin sugar beets which he is to sell for $5 per ton.

Saloons make business—yes, more for the saloon keeper, but less business and more bad debts for the butcher, baker, grocer, clothier, dry goods merchant and newspaper man. They make more business for the courts and jails and fewer comforts and conveniences and much less happiness for the town and country home.

The difference in the value of seed corn that will produce a yield of twenty-five bushels of corn per acre and that which will yield fifty bushels with no additional effort except that involved in husking is $87.50, this on the assumption that the twenty-five extra bushels of corn are worth $12.50 and that one bushel of corn will plant seven acres. This is a very easy conclusion to arrive at and one that every farmer should figure out with a lead pencil before he puts his corn into the ground this spring.

Every young woman who contemplates presiding over a home of her own should know how to cook well, to do plain sewing and understand the essential principles involved in an economical and intelligent management of her household. If in addition to these acquisitions she can play, sing, paint or draw she is just so much the better endowed. The average husband, whose heart is so often most effectively appealed to through his stomach, has difficulty in reconciling a soggy mess of biscuits or an india rubber pie crust with a finely executed musical classic from Wagner or an aesthetic home wrought panel of daisies or pansies.

In many states health laws impose a severe penalty for the selling of milk, cream or butter from cows which are known to be afflicted with tuberculosis. In states where no such laws exist the creamery manager and the individual dairymen should exercise every possible precaution with a view to locating and weeding out animals that may be sickly, and especially those that show symptoms of being afflicted with this disease. The use of the milk from such animals is a source of danger not only to the members of the family, but to all who partake of it. In such cases a state law ought not to be required to make one follow a course that would seem to be dictated by good horse sense.

As a result of better mechanical handling and treatment with preservative solutions previous to being laid, wood blocks are now being used for pavement and with very satisfactory results. The first wood blocks laid some fifty years ago were left cylindrical as cut and were not treated, the result being that the edges soon broke or wore off and the blocks rotted. Those laid recently, cut in rectangular shape and given a preservative treatment, are giving the best of satisfaction, surpassing any paving material but granite or sandstone in point of durability. It costs laid per square yard from $2.40 to $3.50 as compared with $3.50 for sandstone, $3.26 for granite, $2.30 for asphalt, $2.06 for brick and 90 cents for macadam. Blocks of Australian eucalyptus in use on the street of London have lasted for fifteen years.

In the vicinity where the writer lives representatives of a foreign grocery house canvassed for supplies, and a bill of goods which one of their customers bought, which was later put on exhibition, contained several eye openers. One of these was the fact that the unsuspecting buyer had paid 98 cents per pound for a cheap tea that was not worth a cent more than 30. The same order included thirty pounds of soda at about the same price that it would sell for at the local grocery store, but there was enough of it to last for four or five years. The same bill of goods which the peddler asked $41 for could have been bought on tick at the local grocery for $32, and for $27.50 if cash had been paid, as it was to the peddler. The experience which these buyers had would seem to suggest the wisdom of at least giving the home merchant an opportunity to bid on a bill of goods before it is given to the representative of the foreign house.

In response to a query as to how to treat seed potatoes to prevent development of the scab we will give briefly the directions which have appeared in these columns in previous seasons. After cutting the potatoes in the sized pieces desired place them in a coarse gunny sack and suspend them for two hours in a solution made up at the rate of half a pint of formalin solution to fifteen gallons of water. After the seed has soaked the desired length of time the sack may be suspended above the barrel on a couple of sticks and the solution allowed to drain back. This treatment of the seed should be given a short time before planting. Sufficient time should elapse, however, so that the seed may dry. Potatoes treated in the above manner and planted on what is known as clean ground—clover sod breaking or land that has not raised potatoes for a year or two—will produce an absolutely scab free crop. The solution is good for use as long as it lasts if the barrel is covered between times.

SUGGESTIONS FOR DAIRYMEN.

In a pamphlet recently issued by the dairy division of the department of agriculture at Washington, entitled "Twenty Dairy Suggestions, With Special Reference to Sanitation," the following directions are given relative to the proper care of the dairy herd. They are much to the point and should be posted up in every cow stable in the land: (1) Have the herd examined at least twice a year by a skilled veterinarian, promptly removing any animals suspected of being in bad health. Never add an animal to the herd unless certain it is free from disease, particularly tuberculosis. (2) Never allow a cow to be excited by fast driving, abuse, loud talking or unnecessary disturbance. Do not expose her to cold or storms more than necessary. (3) Clean the entire body of the cow daily, while hair in the region of the udder should be kept short by clipping. (4) Do not allow any strong flavored food like garlic, cabbage or turnips to be eaten except immediately after milking. Changes in food should be made gradually. (5) Provide pure fresh water in abundance, easy of access, but not too cold. Under the head of milking and handling of the milk the following suggestions are made: (1) Use no dry, dusty food just previous to milking. (2) The milker should wash his hands before milking and also see that the udder of the cow and surrounding parts are wiped with a clean damp cloth before he begins operations. (3) In milking he should be quiet, quick, clean and thorough, commencing his milking at the same hour every morning and evening and milking the cows in the same order. (4) The milk should be carried to the milk room as fast as it accumulates and strained through cotton cloth and cooled at once to 50 degrees F. Warm milk should never be mixed with that which has already been cooled.

RENT OR BUY?

The above query is one that often confronts young people as they start housekeeping on their own account, and they are often perplexed to know which is the wiser and more economical course to pursue. While circumstances to be found in some portions of larger cities may make the plan of owning a home of one's own inadvisable, it seems to be the consensus of opinion that under average conditions those who buy are at the end of a term of years financially ahead of what they would have been had they rented a property of an equal value. Added to the fact that in a period of twelve years one would pay out in rent considerably more than the place rented could be bought for at the beginning of the period is the satisfaction of having a home of one's own, a consideration that it is not easy to measure in dollars and cents. Moreover, where young people buy a home of their own and have to go in debt for it there is constantly present an incentive to be economical and careful in one's expenditure. Thus the putting of money into a home results in much the same conditions that prevail when one is carrying life insurance or putting money into other forms of investment. Payments must be made at stated intervals, and economy is accordingly practiced that these may be met. Where one rents a portion of the salary is devoted to this purpose, but the process goes on year after year with nothing to show for the money one has paid during the interval but a bunch of receipts for rent which have no negotiable value.

A TROUBLESOME MICROBE.

While tobacco growers the country over are pestered with insect enemies that work more or less damage to their crops, the worst parasite which some of the growers in portions of Kentucky have to put up with is a two legged microbe that wears a mask, carries a revolver and makes a practice of setting the grower's tobacco storehouse afire and perhaps killing the owner. So destructive have the attacks of these Night Riders been during the past year that many of the independent tobacco growers of the state referred to have had to vacate their plantations and move to other states. The motive for these vicious attacks on the independents seems to be traceable to their unwillingness to have the price at which they shall sell their product dictated by the Tobacco Growers' association, through which as a result of a mutual agreement the members have been able to raise the price of tobacco from 9 to 18 cents a pound. The independents, not liking dictation as to the management of their business and many of them having insufficient means to enable them to hold their product for a considerable period of time, have sold or offered to sell at lower prices than those set by the association, with the results as stated above.

A POOR SWAP.

Unless the business opening which he can get is decidedly superior that country lad is making a very questionable shift who swaps the independence and healthful physical toil, though at times strenuous and monotonous, and the many pleasant accompaniments and associations of country life for the city job, with its meager supply of sunshine and fresh air, rattling drays, roaring street cars, rush and hurry, dependence and treadmill existence. Coupled with these drawbacks are temptations and pitfalls of which the country bred boy is almost entirely free. In a majority of cases where the move is made a country birthright is swapped for a worthless mess of urban pottage.

F. E. Trigg

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block.
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EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	98c
Oats	43c
Flax	$1 08
Barley	50
Eggs	12½
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 4.—Wheat—May, $1.08; July, $1.07½@1.07⅝; Sept., 91⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅝@1.11⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅝@1.09⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.07⅝@1.07⅞; No. 3 Northern, 99⅝c@$1.04⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 4.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $5.00; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$5.30@5.45. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 4.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.05; May, $1.06; July, $1.06¼; Sept., 92c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.20; May, $1.19½; July, $1.21½; Sept., $1.22½; Oct., $1.21.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 4.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.75@7.25; Texans $4.60@5.50; Western cattle, $4.75@6.00; stockers and feeders, $3.60@5.80; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.50; calves, $4.75@6.25. Hogs—Light, $5.20@5.60; mixed, $5.25@5.65; heavy, $5.25@5.65; rough, $5.20@5.45; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.65; pigs, $4.30@5.10. Sheep, $4.70@6.20; yearlings, $6.25@6.80; lambs $5.75@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 4.—Wheat—May, $1.03⅝; July, 90¾c; Sept., 86c. Corn—May, 70⅛@70¼c; July, 64⅞@65c; Sept., 63c. Oats—May, old, 53⅝c; May, 53c; July, old, 47¼c; July, 45½c; Sept., 37⅝@37¾c. Pork—May $13.37½; July, $13.55; Sept., $13.82½. Butter—Creameries, 19@25c; dairies 18@24c. Eggs—14¾c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 11c; broilers, per dozen, $3.50@5.50.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city Tuesday.

C. M. Evenson was down to Iowa last week.

John Holnberg left Monday for Port Arthur.

C. J. Knox was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

Dr. Nowall was up to Middle River last Friday.

County Attorney Germo was in the city Tuesday.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Sunday.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Mrs. H. M. Hicks went down to Mahnomen Tuesday morning.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Communion services in the Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10:30.

Services next Thursday at 3 o'clock P. M. in the Silverton Lutheran church.

Ed Quigley left Tuesday for his former home at Beltrami, in Polk county.

Emil Dryfoos, the plumber, was down to Ogema last week attending to business matters.

Attorney Michelet was down to Minneapolis to spend Sunday with his parents.

I have city property in Thief River Falls to trade for farm lands, see Hager, the land man.

James Brady, a Red Lake contractor, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Wm. McGinty and Chris Larsen went to St. Paul the first of the week with a car load of cattle.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the church basement.

G. H. Smith and family of Maple Bay were in the city to spend Sunday with Chief of Police Lang.

Ira C. Richardson left Monday for Duluth to attend the state convention of Modern Woodmen.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in the city visiting with Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Rosenberry and son, of Minneapolis spent Sunday in the city visiting with friends.

Mrs. Ira C. Richardson leaves tomorrow for Chicago to attend the national convention of the Royal Neighbors.

The Ladies Aid society of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Anton Langseth next Wednesday afternoon.

J. D. abott, of Rollis, was in the city last week, being enroute to the east to visit a brother who is dangerously ill.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Remmem's livery barn.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city Saturday from a trip to Minot, N. D.

For Sale;—3 horses, 2 cows, 1 yearling Heffer, 1 Calf and 50 Chickens. See Hager, the land man.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Mahnomen is still growing. According to the Tribune ten new houses are going up and many more will go up this year.

Charley Shirley has resigned as barn boss for the Thief River Falls Lumber company and is again engaged in the dray business in this city.

Horace Bagley, who had been in the city visiting his brother, S. W. Bagley, left last Saturday for his home at Towner, N. D.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

W. A. Reynolds arrived in the city last week from Minneapolis and has accepted a position in the office of the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Ben Christienson went up to Greenbush Monday. He is interested in a planing mill at that place and has the contract to dress about 500,000 feet of lumber.

Nothing makes a better graduating present than a watch. We have them, the best that are made and sell at prices others cannot meet. City Drug and Jewelry Store, F. J. Stebbins, Proprietor.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Gust Holland, a resident of the East Side, died last Saturday of consumption and the funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon. The deceased was about 35 years of age and had been a resident of Thief River Falls for about two years.

The Thief River Falls Telephone Exchange issues a new telephone directory in the near future. All parties desiring to put in a phone are requested to leave orders at the telephone exchange at once in order that their names may appear in the new directory.

The assessors of Red Lake county met in Red Lake Falls on Tuesday and received their instructions from the Minnesota State Tax commission relative to their duties. All of the assessors living in the northern part of Red Lake county went down to the county seat on Tuesday evening's train.

Work of putting in the hard-wood floor in the old skating rink, which is to be used as an armory for the militia company, was commenced this week. After the floor is put in, the building will be used as a roller skating rink on the nights not used by the militia company.

A valuable horse belonging to George Monroe, the former Thief River Falls painter but who lives on a homestead north of town, dropped dead on the streets of Thief River Falls Tuesday. The horse was taken with an attack of colic while Mr. Monroe was on the road driving to Thief River Falls.

Up in Roseau county the wheat acreage will it is said be less than last year and a great deal more of the cultivated lands will be sown to clover and timothy. The farmers are learning the value of the crops that tend to increase the output from the herds of cows that are found so plentiful in the Valley.

Detectives Hanson and Fox, of Minneapolis, who have been working on the Stephen bank robbery case, were in the city Tuesday evening, going north on the Soo line Wednesday morning. Local parties were shown the pictures of the two now locked up in the Warren jail charged with being implicated in the robbery, and they identified them as parties that were in Thief River Falls a few days before the robbery.

Judge N. W. Tarrant officiated Wednesday noon at the marriage of Herman Moline and Miss Alma Lindstrom, and the rapidity with which he tied the knot really astonished the best man, Lewis A. Nelson, who was bedecked in roses and pleasant smiles. The contracting parties were both from Thief River Falls, and their many friends of that locality as well as throughout the county wish for them much joy and happiness in their married life.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

N. P. Stone, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday.

W. W. Prichard went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening.

The Presbyterian of this city has extended a call to Rev. Gilchrist.

—Frank Jeffers and family removed from Crookston to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

P. C. Rud left yesterday for the Canadian Northwest to make his future home.

Mrs. Ben Borneman, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday visiting with friends.

M. V. Evenson went up to Middle River Tuesday to attend to business matters.

E. O. Erickson has resigned as village marshal at Fosston and returned to this city Tuesday.

County Commissioner John Sorum, of Sandridge, was in the city yesterday, enroute to Warren.

Services in the Swedish Mission church Sunday May 10th, at 3 o'clock.
Rev. Peter Dahlquist.

Mrs. Hathaway returned to this city last week from Duluth where she had been to receive medical treatment.

Mrs. Ruth Bishop, of Hobart, Oklahoma arrived in the city Tuesday evening to visit her son Judge J. M. Bishop.

Oscar Shanke and Miss Mable Ish came down from Middle River last evening and were united in marriage by Fr. Adolph.

J. S. Ingalls, of Minneapolis, delivered a Socalist lecture in the city hall Tuesday evening to a large and appreciative audience.

G. Halvorson's driving horse fell into an old well near M. V. Evenson's barn last week and in getting the horse out it was killed.

The ladies aid society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. John Fellman Monday May 11th, at 3 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Frank Jeffers who has been in the St. Vincent hospital since his accident at Kellihor was out yesterday and visited at the court house among old friends.—Tuesday's Crookston Journal.

Herbert Wright, of Emerson, Manitoba, the young man charged with smuggling Margaret Price into the United States, was in the city yesterday being enroute home from Fergus Falls, where he had been acquitted of the charges that had been made against him.

If you have express to go either north or south, phone the Great Northern depot and we will call for it at your place of business.

At the Bijou.

The show at the Bijou Theatre this week is hard to equal, and you will say the same thing if you once see it.

The Spaulding Bros., Acrobats are here with a big bunch of original Acrobatic stunts that are wonderful and seem impossible to do.

Kippy, the comedy Cartoonist, is there like lightning doing German comedy and rapid cartoonist before your very eyes that prove both comical and amusing. Kippy doesn't keep you waiting a second but has something to do or say every moment. The songs and moving pictures are the best money can produce.

Rev. Morgan Dix, rector of Trinity Protestant Episcopal parish since 1862 and one of New York city's most prominent clergymen, is dead of heart failure, aged eighty-one.

Where Beggars Have Trades Unions.

Begging is a vocation in China and beggary an institution. In every province there is an organized beggars' trade union or guild—in some districts several. These guilds have presidents and officials and are in every respect thoroughly well organized. There is a membership fee of about $4, and all members swear to abide by the rules. The chiefs, or "kings," as they are called, are under the protection of the magistrates, and their power is considerable.—Wide World Magazine.

The Age of Artificial Beauty.

Writers on topics concerning women's matters would fain have us believe that the present is the age of beauty. The fact is that never before have the arts of artificiality been so widely adopted among all classes as they are today.—London Opinion.

Has to Take Them.

"I can take 100 words a minute," said one shorthand writer to another.

"I often take more than that," remarked the other in sorrowful accents, "but then I have to. I'm married."

Worth Two Men.

"Len made the glee club."

"Why, his voice is cracked."

"I know, but it split the other night, and he's singing duets now."—Yale Record.

And Now He Doesn't.

Howell—Do you like congregational singing? Powell—I did until the cats in our neighborhood adopted the idea.

Not Exclusive.

Nellie (aged five)—Our family is awfully exclusive. Is yours? Bessie (aged four)—No, indeed! We haven't anything to be ashamed of.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Those who know the road best sometimes lose their way.

PROGRAM

Fourteenth Annual Tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament Association.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

June 29 and 30 and July 1 and 2, 1908.

MONDAY, JUNE 29.

2:30 p. m.	Ball game Purse	$ 75.00
8:00 p. m.	Meeting of Executive Committee at Firemen's Hall.	

TUESDAY, JUNE 30

9:00 a. m.	Address of Welcome, down town, by Mayor Hamre.	
	Addresses by other prominent speakers.	
10:00 a. m.	Grand Parade.	
	First prize to company having most men in uniform in line	25.00
	Second prize	10.00
	For the best appearing Co.	
	First prize	25.00
	Second prize	10.00
	(Thief River Falls Firemen Barred from Parade Prizes.)	

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

1:30 p. m.	Association Hose Race (the greatest feature of the Tournament.)	
	First prize, Championship Banner valued $75, and $50 cash	125.00
	Second prize	35.00
	Third prize	20.00
	Ladder Climbing	
	First prize	15.00
	Second prize	10.00
	Third prize	5.00

TUESDAY AFTERNOON—Continued,

	Coupling Contest	
	First prize	20.00
	Second prize	15.00
	Third prize	10.00
4:00 p. m.	Base Ball Purse	100.00

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1.

9:00 a. m.	Association Hook and ladder Race	
	First prize	60.00
	Second prize	40.00
	Third prize	20.00
	One Hundred yard dash, for Firemen only	
	First prize	15.00
	Second prize	10.00
	Third prize	5.00

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

1:30 p. m.	Flag Race	
	First prize	20.00
	Second prize	15.00
	Hub and Hub Race	
	First prize	60.00
	Second price	35.00
	Third prize	20.00
4:00 p. m.	Base Ball Purse	100.00

EVENING.

Grand Ball at Opera House Free to all Firemen.

THURSDAY, JULY 2.

9:00 a. m.	Combination Hook and Ladder and Hose Race	
	First prize	75.00
	Second prize	45.00
	Third prize	25.00
	In City, Service Wet Test	
	First prize, Silver Water Set, valued at $10 cash $60	100.00
	Second prize	35.00
	Third price	20.00

Reception Committee on duty from 11 o'clock a. m. June 29th until close of Tournament.

There will be Band Music, Concerts, Dances and Boat Excursions during the Tournament.

Use of apparatus of Thief River Falls Fire Department free to all Competing Teams. Apparatus of all visiting Teams will be hauled from and to trains. No tents needed.

CROSSING THE LINE.

Old Neptune and the Ancient Order of the Deep.

The ceremony of "crossing the line" is a very much more elaborate affair nowadays than it ever has been despite the fact that Neptune day is so old a celebration that its origin is lost to history.

When old Neptune, impersonated by a sailor, makes his appearance on an American battleship nowadays when the vessel reaches latitude 0 degree, 0 minute, 0 second, to initiate the jackies who have never crossed the line before into the mysteries and membership of the Ancient Order of the Deep he is accompanied by his wife, Amphitrite, another sailor. They are both dressed fantastically in clothes which have been designed and worked upon ever since the vessel sailed. How they get on board is unknown, at least to the captain, who meets them and gives them permission to go ahead. An immense tank made of canvas is rigged up, and here the initiation of all the candidates takes place. Devices for getting the candidate into the tank vary on different ships and on different occasions. Often he is simply picked up and thrown in. Frequently he is made to sit down in a "barber's" chair close to the edge of the tank, and when as much soap as possible has been put into his mouth and eyes he is tipped over backward. Generally the soap has been mixed with tar, coal oil and many other ingredients and is impartially applied from the waist up, so that the bath is needed.

In the tank the candidate is attended, sometimes by "bears" with shaggy coats made of unraveled rope and sometimes by "cops" who act as the king's assistants and see that the candidate is held under water long enough to know it.

It is a great frolic, prepared for days in advance, and when it is over the certificate is issued and the candidates are free to get themselves as clean as they can before the next roll call.—Philadelphia Record.

IF SNOW NEVER FELL.

The Effect Upon the World's Crops Would Be Disastrous.

If all the condensed moisture of the atmosphere were to fall as rain and none of it was snow hundreds of thousands of square miles of the earth's surface now smiling with bountiful crops would be little better than a desert. The tremendous economic gain for the world at large which results from the difference between snow and rain is seldom realized by the inhabitants of fertile and well watered lowlands.

It is in the extensive regions where irrigation is a prime necessity in agriculture that the special uses of snow come chiefly into view. All through the winter the snow is falling upon the mountains and packing itself firmly in the ravines. Thus in nature's great icehouse a supply of moisture is stored up for the following summer.

All through the warm months the hardened snow banks are melting gradually. In trickling streams they steadily feed the rivers which as they flow through the valleys are utilized for irrigation. If this moisture fell as rain it would almost immediately wash down through the rivers, which would hardly be fed at all in the summer when the crops most needed water.

These facts are so well known as to be commonplace in the Salt Lake valley and in the subarid regions of the west generally. They are not so well understood in New Jersey or Ohio, where snow is sometimes a picturesque, sometimes a disagreeable, feature of winter.

In all parts of the country the notion prevails that the snow is of great value as a fertilizer. Scientists, however, are inclined to attach less importance to its service in soil nutrition—for some regions that have no snow are exceedingly fertile—than to its worth as a blanket during the months of high winds. It prevents the blowing off of the finely pulverized richness of the top soil. This, although little perceived, would often be a great loss.—Chicago Tribune.

The Power of Advertising.

The power of advertising is told by a manager of the toilet department of a large New York department store. "We have six different makes of one toilet article," he said, "and they are so near alike in quality that even experts can't tell the difference between them, yet we sell as much of one as we do of all the others together, just because the manufacturer is everlastingly advertising it. The other five sell in proportion to the amount of advertising given to them. If there is any difference in quality it is in favor of the poorest seller."—New York Herald.

No Deadheads.

Mandy was a young colored girl fresh from the cotton fields of the south. One afternoon she came to her northern mistress and handed her a visiting card. "De lady what gib me dis is in de parlor," she explained. "Dey's anudder lady on de do'step."

"Gracious, Mandy," exclaimed the mistress, "why didn't you ask both of them to come in?"

"Kase ma'am," grinned the girl, "de one on de do'step done forgit her ticket."—Argonaut.

Subscribe for the News

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

FOR AGENTS. : : A SUCCESS.

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"

—BY—

WM JENNINGS BRYAN

576 Imperial Octavo Pages. 251 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Col Bryan.

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. Greatest book of travel ever written. Most successful book of this generation. 41,000 called for in 4 months. Write us for sample reports of first 100 agents employed. The people buy it eagerly. The agent's harvest.

Outfit FREE—Send fifty cents to cover cost of mailing and handling.

Address: THE THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO.
ST. LOUIS, - - MO.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Knut O. Skomedal.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court

In the matter of the estate of Knut O. Skomedal, Decedent.

In the state of Minnesota, to Ane Omandson and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Ane Omandson having been filed in this court, representing that Knut Skomedal, then a resident of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, died intestate on the [illegible] day of April, 1908, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to [illegible] and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of May 1908, at [illegible] o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said court, and the seal of said court this [illegible] day of May, 1908.

(Court Seal) May [illegible] N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, March 5th 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Meyer [illegible] has filed notice of [illegible]

[illegible]

J. [illegible] Register.

Joe Giller, who will open up the new store in O. H. Nelson's building, on LaBree avenue, left for Chicago May 5th, to purchase his complete new stock of clothing and dry goods. His opening will be the first part of June.

LOSING MONEY

Farmers Should Fatten Their Stock at Home.

St. Paul, Minn., April 30.—Interesting experiments in the production of "baby beef" are being conducted in the interest of live stock growers by Swift & Company at their plant at South Saint Paul. The experiments are not yet concluded, but the results obtained emphasize the fact that Minnesota farmers are losing millions of dollars annually which should go to enrich the state. This is because they do not take the trouble to modify their methods and undertake the work at home of feeding their stock to a finish for the market. During the latter part of the year nearly 100,000 head of stock will move from Minnesota and the Northwest to points in the South to be fed and fattened. In these shipments are included all kinds of steers and calves which if fed according to the teaching of the Agricultural school and livestock experts would make the growers of them prosperous instead of enriching the wealthy feeders of livestock in Iowa and Illinois. That calves absorb all the nourishment they receive for growth without putting on fat is a fallacy which has often been exploded. Last October Swift & company's buyers selected 51 calves of average quality and commenced to feed them under ordinary conditions on November 1. Twenty of these calves were killed last week and the carcasses submitted to St. Paul meat experts and were pronounced the best quality they had ever seen. In spite of everything which can be said on this subject by those who have made a scientific study of it there is still propagated in Minnesota, and more especially in Wisconsin, a class of live stock that is only half alive with nothing to recommend it. So characteristic has become this output that there has come into existence a classification for it. It is known as "Minnesota knot heads," a name which disgraces the state and which every livestock grower should make an effort to wipe out.

Mill to Start Soon.

A crew of log drivers left for the outlet last Saturday and will bring down a log drive for the Thief River Falls Lumber company. The water in the river is very low and it is not thought that the log drive will arrive here much before ten days and then the saw mill will start up for the season.

A Remarkable Story.

A story that sounds almost unbelievable, but is vouched for by the telegraph operator at Hankinson, a small town on the Soo, is to the effect that a small five year old child was run over by a train of 60 freight cars and escaped unhurt. In effect it is this:

One day last week a party of Russians were in the little depot waiting for a Soo train, having alighted from a Northern Pacific train. The party consisted of a father, mother and several children

One of the little tots, a child perhaps five years, escaped the watchful eye of its parents and wandered out on the platform. Just about that time freight train No. 90 came along and drew up at the depot. The little one climbed upon the pilot of the monster engine. The train soon started up, the child became frightened, lost its hold and fell onto the track beneath the engine. No. 90 was hauling a load of 60 cars. The child, probably frightened or else stunned by the fall, lay perfectly quiet. The whole train of 60 cars passed over its body, and the parents rushing out to the platform, as they saw their child carried away on the pilot of the engine, after the train had passed, beheld the little one pick itself up from the cinders and of the track and toddle toward them.

Hauled Down the Flag.

Some unknown person or persons removed the plate on the west side of the bridge, on which the names of the city officials were inscribed, sometime last Saturday evening. It is said that there is great danger of a similar plate on the east side of the bridge being removed unless a special policeman is detailed to stand guard over it and the names of our present city fathers will not be handed down to posterity in the way the builders of the bridge had intended.

The plates have been an eye sore to many of the democratic residents of the East Side.

Ordered Out of the City.

On Monday the keepers and the inmates of the two resorts across the track were ordered to leave the city by the authorities. The keepers were given thirty six hours in which to leave the city and the inmates were given twenty-four hours. It is understood that the orders have been obeyed, but it is also quite likely that these resorts will open up again at some point near the city outside of the city limits. In that case it will be up to the county authorities to prosecute them.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting Held Tuesday Evening of This Week.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening. After the reading of the minutes, C. M. Evenson appeared before the council and asked that the license of $10 per night required of shows appearing in the Evenson Hall be done away with. Mr. Evenson stated that upon numerous occassions he furnished the hall free for public purposes; that it was not a paying proposition and if shows would not come to the city if they were obliged to pay a license and that he was thus deprived of what little revenue he could derive from it. All of the members of the council appeared to agree with Mr. Evenson and the city attorney was instructed to draw up an amendment to the ordinance covering his case.

Upon the motion of Milton Forder, seconded by L. M. Hoan, the application for liquor license of Alfred Rasmusson was re-considered and the five aldermen voted that Mr. Rasmusson be granted a license. A week ago this license was refused.

The application of J. J. Voracheck for a liquor license was next to come up for consideration. The city attorney held that inasmuch as Mr. Voracheck had been convicted of violating the liquor laws, it was not within the power of the council to grant the license, and all of the councilmen voted against it. The fact that Voracheck had appealed the case made no difference.

The city clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the sprinkling of streets for the coming summer.

All contractors building cement walks for the city will be required to give a bond in the future, thus guaranteeing that the work is properly done.

Bijou Theater.

"King Edward on the Battleship Dreadnaught."

"Towed by an Auto."

"Kippy," German comedy cartoonist.

Pictured Valse melody, "When the Man in the Moon Looks Down," by Tell Taylor, sung by Miss Elsa Robbecke.

The Spaulding Bros. in comedy acrobats.

"The Enchanted Pond."

"A River Panorama."

"The Pirates," a cleverly conceived, superbly enacted and exquisitely photographed drama of great human interest.

Special Saturday night, clarionet solo, Somnambula Theme and variations, air by E. S. Thornton, played by Prof. E. Bruckman.

Saturday Matinee at 4 sharp, 10 cents to all.

Next week—Coming—Le Moire Marionettes, introducing 15 all star performers, "A Stage on a Stage" a great novelty act.

Lumber Co. Has Trouble.

The crew of men working under Pat Sullvin are having all kinds of trouble to get the Red Lake river to follow its old course down near the dam between this city and St. Hilaire. About a quarter of a mile above the dam, the Red Lake river struck across a neck of land this spring and joined the main river again about three fourths of a mile below the dam. There are about one million feet of logs in this mile of the Red Lake river which now has no water and a dam. Several attempts have been made to block up the new course of the river and force it to go around the old and natural way, but all have thus far been without results, and it is going to take much permanent work before this can be done. The farmer who owns the land through which the new stream is running it is said is going to sue the lumber company for damages.

17th of May.

The Sons of Norway are making preparations to have a grand celebration here on the 17th of May—Norway's Independence day. There are a large number of Norwegians in this city and vicinity and it has been years since the day was celebrated here.

A New Theatre to Open.

Jack Scott, E. D. Thompson and Harry Kelly, of Crookston, have made arrangements to lease the Masonic building and the Crookston Journal says that they will start a moving picture show here in the near future. This will give Thief River Falls two shows of this kind.

Ball Game and Music Sunday.

The White Earth Indian base ball team is expected to be here Sunday and play a game with the local team. Both bands are to be out and furnish music on the occasion.

Catholic Services.

Fr. Adolph will hold special services at the following places and on dates named.

Orleans, May 12.
Radium, May 14.
Badger, May 19.
Highlanding, May 21.

Harold Oen has four teams of young and well broken working oxen for sale. One-half mile west of Thorwick postoffice.

SCHOOL NOTES.

A letter received this week from Congressman J. Adam Bede, conveys the assurance that he will be in Thief River Falls, without delay, on the evening of Friday, May 29th and deliver the commencement address for the high school.

Miss Reiner closed her work as a teacher in Thief River Falls last Friday and on Monday departed for her home. It is unfortunate that ill health compelled this action, as she was one of the most competent instructors ever engaged in school work in this city. Her room is now in charge of Miss McCrillis, while Miss Flora Kerr, of Cambridge, Minn., has the 4th grade in the Central.

A teachers' meeting was held at the High school on Tuesday afternoon, at which various matters pertaining to the work of the last month and the closing of the school year were discussed.

The attendance in the several rooms maintains a high average in spite of the usual spring restlessness. The absentees this month consists solely of boys from the country and a few in the city whose parents require their assistance at home.

The close score of 4 to 3 in Saturday's base ball game bears the ear mark of what is considered good baseball. That our boys won, when everything is considered, is gratifying to the school and creditable to themselves. More than one spectator of the game made mention of the gentlemanly conduct of the young men in the nine, and of the entire absence of any word or deed discreditable to the high school students. The latter is also a victory worthy of congratulation.

That the "Rooters' Club" aided materially in the contest Saturday cannot be denied.

The high school base ball team will try conclusions with Warren next Saturday on their grounds.

The state examination will take place the last week of May.

The normal students who are doing substitute work for the grade teachers show the results of their training. They are succeeding admirably and are meeting the difficulties in the several rooms with an assurance born only of an intelligent knowledge of their duties as teachers.

The fire drills prove that no matter at what moment the alarm is given, or in what position it may find the pupils, that never over forty five seconds are required to empty any of the buildings.

The basket social held at the high school Tuesday evening netted the Juniors and baseball team about $27.00.

Silverton.

The weather is delightful and the roads are bad.

Miss Anna Erlandson of Willmar, is visiting at the C. P. Quist home.

The Mavie Dramatic club met on Saturday at the Mavie school house.

The buildings on a farm belonging to Mr. Swoncore in the town of Clover Leaf were destroyed by fire last week. As the place was vacant the cause of the fire is unkown.

Mr. Joseph DuChamp, mail carrier from Thief River Falls to Kratka was at the Mavie P. O. at 8 o'clock on Friday, his first trip.

Mr. Mat Staska was visiting Mr. Joe Hruby, Saturday.

Mr. Charley Moen left for St. Paul, for a week or so to visit a friend, the last part of the week.

Silverton.

(Too late for last week.)

Miss Marth and John Przbyzeski were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hruby, Sunday.

Mr. Anton Pederson, Ole Furthun and Mat Staska were at Thief River Falls last week.

Mr. Fred Ptacek was in town Friday.

Mr. Fred Kotlan visited Mr. and Mrs. Przbyzeski, Sunday.

The farmers started seeding last Monday.

Mr. Joe Heimel of St. Cloud came up to look after his farm last week.

Mr. Nils Hanson is back on his claim.

I have land for sale, for further particulars call or write to F. J. Staska, Mavie, Minn.

Say girls, this is leap year and the boys are waiting for the leap year dance.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending May, 2, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Mrs. Millie Brown
Bonneau, Julius
Erickson, Miss Bertha
Finney, Mr. P. H.
Hovesland, Mr. Halvor
Hovorka, Mrs. Lucy H.
Kulseth, Mr. Martin.
Mattson, Mr. Oscar.
Pedrson, Mrs. P.
Roadfelt, Rev. Aug.
Troka, Miss Emma
Wilson, W. W.
Washburn, Mr. W. D.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka, Postmaster.

Germantown.

Seeding operations were at a standstill all of last week on account of the rain and cold weather. The work is going on now tho in more earnest than ever and the fields are in common good condition. The delay will probably reduce the wheat acreage to some extent and help to force the issue of deversified farming, which is the method most advocated anyway, so we are not going to complain.

The hotel is again open for business, to the relief of all concerned—not least the Muskeg Special. The popular hostlery is now in charge of Gunder Loe of Grygla, who will undoubtedly make a success, having had previous experience in the business.

We know but little about politics; but as to the Bryan-Johnson question it seems apparent that if past experience in accepting the situation after election is to be considered, Bryan must be the preferable candidate. The peerless Nebraskan knows how, while Johnson has had no occasion to learn.

Leif Jordeshaugen, who has the contract for building the school house, commenced work on the same last week. The building will be completed the latter part of this month.

Quite a number from this place were down by Thorwick on fishing excursions last week. All were successful in making a good catch and report fish in abundance.

Rudolph Manthey returned last week from a trip to Montana, where he may locate sometime in the future.

A dance was given in Vaughan Bros. & Co's. store building Saturday evening, in the new addition which had just been completed. With the new part, the store is nearly double in size and now easily ranks among the largest and best equipped mercantile establishments in eastern Marshall county.

John Philipp is busy building a barn on his place.

Mr. Iverson, of Brunkeberg, was out around here the first of the week buying cattle for the South St. Paul market.

Anton Horejsh realized $216 from the sale of furs trapped during the last season.

Emil Dommer intends going to Washington this summer.

Officers and teachers for the Union Sunday school were elected at last Sundays' session as follows: Supt. Mrs. Payne; assistant Supt's., Mrs. Price and H. Roller; Secretary, Miss Jennie Cook; Treasurer, H. Roller; librarian, C. Severson. Teachers: primary, Mrs. Payne; intermediate, H. Roller; bible classes, Payne and Severson.

Rocksbury.

Miss Abbie Miller came up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday to spend Sunday with her parents.

A number of the Rocksbury boys met in Wm. Moellers pasture last Sunday to play ball.

Mrs. Gustaff Geske entertained a number of her friends and relatives last Saturday evening.

Miss Emma Satre spent Sunday at home.

Clinton Miller is helping Wm. Sharnon with his spring work.

Miss Hannah Gustafson was shopping in town last Saturday.

Mr. Barzen is improving his farm very much by setting out about 24 apple trees he seems to have the right idea that apples and other fruit can be grown in this northern climate.

Miss Margurite McAnders spent Saturday and Sunday in T. R. Falls.

Wm. Shamon and Clinton Miller drove to St. Hilaire last Sunday.

Martin, Arthur and Lyle Meehan attended the ball game in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Reiner.

As I haven't seen anyone write from this part of the country, I made up my mind to drop the News a few lines.

Seeding was started, but this extra winter came on, so none of our hustling farmers were to be seen in the fields.

We have now our school house up in District No. 48, and it went up in a hurry. Some gave lumber, some nails, others money, and every man worked a few days. This is the way every school house ought to be built, then there is no interest to pay on bonds. School started last Tuesday with Mrs. Duphenbow as teacher. But all the bachelors seem to have a grudge against that word "Mrs.," so I think it was a "Miss" they were looking for.

A. L. Kjos went to Red Lake Monday for his assessor's books, so we will again see Andrew around listing property.

One of our bachelors has joined the Sunday school, but I wonder if it is the Sunday school he is interested in. Hope he will keep on.

The ladies sewing society met with Mrs. Julius Halvorson last Wednesday.

One of our hustling young men has been busy trying to trap a wolf, but he didn't succeed as the wolf left the country one day last week.

A. L. K. has built an addition to his house. I wonder what that means, probably "a bird in the cage."

Subscribe for the News.

RIGHT MEN ARE CAUGHT

It is Belived that the Stephen Bank Robbers are Arrested.

Stolen Horse Found in the Woods in the Town of Deer.

Word has been received from Stephen to the effect that the horse which had been stolen from A. A. Dickenson by the bank robbers had been found near Deer, Kittson county. She horse was tied to a tree in a grove. The buggy was not found with the animal and the harness had been almost completely destroyed. Nothing else was discovered in the vicinity. Deer is a small town about fifteen miles northeast of Stephen and the horse was discovered by one of Mr. Dickinson's sons Sunday morning.

J. E. Raymond, alias Joe Zalinsky, and James Nolan, are known to have driven the horse. After leaving it they tried to hold up a preacher and take his team from him, but were unsuccessful. They then traveled to Greenbush, where they were arrested.

Two twin city detectives will try to weave a tight web around Zalinsky and capture his associates. Members of the gang that Zalinski worked with were arrested at Winnipeg a short time ago and their pictures are in the rogue's gallery.

The authorities are in possession of sufficient evidence to convict Zalinsky, he having been positively identified as the man who bought the groceries in Warren that were found in the bank, after it was burglarized.

No clew as to the whereabouts of the robber who was shot has not yet been discovered. It is believed by some that he was killed by his companions and the dead body was hidden in the woods.

Warren, Minn., May 5.—The authorities have released five of the Stephen bank robbery suspects, holding J. E. Raymond, alias Joe Zalinsky, and James Nolan.

The St. Paul police department says that Nolan is a well-known yeggman, who has been operating in the east, and that his photo adorns the rogues' galleries of nearly every large city. His true name is A. Blanchard and he sometimes is known as A. Morris.

Twin city dedectives are working up a chain of evidence against these two men and are confident they will be able to send them to Stillwater.

A peculiar incident occurred yesterday when a man presented himself at the county jail, saying he was a Great Northern detective known as Murphy, and displaying a Great Northern detective's badge. The sheriff's wife became suspicious and notified the authorities. He was captured by one deputy, but made such a good showing that he was released by another.

The authorities believe this a mistake and are after him again. It is suspected that he was a capper trying to find out who had been landed and also desiring to assist the prisoners making an escape. The Great Northern local department did not know him.

To Have an Excursion.

The farmers and their wives living up along the Red Lake river are figuring upon taking an excursion to the Red Lake sometime during the fore part of June on the farmer's steamboat. It is the intention to spend a week on the trip and various places of interest on the Red Lake will be visited. The trip should certainly prove a very enjoyable one.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Salmon Chinook choice 1 lb. can.	15
Salmon Princess choice cut 1 lb. can.	25
Grapes Princess per can.	25
Cherris Princess per can.	35
Tomatoes Princess regular prcie 15c, now,	12½
Corn Princess, regular price 15c, now,	12½
Peaches Princess sliced lemon-cling, per can.	30
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Peas, Golden West early June 2 cans for	25
Beans Golden West Cut Refuge per can	15
Apples, per gallon can.	35
Coffee, fresh roasted per lb.	15

We receive shipments of green vegetables on Wednesdays and Saturdays which are always kept *Nice* and *Fresh*.

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 215 3rd St.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The good will of another person may often be won just as quickly by asking a favor of him as by doing a kindness for him.

Where it is possible without loss of self respect it is preferable to have the good will rather than the ill will of a mean cur.

Many an east and west road can be greatly improved if rows of trees skirting the highway on the south are thinned so as to let the sun shine on the road a part of the day.

While the puttering and painstaking and the swift and slapdab hired man are both a trifle wearing on one's nerves, a fellow sleeps better nights if he has the former rather than the latter on the place.

The uncovering of the flowering shrubs and fruits should not be done until warm weather has set in for good and other vegetation has made a decided start. Then if a frost comes the chance for damage will be much less.

In nine cases out of ten the worst enemy that the farmer or gardener has is the "man with the gun" who periodically raids his premises. The only kind of dope that will reach this pest is a legal warning to keep off the premises.

About the time the yard is raked is a pretty good time to inspect the cellar and see that decayed or decaying vegetables of all kinds are removed. It is very natural to overlook the truck in the cellar because it is largely out of sight.

If the cornfield is infested with milkweeds and morning glories it is about time to turn it into pasture for three or four years. The presence of these weeds may be taken as a sign that the soil needs a rest from the system of cropping which has been followed with it in preceding years.

The common black crow is a much worse enemy to the poultryman than the skunk or much maligned chicken hawk, which in spite of its name seldom raids the poultry yard. Where chickens or turkeys nest in wood lots adjoining the premises, crows will rifle the nests every chance they get.

For the gardener on a small scale in the northern states it is questionable if there is a black raspberry which excels the Older. It is perfectly hardy and does not require covering of any kind, but propagates from the tip, while the fruit it bears is of large size and fine quality. Of those which require covering during the winter the Nemaha is one of the best.

While a rotation of only corn and oats may result in a more desirable condition of soil than were corn to follow corn and may perhaps keep in check some pests that work injury to the latter cereal, the fact remains that with both crops there is a constant pull from the soil and no contribution to it or re-enforcing of it, as is the case when the clovers enter into the rotation.

Because the expense of hauling a crop to market is seldom counted in the expense of producing it there does not seem to be an adequate realization of the enormous annual cost of hauling the various crops produced in this country to market. While the cost to any individual producer may not be a considerable amount, the aggregate for all producers amounts to hundreds of millions of dollars every year.

The experience which some corn growers living in the northern part of the corn belt have had the past two or three years points quite conclusively to the fact that the rather small and early maturing variety of corn is a better agricultural asset than the whopping ear with shoe peg kernels that gets pinched with the frost at both ends of the season and sours on the cob after it is put into the crib.

While crops of almost all kinds make a more vigorous growth in seasons that are too wet rather than those that are too dry, it is noticeable in a period of years that small grain is of a better quality when the rather dry conditions prevail, while the root crops do better in the more moist seasons. Semitropical plants like the lima bean, eggplant, pepper and tomato are partial to both heat and moisture and flourish best when these conditions exist.

Reports originating in portions of North Carolina are to the effect that not only has the tanbark industry had a direct and disastrous effect upon the forest reserves of the state, but that the people engaged in it grow poorer from year to year. It is pointed out by observers that the work of securing the bark gives a return of barely a day's wages, which is not nearly so profitable as the same effort would be directed along agricultural lines.

It is well for the owner of the milk cow or cows to remember that, while the grass for the first few weeks may be sweet and succulent and much enjoyed by the stock, yet it possesses very little substance and a low per cent of nutritive elements and hence should be re-enforced by a generous allowance of grain and as much clover hay at night as will be eaten. Care in this regard will keep up the flow of milk and means a largely increased season's production.

Those who during the past six or seven wet years have located on farms west of meridian 99—and it makes little difference whether the latitude be North Dakota or Texas—would do well to post up on the Campbell system of dry farming or any other plan whereby the moisture in the subsoil may be drawn on to the best advantage and made available for the growing crops. It has been desperately dry in the sections referred to, and it is more than likely to be just as dry again.

As showing that the sale of some of the common products is often governed a good deal by whim and caprice, it is interesting to note that in the matter of eggs those colored brown bring 2 or 3 cents more per dozen on the Boston market than do the white, while on the New York market the reverse is the case. In London the preference is strongly for the brown colored, with the result that white eggs shipped to this market are stained a brownish tint by immersion in a coffee solution.

There are some people today who take considerable stock in the alternation of a series of seven wet and seven dry years, as finds illustration in the seven fat and seven lean years cited in Joseph's interpretation of Pharaoh's dream. In the opinion of the folk referred to, last year was the last of a series of seven in which there was abundant moisture, while the present is the first of a series of seven dry years. It will be interesting to keep track of things the coming season and to note whether this prophecy comes true.

Bunt, or stinking smut, has caused a considerable loss to the wheat growers of certain sections of Nebraska during the past year. Not only the varieties of spring wheat, but the Turkish Red, supposed to be smut resistant, have been affected. In some cases the loss seems to have been only slight, while in others a loss of 15 cents per bushel in the sale price of the cereal has been reported, with no account made of the added loss from a reduction in yield. The plan recommended for keeping the smut in check is a treatment of the wheat to be used for seed with a formalin solution in the same manner that it is used for oats or potatoes.

The government crop reporting bureau in a pamphlet issued early in April giving the condition of winter wheat on April 1, 1908, states that the average condition of the crop over the country is 91.3 per cent normal as against 89.9 per cent on April 1, 1907, and 86.2 per cent, the average for the preceding ten years. The bulletin contains the further interesting information that of the total crop of winter wheat grown in the United States Kansas leads with 10.1 per cent, Indiana follows with 8.9 per cent, while Illinois grows 7.7, and Nebraska follows close with 7.6 per cent.

If the men folks were compelled to do the work about the house for a few weeks, there would be a whole lot of homes where there would be immediate plans set afoot for better sink conveniences, something more adequate in the way of a supply of soft water than a twelve inch board and a barrel and the location of the pile of wood for the cook stove under cover and in closer proximity to the kitchen door. These alterations and improvements would simply be in keeping with the use of the hayfork, the manure spreader and the dozen and one devices that are employed on almost every farm for the simplifying of the outdoor work.

A machine that is coming into quite general use this season in many portions of the west is the disk drill, which, as its name indicates, performs the work of the ordinary seed drill and to a less extent the work of the disk. In operation as fast as the grain passes through the drills to the ground it is covered with fresh earth by a corresponding disk. The chief merit in the implement lies in the fact that the seed is placed in the ground at a uniform depth and is covered at once with moist earth, which insures the best possible germination, an even stand and a uniform maturing of the grain crop. The old method of broadcast seeding was all right in its time perhaps on cheap land, but present day conditions require the adoption of a more careful and economical method of seeding.

Insanity, or lack of mental balance, takes a queer turn with some individuals. An instance that comes to mind is that of a central Iowa farmer of whom we heard the other day whose idiosyncrasy crops out in an unwillingness to sell any of the hay or grain which he grows in large quantities on his farm of a thousand or more acres. He builds comfortable houses for his many tenants, most of whom are, as a result of a queer preference on their landlord's part, childless and middle aged, but all over his place are to be found rotting stacks of hay and grain, cribs full of mildewed corn and other things to correspond. A few hogs and cattle are raised and sold, but not enough so that the owner could be called a stock raiser. The man in question is known all over his county as the farmer who never sells his stuff. While queer, he is perfectly harmless.

COLD STORAGE EXPERIMENT.

In company with a number of north Iowa horticulturists the writer recently went to Mason City to witness the final inspection of some twenty-five different varieties of fall and winter apples which have been carried through the winter in a joint cold storage experiment which has been conducted by the United States department of agriculture in co-operation with the horticultural department of the State Agricultural college at Ames. The apples in question had been kept in refrigeration at a temperature of about 32 degrees F. since the time of their storage last September and October, some of the fruit being put in storage immediately upon picking, some a week after picking and the remainder three weeks after it had been taken from the trees. The results of the experiment were summarized briefly by Mr. L. S. Tenney, specialist in charge of the pomological experiments carried on in connection with the government's horticultural extension work. Among the valuable points noted in the results of the experiment were the following:

First, it was noticeable that that fruit kept best which was put into storage as soon as possible after picking and which was likewise handled with most care from the tree to the package in which it was stored. Again, it was observed to be true with all varieties, and especially with the tender Wealthy and Jonathan, that those apples were in the best condition of preservation at the end of the experiment which were not picked until they were fully ripe. Underripe fruit of these varieties showed much shriveling during the period of storage. Where apples were wrapped separately in pieces of paper they kept much better than when put together loose in the box. Wealthies, which are but a fall variety, came through in splendid shape when handled in this manner and were in excellent market condition. The Colorado Orange, Delavan and Northwestern Greening showed up in fine shape. The Malinda scalded badly during the period of storage and was not in a marketable condition. In emphasizing the necessity of a more careful handling of fruit intended for shipping or storage Mr. Tenney, who had just come from a six weeks' tour of inspection through the orange districts of California, stated that experiments which had just been concluded by the government seemed to show that virtually all of the loss which has been sustained for years past as a result of the spoiling of lemons and oranges in transit, amounting in some seasons to $3,000,000, has been due to a bruising of the fruit as a result of careless handling, and he stated that what was said with reference to the citrus fruits was equally true of apples.

ABOUT IMPORTED CORN.

Among the many valuable facts which have been learned as a result of corn growing experiments which have been conducted by experiment stations in various parts of the country one of great importance is that imported seed, no matter of how good a variety or how favorable the conditions under which it has been matured, will not produce so large or so well matured a crop as seed from ears which have grown in the immediate locality. Different conditions of soil and to some extent of climate seem to place the imported seed at a disadvantage, a handicap which it does not overcome short of several years of acclimatization. During these years it seems to get adjusted to its environment and is in shape to produce the maximum crop of which it is capable. For the reasons above cited it is always advisable for the farmer to secure his seed just as near home as possible, from his own field or from that of a near neighbor. The disadvantage one is under in sending to a distant house for his seed, in addition to that mentioned above, is that the seed is likely to be of a larger variety of corn than will mature well in the locality, in which case an early frost would mean the ruin of the whole crop.

MAKE 'EM SCRATCH.

A method that is followed by many in the feeding of incubator chicks during the first few weeks is to scatter a layer of short cut straw in their feeding place, next several handfuls of prepared dry chick food, then a layer of straw, then more chick food, and so on until there is a pile of seven or eight inches deep. As soon as the little fellows get to stirring around they are given access to this food supply and, following out an inborn instinct, at once begin to scratch. The grain forms a complete ration, while the exercise they get in digging it out makes them strong and vigorous. The only feeding care required beyond this is the supplying of water and skimmilk if the latter is available.

CASH IN KINDNESS.

There is many a dairyman who understands the science of feeding his cows, has his stables well lighted and ventilated and handles his milk and cream products in the most sanitary manner possible who nevertheless does not seem to realize the financial loss he suffers every month in the conduct of the dairy through the impatience, roughness and oftentimes brutality of the hired man who milks and has the care of his cows. To do their best cows must be gently and kindly treated, and this is not only justifiable from the humanitarian or ethical point of view, but especially so from the standpoint of dollars and cents.

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State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs.

Herman Hanisch and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota,
April 16-May 21 Plaintiff's Attorney.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 14, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 153 made June 22nd 1904 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 154, N, Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Mollner " " " " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Bryzney, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
April 16-May 21 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parbst; of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,600, made October 20th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 26 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Twp. 154, N. R. 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Funnasdahl " " " " "
John Sjorsvold " " " " "
Albert Faragan " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Apr. 23-May 28 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 18, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st, 1908, viz: Halvor O. Brevig H. E. No. 64 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 154 N. of R 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William O. Lone, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Mikkle Jorde, " " " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " " " "
Andrew M. Jorde, " " " " "

April 23-May 28. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 376 made June 28, 1904, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 173, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Borby, " " "
B. E. Tinnan, " Anton, Minnesota.
P. H. Wright, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
May 7-June 11 Register.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson and Kittel Knudson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd, day of May, 1908, at 9 o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 27th day of April 1908.

(Court)
(Seal) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

G. Halverson,
Attorney for petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
April 30 May 14

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of John L. Radnicke, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

To the Creditors of John L. Radnicke, of Rosley, in the county of Red Lake, in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given, that on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1908, the above named John L. Radnicke was duly adjudicated a bankrupt and the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said district, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 30th, 1908. Ole J. Vaule, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE ROYAL HOUSE OF SWEDEN

People Put Up 2,200,000 Crowns Annually to Maintain It—Comment of a Helsingborg Newspaper.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

It costs in round numbers not less than 2,200,000 crowns annually to maintain the royal house of Sweden and this enormous sum is expended by a country which has only about 5,000,000 people. But Sweden has a monarchial form of government and like all such countries she will have to maintain kings and queens and princes and elegant palaces, etc. It costs Sweden annually about 750,000 crowns to maintain the royal court and then she has to spend about 625,000 crowns annually to keep the different palaces in proper repair, etc. The Swedish king has a monthly income from the government amounting to 114,083 crowns. For every working day during the year he has thus a daily income of 4,563 crowns, which, everything considered, is even a good day's pay for a king. A Helsingborg paper remarks regarding the enormous sums expended for the maintenance of a king: "That we should pay so much more for the maintenance of our king than the Frenchmen and Americans expend for their presidents, depends of course in the first place upon the fact that we have a monarchial form of government. But the time has come when Sweden will wake up to the fact that she is only a slave to time honored traditions and that a republican form of government is by far the more ideal. From more than one source there come complaints regarding the tremendous expenses involved in maintaining royalty and although the new king has given unmistakable signs of an economical nature, there will sooner or later come a day when the country will take up the agitation for a more popular form of government."

The body of Emanuel Swedenborg has been returned to Sweden. It was exhumed in London, April 7, and sent to Sweden on board the cruiser Flygia, which is Sweden's finest warship. A London paper gives the following account of the interesting event: "The Swedish government requested the exhumation and surrender of the body and the British government assented. The Swedish minister to Great Britain, Count Wrangel, Pastor Lindskog and officers from the Fylgia, attended the exhumation. The leaden shell of the coffin was found intact. It was opened and in it were found the bones of the famous author and a heap of dust. The shell was then encased in a new coffin, placed on the altar table and covered with wreaths sent by Swedish societies and other admirers of Swedenborg. Pastor Kindskog conducted a service in the English and Swedish languages. Among those present were members of the Swedish legation here, members of the Swedish colony of London, representatives of various Swedish societies and Friherre Leyonhjelm, a descendant of Swedenborg."

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, who have been the guests of King Christian and Queen Louise at Copenhagen during the past few days, arrived in Stockholm last Sunday, where extensive preparations had been made for their coming. They arrived early last Sunday and last Monday evening they continued their journey to Christiania. Their reception in Stockholm was an enthusiastic one and never before have the preparations for receiving a foreign monarch been so elaborate. A full detail of their reception in Stockholm will be published in these columns next week.

Sweden is rapidly becoming Americanized. The country is now going to have a railway merger. As is perhaps known, Sweden has a national railway system, but there are also many private lines, some of considerable importance, such as the Falun-Gothenburg line, the Stockholm-Vesteras line, the Gefle-Dala line, and others, connecting important commercial centers, and effort is now being made to bring about a co-operation among these leading private lines. If this is successful, the "merger" will be able to compete with the national railroad in certain districts.

Swedish papers state that the government is expected to ask the riksdag for an appropriation for sending an expedition to Spitzbergen. The aim of the expedition will be to make geographical and geological investigations. The expedition may leave Norvik, Norway, in the early part of July and return in the latter part of August. The men and the outfit will be carried across the water by the gunboat "Svensksund."

King Gustaf will visit Copenhagen during the middle of May after attending the wedding of his son, Prince Wilhelm, in St. Petersburg. It is reported on good authority that King Gustaf will visit several foreign courts in Europe this coming winter.

Director Ranft, of the Royal Opera, has re-engaged John Forsell, the famous Swedish barytone. There was some trouble between the two some time ago, but matters have, it appears, been patched up.

Queen Victoria arrived in Venice April 5. Her majesty will remain there during the next six weeks.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Lieutenant M. H. Magnus, of the Norwegian army, who was sent by the Norwegian government to America to induce Norwegian-Americans to return to their native land, has met with about as little success as Mr. Lagerkrantz, the Swedish minister to the United States, who made a trip through the northwest last summer for that same purpose. Lieutenant Magnus has had about the same experience along these lines as Mr. Lagerkrantz, and his mission to the United States has in this respect proven a failure. Lieutenant Magnus came to the United States last September and, after traveling about very extensively in the northwest, he has now concluded that the plan to have Norwegian-Americans return to the home country is an utter impossibility. Lieutenant Magnus in speaking of his visit to America has expressed himself as follows: "I have met a large number of my countrymen since I landed here last September, and everywhere I found them in easy circumstances. It would be nice to have a large influx of that kind of people in Norway, but it is simply out of the question. The problem before us is to keep the people we already have here, and this is the question that I am in part trying to solve."

Norway's imports, according to latest statistics, are very much on the increase. The aggregate value of the imports in January of this year amounted to 15,800,000 crowns as against 10,400,000 crowns in January, 1907. This great increase is due to the large amount of rye, barley and wheat that the people of Norway were compelled to buy from foreign countries on account of the crop shortage last year. Unfortunately for the country it is unable to show a marked increase in her imports, the exports in January, 1908, being 12,800,000 crowns more than the same month in 1907.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra arrived in Christiania last Monday evening from Stockholm. On their arrival in the Norwegian capital they received a most enthusiastic reception and it is needless to say that their reception at the court was a most hearty one. The ties of kinship, which binds the royal house of Britain with that of Norway, are so close that one can hardly conceive how good old King Edward would permit any trouble for little Norway as long as he remains the ruler of the mighty nation on whose possessions the sun never sets.

Dr. McCracken's lectures at the University of Christiania proved a splendid success and were very largely attended. The professor was accorded a most cordial reception and was tendered a banquet by Mr. Peirce, the American minister, which was attended by many scholars of distinction. The plan to exchange professors with America has struck a popular chord among Norwegian educators and it will receive their unanimous support.

Olaf Hareide is the name of a young Norwegian composer who is rapidly coming to the front. He has already made a name for himself at Berlin, where he gave a concert some time ago, which was attended by many musicians of note. The young man played some of his compositions by request and won a great deal of warm praise. He is at present studying music under Professor Kahn at Berlin.

Professor Haukland, the author, is advocating the erection of a marine museum and has written a long article in support of the proposition to the "Dagsposten" in Trondhjem. The proposition has met with widespread favor and it may not be long before such a museum may be erected in Trondhjem.

From Bergen and vicinity comes the report that emigration from that section of the country is increasing again. This spring a large number of people have emigrated and the outlook is that it will keep up for some time. Lack of employment and business opportunities are among the causes given.

Jonas Lie, the popular author, is reported in ill health. He is at present living with a daughter in Christiania. His eyesight is said to be greatly impaired, thus preventing him from engaging in any active literary work.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

More than a hundred fires of an incendiary origin have been started in the Danish capital during the past three weeks, causing the entire population to be kept in a state of constant anxiety. In more than fifty cases it was learned that the fires had been started by means of kerosene, but the police, although they have been on the keenest lookout for the perpetrators have thus far been unable to make any arrests. A reward of several hundred crowns has been offered to any one who can capture the guilty parties, but thus far no one has succeeded. Last Friday, according to a Copenhagen dispatch, two of the buildings occupied by members of the diplomatic corps were set on fire and had not the fire department been prompt there would have been a big conflagration and possibly loss of life. It is believed by many that a number of idle men are at work setting these fires thinking that there will be something doing in the building industry.

A Norwegian students chorus will during the coming summer pay a visit to Copenhagen, where they will give a series of concerts. The chorus is composed of students of the Christiania university.

MARION & NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Just as he was completing arrangements for the funeral of Clarence, nineteen years old, one of his two sons, who died of consumption, Benjamin Washburn, an employe at the Minneapolis city hall, found the body of Harry, twenty-one years old, his remaining son, lying in an outbuilding, a victim of epilepsy.

Robert Kahl, who pleaded guilty to robbing a number of religious institutions in various parts of St. Paul, was sentenced by Judge Bunn to five years in state prison. He received the maximum penalty for burglary in the third degree, which is the charge to which he pleaded guilty on information.

Patrick Norton, seventy years old, who served with distinction in an Illinois regiment throughout the Civil war, was murderously attacked by armed thugs in a lonely spot on Bridge square, Minneapolis, robbed of $100 in bills and his pension papers and left in a dying condition.

Out of the total increase of 101 in the deaths in St. Paul last year over the previous year sixty-eight are charged to tuberculosis. Tuberculosis caused by far the largest number of deaths. The number in 1906 was 254 and in 1907 it was 322.

Henry Ellery, a farmer residing west of Aitkin, committed suicide by hanging himself in a barn. Mr. Ellery had been despondent for the last two years owing to the death of his wife.

Fire in the plant of the John A. Bunn Chair company at St. Anthony Park practically destroyed the whole plant. The loss is estimated at nearly $50,000.

Mrs. Anna Mashek, aged seventy, is dead at St. Paul as the result of burns received when her clothing caught fire at a bonfire.

Syvert Johnson, a prominent farmer of the town of Carlisle, Otter Tail county, was seriously injured by an infuriated bull.

James Delaney, a gasfitter, was found dead in Como lake at St. Paul. Relatives say he was subject to epileptic fits.

Mrs. Mary E. Ward, an aged woman who lived with her daughter at Central Point, was accidentally burned to death.

GENERAL NEWS.

Living over again the scenes in which she fell down a stairway and received serious injuries Mrs. Lillian Comby, on the witness stand in her own behalf before Judge Page Morris in the United States district court at Minneapolis, told her story graphically and when she reached the point where the tumble took place gave a scream and fell to the courtroom floor in a dead faint. She was carried into the judge's chambers, where she revived and the trial proceeded.

General orders have been issued to all G. A. R. posts in the state by George A. Whitney, commander of the department of Minnesota, designating Saturday, May 30, as Memorial day and directing that the graves of all soldiers be covered with flowers and that flowers be cast on the streams and lakes of the vicinity in memory of the sailors who participated in the Civil war.

Alvah Eastman of St. Cloud has resigned from the state normal school board and the vacancy has been filled by the appointment of Karl Mathie, also of St. Cloud. Mathie has had considerable experience as an educator and takes an advanced position in some features of the educational work.

Dr. Arthur W. Meyer, assistant professor of anatomy at the University of Minnesota, will leave that institution to accept an executive position in the medical school of Northwestern university at Chicago.

Miss Louise Peck, one of the leading teachers in the Crookston high school, has been appointed to a mission in the British Congo.

OBITUARY.

Stephen Lyons, who survived the deluge of lead during the memorable charge of the famous First Minnesota regiment at the battle of Gettysburg and had lived for many years an honored resident of Minnesota, passed away in the Northwestern hospital in Minneapolis. He was severely wounded in the historic charge of his regiment and it was from injuries there received that his death resulted.

Dan W. Woodmansee, once famous as a horseman, is dead at Minneapolis. Mr. Woodmansee was seventy eight years old. Twenty-five years ago he was manager of the Commodore Norman W. Kittson stables in the Midway district. The Kittson horses were world beaters.

Simeon E. Hedding, the oldest passenger engine on the St. Paul road, is dead at Minneapolis. He had the honor of pulling the first train which ran out of Minneapolis on the St. Paul road. This was on Christmas day, 1874.

Michael Cleary, one of the oldest engineers on the Great Northern railroad, dropped dead at Willmar from a stroke of paralysis. He was sixty eight years old.

Gilbert H. Rice, a pioneer citizen of Park Rapids, died recently in Oregon where he went to find a location for a winter home.

BANDITS LOOT BANK

Secure Eight Thousand Dollars at Stephen, Marshall County.

OFFICERS TAKE UP PURSUIT

Number of Suspects Rounded Up, Three of Them Having Crossed the Canadian Border.

Stephen, in Marshall county, was terrorized by a gang of six robbers who dynamited the safe and vault of the Scandia State bank and carried off $8,000 in cash after a revolver duel with William Merdink, a merchant who lives upstairs in a block adjoining the bank. He was aroused by the first explosion and, taking his revolver, crawled to the cement roof and, lying behind the parapet, opened fire on the robbers as they left the bank with the loot. The robbers returned his fire and for a few minutes there was a fusillade which aroused the entire town, but none of those near at hand had gone to assist Merdink. Merdink escaped injury, but at least one of the robbers was badly wounded and blood was spattered on the sidewalks from the bank to the stables of Al Dickerson, manager of the lumber yard, where the wounded robber and two others stole a buggy and horse and drove out of town, heading north. The other three robbers headed for Strandquist, east of the Soo.

Number of Arrests Made.

Three men believed to have been implicated in the dynamiting of the Scandia State Bank at Stephen were arrested at Emerson, Man.; two others were seized on a similar charge at Greenbush, Minn., and three others are in flight through the swamps and underbrush about Morris, Man., having eluded their pursuers after an exciting chase on a Canadian Pacific special.

While tracking the bank robbers a party of officials discovered a dead body on the prairie eight miles north of that place. The body was deprived of garments and lying a few feet from the corpse was a small pile of ashes, indicating that the desperadoes were taking no chances of identification. The dead man was doubtless the robber shot from the roof of the building adjoining the Scandia bank at Stephen on the night of the robbery.

MINNESOTA OIL INSPECTION

Further Discrepancies Alleged in Books of Department.

An additional alleged shortage of $4,755.20 in the accounts of John A. McDermott, former state oil inspector, and of $3,526.92 in the accounts of F. G. Warner, his predecessor in that office, were reported by Public Examiner Anton Schaefer in his final report on the examination of the accounts of that department during the incumbency of these two men.

This report covers the entire period from February, 1903, to November, 1907, being from the beginning of Mr. Warner's term to the close of Mr. McDermott's.

The first report on Mr. McDermott's accounts covered only the collections in Ramsey, Hennepin and St. Louis counties and disclosed an alleged shortage of $6,199.75, which was turned into the state treasury by W. E. McEwen, the present oil inspector, through his monthly reports, except the last payment of about $3,400, which was turned in separately. The present report makes the total alleged shortage in his accounts for the entire state $10,954.95.

The previous report on Mr. Warner's accounts showed a shortage of $12,010, this report only covering the Minneapolis and Duluth divisions. The total alleged shortage as now reported is $15,536.92. Attorney General Young holds that about $3,000 of the shortage charged against Warner should not so appear.

GRANITE MEN ON STRIKE

Polishers and Quarrymen at St. Cloud Demand More Pay.

Fourteen granite shops at St. Cloud were closed when sixty polishers and seventy quarrymen went on a strike for higher wages. The polishers are receiving $2.25 a day. They ask for $2.75. The quarrymen are getting $2 a day and want $2.25. The granite cutters were obliged to lay off, but did not strike. They will try to bring about a compromise. The employers say they will make no concession. About 400 men are out of work.

Jury Acquits Minneapolis Man.

The jury at Minneapolis in the case of William Griswold, accused of having shot and mortally wounded Bennie Navratil, six years old, returned a verdict in Judge David F. Simpson's court of "not guilty." The young bride, who has been constantly by the side of her husband during the trial, wept with joy at the good news.

Woman Nurse Burned to Death.

Miss Bessie M. Tracy, aged twenty-seven, of Minnesota Junction, Wis., a nurse in the state hospital at Rochester, this state, was fatally burned when she was filling an alcohol stove with which to warm her lunch. She died several hours later.

By the Short Cut

By MATIE BARNES.

Copyrighted, 1908, by M. M. Cunningham.

Sparville was grateful to Henry Griswold. Not since the engagement of McMahon's minstrels two months before had the town had so much to talk about.

Nine years ago Hank Griswold had gone to the city in his Sunday pepper and salt suit, with cowhide boots and cloth cap to complete his costume. Now he had returned Henry Griswold, and to the splendors of well tailored clothes he added the magnificence of a fur lined coat and shoes and hat equally glossy.

Sparville was accustomed to fur coats, but with the fur outside, while Henry showed only the cloth. Patent leather shoes, too, every day in the week were regarded with awe not unmixed with envy.

Even more interesting was the evident interest Griswold displayed in Nellie Morrison. They had been sweethearts in the old school days and had kept up a correspondence, a fact disseminated by the postmaster, but it was evident that Griswold had come home with the intention of cutting out Ben Pierce, who escorted Nell home from church Sunday evenings and otherwise gave evidence of ultimate serious intentions.

Public sentiment was largely in favor of Ben. Had Sparville been so frivolously minded as to indulge in betting the odds would have been about three to one in his favor, for Henry had seemed to lose interest in skating and coasting and other winter sports in which Sparville delighted.

He visited the pond and the coasting hill, but merely as a spectator, and at such times Nell, fully conscious that the exercise brought a stronger glow to her cheeks and an added sparkle to her eyes, was most inclined to hector him.

Griswold ascribed her treatment to a desire to display her powers of coquetry, but when, near the close of the second week, he made formal proposal of marriage and was refused he stared at her in dismay.

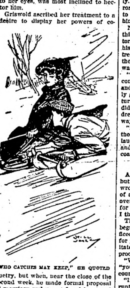

"WHO CATCHES MAY KEEP," HE QUOTED

"It's this way," explained Nell judiciously, seeing his bewilderment. "I like you, Harry, but you are so different now. When you were a boy there was no one who could beat you in a skating race, and you used to go down Beeman's hill faster than any of the others. Now you're afraid to coast."

"I'm not afraid," denied Griswold. "I don't want to; that's all. I have found other amusements."

Nell smiled and changed the subject, and Griswold went home feeling miserable. He loved Nell, and this refusal was a blow to his heart and his pride.

It was Ben who tugged Nell's sled up Beeman's hill the following afternoon and found Griswold gloomily regarding the coasters. The hill swung in a rough half circle down the steep declivity. Usually the roadway was beaten into a glare of ice by the coasters, for it was the only good coasting place in the neighborhood.

From the brow of the hill the entire road could be observed. All summer Henry Beeman had been cutting the thick growth of pines which had covered the hillside, and now only a broad expanse of glistening snow crust dotted with the pine stumps remained.

It was a pretty spectacle, and Griswold enjoyed it in spite of the evident favor with which Nell regarded Ben, who accompanied her in her dashes downhill and the walk back again, with Nell walking by his side. Nominally Nell's sled was her sister's, and Ben's was supposed to be the property of his little cousin, but those two youngsters had little use of their possessions.

The sun was dipping toward the hills on the other side of the valley and most of the coasters had gone home when Nell settled herself for her last ride. Ben had stopped to tie his shoe laces, and Nell looked over her shoulder.

"Who catches may keep," she called as the sled gathered momentum. Ben sprang to his feet and ran for his sled, throwing himself upon it and starting off at a terrific pace.

Griswold gave one glance at the flying figure far ahead. He knew that Ben's sled was not as good as Nell's and that he would not catch her until she reached the bottom of the incline.

There was just one chance for himself, and, throwing off his coat, he caught up the sled that Tommy Sweeney had just brought up to the top of the hill.

At the foot of the field was a place where two lengths of the fence had fallen in, and there were two or three similar breaks where the fence [illegible]. It was the work of an instant to step through one of these [illegible] and throw himself downward upon the sled.

Steering with both hands and feet Griswold shot down the steep declivity. It was several years since he had been on a sled, but [illegible] came back to him, and with a skill that [illegible] the hill for the remainder of the season he steered his flying sled in and out between the stumps, [illegible] here and dodging a trunk there just as a fractured skull [illegible].

It took but a few seconds to accomplish the journey, but to Griswold it seemed years before he shot through the opening of the fence and in the last terrific effort swung himself into the road.

Just ahead were the smart gay jacket and saucy little hat that he was pursuing, and as he [illegible] the runner of Nell's sled.

"'Who catches may keep,'" he quoted as he steered [illegible] softer snow beside the road to permit Ben to pass them.

"How did you do it?" demanded Nell wonderingly.

"Did you think it would be Ben?" he countered. The girl shook her head.

"I wanted to see if you would make an effort," she explained shyly. "All the way down I heard Ben shouting, and I was afraid that he was alone."

"He was," explained Griswold. "I came the short way."

Nell looked [illegible] where Griswold [illegible] break in the fence and then at the stump dotted hill.

"You came straight down?" she gasped.

"It was the only way," he said quietly. "Ben already had a lead on the road, and I knew that I should have to take the short cut if I was to beat him."

Nell looked him over sternly. The thin leather of his shoes was cut and torn, and here and there was a rent in his clothing where he had struck a tree. The gloves hung in ribbons from the scratched hands, and his necktie waved under his ear.

"You go back and get your coat," she commanded, "and then we'll go home and tell mother and Harry. I'm awfully glad that you won," she added as he turned away to obey the command. "I didn't think you would. I never dreamed you would come the short way. No one has ever done it."

"No one else has had cause to take the slide," he explained with a happy laugh, as she slipped her hand in his and they started up the hill after his coat.

Breaking It Gently.

A man who had literary aspirations, but lacked the literary instinct, once wrote a story and took it to the editor of a magazine. "I want you to read it over carefully," he said. "It's intended for a satire, and, if I do say it myself, I think it's pretty clever."

The editor took the manuscript and began to read it. A page or two sufficed to show him its utter hopelessness for purposes of publication, but he hesitated to crush a budding author and proceeded to temporize.

"Why, Mr.—er—Simmons," he said, "your story has some crudities, of course, and—er"—

"It's better as you get into it," interrupted the other complacently. "It's like some of Thackeray's stories."

"Ah, yes, Mr. Simmons; you do remind me somewhat of Thackeray."

"Do I?" inquired the caller.

"Yes," rejoined the editor, handing him the manuscript. "You have a nose just like his."—Youth's Companion.

Proper Form of Asseveration.

A teacher in the Garfield school was teaching a primary class the beginnings of arithmetic.

"Now, I have one pencil in my right hand and one in my left," she said. "How many pencils have I? Helen, you may answer."

"Two," piped a small voice.

"Then one and one make two, do they?"

"Sure!"

The teacher frowned at the disrespectful answer.

"That's hardly what you should have said," she said. "Will some one in the class tell Helen what her answer should have been?"

There was a moment of hesitation. Then one brown hand shot up into the air.

"Ah, James, you may tell Helen what she should have said?"

"Sure, Mike!" shouted Jimmy in a tone of triumph.—Kansas City Star.

Blessings of the Blind.

The calamity of the blind is immense, irreparable. But it does not take away our share of the things that count—service, friendship, humor, imagination, wisdom. It is the secret inner will that controls one's fate. We are capable of willing to be good, of loving and being loved, of thinking to the end that we may be wiser. We possess these spirit-born forces equally with all God's children. Therefore we, too, see the lightnings and hear the thunders of Sinai. We, too, march through the wilderness and the solitary place that shall be glad for us, and as we pass God maketh the desert to blossom like the rose. We, too, go unto the promised land to possess the treasures of the spirit, the unseen permanence of life and nature.—Helen Keller in Century.

FARM · ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The good will of another person may often be won just as quickly by asking a favor of him as by doing a kindness for him.

Where it is possible without loss of self respect it is preferable to have the good will rather than the ill will of a mean cur.

Many an east and west road can be greatly improved if rows of trees skirting the highway on the south are thinned, so as to let the sun shine on the road a part of the day.

While the puttering and painstaking and the swift and slapdab hired man are both a trifle wearing on one's nerves, a fellow sleeps better nights if he has the former rather than the latter on the place.

The uncovering of the flowering shrubs and fruits should not be done until warm weather has set in for good and other vegetation has made a decided start. Then if a frost comes the chance for damage will be much less.

In nine cases out of ten the worst enemy that the farmer or gardener has is the "man with the gun" who periodically raids his premises. The only kind of dope that will reach this pest is a legal warning to keep off the premises.

About the time the yard is raked is a pretty good time to inspect the cellar and see that decayed or decaying vegetables of all kinds are removed. It is very natural to overlook the truck in the cellar because it is largely out of sight.

If the cornfield is infested with milkweeds and morning glories it is about time to turn it into pasture for three or four years. The presence of these weeds may be taken as a sign that the soil needs a rest from the system of cropping which has been followed with it in preceding years.

The common black crow is a much worse enemy to the poultryman than the skunk or much maligned chicken hawk, which in spite of its name seldom raids the poultry yard. Where chickens or turkeys nest in wood lots adjoining the premises, crows will rifle the nests every chance they get.

For the gardener on a small scale in the northern states it is questionable if there is a black raspberry which excels the Older. It is perfectly hardy and does not require covering of any kind, but propagates from the tip, while the fruit it bears is of large size and fine quality. Of those which require covering during the winter the Nemaha is one of the best.

While a rotation of only corn and oats may result in a more desirable condition of soil than were corn to follow corn and may perhaps keep
check some pests that work in
the latter cereal, the fact remat
with both crops there is a c
pull from the soil and no cont
to it or re-enforcing of it, as is t
when the clovers enter into th
tion.

Because the expense of ha
crop to market is seldom cou
the expense of producing it ther
not seem to be an adequate real
of the enormous annual cost o
ing the various crops produced
country to market. While the c
any individual producer may no
considerable amount, the ag
for all producers amounts to hu
of millions of dollars every year.

The experience which some
growers living in the northern p
the corn belt have had the pa
or three years points quite concl
ly to the fact that the rather
and early maturing variety of c
a better agricultural asset tha
whopping ear with shoe peg k
that gets pinched with the fr
both ends of the season and so
the cob after it is put into the cr

While crops of almost all kinds
a more vigorous growth in season
are too wet rather than those th
too dry, it is noticeable in a peri
years that small grain is of a
quality when the rather dry cond
prevail, while the root crops do
in the more moist seasons. Sem
ical plants like the lima bean, eg
pepper and tomato are partial to
heat and moisture and flourish
when these conditions exist.

Reports originating in portion
North Carolina are to the effect
not only has the tanbark industry
a direct and disastrous effect up
forest reserves of the state, but
the people engaged in it grow p
from year to year. It is pointe
by observers that the work of
ing the bark gives a return of h
a day's wages, which is not near
profitable as the same effort wo
directed along agricultural lines.

It is well for the owner of the milk cow or cows to remember that, while the grass for the first few weeks may be sweet and succulent and much enjoyed by the stock, yet it possesses very little substance and a low per cent of nutritive elements and hence should be re-enforced by a generous allowance of grain and as much clover hay at night as will be eaten. Care in this regard will keep up the flow of milk and means a largely increased season's production.

Those who during the past six or seven wet years have located on farms west of meridian 99—and it makes little difference whether the latitude be North Dakota or Texas—would do well to post up on the Campbell system of dry farming or any other plan whereby the moisture in the subsoil may be drawn on to the best advantage and made available for the growing crops. It has been desperately dry in the sections referred to, and it is more than likely to be just as dry again.

As showing that the sale of some of the common products is often governed a good deal by whim and caprice, it is interesting to note that in the matter of eggs those colored brown bring 2 or 3 cents more per dozen on the Boston market than do the white, while on the New York market the reverse is the case. In London the preference is strongly for the brown colored, with the result that white eggs shipped to this market are stained a brownish tint by immersion in a coffee solution.

There are some people today who take considerable stock in the alternation of a series of seven wet and seven dry years, as finds illustration in the seven fat and seven lean years cited in Joseph's interpretation of Pharaoh's dream. In the opinion of the folk referred to, last year was the last of a series of seven in which there was abundant moisture, while the present is the first of a series of seven dry years. It will be interesting to keep track of things the coming season and to note whether this prophecy comes true.

Bunt, or stinking smut, has caused a considerable loss to the wheat growers of certain sections of Nebraska during the past year. Not only the varieties of spring wheat, but the Turkish Red, supposed to be smut resistant, have been affected. In some cases the loss seems to have been only slight, while in others a loss of 15 cents per bushel in the sale price of the cereal has been reported, with no account made of the added loss from a reduction in yield. The plan recommended for keeping the smut in check is a treatment of the wheat to be used for seed with a formalin solution in the same manner that it is used for oats or potatoes.

The government crop reporting bureau in a pamphlet issued early in April giving the condition of winter wheat on April 1, 1908, states that the average condition of the crop over the country is 91.3 per cent normal as against 89.9 per cent on April 1, 1907, and 86.2 per cent, the average for the preceding ten years. The bulletin contains the further interesting information that of the total crop of winter wheat grown in the United States Kansas leads with 19.1 per cent, Indiana follows with 8.9 per cent, while Illinois grows 7.7, and Nebraska follows close with 7.6 per cent.

If the men folks were compelled to do the work about the house for a few weeks, there would be a whole lot of homes where there would be immediate plans set afoot for better sink conveniences, something more adequate in the way of a supply of soft

COLD STORAGE EXPERIMENT.

In company with a number of north Iowa horticulturists the writer recently went to Mason City to witness the final inspection of some twenty-five different varieties of fall and winter apples which have been carried through the winter in a joint cold storage experiment which has been conducted by the United States department of agriculture in co-operation with the horticultural department of the State Agricultural college at Ames. The apples in question had been kept in refrigeration at a temperature of about 32 degrees F. since the time of their storage last September and October, some of the fruit being put in storage immediately upon picking, some a week after picking and the remainder three weeks after it had been taken from the trees. The results of the experiment were summarized briefly by Mr. L. S. Tenney, specialist in charge of the pomological experiments carried on in connection with the government's horticultural extension work. Among the valuable points noted in the results of the experiment were the following:

First, it was noticeable that that fruit kept best which was put into storage as soon as possible after picking and which was likewise handled with most care from the tree to the package in which it was stored. Again, it was observed to be true with all varieties, and especially with the tender Wealthy and Jonathan, that those apples were in the best condition of preservation at the end of the experiment which were not picked until they were fully ripe. Underripe fruit of these varieties showed much shriveling during the period of storage. Where apples were wrapped separately in pieces of paper they kept much better than when put together loose in the box. Wealthies, which are but a fall variety, came through in splendid shape when handled in this manner and were in excellent market condition. The Colorado Orange, Delavan and Northwestern Greening showed up in fine shape. The Malinda scalded badly during the period of storage and was not in a marketable condition. In emphasizing the necessity of a more careful handling of fruit intended for shipping or storage Mr. Tenney, who had just come from a six weeks' tour of inspection through the orange districts of California, stated that experiments which had just been concluded by the government seemed to show that virtually all of the loss which has been sustained for years past as a result of the spoiling of lemons and oranges in transit, amounting in some seasons to $3,000,000, has been due to a bruising of the fruit as a result of careless handling, and he stated that what was said with reference to the citrus fruits was equally true of apples.

ABOUT IMPORTED CORN.

Among the many valuable facts which have been learned as a result of corn growing experiments which have been conducted by experiment stations in various parts of the country one of great importance is that imported seed, no matter of how good a variety or how favorable the conditions under which it has been matured, will not produce so large or so well matured a crop as seed from ears which have grown in the immediate locality. Different conditions of soil and to some extent of climate seem to place the imported seed at a disadvantage, a handicap which it does not overcome short of several years of acclimatization. During these years it seems to get adjusted to its environment and is in shape to produce the maximum crop of which it is capable. For the reasons above cited it is always advisable for the farmer to se

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State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs.

Herman Hanisch and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota,
April 16-May 21 Plaintiff's Attorney.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 14, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 150 made June 22nd 1904 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 151, N., Range 43 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Moline " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Byzney, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
April 16-May 21

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parist, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,600, made October 28th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼ Sec. 26 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Twp. 154, N. R. 44 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Finnsedahl " " " "
John Sjorsvold " " " "
Albert Faragun " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
Apr. 23-May 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 18, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st, 1908, viz: Halvor O. Breyle H. E. No. 61 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 151 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William O. Long, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Mikkle Jorde, " " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " " "
Andrew M. Jorde, " " " "

April 23-May 28. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 356 made June 28, 1901, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 153, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Horby, " "
H. E. Toman, " Anton, Minnesota.
P. H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 7-June 11

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson and Kittel Knudson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court
Room in the Court House, in the City of
[illegible] in the County of Red Lake,
[illegible] on the 22nd day of
[illegible] A. M., why said
[illegible] not be granted
[illegible] Judge of said Court, and the
[illegible] Court, this 27th day of April 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.

[illegible]
[illegible] for Petitioner,
[illegible] River Falls, Minn.
[illegible] May 11

[illegible] District Court of the United [illegible] for the District of [illegible] Sixth Division.

[illegible] of John L. Radzdeske, Bankrupt.
[illegible]
[illegible] of John L. Radzdeske, of
[illegible] of Red Lake, in said
[illegible]
[illegible] that on the 30th day
[illegible] A. D. 1908, the above named
[illegible] was duly adjudicated a
[illegible] the first meeting of his creditors
[illegible] office of the undersigned
[illegible] in the city of Crookston,
[illegible] of Polk, in said district, on the
[illegible] A. D. 1908 at 10 o'clock in
[illegible] at which time said creditors
[illegible] their claims, appoint a trustee,
[illegible] bankrupt and transact such
[illegible] may properly come before
[illegible]
[illegible] 1908. [illegible]
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE ROYAL HOUSE OF SWEDEN.

People Put Up 2,200,000 Crowns Annually to Maintain It—Comment of a Helsingborg Newspaper.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

It costs in round numbers not less than 2,200,000 crowns annually to maintain the royal house of Sweden and this enormous sum is expended by a country which has only about 5,000,000 people. But Sweden has a monarchial form of government and like all such countries she will have to maintain kings and queens and princes and elegant palaces, etc. It costs Sweden annually about 750,000 crowns to maintain the royal court and then she has to spend about 625,000 crowns annually to keep the different palaces in proper repair, etc. The Swedish king has a monthly income from the government amounting to 114,083 crowns. For every working day during the year he has thus a daily income of 4,563 crowns, which, everything considered, is even a good day's pay for a king. A Helsingborg paper remarks regarding the enormous sums expended for the maintenance of a king: "That we should pay so much more for the maintenance of our king than the Frenchmen and Americans expend for their presidents, depends of course in the first place upon the fact that we have a monarchial form of government. But the time has come when Sweden will wake up to the fact that she is only a slave to time honored traditions and that a republican form of government is by far the more ideal. From more than one source there come complaints regarding the tremendous expenses involved in maintaining royalty and although the new king has given unmistakable signs of an economical nature, there will sooner or later come a day when the country will take up the agitation for a more popular form of government."

The body of Emanuel Swedenborg has been returned to Sweden. It was exhumed in London, April 7, and sent to Sweden on board the cruiser Flygia, which is Sweden's finest warship. A London paper gives the following account of the interesting event: "The Swedish government requested the exhumation and surrender of the body and the British government assented. The Swedish minister to Great Britain Count Wrangel, Pastor Lindskog and officers from the Fylgia, attended the exhumation. The leaden shell of the coffin was found intact. It was opened and in it were found the bones of the famous author and a heap of dust. The shell was then encased in a new coffin, placed on the altar table and covered with wreaths sent by Swedish societies and other admirers of Swedenborg. Pastor Kindskog conducted a service in the English and Swedish languages. Among those present were members of the Swedish legation here, members of the Swedish colony of London, representatives of various Swedish societies and Friherre Leyonhjelm, a descendant of Swedenborg."

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, who have been the guests of King Christian and Queen Louise at Copenhagen during the past few days, arrived in Stockholm last Sunday, where extensive preparations had been made for their coming. They arrived early last Sunday and last Monday evening they continued their journey to Christiania. Their reception in Stockholm was an enthusiastic one and never before have the preparations for receiving a foreign monarch been so elaborate. A full detail of their reception in Stockholm will be published in these columns next week.

Sweden is rapidly becoming Americanized. The country is now going to have a railway merger. As is perhaps known, Sweden has a national railway system, but there are also many private lines, some of considerable importance, such as the Falun-Gothenburg line, the Stockholm-Vesteras line, the Gefle-Dala line, and others, connecting important commercial centers, and effort is now being made to bring about a co-operation among these leading private lines. If this is successful, the "merger" will be able to compete with the national railroad in certain districts.

Swedish papers state that the government is expected to ask the riksdag for an appropriation for sending an expedition to Spitzbergen. The aim of the expedition will be to make geographical and geological investigations. The expedition may leave Narvik, Norway, in the early part of July and return in the latter part of August. The men and the outfit will be carried across the water by the gunboat "Svensksund."

King Gustaf will visit Copenhagen during the middle of May after attending the wedding of his son, Prince Wilhelm, in St. Petersburg. It is reported on good authority that King Gustaf will visit several foreign courts in Europe this coming winter.

Director Ranft, of the Royal Opera, has re-engaged John Forsell, the famous Swedish barytone. There was some trouble between the two some time ago but matters have, it appears, been patched up.

Queen Victoria arrived in Venice April 5. Her majesty will remain there during the next six weeks.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Lieutenant M. H. Magnus, of the Norwegian army, who was sent by the Norwegian government to America to induce Norwegian-Americans to return to their native land, has met with about as little success as Mr. Lagerkrantz, the Swedish minister to the United States, who made a trip through the northwest last summer for that same purpose. Lieutenant Magnus has had about the same experience along these lines as Mr. Lagerkrantz, and his mission to the United States has in this respect proven a failure. Lieutenant Magnus came to the United States last September and, after traveling about very extensively in the northwest, he has now concluded that the plan to have Norwegian-Americans return to the home country is an utter impossibility. Lieutenant Magnus in speaking of his visit to America has expressed himself as follows: "I have met a large number of my countrymen since I landed here last September, and everywhere I found them in easy circumstances. It would be nice to have a large influx of that kind of people in Norway, but it is simply out of the question. The problem before us is to keep the people we already have here, and this is the question that I am in part trying to solve."

Norway's imports, according to latest statistics, are very much on the increase. The aggregate value of the imports in January of this year amounted to 15,800,000 crowns as against 10,400,000 crowns in January, 1907. This great increase is due to the large amount of rye, barley and wheat that the people of Norway were compelled to buy from foreign countries on account of the crop shortage last year. Unfortunately for the country it is unable to show a marked increase in her imports, the exports in January, 1908, being 12,800,000 crowns more than the same month in 1907.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra arrived in Christiania last Monday evening from Stockholm. On their arrival in the Norwegian capital they received a most enthusiastic reception and it is needless to say that their reception at the court was a most hearty one. The ties of kinship, which binds the royal house of Britain with that of Norway, are so close that one can hardly conceive how good old King Edward would permit any trouble for little Norway as long as he remains the ruler of the mighty nation on whose possessions the sun never sets.

Dr. McCracken's lectures at the University of Christiania proved a splendid success and were very largely attended. The professor was accorded a most cordial reception and was tendered a banquet by Mr. Peirce, the American minister, which was attended by many scholars of distinction. The plan to exchange professors with America has struck a popular chord among Norwegian educators and it will receive their unanimous support.

Olaf Harelde is the name of a young Norwegian composer who is rapidly coming to the front. He has already made a name for himself at Berlin, where he gave a concert some time ago, which was attended by many musicians of note. The young man played some of his compositions by request and won a great deal of warm praise. He is at present studying music under Professor Kahn at Berlin.

Professor Haukland, the author, is advocating the erection of a marine museum and has written a long article in support of the proposition to the "Dagsposten" in Trondhjem. The proposition has met with widespread favor and it may not be long before such a museum may be erected in Trondhjem.

From Bergen and vicinity comes the report that emigration from that section of the country is increasing again. This spring a large number of people have emigrated and the outlook is that it will keep up for some time. Lack of employment and business opportunities are among the causes given.

Jonas Lie, the popular author, is reported in ill health. He is at present living with a daughter in Christiania. His eyesight is said to be greatly impaired, thus preventing him from engaging in any active literary work.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

More than a hundred fires of an incendiary origin have been started in the Danish capital during the past three weeks, causing the entire population to be kept in a state of constant anxiety. In more than fifty cases it was learned that the fires had been started by means of kerosene, but the police, although they have been on the keenest lookout for the perpetrators, have thus far been unable to make any arrests. A reward of several hundred crowns has been offered to any one who can capture the guilty parties, but thus far no one has succeeded. Last Friday, according to a Copenhagen dispatch, two of the buildings occupied by members of the diplomatic corps were set on fire and had not the fire department been prompt there would have been a big conflagration and possibly loss of life. It is believed by many that a number of idle men are at work setting these fires thinking that there will be something doing in the building industry.

A Norwegian students chorus will during the coming summer pay a visit to Copenhagen where they will give a series of concerts. The chorus is composed of students of the Christiania university.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Just as he was completing arrangements for the funeral of Clarence, nineteen years old, one of his two sons, who died of consumption, Benjamin Washburn, an employe at the Minneapolis city hall, found the body of Harry, twenty-one years old, his remaining son, lying in an outbuilding, a victim of epilepsy.

Robert Kahl, who pleaded guilty to robbing a number of religious institutions in various parts of St. Paul, was sentenced by Judge Bunn to five years in state prison. He received the maximum penalty for burglary in the third degree, which is the charge to which he pleaded guilty on information.

Patrick Norton, seventy years old, who served with distinction in an Illinois regiment throughout the Civil war, was murderously attacked by armed thugs in a lonely spot on Bridge square, Minneapolis, robbed of $100 in bills and his pension papers and left in a dying condition.

Out of the total increase of 101 in the deaths in St. Paul last year over the previous year sixty-eight are charged to tuberculosis. Tuberculosis caused by far the largest number of deaths. The number in 1906 was 254 and in 1907 it was 322.

Henry Ellery, a farmer residing west of Aitkin, committed suicide by hanging himself in a barn. Mr. Ellery had been despondent for the last two years owing to the death of his wife.

Fire in the plant of the John A. Bunn Chair company at St. Anthony Park practically destroyed the whole plant. The loss is estimated at nearly $60,000.

Mrs. Anna Mashek, aged seventy, is dead at St. Paul as the result of burns received when her clothing caught fire at a bonfire.

Syvert Johnson, a prominent farmer of the town of Carlisle, Otter Tail county, was seriously injured by an infuriated bull.

James Delaney, a gasfitter, was found dead in Como lake at St. Paul. Relatives say he was subject to epileptic fits.

Mrs. Mary E. Ward, an aged woman who lived with her daughter at Central Point, was accidentally burned to death.

GENERAL NEWS.

Living over again the scenes in which she fell down a stairway and received serious injuries Mrs. Lillian Comby, on the witness stand in her own behalf before Judge Page Morris in the United States district court at Minneapolis, told her story graphically and when she reached the point where the tumble took place gave a scream and fell to the courtroom floor in a dead faint. She was carried into the judge's chambers, where she revived and the trial proceeded.

General orders have been issued to all G. A. R. posts in the state by George A. Whitney, commander of the department of Minnesota, designating Saturday, May 30, as Memorial day and directing that the graves of all soldiers be covered with flowers and that flowers be cast on the streams and lakes of the vicinity in memory of the sailors who participated in the Civil war.

Alvah Eastman of St. Cloud has resigned from the state normal school board and the vacancy has been filled by the appointment of Karl Mathie, also of St. Cloud. Mathie has had considerable experience as an educator and takes an advanced position in some features of the educational work.

Dr. Arthur W. Meyer, assistant professor of anatomy at the University of Minnesota, will leave that institution to accept an executive position in the medical school of Northwestern university at Chicago.

Miss Louise Peck, one of the leading teachers in the Crookston high school, has been appointed to a mission in the British Congo.

OBITUARY.

Stephen Lyons, who survived the deluge of lead during the memorable charge of the famous First Minnesota regiment at the battle of Gettysburg and had lived for many years an honored resident of Minnesota, passed away in the Northwestern hospital in Minneapolis. He was severely wounded in the historic charge of his regiment and it was from injuries there received that his death resulted.

Dan W. Woodmansee, once famous as a horseman, is dead at Minneapolis. Mr. Woodmansee was seventy-eight years old. Twenty-five years ago he was manager of the Commodore Norman W. Kittson stables in the Midway district. The Kittson horses were world beaters.

Simeon E. Hedding, the oldest passenger engineer on the St. Paul road, is dead at Minneapolis. He had the honor of pulling the first train which ran out of Minneapolis on the St. Paul road. This was on Christmas day, 1874.

Michael Cleary, one of the oldest engineers on the Great Northern railroad, dropped dead at Willmar from a stroke of paralysis. He was sixty-eight years old.

Gilbert H. Rice, a pioneer citizen of Park Rapids, died recently in Oregon, where he went to find a location for a winter home.

BANDITS LOOT BANK

Secure Eight Thousand Dollars at Stephen, Marshall County.

OFFICERS TAKE UP PURSUIT

Number of Suspects Rounded Up, Three of Them Having Crossed the Canadian Border.

Stephen, in Marshall county, was terrorized by a gang of six robbers who dynamited the safe and vault of the Scandia State bank and carried off $8,000 in cash after a revolver duel with William Merdink, a merchant who lives upstairs in a block adjoining the bank. He was aroused by the first explosion and, taking his revolver, crawled to the cement roof and, lying behind the parapet, opened fire on the robbers as they left the bank with the loot. The robbers returned his fire and for a few minutes there was a fusillade which aroused the entire town, but none of those near at hand had gone to assist Merdink. Merdink escaped injury, but at least one of the robbers was badly wounded and blood was spattered on the sidewalks from the bank to the stables of Al Dickerson, manager of the lumber yard, where the wounded robber and two others stole a buggy and horse and drove out of town, heading north. The other three robbers headed for Strandquist, east of the Soo.

Number of Arrests Made.

Three men believed to have been implicated in the dynamiting of the Scandia State Bank at Stephen were arrested at Emerson, Man.; two others were seized on a similar charge at Greenbush, Minn., and three others are in flight through the swamps and underbrush about Morris, Man., having eluded their pursuers after an exciting chase on a Canadian Pacific special.

While tracking the bank robbers a party of officials discovered a dead body on the prairie eight miles north of that place. The body was deprived of garments and lying a few feet from the corpse was a small pile of ashes, indicating that the desperadoes were taking no chances of identification. The dead man was doubtless the robber shot from the roof of the building adjoining the Scandia bank at Stephen on the night of the robbery.

MINNESOTA OIL INSPECTION

Further Discrepancies Alleged in Books of Department.

An additional alleged shortage of $4,755.20 in the accounts of John A. McDermott, former state oil inspector, and of $3,626.92 in the accounts of F. G. Warner, his predecessor in that office, were reported by Public Examiner Anton Schaefer in his final report on the examination of the accounts of that department during the incumbency of these two men.

This report covers the entire period from February, 1903, to November, 1907, being from the beginning of Mr. Warner's term to the close of Mr. McDermott's.

The first report on Mr. McDermott's accounts covered only the collections in Ramsey, Hennepin and St. Louis counties and disclosed an alleged shortage of $6,199.75, which was turned into the state treasury by W. E. McEwen, the present oil inspector, through his monthly reports, except the last payment of about $3,400, which was turned in separately. The present report makes the total alleged shortage in his accounts for the entire state $10,954.95.

The previous report on Mr. Warner's accounts showed a shortage of $12,010, this report only covering the Minneapolis and Duluth divisions. The total alleged shortage as now reported is $15,536.92. Attorney General Young holds that about $3,000 of the shortage charged against Warner should not so appear.

GRANITE MEN ON STRIKE

Polishers and Quarrymen at St. Cloud Demand More Pay.

Fourteen granite shops at St. Cloud were closed when sixty polishers and seventy quarrymen went on a strike for higher wages. The polishers are receiving $2.25 a day. They ask for $2.75. The quarrymen are getting $2 a day and want $2.25. The granite cutters were obliged to lay off, but did not strike. They will try to bring about a compromise. The employers say they will make no concession. About 400 men are out of work.

Jury Acquits Minneapolis Man.

The jury at Minneapolis in the case of William Griswold, accused of having shot and mortally wounded Bennie Navratil, six years old, returned a verdict in Judge David F. Simpson's court of "not guilty." The young bride, who has been constantly by the side of her husband during the trial, wept with joy at the good news.

Woman Nurse Burned to Death.

Miss Bessie M. Tracy, aged twenty-seven, of Minnesota Junction, Wis., a nurse in the state hospital at Rochester, this state, was fatally burned when she was filling an alcohol stove with which to warm her lunch. She died several hours later.

By the Short Cut

By MATIE BARNES.

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Sparville was grateful to Henry Griswold. Not since the engagement of McMahon's minstrels two months before had the town had so much to talk about.

Nine years ago Hank Griswold had gone to the city in his Sunday pepper and salt suit, with cowhide boots and cloth cap to complete his costume. Now he had returned Henry Griswold, and to the splendors of well tailored clothes he added the magnificence of a fur lined coat and shoes and hat equally glossy.

Sparville was accustomed to fur coats, but with the fur outside, while Henry showed only the cloth. Patent leather shoes, too, every day in the week were regarded with awe not unmixed with envy.

Even more interesting was the evident interest Griswold displayed in Nellie Morrison. They had been sweethearts in the old school days and had kept up a correspondence, a fact disseminated by the postmaster, but it was evident that Griswold had come home with the intention of cutting out Ben Pierce, who escorted Nell home from church Sunday evenings and otherwise gave evidence of ultimate serious intentions.

Public sentiment was largely in favor of Ben. Had Sparville been so frivolously minded as to indulge in betting the odds would have been about three to one in his favor, for Henry had seemed to lose interest in skating and coasting and other winter sports in which Sparville delighted.

He visited the pond and the coasting hill, but merely as a spectator, and at such times Nell, fully conscious that the exercise brought a stronger glow to her cheeks and an added sparkle to her eyes, was most inclined to hector him.

Griswold ascribed her treatment to a desire to display her powers of coquetry, but when, near the close of the second week, he made formal proposal of marriage and was refused he stared at her in dismay.

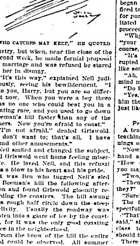

"WHO CATCHES MAY KEEP," HE QUOTED.

"It's this way," explained Nell judiciously, seeing his bewilderment. "I like you, Harry, but you are so different now. When you were a boy there was no one who could beat you in a skating race, and you used to go down Beeman's hill faster than any of the others. Now you're afraid to coast."

"I'm not afraid," denied Griswold. "I don't want to; that's all. I have found other amusements."

Nell smiled and changed the subject, and Griswold went home feeling miserable. He loved Nell, and this refusal was a blow to his heart and his pride.

It was Ben who tugged Nell's sled up Beeman's hill the following afternoon and found Griswold gloomily regarding the coasters. The hill swung in a rough half circle down the steep declivity. Usually the roadway was beaten into a glare of ice by the coasters, for it was the only good coasting place in the neighborhood.

From the brow of the hill the entire road could be observed. All summer Henry Beeman had been cutting the thick growth of pines which had covered the hillside, and now only a broad expanse of glistening snow crust dotted with the pine stumps remained.

It was a pretty spectacle, and Griswold enjoyed it in spite of the evident favor with which Nell regarded Ben, who accompanied her in her dashes downhill and the walk back again, with Nell walking by his side. Nominally Nell's sled was her sister's, and Ben's was supposed to be the property of his little cousin, but those two youngsters had little use of their possessions.

The sun was dipping toward the hills on the other side of the valley and most of the coasters had gone home when Nell settled herself for her last ride. Ben had stopped to tie his shoe laces, and Nell looked over her shoulder.

"Who catches may keep," she called as the sled gathered momentum. Ben sprang to his feet and ran for his sled, throwing himself upon it and starting off at a terrific pace.

Griswold gave one glance at the flying figure far ahead. He knew that Ben's sled was not as good as Nell's and that he would not catch her until she reached the bottom of the incline.

There was just one chance for himself, and, throwing off his coat, he caught up the pointer that Jimmie Sweeney had just brought up to the top of the hill.

At the foot of the field was a place where two lengths of the fence had fallen in, and there were two or three similar breaks where he stood. It was the work of an instant to step through one of these and throw himself face downward upon the sled.

Steering with both hands and feet, Griswold shot down the steep declivity. It was several years since he had been on a sled, but it all came back to him, and with a skill that was the talk of the hill for the remainder of the season he steered his flying sled in and out between the stumps, shaving the bark here and dodging a trunk there just as a fractured skull seemed imminent.

It took but a few seconds to accomplish the journey, but to Griswold it seemed years before he shot through the opening of the fence and with a last terrific effort swung himself into the road.

Just ahead were the smart gray jacket and saucy little hat that he was pursuing, and as he shot past he caught the runner of Nell's sled.

"'Who catches may keep,'" he quoted as he steered the two sleds into the softer snow beside the road to permit Ben to pass them.

"How did you do it?" demanded Nell wonderingly.

"Did you think it would be Ben?" he countered. The girl shook her head.

"I wanted to see if you would make an effort," she explained shyly. "All the way down I heard Ben shouting, and I was afraid that he was alone."

"He was," explained Griswold. "I came the short way."

Nell looked at the runner marks where Griswold had come through the break in the fence and then at the stump dotted hill.

"You—came—straight—down?" she gasped.

"It was the only way," he said quietly. "Ben already had a lead on the road, and I knew that I should have to take the short cut in order to beat him."

Nell looked him over sternly. The thin leather of his shoes was cut and torn, and here and there was a rent in his clothing where he had struck a tree. The gloves hung in shreds from the scratched hands, and his necktie waved under his left ear.

"You go back and get your coat," she commanded, "and then we'll go home and tell mother and Harry. I'm awfully glad that you win," she added as he turned away to obey the command. "I didn't think you would, but I never dreamed you would come the short way. No one has dared before."

"No one else had you at the end of the slide," he explained, with a happy laugh, as she slipped her hand in his and they started up the hill after his coat.

Breaking It Gently.

A man who had literary aspirations, but lacked the literary instinct, once wrote a story and took it to the editor of a magazine. "I want you to read it over carefully," he said. "It's intended for a satire, and, if I do say it myself, I think it's pretty clever."

The editor took the manuscript and began to read it. A page or two sufficed to show him its utter hopelessness for purposes of publication, but he hesitated to crush a budding author and proceeded to temporize.

"Why, Mr.—er—Simmons," he said, "your story has some crudities, of course, and—er"—

"It's better as you get into it," interrupted the other complacently. "It's like some of Thackeray's stories."

"Ah, yes, Mr. Simmons; you do remind me somewhat of Thackeray."

"Do I?" inquired the caller.

"Yes," rejoined the editor, handing him the manuscript. "You have a nose just like his."—Youth's Companion.

Proper Form of Asseveration.

A teacher in the Garfield school was teaching a primary class the beginnings of arithmetic.

"Now, I have one pencil in my right hand and one in my left," she said. "How many pencils have I? Helen, you may answer."

"Two," piped a small voice.

"Then one and one make two, do they?"

"Sure!"

The teacher frowned at the disrespectful answer.

"That's hardly what you should have said," she said. "Will some one in the class tell Helen what her answer should have been?"

There was a moment of hesitation. Then one brown fist shot confidently into the air.

"Ah, James, you may tell Helen what she should have said!"

"Sure, Mike!" shouted Jimmy in a tone of triumph.—Kansas City Star.

Blessings of the Blind.

The calamity of the blind is immense, irreparable. But it does not take away our share of the things that count—service, friendship, humor, imagination, wisdom. It is the secret inner will that controls one's fate. We are capable of willing to be good, of loving and being loved, of thinking to the end that we may be wiser. We possess these spirit born forces equally with all God's children. Therefore we, too, see the lightnings and hear the thunders of Sinai. We, too, march through the wilderness and the solitary place that shall be glad for us, and as we pass God maketh the desert to blossom like the rose. We, too, go in unto the promised land to possess the treasures of the spirit, the unseen permanence of life and nature.—Helen Keller in Century.

EXPLOITATION OF LABOR.

Capitalist System Makes the Few Rich and the Many Poor.

How does the world get its living? How does the capitalist get his living? How do the workers get their living? How do you get your living?

Let us see if we can find out how you get your living, and by assuming that you belong to the working class we shall also find out how that class gets its living.

Let us suppose that you are employed in a factory. You do not own the factory. You do not own any of the machinery that is in the factory. You do not own any of the raw material with which you work. And you do not own any of the product when you have finished it. You agreed to do a certain amount of work or to work a certain limited or unlimited number of hours a day, and your boss agreed to pay you "wages."

Before we go any further let us have one thing understood. You do not own the factory, else you would not be working for an employer for wages. You do not own a farm or any kind of property which you could sell or rent to others, and you have no business of any kind in which you could employ other laborers to toil for you, else you would not have to work for your living. There is only one way by which you can get your living, and that is "to work for it" unless you want to beg or steal, and working people will neither beg nor steal when they can get work at which they can maintain themselves and their families.

All right! You work in the factory, and, according to statistics which have been gathered and compiled by agents of the United States government, you and all the other factory workers in this country produce on the average about $10 worth of manufactured goods, commodities, every day you work. But you do not get $10 in wages. In fact, the government figures show that you do not get more than $9 for a week of six days, $1.50 a day, on the average. Of course there are many workers in factories and in other lines of industry who get more than $1.50 a day, but there are also many women and children—yes, many men—who do not get as much as that, and we believe that the government figures which place the average wages of the workers at $1.50 a day are very nearly correct.

Now, if you produce $10 worth of goods, commodities, in a day's work, why is it that you do not get $10 for your work instead of $1.50?

It is simply because you agreed to work for wages, $1.50 a day. Of course you did not know when you made the agreement that you were going to produce $8.50 a day more than your wages would amount to, else you might have hesitated to agree to work for the $1.50. But even if you had known it—under present conditions you could not have done any more than "hesitate"—you would have had to accept the wages of $1.50 or you would not have got the job, and most working people would figure that it would be better to have a "job" and $1.50 a day than to have no job at all and no wages.

So, summing it all up, we come to the conclusion that "in order to get your living," not being the owner of a factory, you had to work for some one else who did own a factory, and you had to work for the wages which were offered you, and you had to surrender to the owner of the factory all the goods, commodities, which you produced regardless of how much he might realize from their sale.

The capitalists do not have to work for their living. They get their living by owning the factories, mines, shops, railroads, etc., which the workers have to use to make their living, and they, the capitalists, get all the wealth the workers produce except the "wages" which they pay to the workers for producing wealth.

Socialists say that the workers should own the factories, mines, shops, railroads, etc., and then if they produced $10 worth of goods in a day's work they would get the whole $10. Of course this would be very hard on the poor capitalists, for the capitalists would then have to go to work to earn their own living, and they are not used to work, and besides it would soil their clean white hands. Wouldn't it be too bad?

All the working people who agree with us Socialists in regard to the working class ownership of factories, etc., ought to join the Socialist party and help us to bring about the desired condition.—W. J. Ghent in "Mass and Class."

Labor Created Capital.

There was no wage fund until labor created capital. Labor is not helpless alone, but capital is inert and dead without labor. All the gold in the world cannot make a blade of grass grow.

How labor creates value is shown strikingly in iron manufactures. Labor takes a bit of iron ore from the earth, imparting to it a value of 75 cents, for example. Turned into bar iron by more expenditure of labor, the bit of ore becomes worth $5. Made into horseshoes it is worth $10, but if made into needles it is worth $6,800. Put more labor into the iron, convert it into hairsprings for watches, and its value jumps to $400,000.

The figures given are from one of Carroll D. Wright's official reports of the labor bureau, and they are used by the Railway Engineering Magazine to illustrate the creation of value by labor alone.

Free the Individual.

Socialism will make true individuality possible. The present system stifles it. Lives of monotonous sameness fall to the people who must take part in the lockstep of the dinner pail bri-

SOCIALISM MADE PLAIN.

What It Is and What It Seeks to Accomplish—The Programme.

This country is made up principally of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but it is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically a very small fraction of the population. Being in control, that class runs the government in its own interests and against the interests of the rest of the people.

We Socialists believe that the country should be managed in the interests and for the well being of those who produce the wealth. That is what government is for in the first place. The means of existence are now privately owned by capitalists, who comprise only 12 per cent of the population. By means of this private ownership a mere 1 per cent of the people own over half of the wealth of the nation, and the concentration is going on at a pellmell speed.

The means of production should be owned by the collectivity in order that the fruits of industry may go to the many instead of to the few.

Under the present capitalist system the majority of mankind must sell their labor power to the capitalistic owners of the means of production and distribution in order to live, and to live miserably at that.

The people own the postoffice, and everybody is glad of that. The people ought also to own all the trusts, so that all may enjoy the benefits. They ought to own every industry as soon as it has become sufficiently concentrated and organized to permit of such common ownership.

To bring this about the people—that is, the workers, not the shirkers—must have possession of the political power. The Socialist party is organized to bring this about—through the abolition of capitalism. We insist that the industrious class shall be the wealthy class and the idle class the poor and dependent class, although Socialism will in time abolish all poverty and eliminate the drones.

The Socialist movement is international, but will doubtless achieve success in the United States first because the capitalist system is furthest developed here and has made greater headway in preparing the ground for the higher system of society.

To show you that your interests lie with us we give herewith the following programme of international Socialism:

First.—Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of the trusts and combines and of all public utilities.

Second.—The democratic management of such collective industries and utilities.

Third.—Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration.

Fourth.—State and national insurance for the workers and honorable rest in old age.

Fifth.—The inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.

Sixth.—Education of all children up to the age of eighteen years. No child labor.

Seventh.—Equal political and civil rights for both men and women. Emancipation of women.—Frederic Heath.

PRIVATE OWNERSHIP.

A System That Divides Society Into Two Hostile Classes.

The private ownership of the means of production and distribution is responsible for the ever increasing uncertainty of livelihood and the poverty and misery of the working class, and it divides society into two hostile classes—the capitalists and wageworkers. The once powerful middle class is rapidly disappearing in the mill of competition. The struggle is now between the capitalist class and the working class. The possession of the means of livelihood gives the capitalists the control of the government, the press, the pulpit and the schools and enables them to reduce the workingman to a state of intellectual, physical and social inferiority, political subservience and virtual slavery.

The economic interests of the capitalist class dominate our entire social system; the lives of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profit, wars are fomented between nations, indiscriminate slaughter is encouraged and the destruction of whole races is sanctioned in order that the capitalists may extend their commercial dominion abroad and enhance their supremacy at home.

But the same economic causes which developed capitalism are leading to Socialism, which will abolish both the capitalist class and the class of wageworkers. And the active force in bringing about this new and higher order of society is the working class. All other classes, despite their apparent or actual conflicts, are alike interested in the upholding of the system of private ownership of the instruments of wealth production.

The Socialist Aim.

Socialism is a conscious endeavor to substitute organized co-operation for existence in place of the present anarchical competition for existence. It is an attempt to lay the foundation of a real science of sociology which shall enable mankind by thoroughly understanding their past and present to comprehend and thus within limits to control the movement and development of their own society in the near future.—Hyndman.

Stood Too Long.

Many a mistaken man has stood firm for the capitalist system as against the arguments of the Socialists and then been driven by the system to commit suicide.

Keep Your Wife and Baby Healthy

Doctors all agree that for nursing mothers nothing equals the juices of barley and hops. A pure malt and hop beer produces healthy blood, stimulates the digestive organs and feeds the whole human organism. Among the world's best brews

Gund's Peerless Beer

stands at the top—because it is brewed by the "Gund Natural Process" from the finest barley grown in the new world and the choicest hops grown in the old world. It's alive with health and goodness, and deserves to be your home beer. Order a case today. All first-class places have "Peerless" on sale. Ask for it.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. - La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCARTHY, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH,

Phone 186, Thief River Falls, Minn.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE WORLD'S GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.

Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 174 Lake Street, Chicago

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . . . .

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. X. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1908 NUMBER 20

Historical Society ST. PAUL

WILL HOLD A CONVENTION

The Prohibitionists to Hold Their County Convention in This City.

Will Meet Here on Monday, May 18th at the City Hall.

On Monday, May 18th, at 1:30 o'clock, the Prohibitionists of Red Lake county will hold a convention in the city hall at Thief River Falls. One object of the convention will be to elect delegates to the State Prohibition Convention, that will be held in Minneapolis on the 8th and 9th of June. The plans for the legislative compaign to be made in the district, will also be discussed.

W. A. Rice, of Fergus Falls, who is the manager of the Ninth Congressional District for the State Prohibition Committee, will be present at the convention and in the evening, at eight o'clock, will address a general meeting, at the same place. There will be no elected delegates to the convention, but persons interested in the prohibition cause are invited to be present.

What Did Mary Say?

Justice Brewer, of the United States supreme court, is said to be the author of this story: A witness testified in a certain case that a person named Mary was present when a peculiar conversation took place and the question was asked: "What did Mary say?" This was objected to, and after some discussion the judge ruled out the question. An exception to this decision was immediately taken and an appeal to the higher court reversed the verdict and ordered a new trial on the ground that the question should have been answered. At the second trial the same inquiry was pronounced and elicited that information that "Mary said nothing!"

Moral Wave Reaches Warren.

A moral wave is swooping Warren. The city council at its last meeting instructed the city attorney to notify all stores and saloons to take out their slot machines and to discontinue the shaking of dice and to see that the liquor laws of the state were strictly enforced.

Jones in the Field.

A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, last week filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county. He will be opposed by Sheriff Nelson and it is probable that others will enter the field. Mr. Jones is an old time resident of St. Hilaire and will have the solid support of the central section of the county.

Robbers Got $23,000.

Investigation of the robbery of the bank at Stephen during the past week, in which $8,000 was stolen, discloses the fact that yeggmen have secured a total of $23,197.18 from Minnesota banks as the result of recent robberies. Notwithstanding the rewards offered the criminals have not been caught.

Plummer Divorce Case.

Andrew L. Peterson arrived in Crookston last Thursday from Regina, Sask., where he is foreman in the C. P. R. yards and appeared before Judge Watts with Attorney Farley of Red Lake Falls in suit brought against his wife for divorce. The people lived in Plummer Minn., the wife still living there. The case was taken under advisement.

Game Leaving Manitoba.

A drove of eleven caribou were seen near Roseau village last Monday going in the direction of Red Lake and Red Lake river. There is a general movement of deer and caribou into northern Minnesota from Manitoba. A drove passed Warroad about a week ago bound south and travelers along the Roseau river country tell of moving animals of like species. The activity of game wardens through the northern part of the state is rapidly putting an end to indiscriminate killing and harmless wild animals are taking advantage of home offered them.

THE SALOONS MUST GET

Liquor Cannot Be Sold at the Reservation Towns South Of Here.

Callaway, Ogema, Waubon and Mahnomen Are in the Same Boat.

The supreme court of the United States has recently rendered a decision in the Funk case of Cass Lake, which will effect every saloon now being operated at the towns of Callaway, Ogema, Waubon and Mahnoman.

The court has held, it is learned, in substance that *saloons cannot be operated* within any Indian reservation in this state as long as they are reservations and to introduce whisky therein is a violation of the United States statutes which prohibits the introduction of whisky into the Indian country.

The decision in the Funk case is in line with the Wisconsin decision of the supreme court, wherein it was held that the allotte could not introduce spiritous liquor into his allotment.

The decision in the Funk case will compel all the saloons on this reservation to close.—White Earth Tomahawk.

Dairymen are Warned.

Officers of the state dairy and food commission have issued a letter of warning to dairymen and managers of creameries throughout the state calling attention to the regulations prescribed in the laws for the government of buttermakers and persons who sell milk and cream, and the penalties provided for punishment of violations of the laws. The penalties arrange from $15 to $100. The regulation set forth in the letter relate chiefly to the manner of keeping the milk and cream, and precaution to insure cleanliness of all parts of the dairies and creameries and all appliances used in handling their products.

Local Man Honored.

At the state convention of Modern Woodmen held in Duluth last week, Ira C. Richardson, of this city, was selected as one of the delegates from the Ninth congressional district to go to the national convention to be held at Peoria, Ill., in June. The other delegates from this district are Judge Mike Holm, of Roseau and C. J. Hilton, of Fergus Falls.

A Good Move.

In order to promote the potato industry in Beltrami county, J. J. Opsahl has issued a circular letter to the farmers of the county in which he, in conjunction with the Solkeo Land company offers $250 in premiums for best potatoes produced from a half acre.

The premiums are to be awarded thru the Beltrami County Agricultural association at the fair to be held this fall.

Oscar Naplin a Candidate.

John Naplin, of the town of Polk Center, was in the city last Saturday. He announces that his brother, Oscar Naplin, at present superintendent of the schools at Scanlon, Minn., will be a candidate for the office of county superintendent in this county this year. The Naplins have been residents and taxpayers of the town of Polk Center for twenty-six years and are held in very high esteem by the people of Red Lake county.

Jeffers Was in Town.

Frank Jeffers was in town last Saturday for the first time since he had his two feet taken off at Blackduck last fall in a railway accident. There is no noticable change in Mr. Jeffers, except that he is about two feet shorter and locomotion is not quite as rapid. He states that he is to be a candidate for the office of register of deeds this fall and is asking the support of all old friends.

Settler's Home Burned.

Herman Hinze, who had been employed at the Soo round house, last Saturday removed out to his homestead eight miles east of town. After he had removed his household goods into the house, he built a fire and went to a neighbors, for a short visit. When he returned he found his home enveloped in flames and the house with all of the contents burned to the ground. The loss will be quite a severe one on Mr. Hinze as he had no insurance.

Naturalization Papers.

Some time since the naturalization division of the department of commerce and labor at Washington made a ruling to the effect that a person cannot obtain his citizenship papers in any county other than the one of which he is a resident, even though the county in which he seeks to get such papers is in the same judicial district as the county in which he lives and the law merely requires that he secure them in the judicial district of which he is a resident.

Inasmuch as residents of Roseau and Red Lake counties had been naturalized in Marshall county, Clerk of Court Swandby wrote to Congressman Steenerson and asked him to introduce a curative act validating such naturalizations so far as the matter herein referred to was concerned. Mr. Steenerson complied with the request. The committee to which said bill was referred declined to report the bill with a recommendation that it pass, on the ground that the law was perfectly clear and that the construction put upon it by the department was unwarranted by the language of the statute.—Warren Register.

Unearthed An Indian Pipe.

While plowing one of his fields, Hans Dunrud of the northeast section of Brandsvold turned over a dark colored object that on passing he took for a broken casting of some kind, but his curiosity led him to make closer investigation with the result that he discovered it to be a stone pipe of undoubted ancient construction, altho well preserved. One peculiarity of the pipe is the color of the stone from which it was carved. Altho somewhat similar to ordinary pipe stone used by the earlier aborigines, instead of being a dull red or terra cotta color, the stone originally was of a medium gray, the exterior however now being nearly black from age and handling.

Nearly six inches in length and about one inch in diameter, the stem is remarkably well formed and carefully finished, as is the figure of an animal (evidently intended to represent a fox) carved upon the upper side of the stem in front of the bowl, which also gives evidence of much care in its making.

Pipe bowl, stem and fox are all well polished and indicate having seen much service. It is an unusual find and Mr. Dunrud values it highly as there is no doubt that it has at some time many years in the past, been the property of an Indian chief and may have a most interesting history buried with it, but beyond all recovery.—Crookston Journal.

THIEF RIVER FALLS WINS

A Fast Game of Ball Played Sunday With White Earth Indians.

Local Team Won by a Score of Six to One for the Indians.

The Thief River Falls base ball team played a fast game of ball on the home grounds Sunday with a team of Indians from the White Earth reservation. The score was six to one in favor of the home team and some excellent ball playing was done by both sides.

Up to the fifth inning not a score was made, and it looked then as if the Indians were going to win the game. In the last half of the seventh inning, however, by a series of heavy and safe hitting, the Thief River Falls team succeeded in making five scores and the Indians were unable to overcome this.

About 1,000 spectators witnessed the game, and it was greatly enjoyed by all. A large delegation of Indians from the White Earth towns were present.

Take More Dockage.

A grain buyer who has been in the business about twenty years tells us that the state inspection of wheat is more severe this year than at any time in his experience, especially in the matter of dockage. He also says that a few foul seeds that have not been taken into account before as affecting the grade is now enough to cause the loss of one grade. This buyer believes that the dockage in the past has not been enough to cover the actual loss of weight, and that the inspectors are trying to bring it up to the point where the buyers will have to dock enough to be safe.—Hendrum Review.

May Be a Candidate.

Charlie Fellman, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Sunday. Mr. Fellman is being urged to enter the field for the office of sheriff and may decide to enter the race. There are already three candidates for the Republican nomination—Herman Lillo, A. R. Jones and Louis Nelson—and if Mr. Fellman decides to enter the field it will prove a hot election, as he has hundreds of friends throughout the county, and so have the other candidates for that matter. The office of sheriff, under the new law, is one of the best paying in the county.

Go To Red Lake Falls.

The Thief River Falls high school base ball club goes to Red Lake Falls Saturday to play a game with the club at that city. A week from Saturday the Warren team plays a return game in Thief River Falls.

FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR
ROYAL Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Warren Defeated.

The Thief River Falls high school base ball team played an exciting game Saturday afternoon at Warren with the high school nine of that city. It required ten innings to complete the game, and the local boys won, the score being 8 to 9.

Two Fires Friday.

The fire department was called out twice last Friday afternoon, the first fire being at Ed Langevin's residence in Porter's addition and the second being a barn in the First ward. The damage in both cases was very small.

Will Play Sunday.

The Thief River Falls base ball club will play a game in this city again Sunday, a pick-up nine composed of players from Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and other places being the opponents. It is promised that the game will be a good one.

Out on the Road Again.

C. W. Nelson's moving picture and vaudeville show left Monday morning for points north of here on the Soo line and after reaching Emerson will come south on the St. Vincent line. The show is billed to play at eighteen different towns before returning to Thief River Falls.

Highlanding Creamery.

The Highlanding creamery is about completed, and next week we will announce what days they will begin to take in cream. The building is right up-to-date, as it was built by first class mechanics, and we have a first class buttermaker to take charge of it, and the Highlanding creamery will be second to no creamery in the northern part of the state of Minnesota.—Sunbeam.

A Big Waste.

Iowa men claim that the cows of their state with proper care and feed should produce thirty million dollars worth of butter more than they do under present conditions. They want the state to start a school of instruction for dairymen and hold sessions in all parts of the state. The same conditions exist in this state and something should be done towards stopping this enormous waste by educating the farmer so that he may enjoy all of his profits.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Wash Goods.

A stock which will commend the admiration of the ladies---dainty and handsome fabrics---in all weights and suitable for all summer occasions, whether for outing purposes or fine dress affairs. The goods must be seen to be appreciated. Below we mention a few of our offerings:

Our light weight materials consists partly of silks, tissues, organdies, Irish dimities, batistes, lawns, mercerized voiles, soisettes, etc. 10c to 75c per yard

In madras, shirtings and waistings, we offer the choicest makes at . . . . 12½c to 50c per yard

In fine ginghams, we excel in variety, and style. Our stock is large and complete, ranging in price from . . . . 15c to 35c per yard

White and Colored Parasols, White, Tan and Black Summer Hosiery, Batiste Corsets, Lawn and Silk Waists.

GOLDEN RULE DRY GOODS DEPT.

EVERYTHING FOR THE LADIES.

MONEY

DEPOSIT IT WHEN YOU HAVE A SURPLUS WITH

$$
$$$$
$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$
$$$$
$$

BORROW IT WHEN IN NEED FROM

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TO DEPOSITERS: We offer the best security with liberal rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

TO BORROWERS: We furnish the "needful" at all times on personal and real estate security at cheapest rates and on easy terms.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.

T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OFFERS ITS CUSTOMERS:

Every safe-guard known to modern banking for the security and safety of their future.

Highest rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

Loans when they need them at reasonable rates.

Safety deposit files free of charge for storage of valuable papers.

Farm loans at cheapest rates with liberal pre-payment option.

Fire insurance, steamship tickets and drafts of foreign countries at current rates.

OLAF RAMSTAD,
President.

T. L. MELGAARD,
Cashier.

THE NEWS

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

KING OF ALL
THROAT & LUNG
REMEDIES

DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
—CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

CAN'T BUILD THE DAM.

Lumber Company Abandons Work of Building Dam Across the Cut Off.

Quite a Number of Farmers Have Big Damage Suits Against Lumber Companies.

The crew of log drivers employed by the East Grand Forks Lumber company have abandoned the work of trying to dam up the new cut-off in the Red Lake river south of here. The bottom of the cut-off is all hardpan and it is impossible to drive down piling. The only way that a dam can be built is by putting in stone piers and this would prove very expensive, yet this will have to be done if logs are to be driven down the Red Lake river below Thief River Falls in the future.

The million feet of logs left high and dry in the one mile of the old river bed are now being dragged by men to the main river and this is proving very expensive work. That is the only way, however, of getting them out.

The new cut-off in the river runs across the land of Hans Jacob Hanson, and he does not want to denote his land for navigation purposes. Those who own farms on the one mile stretch of the river in which water does not flow, want the river back in its original place, as they had depended upon it for water for their stock, etc. It is understood that there is quite likely to be considerable litigation over the affair and some of the interested parties have engaged the services of Attorney G. Halvorson, of this city. Demands are to be made upon the Crookston and East Grand Forks Lumber companies for damages and if not paid suits will be commenced. It is quite likely that Hans Jacob Hanson will refuse to allow the lumber companies to drive logs across his land, and in that event no logs could be floated down the Red Lake river until they settled with him.

Kratka.

Miss Fontaine, of Red Lake Falls, commenced the spring term of school here Tuesday.

Mr. Ross, of Thief River Falls, was up Monday looking after his farming interests here.

James Madden was at Thief River Falls Saturday transacting land business.

Ludvig Larson has been laid up with an attack of rheumatism for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Kipp, of New Auborn, arrived here this week and Mr. Kipp will take charge of the Kratka creamery this season. Mr. Kipp comes highly recommended by the State Dairy and Food Commission and the creamery will be ready in about ten days to take in cream.

It is very amusing to note how the "ass" is laboring to write some senseless articles, why the farmers and merchants who are residing on the outskirts of Highlanding are not patronizing the farmers boat. While the "ass" has taken great pride in the sound of the whistle lately, he has never stopped to realize that there were other people residing on the river banks last season who needed the help of the boat service, but were cast aside by those who had the "monopoly" of the boat and these people were obliged to beg the "law-breakers" to get freight hauled out from Thief River Falls and left on the river banks till they were to pick it up themselves, and now these "law-breakers" have just learned that they need the partonage of other people after they have placed themselves in such a selfish position.

Fred Hoag is erecting a freight depot at the boat landing here, day and night. His last freight was thirteen ton tilled for this point. Fred is the boy who is ready to serve them all alike and is sure to make a success, if anyone can.

Christian P. Brorky left for Thief River Falls to-day where he will make final proof on his place Monday.

Joe O'Toole and O. E. Kipp are busy placing the machinery in the creamery this week.

Preparations are being made for a large crowd for May 16th which is to be held at the Kratka Hall. Everybody who can stay sober is cordially invited to attend.

Rocksbury.

David Gustafson and Percy Callaway called on Loren Miller Friday evening.

Miss Margeurite McAndress spent Saturday in Thief River Falls.

Miss Gertrude Meehan visited friends in Radium last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Miller called on Mr. Hagstrom last Sunday.

His Death a Mystery.

William Findieson, one of the pioneer and well-to-do business men of Red Lake Falls, died Sunday at Minneapolis from the effects of gas poisoning. Mr. Findleson went to Minneapolis last week to purchase goods for his Red Lake Falls store and was discovered in his room with the gas jet turned on in an unconcious condition. There are no indications that it was a case of suicide and certainly no reason why he should have done such a rash act. The whole thing is a mystery which can never be explained. The deceased leaves a wife and daughter, Mrs. Thomas Germo. The body was taken to Red Lake Falls Monday and the funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending May, 10, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.:

Berry, Louis J.
Eggerud, Miss A. K.
Larson, Miss Betsy
Osthy, Mrs. E. M.
Roberts, E. A.
Roberts, E. A.
Roberts, E. A.
Roberts, Earl

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

PURE FOOD
GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 20 lb	1.30
Cookies from	10up
Cocoanut bulk per lb.	18
Prunes California per lb.	10
Apples evaporated per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb.	10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters per can	30
Clams Scarboro beach per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle	25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for	25
Mazall fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for	5

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 118 3rd St.

Special June SALE

On Monday morning May 18th, we commence our third special sale for the purpose of reducing our stock in certain lines.

This sale will last 6 days and close Saturday, May 23rd.

Don't miss this sale, goods and prices will talk for themselves.

The lines offered at special prices are ladies shirt waists, summer jackets and skirts, children's wash suits, men's, boy's, and children's suits and some special lots of shoes.

Our store is now packed with up-to-date goods at prices that defy competition.

For particulars as to special sale, read large posters.

Remember the dates, May 18, to 23. Everybody welcome.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;—18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

For Real Estate Loans, we are now better prepared than before, come and consult us.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

People's State Bank.

We Do All Kinds Of
Commercial Printing.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRINCE WILHELM'S RUSS BRIDE

What Effect the Wedding Has Had on the People of Sweden Is Hard to Determine at the Present Time.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

May 3 occurred the wedding of Prince Wilhelm and the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna at St. Petersburg Russia. A noteworthy fact about this brilliant wedding, in which of course is involved a good deal of politics, is that it occurred just exactly on the day—100 years ago—when Cronstedt surrendred Sveaborg to the Russians. The wedding not alone for this reason becomes especially significant, but also from the fact that Russia has for centuries been considered the arch enemy of Sweden. Even in recent times Russian aggression has been more than anything else feared in the land of the mighty Charles XII., who certainly had no love for the Russians and who used to make it severely interesting for them once in a while. Still the unexpected always happens and now the pact between the two countries has been sealed. It is needless to describe this brilliant event, for that has already been sent around the world by the dispatches, but suffice it to say that the Lutheran marriage ceremony was performed by the bishop of Lund, and that the happy royal young couple are at present spending their honeymoon in the palace of the late Archduke Serge. Just what effect this wedding has had on the people of Sweden is hard to determine at present, but it is certain that not all the people are satisfied with this union. The common people of Russia are not enthusiastic either. There is a feeling of resentment at the expenditures which were entailed for this wedding at a time when the country is financially embarrassed. On the other hand the wedding is among a certain class in Sweden regarded as of considerable importance from an international standpoint and they argue that the alliance will bring Sweden into closer relations with Russia and also England, whose queen is sister of the Dowager Empress of Russia. But it is now believed that with direct family connections with the ruling houses of both Great Britain and Russia the Bernadotte dynasty of Sweden can hardly hope in the future, as in the past, to stand aloof from the international politics of Europe.

Says a Swedish newspaper commenting on Sweden's preparedness for war during the recent threatening conflict with Norway: "The Swedish navy was ready for action all summer, the steam being kept up constantly, so that everything would have been ready for action upon an hour's notice. Not a single man was found shirking at his post, the ships were serviceable and so well was the equipment cared for that the navy was really in better fighting trim at the close than at the beginning of the campaign. The men were unusually enthusiastic, and obeyed orders with exemplary promptness. At the most critical point orders were given to sail forth in the night and every man was in high spirits, ready to show once more 'how the Swedish steel cuts.' Even Lovland, former premier, admitted that the pressure exerted by the Swedish navy dictated in many respects the provisions of the Karlstad treaty.

During the first three months of the present year there were 1,143 persons who emigrated from Sweden. Last year during the same period there were 2,976 persons who emigrated, thus showing that there has been a marked decrease in this respect. During the past year the Swedish government has put forth much effort and even spent some money in inducing people to remain in the fatherland and it seems that it has been partially successful.

There is a movement on foot to establish a Swedish branch office for the Swedish tourist bureau in Berlin. The Swedish railway commission may in the near future make an appropriation for this purpose, amounting to 10,000 crowns. Sweden as a tourist country is becoming well known in Germany and it is believed that the field is large enough to warrant the establishment of a Swedish tourist bureau there in the near future.

A labor conflict is on in Stockholm at present, affecting about 12,000 men in the building trades. The employers want to cut down the wages on account of the hard times and the employes want shorter hours with the old scale of wages. Both parties are denounced by the press and both parties claim to be willing to arbitrate.

The silver wreath presented by Swedish Americans of New York to be placed on King Oscar's bier in the Riddarholm's church was received by Minister von Essen April 18 and given its place in the Bernadotte vaults. It bore the inscription: "To an honored King's memory. From Swedes in New York."

According to the present outlook the Swedish riksdag will be in session until about June 8. There are some important issues up for consideration and the lawmakers cannot hope to get done before that time.

The De Laval Separator company celebrated its twenty-fourth anniversary a few days ago. The famous separator was invented by De Laval, who made millions of dollars through this important invention.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Chancellor McCracken, who returned to New York the other day from Norway, made the following flattering comment regarding the Scandinavian people: "I found the Scandinavian people very much interested in the project of an exchange of professors with the universities of America. To my mind they are the nearest to us of any of the people of Continental Europe, not excepting the Germans. We are more closely connected with them by race than any of the others except the Germans, and then, too, to my mind, they are very much like us. They remind me very much of the Scotch and Scotch-Irish Americans."

The Norwegian people are very democratic and they make themselves very plain in this regard quite often. Recently a majority of the constitutional committee brought in a report to the effect that the granting of titles and orders is to be discontinued in Norway. At any rate, it is recommended that the king shall not bestow orders upon the citizens of Norway. As to whether he may decorate foreigners the committee leaves that an open question. A minority report upholds the present system.

The cabinet on May 1, says a Christiania dispatch, dated May 2, accepted the resignation of Fridtjof Nansen, Norway's minister to Great Britain. Dr. Nansen, who has desired to retire for some time, has consented to remain in office until after King Edward, who is now on a visit in the Scandinavian countries, returns to London. Dr. Nansen may be succeeded by J. Jorgens, at present secretary of the legation in London.

There is a very amusing story, which is being quite freely circulated by the yellow press of Norway at present, to the effect that Princess Victoria of England is fond of Fridtjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer, and who but recently resigned from his ambassadorship in London, and that the royal house will yield to the wishes of the princess. The story is a pure canard of course, but is has caused no end of amusement in Norway.

Gabriel Kjelland, the artist, has been commissioned to paint the coronation scene (when King Haakon was crowned king of Norway) in the cathedral at Trondhjem. Mr. Kjelland is regarded as one of Norway's greatest painters and as he was present at the coronation, it is universally believed that he can produce a painting of that scene which will give splendid satisfaction.

A summer and winter sanatorium will be erected at Gjeilo, Hallingdalin in the near future. If there is any healthy spot on earth it surely ought to be there. At least those who contemplate patronizing that sanatorium, when completed, can at least be assured of good fresh air.

The reception accorded King Edward and Queen Alexandra in Christiania last week was tremendously enthusiastic. The English queen will prolong her visit in the Norwegian capital, but King Edward has already returned to England.

Christian Sinding, the Norwegian composer, will direct one of his own concerts at Prague in the near future. The Sinding compositions are becoming immensely popular in Germany.

Consul B. Knutzen, of Bergen, has presented 10,000 crowns to the Elisa Knutzen home on the Island of Os.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A Copenhagen correspondent states that the house at Odense in which Hans Christian Andersen, the great writer of fairy stories, was born, has been turned into an Andersen museum. Into this little building of six rooms, a great many relics of Andersen already have been placed, and, as from time to time other relics shall be obtained, they will be cared for in the museum. A large number of documents relating to the various stages of Andersen's life are shown in one of the rooms. In this collection are to be found papers relating to the great man's childhood, his school life, his experience on the stage, and his work as a writer. In other rooms are displayed several articles of furniture which were used by Andersen and many articles of wearing apparel. Pathetic interest attaches to a skin bag that is carefully preserved under glass. This bag Andersen wore on his breast, and it was found there after his death. It contained at that time a letter from the only woman that Andersen loved, but the letter does not exist today, having been destroyed, as directed in the author's instructions to his executors.

Denmark's debt at present amounts to not less than 611,000,000 crowns, showing a decided increase during the last five years. This is due chiefly to the general building activity throughout the country and farm improvements. But little Denmark is good for this any day in the week and it isn't anything that is alarming the country whatsoever.

According to recent statistics the Danes are the greatest bread eaters in the world. Until only a few years ago the French people used to outclass the Danes in this respect, but now they are in the lead. The average consumption of bread by each person in Denmark is now 287 kilograms.

A monument in honor of the late finance minister, Lassen, will be unveiled in Aalborg in the near future.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Secretary of the Navy Metcalf, on the quarter deck of the trim little gunboat Yorktown, reviewed the forty-four assembled ships of the combined Atlantic and Pacific fleets at anchor in San Francisco harbor. Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans was not able to go aboard his old flagship, as he had intended, to participate in the review.

The Standard Oil company of Indiana commenced a new fight to escape from the payment of the fine of $29,240,000 levied against it by Judge Landis in the United States district court when its attorneys appeared before the United States court of appeals at Chicago to argue the appeal from the judgment of the lower court.

In ninety-five cases brought by the government against six railroad companies charging violation of the twenty-eight-hour law for the transportation of cattle Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, imposed fines aggregating $13,156.

District Attorney Jerome of New York says that he will go to jail rather than comply with an order received from Judge Rosalsky that certain grand jury minutes be filed with the clerk of the court of general sessions.

The steady inflow of money into the New York banks has increased the deposits of those which are members of the *New York Clearing House* to the record figure of $1,270,324,900.

The Euclid Avenue Trust company of Cleveland has made an assignment to the Cleveland Trust company. It is understood that the deposits amount to between $1,200,000 and $1,300,000.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has arrived at San Francisco. Hundreds of thousands of people witnessed the big vessels passing through the Golden Gate.

Corn on the Chicago board of trade touched 70¼ cents for the May option. This is the highest figure at which it has sold since 1902.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Republican state convention of New Jersey to select delegates to attend the national convention at Chicago named a delegation that is uninstructed. The convention voted down resolutions endorsing the candidacy of Secretary of War Taft.

Judson Harmon, attorney general under President Cleveland, has been nominated for governor by Ohio Democrats. The convention selected delegates to the Denver convention and instructed them to vote for William J. Bryan for president.

Daniel W. Lawler, Dem., has been elected mayor of St. Paul. The Democrats also elected the controller and treasurer and eighteen of the twenty-one members of the city council.

The Democratic state convention of Massachusetts instructed its four delegates at large to the national convention to vote for William J. Bryan for the presidential nomination.

Secretary Taft was endorsed by the Kentucky Republican state convention, the delegates to the national convention being instructed for the secretary of war.

Ten of the fourteen delegates from Connecticut to the Republican national convention are instructed for Taft.

Costly Fire at Detroit.

Detroit, May 11.—Fire gutted the three upper floors of the six-story department store of Goldberg Bros. on Woodward avenue, causing a loss of $150,000.

Largest Grave In the World.

The largest single grave in the world occupies just exactly one acre of ground, which is surrounded by an iron railing. This enormous grave is located at Pearto Cortez, in Honduras, and is the burial place of a woman. The tombstone occupies the center of the ground inclosed, and several wooden figures representing the deceased are arranged in statuelike form in different parts of the ground. There are no fewer than sixteen of these figures, which in the evening give the place a ghostlike appearance. The deceased had died rich and in her will had specified the amount of ground to be purchased for her grave and the manner in which it should be decorated. She had many curious notions, and the size and ornamentation of her grave was one of them.

Coleridge's Cloudiness.

There is in Mr. Ellis Yarnoll's reminiscences, "Wordsworth and the Coleridges," a very amusing story of Samuel Taylor Coleridge, whose thoughts were sometimes too profound even for poets to follow. Wordsworth and Samuel Rogers had spent the evening with Coleridge, and as the two poets walked away together Rogers remarked cautiously:

"I did not altogether understand the latter part of what Coleridge said."

"I didn't understand any of it," Wordsworth hastily replied.

"No more did I!" exclaimed Rogers with a sigh of relief.

A Formidable Army.

The battle was going against him. The commander in chief, himself ruler of the South American republic, sent an aid to the rear, ordering General Blanco to bring up his regiment at once. Ten minutes passed, but it didn't come. Twenty, thirty, an hour—still no regiment. The aid came tearing back hatless, breathless. "My regiment! My regiment! Where is it? Where is it?" shrieked the commander. "General," answered the excited aid, "Blanco started it all right, but there are a couple of drunken Americans down the road and they won't let it go by."—Argonaut.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The constitutionality of the mortgage registry tax law passed by the legislature in 1907 is upheld in a decision written by Judge Elliott and handed down in the supreme court in the case of the Mutual Benefit Insurance company against Martin county. The court also holds that the payment by insurance companies of 2 per cent of their premium collections in this state to the state treasurer is not a gross earnings tax, the payment of which exempts the companies from other forms of taxation.

The biggest transfer of securities in the history of St. Paul took place Saturday afternoon when assets to the value of $10,000,000 were taken from the First National Bank building, Fourth and Jackson, to the new building of that bank at Fourth and Minnesota. Included in this amount of valuables was $2,000,000 in cash.

The department of Minnesota, at the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held in Toledo, O., next August, will present the name of former Governor Samuel R. Van Sant *as a candidate for commander-in-chief* of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Miss M. F. Watterson, a saleswoman from New York stopping at the West hotel in Minneapolis, opened a trunk which had been sent to her room by mistake and found it filled with squirming snakes. The shock was so great that she fell to the floor in a faint.

A moral wave is sweeping over Warren. The city council has instructed the city attorney to notify all stores and saloons to take out their slot machines, to discontinue the shaking of dice and to see that the liquor laws of the state were strictly enforced.

Attorney General Young has received word from Morris that Judge Flaherty had upheld the constitutionality of the law passed last year providing for the establishment of a hospital farm for inebriates, generally known as the "jag farm law."

Five leading carpenter contractors of Winona declared for the open shop and about forty union carpenters refused to go back to work. The men submitted an agreement raising the minimum from $2.30 to $2.50 and the contractors refused to sign it.

Thirty-five saloons in Minneapolis are in danger of being wiped out of existence. Alderman G. V. B. Hill is preparing an ordinance that places the total limit for saloons at 400. There are at present 435 such places being operated.

Three of the four Minneapolis ice companies have signed the scale submitted by their employers and the threatened general strike has been averted. The company refusing to sign employs about fifty men.

Mike Jackson, a timberman at Adams mine No. 4 near Eveleth, got his back broken in an accident a week ago, but is still alive, although doctors say he cannot survive long.

The city council of Hibbing has decided to erect a new three-story fireproof city hall that will be up to date in every respect. The cost of the building will be about $100,000.

Fifty prominent society women of Minneapolis have been supplied with special badges showing them to be auxiliary members of the Humane society.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Three days after being found unconscious in a room at the First Avenue hotel in Minneapolis suffering from gas poison William Findelsen of Red Lake Falls died in the Minneapolis city hospital. He did not recover consciousness. Whether the man committed suicide or accidentally left the gas turned on is not known.

Firing as they ran a squad of detectives and police officers chased two men and a woman through the streets of Minneapolis and captured them. "Dick" Hines, R. W. Wilson, alias "Coal-eye Johnny" Wilson, and Edythe Smythe made up the trio. They are supposed to be shoplifters of national reputation.

Four persons were seriously hurt and a number of others were more or less injured by an interurban street car missing the switch at St. Paul. The motorman, it is said, failed to shut off his power when approaching the automatic switch connection at the crossing.

Becoming confused while attempting to cross Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis' busiest retail thoroughfare, Mrs. Doris Naeve sank to the pavement beneath the hoofs of a walking horse. Her skull was crushed and death resulted in half an hour.

William H. Hardesty, aged twenty-three, is dead at Minneapolis from lockjaw as the result of stepping on a rusty nail several weeks ago.

OBITUARY.

Thomas W. Hyde is dead in a Duluth hospital, a county charge. Though he died penniless he played for big stakes in his time and years ago spurned an offer of $[illegible] for his claim in the "section 30" iron mine, which property was then in litigation.

Giles Gilbert, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Duluth, died on a Northern Pacific train just west of Miles City, Mont. He passed away in his berth.

William Seeger, a resident of Minnesota for fifty years and for many years a resident of St. Paul, is dead.

WILDER CASE SETTLED.

Last Obstacle in Way of Carrying Out Bequest Removed.

The last obstacle in the way of the trustees of the estate giving the "worthy poor of St. Paul" the benefit of between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000 provided by the Amherst H. Wilder charity has been removed. Judge Oscar Hallam of the district court approved the agreement between Dr. T. E. W. Villiers Appleby and the trustees of his wife's estate, whereby Dr. Appleby accepts $160,000 in lieu of all further claims and demands against the estate.

This commutes Dr. Appleby's annuity of $10,000 and puts an end to all litigation by him against the estate. This gives the trustees of the Wilder charity a clear field to carry out the beneficent purposes for which the charity was created.

SMOTHERED BY SAWDUST

Minneapolis Man Meets Death in Peculiar Accident.

Charles Dufrene of Minneapolis, an employe of the Northland Pine company, was smothered to death by sawdust.

Dufrene lost his life when he was attempting to dislodge a mass of the sawdust that had become packed in a huge tube from which he was loading his wagon. He succeeded in getting the sawdust started, but instead of coming slowly, as he had expected, the avalanche of pulverized wood came in a deluge and he was swept down the chute and deposited in the wagon box below, where he was buried by a ton of the sawdust. When dug out by workmen Dufrene was breathing faintly, but died on the way to the hospital.

Suicide Pact Suspected.

Miss Minnie Swenson is dead at the city hospital at Minneapolis from the effects of poison, said to have been taken to fulfill a suicide pact with her mother, Mrs. G. Swenson. The girl and her mother were found unconscious in their room by neighbors who broke into the house after failing to get a response to their knock. The daughter was taken to the city hospital and the mother to a private hospital. The mother has recovered.

Didn't Know It Was Loaded.

After killing his boyhood chum, Frank W. Anderson, with a shotgun which he did not know was loaded Siegfried Flygare of Nicollet county, nineteen years old, attempted to commit suicide by hanging. He was discovered by friends in time to save his life and later he made a second attempt on his life by trying to drown himself, but was again prevented.

St. Paul Man Stabbed.

Michael Gavin, night clerk at the new Grand hotel at St. Paul, was stabbed by an unknown negro and it is thought that his injuries may prove fatal. The police are scouring the city for the assailant and although they have a good description of him they have been unable to locate him. Gavin ordered the negro to leave the hotel because he could not pay for a room.

Five Suspects Released.

The authorities of Marshall county have released five of the Stephen bank robbery suspects, holding J. E. Raymond, alias Joe Zalinsky, and James Nolan. The St. Paul police department says that Nolan is a well known yeggman, who has been operating in the East and that his photo adorns the rogues' galleries of nearly every large city.

Falls Dead at Wife's Feet.

Kissing his wife goodbye James Fanta placed a revolver to his temple, pulled the trigger and fell at her feet dead in their home at South Park, near St. Paul. Worry over business troubles is believed to have prompted the suicide. Fanta had lived in South Park for the past two years, coming there from Oelwein, Ia.

Big Hotel for St. Paul.

St. Paul is to have a new, commodious and thoroughly up to date hotel. It will be erected upon the site of the old Windsor hotel, Fifth and St. Peter streets, and the undertaking will be financed by L. P. Ordway of St. Paul. The building and site will represent an investment of about $1,000,000.

Boy Killed by a Train.

Robert, the two-year-old son of Jacob [illegible] of St. Paul, rolled down a thirty-foot embankment near his home and fell under a passing freight train on the St. Paul railroad tracks. Both his legs were severed at the knees and he died at the city hospital.

Burned to Death While Asleep.

P. S. Sullivan was burned to death while sleeping in a small building at Glenwood. The unfortunate man was about forty-five years old and left three children at Reedsburg, Wis., his home. Smokers are blamed for starting the fire.

Scores of Settlers Threatened.

Forest fires are threatening to destroy scores of settlers' cabins in Northern Minnesota and are sweeping many square miles of territory. Many of the fires have been started by careless fishermen.

Minneapolis Boy Killed.

While catching a ride on one of the big delivery wagons of the Northwestern Lumber company at Minneapolis Herbert Willard Strand, six years old, was run over by the wagon and instantly killed.

LAWLER IS ELECTED

Democratic Candidate for Mayor of St. Paul Successful.

LANDSLIDE FOR THE PARTY

Democrats Secure Controller and Treasurer and Eighteen of the Twenty-one Councilmen.

Daniel W. Lawler, Dem., was elected mayor of St. Paul over Joseph McKibbin, Rep., by a plurality of 4,500. The result was a landslide for the Democratic ticket, Louis Betz being elected controller and Otto Bremer treasurer. The Democrats also elected eight of the nine assemblymen and ten of the twelve aldermen.

Mr. Lawler carried all but four wards by pluralities ranging from 224 in the Twelfth to 1,308 in the Fifth and he lost the First, Seventh, Tenth and Eleventh wards by pluralities which surprised the supporters of Mr. McKibbin.

JOHNSON MEN IN CONTROL

Minnesota Democratic Convention Will Endorse Governor.

The supporters of Governor Johnson will go into the state convention, which meets in St. Paul Thursday, with approximately 825 delegates to their credit. This is out of a total of 935. The Bryanites will have 110 bona fide delegates, with 218 contesting. Of the latter it is safe to say that with the Johnsonites in complete control not over fifteen at the most will be seated.

The one feature of the contest was that where the Bryanites were the most active and showed the greatest strength the Johnson candidates for delegateships prevailed. There the state committee concentrated all its efforts and victory resulted. It is now almost a certainty that the twenty-two delegates to Denver will be a unit for Johnson.

Woman Uses Gun in Theater.

Mrs. Bert Swan, wife of "the alligator man" at the Majestic theater at St. Paul, made things lively at that place of amusement by taking six pot shots at her husband on the stage. Evidently inspired by jealousy Mrs. Swan went to the performance armed with a small pistol. She was given a box seat and when her husband had nearly completed his act she arose in her place and opened fire. None of the shots took effect. Mrs. Swan returned to her hotel and was later arrested and taken to Central police station. She protested that she did not intend to kill her husband and shot only at the scenery. When arraigned in police court no one appeared against her and she was discharged.

Hill and Lowry Donate Land.

James J. Hill and Thomas Lowry have given to the Minneapolis park board a tract of land needed for the enlargement of the Lyndale farmstead, approximating in value $40,000, with the only condition that the park board repay $13,000 paid by the donors as taxes on the property. The donation represents all that Mr. Hill and Mr. Lowry originally invested in the property.

Editor Joseph Leicht Dead.

A cablegram has been received at Winona from Cherbourg, France, announcing the death on the steamship Lutzon of pneumonia of Joseph Leicht of Winona, who left there recently for Europe for his health. The body has been landed at Cherbourg awaiting instructions. Mr. Leicht founded the Westlicher-Herold in Winona about twenty-five years ago.

Miner's Sensational Suicide.

Thomas Wrin, a miner, killed himself at Virginia in the dining room of his boarding house by tying a stick of dynamite to his head and setting fire to the fuse. He first called some women to see him commit the act, but when they saw the dynamite they fled, one being badly hurt. The explosion tore the man to pieces and wrecked the boarding house.

Poles Denounce Prussia.

The Poles of Winona, representing more than 4,000 citizens, in mass meeting assembled adopted strong resolutions protesting against the treatment accorded the Poles in Prussian Poland by Prussia in the expropriation act and in other matters and asking Congressman Tawney to support the Bates resolution in congress.

Child Burned to Death.

Emily Uble, the three-year-old daughter of John Uble, was burned to death at Courtland, Nicollet county. A neighbor set fire to some slough grass in the vicinity of the spot where the child, in company with others, was playing. The flames swept upon the children, ignited the Uble child's dress and fatally burned her.

Sheehan Gets Eighteen Years.

Pat Sheehan, who pleaded guilty at St. Cloud to assault on Police Officer Becker, which nearly cost the latter's life, was sentenced to eighteen years in the penitentiary. Johnny Green was sentenced to eight years in prison. Ed Carmody, another of the trio, pleaded guilty but has not been sentenced.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Browns Valley Tribune: Don't let the governorship fight overshadow more important positions to be filled at the coming elections. While the governor has the appointment of a "kitchen cabinet," the lieutenantgovernor has the appointment of state senate committees who shape legislation in the upper house; the railroad and warehouse commission have to do with the grain and railroad laws within the state, and the attorney general has to do with the enforcement of the laws. We would much prefer to get a lieutenent governor, a speaker of the house, an attorney general and railroad and warehouse commissioners, who are right, than to elect two or three governors.

The Crookston Times wants to know where Jacobson stands regarding "the interests." He stands where he has always stood since he entered public life; A fearless fighter for the interests of the people. He has a record un equaled as the champion of the people. For fourteen years he fought to increase the gross earnings tax of the railroads—and he had to fight some of the men who are now afraid that he is too friendly with the corporations! Jacobson's fight for the people in saving the taxpayers over a million dollars a year. He is the same now as he was then—and is actuated by the same principles. He has been right all the time.—St Cloud Journal Press.

ONLY A STEP.

While the employers' liability law which congress has passed and the president has approved is a step in advance, it must not be thought for a moment that it represents the complete fulfilment of the theory that the employer should assume a greater responsibility for the safety and well-being of his employes and their dependents than he has had in the past says the Duluth Herald.

The chief evils of the system of personal injury still exist, under this law no less than under all other similar laws in this country. Besides, this law applies only to railroads, and takes no account of the many other lines of industry in which similar protection is needed.

This act gives to the injured railroad employe or his dependents an assurance of having a cause of action in case of injury or death, but it stops there. It puts upon the employe the burden of proving in court that the injury involved resulted from the negligence of some officer, agent or employe of the railroad concerned, or because of "some defect or insufficiency, due to its negligence in its cars, engines, appliances, machinery, track, roadbed, works, boats, wharves or other equipments."

This means that the courts will still be congested with personal in jury litigation. It means that the employers will still have to maintain elaborate and expensive systems for defence against this class of litigation, including high-priced lawyers, claim agents and secret service men. It means that the injured employes will still have to get into court with the best attorneys their means will secure for them, that they will have to fight their causes through all the stages of litigation and over all the obstacles of demurrers, postponement, appeals and new trials that ingenious lawyers can devise, and that they will have to divide their victory, if they win, with their attorneys.

This system is expensive for the taxpayers, obstructive to other litigation, and costly to both plaintiffs and defendents.

What is needed is a system of law under which the employer will be compelled to bear the burden of risk attending employment, and neither party will have to go into court to force or oppose a meritorious claim; while "fake" claims cannot be cooked up in the hope that thoughtlessly sympathetic or corporation hating juries may possibly grant verdicts.

Such a system as this prevails in practically every civilized country of the world except this one. Countries where political freedom has not been attained, where, presumably, conditions are a century behind those in this country, have laws under which the amounts of damages are definitely fixed, and the liability of employers to pay them definitely settled There are no "personal injury" cases in such countries, no "ambulance chasers," and no courts congested and hampered in their legitimate functions by masses of litigation between employer and employe.

Discount Sale!

20 per cent off on all Mens', Ladies and childrens spring caps, felt and straw hats.

A large line of Prints Percales and Summer Dress Goods and Shirt Waist Goods just received.

Call and see them, and compare prices.

J. H. JACOBSON.

THE GOOD WILL HABIT.

O. S. Marden, in "Success Magazine:" The habit of holding the good will, kindly attitude of mind toward everybody has a powerful influence upon the character. It lifts the mind above the petty jealousies and meanness; it enriches and enlarges the whole life. Wherever we meet people, no matter if they are strangers, we feel a certain kinship with and friendliness for them, greater interest in them, if we have formed the good will habit. We feel that if we only had the opportunity of knowing them, we should like them.

In other words, the kindly habit, the good will habit makes us feel more sympathy for everybody. And if we radiate in this helpful, friendly feeling, others will reflect it back to us.

On the other hand, if we go thru life with a cold, selfish mental attitude, caring only for our own, always looking for a main chance, only thinking of what will further our own interests, our own comforts, totally indifferent to others, this attitude will, after a while, harden the feelings and marbleize the affections, and we shall become dry, pessimistic, and uninteresting.

Try this year to hold the kindly, good will attitude toward everybody. If your nature is hard you will be surprised to see how it will soften under the new influence. You will become more sympathetic, more charitable toward others' weaknesses and failings, and you will grow more magnanimous and whole souled. The good will attitude will make us more lovable, interesting, and helpful. Others will look upon us in the same way in which we regard them. The cold, crabbed, unsocial, selfish person finds the same qualities reflected from others.

THE BANKERS

Convention to Be Held in This City May 29th.

The Ninth Congressional District Bankers' association will meet in Thief River Falls on Friday, the 29th day of May, and preparations are now being made for the entertainment of the visitors who will be in the city at that time. The Antlers Club rooms will be used as a convention hall and it is proposed to tender a banquet at this place in the evening to the visiting bankers *by the citizens of Thief River Falls.* The program of papers to be read by the various visitors is now being prepared.

Come to an Agreement.

The Farmers' Telephone Co., which proposes to build a line from the town of Sanders to Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire made a five year contract with J. M. Bishop, manager of the local exchange, last Saturday, whereby they are to enter the city and have the use of the Thief River Falls service. The work on the new line will commence at once and it is expected that it will be completed some time in June.

Assessor O'Neill at Work.

Assessor D. P. O'Neill commenced work this week of assessing the real and personal property of Thief River Falls. All property is to be assessed much higher this year and the tax rate will be lower as a result. Mr. O'Neill is a good judge of values and the NEWS believes that he will give excellent satisfaction as an assessor.

Good Crop Prospects.

All of the farmers of this section report that crop conditions thus far this spring are very favorable and it is confidently expected that a bumper crop will be harvested this fall. Practically all of the seeding is now completed and wheat is now up and well advanced for this time of the year.

Work Commenced.

The S. P. K. Lumber, Ceder and Tie company, which is going to erect a saw mill at Plummer, commenced work this week. The mill will give employment to quite a number of men and is expected to do much for the village of Plummer.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

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Thief River Falls, Minn.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

THE NEW DITCH LAW

Congressman Steenerson Explains The Workings of the Volstad Drainage Law.

Some Results Can Be Accomplished as Under the Original Steenerson Act.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson explains the new Volstad drainage bill for the drainage of the Mud Lake district and other Chippewa lands in the state of Minnesota as follows:

The main difference between the bill introduced by me and the present measure is that my bill made a direct appropriation and authorized the United States Government to construct the improvements so far as the public drains were concerned, leaving to each land owner to drain into these public drains. I had planned to increase the price of the unsold land sufficiently, together with what would be collected from the lands in private ownership to re-imburse the Government. On account of a decided and controling sentiment in both Houses against the Government engaging directly in the drainage of swamp lands, I made up my mind that such a measure could not pass at least not for some time to come, and in order to get something done at the present Congress it would be best to adopt the plan embraced in this bill, which is, briefly stated, to subject all ceeded Indian lands, all public lands and all lands, which have been entered but not proved up to assessments for drainage improvements: When a drainage project is planned the amount of the expense will be apportioned to each tract under the state laws, and the county will issue its bonds the same as for other ditches or drainage works, and the tax will be inforced by sale if necessary. Where ceeded Indian land is sold for drainage tax the purchaser at the tax sale becomes the owner of the land, subject, however, to the payment to the Indians of $1 an acre on the eleven townships and $1.25 per acre outside of the eleven townships, and the purchaser must be a qualified homesteador, except when the state is a purchaser it can only resell the land to a person who is a qualified homesteador. In a similair manner public lands and lands entered but the title to which is in the United States are treated, so you will observe that whatever value there is in the land over and the amount due the Indians is made subject to the drainage improvement tax. This ought to insure the reclaiming of all lands that are worth reclaiming. Of course I can see that the first plan was best for the settlers because the improvement would be put in at once and the money advanced by the Government, but inasmuch as we could not get that plan adopted the proposed plan ought to be satisfactory.

Under the state law a system of drainage ditches can be planned, for instance, in the so called Mud Lake district, and the cost of the improvement apportioned to every piece of land whether Government land, ceeded Indian land, entered land, or patent land in private ownership, and altho there might be several forties in each section that would not sell when the improvement was constructed for enough to pay the assessment, yet on the whole, the amount could be so apportioned as to be sure to repay the cost of the improvement or bonds issued therefor. The bonds would be issued by the county and sold and lands which are now worthless would be valuable after the ditches are dug, and the purchasers would pay the assessment together with the amount due the Indians, and you would have a thickly settled community.

I think when you study this proposed law thoroughly in connection with the state drainage laws, and the procedure thereunder that you will be satisfied that this is a long step toward the solution of the drainage problem.

Senator Nelson on Water Power.

Senator Nelson of this state has locked horns with President Roosevelt regarding the policy adopted by the government in the matter of water powers on navigable streams. A bill had passed the house, and was up to the senate committee, providing for construction of a dam across the James river in Missouri for the purpose of creating a water power. The war department asked for an amendment providing for compensation to the government. Senator Nelson filed a written brief in which he contends that the federal government has no power to enact such compensation and that its prerogatives are simply to see that there are no hindrances to navigation on streams. He maintains that the owners of adjacent property to water powers have rights that must be protected.

Owing to this new complication it is considered improbable that congress will do anything at the present session to renew the grant of the Backus-Brooks people at International Falls.

Subscribe for the News.

Joe Giller, who will open up the new store in O. H. Nelson's building, on LaBree avenue, left for Chicago May 5th, to purchase his complete new stock of clothing and dry goods. His opening will be the first part of June.

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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

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Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 20c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice
Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE DEMOCRATS HOLD THEIR CONVENTION.

Instruct for Gov. John A. Johnson for President and John Morgan for Delegate to Denver.

All Was Harmony and the State Machine Crowd Was in Full Control.

The Democrats of Red Lake county met in convention at Thief River Falls last Saturday afternoon and unanimously endorsed the candidacy of Gov. John A. Johnson for the office of president. It was the largest convention ever held in Red Lake county by the Democrats and it was a unanimous one.

The convention was called to order by S. T. Johnson, and W. B. Fuller was elected temporary chairman and Fred Borchers temporary secretary. The following committees were then appointed py the chairman:

Permanent Organization, K. M. Hanson, E. M. Hoff and N. W. Tarrant.

Credentials—S. T. Johnson, Matt Skala and Mike McAnders.

Resolutions—John E. King, E. M. Stanton and S. T. Johnson.

A recess of ten minutes was then taken in order to give the committees an opportunity to report.

The committee on permanent organization reported recommending that the temporary organization be made permanent which carried unanimously.

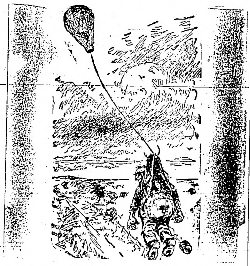

There Was Plenty of Hot Air---Enough to Fill a Baloon---Which They Hooked to John Morgan and Started Him for Denver.

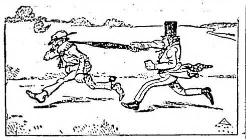

Judge S. T. Johnson Taking a Stray Delegate to the Convention.

Part of the Red Lake Falls Crowd.

The committee on credentials reported that the following were entitled to seats in the convention:

Thief River Falls. First precinct, first ward: J. W. McGinty, C. C. Jackson, S. Kenison, K. M. Hansen and M. Burns.

Second precinct, first ward: S. T. Johnson, Geo. Jarman, L. G. Browning, Ole Thorsen and Geo. Williams.

Second ward: C. A. Robbecke, Phil Zeh, Math Barzen, Ed Largevin, M. Ferder.

Third ward: John Morgan, E. M. Stanton, W. B. Fuller, Andy Erickson, Dr. G. A. Penney and John Berg.

St. Hilaire, E. M. Hoff, Hans Wilson and Anton E. Anderson.

Rocksbury, Mike McMohen and Otto E. Olson.

Red Lake Falls First ward. Matt Skala, N. W. Tarrant, W. J. Harlow and Carl Schuemer.

Second ward, Fred Borchers, Ed Bray and W. T. Spillane.

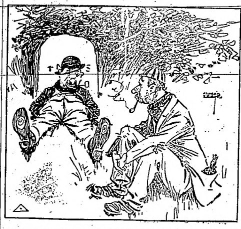

The Excitement of the Convention Did Not Bother Judge Tarrant, He Spent the Day Visiting With the Old Timers.

Third ward: Joe Helm and John E. King.

Polk Center: Joe Naplin.

Torrebonne: Louis Perantoau, L. C. Cadieox, C. O. Kankel and Alaide Perusse.

Upon the motion of John E. King a county central committee for the next two years was elected as follows: W. B. Fuller, chairman; Fred Borchers, secretary; John Naplin, Anton Anderson and Louis Paranteau.

Attorney Stanton Told Fellow Democrats of His Candidacy.

Delegates to the state convention were elected as follows: John E. King, W. T. Spillane, Joseph Helm, Matt Skala, E. M. Hoff, John Morgan, C. C. Jackson, W. B. Fuller, K. M. Hansen and Mike McAnders.

The following were chosen as alternates: E. M. Stanton, Andy Erickson, Matt Barzen, George Williams, S. T. Johnson, B. E. Burke, N. W. Tarrant, John Naplin, Ed Bray and Louis Paranteau.

Ed Bray Admired Our Ladies.

S. T. Johnson was then elected member of the state central committee for Red Lake county by a unanimous vote. Mr. Johnson thanked the convention for the honor in a few well chosen words.

John E. King then made a few remarks and told about the great things John A. Johnson had done for the Democracy of Minnesota and of his chances of being nominated for president. Mr. King was very liberally applauded.

The speaches of Johnson and King so elated Judge Tarrant that he wanted to hear more about Democracy and he asked that a gentleman born in Missouri where Democrats are as numerous as blackbirds, address the convention. George Jarman was the only one to confess that he was born in Missouri and he declined to talk so the convention adjourned.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"Be it Resolved, that we, the Democrats of Red Lake county in convention assembled, do hereby approve and heartily endorse the wise and business-like administration of Governor John A. Johnson.

"Be it further Resolved, that, recognizing the splendid ability and statesmanship of Governor Johnson, and his exceptional fitness for the high office of president of the United States, we do hereby heartily endorse his candidacy for that office, and to that end pledge the support of the delegates to the state convention, and they are hereby instructed to use every honorable effort to secure the election of delegates to the Denver convention unalterably committed to his candidacy.

"Be it further Resolved, That we congratulate Governor Johnson and the Democratic party of the state on the overwhelming victory at last Wednesday's primaries, and express our belief that this is a happy augury of the disposition of the voters of the state, irrespective of party, to give to him a further evidence of their love and loyalty at the November election.

"Be it further Resolved, That we heartily endorse the candidacy of John Morgan as a delegate to the Democratic national convention, and tender him the support of the delegation from Red Lake county.

"Be it further Resolved, That the delegation from Red Lake county be instructed to vote as a unit on every proposition before the state convention."

John Morgan Dreams of His Arrival at Denver.

Chief of Police Lang Says All Delegates Were Orderly.

Newfolden.

(From the Review.)

Mr. and Mrs. S. Tunheim went to Thief River Falls Saturday evening.

Miss Mellie Aspelund, of Thief River Falls spent Sunday with friends and relatives here.

Martin Benson and Ed. Johnson, of Thief River Falls was here saying hello to friends Sunday.

Miss Inga Folden returned to Thief River Falls last Saturday evening, after a weeks visit at her parents home here.

Miss Maybel Fosen left for Thief River Falls Monday evening, and from there will go to Germantown where she will teach a term of school.

Miss Martha Thorson finished the 8 months term of school here last Friday, and has this week taught for Miss Burgess out east in the Saugen school house.

Herman Hanson of Thief River Falls was here Saturday. He informed us that he has sold his hotel business at Thief River Falls and that he will in a few days open up a hotel at Greenbush.

Mrs. B. J. Bakke and children left Wednesday evening for Volva, N. D where they will visit for some time with friends and relatives. Mr. Bakke accompanied them to Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Gust Ekman returned home Monday evening from Winnipeg, where she has had an operation. Mrs. Ekman is now feeling quite well and it is expected that she will in a short time be as strong and healthy as ever.

S. Swenson, of Thief River Falls, has been here a few days this week, delivering trees for the Jewel Nursery Co. of Lake City, (this state). Well it would be a nice thing to see some fruit grown in this neighborhood.

Miss Ida Grimstad returned home Wednesday evening from Winnipeg, where she was operated on for Appendicites April 29, by Dr. Car Iran. She is now feeling quite well, and will in a few days be out among her friends.

If you have express to go either north or south, phone the Great Northern depot and we will call for it at your place of business.

THE PRISON MACHINERY

It is Stated by the Warden that it Will Be on the Market Soon.

Price Expected to Be Much Lower Than Trust Made Goods.

A citizen of Kennedy, Minn., has received the following reply from Warden Wolfer regarding the farm machinery to be manufactured by the Minnesota state prision convicts,

Dear Sir:—Answering your favored inquiry of the 1st inst., about the progress of our machinery project, beg to advise that we have been actively engaged in working out this problem ever since the law was passed authorizing the manufacture of farm machinery at Stillwater.

Pursuant to the provisions of the law, the management commenced to investigate the feasibility of such an industry having in view the *many obstacles to* overcome in the way of patents, type of machines, etc.

After careful investigation it was determined that there were no insurmountabl obstacles, and vigorous work was at once commenced to carry out the intent of the law. To this end, a high grade mechanical superintendent was employed, and the well known firm of patent attorneys, Messrs. Brown & Hopkins, of Chicago, Ill., were engaged to guide the management through any patent right difficulties that might arise, and to conduct any patent litigation that might follow the undertaking. Many difficulties were experienced, but it is now believed that these difficulties have been practically overcome.

At least, such hopeful progress has been made that we now have every reason to hope and expect that we shall be able to successfully build a number of high grade harvesters and binders, and a number of high grade mowers (of approved type) in time to place them in the field for practical tests the coming season.

Very truly yours,
Minnesota State Prison.
HENRY WOLFER, Warden.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.
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When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

FARM · ORCHARD AND — GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Virtually the entire acreage of orange trees growing today on the Pacific slope came from a slip of a navel orange tree imported from Brazil some twenty years ago.

The fellow who will tolerate a forty dollar sire in his herd of beef or dairy cows may be properly styled an agricultural stand patter of a very hopeless and sorry type.

Scrub sires are quite likely to be found on the farm of the fellow who trusts Providence for a stand of seed corn and plants his potatoes by a certain phase of the moon.

The peach crop of the country has suffered its regular annual freeze and extinction—in the columns of the daily press. Packing time will have to be relied on to give an accurate status of the situation.

Never before have oranges been so plentiful and so fine both from the standpoint of quality and size as they are this year. They have been especially enjoyed because apples have been both poor and scarce.

If a field counted on for the growing of corn is considerably below standard in point of fertility it will quite likely produce a larger crop of corn from an average stand of two than from a stand of three or four kernels to the hill.

A treat that the family of the country resident will enjoy when they come to town is once in awhile a dinner at the hotel or attending an interesting and wholesome play. Many take advantage of such opportunities, but many more do not.

Those who have kept close track of the number of field mice, gophers and rabbits devoured by the average "hen" hawk have estimated its cash value to the farmer at $10 per annum. In view of these figures there is certainly no money in killing this bird.

The department of horticulture at the University of Wisconsin has in the greenhouse a banana tree which has this year come into fruitage and borne and ripened a large bunch of bananas. This is the first time that this has occurred at a point so far north.

In estimating the total returns from his farm during the year the owner ought not to overlook the living which he and his family have had from it in the course of the year, an item which in the expense account of the fellow in town runs all the way from $250 to $600.

An eastern experiment station which has tested various kinds of feed for work horses reports that one of the most effective and nutritive rations is composed of a hundred pounds of cornmeal, a hundred pounds of ground oats and fifty pounds of wheat middlings.

The verdict of those who have made a close study of the habits of the common ground mole is that the damage it does in ridging up the soil in garden or on lawn is more than atoned for by its destruction of the common white grub, which constitutes its chief article of food. It is the mice which sometimes follow in the burrow of the mole which do damage to the roots of plants and shrubs.

Luxuriance of growth in the common garden flowers may be to some extent influenced by the vigor and thriftiness of the parent stock, but is quite likely to be more largely determined by the richness of the soil in which the seed is sown or the plants are set. A rich soil, coupled with abundant moisture and that degree of sunshine or shade which the particular variety seems to demand, will produce the desired results.

With a view to increasing its stock of game birds, Kansas is undertaking the experiment of introducing Hungarian partridges, ten pairs of which species having been recently turned loose on a ranch near Cottonwood Falls. These birds resemble the common quail of Kansas, but are larger, being about two-thirds the size of prairie chickens. It is believed that the new birds can be successfully propagated under conditions which prevail in the state.

In some of their ways dogs are not unlike the human species. The instances are comparatively frequent where dogs that are models of propriety and good behavior in the daytime will, under cover of darkness, when the folks on the place are asleep, range over the country for miles around, raiding sheep herds, chasing cattle and horses in pasture, raising the deuce generally and seeming to show an instinctive belief in the fallacy that they are not going to lose standing and reputation for that which they do in the dark.

Northern experiment stations would perform a real service for the northern orchardist if they would discover some orchard cover crop that could be used instead of clover, the price of which this year has been almost prohibitive and the getting of a stand of which is not an easy matter.

Where an abundance of clean straw or even light manure is available a good layer of it scattered among the raspberry bushes is a first rate thing. This covering not only keeps down a rank growth of weeds, but serves as a mulch to hold the moisture when the dry weather comes on.

The old Indian sign that corn should not be planted until the leaf of the bur oak is as large as a squirrel's ear is based on a pretty sound meteorological philosophy in that it takes real warm weather, something more than is indicated by the first robin's song or croak of frog, to start buds on the deep rooted oak.

The experience of a good many farmers in the north part of the corn belt last year points quite conclusively to the fact that the rather small and early maturing variety of native corn is a better agricultural asset than the big shoe peg kernel variety that gets pinched by the frost at both ends of the season and sours on the cob after it is put in the crib.

One section of 200 acres near the town of Sanford, Fla., has given a gross return of $250,000, or $1,250 per acre, when devoted to the growing of celery. This was in a portion of the state formerly devoted to orange growing, but the killing freeze of some two years ago, which wiped out almost every orange grove in the state, made the raising of some other crop necessary.

One of the results of the prevalence of the rabbit pest in Australia has been the building of a rabbit proof fence across the continent, a distance of 2,026 miles. The cost of this bunny barricade, which was recently completed, was close to $1,250,000. It is furnished at intervals of five miles with systems of traps, in which hundreds of rabbits are captured and destroyed daily. On the eastern side of the fence rabbits are said to be teeming and vegetation almost completely destroyed, while on the west side the rodents have not as yet put in an appearance.

The highest dam in the world was lately begun near Cody, Wyo., when the first stone was laid on solid rock sixty-five feet below the bed of the river in the foundation of the big Shoshone river dam, which is being built under the government reclamation service. Exclusive of the foundation, the dam will be 315 feet high, overtopping any structure of its kind in the world, and will form a reservoir for a water supply which will make possible the conversion of 120,000,000 acres of land which produces now naught but sagebrush, greasewood and cactus into productive orchards, gardens and grainfields.

A bulletin issued by the bureau of statistics of the federal department of agriculture gives the estimated losses of the different kinds of farm animals for the year ended April 1, 1908, as follows: Horses, per cent loss from disease 1.7, number 342,000; cattle, from exposure and disease 3.1 per cent, 2,203,000; sheep, from exposure and disease 4.5 per cent, 2,478,000; swine, from disease 5.2 per cent, 2,940,000. In the case of both cattle and sheep the losses from exposure for the year just closed are considerably less than for the preceding year and still smaller in comparison with the figures given for the ten year average loss from this cause.

If the true reason could be got at the difference between the milk production of a cow in different seasons, barring that due to the process of maturing, it would quite likely be found to be the kind of a pasture she had, a fact not fully realized perhaps at the time. From the financial standpoint abundant pasturage, for which one pays $8 or $9 for the season, is a decidedly better proposition than that which may be had for $6, but which does not furnish a sufficient amount of nutrition above that actually required to keep the physical organism of the cow going. Unless the feed in a pasture is exceptionally heavy it ought not to carry more than two cows for every three acres. On this account pasturage that is nominally cheap may be very expensive.

Doubtless a good many readers of these notes will some time this spring be under necessity of grading up about their premises and getting a lawn started, and in the doing of this it is well to remember two or three simple things. One is that so far as may be possible the soil used for a top dressing should not only be fine and rich, but should be as free as possible from weed seeds. When the soil has been graded up as one desires it should be floated or rolled until it is firm and solid. This will give the lawn grass which is sown a suitable seed bed and will keep the plot from being easily marred should any person or stray animal tread on it. White clover and blue grass make an excellent lawn in most sections and should be sown at the rate of three parts of blue grass to one of clover. Frequent watering in case of an insufficient rainfall will be all that is needed to give a good stand of grass. The new grass should not be mowed until it has made a good growth and developed a fairly strong root. Oats are sometimes sown with the grass seed as a sort of nurse crop, but this is not necessary if care is exercised in the particulars mentioned.

A PROFITABLE TIMBER LOT.

In these days, when so much is being said and written about the wisdom of the federal government's policy of forest preservation and when farmers in the agricultural states are being urged to set out timber lots, one of the first questions that come to the mind of one who is debating the wisdom of the proposal is, "Does it pay?" With a view to citing a case which may in part answer this query we give below the figures on the returns from an acre and a quarter wood lot belonging to a friend living near by. The tract in question is a piece of native timber, in which the oaks—white, black and jack—predominate. The lot in question has lately been cleared, and our friend tells us that in addition to having got twenty cords of firewood from this lot during the past seventeen years the clearing of the piece has yielded a total of thirty cords of wood, worth $6 per cord, or $180; eighty-one oak posts, worth on an average 15 cents, amounting to $121.20, and seven saw logs which, it is estimated, will yield 700 feet of plank, worth $35, making the total receipts from the acre $336.50. Deducting from this 1½ cents for making the posts, $1 a cord for cutting the wood, $18.50 for clearing the land and $5 for sawing the plank, there is left a net return from the acre of $265.60. While the showing here given may be better than the average, it indicates what may be done with a natural wood lot when rightly managed.

When the trees in the wood lot have attained a size where their development is very slow and are at a point where the process of decline and decay has already or will soon set in, they may very properly be termed ripe and should be removed so as to make room and give light and air for smaller trees that may be growing up around them. The wood lot should be inspected every year with the above thought in mind.

SPRAYING FRUIT CROPS.

A co-operative spraying experiment will be carried on in the writer's orchard this year in connection with the horticultural department of the state experiment station. The results of the spraying which has been done in the orchard during the past two years have been so pronounced that the subject of its being worth while is no longer open to debate. The writer would place the value of the spraying last year at close to $800, while the spraying materials and operations did not cost over $140. With both gardener and horticulturist a nice margin of profit can often be secured above ruling market prices by raising that which is of extra quality. This is what spraying does for the apple or other fruit crop. Indeed, in many markets fruit that has not been sprayed is classed as cull stuff and is not wanted at any price. Last year's experience seems to point out one or two things that may be worth mentioning. One is that two thorough treatments before the blossom clusters open are advisable, serving to hold the apple scab in check in very effective manner. Another is that special pains should be taken to make the treatment which is given just after the blossoms fall as thorough as possible. It is at this time if at all that the poison contained in the spraying solution is deposited in the little calyx cup or blossom end of the apple, where it is estimated that 80 per cent of the eggs of the codling moth are laid. The burning of the foliage which was noticed to some extent last season seems to have been due to the fact that there is too much of the arsenate in the solution or that the mixture was not kept stirred as thoroughly as it ought to have been while the spraying was being done. These are two additional points that will be watched somewhat more closely this year.

THE BEST BREED.

The question is often asked, "Which is the best breed of fowls?" and quite as often an attempt is made to give a definite answer and name the "best" breed. However, if any individual instance of success with poultry were to be investigated the fact would quite likely be developed that it was the kind of man and the care he gave his flock rather than the variety of fowls kept that should really be credited with the success achieved. A first class man can make good money out of scrubs, while a scrub poultryman would have hard scratching to succeed with the best breed of fowls on earth. The best combination is a careful man and good attention coupled with one of the commonly accepted "good" breeds. If good layers are wanted the Leghorns, Orpingtons and Rhode Island Reds cannot be excelled; if a general purpose fowl is desired the Plymouth Rock and Wyandotte are all right, while if a heavier and more easily confined breed is wanted the Brahmas or Cochins will fill the bill.

WAIT TILL FROST IS OUT.

A good deal of risk is involved in purchasing a farm in a section of the country with which one is not acquainted in the winter months and especially if the ground is covered with snow. We heard of a chap not long ago who was on the point of buying a farm under just such circumstances and at a price which he considered a rare bargain. On someone's suggestion he waited until spring, then made a final inspection of the land and found that it was but little better than a spongy bog, the native haunt of bobolinks and bullfrogs. This experience taught him a lesson, and the next time he sized his prospective place up when vegetation was in growth.

F. E. Trigg

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota Sixth Division.

[illegible]

Just a Fish Story.

We cannot refrain from recording the [illegible] capture of a fish th[illegible] has [illegible]. The [illegible] stance was related many years ago by Mr. H[illegible], one of the great [illegible] ties on the fens. A Mr. Richard[illegible] son of Peterborough was skating on the dikes when the ice was very clear and he noticed a large pike swimming in front of him. The fish was terrified by the apparition and swam in front of the skater until it stopped from sheer exhaustion. The skater broke the ice and took out the fish with his hand, which proved to be a pike weighing twelve pounds. It is a story difficult even for a fisherman or a local historian to cap.—London Outlook.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Subscribe for the News.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court.
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,
Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota, Plaintiff's Attorney
April 16-May 21

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 9th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 153 made June 22nd 1904 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 154, N, Range 43 W, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May, 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:
Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Molloe " " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Bryzney, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
April 16-May 21

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parbst, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,000, made October 28th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 26 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Twp. 154, N. R. 41 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:
Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Funnesdahl " " " " "
John Sjorsvold " " " " "
Albert Furakan " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
Apr. 23-May 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 18, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st, 1908, viz: Halvor O. Brevig H. E. No. 60 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:
William O. Lone, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Mikkle Jorde, " " " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " " " "
Andrew M. Jorde, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
April 23-May 28.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3[illegible] made June 28, 1904, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 153, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:
Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota.
C. P. Borby, " " "
B. E. Timan, " Anton, Minnesota.
P. H. Wright, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 7-June 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 5th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C Miller of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 22nd, 1904, for the SE¼, Section 10 township 154, N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:
Samuel Dangerfield, of Thorwick, Minn
Carl Overum, " " "
Pete Rud, " " "
John Matchaiac of Thief River Falls, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
may 7 june 11

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, Gunhild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson and Kittel Knudson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled. Therefore, You, and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of May 1908, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 27th day of April 1908.

(Court Seal) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

G. Halverson, Attorney for Petitioner, Thief River Falls, Minn
April [illegible] May 14

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

[illegible]

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90c
Oats	43c
Flax	$1 10
Barley	50
Eggs	12½
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 11.—Wheat—May, $1.08½; July, $1.06¾; Sept., 91⅝@91⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.06@1.07¼; No. 3 Northern, 99c@$1.04.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$5.30@5.40. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 11.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾@1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.04¼@1.04¾; May, $1.06¼; July, $1.06½; Sept., 92⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.22¼; May, $1.22; July, $1.23¾; Sept., $1.24¾; Oct., $1.23¼.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.80@7.30; Texans, $4.70@5.60; Western cattle, $4.65@6.00; stockers and feeders, $3.70@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.70; calves, $4.75@6.25. Hogs—Light, $5.30@5.65; mixed, $5.30@5.67½; heavy, $5.25@5.65; rough, $5.25@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.65; pigs, $4.50@5.25. Sheep, $4.00@6.10; yearlings, $6.15@6.80; lambs, $5.50@7.65.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 11.—Wheat—May, $1.01; July, 90¾@90⅞c; Sept., 86¾c; Dec., 87½c. Corn—May, 71⅞c; July, 63⅝@63¾c; Sept., 62⅛c; Dec., 54¾c. Oats—May, old, 55c; May, 53c; July, old, 47c; July, 45⅝c; Sept., 37¼@37¼c. Pork—May, $13.42½; July, $13.57½@13.60; Sept., $13.82½. Butter—Creameries, 18@23c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 12c; broilers, per dozen, $3.00@5.50.

Subscribe for the News.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Ole Aubol was up to Middle River last week.

Dr. Grundy was over to Warren last Friday.

Louis Hansen was up to Greenbush Monday.

D. N. Winton left yesterday morning for Bemidji.

R. A. Kromer went down to Crookston last evening.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

W. B. Fuller was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Dr. Mellby received his new automobile last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Miss Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Nick Werstlein yesterday.

Dr. Penney received his new Reo runabout the first of the week.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Rommem's livery barn.

W. C. Addy, the Strandquist merchant, was in the city last Friday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Frank Bourque and Frank Mickelucky were down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Misses Mary and Irene Caldwell were up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Joe Juneau, accompanied by his bride, was here from Beaudette the first of the week.

John Havel left Monday evening for Winona, called there by the death of his mother.

C. M. Evenson was up to Holt last Friday attending to some business matters.

Ed Wilcox left Monday for St. Cloud and other points in the central part of the state.

Wanted—Two girls to wait upon the table at the Ogema Hotel, Ogema, Minn. Good wages.

A. H. Fasel went up to Greenbush Monday to look after some contract work he has up there.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to some business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets Thursday the 21st at 3 P. M. with Mrs. H. P. Spoonheim.

The united Lutheran church will have no Services next Sunday evening. Rev. Wangenstren, Pastor.

Ed Iverson, Chris Larson and Wm. McGinty went to St. Paul Saturday with three car loads of cattle.

John Holnberg and James Dean returned to this city Monday from their trip to Port Arthur, Canada.

Audley Caldwell, who is attending Hamlin University, returned to this city Tuesday to spend his vacation.

D. E. Peake and wife, J. J. Bucy and wife, G. A. Gerry and wife, all of Ogema, were in the city last week.

To Exchange—A good Remington *typewriter for a wide tired wagon.*
George Elder.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper in the Masonic building next Wednesday evening, May 20.

Bids for the Surplus Buttermilk at Creamery for the season will be received by the Board on the 20th of May next.

The Young People's Society of the United Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Albert Huseth, Wednesday May 20.

Edwin Stanton left Saturday for Bemidji where he has accepted a position as clerk in the Markham hotel.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10:30. English services in the evening at 7:45.

Mrs. B. M. Wilson and daughter leave Saturday evening for Eau Claire, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting with relatives.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson and Mrs. D. K. Bryant returned to this city Monday from a few days visit with friends at Red Lake Falls.

R. D. V. Carr came down from Middle River last Friday and went to Warren to attend the Democratic county convention.

Arnold Bjerkhoel has leased the Swenas building on Third street and will open up a drug store there about the first of June.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

There will be a business meeting of the Presbyterian ladies at the church parlors tomorrow afternoon. All are requested to be present.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Dr. and Mrs. Mellby were over to Warren Sunday to visit Mrs. Mellby's mother, Mrs. Andrew Grindeland, who had been quite seriously ill.

James Bulman left last evening for East Grand Forks to appear before the city council of that city and try and induce them to send a team here to attend the tournament.

J. F. Donovan, sheriff of Stevens county, arrived here yesterday and went out to Kratka to arrest John Earnest, who is charged with selling mortgaged personal property in Stevens county.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

The Royal Neighbors will give a dance in the I. O. O. F. Hall Wednesday *evening May 20, 1908.* Every body welcome. By order of committee.

Services next Sunday in the Immanuel at 10:30 a. m. In the Evenson Hall in the evening at 7:45. Cordial invatation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.
F. Soltz, Pastor.

Grand 17th of May celebration under the auspices of the Sons of Norway, at Lars Backe's premises Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m. Everybody cordially invited to participate.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Nothing makes a better graduating present than a watch. We have them, the best that are made and sell at prices others cannot meet. City Drug and Jewelry Store, F. J. Stebbins, Proprietor.

The young men of this city who were entertained by the young ladies at a leap year ball last winter will give a rereturn dance in the Evenson hall tomorrow evening.

Fr. Adolph will hold services at Badger next Tuesday, May 19, at 10 A. M. On Friday, May 22, services will be held at P. Sullivan's home in the town of Highlanding.

A large quantity of maple sugar and syrup has been made this season on White Earth reservation. Experienced makers say this has been a better season than they have had for years.

Monday next, May 18th, an interesting meeting will be conducted at the salvation Army hall, by Major P. Morton, general secretary of the Northwestern Province. Don't fail to be present.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will be entertained at the parsonage by Mesdames Christianson and Smith, on Friday April 22nd. A 15 cent lunch will be served, to which the public is invited.

The Crookston parties who were going to open up a moving picture show in the Masonic building were in the city last week, but decided that there was not very good prospects for a second moving picture show here.

Taken Up—A small bay mare weighing about 800 or 900 pounds, about 15 years old, white star and small stripe in forehead. Owner can have same by paying cost of keep and advertising. Owner inquire at this office.

The Methodist church at Fergus Falls of which Rev. Charles Flesher, formerly of this city, is now pastor, burned to the ground last Friday. The church was one of the finest in the city and was built at a cost of $8,000. The society carried $5,000 insurance.

The Minnesota Sunday School Association has decided to hold the 1909 convention at Crookston. In point of numbers this is the most important State convention ever held so far in the northwest. The delegates should be given a hearty welcome by the whole Valley.

Sheriff Forsberg was over from Warren the first of the week to take Gus Anderson, an insane man found in the woods south of Greenwood cemetary to the Marshall county seat to be examined for his sanity. Anderson was a former Soo conductor, but of late had been running a saloon at Oslo.

Did you see the Le Moirs Marionettes at the Bijou the first half of the week? If not see them at the Saturday matinee. If public criticism counts the popular little playhouse will play to capacity business all week for the vaudeville attraction is from reports received one of the greatest and best seen in the city. Mr. and Mrs. Le Noir will present the last half of this week their great novelty specialty, "Mental Telepathy." Then comes next week Shaw and Clyfton. Their sketch is bubbling over with good things consisting of singing, dancing and bushels of laughter. Entire change of program Thursday.

H. G. Dobner and bride are expected to arrive in Thief River Falls sometime next week, and preparations for extending a royal welcome are in progress. The cow given as wedding present by Joseph Duchamp to Mr. Dobner is to rigged out in Fourth of July attire and taken to the depot to head the procession.

C. W. Willis, wife and two children, recently of Thief River, arrived here on Monday's north bound train bringing their house-hold goods, and went on up the ridge to make settlement on a claim they have filed on near Geo. Lighfoot's and George Bolton's places. Mr. Willis is a brother-in law of the Safford boys.—Middle River Pioneer.

Knute Nelson made a trip to Red Lake Falls last week and the why of it has since come out. He went after a marriage license and last Sunday evening drove to Newfolden from where he went to McIntosh, where he was married on Monday to Miss Clara Rasmussen of that city. The newly married couple will take up their residence in the Hall and Nelson rooms over the hall.—Middle River Pioneer.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Reports from Miss Reiner at St. Luke's hospital in St. Paul announce the fact that she is recovering as rapidly as can be expected. Her ward is brightened by the flowers which the teachers in the Thief River schools supply day by day.

Thief River high won a hotly contested ten inning game of baseball from the Warren team last Saturday, by a 9 to 8 score. This was accomplished in the face of more than one adverse and unpleasant condition. That our boys overcame a lead of four runs and snatched victory from defeat is doubly gratifying. When it is stated that the Warren High defeated Stephen the preceeding week, 19 to 6, it can be seen what kind of ball Thief River played.

School closes two weeks from Friday. The last week in the high school will be taken up with state examinations.

Harry Prichard suffered a severe injury to his knee in the Warren game, but will be himself again in a few days.

The invitations recently ordered by the Seniors have arrived and prove exceedingly handsome.

The 1908 class has "flung its colors to the breeze" in the form of a neat banner on the wall of the assembly room.

It might be amiss to say that no writing or marks of any nature can be found on the walls or woodwork of any property, either buildings, outhouses, closets, furniture or books, belonging to the city. Occasionally an unruly pencil breaks away from its owner and violates a stringent rule, but this is so rare, that the statement in the first sentiment is practically true.

This week all the pupils have been notified that hereafter the janitors will stand in plain view in the lower halls during fire drills, carrying some receptacle containing a smudge. This will accustom the children to the sight of smoke. Later, the janitors will be hidden from sight, but for a few drills the students will have full knowledge of the cause of the smoke.

When promotions are announced at the close of this school year, those students who have left school without completing the year's work or seeing their teachers to plan for same, cannot expect to find their names on the list entitled to advancement.

The handful of faithful rooters who accompained the ball team to Warren were more than repaid for their hearty encouragement in the now famous tenth inning.

About forty eight grade pupils will be promoted to high at the close of this school year. A few, unfortunally, will fail to make grade. This large class, will of course, be augmented by the usual number of pupils from the rural schools. Where they are all to be cared for in the high school building is the problem.

The commercial course next year in high will equal that presented by the best business colleges in Minnesota. Miss Mead, for two years past a teacher in the Mankato Business College, will teach stenography and typewriting. The other commercial subjects presented will be practical business bookkeeping, commercial spelling, arithmetic and geography, correspondence and commercial law. This course will cost the students taking it absolutely nothing. The only qualification necessary to enter this class is that the student be a high school pupil regularly entered in high school.

Agriculture, in which all teachers must hereafter pass an examination, will be a new high school subject next year. Several interesting texts in this study have been published and the practical side of the subject, as well as the theoretical, will be presented. Industrial work will also be taken up in the grades. When more room will be found in all grades and high school. The crowded condition in the high building simply prohibits the introduction of any study in this direction. Music and drawing which have received considerable attention this year, will be regularly presented in all twelve grades next.

Subscribe for the News.

FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

Local Committee Tells Visitors There Are Accommodations for All.

Four Days of First Class Entertainment Promised to All Visitors.

The City of Thief River Falls will entertain the Northern Minnesota Tournament Association this year and all the details of the meet are complete. The committee on entertainment has made a canvass of the hotel facilities and private houses and find that ample accommodations can be secured. The visiting running teams will be provided with quarters separately a little off from the main streets if desired that way. The fun will begin on the morning of June 29th and continue four days, being at a time of the year when it is especially convenient for the farmers to attend. Every effort will be made to provide first class athletic exhibitions for the visitors. There will be plenty of good music by a number of the best coronet bands in northern Minnesota. First class concerts. Dances in the evenings. Boat excursions every day.

This Tournament is so near the Fourth of July that it will be practically a double celebration; and the greatest event of the season.—Committee.

Officers Named.

Capt. Wiste and Lieutenants Bulman and Fuller have named the following non-commissioned officers for the local militia company:

First Sargent—Oscar Sponheim.
Quarter Master Sargent—K. M. Hanson.
First Duty Sargent—James Farr.
Second Duty Sargent—Louis A. Nelson.
Third Duty Sargent—Dr. Mellby.
Fourth Duty Sargent—Ben Docken.
Corporals—J. A. Swore, Dennis LeSage, Paul Medderigh, P. Eyde, Alfred Anderson and Will Prichard.
Musicians—Walter Robbecke and Hugo Anderson.
Artilicer—Otto Klingberg.

Bijou Theater.

Overture—Miss L. Ramstad.
A Cowboy Elopement.
The Durant Family at the Seaside.
Pictured song—the latest march success, "My Toy Soldiers," sung by Miss Elsa Robbecke.
The greatest of all specialties—"Mental Telepathy," presented by Mr. and Mrs. Le Noir.
"The Old Maid's Inheritance."
"Stormy Winds."
Transformations of a Horse.

M. E. Church.

Sunday May 17th, Sacramental services at 11 A. M. Preaching at 8 P. M. Subject, "Getting acquainted with God." Sunday school at 10 A. M. Junior League at 2:30 P. M. Installation of Senior League officers at 7:15 P. M. Everybody invited.

At the Bijou.

The management announces another line of bright and interesting motion pictures for the rest of the week. There will be a new illustrated song. Few attractions have made such a hit here as the Le Noirs Marionettes. By special request the Le Noirs will repeat the Marionettes at the Saturday Matinee at 4 sharp for the benefit of the children. Next week—Shaw and Clyfton in singing and dancing.

Subscribe for the News.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
For sale by

FARM · ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Virtually the entire acreage of orange trees growing today on the Pacific slope came from a slip of a navel orange tree imported from Brazil some twenty years ago.

The fellow who will tolerate a forty dollar sire in his herd of beef or dairy cows may be properly styled an agricultural stand patter of a very hopeless and sorry type.

Scrub sires are quite likely to be found on the farm of the fellow who trusts Providence for a stand of seed corn and plants his potatoes by a certain phase of the moon.

The peach crop of the country has suffered its regular annual freeze and extinction—in the columns of the daily press. Packing time will have to be relied on to give an accurate status of the situation.

Never before have oranges been so plentiful and so fine both from the standpoint of quality and size as they are this year. They have been especially enjoyed because apples have been both poor and scarce.

If a field counted on for the growing of corn is considerably below standard in point of fertility it will quite likely produce a larger crop of corn from an average stand of two than from a stand of three or four kernels to the hill.

A treat that the family of the country resident will enjoy when they come to town is once in awhile a dinner at the hotel or attending an interesting and wholesome play. Many take advantage of such opportunities, but many more do not.

Those who have kept close track of the number of field mice, gophers and rabbits devoured by the average "hen" hawk have estimated its cash value to the farmer at $10 per annum. In view of these figures there is certainly no money in killing this bird.

The department of horticulture at the University of Wisconsin has in the greenhouse a banana tree which has this year come into fruitage and borne and ripened a large bunch of bananas. This is the first time that this has occurred at a point so far north.

In estimating the total returns from his farm during the year the owner ought not to overlook the living which he and his family have had from it in the course of the year, an item which in the expense account of the fellow in town runs all the way from $250 to $600.

An eastern experiment station which has tested various kinds of feed for work horses reports that
most effective and nut
composed of a hundred
meal, a hundred pou
oats and fifty pounds
dlings.

The verdict of those
a close study of the ha
mon ground mole is tha
does in ridging up the
on lawn is more than a
destruction of the comm
which constitutes its
food. It is the mice w
follow in the burrow of
do damage to the root
shrubs.

Luxuriance of growth
garden flowers may be
influenced by the vigor
of the parent stock, but
to be more largely dete
richness of the soil in
is sown or the plants
soil, coupled with abu
and that degree of sun
which the particular va
demand, will produce
sults.

With a view to incre
of game birds, Kansas
the experiment of int
garian partridges, ten
species having been
loose on a ranch ne
Falls. These birds res
mon quail of Kansas,
being about two-thirds
prairie chickens. It is
the new birds can be su
agated under conditions
in the state.

In some of their way
unlike the human spe
stances are comparat
where dogs that are
priety and good behavi
time will under cove
when the folks on the
range over the coun
around, killing sheep
cattle and horses in p
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show an instinctive b
cy that they are not
standing and reputation
they do in the dark.

Northern experiment stations would perform a real service for the northern orchardist if they would discover some orchard cover crop that could be used instead of clover, the price of which this year has been almost prohibitive and the getting of a stand of which is not an easy matter.

Where an abundance of clean straw or even light manure is available a good layer of it scattered among the raspberry bushes is a first rate thing. This covering not only keeps down a rank growth of weeds, but serves as a mulch to hold the moisture when the dry weather comes on.

The old Indian sign that corn should not be planted until the leaf of the bur oak is as large as a squirrel's ear is based on a pretty sound meteorological philosophy in that it takes real warm weather, something more than is indicated by the first robin's song or croak of frog, to start buds on the deep rooted oak.

The experience of a good many farmers in the north part of the corn belt last year points quite conclusively to the fact that the rather small and early maturing variety of native corn is a better agricultural asset than the big shoe peg kernel variety that gets pinched by the frost at both ends of the season and sours on the cob after it is put in the crib.

One section of 200 acres near the town of Sanford, Fla., has given a gross return of $250,000, or $1,250 per acre, when devoted to the growing of celery. This was in a portion of the state formerly devoted to orange growing, but the killing freeze of some two years ago, which wiped out almost every orange grove in the state, made the raising of some other crop necessary.

One of the results of the prevalence of the rabbit pest in Australia has been the building of a rabbit proof fence across the continent, a distance of 2,026 miles. The cost of this bunny barricade, which was recently completed, was close to $1,250,000. It is furnished at intervals of five miles with systems of traps, in which hundreds of rabbits are captured and destroyed daily. On the eastern side of the fence rabbits are said to be teeming and vegetation almost completely destroyed, while on the west side the rodents have not as yet put in an appearance.

The highest dam in the world was lately begun near Cody, Wyo., when the first stone was laid on solid rock sixty-five feet below the bed of the river in the foundation of the big Shoshone river dam, which is being built under the government reclamation service. Exclusive of the foundation, the dam will be 315 feet high, overtopping any structure of its kind in the world, and will form a reservoir for a water supply which will make possible the conversion of 120,000,000 acres of land which produces now naught but sagebrush, greasewood and cactus into productive orchards, gardens and grain-fields.

A bulletin issued by the bureau of statistics of the federal department of agriculture gives the estimated losses of the different kinds of farm animals for the year ended April 1, 1908, as follows: Horses, per cent loss from disease 1.7, number 342,000; cattle, from exposure and disease 3.1 per cent, 2,203,000; sheep, from exposure and disease 4.5 per cent, 2,478,000; swine, from disease 5.2 per cent, 2,940,000. In

A PROFITABLE TIMBER LOT.

In these days, when so much is being said and written about the wisdom of the federal government's policy of forest preservation and when farmers in the agricultural states are being urged to set out timber lots, one of the first questions that come to the mind of one who is debating the wisdom of the proposal is, "Does it pay?" With a view to citing a case which may in part answer this query we give below the figures on the returns from an acre and a quarter wood lot belonging to a friend living near by. The tract in question is a piece of native timber, in which the oaks—white, black and jack—predominate. The lot in question has lately been cleared, and our friend tells us that in addition to having got twenty cords of firewood from this lot during the past seventeen years the clearing of the piece has yielded a total of thirty cords of wood, worth $6 per cord, or $180; eighty-one oak posts, worth on an average 15 cents, amounting to $121.20, and seven saw logs which, it is estimated, will yield 700 feet of plank, worth $35, making the total receipts from the acre $336.50. Deducting from this 1½ cents for making the posts, $1 a cord for cutting the wood, $18.50 for clearing the land and $5 for sawing the plank, there is left a net return from the acre of $263.60. While the showing here given may be better than the average, it indicates what may be done with a natural wood lot when rightly managed.

When the trees in the wood lot have attained a size where their development is very slow and are at a point where the process of decline and decay has already or will soon set in, they may very properly be termed ripe and should be removed so as to make room and give light and air for smaller trees that may be growing up around them. The wood lot should be inspected every year with the above thought in mind.

SPRAYING FRUIT CROPS.

A co-operative spraying experiment will be carried on in the writer's orchard this year in connection with the horticultural department of the state experiment station. The results of the spraying which has been done in the orchard during the past two years have been so pronounced that the subject of its being worth while is no longer open to debate. The writer would place the value of the spraying last year at close to $800, while the spraying materials and operations did not cost over $140. With both gardener and horticulturist a nice margin of profit can often be secured above ruling market prices by raising that which is of extra quality. This is what spraying does for the apple or other fruit crop. Indeed, in many markets fruit that has not been sprayed is classed as cull stuff and is not wanted at any price. Last year's experience seems to point out one or two things that may be worth mentioning. One is that two thorough treatments before the blossom clusters open are advisable, serving to hold the apple scab in check in very effective manner. Another is that special pains should be taken to make the treatment which is given just after the blossoms fall as thorough as possible. It is at this time if at all that the poison contained in the spraying solution is deposited in the little calyx cup or blossom end of the apple, where it is estimated that 80 per cent of the eggs of the codling moth are laid. The burning of the foliage which was noticed to some extent last season seems to have been due to the fact that there is too much of the arsenate in the solution or that the mixture was not kept stirred as thoroughly as it ought to have been

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PERL W. MABEY
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State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.
In District Court.
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota,
April 16-May 21 Plaintiff's Attorney

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 9th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz:—Homestead Entry No. 153 made June 22nd 1904 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 154, N. Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May, 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Moline " " " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Bryzney, " " "

April 16-May 21 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parbst, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,000, made October 28th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼ Sec. 26 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Twp. 151, N. R. 44 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June, 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Funnasdahl " " " " "
John Sjorsvold " " " " "
Albert Faragan " " " " "

Apr. 23-May 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 18, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st, 1908, viz: Halvor O. Brevig H. E. No. 60 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 151 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William O. Lone, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Mikkle Jorde, " " " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " " " "
Andrew M. Jorde, " " " " "

April 23-May 28. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 300 made June 28, 1901, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 153 Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Borby, " " "
B. E. Taman, " Anton, Minnesota,
P. H. Wright, " " "

May 7-June 11 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 5th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C Miller of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 22nd, 1901, for the SE¼, Section 10 township 151, N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Samuel Dangerfield, of Thorwick, Minn
Carl Overon, " " "
le Rud, " " "
n Mansham, of Thief River Falls, "

ay 7 June 11 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

ation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

state of Knudt Syverson.
tate of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In
bate Court
he Matter of the Estate of Knudt
erson, Decedent.
he State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson,
hild Anderson, Christopher Knudson, Nils
udson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson and
tel Knudson and all persons interested in
final account and distribution of the estate
said decedent. The Representative of the
ve named decedent, having filed in this
rt his final account of the administration of
estate of said decedent, together with
petition praying for the adjustment and
owance of said final account and for
tribution of the residue of said estate to
persons thereunto entitled; Therefore,
and each of you, are hereby cited and
uired to show cause, if any you have,
ore this court at the Probate Court
oms in the Court House, in the City of
d Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake,
te of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of
y 1908 at 10 o'clock A. M., why said
ition should not be granted.
Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the
l of said Court, this 28th day of April 1908.
Court N. W. Tarrant,
Seal Probate Judge.
s Halverson,
Attorney for petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
April 30-May 14

ation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

[illegible]

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge

HE NEWS, $1
HE NEWS, $1

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	96c
Oats	43c
Flax	$1 10
Barley	50
Eggs	12½
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 11.—Wheat—May, $1.08½; July, $1.06¾; Sept., 91⅞@91½c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.06@1.07¼; No. 3 Northern, 99c@$1.04.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$5.30@5.40. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 11.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾@1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.04¾@1.04¾; May, $1.06¼; July, $1.06½; Sept., 92⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.22¼; May, $1.22; July, $1.23¼; Sept., $1.24¾; Oct., $1.23¼.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.80@7.30; Texans, $4.70@5.60; Western cattle, $4.65@6.00; stockers and feeders, $3.70@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.70; calves, $4.75@6.25. Hogs—Light, $5.30@5.65; mixed, $5.30@5.67½; heavy, $5.25@5.65; rough, $5.25@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.65; pigs, $4.50@5.25. Sheep, $4.00@6.10; yearlings, $6.15@6.80; lambs, $5.50@7.65.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 11.—Wheat—May, $1.01; July, 90¾@90⅞c; Sept., 86¾c; Dec., 87½c. Corn—May, 71⅞c; July, 63⅝@63¾c; Sept., 62½c; Dec., 54¾c. Oats—May, old, 55c; May, 53c; July, old, 47c; July, 45⅝c; Sept., 37¼@37¾c. Pork—May, $13.42½; July, $13.57½@13.60; Sept., $13.82½. Butter—Creameries, 18@23c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—15c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 12c; broilers, per dozen, $3.00@5.50.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Ole Aubol was up to Middle River last week.

Dr. Grundy was over to Warren last Friday.

Louis Hansen was up to Greenbush Monday.

D. N. Winton left yesterday morning for Bemidji.

R. A. Kromer went down to Crookston last evening.

For snaps in city property, see Hagor, the land man.

J. K. Wood was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

W. B. Fuller was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Dr. Mellby received his new automobile last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Miss Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Nick Worstlein yesterday.

Dr. Penney received his new Reo runabout the first of the week.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Rommem's livery barn.

W. C. Addy, the Strandquist merchant, was in the city last Friday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Frank Bourque and Frank Mickelucky were down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Misses Mary and Irene Caldwell were up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Joe Juneau, accompanied by his bride, was here from Beaudette the first of the week.

John Havel left Monday evening for Winona, called there by the death of his mother.

C. M. Evenson was up to Holt last Friday attending to some business matters.

Ed Wilcox left Monday for St. Cloud and other points in the central part of the state.

Wanted—Two girls to wait upon the table at the Ogema Hotel, Ogema, Minn. Good wages.

A. H. Fasel went up to Greenbush Monday to look after some contract work he has up there.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to some business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets Thursday the 21st at 3 P. M. with Mrs. H. P. Spoonheim.

The united Lutheran church will have no Services next Sunday evening. Rev. Wangenstren, Pastor.

Ed Iverson, Chris Larson and Wm. McGinty went to St. Paul Saturday with three car loads of cattle.

John Holmberg and James Dean returned to this city Monday from their trip to Port Arthur, Canada.

Audley Caldwell, who is attending Hamlin University, returned to this city Tuesday to spend his vacation.

D. E. Peake and wife, J. J. Bucy and wife, G. A. Gorry and wife, all of Ogema, were in the city last week.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper in the Masonic building next Wednesday evening, May 20.

Bids for the Surplus Buttermilk at Creamery for the season will be received by the Board on the 20th of May next.

The Young People's Society of the United Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Albert Huseth, Wednesday May 20.

Edwin Stanton left Saturday for Bemidji where he has accepted a position as clerk in the Markham hotel.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday at 10:30. English services in the evening at 7:45.

Mrs. B. M. Wilson and daughter leave Saturday evening for Eau Claire, Wis., to spend a few weeks visiting with relatives.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson and Mrs. D. K. Bryant returned to this city Monday from a few days visit with friends at Red Lake Falls.

R. D. V. Carr came down from Middle River last Friday and went to Warren to attend the Democratic county convention.

Arnold Bjerkhoel has leased the Swoss building on Third street and will open up a drug store there about the first of June.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

There will be a business meeting of the Presbyterian ladies at the church parlors tomorrow afternoon. All are requested to be present.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Dr. and Mrs. Mellby were over to Warren Sunday to visit Mrs. Mellby's mother, Mrs. Andrew Grindeland, who had been quite seriously ill.

James Bulman left last evening for East Grand Forks to appear before the city council of that city and try and induce them to send a team here to attend the tournament.

J. F. Donovan, sheriff of Stevens county, arrived here yesterday and went out to Kratka to arrest John Earnest, who is charged with selling mortgaged personal property in Stevens county.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Casper Falk.

The Royal Neighbors will give a dance in the I. O. O. F. Hall Wednesday evening May 20, 1908. Every body welcome. By order of committee.

Services next Sunday in the Immanuel at 10:30 a. m. In the Evenson Hall in the evening at 7:45. Cordial invatation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.
F. Seltz, Pastor.

Grand 17th of May celebration under the auspices of the Sons of Norway, at Lars Backe's premises Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m. Everybody cordially invited to participate.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Nothing makes a better graduating present than a watch. We have them, the best that are made and sell at prices others cannot meet. City Drug and Jewelry Store, F. J. Stebbins, Proprietor.

The young men of this city who were entertained by the young ladies at a leap year ball last winter will give a return dance in the Evenson hall tomorrow evening.

Fr. Adolph will hold services at Badger next Tuesday, May 19, at 10 A. M. On Friday, May 22, services will be held at P. Sullivan's home in the town of Highlanding.

A large quantity of maple sugar and syrup has been made this season on White Earth reservation. Experienced makers say this has been a better season than they have had for years.

Monday next, May 18th, an interesting meeting will be conducted at the salvation Army hall, by Major P. Morton, general secretary of the Northwestern Province. Don't fail to be present.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will be entertained at the parsonage by Mesdames Christianson and Smith, on Friday April 22nd. A 15 cent lunch will be served, to which the public is invited.

The Crookston parties who were going to open up a moving picture show in the Masonic building were in the city last week, but decided that there was not very good prospects for a second moving picture show here.

Taken Up—A small bay mare weighing about 800 or 900 pounds, about 15 years old, white star and small stripe in forehead. Owner can have same by paying cost of keep and advertising. Owner inquire at this office.

The Methodist church at Fergus Falls of which Rev. Charles Flesher, formerly of this city, is now pastor, burned to the ground last Friday. The church was one of the finest in the city and was built at a cost of $8,000. The society carried $5,000 insurance.

The Minnesota Sunday School Association has decided to hold the 1908 convention at Crookston. In point of numbers this is the most important State convention ever held so far in the northwest. The delegates should be given a hearty welcome by the whole Valley.

Sheriff Forsberg was over from Warren the first of the week to take Gus Anderson, an insane man found in the woods south of Greenwood cemetary to the Marshall county seat to be examined for his sanity. Anderson was a former Soo conductor, but of late had been running a saloon at Oslo.

Did you see the Le Noirs Marionettes at the Bijou the first half of the week? If not see them at the Saturday matinee. If public criticism counts the popular little playhouse will play to capacity business all week for the vaudeville attraction is from reports received one of the greatest and best seen in the city. Mr. and Mrs. Le Noir will present the last half of this week their great novelty specialty, "Mental Telepathy." Then comes next week Shaw and Clyfton. Their sketch is bubbling over with good things consisting of singing, dancing and bushels of laughter. Entire change of program Thursday.

H. G. Dobner and bride are expected to arrive in Thief River Falls sometime next week, and preparations for extending a royal welcome are in progress. The cow given as wedding present by Joseph Duchamp to Mr. Dobner is to rigged out in Fourth of July attire and taken to the depot to head the procession.

C. W. Willis, wife and two children, recently of Thief River, arrived here on Monday's north bound train bringing their house-hold goods, and went on up the ridge to make settlement on a claim they have filed on near Geo. Lighfoot's and George Bolton's places. Mr. Willis is a brother-in law of the Safford boys.—Middle River Pioneer.

Knute Nelson made a trip to Red Lake Falls last week and the why of it has since come out. He went after a marriage license and last Sunday evening drove to Newfolden from where he went to McIntosh, where he was married on Monday to Miss Clara Rasmussen of that city. The newly married couple will take up their residence in the Hall and Nelson rooms over the hall.—Middle River Pioneer.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Reports from Miss Reiner at St. Luke's hospital in St. Paul announce the fact that she is recovering as rapidly as can be expected. Her ward is brightened by the flowers which the teachers in the Thief River schools supply day by day.

Thief River high won a hotly contested ten inning game of baseball from the Warren team last Saturday, by a 9 to 8 score. This was accomplished in the face of more than one adverse and unpleasant condition. That our boys overcame a lead of four runs and snatched victory from defeat is doubly gratifying. When it is stated that the Warren High defeated Stephen the preceeding week, 19 to 6, it can be seen what kind of ball Thief River played.

School closes two weeks from Friday. The last week in the high school will be taken up with state examinations.

Harry Prichard suffered a severe injury to his knee in the Warren game, but will be himself again in a few days.

The invitations recently ordered by the Seniors have arrived and prove exceedingly handsome.

The 1908 class has "flung its colors to the breeze" in the form of a neat banner on the wall of the assembly room.

It might be amiss to say that no writing or marks of any nature can be found on the walls or woodwork of any property, either buildings, outhouses, closets, furniture or books, belonging to the city. Occasionally an unruly pencil breaks away from its owner and violates a stringent rule, but this is so rare, that the statement in the first sentiment is practically true.

This week all the pupils have been notified that hereafter the janitors will stand in plain view in the lower halls during fire drills, carrying some receptacle containing a smudge. This will accustom the children to the sight of smoke. Later, the janitors will be hidden from sight, but for a few drills the students will have full knowledge of the cause of the smoke.

When promotions are announced at the close of this school year, those students who have left school without completing the year's work or seeing their teachers to plan for same, cannot expect to find their names on the list entitled to advancement.

The handful of faithful rooters who accompained the ball team to Warren were more than repaid for their hearty encouragement in the now famous tenth inning.

About forty eight grade pupils will be promoted to high at the close of this school year. A few, unfortunally, will fail to make grade. This large class, will of course, be augmented by the usual number of pupils from the rural schools. Where they are all to be cared for in the high school building is the problem.

The commercial course next year in high will equal that presented by the best business colleges in Minnesota. Miss Mead, for two years past a teacher in the Mankato Business College, will teach stenography and typewriting. The other commercial subjects presented will be practical business bookkeeping, commercial spelling, arithmetic and geography, correspondence and commercial law. This course will cost the students taking it absolutely nothing. The only qualification necessary to enter this class is that the student be a high school pupil regularly entered in high school.

Agriculture, in which all teachers must hereafter pass an examination, will be a new high school subject next year. Several interesting texts in this study have been published and the practical side of the subject, as well as the theoretical, will be presented. Industrial work will also be taken up in the grades. When more room will be found in all grades and high school. The crowded condition in the high building simply prohibits the introduction of any study in this direction. Music and drawing which have received considerable attention this year, will be regularly presented in all twelve grades next.

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FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

Local Committee Tells Visitors There Are Accommodations for All.

Four Days of First Class Entertainment Promised to All Visitors.

The City of Thief River Falls will entertain the Northern Minnesota Tournament Association this year and all the details of the meet are complete. The committee on entertainment has made a canvass of the hotel facilities and private houses and find that ample accommodations can be secured. The visiting running teams will be provided with quarters separately a little off from the main streets if desired that way. The fun will begin on the morning of June 29th and continue four days, being at a time of the year when it is especially convenient for the farmers to attend. Every effort will be made to provide first class athletic exhibitions for the visitors. There will be plenty of good music by a number of the best coronet bands in northern Minnesota. First class concerts. Dances in the evenings. Boat excursions every day.

This Tournament is so near the Fourth of July that it will be practically a double celebration; and the greatest event of the season.—Committee.

Officers Named.

Capt. Wiste and Lieutenants Bulman and Fuller have named the following non-commissioned officers for the local militia company:

First Sargent—Oscar Sponheim.
Quarter Master Sargent—K. M. Hanson.
First Duty Sargent—James Farr.
Second Duty Sargent—Louis A. Nelson.
Third Duty Sargent—Dr. Mellby.
Fourth Duty Sargent—Ben Docken.
Corporals—J. A. Swore, Dennis LeSage, Paul Meddorigh, P. Eyde, Alfred Anderson and Will Prichard.
Musicians—Walter Robbecke and Hugo Anderson.
Artificer—Otto Klingberg.

Bijou Theater.

Overture—Miss L. Ramstad.
A Cowboy Elopement.
The Durant Family at the Seaside.
Pictured song—the latest march success, "My Toy Soldiers," sung by Miss Elsa Robbecke.
The greatest of all specialties—"Mental Telepathy," presented by Mr. and Mrs. Le Noir.
"The Old Maid's Inheritance."
"Stormy Winds."
Transformations of a Horse.

M. E. Church.

Sunday May 17th, Sacramental services at 11 A. M. Preaching at 8 P. M. Subject, "Getting aquainted with God." Sunday school at 10 A. M. Junior League at 2:30 P. M. Installation of Senior League officers at 7:15 P. M. Everybody invited.

At the Bijou.

The management announces another line of bright and interesting motion pictures for the rest of the week. There will be a new illustrated song. Few attractions have made such a hit here as the Le Noirs Marionettes. By special request the Le Noirs will repeat the Marionettes at the Saturday Matinee at 1 sharp for the benefit of the children. Next week—Shaw and Clyfton in singing and dancing.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

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If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
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WHAT WE DO NOT KNOW.

How the People Will Live Under Socialist System.

A stock objection to Socialism is that it would produce a sameness in life by interfering with individuality and the right to live in individual freedom. It would make people dress alike and live in dwellings that are monotonously alike, say the all wise critics.

Now, no Socialist who is at all well grounded in his Socialism attempts to say just how people will live when society has evolved to the Socialistic system.

He does not know.

The most he can say is that in all probability the habitations of the people will be sufficiently related to each other to make economies in service possible. There may be communal kitchens for various groups of dwellings or a communal dining room, or these things may be left entirely to the whim of the individual, giving him the chance to elect whether he will maintain the completest privacy in his domestic affairs or whether he will mingle with others so far as his gastronomic interests are concerned.

The Socialist who is ready to tell you in positive language just how every relation of life will be under Socialism is either new in the movement or reckless or stupid.

As well might an individual a few centuries ago, when the feudal system was in existence, have assumed to have knowledge as to just how things would be after feudalism was succeeded by the present capitalistic system. It is certain, however, that all possible economies will be resorted to, not to the discomfort of the people or because of authority from above, but because for their own comfort and convenience they will themselves insist on it.

The bugaboo about monotonous sameness need fool no one. The fact is that it is the present system that is forcing a sameness on the people, as you can see by looking at the row after row of brown stone fronts in the fashionable quarters of large cities or row after row of workmen's cottages, each the exact counterpart of the others, to be seen in all manufacturing districts, the monotonous and uncomfortable flat habitations increasing so rapidly, the growing habit of the rich of taking up their quarters in hotels, where privacy at meals is impossible; the monotony of fashion's edict that all men shall dress alike and wear clothes of a cut peculiar to a year or a season on pain of social disrepute in case of failure to comply. Socialism will really bring individuality.—Frederic Heath.

SOCIAL CONTRASTS.

No Need to Go Abroad to Find a Riot of Wealth.

If one wishes for social contrasts, there is really no need of crossing the ocean. Mr. Schwab's $9,000,000 palace in New York will answer the purpose, as will the St. Regis hotel.

The swinging doors of the St. Regis, so the visitor is informed, cost $10,000 apiece, the paneling of the smoking room cost $45,000 and the carriage entrance rain shed cost $85,000.

The walls of it are covered with a silk brocade which cost $20 a yard, and the ceiling is gilded with material costing $1 an ounce. It cost $100,000 to fit up the office and $4,000,000 to build the whole structure.

A two room apartment in it without meals is valued at $9,600 a year, and for your meals you may try, say, "milk fed chicken," at $2 for each tiny portion.

Perhaps this seems monstrous, but it really is not. It is a perfectly inevitable consequence of industrial competition and of the "constantly increasing mass of capital."

John Jacob Astor, who owns the hotel, has an income of more than its value every year, and he is in desperate straits to find any way of investing it by which he can make profits.

There are 7,000 millionaires in this country who want the best, the only best they know being what costs the most, and so he knew that if he built a hotel exceeding in cost any other hotel in the world that hotel would pay him profits.

For precisely the same reason a number of buildings are now being torn down in Brooklyn to make room for a graveyard for wealthy people's pet dogs.—Upton Sinclair.

Bad Business.

"Business" drives love and peace from the family.

"Business" converts brothers and sisters into bitter enemies.

"Business" drags the family into courts of justice.

"Business" causes a large proportion of 50,000 divorces annually.

"Business" is therefore responsible for the destruction of the home.

"Business" furthermore causes enormous wastes in litigation.

"Business" is the procuring cause of murders and suicides.

"Business" peoples the jails, penitentiaries and lunatic asylums.

"Business" is the cause of corruption in public life everywhere.

"Business" is the idolatry of profit, rent and interest, and the class which suffers most in the operation of "business" methods is the working class.

If the working class got it own, "business" would be unknown.—Metal Workers' Journal.

Modernized.

Here is the modern reading of a well known Scriptural quotation: "Little children suffer who come unto me." And the "me" in this case is not the representative of a child pure heaven, but the twentieth century Christian owner of a factory hell!—Frederic Heath.

JAURES ON SOCIALISM.

Great French Socialist Shows How It Will Exalt Mankind.

The main idea of Socialism is simple and noble. Scientists believe that the present form of property holding divides society into two great classes. One of these classes, the wage earning, the proletariat, is obliged to pay the other, the capitalist, a sort of tax in order to be able to live at all and exercise its faculties to any degree. Here is a multitude of human beings, citizens. They possess nothing; they can live only by their work. But in order to work they need an expensive equipment which they have not got and raw material and capital which they have not got. Another class owns the means of production—the land, the factories, the machines, the raw materials and accumulated capital in the form of money. The first class is, then, forced to put itself into the hands of the second, and naturally this capitalist and possessing class, taking advantage of its power, makes the working and nonowning class pay large forfeit. It does not rest content after it has been reimbursed for the advances it has made and has repaired the wear and tear on the machinery. It levies in addition every year and indefinitely a considerable tax on the product of the workman and the farmer in the form of rent for farms, ground rent, rent of land in the cities, taxes for the payment of the public debt, industrial profit, commercial profit and interest on stocks and bonds.

Just as the old feudal road was blocked and cut up at every step by toll rights and dues, so for the proletarian the road of life is cut up by the feudal rights imposed upon him by capital. He can neither work nor eat, clothe nor shelter himself, without paying a sort of ransom to the owning and capitalist class.

To have responsibility without authority, to be punished without having been even consulted, such is the paradoxical fate of the proletariat under capitalist disorder. And if capital were organized, if by means of vast trusts it were able to regulate production, it would only regulate it for its own profit. It would abuse the power gained by union to impose usurious prices on the community of buyers, and the working class would escape from economic disorder only to fall under the yoke of monopoly.

All this misery, all this injustice and disorder, result from the fact that one class monopolizes the means of production and of life and imposes its law on another class and on society as a whole. The thing to do, therefore, is to break down this supremacy of one class. The oppressed class must be enfranchised and with it the whole of society. All difference of class must be abolished by transferring to the whole body of citizens, the organized community, the ownership of the means of production and of life, which today in the hands of a single class is a power of exploitation and oppression. The universal co-operation of all citizens must be substituted for the disorderly and abusive rule of the minority. This is the only method by which the individual can be enfranchised.

In the present state of humanity, where our only organization is on the basis of nationality, social property will take the form of national property. But the action of the proletariat will assume more and more an international character. The various nations that are evolving toward Socialism will regulate their dealings with each other more and more according to the principle of justice and peace. But for a long time to come the nation as such will furnish the historical setting of Socialism. It will be the mold in which the new justice will be cast.

If, then, we invoke the nation, we do so in order to insure the rights of the individual in the fullest and most universal sense. Not a single human being for a single moment of time should be excluded from the sphere of rights. Not one should be in danger of becoming the party or the instrument of another individual. Not one should be deprived of the sure means of laboring freely without servile dependence on any other individual.

Social ownership of property is merely opportunity of action brought within the reach of all.

Socialism will exalt and ennoble humanity. It will level up all men and give new meaning and dignity to life.—Jean Jaures.

Socialism Has Two Meanings.

Socialism is a word having two distinct but related meanings. Primarily it is used as the name of a certain philosophy of history and method of interpreting and analyzing social phenomena. In the second place, since this philosophy and method have as one of their principal conclusions that society is evolving toward a co-operative social stage, the word is used to designate a co-operative social organization where the means for the production and distribution of wealth are the collective property of the workers, while the goods which are to be consumed become the private property of the individual.—Encyclopedia Americana.

England Full of Socialism.

Says London Justice, the organ of the Social Democratic federation: The whole capitalist press is full of Socialism and is strongly advising its readers to learn a little of what Socialism means by studying the best works upon this subject. It is a great pity that editors and leader writers do not follow their own advice in their own case, for assuredly more crass and blatant ignorance was never tumbled out upon the world than is thought good enough for the English public in regard to Socialism at the present time.

"Exhilarating and Healthful"

it is (in the hot summer months) to spend a few weeks where the ocean breezes blow, particularly if the regular comforts and necessities of civilized life, including a really good malt and hop beer like

Gund's Peerless Beer

are to be had. This famous beer, brewed with sterling honesty, foams with life, sparkles with strength, and the very taste of it is a pure delight. Every bottle of it is warranted to stand any climate, being fully aged and mature. Its aromatic tang and delicious mellow fragrance make "Peerless" peculiarly grateful in hot weather. "Peerless" does not create thirst, but quenches it, because it is brewed by the "Gund Natural Process" from the best hops and barley in the world. It is a pure, wholesome, sparkling beverage. Bottled at La Crosse only. Sold everywhere by reputable dealers. Write, 'phone or call if you want for your home the best bottled beer that is to be had.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. - La Crosse, Wis.

M. McCARTHY, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH,

Phone 186, Thief River Falls, Minn.

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LIGHT RUNNING

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If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [*Chain Stitch*] Sewing Machine write to

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Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

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MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS

caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 174 Lake Street, Chicago

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses.

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MINNES
HISTORICA
SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1908 NUMBER 21

ST PAUL
Historical Society

WILL GET LARGE SUMS.

Over $2,000,000 to Be Divided up Among the Chippewa Indians.

The Proceeds Realized from Sale of Pine on the Indian Reservations.

Two million dollars, and perhaps more, will be divided among the Chippewa Indian tribes in Minnesota as proceeds from the sale of timber on ceded Indian lands in this state, according to ex-Senator O'Neil, formerly of Wisconsin, the superintendent of logging on the ceded Chippewa lands in this state.

He said in the course of an interview that his labors in this section would be completed in about three years. The timber on the ceded lands when estimated was figured to run 500,061,000 feet, but since operations commenced 500,066,000 feet has been cut, and there is still left in the neighborhood of 300,000,000 feet in excess over the original estimate, and means that there will be $2,000,000 more to be divided between the Chippewa tribes of Indians in Minnesota, when the final division is made, which will be shortly after the cut is completed.

This money will be divided proportionately among the 8,000 Chippewas, and will mean a large sum to each Indian. After the timber is all cut the lands will be sold and the amount also added to the fund, this will make the Northern Minnesota Indians perhaps the wealthiest tribe in the country, and will mean that much money will be put in circulation in Bemidji, Cass Lake, Walker, Red Lake and Thief River Falls.

The timber now being cut and embraced in this estimate is that on the Cass, Leech Lake and Red Lake reservations, and will also be means of placing on the market and opening for agriculture thousands of acres of the best land in the Northern part of the State.

A Pioneer Passes Away.

Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock Mrs. O. Halvorson breathed her last after a long illness. She has been an invalid for the past 8 years and for the past 6 months has been an inmate of the Bethesda hospital. She has been a most patient sufferer, and tho 72 years of age, never complained and never gave up hope to the very last.

Deceased has been a widow for the past 11 years and was the mother of 7 children, two being dead. The surviving children are Mrs. Marles of Virginia, Mrs. Ulseth of Ashland, Wis., Attorney G. Halvorson of Thief River Falls and Albert Halvorson of Bemidji and Mrs. E. J. Loken of this city, the three latter being here.

The funeral was held Saturday afternoon, short services being held at the Loken residence, 410 Bridge street at 1:30 and services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 2 o'clock. Deceased has been a resident of Crookston for 27 years. She was a devoted wife and mother and a kind neighbor, and her death will be sincerely mourned by many.—Crookston Journal.

Well known Man Married.

Last Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the Baptist parsonage at Grand Forks, A. K. Getty the well known traveling man who has been coming to Thief River Falls for several years past, and Margaret F. Lamont were united in marriage by Rev. F. E. R. Miller. Mr. Getty is salesman for Wyman and Patridge of Minneapolis and is well known in this section. Miss. Lamont is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Schulyer of Grand Forks and is one of the prominent young ladies of of Minneapolis where she has been making her home. After the marriage the wedding party repaired to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler, where a delicious luncheon was served. The happy couple left on an extended wedding trip to Chicago and New York and will be at home to their friends in Crookston the last of the month.

Crow Bounty Rules.

Shoot crows with two legs only. No bounty for one legged crows. When you have at least a dozen bring them to the chairman in your town and he will give you a certificate for the number of crows you have. He will also remove one foot from each. (If more convenient bring them direct to the county auditor.) Send certificate to county auditor and he will give or send you a warrant for all you are entitled to receive. Bounty for killing from May 15 to June 15 and from August 15 to September 15.

The "Merry Widow" Hat.

The editor of the Ada Herald has his office opposite a millinery shop, and by peeking in has aquired the secrets of the make up of the "merry widow" hat. He describes it thus:

"Take one bicycle wheel. Superimpose on the hub one deep granite saucepan, first snipping off the handle with an ax.

Stitch on over of wine colored velvet from your season-before-last's coat suit.

Put on a three-inch binding around brim, of canary-colored taffeta silk from your great-grandmother's party dress.

Rip nineteen yards of box ruching off your shirt waist box, and wind about crown, and add a feather duster or two.

A soup ladle and a joint fork will give a jaunty effect if used as hat pins."

Wild and Wooly at Waubon.

Anthony Bellecourt and other Mahnomen sports came down for the ball game Wednesday and incidentally to "run the town." At the dance in the evening they tried to pick a quarrel but did not succeed. Yesterday Bellecourt attempted to shoot up the town and succeeded in lodging a bullet in the leg of Joe La Claire whom he was trying to force to dance by pointing the gun at his feet. He was placed under arrest and sheriff Blanchard came down and took him up to Mahnomen. We learn that he could not be held for any criminal charge on the warrant issued and he was taken before a justice and fined $40 and costs. There were two or three other persons who should have been arrested.—Waubon Forum.

Was Honored.

John Morgan did not get elected as one of the delegates from the Ninth district to the Democratic national convention to be held at Denver, but was elected as one of the alternates at large.

A Swell Dance.

The dance given by the young men of the city last Friday evening in return for the leap year dance given by the young ladies, was a very swell affair and was greatly enjoyed by all present. The hall was very prettily decorated and refreshments were served at the Hotel Evelyn.

Result of Electing "Ring Officials."

It appears that Beltrami county is fast approaching the verge of bankruptcy. It is running behind at the rate of about $30,000 a year. Outstanding warrants at the close of December 31, 1907, amounted to $158,817. At the end of five years at this rate what will be the result—taxes are now levied to the limit *allowed by law. Besides these warrants* the bonded indebtedness of the county must be in the neighborhood of $100,000. Farmers, that is what in means to place and keep in office "ring officials!"—Olberg Journal.

Spent Night in Tree.

Mrs. Disher, 60 years old, was lost for eighteen hours south of Graceton, in the Crookston settlement along the Canadian Northern in the extreme northern part of Minnesota, and slept a night in a tree, a little rat terrier dog at last being the means of her discovery.

The woman left her home on her claim for her daughter's house, about two miles distant. She wandered from the path and became lost. A searching party immediately was organized and hunted thru the woods and swamps, at one time passing within 300 yards of the woman. They fired shotguns and rifles and called, but she did not hear them nor the reports of the guns.

In the morning Mrs. Ecker, the daughter, brought out the little rat terrier dog belonging to the family and put it on the trail. The dog wagged his tail and started off on a bee line for the cedars in which the woman had taken refuge.

Mrs. Disher suffered from the night's exposure and her efforts in climbing the tree, but is recovering.

Star.

(Too late for last week.)

A. D. Brown, of Little Oak, transacted business at the Erie store and visited Mr. Johnson last Sunday. Mr. Brown reports a large increase in his flock of sheep and at once Mr. Johnson's sheep got busy and presented him with three lambs, almost before A. D. was out of sight and the end is not yet.

Joseph Trenda lost a valuable mule the other day which is to bad as animals of that kind are badly needed just now.

Hunt scores! As congress is about to pass a bill appropriating funds to build a bridge at Highlanding.

If "Dad" Kelly is in town search him for the lost cast iron off of the Red Lake river bridge.

The seeding of wheat and oats is completed and now for the flax and barley.

B. G. Walker, of Thief River Falls, threatens to visit Star. Will some one head him off?

Reiner.

(Too late for last week.)

We again see the farmers in the fields after the weather changed.

Mrs. Sigrud has been on the sick list this week. It is thought she has pneumonia.

M. T. Torgerson was a business caller at J. M. Anderson's last week.

Mr. Holen is hard at work ditching.

Mr. T. Hoversten from Poa Soup Island filed on a quarter section of land in this township last week.

T. O. Berg is building. Hope he will soon have it ready for a "blow-out."

Miss Anderson and Mrs. Hermanson visited with Mrs. Sigrud, Friday.

Julius Halvorson, our store keeper went to town Saturday with a load of butter and eggs.

John Anderson went to St. Hilaire last week to sell his threshing rig.

One of our bachelors left here last Sunday for Thief River Falls and isn't home yet. Wonder if he met some one with the leap year fever.

Rumor has it that one of the old time bachelors in the town of Moylan is married. We wish him happy days the rest of his journey and think he is lucky to have lost his job of baking pancakes.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Arrested the Doctor.

Crookston Journal:—Sheriff Wm. Forsberg arrested Orsin March about twenty miles east of Middle River in Eastern Marshall county recently for practicing medicine without a license. March is an old soldiar and farmer of the green and salubrious praries located east of Middle River.

March, however, it is said used no medicine and made no charges for his services. He had among other things a small battery, the application of which he manages carefuly and in manners not known to medical practice or therapeutics.

He has been attending Mrs. Julius Albertson who lives about two miles from his farm. The lady had been sick and unable to move her body without assistance for the past five years. She is now completely cured and walks about like a young person.

The old gentleman is very much respected and venerated by all the people of his neighborhood. He believes in the cures of nature and his farmhouse is loaded with profound books on the healing art. His miraculous cures of Mrs. Albertson has brought him into the public eye.

Real Estate Taxes Due.

Parties owning real estate should bear in mind that taxes should be paid upon each description on or before the 31st day of May.

Owing to the fact that Saturday and Sunday are legal holidays the tax payer will be obliged to make payment not later than May 29.

Should payment not be made before this date, a penalty of ten per cent attaches on June 1 to all unpaid taxes.

Those who wish to take advantage of the law, which gives the taxpayer the privilege of paying one half of his real estate taxes before June 1, the balance payable in October. In any event, one half of the taxes should be paid before it becomes delinquent, to avoid the penalty.

First Consignment Ordered.

Munch has ordered the first consignment of the total shipment of 800 ring necked pheasant eggs from Wallace Evens and the first settings will be placed under hens in the very near future.

Crookston gets 500, Thief River Falls 250, and Fertile 50, and this will make a nice start toward getting this famous game bird firmly established in this section of the country.

The eggs will be shipped in small consignments and game warden Munch has secured sufficient hens to cover the entire lot. He has a few coops at his residence here and will experiment with the hatching personally.—Crookston Journal.

St. Hilaire Defeated.

The St. Hilaire base ball club at the home grounds in this city Sunday afternoon by a score of 6 to 26. The St. Hilaire club only had six of their own men, the other three being local players.

THE SONS OF NORWAY

Celebrate the 17th Day of May in an Appropriate Manner.

Music by the Band, National Songs and Speeches by Prominent Norwegians.

The 17th of May, Norway's Independence Day, was celebrated in an appropriate manner in Thief River Falls Sunday. The celebration was under the auspices of the Sons of Norway.

The exercises in the afternoon was at the residence of Lars Backe where there was music by the band, the singing of patriotic Norwegian songs and speeches by prominent Norwegian citizens. A large crowd was present and the affair was greatly enjoyed by all.

In the evening similar exercises were held in the Antlers club rooms, and a bountiful supper was served there by the ladies.

Run Up Against Wrong Man.

A gang of seven tough looking characters came up on the train Monday morning, evidently intending to secure employment on the log jam a few miles above the village. Before starting out, however, they hung around town for a while and one of their number concluded that something to eat would not be amiss and walked into the butcher shop of Wilson, Steen & Co. and proceeded to help himself to the sausage without further ceremony. Mr. Wilson put in appearance about this time and proceeded to mix things and it fared badly with our man of the river. Shortly after noon the gang started to walk to their destination but concluded that walking was rather heavy in the mud and hit upon the idea of trying to relieve Ed A. Aubol, whom they met a mile or two out of the village, of his team and wagon. One of their number jumped into the wagon, but had hardly landed when a well directed blow from Ed toppled him onto the road again. This concluded the performance of the seven, as far as any further trouble was concerned, and they were content to go the rest of the distance on foot.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

For Sale Cheap.

I have sold my land and will sell my stock. I have eight working oxen, four milch cows and one pony. Will sell at reasonable price. It will be here until the 25th of May, at Henry Ronestrand's place, town of Kratka, 4, town 153, range 41.

Iry Nickerson, Owner.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Wash Goods.

A stock which will commend the admiration of the ladies---dainty and handsome fabrics---in all weights and suitable for all summer occasions, whether for outing purposes or fine dress affairs. The goods must be seen to be appreciated. Below we mention a few of our offerings:

Our light weight materials consists partly of silks, tissues, organdies, Irish dimities, batistes, lawns, mercerized voiles, soisettes, etc. } 10c to 75c per yard

In madras, shirtings and waistings, we offer the choicest makes at - - - - - - - - - - } 12½c to 50c per yard

In fine ginghams, we excel in variety, and style. Our stock is large and complete, ranging in price from - - - } 15c to 35c per yard

White and Colored Parasols, White, Tan and Black Summer Hosiery, Batiste Corsets, Lawn and Silk Waists.

GOLDEN RULE DRY GOODS DEPT.

EVERYTHING FOR THE LADIES.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OFFERS ITS CUSTOMERS:

Every safe-guard known to modern banking for the security and safety of their future.

Highest rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

Loans when they need them at reasonable rates.

Safety deposit files free of charge for storage of valuable papers.

Farm loans at cheapest rates with liberal pre-payment option.

Fire insurance, steamship tickets and drafts of foreign countries at current rates.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.

T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

THE BOAT TIPED OVER

Twenty-Two Rivermen Came Near Losing Their Lives Tuesday.

Went Down the Cut-Off in a Sixty Miles an Hour Current.

Twenty two rivermen came near losing their lives Tuesday at the new cut-off on the Red Lake River four miles south of town. At noon a crew of twenty rivermen got into a boat in charge of John McCoy and Will Flinn just above the cut-off to be taken to the wanegan for dinner. While going across the river the boat became unmanageable and went down the cut-off where a sixty miles an hour current is flowing. The boat capsized and the twenty-two men were thrown into the swift current. All succeeded in saving their lives, but some came very near meeting death. Billy Lee, one of the drivers, was pinned between the capsized boat and a boom stick and was kept in the water for two hours. It was necessary to chop the boat in two before he was rescued, and when taken from the water was nearer dead than alive. Three of the men were in such a serious condition that they were brought to this city for medical attendance. They are now getting along nicely.

Joe McAndress, who is keeping time for the crew, came to the city Tuesday and purchased twenty hats for the other drivers who were in the capsized boat. All of the pike poles and peavies were also lost.

Big Dance Next Tuesday.

The largest and grandest ball ever given in Thief River Falls is the aim of the new militia company for the dance to be given in the new armory next Tuesday evening, May 26. The armory has a floor space 120x50 feet and there is room for Two Hundred couples to dance on the floor at one time. All of the company L boys are determined to make it a great success.

Germantown.

Rain between showers and a little sunshine off and on seems to be doing just the right thing to the fields as they are coming up and doing nicely.

A new ditching machine recently purchased by H. Cook and others has arrived and will do its part towards draining the country this summer.

R. L. Olson, of Sandridge, paid the farmers and horse-owners a professional visit last week.

Miss Emma Jonas, who is teaching a term of school at this place was absent the latter part of last and first part of this week, attending a meeting of the Eastern Marshall county Teachers association held at Middle River May 16th.

Sunday school in the Lutheran church opened last Sunday.

Carl Otto returned last Friday from Radium to spend the summer on his claim east of the Little River.

Schack Simonson came up last Saturday for a visit with old timers.

The Ladies Aid Society meets with Mrs. Amund Johnson June 3rd.

The sad fate of the poor farmer on the loss of the barley market is made the subject of pamphlets spread broad cast over the state by the brewery interests, in anticipation of the result of the growing sentiment in favor of county option and ultimate prohibition. Now we admire anybodys struggle for existence and have even sometimes wondered what would become of the brewers in the event of the coming change; but in view of their practical knowledge of diversified farming, as evinced by their presentation of the value of barley in the rotation of crops, we deem it needless to worry about their future any more as long as there are plenty of homesteads in Beltrami county and otherwheres, said to be especially adopted to mixed farming. We dare assure them, in as much as they are sincere in their theories of farm methods, that they will always find a wide open and eager market in their pig pens.

S. Simonson and Carl Otto went to Thief River Falls the first of the week, it is said to close a deal whereby Otto would become owner of Simonsons land north of here.

Gunder Lee is attending to the mail service on this end of the Grygla route for the present month.

There is a movement on foot in the German Lutheran Congregation of this place to have a term of parish congregation school next winter, and the Norwegian church will probably be leased for the purpose. It is the intention of the school to take up all common branches of study beside religion, and now being conducted in English, the plan, if realized, will afford an opportunity to those who can take advantage of a great deal of additional study while as a rule the district schools are not in session.

COUNTY FAIR

Preparations Are Now Being Made for a Hummer.

The necessary steps looking to the holding of the fair for 1908 for Red Lake county, at the city of Thief River Falls, are now being taken. A large amount of advertising material has been received by Dr. G. A. Penny, secretary of the association, and will be distributed at once. The premium list is under preparation, and shows that generous sums of money will be offered to the farmers for the various products of their lands. As has always been the costum, a series of entertainments is being secured. Among these are the horse races which, under the direction of the circuit association, will surpass those of former years.

A novel feature this season will be an extensive rural school exhibit and a series of contests among pupils for actual school work performed on the fair grounds under competent judges,

Silverton.

Mr. Oscar Swanson of Thief River Falls was visiting Mr. Staska.

Mr. Anton Dandy was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hruby, Sunday.

F. G. Staska finished seeding last Monday.

Mr. C. Mone and F. G. Staska was in town, Friday.

Mrs. Joe Hruby and son Joe were at Germantown, Sunday.

Mr. Joe and Frank March were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kolton, Sunday.

Mr. Hand Skogstad was visiting Charley Moen Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Sumach of Thief River Falls was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ptacek Sunday.

Mr. Anton Pederson was at Aton P. O. Sunday, on business.

Misses Edith and May Quist visited in town Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Fred Ptacek was in town Wednesday.

Jack Coan was at Anton P. O. last week, on business.

The grand play, "The Leap Year Trials of the Reservation Bachelors," will be rendered by the Mavie dramatic club, May 30, Memorial Day at 8 o'clock p. m. Everybody come. A basket social will follow the play. Ladies please bring baskets, the gentlemen will undoubtedly buy them.

Miss Martha Pryzybyzenki was over to Germantown, last Saturday.

Mrs. Fred Ptacek was in town, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pryzybezenki were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kotlon, Sunday.

A number of Clover Leaf boys met at Kolton's pasture last Sunday and played ball.

Mr. LaBree of Thief River Falls was in the town of Silverton, on business, lately.

Mr. Fred Ptacek was visiting Mr. Hand Skogstad, Monday.

The crop is looking good in the town of Silverton.

F. J. Staska had the bad luck to break his bicycle, Sunday.

Mr. John Kotlan visited Mr. James Hruby, Sunday.

Mr. Omllod is working for C. Moen this week.

Miss Anna Erlandson who has been visiting at the Quist home, left last Monday for Duluth.

Star.

Miss Inga Boen arrived home from Thief River Falls last Friday, accompained by her neice who arrived recently from the old country.

Rains have greatly delayed seeding and the acreage will be greatly reduced in consequence.

Early sown wheat looks very good.

We note the great luck of Harry Dobner in being presented with a cow for a wedding present and on our part we will offer a milking machine.

By the way, did you correspond with Mrs. Guinees? If you did you were lucky that you didn't have a thousand.

The creamery at Highlanding is now running in full blast and the farmers from this neighborhood have managed to have their cream there.

The lamb crop promises to be large. This will be good news to McGinty as it is very likely he will do the harvesting

Engineer Is Coming.

Engineer Turner is expected up from Minneapolis this week to pass final judgement upon the new bridge built across the Red Lake river this winter. There is considerable talk to the effect that the cement work on the bridge is a poor job and the report of the engineer will be of interest to the councilmen and citizens. The city has not as yet payed for the bridge.

Lights on the Standpipe.

A cluster of seven 32 candle power lights now adorns the top of the water works standpipe and they can be seen for miles out in the country and will prove a faithful guide to travelers from the country coming to Thief River Falls on a dark night.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The closing exercises of the high school, which will take place at the Evenson Hall on May 28th and 29th and programs of which appear elsewhere in this paper, will be free to the public. The only seats reserved are those for the relatives of the graduates.

The baccalaureate sermon will be preached next Sunday evening by Rev. Aastad at the Norwegian Lutheran church, beginning at 7:45 p. m. All the pastors and church congregations, as well as the public, are cordially invited.

State examinations will begin next Monday and continue throughout the week. The present week, therefore, will close the regular recitations for the high school and grammar grades.

School closes for the year on Friday, May 29th. The regular work will be continued according to program until the last hour in all the rooms below the grammar grades. The promotions will be determined next week and the report cards of the pupils in all twelve grades will announce the results to the parents. These cards will be distributed the last day of school.

City Council.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening. Considerable business was transacted, but few matters of importance were acted upon.

The city hall was ordered painted both inside and outside. The work is to be let to the lowest bidder.

The electric light department was given power to rent a portion of Daniel Shaw's office for the purpose of making a suitable display of the city's electric light goods.

The city attorney was instructed to take steps to deport R. H. Blake to Kittson county, the legal residence of this person who is a city charge.

It was voted to buy two split log drags for the town of Silverton, providing the residents out there would make use of the same.

Here Next Week.

J. G. Stuttz's New York Theatre company, organized in 1867, with everything new but the proprietor, will be in Thief River Falls next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, May 25, 26 and 27.

This company is one of the strongest on the road and comes very highly recommended. Monday evening the play will be "Was She to Blame" and a different play will be presented on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The following is the press comments from the Minot papers where the show recently played:

Splendid production. Most natural representation we have had; an excellent company—Minot Optic.

Stutz's support was good and the play was far above the average that strikes Minot. A better company has not appeared in our oppera house.—Minot Reporter.

Aggie Marion Stuttz is one of America's brightest stars, and is ably supported bp a strong company. Her part of Diane in "Was She to Blame" is the best work we have seen.—The Firago.

Engineers at Greenbush.

Civil Engineer McCoy, of the Great Northern, headquarters in St. Paul, passed through the city Tuesday with two assistants for Greenbush, the end of the uncompleted railroad extension to Roseau and Warroad.

The engineers stated that they are going to look over the bridges and measure up tracks and grades at Greenbush, but they departed fully equipped with instruments and their connection with the immediate construction of an extension into Roseau and Warroad from Greenbush along the already built grade is presumed to be certain.

The Big Mill Starts Up.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's big saw mill in this city started up Tuesday noon and from now until it freezes up next fall will run night and day. Owing to the fact that it was imposible to get logs to this city last fall, the mill started very late this season, but no difficulties are anticipated from now on, and there will be plenty of logs left in the river for an early start next spring after the sawing season is ended this fall. The mill is in fine shape and is expected to do a record breaking cut for the number of days it runs.

Ladies Meet Tomorrow.

A number of the ladies of Thief River Falls will meet at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of organizing a Ladies Auxiliary to the Commercial Club. The object of the organization is for the cleaning and beautifying the city of Thief River Falls.

Red Lake Falls Boy Drowned.

Red Lake Falls Minn., May 19.—Edward [illegible], the 8 year old son of Mrs. Wilfred Chatel, was drowned in the Red river near Healey's mill dam late yesterday afternoon, while he was fishing with his brothers. His body was carried into the whirlpool below the sluice and all efforts to recover it have proved futile.

CLOSING EXERCISES

Will Be Held in the Evenson Hall on Next Thursday and Friday.

An Interesting Program Has Been Prepared for the Event.

The closing exercises of the Thief River Falls high school will be held in the Evenson Hall next Thursday and Friday evenings, May 28 and 29th. The following is the program for the two days:

CLASS DAY PROGRAM, THURSDAY, MAY, 28

Music—Orchestra.
Class History—Ida Weeks.
Piano Duet—Misses Lillian Mussey and Gena Granum.
Class Poem—Ernest O'Neill.
Music—High School Chorus.
Class Prophecy—Myrtle Blanchard.
Piano solo—Estelle Robbecke.
Class Will—Esther Kretzschmar.
Music—Orchestra.

FARCE—"A CLASS DAY CONSPIRACY"

Tom Vernon.................Willis Akre
Dick Elliott...............Ernest O'Neill
Mollie Elliott.............Estelle Robbecke
Edith Lewis................Iono Higgins
Mrs. Lee...................Esther Kretzschmar
Music......................Orchestra

COMMENCEMENT PROGRAM, FRIDAY, MAY 29.

Music—Orchestra.
Invocation—Rev. P. E. Ross.
Salutatory—Ida Weeks.
Vocal Solo—Mrs. M. Beckman.
Commencement Address—Hon. J. Adam Bede.
Violin Solo—Prof. C. Halvorsen.
Valedictory—Myrtle Blanchard.
Presentation of Diplomas—President of Board of Education, Lars Backe.
Benediction—Rev. P. E. Ross.
Orchestra.

Bijou Theater.

Shaw and Clyfton announces a complete change of their sketch for the remainder of this week. Clyfton continues popular and she is a singer of more than ordinary ability. Shaw's grotesque make-ups along with the line of conversation indulged in by him and his tall spouse furnishes amusement, a good genuine hearty laugh every minute is what he promises the patrons of the Bijou.

The change in pictures is bright and interesting and the new illustrated song catchy.

A Prize Fight, entitled "The Hoosier Fighter.

Home At Last.

The Cashier.

Pictured melody, "Violette."

Go to Waubun Saturday.

The Thief River Falls ball club goes down to Waubun Saturday and plays the White Earth Indian team. It is the intention to have this club come to Thief River Falls on Sunday and play another game here.

Goes to the Supreme Court.

The case of the city against the Red Lake Falls Milling company has been appealed to the state supreme court and will come up before that body at the October term.

Dr. Newall discovered a horse having glanders up near Newfolden the first of the week. He has reported the matter to the state veterinary, and that gentlemen is expected here in a few days to kill the animal. The state pays one-half the value of the horse.

Perry's Big Guns.

Commodore Perry had not yet electrified a grateful nation with his immortal message, "We have met the enemy, and they are ours." While the battle was in progress the sound of the guns was heard at Cleveland, about sixty miles away in a direct line over the water. The few settlers there were expecting the battle and listened with intense interest. Finally the sounds ceased. They waited for a renewal. None came; the lull was painful. Then they knew the battle was over; but the result—ah, that was the point. One old fellow, who had been lying flat with his ear to the ground, soon settled that point. Springing up, he clapped his hands and shouted: "Thank God! They are whipped! They are whipped!"

"How do you know?" the others inquired.

"Heard the big guns last!"

Perry's guns were the heaviest.

Turning a Tight Screw.

Any one who has attempted to remove a very tight screw knows what a very difficult [illegible] it is. After straining and twisting for a considerable time the operator frequently ends by losing his temper and destroying the [illegible] of the screw, which remains fixed as tightly as ever. With the aid of a pair of pinchers, however, the affair is quite a simple one. Place the screwdriver in position and then catch hold of the blade with the pinchers just above the head of the screw. Press the screwdriver firmly and at the same time twist round the blade with the pinchers. The tightest screw will yield immediately to this sort of persuasion.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1.08
Barley	50
Eggs	14c
Butter	25c

Tom Hovit and family removed to Crookston Monday.

Ben Christionson was down from Greenbush the first of the week.

H. Locken left Tuesday for the western part of North Dakota on a business trip.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Holtien, of the town of Silverton, Sunday.

This section was visited by a severe rain yesterday and a very large amount of water fell in a short time.

Ed Emerson and family leave in a few days for Kalispell, Mont, to spend the summer visiting with the family of Peter Lee.

Found—A grey hound came to my place April 22nd. Owner can have the same by paying for this notice. Chris Strom.

For Sale—A second hand Empire cream seperator, good condition, used only one year. Inquire of Langseth Mercantile company.

Silas Torgerson, of the town of Excel, returned last week from a trip to the Minot country. He is thinking of buying land out there and removing to that section.

Hans Lingball, editor and publisher of the Halstead Advocate, a former resident of this city, was in Thief River Falls the first part of the week visiting old friends.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran congregation meets with Mrs. Carl Gesko next Tuesday and in case of inclement weather, next Wednesday afternoon.

Howard Morgan, of Seattle, Wash., arrived in the city last week to visit Phillip Zeh, Jr. The two were employed by the same company in Seattle for the past few years.

Mrs. Ira C. Richardson returned to this city the first of the week from her trip to Chicago where she had attended the national camp of Royal Neighbors as a delegate from Minnesota.

On account of the Baccalaureate services, which will be conducted at the Synod church next Sunday evening, the services announced for Sunday evening will be postponed. F. J. Soltz.

Services in the Synod church next Sunday at 10:30. In the evening I have been requested by the class of '08 to give the Baccalaureate sermon. Every one is hereby cordially invited. Rev. I. P. Aastad.

Wilhelm Michelet was down to Minneapolis Sunday to attend the 17th of May celebration in that city. Prominent Norwegians from all parts of the United States were present and the celebration was a big affair.

Postmaster Kratka last week measured the distance between the Great Northern depot and the postoffice and found the distance to be 1384½ feet. Where the distance is less than 1320 feet the railroad is obliged to carry the mail, but where it is over that amount the government is supposed to carry the mail.

G. W. Hawes, the traveling freight agent for the Soo line, expects to remove from this city with his family to Alexandria, where he will make his headquarters, about the first of June. In addition to the Wheatline, Mr. Hawes now has the territory between this city and Glendwood and the new location is more convenient for him.

Sunday at 11 A. M. there will be a special service in the Presbyterian church. As it is the Sunday preceeding Decoration Day the music and sermon will be in memory of our country's heroes. Company L will attend in uniform. All veterans of the Civil and Spanish American wars are especially invited to be present seats being insured for them.

For next week at the Bijou the management announces the strongest attractions in the northwest for years. For the first half of the week will be seen Carl Raymond and Miss [illegible]. This team is working through out the northwest presenting their comedy acrobatic singing and dancing act and they report meeting with great success. Mr. Raymond [illegible] a full and half [illegible] in the act which he claims he is the originator of. For the last half of the week we take pleasure in announcing Sherwood and LaBlanche, premier musical entertainers, [illegible] high class [illegible] introducing [illegible] harp, piano and featuring [illegible] by [illegible] harp [illegible] a highly cultured [illegible] vocal [illegible] harp [illegible]. Carl Sherwood is a peerless artist on all his [illegible] instruments and a soloist of reputation.

Dr. Heiber was up to Middle River yesterday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last evening.

Mesdames Christianson and Smith will entertain the ladies of the M. E. church on Friday afternoon, May 22 at the parsonage. Lunch will be served to all for 15 cents. Everybody invited.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian church met at the church Friday afternoon and adopted a new Constitution and By Laws. The following officers were elected: Mrs. D. N. Winton, President; Mrs. Dock of the Aid Dept., Mrs. C. L. Smith of the Social Dept., Mrs. G. E. Smith of Missionary Dept., and Mrs. S. W. Bagley of the Visiting Dept., Vice President; Mrs. B. G. Walker, Secretary and Treas. Mrs. F. H. Gambell. The year promises to be a good one for the society.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 23 lb 1.30
Cookies from 10up
Cocoanut bulk per lb. 18
Prunes California per lb. 10
Apples evaporated per lb. 12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb. 10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for 25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can 15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb. can 25
Lobsters per can 30
Clams Scarboro beach per lb. can 25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle 25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for 25
Mazill fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for 25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for 5

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 115. 3rd St.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on May 6th, 1908.
Date of Call by Supt., May 15 1908.
Date of Report by Bank, May 18, 1908.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$63,152.06
Overdrafts		38.29
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,119.78
Other real Estate		900.00
Due from banks	17,778.06	
Checks and Cash items	121.98	
Cash on Hand, Items below	4,205.81	
Currency	3,760.00	
Gold	[illegible]	
Silver	290.15	
Other	75.70	
Total Cash Assets	22,125.85	22,125.85
Total		93,383.94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$20,000.00
Undivided Profits		1,441.27
Deposits subject to check	38,778.59	
Cashier's Checks	651.56	
Total Immediate Liabilities	39,430.12	
Time Certificates	25,519.59	
Total deposits	65,949.71	65,949.71
Total		93,383.98

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake ss

We, D. B. Bakke, President, and Oscar Sponheim, Asst. Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. D. B. BAKKE, President, OSCAR SPONHEIM, Asst. Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of May 1908. Benard Backen, Notary Public. [SEAL]

My commission expires June, 1st, 1914.

Correct Attest: Two Directors. LARS BAKKE, P. L. VISTAUNET.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on May 6, 1908.
Date of Call by Supt. May 6 1908.
Date of Report by Bank May 18, 1908.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$[illegible]
Overdrafts		[illegible]
Banking house furniture and fixtures		[illegible]
Other real estate		[illegible]
Due from banks	[illegible]	
Checks and Cash Items	[illegible]	
Cash on Hand, Items below	[illegible]	
Currency	[illegible]	
Gold	[illegible]	
Silver	[illegible]	
Other	[illegible]	
Total Cash Assets	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		[illegible]
Surplus fund		[illegible]
Undivided profits, net		[illegible]
Deposits subject to check	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Due to Banks	[illegible]	
Total Immediate liabilities	[illegible]	
Time certificates	[illegible]	
Total deposits	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake ss. [illegible] Vice President and [illegible] Cashier of the above named [illegible] MATH. BARZEN, Vice President. [illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of May 1908. [illegible] Notary Public. [illegible]

Correct Attest: CHARLES A. ROWEN(?) [illegible] O. N. SWEN[illegible]

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

[illegible]

May [illegible] R. J. M[illegible] Register.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

EDWARD'S VISIT TO SWEDEN

Another Evidence of the Kindly Relations Which Exist Between England and the Scandinavian Countries.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Count Herman Wrangel, Sweden's minister to London, arrived at Stockholm Easter Day and upon being interviewed by a Stockholm correspondent made the following statement regarding King Edward and Queen Alexandra's visit to Stockholm: "This visit of King Edward's to Sweden is only another evidence of the kindly relations which exist between Sweden and England and the high regard that the British ruler has for the Scandinavian countries as a whole. It is noteworthy that King Edward pays a visit to King Gustaf at this time, for in reality it is King Gustaf who should pay a visit to King Edward instead, as the former has but recently been proclaimed king of his country. Such a departure from royal etiquotte only goes to show that the British ruler wanted to emphasize the fact that he is Sweden friend and further show by his presence the high regard in which he holds not only our ruler, but our people. I know only too well that stories have been circulated about the country to the effect that King Edward has taken a stand relative to political affairs in the northern countries that is by no means favorable to Sweden, but that rumor bears no foundation whatsoever. What King Edward wants is peace. He desires peace in the northern peninsula and in its environs as well and in this respect his visit to Scandinavian has a deep and important significance. The British ruler is a shrewd diplomat, but his diplomacy is all in favor of peace and that is why the whole world respects King Edward today. His visit to Sweden at this time is therefore very fortunate for all concerned, and whenever it is a question of peace our country always loves to be in the front rank."

King Edward and Queen Alexandra returned to London a week ago last Monday after visiting Sweden, Norway and Denmark. Their visit to these countries had a great political significance. The Stockholm's Aftonblad says regarding their visit to Sweden: "King Edward and Queen Alexandra arrived from Copenhagen with the royal extra April 26 at 1 p. m. At the Central station they were greeted by King Gustaf and the other members of the royal family and members of the diplomatic corps, the king's band, etc. The royal pair were driven from the Central station to the royal palace, where a reception was held in their honor. In the evening a banquet was given in honor of the distinguished visitors to which 250 persons were invited. The affair was an elaborate one. The following day the two rulers were closeted for more than two hours, but nothing official has been given out regarding the interview. In the evening the royal pair departed for Christiania."

According to latest dispatches, Count Carl Axel Wachtmeister, Swedish consul general in Cairo, Egypt, will succeed Herman Lagerkrantz as Sweden's envoy at Washington, D. C. Mr. Lagerkrantz's short term has surprised a good many Swedish-Americans, who were through him given to believe that there was a great movement on foot in America on the part of Sweden to induce Swedish-Americans to return to their native land. It appears that this movement proved to be a flatfooted failure and there are many who think that this had not a little to do with the change of envoys in Washington.

Automobile owners in Stockholm will hereafter have to be very careful about speeding. The authorities are after them hard and such stringent laws have been passed by the city council that they can now move over the city's thoroughfares at no greater speed than the cabbies and are governed in the main by the same regulations that appertain to them. Several accidents were reported recently and the city council took a hold of the matter in earnest and it is a well known fact that the city fathers of the capital city never do things by halves.

The dairy industry of Sweden is forging ahead at a rapid rate. No less than 132 co-operative companies were incorporated in the country during the year of 1907, and their combined capital stock was $2,[illegible]. If the industry keeps on progressing at that rate Sweden will soon be able to compete with Denmark in this respect.

It is learned that King Gustaf will pay a visit to Berlin during the latter part of this month. He will stop at Paris and may go to London on the same trip. It is stated that the new king is very fond of traveling and that he will be absent from Stockholm a great deal of the time this year.

Forty farmers from Altenburg, Germany, are on their way to southern Sweden, where they will study the methods of Swedish farmers. At a later date, we understand, a number of Polish farmers are going to visit Sweden for similar purposes.

The International Life Saving society will hold their congress in Frankfurt-am-Main in the near future and Sweden's representative on this occasion will be John May, who is assistant director of the Swedish hospital army corps.

Professor Carl Cederstrom, of the Academy of Liberal Arts, urges that the Karl X. statue be erected directly in front of the Nordiska museum and that the same model be used as the one in Helsingborg, Gothenburg and Bremen.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

It would seem after all that there may be some truth in the reports that there are a few Norwegian-Americans who are returning to the old fatherland to settle down for the remainder of their lives, but we still maintain that they are few. A newspaper report from Farsund says that on account of the poor times in America many Norwegian-Americans are returning to settle down for good. They bring money with them and have been buying land in the vicinity of Farsund, so that there has been a great activity in real estate deals in that quarter. Needless to say the inhabitants are jubilant. The aforesaid may be as it may, but it was not long ago, that the representative, Colonel Magnus, whom the government sent to America to induce Norwegian-Americans to return, admitted that such a plan was futile and that nothing could be accomplished in that direction.

A London dispatch says: "London has probably seen the last of Dr. Nansen as King Haakon's representative in this country. The distinguished explorer left recently for Norway, and his retirement from the ranks of diplomacy is definitely decided on. It has been known for some time past that he intended to resign office as soon as a convenient opportunity offered, and at the end of last year mention was made of his probable successor. No one has as yet been selected to take Dr. Nansen's place as Norwegian minister in London, and all reports on the subject are entirely premature. Norway is still new to her position as a kingdom separated from Sweden, and has not a large supply of trained diplomats." Norwegian papers state that Minister von Ditten, at Berlin, may possibly be selected as Nansen's successor.

The socialists are exceedingly active and so active have they become that the peasants of Telemarken have organized for the protection of their interests against the socialists, who have been working every strong in that section of the country lately. The socialists have succeeded in controlling a number of the precincts or parishes in the elections recently. The socialists, who are all laborers, have been well organized, thus having the advantage over the peasants, and it is to even up matters that the latter are now perfecting an organization. The peasants of Telemarken have joined the "Norse Landowners' League," which is a national organization.

Bishop Anton Christian Bang, primate of the Church of Norway, is at present in America and participated in the May 17th celebration in Minneapolis, where he delivered an address at the unveiling of a monument erected in memory of Henrik Wergeland, the Norwegian patriot. Ove Gude, the newly appointed minister to Washington was also present on this occasion and delivered an address. Bishop Bang came to this country as the personal representative of Carl Berner, president of the Normand's Forbundet in Norway.

The opposition against Henrik Lund's Michelsen portrait painting is so strong among Norwegian artists that it is feared that other arrangements will have to be made and that another artist may have to be appointed to paint another picture of the distinguished premier. Lund is a son of Major Lund, of Bergen, and a brother of Madame Signe Lund-Robart, of Chicago.

The committee on defenses proposes that the term of military service be extended from sixteen to twenty years. No change is proposed in the law which provides that in case of a foreign invasion able-bodied men between the age of eighteen and fifty years must carry arms.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

There appears to be a marked decrease in the manufacture of sugar in Denmark during the last year or more. In 1906, Denmark manufactured 132,[illegible] pounds of sugar, but in 1907 it decreased to 105,300,000 pounds. Manufacturers generally are at a loss to account for this falling off in the sugar industry. The amount of beer produced in 1907 was 751,[illegible] barrels, a decrease of 1,[illegible] from the preceding year. The production of oleomargarine was [illegible] pounds as against 47,[illegible] pounds in 1906—an astonishing increase, due principally to the high price of butter and the growing taste among Danish people for this article.

During the fiscal year ending April 1, 1908, the duty on imports amounted to 51,410,000 crowns. This a larger sum than was ever before collected, the record during the last three years being as follows: The year ending April 1, 1905, 47,[illegible] crowns; April 1, 1906, 48,[illegible] crowns; April 1, 1907, 52,[illegible] crowns.

The proposition to revise the tariff was adopted by the folketing a week ago last Monday. All protective tariffs will be reduced from 15 to 20 per cent.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Following the application of Captain Francis B. Hart for a rehearing of the charges on which he was suspended from practice in the state courts for a period of six months the state board of examiners in law has made petition to the court for amendment of its findings that accompanied the order for suspension. The portion of the decision to which objection is made by the law examiners is the paragraph in which the special court takes the position that after a case has been decided in court an attorney who has been connected with the case may criticise the court's action to any extent, provided he does not libel the judges.

The state tax commission has denied the application of the United States Steel corporation and the independent iron mining companies for abatement on the assessments of their properties aggregating about $45,000,000. The applications were submitted to the tax commission after their allowance had been approved by the county commissioners of the counties in which the properties are located, but after fully considering the matter the commission turned them down.

Ove Gude, minister from Norway to the United States, and Bishop Anton Christian Bang, primate of the Church of Norway, were the principal speakers at the Norwegian celebration at St. Paul in commemoration of Norway's independence day, May 17.

The Koochiching county commissioners have completed arrangements for the building of a courthouse at International Falls, which is to cost approximately $88,000. It will be modern in every particular.

Minnesota suffered humiliating defeat at the hands of Iowa when athletic teams representing both universities clashed in the first dual meet of the season at Northrop field, Minneapolis.

The fifth annual state teachers' training school will be held in Bemidji beginning Monday, June 22, and will be continued for six weeks.

Mrs. Lina M. Collins of St. Paul has been elected supreme oracle of the Royal Neighbors of America.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Frank Hill Ludwig, assistant cashier for the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, is dead in Minneapolis, the first victim of baseball in 1908. He died in Asbury hospital, where he was taken following injuries received while playing on May 7 with some friends. He was accidentally struck in the abdomen with a bat and peritonitis set in. He rapidly became worse and an operation failed to save his life.

The first fatality due to the new street railway at Mankato occurred last week. William Russell, a drayman, was crossing the track unmindful of the approaching car and was too deaf to hear the signals. The car bumped the dray before it could be stopped and he was thrown off to the pavement, striking on his face. He died later in the hospital without regaining consciousness.

Weary of life's struggle Mrs. Anna Sadenwater of Minneapolis, sixty years old, wrote a note to her daughter, Mrs. L. E. Carr, with whom she resided, and then went into the kitchen, where she opened all the burners in the gas range. Her daughter found the dead body when she returned from a visit to friends several hours later.

The house of Jacob Afholter near Belle Plaine was destroyed by fire at night. Mr. and Mrs. Afholter were in bed when the fire started and knew nothing about it until their son, who had been to town, came home late. The boy rescued his parents from the upper story.

Peter Milkowski, sixty-four years old, while seated on the ridgepole of his house at Winona shingling the roof, succumbed to paralysis of the heart and fell to the ground. He was killed instantly. Milkowski was one of the earliest Polish pioneers in Winona.

Unrolling a piece of wire fencing Charles Doward, an employe of the Crowley Fence company of Minneapolis, backed into a broken electric wire carrying a tremendous voltage and was instantly killed.

OBITUARY.

W. Gilbert Scott, one of the leading citizens of Olmsted county, is dead at Rochester. Mr. Scott started the movement in this state which resulted in the organization of the American Society of Equity. He was the most prominent "booster" in the county and at the time of his death was helping the "Dan Patch" people secure the right of way through the county.

While waiting in Minneapolis for a train to his home in Monticello Judge James C. Tarbox, a prominent jurist and politician, suffered a fatal stroke of apoplexy. The police ambulance was rushed to the Union depot and the stricken judge hurried to the city hospital, but death resulted almost immediately.

Thomas Cochran, for many years a member of the Minneapolis fire department and at one time captain of the Central station, is dead.

J. A. Felthous, a prominent land dealer of St. Paul, is dead, aged fifty-three.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

In the house of representatives General Sherwood (Dem., O.) bitterly attacked his colleague, General Keifer (Rep.) of the same state, in reply to a speech by the latter. He declared that Mr. Keifer's speech had been inspired by jealousy and charged that twenty-five years ago Keifer had left the house of representatives under a cloud.

The senate committee on finance has voted unanimously to report the bill already passed by the house providing for the permanent restoration of the words "In God we trust" to gold and silver coins of the United States. The motto was taken off the coins by order of the president.

The Vreeland currency bill, agreed upon by the Republican caucus, was put through the house under a special rule by a vote of 184 to 145. Fifteen so-called insurgents of the majority party voted with the Democrats, who went on record solidly against the measure.

Senator Foraker has abandoned his effort to secure consideration at this session of his bill reinstating the negro troops who were discharged from service on account of the Brownsville riot and the bill was made a special order for Dec. 16 next.

The Aldrich currency bill was substituted for the Vreeland house bill in the senate and the transfer took but little longer than was required in the calling of the roll. The effect is to throw both the senate and house bills into conference.

Senator Aldrich reported from the committee on finance a resolution authorizing the committee to secure certain assistance in pursuing tariff investigations and it was adopted by the senate without debate.

The great sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying a total of about $120,000,000, was passed by the senate. This is the last of the large supply bills.

The senate, on motion of Senator Carter, voted to make the postal savings bank bill a special order for Dec. 14.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

There was a further increase of idle freight cars in the United States and Canada on April 29 over the previous high record established two weeks earlier. According to the report of the American Railway association there were 413,338 idle cars, an increase of 37,714 over April 15.

Dr. Amos T. Baker, superintendent of the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan, testified in the Thaw habeas corpus proceedings that in his opinion Thaw is insane. Dr. Baker said that in his opinion it would be dangerous to public safety to have Thaw go at large.

The right of President Roosevelt summarily to dismiss a negro soldier of the Twenty-fifth infantry for alleged participation in the riot at Brownsville, Tex., was sustained by Judge Hough in the United States district court in New York city.

The Reserve Trust company of Cleveland has made an assignment to the Superior Savings and Trust company. The liabilities of the concern are about $2,700,000. Inability to realize on outstanding loans is said to have precipitated the failure.

Truck Drivers May Strike.

Chicago, May 18.—A strike of 5,000 truck drivers was authorized at a meeting of the union here, because of the refusal of team owners to grant an increase of $1.50 a week. A committee was instructed to make another effort to induce the owners to grant the increase before the strike order becomes effective.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 18.—Wheat—May, $1.05; July, $1.01⅝@1.01¾; Sept., 90⅝@90⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.08⅜@1.08¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅛@1.06⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅞@1.01⅞; No. 3 Northern, 98c@$1.01⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 18.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—$5.30@5.40. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.25; good to choice lambs, $6.00@6.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 18.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅝; May, $1.03⅝; July, $1.03⅝; Sept., 91c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.20¾; May, $1.20¼; July, $1.21¼; Sept., $1.2[illegible]; Oct., $1.20½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.75@7.25; Texans, $4.65@5.60; Western cattle, $4.50@6.00; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]@5.55; cows and heifers, $[illegible]@5.85; calves, $4.75@6.25. Hogs—Light, $5.20@5.45; mixed, $5.2[illegible]@5.50; heavy, $5.1[illegible]@5.50; rough, $5.1[illegible]@5.25; good to choice heavy, $5.2[illegible]@[illegible]; pigs, $4.40@5.20. Sheep, $4.[illegible]@5.85; yearlings, $5.50@6.55; lambs, $5.[illegible]@7.40.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 18.—Wheat—May, $1.0[illegible]; July, 89[illegible]c; Sept., 85⅞@86c; Dec., [illegible]. Corn—May, 76c; July, [illegible]c; Sept., 67⅝@[illegible]c; Dec., [illegible]. Oats—May, old, 54[illegible]c; May, [illegible]c; July, old, [illegible]@46[illegible]c; July, 45[illegible]c; Sept., [illegible]. Pork—May, $13.25; July, $13[illegible]; Sept., $13.77½. Butter—Creameries, [illegible]; dairies, [illegible]@19c. Eggs—[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 12½c; broilers, per dozen, $2.[illegible].

FOREST FIRES STILL RAGE

Wanton Negligence Cause of Much Destruction by Flames.

The forest fires which have been burning in the vicinity of Bemidji for several days were stopped to a great extent by a shower of rain, but the rainfall was not heavy enough entirely to extinguish the flames and it is possible that much damage will be done before the fires are entirely stopped.

Considerable complaint has been made concerning the carelessness of people who set fires in the vicinity of timber. It is said that there are several instances where there has been wanton negligence in the matter of extinguishing fires which, when left, were but small affairs and which later destroyed much standing timber.

WAREHOUSE DESTROYED.

Fire at Minneapolis Causes Heavy Loss to Property.

Fire at Minneapolis completely destroyed the Central warehouse, together with its contents. The probable loss on the structure, a four-story brick building, and contents, will be in exces of $100,000.

Soon after the flames were discovered the entire building was a mass of flames.

The fire was one of the most spectacular seen in Minneapolis in many months.

FOUND IN A CEMETERY.

Body of a Murdered Baby Located in St. Paul.

Clad in swaddling clothes, with a lady's silk necktie drawn tightly around its neck, the body of an infant was found by James Schwartz of St. Paul in the family lot he owns in Calvary cemetery. Death evidently was due to strangulation and the body was placed in another's grave in an attempt to hide all traces of the crime. It had been there for months from all appearances.

Nomination Will Fail.

The nomination of Milton D. Purdy of Minneapolis to be judge of the United States district court of Minnesota, succeeding Judge Lochren, resigned, will not be confirmed by the senate during the present session. The judiciary committee held its last meeting Monday, unless the session shall be prolonged beyond Saturday, and the nomination was not reported out. No opportunity will be given for the committee to act in the few remaining days. It is the intention of Senator Nelson to allow the nomination to fail for want of confirmation.

Knights of Columbus Meet.

The Knights of Columbus of the state met at Duluth, elected officers and delegates to the national convention at St. Louis and concluded their gathering with musical and dancing parties in Elks' hall. J. H. Nightingale of Minneapolis was elected state deputy and the following other state officers were re-elected: E. F. Kelly of Faribault, state secretary; James E. Hickey of Mankato, state treasurer; L. E. Gossman of Crookston, state advocate; L. F. Kennedy of Minneapolis, state warden.

Police Charge Noisy Students.

Because Hamline university won a baseball game from St. Olaf college at Northfield students of the former institution started to celebrate in true college fashion. At least 300 circled around a huge bonfire on the university campus and only dispersed when a number of mounted and regular policemen charged upon them. Several students were arrested, but later released on promise to "be good."

School Principal Drowned.

A. E. Anderson, principal of Moose Lake schools, was drowned in Kettle river near Sandstone. Professor Anderson and Walford Westholm started from Moose Lake to go to Sandstone in a small boat via the Moose Horn and Kettle rivers. Their boat was upset in the rapids near Sandstone. Professor Anderson sank and was not seen to rise. Mr. Westholm succeeded in getting to the shore.

Train Kills Grading Foreman.

Ole Anderson, a foreman for Westerdahl & Carlson, railroad contractors, working on the Twin City and Lake Superior railroad near Sunrise, was accidentally killed. While he was running a train of loaded dump cars down grade the brake on the car upon which he was standing broke and in attempting to stop the train he fell in front of the cars and the train of seven cars ran over him.

Postmaster Accidentally Killed.

Thomas A. Bury, postmaster at Two Harbors and for years an honored and highly respected citizen, killed himself at his home in that city. It was thought at first that he had committed suicide, but Coroner [illegible] held an inquest and a verdict of accidental death was rendered. Mr. Bury was once a member of the legislature from the Fifty-first district.

Conditional Gift of $75,000.

Macalester college, located in the Twin City Midway district, has received a pledge of $75,000 from the General Educational board. The pledge is made upon condition that the endowment and building fund of the college, including recent additions and pledges and this new pledge, is brought up to $400,000 within a prescribed time.

SOLID FOR JOHNSON

Minnesota Delegation to Denver Instructed for Governor.

BRYAN MEN OUTNUMBERED

Could Not Even Obtain a Declaration in Favor of Their Favorite for Second Choice.

The Democrats of Minnesota, in convention at St. Paul, formally endorsed Governor J. A. Johnson as a presidential candidate and at the same time by a vote of 772 to 166 refused to declare in favor of William J. Bryan as a second choice.

The followers of Mr. Bryan did not carry out the threat which they had so often made during the past few days—that they would bolt and hold a rump convention if their contests were defeated before the committee on credentials, or if they were not able to secure a partial endorsement of their leader. They made a sturdy fight for their man and when they had been overwhelmingly defeated remained quietly in their seats and made no motion to leave.

The Johnson men were generous in their victory and declared in their platform that while they entertained "an affection for, and confidence in, the integrity and ability of William J. Bryan," they believed that Johnson was a man better calculated to bring success to the Democratic party and was first entitled to the support of Minnesota.

The Bryan men did not make as great a fight before the committee on credentials as they had declared they were prepared to make. They did not seriously contest the vote of Hennepin county, which for some days they confidently asserted must be given to them if they were to remain in the convention. They were awarded the delegation from Itasca county and one-half the vote of Cottonwood county, or eleven and one-half votes in all.

Other Contests Against Them.

In all other of the contests which they had declared they would make they either did not appear or were defeated. It was a foregone conclusion that this would be the result and they reserved their strength for a fight on the floor of the convention in favor of having Bryan declared the sole heir to the vote of Minnesota in the event of any political disaster overtaking Johnson in the Denver convention. Two of the nineteen members of the resolutions committee presented a platform plank to this effect, which they asked be made "an addition" to the platform. They did not move that it be substituted for the majority report, but Chairman Works declared that he would consider the minority report as an amendment and the defeat of the Bryan faction came about on the motion to substitute the minority report for that of the majority.

Leaving all political questions aside the convention was throughout a flattering tribute to Governor Johnson. The enthusiasm for him was unbounded and sincere. Every mention of his name was instantly followed by a wild yell of delight and the final adoption of the platform formally endorsing him and instructing Minnesota to fight for him at Denver was followed by a demonstration of enthusiastic loyalty of which any man might feel proud.

The following delegates at large were chosen: W. S. Hammond, St. James; Frank A. Day, Fairmont; F. G. Winston, Minneapolis; Swan Turnblad, Minneapolis; Daniel W. Lawler, St. Paul; T. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; Martin O'Brien, Crookston; A. C. Weiss, Duluth.

STATE BRINGS SUIT.

Minnesota Seeks to Recover Certain Oil Inspection Fees.

Suit has been started in the Ramsey county district court at St. Paul by the state legal department against F. G. Warner, former state oil inspector, to recover $12,891.85 alleged to be due the state as the result of an investigation of the accounts of that office during his incumbency. No action has been started against J. A. McDermott, who succeeded Mr. Warner in the office and against whom the state has a claim of $4,705.20 for an alleged shortage in his accounts.

Assurances have been received from Mr. McDermott and his friends that the amount claimed will be made good as soon as the money can be raised and they have been given a few days to make the payment. Mr. Warner, however, denies that he is indebted to the state and the action is brought to have the matter settled.

Two Sisters Injured.

Crashing into a large plate glass window while running at full speed Gracie Walker of St. Paul, fourteen years of age, was perhaps fatally cut by falling glass. Her sister Lulu, twelve years old, was also badly cut about the arms and shoulders. The children were playing tag.

Deaf and Dumb Man Killed.

Henry Olsen, a deaf and dumb inmate of the insane hospital at Fergus Falls, was struck by an eastbound coast train on the Great Northern and instantly killed. Olsen was out for a walk and strolled on to the tracks. His home was in McIntosh.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Minnesota Democrats did the proper thing last week by instructing for Gov. Johnson for president. Bryan, however, is the real choice of the Democrats throughout the nation and will be nominated on the first ballot at Denver.

Henry Funkley, county attorney of Beltrami county, last week announced that he would be a candidate for the legislature from this district. This makes three now in the field seeking this office, the other two being Jens J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, and H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire. It is probable that there will be another from Red Lake county.

The population of the world is roughly estimated to be 1,600,000 000 at the present time. This looks like a lange number, but some one fond of mathematics has figured out that all these people may be placed in any county of any state in this union, having 400 square miles. One-fourth of Marshall County would hold all the people of the world and the remaining three-fourths could raise potatoes enough to feed them. No danger of over-population yet for a few years.—Warren Register.

It will surprise a good many to know that by August 1st the state of Minnesota and her counties will be excavating twice as much earth as the U. S. government on the Panama canal. At this date, there will be 50 dredges at work on projects within the state, each averaging 35,000 yds a month. There are now 29 dredges on county work and 17 on state work. May 1st the state let contracts for 572,000 yds in Steele county, 212,000 in Nicollet county and 523,000 in Kandiyohi county; and on May 15th, the state will let contracts for 394,000 yards in Itasca county; and now we ask where does Marshall county come in?—Middle River Pioneer.

Northwestern Agriculturist.—It pays to advertise the community in which you live. It pays to advertise your creamery, your co operative elevator, your flouring mill, your canning factory, in fact everything that makes your community a better place in which to live and at the same time makes your real estate more valuable. Merchants and many other business men in many of the towns in the Northwest are making a united effort to boom their particular town. Booster clubs are being organized quite generally. Farmers in the vicinity of those towns should appreciate the fact that their interests are indentical with those of the business men. Join the boosters' club and boost.

While testifying last week in the investigation the authorities are making into the affairs of the New York City street railways lines, Thomas Ryan, the capitalist and railway magnate, stated that 95 per cent of all railway stocks are pure water and do not represent a penny of invested capital. Ryan ought to know but it matters little even if his estimate is too high. The fact remains that railroad capitalization in this country is out of all proportion to the cash investment and the people of the country are paying freight and passenger rates that are high enough to net a handsome profit on this bogus capital. The Great Northern company for instance has a total capital of $329,000,000 and its income based on the rates it charges is such that the dividends it pays have put its stock away above par. Still, the company is able to oppose the commodity freight rate law on the ground that the slight reduction in rates means confiscation.—Long Prairie Leader.

TWO NEGLECTED OFFICES.

The Madison Independent Press is marveling at the manner in which the people of this state lay great stress upon the office of governor, and overlook other offices of vastly more importance to the people. Among these more important offices it mentions those of lieutenant governor and speaker of the house.

The Independent Press is right. Altogether too little attention has been paid in this state to the importance of these two offices. In the average state convention, when the nomination for governor has been made, the excitement is over. Yet the next place to be filled, that of lieutenant governor, is given not only to a man who may, through the accidents of death, removal or promotion to a United States senatorship of the governor, succeed to the chief executive office, but, more important still, who is the presiding officer of the state senate, as the speaker is the presiding officer of the house.

It is not through possession of a majority in either or both branches of the legislature that the corporations have controlled legislation in most states, but through possession of the presiding officers.

The lieutenant governor and the speaker of the house appoint the committees in their respective branches. Here lies the secret.

The people have neglected these two offices, and, speaking generally and without reference to any particular legislative session—all are a good deal alike in that respect—the railroads and other corporations have taken advantage of this public negligence by getting men friendly to them into these positions.

Thus it works out this way: A certain law is needed by the people to protect them from the oppression of a corporation. A member of the legislature introduces a bill, and it is referred—by the lieutenant governor in the senate and by the speaker in the house—to a committee. Its fate now depends upon the make-up of the committee. If it is clear of corporation entanglements and wholly devoted to the people, the measure will be considered on its merits, and reported back to the house or senate within a reasonable time with a recommendation that it pass. If, on the other hand, that committee is composed chiefly of men friendly to the corporation interested, its fate will be otherwise. It will remain in the committee indefinitely, until after the session is over unless its friends secure an order from the legislature calling it back. The committee has great opportunities for delay and obstruction. It can hold many hearings, prolonging them until late in the session. It can put forth excuse after excuse for failure to report. It can, as a last resort, slip into the bill an amendment that will make it useless if it becomes a law. Power rests with the chairman of the committee to refuse to call meetings and to see to it that there is no quorum when meetings are unavoidable; chairmen have even been known to hide away or lose bills that they were particularly anxious to defeat.

In the legislative process, therefore, much depends upon the make-up of the committees, and it is the lieutenant governor and the speaker that form them. There is need of greater public attention to the filling of these places—Duluth Herald.

Forest Planting on the Northern Prairies.

Nowhere in the United States, perhaps, is the need of forest planting greater than on the prairies of Minnesota and the Dakotas, and nowhere is it more profitable for commercial returns. Protection from wind and storm is essential for the well being of the family, the stock, and the orchard. Indeed, in many cases it is the presence and shelter of belts of trees about the farm buildings, with their continuous supplies of fuel, that mark the distinction between the comfortable home and *the one wherein comfort is lacking.* Owners estimate the value of good groves, on an average, at $1,000 an acre, on the basis that their property, if placed upon the market, would be increased to that extent by the trees. Bankers and land agents take special note of thrifty groves, for they have learned that buyers are ready to pay for the protection and comfort of a grove. The effectiveness of a grove as a windbreak is determined largely by the number and kinds of trees planted and their relative positions.

When planting for direct profit is contemplated, inquiry becomes necessary into (1) the market, (2) the cost of production, and (3) the species planted. As a result of the absence of natural supplies, posts poles, and fuel wood are shipped into this region from northern Minnesota at a freight rate of 10 cents a hundredweight, or about $3.50 a cord. This, with the original selling price up to from $7 to $11 a cord.

The value of the land is the largest item in the cost of producing a wood crop. Although the best soil will produce timber most rapidly, yet rough, sandy, or occasionally overflowed situations can also usually be utilized. In selecting a tree for commercial planting its hardiness in the climate and situation is most important. After that rapidity of growth and the quality of the wood, especially its suitability to serve local demands, are considered.

Cottonwood and white willow are profitable on deep porous soils of the river valleys. Seven cottonwood groves yielded in lumber and fuel an average annual net return per acre of $10.67, while eight groves of white willow gave products of posts and fuel equal to an average annual net return of $24 per acre. European larch and Scotch pine produce, respectively, an annual net return per acre of $11.93 and $13.35 when planted on upland, and would do even better in the river valleys. White spruce, Norway spruce, and western yellow pine are also adapted for planting for windbreak purposes. In species for park, lawn, and roadside planting, symmetry and gracefulness are important considerations.

Cuttings are usually used in establishing a plantation of willow or cottonwood. The expense is little or nothing. Seedlings of broadleaf trees are easily procured. Unfortunately, coniferous stock is expensive. Considering, however, their high protective value in winter, and their ability to resist drought, heat, cold, storm, and snow pressure, and the quality of wood produced, conifers have proved more desirable for permanent plantations than broadleafs.

The foregoing facts and other information and directions about planting are contained in a publication entitled "Forest Planting on the Northern Prairies," recently issued by the Forest Service. This publication can be had free upon application to the Forester at Washington.

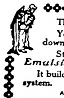

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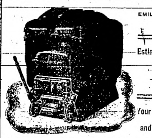

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Phone 111. Main Ave.

Joe Giller, who will open up the new store in O. H. Nelson's building, on LaBree avenue, left for Chicago May 5th, to purchase his complete new stock of clothing and dry goods. His opening will be the first part of June.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

MILLINERY
the latest
the best
the cheapest
at
CALDWELL'S.
North LaBree
Avenue, opposite
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Western.

FOR AGENTS. . . A BOOKSIN.

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"

— BY —

WM JENNINGS BRYAN

576 Imperial Octavo Pages. 251 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Col Bryan.

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. Greatest book of travel ever written. Most successful book of this generation. 41,000 called for in 4 months. Write us for sample reports of first 100 agents employed. The people buy it eagerly. The agent's harvest.

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If your head aches
your eyes ache,
your eyes water,
your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
your glasses don't fit
you need new glasses

CONSULT ME.

I will examine your eyes free.

F. J. Stebbins.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Mrs. D. E. RATHMANN,
Art of Piano Playing
Wassen Building . . Main Ave.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G.A. Pouney, dentist, Evenson blk.

M. V. Evenson was up to Middle River last week.

For snaps in city property, see Hager, the land man.

I. L. Erickson was up to Greenbush last Saturday.

H. J. Kjos was up to Greenbush to spend Sunday.

Fred Lufkin was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

W. C. Addy, of Strandquist, was in the city last week.

C. M. Evenson was up to Middle River last Saturday.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

The new uniforms for our state militia arrived last week.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Remmem's livery barn.

The Misses Pattersons, of St. Hilaire, were in the city last Saturday.

H. P. Sponheim was over to his farm in Trail county, N. D., last week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Editor Bakke, of the Newfolden Review, was in the city to spend Sunday.

P. W. Mabey was down to Lake City the first of the week to visit his parents.

Joseph J. Crowe was up to Orleans last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. W. E. Baker returned to this city last Friday from a trip to Minneapolis.

Dr. Mellby was called to New Richland last Friday by the sudden death of his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Eve report the arrival of another baby boy at their Dakota home. This completes the base ball nine all born in succession.—Sunbeam.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Ashland, Wis, last week attending to some legal business.

W. E. McGregor and H. E. Boen were up from St. Hilaire last Friday evening to attend the dance.

Arnold Bjerkhoel and wife were over from Kennedy to spend Sunday with Mr. Bjerkhoel's parents.

Contractor Fasel left for Greenbush Monday to look after the work of erecting a new bank building.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

John Stach, of Wolverton, arrived here last Saturday to visit his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

The fire department was called out last Friday at noon by the burning out of a chimney in the Langseth Mercantile company's store.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

If you have express to go either north or south, phone the Great Northern depot and we will call for it at your place of business.

Fred Lufkin purchased a four seated automobile of a Crookston party the first of the week. He expects to have the machine here in a few days.

J. R. Johnson and John Hincoch, surveyers for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, returned to this city last week to again take up their positions here.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney and a prominent Marshall county Democrat, was in the city last week, being enroute home from the state convention.

Olaf Ramstad was out to the town of Star last week. He reports that the crops on the eleven towns are looking exceedingly fine and predicts that they will have a large crop this year.

Peter Hedeen was in from Kratka township on Tuesday evening to meet his family who arrived on the evening train from Alexandria to make their future home up here.—Plummer Pioneer.

P. P. Hamre received a letter from Mayor T. P. Hamre who is at Hot Springs, Ark., for the benefit of his health, last week. Mr. Hamre is getting along nicely and expects to return to Thief River Falls about the first of June.

The creamery at Highlanding opened for business last week and the first butter was churned on Saturday. There will be one reason to believe that this creamery will be one of the best in this section in time. Wm. Lauretzon, one of the best butter makers in this section of the state, is in charge of the institute.

Melvin Evenson leaves for St. Louis in a short time to resume his duties with the U. S. government surveyors. He will be in E. L. McNair's party and will go all over the United States doing odd jobs of surveying for the government. Mr. McNair was one of the surveyors in charge of a crew that worked on the Red Lake reservation last summer.

Red Lake Falls is soon to enjoy the luxuries of a Bijou theatre, the opening attraction to be given next Monday evening, May 18th. H. J. Johnson, of Crookston, has made arrangements with *Manager Wander* for the use of the opera house for the coming season and will furnish us with entertainments every Monday and Tuesday nights so long as the patronage warrants his coming.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The wide area over which fires have swept this spring will have an appreciable effect on the blueberry crop this year, according to the staements of settlers living in the Red Lake country. Much of the blueberry area has been burned over and the plants have been level with the ground. The vines have not been killed, but they will not grow and bear fruit this season. The blueberry crop is an important one to that section and the loss of the berries will be keenly felt in many quarters.

Harold J. Sanders has been heard from at Flat Head Lake, Mont., where he has finally decided to locate. He has been in California and other states but says he likes the Flat Head Reservation best of all. This reservation will be open for settlement in June and he has been offered a bonus to start a paper in one of the proposed new towns. His newspaper outfit is at Greenbush and he will no doubt order it shipped west at an early date.—Badger Herald.

Dr. Newall was up to Middle River last week.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River last week.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Lost—A gold bracelet. Finder please return to the News office.

Prof. Albert Hegstrom, of Kennedy, was in the city last week.

Wanted—Two girls to wait upon the table at the Ogema Hotel, Ogema, Minn. Good wages.

One 7 room furnished house to rent from June 1st till September 1st. $15 a month. A. A. Hall.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

Mr. and Mrs. John Forder and daughter arrived here last week from California to visit at the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder and Mr. and Mrs. Emil Zeh.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th. Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county, spent Monday in the city interviewing the voters. He reports that he is pleased with his prospects.

A NEW AGENT

Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company Has One Here.

Edward T. Noonan and wife arrived in the city last week and will make this city their home in the future. Mr. Noonan is to be the general agent of the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company and his territory corners the northwestern part of the state.

The mutual is a company that every citizen in the state carrying insurance should give a preference. It does not take the money it collects in premiums down to Wall street, as do the other large insurance companies, and loan its surplus to the stock gamblers, but it is helping to build up this section of the state by loaning its money on farm lands at a reasonable rate of interest, thereby giving its policy holders the best of security and the farmers a cheap rate of interest. Business men and others of this section of the state, who are thinking of taking out life insurance, should remember these facts.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending May, 16, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Engenstad, Miss Sophee
Hiesler, Jno.
Johnson, Alfred M.....2
Johnson, Henry
Kirk, Mrs. Chas. E.
Lunde, S.
Nelson, Miss Annie
Nelson, And.
Roadmen E. J.
Thorson, P. H.
Mats. Ida

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Will Be Here This Week.

J. P. Mead, who has charge of the drainage survey for the Red Lake Indian lands in Minnesota, is expected to arrive here this week from Washington to resume his duties in this section. The government will have but one party of surveyors in the field this year and it is expected that the work will be completed by fall, and a complete drainage survey of all the Chippewa lands made.

Give Valuable Pointers.

The special car of the International Correspondence school which gives instructions in air brakes and steam to rail road men arrived here last week and will remain until Friday of this week when the car leaves for Kenmare, N. D. Free demonstrations are given to the railroad employes which prove very instructive.

Memorial Day Exercises.

A number of old soldiers, business men and militia men met in the office of Attorney Michelet last evening for the purpose of arranging a suitable program for Memorial day exercises. A committee was appointed to have charge of the affair and the day will be properly celebrated.

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

Special May SALE

On Monday morning, May 18th, we commenced our third special sale for the purpose of reducing our stock in certain lines.

This sale will last 6 days and close Saturday. May 23rd.

Don't miss this sale, goods and prices will talk for themselves.

The lines offered at special prices are ladies shirt waists, summer jackets and skirts, children's wash suits, men's, boy's, and chileren's suits and some special lots of shoes.

Our store is now packed with up-to-date goods at prices that defy competition.

For particulars as to special sale, read large posters.

Remember the dates, May 18, to 23. Everybody welcome.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;—18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

For Real Estate Loans, we are now better prepared than before, come and consult us.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

People's State Bank.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 20c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

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Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

FARM, ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Since the old Jersey "bos" came fresh there has been living in the writer's home. Before that for a couple of months it was just existing.

A plentiful sowing of beets or mangel wurtzels this spring will furnish a nourishing and succulent ration for the milk cows next fall and winter and one that they will greatly enjoy.

A slow rain of from one-half to three-quarters of an inch, which soaks into the ground as it falls, does more real good than the three inches which comes down in buckets full in the average thunderstorm.

The thing that makes the bur oak a hard tree to transplant is also responsible for its standing more drought than many other varieties of trees—a taproot which goes down deep until it strikes a stratum of permanent moisture.

The broad gauge, patriotic citizen if he does not have a heavy load aboard will drive his team in the center of the newly graded road. It is very natural to leave this preliminary travel on a new road for the next fellow who comes along.

The blue grass pasture furnishes an almost ideal and properly balanced ration for stock. This is indicated not only by the relish with which they eat the grass, but the good it does them in the matter of growth or in milk or meat production.

It is questionable whether it pays to try to veal a calf that can only be fed a skimmilk ration during the first three or four weeks. After this time the butter fat in the whole milk ration may be in part substituted by shelled corn and boiled flaxseed meal.

Unlike most other members of the clover family, alsike does well on wet soil. It should be sowed in late summer or early fall when the ground can be worked to the best advantage and when a maximum work shall have been done in the matter of killing weed seed in the soil.

Good feed, kind treatment and a reliably made cream separator are pretty sure to mean success with the dairy. Of course it is taken for granted in this statement that the members of the dairy herd have been tested and that only those that are paying their board bill are on hand.

It is due to the children in the home, but particularly to the good wife, whose view of the outdoor world is so often circumscribed by it, that the front yard should be utilized for something beside a chicken ranch or a hog lot. Hogs are all right in their place, but that is out back of the barn.

Some one has said that the forests of the country are one of nature's savings banks. Accepting this statement as substantially correct, it is fair to state that a whole lot of bank wrecking is going on in the suicidal and shortsighted forest policy which is being followed by the commercial interests of the country.

In the mammoth wheatfields of the Pacific coast states harvesting operations are done on a scale to correspond. A machine called the header and hauled by from twenty to sixty head of horses or an immense gasoline traction engine and cutting a swath fourteen feet in width heads, thrashes, cleans and sacks the grain in one process.

Very few enemies of the rose bed will be able to do it harm if it is given a thorough spraying every morning with the garden hose with the water under good pressure. Sprayed as often as this, the lice, slugs and other pests are not given time enough to prosecute their work, being unceremoniously knocked off by the force of the water.

Inasmuch as dirt is the common name for microbes and bacteria, the less dust and dirt there are at milking time the freer from germs of various kinds will the milk be. The most careful dairymen not only see that the back and sides are brushed carefully before milking but that the udder and teats of the cow as well as the hands of the operator are carefully washed. These precautions simply mean clean milk and make possible a first class butter product.

While a good many fakes and swindles are worked upon folks who are entirely unoffending and not to blame, the vast majority are made possible because of the eagerness on the part of the victim to get something for nothing, or at least a good deal more than he has reason to expect as a return from a legitimate transaction. Where folks get taken in in this way they are entitled to no sympathy, as they merely get a dose of their own medicine in a slightly different form.

It is estimated that the dairymen of the state of Iowa alone lose annually $30,000,000 as a result of keeping unprofitable cows in their dairy herds and through not giving the cream that is produced the care which will produce the highest grade of butter.

Up to 1873 not more than $25,000 was invested in orange groves in California. As a result of the introduction of the navel orange in that year the industry has developed until today there is invested in the culture of this same navel orange $100,000,000 in California alone.

It is generally agreed that while the dairy type of steer will never make as good quality of beef as the strictly beef type, he will make more rapid gains than will the other, this because he comes from a type of cows whose digestive and assimilative powers are abnormally developed.

A lady friend who has tried it states that horseradish can be ground very nicely in the ordinary meat grinder. The roots are washed and scraped as much as is desirable and then put through the mill, the job being just as well done and attended with many less tears than in the old way.

While social standing and the possession of money may be factors in determining the amount of happiness that a young married couple will have as they go through life, it after all depends *more largely upon themselves* how much of happiness or misery will be theirs. They can make their life the one or the other largely as they choose.

The fellows who went into the egg deal extensively last summer and fall, buying eggs at a good stiff price, and whose corner this spring was knocked to smash by old Biddy with the fresh product before they had boosted the price to the desired level have learned somewhat of conservatism and are not bidding so fiercely on this year's stock of eggs. The financial flurry, too, may have had some part in preventing the speculators from realizing on their expectations.

Lemons, oranges and grape fruit (when obtained ripe) are not only delicious and greatly relished by the average person, but they are also most wholesome food products, their mild acids being a much needed tonic and cleanser of the system. Thousands of dollars have been spent by California fruit growers this spring in a general advertising of the merits of these fruits along the lines mentioned, and undoubtedly the sales have been greatly increased as a result.

As showing the ruthless and almost complete destruction of the white pine forests of northern Michigan and Wisconsin a Michigan editor recently told a representative of the American Forestry association that he had ridden in a canoe on the Au Sable river right through the heart of what was the white pine region, and not until the end of the second day was an expert on forest trees able to point out at a long distance a single white pine—the first they had encountered during the entire trip.

There seems to be something in the feminine mind that is constitutionally opposed to doing some kinds of work in an easy way. To illustrate, there's many a hardworking mother who still adheres to the laborious old chopping bowl for the preparation of her hash timber and mince meats when a good meat grinder would do it in half the time and with half the effort. There are other good souls who will patiently drudge away on patchwork by hand and view as absolute domestic sacrilege the calling of a sewing machine into service for the doing of the same work.

While the average run of cows may give a maximum yield of milk at seven or eight years of age, there are frequently exceptions. A Jersey cow belonging to the writer that is thirteen years old this spring is giving more milk by a third than in any previous period of lactation. While conditions might be responsible in part, this would hardly seem sufficient to account for all the difference noted. Undoubtedly a large factor is that this spring there was an interval of nine weeks between milking periods, while in previous years there has seldom been more than four or five.

The other day on a drive into the country we noted a hawk, the large sized common kind, with wings outspread and almost motionless and stationary, scanning the meadow beneath him in search of food. While the object of the bird's keen vision was not in sight, he had likely spotted a gopher or mouse and was merely waiting for a good chance to pounce upon it from his position of vantage. Rather than being considered an enemy of the farmer, these hawks, together with many varieties of owls, should be more and more viewed as real friends of the farmer, orchardist and gardener.

It is not surprising that residents of the Mississippi valley states and those on the Atlantic seaboard, mindful of the meteorological tantrums of the weather clerk, which have resulted in the formation of ice half an inch thick nights when apple, peach, cherry and plum blossoms were in full bloom, sort of long to hike out to the Pacific coast, where a fellow can [illegible] suit of underclothing at night with a fair degree of assurance that he will not need two or three thicknesses of underflannels the next morning. The variety of weather above referred to is fine, but it is rather hard on a fellow's physical constitution and pretty tough on the fruit and garden truck.

OPPORTUNITIES IN THE EAST.

In a conversation which the writer had recently with a former resident of the state of New York, but who is at present in the employ of the United States government, the latter expressed it as his very decided opinion that with real estate property selling at present prices in the eastern states there was vastly better opportunity there for the home seeker who was willing to take up the fruit and dairy business or farming on a small scale than in any other part of the country. In reply to the question if it were not possible to make good money on the farms referred to he cited the case of the old home farm of thirty-seven acres in New York state, eighteen acres of which were some twenty-five years ago set to orchard. During the past ten years this tract of ground has given a return equal to 10 per cent on a valuation of $1,000 per acre. So much confidence has this gentleman in the possibilities to be found in eastern states that he but a few weeks ago turned down a flattering offer of a professorship in a leading agricultural college of the country to go back home and buy more land adjoining the home farm for the purpose of putting out more apple trees. Of course it goes without saying that many portions of the section of the country referred to are not suited to orchard growing, but there would seem to be opportunity for going into poultry or dairying as a substitute, and, while the returns would hardly be as large as in the case referred to, it is fair to assume that there would be a safe margin of profit.

A PROMISING NEW APPLE.

C. G. Patten of Charles City, Ia., who is today recognized as one of the leading horticulturists of the country and who won the Wilder medal at the Jamestown exposition for displaying the largest number of valuable varieties of apples originated by an exhibitor, has on his grounds a few trees of a new winter variety, the Silas Wilson, an apple of excellent quality, of which he has great hopes as a hardy variety, one that will be hardy in trunk and limb and particularly suited to climatic conditions found in the northern central states. The apple in question is a seedling of the Ben Davis, being produced from apples grown in an orchard in which rows of the Jonathan alternated with the Ben Davis. In appearance the new apple is more like its male than its female parent, is a trifle smaller than the Davis and has a quality which is but slightly inferior to the Jonathan, which is recognized as the standard of excellence among apple growers. Mr. Patten is propagating the Silas Wilson as rapidly as possible and hopes to be able to put the young trees on the market in the not distant future. With a fine quality and the much desired red color, ability to stand the severe winters of the northern states is the only requisite needed to make the new apple a boon to all northern apple growers.

DEEP PLANTING OF CORN.

Where the corn land is loose and mellow and the planter wheels sink to a considerable depth it is a very easy matter to get the seed corn in deeper than is really intended. When the weather is dry and this looseness of soil continues until the seed has germinated and has come out of the ground its being put in deep does not matter much, but if heavy rains come on, the planter tracks fill up and the earth packs down before the corn comes through the ground a pretty serious condition exists and one that is quite likely to materially reduce the stand. Because of the possibility that such conditions may ensue it is well to see to it that the corn is planted so that it will not be more than three inches deep after the field has been given a thorough dragging and the planter tracks have been leveled up.

A REASON FOR FANCY PRICES.

It is well for the eastern fruit grower to keep in mind that, while the Hood river valley apples fetch about twice or three times the price of the best New York fruit, the grower gives the orchard in which these apples are grown a care and attention that is nearly commensurate with the price. His orchard is often less than ten acres and seldom more than twenty, and this tract of land he gives almost continuous cultivation and spraying. At picking time the fruit is all "hand picked" in the exact meaning of the term, and each individual apple is wrapped as carefully as are the lemons and oranges of California. The exercise of every possible precaution, coupled with the marketing of only the most perfect fruit, insures a top notch price which gives a generous reward for the season's work.

HOW FAR APART.

In setting out the trees about the home, where their mission is that of ornament and shade rather than for windbreak purposes, it is a quite natural mistake to put them too near together, as it is difficult to imagine how wide they will spread with the growth of a dozen years. The elms should not be set closer than thirty feet, as is true also of the hard and soft maple, while the ash, box elder, hackberry and similar small and slow growing varieties may be planted at a distance of twenty-five feet from each other. Of course the trees of any of these varieties may be set twice as thick as it is intended they should finally stand, in which case the thinning should be done before the trees have become dwarfed or malformed as a result of growing too close together.

F. E. Trigg

Discount Sale!

20 per cent off on all Mens', Ladies and childrens spring caps, felt and straw hats.

A large line of Prints Percales and Summer Dress Goods and Shirt Waist Goods just received.

Call and see them, and compare prices.

J. H. JACOBSON.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the matter of John L. Radnecke, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the Creditors of John L. Radnecke, of Rodny, in the county of Red Lake, in said District, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given, that on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1908, the above named John L. Radnecke was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said district, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 29th 1908. [illegible]
Referee in Bankruptcy.

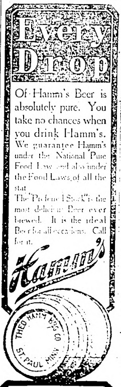

Every Drop

Of Hamm's Beer is absolutely pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also under the Food Laws of all the stat

The "Preferred Stock" is the most delicious Beer ever brewed. It is the ideal Beer for all occasions. Call for it.

Hamm's

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jokson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
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SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.
In District Court.

Iowa Mortgage, Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanlsch, and Nannchen Hanlsch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the defendants above named.

You, and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint has been filed and is now on file in the office of the Clerk of this court in his office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls Red Lake county, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Polk county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint, within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

A. A. Miller, Crookston, Minnesota,
April 16-May 21 Plaintiff's Attorney

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 9th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry McCrehin, of Mavie, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No [illegible] made June 22nd 1904 for the NW¼ Section 26, Township 154, N, Range 42 W. and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on May, 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hermann A. Molline " " " "
John T. Coan, of Mavie, Minn.
Andrew Bryzney, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
April 16-May 21

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April, 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parbst, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,[illegible] made October 28th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼ Sec. 26 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Twp 154, N. R. 44 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Fannasdahl " " " " "
John Sporsvold " " " " "
Albert Faraxan " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
Apr. 23-May 28

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 18, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st 1908, viz: Halvor O. Brevig H. E. No. [illegible] Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

William O. Lang, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Mikkle Jorde, " " " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " " " "
Andrew M. Jorde, " " " " "

April 23-May 28. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 28 1904, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 152, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 20 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Borby, " "
H. E. Tanan, " Anton, Minnesota,
P. H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 7-June 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 5th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Miller of [illegible], Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz. Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 22nd, 1904, for the SE¼, Section 10 Township 154 N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:

Samuel [illegible], of [illegible], Minn.
[illegible] " " "
Pete [illegible] " " "
John [illegible], of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 7-June 11

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Knudt Syverson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Knudt Syverson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Aslaug Nelson, [illegible] Anderson, Christopher Knudson, [illegible] Knudson, Syver Knudson, Henry Knudson and Kattie Knudson and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled. Therefore, You, and each of You are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court and the seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of April 1908.

(SEAL) N. W. [illegible], Probate Judge.

[illegible]

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

[illegible]

THE NEWS, $1

SUNSET AT GUAYAQUIL.

There Is No Twilight, No Interval Between Daylight and Dark.

The days and nights at Guayaquil are of equal length. The sun knocks off promptly at 6 o'clock in the evening and gets up at 6 in the morning with equal regularity the whole year around. There is no twilight, no gloaming, no interval whatever between daylight and dark—only a brilliant illumination, the sudden disappearance of a red ball into a blue ocean, a spread of flame color over all the western sky for a few minutes and a purple haze in the east.

Then the surface of the ocean, like the heavens, is lighted with millions of strange and shifting stars, for the water is so impregnated with phosphorus that each tiny wave is tipped with light, and the foam that follows in the wake of the vessel is often like a stream of fire. Sometimes you can see porpoises swimming along the bow of the vessel livid with phosphorescent light and followed by a streak of sparks like a comet's tail.

The Southern Cross, with the right arm tipped out at proper angle, lies straight ahead in the midst of myriads of unknown worlds that look strange to those accustomed to the northern constellations. Under the left arm is a large black spot in the heavens, brightened by only a single modest star, which the sailors call "the devil's dinner bag." Over the stern of the vessel in the early evening you can plainly distinguish the familiar constellation of the Great Bear, but it goes to bed with the children.

HIS SERVICES.

What Became of All the Bills He Introduced In Congress.

"Yes, my fellow citizens," said the political candidate, "if you have paid any attention to the work of congress you will have noticed that during the past session I introduced twenty-two bills, each of which was intended to benefit this community. I stand before you today with the proud consciousness of having served you faithfully and to the best of my ability. Those twenty-two bills would, if they had been passed, have made this one of the most favored districts on God's green earth, and"—

"Oh," yelled a man in the gallery, "we know you introduced 'em, all right, but what happened to 'em after that?"

"Gentlemen, I appeal to your sense of honor. Do you consider it fair that I should be interrupted in this manner? Is it right that I should"—

"There ain't no harm in answerin' the question, is there?" asked another of the statesman's hearers.

"Well, sir, I will tell you what became of those bills, my fellow citizens. Every one of them was printed in the Congressional Record, where, if you will look over the files, you may find them today. But to revert to the seed question, gentlemen, I do not hesitate to promise that no man living in this, the most splendid district in our grand old state, shall appeal to me in vain if you shall deem it best to send me back to Washington, where I have served you with such signal ability."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Ticket That Came Back.

A prominent railway man tells of a railway ticket that took a sudden journey on its own account. It appears that as a northbound train on the Colorado and Southern road passed one of the stations a passenger in a forward car raised a window, and in an instant his ticket was blown from his hands. The passenger naturally gave it up for lost and was much surprised when the baggagemaster handed it to him a little while later. It appears that when the ticket flew through the window a southbound train was passing. The suction of that train, which was moving at a rapid rate, drew the ticket along with it, and as it passed the rear end of the northbound train it blew into the door of the smoking car. There it was found by the baggagemaster.—Minneapolis Journal.

Moscow's Beggars.

Of the beggars so characteristic of Russia's ancient capital a writer says: "The old city of Moscow could not easily be dissociated from the 50,000 beggars who haunt its streets. The city belongs to them. If the city rats own the drains, they own the streets. They are part of the city; they are in perfect harmony with it. Take away the beggars and you destroy something vital. Some are so old and weather battered that they make the Kremlin itself look older, and of those who lie at the monastery doors some are so fearfully pitiable in their decrepitude that they lend power to the churches."

His View of It.

A little boy had been sent to the dairy to get some eggs, and on his way back he dropped the basket containing them.

"How many did you break?" asked his mother.

"Oh, I didn't break any," he replied, "but the shells came off some of them."

Keeping His Word.

Mrs. Fogarty (in fashionable restaurant)—Now, for goodness' sake, Mike, don't order Irish stew.

Mr. Fogarty—All right, I won't, dear. Walther, fetch me ayther some Hibernian [illegible] or Celtic goulash.—Puck.

She Didn't Understand.

"Can you tell your present fiance's ring?" [illegible]

"Why, certainly," answered her practical friend. "It's the newest of the lot."—St. Louis Republic.

Age glides stealthily on and beguiles us as it flees.—Ovid.

WHEN FASTING IS FATAL.

Loss of Weight Below a Certain Point Brings Death.

During a long fast the daily loss of weight becomes gradually less and less. Death comes when the total loss has reached a certain percentage, which percentage varies with the original weight. Fat animals may lose half their weight, thinner ones perhaps two-fifths.

A man or woman of rather spare habit, weighing 143 pounds, could, therefore, lose about fifty-five pounds before succumbing. Heart action, respiration and blood pressure remain unaltered during starvation, but the temperature of the body falls nearly a degree in most cases. The secretion of gastric juice ceases, but saliva and bile are still formed. The duration of life depends upon the extent and activity of the physiological processes.

Children die after a fast of from three to five days, during which they have lost a quarter of their weight. Healthy adults, however, have fasted sixty days when water has been taken.

A German physician notes the case of a woman, aged forty-seven, who died after a fast of forty-three days, during which she drank water freely. Her weight, which was 143 pounds a year before her death, was reduced to ninety-nine pounds. It was a case of suicidal melancholia, and the woman patiently carried out her horrible undertaking so quietly as to scarcely attract the notice of her family and died at last calmly and peacefully without complaint or apparent evidence of suffering.

WRITE IN SECRET.

The Way Chinese Court Historians Do Their Work.

There are court historians in China, as there are in other countries, but there is one striking difference, and it lies in the fact that the work of the Chinese court historians does not see the light until the reigning dynasty comes to an end.

In this way these Celestial historians have an opportunity to describe most truthfully the virtues and vices of the valorous rulers and the real significance of the events which take place during their regime. They can write what they please without fear of censure, for they know that their work will not be published as long as the reigning dynasty lasts.

This has been the rule for more than 2,000 years, the first court historian having been appointed by the imperial house of Han, which reigned from 206 B. C. until 25 A. D.

The duty of these historians is to write plain accounts of all the events that occur during their tenure of office. At regular intervals their completed work is taken from them and is locked up in an iron safe or vault. There it remains until the first member of a new dynasty ascends the throne.

It is then given with all the other histories in the vault to the court historian, who is then living, and from the mass of documents he is expected to prepare a truthful history of the dynasty which has just expired.

Tortoise That Dreads Rain.

The tortoise is not an animal one would naturally fix upon as likely to be afraid of rain, but it is singularly so. Twenty-four hours or more before rain falls the Gallapagos tortoise makes for some convenient shelter. On a bright, clear morning when not a cloud is to be seen the denizens of a tortoise farm on the African coast may sometimes be seen heading for the nearest overhanging rocks. When that happens the proprietor knows that rain will come down during the day, and, as a rule, it comes down in torrents. The sign never fails. This presensation, or whatever you may call it, which exists in many birds and beasts, may be explained partly from the increasing weight of the atmosphere when rain is forming, partly by habits of living and partly from the need of moisture, which is shared by all.

Knew His Dickens.

A third form boy in a city school belongs to a family of Dickens worshipers who have a kind of Dickens fellowship among themselves—read Dickens round the fireside in turns at night, quote Dickens in all sorts of little "family" catch phrases. The boy of nine took his place in the Scripture class recently, the lesson had been on the story of Uriah the Hittite, and the form master was driving it home by close questioning. "And what," he asked, "was the name of Uriah's wife?" Dead pause; then the voice of the youthful Dickens scholar piped, "Please, sir, Heep!"—London Chronicle.

His Sufferings.

"Your debts don't seem to worry you much."

"That's where you wrong me," answered the genial but impecunious person. "I have a highly sympathetic nature, and I can't begin to tell you how it disturbs me to see my creditors so worried. Sometimes I almost wish they'd keep away!"—Washington Star.

Making Trouble Pay.

"What does you do when de wolf howl at de do'?"

"Well, suh," replied Brother Williams, "I mos' ingenerally sets a trap for de wolf an' sells him ter a circus."—Atlanta Constitution.

His Way.

First Broker—I hear it's been touch and go with poor old Carter. Second Broker—Yes; he touched me for a dollar this morning and went.—Harper's Weekly.

Light may disclose a jewel, but it takes darkness to disclose a star.—Van Dyke.

BROKE UP THE ARMY.

A Mean Trick That Demoralized the Haitian Troops.

When not fighting or drinking the Haitian negro spends his time lying in the sun smoking innumerable cigarettes. All over the island the roads made originally by the Spanish and French have fallen into ruin, and the thick forests in the interior are peopled by depraved savages.

A story told by Mr. Sandham, the well known American artist, illustrates the then state of discipline which prevailed among the 8,000 ruffians who bore the courtesy title of "the army."

Mr. Sandham and an Irish friend who resided in the island were one day watching the commandants of the Haitian army reviewing his troops.

"Would you like to see me break up the whole lot?" asked the Irishman.

"Of course," replied the artist.

The Irishman then took five silver coins from his pocket and, with a loud shout, threw them up in the air. Instantly the whole army leaped forward and scrambled for the money, the commandants himself securing the first three pieces. After pocketing them with dignity and restoring order among his men he ordered the Irishman to be arrested for bringing discredit on the army. The Irishman was sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment, but five pieces of silver and a bottle of rum secured his instant release.

BLACK FOREST CUSTOMS.

Youngest Son Inherits Property and Cares For the Old Folks.

The peasant farms of the Black forest are handed down from father to son in a direct line, often dating back 400 years, says Antiquary.

There is no division as in France. All falls to the heir, only here it is not the eldest, but the youngest son, who inherits. It is rare that a bur (peasant) dies as reigning head. When he gets on in years he abdicates in order to end his days in the leibgedingehaus (dower house), which stands beside each hof (steading).

That he does so in favor of his youngest son is very sensible. Were it the elder he would have no peace, for as soon as he married he would try to induce his parents to retire just at an age when power is sweetest and best exercised. For this reason the practical farmers of bygone generations decided to hand over the succession to the youngest, since when Benjamin is a full grown man father Jacob is old and glad to rest.

This law of inheritance goes by the name of vortel. Should the heir of his own free will desire to resign in favor of his elder brother the latter must buy the property from him. In such a case the younger may be termed a kind of Esau.

Birds That Fight Eagles.

In Foula, one of the Shetland islands, the natives make a business of rearing skau gulls in order to rid the island of the eagles that congregate there and commit many depredations. The magnificent red sandstone cliffs that skirt the northwestern coast became a favorite haunt of the eagles, and in this inaccessible spot they increased so rapidly that they became a terror to the farmers and fishermen who dwell on this isolated spot. The skau gulls are also strong and fierce and the inveterate foes of the eagle. In battle the gulls are nearly always victorious, and so the inhabitants of Foula hit upon the novel plan of feeding and caring for the skau gulls, which, though formidable to their feathered enemies, are very peaceful and docile when brought in contact with man.

A Delicious Custard.

The recipe for this delicate dessert has been handed down in my family for many generations: Into each individual custard cup put the yolk of one egg. Add one heaping teaspoonful of sugar, two gratings of nutmeg and five tablespoonfuls of sweet milk. Incorporate thoroughly and set the cups in a pan of hot water. Bake in a moderate oven until firm. When cool, cover with a meringue, using the whites of the eggs for this purpose, and allow one tablespoonful of powdered sugar to the white of each egg. Through the very tiptop of each snowy mound drop a teaspoonful of orange marmalade.—Delineator.

Ins and Outs.

"What's that noise?" asked the visitor in the apartment house.

"Probably some one in the dentist's apartments on the floor below getting a tooth out."

"But this seemed to come from the floor above."

"Ah, then it's probably the Popleys' baby getting a tooth in."—Philadelphia Press.

What They Said.

Maybe it didn't mean just what to the casual listener it seemed to mean, but this is what the farmer was overheard to say to his wife as they looked over the market reports in the daily paper:

"Well, Mira, hogs is up, an' that means we're worth a good deal more today'n we was yesterday."—Chicago News.

The Wise Men.

"After all, it's the wise man who can change his opinion."

"But the wisest men simply can't do it."

"Why not?"

"Because they've been dead for years."—Catholic Standard and Times.

The total area of Africa is estimated at about 11,[illegible] square miles, of which Great Britain owns 2,713,910 square miles.

MEXICO CITY POLICE.

Street Lanterns That Keep Them Vigilant at Night.

"When I visited Mexico," said an artist, "I found innumerable things of interest, but that which gained my notice particularly was the police system. In the City of Mexico the police at night are stationed at short intervals apart in the street. Each policeman has a lantern, which is placed on a stand in the center of the street. It is his duty to remain in easy striking distance of this lantern at all times, so that he will be on hand in case of an emergency.

"Any person who is able to reach the lamp and lift it from its hook before the policeman interferes is entitled to a reward of $500. Any policeman who loses his lantern is subject to instant and dishonorable dismissal. This is to insure constant vigilance on their part and to require their presence at a certain point at all times. At first I regarded the thing as a joke, and I tried to get possession of the police lantern. But then I found that I was greatly mistaken. Not once, although I exercised extreme caution, was I quick enough for the policeman on watch.

"The City of Mexico is one of the best policed communities in the world. Policemen are always on hand when one requires them, and it is virtually impossible for desperadoes to operate in the open."—New York Telegram.

A SUICIDE'S HAND.

The Queer Superstition That Used to Prevail In England.

In former times it was a common notion that if a sick person could only touch the hand of a suicide he or she would be cured. This superstition was especially common in the west of England. In Cornwall touching a suicide's hand was said to have once cured a young man who had been afflicted with many tumors from his birth. A similar superstition regarding the touch of executed criminals has been widely prevalent and has often been recorded.

Robert Hunt in his "Romances of the West of England" says that he once saw a young woman led on to the scaffold at Newgate in order to have a wen touched by the hand of a man who had just been executed.

At Northampton of old the hangman is said to have had a regular fee for according a similar "privilege" to sufferers from like disorders. Even the coffin of a suicide may have curative value. There is a Devonshire belief to the effect that if any one suffering from disease can manage to throw a white handkerchief on such a coffin at the time of its interment the disease will vanish as the handkerchief decays. Much superstitious value has also been attached to the knots of the rope used either by a suicide or in the execution of a criminal.

Work of the Farmer.

The countless millions of our population are fed and clothed by the American farmer. The grain waving in golden beauty upon the great plains of the west, the cotton drifting like summer snow upon the fields of the south, freight the fleets of nations and loose their sails, thread the continents with track of steel, fill the earth with the roar of trains and heap for trade and commerce and useful art those stores that make a nation great. Where are the sinews of our strength if they are not found in our great, diversified agricultural products? What victorious hosts ever waved as joyous banners as those that float above the tasseled maize from the snows of Maine to the spicy groves of California? What spirit of beauty hovers above southern fields when fleecy bolls uncover to crown "King Cotton!"—Hon. Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr., of Mississippi in House of Representatives.

A Mole Catcher.

A farm manager at Fodderty, Dingwall, Scotland, watching a mole catcher at work, saw sea gulls hovering over and occasionally alighting upon a turnip field in which the observer and others were at work. A particularly large and handsome bird attracted his attention by the graceful way it floated slowly over the drills, intently scanning the surface of the ground. Suddenly, steadying itself a moment, it dropped, dug its bill into the heaving ground and rose with a mole for its prey. Resting a few minutes, it gracefully began again a further search for prey. In a few minutes a second mole was unearthed.

The White Evening Waistcoat.

Anything that breaks through the gloomy, funereal, waiterical aspect of male evening dress is to be commended. But practically, as a general rule, the white evening waistcoat cannot be effectively worn much after the age of twenty-one. Black, it is well known, diminishes the proportions, but white undoubtedly increases them. I see men whom I have hitherto considered to be slim appear in white evening waistcoats and look absolutely corpulent.—London Graphic.

A Good Reason.

Pearl—They thought at first they would be married in Holland. Ruby—And what changed their minds? Pearl—Why, they heard that old shoes in Holland weighed from two to six pounds each.—Exchange.

Reassuring.

Old Bullion—It galls me to think that my money goes into your spendthrift hands when I die. Young Bullion—Never mind, governor. It won't stay there long.—London Tit-Bits.

Nobility does not lie in the hall full of family portraits dimmed by the hand of time.—Seneca.

MAY FIRES.

Ancient Scotch Custom Which Involved Human Sacrifice.

Sir John Sinclair's "Statistical Account of Scotland" contains notices of many old customs, which still continued to be observed in the Highlands, though they were even then fast dying out. From the eleventh volume of that great work, which was published in 1791 and the succeeding years, we learn, on the authority of the minister of Callender, Perthshire, that the boys of the township assembled in a body upon the moors on May day and proceeded to dig a circular trench, leaving the soil in the center undisturbed, so as to form a low table of green turf sufficient in size to accommodate the whole party.

They lighted a fire and prepared a custard of milk and eggs and a large oatmeal cake, which they baked upon a stone placed in the embers. When they had eaten the custard, they divided the cake into as many equal portions as there were persons in the assembly and daubed one of those pieces with charcoal until it was perfectly black. They then placed all the pieces of cake together in a bonnet, and each in turn drew one blindfolded, the holder of the bonnet being entitled to the last piece. The boy who drew the blackened portion was destined to be sacrificed and was compelled to leap three times through the flames.

Although the ceremony had degenerated into a *mere pastime for boys*, it is evident that it must once upon a time have involved the actual sacrifice of a human being in order to render the coming summer fruitful.—Gentleman's Magazine.

A QUICK TOUCH.

She Needed Money and Sent a Message That Would Fetch It.

A day or two ago a woman entered a suburban telegraph office and said to the receiver of messages that she desired to telegraph her husband, who was away in the country, to ask him for money. He pointed her to the counter supplied with blanks and told her the rate for a dozen words. She struggled away for a quarter of an hour and then handed in the following:

"Won't you please send me £5 by next post?"

"I don't know whether that will do or not," she said as she felt for her purse. "If you were to receive such a telegram from your wife, would you forward the money?"

"Well—well, I might," he replied in doubtful tones.

"Now, you wait. I don't like the telegram at all, because I tried to keep it within twelve words. I'll write another."

She tore it up, walked over to the counter and in three minutes handed in a new one reading:

"Am out of food and fuel and want £5 as soon as you can get it here. If you can't spare it I'll pawn the parlor carpet."

"That would bring the money from me," said the counter clerk as he read the lines and marked the number of words.

"Then it will from him. Send it quick."—London Tit-Bits.

Investigating Grandpa.

A grandfather, well known in the English house of commons, was chatting amicably with his little granddaughter, who was snugly ensconced on his knee.

"What makes your hair so white, grandpa?" the little miss queried.

"I am very old, my dear; I was in the ark," replied his lordship, with a painful disregard of the truth.

"Oh, you are Noah?"

"No."

"Are you Shem, then?"

"No, I am not Shem."

"Are you Ham?"

"No."

"Then," said the little one, who was fast nearing the limit of her Biblical knowledge, "you must be Japheth."

A negative reply was given to this query also, for the old gentleman inwardly wondered what the outcome would be.

"But, grandpa, if you are not Noah or Shem or Ham or Japheth you must be a beast!"

The Evil Eye.

The "evil eye" was one of the many superstitions that at one time beset humanity in the time of its ignorance. It was believed throughout the middle ages that certain persons had the power of cursing you by their glances, of subjecting you to the fascination which unopposed, blighted and destroyed you. Amulets of various forms were used against this much dreaded power as well as certain practices, such as laughing, spitting and turning a somersault.—New York American.

Doing Without the Dot.

The small letter "i" was formerly written without the dot. The dot was introduced in the fourteenth century to distinguish "i" from "e" in hasty and indistinct writing. The letter "i" was originally used where the letter "j" is now employed. The distinction between "i" and "j" was introduced by the Dutch printers at a comparatively recent date, and the "j" was dotted because the "i," from which it was derived, was written with a dot.

Value of Religion.

"Some people," said the Rev. Mr. Goodman, "can never be made to appreciate the value of religion."

"That's right," replied Mainchance, the merchant; "they don't know how to catch the church trade at all."—Philadelphia Press.

The early bird is all right, but the early worm is a fool.—Charleston News and Courier.

RELIGIOUS HATRED.

The Intense Bitterness That Divides Islam and Hindooism.

It is difficult to express the eternal and inevitable hatred and detestation which have always existed between the Mohammedan and the Hindoo in India. It is often forgotten by critics that the differences between the Mohammedan's religion and the Englishman's are minute compared with those that divide Islam and Hindooism. The people of the east take their religion much more seriously than we of the west, and in the eyes of Islam the dog of a Christian is far better than the swine of a Hindoo.

The Pathans of the northwestern frontier—keen, hardy and relentless fighters, without education and without the wish for it—may stand as a type of the Mohammedans. They are kept from the throat of Hindustan only by the presence of the British government. If restraint were removed from the Mohammedan the Hindoos would go down like grain before the sickle, and the Pathans would turn India into one widespread shambles. The first to fly would be our friend the babu. Yet he is precisely the man who today does all he can to make British rule in India difficult. Were there any chance of his success his agitation would promptly cease. Golden indeed would be the silence of the Bengali press about the moral delinquencies of the white man. The Brahman agitator knows his Englishman and understands exactly how far he may be trusted to go doggedly on with his ungrateful work.

I once saw a curious instance of the contempt in which the educated Bengali babu is held by men of his own blood. Toward the close of 1902 I was traveling up to the Durbar at Delhi and happened to be in the dining car on the three foot Rajputana-Malwa railroad. A well known rajput asked if he might join me at dinner. I was delighted and found him a most interesting companion. From first to last nothing could exceed his courtesy. In pausing in the midst of a sentence and apologizing to me he leaned back in his chair and stretched out his arm behind him, barring the narrow passageway. A well to do Bengali babu was stopped by the outstretched arm. The rajput then called the Bengali ugly things. He told him that he was one of a filthy and seditious lot of cowards, mangy curs that bit the hand that fed them, and he finished by saying that, could he have his own way, he would subject the whole lot of them to a certain torture whose very mention made the wretched babu a shade grayer. I never saw such a spectacle of shivering terror. With a final sneer the rajput told his victim to go, and then he turned back to the table with a pleasant smile.—Perceval Landon in World's Work.

An Interesting Experiment.

That the earth revolves on its axis can be proved by a simple experiment. Fill a medium sized bowl nearly full of water and place it upon the floor of a room that is not exposed to jarring from the street. Upon the surface of the water sprinkle a coating of lycopodium powder. Then take powdered charcoal and draw a straight black line two inches long upon the coating. The line should be north and south. After this is done lay upon the floor a stick so that it will be exactly parallel with the charcoal line. Any stationary object in the room will answer as well, provided it is parallel with the line. If the bowl is left undisturbed for several hours it will be seen that the black mark has turned toward the parallel object and has moved from east to west in a direction opposite to the movement of the earth on its axis. This proves that the earth in revolving has carried the water with it, but the powder on the surface has been left a little behind.

Bear Baiting In Olden Days.

So popular was bull baiting in olden days in England that riots followed the attempt to suppress it in the large towns. Bear baiting was more popular still, if that could be. In various places, Liverpool, especially, it made part of the festivities at the election of the mayor, being held before his worship started for church. Ladies commonly attended in great numbers. There was a famous bear at Liverpool which showed such grand sport in 1782 that certain fair admirers presented it with a garland, decked it with ribbons and carried it to the theater, where a special entertainment had been "commanded," which bruin sat out in the front of their box. But of gossip about bull and bear baiting there is no end. Enthusiastic lovers of Shakespeare read with interest the petition of the royal bear warden, addressed to Queen Elizabeth in [illegible], complaining that his licensed performances had been neglected of late because every one went to the theater.

Mother Works Without Pay.

"Mother gets up first," said the new office boy. "She lights the fire and gets my breakfast, so I can get here early. Then she gets father up, gets his breakfast and sends him off. Then she gives the others their breakfast and gets 'em ready for school, and then she and the baby have their breakfast."

"What is your pay here?" asked the man.

"I get $3 a week, and father gets $2 a day."

"How much does your mother get?"

"Mother!" he said indignantly. "Why, she don't have to work for anybody."

"Oh, I thought you just told me she worked for the whole family every morning."

"Oh, that's for us, but there ain't no money in that."—New York Press.

COLLECTIVE OWNERSHIP.

Would End the System by Which One Man Lives on Another's Toil.

In an address at San Bernardino, Cal., N. A. Richardson said, among other things, the following:

"Labor has always had just enough to enable it to live and reproduce. Under serfdom and chattel slavery, however, the laborer had at least his existence assured. There was always a master whose interest it was to see that the slave who did his work should be fed and kept in proper physical condition to produce more workers. Is this true today? Is the economic master at all concerned whether the laborer, the modern wage slave, is provided for, whether the individual worker lives or not?"

The speaker then went on to describe how it was the workers had become dependent on the owners of things. He pointed out the fact that the ownership of the land had always been the principal means by which the few had owned and controlled the labor of the workers.

Before the age of agriculture, when nations went to war against each other, the captors often ate the captured. When they discovered that a live captive working upon the land was worth more to them than a cleanly picked skeleton, they instituted the system of chattel slavery. The eating of humans, no longer profitable, became "immoral."

To demand the full product of one's toil is Socialism. Yet many ignorant wage slaves the moment the subject is touched upon declare: "No dividing up in mine! That's Socialism."

The Socialist demand is to do away entirely with exploitation, the living of one man from another's labor.

The only way to accomplish this is by owning collectively the exploiting mediums of capitalism—not, as opponents of Socialism would have the people believe, the collective ownership of one's house, furniture or other possession that he uses privately, but of those things which can be used to enable one man to live from another's toil, is the aim of Socialism.

SANE AND REASONABLE.

Socialism Stands For a Just Distribution of the Fruits of Labor.

Socialism is being discussed everywhere at present, and people are asking what it is and what it stands for. A few years ago you were told that Socialism was anarchy, that it was communism and meant an equal division of all wealth. You were told that Socialists were wild eyed and dangerous criminals, who wished to destroy law and order and abolish government.

The majority of people today know that these things are not true. They know that Socialism stands for a better system of government and for a just distribution of the fruits of labor.

The main objection raised today is that Socialism is too good, that it is impracticable. This only shows that the subject has not been given proper attention.

We do not expect all at once to establish heaven on earth or anything of the sort. What we do expect to accomplish is this: We expect to do away with graft and exploitation; we expect to establish a true democracy, in which every one will have equal voice; we expect to secure to every worker the full value of his product; we expect to abolish child labor and give every child a good education; we expect to abolish wage slavery and to give every worker opportunity for leisure and self improvement. We expect to do all this and more, because it is in line with progress and evolution and because it is right and just. We are not going to perform miracles or do the impossible. We are reasoning human beings and are not trying to set up a fancy and impossible system. We know that the next system of society must be a natural outgrowth of the present system, even as the present system is an outgrowth of past systems. There is absolutely nothing unreasonable or impossible in our philosophy, and we invite you to investigate for yourselves.

Trend Toward Socialism.

Even as we look about us today we see society rapidly changing. Our industrial and commercial life is evolving with quickening strides. Industry is being centralized. Class lines are being more closely drawn. A conflict is on between capital and labor, and no quarter is to be given. Society has outgrown the old philosophies. Already the professors of our university are at work blazing new paths in the wilderness of undiscovered thought. Too many of the American professors, like Galilei of old, are forced to deny the truth of their own convictions. Ross, Hourwich, Triggs, Bemis, Brown, Veblem and many others—what a long procession of excommunicated thinkers! And not one word of protest from the students of America. What a contrast oppressed Russia presents! The knout, the horrors of a dungeon, the terrors of Siberian exile, the glory of martyrdom, all these are incurred by the students of Russia for the sake of political, intellectual and industrial freedom. The people's welfare is their welfare; the workers' struggles their struggles. How different it is in our own native land, where moneyed aristocracy and privileged interests find their most ardent and stanch defenders in university halls.—From a Class Address, University of Wisconsin.

Social Dislocation.

We call the present a social system, but in reality it is a mass of social dislocations and with the inevitable inflammations that such an abnormal situation is bound to produce. Get your neighbor to read and see the way to a cure.

AS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.

Socialism Does Not Deny the Right of Such Ownership.

Some believe that Socialism would deny the right to possess private property. No greater mistake than this could possibly be made.

One of the main reasons why Socialism exists is that the present capitalistic system practically denies us the possession of private property beyond the barest necessities. Theoretically we have a right to private property, but practically that right might almost as well not exist.

But there is one kind of private ownership that Socialism is opposed to, and that is the private ownership of the means of life. Nature intends that these shall be free and open to all men and does not intend that they shall become the property of the few. Capitalism is therefore contrary to nature and cannot long endure.

Socialism does not deny the right to own privately everything that is privately used. It only denies the private ownership of those things which from their nature are publicly used and which should therefore be collectively owned. So we may say that Socialism demands the collective ownership of everything that is collectively used and the private ownership of everything that is privately used. Such a system would be just to all and would show special favors to none.

How many of the working class have private property today worth mentioning? More than two-thirds of the people in this country live in mortgaged and rented homes. In the city of New York only 5 per cent of the people own their own homes free from incumbrance. Ninety-five per cent live in rented and mortgaged homes and are therefore practically homeless. The furnishings in these homes is often of the cheapest. The percentage of workers who live in comfort and without fear of want and poverty is very small indeed.

When you are thrown out of employment how long is it before a great majority of you are on the verge of want and destitution? Only a few weeks and in many cases only a few days will find you in this condition.

What you fear would happen under Socialism is actually taking place under the present system.

The human race is steadily advancing. At times the progress made seems slow and discouraging. At others it is such as to give us new hope and new faith. Just now the progress is greater than it has been for many years, and it is destined to be still greater in the near future. Economic conditions are forcing us on, and Socialism is blazing the pathway through the fogs of ignorance, superstition and bondage, and the promised land toward which the human race has been groping these thousands of years is at last in sight.

The world is ready for Socialism. The time is ripe for its introduction into the affairs of men, and as fast as people learn what it is they are impatient for the change.

The present system is becoming more and more incompetent to provide for the increasing population. A new and better system is in order, a system which recognizes the necessity of a just and equitable distribution of the fruits of labor.

That new system will be Socialism.—Buffalo Herald.

SOCIALIZED SOCIETY.

Trust Magnates Lead the Way to a Better Social Order.

"In proportion as anarchy in social production vanishes the political authority of the state dies out."

This quotation is from the writing of Frederick Engels in his book "Socialism, Utopian and Scientific."

John D. Rockefeller and his cohorts in trustifying industry, eliminating competition, blind blundering, waste, useless expenditure of productive forces, are doing for human society what society is not intelligent enough to do for itself. But by the time these gentlemen have finished their task society, the working class, the people who produce the wealth of the world, will have been sufficiently educated if they continue to listen to the Socialists to be able to take hold and democratically manage their own industries.

With democratic management of industry, all co-operating in the labor of producing wealth and sharing equally in its distribution, every one could have so much for such a small expenditure of energy that no one would care to filch from his neighbor. Consequently political authority would be superfluous.

Are you so in love with the capitalists that you would continue this system of starving and murdering millions of workers in order that capitalists and their wives may give monkey dinners and expensive funerals to pug dogs?—Indiana Socialist.

Socialistic Observations.

A capitalistic ideal, "I deal!"

Socialism means light and life; capitalism, darkness and death.

The capitalist system is a sort of wizard. When you get a dollar—presto!—it belongs to somebody else.

Socialism does not make people good. It simply gives their natural goodness the courage to assert itself. It will not change human nature. It will rescue it.

A Christian Socialist.

I believe the things that Christian Socialism stands for, and were I not teetotally occupied I would go into the movement heart and soul, as, indeed, I have done in public utterances for many years. Oh, that I were young again, and it would have my life! It is God's way out of the wilderness and into the promised land. It is Christianity applied.—Frances Willard.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY
H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
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MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.
Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.
"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.
A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.
"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1908 NUMBER 22

ST. PAUL Historical Society

RULES FOR THE AUTOS

Joe Johnson's Town Adopts Rules to Govern the Gas Cars.

No Fast Speeding or Monkeying Allowed in the Sheep King's Town.

In view of the fact that a large number of citizens of Thief River Falls have purchased automobiles this year, it is well to publish rules and regulations of the town of Star, where Joe Johnson, sheep king, etc., reigns supreme. The rules ought to make the roads safe for teams, sheep, etc. They are as follows:

1. On discovering an approaching team the automobilist must stop offside and cover his machine with a tarpaulin painted to correspond with the scenery.

2. The speed limit on country roads this year will be secret, and the penalty will be $10 for every mile an offender is caught going in excess of it.

3. In case an automobile makes a team run away, the penalty will be $50 for the first mile, $100 for the second and $200 for the third mile etc., that the team runs, in addition to the usual damages.

4. On approaching a corner where he cannot command a view of the road ahead, the automobilist must stop not less than 100 yards from the turn, toot his horn, ring a bell, fire a revolver, haloo, and send up three rockets at intervals of five minutes.

5. Authomobiles must be seasonably painted—that is, so they will merge with the pastoral ensemble, and not be startling. They must be green in spring, golden in summer, and red in autumn and white in winter.

6. Automobiles running on country roads at night must send up a red sky rocket every mile, and wait ten minutes for the road to clear. Then they may proceed carefully, blowing their horns and shooting roman candles.

7. In case an automobile comes up behind and wants to pass, the farmer will effect deafness until the automobilist calls him a hard name.

8. All members of the society will give Sunday to chasing automobiles, shouting and shooting at them, making arrests and otherwise discouraging country touring on that day.

9. In case a horse will not pass an automobile, notwithstanding the scenic tarpaulin, the automobilist will take the machine apart as rapidly as possible and conceal the parts in the grass.

10. In case an automobile approaches a farmers house when the roads are dusty, it will slow down to one mile an hour and the chauffeur will lay the dust in front of the house with a hand sprinkler worked over the dashboard.

A Polk County Pioneer.

Andrew Steenerson, a member of the well known family of that name, and a brother of our congressman, died at his home in Climax, Polk county, last week, after suffering from diabetes for eight years. His career was eventful. He was born in Houston county Minn., in 1855, and went to Climax in 1874. He was a prominent member of the farmers alliance and helped to organize the populist party in Cincinnati; later was a candidate for congress; was sheriff of Polk county several years and was a succesful business man. He leaves a wife and four children.

Delinquent Tax Sale.

The annual sale of real estate upon which the taxes had become delinquent was held at the County Auditor's office on the 11th inst., and property was sold to the amount of about $5,000 in taxes. F. H. Welcome, of Minneapolis, was in attendance at the sale and bid in property to the amount of $3 200, while local buyers took the balance. Most of the property sold for taxes was farm land, and the sale will necessitate the issuance of some three hundred tax sale certificates. County Auditor O'Brien and his clerical force were kept busy for several days filling out certificates, but now have the work finished for this spring at least.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

THE LAW IS QUOTED

Dr. Bracken Gives the Law Regarding Building of New School Houses.

All Plans Must Be First Submitted to the State Board of Health.

A large number of the settlers living on the eleven towns, where new school houses are being built nearly every month will be interested in the following letter which County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty received from H. M. Bracken, the secretary and executive officer of the Minnesota State Board of Health. *The letter is as follows:*

In reply to yours of May 9th, it must be distinctly understood that plans for school buildings are to be submitted to this board for its approval, and this applies to the country schools as well as to buildings in villages and cities throughout the state. It has been ruled from the Attorney General's office that it is a misdemeanor to construct a school building without approval of this board and it may be well for those who have to do with the building of school houses to understand this ruling. It is our wish to look after the interests of the pupils throughout this state and therefore we must insist upon compliance with the law.

In a few cases in this county the school officers have erected school buildings without first obtaining the approval of the state board of health, and these officers are liable to punishment. Before a school building is erected, the officers should consult with the county superintendent of schools.

One 7 room furnished house to rent from June 1st till September 1st. $15 a month. A. A. Hall.

TO HONOR THE DEAD

Memorial Day to Be Celebrated in Thief River Falls This Year.

Appropriate Exercises to Be Held at the Park and Greenwood Cemetary.

Memorial day is to be celebrated in Thief River Falls in an appropriate manner this year. The exercises will be held in the park just west of the bridge and will commence at 10 o'clock in the morning. Prominent local men will make short addresses and there will also be music by the band. After the exercises at the park are over a procession will be formed and march to Greenwood cemetary where the graves of the old soldiers will be decorated. The old soldiers will ride in carriages, followed by the band, company L, the school children and citizens in carriages. If the weather is inclement on the day, the exercises will be held in some hall.

Creamery Statement for April.

Amount of Cream received,	30,900 lbs
Average test,	26.11.
Amount of butterfat,	8092 lbs.
Price paid,	29½cents
RECEIPT.	
Butter shipped,	2259.50
Sales at Creamery,	285.92
1 share,	25.00
Buttertubs,	1.80
Total,	2572.23
DISBURSEMENT.	
Paid Patrons,	2387.14
" Expense fund,	185.09
Total,	2572.23
STRIP STATION.	
Amount of Cream received,	3910 lbs.
Average test,	28.42.
Amount of Butterfat,	1120 lbs.
STONE STATION.	
Amount of Cream received,	1523 lbs.
Average test,	26.48.
Amount of Butterfat,	403.3 lbs.
Those drawing $40 and over:	
P. Engelstad,	111.45.
And. Ecklund,	48.61.
Fred Copp,	45.52.
Chris Thompson,	43.42
P. Voldnes,	41.77.
Butterfat, April 1907,	6213.9 lbs.
Butterfat, April 1908,	8092 lbs.
Increase,	30 per cent.

P. Engelstad, Secy.

Creamery Statement.

Statement of Holt Creamery, for the month of April, 1908.

Total cream received,	183.77 lb.
Average test,	27.89
Butterfat,	5,125.87 lb.
Price paid,	26 cts.
Total receipt including last balance,	$1,437.51
DISBURSEMENT.	
Paid patrons,	$1,332.73
Expense fund & Supplies,	104.43
Balance,	.35
	$1,437.51
Those drawing $40.00 & over,	
C. Smith,	$50.16
F. Steinheur,	49.11

J. A. Sorum,
Secretary.

Farmer Arrested.

Orson Marsh, of Rollis, was arrested last week and brought to Warren by Sheriff Forsberg, on complaint of a neighbor named Halvorson, who charged him with practicing medicine without being a licensed physician. The hearing was set for Saturday, but was postponed the defedent being released on his own recognizance. The matter was afterwards dropped entirely, Halvorson having decided to not push the prosecution. It appears that Marsh owns an electric battery with which he had been giving Halvorson electrical treatment. When Marsh rendered a bill for the use of the battery, Halvorson, regarding the bill as a charge for professional service, balked and made the complaint above mentioned.—Warren Register.

A Peculiar Happening.

A peculiar case was urged in the supreme court this week. K. O. Flane, of Beltrami, suffered a hail loss on the evening of the day when the policy expired. The hail company made the policy read "until 1 o'clock" on the day in question and denies liability. Flanke claims the policy should cover the entire day.

Bankers Here Tomorrow.

The Ninth District Bankers convention will be held in this city tomorrow evening, the visiting bankers will be tendered a banquet at the Hotel Evelyn. The Elite orchestra will furnish music on this occasion and it promises to be a swell affair.

Mrs. A. E. Abraham Dead.

Mrs. A. E. Abraham died at her home in this city last Friday noon of consumption after an illness of four or five years. Funeral services were held at the home Sunday afternoon at 3:30 and the body was taken to Marine Mills, Minn., on Sunday evening for burial.

The deceased was 29 years of age and was born at Marine Mills. She came to this city several years ago with her husband who is engaged in business here, and made a large circle of friends. Last fall the family went out west for the benefit of Mrs. Abraham's health, but the climate out there proved of no benefit, and a few weeks ago they returned to Thief River Falls. Besides a husband the deceased leaves three children—Carl, aged 9; Melvin, aged 7, and Gertie, aged 5.

Married Sunday.

Barney E. Tieman and Miss Caroline Goldberg were united in marriage Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock, the Rev. I. T. Aastad, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church officiating. The groom is one of the hustling and popular young farmers of the town of Kratka and during his residence of four years in Red Lake county has made a large circle of friends. The bride is from Mitchell county, Iowa, the old home of Mr. Tieman. The NEWS extends congratulations.

Local Club Defeated.

The local ball team was down to Waubun last Saturday and played the White Earth Indian team, being defeated for the first time this year by a score of 8 to 1. Sunday the local team was to have played at Mahnomen, but owing to rain the game was called off.

Next Sunday the team plays on the home grounds, a club from McIntosh being here on that day.

Company L to Be Inspected.

Company L is to be inspected next Monday evening, one of the regiment staff officers being here upon that occasion. The boys have been drilling twice each week for sometime past and good judges of military affairs say that the local company will be one of the crack companies of the regiment if they continue to improve.

Tuberculosis in Norman County.

J. M. Douglass tested two herds of dairy cattle for tuberculosis last week, one at Hendrum and one at Nielsville, and found that in a herd of 20 there were six affected and in another herd of 16 seven had the decease. It would be a good idea for people to have their herds tested before the disease spreads to the entire herd.—Hendrum Review.

Roller Rink is Opened.

The new Armory roller skating rink was opened for the public last Saturday evening and a large crowd was present. The managers have installed a $1,000 electric military band which furnishes music for the skaters.

TO TAKE AN OUTING

Farmers and Others to Go Up to the Red Lake About the Middle of June.

Trip Will Last Five or Six Days and Promises to Be Enjoyable.

The farmers' steamboat leaves this city on Saturday Morning, June 13, for an excursion trip to all points of interest on the Red Lake river and Red Lake. It is the intention of making the round trip in five days, although it is possible that six or seven days will be consumed, depending entirely upon the way in which the party is enjoying the trip.

The cost of the trip passage on the boat will be at the rate of $1 per day and those going will be expected to take along their own food, bedding and tents if possible. A large number of the farmers living up along the Red Lake river, together with their families are figuring upon making the trip and it is also expected that quite a few from here will also go. The trip will certainly be an enjoyable one.

The $50 List.

The following patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery received over $50 for cream for the month of April:

A. Mortenson	$71.33
N. A. Nelson	68.17
John Konikson	67.76
H. Houpt	66.91
Swan Wiberg	56.79
Emel Just	56.61
Fred Seegar	51.39
August Moren	51.62
Swan Johnson	50.86

Simons Leaves Red Lake Falls.

Banker I. C. Simons came up from St. Paul last Saturday morning and remained in the city over Sunday with his family, returning Monday evening over the Northern Pacific to resume his labors as president of the Twin City State Bank. Upon his return he was accompanied by Mrs. Simons and the two boys who will now take up their residence in St. Paul in the new quarters prepared for their arrival. All Red Lake Falls friends will wish for this estimable family the fullest measure of success, health and happiness in their new home.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Wanted—Two girls to wait upon the table at the Ogema Hotel, Ogema, Minn. Good wages.

I have 11 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

Good Clothes for the Boys.
We have all the things that go to making a complete wardrobe.
In suits we especially want to emphisize our fine assortment of cheviots, serges and worsted in grey, brown and blue at
3.00, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00
If your boy is hard to keep in clothes, try one of our suits and the problem will be solved.
HATS FUSNISHINGS SHOES
The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
THE HOME OF H. S. & M. CLOTHES CROSSETT SHOES AND GORDON HATS

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
OFFERS ITS CUSTOMERS:
Every safe-guard known to modern banking for the security and safety of their future.
Highest rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.
Loans when they need them at reasonable rates.
Safety deposit files free of charge for storage of valuable papers.
Farm loans at cheapest rates with liberal pre-payment option.
Fire insurance, steamship tickets and drafts of foreign countries at current rates.
OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD Cashier.

THE LOUISE BREHANY COMPANY IN BALLAD AND OPERATIC CONCERT.

One of the finest musical attractions in America is soon to appear in this city the Louise Brehany Company, which presents a coterie of famous American and European soloists. The company presents an interesting and diversified programme of popular ballads and operatic "gems". Mr. Thearle's new organization opened in New York recently and created a furor, receiving columns of praise in all the leading newspapers. The company is now on their way to the Pacific Coast and Mexico.

It is headed by the prepossessing young American Prima Donna, Miss Louisa Brehany, recognized in Europe and America, as the worlds greatest soprano. Other eminent soloists in Mr. Thearle's clever company are Maxaillian Dick, violinist, late concert meister of the Damrosch Symphony Orchestra, and many other proninent musical organizations, both in Europe and America. Miss Edith Adams, the world's foremost lady violocellist, who won fame in all the Capitols of the old world, as well as her own America. A pupil of Robert Hausman, of the Royal High School of Berlin, and later a protege of Herr Fredrick Keifer, of Munich, the world's g eatest 'cellist of his day, this plucky American girl has won her way into the hearts of the music-lovers of two worlds. Another eminent artist is Miss Alice McClung, the great pianist of Miss Brehany's coterie of celebrities. She is a pupil of the distinguished Danish pianist, August Hylsted, and later the "star" pupil of the eminent Chicago pianist and teacher, Walter Spry.

This company will be heard in this city on Saturday, June 6th at the Evenson Hall.

Auction Sale!

I will sell at my place in section 35, town of Agdar, on Thursday, June 11, 1908, the following property:

1 grey mare weight 1300, 8 years old.
1 grey horse weight 1300. 9 years old.
1 bay mare weiget 1300, 10 years old.
10 fresh milch cows.
1 yearling bull.
4 yearling heifers.
6 spring calves.
24 chickens.
1 Deering binder, in good condition.
1 Deere Sulky plow, new.
1 Prairie City Seeder.
1 wide tire wagon, complete.
1 Fergus bob sleigh, nearly new.
1 single buggy.
1 ½ set working harness.
1 Iowa Cream Separator, new.
1 Deering self dump rake, new
1 McCormick mower.
21 grain sacks.
1 parlor set, Chairs.
Tables, Stoves, Books, Bookcases and other household goods.

BERNARD KNUDSON, Owner.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

Latest Doings in Cigars.

The latest idea in cigardom was put out this week by F. C. Nielai in a 10 cents Straight Havana cigar, known as the El-Ko. Months have been spent in putting up this package and every effort has been used to perfect it. A guarantee band is placed on each cigar to denote its stability and for its protection against imitations. We ask every smoker to give them a good fair trial and be convinced of their quality for an after dinner or evening smoke and look for Fred's guarantee band on every cigar. On sale at all popular cigar stands.

CLOSING EXERCISES

Will Be Held in the Evenson Hall on Next Thursday and Friday.

An Interesting Program Has Been Prepared for the Event.

The closing exercises of the Thief River Falls high school will be held in the Evenson Hall next Thursday and Friday evenings, May 28 and 29th. The following is the program for the two days:

CLASS-DAY PROGRAM, THURSDAY, MAY, 28.

Music—Orchestra.
Class History—Ida Weeks.
Piano Duet—Misses Lillian Mussey and Gena Granum.
Class Poem—Ernest O'Neill.
Music—High School Chorus.
Class Prophecy—Myrtle Blanchard.
Piano solo—Estelle Robbecke.
Class Will—Esther Kretzschmar.
Music—Orchestra.

FARCE—A CLASS DAY CONSPIRACY:

Tom Vernon.................Willis Akre
Dick Elliott...............Ernest O'Neill
Mollie Elliott.........Estelle Robbecke.
Edith Lewis...............Ione Higgins
Mrs. Lee..........Esther Kretzschmar
Music..........................Orchestra

COMMENCEMENT PROGRAM, FRIDAY, MAY 29.

Music—Orchestra.
Invocation—Rev. P. E. Ross.
Salutatory—Ida Weeks.
Vocal Solo—Mrs. M. Bockman.
Commencement Address—Hon. J. Adams Bede.
Violin Solo—Prof. C. Halvorson.
Valedictory—Myrtle Blanchard.
Presentation of Diplomas—President of Board of Education, Lars Backe.
Benediction—Rev. P. E. Ross.
Orchestra.

A Ladies Auxiliary Organized.

A number of ladies met in the Antlers Club rooms last Friday afternoon and organized a Ladies Auxiliary to the Commercial Club, the object of the organization being to keep the streets, alleys and yards of the city clean. Organization was perfected by the election of the following officers:

President—Mrs. Ira C. Richardson.

Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. John W. Eastman.

First Vice President—Mrs. M. V. Evenson.

Second Vice President—Mrs. J. M. Bishop.

Third Vice President—Mrs. G. A. Penny.

The following committees were appointed by the president:

First Ward—Mesdames Vance, Fanel, Ramstad, Jarman and Mabey.

Second Ward—Mesdames Phil Zeh, E. B. Bakke, E. E. Zeh, Stebbins and A. Lang.

Third Ward—Mesdames W. A. Fuller, Brady, Winton, Shaw and B. Christienson.

These committees will visit the residents of the city and ask the support of all in helping to make Thief River Falls as clean as possible.

It is the intention later on to designate a dandelion day, at which time all of the residents of the city will be supposed to help kill off the dandelions of the city.

Bijou Theater.

For the last half of this week the management takes pleasure in announcing the greatest musical treat of the season, "Sherwood and LaBlanche," premier musical entertainers, a strictly high class musical specialty introducing the violin, mandolin, banjo, piano and featuring vocal selections accompanied by grand concert harp. An act that will please the most fastidious. Inez LaBlanche possesses a highly cultured soprano voice and is a pianist of rare ability. The only vocalist who accompanies herself on the Grand Concert Harp. The popular Duo, Carl Sherwood is a peerless artist on all his particular instruments and a soloist of reputation.

PROGRAM.

Soprano Solo, Violin Obligato, "As Long the World Rolls On," Ball.
Mandolin solo, piano accompaniment, "Boston Ideal March," Siegel.
Violin and Lyre Duet, Old Melodies.
Banjo Solo, Harp accompaniment "Darkies Patrol," Lausing.
Voice, Harp, Violin { A. "Tavella," Keiser.
B.

Our feature film, Dr. Jekyle and Mr. Hyde is presented in strict accordance with the book. The successful reproduction of this well known drama has surpassed our expectations. The leading role and character part executed by the man who plays the double life Dr. Jekyle, at times Mr. Hyde, is convincing that no greater display of ability to fulfill this role could be shown by any actor. The other films are interesting "Artistic Rag Pickers" and "[illegible] for a Woman," pictured melody, "I'm Thinking Always of You."

J. ADAM CAN'T COME

Duluth Congressman Writes Supt. Hay That He Is Unable to Be Here.

Promises to Come Next Fall and Deliver a Lecture for Benefit of Schools.

Congressman J. Adam Bede, who was to have delivered the commencement day address, is unable to be here. The following letter which he has written to Supt. J. H. Hay explains the reason:

House of Representatives.
Washington, May 16, 1908.

Mr. J. H. Hay,
Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Dear Sir:

Since writing you on April 25th, stating that I would accept your kind invitation to deliver the High School Commencement Address in your city on May 29th, it has been virtually conceded that adjournment will take place May 23rd. However, it will be impossible for me to leave Washington before the 30th of May, which is the earliest possible day on which I could "head for home," for the reason that it will take me a week or ten days before I can get all my matters straightened out here. my work has been very heavy this session, and I shall have some things to close up after adjournment, which could not be attended to before.

In view of the above facts, I trust that you will excuse me this time and I will endeavor to help you at some other date.

Will promise to give you a lecture next fall for the benefit of the school.

Your's very truly,
J. Adam Bede.

SCHOOL NOTES.

A letter, which appears in another column of this paper, states the reasons for the failure of Congressman J. Adam Bede to meet his engagement as commencement speaker next Friday evening. It is a great disappointment to the citizens and the high school students that he cannot appear, but he has kindly consented to deliver a lecture for the benefit of the school in the fall. His place on the program will be taken by Rev. C. H. Flesher.

The commencement program will begin at 8 o'clock sharp, on account of the desire of many to attend both the closing exercises and the bankers' banquet. All seats are free, but the front rows will be reserved for those who take part on the program and the relatives of the graduates. Children are prohibited from attending and no pupils below the high school can be permitted to attend. This is by reason of the limited hall room.

The state examinations are easy,—to those who have prepared themselves for the same. In some classes remarkable records are being made, as many as ninety percent of the class making perfect marks. The promotions will be announced on Friday.

A handsome bust of the poet, Longfellow, with a pedestal for same is the memorial that the class of '08 will leave in the high school. The whole affair is over six feet high and will be placed on the first stair landing in the high school building. This beautiful ornament was shipped from Boston on May 14th and it is hoped that it will be on hand for the class day exercises. The class of '08 has earned the gratitude of all the future high school students by their generosity in providing this valuable memorial.

Every class that has graduated from the high school has its banner on the assembly room walls except the class of 1905. Some of the members of this class will see that the missing article is placed in position with the others. They make attractive decorations.

The Junior launch party last Saturday evening was a great success. The trip was taken to Douglas's where lunch was served, after which the party returned to town. It was given in honor of the Seniors and the high school faculty.

The baccalaureate sermon was preached by Rev. I. T. Aastad in the Norwegian Synod church last Sunday evening. The services were exceedingly attractive and interesting, and were attended by the relatives of the graduates, as well as by a large congregation. The Seniors and Juniors occupied the front seats and were accompanied by the high school faculty. Appropriate decorations consisting of flowers [illegible] ornamented the [illegible].

A Large Crowd Attended.

The military ball given by the [illegible] in the new Armory [illegible] evening was a grand success in every way. Over [illegible] people were present and the large room was [illegible]. The [illegible] orchestra furnished music for the occasion and the affair was a success in every way.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Mrs. D. E. RATHMANN,
Art of Piano Playing
Wassen Building . . Main Ave.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	98c
Oats	43c
Flax	$1 13
Barley	50
Eggs	14c
Butter	25c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 25.—Wheat—May, $1.07⅛; July, $1.06⅝; Sept., 92c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅛@1.11⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅛@1.09⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.07⅛@1.07⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.01⅛@1.05⅛.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 25.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.15@5.25. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice lambs, $5.75@6.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 25.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.09¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¾@1.07¼; May, $1.07¼; July, $1.07¼; Sept., 92⅝c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.23¾; May, $1.22¾; July, $1.23¾; Sept., $1.23½; Oct., $1.22½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 25.—Cattle—Beeves, $1.75@7.35; Texans, $1.60@5.65; Western cattle, $4.50@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.35; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.15; calves, $5.00@6.50. Hogs—Light, $5.15@5.50; mixed, $5.15@5.50; heavy, $5.10@5.50; rough, $5.10@5.20, pigs, $4.10@5.00; good to choice heavy, $5.20@5.50. Sheep, $3.60@5.20; yearlings, $5.50@6.25; lambs, $4.50@6.80.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 25.—Wheat—May, $1.02¾; July, 91@91⅛c; Sept., 87⅝@87¾c; Dec., 88⅝c. Corn—May, 74¾c; July, 66¼c; Sept., 64⅝c; Dec., 56⅝@56⅝c. Oats—May, old, 54⅛c; May, 54¼c; July, old, 47¼@47⅝c; July, 45¼c; Sept., 37⅝@38c. Pork—May, $13.42½; July, $13.57½; Sept., $13.62½@13.85. Butter—Creameries, 18@22c; dairies, 16@20c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry — Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 11½c; broilers, per dozen, $2.50@5.50.

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

W. D. Conklin was over to Bemidji the first of the week.

Attorney Stanton went down to Crookston last evening.

F. C. Nielai was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

R. Oen went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

Inspector Heiberg of the state pure food commission, was in the city Tuesday.

E. B. Lanager, a Plummer business man, was in the city the first of the week.

Gilbert Haavi, of the town of North, went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening.

Chr. Halvorson left Tuesday on a trip to Badger and Roseau for the purpose of tuning pianos.

John Johnson, of the town of Rocksbury, was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

B. A. Sordal was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Services as usual at the M. E. church Sunday. Morning service at 11 and evening service at 8.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Prichard were called to Iowa last week by the death of Mrs. Prichard's mother.

Peter Hedeen, of the town of Kratka, was down to Red Lake Falls yesterday attending to business matters.

The United Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. N. Ostwolden next Wednesday, June 3rd. All are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, came up from Crookston yesterday to visit at the Kretzschmar home.

Don't forget the auction sale to be held at Bernard Knudson's farm in town of Adger, on the 11th day of June.

H. G. Dobner and bride returned to this city Tuesday. They will make their home in the Winslow house on the east side.

The Young People's society of the United Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Martin Evenson Thursday, June 4. All are cordially invited.

A meeting of the county commissioners was held yesterday for the purpose of considering various matters of interest to the county.

The Ladies Aid of the Hauge Synod congregation will meet with Mrs. Carl Hoff etch on Tuesday, June 2nd, at 2 o'clock p. m. All cordially invited.

O. C. Walters, a St. Paul traveling man, had the misfortune to fall and break his arm at the Armory skating rink in this city Monday afternoon.

Notice the change of prices at the Bijou, evenings 15 cents to all. Saturday matinee 10 cents to all. Amateur night every Friday night at 9:30. Anyone desiring to appear on amateur nights please call.

Next week at the Bijou.—First half—The famous Carr Trio, refined singing and dancing, lightning change of beautiful costumes, featuring Master Clifford Carr, the child artist. Last half of the week, Tops, Topsy, Tops.

The United Lutheran Church will hold Services in Evenson Hall next Sunday morning May 31st., at 10:30. All are cordially invited.

Rev. Olaf M. Waugenstoen,
Pastur.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church at the Synod next Sunday at 10:30. Services in Silverton Lutheran church next Sunday at 3 o'clock p. m. The ladies aid of the Synod, meets with Mrs. Nils Nilson June 4th, one and one-half mile south of the city. All who would like to attend will get a chance to drive out. All cordially invited. I. T. Aastad.

Strathcona.

More rain, more rest, so the farmers are disapointed about this terrible rain

Mr. Gilbert Beito was to Greenbush on a business trip on Monday.

The creamery at our hustling little burg, will be ready to take in cream Tuesday.

Mr. Ole Jevne and Miss Celia Hoff, both of Jevne, Minn., were in the city last Tuesday. Ole seems to be smiles all over, and then some.

Mr. K. O. Jevne was out on his farm last Sunday, about six miles from Strathcona.

Mr. Syverson went to Middle River on Saturday and returned on Sunday evening.

A crowd of young people gathered at John Lundquist's home last Sunday and all had a good time.

Miss Ida Moen left for Wisconsin on Monday.

Miss Olga Brenna was a visitor at Mr. Syverson's from Tuesday till Friday.

Mr. Cornelius Beito and John Hoff are busy digging a well for the creamery of Strathcona.

Next Sunday at 10:30, there will be services at Strathcona.

For Sale—A second hand Empire cream separator, good condition, used only one year. Inquire of Largseth Mercantile company.

The Ideal Beer
Is Hamm's Delicious "Preferred Stock"

The Beer you drink should be *pure.* We guarantee *Hamm's* under the National Pure Food Law and also the Food Laws of all other states.
Our guarantee label is on every bottle.
"Leads Them All."

Hamm's

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

AS TO THE PRINCESS PAVLOVNA

Bride of Prince Wilhelm Is Rapidly Mastering the Swedish Language.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg makes the following comment regarding Princess Pavlovna, who a few days ago became the bride of Prince Wilhelm of Sweden: "She speaks French and German perfectly and is making great progress in Swedish, which is only natural, as her teacher is the youngest Swedish prince. Most of her life has been spent in Moscow, and she is Russian to the backbone, a devout member of the Orthdox church and an enthusiastic admirer of Russian art and literature. She is particularly fond of the works of Tolstoi and is proud of having received several letters from the great writer. Her aunt made a home for a number of officers and soldiers who had been wounded in the war with Japan at her country home in the south, and no visitor was more welcome by the sufferers than the Grand Duchess Marie. She used to spend hours reading to the patients and would help the nurses to tend them. The poor fellows used to call her the fairy princess."

During his recent visit in Stockholm King Edward was awarded the grand cross of the Vasa Order with chain from King Gustaf. In return King Edward awarded the Swedish king the Victoria chain, which the British sovereign awards only to members of royalty. Prior to leaving Stockholm King Edward paid a fine tribute to his departed friend, King Oscar. At 11 a. m. on the day of his departure from Stockholm, King Edward, accompanied by Gustaf, went to the Riddarholm's church and placed a beautiful wreath of lilies and lilacs on King Oscar's coffin. He also donated 1,000 crowns to the Stockholm poor and regretted that he did not find time to visit the so-called arbets-stugor, of which the Princess Victoria spoke in such high terms of praise during her visit to Stockholm last fall.

King Gustaf will arrive in Copenhagen on the morning of May 29 and will remain there until the following evening when he will continue his journey to Berlin. On the evening of the 29th inst., a gala performance will be given at the royal opera in honor of the Swedish king and a reception has also been arranged in his honor at the royal palace. While in Berlin, King Gustaf will be the guest of Emperor William and will participate in the great spring parade, which will be held in Berlin June 1. Queen Victoria, the Swedish queen, will join her royal consort in Berlin June 1.

Consul Ljungquist, of Antwerp, who was to have arranged for the expenditures incident to the burial of the Swedes who perished in the Tschernlak drama, is said to have placed Sweden in discredit. According to reports he did nothing whatsoever and a Swedish merchant is said to have footed the funeral bill. The latter has, however, taken up the matter with the Swedish government and an investigation has been begun, which it is believed will lead to the suspension of Consul Ljungberg.

The ladies of Sodermanland, headed by the Countess Ingjerd Reuterskiold, have completed their subscription list started some time ago for the purpose of purchasing a suitable wedding gift for Prince Wilhelm and his bride, Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna. The subscription list has now reached the sum of 10,000 crowns. The present will consist of an elaborate silver set, which will be purchased from and suitably engraved by one of the leading jewelry firms of Stockholm.

The labor unions of southern Sweden are reported to be waging an effective war against the sugar factories and the result may be that they may be able to boycott the Swedish sugar industry completely. Hundreds of merchants are now compelled to import sugar from foreign countries, which has raised the price on sugar half a cent a pound.

Queen Victoria, who recently journeyed from Venice to Switzerland via Simplon, spent a day or two at Lake Geneva, where she paid a visit to the Countess of Flandern in Ouchy. She arrived at Karlsruhe, where she will remain until the 20th inst., when she will journey to Berlin to join King Gustaf.

Fire suddenly broke loose in the Nordiska museum the other day and for a time the beautiful structure was threatened with destruction. The fire department was promptly on the spot, however, and soon had the flames under control.

Ex-United States Minister W. W. Thomas, who has been spending a part of the winter in [illegible] the United States via England. They [illegible] New York [illegible] Maine.

General [illegible] Hamilton [illegible] last week, [illegible] Swedish representative [illegible] telegraph [illegible] there at present.

During the absence of King Gustaf, the reins of government have been placed in the hands of the young crown prince, who will, of course, be very ably assisted by the cabinet officers.

Canned American meat may be used by the Swedish army after the meat has been thoroughly inspected by the quartermaster's department.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Norway has finally woke up to the fact that it pays to preserve her forest and the government has now taken a hold of forest preservation in earnest. For a number of years the destruction of the country's forests was going on much the same as in America, but that time is at an end now. The total area of timber in Norway is very large and covers about 21 per cent of the entire area of the country. The estimated value of the timber is 456,000,000 crowns. The first attempt to investigate the condition of the forests of Norway was made by the government in 1874. A royal commission was then gathering statistics on the amount of timber cut down each year and reported that it was 36 per cent greater than the annual growth. On account of the work now being done it is reasonable to suppose that the woods grow instead of diminish, as the cutting has been checked and large areas have been reforested.

Among those who recently have been awarded the St. Olaf's order in the United States are Lauritz Larsen, for more than a quarter of a century the head of Luther College of Decorah, Iowa, and president of a church paper published at that place; Rev. T. H. Dahl, of Minneapolis, president of the United Norwegian church of America and Professor Emeritus Sven Oftedahl, of the Augsburg Seminary in Minneapolis. The decorations were presented by Bishop Christian Bang during the recent May 17th celebration in Minneapolis, Minn., at which time a monument was also dedicated in honor of the Norwegian poet and patriot, Wergeland.

A Christiana telegram states that the crimes committed by Mrs. Bella Gunness in La Porte, Ind., has caused a great sensation in Norway. It is believed that one of her victims must have been Olaf Jensen, 23 years old, who emigrated from Norway to America about two years ago, and who was induced to emigrate because of a matrimonial advertisement published by Mrs. Gunness in a Norwegian-American newspaper. It is believed that he went direct to LaPorte, Ind. At any rate since his departure from Norway to America no one has heard a word from him in Christiania, where he made his home.

Great arrangements are under way at present in the capital for the proper observance of the one hundreth birthday anniversary of Henrik Bergeland, which takes place June 17th. The big fest will be given under the auspices of the Christiana Students Union. A great musical program has been arranged and Bjornstjerne Bjornson has been invited to deliver the principal address. Thousands of people are expected to be present in the city on this occasion and special trains will be run from many inland and coast towns.

The successor to Dr. Nansen has now been appointed. The choice fell on Johannes Irgens, who served as charge d'affairs ad interim at the legation of Norway in London during the time that Nansen has been absent. Irgens' appointment as minister at London is said to suit the government very much and it is generally believed in Norway that he will fill the bill. Mr. Irgens was born in 1869 and is a lawyer by profession. He has been in the foreign service during the past fifteen years or more.

Ex-premier Michelsen has gone to Nauheim, Germany, where he will take a series of baths in order that he may improve his health, which is reported to be in very poor condition.

Scandinavian fisherman will hold a conference this summer in connection with the fishing expedition at Trondhjem. It is believed that not less than 100 fisherman will attend.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A dispatch from Copenhagen says: "There has been a flirtatious tendency in Copenhagen, with Berlin as its objective. This led King Edward during his recent visit to Copenhagen to make the remark that if Denmark wanted peace it was necessary to act in such a way that no suspicion would be aroused. King Edward's words were far from sensational as to their form and the way they were spoken, but the whole nation realized their vast significance as soon as they were put in the proper light."

Great dissatisfaction exists on the Faroe Islands and one man rule is making itself felt very effectively. [illegible] Rigsdags Representative Patturson, who was defeated at the last elections, has commenced a bitter agitation against the Danish government and his object is to rule the island. [illegible] that he will succeed, [illegible] of the Danish government [illegible] take a hold of the matter in earnest.

The Danish government has decided [illegible] the Danish West India [illegible] American [illegible] raising money [illegible]. The government's decision [illegible] has been greeted with universal satisfaction in Denmark, [illegible] church circles.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A catastrophe narrowly was averted when a chandelier, measuring about fifteen feet in diameter, hanging in the center of the Hennepin Avenue Methodist Episcopal church at Minneapolis, fell with a crash into the auditorium, which was crowded with 700 people but thirty minutes before. A fire which damaged the edifice to the extent of about $10,000 followed.

Andres Isakson, a railway section man, dropped dead in his home at Pelican Rapids while closing a window during a storm. Lightning struck a tree in the immediate vicinity at the time and the physician who was summoned is uncertain whether death was due to the lightning or to heart failure.

In trying to board a fast freight train James R. Sullivan, nineteen years of age, was ground to pieces at Highwood, a suburb of St. Paul. Five companions, who refused to accept Sullivan's invitation to take the same risk, witnessed the accident and were powerless to help him.

Stanley R. Musolf was instantly killed at Duluth while working for the Zenith Telephone company. He was on a pole that carried electric light as well as telephone wires and came in contact with a wire carrying 2,300 volts. Musolf fell from the pole dead.

Alfred Melander, thirty-nine years old, of Minneapolis, crawled into the cupola at the rear of his brother's house and with a Swedish dagger inflicted two ghastly wounds in his throat, one of which severed the jugular vein.

Vincent Wocjelechowski, a young son of Martin Wocjelechowski of Flensburg, Morrison county, while working the mechanism of a 44-caliber repeating rifle, shot his brother Joe, who died a few hours afterward.

Francis Binet, a St. Paul high school boy, was almost instantly killed by falling from his bicycle and striking his head on the curbstone while endeavoring to avoid running into an approaching team.

The village of Vergas, in the northern part of Otter Tail county, is having an epidemic of smallpox and public meetings have been suspended.

Mrs. Marietta Woodcock of Minneapolis is dead after ten days' suffering as the result of injuries sustained in the explosion of a gasoline stove.

William C. Rogers shot himself in the head in a room at the Victor hotel, Minneapolis. Illness and financial troubles are blamed for the act.

Arthur Anderson, the eleven-year-old son of August Anderson of Kennedy, was drowned while swimming in a pond near that place.

Hugo J. Knaak, a sign painter, committed suicide by shooting at St. Paul. He left a note saying drink and remorse prompted the act.

Pascale Hale, a well known citizen of Owatonna, was accidentally drowned while fishing in the Straight river at Clinton Falls.

GENERAL NEWS.

By the payment of the gross earnings tax upon its business imposed by law the Tri-State Telephone company is exempt from all other forms of taxation except special taxes for improvements. This was determined in a decision of the supreme court in the case of the state against the company, the purpose of which was to enforce payment of a tax imposed by Ramsey county upon real estate owned by the company in St. Paul.

C. A. Smith, the Minneapolis millionaire lumberman, has been appointed by Governor Johnson as a member of the board of regents of the University of Minnesota to fill the unexpired term of Daniel R. Noyes of St. Paul, who died several weeks ago. The term will expire in 1910. Mr. Smith was first on the list of candidates proposed by the alumni association of the university.

Ore taken from underground mines and stored in stock piles awaiting shipment is taxable as personal property, according to an opinion given the state tax commission by George W. Peterson, assistant attorney general. The opinion holds that when the ore is severed from the land it ceases to be realty and becomes personalty.

A limited number of Minnesota farmers will be given opportunity this year of testing harvesters and mowers made in the new machine shop of the state prison. A dozen each of the machines will be ready for use by July 1.

The taking of testimony preparatory to a hearing on the merits in the railroad rate cases will be begun before Judge Charles E. Otis, special master, in the federal building at St. Paul on June 2.

OBITUARY.

Andrew Steenerson, a pioneer settler in the Red River valley and brother of Congressman Halvor Steenerson, is dead at Climax after eight years of suffering with diabetes.

Right Rev. Alexius Edelbrock, at one time president of St. John's college at Collegeville, this state, is dead in New York city.

Spafford Williams is dead at his home in California. Mr Williams was a pioneer of Houston county, settling there in 1854.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

With the object of preventing the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company from exercising any control over the Boston and Maine railroad and to separate the New Haven road from the extensive trolley system which it has acquired the government, through United States District Attorney French, filed in the United States circuit court at Boston a petition charging the existence of a combination in restraint of trade and monopoly within the meaning of sections 1 and 2 of the Sherman anti-trust act.

Following lengthy meetings at which a thorough discussion of Cashier William Montgomery's peculations was held the Allegheny National bank of Pittsburg has suspended. While Montgomery's peculations are officially placed at $594,000 it is said the bank's shortage is close to $2,000,000. Montgomery is held in $125,000 bail.

Demoralization, accompanied by unrestrained selling of securities, caused the stock market Saturday to be the weakest since the panic last fall. The professed motive for most of the selling was the inference drawn from the government suit against the New Haven railroad for violation of the anti-trust law.

The appellate court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in declaring that the mayor of Chicago cannot be forced to close the saloons on Sunday in conformity with the statute.

A monument in memory of the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna was dedicated at Cleveland in the presence of many distinguished guests and thousands of spectators.

May corn has touched 79 cents on the Chicago board of trade.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has arrived at Puget sound.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

That Representative George Lilley of Connecticut was not warranted in bringing charges against certain of his colleagues in the house and accredited members of the press is the conclusion reached by the special committee named by Speaker Cannon to investigate methods employed by the Electric Boat company of New Jersey in connection with legislation before congress. Mr. Lilley is charged with maintaining an attitude of bad faith, both in bringing the charges and concealing from the committee the identity of the real parties in interest behind the investigation.

Practically all hope of a ship subsidy was abandoned when the house, by a vote of 145 to 153, rejected the conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill containing a provision therefor and on which the principal fight was made.

The senate without division adopted a joint resolution reported by Mr. Aldrich from the committee on finance creating a commission to be called the national monetary commission.

Senator Newlands of Nevada has introduced a bill for the appointment of a national commission for the conservation of natural resources and defining its duties.

A conference of Republican members of the house has decided not to pass an anti-injunction bill at this session.

The bill providing for enlarged homesteads has been killed by the house.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Governor John Sparks of Nevada, who has been ill for some time, is dead at his ranch near Reno.

Peter F. Dailey, one of the best known comedians in the United States, is dead at Chicago.

Rain and Animals.

"Lions, tigers and all the cat tribe dread rain," said a zoo keeper. "On a rainy day they tear nervously up and down their cages, growling and trembling. We usually give them an extra ration of hot milk. That puts them to sleep. Wolves love a gray day of rain. They are then very cheery. Treacherous as the wolf is, no keeper need fear him on a rainy day. He is too happy to harm a fly. Snakes, too, like rain. They perk up wonderfully as the barometer falls and the damp makes itself felt in their warm cases of glass.

"Rain makes monkeys glum. They are apt from instinct, when they see it through the window, to clasp their hands above their heads and sit so for hours. That attitude, you know, makes a kind of shelter. It is the primitive umbrella. So, when it rained, the naked primitive man and woman sat gloomily in the primeval swamps of giant ferns."

A Mouse and a Candle.

At the end of the bathing season, a few years ago, a candle was left on the mantlepiece of a family in Pouliguen, France. When they returned the next spring they found, according to La Nature, that a mouse had done these things:

Climbed somehow a marble chimney piece, there being no piece of furniture near enough to leap from and no way of descending from above.

Climbed the candlestick itself, which was of highly polished silver, over ten inches high, with a broad flare at the cup.

Climbed the candle, began eating at the top, eating evenly all round down to the base, leaving the bare wick standing up perfectly straight.

If the mouse had begun at the base of the candle, its weight would have caused it to topple over. It must have taken the mouse a good many days to eat the candle down to the bottom.

BIG FINE IS UPHELD.

Circuit Court of Appeals Affirms Rebate Decision.

The United States court of appeals at St. Paul has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the rebate cases involving the Omaha Railroad company and H. M. Pearce, general freight agent of the road, in which a fine of $20,000 was imposed on the railroad company and Mr. Pearce was fined $2,000. Judge Adams wrote the opinion, Judges Sanborn and Philips concurring.

The trial was held before Judge Morris at the April term of court last year in Minneapolis. The indictment was returned the previous November.

The defendants were indicted on fifty separate counts for granting that number of rebates from the rate named in the tariffs and schedules of rates published and filed by the road with the interstate commerce commission for carrying oats from Minneapolis to Duluth over a route which passed through some portion of Wisconsin. They were found guilty on all counts and one fine of $20,000 and another of $2,000 were imposed upon the two named defendants.

The defendants prosecuted a writ of error to secure a reversal of that judgment.

MURDER IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Body of Unknown Man Found in the Mississippi River.

With a gaping bullet wound telling the story of an unwilling death the remains of a middle-aged man were pulled from the Mississippi river in Minneapolis and taken to the county morgue, where it was found that it is probable that the man had a large sum of money and that it was greed for gold that caused the crime.

Notations in a small book found on an inside pocket indicate that the dead man had for some reason unknown drawn his savings from the bank and that they amounted to something over $1,000—the exact figures being blurred.

The authorities have been unable to identify the body.

PHONE TALK IS ABOVE LAW

Court Holds That No Action Lies for Breach of Peace.

Judge H. L. Buck of the municipal court of Winona holds that no action lies for breach of peace where the words were spoken over a telephone, although such words would be actionable if spoken directly to the person addressed. He holds that by the time the person offended had reached the person speaking he would have had time to cool off. The action was brought because of abusive words alleged to have been spoken by Lawrence Kreidermacher to Mrs. Mary Simon over the telephone at Oak Ridge, Winona county. The trouble arose between neighbors because of stock running at large.

Minneapolis Woman Robbed.

While shopping in a Nicollet avenue department store at Minneapolis Mrs. Mamie Slocum of that city was robbed of property valued at $2,000, including diamonds, bank notes, checks and a $1,000 mortgage. The theft was executed at a time when the store was filled with shoppers. The lost property was carried in a large handbag, which was taken while the owner was having a waist fitted.

Forty Horses Cremated.

Forty horses and practically all the wagons belonging to the St. Paul Transfer company at St. Paul were burned in a fire which completely destroyed the company's barns. The fire started in the rear of the building. Its origin is unknown. Effort was made by the barnmen and firemen to save the horses, but they refused to leave the building.

Body of Woman Found in River.

The body of a young woman, who is thought to have jumped or fallen from the government dam, was found floating in the Mississippi river near the Town and Country club at St. Paul. A woman was seen by some men to jump or fall from the St. Paul side of the dam a few days previous and it is thought that it was her body that was discovered.

Play on Track Is Fatal.

Nels, the little eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Johnson of Partridge, was struck by a passing train and instantly killed. The child was playing on the track and did not notice the train until it struck him.

Falls in Well and Drowns.

Melvin Thoreson, the two-year-old son of Lewis Thoreson, living north of Bagley, fell into a well while playing near the house and was drowned. His parents found him standing on his head in the bottom of the well.

EXECUTION TO BE PUBLIC

Sheriff Hopes to Teach Foreigners a Lesson.

Pottsville, Pa., May 25.—In order to teach the foreign population of the coal regions a lesson Sheriff Clay Evans has decided to make the execution of Felix Radzius public so far as the leading representatives of the Poles, Hungarians, Slavs, Lithuanians, Russians and Italians are concerned.

Tickets of admission have been given to these men to see Radzius die. Sheriff Evans believes that their recital of the event to their countrymen will do much to prevent murders in this section of the coal regions.

BANKER IS INDICTED

Arthur Z. Drew of Hamline Faces Serious Charge.

RELEASED ON $4,000 BONDS

Is Charged With Receiving Deposits When He Knew Institutions Were Insolvent.

Arthur Z. Drew, banker, promoter, college professor, humanitarian and sociologist, was arraigned before Judge Hallam at St. Paul to answer to a criminal charge in the shape of four indictments for receiving a deposit in an insolvent bank. He pleaded not guilty. Judge Hallam fixed bail at $4,000, which was furnished.

The gravamen of the charge is that the defendant, knowing the two private banks, the Midway bank and the Hamline bank, to be insolvent, accepted these deposits named in the indictments. That he must have realized at the time that the men who made the deposits could not in the natural course of events get their money back.

MINNESOTA LOSES SUIT.

Great Western Only Pays Two Per Cent Tax on Main Line.

An order has been filed by Judge Hallam of the Ramsey county district court at St. Paul in the case of the state against the Chicago Great Western Railway company by which that company is confirmed in its contention that it is required to pay only a 2 per cent gross earnings tax on its main line running from St. Paul to the Iowa state line.

The decision, unless reversed on appeal, will forever prohibit the state from collecting more than 2 per cent gross earnings taxes on that portion of the Chicago Great Western system which was originally the property of the Minnesota and Northwestern Railway company.

In 1906 Attorney General Young instituted suit against the Chicago Great Western company demanding judgment for the state in the sum of $24,979.62. It was set forth that 4 per cent of the gross earnings for the year 1905 amounted to $49,959.24 and that the company had paid $24,979.62 as a gross earnings tax. The railroad company set up that it was exempt as to the property in question from the 4 per cent tax by virtue of the charter granted March 1, 1856, to the Minnesota and Northwestern company by the territorial legislature and Judge Hallam decided in favor of the company.

STUDENTS BADLY INJURED

Run Down by a Trolley Car in St. Paul.

Miss Jennie Constance and Warren Heins, juniors at Hamline university, were run down by a Como-Harriet street car near Como park at St. Paul and both are probably fatally hurt. They are at the Cobb hospital in a grave condition. Miss Constance has several cuts on her head. Her face is cut and bruised, there are symptoms of internal injuries indicated by a hemorrhage and she is suffering from the shock.

Mr. Heins has a complete fracture of both bones of the left arm. His collar bone is also fractured and he has multiple bruises and abrasions about the head and face. He was badly shaken up and is unconscious.

Million-Dollar Stove Plant.

The Great Northern Stove Manufacturing company, a new Minneapolis industry with $1,000,000 capital, has bought a factory site of more than five acres of land in Northeast Minneapolis and will build thereon a plant to cost $100,000 and to employ at the start at least 200 men. The Prince Construction company has the contract for the erection of the plant. The work will begin in thirty days and by Jan. 1, 1909, the plant will be equipped and ready to turn out stoves.

Minnesota Pioneer Dead.

S. B. Foot of the firm of Foot, Schulze & Co. of St. Paul, a resident of Minnesota since 1857, is dead at his home in Red Wing. He had been in failing health for some months. Mr. Foot was one of the most prominent and widely known men of the city and state and his death takes from earth one of those men who helped to lay the foundations of the community and the commonwealth of Minnesota.

Impaled Boy Dies of Injuries.

James Toohey, the eleven-year-old Minneapolis boy who was impaled on a picket fence through jumping from the roof of a shed in order to escape being struck by bricks which August Gau, an aged man, was throwing at him, is dead of his injuries. Gau, who has been held to the grand jury on a charge of assault, will now be charged with manslaughter.

Woman Frightfully Cut.

Mrs. Julius Loike, residing near [illegible], was working in the field when the horses became frightened and ran away, throwing her under the discs of the machinery. Five ribs and her hip were broken, her abdomen was torn part way open and there were several gashes cut in her breast. It is feared that her wounds will be fatal.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

A CITIZENS DUTY.

It sometimes happens that a funeral sermon will contain some such reference to the deceased as this: "Our brother was never known in the whole course of his life to utter an unkind word concerning any living being." This is regarded by some not only as a virtue but as the rarest and most beautiful of Christian virtues.

In like manner there are citizens who consider it the supreme duty of a good citizen to keep a shut mouth and never to make any adverse comment on public measures or public men. Their idea of civic morality is the paying of taxes and serving on jury without complaint, and a charitable belief that politicians and officeholders, one and all, are doing the best they can for the public weal.

Now, it may safely be admitted that if a man is incapable of discrimination he will do no more harm by wholesale praise than by wholesale abuse. Either of these habits will leave him without a particle of influence, one way or the other, and reduce him to a political cipher. And of course no man who in this way commits civic suicide should be considered a good citizen.

But, next to voting the most indispensible duty of a good citizen is talking. He should not talk all the time. He should not talk without reflection. He should not blame everybody, nor praise everybody. He should think it over well then express himself freely, fearlessly and vigorously concerning every public measure and every public man, from the Aldrich bill and the President down to a special assessment and a constable. He is not a good citizen unless to the best of his ability, he does this.

Pierpont's little poem, in which he compares the ballot to a snowflake and the popular election to the alvanche is equally applicable to a casual expression of opinion by a private citizen and the resistless force of public sentiment. It may sometimes happen that a single unpremeditated remark made by a good citizen and overheard by a politician may produce a world wide effect. But certain it is that when every good man in the community utters the same commendation or condemation a greater force is exerted than by any other political agency whatever. This is the "higher law," which has been known to submerge and supercede senates and constitutions without serious injury to the State.

In a country like this, especially, public sentiment is only the aggregate of what "they say." Let every good citizen, therefore resolve to have his "say."—Chicago Record-Herald.

THE MORTGAGE REGISTRY TAX.

Says the Virginia Virginian: "The Minnesota supreme court has decided the mortgage registry tax constitutional. A whole lot of people will be glad to hear that. But the next legislature should see to it that the mortgage registry tax is made illegal by repealing the law. This registry tax law was made with the idea of catching those people outside the state who lend money on mortgages. In 99 cases out of 100 it is the borrowers who gets caught. The lender simply exacts the amount of the registry tax as a bonus from the borrower. So it is a tax on industry and enterprise."

The case against the much-vaunted mortgage registry tax law could hardly have been put more compactly, more clearly or more damningly than it is in this quotation. The only criticism to be made of this criticism lies in the percentage assigned to the cases wherein the man that lends the money makes the man that borrows it pay the tax. The Virginia paper assumes that one in a hundred lenders of money assumes the tax. Experience here would indicate that instead of this being true in 1 per cent of the cases, it isn't true in any; that in every case the lender shoulders off upon the borrower the burden that the law intended for the lender.

If the only way to secure the taxation of mortgages is to make the borrower pay the tax, then mortgages had better not be taxed.

Before the mortgage registry tax came in, mortgages pretty generally escaped taxation, but if they were taxed, the lender paid the tax. The machinery for taxing mortgages before was very unsatisfactory and unjust. Properly speaking, under the provisions that all property should be assessed at its cash value a mortgage should have been returned *at its* face amount. Thus if you had loaned $1,000 to your friend, and had taken a mortgage on his house for it, and he were paying you 5 per cent or $50 a year upon the loan, a strict observance of the law required that you list that mortgage with your personal property at $1,000, and at a tax rate of 3½ per cent, you would pay $35 in taxes on it, reserving only $15 for yourself. In the case of a bond at 4 per cent, you would pay in taxes $35 out of the $40 your bond earned you. This wasn't right, of course, and not only did nobody return their mortgages at their face value, but very few people returned their mortgages at all.

The registry tax is a fair tax, but the borrower shouldn't pay it. Under the present law as it works out, every borrower pays the tax, and no lender pays anything, though by rights the lenders should always pay. As the Virginia newspaper says, this is a tax on industry and enterprise, and any such tax is unthinkable because it penalizes progress. The man who borrows money to put it to work is a greater help to society than the man that saves his money to lend it out at interest.

If the legislature can't fix this law so the lender will pay the tax, it ought to repeal it. It is the first and only fruit of the absurd "wide-open" tax amendment to the constitution, and in its present shape it is a very bitter and wholly worthless fruit.—Duluth Evening Herald.

The Wisconsin Supreme court has decided that pupils of the public schools can be disciplined for acts outside the schoolhouse which have a tendency to destroy the efficiency and standing of the school and its teachers. Two pupils had some trouble with their principal and wrote an alleged poem ridiculing the teachers and school and published it in the local paper. The principal and Board of Education suspended them. The parents appealed to the courts to compel the authorities to take the pupils back. The court decided that while it may have been foolish for the board to have taken notice of the article in question it had the authority to suspend them if the act was calculated to injure the discipline of the schools. Many pupils think that the teachers have no control over them after they leave the grounds but this decision makes it plain that they have if the acts have a bearing on the schools.—Fergus Falls Journal.

St. Peter Free Press: "If parents would visit the schools more frequently many things might be avoided that otherwise lead to unnecessary irritation, and most always to the detriment of the pupils. The trouble with many parents is they know too little about their children away from home. The latter are supposed to be in school, as a matter of course, and most of them are, but loitering about town during school hours and then find fault with the Teacher at home. And the pity of it is that parents are too often inclined to take the word of their offspring instead of making inquiries and on proper occasions making an effective rawhide demonstration. It is not at all necessary that every child should go through the high school, but no child should be permitted to leave school below the eighth grade, unless he is sick or mentally deficient. Shirking school and loitering about town is never conducive to good citizenship; on the contrary, it tends to develop bad habits and not infrequently it leads to the path of the vagabond and the criminal. Parents should bear this in mind and never take sides with the loiterer and the truant."

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Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 2½ lb	1.30
Cookies from	10up
Cocoanut bulk per lb.	18
Prunes California per lb.	10
Apples evaporated per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb.	10
Corn Freeport [illegible]	25
Salmon Chinook per lb can	15
Mackerel [illegible] per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters per can	30
[illegible]	25
Oysters [illegible]	25
[illegible] shredded	25
[illegible]	25
[illegible]	5

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
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REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

If milk cans and utensils are washed thoroughly and scalded last without subsequent wiping they will be much freer from contamination by bacteria than if scalded and wiped dry with a rag.

The 1,300 pound draft horse at three years old can always be counted on by the horse raiser as a safe and profitable proposition. During the past few years such an animal has been worth from 10 to 12 cents per pound.

The heifer calf that is intended for dairy use should not be given too fattening a ration. Oats, grass and milk, with a scant ration of shelled corn, will furnish about what she needs for her *proper development.*

Some one who has tried it says that if flour of sulphur is mixed liberally with the seed corn in the planter box the cutworms will not touch the corn so treated. It is certainly an easy and inexpensive recipe and at least worth trying.

The colt that is halter broken at the start and trained and handled as he grows not only makes a much more tractable horse at three years old, but also one that will fetch a considerably higher price on the market because of this very fact.

When the flock of hens is confined at close range and no green food is available, cut green stuff, preferably lawn cuttings, should be given to them in generous allowance every day or two. The greediness with which they devour it not only shows that they relish it, but that their systems need it.

A proper combination of spade and elbow grease will make the worms working in the earth in the hen yard available for consumption as animal food. The hens will not only be better off for the food which they get thus, but the chap who works the spade handle will get exercise that will do him good.

Where a decent amount of preliminary road work and grading has been done roads can be kept in fair shape if no other implement is used than broad tired wagons for hauling produce to market. These tend to mash lumps of dirt, fill up the ruts and pack the earth down so that it will shed water in first class shape when it rains.

A good many municipalities place a minimum butter fat limit of 3 per cent for all peddled milk. If the dignitaries who framed these ordinances had to put up with milk that tested less than the above per cent in their coffee and on their oatmeal, a good deal more vigor would be manifested in the prosecution of violators of the regulation.

A New York farmer reports success in the use of common stovepipe soot as a cure for scours in calves. An old method of preparing the dose was to take a tablespoonful of soot, mix it with the white and yolk of an egg, put it back in the shell and place the filled shell far back in the mouth of the afflicted calf. Another cure for the scours is to put a small amount of formalin in the milk ration.

If the slugs start to work on the currant and gooseberry bushes, they may be dusted with powdered white hellebore, or the same may be applied as a spray, made by mixing one ounce of the chemical in two gallons of water. Paris green is also effective and may be applied in the form of dust, using one pound of the poison to twenty pounds of flour. If the dust spray is used, it is best to apply it when the dew is on the leaves.

One of the thoughts that come to a visitor to the Grand Canyon of the Colorado is of the enormous length of time that must have been consumed in the geological formation of the granite shapes and depth of rock found in places there and the eons of years following that were required in the transformation of what is supposed to have been the bed of an immense lake into a river valley in which flowing water has cut a channel in places [illegible] feet deep.

While European and Asiatic countries have forms of animal and bird life to be found nowhere else, the American continent seems to possess in exclusive property of humming birds. Of the [illegible] hundred odd varieties nearly [illegible] found in the [illegible] the United States from Mexico, [illegible] in the other states. [illegible] the flowers. [illegible] a helpful mission.

The average farmer, constituted as most of them are, will have better success if he devotes his energies to the raising of either a strictly beef or dairy breed of cattle rather than to what is generally understood as a dual purpose breed.

One who has suffered a good deal in past years as a result of ivy poisoning writes that a very simple and effective cure is the application to the affected parts of a paste made by moistening fresh hardwood ashes with water. Our friend states that this seldom fails to give immediate relief.

Where an individual pupil in the town or country school becomes a source of more injury to the industry and government of the school which he attends than he derives in benefit from the educational advantages which are available it is time that he was handed his walking papers and told to get out.

Specific instructions sent out with almost every cream separator put on the market are to the effect that the machine should be thoroughly washed and scalded each time it is used. When it is considered that in extreme cases slovenly patrons do not clean their separators oftener than once a week it is not surprising that the use of the separator in some localities is not resulting in a materially improved dairy product.

Daily papers in the larger cities report an unusual exodus of young people to the country. It's a wholesome movement and will tend to adjust the inequality in the supply of labor which has made it well nigh impossible for the granger to get satisfactory labor at any price, while soft handed clerks in creased trousers and standup collars have unrolled bolts of dry goods behind mahogany counters on a salary of $7.39 a week.

Under no circumstances should the unsophisticated country girl go to a large city on a tempting offer of high wages unless the position she has in view has been certified to by a person of her acquaintance in whom she has absolute confidence. In all too many cases girls are wont to view these offers as bona fide only to find by bitter experience that they were traps set by unprincipled or immoral schemers to lure them to the city.

Root crops—potatoes, turnips, rutabagas and the like—do especially well in sections where there is an abundance of moisture and where moderate temperatures prevail, while corn can get along with some less moisture and needs an abundance of heat to produce the largest and best crops. It is for the reasons mentioned that Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Canada produce the best root crops, while the states south of these to the gulf of Mexico lead in the production of corn.

While having a seemingly hard and tough bark, trees, especially the fruit bearing kind, are exceedingly susceptible to damage by fire. This is due to the fact that the life layer of the tree, the light yellow cambium layer, is just beneath the outside bark and, being so near the surface, is easily affected by an extreme of heat. One learns the truth of this to his sorrow at times when a fire gets away from him when burning litter in the garden or when a fire is accidentally started in the grass in the orchard.

For years past fumes of tobacco have been used for the purpose of fumigation in green and hot-houses. But, due to the fact that this is not always effective with all kinds of insects, other insecticides have been experimented with, and hydrocyanic acid gas has been found to be very effective. One of the drawbacks with this is that in addition to exterminating insect life it will also inflict injury on the plants if allowed to remain in the inclosure too long. It is likewise a deadly poison, and great care has to be exercised in the use of it.

To get rid of the aphids or green flea which attack the rosebushes in house or garden there is nothing better than tobacco infusion, which is made by adding hot water to tobacco at the rate of four gallons to a pound of tobacco waste or stems. This should be allowed to stand until cold, when there should be added to it an ounce and a half of whale oil soap or three ounces of soft soap. This should be sprayed on the larger bushes, but the smaller potted plants may be dipped in it. The treatments should be given once a week until the lice disappear.

The patrons of a well known catalogue house have been having a good deal of trouble of late because the concern in question made use of patents in the manufacture of their cheap cream separators that belonged to another firm. A decision handed down by the United States circuit court not only enjoins the catalogue house from selling any more of these machines, but the individual purchaser from using them. Whether the supply house is going to make this loss good to its patrons is not as yet stated, but it is hardly likely.

The grape fruit, which is of the color of a lemon and of the shape of an orange, though considerably larger, gets its name from the fact that the fruit as borne on the trees is clustered much as are grapes on their stem. This fruit is not at its best until [illegible] after picking, when it is [illegible] ripe for shipment, which accounts for the fact that so little of it is shipped to eastern markets and for the further fact that so little of that which is shipped is in prime condition, being picked from the trees before it is really ri

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Exactly what baby needs.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Dr. Teal was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

A. O. Sandlund, of Brunkeberg, was in the city last week and made this office a call.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Henry Diebel was up to Greenbush last Saturday.

For snaps in city property, see Hager the land man.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Attorney Michelet was over to Bemidji the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Miss Irene Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Louis Gorard, state factory inspector, was in the city last week.

Lost—A gold bracelet. Finder please return to the News office.

Register of Deeds Quist was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Rommem's livery barn.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls Monday visiting friends.

Daniel Patterson and H. E. Ives, of St. Hilrire, were in the city Monday.

Sig Backen sprained his wrist the first of the week at the skating rink.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Dr. Swanson and O. H. Olson, of St. Hilaire, were in the city last Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Hathaway was over to Grand Forks visiting with friends Sunday.

Andrew Stenseth returned to this city Monday from a trip to North Dakota points.

Ed Emerson and family left Monday for Kalispell, Mont., to spend the summer.

A baby girl was born last Friday to Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Vaughan of the town of Goodridge.

John Havel, Jr., left Saturday for Glendwood to resume his position with the bridge crew of the Soo.

E. K. Gjerness, August J. Wentzel and H. H. Halvorson, three officers and boosters for the Highlanding creamery, were in the city last week attending to business matters.

One 7 room furnished house to rent from June 1st till September 1st. $15 a month. A. A. Hall.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon. George Elder.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Ole E. Hagen, a former prominent Crookston newspaper man at present located upon a homestead up in Roseau county, was in the city last Saturday.

A. Gilsoul was in the city the first of the week from Pea Soup Island and reports roads to be in as bad a condition as they were during the summer of 1905.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city last week from a trip through the central part of the state looking after farm loans for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company.

Patronize home industries. Ice cream for sale at the Creamery, 70c per gallon, for three gallons and over, 80 cents per gallon for two and $1 for one gallon. Ice cream delivered.

Mrs Joseph Lang was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday. Next week Mrs. Lang leaves for St. Paul to join her husband and make her home for the balance of the summer.

The city council held a special meeting Friday evening and granted a license to sell liquor to Fred Ewald, who recently purchased the John J. Vorachek saloon. No other business was transacted.

Ed Burelson, formerly in the dry goods department of Donaldson's store in Minneapolis, arrived in the city last week and will have charge of the dry goods department of the Golden Rule in the future.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McGinn, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McGinty, Mr. and Mrs. John Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holzknecht, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Sheady and Matt Barzen were down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to attend a celebration in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Catholic Order of Forsters.

—While painting the steeple of the Fargo flour mill S. R. Davidson fell 75 feet to the top of the engine house without serious injury altho the fall caused the roof to sag. The fall was caused by the parting of a defective rope.

A. S. Wilson and several others are figuring on forming a company to purchase a large motor boat for use on the pond and river. A boat of this kind would be a decided aquisiton to the village and we hope they will succeed in forming the company and buying a first class boat.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Odell were in the city the first of the week from the Pea Soup country. Mrs. Odell went out to her husband's homestead Nov. 15, 1902 and until her visit to Thief River Falls this week had not slept one night off of the homestead. If there were more residents like the Odells out in that section it would be a good thing for the country.

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Post are home again after a five weeks visit at Mount Clements, Michigan where Mr. Post was taking the baths for his health. Mrs. Post returned on Wednesday and Mr. Post on Thursday, having been delayed a day in Crookston on business matters. Mr. Posts' health seems greatly improved.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

There was change made in the freight service on this branch of the Great Northern this week. *The freight now* goes south on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays and north on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The change was made in order to get the shipments of the creamery butter from this section. Butter is always shipped on Mondays and then goes direct to New York:

A. Joe Giller, who is to open up a new store in the Nelson building on La Bree avenue, arrived in the city Monday from Chicago where he had been to purchase his stock of goods. Mr. Giller purchased an exceptionally good stock of goods, and expects to be open for business about the first of June. He will handle clothing, dry goods, shoes, jewelry and notions.

An "Old Settlers" meeting will be held at McIntosh June 27 and 28, which will be in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the settlement of the "thirteen towns." The old settlers in the vicinity of McIntosh will act as a committee of the whole and will make elaborate preparations for the receptions and entertaiment of those present. A detailed program will be published later on, but one of the leading attractions for the occasion will be an address by U. S. Senator Knute Nelson.

New Route out of Lower Falls.

Rural route Inspectors George H. Chase, of Fergus Falls, and Wirt Hughes, of Crookston, were at Red Lake Falls Tuesday, looking over the proposed route to Huot and the northwest. They informed Postmaster E. F. Marshall that the establishment of the route would be recommended by them. This will make the second rural route from Red Lake Falls, with three star routes already established.

Silverton.

Don't forget the "Leap Year Trials of the Reservation Bachelors" at the Mavie school house.

The weather has been quite wet of late and the roads are bad.

Mr. Mat Staska and son Frank were in town last week.

Mr. C. Moen was at Thief River Falls last week.

May 30 will be decoration day.

I have land for sale, call or write to J. F. J. Staska, Mavie, Minn.

Don't forget the basket social at Mavie school house, Saturday May 30.

Mr. Anton Pederson was in town Saturday.

Miss Anna Johnson was in town visiting friends last Saturday.

The grand play "The Leap Year Trials of the Reservation Bachelors" will be rendered by the Mavie dramatic club, May 30, memorial day at 8 P. M. sharp. Every body come. A basket Social will follow the play. Ladies please bring baskets, the gentlemen will undoubtedly buy them.

Reiner.

(Too late for last week.)

Andrew Kjos has been doing some carpenter work for Mr. Helle this last week.

The ladies sewing society met with Mrs. T. O. Berg last Wednesday. They are working for the benefit of the school to save mony for sealing and other necessary things.

John Anderson sold his threshing rig to a party in the town of River Falls last night.

Anton Bakker was a visitor in this vicinity last Monday.

Gust Berkeness has been hard at work moving brush, but the brush has not been hurt much so far.

T. O. Berg hauled some lumber from the mill yesterday for his house he is building.

Arne Hadeland bought some hay from Mr. Berkeness.

Mrs. Sigrud is on the way to recovery from her illness, but it takes time.

Our lost man returned safe at last.

Band to Have Uniforms.

The board of managers of the band—Dr. Penney, Fr. Adolph and Supt. Hay—held a meeting Monday evening and decided to purchase uniforms for the band boys.

It was also decided to have a base ball game sometime next week between the fats and the leans, the proceeds of this game of ball to be used to purchase the uniforms. The game will be called at 4:30 in the afternoon and all of the business houses will be requested to close during the time the game is in progress.

Old Trail Disappearing.

The old Pembina trail, which passes east of this village, will probably disappear within the next few years, before the march of the plowmen. There are five tracks in the trail—a new one being started each time the ruts got too deep—and the amount of traffic that has passed over it has been quite extensive. One or two of the paths show plainly the path in the center where the oxen that pulled the Red River carts—which was the passenger coach of the early days—have walked. This trail was the main highway along which the first civilization traveled into the lower Red River valley, and the part of it through the reservation is about all that is yet visible and in use of the historic old road.—Waubun Forum.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending May, 23, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Erickson, Miss Laura.
Gerhart, Nick.
Nanham, Mrs. J.
Olson, Mrs. M. O.
Stenvik, Miss Betsy.
Stuart, Miss Lizzie.
Sodetad, H. P. J.
Sotter, Will J.
Quam Nellie.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Proving His Motto.

"Well, sir," exclaimed the millionaire "what do you want this morning?"

"I've come again to ask for your daughter," said the poor but ambitious young man.

"Haven't I told you six times over on as many different days that it is out of the question? What do you mean by bothering me in this way? You are making a nuisance of yourself!"

"If I seem to be more persistent than circumstances warrant, I must insist that you, sir, are to blame."

"Me!" shouted the indignant old man. "I don't understand you."

"There," said the man who loved his daughter as he pointed to a motto over the banker's desk, "is my excuse for coming here day after day, 'If at first you don't succeed, try, try, try again.' Do you believe in that sentiment, or have you put it up there simply to deceive people?"

After he had scratched his head awhile the mean old plutocrat said:

"Yes, I believe in that. I haven't succeeded yet in making you understand that my daughter shall not become the wife of a fool, but I am going to keep on trying till I do! Good morning!"

—And that time he did it.—Strand Magazine.

What the Cat Had.

The teacher of the Sunday school class was telling the little boys about temptation and showing how it sometimes came in the most attractive form. She used as an illustration the paw of a cat.

"Now," said she, "you have all seen the paw of a cat. It is as soft as velvet, isn't it?"

"Yessum," from the class.

"And you have seen the paw of a dog?"

"Yessum."

"Well, although the cat's paw seems like velvet, there is nevertheless concealed in it something that hurts. What is it?"

No answer.

"The dog bites," said the teacher, "when he is in anger. But what does the cat do?"

"Scratches," said a boy.

"Correct," said the teacher, nodding her head approvingly. "Now, what has the cat got that the dog hasn't?"

"Whiskers!" said a boy on the back seat.—Home Magazine.

Bible Blunders.

Some curious errors have crept into the Bible at various times, giving names to the editions containing them. Here are some instances: The "Unrighteous" Bible, from the misprint "the 'unrighteous' shall inherit the kingdom; the "Placemakers'" Bible, "blessed are the placemakers'" (peacemakers); the "Printers'" Bible, "the 'printers' (for princes) have persecuted me;" the "Treacle" Bible, "Is there no 'treacle' (balm) in Gilead?" the "Vinegar" Bible, "the parable of the 'vinegar'" (vineyard); the "Bug" Bible, "thou shalt not be afraid of 'bugs' (bogies) by night;" the "Breeches" Bible, "they sewed fig leaves together and made themselves 'breeches,'" the "Idle" Bible, "woe to the 'idle'" (idol), and finally the "Wooden Leg" Testament, so called from the frontispiece depicting Satan limping with a wooden leg.

Subscribe for the News.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;—18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

For Real Estate Loans, we are now better prepared than before, come and consult us.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

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People's State Bank.

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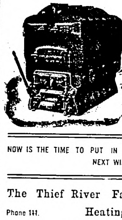

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THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

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THE SOCIALIST AIM.

Capitalism No Longer Serves, and Socialism Must Be the Next Step.

The short period which has elapsed since the birth of our republic has witnessed immense changes. New economic conditions have sprung up, new social relations have been created, new popular needs have been developed, and a radical readjustment of our industrial and political institutions has become necessary.

The United States entered on its national career as a farming country. Manufacture and commerce played but an incidental part in the early life of the population. But within the last century, and more particularly within its last decade, agriculture was gradually subordinated to the great modern factory industry. The centers of national activity were transferred from the peaceful villages to the large cities, and within the latter the methods of manufacture and commerce were thoroughly and rapidly revolutionized.

The modest workshop of former generations was superseded by the huge factory. The simple tool of the old time mechanic developed into the gigantic machine propelled by the power of steam and electricity, while the railroads, steamships, telegraphs and telephones united the entire country into one great market for the exchange of goods. These marvelous improvements in our methods of production and distribution, together with the extraordinary abundance of the natural resources of the country, have resulted in immense benefits. The productivity of labor and the wealth of the nation have increased a hundredfold, and the United States is today one of the richest countries on the face of the globe.

But, although this wonderful transformation is the result of the collective ingenuity and labor of the multitudes of workers of present and past generations, its fruits have been seized and appropriated by a small portion of the population—the capitalist class. The capitalists own as their individual and private property all the land on which we live, together with the mines, oil wells and other natural treasures hidden in it, and most of the structures and homes erected on it. They own our railways, telegraph and all other means of transportation and communication. They own our factories, machinery and all the tools indispensable to the production of the necessaries of life. They own the food, clothing and shelter of their fellow men. In short, they own the country, with all its wealth and resources, while the great mass of the population, whose labor has created our so called "national" wealth and still maintains our national life, are virtually destitute of property and depend for their right to work and live upon the will of the more or less idle capitalist.

The anomalous fact that a small group of capitalists are permitted to use all the country's resources and social tools for their individual profit and to make the production of the necessaries of our lives the object of their competitive private enterprises and speculations is at the bottom of all the social evils of our time. In spite of the organization of trusts, pools and combinations, the capitalists are powerless to regulate production for social ends. Industries are conducted in a planless manner through periods of feverish activity during which the strength and health of the workers are mercilessly undermined and periods of enforced idleness during which the workers are frequently reduced to starvation.

The climaxes of this chaotic system of production are the regularly recurring industrial depressions and crises which paralyze the nation every fifteen or twenty years. In its mad and reckless race for profits the capitalist class is bound to exploit the workingmen to the very limit of their endurance and to sacrifice their physical, moral and mental welfare to its own insatiable greed. Capitalism keeps the masses of workingmen in poverty, destitution, physical exhaustion and ignorance; it drags their wives from their homes to the mill and factory; it snatches their children from the playgrounds and schools and grinds their slender bodies and unformed minds into cold dollars; it wantonly disfigures, maims and kills hundred of thousands of workingmen annually in the mines, railroads and factories; it drives millions of workers into the ranks of the unemployed and forces large numbers of them into beggary, vagrancy and all forms of crime and vice. To maintain their iniquitous rule over their fellow men the capitalists must keep in their pay all organs of the public powers, public mind and public conscience. They control the dominating parties and through them the elected public officials; they select our executives, bribe our legislatures and corrupt our courts of justice; they own and censor our press; they subsidize and direct our churches and colleges, and they own the nation politically, intellectually and spiritually just as they own it industrially.

There is but one way to free our social system from all these grave evils, and that is to remove their common cause and source—the private ownership of the nation's wealth, tools and resources. To make the people free and independent in fact as well as in name the people must take possession of their land, mines, wells, railroads, telegraphs, factories, machinery and all social tools of wealth production and use and operate them collectively and democratically for the joint benefit of all members of the community.

And the basis for such transformation is rapidly developing within the very bosom of present capitalist society. The factory system, with its immense machinery and minute division of labor, is rapidly destroying all vestiges of individual production. Modern production is already very largely a collective and social process, while the great trusts and monopolies which have sprung up in recent years have had the effect of organizing the work and management of some of our main industries on a national scale and fitting them for national use and operation.

The task of so transforming our industrial system devolves primarily on the workers. The working class is the principal victim of the evils of the capitalist rule; it is numerically the strongest class, and it has gradually become the most useful and essential class in society. While the typical capitalist is rapidly degenerating into a mere parasite on industry whose functions are limited to drawing interest and dividends, the paid wageworkers of all grades in the fields of manual and mental labor are assuming the direction and operation of all phases of the industrial process. The working class, therefore, has the most vital and direct interest as well as the greatest power and ability to abolish the capitalist system. But in abolishing the present system the workingmen will free not only themselves, but also all other classes of modern society—the farmer, who is today exploited by large capital more indirectly but not less effectively than is the wage laborer; the small manufacturer and trader, who is today engaged in a desperate and losing struggle for economic independence in the face of the all conquering power of concentrated capitalism, and even the capitalist himself, who is the slave of his wealth rather than its master. The struggle of the working class against capitalism, while it is a class struggle, is thus at the same time a struggle for the abolition of all classes and class privileges.

To accomplish this great social task the workers must become conscious of its wrongs and remedies and above all must collect and organize all members without distinction of trade, race, sex, nationality, creed or color into a powerful party distinct from and opposed to all parties of the propertied classes for the purpose of conquering the powers of government, national state and municipal, and using such powers to overthrow the system of capitalist exploitation.—M. Hillquit.

WHAT CAPITALISM DOES.

Enables the Few to Take the Cream of the Products of Labor.

Socialism denies with all its vigor the monstrous contention of the capitalist class that the farmer who toils laboriously to feed a hungry world should be content with a few old clothes and enough food to keep life in his body; that the wageworker who toils day in, day out, with hand and brain in a whizzing factory to fashion into merchantable shapes these raw products from field, forest and mine shall be given only a rented house and a "full dinner pail" for his toil, and it therefore brands as the very quintessence of injustice an industrial system that condemns to lifelong toil for a bare living these most useful members of human society—the farmer and the wageworker—while it gives to the men who only sit in skyscrapers and scheme the very cream of what the working class has produced.

Yet that is what the private ownership of capital and the competitive system of industry are doing, and they are doing it because the wealth producers whom they are despoiling are voting the capitalist class the power to do it. This may be news to the "intelligent" wageworker or farmer, who never voted the ticket of any party that did not claim to be the "friend of labor," but it is true nevertheless.—Allan L. Benson.

The "Independent" Farmer.

Say, Joe, if the trusts were not making more money off the farmers than they could make by owning the farms and running them with hired labor don't you think they would soon own the farms? To be sure! Farmers are "easier" for the trusts than the hired men are. It is less trouble and more money for organized capital to control the unorganized farmer by controlling his means of transportation and his markets than it would be at present to own the farms and have to deal with the wageworkers. So much for the "independence" of the noble farmer!

And, again, money is largely loaned on farm mortgages at 5 or 6 per cent gross, or about 4 per cent net. If the capitalist money loaner could make more than the usual rate of interest by running the farms with hired labor wouldn't they soon own them? Then don't you see that the "independent farmer" is more profitable to the capitalist class than the wageworker would be?—"Eight Letters to a Farmer."

Investing In Revolution.

In North America the capitalists finance political campaigns. In South America they finance revolutions. In both cases the undertaking is a business investment. But in South America the transaction works out somewhat differently from that in the north. If the revolution succeeds, of course it is a source of profit, but if it fails—well, the financier is compelled to stand and deliver. Here is an instance of poetic justice.—London Labor Leader.

Socialism's Advance.

If we don't give the people municipal ownership, the Socialists will, is the way some of the old party politicians look at it. Every advance toward public ownership is a certificate of the fear in which the politicians view the steady advance of Social Democracy.—Frederic Heath in Social Democratic Herald.

A NEW GRAFT.

One of the latest types of swindle that has been perpetrated on some of the unsuspecting farmers of a western locality was worked in this wise: There has been a good deal of talk about bovine tuberculosis in the state in question, and, taking their cue from this, two fellows joined hands to fleece the dairymen of the section. One, well dressed, wearing glasses and having a professional and learned bearing, went through a neighborhood inspecting the dairy cows, representing himself to be a state dairy inspector. In one instance when he ran across a good looking herd of cows he condemned a dozen animals as afflicted with tuberculosis, but told the farmer on leaving not to say anything about it, but to sell them for whatever he could get for shipment out of the state. Two or three days after this fakir No. 2, informed on the quiet of what had been done, came along to the farmer's place and asked if he had any cows for sale. The farmer explained matters and thought himself lucky to get $20 apiece for the supposedly diseased animals. When he learned a few days later that the whole business was a fake pure and simple the dictionary was entirely inadequate to furnish words which would express his feelings. Whether the victim of this game has recovered his property we have not learned. It is a pretty good thing to give the good looking, glib talking stranger a wide berth unless his identity can be established beyond a doubt.

DENATURED ALCOHOL SCHOOL.

As a result of plans which have been matured by Secretary James Wilson of the department of agriculture there will be established shortly in his department at Washington a denatured alcohol school. This will include a small but complete distilling outfit, including vats, worms, engines and other necessary apparatus, while it will be the aim of the secretary and his specialists to give a practical demonstration of what denatured alcohol is, how it is made and from what products to all visitors at Washington who may be interested in the subject. Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief chemist of the department, has been assigned to the job, which means that the work will be thoroughly done. Secretary Wilson is desirous of establishing a similar school in connection with the corn exposition to be held at Omaha in December, and this will be carried out provided favorable congressional action can be secured.

CANNED PRUNES.

Those who have had opportunity to pick the full ripened prune off the tree state that it possesses a delicious quality and flavor which are wanting in the dry product of commerce. In this connection considerable interest is felt both by growers and consumers of prunes in some experiments which have been lately conducted in the canning of the fresh prune, as is done so extensively with apricots, pears and peaches. Some of this canned product was sent to the Philippine Islands, returned to the factory which put it up and found to be in perfect condition. This keeping quality of the prune when put up fresh is a matter which seems to have been in considerable doubt. Now, however, that the point has been determined it is quite likely that prunes will be extensively canned.

A PRACTICAL OFFICIAL.

The New York commissioner of agriculture seems to be a person who views his office in something more than a purely honorary light. During last year he and his helpers inspected dairy herds in forty-five out of sixty-one counties, finding 628 dairy cows out of a total of 2,753 inspected affected with tuberculosis. He inspected 235 milk receiving stations, 144 of which he reported in an insanitary condition. The department of which he is head not only attended to the above work, but found employment for 445 single men and seventy-five families as hired help. Data secured by the commissioner showed that there were 226,720 farms in the state and that of this number 2,273 were for sale or rent.

DEBT SOMETIMES JUSTIFIABLE.

Any young man of enterprise, energy and sound health is justified in going into debt for a reasonable amount, depending somewhat upon his own capacity and the opportunity which may offer for digging out. In case he is married much will depend upon the disposition and strength of his wife, who, whether he will or no, is bound to share a portion of the responsibility as well as the work incident to incurring the obligation. Of course this advice is only for young men of determination, earnestness and sobriety. Chaps of any other type are likely to fare better if they stay out of debt, as will also those on whom they might be inclined to borrow.

MUST LEARN THRIFT.

With the gradual yet steady advance in the price of land, the American agriculturist must soon from very force of circumstances adopt the saving and thrifty habits so characteristic of the immigrants from the countries of northern Europe. From now on profits in agriculture must be looked for just as largely from a stoppage of leaks and waste as from an increase in the productive capacity of the land. This lesson of thrift, which has been an inbred habit with the foreigner for many generations, is one that the American, due to an opposite bringing up and a remarkable prodigality of natural resources, is very slow to learn.

F. E. Trigg.

Discount Sale!

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your eyes burn
your eyes tire,
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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 21 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lars J. Parbst, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 22,400, made October 26th, 1901, for the NE¼ NE¼ Sec. 28 and SE¼ SE¼, Sec. 21, Twp 154, N. R. 44 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on June 1st, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Bent Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anders Funnasdahl " " " " "
John Sjorsvold " " " " "
Albert Faragan " " " " "

Apr. 23-May 28 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Apr. 18, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commuted proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 1st, 1908, viz: Halvor O. Brevig H. E. No. 60 Red Lake Series for the NE¼ of Sec. 22 in Township 154 N. of R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William O. Long, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Mikkle Jorde, " " " " "
Gilbert M. Jorde, " " " " "
Andrew M. Jorde, " " " " "

April 23-May 28. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3?6 made June 28, 1901, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 153, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 20 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gander Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Borby, " " "
H. E. Tunan, " Anton, Minnesota.
P. H. Wright, " " "

May 7-June 11 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 5th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Miller of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 130 made June 22nd, 1901, for the SE¼, Section 10 township 151, N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Samuel Dangerfield, of Thorwick, Minn
Carl Overfung " " "
Pete Paul, " " "
John Mangham, of Thief River Falls, "

may 7-june 11 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Willie R. Peterson, of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 312 made June 25th 1901, for the Lots 3, 4 and S½ NW¼ Section 2, township 153, N. R. 42W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Tobias Skrping, of Anton, Minnesota,
Otto Geske, " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " "
Albert Anderson, " " "

May 21-June 25 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston Minn., May 22 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Swanson of Mavie, Minn., who, on June 27th 1901 made Homestead entry, No. 228, for lots 1 and 2 and E½ NW¼, Section 31, Township 154, N. Range 41 W. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for district of Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 7th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Hans P. Reed, of Mavie, Minnesota
Charles P. Quist, " " "
Willie Anderson, " " "
John J. Bauer, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

may 28-july 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS

THE NEWS, $1

TO GIVE MAN DOMINION.

Capitalism Has Performed Its Mission and Must Retire.

Socialism is the name of an epoch of civilization—the next epoch, if our civilization is to continue.

We must not expect that the Socialist era will come all at one stroke. Neither capitalism nor feudalism arose "at a certain date," nor can the Socialist form of society have its beginning on any fixed day.

Besides, although capitalistic society has already passed its zenith, yet even at the present day feudalism holds a very important place in modern society. This is the case not only in Germany in spite of its high economic development, but also in England, the "classic land" of capitalism.

Many industries today are not concentrated and therefore are not ripe for collective production. Some will become so in time; others perhaps will not.

But it is not necessary nor possible that all industries should be immediately taken over by the Socialist government.

Every branch of production controlled by a trust as well as all industries which could be conducted on a similar scale, besides railways, telegraphs, mines, etc., will, of course, become collective public property and will be managed by the national government.

But there is a whole class of industries—for instance, farming—which are not yet ready to be worked on this large scale or which are liable to be decentralized by the technical perfection of the methods of transmitting power.

In other cases the Socialist society can give the opportunity for the formation of co-operative associations, which, together with the model industries conducted by the state, will raise the level of the working class to a degree hardly credible at the present time.

The trusts show how a regulated business can be done. The management of the co-operative workingmen's association of the future will find out what the demand is and determine the amount and method of the production. During the transition period the sale of products may take place exactly as at present, only subject to regulation by the state.

In the trusts the capitalist class even now plays the most superfluous role in the world.

Indeed, in the trusts the capitalist class is already expropriated to a certain extent.

The smaller investors, who are the great majority, no longer have anything to control and only draw their profits. Their industries are apparently the property of the shareholders, but what sort of property is that of which one has not the free disposal? They can no longer produce what they will, nor at what price they will, nor with what workmen they will. All is prescribed to them by the management of the trust. Properly speaking, they are only profit receivers.

The trusts are ready now for a change of ownership.

Of course all industries of national magnitude would be carried on by the government. For smaller industries, wherever necessary, the government could make some agreement with the co-operative associations of workers. We speak of the transition period.

In this transition period the Socialist government can of course lend the necessary capital to the co-operative societies and furnish suitable guarantees. The government in this transition period will have at its disposal quite different powers from the present ones. For instance, it will have a monopoly of all water power, coal mines, railroads, rivers, electrical plants, etc.

So perhaps for a time a state of affairs may arise which will combine at the same time three forms of production—that is, the capitalistic form in petty industries, where goods will be produced for the market; the co-operative form, in which the products will be for use and also for sale, and the purely Socialistic, where the government will carry on production for use only and the production will not take the form of wares at all.

Capitalism was necessary to give mankind dominion over the forces of nature, which is now assured by our scientific attainments.

But from a civilizing force capitalism has already become a menace to civilization. But that does not affect its vitality. However, the tendencies which oppose it have now gathered such great strength that a thorough change must not, indeed, but can, take place if the working class understands its mission.—Victor L. Berger.

The Freedom of the Press.

Thomas Cooper said several generations ago, "Grant to our rulers the right of controlling the press, and the empire of mystery, of political tyranny, of ignorance and bigotry will remain forever unshaken."

Again, "Every new generation is obliged to rescue the most precious of its principles—the freedom of the press—from the insidious encroachments of power."

Over a century ago Lord Erskine said: "The press, my lords, [illegible] of our [illegible]. If we [illegible] it, if we hoodwink it, if we throw it in fetters, the [illegible]."

A Cruel Competition.

Under the capitalist [illegible] always more men than jobs. [illegible] when they seek to give work to the lowest bidders.

City Corruption.

Denver is pointed out as a city most shamelessly corrupt so far as the conduct of elections by the capitalist parties is concerned. It is estimated that in the election of 1903 more fraudulent votes were cast than were ever cast anywhere else in the United States. The vested interests were imperiled and were desperate. They bought the election. A reform charter was defeated with the money, the vote brokers plying their trade almost openly. In 1904 the interests picked the Democratic candidate for governor as likely to be easiest handled and bought of the vote brokers between 7,000 and 8,000 votes, which elected their man. The reformers threatened wide exposures, and the interests got the gambling trust of that city to pay over $11,000 to the reformers, and the exposure threats ceased. The crookedness in Denver consists in stuffing enough fraudulent ballots into the boxes to equal the fraudulent names that have been registered.—Cosmopolitan Magazine.

At Least One Reason.

Every single man has one reason for being a Socialist. If one has a wife, he has two reasons. If a child, three reasons. As the family grows the reasons multiply. These reasons are that Socialism insures the best for all. The single individual or the family are only units in the larger family that we call society. The larger the family the more complex the relations. This line of thought leads finally to the largest family. That is the whole race. The best way to get the best for each is to get the best for all. None should be left out. Socialism is working under the impulse of that idea for the universal good.—Common Sense.

A Hunger Producer.

At producing hunger and distress and anxiety for those who work the capitalist system seems to be an unqualified success.—Exchange.

Spanish Emeralds.

"Fine old Spanish emeralds" is a phrase which means something quite different from what it seems to imply. There never was an emerald mined in Spain, but after the conquest of Peru the conquerors brought home great quantities of loot, of which emeralds formed an important part. In this way the finest emeralds came into possession of the old Spanish families, and as very few had been seen in Europe previous to that time all the best stones soon became classed as fine old Spanish emeralds. Today the expression still applies to the best emeralds of any source.—New York Sun.

Double Proof.

"Do you believe in heredity, Mrs. Simpson?"

"Indeed I do. Every mean trait Bobby has I can trace right back to his father."

"Does his father believe in heredity too?"

"Yes. He traces Bobby's faults all back to me."

Experience.

"Experience," said the wise person, "is the best teacher."

"Yes," answered Mrs. Torkins sadly, "but when it comes to horse races some people go on taking postgraduate courses all their lives."—Washington Star.

Still Cool.

Hook—I understand he married a cool million. Cook—Yes, but he's complaining now because he hasn't been able to thaw out any of it.—Illustrated Bits.

A Green Old Age.

Mabel—And did your grandfather live to a green old age? Jack—Well, I should say so! He was swindled three times after he was seventy.

COMPETITION IS WAR.

Socialism Offers Peace and Friendship Instead of Conflict.

Our present system of society is based on a state of perpetual war. Do any of you think this is as it should be? I know that you have often been told that the competition which is at present the rule of trade is a good thing and that it stimulates the progress of the race, but the people who tell you this should call competition by its shorter name of war if they wish to be honest, and you would then be free to consider whether or no war stimulates progress otherwise than as a mad bull chasing you over your own garden may do. War or competition, whichever you may please to call it, means at the best pursuing your own advantage at the cost of some one else's loss, and in the process of it you must not be sparing of destruction even of your own possessions or you will certainly come by the worst in the struggle.

You understand that perfectly as to the kind of war in which people go out to kill and be killed—that sort of war in which ships are commissioned, for instance, "to sink, burn and destroy"—but it appears that you are not so conscious of this waste of goods when you are only carrying on that other war called competition. Observe, however, that the waste is there all the same.

Well, surely Socialism can offer you something in the place of all that. It can. It can offer you peace and friendship instead of war. We might live utterly without national rivalries, acknowledging that, while it is best for those who feel that they naturally form a community under one name to govern themselves, yet that no community in civilization should feel that it had interests opposed to any other, their economical condition being at any rate similar; so that any citizen of one community could fall to work and live without disturbance of his life when he was in a foreign country and would fit into his place quite naturally; so that all civilized nations would form one great community, agreeing together as to the kind and amount of production and distribution needed, working at such and such production where it could be best produced and avoiding waste by all means. Please to think of the amount of waste which they would avoid; how much such a change would add to the wealth of the world!—William Morris, British Manufacturer and Socialist.

Right Relations Required.

The Socialist party proposes that there shall be one capitalist in the country and that that capitalist shall be the collective people. Then there shall be employment for every man in the republic; then there will be a reduction in the hours of labor proportionate with the improvements in the mechanic arts. This will settle the hour day question.

Today there are millions of people in this country who are without work and other millions who are working from ten to fourteen hours a day for a bare subsistence.

Professor Hertzka of the University of Vienna estimates that the working population of Austria over sixteen and under fifty years of age could under Socialism produce the necessaries and comforts of the kingdom at the rate of 1 hour 20 minutes work per day. Our machinery is idle seven months in the year, and one-third of our working population is looking for work. Fifty years ago these things were unheard of. Then tools were simple, and every man could own the means of production. Not so with the gigantic machinery of present day production. But these are machines that are social in their operation. They should be socially owned if we would restore right relations.

A Persistent Friend.

Mr. George Weir, an English actor, in his early days appeared one night in the role of Hamlet in an improvised theater at Stroud, in Gloucestershire, and suffered much embarrassment from the demonstrative attentions of an enthusiastic former schoolfellow, who sat in the front of the tent and kept up a running comment on the performance. "That be Gargy Weir," exclaimed the admirer. "I knows Gargy! I used to go to school along wi' he." After many expostulations the interrupter was turned out, and all went well until the audience was hushed to deadly silence while Hamlet was going through his soliloquy. Then suddenly a still, small voice came cheeringly from the back row of seats, "Garge, I be in again!"—Bellman.

Kaffirs' Courtship.

The Kaffirs are a very light hearted people and do not worry about the future. As soon as the girls have finished their work they may take up the igubu, which is an elementary musical instrument, consisting of a taut bow fixed to a gourd, and march across country twanging the string with a little piece of reed. The instrument, as a rule, gives but one note, but to the girl's sweetheart such music is "the food of love."—World's Work.

What's the Use?

"Does wealth bring real enjoyment?"

"Naw. They won't let you eat the grub you like or wear the clothes you consider classy or listen to the music you understand or even put a cast iron dog on the lawn."—Kansas City Journal.

Envious of the Immune.

Little Henry (at the table, to the visitor)—I wish I were like you. Visitor (flattered)—Why, little man? Little Henry—Because no one boxes your ears when you eat with your fingers.—London Opinion.

Flowers.

Flowers are the terrestrial stars that bring down heaven to earth and carry up our thoughts from earth to heaven, the poetry of the Creator written in beauty and fragrance.

The Kind He Caught.

Little Edwin—Mamma, what is liquid air? Mamma—I don't know. Ask your papa. He's always going out between the acts "to get a little air."—Exchange.

After weariness come rest, peace, joy, if we be worthy.—Newman.

Bribes For Clergymen.

"Three or four attempts have been made to bribe me," said a clergyman. My friends of the cloth tell me that they, too, have been occasionally tempted with bribes.

"Once it was the advertising manager of a health food. He offered a subscription of $100 to our mission school if I would tell from the pulpit how much good the health food had done me. I made him give me the money for the mission under threat of exposure, but, of course, I did not mention his food in the church. The church is no place for health food talks.

"The widow of a drunkard and general good for nothing offered me $50 if I would lie in praise of her husband in his funeral sermon. I praised the man heartily in the sermon—no matter how bad a man may be, if you examine his character you will find in it many traits worthy of praise—and to the widow I wrote a note of gentle rebuke.

"Often we are asked to date back marriage certificates, to say a couple were married in six months or a year before they really were. A man once offered me $1,500 to perpetrate a wrong of this sort. I thrust a tract in his hand and turned him out of doors."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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A FINE SIGN LANGUAGE

Droll Incident in the Reign of James I. of England.

A TRICK ON AN AMBASSADOR

The Different Interpretations of the Same Acts Performed by a Crochety Spaniard and a Hard Headed and Canny Old Scotch Butcher.

It is said that King James I. on removing to London was waited upon by the Spanish ambassador, a man of erudition, but who had a crotchet in his head that every country should have a professor of signs to teach him and the like of him to understand one another.

The ambassador was lamenting one day before the king this great desideratum throughout all Europe, when the king said to him: "Why, I have a professor of signs in the northernmost college in my dominions—viz, at Aberdeen—but it is a great way off, perhaps 600 miles."

"Were it 10,000 leagues off I shall see him," said the ambassador, "and am determined to set out in two or three days." The king saw he had committed himself and wrote, or caused to be written, to the University of Aberdeen, stating the case and desiring the professors to put him off some way or make the best of him. The ambassador arrived, was received with great solemnity, but soon began to inquire which of them had the honor to be professor of signs.

Being told that the professor was absent in the highlands and would return nobody knew when, the ambassador said, "I will wait his return, though it were twelve months."

Seeing that this would not do and that they had to entertain him at a great expense all the while, they contrived a stratagem. There was one Geordy, a butcher, blind of an eye, a droll fellow, with much wit and roguery about him. He was got, instructed to be professor of signs, but not to speak on pain of death. Geordy cheerfully undertook the role. The ambassador was told that the professor of signs would be at home next day, at which he rejoiced greatly.

Next day Geordy was gowned, wigged and placed in a chair of state in a room in the college, all the professors and the ambassador being in an adjoining room. The ambassador was shown into Geordy's room and left to converse with him as well as he could, the professors awaiting the issue with fear and trembling.

The ambassador held up one of his fingers to Geordy; Geordy held up two of his. The ambassador held up three; Geordy clinched his fist and looked stern. The ambassador then took an orange from his pocket and held it up; Geordy took a piece of barley cake from his pocket and held that up. After which the ambassador bowed to him and retired to the other professor, who anxiously inquired his opinion of their brother.

"He is a perfect miracle," said the ambassador. "I would not give him for the wealth of the Indies."

"Well," said the professors, "to descend to particulars."

"Why," said the ambassador, "I first held up one finger, denoting that there is one God; he held up two, signifying that these are the Father and Son. I held up three, meaning the Father, the Son and Holy Ghost; he clinched his fist, to say that these three are one. I then took out an orange, signifying the goodness of God, who gives his creatures not only the necessaries, but the luxuries, of life, upon which the wonderful man presented a piece of bread, showing that it was the staff of life and preferable to every luxury."

The professors were glad that matters had turned out so well; so, having got quit of the ambassador, they next got Geordy to hear his version of the signs.

"Well, Geordy, how have you come on and what do you think of yon man?"

"The rascal!" says Geordy. "What did he do first, think ye? He held up one finger, as much as to say, You have only one eye. Then I held up two, meaning that my one eye was perhaps as good as both his. Then the fellow held up three of his fingers, to say that there were but three eyes between us, and then I was so mad at the scoundrel that I steeked my neive and was to come a whack on the side of his head and would ha' done it, too, but for your sakes. Then the rascal did not stop with his provocation here, but, forsooth, takes out an orange, as much as to say, Your poor, beggarly, cold country cannot produce that. I showed him a whang of a bear bannock, meaning that I did na' care a farthing for him nor his trash neither as lang's I ha' this. But, by a' that's guid," concluded Geordy, "I'm angry yet that I didn't thrash the hide o' the scoundrel!"—London T. P.'s Weekly.

The Wily Owl.

A party of horsemen were traveling along Bridge creek, a tributary of Bad Water river, Wyoming, when their horses suddenly shied off the track at the sound of a "rattle." Search was made for the snake, but it was finally found that the sound proceeded from the burrowing owl, which lives in the burrows of the prairie dog, often, it is said, in company with the rattlesnake. Seated on a post the party heard the owl give a third rattle. And whenever they passed the spot it gave warning by its rattle, and the horses always shied off the track in alarm.—American Naturalist.

Beware of no man more than thyself.—Terence.

SEA AND LAND.

The Way They Meet and Clash and Finally Harmonize.

In "The Wonderful Adventures of Nils," translated from the Swedish of Selma Lagerlof by Velma Swanston Howard, is the following pretty description of how sea and land meet:

You see that sea and land can meet in many different ways. In many places the land comes down toward the sea with flat, tufted meadows, and the sea meets the land with flying sand, which piles up in mounds and drifts. It appears as though they both disliked each other so much that they only wished to show the poorest they possessed. But it can also happen that when the land comes toward the sea it raises a wall of hills in front of it, as though the sea were something dangerous. When the land does this, the sea comes up to it with fiery wrath and beats and roars and lashes against the rocks and looks as if it would tear the land hill to pieces.

But in Blekinge it is altogether different when sea and land meet. There the land breaks itself up into points and islands and islets, and the sea divides itself into fiords and bays and sounds, and it is perhaps this which makes it look as if they must meet in happiness and harmony.

Think now first and foremost of the sea! Far out it lies desolate and empty and big and has nothing else to do but to roll its gray billows. When it comes toward the land it happens across the first obstacle. This it immediately overpowers, tears away everything green and makes it as gray as itself. Then it meets still another obstacle. With this it does the same thing. And still another—yes, the same thing happens to this also. It is stripped and plundered as if it had fallen into robbers' hands. Then the obstacles come nearer and nearer together, and then the sea must understand that the land sends toward it her littlest children in order to move it to pity. It also becomes more friendly the farther in it comes, rolls its waves less high, moderates its storms, lets the green things stay in cracks and crevices, separates itself into small sounds and inlets and becomes at last so harmless in the land that little boats dare venture out upon it. It certainly cannot recognize itself, so mild and friendly has it grown.

ONE TOUCH OF NATURE.

A Display of Courtesy "In Memory of Old Virginia."

All the seats were taken in the car which I entered one morning in early April. An old colored man sat next the door. It is not often in these days that I see that type of black man. I used to see that kind on the old Virginia plantation, where he was "Ung Ligo" or "Ung Sambo" to all the household.

His days were devoted to useful toil and his evenings to his banjo and the old plantation melodies that no one can ever sing again as musically as they were sung then.

"Take this seat, mistis," he said, rising promptly. "Mistis" sounded very "homey" and pleasant to me. It had been so long since I was "mistis" to anybody.

"Thank you, uncle," said I. "Keep your seat. I would just as lief stand."

"Scuse me, please, mistis, but 'tain't fitten fer you ter stan'; you mus' set," he admonished respectfully.

I took the seat, thanking him for his courtesy. Soon a departing passenger left a vacancy.

"There is a seat for you," I said to the old man.

"Between the ladies, ma'am?" He hesitated.

"Yes," I said.

He bowed apologetically to right and left and took the vacant place. Just before leaving the car I slipped a silver piece into his hand, saying, "Uncle, get you a nice luncheon with this—in memory of old Virginia."

"Thank you, my mistis," he said, opening his hand to look at the little gift and then closing it. I left the car with a sunnier feeling in my heart because of the chance meeting, but with no thought that I should ever again hear of my old Virginian.

That afternoon I received a bunch of arbutus which had been left for me by an old colored man—"for the tall lady with a long blue coat an' white hair—in memory of ole Virginia an' dem old time days."—Lippincott's Magazine.

A Distinction Without a Difference.

Five-year-old Deborah had been invited to take luncheon at a restaurant with Miss K.

"Do you like cocoa?" she was asked.

When the answer was "Yes," the beverage was duly brought, but remained untasted.

At last Miss K. said, "Why don't you drink your cocoa, Deborah, when you said you wanted it?"

"I didn't say I wanted it," replied the child politely. "I only said that I liked it."—Woman's Home Companion.

Naturally.

Towne—Sleep well?

Stubbs—Like a top—never lose a wink.

"Great Scott! What do you take?"

"An alarm clock to my room and then set the alarm for half an hour after I go to bed. As soon as it rings I naturally roll over and go to sleep."—Pick-Me-Up.

Helping Him Out.

Borrows—I say, old man, I wish you would help me out today.

Busyman—Haven't time to do it myself, but I'll call the porter. John, open the door and help the gentleman out.—Chicago News.

"The best lightning rod for your protection," says Ralph Waldo Emerson, "is your own spine."

Lumber and Building Material.

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Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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MY WIFE SUFFERED
SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

STOPS THE PAINS
caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.
For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1908 NUMBER 23

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE NEW DITCH LAW

Act That Has Been Passed by Congress Regarding Indian Lands.

Government Lands Can Now Be Drained and Benefits Assessed.

The following is the copy of the new drainage law which recently was passed by congress:

An Act To authorise the drainage of certain lands in the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all lands in the State of Minnesota, when subject to entry, and all entered lands for which no final certificates have been issued, are hereby made and declared to be subject to all of the provisions of the laws of said State relating to the drainage of swamp or overflowed lands for agricultural purposes to the same extent and in the same manner in which lands of a like character held in private ownership are or may be subject to said laws: Provided, That the United States and all persons legally holding unpatented land under entries made under the public-land laws of the United States are accorded all the rights, privileges, and benefits given by said laws to persons holding lands of like character in private ownership.

Sec. 2. That the cost of constructing canals, ditches, and other drainage works incurred in connection with any drainage project under said laws shall be equitably apportioned among all lands held in private ownership, all lands covered by unpatented entries, and all public lands affected by such project; and officially certified lists showing the amount of the charges assessed against each smallest legal subdivision of such lands shall be furnished to the register and receiver of the land district in which the lands affected are located as soon as said charges are assessed, but nothing in this Act shall be construed as creating any obligation on the United States to pay any of said charges.

Sec. 3. That all charges legally assessed may be enforced against any lands covered by an unpatented entry, by the sale of such lands subject to the same manner and under the same proceedings under which such charges would be enforced against lands held in private ownership.

Sec. 4. That when any unentered lands, or any lands covered by an unpatented entry, have been sold in the manner mentioned in this Act, a statement of such sale showing the price at which each legal subdivision was sold shall be officially certified to the register and receiver immediately after the completion of such sale.

Sec. 5. That at any time after any sale of unentered lands has been made in the manner and for the purpose mentioned in this Act patent shall issue to the purchaser thereof upon payment *to the receiver of the minimum price of* one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, or such other price as may have been fixed by law for such lands, together with the usual fees and commissions charged in entry of like lands under the homestead laws. But purchasers at a sale of unentered lands shall have the qualification of homestead entrymen and not more than one hundred and sixty acres of such lands shall be sold to any one purchaser under the provisions of this Act. This limitation shall not apply to sales to the State but shall apply to purchase from the State of unentered lands bid in for the state. Any part of the purchase money arising from the sale of any lands in the manner and for the purposes provided in this Act which shall be in excess of the payments herein required and of the total drainage charges assessed against such lands shall also be paid to the receiver before patent is issued.

Sec. 6. That any unpatented lands sold in the manner and for the purposes mentioned in this Act may be patented to the purchaser thereof at any time after the expiration of the period of redemption provided for in the drainage laws under which it may be sold (there having been no redemption) upon the payment to the receiver of the fees and commissions and the price mentioned in the proceeding section, or so much thereof as has not already been paid by the entrymen; and if the sum received at any such sale shall be in excess of the payments herein required and of the drainage assesments and cost of the sale, such excess shall be paid to the proper county officer for the benefit of and payment to the entrymen. That unless the purchasers of unentered lands shall within ninety days after the sale provided for in section three, pay to the proper receives the fees, commissions and purchase price to which the United States may be entitled as provided for in section five, and unless the purchasers of entered lands shall within ninety days after the right of redemption has expired make like payments as provided for in this section, any person having the qualifications of a homestead entrymen may pay to the proper receiver for not more than one hundred and sixty acres of land for which such payment has not been made: First, the unpaid fees, commissions and *purchase price to which the United* States may then be entitled; and second, the sum at which the land was sold at the sale for drainage charges, and in addition thereto, if bid in by the State, interested on the amount bid in by the State at the rate of seven per centum per annum from the date of such sale, and thereupon the person making such payment shall become subrogated to the rights of such purchaser to receive a patent for said land. When any payment is made to effect such subrogation the receiver shall transmit to the treasurer of the county where the land is situated the amount at which the land was sold at the sale for drainage charges together with the interest paid thereon, if any, less any sum in excess of what may be due for such drainage charge, if the land when sold was unentered.

Sec. 7. That a copy of all notices required by the drainage laws mentioned in this Act to be given to the owners or occupants of lands held in private ownership shall, as soon as such notices issue be delivered to the register and receiver of the proper district land office in cases where unentered lands are affected thereby and to the entrymen whose unpatented lands are included therein, and the United States and such entrymen shall be given the same rights to be heard by the petition, answer, remonstrance, appeal, or otherwise as are given to persons holding lands in private ownership; and all entrymen shall be given the same rights of redemption as are given to the owners of lands held in private ownership.

Sec. 8. That, hereafter homestead entries and final proofs may be made upon all ceded Chippewa Indian lands in Minnesota embraced in the withdrawal under the Act of June twenty-first, nineteen hundred and six, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department" (Thirty-fourth Statutes at Large, page three hundred and twenty-five), and patents may issue thereon as in other homestead cases, upon the payment by the entrymen of the price prescribed by law for such land and on entries on the ceded Red Lake Reservation in addition thereto to the sum of three cents per acre to repay the cost of drainage survey thereof, which addition shall be disposed of the same as the other proceeds of said land.

Approved, May 20, 1908.

Fancy Prices for Trash.

Stock foods, both medicated and plain, are sold in large quantities, but it is a fact but few who buy and use them know what they are made of. J. P. Jensen of this city, has been working for several months in a factory near St. Paul that is turning out material for the stock food mixers, and what do you suppose it is made of? This factory turns out hundreds of tons monthly of what it calls flax bran. It is made from the coarse, woody parts of flax straw, and the heads of chaff. The fibre is turned into twine and other fabrics and the residue is ground up, sifted and bolted and sold as a bulk material for stock food. We had an idea that medicated stock foods were made mostly from bran, but now find that they don't use such expensive material, but got along with ground flax straw, in which there is as much nutriment as in sawdust. Jensen informs us there is a big demand for this stuff, and the factory is continually behind in its orders.—Litchfield Independent.

Latest Doings in Cigars.

The latest idea in cigardom was put out this week by F. O. Niclai in a 10 cent Straight Havana cigar known as the El-Ko. Months have been spent in putting up this package and every effort has been used to perfect it. A guarantee band is placed on each cigar to denote its stability and for its protection against imitations. We ask every smoker to give them a good fair trial and be convinced of their quality for an after dinner or evening smoke and look for Fred's guarantee band on every cigar. On sale at all popular cigar stands.

Memorial Day Services.

Memorial day was commemorated in Thief River Falls last Saturday in a very appropriate manner. The exercises were held in the park and after a prayer by Rev. Smith, Attorney G. Halvorson delivered an oration, which was well received by the large audience.

The band—which by the way is fast becoming one of the best in the state—rendered several selections and a procession of old soldiers in carriages, company L, firemen, school children and citizens on foot and in carriages was formed and went to Greenwood cemetary where the graves of the old soldiers were decorated.

Buy a Ditcher.

William Vaughan, of Vaughan Bros. & Co., Germantown, was in the city last week and took home with him a new ditching machine which his firm recently purchased and will use this summer in digging ditches on land they own out in that section. If the ditcher does successful work—which it is gauranteed to do—it is quite probable that the township of Grand Plain will issue bonds for the purpose of doing ditching and road work and this machine will be used.

Will Not Accept Job Now.

Engineer Turner, who drew the plans and specifications for the bridge across Red Lake river here, was in the city last last Friday to inspect the bridge. He stated that in his opinion the concrete work on the bridge had not set as it should and would not recommend that the city accept the job. Time, however, Mr. Turner thought, might alter these conditions and he will visit the city at some later date and make his final report.

The Body Found.

The body of Private Benjamin G. Steenerson, who was drowned off of Narragansett bay last winter, was found last week. Congressman Steenerson brought the remains of his dead son to Crookston this week and they were buried at the family cemetary.

For Sale—A second hand Empire cream seperator, good condition, used only one year. Inquire of Largeth Mercantile company.

Soldiers in Camp.

The members of company L enjoyed camp life Sunday. Early Sunday morning the company with its full equipment of guns, tents, blankets, cooking utensiles, etc., marched to the grove on the Douglas farm north of town and established camp. Dinner and supper was served at camp and it was the intention of the boys to remain up there until Monday morning, but they marched to town Sunday night arriving here at about 12 o'clock.

During Sunday a large number of people from the city visited the boys in camp and all of the male visitors were tossed in a blanket, some of them going so high they could see St. Hilaire.

Creamery Express Boat.

The board of directors of the Highlanding creamery have made arrangements with the Messrs. Hanson of Hilda to have their gasoline boat run to carry cream to the creamery. The boat will start from Hilda in the morning, on *Mondays and Fridays* and run down the river to Highlanding and take on all cream delivered to them on the river bank to the creamery. They will then go down the river as far as Joe Maxwells and Parnos and bring the cream up the river to the creamery. The price is 5 cents for a 10 gallon can and 8 cents for a 15 gallon can.—Sunbeam.

To Be Married June 17.

On Wednesday, June 17, at the home of the bride's parents at Black River Falls, Wis., will occur the marriage of Miss Anna Melbye to Wilhelm Michelet. The bride is very well and favorably known in Thief River Falls, having at one time been a resident of this city, and the groom is one of our popular and rising young attorneys.

New Bill Passes.

The new militia bill, introduced by Congressman Steenerson, passed both the house and senate last week. The bill provides that in case of war, the president of the United States can call out the state militia. Heretofore they could not be taken outside of the state and subject only to the call of the governor.

Lost One and Won One.

The Thief River Falls base ball club played two games of ball with a club from McIntosh last week—losing one and winning one. Saturdays game resulted in victory for the McIntosh team, the score being 1 to 0. Sunday the local team won, the score being 7 to 2.

U. S. Surveyor Here.

Civil engineer Meade, who has charge of the drainage survey in this section, arrived here Monday from Washington. He will at once commence work with a crew of men.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

FRED WELLS SHORT $40,000

Former Thief River Falls Real Estate Dealer Embezzeled Large Sum.

Deserts His Wife and Two Small Children in North Dakota.

Fred G. Wells, formerly of Thief River Falls and later located at Grand Forks where he was engaged in the real estate business is missing from Cogswell, N. D., and is believed to have embezzled $40,000 of funds of Adams & Freese, of Lisbon, whom he represented as their sole and trusted agent.

Wells left Cogswell three or four weeks ago. At first nothing was thought of his absence, as he was believed to have been away on some land deal. Circumstances demanded an investigation and his firm was astounded at an alleged apparent shortage in the accounts of Mr. Wells, which have expanded from $30,000 to $40,000 and new developments are continually appearing.

It appears that Mr. Wells was clothed with the fullest authority to buy and sell lands in Sargent county and has represented the firm there about two years.

What seems to have been a shrewdly planned scheme was for Wells to take mortgages and during his incumbrance of the office a number of the mortgages have been paid to him in full. Instead of reporting the payment for lands on his books, it is alleged to be shown that he has made duplicate mortgages with accompanying extension notes, taking care to only use such transactions which would best and most easily fit his purpose.

He has a wife and two children, whom he has left in Cogswell and it is stated that the distracted mother reports she is practically destitute. As to his whereabouts nothing is known at present but it is known that efforts are being made to locate him.

Wells was located in Grand Forks after leaving Thief River Falls until about three years ago. A charge of embezzlement was filed against him in the district court at one time at Grand Forks but it was never pressed and finally was dismissed. He had quite a lot of friends who admired his energy and perseverance and were willing to help him out of what appeared to them to be only a little financial oversight.

There is a good deal of sympathy for Mrs. Wells, who was very popular here.

One 7 room furnished house to rent from June 1st till September 1st. $15 a month. A. A. Hall.

Good Clothes for the Boys.

We have all the things that go to making a complete wardrobe.

In suits we especially want to emphisize our fine assortment of cheviots, serges and worsted in grey, brown and blue at

3.00, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00

If your boy is hard to keep in clothes, try one of our suits and the problem will be solved.

HATS FUSNISHINGS SHOES

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

THE HOME OF H. S. & M. CLOTHES CROSSETT SHOES AND GORDON HATS

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

OFFERS ITS CUSTOMERS:

Every safe-guard known to modern banking for the security and safety of their future.

Highest rates of interest on time deposits and savings accounts.

Loans when they need them at reasonable rates.

Safety deposit files free of charge for storage of valuable papers.

Farm loans at cheapest rates with liberal pre-payment option.

Fire insurance, steamship tickets and drafts of foreign countries at current rates.

OLAF RAMSTAD, President.
T. L. MELGAARD, Cashier.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

HOMECOMINGS GROW POPULAR

Many Swedish-Americans to Visit the Country of Their Birth During the Coming Summer Months.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

There are an unusually large number of Swedish-Americans, who will visit Sweden this summer. The home comings are growing more popular every year and each year we find hundreds of American Swedes, who pilgrimage to their old homes that they all hold so dear. But few of them remain in Sweden. There are many Swedish-Americans who are this summer visting the old country who came to America in the '60s and the '70s and nearly all of them have made good and are going back to see the old home, their friends and relatives. It is a curious fact that many of them who go with the intention of spending a whole year in Sweden generally return after they have been there a few weeks. We know of one instance where a wealthy Swedish-American who had spent the last thirty years in America went back to Sweden to live and told all his friends that under no consideration would he return to America. When he arrived in Sweden he remained only about three months and then he returned to his adopted country. When asked why he did not remain in Sweden he said: "I did not feel at home there. I found that I had lived in America so long that I could not enjoy the customs nor my associates on the other side, so I came back to America. My chief objection to living in Sweden was that there is still a very pronounced class distinction, which I could not take to and which I am sure the average American would not enjoy."

A political observer at the Swedish capital says that the riksdag will sit unusually long this year, because of a large number of important subjects on its legislative program. The members draw no salary after May 15, but that fact will be overlooked, as it would be suicidal for the legislators to face their constituents at the elections this coming fall, without a record of achievement to their credit. It is predicted that election will result in a slight gain for the Liberals, a larger gain for the Social Democrats and a loss for the Conservatives, but, of course, the prophets may make other predictions later on.

American firms continue to ship their goods to Sweden, where they give excellent satisfaction. This is especially the case with farm machinery. The other day there arrived at Malmo 600 tons of American goods and Swedes generally are wondering why it is that Sweden cannot produce this kind of machinery herself. There is no question but what mowers can be manufactured in Sweden, but they are clumsy and do not begin to give the satisfaction that American machinery gives. This is also the case with binders, which for years have been shipped from America to Sweden in large consignments.

A number of Swedish business men have been endeavoring to establish a direct line of passenger steamers between Sweden and America. It was said that J. Pierpont Morgan would support the enterprise on certain conditions. But a Danish paper states that the plan has been abandoned because the Swedish government was not in favor of subsidizing a steamship company, the chief aim of which would be to carry Swedish citizens as emigrants to other parts of the world.

During the first three months of the present year only 1,113 Swedes emigrated, while during the same period last year the number of emigrants were 2,076. This is in a measure due to the work of the anti-emigration society and also the report of the scarcity of work which has prevailed in America during the past year.

King Gustaf has been made an admiral in the Russian fleet and Czar Nicholas has in turn been appointed an admiral in the Swedish fleet. King Gustaf departed from St. Petersburg May 8 and returned to Stockholm for a few days prior to his departure for Berlin via Copenhagen.

It is going to cost the Swedish government in the neighborhood of about $100,000 to repair the Haga and Ulriksdal palaces this summer. They are said to be in very poor condition and it is necessary to do something in the way of repairs at once.

The recent shoe strike in Malmo was ended without any particular trouble. The employes received a 15 per cent increase in their wages, something which, of course, brought about general satisfaction among the strikers.

Sweden does a considerable egg business. Last year she exported 3,011,000 dozen eggs, receiving $140,000 in payment. The egg export this year will be still greater, it is claimed.

Emperor William of Germany will pay a visit to Stockholm this summer, which will be a return visit to King Gustaf, who will visit Berlin in the very near future.

The Duke and Duchess of Sodermanland arrived in Karlsruhe on the 9th. From thence the journey was continued to France.

The Seraphim order has been awarded the Russian cabinet minister, Stolypin, and the Russian foreign minister, Isvolski.

The Carl V. statue will not be erected until next year. It will be placed at the entrance of the Djurgarden.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The rumor circulated some time ago to the effect that Nansen, who recently resigned from his post as Norwegian minister in Norway, has become involved in a love affair with none other than Princess Victoria, the daughter of King Edward, will not so easily down. At least the newspapers continue to talk about the affair a great deal. The Fremdenblatt (Hamburg) prints dispatches, both from London and Christiania, to the effect that a tender attachment exists between Dr. Nansen, the famous explorer, and Princess Victoria, the daughter of King Edward. The Fremdenblatt says that Princess Victoria, who is thirty-nine years old, has been an admirer of Nansen ever since he lectured before the king. When Nansen became a widower last year the princess seemed to gain a new interest in the hardy Norseman and Nansen respectfully reciprocated her friendship. The Fremdenblatt declares that before Dr. Nansen gave up his ambassadorial post in London he made his affection clear to the king's daughter, and Princess Victoria is said to have accepted her untitled suitor.

There are at present fifteen missionaries employed by the foreign mission society in China. Five young men are now being trained and will soon be sent to the Orient, where they will engage in missionary work.

During his visit to Christiania King Edward offered the grand cross of the Order of Victoria to Premier Gunnar Knudsen, but the sturdy head of the Norse cabinet declined the honor with thanks, informing the king that it would be against his principles to accept an order. It is quite certain that this action on the part of the premier will meet with the approval of the great majority of the Norwegian people, despite their regard for the English monarch, to whom they would desire all courtesy to be shown.

It is pointed out in a Norwegian daily that the treaty insuring the integrity of Norway comes in as a most opportune supplement to the Baltic and North sea treaties which Sweden has entered into. Those treaties have nothing to do with the western frontiers of Sweden, claims this paper. It claims additionally that its western border is protected through the Norwegian treaty of integrity by the very powers that have signed the Baltic and North sea treaties. Of course this is strictly a Norwegian view of the matter.

Bishop Bangs' recent visit to the United States had done much to cement the already kindly relations which exist between the sons and daughters of their adopted country and the old motherland. While in America the bishop was accorded a most hearty reception and his greetings from the motherland were enthusiastically received by Norwegian-Americans all over the United States.

King Edward said in a toast at the Norwegian court during his recent visit there that many Englishmen come to Norway for the peaceful purpose of angling salmon, and he was in hopes that this sport will forever remain an emblem of peace between Norway and England.

May 17 was enthusiastically observed all over the country. In Christiania there was a big parade, the city was decorated in patriotic colors and the regiment bands discoursed excellent music. Major Morgenstierne delivered the address of the day.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The warning uttered by King Edward during his visit in Copenhagen is creating no end of interest in Denmark. The greatest surprise reigned in Copenhagen when it was found that the published version of King Edward's speech, delivered at Amalienborg palace at the gala dinner given in his honor, omitted all reference to politics. Everybody believed that the speech had been revised before being given to the public. One newspaper dispatch from Copenhagen asserted that King Edward had objected to Denmark's relatively strong naval policy as indicating a tendency to favor Germany against England. "If you build a big navy," the king is represented to have said, "you leave your military defenses comparatively weak and obviously you must lean toward Germany as an ally instead of toward England." Afterwards semi-official explanations discredited the story, but it is admitted that King Edward spoke to Count Frijs in the sense indicated. Now, with information from royal circles, it is stated that King Edward did allude to political questions in the gala dinner speech and in a sensational way. His majesty, the dispatches claim, standing glass in hand, finished his complimentary references to the Danish people and then turned his face full upon King Frederick at his side. "Denmark," said he, speaking in a low tone and deliberately, "wants peace. Denmark can have peace, but only, my dear Frederick, by following the path indicated by your glorious father." Two English stenographers took down the speech, but the Danish foreign minister, Count Raben, ordered them to strike out that portion of it, explaining that the allusion was of a family character and unimportant.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church at a prolonged session put itself on record as endorsing unqualifiedly the work of the Anti-Saloon league and also favoring local option. Both of these positions are new with the church, as up to this time no special organization has had the specific endorsement of the church, while it has stood on the other hand for absolute prohibition everywhere.

The first class battleship Michigan has been launched at the yards of the New York Shipbuilding company at Camden, N. J. The Michigan comes closer to the Dreadnaught class of warships in the English navy than any other big fighting vessel in the American navy.

Judge James S. Young of the United States circuit court at Pittsburg has appointed receivers for the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railroad company, the Gould line over which the Wabash system gained entrance into Pittsburg several years ago.

The jury in the Snell case at Clinton, Ill., after having been out six hours, brought in a verdict setting aside the will. The jury was unanimous in declaring its belief that Colonel Snell was of unsound mind.

The corner in May corn which has been run by James A. Patten of Chicago and his associates has ended and *the "Patten crowd"* is generally credited with having made about $2,000,000 on the deal.

George W. MacMullen & Co., Pittsburg stock brokers, have suspended. The liabilities will reach $1,800,000, while the assets are about $350,000 less than the liabilities.

A gift of $150,000 for a gymnasium building at Northwestern university was made by James A. Patten, "king" of the corn pit in the Chicago board of trade.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has arrived at Tacoma, Wash.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

The senate passed the conference report on the compromise currency bill by a vote of 43 to 22 and the first session of the Sixtieth congress adjourned a few hours later. The last days of the senate were marked by a filibuster led by Senator La Follette against the currency bill. He was assisted only by Messrs. Stone and Gore and its existence therefore was limited. The filibuster was made memorable by the length of a speech made by Mr. La Follette, who occupied the floor for over eighteen hours.

The majority report of the special committee of the house named to investigate the wood pulp and print paper situation recommends that no legislation affecting wood pulp and print paper be enacted until the committee has further investigated and reported. The minority report recommends the passage of the Stevens bill to place wood pulp and print paper on the free list.

The senate has adopted a resolution offered by Mr. La Follette directing the secretary of commerce and labor to investigate conditions in the business of telegraph and telephone companies doing an interstate business.

The house has passed a bill providing for the survey and allotment of the lands within the Fort Peck Indian reservation in Montana and the sale and disposal of the surplus lands after allotment.

LABOR NEWS.

A wage scale operative until March 31, 1909, affecting about 40,000 miners in the Pittsburg district, has been signed. The agreement is the same as the one in force two years ago.

He is lifeless that is faultless.—French Proverb.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 1.—Wheat—July, $1.06⅛; Sept., 91⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.07⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.02@1.06.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 1.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.07¾@1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.04¾; July, $1.06¾; Sept., 92¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.23; Sept., $1.22; Oct., $1.26¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.30@5.40. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice lambs, $5.50@5.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 1.—Wheat—July, 90¾@90⅞c; Sept., 87⅝c; Dec., 8[illegible]c. Corn—July, 68⅜@68⅝c; Sept., 66⅝@66¼c; Dec., 57⅛c. Oats—July, old, 46⅜c; July, 45¼c; Sept., 37⅜c. Pork—July, $13.72½; Sept., $13.97½. Butter—Creameries, 18@22c; dairies, 16@20c. Eggs—14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 12c; broilers, per dozen, $2.50@6.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.80@7.35; Texans, $4.[illegible]; Western cattle, $4.70@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.40; cows and heifers, $2.25@6.15; calves, $4.75@6.25. Hogs—Light, $5.25@5.65; mixed, $5.[illegible]@5.70; heavy, $5.25@5.67½; rough, $5.25@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.40@5.67½; pigs, $4.25@5.20. Sheep, $3.60@5.25; yearlings, $5.5[illegible]@6.25; lambs, $4.50@6.70.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

John L. Gleason, the former University of Minnesota student, won another victory in his fight for readmission to the university when the supreme court affirmed the action of the Hennepin county district court in overruling the demurrer to the complaint in his suit against the board of regents and faculty of the university. The case will now go to trial on the merits on the question of the right of the regents to refuse his admission.

Rev. A. E. Schade, pastor of the German Reform church, St. Paul, applied to the St. Paul city prosecutor for the arrest of the church officers, charging them with conspiracy. He alleges that the officers are trying to force him out of his position. The prosecutor took the matter under advisement.

Cass Gilbert, formerly of St. Paul, but now of New York city, has won the $1,000 prize offered by the board of regents for the best plans of an enlarged University of Minnesota campus. Mr. Gilbert is the architect who designed the new capitol building for the state of Minnesota.

The president has signed the bill granting a pension for life to Colonel Timothy J. Sheehan, deputy United States marshal of Minnesota. Colonel Sheehan was in command of a company at Fort Ridgeley when it was attacked by Indians in 1869 and made a gallant defense.

Payments aggregating $1,300 in an attempt to control a case of smallpox in the town of Crystal Bay, Lake county, is one of the interesting items reported by James E. Ford, deputy public examiner, as the result of an examination of the records of that town.

Because of miscalculations by the school boards in seven or eight of the school districts of St. Louis county, on the iron ranges, the taxes were raised so high that the state tax commission ordered a reduction in the tax levy of $151,000.

Blue Earth City has among its residents 111 people who have attained the age of three score years and ten or over. Of this number thirty are eighty years old or over.

OBITUARY.

L. C. Porter, for a third of a century one of the leading business and financial men of Winona, is dead at Athens, Pa. He drove overland from New York to Winona in 1856 and soon after engaged in the lumber business and later in various enterprises and was the first president of the First National bank of Winona. For the last ten years he has led a retired life at Concord, N. H.

David D. Forbes, fifty-four years of age, secretary of the Burchard Land company, secretary and treasurer of the Dovetail Box Machine company and connected with various other St. Paul business interests, dropped dead in front of the hotel at Delhi, where he had gone on business.

Daniel Stanchfield, one of the earliest settlers at the falls of St. Anthony, the man who discovered the large lumbering possibilities of Minnesota and brought the first drive of logs to the present site of Minneapolis, is dead at Fort Logan, Colo., aged eighty-eight.

William Findlay Mason, seventy-one years old, for fifty years a resident of St. Paul, is dead. Mr. Mason laid out the territorial road between St. Cloud and Fort Abercrombie and in 1859 established at St. Paul the first wholesale hat and cap factory business in Minnesota.

Frederick W. Parsons, secretary and assistant treasurer of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company of Duluth, is dead, aged forty-six.

S. D. Ingersoll is dead at Fergus Falls, aged ninety-one. He was the father of seventeen children, fourteen of whom survive.

Dr. Jacob E. Schadle, a prominent St. Paul physician, is dead, aged fifty-nine.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

August Gau, seventy years old, is again a free man after having been held a prisoner at the central police station in Minneapolis for several days in connection with the death of James Toohey, ten years old. The Toohey boy jumped from a shed. He struck on a picket fence and was so badly injured that he died a few days later in the city hospital. It was alleged that the boy jumped because Gau was throwing bricks at him.

A tornado struck Ellsworth, Nobles county, and destroyed the Eagle Brewing company's barn, removed the roof of the Rock Island roundhouse, tore down the steeple of the Congregational church, broke plate glass and windows and overthrew many small buildings.

Fire, started by an electric light wire, damaged a two story business building at Allen to the extent of $10,000. The postoffice is located in the damaged building, but the stamps and mail were saved.

The little son of Alfo Peterson, who lives on a farm a mile and a half from Amboy, was accidentally drowned in a water hole in the yard.

The two-year-old [illegible] of Tracy died [illegible] blinding flashes of lightning in a severe electric storm.

Mrs. Ora Sanford was run down by an automobile at St. Paul and succumbed to her injuries two days later.

WITH SOLEMN RITES.

Cornerstone of Pro-Cathedral Laid in Minneapolis.

With all the solemn splendor and dignity characteristic of Roman Catholic ceremony, the effect of which was heightened by a crystal blue sky, the ceremonies attendant upon the laying of the pro-cathedral cornerstone at Minneapolis were carried out to the minutest detail before a vast concourse of people which extended for blocks around the reviewing stand. It was an epoch-making event for the church, not only in Minneapolis, but the Northwest.

For more than an hour and a half devout parishioners from the two cities, as well as scores of communities in the state, filed past the reviewing stand, 30,000 strong. This tribute to the strength and influence of the church was viewed by distinguished prelates from various parts of the country and the apostolic delegate from the Vatican at Rome, the assemblage including archbishops, bishops, monsignori and abbots. Following the sacred rites at the laying of the cornerstone a multitude surged about the speakers' platform and the reviewing stand. Including both those seated in the stand and the thousands who packed the street it is probable that fully 50,000 persons attended the ceremonies.

The actual rites attendant upon the laying of the cornerstone were performed by Monsignore Diomede Falconio, apostolic delegate. The opening address was made by Archbishop John Ireland, followed by Governor John A. Johnson, representing the state; James J. Hill, the foremost figure in the upbuilding of the Northwest and distinguished patron of the church; Mayor J. C. Haynes, representing the city of Minneapolis; F. A. Grosse, who spoke for the laity of the city, and W. P. Devereaux, representing the pro-cathedral executive committee.

TWO HUNDRED IN PANIC.

Explosion at St. Paul Picture Show Causes Wild Rush.

The blazing of films used in a stereopticon exhibition created a panic among 200 children who were gathered at Hope chapel, St. Paul.

Many leaped through windows in their fright and others tore down the stairway pell mell and fell into a promiscuous heap into the street. Several children were scratched and bruised, while the older people were considerably shocked by and unnerved by the explosion and the panic.

The machine was working in fine shape when without the slightest warning came a flash of white flame that gave the hall a lurid and terrifying appearance. Almost instantaneously there came a sound of breaking glass in the rear. The children in the dark room got wildly excited and tore madly for the doors and windows. The cries of the older people passed by unheeded in the din. Girls and boys jumped over each other, knocking down chairs and one another in a mad desire to get out of the building.

At the door there was a mad scatter. There is a short turn leading to the main steps and in the narrow passage there ensued a desperate struggle among the children to gain the open. It was half an hour before the excitement subsided and all the children had been able to leave the building.

RETURNS FROM THE SOUTH

Minnesota Governor Discusses Alabama Primaries.

Governor John A. Johnson has returned to St. Paul from his trip to Virginia and Alabama.

He was much impressed with the growth and activity of some Southern cities. "I found Norfolk, Atlanta and Birmingham particularly alive," he said, "and in every way like Northern cities."

The governor did not discuss the general political situation except to say:

"I got 38 per cent of the Democratic vote of Alabama in the primaries, which was quite a satisfaction to me. I carried nine counties and in spite of the talk about steel trust support my majorities did not come from the iron district. Mr. Bryan carried these counties."

Falls Dead on Wife's Grave.

Tragic features attended the Memorial day exercises at Calvary cemetery at St. Paul. Timothy J. McCarty, an aged and well known resident of that city, fell dead while placing flowers on his wife's grave. Apoplexy was assigned as the cause. Later Dr. J. M. Finnell, delegated by Coroner Miller to view the body, suffered a stroke of apoplexy while en route to the cemetery. His condition is quite serious.

Minneapolis Boy Drowned.

With a number of workmen nearly and a boy companion [illegible] a hundred feet away [illegible] Thompson, eleven year old son of [illegible] Thompson, a [illegible] of Minneapolis, slipped on the bank [illegible] river and sank to a [illegible] death in the river. The drowning [illegible] place just south of the St. Paul [illegible] bridge, twenty feet [illegible] the Twin City [illegible].

Two Brothers Are Drowned.

Edward and William [illegible], ten and twenty [illegible] drowned in a lake [illegible] when the boat in which [illegible] capsized. A [illegible] He was rescued by Herman Hauler, who happened to be passing in a boat near the scene of the accident.

ENTIRE FAMILY HURT

Tornado Demolishes Farmhouse Near Fairmont, This State.

SOME OF INJURED MAY DIE

Dwelling Completely Wrecked and Its Occupants Are Blown Into a Nearby Slough.

A tornado struck about five miles east of Fairmont, in Pleasant Prairie township, causing havoc and disaster on the farm of Albert Manly.

The tornado formed in the open prairie and then made straight for the Manly farm, blowing the farm dwelling house, barns and other buildings, and the occupants of the house into a nearby slough, where it completely demolished the buildings.

After leaving the Manly place it struck again into the open fields, where it soon spent its fury without doing any further damage. The tornado was accompanied by lightning, thunder and rain.

Mr. Manly and the members of his family were seriously injured. His aged father's back was broken; Mr. Manly's leg was broken; Mrs. Manly and the baby were seriously hurt, the child probably fatally, and a nephew of Fairmont received severe injuries.

LAUNCH GOES OVER DAM

Youth Drowns and Companion Has Narrow Escape.

Bern Livingston, a second year student in the Northfield high school, was drowned and Alson Blodgett, a companion, almost met a similar fate when their gasoline launch went over the dam at that place. The disaster occurred just below the lower bridge and between 150 and 200 people saw the accident, but were powerless to help the boys. Among the crowd on the bridge was Blodgett's mother.

The two boys, Livingston, eighteen years old, and Blodgett, seventeen, went for a ride in Blodgett's launch after school and had reached a point above the dam where they brought the launch around to go back up stream, when the engine stopped and could not be started. The water in Cannon river is very high, running four feet over the top of the dam, and the swift current swept the launch over before the boys even had time to jump. The launch sank at once, but the boys fought hard for life, but the shores of that part of the river are formed of perpendicular cliffs of stone and there was no chance for the swimmers to get ashore. When they reached a place about a block below, where a street comes down to the river, Ed Rice swam out and dragged Blodgett ashore.

CIRCUS TRAIN DITCHED.

Runaway Empties Cause Wreck Near Alpha, Minn.

A special circus train, carrying twenty-six cars and pulled by two engines, was wrecked in an extraordinary manner two miles west of Alpha, Jackson county, on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road. Five empty box cars on a siding were started in motion by a terrific wind and, running into an open switch, struck squarely upon the main track. The empty cars then rushed down the steep hill with the speed of a passenger train and crashed into the approaching circus special. The empty cars were smashed to pieces and the circus train was wrecked and thrown into the ditch.

The engine crews jumped just in time and the circus performers, who were in the last car, were badly shaken up, but none seriously injured.

STEENERSON'S BODY FOUND

Corpse of Minnesota Congressman's Son Recovered.

The body of Benjamin J. Steenerson, a private in the marine corps, who was drowned last February while attempting to save the life of his companion, John M. McIntosh of Pennsylvania, was picked up off Prudence Island near Newport, R. I., by a fisherman. Steenerson's father is Congressman Halvor Steenerson of Minnesota.

Cuts His Throat With Razor.

Charles Soderlind, a prominent farmer residing near Ivanhoe, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He went to the haymow to kill himself. Soderlind was the owner of a section of land, had plenty of money and was vice president of the First National bank of Ivanhoe. He had been clerk of his township for eighteen years and was president of the Farmers' Institute [illegible] company of Ivanhoe. Temporary insanity brought on by [illegible] and ill health is believed to have caused the act.

Hart Case Is Ended.

Francis B. Hart, the Minneapolis attorney, has been [illegible] a reprimand in his case by the special [illegible] and will [illegible] to take an enforced vacation of six months, during which he will not be allowed to practice as an attorney at law in this state. An order was filed by the special [illegible] with the clerk of the supreme court denying Francis Hart's petition for a retrial [illegible] vacating the stay granted some time ago. He criticised the state supreme court.

Clothing!

ADLER'S
Collegian
CLOTHES

Do you know that we sell

Adler's Collegian CLOTHES?

The typical COLLEGE CLOTHES fashionable effect, every style, every color of the season.

The Alder Clothing equals any tailor made suits.

First Class Material,

Superior Workmanship, Union Made.

If you are a careful dresser, buy an

Adler Suit

We have them from $15 to $25.

Give us a chance to show you the Adler Line of Collegian suits and you will buy.

Remember we also sell the

CRAWFORD FINE SHOES for MEN,

none better, none more stylish. Price, $3.50 to $5.00

Our line of Men's Fine Shirts cannot be equaled in style or price in the city

Give us a call and be convinced.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Phone 111. Main Ave.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 20 lb	1.30
Cookies from	10up
Coconnut bulk per lb.	18
Prunes California per lb.	10
Apples evaporated per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb.	10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters per can	30
Clams Searboro beach per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle	25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for	25
Mazall fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for	5

DOCK & NELSON

Phone No. 115. 3rd St.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Discount Sale!

20 per cent off on all Mens', Ladies and childrens spring caps, felt and straw hats.

A large line of Prints Percales and Summer Dress Goods and Shirt Waist Goods just received.

Call and see them, and compare prices.

J. H. JACOBSON.

THE PRISON BIRD.

This African Beauty Seals His Mate Up In the Nest.

The peculiarity of the prison bird, a feathered beauty of Africa, is that he is the most tyrannical and jealous of husbands, imprisoning his mate throughout her nesting time. Livingstone watched the bird's habits while in Monpour and in his subsequent observations referred to the nest as a prison and the female bird as a slave.

The nest is built in the hollow of a tree through an opening in the bark. As soon as it is completed the mother bird enters carefully and fearfully and settles down in it. Then papa walls up the opening, leaving only just space enough for air and food to pass through. He keeps faithful guard and brings food at regular intervals without fail. The female thrives under her enforced retirement. But if the prison bird is killed or in any other way prevented from fulfilling his duties the mother and her little ones must die of starvation, for she cannot free herself from bondage.

Normally the imprisonment lasts until the chicks are old enough to fly. Then the male bird destroys the barrier with his beak and liberates his family. "It is charming," writes Livingstone, "to see the joy with which the little prisoners greet the light and the unknown world."

TOBACCO POISON.

If You Must Smoke, Puff Your Cigar or Pipe Leisurely.

That it is much more injurious to smoke quickly than slowly is the conclusion arrived at by two Austrian scientists after careful study and experiment.

The two professors—Dr. Liebermann and Dr. Davidovics—tested pieces of cotton which had been placed in the mouthpieces of pipes and cigar holders and found them covered with yellowish brown flecks. These were found to be of a tarry nature, produced during the process of combustion, and highly poisonous.

It was found also that two cigars of the same brand and strength often produced differing degrees of discoloration of the cotton. Further investigation showed that these differences were due to the length of time occupied in smoking. The same weight of tobacco smoked in five minutes produced nearly three times as many yellowish brown spots as if it were smoked in fifteen minutes. The professors therefore concluded that a rapid smoker inhales a much larger quantity of poisonous substance, to the consequent injury of his health, than does his more phlegmatic colleague.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Horses and Music.

Horses are particularly sensitive to music. Guenoe, who carefully studied the matter, quotes the following curious fact: "In 1892 the Fifty-eighth regiment of infantry was making a military test march when the music struck up. The young horse of Captain De R. hastened forward and placed itself, in spite of its rider, behind the last rank of the musicians. Then it followed peacefully, giving obvious signs of pleasure.

"When the music ceased the captain was able to resume his place at the head of his company, but the band struck up again, and the horse, notwithstanding the efforts of Captain De R., galloped ahead and once more placed itself behind the musicians. This happened every time the band played."

Lions have been found to listen with marked joy to the piano. They appreciate the top notes and the medium, but roar terribly when the bass keys are struck loudly.—Paris Revue.

Her Sweet Revenge.

Difficult subjects require careful handling, and for this reason a room clerk at a woman's hotel must have special qualifications. One of the many applicants to approach a clerk of this class was a young, prepossessing woman, who, a few days ago, walked to the desk and hesitatingly asked if a room could be had at a moderate price. "Would you like a room at a dollar and a half a day?" With a startled look she replied, "I want one at $3 a week." "We have rooms at that price, but none vacant. You can see that the office is full of guests, and it is not probable that we shall have such a room as you desire until one of our guests dies—or gets married." Sweeping the office with her eyes, the young woman replied sweetly, "Oh, then, it is hopeless!"—New York Tribune.

Changed Accompaniment.

One can hardly be expected to have "music in his soul" when there is discord in his stomach.

Husband—What was that you were playing, my dear?

Wife—Did you like it?

"It was lovely—the melody divine, the harmony exquisite!"

"It is the very thing I played last evening, and you said it was horrid."

"Well, the steak was burned last evening."—Stray Stories.

Pretty Bad.

Boston Bill—I'm getting weary of this blase, nomadic, peripatetic existence. Aren't you, pal? Omaha Red (after recovering)—Why—er—you see, Bill, it never struck me in dat light before. Is it really as bad as all dat?—Puck.

Art Appreciation.

"You Americans don't appreciate art," said the man from abroad.

"We don't, eh?" rejoined the earnest patriot. "Why, we pay some opera singers more than we do baseball players."—Exchange.

Learn to unlearn what you have learned amiss.—German Proverb.

THE LOUISE BREHANY COMPANY IN BALLAD AND OPERATIC CONCERT.

One of the finest musical attractions in America is soon to appear in this city the Louise Brehany Company, which presents a coterie of famous American and European soloists. The company presents an interesting and diversified programme of popular ballads and operatic "gems". Mr. Thearle's new organization opened in New York recently and created a furor, receiving columns of praise in all the leading newspapers. The company is now on their way to the Pacific Coast and Mexico.

It is headed by the prepossessing young American Prima Donna, Miss Louisa Brehany, recognized in Europe and America, as the worlds greatest soprano. Other eminent soloists in Mr. Thearle's clever company are Maxaillian Dick, violinist, late concert meister of the Damrosch Symphony Orchestra, and many other proninent musical organizations, both in Europe and America. Miss Edith Adams, the world's foremost lady violocellist, who won fame in all the Capitols of the old world, as well as her own America. A pupil of Robert Hausman, of the Royal High School of Berlin, and later a protege of Herr Fredrick Keifer, of Munich, the world's greatest 'cellist of his day, this plucky American girl has won her way into the hearts of the music-lovers of two worlds. Another eminent artist is Miss Alice McClung, the great pianist of Miss Brehany's coterie of celebrities. She is a pupil of the distinguished Danish pianist, August Hylsted, and later the "star" pupil of the eminent Chicago pianist and teacher, Walter Spry.

This company will be heard in this city on Saturday, June 6th, at the Evenson Hall.

Auction Sale!

I will sell at my place in section 35, town of Agdar, on Thursday, June 11, 1908, the following property:

1 grey mare weight 1300, 8 years old.
1 grey horse weight 1300, 9 years old.
1 bay mare weiget 1300, 10 years old.
10 fresh milch cows.
1 yearling bull.
4 yearling heifers.
6 spring calves.
24 chickens.
1 Deering binder, in good condition.
1 Deere Sulky plow, new.
1 Prairie City Seeder.
1 wide tire wagon, complete.
1 Fergus bob sleigh, nearly new.
1 single buggy.
1 ½ set working harness.
1 Iowa Cream Separator, new.
1 Deering self dump rake, new.
1 McCormick mower.
24 grain sacks.
1 parlor set, Chairs.
Tables, Stoves, Books, Bookcases and other household goods.

BERNARD KNUDSON, Owner.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

The News: $1 per Year.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

N. W. Savage, the owner of Dan Patch, has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor in this state. There was an urgent demand that he enter the race by—the Crookston Times.

John E. King, editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette and at present state librarian, and D. D. Daly, the well known insurance man, are prominently mentioned for the chairman of the democratic state committee. Both men are well fitted for the place, both from a standpoint of ability and acquaintance.—Ada Herald.

Congressional Candidate Here.

C. A. Tuller, the well known Warren farmer, who is to be a candidate for congress on the Democratic ticket in the Ninth district this year, was in the city the first of the week.

New Uniforms Ordered.

The new uniforms for the band—twenty-seven of them—were ordered the first of the week. The suits will be of green with black trimmings, and are expected to arrive here before the tournament.

Gruber Up to Greenbush.

General Manager Gruber, of the Great Northern, was up on this branch in his private car Tuesday, going to Greenbush. His appearance there has caused a renewal of the talk that the road will build through to Warroad this year.

Litigation Now On.

At Red Lake Falls Monday, Judge Watts issued an alternative writ of manadamus to require the county commissioners of Red Lake county to meet and consider the county seat removal petition. The matter will come before the court at the October term again.

Highlanding to Celebrate.

Highlanding is going to celebrate the fourth of July. There are more genuine hustlers up there than you can shake a stick at, and a good celebration is therefore guaranteed. A good program of races, games, etc , is being prepared and refreshments will be served. All are invited.

AT THE BIJOU.

A joyous and delectable vaudeville delicacy heads the list of sparkling attractions at the Bijou the remainder of this week. There will be a special engagement of "Tops, Topsy, Tops," featuring their trained dogs. In fact, the dogs are a whole show in themselves. This is a comic novelty, acrobatic act introducing something entirely new.

Pictured melody, "Could You Love a Little Girl Like Me?"

The motion pictures are an extra special feature this week and away from anything ever produced in the past. "The Squawman's Daughter" is an interesting western drama, the scenes being laid in the Rockies.

"The Rival Pompeans" is a Roman play. The two comedy films, "Mysterious Sideboard" and "A comedy of Errors" are extra good.

Remember amateur night, Friday at 9:30 Saturday matinee at 4 sharp. Any one desiring to appear amateur night, please call.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending May, 30, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Christianson, Richard.
Dahly, Mr. O. E.
Fuller, Mr. Bert.......2
Johnson, Mrs. Daniel.
Monson, Mr. J. J.
Mohler, Mr. H. A.
Peterson, Mrs. Carl.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

DID NOT HAVE $1000

Well known Red Lake County Farmer Was a Little Short.

As a Result He Is Now Living Happily on His Farm in Norden.

Halvord Strandvold, a well known farmer living in the town of Norden, is congratulating himself upon the fact that he did not have $1,000 in cash a short time ago. Halvor has long wanted a wife to share his joys and sorrows and seeing the advertisement of Mrs. Gunnee, the LaPorte, Indiana, woman that murdered so many of her husbands, he commenced to correspond with her. A few love letters were exchanged and Mrs. Gunnee made the usual demand that he came to LaPorte and bring with him $1,000 in cash. Halvor did not have the cash, he had a good farm in the town of Norden worth much more than $1,000, but this would not do. At the time Halvor greatly regretted the fact that he did not have the $1,000 in cash, but since he has read of the number the PaPorte woman murdered, he is glad that he did not have that amount.

Card of Thanks.

We hereby wish to express our sincere thanks to our kind friends for their assistance, kindness and sympathy shown us in our bereavement and at the last services for our beloved wife, mother and sister Mrs. A. E. Abraham.

A. E. Abraham and children.
Mrs. Joe Willett.
Frank Peterson.
Carl Peterson.

Company L Inspected.

Col. Wm. Forloch, inspecting officer of the state militia, was in the city Monday evening and inspected Company L. Col. Furloch says that the boys made an exceptional fine showing and for the short time they have had to practise drill. He stated that if they continued to improve they would soon be one of the best companies in the state.

Subscribe for the News.

Kratka.

(Too late for last week.)

The town of Kratka is preparing for a great time on the fourth of July and as this is the first celebration ever started in this township it is expected that the surrounding country will all join in and a general good time will be experienced. A good program will be arranged and orations delivered during the day. The Deer Park Coronet Band will give concerts throughout the day and evening, and a grand display of fireworks will take place in the evening. Undiluted fun will be on tap at the "Grand Bowery Dance" which will be one of the features of the celebration.

Wm. Parnow returned from Fargo last Tuesday and reports things moving quietly out there.

This is the time of the year everyone is willing to acknowledge that they are not worth much, the assessor is due.

The windy mouthpiece who knows so much about Fred Hoag's C. O. D. on the Dan Patch boat must be rather hostile in trying to place merchants in his own rating, as he seems to think that when Captain Hoag, of the boat delivered him 100 lbs. of shorts valued at $1.50 he was obliged to except a settlement on the installment plan, which took "windy mouthpiece" all season to make the payments. Must be the farmer's boat didn't have cash on hand and Fred was fortunate enough to land this big piece of business on the installment plan.

Another law suit was worked up in Justice Hunt's court at Highlanding last Monday but as the defendent was looking for justice in the case, he asked for change of venue to Deer Park township where justice will be given him by Justice Mostue.

The farmers are all elated over the prospects of a grand crop. Mild rain and fair weather will surely bring about grand results, all accidents barred.

Peter Hedeen add Magnus Olsen were business visitors at the county seat the past week.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

CROOKSTON NEXT YEAR.

Ninth District Bankers to Meet at That Place Next Year.

Very Successful Convention Held in Thief River Falls Last Friday.

The convention of the Ninth Congressional District Bankers association held in Thief River Falls last Friday was a success in every way. About sixty bankers representing various banks in the Ninth district were present and some very able articles pertaining to banking matters were read. Crookston was selected as the meeting place next year.

Friday evening the visiting bankers were tendered a banquet at the Hotel Evelyn. The Elite orchestra furnished music upon the occasion and a large number responded to toasts. The banquet proper was one of the finest ever served north of Minneapolis and Col. Harris, of the Evelyn, received many congratulations upon the success of the affair. After the banquet was over those of the bankers who did not go away on the evening train were tendered a smoke social at the Antlers Club rooms.

The White Earth Celebration.

The committee which has charge of the annual celebration of the first settlement of White Earth has issued a circular relative to the forthcoming celebration of this memorable event which will be held on June 15th and 16th.

The address is as follows:

"To our kindred and fellow neighbors we extend cheerful greeting:

—Providence has blessed the earth with another year's existence, and again the day of rejoicing upon the White Earth Reservation is at hand. It is with pleasure that the citizens of the Reservation announce to the public that the Fortieth Anniversary of the arrival of the first pioneers will be celebrated at White Earth on June 15 and 16th 1908. We cordially invite you, and your friends to be present, and to participate in the feast of good cheer. Here will be an opportunity to see representation of the Indians of the past and to see him in actual life as he is to-day.

"The exercises will consist of speeches by representative men from abroad who are distinctly friends of the Indians and by short addresses from local orators, game of all descriptions native to the Chippowas, with also those borrowed from the white man.

"Gag-gon-Daush, President.
Julius Brown, Vice President.
William Daily, Secretary.
B. S. Fairbanks, Treasurer."

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1st 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Byrnd, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 637, for NE¼, Sec. 31, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 14th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Nygaard, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Iver Solheim, " " "
Peder Sulland, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 4-July 9.

Bird Dogs.

Bird dogs have been known as such for only about three or four centuries So far as we know, the Duke of Northumberland, sixteenth century, was the first trainer of bird dogs. The duke was followed by others who trained dogs to "set" birds, but it was not till the beginning of the nineteenth century that any reliable record of a distinct brand of bird dogs can be found. The Gordon setter was founded by the Duke of Gordon about 1800.—New York American.

A Retort Discourteous.

A young lady full of good deeds noticed the tongue of a horse bleeding and with a use of technical terms too little appreciated said to the cabby, "Cabby, your horse has hemorrhage."

"It's 'is tongue's too large for his mouth," said the cabby and added sententiously, "Like some young ladies."—London Globe.

Good Terms.

"I'm sure we shall be on good terms," said the man who had just moved into the neighborhood to the corner grocer.

"No doubt of it, sir, especially," he added as an afterthought, "as the terms are cash."—London Telegraph

Child Management.

I don't like punishments. You will never torture a child into duty, but a sensible child will dread the frown of a judicious mother more than all the rods, dark rooms and scolding schoolmistresses in the universe.—White.

Sleepless Paris.

Parisians do not know any longer what real deep, restoring sleep is. It is the lack of this which is giving modern generations their colorless lips, pale faces and feverish eyes.—Echo de Paris.

SENATE OF LILLIPUT.

The Way Dr. Johnson Outwitted the House of Commons.

Parliamentary bodies were long a great stronghold of resistance to the press. Reporters were strictly barred from them, and reports of their proceedings were sternly punished. It was among the triumphs for the right and for common sense which Franklin achieved that he caused the chamber of the provincial assembly of Pennsylvania to be thrown open to publicity. Nevertheless no reports were allowed of either the Continental congress or the constitutional convention.

Dr. Johnson's violation of the cherished privacy of the British house of commons is a classic story. He reported its debates without entering its sacred precincts, and in order to escape the severe penalties of the law he reported them without mentioning the body or any of its members by name. Setting up an imaginary "senate of Lilliput" and giving fictitious names to the leading members of parliament, he edified for years the readers of the Journal which then boasted the "largest circulation" in England.

Receiving a few scanty notes of what was going on at Westminster, he elaborated them into a brilliant spread. He was, indeed, the illustrious founder of the immortal craft of rewriters. His discerning readers came to know not only that the senate of Lilliput was the house of commons, but that "Blefscu" stood for France and "Mildendo" for London; that "sprugs" meant pounds, that "Nardac" was the Duke of Newcastle, and so on. What his notes lacked his imagination readily supplied.

Never was the eloquence of parliament more brilliant than in Johnson's reports of the debates, in which, he admitted, he took care that the Whig dogs got the worst of it, although Pitt himself must have felt mollified when he read the wonderful outburst attributed to him by Johnson on "the atrocious crime of being a young man." It is the best remembered of all Pitt's speeches, and it was written by Johnson "in a garret in Exeter street."—Boston Globe.

A SMART ENGLISHMAN.

The Story He Told of His Experience In "the States."

A tall, practical Englishman went over to "the States" the other day from London. He took lodgings at an inn in a small village, which shall be nameless. He had dinner, and among those who sat at the table with him was the waiting maid, whom he designated as "servant," but he received an indignant correction from the landlord.

"We call our servants, sir, 'helps.' They are not oppressed; they are not Russian serfs."

"All right," said the Britisher; "I shall remember."

And he did, for in the morning he awoke the whole house by calling out at the top of his voice, which was like the tearing of a strong rag:

"Help, help! Water, water!"

In an instant every person equal to the task rushed into his room with a pail of water.

"I am much obliged to you, I am sure," he said, "but I don't want so much water, you know. I only want enough to shave with."

"Shave with!" said the landlord. "What did you mean by calling: 'Help! Water?' We thought the house was afire."

"You told me to call the servant 'help,' and I did. Did you think I would cry 'Water!' when I meant fire?"

The explanation, it would seem, was satisfactory, and he can call the servants "servants" as much as he likes at that place now.—London Answers.

Not Very Flattering.

When the artist had finished his scenic sketch of the stretch of woods skirting the suburban road, he looked up and beheld a serious faced Irishman whom he had previously noticed digging in a trench by the roadside gazing queerly at his canvas.

"Well," said the artist familiarly, "do you suppose you could make a picture like that?"

The Irishman mopped his forehead a moment and, with a deep sigh, answered, "Sure; a mon c'n do annything if he's driv to ut!"—Argonaut.

Some Good Anagrams.

The following is a list of very remarkable anagrams:

Astronomers, no more stars; catalogues, got as a clew; elegant, neat leg; impatient, Tim is a pet; matrimony, into my arm; melodrama, made moral; midshipman, mind his map; old England, golden land; parishioners, I hire parsons; parliament, partial men; penitentiary, nay, I repent it; Presbyterian, best in prayer; revolution, to love ruin; sweetheart, there we sat; telegraphs, great helps.

A Neat Selection.

"That's a nice umbrella you have there."

"Ain't it? Reflects credit on my taste, doesn't it?"

"It certainly does. Where did you get it?"

"Picked it out of a bunch of seven that were standing in the boarding house hall this morning."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Contradictory.

"Is your husband [illegible] in his appetite, madam?"

"I can't say as he is [illegible]. He'll eat anythink and everythink as long as there's anythink to eat."—Baltimore American.

Usually the Way.

"A man likes to hear hisself talk so well," said Uncle Eben, "dat a [illegible] is jes' like two people [illegible] patiently waitin' dere turn to say sumpin."—Washington Star

FORETOLD HIS FUTURE.

The Message Carl Schurz Received From Spirit Land.

An extraordinary experience with a medium is given in the Carl Schurz memoirs in McClure's.

"After receiving what purported to be a message from Schiller, General Schurz asked that the spirit of Lincoln be summoned to tell why President Johnson had called Schurz to Washington.

"The answer came, 'He wants you to make an important journey for him.' I asked where that journey would take me. Answer, 'He will tell you tomorrow.' I asked further whether I should undertake that journey. Answer, 'Yes; do not fail.' (I may add, by the way, that at that time I had not the slightest anticipation as to what President Johnson's intention with regard to me was.)

"Having disposed of this matter, I asked whether the spirit of Lincoln had anything more to say to me. The answer came, 'Yes; you will be a senator of the United States.' This struck me as so fanciful that I could hardly suppress a laugh; but I asked further, 'From what state?' Answer, 'From Missouri.' This was more provokingly mysterious still, but there the conversation ceased.

"Hardly anything could have been more improbable at that time than that I should be a senator of the United States from the state of Missouri. My domicile was in Wisconsin, and I was then thinking of returning there. I had never thought of removing from Wisconsin to Missouri, and there was not the slightest prospect of my ever doing so.

"But, to forestall my narrative, two years later I was surprised by an entirely unsought and unexpected business proposition which took me to St. Louis, and in January, 1869, the legislature of Missouri elected me a senator of the United States. I then remembered the prophecy made to me at the spirit seance in the house of my friend Tiedemann in Philadelphia."

CLEVER FISHERMEN.

Odd Methods of the Indians on the Sault Ste. Marie.

On the Sault Ste. Marie the Indians have a novel method of catching whitefish. Two Indians go with a canoe into the rapids. One occupies the bow and one the stern. The latter uses a paddle to keep the boat's head upstream. The former has a pole with which to steady the boat, standing upright in his place.

They take with them a dipnet four feet in diameter attached to a pole or handle fifteen feet long. This is placed ready to the hand of the Indian in the bow. The fishing is done at the foot of the rapids, where the water boils and tumbles furiously.

With his pole the Indian in the bow holds the canoe or lets it float steadily sidewise, now up a little perhaps and then down, but always under perfect control. The Indian gazes constantly into the water, which is often ten feet deep where they are fishing and the depths of which no white man was ever yet able to school his eye to penetrate.

Suddenly he seizes the net by the handle with one hand, still manipulating the boat with the other, and plunges the net into the water, perhaps ten feet away, thrusting it to the bottom. Then he gives it a peculiar twist, draws it up and turns out into the boat often as many as half a dozen whitefish weighing from three to five pounds.

These Indian fishermen are unerring in casting their nets, and it is not an uncommon thing for them to capture 300 whitefish in a day. How they are able to see the fish in the bottom of the rapids is a mystery no one has yet been able to fathom.—Pearson's Weekly.

As Good as a Porter.

It is curious how many people are in ignorance of simple little facts in connection with everyday life which would save them a large amount of unnecessary labor and fatigue. Take the case of carrying a heavy bag or portmanteau, for instance. We all know the annoying way in which it knocks against our legs and the almost intolerable ache in the arm that is supporting the burden. Few people are aware, however, that by folding a couple of newspapers and putting them under one's armpit a large amount of the strain and inconvenience is immediately removed. Try it next time you are hurrying to catch a train.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Hat He Had.

"Mamma, if I had a hat before, I had this one, it's all right to say that's the hat I had had, isn't it?"

"Certainly, Johnny."

"And if that hat once had a hole in it and I had it mended I could say it had had a hole in it, couldn't I?"

"Yes, there would be nothing incorrect in that."

"Then it would be good English to say that the hat I had had had had a hole in it, wouldn't it?"

Yes, Indeed.

"It takes a couple of sweethearts a dreadfully long time to say goodby, even if they are parting for only a few hours."

"Much adoo about nothing, eh?"—Kansas City Times.

Amiable.

"Daughter—Is your husband amiable?"

"Well, ma, he's just exactly like pa. When he gets his own way about everything he's just perfectly lovely."—Pathfinder.

Among the richer classes 242 in 1,000 live to 60 years, in the middle classes, 173, of the laboring class, 124.

OBEYED ORDERS.

The Lady Knew Just What to Do When a Fire Started.

Mrs. Wilcox had boundless faith in the wisdom and general effectiveness of her husband's advice, and consequently he had primed her with instructions for any emergency that might arise when he was absent. Among other things, he had repeatedly warned her in case of fire to spread a rug on the blaze and then telephone for the engines.

So deeply was this advice impressed on her subconsciousness that her actions the day of the fire in her home were purely automatic.

She had bought a new hat, and, the room being rather poorly lighted, she used the gas jet over her bureau as an aid to studying the new millinery achievement. Suddenly as she was lifting the lace creation off her head it slipped and fell directly upon the blazing gas jet.

The expected happened. The hat was soon burning fiercely, still on the top of the gas pipe.

Mrs. Wilcox, mindful of Jack's advice, grabbed a valuable Persian rug on the floor and, spreading it carefully over the lighted gas jet and flaming hat, rushed out to the telephone.

At the doorway she collided with her maid, Estelle, who, hearing the rapid movements in the room, was coming to learn the cause.

Running over to the bureau, the girl turned out the gas and, throwing the rug on the floor, stamped out the flames, which had burned a hole through the valuable tapestry.

"Why, Mrs. Wilcox," she cried, "why didn't you turn out the gas?"

"Turn out the gas?" answered her mistress. "Well, aren't you bright! I never thought of that. Jack has always told me to put a rug on a fire."—Youth's Companion.

A STORY OF NELSON.

The Presence of Mind of the Great English Admiral.

Captain Mahan relates the following anecdote concerning Lord Nelson's letter proposing a truce to the crown prince of Denmark, dispatched in the midst of hostilities:

The decks being cleared of all partitions fore and aft and all ordinary conveniences removed, Nelson wrote in full view of all on the deck where he was, at the casing of the rudder head, standing, and as he wrote an officer standing by took a copy. The original, in his own hand, was put into an envelope and sealed, with his arms. The officer was about to use a wafer, but Nelson said:

"No; send for sealing wax and candle."

Some delay followed owing to the man's having had his head taken off by a ball. "Send another messenger for the wax," said the admiral when informed of this, and when the wafers were again suggested he simply reiterated the order.

A large quantity of wax was used and extreme care taken that the impression of the seal should be perfect. Colonel Stewart asked:

"Why under so hot a fire and after so lamentable an accident have you attached so much importance to a circumstance apparently trifling?"

"Had I made use of a wafer," replied Nelson, "the wafer would have been still wet when the letter was presented to the crown prince. He would have inferred that the letter was sent off in a hurry and that we had some pressing reasons for being in a hurry. The wax told no tales."

He Didn't Like Pledges.

Judge Martin Grover of Troy, N. Y., was at one time approached by a young citizen who wished to be nominated to the state assembly. The shrewd old judge had certain doubts about him, which he expressed somewhat freely, and yet he was willing to afford him a trial. He therefore addressed the aspirant in this way:

"Young man, if you will give me your word that you won't steal when you get to Albany I'll see what kin be done about sendin' you there."

"Judge Grover," replied the young man, drawing himself up with great dignity, "I go to Albany unpledged or I don't go at all."

Small Tacks.

How is this for a stunt? The center of the tack industry used to be Bromsgrove, a town in Worcestershire, England, where all work was done by hand. It was a common feat for experts to forge 1,000 to 1,200 tacks so small as to fill the barrel of an ordinary goose quill, their weight being only about twenty grains.—New York Press.

A Glittering Bargain.

"Yes," said the prospective investor to the Billville real estate man, "your terms at $2 an acre are very reasonable. Is there any gold in the land?"

The agent looked around as if to assure himself that no one was listening, then he leaned over and whispered.

"It's mostly gold!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Irresistible Attraction.

"What are you stopping for, John? If we don't hurry we'll miss our train."

"You can go on if you want to, Maria. I'm going to see how they get that balky horse started!"

Out of a Job.

Minister—Is your father working now, Johnny? Small Johnny—No, sir. Minister—Why, only last week he told me he had a job. Small Johnny—Yes, sir. But the man he was working died.—Chicago News.

Against God's wrath no castle is thunder proof.—Spanish Proverb.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Mrs. D. E. RATHMANN,
Art of Piano Playing
Wassen Building . . Main Ave.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	98c
Oats	42c
Flax	$1 11
Barley	50
Eggs	12c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Dr. Melby was up to Middle River last Saturday.

For snaps in city property, see Hager the land man.

S. T. Johnson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lenson Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Rude on Tuesday.

Emil Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Andrew Stenseth was up on the Greenbush line Tuesday.

Flats over E. & E. Clothing store for rent. See C. M. Evenson.

T. T. Satre was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Oscar Spoonheim was over to Hatton to spend Sunday visiting friends.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River was in the city the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 211.

W. J. Harlow and wife were up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ed Porter arrived in the city last Friday to spend several days visiting with old friends.

Mrs. Conrad Olson, of Maple Bay arrived in the city Monday to visit her sister, Mrs. A. Larg.

Rev. Dahle was down to Crookston Sunday, occupying the pulpit of one of the churches in that city.

Eugene Safford and family left Monday for Middle River near which place they will settle upon a homestead.

James Rogers, who had been confined to his home by sickness for several weeks, is able to be about town again.

S. T. Johnson sold his residence on North La Bree avenue last week to A. E. Preston, a brakeman employed by the Soo.

Dr Gambell left Monday for a trip to Oregon, California and New Mexico. He expects to be absent for about three weeks.

Miss Irene Caldwell closed a very successful term of school last week in a district near Red Lake Falls and has returned to this city to spend her vacation.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Thirty small pigs for sale. Leave orders at Remmem's livery barn.

Mrs. Torgerson and Mrs. Ole Evenson returned Monday from a trip to Duluth.

Attorney George K. Fargo and wife, were up from Ogema the first of the week.

Dr. Bockman and wife left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

J. W. Vrolston, the Highlanding merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

Dr. Bockman's new automobile is expected to arrive here the latter part of this week.

C. J. Winton arrived in the city the first of the week being enroute to Kalispell, Mont.

Fred Lufkin went down to Crookston Saturday and brought home his new automobile.

A. Anderson, the jeweler, will remove to the Berry building on Main avenue the first of next week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton left Monday for Grand Rapids to attend to business matters for a few days.

A. K. Getty, the Crookston traveling man, was in the city the first of the week accompanied by his bride.

A handsome new bus is expected to arrive in the city the latter part of next week for the Hotel Evelyn.

Miss Annand arrived in the city last Friday from Lake City to spend a few days visiting with friends.

The El Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Nielai.

County Superintendent of Schools, McAnulty was in the city from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.

George Elder.

Don't forget the auction sale to be held at Bernard Knudson's farm in town of Adger, on the 11th day of June.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Patronize home industry and smoke the El Ko cigar. Fred's guarantee band on every cigar. There is none better.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation, good buildings; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

George Cunningham, Anton Kerstad, Ernst Eberhart, Peter Ervin and J. L. [illegible], were down from Pea Soup the first of the week. The first three proved up on their claims.

Mr. and Mrs. John Forder and daughter, who had been visiting relatives in this city, left Monday for South Dakota, where they will spend a few weeks before returning to their home in California.

W. S. Roseberry was up from Minneapolis last week visiting with old friends and attending to business matters.

A. E. Abraham and children returned to this city Saturday from Marine Mills, where they had been to bury Mrs. Abraham.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

Dr. Booren and Dr. Crandall expect to go to St. Paul Saturday evening to attend a meeting of the State Dental association.

The fifteen months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Gillette died last Wednesday. The funeral services were held Friday.

Miss Gertrude Meehan was down to Moorhead last week to attend the commencement exercises at the Normal school at that place.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

Emil Evenson, who had been employed in a St. Paul dry goods store, returned to this city last week to visit with his parents for a few days.

For Sale—A second hand Empire cream seperator, good condition, used only one year. Inquire of Langseth Mercantile company.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

—Ed Wilcox left for the Minot, N. D., country Tuesday to examine applications for loans to the amount of $65,000 for the Minnesota Mutual Insurance Co.

Patronize home industries. Ice cream for sale at the Creamery, 70c per gallon, for three gallons and over, 80 cents per gallon for two and $1 for one gallon. Ice cream delivered.

Mrs. G. W. Booren left Monday morning for Fergus Falls. Her sister, Mrs. Frank Lawerence, is quite sick and has had to undergo an operation at the hospital in that city.

R. A. Kromer went down to Crookston Tuesday evening. He has entered into partnership with a Crookston gentleman and will engage in the machinery business in that city.

W. R. Peterson, of Anton, was in the city Monday and made the News office a call. He states that the crops in the vicinity of Anton are looking fine and that the heavy rains did little damage.

J. D. Abbott, of Rollis, was in the city yesterday, having just returned from a trip to Canton, Penn., where he had been to visit a brother who is quite ill. Mr. Abbott also visited his old home in Vermont.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th: Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Peter Peterson, a fourteen year old Rocksbury boy, shot a large eagle last week and it has been brought to this city to be mounted. The eagle measured six feet six inches from tip to tip and is considered a very large one.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m and at 8 o'clock in the evening. At the morning service following the sermon there will be the reception of members and the observance of the Lord's supper.

Mrs. Torgerson received a letter from her son, Alfred, who is serving in the U. S. navy, last week. Alfred had been very sick for several weeks but was fast improving. He expects to be in Thief River Falls to spend the Christmas holidays.

County Commissioner Ed Auble last week commenced the erection of a fine new brick residence upon his farm in the town of Rocksbury. Mr. Auble is one of the most successful farmers of Red Lake county, and the News is glad to know that he is prospering.

A grand base ball game between Sandridge and Aneta will be played at Strip Sunday afternoon. The game promises to be a warm affair and John Remmem, who runs a restaurant out there, has ordered a large supply of ice cream to serve to the visitors.

In a letter to the News, Mayor T. P. Hamre states that he leaves Hot Springs Ark., this week, but will spend about ten days visting in Iowa before returning to Thief River Falls. Mr. Hamre states that he is feeling considerable better and hopes to continue to improve.

Otto E. Olson closed a very successful term of school in District No. 51, town of Rocksbury, last week and as a token of the high esteem in which he is held by the pupils he was presented with a [illegible] by his scholars. Mr. Olson leaves in a few days for Montana to spend his vacation.

On Wednesday June 10th, at 8 p. m. Rev. Neil A. Gilchrist will be installed as pastor of the Presbyterian church. Rev. W. J. Hall, of Hallock, will preach the installation sermon, Rev. Grant Strch, of Warren, will deliver the charge to the pastor, and Rev. Philip A. Schwarz Jr., of Red Lake Falls, will charge the people. A cordial invitation is extended to the people of the city to attend this service.

J. A. Carlson went up to Karlstad this week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Storholm Tuesday.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Mrs. Robert McGinn and Miss Edna Crowe left yesterday for Moorhead for a short visit.

Lunch will be served at the Presbyterian church Friday afternoon June 12. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. A. Anderson and children, who had been down from the farm visiting in the city returned Tuesday.

Postmaster Kratka and wife and Mrs. Fred Goebler and daughter leave next week for the Twin Cities to visit for a few weeks.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock at Germantown at 3:30 in the afternoon. F. J. Seitz, Pastor.

A large part of the Arpin dredger is at the Conklin Boiler Works this week being repaired. The dredging crew is taking a vacation while the repairs are being made.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod Pente Cost day at 10:30. In Silverton Lutheran church at 3 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited.

I. T. Aastad.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holzknecht were very pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening by the Royal Neighbors and other friends. The affair was a most enjoyable one and all present had a delightful time.

The team on the Hotel Evelyn bus indulged in a lively runaway, yesterday afternoon. The team ran down the sidetrack by the Crookston Brewing company's cold storage and upset. John Lindall was in the bus when it upset but sustained no serious injury.

J. H. Sanders, the pioneer real estate man of Thief River Falls, who left this city about fifteen years ago to locate up at Roseau, was in the city the first of the week looking over the city. It has been twelve years since Mr. Sanders has visited this city and he saw many changes here.

The Bijou is again to the front in the way of attractions for next week. The first half of the week will be a double header. Askeland, the great Norwegian violinist and Mr. Joe Pull, horizontal bar performer, a featured acrobatic act. Last half of the week "Early and Late," a comical sketch.

I. Dahleen has purchased the interest of the Hamm Brewing Company in the old St. Hilaire hotel and he with M. E Bjerk have decided to tear the building down. It has been vacant for several years and the foundation is in poor shape but there is a large amount of good lumber in it.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

On Wednesday afternoon May 27th the pupils of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eight grades of the Knox school very pleasantly surprised their teachers Misses Day and Marsh at the home of Mrs. Rauson. About fifty pupils were in attendance. The afternoon was spent in playing games. After a lunch of ice cream and cake was served, all went to their homes reporting a fine time.

The engine on Saturday's north bound Soo local "died" a mile south of town. The trouble was caused by the blowing out of the right hand ejector, letting the steam escape into the cab. The engineer and fireman were obliged to flee for their lives. From the top of the tender the engineer signaled the conductor to put on brakes and stop the train. The mishap delayed the train about four hours —Henning Advocate.

The ladies new store across the street, west from the Golden Rule. Four thousand dollars in all season's garments, underwear, dress cloths by the yard, millinery, notions etc. The owner, Mr. A. M. Graves, former superintendent of Indian schools and owner of 800 acres 15 miles west of this city, having his right arm and elbow broken in four places and having bought his home here deserves his share of trade.

Died Sunday.

Hans Solstad, one of the pioneer residents of Thief River Falls, died Sunday of lung fever. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon. Although the deceased's family had resided here for many years, he had spent most of his time on the C. A. Tuller farm at Warren, having been in the employ of Mr. Tuller for twenty years. Besides a wife he leaves four children.

Have Opened Up an Office.

Charles Shirley and Ed O'hara, draymen, have rented the office just north of Phil Zeh's fruit store, and can be found there at all times. Prompt attention given to all dray and transfer work intrusted to their care. If you have any work in their line, call up phone 217 and you will receive satisfactory service.

Socalist Lecture.

George D. Breger, one of the lecturers sent out by the Appeal to Reason, will be in Thief River Falls Friday evening, June 5, and deliver a lecture on Socialism. He takes for his subject "The World's Curse, Ignorance." He is said to be an excellent speaker.

Subscribe for the News.

REPORTS ARE NECESSARY

Creamery Secretaries Must Attend To Their Duties At Once.

Creamery Inspector Storvick Regrets Necessity of Arrests.

Creamery inspector A. O. Storvick, who makes his headquarters in Crookston, called the attention to the fact that many of the secretaries of creameries in this section of the state had thus far failed to comply with the state laws regarding sending in their annual reports.

The state law is very plain on this point, every secretary being required to send in a report annually covering every detail regarding the business done. Some of the reports that have been sent in are incomplete, and are inaccurate as well, not showing the amount of business done and being in such shape that the various accounts will not balance.

Inspector Storvick is naturally loathe to prosecute secretaries but it is incumbent upon him to see that the law is enforced. The department looks to him to see that the reports are made, and of course he is therefore forced to demand the reports from the secretaries.

The state law provides that the creamery secretaries shall be fined $15 where they fail to make proper reports, but Inspector Storvick is very much averse to putting the secretaries to this expense. However, he has been called upon to make several prosecutions and will have to make more unless the required reports are forthcoming.

Mr. Storvick states that conditions among the creameries are otherwise very encouraging. The output this year is just about double what it was a year ago and the checks the farmers are getting means a greater degree of prosperity than they ever before enjoyed.

City Council.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening, and considerable business was transacted.

A new ordinance was introduced to regulate skating rinks and pool and billiard halls. The ordinance provides for these places being closed on Sundays and at certain hours on nights.

The Duluth Brewing company was granted the privilege of making repairs to their building on La Bree avenue known as the old Peerless saloon. Repairs not to exceed 10 per cent of the value of the property.

The firemen were granted the street privileges during the tournament.

The contract for painting the city hall was let to Mousley & Glines, this firm being the lowest bidders.

Gunder Lee was awarded the contract for sprinkling the streets. He is to be paid $3 per day for his team while actually employed.

Valuations Are High.

Farmers living in this vicinity are making complaint of the big increase in the assessed valuation that assessors are making this year, and claim that values in Red Lake county are about twice as high as in Marshall county. Under instructions of the state tax commission, Red Lake county assessors are assessing everything at 50 per cent of the actual value, and in Marshall county the assessors should be doing the same. One farmer from the town of Norden says that his cows were assessed at $20 each while his neighbor living just north in the town of New Solum, Marshall county, is assessed just half as much.

Go to the Red Lake.

A party of Red Lake Falls people arrived in the city Monday and left for a few days outing up at the Red Lake, going up on the Red Lake Flyer. The party was composed of the following: Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Severtson and daughter, Helen, Misses Coughlin Twinum, Detert, Heensmuth Allard and Irene Caldwell; Messrs H. W. Anderson, H. H. Zaiser, Ernest Buse and E. L. Quist. They expect to return to this city tomorrow.

Big Money for Races.

The members of the Red Lake county agricultural society have agreed upon the purses for the races at the county fair this year. They are as follows:

2:35 Trot or Pace	$250
Running Novelty, $25 each ¼, ½, ¾ and 1	$100
2:18 Trot or Pace	[illegible]
2:25 Trot or Pace	[illegible]
Running Race, one half mile, 2 in 3	$100
Free for All, Trot or Pace	$500

Socalists to Organise.

The Socialists of Red Lake county will hold a convention in this city this afternoon. The convention is held for the purpose of organizing the county. The local Socialists say that it is not probable that they will have any candidate for county offices, but they are sure to have a candidate for the legislature.

GRADUATING EXERCISES

Thief River Falls High School Graduates a Class of Seven.

Closing Exercises Held Last Thursday and Friday Evening.

The closing exercises of the Thief River Falls High School were held last Thursday and Friday evenings at the Evenson Hall.

Thursday, class day for the graduates, was given over to the usual program for such an occasion. The class poem, prophecy, history and will were well prepared and abounded in witty and wise sentiments by the several authors of the same. A farce, entitled "A Class Day Conspiracy" presented by the graduates, completed the program.

On Friday evening, the formal graduating exercises were held. With the exception of the salutatory by Miss Ida Weeks and the valedictory address by Miss Myrtle Blanchard, no essays or orations were delivered by the members of the class. In lieu of these, a commencement address by Rev. C. H. Flesher of Fergus Falls, formerly pastor of the M. E. church of this city, was presented. Mr. Flesher, on short notice, took the place of Congressman Bede, who, by reason of the failure of congress to adjourn when anticipated, was unable to fulfill his agreement to be present. The address was an urgent appeal to the graduates to make the most of their opportunities and was replete with sound advice and wisdom.

President Lars Backe of the board of education, after a neat little speech, presented diplomas to the seven graduates, Myrtle Blanchard, Ida Weeks, Esther Kretzschmar, Stella Robbecke, Ione Higgins, Ernest O'Neill and Willis Akre. Rev. Lundeen officiated in opening and closing the program. An octette of lady singers appeared on both occasions and entertained the audience with some most excellent music. Mrs. M. Bockman on Friday evening also added materially to the program in a vocal solo which elicited such hearty applause that the lady was compelled to respond to an encore. The Brockman orchestra was present and played in their usual satisfactory manner.

The decorations of the hall were prepared by the Juniors and were characteristic of the class and school and most appropriate for the occasion. On Friday evening, a handsome bust of Longfellow mounted on a pedestal occupied a prominent position on the stage platform. This costly and valuable article is the memorial of the class of 1908, and, according to their wishes, will be placed on the first stair landing in the High School building. It will ever prove a pleasing reminder of the young people who composed the graduating class of this year. At the close of the commencement exercises the class was showered with compliments and were the recipients of many presents.

New Pipe Organ Here.

The new $1,500 pipe organ for the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church arrived here yesterday morning. It will take about a week to install it, and the sacred concert will be given on Sunday evening, June 14. An expert organist will be secured from St. Paul for the occasion.

A Boy Drowned.

While bathing in the Red Lake river up near Hilda the first week, a son of S. T. Dailey was drowned. We have not been able to learn any of the particulars.

Silverton.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hruby were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Mat Staska, Sunday.

Fred Placek and Charley Mone were fishing last week.

Mr. Joe Komrowski, of Clover Leaf, was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kotlon Sunday.

The Marie school house got $30.65 from the basket social. "The leap year trails of the Reservation Bachelors" was fine.

E. L. Quist, of Red Lake Falls, came to the basket social and visited his parents last Saturday.

Rocksbury.

The Y. G. S. C. met at Welo's last Saturday evening.

Miss Gertrude Meehan left Friday afternoon for Moorhead, to attend the graduating exercises of her sister.

Loren Miller recently had the misfortune to run a chisel through this hand while chiseling out a piece of wood.

Clinton Miller and Emil Welo went fishing last Sunday but were not able to get any fish.

Miss Hannah Bakken called at Meehan's Sunday last.

Clinton Miller spent Sunday at home.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

This bank has a complete Tax List for part of Marshall and Red Lake counties, and for blocks numbered;—18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 57 and 58, in the original townsite of Thief River Falls.

A penalty of 10 per cent is added after June 1st on all taxes if not paid in full or half.

For Real Estate Loans, we are now better prepared than before, come and consult us.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

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WARNED BY DESERTS

What These Sandy Wastes Mean to Mother Earth.

A DEATH GRIP ON THE WORLD

They Indicate the Beginning of the End of Our Beautiful Planet, Which Is Doomed to Roll Through Space a Parched and Lifeless Orb.

Deserts already exist on the earth, and the nameless horror that attaches to the word in the thoughts of all who have had experience of them or are gifted with imagination to conceive is in truth greater than we commonly suppose, for the cosmic circumstance about them which is most terrible is not that deserts are, but that deserts have begun to be. Not as local evitable evils are they only to be pictured, but as the general inescapable death grip on our world, for it is the beginning of the end. What depauperates the forests to grass lands and thence to wastes must in turn attack the sea bottoms when they shall have parted with their seas.

Last of the fertile spots upon the planet because of the salts the streams have for ages washed down and of the remnant of moisture that would still drain into them, eventually they must share the fortune of their predecessors and the planet roll a parched orb through space. The picture is forbidding, but the fact seems one to which we are constructively pledged and into which we are in some sort already adventured.

Girdling the earth with what it takes but little personification to liken to the life extinguishing serpent's coils run two desert belts of country. The one follows, roughly speaking, the tropic of Cancer, extending northward from it; the other, the tropic of Capricorn. Arizona is in the northern band, as are the Sahara, Arabia and the deserts of central Asia.

Now, these desert belts are growing. In the great desert of northern Arizona the traveler, threading his way across a sagebrush and cacti plain shut in by abrupt sided shelves of land rising here and there some hundreds of feet higher, suddenly comes upon a petrified forest.

Trunks of trees in all stages of fracture strew the ground over a space some miles in extent. So perfect are their forms he is almost minded to think the usual wasteful woodchopper has been by and left the scattered products of his art in littered confusion upon the scene of his exploit. Only their beautiful color conveys a sense of strangeness to the eye, and, leaning down and touching them, he finds that they are—stone; chalcedony, not carbon! Form has outlived substance and kept the resemblance, while the particles of the original matter have all been spirited away. Yet so perfect is the presentment one can hardly believe the fact, and where one fallen giant spans a little canyon one almost thinks to hear the sound of water rushing down the creek.

But it is some millions of years and more since this catastrophe befell, and the torrent, uprooting it, left it prone, with limbs outstretched in futile grasp upon the other side. A conifer it was, cousin only to such as grow today, and flourished probably in the cretaceous era, for the land has not been under water here since the advent of tertiary times.

Nowhere near it, except for the rare cottonwoods along the bank of the Little Colorado, grows anything today. The land which once supported these forests is incompetent to do so now. Yet nothing has changed there since except the decreasing water supply. During tertiary and quaternary time the rainfall has been growing less and less. Proof of this is offered by the great pine oasis that caps the plateau of which these petrified forests form a part and is kerneled by the San Francisco peaks. The height above sea level of the spot where the chalcedony trunks are strewn is about 4,500 feet. The lower present limit of the pine in its full development is 6,500 feet. Two thousand feet upward the verdure line has retreated since the former forests were. And this is no local alteration, for upon the other side of the plateau petrified remains of trees are similarly found.

The line of perpetual green has risen because in desert regions the moisture is found most plentiful nearest to the clouds from which it falls upon a parching earth. Streams, instead of gathering volume as they go, are largest near their source and grow less and less with each fresh mile of flow. The brooks descending from the Anti-Lebanon, in Syria, water the gardens of Damascus and, thence issuing upon the plain, lose themselves just beyond the threshold of its gates. So in the Arizona desert, though in a less degree, and those who live there know it but too well.—From Percival Lowell's "Mars and the Future of the Earth" in Century.

Breaking Wire.

Anybody who has tried to break a piece of wire without the aid of a pair of pinchers will probably agree that the operation is both a difficult and painful one. There is a method, however, by which it may be easily accomplished. By bending the wire into a loop and pulling both ends as tight as possible an injury will be caused to the wire, which on being straightened will immediately break. By this means wire up to No. 12 gauge may be successfully dealt with.

Fire and sword are but slow engines of destruction in comparison with the babbler.—Steele.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S. (Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. [illegible] made June 28, 1904, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 153, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Borby, " "
B. E. Tinan, " Anton, Minnesota.
P. H. Wright.

May 7-June 11 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 5th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Miller, of Thorwick, Minnesota, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 120 made June 22nd, 1904, for the SE¼, Section 10 township 154, N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Samuel Dangerfield, of Thorwick, Minn
Carl Overum, " "
Pete Rud, " "
John Mangham, of Thief River Falls.

may 7-June 11 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Willie R. Peterson, of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No 312 made June 25th 1904, for the lots 3, 4 and S½ NW¼ Section 2, township 151, N. R. 42w, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Tobias Skerping, of Anton, Minnesota.
Otto Geske, " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " "
Albert Anderson, " " "

May 21-June25 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Swanson of Mavie, Minn., who, on June 27th, 1904, made Homestead entry, No. 328, for lots 1 and 2 and E½ NW¼, Section 31, Township 154, N, Range 41 W, Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for district of Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 7th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Hans P. Rood, of Mavie, Minnesota
Charles P. Quist, " "
Willie Anderson, " "
John J. Bauer, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

may 28-july 2 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The state board of agriculture estimates the broom corn crop of Kansas at 12,158,200 pounds as against 10,715,615 pounds in 1906.

One of the largest grain checks ever reported from the state of Washington was for $45,304, paid to a wheat raiser of that state for 62,000 bushels of wheat, the product of a 1,500 acre field.

The authorities in charge of the management of affairs at Chicago university have lately decided to add a completely equipped dairy department to the courses which they already offer. This will include, besides thorough courses of instruction, an up to date dairy of pure bred Holstein cattle of well known milking strains.

With a view to determining the cost of filling silos in different sections of the country the government last year tabulated the experience of thirty-one farmers and, after exhaustive inquiry as to methods and details, found that the minimum expense for filling was 46 cents per ton, the maximum 86, while the average for the total number was 61 cents.

One of the remarkable industrial developments of the Pacific coast has been that which has been noted in connection with the salmon packing business. No salmon was packed for export until 1870, when there were two small canneries on the Columbia river. Today there are twenty-three such establishments, fifteen on the Oregon and eight on the Washington side of the river. The present annual output of the fish is 1,000,000 cases, worth $9,230,000.

The effect of a thoroughbred sire in the matter of improving the milk capacity of dairy cows has lately been given a practical demonstration at the New York state dairy farm. A scrub or common cow was taken which tested 220 pounds per year. Her calf, from a thoroughbred dairy sire, showed a butter yield of 275 pounds of butter fat per year, while two cows of the fourth generation gave 450 pounds of butter each. These results would seem to give a black eye to the forty dollar bull theory held by some.

With clover seed bringing the price it did this year, in the neighborhood of $14 per bushel, there was great temptation to adulterate it with harmful or worthless weed or grass seed, while it is quite certain that seed of questionable quality and vitality was shipped from distant points to satisfy the extraordinary demand for it. In illustration of this we have in mind the case of several Mississippi valley farmers who this year sowed clover seed that was quite foul with grass seed native or at least growing in Wyoming, which would seem to be pretty conclusive evidence that the seed came from this latter region. Whether the seed is possessed of good vitality and came from plants which will be able to stand the winters of the central northern states is a question which it will take a year or more to determine.

An excellent method of treating potatoes for the blight, which is likely to be a serious menace to the crop in wet seasons, is to take five pounds of copper sulphate and dissolve it in half a barrel of water. To this should be added five pounds of freshly slaked lime diluted to half a barrel in volume in some other receptacle. It is usually considered the more dilute the form in which the two solutions are mixed the better will be the quality of the resultant bordeaux mixture. This solution, which should be of a delicate, light milky blue tint, is for the blight only. If it is desired to swipe the bugs at the same time, paris green should be added, first carefully mixed with water in a can at the rate of about five ounces to a barrel full of the bordeaux mixture. The potato vines should be sprayed for the blight at intervals of ten days so long as the pest seems to persist.

Perhaps the two greatest enemies of the little chicks are dampness and lice, the first bringing on roup and kindred disorders and the second tending to sap the system of the growing chick and either killing it outright as a result or tending to make it susceptible to the attack of other ailments. While the chicks cannot always be kept from running out in the wet grass or being in a soaking rain, their coop or resting place should always be dry and warm. As for the lice, they may be fixed usually by rubbing a good strong insect powder through the feathers of the body and head, by rubbing lard on the head and by putting coal oil in the cracks and on the floor of the coop [illegible]. Often the [illegible] to be suffering from [illegible] get a pest of [illegible] the real cause of the trouble. A careful examination of the head and under the wings of each chick will show whether this is the case.

A Siberian landowner of the name of Jovanovitch is said to be the largest sheep owner in the world, having a flock or flocks numbering 1,750,000 head, in the herding and care of which he requires 35,000 sheep dogs.

Dairymen received prices for their butter product during the year 1907 which ranged from 4 to 5 cents per pound higher than the prices received during 1906. While this did not mean a large sum for any individual farmer, it meant for all an additional income of from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000.

There are many parents with a good sized family of children who are so situated that there is little chance of their doing much for them financially, but they should see to it, so far as lies in their power, that the children are allowed to make the most of the educational advantages which the community offers.

The report of the state entomologist of Minnesota, who was requested to make a thorough investigation of the green bug damage of last year, is to the effect that the actual damage done by these bugs was very slight, but that the scare was quite serious, resulting in violent perturbations among speculators on the board of trade.

As a result of the operation of pure seed laws in force in several states, houses doing business in such states this year quoted virtually no prices on good quality clover seed because they were not in shape to guarantee to retail buyers seed which in many cases was shipped in from other states and under no guarantee, there being no federal pure seed law covering the sale of such seed.

Recently published data relative to the creameries of the United States show that there are in the country 6,000 such plants. Of this number 1,800 companies are co-operatively managed, and its number seems to be steadily increasing. Other figures compiled show that patrons of the co-operative plants realized from 2 to 3 cents per pound more for their butter fat than those who shipped by express and sold to large central plants.

The Kansas State Agricultural college at Manhattan has done a commendable work in engaging the services of an expert of the United States forest service for several weeks' talks to institutes in those portions of the state where the tree planting gospel is especially in need of being proclaimed. Besides this mode of instruction, it has issued a pamphlet on tree culture for study in all of the rural schools. Much practical good should come from efforts directed along such sensible lines.

As showing the value of an accurate testing of the milk yield and quality of the dairy herd it is stated that before Colantha IV.'s Johanna's milk was tested she was valued at several hundred dollars. After making a scientific test of her milk her owners refused for her an offer of $11,000, while one of her bull calves sold for $8,000. It is not likely that a careful testing of the cows of the average dairy herd is going to develop any $11,000 prize cows, but it will at least enable the dairyman to eliminate from his herd with dispatch those that are not paying for their keep.

The small boy about the home may very easily make a nesting place for the wrens by taking a cigar box of good depth or a good sized tin can, cutting a hole about an inch in diameter in one end and fastening it under the eaves of the shed or house or in the crotch of a tree. Pains should be taken not to have the hole large enough so that the English sparrow can get in. The wrens will not have any trouble finding the nesting place, and the songs they will sing through the summer months, coupled with their tameness and the fact that they are among the best of insect destroyers, will more than make up for the trouble one is put to fixing them a place to nest in.

A friend who recently seeded down a piece of greensward bordering the road has set it out to elm trees two or three years old, about the size of a broomstick. While there is no question that in time these little slips will make nice trees, it is going to take seven or eight years longer, and possibly ten, to get a tree equal in size to what he would have had in six years if he had cut back the roots and branches of trees three inches in diameter and set them out. The writer has a row of elm trees which were handled in this manner nine years ago which today run from ten to fifteen inches in diameter at the ground. While the ash, hackberry, hard maple and box elder may also be transplanted in this way, none of them recuperates as satisfactorily from a severe cutting back as do the elms.

A walk across a number of pastures in the locality where the writer lives shows that even in the middle of May, when they ought to be at their best, so far as [illegible] and luxuriance of growth go, they are already badly overstocked. This works injustice not only to the pasture, but a double injustice to the [illegible] which depend on their [illegible] upon the feed it furnishes for sustenance and dairy utility. [illegible] above noted are to be found [illegible] all over the country. It is an easy matter to pace off and get the [illegible] and area of a pasture. If it is carrying cows or [illegible] at the rate of more than one to each acre it is overcrowded, and the [illegible] owner will put his stock where feed is more plentiful. He may have to pay a trifle more for the next pasture, but this will prove economy in the long run.

A NEW WAY TO TREAT FLAX.

Considerable interest has been manifested within the past few weeks in the announcement which has been made of the invention of a new process of making linen from flax straw, which in years past has been a waste product except for very limited use in feeding and in the manufacture of small quantities of binding twine. In the foreign method of treating flax extensively followed in Holland from sixteen to thirty weeks are required in the process of transforming flax into linen. First comes the "rotting" or weighting down of the flax straw in pools of water exposed to the sun until the wood or "shive" rots away. Next comes the "scutching" or beating of the dry straw, followed by the "hackling" or combing, softening and bleaching. By the new process, which is the discovery and invention of a professor at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, the tedious processes above referred to are reduced to mechanical and chemical operations which are completed in twelve hours, including degumming, softening and bleaching, the finished product coming out a glossy white color and with an exceedingly tough fiber. Another point in favor of the American process is that it will yield 250 pounds of fiber from 1,000 pounds of straw, while the foreign method gives but 170. In addition to this, the new process saves the seed and the shive, which is utilized in paper making, while the tow is also a byproduct that is not lost. If the new method does all that is claimed for it, it will not only do much to put the manufacture of linen on a business basis in this country, but will revolutionize the manufacture of linen abroad. However, unless the method of growing flax in this country is likewise revolutionized—that is, put on a basis where there would not be a rapid depletion of soil fertility—the new process would in the long run mean no boon to the agricultural welfare of the country.

ADVANTAGES OF RAPE.

Where sheep, young stock or hogs are to be fed during the fall and early winter months there is probably no method of producing a fine lot of succulent and nutritious feed that is superior to sowing rape seed in the cornfield the last time it is cultivated. In addition to the supply of feed, which is furnished, a point in favor of the plan is that, covering the ground as it does, the growing rape takes the place of just so many weeds that would be pretty sure to befoul the fields if the rape were not there. There are a whole lot of farmers who have not yet got to the point where they appreciate the benefits of rape. A few do sow it not only in the corn, but with their oats and other small grain, as it guarantees a fall pasture for stock of the kinds mentioned that can't be beat.

A COUNTY EXPERIMENT WORK.

A western Iowa county has taken advantage of the state law which allows boards of supervisors to set aside $300 annually for the purpose of carrying on agricultural experimental work at the county farm and this year, in co-operation with and under the direction of the seed corn specialists of the state experiment station, will set aside a portion of the farm for a thorough testing of the different kinds of seed corn which are being planted in the community. The several points of variety, yield, early maturity, preparation of soil, fertilizers and cultivation will be determined so far as possible and the results summarized at the close of the year for the especial benefit of the farmers of the county and adjoining counties where much the same conditions prevail.

THE MAN, NOT THE FARM.

The vast difference that is often noticeable between the general appearance as well as the productiveness of farms lying side by side or in the same neighborhood is quite likely more due to difference in the proprietors and the methods they follow in the conduct of their respective farms than to any original difference in fertility of the soil. An intelligent and farsighted farmer can bring a naturally poor farm up to a fair state of productivity, while a negligent and shiftless one can, with a good deal less effort, bankrupt a naturally fertile one and make it an undesirable piece of property.

MORE SEED.

A good many have experienced great difficulty in getting a stand of alfalfa. In some cases this seems to have been partly the result of an improper preparation of the soil or lack of sufficient moisture at the time of germination, but quite as likely to the fact that insufficient seed was sowed. While some authorities in the northern states recommend the sowing of fifteen to eighteen pounds per acre, it is a common practice in Nebraska and Kansas, where this legume is extensively grown, to sow from twenty-five to thirty pounds per acre.

GUARD THE BIRDS.

From this time on through the summer the birds that nest about your home will have the trials of their life in getting their fledgelings past the point where they can use their wings and keep out of the way of the prowling cats. A real service can be rendered the birds by keeping a sharp lookout and throwing brickbats enough at the feline tribe to give them to understand that at certain times and seasons their proper place during daylight hours is under the wood shed or barn.

F. E. Trigg

POSTAGE STAMP CHEATS.

Foolish Persons Who Run the Risk of Going to Prison.

"You would be surprised," said a postoffice clerk, "at the efforts people make to avoid the payment of postage. And quite often it is not the work of children either. The most common trick is to take the stamp that has been canceled by hand and the impression just touches the edge of the stamp. After pricking the marked edge with a pin or cutting it with a pair of shears to resemble the punctured edge of the stamp or tearing away that part the stamp is put on an envelope for another voyage. All these are placed in the hands of postal inspectors for investigation.

"Others try to give the impression that a stamp had been put on an envelope and become loose and lost in transit by sticking a stamp on the envelope and then pulling it with part of the envelope sticking to it off again. These as well as underpaid letters, unless they have a foreign destination, where postage is then collected, are marked 'Returned for postage' and sent back to the sender. Second class matter, as a roll of newspapers, is often sealed against inspection by having the stamps overlap the cover. Whether foreign or not it is returned for postage. When it again shows up, the mistake rectified, upon inspection it is usually found to contain written letters, photographs (unmounted), jewelry, merchandise of all kinds, making the package underpaid; hence it is again returned.

"But the limit of foolishness comes when a person tries to efface the indelible ink from the stamp and with half the features of the stamp missing or rubbed away and some of the ink still remaining affixes it to an envelope, with the address of the sender upon the back to facilitate investigation.

"This, though, is stretching it a little too much: A postcard that had been put through a canceling machine and delivered to the addressee had the canceling impression and the address scratched off with the aid of a sharp knife and a new address substituted and a written message pasted on the reverse side."—New York Sun.

AN OLD GORMANDIZER.

One Man Who Lived That He Might Simply Eat and Drink.

In a little yellowed English magazine, dated April, 1804, I came across the following amusing scrap:

If the Duke of Q. does not extend his life to a still longer period, it will not be for want of culinary comforts and those other succulent arts by which longevity is best promoted. His grace's sustenance is thus daily administered:

"At 7 in the morning he regales in a warm milk bath perfumed with almond powder, where he takes his coffee and a buttered muffin, and afterward retires to bed. He rises about 9 and breakfasts on cafe au lait, with new laid eggs just parboiled; at 11 he is presented with two warm jellies and rusques; at 1 he takes a veal cutlet a la Maintenon; at 3 jellies and eggs repeat; at 5 a cup of chocolate and rusques; at 7:30 he takes a hearty dinner from high seasoned dishes and makes suitable libations of claret and madeira; at 10 tea, coffee and muffins; at 12 sups off a roast poulet, with a plentiful solution of lime punch; at 1 in the morning he retires to bed in high spirits and sleeps till 3, when his man cook, to the moment, waits upon him in person with a hot and savory veal cutlet, which, with a potation of wine and water, prepares him for further repose that continues generally uninterrupted till the morning summons to his lacteal bath.

"In this routine of living comforts are the four and twenty hours invariably divided, so that if his grace does not know, with Sir Toby Belch, 'that our life is composed of four elements' he knows at least, with Sir Ague Cheek, 'that it consists in eating and drinking.'"—London Chronicle.

A Reason For Thanks.

The impecunious author's wife was trying on a new dress and endeavoring to observe the hang of it by means of a round mirror on top of a high chiffonier. Every woman will appreciate what that means.

"Oh, dear," she exclaimed as she thought with some pathos, "I haven't seen the bottom of my skirt since I was married."

Her husband looked up, brute that he was, and remarked.

"Well, you can thank your lucky stars for that."—New York Press.

Had Left For Parts Unknown.

In a murder trial in Texas some years ago the counsel for the defense was examining a venireman regarding his qualifications to serve. The candidate admitted that he had once been a member of a jury which tried a negro for murder. It is not permissible in such cases to ask the result of the trial, so the counsel said:

"Where is that negro now?"

[illegible]," was the reply. "The sheriff [illegible]

No Idle Boast.

[illegible] belongs to the "upper crust." Wilkins—Well, I should think he did belong to the "upper crust." Bilkins—In what way does he show it? Wilkins—Always short and easily broke.—Brooklyn Life.

Imposing.

"The Swellingtons seem to keep up an imposing establishment," remarked the canned goods drummer.

"You bet they do," replied the groceryman, with a sigh long drawn out, "and I'm one of the fellows they impose on."—Chicago News.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

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COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

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Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, *Rocky Mount, N. C.*

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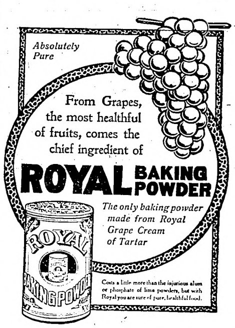

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

A VAMPIRE SYSTEM.

Socialism Points the Way to a Higher and Better Civilization.

Capitalism is a vampire system. While it absorbs the labor and life of the competitive wage slaves, the competing capitalist masters, preying upon one another, destroy each other until thus we have but a few monster vampires sucking the last dregs of vitality from a vastly increased proletariate, and finally comes the crisis—the sin of wagelsm is death—the collapse of the capitalistic system. Labor unions and fake legislation for the strangling little capitalists (like impotent railroad control law) may palliate and prolong the present agony for a brief time, but the end is fatally doomed, as is the diseased person who will not cut out a life absorbing cancer. The huge modern plutocratic parasites, inflating with interest and profits, must finally expire with the death of what they feed upon—wagelsm. The vampire patricians of ancient Rome sapped the plebeian and slave basis of their economic system, and the empire fell in 476.

No system of civilization can advance or live when a feasting, reveling class drinks from the toilers' veins. The knell of its own death is now being rung by capitalism which hypocritises religion, perverts morality, makes the law unjust, prostitutes education, promotes war, corrupts politics, practices robbery, swindling and gambling as business; betrays friendship, sends love out street walking and makes marriage mercenary, calls attics lodgings, slums cellars, corporation shacks and hobo hovels "homes;" offers little children to the Moloch of commercialism and in the mad scramble for its dope incentive—dollars—it materializes the rich, vulgarizes the well to do and brutalizes the poor. Such is the result of the economic determinism of capitalism. And herein this result is the awful indictment of it as an economic system today. Now for tomorrow and Socialism:

As capitalism, by the inevitable law of economics, ruthlessly overthrew feudalism (as feudalism before that displaced slavery), so Socialism is preparing to grasp its opportunity at the near crisis and establish the co-operative commonwealth. Labor, long prostrate and enslaved, is at last arising, enlightened and armed with its collective intellectual, industrial and political power to save itself and the world.

This is the great mission of Socialists. Their motto is: "Workers of all countries unite. You have nothing but your chains to lose and a world to win."

Labor today, trained in the vast industrial armies of capitalism and disciplined in the unions (Socialists are finishing this education) and given the trusts for a model, together with the political form necessary for the acquirement and operation of industry, is preparing to Socialize the ownership of the land, the shop, the machine, etc., as the operation of these has already been Socialized in economic evolution and will carry the trustification of industry to its ultimate stage of a universal trust in which all the people are partners and their own collective capitalist. First came the single working proprietor, then partnership of groups of partners, then the corporation or partnership of groups of partners, then the trust or partnership of corporations, and now finally must come the merging of the trusts into the grand public partnership—the people's trust or Socialism.

Socialism is the ownership and operation of all the means of production and distribution that are social and public in their nature, by the people, for the people. It means the tools of employment shall belong in common to their creators and users, that all production shall be for the direct use of the producers, that the making of goods for profit shall cease, that we shall all be workers together and that all opportunities shall be open and equal to all. Socialism is the democratization of industry—fulfilling our religious, educational, social and political democracy. It means the application of the Golden Rule in business, peace on earth, good will among men, for through it we shall federate the nations into a United States of the World and realize the brotherhood of man.—Rev. G. E. Littlefield, Westwood, Mass.

A Socialist Vicar.

The new vicar of St. Margaret's, Dunham Massey, Cheshire, England, is not only a Socialist, but an enrolled party member. He is described in the magazines as a man of high attainments. He is at present editor of the Interpreter, a quarterly magazine of Biblical studies. As showing his all around character, it is related that while at college he was a leading athlete and oarsman.

The conscienceless politicians of capitalism in England have tried to make use of the church to stem the rising tide of Social Democracy, but churchmen there seem to have been able to size up political hypocrites, and the attempt is answered by just such announcements as this concerning the vicar Socialist.

Socialism and the Labor Movement.

Socialism is usually regarded as a phase of the struggle for the emancipation of labor, for the complete participation of the working class in the material, intellectual and spiritual inheritance of the human race. This is certainly the most substantial and most prominent part of the Socialist programme. It is the deliverance of the working class that stands in the front of every Socialistic theory.—Encyclopaedia Britannica, Ninth Edition.

Socialism was impossible 100 years ago, and capitalism becomes more impossible every day.

Fearful Tortures.

Some years ago I was a teacher in Afghanistan, and during my stay in that country I was often an unwilling witness of some horrible exhibitions of torture. Here is one they use in the case of women to extract testimony. It consists in prying off the finger nails by means of a small chisel or brad awl, which is shoved in slowly, but firmly, from the finger tip downward under the quick of the nail, which is then lifted up and out.

This is another that I once saw used in the case of a small child who would not own up to some petty theft: Sticks were thrust between its fingers and the fingers then squeezed together, so that the sticks crushed into the bones. So much for women and children. Here is a method of eliciting information from an unwilling man: The culprit is stripped to the waist, and then boiling oil is flicked on to his back. This seldom fails to find the man's tongue.

The above are the chief forms of "fahana," or torture, for the purpose of eliciting information, but it must be stated that such inflictions as nipping of noses, tearing out tongues or splitting eyeballs do not come under the heading of "fahana," they being punishments rather than tortures.—London Standard.

Duchesse and Anarchist.

Upon one occasion the Duchesse d'Uzes and Louise Michel met at the bedside of a poor sick woman whom they were mutually aiding. They met here frequently for a brief period. The woman died. Louise Michel, who was present at the death, wrote to the duchesse: "Madame—Our poor friend is dead. I have looked among her few belongings for a souvenir for you. Here is a small piece of passementerie done by her hands. Accept it." A few days afterward Mme. la Duchesse d'Uzes, nee Mortemart, went to the home of Louise Michel, the anarchist—a bizarre abode at Levallois where the poor found always both a good word and a piece of bread—to thank the "red virgin" for her letter and her gift. A friendship so was cemented between the oddly assorted pair that was later not without result in the operation of the most gigantic charity of the Duchesse d'Uzes—Boulangerism.—Harper's Bazar.

He Left at Once.

He had been worshiping her for months, but had never told her, and she didn't want him to. He had come often and stayed late—very late—and she could only sigh and hope. He was going away the next day on a holiday, and he thought the last night was the time to spring the momentous question. He kept it to himself, however, until the last thing. It was 11:30 by the clock, and it was not a very rapid clock.

"Miss Mollie," he said tremulously, "I am going away tomorrow."

"Are you?" she said with the thoughtlessness of girlhood.

"Yes," he replied. "Are you sorry?"

"Yes, very sorry," she murmured. "I thought you might go away this evening."

Then he gazed at the clock wistfully and said good night.—London Scraps.

The Power of the Whale.

If the whale knew its own power, it could easily destroy all the machinery which the art of man could devise for catching him. It would only be necessary for him to swim on the surface in a straight line in order to break the thickest rope, but instead, on being struck by the harpoon, he obeys a natural instinct, which, in this instance, betrays him to his death. Not having an air bladder, he can sink to the lowest depths of the ocean, and, mistaking the harpoon for the teeth of a swordfish or a shark, he instantly descends, this being his manner of freeing himself from these enemies, who cannot bear the pressure of a deep ocean, and from descending and ascending in small space he thus puts himself in the power of the whaler.

The Popinjay.

The origin of the application of the term "popinjay" to a dude was as follows: The popinjay was a figure of a bird shot at for practice. The jay was decked with particolored feathers so as to resemble a parrot and, being suspended on a pole, served as a target. He whose ball or arrow brought down the bird by cutting the string by which it was hung received the proud title of Captain Popinjay for the rest of the day and was escorted home in triumph.

He Had Not Forgotten.

Artist William M. Chase told a story of the eccentric Jimmy Whistler. It was at a dinner party after all the guests had been seated, when Chase gently drew Whistler's attention to the fact that he had forgotten his tie. "Forgotten?" shrieked Whistler. "Nothing of the kind. Why should I spoil the effect of a good linen collar, with excellent lines, by sticking on a foolish little piece of flimsy lawn?"

And the dinner proceeded.

Unfeeling.

"Bilger eloped with his cook, the unfeeling wretch!"

"Well, I don't know. Why shouldn't he if he wanted to?"

"But his wife was just going to give a dinner party."—Life.

A Pretty Sure Sign.

Mrs. Hoyle—I believe that I am growing old. Mrs. Boyle—What gives you that idea? Mrs. Hoyle—I am getting so that I don't care to go to funerals.—Exchange.

In the philosophy of some men heaven is nothing but a place where everybody will be able to buy cheap and sell high.—Chicago Record Herald.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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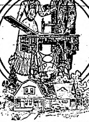

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Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

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TAKE 1 TO 5 DROPS ONCE A DAY
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STOPS THE PAINS caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XX · THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1908 · NUMBER 24

Historical Society ST. PAUL

POLITICS WARMING UP

Looks as if Red Lake County Might Have a Warm Campaign.

Office of Sheriff Seems to Be Attracting the Most Attention.

Politics are commencing to be the topic of conversation in Thief River Falls and it looks as if the campaign this year would be nearly as warm as the one two years ago. At present the whole fight seems to center around the office of sheriff. Lewis Nelson, the present sheriff, is of course going to be a candidate again, and the wise ones say that he will have the fight of his life to win the Republican nomination. Many of the strongest supporters that Mr. Nelson had in Thief River Falls two years ago put on the war paint and are actively at work conducting a campaign that does not mean votes for the present incumbent. Others, however, who two years ago were lined up against Nelson are this year with him. There is nothing sure in politics, but unless conditions change greatly, Nelson is going to get a great many less votes in Thief River Falls than he did two years ago, and some even predict that he will not carry the city, although this does not seem probable.

E. L. Quist and Frank Jeffers will undoubtedly again be the opposing candidates for the office of register of deeds. Quist defeated Jeffers two years ago when the latter had two legs, but he has to go up against a different proposition this year. In the game of politics a man with wooden pegs can sometimes go faster than one with two sound legs.

As yet there appears to be no opposition to John B. O'Brien for county auditor and N. W. Tarrant for judge of probate. The former has made a good official and is conducting the office in a perfectly satisfactory manner. He certainly is intitled to re-election without opposition. Judge Tarrant is one of the best Judge of probates in the Northwest, and what he does not know about probate law, he does know about pioneer days in Red Lake county and has the unanimous and unqualified support of the "old timers." Of course the "old timers" are no longer in the majority in Red Lake county, but Nick makes friends with new arrivals and always has a very comfortable majority on election day.

For county treasurer there are no announced candidates in the field. O. T. Tanberg, the present incubent, may and may not be a candidate again. Mr. Tanberg suffered a stroke of paralysis several months ago, but since that time has been rapidly improving in health. We understand that his physicians have advised him to keep out of politics, as the worry and strain of the campaign might bring on a second attack.

From all indications the fight for the office of county attorney is going to be between Thief River Falls attorneys. Wilhelm Michelet and Ira C. Richardson will battle for the Republican nomination and E. M. Stanton, who will be nominated by the Democrats without opposition will try conclusions with the winner at the November election. A large number are urging Attorney G. Halvorson to become a candidate for the office of county attorney, but cannot prevail upon him to enter the race. Mr. Halvorson has one of the most lucrative law businesses of any attorney in the Northwest and he does not feel that he could sacrifice this to enter into a political campaign. He would make a most efficient county attorney.

The Socialists are quite likely to have a number of candidates in the field, and are sure to have a candidate for the legislature. The Socialist party is getting very strong in Red Lake county and will pole a large vote this fall.

MACHINE MADE

Ditches Made by Machines Are Said to Be the Best.

"No more shovel and pick ditches where the state is interested" is the edict which will probably be issued soon by the state drainage commission, according to Julius A. Small and George A. Ralph, state drainage engineers who have just returned from an inspection trip in Aitkin county and it was what they found there that led them to this prediction.

Experience has shown that better ditches are made where ditching machines are used and the advantage of low cost is all on the side of machine work. Where 17 cents is paid for shovel and pick ditches two or three feet deep, ditches six or seven feet deep are now dug for 6 and 7 cents a cubic yard. The particular ditch in which the lesson has been taught just now is the Gun lake ditch in Aitkin county.

In going over this ditch they found that while the ditch was working in a way it was not doing the work it should, and they will recommend to the drainage commission that the depth be increased from 2 to 6 or 7 feet and that lateral drains be made so that the surrounding land may be properly drained. This ditch was put in before the present drainage commission was established and the state sold about $60,000 worth of land on the strength of the improvements to the land which would result from the construction of the ditch. It is estimated that it will cost the state about $60,000 to make this ditch do the work for which it was intended—Pioneer Press.

Nerland Arrested Again.

Martin Nerland was again arrested and brought into Judge McLain's court this afternoon charged with interfering with two young ladies in Jerome's Addition last evening. The police state that he chased the young ladies, and they had a warrant sworn out against him. Nerland was arrested a short time ago, according to the police, on a similar charge, and found guilty to the charge and was fined five dollars and costs.—Crookston Times.

THE SOCIALISTS.

Held County Convention in This City Last Thursday.

The Socialists, or as they are known in Minnesota, the Public Ownership party, held a convention in Thief River Falls last Thursday. The following is the minutes of the meeting as prepared by the secretary:

Convention called to order by Comrade J. McCord, moved and second that Comrade McCord act as chairman of the convention, carried, and Arthur Hall as Secretary, carried.

Moved and seconded that the county central committee of the Public Ownership Party for the county of Red Lake, Minn., shall consist of three members of good standing—a chairman, a secretary and a Treasurer.—

By motion duly made, seconded and carried Comrade Arthur Hall, of St. Hilaire, was elected Chairman, Comrade Alex A. Sweass, of Thief River Falls, was elected Secretary and Comrade Dr. Vistaunet was elected Treasurer with power to act helping to organize locals in the said county of Red Lake, and to do other propaganda work.

As candidates on the county ticket the following named persons were the choice of the convention to-wit:

Alfred Hamersted as commissioner, 4th commissioner district:

Herman Ohm for County Treasurer; O. H. Nelson Register of Deeds, J. C. Dahl for Probate Judge and Dr. Vistaunet for Coroner.

It was moved second and carried that it was the sentiment of the convention that the Public Ownership Party shall put up a full county ticket for the next election; and it was left to each local in the county to make their choice of candidates on the ticket, and report same to the Secretary of the central committee; which list will then be made up of all the names for Candidates and will be referred back to each local for referrendum vote.

Moved seconded and carried that the convention adjourn subject to a call by the Central County Committee. Adjourned. Arthur Hall, Secretary.

Experiments With "Baby Beef."

Swift and Company of South St. Paul announce that their experiments in the production of "baby" beef were so successful that they have decided to put on feed quite a number of steers in the fall. From the statistics of the test fifty-one steers ranging from seven to twelve months old were systematically fed for six months. During this period the the average gain in weight was 356 pounds per head, the average weight at the beginning of the experiment being 629 pounds. The cattle were fed under simple conditions. For the first few days they were given all the prairie hay they could eat. The amount was gradually increased until during the last sixty days they were eating 20 pounds per day. Including in this ration was about 3 pounds of oil meal. The cattle were mostly North Dakota stock of average quality bought in the open market.

The Chinese Pheasants.

W. H. Williams the taxidermist sent to Oregon for a setting of fifteen Chinese Pheasants' eggs. He got them of a man who makes a business of raising these birds, and the fifteen eggs were laid on the same day. Mr. Provost has a quiet steady old hen which will set on anything from door knobs to marbles if her attention is properly attracted. She took kindly to the small pheasant eggs and for twenty-four days covered them dilligently and carefully. On Sunday morning, May 31 she again resumed her place in society, followed by 12 pretty little pheasants. They are as handsome as a joy hat in a millinery store window and as active as a house fly with the sugar bowl uncovered.—Walsh County Record.

About 250 of these eggs will be hatched out by hens in the vicinity of Thief River Falls this summer.

Real Estate Dealer Arrested.

A small sensation was caused in the district court when Robert H. Purvis, accompanied by his attorney, appeared before Judge Watts and was arraigned on two indictments, alleging grand larceny. Mr. Purvis pleaded not guilty to the charges and asked for a speedy trial. He was released on $1,000 bail.

It would appear the indictments were brought on complaint of one Wright, who was formerly in the employ of Purvis. He alleges that Purvis sold several horses and cows that belonged to him and on which he made no return. Mr. Purvis states that there is absolutely no truth in the charge and in fact at the present time Wright is owing him money.—Crookston Times.

The Kratka Creamery Starts.

The Kratka creamery started up for business Monday morning of this week. There is every reason to believe that this creamery will be a successful one from the start.

Go to Lake City.

Company L leaves Sunday evening over the Soo for Lake City to attend the annual encampment. The boys will be absent for about 2 weeks and expect to have a fine time. About fifty men of the company will go down.

A Small Fire.

The fire department was called out last Saturday afternoon, there being a small blaze in the roof of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's planing mill. The fire was put out by the lumber company's fire apparatus before the department arrived. The loss was very small.

That is the Way We Feel.

It is hoped that Northern Minnesota will succeed in getting a general bill passed this coming winter locating a Normal School, in the northern part of the state, and let the Normal Board pick the town. Bemidji will work for such a bill and hope to have the co-operation of the entire Territory wanting it.—Bemidji Sentinel.

Presiding Elder Abolished.

The General conference of the Methodist church now sitting at Baltimore voted to abolish the title "Presiding Elder" and hereafter that official is to be known as "District Superintendent." The reason for the change is that the title of District Superintendent is more suggestive of the duties and functions of the official. So our Methodist brothern will kindly take note and relegate "Presiding Elder" to the realms of the forgotten.

How To Kill Dandelions.

Dandelions are now in blossom in the lawns of Thief River Falls. This plant is proving to be a veritable pest and they are a difficult plant to kill. Iron sulphate is cheap, worth about 2 cents a pound and 100 pounds will be needed during the season for 100 feet of lawn. The lawn should be sprayed a second time about 15 days after the first spraying. The roots of the plants will be killed, but next year young dandelions will spring up from wind blown seed.

Cottenwood Trees.

It has been developed lately that cottenwood trees make about the best lumber procurable for building purposes. It not only makes fine dimension stuff, but is good for inside finish and works well into furniture and carriages. It takes fine polish and is easily stained in imitation of any wood. It has a strong interlacing fiber—will not split or check and is valuable for paper pulp, for which purpose it will attain a sufficient size in a *few years*. It is just the tree to set out to reclaim land and at the same time to make a profitable crop. Perhaps the much despised cottonwood is to solve the timber question, take the place of the slow growing and disappearing white pine.—West Concord Enterprise.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms Sixty acres under cultivation, good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

DITCHES ARE A BIG AD.

George A. Ralph Says That It Advertises Minnesota as a Wet State.

It Is Much Easier to Get Water off of Land Than On It.

"Some think it is not a good advertisement for Minnesota to talk about our extensive drainage work," says George A. Ralph. "I hold the contrary. It emphasizes the fact that Minnesota is a well-watered state. It is easier to get water off the land once and for all by ditching than to put water *on the land* by irrigation ditches, with the continual expense and nuisance of pumping and regulating the flow. Our land, when once drained, is the equal of any, and with state and local drainage operations, we are making new farms every year to supply the demand for land and increase the wealth of the state.

"This is our big year for work, and next season there will be less state work because we cannot let contracts this fall to be paid out of next year's appropriation. We must wait till the legislature makes the appropriation, and cannot let contracts till late next spring, which will leave a short season for the work. What we should have is a continuous appropriation for drainage. Under the new law it is only a revolving fund, and comes right back into the treasury as fast as the land is sold."

Several ditches are going in under the new law whereby the state donates a part of the cost to counties of reclaimed land overflowed by other drainage work, the total cost being $184,003.04 of which the state pays $37,000.00.

A New Variety of Wheat.

According to the Minneapolis Tribune, A. Adams, an Idaho farmer, has 900 acres in crop of a wonderful new variety of wheat, which he has named "Alaska." It is said it can be sown either as winter or spring wheat and yields enormously. It is claimed this wheat will yield six times as much as the ordinary varieties.

It matures early and the kernels are very large. A New York seed firm wants to handle his whole crop at $5 per bushel, but Mr. Adams has declined the offer. The Idaho college of agriculture has tested this grain and says it should make better flour than blue stem. If this wheat will yield one third what is claimed for it, it will make wheat raising a big paying crop.

For Sale.

One registered Guernsey Bull two years and eight months old.

N. A. Ahlberg,
New Folden, Minn.

YOU WANT THE CLOTHES you buy to satisfy you, not somebody else; and after you've worn them as well as before.

Hart Schaffner & Mark promise you satisfaction and we'll make good for them on anything of theirs you buy.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Gordon Hats. Crossett Shoes and Oxfords.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

A BIG

FIRE SALE

—AT—

Miss Lakin's Millinery Store.

Sale Commences Monday Morning, June 15.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Mrs. D. E. RATHMANN,
Art of Piano Playing
Wassen Building . . Main Ave.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	93c
Oats	45c
Flax	$1 11
Barley	50
Eggs	12½c
Butter	18c

Louis Hanson was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Ole Torrison was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. Margret Odegaard came in from Kratka Tuesday and left for Jasper, Minn.

Emil Dryfoe was down to Ogema the first of the week attending to business matters.

Noble Bros.' tent show opens an engagement here Monday, June 15th, presenting "The Buffalo Mystery."

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, who had spent a couple of weeks in the city returned to Crookston Monday.

E. L. Quist and party of Red Lake Falls young people who had been up at Red Lake, returned the first of the week.

Don't be deceived by the price. Noble Bros. play at 10 and 25 cents starting Monday, June 15. These are summer prices.

Burk's Big Spectacular Production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will exhibit at Thief River Falls, Wednesday, June 17. Take the children to see the Sweetest Eva, the Immitable Topsy, the Funniest Aunt Ophelia and Deacon. The most ludicrous marks "A lawyer and a good one." See and hear the Congo Melodists who will sing and dance their wierd refrains as in Antibellum Days. Come to town early from the country to be in time to see the Monster Free Street Parade that will positively take place on the day of exhibition here.

C. J. Knox was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church at 10:30 in the forenoon.

Harry Mabey arrived in the city Monday to visit his brother, P. W. Mabey.

Mrs. Fred Holzknecht was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting friends.

Warren Noble, himself, with Noble Bros. company, which opens here under canvas, June 15.

D. S. Roysland, who had been visiting friends here, left Tuesday for his home near Grand Forks.

Fred Niclai was up on the Greenbush line the first of the week selling his well known brand of cigars.

Emil Evenson left Monday for Crookston, having accepted a position in a dry goods house in that city.

Noble Bros. pavilion theater seats 3,000 people and sometimes there is not room enough for all who wish to attend. —Cause—prices 10 and 25 cents.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church will give a reception for Rev. Mr. Gilchrist next Monday evening, June 15th in the church parlors. All are cordially invited.

A. Anderson, the jeweler, this week removed to his new location in the Berry building on Main avenue where he would be pleased to see all old customers and new ones as well.

The United Lutheran church will have morning services with Confirmation in the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 All are cordially invited. Rev. Olaf M. Wangensteen, Pastor.

According to chapter 327, revised statutes of 1905, it would seem that it is the duty of real estate owners to destroy noxious weeds growing on the half of the road next to, and fronting such real estate. If owners neglects to comply with order of authorities to destroy weeds according to this provision of the law, then it is to be done by the authorities, and the cost thereof be added to his tax for the year.

A. Joe Giller

opened up his new store the 10th of June on LaBree avenue, Thief River Falls. He purchased a new, clean stock of goods in Chicago which consists of

Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Notions, etc.

He invites everybody to call and give him a trial. He claims he can save you money on your goods, as he and his family are doing all of the work. Get fresh merchandise for your money.

J. H. Jacobson, leaves to-day on a trip to South Dakota.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city yesterday.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Esther Kretzscmar left yesterday for Oshkosh, Wis; to visit her grand parents a few weeks.

Mrs. John Woodcock and daughter left Monday for Tomahawk, Wis., to spend a couple of weeks.

Frank Kratka and Staff Curran left yesterday for Bemidji to join the government Surveying party.

Misses Esther Stebbins and Bertha Olson went over to Bemidji Tuesday for a weeks visit with friends.

Miss Sarah Vaughan, was down from Germantown for a couple days visit with her sister Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

Noble Bros. pavilion theatre will be located opposite City Hall, corner Main Ave. and 1st. street, opening June 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Andy Erickson went down to Minneapolis Monday evening to spend several days visiting with friends.

Ben Christiensen came down from Greenbush Tuesday evening. His mill up there has been closed down for the season.

Joseph J. Weeks, who is attending the state university, returned last week to spend the summer vacation with his parents.

The Thief River Falls base ball club goes to McIntosh Saturday to play a game with the club from that city on Sunday.

Mesdames Nichols, Winton and Walker will serve lunch Friday afternoon, at the Presbyterian church. A cordial invitation to all.

George W. Mason came up from Eau Claire, Wis., Tuesday and will spend several days here looking after his interests in this section.

Julius Halvorson, one of the enterprising settlers of the town of Reiner, was in the city Tuesday and made this office a pleasant call.

The Aneta base ball club will be in Thief River Falls Sunday and play a game with the Laborer's nine, a new base ball organization.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. John Morgan next Munday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Services in the Swedish Lutheran church on the East Side Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. Chilgreen, of Warren, will conduct the services.

Mesdames J. H. Hay, P. N. Panabaker, C. A. Nason and A. I. Anderson entertain a large company of lady friends at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church will serve dinner on the last three days of the tournament June 30th and July 1st and 2nd, in the store beneath the Masonic Hall. Dinner served at noon price 25 cents.

In place of the morning service at the Presbyterian church there will be children's Day Exercises with songs, recitations and exercises by the Sunday school, and a brief address by the pastor. The evening service at 8 o'clock will be as usual.

Rev. Bredeson had the misfortune to have his right leg broken yesterday afternoon while picketing out a cow across the street from his residence in the western part of the city. The cow became frightened and Rev. Bredeson's leg was caught in the rope.

John Mickelucky, the veteran hunter, has spent the past four days hunting crows. He has not been out of sight of the city and succeeded in killing 110 crows. As there is a bounty of 10 cents for each crow killed, Mr. Mickelucky will receive $11 pay for his trouble.

Next week a Merry Widow Hat will be given away at the Bijou. Every ticket purchased, gets a draw, numbers will be drawn Saturday evening and drawing will be continued each show until the lucky number is drawn and is in the audience. Hat is on exhibition at the Bijou.

The team driven by Will Spoonheim, rural mail carrier on route No. 2, indulged in a lively runaway yesterday afternoon. The team became frightened at an automobile in the northern part of town and upset the carriage. Mr. Spoonheim was thrown out but sustained no serious injury.

The lease of life for Burk's Big Uncle Tom's Cabin" is phenominal because it is the biggest and best, it has catered to the public for the past 15 years, and the grand old drama as presented by this most excellent company is of deep heart interest and at the same time abounds with good wholesome commedy, and the scenic, mechanical, calcium and electrical effects are truly wonderful. This is the largest company playing this popular drama, they travel in their own train of palace cars. Requireing special passenger train service to transport them from one city to another. This mighty Monarch of all "Uncle Tom's Cabin" companies will exhibit in all its vast entirety at Thief River Falls, Wed., June 17. Under Mammoth Pavilion Theatre with comfortable seats for 2,[illegible] people.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

Next week begins the summer season at the Bijou, popular prices will prevail, evenings 10 cents, matinees, children 5 cents. Moving pictures, illustrated songs, popular concerts. The programs arranged by the management will be bright, snappy and will no doubt prove winners. The motion pictures will be extra special features and away from anything ever produced in the past. The illustrated songs will be New York's greatest and latest successes, handsomely illustrated. Amateur night every Friday at 9:30 sharp.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Special Sale.

We find we still have an enormous stock on hand, and to reduce it, we will sell all trimmed hats and flowers at greatly reduced rates. Come early and have first choice. Misses Lee & Baugen.

Suicide Was Successful.

Lars Einstrom, the farmer living near Plummer, who several days ago attempted to take his life by cutting his throat and wrists, and who was brought to the hospital in this city for medical treatment, died Sunday. He was buried in Greenwood cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

Small Fire and Big Damages.

Fire was discovered in Miss Lakins millinery store Monday evening and was put out before it had gained much headway. The damage to the stock was considerable and it will take an expert in merry widows and feathers to adjust the loss, whitch is covered by insurance. The origin of the fire was caused by an electric light wire.

Notice for Bids for the Construction of Cement Grossings.

Notice is hereby given that the Village Council of ST. Hilaire, Minn will receive sealed bids up to eight o'clock P. M. July 6th, 1908 for the construction of about 1200 sq. ft. of cement crossings. Bids must be per square foot of finished surface including all work and material as per specifications on file in Clerks office. The Village Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn. this 10th, day of June, 1908.

JENS NELSON
Village Clerk.

It Will Be a Success.

The Northwestern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament to be held in this city June 29 and 30 and July 1 and 2 promises to be one of the best tournaments ever held by this association. Nearly every city in the Red River Valley is to be represented and the local committee having charge of the affair is more than pleased with the prospects for a large turnout.

The program this year is one of the most attractive, and the large purses offered for the different events is proving a great drawing card. The hotels, restaurants and rooming houses of Thief River Falls have ample accommodations for all who visit Thief River Falls during tournament week.

Here Next Week.

The Noble Bro's. pavilion theatre company is announced to play there next, starting Monday, June 15th.

This organization has long been recognized as one of the best among the various companies. During the regular season their performances are given in theatres, and only recently have they changed from theatre, to canvas. Their organization is complete, plays well rehearsed and running smoothly. Special scenery is carried for each play. Appropate costumes, mechanical and light effects are used the same as on the best theatre stages, so that complete productions can be given. The engagement is for five days, with change of bill and new and vaudeville features each night. The pavilion will be located on the lot opposite the City Hall, corner Main ave and 1st. street.

AT THE BIJOU.

For a program that is certain to drive away dull care, the Bijou the last half of this week cannot be beaten. The feature act, "Early and Late," hold a high position in the vaudeville [illegible] presenting their original comedy sketch entitled "A quiet evening at Home." This team will [illegible] vaudeville [illegible]. The house will reopen Monday evening with moving pictures and illustrated song.

Mrs. Hus[illegible] [illegible] "True [illegible] ever Hearts," is rendered in a [illegible] exceptable manner. The motion [illegible] lets are unusually [illegible] sketch, entitled, [illegible] Pastimes," [illegible] Cheese," a fantasy [illegible] Holiday." Amateur night every Friday at 9.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th, Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Subscribe for the News.

PIPE ORGAN CONCERT

Grand Sacred Concert to Be Given Sunday Evening, June 14.

An Excellent Program of Musical Selections Has Been Prepared.

The pipe organ of the Synod church has just been installed. It is a remarkably fine instrument, both as to appearance and quality of tone. Perfectly voiced so as to give each set of pipes its distinct character. The organ has eleven sets of pipes: five sets in the great organ and five in the swell organ besides the pedal organ. Then it has all the usual mechanical accessories and pedal movements. The price of the organ from all companies selling through agents is over $2000, but the organ is bought from Hinners Organ Company, Pekin, Ill., who sells directly from the factory, therefore the organ was bought at a good deal lower figure. The public will have a chance to hear this instrument at the opening concert to be given next Sunday at 7 P.M. Prof. T. E. Berg from St. Paul has been secured to play the organ. The Young People's Society, who is buying this organ for the church has been remarkable fortunate in securing the services of such an eminent musician. Mr. T. E. Berg is professor in music at the Concordia college of St Paul and the pipe organ is his special instrument. Professor Berg will be ably assisted by some of the best of local talent. A chorus of 25 voices with the organ and orchestra accompaniment will render several selections from renowned oratories.

PROGRAM.

1. Festival Prelude............Liebig
   Prof. T. E. Berg.
2. Unfold Ye Portals (Soprano solo and chorus) "Redemption..................C. H. Gounod
   Mrs. O. F. Mellby (soloist) Chorus, organ and orchestra accompaniment.
3. (a) Pilgrims' Song of Hope...Batiste
   (b) Festival Prelude.. ......Volkmar
   (c) Offeratory..............St. Clair
   Prof. T. E. Berg.
4. The Heavens Are Telling (trio—soprano, tenor and bass) "Creation..............Haydn
   Soprano, Mrs. O. F. Mellby; tenor, B. Dan Bjorkman; bass, F. C. Niclai: organ and orchestra accompaniments.
5. (a) Dargo.............G. H. Handel
   (b) Intermezzo............Dunham
   (c) Chorus of Angels.........Scott
   Prof. T. E. Berg.
6. Hallelujah Chorus, "Messiah" ....G. F. Handel
   Chorus, organ and orchestra accompaniment.
9. (a) Triumphal March......Colbarts
   (b) Adoremus.............Revina
   Prof. T. E. Berg.
8. Gloria from 12th Mass, W. A. Mozart
   Chorus, organ and orchestra accompaniment.

Rocksbury.

Claude, Elva and Charley Bartlett are spending the week at Mrs. Meehans.

Miss Sena Welo is helping Mrs. John Nelson with her household duties.

Mr. J. O. Thorstad was a business caller at Millers Saturday.

Hannah and Jenney Bakken spent Sunday with their friend Myrtle Satre.

Mr. Bloom was out looking for fat cattle last Monday.

Mr. Forsberg of Thief River was a caller at Oskar Swanson's last Monday.

Misses Gertrude and Grace Meehan returned from Moorhead Saturday.

The Rockstad and Olson children were fishing at the dam Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rondorf visited at Millers Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson are visiting the latters niece at Hillsboro North Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. [illegible]eller are the proud parent of a baby boy.

Married Last Evening.

Last evening at 7:30 at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. James Bulman, occurred the marriage of Miss Estella Newberry to Clarence Cummings. Both are popular and well known young people in this city. They left on the Winnipeg flyer last evening for the twin cities to spend a [illegible] weeks. They will make their future home at Oslo, Minn.

McAnulty Has Filed.

H. J. McAnulty was in the city the first of the week and announces that he has filed for the [illegible] nomination [illegible] of Red Lake county. [illegible] Mr. McAnulty [illegible] at the general [illegible] Mr. McAnulty [illegible]

Subscribe for the News

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda	per box of 20 lb*	1.30
Cookies	from	10up
Cocoanut bulk	per lb.	18
Prunes California	per lb.	10
Apples evaporated	per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown	per lb.	10
Corn Freeport	3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook	per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled	per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters	per can	30
Clams Scarboro beach	per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce	per bottle	25
Codfish shredded	2 cans for	25
Mazall fresh and crisp	3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings	2 pkg's. for	5

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 115. 3rd St.

Victor
GRAPHAPHONES & RECORDS
FOR SALE BY
P. G. HANSON

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Swen Lovness. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Swen Lovness, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Mary Ness, Helma Johnson, Ida Swanson and Edward Lovness, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Edward Lovness having been filed in this court, representing that Swen Lovness, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 2nd day of September 1887; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Erick Olson; the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of July 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th day of June 1908.

(COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
June 11-25 G. Halvorson, Attorney for Petitioner, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss. In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal, deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Knut Skomedal deceased, late of the Town of Fisher in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Olaf E. Gjeate. It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knut O. Skomedal deceased.

It is Ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Tuesday, the 1st day of September 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 1st day of June A. D. 1908. By the Court,
(COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.
June 11-25

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn. June [illegible]. Notice is hereby given that Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, who on June [illegible], made Homestead entry No. [illegible], for [illegible] Sect on 14, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before [illegible] M. Bishop [illegible] Thief River Falls [illegible] on the [illegible] day of July, 1908. Claimant names as witnesses: Anton Pedersen, of Thief River Falls, Minn. Henry [illegible], Halvor Lovas, [illegible].

June 11-July [illegible] R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending June [illegible], [illegible] if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Allen, Jerry
Andersen, Miss Mina
Johnson, Mr. Elmer
Lochaler, E. D.
Michals, Mrs Lena
Miller, Mrs. Sve
Murphey, Mr. J. P.
Nelson, Axel
Nelson, Miss Hanna
Roberts, Miss Lena
Young, Mr.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Get Clothes Satisfaction.

You are entitled in buying Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, to a most positive assurance of your satisfaction. Every dealer in our clothes is authorized to say this to you:

Every garment made by, and bearing the label of Hart Schaffner & Marx is gauranteed to be of allwool or wool-and-silk fabrics, with no "mercerized" or other cotton added; thoroughly shrunk before cutting; seams sewed with pure silk thread; tailored in clean, sanitary shops; and free from every defect of material or workmanship.

More than that: The dealer is authorized to say that if the clothes are not right, or not satisfactory, your money will be refunded.

Hart Schaffner & Marx.

Here's the way Hart Schaffner & Marx put it. You can see the original of this at the Golden Rule.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Farms for rent by M. C. Harlow.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

For snaps in city property, see Hager the land man.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Carl Fredrickson and family were up to Holt to spend Sunday.

Mrs. P. W. Roark was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Robert Lee was down to Mahnomen to attend to some business matters.

Banker A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Mrs Anton Gunderson left Saturday for Fergus Falls to visit friends for a few days.

F. S. Doege, who is at Hallock building a school house, was in the city to spend Sunday.

Charlie Gustafson, of Rocksbury, returned Monday from a visit with friends up near Bronson.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niclai.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Chas. Heywood arrived in the city last week from Winona and has accepted a position as night clerk at the Hotel Evelyn.

Mrs. Leonard Peterson and children went down to Crookston Saturday evening to visit friends, returning the first of the week.

F. E. Hitchcox, field manager for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company, was in the city the first of the week assisting Mr. Noonan, the manager in this section of the state.

Banker Hanson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Knox last Thursday.

Contractor Fasel was down from Greenbush to spend Sunday.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor was in the city last week.

Mrs. D. N. Winton very pleasantly entertained a company of lady friends last Friday afternoon.

Judge Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, spent last Friday in the city visiting his daughter, Mrs. O. F. Mellby.

Stephen Singer, the Kratka merchant, was over to Bemidji the first of the week attending to business matters.

Pat Sullivan, of Highlanding, returned to this city last Friday from a visit with friends in North Dakota.

"Slim" Shepard suffered a slight stroke of paralysis last week in his right arm and leg. He is now able to be about.

Patronize home industry and smoke the El-Ko cigar. Fred's gguranteo band on every cigar. There is none better.

John Durbin made a trip up to Highlanding last week in his new gasoline boat. He made the trip up and back in one day.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

M. M. Anderson, one of the bright and progressive young settlers living up in the town of Reiner, was in the city the first of the week.

Victor phonographs and records for sale by P. H. Hanson, second door west of postoffice. The best phonographs made. From $10 up.

For Sale—A second hand Empire cream seperator, good condition, used only one year. Inquire of Langseth Mercantile company.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 210 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Miss Grace Meehan returned to this city last Saturday from Moorhead normal shool, having graduated from that institution of learning.

Dr. Bockman received his new automobile Sunday. It is a fine machine, having four cylinders and can develop a speed of 45 miles an hour.

R. A. Kromer did not purchase an interest in a farm machinery business in Crookston last week and has decided to reside in Thief River Falls.

Miss Golda Hill, who has been teaching in the schools of Minneapolis the past year, returned to Thief River Falls last Saturday to spend her vacation.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

I have 11 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Peter H. Holm, judge of probate of Marshall county, passed through the city last Saturday, being enroute to Roseau to attend the golden wedding anniversary of his parents. Mr. Holm was accompanied by his family.

While out driving with their wives Sunday afternoon, H. S. Dobner and L. M. Hoag had quite an exciting experience on the road about a mile and a half west of the city. In some unaccountable manner the tugs on one of the horses came unhooked and this allowed the pole of the buggy to drop out of the neckyoke and drag along on the ground. The result was that the buggy finally landed in a ditch, but none of occupants sustained any injury.

The new tuberculosis sanatorium at Walker is hardly paying expenses and a raise in rates is being considered. Forty patients are being cared for at the moderate charge of $1.00 per day. With a full quota, or fifty patients, at this rate it is not thought the institution can be conducted with a profit and a raise in rates will undoubtedly be made. Only the most successful cases are taken and the prospects are very bright for the success of the establishment other than the financial part of it.

According to a Bemidji paper of recent date a very interesting race for the republican nomination for sheriff of Beltrami county, which office is at present hold by Thomas Bailey, will be pulled off shortly. It is thought that "Tom" will not be in the race this year, but that the son, J. N. Bailey, at present chief deputy, will make the race. Besides him there will be in the race, A. B. Hazen of Bemidji, Fred Olson of Blackduck, probably Arne Solberg, and may be still another, who is at present holding down some other county office.

We cannot help but feel that there is a whole lot of truth in the following clipped from an exchange. Too much money is collected in country towns to keep the many benevolent schemes, good, bad and indifferent, going in the large cities and foreign lands. The fat salary of many a city man and woman is raised by bleeding benevolent people of country towns, who hope and believe their money will be used for the advancement of some good cause. Every country town has many worthy charitable objects to support that depend upon the benevolence of her citizens, but the largest demand for such contributions usually comes from away off somewhere for something that little concerns the people of country towns and of which they know nothing except what is represented to them by the smooth tongue of a person who has reduced begging down to a fine art.

Reiner.

June 5.—I have been silent for some time but I will again drop the news a few lines. It has been so rainy that it has been a hard job to keep writing paper from getting wet.

This last week the farmers have been busy seeding. The most of the seed is in the ground now.

Our assessor has started his work and we are glad to see him around again.

C. Johnson and his assistant road inspector were out looking the roads over. They found them rather wet, and some of our home door workers were out to see the town board about a feasible line to work on so they wont have to go out of their own yard to work their poll-tax.

Abraham Johnson has returned home after a few days visit in the New Folden country, and other points.

A special school meeting was held in District No. 48, June 4th, to vote on the question, "whether the School House should be open for Public or Gospel Meetings, or not." But those with the big books and the bent down head, didn't want to give the all around man or three to be looked down upon a show, at all. No! they not good enough, too rough, but the line had to stretch, any how.

Mr. Anderson has been building a house this spring, and we hope he will soon have it ready.

L. L. Roseland returned from New Folden last week where he has another farm that he has needed.

Gust Berkenson started breaking but had the bad luck to break his plow in place of the sod.

Mrs. Sigrud is still on the sick list, it seems to take a long time for her to recover.

Faces Serious Charge.

Warren Minn., June 6.—Edgar F. Whitney, aged about 50 years, a prominent druggist and one of Warren's leading citizens, was arrested late today and bound over to the grand jury on charge of criminal assault. Mr. Whitney waived a hearing before the justice. It is understood that besides the two cases of which he is charged, there are three other cases against him.

One of Our New Creameries.

The Highlanding creamery has sixty patrons at present with good prospects that this number will be increased to [illegible] before the season [illegible]. [illegible] very good showing for a new institution.

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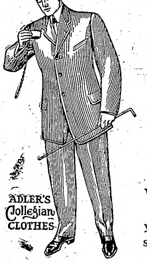

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WHAT'S IN THE WIND?

Is Red Lake Falls Getting Ready to Kill a Commissioner?

Accuse Some Unknown Person and Summon a Local Man as a Witness.

Is there some bold, bad man in Thief River Falls that is going to take the life of County Commissioner C. A. Lindquist? This is the report sent out from Red Lake Falls and it is hard to understand for what purpose, unless it is the intention of residents of Red Lake Falls to do the job and then lay the blame to Thief River Falls as they did in the stealing of the first county seat removal petition.

Last Friday Justice Toupin, of Red Lake Falls, issued a warrant for the arrest of John Doe upon the charge of threatning the life of Mr. Lindquist. The sheriff was unable to find this individual, but there is a suspicion abroad to the effect that he is closely connected with the person who stole the county seat removal petition. The case was set for trial Saturday and M. V. Evenson, of this city, was summoned as a witness to appear against Doe. Mr. Evenson, of course, knew nothing of this bloody plot against the life of Mr. Lindquist and as no Red Lake Falls people were called to the stand, the case had to be dropped. John Doe is still at large; County Commissioner Lindquist still lives, and law and order prevails throughout the country.

To the outside world, Red Lake Falls sends a weird tale of this affair, and casts slur upon Mr. Lindquist. Here, for instance, is part of an article sent by a Red Lake Falls correspondent to the Duluth News Tribune:

Red Lake Falls, Minn., June 6. —Most questionable methods are being resorted to in the county seat fight in order to remove the county seat to Thief River Falls. A prominent member of the removal committee at the latter city this week went to see C. A. Lindquist, chairman of county commissioners, who has FAVORED RED LAKE FALLS and told him that a plot was on foot at Thief River Falls to kill Lindquist or put him out of the way because he had OBSTRUCTED THE REMOVAL OF THE COUNTY SEAT.

If Mr. Lindquist has, as the Red Lake Falls correspondent says, FAVORED Red Lake Falls and OBSTRUCTED the removal of the county seat, he has not done his sworn duty as an official. It is not his duty to favor either Red Lake Falls or Thief River Falls nor to obstruct the will of over three thousand voters of Red Lake county. It is his duty to be just and honest in all of his actions. He lives in and represents a district that is neutral, and he should give honest and fair consideration to all matters. He is one of a body that is making the laws to govern Red Lake county and so long as he himself does his duty—honestly and fearlessly—he will find that the people of the county will honor and respect him and the laws he helps to make. The theory that "kings can do no wrong," however, has long since been exploded.

Socialist Lecture.

George D. Brewer of the Appeal to Reason Staff delivered a lecture on the subject of Socialism on the street in Thief River Falls Friday night of last week to an interested crowd of our citizens.

Mr. Brewer spoke in substance as follows: I am not here in your peaceful community for the purpose of destroying your happiness, your homes, or your religion. I am here a representative of the International Socialist movement for the purpose of enlightening some of you on the truth of a philosophy which has been, and is being grossly misrepresented in every community where Socialism is securing a foothold. It is not in any way connected with the philosophy of Anarchy, nor is it interested with your religion, which the Socialist National platform plainly affirms entirely a personal matter, and has no bearing whatever on the philosophy of Socialism. We are opposed to Anarchy, which stands for Individualism, the system of Society under which we live today, at least in part, and our own aim is to substitute a system of cooperation by which the public industries upon which the people must depend for their necessities, now privately owned, shall be owned and controlled by that dependent public. We don't mean that any certain portion of the industries shall be publicly owned, but that all of them must and shall be owned before we are able to secure any material relief. Reformers of the Bryan, La Follette, Johnson or Roosevelt stripe may advocate the ownership of the industries, or support remedial measures by certain legislative acts, but remember, workers, the man who comes to you in guise of a friend and advises you to support any party or any candidate that does not stand fearlessly for the whole Socialist program is an impostor and is only making another bid for votes". Continuing he said:

"Is it not a strange thing that the working class of America, composing eighty-seven percent of the population should not have a single representative in the U. S. Senate. Society is divided into two seperate and distinct classes; the Capitalist class on one hand, composed of approximately thirteen percent of the population, and the working class on the other composed of that great majority balance, who produce all the wealth of the world and are compelled to live in squalor. The former produce nothing and have everything, while the latter produce everything and have nothing. The Capitalist class make all the laws, have every member of Congress, both upper and lower houses, in fact own and control the legislative, executive and judicial departments of our present government. The Socialists have organized a political party of the working class for the purpose of capturing the powers of the government and operating them in the interests of their own class. Workers support your own party, and let the Capitalist class support their own. Study what the party of your class stands for and then if you find it is not to your interest to stand with it first last and all the time, reject it, but if you find that it is your interest, support it.

Local Team Won.

The Thief River Falls base ball club defeated the White Earth Indian team at the fair grounds in this city Sunday by a score of 6 to 12. Quite a number of errors were made by both teams, but the game was an interesting one.

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(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
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MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The German-American alliance of St. Louis county is the name of a branch of the state organization of the German-American Alliance of Minnesota, which was organized at Duluth Sunday with about 100 members. President Julius Moersch of the state organization and H. J. Nienstadt, both of St. Paul, were present to assist in the organization of the St. Louis county body. Gust Collatz was elected temporary president and B. O. Ettcher was elected temporary secretary. The meeting expressed its opposition to county option, which was described as a mask for prohibition.

With two judges dissenting the supreme court uphold the constitutionality of the law passed last year providing for the separation of unplatted agricultural lands from the corporate limits of a city of 10,000 inhabitants or less. The opinion was written by Chief Justice Start and concurred in by Judges Brown and Elliott. Judge Lewis wrote the dissenting opinion, which was concurred in by Judge Jaggard.

Following a lively discussion of more than two hours delegates to the council of the Episcopal diocese of Minnesota, in session at Minneapolis, decided not to vote on the question of a division of the diocese at this time, but to appoint a committee of fifteen to spend the next twelve months in detailed study of the proposition and render a report at the next council of the diocese.

An increase of about 450 per cent in the amount deposited in the state banks on interest bearing time certificates in the last ten years is shown by a statement issued by Public Examiner Anton Schaefer showing the condition of the state banks of discount and deposit according to the bank statements in the summers of 1898, 1903 and 1908.

Thomas Marshall, a ten-day prisoner in the county jail at Mankato for drunkenness, sentenced to hard labor, while returning with other prisoners from work on the streets, stopped a runaway and probably saved the lives of the two young children of Frank Schaefer.

The Soo road won a complete victory in the courts at Duluth over the Northern Pacific, Northwestern and Great Northern roads and as a result is granted the right to enter Duluth and to cross the tracks of the other three roads at twenty-seven places.

Isanti county is one of the largest potato producing counties in the state. During the season of 1907 there was grown and marketed for shipping purposes over 1,000,000 bushels, netting the farmers of the county the lump sum of $425,000.

Governor Johnson has announced the appointment of M. L. Cormany, editor of the Princeton News, as judge of the probate court of Mille Lacs county to succeed L. S. Briggs, who has been appointed postmaster.

James Carney, sentenced from Winona for grand larceny, is dead in the Stillwater prison. A special meeting of the pardon board had been called to consider his case, but death intervened.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The body of the man found in the Mississippi river below Minneapolis a few days ago has been absolutely identified by Dr. E. L. Kannery of St. Paul as that of his brother-in-law, Dr. G. S. Gloyd, a dentist of Minneapolis. Dr. Gloyd disappeared strangely from his home last October shortly after he had accidentally shot his brother-in-law while hunting near Osceola, Wis.

James L. Lovering of St. Paul, who was charged by the federal grand jury with using the mails in furtherance of a fraudulent scheme, pleaded guilty and was fined $200 by Judge Morris in the United States circuit court.

An unknown man was run down by an Omaha passenger train at Hazel Park, a suburb of St. Paul. The body was horribly mangled. Both legs were cut off and the head was crushed to a pulp.

While he was setting nets in the Clearwater river, in the north end of Clearwater county, J. Peter Larson, a farmer living on the river, fell from his boat into the river and was drowned.

Philip Murray, the six-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Murray of Fond du Lac, a suburb of Duluth, was killed by being run over by a heavy wagon.

Mrs. Mary E. Kimball, for many years a well known resident of Minneapolis, was killed in a grade crossing accident at Oakland, Cal.

August Kylander, an invalid at Bethesda hospital, St. Paul, was found dead in a building in Como park near that city.

OBITUARY.

William Gerson, for forty years a traveling salesman from St. Paul, was found dead in bed in a room in the Astoria hotel with two bullet wounds in his head. He committed suicide.

A. J. Anderson, builder and contractor, committed suicide at Minneapolis. Despondency over sickness is believed to have been the cause of the act.

Thomas P. Murphy, a widely known citizen of Minneapolis, is dead. He was fifty-one years of age and was born in the Mill City.

John Kerwin, a pioneer resident of St. Paul, is dead, aged seventy-seven.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The balloon Chicago, which ascended at Quincy, Ill., landed at Clear Lake, S. D., making the 800 miles in eleven hours, an average of seventy-five miles an hour. The balloon ran into a heavy rain storm and was forced to descend, otherwise it might have broken the long distance record.

J. J. Hill has announced to the associated boards of trade of Saskatchewan that as soon as the gaps in British Columbia are closed and the line built to Calgary it is the intention to extend the Great Northern system from Winnipeg to Calgary and through Northern Saskatchewan and Alberta.

More than two million words of testimony have been taken already in the government's suit to dissolve the Standard Oil company, now on before Special Examiner Franklin Ferriss. Before the hearings come to a close another million words doubtless will be added to the record.

The proposed union of the Presbyterian and United Presbyterian churches, or at least to bring the two denominations into closer relations, which has been before the general assemblies of both organizations for some time, has been abandoned for the present.

The time honored title, "presiding elder," was abolished by the Methodist Episcopal general conference by the adoption, 322 ayes to 210 noes, of a minority report from the revision committee recommending that the name be changed to "district superintendent."

The Cunard liner Mauretania broke the record over the long course from Queenstown to New York, covering the distance in 4 days, 20 hours and 15 minutes, with an average speed of 24.86 knots an hour.

With appropriate exercises the people of the South celebrated the 100th anniversary of the birth of Jefferson Davis. The day was observed as a whole or partial holiday in most of the Southern states.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate further progress in the right direction, especially as to the number of hands employed in the mills and factories.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Former United States Senator James K. Jones of Arkansas is dead at Washington of heart failure after an illness of a few hours, aged sixty-nine. He was one of the leading Democrats in the senate from 1885 to 1903 and was one of the strongest supporters of William Jennings Bryan, having as chairman of the Democratic national committee conducted the campaigns of 1896 and 1900.

Prince David Kalanianaole of Hawaii, brother of Hawaiian Congressional Delegate "Prince Cupid" Kalanianaole and nephew of former Queen Liliuokalani, is dead at San Francisco, where he arrived on May 22 in poor health.

Peter White of Marquette, one of the most prominent men in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan and a pioneer in the copper and iron development of that country, dropped dead at Detroit.

William Emory Quinby, for thirty years editor and proprietor of the Detroit Free Press and former United States minister to The Netherlands, is dead, aged seventy-three.

William H. Welch, founder of the Western Newspaper union and first publisher of the Des Moines Leader, is dead at Chicago following an attack of apoplexy.

Rev. S. A. Coffman, who murdered his wife at Fairmont, W. Va., two weeks ago, is dead from nervous collapse.

Daniel H. McMillan, district federal judge in New Mexico, is dead at Denver.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 8.—Wheat—July, $1.03⅝@1.03⅞; Sept., 87⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.10; No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1.05½@1.06; No. 3 Northern, $1.01@1.04.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 8.—Wheat—On track and to arrive—No. 1 hard, $1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅝; July, $1.04⅝; Sept., 88⅛c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.21½; Sept., $1.20½; Oct., $1.19.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.70@5.50; veal calves, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.25@5.40. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.25@4.50; good to choice lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 8.—Wheat—June, 91½c; July, 85⅝@85¾c; Sept., 84⅛c; Dec., 85⅝c. Corn—July, 66⅛c; Sept., 65⅜@65⅝c; Dec., 55⅝c. Oats—July, old, 47⅝c; July, 41⅞c; Sept., 35⅝c. Pork—July, $13.65; Sept., $13.92½. Butter—Creameries, [illegible]; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 10½c; spring chickens, 20@[illegible]c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $[illegible]; Texans, $4.7[illegible]; [illegible] steers, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]; cows and heifers, $[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]; mixed, $[illegible]; heavy, $[illegible]; rough heavy, $[illegible]; pigs, $[illegible]. Sheep, $[illegible]; yearlings, $[illegible]; lambs, $[illegible].

A DOLEFUL DILEMMA

The Tearful Tale of the Perplexed Princess.

HER UNSOLVABLE PROBLEM.

A Most Puzzling and Lamentable Situation That Fortunately For the Peace of Mind of Womankind Is Not at All Liable to Recur.

Now, when it was the thousand and third night, said Dunyazad to her sister, Shahrazad, "Allah upon me, O my sister, recite to us some new story, delightsome and delectable, wherewith to while away the waking hours of our latter night."

"With joy and goodly will," answered Shahrazad, "if this pious and auspicious king permit."

"Tell on," quoth the king, who had freely partaken of the dish termed by the Franks "the rabbit of Wales" and was sleepless and restless. So Shahrazad, rejoiced with the prospect of talking, thus began on the thousand and third night "The Tale of the Perplexed Princess:"

Afar in the realm of Gurleund, which lies within the land of Hindustan, once reigned a mighty king who had one daughter of such exceeding beauty that all who beheld her became poets and warriors, which was well for the national fame, but ill for the royal treasury.

Now, the loveliness of the princess being such, it may seem strange that she had attained her eighteenth year unmarried, yet so it befell, for in his hesitancy because of the great multitude of eligible suitors the king, who, though otherwise respectable, was a vilely devout heathen, made a vow that he would give his daughter in marriage only to that man who should receive the indorsement of his idol, an image of exceeding ugliness housed in a golden temple adjacent to the palace. So it was that many princes from many lands came to bow before the idol, offering splendid sacrifices and rich gifts of treasure for the desired sign of favor, yet ever the idol remained silent.

At length there came from the island of Lanka a prince of great power, and so deeply smitten was he with love for the princess that he bowed before the idol, saying, "Great lord, grant but that the princess may become my bride, and then shall I without delay return to thee and cut off my own head as a thank offering!"

And the next day when the king and all his court came to worship in the golden temple the evil spirit that was within the idol caused the hand of the image to stretch forth and point to the prince and caused the stone lips to open and say to the king, "Behold thy son-in-law!"

Forthwith was the wedding of the prince and princess celebrated with great pomp in the palace, and straightway thereafter, in fulfillment of his vow, the prince hastened to the temple, bowed before the idol and cut off his own head.

Then entered the priest of the temple and in his grief, horror and fear for what had chanced and for what might well come to him in consequence likewise cut off his head.

Then entered the princess, seeking her husband, and, seeing but the two headless bodies, raised the prince's sword and was about to sever her own lovely head when the idol spoke again, saying: "Hold! Take the heads and set them upon the men's shoulders!"

And the princess did even so. And the heads grew fast to the bodies, and the bodies rose upon their feet.

But now it appeared that in her haste and tumult of mind the princess had set the priest's head upon the shoulders of the prince and the prince's head upon the shoulders of the priest, so that in a way each was the other, yet neither was either, and each claimed her as his bride, and each head, being a wise head, spake many shrewd arguments one way and the other, yet could neither prevail. And so was the princess sore perplexed, and, in truth, never have I learned how logically to conclude the tale.

"In sooth," said the king, "might she not have obtained a divorce?"

"Nay, sire," replied Shahrazad, "for from whom? And which must she then have married in accordance with the word of the idol?"

"Then," proposed the king, "why might they not have matched dinars to decide which should have her?"

"Ah, my lord," said Shahrazad, shaking her head, "that would have been in accord with the easy, unscientific method of the far west, which would still have left the problem unsolved."

"Surely, then," urged the king, "they might have fought for her."

"And would that have determined the truth?" responded Shahrazad, "and would not the victor have been either or both a murderer and a suicide? Alas, my lord, the insoluble perplexity of this fair princess hath caused me much sorrow, and glad am I only that such sad dilemmas do not often occur."—New York Times.

His Crime.

A popular actress recently visited Chicago's Ghetto seeking a [illegible]. In that strange section of cosmopolitanism she heard a "new one." "As I turned a corner," said the lady, "a boy's mother had him by the ear, and in her uplifted raised hand there was a menacing barrel stave. 'I'll learn ye to tie the kettle to the cat's tail,' she yelled in wrath. 'It wasn't our cat,' wailed the frightened boy. 'No, it wasn't our cat,' almost shrieked the enraged mother, 'but it was our kettle!'"

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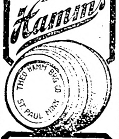

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BY
WM. JENNINGS BRYAN
[illegible]
THE THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Knud T. Knudson, of Kratka, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 3[illegible] made June 28, 1901, for the NE¼ Sec. 7, Township 153, Range 41 W., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn. on June 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Gunder Olson, of Kratka, Minnesota,
C. P. Borby, " "
B. E. Tunan, " Anton, Minnesota.
P. H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 7-June 11

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 5th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Miller of Thorwick, Minnesota has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 120 made June 22nd, 1901, for the SE¼, Section 10 township 154, N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 20th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

Samuel Dangerfield, of Thorwick, Minn
Carl Oygram, " " "
Pete Rud, " " "
John Mangaam, of Thief River Falls, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
may 7-june 11

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Willie R. Peterson, of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 312 made June 25th 1904, for the Lots 3, 4 and S½ NW¼ Section 2, township 153, N. R. 42w, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Tobias Skerping, of Anton, Minnesota.
Otto Geske, " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " "
Albert Anderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 21-June 25

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Swanson of Mavie, Minn., who, on June 27th, 1904 made Homestead entry, No. 338, for lots 1 and 2 and E½ NW¼ Section 31, Township 154, N, Range 41 W. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for district of Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 7th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Hans P. Rued, of Mavie, Minnesota
Charles P. Qualst, " " "
Willie Anderson, " " "
John J. Bauer, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
may 28-july 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Byrud, of Brandsberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 637, for NE¼, Sec. 31, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 11th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Christ Nygaard, of Brandsberg, Minnesota,
Iver Solheim, " " "
Peder Solland, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June 4-July 9.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the only American watch. It had to prove itself the finest practical watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

[illegible]

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

NEW SWEDISH-RUSSIAN UNION

What a Russian Paper Has to Say Regarding the Marriage of Prince Wilhelm and Grand Duchess Pavlovna.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The Russian paper Rossija speaks very favorably anent the new union between Sweden and Russia. It refers, of course, to the marriage of Prince Wilhelm to the Grand Duchess Pavlovna. Says the paper editorially: "The Bernadottes have broken with their predecessors, Carl IX. and Carl X., and their warlike principles and have instead centered all their efforts in encouraging industries, arts and science and they have succeeded so well that Sweden has a right to feel proud of them. The late king, Oscar, poet and scholar, did more perhaps in this direction than any one of his predecessors and the present king promises much good for the future and has already given evidences of possessing traits, which when applied with his common sense will give Sweden a period of great uplift. An effort to establish closer relations between Russia and Sweden as early as the close of the eighteenth century was made, but this proved at that time to be a failure. We desire to congratulate the young Swedish prince and the talented Russian duchess and through this union closer relations have been created between Russia and Sweden and it is also a guarantee of the preservation of European peace."

A company which has made Sweden known and honored all over the world is the Separator Stock company. Since De Laval invented the celebrated cream separator twenty-five years ago, 700,000 separators valued at one hundred and seven million crowns have been sold. Most of them have been exported to foreign countries, but during that period not less than 81,000 have been disposed of in Sweden. The company's agents are found in all parts of the world and they number at least 35,000. To every country in the world where agriculture is in vogue, to North and South America, Australia, yes even in China and Japan, the De Laval cream separators have been exported and it is due to this important invention that the dairy industry all over the world has received such a great impetus.

The Swedenborg exhibition at the Nordiska museum has been opened and hundreds of people have already been there to view the collection of portraits, the manuscripts, his old organ, writing pulpit and many other pieces too numerous to mention. The return of Swedenborg's remains to Sweden has aroused a renewed interest in the author and Swedenborgian literature is now in great demand all over.

The Swedish riksdag has appropriated 10,000 crowns for the international peace congress, which convenes in Stockholm next summer. On that occasion there will gather many of the world's greatest men in the Swedish capital. Among those who have been invited to attend the congress is President Roosevelt.

Count Birger Morner's collection from the South Sea Islands has arrived in Stockholm. Among this interesting collection are found two war canoes, which are about fifty-eight feet long. They have been sent to the Ethnographical museum, where they are at present on exhibition.

Dowager Queen Sofia has moved out to Ulriksdal for the summer and will remain there until the early part of July, when she will go to Eriksberg. The good old queen spent a few weeks at the latter place last year and liked it so well that she has decided to return there this year.

Bishop Billing, who officiated at the marriage of Prince Wilhelm and the Grand Duchess Pavlovna at St. Petersburg, has been awarded the highest insignia of the Russian order of the White Eagle. The bishop is the first prelate of Sweden to be thus honored.

After all King Oscar was not such a rich man as most people imagine. It is now claimed that his fortune amounted to only 7,000,000 crowns, which is proof that the general estimate of his wealth, as in most cases, was too high.

Twenty thousand school children in Stockholm sent their congratulations to Henri Dunant, who celebrated his eightieth birthday May 8. Mr. Dunant was one of the recent Nobel prize winners.

Two hundred and fifty thousand May flowers were sold in Stockholm May 1. The flower sale netted not less than 15,000 crowns, a sum which will be expended for the [illegible] of the poor.

Professor K. D. Rosen of Stockholm has been appointed a knight of Dannebrog. The professor is one of the leading educators of Sweden.

A bust of Professor G. Retzius was sent from Stockholm to the [illegible] society in Vienna. It has been modeled by Professor [illegible].

Dowager Queen Emma of Holland arrived at Stockholm and has during the past two weeks been a guest of Queen Sofia.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Tostes-Gaves home in Christiania for wayward boys was destroyed the other day by fire, which it is believed was of incendiary origin and that a number of boys had been hired to set the building on fire. For some time there has been agitation in the storthing against giving any appropriations to such institutions, of which there are at present ten in the country. Justice Minister Castberg heads the opposition against these institutions and not long ago he ordered an investigation of these institutions, and the committee appointed to do this work report that there were many instances where the boys had been very cruelly treated. Since the agitation started the boys at the Tostes-Gade home became rebellious and set fire to the building, with the result that it was burned to the ground. Fortunately no lives were lost.

Bishop Anton Christian Bang, prior to his departure for Norway from New York, received many handsome gifts from friends and admirers. Especially does the bishop appreciate two ornate volumes of George Ashdown Audsley's great work on "The Ornamental Arts of Japan." This work was limited to 500 copies in Europe and America and one of these was obtained by Olaf O. Searle, of Minneapolis at a cost of something like $800. The books represent the highest form of the printing and engravers' art.

According to latest statistics, Norway received in postal money orders from the United States during 1907, 11,890,500 crowns ($2,900,000), against 9,525,900 crowns ($2,379,000) in 1906, thus showing an increase of about 24 per cent. Norway sent in the same manner in 1907 about 855,200 crowns to the United States, which leaves a balance in favor of Norway of about 10,054,300 crowns, or about $2,700,000.

A French company, which some time ago negotiated for concessions to erect a hotel in Christiania, received the reply that they would be welcome to invest their money in Christiania if they would move their head office to the Norwegian capital. The rule in Norway is that no foreign capital will be invited to the country unless the investors will invest all or nothing.

The old "exercis" building at Bergen was sold at auction the other day for 10,600 crowns. The soldiers have occupied this place for many years and there have been many military reviews which have taken place there during the long reign of King Oscar.

Vegetables and fruit come very high in Christiania. Big French strawberries have been selling in the Christiania market lately for 4 cents apiece. At this rate there are, of course, very few people who are eating them at present.

The Bergen Press club was reorganized the other day with Editor Hougе as president. The club has been in existence for a number of years, but owing to dissensions it has not been kept up during the past year.

The Vestland Petroleum company, of which Premier Christian Michelsen is one of the heaviest stockholders, will in the near future build a big freight steamer with a cargo capacity of 38,000 tons.

Norway is becoming more democratic every year. The latest evidence of this is the abolishing of all kinds of civil uniforms except those worn by the police.

Arne Garborg's mother died the other day, aged seventy-seven years. The mother of the famous author was married to a farmer in Sandnes a few years ago.

A terrific snowstorm raged all day the 6th of May all along the Bergen road. A number of trains were delayed.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Sigurd Trier, a son of the well known Danish politician, Herman Trier, has turned his back on Denmark for good and moved to France, where he will give a series of seances. Sigurd Trier has during the past few years acquired quite a notoriety through his spiritualistic lectures and seances, but in Copenhagen one of his seances proved to be a real fake and since then public opinion has turned against him pretty strong, so that he was at last almost compelled to leave the country. He had also accumulated several thousand crowns worth of debt while practicing with the spirits, it is charged.

This is certainly an age of invention. A Danish inventor lately succeeded in operating a typesetting machine by means of wireless action. It is his plan to have wireless telegrams set in type directly and as fast as they are received. If he can put his invention to practical use, it will not be long before some of the metropolitan dailies in the United States will give it a trial.

Oscar Larsen, the well known actor, who was widely known as "Tivoli's Pierrot," died at his home in Copenhagen week before last, aged forty-eight years. He was a clever actor and very popular with the playgoers of Copenhagen.

Women have a good deal of freedom in Denmark, but the agitation in favor of admitting women to [illegible] has met with failure.

King Frederik and Queen [illegible] arrived in Copenhagen June 2. The [illegible] gave a reception [illegible] royal pair.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

CONTROL OVER ONE-THIRD

Johnson Men Claim Bryan Cannot Be Nominated.

Campaign managers for Governor John A. Johnson in Chicago believe they have staved off the nomination of William J. Bryan on the first ballot.

That much accomplished as a result of the primaries and conventions just held in Louisiana, Georgia and Maryland they now purpose a complete change of tactics and will initiate an aggressive campaign in the direct interest of Governor Johnson.

Thedore Knappen, at the Johnson headquarters at the Grand Pacific hotel, announced that the anti-Bryan forces are now assured of control of more than one-third of the Denver convention.

"Mr. Bryan is now a defeated candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination," said Mr. Knappen. "The action of Louisiana in failing to instruct for Bryan and in sending an uninstructed delegation to Denver; the result in Maryland, where Mr. Bryan's name has no place in the resolutions, and the result in Georgia, where Mr. Bryan's friends were disastrously defeated, sufficiently indicate that more than one-third of the convention at Denver will be opposed to Mr. Bryan's nomination.

"Our first effort was to work for the situation which now exists; that is, to hold one-third of the convention out against Mr. Bryan. Now that this has been accomplished we will start immediately to secure the nomination for Governor Johnson.

"In the uninstructed list are delegates who are for Johnson, others for Gray, while many have been committed to no candidate. Now that the surety of failure of Mr. Bryan to secure the nomination on the first ballot exists it will be our endeavor to influence the delegates who will break from Bryan after the first ballot to recognize the merit and political availability of Governor Johnson."

ONCE MILLIONAIRE TURFMAN

James Duncan Suicides at St. Paul by Hanging.

Crazed with melancholy, brooding over the loss of his fortune and separation from his wife James Duncan, once a prominent turfman in Kentucky, committed suicide in St. Paul by hanging himself with a rope in the stable at the rear of 256 Selby avenue. The rope was attached to a harness hook and the knees of the dead man were almost touching the floor.

The suicide of James Duncan brings to a tragic end a rather remarkable career. Coming to this country a mere lad without friends or money he was employed as a stable boy at Louisville, Ky. He was thrifty and careful and his rise in his chosen line of work was rapid. He became a millionaire turfman and his stables were famous all over the South.

Reverses came, however, and after he had lost his fortune his wife secured a divorce from him. Then he left Kentucky for Minneapolis, where he was employed in private and public barns for several years. For the last two years he has been employed in the livery stable where he ended his life.

Woman Saves Two From Death.

Hearing her little daughter scream a woman in the town of French, just north of Argyle, ran to the bank of the river near the house and, the water being clear, saw both her daughters at or near the bottom of the river, in which there was between five and six feet of water. She plunged in and rescued both of them and after a few minutes' work on shore restored both to consciousness. The older girl had been riding the younger one in a gocart and, venturing over the edge of the bank, could not stop the cart, but held on until it dragged her into the river.

Used Mails to Defraud.

Lewin A. Wood, George W. Wood and Forest B. Wood, charged by the federal grand jury with conspiring to use the mails to defraud, pleaded guilty in St. Paul to the first counts in the indictments and paid fines of $2,500 each. There were three counts in each indictment, two of which were nolled. The conspiracy charge is in connection with the Edwards-Wood company, which went out of business over three years ago. The defendants were stockholders in the company.

Same Train Hits Two Men.

Timothy Hopkins, a young man of Landon, N. D., was fatally injured at Glyndon, this state, by being run over by a locomotive. He was employed on the big construction work of the Northern Pacific at that place and in an endeavor to board a moving locomotive was knocked down and run over. The son of Conductor Lyons of Staples was run over by the same train and his right foot crushed at the ankle.

St. Paul Men Indicted.

James L. Lovering, publisher of the St. Paul Mail Order Monthly and of Successful Agriculture, and S. A. Phillips, promoter of the St. Paul and Seattle Electric Railway company, were indicted by the federal grand jury on charges of illegal use of the mails. Martin P. Quigley, cashier of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company, was indicted on a charge of perjury.

Repaid for Kind Act.

For kindness shown his wife Giles Gilbert, a Duluth pioneer who died a few weeks ago, left $2[illegible] to Mrs. Edith Falo, a resident of Chicago. His estate was valued at $225,000.

SLAIN BY INSANE BOY

Visitor to Minneapolis Shot Down on the Street.

MURDERER EXPLAINS CRIME.

Says Saloons and Theaters Were Closed and He Wanted Some Excitement.

A. P. Camden of Chicago, superintendent of construction for E. L. Benson & Co., elevator builders, was shot dead on Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, by an insane boy giving his name as James Montague and his age as sixteen.

The man and boy were total strangers and the murder was plainly the conception of a crazed mind. Montague was captured shortly after the shooting.

By his own confession, confirmed by police officers, the murderer's name is James Flood, whose relatives live in the vicinity of Austin. The relatives are two sisters, Ethel and Mazie. His mother died last March. His father has been dead ten years. Flood was born at Dexter, this state, twenty miles from Austin. On March 17 last he left his home for White Rock, S. D. There he sought work on a farm and continued at his labor until a few days ago, when he stole a horse from a neighbor and rode to Herman, Minn., where he sold the animal to W. L. Wilkins for $50. With this money he went to Minneapolis.

In the boy's trunk the police authorities discovered a complete feminine outfit, the collar being already attached to the shirtwaist as if the disguise had been carefully prepared to don at short notice. A woman's wig was part of the disguise.

Miss May Camden, Hotel Buckingham, St. Paul, has identified the body of Montague's victim as that of her brother, A. P. Camden of Chicago. He was in Minneapolis attending the convention of the Fraternity of Operative Millers. He formerly resided in St. Paul.

Montague explains the shooting simply by saying that the saloons and theaters were all closed and he wanted some excitement. There is no doubt as to his insanity.

ST. PAUL MAN A SUICIDE

George Henry Ranney Ends His Life by Hanging.

George H. Ranney, prominent in business and social circles in St. Paul, was found dead by members of his family, hanged to a door with a rope in their apartments at the Angus, a fashionable apartment house. Mr. Ranney had been suffering from melancholia, caused by ill health.

He was fifty-seven years old and he had been a resident of St. Paul for twenty-nine years. He had large business interests and was the secretary and treasurer of the Scribner-Libbey company, iron and metal workers.

Melancholia is the only cause assigned for the act by members of the family. Mr. Ranney's family relations were the most pleasant and financial troubles are not hinted at, as he was considered wealthy and prosperous. But he had been in poor health for some time and it had depressed him.

MESSAGE OF CONDOLENCE

Minnesota Prohibitionists Wire Brewers' Convention.

One of the first acts of the Minnesota Prohibition convention at Minneapolis was to send this message to the national convention of brewers in session at Milwaukee:

"The Prohibition state convention of Minnesota, now in session, sends condolences to your association. Your business is doomed, as your outposts are now carried and the Prohibition army is about to move against your main body. The church and society has now declared and the state will soon say 'the saloon must go.'"

Aged Man Dies of Starvation.

Rather than ask for aid Edward W. Jordan of Minneapolis, aged seventy, starved to death. He was found lying unconscious on a sidewalk and died within an hour after being removed to the city hospital. It was at first thought that his death was due to heart disease, but later developments showed that he was without money and was too proud to beg. As he was in poor health he was unable to work.

Fatal Explosion in Tunnel.

One man was killed and another seriously injured in an explosion in the west end of the Wisconsin Central railroad's tunnel near Duluth. Tom Maki, who was killed, was cooped up in a narrow shaft and the force of the explosion crushed him to a pulp. John Hartl, who escaped death, was at the opening of the shaft and was hurled violently against the rock wall.

Suit Against Lumber Company.

Word has been received at Minneapolis from Washington that the federal government has filed suits against C. A. Smith & Co. of Minneapolis to [illegible] acres of timber land in the state of Oregon, valued at over $1,[illegible]. United States District Attorney McCourt of Portland has the case in hand.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Everv Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.
Admission---Evenings, 15c to All; Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour - Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
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We Do All Kinds Of
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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Hennepin county now has two candidates for governor, and there is a very small chance of either one of them being successful.

The supposition that Congress never does anything for the benefit of the public except under protest and because of great pressure has recently been considerably strengthened.

Roseau Region—Congress, just adjourned, has earned the title of "Do nothing" congress, largely due to the bossism of Speaker' Cannon. About every act of legislation that President Roosevelt urged in his vigorous messages have been ignored. Truly has congress done things it ought not to have done and left undone the things it ought to have done, and there is no help in it. As a result the Democrats are jubilant and foresee capturing the lower branch at the coming elections.

Hendrum Review—People should not forget, during the coming political campaign, that the biggest issue before the country is the trusts. It is simply a question as to who are to be the owners of the country—a few corporations or the people. The present outlook is very much in favor of the corporations. They have beed accumulating a bigger share of the wealth of the nation with each year. An entirely different course from what has been pursued in the past seems necessary. It really looks as though we will be up against a choice between public ownership and corporation ownership within a few years.

Senator Allison has so long represented Iowa in congress that it became a sort of second nature for the citizens to vote for him. That is about the only reasonable explanation why he should have defeated at a primary election so able, brilliant and courageous a man as Gov. Cummins, whose record has been admirable—while Allison has been conservative to the edge of do-nothingism, and whose claim to greatness rests largely on the conspicuous fact that he never takes a positive stand on any constructive piece of legislation, and is the most artful dodger in the senate for years. The senate needs a few more men of the Cummins kind, and his defeat is a loss to the whole country.

Speaker Cannon is being roundly denounced by the press of the country for the arbitury and dictatorial manner in which he has presided over the present session of congress. By refusing to recognize a member who arises to make a motion or deliver an address the speaker can prevent the passage of bills to which he objects, and wreak vengeance on members who do not agree with him. Cannon represents everything that is reactionary in American life; he is entirely out of sympathy with the progressive ideas of President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft, and it is to be hoped that a combination can be perfected in congress in the near future with sufficient strength to overthrow him. Speaker Reed was frequently denounced as a "czar" but he never dreamed of using the power of the speaker's office as Cannon had used it.—Fergus Falls Journal.

If Minnesota had a direct primary law to select candidates for state offices, J. F. Jacobson would be the republican candidate for governor. Not having the direct primary law, the next best thing is for republicans to attend the caucuses and select delegates who will support the man of their choice. One difficulty in nominating Jacobson is that he nor his friends have any campaign fund, while the interests opposed to him are willing to spend many thousands of dollars to defeat him, and they are working quietly to get control of delegations, without arousing suspicion. The way to meet this kind of insidious warfare is for the voters to take an active interest, and the place to exercise their rights is at the caucuses. It will do little good to indulge in denunciations after the state convention has put a ticket in the field, and certainly republicans want to nominate a winner With Jacobson they would have a man who has done things for the benefit of the people, and who has fought fairly and fearlessly for good laws and a square deal.—Journal Press.

THE TRUST STALKING HORSE.

It is to be hoped that selfish interests will some time learn that they are engaged in dangerous business when they trot out the Constitution and make a bugbear out of it every time they have occasion to frustrate a progressive move that comes from the people.

This repeated use of the Constitution will be likely to breed in the popular mind an impatience that may replace the old-time reverence for that document with a new hatred, which it does not deserve.

For instance, there is the proposal that the government establish forest reserves in the White Mountains and the Southern Appalachians. The senate, last year, passed the bill providing for this without opposition, but the house, because of Speaker Cannon' senile objection to anything new and popular, has stood in the way of its further progress. The bill died in the house again at the recent session, and it will be blocked there so long as Cannon holds the place of power.

The object of this measure is twofold: to create forest reserves where they are needed, and to protect navigable waters by conserving the forests which steady and equalize the supply of water. The opponents of the bill have raised the issue that it is unconstitutional, because the Constitution gives the government no right to buy land for forest reserves. These people do not deny the government's right to take action for the preservation of waterways, but they assert that this feature of the proposition is merely lugged in to give the measure a show of constitutionality.

This merely shows to what lengths selfish opposition to measures for the common good will go. The purpose of the Appalachian bill cannot be assailed; it offers results valuable to the nation and its people all out of proportion of its cost. The direct attack being impossible, the indirect method is taken, and in nine cases out of ten, when selfish interests pursue the method of indirect attack, they trot out the Constitution. as though they thought that immortal document were especially invented for their benefit.

The Constitution was not invented for the protection of selfish interests. On the contrary, it was invented for the people, and it gave form to a government designed to produce the greatest good for the greatest number. No more shameful use of it could be made than to bulwark special privilege against the advance of popular interests. If those who make this use of it do not look out, they will destroy themselves by destroying popular respect for the Constitution.

The Constitution was made for man, not man for the Constitution. If at any time it becomes clearly evident that the Constitution is so inelastic that it stands rigidly in the way of progress, it will be changed. The more it is used to protect special privilege and selfish interests and to stay the advance of progress, the sooner the desire to change it will come. And if it does today imply that property is greater than humanity, it will not imply anything of the sort when it is changed by the people.—Duluth Herald.

Pretty Lively Fooling.

I was out walking in Kingston, Jamaica, one afternoon, and while on a narrow street I came upon two black women, each apparently in a towering rage. Each woman's tongue was going at a phenomenal rate, but not a word of their screeching jargon was intelligible to me.

Finally one of the women scooped up a double handful of the ever present Kingston dust and flung it over the other woman, with a wild shriek of laughter. The dust covered woman retaliated by taking a tin pan she had in her hand and, scooping up a couple of quarts of the dirty water in the gutter by the roadside, drenching her assailant with it, while all that part of Kingston resounded with the mad laughter. The two women then closed in on each other and proceeded to engage in a prolonged wrestle, which resulted in both of them falling to the ground, where they rolled over and over in a cloud of dust and finally stood upon their feet, facing each other in a state of dirt and disorder beyond description.

Fearing that they would make a second onslaught on each other and wishing to play the part of peacemaker, I stepped forward and asked:

"What is the trouble?"

Courtesying low, one of the women said in a soft, drawling voice:

"No trouble at all, mastah; we's jess foolin'."—Exchange.

Cast Up by the Sea.

They that go down to the sea in ships learn much of the mysteries of life. From the coast of Africa there traveled to Scarboro, Me., the painting of an old time sea captain of that town who long years ago was lost with all on board his ship in the China seas. The ship sailed from the home port with every prospect of a successful voyage, but she never returned to the home land. Years went by and she was given up as lost, her name was taken from the shipping list, and no news of her came back to the waiting ones at home. Long afterward a passing vessel picked up off the African coast the portrait of an American sea captain such as the Chinese artists paint, and on the back of the picture were the captain's name and that of the port from which he sailed. The painting was forwarded to the little American town, and it was found to be a picture of the Scarboro sea captain, master of the lost vessel that had left the harbor so many years ago.—Kennebec Journal.

Not Suspicious.

The Constable—Yes, your worship, the prisoner is a most suspicious character. The Accused (indignantly)—It's him that's suspeecious. Aw'm no suspeecious o' onybody!—Punch.

The good man prolongs his life. To be able to enjoy one's past life is to live twice.—Martial.

A Triple Coincidence.

An almost incredible triple coincidence was noted in France some years ago. In 1894 the deputy for the Ardennes was M. Ferry; for Loir et Cher, M. Brisson, and for the Vosges, M Hugo. In 1793, 101 years earlier, each district had been represented in the chamber by a man of exactly the same name.

Pleasant.

Mistress (midnight)—I don't intend to come downstairs to let you in at this time of night again. New Girl (reassuringly)—You won't have to, mum. One of my friends took an impression of your lock, and he's making a new key for me.—London Globe.

Fatal Error.

"N. Peck's wife leads him a rather merry gait, I fancy."

"Oh, yes. When he was courting her he told her one day she looked pretty when she was angry, and now it has got to be a habit."

That hacking cough continues

Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.

Take *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds up and strengthens your entire system.

It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Kerosene poured on the top of a burdock may kill it, but a better way is to run a spade through the root about three inches below the surface.

Oftentimes the fact that the butter comes hard is due to the cow not getting the salt she needs. Once a week is hardly often enough to salt the cow that is giving a generous flow of milk.

When the family cow is giving a good supply of milk she should be given free access to all the salt she wants. This will keep her in good condition, satisfying her physical needs and keeping her capacity to digest and assimilate the food she eats at a maximum.

A recent report is to the effect that peanuts are found growing wild throughout Nigeria and that immense quantities could be grown for export. As it is, due to lack of enterprise on the part of the people, not enough of the goobers are grown to supply the home demand for them as food.

Inasmuch as the curculio, which damages plums and apples, does its work by stinging the immature fruit rather than by biting it, an ordinary spray like bordeaux is only partially effective. Such treatment should be supplemented by a jarring and cultivation of the trees during the months of July and August.

Cabbage, tomato and young plants of other kinds will be much stockier and more vigorous if they are transplanted several times before being set in a permanent bed. The process of transplanting seems to develop an exceptionally strong root system, which enables the plant to make a vigorous growth when it is finally set out.

Since cultivation is given growing crops not only for the purpose of destroying weeds, but for the stirring of the soil so as to facilitate a proper circulation of moisture in the soil and radiation of heat, pains should be taken to cultivate growing things whenever possible shortly after heavy rains, so as to prevent the earth from baking and thus interfering with the processes above referred to.

Contrary to the opinion—which may be at first quite naturally held by some of the little folks who may now and then glance at these notes, peanuts, instead of growing on trees and bushes, as do most other varieties of nuts, grow, like potatoes, beneath the surface of the ground. When ripe they are pulled, washed and dried, being put in large sacks for shipment to the home grocer, who has to roast them before the small boy gets them in five cent sacks.

Probably the common black crow is the worst enemy of the poultry raiser, especially on the farm where the hens have plenty of range and lay eggs on the outskirts of the farm buildings as well as roam into the wood lots and pastures with the little chicks. While the crow may consume a few grubs, the harm he does in devouring the sprouting corn and the damage he inflicts upon the poultry justify all in marking him for extermination whenever opportunity offers.

The operation of Wisconsin's recently enacted pure food-stuffs and fertilizer laws is having some very wholesome effects. A recent bulletin on this subject not only contains a discussion of the use of fertilizers for the different farm crops but also a list of manufacturers' guarantees as to ingredient and a list of licensed fertilizers, together with a list of twenty brands licensed for sale this year. The report also shows that [illegible] brands of concentrated food stuffs are [illegible] four [illegible] the number registered a year ago, while [illegible] now registered [illegible] the number that had registered for a license a year ago, before the new law went into effect.

While there is all too little tendency with the average [illegible] of corporation to give that heed to the physical and mental [illegible] of their employes [illegible] of one day of rest [illegible] the seven, now and then [illegible] such an [illegible] [illegible]

The productive capacity of certain types of humanity seems to be on a par with the virility and fecundity of certain kinds of weeds. Not being able to perform a useful mission in life, the natural instinct of self perpetuation seems to be allowed full sway.

The good wife has more grounds for a kick on an empty wood box or water pail than the man of the house has on an empty salt cellar or pepper shaker. Moreover, it is quite likely to be the fellow who neglects the wood box who is most exacting when it comes to the table service.

In producing pork to sell there is probably no food that gives as large a gain in pounds as does corn. Yet if the pork is being produced for one's own use it will be more enjoyable if the ration of corn is substituted by a meal made of barley, peas and oats. This latter ration gives a somewhat better quality of meat, while the texture is such that it does not fry away as much as does the corn fed product.

According to the last report of the commissioner of internal revenue, there were used for the production of distilled liquors in the United States in the fiscal year 1906-7, 23,474,509 bushels of corn, 6,250,898 bushels of rye, 4,410,315 bushels of malt, 21,452 bushels of wheat, 17,301 bushels of oats, 1,629 bushels of mill feed, 685 bushels of barley and 4,442 bushels of other materials, or a total of all kinds of 34,211,231 bushels.

The sensible attitude to take toward the dairy cow is that she is a machine whose mission is the converting of feed into milk and butter fat. In view of the fact that the average cow has to produce 140 pounds of butter fat per annum to pay the expenses of keeping her, it follows that to have a mission that means anything to the dairyman she must produce considerably more than 140 pounds of butter annually. If she isn't good for more than this amount she is useless and should be forthwith converted into canned beef.

The large sized tiles which have been used quite extensively in years past for culvert purposes throughout many of the northern states have proved a decided disappointment in that they have been cracked as a result of allowing water to stand in them and freeze. A substitute which is being used quite extensively is a heavy galvanized iron piping quite heavily corrugated, which adds many fold to its strength. Being thickly galvanized, it does not rust readily, while it is so tough and strong that a small quantity of water freezing in it does not seem to injure it.

In many cities boards of health have been passing ordinances requiring that all cows whose milk is peddled to customers within the city limits shall be given the tuberculin test to detect the presence of tuberculosis. In some towns so large a per cent of cows are being found infected with the disease, with the accompanying decrease of those whose milk is fit for use, that the price of milk has advanced from 8 to 10 cents a quart. The populace will probably demur at this advance in price, yet most of them would pay it rather than consume milk laden with tuberculosis bacilli.

One of the causes contributing to make low priced hogs, besides the rather "hard times" which have held sway during the winter just past, is the fact that there has been an almost entire absence of hog cholera in most all sections of the country. It would be interesting to know, as a sort of side issue on the situation, whether this absence of hog cholera may not be quite closely connected with the fact that corn was very scarce and high last fall and that as a result it was fed quite sparingly, whereas in previous years hogs have been allowed to gorge themselves with the soft and immature corn. The situation presents several important aspects which it would be worth while for experts to look into carefully and report upon.

Recently enacted pure food and paint laws in the state of North Dakota have brought some interesting things to light. A careful inspection of all of the brands of paint offered for sale in the state showed that two makes of paint advertised as being pure white lead paints contained not a particle of this ingredient, while another [illegible] contained 25 per cent of straight water. This report, which is an exhaustive one, showed that, as a rule, paint which was offered at much less than the usual price did not contain the ingredients its manufacturers claimed or was adulterated with water or other [illegible]. This seems to [illegible]

As [illegible] the way the federal government [illegible] with the several states in the work of [illegible] [illegible] of Wisconsin and other states.

BENEFITS OF IRRIGATION.

It is doubtful if there is an industrial enterprise which has ever been undertaken by the federal government which gives promise of having such far-reaching and beneficent effects as that which has been inaugurated under the irrigation reclamation service under the direction of the department of agriculture. While a dozen or more separate irrigation projects have been undertaken under the terms of the Carey act, the Truckee-Carson project was the first to be completed, and such marvelous results have been attained through the application of water to heretofore arid and barren land that the excellence of this piece of legislation has been demonstrated beyond the question of doubt, giving additional impetus and meaning to every other similar project which has been started. By means of the irrigation system referred to water is taken from the Truckee river ten miles above Wadsworth, Nev., and carried to the channel of the Carson river by a canal thirty miles long. On Jan. 1, 1906, 50,000 acres of land had been brought under irrigation in the Carson river valley, and this has been nearly doubled since that time. Grain and fruit are now growing and herds of sheep and cattle feeding where but a short time before the desert stretched as bare and barren as a board floor. Under the terms of the Carey act the fund provided by the government for the prosecution of these irrigation projects is revolving—that is, the public land is sold to the settlers. After the completion of the irrigation works the sum expended on the project is returned to the government by the settlers in ten annual equal installments. As fast as it is paid back the money is devoted to the completion of other projects, and so on until all are completed. The water rights are perpetual and are held with the title of the land. A commendable feature about the plan is the fact that the purchase of land is restricted to a limited number of acres, which tends to do away with speculation entirely and encourages the location of bona fide home seekers. Wherever water has been turned on in these irrigating systems the soil has shown a remarkable productivity. The Truckee-Carson project is but one of several which promise to transform millions of acres of bleak and arid lands throughout the mountain and Pacific slope states into veritable garden spots.

HAS THE RIGHT IDEA.

One level headed young fellow with whom we were talking not long since in reply to a question why he was this year working less land than last year said that he had learned something from the experience of his father, who, with his wife and all of the children of an age to help, was always head over heels in work. Our friend stated that the hired man problem was a serious one—not only the getting of any man at all, but the getting a man whom a fellow cared to keep after he had hired him. With a quarter section farm he estimated that he could get along with the help he could hire by the day, while if he rented more land he would have to hire a man for the whole season and find something for him to do during that time. Working the smaller farm, he figured that, while there would not be so many bushels of grain to thrash and so much corn to husk, there would also be less work and worry and a good deal less to pay out for expenses of one kind and another.

A VALUABLE WOOD LOT.

The United States government has recently come into possession of a very valuable tract of land, 295 acres of redwood timber located in Redwood canyon, near San Francisco, the gift of a public spirited resident of that locality. It seems that the gentleman was without heirs, and, fearing that if his property were disposed of according to the usual process of law, this tract of timber might fall into the hands of lumber sharks, he made a deed of gift of it to the government, with the understanding that it is to be kept intact under the supervision of the forest service. This is one of the few plots of virgin redwood timber in the country, and the officials of the department are delighted at having it placed under their charge.

HORSE STANDARDS RAISED.

One very noticeable fact in connection with the horses of the middle west, where special pains is taken in the raising of the heavier type, is the [illegible] improvement in the character of the draft horses that are brought in and offered for sale in the small country towns. For the past fifteen years and more thoroughbred sires of very good general traits have been used and the character of the horses raised materially graded up, with the result that it is today no uncommon thing for a well matched team of high grade [illegible] Shires or Percherons to fetch from $400 to $550.

TO KILL NETTLES.

While the common [illegible] [illegible]

F. E. Trigg

"Something Good to Drink"

and something good to eat, and some good friends around the table add immensely to the pleasures of being alive, in this most beautiful of worlds. Hence it is not unusual to find in best American homes a few dozen bottles of some fine mellow malt and hop brew like

Gund's Peerless Beer

safely stored away in the ice box for daily use, and the entertainment of visitors. In the brewing of "Peerless," the finest and most costly bearded barley is used that can be grown in the rich, fertile plains of the Northwest.

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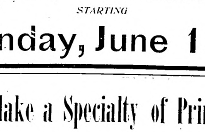

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We Make a Specialty of Printing AUCTION BILLS.

PLUG HATS OF JAPAN.

Cherished Tiles of the Vintage of Fifty Years Ago.

"There is one sight which you must not miss when you go to Tokyo," said the seasoned traveler to a New York Sun reporter. "That is the rare display of anthropological plug hats.

"Some people arrange to get to Japan in cherry blossom season, and others want to get there in time to receive an invitation to the emperor's garden party in chrysanthemum time, but take the tip of one who has batted about the world considerably and land in Tokyo either on New Year's day or on the emperor's birthday. On both you can see something unique in the lines of headgear.

"When Japan began to get civilized she bought all the accessories of civilization that England did not want any more. England sold her old fashioned, out of date, narrow gauge railroad stock, antiquated tram cars and other secondhand junk, including the then current styles of plug hat.

"The tile of those days has remained the ruling fashion in Japan up to the present. Japan may build Dreadnoughts, but the plug hat of fifty years ago still reigns supreme.

"Only on such ceremonious occasions as the New Year's festivities, the emperor's birthday or possibly the racing meets at Negishi, near Yokohama, does the Japanese gentleman bring forth from his camphor wood chest his plug hat, a heritage from his forefathers. It may be warped with twenty summers, damp or green with the slime of antiquity, but that matters nothing.

"Once this superstructure of his wrinkled frock coat and bagged trousers is added the Japanese gentleman feels that no dignity short of a decoration of the order of the Rising Sun can be added to his person. That crowning glory of a plug hat may settle around his ears or it may perch upon his head like half a peanut shell, but no matter. It is the hat of civilization and the badge of respectability.

"He trots out of his house looking like one of the ancient daimios, stiff with the dignity of two swords. All that fearful day he wears this hat of ancient vintage like a crown, and in the end he stows it away in his camphor chest, awaiting another festal occasion or to be held as an asset in his estate after death."

AN INDIAN GREETING.

The Salutation a Canadian Heard on the Columbia River.

Telling about the Indians of the Pacific coast as he found them in 1846, Paul Kane, the Canadian artist, tried to give an idea of their language as he found it at that time. The example which he quotes would have delighted Max Muller, and it may interest some readers in this country. In his "Wanderings of an Artist" he seems not to recall any particular individual of the name of Clark who might have impressed the Indians of the Columbia river, but American readers will at once think of this comrade of Major Lewis in the famous expedition of 1805.

"I would willingly give a specimen of the barbarous language of this people were it possible to represent by any combination of our alphabet the horrible, harsh, spluttering sounds which proceed from their throats, apparently unguided either by the tongue or lip. Mr. Kane. It is so difficult to acquire a mastery of their language that none have been able to attain it except those who have been born among them.

"They have, however, by their intercourse with the English and French traders succeeded in amalgamating after a fashion some words of each of these tongues with their own and in forming a sort of patois, barbarous enough certainly, but still sufficient to enable them to communicate with the traders.

"This patois I was enabled after some short time to acquire and could converse with most of the chiefs with tolerable ease.

"Their common salutation is 'Clak-hoh-ah-yah,' originating, as I believe, in their ancestors having heard in the early days of the fur trade a gentleman named Clark frequently addressed by his friends, 'Clark, how are you?'

"This salutation is now applied to every white man, for their own language affords no appropriate expression.—Minneapolis Journal.

A Day on Clergymen.

Bishop Potter at an ecclesiastical dinner in New York one time read a Cooperstown schoolboy's essay on "Clergymen." The essay, which created much amusement, was as follows:

"There are three kinds of clergymen—bishops, rectors and curates. The bishops tells the rectors to work and the curates have to do it. A curate is a thin married man, but when he is a rector he gets fuller and can preach longer sermons and becomes a good man."—Washington Star.

Women and Betting.

"Why is it that men bet and women don't?"

"Men choose betting as a means of putting a stop to an argument."

"Well?"

"Well, women never want an argument stopped."—Cleveland Leader.

A True Friend.

"I tell you Green is a true friend."

"How so?"

"He borrowed money from me and paid it back when I asked him for it without insulting me."—Detroit Free Press.

The reason some people can stay out of debt is nobody will let them get in.—New York Press.

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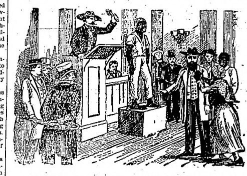

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A Grand Spectacular Production.

More Men, Women and Children, More Horses, Ponies and Donkeys, The Largest Pack of Siberian Blood Hounds.

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TO THIS WE HAVE COME.

The Few Control the Needs of the Many—A One Sided System.

How intermembership in directorship and stock ownership has developed and centralized control may be explained as follows:

Nine men control the Pennsylvania railroad system.

These nine, with four others, control also the directorates of the Baltimore and Ohio and the Norfolk and Western.

These thirteen, with six others, add control of the New York Central and Hudson River and the Chesapeake and Ohio.

These nineteen, with five others, control also the Chicago and Northwestern.

These twenty-four, with one other, control also the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

These twenty-five, with two others, control also the Reading system.

These twenty-seven, with three others, control also the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

These twenty-seven, with three others, control also the Erie.

These thirty, with five others, control also the Southern.

These thirty-five, with two others, control also the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

These thirty-seven, with two others, control also the Lehigh Valley.

These thirty-nine, with four others, control also the Great Northern.

These forty-three, with five others, control also the Northern Pacific.

These forty-eight, with two others, control also the Union Pacific.

These fifty, with one other, control also the Southern Pacific.

These fifty-one, with six others, control also the Rock Island.

The above is based on data published by the interstate commerce commission. The people's railroads are not theirs at all. Instead those the roads serve are at the mercy of a few swollenly rich profit hunters. This development is inevitable under the capitalist system. Nothing else could happen so long as such public utilities are not publicly owned. Socialism demands that the things the people depend on in common shall be owned in common.

PURPOSE OF SOCIALISM.

Collective Ownership Required to Guarantee Bread and Home.

Science has established the law that each succeeding phase of the social evolution preserves the vital manifestations of the preceding phases and eliminates the pathological manifestations. The laborer of today has gained certain points of which the producers of the past were deprived—liberty, suffrage, association—but he has not the guarantee of bread and a home. The purpose of Socialism is to give this guarantee to all, but it does not follow that it will do away with the conquests already obtained.

We find an example in the invention of machinery. This marvelous substitute for human labor should have had only beneficent consequences, but it has condemned multitudes of workers to the tortures of idleness and hunger because of the irresistible advantage to the capitalist. The only solution is that the workers (the collectivity) must own the machines.

No intelligent Socialist has ever dreamed of not recognizing all that the bourgeoisie has done for human civilization. These are permanent conquests of human progress. But it is necessary to rid the social organism of the poison that it has generated that no privileged class shall longer pass their lives in idleness and dissipation, but the immense majority of men shall rise to the heights of serene security instead of living in the anxieties and bitter strife of the present.

Under the system of private property and the monopoly of economic power the liberty of the man who does not share in this monopoly is only an impotent and sentimental toy.—Professor Enrico Ferri.

A Sinking Ship.

The old ship of capitalism is springing leaks in every part of her hold, and her rotten hull is beginning to fill, and it will not be long before the old hulk goes to the bottom. There is nothing in this to deplore. Capitalism has had its day, and it has been a long one. In capitalism all the forces were generated which now make Socialism possible, and for this at least we have reason to be thankful to the old system. We had to have capitalism and pass through it before we could have Socialism. The whole productive system has been Socialized within the capitalist system. It now only remains to Socialize its ownership to complete the evolution, and, this done, capitalism will go and Socialism will come as inevitably as the sunset at evening and the sunrise on the morrow.—Appeal to Reason.

Two Kinds.

There are two classes of criminals in society—those forced by want or degradation to crookedness and those who turn the power of place into evil for their own enrichment. Of the latter class political office has produced the greatest number, so great that crime in office is almost the rule with capitalist party officials. They have, in fact, turned the public offices into thieves' strongholds—the more miserable because by administering the law they render themselves secure from it. The history of capitalist party officeholding is almost a continuous account of official rascality and protected thievery.—Social Democratic Herald.

Labor must make a noise like labor on election day or the courts will keep on forgetting that he who toils is a part of the general citizenship.

PEN AND INK PIRATES.

Literary Theft Is Not Stealing; It Is Called Genius.

All authors steal. The capacity for stealing with art and elegance is one of the most potent equipments of the literary man.

Shakespeare was a magnificent thief. He stole whatever he could lay his hands on in a literary way and never marred in the stealing. He stole "Measure For Measure" from a play called "Promos and Cassandra." He stole "Hamlet" from a play by George Kyd. "Romeo and Juliet" he stole from Italy.

Sir Walter Scott stole with a sublime talent. He stole from antiquarian records. He stole from Goethe. He stole from Sheridan.

Charles Reade claimed the right of the literary artist to set jewels, even though the gems are the property of another.

Alexandre Dumas, the author of "The Three Musketeers" and "Monte Cristo," was one of the most remarkable filchers in literature. In one single year his name was attached to no fewer than forty different books. Not only did he steal unblushingly from every author who came handy, but he employed numerous literary ghosts and passed off their work as his own.

Brought to book, he had a ready reply. "The man of genius does not steal," he said; "he only conquers."

Alexander Pope, who made thousands of pounds by his poetic translation of Homer's "Iliad," was an indifferent Greek scholar. In addition to stealing from previous translators, he employed others to help and then claimed the whole work as his own.

When he translated "The Odyssey" he kept the public in ignorance that only twelve books could be called his and that the rest were the work of men whom he paid badly.

The arguments in Pope's "Essay on Man" were furnished by Lord Bolingbroke, and his "Essay on Criticism" was a poetic version of the conversation of his intimates.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan, wit, dramatist and politician, stole his famous characters Charles Surface and Joseph Surface in "The School For Scandal" from Tom Jones and Blifil in Fielding's well known novel, and he abducted Tabitha Bramble and Sir Hubert Mackilligut and transformed them into those still more entertaining characters Mrs. Malaprop and Sir Lucius O'Trigger in "The Rivals."

Of modern authors who stole and are stealing still the present writer does not say a word. Only history can afford to be free spoken.—Exchange.

Word Painting.

Mrs. Bradley, when questioned by a fellow traveler in the Pullman car in regard to her home, launched forth into a rather long and detailed description of its charms. Her little girl, Grace, who had been reading when she began to speak, soon closed her book and listened with great interest.

"It must be very pleasant," remarked the chance acquaintance, somewhat perfunctorily, when Mrs. Bradley finished, and Grace, her eyes gleaming with enthusiasm, said: "Oh, it must be perfectly lovely! What place is it, mamma?"

"Why, our own home, of course," answered the mother, somewhat embarrassed.

"Oh, dear," said Grace, sighing, "how much better it sounds than it looks!"—Youth's Companion.

Need and Needs.

Perhaps many persons have wondered why we are taught to say "He need not do that" instead of "He needs not do that," as the singular pronoun, he, requires under ordinary conditions the singular form of the verb. The reason is that in a sentence of that kind, a negative sentence, expressing requirement or obligation, "need" becomes an auxiliary and takes no change of termination in the third person singular. This exception is laid down in the grammars.—Chicago News.

The Iron Crown.

The iron crown of Lombardy, so called from the narrow iron band within it supposed to have been beaten out of one of the nails used at the crucifixion, was probably first worn by Agiluph at his coronation in 591. The historic crown after gracing the brows of such sovereigns as Charlemagne, Henry of Luxemburg, Frederick IV., Charles V. and the great Napoleon was in 1866 given up to Victor Emmanuel and is now preserved with great care at Monza, near Milan.

Extravagance.

"This is your little sister, Tommy," said the father, showing him the baby. "You will love her dearly, will you not?"

"Yes, of course," replied Tommy, inspecting the latest arrival, "but it'll cost a great deal to keep her, won't it?"

"I presume so."

"Yes," said Tommy, with a long drawn breath, "and when I asked you the other day to buy me a white rabbit you said you couldn't afford it."

This Is a Fact.

"When a man loves a girl in a novel he raves about her through forty chapters. In real life he never mentions her name."

"What's the application?"

"Merely that realism in a love story is not possible."—St. Louis Republic.

Still Faithful.

Mlle. Suzanne—Is that young man still under the window? Maid—Well, mademoiselle, he's running around in the snow to keep himself warm, but he goes in the shape of a heart all the time.—Bon Vivant.

Going to law is losing a cow for the sake of a cat.—Chinese Proverb.

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SEVEN YEARS
WITH SCIATIC
RHEUMATISM
CURED BY SWANSON'S
"5-DROPS"
writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

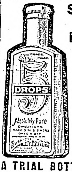

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"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

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SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY
Dept. 80 174 Lake Street, Chicago

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News, $1 Per Year.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1908 NUMBER 25

WILL BE OF INTEREST.

Congressman Steenerson Secures the Passage of an Important Bill.

Where Final Receipt Had Been Issued, Settlers Will Get Patent.

As will be remembered, a year ago a large number of final proofs made upon lands in this vicinity for which the Crookston land office issued a final receipt, were rejected by the general land office at Washington. In some case the settler who had made final proof had sold his land to another party and in nearly all cases had given mortgages. In order to remedy matters, Congressman Steenerson secured the passage of the following bill:

Sec. 9. That no final certificate issued upon proof offered under the commutation provisions of the homestead laws prior to the passage of this Act shall be cancelled solely upon the ground of insufficient residence in any case where such proof shows that the entrymen had in good faith resided upon and improved the lands covered by his entry for eight months within the year immediately preceeding the submission of such proof, and in all cases where the final certificate has been cancelled because of insufficient residence such certificate shall, upon the application made thereof by the entrymen, his heirs or assigns, within one year from the passage of this Act, be reinstated and confirmed if no fraud was practiced by the entrymen and no valid adverse rights have attached to the land effected there by at the date of the filing of such application.

Mr. Steenerson makes the following statement relative to the section:

"The above is a copy of Section 9 of the Act of Congress of May 29th, 1908, and it is for the relief of homesteaders who complied with the homestead laws as it was construed at the time they made their proof and whose commutation proof was accepted by the Register and Receiver, and final certificate issued, but which proof was rejected by the Department at Washington by reason of a change in the construction of the law, requiring eight months' continuous residence, whereas, when they made their proof it was not required to be eight months continuous. If the proof was accepted by the Register and Receiver and afterwards rejectected by the General Land Office, and the entry men lived on the land for a period of eight months during the year prior to commutation, he should at once apply to the Register and Receiver to have his entry reinstated and have the patent issued."

A Warning Sounded.

City and country merchants who have been in the habit of handling paris green and other poisons, saltpetre, borax and other drugs, or patent medicines should look up the law on these subjects and arrange with some drug store to take such articles as are not lawfully handled by other than registered pharmacists off their hands, as the state board is figuring on making a raid on all such in the near future. We understand that the minimum fine is $50 for each sale and if sales are followed up as expected the fines would bankrupt every dealer who fails to observe the law. Up to the present time the state board of pharmacy has been stalking around blindfolded like the goddess of justice and allowed nearly everybody to do the drug business, but it is time for a square deal which the law is supposed to mete out to all. Sealed packages under label are no protection if containing poison. They must be handed out to the consumer by someone licensed by the state board.—Canby News.

Highlanding Butter on Top.

That it pays to hire a good buttermaker is a fact that is appreciated by the farmers living up near Highlanding. The first shipment of butter to the New York market from Highlanding creamery brought a premium of 1½ cents above the market price. Wm. Lauretzon the buttermaker is certainly all right.

Naplin Was Here

N. A. Naplin, of the town of Polk Centor who is to be a candidate for the office of county superintendent of schools in Red Lake county this year, was in Thief River Falls last week sizing up the political situation. Mr. Naplin stated that he was well pleased with the outlook and that he received many offers of support.

Highlanding to Celebrate.

Highlanding is going to celebrate the Fourth of July this year and the residents up there say that it will be a hummer. About the livliest bunch of people in Red Lake county live in this vicinity of Highlanding and when they attempt to pull of a celebration you may be sure that it will be a good one. The glad hand will be given to all visitors and there will be plenty of entertainment.

Eckman Again a Candidate.

The legislative district to the north of us, which comprises the counties of Marshall, Roseau and Kittson is going to have quite a warm fight this year. O. B. Eckman, of Roseau, is in the field again as is also County Superintendent of Schools Mattson, of Roseau county. Dan Robertson, of Argyle, will also be a candidate and it is quite likely that others will enter the race. Mr. Eckman served for four years in the house and was defeated for the nomination two years ago. He is a strong man in Roseau county.

Getting Lots of Crows.

A great many boys, young and old, are earning big days' wages hunting crows now-a-days. There is a bounty of ten cents each placed on this specie of the feathered tribe and as a consequence their total number is decreasing rapidly, some of the boys bringing in as many as thirty or forty in a day. Most of the crows secured, however, are young ones taken from the nests, although quite a large number of the older ones are shot. The crow probably destroys more prairie chickens than are drowned out by the spring rains as is evidenced by the number of eggs shells found on the ground beneath a crow's nest. The bounty on crows is offered only during the nesting seasons.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

WILL PAY A REWARD

State Game and Fish Commission After Big Game Hunters.

Will Pay a Reward of $25 for Deer and $50 for Moose or Caribou.

The State Game & Fish Commission proposes this year to vigorously "go after" men who are addicted to the habit of "shining" deer or driving them into the water where they can be slaughtered very easily.

Carlos Avery, executive agent for the commission says:

"During the period when moose and deer are driven to the water by flies and mosquitoes, which is now about to begin and which will continue for approximately two months, an easy opportunity is afforded to wantonly destroy many of these large game animals. It has been the experience of the past that scores of moose and deer are annually shot to death in the water, many of them being left to decay by the guilty parties.

"As a means of preventing the killing of deer and moose at this season, I would suggest that you give all possible publicity to the fact that the Commission officers a reward of $25 for information which will lead to the conviction of anyone killing deer illegally, and $50 in the case of moose or caribou."

The fact that the Commission is offering a reward for the conviction of lawless pothunters will probably result in apprehension of some men who have followed this practice but have managed to escape prosecution.

Company L at Lake City.

Company L left Sunday evening over the Soo for Lake City to spend two weeks in camp. The News has a war correspondent at the front and will receive a weekly letter from the boys while in camp.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The News: $1 per Year.

GREAT JUNE SALE!
AT
The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Beginning Monday, June 22 — Ending Friday, June 26

5 = = DAYS OF BARGAIN GIVING = = 5

A Saving of from 10 to 50 per cent to You.

STOP! You can't afford to pass our store now without stopping. Come in and see what excellent things we are offering at little prices in Dress Goods, Summer Wash Goods, Dress Ginghams, Jackets, Waists, Skirts, Muslin, Underware, Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Shoes, etc. etc., for Women. Suits and Cravenettes, Underware furnishings, Hats, Trousers, etc. etc. for Men and Boys. Every ticket is the same as it was before the sale, but you need pay only part of the price marked thereon. Just note a few of the many cut prices below. See how much a little will buy and we believe you will "stop."

In the Dress Goods Department.

Dress goods and suitings, black and colors $1.50 values, sale price per yard, $1.20.

Dress goods and suitings all shades and colors $1.00 values, sale price per yard, .80.

Summer Wash Goods, White Goods, Dress ginghams, Silks etc. etc.

A beautiful line just received at a discount of 20 per cent for cash and cash only.

Percales, Galatea Cloths.

Sheetings etc. at a discount of 10 per cent for cash and cash only.

Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings Etc.

At a saving of 20 per cent for cash and cash only.

In the Ready Made Department.

Spring Jackets and Long coats. A few good numbers still on hand at a discount of 20 per cent for cash and cash only.

Skirts.

An elegent assortment of the latest styles, black, grey, blue, brown etc. in voiles, serges, panamas, cheriots and mixed goods.
$15.00 values, sale price, $11.75.
$12.50 " " " $9.75.
$10.00 " " " $7.75.
$5.00 " " " $4.00.
For cash and cash only.

Shirt waists, silk, lawn, linen, elegently trimmed, short and long sleeves at 90 cents on the dollar. For cash and cash only.

Muslin underwear, chemise, gowns, night dresses, pants, skirts, corset covers at a saving of 10 per cent.

HOSIERY, ladies and children's, black and colored at a saving of 10 per cent. For cash and cash only.

In the Clothing Department.

All men's suits and cravanettes, former price $20.00, sale price $15.75.
All men's suits, former price $15.00, sale price 11.75.
All men's suits, former price $10.00, sale price $7.75.
All boys $5.00 suits, sale price $4.00.
All boys $4.00 suits, sale price $3.20.
All boys $3.50 suits, sale price $2.80.
Mens and boys underware, shirts, hats etc. 15 per cent discount. For cash and for cash only.

In the Shoe Department.

Ladies and childrens shoes and oxfords in tan, white canvass, patent leather, dull calf, vice and canvass, all styles, any size, at a discount of 10 per cent from our regular prices.

Mens and boys shoes and oxfords in tans, patent leather, dull calf, vice and canvass, all styles, any size, at a saving of 10 per cent on our former low prices. For cash and for cash only.

ONCE MORE we would remind you that the Golden Rule's regular everyday prices are as low—often lower—than "special Sale" prices elsewhere. We can not allow refunds or exchange on goods bought at such reduced prices.

THE GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE.
O. J. SCHEI & CO. "The Store That Saves You Money." Thief River Falls, Minn

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

C. H. Martz was in the city yesterday.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Frank Hathway returned to this city Tuesday from his trip to Iowa.

A. R. Jones, candidate for the nomination for sheriff, was in the city yesterday.

Ole O. Nelson, of Thorwick, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder, 'phone 233.

C. M. Carlson the Strandquist real estate dealer, was in the city the first of the week.

The Ladies Aid of the Zion church meets with Mrs. Ed Peterson, June 25th. all are welcome.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Mayor T. P. Haimre is expected to arrive home from his trip to Hot Springs the latter part of the week.

Rev. B. Verkelund will preach in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side next Sunday forenoon.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Gib Lonson Wednesday afternoon, June 24.

Gustave Gunderson, who had been to Fergus Falls attending college, returned to this city Monday to spend his vacation with his parents.

Mrs. G. W. Booren, who had been at Fergus Falls visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Lawrence, returned to this city the first of the week.

Charles E. Boughton and family were up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday visiting friends. They made the trip in Mr. Boughton's automobile.

Rev. O. Guldseth, T. T. Thompson and and Mrs. Stromme, of Park River, N. D., were in the city Monday, the guests of Jeweler and Mrs. Anderson.

County Commissioner John Sorum came down from Holt last evening and left this morning for Warren to attend a meeting of the county board.

Maurice Giller, who has been attending school in St. Paul, arrived in the city this week to spend his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Joe Giller.

Corner Blair, of Red Lake Falls, was out to the town of Reiner the first of the week to view the remains of Andrew Hegland, who committed suicide by hanging.

Tommie Nelson, who had been here for a couple of weeks visiting his brother, Engborg Nelson, of the town of North, returned Tuesday to his home in Grand Forks.

J. H. Hay and family left this morning for Bemidji to spend several weeks camping out. Mr. Hay has charge of the summer school for Beltrami county at Bemidji this year.

E. M. Stanton this week removed his law office from the basement of the First National bank building to the Meehan building on the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street.

Miss Larson, who had spent several months here visiting her sister, Mrs. W. E. Baker, left Tuesday for Bridge Port, Conn., to make her future home. Mrs. Baker and son, Earl, accompanied her as far as Crookston.

B. P. Hviding, of Anton, passed through the city Tuesday enroute to Perley to spend a few weeks visiting friends. Mr. Hviding will also take in the celebration at Fargo this week.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning at 10:45, evening 7:45. Immanual congregation will have services next Sunday at 3 o'clock P. M. A cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 20 lb	1.30
Cookies from	10up
Cocoanut bulk per lb.	18
Prunes California per lb.	10
Apples evaporated per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb.	10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb can	25
Lobsters per can	30
Clams Scarboro beach per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle	25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for	25
Masali fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for	5

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 118 3rd St.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School 10 00 a. m. Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Every body cordially invited.

An Excursion to Detroit.

As will be seen by an advertisement in another column, the Soo line will run a special excursion train from this city to Detroit on Sunday, June 28. The fare from Thief River Falls for the round trip will be $3.72.

Tournament Committies Hustling.

All of the various committiees appointed by the Firemen to have charge of the tournament here this year would far outdo all other attempts. The local firemen are all hustlers and can be depended upon to do the thing up right.

Broke Another Record.

The Thief River Falls creamery, which is always breaking records, smashed another one last Friday when 11,000 pounds of cream were received. This is about 1,000 pounds more than has been received on any previous day. The value of this 11,000 pounds of butter to the farmers was about $600.

Stole from a Wyle Farmer.

Frank Daily was arrested at St. Hilaire Monday by the village marshal on a telephone message from Wylie.

Daily worked for a farmer by the name of Leo Schultz at Wylie. When he left he accumulated $5 in cash and a revolver worth $6 according to the allegations. He admitted his guilt and has been given a term at the St. Cloud reformatory. Daily is a recent arrival from La Crosse, Wis.

City Council.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening.

The application of the Hamm Brewing Company for an abatement of taxes was granted.

The sidewalk from the city hall north to second street was condemned and a 12 foot cement walk ordered.

Application was made to have the liquor license of Fred E. Wold transferred to Parkhurst and Warren.

The residents living in the vicinty of Knight Avenue and Fifth and Sixth streets petition the council for a street light. The matter was referred to the light committee.

The ordinance governing skating rinks, pool and billiard halls and bowling alleys was given its second reading. This requires these places of amusement to be closed from 11 p. m. to 5 a. m. and on Sundays. A fine not to exceed $100 is the penalty.

Cripple Gets His Leg.

Crookston, Minn., June 16.—After holding a man's artificial limb as security for four years, Chairman Sargent of the poor committee of Crookston yesterday forwarded it to Chicago to Emil Johnson, its owner. Four years ago when C. E. Misner, now of Pasadena, Cal., was chairman of the poor committee, Johnson dropped into Crookston from Winnipeg. He had just lost a leg in a railway accident and had purchased a $150 artificial limb. He reached Crookston broke and wanted this city to give him his fare to Duluth. Misner, however, declined and said he would send Johnson back across the Canadian border where he belonged. Johnson did not want to go that way and offered to leave his wooden leg here as a hostage till the money for the fare to Duluth was refunded. Misner agreed and the artificial limb was held here. The money was never forwarded, and after holding the limb, which never fit any of the crippled aldermen, it was finally decided to send it to Johnson.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church will serve dinner on the last three days of the tournament June 30th and July 1st and 2nd, in the store beneath the Masonic Hall. Dinner served at noon price 25 cents.

Cigar Smoke.

The stale smell of cigar smoke is peculiarly unpleasant and peculiarly difficult to get rid of. It clings to the curtains and to most of the articles of furniture which present any sort of an absorbent surface. It is not so to the same extent with cigarettes or with pipes. In the case even of a single cigar books, papers and textiles reek of its stale flavor, and the room requires abundant airing before that flavor is completely eliminated. This effect, we are told, may be traced to the fact that a cigar produces pungent aromatic oils in greater abundance than a cigarette or a pipe. With the cigarette oils are probably burnt even if they are formed, while in the pipe they condense in the stem. In the cigar they seem to be chiefly discarded into the air. In the form of a cigar tobacco would appear to produce more oils than in the form of a cigarette or when burnt in a pipe.—London Lancet.

Subscribe for the News.

PUT AN END TO ALL

Andrew Hegland, Town of Reiner Settler Commits Suicide by Hanging.

Body Found by the Town Assessor Last Saturday Evening at About 7.

Andrew Hegland, a settler in the town of Reiner, committed suicide last week by hanging himself. Just when he did the job is unknown. His body was discovered by the assessor of the town of Reiner who called at Heglands claim shortly after seven o'clock Saturday evening to assess his personal property and found his body suspended in the air. From all appearances the man had not been dead very long, but the body was cold.

Hegland has lived in the town of Reiner since last March. He formerly lived up near Grygla. He was about 30 years of age, and has no relatives in this section. A cousin from Thompson, N. D. took charge of the remains.

Kratka.

Mr. Knut Austin of Crookston is looking after his farming interests here and says that he is more than surprised to note how the growth of grain has advanced up here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Briloud are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl at their home recently. Ole is busy passing around the cigars.

Miss Edith Day, of Thief River Falls has commenced a term of school in the Connelly district.

Fred Du Champ is now pushing on the lines on the daily stage route. Fred is the boy who can surely get through the mud holes.

School has commenced in the Magnus Olsen school district with Miss Olga Iverson at the helm.

Miss La Nora Du Champ, of Germantown is up visiting with her parents here this week.

The Kratha Creamery commenced operations last Monday, June 8, and it is surprising to see cream coming in from every direction. People come in wagons, ox-carts, barges, and row boats on the river, but that is no reason why the Kratha creamory should not make a success.

Messers Singer Bros, have purchased the bankrupt stock of merchandise of the Rodney store and are busy now placing it in shape.

Stephen Singer returned from Bemidji last Monday where he had been on a business mission.

Willard B. Clow, of St. Paul was up looking over this vicinity last Thursday with a view of erecting a flour mill at this place, the coming season and if the Kratha people can be successful in getting another industry for their vicinity, they surely are advancing forward.

Work has been commenced on the erection of a large, new bowery for the Kratha 4th of July celebration, and posters and bills announcing it will be distributed soon. Further particulars will be given next.

It is amusing to note how easy the "wind jammer" feels jealous because Sheriff Nelson takes too much pride in himself to recognize such a "hot air editor." Mr. Nelson is wise and well enough assured that he was well supported by people who have some pull and does not bother himself with any such cheap "it and nit editor."

Highlanding.

Crops around Highlanding never looked better at this time of the year.

Mr. Christ Larson, the cattle buyer of Anton, took down a fine load of cattle from Little Oak and Highlanding on the Farmers Friend Thursday.

Mr. Walt McAndrews of Sunbeam, one of the managers of the Farmers Friend made a business call at Thief River Falls on Thursday, returning home on Saturday.

The Misses Sullivans, Arndts and Mc Mahons and Messrs. Arnt, Sullivans, Parno, Hunstad, and Wallie, were callers at the Jack Dunn home Sunday evening.

The Misses Sullivans were pleasant callers at the McMahon home Friday evening.

Among the passengers going down Thursday on the Farmers Friend were Mr. Doniker and Mr. and Mrs. Sam McMahon.

Give Jeffers a Purse.

At a meeting of the State [illegible] Association at Mankato a complimentary purse of $125 was made up and forwarded to Frank Jeffers, who for the past twenty years has been one of the most enthusiastic firemen in northern Minnesota and who has attended many of the state conventions in the past, and was boosting for the firemen in season and out of season.—Crookston Journal.

Wanted—Girls for country, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Ozender Employment Office, N[illegible] north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

Swedish Oats.

Louis Johnson, of Polk county who this spring sowed some Swedish Oats which he imported from the Old Country is highly pleased with the way they are thriving. They come up well, have a magnificent color, and are growing very rapidly, far outstripping the varieties usually sown here.

A Big Drive Coming.

The drive on Battle River has been completed, the entire 19,000,000 feet of logs being landed in Red Lake this week. From there the logs are rapidly being towed across Red Lake to the Red River, to be driven the balance of the way to Grand Forks.—Kelliher Journal.

May Was Wet.

Long Prairie Leader: May 1908 was the wettest month for the entire country in many years. Throughout the east the record of rainfall exceeded that of any similar month since the government began to make observations and all through the west and central states the month was characterized by unusual moisture. If reports are to be relied on central and northern Minnesota had less rainfall than did the territory to the south and east. So those of us who have been finding fault with the dampness of the past few weeks should wake up to the fact that our brethern in other states have more to kick about than we have.

AT THE BIJOU.

The stellar attraction of the motion picture plalets at the Bijou this week is the Midsummer phantasy, entitled "The Haunted castle." This is a beautiful plalet introducing many novel effects and beautiful old scenes, taken in one of the old castles of Paris. Of the tragic order, we offer two beautiful subjects, "The Poacher's Wife" and "Poverty and Probity." Comic, "A good Medicine." The illustrated song is especially good, "Monterey," a pretty Spanish ballad.

Have you seen the "Merry Widow" hat that is going to be given away this week? Come Saturday evening and see if you can get it.

Amateur night, every Friday evening at 9:30 sharp.

Germantown.

Last week proved beyond doubt that when the weather is not warm it is cold.

A petition was circulated some time ago, on the strength of which a special town meeting has been called by the clerk to convene on June 19th, for the purpose of considering a proposition to construct ditches on all section lines if it shall be determined that such course is necessary for the roads and the town in general, and further to determine whether or not bonds shall be issued for payment of same. This plan, if carried in connection with a proposed county ditch together with possible results of the Volstad bill should certainly suffice to make this "grand plain dry as a stick in short order.

Miss Jonas closed a term of school last Wednesday with a picnic for the children in Vaughans grove. The affair was also well attended by the parents.

William Christofferson left Monday before last for his former home in Fergus Falls.

Joseph Duchamp has removed to Kratka in order to reside on his mail route.

The new ditcher owned by Vaughans and others was put to work on arrival and is said to be satisfactory in all ways. The machine cuts a ditch four feet wide and two feet deep and can under ordinary conditions be run about a half a mile a day by two horses. One ditch has been opened on the line running west from town.

The new school house was completed week before last and is a noticeable improvement to the appearance of our burg. The new house is a hip roofed building, 24 x 36 feet, and 12 feet posts, and is planned to accomodate 50 scholars. Besides the main school room there are ante rooms and a library room. The building is planned and built to comply in every way to all sanitary requirements in a modern school house. L. Jordeshaugen, the contractor has given the district a square deal and the work is appreciated.

The basket social at the new school house Saturday evening was well attended. The sale of baskets netted the district about 40 dollars, to be applied to the building fund.

Miss Emma Jonas and a party of young folks came up from Thief River Falls to attend the basket social Saturday.

Sunday, at Thief River Falls occurred the marriage of Miss Kat[illegible] Hatsdy[illegible] a Mr. P. Bakke[illegible] [illegible] right man. The bride [illegible] young lady of this [illegible] daughter of Mr and Mrs. Carl Hy[illegible] dahl.

[illegible] city last week [illegible]

All [illegible] things are [illegible]

The [illegible]

The town fathers [illegible] Monday [illegible] Assessor [illegible]

What [illegible] appropriate one for raising umbrellas [illegible] promised.

WITH OUR SOLDIERS.

"Private Boggs" Writes of the Doings of Our "Hay Foots" and "Straw Foots."

Life at Camp Lakeview Being Enjoyed by Our Soldier Boys.

Camp Lakeview.
Lake City, Minn.

Despite the fact that those who knew, at home, were positive in their statements that Company L, in camp, would find life very strenuous, no one so far has had any reason to regret his trip. The crowd which bade us God speed when we left Sunday evening made a deep impression on many of the boys and several gave it as their opinion that they "Guess it ain't so bad after all to be a soldier."

The trip itself was full of fun and frolic, though Capt. Wiste clapped the lid on tight at twelve o'clock with the admonition that any noise or disorderly conduct would merit an all night's siege as guard at the rear car door. It is needless to say that the car was unguarded. Though very few of the boys were able to get more than a few short naps, the rest was beneficial and was appreciated to a large extent. When the trip from Glenwood to St. Paul commenced most of the boys were awake and those who were not, were promptly routed out with the advice that when Old Sol saw fit to favor us with such an array of his influence, nature's beauties should not go unseen. And all took advantage to view the beauteous parts of the North Star state under a rising sun. And when the city limits of Minneapolis were reached the members of the Company were all attention, for many of them had not been in the cities, nor seen a city larger than our own town. Thru the milling district, where factories, warehouses, elevators, etc., each crowded the other in their frantic endeavors to tower higher than his neighbor, through the mystic maize of side tracks and sprus, where the ability of the engineer to worm his way along was marveled at; and finally into the Milwaukee depot in Minneapolis, where the many passenger trains and switching crews opened the eyes of more than one admirer. After a short wait there, the train pulled out for St. Paul, at which place an hour or so, was spent in see-sawing back and forth through the net work of shining steel, and, read it well, the boys had been without anything to eat since suppertime the night we left home. After gettin a lunch, Co. L. with three other companies, the baggage, and hospital corps, in a eleven-car section of the special, started on the final part of the trip. At Red Wing, the company from that place was picked up and the grand entree into Camp Lake View was made.

And The Almighty could not have picked a finer place for a camp grand than Camp Lakeview. Bordered on three sides by high bluffs covered with an abundance of green verdure, and on the other by the beautiful Lake Pepin, the grounds dotted with the tents and other buildings present as attractive a picture as one would wish to see.

Co. L is safely and comfortably located on A Street, the first in the camp. The company occupies tents on both sides of the streets with from two to four men in each tent. As soon as possible after arriving the guards were posted and the sentinel lines marked out, and the ten days camp life was started. The short time allowed in which to get this into the paper, make a more extensive write up impossible but more of the camp life will be described in next weeks issue. Active camp work, following the government routine, will be taken up tomorrow morning at 5:30 A. M.

Let no one worry for their husbands, sons, brothers, or sweethearts, for we are from Thief River Falls, and that's enough. Men who can safely state that as a name for their home town need never be afraid of harm. We are all well and happy and no one worries about the folks at home. We're out for fun, and By Heck, we'll have it!

"Private Boggs"

Holt Creamery.

Statement of H[illegible] creamery for the month of May, 190[illegible]

Total cream received	[illegible]
Average test	[illegible]
Butter fat	[illegible]
Price paid	[illegible]
Total receipts	[illegible]

[illegible]

Red Lake Falls Here Sunday.

The Red Lake Falls [illegible] team in the city Sunday [illegible] with the local club. A good game is promised.

IS MAKING A BIG HIT

Winter Rye Will Soon Be a Big Crop in the Red River Valley.

Cleans Out Foul Weeds and Affords Good Fall Pasturage for Stock.

Crookston, Minn., June 15.—From present indications winter rye will become one of the leading crops of the Red river valley. Several farmers have been experimenting with it several years past and have made a signal success of it. The crop this year is exceptionally fine and will be ready for harvest early in July.

The rye stands four feet high and the heads are long and well filled. It attained a good growth last fall and before killing frosts came made excellent pasturage for sheep and cattle. With the first approach of spring it shot up and is so hardy that severe frosts did not hurt it in the least. It will be harvested and the ground plowed before any other crops are ready.

The rye crop, if properly handled, is far more effective in cleaning the land of foul weeds than two summer fallowings, according to N. C. Hanson, a thoroly practical farmer. It chokes out mustard, king head and all other weeds.

Another year will see thousands of acres of winter rye harvested in this section, as scores of farmers are preparing to sow it next September.

Rocksbury.

The farmers belonging to the Farmer Mutual Telephone Co., went down to Wylie after their poles Tuesday.

Mr. Satre had the misfortune to lose a cow and a horse on Monday.

Pat Meehan from Milwauke, Wis., visited with his brother John Meehan over Sunday.

Miss Gustie Satre came up from Red Lake Falls where she has been teaching school.

Mr. Callway was around calling on friends last Sunday.

The pupils of the Grace Union Sunday School visited with the Ness S. S. last Sunday.

Mrs. Welo is enterainin company from Ottertail County Minn.

Mrs. John Nelson arrived home from South Dakota where she, has visiting.

Mrs. Wm. Shannon called on Mrs. Miller last Monday evening.

Soren Miller played with T. R. F. ball team at Excel last Sunday. The score being 8 to 7 in favor of the T. R. F. team.

Mr. H. Rondorf was a business caller in St. Hilaire Saturday.

The Y. P. S. C. met at the School House last Wednesday evening, coffee, sandwiches, and cake was served, and they all report a very good time.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. Rondorf surprised them last Saturday evening.

Silverton.

The weather, the past week has been fine and the roads and fields are drying off in fine shape so that the farmers can get around and finish up their seeding.

W. H. Quist is busy out in the town of Kratha putting in the crop for his brother Ernest.

Superintendent of schools, H. T. Mc Anulty visited our school last week, Wednesday.

C. W. Wilson who had been working for W. H. Quist during the spring left for parts unknown this past week.

I. E. Quist from Germantown visited his parents a few days last week.

Miss Bertha Pederson has finished a two months term of school in District number 16.

Mr. Fred Hacek was in town Monday, on business.

Hand Stegstad is breaking for C. Moen this week.

A dance will be held at Mat Staska's place, June 29.

Miss Anna Johnson visited friends at Thief River Falls, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Clem. Sebek of N. D. came out to his claim last week.

Mrs. Fred Placek was at Thief River Falls, Friday.

A big dance will be given at Mat Staska's place June 2[illegible] Saturday.

A Special Train from Warren.

The Society has promised to run a special train from Warren to the city on Tuesday, June [illegible], the second day of the tournament. No guarantee is required of the local committee to secure this train, but it is expected to have a large number of passengers, as [illegible] of the population of Warren is figuring on coming here to attend the tournament.

I have [illegible] east side [illegible] Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

GUSTAF'S VISIT TO BERLIN

King and Queen of Sweden Are Given an Enthusiastic Welcome to the German Capital.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

King Gustaf and Queen Victoria received an enthusiastic reception on their arrival in Berlin, Sunday, June 7. Emperor William and other members of the German royal family were all on hand to give the Swedish king and queen a hearty reception and the streets were lined with cheering masses. In the evening a gala banquet was given in their honor at the royal palace. The emperor gave a significant toast in which he expressed the wish that the good relations between Sweden and Germany would continue and that their trade relations would be improved. King Gustaf replied, thanking the emperor for his well wishes, and stated that it had always been Sweden's aim to become closer united to the sturdy German nation. The receptions to the Swedish king and queen were equally enthusiastic in Copenhagen, where they, of course, were equally royally entertained at the royal palace. During the course of an address which King Gustaf delivered in Copenhagen he said: "The clouds which have dimmed the Scandinavian heavens have passed away and there is a new and brighter dawn."

Where is Sven Hedin, the Asiatic explorer? is a question which is generally asked by all those who are interested in this wonderful man and his remarkable travels. Since last December not a word has been heard from him and many are those who believe that he has perished. When last heard from he was in the vicinity of Bramaputra and stated that he intended to visit the Mansarovar islands. The letter was dated Dec. 6, 1907, and he stated that he was at the time of writing enjoying good health and hoped to reach Stockholm during the early part of next month. Some alarm is being expressed because he always used to write often and used to send bulletins to the daily papers in Stockholm very regularly.

The cabinet has proposed to the riksdag that the government shall sell the Laholm waterfalls to the South Swedish Power company for 274,000 crowns and that this sum be used for the purchase of other waterfalls to be owned by the state. The government has already purchased the cataracts on the Motala river between Roxen and Norrbysjoen for 2,352,000 crowns; also the Korseforssen in Lagan for 1,285,000 crowns; the Hammarby falls in Jarlen for 600,000 crowns, and the Skeen falls in Bohuslan for 250,000 crowns. The railway commission has recommended the purchase by the government of several other waterfalls in Lagan for 623,392 crowns.

Director Hoegberg and his Kronoberg military band, which made a concert tour in America this spring, have returned and are profuse in their praise of the Swedish-Americans and state that Dowager Queen Sofia is in ill-health and has not been able to carry out her plans for the summer and is sticking closely to her apartments. She has catarrh of the throat and during the past few days she has had a slight fever. She is at present at Ulriksdal and will most likely remain there all summer. The other day she enjoyed a visit from the Dowager Queen Emma of the Netherlands. The latter may spend a month or two later on at Ulriksdal.

The Duke and Duchess of Sodermanland left Karlsruhe the other day and are now enjoying a flying trip through Italy. They are expected to arrive in Stockholm within a few days, where extensive preparations are under way for their reception. They will enter the city in the late King Oscar's pleasure yacht and will be received by the king and queen and other members of the royal family. The royal young couple will not long remain in the Swedish capital, but will go to Stenhammar, where, it is understood, they will spend the remainder of the summer.

King Oscar's apartments at the royal palace have been left undisturbed since his death. The bedroom and writing room stand exactly as they did prior to the king's death. Even the bed in which he died remains untouched and will remain so for some time by order of King Gustaf. No changes have been made in King Oscar's winter garden, where he was fond of spending much of his time, especially when he was reading the newspapers.

This is the time of the year when hundreds of Stockholm citizens move out to their villas on the islands to spend the summer. Owing to the present house famine in Stockholm there will be hundreds of people who will move out of the city this fall.

Professor Svante Arrhenius has been elected a member of the Academy of Sciences at Washington, D. C. It is possible that Mr. Arrhenius will pay a visit to America in the near future.

Stockholm has a school fund which it certainly does not have to feel ashamed of. It amounts at the present time to not less than 1,500,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Military requirements are just as stringent in Norway now as ever. General Braflie has proposed that if a young man who is capable of military service refuses to serve according to law, he shall forfeit all civil rights in the kingdom of Norway. As a matter of fact the government is at present grappling with this problem and many officials are in favor of stringent measures. Yet there are those who believe that the army can be kept up without compelling young men to serve against their will.

The mints are now busy turning out a lot of new coin and the Norwegian people will have some brand new money for a while. The new money which is being turned out consists of 400,000 crowns' worth of 2 crown pieces, 350,000 crowns' worth of 1 crown pieces, 50,000 crowns' worth of 50 ore pieces, 100,000 crowns' worth of 25 ore pieces, 100,000 crowns' worth of 10 ore pieces, besides a large quantity of bronze coins.

The May 17 celebrations this year were all well attended all over the country and much enthusiasm was evinced. In the Norwegian capital the entire town turned out and thousands of visitors came in from the country. The king's speech was a feature of the day and the grand parade was one of the most imposing spectacles ever seen in the Norwegian capital.

The Norwegian storthing a week ago last Thursday decided to appoint a committee to take up certain questions in regard to the church and also discuss and draw up plans for the purpose of a complete separation of the state from the church. The committee will consist of nine members, of which five are to be appointed by the storthing and four by the king.

Among the many distinguished Scandinavian visitors who are at present enjoying a visit to Christiania is the famous Norwegian specialist of Minneapolis, Dr. M. O. Bockman, who was recently given an audience by King Haakon. Dr. Bockman will spend the greater part of the summer in Norway.

Norwegian emigration is growing less, according to the last statistics. Only 1,775 Norwegians emigrated to foreign countries by way of the six leading seaports during the first quarter of the present year. Last year during this same period, there were 4,496 persons who emigrated to foreign lands.

Major O. P. Myhrs and wife returned from the Congo the other day, where they have spent the last nine years. After spending the summer with friends in Christiania they will return to the Congo, where the major holds a commission in the army of the Congo.

Rev. Scheldcrup, who has been appointed bishop of the diocese of Kristiansand, was born in 1853 and has been dean of the parish of Otternes and Randosund since 1903. He is a man of great learning and is one of the most eloquent preachers in Norway.

Professor Renault, of Paris, who a few years ago was one of those to whom the Nobel prize of literature was awarded, is at present enjoying a visit in Norway. Later on in the summer he will visit Sweden and Denmark.

A large number of Norwegian-Americans were in the Norwegian capital May 17. They all enjoyed themselves hugely and many of them were presented to the king.

A great sangerfest is being held these days in Christiania and singers from all parts of the country are in attendance.

Bjorn Bjornson, a son of Bjornstjerne Bjornson, has accepted an engagement as instructor at the Berliner theater.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Recent statistics show that the following number of Danish people are residing at present in foreign countries: In 1900 there were 3,785 Danes in Norway, 6,871 in Sweden, 1,178 in Russia, 20,721 in Germany, 572 in Switzerland, 391 in Belgium, 3,655 in England and Ireland, 800 in France, 100 in Spain, 220 in Italy, 225 in Austro-Hungary, 300 in China, 100 in Japan, 146 in British East Indies, 30 in Congo State, 343 in Cape Colony, 134,636 in the United States, 100 in Mexico, 1,500 in Argentine, 1,758 in New South Wales, 1,922 in Victoria, 3,161 in Queensland, 78 elsewhere in Australia, 155 in Tasmania, and 2,120 in New Zealand.

The European press publishes persistent reports to the effect that Prince Adalbert, the son of Emperor William of Germany has become engaged to the Princess Dagmar, the youngest daughter of King Frederick, who is only eighteen years old. A French paper claims, however, that the German prince proposed, but that he received the mitten. However that may be we shall soon hear of it, according to denial through the [illegible] channel.

The Danish isles are crowded with political refugees from Hayti. It is reported that the immigration laws of the islands are inadequate to cope with the situation. [illegible] [illegible] taking up the matter at [illegible] reported.

The [illegible] in Denmark increased at [illegible] during the past year. This was due largely to the increased [illegible] on wine and tobacco.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

VALUED AT $108,000,000.

Right of Way and Terminals of Northern Pacific Road.

Some interesting figures in regard to land values as represented by right of way and terminals, exclusive of improvements, were given by Thomas Cooper, land commissioner of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, when he was examined before Judge Otis, special master, who is taking testimony at St. Paul preparatory to a final hearing on the merits in the state rate cases.

Mr. Cooper places the total land valuation at $108,000,000, nearly one-quarter of which is in Minnesota. Some idea of the value of the yearly increase in the company's holdings may be gained from Mr. Cooper's statement that since he was appointed commissioner in 1904 he has purchased $6,139,542.35 worth of land for the company between St. Paul and the coast.

Mr. Cooper places the value of St. Paul terminals at $9,907,889.34, while Minneapolis terminals are valued at $5,292,819.22. These figures are based on the land values exclusive of improvements. The area of the St. Paul property is 751.68 acres, while the Minneapolis area is 309.87 acres.

WOMEN DRINKERS INCREASE

Archbishop Ireland Says Men Have Improved.

Drinking among women is on the increase, Archbishop Ireland declared in his address before the annual convention of the Total Abstinence union, archdiocese of St. Paul, at the old capitol in St. Paul. During the early times men were so bad that women were kept busy trying to reform them. Men have improved and women have become worse and the women should now devote their efforts to obtain total abstinence among themselves.

Archbishop Ireland was introduced as the 'father of total abstinence in the Northwest. In his address he gave reminiscences of the abstinence movement from 1869 to the present. In speaking of the efforts of the brewers to make the retail saloon decent he said: "Unless the decent saloon comes, and comes quickly, prohibition will come." As for the decent saloon, he doubted if there were such, and said that a St. Paul man who had tried to run a decent saloon was compelled to close in two weeks.

Pickpockets Make Big Haul.

H. C. Taylor of St. Paul and Seattle was robbed at St. Paul of about $9,000 in cash and securities which he carried in the inside pocket of his coat. The robbery took place as he was about to alight from a Northwestern train on which he, his wife and his four-year-old son had just arrived from Chicago. The work was done by pickpockets. They are described as having been well dressed, but, further than that, nothing is known of their possible identity.

Eloping Couple Goes to Prison.

Clyde Sheldon, who left a wife in Denver, and Mrs. Myra Harrell, who left a husband in the same city and eloped to Minnesota about a year ago, buying a farm near North Branch, have reached Stillwater to begin prison terms of two years each, having pleaded guilty to a statutory charge. The prosecution was directed by the man's wife, who found a clue which led to the discovery of their whereabouts.

Puts Foot on Third Term.

Governor Johnson has verified the statement of his secretary, F. A. Day, to the effect that he would, under no circumstances, be a candidate for a third term. He will not even accept the nomination if it is tendered him. In view of the general belief that he would be a candidate again despite the denial of Mr. Day, the governor's statement is interesting in that it disposes of the third term talk.

Joy Causes Woman's Death.

Joy caused the death of Mrs. Agnes Goain of St. Paul, aged fifty-three. Following the marriage of her daughter Katherine to John Modrynski she had been in a state of uncontrollable excitement and a few hours after the wedding was found dead by one of her daughters. Coroner Miller was called and said that heart failure, aggravated by excitement, was responsible for her death.

Steamer Again Damages Bridge.

The [illegible] Superior Duluth drawbridge, wrecked two years ago by the steamer Troy, was struck again by the steamer Wilpen. The span was nearing completion and was jarred three-eighths of an inch off its bearings. It could stand an inch and a half without going into the bay again, but the jar will set the date of reopening back about a month.

Minnesota Farmer Cremated.

Clark Monette, a farmer [illegible] ing near Chatfield and an expert in bee culture, was cremated in his [illegible]. His brother discovered that the [illegible] had burned and search of the [illegible] revealed only a few bones and the watch of the missing man. No one saw the fire and there is no evidence that would in any way give a clue as to the cause.

Saved From Fire by His Dog.

Fire of unknown origin totally destroyed the barn of the Duluth [illegible] ing and Malting company, entailing a loss of $[illegible]. [illegible] head of horses and three mules were cremated. Barn Boss Edward [illegible] was asleep when the fire broke out and would have been burned to death if he had not been awakened by his bulldog.

BANKER IS CONVICTED

J. U. Barnes of Minneapolis Held Guilty of Grand Larceny.

GIVEN TEN DAYS TO APPEAL

Manipulated Funds of Insolvent Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company.

J. U. Barnes, president of the insolvent Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust company of Minneapolis, was declared guilty by a jury before which he was tried on charges of grand larceny. The indictment was based upon his manipulation of the company's funds, which was shown to have amounted to loans to himself. Several other indictments remain as yet untried.

Mr. Barnes took the verdict calmly, and his attorneys immediately applied for a stay in the proceedings pending an appeal to the supreme court. Judge Holt granted a stay of ten days and Mr. Barnes was released on his former $10,000 bond.

JEALOUSY THE CAUSE.

Captain of State University Football Team Shoots Himself.

Ney Dunne, captain of the University of Minnesota football team, shot himself on one of the main streets of Jackson, where his parents reside.

The cause of the shooting appears to be jealousy. Dunne kept company with a young lady who refused to attend a dance with him, preferring the company of a young barber. This, apparently, enraged Dunne, and, walking with a young man friend, he overtook the girl and her escort, saying that if the latter would turn around he would fill him full of lead, not wanting to shoot a man in the back.

The barber, not paying attention, Dunne pulled his revolver and fired at himself, the shot taking effect under his heart. He was carried to a physician's office, where the ball was extracted from his back. Dunne died a few hours later.

The Dunne family, as well as the young lady's family are highly respected in the community. Dunne was to have been graduated next year from the law department of the university.

DECLARATIONS OF LABOR.

Resolutions Adopted by Minnesota State Federation.

The State Federation of Labor held a three days' session at Winona. The convention declared for the initiative and referendum, a constitutional state employers' liability bill, eight-hour law to apply to state employes and installation of a state printing plant.

The prohibition question was disposed of by a resolution which declared that whereas sumptuary legislation would work great injury to many organizations, loyally affiliated, the Federation of Labor pledges its moral support to affiliated unions in their efforts to prevent the enactment of legislation favorable to county option or prohibition laws.

Closer relations between the Federation of Labor and the Society of Equity were favored.

Aged Pioneer of State Dead.

Josiah Blodgett Chaney, eighty years old, for more than twenty years assistant librarian of the State Historical society and one of the early residents of St. Paul, is dead. Mr. Chaney came to Minnesota in 1858, settling at St. Anthony. During the Civil war he served in the second company of Minnesota sharpshooters, which was allied with the First Minnesota, putting in two years of active service and fighting in several battles. After 1864 he took up his residence in St. Paul, where he had since lived.

Minnesota Veterans Elect Officers.

The Minnesota Grand Army encampment at Minneapolis elected Marcus W. Bates of Duluth commander-in-chief. Other officers were chosen as follows: Senior vice commander, F. C. Greening, Grand Meadow; junior vice commander, E. Z. Racey, St. James; medical director, Dr. W. J. Taylor, Pipestone; chaplain, Charles H. McCreery, Northfield; council of administration, Byron W. Mosier, Stillwater, A. W. Guild, Minneapolis, and John F. Perry, Minneapolis. Affiliated organizations also elected officer

Dies Suddenly of Broken Heart.

En route from his home at Rushford, this state, to West Union, Ia., Peter Miller, one of the wealthiest business men of Southern Minnesota and widely known among stockmen of several Northwestern states, suddenly expired in his buggy. The body was found by a passing farmer. Death was due to apoplexy, believed to have been caused by grief over the loss of his wife, who died suddenly recently of an attack of heart disease.

Veterans Endorse Van Sant.

Former Governor Samuel R. Van Sant was unanimously endorsed for commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic at the annual state encampment in Minneapolis. Mr. Van Sant delivered the address of welcome to the assembled veterans, about 2,000 in number, from all parts of Minnesota. He was loudly cheered when he announced his candidacy for the highest position in the gift of the G. A. R.

Supper Tonight

BY

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Gov. John A. Johnson states that he will not be a candidate for governor this year. He is the only man the Democrats could hope to elect in this state this year.

Perhaps few people have given a thought as to the reason why farm lands are continually increasing in price. Every year sees an advance of several per cent in values; not only in this portion of the country, but all over it. This is not surprising when you think of the fact that the population is increasing over a million every year, and a large proportion of the increase must have farm lands to live on. Every two years we add more people than the entire population of Norway. A year's increase is enough to settle the two Dakotas as densely as they are now populated.—Hendrum Review.

That he already has pledged to candidacy 697 votes of delegates to the Denver convention, or twenty-five more than the two-thirds necessary to nominate, is the claim of W. J. Bryan. Formal announcement of these figures was made Saturday from Mr. Bryan's office in Lincoln, Neb., and it was declared that the friends of the candidate considered the battle won. Managers of the campaign of Governor Johnson do not agree that Bryan is assured the Democratic nomination on the first ballot—or on any other ballot. In fact they say the Nebraskan, unless he gets all but nine of the delegates yet to be elected will still be short of the needed total and they hold that after the first ballot there will be a falling off in the Bryan vote.

After all there is a good deal in talk. Let a man talk dull times and it is infectious, everybody talks dull times. Instead of rustling around to take care of what business there is, they all go sit down and mope over hard times. If a customer does happen to drop in to one of these "dull times" stores he actually gets frightened out of one-half as much as he expects to buy, because things look so blue. He catches the spirit of the store and resolves to hang on to all his money, with a death grip, even if his business goes to pieces on account of running short of goods to fill up the empty shelves. The bugbear of hard times should be sat down upon. It is doing more to kill business than anything else. Tell a man he is sick, keep it up, and you will eventually hound him to death. —Grand Rapids Herald-Review.

A RADICAL REACTIONARY VIEWPOINT.

Judge John F. Dillon, a noted corporation attorney and former federal judge, uttered a very startling doctrine in an address recently made to the members of the bar of New York county.

Judge Dillon fears the growth of Socialist ideas, and sees in it a grave menace to personal liberty and property rights. He can find in the legislative and executive departments of national and state governments no certain protection of these rights against popular clamor and encroachment. It is to the judiciary we must look, he said, for security and safety. He added:

> The constitution needs no amendment. It has triumphantly carried us to our present exalted position among the nations of the earth, and if it continues to be expounded by the supreme court, unawed and uncontrolled by popular clamor, passions, combinations or interests of any character, or by legislative or executive dictation, it will carry us through another century and indefinetely beyond into a still more august destiny.

Such confidence in the courts, coming from such a source, will not serve to increase the confidence of the people in its judiciary. Already the people are becoming distrustful of its courts, fearful that they are wedded to property rights to a degree that makes them forget of the importance of human rights. The idea of individual liberty is carried on an evil length when it involves harm to society, and Judge Dillon appears confident that the courts will be found willing to go that length.

Suppose, for instance, that the people became firmly convinced that a certain piece of legislation would cure their obvious economic ills; suppose, however, that the enactment of the law would involve a certain amount of danger to the unlimited and unregulated private ownership of property. If the people were plainly convinced that the remedy was fair, just and necessary, the legislative department of the government would sooner or later respond by furnishing it, and the executive department would sooner or later respond by attempting to put it into effect. This legislation having passed through two departments of government against the protests and plots of the interests affected, these interests would appeal to the third department of government, the judiciary,

Judge Dillon's view of it is that under the Constitution—which is a glorious and miraculous document fitted for all times and all condition, no matter how little its framers knew about what the future was to disclose—the courts would stand fast against the popular demands—"popular clamor," if you please—and bar the way to progress.

That would produce the spectacle of the doctrine of the greatest good to the greatest number—the cardinal law of social progress—being trampled under the feet of selfish interests with the help of the judiciary.

If Judge Dillon's confidence is not misplaced, nothing but very serious trouble can result when the country comes to the point where the judiciary stands out against the people and the executive and legislative departments. It invites revolution.—Duluth Herald.

An Odd Situation.

An incident has just transpired here which shows the practical workings of the tariff system. When Dr. Vigen was in Europe some years ago, he purchased a small field glass in Hamburg, paying $15 for it. A year or two later, he was in the Canadian Northwest on a visit, and his sister became interested in the glass as it enabled her to look over the wide expanse of prairie. As he had no imediate use for it, he told her she could keep it and send it to him when convenient. The glass has just arrived, and in addition to the express charges is a charge of $6.95 as tarriff duty, which must be paid before it can be delivered, this being the duty which is collected on field glasses shipped into the United States. Dr. Vigen would like to send it back rather than pay the duty, but fears the Canadian government will charge up a similar duty in case it is shipped back across the line into Canada.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Automobile Owner Arrested.

The owners of automobiles kept City Clerk Lars Backe very busy last Friday issuing automobile licenses. There is a state law governing this, but only one of the owners of automobiles in the city had taken out license. The reason the others were in such a hurry was occasioned by the fact that a warrant had been issued by Judge Bishop upon the complaint of Ole Nygaard for the arrest of Dr. Bockman upon the charge of running his automobile without a license.

Mr. Bockman claims that his arrest is a piece of spite work and is going to have a jury trial and all kinds of fire works. The case has been set before Special Municipal Judge Richardson and will be tried on the 23rd day of June.

Notice for Bids for the Construction of Cement Grossings.

Notice is hereby given that the Village Council of ST. Hilaire, Minn will receive sealed bids up to eight o'clock P. M. July 6th, 1908 for the construction of about 1200 sq. ft. of cement crossings. Bids must be per square foot of finished surface including all work and material as per specifications on file in Clerks office. The Village Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn this 10th. day of June, 1908

JENS NELSON
Village Clerk.

Held a Convention Here.

The ministers and elders of the Gospel Mission of Minnesota, North and South Dakota and Iowa, held a convention in Thief River Falls from Thursday until Tuesday. Over seventy-five delegates were in attendance and the meeting was a successful one in every way.

Assessment of City Completed.

D. P. O'Neil has finished the work of assessing the real and personal property of Thief River Falls, but has not as yet added up the totals. The assessed value of the city has been increased considerable. Mr. O'Neil also says that one-half of the personal property and one-third of the real property is located on the East Side and wishes that the alderman would take notice of this fact when spending money for public improvements.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending June 13, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Bjerk, Ervin
Bakken, Albert
Lee' W. J.
Mabb, Lon
Mathson, Ole
Marsh, Vera P.
Murphy, J. P.
Rice, George
Vorhel, M.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

St. Hilaire Will Celebrate.

At a special meeting of the commercial club held last week it was decided to celebrate the Fourth of July here in view of the fact that none of the surrounding towns will make a demonstration this year.

The soliciting committee reported a goodly sum pledged by the business men of the village and preparations for the celebration were begun at once by the appointment of Jens Nelson, Dr. Swanson, Knute Kolstad, Chas. Fellmand and Arthur Hall as the program committee. This committee met the early part of the week and decided to try to secure the Red Lake Falls band and orchestra, and the Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls ball teams as some of the principal attractions of the day. There will also be the usual parade, speeches, races, contests, dances etc.

Providing the two teams can be secured, Red Lake Falls will try conclusions with the Thief River Falls nine on the local diamond here and a fast, clean game of ball will be assured as both teams are about equally as strong according to the "dope."

The Red Lake Falls band and orchestra need no introduction to the public in this section of the state, at least, and will add very materially to the celebration should they decide to come.

The complete program will be published just as soon as the final arrangements have been made and the outside organizations secured.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.

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Clothes cleaned and pressed
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Do you know that we sell
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The typical COLLEGE CLOTHES fashionable effect, every style, every color of the season.
The Alder Clothing equals any tailor made suits.
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We have them from $15 to $25.
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CRAWFORD FINE SHOES for MEN,
none better, none more stylish. Price, $3.50 to $5.00
Our line of Men's Fine Shirts cannot be equaled in style or price in the city
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Of Hamm's Beer is absolutely pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also under the Food Laws of all the stat
The "Preferred Stock" is the most delicious Beer ever brewed. It is the ideal Beer for all occasions. Call for it.

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When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

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THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.
Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:
Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*
ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Mrs. D. E. RATHMANN,
Art of Piano Playing
Wassen Building . . Main Ave.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

—Dr. Heiber was up to Middle River Monday.

Ira C. Richardson was over to Argyle last week.

For snaps in city property, see Hager the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

James Meehan was up from Minneapolis last week.

Sam McMahon was down from Highlanding last week.

Emil Dryfoos was down to White Earth last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding yesterday.

D. N. Winton and Daniel Shaw were up to Red Lake last week.

The new bus for the Hotel Evelyn arrived in the city last week.

Fr. Adolph left yesterday for Badger where he holds services today.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Charles N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls banker, was in the city last Saturday.

Mrs. B. M. Wilson returned to this city Sunday morning from her trip to Eau Claire, Wis.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niclai.

Mrs. M. Bockman went down to Minneapolis last Friday evening to spend a few days visiting friends.

Ed Iverson and Chris Larson were down to St. Paul the first of the week with two car loads of cattle.

Wallace Nichols, who sells lumber for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, was in the city to spend Sunday.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper this evening in the Masonic building. Price 25 cents.

Mrs. A. M. Arpin and daughter went down to Grand Rapids Wis; last Friday evening to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Postmaster Kaatka returned last Friday from St. Paul where he had been to attend the state convention of postmasters.

James Bulman went down to Ogema last Friday and will run his automobile between White Earth and Ogema during the celebration there. From Ogema he will go to Bemidji and take in the Elks convention.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Roark, of East Grand Forks, were in the city last week visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark.

Patronize home industry and smoke the El-Ko cigar. Fred's gurantee band on every cigar. There is none better.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

For Rent—Good farm on good terms. Sixty acres under cultivation., good building; 240 acres in all. Inquire of Anton Gunderson.

Charles Smith, a farmer living north of Crookston has cattle that have to be milked three times a day. That is the kind of cattle to have.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

Ira C. Richardson left last Friday evening for Peoria, Ill; to attend the national convention of the Modern Woodmen. He expects to be absent for about ten days.

Richard Larson and John Scholin, two hustling young farmers living in the town of Bray, were in Thief River Falls last Friday and made the NEWS office a pleasant call.

Crops in this certain are looking fine, but too much cold weather has resulted in the weeds getting quite a start and this means that there will be lots of fowl seed in the wheat.

The Highlanding creamery is now churning about 3,400 pounds of butter a week and this is considered very good for an institution that was first started up about a month ago.

Rev. Aastad and H. P. Sponheim left Sunday evening for Chicago to attend the general conference of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church. They expect to be absent for about two weeks.

Arnold Bjerkhoel and wife arrived in the city Saturday evening from Kennedy and will make this city their future home. Mr. Bjerkhoel expects to open up his new drug store the latter part of this week.

The Steamboat "Farmers Friend" did not go to Red Lake Saturday on the excursion as had been advertised. Too few took an interest in matter and not enough of a crowd was on hand to make the trip pay.

By a special act of congress, Walter H. Quist is given a patent to 160 acres of land on the eleven towns. Mr. Quist's entry was declared invalid when he went to prove up on account of a previous entry and it required an act of congress to fix the matter.

An exchange tells a horrible tale about a young lady who thoughtlessly jerked back her head so suddenly to keep from being kissed that she broke her neck. This should be a warning to all other girls not to jerk back. In fact it would be better to lean forward a little.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.
Phone 111. Main Ave.

The concert given Sunday evening in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church was very largely attended and greatly enjoyed by all. The pipe organ is one of the best made and produced the finest of music.

F. J. Stebbins' new automobile, a Haines touring car, arrived in the city last Saturday. It is one of the best machines ever brought to this section. It has four cylinders, 50 horse power and can develop a speed of sixty miles an hour.

Wanted—Agents for Diozo the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $4.00 to $15.00 daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Sweaas, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

A number of Royal Neighbors went to Red Lake Falls last Thursday evening to surprise Mrs. N. W. Tarrant. Among those going down were: Mesdames Ira C. Richardson, Phil Zeh, Dennis Le Sage, Robert Lee, Herman Ohm and S. V. Bailey. They returned Friday morning reporting having had an excellent time.

With an ordinary pair of scissors you can cut a sheet of glass as easily as you can cut a sheet of pasteboard. The secret of this experiment consists in plunging your hands, with the glass and scissors, into a tub of water and perform the operation. In this way the glass cuts in straight or curved lines without a crack, for this deadens the vibrations of both the scissors and glass. Try this and you will be convinced of the truth. Remember that not the least part of the scissors or glass must appear above water, and take thin glass or your hands will not be strong enough to close the scissors. —Ex.

State Fair Notes.

So many complaints have been received by the managers of the Minnesota state fair that it is impossible to see all the attractions in one week, it was decided at a meeting of the state fair board, held at Secretary Cosgrove's office on the fair grounds recently, that a copy of the official program should be mailed to any one who might request it, free of charge, at any time previous to August 20th.

Dr. Anna Heard will again have charge of the emergency hospital and babies' nursery at the state fair this year. Many improvements are to be made in both buildings.

Prof. Schmidt of the Mechanic Arts schools of St. Paul and Miss Emma Roberts, superintendent of drawing of the Minneapolis schools, are to have charge of the school exhibits, and now that there is ample room this department will show a vast improvement both in size and quality.

Mrs. M. L. Luther of Minneapolis will again act as superintendent of both departments.

The old woman's building is being torn down, having been officially condemned and the manufacturers building is to be used this fall for the Women's exhibits and schools.

Plummer Sawmill Started

The Plummer sawmill commenced cutting lumber last week and it is expected will keep busy until near freezing up time this fall. The work of construction has been successfully done by Messrs Evitt and Winship with their crew of skilled help and when the mill was started very little alteration or adjustment was found necessary. For the present only sawing will be done but a little later extra power will be installed and a planing mill. This will be all that will be put in this year but next year a lath and shingle mill will be added.

This year they expect to cut about a million feet of lumber besides making a large number of railroad ties.

On Thursday surveyors for the Sooline laid out the lines for a spur track to connect with the mill yard and this track will be put in as soon as possible.

During the week the mill has been running with a short crew but on Monday a complete crew will be put on. A large number of men and boys will be employed in the handling of the lumber, railroad ties, pulpwood and cedar with which the river is filled for over a mile.

The putting in of this mill will be a big thing for Plummer as it will give employment to a large number and will bring thousands of dollars each year into circulation among the business men.

After a Good Claim.

At 11:30 last Friday Captain Wilson of Cass Lake a veteran of the Civil war with a bundle of blankets and an easy chair took a position in front of the United States land office at [illegible] to await the opening of the [illegible] forest reserve. Wilson, inside of [illegible] minutes had eight companions.

The date for the opening has not been set but it will be before September. When questioned Wilson said:

"I may have to remain here six months but I am here to stay. I will be rewarded with the best claim in the state when it comes."

Waiters will have to see where they are day and night [illegible] opening.

Local Club Wins.

The Thief River Falls base ball club defeated McIntosh at the latter place Sunday by the score 5 to 10. The game is said to have been a good one.

STAYS IN JAIL

Prominent Warren Citizen Makes No Attempt to Get Bail.

Warren Register:—Edgar F. Whitney, for more than 25 years a prominent and respected citizen of Warren, has since last Saturday occupied a cell in the county jail. The charge against him and which led to his arrest and incarceration is indecent assault upon a number of little girls not yet in their teens. The news of his arrest and its cause spread like wildfire and caused a shock from which the town has not yet recovered. Had the charge against him been almost anything else, even that of wilful murder, no such almost paralyzing effect would have been generally produced. He admitted his guilt, waived examination and offered to plead guilty at once in order that sentence might be pronounced upon him immediately and be saved the humilation of having to receive it in open court. Judge Grindeland refused to accept the plea at this time, holding that he could not do so, because the maximum punishment that could be imposed upon the accused exceeded five years imprisonment in the state penitentiary.

The defendant has conducted a drug store in this city nearly thirty years. The business has prospered and he could long ago have retired with a competency. He had none of the common vices and was universally regarded as one of our best citizens. A man nearing sixty years of age, of more than average intelligence, with a good business record and in possession of a comfortable income, he was almost the last man one would suspect of such practices as he acknowledges that he has recently indulged in. While he dreads the penalty that stares him in the face, he does not seem to realize that he has been guily of a serious crime not only against the laws of the state, but also against public morals and, most of all, against the innocent young, children whom he abused. We understand he has succeeded in converting practically all his property here into cash, which will be available for his use when he again becomes a free man. He will remain in jail until the grand jury convenes on the 22nd inst., unless Judge Grindeland should, on further investigation, decide that he has authority to pronounce sentence without the presentation of an indictment and arraignment in open court.

Heavier Tax Levy on Firms.

The state tax commission of Minnesota is subjecting the public utility corporations of the state to a rigorous examination preparatory to making the tax levy for the ensuing year. The activity of the commission indicates that these corporations will be compelled to submit to a heavier tax levy than heretofore.

In order to secure detailed information concerning these corporations the commission has issued a circular letter in which the items concerning which information is desired is specifically stated. The concerns to which this letter has been sent are boom companies, electric light, power and heat companies, gas companies, street railways, telegraph, telephone and water power companies.

The general information desired by the commission is of a detailed character and the instructions are to secure the fullest and most complete information concerning the character of business done and the amount transacted. Some of the items asked for are the date, duration and terms of franchise, names and addresses of officers, capitalization, amounts of stock issued and its character whether common or preferred, amount of bonds issued, receipts from all sources, expenditures, surplus in 1907, property holdings by counties, assessment of property made, whether real or personal, from the year 1901 to the present time, a detailed description of the equipment, a report of service rendered; in fact, everything that could possibly assist the tax commission in arriving at a fair conclusion in making the tax levy.

An Old Timer Here.

Patrick Meehan, one of the pioneers of this section, who with his brother James Meehan, built the first saw mill in Thief River Falls, arrived here last Saturday to look after some business matters. Mr. Meehan is now quite extensively engaged in mining, being part owner of a gold, silver, lead and copper mine in the state of Washington. He had just returned from a visit to the mine and says that at a cost of [illegible] they are now engaged in installing [illegible] the mine. He says that they have struck pay dirt and expect great results.

Aged Woman Killed.

Mrs. Sarah Johnson [illegible], a widow aged 85, was struck by a Northern Pacific freight train at Fertile, Friday night and died half an hour later. She had been a resident of Fertile since [illegible]. Four children survive her. She was returning from the barn to the house, which are on opposite sides of the track, when struck.

Aneita Club Wins.

The farmer boys from Aneita came to Thief River Falls Sunday and defeated the Laborer's Club by a score of [illegible]. The local players claim that they would have won if the umpire had been on their side, but as he was [illegible] they had to take defeat. The next time they meet the Aneita boys a different result is promised.

A. Joe Giller

opened up his new store the 10th of June on LaBree avenue, Thief River Falls. He purchased a new, clean stock of goods in Chicago which consists of

Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Notions, etc.

He invites everybody to call and give him a trial. He claims he can save you money on your goods, as he and his family are doing all of the work. Get fresh merchandise for your money.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
H. A. LOKEN, Vice President.
T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD —CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

The News: $1 per Year.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Accumulated interest on state swamp land funds, which now amounts to $62,144.72, is being apportioned among the state educational, penal and custodial institutions for the first time under chapter 385 of the general laws of 1907. The law provides a method for distribution of money that has been accumulating for years in the state treasury.

Rather than hold up its $300,000,000 bond issue the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway company has paid the mortgage registry tax of $2,867.77 on the mortgage issued to cover the bonds and had it recorded with Secretary of State Schmahl. When the mortgage was first presented for filing the company objected to the payment of the tax.

Richard Tattersfield, superintendent of the poor of Minneapolis, sent to the poor farm of Hennepin county Mrs. Margaret Danhoney, who says she is 112 years of age and a native of Tipperary. It was on account of her ability and inclination to fight that she was sent to the poor farm from the home of the Little Sisters of the Poor.

At the Prohibition state convention in Minneapolis the following state officers were placed in nomination: Governor, Dr. George D. Hazzard, Minneapolis; lieutenant governor, T. J. Anderson, Belgrade; secretary of state, J. F. Damon, Winnebago City; railroad and warehouse commissioner, F. F. Lindsay, Minneapolis.

Postal savings banks, parcels post on rural routes and a branch dead letter office in the Northwest were some of the important measures upon which legislation is recommended in the resolutions adopted at the closing session of the convention of the Minnesota Postmasters' association at St. Paul.

There will be a large amount of ditching carried on this year and next in Wilkin county. This means a great boom to that county and also the southern part of Clay. Many acres of land that were under water for years will be ready for the plow by next spring.

Twenty farmers living in the Minnesota river valley in Renville and Nicollet counties have sought legal advice for the purpose of securing relief from the county and state for the overflowal of their lands by the waters of the swollen streams.

Because he came all the way from Greece to Minneapolis to take a job as bootblack Johannes Karangulis started on the return trip to his native land under the escort of Immigrant Inspector Robert F. Davis of Minneapolis.

Dr. John Sinclair, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church of St. Paul, has succeeded to the Scotch estate and title of the Earl of Caithness.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Clinton B. Phelps, president of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company, pleaded guilty in the United States district court at St. Paul to the charge of using the mails to defraud and was fined $500, the maximum pecuniary liability, by Judge Morris. The indictments against the other officers and employes of the company, Martin P. Quigley, Bruce Tuttle, A. W. Brown and Paul Foss were nolled.

The desire of William White, a paroled inmate of the state reformatory at St. Cloud, to witness the marriage of his sister in Mankato caused him to break his parole. Two hours after the wedding occurred White was arrested on instructions from St. Cloud and has been taken back to the reformatory to serve more time.

Albert Olson, a St. Paul lamplighter, had a miraculous escape from death by the upsetting of his cart containing a number of cans of gasoline, which exploded, setting fire to the cart and cremating the horse. Mr. Olson was thrown on a high piece of land and he was able to escape before the burning oil reached him.

Leo Frey, eleven years old, was drowned in the Mississippi river at St. Paul. The boy was playing on a raft with a number of companions, when he fell into the river.

Unable to get work Minnie Peterson, a Minneapolis domestic, committed suicide by jumping into the Mississippi river.

Mrs. Helen Barber, forty years old, a chambermaid at the St. Louis hotel at Duluth, was killed by the freight elevator.

OBITUARY.

S. A. Harris, president of the National Bank of Commerce until its consolidation with the Northwestern National bank last week, died suddenly at Minneapolis. Mr. Harris was sixty-one years of age and had consented to the consolidation plan in order to be able to retire from business life after an active connection with banking for thirty-eight years.

Dr. Joseph M. Finnell, deputy coroner, is dead at St. Paul. He was stricken the morning of Memorial day as he was entering Calvary cemetery to view the body of a veteran who had fallen as he was decorating the grave of his wife.

Willis J. Jennison, one of the prominent figures in Northwest milling circles, is dead at Minneapolis, aged fifty-six.

Ernest L. Mabon, a native son of St. Paul and formerly prominent in Republican politics, is dead, aged fifty.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A legislative battle which for dramatic interest and intensity of feeling on both sides rarely, if ever, has been equalled in New York state came to an end when the heroism of Senator Foelker of Brooklyn, who, although seriously ill, was carried into the chamber, made it possible to place upon the statute books two bills repealing the legal discrimination which for thirteen years has protected public gambling within a race track enclosure, while it was a felony elsewhere in the state. The vote on each of the bills was 26 to 25.

The promotion of temperance in the use of fermented beverages, their meaning of temperance being neither abuse nor disuse, is favored by the United States Brewers' association in a lengthy set of principles which the association adopted at its convention in Milwaukee. They also favor the elimination of the objectionable features of the retail liquor traffic and pledge their fullest co-operation towards their extinction.

As a result of the local option elections held in Oregon this month county prohibition will prevail in twenty-one of the thirty-three counties after July. There are from four to sixteen prohibition precincts in each of the other twelve counties, so that there is not a county in the state in which there is not some dry territory.

A slight improvement in business conditions is indicated by the fortnightly report of the committee on car efficiency of the American Railway association. The number of surplus cars on the railroads in the United States and Canada is given at 381,904, a decrease of 22,630 in comparison with the number on May 13.

Beef packers throughout the United States and especially in the Eastern section of the country are becoming alarmed over the great shortage in the beef supply. Since last week the price has risen from 1 to 2 cents per pound and the price is now around one-third greater than it was the first part of June, 1907.

On claims aggregating $3,971,047 due the National Car Wheel company of New York the Wheeling and Lake Erie railroad was thrown into the hands of a receiver by United States Judge W. W. Taylor at Toledo, O. The petition alleges the total indebtedness of the Wheeling to be upwards of $28,000,000.

The millers who attended the mass convention of millers at Detroit under the auspices of the Millers' National Federation took action toward beginning a campaign of advertising to uphold the merits of white flour as against the patent breakfast foods.

The Standard Oil company has been convicted in the federal court at Rochester, N. Y., of accepting rebates. There are forty counts in the indictment and the maximum fine on each count is $20,000, or a total of $800,000.

The steamer Lusitania has lowered the Atlantic record seven minutes. The Lusitania also has the record for the longest day's run, having made 641 miles.

THE DEATH RECORD.

"Blind Tom" Wiggins, famous negro musician, marvel of three generations of playgoers, is dead at Hoboken, N. J., where he had been living for years in retirement and subsisting on charity.

Colonel John F. Finerty, editor of the Chicago Citizen, for many years prominent as a newspaper man, lecturer and Irish patriot, is dead at Chicago, aged sixty-two years.

Oliver H. P. Belmont is dead at his home at Hempstead, L. I. He was the son of the late Perry Belmont. The present August Belmont and Perry Belmont are his brothers.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 15.—Wheat—July, $1.04¾; Sept., 89⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.07⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.05½; No. 3 spring, $1.04.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 15.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.07⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.03⅞; July, 88¼c; Sept., 80c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.24½; Sept., $1.21¾; Oct., $1.21.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.40@5.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice lambs, $5.25@5.75; springs, $6.00@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 15.—Wheat—July, 85⅝c; Sept., 86⅝@86¾c; Dec., 87c. Corn—July, 66⅝@66¾c; Sept., 66⅛c; Dec., 57⅜c. Oats—July, old, 43¼c; July, 42¼c; Sept., 35⅞@36c; May, 38⅞@38⅞c. Pork—July, $14.12½; Sept., $14.37½. Butter—Creameries, 19@23c; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry — Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 10½c; springs, [illegible]@22c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $5.00@7.85; Texans, $4.65@6.00; Western cattle, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.40@6.50; calves, $4.50@6.25. Hogs—Light, $5.25@5.72½; mixed, $5.30@5.72½; heavy, $5.35@5.75; rough, $5.25@5.45; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.75; Pigs, $4.30@5.25. Sheep, $2.40@5.40; yearlings, $4.85@5.70; lambs, $4.25@6.60.

THE YOUNG ORCHARD.

If any of the readers of these notes have set out an orchard this season and want it to do the best possible, they should see that all grass and weeds are kept hoed away clean from the trunks of the trees covering a radius of two feet. Another thing that should be done is to examine the trees carefully for the detection of borers, which work just beneath the bark and at or just below the surface of the ground. The presence of the pests is indicated by the brown, sawdust-like excreta which they cast out through the bark and on to the ground in the progress of their destructive gnawing. A sharp jackknife is as good a tool as any with which to extract the borers unless they have been in the tree more than one season, in which case the passage in which they are working may be a long one. In the latter case it is well to determine the direction in which they have gone and then take a pliable twig small enough to penetrate their retreat and prod them vigorously. It is safe to say that more individual apple trees and young orchards perish from this one cause than all others combined. Unless one is on the lookout for the little pests they will often do a tree to death before he realizes what is the real cause of the difficulty. Keeping the grass hoed away from the base of the tree not only decreases the likelihood of the beetle's depositing her eggs, but usually enables the owner of the orchard to see the brown, sawdust-like evidence of their work. *In making the examination* of the trees it is well to scrape the earth away from the trunk to a depth of at least an inch, as sometimes the opening through which the excreta are cast is covered up.

LAND FERTILITY.

After all, it is not so much the kind of crops raised as it is the way they are raised and the care given the land that causes land to maintain or lose its fertility. In way of illustration may be cited English farms which today actually produce larger yields of roots and grain than they did 600 years ago or farms in Holland where large yields of flax are produced year after year under a careful system of artificial fertilization. An opposite extreme, but still further illustrating the truth of the statement above made, is the system of cotton growing which has been followed in the southern states, which after from thirty to forty years has left the soil in many sections well nigh bankrupt. Another instance of soil depletion is noticeable in the sections of the corn belt in the middle western states, and this in spite of the fact that corn does not pull heavily on the soil and that relatively little attention is needed in the matter of fertilization and crop rotation to keep the productivity of the soil where it ought to be. While comparatively little studied and consequently but slightly understood, the question of a maintenance of soil fertility is really one of subtraction and addition in that if the strength of the land is to be maintained as much must be added to the soil in the shape of fertilizers of some sort as is taken from the soil in the form of crops. There is no getting around the logic of this situation. A fellow might as well expect to lift himself by his boot straps as to expect to keep up the fertility of his land when he is taking more from it every year in the shape of crops than he makes return in the shape of fertilizers.

SHADE AND SUNSHINE.

A matter that should be looked into by every householder during the early summer months is that of the shade about the house. So rapidly do many of the varieties of shade trees grow that some pruning is necessary almost every year if the house is not to be buried in shade. It is a fairly good rule to follow that the house, as a whole, should be in the sunshine half the time. If this is not the case, one should get busy with ax and saw and let the sunshine in. One need hardly be told that when the shade is so dense that grass grows with difficulty about the house, when moss grows on the roof and mildew appears on books and furniture in the house, there is entirely too much of it, not only for the good and durability of the house, but for the health of its inmates. We are often prone to sympathize with dwellers in treeless prairie homes who often swelter in the July and August sun, but they are not so much in need of pity as those whose dwellings are swamped in shade and where mildew, sow bugs and snails hold high carnival.

ASTERS EASY TO RAISE.

Of the common garden flowers there is hardly any variety that is as easily raised or gives the measure of satisfaction as do the asters. They blossom at a time when many other varieties begin to wane and stand a good deal of dry weather. Like other flowers, they will do best if planted in rich soil and given abundant water. Unlike the pansy and nasturtium, the asters thrive better if they have lots of sunshine, and this fact should be kept in mind when a bed is selected for them. The little plants should be transplanted two or three times, a process that will result in thrifty root systems and sturdy stalks. We have seen bouquets of the tall kind that for size and fullness of blossom, variety of color and all around handsomeness were not inferior to first class chrysanthemums. A feature that simplifies the raising of asters is that they have no insect enemies which have to be combated.

F. C. Trigg

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

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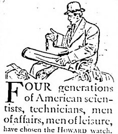

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ST. LOUIS. - - MO.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Swen Loyness, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Swen Loyness, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Mary Ness, Helma Johnson, Ida Swanson and Edward Loyness, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Edward Loyness having been filed in this court, representing that Swen Loyness, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 2nd day of September 1897; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Erick Olson; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of July 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL. N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
June 11-25 G. Halvorson, Attorney for Petitioner. Thief River Falls, Minn.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake —ss. In Probate Court, In the matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal, deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Knut Skomedal deceased, late of the Town of Fisher in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Olaf E. Gjelde.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knut O. Skomedal deceased.

It Is Ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Tuesday, the 1st day of September 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 1st day of June A. D. 1908 by the Court,

COURT SEAL. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.
June 11-25.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., June 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, who, on June 22, 1901, made Homestead entry, No. 111, for S. W. ¼ Section 11, Township 154 N. Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry Mat'tehin, " " " " "
Halvor Lovas, " " " " "
Frank Staska, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June 11-July 16

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Willie R. Peterson, of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 312 made June 25th 1901, for the Lots 3, 4 and S½ NW¼ Section 2, township 154, N. R. 42w, and that said proof will be made before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on June 24th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

Tobias Skerping, of Anton, Minnesota.
Otto Gaste, " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " "
Albert Anderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 21-June 25

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Swanson of Mavie, Minn., who, on June 25th, 1901 made Homestead entry, No. [illegible] for lots 1 and 2 and E½ NW¼, Section 31, Township 154 N, Range 41 W. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for district of Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 7th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Hans P. Reed, of Mavie, Minnesota
Charles P. Quist, " " "
Wilfre Anderson, " " "
John J. Bauer, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
May 28-July 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1st 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Hyrud, of Brandelberg, Minn., who on Oct. 3rd, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 432, for NE¼, Sec. 31 Township 154 N. Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

[illegible], of Brandelberg, Minnesota.
[illegible] " " "
Peder Sorlund, " " "
Ole H. [illegible] " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
June [illegible]

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[illegible] meet regular in [illegible] every 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month.

FAIRIES OF CORNWALL.

Superstitions That Still Live In This Corner of England.

Cornwall, that corner of Britain that has resisted modernism, made a strong appeal to the imagination of Katherine Lee Bates, and she writes of it in her "From Gretna Green to Land's End." In Cornwall, as in Ireland, the fairy is still in possession and folk lore is almost a religion. "The small people have been gay and kindly neighbors, sometimes whisking away a neglected baby and returning the little mortal all pink and clean, wrapped in leaves and blossoms, 'as sweet as a nut.' These are the spirits of Druids or of other early Cornwall folk who, as heathen, may not go to heaven, but are too innocent for hell. So they are suffered to live on in their old happy haunts, but ever dwindling and dwindling, till it is to be feared that by and by, what with all the children growing stupid over school books and all the poets writing realistic novels, the small people will twinkle out of sight.

"The spriggans, lurking about the cairns and cromlechs, where they keep guard over buried treasure, could better be spared. They are such thievish and mischievous trolls, with such extraordinary strength in their ugly bits of bodies, it is more likely they are the diminished ghosts of the old giants. The piskies are nearly as bad, as any bewildered traveler who has been pisky led into a bog could testify. The only sure protection against their tricks is to wear your garments inside out.

"Many a Cornish farmer has found a fine young horse all sweated and spent in the morning, his mane knotted into fairy stirrups, showing plainly how some score of the piskies had been riding him overnight. And many a Cornish miner, deep down in the earth, has felt his hair rise on his head as he heard the 'tap, tap, tap' of the knockers, souls of long imprisoned Jews sent here by Roman emperors to work the tin mines of Cornwall."

HIS WEAK SPOT.

The Thought That Made the Nervy Man Lose His Composure.

"Speaking of nerve," said a Massachusetts congressman, "there generally is a weak spot in the most colossal variety, if it only can be found. In this connection I remember my grandfather used to tell a good story.

"Some forty or fifty years ago a longshoreman's eating place in Boston was the resort also of truckmen and other teamsters whose business brought them out early in the morning.

"One gray November morning about 5 o'clock a stranger entered this place and took his seat among the habitues. He ordered a substantial breakfast and ate it slowly and with evident enjoyment. Then he took his hat down from the peg on the wall and started to go. As he got abreast of the cashier's desk, behind which stood the proprietor, he slowed up.

"'Much 'bliged,' he said genially. 'So long!'

"The proprietor had a good many rough customers to deal with, and his pistol was handy. In a second it was out and the man covered. Then he demanded the price of the breakfast.

"The man, apparently unmoved, looked at the shooting iron with curiosity. It was a queer, clumsy affair of ancient date, and it was evident that he had never seen its like before. Suddenly his expression of curiosity changed to one of apprehension, even terror, and he drew back a step.

"'Is—that—a stomach pump?' he faltered.

"This story has a happy ending," the congressman concluded. "The man kept his breakfast!"—Boston Post.

Chinese Torture.

The ingenuity of the Chinese in devising punishment for offenders surpasses that of the most cruel people of the middle ages. Some time ago a boy was kidnaped from a village about thirty miles from Chinkiang and brought to that city to be sold. The kidnapers were arrested and returned to the village, where the people dug a hole in the ground, like a grave, about three feet deep, covered the bottom and sides with unslaked lime, placed the offender, with his hands and feet tied, upon the lime and covered his body with the same material. Then they filled the hole full of water, and as the lime slacked he was roasted alive and his body consumed.

The Good Old Days.

The richest man in King Charles II.'s England could not get so good a dinner as tens of thousands will sit down to today. Cattle were of a far poorer breed, vegetables were few and bad and the commonest conveniences of the table were unknown. Fish knives, for instance, are hardly considered an extravagant luxury, but Mr. Gladstone could remember when they were not to be found on any table.—London Telegraph.

Meals and Brains.

We give too much thought to our meals, for instance. They [illegible] contriving, and it is pleasant to have them set temptingly upon a table on which fresh flowers are arranged and to eat them in a room wherein there is not a speck of dust, but it is not right that our bodies should be fed at the expense of our souls or that the dust should be taken from every ledge in our house and left to gather thickly in our brains. —Reader Magazine.

Frank About It.

Shoe Store Salesman — What else would you like, madam? Miss Largfut —I'd like a No. 2, but there's no use talking about that. You may as well show me your No. 5's.—London Telegraph.

WHEN SHE GIVES UP.

The Frenchwoman of Years Degenerates Into a Dowdy.

The French have a neat phrase for the woman who, growing old, throws off, with the follies of middle age, all pretensions to toilet, charm or good looks. They say, in a word, that she has abdicated.

But when the Parisian queen abdicates she does it in no half hearted manner. Her dowdiness is a thing to make elegant elderly American women stand aghast. The British matron of mature years is a dangerous siren compared with her French prototype.

From being a plump, silver voiced enchantress she changes to an unwieldy mass of flesh, with a baritone voice, a small bonnet twinkling with jet placed far back on her parted and scraped hair and with black clothes of nameless fashion and depressing dinginess.

This elderly Frenchwoman may be a dowager duchess from the Faubourg or the cherished spouse of your grocer. The type is the same.

The fact is that the French are an eminently practical, not to say material, race, and the Frenchwoman is the very embodiment of these national idiosyncrasies.

"What is the use," they would argue, "of running up bills for dresses and what not when there is no chance of any longer pleasing? Why not enjoy the pleasures of the table, even if your waist assumes alarming proportions, when they are the only pleasures left? Why try to speak in dulcet tones when, as everybody knows, it is the grandmother who has always the final word in the French family and, whatever the timbre of her voice, her family will be sure to listen to it?"

This frank acceptation of old age and all that it implies is not without its advantages, and, at any rate, you are spared in Parisian society the spectacle that is too familiar in other lands of grandmothers still dancing in spangled tulle.—London Sketch.

THE CAPTAIN'S PLAN.

His Rule For Fighting Seasickness Didn't Work Both Ways.

A young woman who recently made a trip to Europe decided to consult the captain of the ship as to the best preventive for seasickness. Having armed herself with a letter of introduction to the officer, she waited until the ship had cleared Sandy Hook, says a writer in the Bohemian, and then approached him. She described her fears and begged for a remedy.

"My dear lady," replied the captain, with an amused smile, "you will not be troubled with any illness if you will do what I tell you. Most ladies confine themselves to their staterooms and thereby incur the very thing they fear. Now, if you will stay on deck, get all the fresh air you can, walk up and down, take good physical care of yourself and try not to think of trouble you will never be seasick."

The lady thanked him. She followed the directions faithfully, and when the ship ran into the tail end of a heavy northwest gale she never felt a qualm. She appeared regularly at meals and enjoyed herself thoroughly.

As the gale was abating she bethought her that it was due the captain that she should thank him for his good advice and, approaching the deck steward, intrusted him with a message asking for an interview. In due time the steward returned, saying that the captain was unable to grant her an interview.

"Why not?" she questioned. "Why won't he see me?"

"Captain's compliments, miss," said the steward, "but he's suffering with a bit of seasickness which 'as lasted two days now, an' he ain't in shape to talk to you."

Saluting the Quarter Deck.

One of the oldest customs in the navy and one that is often puzzling to the landsman is that of "saluting the quarter deck." Many have the hazy idea that the national colors are its object and that it is merely a naval fad. While to a certain extent it is a fad, it is one of hoary antiquity, being a survival of the days when a crucifix was placed on the stern of a ship and was always saluted as a matter of course. When the crucifix was taken away the old feeling still remained, and men continued to salute the place where it had been. The younger generation imitated their elders, and the salute became a habit and continues until this day.—Los Angeles Times.

A Cold Night In China.

One of the facts that ineffaceably cut into my memory during my first winter in Newchwang was the finding on one morning about New Year's time thirty-five masses of ice, each mass having been a living man at 10 o'clock the preceding night. The thermometer was a good bit below zero. The men had just left the opium dens, where they had been enjoying themselves. The keen air sent them to sleep, and they never wakened. — North China Herald.

Why He Mourned.

O'Flannagan came home one night with a deep band of black crape around his hat.

"Why, Mike," exclaimed his wife, "what are yo wearin' that mournful thing fer?"

"I'm wearin' it for yer first husband," replied Mike firmly. "I'm sorry he's dead."—Everybody's Magazine.

What Piety Is.

In the course of a discussion on hygiene in one of the medical societies a speaker in illustrating his remarks said, "Many a man thinks he is pious when he is only bilious."—New York Press.

AN AUDACIOUS PLAN.

How Captain Haraden Bluffed the Britisher Into Surrender.

A fight is a fight for a' that, and just as an example of early American "nerve" a story unearthed by Ralph D. Paine in the old sea logs at Essex Institute, in Salem, is of much interest. It is told by Mr. Paine as follows in Outing Magazine:

The king's packet was a foe to test Captain Haraden's mettle, and he found he had a tough antagonist. They fought four full hours, "or four glasses," as the log records it, after which Captain Haraden found that he must haul out of the action and repair damages to rigging and hull. He discovered also that he had used all the powder on board except one charge. It would have been a creditable conclusion of the matter if he had called the action a drawn battle and gone on his way.

It was in his mind, however, to try an immensely audacious plan which could succeed only by means of the most cold blooded courage on his part. Ramming home his last charge of powder and double shotting the gun, he ranged alongside his plucky enemy, who was terribly cut up, but still unconquered, and hailed her:

"I will give you five minutes to haul down your colors. If they are not down at the end of that time, I will fire into and sink you, so help me God!"

It was a *test of mind, not of metal*. The British commander was a brave man who had fought his ship like a hero. But the sight of this infernally indomitable figure on the quarter deck of the shot rent Pickering, the thought of being exposed to another broadside at pistol range, the aspect of the blood stained, half naked privateersmen grouped at their guns with matches lighted, was too much for him. Captain Haraden stood, watch in hand, calling off the minutes so that his voice could be heard aboard the packet:

"One."

"Two."

"Three."

But he had not said "Four" when the British colors fluttered down from the yard, and the packet ship was his.

WONDERS OF WATER.

Extent to Which Fluid Mingles With Bodies Apparently Solid.

The extent to which water mingles with bodies apparently solid is wonderful. The glittering opal which beauty wears as an ornament is only flint and water. In every plaster of paris statue which an Italian carries through our streets for sale there is one pound of water to every four pounds of chalk. The air we breathe contains five grains of water to each cubic foot of its bulk. The potatoes and turnips which are boiled for our dinner have in their raw state the one 75 per cent and the other 90 per cent of water.

If a man weighing ten stone were squeezed flat in a hydraulic press seven and one-half stone of water would run out and only two and one-half stone of dry residue remain. A man is, chemically speaking, forty-five pounds of carbon and nitrogen diffused through five and a half pailfuls of water. In plants we find water thus mingling in no less wonderful a manner.

A sunflower evaporates one and a quarter pints of water a day and a cabbage about the same quantity. A wheat plant exhales in 172 days about 100,000 grains of water. An acre of growing wheat, on this calculation, draws and passes out about ten tons of water per day.

The sap of plants is the medium through which this mass of fluid is conveyed. It forms a delicate pump by which the watery particles run with the rapidity of a swift stream. By the action of the sap various properties may be communicated to the growing plant. Timber in France is, for instance, dyed by various colors being mixed with water and poured over the root of the tree. Dahlias are also colored by a similar process.—London Tit-Bits.

Making It Clear.

A very young child was saying his prayers at the bedside in his grandfather's house. The grandfather, anxious to hear the boy, stood at the room door, which was sufficiently open for him to see and hear the child. After the usual asking God to bless his parents the child reached "God bless grandma and grandpa." At the mention of the last named, the boy's eye catching sight of his grandfather, he stopped and, pointing his little finger, said, "There he is!"—Philadelphia Inquirer.

An Easy Job.

A schoolmaster set as an essay subject to a class of his young hopefuls "What I would like to be," and one pronouncement, delivered in a [illegible] text, was as follows: "I would like to be a horse driver. When you are driving a horse you sit and do nothing. You do that all day and feed the horse at night and your work is done for that day. Then when Saturday comes you get your pay, and then you get all Sunday to yourself." — Kansas City Newsbook.

A Long Wait.

"Did you and your wife take a long trip on your honeymoon?"

"It seemed long to me. Her father had promised to settle a snug sum of money on us as soon as we got back."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The man who leads two lives is judged in the end by the worst of the pair.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The acts of this life are the destiny of the next.—Chinese Proverb.

"SOO" LINE
Special Train
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DETROIT, MINN.
SUNDAY, JUNE 28TH 1908

TRAIN TIME	FROM	TRAIN TIME	FROM
Lv. 6:30 a. m.	Thief River Falls	Lv. 8:12 a. m.	Bejou
" 6:46 a. m.	Hazel	" 8:35 a. m.	Mahnomen
" 7:03 a. m.	Plummer	" 8:54 a. m.	Waubun
" 7:17 a. m.	Brooks	" 9:06 a. m.	Ogema
" 7:28 a. m.	Cisco	" 9:24 a. m.	Callaway
" 7:38 a. m.	Erskine	" 9:34 a. m.	Westbury
" 7:58 a. m.	Winger		

RETURN TRAIN WILL LEAVE DETROIT AT 7:15 P. M.
TICKETS ON SALE: FOR SPECIAL TRAIN SUNDAY, JUNE 28, 1908.
RETURN LIMIT: RETURN LIMIT JUNE 29, 1908.
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.

We Make a Specialty of Printing
AUCTION - BILLS.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of A. Wright, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to A. Wright and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of W. E. Wood, having been filed in this court, representing that A. Wright, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 8th day of May, 1908; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to W. E. Wood; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 16th day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL. N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Petitioner.
June 18-July 2,

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, Edith Johnson, Robert Johnson, Aurora Johnson, Wanda Johnson and Annie M. Erickson, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of July, 1908, at [illegible] o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL. N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
June 18-July 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 16 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on Nov. [illegible] made H. E. No. [illegible] for lots [illegible] N. W. ¼ Section [illegible] Township [illegible] N. Range 42 W. [illegible] Meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of July 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

[illegible] of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible]
[illegible]
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R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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There is mighty little virtue in doing a job in a hard way if there is another in which it can be done more easily and just as satisfactorily. There is a point here that a good many folks are slow in catching on to.

We passed a country home the other day where an inverted order of things was plainly noticeable—the odor of the loud smelling hogpens reached the nostrils of the passerby before the sweet fragrance of the lilac bushes which stood in the front yard.

A dozen hills of pumpkin planted among the hills of corn and potatoes in the garden will provide a fine supply of good food for the cow next fall when the milk supply begins to fail. Incidentally, too, the vines will hold in check a whole lot of weeds.

If planting of sweet corn is made at intervals during May and June a fine supply of tender corn will be provided for table consumption covering several weeks, while the family cow will have a nice lot of green feed at a time when pasture will be quite likely to be short and flies troublesome.

A washing machine of more recent manufacture than 1890 ought to form a part of equipment of every household where the washing is done at home. It is for the good wife, with her manifold and exacting duties, what the hayfork or manure spreader is for the man of the house—a great reducer of hard, back breaking work.

Will some small boy who reads this department, try to figure out for himself and mail the writer of these notes an explanation of how angleworms get into the tub by the well during the night—that is, why are they not seen there at night, but are found there in the morning? This is a natural history phenomenon that has caused a good many older boys and girls to scratch their heads.

In both young and old especial care should be given the eyes and teeth to prevent them from getting out of condition and causing no end of distress and inconvenience as a result. When a fellow gets to the point where his eyes go back on him or he has to sleep o' nights with a double set of false teeth in his mouth he is in a state of mind to appreciate, if somewhat tardily, the force of the above suggestions.

If the suggestion of certain Wisconsin paper manufacturers materializes and proves practicable, it will not be a great while until some newspapers will be of black paper printed with white ink. It is claimed by those back of this suggestion that old newspapers or any other fibrous stock could be used in the manufacture of such paper and at about one-half the present price of white print paper, which is made almost exclusively from spruce and hemlock.

How often as a result of keeping the curtains down in the parlor, which both in practice as well as theory ought to be the best room in the house, dampness, mustiness and cheerlessness prevail! True, the posies in the carpet may lose some of their brightness, though none of their fragrance, if curtains are put up for awhile each day and the glorious germ destroying sunshine is allowed to pour in, but it will mean cheeriness, light and health for the members of the family, who ought to be entitled to more consideration than carpets and wall paper.

An hour's vigorous exercise each day will put the man who is occupied in close and confining indoor pursuits in shape so that he can do more and better quality of work in the seven or nine hours remaining than he would be capable of were he to devote the entire time at his disposal to work without any exercise. This is a fact that thousands of men don't seem to realize until they are broken down with nervous exhaustion, which is usually the direct result of not keeping the body in the proper physical and nervous trim through wholesome and much needed exercise.

The writer lately by chance discovered that a Belgian hare which had been having the run of the neighborhood had been very quietly and thoroughly browsing the tender shoots off most of the rosebushes within reach in a bed which is a couple of rods from the house. A few mornings after this offender was shut up a wild rabbit was noticed doing the same thing. While rabbits will often feed upon raspberry, blackberry and rose bushes in the dead of winter, when other sources of food supply are not easy of access, we were not aware that they would do so in early summer, when other kinds of green food were very plentiful.

The government crop report for April shows that there was on hand in the country March 1, 1908, 37.1 per cent of last year's corn crop, or 962,429,000 bushels; 23.5 per cent of the wheat crop, or 148,721,000 bushels, and 35.5 per cent of the 1907 oat crop, or 267,467,000 bushels.

While a large majority of the people of the United States are in a position to congratulate themselves, if they so desire, that they are native born, it is an interesting and somewhat surprising fact to know that since 1820 over 24,000,000 people have been added to our population through immigration.

The pile of horse manure in the barnyard is the common and favorite breeding place of the house fly. If you haven't a garden on which the manure can be spread as fast as it accumulates, plan to scatter enough lime on the pile from time to time so that the flies will shun it as a breeding place.

The extra cultivation of the field of corn, even if the job has to be done with a single horse cultivator, often results in an increased yield of from eight to twelve bushels per acre. Added to this is the further fact that the same stirring of the soil which makes available increased moisture for the rapidly developing corn also exterminates myriads of weeds that would otherwise draw heavily not only upon the moisture, but the fertility of the soil.

Whenever possible it is well to let poultry have the run of the orchard. In proof of this statement one may cite experiments conducted by the horticultural department at Cornell university, in which it was demonstrated conclusively that better results were secured from having poultry run under the orchard trees than from all other protective measures combined for the holding in check or destruction of insect pests. It is on this account that orcharding and poultry raising even on a large scale go so well together.

The enemies of the corn plant, among which are the corn root worm, corn root louse and wireworm, work the most damage in fields which have been devoted to a cultivation of corn year after year without rest or rotation of any kind. The damage which these pests do is simply a protest of nature at a wrong way of tilling the soil and of growing crops. When a fellow's corn crop begins to suffer from one or all of the above pests it is about time for him to make confession of his agricultural offenses and experience a practical conversion.

It is at best but crocodile and ineffective tears that a mother sheds over the downfall of a daughter whom she thoughtlessly allows to gad about town or country with questionable company until 11 or 12 o'clock at night. It would seem that these girls, than whom in their sweetness and purity a wise and good God made nothing finer, are entitled to as much protection from those who have it in their power to rob them of their crown of womanhood as the little chicks are from the marauding and bloodthirsty mink or the lambs in the fold from the raids of sheep killing dogs.

There has recently been established at Yale university a professorship that is significant of a marked change of sentiment in the United States touching a preservation of our forest areas. This is the endowing with $50,000 worth of lumber company bonds a chair of applied forestry and practical lumbering. The innovation seems to have a special significance in view of the fact that the endowment for the new chair is furnished by a class who in the past more than all others combined have been responsible for the deplorable and almost complete denuding of the forest areas of the country. Much good should come from the establishment of such a professorship, and other colleges should follow the lead of the Yale school.

A move has recently been inaugurated in the Texas Panhandle which it is hoped may spread to other sections of the country and tend to check the threatening congestion of hordes of foreigners in the large cities of the country. It is, in brief, the colonization of Italian immigrants in the country along the Rock Island railway in Texas. A commission appointed by the Italian government made a thorough investigation of the country in question and reported favorably upon the proposition of inducing Italian citizens to locate in the agricultural portions of the state. It is to be hoped that this is the dawning of a new era both as touching the congestion of population in large centers of the country and a development of rural portions of the country.

The Iowa state highway commission has lately issued a bulletin entitled "Road and Bridge Improvements For the Year 1907," which is at once practical and helpful. It contains careful directions telling how to make and use the King road drag and how to properly manipulate the steel grader and takes up the matter of proper drainage of the highways preparatory to doing other road work, as well as the repairing of wooden culverts and the construction of steel bridges with concrete abutments. The commission also stands ready to furnish standard plans and specifications for bridges and culverts and to aid supervisors and township trustees in all ways that they can. The cause of good roads the country over would be greatly advanced were all state boards of this character to cooperate as fully with the local highway authorities.

Lumber and Building Material.

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Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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H. M. Hicks, Thief River Falls

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MY WIFE SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS WITH SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED BY SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

writes P. S. Baxter, Kynesville, Fla.

Mr. Baxter writes: "My wife suffered with Sciatic Rheumatism for seven years. She was in a very bad condition. After using "5-Drops" for three months it made a permanent cure. This was several years ago and she is still well.

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caused by Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and kindred diseases.

"5-DROPS" taken internally rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally, it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00.

For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY

Dept. 80 176 Lake Street, Chicago

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. PAUL Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1908 NUMBER 26

FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT

Thief River Falls Will Entertain Northern Minnesota Firemen Next Week.

A Complete Program of Sports and Contests for the Four Days.

Next week on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the Northwestern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association meets in Thief River Falls and it promises to be one of the best tournaments ever held in Northern Minnesota. All of the various committees having charge of the affair are working hard and nothing is being left undone. The following is the complete program of events:

MONDAY, JUNE 29.

Ball game, purse, $75.00

Meeting of Executive Committee at Firemen's Hall.

TUESDAY, JUNE 30.

Address of Welcome, down town, by Mayor Hamre.

Addresses by other prominent speakers.

Grand Parade—First prize to company having most men in uniform in line, $15.00; second prize $10.00.

For the best appearing Co.—First prize, $25.00; second prize, $10.00.

(Thief River Falls Firemen Barred from Parade Prizes.)

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

Association Hose Race (the greatest feature of the Tournament.)—First prize, Championship Banner valued $75.00, and $50.00 cash, $125.00; second prize, $35.00; third prize, $20.00.

Ladder Climbing—First prize, $15.00; second prize, $10.00; third prize, $5.00.

Coupling contest—First prize, $20.00; second prize, $15.00; third prize, $10.00.

Base Ball—Purse, $100.00.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1.

Association Hook and ladder Race—First prize, $60.00; second prize, $40.00; third prize, $20.00.

One hundred yard dash for Firemen only—First prize, $15.00; second prize, $10.00; third prize, $5.00.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Flag Race—First prize, $20.00; second prize, $15.00.

Hub and Hub Race—First prize, $60.00; second prize, $35.00; third prize, $20.00.

Base Ball—Purse, $100.00.

EVENING.

Grand Ball at Opera House, Free to all Firemen.

THURSDAY, JULY 2.

Combination Hook and Ladder and Hose Race—First prize, $75.00; second prize, $45 00; third prize, $25.00.

In City Service Wet Test—First prize, Silver Water Set, valued at $40.00, and $60.00 cash, $100.00; second prize, $35.00; third prize, $20.00.

Reception Committee on duty from 11 o'clock A. M. June 29th until close of Tournament.

There will be Band Music, Concerts, Dances and Boat Excursions during the Tournament.

Use of apparatus of Thief River Falls Fire Department free to all Competing Teams. Apparatus of all visiting Teams will be hauled from and to trains. No tents needed.

Bitten by a Cat.

C. A. Fuller, a former resident of this city and at present manager of the Prince Albert Lumber company at Prince Albert, Canada, passed through the city last Friday evening, being enroute to Minneapolis with his two year old son, Oscar, for the purpose securing medical aid for the latter. Oscar was bitten quite severely by a cat recently and while no symptons of hydrophobia it was thought best to take him to Minneapolis for treatment.

Red Lake Falls Defeated.

By a score of 9 to 2, the Thief River Falls base ball club defeated the nine from Red Lake Falls Sunday at the home grounds in this city. The next game will be played with this club during the tournament.

INCORPORATE A COMPANY.

Minnesota Air Line Railway Company Is the Name of the Concern.

Proposes to Build an Air Line from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt.

As will be seen by articles of incorporation published in another column, the Minnesota Air Line Railway company is now incorporated. The purpose of the company is to build an air line railway from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt, and the incorporators say that without doubt the road will be built.

The principal place of business of the new company is Thief River Falls, although no local men are as yet interested as stockholders in the new corporation, and therefore the articles of incorporation have to be published in Red Lake county. The capital of the company is $500,000 and the articles have been filed with the secretary of state, a filing fee of $275 being required for this.

It is the intention of the promoters to start a survey at once and they hope to be able to commence actual work this fall.

Broke the Record

Tuesday was a red letter day at the St. Hilaire creamery, Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin reporting a total output of 4,300 lbs of butter that day. This exceeds the output for any one day previous to this, in the history of the creamery, by 500 lbs.

In proportion to its size and the quality, as well as quantity, of butter made every year, the St. Hilaire creamery holds second place to none; and nowhere can a better example of a buttermaker and patrons working in unison be found, which is evidenced by the ever-increasing output of butter.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

COWS THAT GIVE RESULTS

Surprising Results of a Cow Census Showing yield from Different Herds.

Some Cows are Big Money Makers While Others Are Not.

That a cow census is a good thing for the farmer in that it calls his attention to the results accomplished by his herd, is shown by the report of a cow census taken by T. A. Storvick, buttermaker for the creamery at Lake Mills, Iowa. The census was taken among the herds of the farmers supplying milk to the creamery and showed a difference in the returns to the several farmers, some producing more than five times as much butter fat as others in the same neighborhood.

M. Storvick is a brother of O. A. Storvick, an inspector in the Minnesota dairy and food department located at Crookston who has for several years been urging farmers to adopt the system of taking an annual cow census. He insists that the best results cannot be obtained unless the farmer knows just what his cows are accomplishing and that when this information is obtained the farmer is in a position to improve his herd so as to increase its moneymaking qualites.

M. Storvick of Iowa acted on the suggestion and started to take a cow census of all the herds supplying milk to his creamery. He did not get complete returns, but he got results from 187 herds, and his report contains the following information:

"Number of herds reporting, 187; number of herds producing over 200 pounds butter fat per cow per year, 3; 150 pounds, 12; 125 pounds, 46; 100 pounds, 100; less than 100 pounds, 87. The best herd produced 262 pounds butter fat per cow and returned to its owner $70.14 per cow. The poorest heard produced 38 pounds butter fat per cow and returned the owner $9.58 per cow, a difference of $60.86 per cow. While I am not acquainted with the conditions at either of the farms, there certainly must be a difference in caring for the cows in order to make this large difference in returns.

"The cows in both these herds had to be kept 365 days in the year, so the cost of keeping should be about the same neither of the herds being grain fed. The only difference, if any, is the extra work in caring for them, and allowing $5 per cow for this extra work we find that a cow producing 262 pounds of butter fat at $30, estimated cost of keeping, has charged 11½ cents to produce on pound of butter fat, while the cow producing 38 pounds of butter fat per cow at $25, the cost of keeping, has charged 60½ cents to produce one pound of butter fat. One patron receives a good net return on his investment and the other had been better off not knowing what cows were.

"The price you receive for butter fat indicates what the creamery is doing. But it does not indicate the poor cows you are keeping at a big loss to produce that fat. It does not indicate your lack of knowledge in feeding and handling cows is that they cannot be profitable.

Killed 199 Crows.

If there were a few more hunters in this vicinity like John Mickelucy, there would not be so many prairie chickens nests robbed by crows. Mr. Mickelucy has killed 199 crows this year on which he received a bounty of ten cents each.

In his hunt for crows, Mr. Mickelucy has kept his eye open for prairie chickens and he says that a very large number have nested in this vicinity, and believes that shooting will be good next fall.

Settlers Want a Ditch.

A. C. Mayfield, a prosperous farmer living over near Plummer, was in the city Tuesday and filed a petition with County Auditor O'Brien praying for a new ditch to be constructed between the towns of Mayfield and Kratka, Wyandotte and Smiley. The ditch prayed for will empty into the Red river in Smiley, be thirteen miles in length and drain some eighty odd quarters of land. Mr. Mayfield is greatly interested in drainage and hopes the board may act favorably upon his petition and order the new ditch constructed at once.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Drowned in Four Inches of water.

Crookston, Minn., June 30—Last evening, while the mother was milking, and older girls getting supper, the 18 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Trudeau of the city crawled over a board placed to keep her from getting out the back door and fell into a tub containing but four inches of water, where she was found drowned fifteen minutes later. The mother became hysterical, and her condition is critical.

Died Saturday.

Miss Gertrude Cady, 19 years of age, died at her home on the East Side last Saturday evening of consumption. The deceased had been sick for about a year and for the past several days was very low

Get on Your Glad clothes.

President C. C. Jackson, of the Tournament Association, requests that all business men decorate their places of business next week during the tournament.

Mayor Hamre Returns.

Mayor T. P. Hamre returned to this city last Friday morning from Hot Springs, Ark., where he had been for the benefit of his health. The treatment at Hot Springs proved of great benefit to Mr. Hamre and he looks full ten years younger than he did this spring.

Mr. Hamre visited his old home in Iowa for a few days before returning and reports that crops down there are not as far advanced as they are in this section. The south has far too much rain this spring.

County Attorney Serves Notice.

County attorney Schroeder of Becker county last week dropped a bombshell amongst the liquor dealers in that county when he served notice that he would enforce the law which prohibits the sale of liquor to any person of Indian blood, and as a result they are staying awake nights to figure out what it just means. The statute in question is Section 1560 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, and reads as follows:

Section 1560—Sale to Indians—Whoever sells or in any way furnishes liquor to any person of Indian blood, whether a member of any tribal organization or not, except as hereinbefore provided, in case of licenced pharmacists, shall be guilty of felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in state's prison for not more than two years, and a fine of not more than Three Hundred ($300) dollars!

Cut Clover Now.

Clover for seed should be cut at once. This is what the most competent clover seedmen say and from the experience met with last year. Practical clover seed men in this and every other country in northern Minnesota are engaged this week in cutting their first crop of hay on clover fields that are to be for a seed crop. The clover is farther advanced than might be supposed, in view of the rainy and somewhat backward season. The first crop of hay is fairly heavy, although in many places the clover does not stand as thick and heavy as it did last year.

Clover men look for a good yield of seed this year. Thin clover yields the best seed crop. A thick, rank growth is not conductive to the best results in seed production. Where the clover is thin there is invariably found the heaviest yield of seed.

No farmer who expects to raise a crop of clover seed should delay cutting the first crop. This should be done this week. The earlier the better, as the most successful clover seed raisers put it.

NEW LINE FOR ROSEAU

Company Incorporates to Build a Line from Warroad to Red River.

Minneapolis Men Are Back of the New Company It Is Said

Railroad building in the northern part of the state is particularly active so far as the incorporation of new companies is concerned and if recently launched projects are made good the sparsely settled district comprising Roseau and Kittson counties will have two new railroads running parallel with the graded right of way of the Great Northern from Greenbush to Warroad.

Following closely the incorporation of the Minnesota Air Line Railway company comes the filing of articles by the Northern Minnesota Railroad company, whose incorporators are Minneapolis men. The purpose of the company as stated in the articles is to build a road from a point in Warroad township on the Lake of the Woods to a point in Marshall county on the Red River of the North. This is 69 miles and the road would pass thru the villages of Warroad, Roseau, Badger, Polan and Karlstad. The incorporators are George H. Sheeley, Waldron M. J. Jerome and Hector G. Spaulding all of Minneapolis. The capital stock is $100,000.

The route announced for the Minnesota Air Line incorporated about a week ago is thru the same territory the terminal points mentioned being Thief River Falls and Zipple Bay. It has been suggested that the purpose of both companies may be to coerce the Great Northern into the completion of its road from Warroad to Greenbush.

Big Crowd Assured.

That there will be a big crowd here at the tournament next week is now an assured fact. Hallock has engaged rooms and board for 25 firemen; Warren for 25; Red Lake Falls for 16; Crookston for 25; Bemidji for 25, and the other towns to be represented have not announced the number, but will come full or part teams. Among the other towns that will have firemen here are Ada, East Grand Forks, Halstead, Blackduck, Argyle, Oslo, Kennedy, Stephen, St. Hilaire, Mahnomen and Lancaster.

Doing a Big Business.

In a letter to the News, William Lauretzon, buttermaker for the Highlanding creamery, states that the creamery at Highlanding is taking in on an average of 4,000 pounds of cream on cream days. At present there are 90 patrons of this institution with good prospects of the number being increased to 125 before the season is over.

Take Off Your Hat

Look at It----Need a New One, Don't You? Which Do You Prefer?

SOFT or STIFF?

We Have a Complete Line of Both Kinds in the New Shapes and New Shades. Hats at

$1.00, $2.00, (Gordon) $3.00

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS FOR SUMMER WEAR. SUMMER UNDERWEAR. NEW ASSORTMENT OF NECKWEAR JUST RECEIVED.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes. Everything from Head to Foot.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

WILL BE HOME TODAY

Members of Company L to Return from Lake City Today.

Have Had a Good Time in Camp and Made an Excellent Record.

Camp Lakeview, Lake City.
June 22, 1908.

Eight days in camp have passed as two at home and, through, most of the boys are anxious to get back, none of them will be especially glad to break camp. The regiment leaves the grounds at 11:30 A. M. on Wednesday in a special train of two sections, Company L, will arrive home Thursday morning.

Camp life, especially in a military camp, is a pleasant pastime. Of course, the drills are strenuous, and sometimes disagreeable, but they are necessary. The company and battalion drills in the forenoons are the hardest. The dress parade at 6:20 P. M. is more of an exhibition than a drill, and is given in honor of the visitors and visiting officers of the Minnesota National Guard. Two or three of the days have been so hot that it has been torture to go through the movements, but no one has complained. Last night, two men fainted during the parade. The heat was fierce and the mercury was above the 100 degree mark all day. Rain storms have occurred every night for five days and it is raining today, so that the drills have been called off. It was the intention this morning to take the regiment on a short "hike" of three or four miles, and full preparations had been made. For the afternoon a trip, to the Jewell Nurseries was contemplated. This trip is an annual event, and each man is given a small boquet to give to his affinity. Several of the boys in our company are wondering how they can manage to get the several boquets which they would need.

Sergeant Lewis Nelson was the first man from the company to return home, leaving here on Friday.

Corporal Swore, after putting in a day as company police and serving half the night as corporal of the guard, left Sunday for home.

Privates Ihlo, Huseth Brokke and Gustafson completed the quota of soldiers who started for Thief River Falls Sunday. The latter will visit in the cities until the company comes.

Bugler Anderson officiated as Captain Adjutants orderly on Saturday. Private Richardson was orderly for Adjutant Van Duzee.

Camp visitors to Company L on Sunday included the Misses Julia Brokke and Bertha Keene and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nieman of St. Paul.

Capt. Wiste was Officer of the Day on Saturday and Lieut. Fuller, was Junior and Officer of the Day, for duty Friday night.

The annual field meet of the 3rd Regiment was pulled off Saturday afternoon.

Though entered in several events, company L did not succeed in capturing any of the prizes.

Sunday service was conducted yesterday morning by Chaplain Emery of the regiment, Music by the band assisted the male quartet in the hymns. The sermon, on "Our Country", was very well delivered and very interesting.

Several of the boys are planning on taking a day off and visiting friends in the Cities.

Tuesday is Governor's Day. Governor Johnson will be present to view the regiment and it is expected that the review will be a very pretty affair.

Those of Co. L, who qualified for marksman or better with their scores at the different ranges are as follows:

Name, Company L.	200	300	500	Total
Capt. U. A. Wiste	39	36	37	112
Qm. Sergt. K. M. Hansen	28	36	30	94
Corp. A. N. Anderson	39	34	33	106
Private C. Angell	34	35	35	104
Private L. Larson	40	38	35	113
Private A. Rasmussen	44	28	26	98

Private Larson made high score in the company.

A. Anderson, brother of Bugler Anderson, and a leading grocer of Lake City, who provides the food for the Company, presented a box of cigars to the Company with his compliments Monday.

Several of the boys have spent their spare time climbing and exploring the bluffs and hills around the camp.

"Private Boggs."

W. T. Hunt Is Here.

W. T. Hunt, president of the Minnesota Air Line Railway company, arrived in the city Tuesday evening from Roosevelt to spend a few days talking with the local business men regarding the railway. Mr. Hunt says that the survey has been started and that the road is going to be a go.

A Pioneer Buried.

The remains of Mrs. Smith, who died at the home of her daughter near Wylie, was brought to this city yesterday and buried in Greenwood cemetery. The deceased was one of the pioneer settlers of this section, and a mother of Simon Warring, of Excel. Quite a number of old residents attended the funeral.

Go to Grand Forks.

The Thief River Falls base ball club goes to Grand Forks Saturday and plays a game with the club from that city Sunday.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Every body cordially invited.

Play Three Games Next Week.

The local ball club will play three games of ball next week during the tournament—one with the team from Red Lake Falls, one with Bemidji and one with Hallock.

Frank Mahara's Minstrels Coming.

Frank Mahara's Famous Operatic Minstrels will be here three days during the tournament next week—Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday—at Evenson hall. This company has had eighteen years of remarkable prosperity on the road having traveled from ocean to ocean. The company has twenty colored stars and a grand concert band that will give entertainments afternoons and evenings.

Florence Grover Arrested.

A warrant was issued Tuesday for the arrest of Florence Grover, the alleged *keeper of a house of ill fame*. The woman was driven out of the city last spring by the city authorities and told that if she returned she would be arrested under the state law. In default of furnishing a bond for $250 she is continued to the city jail. Her trial will be tomorrow afternoon.

Germantown.

The special town meeting called for June 19th, for the purpose of considering the drainage issue came off as per schedule. The meeting was quite well attended by the voters; though, and in our opinion should have been still more so, in view of the question's vital importance. Thirty-eight votes were cast for and against a certain system of ditches twenty some miles in all which is intended to head off and take away the surplus water of the township. The question was well and ably fought on all sides—that is for or against the system planned. The discussion was interesting all the way, and even if nothing more had been accomplished it was a pleasant little beginning of a campaign of education along drainage lines. It is of course obvious that there will be opposition to any system of which it can not serve the dual purpose of drainage and irrigation within the boundaries of the town and that in the upside down order—draining the dry and irrigating the wet lands. The matter is up to the people, in justice to all the tax payers and for the welfare and prosperity of our community to see to it that the drains are such that they will move the water once and for all out of the town, if it shall be moved at all. The canvass of vote showed a majority of eight in favor of drainage in general according to the proposed plan. The next step will be to decide on how to do the work and how to pay for it—two rather important considerations.

Emil Greibatien has sold his place one half mile south of here to O. M. Olson, who intends to move up and settle, the coming fall. Mr. Olson is a former resident of the Liner country where he sold out a year ago, and since that time has made his home in Thief River Falls.

Henry Nelson, the butter maker for our creamery, made a trip to Middle River last week.

Gunder Lee drove up to Carmel last Monday to look after his farming interests out there. He returned on Saturday.

Miss Josia Bendickson is back after an extended absence.

Ole G. Hanson came up from Silverton last Friday for a visit with relatives.

Bernhard Knutson, one of the pioneers of this section, who it will be remembered had an auction on all his property, June 11th, leaves this week for Grand Forks, N. D., where he intends to remain until next fall, after which he may pull for the sunny south.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Lutheran church will have an auction on sewed articles etc. Wednesday of this week, the proceeds to be applied to the fund for building the church steeple and installing a bell—a plan on which the ladies have been working for some time past.

Mrs. Jay Payne and Frank Cook with witnesses, were down to Crookston the first of the week to make final proof on their timber claims up in the Rainy River country.

Charley Cook and Henry Nelson drove down to the Falls Sunday.

John Halvorson made final proof on his homestead at Thief River Falls Tuesday of this week.

The mosquitoes are with us again presenting pointers as sharp as ever, to the evident discomfort of fellow beings.

All things considered, the indications this year are now that this year's crops will be the best ever on the greater part of the fields. The weeds are doing some harm on the late sown pieces, but they too are coming and will, it seems, be better than could have been expected.

Believes Jake Is a Winner.

State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson, was in the city yesterday morning, being enroute to Roseau county to hold a state land sale. Mr. Iverson says that he believes Jacobson will be nominated for governor on the first ballot.

Booming Opsahl.

Hon. N. T. Moen, of Ada, spent Sunday in the city and spoke in some of the local churches in the interests of the anti-saloon league. He believes that Jens. J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, who voted for the county option bill in the last legislature, will again be elected and did not fail to do some work for this gentleman.

Assessment Completed.

The city council met Monday and Tuesday as a board of equalization and reviewed the work of Assessor D. P. O'Neil. The total assessed valuation of the city this year as returned by the assessor is about $800,000, but it is quite likely that by the time the county board and state board of equalization gets through with the assessment it will be over a million. Of this amount about $300,000 is personal property and $500,000 is real estate. Very few changes were made by the members of the city council.

Some More Talk on Cigars.

F. C. Niclai spent last week on the *road calling on his out of town trade* and doing a little of advertisement for the tournament. We venture to say he did an excellent business and the times considered only goes to show we have a cigar factory. Though small as yet we ought to be proud of this institution. Mr. Niclai has an assorted line of cigars now that looks good in any case and the fact that he is gaining such a nice trade out of town and has the goods, they should also be boosted at home. Why not say, Thief River Falls makes good. Get the habit, the tournament is near, to stir the spirit of every citizen. Every cigar show case in town should get their cigars from the factory. Put them to the front and have a good word for them and they will do the rest. The new brands, "El-Ko" and the improved "Minnesota Star" as also the "Pontilla" cigar is a decided addition to his line and puts it up in standard with the best factories in the state. If you can't boost, don't knock. Put your little hammer on the shelf and say, "Thief River makes good."

Rocksbury.

Miss Ida Karwand is visiting her friend Miss Hannah Gustafson.

Miss Gertrude Meehan is staying this week with her friend Sophia Weaver.

The Farmers Mutual Telephone Company have completed the western portions of their line.

The Y. P. S. C. met with Esther Hanson last Tuesday.

Miss Hannah Gustafson visited with Mrs. Henry Pope last Monday afternoon.

Misses Marguerite McAndress and Edna Miller called at O. J. Thorstad's last Tuesday evening.

There was a box sociable held in the school district No. 73. The large crowd all report a very good time.

Some of the young people of Rocksbury and Sanders enjoyed a dance at Mr. Ed. Yonke's.

Marguerite McAndress spent Sunday with her friends in T. R. F.

Mr. Gustaf Geske is trying to fix the roads this week.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending June 20, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office Washington D. C.

Alstagt, Miss Martha
Anderson, Mrs. Else A.
Bang, Mrs.
Bakken, Miss Hannah
Bangen, Mrs.
Christianson, Sr John
Dr. Clark
Halvorson, H.
Hanson, Miss Nora
Ljostveit, Peder—2
Loberg, Kyullus
Lee, W. J.
Mandt, Miss Else
Mamerud, Otto
McNally, Mrs. J. P.
Nelson, And.
Rice, George
Saiur, Andrew
Williams, Richard

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Grand
Semi-Annual
Sale!

Don't Forget to Attend This Greatest of All Sales.

SALE COMMENCES
MONDAY, JUNE 29,
AND ENDS ON
FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1908.
FIVE DAYS ONLY

Do not miss this sale. It will pay you to come 100 miles to it. For further information see the large posters.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Joseph Du Champ is in for Kratha.

Game Warden Munch was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Roy Tabor left yesterday for Grand Forks.

Daniel Petterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday.

Ben Christianson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Lars Lee, of Norden, went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

A. D. Brown, of the town of Hickory, was in the city yesterday.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city yesterday.

Andrew Ellingson, the Highlanding merchant, was in the city yesterday.

Thor T. Lande, of Deer Park, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Red Lake Falls.

Oscar Odegard, of the town of Star, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. Mona Bathun and daughter arrived in the city Monday from California to visit old friends.

Madames Bishop, Fasel and Dock will serve lunch at the Presbyterian church Friday afternoon of this week.

Mrs. O. L. Fettum and Mrs. E. J. Overland, of the town of North, left yesterday for York, N. D., to visit friends.

Joe Morisette, of Mayfield, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Crookston to attend to some land office business.

The Young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will meet next Thursday evening at the home of A. O. Langseth.

W. G. Hunt, editor of the [illegible], was in the city yesterday being enroute to Red Lake Falls to attend the county convention.

Charles P. O'Neil, who had been visiting his cousin, D. P. O'Neil, left [illegible] day for M[illegible] before returning to his home in W[illegible]sin.

Services at the Presbyterian church at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. [illegible] sermon [illegible] Sabbath School at [illegible] o'clock.

C. M. Carie[illegible], the [illegible] estate dealer, was in the city yesterday being enroute to Warren to attend the Republican county convention for Marshall county.

George Lemere and W. [illegible] two of the enterprising and hustling settlers of the town of Deer Park, were in the city Tuesday, making final proof upon their homesteads. Both of these gentlemen have made excellent improvements and if there were more farmers of this kind on the eleven towns it would be a good thing for the country.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank all of the kind friends and neighbors who rendered assistance and sympathy during the illness and death of our daughter, Gertrude.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Cady.

AT THE BIJOU.

The motion picture playets for the last half of this week are exceptionally clever and assure satisfaction, especially Edison's featured film, "A Country Girl's Seminary Life and Experiences." This playlet shows the whole career of school life at a girls college, including hazing, a basket ball game and school rivals.

Scenic, "In the Streets of Morocco," Tangier. The illustrated song is exceptionally good, "All she gets from the Iceman is Ice," by Salmon and Lamb. Amateur night, Friday evening at 9:30. Matinee every afternoon at 4. Next week, Tournament week, three changes of program.

The Great Tournament.

Our beautiful and thrifty city is on trial for its appearance and hospitality.

The Tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament Association is to be held in this city June 29th, 30th and July 1st and 2nd, and visitors must be made at home in every respect.

This a rare [illegible] for all our citizens to show their hospitality and loyalty to our splendid Fire Department.

No other city of our size in Northern Minnesota has [illegible]

[illegible]

Committee.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 23 lb	1.30
Cookies per lb	10
Cocoanut bulk per lb	18
Prunes California per lb	10
Apples evaporated per lb	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb	10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters per can	30
Clams Seaborn beach per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle	25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for	25
Mazall fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for	5

DOCK & NELSON
Phone No. 115 3rd St.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Victor
GRAPHOPHONES & RECORDS
FOR SALE BY
P. G. HANSON

INVESTED A MILLION

Many Minnesotans Creditors of Chicago Company.

RECEIVER IS APPOINTED

Evidence of United States Secret Service Men Leads to Action by Federal Court.

More than $1,000,000 of Minnesota money is believed to be involved in the outcome of proceedings in Chicago against the Central Life Securities company, for which Judge Kohlsaat of the United States circuit court has appointed a receiver. So far as the investigations of the secret service officers has proceeded it has appeared that most of the investors in the company are in Minnesota, and nearly every city of any size in the state is represented in the list.

It is said that among those investors are cashiers and officers of nearly half of the banks in the state outside the Twin Cities and several members of the legislature and men otherwise prominent.

Secret service men of the United States department of justice in Chicago have been at work for two months investigating the business of the Central Life Securities company and it was upon their showing that Judge Kohlsaat appointed a receiver and issued a temporary injunction to restrain the officers of the company from disposing of any of its assets.

The bill which was filed in the federal circuit court at Chicago on behalf of a number of the Chicago stockholders of the Central Life Securities company charges fraud in the management of the company and asks for an accounting between that corporation and the Central Agency company, the Republic Life Insurance company and their officers, who were the organizers of all three of the companies.

STORM AROUND TWIN CITIES

Results in One Death and Heavy Loss of Property.

For fully thirty minutes the Twin Cities and the surrounding towns were in the furious grasp of a shrieking storm, wind, lightning and torrents of rain, easily the worst storm of the year, and one of the worst in the past few years. No lives were lost in St. Paul, though one life was lost in Minneapolis and one near Hopkins. Considerable property was destroyed, especially at White Bear lake, where trees were uprooted or broken off and thrown into the raging lake, while roofs of bathhouses were ripped off and sent hurling through the air, docks torn up and scattered along the shore and a general havoc created.

Near Hopkins the fury of the wind resulted in the death of Henry Fortwenger, a resident of North Minneapolis, who sought refuge in a shanty and was killed by a falling beam when the shanty was wrecked by the wind.

BURGLARS VERY CAREFUL

Wrap Building in Blankets to Deaden the Sound.

A daring robbery took place at Farley and the postoffice was robbed of $100 in cash and over $100 in stamps. In addition to this $200 of village funds was taken and about $100 belonging to Postmaster W. T. Blakeley.

It seems that the robbery had been carefully planned, the robbers breaking into the storeroom of the Minnesota and International Railway company at Turtle River and securing a hand car and from there went to Farley.

Before breaking into the building it was carefully wrapped with blankets and other material to deaden the sound of the explosion. So well had they planned the robbery that not a person was disturbed when the large safe belonging to the village was blown to pieces.

FATAL EXPLOSION OF GAS

Two Young People Badly Burned in St. Paul.

Miss Josephine Wagner, a domestic at the home of John McGuire of St. Paul, is dying at the city hospital from burns caused by an explosion of gas and Alphonso Bauer, also employed at the McGuire home, was seriously burned in trying to save the girl's life. He is at the city hospital and it is thought that he will recover.

Stolen Securities Restored.

H. C. Taylor, the St. Paul and Seattle capitalist, who was the victim of pickpockets while aboard an incoming Northwestern train near St. Paul a few days ago, has recovered his wallet, containing negotiable papers, collateral and stocks worth thousands of dollars, but minus $150 in currency and a £5 Bank of England note which were also in the wallet at the time of the robbery. The securities were sent to Chief of Police O'Connor by mail.

Old Man Blown to Pieces.

H. A. Rogers, an old man who made a business of well digging and lived alone in the outskirts of Tracy, was blown to pieces by an explosion of dynamite. No one knows how the accident happened, but the supposition is that he had the explosive in his tool box and dropped something on it, forgetting it was there.

STORM IN MINNESOTA.

Resulted in One Fatality and Much Damage to Property.

The terrific storm that swept through Southern and Southwestern Minnesota did damage that conservatively may be estimated in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. As the loss principally lies in the crops of the rich agriculaural region that was visited, it is difficult to sum up the damage.

No tornado accompanied the storm, and the report that a "twister" had hit Albert Lea and other towns was found to have been based upon nominal damage done by heavy wind.

Only one death has been reported. Carl Gramenza, a farmer in Burns township, Brown county, was killed by a stroke of lightning that set fire to his barn. No injuries other than of a minor character have been reported.

While the wind blew with the fury of a tornado in several places, the principal damage was by hail, which fell to an extent and with a force probably unequalled in the history of the southern part of the state. Grain was beaten into the ground, and few farms in the path of the storm, which was a score of miles wide at most places, escaped some damage, while ruin was wrought in every field on a large number. Lightning struck many farm buildings and killed much live stock.

TO VISIT IN MINNESOTA.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Will Spend Vacation in State.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is to spend his summer vacation in Minnesota.

The president's oldest son will put in a month in the forests of the northern portion of the state as the guest of Mr. John C. Greenway of Coleraine. Mr. Greenway is an old friend of the Roosevelt family and a former Harvard man, but was not in the same class with the president.

He was with the president, however, during the Cuban campaign and ever since has been a regular White House visitor.

The president has offered Captain Greenway several good positions, one of them being that of member of the civil service commission. But Mr. Greenway, who has built up the town of Coleraine as a model mining center, prefers business to politics.

During the month of July Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, while en route to Yellowstone National park, will probably make a visit to Coleraine.

It is quite likely that Teddy, Jr., will accompany the party West. The young Harvard student is a crack shot and enjoys a hunt equally as well as his father.

JACOBSON IN THE LEAD.

May Win Republican Nomination for Governor of Minnesota.

The returns from the primaries held throughout the state give J. F. Jacobson of Madison the better of the contest for the Republican nomination for governor, although the number of counties thus far reported is not large enough to give him a cinch on the nomination. Where tickets were put up by two or more candidates it is possible to find out the sentiment, but in most of the counties there were no contests at the primaries and there will be no definite information until the county conventions are held Thursday.

So far Jacobson has received 218 votes, Joel P. Heatwole 40, E. T. Young 49, while S. P. Snider and M. W. Savage both claim the vote of Hennepin county, 113, with none outside.

LONG WAIT FOR LAND.

Cass Lake Opening May Not Take Place for a Year.

Twenty-eight men are still anxiously waiting in front of the United States land office at Cass Lake for the opening of the large tract of land lying around Cass lake.

Notwithstanding the fact that this land may not open for a year the men feel contented and make their home day and night at the land office. They have drawn up an agreement whereby each may go to his meals and all swear to protect each other in event of trouble.

The land to be opened consists of 75,000 acres and contains some of the finest timber in the state.

Minnesota Elks Elect Officers.

The Elks' convention at Bemidji closed in a blaze of glory. The annual parade was pulled off and was very successful. Fully 500 Elks were in line. The annual convention voted to hold the next annual meeting at St. Cloud. Dr. Henry Bryant of St. Paul was elected president; R. J. Angus, Fergus Falls, vice president; N. A. Nelson, Stillwater, secretary; W. W. Koonz, St. Cloud, treasurer; Rev. H. F. Parshall, Cass Lake, chaplain, and A. H. Jester, Bemidji, sergeant-at-arms.

Arm Stripped to Bone.

Edward Dunlon, an employe of the Northern Pacific on the construction work at Glyndon, fell into the jaws of a cogwheel which furnishes power for the cable of the unloading plow and his left arm was caught at the shoulder. He managed to free himself, but two large pieces of flesh were torn from the bone in his arm.

Burglars Take $2,000 in Jewels.

Diamonds and rubies valued at $2,000 were stolen from the apartments of Miss R. S. Baum of Minneapolis in broad daylight. The burglars smashed open a trunk containing the gems, "[illegible]" the sparklers from their settings and escaped.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The factory wheels in the new state prison at Stillwater will begin to revolve Monday, Nov. 2. The first factory on the new site will be for manufacturing binder twine to augment the output of the old factory. The output this year will be considerably in excess of any year in the past and will total 14,500,000 pounds. That will not meet the demands of the farmers of Minnesota, but it is expected that with the new factory the two will supply all the Minnesota farmers after this season.

From the reports received of the results of the Republican primaries held Saturday night it is difficult to ascertain just how all of the counties reporting will show up at the county conventions, but on the face of the returns J. F. Jacobson seems to have the best of it so far, although E. T. Young says he is satisfied with the situation.

Mayor J. C. Haynes of Minneapolis has vetoed the ordinance granting a franchise to the Minneapolis General Electric company, but doubt is expressed as to whether his action will stand legal test, as it is contended that he failed to act within the five days allowed after the document was in his hands.

Fergus Falls is not in the prohibition colmn, but it is keeping close to the "dry" line. Three of the eight aldermen vote against the granting of all liquor licenses and a fourth votes no whenever the applicant's standing as a law abiding saloon man has been questioned.

Eighteen hundred dollars in bank notes were found in the railway station of the St. Paul road in Minneapolis by Train Caller Kilgriff, who returned the money to the owner, Mrs. S. Haggerty of Sisseton, S. D.

The St. Paul battalion, Modern Woodmen of America, captured the first prize, $1,000, at the national encampment in Peoria, Ill. There were battalions entered from towns throughout the country.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Knife River, a small village at the junction of the Duluth and Iron Range and the Duluth and Northern roads, near Two Harbors, received a visit from burglars who got a total of $715. They robbed the postoffice of $600, half in cash and half postage stamps, and touched Captain Charles Anderson's saloon for $100 that was in the till and $15 in a slot machine.

Edward J. Svenneby was terribly burned at his home at Fergus Falls. He was carrying a lighted lamp and a can of paint upstairs and fell just as he reached the top. The oil and paint spilled over him and took fire, burning him until his skin literally peeled from portions of his body. The house took fire, but the flames were extinguished.

The eighteen-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Trudeau of Crookston crawled over a board placed to keep her from going out the back door and fell into a tub containing but four inches of water. She was found dead fifteen minutes later. The mother is hysterical and her condition critical.

Henry N. Danielson, a wealthy farmer of the town of Cedar Mills, Meeker county, committed suicide by hanging. Mr. Danielson had been despondent and had probably contemplated suicide for some time, as he had settled all his business matters and on the previous night bade all his children goodbye.

W. McGimmell collided with an automobile at St. Paul, receiving injuries which may prove fatal. McGimmell, who was riding a wheel, and G. P. Moore, who was driving the automobile, tried to avoid a popcorn wagon and both turned the same way. A head on collision was the result.

David Roberts of St. Paul, riding on a Northern Pacific freight train, fell off and had his feet crushed at Forest Lake. He was taken to the Stillwater city hospital and had a part of both feet amputated.

Sixteen-year-old Irene Kraft fell from a bicycle in front of a Riverside avenue street car at Minneapolis and her right arm was cut off by the front wheels of the car, which demolished the machine.

An overdose of chloroform, taken as a headache cure, killed Mrs. George Hopf of Minneapolis, aged twenty-six.

OBITUARY.

After a lifetime passed after the manner of a hermit with only the barest of necessities Charles F. Krau[illegible] died in the Northwestern hospital at Minneapolis, leaving an estate estimated at between $30,000 and $35,000. He was seventy seven years old.

Delevan D. Sprague is dead at Caledonia, aged sixty five years, of heart disease, from which he had been suffering for a year. He had been engaged in the general mercantile business there for forty five years.

George H. Rust, territorial pioneer and veteran Minneapolis real estate man, who recently returned from an extended European trip, died suddenly at his home in the Mill City.

David Smith, eighty three years old, father of George R. Smith, judge of probate of Hennepin county, is dead at Minneapolis. He was a territorial pioneer.

John Laramy, a pioneer settler, died very suddenly at his home in St. Paul Park, aged eighty-one years.

"Tenting It"

by the shady banks of some lovely island lake or noble river, well stocked with fish—is a most healthy and delightful experience, particularly if (with judicious forethought) a case or two of

Gund's Peerless Beer

has been included in the commissariat. In the afternoon of a hot, fatiguing day, a few foaming glasses of this famously rich and refreshing malt and hop brew, add wonderfully to the rest and enjoyment of picnicing, yachting, fishing or outing parties. Indeed, for vacation and holiday purposes, the snappy thirst-quenching and exhilarating qualities of Peerless have made it always "first choice" by those who know. Mail orders invited. Keeps in any climate. Sold in cafes, restaurants, hotels and first-class bars, but you must ask for it. Brewed by the exclusive Gund Natural Process.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., - La Crosse, Wis.
JOHN BAUER, MGR. THIEF RIVER FALLS BRANCH,
Phone 186, Thief River Falls, Minn.

We Make a Specialty of Printing
AUCTION BILLS.

"SOO" LINE
Special Train
TO
DETROIT, MINN.
SUNDAY, JUNE 28TH 1908

TRAIN TIME	FROM	TRAIN TIME	FROM
Lv. 6:30 a. m.	Thief River Falls	Lv. 8:12 a. m.	Bejou
" 6:46 a. m.	Hazel	" 8:35 a. m.	Mahnomen
" 7:03 a. m.	Plummer	" 8:54 a. m.	Waubun
" 7:17 a. m.	Brooks	" 9:06 a. m.	Ogema
" 7:28 a. m.	Cisco	" 9:24 a. m.	Callaway
" 7:38 a. m.	Erskine	" 9:34 a. m.	Westbury
" 7:58 a. m.	Winger		

RETURN TRAIN WILL LEAVE DETROIT AT 7:15 P. M.

TICKETS ON SALE: FOR SPECIAL TRAIN SUNDAY, JUNE 28, 1908.
RETURN LIMIT: RETURN LIMIT JUNE 29, 1908.
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED—EVERY—THURSDAY.

A HELPFUL DECISION.

The interstate commerce commission has again proved its usefulness by a decision lately handed down that is of great interest to all the shippers of the country, as well as to all railroads doing an interstate business.

This decision is to the effect that no contract waiver in a bill of lading is valid as against the general laws relating to common carriers, and the point involved is the liability of railroads for damages to goods carried by them.

The average man would find no difficulty in appreciating that when a railroad takes a carload of goods for transportation, it becomes morally responsible for its safe delivery and subject to damages if injury happens to the commodities on the road between the shipper and receiver.

One of the great difficulties experienced in the attempt to secure the adoption of a uniform bill of lading acceptable as collateral for bank loans has been the refusal of the railroads to accept responsibility for goods in transit, except upon the payment of an additional freight charge, about 25 per cent above the schedule rates. In other words, if you turn over freight for shipment to a railroad and pay only the regular tariff rate, you take your chances; if you pay 25 per cent more than the regular rate, the railroad will consent to accept responsibility for safekeeping.

The obvious effect of this is that nearly all freight is carried at shippers risk, and that any damage in transit is the shipper's loss.

The railroads, with their old-fashioned system of getting around the law and the right if it seems safe and and profitable to them, have been trying to dispose of this question by using a bill of lading which carries a clause relieving the railroad from any responsibility whatever in case of loss or deterioration. Obviously, such a bill of lading is not very good collateral at the bank. Bankers look upon it about as they would look at an application for a loan from a business man who does not carry fire insurance upon the stock of goods offered as security; though strangely enough some bankers do not see why depositors should favor a deposit guaranty law that would give depositors security guarantee against the loss of their savings.

The interstate commerce commission holds that no general release, signed by a shipper or purporting to be signed by him, is of any validity against the normal responsibility of a common carrier. In other words, when a railroad takes a shipment of goods it is responsible for delivering it safely at its destination, no matter what kind of a contract it may force the shipper to sign.

This decision looks like good sense. Certainly the railroads collect a rate of pay for their services high enough to warrant the expectation that they shall be held responsible for proper performance of services for which the shippers pay. The ruling will not only help business by making bills of lading good collateral, but it will make the railroads more careful in their handling of freight.—Duluth Herald.

AN $8,000,000,000 CROP.

New York World: Chief Statistician Clark of the agricultural department estimates that the ninth successive good harvest is practicall assured to the American farmer and that the crops of 1908 will be worth nearly $8,000,000,000.

Eight billion dollars would pay the net interest-bearing national debt nine times over. Or it would pay the net national debt and leave enough to buy at par the stock of all the railroads in the country. It would nearly pay of the entire bonded debt of every American railroad. At assessed valuations it would buy every acre of land in New York city and replace every building in it, with a little remnant over equalling the combined assessed valuations of Chicago, New Orleans, St. Louis, Seattle and San Francisco.

Corn does not travel far from the place where it is raised, which is lucky, as there are not railroads enough to carry it. A crop of 2,700,000,000 bushels should load 2,520,000 thirty-ton cars, 550,000 more freight cars than there are in the country of every sort. The freight cars of all the world would not carry our wheat and corn. If there were cars enough and if the wheat and corn were loaded into thirty-ton cars, forty to a train, and trains were run at two-mile intervals at a speed including stops of thirty miles an hour night and day, it would take nearly six months for the procession to pass a reviewing stand. A bin built the size of a city block, 600 feet by 200, would need to be more than six miles high to hold this wheat and corn alone. The hay and cotton crops and the stupendous annual egg yield of the Amrican hen are in bulk and value equally amazing.

There is little in these facts to justify pessimism. If there are rats in the nation's granary it is the nation's business to drive them out, but the material basis of prosperity is broad and firm in the matchless abundance of nature.

Polk county now has eight candidates for the Republican nomination for sheriff with good prospects for more. It is one of the best paying offices in Polk county.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F.E.TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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Give the small boy a pig or calf, let him care for it and don't fail to let him have the proceeds when the animal is sold.

We have often wondered who could be so long suffering and patient as to earn and prepare grub and mend the seat of the pants of the average depot loafer.

During the six year period from 1901-7 the average yearly per capita consumption of wheat food in the United States was five and one-half bushels.

Of the 59,659 acres of flax raised in Ireland last year 59,414 acres was grown in the province of Ulster, while 699 out of the 705 scutching mills in the country were in the same province.

The gardener would have good grounds for considering himself singularly fortunate if there was a plant or vegetable—in the category of the things he wanted to raise for the market which had the persistence and vitality of the common dandelion.

A friend makes a practice of chopping up all the suckers and red horse he can get and giving them to his hens, which, being confined, eat the fish greedily as a substitute for the animal food which they would pick up in considerable quantities were they running at large. Another friend disposes of rabbits during the summer months in the same way.

One decided advance that is noticeable this season is that of the use of the seed drill for the small grains. In fields in which this tool has been used an evener stand and growth of grain are to be seen than in those in which the old broadcast seeding method has been followed. This is merely one of the evidences of the greater care which is being exercised in the working of lands whose value is advancing up to and above the eighty dollar per acre level.

A move that can be made in many sections toward an improvement of public highways should consist of cutting down a portion of the trees bordering the road, especially where they are situated on the south or west sides of the same. They should at least be so thinned out as to let the sun shine on to the road for a part of the day. Where this condition cannot be brought about the question of road improvement is made increasingly difficult, if not well nigh impossible.

Geraniums, like boys, are often the better off for an outdoor summer vacation. Prune them back (the geraniums) considerably, remove from the pots and put them in a garden spot where they will get a good deal of sunshine. Before setting in the ground put a good shovelful of rotten manure beneath each plant, and during the drier weather see that they get plenty of water. If this course is followed it will mean lots of bloom in late summer and good strong plants to pot in the fall.

A friend of the writer is usually rather slow in plowing his garden, waiting until settled warm weather comes. It is noticeable that his garden is very clean, due quite likely in part to the fact that a whole lot of weed seeds germinate and are turned under with the first plowing. More than this, the seed that he puts into the warm, mellow soil usually comes on very quickly and his stuff by midsummer is often as advanced as that of his neighbor's which was planted two or three weeks earlier.

Some one who is interested not only in agriculture, but temperance, has figured out that if all of the corn, some 25,000,000 bushels, which is at present consumed in the manufacture of spirituous liquors were to be lost—that is, the market for it destroyed—the [illegible] each farm which is now devoted to corn culture would be but a paltry [illegible] cents an acre. But this seems like granting more than is necessary, for if the corn in question were not used in the manufacture of whisky it would likely be devoted to some purpose which would bring the grower as generous a return.

Blue Jays and [illegible] are both noisy, [illegible] the bird [illegible] credit from [illegible] entitles them [illegible] tion. In [illegible] worthless [illegible] they frequently [illegible] destroy the nests, [illegible] of birds which have a real [illegible] value [illegible] beak, [illegible] tints. If [illegible] name [illegible] premises, [illegible] ting a stop to the operations.

The 1906-7 olive oil production of Italy is rated at 29,411,423 gallons. Were the figures not given on what seems to be good authority one would be tempted to suspect that a good share of this olive oil was made from American cotton seed or linseed.

Broken crockery may be made to serve a good purpose if instead of being thrown on the ash heap or out behind the wood shed it is broken up into small pieces and put into the hen yard. The poultry will appropriate all that is small enough as grit for grinding their food.

It is well to keep an eye on the red, gray or fox squirrels, however tame, which may frequent the trees or groves about your place, as they are among the worst enemies that the common song birds have. Perhaps the worst sinner of the bunch is the little red squirrel, that by good rights ought to be shot on sight.

A lady reader, writing to a leading western agricultural paper, tells of having some 200 little chickens killed by crows during one season, they having had a nesting place in a nearby grove and she not realizing the source of the depredations until most of her chicks were done for. This and other evidence of the destructiveness of the crow to eggs and young chickens would seem to show that as an enemy of the poultry raiser the crow has the hawk, mink and skunk tribes beaten all to pieces.

There are certain sections in the north central states where tests with alfalfa have proved conclusively that it is futile to try to raise it unless chickens have the run of the field devoted to its growth and are able to keep the grasshopper pest in check. Where poultry is not about the hoppers pounce on to the young plants when they are in the second or third leaf and annihilate them, in which performance they show good insect judgment, for it is quite likely the most succulent and nutritious herbage to be found at that season of the year.

A flock of sheep of proper size is entitled to a place on every farm which is adapted to raising them at all, simply from the standpoint of their utility as weed scavengers. The time is not far away when there will be more fully realized the loss which the average farm suffers from the growth of myriads of weeds, which draw nourishment from the soil just as much as, in some cases more than, regular planted crops. When this time comes no great amount of urging will be required to persuade the farmer that he ought to keep a flock of these useful animals.

Not the least of the influences which are tending to boost the already unprecedentedly high price of corn to a still higher level is the unusually wet condition of the soil to be found in many sections of Illinois, one of the banner corn states of the Union, which has rendered impossible in many cases the plowing of last year's fields. Many of them lie untouched, with the old stalks still standing gaunt and bare. So heavy has been the rainfall that it has been next to impossible to get on to the ground with a team, let alone working the soil with any satisfactory results. The above conditions, perhaps aggravated in portions of Illinois, exist in greater or less extent through considerable portions of the entire corn belt. One of the discouraging features about the situation is the fact that there is hardly any other crop that can be grown in the short portion of the season remaining. The situation described insures hard times locally, at least, of a very depressing character.

It seems fair to assume that the reason why more localities do not improve their highways with the occasional use of the King road drag or an implement built on a similar principle is that the claims made for the system of road improvement seem to be so extravagant as to be outside the range of possibility, and yet there is no use denying the claims which have been so often made and just as often demonstrated and proved. There are three things at least which the use of a King road drag does for a road, tending to make it a firm and solid thoroughfare. First, it gives the road a convex instead of a flat or concave surface, which causes rain which falls on the road to flow rapidly to the ditches and gutters at the side. Again, it scrapes off and pulverizes the lumps and at the same time fills up the wagon ruts and chuck holes. One treatment does not do all of the good work, but does put the road in shape so that subsequent traffic and draggings will give it a hard and smooth surface from which the water runs readily, enabling it to dry quickly before there is time for it to be cut up by traffic. The better the condition of the road becomes the [illegible] it [illegible] to the influences which [illegible] up and mar the average [illegible] road, and this is one of the rewards [illegible] from the care which is given [illegible] in the early stages. [illegible] treated with [illegible] spell of [illegible] smooth [illegible] stretches [illegible] the treated [illegible] rough and [illegible] the two [illegible] treatment of [illegible] drag. In view of [illegible] that are [illegible] raisers of [illegible] for the hauling of their stuff to market over [illegible] of the [illegible] drag it [illegible] than it is [illegible] in most sections of the country.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.
The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.
Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.
"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."
We are distributors for this distinctive watch.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at J. A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.
It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.
It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

O. Tessum was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Ben Christianson was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

Charles Newberry was over to Bemidji last week.

Jacob Anderson was down from Jelle last week.

For snaps in city property, see Hager the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Charles Latta, of Plummer, was in the city Tuesday.

P. H. Wright, of Kratka, was down to Crookston last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton were down to the twin cities last week.

"Royal" Dahleen, of St. Hilaire, was in the city to spend Sunday.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Ole Thoreson left Friday evening for Fargo, returning on Sunday.

James Power was up from Crookston Monday visiting with old friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

E. M. Stanton is to deliver the Fourth of July oration at Highlanding this year.

M. E. Bjorke and wife, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Sunday visiting friends.

Mrs. O. Tessum and children are visiting with relatives in Fillmore county.

Girls Wanted—Table waitress and cook at once. Fertile House, Fertile, Minn.

Dr. Gambell returned to this city Monday from his trip to the Pacific coast.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder, 'phone 233.

Charles Meyer, of Roseau, was in the city last week visiting his sister, Mrs. C. A. Robbecke.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

W. C. Miller, of Thorwick, was in the city last Saturday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Albert Klungness, of Thorwick, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

Miss Pansy Newberry was over to Oslo to spend Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Clara nee Cummings.

Miss Sadie Giller, who had been visiting at the home of A. Joe Giller, returned to Crookston last week.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Nickel.

Col. Harris, of the Hotel Evelyn, was down to St. Paul the first of the week attending to business matters.

Attorney G. Halvorson was over to Warren, Tuesday attending the term of district court for Marshall county.

Services in the German Lutheran Church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. At Manor at 3 o'clock.

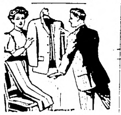

Surprise Your Husband
with what he'll take to be a new suit of clothes by having us clean and scour some of his laid aside garments—dyeing them if need be. That? Not a third that of new clothes. Save money for hubby and get a new hat for yourself by sending his clothes to us to be renovated.
B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

The new uniforms for the band arrived here last week. The boys were out Sunday in the uniforms for the first time.

Ed. Wilson left last Saturday for St. Paul to confer with the officers if the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company.

The young people of the town of Norden enjoyed a picnic Sunday. It was a very pleasant occasion and all had a fine time.

Carl Peterson left Monday evening for Hibbing, having accepted a position as clerk in one of the large stores in that place.

Patronize home industry and smoke the El-Ko cigar. Fred's guarantee band on every cigar. There is none better.

People having business at the pop factory will please use the alley to go to this place and not cross my yard. F. H. Kratka.

Mrs. Frank J. Lawrence arrived in the city Monday from Fergus Falls to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Robbecke.

Emil Dryfoos was down to Mahnomen last week and took the contract for putting water works and sewerage into several residences.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

Postmaster Kratka left last Saturday for Grand Rapids to attend to business matters for a few days. He expects to return today.

Louis Hanson left Tuesday morning over the Wheatline for Montana and expects to spend several days out there on business and pleasure.

County Surveyor Wood was down to Plummer last week making a survey of the city streets for the purpose of establishing grades for sidewalks.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

Hans P. Eangen, a former resident of Ringbo, who has spent the past two years in Oregon, returned to this city last week. He expects to make his home here in the future.

C. Stuebe, one of the prominent citizens of New Ulm and old friend of Charles A. Robbecke, passed through the city last week, being enroute to Roseau county with a car load of horses.

Tommie Johnstone, treasurer of the Northwestern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association, was up from Crookston Monday looking after affairs regarding the tournament next week.

Henry Cook, Frank Cook, and Mrs. Jennie Payne, of Germantown, were down to Crookston the first of the week. The two latter proved up on stone and timber claims up in the Rainy river country.

Ira C. Richardson returned to this city Monday from Peoria, Ill., where he had been to attend the national camp of the Modern Woodmen lodge. He reports that the meeting was a very interesting one.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church will serve dinner on the last three days of the tournament June 30th and July 1st and 2nd, in the store beneath the Masonic Hall. Dinner served at noon price 25 cents.

Olaf Ramstad left last Friday for Miles City, Mont., where he expects to purchase three or four car loads of western horses and sell them to the farmers in this vicinity. There is a good demand for farm horses here.

At the home of the bride's parents in the town of Norden, last Thursday, June 18, the Rev. L. J. Parbst officiating, occurred the marriage of Miss Hilda Faragen to Gustaf Guleth. Both are popular young people.

[illegible], one of the enterprising farmers of the town of Clover Leaf, was in the city last week and made the News office a pleasant call. He states that crops are looking fine in the town of Clover Leaf and prospects are good for a large crop.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill left last Thursday evening for Detroit, Mich., to spend several weeks visiting with her mother.

Sunday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Jonas and the event was properly celebrated at their home on the East Side that evening. A large number of guests were present and all had a very enjoyable time.

Edwin Skare, one of the enterprising settlers of the town of Clover Leaf, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Skare is one of the road overseers in the town of Clover Leaf and reports that considerable road work will be done in that town this year.

Wanted—Agents for Diozo the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $4.00 to $15.00 daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Swenas, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

The question, "How many holidays are there on which a rural mail carrier does not have to carry mail," is answered by a correspondent who quotes section 36 of the postal laws and regulation, current edition, as follows: Service on rural delivery routes shall be suspended on New Years day, Washington's birthday, Decoration day, Independence day, Labor day and Thanksgiving day. Also on all days declared legal holidays by the legislatures of the several states. In Minnesota those designated holidays include Lincoln's birthday and Good Friday.

A Dangerous Job.

Is there a plan on foot to kill County Commissioner Lindquist?

It appears that this is likely to be the next move made in the county seat removal war.

What would lead an outsid observer to suspect there was something in the wind, is the fact that the newspapers of the two places are preparing to lay the blame on each other, the same as they did the loss of the county seat removal petition.

In view of these facts we are preparing a fine obituary for Mr. Lindquist which we have entitled, "Our Martyred Commissioner." We are placed at some disadvantage by not being much aquainted with him, only by reputation, and would be very thankful to anyone who will furnish us with the following infomation. Where was he born? If he was born in the old country, what year did he come to America? Is he married or single? If married, how many children will be left to mourn the loss of a kind father and affectionate husband? By answering the above anyone will confer a favor on the editor, as we want to mention all these facts in our obituary, write up.—Hunt's Sunbeam.

Creamery Statement for May, 1908.

Amount of cream received, 43609 pounds.

Average test, 26.91.

Amount of butterfat, 11741.80 pounds.

Price paid, 25 cents.

RECEIPTS.	
Butter Shipped	$2921 65
Sales at Creamery	419 10
Other	25 00
	$3365 75

DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid Patrons	$2956 95
Paid into Expense Fund	408 80
	$3365 75

STRIP STATION.

Amount of Cream, 4876 pounds.

Average Test, 29.43.

Amount of Butterfat, 1435.10 pounds.

STONE STATION.

Amount of Cream, 2351 pounds.

Average Test 28.91.

Amount of Butterfat, 680.60 pounds.

Those drawing forty dollars and over.

P. Engelstad	$107 33
Soren Sorenson	18 17
Fred Copp	17 92
Christ Thompson	15 07
John Simonson	11 97
Ed. Yahnke	10 27
Albert Wiechman	10 22
Halvor Hestvet	10 20

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

Liked The Country.

Mr. O. A. Wilson postmaster at McIntosh spent Friday and Saturday last in this locality, on business and visiting old friends and neighbors. He expressed himself as being very well pleased with the appearance of the country, and with the rapid improvements that have been made in three years settlement. Our up to date creameries, schools and farmers steamboat, he said showed that the settlers were enterprising people. He returned home Monday, by way of Thief River Falls, going down the river on the steamer.—Sunbeam.

Notice for Bids.

Notice is hereby given that the school board of School District No. [illegible], Red Lake county, will receive sealed bids up to 12 o'clock noon on July [illegible], 1908, for the building of a school house. The specifications are on file in the clerk's office. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated June 2[illegible], 1908.

[illegible]
District Clerk,
Brucksberg, Minn.

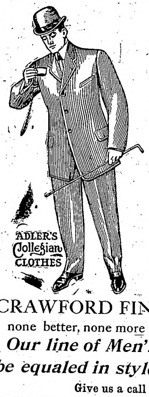

Clothing!
Do you know that we sell *Adler's Collegian CLOTHES?*
The typical COLLEGE CLOTHES fashionable effect, every style, every color of the season.
The Alder Clothing equals any tailor made suits.
First Class Material,
Superior Workmanship, Union Made.
If you are a careful dresser, buy an
Adler Suit
We have them from $15 to $25.
Give us a chance to show you the Adler Line of Collegian suits and you will buy.
Remember we also sell the
CRAWFORD FINE SHOES for MEN,
none better, none more stylish. Price, $3.50 to $5.00
Our line of Men's Fine Shirts cannot be equaled in style or price in the city
Give us a call and be convinced.
LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

A Hot Time Today.

The Republican county convention will will be held at Red Lake Falls today and it promises to be a warm affair. Every voting precinct in the north end of the county will be represented and it is supposed that the south end of the county will also be well represented.

Company L Is O. K.

J. A. Swore and Ole Ihle, two of the members of Company L who had been in camp at Lake City, returned to this city Monday. They report that company L made the best showing of any of the companies in the Third regiment, and received much applause. The other members of company L will return this morning.

Reiner.

We are still getting a share of the rain.

Miss Anderson has returned home from Thief River Falls, where she has been working for the past three months.

One of our new settlers who moved here last spring from Grygla, got tired of life and hung himself. He was found by A. L. Kjos, our assessor, when he came there to list his property. Mr. Kjos reported it to the town board, and they telephoned for the coroner who came up the next day and looked things over. A cousin of the man was called from North Dakota. Mr. Heggeland had tried the same job twice before. He was a single man. He was buried last Wednesday.

Torger Halvorson is busy ditching.

Everyone seems to be busy ditching out this way, so it will be a risky job to walk out after dark unless you are well aquanted with the land. So be careful, you bachelors when out walking.

Abraham Johnsrud went to town with a load of butter and eggs last week.

Mr. Barzen came up to visit his brother in-law, Iver Halvorson.

A. H. Langlee returned home from New Folden yesterday.

Miss Anderson took Gust home the other day, that's right girls, get a move on the bachelors, they are certainly plentiful.

Mikkel Anderson is building a machine shed, the first in the country.

Tom Haversteen is busy building. Hope we will have a wedding when the house is ready.

Subscribe for the News.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.
Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.
Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to
NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.
The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.
Phone 111. Main Ave.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

$40,000 FOR STAMP COLLECTION

That Is the Amount Harry Wonnberg Has Paid to a Collector for His Relics.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

About forty years ago a young boy was engaged to run errands for one of the stores between the bridges. Postage stamps at that time were not as common as they are now, but the boy began to save all the new and curious stamps that he came across. He saved them after a system, too, and kept diligently at it and now, although he is more than fifty years old, he is still collecting stamps. Not long ago he sold his stamp collection to Harry Wonnberg, and was then enabled to take unto himself a better half. Forty thousand dollars is not a small sum to receive for a lot of old stamps, but this sum is easily overshadowed by Mr. Wonnberg's collection. He too has during the past forty years been a stamp collector and he has today the greatest and most valuable collection of postage stamps of any man in the world. The collection has a catalogue value of at least 600,000 crowns, the European collection alone being valued of 150,000 crowns, the English colony stamps 300,000 crowns and the rest of the stamps from other parts of the world are valued at over 150,000 crowns.

Washington dispatches state that Herman Lagerkrantz will return to Washington in the near future to again take up his duties there as minister of Sweden. A number of months ago, there was much speculation as to what constituted the real cause of his sudden departure from Washington. The suggestion that Minister Lagerkrantz had used his influence openly to prevent Swedes from emigrating to the United States because their services were needed by himself and other large employers of labor, and that this had offended the administration, is now declared to be not in keeping with the truth. At the Swedish legation in Washington, says a recent dispatch, it was stated that the minister had gone home on a visit and while there had temporarily been employed in other official duties, but that his return to Washington was fully expected. The Stockholm papers have mentioned nothing whatsoever regarding the matter and the prediction in many Swedish-American newspapers to the effect that he would not return, prove to be groundless.

A monument of the Scandinavian heroes of Magersfontein, South Africa, was unveiled April 25 by Premier Luis Botha. The day was fine, and an immense throng of people attended the ceremonies. Premier Botha was accompanied by numerous representatives from the Scandinavian colonies in the Transvaal. The monument stands on the "kopje" where General Cronze once had his camp, and from which the Scandinavian corps made its famous sally. The monument is an obelisk of Swedish granite weighing fifteen tons. An emblem and the date of the battle of Magersfontein are inscribed on it. The monument is inclosed by chains, and at the four corners of the square are stones bearing the names of the fallen Scandinavian heroes. The money for raising the monument was raised in Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland.

Sweden's exports of Egypt during the year 1906 amounted to over 11,000,000 crowns. C. W. von Gerber, of Cairo, has written the following report to the Stockholm Kommerskollegium: "Sweden's exports to Egypt consist chiefly of lumber and all this business is at present taken care of by foreign firms in Egypt, who are doing so well that they are employing their own agents in Sweden to place their orders. This business, instead of passing into the hands of Swedish-Egyptian firms, now goes chiefly to German importers, who are handling the lumber business of Egypt and import about 12,000,000 crowns' worth of it from Sweden every year."

Andrew Carnegie, America's steel king, will pay a visit to Stockholm during the month of August. He will also visit Norway prior to an extended visit to Scotland, his native land. Mr. Carnegie has relatives in Sweden, for a branch of the Carnegie family moved into Sweden over one hundred years ago.

President Fallieres' trip to the Scandinavian countries will be made during the latter part of July, says a recent issue of the "Le Figaro." He will visit Stockholm, Christiania and Copenhagen and from thence he will journey to St. Petersburg, where he will be the guest of the Czar of Russia.

The latest military records show that 35,862 young men were summoned for enlistment as recruits in the Swedish army last year. Of this number 6,577, or 18 per cent, were found to be unfit for military service on account of physical defects or sickness.

The Turkish ambassador to Sweden called on King Gustaf the other day and awarded him the great cross of the Nichani-Imtiaz order besides the medal of Abdul Hamid II.

The Duke of Sodermanland has been appointed an honorary member of the Swedish Academy of Sciences.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The third anniversary of Norway's dissolution from Sweden was generally observed this year all over the country and especially at the Norwegian capital, where King Haakon and Queen Maud participated in the festivities. "Childrens' Day" was also observed in connection with the anniversary festivities and it is estimated that over fifty thousand children participated in the childrens' parade. During the anniversary and children's festivities there occurred something which rather marred the day's program. In the parade there was a tableau representing the king and his staff. This tableau seems to have offended a few of the military guards, who stopped the wagon and tore to shreds the military uniform worn by a young woman, who was a conspicuous figure in the group. People who saw what happened attacked the guards and chased them to the barracks. In the evening when the evening papers had published what took place, a crowd of several thousand people gathered to take revenge on the guards who had thus insulted the young woman. The barracks were surrounded and bombarded by stones. Mounted police broke up the crowd several times, but it centered again and attacked the barracks more furiously than before. Not until the fire department arrived were the police authorities able to cope with the crowd, but when cold streams of water were poured into it, it was not long before it dispersed.

According to Aftenposten (Christiania) people residing at the Norwegian capital are destined to see a great deal of royalty this summer. The paper is authority for the statement that King Edward and Queen Alexandra liked Norway so well during their last visit that they are to return for another visit in August, coming in the queen's pleasure yacht. The Prince of Wales will also visit the city in the course of the summer, and the Duke of Fife will sail into Christiana harbor in his yacht. Christiania also expects a visit from the Danish crown prince and Princess Alexandrine. Thus it will be seen that Christiania is becoming a summer mecca for royalty.

Leonard Jaeger Pedersen, a Norwegian musican, during the past six years has been playing at cafes in Sweden together with a young girl, Elsa Anderson. He wanted her to accompany him to Norway some time ago. When the girl refused he shot her in Gothenburg and then killed himself. The young lady was only nineteen years old.

The complete works of Henrik Ibsen have been published in English by William Heinemann, of London. The translation has been done by William Archer, who was a personal friend of the late dramatist.

Christian Bjelland has been appointed Belgium consul in Stavanger. Mr. Bjelland has been in the consul for a number of years and is therefore thoroughly equipped to fill the position.

The Maridalens Tourist hotel was totally destroyed by fire last month. The building was insured for 50,000 crowns and was the property of Haglert Hansen, of Christiania.

The National theater has accepted Mons Lie's three act play entitled: "Striman and His Wife." Critics say that it is an excellent play and will have a big run in Christiania.

Amaldus Nielsen, the landscape painter, celebrated his seventieth birthday May 23. The famous old painter still enjoys the best of health and is busy every day.

The Methodists of Norway will hold their annual convention in Aalesund during the month of August. About five hundred delegates will be in attendance.

At Spitzbergen the ice still lies compact for miles out from shore and those who live in that vicinity enjoy the rigors of a northern winter in June.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

King Fredrik's refusal to allow full reports of court affairs to be published in Danish newspapers has engendered much bitterness in newspaper circles. They are now demanding from his majesty the enjoyment of the same privileges that they had during his father's reign. The fact that the king has shown many signs of late to deviate from the policy of his father, has not been well received by the Danish press. The Copenhagen newspapers even threatened some time ago to boycott every scrap of news and declare they will cease to print any reports of great political importance unless the king will consent to yield on this point.

The law for the extermination of rats went into effect July 1, 1907, and in all parts of the country young and old have been engaged in exterminating the disease-carrying rodents. According to the city authorities, it is estimated that from five thousand to six thousand rats are killed every week in the city of Copenhagen alone and about fifteen thousand in the rest of the country. Since the beginning of the hard times a good many laborers without employment have adopted rat killing as their avocation and have killed from fifty to seventy rats a day, thus earning a little pittance.

The Christiania Student's chorus of Copenhagen gave a concert in Copenhagen on the evening of June 1. There was a large and appreciative audience present. Present also were the king and queen of Denmark.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Two women, a man and a child were drowned and two men narrowly escaped death when a taxicab automobile became uncontrollable on West Fifty-sixth street, New York city, and ran down the dock at the foot of the street and into the Hudson river.

Spontaneous combustion probably caused the fire which destroyed the mammoth plant of the Shelby Steel Tube company at Shelby, O. The buildings wiped out covered several acres. The loss is estimated at from $750,000 to $1,000,000.

The Mississippi river at St. Louis, which has been steadily rising for the past three weeks, has reached a stage of 33.7 feet, almost four feet above the flood danger line, and the levee is completely submerged.

As nearly as can be estimated fifty persons have lost their lives in Oklahoma from drowning in the recent flood season and many more have been killed otherwise by storms and lightning.

Two men are dead and nearly a score of others were injured by an explosion on board the German steamer Arcadia at Philadelphia.

The levee at Taylortown, La., gave way, flooding a large section of rich farming country and ruining all growing crops.

Severe wind and hail storms in portions of Minnesota and Wisconsin caused property damage of $2,000,000.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Investigation of the affairs of the Central Life Securities and its subsidiary corporations, the Republic Life Insurance and the Central Agency company, all conducted by the Rhodus brothers, was taken up before Master in Chancery James S. Hopkins in the federal court at Chicago.

The Lincoln Savings and Trust company, a small concern of Philadelphia, failed to open its doors for business and Samuel M. Hyneman, an attorney, was appointed receiver. The trust company failed about a year ago and resumed business three months later after reorganization.

One of the largest fleets that ever has left the port of New York for Europe sailed Saturday laden with summer voyagers. Ten ships in all steamed for Great Britain and the Continent.

Navigation upon the Great Lakes, in the iron ore and coal carrying trade, will open at once as a result of action taken at the meeting of the Lake Carriers' association at Cleveland.

Governor Glenn of North Carolina, amidst imposing ceremonies, signed the proclamation making prohibition effective in North Carolina Jan. 1, 1909.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Secretary Taft has presented to the president his resignation, to take effect June 30, and it was announced at the White House that Luke E. Wright of Tennessee will be appointed secretary of war to succeed Mr. Taft.

Eight hundred additional officers and enlisted men of the marine corps have been sent to the isthmus of Panama in anticipation of the coming elections there.

Congressman John Sharp Williams of Mississippi has resigned the minority leadership of the house of representatives to take effect on Dec. 1 next.

The interstate commerce commission has restored old lumber rates west of the Missouri river. A dissenting opinion was announced.

Peter F. Dailey, one of the best known comedians in the United States, is dead at Chicago.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 22.—Wheat—July, $1.03¾; Sept., 89⅝@89½c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¾@1.07⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅝@1.05⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.03⅝@1.03⅞; No. 3 Northern, $1.00⅝@1.03.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¾@1.05¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.01¾; July, $1.03¾; Sept., 89⅞c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.20½; Sept., $1.18½; Oct., $1.17¾; Dec., $1.16½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.70@5.80. Sheep—Wethers, $4.25@4.75; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.25; springs, $5.50@6.00.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 22.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.85@8.00; Texans, $4.75@7.25; Westerners, $4.75@7.00; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.20; calves, $4.75@6.75. Hogs—Light, $5.55@6.10; mixed, $5.60@6.15; heavy, $5.55@6.15; rough, $5.55@5.75; pigs, $4.50@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.75@6.05. Sheep, $2.60@5.20; yearlings, $4.80@5.55; lambs, $4.00@6.15.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 22.—Wheat—June, 89c; July, 86⅝@86⅝c; Sept., 85⅜c; Dec., 86⅞c. Corn—July, [illegible]; Sept., 70c; Dec., 59¼c; May, [illegible]. Oats—July, old, 45⅞c; July, 44⅝c; Sept., 39⅝@39¾c; Dec., 39⅝c; May, 41⅞c. Pork—July, $14.50; Sept., $14.75. Butter—Creameries, 19@22½c; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—14½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 10c; springs, 15@22c.

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Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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TREATMENT FOR HOG CHOLERA.

A conference that bids fair to be of more than ordinary value to the hog raisers of the country was held at the Iowa Agricultural college the latter part of May. The department at Washington was represented by Secretary James Wilson and two eminent animal disease specialists from the animal husbandry department. The conference took place on a farm which has been used as a hog cholera experiment station for several years. As the result of years of experimental work the department has developed a method of treating hog cholera which is effective in saving a large per cent of hogs in affected herds. The method of treatment consists in inoculating hogs with a serum taken from animals which have died from the disease, much in the same way that human beings are rendered immune to smallpox by vaccination. The work of the federal department has been confirmed in experiments conducted by the Minnesota and Missouri stations. As instances of the effectiveness of this serum treatment it is stated that in a number of herds which were treated and afterward exposed to cholera contagion only 7 per cent of the treated animals died, while the loss among the untreated herds was 64 per cent. In herds which had been exposed to the disease, but were not sick at the time of treatment, 4½ per cent of the treated and 89 per cent of the untreated animals died. In other herds in which the disease had already broken out before treatment began the loss among treated hogs was 13¼ per cent and among untreated hogs 74 per cent. The chief point which was considered by this conference on hog cholera was the most feasible plan for supplying the serum used in the treatment to the hog raisers of the country, Secretary Wilson's idea being that this can be most effectively done by the several state experiment stations. Representatives from different states were present at the conference and were given opportunity to witness in actual operation the method of producing the serum and applying the treatment. If the conference shall be as productive of results as is hoped a long step will have been taken toward relieving the farmers from a source of loss that at times has been enormous.

TUBERCULOSIS BACILLI.

Circular No. 127, issued by the department of animal husbandry at Washington, contains an interesting summary of a series of experiments which have been carried on with a view to ascertaining how long tuberculosis germs will keep their vitality in dairy butter made and kept under average conditions. The butter used in the test was made from the milk of a tuberculosis infected animal, different portions of the product being kept for different lengths of time and then used as a means for inoculating fifty guinea pigs. All of these died within a given period of time, the test showing that some of the animals died from inoculation with butter that had been kept under ordinary conditions four and a half months, which proved conclusively that the tuberculosis bacilli kept their vitality during that length of time. This experiment as it becomes known will simply add to the diligence which city boards of health are already exercising in the matter of examining carefully into the sources of supply of milk, cream and butter furnished their constituents.

INOCULATING FOR ALFALFA.

Those in the alfalfa sections of the country have found by experiments with both methods that better results are obtained in getting a start with alfalfa by inoculating the field to be sown with soil from an old and well established field than by the use of the widely advertised and not always reliable nitro-cultures. Since the land for alfalfa should be well enriched with manure before sowing the seed the best plan for inoculating the land seems to be to scatter several shovelfuls of the inoculated soil through the manure as it is put on the spreader, whence it is thoroughly scattered over the ground as the manure is spread. The field should be thoroughly disked and harrowed and put in the best of tilth after the fertilizer and inoculated soil is applied. Where there is not an established field of alfalfa in the neighborhood from which the soil referred to can be secured that taken from spots where the wild sweet clover grows will answer the same purpose, as the same type of bacteria work in the root systems of each plant.

HOGS AND TUBERCULOSIS.

The likelihood of infection with tuberculosis in the case of hogs following cattle known to be infected with the disease has been very effectively demonstrated in recent experiments which have been conducted at the Iowa experiment station. A bunch of twenty-six hogs were placed in a feed lot to follow cattle which were known to be infected with tuberculosis and a like number put after cattle which were not affected with the disease. At the close of a given period all the hogs in both lots were killed. In the first bunch twenty-one were found badly infected with tuberculosis, while in the second case, where they followed healthy cattle, not one showed any signs of the disease. With from 20 to 50 per cent of the dairy cows of the country having tuberculosis and with hogs following the great majority of these diseased animals, the alarming spread of tuberculosis among the swine of the country is not difficult to trace.

CURING A TOOTHACHE.

Remedy of a Cowboy That Proved Remarkably Effective.

One of the cleverest old customers we ever knew was Judge Booth, who lived on the Bell ranch along the Red river in the northeastern part of New Mexico. One morning out on the range the judge rolled out of his blankets with a jumping toothache, and, although he exhausted all the remedies in camp, nothing had any effect.

It was forty miles to the nearest town, with the chances against finding a dentist there, and it was finally decided to appeal to one of the Texas cowboys riding herd five miles away. He came over in response to the message, and after taking a look at the tooth, which was a double one on the upper jaw, he said, "Jedge, I can shoot that tooth out as slick as grease if you don't mind the scar it will leave on yer cheek."

"Shoot it out?" shouted the judge at the top of his voice. "Why, man, you must be crazy!"

"Waal, then, mebbe I kin pick in 'nuff powder to blow it out."

"Blow it out? Never!"

"Might possibly hammer it out with a piece of iron," mused the cowboy.

"And you might go to Patagonia and beyond!" exclaimed the indignant sufferer.

"Yes, that's generally the way with folks. I'm only tellin' you how we do it out here, but if you don't want the tooth out of course you'll have to stand the pain."

The cowboy started back to the day herd, but after a gallop of half a mile he returned to beckon the other boys aside and say: "The jedge seems to be a purty squar' sort o' man, though a leetel techy, and I'm sorry fur him. Kin he sit on a hoss?"

"Some of the time."

"Kin he shoot?"

"Only now and then."

"Then I think I can cure that toothache."

He spent five minutes unfolding the plot and then went over to the sufferer and said, "Jedge, I've come back to say that ye are a booby and a coward!"

"What!" yelled the judge as he sprang up from his seat before the campfire.

"A booby, a coward and a squaw, jedge, and likewise a durned old liar!"

The judge jumped for him, but the cowboy ran for his horse. There was another near at hand, with two guns in the holsters of the saddle, and the judge sprang aboard and gave chase. Half a mile out on the prairie the two men began to shoot at each other, and it was not until the judge had fired his twelfth bullet that the kind hearted cowboy rode away and left his enemy to ride into camp and declare, "Well, by thunder, if that infernal toothache hasn't stopped so dead still that I feel just like singing!"—Denver Field and Farm.

A Curious Music Box.

In the South Kensington museum, in London, is a curious musical box. It was originally the property of Tipu (or Tippoo) Sahib, the "Tiger of Mysore," who died in 1799, being killed during the British assault and capture of Seringapatam, the capital of Mysore. He always hated the British, and to show his enmity he had this instrument constructed. The box is a life sized statuary group showing the symbolic tiger of India at the throat of England, represented by a British officer. When Tippoo wished to amuse his court one of his attendants turned a handle, when the tiger emitted horrible growls and the man raised and lowered his arms and uttered terrifying shrieks. Inside the tiger are four rows of pipes and a set of ivory keys, which are either of French or British manufacture.

Vaccinated the Rifles.

Orders that were issued by the German West African officials some years ago that all firearms in the hands of natives should be stamped and registered aroused much discontent. Lieutenant Eggers, in Damaraland, however, got along with no trouble. He had inoculated cattle for the rinderpest three years before, as the Damaras saw, with good results. He therefore announced that he was ready to vaccinate their rifles so as to insure their shooting straight and doing no hurt to their owners, and the Damaras crowded to him to get their guns stamped.

It's Sometimes Like That.

They were rehearsing for the amateur theatricals.

"You mean to say," cried the heroine, clearing her throat, "that the people in the back of the house can't hear us speak our lines?"

The professional trainer held up his hand with a soothing gesture.

"Yes, but don't let that worry you," he said. "They can hear the prompter, so they won't lose touch with the play."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Absentminded.

Sir John Burdon Sanderson was notoriously absentminded. Of the cycle of anecdote that gathered around him much was fabricated. The story of his boiling his watch while holding an egg in his hand, often related also of Newton, is in La Bruyere's "Caracteres." But there seems to be some foundation for the suspicion that in his laboratory he once lunched on a frog and was afterward found deeply contemplating a sandwich.

Using His Voice.

Eliza—Did you say Sam was makin' a lot of money out of his voice? Cloe—Sure thing! At de opera. Eliza—At de opera? Cloe—Yas. He calls de carriages!—Yonkers Statesman.

Friendship that flames goes out in a flash.—Young.

THE NORMAN FARMER.

He Carries His Top Soil With Him When He Moves.

The modern farmer was applying electrical massage to a cart horse's sprained knee. During the intervals of rest he talked farm talk.

"There are tenants," he said, "who, when they move, carry their farms with them as the tortoise does his house. These people are the Norman French, the world's best farmers. Where you or I would require twenty or thirty acres of land to keep one family, the French farmer will keep his family on a quarter of an acre. If he chose to cultivate twenty or thirty acres he would become a millionaire. His secret lies in the perfection to which he brings his top soil. What with fertilizing and watering and clearing, his top soil is the blackest, finest, richest soil on earth. His top soil is to the French farmer what her voice is to a prima donna. And when he rents he contracts that on the termination of his lease he may carry off eighteen inches of the top soil with him.

"When you see a French farmer moving one small cart carries his household goods, and in seven or eight enormous drays his top soil lumbers on behind."—New York Press.

THE MODERN HAT.

Its Serious Defects From the Hygienic Point of View.

The size, the style and incidentally the cost of women's hats, says a writer in the Berliner Umschau, have taken up so much of the time of the people who make hats a study that they have not had a moment to devote to the head covering of the sterner sex. Considered from the hygienic point of view, little fault can be found with the hats of our sisters, although some of them, when viewed through the glass of reason, are unthinkable. But men's hats are faulty from the physician's point of view, and a wider knowledge of the defects of the modern hat would add to the already large army of bareheaded men. In order to demonstrate which hats should be avoided a perfectly healthy man was placed where the rays of the sun could strike him directly. He wore while taking the sun bath various kinds of hats for a period of fifteen minutes each. Every hat contained in the crown a thermometer, and these recorded as follows: The one in the panama hat 77 degrees, the straw sailor 81, the silk hat 89, the felt hat 95 and the black hat and yachting cap 99 and 100 degrees respectively.

A Bath a Month.

Apparently the people of Persia are not great believers in the old maxim "Cleanliness is next to godliness," for baths are only taken once a month by the people, when they go to the public baths and make amends, so to speak, for the infrequency of their ablutions by spending a whole day getting cleaned and trimmed. At the baths they are washed, shaved, dye their hair and nails, get shampooed and spend the rest of the day eating buns and drinking sherbet. There are fixed days for men and women, and on bath days a man goes about the streets shouting "Hamum!" ("Bath day!"). After the bath the ladies have their hair plaited in a number of thin plaits, which are not opened and combed out until the next bath day comes round.

Thought Only of the Dynamite.

Some grim stories are told of Lord Kitchener, says the United States Gazette, and we have read one which, although we cannot vouch for the truth of it, has a decided Kitchener flavor about it. A young subaltern who was in charge of some works that were in course of construction in the Punjab had the misfortune to lose some native workmen through an accident with dynamite. Fearful of a reprimand from headquarters, he telegraphed to the commander in chief, "Regret to report killing of twelve laborers by dynamite accident." Back is said to have come the laconic message, "Do you want any more dynamite?"

Greedy.

Two Englishmen on a holiday in France were dining together at a Paris restaurant. Mr. Smith would order and ask for everything he wanted in doubtful French, while Mr. Cross would offer explanations that were in the nature of criticisms. At last Mr. Smith's temper rose to explosive point.

"Will you," he said in English this time—"be so good as not to interfere with me in the use of my French?"

"Very well," retorted Mr. Cross. "I simply wanted to point out that you were asking for a staircase when all you wanted was a spoon!"—London Mail.

Suffering Humanity.

"Mrs. Sourmug, who thought she had a mission to look after suffering humanity, is married, isn't she?"

"Yep."

"I was surprised to learn that she had given up her mission in life."

"She hasn't. Her husband is going to be suffering humanity hereafter."—Houston Post.

The Pursuit of Pleasure.

We smile at the ignorance of the savage who cuts down the tree in order to reach its fruits. But the fact is that a blunder of this description is made by every person who is overeager and impatient in the pursuit of pleasure.

Man's Dull Attire.

Britishers are constantly becoming duller and more morose in the matter of their clothes. Their carelessness in this respect seems sometimes to amount to affectation. — Chambers' Journal.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court. Fourteenth Judicial District.
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs. Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,
Defendants.

NOTICE is herby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June 1908, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me; I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 8th day of August 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in, the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the East Half (E½) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the West Half (W½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), all in Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty-five (45), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.
Dated June 22nd 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney
June 25 July 30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Swanson of Mavie, Minn., who, on June 27th, 1904, made Homestead entry, No. 338, for lots 1 and 2 and E½ NW¼, Section 31, Township 154, N, Range 41 W. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for district of Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 7th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Hans P. Rued, of Mavie, Minnesota
Charles P. Quist, " " "
Willie Anderson, " " "
John J. Bauer, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
may 28-july 2

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1st 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Byrud, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1904, made Homestead Entry, No. 637, for NE¼, Sec. 31, Township 154 N, Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 14th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Nygaard, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Iver Solheim, " " "
Peder Sulland, " " "
Ole H. Langlie, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
June 4-July 9.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 23 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John S. Rosenthal, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, who, on June 27th, 1904, made H. E., No. 325, for lots 3, 4, and E½ SW¼, Section 7, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Daniel P. O'Neil, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anton G. Sorenson, of " " " "
Christen Peterson, of " " " "
Hoken Johnson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
june 25 july 30

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Minnesota.

No 904.

In the matter of Rudolph E. Warner, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States, for the District of Minnesota. Rudolph E. Warner of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota in said District, respectfully represents:

That on the 11 day of September, last passed, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 9th day of May A. D. 1908. Rudolph E. Warner, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, sixth division, ss.

On this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1908, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1908 before said court, at St. Paul, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the same time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of said court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1908.

COURT SEAL.

Charles L. Spencer,
Clerk.
By L. A. Leversen,
Deputy.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

SUBSCRIBE
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THE NEWS

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF THE—

Minnesota Air Line Railway Company.

We the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and pursuant to the provisions of Chapter fifty-eight (58), Revised laws of Minnesota for 1905, and any amendments thereof, do hereby associate ourselves as a body corporate, and do hereby adopt the following certificate of Incorporation:

Article I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the "Minnesota Air Line Railway Company."

The general nature of its business shall be the construction, maintenance and operation of a steam railway from Thief River Falls, Minnesota, to Roosevelt, Minnesota, continued therefrom to the Lake of the Woods at Zippie Bay, on an Air Line as near as practicable with such branch lines of railway as the company deems advisable;

The principal place of transacting the business of the corporation shall be the city of Thief River Falls, County of Red Lake, Minnesota, until the Board of Directors shall decide to transfer same to Roosevelt, Minnesota.

Article II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be on the 1st day of July 1908 and the period of its duration shall be perpetual.

Article III.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are:

William F. Hunt	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
Homer B. Leavitt	of Roosevelt, Minnesota
L. R. Hedberg	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
Rolph H. Rockwood	of Waterville, Maine.
T. R. Hasley	of Iowa Falls, Iowa.
Emily E. Rambusch	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.

Article IV.

The management of this corporation shall be vested in a Board of Directors, composed of not less than THREE (3) and not more than SEVEN (7) members.

The names and addresses of the First Board of Directors are:

William F. Hunt	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
T. R. Hasley	of Iowa Falls, Iowa.
Rolph H. Rockwood	of Waterville, Maine.
Emily E. Rambusch	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
L. R. Hedberg	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
Homer B. Leavitt	of Roosevelt, Minnesota.

The first officers of this corporation shall be, President, William F. Hunt; Vice President, T. R. Hasley; Secretary, E. E. Rambusch; Treasurer, T. R. Hasley.

All the above named officers and directors shall hold their respective offices aforesaid, until the next annual meeting of the corporation, to be held on the first Tuesday in January 1909, at which time, and annually thereafter, a Board of Directions shall be elected from and by the stockholders of this corporation. The annual meeting of this corporation shall be held at its principal place of business on the 1st Tuesday in January in each year.

Immediately after the election of the directors, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the directors shall meet and elect from their number, a president and vice president, and from their number, or from the stockholders, a secretary and treasurer. Any office except that of president and vice president may be held by one person. The directions and officers of this corporation shall hold their respective offices until their successors have been duly elected and entered upon the discharge of their duties. The first meetings of the stockholders and of the Board of Directors shall be held at Roosevelt, Minnesota, on the 1st day of July 1908, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Article V.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Five hundred thousand Dollars ($500,000.00) and such other amount of special perferred or full paid stock as may be deemed advisable by the Board of Directors, which shall be paid in money or property, or both in such manner, at such times and in such amounts as the Board of Directors shall order.

The capital stock shall be divided into Five Thousand shares of the par value of $100.00 each, perferred stock.

The holders of the stock shall be entitled to receive dividends from the surplus or net profits of the corporation when and as declared by the Board of Directors.

The dividends on the perferred stock shall be cumulative and shall be paid before any dividends are paid on common stock. In the event of the winding, up, or dissolution of the corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of the perferred stock, after payment of all debts and liabilities of the corporation, shall receive the par value of their shares with any unpaid dividends accruing thereon, before any payments are made to the holders of the common stock. The remaining assets shall be paid to the holders of the common stock pro rata, according to their respective holdings.

Article VI.

At all elections of Directors, each stockholder shall be entitled to as many votes as shall equal the number of shares of his stock, multiplied by the number of Directors to be elected, and he may cast all of such votes for a single director, or may distribute them among the number of directors to be for any two or more of them as he may see fit.

Article VII.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be the sum of Five hundred thousand Dollars ($500,000.00.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands this 7th day of May 1908.

In presence of

W. F. Hunt
T. R. Hasley

J. Friend Holmes, As to Hunt and Hasley

E. E. Rambusch
Homer B. Leavitt

J. Friend Holmes As to Emily E. Rambusch and Homer B. Leavitt

L. R. Hedberg

T. Genie, As to L. R. Hedberg

R. H. Rockwood
per W. F. Hunt

Mrs. Josie C. Hunt

State of Minnesota, }
County of Roseau, } ss

On this 7th day of May 1908, personally appeared before me William F. Hunt and T. R. Hasley and Emily E. Rambusch and Homer B. Leavitt and L. R. Hedberg to me known to be the persons named in and who executed the foregoing certificate of Incorporation and each acknowledged that he executed the same as his free act and deed for the uses and purpose therein expressed.

J. Friend Holmes.
Notary Public, Roseau County, Minn.
My Commission Expires Feb. 7, 1910

STATE OF MINNESOTA.
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6 day of June A. D. 1908, at 12 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in Book J. of Incorportions on page 153.

Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss.
In Probate Court, in the matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal, deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Knut Skomedal deceased, late of the Town of Fisher in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, being granted to Olaf E. Ojeldе.

It appearing on proper proof by affidavit of the administrator made and filed herein, as provided by law, that there are no debts against the estate of said Knut O. Skomedal deceased.

It is Ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date on this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, if any there be, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered that Tuesday, the 1st day of September 1908 at ten o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate, by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Thief River Falls News a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 1st day of June A. D. 1908. By the Court

COURT SEAL.
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate

June 11 25

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 45-100 dollars taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan, Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:40 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 304, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan, mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1906 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1906 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 8th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for case to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
June 25 July 30 6t

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Swen Lovness, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Swen Lovness, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Mary Ness, Helma Johnson, Ida Swanson and Edward Lovness, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Edward Lovness having been filed in this court, representing that Swen Lovness, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 2nd. day of September 1887; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Erick Olson; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have; before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th. day of July, 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th. day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
June 11-25
G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of A. Wright, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to A. Wright and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of W. E. Wood, having been filed in this court, representing that A. Wright, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 8th day of May, 1908; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to W. E. Wood; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have; before this court at the Probate Court rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 16th day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner.
June 18 July 2.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, Edith Johnson, Robert Johnson Aurora Johnson, Wanda Johnson and Annie M. Erickson, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 11th, day of July, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 16th day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL.
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
June 18-July 2.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 16 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, 1904, made H. E. No. 862, for lots 6, 7, & N. E. ¼ N. W. ¼, Section 18, Township 153 N., Range 43 W. 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. J. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 31st day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

John Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hoken Johnson, " " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " " "
John Quale, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., June 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, who, on June 23, 1904, made Homestead entry, No. 111, for S. W. ¼, Section 11, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry McCrehin, " " " "
Hastor Lavas, " " " "
Frank Stassa, " " " "

June 11-July 16.
R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 28th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Willie R. Peterson, of Anton, Minn., has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 312 made June 27th 1908, for the lots 3, 4 and S½ NW¼ Section 2 township 152 N. R. 42 W., and that said proof will be made before L. J. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn. on June 29th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz.

Tot as Saerping, of Anton, Minnesota.
[illegible]
Owen [illegible]
Albert Anderson, " "

May 21-June 25
R. J. Montague,
Register.

CREDITOR'S AUCTION SALE

Must Have Money Soon

Diamonds, Watches, Cut Glass and Jewelery

At Auction——At Auction

Commencing THURSDAY, June 25, at 2:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m., lasting until I have raised $4,000.00.

Read Read Read

To the first 100 Ladies attending the sale, Thursday June 25, will receive a souvenir FREE--FREE--FREE. Presents will be given away each day after each sale FREE to ladies. Chairs reserved for ladies.

Klimek's Jewelry Store,

H. E. GLENDORE, Assistant. Meehan Blk., LaBree Ave.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. PAUL Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1908 NUMBER 27

D. P. O'NEILL CHAIRMAN

Northern Red Lake County Gets Contral of the County Convention.

Names the County Central committee and delegates to State Convention.

The Republican county convention held at Red Lake Falls last Thursday was one of the largest in point of attendance ever held in Red Lake county. Every voting precinct in the county was represented. The north end combination organized the convention by nominating D. P. O'Neill as chairman and C. L. Hanson, of St. Hilaire for secretary.

This was done by a vote of 41½ to 39½. After the temporary organization had been made permament, by seating additional delegates, Thief River Falls' vote was increased to 49½, and with this majority easily carried every other point.

Upon a motion made by G. Halvorson, Chairman D. P. O'Neill was given the power to name the twelve delegates to the state convention. Mr. O'Neill named the delegates as follows: G. Halvorson, F. H. Fasel, O. J. Schei, D. P. O'Neill, John W. Eastman, Oscar Odegard, Daniel Patterson, C. L. Hanson, E. L. Wichterman, N. M. Watson, A. P. Toupin and Thomas Germo.

The delegates were instructed by the convention to vote as a unit on all matters.

The county central committee of the county for the next two years is as follows: D. P. O'Neill as chairman, C. L. Hanson as secretary and the five members from commissioner districts as follows: Richard Larson, of Bray. G. Halvorson, of Thief River Falls, Dr. Cummings, of St. Hilaire, Joe Pigeon, of Brooks and Dr. Wattson, of Red Lake Falls.

One of the disappointments of the convention was the vote cast by Andrew Ellingson, of the town of Highlanding. Mr. Ellingson had repeatedly promised the Thief River Falls people that he would stand by them and vote for O'Neill for chairman. He is ambitious, however, to be the postmaster at Highlanding, and this, we understand, is the cause of his going back on the north end crowd. The Red Lake Falls people became aware of Mr. Ellingson's desire to be postmaster and told him that A. P. Toupin was the committee man for Congressman Steenerson in Red Lake county and that if he recommended Ellingson, he would be appointed postmaster. Ellingson voted for the Red Lake Falls crowd, but he has not as yet received his appointment as postmaster.

The next time there is a Republican county convention in Red Lake county, the basis of representation will be fair.

The gang at Red Lake Falls wanted to kill W. G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, because he stood with his home people. Hunt is no traitor and can be depended upon to do the right thing at the right time.

The delegates from the country who stood by Thief River Falls are entitled to much credit. They were offered all kinds of inducements to vote with the Red Lake Falls crowd but refused. Among the loyal friends of Thief River Falls in the convention were: Lars P. Brandrud and Anton Petterson, of Wyandotte; T. H. Omlid, Charles P. Quist and Walter H. Quist, of Silverton; Albert Arntz, of Goodridge; W. G. Hunt, of Highlanding; Chris Adegard and Oscar Odegard, of Star; E. J. Akerlund and John O. Swenson, of Bray; Ed. Iverson and C. Swandsgard, of Clover Leaf; Joseph Duchamp and John Gullingsrud, of Kratka; Lars Lee, of Nordon; Gilbert Haavi, of North; Charles Gustfson and Charles Nelson, of Rocksbury; Martin N. Anderson and Andrew S. Kjos, of Reiner; Herman F. Anderson and August Krabse, of Sanders; Tobias Stone and Ingebregt Viken, of Smiley.

The resolutions adopted indorsed H. E. Ives for the state legislature. If Red Lake county stands solid with Mr. Ives his chances of success are the best.

Mr. O'Neill made an excellent chairman and gave both sides a square deal.

RECORD OF A DAIRY HERD

What it costs to Keep Cows at the Grand Rapids Experiment Station.

Seventeen Cows Average a Net Profit of $35.04 a year.

Number of cows milked	17
Pounds of milk per cow	4,730
Pounds of butter per cow	222
Value of butter at 28c lb	$61.54
Cost of feed per cow, Oct. 15 to May 15	$29.50
Net profit per cow	$35.04

Of the 17 cows milked 7 were heifers.

Breed: Common grade cows, such as may be found on the average farm. The object being to show what may be done with the common cow.

The average milking period was 10 months.

Four-fifths of the cows freshened in September. The feed from Sept. 1 to Oct. 15 was second crop clover pasture. From Oct. 15 to Dec. 1, fodder corn, stock carrots, and bran and shorts half and half. After Dec. 1 the fodder corn was replaced with clover and timothy hay and the stock roots with fodder corn ensilage.

The fodder corn was fed whole in bundles, a load being hauled in from the field as needed. It was fed in the manger, and there was no waste whatever. It contained much of its succulence and gave very satisfactory results.

The stock carrots were also fed whole and with the tops while they were being taken from the field. This was done in the way of an experiment for economy in time. While there were no bad results from feeding them whole, it is more desirable to cut them when time will permit.

The ensilage was made from fodder corn grown so thickly that no ears ever formed. It was cut Aug. 28, about two weeks after it had tasseled out, or soon after it had reached its maximum growth. Its yield on the higher land not so much affected by the wet season was 10 tons per acre. The quality of the ensilage made of this was first class, and gave very satisfactory results as a succulent winter feed. Compared with roots (stock carrots) ensilage gives a little better result pound for pound.

The quantity of grain fed (bran and shorts) was determined by the quantity of milk given by each individual cow: Two fifths the number of pounds of grain the cow could be made to give pounds of milk. A cow giving 10 pounds of milk daily got 4 pounds of grain, one giving 20 pounds of milk, 8 pounds of grain, and one giving 30 pounds of milk, 12 pounds of grain. In connection with this from 18 to 21 pounds of roots or ensilage was fed and all the fodder corn or hay that would be eaten up clean.

During the winter the feed per cow averaged about 6 pounds of grain, 10 pounds hay and 20 pounds of ensilage daily. They also had access to the straw used for bedding.

The price of bran and shorts was figured at $25 per ton, hay at $10 per ton, and ensilage at $2 per ton. It is estimated that the skim milk, calves and manure will pay for the labor and pasture.

The system of caring for the cows is one that is planned to economize as much in labor in the barn as possible so as to combine with the other farm work, as would be necessary and practical on the average farm.

The cows are fed but twice a day and watered once a day. The feeding, milking and separating is done before breakfast in the morning, and between 4 and 6 o'clock in this evening, giving a fair days time to the other farm work. The boys get to the barn at 5:10 in the morning and all the work is done on schedule time and in definite order. No farm hand ever objects to the daily work, as the barn is clean, warm, and well lighted, and things arranged so that the work may be done most conveniently. In the evening it is not added to a full day's work, but made a part of the regular day's work, and finished at 6 o'clock.

The cows are turned out for a short time every day when the weather is at all pleasant, as they are turned out every day for water on the average farm.

The length of time they are left out is determined by a rule that is easy to remember, and important:

"As long as a man would care to stay out without an overcoat, and without working." The most common mistake made by farmers in caring for their stock is in leaving milch cows out of doors the greater part of the day in winter. When a cow is uncomfortable from the cold or any other cause she will produce but little milk.

The record of the herd for the past year (223 lbs. of butter per cow) is considered only fair. It was lowered considerable by the number of heifers in the herd but even then it is unsatisfactory. No farmer should be satisfied with cows that average less than 300 lbs. of butter yearly, and it is our aim to breed up a herd that will do even better than this, and thru ways that may be followed by the average farmer. We are now using a pure bred Guernsey sire, and by keeping a record with the individual cows the poorer ones may be culled out, and heifers raised from the better cows to replace them.

There is often a great difference between cows, even of the same breed, and getting the same feed and care. The only sure way to determine the better cows from the poorer ones is by weighing the milk and testing it. Weighing the milk of each cow every day may seem unpractical but there is nothing on the farm that is more practical or of more value. It is a business proposition. A farmer who keeps a record with his herd won't sell a cow for $30 or $40 that will make over $50 net profit in a single year, and on the other hand he won't keep a cow very many years that don't pay for her feed.

A daily record will tell more than that. It tells the comparative value or milk producing quality of different feeds. It will tell you that it don't pay to leave the cows out on a cold day, or to be irregular in feeding and milking them. And most of all it will give you an interest in the work. Instead of mere milking it becomes a business and gradually you will come to see that dairying is the most profitable work you can engage in as a farmer.

Dairy farmers the world over are the most prosperous farmers, and there is a reason for it. A dairy cow is the most productive of all farm animals. The common cow is capable of producing 5,000 lbs of milk yearly or two and one-half tons. To one who has never kept a record with cows this may seem incredible but this amount is only common. Well bred cows produce 8,000 lbs of milk yearly on an average and in exceptional cases cows have produced over twice that amount.

Aside from the productiveness of the cow there is another reason why dairy farmers are generally prosperous. In raising grain from $8 to 12 worth of soil fertility is sold from the farm in every ton of grain, but when this grain is fed on the farm and the products sold in the form of butter, less than 50 cents worth of fertility is sold. The ton of grain containing $10 worth fertility sells at from $20 to $35. The ton of butter containing less than 50 cents worth of fertility sells for over $500.

Northeastern Minnesota has natural conditions very favorable to the dairy industry. The general sentiment now is for dairying. Already the farmers' cooperative creamery is being successfully operated in many sections. Whenever 300 or more cows can be had within a township a creamery may safely be started: Information in organizing a cooperative creamery association, and building and equipping a creamery will be gladly furnished upon application. We have started to raise a breed of dairy cattle (the Guernseys) and what breeding animals we shall have, to spare will be for sale at a very resonable price.

Very respectfully
A. J. McGUIRE,
Superintendent.

COST OF THE FOURTH

State Fire Marshall Edward Peterson Gives Facts and Figures.

Large Number of Lives and a Great Deal of Property Destroyed.

On each Fourth, fireworks burn more than 700 buildings and kill 300 persons in the United States. This does not include children burned to death by the ignition of their clothing nor those killed by runaway horses. The number maimed through the loss of eyes and fingers is never less than 2,000. The sale of fireworks to children should be prohibited. Preptory to the riegin of fire, rubbish in areas or yards should be removed or wetted down. Stables, outhouses, packing rooms and cellar windows should be tightly closed. Red fire does not explode; the pin wheel is fastened to a tree; the Roman candle discharged from the curbstone burns nothing but a wrist. The dynamite torpedo often used on street railways tracks is not dangerous to the occupants of the car but it is a terror to hysterical nerves.

FIRE CRACKERS.

The small Chinese fire-cracker which is used in greater number than any other firework, destroys most property and few lives. The paper of the cracker often glows for minutes after it is exploded, igniting trash in which it falls. The electric sparkler is harmless unless its wire while still red hot is thrown into rubbish. Garden pieces and the new "cannon string," which contains thousands of crackers, are safe enough because they must be fired by an adult. But a very small part of the fire loss on the Fourth is chargeable to sky rockets. The sticks are cooled on falling so they seldom ignite a roof. But in the celebration at Pittsburg, last year, a descending rocket stick pierced the skull of a babe, destroying it in its mothers arms.

DEADLY TOYS.

The small cannon crackers contain dynamite and the very large ones, giant powder. One of them exploding in a hand converts it to gasses. The baby cannon is one of the most deadly joy producers. The number of tragedies from it has been enourmous. The hot air baloon is the worst of incendiaries because the rosin under it makes it a flying bonfire. Its use certainly should be barred in cities. The lightning and shooting matches are dangerous because they are sold to children and contain picric acid.

A new firework called "Son-of-a-Gun" is misnamed for only Lucifer would admit parental claim to it. It is laid on the pavement to startle the passerby. When stepped upon it hops about popping like a gatling gun and often jumps into a cellar window, grating or trash pile to start a fire. It has all the fiendish characteristics of the "Devil Chaser" and some others.

LOCKJAW.

The most deadly thing used in our annual outbreak of savagry, called patriotism, is the toy pistol. It explodes a paper cap containing chlorate of potash and pieces of the paper are often driven under the skin of the hand. Street dust at all times carries bacilli which cause lockjaw if buried in human flesh so that air cannot reach them. A most dangerous practice is to cover such a wound with a plaster. All penetrating wounds from fireworks must be laid open by a surgeon and dressed so that air can enter them. The deaths in the United States from lockjaw following the Fourth have ranged from 105 to 406. Fortunately there is now a serum for the cure of lockjaw.

There should be a state law limiting the amount of powder in any firework and prohibiting altogether fireworks containing phosphorus, chlorates, picrates, dynamite and other high explosives. Toledo first, and then Baltimore and San Francisco prohibited fireworks altogether.

EDWARD PETERSON,
State Fire Marshal.

Auction.

The ladies of the Silverton congregation will hold a public auction, Saturday July 4th in Thor Reinstad's grove about five miles northeast of town, commencing at ten o'clock in the morning. Lunch will be served at noon. Ice cream and cake during the day. Everybody invited to attend.

New Law About Firearms.

The new law passed in April, 1907, and which became effective on January 1, 1908, forbids the manufacture and sale of black cartridge pistols, blank cartridge caps containing dydamite, and firecrackers exceeding three inches in length and half an inch in diameter.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Take Off Your Hat

Look at It----Need a New One, Don't You? Which Do You Prefer?

SOFT or STIFF?

We Have a Complete Line of Both Kinds in the New Shapes and New Shades. Hats at

$1.00, $2.00, (Gordon) $3.00

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS FOR SUMMER WEAR, SUMMER UNDERWEAR, NEW ASSORTMENT OF NECKWEAR JUST RECEIVED.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes. Everything from Head to Foot.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

O. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston last week.

M. Myrold, of Orheim, was in the city Saturday.

Miss Annand spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Don't miss the great dog and pony show, July 14.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

W. E. Chapman, of Esplee, was in the city last week.

Wm. Durbin went down to Minneapolis last week.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Dennis Connelly was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Hans Lingball is up from Halstead to take in the tournament.

Stephen Singer was in the city the first of the week from Kratka.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Moran last week.

A. M. Arpin was down from Roseau county the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. O'Hara last Saturday.

J. M. Lamporter, of Germantown, was in the city last Saturday.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Memorial services for Henry Sponheim in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

J. P. Schei arrived in the city last week to visit his son, O. J. Schei.

Twins—both girls—were born to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Remmen last week.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city Sunday morning from a trip to St. Paul.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Register of Deeds E. L. Quist, of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in the city.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30.

Theodore Nelson, clerk in State Auditor Iverson's office, spent Friday in the city.

August Hoppe left last Friday for Grand Forks to visit friends for a few days.

Fred Salley, of Germantown, was in city last week and made the News office a call.

Girls Wanted—Table waitress and cook at once. Fertile House, Fertile, Minn.

Dode Fisk's great railroad dog and pony shows will be in Thief River Falls, July 14.

Mayor Hamre has appointed James Farr as one of the night police in place of Ole Ihle.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder, 'phone 233.

Mrs. Frank Hathaway left Saturday for Fargo to spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends.

County Superintendent of Schools McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Fourth of July celebration at the Thor. Royenstad's place in town of Silverson. Rev. Aastor speaks.

The advertising car for Dode Fisk's great railroad dog and pony shows, was in the city, June 30.

Ole Simonson was up from the southern part the state the first of the week visiting old friends.

J. Dobner Moore arrived in the city Monday from LaCrosse, Wis., to visit his uncle, H. G. Dobner.

The band gave a concert Sunday afternoon in the Ogahmah Park which was greatly enjoyed by all.

The excursion train which run from this city to Detroit was not very well patronized by local people.

Wayne Richardson left last week for Montana where he has accepted a position with the Great Northern.

The base ball game, on Monday resulted in the local team defeating the Red Lake Falls boys by a score of 6 to 2.

Why They Doubted Him.

Hewitt—Figures won't lie. Jewett—That's what I tell the people I meet in business, but they won't believe me. Hewitt—What is your business? Jewett—I'm collector for a gas company.—Town and Country.

A landlord can always raise the rent. That is more than many of his tenants can do.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. O. Niclai.

Mrs. Clarence Cummings is in the city from Oselo this week visiting her paren's Mr. and Mrs. Charles Newberry.

Ginter Tessum returned to this city Sunday from a visit to his old home in the southern part of the state.

Max Koenig was in from his claim out east of Germantown Monday and made final proof before L. G. Browning.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Miss Evans arrived in the city last Saturday from Minneapolis for a short visit with her sister, Mrs. I. C. Richardson.

James Meehan came up from Minneapolis Monday morning to spend a few days looking after his business interests here.

Wilhelm Michelet and bride arrived in the city Sunday morning. They will reside on Riverside avenue, Porter's addition.

Patronize home industry and smoke the El-Ko cigar. Fred's gguarantee band on every cigar. There is none better.

Mrs. Joe Sally and children, of Red Lake Falls, arrived in the city Monday to spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends.

Mrs. George McMillan arrived in the city Tuesday evening from LaCrosse Wis., to visit her daughter, Mrs. H. G. Dobner.

Mrs. A. Booren and daughter, Olive, arrived in the city last week and are visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Booren.

Anton Langseth, Nick Nelson, and John Peterson, who had been enjoying an outing up at Red Lake, have returned to this city.

On Tuesday morning the special train arrived from Warren and a good sized crowd came from Warren, Hallock, and surrounding places.

D. P. O'Neill, G. Halvorson, O. J. Schei, Andrew Stenseth, and John W. Eastman are at St. Paul attending the Republican state convention.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

Daniel Patterson and C. L. Hanson came up from St. Hilaire Monday evening to accompany the Thief River Falls delegates to St. Paul to attend the Republican state convention.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Chr's. Thompson July 9th at usual hour. All that meet in the basement of the church at 1 o'clock, sharp will have a chance to drive out.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Albert Geske next Wednesday afternoon July 8th. All those wishing to attend will kindly gather at Mrs. L. Hanson's at 1 o'clock.

Chas. England, of Bray, was in the city last Saturday. Mr. England is one of the substantial and successful farmers of the town of Bray, and has many friends in Thief River Falls who are always glad to meet him.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Don't forget that Dode Fisk's Great Combined Show is the only organization of its kind that guarantees to please its patrons. The performance from start to finish is amazing in every respect and is well worth your time.

The Swedish Batpist congregation of Thief River Falls will hold meetings in the Swedish Mission church on the east side on Sunday the 5th of July. Several ministers will be here and a large meeting is desired as the talks will be very beneficial.

L. J. Higgens returned to this city from Ogema last Wednesday. At a depth of 52 feet a flow of water two inches in diameter which throws the water twenty feet in the air was discovered. It will supply the whole town with water.

E. K. Aasen arrived in the city last week from Toma, N. D., and will remain here during the tournament. Mr. Aasen expects to remove to this city the latter part of August and will have charge of the grocery department in Oen and Granum's store.

It is estimated that every farmer located near a Minnesota market town means a thousand dollars added yearly to the business of that town, and yet the citizens of most towns are content to leave this important duty of securing new tenants solely to the real estate agents, who would as a rule just as soon move a farmer off as on a farm.

The last Auction sale on Friday at 7.30 P. M., come and get the watch and other presents.

Wanted—Agents for Diozo the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $4.00 to $15 00 daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Swenss, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

The postal department is going to be a factor in the betterment of our high ways. A Wisconsin postmaster has been notified that if the roads over which the rural mail delivery routes ran were not kept in better condition their routes would be abolished.—Gary Graphic.

At the ditch meeting last Saturday at Andrew Nelson's place, there was a large number present; who decided to put in a ditch this summer to drain out Horseshoe lake and the swamps. They will lay the ditch on Sunday. There has been $200 subscribed so far towards getting the work done.—Erie Eleven Towns.

Ole Thoreson, who for the past two years has been connected with the First State Bank in this city, leaves about the first of August for Hannaford, N. D., where he has accepted a position as cashier of the First National Bank at that place. Mr. Thoreson's many friends in this city will regret to learn that he is to leave the city, but will wish him success in his new venture.

A minister, a man of great vigor and vehemence, while preaching one Sunday, bent forward and shouted out with great force the words of his text: "The righteous shall stand but the wicked shall fall. Just as these words escaped from his lips the pulpit broke from its fastenings and he fell out and rolled over on the floor before his congregation. Picking himself up he said: "Brethren, I am not hurt, and I don't mind the fall, but I do hate the connection.

On Tuesday, the 16th, Ingvald Husby and Miss Lena Gullingsrud drove out from Plummer to Garnes and called on Rev. Colstoe, who quickly united them in the holy bonds of matrimony. Their wedding was quite a surprise to their many friends who did not expect it to occur until early in July. The bride is one of Plummer's popular young ladies and the groom is one of the prominent farmers of Garnes township. Their numerous friends are getting over the surprise perperated on them and the happy young couple are receiving congratulations and good wishes of all who know them.—Plummer Pioneer.

Summer School.

The Red Lake County summer school will begin next Monday in this city. In addition to the regular course, Domestic Science will be taught by Mrs. Mary B. James, of Minneapolis. Mrs. James taught mestic science seven years at the University of Minnesota, also in the Minneapolis schools, This is the only summer school in which domestic science will be taught, and ladies desiring to take advantage of this course can do so without taking up other studies.

SOLD OVER 2,000 ACRES AT BAGLEY.

Assistant State Auditor Brown and Land Clerk Nelson, of State Auditor Iverson's office, arrived in the city from the east last Saturday evening on their way home to St. Paul after making sales of state school lands at Bagley Saturday morning. The two state officials sold between 1900 and 1800 acres for very good prices. They were conducting the sale in the absence of State Auditor Iverson.—Crookston Times.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending June 27, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Arneson, Lars
Augen, Inga S.
Berault, Albert
Bruet, Sophia
Gilspie, Miss Shella
Heggen, Peter K.
Hayden, Thomas—2
Habedank, Miss Minnie
Lupde, S.
Moen, Ed
Matheson, A. C.
Olson, Lois
Olson, Mrs. Emma M.
Brude, Sigrud
Mrs. Soderquist

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster

A Good Man Coming.

A. J. Grothe has rented his farm to his son James and expects move on a place he owns a few miles east of Thief River Falls. Mr. Grothe has been one of the leading farmers of Hendrum township for many years, and has built up one of the finest places along the Red river. Having gotten his farm in as good shape as is possible he has been like many of our other old-timers—seized with a desire to start in with another place and build it up. We hope, however, he may conclude to return to Hendrum permanently.—Hendrum Review.

FIREMEN OUR GUESTS

Northwestern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament Association Here This Week.

A Large Crowd Is Here and All Are Having a Good Time.

The Northwestern Minnesota Firemens Tournament association's meeting in Thief River Falls this week is proving a success in every way, The tournament opened on Monday with the finest kind of weather, and closes today.

The city is all decorated in holiday attire, the key to the city has been hung on a wire from the Odd Fellows block to Westine's saloon.

MONDAY.

The local base ball team played a game with Red Lake Falls with a score of 6 to 2 in favor of the local team.

TUESDAY.

The visiting firemen and friends were *welcomed* by Mayor Hamre in an appropriate speech at the city park Thomas R. Johnstone, of Crookston, the veteran fireman responded to the welcoming address. E. M. Stanton and Ira C. Richardson also made speeches, suited to the occasion. At 11:30 o'clock the procession formed at the Great Northern depot, the following in line, Reception committee, Hallock, Red Lake Falls, Crookston, Bemidji, Argyle and St. Hilaire, Roseau Red Lake county float, Thief River Falls band, militia, and citizens.

The following prizes were awarded: for the best appearing company, 1st prize, Hallock, 2nd prize, Warren.

In the afternoon the following contests took place at the fair grounds, with the following results; Hose Race—1st prize, Red Lake Falls, second prize, Thief River Falls, 3rd prize, Crookston.

Ladder Climbing—1st prize, Peter Beaulieau, of Red Lake Falls, 2nd prize, A. A. Ecklund, of Warren.

Coupling contest—1st prize, Ray Denis, of Bemidji, 2nd prize, Jack Cahill of Thief River Falls.

The ball game between Hallock and Thief Falls, was one of the best games of the season, resulting in a victory for our boys. The score being 3 to 1.

Lars Bakke was elected starter. Time keepers—Joe Sally of Red Lake Falls, H. Taralseth, of Warren, Thomas R. Johnston, of Crookston. Judges—Chas. Moore, of Hallock, Chas Fellman, of St. Hilaire, A. Gould, of Bemidji.

Rocksbury.

Mr. Carl Bakken also Mr. August Krause had the misfortune to lose some cattle with the Blackleg.

A number of folks around here are taking in the Tournament this week.

Miss Marguerite McAndrews closed a successful term of school in District No. 73 last Friday.

Miss Gustie Satre spent Friday night in the city.

A ball game was held in Wm. Moelle's pasture last Sunday P. M. Rocksbury vs T. R. F. The score being 16 to 1 in favor of Rocksbury.

Mr. Percy Callaway was a Sunday evening caller at Chas. Gustafson's.

Mr. Henry Rondorf was around looking for fat hogs last week.

Mr. J. C. Thorstad was a business caller in the city last Saturday.

A dance was held at Mr. and Mrs. Gustaf Geske's home last Wednesday evening. All present report a very good time.

Hannah Bakken spent Sunday with Florence and Della Thorstad.

Drs. Teal and Newell were called out to Mr. Carl Bakken's last Tuesday.

Highlanding.

Peterson, the Highlanding blacksmith has enlarged his shop and hired a helper the past week.

Sam McMahon has been working on Mr. Howards new barn this week.

Mrs Henry Arndt and daughter May, were passengers going [illegible] Farmers Friend Thursday.

P. C. Vold was at Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Wentzel's Monday.

The Misses McMahon [illegible] at Arndt's.

The Misses [illegible] Christe Gunsets [illegible] evening at Sullivan's.

Dont forget the Fourth of July celebration at Highlanding. [illegible] afternoon and evening.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Kratka.

The people out at Kratka are making grand preprations for the 4th. of July celebration this season. I. C. Richardson has been engaged as "orator of the day". A large crowd is expected and all kinds of sports will be enjoyed. We understand that in case of rain the large hall, with a capacity for holding nearly 1000 people, has been secured, so there will be no disappointment. The Deer Park orchestra has been engaged and a base ball game has been arranged between a nine from Lillo and the local nine. Come one, come all, you are cordially welcome and a good time will be had.

Defeated Grand Forks.

The Thief River Falls base ball club defeated the Grand Forks nine on the grounds of the latter city Sunday afternoon, the score being 4 to 10. Those who witnessed the game say that the local team put up an exceptionally good game.

Put Out of Commission.

Abernethy was supposed to influence people by a brusqueness amounting to absolute rudeness. It is related that one day a very voluble lady took her daughter, who was ill, to see him.

"Which of you two wants to consult me?" said Abernethy.

"My daughter," replied the elder woman.

Abernethy then put a question to the girl. Before she had a chance to reply her mother began a long story. Abernethy told her to be quiet and repeated his question to the girl. A second time the woman began a story, and a second time he told her to be quiet. Then she interrupted him a third time.

"Put your tongue out," he said to the mother.

"But there's nothing the matter with me," she exclaimed.

"Never mind, put your tongue out," he commanded.

[illegible] overawed, the woman obeyed.

"Now, keep it out," said Abernethy, and he proceeded to examine the girl.—Grand Magazine.

A Queer Complication.

In Sydney, a town of 500,000 inhabitants, one can get nothing to eat on a Sunday. Certain restaurants supply food surreptitiously, but the whole time the guests are in danger of being arrested. Once an Italian was in such a restaurant on Sunday when suddenly the police entered. The Italian was promptly pushed by the proprietor into a room where a waitress happened to be standing in negligee. Even this room the police invaded, but the waitress saved the situation by declaring that the young man was her fiance. The young man, by the way, had been married some time. He thought that he had deceived the policeman; but, as a matter of fact, he had got out of the frying pan into the fire. One fine day the waitress called him before the courts and claimed $2500 for breach of promise. The Italian had to pay. And then came the worst of all. His wife sued for a divorce and shortly after married another man.

Tackle This One.

The following paragraph of a hundred words is an excellent test in pronunciation. Try it first, and then go over it again, every word, in company with a good dictionary:

"Cleopatra, isolated in the oasis, soon became acclimated and had ample leisure to contemplate all the economic details of her inextricable sword. The wound resisted the allopathic misogynist, who gave a courteous diagnosis and humbly craved precedence for a tiny idyl in the form of a vase with an aesthetic acoustic apparatus. This told the news like a book, but it might have been a dog living in squalor from the book she launched at him when he wrote down his address. She ate her breakfast and then fraternized with a national expert in appendicitis, who attended the obsequies."

A Plot That Failed.

A story of a plot to kidnap Queen Victoria and turn England into a republic is told in Peter Latouche's book, "Anarchy; Its Methods and Exponents." This coup d'etat was planned to take place in 1888, the year of the great dock strike in London, but was frustrated by the success of the strikers and the unexpected sympathy and help shown them by the moneyed classes. This did much to conciliate the masses, on whose help the revolutionists relied.

Capital Punishment.

Bride (throwing her arms about the bridegroom's neck)—You are my prisoner for life! Bridegroom—It's not imprisonment for life, love; it's capital punishment.—Sydney Town and Country Journal.

The Villain.

Critic—The villain in your story is a perfect masterpiece. Where did you get the character? Novelist—[illegible]

His Limit.

[illegible]

Uncomplimentary.

[illegible]

Next to acquiring good friends the best acquisition is that of good books.—Colton.

A MODERN MACAULAY.

Wonderful Memory of an Old Time Missouri Lawyer.

One of the most picturesque of the early lawyers of Missouri was Billy Campbell, who came from Virginia in 1829 and opened an office in St. Charles. He was a man of great ability, a classic scholar, an orator and a political writer of unusual power. But he was indolent, careless about collecting and spending money and so lazy that physical exertion of any kind was positively painful to him. He had a most remarkable memory, as proved by the following incident: Campbell, who was a Whig, represented his district in the state senate several years. On one occasion he was lying on a bench in the senate chamber, apparently sleeping, when the Democratic members came in to hold a caucus. They attempted to arouse him, but he appeared so soundly asleep that they decided to let him alone. The next day a complete report of the proceedings of the caucus, including a verbatim copy of the resolutions adopted, was published in the St. Louis Republican. A row followed, and the secretary was charged with having been bribed to report the proceedings of the caucus. After the excitement died down somewhat Campbell admitted that he had been awake all the time and that he had done the reportorial work entirely from memory.—Kansas City Star.

A MUFF BED.

Surprise of a Man Who Thought It Had to Do With Sleep.

A man who saw on a sign the words "muff beds" and imagined that a muff bed must be something to sleep in, a brother or cousin or other more or less distant relative of the sleeping bag, such as explorers carry with them, found upon inquiry that his imagination had carried him very far from the truth; that the muff bed is in fact not a bed at all, but is the trade name for the inner part of a muff, the body of the muff—in short, the part you put your hands in.

The muff bed consists of a double walled bag made in cylindrical or other shape, according to the style of muff, and then stuffed with down, the quality and quantity of the down depending on the character of the muff.

The making of muff beds is a business by itself. Some of them are sold to the furriers in the simplest form, just the bed or bag stuffed with down, the furrier putting in the silk or satin lining when he puts on the fur. Others are made with the silk or satin inner lining attached, to be finished up when the fur is put on. There is at least one concern in New York that makes a specialty of muff beds and turns out many thousands of them annually.—New York Sun.

Wanted a Rebate.

In a rural community in one of the middle states dwelt a man who made a vow in 1856 that he would wear his hair and beard untrimmed until John C. Fremont should be elected president of the United States. He kept that vow for forty years, at the end of which time he had nearly a half bushel of hair on his head and face. Then, coming to the conclusion, toward which his mind had been gradually working for a long time, that General Fremont's death in the interval had practically absolved him from his vow, he decided to have his hair cut and his beard shaved off clean. On his next visit to the county seat he went to a barber shop and was soon relieved of the hirsute burden he had carried for four decades.

"How much?" he asked.

"Have to charge you half a dollar for that job," said the barber, looking at the mass that lay on the floor.

"Half a dollar!" he gasped. "Don't I get anything for the hair?"

The Actor and the Critic.

One of the near comedians who always affect to be entirely careless of newspaper criticism recently struck from his list of bowing acquaintances a critic noted for his candor. The player met the writer and a friend while crossing a park square and exchanged a few words of greeting and as he passed on heard this conversation:

"Who was that?"

"Oh, that is L., the actor!"

"He does not look much like an actor off the stage."

"Still less when he's on the stage," returned the critic.—Argonaut.

On New England Tombstones.

There were several epitaphs which fascinated you for awhile, epitaphs like that of "Solon Tyndall, Killed by a Fall from the Main topsail Yard of the Bark Amazon, in the Harbor of Buenos Ayres on March 12, 1850.

"He as a seaman [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]"

Or that which recorded the fate of "Al[illegible] Peters, S[illegible] in the Creek by the Explosion of his own Gun."—Collier's Weekly.

A Scramble.

"All the world's a stage."

"What of it?"

"I was just thinking that the cast is [illegible]"—Philadelphia [illegible]

His Weak Point.

The Stage Manager—He can play [illegible] better than any man [illegible] The Business Manager [illegible] rehearsal.

Fortune brings in some boats that are not steered.—Shakespeare.

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

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THE HUMAN TONGUE.

It Is Very Inquisitive, With a Strong Will of Its Own.

The curiosity of the tongue does not cause the human being so much trouble as the curiosity of the eye, but the tongue, within its limits, is the most curious of all.

Let the dentist make a change in the mouth, let him remove a tooth or replace with his admirable artifice one that has long been absent, let him change the form of a tooth by rounding off a corner or building up a cavity, and see what the tongue will do. It will search out that place, taking careful and minute account of the change. Then it will linger near the place. If it is called to other duties, it comes back as soon as they are discharged and feels the changed place all over again, as if it had not explored and rummaged there already.

It makes no difference that these repeated investigations presently cause annoyance to its supposed master, the man. The tongue in nothing more than in this matter proves that it is an unruly member and will not be controlled.

It seems to have an original will and consciousness of it own, and nothing will serve it except the fullest satisfaction of its curiosity. It will wear itself out, perhaps, but it will find out all about the strange change.—Boston Transcript.

CANES IN SPAIN.

Some of the Natives Have a Small Arsenal of Them.

Every Spaniard has a stick, the well to do own several, and the "gilded youth" often has a small arsenal of them. The term arsenal in this case is used positively and not figuratively, as the Porto Ricans, like the Spaniards, have quite a craze for sword canes and dagger canes, and they make these with remarkable skill.

The blades of the finer specimens come from famous smiths in Toledo and other Spanish cities and are forged from the finest steel. Some are damascened and others are inlaid with silver and gold, some have worked upon them the name of the owner and others the name of a patron saint. The assortment of walking sticks in the shops in the larger towns is very varied.

They have fashions in sticks and canes suited to different ages and professions. There are sedate mahogany, ebony and rosewood sticks for clergymen and physicians and fanciful bamboos with gleaming steel inside for men about town. There are rough oaken sticks for the Spanish Anglomaniacs and saucy little staves for those who ape the styles of the boulevard. For travelers there are coffee sticks, thorns, tea sticks, leopard wood canes and orange sticks.—London Chronicle.

Funerals In Peru.

According to social usage, women in Peru cannot attend funerals, and they do not appear at weddings unless they are very intimate friends. When a funeral procession passes through the streets the coffin is carried upon the shoulders of the pallbearers, who are followed by an empty hearse drawn by two, four or six horses, according to the means of the mourners and their desire for display. All the male members of the family and friends of the deceased follow on foot, with a line of empty carriages behind them. As long as they are in the presence of the dead it is considered a proper and necessary evidence of respect to walk. After the body has been committed to the grave those who attend the funeral are brought home in carriages.

He Followed the Water.

"Could you do something for a poor old sailor?" asked a wanderer at the rear door of a suburban house one morning recently.

"Poor old sailor!" echoed the housewife, who had opened the door.

"Yes'm. I followed the water for twenty years."

"Well," said the lady as she slammed the door in the face of her unwelcome visitor, "all I've got to say is you certainly don't look as though you had ever caught it."—London Answers.

"Alexandria, Egypt."

All correspondents with Egypt in all parts of the world should be warned that it is necessary to put the word "Egypt" on all communications addressed to Alexandria, as a great deal of trouble and annoyance has been caused owing to communications addressed to the Egyptian city being delivered to Scotland, Canada, New South Wales, Cape Colony, Italy, the United States of America and other countries where towns of the same name exist.—Egyptian Gazette, Alexandria.

The Berliner.

On the theory that might goes before right the Berliner fights his way past old ladies and tired women into crowded tram cars and ruthlessly jostles from his path the passerby in the streets with an obstinate insolence that goads the visitor accustomed to the higher civilization of other capitals to impotent fury.—Berlin Cor. London Outlook.

A Good Carriage.

Never neglect to go through some daily exercises which will keep the muscles in order, the head erect, the shoulders well thrown back. Carriage stands you in good stead even in old age.

Not Particular as to Weapons.

The waiter girl knew a thing or two about table etiquette, so she sniffed scornfully as she said, "It's not our custom to serve a knife with pie."

"No?" remarked the patron in surprise. "Then bring me an ax."

THE DUCKING STOOL.

How a "Scold" Used to Be Punished In Old England.

It is interesting to conjure up a picture of a "ducking" as practiced in England at the end of the eighteenth century.

When the "scold" had been properly tried and convicted, she was escorted by a crowd of her neighbors—in fact, by the whole village—to the nearest pond, and the greener and slimier the pond the better. A long plank was produced, at one end of which was the ducking stool, and in this the screaming, struggling victim was securely pinioned.

The chair end of the plank was then pushed far over the edge of the pond, and at a signal it was tilted deep into the green ooze until the scold was completely immersed.

When the dripping, half drowned woman was raised to the surface again to the jeers and laughter of the onlookers it can be imagined that her tongue wagged to some purpose. After a second dose she emerged more subdued, and after a third or fourth she was as penitent a woman as the village contained and was allowed to proceed home a sadder and wiser woman until the next time.—London Tit-Bits.

DEFIED THE JUDGE.

A Fine For Voting That Susan B. Anthony Never Paid.

"It has been so many years ago that most people have forgotten that the late Susan B. Anthony was fined $100 or a year's imprisonment for having dared to vote for General Grant for president," said a Chicago judge.

"Miss Anthony was as brave as she was intellectual and asked to be allowed to speak a word in her own behalf. Permission being given, she told the court of the struggle she had in keeping a little newspaper going from which she made her living. 'Your honor,' she said, holding up her right hand, 'I am due my creditors not less than $1,000. This money I expect to live to pay, but I am willing this arm shall wither from my body before I pay the $100 you have so unjustly assessed against me.'

"The court realized the deep seriousness of Miss Anthony's declaration, and though she could have been ordered to jail for nonpayment of the fine his honor did not have the nerve to enforce the extreme penalty. Miss Anthony lived for many years after its imposition, but the fine was never paid."—Baltimore American.

Cobra's Fatal Bite.

One of the deadliest snakes in India is the cobra, which claims hundreds of victims every year. An English official once saw one bite a fowl, and, being curious to learn how long the venom took to act, he timed it with his watch. The moment the cock was touched it screamed, but at once ran off to its mates and began picking as if nothing were wrong. In thirty seconds the comb and wattles changed from red to black. In two minutes it began to stagger and fell down in convulsions, struggling violently until it died, three minutes and a half after it had been bitten. On plucking the fowl a wound not bigger than a pin prick was found at the extreme end of the wing. Round this spot the color was very dark, but the rest of the bird's body, excepting comb and wattles, was of a natural color.

The Bribe That Failed.

Among Father Dempsey's steady boarders was a fellow named Delaney. He was drunk as often as he could get that way. Father Dempsey tried all manner of means to get Delaney to quit drinking. At last he said to him:

"Delaney, my man, if you'll stop drinking for six months I'll give you a check at the end of that time for $50."

"Indeed, if I stopped for six months I could write you a check for $100," answered Delaney, and Father Dempsey in telling of it later added:

"And indeed he could, too, for he's a No. 1 mechanic."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Rapid Rhymer.

In illustration of the working powers of George R. Sims, the dramatist and poet, it is said that one night a new piece was produced at a leading theater in London. Sims sat it out and then returned to his office, where he wrote a column and a half of criticism in rhyme. It was near the time for the paper to go to press when he began, and the boy took the piece verse by verse from him to the composing room, the boy walking continuously from one to the other for an hour.

A Hint to the Old Man.

"I hope you appreciate the fact, sir, that in marrying my daughter you marry a large hearted and generous girl."

"I do, sir," with emotion, "and I hope she inherits those qualities from her father."

Expressive.

One morning when little Edna's mamma came down to breakfast she was so hoarse she could scarcely speak.

"Oh, mamma," cried Edna, "what a sore voice you've got!"—Chicago News.

Extremely Prosperous.

Mrs. Brown—Is your husband's business growing? Mrs. Smith—Oh, dear, yes! Why last week his receipts were so large that he had to have a receiver appointed to take care of them!—Cleveland Leader.

No grand doer in this world can be a copious speaker about his doings.—Carlyle.

ACADEMY FOR GIRLS
Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph
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The object of this Institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars.

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The Man That Made Niagara.

When the first suspension bridge was thrown over Niagara there was a great and tumultuous opening ceremony, such as the Americans love, and many of the great ones of the United States assembled to do honor to the occasion, and among them was Roscoe Conkling. Conkling was one of the most brilliant public men whom America has produced—a man of commanding, even beautiful, presence and of perhaps unparalleled vanity. He had been called (by an opponent) a human peacock. After the ceremonies attending the opening of the bridge had been concluded Conkling, with many others, was at the railway station waiting to depart; but, though others were there, he did not mingle with them, but strutted and plumed himself for their benefit, posing that they might get the full effect of all his majesty.

One of the station porters was so impressed that, stepping up to another who was hurrying by trundling a load of luggage, he jerked his thumb in Conkling's direction and—

"Who's that feller?" he asked. "Is he the man as built the bridge?"

The other studied the great man a moment.

"Thunder! No," said he. "He's the man as made the falls."—H. Perry Robinson in Putnam's Magazine.

Had a Treat For His Wife.

Dr. George Harvey, a local veterinary physician, was called to a stable not long ago to minister to a horse that was down with colic. It was a serious case, and the doctor saw that the only way to save the horse would be to insert a tube in its side and allow the gas on its stomach to escape. Just because he thought it would startle the owner of his horse Harvey struck a match and lighted the gas at the end of the tube. The man didn't say much at the time, but he was properly impressed. He had never heard of using a horse for an illuminating plant. The next day when Dr. Harvey came around to see how the horse was getting along—it was all over the colic then—the owner tapped him on the shoulder.

"My wife was away yesterday," he said, "but she's home now. Just light up the horse again, will you? I want her to see it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Alphabetical.

Two commercial travelers in a railway carriage entered into conversation.

One of them tried hard to make the other understand something, but he was either very hard of hearing or slow in believing.

At last his friend lost his temper and exclaimed: "Why, don't you see? It's as plain as A B C!"

"That may be," said the other; "but, you see, I am D E F."

A Fatal Disease.

A celebrated general once inquired of one of his soldiers the cause of his brother's death.

"My brother died, sir," replied the soldier, "because he had nothing to do."

"Well, my man," said the general, "that is reason enough to kill the greatest general of us all."—Exchange.

A Particular Patient.

"Are you sure that is what is the matter with me?"

"Yes, madam."

"Well, you'll have to guess again, doctor. I won't have it. It's too common a complaint."—New York Press.

A Natural Curiosity.

"Do you know what I do when a man offers me advice?" said the curbstone philosopher.

"No."

"Ask him if he's tried it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 20 lb	1.30
Cookies from	10up
Cocoanut bulk per lb.	18
Prunes California per lb.	10
Apples evaporated per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb.	10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters per can	30
Clams Scarboro beach per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle	25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for	25
Mazall fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for	5

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A CASE OF LEGISLATIVE HASTE.

It ocurred to some one, as an afterthought, that there was nothing in the Vreeland-Aldrich bill to prevent the banks, in an emergency, from issuing clearing-house certificates and checks to take the place of money, as they did last fall.

We rather hope that this is what they would elect to do.

Last fall, as appears from a statement recently compiled, the banks issued near-money in the form of clearing-house paper to the amount of two hundred and twenty million dollars. About half of this was issued at the central reserve cities; the remainder at some fifty places over the country, in amounts ranging from twenty-five thousand dollars up, as local needs required.

Excepting a few strayed checks, the whole amount was redeemed and cancelled between January 1 and April 1. Therein lies the great advantage of this emergency paper. Having done its work, it promptly disappears.

Two hundred and twenty millions of emergency notes issued under the Vreeland-Aldrich bill would certainly remain outstanding for years after the need for them had passed. Being actual money, guaranteed by the Government, they would become an indistinguishable part of the circulating medium. The money to redeem them, it is true, would be deposited by the issuing banks with the United States Treasury, whereupon the tax on the emergency notes would cease. But, if there is anything in the bill to prevent a complaisant Secretary of the Treasury from soon redepositing this redemption money with the banks—thereby, to all effect, keeping the emergency circulation outstanding tax free—the inhibition is certainly very obscurely expressed.

Every one deprecates hasty legislation. This currency bill was the main subject of debate during the five months session of Congress. That it is merely experimental is frankly acknowledged in the concluding paragraphs, which provide that it shall expire in six years and that a commissioner shall be appointed to find out, if possible, what we should really do about the currency.

In legislature anything under five years is hasty.—Saturday Evening Post.

IF REGULATION FAILS.

"The railroads may win," said Senator La Follette of Wisconsin in an interview about railroad regulation with Lincoln Steffens published in Everybody's Magazine, "but if they win they loose."

"How so?" inquired the interviewer. "What do you propose to do if regulation fails."

"Own," was the succinct and significant reply.

Senator La Follette, in his attitude towards the railroad problem, unquestionably represents the sentiment of an immense number of the voters of this country. He goes farther even than President Roosevelt, who is as yet a little timorous about following his views out to their logical end. Therefore La Follette is cordially hated by those who are opposed to government interference with "business," no matter how selfish and oppressive business may become. The fear of what he stands for was illustrated by a remark made by Leslie M. Shaw, former secretary of the treasury, who was trying to head off the nomination of Senator Dolliver of Iowa for vice president at the Republican national convention.

"You don't want another La Follette in the senate, do you?" he exclaimed, and the fear-blanched faces that confronted him gave the answer. What he meant was that if Dolliver was lifted out of the senatorship into the vice presidential nomination, Cummins of Iowa, who is something of a La Follette in that he is for the people before he is for the railroads, might be put into Dolliver's place in the senate.

But all La Follette asks is regulation. He only desires that these indispensable public utilties, the railroads, shall be regulated so that they shall serve the people first and not Wall street first.

In that demand, he represents the sentiment of the American people, and railroad men who oppose regulation are intensely shortsighted and deplorably silly.

If it is a question between permitting big business to walk roughshod over the people and providing strict government regulation, the people stand for regulation, and what they demand they are going to get. They are beginning to get it now, in a small way.

But if railroad men continue to kick against the pricks, and to obstruct, delay and defeat public regulation of railroad functions in the interests of the public, one more thing can be done, and most assuredly it will be done. Senator La Follette told what that thing is in his interview with Steffens.

"If the railroads win in their fight against regulation, they lose. What will the people do if regulation fails? They will own."

There can't be any doubt about that. If regulation fails, railroad abuses will multiply. Control will become more and more centered, until a complete monoply results Monoply seems to be the logical outcome of present evolutionary processes, anyway.

When it comes to a question whether the people are going to let such a powerful monopoly remain in selfish private hands to be misused as the owners see fit, or whether the people will take over that monopoly for themselves and make it a public monopoly, operated by all for the benefit of all, there can't be much question about which the people will choose.—Duluth Herald.

PREVENTIVE MEDICINE.

In the current number of The Columbia Quarterly Dr. Ditman publishes the prospectus of a school of preventive medicine, sanitary science and public health, to be conducted in connection with Columbia University, if the necessary funds can be raised.

He makes a number of remarkable assertions about preventable diseases. The death of two thirds of the human family before the age of 5 years, he holds is preventable; the death of 106,000 people a year is preventable; 20,000 people are blind needlessly, 5,000 are crippled every year by preventable accidents, and so on.

Dr. Ditman does not claim that our age has discovered the importance of preventive medicine. It has been a maxim from time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," but the application of this principle to human life and public health is a conspicuous feature of the medical practice of the present day.

Dr. Ditman contemplates the emphasizing of the importance of prevention by special instruction and the promotion of it by special practitioners. He refers to the establishment of the Sage Foundation and the Rockefeller Institute as agencies of fundamental and extreme importance, but differentiates them from his proposed school as being practical instead of educational.

The new school must be warmly welcomed, as it proposes to enter a field which cannot be overcrowded nor cultivated too assiduously. Modern medical practice already practically prevents cholera, smallpox, yellow fever and many other scourges of humanity, and if anything more can be accomplished in this line by special teaching and training it will meet with universal encouragement and applause.—Chicago Record Herald.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School 10.00 a. m. Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Every body cordially invited.

Bound Over to the Grand Jury.

The case of the state against Florence Grover was up before Judge Bishop last Friday. The woman waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury, bail being fixed at $250. A security company went on the bond for the woman and she is now at liberty.

Highlanding Creamery.

The following is a statment of the Highlanding creamery for the first two weeks it operated:

Cream,	11231 pounds
Butter made,	3279 pounds
Butterfat,	2745 pounds
Overrun	16 3
Price paid to Patrons	21 cents
Sinking fund,	$25 78
Running expense	$56.86

To Prevent Hay from Moulding.

Before you fill your mow with hay get a few boards and make a number of troughs and place these at small distance apart on the mow floor and then fill your barn with hay and these troughs will allow a circulation thru the hay which will prevent it from moulding. This has been tried when twenty feet of hay was put in a barn and not a bit was moulded when taken out in the spring.—Campbell News.

Case Dismissed.

The case against Dr. Bockman, who had been arrested on the charge of not having a license for his autmobile, was dismissed last week upon the motion of County Attorney Gormo. The complaining witness refused to put up bonds for costs in the case, and the county attorney did not believe he could secure a conviction, so the case was dismissed in order to save the county expense.

A Fowl That Won a Battle.

A singular story is told of a gallant cock whose moral influence at a critical moment during the battle of St Vincent helped to save a British man of-war from the hands of the enemy The fowl in question formed part of the live stock of the Marlborough, a vessel which had suffered so severely that her captain was considering the advisability of striking his flag. The ship was entirely dismasted, while the chief officers had been carried below severely wounded, and the crew, without anybody to cheer them up, were beginning to grow sullen under the heavy fire of the enemy, to which they were hardly able to respond. At this emergency a shot struck the coop in which the fowls were confined. The only surviving occupant, a cock, finding himself at liberty, fluttered up and perched himself on the stump of the mainmast and surveyed the scene of carnage around him. Then, flapping his wings in defiance, he began to crow vociferously. He was answered by three hearty and exhilarating cheers from the crew, who all had a good laugh and, with spirits thus renewed, continued the action with a vigor that lasted until a turn in the battle rescued them from their tight position.—London Chronicle.

Chinese Sun and Moon.

In China the sun and moon are brother and sister. The moon is the elder brother, who looks after his rather silly sister, the sun. This is exactly the reverse of our legends, which make the sun the day king and the gentle moon lady of the night. One day in China, so the legend runs, the sun asked the moon if she couldn't go out at night. The moon answered very sternly: "No. You are a young lady and it would be improper for you to go out after dark." Then the sun said "But the people keep looking at me when I go out in the daytime." So the moon told her to take the golden needles that she wore in her hair and stick them into the eyes of people when they stared at her. This is the reason why no one can look at the sun without pain.

Sothern and Laura Keene.

While in New York and before he had made any hit the elder Sothern had a dispute with Laura Keene concerning some trivial affair at a rehearsal, and Miss Keene went into one of her tantrums. After the quarrel on the stage she retired to her dressing room and, still angry, sent for Sothern and began to rate him fiercely.

"Stop, Laura—stop just a minute!" interrupted the comedian, and, advancing to the light, he deliberately turned it down.

"What do you mean by that, sir?" she demanded, in a rage.

"Oh, nothing," replied Sothern, "but you have always been so lovely to me that I can't bear to look upon your beautiful face when you are in a passion. Now go on!"

Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $[illegible]

Clothes cleaned and pressed

First class work guaranteed

Prices right.

WARNED BY SPECTERS

One Person's Three Experiences With Ghosts.

THE SPIRIT OF HIS SISTER.

How an Apparition From the Unseen World Aided the Brother In Deciding an Important Legal Question—The Phantom on the Grave.

Three times in my life, each instance separated by an interval of years, have the experiences here told been mine.

I come of a family to different members of which have become visible at times those appearances which for want of a better name are known as "ghosts." It is at least possible that the superstition regarding the second sight of one born with a veil may have some foundation in scientific fact, for my uncle was thus veiled at birth, and all his life from infancy vacant space was peopled to him with forms, which he would describe so accurately in dress, appearance and manner that listeners would instantly recognize departed friends, gone over years before my uncle's birth in many instances.

It was not till he was a large boy that he realized that the forms seen by *him* were not visible to others. Pages could be written of his experiences, but I am not here to give hearsay evidence, but my own personal experiences, the sights seen with my own bodily vision.

The first instance was so early in my life that I do not recall it, but my mother relates the circumstances.

Our home was in Brooklyn, and we had gone for the summer to Greenfield Hill, Conn. I was so young that I still wore dresses and was in charge of a nursemaid who was in the habit of receiving visits from Annie, a girl of her own class, so that I was well acquainted with Annie.

She died suddenly and was buried in the country churchyard, but I was not told of her death, being considered too young to understand.

As I walked with my nurse past the cemetery one evening in the edge of dusk her superstitious horror can be imagined when I cried, pointing directly to Annie's grave: "Oh, Maggie, there is Annie! She is waving her hand for us to come over to her!" I broke away from my nurse and ran to the cemetery fence. She caught me up and ran in a panic to the house, nor would she ever again pass the cemetery after dark.

The only idea in my mind was that of a familiar friend whom I had not seen for some time.

The second instance was at the most unromantic age possible to a boy—about thirteen. I was attending boarding school in Dedham, Mass.

A school friend, a boy of about my age, had left the school some days before for his home in the west, leaving in perfect health.

At about 9 in the evening I sat on the edge of the bed removing my shoes when the wall of the room seemed to part and open, showing the night outside, with the dim forms of the trees gently waving in the wind. As I sat spellbound at this strange sight in the rift of the wall against the background of the night stood my friend as I had last seen him, just as in life. He waved his hand to me in token of farewell, stood looking at me a moment, and gently the vision faded.

I said to my roommate, who had seen nothing: "Charlie is dead. I have just seen him." The next morning a telegram to the school said that he had died the night preceding.

In the third instance I had grown to manhood—a normal, healthy man, over six feet tall and weighing nearly 200 pounds. I am a civil engineer, the hardy outdoor life being far removed from dreams and morbid imaginings.

It was on one occasion necessary for me to consult a lawyer, and one evening I met the lawyer in his Boston office to talk over a matter of business. In the course of the conversation he asked me a question which I was undecided about answering. I stopped a moment before replying, for consideration, lowering my eyes, and, when I raised them, there stood behind the attorney a favorite sister, dead many years.

Her eyes were fixed on mine, her fingers on her lips. I instantly absorbed the idea conveyed by her suggestive pose and did not give the lawyer the information he asked. As it afterward proved, it was greatly to my interest not to do so.

The lawyer shivered slightly as the visitant stood behind his chair and said that there was a draft through the room.

He never knew that the sensation of cold conveyed to his nervous system was a breath from an unseen world.

Science has proved that light, sound and color are all the results of vibration of greater or less rapidity. Some of these vibrations affect our senses and we see, hear or feel their effects. But what of the vast space filled with vibrations which affect none of our senses, yet are unknown to [illegible]? Could our senses respond to them what secrets of the unseen might not be revealed, and who can say but the secret of these strange sights which sometimes greet the eye of mortals is hidden in this unknown range of vibrations, hiding a world that is all about us, mingling with and overlapping, surrounding and interlacing our common humdrum daily life and only in rare moments of attunement drawing the veil aside for a glimpse into the unknown.—New York Herald.

BUY YOUR GOODS HERE. WE WILL SAVE YOU 30 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

Fourth of July SALE

AT

Joe Giller's New Store

We make a special price on tailored made, latest style suits:

$25 suits all at $16.50

$16 suits all at $11.00.

$8 suits all at $4.50.

Boys suits all 30 per cent less than regular price.

Everything else cheap.

Big reductions on hats.

DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Phone 111. Main Ave.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

INSPECTED THE DITCHES.

State Drainage Engineer Ralph Made a Trip Through the North Country.

A Large Amount of Drainage Work Now In Progress in Roseau County.

State Drainage Engineer George A. Ralph of Crookston passed through the city last week enroute to his home in Crookston from an extensive trip thruout the north where he has been inspecting all ditches under state construction. Mr. Ralph left Greenbush Monday last and went to Badger from which place he drove overland for fifteen miles to the Roseau River two miles below Ross postoffice, taking one of the woodboat fleet of the Standard Drainage Company of Windom, Minnesota, down the river to the dredge. This entire trip from Badger to the dredge was made in a driving rain in open boats and carriages.

After having fully inspected the work by the *Standard Drainage Company* on the cut offs across the bends of the Roseau Mr. Ralph pushed on down the Roseau twenty miles to the floating dredge belonging to Sherwood and Dick of Litchfield, Minnesota. This dredge has just entered on the ten mile cut straight from a point up the Roseau to the river just below Bailey's store at Caribou. The dredge is now about down this cut.

It will cut off about fifteen miles in the route that water has formerly been compelled to take by way of the river proper. This cut is thru solid earth eight and nine feet deep and fifty feet wide with a total excavation of 260,000 yards.

The machines on the Roseau intend to get done by the end of the year in contract time. The standard Drainage Machine under Captain Jas. A. Board has been making splendid progress. The Sherwood machine below has been having some very hard digging thru tenacious formations of soil.

From Caribou Mr. Ralph drove to Lancaster, Minn., took the Soo there and inspected the ditches at Bronson on the Soo. These ditches, six in number are being dug by Aprin Bros., of Grand Rapids, Wis., and are under the direct charge of A. M. Arpin of Thief River Falls. They are walking dredges making their way across the country on immense rollers and dumping the dirt clear free of the ditch line. They are digging ditches about 25 feet wide and five feet deep and are excavating an immense yardage. They are now at work on a ditch draning the big Hjelma swamp which they complete in a few days.

To Head off Tax Dodgers.

In order to check some of the abuses which have grown up in the matter of applications for abatement of taxes the state tax commission has adopted a set of rules relating to application for reduction, abatement or refundment of taxes. Copies of the rules are now being sent out to the county auditors and in the future only such applications as conform to these rules will be considered by the commission.

Regular meetings of the commission for the considerations of applications will be held on the third Monday of each month, when all persons will have an opportunity to be heard upon any pending application, and none will be heard at any other time except for extraordinary reasons requiring immediate action. The rules also provide the form of application and the action to be taken by the local authorities before the applications are sent to the commission and general rules covering the subject.

Whitney Gets Seven Years.

The term of district court for Marshall county convened Monday with Judge Grindeland on the bench. The grand jury was put to work at once and during the day brought in seven indictments against the prisoners at the county jail.

Edgar F. Whitney was arraigned and pleaded guilty to the charge of indecent assault and was sentenced by the judge to seven years of hard labor at Stillwater, the highest limit under the law. Sheriff Forsberg and C. W. Erickson left with Mr. Whitney for the state penitentiary the same evening.

The two bank robbers were arraigned and pleaded not guilty. Their cases were set for later dates the first one for July 7th, when court will again convene.
Warren Sheaf.

Once Did Bryan a Favor.

D. K. Laurie, traveling Sunday School organizer of the Presbyterian church, who is well known to all residents of this section, takes a great deal of interest in the presidential situation. Mr. Laurie has known Mr. Bryan since they attended college together in Illinois and upon Mr. Bryan's graduation he loaned him his Prince Albert coat for the occasion, the present presidential candidate being then too poor to afford one. He says Bryan is an earnest and conscientious man and nothing can turn him from what he thinks is right.

THE BLACK THAT WON'T COME OFF.
is the only black that we dye your goods with. We will take your soiled dresses of any kind and dye them to a beautiful black or any other color that you may choose. Our colors are of beautiful and rich shades, and our black, handsome and deep as in new goods.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

RESERVES BORDER LINE.

Proclamation by the President of Interest to People of the North.

All Land Within 60 Feet of the Boundry Line Reserved by the U. S.

The proclamation has reached Crookston declaring all lands within sixty feet of the international boundary line between this country and the Dominion of Canada to be public property and reserved from private ownership or use. The proclamation signed by President Roosevelt reads:

"Whereas, the customs and immigration laws of the United States can be better enforced and the public welfare thereby better advanced when the Federal Government has complete control of the use and occupation of lands abutting on international boundary lines:

Now, Therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and make known that all unpatented public lands of the United States lying within sixty feet of the boundary line beween the United States and the Dominion of Canada are hereby declared to be, and are set apart as a public reservation, and shall hereafter be subject only to such rights as have been heretofore legally acquired under settlements, entries, reservations, or other forms of appropriation, and are now existing, but shall not be subject at any time to any other claim, use, or occupation, except for public highways; and any patent issued for any legal subdivision, affected by this reservation under any claim hereafter initiated, shall contain a recital that it is issued subject to his proclamation."

A Lack of Foresight.

"A striking example of the many ways in which we have followed the course of the prodigal and scattered what we should have conserved is shown in our treatment of our forest wealth," says Hon. Gifford Pinchot, government forester, in the June 10th Farm and Fireside. "No sane man, of course, will contend that we should have left uncut the vast and magnificent forests which once covered so much of the country. East of the prairies almost every acre of farm land had to be conquered from the forest. Much of this region is still woodland. In so far as the primeval forest gave way to a better use of the land, and in so far as the standing timber everywhere was converted into capital value of other kinds, it is unnecessary and unwise to waste any regrets on what took place. But we did not stop with clearing the way for civilization; we did not stop with turning trees into houses and trading them for goods; we also burned up, without benefit of any kind, a major part of what should have served for future supply, and severely impaired the power to grow forests on land good only for the growing of forests."

Good Time to Find Out.

In the last issue of the Sunbeam, Editor Hunt states that at the county convention at Red Lake Falls he supported the Thief River Falls candidates while Andrew Ellingson supported the Red Lake Falls candidates and asks who represented the sentiment of the people of Highlanding. As there is to be a celebration at Highlanding on the Fourth and nearly all of the people living in that township and the surrounding territory will be present, it might be a good time to talk the matter over and find out who was right.

A Snow Storm in June.

A dispatch from Winnipeg to the twin city newspapers reports a heavy snow storm at Fielding, Saskatchewan, last Thursday. The snow storm lasted two hours and was followed by a terrific wind and hail. Crops were damaged.

Subscribe for the News.

GOOD WAY TO FIND OUT

State Takes Steps to Learn Best Method of Handling Clover for Seed.

An Acre of Land Rented for a Number of Farmers in Northern Minnesota.

The state has taken a hand in an endeavor to learn positively the best way to handle medium red clover so as to insure the best possible seed crop.

Accordingly the state this year has arranged to give this matter careful tests, and experiments will be carried on in Wadena county, which is recognized as being one of the best clover growing localities to be found anywhere in the world. The state recognizes the value of clover seed raising as a money making proposition for the farmer, and if by experiments the state can arrive at a definite method to be pursued in handling clover so that the seed yield may be materially increased, the *farmers ought to know* about it.

This year the state has entered into a contract with certain farmers in this part of the state, and they will grow a small acreage of clover and handle it in various ways as directed by the state authorities just as an experiment.

Each of these gentlemen will handle one acre of medium red clover for the state and the state will pay a rental of $10 for the season. These farmers must each handle the one acre of clover just as the state authorities and experts may direct. For instance one of them was required to clip one-quarter of the acre of clover June 10, the mower to be run three inches from the ground and the clipping left on the field, leaving the clover to go to seed.

A second farmer was required to cut a quarter of an acre for hay on June 20, leaving the second crop for seed.

A third must cut his clover July 5, leaving the second crop for seed.

The hay in every instance will belong to the farmer, and the seed will be his also, except that the state reserves one square rod from each quarter of an acre. From this square rod straw and all is to be cut and packed in burlap sacks and shipped to the state experimental station. Notes are to be kept as to the stage of growth of clover each time it is cut.

In this way the state hopes to get at the best method of handling clover for a seed crop.

Reiner.

(Too late for last week.(

We are getting enough rain to keep the dust settled.

The Halvorsons have their telephone line in running order now. This town is certainly booming, we will all have to in phones so we can talk with our loved ones far away. It will save shoes and time.

The board of review met with Torgerson, June 22, and found the assessor's books all right so no changes were made.

Our road inspector was out trying to hire a ditching machine, but the town board decided to buy one in place. Now we will see the water and sod fly along the telephone line.

Martin Anderson, A. L. Kjos, and the Misses Andersons made a trip to Thief River Falls last week.

A celebration will be held at the school house, July 4th. Everybody invited.

Ole Halvorson has been on the sick list for a few days.

Mr. Holen is helping Helmer Halvorson on his building.

The ladies aid Society met with Mrs. Hello last Wednesday.

Some one had better start a printing office here. It would be a paying business to print books of different kinds, as the old ones may wear out in the length of time.

Build Now.

A local correspondent of the Duluth Herald says—"Lumber is cheaper today than at any time during the past three years; the same can be said regarding brick, cement, sash, doors, glass and labor; and labor is more included to do an honest day's work than it has been in the recent past. There is a large surplus of money in the banks waiting to be loaned at reasonable rates of interest. There has not been as favorable a chance to build in years as exists at present.

Crops Are Looking Fine.

Not since 18[illegible] have the prospects been better for a bonanza crop in the Red River Valley. With just about the right amount of rain in the month of June all crops have forged ahead at a wonderful pace and many fields of wheat will be headed out by July 4th. Grass, both wild and tame, has had a phenomenal growth, and is in fact ready now to be cut in some meadows. With favorable weather from now on the Red River Valley farmers will have big reward for their toil.—Warren Sheaf.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 15[illegible], range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

Grand Semi-Annual Sale!

Don't Forget to Attend This Greatest of All Sales.

SALE COMMENCED
MONDAY, JUNE 29,
AND ENDS ON
FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1908.
FIVE DAYS ONLY

Do not miss this sale. It will pay you to come 100 miles to it. For further information see the large posters.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Imperfect Page

O. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

Imperfect Page

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

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People's State Bank.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission--Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

TIME AT THE POLES.

It Is Practically Any Hour of the Day You Please.

Those who are conversant with the use of globes know that all the meridians of longitude starting from the equator converge toward and meet at the poles. They know, too, that longitude signifies time and that difference of longitude is difference in time. They know very well that when it is noon in London it is about 7 o'clock in the morning in Boston, and that when it is noon in San Francisco it is about a quarter past 3 in the afternoon in New York.

Now, as the meridian of London extends to the north pole, it necessarily ensues that when it is noon in the English capital it must also be noon at the north pole. In a similar manner when it is noon at Boston, or in San Francisco, or at Pekin, or any other place situated in the northern hemisphere, it follows that it must also be noon at the pole, because all the meridians of those places unite at the north pole. Therefore it is noon all day long at the pole.

Thus there is an entire absence of time at the pole. But it would be just as correct to say that it is a place where there is a preponderance of time, for it is practically any time of day during the whole twenty-four hours or, indeed, through the year. In fact, a resident at the north pole could make it any time of day he might choose to select, with the consciousness that it would be the right time.

A POET'S DIET.

Byron's Strenuous Efforts to Keep Himself From Getting Fat.

"You mention Browning's idea that starvation was the cure for all the ills of the flesh—his own, at any rate," says a correspondent. "Browning was not the only poet with peculiar views on the subject. One of Byron's chief fears was that of becoming fat, and to avoid it he often resorted to extraordinary systems of diet. At Athens he lived mainly on rice and vinegar and water. Later he confined himself to six biscuits a day and tea. In 1816 he had so restricted his diet that he was obliged to keep down hunger by chewing mastic and tobacco. 'Don Juan' was 'written on gin and water.'"

Byron, it has been pointed out, was one of those foredoomed by their constitutions to fatness in middle life, whether they eat much or little, and his victory over nature in this respect—for he succeeded in reducing himself by these violent methods—has been quoted as one of the most remarkable achievements of the human will, considering all the circumstances. It must have been bitter to him to see such a man as Beau Brummel, who ate and drank freely and took no exercise, retaining without an effort all the elegance of figure that was his greatest gift. No wonder Byron's was the poetry of gloom.—London News.

A Tailor's Advertisement, 1734.

This is to give Notice to all Gentlemen and others, That they may have good Druggets, Sagathie and Duroy Suits made well and fashionable, for the first size Men at £3 10s. a suit and the larger size at £4. Cloth Serge, commonly called by the Name of German Serge, suits for £4 and £4 10s. Livery suits for £4 and £4 10s. Colored and black Cloth suits for £5 and £5 10s. At the Two Golden Balls in great Hart-street, the upper end of Bow street, Covent-Garden. Also Horsemen's great Coats to be sold ready made at 20s. each. Morning Gowns, Callimanco, both sides, at 30s. a piece, blue Cloakbags ready made at 10s. each, blue Rocklers ready made. Superfine black Cloth at 15s. per Yard.—Fog's Journal, 1734.

Tea Table Etiquette.

A hundred years or more ago there was a quaint tea table etiquette. It was considered a lack of courtesy to take much cream or sugar in one's tea. Etiquette demanded that the tea should be tasted from the spoon and that the hostess should then inquire, "Is your tea agreeable?" Modern women would be shocked by a fashionable lady of those days who cooled her tea with her breath, yet Young wrote of a certain bewildering Lady Betty:

Her two red lips affected zephyrs blow
To cool the Bohea and inflame the beau,
While one white finger and a thumb conspire
To lift the cup and make the world admire.

A City and Its Press.

In some respects a modern city resembles a vast commercial house. In commerce advertisement is the secret of success, and the most successful coadjutors of the municipality in the development and running of a capital are the newspapers. And here Berlin is lacking. Her press is on a hopelessly low level, impoverished, without enterprise, under the thumb of the authorities. In London, New York and Paris the press has a voice in the running of the city.—London Outlook.

A Roundabout Reply.

"Darling," said a young husband, "what would you do if I should die? Tell me!"

"Please don't suggest such a thing," was the reply. "I can't bear the thought of a stepfather for our little boy!"

Unselfish.

She—George, is that one of those cigars I gave you on your birthday? He—No; I'm saving those for my friends. She—You dear, self sacrificing, unselfish man!

When a man borrows trouble, the interest eats up the principal.—Kansas City Star.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake -ss. In District Court. Fourteenth Judicial District.
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanlseh, and Nannchen Hanlseh, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs. Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,
Defendants.

NOTICE is herby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June 1908, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 8th day of August 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the East Half (E½) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the West Half (W½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), all in Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty-five (45), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated June 22nd 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney
June 25 July 30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Swanson of Mavie, Minn., who, on June 27th, 1904, made Homestead entry, No. 228, for lots 1 and 2 and E½ NW¼, Section 31, Township 154 N., Range 41 W. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for district of Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 7th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Hans B. Reed, of Mavie, Minnesota
Charles P. Quist, " " "
Willie Anderson, " " "
John J. Bauer, of Thief River Falls, Minn.

may 28-july 2

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Hyrud, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. [illegible], for NE¼, Sec. 31, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 11th day of July, [illegible]

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Nygaard, of Brunkeberg, Minnesota.
Iver Solheim, " " "
Peder Solland, " " "
Ole H. Lanville, " " "

June 4-July 9.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 23 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John S. Rosenthal of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, who on June 27th, 1904, made H. E., No. 325 for lots 3, 4 and E½ SW¼, Section 7, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 29th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Daniel F. O'Neil, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anton G. Sorenson, of " " "
Christen Peterson, of " " "
Hoken Johnson, of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

June 25 july 30

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Martin J. Braastad of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June [illegible], 1901, made H. E., No. 1[illegible] for [illegible], Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th p. m. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for district of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 11th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Everson, " " "
Ole Fortun, " " "
Halvor H. Olson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 2 aug. 6

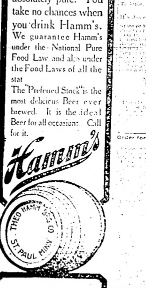

Every Drop

Of Hamm's Beer is absolutely pure. You take no chances when you drink Hamm's. We guarantee Hamm's under the National Pure Food Law and also under the Food Laws of all the stat

The "Preferred Stock" is the most delicious Beer ever brewed. It is the ideal Beer for all occasions. Call for it.

Hamm's

Imperfect Page

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF THE—

Minnesota Air Line Railway Company.

We the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and pursuant to the provisions of Chapter fifty-eight (58), Revised laws of Minnesota for 1905, and any amendments thereof, do hereby associate ourselves as a body corporate, and do hereby adopt the following certificate of Incorporation:

Article I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the "Minnesota Air Line Railway Company."

The general nature of its business shall be the construction, maintenance and operation of a steam railway from Thief River Falls, Minnesota, to Roosevelt, Minnesota, continued therefrom to the Lake of the Woods at Zippel Bay, on an Air Line as near as practicable with such branch lines of railway as the company deems advisable.

The principal place of transaction the business of the corporation shall be the city of Thief River Falls, County of Red Lake, Minnesota, until the Board of Directors shall decide to transfer same to Roosevelt, Minnesota.

Article II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be on the 1st day of July 1908 and the period of its duration shall be perpetual.

Article III.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are:

William F. Hunt of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
Homer B. Leavitt of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
L. R. Hedberg of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
Rolph H. Rockwood of Waterville, Maine.
T. R. Hasley of Iowa Falls, Iowa.
Emily E. Rambusch of Roosevelt, Minnesota.

Article IV.

The management of this corporation shall be vested in a Board of Directors, composed of not less than THREE (3) and not more than SEVEN (7) members.

The names and addresses of the First Board of Directors are:

William F. Hunt of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
T. R. Hasley of Iowa Falls, Iowa.
Rolph H. Rockwood of Waterville, Maine.
Emily E. Rambusch of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
L. R. Hedberg of Roosevelt, Minnesota.
Homer B. Leavitt of Roosevelt, Minnesota.

The first officers of this corporation shall be, President, William F. Hunt; Vice President, T. R. Hasley; Secretary, E. E. Rambusch; Treasurer, T. R. Hasley.

All the above named officers and directors shall hold their respective offices aforesaid, until the next annual meeting of the corporation, to be held on the first Tuesday in January, 1909, at which time, and annually thereafter, a Board of Directors shall be elected from and by the stockholders of this corporation. The annual meeting of this corporation shall be held at its principal place of business on the 1st Tuesday in January in each year.

Immediately after the election of the directors, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the directors shall meet and elect from their number, a president and vice president, and from the [illegible], or from the stockholders, a secretary and treasurer. Any office except that of president and vice president may be held by one person. The directors and officers of this corporation shall hold their respective offices until their successors have been duly elected and entered upon the discharge of their duties. The first meetings of the stockholders and of the Board of Directors shall be held at Roosevelt, Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Article V.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Five hundred thousand Dollars, ($500,000) and such [illegible] of special preferred or full paid stock, as may be deemed advisable by the Board of Directors, which shall be paid in money or property, or both in such manner, at such times and in such amounts as the Board of Directors shall order.

The capital stock shall be divided into Five Thousand shares of the par value of [illegible] each, preferred stock.

The holders of the stock shall be entitled to receive dividends from the surplus or net profits of the corporation when and as declared by the Board of Directors.

[illegible]

Article VI.

[illegible]

Article VII.

[illegible]

IN TESTIMONY [illegible]

W. F. Hunt.
T. R. Hasley
E. E. Rambusch
Homer B. Leavitt
L. R. Hedberg
R. H. Rockwood

[illegible]

STATE OF MINNESOTA,

[illegible]

Order for Creditors to Present Claims Within Three Months.

[illegible]

June 11-25 Judge of Probate

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two Dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 45-100 dollars taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan, Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1906 at 9:10 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan, mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided; the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 8th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

F. M. Stanton.
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
June 25 July 30 dt

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Swen Lovness, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Swen Lovness, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Mary Ness, Helma Johnson, Ida Swanson and Edward Lovness, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Edward Lovness having been filed in this court, representing that Swen Lovness, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 2nd day of September 1897, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Erick Olson; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of July 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 10th day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
June 11-25
G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of A. Wright, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In probate Court. In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to A. Wright and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of W. E. Wood, having been filed in this court, representing that A. Wright, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 8th day of May, 1908; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to W. E. Wood; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of July, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 12th day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
G. Halvorson,
Attorney for Petitioner.
June 18 July 2.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Aaron Johnson, State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court. In the matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Johnson, [illegible] Johnson, Robert Johnson, Aurora Johnson, [illegible] Johnson and [illegible], and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of July, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of June 1908.

COURT SEAL
N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
June [illegible] July 2.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that "Pauch" Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, [illegible] made H. E. No. [illegible] for lots [illegible] E½ NW¼ Section [illegible], Township 1[illegible] N., Range [illegible] W. 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
[illegible] Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible] Jorgenson, " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " "
John Quale, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Thief River Falls, who, on June 22 1904, made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible], for [illegible]

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

[illegible]

May 21-June 25

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Imperfect Page

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

GUSTAF'S VISIT TO GERMANY

Pertinent Comment Regarding the Affair Is Made by "Le Temps," the Celebrated Paris Newspaper.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

"Le Temps" (Paris) makes the following pertinent comment regarding King Gustaf's recent Berlin visit: "We desire to ask if it is good policy for Sweden to place herself under the protecting king of Germany in such a conspicuous manner as she has done of late. The three Scandinavian countries would do well in not mixing into the diplomatic group making, which is now going on for the purpose of dividing Europe in two parts. It would, so it seems to us, be natural and logical for these countries to place themselves on a friendly footing with all the powers. Gustaf seems to have entirely forgotten this. He may be tolerably certain that he did not create any satisfactory impression during his recent visit in St. Petersburg. By reason of a certain family affair he paid a visit to St. Petersburg, but one can easily discern the difference in his visit to Berlin. The Baltic negotiations should have reminded the Swedish government that it should not turn to Berlin alone, but also to St. Petersburg, London and Paris. Honestly speaking France cares little about what they say or do in Sweden, but France is Russia's ally and England's friend, and it will always seek to do its duty to those two countries. All negotiations which are unfavorable to Russia produce a very unpleasant impression on France. The eloquence of the Swedish king may not have taken this matter into account."

The question of regulating state railways in Sweden is now uppermost in the minds of government authorities, and the present situation is causing no little apprehension. How to so regulate them that they will become a paying proposition is no easy task, for if statistics do not lie they have not been a paying affair since they were started. It appears that matters reached a climax in 1906, when it was learned that although they netted about two millions more than had been expected, there was still not enough money to cover repairs and extensions and improvements. In 1907, it was calculated that the state railways would net about 13,000,000 crowns, but they brought only 11,500,000 crowns. The budget committee for this year estimated that they would net about 12,500,000 crowns, but indications are that, owing to poor times they will not net this sum by far and will be shorter this year than ever before. The matter will be brought up before the riksdag during the next session, when it will be thoroughly discussed and ways and means adopted whereby a change for the better may be brought about.

Judging from present indications house rents are going to be increased ably high in Stockholm this fall. The house owners are planning to raise the house rents and many tenants have announced that they want their quarters only until that season. The house rents are in fact so high now that people are leaving the city every day for that very reason and the chances are that next fall there will be a general exodus.

The annual "Children's Day," which was held May 28, was this year a splendid success. About forty thousand people took part in the general festivities, which netted not less than 100,000 crowns, all of which will go to the poor children's fund. "Children's Day" is always successful in Stockholm and the purse strings are on such occasions opened wide.

The wedding gift which will be tendered to Prince Wilhelm by the Swedish-Americans consists of a large number of photographs taken of the prince and the places he visited during his recent visit to the United States. They will be placed in a costly album and will be presented to the prince by Dr. R. Hogner, of Boston.

Prince Wilhelm and his royal bride from Russia arrived in Stockholm the 14th inst., and were tendered a most enthusiastic reception. The streets were lined with cheering people in festive attire. The following day a te deum was held in the royal palace in recognition of their safe arrival in the Swedish capital.

J. V. Wald, the painter, who carried a flag during the demonstration on labor day bearing the inscription, "Down with the throne and the altar," has been sentenced to pay a fine of 200 crowns. Wald did not care to go to jail, so he paid the fine.

Dispatches state that Emperor William will make a cruise in the Baltic during the early part of next month and that while there he will meet the King of Sweden and the Czar of Russia.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The visitor to the coming exposition at Trondhjem will be able to make himself acquainted with the characteristic features of the fisheries in the Scandinavian countries, and those who take a special interest in the matter will find there are numerous instructive details with regard to vessels, engines and motors for fishing purposes, fishermen's implements and equipment, the preparation of the products, their conveyance and sale, all kinds of sport, fishing, etc. The historically famous town of Trondhjem, which in 1897 celebrated its 900th anniversary, forms the setting to the exposition. For many years Trondhjem was the residence of the Norwegian kings and the political center of the country. It contains the most beautiful of Norwegian monuments, the cathedral—a work of which Norwegians may well be proud. As the archepiscopal see and chapter, the town was for centuries the intellectual focus of the country. The archbishop's spiritual duties did not prevent him, however, from occupying himself with economical matters, and he employed fishermen at most of the large fishing stations, some of which he owned himself. A considerable portion of his income consisted of fish products, and there were times during which the archbishop, in addition, to being the primate of the Norwegian church, was also the largest fish merchant in the kingdom. Trondhjem is now, as in olden times, a natural center for fishing and the sale of the products. Its trade in fresh fish in particular has of late years increased greatly. Owing to its position in the midst of the fishing district it is well adapted for the coming exhibition, at which there will be a large number of exhibitors. The beautiful surrounding scenery and the pleasant climate will also contribute toward bringing of travelers from all parts of the world.

Keen interest has been aroused throughout the country by a proposition of the authorities to restore the cathedral of Trondhjem to its former dignity as the repository of the bodies of the great men of the nation. In the olden times the archbishops, including the famous builders of the church, Eystein Erland and Sigurd Eindridsson, were buried in the vestry, while the kings were entombed in the church proper near the high altar, there being seven royal sepulchers. The church, which is too large for the purpose of modern worship, affords abundant space for a great number of sarcophagi. It is proposed to set apart a certain portion of the western wing, now approaching completion, for the royal family, while an appropriate location nearby will be placed in the wall of the church for each tomb, but there will be no statues or busts.

In 1900 Norway had one postoffice for every 781 inhabitants, being better supplied with such offices in proportion to her population than any other European country. Switzerland ranked next in this respect, having one postoffice for every 875 inhabitants. Sweden had one postoffice to every 1,750 inhabitants and Denmark one to every 2,587.

In communities where large factories have been established, the rate of taxation has been greatly reduced. In Vardal the rate is now only a little more than one-half of what it was before the establishment of the large cellulose factory, which pays one-half of the taxes of the community.

An English squadron, consisting of fifty-seven fighting craft, will visit Christiania in the near future. The officers will be royally entertained during their visit in the Norwegian capital and a reception will be tendered them at the royal palace, when King Haakon will be the host.

The tourist season is on in full blast and traffic on the railways of Norway has of course been very much increased. Hotel and inn keepers are now the busiest people in the country and most of them are making good money.

Johan Greunes, Norway's leading portrait painter, is at present engaged in painting a life size portrait of King Haakon. It will be completed some time in September.

Over two thousand illegitimate children are born in Norway every year. More than one-third of these are born in Christiania annually.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Says a Copenhagen dispatch regarding King Gustaf's Copenhagen visit: "King Gustaf of Sweden, visiting Denmark for the first time, has met with a hearty welcome from the whole population and all the newspapers. The city is beautifully decorated in his honor. Evidently the Danish people desire to show to Sweden the friendliest feeling. King Gustaf, in his official speech, said: 'The clouds which recently darkened the Scandinavian sky have passed away.' It is hoped that the friendship between the royal houses of the two countries will extend to the people. Still, certain prominent Swedish newspapers remain cool, declaring that the Danes cannot by cheering King Gustaf wipe out the bitterness caused by Denmark's attitude at the time of the dissolution of the Swedish-Norwegian union. The Danes insist that Denmark was not at all involved in the [illegible] against Sweden at that time."

Professors Bang and Ehlger, of Copenhagen university, and the well known scientist, Dr. Rordam, have been [illegible] to attend the [illegible] congress which will be held in Washington, D. C. [illegible] Dr. Rordam is a member of the Danish riksdag.

During the past few months quite a few [illegible] have [illegible] to the [illegible] A N [illegible] of Copenhagen, which [illegible] 100,000 crowns, [illegible] were 6,000 crowns.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, June 29.—Wheat—July, $1.05¾; Sept., 89¾@89¾c. On track —No. 1 hard, $1.09½; No. 1 Northern, $1.07½; No. 2 Northern, $1.05½; No. 3 Northern, $1.00½@1.02½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾@1.09¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¾; July, $1.06¾; Sept., 89¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.21¾; Sept., $1.19¾; Oct., $1.18¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, June 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$5.90@6.15. Sheep—Wethers, $3.50@4.00; good to choice lambs, $4.25@4.75; springs, $5.25@6.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, June 29.—Wheat—June, 86¼c; July, 85¾c; Sept., 86¼@86¾c; Dec., 87¾c. Corn—July, 69c; Sept., 69¾@69¾c; Dec., 59¾c. Oats—July, 44¾c; July, old, 45c; Sept., 38¾c; Dec., 39¾c; May, 41¾c. Pork—July, $14.70; Sept., $14.95; Oct., $15.00. Butter—Creameries, 19@22c; dairies, 17@21c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 10c; springs, 20@22c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, June 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.85@8.50; Texans, $4.00@6.60; Western cattle, $4.75@6.90; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.45; cows and heifers, $2.40@6.30; calves, $4.75@6.50. Hogs —Light, $5.85@6.40; mixed, $5.90@6.50; heavy, $5.90@6.55; rough, $5.90@6.20; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.55; pigs, $4.80@5.60. Sheep, $2.85@5.25; yearlings, $4.75@5.50; lambs, $4.00@6.00.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Eastern railroads have announced the first of their proposed increases in rates, effective Aug. 1. The announcement is that the rates in what are known as classes B, C and D, which include some of the heavier tonnage commodities, will be advanced from 2 to 4 cents per hundred pounds from all Ohio and Mississippi river crossings to the Southeastern territory and the interior Mississippi river valley.

Without eulogy, sermon or song, but with the simple burial service of the Presbyterian church, Grover Cleveland was buried in Princeton cemetery beside the ivy covered grave of his daughter Ruth. Although President Roosevelt and other distinguished personages were in attendance they did not attend in an official capacity but as friends of the late ex-president.

Twenty-four companies manufacturing manila wrapping paper were fined $2,000 each by Judge Hough in the United States circuit court at New York. They pleaded guilty to maintaining an illegal combination in restraint of trade. They were members of the Manila and Fibre association.

The Detroit News, in an article on marine conditions on the Great Lakes, states that 1,730 vessels are idle at the present time and that 14,000 marine laborers are idle as a result, entailing a monthly loss to the laborers of $840,000 and to the ship owners of $2,000,000.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that gradual improvement continues in the work of preparing for future business, although the total volume still compares unfavorably with corresponding figures for last year.

After a campaign lasting several months, the close of which was marked by a bitter fight, the so-called Locke anti-racing bill was passed by the Louisiana state senate. It had previously passed the house.

At Little Rock, Ark., Federal Judge Jacob Trieber declared the reciprocal demurrage act of the last legislature unconstitutional, being a violation of the fourteenth amendment.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

With King Edward and Queen Alexandra smiling approval from their private gallery Jean Reid, daughter of Whitelaw Reid, the American ambassador to England, was married in the chapel royal of St. James palace in London to the Hon. John Hubert Ward, brother of the Earl of Dudley and equerry in waiting to the king.

Material progress has been recorded in the recovery of Congressman James S. Sherman, the Republican vice presidential candidate, who is lying ill at a hospital in Cleveland. He suffers no pain and there is no probability of an immediate operation.

Papers have been served upon Frank J. Gould in a suit for absolute divorce brought by his wife, who was Miss Helen M. Kelly. When service was made at Mr. Gould's office he declined to say whether he would defend the suit.

Committeeman Norman Mack of Buffalo, N. Y., has arrived at Denver, bringing with him a boom for Lieutenant Governor Chanler of New York for the Democratic vice presidential nomination.

Congressman James S. Sherman, the Republican vice presidential candidate, who has been seriously ill at Cleveland, is recovering and will leave for his home at Utica, N. Y., shortly.

John W. Riddle, the American ambassador to Russia, who is ill at St. Petersburg, is making slow but steady progress toward recovery.

About the poorest kind of a reputation is the kind a man gets for being sarcastic.—Chicago Record-Herald.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Edythe Schultz, wife of Louis Schultz, the man known as "king of crooks" and recently sentenced to Stillwater for five years, appeared before Judge David F. Simpson in the Hennepin county district court and was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the St. Cloud reformatory. She was arrested some weeks ago, together with her husband and Robert Wilson after a sensational dash down Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, with officers in pursuit.

Gerald Manley met a sudden death at Winona by electrocution. Young Manley, who was nineteen years of age, was working cleaning up in the basement of the Kratz candy store when he touched a live wire which was not known to be exposed and received a shock from which he died a few minutes later, the efforts of two doctors to revive him proving unavailing.

William Kliche, residing near Howard Lake, was attacked by a vicious bull and was so badly injured that he died a few hours later. He went to the lot against the advice of the family, as the bull had attacked him twice before. He was seventy-eight years of age.

A cameo ring, with the name of B. D. Egan engraved on the inside of the gold band, encircled a finger of the left hand of the body of a young man found in the Mississippi river near St. Paul. Nothing else was found on the body to give a clue to the man's identity.

George Forsyth, a farmer near Dent, Otter Tail county, is dead from the effects of being kicked in the face by a horse. He was seventy-two years old and was well known in the county and was prominent in G. A. R. circles.

The headless body of a man supposed to be Charles Adams of Albany, N. Y., was found by a policeman on the tracks under a railroad viaduct at Minneapolis. The head was lying two rods away from the rest of the body.

Antonio Frigano, an Italian laborer employed on the Burlington tracks near Newport, was run down by a train. He died three hours afterwards at a St. Paul hospital from a fractured skull and other injuries.

Caught under the heavy box of a wagon, which fell down a steep embankment, Frank Hynes, a Rosemount farmer, was crushed to death.

Nicholas McDonald, a young man, was drowned in the Blue Earth river two miles south of Winnebago while bathing.

John Waters, nineteen years old, was drowned in Rock river at Luverne while in bathing.

GENERAL NEWS.

Mrs. Amy Lloyd, the pretty young woman who some weeks ago pleaded guilty to passing worthless checks at Rochester and was sentenced to the state reformatory at St. Cloud, is to be transferred to the state prison at Stillwater. The state board of control has issued an order to this effect, the reason being that there are no facilities at the reformatory for the care of female prisoners.

For the first time in the history of Kellther the "lid" is on tight and apparently is on to stay. The order came after a stormy session of the village council and was a surprise to all the citizens of the village, there having been no intimation that the closing of the town even was considered by the mayor and council.

Minneapolis gets the Democratic state convention which will nominate candidates for state offices this summer. The date has been fixed for Wednesday, Aug. 19. The primaries will be held a week earlier, Aug. 12, in all the counties on the same day. The county conventions will be held on Saturday, Aug. 15.

Albert H. Kleven, the Crookston land man robbed in Bemidji during the Elks' carnival by sneak thieves of $4,000, has received by mail about $3,500 in checks and drafts on Twin City banks. This act of restitution calls from Mr. Kleven the comment that he "was robbed by gentlemen, anyway."

A statue of the poet Longfellow has been unveiled at Minnehaha falls. The statue was erected as the result of subscriptions taken up from Minneapolis business men. Its cost was $5,000.

With the one exception of 1857 the Mississippi river at St. Paul is now higher than it has been since the big flood of 1881.

OBITUARY.

The dead body of G. W. Townsend, a traveling man from New York, was found lying face downward over an open suit case in his room at the West hotel in Minneapolis. Death was the direct result of a sudden attack of Bright's disease, although the dead man was suffering from tuberculosis.

Holmes B. Higgins, a resident of Hutchinson since 1857 and one of the defenders of the stockade against the attack by the Sioux in 1862, is dead. He was born in Stark, Me., in 1830 and served in the First Minnesota heavy artillery in the Civil war.

While visiting at his boyhood home in Troy, N. Y., R. S. Goodfellow, for more than a quarter of a century prominent in Minneapolis business circles, dropped dead, a victim of heart failure. He was sixty-eight years of age.

CIRCUS TRAIN WRECKED.

Eight Men Badly Hurt in Accident at St. Paul.

A promiscuous heap of 100 circus hands was pinioned under the debris of two sleepers when a St. Paul freight train crashed into the first section of Hagenbeck & Wallace's circus train at the foot of Chestnut street in St. Paul. Eight persons were seriously injured and twenty others slightly injured. Four loaded flat cars and two sleepers were completely wrecked.

The circus train was passing through St. Paul from New Richmond, Wis., to Mankato, Minn., and was taking the siding at the foot of Chestnut street when the freight train came tearing down the incline. It struck the circus train in the middle, hurling the four flat cars to one side. The big mogul engine plowed through the two sleepers, almost telescoping them.

The circus hands were thrown from their berths and pinioned beneath the seats and other debris. To add horror to the moaning victims a fire suddenly broke out in the wreckage and for a time threatened the entire train. The department was called and soon had the fire under control.

The injured were taken to the city hospital in the police ambulance and patrol wagons. None of the men are in a dangerous condition.

M'CLEARY TO ENTER RACE

Ex-Congressman Decides to Go After Former Seat.

James T. McCleary of Mankato, this state, second assistant postmaster general, has returned to Washington from his home district, where he has been looking into the political situation and conferring with his old friends. Mr. McCleary has decided that he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress in the Mankato district, but he will not make a formal announcement of his candidacy for several days. It is probable he will not resign from his position in the postoffice department until after the primaries in the district. He believes such a course, the example having been set by Secretary Taft in not resigning from the war department until after he was nominated, will be amply justified.

Baby Killed in Storm.

One life was lost and about $75,000 damage done to property by a cyclonic storm which raged three miles northwest of Windom. The child was a baby whose mother, Mrs. Klaassen, took it and four other children with her to the cellar when she saw the cyclone coming. Before they could get into the cellar the house was blown down on them and all six buried. The baby was killed, but none of the others was injured.

St. Paul Physician Indicted.

The grand jury at St. Paul has returned an indictment against Dr. S. W. Robillard, charging him with the crime of manslaughter in the first degree in having caused the death of Mrs. Mamie Christian Olson by means of what is commonly known as a criminal operation for abortion. When arraigned bail was fixed at $4,000. Dr. Robillard has lived in the city for many years and is widely known.

Boy Accidentally Killed.

Edward Fulmore, aged fifteen years, was accidentally shot and instantly killed by Fred Forseen, aged sixteen, on a dairy farm near the northern limits of St. Paul. Terrified by the result of his act Forseen attempted to direct a shot at his own head, but was prevented from doing so by Ernest Zuecher, a witness of the tragedy.

Circus Tent Collapses.

The main show tent of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus tent collapsed at Duluth just before the performance was to begin. The tent was about half filled with people and it is considered remarkable that none was killed or even seriously hurt. Many women fainted and were dragged out by circus employes.

DOZEN BUILDINGS IN RUINS

Pukwana, S. D., Nearly Wiped Out by Tornado.

Mitchell, S. D., June 29.—The town of Pukwana, on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, has been nearly wiped out of existence by the visitation of a tornado a quarter mile wide.

Between twelve and fifteen stores and residences were completely destroyed, while there is not a house in the town but what was wrecked to some extent.

Two large elevators were blown down across the Milwaukee tracks, covering a freight car. The depot was practically wrecked and the main track was cut off from traffic.

Accompanying the tornado was a hail and rain storm. The hail covered a section of country three miles wide and several miles long. The fine farming country passed over by the hail storm was ruined.

Required $1,000,000 Subscribed.

Seattle, Wash., June 29.—A telegram has been sent to Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou notifying him that the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition has complied with the congressional requirement that $1,000,000 be raised by subscriptions, irrespective of any state or federal appropriations, before the congressional appropriation of $600,000 is made available. The secretary is requested immediately to designate some treasury department official to examine the exposition's securities.

SEVEN PERSONS DEAD

Many Others Injured at Clinton, Big Stone County.

CYCLONE DEVASTATES TOWN

Thirty-three Buildings Completely Demolished and Twenty-five More Practically Ruined.

Seven persons were killed, eleven seriously injured, sixty others hurt and thirty-three buildings completely demolished by a cyclone which struck the village of Clinton, Big Stone county. Property to the value of $145,000 was destroyed.

The storm covered an area of 300 yards wide and four miles long and a tour along the path of the storm shows desolation as complete as it is possible to picture.

People who have experienced other tornadoes say that this left the most complete ruin in its wake of any in their experience. The marvel is that so few were killed and that the list of injured isn't longer.

The storm first struck the earth outside of town, where a number of buildings were demolished and three people killed. Coming to the village of Clinton the real havoc was done. All the southwest corner of the town is absolutely cleaned out. Thirty-three houses were completely destroyed and twenty-five practically ruined.

Everywhere are the usual evidences of wind storms, chickens stripped of their feathers and branches driven through the trunks of large trees.

The devastation in the city is almost wholly among the smaller property owners whose homes represented their total savings. These people have been stripped of everything, in many cases not having sufficient clothing in which to appear on the streets.

A part of the cyclone which wrecked Clinton struck a mixed train as it was leaving the station. The thirteen cars were lifted from the track and hurled into the ditch. Two of the cars were demolished.

LOSS IS VERY HEAVY.

Fire at Duluth Destroys Immense Elevator and Dock.

Over $1,000,000 in property was consumed within a couple of hours on Rice's point at Duluth by a fire which razed elevator D of the Consolidated Elevator company to the water's edge, destroyed No. 1 dock and sheds of the Northern Pacific and imperilled surrounding property valued at another million dollars.

Valiant work by a dozen tug boats, which aided the fire department, is probably all that saved the bay front at that point from being entirely swept away. While the firemen combatted the flames on elevator D the tugs kept steady streams on all surrounding buildings from the slips within a radius of two blocks. The heat from the flames shot in the air high above the structure and, fanned by a brisk breeze, broke across the water and kept the docks and elevators almost at the point of ignition. The automatic pumping station between the wrecked elevator and that of B and C, which is situated back of D, worked continually and with the aid of the tugs America and St. Clair the elevator was kept cool enough so that the structure did not catch fire.

For over four hours the elevator was a raging furnace, though after two hours' fierce burning the fire had spent its force and gradually abated until eight hours after it began only smouldering wreckage of the valuable property remained.

THREE PERSONS DROWNED

Young Women and Would-Be Rescuer Perish at Mankato.

The first fatality caused by the high water at Mankato occurred when three young people were drowned in North Mankato.

Miss Eva Ehler of North Mankato and her friend, Miss Maud Worlds of St. Peter, had gone in bathing on Cornelia street, which is inundated by the overflow of the river. The girls had been swimming but a short time when Miss Ehler was heard to scream and her friend, Miss Worlds, went to her rescue. Both girls sank and Max Sues, a young man who was coming from town, plunged in to save them.

The two girls and the young man were all expert swimmers. It is thought that they were all taken with cramps.

Murderer Attempts Suicide.

Thwarted in an attempt to suicide by setting bedding in his cell on fire James Flood, the boy murderer, made a frantic but vain effort to kill Jailer Peter Morton and escape from the Hennepin county jail at Minneapolis. Flood, who is sixteen years old, was arrested on the night of June 3 after he had shot Arthur P. Camden, a total stranger, while walking along Nicollet avenue. Flood is now locked in the insane ward.

Boy Accused of Murder.

The coroner's jury in the inquest at Kasota held over the body of Russell St. John, seven years old, who was supposed to have been accidentally shot Sunday night by Robert Jardine, aged ten, found the Jardine boy guilty of wilful murder and committed him to the custody of Sheriff Teaster.

ARTISTS' BLUNDERS.

A Procession of Monks That Adam and Eve Enjoyed.

Among the most amusing "breaks" by artists is a landscape by Turner in which a rainbow is depicted behind the sun. This occasioned almost as much humorous comment in English art circles as did the slip of Constant, the great French artist, who in his portrait of Queen Victoria painted the ribbon of the Order of the Garter the wrong color.

A picture of Adam and Eve in the garden of Eden hung in the gallery of the Gesu, in Lisbon, represents the first couple as watching a procession of monks.

In the famous galleries at Antwerp are certain pictures of old masters in which the jumble of ideas is as remarkable as the technique is fine. In one picture of heaven the archangels are armed with bows and arrows, and in a celebrated painting of "The Murder of the Innocents" the massacre is represented as taking place in a city of Holland. The parents of the children are stout burghers, the Roman soldiers are Dutch policemen armed with muskets, and the innocent infants are transformed into solid schoolboys in bulgy woolen trousers and jackets and hobnailed shoes.

SOMNAMBULISM.

Some of the Curious Things Done by Sleepwalkers.

Many years ago an archbishop of Bordeaux attested the case of a young ecclesiastic who was in the habit of getting up during the night in a state of somnambulism and, taking pen, ink and paper, composing and writing his sermons. When he finished one page he would read and correct it. In order to ascertain whether the somnambulist made use of his eyes the archbishop held a piece of pasteboard under his chin to prevent his seeing the paper upon which he was writing, but he continued to write on without being in the least inconvenienced.

It is related of Negretti, a sleepwalker, that he would sometimes carry a lighted candle, as if to give him light in his employment, but on a bottle being substituted he took it and carried it without apparently noticing the difference.

Another somnambulist would dress in his sleep and go to the cellar, where it was pitch dark, and draw wine from the cask without walking into anything and without spilling a drop of the wine, but if he happened to awake in the cellar he had great difficulty in groping his way out.—Exchange.

Another Kind.

When Johnny Hobbs left his home up among the New Hampshire hills to visit his grandmother in Worcester, Mass., he was cautioned by his mother that he would find things in the city strangely different from those at home.

Johnny arrived in the early afternoon, and long before tea time his grandmother, who lived most simply, told him to run out to the pantry and get a bowl of milk which she had left there "for a hungry boy."

A moment later she followed him and, to her amazement, beheld her grandson bravely at work on a bowl of spearmint tea which she had forgetfully put in the place where she had told him to find the milk.

"Why, child," she cried, seizing the bowl from poor Johnny, "don't you know this isn't milk?"

"I—I knew it wasn't like Hillbury milk," stammered Johnny, with a final gulp, "but I thought maybe it was the kind folks had in Worcester."

A Musical Spider.

The extraordinary musical sensitiveness of spiders has several times been proved. Every one has heard of Pellisson's spider. Consoler of the unfortunate prisoner, it perished because it listened too closely to the captive's violin. The jailer saw it and crushed it brutally. Gretry, the composer, speaks of a favorite spider which descended along its thread upon his piano as soon as he played it. When giving recitals at Brussels Rubinstein saw a large spider issue from the floor of the platform and listen to the music. He gave three concerts at the same hall, and on each occasion the spider appeared. —Paris Revue.

Sailing Clubs.

The first sailing club was probably the Cork Harbor Water club, now known as the Royal Cork Yacht club, established in the year 1720. The vessels were small, and from that period until early in the nineteenth century yachting developed but slowly. In 1812 the Cowes Yacht club was founded with some fifty-five yachtsmen. Since that date yachting associations have rapidly grown in numbers and strength all over Europe and America. —New York American.

Squelched.

Prosperous Young Actor (returning tired after a matinee and evening performance of successful play)—Ah, dear boys, I really think it's time all good actors were in bed. Grumpy Tragedian (looking up from his paper)—They are.—Life.

Unexpected.

"Why, Clara," said a mother to her little daughter, who was crying, "what are you crying about?"

"C-cause," sobbed the little miss, "I s-started to m-make dolly a b-bonnet, and it c-comed out b-bloomers."

Potential Incentive.

Nell—Do you think you could love him if he were rich? Belle—I would try harder!

Growing old is often merely a waste of time.—Philadelphia Record.

HOLDING THE BABY.

Introducing a Nice Point In Baby Carriage Etiquette.

"That fellow doesn't know the first thing about the etiquette of the baby carriage," remarked one of a group of men at Thirty-first and Main streets.

The comment was made to all in a general way. One of the group, the man with a frayed collar and a look of patient resignation, gazed anxiously at a couple about to board a car. The mother was sparring in a desperate sort of way with one of those baby carriages which shop salesmen can open and close in a minute and the users in from five to thirty minutes.

"Don't see anything wrong with that," said the man with the frayed collar. "He's got to hold the baby even if she does have to wrestle with the carriage. You don't think he ought to hold the baby and take care of the carriage, too, do you?"

"Well, there's one thing sure," rejoined the objector—"the man doesn't know a thing about baby carriage etiquette. What you want to do it this: If the baby weighs more than the carriage, it's the man's place to hold the baby. If the carriage weighs more, he should hand the baby to his wife."

"Oh, piffle!" interpolated the man with the big black cigar. "You're way off. What he ought to do is to hand the baby to his wife and the carriage to the conductor."—Kansas City Star.

POINTING THE BONE.

Queer Superstition of the Native Blacks of Australia.

The native blacks of Australia are steeped in superstition. A black fellow will on no account go near the spot where another black has been buried. He has a deep rooted aversion to one particular bird—the wagtail—because, he says, "him all day talk, talk along a white feller, tellum all about black feller," and no opportunity is lost of killing these little birds.

Many tribes "bury" their dead by sticking them up into the forks of trees and there leaving them till the flesh has either dropped or been taken, leaving the bones clean. These bones are then taken down, the larger ones buried and the smallest handed round as keepsakes to those nearly related to the deceased. Should one black fellow wish the death of a rival or enemy he points the bone at him. This means that he takes one of his late relation's bones from his dilly bag and points it, in the presence of witnesses, at the man he wishes to get rid of, all the time pouring forth threats and curses.

Strange as it may seem, the one pointed at will often languish and eventually die, perhaps in a month, perhaps in a year, for no sooner is the bone pointed than he makes up his mind to die, and there is no saving him.—London Standard.

Tennyson's Cure For Shyness.

It is recorded in "Tennyson's Life" that he used to recommend to a younger brother the thought of the stellar spaces, swarming with constellations and traversed by planets at ineffable distances, as a cure for shyness, and a lady of my acquaintance used to endeavor as a girl to stay her failing heart on the thought of eternity at such moments. It is all in vain. At the urgent moment one cares very little about the stellar motions or the dim vistas of futurity and very much indeed about the cut of one's coat and the glances of one's enemies, and the doctrines of the church and the prospects of ultimate salvation are things very light in the scales in comparison with the pressing necessities of the crisis and the desperate need to appear wholly unconcerned!—Arthur C. Benson in Putnam's and Reader.

A Terrific Tumble.

Most marvelous of all the stories of great falls is the account of Charles Woolcot's terrific tumble from a height of no less than 3,000 feet. It was in Venezuela, and he was making a parachute descent. The parachute refused to open till within 100 or 200 feet from the ground. Then it spread out suddenly and split. The unfortunate man crushed both ankles and both knees, broke his right thigh and hip, dislocated his spinal column and suffered other injuries. Yet after a year in a hospital he recovered sufficiently to write an account of what was probably the most fearful accident mortal man ever survived.

Spilled Mercury.

Mercury spilled on a table or floor is somewhat hard to collect unless special precautions are taken, owing to its tendency to divide into small globules, which roll away at the slightest touch. If a wet ring is made around the spilled mercury by the aid of a wash bottle or other similar means, it will be found that the globules of mercury cannot cross the ring. The mercury can then be collected in a small shovel made from a piece of thin card or even an ordinary envelope.

Race of Life.

There wouldn't be so very much fun in living if there were not a hurdle or two to jump over in this race of life. There always have been obstacles, and there always will be, and it is of no use to repine over them.—Manchester Union.

Our Neighbors.

Sunday School Teacher—Why did the Lord command us to love our neighbors? Little Lola—Oh, I guess it was another way of telling us to love our enemies.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

No man is nobler born than another unless he is born with better abilities and more amiable disposition.—Seneca.

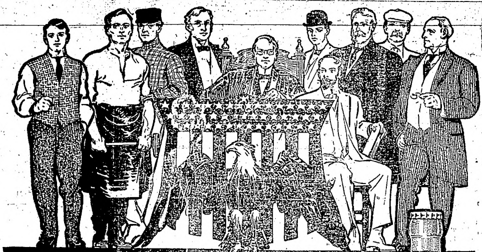

The American People

are the most industrious, most energetic, wealthiest, and most independent people in the world. Nevertheless all classes and conditions of them are drinking more **beer** than ever before. Their present annual consumption is 16 gallons per head. **Beer** is thus actually the Great National Drink.

Gund's Peerless Beer

is a rich generous brew—a most nutritious American beer of delightful flavor and commanding superiority. Its splendidly refreshing and exhilarating qualities suit a variety of tastes that no other beverage can ever satisfy; and being always completely matured it never causes any injurious reaction. For more than half a century **"Peerless"** has been brewed (by the celebrated and exclusive **"Gund Natural Process"**) from choice, fragrant hops and selected cereals, carefully blended. The result is a brilliant, hoppy and most delightful beer that long ago won a world-wide reputation. Its name describes it exactly—**a peerless beer.** Order a case delivered to your home today.

Serve "PEERLESS" to your guests on our National Holiday, the Glorious 4th.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. - La Crosse, Wis.

John Bauer, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch, Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 136.

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

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KING OF ALL
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REMEDIES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
—CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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ALL DEALERS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1908 NUMBER 28

ST. PAUL Historical Society

THE FOURTH A QUIET ONE

Most of the Residents of Thief River Falls Go to Nearby Towns.

Warren, St. Hilaire, Holt, Kratka and Highlanding All Have Celebrations.

The Fourth of July was a very quiet day in Thief River Falls, and the streets of the city were almost deserted. Those who were not tired out by spending a strenuous week at the tournament departed for nearby towns to spend the day.

Perhaps the largest crowd went to Warren, the train facilities offering an excellent opportunity to celebrate with our sister city to the west, but there was a good number that went to St. Hilaire and more would have gone to that city if the livery stables had had more teams.

The Thief River Falls Laborers base ball team went up to Holt and played a game with the Sandridge team by a score of 3 to 0. Quite a number from this city accompanied the team.

Highlanding and Kratka to the last had excellent celebrations and large crowds attended. E. M. Stanton delivered the oration at Highlanding and Ira C. Richardson at Kratka.

Formerly Lived Here.

C. A. Johnson, who was nominated for governor by the republicans of North Dakota at the recent primary election, was a teacher in the rural schools of Marshall county in the early days. He taught in the Fedderson district near Argyle, and was was a very capable and efficient teacher. He is a brother-in-law of former county commissioner Meisb, of this county. His friends here congratulate him on his rise in North Dakota politics. —Warren Sheaf.

Subscribe for the News.

REV. A. B. BUCKNER, D. D.,

Who Is Conducting Revival Services at the M. E. Church on the East Side.

Brick Work Soon Finished.

The brick work on the Oen block will be completed this week, but will it take several weeks before the interior of the building is finished. When this building is completed, it will be one of the finest and most substantial in the Northwest. Some 110 tons of steel has been used in its construction.

Last Drive of the Season.

The rear drive for the East Grand Forks Lumber company arrived here Sunday evening on its way to Grand Forks. This will be the last drive of the season for the East Grand Forks company and a clean sweep is being made. There are about 25,000,000 feet of logs in the river between here and Crookston for the East Grand Forks Company.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Every body cordially invited.

WAS A BIG SUCCESS.

Tournament Held Here Last Week Was One of the Best.

Visiting Firemen Adopt Resolutions Complimenting the City and Local Firemen.

The Firemen's Tournament held in Thief River Falls last week was a decided success in every way, and, if we are to believe the hundreds of visitors that were here during the tournament week, it was the most successful tournament ever held in the Northwest. Certain it is that the members of the Thief River Falls fire department and those who served upon committees are entitled to a large amount of praise. At the close of the tournament, the following resolution was adopted by the visiting firemen:

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 2, 1908.

We, The members of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament Association, offer the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the meeting just closed has been a great success in attendance and competitive spirit and that the races have been more closely contested than they have been for many years which shows marked improvement in preparation made by the different teams.

Be it further resolved, that we extend a hearty vote of thanks to President C. C. Jackson and Secretary Emil Zoh for the able and efficient manner in which they have discharged the duties of their respective offices; and to the efficient and painstaking Entertaining and Arrangement Committees for their courteous and thoughtful attentions to the needs and comforts of visiting firemen.

And Further Be It Resolved, That all firemen leave the beautiful city of Thief River Falls with the kindliest and fondest recollections of a time well spent; and of the Mayor for his kind welcome and the freedom of the city; and of the citizens at large for their kind and hospitable treatment while we were with them; and we trust that the visit of the Firemen with their upright character and gentlemanly bearing throughout their stay, will be a pleasant remembrance to the citizens of Thief River Falls; and further we wish to thank the committee of one on weather, Ira C. Richardson, for the manner he fulfilled his trust in looking after the comforts of all by the continued sunshine we all enjoyed.

And we especially wish to thank the ladies for their ever beaming smiles and their splendid attendance and generous applause given the Boys at the conclusion of every event.

We cherish the fond hope that we will soon return to enjoy unlimited hospitality of the people of Thief River Falls and we extend to them a hearty invitation and assure them a royal welcome to meet with the Firemen again at Crookston in 1909; and to to the members of Thief River Falls Fire Department do we extend a hearty vote of thanks for their kindness in looking after wants of the visiting Firemen while their guests at the 1908 Meeting and trust that when they wander away from their own beautiful city that they will be as royally treated as they have treated others.

Respectfully submitted,
Thos R Johnstone, of Crookston
A. B. Nelson, of Warren.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

While the individual checks of the creamery patrons do not range as high as on previous occasions there are a larger number of names contained in the following list than heretofore.

Secretary Nelson informs us that should the names of those receiving $40 and over be published it would require considerable space in this paper as well as type to set it up.

The following is the $50 list for May:

N. A. Nelson	$83 45
O. L. Larson	75 15
H. Houpt	67 62
Emil Just	67 00
John Konikson	67 20
Andrew Mortensen	61 45
Swan Johnson	56 32
Ed Enright	55 32
L. P. Thyren	54 52
Ole Larson	53 62
Peter Johnson	52 57
Simon Ahlberg	51 02
L. A. Carlson	50 02

Total amount received for May butter, $5,371.08.

Price paid for butter fat 25 cents.

There are [illegible] patrons delivering cream and [illegible] pounds of butter a week are made scoring not less than 93 with a fancy body color and package.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

One 10 horse power gasoline engine for sale at creamery.

Did a Good Business.

C. W. Nelson, who for the past several weeks has been making Minnesota and Dakota towns with his vaudeville and moving picture show, returned to this city last week and will remain here for a few weeks before going out on the road again. He reports a very successful trip.

Socialists Elect Officers.

At a meeting of the Socialist organization in this city held Monday evening, the following officers were elected for the next six months.

Chairman—Dr. Vistaunet.
Recording Secretary—J. W. McCord.
Financial Secretary—O. H. Nelson.
Organizer—Alex A. Sweaas.

Summer School a Success.

Summer school opened in Thief River Falls on Monday and the enrollment the first day reached 81. This is the largest enrollment for the first day of any summer school ever held in Red Lake county, and County Superintendent Mc Anulty says that it will undoubtedly be over 100 before the week closes.

The Norwegians Won.

River Boss Pat Sullivan with the Grand Forks Lumber Co., arrived in Thief River Falls Monday from East Grand Forks to look after the big drive He says the tug of war between the Norwegians and the Irish at the East Grand Forks celebration on Saturday was the best ever—only the Norwegians won. The Irish held their opponents for 4½ minutes and then let go, the tie being 5 minutes instead of 3 as usual.

Plummer Creamery.

Cream received	39,532lbs
Average test	25.15
Butter fat	9,691.5lbs
Butter made	11,816lbs
Average yield	30 60
Overrun	21 88
Paid for lb of butter fat	23 3
Total received for butter	$2521.86
Cash sales	2.85
Patrons charges	2.55
Surplus for April	.99
Total receipts	$2528.25
Disburnments—	
Buttermakers salary	60.00
Tubs	52.39
Wood	10.00
Salt	7.80
Ice	7.00
Oil color and powder	1.50
Stamps and stationery	2.50
Draying	5.61
Forwarded	116.77
Test controlors	3.00
President fees	2.50
Treasurer's fees	3.00
Secertary's fees	13.20
Sinking funds	16.01
	265.41
Paid patrons	2255.82
	2521.23
Surplus	7.02
	$2,528.25

IT IS UP TO THE G. N.

Great Northern Will Have to Extend Its Road from Greenbush at Once.

New Railroad Company Is Going to Condemn the Great Northern's Right of Way.

Minneapolis Journal: The Great Northern Railway company is in a place where it must finally "fish or cut bait" on the long promised extension from Greenbush thru Badger and Roseau to Warroad.

The new Northern Minnesota Railroad company, recently incorporated by Minneapolis men, proposes to build a line west from Warroad, thru Roseau, Badger and Pelan to connect with the Winnipeg line of the Soo. The Great Northern graded its line to Warroad several years ago, but in spite of fervent appeals from people along the way, has failed to lay the rails.

The new company wants to buy the right of way between Badger and Warroad, and has already intimated to the Great Northern that if it cannot purchase the right of way and the grade at a fair price, it will institute condemnation proceedings. This is the report brought down from Roseau by citizens who have been working for years for a railroad, and are following developments closely. They say that if the Great Northern does not give some earnest of its intention to lay rails and use its grade to Warroad within a short time, it cannot expect to hold on, but must sell or submit to condemnation proceedings.

The proposed road would be about 75 miles long, thru a good country that has been struggling with insufficient railway facilities ever since it was settled. It would establish a connection between the Soo and the Canadian Northern on the Minnesota side of the line, similar to that made in Manitoba by the Canadian Northern branch from Sprague to Emerson.

Socialist Candidate Coming.

Beecher Moore, of Minneapolis, candidate of the Socalist party for governor in Minnesota, is to spend several days in the vicinity of Thief River Falls campaigning next week. His dates are as follows:

Thief River Falls, July 13.
Highlanding, July 14.
Germantown, July 15.
Esplee, July 16.
Grygla, July 17.
Orheim, July 18.
Malcom, July 19.
Carmel, July 20.
Grygla, July 21.
Gatzke, July 22.
Middle River, July 23.

Money to loan on city property, see Hager, the land man.

Just now maybe an extra pair of trousers of

the right kind would help things along; it happens so often that the trousers, getting the hardest wear, give out before the coat and vest.

A good pair of trousers now will give you a new suit effect; and you can get it for very little money. These Hart Shaffner & Marx trousers are especially good; they make up short lengths of suit fabrics—not enough for a suit—into extra trousers. Very fine goods; all-wool; made in the perfect Hart Schaffner & Marx way.

We can show you something that will go well with your coat and vest. Trousers $5, $6, $8.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took *Scott's Emulsion.*
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.01
Oats	40c
Flax	$1.09
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Mayor Hamre was down to Crookston last week.

Don't miss the great dog and pony how, July 14.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

James Martin was over to Warren the first of the week.

John Myrland spent the Fourth and Sunday at Fargo visiting friends.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

Mrs. Woodcock returned to this city Monday from her triy to Wisconsin.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

W. J. La Bree was over to Oslee yesterday advertising the county fair.

Girls Wanted—Table waitress and cook at once Fertile House, Fertile.

H. G. Dobner was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Frank Lawrence was up from Fergus Falls to spend the Forth with his family

J. M. Bishop was up to Greenbush last week attending to business matters.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod meets this afternoon with Mrs. Christ Thompson.

I have a good hay stacker and mower that I will sell cheap. Anton Gunderson.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson will entertain a large company of lady friends this after noon.

John Smith, of the town of North, was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. Erank Hathaway returned to this city yesterday from her trip to Fargo.

Misses Esther and Golda Stebbins spent Sunday at Warren visiting with friends.

Coming soon, Edison's grand historical production, "Nero and the Burning of Rome."

Ole Torrison and wife spent the Fourth with Mr. Torrison's parents at Fisher.

Emil Evenson was up from Crookston to spend the Fourth and Sunday with his parents.

O. Tessum was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

F. C. and J. C. Nicial were down to Barnesville to spend the Fourth with relatives.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder, 'phone 233.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

Frank Lyons, one of the pioneer citizens of Tamarac river, is in the city visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosenberry were up from Minneapolis the first of the week visiting friends.

O. L. Bakken left Friday for Perley to attend a Prohibition convention. He returned Tuesday.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

M. V. Evenson and T. P. Hamre were up to Middle River yesterday attending to business matters.

Miss Winston, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city last week and is the guest of Mrs. M. W. Bockman.

Charles Brink left Tuesday for a trip through the west to spend several days looking over the country.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Rinker spent the Fourth and Sunday visiting with old friends at Drayton, N. D.

The El Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Nicial.

Mesdames Gillette, Farr and Ferris entertain Friday afternoon of this week at the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. Charles Langevin and children left last Saturday for Holt to spend several days visiting with relatives.

Conrad Olson, of Maple Bay, spent Sunday in the city visiting at the home of Chief of Police Andrew Lang.

O. M. Mandt, of the town of Deer Park, was in the city the first of the

The Y. P. S. of the United Lutheran church meets Thursday eve, July 9 at O. Ramstad, all are cordially invited.

week, being enroute to Crookston.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Thomas Kinslea, who had been at Ogema for several weeks doing mason work, returned to this city last week.

Mrs. Charles Newberry was over to Oslee the first of the week visiting her daughter, Mrs. Clarence Cummings.

Miss Annand, who had spent several weeks here visiting with friends, returns to her home at Lake City this evening.

Mrs. M. W. Bockman entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Winston.

Miss Beatrice Browning arrived in the city last week from Minneapolis and is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. John W. Eastman.

There will be services in the Swedish Church on the East Side on Sunday, July 12th, at 3:00 o'clock P. M. Rev. P. Dalquist.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka and Mrs Fred Goebler and daughter, returned to this city last Saturday from their trip to Sunrise, Minn.

S. J. Johnson went up to Middle River Tuesday to spend several weeks on his farm up there looking after haying and harvesting.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

Hay land for rent: ½ section of section 1, township of Bray, all hay land. For particulars write, Box 455, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Contractor Fasel left Tuesday for Greenbush. He will complete his job of building the First State bank building there this week.

J. O. Herrick, formerly operator for the Soo here, but now station agent at Nedford, N. D., spent Sunday in the city visiting with old friends.

J. R. Johnson, one of the head sawyers for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, spent the Fourth and Sunday at Foley visiting with his family.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Casper Falk.

The Swedish Luthern Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Anton Sundahl on Monday, July 13th., at 3 o'clock P. M. All are cordially invited.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Ozender Employment Office, No. 12 north Third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

James Bulman left Tuesday for Bemidji and will bring home the Newberry and Bulman automobile, which has been laid up at that place for repairs for a couple of weeks.

City Treasurer Ed Iverson returned to this city last Saturday from Mt. Clements, Ind., where he had been to spend four weeks for his health. He was greatly improved.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Niemann arrived in the city last Friday from St. Paul and remained until Tuesday visiting Mrs. Niemann's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Brockke, of Thorwick.

Jack Winton was over to Bemidji the first of the week looking over the plant of the Bemidji Lumber company and attending to business matters. He was accompanied by his father.

Lost—A suit case, containing clothing, a razor, pictures and other articles on the road between Thief River Falls and Germantown and Finder please bring to the News Office and receive reward.

So large has been the enrollment of the summer school here that it has been found necessary to hire a fourth teacher, Prof. A. M. Dunton, of McIntosh, arrived here yesterday to fill this position.

Mrs. Fred Holzknecht went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Wm. Durbin left last evening for Fargo on a business trip.

Henry Gorkey has been appointed poundmaster by the city council and all cattle and horses running at large want to keep out of Henry's sight.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. McClure and daughter, Evelyn, arrived in the city last week from Winona and will make their future home here. Mrs. McClure is a daughter of Col. Harris, of the Evelyn Hotel.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Jacob Anderson, of Jelle, was in the city Monday, being enroute to St. Paul. His daughter has been confined in a hospital there for the last year, but is now entirely well and Mr. Anderson will bring her home.

Services in the Norwegian the Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 and English services in the evening at 7:45. And services in Silverton Lutheran church at 3 o'clock p. m. All cordially invited.

Don't forget that Dode Fisk's Great Combined Show is the only organization of its kind that guarantees to please its patrons. The performance from start to finish is *amazing in every respect* and is well worth your time.

Ed Porter, who had been spending several weeks in the city visiting his brother, Chris Porter, left last Friday from St. Paul, and from there went to British Columbia to resume his position with a Great Northern surveying party.

Rev. F. J. Seltz will conduct services at Esplee next Friday evening, at Germantown Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Thief River Falls Sunday evening at 7:45. Parochial school at Germantown Saturday beginning at 9:30r

Phillip Rebbecke, who left this city several weeks ago for North Dakota, last week decided to go further west and is now out in Montana. Philip is going to be a genuine cowboy and does not expect to return to Thief River Falls for sometime.

Wanted—Agents for Diozo the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $4.00 to $15.00 daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Swenas, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

The ladies aid of the mission friends will hold a public auction Wednesday evening July 15th at 8 o'clock, at the Chas. Gustafson farm, 1½ miles south west of this city. Coffee, sandwiches, cake and ice cream will be served. Every body invited to attend.

Mrs. Huseth sings Rosenfeld's master piece, "For the Red, White and Blue," beautiful and picturesque slides, representing the 16 battleships in action and scenes and incidents of the Pacific cruise closing with a view of "Fighting Bob Evans," amateur night, Friday at 9:30.

W. C. Smiley, formerly of this city, last week resigned his position with the Great Northern in St. Paul, and accepted a position as editor for a law publishing firm. Since leaving Thief River Falls, Mr. Smiley has been studying law and his new position is a very lucrative one.

Joel G. Winkjer who is now in the government employ and stationed at Topeka, Kansas is visiting in this section and favored his St. Hilaire friends with a short visit on Thursday. Mr. Winkjer informs the Spectator that Kansas farmers were at least ten years behind the Minnesota farmers in all dairy matters. Co-operative creameries are unknown there and eight cents less for cream than is paid by creameries in this section.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The average resident of Minnesota can do more kicking at the weather than a government mule. He'll kick when it's dry, when it's wet, when it's cold, when it's warm, when it's pleasant, when it's unpleasant, and that's all the good it does. A close tab will demonstrate that no matter what kind of weather we get, year after year, the results are most always fully as good as desired, and all this kicking fails to change it and old dame nature usually knows what's coming to us, better than we know ourselves.—Anoka Union.

Campbell Bros. Circus Coming.

Campbell Bros. circus is going to give two exhibitions in Thief River Falls on Friday, July 17. This circus was here two years ago, and gave an excellent show. It is now said to be much larger and better than ever. The show will come to town over the Wheatline and will exhibit up near the fair grounds.

An Attempted Robbery.

Two men were discovered attempting to break into the Golden Rule store last Thursday evening, but were discovered before they had gained an entrance. County Attorney Germo did not think there was sufficient evidence against them to convict, so they were allowed to go. Later it was discovered that these same two had stolen a suit case from Locken's harness shop and sold it to a business man of this city.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE.

The tournament and 4th. of July are over, but not our bargain sales. Realizing there will be a little dullness after the late celebrations, we have decided to slaughter prices on some staple lines of summer goods, such goods as people need during the hot season.

For the next two weeks we offer you the following reductions from our former low prices on the following lines.

1-5 off regular price on shirt waists, ladies summer coats, skirts, children's and Misses wash dresses and ladies long silk gloves.

1-4 off regular prices on all summer wash goods, such as white goods, lawns, dimities, Swiss applique, organdies, dotted swisses and silk tissues.

OXFORDS.

10 per cent off regular price on our entire stock of men's women's and children's oxfords, both leather and canvass.

To make our July business larger than ever, we offer special bargains in all departments. For your benefit call and be convinced.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Fatally Injured

Jons Stranquist, twenty years of age and a brother of J. E. Strandquist, the merchant at Strandquist north of here on the Soo Line, was injured on the night of the Forth of July quite severely. While riding in a wagon with several companions, he accidentally fell out and the heavy wagon passed over his chest. Several ribs were broken and for a time it was not thought that he would live, but at last reports he was alive.

Another Meeting Called.

As will be seen by the legal notice published in another column, the board of county commissioners have been called to meet at the court house at Red Lake Falls on the 25th day of July to consider the county seat removal petition. This order is made by the court and while it is not probable that the county commissioners will meet, it is going to cost the tax payers of the county a "bright penney" to serve notice upon the honorable county board and at the same time give due notice to the legal voters.

Married Yesterday.

Yesterday at high noon at St. Bernard's church, the Rev. Fr. Adolph Dirgmann officiating, occured the marriage of Miss Minnie Dahl, of Uen, Minn., to Bernhard Koke, of Malta, Mont. The groom is a brother of Mrs. Fred Holzknecht. Only relatives were present at the marriage. The happy couple left yesterday for a trip through the southern part of the state and after August first will be at home at Malta, Mont.

Candidate for the Legislature.

Henry Funkley, of Bemidji, was in the city last week, being enroute to Carmel to deliver the Fourth of July oration. Mr. Funkley is a candidate for the state legislature in this district and did some campaign work on this trip.

$400 for County Roads.

At a regular meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening the sum of $400 was voted to be expended upon roads leading into the city. It is the intention of the council to [illegible] the money to townships that will agree to place certain pieces of roads leading to this city in good condition.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and [illegible] Sunday School [illegible] Epworth League [illegible] cordially invited.

Subscribe for the News.

Germantown.

Quite a number of our citizens were out to Highlanding and Kratka to spend the glorious Fourth, which was celebrated at those places. Arrangements for celebrating the day had also been made at Detlif Dan's place and a good sized crowd was entertained.

Several parties spend part of last week in the city, taking in the Firemen's Tournament. A good time is reported by all who were there.

The Ladies' Aid Society's Auction, June 21th, was not very well attended on account of threatening weather. The few who were present were generous how-ever and the society realized about thirty dollars on the sale.

James Edseth and family of Liner visited with Mr. and Mrs. Carl Edseth a few days last week.

Messrs Olson and Rambeck have purchased a new J. I. Case threshing outfit, and will be prepared to pound out the grain anytime the farmers are ready for it. Both are experienced threshermen and are sure to make it a go.

Selmer Benbeckson returned last week from the vicinity of Fargo, N. D., where he has been working on a farm since last spring.

The town road work is now going on in full blast and will be continued until all assessments are worked out. Inspector Olson is in earnest and improvements at the different places are quite noticeable.

County commissioner John Sorum was up last week inspecting the work done this spring on the corduroy across the bog in the town of Moylan, and incidently explaining county ditching.

Especial town meeting will be held in Moylan township July 11th to determine whether or not the town shall buy a ditcher.

Gunder Loe drove out to Carmel Friday, returning Sunday.

Henry Langevan came up from Grand Forks, N. D., Friday to spend the Fourth at home. He returns this week to the same place where he is employed as bricklayer on a church building.

A mass meeting of the settlers of the towns of Grand Plain, Moylan and Esplee was held at the Germantown [illegible] Monday afternoon to consider the drainage [illegible] of action. The sentiment was all in favor of having a ditch made according to the Government survey of a ditch running along the northern [illegible] three delegates were [illegible] to Warren and take up the matter with the county officials. The committee was [illegible] with a petition signed by [illegible] showing the [illegible] of the gathering and they left for Warren immediately after the meeting. Committee consists of Henry Cook of Grand Plain, Fred Soie of Moylan and Paul P. Sund of Esplee. The proposed ditch would afford an outlet for drainage of the entire section.

"Joe the Turk" at Salvation Army.

Special meetings will be conducted at the Salvation Army Hall, July 18 19, by Staff Capt. Garabed who is from Constantinople, Turkey.

He wears a full Turkish costume in able to convey the gospel in several different languages, is also musical and plays a cornet, clarinet and saxaphone.

Has visited various different countries, viz England, France, Greece, Smyrna, and Turkey; has also traversed almost every part of the U. S.

Will speak on a different subject at every meeting, will also speak of the barbarous and blood heading Turks showing how they butcher the helpless Armenians; Is very interesting so don't fail to come the 18 and 19, and the 20 a zonophone concert will be given at the Evenson Hall to help the Local work. Tickets 10 cents.

Annual School Election.

The annual meeting of Independent School District No. 18, Thief River Falls, will be held on July 20 this year. Two school directors are to be elected, the terms of E. E. Zeh and C. C. Jackson expiring at this time. There appears to be no candidates in the field and it is not known whether or not these gentlemen desire to serve again.

AT THE BIJOU.

The standing room sign is very much in evidence this week. For the last half of the week the management announces the great feature act and laughing hit of the Orpheum circuit "Stuart Barnum" in entire change of sketch. His grotesque make up along with the line of conversation furnishes bushels of fun. The motion picture playets are extra strong, especially, "Purchasing an auto" a very novel and cleverly executed film, "Caught" a clever detective story, scenic, "[illegible] Making in Brittany," tragic, "The Bargee's [illegible]" and "The Gypsy's Warning."

Prohibitionists Have a Candidate.

W. A. B[illegible] of Fergus Falls, who is in charge of the [illegible] campaign in the North [illegible] spent Sunday in the city [illegible] after matters concerning the [illegible] He states that the [illegible] will have a candidate [illegible] legislative [illegible] from Clearwater [illegible] his intention of becoming a candidate.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

HIGH PRAISE FOR THE SWEDES

What a Russian Delegate to the Evangelical Congress Has to Say of the People of the Country.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

"Too many flowers," said Calchas, one of the Russian delegates, who attended the Evangelical conference recently held in Stockholm, when he was characterising the Swedish people. Says Mr. Calchas: "I had expected to see a snobbish people, lively and full of gestures, but to my surprise I found a simple, assuming people, refined and cultured. Why, the workingman in Sweden are dressed as gentlemen, every one of them. The city of the Stockholmians stands like a doll's house, the police merely wave their hands and people obey as though they *all had* received a military training. The Stockholmians are all peaceful, and you seldom see any drunkards and paupers. These happy and prosperous people are living in a country where the Russians would starve to death. The country is mostly rolling and mountainous in the northern part and the fields up in Dalarne, for instance, are exceedingly small and unproductive looking, but the Swede knows how to take care of the little that he has; and takes such care of it that it often yields splendid results. The churches are full of evangelical Christians, the telephone reaches almost every nook in the land and there are all kinds of railways, steamship lines and street car lines, etc. The king lives among his people and the princes participate in the educational progress of the country. The riksdag representatives are treated to soup and cakes by the king and are not compelled to drink whisky with the cakes. And then think of their baths with women attendants, a thing unheard of on the continent. Oh it is all like one of their good old sagas." This is a Russian characterization of the Swedes and all over Sweden it is considered very unique.

The Geographical society and other scientific bodies interested in Dr. Sven Hedin's third exploring tour into Thibet have given up all hope of ever seeing him again, assuming that he must have died of famine, thirst or warlike natives. The last time that the Swedish geographists heard from the explorer was in December, 1907, when he was about to start from Scheyok for southeast Thibet with a strong guard and many scientific co-workers. Scheyok is the terminus of a much frequented caravan route, and Dr. Hedin's friends calculate that if alive he would have had plenty of opportunity to send letters or messages. The doctor in his last letters received in Stockholm said that he expected much trouble, both from unfriendly natives and from the lack of water and food in the districts that he intended to explore.

Stockholm is becoming a mecca for royalty this summer. The latest reports from Stockholm state that the royal family of Baden will pay a visit to the Swedish court some time during the month of August. At the same time comes the report that President Fallieres, of France, has decided to postpone his visit to Sweden until next year. Some of the Swedish dailies profess to believe that it is owing to the political friendship which has recently been manifested between Germany and Sweden that the French president has postponed his Stockholm trip.

Mlle. Martha Hedman, the popular Swedish actress, has been presented with a pair of slippers studded with ornamental butterflies of different patterns in precious stones, the cost of which was nearly $20,000. She appeared some time ago in the Swedish capital in a play entitled "Man Kan Aldrig Veta" (One Can Never Know.) The title of the play seemed to be a fortunate one for her.

There have been all kinds of stories lately regarding the health of the young crown prince. At no time has he been critically ill and it appears now that all that the prince needs is a well needed rest. There have been too many socials and his doctors state that his nerves are in bad shape.

About two hundred Stockholm singers serenaded King Gustaf and Queen Victoria the other evening at the royal palace. A large crowd of people gathered in front of the palace to listen to the singing.

Johan Peterson, the Swedish minister of agriculture, is at present at Karlsbad, where he is being treated for diabetes. According to latest reports the distinguished gentleman was doing well.

The chief of China's national telegraph bureau arrived at Malmo the other day and will spend at least a month in Sweden. He will spend most of his time in the Swedish capital.

The Society of the Common School teachers of Sweden are this week holding their convention in Gefle. The convention is attended by about two thousand delegates.

The Duchess of Sodermanland's brother, Grand Duke Dmitri Pavlovitch, has during the past week been a guest of King Gustaf and Queen Victoria.

King Gustaf has been awarded the cross and chain of the German Black Eagle Order.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

An American newspaper writer speaks as follows of the plan to separate church from state in Norway: "The resolve of the Norwegian storthing to create a commission to consider the separation of church and state is a momentous move. The storthing is to name five of its own members and the king is to name four others. Since 1537 the Lutheran church in Norway has been a part of the state. It is administered through a department of the ministry, which also has educational matters in charge. The bishops and priests are paid partly by the government and partly from the tithes and ground rents on former church property. Almost all the people of Norway are, at least nominally, members of the state church. The tendency of recent years has been to put the churches on a self-supporting basis gradually. The storthing now means to see whether a divorce can be safely accomplished.

An English squadron with fifty-three vessels arrived at Christiania and constituted the largest and most powerful squadron that has ever been seen in Norwegian waters. The British vessels occupied every available space in the harbor. The city was decorated *with flags and flowers in honor of the* visiting squadron and thousands of people came in from the country districts to view the imposing spectacle. By request of the temperance societies of Christiania the British tars were only permitted to remain on shore as late as 8 o'clock and only 6,000 men were allowed shore leave at one time. On Saturday evening, June 20, King Haakon tendered a banquet to the officers of the squadron at the royal palace.

Captain Roald Amundsen and Collin Archer have inspected "Fram," the vessel that Nansen made his attempt to reach the North Pole with, and have found it to be in rather good shape. It is the belief of Captain Amundsen that if the vessel will be properly repaired that it is better equipped than any other vessel to make a dash for the pole with. As is well known Captain Amundsen is contemplating another tour into the distant north, this time for the purpose of reaching the pole.

A number of Christiania students have gone to Fetsund and vicinity to engage in road work. The students receive their board and two crowns a day. A number of years ago it would have been considered the next thing to disgrace for a Norwegian student to do manual labor, but times are rapidly changing.

The central business quarter, located on the western side of Fredrikstad, was gutted by fire early on the morning of June 27. The damage is estimated at $560,000. It was one of the most disastrous fires that has visited this section of the country for many years.

At a country funeral in the vicinity of Skien the other day the hearse tipped over and rolled into a ditch. The coffin fell against a stone, cracking it so that the corpse fell out. Two women fainted and the horses threatened to run away.

The International Norwegian Fisheries exhibition will be opened in Trondhjem July 14 in the presence of the king and many other of Norway's prominent men.

Of government money there is at present 60,000,000 loaned to the city of Christiania. The government has also loaned 2,000,000 crowns to the city of Bergen.

Consul Gade of Chicago is at present enjoying a visit to Christiania. The "Aftenposten" refers to him as the Norwegian-American consul general.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Milking machines are coming into use in many sections of the country according to the department of agriculture. They also seem to give general satisfaction wherever they have been tried and the indications are that they will be in general use all over the country after a little while. The dairy experts of the government have been experimenting with them, and will make their report during the summer. If their report is favorable, which is possible, it will revolutionize the dairy industry and make it one of the most powerful in the world.

On account of a reform in the tariff laws of the country the price of tobacco has risen greatly and as a consequence the farmers are contemplating the cultivation of the weed on a large scale, as they believe choice brands will be better grown at home. Tobacco culture has been engaged in for many years in Denmark, but the industry has never received the proper kind of encouragement.

An exchange says that a former resident of Denmark, now living in New Zealand, has announced his intention of presenting every veteran of the war of 1850-64 with a subscription to the Home Mission Times. Needless to say the publisher of that paper is making zealous efforts to obtain the names and addresses of the old soldiers.

A large Danish-American meeting has been planned for August and will be held in the old Krabbesholm palace in Jyland. Several thousand Danish-Americans are expected to attend the meeting, which will be unique and one of the first ones of its kind ever held on Danish soil.

A German squadron will visit Copenhagen some time during August. Extensive preparations for its reception are now being planned."

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

That representatives of the United States Steel trust have discovered and traced the southern arm of the Mesaba iron range and have located it in Hubbard county, south of Bemidji, seems almost an assured fact, judging from the efforts being made by men from Duluth and St. Paul to secure options on lands in the vicinity of Lake George and Laporte.

St. Paul real estate, according to statistics completed by the state tax commission, is assessed for 57.432 per cent of its selling value. The ratio between the assessed value and the selling value varies from 103 per cent to 31 per cent in the same ward. Taking wards as a whole the valuation varies from the selling price from 61 to 44 per cent.

As a result of the recent paving agitation in Minneapolis growing out of charges that blocks were not properly prepared Mayor James C. Haynes is seriously considering the advisability of sending a message to the city council recommending that a municipal creosoting plant be established.

The Twin City Underground and Elevated Electrical Railway company has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The company proposes to connect St. Paul and Minneapolis by underground railway, the trip of ten miles to be made in twelve minutes.

Special and urgent invitation is to be given by the board of managers of the Minnesota state fair to William H. Taft, William Jennings Bryan and Governor John A. Johnson to speak at the 1908 state fair during the week of Aug. 31.

The epidemic of gastric and intestinal trouble at Mankato is subsiding. State health department officials say the epidemic is due to surface water flowing into the artesian wells of the water works system during the recent flood.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Joe Cilkowsky of St. Paul, fifteen years of age, was twice seriously injured in runaway accidents Sunday. The first time he was thrown from the vehicle while waiting for his father and the second time he and his father were thrown from the rig while the boy was being hurried to a doctor's office. Young Cilkowsky had his jawbone fractured, and his cheek split open in the first accident and in the second mishap his right shoulder was dislocated and his head painfully bruised.

More than a hundred homes at Chaska were inundated by the almost unprecedented flood in the Minnesota river. Three hundred persons were driven from their homes. Up and down the valley on both sides of the town farm buildings have been washed away, crops torn out and cattle drowned.

Maurice Johnson of St. Paul, forty years old, an engineer on the pile driver at work in the vicinity of Stockwood, was instantly killed. The crew was placing a cap on the piles when something gave way, striking the engine, then glanced off and hit Johnson in the back, killing him instantly.

The big dry goods store of H. Choate & Co. at Winona was burglarized of silks, plumes, silk hosiery and kid gloves, valued at $2,000. Only the best were taken, showing that the deed was committed by some one who knew the stock.

Nels Hintze of Glenwood attempted to go down a bathing toboggan slide backwards. He lost his balance, fell on his face and slid to the bottom feet first. His neck was broken, death resulting in a few hours.

Edward Anderson, colored, shot and probably fatally wounded William Maxwell at Fergus Falls. Maxwell, it is alleged, had aroused Anderson's ire by making uncomplimentary remarks about "niggers."

Tillie Reichstadt, the four-year-old daughter of William Reichstadt of Inver Grove, had her left foot cut off by the blade of a mower her father was driving.

OBITUARY.

Hon. Alvin H. Wilcox of Frazee, one of the most widely known lumbermen in Northern Minnesota, was stricken with appendicitis and died on the train at Wadena while being taken to the hospital at Brainerd for the purpose of having an operation performed. Mr. Wilcox represented Becker county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature during the session of 1901.

Captain William Bird died at Fairmont on the seventy-eighth anniversary of his birth. Captain Bird was one of the best known military men of the state and one of the fathers of the national guard. He commanded Company D of the One Hundred and Seventy-ninth New York in the Civil war and made an excellent record.

Hunter, trapper, Indian fighter, soldier and lawyer were the vocations of Allen O. Sexton, one of Minnesota's early pioneers, who died in the Soldiers' home at Milwaukee. He came to this state in 1852 and had a remarkable career.

Dr. H. L. Bryntildsen, one of the most prominent citizens of Goodhue county and a resident of Vasa for the last thirty years, is dead, aged fifty eight.

Mrs. Julia Clarkin, a resident of St. Paul for half a century, is dead at the age of seventy years.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Albert Gallaher, for many years in the secret service of the United States and one of those detailed as the personal bodyguard of the late President McKinley at the time of his assassination, is dead at Chicago. It was Gallaher who seized the wrist of Czolgosz after the fatal shot was fired and wrenched the weapon from his hand. Gallaher was mistaken by the crowd for the assassin and was set upon and beaten. To this fact, according to the attending physician, Gallaher's death was indirectly due.

Rev. J. W. Henneman committed suicide while temporarily insane on his farm at Tilden, Wis., by cutting his throat with a razor. Rev. Henneman was prominently identified with the German Methodist Episcopal church work in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, U. S. N., retired, is dead at San Francisco from a stroke of apoplexy. Rear Admiral Thomas was second in command of the Atlantic battleship fleet on its cruise from Hampton Roads to San Francisco.

Murat Halstead, one of the leaders in American journalism for over half a century and widely known as a vigorous editorial and magazine writer, is dead at Cincinnati in his seventy-ninth year.

Rear Admiral Charles H. Rockwell, retired, is dead at Chatham, Mass., at the age of sixty-eight years. He served in the navy forty years, retiring on his own application in 1902.

Joel Chandler Harris, familiarly known as "Uncle Remus" and an author of note, is dead at Atlanta, Ga., aged sixty-two.

George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central railroad, is dead at his home at Lake Placid, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A wage agreement has been reached between representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the American Sheet and Tin Plate company. The new agreement amounts to a 5 per cent reduction in the pay of the tin workers and a cut of 2 per cent in the scale for the sheet department. About 10,000 men are affected.

The United States circuit court, in an opinion filed at St. Paul, holds that the interstate commerce commission erred in reducing terminal transfer charges in Chicago from $2 to $1 per car and the court enjoins the enforcement of the order pending a final decision of the questions involved.

At Trenton, N. J., Vice Chancellor Howell appointed Thomas F. Raymond of Newark, N. J., and Sidney Mitchell of Chicago receivers for the United Box Board and Paper company, a concern which has a number of mills located in different sections of the United States.

Battling Nelson won the title of champion lightweight pugilist of the world at San Francisco by knocking out Joe Gans in the seventeenth round after a fight as desperate as any that had been seen there in years.

At Nashville, Tenn., Judge McCall quashed the indictment charging some fifty odd corporations and individuals with constituting a fertilizer trust in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

A. Booth & Co., one of the largest firms dealing in fish and oysters in the West, pleaded guilty at Chicago to a charge of having accepted concessions from railroad companies.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 6.—Wheat—July, $1.10¾; Sept., 92⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.15; No. 1 Northern, $1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.11; No. 3 Northern, $1.05½@1.08½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 6.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.13¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.12¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.09¼; July, $1.09¼; Sept., 99½c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.22¼; Sept., $1.20¼; Oct., $1.19¾; Nov., $1.19¾; Dec., $1.18¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 6.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@4.75. Hogs—$6.25@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, $3.50@4.00; good to choice lambs, $4.25@4.50; springs, $5.25@6.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 6.—Wheat—July, 88⅝c; Sept., 89⅜@89⅝c; Dec., 90⅝c. Corn—July, 74c; Sept., 73⅜@73⅝c; Dec., 63⅝c. Oats—July, old, 48⅜@49c; July, 45⅜c; Sept., 42⅝c; Dec., 42⅞@43c. Pork—July, $15.65; Sept., $15.82½; Oct., $15.90. Butter—Creameries, 19@21½c; dairies, 17@19c. Eggs—16c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 9½c; springs, 15@17c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 6.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.75@8.25; Texans, $2.40@5.30; Western cattle, $4.50@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.00; cows and heifers, $2.40@6.20; calves, $4.50@6.25. Hogs—Light, $6.50@6.67½; mixed, $6.45@6.75; heavy, $6.15@6.75; rough, $6.15@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.75; pigs, $4.85@5.90. Sheep, $2.75@4.75; yearlings, $4.50@5.50; lambs, $4.40@6.70.

An Unfortunate Misunderstanding.

"I had to leave my last situation because the missus said they were going to lead the sinful life, and they wouldn't want any servants about the place."—Punch.

TWO MEN ARE KILLED.

Several Others Hurt in Accident in Minneapolis.

Two men were killed, three others were badly injured and seven or eight more were bruised by the collapse of a livery stable at Minneapolis which was being torn down to make room for a theater. The dead are: C. W. Hardy, Minneapolis, and George Johnson, home near Willmar.

The accident occurred when fourteen men were working on the building. So far as can be learned, bricks, which were being removed, were thrown on the front part of the roof, making a weight greater than the walls could bear. The front part of the roof caved in, hurling Hardy and Johnson to the pavement outside the walls. Hardy was killed instantly and Johnson died on the way to the hospital.

The three men who later were taken to the hospital were buried under the debris.

The others were not seriously hurt, some getting out of danger as the roof went down and some being so slightly bruised that they were able to pick themselves up from the ruins and walk away to the rear of the building.

Policemen and firemen rushed to the scene and soon they were at work digging out the men buried in the ruins. It was two hours later before the last man was removed.

CAPTURED WHILE ASLEEP

Officers Secure Alleged Forger in Minnesota Woods.

After eluding the Duluth and St. Louis county authorities for months Jake Schuhe, wanted for forgery, was captured in a lonely cabin at the end of the Alger & Smith logging railroad.

The arrest was made by Sheriff Nelson of Lake county and Deputy McDermott just before sunrise. Schuhe had been guarding the cabin with a rifle and announced that he would never be taken alive. He had been living in the cabin for weeks, but was not located until about ten days ago. The sheriff planned his attack well and Schuhe was handcuffed before he awoke.

PURDY AGAIN NOMINATED

President Accepts the Resignation of Judge Lochren.

The president has accepted the resignation of William Lochren, judge of the United States district court for the district of Minnesota, and has appointed M. D. Purdy, present assistant to the attorney general, to the vacancy.

This is a recess nomination on account of the failure of the senate at its last session to confirm the nomination of Mr. Purdy. Mr. Purdy accepted the appointment and has left Washington for Minnesota to enter upon the duties of his new office.

ST. PAUL GETS NEW HOTEL

Building to Cost a Million Will Replace Old Windsor.

John C. Roth, managing director of the Great Northern hotel at Chicago and manager of the Auditorium Annex, will sign the lease of the proposed new hotel in St. Paul. Inasmuch as the citizens have raised $125,000 and secured the man to operate the hotel the new $1,000,000 hostelry is believed to be assured. The proposal of L. P. Ordway to see that the hotel is erected is thereby accepted. The hotel will stand on the site of the old Windsor hotel, Fifth and St. Peter streets.

Boy Killed by a Handcar.

After suffering several hours James Lyons, seventeen years old, who was working as section hand to secure funds to complete his education, died at Hopkins, a suburb of Minneapolis, as the result of injuries received by falling from a handcar. Young Lyons and another man were running the handcar at the time of the accident. In some way the handle sprang up and knocked the boy off the car onto the track, the rear wheels of the car badly crushing his head and injuring him internally.

Cut to Pieces by a Train.

The scattered remains of a man were found near Grand Rapids, strewn along the track for 200 feet. From clothing and other evidences found on the body it was identified as Carl Johnson, a laborer, who had been in town the night before. It is supposed that he went to sleep on the track and that the westbound midnight flyer on the Great Northern hit him.

Woman Dies on Shopping Tour.

Mrs. H. Coehus of St. Paul fell unconscious on the streets of that city while shopping. She died in the police ambulance and the body lay in the morgue for some hours, when it was identified by the husband and son. Death was caused by fatty degeneration of the heart. She was fifty years of age.

Minneapolis Man Drowned.

Charles Blazenosky, aged twenty-four, a bottler for the Minneapolis Brewing company, was drowned at the intersection of Rice creek and the Mississippi river, seven miles north of Minneapolis. It is believed that he was stricken with cramps while in the water.

Ask Increase of Wages.

The entire pit force of the Northern Pressed Brick company of Crookston went on strike for an increase in wages from $1.50 to $1.75 a day.

JACOBSON IS CHOSEN

Nominated for Governor by Republicans of Minnesota.

SELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

Other Candidates for Position Withdraw and Promised Contest Fails to Materialize.

In a single session lasting but three hours the Minnesota Republican state convention at St. Paul nominated J. F. Jacobson of Madison for governor and adopted a platform endorsing the work of the Chicago convention and pledging the party in Minnesota to continue the work of railway regulation.

Mr. Jacobson was nominated by acclamation, after Attorney General Edward T. Young and Samuel P. Snider of Minneapolis, opposing candidates, had withdrawn from the race and seconded the nomination of the Madison man. Joel Heatwole, who also had been a candidate for governor, did not withdraw from the race, but his name was not presented to the convention.

J. F. JACOBSON.

The following is the state ticket nominated by the convention:

For governor, J. F. Jacobson, Madison.

For lieutenant governor, A. O. Eberhart, Mankato.

For secretary of state, Julius A. Schmahl, Redwood Falls.

For state treasurer, C. C. Dinehart, Slayton.

For attorney general, George T. Simpson, Winona.

For railroad and warehouse commissioners, Ira B. Mills, Moorhead, and C. E. Elmquist, Rush City.

All these men, with the exception of Messrs. Jacobson, Simpson and Elmquist, hold the offices for which they were nominated. All nominations except those of railway commissioners were made by acclamation.

The platform lauds the Roosevelt administration; endorses the national platform; endorses the Minnesota delegation in both houses of congress; declares for such a revision of the tariff that will preserve the American standard of wages; favors the conservation of natural resources; the admission free of duty of the forest products of other countries; the regulation of railway stock issues and an ascertainment of their physical value; a revision of the state tax laws; endorses the national platform relative to court injunctions; pledges the Minnesota legislature to pass an employers' liability law.

BURIED ALIVE TWO DAYS.

Couple of Miners Released by Hard Work of Comrades.

After being buried alive for nearly two days in a shaft of the Meyers mine at Chisholm, this state, Peter Karkel and Mike Saver, two Austrian miners, were released by a crew of men who had tunnelled through fifty feet of iron ore to reach them.

The men were shut off in the tunnel by a cavein. A rescue party at once began work and night and day shifts were kept busy.

A pipe was run into the tunnel to supply the men with fresh air and after nearly forty-eight hours the rescue party finally reached them. The men were uninjured, but weak from lack of food.

Aid for Cyclone Sufferers.

J. H. Beek, secretary of the St. Paul Jobbers and Manufacturers' union, has returned to St. Paul from Clinton, where he was sent by the association to investigate the damage wrought by the cyclone which has devastated the town and to ascertain the necessities of the people. He brought back a letter from the village relief committee to Governor Johnson, in which an appeal to the people of the state for financial aid is made. Later a proclamation was issued from the governor's office informing the people of the state of the complete destitution of the unfortunate villagers and asking that pecuniary help be sent them.

Were Asleep on the Track.

Two men were run over by a Great Northern passenger train one mile west of Beardsley. One died shortly after being taken to that place. The other will probably recover. They were tramps and it is supposed were asleep on the track.

HE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Pauperism in England.

Old-age pensions seem to be in the air, and we may as well prepare ourselves for an invasion of the idea. The same class of men who have been urging the initiative and referendum and other foreign fads will soon be on the warpath for old-age pensions. The British Government has taken a decided step in this direction by providing in the budget for the coming fiscal year for a pension of five shillings ($1.25) weekly for all persons over 70, except criminals, lunatics and paupers. It is estimated that the maximum number of pensioners is not likely to exceed 500,000, so that the cost will not exceed £6,000,000 or $30,000,000, in any year. Married couples are to have seven shillings sixpence ($1.80) a week between them. This money is to be paid out of the National Treasury, and to begin Jan. 1, 1909. No one in receipt of 10 shillings a week income is to be entitled to the pension.

The condition of England is peculiar, and renders the trial of this system more suitable than in most countries. A very large proportion of the population are operatives in factories or laborers upon estates, and have a fixed status, which never changes from generation to generation. The condition is wholly different from this country, where we expect every laborer to rise to competence in the course of his life. Every American is supposed to be able to provide himself with a home and some means before he is finally disabled by age from active labor. Then he usually finds some light employment to eke out his savings. In England it is wholly different. The mass of people spend all that they earn from week to week, and when they get old and feeble have no outlook before them than the "work'us."

The statistics of pauperism seem frightful, and the number of paupers is constantly increasing. England and Wales have a population of 32,500,000, and of these there are in the poorhouses, hospitals, asylums and receiving outdoor relief 926,741 persons, making nearly one pauper in every 32 persons. This is a much larger proportion than in either Scotland or Ireland. Scotland and Ireland each have a population of about 4,500,000. There are 111,405 paupers in Scotland and 104,362 in Ireland. This would make about one pauper in every 44 in Scotland and one in every 45 in Ireland.

The people in other densely settled parts of Europe are more thrifty than the English. Belgium is the most thickly settled country in Europe, and the people are mostly engaged in manufactures. There are numerous public and private charities, but only 4,855 entries are made annually in the houses established for the reception of beggars and tramps.

The thrifty Dutch in Holland have astonishingly little pauperism, altho their country is densely settled and every resource is made the most of. The Government itself does not recognize poverty, and punishes begging and vagabondage as crimes. There are only a few poorhouses in the country, and nearly all the poor relief is given by religious societies and organized private charities. Only an average of three and one-quarter persons per 100 receive aid from charity.

The French are not much behind the Dutch in thrift, but are not so strenuous in repressing begging and vagabondage. They have an extensive system of charity, but this does not extend to those who are able to work and will not. They have fine hospital assistance for aged and infirm, and are particularly careful in their attention to children. A large portion of the charity is disbursed from bequests made by benevolent people, with the State assisting these by contributions where necessary. In a population of approximately 40,000,000 there are something like only 70,000 aged and infirm people in what we would call poorhouses. At the same time about 3,000,000 receive gratuitous medical assistance at a cost of $1,000,000 a year.—National Tribune.

STARVING SCHOOL-CHILDREN IN NEW YORK

"When children actually faint in the schools from lack of food, and teachers and charity-workers begin to forsake their moderate discussions of 'underfeeding' and malnutrition, to proclaim the presence of impending starvation, the city should not be slow to realize the nature of the facts that confront it," remarks the New York Globe in reviewing the somewhat sensational reports that school-children on New York's East Side were destitute and in some cases actually starving.

The situation is so grave that relief-committees are organizing to open free kitchens. One principal, according to the New York Tribune, testifies that he knows of twenty pupils, in his school alone, who have been coming to their studies without breakfast, and the same conditions are reported to be more or less prevalent throughout the district.

Miss Julia Richman, the school superintendent of the district affected, while acknowleding that there are many children on the East Side suffering from want of food, does not verify the more sensational reports of the press. Through an interview in the New York Post she says in part:

"A majority of the children in the public schools, insufficiently nourished, are not sick enough to faint. They are not so pitiably weak and wan that their condition can be detected readily. But they are not in a condition to come to school and study with better-fed children.

"For example, the incident which happened in my office yesterday, when a woman brought to me by a truant officer to explain why her daughter had been absent, fainted from hunger. That was sheer luck a piece of stage-mechanism by the hand of fate and, of course, it was described afterwards very dramatically. But it was not a usual happening, such as some people might think. It was quite the reverse.

"There is trouble and hunger enough among the children down here, without exaggerating it. An officer of a bank in this district tells me that within the past few months $250,000 in small amounts has been withdrawn, obviously by people who have found it necessary to subsist on their savings. The hard times have indeed been hard for the East Side. Work is scarce and poverty on the increase.

"At first the comparatively poor could look after the very poor among their neighbors, and the outside world heard little of the pinching that was beginning to be felt. In a sixteen-family tenement, fifteen fairly well-off families could look after the one penniless group. But in time the comparatively poor begin to reach the end of their resources, and the one very poor family in a tenement increased to maybe eight. Eight penniless families were too much of a drain on the other eight, so there was a limit to the assistance.

"Possibly that is one reason why the East Siders now are more ready to admit, some of them, that they do need help. A year ago, when the question of insufficiently fed children came up, many residents of the district scorned offers of help from outside as intrusions into their private affairs. It is true that the cases at that time were much overstated. Only since the hard times began has suffering been so wide spread."

The New York Times, which believes that the present crisis "justifies a violation of all rules" in supplying relief, stops to point out certain dangers which might arise from indiscriminate and unorganized giving. We read:

"The distribution must not be continued longer than is absolutely necessary, and every effort must be made to prevent abuse of the offered charity. Its purpose is not to relieve parents of their legitimate responsibilities or to enable them to transfer to others household expenses which they can themselves meet. That effect the new beneficence will doubtless have in some measure, and that is why it is viewed with apprehension and disapprobation by the trained sociologists of the organized charities. Economically unsound as the measure doubtless is, it is the less of two evils, and resort to it is warranted by necessity. The children, too, can be trusted promptly to impress upon each other that it is not desirable to accept free food for any except the best of reasons. They have a savage frankness in the expression of their opinions, and no regard for 'feelings' will prevent them from inspiring a commendable desire for eating only at the parental table."

F. M. EDDY'S BIG SPEECH

Stirring Tribute Paid to Jake F. Jacobson by Our Former Congressman.

Tells of His Record in the Minnesota State Legislature and Worth as a Man.

Below is given the nominating speech, characteristic of its author, the Hon. Frank M. Eddy of Sauk Centre, which resulted in the nomination by acclamation of J. F. Jacobson of Lac qui Parle county as governor at the Republican state convention at St. Paul yesterday.

If a candidate and his friends have been unfortunate in their choice of a speaker to present their candidate to this convention I am exceedingly lucky in the candidate I am to present, for so well known is he to all Minnesota Republicans that oratorical eloquence cannot enhance his chances or the lack thereof detract therefrom.

His name is in itself an oration and his private life and public record proclaim his worth an hundred fold better than stilted phrase can perform the task.

The voter that does not know him, at least by reputation, is encased in ignorance and indifference too dense to penetrate and the citizen who does not admire the upright and downright straightforwardness of his every public action is too crooked to be influenced except by methods that our candidate has never learned to use.

He was a "Rough Rider" when the one who has made that term a synonym for righteous, aggressive political action; arrayed in the kilts of kiddom was riding a wooden hobby-horse.

He was an advocate of the "square deal" when the mighty man who has made this phrase a slogan the world around for even-handed justice was playing marbles for "keeps" in the back alleys of Hoboken. Not only does he stand for a "square deal," but he always has stood and stands now for an "honest schuffle" and a "straight cut" without which a "square deal" is the merest pretential bluff of justice and equity.

Oh, it is easy to be politically good when righteousness is popular and the very atmosphere is surcharged with the electricity of reform but our candidate boldly stood for the right when such action made him a bright and shining mark for the hate-envenommed shafts of ridicule and contempt. During his long public service, he has blazoned on the public records of this state so that all who will may read, that the one rule by which he squared his official life was to do the right, as he saw the right and that when he came to a decision he stood for it, worked for it, fought for it, regardless of the consequences to himself, regardless of what powers arrayed themselves in opposition, steadfastly he pursued his course with all the pertinacity, persistency, aggressiveness and courage, that came down to him as a heritage from his Viking ancestry.

Oh, it is easy in these days for statesmen and near statesmen to stand up in their places and hurl hot defiance in the face of "bloated monopoly" and promise legislation to check the "encroachments of corporations" and curb the power of "predatory wealth," but our candidate wrote or gallantly attempted to write that kind of legislation upon the statute books of this state when many of those who have recently discovered the ten commandments raised the cry of "populist," "calamity howler," "demagogue," and gravely decided that such legislation was "unconstitutional."

Times like these demand no "fair weather" reformer. Times like these demand a man who has been tried by fire and found true; one whose record and actions as well as his words, give full guarantee that he will manfully stand by the people and the peoples' rights in storm as well as sunshine, stand rock-firm, though hell itself should vomit forth lava floods of iniquity. Such a candidate we offer to this convention and ask you to ratify the choice that a majority of Minnesota Republicans have already made in their hearts.

If our candidate is weak on dress parade he is strong on service; if he is short on promises he is long on performance, and we offer him to you without word of praise or sentence of laudation—just as God made him—a rough, ready, rugged, natural, human man. We would not have him different than he is if we could, and we could not have him different than he is if we would. Nominate him and primitive Republicanism recognizing in him a kindred spirit will awaken from its long lethargic slumber and Minnesota will pass out of its anomolous position of hybrid administration and once more take its natural place as a Republican state at the right of the Republican line.

It would be an idle waste of time to name our candidate, the description that I have given fits but one Republican in Minnesota, but to paraphrase the world's most famous couplet I might add:

"When asked what town he hail from,
We've but one reply to make;
He comes from Minnesota,
And the people call him Jake."

Jacobson's Speech of Acceptance.

I wish to thank you for the confidence which you have shown in me by this nomination. The only regret I have is that in this contest I have had to oppose some of my best friends. It has been a friendly contest, however, and I have been assured by some of the candidates who opposed me of their hearty support, and I know I can rely upon their assurances as they could have done upon the promise of support which they would have received from me had the outcome been different.

Later in the campaign I hope to meet you all again and to discuss the issues of the day. I know that you want to finish up your business and get back to your homes.

I have tried to conduct this campaign in such a manner that if I succeeded it would be with practically the united support of the Republican party of this state. I have made and been asked to make no pledges. I enter upon the campaign free and untrameled, and expect to and will remain so throughout the campaign.

And I want to assure you that when I am through there will be no Jacobson machine or any other machine. It will simply be a united party.

I realize fully the responsibilities of the position and I believe that no one who aims to do what is right will go very far wrong. I have had some experience in the management of the state institutions, and I pledge you that the state will receive from me the best service that it is possible for me to give.

The Life Saving Service.

The first stations of a life saving service in this country were established by the Massachusetts Humane society at Lovell Island and Cohasset. All efforts for saving life and property in cases of shipwreck were made by this society till 1837, when the president of the United States was authorized to employ ships to cruise along the shores and render assistance to distressed navigators. In 1848 congress passed a law creating a few life saving stations between Sandy Hook and Little Egg harbor, New Jersey. From this has grown the splendid system which now takes in all the coasts of the country.—New York American.

A Watch Tip.

"So you lost your watch in the crowd, eh?" Lecoq, the detective, sneered. "Well, I'm ashamed of you.

"You ought to know after your long friendship with me that there's only one safe way for a man to carry a costly watch—in the right hand vest pocket, with the chain running into the right and left pockets.

"The thief always snatches at the left pocket, and of course by my system he gets only a key or a clasp compass."—New Orleans Times Democrat.

Quite Unexpected.

The Mistress—What, Suzanne, going to leave me? Going to get married? This is most unexpected. The French Maid—Oui, madame, but eet ees not my fault. Eet was only last night zat your son proposed to me.—Harper's Bazar.

Why, Indeed?

Robert Lowe once watched a deaf friend listening to a most tremendous [illegible] with his ear trumpet. "Why," Lowe wondered, "[illegible] against natural advantages?"

Silver is of less value than gold, gold than virtue.—Horace.

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Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph

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The object of this Institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars.

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THE NEWS.
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PARADISE ON THE ROSEAU

Victor Baily Enjoys Life Up at Caribou, Kitson county.

His Homestead Said to Be One of the Beauty Spots of Northern Minnesota.

Victor Baily, merchant and postmaster at Caribou in the north east corner of Kittson county, who will be made more known to the world when the big Roseau state project is completed, perhaps enjoys the distinction of being one of the most isolated men living in one of the most beautiful places in all the northwest.

The town of Caribou which consists of Mr. Bailey's store and warehouses and lumber yards is situated at the International Rapids on the border line between Minnesota and Manitoba thirty miles from Lancaster on the Soo, the nearest railroad station, and just about one mile from the iron posts that northern Minnesota's boundary determines the bounding line between this state and the Dominion of Canada.

About a hundred yards above the store and residence of Mr. Bailey up the Roseau river is a small island the size of a city block rests peacefully in the broad surface of the river, both sides lined with precipitous rapids. Below the Roseau bends out into a broad river many hundreds of feet across until further down it comes upon other cascades and rapids.

The home of Mr. Bailey itself, though situated far distant from the railway facilities, nevertheless has a modern architecture so arranged that all the pleasant advantages with which the building is surrounded are ever at hand and visible and enjoyable. The grounds are most excellently kept and the banks of the Roseau river are but a few feet behind the rear door. The building is situated in the midst of a northern grove of trees.

The homesteaders and residents of this locality come from long distances to do their trading at the Bailey store and many are the products of the wild taken in exchange. The store is one of the most modern north of Thief River Falls and keeps a large stock on hand.

When the big Roseau river is diverted by the State's project into an artificial canal which will run but a few hundred feet west of Mr. Bailey's store, the rapids will be watched by Mr. and Mrs. Bailey anxiously to see what the effect will be upon them as the rapids lend much of natural beauty to the place.

CROW BOUNTY

County Auditor O'Brien Enjoys a Feast on Crows Legs.

While it is interesting to watch a person who relishes a mess of frog legs partake of the same, it was equally as interesting to see Co. Auditor O'Brien sorting over his large consignments of crow legs getting ready for the "bounty fest." During the time the bounty law was in effect in Red Lake county—from May 27th to June 15th, the boys throughout the country improved the opportunity to earn a little "pin money" and were out in quest of crows almost day and night. That the hunt proved successful may be imagined from the fact that over eighty-three bounty warrants were issued, ranging from forty cents up to $16.70. The bounty allowed by the county commissioners was ten cents per head and those winning high scores were John Mikulecky, of the town of North, 167 crows; Eddie Whaley, of St. Hilaire, 130, and Louis Shelbery, of St. Hilaire, 105. The aggregate amount paid out by the county auditor as crow bounty was $229.90 and of this amount most of the warrants were issued to parties residing in the vicinity of St. Hilaire. It is claimed that these birds are the greatest enemy that the prairie chicken has as they rob the nests of eggs, which has been proven by the large number of egg shells that many of the hunters find under the crows nests.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Reiner.

The weather is quite favorable this last few days. Our road inspector Anderson is around hustling out every one liable to work poll tax. The ditching machine is kept going right along. We hear the bowling of the cable every day.

L. M. Kjos, of Rocksbury is visiting with her son, A. L. Kjos.

Our delegates returned home, they report a good time.

M. T Torgeson made a trip to Brooksburg last week.

Michael Kjos is visiting with his brother.

H. A. Halvorson made a trip to Thief River Falls last week.

Mrs. Halvorson and Miss Roseland spent Sunday with Mrs. Hermanson.

Crookston Land Office.

The Crookston United State Land Office returns report for the past month showing it to be the largest business month of the year. The total receipts were $11,395.52. $1034.88 was received off sales of public lands, $3358.80 from sales on Chippewa lands $5725.23 from sales on Red Lake lands and $1256.78 fees and commissions. The report realizes on about 15,000 acres that have passed now into private ownership and cultivation.

Why Chickens Are Scarce.

A solution to the scarcity of prairie chickens of late years was related by a farmer near Cashel to a representative of the Pioneer Express recently. Since seeding he found seven dead chickens in different parts of the field, all apparently having died from the same cause, and he attributed it to formaldehyde on the seed grain. It is a fact that cases have resulted fatally where persons have eaten wheat thus treated, and it is reasonable to think birds that habit the wheatfields in the spring will meet with the same results. If this is the case it will not be long before the prairie chicken that the law so religiously protects eleven months in the year will be gone.—Pioneer Express, Pembina, N. D.

Must Pay Damages.

At a recent jury trial in Wadena county the jury decided that a man in charge of a dredger for a contractor was guilty of illegal destruction of property, and he was fined $15 and costs. In the ditching operations the machine came to a bridge under which it could not pass, so the man cut right thru a road to get around the bridge, and continued with the work without repairing the road.

The town authorities repaired the road at a cost of over $50, and then instituted a suit against the man for illegal destruction of property, with the above stated result.

The contractor, for whom the man was working, is now being sued for the amount of damages to the road.

As in the work already contracted for there are bridges in the way, under which he cannot pass with the dredges, it is very likely that the cases will be taken to the higher courts.

Rewarded at Last.

Excellent and honorable public service has its reward. With no other political asset than his public record, Mr. J. F. Jacobson is today the nominee of his party for the governorship and his party has turned to him because the rank and file of the party inspired by its confidence in him has demanded his nomination. There were elements in the party at work to defeat him but as against the demand of the voters, a demand born of the confidence they had in him, the opposition made but little headway. Jacobson's hold upon the people of Minnesota is due to the exercise of the same qualities that has given Theodore Roosevelt his grasp upon the affections of the people of the nation. He is honest, bold, blunt, vigorous, active and tenacious to the last degree when satisfied that he is right. The people like a fighter and it is a matter of common knowledge and common pride that during all the many years of Mr. Jacobson's public life he has yet to be bluffed or intimidated. Up to the present time, Mr. Jacobson has been a legislator. He has helped to place upon the statue books the laws the common interest has required. In many instances he was the pioneer in the work of necessary legislation and in the case of more than one valuable reform and remedial law, he has been not only its author but for session after session of the legislature, its lone champion. In the governor's chair he will have an opportunity to see that the laws are enforced and his previous long and good record is indicative of the fact that there will be no "dead-letter" statutes in Minnesota after he has taken the oath of office to uphold the constitution and enforce the law. Jacobson is a northwestern type of exponent of the strenuous life but his energies are guided and directed by a deep and thorough understanding of the rights of all the people and with a heart filled with sympathy for the common welfare. He has been called an extremest, and a demagogue but it is easy for any one who has been active and successful as a remedial legislator to acquire such a reputation. The campaign he conducted for the nomination for governor is evidence sufficient of his latent dignity, poise and self control. There can be little or no doubt of his election this fall. Our political history has yet to record an instance of the defeat at the polls of a man nominated as a result of overwhelming and vigorous popular demand. As governor, Mr. Jacobson will round out his record of excellent public service begun in the state legislature and the state will be the better for his administration and the people more happy and prosperous.

May Be a Candidate.

Simon Warring, of Excel, was in town Monday delivering his assessor's books to the county auditor. Mr. Warring has had some thought of entering the political arena this year, but has not fully made up his mind. He is a pioneer citizen of the county, a man of good character and a consistent republican.—Warren Sheaf.

CREAMERY REPORTS

Average Farmer Is Misled by the Price Paid for Butterfat at Creameries.

This Does Not Indicate What the Farmer Is Doing for Himself.

A writer in a well known dairy journal says in substance, that the average farmer is misled by his creamery reports. He sees that his creamery is paying a top notch price for butterfat and he beams with pleasure over the prosperity of the dairy industry in his neighborhood. However, a good price for butterfat simply indicates what the creamery is doing. It does not indicate at all what the farmer himself is doing. For instance it does not indicate the number of poor cows the farmer is keeping at an actual loss; it does not indicate the farmer's lack of knowledge in the care and feeding of the cows so as to get the best results. In other words the success of the creamery does not indicate in any way the failure or the success of the farmer in getting a handsome net profit from every cow he feeds. There is a good deal in this thought for study. The farmer may be getting a top notch price for the butterfat he does deliver to the creamery but what about the cost of producing that butterfat. That's the point. Real success in the dairy business is dependent upon actual knowledge by the farmer of what every cow in his herd is doing in the way of producing butterfat. Unless he knows what each cow is doing, he is managing his dairy farm on the guess work basis and no business has yet prospered in any certain or continuous way that was managed this way. The proper method is of course a regular and careful system of cow testing. The farmer can do this himself or he can help organize a cow testing association among the farmers of his immediate neighborhood in which all the dairymen of the community chip in to pay the small expense necessary to have the testing done regularly and correctly. The tests will soon show the cows that ought to be fatted for beef and if the weeding out process is continued every year, the herds will quickly get down to the "dairy basis," every cow will be paying her way and netting her owner a profit. Then when the creamery report shows a particularly excellent price for butter sold, the farmer can know to a certainty that his share in the creamery's prosperity is based on the number of cows he has in his herd.—The test system works wonderful results wherever it has become a regular feature of the dairy management. In less than a year the herds are put on a paying basis and after that the process of keeping only the profitable cows combined with religious care in the selection of dairy sires, results in the building up herds that are wonderful money makers for their owners. An instance of cow testing is reported from Lake Mills, Iowa. The creamery butter-maker undertook to test all the herds of his patrons. For a year he kept the records on 187 herds. How he was able to do this amount of work in addition to running the creamery is not reported, but anyway he did the work. He found only three herds in which the average butterfat per cow exceeded 200 pounds while in 87 herds the average production was less than 100 pounds per year. The best herd produced 262 pounds of butterfat per cow and returned to the owner the sum of $79.14 per cow. The poorest herd returned only an average of 38 pounds of butterfat per cow and returned to the owner an average of $9.28 per animal. The difference each owner received per cow was $69.86. Figuring the cost of caring for the 262 pound butterfat cow at $30 per year and $25 per year for the 38-pound cow, it will be found that the first cow "charged" her owner 11½ cents to produce one pound of butterfat while the other cow charged 60 cents per pound. The last farmer would have been considerably better off had he knocked his herd in the head on the first of January and not posed through the year as a "dairy" farmer. These illustrations are authentic and reported by reliable people. They are extreme, however, but they show the advantage to the farmer of knowing without guessing just what each cow of his herd is doing.

Covered Three Counties.

Deputy State Boiler Inspector Andrew Ostrem was a visitor at his old home here over Tuesday night on his way home to Bagley after an eight week's trip thru Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami counties making official inspections of boilers in these several sections of his district that also includes Norman county, which he will visit after the 4th.

Last year Inspector Ostrem condemned 11 different steam boilers in his district while this year he has found but four thus far that were beyond the limit of time of service. He expects to finish his official rounds by the 1st of August, after which he will go to North Dakota to manage several threshing outfits that he owns and operates in that state every fall.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

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We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

PURE FOOD GROCERY.

Crackers, good fresh soda per box of 20 lb	1.30
Cookies from	10up
Cocoanut bulk per lb.	18
Prunes California per lb.	10
Apples evaporated per lb.	12½
Raisins 3 crown per lb.	10
Corn Freeport 3 cans for	25
Salmon Chinook per lb. can	15
Mackerel broiled per 1 lb. can	25
Lobsters per can	30
Clams Scarboro beach per lb. can	25
Oyster cocktail sauce per bottle	25
Codfish shredded 2 cans for	25
Mazall fresh and crisp 3 pkg's for	25
Garden seeds Northrup Kings 2 pkg's. for	5

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Merchant Tailor.

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Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

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Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
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THIEF RIVER FALLS

Sons of Norway

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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KILLING QUACK GRASS.

Quack grass and bad habits are much akin in that it is a good deal easier to let them get a foothold than it is to weed them out after they get established. For this reason it is quite safe to be somewhat wary of any "easy" plan which may be suggested for stamping out this worst of weed pests. The difficulty lies in the fact that instead of being an animal, having a life period covering a year only, quack grass lives from year to year, due to the fact that it multiplies by root stalk as well as by seed. This fact makes ordinary cultivation which is death to weeds of the type of pigeon grass, crab grass, pigweed and the like worse than useless, *for it results in breaking* the roots into pieces and spreading them, having the same effect in multiplying the pest as would a deliberate scattering of the seed. In view of this fact, other methods have to be resorted to. The consensus of opinion on the part of those who have had experience with quack grass seems to be that the only effective method is that which results in smothering the plant—that is, not allowing it to develop a leaf system during one whole season. This means such a weakening of vitality of the plant system that it dies for lack of breath and sustenance. This result may be brought about by a thorough preparation of the soil in May and sowing of a dense and rapidly growing crop like millet or buckwheat, which should be plowed under to a good depth when in full blossom and reseeded to the same crop and plowed under again when in full bloom. The land should be given a cultivated crop the next year. Even with the most careful methods some roots of the grass are likely to live through the winter, in which case they should be taken out by hand root and branch. This process of extermination or any other that is effective involves a considerable expenditure of both time and money and means not only the loss of one season's crop, but the work devoted to ridding the field of the pest. The best advice that can be given is to stamp the grass out at the start before it gets a foothold, and this is effectively done by carefully covering small patches of it with tar paper and keeping the grass from getting light and air for a period of two months. It is more than likely that a good many farms get inoculated with quack grass before the owners fully realize what it is. It is well to study it on a neighbor's farm rather than on one's own.

BUY FROM HOME DEALERS.

Not for the purpose of helping the home merchant so much as helping himself should the farmer in purchasing his lumber, paint and other supplies get the prices and ascertain the quality of the materials which are offered for sale by the home dealer. Usually he can buy at home on conditions which enable him to return goods in case they are not satisfactory, while the local merchant is almost always willing to give a customer credit provided he is good. In the case of purchases of foreign goods one not only has to pay cash, but if the goods are not entirely satisfactory he is quite loath to send them back when his money is at the other end of the line. If the concern in the big city has a dissatisfied customer here and there it is not likely a matter of so much concern as it would be in the case of the dealer in the home town, whose customers are relatively limited. As illustrating the point we would make, there came to our notice the other day the case of a patent paint concern which was selling a brand of paint that on analysis was found to contain 20 per cent of plain water, while the other ingredients in it were unworthy the name of pigment. If a home dealer should palm off such truck as this on the people of his vicinity he would in all probability be run out of town, and yet there are hundreds of concerns of just this type that do a thriving business because of the confidence of gullible buyers in their glowing advertising announcements.

DEGREES FOR FARMERS.

The agricultural department of the University of Wisconsin has inaugurated a policy which is a most commendable and practical one. It is, in brief the establishment of a mark of distinction to be conferred upon enterprising and progressive farmers of the state who have distinguished themselves in any particular line of their calling. This is but doing the same thing in the realm of agriculture that is customarily done by most colleges in the conferring of degrees upon those, whether graduates of such institutions or not, who have achieved especial success along lines of study, research or discovery. The plan in question would seem to have the further excellent feature of arousing interest on the part of the farmers of the state in the work of their agricultural school because of its endeavor to recognize the worth of their work of whatever kind.

Castor oil rubbed on the cow's teats at intervals will remove warts that may be on them.

Little pruning should be done in the orchard after July, as scars made do not readily heal over if the work is done later than this.

The patch of sweet corn planted in May or early June will be a pretty good proposition to fall back on while fly time lasts and the pastures are short. As a rule, cows do not recover the milk flow which is lost during this period.

Every flock of confined poultry should have an abundance of green food in the shape of grass cuttings or weeds from the garden and all the skimmilk, sour milk or buttermilk that they will eat. These are substitutes for foods which the hens would get were they running at large.

Other things touching sunshine, moisture and soil fertility being equal, the tomato vine which is pruned and allowed to mature but a limited amount of fruit will produce that of a much larger size. This can be done most effectively by training the vines on a trellis or on individual stakes.

Any old pail, can or paint keg that may be on the place containing water is quite likely to serve as a prolific breeding place for mosquitoes during the rainy season. Empty all such receptacles and place a piece of wire screen over the rain barrel at the corner of the house, and the supply of mosquitoes about the place will be materially decreased.

Careful experiments show that under average outdoor conditions manure will lose 50 per cent of its fertilizing value in a period of five months. It is this loss that furnishes such a strong argument for the purchase of the manure spreader, which not only effects a big saving along the line mentioned, but makes possible the handling of the farm fertilizers at a much less cost in labor.

That there seems to be a delicate and nicely adjusted instinct in even so low an organism as plant life is shown in the fact that the reaching tendril of a climbing vine will most always stretch toward rather than away from the nearest support, while the sprouts on the potatoes that may be in the cellar grow always toward rather than away from the light that streams in at the window.

As a result of careful feeding experiments it has been found that if fed under favorable conditions 100 pounds of buttermilk or skimmilk are worth half a bushel of corn in feeding value, while if fed with corn at the ratio of three parts to one pork can be produced at a less cost than with any other ration. It has been further ascertained that if fed fresh from the separator skimmilk has a maximum feeding value.

Reports which seem almost unbelievable are to the effect that in one section of Oklahoma there fell during one of the May storms twenty inches of water within a period of twenty-four hours. This would seem to have been literally a cloudburst, if the use of the word is ever justifiable. One realizes more fully how great a precipitation this was when he knows that the average annual rainfall for that section of the country is about thirty-five inches.

A large per cent of the poor stick and slipshod farmers to be found in any locality usually rate themselves as too experienced and well posted to learn anything of the experience of others through the avenue of books or farm journals. Much of the advance which has been made along agricultural lines in the past has been the direct result of the experimenting and research of college professors, dubbed by many as lead pencil farmers. However, with the more intelligent and progressive practical farmers of the country there is a disposition to give full credit for what these men have accomplished and to give heed to any suggestions which they may make.

A first and necessary step in the conservation of our natural resources as a country is the sending of legislators to Washington who will be sufficiently alert and patriotic to prevent the spoliation of these same interests by representatives of mining, timber and water power companies. We can talk about forest preservation until we are black in the face, but it will be to little purpose until we can pass effective national laws. The truth of the above statement is pointed out in the pitiable disposal that was made of the Appalachian forest reserve bill, which was to all intents and purposes strangled or effectively emasculated through the influence of interested business corporations upon members of congress who had the fate of the bill in their hands. The upshot of the matter is that the people, the individual voters of the country, will have to begin an effective campaign along the line suggested by electing the right kind of men to represent them in congress.

Automobile manufacturers are slowly getting on to the fact that there are country folks who are just as able and quite as likely to buy machines as people of like means in the city. This was brought to notice recently by seeing an advertisement of a leading auto company in an agricultural paper. This field of country buyers has been but slightly worked, yet there are hosts of well to do farmers who might be induced to purchase an automobile if the matter were brought to their attention in an effective manner.

It takes nearly twice as many sheep, shearing the same number of pounds, to bring the revenue for the wool which was secured last year.

Careful tests conducted by the Nebraska experiment station show that skimmilk and corn at the ratio of three parts to one was a more economical ration for hogs than corn and alfalfa, corn and clover or corn and bluegrass.

Most any method of exterminating dandelions on one's lawn is about as ineffectual as trying to dip up the ocean with a teaspoon when adjoining lots mature luxuriant drops of the seed bearing down for the winds to scatter hither and yon.

Dry hardwood ashes possess a fertilizing value of 12 cents per bushel. Such ashes contain from 6 to 8 per cent of potash and from 1 to 2 per cent of phosphorus. As is the case with barnyard manure, a large portion of the fertilizing elements is lost through exposure and leaching.

If you were going to have your appendix removed you would want a competent surgeon to have charge of the job. The same thing holds true if you decide to have your dairy herd tested for tuberculosis. Hire only that veterinarian who is up to date and on to his job. From reports which come from different sections of the country a whole lot of very coarse and worse than useless work is being done along this line.

The seemingly indirect yet powerful influence that is exerted by a large tree over a smaller one that may be in close proximity to it is shown in the fact that, while the trees may not touch either limb or leaf, the smaller will grow away from the larger, sometimes at so sharp an angle as to become really deformed. The influence of one person upon another, whether it be for good or ill, is exercised in much the same unconscious yet powerful manner.

One thing that makes the crab or knot grass so pestiferous a weed is the fact it does not get to doing business in the way of growth and expansion until after the potatoes, corn and most other garden crops are laid by. Added to this trait is the fact that it is very deep rooted and flourishes in the hottest and driest weather. About the only way to stamp the stuff out is to stir the soil thoroughly, thus germinating as many of the seeds as possible, and to keep the warfare up as long as is necessary.

A Bangor (Me.) capitalist is trying to interest southern rice growers in a process which he has discovered for making paper pulp from rice straw. Samples of paper manufactured by his process seem to be of excellent quality, capable of retaining ink and suitable for many of the purposes for which paper is used. Should this proposition prove to be a practical one it will tend to relieve somewhat the demand which is made on the forests of the country in the manufacture of paper as well as utilize a product which has hitherto been wasted.

As showing how highly prized common black dirt may be under certain circumstances it is interesting to note the shipment of fifty tons of it recently from Honolulu to Midway Island, 1,800 miles to the northwest, which is a mile long and forty feet above ocean level at its highest point. The earth was shipped by the Pacific Steamship company in order that its employees on the island might have some relief from the white, dazzling sands and a little soil in which to raise some garden vegetable to vary the canned food they are compelled to depend upon so largely.

Not only has it been demonstrated that the use of the surface or knife cultivator will make possible a yield of from ten to twelve bushels per acre more of corn than the common four or six shovel plow, but there is another feature which makes the former machine useful and valuable, and that is its ability to kill weeds in wet seasons by cutting them in two just below the surface and preventing their further development, as would be the case were they simply stirred and loosened with the shovel plow. We have taken some pains to note the weed growth in fields in which these two types of cultivators have been used, and invariably the field in which the surface cultivator had been employed was the cleaner.

There are a good many folk who are human enough to derive considerable quiet satisfaction out of seeing the widow of some crabbed, tight fisted old codger, who begrudged her every penny he doled out to her in life, loosen up the purse strings after his demise, provide decent equipment for a respectable funeral for her spouse and incidentally blow in a little cash on her own account in securing some things that she was promised and set her heart upon when she was led as a bride to the marriage altar. A far better way than this is for the husband to show a reasonable appreciation of his wife while both he and she are alive and to exercise a becoming generosity which shall find expression in something besides odorous flowers heaped on her casket. In the second instance both enjoy the use of the money spent, while the mutual regard of one for the other is likely to be of a finer type.

F. E. Trigg

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD CURE
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST
CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.
PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

Victor
GRAPHAPHONES & RECORDS
FOR SALE BY
P. G. HANSON

An Unsought Pardon.

Among the stories of that former governor of Texas familiarly known as Sam Houston is more than one amusing tale.

There was a financial agent of the penitentiary who had warmly opposed the election of Governor Houston, but was particularly anxious to retain his own pleasantly lucrative position. Consequently the new governor was soon in receipt of a petition in which the man's years of faithful service and special qualifications for the place were set forth in glowing terms by himself.

The governor sent for him and said gravely, "It appears from this petition that you have been in the penitentiary eight years."

"I have," was the reply.

"And during that time you have performed faithfully every duty that has come in your way to the best of your ability?"

"I have," answered the agent, his courage swiftly rising.

"Then, sir," said the governor, with the air of one conferring a priceless favor, "I pardon you out."

Ancient Waterworks.

Hezekiah, king of Judah, who reigned in the years 727 to 698 B. C., was a pioneer in constructing a system of waterworks, bringing water into the city of Jerusalem. In the [illegible] we read: "He [illegible] conduit and brought [illegible] city, stopping the upper [illegible] and brought it straight down to the west side of the city of David. And Hezekiah prospered in all his works." From the "Pools of Solomon" near Bethlehem, water was conveyed to Jerusalem, a distance of [illegible] miles, through a conduit of earthen pipe about ten inches [illegible] pipe was [illegible] hewn out to [illegible] with rough [illegible]. Even in those days [illegible] was a well known [illegible].

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"
BY
W. M. JENNINGS BRYAN
[illegible]
THE THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 16-100 dollars interest and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 45-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oscar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 2:40 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr, mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:50 o'clock A. M. in book 18 of mortgages on page 231, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 8th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
June 25 July 30 6t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 10 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, 1901, made H. E., No. 852, for lots 6, 7, & N. E. ¼ N. W. ¼ Section 18, Township 153 N., Range 42 W. 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. S. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 31st day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hoken Johnson, " " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " " "
John Quale, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., June 8 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, who, on June 22, 1901, made homestead entry, No. 111, for S. W. ¼ Section 11, Township 154 N., Range 43 W. 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry McCrelon, " " " "
Halvor Lovas, " " " "
Frank Stuska, " " " "

June 11-July 16
R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss. In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs.

Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs. Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown, Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June 1908, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 8th day of August 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the East Half (E½) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the West Half (W½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), all in Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty-five (45), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated June 23rd 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
June 25 July 30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 1st 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Byrud, of Brooksbury, Minn., who, on Dec. 3rd, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 147, for NE¼ Sec. 21, Township 154 N., Range 41 W. 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 11th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Nygaard, of Brooksbury, Minnesota.
Ever Sollum, " " "
Peder Solland, " " "
[illegible]

June 4 July 9
R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 23 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John S. Rosendal, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, who on June 27th, 1901, made H. E., No. 225, for lots 3, 4 and [illegible] Section 2, Township 153 N., Range [illegible], has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes and hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices.

The French "Mrs. Malaprop."

Calino, the French "Mrs. Malaprop," does not amuse so much by the confusion of his words as by the quaintness and unintended plainness of his remarks. He entered the service of a well known doctor, who, after Calino had been buying hay for his horses for awhile, made up his mind that the hay was worthless.

"That is very poor hay that you've been buying," the doctor complained.

"But the horses eat it, sir," said Calino.

"No matter. It's bad hay."

"Yes, sir," said Calino respectfully. "I'll change it. I know you are a much better judge of hay than the horses are!"

One day the bell rang, and Calino came in.

"A patient has arrived, sir," he reported.

"An old patient or a new one?" asked the doctor.

"New one, of course, sir," said Calino. "The old ones never come back!"

Calino admired very much the beautiful teeth of a lady among his master's patients.

"Ah!" he exclaimed. "Her teeth are as fresh and sound and white as a newborn baby's!"

Idiomatic English.

Mrs. Fremont, in a sketch of her father, Senator Benton, tells the following story of the French bishop at St. Louis at the time of the purchase of Louisiana. She says:

It was a point of honor among the older French not to learn English, but the bishop decided that it would be better to acquire it, especially for use from the pulpit. To force himself into the familiar practice of the language he secluded himself for awhile with the family of an American farmer, where he would hear no French. The experiment proved very successful. Soon he had gained a sufficient fluency to deliver a sermon in English. Senator Benton was present when it was to be given, and his feelings may be imagined as the bishop, a refined and polished gentleman, announced:

"My friends, I'm right down glad to see such a smart chance of folks here today."

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending July 4, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Baldwin, Miss Francis
Bonda, John
Berg, Mable
Jones, Carl
Larson, Miss Olina
Monson, F. J.—2
Sole, Pete K.
Sanders,
Tauthes, Harriet

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

To the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said County to the number of Two Thousand Three Hundred Forty-Two, praying that the County Seat of said County of Red Lake be changed to the City of Thief River Falls in said County, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1908, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon to consider said petition, at which time and place any legal voter of said County may appear, in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated July 7th, 1908.
(Auditor's Seal)
John H. O'Breen
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota

THE BLACK THAT WON'T COME OFF
is the only black that we dye your goods with. We will take your soiled dresses of any kind and dye them to a beautiful black or any other color that you may choose. Our colors are beautiful and rich shades, and our black, handsome and deep as in new goods.
B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

She Lost Her Shoe.

While in Samoa Robert Louis Stevenson and his wife in a great measure did as the Romans did—that is to say, as the Samoans did. It was Louis' custom to lie abed late of a morning and spend the remainder of the time under a tree on the hill clad in light pajamas, the dress of the native Kanaka. With his wife it was the same. Stays were unknown to her and a curling iron a dim recollection of a shady past. It was while Stevenson and his wife were living at Apia, in Samoa, that Mr. Heywood was appointed consul there for this country. Shortly after his arrival in the country he arranged for a reception to the English, German and American residents of the country that they might meet him in his official capacity and he them as "citizens of Samoa." Of course an invitation was sent Robert Louis Stevenson and his wife. Two days before the date of the function Mr. Heywood was surprised to receive a note from Mr. Stevenson sent by courier. The note read as follows:

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson and Robert Louis Stevenson accept Consul Heywood's invitation with pleasure and assure him that they will be present on the evening of the 23d if by that time Mrs. Stevenson finds her other shoe. Ever thine, ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

Ancient Fashion Jargon.

The language of the fashion plate and the woman's paper is sufficiently appalling to the mere man even in these days of emancipated and, we may presume, more grammatical womanhood; but, according to an extract from a fashion journal of 1787, the jargon of those days was even more astounding. This is how the paper described the dress of a certain Mlle. D. at the opera:

"She appeared in a dress of 'stifled sighs,' ornamented with 'superfluous regrets,' the bodice cut in a 'perfect candor' point and trimmed with 'indiscreet complaints.' Her hair was dressed in 'sustained sentiments,' with a headdress of 'sustained conquest,' ornamented with several 'flyaways' and 'downcast eye' ribbons, and her collar was 'beggar on horseback' color."

No doubt all these marvelous terms conveyed some meaning to the fashionable woman of the days when French society danced on the edge of the volcano of 1789, but to their descendants of today they have absolutely no meaning.

The First Hello Girl.

They were seated around a table in a well known cafe, and the conversation had turned upon the development of the flying machine and other fruits of the inventive genius of the day.

"Tut, tut!" exclaimed a solemn faced, lantern jawed member of the party. "What of it? The old folks were not so slow. Look at the telephone, claimed as a modern invention. Why, say, it's the oldest on record."

"You better see your doctor. What's the matter with you?" asked another.

"Oh, I mean it," said the solemn faced man. "Telephone service dates back to the garden of Eden—that's where it originated. The garden's call was 2-8 1 Apple."

Then he dodged the remnant of a sandwich, reached for his hat and was gone.—New York Globe.

The Insufferable Anticipation.

A young Scotch emigrant was brought before the magistrate of a Nova Scotia court, charged with having deserted his work on a certain farm without giving due notice to his employer. When asked what he had to say in his defense, he replied, "Weel, they gied me nout but brakeshaw to eat." Brakeshaw, it may be explained is the flesh of animals which have died a natural death. "How was that?" asked the magistrate. "Weel, it was this way. Ye ken, the auld coo deed an' we ate it, the auld steg (gander) deed an' we ate it, the auld soo (sow) deed an' we ate it, the auld bubblejock deed an' we ate it. Then the old woman deed—an' I left."—Bellman.

Hindoo Confectionery.

Like the American girls, Hindoo girls are passionately fond of sweet things. One of their candies, sadu, is very much like our plain sugar candy. It is made of sugar and milk and flavored with attar of roses. Buddhika-bal, or hair of Buddha, is one of their most popular sweetmeats. It is so called because it is fine, long strings like vermicelli. This is made of sugar and cream from buffalo's milk, which is exceedingly rich.

A Queer Twist.

The late Bishop T. U. Dudley of Kentucky declared that he was indebted to a [illegible] of that state for the most ungrammatical sentence he ever heard. This is it:

"Them three Miss Blake are three of as pretty a gal as I ever see."

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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SHOULD FIGURE IT OUT.

In spite of the fact that dairying, as a rule, is a paying proposition and those sections of the country where dairying is carried on extensively are the most prosperous, it is more than likely that a whole lot of farmers are conducting this branch of work at an absolute loss. Whether this is the case or not may be determined by taking a lead pencil and doing a little figuring. To the amounts received from the sale of milk or cream during the year should be added the value of butter, cream and milk consumed by the family as well as the skimmilk fed to animals on the farm, which would be worth 20 to 40 cents per hundredweight. If these items added up do not give a total greater than the number of cows kept through the year times $30, which is generally accepted as the cost of a cow's keep for a year, it is a pretty safe conclusion that the dairy is being operated at a loss, barring the benefit which the cows are to the farm as manufacturers of manure, which, of course, should not be ignored. In other words, if a dairy of ten cows does not give a total revenue of better than $300 for the year it goes without saying that there is no profit. This condition of affairs may be due to the fact that the milk capacity of the whole herd is low both in quantity and quality. It is more likely that some individuals of the herd are fairly good milkers, while there are other individuals that are not paying for their keep, in which case they should be weeded out by the Babcock test. It is possible, too, that the dairy is not giving the revenue it should because the cows are insufficiently fed and are given rough rather than kind and careful treatment. It may be one or all of these causes which serve to make the dairy unprofitable; but, whether one or all, they should be sought out and corrected so far as possible.

A PREVENTABLE LOSS.

Experiments conducted by the department of soils of the Ohio experiment station show that in a ten year average manure that is left exposed to the weather and allowed to leech for a period of three months is worth $2.15 per ton measured in crops and worth $2.95 per ton on the same basis if aplied to the land fresh. A little work with a lead pencil on this proposition shows that the actual loss in value per ton during three months is 81 cents, or 21 cents per month, while with 100 tons of manure the loss would be $80, or the value of an average acre of land. It is in the face of such figures as these that one is able to grasp the statement of Professor Hopkins of the Illinois Agricultural college, who after careful study placed the loss to the farmers of the United States from this one cause at annually close to $700,000,000. The thoughtful farmer should look into the matter and find out if he is one of the guilty ones and following a method in the handling of his homemade fertilizers which is helping to make this enormous loss.

THE WHY OF IT.

The reason why some farms maintain their fertility and even improve with years of use and why others possessing as great original fertility become virtually bankrupt in a comparatively short time is pointed out quite plainly in the following figures, which show the amount of fertility which goes from a farm in the sale of the different products. In $1,000 of wheat there is removed $240 of fertility; in $1,000 of beef, $85; in $1,000 of pork, $60; in $1,000 of horses, $35; in $1,000 of milk, $1.10; in $1,000 of butter, $1.25 worth of fertility. From this it is plain to be seen why grain raising and selling depletes the fertility of farms and why those sections where dairying is carried on extensively are among the most fertile of the whole country and grow richer rather than poorer as the years go by. There is something here for the average farmer to ponder over.

CHRONICALLY BEHINDHAND.

There are occasional cases in the average season when belated farm work is traceable to unfavorable weather [illegible] hand in hand [illegible] majority of cases [illegible] with work is likely to be a sort of chronic condition with [illegible] slack, slow type [illegible] those who have more work on their hands than they can attend to with help that is available. It is noteworthy as proving the above statement that certain farmers of a community are almost always well up on their work, while others can be counted on to be about so much behind. In a period of years this habit of being ahead or behind with the farming operations [illegible] a great deal to do with the value as well as the volume of crop returns and the size of a fellow's bank account.

A crop rotation which does not include clover or some other legume is but a makeshift system of rotation and hardly worthy of the name.

The weather forecaster who expressed it as his view at the opening of spring that this was to be the first of a series of seven dry years seems to have been a trifle boggled up on his meteorological calculations.

It is well to remember that no poison of any kind should be put on the cabbage plants after they have begun to head. Some one who has tried it speaks highly of black pepper as an effective dose for the green worms when they begin work on the cabbage.

It is generally conceded that homemade fertilizers are not only in the long run the cheapest, but the most effective as well from the standpoint of crop production. It need hardly be said that these can only be produced in considerable amounts under a stock raising or dairy system of farming.

While it is too late now to talk about fertilizers and preparation of the seed bed in connection with this year's corn crop, it is worth while remembering that the mechanical stirring of the soil with cultivator plays a most important part in making both moisture and plant food in the soil available for the growing crop. This one fact in connection with *the tillage of crops is all* too little realized.

The boys and girls who acquire the habit of helping in all ways possible about the house are acquiring habits that will go a long way toward making them desirable husbands and wives when they start housekeeping on their own hook. Usually the father who plays ball and goes fishing now and then with his boys has little trouble in securing either their respect or their obedience and can count on them to help him out if he gets in a pinch.

It is noticeable that, while the quality of butter made by the creameries of the country is quite uniform in character, the quality of cheese produced in different sections shows a much wider variation. This may be due in part to the fact that, being so much the larger industry, buttermaking has been given more attention. Perhaps a still greater factor is that in cheesemaking the stuff with which the manufacturer works is subject to wider variations. Then there is a vast difference in the minds of a good many as to what constitutes a good cheese.

The seed corn gospel which has been preached so persistently for the past two or three years seems to be bearing definite fruit this year in the shape of a much improved stand of corn in most sections of the corn belt. Reports from many quarters are to the effect that the stand this year is from 10 to 25 per cent better than it was last, and this in spite of the fact that not in years has good seed corn been a scarcer article at any price than it was this spring. This means that extra precautions were taken to thoroughly test the seed and in the preparation of the ground before planting.

All of our readers are acquainted with the fact that one of the greatest pests with which the agriculturist has to contend in Australia is that of rabbits. The origin of the pest is a matter of interest. About a generation ago, roughly thirty-five years, an English born resident of the continent became homesick and thought it would be fine to have some English rabbits playing about his place. As a result he imported a pair. Conditions were favorable, and the animals increased with enormous rapidity until today the government has a standing offer of $100,000 for any one who will devise a practical means of exterminating them, while immense sums of money have been spent by the government and individuals in an effort to keep the rabbits in check.

A recent bulletin issued by the department of agriculture on "Rabies," besides giving in detail the results obtained by different methods of treating the disease, describes the progress which has been made in stamping it out by preventive measures. Among others, the case of Prussia is cited, where prior to 1875 rabies had been prevalent, especially in the city of Berlin. In that year a law was passed which provided for the killing of all dogs suspected of having rabies and the muzzling and leading of all dogs when in public places. This led to the complete eradication of the disease, no case having occurred in Berlin since 1883. In Australia the disease has never been known because the infectious agent has never gained a foothold on the continent, and in recent years the government has prevented such an occurrence by the enactment of laws which absolutely exclude the importation of dogs into the country.

It is refreshing to note that leading agricultural papers of the country not only do not carry booze ads of any description, but are very emphatic as well as [illegible] in their denial of the claim recently made by the Brewers' association that the spread of the temperance sentiment over the country was going to ruin or at least bring hard times on the farmer as a result of decreasing the demand for corn and other grains for the manufacture of whisky and beer. One journal of the [illegible] with truth that one of the chief items of expense which the farmers of the country have to bear is in the shape of taxes to criminal court expense, in many cases the direct result of the sale of intoxicating liquor.

If rape is desired as a fall feed, it should be sowed in the cornfield at the rate of about five pounds to the acre at the time of the last cultivation.

If slugs appear on the rosebushes or larger worms on the currant or gooseberry bushes, they may be disposed of by sprinkling the bushes with a solution of one ounce of white hellebore to two gallons of water or by dusting the bushes with the unmixed powder.

Beet sugar statistics for the past year show that in point of production Michigan stood next to Colorado, her output being 37,300,000 pounds in the sixteen factories of the state. In the disposal of the byproducts of the sugar factories the pulp is dried and sold to farmers or fed wet to nearby dairy herds, while the tops are put in silos and make an excellent feed.

When farmers over the country come to own automobiles quite extensively a mighty impetus will be given to the cause of improved highways. We have in mind a number of farmers who own autos, and in almost every case they are willing to do more than their share of the work with a King road drag in order to keep the highways firm and smooth.

Gifford Pinchot, chief forester of the department of agriculture, recently made a statement to a congressional investigating committee to the effect that, at the present rate of cutting, the spruce supply of New Hampshire would be exhausted in twenty-five years, in New York in eight years, in Minnesota in nine years and in Maine in twenty-eight. It was his further opinion that these lands could be cut over again in thirty years.

A farmer living in the vicinity where the writer lives makes a practice of putting in all his spare time hauling manure out from town and enriching his land therewith. That hauled in time is plowed under in the spring, while that got during the summer months is piled up and scattered on the land after the crops are harvested in the fall. It is not surprising that as a result of this practice our friend's crops are larger than those of many of his neighbors.

Experiments conducted last year at the West Virginia agricultural station go to show that, while a ration of grain given to cows that are on pasture may keep them in somewhat better physical condition and keep up their flow of milk, the increase in butter fat is not sufficient to pay for the cost of the grain ration. This would seem to be based on the assumption of a flush pasture and that the cows would eat additional grass to take the place of the higher priced grain ration.

In spite of the rapidly decreasing supplies of lumber in the United States the cut of last year was larger than in any other year in the history of lumbering, reaching the enormous total of 37,550,736,000 board feet, the mill value of which was $621,151,388. There were produced, besides this, 11,858,260,000 shingles, valued at $24,155,555, and 3,812,807,000 lath, valued at $11,490,570. It is in view of such figures as the above that so great solicitude is being manifested by farsighted men at the present time in the matter of conserving our forest resources.

The rather extreme and in many cases high handed methods which have been followed by the Kentucky Tobacco Growing association in harassing independents or those members of the association who would not abide by their price agreements have been deemed necessary in a struggle which the organized tobacco growers have been waging against the tobacco trust, which, if it could have its way, would beat the price of the plant down to a point where there would be little but starvation in it for the grower. Since the growers organized they have been able to realize nearly a half more for their product. The work of the Night Riders, who can hardly be countenanced under a law abiding order of things, is a feature in an economic struggle in which the existence of the tobacco growers is virtually at stake.

A good many who may be acquainted with the name Morgan as applied to a breed of horses, yet do not know the origin of the type, may be interested in the fact that the first representative of this breed was taken as a two year old colt by his owner, Justin Morgan, from West Springfield, Mass., to Randolph, Vt., in the year 1791. This first Morgan, as he later proved to be, was all bay in color, possessed great beauty as well as fine style and action, had a remarkably kind and gentle disposition and could, furthermore, outpull or outrun any horse of any size with which he was matched. This horse was the sire of three colts, all of which proved to be the heads of famous strains of the breed. In subsequent years, especially since the civil war, the breed has been neglected because of a desire on the part of horsemen for animals of a larger size and possessed of greater speed for short distances. Within the past year or two, however, a new interest has been manifested in an attempt on the part of the federal government to secure representatives of the breed from one or two stations with a view to saving [illegible] and thus keeping the breed from becoming extinct.

F. E. Trigg

A ROMANCE OF STEEL

The Rise of a Great Industry and Enormous Fortunes.

KELLY AND THE AIR BLAST.

The Flash of Genius Which Provided the World With a New Metal—Robert Mushet's Device—Captain Bill Jones and Andrew Carnegie.

As late as the middle of the last century cheap steel was unknown. It was then sold at 25 cents a pound. The railroads were using iron rails which wore out in less than two years, and the total output of iron and steel in a year was less than is now made in four days.

Then came to William Kelly, a Pittsburg Irish-American, that flash of genius which provided the world with a new metal, something as strong as steel and as cheap as iron.

Kelly was an iron maker and needed charcoal. In time all the wood near his furnaces was burned, and the nearest available source of supply was seven miles distant. To cart his charcoal seven miles meant bankruptcy unless he could invent a way to save fuel. One day he was sitting in front of the "finery fire" when he suddenly sprang to his feet, with a shout, and rushed to the furnace. At one edge he saw a white hot spot in the yellow mass of molten metal. The iron at this spot was incandescent. It was almost gaseous. Yet there was no charcoal—nothing but the steady blast of air. Like a flash the idea leaped into his excited brain—there was no need of charcoal; air alone for fuel.

But people said he was crazy when Kelly asserted that pig iron could be changed into malleable iron by the air blast, for every iron maker believed in those days that cold air would chill hot iron. "Some crank will be trying to burn ice next," said one manufacturer, and Kelly, through lack of means, could not turn his idea into the success he deserved.

Then, seven years later, came Bessemer, who made the new process a commercial success by the invention of his celebrated "converter" and received $10,000,000, worldwide fame and a knighthood as his reward. Kelly received $500,000 and comparative oblivion, although his idea was the nucleus of the Bessemer process by which iron is purified from carbon by the direct introduction of oxygen, for when Bessemer applied for and obtained a United States patent for his "pneumatic process" Kelly claimed priority for his invention, and his claim was allowed by the patent office.

Another pioneer of the steel trade, Robert F. Mushet, a Scotsman, who hit upon a device for removing a difficulty that baffled Kelly and Bessemer, fared even worse than Kelly, for he lost his patent by failing to pay the necessary fees and in his later years was dependent upon a pension of $1,500 which he received annually from Bessemer.

The difficulty which Mushet removed was this:

"The air blast clears the molten metal of carbon and of all impurities, including sulphur and phosphorus. But a certain quantity of carbon is necessary to harden the metal into the required quality of steel. Instead of endeavoring to stop the process at exactly the right moment, Mushet asked, 'Why not first burn out all the carbon and then pour back the exact quantity that you need?' This was a simple device, but no one had thought of it before."

The man who took the invention of Kelly and Bessemer into his hands, developed it into one of the wonders of the world and made the Carnegie millions was Captain William R. Jones—Bill Jones, as he was known—who seemed to live with the sole desire of toppling over the idea that England owned the steel trade. He could have been a millionaire many times over, but he cared little for money. When he was offered a partnership he replied:

"No, Mr. Carnegie, I don't know anything about business, and I don't want to be bothered with it. I've got trouble enough here in these works. I'll tell you what you can do"—these were his exact words—"you can give me a thundering big salary."

"After this, captain," replied Carnegie, "you shall have the salary of the president of the United States—$25,000."

The famous scrap heap policy was originated by Jones. He did not believe in waiting until his machinery was worn out. The moment that an improvement was invented old machinery was dragged to the scrap heap and the latest devices put in its place. He made the shareholders gasp on several occasions by asking permission to smash up $500,000 worth of machinery that was as good as new, but outgrown. Jones died, as he had lived, in the midst of an industrial battle at the head of his men. He was killed in an accident in the company's works. "Carnegie, looking upon poor Jones as he lay in the hospital, sobbed like a child."—"The Romance of Steel," by Herbert N. Casson.

The Wind.

The senator pushed into the crowd that surrounded the automobile.

"What is the trouble here?" he inquired.

"Punctured tire," replied a man with a dinner pail. "Make a speech into it, will you, senator?"—New York Press.

Inquisitive people are the funnels of conversation. They do not take in anything for their own use, but merely to pass it to another.—Steele.

THE WIFE.

A Socialist Story by Charlotte Teller.

After she had emptied her dishpan over the railing of the back porch she stood for a moment watching the last colors on the mountains. She felt the beauty of the masses of purple unbroken by shadow against the sky.

She had put her dishpan on a box, and her wet red hands were clasped. The fading light showed her face with its entreaty. She might have been an artist, a poet or a saint. Her intensity was of all three, but her dress was the dress of a workingman's wife. The house behind her was gray as poverty, smoke colored. There was no fence to the yard, no curtain at the window.

A moment longer she stood and watched. She saw the dying brightness stretch far up the sky, she saw a thin mist over an unseen lake, and she saw the lights starting here and there in windows and in the long, low hospital on the edge of the lake. Then, as she turned to go in, her angelus sounded—a deep whistle, vibrant, double toned, beautiful as a bell. In the same spirit in which she had looked she listened until her gaze crossed the half built town lots and rested upon the chimneys of the steel plant.

Side by side, tall and black, hooded with heavy smoke, they menaced her. She saw the smoke in cloud forms, shot with white steam and red fire. The beauty died out of her face; it contracted with dread and hate. Over there he worked. Every morning when he went out she looked long at his face, so that if he did not come back she could keep it in her memory. Once she had told him so when he asked what made her "look so queer" at him. Then he had told her that she would get over that after awhile. He spoke impatiently, and she, with her keen intuition, knew it was because he was sorry she had found out his danger.

In the mornings before she got up in the dark to cook his breakfast and put his lunch in the tin pail she listened to him breathing in his sleep, and always after the wave of joy had swept her heart its heavy beats hammered out the words, "He's going—going!" Then she would struggle with time and clutch at the hours that had passed safely and push back from the coming day, which seemed a dark chasm lit up by the red flames of the steel mills.

She did not know she was imaginative, of too fine a fiber for a workingman's wife; that only dull, hard natured women should be born into the working class. She did not feel the romance of the great industry, the world forging power of steel—white hot, then cold and unbending. She did not marvel at the machines and at the processes which had had their birth within the gray walls of some human brain.

She knew none of these things, and so each morning she rose and knelt on the piece of carpet before the bed and clasped her hard, rough hands and prayed, not for eternal life or for his soul, but just that he might come back to her that night; that he might escape the torture of fire over there. She prayed for each day by itself that God would not forget. Then as a sort of childlike propitiation she gave thanks for her blessings, for the good wages, for the house they were buying and for the child that was coming. But her thankfulness was weak beside her petition.

One night he had told her of his work, of the great ladles which held many tons of molten steel. He worked near the converter. He described the furnaces and the never dying fires in them, and he had explained the safeguards. All this he had told, thinking to reassure her. She kept silent as the picture grew distinct in her mind. What he said did not dissipate her terror, but defined it.

The smoke and flames by day and the flames and smoke by night shadowed her or threw into bold relief against the background of a passing present her happiness in all its insecurity. She belonged without knowing it to the Order of the Sisters of Death.

As she stood about to enter the fast darkening kitchen relief pressed the hate out of her face. Another day was ending, and there would be a night of safety before another morning's prayer. She took up the pan and went to her nearest duty—the getting of supper. Just as she put her foot on the threshold a sudden brightness flashed over the house, over the neighboring houses, over the unkept yards, the treeless street, and seemed even to reach the mountains, growing more distinct against a paling sky. A great column of flame rose above the furnaces—white flame, sharp pointed. Twice it rose. Twice she saw the windows of the houses reflect the fire from the mills, and twice she shuddered.

She dropped her pan and held her arms up in acknowledgment of the message which had reached her. She stood rigid, straining her ears for the sound of human cries a half mile away. Where the flame had been black smoke was pushing up noiselessly. There was no sound. She began to pray for his life, while only the thought of his death was with her. There was the house, just the same, the dark kitchen waiting her, the mountains unmoving. Yet it was all strange. She saw him in thought, dead and unheeded, yet she looked down the street to see him coming. She struggled for the power of hope.

No one came down the street, but in the distance, on another street, there was the rush of a horse's feet and the clatter of the ambulance on its way from the hospital to the mills.

A dull cry of mourning came from her lips. She went down the steps, across the empty lots to the unpaved streets and toward the mills.

SOCIALISTS AT WORK.

What Socialism Has Done For the Toilers of Germany.

The German cities of today have no slums.

Twenty years ago they were notorious.

Cologne, Frankfort, Munich, Breslau and Berlin had acres of vile and overcrowded tenements.

An English workman, visiting Stuttgart at the International Socialist congress, asked a German workman to show him where the poor lived.

He took him to a clean, well built quarter, inhabited by the poorest workmen.

"But I want to see your slums," the Englishman said.

"These are the worst we've got," his German friend answered.

The amazed Englishman exclaimed: "Great heaven! If you'll get me a job here I'll stay forever."

I visited scores of German cities.

In every one I asked the same question and was given the same answer.

For over twenty years every German city has had Socialist aldermen.

They have fought those responsible for slums, vile habitations, insanitary workshops, neglected children.

They have fought all opposing parties and have forced the municipal ownership of public utilities, land reform, taxation reform, the demolition of insanitary districts and the building of sanitary tenements.

The Socialists have forced the municipal councils to tax unearned increment, and the increase in land values is gradually being taken over by the community.

The cities own extensive tracts of land.

Strassburg has over 350 square yards of land for each inhabitant.

Ulm owns 80 per cent of the land within its boundaries. It buys and leases land daily and prevents all land speculation.

The Socialists of Germany are not satisfied.

They have fought; they are still fighting. They mean to gain even greater changes than these, which they consider as only trifling byproducts of their immense and powerful political organization.—Robert Hunter.

ONLY ONE CAPITALIST.

Need of Social Ownership of the Means of Production.

The Socialist party proposes that there shall be one capitalist in the country and that that capitalist shall be the collective people. Then there shall be employment for every man in the republic; then there will be a reduction in the hours of labor proportionate with the improvements in the mechanic arts. This will settle the hour day question.

Today there are millions of people in this country who are without work and other millions who are working from ten to fourteen hours a day for a bare subsistence.

Professor Hertzka of the University of Vienna estimates that the working population of Austria over sixteen and under fifty years of age could under a condition of Socialism produce the necessaries and comforts of the kingdom at the rate of one hour and twenty minutes work per day. Our machinery is idle seven months in the year, and one-third of our working population is looking for work. Fifty years ago these things were unheard of. Then tools were simple, and every man could own the means of production. Not so with the gigantic machinery of present day production. But these are machines that are social in their operation. They should be socially owned if we would restore right relations.

Thoughts For Thinkers.

What is morally wrong can never be made politically right.—Burke.

My lad, if thee would be truly successful ally thyself in youth with some righteous, unpopular cause.—John G. Whittier.

Whilst another man has no land, my title to mine, your title to yours, is at once vitiated.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

No Christian who knows the gospel can possibly believe it warrants him in living uselessly by the sweat of another's brow.—Goldwin Smith.

Every noble work seems at first impossible.—Carlyle.

All truth is safe, and nothing else is safe, and he who keeps back the truth or withholds it from men from motives of expediency is either a coward or a criminal or both.—Max Muller.

A Platform Admission.

The Republican state convention in Ohio put this in its platform: "The Republican party stands for individualism as against Socialism." Yet Thomas Huxley, one of the world's greatest philosophers and recognized as an authority on political economy as well as science, wrote, "Anarchy, or the rule of oneself, is the logical outcome of that for[illegible] political theory which for the [illegible] century and more has been [illegible] under the name of individual-

Socialists In Demand.

London Justice notes that "the growing interest displayed by all sections of the community in the attitude of Socialists to the questions of the day can be judged by the number of invitations being received to send speakers to state the Socialist position to all sorts of meetings and places." It is impossible to supply the demands for speakers.

A Socialist Victory.

In Kassel, Germany, the Socialists carried their entire ticket in a local election and captured the city. All the old parties combined against the Social Democrats.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

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Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

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TELEPHONE NO. 89.
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HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XX THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1908 NUMBER 29

ST. PAUL Historical Society

TO CONNECT AT FLAXTON.

Rumor That Wheatline of the Soo Is to Be Built to the Coast.

Flaxton Branch to Be Connected With the Wheatline in the Near Future.

Well grounded reports are to the effect that a branch of the Soo will connect at Flaxton with the Thief River Falls branch by means of a proposed change in the route of the latter. Surveyors are at work laying out a route from Tolley east of Kenmare, to Flaxton connecting with the Flaxton-Ambrose branch. In that event the line would cross Des Lacs lake northeast of Bowbells and open a good territory to the north and east of Flaxton and Bowbells.

This would give the Soo a direct line from Thief River Falls to Ambrose. The branch is very likely to be extended west from Ambrose into Montana and ultimately to the Pacific coast. Whether it is by this proposed change that a coast line is obtained or whether another branch will be built out of Kenmare for that purpose is not known at this time. The Soo contemplates building a line to the coast and it is not altogether improbable that the change mentioned will be to that end.

In case the line is built out to Tolley it would mean a town between the lake and Kenmare and would be in the center of a rich farming community that is now considerable distance from market.

Active building operations follow closely on the Soo line's surveys so it is altogether likely the line will be built in the near future.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p m.
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Every body cordially invited.

Married at Ada.

This afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jason Weatherhead in this city will occur the marriage of Wallace Watson, son of Mr. and Mrs W. W. Watson, to Miss Rosebud McDonald, of Crookston. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Symons in the presence of relatives of the contracting parties. Mr. Watson is at present located at Thief River Falls to which place they go Saturday morning.—Ada Herald.

Had Fish Traps.

Game Warden Munch went up on the Lost River about five miles from the town of Brooks, in Red Lake county, last Friday and placed under arrest Chas. Lajamb on the charge of having in his possession some fish traps. He was taken before Judge Lamuel, of Brooks, and after being found guilty, was sentenced to pay $21.75 in fine and costs to the court. His traps were also confiscated.

No Shorts Now.

The state department of weights and measures has sent notices to all cities and towns thruout the state regarding fruit packages.

Section 1 of the law relating to small fruit packages prescribes that the standard of measures for selling berries and other small fruits shall be the quart which when even full, shall contain 67 cubic inches.

Section 2 says that all packages or baskets that do not have the required capacity shall be marked "short" in letters not less than one half inch in height.

On Game and Fish Commission

Governor Johnson has appointed Joseph A. Wessell of Crookston a member of the State Game & Fish Commission.

Mr. Wessell is a member of the firm of Wessell Bros. of St. Paul and is well and favorably known by a host of friends here who extend to him their congratulations upon his appointment.

Mr. Wessell will serve out the term of G. W. Stanton, who resigned from the Commission to become judge of the Fifteenth Judicial district. Mr. Wessel's term will expire in 1912.

BETRAYED BY HIS PAL

One of the Stephen Bank Robbers Turns State's Witness Last Week.

Judge Grindeland Gives Zalinski a Sentence of Ten years in Prison.

Warren, Minn., July 9.—The state in the trial of James E. Raymond for the robbery of the Scandia State bank of Stephen, sprung a sensation yesterday when it placed James A. Nolan, the codefendant of Raymond, upon the stand and secured from him a complete confession of guilt.

The defense was taken by surprise and asked for an adjournment, which was granted. Fifteen minutes later Raymond's attorney asked leave to withdraw the plea of not guilty and enter a plea of guilty.

Judge Grindeland immediately sentenced the defendant to ten years at Stillwater. Nolan then entered a plea of not guilty and by consent his case was continued until the next term of court.

The Scandia State bank of Stephen was burglarized April 19 last and $6,000 secured. Raymond, or Zalinski, and Nolan were arrested at Greenbush, Minn., two days after the robbery. Evidence was produced to show that Raymond entered the store of K. J. Taralseth in this city and bought six packages of crackers and two cans of baked beans, and that they were put into an empty sugar sack and delivered to him. The morning after the burglary the sack was found beside the bank, with all the articles intact.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

BLOCKED NAVIGATION

Bridge Across the Mud Lake River Puts a Stop to Navigation on That Stream.

Matter Was of Considerable Importance to the Residents up Near Grygla.

Navigation between Thief River Falls and Grygla has come to a sudden stop. Since early this spring small gasoline boats have been running up the Thief River to Mud Lake and up the Mud Lake river to Grygla. A great deal of freight has been handled by this method of transportation and it has proven a great convenience to the settlers living up there. The Grygla creamery, which has been shipping its product to Thief River Falls by the water route, realized the importance of water transportation and appropriated the sum of $200 to help make the Mud river navigable.

A few farmers living on the Mud river near the Mud Lake have put a stop to the use of the water route to Grygla, however, by building a bridge across the Mud river. The bridge is built so low that it is impossible for a boat to pass under it and as a result it has blocked navigation. As the Mud river is not a meandered stream there appears to be no way of forcing the farmers to build a higher bridge or remove the present structure.

How to Know a Mad Dog.

Hydrophobia is in reality so rare and so terrifying that its symptoms and treatment are little understood. As a matter of fact, the commonly accepted expression of madness in a dog is often misleading. The real mad dog does not shun water, as it is said. On the contrary, mad dogs often rush to the water and drink eagerly, if they are able to swallow. The mad dog does not froth at the mouth. It does not run amuck, snapping at everything in its path. What, then, are the indications of the mad dog?

To those familiar with a given dog the surest symptom and the one which should excite closest attention is a distinct and unaccountable change in the dog's disposition—a staid dog becoming excitable and a frisky one, dull. The condition does not necessarily mean rabies, but it is suspicious, and if, in addition, the dog has trouble swallowing—as thought it seemed to have a bone in its throat—beware! That dog should be instantly tied up, because, if it be rabies it takes but a day or two for ferocious instincts to develop. The unmistakable evidence, however, of a dog with rabies is the sticky saliva which covers the teeth and shows on the drawn lips. The eyes glare and are red, the dog has paroxysms of running fury, during which it barks hoarsely, which alternate with temporary exhaustion.—From Casper Whitney's "View-point," in The Outing Magazine.

The Red Can Law.

The state oil inspection department has issued a circular calling attention to a certain statute regarding the sale of illuminating oils. The said statute is Sec. 4902, R. S. 1905, and reads as follows:

"Every manufacturer or vendor who shall sell or cause to be sold, place or caused to be placed, any gasoline or benzine, in quantities of more than six gallons, in any receptacle except one of a bright red color and tagged and labeled in large black letters the name of the contents, or who shall sell or caused to be sold, place or cause to be placed, kerosene or other illuminating oils in the same quantities in a receptacle of a red color, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars."

Endorses Dairying.

The dairy business is making a number of farmers in this section prosperous and none is more pleased than J. Hedley, of the town of Fairfax. During the month of May he received from his dairy herd $[illegible], besides raising a large number of calves and hogs on the skim milk that he does not sell to the creamery.

"I am pleased with the showing my dairy herd makes and I can assure you that the farmer who does not have dairy cows on his farm knows nothing about the possibilities of this section," stated Mr. Hedley. "I am raising just as much grain as I did before I got my cows, consequently my income from them is clear gain. I do not have to work much harder and I feel that I have an income that is sure and not depending upon weather conditions."—Crookston Times.

Subscribe for the News.

Damaged by Water.

Some one on the second floor of the Jackson & McGinn block left the water turned on last Friday night and portions of the stock of S. Kenison's clothing store was damaged to a considerable extent. No one appears to have been responsible for leaving the water turned on. Mr. Kenison's loss is quite a few hundred dollars.

Postoffice Inspector Here.

Postoffice Inspector Hughes was in the city last Friday and fined several residents of Thief River Falls for sending first class matter in a lower class mail. One of the offenders against the rules of the postoffice department was fined $20. People who are sending written matter inclosed in papers or merchandise are running all kinds of chances of being caught, and when they are caught it costs them several times the amount they save in postage.

Mission Festival.

The German Lutheran congregation at Radium will celebrate their annual Mission festival in Frank Monroe's grove Sunday, July 19th. In the morning services, which will begin at 10.30, Rev. H. H. Ritz, of Minneapolis, will deliver a sermon in the German language, and in the afternoon service, which will begin at 2:30, Rev. I. T. Astad, of Thief River Falls, will deliver an English sermon and also make a few remarks in the Scandinavian language. The choir of the Synod church in Warren will assist in both services. Dinner will be served free. A cordial invitation is hereby extended to all.

Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Good Words for the Press.

A farmer, says an exchange, in speaking before an institute of his profession recently said:

"As a rule the farmer has no better friend than the country press. The home paper is distinctly the farmer's own paper. It is composed directly or indirectly by the farmers, who composed the backbone of the printer's subscription list and largely for him the merchants advertise. Now brother, let us not forget our friends. Let us see that our subscription is paid before the first of January and a year in advance. Another thing, the merchants who advertise are the ones who make it possible for us to get a good local paper and the man or firms who are to penurious to advertise and help support the local press have no right to the farmer's patronage. I propose hereafter to go to a good live advertiser instead of to those who propose to take all and give nothing in return. If the farmers as a class would support their friends, the others would soon be out of business."

Treasurer's Notice.

Thief River Falls, Minn , July 10, 1908
Dear Sir: I am prepared to pay all outstanding orders against Independent School District No. 18, Red Lake County, Minnesota,

E. E. Zeh
Treasurer.

C. A. PATTEN CARNIVAL CO.

Attractions for the County Fair to Be Held Here in August Secured.

The Fair This year Will Be Bigger and Better Than Ever Before.

Dr. G. A. Penney, secretary of the Red Lake County Agricultural society last week closed a contract with the C. A. Patten Carnival company for attractions here during the county fair to be held in Thief River Falls this year on August 5, 6 and 7. This carnival company is one of the best in the country and will give one of the best entertainments ever witnessed in Thief River Falls.

The company has tent shows, the ocean wave, merry-go-round and numerous other similar attraction. The free attractions will be more numerous and better than ever before and include a balloon ascension, trick cottage acts, high dive, acrobatic tumbling, aeril performers and other acts.

The fair this year is going to be far better than ever before and all of the various committees having charge of the work are leaving nothing undone.

Give the Cow a Square Deal.

Why should a colt that will never be able to do anything but haul a load have a selling value of $100 to $150 while a young cow of similar age that can earn her cost and then some every year, having a selling value of $35 to $40? On basis of profit to the owner and ability to produce wealth under any and all conditions, the cow is worth two and three times the horse. It doesn't look as if the cow was getting a square deal from the farmers and stock owners.—Long Prairie Leader.

Highlanding.

Mrs. Ben Erickson, of Thief River Falls, is visiting at Highlanding this week.

Misses Mary Sulivan and Katherina Dunn went to Thief River Falls last week to attend the summer school at that place.

The celebration at Highlanding was well attended, there being a very large crowd of people, but a shower of rain spoiled the sport to some extent. The boats, Farmer's Friend and Dan Patch run excursions on the river all day.

Wanted—Agents for Diozo the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $4.00 to $15.00 daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Sweasa, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

Just now maybe an extra pair of trousers of

the right kind would help things along; it happens so often that the trousers, getting the hardest wear, give out before the coat and vest.

A good pair of trousers now will give you a new suit effect; and you can get it for very little money. These Hart Shaffner & Marx trousers are especially good; they make up short lengths of suit fabrics---not enough for a suit---into extra trousers. Very fine goods; all-wool; made in the perfect Hart Schaffner & Marx way.

We can show you something that will go well with your coat and vest. Trousers $5, $6, $8.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
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Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MEETING OF FARMERS

Farmers to Meet in Thief River Falls Next Tuesday afternoon.

How to Secure Profitable Prices for Farm Products the Object.

C. O. Dryton, president of the Illinois State Union of the American Society of Equity, will hold a meeting in the city hall, Thief River Falls, on next Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The object of the meeting is to organize a branch of the American Society of Equity here. An effort is to be made to secure a large attendance. The following circular issued by Mr. Drayton explains matters:

This farmers' society is well started in all our wheat states.

Its principal object is profitable prices for all farm produce. Its plan is similar to the cotton union in the South.

Our wheat is to be held in granaries, steel tanks and farmers' elevators and only let go as the demand calls for it at a profitable price.

We are not going to Bull the market nor to corner it, but educate the farmers to adopt business principles in pricing and marketing their valuable crops.

In the business world the SELLER sets the price—not the BUYER. We want to turn this price making business around on farm products and follow business principles. Instead of the prices of our great wheat crop being fixed by Speculators on the Boards of Trade they ought to be set by the farmers who produce the crop. The farmer who raises one thousand bushels of wheat has the same right to price it as the manufacturer who makes the self-binder has to price his machine. The Speculator will price the crop down to the producer and up to the consumer.

The Beef Trust uses every opportunity to depress the farmers' price on hogs and cattle and to raise it on the consumers.

Farmers are not only interested in profitable prices for themselves, but in reasonable prices to consumers that their products may all find a ready sale and ALL go into consumption. Hence the consumers are interested in my proposition as well as the producers. When the farmers sell cheap wheat and cheap hogs it does not mean cheap bread and cheap meat to consumers and will not as long as Speculators and Trusts stand between them and fixed prices.

In the business world the sellers all stand together for one price—a profitable price—and hence there is no question about their getting it. When farmers are thoroughly organized they will adopt the same principle and will be able to carry it out more easily than any other class of sellers.

Business men, as a rule, stop selling whenever they can not sell at a profitable price. Farmers will follow the same rule when organized and the price of farm produce will be as sure and steady and profitable as the price of machinery, clothing and groceries.

Many farmers have erroneous ideas as to cause of low prices. Many believe that rich men in the central markets, by the combination of millions of money have the power to force prices downward. While this may be true under present conditions, it can not be true when farmers are trained to act together in with-holding the food products from the central markets where there is not only a steady but an imperative demand for said products.

Again, many are inclined to the view that overproduction has caused low prices in the past. In April 1907, cash wheat in St. Louis was about 75 cents a bushel. I said it ought to be one dollar in justice to the wheat raiser. Many farmers said, "we can not put it to one Dollar. There is too much wheat. It is an overproduction;" and yet in May and June we found the millers ready to take every remaining bushel of the 1906 crop at one dollar a bushel. There was no overproduction about it. The same cry was raised back in 1901 and 1902 when the wheat farmers put two large crops on the market at about 65 cents per bushel. But Bradstreet showed in July 1903 that the visible supply of wheat in the United States was very low. The two large crops of 1901 and 1902 had all gone into consumption. No oversupply about it. With the present rate of increase of population kept up, we will have no wheat to export in another decade unless the average yield is greatly increased.

The cause of low prices is not overproduction but temporary oversupply of the great central markets. When we threshed our 1906 wheat crop we rolled from 100 to 300 car loads daily into St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago, Minneapolis and all our leading markets. The price dropped from 88 to 65 cents, not because of overproduction but because the leading markets were glutted.

These same markets were fed so strongly until the next April, that the price was held down 30 cents a bushel lower than it ought to have been. There is not too much wheat in the country but too much on the market at once.

Brother farmers, these conditions will continue till we organize and organize thoroughly. Every time we have a good crop we will force it into the hands of the Speculators at a low unjust price and lose millions of dollars by the way we put our wheat crop on the market, a sufficient amount in one year to build all the granaries, steel tanks and farmers elevators we will need for a generation to come. Let us work hard for 2,000 live members in each of the 250 best wheat counties. United action on the part of 500,000 of our best wheat raisers will protect not only every rich farmer but every poor man as well, against low unjust prices put upon them by Gamblers, Speculators and Trusts. We are not trying to get the maxium but the minimum price. We want every farmer to know when he sows his wheat that his price will not be less than one dollar a bushel in Minneapolis.

How can we do this? When thoroughly organized we will have an intelligent system of marketing the crop. We will hold the surplus in the country. We will regulate the supply to the demand. We will keep the visible supply low enough to hold the price to one dollar or whatever the price is. We will adopt the same business principles which are considered wise and just in the business world among manfactures, merchants and all business men. We will only sell as the demand calls for our crops at a fair equitable price. We will give the market all it will take in July, August, September and October at one dollar a bushel and no more. In November and December we will put the price to about $1.05, January and February at about $1.10 in March and April at $1.15 and in May and June put the price to $1.20.

The price ought to be graded up sufficiently to cover the shrinkage, the interest on the money, the storage and insurance and thus make it safe for every miller and every farmer to STORE wheat.

The hard coal operators distribute their coal all over our country in May, June, July and August on this plan of grading the price upward.

The plan on wheat willl protect the poor farmer who must sell when he threshes. The rich man will be induced to hold his off the market. Millers and exporters will be induced to buy when we thresh before the price goes higher. Farmers will not hurry to sell before the price goes down. The dumping system which is now responsible for low unjust prices will be replaced by a business system founded on sound business principles.

Remember this plan applies or will apply to every crop sold from our farms. We want not only intelligent production but intelligent marketing. We must solve not only the question of production but the question of distribution. We must have an intelligent system by which we reach every market fully and glut none. This plan will put millions of dollars into farmers' pockets which now go to make millionaires out of a few speculators and Trusts Magnates.

Brother farmer please read this circular once more and then get your county paper to publish it. There is no copyright on this letter or this plan. It is to benefit all the people.

Highlanding.

Mrs. Jacobson of Highlanding was a passenger on the Farmer's friend to Thief River Falls last Thursday.

Mr. Tom Sullivan who has been visiting his brother P. Sullivan returned to his home in Crystal, N. Dak.

Miss May Arndt returned home from Thief River Falls last Saturday.

P. C. Wold has company from Minneapolis visiting this week.

Mr. Jim O. Brien gave a party to a few of his friends Sunday and all enjoyed a lovely time. We will all come again Jim but you will not expect us next time.

There is to be a dance given in the Kratka hall Saturday night, all welcome.

Mrs. Ben Erickson and Mrs. Sam Mc Mahon visited with Mrs. John Vrolson of Highlanding Tuesday.

Creamery Has an Anniversary.

It was just a year ago yesterday that the creamery up at Sandridge was started up, and the event was properly celebrated at a picnic held at that place yesterday. This creamery has been a successful one from the start and has a decidedly bright future. Quite a number from Thief River Falls were up to Sandridge to participate in the celebration.

Campbell Bros. Here Friday.

Campbell Bros. circus will give two performances in Thief River Falls on Friday of this week. This circus is one of the best on the road and is much larger now than it was two years ago when it visited this city. They have the largest herd of elephants of any circus on the road.

The show will come in over the Wheat-line and residents of this city who have been out in Dakota the past week transacting business say that they are giving a very pleasing performance. It is a good clean show in every way and deserves a liberal patronage. There will be a grand free street parade at noon.

The El Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Nictal.

ATTORNEY UP AT ROSEAU

Great Northern Attorney Pays an Official Visit to Roseau County.

Legal Developments Expected in Fight for the Great Northern Grade.

Attorney Kimball of the Great Northern general offices at St. Paul has been up along the grade of the Great Northern between Greenbush and Warroad on business connected with developing trouble concerning the grade of the Great Northern which residents in the Roseau Valley claim has been abandoned.

This action of the Great Northern in sending an attorney to examine the ground indicates the anxiety and attention of the company in connection with the Roseau Valley which rich region has of long been its tributary.

The recent incorporation of the Northern Minnesota Railway Co., and its evident intention of entering the Roseau country has agitated the Northern Minnesota railway world and a battle is very imminent over the trade of the great north Minnesota Valley.

The fight is rapidly approaching the courts and some definite move is expected in the fight in the very near future, the first move being the institution of condemning proceedings by the anti-Great Northern faction to secure the G. N. grade.

Badly Injured.

Jonas Carlson a farm laborer who is well known thruout this section, having worked on farms thru out the valley for the past 18 years was taken to Crookston Sunday evening from Big Woods, western Marshall county probably fatally injured as the result of a most peculiar accident, and is hovering between life and death at St. Vincent's hospital.

He was working for a widow near Big Woods, and last Friday afternoon hauled a big load of grain in sacks to the Big Woods elevator. The driveway of the elevator is covered, and the load of grain sacks was piled so high that Carlson was caught between the roof and the load, sustaining dangerous injuries to his back and internal injuries in the region of his groin which it is feared will be fatal. His flesh was bruised terribly and the injured man suffered excruciating pain. It was over 36 hours after the injury before he was given proper treatment.

Want New Election District.

County Auditor William has received a petition from residents of townships 159 and 160, range 31, in the northwestern part of Beltrami county, praying for the establishment of a new election district embracing those townships.

The territory desired to be covered by this new election precinct is north of Red Lake and includes settlements of homesteaders composed of people who have heretofore lived at Crookston, headed by E. J. Keating and Adolph Rauch.

In the petition the petitioners state that the nearest voting precinct is ten miles distant and it would be serving the convenience of those signing the petition to have the election district allowed.

It is more than likely that the board of county commissioners will act favorably on the petition at the meeting of the board which will be held this week.

Auditor William also expects another petition for an election district embracing Townships 158 and 159, range 30, known as the "Rapid River country." There are a large number of settlers in this district and no doubt the petition for the election district will be granted, if asked for.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Tried to Commit Sucide.

"You can't always tell what will happen. For instance, here is a story of a man determined to commit sucide. He went to the store and bought a rope, a can of oil, box of matches, a dose of arsenic and a revolver. He went down to the river and pushed his boat from the shore and paddled down to where a limb hung over the water and he got up in the bow of the boat and tied one end of the roap to the limb and the other around his neck; he saturated his clothing with coal oil, lighted a match and set his clothing on fire, took arsenic, put the revolver to his temple and pulled the trigger. But the bullet glanced and cut the rope above him and he fell ker wallop into the river, the water put out the fire and he got strangled and coughed up the arsenic and he rose up and declared himself a candidate for office.—Ex.

Socialist Candidate for Governor Here.

Beecher Moore, of Minneapolis, candidate for governor on the Socialist ticket, was in the city Monday evening and addressed a large audience in the Moylan grove. Mr. Moore is an entertaining speaker and held the attention of the crowd for over an hour. Tuesday morning he left for the country northeast of here to spend several days talking with the farmers.

More Legislation Wanted.

The delegation of Germantown and Grygla citizens that were over to Warren last week to petition for the two large drainage ditches for that section have decided to postpon taking any action in the matter until after the state legislature meets this winter. Those who went over had a good long conference with Judge Andrew Grindeland regarding the matter and this gentleman advised that action be postponed. Mr. Grindeland is the author of the present drainage law and one of the best posted on this subject in the state. He believes that there should be some few changes in the law before a petition for ditches on Indian and government lands should be granted.

PECULIAR DISEASE AMONG HORSES

There are a number of horses in this city that are affected with a peculiar disease. It may be classed as influenza, and commences with a cough, and rapid loss of flesh and strength. There is an obstruction between the head and throat. In drinking, half of the water is forced up thru the nose with a squeaking noise. All kinds of remedies have been tried, but nothing has been found that gives relief. The cough has left those that have had the disease the longest, but the obstruction remains and the animal eats and drinks with the greatest difficulty. The jaws appear to be partially paralyzed. Only one horse has died as far as known. Fergus Falls Journal.

Court on at Roseau.

Judge A. Grindeland of Warren passed thru the city Monday morning on his way north to Roseau city where he will hold court for Roseau county for the coming few days. The docket at the north country city is not particulary heavy this term but some important cases will probably take considerable time for trial.

School Election Saturday night.

School election will be held Saturday evening of this week and two directors are to be elected. The terms of Directers E. E. Zeh and C. C. Jackson expire at this time and both announce that they will be candidates for re-election. There is no announced opposition to these gentlemen.

Germantown.

Eleven well loaded teams from Germantown and some others from different directions constituted a surprise party, that went out to the home of Rev. H. Bjornson near Brunkeburg on Friday July 10th, that date being the close of 16 years from the beginning of the pastors service among the settlers of this country. On that occasion the members of his congregation and others of this place had decided to do him an honor by showing and expressing appreciation of what had been accomplished. Together with the well wishes of the company the Pastor was a recepient of $33 75. All who participated spent a pleasant, sociable day, the main feature of which was an interesting narrative by Rev. Bjornson on his early experiences in this section.

Messrs. Cook, Solie an Sund, the committee delegated to "drain the country" returned from Warren safe and sound, with a new plan for a ditch running from a point one mile west of the Beltrami county line and west half ways through Moylan township one mile from the southern boundary of the towns of Espiee and Moylan thence going one mile further north along which line it follows west through Grand Plain and Agdar into the river. The ditch has a good show of being put through; but it will not be without opposition as there is another ditch proposed along the section line one mile farther south beginning at Thief River and reaching 3 miles up into this township.

Everybody is now making hay while the sun shines and there are even those who will keep it up after the sun is down. The weather has been ideal for that work, and the crop of wild grass is common in quality and quantity.

The annual school meeting and election will be held Saturday evening and it is hoped that there is enough interest in school affairs to insure a large attendance.

Ole Overum was in from Highlanding last week attending to business matters.

It is common beilef that some rain would be of great benefit to the crops at the present time.

C. M. Evenson was up from Thief River Falls last week looking after his business interests.

Ernest Otto drove up from Radium last week for a visit with his brothers.

Will Jones has been up and doing early and late putting the Scandia Hotel into A 1 condition. All the rooms and halls are so arranged [illegible] that there is no more danger of getting lost while passing thru.

There was a party at [illegible] place Sunday evening.

The telephone line is now being extended from the present [illegible] east to Brunkeberg. [illegible] Farmer's Telephone company [illegible] it along to Highlanding.

To Exchange—A good [illegible] typewriter for a [illegible] wagon. George E. [illegible]

"IT'S LIKE A DREAM

in which a lot of fairies turn your old clothes and hats and feathers into new ones". This is what a delighted customer said the other day. This establishment is a good fairy to many people in making their old clothing just like new for them. When you want artistic cleaning and dyeing done on the most delicate dresses, or waists bring them to

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

Why We Are All Mimics.

"If we did not cough in church, the human race would not exist." And the professor, twiddling a piece of chalk in his hand, regarded the sophomores with a quizzical smile.

"What I mean," he continued, "is that the cause of coughing is the cause of our survival. That cause is mimicry. Mimicry is a better life preserver than fleetness or strength. For by mimicry we manage not to attract attention, and in prehistoric times they who attracted attention were hunted down by the tribe and roasted for dinner or hunted down by the saber tooth tiger and taken raw.

"Since those dark days mimicry has been instinctive with us. Mimicry is what causes us to follow the fashions. It causes us, when in England, to say 'cawn't' and 'lawf.' If your friend yawns, you yawn—that's mimicry. If he laughs, you laugh—mimicry again. If he snuffles, you snuffle—mimicry. And if he coughs in church, straightway you and all the rest of the congregation cough, the reason being the same one which saved our forefathers from extermination."—New York Press.

Famous Floggers.

Among English schoolmasters whose names have come down to posterity with the dubious reputation of great floggers Dr. Busby of Westminster school is the generally acknowledged chief.

Of him it is recorded that, one of his head boys having insulted a young French viscount who came to the school to demand satisfaction, he flogged the viscount first for the bloodthirsty intentions and next his friend who was the bearer of his challenge.

Dr. Valpy, too, who edited an edition of the classics, was a great wielder of the rod. Archdeacon [illegible], who was a pupil of his, tells a story in illustration of his prowess. One of the boys had been flogged by the redoubtable dominie, and the lad's father came to complain.

"Sir," said Valpy to him, "I flogged your son because he richly deserved it. If he again deserves it, I shall flog him again, and," rising, "if you come here, sir, interfering with my duty I shall flog you."

The parent fled.

A Famous Architect's Trick.

When Sir Christopher Wren was building the town hall of Windsor, a fidgety member of the corporation, so the story goes, insisted that the roof required further support and desired the architect to add more pillars. In vain did Sir Christopher assure him that the danger was imaginary. He knew better. The alarm spread, and the great architect was worried into adding the desired columns.

Years passed, and in later times, when architect and patron were dead, cleaning operations in the roof revealed the fact that the supposed additional supports did not touch the roof by two inches, though this was not perceptible to the gazers below.

By this [illegible] Wren pacify [illegible], while vindicating his own architectural skill to future generations.

I'm Telling You.

Pat Murphy, who was in lodgings, was greatly annoyed by the landlady helping herself to his provisions. [illegible]

Beautifully Arranged.

[illegible]

Subscribe for the News.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogaunah.

A band of Gypsies are camping west of the depot.

A good, new house for rent. Inquire of O. Tessum.

D. P. O'Neill was down to Red Lake Falls Monday.

N. F. Saxon was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Charles Brink was down to Mahnomen the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gillick last Saturday.

Mrs. Dan Linnihan visited friends in the city the first of the week.

S. K. Ness, of Watertown, S. D., is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Ben Christienson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Bert Walker left Monday for Duluth to visit his brother for a few days.

P. Moylan was up to Winnipeg the first of the week attending the fair.

August Hoppo was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week visiting friends.

Attorney Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

The Thief River Falls base ball club goes to Grand Forks Sunday and plays a game with the team in that city.

Hugo Anderson is up to Winnipeg this week, playing with the Warren band which is up there during the fair.

James Moylan, of Portland, Oregon, was in the city the first of the week visiting his brothers, Martin and Pat Moylan.

Messrs. Michael, Horton and Wyman were down to St. Paul the first of the week attending the Schriner's convention.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday to take in the Dodo Flak Dog and Pony show.

Game Warden Munch came up from Crookston Tuesday and left yesterday morning for the Red Lake going up river in one of the boats.

Don't miss the greatest play of the year, "Nero and the Burning of Rome," a grand spectacular production in the city this week at the Bijou.

Jacob Anderson, of Jelle, returned Tuesday morning from St. Paul, where he had been to get his daughter who had been in that city for the past year receiving medical treatment.

There are prospects that it will be hard to obtain new farm machinery this year, but last year they were shut down for several months during the panic and as a result are far behind in filling their orders.

For Sale—Counters, show cases, coffee mill, computing scale, good as new, peanut roaster and other articles too numerous to mention. If in need of store fixtures call on O. H. Nelson, corner Second street and La Bree avenue.

Services next Sunday morning July 19, at 10:30, in the Immanuel cong. at the usual place the Newlan School house.

Services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday, July 19, at 8 o'clock.

Cordial invitation to all.

M. L. Dahle,
Pastor.

Don't miss the greatest play of the year, "Nero and the Burning of Rome" a grand spectacular production in the city this week at the Bijou.

Rocksbury.

Loren Miller and Syverin Nelson left early Monday morning for Middle River where they will start to rebuild Mr. Bishop's Tele Line.

Miss Emma Satre spent Tuesday evening with Hannah Gustafson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Crowe spent Tuesday in the country.

Kermit Miller is numbered with the sick this week.

Mrs. Wm. Shannon returned Saturday evening from a weeks visit with relatives at Rolette, North Dakota.

Mr. Satre has lately purchased a new buggy.

Many of the families of this vicinity held a picnic at the H. Rondorf home last Sunday.

Last Friday the Farmers belonging to the Farmers Mutual Tele Co. went down to Wylie to get the rest of their poles.

Lizzie Stach left Monday afternoon for her home in Barnesville, Minn.

Miss Agnes Yonke returned to Crookston Monday afternoon.

County Gives $150.

At the meeting of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county held at Red Lake Falls this week, the sum of $150 was appropriated for the Red Lake county fair to be held in this city in August. D. P. O'Neil and C. C. Jackson appeared before the board and secured the same.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Flax	$1.[illegible]
Rye	[illegible]
Eggs	12c
Butter	20c

MURDER AND SUICIDE

Aged Man Kills Wife and Self Near Glenville, This State.

VICTIMS SIXTY YEARS OLD

Perpetrator of Double Crime Insane as Result of Worry and Trouble.

Murder and suicide near Glenville, south of Albert Lea, took place when Christ Nelson shot and mortally wounded his wife and then turned the rifle upon himself. Both were alive when the sheriff and the coroner reached the scene, but they lived but a few hours.

Mrs. Nelson was lying in the house with a wound in her breast and stomach, while her murderer was lying outside with the top of his head blown off.

Mr. Nelson had been insane and trouble and worry had unbalanced his mind. He charged his wife with infidelity and also worried over financial affairs. Both were nearly sixty years of age.

SHOT DOWN IN RESORT.

Mystery Surrounds Death of St. Paul Saloonkeeper.

George Belmont of St. Paul, proprietor of a saloon, was shot and killed in a resort conducted by Margaret White. The White woman is said to have done the shooting, but whether or not it was intentional is a question that the police are endeavoring to solve.

According to the story told by the woman at police headquarters, where she is confined with two other inmates of the house, the act was not premeditated, although she admits that she was alone in the room with Belmont at the time of the shooting. Her version of the affair is that Belmont came to her place in an intoxicated condition and after conversing for a while in the bedroom of the woman observed a revolver lying on her dresser. He picked up the firearm and began toying with it, although the woman cautioned him to be careful, for the reason that the weapon was loaded. The woman tells the police in a very dramatic manner that Belmont paid little heed to her warning and she endeavored to wrest the weapon from him. In the struggle that followed between the two the gun was discharged and Belmont was killed.

FOUR PERSONS DROWNED.

Minnesota Waters Claim a Number of Victims.

Philip McCloud, the five-year-old son of J. A. McCloud, was drowned in a boat channel at Lake Minnetonka. The little fellow fell off the dock in front of his parents' home, and, although he was taken from the water within ten minutes, could not be revived.

George Hauenstein, sixteen years old, met death by drowning in the bay at Red Wing. The boy's body was recovered fifteen minutes later. His father met a similar fate in the Mississippi there two years ago.

The body of an unidentified man was found floating in the Little Cannon river below the Plantalfter mill at Cannon Falls. The body evidently had been in the water several days and was probably that of a laboring man.

William Below, seventeen years old, lost his life by drowning while bathing in the Little Cobb river six miles east of Mapleton. The body was recovered.

Very Hot in Minnesota.

Minnesota suffered Friday from the hottest day of the year, resulting in one death and three prostrations at St. Paul. One death due directly to heat was reported in Duluth, one of six men prostrated in Minneapolis may die, and a Rochester man who took a dip in the river while overheated died. In addition to these numerous prostrations occurred, and in several places workmen left their tools and sought safety in the shade.

Panic in a Church.

A stampede was created in the Catholic church at Biwabik, St. Louis county, where moving pictures of the Passion play were being given, when some of the celluloid films blazed up the darkened rooms. About a dozen people were injured in the panic and one woman, Mrs. Joseph Attlich, is so seriously hurt that fears are expressed for her recovery. She jumped out of a window ten feet to the ground.

Child Burned to Death.

Peter Weise's residence, about three miles east of Willow River and occupied by George Rhomberg, was totally destroyed by fire. Mr. Rhomberg's four-year-old son and only child perished in the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Rhomberg were working on the farm near the house when they discovered the flames, but too late to save their child or furniture.

Boy Kills His Playmate.

Dwight Baldwin, aged thirteen, was accidentally shot and killed by Kell Tullian, a playmate, at Cottagewood, Lake Minnetonka, while the boys were target shooting with a small rifle. The dead boy was the son of Dwight M. Baldwin, Jr., a flour merchant of Minneapolis. Kell Tullian lives in St. Louis.

SLAYER A SUICIDE.

Man Who Killed a Duluth Woman Ended His Own Life.

The slayer of Mrs. Ada Loos of Duluth was Max Hochworth of that city and he defeated the hands of justice by turning upon himself the same weapon that he shot her to death with on the lonely Pike lake road.

He went into the bushes a short distance from the road and there, shot himself through the mouth. The bullet passed through his brain and death must have been instantaneous.

The police department had thrown out a net that was calculated to catch Hochworth, for he was all the time suspected of the crime, and it was believed that he would make a strong play to escape.

Chief of Police Troyer, with a detail of men and a number of bloodhounds, visited the scene of the tragedy. The hounds after a time got the scent of the murderer and quickly led the officers to the dead body.

BY CAPSIZING OF BOATS.

Four Persons Drowned in the Vicinity of Duluth.

Information has been received at Duluth from Deer River that Miss Etta Kennedy, daughter of Mrs. Frank Kennedy of Duluth, and Jacob Woodruff of Deer River were drowned on Ball Club lake. Another man who was with them in the canoe saved himself by clinging to the craft for more than twelve hours before he was discovered and rescued.

Miss Kennedy was a stenographer for a real estate firm and had been visiting friends near Deer River. She was on her way to take a train when the canoe was overturned. She was eighteen years old.

Two Austrian residents of Chisholm were drowned in Seven Mile lake. Their names are Ignar Bysbolitz and John Jannazak. A third man escaped. Their boat was capsized.

SHRINERS AT ST. PAUL.

Visitors Present From All Over the United States.

Every train that entered St. Paul Sunday and Monday brought its quota of nobles, Ancient Arabic Order of the Mystic Shrine.

From the different cities and towns in Minnesota and adjoining states the delegates poured in and the larger cities of the United States sent delegates by the trainload. St. Paul is the mecca for Shriners from every state in the United States and when the delegates arrived at the Union station they were accorded a hearty welcome by the reception committee of Osman temple, which was stationed at the Union depot during the entire time.

The electrical decorations in honor of the visitors surpass anything ever before attempted here.

To Manage Jacobson's Campaign.

A. D. Brown of Madison, Lac qui Parle county, who managed the campaign of J. F. Jacobson for the Republican nomination for governor, will manage the campaign in this state next fall. He was selected to head the state central committee at a meeting of the candidates nominated at the recent state convention and Judge J. H. Steele of Minneapolis, chairman of the convention. Mr. Brown was Mr. Jacobson's personal choice. The members of the state central committee were also selected. James A. Martin of St. Cloud was selected secretary of the committee and Lars S. Swenson of Minneapolis treasurer.

Crushed Under Falling Building.

Leo Swan, twenty-one years old, was killed at Morton by the collapse of a side of a building which had been moved there in sections from Beaver Falls. Herman Walters, John Miller and Christ Drewry has a narrow escape from death. The men were engaged in raising the second floor when the accident occurred. In attempting to escape the falling side of the building Swan's feet became entangled in a rope and he was caught and crushed, his neck being broken.

Johnson Not Disappointed.

"I'm not heartbroken," said Governor Johnson in discussing at St. Paul the action of the Democratic national convention in nominating Bryan for president. "I am not disappointed. I had schooled myself to believe that there was only a chance of my nomination. I expected more votes, but the number was cut down on account of the bandwagon excitement." Governor Johnson wired Mr. Bryan, pledging his support to the Nebraskan.

St. Paul Man Heads Merger.

F. E. Weyerhaeuser of St. Paul is the head of a committee of prominent lumbermen arranging the details of a $200,000,000 merger of practically all the yellow pine lumber interests in the South and Central states. The committee met in St. Louis. The ostensible purpose was to discuss preservation of the forests. Twenty-five million dollars will be raised by the committee from the proprietary interests to carry out the merger.

Ends Life on Daughter's Grave.

Standing over the grave of his nine-year-old daughter at Lakewood cemetery in Minneapolis John Westberg, sixty years of age, shot himself, dying instantly, his body falling over the grave and his head resting on the tombstone. Westberg left a note telling of injuries which had made it impossible for him to succeed in life and brought family troubles upon him. He said life had been miserable for some time.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

In the trial at Warren of James E. Raymond for the alleged robbery of the Scandia State bank of Stephen the state sprung a sensation by placing James A. Nolan, the co-defendant, upon the stand and securing from him a complete confession of guilt. Raymond's attorney then asked leave to withdraw the plea of not guilty and enter a plea of guilty. Judge Greenland immediately sentenced the defendant to ten years at Stillwater.

Carl Schadler, employed at the American hoist and derrick works at St. Paul was caught in a lathe while at work and his chest was crushed in. He was taken to St. Joseph's hospital by the police, where he died a short while afterwards.

Hazel Rowe of Minneapolis, five years old, met a horrible death as the result of an attempt to build a fire in the kitchen cook stove. A mass of flames enveloped the tot, literally cooking her flesh. Death resulted shortly afterward in the city hospital.

The two-year-old daughter of Deputy Postmaster I. N. Griffith of Mankato climbed out of bed in the absence of the family, got a box of strychnine pills lying on the dresser and ate all in the box. Death ensued in two hours.

Miss Olga Walstead, lodging in a St. Paul flat, fell from the third story window of the block and received injuries from which she died at Bethesda hospital four hours later. Her head was crushed in and her back was broken.

Harry Stull, seventeen years old, was the third victim the Red river has claimed at Breckenridge in two weeks. He was bathing with others and was taken with cramps and sank before help could reach him.

Harold Holcomb, son of Rev. H. A. Holcomb of Akeley, was drowned in the Zumbro river near Mazeppa. He attempted to swim across and dropped down out of sight. He was about twenty-three years old.

While bathing in the Chippewa river at Montevideo Karl Keisel, a young man of twenty years, was seized with cramps and was drowned.

Walter Stewart, ten years of age, and living with his parents in Minneapolis, was drowned at Wildwood, an amusement resort near St. Paul.

In Minneapolis George Francis, a teamster, was prostrated by heat while driving his team and died shortly afterwards at his home.

Miss Jennie Dillon is dead at St. Paul as the result of burns sustained by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

GENERAL NEWS.

Believing deliberate discrimination against Minnesota has been made by the railroads in refusing to extend special rates for the state fair held annually at Hamline the board of directors of the Minneapolis Commercial club has launched a movement to obtain a "fare and one-half" concession for the coming-fall exhibition.

There has been a sudden lull in mining operations on Minnesota ranges, as docks and yards are filled. The Fayal and Oliver open pit mines have stopped their steam shovels and several train crews until the differences of the longshoremen are settled at the lower lake ports, where boats are being tied up.

Joseph A. Wessel of Crookston has been appointed by Governor Johnson as a member of the state game and fish commission to fill the unexpired term of C. W. Stanton, who resigned several weeks ago to accept appointment as judge of the Eighteenth district.

The sale of state lands for Beltrami county was held at the courthouse at Bemidji and 2,500 acres of land were sold at an average of $7 per acre, the highest price paid for any one piece of land being $30. Several pieces also were sold at from $8 to $13.

Out of 200 tubs of butter entered in the July contest of the creameries of the state James P. Conroy of Lake Benton scored highest with 97. The second highest was Henry Erickson of Winsted, 96½.

Minneapolis has been selected as the next meeting place of the National Young People's Christian union of the Universalist church, July 7 to 11, 1909, the sessions of one day to be held at St. Paul.

St. Paul stood third among all the cities of the country during June in its building operations, making a gain of 43 per cent over the same month last year.

James T. McCleary has filed for the Republican nomination for congress in the Second district.

Up to date nine candidates have filed for the nomination for sheriff in Polk county.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Louisa Chaffee is dead at Mankato, aged ninety years. She is survived by three brothers, two daughters, one son, nine grandchildren, twenty-two great grandchildren and five great great grandchildren.

William Potter, one of the oldest settlers of Olmstead county, died at his home on the farm on which he settled fifty-four years ago, at the advanced age of eighty years.

Thomas Blair, a resident of Faribault county since 1856, is dead, aged eighty-three.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

EBONY WOOD.

All of the Several Varieties Are Heavier Than Water.

Ebony was known and highly esteemed by the ancients as an article of luxury and was used by them for a variety of purposes.

In India it is said that it was employed by kings for scepters and also for images. On account of its supposed antagonism to poisons it was used largely for drinking cups.

The name ebony is given to the wood of several varieties of trees. All kinds of ebony are distinguished for their great density and dark color. The wood in all varieties is heavier than water. The heaviest varieties are the darkest. The other grades require a considerable amount of staining to make them black.

Ebony is of a uniform color throughout and will not show any deterioration even from long continued use.

There are three varieties of ebony well known in commerce. The ebony from the Gaboon coast of Africa is the darkest. The Madagascar ebony is the densest. The Macassar ebony furnishes the largest pieces. It is sold by weight.

Imitations of ebony can always be distinguished by their lighter weight, and the cheaper imitations can be detected by merely scratching the surface.

SPECTRAL WARNINGS.

The Bloody Mark That Appeared on Cardan's Finger.

Who shall say that spectral warnings are entirely chimerical? History has many instances to the contrary. Thus the once well known tragedian John Palmer died on the stage at Liverpool. At the same hour and minute a shopman in London, sleeping under a counter, saw distinctly his shade glide through the shop, open the door and pop into the street. This an hour or two later he mentioned very coolly, as if Mr. Palmer himself had been there.

Cardan, the noted Italian philosopher, saw on the ring finger of his right hand the mark of a bloody sword and heard at the same time a voice which bade him go to Milan. The redness progressively increased until midnight. The mark then faded gradually and disappeared. At that midnight hour his son was beheaded at Milan.

The father of Dr. Blomley was captain in an army serving in America. We are told by Dr. Rudge that six officers 300 miles from his position were visited after dinner by this modern Banquo, who sat down in a vacant chair. One said to him, "Blomley, are you mad." He rose in silence and slowly glided out at the door. He was slain on that day and hour.—St. James' Gazette.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

FOR AGENTS [illegible]

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"

BY

WM. JENNINGS BRYAN

576 Imperial Octavo Pages. 251 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Col. Bryan.

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. Greatest book of travel ever written. Most successful book of this generation. 41,000 called for in 4 months. Write us for sample reports of first 100 agents employed. The people buy it eagerly. The agent's harvest.

Outfit FREE.—Send fifty cents to cover cost of mailing and handling.

Address THE THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 45-100 dollars taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 1:30 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 304, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townside of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
July 16 6t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 16 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, 1901, made H. E. No. 852, for lots 6, 7, & N. E. ¼ N. W. ¼ Section 18, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 31st day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hoken Johnson, " " " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " " " "
John Quale, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., June 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Carl Moen, of Thief River Falls, who, on June 24, 1904, made Homestead entry, No. 114, for S. W. ¼, Section 11, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of July, 1908

Claimant names as witnesses:
Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Henry McCrehin, " " " " "
Halvor Lovas, " " " " "
Frank Staska, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
June 11-July 16 Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.
In District Court. Fourteenth Judicial District.
Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co.,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs. Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,
Defendants.

NOTICE is herby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June 1908, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 8th day of August 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the East Half (E½) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the West Half (W½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), all in Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty-five (45), West of the Fifth Principal Meredian.

Dated June 22nd 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller,
Plaintiff's Attorney
June 25 July 30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Massey, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 24th, 1904 made Homestead Entry No. 253, Serial, No. 065, for S. W. ¼, Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 17th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Frank Fisher, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher, " "
D. P. O'Neil, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John F. [illegible], " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
July 16 aug 20 Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 23 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John S. Rosenthal, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, who on June 27th, [illegible] made H. E. No. 325 for lots 3, 4, and E ½ SW ¼, Section 7, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27th day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Daniel P. O'Neil of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anton G. Sorenson, of " " "
Christen Peterson, of " " "
Hosen Johnson, of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
June 25 July 30 Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 25 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Martin J. Bragstad, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June [illegible], made H. E. No. 115 for N ½ [illegible] Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Oscar Erenson, " " "
[illegible]
Halvor H. Owen, " Germantown.

R. J. MONTAGUE
[illegible] Register

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON.
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota

Polk county now has nine candidates for the Republican nomination of sheriff.

If the Democrates would nominate some such a man as C. E. Vasley, of Little Falls, for railroad and warehouse commissioner to run against Judge Mills there might be something doing.

Bryan won the nomination at Denver last week very easily. He is not the choice of the Democrates of this section, having very few supporters here, but in the country at large he was the unanimous choice of the rank and file of the Democratic party.

Jacob F. Jacobson is a man well versed in state affairs by reason of his long and distinguished service in the state legislature and as a member of the state board of control. Always an earnest and fearless champion of the rights of the people as against the agressiveness of corporate interests. His course as governor will no doubt be characterized by the same unwaiving devotion to the peoples cause.—Warren Sheaf.

It was a matter of much regret that Marshall County did not have an exhibition of its produce at the state fair last year. No county in the state can produce finer samples of grain, grasses and vegetables, and it is our duty as citizens of the county to see that our splendid soil possibilities are placed before the world in a display at the greatest state fair in the union.—Middle River Pioneer.

The Democratic papers say Jacobson is not ornamental enough for the new state capitol. If Jakes, gets the votes of all the honest, homely, hard working men of the state, the Democratic candidate can have the support of the dudes and mollycoddles. Minnesota never had a governor who will do as much for the people as J. F. Jacobson.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Congressman "Jim" Tawney, of the First congressional district, is spending more of his present vacation at home than for some years. Mr. Tawney is very able and genial, and if he don't mistake himself for the whole congressional district, he is destined to have a long and useful career. Bigger men than he have been obliged to don the responsibilities of the private citizen, simply because they entirely forgot the sentiments and wishes of the people at home. Mr. Tawney is one of Speaker Cannon's right hand men, but if that position serves to take him out of touch with his home district, it would be far better if he were several steps lower on the ladder of fame.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

A CAUSE OF IMPATIENCE.

It will be recalled that the Hepburn, or Railroad Rate, Act was passed in June, 1906; and in June, 1908, a suit to test the "commodity" clause of that act was taken up before the United States Circuit Court in Philadelphia. This clause declares, among other things, that railroads shall not own coal mines. Seven railroads do, as is well known, own a considerable portion of all the anthracite coal mines in the country. They have done nothing, in the two years since the passage of the act, to divest themselves of that ownership, because they didn't know whether the law was really a law or only waste paper. The Circuit Court, of course, cannot settle that point. Whatever its opinion may be, there will be an equal to the Supreme Court; and about three years, or possibly four, after the act was passed, the roads will know whether or not they have to obey it, and proceed to govern themselves accordingly. The act itself, in one form or another, was before Congress more than a year, and earnestly pondered and debated in both Houses.

We do not really sympathize with the enthusiastic but futile attempts made by several States to fence off their railroad and other affluent corporations from the Federal courts. But in view of the enormous and prolonged effort that is required to get an affluent corporation, blessed with an able legal department, to take the bit in the shape of a law which doesn't suit its taste, we can understand how people become peevish and desire to use a club.—Saturday Evening Post.

REGULATING CAPITAL.

The operation of the New York public service commission, which is one of the things New York owes to its remarkable governor, is providing the people with a pretty good illustration of how a lot of trouble could have been avoided if such methods had been in vogue when the great railroad and other corporations that puzzle us a great deal today were formed.

For instance, a traction company applied for permission to execute a first mortgage for $8,000,000 and to issue $12,000,000 in stock, making a capitalization of $20,000,000. The commission has power to regulate capitalization, and the corporation, under the law, had to get its permission before issuing the stock.

The commission had its engineers investigate the construction cost of the company's line and other related matters, and then with all available information before it, sanctioned a mortgage for $6,000,000 to secure a bond issue of $4,200,000, and reduced the amount of stock to be issued to less than $1,000,000. In short, it cut the proposed capitalization in two.

Under this system benefits spread in two ways—to the investor and to the public. So far as the public is concerned, this new corporation starts out with an honest capitalization. It will be entitled to earn honest dividends upon that capitalization, and no more. It is the duty of the commission to see that it does not earn more, and that if its income provides too great a revenue, the benefits shall be shared with the people by a reduction of rates. Under the old system, when there was no limit on capitalization and no limit on rates, the corporation would have been capitalized for what its promoters pleased and would have tried to earn dividends on its inflated stock—as thousands of corporations are doing today.

As to the investor, when corporations are capitalized under such auspices, he has some assurance that when he buys stock he is getting what he pays for. The commission may not be infallible, but at the very least it is certain that the investment is safer than it would have been had there been no limit on capitalization except the consciences and judgments of the promoters.

A corporation has a perfect right to issue stock and bonds to the extent of a fair valuation of its property, and it has no right to make its capitalization a dollar more than that. Next it has a right to levy such charges as will return a fair dividend upon that capital, while providing for repairs and maintainance, and it has no right to charge a penny more. It should not even be allowed to provide extensions out of earnings; they should come from new capital.

How different it would have been had all the states enacted laws like this at the beginning of the growth of the corporation form of business! There would have been fewer enormous fortunes, and more general comfort; there would be fewer economic problems, and more stability to the nation's prosperity. As it is, corporations with watered stock provide a vexing problem. They cannot be brought back to their proper capitalization without harming innocent investors who bought in good faith; they cannot be allowed to collect dividends on their inflated stock without injuring the people. But under the New York system, future abuses of that nature can be prevented, and every state should take up this work.—Duluth Herald.

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE.

In political life, as with nature, there is a seed time and a harvest The nomination of J. F. Jacobson for governor by the republicans of Minnesota, and the election which his nomination insures, is the result of years of honest endeavor and efficient service, remunerative to the state and the people of this commonwealth but not to the man himself. For at least a quarter of a century Mr. Jacobson has been closely associated with the legislative and executive departments of the state, faithfully and efficiently performing the varied of public office. Never in that long career, in the many years in which he was the leader of the house of representatives, standing by his convictions and fighting for reform measures which today are written in the statute books of Minnesota, did he once falter in the discharge of what he conceived to be his duty to his state and his party. If mistaken upon a public question his sincerity was never questioned nor his honesty impugned. So impregnable was that position in the halls of legislation that his name became a synonym for legislative reform, and no man in recent years has fathered more important measures than he, or been more successful in securing their enactment. The history of the state bears the imprint of his name.

His nomination is also gratifying in that it was accomplished without the friction which characterized the conventions of two and four years ago and which brought disaster to the republican cause. With harmony prevailing where formerly there was discord and dissension, and with Jacobson at the head of the state ticket in response to the popular demand for his nomination, the republican party can confidently anticipate another state victory at the polls in November. The hearty concurrence of Attorney General Young and Capt. Snider in the nomination of Mr. Jacobson was a graceful act on the part of those two gentlemen and contributed largely to the good fellowship manifested in this convention.—Alexandria Post News.

Divorce on Fiftieth Anniversary.

Mary Doyle at Grand Forks has brought suit against Edward Doyle for a divorce after exactly 50 years of married life. They were married in Marlborough, Mass., in 1858 and Mrs. Doyle asserts that she was deserted in 1892. The defendant she sets forth, wilfully neglected to supply her with the necessities of life and has spent his time in idleness and profligacy.

Sheriff Candidate Was Here.

A. R. Jones, candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff, was in the city Monday looking after his political fences. Mr. Jones is making a good square fight for the nomination and is meeting with a great deal of encouragement. He has a large number of friends in Thief River Falls who are working hard for his success.

The Land of Sunshine.

The tales we used to read about "twenty years ago the land which you now occupy was a wilderness," are out of date, when compared with the up to date creameries and schools of the Eleven townships, of which it can be truly said; four years ago the land which they now occupy was a wilderness, "where the wild fox dug his hole unscared by the tread of the white man."—Sunbeam.

Reiner.

The 4th of July celebration held at the school house was well attended but there was not much excitement. Every one had to be as quiet as a cat trying to catch a mouse. The shooting gallery was not allowed on the school grounds but was put across the line. The young people had a little dance in the evening.

T. O. Berg gave a dance July 5th and every one present reported a good time.

Helmer Halvorson, John Stenvick and Julius Halvorson made a trip to Thief River Falls last week.

—Miss Halvorson went to Warren to see a doctor as she has been sick for some time.

Ditching has been going on in good shape but it is getting too dry now. Three machines have been at work in this district, lately.

We have again lost one of our bachelors. Rumor has it that Walter Quist is married, we wish him happiness and good luck in the future.

J. M. Anderson is at work siding his fathers house.

Mr. and Mrs. Baaland and daughter visited with Andrew Kjaa last Sunday.

The Berg family and Tim and Minnie Anderson visited at Grygla last Sunday.

Mrs. T. Olson, of Aneta was a visitor at Flatland's place last Sunday.

Arne Flatland left for Moorhead last week where he is to make his home for awhile.

Northwestern Live Stock Show.

The Northwestern Livestock Association, which entered the field with a successful show at the Union Stockyards in South St. Paul last year, will present its second annual show at the same place November 17th to 20th, 1908.

This show is conducted in the interests of the farmers and feeders and is not open in competitive classes to Agricultural colleges, with its course of lectures and demonstrations it is designed to furnish much valuable information on the subject of animal husbandry.

The classes in the premium list cover individuals, pen lots and car lots in cattle, hogs and sheep. There are six prizes in each class for the single cattle, and five prizes in each class for swine and sheep singles; while in the car lot division there are four prizes for all kinds in each class.

In all there are nearly [illegible] in premiums; and the small farmer and feeder has a good chance to win some of these prizes.

The territory of the show is limited to Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, the northern part of South Dakota and the northern part of Wisconsin.

Also there are no classes in the premium list for breeding stock. Therefore, the farmers and feeders of this territory will not be brought into competition with the professional herds shown at the big fairs.

Converts the Indians.

Agent Howard has in a great [illegible] and among Indians, a [illegible] system of inducing them [illegible] use of intoxicating liquor. Whenever any of the policemen arrest a drunken man the latter [illegible] and when he gets [illegible] realize what he is doing [illegible] given a good lecture by the agent [illegible] asked to sign the pledge. [illegible] agent [illegible] signed, and [illegible] efforts to keep the [illegible] charge from [illegible] water.—White Earth Tomahawk.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes and hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM. Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

ACADEMY FOR GIRLS

Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph

Crookston, Minn.

The object of this Institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars.

Mother Superior,
St. Joseph's Academy,
Crookston, Minn.

We Do All Kinds Of

Commercial Printing.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston last week.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding last week.

D. Lamberson, the Warren banker, was in the city last week.

C. C. Jackson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ole Thoreson was down to climax to spend Sunday with his parents.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

A. M. Arpin was down from Bronson to spend Sunday with his family.

Mrs. A. Lang went down to Maple Bay last Saturday to spend a few weeks.

H. Hoberg, the Newfolden merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Register of Deeds E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Girls Wanted—Table waitress and cook at once Fertile House, Fertile,

I have a good hay stacker and mower that I will sell cheap. Anton Gunderson.

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

George Gusa was down from Middle River last week attending to business matters.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder, phone 233.

Wanted to rent—A six room house. Address postoffice box No. 815, Thief River Falls.

Ed. Wilcox returned to this city last week a trip down on the White Earth reservation.

John Ristau, one of the substantial farmers of Germantown, was in the city last Friday.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

August Wentzel of Highlanding, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Mesdames L. A. Kaufer and Adam Zeh, of Red Lake Falls, visited friends in the city last week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday looking after his business interests here.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River and Greenbush last week advertising the Red Lake county fair.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niolai.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hensley were down from the Red Lake country last week visiting with old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. K. Hoag arrived in the city last week from Iowa and are the guests of their son, L. M. Hoag.

F. J. Stebbins and family and Dr. Helber were over to Warren Sunday, going in the former's automobile.

James Bulman arrived in the city last Friday evening with the Newberry & Bulman automobile from Bemidji.

Mr. and Mrs. Phil A. Kaufer, former residents of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last Friday visiting old friends.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Mrs. Oscar Larson, of Madison, and Mrs. Severt Glarum, of Willmar, are in the city visiting at the home of Ed Korstad.

Charles Schuster, who is working on the Arpin ditch up near Bronson, was in the city to spend Sunday with his family.

Mrs. Penney and Mrs. Lakin entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon at the home of the former.

Phillip Robbecke returned to this city last week. He decided that Thief River Falls was a better place to live than Montana.

Dr. August Booren arrived in the city last Friday to join his family and spend a few days visiting with his son, Dr. G. W. Booren.

Hay land for rent ½ section of section 1, township of Bray, all hay land. For particulars write. Box 455, Thief River Falls, Minn.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son John, who had been visiting at the Kretzschmar home, returned to Crookston last week.

Mrs. Charles A. Nason left last week for Bemidji to spend several days with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hay, who are camping out on Lake Bemidji.

Ex-Sheriff Dan Linnihan was in the city last week, being enroute to Crosby, N. D., where he has a contract for doing some grading on the Soo line.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

Mrs. James I. Goff and daughter, Rhoeana, mother and sister of Mrs. P. W. Mabey, arrived in the city last Saturday from Ellsworth, Wis, and will spend a couple of weeks here.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Peter Quande, a former resident of this city now engaged in business at Sisston, S. D., was married at that city yesterday. He will come to Thief River Falls with his bride to spend a few days visiting old friends.

For Sale—A twenty-five horse power threshing machine outfit. Complete and in first class condition. Will trade for cattle. For further particulars call at this office of address postoffice box 8, Middle River, Minn.

Olaf Ramstead arrived here last week from Montana with a large bunch of western horses which he is selling to the farmers in this vicinity. They are about the finest lot of western horses ever brought to this city.

Chris Thompson, living about four miles east of town, was overcome by heat while in the Thief River Falls Lumber company's yards last Friday afternoon. He was taken to his home at once and has fully recovered.

Congressman Steenerson regards June 30 as his lucky day, as he journeyed to St. Paul on that date and filed his candidacy for the Republican nomination for congress. He has always filed on that date, and he believes there is virtue in the day.

John A. Erickson, of Thief River Falls, and Miss Emilia Gustafson, of Winnebago county, Illinois, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony in the office of probate judge; on Friday, July 3rd. Judge N. W. Tarrant, officiated.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Wanted—Agents for Diozo the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $4.00 to $15.00 daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Sweasa, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

George Turville, one of the pioneer settlers of Thief River Falls, who is now located in Alberta, about 100 miles north of Calgary, arrived in the city last Saturday and will spend a few days here visiting old friends.

Rev. I. T. Astad was over to Grand Forks last week attending a meeting of the board of directors of Grand Forks college. This college is growing steadily and is now reconized as one of the leading institutions of learning in the North west.

Judge N. T. Moen, of Ada, was in the city Monday, returning from a trip to Viking where he had held a meeting Sunday in the interests of the Anti-Saloon league. Judge Moen says that the district to the north of us is quite sure to send two county option men to the state legislature this fall.

Miss Ida Tanberg, the efficient deputy in the county treasurer's office, is taking a much needed vacation from official duties and is enjoying an outing among relatives and friends at Hatton, N. D. During Miss Ida's absence her sister, Miss Emma, is looking after the business at the counter in the treasurer's office.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

A young man who likes to jolly telephone girls was called by one of them recently and asked if he wouldn't like to go fishing with her. After expressing his pleasure he was told to "hold the line." After keeping the receiver up to his ear for a few minutes it dawned on him that she had landed a sucker. The young man has ceased to jolly telephone girls.—Ex.

Ole Howard had a serious runaway on Saturday that might have been worse. He was mowing hay with a young spirited team, when a bird flew up out of the grass and so frightened them that they became unmanageable and ran away throwing Mr. Howard from the seat and completely wrecking the mower. Fortunately both Mr. Howard and the horses escaped injury, but the mower was only fit for scrap iron.—Sunbeam.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. P. P. Borgen next Wednesday afternoon. All are cordially invited.

Emil Dryfoos is now the sole proprietor of the Thief River Falls Heating and Plumbing company. Arthur Chapman, who was associated with him in the business is now in Duluth.

Lost—A suit case, containing clothing, a razor, pictures and other articles on the road between Thief River Falls and Germantown and Finder please bring to the News Office and receive reward.

A man took up a collection at Fargo last week amounting to $50 and made an exhibition jump from the Fargo high bridge into the Red River. He turned as he jumped and struck on his stomach. Four boats were at hand to rescue him, but although he rose to the surface once, he sank before the boats could reach him and his body was not found until the following day.

The prairie chicken crop promises to be large this season. Farmers who have commenced haying report finding many covies of young birds in their meadows. Apparently the birds were successful in hatching their broods this year, in spite of the heavy and incessant rains. It is said that the covies are unusually large and good shooting is in prospect for the local nimrods next falls.

The death of Mrs. Christian Jenson of the town of Sanders, occured Wednesday, due to septic poisoning from a palmer abcess of the hand. Mrs. Jenson had been suffering with the abcess for about two weeks and death was welcomed as a relief. She leaves a husband and an adopted son to mourn the loss of a devoted wife and mother.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

An exchange advocates a plan whereby young ladies attending church in the evening can register their names in the church vestibule, so that the young men who are in the habit of lingering around the church door can see whether or not their best girl is present and thus set a troubled brain at rest. The plan would undoubtedly be a great convenience for a certain class of young men and would work well in many places.

The fire losses for May in the United States, were $12,492,000, and for Minnesota, $120,000. Hail and cyclone losses have been unusually severe throughout this state during the past month, according to the recent bulletin from the state insurance department. It is only fair to note however that these losses from hail and cyclone have been confined to the lower portion of the state, northern Minnesota being exempt thus far this season from any serious damage resulting from storms.

Albert Hall will have occasion to remember this last 4th of July celebration held here for some time to come. Being a true American patriot he could not resist the temptation to bring the day to a fitting close and so a supply of fireworks was secured. A twenty ball Roman candle was fired and the last ball, instead of going off properly, exploded the remainder of the candle in his hands with disasterous results. "Pills" is now wearing bandages on two very sore and blistered hands.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

HIMSELF HE HUNG

Peter Rude of the Town of Adger. Ended All Sunday Noon.

Temporary Insanity Caused by Drinking Heavily Being the Cause of the Rash Act.

Peter Rude, one of the pioneer residents of the town of Adgar, Marshall county, ended his life at about 12 o'clock Sunday by hanging himself.

Temporary insanity, caused by drinking, was the cause for the rash act Saturday he had been drinking quite heavily and upon returning home Sunday at about twelve o'clock, he unharnessed his team and going into the stable took one of the harness lines, and hung himself to a rafter in the barn. His body was discovered about two hours later.

The deceased was in fairly good financial circumstances and his home relations were most congenial. He was one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Adgar and highly esteemed by all. Besides a wife, he leaves five children, the youngest one being five years of age. The funeral services were held Tuesday.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Thos. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $[illegible]
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed
Prices right.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE.

The tournament and 4th. of July are over, but not our bargain sales. Realizing there will be a little dullness after the late celebrations, we have decided to slaughter prices on some staple lines of summer goods, such goods as people need during the hot season.

For the next two weeks we offer you the following reductions from our former low prices on the following lines.

1-5 off regular price on shirt waists, ladies summer coats, skirts, children's and Misses wash dresses and ladies long silk gloves.

1-4 off regular prices on all summer wash goods, such as white goods, lawns, dimities, Swiss applique, organdies, dotted swisses and silk tissues.

OXFORDS.

10 per cent off regular price on our entire stock of men's women's and children's oxfords, both leather and canvass.

To make our July business larger than ever, we offer special bargains in all departments. For your benefit call and be convinced.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KING GUSTAF 50 YEARS OLD

Received Hearty Congratulations from Home and Abroad—Stockholm People Celebrated the Event.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

On June 16 King Gustaf celebrated his fiftieth birthday and his majesty on that day was the recipient of many hearty congratulations from both at home and abroad. At 10:15 in the morning all the members of the royal family and the Swedish court gathered in the "White Sea" salon (the most elegant apartment in the royal palace) and tendered him their well wishes as well as that of the government. At 11 a. m. came the speaker of the riksdag, accompanied by the supreme court judges and foreign ministers and ambassadors, then the members of the Swedish Academy and the Music Academy and so all along the line. At 12 o'clock sharp the king received a deputation of Swedish-Americans from San Francisco and at 1 p. m. the king gave a dinner to members of the royal family. In the evening there was a family dinner at the apartments of the crown prince and crown princess, when 300 Stockholm singers with the Par Bricolle Chorus in the lead, came to serenade the king. The streets were lined with festive clad people who sang the king's song and were profuse in their exclamations of well wishes for the Swedish monarch. Not for many a day has a Swedish king received such an ovation as did King Gustaf on his fiftieth birthday anniversary and there was no one who seemed so well pleased as the king himself. King Gustaf has a firm hold on his people, who seem to have every confidence in him, and with such peaceful relations between king and people, it would seem that Sweden's future looms especially bright just now.

A large number of Stockholm strikers held a meeting in "Folket's Hus" a week ago last Monday evening for the purpose of protesting against the Wilson Line Steamship company, for importing 400 English strike-breakers from various parts of England. It grew to be an intensely animated meeting and when the police sought in vain to maintain order, the crowd began to throw stones, causing not less than 2,000,000 crowns worth of damage to the adjoining property. It is a general strike, including carpenters, masons and members of the allied unions, which involves thousands of laborers. Now that the building interests and others have commenced to import foreign labor and strike-breakers the situation has grown problematical indeed, and the Stockholm authorities are having their hands full.

Princess Maria has already become so proficient in the use of the Swedish language that she can converse very readily and that without the slightest brogue on almost any topic. She told a newspaper representative how industrious she had been recently. She had gotten up at 5 a. m. in the mornings and also related that her Swedish tutor, Miss Wigert, had been exceedingly strict. The princess is indeed to be congratulated, for it is a well known fact that it is a most difficult thing for members of the British royal house to learn the Swedish language.

The Stockholm papers do not know for sure whether the French president is coming or not. The latest report is now that he is coming, although it was not long ago that it was positively announced that his Swedish trip had been cancelled. According to the "Aftonbladet" he is now due to arrive in Stockholm July 22 and preparations are under way to give him a cordial reception.

The funeral of the Swedish author, Frans Hedberg, took place at St. Jacob's church June 12, Rev. Emeritus Fries officiating. Among those present were members of the Swedish Academy and the Swedish Authors' society and a number of Sweden's most prominent theatrical men. It was one of the largest civil funerals which has occurred in Stockholm for many a year.

The Social Democratic convention has passed resolutions against militarism and in favor of a gradual reduction of the military burdens, of disarmament, of compulsory courts of arbitration, of a permanent Scandinavian neutrality and of vigorous international co-operation between the labor organizations against war.

About twenty European tourist societies sent delegations to the international tourist congress, which was held in Stockholm June 24-28. The tourist delegates were all handsomely entertained during their stay in Stockholm and it did much to advertise the already world-wide hospitality of the Swedish capital.

Grand Duke Dmitri, of St. Petersburg, is at present the guest of King Gustaf at the royal palace.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The Norwegian students' concert tour in Denmark was a splendid success. They were everywhere well received and the programs that were rendered were all of a highly artistic order. The concert at Roskilde cathedral was attended by hundreds of people who had traveled long distances to hear the singers. The acoutics of the old cathedral at Roskilde are perfect, not to say remarkable, and this concert was therefore one of the most successful ones given during the tour in Denmark.

When the "Hellig Olav" arrived at New York the other day there were among the passengers two persons from Norway, who during the voyage had become so attached to one another that they determined to get married when they landed. The captain of the ship sent for a Norwegian minister as soon as the "Hellig Olav" had cast anchor and there on the upper deck the two young people spoke the marriage vows. Their names were Ludwig Swanson and Marie Johnson.

The Norwegian queen is a lady who does not believe in idling away her time. Her recreations consist chiefly of cooking, sewing and even wood carving and book binding. She appears to be much interested in wood carving and she has already turned out some very beautiful pieces. In this respect she certainly sets a good example for her subjects and also draws them closer to her.

The school children of Drammen have set a beautiful example for Norwegian children. On the suggestion of Forester Hvoslof they planted 14,000 trees last month. It is an evidence of the intense interest that has been aroused in the subject of forestry in Norway. Forestry and its preservation are taught in the public schools.

There will be a new literary building erected at the University of Christiania this fall. The storthing has made a substantial appropriation for this purpose. The building will be erected after the drawings of Architect Sinding-Larsen and will, when completed, cost about 850,000 crowns.

The Bergen railway is again open for regular traffic. The first train arrived at Gulsvik June 10. This train carried ninety passengers and fifty-six railway hands. It was composed of nine coaches and two locomotives and the trip was made without the slightest hitch.

The fishery exposition was formally opened last week by King Haakon. His majesty was accompanied by Queen Maud, Crown Prince Olaf and Princess Andreas of Greece. A chorus of 300 voices rendered a cantata especially composed for the occasion by Olaf Olsen.

A Norwegian-Icelandic merchantile company has been organized in Trondhjem with a capital of 75,000 crowns and will begin doing business at once. There will be a branch office in Christiania, while headquarters will be established in Trondhjem.

Jonas Lie, the author, is at present residing with his son in the vicinity of Kolsees near Vaerum. He will remain there until the end of next month when he will return to his home in Fredriks-Vaern.

On June 4 six inches of snow fell in Tromsoe and vicinity. Reports state that the snowstorm was of the genuine kind and was afterwards followed by quite cold weather.

The church committee called on the storthing for an appropriation of 3,000,000 crowns for the purpose of increasing the salaries of public school-teachers.

All the Christiania papers speak very highly of the conduct of the British "tars" during the recent visit to Christiania of the British squadron.

Norwegian broadcloth has become so popular among the society people of Copenhagen that they cannot supply it fast enough from Norway.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A pamphlet entitled "Judgment Day," written by an officer in the Danish army has caused a sensation in the Danish capital. In this pamphlet, the officer proceeds to show in what a deplorable condition are the fortifications of Copenhagen and claims that a few German troops could capture the city, fortifications, barracks and all, including the royal palaces, in a few hours without firing a single shot. Ten editions of the pamphlet have already been sold and it has started such an agitation that the Danish riksdag will be compelled to take up the matter of the city's defenses at the very next session.

The exports of butter, pork and eggs from Denmark to England during the first quarter of the year amount to 7,000,000 crowns more than during the same period last year. This is a remarkable showing and evinces to what a wonderful degree the agricultural interests have been developed in Denmark.

Owing to the stench from defective sewers fourteen children were poisoned the other day in Nyborg and were saved only through the most diligent work of physicians. The board of health has taken up the matter before the city council, which will now be compelled to make a thorough renovation of the city's sewer system.

Princess Margareth, Prince Waldemar and Princess Marie's only daughter, who is now thirteen years old, was recently confirmed in Ordrup by Bishop von Euch, who is the head of the Catholic church in Denmark. The ceremony was attended by many dignitaries from the Danish capital.

A new orphan asylum has been erected at Odense at a cost of 170,000 crowns. It will have accommodations for [illegible] children and was dedicated the other day amid great ceremonies.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Fifteen battleships of the Atlantic fleet sailed from San Francisco on the voyage that is to take them around the world and end at Hampton Roads, whence they started last December. The sixteenth member of the fleet, the Nebraska, was left behind because of an outbreak of scarlet fever among the crew. She will be placed in quarantine three days and thoroughly fumigated, after which she will join her sister ships at Honolulu.

That the railroads of the United States could not lower the wages of their employes without bringing on a strike which would paralyze the country for months and that an increase in freight rates by the railroads in the West as well as in the East cannot be avoided if the railroads are to continue to meet the demands upon them is the view expressed by E. P. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad.

Planning to merge their lumber interests into one great holding corporation, capitalized at approximately $300,000,000, 100 wealthy lumbermen from the yellow pine belt of the South and Middle West met at St. Louis and adopted an organization plan looking toward that end.

The report of the American Railway association giving the number of idle freight cars in the country on June 24 shows that during the two weeks from June 10 to June 24 there was a decrease of 36,720 in the number of surplus cars.

Amid the din of steam whistles ashore and afloat and the cheering of thousands of persons assembled to witness the event the "all big gun" battleship South Carolina was launched at Cramp's shipyard at Philadelphia.

The Arctic exploration steamer Roosevelt has sailed from New York, carrying Commander Robert E. Peary, who is to head another expedition in quest of the North pole.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate a little better trade situation and more promptness in collections.

The swift Cunard liner Lusitania has broken another speed record by logging 643 nautical miles a day.

Oklahoma militia has been sent to the Snake Indian reservation, as the reds were threatening trouble.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

John D. Rockefeller quietly celebrated his sixty-ninth birthday at Forest Hill, his suburban home near Cleveland. Mr. Rockefeller, to the friends who called to congratulate him, declared that he was enjoying splendid health and that he never felt better in his life.

Madame Anna Gould and Prince Helie de Sagan were married at a registry office in Henrietta street, off Covent Garden, London. A subsequent ceremony was conducted at the French Protestant church on Soho square.

John W. Riddle, the American ambassador to Russia, who is ill at St. Petersburg, is making slow but steady progress toward recovery.

Bishop Potter, who is ill at Cooperstown, N. Y., is perceptibly weaker and while in no great pain his condition is considered critical.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Right Rev. Alfred A. Curtis, formerly Roman Catholic bishop of Wilmington, Del., and for a number of years vicar general of Baltimore, is dead.

Mrs. Harriet W. Brand, treasurer of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union, is dead at Chicago.

Charles A. Bishop, judge of the supreme court of Iowa at Des Moines, dropped dead in Waterloo.

Lieutenant Jones of the First cavalry is dead of cholera in the Philippines.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 13.—Wheat—July, $1.11½; Sept., 97⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.16½; No 1 Northern, $1.14½; No 2 Northern, $1.12@1.12½; No. 3 Northern, $1.07@1.10.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 13.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.15; No 1 Northern, $1.14; No. 2 Northern, $1.10½; July, $1.12; Sept., 97½c.—Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.23¾; Sept., $1.22¾; Oct., $1.21½; Nov., $1.21¼; Dec., $1.19½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 13.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$6.50@6.70. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.35; good to choice lambs $4.50@5.15; springs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 13.—Wheat—July, 91¾c; Sept., 91⅝@91¾c; Dec., 93¼@93¾c. Corn—July, 74¾c; Sept., 74⅛c; Dec., 62½c. Oats—July, old, 50¾c; July, 50¼c; Sept., 43⅝c; Dec., 44⅝c. Pork—July, $16.55; Sept., $16.72½; Oct., $16.70. Butter—Creameries, 18@21½c; dairies, 17@[illegible]. Eggs—17½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 10½c; springs, 15@16c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 13.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50@8.15; Texans, $4.[illegible]; Western cattle, $4.50@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.85; cows and heifers, $2.40@6.20; calves, $4.[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $6.25@6.90; mixed, $6.[illegible]@7.00; heavy, $6.35@7.00; rough, $6.35@6.65; good to choice heavy, $6.[illegible]@7.05; pigs, $5.25@6.20. Sheep, $2.75@4.60; yearlings, $4.40@5.30; lambs, $4.00@7.00.

GOLDEN BARLEY, FRAGRANT HOPS AND PURE ARTESIAN WATER—NATURE'S BEST GIFTS. HAMM'S BEER IS A PERFECT COMBINATION OF THESE.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL

"At the Doctors' Convention"

one thing was very noticeable [illegible] the extreme popularity of a good bottled beer [illegible]

Gund's Peerless Beer

[illegible]

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. - La Crosse, Wis.

John Bauer, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch.
Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 156.

WHEN FOOD WAS SCARCE.

Prices That Ruled In Paris During the Siege of 1870.

The following interesting statement of the prices that were paid for food during the siege of 1870 is taken verbally out of the journal of a French officer stationed in Paris at the time:

"Toward the middle of October we had to make up our mind to sacrifice the animals of the zoological garden. The elephants and many other beasts were bought by M. Delios, the owner of the English meat shop in Av. Friendland. The meat of the elephants was sold from $10 to $12 a kilogram (two pounds), the trunk commanding the highest price, $16 a kilogram. The trunk and feet were both declared delicious by all gormands. In the same shop a pair of young wolves were sold for $2.50 per pound. The meat was soft and without taste. The biggest price was paid for a young live lamb that had been swiped by a 'franctireur' from the enemy. One hundred dollars was paid for it.

"Here is an exact price list of some victuals toward the end of the siege:

Two pounds of horseflesh	$5.00
One ham	15.00
A whole cat	3.00
A rabbit	10.00
One turkey	20.00
One egg	1.00
A rat	.50
A pigeon	3.00
One pound of butter	6.00
A pound of beans	1.50
A peck of carrots	2.00
One cabbage head	3.00
One stick of celery	.50
Wood to burn (100 pounds)	2.00

"Even the rich had to live on the meagerest diet and to take into their menu things that till then only the trapper in the virgin forests was supposed to eat. I leave it to you to imagine what kind of meals were served in the small restaurants and boarding houses.

"Moreover, everybody had to submit to the strictest orders. People stood in file before the butcher and baker shops to wait for their turns. Each household was furnished with a card from the municipality authorizing the bearer to buy a certain amount of meat and bread. The cook, the housewife, the young girl, the little child (men never go shopping in France), were posted for hours before the shops in rain and snow, with wet feet, shivering with cold. The unfortunate ones endured without a murmur these hardships. Women throughout the time of the siege were setting an example of courage and self abnegation not always followed by men.

"It was a sad and touching spectacle, these long files of women, nearly all dressed in black, grouped before the doors of the dealers, watched by the national guard, with whom they at first were laughing and chatting, till the sufferings from the cold had silenced the laugh and sometimes brought forth the tears.

"But in spite of all precautions the stores one by one were exhausted, the provisions, put in too late before the siege, were used up, and, while the babies, deprived of milk, died in great numbers or, fed on sweet wine and bread, pined slowly away, the big people tried to find new resources to prolong their lives."

Generous Mrs. Crewe.

A gambling story is told of Charles James Fox that rather reflects on his honor. He was one of the ardent admirers of Mrs. Crewe, a noted beauty of her day, and it is related that a gentleman lost a considerable sum to this lady at play and, being obliged to leave town suddenly, gave Mr. Fox the money to pay her, begging him to apologize to her for his not having paid the debt of honor in person. Fox lost every shilling of it before morning. Mrs. Crewe often met the supposed debtor afterward and, surprised that he never noticed the circumstances, at length delicately hinted the matter to him.

"Bless me!" said he. "I paid the money to Mr. Fox three months ago."

"Oh, did you, sir?" said Mrs. Crewe good naturedly. "Then probably he paid me, and I forgot it."

Risky Revenge.

Gaganini, the wonderful violinist, had a narrow escape at Ferrara from a violent death. Enraged by some hissing from the pit, he resolved to avenge the insult, and at the close of his programme informed the audience that he would imitate the language of various animals. After having rendered the notes of different birds, the mewing of a cat, and the barking of a dog, he advanced to the footlights, and, saying, "This is for those who hissed!" imitated the braying of an ass. At this the occupants of the pit rose, rushed on to the stage and would probably have killed their calumniator had he not hastily retreated.

Fixing His Status.

A waiter spilled some soup on the clothing of a portly, choleric old gentleman dining with his wife in an uptown lobster palace the other night, whereupon the old gentleman jumped to his feet and, calling the manager, burst into a tirade which ended with the somewhat anticlimatic charge that the waiter was "no gentleman."

"This man is not supposed to be a gentleman," said the manager coldly. "He is merely a waiter."—New York Press.

Tammy Spoke.

Minister—If any one present can show cause why this couple should not become man and wife, let him speak now or forever hold his peace. Tammy—I kin, mister. He thinks aunty's only twenty five, and she's forty.

Economy may be the road to wealth, but nine-tenths of those who are compelled to travel it never reach the goal.—Chicago News.

A GHOST STORY.

The Spectral Horseman That Visits Wycollar Hall.

This ghost story is contributed by a correspondent of an English magazine: "Wycollar Hall, near Colne, was long the seat of the Cunliffes of Billington. They were noted persons in their time, but evil days came, and their ancestral estates passed out of their hands. In the days of the commonwealth their loyalty cost them dear, and ultimately they retired to Wycollar with a remnant only of their once extensive property. About 1819 the last of the family passed away, and the hall is now a mass of ruins. Little but the antique fireplace remains entire, and even the room alluded to in the following legend cannot now be identified. Tradition says that once every year a specter horseman visits Wycollar Hall. He is attired in the costume of the early Stuart period, and the trappings of his horse are of a most uncouth description.

"On the evening of his visit the weather is always wild and tempestuous. There is no moon to light the lonely roads, and the residents of the district do not venture out of their cottages. When the wind howls loudest the horseman can be heard dashing up the road at full speed, and, after crossing the narrow bridge, he suddenly stops at the door of the hall. The rider then dismounts and makes his way up the broad oaken stairs into one of the rooms of the house. Dreadful screams, as from a woman, are then heard, which soon subside into groans. The horseman then makes his appearance at the door, at once mounts his steed and gallops off.

"His body can be seen through by those who may chance to be present; his horse appears to be wild with rage, and its nostrils stream with fire. The tradition is that one of the Cunliffes murdered his wife in that room and that the specter horseman is the ghost of the murderer, who is doomed to pay an annual visit to the home of his victim. She is said to have predicted the extinction of the family, which, according to the story, has been literally fulfilled."

THE CRITICS.

These Observers Were Wholly Personal In Their Judgments.

"The critical faculty is rare," said an editor and critic at a Philadelphia art club. "It must be impersonal. But most of us incline to be wholly personal in our criticism. The fact was brought home to me at one of the exhibitions at the Academy of Fine Arts.

"Passing from picture to picture, I overheard many criticisms. Thus a lady in a rich gown said:

"'What a superb portrait of a young girl! It should certainly win the Carnegie prize. It is easy to see that the gown was made by Paquin.'

"A fat, red nosed man in a fur lined overcoat halted before a picture entitled 'The Luncheon.'

"'This still life,' he exclaimed, 'is the most admirable I have ever seen. Terrapin, canvasback, champagne, lobster, even Perigord pie—ah, what a genius.'

"'In this historical painting,' I heard an antiquary say, 'the costumes are accurate in every detail. The painter is a second Raphael.'

"'That horse there,' said a young polo player, 'is exactly like my Podasokus. It's the best picture in the exhibition.'

"An athlete uttered a cry of delight before a daub called 'The Gladiator.'

"'What shoulders! What arms!' he said. 'I bet anything the jury gives this painting the highest award.'

"And half the throng, departing, said:

"'The picture in the last room is the best. No, we didn't see it—couldn't get to it. In fact—but it draws far and away the biggest crowd.'"

Mole Superstitions.

According to tradition, if you have a mole on your chin you may expect to be wealthy, while if you have it under your arm it promises you wealth and honor as well. A mole on the ankle indicates courage. On the left temple a mole indicates that you will find friends among the great ones of the earth, but if it be placed on the right temple it warns you of coming distress. A mole on a man's knee means that he may expect to marry a rich woman. A mole on the neck promises wealth. If you have a mole on your nose you are going to be a great traveler. A mole on the throat indicates health and wealth.

The Silent Winners.

Examine our list of presidential candidates and see how few of them made stump speeches.

George Washington made none.

Thomas Jefferson made none.

John Adams, John Quincy Adams, James Madison, James Monroe made none.

Neither did Andrew Jackson, nor Martin Van Buren, nor General Harrison, nor James K. Polk, nor Franklin Pierce, nor James Buchanan.—Jeffersonian.

A Fortunate Man.

One day a young matron to the market place did go, where she bought an oyster plant, then set it out to grow. Said she, "Next winter we'll have oysters, fresh oysters every day, and what a saving it will be, with not a cent to pay." Oh, but hubby should be thankful it was his lot in life to get such a saving woman for his own little wife."—Chicago News.

An Eye Opener.

"Eight o'clock," exclaimed a guest at a hotel, yawning, "and I'm so sleepy I can scarcely open my eyes."

"Shall I bring your bill, sir?" inquired a waiter.

LEARNING TO SWIM.

The Fat Man Who Was a Model of Patience and Perseverance.

Persistence in undertaking is a laudable virtue, but it can be a bit overdone sometimes, as in a case described by Y. L. Molloy in "Our Autumn Holiday on French Rivers." Mr. Molloy and his friends, longing for a good dive, went to a swimming school on an island in the Seine. They donned their rented costumes and were preparing for the plunge when a man with ropes came along and insisted on tying them about their waists. It was according to police regulations, and, although they made an indignant protest, they were obliged to submit.

While we were dressing, says Mr. Molloy, we asked the two swimming masters for an extra towel.

"Pardon," they replied, "we must attend to our monsieur."

Then we saw that there had come upon the platform a short and absurdly fat man dressed in bathing costume, swimming sandals and oiled cap.

"Let's see him go in," said we. "What a splash he'll make!"

The swimming masters received the new arrival at the middle of the platform. There he balanced himself on his stomach on a wooden stump two feet high. The masters seized him by his hands and feet and with slow and deliberate movements made him strike out with the action of swimming. They kept this up for a quarter of an hour, and the perspiration rolled off him in great drops.

"He'll be awfully hot to go into the water after that," said I.

But he did not go into the water. The swimming lesson over, he moved toward the dressing room, saying:

"I have done better today."

"Ah, yes," answered one of the masters. "Your progress is admirable."

The fat man beamed with complaisance and went in to dress.

I called the swimming masters aside.

"Does 'our monsieur' practice often like that? He must have great perseverance."

"Perseverance! He has worked like this for five years, and he has never been in the water!"

SIGN OF A BEATEN MAN.

Runner Who Looks Behind Almost Sure to Lose the Race.

"There are many more good distance runners now than in my days," said an old time champion after watching a three mile scratch race at the New York Athletic club games. "But the habits of the runners have not changed any, for I noticed one little trick in the race that bore the significance that used to attach to it.

"To the casual onlooker there was nothing to choose between the two leaders when they were beginning the last quarter of a mile. Right from the crack of the pistol they were running almost stride for stride with the low, graceful, easy action of the real long distance runner.

"Neither had called into use the reserve power which must be utilized in the final sprint for victory when they turned into the stretch for the final lap. Then one of them slightly turned his head to see where the third man was.

"'That man is beaten,' was the thought which occurred to me at once, and it proved true, as always, for when the dash for the finish began he allowed his rival to get a lead of five yards before going after him in earnest pursuit.

"From that point to the finish there was no perceptible difference in the speed of the men, but the man who had turned his head to make sure that he would get second place, instead of bending every energy to win, of course landed where his thoughts placed him."—New York Sun.

The Gun Barrels Grew.

In the early days in the northwest, when the Hudson Bay company laid the foundations of great fortunes by trade with the savages and a gun paid for as many beaver skins as would reach to the muzzle of it, the skins packed flat and the gun held upright, it was alleged that the barrel of the weapon grew and grew with each successive year until the Indian, after he had bought it with the peltry, had to borrow a file and cut off a foot of useless metal.

Domestic Bliss.

Wife—I have about made up my mind, John, that when I married you I married a fool. Husband—That reminds me of a remark you made just before we were married. You remember that you said it would be hard to find two people more alike than you and I.

His Glassy Eye.

Doctor—I diagnose all sickness from the patient's eyes. Now, your right eye tells me that your kidneys are affected. Patient—Excuse me, doctor, but my right is a glass eye.—Moody's Magazine.

Simple.

Lawyer (at the theater on the first night)—I can't imagine how the piece can be drawn out into five acts. Author—Oh, that is very simple. In the first act, you see, the hero gets into a lawsuit.

Chance For Imagination.

Newspaper men were to be excluded from a famous trial. "That's good," one of them remarked. "I hate to be hampered by facts in writing up a case of this kind."—Exchange.

The Wife Did It All.

Hewitt—Couldn't you get the person you called up by telephone? Jewitt—Oh, yes. Hewitt—But I didn't hear you say anything. Jewitt—It was my wife I called.—New York Press.

HIT THE WRONG BANK

Story of the Man Who Wanted to Open a Small Account.

A WALL STREET EXPERIENCE.

The Would Be Depositor of Modest Means Found Himself In a Place For Millionaires—An Official's Courteous Explanation and Advice.

"When," said the man who writes pieces for magazines and things, "by some strange and unprecedented chance, I had got hold of a matter of $350 all at one and the same time it looked big to me. By an even more curious chance there wasn't anything that I really needed to do with the money, so I decided that I'd bank it.

"Now, I knew in a general way that in order to put money in a bank you've got to be known and give your pedigree and look respectable, and all that, and I hated to approach a bank without any sort of credentials. Therefore I went to the business manager of a certain magazine which occasionally prints pieces that I write and asked him what I'd better do.

"'Simplest thing in the world,' said he. 'I'll give you a note to our bank.'

"That sounded fine to me. He wrote me the note, and I started for the bank a good deal tickled over how easy the little depositing proceeding had been made.

"The bank to which I had the note is in Wall street. I asked the uniformed man who was standing around where I'd find the receiving teller's window, and he pointed that window out to me. I got into line and watched the teller take in money.

"I must own that I was a bit stalled to note the great size of some of the deposits he was receiving. Why, fellows were giving the money to him by the satchelful. But I had my note in my pocket, and I remained complacent enough with that consciousness.

"When I reached the receiving teller I passed in my note, and the receiving teller, a decidedly civil young man, opened it and read it. Then he looked at me, after which he read the note again, this time with a sort of puzzled expression on his countenance. I didn't see why the receiving teller should be puzzled over such a simple matter, but puzzled he seemed. He rang a bell, and the uniformed man who'd directed me to that window appeared.

"'Show this gentleman to the office of the cashier,' said the receiving teller to the uniformed man, at the same time regarding me with a pleasant smile, and the uniformed man led me down the passageway and took me behind a railing where there was a handsome gray haired gentleman sitting at a desk.

"The handsome gray haired gentleman received me cordially and invited me to be seated. I handed him my note, which the receiving teller had returned to me, and he leaned back in his chair and read it carefully. Then he, too, looked puzzled after he'd read the note a second time. Then he looked at me pleasantly over the tops of his spectacles.

"'Ahem!' said the handsome gray haired gentleman, not disagreeably, but in a nice, banker-like way. 'Might I—er—inquire, Mr. Penphist, without seeming to be unduly inquisitive, as to how—er—large a—er—balance you would usually be carrying?'

"Well, that was a civil enough question, nothing inquisitive about it.

"'Why, sir,' I said to the handsome gray haired gentleman, 'I am opening an account with a matter of some $350, but I shall no doubt make some additions to that within the next two months, and probably I shall carry a balance of—well, say, $500 or $600 right along.'

"The kindly cashier with the gray hair fairly beamed upon me.

"'Er—just so, just so,' said he, twiddling his thumbs. 'We feel complimented, Mr. Penphist, we really do, that you should have come to us. And it is unfortunate—er—really unfortunate, that we are so utterly lacking in facilities for taking care of accounts of such a character.'

"'You see, Mr. Penphist, our institution is of—er—a sort of special character. It is used as a depository by—well, perhaps I should put it in a clearer manner. I say it to you quite in confidence, you understand, Mr. Penphist, but we have only 1,600 depositors on our books, and these 1,600 depositors' aggregate balances amount all the time to a matter of $110,000,000.'

"Well, that was about enough. I saw the light then. I'd drifted into a millionaires' bank on the careless credentials of a business manager who'd written me that note no doubt in a thoughtless mood.

"The gray haired cashier acted bully about it. He recommended a fine bank to me—'one that combines perfect responsibility with the necessary facilities for handling accounts like—er—yours, Mr. Penphist,' he added.

"For all of the cashier's niceness I walked out of there into the cold gray light of Wall street feeling like a good deal of a human caterpillar.

"I didn't go to the bank recommended to me by the cashier; didn't have the time to visit any more banks. I've got $50 left now of the $350, but I'm going to use that as a nest egg, and maybe some day even yet I'll have a bank account."—New York Sun.

The universe is not rich enough to buy the vote of an honest man.—Gregory.

An innocent heart suspects no guile.—Portuguese Proverb.

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KING GUSTAF 50 YEARS OLD

Received Hearty Congratulations from Home and Abroad—Stockholm People Celebrated the Event.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

On June 16 King Gustaf celebrated his fiftieth birthday and his majesty on that day was the recipient of many hearty congratulations from both at home and abroad. At 10:15 in the morning all the members of the royal family and the Swedish court gathered in the "White Sea" salon (the most elegant apartment in the royal palace) and tendered him their well wishes as well as that of the government. At 11 a. m. came the speaker of the riksdag, accompanied by the supreme court judges and foreign ministers and ambassadors, then the members of the Swedish Academy and the Music Academy and so all along the line. At 12 o'clock sharp the king received a deputation of Swedish-Americans from San Francisco and at 1 p. m. the king gave a dinner to members of the royal family. In the evening there was a family dinner at the apartments of the crown prince and crown princess, when 300 Stockholm singers with the Par Bricolle Chorus in the lead, came to serenade the king. The streets were lined with festive clad people who sang the king's song and were profuse in their exclamations of well wishes for the Swedish monarch. Not for many a day has a Swedish king received such an ovation as did King Gustaf on his fiftieth birthday anniversary and there was no one who seemed so well pleased as the king himself. King Gustaf has a firm hold on his people, who seem to have every confidence in him, and with such peaceful relations between king and people, it would seem that Sweden's future looms especially bright just now.

A large number of Stockholm strikers held a meeting in "Folket's Hus" a week ago last Monday evening for the purpose of protesting against the Wison Line Steamship company, for importing 400 English strike-breakers from various parts of England. It grew to be an intensely animated meeting and when the police sought in vain to maintain order, the crowd began to throw stones, causing not less than 2,000,000 crowns worth of damage to the adjoining property. It is a general strike, including carpenters, masons and members of the allied unions, which involves thousands of laborers. Now that the building interests and others have commenced to import foreign labor and strike-breakers the situation has grown problematical indeed, and the Stockholm authorities are having their hands full.

Princess Maria has already become so proficient in the use of the Swedish language that she can converse very readily and that without the slightest brogue on almost any topic. She told a newspaper representative how industrious she had been recently. She had gotten up at 5 a. m. in the mornings and also related that h

ceived and the programs that were rendered were all of a highly artistic order. The concert at Roskilde cathedral was attended by hundreds of people who had traveled long distances to hear the singers. The acoutics of the old cathedral at Roskilde are perfect, not to say remarkable, and this concert was therefore one of the most successful ones given during the tour in Denmark.

When the "Hellig Olav" arrived at New York the other day there were among the passengers two persons from Norway, who during the voyage had become so attached to one another that they determined to get married when they landed. The captain of the ship sent for a Norwegian minister as soon as the "Hellig Olav" had cast anchor and there on the upper deck the two young people spoke the marriage vows. Their names were Ludwig Swanson and Marie Johnson.

The Norwegian queen is a lady who does not believe in idling away her time. Her recreations consist chiefly of cooking, sewing and even wood carving and book binding. She appears to be much interested in wood carving and she has already turned out some very beautiful pieces. In this respect she certainly sets a good example for her subjects and also draws them closer to her.

The school children of Drammen have set a beautiful example for Norwegian children. On the suggestion of Forester Hvoslof they planted 14,000 trees last month. It is an evidence of the intense interest that has been aroused in the subject of forestry in Norway. Forestry and its preservation are taught in the public schools.

There will be a new literary building erected at the University of Christiania this fall. The storthing has made a substantial appropriation for this purpose. The building will be erected after the drawings of Architect Sinding-Larsen and will, when completed, cost about 850,000 crowns.

The Bergen railway is again open for regular traffic. The first train arrived at Gulsvik June 10. This train carried ninety passengers and fifty-six railway hands. It was composed of nine coaches and two locomotives and the trip was made without the slightest hitch.

The fishery exposition was formally opened last week by King Haakon. His majesty was accompanied by Queen Maud, Crown Prince Olaf and Princess Andreas of Greece. A chorus of 300 voices rendered a cantata especially composed for the occasion by Olaf Olsen.

A Norwegian-Icelandic merchantile company has been organized in Trondhjem with a capital of 75,000 crowns and will begin doing business at once. There will be a branch office in Christiania, while headquarters will be established in Trondhjem.

Jonas Lie, the author, is at present residing with his son in the vicinity of Kolsees near Vaerum. He will remain there until the end of next month when he will return to his home in Fredriks-Vaern.

On June 4 six inches of snow fell in Tromsoe and vicinity. Reports state that the snowstorm was of the genuine kind and was afterwards followed by quite cold weather.

The church committee called on the storthing for an appropriation of 3,000,000 crowns for the purpose of increasing the salaries of public school-teachers.

All the Christiania papers speak very highly of the conduct of the British "tars" during the recent visit to Christiania of the British squadron.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Fifteen battleships of the Atlantic fleet sailed from San Francisco on the voyage that is to take them around the world and end at Hampton Roads, whence they started last December. The sixteenth member of the fleet, the Nebraska, was left behind because of an outbreak of scarlet fever among the crew. She will be placed in quarantine three days and thoroughly fumigated, after which she will join her sister ships at Honolulu.

That the railroads of the United States could not lower the wages of their employes without bringing on a strike which would paralyze the country for months and that an increase in freight rates by the railroads in the West as well as in the East cannot be avoided if the railroads are to continue to meet the demands upon them is the view expressed by E. P. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad.

Planning to merge their lumber interests into one great holding corporation, capitalized at approximately $300,000,000, 100 wealthy lumbermen from the yellow pine belt of the South and Middle West met at St. Louis and adopted an organization plan looking toward that end.

The report of the American Railway association giving the number of idle freight cars in the country on June 24 shows that during the two weeks from June 10 to June 24 there was a decrease of 36,720 in the number of surplus cars.

Amid the din of steam whistles ashore and afloat and the cheering of thousands of persons assembled to witness the event the "all big gun" battleship South Carolina was launched at Cramp's shipyard at Philadelphia.

The Arctic exploration steamer Roosevelt has sailed from New York, carrying Commander Robert E. Peary, who is to head another expedition in quest of the North pole.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate a little better trade situation and more promptness in collections.

The swift Cunard liner Lusitania has broken another speed record by logging 643 nautical miles a day.

Oklahoma militia has been sent to the Snake Indian reservation, as the reds were threatening trouble.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

John D. Rockefeller quietly celebrated his sixty-ninth birthday at Forest Hill, his suburban home near Cleveland. Mr. Rockefeller, to the friends who called to congratulate him, declared that he was enjoying splendid health and that he never felt better in his life.

Madame Anna Gould and Prince Helie de Sagan were married at a registry office in Henrietta street, off Covent Garden, London. A subsequent ceremony was conducted at the French Protestant church on Soho square.

John W. Riddle, the American ambassador to Russia, who is ill at St. Petersburg, is making slow but steady progress toward recovery.

Bishop Potter, who is ill at Cooperstown, N. Y., is perceptibly weaker and while in no great pain his condition is considered critical.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Right Rev. Alfred A. Curtis, formerly Roman Catholic bishop of Wilmington, Del., and for a number of years vicar general of Baltimore, is dead.

Mrs. Harriet W. Brand, treasurer of the National Woman's Christian Tem-

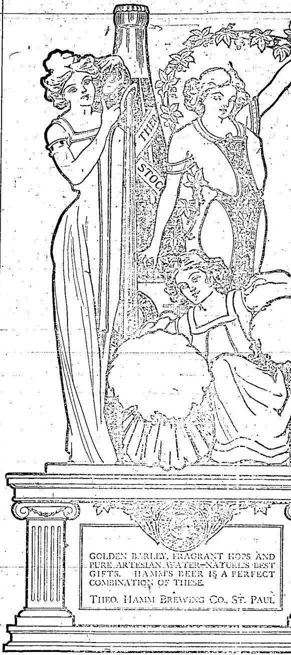

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RETAKE

OF

PRECEDING

PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHEN FOOD WAS SCARCE.

Prices That Ruled in Paris During the Siege of 1870.

The following interesting statement of the prices that were paid for food during the siege of 1870 is taken verbally out of the journal of a French officer stationed in Paris at the time:

"Toward the middle of October we had to make up our mind to sacrifice the animals of the zoological garden. The elephants and many other beasts were bought by M. Debos, the owner of the English meat shop in Av. Friendland. The meat of the elephants was sold from $10 to $12 a kilogram (two pounds), the trunk commanding the highest price, $16 a kilogram. The trunk and feet were both declared delicious by all gormands. In the same shop a pair of young wolves were sold for $2.50 per pound. The meat was soft and without taste. The biggest price was paid for a young live lamb that had been swiped by a 'franctireur' from the enemy. One hundred dollars was paid for it.

"Here is an exact price list of some victuals toward the end of the siege:

Two pounds of horseflesh	$5.00
One ham	16.00
A whole cat	3.00
A rabbit	10.00
One turkey	30.00
One egg	1.00
A rat	.60
A pigeon	3.00
One pound of butter	6.00
A pound of beans	1.50
A peck of carrots	2.00
One cabbage head	3.00
One stick of celery	.50
Wood to burn (100 pounds)	2.00

"Even the rich had to live on the meagerest diet and to take into their menu things that till then only the trapper in the virgin forests was supposed to eat. I leave it to you to imagine what kind of meals were served in the small restaurants and boarding houses.

"Moreover, everybody had to submit to the strictest orders. People stood in file before the butcher and baker shops to wait for their turns. Each household was furnished with a card from the municipality authorizing the bearer to buy a certain amount of meat and bread. The cook, the housewife, the young girl, the little child (men never go shopping in France), were posted for hours before the shops in rain and snow, with wet feet, shivering with cold. The unfortunate ones endured without a murmur these hardships. Women throughout the time of the siege were setting an example of courage and self abnegation not always followed by men.

"It was a sad and touching spectacle, these long files of women, nearly all dressed in black, grouped before the doors of the dealers, watched by the national guard, with whom they at first were laughing and chatting, till the sufferings from the cold had silenced the laugh and sometimes brought forth the tears.

"But in spite of all precautions the stores one by one were exhausted, the provisions, put in too late before the siege, were used up, and, while the babies, deprived of milk, died in great numbers or, fed on sweet wine and bread, pined slowly away, the big people tried to find new resources to prolong their lives."

Generous Mrs. Crewe.

A gambling story is told of Charles James Fox that rather reflects on his honor. He was one of the ardent admirers of Mrs. Crewe, a noted beauty of her day, and it is related that a gentleman lost a considerable sum to this lady at play and, being obliged to leave town suddenly, gave Mr. Fox the money to pay her, begging him to apologize to her for his not having paid the debt of honor in person. Fox lost every shilling of it before morning. Mrs. Crewe often met the supposed debtor afterward and, surprised that he never noticed the circumstances, at length delicately hinted the matter to him.

"Bless me!" said he. "I paid the money to Mr. Fox three months ago."

"Oh, did you, sir?" said Mrs. Crewe good naturedly. "Then probably he paid me, and I forgot it."

Risky Revenge.

Gaganini, the wonderful violinist, had a narrow escape at Ferrara from a violent death. Enraged by some hissing from the pit, he resolved to avenge the insult, and at the close of his programme informed the audience that he would imitate the language of various animals. After having rendered the notes of different birds, the mewing of a cat, and the barking of a dog, he advanced to the footlights, and, saying, "This is for those who hissed!" imitated the braying of an ass. At this the occupants of the pit rose, rushed on to the stage and would probably have killed their calumniator had he not hastily retreated.

Fixing His Status.

A waiter spilled some soup on the clothing of a portly, choleric old gentleman dining with his wife in an uptown lobster palace the other night, whereupon the old gentleman jumped to his feet and, calling the manager, burst into a tirade which ended with the somewhat anticlimatic charge that the waiter was "no gentleman."

"This man is not supposed to be a gentleman," said the manager coldly. "He is merely a waiter."—New York Press.

Tommy Spoke.

Minister—If any one present can show cause why this couple should not become man and wife, let him speak now or forever hold his peace. Tommy—I kin, mister. He thinks aunty's only twenty-five, and she's forty.

Economy may be the road to wealth, but nine-tenths of those who are compelled to travel it never reach the goal.—Chicago News.

A GHOST STORY.

The Spectral Horseman That Visits Wycollar Hall.

This ghost story is contributed by a correspondent of an English magazine: "Wycollar Hall, near Colne, was long the seat of the Cunliffes of Billington. They were noted persons in their time, but evil days came, and their ancestral estates passed out of their hands. In the days of the commonwealth their loyalty cost them dear, and ultimately they retired to Wycollar with a remnant only of their once extensive property. About 1810 the last of the family passed away, and the hall is now a mass of ruins. Little but the antique fireplace remains entire, and even the room alluded to in the following legend cannot now be identified. Tradition says that once every year a specter horseman visits Wycollar Hall. He is attired in the costume of the early Stuart period, and the trappings of his horse are of a most uncouth description.

"On the evening of his visit the weather is always wild and tempestuous. There is no moon to light the lonely roads, and the residents of the district do not venture out of their cottages. When the wind howls loudest the horseman can be heard dashing up the road at full speed, and, after crossing the narrow bridge, he suddenly stops at the door of the hall. The rider then dismounts and makes his way up the broad oaken stairs into one of the rooms of the house. Dreadful screams, as from a woman, are then heard, which soon subside into groans. The horseman then makes his appearance at the door, at once mounts his steed and gallops off.

"His body can be seen through by those who may chance to be present; his horse appears to be wild with rage, and its nostrils stream with fire. The tradition is that one of the Cunliffes murdered his wife in that room and that the specter horseman is the ghost of the murderer, who is doomed to pay an annual visit to the home of his victim. She is said to have predicted the extinction of the family, which, according to the story, has been literally fulfilled."

THE CRITICS.

These Observers Were Wholly Personal In Their Judgments.

"The critical faculty is rare," said an editor and critic at a Philadelphia art club. "It must be impersonal. But most of us incline to be wholly personal in our criticism. The fact was brought home to me at one of the exhibitions at the Academy of Fine Arts.

"Passing from picture to picture, I overheard many criticisms. Thus a lady in a rich gown said:

"'What a superb portrait of a young girl. It should certainly win the Carnegie prize. It is easy to see that the gown was made by Paquin.'

"A fat, red nosed man in a fur lined overcoat halted before a picture entitled 'The Luncheon.'

"'This still life,' he exclaimed, 'is the most admirable I have ever seen. Terrapin, canvasback, champagne, lobster, even Perigord pie—ah, what a genius.'

"'In this historical painting,' I heard an antiquary say, 'the costumes are accurate in every detail. The painter is a second Raphael.'

"'That horse there,' said a young polo player, 'is exactly like my Podasokus. It's the best picture in the exhibition.'

"An athlete uttered a cry of delight before a daub called 'The Gladiator.'

"'What shoulders! What arms!' he said. 'I bet anything the jury gives this painting the highest award.'

"And half the throng, departing, said:

"'The picture in the last room is the best. No, we didn't see it—couldn't get to it, in fact—but it draws far and away the biggest crowd.'"

Mole Superstitions.

According to tradition, if you have a mole on your chin you may expect to be wealthy, while if you have it under your arm it promises you wealth and honor as well. A mole on the ankle indicates courage. On the left temple a mole indicates that you will find friends among the great ones of the earth, but if it be placed on the right temple it warns you of coming distress. A mole on a man's knee means that he may expect to marry a rich woman. A mole on the neck promises wealth. If you have a mole on your nose you are going to be a great traveler. A mole on the throat indicates health and wealth.

The Silent Winners.

Examine our list of presidential candidates and see how few of them made stump speeches.

George Washington made none.

Thomas Jefferson made none.

John Adams, John Quincy Adams, James Madison, James Monroe made none.

Neither did Andrew Jackson, nor Martin Van Buren, nor General Harrison, nor James K. Polk, nor Franklin Pierce, nor James Buchanan.—Jeffersonian.

A Fortunate Man.

One day a young matron to the market place did go, where she bought an oyster plant, then set it out to grow. Said she, "Next winter we'll have oysters, fresh oysters every day, and what a saving it will be, with not a cent to pay. Oh, but hubby should be thankful it was his lot in life to get such a saving woman for his own little wife."—Chicago News.

An Eye Opener.

"Eight o'clock," exclaimed a guest at a hotel, yawning, "and I'm so sleepy I can scarcely open my eyes!"

"Shall I bring your bill, sir?" inquired a waiter.

LEARNING TO SWIM.

The Fat Man Who Was a Model of Patience and Perseverance.

Persistence in undertaking is a laudable virtue, but it can be a bit overdone sometimes, as in a case described by Y. L. Molloy in "Our Autumn Holiday on French Rivers." Mr. Molloy and his friends, longing for a good dive, went to a swimming school on an island in the Seine. They donned their rented costumes and were preparing for the plunge when a man with ropes came along and insisted on tying them about their waists. It was according to police regulations, and, although they made an indignant protest, they were obliged to submit.

While we were dressing, says Mr. Molloy, we asked the two swimming masters for an extra towel.

"Pardon," they replied, "we must attend to our monsieur."

Then we saw that there had come upon the platform a short and absurdly fat man dressed in bathing costume, swimming sandals and oiled cap.

"Let's see him go in," said we. "What a splash he'll make!"

The swimming masters received the new arrival at the middle of the platform. There he balanced himself on his stomach on a wooden stump two feet high. The masters seized him by his hands and feet and with slow and deliberate movements made him strike out with the action of swimming. They kept this up for a quarter of an hour, and the perspiration rolled off him in great drops.

"He'll be awfully hot to go into the water after that," said I.

But he did not go into the water. The swimming lesson over, he moved toward the dressing room, saying:

"I have done better today."

"Ah, yes," answered one of the masters. "Your progress is admirable."

The fat man beamed with complaisance and went in to dress.

I called the swimming masters aside.

"Does 'our monsieur' practice often like that? He must have great perseverance."

"Perseverance! He has worked like this for five years, and he has never been in the water!"

SIGN OF A BEATEN MAN.

Runner Who Looks Behind Almost Sure to Lose the Race.

"There are many more good distance runners now than in my days," said an old time champion after watching a three mile scratch race at the New York Athletic club games. "But the habits of the runners have not changed any, for I noticed one little trick in the race that bore the significance that used to attach to it.

"To the casual onlooker there was nothing to choose between the two leaders when they were beginning the last quarter of a mile. Right from the crack of the pistol they were running almost stride for stride with the low, graceful, easy action of the real long distance runner.

"Neither had called into use the reserve power which must be utilized in the final sprint for victory when they turned into the stretch for the final lap. Then one of them slightly turned his head to see where the third man was.

"'That man is beaten,' was the thought which occurred to me at once, and it proved true, as always, for when the dash for the finish began he allowed his rival to get a lead of five yards before going after him in earnest pursuit.

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His Glassy Eye.

Doctor—I diagnose all sickness from the patient's eyes. Now, your right eye tells me that your kidneys are affected. Patient—Excuse me, doctor, but my right is a glass eye.—Moody's Magazine.

Simple.

Lawyer (at the theater on the first night)—I can't imagine how the piece can be drawn out into five acts. Author—Oh, that is very simple. In the first act, you see, the hero gets into a law suit.

Chance For Imagination.

Newspaper men were to be excluded from a famous trial. "That's good," one of them remarked. "I hate to be hampered by facts in writing up a case of this kind."—Exchange.

The Wife Did It All.

Hewitt—Couldn't you get the person you called up by telephone? Jewitt—Oh, yes. Hewitt—But I didn't hear you say anything. Jewitt—It was my wife I called.—New York Press.

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The Would Be Depositor of Modest Means Found Himself In a Place For Millionaires—An Official's Courteous Explanation and Advice.

"When," said the man who writes pieces for magazines and things, "by some strange and unprecedented chance, I had got hold of a matter of $350 all at one and the same time it looked big to me. By an even more curious chance there wasn't anything that I really needed to do with the money, so I decided that I'd bank it.

"Now, I knew in a general way that in order to put money in a bank you've got to be known and give your pedigree and look respectable, and all that, and I hated to approach a bank without any sort of credentials. Therefore I went to the business manager of a certain magazine which occasionally prints pieces that I write and asked him what I'd better do.

"'Simplest thing in the world,' said he. 'I'll give you a note to our bank.'

"That sounded fine to me. He wrote me the note, and I started for the bank a good deal tickled over how easy the little depositing proceeding had been made.

"The bank to which I had the note is in Wall street. I asked the uniformed man who was standing around where I'd find the receiving teller's window, and he pointed that window out to me. I got into line and watched the teller take in money.

"I must own that I was a bit stalled to note the great size of some of the deposits he was receiving. Why, fellows were giving the money to him by the satchelful. But I had my note in my pocket, and I remained complacent enough with that consciousness.

"When I reached the receiving teller I passed in my note, and the receiving teller, a decidedly civil young man, opened it and read it. Then he looked at me, after which he read the note again, this time with a sort of puzzled expression on his countenance. I didn't see why the receiving teller should be puzzled over such a simple matter, but puzzled he seemed. He rang a bell, and the uniformed man who'd directed me to that window appeared.

"'Show this gentleman to the office of the cashier,' said the receiving teller to the uniformed man, at the same time regarding me with a pleasant smile, and the uniformed man led me down the passageway and took me behind a railing where there was a handsome gray haired gentleman sitting at a desk.

"The handsome gray haired gentleman received me cordially and invited me to be seated. I handed him my note, which the receiving teller had returned to me, and he leaned back in his chair and read it carefully. Then he, too, looked puzzled after he'd read the note a second time. Then he looked at me pleasantly over the tops of his spectacles.

"'Ahem!' said the handsome gray haired gentleman, not disagreeably, but in a nice, banker-like way. 'Might I—er—inquire, Mr. Penphist, without seeming to be unduly inquisitive, as to how—er—large a—er—balance you would usually be carrying?'

"Well, that was a civil enough question, nothing inquisitive about it.

"'Why, sir,' I said to the handsome gray haired gentleman, 'I am opening an account with a matter of some $350, but I shall no doubt make some additions to that within the next two months, and probably I shall carry a balance of—well, say, $500 or $600 right along.'

"The kindly cashier with the gray hair fairly beamed upon me.

"'Er—just so, just so,' said he, twiddling his thumbs. 'We feel complimented, Mr. Penphist, we really do, that you should have come to us. And it is unfortunate—er—really unfortunate, that we are so utterly lacking in facilities for taking care of accounts of such a character.'

"'You see, Mr. Penphist, our institution is of—er—a sort of special character. It is used as a depository by—well, perhaps I should put it in a clearer manner. I say it to you quite in confidence, you understand, Mr. Penphist, but we have only 1,600 depositors on our books, and these 1,600 depositors' aggregate balances amount all the time to a matter of $110,000,000.'

"Well, that was about enough. I saw the light then. I'd drifted into a millionaires' bank on the careless credentials of a business manager who'd written me that note no doubt in a thoughtless mood.

"The gray haired cashier acted bully about it. He recommended a fine bank to me—one that combines perfect responsibility with the necessary facilities for handling accounts like—er—yours, Mr. Penphist,' he added.

"For all of the cashier's niceness I walked out of there into the cold gray light of Wall street feeling like a good deal of a human caterpillar.

"I didn't go to the bank recommended to me by the cashier; didn't have the nerve to visit any more banks. I've got $50 left now of the $350, but I'm going to use that as a nest egg, and maybe some day even yet I'll have a bank account."—New York Sun.

The universe is not rich enough to buy the vote of an honest man.—Gregory.

An innocent heart suspects no guile.—Portuguese Proverb.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

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SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN.

Socialists Think Woman Is Man's Equal as a Human Being.

Why do Socialists believe that woman ought to have the right to vote?

Well, in the first place, because woman is the equal of man as a human being. She is not his equal in physical prowess. She can't do the heavy day's work that a man can generally. And it is possible that woman in the grand average has not the mental reach, the brain power, of man. But the heart power of woman, the love and service she will give an object of affection—in this she completely surpasses man. Without the sacrificing mother nature of women the world would be empty of people. The man who speaks of the "natural inferiority of woman" slanders the woman who suckled him and discredits the wife who is supposed to be his comrade.

The Socialist acknowledges that if women had the right to vote it probably would not make a great deal of difference in the result of elections. But because woman is a human being and the equal of man the mothers and sisters and wives of men should have the right to the ballot.

The property of a woman is taxed as that of a man. Why shouldn't the woman have something to say as to what sort of men shall spend the money she pays in taxes?

The boy of a mother can be drafted for war purposes and sent to the front and torn to pieces by a flying shell. Why shouldn't the mother of that boy have something to say as to the presidents and congresses that hold the powers of war?

Just think of a woman like Ida Tarbell, whose historical writings and industrial studies have made the whole world her debtor, being barred from voting! A superb and brilliantly intellectual woman like Mrs. Raymond Robbins, Minnie Maddern Fiske or Lillian Steichen is barred from the ballot, while thick necked, leer eyed politicians who openly boast that they can buy ballots with whisky have the privilege of voting.—Charles Sandburg.

THE IDEA ADVANCING.

Worldwide Growth of Socialism Among the Rich.

Socialism is one of the livest topics of the hour. It is by no means a local question. It is not merely a national affair. It is a world movement, and it foreshadows a great intellectual and economic uplift of the race. It is bounded by no distinctions of class. The first intelligent Socialism I ever heard talked of came to me in the elegant precincts of a downtown club where a thousand men of New York, probably the leading thousand men of that great city, meet each noon at lunch. I was amazed to find that the very men against whom the Socialist argument is chiefly directed—the men of Wall street—were discussing this idea as the ultimate and inevitable goal of economic development.

I know another club in San Francisco, composed of the most prominent citizens of California, who meet once a month for a quiet dinner and behind closed doors express their true convictions under pledge of secrecy. Not even the name of their club is known to the newspapers. The advanced ideas which are discussed behind those closed doors would be a revelation to the public. I do not mean to imply that these ideas are Socialism pure and simple. But in their general character they walk far in advance of the procession. The point is that most intelligent men have two opinions about current affairs—their public opinion and their private opinion. That the private opinion of the great common intelligence which rules the world is preparing for "a new birth of institutions" in some future day, near or remote, there can be no doubt whatever in the minds of those who think.—Out West Magazine.

Socialism In Poland.

In the election to the Galicia landtag (assembly)—Polish party of Austria—in the cities the following parties elected their men: Fourteen Democrats, four Social Democrats, four Conservatives, one German National.

The fact that the wage earners have no right to vote the election of four Socialists is significant, the agitation having to be carried into the small storekeepers and property holders paying direct taxes.

Yes, even Poland is waking up. And the work done by our Polish comrades in the old country will mighty soon show its fruit also in this country and city.

Comrade Daszinsky was lately elected in one of the Polish districts to the Austrian parliament, receiving 8,400 votes against 2,000 votes of his opponents.

Take Your Choice.

Why should any one who believes in popular government be afraid of Socialism? It can never be more than a theory unless a majority demand it. Are you opposed to majority rule? If the majority are unfit to rule, how about the minority of wealth owners who now rule? But perhaps you prefer one man, unlimited monarch rule, which differs but little in effect from the rule of an unlimited aristocracy of wealth. Take your choice and vote accordingly, but don't be afraid of Socialism unless you are opposed to popular government.

A Facetious Comment.

You have let the gold bug twins do your work, people of America, and now enjoy the consequences! And this is what capitalist management of affairs brings us to: High prices, low wages, lack of work, scrip money. How do you like it, you who voted for [illegible]—Exchange.

DEFENDER OF RIGHT.

Socialist Party the Only One That Fights For the People.

We are in the midst of distressing times.

The Republicans won the devotion of mankind when they fought for republicanism.

The Democrats won the devotion of mankind when they fought for democracy.

But the sons of those who led the old crusades are now rich and powerful. They work under the old names, but they have abandoned the old ideals.

The Republicans and the Democrats are today the exploiters of labor and of the people.

It is left to Socialists to fight the battles of the republic and the battles of democracy.

The Socialist party is the only opposition party. It is the only party willing to suffer to retain the old rights and to win new rights.

In the distressing times to come let those who are watching the battles of the Socialists remember these words of an old Republican:

"When you see a man led to prison or the gallows be not hasty to say, 'This is a wicked man who has committed a crime against men.'"

For it may be he is a righteous man who has been fain to serve men and who is punished by his oppressors.

When you see a people loaded with chains and given over to the executioner be not hasty to say, "This people is a violent people that desires to trouble the peace of the earth."

For it may be that it is a martyred people which dies for the salvation of mankind.

Eighteen centuries ago in an eastern city the high priests and kings of that day nailed upon the cross, after having beaten him with rods, one whom they called a rebel and a blasphemer.—Robert Hunter.

INDUSTRY'S SLAUGHTER.

America Leads the World In the Killing of Human Beings.

During the last nineteen years the railroads of America have killed 143,527 persons. During the same period 931,450 persons have been injured by American railroads.

During the last seventeen years American coal mines have killed 22,840 men, made at least 10,000 widows and upward of 40,000 orphans.

The total life cost of the civil war from disease as well as death was less than 300,000 lives. In the war of the Revolution the American dead and wounded together numbered less than 8,000. The total cost of Cuba and the Philippines has been less than 2,000 American lives.

During a single year American street railways killed and injured a few less than 40,000 persons. In New York the record of twenty-seven days alone showed 42 deaths and 5,500 injuries.

American industrial plants are estimated to kill every year at least 25,000 men and to injure 125,000 more.

American building operations cost 3,000 lives every year, and 10,000 other persons sustain injuries.

Pleasure costs more than 1,000 American lives each year.

The American automobile accidents of last year took 229 lives, without estimating the thousands more or less seriously injured.

There are 1,000 American murders every year.

America appears to be the world's slaughter house for human beings.

Hot Shots.

It's too bad about how the Socialists want to "divide up." They even want to divide the work with the coupon clippers and profit pumpers and compel the idle capitalist to produce the equivalent of what he consumes.

Socialism is the deathknell of that kind of liberty which gives capitalists the freedom to acquire ownership of the earth and deny its use to others save on their own terms and which gives workingmen the freedom to work for what they can get when they can get a job and starve when they can't.

The first mill erected by Cartwright equipped with his weaving loom was burned by incendiaries in 1791. The path of progress has always been obstructed by the ignorant and conservative classes, who are satisfied with the world as they found it. "What was good enough for grandfather is good enough for us."—Appeal to Reason.

Sees It Coming.

Says the Washington Post, a great capitalistic paper: Daily it becomes more manifest that political America is separating into two camps, the individuals and the Socialists. A new party has been created, and it is not extravagant to intimate that it will poll 2,000,000 votes next November. It threatens to destroy the Democratic party, though that is a job the Democratic party has already accomplished to all intents and purposes, and then strive for the mastery against the Republican party. That would fetch the new alignment of conservative versus liberal, of individualism versus Socialism. That is what is coming.

The Socialist Movement of Berlin.

The executive board of the Social Democratic party of Berlin and vicinity has just published an interesting report on receipts and expenditures and the active dues paying membership. The eight Berlin districts increased their active dues paying membership from 64,918 in 1906 to 82,427 in December, 1907. The total receipts for the years in dues were 324,390.82 marks; total expenditures, 290,564.07 marks.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

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Manufacturers of Store, Bank, Office and Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.
The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.
Every Howard is [illegible]
When you buy a Howard you get something [illegible]
We are [illegible]
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

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Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month.

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HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Don't Miss It: Red Lake County Fair, Thief River Falls, August 5, 6 and 7

ST. PAUL
Historical Society

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1908 NUMBER 30

GOOD ROADS IMPORTANT

Postoffice Department to Cut off Rural Delivery Where Roads Are Bad.

Any 100 Families Living on 25 Miles of Good Road Can Secure Rural Delivery.

Postmaster Kratka informs us that the recent movement inaugurated by the postoffice department to cut off rural free delivery wherever roads are permitted to become bad is far more important than it appeared to be at first glance.

It is intended simply to compel localities having the privilege of rural free delivery to provide the rural carrier with passable roads.

Its effects, however, will go much farther than was contemplated by the postoffice department, and should provide a strong impetus for good roads movement everywhere.

Any country community, having a hundred families living on not more than 25 miles of good road, can get a route established by filing a petition showing that conditions accord with the requirements of the department. After the petition is in an inspector goes over the proposed route to make sure that the required number exist, that the route does not exceed the prescribed limit, and unless the appropriation for that purpose is exhausted the department will provide the route.

This privilege is priceless, and it has done much to ameliorate living conditions on the farms. The farmer gets his letters and newspapers every day except Sunday, and keeps as closely in touch with the world as does the dweller in the city—closer, on the average, because he reads more and thinks more.

But the free delivery system does not pay. Indeed, it is conducted at a large expense, and will continue to be a losing venture until the parcels post is extened so that the revenue from this source will overcome the deficit. The system will never be abolished, but it can be curtailed very materially under the plan of the department to insist upon good roads.

In these circumstances, the patrons—or rather the beneficiaries—of many rural routes will be confronted with the alternative of improving their roads or of losing the free delivery.

There can be no doubt which horn of the dilemma will be chosen, says an exchange. The farmers do not wish to lose their rural routes and the country does not wish them. So the roads will be improved.

This provides just the leverage needed, in many cases, to keep the good roads movement going. The department is acting justly with its rural carriers when it insists upon good roads, and by insisting on good roads its policy will materially benefit many parts of the country that are being held back now for the lack of roads over which produce can be hauled to market economically and profitably. The difference between good roads and bad roads often represents the better the road cheaper the carriage, and the poorer the roads the more expensive the freight cost.

The Great Northern will have to pay $60,000 into the state treasury as the result of a decision handed down in the district court at St. Paul last week. This is for gross earnings tax on some of the branch lines for the year 1905, the road claiming that they should pay at the rate of 3 per cent and the court deciding that the tax should be paid at the rate of 4 per cent of the gross earnings.

BURIED IN THE SAND

Nephew of Mrs. J. Borry, of this City, Meets a Horrible Death.

Was Buried in the Cave-in of an Embankment of Sand.

Mrs. J. Borry last week received the sad information of the horrible death of her nephew, Arthur Jurgens, which occured at Minneapolis. The little fellow had visited Thief River Falls with his mother in the past and was known to a number of residents of this city. The following taken from the Minneapolis Journal explains the matter:

A hand projecting from the ground near the terminal of the Sixth avenue N streetcar line at Russell avenue led today to the discovery of the body of Arthur Jurgens, 12 years old, 615 Penn avenue N, who met a horrible death last night in the cave-in of an embankment. Had it not been for the projecting hand the mystery surrounding the boy's disappearance might never have been unraveled.

Arthur Jurgens was the son of Nic Jurgens, a lieutenant in engine company No 16. He delivered papers every evening, and he left his home yesterday to meet a Sixth avenue N car to secure his evening assignment of papers. Several people noticed the boy sitting under an embankment near the end of the streetcar line, where he had undoubtedly gone to escape the rays of the sun.

Arthur Jurgens did not deliver his papers, and he did not return home last night. Finally his family organized a searching party, but the boy could not be found. Early today the conductor of a Sixth avenue car noticed a hand projecting above the earth on the side of an embankment. He noticed, too, that the embankment had caved in, and he at once informed the police. Firemen arrived and began to dig.

Just below the surface of the earth they found the body of Arthur Jurgens, the son of one of their own number. Nobody had witnessed the tragedy, and the help which might have saved the boy from an awful death never came.

The funeral will take place from the home, Friday at 3 p. m. Burial will be in Crystal Lake cemetary.

LID APPLIES TO BUFFETS

Assistant Attorney General Rules That Liquor Cannot Be sold on Buffet Cars.

Ruling an Important One and Means Much to the Railroads of the State.

Sale of liquor on dining or buffet cars in Minnesota is a violation of law according to an opinion written by George W. Peterson, assistant attorney general. Mr. Peterson takes the position that the revenue tax paid to the federal government is for revenue only and carries with it no authority for the sale of liquor in Minnesota, and except for that revenue tax the railroads pay no form of license fee or tax.

The assistant attorney general took up the question at the request of N. E. Peterson of Albert Lea, county attorney of Freeborn county. This is the first time it has been presented to the attorney general's office. The assistant attorney general says in his opinion that he has been unable to find in the laws any authority or permission for the railroad companies to sell liquor at retail on their trains, and that in the absence of any such authority the practice must be called unlawful.

This opinion raises a question that would prove serious to the railroad companies if the courts should take the same view as the assistant attorney general, for the companies could be prosecuted in every county thru which their dining cars pass.

Railroad attorneys say that the question is a new one and will have to be taken up on request of the operating departments of their roads if they run against any trouble under the ruling. Roads operating in the state alone may have a different attitude to the law, while the interstate lines believe they are immune from any interference with their business under the results of the ruling.

"The question is one that will interest all lines operating in the state," said the attorney of an interstate line.

"It does not seem to me, however, that the train of a road engaged in interstate commerce business can be held up at any point and the road penalized for doing something that is legal as an interstate carrier.

"If it were illegal to sell liquor in Minnesota, and a man closed the purchase of liquor in St. Louis where the sale of liquor is legal, an interstate road could deliver that liquor in Minnesota. If the government liquor tax for our dining and buffet cars has been paid and the road is thus authorized to sell liquor, and has complied with all the terms of its contract as an interstate carrier, I am inclined to think it cannot be penalized because it has not paid a county license in Minnesota."

Soil Finest In The World.

At Fergus Falls several samples of soil from the flats west of there were recently sent to a chemist at the state university for examination, and his report which has been received, tends to sustain that the Red River Valley, of which this is the lower end, is the richest valley in the world. The report shows that the soil is almost as rich in potash and nitrogen, the two great plant foods, as is ordinary manure, and the report shows that phosphorus is also found in abundance. A soil containing one-fourth as much these elements as the report indicates would be considered a good soil.

One man who has a well drained farm there has raised good crops of wheat on the same land for twenty-one years, which is a record that very few parts of the country can equal.

2 DIRECTORS ARE ELECTED

Emil E. Zeh and C. C. Jackson Elected School Directors Without Opposition.

Sum of $14,500 Voted for the Support of Our City Schools This year.

School election Saturday evening was a very tame affair. There was no opposition to Emil E. Zeh and C. C. Jackson as members and both were reelected for a term of three years.

The sum of $14,500 was voted for school purposes for the coming year. This is the same amount as was voted last year, but as the valuation is much higher this year, the tax rate will be much less. The report of the treasurer and clerk as read at the meeting are as follows:

CLERK'S STATEMENT.

Statement of Independent School District No 18, Red Lake county, Minn. for the year ending July 18th, 1908.

EXPENDITURES.

Teacher's wages	$12202 00
Incidental account	701.27
Fuel account	484.19
Furniture and apparatus	503.68
Bonds and interest	1610.77
Rent, officers' and janitors' salaries	11659.37
Text books	22 08
Insurance	506.25
Repairs	1127.12
Supplies	375.64
Library account	487 03
Total	$19675.40

RECEIPTS

To balance on hand—cash—July 19th, 1907	$ 568 27
July 18, 1908, to amount in full from apportionment	7200.50
To amount in full from local one mill tax	587.13
To amount in full from special taxes	13927.19
To amount in full from state aid normal Dept	750.00
To amount in full from interest on deposits	80.16
To amount in full from stoves and desks etc. sold	60.01
Total	$23173 29

STATEMENT OF OUT STANDING BONDS

$18000.00, high school bonds, 4½ per cent, due May 1, 1917.

$2500.00, building bonds, 7 per cent, due August 18, 1910.

$6200.00, refunding bonds, 5 per cent, due November 1, 1919.

$18000.00, improvement fund, 4 per cent, due July 1, 1925.

$45300.00, Total outstanding bonds.

Signed, G. A. Penney,
District Clerk.

TREASURER'S ANNUAL REPORT.

To The Clerk of Ind. School Dist. No. 18, of Red Lake County, Minn.

Sir:— In accordance with law I herewith file with you for presentation at the Annual Meeting of School District No. 18, to be held on July 19th, 1908, the following report of all monies received and disbursed by me as Treasurer of said District for the school year ending July 18th, 1908:

RECEIPTS.

July 19, 1907, balance cash on hand	$ 568.27
July 18, 1908, received from apportionment	7,200.50
Received from local one mill tax	587.13
Received from special taxes	13,927.19
Received from state aid to normal school	750.00
Received from interest on deposits	80.16
Received from all other sources	60.04
Total amount received	$23,173.29

DISBURSEMENTS

Paid for teachers' wages, as per clerk's order	$12,162.00
Paid out for incidentals, including insurance	1,207.52
Paid for Fuel	484.19
Paid for apparatus and furniture	406.76
Paid out for interest on outstanding bonds	1,327.00
Paid out for books for the school library	235.40
Paid for officers' and janitors' salaries	1,059.37
Paid out for repairs on school buildings	1,127.12
Paid out for miscellaneous supplies	394.70
Paid out for interest on school orders	283.77
July 18, 1908, by balance cash on hand	3,955.46
Total	$23,173.29
Unpaid orders outstanding	457.57

STATEMENT OF CASH IN FUNDS.

July 18, 1908, cash in sinking fund	$ 3,000.00
July 18, 1908, cash in general fund	955.46
Total cash on hand	$3,955.46

Respectfully Submitted,
Emil E. Zeh,
Treasurer.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niclai.

You hear talk these days about economy;

maybe you're economical yourself. It's a good thing; we believe in it; but it's best to be clear as to what economy is.

Economy isn't buying cheap stuff because it's low priced; nor paying too much for good stuff because it's good.

Real economy is measured by comparing what you get with what it costs; a question of proportion not price.

That's why you ought to buy our Hart Schaffner & Marx clothing; they're wool; perfectly tailored; correct in style. You get better value and bigger returns for your money in these goods than in any other.

Liberal discounts on all summer clothes.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & F. Clothes, Crossett Shoes & Gordon Hats.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.02
Oats	43c
Flax	$1.11
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	18c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Ole Thoreson was up to Winnipeg last week.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

Louis Hanson was up to Greenbush last Saturday.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Patton Tuesday.

James Wilson was in the city last week visiting old friends.

August Hoppe was down to St. Hilaire *the first of the week.*

James Martin was down to Crookston the first of the week.

A. C. Kvennes was down from Middle River to spend Sunday.

Albin Young, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Val Yarger and family were down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Capt. Cummings came down from the Red Lake country last week.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

Clarence Cummings and wife were over from Oslo to spend Sunday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 211.

Frank Lawrence was up from Fergus Falls to spend Sunday with his family.

Edwin Hill and Otto Keihl were up to Winnipeg for a couple of days last week.

Girls Wanted—Table waitress and cook at once. Fertile House, Fertile,

I have a good hay stacker and mower that I will sell cheap. Anton Gunderson.

Found—A necklace. Owner can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

Tom Lewis was in the city last week from Euclid attending to business matters.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder, phone 233.

Wanted to rent—A six room house. Address postoffice box No. 815, Thief River Falls.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at this News office.

The board of county commissioners are in session this week, meeting as a board of equalization.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Peter Qvande and bride arrived in the city Sunday morning to spend a few days visiting with relatives.

Charles E. Murphy and Miss Clara Lohnier, both of this city, were married in Crookston last week.

Rier Rierson, the Holt merchant, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Lakin left the first of the week for her old home in Illinois to spend a few weeks visiting with friends.

G. W. Hawes, traveling frieght agent for the Soo, was in the city Tuesday shaking hands with old friends.

Joseph Johnson, the sheep king of the town of Star, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jerome, of Battle River, old residents of Thief River Falls, were in the city last week visiting friends.

Little marie Collins, of St. Hilaire, who had been visiting the children of M. C. Burns, returned home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Penney arrived in the city Tuesday from Carrollton, Ill., to spend a few weeks visiting her son, Dr. G. A. Penney.

The base ball dance given at the Armory Tuesday evening was largely attended, and the boys netted a nice sum.

Mrs. O. Tessum returned to this city the first of the week from a six weeks visit with friends in Southern Minnesota.

Rev. [illegible], who had been here conducting revival services, left Monday for Crookston and from there goes to St. Vincent.

Hay land for rent [illegible] section 1, township of Bray, all hay land. For particulars write Box [illegible], Thief River Falls, Minn.

For Rent—Hay and field land. Good buildings. Northwest quarter, section 12, town 155, range 43. Inquire of First State Bank.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

D. Collins, C. Swanson, T. J. Sumpter and Roy V. Lewis, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

The Sunday school children of the Presbyterian church enjoyed a picnic yesterday afternoon in Tindolph park on the East Side.

Olaf Ramstad left Saturday for Montana where he expects to buy another car load of horses and sell to the farmers of this section.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Olson came over from Grand Forks Sunday in their automobile to spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Lang.

The wise housekeeper will accept no substitute for Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. She knows they never disappoint.

—For Sale—The best dry battery made for telephones, gasoline engines, automobiles, etc. Thief River Falls Telephone Exchange.

Rev. W. Lundin will preach next Sunday forenoon in the Swedish Mission church and in the evening in the Norwegian free church.

The ladies aid of the Synod church meets this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the basement of the church. Mrs. A. Gunderson entertains this society.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Misses Julia and Agnes Peterson, of Crookston, who had been in the city visiting their uncle, Leonard Peterson, returned Monday evening to Crookston.

Wanted—Girls for county, city and hotels in North Dakota. Apply or write to Oxender Employment Office, No. 12 north third street, Grand Forks, N. D.

D. N. Winton left Monday for Bemidji to spend a day and from there left for Prince Albert, Canada, to remain several days looking after his business interests there.

John Sorum came down from Holt Saturday and remained here until Monday, going to Warren to attend the meeting of the board of equalization for Marshall country.

Lost—A suit case, containing clothing, a razor, pictures and other articles on the road between Thief River Falls and Germantown and Finder please bring to the News Office and receive reward.

Services with communion at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor at 3 o'clock. The Lord's supper will be administered also in this service. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th; Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

F. J. Stebbins and family were out in the town of Numedal Sunday with their automobile when the heavy rain came down. They were forced to leave the machine out there and hire a farmer to take them to town.

For Sale—A twenty-five horse-power threshing machine outfit. Complete and in first class condition. Will trade for cattle. For further particulars call at this office of address postoffice box 8, Middle River, Minn.

The Thief River Falls Telephone exchange has extended its line as far as Brunkeberg this week and connections can now be had with that point. The farmers living in the town of Reiner and Star now have a rural telephone line with about twenty-five subscribers. This line is to be connected up with Brunkeberg in the near future and it will give the eleven towns a very good telephone service.

Ferdinand Pepplo, aged 83 years, residing at Dorothy, Red Lake county, is making an effort to secure a pension through Congressman Steenerson. He claims that on September 3, 1862, he was engaged it hauling soldiers in the Indian battle at Acton, Meeker county, and he lost his horses and narrowly escaped with his life. He believes he should be entitled to a pension the same as other men who participated in the event. The congressman is making a thorough investigation and will take the application up with the authorities at Washington.

The arrest and trial of Policeman Frank Chittick, charged with assaulting Herman Ohm, attracted considerable attention last week, and, while in the eyes of some it was considered a matter of tremendous importance, to a large majority of our citizens it was looked upon as being one of the most foolish cases ever tried in court. Contrary to the belief of most everyone, Mr. Chittick was found guilty and fined $5 and costs, amounting in all to over $[illegible]. Mr. Chittick has appealed his case to the district court and it is quite probable that he will win there.

A good, new house for rent. Inquire of O. Tessum.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line yesterday.

Fr. Adolph left yesterday for Badger to hold services.

D. B. Bakke went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

Miss Bell Hermanson left yesterday for Bemidji to spend several days visiting with friends.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. O. Niclai.

United Lutheran congregation will hold services in the Evenson Hall, Sunday July 27 at 10:30 a. m. all welcome.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.

George Elder.

Miss Beatrice Browning who has been in the city visiting for a couple of weeks returns to her home in Minneapolis tonight.

State Supt. Olson was in the city Tuesday for a short time. He visited the summer school and was much pleased with the work.

Miss Emma Reitan, who had been in the city visiting her cousin, Miss Bell Hermanson, left yesterday for her home at Hillsboro, N. D.

The young people's society of the United Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. O. C. Evenson, Friday evening, July 24, all are cordially invited.

A. H. Riekher, head miller for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, desires to rent a six or seven room house. Anyone having a house to rent are requested to notify him.

Mrs. Gulseth and two children arrived in the city last week from Park River, N. D., to visit Mrs. A. Anderson. Yesterday they left for the Anderson homestead up the Red Lake river on the steamboat.

While at work in the machine shop last week, D. W. Conklin had the misfortune to lose his left eye. The accident was caused by the breaking of a belt, which hit Mr. Konklin in the eye.

For Sale—Counters, show cases, coffee mill, computing scale, good as new, peanut roaster and other articles too numerous to mention. If in need of store fixtures call on O. H. Nelson, corner Second street and La Bree avenue.

Mrs. James, the domestic science teacher at the summer school, wishes to announce that she is willing to assist any of the ladies of Thief River Falls who are making preparations to exhibit cooking or preserves at the county fair. She will be in the city all of next week.

At a meeting of the council held Tuesday evening, the Red Lake Falls Milling company was given permission to remove its warehouse from the present site west of the Great Northern track to a point just south of the Pioneer Sash and Door company's factory.

C. O. Drayton of Greenville, Illinois, President of the Illinois branch of the American Society of Equity, will address the teachers in the high school building on the plan of his society for the betterment of conditions on the farm, on Thursday, July 30th, at 10:15 a. m. He will address the farmers and business men in the city hall on same day at 2:15 sharp. Every business man and farmer ought to hear this business lecture. It is free and concerns the financial, educational and social interests of all the people. It is non-political.

What will undoubtedly be one of the most attractive features of the coming state fair is the swiming exhibition given by Miss Cora Beckwith, who is acknowledged the greatest lady swimmer of the world. Miss Beckwith will give daily exhibitions in a mammoth tank holding 40,000 gallons of water. She has been one of the leading features of many of our great expositions, such as the Pan-American Expsition at Buffalo in 1900 and the Trans-Mississippi Omaha Exposition. Her exhibition is one that cannot be imitated, and every man, woman and child attending the state fair should not fail to see this great feature.

Confirmation at the Synod Church.

Next Sunday at 10 o'clock there will be confirmation services in the Synod church. A class of 14 catechumens will be confirmed in baptismal covenant. In the evening there will be communion services at 7.45

Bonds Voted Down.

At a special election held in the town of Highlanding Tuesday for the purpose of voting bonds to buy a road grader and ditcher, the matter was voted down. It is understood that another meeting is to be called to vote again on the same proposition.

Real Estate Goes Up.

At the meeting of the board of county commissioners this week a raise of [illegible] per cent was made on all real estate in Red Lake county. Personal property valuations in Thief River Falls was reduced more or less in order to [illegible] with the valuations [illegible] (exact).

Subscribe for the News.

Meeting Postponed.

The meeting held Tuesday afternoon in this city for the purpose of organizing a branch of the American Society of Equity here was not very well attended, and, no action was taken. Another meeting will be held on Thursday, July 30, at which time an effort will be made to secure a larger turn out. Every farmer in this vicinity should attend.

Spent Sunday at "Falls."

A party of Bemidji summer school instructors went to International Falls Saturday evening and spent Sunday over looking that part of the country, returning from the "Falls" on the week end special last night.

The party was composed of the following: W. B. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hay and little child, J. N. Palmer, Mrs. Lectra, Miss Richard and John Emberland.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Road Work Illegal.

Crookston, Minn., July 21.—It developed yesterday at a session of the board of commissioners that practically every bit of road work done by the townships of this county the present year has been illegal, and that the workers were really trepassers on the public highway. The law of 1907, chapter 458, provides that all road work shall be done under the supervision of the county superintendent of highways, who is Johannes Biom of Fosston. However, since his appointment, Superintendent Biom has never taken any action whatsoever for systematic work on the roads.

Postmaster Elias Steenerson appeared before the board and in behalf of the six rural mail carriers out of Crookston asked the county board to act. The board will instruct Biom to notify at once the inspector of roads named under the new law, to follow a certain system which he will outline, and level every road in their respective districts with a roller, drag or split log drag, as fast as any work is done.

The great Northern is planning an active campaign of improvements on its Northern division and has ordered five work trains to begin operations July 25 This will help five enigneers who have been firing and create vacancies for ten more firemen. The Downer gravel pit will be opened and a steam shovel operated there the remaining part of the season, and the track will be resurfaced from Halstead to Breckenridge.

Daughter of Dan Patch to Race.

None of the horses entered at the Minnesota State Fair this season will attract more attention or real interest than Dana Patch, 2:05 1-4, daugther of the world's champion pacer. She will naturally be watched on account of her breeding, but more on account of her wonderful performances of last season when, as a green pacer, she gave extraordinary promise of great speed.

Dana, with a number of M. W. Savage's other horses, is entered in many of the big stakes over the country and the Minnesota State Fair will be one of the very few places outside of grand circuit meetings where she will be seen this season.

Of all the green pacers performing on the western and grand circuits last year none won more or better deserved honors than Dana Patch. The little brown mare early in the season won the title of "Queen of the Green Pacers," and she royally proved her right to the name. Horsemen who watched her in action at Galesburg, Sioux City, Minneapolis and Columbus last year, unanimously predicted a great future and probably championship honors for her this year.

Dana has many of the characteristics of her sire and with a little more experience may develop his ability, not only to distance competitors but to break world's records. Both in gait and disposition she resembles Dan Patch and has already a host of friends among the admirers of the best horses.

The mare last season was one of the Savage stable and was trained by Harry Hersey, although she was owned by James Bingham of Logansport, Ind. Her showing was so remarkable, however, that last fall Mr. Savage purchased her for $10,000. The mare is now quartered with Dan Patch and thirteen other of Mr. Savage's horses at Hamline, and is showing exceptional form for so early in the year. Both Mr. Savage and the mare's trainer are expecting exceptional things of her and it is almost certain that pacers that win the money in the big 2.04 trot of the Hamline meet will have to beat Dana Patch.

Rocksbury.

Drs. Teal and Newell were out to Carl Bakken's last Sunday, vaccinating cattle for Anthrax.

Edna Miller visited the summer school last Wednesday.

Hannah Bakken spent Saturday at Millers.

A number of young people of this vicinity attended the dance in the city Tuesday evening.

Miss Gertrude Meehan left last Friday for Kratka where she will spend a few days.

Mr. Ed. Yonke was elected director of district No. 77 last Saturday evening at the school election.

Mr. Callaway has sold some of his sheep recently.

A Lucky Accident.

The two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Sedlacek fell from the top of the railing around the back porch on the second floor of the Sedlacek building Tuesday evening—a distance of eighteen or twenty feet from the ground—and that he was not killed was a remarkable fact. The little fellow was rendered senseless, but soon recovered and was able to be about yesterday. He will suffer no bad effect from the fall.

Summer School Notes.

The attendance at the summer school has reached the 142 mark, which is the largest school ever held in Red Lake County.

Supt. S. J. Race, representing the department of public instruction, addressed the school Monday morning.

A special session of the school was held Monday evening at which time Supt. Race and Supt. McAnulty gave short talks upon the subject of building school houses in new districts.

The examinations are to be on August 3, 4 and 5.

A Special to Crookston.

A special train will be run from Thief River Falls to Crookston Sunday morning, returning in the evening. The train is run in order to give the Thief River Falls people an opportunity to witness a ball game to be played between the local club and the Crookston nine. On the following Sunday a return game is to be played in this city, and a special train will be run up from Crookston.

Madman Leaps from Train.

Crookston, Minn., July 21.—With the train going forty miles an hour last night William Cyr, an insane patient being taken to Fergus Falls by two deputy sheriffs, leaped over the body of a sleeping man and thru a car window to freedom, five miles south of Barnesville. The deputies and a brakeman alighted as soon as the train could be stopped and searched for the madman, but no trace has yet been found. How he escaped death is a mystery. Officers are scouring the country for him today. He was committed from Crookston yesterday. His parents live in Grand Rapids, Minn. He had a mania to commit suicide.

Red Lake County Fair, for 3 days.

Beginning Wednesday, August 5 and continuing until Friday, August 7, there will be something doing every day at the Red Lake County Fair, at Thief River Falls. The committee in charge have left nothing undone that will tend to increase the reputation of this great show, now recognized as the best among all county fairs. We know that the racing will be of high class; that the stock exhibit will be as attractive as any state fair; that the agricultural sections will be complete in every detail. Aside from all these we will have band concerts, military drills (by the Minnesota National Guard,) balloon ascension every day, base ball games, sensational high divers, high class shows, and speeches by our senators, Hon. Knute Nelson and Moses E. Clapp, and Congressman Halvor Steenerson. You will surely have a good old time. "Come."

Committee.

Germantown.

Beecher Moore, Socialist candidate for governor delivered a lecture on Socialism in our school house Wednesday evening. As Mr. Moore in all probability is the only gubernatorial aspirant paying us a personal visit during the campaign it goes without saying that he was greeted by a full house.

Ed Klappenbach shot and killed a real live wolf right near his yard last week.

School elections were held everywhere last Saturday evening. The meeting in Germantown, Dist. 121 was a quiet orderly affair and no exciting incidents are to be reported. There will be eight months of school next year, and a first grade teacher will be secured. The school house will be furnished with a good heating and ventilating system and there will also be made an addition to the library. On the election of trustees Oscar Horsham was re-elected treasurer, Henry Roller, director and Wm. Vaughan clerk held over.

Reports from elections in neighboring school districts develop that in dist. 91, M. Stegstad was re-elected treasurer. There will be five months of school. District 70 is said to have had the liveliest meeting of all. [illegible] was elected clerk to succeed John Phillips.

Gust Berggren was up from Middle River last Saturday, returning the Sunday. He made the trip in his automobile.

The rains of last week and the first of this week have greatly improved the crops [illegible] and the farmers are jubilant over the prospects.

The Children's Day exercises followed by serving ice cream and cake, in the Hopkins Chapel was quite well attended and was a pleasant affair all say.

The wild strawberry crop this season was [illegible].

The [illegible] family visited with [illegible] Sunday.

Subscribe for the News.

"IT'S LIKE A DREAM

in which a lot of fairies turn your old clothes and hats, and feathers into new ones" This is what a delighted customer said the other day. This establishment is a good fairy to many people in making their old clothing just like new for them. When you want artistic cleaning and dyeing done on the most delicate dresses, or waists bring them to

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Every body *cordially invited.*

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending July 18, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Amundson, Miss C. M.
Bustard, A.
Bergvall, Swan
Brown, John
Dallie, Paddie
Doken, O. H.
Engen, Miss Gunda
Garcieu, Theodore
Haraldson, Lewis
Knutson, Hannah
Kline, F. J.
Lawrence, M. D.
McAnulty, M. F.—2
Nilson, Carrie
Nelson, Bess
Overland, Gust
Smith, Irma
Vraa, Ole
Williams, W. W.
Wilken, Ole

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Fined $50 and Costs.

Game Warden William Munch, of Crookston, was in the city, returning from a trip up the Red Lake river. While up in that section he caused the arrest of Osmond Urdahl, of the town of Goodridge, charging him with killing a cow moose on the 25th day of June in the town of Reiner. He was taken before Justice of Peace Joseph Duchamp, of the town of Clover Leaf, and plead guilty to the charge, being fined the sum of $50 and costs. Urdahl admits that he killed the moose, but claims that the animal was so badly injured in a wire fence on his farm that she would have died as a result of the injuries received had he not killed her.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Salve S. L[illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Oct. 27th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 88, Serial No. 0115, N. W.¼, Section 17, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Paterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Anton Sorenson, " " " " "
Abraham Newton, " " " " "
Bant Korvenloe, " " " " "

July 23 aug 27

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John Bergland, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Feb. 17th, [illegible], made H. E. No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for [illegible] Section [illegible], Township 1[illegible] N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
[illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Gunder Gunderson, " " " " "
Tera K. Ose, " " " " "
Bern T. Budge, " " " " "

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by [illegible] Mylre and [illegible] Mylre his wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, a corporation [illegible] the State of Minnesota, mortgagee, dated [illegible] and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County [illegible]

[illegible]

First State Bank of Thief River Falls,
Mortgagee.
L. W. Hess,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE SUGAR BEET INDUSTRY

Ten Thousand Men and Women Working in the Fields in the Southern Part of Sweden.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The sugar beet industry in southern Sweden is rapidly forging to the front. Tens of thousands of men and women are at present working in the sugar beet fields of Skane. They are mostly Swedes, Poles and Galicians, and a large proportion of them are women. Their work consists of weeding and hoeing the beets. Women and children make about 65 cents a day, and it is estimated that $500,000 will be paid out for hoeing and weeding. Up in the northern section of the country hundreds of laborers from outside points are being shipped to Gefle to take the place of the strikers.

The Swedish coast squadron has received orders to be present in Stockholm July 23, on which occasion the French president is scheduled to arrive in the Swedish capital. After the French president's visit is over, the squadron will continue its cruise in southern Swedish waters, but has been ordered to return to Stockholm July 31, when the German emperor will be royally entertained at the royal palace. Emperor William, both when going and coming, will be escorted by two Swedish torpedo cruisers as long as he is in Swedish waters.

During the Olympian games in London Sweden will be represented by 156 athletes, among whom are stars of the first magnitude in the world of sport. Sweden's famous long distance runner, Swanberg, who is the world's champion, will be there to compete for other honors. There will be jumpers, discus throwers, swimmers, marksmen, fencers, oarsmen and even hammer throwers. The Swedish athletes will do their best to compete with the American and English athletes this year and they are determined to win.

Up in Elmhult there was an old gentleman nicknamed "Maa Hakan," who died the other day, aged eighty-five years, in what appeared to be the greatest poverty. An investigation of his affairs followed and it was then learned to the consternation of the neighborhood that he had property valued at 12,000 crowns. In one of his coats he had "sewn in" not less than 1,800 crowns, which it is believed he carried for many years. He always insisted on wearing this coat and would never part with it.

The Danish paper "Dannebrog" has interviewed Minister Lagerkrantz, who among other things stated that the reason why he must return to Washington is that there is a lot of hard work left incompleted regarding the reorganization of Sweden's representation in Washington, which work cannot be left haphazard. Minister Lagerkrantz stated that he should have returned to Washington about two months ago, but that he was hindered from so doing by reason of King Gustaf's visit to Copenhagen.

The young crown prince is not in the best of health and has been ordered by his physicians to take a recreation trip to England and the Scottish highlands, where he can receive a goodly portion of mountain air. The crown prince and crown princess left Stockholm during the latter part of last month and they are now in Scotland.

King Gustaf has appointed E. A. Gunther as envoy to the Danish court to succeed Minister Lagerkrantz, who has temporarily been filling the place. As Swedish envoy to the court in Christiania has been appointed G. M. Falkenberg at Brussels, who in turn will be succeeded by the cabinet secretary, Count A. Ehrensvard.

Prince Kuni, premier lieutenant in the Japanese army, arrived in Stockholm June 25, where he spent about a week in sightseeing and also paid an occasional visit to the Swedish court, where of course, he was royally received. He was accompanied by Major Kurita and General Hakedan.

The cigar dealers of the country held their convention in Stockholm recently and passed a resolution protesting against the sale of cigars at restaurants. They maintain that restaurant keepers have no right to intrude on the retail cigar dealers and they propose to put a stop to it.

The bishops of Sweden are allowed to travel free of charge on the railways running through their diocese. For a while the railroads protested against this, but the higher courts have ruled that the bishops shall travel free of charge.

The anxiety regarding Dr. Sven Hedin is increasing and many are those who believe that he is dead. The British government has been requested to make an active search for him dead or alive.

Dr. Anton Nystrom, the founder and for many years the president of the Laborers' institute of Stockholm, has retired and has been succeeded by Dr. Knut Kjellberg.

The Socialists do not like rifle clubs and registered their protest at their last national convention by passing a resolution against the volunteer rifle club movement.

Princess Elizabeth, the foster mother of Princess Maria Pavlovna, Prince Wilhelm's Russian bride, will spend the latter part of the summer at the Swedish court.

Persistent rumors state that the ecclesiastical minister is to resign from the cabinet. Just who will succeed him is now a matter of much speculation.

The Duke of Sodermanland has been elected an honorary member of the Academy of Sciences.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

In the death of Jonas Lie Norway has lost one of its greatest novelists. His works are among the most popular in the country and it will be many years before the country will see his equal. He was born in Hougesund in 1833 and was for many years his father's assistant in an official position in the county where he was born. In 1851 he was graduated from the Bergen Latin school and it was about this time that he discovered that he possessed literary talent. In 1862-64 he published "Illustrerede Nyhedsblad," and from then on his literary reputation was established. Among the most popular books that Lie published was "Naar Sol gaar Ned." It was a good seller and brought the author a snug sum of money. Lie's funeral was held in Fredriksvaern and was attended by thousands of people.

There is lots of royalty in old Norway at present. Trondhjem, where the Scandinavian fisheries exhibition is being held, is the point where they seem to have gathered lately. Besides King Haakon and Queen Maud, there were among the visitors Prince Kuni yoshi of Japan, the Duke and Duchess of Fife, Prince Andrew of Greece and his consort, and Emperor William of Germany. The old historic city has been full of tourists from all parts of the world besides thousands of visitors from neighboring towns and cities. The exhibition is a successful one in every respect.

Indications are that the salmon fishing is going to be a very profitable affair this year. Up to the middle of last month almost twice as much salmon has been exported from Norway this year than last year up to the same date. As a consequence salt herring is being sold for almost little or nothing at Haugesund at present. A barrel goes for less than two crowns, which is about the same as giving it away. Those who bought fresh herring to salt are going to lose heavily unless the price goes up again.

According to recent statistics issued by the Society of Household Economies for Stavanger there was exported from Stavanger "amt," or county, not less than 4,000,000 crowns' worth of agricultural products in 1906. The egg exports were the largest items, being valued at $1,058,800 crowns, and is a good illustration of the possibilities of the egg industry, as we may call it, can be brought to in Norway.

A landslide, which fortunately did not cause any loss of life, occurred in Nordang's valley last month. A vast mass of stone, sand and earth poured into the valley, barricading the public highway, so that it will be necessary to change the course of the road alltogether. It will cost in the neighborhood of about 25,000 crowns to clear the road.

Bjornson returned from Italy last month and is at present enjoying a rest at his favorite Gausdal. Mr. Bjornson will spend the remainder of the summer there. This fall he will complete a new novel, the name of which is being withheld from publication at present.

The Christiania Students' chorus gave a concert in Bergen week before last, which proved very successful, both from a musical and financial standpoint. The concert netted over 2,000 crowns and was attended by the elite of Bergen.

A band composed of fifty Christiania boys is furnishing the music at the Trondhjem exhibition this month. They render excellent music and are proving a great drawing card.

Ragna Foss, the popular prima donna, has been engaged for next season by the National theater. She is considered Norway's leading prima donna.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Jacob Riis, the philanthropist and reformer, was given an audience by King Frederick a week ago last Monday. The topic of conversation was President Roosevelt, and King Frederick expressed it as his most ardent wish that he could in the near future be honored by a visit from the distinguished American president. King Frederick is very much interested in America and takes advantage of every occasion to meet and converse with distinguished Americans.

The Politiken states that Prince Harold, the third oldest son of King Frederick, has been betrothed to Princess Helena of Glucksborg. She and her parents have just been visiting at the Danish court. Prince Harold is thirty-two years old and Princess Helena is twenty years old.

There will be a number of new faces at the landsthing when it convenes next time. Quite a number of the members of the landsthing have announced that they will not seek re-election, [illegible] business interests [illegible] the people.

Emperor Franz Joseph of Austria has been appointed an honorary general in the Danish army. The venerable ruler indicated his willingness May 1 to accept the honor, if it was conferred upon him.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

WILSON IS CONVICTED.

Duluth Man Found Guilty of Murder in the First Degree.

Henry Wilson, a driver, aged thirty-six, was convicted of murder in the first degree by a jury in the district court at Duluth, the victim being his wife, Florence Wilson, who was noted for her beauty. The deed was committed in a jealous rage March 27, last. Wilson first dragged his wife from the home of a neighbor, knocked her down, jumped on her and then, whipping out a revolver, fired several shots into her prostrate body. He next turned the weapon on himself, inflicting what at the time was thought to have been a mortal wound in the head. He recovered, however, after several weeks and at the trial his defense was emotional insanity. It took the jury just ten minutes to reach a verdict.

TRAFFIC TO RESUME.

Damaged Bridges at Duluth Will Soon Be Ready for Use.

The two broken bridges at Duluth, which have almost shut that city off from connection with the outside world, will be repaired and in use again in a few days. The Northern Pacific railway bridge is all ready for use and is being thoroughly tested before being opened to the trains, which now go around by the West Duluth bridge. The Great Northern bridge, which carried the street cars and which was knocked down by a steamer two years ago, is also ready and should be opened shortly.

Minnesota Editors on Outing.

The Minnesota Editorial association left St. Paul over the Great Northern railroad for its summer outing and excursion. The party will be gone for twelve days and will travel from the Great Lakes to the Pacific coast. The itinerary provides for visits in Koochiching, Beltrami and Roseau counties, Ranier, International Falls, Duluth, Fort Francis, Beaudette, Williams and Warroad and then on to Winnipeg. From Winnipeg the editors will go through Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to Banff, at the base of the Rocky mountains. The route will cover a distance of 3,450 miles.

Professional Auto Racer Hurt.

Joe Mattson of New York, professional auto racer, had his right arm broken and narrowly escaped with his life at the Hamline racetrack at St. Paul. His car, the Corbin, took a triple turn in the air and crashed into the fence. Mattson was hurled several feet through the air, receiving besides his broken arm a severe cut on the side of the face and internal injuries. He was taking a trial spin around the track at sixty-eight miles an hour when one of the front tires blew up at the first quarter curb.

Boy Fatally Burned.

Ablaze from head to foot and screaming at the top of his faint voice Emanuel Gallanter, the two and one-half-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gallanter of Minneapolis, burst in the front door of his home and, insane with pain, ran to his mother's arms. Mrs. Gallanter smothered the flames with her bare hands and rolled her son in a blanket. His injuries probably will prove fatal. His clothing caught fire while he and some other children were playing with matches.

Youth Killed by Cavein.

Noticing a human hand protruding from the ground at the side of the street car track in a thinly populated part of Minneapolis a motorman notified the police and the body of twelve-year-old Arthur Jurgens was uncovered. The boy was missing for twelve hours and a searching party failed to find him. When the body was discovered it was recalled that the boy had been sitting under a high sandy bank waiting for his consignment of papers which he was to deliver.

Acid Thrown in Woman's Face.

An unknown assailant beat Mrs. Florence Hutchins, a nineteen-year-old widow, into unconsciousness and threw carbolic acid into her eyes and over her face in her room at Minneapolis. The woman's eyesight probably will be saved, but her injuries are serious. The assailant is believed to have entered the rooms, which are on the second floor of the house, by a rear door, which was not locked. The police have no clue.

Killed an Intruder.

Frank Harter, a well known bachelor of Otto, Otter Tail county, was shot dead by John Lila, a neighbor, whose house Harter tried to enter armed with a dangerous looking knife. Harter was crazed by infatuation for a young woman and it is thought that his manner of approaching Lila's house was due to insanity. Lila gave himself up to the authorities.

Child Burned to Death.

Peter Weise's residence, about three miles east of Willow River and occupied by George Rhomberg, was totally destroyed by fire. Mr. Rhomberg's four year old son and only child perished in the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Rhomberg were working on the farm near the house when they discovered the flames, but too late to save their child or furniture.

Child Dies of Fright.

Francis Gehl, son of Mrs. Frances Gehl of Carver, was drowned while wading in a shallow creek near his home. The child was found dead in a hole into which he had stepped. He evidently had died of fright, as he was found to have swallowed no water.

CANNOT SELL LIQUOR ON CARS

Ruling Affecting Railroads in This State.

CUSTOM LONG IN PRACTICE

Attorney General's Office Can Find No Law Permitting Sale of Liquor on Buffet Cars.

It is unlawful for railway companies to sell liquor in their dining or buffet cars in this state, a custom which has long been in practice. This is the opinion of the state attorney general's office, written by George W. Peterson, assistant attorney general. The question was raised by N. E. Peterson, county attorney at Albert Lea.

The question of the right of the railroads to sell liquor to their patrons has never before been presented to the attorney general, but no permission to conduct a retail business can be found in the law and in the absence of that permission the act is declared unlawful. The decision will affect nearly every railway line in the state.

BALLOON RACE ENDED.

Colonel Coey's Chicago Wins Aeronautic Contest.

The great international balloon race, the third ever held in the United States, which started from St. Paul Saturday, was won by the mammoth Chicago, piloted by its owner, Colonel Charles A. Coey of Chicago. The America, the St. Paul balloon, was second. The United States of Minneapolis finished third, the champion Pommern fourth and the baby King Edward fifth.

Although fourth in the long distance race, the Pommern was second in the endurance tests, remaining in the air 16 hours and 15 minutes.

The Chicago stayed in the air 17 hours and 20 minutes, covering a distance of 85 miles and landing in a field three miles east of Blooming Prairie, Minn.

The American, which finished second, sailed 70 miles to Owatonna, Minn., remaining in the air 4 hours and 42 minutes and landing in a field two miles east of the village.

The United States, sailing for 4 hours and 15 minutes, covered a distance of 62 miles, coming down at West Concord, Minn.

The Pommern, remaining in the air 16 hours and 15 minutes, traversed a distance of only 61 miles owing to shifting air currents and landed eight miles east of Warsaw, Minn.

The King Edward, which finished last, remained in the air only 1 hour and 10 minutes, landing three miles south of Hampton, Minn., a distance of twenty-nine miles.

Killed by a Policeman.

Matt Trekifa, a Finnish miner at Virginia, was shot and killed by Chief of Police Ellis Walsh of that place. The miner and a companion had been disorderly and the chief tried to arrest them. Trekifa resisted arrest and struck at the chief with a bottle. Then he started to run. The chief pursued him, fired a warning shot in the air, which was unheeded, and then shot Trekifa.

Youth Killed by a Train.

Leo Kinezyski, fifteen years old, of Duluth, was fatally injured under the wheels of a freight train he was trying to board in the Great Northern yards at Minneapolis. Both legs were crushed by the engine and the boy died a few hours later at the city hospital. The boy and a "pal," Frank Sturmonski, also of Duluth, had been "bumming" their way about the state on freight trains.

Minnesota Man a Suicide.

The body of a man, thought to be James Lindsay of Deer River, this state, was found hanging to a stonecutter's shed at the foot of Chestnut street, St. Paul. A piece of wire was found dangling from the arm of a derrick that had been broken under the man's weight, and a piece of twine, similar to that from which the body was dangling, was also broken and again doubled.

Bold Daylight Robbery.

Locking the proprietor in the ice box two bold daylight robbers looted the butcher shop of Streigl & Glessbrenner at Minneapolis and escaped with part of the fire department of the city and scores of men and boys in hot pursuit. As yet the men have not been apprehended. The robbers obtained about $40 in cash.

Costly Fire in Minneapolis.

Fire wrecked the two upper floors of the Forman, Ford & Co's five-story factory and warehouse at Minneapolis, doing an estimated damage of $[illegible] to stock and $[illegible] to the building. Crossed wires in the rear of the building are thought to have been the cause of the fire.

Train Kills Farm Hand.

Charles Ricketts, employed on the farm of Frank Bellen near St. Paul Park, was struck by a Burlington train at Highwood, a suburb of St. Paul. He was hurled nearly [illegible] feet and fell against a barbed wire fence. Nearly every bone in his body was broken.

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.
Phone 111. Main Ave.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

A exchange gives the following seasonable advice, coming as it does on the eve of a political campaign, and if the advice is heeded much trouble and hard feelings may be avoided.

"Don't forget that your neighbor, though he differs from you politically, may be just as honest in his convictions as you. That this is a free country, where freedom forms broad foundation stones of our government and there would be an end to that government. Be tolerant, therefore, or rather not only tolerant but rationally patriotic and good natured. Stand by your convictions and let your neighbor stand by his if so disposed. Argue politics if you will, but do so calmly and reasonably."

A WOMAN wrote to her congressman asking for government advice concerning her sick baby and was informed that the government has no department looking after sick babies. On theother hand her husband had shortly before written to the department of agriculture with reference to a sick hog describing the symtoms of the disease, and was promptly advised how to treat it and which enabled him to cure the animal. What puzzles the woman now is why the government takes more interest in a sick hog than in a baby. The case may look funny on its face, at the same time the taking care of infants is a very serious proposition and it would seem that a bureau for the dissemination of information with reference to this proposition is a matter well worth the attention of the government.—St. Peter Free Press.

The decision of Judge Kohlsaat that railroad advertising must be paid in cash and not transportation settles a somewhat vexed question between the newspapers and the railroads. It certainly is logical. If the railroads want advertising they will have to pay for it in cash, and the newspaper men when they take a journey over the railroad lines, can either hit the ties or pay cash for a ticket. This is a fair, square way of doing business and no obligations incurred or favors asked. Heretofore the railroads, on the whole, got decidedly the better of the advertising deal. There is not the slightest excuse for giving editors any favors above other people, and the scribe who pays his way is independent—and that is what the should be to serve his readers fairly and impartially. This does not mean that we should continually roast the railroad, because they are entitled to fair treatment—but the week brethern will not be in terror of losing their mileage books if they insist that the railroad give the people a square deal.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

TROUBLES OF RULERS.

Six Socialists have been elected to the Prussian Diet, there is sedition in India, the Philpine Assembly has passed a resolution in favar of independence, and so it goes.

People everywhere are asking for more political power, and, at the same time, abusing such power as they have by employing it to vex their rulers.

The Prussian Government has long maintained that the mass of the people were unfit to have any considerable voice in Prussian affairs. The election of six radical opponents of the government simply proves that some of the people whom the government has permitted to vote effectively are also unfit for that privilege. What other view could a reasonable government take of it?

One and a half per cent of the civilized population of the Philippines were permitted to amuse themselves by electing an Assembly, as a mild exercise in imitation of self-government. It was alleged, as we recall it, that the ninety-seven thousand electors were mainly of the better, more "loyal" sort. Yet their representatives are so little sensible of their true interests that they want independence—which proves conclusively that the capacity for self-government of the mass of the Filipinos must be so far below zero that simple arithmetic could never express it.—Saturday Evening Post.

BOOST RED LAKE COUNTY.

Some of our enterprising and public spirited citizens have started a movement which promises to develop into a material benefit for Red Lake County.

It is the establishment of a county school of agriculture and domestic economy within the borders of our own country. Our late legislature provided for such a school, and it is up to us to hustle and take advantage of their act, and have the assistance of the state and make use of the legislature's appropriation.

All of us can see and appreciate what a benefit this institution would be to this country, giving a course of instruction similar to that given by our State University Farm School at Minneapolis. Here we can have an institution of learning at our very doors, where our children could receive instruction from able professors in the elements of agriculture, including instruction concerning the soil, plant life, animal life of the farm, butter making and dairying, a system of farm accounts and the common branches; and instruction shall also be given in manual training and domestic economy, in fact, most of those branches for which many of our children travel to Minneapolis to attain at a heavy expense, will be taught. The course of instruction will be prescribed by the dean of the college of agriculture of the state university.

This school will be open to of our young people who desire to attend free of cost.

Our county commissioners appear to be heartily in favor of establishing this school; and with the support of our people we can have it. The school should be located near the center of the county, the logical place being near St. Hilaire where it can be easily reached by all from any part of the county.

A school of this kind will mean a wonderful addition as an educational institution and will surely prove a powerful factor in the development and up-building of the resources of our county. This project is a worthy one and should receive the hearty co-operation and support of every farmer and citizen of Red Lake County.

Let's get busy now and work for it; all together.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Every body cordially invited.

If Dame Nature has concocted a more luscious or delightful dish than ripe red strawberries and Jersey cream she has not yet published the formula for it.

There is good money in the extra cultivation of the corn crop if it means an increased yield of from eight to twelve bushels per acre, which has often been noted in corn growing experiments.

The growing things in the garden should not only be given frequent cultivation for the purpose of killing the weeds, but in order to keep the soil loose and mellow so that the air and moisture may circulate freely through the soil.

The limit would seem to have been reached for the stock feeder when he is compelled to pay 77 cents a bushel for good corn to finish his hogs and cattle for market, and yet this price was paid July 1 by many feeders in the northern portion of the corn belt.

Steps have been taken by the American Humane society to secure the co-operation of President Roosevelt in the protection of the range cattle of the west. The idea contemplated is to pass laws which shall compel cattlemen to provide food and water and shelter for their stock.

The question of cutting the lawn grass should be determined largely by the amount of rainfall. When moisture is abundant it may be cut as often as twice a week. In the months of July and August, especially if droughty weather prevails, it should go longer than this without cutting, so that the roots may not be too sorely taxed.

A plan that is recommended for keeping down the late growth of weeds in the potato patch after the vines have reached maturity is to sow buckwheat about the middle of July. This will come on as the vines ripen and occupy the ground. If the amount sown will not pay to harvest, it can be allowed to stay on the field and plowed under after the crop is dug.

Other things being equal, tomato plants will produce larger fruit in proportion as the quantity of fruit which the plant is allowed to mature is limited. Where one does not have the time to train the vines and prune them with considerable care somewhat the same results may be obtained by cutting off the growing shoots with a corn knife, which tends to throw the strength of the vine into the remaining fruit.

One of the chief advantages in knowing how to swim is that it helps one to keep his presence of mind when thrown unexpectedly into the water. The knowledge that one can swim removes almost entirely the fear of drowning and enables one to make the moves necessary to help himself or his companions. The small boy and girl, too, when it is possible, should be allowed to "go down to swim" and go "near the water" too.

If the old strawberry bed has served its mission and is too foul and weedy to pay to renovate it may be mowed off, plowed up and a good crop of turnips or bagas raised if August and September are not too dry months. In any event, this treatment will kill a big batch of weeds and germinate and destroy a great amount of lately matured weed seed, the doing of which will justify the trouble one is put to, whether any turnips are raised or not.

It will be interesting to note whether the passage of Governor Hughes' anti race track gambling bill will result in a serious loss of interest on the part of New York state breeders of thoroughbred running and trotting horses. Without doubt the effect of the law will be considerable with those who have raised or owned thoroughbred horseflesh simply for the sake of the excitement which the gambling afforded, while those who prize a good horse on his merits will not be seriously [illegible] by the change.

If a patch of ground is [illegible] point of fertility that it will [illegible] duce a good growth of weeds [illegible] nigh worthless. Just so with [illegible] If he hasn't life and energy [illegible] do considerable mischief [illegible] there is little prospect that he [illegible] do much good in the world. It is [illegible] fields that could grow weeds, but give their fertility to growing useful crops, that make farm lands valuable, and it is boys and girls of capacity and energy for sowing wild oats, but who devote their strength along wholesome lines, that good men and women are developed from.

The tomato plant, considered an annual in all the northern and eastern states, grows to be two or three years old in portions of California where it is not killed by the frost.

After the early peas, radishes, lettuce and potatoes have been harvested and the vines removed sufficient time will still be left to grow a late crop of string beans, which will be keenly relished along in September.

Most of the enemies of the rose family can be warded off by giving the bushes a good sousing with water under pressure every morning. Where this cannot be done the bushes should be sprayed with hellebore and tobacco water.

The latest millinery creation, the "Merry Maid" hat, said to have a diameter of four feet, has this in its favor—that it can be utilized as a sunshade by the boys on the riding corn plows after the ribbons have faded and the straw has turned yellow.

The boy who develops a lazy, tired streak at fourteen is quite likely to be termed shiftless and improvident when he becomes a man. It is a trait that should by all means be discouraged, for the tendencies which develop during these early years have a way of persisting and staying with the boy.

For the sake of the good housewife there should be a kitchen cabinet, water and drainage facilities in the business end of the house even at expense of a few pieces of upholstered furniture in the parlor. She is entitled to just as much comfort and convenience when she is at work as the company are when they are at ease.

The crop report issued by the specialists of the agricultural department in charge of this work show that, while the area devoted to oats is 6 per cent less than the area sown last year, or 193,000 acres, the condition of the 31,644,000 acres sown is represented by 92.9 per cent of a normal crop as compared with 81.6 on June 1, 1907.

It is often the case with the horse along in years that his being in poor condition is the result of his teeth being out of whack. Perhaps the teeth need filing down so as to make possible a proper mastication of the food. Take such an animal to a competent veterinarian and have him examined. If the trouble is with the teeth it can easily be remedied.

After the strawberry bed is well started it requires no more care than does a properly attended potato patch. This should consist of frequent cultivatings with cultivator or hoe and a keeping of the bed free from weeds. During an especially dry spell a dust mulch should be kept at the surface of the ground to keep the roots of the plants from baking and drying out.

If the calves are afflicted with scours a simple and easy cure may be effected by putting into their ration of milk at the rate of one teaspoonful to each pint or pound a solution made by adding half an ounce of formalin to fifteen and one-half ounces of water. Experiments which have been conducted with this formalin treatment show that it effects a ready cure and is not injurious to the calves.

An interstate pure seed law is now contemplated and will likely be passed at the next session of congress. It will provide that all seeds offered for interstate shipment shall be under a definite guarantee as to purity and that no seeds mixed or containing adulterants shall cross state lines. As things stand just now residents of many states are given quite adequate protection by laws of their own state touching pure seeds offered for sale locally, but have no assurance of a square deal in those shipped in from other states. The new law should be welcomed by all honest men.

String beans may be put down in salt the same as corn, and this in a very easy and simple manner. Prepare as for cooking and boil until nearly done, about an hour; then take one quart of coarse salt and mix thoroughly with four quarts of the prepared beans. Pack down in stone jars and cover with cloth, plate and weight. In getting them ready for the table next winter rinse the loose salt off and put to soak in boiling water at night. Change the water a couple of times the next morning. Cook until done, preparing as if fresh from the garden. Beans preserved in this way retain their beany flavor remarkably well.

For the benefit of some readers who may not have remembered directions previously given for preserving eggs in a water glass solution we will repeat the recipe. The receptacle for the preserving of the eggs, preferably a stone jar, should be scalded with boiling water. The preservative solution is made by adding one quart of water glass to fifteen quarts of water. Fresh and clean but unwashed eggs should be packed in the jar and this solution poured over them [illegible] to cover. It is best where [illegible] down eggs each day [illegible] enough of the [illegible] over them. [illegible] manner [illegible] and will be [illegible]. The cost of treating the eggs [illegible] outside of the [illegible] a cent a [illegible] the cost of the water glass.

T. C. Grigg

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

General Merchandise.

We Also Keep Jewelry.

TELEPHONE, 170. LA BREE AVENUE.

Joe Giller

SAVES YOU MONEY.

He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.

Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar for a dollar.

Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of sugar for 50 cents.

Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.
" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.
" " " peaches, 12c per lb.
" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.
Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.
Reduction on everything.
Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highest price

CASH BUSINESS ONLY.

THE GREAT MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
HALFWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
THE WORLD'S FAIR AT HOME
AUG. 31 TO SEP. 5. 1908

A MAMMOTH EXHIBITION WITHOUT A PEER
GRAND ARRAY OF
AGRICULTURAL-HORTICULTURAL LIVE STOCK
DAIRY-POULTRY-FISH-GAME-SHEEP-SWINE
JOBBERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBITS
MAGNIFICENT SPEED EXHIBITION ON THE WORLD'S FASTEST TRACK
AFTERNOON AND EVENING PERFORMANCES
BY CELEBRATED TROUPES OF BEARS—ELEPHANTS
SEALS AND SEALIONS—ACROBATS—AERIAL ARTISTS
DANCERS AND EQUILIBRISTS
NIGHTLY DISPLAYS OF GREGORY'S ENCHANTING FIRE [illegible]
ROMAN CHARIOT AND STANDING ROMAN RACES
AIRSHIP RACES
BIG HIPPODROME SHOW
THE MERRY PIKE
INDIAN VILLAGE
AND THE BIG PRODUCTION
"FORT RIDGLEY IN 62"

Creamery Statement for June.

Amount of cream received, 81751 pounds.
Average test, 28.10.
Amount of butterfat, 22951 pounds.
Price paid, 21 cents.
About 5,000 pounds more butterfat than in corresponding month, 1907.
Number of patrons, 191.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$5810.52
Sales at creamery	353.85
Total	$6164.37

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$5532.24
Paid into expense fund	632.13
Total	$6164.37

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 8833
Average test, 31.4
Amount of butterfat, 2773.5

STONE STATION.

Amount of cream, 3925
Average test, 32.
Amount of butterfat, 1255.1

THOSE RECEIVING 40 DOLLARS AND OVER.

P. Engelstad	$125.63
Soren Sorenson	80.66
Albert Wichman	72.86
C. J. Knox	69.00
H. J. Hosback	62.26
John J. Borg	55.44
Christ Thompson	54.38
Otto Rupprecht	53.86
L. J. Parbst	53.66
Martin J. Borg	53.52
Ed Yanko	53.52
A. J. Funnesdahl	52.37
J. L. Aasoby	51.82
Dennis Connelly	51.14
A. O. Langseth	50.59
August Carlson	49.51
Martin Rust	49.32
Syver Ness	49.25
M. O. Saugen	49.25
Peter Sorenson	49.03
August Koglin	48.55
Nels Rhodegaard	48.86
P. Voldnes	48.19
A. Welo	47.30
George Gusa	47.18
S. O. Loe	46.85
John Simenson	46.58
Fred Berbower	46.51
Aug. Krause	46.30
Nels Nora	44.98
Fred Shystund	44.62
O. S. Helgeland	44.59
O. B. Heal	44.35
Aug. Johnson	43.08
G. Griebrok	42.79
Ole Omundson	42.38
M. Hoverstad	42.22
Lars Loe	41.81
Earn Anderson	40.98
John Sjolsvold	40.68
S. L. Simonson	40.13

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

Silverton.

Here we are again.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Quist and little son Carl of Braddada, N. D. are visiting with Mr. Quist's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Quist.

Mr. E. L. Quist of Red Lake Falls spent Sunday visiting relatives at Maive.

Harold Higgins of Thief River Falls, is working for W. H. Quist.

W. R. Peterson visited at the Quist home Sunday.

The dance at Mr. Evenson's on the 4th, of July was a good one.

Miss Volga M. Evenson of Thief River Falls spent a few days with May E. Quist the first part of the week.

Mr. Walter H. Quist was married to Miss Bessie O. Anderson at Cambridge, Minnesota on the 30th, of June, after a short wedding trip to Duluth Mr. Quist brought his bride to Maive where they will make their future home. A reception was given for them by some of their friends on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roller and family of Germantown spent the glorious fourth at the Quist home.

Silverton is busy with their grader along the eastern part of the telephone line.

Mr. Wm. Peterson spent the 4th. at Atwater, Minnesota.

Mr. John Barer went to Red Lake Falls the 3rd of this month. His friends are looking for further developments.

The big 4th, at Mr. Hunts was a very good one.

Mr. Anton K[illegible] of Cummings, N. D. are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Mat Staska for a few days.

Mr. Mat Staska and Anton K[illegible] visited Mr. and Mrs. Albert Irack, at Carl, Monday.

Miss Ruth Matson of Thief River Falls has been out here on the farm, picking strawberries.

Mr. Irving E. Quist who has been working for his brother at Maive, left for his home at Germantown.

M. A. R[illegible] of Thief River Falls is out working for some of the farmers in Silverton.

Mr. W. H. Anderson quit work at John Barers the first of the week.

Wanted—Agents for Di[illegible] the best the most powerful, but still the cheapest Disinfectant on Earth. Sells itself. Hardly any talking required. Agents easily earn $[illegible] to $[illegible] daily. Call or write for an agency. Alex A. Swanson, Gen'l. Agt. Thief River Falls.

State Twine Sells Well.

Almost the entire output of the Stillwater prison twine plant for the season of 1908 has been sold to members of clubs and small dealers, a goodly part going to individual farmer direct. The plant will be run over time until the 1st of August to supply as far as possible the farmers of the northwest. There are 354,000 pounds on hand.

Warden Wolfer has returned from a trip into the Red River Valley, and reports the crop prospects in that region to be very satisfactory. A few localities are in need of rain, but no damage has yet been done.

Cheap Way to kill Quack Grass.

Frank Burns, a farmer in the town of Hart, this county says the Winona Independent, has perhaps solved the vexing problem of how to get rid of quack grass. And if the solution is the right one, it is a simple one requiring an extended expense and an extra effort. Rooting hogs according to report do the work. Last year Mr. Burns as an experiment, is said to have turned out 30 hogs into a field of about nine or ten acres covered with quack grass. Knowing that hogs would eat quack grass and had a fondness for the roots of the weed he gave them nothing else to eat, and literally compelled them to "root, hog, or die." The result was that they rooted and instead of dying took on weight. But that was not the chief benefit nor was it Mr. Burns sole intention when he turned the hogs into the field. In their natural zeal to eat and grow fat the hogs turned over every foot of the soil, devoured most of the roots, and what were not taken were exposed to the killing rays of the sun, and so died. It is said that Mr. Burns intends to clean up his success if as good with the remainder as it has been with this first field it will pay farmers everywhere to adopt this simple method of ridding their lands of these most noxious enemies of profitable farming.—Wabasha Herald.

Carriers Get Orders.

Uncle Sam is getting after the rural mail carriers because they have, in many instances, been carrying mailable merchandise as express packages to accommodate the people living along their routes. This practice must be stopped, according to the Washington officials. The postal law is cited in this regard and hereafter postmasters are enjoined to be on the sharp look out and see to it that the carriers do not carry express matter except as allowed by the government.

In this connection it may be briefly stated that carriers are not allowed to carry anything outside of the regular mail when it interferes with their regular duties. They are not allowed to solicit any outside business, canvass along their routes for books, insurance etc.

Rural carriers are permitted to carry, outside of the mails, for hire or upon request of their patrons, only unmailable packages of merchandise, and articles of mail matter weighing over four pounds, and mailable and unmailable articles when combined in one package whether weighing in the aggregate more or less than four pounds, provided such articles are received from one merchant or patron to be delivered to another merchant or patron.

Carriers do not like to refuse to carry packages for their patrons, and it is not right to ask them to do so in violation of the regulations. Patrons and merchants should not impose upon the carriers, who are generally glad to accommodate them, if they may do so while acting within the range of their duties.

Defeated Grand Forks Again.

In an exciting game of base ball played at Grand Forks, Sunday, the local ball team defeated the Grand Forks aggregation, the score being [illegible] to 1. The feature of the game was a home run hit made by Hallett and which won the game for Thief River Falls. The game is said to have been a very swift one. This is the second time that Thief River Falls has defeated Grand Forks this season.

Crookston Woman Injured.

Crookston, Minn., July 20.—Mrs. George F. Carpenter, wife of a merchant of Crookston, was buried beneath the ruins of a heavy automobile five miles west of Crookston yesterday afternoon. Her legs were broken in two places and she received other injuries about the head and body. Her recovery is looked for.

Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter left the city for a pleasure ride. On the approach to a high ditch culvert, the machine skidded thru the sand and ran off the culvert, turning turtle into the ditch.

Enjoyed a Picnic.

The Langseth mercantile company was host Sunday to its large number of employes and stockholders. The gasoline launch, "Dan Patch" and a barge was chartered and the party was taken up the Red Lake river about eleven miles where a picnic dinner was served. Games, music, songs, etc, furnished amusement for the large number [illegible] with the [illegible] mercantile establishment and all had a most delightful time. There were about [illegible] people in the company.

Subscribe for the News.

Rollis News.

The people of Grygla voted $1000 last Saturday to buy a big ditcher and will ditch all the section lines in the township. The depot grounds are laid out for the Air Line and Johnson Bros. will begin their elevator as soon as the company locates the side track. The gasoline boat left 92 tubs of butter in the creamery that she could not take on her last trip.

The people of Liner are waking up to possibilities of their town as a shipping point for the new lines of steam or gasoline boats. They talk of raising the center span of the old bridge so as to let larger boats through and of builing a wharf. Mr. Berseng has been stocking up and his ware-house is jammed full of new goods. He will soon have to enlarge his stock.

Miss Magna Halseth closed her term of school in the Abrahamson district last week and a picnic was held at John Moberg's which a large number attended; but one incident occuring to mar the pleasures of the occasion, a five year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Abrahamson strayed away from the crowd and was hunted for diligently for three hours and half by the entire party. Master Wesley Thom found her on the edge of Thief Lake where he was strawberrying. This is the second child lost from this family since the writer has lived in this vicinity.

"Skin" George on Fur.

While in Crookston recently "Skin" George, for 38 years a buyer of furs and hides in Minnesota and the Northwest, and a well known character in this county, stated that the fur business looks even better than last year and he believes that he will buy more furs this year than last and be able to pay a good price for them. The number of wild animals seemed to have increased the the number of trappers in the Business he believes to have decreased slightly. Mr. George has traveled thought the entire northern part of the continent on his search for furs, has ascended and descended the MacKenzie River, twice clear to Heehel Island and has visited Paris, London and Leipsic He says that last year during the money stringency here the furs bought in this country were sold in large quantities in these three cities where his house has selling branches.

Reiner.

We are having fine weather, hope it will continue through haying.

The farmers out here are building telephone lines in all directions. A switch board will be put in at Julius Halvorson's store.

Haying has been started these last few days.

Rev. Bjornson held a meeting at T. O. Berg's place last Sunday, which was well attended, showing there is lots of good people out here in the wilderness.

Mr. Bye, from Grygla went to Thief River Falls last week to file on a quarter section of land in the town of Star.

Miss Halvorson returned home last week, from the town of Silverton where she worked for some time.

We saw two of our bachelors accompanying some girls home last Sunday evening. I suppose we will soon see them taking the same direction.

H. A. Halvorson brought home a pair of bronchos some time ago.

Mrs. Julius Hermanson visited her parents at Highlanding last week.

P. C. Wold was a visitor here last Sunday.

Andrew Ellingson of Highlanding visited relatives here last Sunday.

A concert was held at Mrs. T. Torgerson's place Sunday evening. It was well attended.

Miss Anderson is mowing hay now days.

Road district No. 3 is working its poll tax with all kinds of fire works this year. Boys better leave it, the flies are getting bad you see.

Holt.

(Too late for last week.)

The condition of crops in this section is good if rain comes at once, the long draught however will do damage to quite an extent and if continued failure will be total. It looked like rain today but will likely pass over. All meadows are suffering for rain.

Mrs. M. Bothun of Thief River Falls has been visiting old friends here. When she leaves for California again Miss Anna Johnson from this place is likely to go along.

Jennie Johnson has been down to Fertile for a visit.

There was a party at Ha[illegible] Sunday.

Elf Eide has purchased a team of horses, these with the [illegible] Eide go some.

Minnie P[illegible] is taking regular Sunday drives in a top buggy and it is useless to say she feels flattered, but it is not much to envy after all.

M[illegible] has gone to Dakota to work.

There is a creamery [illegible] today, it being one year since the creamery started operations [illegible] has been a very successful one and great prospects for a better one in the future.

Subscribe for the News.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE.

The tournament and 4th. of July are over, but not our bargain sales. Realizing there will be a little dullness after the late celebrations, we have decided to slaughter prices on some staple lines of summer goods, such goods as people need during the hot season.

For the next two weeks we offer you the following reductions from our former low prices on the following lines.

1-5 off regular price on shirt waists, ladies summer coats, skirts, children's and Misses wash dresses and ladies long silk gloves.

1-4 off regular prices on all summer wash goods, such as white goods, lawns, dimities, Swiss applique, organdies, dotted swisses and silk tissues.

OXFORDS.

10 per cent off regular price on our entire stock of men's women's and children's oxfords, both leather and canvass.

To make our July business larger than ever, we offer special bargains in all departments. For your benefit call and be convinced.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Perfect Malt Extract

Digesto is a combination of the highest grade imported hops, the choicest selections of barley, and pure artesian water. Digesto MALT EXTRACT is not only a most efficient vitalizer and producer of new blood and tissue but the absence of that sweet taste, common to most Malt Extracts, makes it extremely palatable as well. It is invaluable to convalescents, nursing mothers, business men, tired out women, and workers of all kinds. The continued use of Digesto is productive of the best results.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL

Famous Hamm's Beer

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50 Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

ACADEMY FOR GIRLS

Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph

Crookston, Minn.

The object of this Institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars:

Mother Superior,
St. Joseph's Academy,
Crookston, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Miner Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Gilbert Gutterson of Lake Crystal, who two years ago came within 297 votes of defeating James T. McCleary of Mankato for the congressional nomination in the Second district, has again filed for that nomination. This is the third filing for this nomination and assures a lively fight in the district among Mr. Gutterson, former Congressman McCleary and Paul A. Ewert of Pipestone, assistant United States district attorney for Minnesota.

Figures prepared by the insurance commissioner's department show that the fire insurance companies have lost more money in St. Paul in proportion to the premiums paid than in any other section of the state. During a period of fifteen years the losses have been 60 per cent of the premiums paid. The average for the state during the same period is only 51 per cent, for Minneapolis 48 per cent and Duluth 46 per cent.

Forty-one per cent more students failed during the last semester of the university year than during the first semester last fall, according to the records just completed by Register E. B. Pierce of the University of Minnesota. According to the figures "blue slips," indicating failures or conditions, were sent out on 775 studies. About 582 students received all the slips, some receiving two, three and four each.

The state board of control has decided to do the grading of the remaining half of the site for buildings at the new state prison on its own behalf and has authorized Warden Wolfer to superintend the work. The grading of the first half was done by contract at a cost of about $15,000. Bids for the remaining portion showed a cost of about 60 per cent more and hence the decision not to let it by contract.

The state board of health has adopted a programme with which all school buildings must comply. The department has the power under the law to enforce reasonable regulations concerning the air and space in school buildings and has formulated in a resolution what they deem essential to good school buildings. The rules will apply only to buildings to be erected in the future.

St. Paul on June 1, 1908, had a population of 225,300, according to the introduction to the city directory for this year, which R. L. Polk & Co. soon will have ready for distribution. This estimate is based on an increase of 12,566 names in the 1908 directory over that of 1905, when the state census showed St. Paul to have a population of 197,025.

Minnesota had more cash on hand July 16 than on any day since the state was organized. The total of $8,018,274 was credited to the state, all drawing interest at 2 per cent. The pile may get still higher, but never before has it passed the $3,000,000 mark.

Beer and tobacco sales are on the increase in Minneapolis. At least the revenue stamps on those commodities have sold faster during the past six months than for any corresponding six months in the history of the revenue office.

Despite the fact that the state of Minnesota is supposed to become more civilized as it grows older the number of wolves killed within its borders is on the increase.

OBITUARY.

John B. Sutphin, former mayor of Duluth and state weighmaster for several years, is dead at Duluth of kidney trouble after an illness which extended over three years. He was sixty years old. Mr. Sutphin had been a resident of Duluth for more than a quarter of a century and was always active in politics and public affairs.

Mrs. Nancy McLeod, an old resident of St. Paul and a native of Minnesota, is dead at St. Paul. Mrs. McLeod was born eighty-one years ago on the Upper Minnesota river, the daughter of a Scotchman named Jeffries, one of the early traders, and a Sioux Indian woman.

Louis L. Sutherland died suddenly in Minneapolis at the close of a family reunion in which he had taken a prominent part. He was fifty-seven years of age.

John F. Fitzgerald, for twenty-three years superintendent of the St. Paul workhouse, is dead at Detroit, Mich., as the result of a stroke of paralysis.

Professor Francois C. Boucher, for twenty-six years French vice consul in St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty years.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Daniel Curtis, one of the most prosperous and best known farmers of Washington county, was kicked in the stomach by a horse and died a few minutes later. Mr. Curtis was fifty years of age.

Tony Wallin, a craneman employed by the Leonard Mining company at Chisholm, was instantly killed as a result of falling and striking his head on a part of the machinery of a steam shovel.

Death by a broken heart ended the sorrows of Charles Hildebrand of Minneapolis, who had been ill since the death of his daughter, Mabel Hildebrand, June 26.

Frank Burns of Wabasha, an engineer of the Milwaukee railroad, was killed in a wreck on that road near Mitchell, S. D.

Lester McGee, twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. McGee of Morton, was drowned while bathing.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

That freight rates should be advanced in the territory of the Southeastern Freight association and the Southeastern Mississippi Valley association, which takes in all the territory south of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi river, was decided on at a meeting at Louisville of the executive officers of all of the railroad systems interested.

In a decision handed down by Judge C. C. Kohlsaat in the United States circuit court at Chicago the jurist enjoined the issuance of transportation by the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway company to the publishers of Munsey's magazine in exchange for advertising, declaring the contract a violation of the Hepburn law.

The brokerage firm of Cameron Currie & Co. of Detroit went into the hands of a receiver through a bill filed in the Wayne circuit court by Cameron Currie against his partner, Louis H. Case, asking a dissolution of partnership. The liabilities are estimated at from $500,000 to $700,000.

A settlement affecting 10,000 men in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Wisconsin, Michigan, Missouri and Illinois was reached at Detroit between the Western Bar Iron association and the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

Suits for damages aggregating $950,000 were entered in the United States circuit court at Pittsburg against the Pittsburg Coal company as a result of the Barr mine disaster of Dec. 19, 1907, when nearly 300 men were killed.

The interstate commerce commission will be appealed to by the Manufacturers' association of New York in its fight to prevent the railroads from making a 10 per cent increase in freight rates.

The hog market, which had been steadily advancing since March, climbed to the high mark for the year at Chicago when prime animals sold at $7 a hundred pounds.

Owing to a run that gradually depleted its vault of currency the Farmers and Merchants' Banking company of Cleveland has closed its doors.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Two government custom inspectors and a wharf watchman were killed and two longshoremen and two clerks were injured in the explosion of a box containing detonating caps in an inspection locker of a shed on pier No. 47, Boston.

Seven mine workers were killed and ten others were injured by a terrific explosion of gas in the Williamstown (Pa.) colliery of the Summit Branch Mining company. The mine was wrecked and set on fire.

A succession of drenching showers have served to put a stop to the great fires which have wrought damage amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars in the Maine woods during the past two weeks.

An explosion in the powder magazine of the Northwestern Improvement company near Cleelum, Wash., killed nine persons and seriously injured a number of others.

While catching in a baseball game Frank Howard of Harvard, Ill., was hit over the heart by a swiftly pitched ball and instantly killed. He was sixteen years old.

Two men are dead and property valued at about $100,000 was destroyed as the result of a fire in the San Maria oil fields at Orcutt, Cal.

Six persons, five of them well know in social circles at Louisville, Ky., were seriously injured in an automobile accident.

The town of Baltic, O., containing 500 people, was practically wiped out by fire. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 20.—Wheat—July, $1.17; Sept., 98¾@98⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.19¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.17¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.15¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.10@1.12.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 20.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$6.25@6.65. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; good to choice yearlings, $4.25@4.75; springs lambs, [illegible]

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 20.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.17½; No. 1 Northern, $1.16@1.16½; No. 2 Northern, $1.12½; July, $1.16; Sept., $1.14. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.21½; Sept., $1.20¼; Oct., $1.19¾; Nov., $1.19; Dec., $1.17½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 20.—Wheat—July, 90¾c; Sept., [illegible]; Dec., [illegible]. Corn—July, 75[illegible]; Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 61½c; May, [illegible]. Oats—July, old, 51[illegible]; July, [illegible]; Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 42¾@[illegible]; May, [illegible]. Pork—July, $1[illegible]; Sept., [illegible]; Oct., $15.67½. Butter—[illegible] dairies, 17[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, [illegible] springs, 17[illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, [illegible] $4.[illegible]@7.90; Texans [illegible] western cattle, [illegible] feeders, [illegible] $2.[illegible] [illegible] $4.[illegible] $4.[illegible] $3.75@4.[illegible] yearlings, $4.[illegible]@5.75; lambs, $4.50@5.50.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35

Clothes cleaned and pressed

First class work guaranteed.

Prices right.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

A few diamond broches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

FOR AGENTS. [illegible]

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"

BY

WM. JENNINGS BRYAN

576 Imperial Octavo Pages. 251 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Col Bryan.

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. Greatest book of travel ever written. Most successful book of this generation. 41,000 called for in 4 months. Write us for sample reports of first 100 agent employed. The people buy it eagerly. The agent's harvest.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 45-100 dollars taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:10 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton.
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
july 16-6t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 16 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, 1901, made H. E. No. 652, for lots 6, 7, & N. E. ¼, N. W. ¼, Section 18, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 31st day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Haken Johnson, " " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " " "
John Quale, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court. Fourteenth Judicial District. Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs.

Herman Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs. Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown,

Defendants.

NOTICE is herby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June 1908, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 8th day of August 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the East Half (E½) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the West Half (W½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), all in Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty-five (45), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated June 22nd 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller
Plaintiff's Attorney
June 25 July 30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andreas O. Troskvick as one of the heirs of Anne Amundsen deceased of Rothray, Minnesota, who, on July 1st, 1903, made H. E. No 6426, Serial, No. 0175, for S. W. ¼, S. E. ¼, Sec 20, W. ½, N. E. ¼, and S. E. ¼, N. E. ¼, Section 21, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom Aadelal, of Thorwick, Minn.
Sauve Brakke, " " "
Torger Brakke, " " "
Thom Hakkon, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 3, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Harsey E. Mussey, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 24th, 1901 made Homestead Entry No 25[illegible], Serial, No 165, for S. W. ¼, Section 2, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 17th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Frans Fisher, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher, " "
D. P. O'Neil, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John E. Hounge, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
July [illegible]

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 2[illegible] 1908.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, who, on June [illegible] made H. E. No. [illegible] for [illegible] Section [illegible] Township [illegible] N. Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final [illegible] proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible]

Claimant names as witnesses:
D. P. O'Neil, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible] Sorenson, " "
[illegible] Peterson, " "
[illegible] Johnson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

[illegible]

THE NEWS, $1
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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN BY F. E. TRIGG REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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WANTS AN OPENING.

An eastern reader of these notes, a young man of twenty-two years living in the city of New York, writes inquiring what the chances are farther west for a young man who is well and strong and willing to work, but yet who wants to get into some kind of business for himself, preferably an outdoor occupation, like farming. It is a very natural thought on the part of New Englanders that there are better opportunities for getting ahead in the Mississippi valley states and with the resident of the central states that better opportunities are to be found on the Pacific slope. There is doubtless truth in the contention of those in both sections referred to. Yet before going west we should advise our young friend to look around a bit near home. Many western agricultural papers have been publishing articles of late relative to opportunities in New England, especially along the line of taking hold of some of the so called abandoned or unproductive farms. Not long since there was cited in these notes the case of a young man who had traveled the country over and who had equipped himself for an agricultural professorship or a responsible position in the government service and yet who after taking everything into account had decided to go back to the old home farm in York state and put out more orchards and otherwise develop intelligently the possibilities of an eastern farm. There is little question that there is more doing in a general way in the central western than in the New England states and more in the western group than in the central, but in both sections considerable ready money is needed for one to buy a farm or ranch, unless it be a small one, or to embark in a paying business enterprise. Our friend does not advise us of his tastes, so that we hardly feel qualified to give him specific information as to the pursuit which he should follow. But, whatever these may be, it is a pretty good idea for one who contemplates locating in a new or distant section of the country to visit such a place before acquiring any property interest with a view to ascertaining what the prospects or possibilities of the section may be. This may mean the paying out of a considerable sum for car fare and hotel bills, but in the end it is often the cheapest way to do.

BOYS AND WORK.

While there are practically no people who do not regret the selfish and hard hearted economic influences of the times which condemn little boys of from ten to fourteen years to all day or all night labor in the breakers in anthracite collieries or in factories where conditions are unwholesome, yet a child labor law which will tend to prevent boys under fourteen working during their spare time and serve to give them instead opportunity for idleness, shiftlessness and mischief could hardly be viewed as entirely beneficent in its working. It is a matter of common observation as well as statistics that the bums and criminals with which the country is cursed are recruited almost entirely from a class of boys and girls who do not go to school or have regular and definite work to do during the formative years from ten to sixteen. It is for this reason that the cities and towns produce ten no-accounts and criminals where the country produces one or two, and this would seem to be almost entirely due to the fact that on the farm the boy has something to do and does not spend his time in loafing or mischief. By all means have a wholesome child labor law, but let it be so framed that it will not tend to demoralize and keep out of employment children who would be unquestionably the better off for it.

WILLOW FOR POST TIMBER.

A north Iowa reader of these notes inquires if the common willow cannot be utilized for post timber in place of high priced cedar. He writes that he has on his place a good many willows which he thinks of utilizing in this manner. He suggests the wisdom of dipping the posts in hot tar so that it will cover them to a point six inches above the ground after they are set. While he have never tried this method of treating posts, we have seen it highly recommended. A well seasoned peeled willow post will last from four to seven years without any tar treatment. It is safe to say that if the posts were well seasoned and dipped in the hot tar their durability would be nearly trebled. This has been the case in experiments in which other woods have been used, and it is quite likely that it would hold good with willow. With post timber high and the supply becoming yearly more limited, it would seem but the part of wisdom to treat with tar or other preservative all posts to be set of whatever kind. The small expense involved is returned many times in the increased life of the post.

A CLERK'S BLUNDER.

Its Effect Upon the Fortunes of Our Revolutionary War.

The element of chance as exemplified in the blunder of a copyist had an important bearing on the result of our war for independence. As is well known, the crisis of the military between Great Britain and the revolting colonies was reached when General Burgoyne's campaign was planned in London. The object was to strike a tremendous blow at the center of the Revolution. The British forces were to take possession of the Mohawk and Hudson valleys by a concentric march from Lake Champlain, Oswego and New York on converging lines toward Albany. The ascent of the Hudson by Sir William Howe's army was essential to the success of a scheme by which New England was to be cut off as by a wedge from the southern colonies.

Orders were sent out from London for the advance of Burgoyne's and St. Leger's forces from Canada. At first Sir William Howe was merely informed of the plan and was armed with discretionary powers, but finally a dispatch was drafted positively ordering him to co-operate in the movement from New York.

A British clerk made a hasty and very careless copy of the dispatch, which the minister, Lord George Germaine, found great difficulty in reading. He angrily reprimanded the culprit and ordered a fresh copy to be made without flaw or erasure. Being pressed for time and anxious for a holiday, Lord George posted off to the country without waiting for the fresh copy.

The military order was laboriously copied in the clerk's best hand, but when it was finished the minister was not there to sign it. It was pigeonholed and overlooked when he returned and was not sent to America until long afterward. Howe, being left with full discretion, allowed himself to be drawn into military operations against Washington's army near Philadelphia. Burgoyne's army was entrapped, cut off from retreat and forced to surrender at Saratoga.

Thus the fortunes of the Revolutionary war turned upon the carelessness of a British clerk.—Chicago Record-Herald.

SOAP BUBBLES.

How Some Pretty and Marvelous Effects May Be Produced.

There are degrees of skill in all pastimes, but one would hardly think that there were specialists in the art of blowing soap bubbles. An article in the Windsor Magazine by Meredith Nugent, however, shows that some very pretty and marvelous effects may be obtained by the exercise of care and patience with soap and water.

The first step is to make a solution by rubbing pure white castile soap into a bowl partly filled with water until a lather has been formed. Then remove every particle of lather, dip a clay pipe into the cleared solution and start to blow a bubble.

If you can blow one six inches in diameter so that it will hang suspended from the pipe and will allow your forefinger covered with the solution to be pushed through into the bubble without breaking, then the mixture is ready for use.

Six bubbles may be blown, one inside the other. This is performed by dipping the end of a straw in the soapy water and after resting the wet end upon an inverted plate or sheet of glass, which should have been previously wet with the solution, blow a bubble six inches in diameter.

Then dip the straw into the solution again, carefully thrust it through into the center of this first bubble and blow another. Continue in this manner until all the bubbles are in position. Great care must be taken that the straw is thoroughly wet with solution for fully half its length before each bubble is blown. With practice ten or twelve bubbles may be placed inside of one another.

No Tears Nor Hills.

In the days when Rowley Hill was bishop of the Isle of Man one of his clergymen bearing the name of Tears came to say adieu to his bishop on getting preferment. The parson said: "Goodby, my lord. I hope we may meet again, but if not here in some better place."

The bishop replied, "I fear the latter is unlikely, as there are no Tears in heaven."

"No doubt," wittily answered the parson, "you are right that our chance of meeting is small, as one reads of the plains of paradise, but never of any Hills there."—London Queen.

Australian Bushmen.

Although the bushmen of Australia are the very lowest in the scale of ignorance, they possess a rare instinct that equals that of many animals and is in its way as wonderful as man's reason. It is almost impossible for them to be lost. Even if they be led away from their home blindfolded for miles, when released they will unerringly turn in the right direction and make their way to their nest homes, and, though these are all very similar, they never make a mistake.

Fool and Sage.

The fool and his money are parted, not long did they stay in cahoots, but the fool is the cheeriest hearted and gladdest of human galoots. His neighbor is better and wiser, six figures might tell what he's worth, but, oh, how folks wish the old miser would fall off the edge of the earth!—Emporia Gazette.

Nothing preaches better than the ant, and she says nothing.—Franklin.

A WARSHIP TEST.

The Unexpected Beat to General Quarters at Midnight.

The ship is lying at anchor in a distant port. It is night, and nothing is heard but the tramp of the sentry on the forecastle and the ripple of water at the gangway.

Only the officer of the deck, the quartermaster and the guard are awake. The entire crew are below decks and dreaming in their hammocks.

The cabin door opens and the captain steps forth softly, fully dressed and wearing his sword and revolver. He speaks in a low tone to the officer of the deck, who sends an orderly forward with a message. In a moment the orderly returns, bringing with him the drummer, who stands silently at the mast, drumsticks in hand, watching the commander.

"Eight bells"—midnight—is struck. At a silent signal from the commanding officer the drummer poises his sticks an instant, then sounds the long roll, or "alarm," which is at once followed by the quick beat to "general quarters."

Instantly the scene changes to one of apparently the utmost confusion. Four hundred men leap from their hammocks. Passing a few turns of the lashings around them, they throw them into their "nettings," then spring to their stations at the batteries and cast loose the guns.

A moment more and a bright flash and roar from the forecastle pivot gun bursts upon the stillness and gloom of the night, followed quickly by the broadside battery.

Each gun is fired once, a blank charge, but enough to show that the gun is in good order and ready for service.

As suddenly the pandemonium subsides. Confusion gives place to silence and order and not a sound is heard, but the battle lanterns flashing along the crowded deck reveal the well disciplined crew standing at their quarters, every man equipped with cutlass and pistol, silent and alert. Sponges, rammers, supply boxes and battle axes litter the deck; everything is provided and ready as for action, while the captain, accompanied by the executive officer (the first lieutenant), with an orderly bearing a lantern, makes a thorough inspection fore and aft and below, including the powder division, magazines and shell rooms, to see that nothing is lacking which would be required in real action.

At the touch of the drum the ship has been changed from deathlike stillness to readiness for battle, every officer and man at his station, armed, silent, expectant—and all in less than three minutes!—Chicago News.

Cause of Giantism.

A learned Italian doctor says that giantism is a morbid process, a disease due to an enlargement of a part of the brain which is endowed with growth regulating functions. When that part of the brain enlarged, the limbs grew to an abnormal extent and other physical changes occurred, the excess of growth being chiefly in the lower jaw, the arms and legs. No giant ever attains length of days. The average life is only a fraction over twenty years. Ireland has produced at least four giants—McGrath, born in Tipperary in 1736 (he was seven feet five inches in height); Malone, seven feet six inches; Murphy, seven feet three inches, and Charles Byrne, seven feet six inches. None of them ever reached great mental development.

Old Dances In Old Times.

In Edward Scott's "Dancing In All Ages" are some curious details about the dances of old England.

"Joan Sanderson" was a "jolly dance" in Mr. Scott's definition, for before it was ended each lady had kissed all the gentlemen twice, and each man had been equally enterprising. Mary Stuart danced the "Volta," though "not so high and so disposedly" as Elizabeth. In King Charles' time people danced "Trenchmore," the "Cushion Dance," "Omnium Gatherum" and "Holie cum Tolte."

"All In a Garden Green," "Gathering of Peascods," "Lumps of Pudding," "Under and Over," "The Bath," "The Slaughter House" and "Have at Thy Coat, Old Woman," are dances not quite so old.

The Meaning of "Muff."

The record of the fact that muffs were once worn by more men than women in Paris suggests the old ingenious definition of a muff as "a soft thing that holds a lady's hand without squeezing it." "Muff" appears to have come to us from German, in which language, curiously, "muff" means not only a hand comforter, but also a sulky person or a growling dog. These seem, however, to be two different words. Was our own metaphorical "muff" an allusion to the effeminacy of muff wearers or simply an intimation that the person was distinctly "soft"?—London Chronicle.

True to the Adage.

"My son, my son!" exclaimed the dismayed mother as she saw all her boy's belongings stacked in a corner of the closet. "Haven't I tried over and over to teach you that you should have a place for everything?"

"Yep," said the son cheerfully, "and this is the place."—Chicago News.

Fame.

"Who was James Boswell?" asked the teacher of the class in English literature.

"He was Dr. Samuel Johnson's press agent," answered the young man with the bad eye.—Chicago Tribune.

Good temper is like a sunny day—it sheds its brightness everywhere.—French Proverb.

AN ISLAND OF QUIET.

Yet Going Downtown In Madeira Is an Exciting Event.

Madeira is populated, yet is one of the quietest as well as one of the most beautiful places in the world. Although the roads are paved with round beach stones, there is nothing to remind one of the fact, because, as David G. Fairchild, agricultural explorer of the department of agriculture, explains in the National Geographic Magazine, there are no horses or jolting wheels.

All vehicles in Madeira are on runners. If you go calling it is in a bullock sledge with canopy top and comfortable seats. If you move a bank safe or a steam boiler it is carried on a "stone boat," or sledge of poles, and you may have to get forty oxen to pull it. If you are in a villa on the hillside and want to get downtown you take a running car and slide down over the cobblestones.

Two strong men, each holding a guide rope, pull your car over a bag of grease to grease the runners and then give you a running shove and jump each on a runner behind as the car shoots down at a breakneck pace over the cobblestones.

The men yell, hens and dogs scamper, foot passengers cling close to the wall of the narrow street, the runners get hot and fill the air with odor of burning wood as you shoot round sharp corners, down the busy thoroughfare, past gorgeous masses of flowering creepers which hang over the walls of the private villas that border your road.

But, oh, the change when you get to the bottom! You are obliged either to walk or take a carro, drawn by slow moving bullocks, squeaking and slipping over the stones.

ORIGIN OF THE HORSE.

The Modern Animal a Cross Between Two Ancient Breeds.

In Wissen fur Alle Professor Koenig discusses in some detail the origin of the horse of today. He finds that the horse of neolithic times was not specifically distinct from the horse of the present. While there is no doubt that the horse of that period was used by man for food, there seems to be no conclusive evidence as to whether it was domesticated or not. His own opinion, however, is that it was probably domesticated.

The horse of that time was closely allied to the tarpan or semiwild horse that lived in southern Russia up to a century ago. This was a "hog maned," short legged, large headed beast. It seems probable that the domesticated horses of the Germans of Caesar's time were derived from this breed.

The Egyptians had horses as early as 1900 B. C. These were long maned, more like the Arab horses, and came from Assyria. Where the Assyrians obtained them is unknown, but it was probably from southern Asia, where this long maned breed has been developed in all probability as the result of long continued domestication. The modern horse is a cross between these two breeds, with a further mixture of the Arab horse. This Arab horse, too, was itself a descendant of the earlier long maned horse.

The origin of the long maned horse is a matter of doubt, but Professor Koenig thinks it may have been from an extinct Indian species.

Women Who Marry at Thirty-five.

A German doctor lays it down as a well established fact based on close observation that women who do not marry until thirty-five or thereabout invariably achieve matrimonial success. Why women of this particular age should make more successful marriages than those who fall victims to love's young dream is fairly obvious. When a young woman marries between thirty and forty she either does so for companionship, choosing her mate accordingly, or from need, in which case she also chooses with a certain amount of care. She has no wild dreams of unalloyed bliss.—London Lady's Pictorial.

A Freak of the Lightning.

A curious case of lightning destruction took place some years ago at Gatchina, an imperial summer residence not far from St. Petersburg, where stood a stone column fifty feet high, held together by iron angles. When rain fell more or less water penetrated the stones in the interior of the monument. One day it was struck by lightning, and instantly the column disappeared from view, killing a lone sentry on guard. The only explanation is that the heat of the lightning instantly generated steam on coming in contact with some of the water and the terrific explosion followed.

The Change of a Comma.

"Whenever she asks me to do anything," soliloquized Mr. Meeker pensively, "I always go and do it, like a fool."

"Yes," said Mrs. Meeker, who happened along in time to overhear him. "Whenever I ask you to do anything you always go and do it like a fool."—Chicago Tribune.

The Baby Helped.

Jones—Yes, our household now represents the United Kingdom. Smith—How's that? Jones—Why, you see, I am English, my wife is Irish, the nurse is Scotch, and the baby wails.—London Express.

Changed.

"Do you believe that man and woman should have equal rights?"

"Well, I used to, but since I've been married I don't dare to say so."—Cleveland Leader.

Men make houses, but women make homes.—Danish Proverb.

A STORY OF HEROISM

Showing How Brave Men Can Calmly Meet Death.

WRECK OF THE BIRKENHEAD.

The Way This British Vessel Went Down Off the Cape of Good Hope. Most of the Crew Were Lost and All the Women and Children Saved.

Visitors to the hospital of the old pensioners at Chelsea will perhaps have noticed in the colonnade a simple memorial tablet, placed there by order of the late Queen Victoria to record the heroic constancy and discipline of the officers and soldiers who lost their lives in the wreck of the transport Birkenhead off the Cape of Good Hope on Feb. 26, 1852. On Jan. 7 in that year, after embarking re-enforcements amounting to fifteen officers and 476 men for the troops engaged in the Kaffir war, the Birkenhead left Ireland for the cape. On board were also 166 women and children, the wives and families of soldiers. All went well till the transport reached Simon's Town, where ten officers and eighteen men were landed. The ship continued her course on the evening of Feb. 25. But the captain in his anxiety for a quick passage unfortunately kept so close to the shore that during the night the ship got among the rocks which line the coast. About three miles off Danger point at 2 o'clock in the morning of the 26th, while all except those on watch were sleeping peacefully in their hammocks, the ship struck with a violent shock. The bulk of the men on board were young soldiers.

The rush of water on the Birkenhead striking was so great that most of the soldiers on the lower troop deck were drowned in their hammocks. The remainder, with all the officers, appeared on deck, many only partly dressed, and fell in as orderly and as quietly as on the barrack square. Calling the officers round him, Lieutenant Colonel Seton of the Seventy-fourth highlanders, the senior officer on board, impressed on them the necessity for preserving order and silence among the men. The services of the next senior, Captain Wright, Ninety-first highlanders, were placed at the disposal of the commander of the ship to carry out whatever orders he might consider essential. Sixty men were put on the chain pumps on the lower after deck and told off in three reliefs. Sixty more were put on to the tackles of the paddle box boats, and the remainder were brought on to the poop to ease the fore part of the ship, as she was rolling heavily. The commander next ordered the officers' chargers to be pitched out of the gangway. The plunging and terrified horses were got up and cast over, five of them managing to swim ashore. The cutter was then got ready for the women and children, who had been collected under the poop awning, and they were passed in one by one. There being room in the boat for one or two more, the order was given for any trumpeter or bugler boys to be taken. A young drummer standing near was told by an officer to get into the boat, but, drawing himself up, exclaimed that he drew man's pay and would stick by his comrades. The cutter then shoved off in charge of one of the ship's officers, and the women and children were safe.

No sooner was she clear than the entire bow of the vessel broke off at the foremast, the bowsprit going up in the air toward the foretopmast. The funnel also went over the side, carrying away the starboard paddle box and boat and crushing the men on the tackles. The paddle box boat capsized on being lowered, and the large boat in the center of the ship could not be got up.

The men were then ordered on to the poop, where they stood calmly awaiting their fate. Within a few minutes the vessel broke in two, crosswise, just abaft the engine room, and the stern began rapidly to fill. In this extremity the commander called out, "Those who can swim jump overboard and make for the boats!" but the officers begged the soldiers not to, as the boat with the women and children would be swamped. They were young men in the prime of life, with all before them, yet no one moved, nor did any sign of terror or fear escape them. Lower and lower sank the vessel into the deadly sea. The old transport shivered, gave a final plunge and disappeared, carrying with her the band of heroes on deck and those working below at the pumps.

Men of all ages and ranks they were—the colonel and the drummer boy, officers of gentle birth and men from the workshop, the plow and the mine, but all animated with the same heroic resolution, fortitude and chivalry—as cool as though they had been on their parade ground, with as much courage as in action in the field. A few managed to cling to the rigging of the mainmast, part of which remained out of water, while others got hold of floating pieces of wood and were eventually rescued, but of fourteen officers and 438 men no fewer than nine officers and 349 men perished, many falling prey to the attacks of the sharks, which surrounded the ship in shoals, waiting for their victims. Every woman and child was saved.

Perhaps the greatest compliment ever paid to the memory of the brave was the order of the king of Prussia for the account of the wreck of the Birkenhead to be read on three successive parades at the head of every regiment in his army, and it was spoken of in every school in Prussia and Germany.—London Globe.

Statement of the condition of Peoples State Bank at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on July 15, 1908.
Date of Call by Supt., July 17, 1908.
Date of Report by Bank, July 18, 1908.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$71,859.40
Overdrafts		855.70
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,440.78
Other Real Estate		900.00
Due from banks	17,199.67	
Checks and Cash Items	85.19	
Cash on Hand, items below	4,709.69	
Currency	2,501.00	
Gold	740.00	
Silver	1,436.20	
Other	32.49	
Total Cash Assets	22,054.55	22,054.55
Total		102,610.43
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$30,000.00
Undivided Profits		1,027.70
Deposits subject to check	42,067.14	
Cashier's Checks	1,277.25	
Total Immediate Liabilities	43,344.39	
Time Certificates	28,238.34	
Total deposits	71,583.73	
Total		102,610.43

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, D. H. Bakke, President, and T. P. Hamre, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. D. H. BAKKE, President, T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of July, 1908 Benard Docken, Notary Public. [SEAL] My commission expires June, 1st, 1914.

CORRECT Attest: (Two) Directors. H. P. SPONHEIM, LARS BACKE.

Statement of the condition of FIRST STATE BANK, at Thief River Falls, Minn., at close of business on July 15, 1908.
Date of Call by Supt. July 17, 1908.
Date of Report by Bank July 20, 1908.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$104,344.78
Overdrafts		4,424.27
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800.00
Other real estate		3,656.36
Due from banks	40,180.90	
Checks and Cash Items	2,923.71	
Cash on Hand, items below	10,749.06	
Currency	4,897.00	
Gold	2,935.00	
Silver	2,663.50	
Other	253.56	
Total Cash Assets	53,853.67	53,853.67
Total		168,079.06
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		1,317.03
Deposits subject to check	73,696.85	
Demand certificates	6,334.74	
Due to Banks	1,514.80	
Total Immediate liabilities	81,575.33	
Time certificates	73,185.66	
Total deposits	154,702.05	154,702.05
Total		168,079.06

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, Math Barzen, Vice President, and H. G. Dobner, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. MATH BARZEN, Vice President, H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of July, 1908, O. E. Thoreson, [SEAL] Notary Public. My commission expires May 11th, 1914.

CORRECT Attest: (Two) Directors. CHARLES A. ROBBECKE, L. M. HOAG.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF A. Wright

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to J. M. Bishop of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 20th, day of January 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, 1908.
COURT SEAL.

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.
july 23-aug-6

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &C.

[illegible]

Scientific American.

[illegible]

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

SOCIALISM AND SUICIDE.

Self Murder Will Cease With the Downfall of Capitalism.

We notice with pain the increase in suicides as a result of the present capitalistic prosperity. The suicides are mostly of despairing workingmen, but here and there is a capitalist who has overplayed the selfish scramble and been devoured by his competitors, usually the trusts.

To despairing men who are contemplating suicide—and we include the despairing capitalist, too—we make this appeal: Do not commit self murder. It is cowardly; it is selfish. Your troubles are only a part of the troubles of the race under the present system.

If this were still wilderness and it was redskins that were after you, you would turn and fight, and fight to the last drop of your blood, not only for your own protection, but in defense of others. We know that it is an unseen foe that is after you now and that you despair of seeing anything tangible to strike at. But this is simply because you have not read and informed yourself on economic questions. Once you do that it will all appear as clear to your mind as daylight.

Get a good Socialist book—we recommend "Socialism Made Plain"—and get posted.

Do not think only of yourself. Think of the class that, like you, is in sore straits these days and must save itself by giving intelligent battle to the conditions *that are oppressing it.* Don't be a coward and sneak out the back door of suicide. Don't throw your life away. Give it to the greatest cause the sun ever shone on—the cause of economic justice. Enlist in the great fight. Help the people to shake off oppression. Do not desert.

Life will appear grander to you the minute you take a hand in this great struggle, and you will realize how valuable your existence is when it can be used unselfishly in the cause of your fellow men.

Do not throw your life away. Be persuaded!—Frederic Heath.

TOUCHES NATION'S VITALS.

Socialism Gives a New View of Larger Questions of Life.

The New York Nation, an independent old party organ, observes the drift of things and speaks out sanely and fairly in this manner:

"Socialism may be the means of widening intellectual horizons. It may lay before Americans a new view of some of the larger questions of life—far larger than the petty tenets of trades unionism. It may set us to thinking, and the salvation of the republic depends upon the efforts of its citizens to think seriously about its affairs.

"For one thing, Socialism is eminently a peace movement. It is steadily opposed to militarism, and it will thus help us to see more clearly the silliness of the huge naval and military expenditure in which we seem bound to rival the groaning nations of Europe. And as for other questions, we cannot believe that error will permanently prevail over truth. We are confident that individualism in its main features is the policy which has formed and which must preserve our institutions. But if we conservatives are mistaken we cannot but welcome a discussion which shall open our eyes and set us right. Our attitude toward this topic, as toward any other which touches the vitals of our nation, must be that of readiness to defend our faith in open forum, to meet and conquer reason with reason."

Socialist Notes.

It is as silly to talk about Socialism destroying morality as it would be to say that the opening of a co-operative store would make a neighborhood immoral.

All those things upon which the people in common depend as a means of applying their labor and thereby obtaining the material means of life should by the people in common be owned and administered.

The capitalist plea to the "home owners" comes a few years too late. The owners of homes are now in the minority, and it is majorities that count in politics.

What Socialists Seek.

"Socialists find no satisfactory standard for equal distribution," says a smart antagonist. Well, what if they don't? Who said that they were looking for such a thing or that they would use it if they found it? What Socialists are looking for is an equal opportunity for each to apply his labor to the means of production and for each to obtain for his own use the full value of what he may produce.—Appeal to Reason.

A Faulty System.

The capitalist system is on trial and will have to show its ability to promote the welfare of the majority or be condemned. The fact that the working class, which is the majority, is enjoying more ill fare than welfare and that Socialism is growing shows that the system is failing to make good and that condemnation proceedings have begun.

Example of Unthrift.

How unthrifty was Shakespeare! It is now estimated that if he had fixed his great gifts to mankind, his imperishable plays, so as to yield the usual author's revenue his estate would draw yearly $[illegible] in royalties.

What Emerson Said.

I honor the generous ideas of the Socialists, the magnificence of their theories and the enthusiasm with which they have been urged.—Emerson.

EASILY ANSWERED.

The Argument That "Human Nature Is Too Selfish For Socialism."

This is an old and much dilapidated objection, which, put briefly, amounts to the claim that Socialism is impossible while human nature remains unchanged.

The argument is that self interest is opposed to Socialism.

Is it? Why? If it be to the interest of the vast majority of the people to establish Socialism, as it most undoubtedly is, how can the alleged fact that self interest is the strongest of human motives be held to constitute an argument against Socialism? They say, the non-Socialists, that human nature is not good enough for Socialism; that all men are selfish and greedy.

But, supposing that were true, is it any reason why America should not belong to the Americans?

Say we all are as greedy as pigs, is that any reason why the great herd of pigs should leave the trough to a few fat pigs who have already overeaten themselves?

If we are all for self, is that any reason why we should gnaw bones while a few of our number enjoy the feast?

If we are all on the grab, why should we stand empty handed and let a few grabbers take the best of all the land and industry yields?

The heart of man is wicked. Very well. But what has that to do with the case? Because we are none of us *virtuous shall a few sinners take all* the cake and cream?

If we are such greedy hogs, it is strange that we allow ourselves to be robbed of our share.

Perhaps the people of Liverpool are all greedy. But why should Lord Salisbury own nearly half the city, while the hundreds of thousands of workers do not own a brick nor a foot of land and even have to pay rent for a grave?

Mankind, let us say, are all rogues, every one a bigger rascal than the other, but that is no reason why they should be held up at every turn and swindled wholesale for the benefit of the few.

Human nature is vile. Be it so. But that does not prevent the city of Glasgow from managing its tramways better than they were managed by the private company.

There is no such thing as perfection in this world. Just so. The bee has a sting and the rose a thorn, but is that a reason why the laboring man should not have beef with his mustard?

We all want as much as we can get. Then let us all get as much as we can. If men really are selfish and greedy, that is a strong reason why they should turn Socialists and insist upon having every penny they earn.

What—we are all selfish and greedy! Then let us act as selfish and greedy men would act. Let us get all we can for ourselves. Let us reject the state of things which gives us the work and others the wealth. Let us demand Socialism and see that we get it.

—ROBERT BLATCHFORD.

Panics and Overproduction.

The one insoluble problem of capitalism is to dispose of its surplus products. They remain in its system, producing convulsions which must eventually result in its death. Its hopeless inability to reconcile that contradiction guarantees the impossibility of its perpetuation.

The soil is prolific as ever. The bowels of the earth teem with the fuel and metals which men require. We have the most highly productive machinery the world ever saw, and workers by the million beg the chance to keep its wheels revolving. Society possesses everything necessary to abundantly supply all the wants of all her children. But class ownership of the means of production grips her like a palsy, and poverty stalks abroad in the midst of plenty.—Arthur Morrow Lewis.

Why He Is a Socialist.

H. G. Wells, the celebrated novelist, is a professed Socialist. Indeed, he calls Socialism his chief luxury and says it has cost him in time, energy and damage to the sale of his books $10,000 in the last four years, and "that is merely the beginning of the damage it will do to the solid worldly success that I have within my grasp.

"I live in comfort and as pleasantly as I possibly can, so that I can work without stress. I want everybody to have at least as much ease, leisure and freedom as myself, and that is why I am a Socialist."

Tories and Socialists.

Hon. Arthur Balfour, leader of the Conservative party and former prime minister of Great Britain, has announded that henceforth in England the political fighting would be between Tories and Socialists and that the old time English Liberals and Radicals would disappear, as they are already rapidly disappearing in Germany and France. This country used to have Tories, but now they are hidden in the capitalist parties.

A Thought to Ponder.

If you want to be thrifty you must learn how to extract value from others, how to work others to your profit. If you let some one else do that same thing to you, you become unthrifty and the object of capitalist contempt. Such are the rules and rewards of the capitalist system.

Hard to Realize.

When you stop to think of the many ways in which capitalism is fairly eating into the vitals of the people, it is hard to realize how any man who legitimately works for his living, whether with hand or brain, can go to the polls and hand in a capitalist party vote.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

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Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

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COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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Manufacturers of Store, Bank, Office and Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world —had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every Howard is in a [illegible] case, priced at the factory and a printed ticket attached—[illegible]

"When you buy a Howard you get something."

We are [illegible] this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store,
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Don't Miss It: Red Lake County Fair, Thief River Falls, August 5, 6 and 7

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1908 NUMBER 31

WILL BE A HUMMER

County Fair This Year to Be Far Better Than Ever Before.

Fast Horse Races, Good Exhibits and The Best of Free Attractions Will Be Here.

The Red Lake county fair to be held in Thief River Falls this year on August 5, 6 and 7, promises to be by far the largest and best. The county fairs held in Thief River Falls have the reputation of being the best and a large crowd is always assured.

Dr. Penny, the secretary of the association, states that a large number of the best and speediest horses in the country are going to be here, a large number having already paid their entrance fee.

The farmers are taking more interest in the fair than usual this year and a very large number have signified their intention of making exhibits in the line of stock and agricultural products. Every farmer should make it a point to exhibit something from his farm and help make the fair a success. Liberal prizes are given.

The C. C. Patton Carnival company, which is to furnish the amusement features, is said to be one of the best carnival companies on the road and will give a number of free attractions. There will be a balloon ascension and paraschute jump each day. Messrs. Well and Selle will do comedy acrobatic acts. Prof Dorsey will make the high dive, and the funniest of all free attractions will be Joe and Toby in a Chinese laundry act.

A New Little Oak Boat.

The new gasoline boat built to run on the Red Lake river between Thief River Falls and Little Oak, arrived here last week. Julius Hannem, of the town of Hickory, is the proprietor of the new boat and it was built by Merrit Warren, of the town of Star. For its size, it is one of the best boats ever built for traffic on the Red Lake river and it has powerful gasoline engines. From now on this boat will make regular trips between this city and Little Oak.

Gets a Wife by Advertising.

Daniel Anderson, living five miles south of town, advertised in a Scandinavian paper for a wife: On Monday of this week, in answer to his ad, a woman came up from Minneapolis and went home with Mr. Anderson who is a widower whose housekeeping has heretofore been done by his sixteen-year-old daughter. We are told that this is the second offence of this kind for Mr. Anderson, as he last summer advertised for a wife and a woman came and sized the situation up but did not stay. There's great virtue in advertising and the man who sticks overlastingly at it is bound to get what he is after.—Middle River Pioneer.

Married at Red Lake Falls.

Judge N. W. Tarrant officiated at a wedding wherein G. Alfred Lindquist, a brother of our genial county commissioner, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Gena A. Wig, of the town of Gervais. The ceremony was performed in the presence of Miss Emily Lindquist and C. A. Lindquist and on the following morning the happy couple boarded the train for Thief River Falls where they will take up residence where the groom has a most lucrative position in the saw mill. We join with numerous friends in extending congratulations and best wishes.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

No Lean Men Here.

It speaks well for the Red River Valley as a land flowing milk and honey; when not a single entry can be secured for a "lean men's race." This is what happened at the I. S. W. A. annual picnic at Swenson's grove west of the city yesterday, all of the 1500 people present being to fat to qualify. What section of the country can boast of such a condition of affairs?—Crookston Journal.

Hope for Roseau.

The Great Northern has laid off another section hand. Let the Roseau people never abondon hope while there is a section hand left. Generous and proper retrenchment will soon bring capital for the extention. Instead of cutting wages let one man do the work of two and, presto, the thing is done. "Hope is swift, it flies with swallow's wings. Kings it makes gods and meaner creatures kings."—Middle River Pioneer.

Libelling Minnesota.

Here is a Minnesota weather story that is positively libelous:

A well to-do cattle man of the parched district of Arizona was brought to a Minnesota hospital to undergo a surgical operation. Before going to the table the afflicted man made the request that in the event of death his body be cremated. The operation was unsuccessful and the man died. The body was sent to a Saint Paul crematory, where it was thrust into the fiery furnace. After it had remained in the furnace the required time to reduce it to ashes, one of the attendants opened the door and was surprised to see the man alive and in the best of health. The man rose up in his iron box and angrily exclaimed: "For the good Lord's sake, shut that door; this is the first time I have been warm since I struck Minnesota."

Another Candidate.

A. J. Hilden, of Oslo, is a candidate for representative from this district, and will make an active canvass for the Republican nomination. Mr. Hilden is a leading business man of his town, has a wide acquaintance throughout the district and there are many who believe he stands a first class chance to land one of the places on the ticket.—Warren Register.

John P. Myhre Dead.

Warren Sheaf: John Peter Myhre, for the past four years, Register of Deeds of Marshall County, died at the City Hospital, at 10:25 Monday evening, of *appendicitis*. Mr. Myhre was taken sick on the Monday preceeding his death, and was at once removed to the hospital, where Dr. Bratrud performed an operation early Tuesday morning. The disease had progressed too far, however, and a fatal result was foreseen for some time before the end came.

Mr. Myhre was born at Hudson, Wis., April 2, 1870, the only son of Knute P. and Margaret Myhre. His parents shortly afterward removed to New Richmond, Wis, where they remained till 1870. After a brief residence in Minneapolis, the family removed in 1880 to the farm in Middle River, not far from Argyle, which has been their home ever since.

Mr. Myhre obtained his education in the common schools of this county, followed by a course in a business college in Minneapolis. Aside from a brief period of clerking in a store at Argyle, and about two years, 1870-1899, during which he conducted a general store at Lovden, N. D., his principal occupation has been farming, and at the time of his death he was operating the old home farm and other tracts which had come into his possession in the town of Middle River.

In 1901 he was elected Register of Deeds, and re elected in 1906, in which office he had faithfully performed his duties. He had recently announced his candidacy for another term.

Mr. Myhre was first married in Sept. 1896 to Rose Feddersen, who died in Feb. 1899. In Apr. 1900 he was again married to [illegible] Faller who survives him. He also leaves four children, Ida aged 11, Harold aged 9, Clarence aged 5, and Hazel aged seven months to mourn his loss.

Value of the Dairy Cow.

A. J. McGuire, superintendent of the state experimental farm, makes a statement regarding the value of the dairy cow and the natural favorable conditions of this section to dairying that should be read carefully by all of our farmers, which in part is as follows:

Dairy farmers the world over are the most prosperous farmers, and there is a reason for it. A dairy cow is the most productive of all farm animals. The common cow is capable of producing 5,000 lbs. of milk yearly, or over two and one half tons. To one who has never kept a record with his cows this may seem incredible but this amount is only common. Well bred dairy cows produce 8,000 lbs. of milk yearly on an average and in exceptional cases cows have produced over twice this amount.

Aside from the productiveness of the cow there is another reason why dairy farmers are generally prosperous. In raising $8 to $12 worth of soil fertility is sold from the farm in every ton of grain, but when this grain is fed on the farm and the products sold in the form of butter, less than 50 cents worth of the fertility is sold. The ton of grain containing $10 worth of fertility sells at from $20 to $30. The ton of butter containing less than 50 cents worth of fertility sells for over $500.

Corn Cob Pipe Statistics.

Franklin county, Missouri, is the birthplace of the "Missouri meerschaum" as those persons who desire to give it a more aristocratic name have christened the corncob pipe of which the fame is spreading abroad.

Of corncob pipes, during the year 1907, the county exported 22,098,488. Besides these, she sent out 912,000 pipe stems, 29,808 "cleaners," and 107,962 wooden pipes, the entire classification bringing in $503,597, which is more than half as much as was realized from either her live stock or her grain exportations, the former bringing $775,[illegible] and the latter $407,922. It is $135,614 more than she received for her forestry shipments, and these were not insignificant. It is eight and one half times as much as came from her butter, milk and cheese, and she is not the smallest county in the state, either, in the exportation of dairy products. Gasconade county shipped cob pipes to the number of 1,856,640, valued at $37,980, and showing a total shipment for the two counties of 24,463,125 such pipes.

New Register of Deeds.

The county board appointed Carl Hanson, of New Solum, register of deeds to fill the unexpired term of the late John P. Myhre. There were a number of applicants for the appointment. Mr. Hanson is a man of integrity and high character, an old resident of the county and will no doubt perform the duty of the office in a manner satisfactory to the public.—Warren Register.

Our Thirteenth Census.

An army of workers numbering nearly 70,000 will be engaged on the census of 1910, for which preparations are already under way. The count of population will begin in the month of April instead of in June, as heretofore, for the reason that in June many dwelling houses in the cities are closed and the people inhabiting them are counted twice in some cases and in others not at all. Mortuary data will be omitted from this census in order to give more space to statistics relating to population and business activities.

It is proposed to omit the Philippine from the thirteenth census because a census was taken in the island five years ago, and, as the expense of a new census would come out of the treasury of the territory, the natives will naturally object to another count so soon. But the territories of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, the canal zone and Porto Rico will be covered.

There is a bill pending in congress to take an agricultural census every five years. The country is developing so fast that figures collected once in ten years fail to set forth the actual condition of affairs and are out of date during half the life of the census. Ultimately, and for the same reason, the population census may be taken every five years instead of every ten, as at present.—Exchange.

Can Sell in Original Packages.

A controversy having arisen over some parts of northern Minnesota relative to the law governing the sale of Paris green in bulk or original packages by merchants other than druggists, the Minnesota State Board of Pharmacy has issued a circular relative to the matter, in order that retailers may know just where they stand.

The circular issued by the board in as follows:

"Notice to Dealers in Paris Green.

"The law regulating the practice of Pharmacy and the sale of Poisons in this state, permits general dealers to handle Paris Green, if kept in stock in sealed packages, and so sold, distinctly labeled 'PARIS GREEN, POISON' but does not permit them to break packages and sell in bulk. The penalty for this and other violations of the pharmacy law is fifty dollars for each offense.

LIGHT AND VENTILATION

The State Board of Health Gets After the County School Districts.

Proper Ventilation and a Sufficient Amount of Light Must Be Provided for.

Under a resolution adopted by the state board of health last Tuesday strict rules are laid down for the ventilation of public school rooms throughout the state. The new rules apply not only to buildings contemplated but those now in use.

According to the rules adopted there must not be less than 18 square feet of floor space for each pupil. In addition there must be 216 cubic feet of air space.

In respect to pure air the ventilators must provide at least 30 cubic feet every minute. As to window space; it must equal one fifth of the floor space. Instead of opaque translucent windows, shades must be used. Special attention is given to cloak rooms, and in commenting upon them, the rule is laid down that no room used as such must be less than six feet wide. It must also have at least one window. The board says these rules are made necessary by growing neglect of sanitary and ventilation features of many of the school buildings throughout the state and it proposes to see that the rules adopted are observed.

Inspected State Ditches.

Secretary of State, Julius A. Schmahl, George Welsh, state immigration agent, and George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, passed thru the city last Saturday, being enroute to Roseau county to inspect some state ditches being constructed by Arpin Bros., of this city, and the Standard Drainage company, of Windom. A. M. Arpin, of this city, was with the gentlemen when they inspected ditches 48, 49 and 50. These ditches are being built by Arpin Bros.

Left Sunday.

Ole Thoreson, who for the past two years has been the bookeeper for the First State Bank left Sunday for Hannaford, N. D., where he has accepted a position as cashier in one of the banks at that place. Mr. Thoreson made a great many friends during his stay in this city who greatly regret his departure. He is succeeded in the bank here by Charles Holmgren, who was formerly clerk in Supt. Michael's office.

You hear talk these days about economy;

maybe you're economical yourself. It's a good thing; we believe in it; but it's best to be clear as to what economy is.

Economy isn't buying cheap stuff because it's low priced; nor paying too much for good stuff because it's good.

Real economy is measured by comparing what you get with what it costs; a question of proportion not price.

That's why you ought to buy our Hart Schaffner & Marx clothing; they're wool; perfectly tailored; correct in style. You get better value and bigger returns for your money in these goods than in any other.

Liberal discounts on all summer clothes.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & F. Clothes, Crossett Shoes & Gordon Hats.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.01
Oats	42c
Flax	$1.12
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 27.—Wheat—July, $1.12¾; Sept., 97@97⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.15½@1.16; No. 1 Northern, $1.13½@1.14; No. 2 Northern, $1.11½@1.12; No. 3 Northern, $1.06½@1.08.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$6.00@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.35; yearlings, $4.25@4.75; spring lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 27.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.18½; No. 1 Northern, $1.17½; No. 2 Northern, $1.13½; July, $1.16; Sept., 96⅝c. Flax—To arrive, on track and July, $1.23⅝; Sept., $1.22⅝; Oct., $1.21⅝; Nov., $1.20⅝; Dec., $1.19½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 27.—Wheat—July, 89⅝c; Sept., 89⅝c; Dec., 91⅝c. Corn—July, 76⅝c; Sept., 75¼c; Dec., 61c; May, 61⅛@61¼c. Oats—July, old, 51c; July, 51c; Sept., 42⅞@43c; Dec., 42⅞@43c; May, 44⅝c. Pork—July, $15.25; Sept., $15.35; Oct., $15.37½@15.40. Butter—Creameries, 18@21½c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—17c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 11c; springs, 14@15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.90; Texas steers, $3.70@5.40; Western steers, $3.85@5.80; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.90; calves, $5.75@7.25. Hogs—Light, $5.90@6.65; mixed, $6.05@6.65; rough, $6.05@6.25; heavy, $6.05@6.67½; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.67½; pigs, $5.20@6.00. Sheep, $2.60@4.60; yearlings, $4.50@5.10; lambs, $4.50@6.60.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

W. B. Fuller was down to Crookston last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager, the Land man.

Henry Diebel was up to Greenbush last Saturday.

Ben Christienson was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

Sheriff Forsberg was in the city from Warren last week.

Pat McQuaid is down from Grygla visiting old friends.

E.K. Aason was over from North Dakota to spend Sunday.

Mrs. S. Konison was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Charles Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. D. N. Winton was up to Winnepeg the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Miss Marie Arneson spent Sunday in Crookston visiting with friends

Mrs. Oppie, of Spokane, Was., is here visiting her uncle, D. P. O'Neill.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

Mrs. E. Hjelle and children, of Warren, visited friends in the city last week.

County Treasurer Tanberg, was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

A Delicate Bit Of Lace.

is faultlessly dry cleaned, or large carpet or rug is cleaned or dyed in an astonishingly beautiful manner when you bring them to this establishment. Anything you want cleaned and have it look like new bring it to

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Frank Lawrence was here from Fergus Falls to spend Sunday with his family.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Ed Iverson was down to St. Paul the first of the week with a car load of cattle.

Found—A necklace. Owner can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

Andrew Stenseth was over to Warren last week attending to some business matters.

H. E. Moen was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday attending to some business matters.

D. N. Winton returned the first of the week from a trip to Prince Albert, Canada.

C. B. Root spent Sunday in the city visiting his brother-in-law, E. M. Stanton.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

Mrs. Miller, of Tacoma, Wash, arrived in the city last week to visit her brother, D. P. O'Neill.

Mrs. J. N. Whitman left Tuesday for St. Cloud to visit her daughter, Mrs. Frank Whitney.

B. J. Bakke, the Newfolden merchant, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Mayor T. P. Hamre was down to Mahnomen the first of the week attending to business matters.

Orbin Eberhart and Phil Zeb, Jr. returned to this city last week from a trip to the Red Lake country.

Mrs. S. Glarum, of Willmar, who had been visiting relatives in the city, departed Tuesday for her home.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niclai.

Miss Ostby, of Hendrum, who had been in the city visiting relatives, returned Monday to her home.

Peter Quande left Tuesday for his home at Sisston, S. D. His wife will remain here a few days longer.

C. J. Winton, of Wausau, Wis., was in the city the first of the week looking after his business interests here.

Mrs. Nels K. Nelson and children left Monday for Grand Forks to spend a couple of weeks visiting friends.

Col. George W. Harris, of the Hotel Evelyn, was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and and Extracts are preferred by good cooks who know a good thing when they see it.

J. W. Motz, of Park River, N. D., who purchased the C. W. Nelson farm in the town of Kratka, is here looking over his property.

Dr. Booren was down to Vergus last week fishing for black bass. He had excellent luck, returning Saturday evening with 66.

A complete Business Course at Buttons Business College, Crookston Minn., and no tuition payable until you earn it if you apply at once.

—For Sale—The best dry battery made for telephones, gasoline engines, automobiles, etc. Thief River Falls Telephone Exchange.

Fr. Julius, who has charge of the mission work on the White Earth Indian reservation, now makes his home in this city with Fr. Adolph.

Misses Elsie and Mamie Jerome arrived here last week from Battle River to remain until after the fair visiting relatives and old friends.

Wm. A. Tautges, formerly a practing attorney of this city but now located at Minneapolis, was in the city yesterday visiting with old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. K. Hoag, who had been in the city visiting their son, L. M. Hoag, departed Monday evening for their home at Iowa Falls, Iowa.

Mrs. E. Hill, Mrs. F. J. Stebbins and son, Edwin, Edwin Hill and Otto Keihl left Monday for Vergus to spend a week at the lake there camping out.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

Rev. M. G. Hanson, president of the Red Wing Seminary, was in the city the first of the week. He addressed a Thief River Falls audience at the Evenson hall Tuesday evening.

O. T. Rabbas, of Minneapolis, foreman of the menchanical department of the Farm Stock and Home, arrived in the city the first of the week to visit his old friend, D. K. Bryant.

County Commissioner John Sorum, of Holt, and County Auditor H. B. Malmberg, of Warren, were out to Germantown Tuesday to attend a meeting of the residents out there regarding the proposed new ditch to be built in that section.

Wm. Durbin left yesterday for Fargo on business matters.

The family of County surveyor J. K. Wood leave this week for Ox Bow, Canada, to make their future home. Mr. Wood went up there some weeks ago and has rented a farm in that section.

George Jarman is now manager of the Hub restaurant, looking after the interests of Dr. Grundy who is the proprietor. Mr. Jarman is an experienced man in this line and promises to run a first class place.

Beecher Moore, the Socialist candidate for governor, who had spent ten days in the country northeast of here compaigning for his party, arrived in the city Monday and went to St. Hilaire that evening.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

F. S. Doege, who is building a large school house at Hallock, arrived in the city Tuesday and will remain here until the first of next week. He states that he will have the building completed in about two weeks.

Charles Fasel, secretary of the Butte and Buxton Copper company, of Butte, Mont., spent a day in the city last week visiting his brother, A. H. Fasel. He *was enroute from a trip to Duluth* to his home in Montana.

Matt Thekifa, a Finish miner of Virginia, Minn., was shot and killed by the police of that town Tuesday while the officer was trying to arrest him. The Finlander tried to get away when the fatal shot was fired.

For Sale—A twenty-five horse power threshing machine outfit. Complete and in first class condition. Will trade for cattle. For further particulars call at this office of address postoffice box 8, Middle River, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Rustakke, of Medford, N. D., were here last week visiting at the farm home of Jeweler and Mrs. Anderson up the Red Lake river. They had a most delightful time and were well pleased with the country.

H. E. Mussey, rural mail carrier, on route No. 1., lost a valuable mare Sunday. Mr. Mussey raised the mare from a colt and she was 19 years of age. never having been out of Mr. Musseys possession during all of those years.

For Sale—Counters, show cases, coffee mill, computing scale, good as new. peanut roaster and other articles too numerous to mention. If in need of store fixtures call on O. H. Nelson, corner Second street and La Bree avenue.

E. L. Quist was at St. Paul the latter part of last week in attendance at the state convention of the register of deeds association. Mr. Quist was elected secretary of the association for the ensuing year.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Farmers in the vicinity of Eveleth are being driven from their homes by mosquitoes. The wet weather has multiplied the numbers of the insects until the onslaught became too fierce to be withstood by the farmers and their families.

Prof. G. Anlin, Clairvoyant and Palmist, gives correct advise on business, lawsuits, speculations, love, courtship, matrimony; unites the separated and causes speedy and happy marriage with the one of your choice. Ogahmah Hotel Room No. 1.

Peter Swenson, member of the Norwegian parliament, delivered a lecture at Valhall in the town of Rocksbury last evening. Tonight Mr. Swenson delivers a lecture in this city. He is out in the interests of the Independent Order of Good Templars.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. English services in the evening at 7:15. The Sermon will be preached by Rev. F. J. Seltz. The local German Lutheran pastor. All cordially invited. I. T. Aastad.

O. B. Ekman, Roseau, member of the legislature of 1903 and 1905, but missed 1907, has filed with the secretary of state his certificate of candidacy for the republican nomination for the house in his old district, which comprises Marshall, Kittson and Roseau counties.

Dr. Cummings and K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire, were in the city last Saturday getting signers to the new petition being circulated to establish a county school of agriculture at St. Hilaire. There is a decided sentiment in favor of the new school in Thief River Falls.

County Commissioner C. A. Lindquist has been hauling out lumber the past week for some improvements on his country home in Polk Centre. Mr. Lindquist has one of the finest farms in Red Lake county and with the completion of his new house will be comfortably fixed for the future.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Lawrence Johnson, who was speaker of Minnesota state house of representatives at the last session, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday evening. Mr. Johnson is the father of the county agricultural school bill and while in the city met Dr. Cummings and K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire. He is greatly interested in seeing a county school of agriculture established in this county and promises to come to this county and make several speeches in favor of the bill later on.

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah

August Hoppe left yesterday for Grand Forks to spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClure left yesterday for Jamestown, N. D., and from there go to New York City to spend several weeks.

Owing to the increase in the business done in the local postoffice, the salary of Clerk T. J. Brocke has been increased from $600 to $800 per year.

The county commissioners of Polk county last Thursday afternoon fixed the tax levy for the coming year at $40,700 or $12,300 less than last year. In addition to this the county board set aside $20,000 for roads and bridges, $6,000 for bonds and interest, and $3,000 for deepening, straightening and widening of overflowed water courses. This is a total tax of $72,700.

Like a man without a wife, like a ship without a sail, and the most useless thing in life is a shirt without a man inside who knows the true value of live up-to-date newspaper advertising and profits by that knowledge. Trying to conduct a modern business successfully in these strenuous days, without a liberal use of printer's ink, is like peddling peanuts in a deserted graveyard. Nothing in it, remarks an exchange.

Every farmer who now receives his mail by the rural free delivery will, in the course of a few weeks, be able to make his collections by the same medium. Cash on money orders will be paid into his hands and all that he will be called upon to do is to sign the receipt. The money will be brought to his own door. This feature is the latest exemplification of the rural mail delivery. Under the rules the rural mail carriers have always taken applications for money orders but the new system provides for this payment also, and payments will be made to farmers up to $100. This is regarded as the highest development of the rural free delivery system and its benefits will be duly appreciated.

Wants to Buy Bears.

C. W. Parker, of Abilene, Kan., one of the proprietors of the Parker Amusement company, is in Northern Minnesota this week endeavoring to buy forty bears for his show, and is willing to pay good substantial prices for the same.

Advertised Letters.

Hanson, Charley
Haye, Miss Marie
Carl J. Larson
Johnson Mrs. Clara S.
Kjolavik Martin
Kjernes Elling B.
Krause Mrs. Mathilda
Lenx William
Larson Miss Elenor
Monson L. J.
O'Connell Tim
Stone Miss Leura
Thorsons Hospital

May Have Automobile Races.

It is quite probable that there will be an automobile race at the county fair next week between the local parties. A race of this kind would be of more interest to the people than any horse race and it is to be hoped that there will be a sufficient number of entries.

Germantown.

Sunshine and rain in rapid succession is hustling the crop right along. Haying is now well underway altho somewhat delayed by the recent unsteady weather.

John Philipp had the misfortune of losing his best horse not long ago.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Lee made a trip to Carmel last week.

Dr. Vistaunet made a professional call here on Sunday.

M. W. Vaughan was in from Goodridge township the first of the week attending to business matters.

C. M. Evenson was up from Thief River Falls Sunday looking over his farm at this place.

Fly time is here and every milkmaid has our deepest sympathy.

John Rondestvedt was up from Pekin, N. D. for a short visit last week, he is going back Monday.

L. H. Lavestone returned from an extended sojourn in Montana some time ago.

Miss Rosie Gunderson returned to Thief River Falls Monday, after a weeks visit with friends here.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Arne Overby on Sunday.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was a city visitor over last week.

Henry Roller was in town on Thursday for a new cream separator.

The Rondestvedt threshing outfit was sold at mortgage forclosure sale here on Tuesday by Reeves and Co. mortgagors for $1000.

General ditch meeting number 2 was held at Germantown this afternoon (Tuesday) by order of Committee delegated to have plans for a ditch drawn up, resulting in an agreement being reached by the freeholders of the four towns through which the proposed ditch will run. A petition for a ditch, and tributaries was drawn up at the meeting and put into circulation, said ditch to run clear through Espiee, Moylan, Grand Plain and Agder two miles north of this place. With all the people at last united on the plan the project is practically sure of success and the work commenced next spring.

County Auditor P. H. Malberg and Chairman of the board of County commissioners J. A. Sorum attended the ditch meeting held here Tuesday.

Arrives Here at Noon.

The special train which is to run from Crookston to Thief River Falls on Sunday will leave the former place at 10 o'clock and arrive here at 12. The Crookston band is going to accompany the ball team.

Four Horses Now Here

Four trotting horses that will take part in the races at the fair next week, arrived in the city Tuesday and will remain until the close of the fair. There is going to be a bunch of good horses here the first of next week, many of those entered in the races at Grand Forks this week, having been entered for the races here.

Steenerson Coming.

Dr. Penney, secretary of the Red Lake county agricultural society, has received word from Congressman Halvor Steenerson to the effect that he will be here during the county fair and address the people.

Senator Clapp is also coming and it is quite probable that J. F. Jacobson, Republican candidate for governor, will be here.

Is Schmitz's Dog Vicious?

Michael Schmitz, the veteran gardner, was tried before Judge Bishop Tuesday, charged with keeping a vicious dog. Henry Kittleson was complaining witness and he alleged that the dog had bitten him. Mr. Schmitz told what a peace loving animal his canine has always been, and that Kittleson had provoked the dog on many occasions.

Up to the time of going to press today Judge Bishop had not decided the case.

Uncle Sam Furnishes Postage.

When the old soldiers, widows and others who receive pensions from the government receive their checks in return for the sending of the papers to the pension office at Washington, they will find enclosed what is termed a penalty envelope, an envelope that can be used only for the purpose sent for, else a fine of $330 is imposed by the government says an exchange.

These envelopes are sent to the old soldiers and others for the purpose of sending their papers to the pension office in October, and should not be thrown away when the checks arrive. The rule of sending the postage to pensioners will effect the postoffice department to the extent of $800,000 annually.

AT THE BIJOU.

To hold an audience throughout a warm evening is an achievement. That is part of the credit that life motion playlets the first half of this week is entitled to.

—They make the play itself sink into the creditors attention so that he becomes more interested in the playlet than in the players.

Friday evening at 9:30 Amateur—Boxing Match in Barrels.

"A Lord for a Day" is the greatest comedy hit of the season. This week we offer a new sensational featured, and the greatest rough riding picture ever produced. The riding is the most daring and dangerous ever performed before a camera. "The Younger Brothers," the climax to the playlet occurs with the historical reproduction of the "Northfield Bank Robbery," and the ensuing chase and capture of Younger Brothers at their last stand in deep woods.

Also the following subjects—"What a Razor can Do," "A Scullion's Dream" and "Whimsical People," colored. Mrs Huseth sings with great success the pictured melody, "When Autumn Tints the Green Leaves Gold."

Highlanding

Nothing is heard but the merry sound of the mower around here nowdays.

Mr. Engin, of Oregon, is here visiting with his daughter, Mrs. Alfred Hammerstein.

Mail carrier Sundath is wearing a very pleasant smile now days over his fine new team of horses which he is driving on the mail route.

Daniel Sullivan returned home last Monday from his visit with relatives in North Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vrolson of Highlanding and Mr. and Mrs. Jim Connely of Thief River Falls were visitors of Sam Mc Mahons Sunday.

The young folks around here rowed up river to Sunbeam and made a pleasant call at Mc Andrews on the way up.

Mr. Joseph Du Champ passed through Highlanding on his way to Hilda.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hammerstein and Mr. Engin spent Sunday at Overson's.

Mr. Jim O. Brein was a visitor at Arndts Sunday.

The Misses Wolds were callers at the Engelstad home Sunday.

90 DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL

Three Indians Convicted of Shooting and Selling a Moose Out of Season.

A Settler of the Town of Hickory Also Gets Fined for Buying Moose Meat.

Game Warden William Munch, of Crookston, and Sheriff Nelson, were up to Little Oak the first of the week and caused the arrest of three Indians and a settler, charged with killing, selling and buying moose out of season.

Mek-ee-nock, which in English means snapping turtle, plead guilty to having shot the moose and was given a sentence of 90 days in the Red Lake county jail.

May-qua-mo-wap (sitting on the ice) and No-to-ne-ba-ness (windy prairie chicken) each plead guilty to having sold moose meat to Mrs. John Lundblad, wife of a homesteader in the town of Hickory, and receiving seven cents per pound for the same. They were each given a sentence of 90 days in the county jail.

John Lundblad plead guilty to the charge of buying the moose meat, although his wife was the guilty party, and was fined $50 and costs. The case against his wife was dropped.

Justice Toupin, of Red Lake Falls, fined the parties.

This is said to be the first case in the state of Minnesota where Indians have been convicted for the violation of the game laws of the state.

Reiner.

Haying is in full blast but the weather is so disagreeable it is hard to get the hay dry on account of rain.

The town fathers met at John Steuvik's last Saturday to let the contract for ditching. The contract was let to Alfred Steuvik and R. Johnsrud, at 15 cents per rod.

The school meeting held July 18th. was a quiet one, Andrew Halvorson was elected clerk and Bert McNally director.

We again here the talk about Dakota fever, it seems as though everybody was going, both married and single.

Elef Halvorson made a trip to town last week.

Julius Hermanson made a trip to Beltrami some time ago, where he sold his farm in the town of Moylon.

Mikkel Kjos, the mighty wolf trapper from Rocksbury caught a wolf sometime ago. It was a four legged one, not the kind that tried to be trapped last spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Hermanson visited at Mikkel Anderson's Sunday. Also other places.

The Sigrud family visited at T. Halvorson's Sunday.

PROGRAM OF EXAMINATION.

Program of examinations for common school certificates to be held at Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls August 3rd, 4th and 5th, 1908.

MONDAY, AUGUST 3.
(Second grade studies.)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment
8:30 Arithmetic
10:30 Physiology Hygiene
P. M.—1:30 English Grammer
3:00 Reading
3:45 Drawing and Music

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4.
(Second grade studies continued.)
A. M.—8:00 Professional Test
9:00 Spelling
9:30 Geography
11:15 Composition and Penmanship
P. M.—1:30 U. S. History
3:15 Civics

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5.
(First grade certificates)
A. M.—8:00 Geometry
10:00 Physics
P. M.—1:30 Algebra
3:15 Phys. Geography or Gen. History.

Agriculture may be taken at any one of the periods on Wednesday, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.

H. L. McAnulty,
County Superintendent.

Rickets.
Simply the visible sign that baby's tiny bones are not forming rapidly enough.
Lack of nourishment is the cause.
Scott's Emulsion nourishes baby's entire system. Stimulates and makes bone.
Exactly what baby needs.
ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00

FIVE MEET DEATH

Series of Drownings In or Near the Twin Cities.

PYROMANIAC IN MILL CITY

Unknown Incendiary Fires Ten Buildings in the Downtown Wholesale District.

Five persons lost their lives by drowning in or near the Twin Cities in twenty-four hours.

John Grecupa, aged eighteen, of South St. Paul was drowned in Prices lake while bathing.

Ralph Stedman, aged sixteen, of Minneapolis was drowned in sight of several hundred people lining the shores of Lake Harriet.

Nick Marcavictz, aged nineteen, of South St. Paul was drowned in the river back of the stockyards while bathing.

John Peterson, aged twenty-two, of St. Paul was seized with cramps while bathing in Bass lake and was drowned.

Paul Wing, aged seventeen, of Minneapolis dived to his death from the dock at Lake Minnetonka.

STONE ARCH COLLAPSES.

Score of People Have Narrow Escape at St. Paul.

Loosened by a heavy cable on which was an electrical sign for the Shriners the huge stone arch at the entrance of the Union depot at St. Paul caved in. Gathered at the entrance of the building were twenty-five people. It was only through the quick action of William Carty and William Barbeau, cabmen, who saw the stone bulge and yelled to people to look out, that their lives were saved.

A. Kerrigan was a little late and a piece of glass fell on his hand, badly cutting it.

An electrician rested a ladder against the cable supporting the Shriner sign and was ascending to take the sign down. The added weight was what caused the cavein.

The loss will be between $3,000 and $4,000.

FIRES TEN BUILDINGS.

Unidentified Pyromaniac at Work in Minneapolis.

An unidentified pyromaniac, with a torch and a quantity of kerosene soaked paper, set fire to ten buildings in the Minneapolis down town wholesale district. In each instance the blaze was extinguished with small loss. The incendiary escaped. These buildings were damaged:

Hennepin Trading house, furniture; Zimmerman & Stone, sale stable; Northwestern hotel, Igo Express company, barn; shed in rear of 215 First street north, George Day, stable; Market hotel, stable; barber shop, B. Gordon, junk dealer, sheds; Martin's saloon.

TYPHOID AT MANKATO.

Minnesota Town Has Nearly Two Hundred Cases.

A dispatch from Mankato to the Associated Press says that the story telegraphed broadcast that there are 1,500 cases of typhoid fever in Mankato exaggerates the true condition there. Up to date 187 cases have been reported to the health officer. There are a number of cases that have not been reported to that official. The situation is not so serious as has been reported. Every precaution is and has been taken to stem the outbreak.

Negro Stabbed to Death.

Stabbed during a row at St. Paul Joe Hanley, a colored waiter at the Minnesota club, was carried out and laid beside a wood pile in the rear of the place and left to die. He was found and taken to Bethesda hospital, where he died a few hours later. The police arrested Ida Dodson, colored, who lives at the house where the stabbing affray occurred, and they are looking for William Hanley, Joe's brother, who, it is said, was one of those who laid the dying man beside the wood pile.

Child Burned to Death.

Peter Weise's residence, about three miles east of Willow River and occupied by George Rhomberg, was totally destroyed by fire. Mr. Rhomberg's four-year-old son and only child perished in the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Rhomberg were working on the farm near the house when they discovered the flames, but too late to save their child or furniture.

Bank Clerk Drowned.

John Carlson, a clerk in the Scandinavian-American bank at St. Paul, was drowned in Lake McCarren while bathing with two friends. He was waiting when his friends left him, and they were swimming, and when they returned from a spurt he had disappeared. He was twenty-two years of age and his parents live in Cambridge, this state.

Yale Graduate Killed.

Dr. P. R. Chandler of Two Harbors, a graduate of Yale, met with a fatal accident. He was crushed between two cars at Allen Junction and was taken to Biwabik hospital, where he died three hours later.

MRS. TEAL IN PRISON.

Former St. Paul Woman Spends a Few Hours in the Tombs.

Mrs. Ben Teal, wife of a prominent New York theatrical manager and one of the three persons arrested in connection with the alleged plot to manufacture divorce evidence against Frank J. Gould, the millionaire, was compelled to spend nearly four hours in a cell in the Tombs before bail could be secured.

Great consideration was shown Mrs. Teal in the central station police court, where she was arraigned with Mrs. J. Fleming, a seamstress, and Henry S. Mousley, a private detective, the other two who figure in the alleged conspiracy. When Magistrate Corrigan held the trio in $5,000 bail, Mousley quickly found a bondsman, but the two women were not so fortunate. Court was kept open until after 4 o'clock to await bondsmen, but none having appeared at that time the magistrate announced that the women must be taken to the Tombs.

Mrs. Teal had to be supported on her way to the prison by Mrs. Fleming. She was weeping hysterically.

Magistrate Corrigan endorsed the bail bond paper so that in case a bondsman was secured the two women could be released. It was not until 8 o'clock that Mr. Teal succeeded in getting bail for his wife. Mrs. Ben Teal was formerly Mrs. Eleanor M. Toomey of St. Paul, *wife of William C. Toomey*, secretary to James J. Hill. Her breach of promise suit against Dr. Joseph W. Bettingen nearly three years ago was one of the most sensational in the annals of the district court.

JOHNSON IN DEMAND.

Bryan Asks Personal Interview to Arrange for Speeches.

Governor John A. Johnson of this state has received a personal letter from W. J. Bryan, Democratic candidate for the presidency, requesting his early presence at "Fairview," the Commoner's home, and asking him when he could be available for speaking purposes.

The latter question is asked, Mr. Bryan says in his letter, in view of the numerous requests that have been received for Governor Johnson for speaking dates in the various states. He says the demand in this respect is general and he hopes the Minnesota governor will be able to give them his attention.

Mr. Bryan refers to the visit made him at Lincoln by the Minnesota delegation and the cordial support tendered him by the individual delegates. He was told then that Governor Johnson would be available when wanted and he now hastens to request his presence at Fairview that details concerning the campaign may be talked over.

TWO BOYS DROWNED.

Lose Their Lives Together While Swimming.

Willie Taylor, an eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Taylor of Mankato, and Walter Jesse, the nine-year-old son of Mrs. Jesse, a widow woman of that city, were drowned in the Minnesota river at Mankato. The little fellows left home in the afternoon and that was the last seen of them. A number of other boys who went to the river later to go in bathing were attracted by seeing the clothes of two small boys lying on the bank. The boys reported their find to the police and they in turn notified the parents of the children, who recognized the clothes as belonging to their boys. The fire departments of Mankato and North Mankato spent most of the night dragging the river and toward morning found both bodies.

WOMAN COMMITTED SUICIDE

Mysterious Death at St. Paul Practically Solved.

The mystery surrounding the death of Mrs. Ida Lewis, who died at the St. Paul city hospital three hours after being removed from a room in the Euclid hotel, has been practically solved. John McGillen, the woman's companion, who disappeared immediately after summoning a physician by telephone to the bedside of the woman, was apprehended by the police in Duluth and returned to St. Paul.

His story of the woman's death virtually substantiates the original theory advanced by the police—that the woman met death at her own hand from an overdose of morphine, taken after a quarrel with McGillen.

Falls to His Death.

Nels Raaen and C. M. Knapp met on a retaining wall along side the cement bridge that is being erected at Fergus Falls and in attempting to pass one of them lost his balance and seized the other and both fell thirty-four feet. Raaen struck a board half way down, which broke the force, but Knapp fell directly on the stones and piling on the edge of the river and died of his injuries.

Favor Deep Waterways.

More than two hundred business men of St. Paul met on board a river boat on the Mississippi and decided to form a permanent joint committee on deep waterways with the object of improving the Mississippi river. Support was pledged to the national rivers and harbors congress.

To Open Minnesota Lands.

Official notice has been issued to the effect that 45,226 acres of land within the reservations of Northern Minnesota will be thrown open to homestead entry at 9 a. m. on Sept. 15. The lands are all within the Duluth and Cass Lake districts.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

A double drowning in Rum river at Anoka was averted by the prompt action of half a dozen boys, none of them over fourteen years old, who caught Miss Gazel Goeldner and a young woman friend, who waded beyond their depth and were going down the third time. The young women had grasped each other in their fright and were drawn to shore and resuscitated.

Fred M. Schutte of St. Paul, who has been chief accountant of the grain inspection and weighing department of the railroad and warehouse commission, has been appointed weighmaster at Duluth. This position was made vacant by the death of John B. Sutphin, who had been weighmaster for eight years.

The Western Elevator company of Winona has purchased the extensive properties of the Northern Grain company, including fifty-five country elevators and two large terminal elevators with storage capacity of 3,000,000 bushels, increasing the elevator capacity of the Winona company to 7,000,000 bushels.

An excursion rate of a fare and a half for the round trip on the 2 cents a mile basis to the Minnesota state fair, for which the board of managers has been striving for two years, has been promised by the Western Passenger association. This will mean a record breaking crowd at the fair this year.

The Minneapolis, Red Lake and Manitoba railroad has declared war on the state so far as limiting passenger fares to 2 cents a mile is concerned. The road has decided that it will be more profitable for it to charge 3 cents a mile after Aug. 1 and an order to that effect has been issued.

Because of the recent floods causing the surface wells to become polluted Minneapolis, according to the health department, faces an epidemic of typhoid fever. Cases are being reported to the department in increased numbers and "boil the water" warnings are being issued.

As a result of the sale of state lands which ended Friday at Fergus Falls about $300,000 has been added to the school fund of the state. A little of the land was university or swamp land, but most of the proceeds will be turned into the school fund.

Rose Baum, the Minneapolis woman who attracted much attention recently by reporting to the police that she had been robbed of $1,500 worth of diamonds, is now being held for examination as to her sanity.

Clarence B. Miller of Duluth has formally entered the race for the Republican congressional nomination in the Eighth district.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Dashing through space for a distance of fifty feet by the breaking of a scaffold at Minneapolis James Richardson of Gardenville and James Patterson of Minneapolis, both carpenters, missed a pile of lumber and landed on soft sod, miraculously escaping with their lives, although both were injured, but neither seriously.

The three-year-old daughter of Joseph Maroski of Pulaski was instantly killed by a horse. The child was playing near the watering trough while the horses were being watered. The horses were in a playful mood and in their romping struck the little girl on the head, killing her instantly.

Edward Kelin, aged twenty years, was instantly killed at Faribault by a heavily charged electric wire. He was a lineman employed by the Northwestern Telephone company and was making repairs to lines which had become crossed by wires of the lighting company.

Julian A. Danebaum, twenty-seven years old, was found dead in his room at Minneapolis. An empty carbolic acid bottle explained the cause. It is believed that ill health prompted the suicide. His sister, Dudy D. Danebaum, is a writer of some note.

Edward Peace, night engineer at the electric light plant at Hovey, Mesaba range, was electrocuted while showing the workings of the machinery to a group of visitors. He accidentally touched some part of the machinery and received a heavy voltage.

Halder Boen, son of former Congressman H. E. Boen, was seriously injured by falling from a load of grain while driving into Fergus Falls. The wagon wheels passed over his chest and head, depressing his skull.

John Peterson of St. Paul, twenty-two years of age, one of a party of thirteen young men, was drowned in Bass lake while bathing. He was a victim of cramps.

Fire did damage estimated at $25,000 to the four story McMillan block at Minneapolis. Eleven firms suffered losses, mostly by smoke and water.

OBITUARY.

On leaving the altar after high mass Rev. A. J. Walsh, pastor of St. Patrick's church of West Albany, a country parish about fifteen miles from Wabasha, fell from a stroke of apoplexy. He remained unconscious and died ten hours later.

John P. Mare, register of deeds of Marshall county, died at the city hospital in Warren of gangrene poisoning, due to the rupture of his appendix before an operation could be performed.

Herbert L. Hughes, a Minneapolis attorney, is dead as the result of being overcome by the heat.

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We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

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HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

A BLOW TO BRYAN.

The repudiation of Bryan by Hearst is a political development so important that it must be reckoned with. Whatever may be thought of Hearst's peronality and his editorial methods, there is no denying that his chain of newspapers constitute a force in this country.

His Independence League may be denounced as a private, incorporated, personally conducted affair, based on his money bags, and inspired with no purpose save to forward Hearst's individual ambitions. It is none the less true that many thousands in many states vote under its emblem.

Therefore, however much of pique and however little of patriotism there may be in Hearst's present action, it is an unquestion able blow to the chances of Democratic success next November.

The Hearst newspapers undoubtedly did as much as any other agency to contribute to Bryan's vote in the cities in 1896 and 1900. Their value has been recognized, as has been shown by Mr. Bryan's unconcealed eagerness to conciliate Hearst, the latest example being Gompers' cabled plea. One need not be an admirer of Hearst to appreciate the weight of this reply:

"I do not think the path of patriotism lies in supporting a discredited and decadent old party, which has neither conscientious conviction nor honest intention or in indorsing chameleon candidates who change the color of their political opinion with every varying hue of opportunism.

"I do not think the best benefit of laboring men lies in supporting that old party because of a sop of false promise, when the performance of that party while in power did more to injure labor than all the injunctions ever issued, before or since. I have lost faith in the empty professions of an unregenerate Democracy. I have lost confidence in the ability, in the sincerity and even in the integrity of its leaders."

This means simply that the Democrats may as well abandon any hopes they may have cherished of a landslide in New York. With McCarren on the warpath and Tammany sulking, the defection of Hearst makes New York more than ever "the enemy's country."

It means increased Republican majorities in—Illinois and Massachusetts, for Hearst's Boston and Chicago papers have proved, at the polls, that they have a large, if not an intelligent following. And the effect will be still more emphatic in California, towards which state the Democrats have been looking hopefully.

Not that we expect to see any candidates set up by Hearst poll a vote approaching in number that of the Socialists, or even the Prohibitionist national ticket. We regard it rather as a scattering of the ultra-radical vote

It would, under no circumstances, have gone to Taft. It will be taken direct from Bryan. But once started, we believe that it will not stop at the half-way house of Hearst, but pass on to Debs.

We base our conclusions on observation of human nature. With the issue squarely between Taft and Bryan, many a voter of Socialistic inclination would cast his ballot to obtain results approaching his ideals, even though Bryan be not nearly radical enough to suit him. But seeing this division and deeming practical results impossible, he will abandon compromise and support the Social, rather than the Bryan Democracy, or Hearst's semi-Socialism.

The Socialists, who increased their vote from less than 50,000 to 400,000 in four years, have been prediciting that their total would reach a million next November. The repudiation of Bryan by Hearst, it seems to us gives, for the first time, some color of probability to their boast.—From North American Review.

UNIVERSAL TWO-CENT POSTAGE.

Beginning Oct. 1, the people of this country will be able to send letters across the ocean to England at the rate of 2 cents, and for the first time the universal rule of 5-cent foreign postage wil be broken. This is not strictly correct, unless we figure Mexico and Canada as not being foreign, because we have had 2-cent postage relation with these countries for a long time.

The reductionof the British rate. however, foreshadows a general reduction of the world postal rates. It begins with England because that nation, by blood and heritage, is nearest to us; but it will presently be extended until within a short time it will be possible to send a letter to almost any part of the world for 2 cents. We are already sending letters to the Philippines for 2 cents, though the rate is still 5 cents to points nearer than Manila.

The first organized establishment of a postal service in England was in the latter half of the seventeenth century, when a penny post was established in England. It was accomplished by a general postal system in the British dominions, with rates of 8 cents for 15 miles and 25 cents for each 300 miles In 1839 the general rate in the British Isles was reduced to 2 cents, and in 1840 postage stamps were put in use and a money order system established. The first city delivery reached London in 1885. and in the early '60's the postal savings banks, the parcels post and the postal telegraph were added. These latter conveniences, except the parcels post in a limited form, have not yet reached the United States.

The American postoffice dates from 1639, but it was very unsatisfactory and immature until Benjamin Franklin took hold of it in 1737. When the colonies became independent and a postoffice department was established, Franklin was the first postmaster general, and under his administration rates were reduced to 6 cents under 30 miles, 8 cents under 60 miles, 10 cents under 100 miles and 25 cents for 450 miles and over. Half a century later the rates were made 5 cents for distances under 200 miles and 10 cents for longer distances. In 1863 the flat rate of 3 cents was established, and in 1883 came the present 2-cent rate.

We have reason to be proud of our postal system, because it is a public enterprise and was not turned over to private capital, like the railroad business, the express business and the telegraph. The free city delivery and later the free rural delivery were splendid improvements, and cheap newspaper postage has done much to enlarge the field of publicity and knowledge. Yet many improvements are yet needed, among which are these: 1-cent postage; a full parcels post system, doing away with the express business; postal savings banks, and a postal telegraph system, doing away with private telegraph companies.—Duluth Herald.

Pioneers of the Barley Belt

fought many a hard battle to defend their homes and farm lands against the brave and wily red man. Among the early pioneers of Northern Wisconsin came John Gund, a German brew-master, who was attracted by the barley-growing lands about La Crosse. At once he built a brewery of logs and established his famous brew—

Gund's Peerless Beer

This all happened more than 50 years ago, and "Peerless" Beer today, brewed in a model 20th century brewery, is famed throughout America to lovers of barley malt and hop brew. "Peerless" is to be had at all first-class places and is the first choice of the discriminating. Order a case for your home today.

It is an exhilarating and healthful beverage.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., - - LA CROSSE, WIS.

JOHN BAUER, MGR. THIFE RIVER FALLS BRANCH,

Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 186.

Minnesota was not first in recognizing the beneficial results of offering liberal awards to the boys and girls growing the best grain. Recently there has been published the results of a similar contest in Canada, inaugurated nine years ago. The benefactor of Canada is Sir William Macdonald of Montreal, who offered $10,000 in prizes to Canadian boys and girls who could produce the largest heads of wheat and oats on their father's farms. The result of this contest was the development of grain of the highest producing quality. It is estimated that the contest gave increased value to the crops of those interested of half a million dollars. School gardens were established where the children might be instructed in the selection of grains and in the rotation of crops, as well as in the protection of those crops from insects. This instruction led to the consolidation of rural schools to facilitate instruction. The same gentleman introduced, at a great personal expense, manul training in many of the public schools, but that is another story. The work of this one man has been felt throughout that land, increasing an interest in farming and giving a greater value to the agricultural products. This is a task the state should undertake for its citizens and Minnesota is in advance of many other states in the pioneer work.—Alexandria Post News.

If there ever was harmony in the Republican party of this state it is at the present time. The following from the Princeton Union is the sentiment that prevails throughout the state:

"On several occasions during the past four months the Union has advanced reasons why Hon. J. F Jacobson should receive the republican nomination for governor. Now that he is the unanimous nominee of his party for that position it is unnecessary to reiterate those reasons at this time. Suffice is it to say that the republican state convention simply registered the will of an overwhelming majority of the republican voters of the state by nominating Mr. Jacobson.

There is no reasonable excuse for any man who claims to be a republican to refuse to support Mr. Jacobson. His record is an open book. He stands on that record. He has made no pledges to any man or set of men, and he will make none, save such as he will make to the general public.

We believe he will be elected by a large majority over any candidate his opponents may name and he will prove a model governor—he will be governor in fact as well as in name."

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Scientific American.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

EMIL DRYFOOS.
ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

Estimates Furnished Free for Plumbing and Heating.

Your Repairing Solicited and Promptly Attended to

NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT IN YOUR HEATING PLANT FOR NEXT WINTER.

The Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co.

Phone 111. Main Ave.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

J. O. Tommerdahl, of the Town of Star, Commit Suicide by Drinking Carbolic Acid.

Deceased Had Been a Resident of Red Lake County for About Three Years.

J. O. Tommerdahl, a resident of the Town of Star, ended his life Sunday at about ten o,clock, by drinking a quantity of carbolic acid. There is no known reason why the deceased should have committed suicide. H. O. Tommerdahl, a step-son of the deceased, who brought word of the affair to Thief River Falls, says that the home relations of the deceased, were pleasant and that he was well off financially. His wife and several of the children were at Borup, Norman county visiting, and a young girl, a step-daughter, was the only one at home when Mr. Tommerdahl committed the rash act. She at once ran to the home of her brother, H. O. Tommerdahl, who lives about a mile away and informed him what had happened.

The deceased was 43 years of age and for three years had been a resident of the town of Star, coming from Borup, Norman county. He leaves besides a wife, ten children, nine of which are step-children.

Coroner Blair, of Red Lake Falls, was there the first of the week to view the remains.

State to Have an Exhibit.

The State of Minnesota is to make an exhibit at the Red Lake County Fair to be held in this city next week. Inspector Neiberg, of the State Dairy and Food department, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city and while here made arrangements with the county fair officials to bring an exhibit here. This exhibit will be very instructive and all who visit the fair should not fail to see it.

Minister and Socialist Lecturer.

Rev. Harvey Dee Brown of Wisconsin, candidate for governor in that state, has been secured by the Local Socialists to give a lecture Aug. 3 at 8 o'clock p. m. in Evenson Hall.

Tickets 10 cents. Ladies free. Tickets for sale at Nelson's

BONDS FOR GOOD ROADS

Clover Leaf to Vote upon Issuing $5,000 Bonds for Roads on August 8.

Other Towns to the East of Us Quite Likely to Follow the Lead of Clover Leaf.

The town of Clover Leaf, which is one of the most progressive towns in Red Lake county, will on the 8th day of August, vote upon the proposition of issuing bonds to the amount of $5,000, the entire amount to be spent on building roads in this township. If the bond issue carries—and well informed residents of this town say that it will—the work of constructing the roads will be let to the lowest bidder to some responsible contractor or contractors and this township will soon enjoy better roads than many of the older townships. The matter of road building is a subject that the residents of the eleven towns are taking an interest in of late and it is quite probable that other towns out there will follow the lead of Clover Leaf. It is understood that Goodridge will soon vote upon the proposition of issuing bonds to build roads, and Highlanding is quite sure to do so also.

Will Celebrate Mission Festival.

The local German Lutheran congregation will celebrate this annual mission festival next Sunday Aug 2nd in Tindolph's Park, on the East side. For the morning service beginning at 10:30, Mr. Geo. Kuechlestud, theol. at St. Louis, Mo. will deliver the sermon in the German language. The afternoon services begin at 2:30, in which Rev. H. C. Hinz, of Fischer, Minn. will deliver the sermon in the English language. The choir will render appropriate selections in both services.

Dinner will be served free of charge to all, who attend. To our many Lutheran friends in and around Thief River and to the general public as well we hereby extend a cordial invitation. In case of inclement weather, the morning services will be conducted in the German Lutheran and the afternoon services in the Norwegian Synod church.

Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Subscribe for the News.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The $50 list for the month of June of the St. Hilaire creamery eclipses all previous records for such a list of the names of the creamery patrons. There are 49 patrons receiving $50 or over for cream brought to the creamery last month and the 219 patrons who are now delivering cream received a total of $8,700 last month at 25 cents per pound for butterfat.

The following is the $50 list for June:

C. A. Lindquist	$103 05
N. A. Nelson	97 30
L. A. Carlson	93 42
Claus Hendricks	92 05
Ed Enright	91 25
O L. Larson	83 60
Ole Larson	76 70
John Kjonikson	75 92
Swan Johnson	75 90
T. M. Brovik	74 47
H. Houpt	72 10
Solomon Swanson	71 47
John Wahlbeck	70 70
Peter Johnson	70 27
Halvor Hanson	70 25
L. M. Rolland	69 72
Swan Wiberg	69 45
A. Aug Erickson	67 82
L. P. Tyron	65 35
A. P. Sandberg	65 25
Fred Seeger	61 85
H. A. Swanby	63 75
Fred Ulrich	63 00
C. O. Swanson	61 87
Erick Anderson	61 82
Andrew Huseby	60 95
C. A. Melin	60 22
Frank Settberg	60 15
Erick Johnson	59 50
Anton Peterson	59 27
John Norman	59 15
Aug Swanson	58 85
John Jacobson	58 17
Swan Shelin	58 12
Andrew Mortenson	57 37
P. W. Peterson	57 00
Hans J. Hanson	57 15
Emil Bisler	56 32
R. H. Loseth	56 02
Simon Ahlberg	55 65
Wash Adams	55 17
Chas Johnson	51 02
Mrs. C. P. Swanson	52 25
Wm. Cuno	51 85
A. W. Lind	50 75
Tollef Erickson	51 32
Bennet Johnson	50 65
C. J. Boltman	50 67
Andrew Bjornquist	50 65

Treasurer's Notice.

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 10, 1908

Dear Sir: I am prepared to pay all outstanding orders against Independent School District No. 18, Red Lake County, Minnesota,

E. E. Zeh
Treasurer.

LOCAL TEAM WON GAME

Crookston Defeated in a Fast Game of Ball Sunday, Score Being 3 to 1.

A Return Game Is to Be Played In This City on Next Sunday.

A special train was run on this branch of the Great Northern Sunday from Greenbush to Crookston, the occasion being a base ball game between the Thief River Falls nine and the Crookston club. There were about three hundred passengers on the train, over half of whom were from this city.

The ball game at Crookston was a very interesting one. Not one error was made by the Thief River Falls players and they won the game by a score of 3 to 1. The Crookston team was strengthened by several outside players but Thief River Falls had its regular team.

A return game is to be played in this city on Sunday and a *special train* will be run from Crookston to Thief River Falls on this occasion.

Holt Creamery Statement for June.

Total cream received, 40251 pounds.
Average test, 29.69.
Butterfat, 11552 pounds.
Price paid, 22 cents.
Total receipts, $2,077.80.

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$2,541:44
Expense fund	436.36
Total	$2 977.80

THOSE DRAWING $40 AND OVER.

Fred Steinhaur	$80.85
C. Smith	73 62
Ole Reierson	63.75
C. Larson	58.44
A. Bjerk	55.75
T. O. Devno	55.49
Aug. Hoffman	51.85
T. Sorum	48.89
E. A. Johnson	48.10
P. A. Risberg	46.86
John Nelson	42.15
C. Schwartz	41.25
O. O. Listel	41.18

On account of an error F. Steinhaur was left out on the May statement. He received $53 90

J. A. Sorum,
Secretary.

June Statement, Plummer Creamery

Cream received, 61551 pounds
Butterfat, 16259.6 pounds.
Average Test, 25.18.
Over run, 23.88:
Average yield, 31.66.
Price paid to patrons, 21 cents.

RECEIPTS.

Total received for butter	$1300.31
Cash sales	1 80
Patron's charges	4.78
Surplus from May	7.02
Total	$1316.91

DISBURSMENTS

Buttermakers salary	$ 60.00
Helper	28.00
Tubs	91.00
Wood	11.00
Salt	11.00
Ice	10.00
Oil, color and powder	2 00
Draying and freight	9.75
Stamps and stationary	4.00
President's fees	5.00
Treasurer's	3.00
Secretary's fees	15.60
Sinking fund	162.59
Patrons checks	3,897.16
Total	$4,310.10
Surplus	$6 81

Hotel Evelyn Sold.

A deal was closed last Saturday whereby Col. George W. Harris sold the Hotel Evelyn to J. Provencher, of Minneapolis. The new proprietor is no stranger to the people of Thief River Falls, having visited this city upon numerous occasions in the past when he was traveling on the road for a wholesale house. He has had a number of years experience in the hotel business and promises to keep up the high standard of this hotel. Col. Harris has made many friends during his stay in this city and all regret that he leaves the city.

Rocksbury.

Miss Josephia Nelson entertained a company from town Friday evening.

Hugh Shannon from Bolette N. D. is visiting his brother, Nill.

Mr. and Mrs. Satre entertained friends and relatives Sunday last.

Miss Abbie Miller visited with friends at Red Lake Falls, last Sunday.

A number of the pupils from the West Sunday School attended the Grace Union Sunday School.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. EveryBody cordially invited.

"Leads Them All"

Hamm St. Paul

Hamm's Beer leads them all. In every way—in PURITY, AGE and FLAVOR. If you drink Hamm's once, you will never be satisfied with any other beer.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL

H. Hart, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch. Phone 54.

General Merchandise.

We Also Keep Jewelry.

TELEPHONE, 170. LA BREE AVENUE.

Joe Giller
SAVES YOU MONEY.

He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.

Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar for a dollar.

Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of sugar for 50 cents.

Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.
" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.
" " " peaches, 12c per lb.
" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.
Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.
Reduction on everything.
Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highest price

CASH BUSINESS ONLY.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

BARGAINS
FAIR WEEK

To combine business with pleasure, we will during fair week have all kinds of bargains to offer.

USE THE LEE BROOM
USE THE
LEE
THE
BROOM
WITH THE
GUARANTEE
BEST MADE FOR SALE ALMOST EVERYWHERE

Special in Dry Goods.

1-2 price on wash goods, such as white goods, lawns and etc.

1-3 off on all summer shirt waists, and ladies' summer jackets.

1-4 off on all ladies' walking skirts.

Shoes.

10 per cent off on all Oxfords.

Do not overlook our bargain counter in shoes.

We carry the largest stock of shoes in the city and always sell at the lowest price.

See our shoe display at the fair grounds.

Groceries--Special During Fair Week.

Fresh Olives, in quart fruit jar, can included, only 25 cents.
Fresh sweet Gerkin Pickles, in quart fruit jar, can included, only 25 cents.
Fresh fruit and vegetables of all kinds. Many other bargains.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

ACADEMY FOR GIRLS

Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph

Crookston, Minn.

The object of this Institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars:

Mother Superior,
St. Joseph's Academy,
Crookston, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

SWEDISH MINISTER TO AMERICA

Considerable Speculation as to Who Will Eventually Be Sent to Washington.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

There seems to be a great deal of speculation in Sweden as to who will eventually be appointed as Swedish minister in Washington, D. C. A Stockholm correspondent, who has evidently at some time or other resided in Chicago, writes as follows regarding this matter, about which so much has been written in Swedish papers, both in America and on the other side: "There appears to be some doubt here about who is, or is going to be, the Swedish minister in Washington. A Norwegian paper asserted a few days ago that Mr. Lagercrantz was 'persona non grata' in the United States mainly on account of his agitation for the return of Swedish-Americans to the old country, or, rather, for an excess of zeal in his efforts. That is hardly the case, however, although he may have received hints that the Washington government did not approve of any official interference in the matter. For all anybody knows at present, Mr. Lagercrantz may go back to his post, but people are busy speculating on the choice of his successor. As a likely candidate is mentioned a Count Carl Wachtmeister, intrinsically a person of a very influential family. The latter circumstances, happily, will count for very little during the present regime; but he also possesses an energetic wife, a Des Moines girl, with some money, which is worth more. Certain it is that his rise has been rapid since his marriage. I knew him during the '90s, while he labored in a Chicago office, a dull sort of an individual, of no particular genius or education. Upon his marriage he entered the Swedish consular service, a step which was not strictly in order, as he did not possess the requisite scholastic degree. He is now consul general in Alexandria, with the additional distinction of councillor. Well, he may have learned something during his recent career and make an acceptable minister. At any rate, he ought to know a few things about the United States that are not taught at school."

A national anti-tuberculosis society will be organized in Sweden in the near future and it is expected that much good will result from this organization. For many years the Swedish government has realized the vast importance of fighting this dreaded disease, and has in many sections of the country erected sanatoriums for this purpose. It will be the object of this society, however, to enable poor people afflicted with tuberculosis to visit parts of the country where they can secure the very best of climate and all they want of out door life. In the cities the society plans to erect a number of cottages where laboring men can properly be taken care of when they evince the signs of tuberculosis. The society will not lack funds. It will be endowed by a large number of wealthy men and will also receive liberal allowances from the government. Sweden will in the near future set about to fight the white plague in earnest and while she has already accomplished much in this direction, she proposes to lead the world in its attempt to check the dreaded disease.

There is a perfect exodus from Stockholm at present. Never before in the history of the city have so many people been moving away as during the present summer. In the first place there are hard times in Stockholm, rents are unreasonably high and the poor have simply been compelled to move into the country districts and country towns to pick up whatever work they come across. The large number who are too poor to move away have to depend on the bureaus of charity for their sustenance. The rich have also moved out to their summer villas, so that at the present time there is not much doing in Stockholm. Business men generally are complaining and the exporters and importers are also dissatisfied at the depressive times.

The crown prince and crown princess arrived in London June 30 and were received at the station by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Prince Arthur and Princess Patricia of Connaught. Count Wrangel, the Swedish minister, accompanied by Countess Wrangel and other members of the Swedish legation were also present. The entire party drove direct to Clarence House, where the Duke of Connaught and his family reside at present.

Consul John R. Lindgren, for a number of years cashier of the State bank in Chicago, and who is at present in Stockholm on a visit, has been commissioned by President Roosevelt to present to the government in Washington a detailed report of the Swedish postal system.

About twenty of Stockholm's leading newspaper men will attend the international press congress in Berlin Sept. 21-23. Harold Sohlman, who is editor of the Aftonbladet and president of the Stockholm Press club, will head the delegation.

The new Dramatic theater in Stockholm has been turned over to the government, which hereafter will have charge of the building and all the theatrical performances, which will be given there.

The Swedish foreign minister has appointed G. Emerson as vice consul in Santiago de Cuba. The latter has for many years been a prominent importer of Swedish goods at Santiago.

Dowager Queen Sofia, accompanied by Madame Ralamb, her lady in waiting, have departed for Eriksberg, in Ostergotland, where she will spend the remainder of the summer.

During the year of 1907 Swedish-Americans sent post money orders to Sweden amounting to $3,802,411 (about 14,500,000 crowns) or $617,326 more than in 1906.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says Michael Alger, the well known Christiania correspondent: "When Bishop Bang returned he brought with him a rare gift to the library of the Norwegian university. It was a set of G. A. Andsley's 'The Ornamental Arts of Japan,' in two volumes, donated by Olaf O. Searle, of Minneapolis. Only fifty copies of this elaborate work were printed and its price would have been prohibitive. The chief librarian of the university, Sigv. Petersen, has made the receipt of this valuable gift known through the press, saying: 'It was a fine act of Mr. Searle to remember his native country with such a gift, which most likely would never have become the gift of the university library otherwise.'"

At this time of the year there are all kinds of tourists in Norway. They have come from almost all the corners of the globe. Among the many distinguished visitors there is Chaw Van Pang, the director general of the telegraphic service of China, who is making a study of the Norwegian system. He is traveling in regal style and is accompanied by a retinue of servants.

The Norwegian government contemplates decreasing the postage on letters to the United States from 20 ore to 10 ore, even if this must be done at a loss to the country. The authorities believe, on the other hand, that it will strengthen the friendship of the two countries, but there are many people who fail to see it in that light.

An exchange states that a majority of the constitutional committee of the storthing has proposed that the constitution of Norway be amended to the effect that in case the royal family should die out the storthing shall have a right to change the form of government—to make Norway a republic for instance.

Way up in Finmarken they are now having beautiful weather and fishing is simply grand in this section of the country. Scores of English and Scotch fishermen are taking advantage of the fine weather and so far as the fishing is concerned it is simply an angler's paradise.

After a spirited debate the storthing decided a week ago last Friday that the projected trunk line between Christiania and Trondhjem shall be built via Dovrefjeld. The new railway when completed would be of great strategic value in the event of war.

A week ago last Saturday King Haakon dedicated the Orkedal electric railway, the building of which began as early as 1905. The chief purpose of this railway will be the transportation of iron ore from Meldal to Trondhjem.

An Austrian company controlling capital amounting to $200,000 has been granted permission to operate an iron mine in East Vaago, Lofoten. They will commence operations at once.

Anchovies are plentiful in the vicinity of Stavanger and some large catches are being made there at present. Hundreds of fishermen are now busy in that section of the country.

A German stock company has been granted concessions to operate zinc mines for a period of eighty-two years at Hakedal. The capital stock of the company is $270,000.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A Copenhagen correspondent states that the constant prospect of bombs or other unwelcome disturbers of domestic peace has so effected the nerves of the Dowager Empress Dagmar, mother of the Russian czar, that she wants to reside in England for the rest of her life. She would like to be near her sister, the Queen of England, for the rest of her life. She believes that she would enjoy the quieter social life of England, but the czar declines to sanction the plan, presumably for political reasons. The Russian emperor is said to fairly worship his mother, but that he does not see his way clear to allow her to go to England to reside. Thus it will be plainly seen that even the freedom of royalty is very limited.

A large number of German laborers have been coming into the country during the past two months. Only a comparative few have found anything to do and a good many of them have been compelled to return. Again there were many who did not have money to go back and [illegible] these have gone out into the country districts to look for work among the farmers.

According to the following statistics it is apparent that the Danes do not believe in going thirsty. In one year the Danes [illegible] 117,000,000 crowns [illegible] crowns [illegible] It is difficult to determine how much money is spent on wine and other liquors.

MARION S. NORELIUS

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF A. Wright.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to J. M. Bishop of Thief River Falls, Minnesota,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 20th day of January 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

COURT SEAL. July 23-aug 6

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Carist Myhre and Emma Myhre his wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota mortgagees dated February 7th, 1906 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County Minnesota in book 13 of mortgages on page [illegible] thereof on the 19 day of February A. D. 1906 at 8 o'clock a. m.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is One hundred forty-four and 75.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County Minnesota are as follows to-wit:—The North East Quarter of Section No. Eleven in Township One hundred forty-three N. of R. Forty-one W. 5 p. m.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the Village of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday, Sept. 4th, 1908 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount due on the said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated July 18, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Mortgagees.

July 23-aug 27 L. M. Hoag, Attorney for Mortgagees. Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Salve S. Lura, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Oct. 27th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 788, Serial No. 0115, N. W. ¼, Section 17, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5 h. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 27th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Paterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Arton Sorenson, " " " " "
Abraham Newton, " " " " "
Barnt Kurvenloe, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John Berglund of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Feb. 17th 1905, made H. E. No. [illegible], Serial, No. [illegible], for lot 1, S. ½, N. E. ¼, and N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼, Section 30, Township 15[illegible] N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Paul Kveelog, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Gunder Gunderson, " " " " "
Peder K. Coe, " " " " "
Hern T. Brokke, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 23-aug 27

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [illegible] Sewing Machine write to

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.

[illegible] New Home [illegible]

Sold by authorized dealers only.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

[illegible]

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

[illegible]

MUNN & CO.
361 Broadway, New York.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 15-100 dollars taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 15-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:30 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:50 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page [illegible]; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 15-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June [illegible]th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN, Assignee of Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton, Attorney for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minn.

July 16 6t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 16 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, 1901, made H. E. No. [illegible], for lots 6, 7, & N. E. ¼, N. W. ¼, Section 18, Township 153 N., Range 42 W. 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 31st day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hoken Johnson, " " " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " " " "
John Quale, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate under Judgement of Foreclosure.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss. In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Iowa Mortgage Loan & Investment Co., Plaintiff,

vs.

Hermann Hanisch, and Nannchen Hanisch, his wife, and Charles Murphy and Mrs. Charles Murphy, his wife, whose true name is to plaintiff unknown.

Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June 1908, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Red Lake County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 8th day of August 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the East Half (E½) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼), and the West Half (W½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), all in Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty-five (45), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Dated June 22nd 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff of Red Lake County.

A. A. Miller, Plaintiff's Attorney

June 25-July 30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andreas O. Troseth as one of the heirs of Ane Amundsen deceased of Rothsay, Minnesota, who, on July 1st, 1903, made H. E. No. [illegible], Serial, No. [illegible], for S. W. ¼, S. E. ¼, Sec 20, W. ½, N. E. ¼, and S. E. ¼, N. E. ¼, Section [illegible], Township 15[illegible] N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom Aaofeld, of [illegible], Minn.
Saave Brokke, " " "
Torger Brokke, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

July 23 aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June [illegible], made Homestead Entry No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. W. ¼, Section 5, Township 15[illegible] N., Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 17th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Frans Fisher, of [illegible], Minn.
Charles Fisher, " " "
[illegible]
[illegible] Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] J. Bratstad, of Thief River Falls, [illegible] Section [illegible] Range 42 W. [illegible] before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible]

[illegible] Thief River Falls, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

[illegible]

N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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HE LOST OUT.

We recently noted the case of a farmer who had extensive building plans to carry out which required several carloads of lumber. In looking about for a place to purchase he ran across the advertisement of a house wrecking concern of a distant city, and, taken in by the glowing descriptions of the different items advertised, he ordered his material from the catalogue house without making inquiry of his home dealer. After his stuff came and he had paid spot cash for the whole bill and freight charges, amounting to about $200, he began to examine his order and compare it with what he could have got from the home dealer. He found that his doors cost him $1.25 when he could have got exactly the same thing at home for $1.15, with freight paid. The laths were thirty-two instead of forty-eight inches long, while dimension stuff, siding, flooring and finishing lumber, were perceptibly inferior in quality to like stuff in the home yards. Added to this was the handicap of being unable to return crooked or otherwise defective material, a privilege that he would have had had he negotiated with the home lumberman. The experience which this farmer had is not narrated in the hope that it will be of any benefit to him, though it probably will if he buys again, but it may cause some reader who is tempted to do the same thing to at least figure with the home dealer before placing an order with a distant house. And the principle applies to household furniture, to silk dresses and sewing machines just as pertinently as it does to big orders of lumber stock.

COWS AND FLIES.

Some years ago the Wisconsin agricultural experiment station conducted a test with a view to determining the results to be obtained from protecting cows from flies during the late summer months. One bunch of seven cows was confined during the daytime in a comfortable stable provided with screen doors and windows, while a second bunch was confined in a small lot provided with abundance of shade. Both lots were pastured at night and received the same kind and amount of grain feed, together with all the freshly cut sorghum and green corn that they would eat up clean during the day. While the cows confined in the stable ate considerably more green corn and sorghum, they lost more in live weight during the four weeks of the experiment than did the cows left out of doors. During the first two weeks of the experiment the cows kept in the stable produced 56.7 pounds of milk less than during the two weeks previous, while the cows not confined showed a decrease of only 40.4 pounds. The decrease in butter fat was .81 pound for the stabled cows and 2.16 pounds for those running at large. A consideration of the results of the test does not seem to show as great an effect on milk flow from the fly nuisance as is generally supposed.

HOW IT GETS A FOOTHOLD.

There is hardly a town in the north central states but has alleys or vacant lots on which grow thrifty patches of that worst of all agricultural pests, quack grass. The grass is in full head during the latter part of June and early July. Unless it is recognized and precautions taken the seed is likely to be scattered on adjoining gardens or fed, thrown on the manure pile and put on gardens or plowed land. When once the seed is in the soil the mischief is done, and ten stitches will be required to eradicate it where one would have sufficed to prevent its being scattered on the land. Such patches in town and along the roadsides should be spotted and pains taken not only to keep them from going to seed, but to kill the plants themselves. Such small patches may be easily disposed of by covering with tar paper for sixty days and putting earth around the edges, so as to keep out the light and air.

THE DIGNITY OF COMMON TOIL.

Real worth in living consists not so much in doing some great work or performing some great service, but doing the little things and common duties in a noble and faithful way. The housewife who performs her routine duties faithfully and cheerfully, the woman who washes clothes the best she knows how and the man who digs ditches or saws wood, together with the multitude of workers in shop or factory, perform just as valuable a service for their fellows as others who may make the laws or administer them, teach school or preach the gospel. A doctrine that needs extensive preaching today is that which upholds the dignity and sacredness of the common toil of life of whatever character. Only on such a basis is life endurable and can it be considered worth the living, for it is the common work of life that most of us are destined to perform.

If one does not have hens to consume the lawn cuttings the family cow will appreciate a bushel or two most every night, even if she has had good feed during the day.

The flock of sheep should be rotated from pasture to pasture, just as should corn, clover, oats or other crop to new land, if best results are to be secured. Change seems to be the law of some forms of animal as well as vegetable life.

A chunk of cotton or a soft rag moistened with carbon bisulphide and placed in the hole of woodchuck or skunk will put either one out of business without the use of elbow grease and spade. All but one hole of the burrow should be plugged up, and the last just as soon as the dope has been inserted.

One of the latest methods for killing dandelions to be recommended is spraying the plants with a solution made by dissolving two ounces of iron sulphate in a gallon of water. Such a spray is said to be strong enough to kill the dandelions, but does little injury to blue grass or white clover.

The sword fern, which is one of the most attractive ornamental house plants, seems to thrive better in those rooms where the temperature is most even and where it is not exposed to the direct rays of the sun. Experiments with a thrifty four-year-old fern of this variety in the writer's home lead to the above conclusion.

It is during the rainy weeks of the spring and fall that the placing of eave spouts on the feed yard side of the barn will tend to keep the yard from miring down and becoming an all around nuisance. Such an equipment will also mean more comfort for man and beast and a more economical handling of the barnyard manure because of less soaking and leaching.

If mildew gathers on the books on the library shelves or on the clothing in the closets, it is a pretty sure sign that the foundation of the house is low and improperly ventilated or that there is too much shade about the house. In either case the trouble should be righted, as the good health of the members of the family is of vital consideration.

In spite of the fact that the necessity of using commercial fertilizers in the state of Illinois was not considered within the range of possibility twenty years ago, $1,000,000 was nevertheless expended in the purchase of these articles last year. This move has been made necessary by a careless handling of the soil in which more was taken from it in the shape of crops than was replaced in the form of fertilizers.

If the trees bordering your place and overhanging the sidewalks have low hanging limbs which brush the hats or parasols of passersby, it is time you got busy with a saw and trimmed them up. Thrifty trees grow very fast and will send out these low branches before one realizes it. In the same way the trees about the house will thicken up soon after a previous year's pruning so as to practically envelop the house in shade.

If the strawberry bed is in its second or third year and is quite full of grass and weeds, it may be easily renovated by cutting it over closely with a scythe, burning or removing the litter and rutting up and cultivating thoroughly all of the bed but a narrow strip in the center of each row. From the roots left undisturbed enough runners will start to replant the bed. This job may be done as soon as the crop of berries is picked.

MOTTLED BUTTER.

Usually the blame for mottled butter is laid to improper salting, but tests show that salt cannot produce this result unless the butter contains an uneven distribution of buttermilk. If the butter is free from buttermilk, no matter how unevenly the salt is mixed, the streaks, or mottles, will not be produced. When churning is done so as to make the butter granules the size of rice grains and these are carefully washed twice with water at a temperature below 45 degrees, removing most of the buttermilk adhering to the outer surface of the granules, no mottles are obtained. The amount of proteid in mottled butter is greater in the light portions than in the darker portions and is the cause of the light color, or mottles. Salt brine does not change in any way the color of butter fat. Salt brine as it commonly occurs in butter has the power of hardening and localizing the proteid particles, the action requiring several hours for completion. In mottled butter the light portions usually contain less than the darker portions. It can be concluded, then, that mottles in butter are due primarily to the presence and uneven distribution of buttermilk adhering to the outer surface of the small granules and to the hardening and localizing effect of the salt brine upon the proteid of the buttermilk thus retained in the butter. The light portions of mottled butter owe their light color to the presence of localized proteid. The yellow or clear portions occur where the spaces between the butter granules are filled with clear brine and are comparatively free from casein compounds. Several hours are required to complete the action of the brine upon the proteids of the butter. Mottles in butter can be prevented by avoiding those conditions that retain buttermilk in the butter and observing those conditions which favor the removal of buttermilk from butter granules before salting. The butter granules, as said above, should be about the size of rice grains and should be washed twice with water at a temperature of 35 to 45 degrees.

The use of paint is entirely justifiable not only from the standpoint of the looks of the buildings, but because of the protection which is thus afforded the wood.

Honesty, integrity and sobriety are the qualities that are sought after by employers these days, more stress being laid upon them than upon prospective employees' mental or physical qualities or equipment.

There is a vital connection between pure fresh air in the dairy barn and milk flow in that fresh air means a good state of health, a vigorous appetite, together with larger powers of digestion and assimilation, which result directly in an increased flow of milk.

A Texas farmer who is today considered the alfalfa king of the world began growing the legume twelve years ago on a tract of five acres. Later his farm contained 100 acres, while now it stretches over 1,400 acres. Last year his receipts from his alfalfa ranch were $109,000.

An old fashioned hardy rose of the double pink variety growing in the neighborhood in which the writer lives is said by old residents of the place to have been sending forth shoots from the same roots continuously for the past thirty-five years. The rose in question is the bush variety and is never covered.

Time was when most any kind of milking and handling of the milk in the stable were put up with provided the cream was handled properly in the dairy. It's different now, there being a full realization of the fact that dirt or odors which get into the milk in the stable cannot be eradicated in the churning or process of buttermaking.

Reports from one province of Japan are to the effect that there is at present growing before a temple of Buddha in one of its cities a pine tree which is said to be 1,200 years old. The tree was planted in front of the pagoda by a zealous devotee as a sort of perpetual free will offering. In all the succeeding centuries the conifer has been carefully tended.

The best way to fight the knot or crab grass which sometimes gets a foothold in the lawn in the summer months is to water the lawn frequently if rainfall is insufficient, thus keeping the lawn grass in a thrifty condition, and cut quite often. Being a hot weather, deep rooted grass, the crab grass flourishes under conditions in which the blue grass will remain at a standstill.

A family of blackbirds which have nested in the writer's yard this season, the location of the nest not being discovered until after the young were nearly ready to fly, have broken up a robin's and a mourning dove's nest and would have treated a catbird's nest similarly had not timely assistance been rendered. The blackbird and bluejay are pirates and should be treated as such.

There are quite a lot of pretty good girls from many points of view who seem to overlook the fact that when a young fellow looks around for a wife he directs his attention to the one who has sunshine in her heart and deftness of hand rather than artificial blushes or powder on her cheeks. There is no deception which is so crude and raw and ill concealed as this. A fool, running, can spot it at a glance.

Next year's raspberry patch will be in a great deal better shape and produce much more fruit if the tips of this year's new shoots are snipped off when they have reached the desired height, from three to four feet. This treatment not only makes them less spindly, but greatly increases the fruit bearing shoots for next year. If allowed to grow in their own way some of the black varieties, especially the Older, will attain a length of ten to twelve feet.

The habits of thought and work that a boy acquires at from ten to fourteen years are quite likely to be largely determining and molding factors in all his after life. On this occasion it is well for the parents to give wise direction in these formative years and for the boy to take himself in hand with a view to developing his powers and talents in the best possible ways. The boy that runs loose and wild during these years without restraint of any kind cannot be expected to develop into a good man any more than a colt similarly handled can be expected to make a tractable and valuable horse.

A friend who sowed rye last fall on a plot of ground—several acres—from which he took a crop of potatoes the latter part of September tells us that, while he pastured this piece well into the winter and turned his cows on it early last spring and did not take them off until the 1st of May, the stand of the cereal is so heavy and the heads filling so well that he anticipates a yield of close to thirty bushels per acre. In addition to furnishing a good bite for his stock when green food was scarce, the putting of the rye on the piece of ground has resulted in keeping it very free from weeds. After the rye is cut he will be able to grow a crop of buckwheat, millet or turnips. We believe that rye might be used a great deal more than it is in the above manner and the weed nuisance abated considerably as a result.

F. E. Trigg

POLITICAL NEWS.

After a seven-hour conference with William J. Bryan and John W. Kern, respectively Democratic nominees for president and vice president, the subcommittee of the Democratic national committee made the following selection of officers of the committee: Chairman, Norman E. Mack, Buffalo, N. Y.; vice chairman, S. L. Hall, Nebraska; treasurer, Governor C. N. Haskell, Oklahoma; sergeant-at-arms, John I. Martin, Missouri; secretary, Urey Woodson, Kentucky.

William J. Bryan again occupied himself with the subject of campaign contributions and issued a statement appealing to the Democratic newspapers of the country to begin the collection of a fund from their subscribers. He believes that this year the Democrats will receive a larger campaign fund than ever before and that the money necessary will come from the masses.

The Wisconsin Democratic state convention adjourned after adopting a platform, no nominations for state officers being made. Candidates who wish to seek nominations at the primaries were urged to place their names in the hands of the state chairman, who will circulate the necessary papers that will insure their names being placed on the election ballot.

The second conference between Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the Republican national committee, and various state Republican leaders was held at the Auditorium Annex at Chicago. The states represented at this meeting were Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri and Wisconsin.

The Pennsylvania Democratic state committee re-elected State Chairman George M. Dimeling of Clearfield without opposition and adopted resolutions endorsing Bryan and Kern and denouncing the action of the Denver convention in unseating the eight Philadelphia delegates.

Governor Charles E. Hughes of New York has announced that he will accept a renomination if the Republican party of that state desires him to again be its candidate.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

By unanimous opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals for the Seventh district the famous case of the government against the Standard Oil company, in which the latter was fined $29,240,000 by Judge Landis, must be retried. The decision says the trial court erred in its rulings on admission and exclusion of evidence and in other important particulars.

John F. Hayes, Irish-American Athletic club, New York, was declared the winner of the great marathon road race at the Olympic games at London after Dorondo, Italian, had been given the honor under circumstances that evoked an instant protest. Dorondo was first over the line, but had been assisted after falling exhausted by officials in charge of the races.

Melvin W. Sheppard of the Irish-American Athletic club of New York city finished far in the lead in the 800-metre event in the international athletic contests at London, establishing a new Olympic record of 1:52⅘ for the distance.

The entire force of motormen and conductors of the Elgin and Belvidere (Ill.) Street Car company is on strike and traffic on the line is at a complete standstill. The strike was caused by the refusal of a demand for an increase in wages.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has sailed from Honolulu for Auckland, N. Z. The Minnesota was left behind to await the mail steamer from San Francisco and will overtake the fleet before its arrival at Auckland.

The Y. M. C. A. relay race from New York to Chicago, in which hundreds of boys participated, was completed in 119 hours and 22 minutes.

The Wooing of the Woodcock.

The wooing of the woodcock is one of those sights to witness which a lover of nature in all its moods will make a journey of miles. The scene is enacted at twilight, and the setting is of willow or alder bushes whose branches are just beginning to show the tender green of early spring. Suddenly from the damp ground a bird form shoots upward like some swamp spirit until it is outlined against the gray of the evening sky. Then it circles above the branches, and the song of the wooing begins. Hidden in the darkness of the thick lower growth is the object to which this love song is directed. The bird above circles perhaps a score of times, then drops back to the damp thicket, making a sound which can be likened only to the dropping of water into a woodland pool. Again the bird soars and circles, singing still the love song. This is repeated time after time until the last gleam of light has faded and night's darkness comes down.

Lincoln's History of Himself.

When Abraham Lincoln was elected to congress Charles Lanman, then editor of the Congressional Record, according to the regular custom, forwarded to Mr. Lincoln as well as to all other members elect a blank to be filled out with facts and dates which might be made the basis for a biographical sketch in the directory. Mr. Lincoln's blank was returned promptly, filled up in his own handwriting with the following information:

"Born Feb. 12, 1809, in Hardin county, Ky.

"Education, defective.

"Profession, lawyer.

"Military service, captain of volunteers in the Black Hawk war.

"Offices held, Postmaster at a very small office, four times a member of the Illinois legislature and elected to the lower house of the next congress."

A NOISY CONVENTION.

One In Which Comanches and Panthers Were Outshrieked.

The noisiest, the jolliest, the most exciting and perhaps least logical campaign was that of 1840. William Henry Harrison, hero of an Indian victory at Tippecanoe, a plain old man who had lived, his opponents sneeringly said, in a log cabin decorated with coonskins and had drunk hard cider, was selected by Thurlow Weed as a better candidate than Henry Clay. The issues between Van Buren, the Democratic candidate, and Harrison were not clearly drawn, but the adventitious circumstances of Harrison's early life were skillfully utilized for theatrical effects. Processions miles long with log cabins, cider barrels and coonskin caps on poles stretched from state to state. Glee clubs were a feature of the campaign, and the Indian fighter was fairly sung into office.

In the convention of 1860 began the modern custom of cheering and counter cheering. The Seward contingent gave a parade the day of the convention. While they were marching Lincoln supporters filled the Wigwam. With the naming of the candidates began the cheering. Murat Halstead said that when Seward was nominated and seconded "the shouting was absolutely frantic, shrill and wild. Comanches or panthers never struck a higher note or gave screams with more infernal intensity. Looking from the stage over the vast amphitheater, nothing was to be seen below but thousands of hats—a black, mighty swarm of hats flying with the velocity of hornets over a mass of human heads, most of the mouths of which were open."

But when Lincoln's nomination was seconded the west was heard from. "I thought the Seward yell could not be surpassed," said Halstead, "but the Lincoln boys were clearly ahead and, feeling their victory as there was a lull in the storm, took deep breaths all around and gave a scream that was positively awful and accompanied it with stamping that made every plank and pillar in the building quiver."

On the third ballot Lincoln was nominated. The shouting was so deafening that the cannon which was discharged on the roof of the building could not be heard inside.—Chicago Record-Herald.

PERILOUS SLEEPWALKING.

The Tragedy on Which Bellini Wrote His Celebrated Opera.

Somnambulists can maintain their footing in the most perilous places so long as they remain in a state of somnambulism, but if suddenly awakened they instantly lose their self possession and balance.

On one occasion a young woman living in Dresden was seen at midnight walking on the edge of the roof of her house. Her family were immediately told of her plight, but were afraid to go near her. The neighbors gathered about the house and placed mattresses and blankets along the street in hopes that they might save her in case she fell.

She danced for over an hour on the slanting roof, apparently retaining her balance without difficulty, and every now and then she would advance to the edge and bow to the silent crowd standing many feet below her.

At last she climbed down on to the wide gutter which ran in front of the window through which she had come, with the evident intention of re-entering the house. The crowd watching her so intently drew a sigh of relief. But, unfortunately, her terrified relatives, thinking to assist her, had placed two lighted candles in the room near the window, and as she approached the light fell directly in her eyes.

Instantly the shock awakened her, and she swayed back and forth in her perilous position; then, with a frightful scream, she fell headlong to the ground. She was fatally hurt and died in a few hours. It was on this tragedy that Bellini wrote his celebrated opera "La Sonnambula."—Washington Post.

The Tragic Loco Weed.

The abominable Mexican plant known as the loco weed has the peculiar property of making irrational both men and beasts who partake of it. Horses and cattle out on the prairies after grazing upon it go crazy, and a "locoed" pony will perform all kinds of queer antics. It is said that if a man comes under its spell he never regains his senses, the insanity produced by it being incurable. It is said that the loss of mind of the ill fated Carlotta was no doubt due to the fact that some enemy drugged her with a preparation of loco, although history has it that she went insane by reason of her husband's execution.—Baltimore American.

A Gentle Husband.

Woman (to her husband, busily engaged writing)—My dear, correctly speaking, what is a dentist? Husband (crossly)—Derived from dent, French for teeth, a man who pulls teeth. (Husband settles down to writing again.) Wife—My dear, you said this morning that linguist was derived from the Latin lingua, a tongue. Husband (crossly)—Yes. Wife—Well, dear, is a linguist a man who pulls out tongues? Husband—No, madam, but I wish he did.—London Answers.

The Best Man.

"Why is it," asked the dear girl, "that the bridegroom's attendant is called the 'best man'?"

"I suppose it's because he is the best off," growled the fussy old bachelor.—Kansas City Newsbook.

Considerate Censorship.

"Does your father know I love you?"

"No. Papa isn't very well, and we've kept it from him."—Harper's Weekly.

ANIMAL LEGENDS.

The Buzz of the Mosquito and the Swallow's Forked Tail.

In Palestine, where several religions exist side by side, legends have crossed and intermingled in such a way as to make a distinct folklore. A collection of stories from "Folklore In the Holy Land," by the Rev. J. E. Hanauer, contains many Bible legends in new forms and with humorous additions. One explains how the mosquito came to buzz and why the swallow's tail is forked.

After the fall of man the serpent missed the reward which the evil one had promised him—namely, the sweetest food in the world. An angel was appointed to assign to every creature his food and dwelling place. The serpent asked for human flesh. But Adam protested and pointed out shrewdly that as nobody had ever tasted human flesh it was impossible to maintain that it was the most luscious of food. Thus he gained a year's respite for the race.

Meanwhile the mosquito was sent round the world with instructions to taste and report upon the blood of every living creature. At the end of twelve months it was to report in open court the result of its researches.

Now, Adam had a friend in that sacred bird the swallow, which annually makes a pilgrimage to Mecca and all holy places. This bird shadowed the mosquito all the twelve months until the day of the decision. Then as the insect was on its way to the court the swallow met it openly and asked what flesh and blood it had found sweetest.

"Man's," replied the mosquito.

"What?" asked the swallow. "Please say it again, for I am rather deaf."

On this the mosquito opened its mouth wide to shout, and the swallow darted in its bill and plucked out the insect's tongue.

They then proceeded to the court, where all living creatures were assembled to hear the decision. On being asked the outcome of its investigation the mosquito, which could now only buzz, was unable to make itself understood, and the swallow, pretending to be its spokesman, declared that the insect had said that it had found the blood of the frog the most delicious. Sentence was therefore given that frogs, not men, should be the serpent's food.

In its rage and disappointment the serpent darted forward to destroy the swallow. But the bird was too quick; the serpent succeeded only in biting some feathers out of the middle of the swallow's tail.

This is why swallows have forked tails.

EASY PHYSICAL CULTURE.

How One May Promote Good Health Without Expense.

First of all, there is the sensible use of the odd moments of the day. For example, I must go out to my work in the city; I must get up from my chair after or at intervals during my work; I must go upstairs. Here are the opportunities:

During the wash I can rub myself well all over my skin. Having used the warm water and soap and warm water again, I can dip my hands in cold water and then give my skin a capital friction with the palms of my hands. This will afford excellent exercise for the arms and shoulders and, when I stoop, for the trunk muscles. It will clean me, will help to harden and invigorate me and will make my hands and my whole body glow delightfully. It will need scarcely any extra time.

When I go out into the street, and indeed whenever I go out, I can take two extra deep and full breaths of fresh air in through the nostrils. And I can repeat this wonderfully healthy practice whenever I wait at a crossing, whenever I wait at all, and just before I go into any building from the street, and also before any important work or interview, and, of course, the first thing in the morning and the last thing at night. Here there is not one moment of extra time demanded, but there is so much effective but easy physical culture that at the end of a year the improvement in the breathing capacity, the endurance, the vigor, the complexion and even in the control of the temper may be almost beyond belief. And, best of all, the automatic habit of fuller and more rhythmical inhalations may be firmly fixed.—Eustace Miles in Metropolitan Magazine.

The Dear Old Days.

Touched by his sad story, a Harrisburg woman recently furnished a meal to a melancholy looking hobo who had applied therefor at the back door.

"Why do you stick out the middle finger of your left hand so straight while you are eating?" asked the compassionate woman. "Was it ever broken?"

"No, mum," answered the hobo, with a snuffle. "But during my halcyon days I wore a diamond ring on that finger, and old habits are hard to break, mum."—Harper's Weekly.

The Candidate's Course.

"When a candidate thinks he's right he must stick to his belief."

"But supposing all his constituents think differently?"

"In that case he must show his true greatness by casting aside all personal bias and emphatically assuming that a majority cannot be wrong."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Everybody Pleased.

Deacon—Are you willing to go? Unpopular Citizen (dying)—Oh, yes; I am. Deacon—Well, I'm glad you are, for that makes it unanimous.—Judge.

Love your neighbor, but don't pull down the fence.—German Proverb.

THE MAN FROM MARS.

How Our Modern Capitalism Surprised and Puzzled Him.

And the man from Mars stopped beside a busy field filled with men, most of whom were working hard, while a few seemed to do nothing but eat, drink and make merry.

And as he watched one of those who worked came and lay down by the roadside. And the man from Mars engaged him in conversation.

"What is this I see in the field yonder?" queried the man from Mars.

"That is a community of human beings," replied the workman.

"What are they doing?" pursued the man from Mars.

"They are struggling for existence. Some, you see, are producing, while some are merely consuming."

"Why do they not all produce?" asked the man from Mars.

"Well," replied the workman, "by common consent those who work are entitled to receive back a fair share of what they produce. There are a few among us whom God in his infinite wisdom has appointed to consume what the workers do not get?"

"Does it work out all right?" continued the man from Mars.

"Yes, most of the time," answered the workman. "As long as the consumers do their duty the workmen's dinner pails are full, but sometimes even though much is consumed and destroyed by war and otherwise, and even though the many men are taken from the ranks of the producers for the army and navy, it is found that things are produced faster than they are consumed."

"What happens then?" asked the Martian.

"Then we have overproduction," said the workman. "The principal trouble with our system is that the workman suffers most when we have too much. When we have overproduction the consumers who own the land will not allow us to produce any more, and then, as there is no production, we cannot get a fair share of it, and then our dinner pails become empty, and then we have to beg, steal or starve."

"And is the community contented with this arrangement?" queried the man from Mars, arising to depart.

"Well, you see," said the workman, "being a Christian community, we also have ministers who teach us to be meek and humble and content with our lot, and, besides, to change it would be revolutionary, and revolutions are not good unless they have already happened."—Ellis O. Jones in Life.

GUILTY CAPITALISM.

Growth of Socialism Due to Inordinate Greed of Plutocracy.

We suppose our country is "booked" for Socialism. Greed of speculators is bringing it on. Exploitation of public utilities hurries it forward. Operators everywhere are seizing their opportunity to capitalize the wants of the public, in ways to create great properties and to obtain great dividends. The people believe that the only check to these schemes of plutocracy lies in a Socialist movement, under which the productive forces may be transformed into socialized effort. The Oregonian has not been willing to see this change, but in the contest that is coming, forced by the greed of capitalism and of exploitation, it finds itself compelled to yield to new conditions. In the contest between greed and privilege on the one hand and popular rights on the other it will follow the demands of the people because it belongs to the people. It must stand with them rather than with those who contend for the fictions of privilege and of vested rights. It will take its place in the ranks of the proletariat and struggle with and for the proletariat rather than with or for those who have adopted the modern scheme of capitalizing the needs of the multitude and making the multitude pay dividends on the capitalization. Everything tends toward this new diversion or alignment. It is emphasized by the demand of President Roosevelt for regulation and control of the railroads. It is furthered by efforts everywhere exerted and witnessed in Portland as elsewhere today to capitalize public functions and to turn them to private profit for support of "first families" in luxury and idleness. It is not an issue which this newspaper has sought. Gladly, rather, it would have avoided or averted it. But it is upon us today, and it challenges attention, and tomorrow and next year its demands will be more imperative still. The astonishing growth of it is due to the inordinate greed of a plutocracy which never will admit that it has had enough.—Portland Oregonian.

Dictionary Definitions.

The collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. A theory of society that advocates a more precise, orderly and harmonious arrangement of the social relations of mankind than that which has hitherto prevailed.—Webster's Dictionary.

A theory that aims to secure the reconstruction of society, increase of wealth and a more equal distribution of the products of labor and capital (as distinguished from property) and the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is, "Every one according to his deeds."—Standard Dictionary.

The Real Enemies.

"The real source of misgovernment—the active cause of corruption—is to be found not in the slums, not in the population ordinarily regarded as ignorant and vicious, but in the selfishness and greed of those who are the recognized leaders in commercial life," says Professor J. Allen Smith, professor of political science in the Washington university.

SOCIALISM AND DRINK.

How Socialists Would Deal With the Evil Were They In Power.

The liquor traffic serves the exploiters of wealth and the political bosses in two ways—it keeps a large class of very poor in a state of brutalized contentment, and it pays by means of license fees and fines part of the expense of government and so decreases the tax rate. Not until forced to would the privileged classes relinquish these advantages, and still they are so permeated with hypocrisy that they burden the lives of those who carry on the traffic with burdensome exactions, while they in their fashionable clubs and in their financial ability to buy and store for future use secure a complete and unfair exemption from the effects of legislation.

The Socialists hold, of course, that the public ownership and operation, thereby eliminating the profit, would do away with the evil of the present system. But while the present system remains we favor the application of the referendum and initiative as the only fair and just thing. The conditions under which the traffic should be carried on should not be dictated by the brewery and distilling corporations exerting their power through legislators; not by a lot of moralists, out of touch with the masses; not by the wealthy classes trying to lighten the burden of their taxes or finding it to their class interests to keep labor in a sodden contentment, but the people of each separate community, in wards and townships, among whom the saloon exists, who know its possible usefulness and its failings and who can alone remedy any evil existing, should have the power to say through home rule just what the conditions should be.

The drinking habit is recognized as a foe to the advancement of the working class the world over. Here is what a distinguished member of the German reichstag, Herr Bruhns, said in announcing his own conversion to abstinence to an audience in Silesia:

"What we need first, comrades, is the truth concerning ourselves, however unpleasant it may sound. I do not say to you that you are spotless, the elect, with natural right to the good things of earth. No; I say that each must work to make good his right to these things.

"Now, what an enemy is alcohol to these strivings! How difficult does it render our efforts! And, further, what an ally is it of the employing classes! Where do the scabs come from to break strikes here in Breslau? From the people whose only delight is drink, who have no idea of Socialism. From their ranks are drawn the levies which take organized labor in the rear. You see what an enemy alcohol is in this direction. We must do all in our power to abolish both spirits and beer. We stand surrounded by a whole world of enemies who have the power and who have no regard for us. Should we not, therefore, strike at alcohol, their ally? Just see what our comrades have accomplished in Switzerland and Austria in this direction, and even in Belgium, where the case is much worse, where thousands oppressed and broken by drink have drawn together in the fight against alcohol and become enlightened soldiers of Socialism."

The spirit of revolt is not dangerous in men who are sodden with beer. Realizing that, there must come a time when the irreconcilable opposing interests will be realized by the International Socialist party. One sees this in Russia, for example, where the revolutionary party, in order to weaken autocracy's finances and to strengthen the morale of its own following, orders a boycott of the state drink shops. One sees it in England, where castle, cathedral and brewery form a hard and fast triple alliance against all that is progressive, the brewery being by no means the least powerful of the three. One sees it in France too. The radical "bloc," in case it brings in remedial legislation for the cure of that alcoholism which, according to Dr. Triboulet in his report to the Societe des Hopitaux, threatens the French race with extinction, is more than likely to lose the political support of the tens of thousands of private distillers and the whole 200,000 drink sellers to the clerical-monarchial faction, which ever menaces the life of the republic. In America, where there is no standing army to keep the masses in order by force and no state church to narcotize them with ceremonial religion, we are likely to see more and more intimate relations between the great capitalists and the liquor interests.

Some Definitions.

Encyclopaedia Britannica—The ethics of Socialism are identical with the ethics of Christianity.

The Popular Encyclopedia—The abolition of that individual action on which modern societies depend and the substitution of a regulated system of co-operative action.

Webster's Dictionary—A theory of society which advocates a more precise, orderly and harmonious arrangement of the social relations of mankind than that which has hitherto prevailed.

A World Language.

The language of Socialism is a world language. It is spoken in Germany and Argentina, in America and Australia. It is spoken wherever men are herded together in masses and made the slaves of machines. It is a language of brotherhood and comradeship, of mutual service and mutual escape, of liberty, justice and humanity. —Upton Sinclair.

Where They Get It!

I have always found political parties in a receptive mood. We were always informed when an election was coming on.—Thomas F. Ryan.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

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ST. PAUL Historical Society

BIG CROPS IN DAKOTA

Estimated That 20,000 Men Will Be Needed to Harvest the Grain.

Prospects Never Were Better for a Good Yield of All Kinds of Grain.

James A. Howe of Rugby, N. D., states that 20,000 men will be needed in the two Dakotas this fall to handle the big crop. Mr. Howe further states that the two states will have the biggest crop in their history.

"From present indications the best crop in the history of the two states will be cut," said Mr. Howe. "The crop right at the present time is great. The reports of damage to wheat in the western section of the state have been greatly exaggerated. The crop both in the western part of the state and in the Red River Valley section of the state is very good. The damage has not been general. There have been some cases of slight damage, but it has been entirely local.

"Good wages will be paid in N. D. this fall. From $2 up will be paid for common labor. The demand for men will be heavy. We hope the railroads will make some rate to laborer's for the men are badly needed. Not only are men needed during the fall, but there is a steady demand for labor in both North and South Dakota. You have no idea of how the two states have developed within the past five years.

There is a steady demand for carpenters, for mechanics and all kinds of skilled labor. The development of small towns will give the carpenters and mechanics all the work they can possibly do.

Little towns are springing up like mushrooms and it won't be many years before the Dakotas are well settled states. We haven't any large cities yet, but the growth of both Grand Forks and Fargo within the past year shows what may be expected of them.

You can just say for me that the farmers of the two states are happy. They look forward to a great crop and the only thing that is worring them at the present time is the fear that men may be scarce. I think that it should be brought to the attention of the railroads. They should exert an effort to bring enough men into the two states. The making of a rate would be the means of bringing many laborers to the wheat fields of both North and South Dakota. I am sure that the railroads will see the necessity of there being enough men to cut the crop.

Technically Short.

Seven S. Moen postmaster at Shelly was brought before U. S. commissioner C. H. Mix at Crookston last Thursday by Deputy U. S. Marshal Ryder charged with the embezzlement of U. S. postal funds, and waived examination and was bound over to the U. S. court at Fergus Falls under $500 bonds which were furnished by L. M. Hanson and L. J. Hotland, both of Shelly.

The complaint recites that on Sept. 28 last year defendant was short $250.

There is no shortage now and the postmaster claims there never was any, but that the money was deposited in the bank at Shelly in his name instead of in the name of the United States. The examiner sent in the alleged shortage which was turned over to him by Postmaster Moen from the bank at that time, so that it was merely a technical mistake on the part of the postmaster in not forwarding the money to a U. S. depository instead of depositing it in the bank of Shelly.

Deputy Auditor Married.

A. A. Latendresse, the efficient deputy in County Auditor O'Brien's office, was married yesterday at Bowbells, N. D., to Miss Bridgetta Connaughty. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Connaughty who formerly resided about five miles south of town until two years ago when they removed to North Dakota, and is well and favorably known thruout the county. The groom is one of our popular young men and has held positions of trust since a mere lad.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Subscribe for the News.

WHITE AND RED BATTLE

Chippewa Indian Is Defendent in a Peculiar Land Office Case.

Had Occupied the Land for Thirty Years, but Never Had Secured Title.

The history of frontier days, when red and white man fought in hand to hand conflict for the possession of land, is being re-enacted. Instead of the forest primeval, the battlefield is the contest room of the United States land office. The noble red man of war paint, scalp, feather and blanket days is transformed into a dapper American citizen, attired in clothes of approved cut and white linen. The bow and arrow and flint lock alike give place to wits and legal knowledge. There is no bloodshed, no scalping and no wild, savage war whoops. Everything is quiet and orderly in the battle of wits, though the land at stake is much more valuable now than it was when white men were few and reds many, and the limitless forests stretched out for the possession of whoever could hold them.

For over thirty years, Ke-che-no-dines, a Chippewa Indian, who had been dubbed "Big Pete" for identification by his white brothers, lived on a tract of land near St. Cloud. It is described as Lot. 5, Section 17, T. 42, N. R. 26, W. 4 P. M. Undisturbed by white or red, he took his squaw to the land, raised his family, hunted, fished, and tilled the soil and lived as a man of peace. His wife died and then his boy died and, in his grief, he became something of a nomad. For months at a time, he went away from home, but he says he always returned, as he regarded it as home.

While Big Pete was away on one of those expeditions and had been away for a long time Thomas Anderson, Jr., filed a homestead claim on the land. In his filing, which was made at the old St. Cloud land office, he stated that the land was not then occupied. He said it had been occupied by an Indian, who had abandoned it more than five years before. The filing was taken on the stipulations and forwarded to Washington.

"Big Pete" was notified of Anderson's action. In all the years he had lived on the land, he had never thought to get title, but in June, 1907, almost a year after Anderson had filed, he made a petition for allotment. The officials of the land department at Washington ordered a hearing and that is the battle being fought. Pete claims that he never abandoned the land, leaving it only for short times and returning every time. He denies Anderson's allegation that he was away from the land for over five years.—Duluth Herald.

The Use of Sawdust.

St. Cloud Times: Sawdust is one of the puzzling wastes in lumbering operations. The waste is serious, too, for the *kerf*—the part cut out by the saw in the mill and transformed into sawdust—always bears a rather high ratio to the boards obtained. In cutting thin stuff, one fourth of the log, or even more, may be kerf.

Efforts to turn sawdust into pulp for the paper mill have usually been unsuccessful of mechanical difficulties in handling. In several European countries, however, a new way has been found of turning sawdust to account. The sawdust, chiefly pine and fir, is ground with millstone, exactly as old time mills made cornmeal, or wheat or rye flour. Expensive machinery is not required, but it is necessary to take special precaution against fires which might start from sparks between the millstone.

The sawdust flour is sold to the dynamite factories to be mixed with nitroglycerine and form the body or absorbent for that high explosive. It is also in demand for the manufacture of cheap blotting paper. The mills in the Harz mountains, in Germany, an important manufacturing center, are kept busy meeting this demand.

The price of the "flour" in Germany ranges from $7.50 to $12.50 a ton. It is shipped in bags, like meal, or in bales of about 40 cubic feet, made by means of high pressure.

A Good Sized Building.

The Equitable Company is planning to erect a new business block in New York City that will overtop everything heretofore erected by man. The building is to be sixty-two stories high, and will cost $10,000,000. It is estimated that the material to be used in it would build five hundred residences of ordinary size, which would cover fifteen ordinary city blocks. The site on which the building will stand will be even more valuable than the structure itself, its estimated value being $15,000,000. The building will reach a hight of 909 feet and should the people who will occupy it all come out at once, they would pack the adjacent streets several deep. Thirty story buildings are quite common in New York now, but this one will double the height of the ordinary skyscraper.

A Brother Elk Was Unfriendly.

Harry E. Ives, of St. Hilaire who was with the Minnesota Editorial association in the excursion up through the Canadian Northwest, had a narrow escape from being seriously injured by a brother Elk at Brandon, Canada. Ives is a camera fiend and climbed into a corral at the fair grounds to get a good shot at a fine antlered elk. While he was "sighting" for the shot the elk came for him, and Ives barely had time to sieze the horns and turn him aside in his charge. Luckily the horns were in the velvet, or he could not have saved himself from goring. The animal struck with his fore foot and tore a large chunk out of Ives coat, and when he turned to paw the fragment, Ives made his escape.

Money For Wolves.

The state auditor's office paid out $13,548.50 last week to the several counties of the state for wolf bounties. This is the total amount paid out as bounties on 1,257 full grown wolves and 1,357 cubs. Marshall county drew out the largest single payment which was $1,537.50. These figures represent the claims which have come in since March.

The Land of Plenty.

With the creameries making new records and all kinds of grain in the best of shape, Red Lake county looks like a prosperous section.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

TO BUILD 140 X 72 FT.

Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Company to Erect a Wholesale House in This City.

Building Will Have a Floor Space of 1,800 Square Feet and of Brick.

C. R. Winslow, of the Finch-Winslow Carlisle Wholesale Grocery company, was in Thief River Falls last Friday. Mr. Winslow annouced that the Finch Winslow-Carlisle company would commence the erection of a large wholesale house in Thief River Falls in about two weeks that will be used for the home of the concern here. The building is to be located just south of Third Street on the Soo right-of-way will be 140 x 72 feet. It will be a one story brick structure and will have a full basement. The walls will be made heavy enough so that one or two additional stories can be added in the near future as occasion demands it. The new building will give the company a total of 1,800 square feet of floor space and a part of it will be fixed up for cold storages purposes.

The Finch-Winslow-Carlisle company is doing a constantly increasing wholesale business in this section and will continue to get more business.

Indians Getting Allotments.

The United States Allotting Agent Gunderson is busy alloting on the Standing Rock reservation in South Dakota. There will be 320 acres alloted to each married woman. The land left over will be appraised by a commission of three persons, who must have completed their labor in six months. The Indians have made very shrewd selections of good land near the railroads which run through the reservation. The land left open for settlement will consequently be some distance from the railroad. A new town has been started and a bank has just opened for business. The first Indian depositor placed $3,000 in the bank.

Cream Separator Explodes.

A remarkable accident is related by the Fergus Falls Wheelock's Weekly in which a man had his forehead smashed in and the skull fractured by the explosion of a hand cream separator which he operated. The paper says:

Geo. Goss, 24 years old, son of John Goss of Erhard township, was perhaps fatally injured by the explosion of a cream separator yesterday morning. The young man was turning it by hand when it exploded with terrific violence His skull was fractured and his injuries are of such nature that there is only a chance of his recovery. While the brain was exposed, his worst injury is to the bone between the nose and the skull, which was broken, thus causing air to enter the brain cavity.

To Rebuild Fort Ridgley.

For the past thirty days a large force of scenic artists and stage mechanics have been busily engaged in the agricultural building on the State Fair Grounds in building a reproduction of Fort Ridgley as it stood in 1862, an attack on which is to be the big spectacular feature of this year's fair. Great difficulty has been experienced by the fair managers in securing photographs of the fort as it stood in that time, and a great deal of credit is due Mr. O. G. Wall of Friday Harbor, State of Washington, who is preparing a book on the attack on Fort Ridgley, for the plans and specifications from which the old fort is to be rebuilt.

Every effort is to be used in reproducing it just as it stood at the time, and while it is possible that twentieth century imagination will have to be drawn upon for some of the main details the production in the main will be absolutely correct, in fact, as correct as the art of the scenic artist and the stage mechanic can make it.

Over 30,000 square yards of canvas is to be used, and it will take a force of thirty men from now until the opening day of the fair to complete the work. Heretofore, the small spectacular features that have been produced in front of the grandstand have occupied a space north of the artificial lake between the fence of the half-mile track, but this year the entire infield of the half-mile track will be utilized for the producing of this mammoth spectacle. Over 1,000 people will take part in the production, 300 of which are to be Sioux Indians. As usual, the evening performance this year will terminate with a superb pyrotechnical display.

The Minnesota State Fair has grown to such a size that a miniature fire works factory has been established on the grounds, and many of the large pieces are to be manufactured there this year.

What's in the Sack.

A farmer in Iowa once sent his son to town with a sack of potatoes, but after lingering around town all day he came home in the evening without selling them when asked why he had not sold the potatoes, he answered: "No one asked me what I had in the sack." There are many merchants like this boy. They have plenty of goods to sell but fail to tell what they have in the sack. If business men expect to make sales in this day and age of the world, they must open their sacks and expose their goods to the public gaze and be continually shouting their merits.—Ex.

Worth Remembering.

Here is something that is worth five dollars to every farmer in the land to know. Sprinkle a little soft lime in your stock tanks and not a particle of green scum will form on the water. When the lime loses its strength and scum begins to form, which may be twice in a season, wash out the tank and repeat the dose. It is not only harmless but wholesome and keeps the water sweet and saves work.—Ex.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

If you knew all that we know about the way Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are made, we couldn't sell you any other clothes; nobody could; you wouldn't have anything else.

Every time you see the name of Hart Schaffner & Marx in a garment, you know that it's all-wool; that the style is correct; that the tailoring is as good as it can be. You know that everything about the clothes is guaranteed to be right; and that means that you shall think it right; your satisfaction guaranteed, not ours or somebody else's.

We'd like to get you into Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes this Fall; it will be as good a thing for you as for us.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes, Crossett Shoes & Gordon Hats.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Harry E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, Candidate for Representative.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.01
Oats	42c
Flax	$1.18
Barley	50
Eggs	15c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Frank Halda left last week for Prince Albert.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

F. S. Dodge was over to Blackduck last week.

C. J. Knox was over to Grand Forks last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager, the Land man.

Sherriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last week.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

Mrs. C. W. Teal, who had been visiting relatives at Eauclid, returned to this city last week.

Dr. Grundy was down to Crookston the first of the week.

James Martin was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Belle Hermanson returned from her trip to Bemidji last week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Horton were down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Chief of Police and Mrs. Andrew Lang were over to Grand Forks last week.

Mrs. Jeweler Anderson is in from the farm to visit with friends until after the fair.

Mrs. Hostetler, of Wycoff, Minn., is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ed O'Hara.

W. J. Jennings was down to Moorhead the first of the week attending to business matters.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

C. M. Evenson was up to Roseau the first of the week attending to some business matters.

Miss Dora Clark came down from Rollis Tuesday evening and is visiting the home of F. H. Kratka.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Mrs Thoraston and two daughters arrived in the city, Monday from Great Falls Montana, for a visit at the Hermanson home.

J. L. Fuller, of Sleepy Eye, Minn., arrived in the city last week to visit his brother, W. B. Fuller.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niclai.

Ingolf Grindeland arrived in the city last Friday to visit his sister, Mrs. O. F. Mellby and take in the county fair.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.
George Elder.

Miss Celia Wolfe, of the Crookston Telephone exchange, spent Sunday in the city the guest of Miss Marie Arneson.

O. A. Naplin, candidate for the office of county superintendent of schools, is here this week looking after his candidacy.

A competent chemist tests every ingredient entering into Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts—always reliable.

Miss Maymo Ericson and Lillie Busse, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last week, enroute to Lankin, N. D., to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D N. Winton and Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag were down to Crookston last week in the former's touring car.

A son of Fisherman Carlson was run over by a frightened horse at the ball game Sunday. The boy sustained a broken arm.

Mrs. G. N. Christianson and daughter, Miss Ellie, arrived in the city last Friday from Fertile and will visit with relatives until after the fair.

H. L. Melgaard and family, of Argyle, were in the city Monday, being enroute in Mr. Melgaard's touring car from Maple Lake to Argyle.

Editor J. H. Cross, of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, was in the city last Friday attending to some business matters and looking over a live town.

The Young Peoples Society of the Synod church will enjoy a picnic on Sunday, August 16, at the Casper Falk farm, two miles south of town.

Hans Hackney, who has had charge of one of the boats for the Thief River Falls Lumber company up at the Red Lake, returned to this city Tuesday.

John Clair, one of the pioneer settlers of Beltrami county, arrived in the city last Friday and will remain until after the fair visiting with old friends.

K. M. Hansen left the first of the week for Prince Albert, Canada, where he has accepted a position as bookkeeper for the Prince Albert Lumber company.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Casper Falk.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Smith, of Maple Bay, arrived in the city Tuesday and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew W. Lang until after the fair.

The large two thousand pound bell for the Black River church arrived this week and will be hung in the church tower within a few days.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Melgaard on Monday.

The city council held a regular meeting Tuesday evening. Allowing bills was the only business to be transacted.

Prof. J. H Hay, who had been in charge of the summer school for Beltrami county held at Bemidji, returned to this city the first the week.

Charley Hitchcock, of Crookston, who has been the starter for the races at the fair for a number of of years, arrived here yesterday and will again officiate in capacity.

I have a client who has some money to loan on first mortgage real estate security, either City or Country, at reasonable rates of interest. G. Halvorson, Attorney at Law.

Mrs. Rev. Guldseth and two children, of Park River, N. D., who had been here for two weeks visiting at Fredheim, the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. Jeweler Anderson, returned home Tuesday.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30. At 3 o'clock p. m. services in Silverton Lutheran church.

All welcome. I. T. Aastad.

Wanted—A teacher by the 1st of September for a three month's term by district No. 55, town of Silverton, Red Lake county. State wages wanted. Apply to Frank J. Staska, Mavie, Minn.

Wallace Nichols, who sells lumber on the road for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, spent a few days last week in the city. He reports crops as looking fine in North Dakota and lumber sales are good.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

For Sale—A twenty-five horse power threshing machine outfit. Complete and in first-class condition. Will trade for cattle. For further particulars call at this office of address postoffice box 8, Middle River, Minn.

John W. Carl, county auditor of Mahnomen county, spent Sunday in the city. Mr. Carl is looked upon as being one of ablest county auditors in the state and is giving excellent satisfactoin to the residents of this county.

A crew of men are camped on the island here while engaged in clearing the river of dead head logs at this point. The logs are dragged up onto the river banks by team where they will be left to dry for a year or so before being floated down to the saw mills.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

It will be of interest to horsemen to know that prosecutions are being made for violations of the new law requiring owners of stallions to take out licenses and fulfill other requirements in the line of advertising their horses. Samuel Persons, of Reynolds township, Todd county, was arrested for failing to take out a license on his horse.

Do you know that you can write your name on the metal of your farm tools? You can. Just take a little tallow or beeswax, melt it and spread it over the place on which you want your name; write your name down through the wax with a big awl or needle and pour a few drops of nitric acid over the letters you have made. Leave a short time. Then wipe off the wax and your name will be on the iron.

Frank Horn, of Thief River Falls, was here this week putting up a Hot Air furnace in the new house of Mathias Hansen, which has been built this summer. The house is large and roomy, well built and furnished, and will certainly make it a nice and comfortable home. Mr. Hansen has put up a building that goes a good ways towards improvements and for which he should be complimented.—Newfolden Review.

Aslak, Salveson, the "big Swede" who was arrested in Grand Forks county some weeks ago and upon examination pronounced insane and sentenced to the hospital at Jamestown, was found to be a Red Lake county resident and was brought here last Saturday for sentence. He was taken before Probate Judge Tarrant and again pronounced insane and sentenced to the hospital at Fergus Falls. Joe Belair and John DeForge escorted him to the Insane Hospital the same evening. The insane man was brought here from North Dakota by Sheriff O. G. Hanson, of Grand Forks county.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Clerk of Court Swandby went to Rollis Monday to take the declaration of intention to become a citizen of Syver Nelson, an old man 80 years old and too feeble to travel the fifty or sixty miles from his home to the county seat. Mr. Nelson made his declaration six years ago, before a U. S. commissioner, but found out recently that he would have to do it over again before a clerk of court. He has a homestead in the extreme eastern part of the county and intends to prove up on it as soon as he can get matters relating to his citizenship straightened out. Mr. Nelson lives with his daughter and son-in-law, who have made extensive improvements on the homestead, and he wishes the land to become their property upon his decease; hence his anxiety to clear away as soon as possible all existing obstacles to his acquiring and transferring to them a clear title to the farm.—Warren Register.

Henry Funkley, candidate for the Republican nomination for representative from this district, arrived in the city Tuesday evening and will remain until after the fair interviewing the voters.

Contractor C. M. Wilson, came up from Calaway the first of the week to visit with his family and take in the fair. Mr. Wilson says that he has work at Calaway that will keep him busy until late this fall.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of representative from this district, is in the city taking in the fair and interviewing the voters.

Many Horses Here.

There are now twenty-five race horses at the fair grounds that are here to take part in the races today and tomorrow. Most of these horses were at Grand Forks last week and are said to be some of swiftest and best in the country. The races this year are going to be far better than ever before.

Lockstep Is Here.

C. J. Knox's horse, Lockstep, arrived in the city Tuesday and will take part in the races at the fair this year. Lockstep is said to be in fine form and is expected to win in the race he enters.

Married Today.

Today at Elk River will occur the marriage of Wallace Kimball Nichols to Miss Harriet May Nickerson. The bride was formerly one of the teachers in the public schools here and has a large number of friends here. The groom is one of the popular young men of this city and has charge of the sales department for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Bad Men Are Our Guests.

Chief of Police Lang has been informed by the police department of Grand Forks that a large number of grafters, pick-pockets and hold-up artists that were at the Grand Forks fair last week have come to Thief River. Mr. Lang has a description of a number of these men and is keeping close watch of them.

Crops Looking Good.

Farmers in at the county fair all report that crop prospects are excellent, but there is some little danger of black rust if the weather remains cool and there is a wind for the next few days, however, there will be no danger from the rust.

Summer School Closed.

The Red Lake county summer school closed Saturday, and a large number of school teachers who had been in attendance left for their home that evening. The attendance at the school was 160 and it was by far larger than any school ever before held in Red Lake county. State examinations are being taken this week and there are about 90 teachers in attendance.

Mrs. David Collins Dead.

Mrs. David Collins, of St. Hilaire, died early yesterday morning from the effects of child birth. The deceased formerly resided in Thief River Falls, but twelve years ago removed to St. Hilaire with her husband who conducts a photograph gallery there. She was a sister of Mrs. M. C. Burns, of this city, and a lady held in high esteem throughout this section. The funeral services and burial will be in this city.

AT THE BIJOU.

Next week—August 13 14 and 15.

The most magnificent spectacle ever staged, the historical drama of Sicily's loyal senatom, "Damon and Pythias." This subject appeals to people of every social life as well as the "Knights of Pythias" and all allied societies. This story is taken from the historical legend of Damon and Pythias who lived in Syracuse in Sicily before the Christian Era. The film tells the entire story in all of its details and shows the most magnificent spectacular scenes that were ever staged for motion pictures—August 13 14 and 15.

Harvest Commenced.

The harvest of oats, barley and wheat has been commenced in several parts of this section, but not until the first of next week will harvest be general.

No Hitch.

"How did the wedding come off today?"

"Without a hitch."

"Glad to hear it."

"I said without a hitch. The bride backed out at the last minute."

Not Written.

"How do you write 'horn'?" asked the teacher of a small boy at the blackboard.

"A horn isn't written at all," answered the little fellow—"it's blowed."—Exchange

Like a Bicycle.

"What does the doctor say is the matter with Mirandy?"

"He says she has pneumatic tendencies and that she is threatened with spiral trouble."—Baltimore American.

The man who saves when he has little is called stingy. He that saves when he has much is said to be judicious.—Chicago Record-Herald.

String beans may be planted as late as the 1st of August with good prospect that they will produce a succulent dish for the table before the first heavy frost comes.

While rice may be an excellent partial ration for growing chicks, it hardly contains enough gluten to supply materials for growing muscle and bone.

A few drops of oil of lavender put on a handkerchief and the same rubbed over one's face, neck and hands are said to ward off mosquitoes. If this preventive is as distasteful to the mosquitoes as it is to most people it ought to be a very effective repellent.

Where an icebox or cool cellar is not available it is said that water or other articles may be kept comparatively cool for a considerable length of time by wrapping the pail in which they are placed with several folds of a damp cloth and hanging in the shade where the wind can strike it.

The manure pile and the place for dumping the slops are the two chief places where house flies breed and congregate. On this account they should be located at some distance from the house. This may mean carrying the slops somewhat farther, but it will also mean fewer flies in the house.

The need of cultivation is especially apparent in hot spells after heavy rains, when a baking of the surface of the ground prevents a proper circulation of air through the soil and a proper movement of moisture from the subsoil. Provided the top two or three inches of soil are kept stirred and mellow, it serves as a sort of blanket which keeps the ground from overheating and becoming too crusty.

While the old hen method of raising chicks has its drawbacks, so has the brooder method. Old Biddy does not hatch the chickens out so fast as does the incubator nor lose so many as does the brooder at times. A friend who is much interested in the raising of thoroughbred poultry tells us that the other night a bloodthirsty rat or rats got into a brooder containing a hundred fine little chicks conveniently huddled together and killed all of them but one. Had the brooder been an old hen it is not likely that a tenth of this number would have perished.

On June 29 of this year there occurred the final allotment of the lands which have been held in trust by the government for the Osage Indian tribe. As a result of this division each member of the tribe received in the neighborhood of 800 acres of land, which are worth on the average about $40,000. This makes the Osage Indians the richest people on the face of the earth, the holdings of some being valued as high as $400,000. Besides the land which has just been distributed, the government has held in trust several millions of dollars in cash received from the sale of certain lands belonging to the nation.

Dame Nature evidently understood her job when she provided an abundance of pure water to slake thirst in man and beast. For this purpose it fills the bill as nothing else will. Animals drink water as a matter of course and ask for no frills. Man seems to vary nature's programme, but often to his own detriment. It is a matter of medical record that a man under the influence of liquor is twice as likely to freeze to death as a sober man, while in the matter of enduring extremes of heat the total abstainer has a tremendous advantage over the drinker of even moderate quantities of liquor. Seventy to eighty per cent of the heat prostrations in large cities during extreme hot spells are directly or indirectly the result of drinking intoxicants.

There is even greater difference in the milk capacity of cows in the same dairy herd than there is difference in capacity for work on the part of men living in the same neighborhood. Experiments conducted at the Georgia dairy station showed a milk yield from the best cow for the year of 7,968 pounds, worth $115.44, while the poorest individual in the herd gave but 2,788 pounds of milk, worth but $41.61. With a group of dairy cows at the Michigan station there was a variation in net return for the year from the poorest cow at $6.08 to the best at $98.05. In one herd of twelve cows tested by the Illinois experiment station it was found that the three best cows gave a larger return than all the others put together, and yet it cost no more to feed and care for them than it did the three poorest that were barely paying for their keep.

While it is advisable where possible for the dairyman to give his cows a thorough and scientific test as to their milk production, a very good idea of the worth of each animal as a milking machine may be got by having average samples of the milk of each cow tested for butter fat at the local creamery and keeping an approximate record of the milk yield of each cow from month to month during her period of lactation. Such findings would not be valuable as scientific data, but they would give the wide awake man a pretty accurate idea of those individuals in his herd that were really a source of profit to him and those that were barely paying for their board or kept at an actual loss. Two points should be taken into account in the test—quantity and quality of milk yield, coupled with the average period of lactation. If a cow doesn't make a showing on any of these points she is more than likely a deadbead.

THE FAIR IS NOW ON

Seventh Fair of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society Opened Yesterday.

The Fair Proper Is by far the Best Ever and Races Will Be Good.

The seventh annual fair of the Red Lake County Agricultural society opened yesterday with most favorable weather conditions and from now until the close of the fair on Friday evening it is going to be a hummer.

The agricultural and stock exhibits are the best and the fair proper is a decidedly good one. The farmers have taken a great amount of interest this year and are showing to the people of the outside world what the lands of the Thief River county will produce.

Never before was there such a large number of fast race horses here and the races on today and tomorrow promise to be the best ever.

The C. C. Patten Amusement company which is to furnish attractions at the fair arrived here Monday, and while this company may not be quite up to the standard as regards to their tent shows, their free exhibitions are certainly good.

Music by Veterans.

Among the old-time and largely ante bellum inspiring war songs which have been set to music, and which will be played by the famous Morgan G. A. R. Drum corps of Minneapolis during the great historic spectacle, "Fort Ridgely in '62," each evening at the Minnesota State Fair, Aug. 31 to Sept. 5, will will be: "Jefferson's Liberty," "Jay Bird," "Road to Boston," "Village Quick Step," "Quick Scotch," "The Girl I Left Behind Me," and a hundred others reminiscent of the days that tried men's souls, and inspiring to men and women of every age.

D. J. Hawley of this famous drum corps will cause the blood of many an old soldier to tingle, and the heart of every old settler to beat faster when from the enclosure which represents the historic fort attacked during the Sioux uprising of 1862, he sounds the "long roll" of alarm.

The Morgan G. A. R. Drum corps is undoubtedly the most widely known and most prized of all musical organizations composed entirely of veterans of the Civil War.

Gov. Johnson's Private Secretary.

This is what the Fairmount Sentinel Frank Day's newspaper said of J. F. Jacobson two years ago:

"Jacob F. Jacobson the Lac qui Parle commoner was the almost unanimous choice of the rank and file of the republican voters. In a direct primary he would have received easily three-fourths of the republican votes. The people have confidence in Jake. He is honest and unpurchasable. He was never controlled for a minute in his life by the "interests" and he refused to bend the pregnant knee that thrift may follow fawning. Because of his high political ideals, Mr. Jacobson was not wanted as a candidate by the designing politicians and corporations looking for immunity for past offenses and opportunity for future aggrandizement.

Haas License Revoked.

At a meeting of the Moorhead council Monday evening the license to sell liquor held by John Haas was revoked and as a result the large saloon at the north bridge will be closed. The session of the council was executive. The defendant had been notified to appear and show cause why his liquor license should not be revoked, it being charged that his establishment had been kept open after hours and that gambling was allowed. The case of the prosecution was presented but the defendant failed to appear either in person or by counsel and the license was revoked.

Martin Lillemon Dead.

Martin Lillemon, one of the pioneer citizens of Thief River Falls, died at his home on the East Side Monday at noon from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. A few years ago Mr. Lillemon suffered a stroke and since that time has been unable to walk. The deceased was one of the pioneer residents of Thief River Falls, having resided here for the past [illegible] years. The funeral services were held yesterday.

Jake Couldn't Come.

J. F. Jacobson, Republican candidate for governor of Minnesota, was unable to come to Thief River Falls this week to attend the county fair. In a letter to D. [illegible] O'Neil, Mr. Jacobson stated that he would come to Thief River Falls early during the campaign this fall and address the [illegible].

Pure Food Exhibit a Good One.

The pure food exhibit made by the state at the fair grounds is one of the best exhibits up there. All who attend should not fail to see this exhibit.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Everv Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice
Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jokson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block,
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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

LABOR SITUATION IN SWEDEN

Gloomy Picture of the Outlook as Given by a Stockholm Correspondent—Genuine Apprehension Over Situation.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The labor situation in Sweden at this time is one which is causing genuine apprehension all over, and the Swedish press has pages of interesting matter on the situation. A Stockholm correspondent presents the following gloomy picture of the outlook and the reader can then best form an idea of what is going on at present and what is liable to happen: "The prospect of smooth working in the labor world is anything but bright, and one may expect a great deal of trouble during the summer. The most threatening *feature is the conflict between the dock* workers' organization and the ship owners, which is bound to drag in all kinds of workers. There are, of course, two sides to all affairs of this sort, but in view of the present hard times it looks as if the men deliberately made an attempt to block efforts to straighten out matters. Certain it is that the socialistic program, to which practically all organized workers here swear allegiance, would not help this poor country, as it is fundamentally alien to the genius of the people. Most likely, however, the benevolent bureaucracy, which has been in power for so long—and is quite as arbitrary—will have to be done away with before that fact becomes clearly apparent. From academic discussions to facts: Numerous importations of strike breakers from the English slums have taken place—some 300 or 400 are now in the country and more are on the way. That is bound to lead to clashes. Some have already taken place, resulting in a few broken heads; but as the Englishmen have plenty of guns, it may be more sanguinary in the future."

Says an exchange: "The agitation for woman's rights has begun in earnest. As it will be remembered, the women were refused the right to vote by the last riksdag, whereupon the leaders announced their intention of organizing a new movement, having for its object the election of a riksdag that will grant their desires. The various local women suffrage societies are being strengthened and welded together in a federation, and if this new movement fails, it will not be for lack of organization.

Dr. Dusen, the well known Swedish geologist and botanist, contemplates a visit in the near future to Patagonia and Chile and will remain in that section of the world for at least four years, during which time he will make a thorough study of the geological conditions in the country and gather floral collections. It is very possible that Dr. Dusen will be accompanied by one or two assistants, but thus far he has not chosen his companions. He will have a stipend from the Swedish government of 2,000 crowns.

King Gustaf contemplates paying a return visit to King Edward and the French president this fall. Just now he has been busy entertaining President Fallieres, who said that Stockholm was as beautiful as Venice. It is but needless to state that the reception tendered the French president in Stockholm was an elaborate one and hearty in every respect. Few people excel the Stockholmians in hospitality and the reception accorded the distinguished guest made for Sweden a new and important friend.

The "Irish-American club," which took such an important part in the recent Olympian games in London, will in the near future visit Stockholm, where they will give an exhibition. They will during their visit in Sweden be the guests of the Stockholm Athletic club. Their arrival in Stockholm will create no end of enthusiasm among the followers of athletic games and will undoubtedly result in a series of interesting contests.

When the German emperor comes to visit King Gustaf he will present the Swedish king with a life size oil painting of himself, which is said to be one of the finest in existence. Elaborate preparations are under way in Stockholm for the reception of the German emperor, which in Sweden is regarded of far more importance than the visit of King Edward or the French president.

The American minister, Charles H. Graves, has gone to Jemtland to spend his summer vacation. He will hunt and fish in company with a friend, who owns a large estate in that [illegible] section of the country. Mr. [illegible], the secretary of the legation, has also left Stockholm and is at present in St. Petersburg, Russia.

The Duchess of Sodermanland has been made an honorary member of the royal automobile club of Stockholm. The duchess is an enthusiastic motorist and owns one of the finest [illegible] in Sweden. It is of a French pattern and was especially ordered for her in Paris.

King Gustaf was lately the guest of Count Wachtmeister at [illegible], where he enjoyed a week's rest from his many arduous duties. He later returned to Tullgarn, where he is spending whatever time he has to spare this summer.

Bernhard Osterman, the artist from Sodermanland, has just completed a life-size portrait in oil of King Gustaf. In this portrait the king appears in evening dress and carries the Seraphim band.

Fredrik Westerberg has been appointed Swedish vice consul in San Francisco. The Swedish-Americans of San Francisco have strongly endorsed his appointment.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

A Norwegian-American purchased a fishing smack in England with which he said he wanted to cross the North sea. He started out bravely, but when he came out a few miles, he encountered a bunch of fishermen whom he begged to take pity on him and bring him back to the English shore, which they did in consideration of the sum of $5. It is a foolhardy thing to start crossing the North sea in a fishing smack and adventurers would do well to think twice before they attempt such a foolhardy journey.

A Christiania dispatch states that the women of that city, who enjoy the rights of suffrage, are trying to break into the police force. They are at present planning to secure places for two of their number, arguing that if women would be placed on the police force that it would lend dignity to that most delicate vocation and have a moral influence which would be productive of much good. The Norwegian women are progressive to say the least.

Danish papers are enraged at Norwegian newspapermen for expressing themselves so freely regarding the Icelandic situation. They accuse their Norwegian brethren of stirring up the people of Iceland and urging them to organize a republic. A large number of Norwegian papers have heavy subscription lists in Iceland and they are in a position to exert much influence over the people of that island.

The crop outlook in the southern section of the country is very promising and if weather conditions prove favorable during the next month farmers will have a most excellent harvest. The hay crop is a bounteous one and rye is in splendid condition. There will also be an excellent oats and potato crop.

Dr. Buggs, professor of theology, has contributed an article to the press in which he urges the revision of the Norwegian hymn book, on the grounds that the language used in that book is somewhat antiquated, and because some of the hymns are lacking in poetic and religious qualities.

King Edward has presented his daughter, Queen Maud of Norway, with a beautiful bay saddle horse. It is a well known fact that the Norwegian queen is fond of saddle horses and she may often be seen riding about the boulevards of the Norwegian capital.

The steamer "Lofoten" started for Greenland the other day with a party of 100 German and Austrian tourists. This is the first Greenland excursion this season from Norway. In the party are a number of geologists and men of science.

Great preparations have been under way in Christiania for the reception of the French president. The city has been beautifully decorated and there will be one gala affair succeeding the other.

A number of English scientists arrived the other day with "Goldseeker" in Bergen to confer with Dr. Hjort regarding the methods used by deep sea divers on the North sea.

The seventh annual temperance conference will be held in Christiania Aug. 5-9. A large number of delegates will attend from all parts of the country.

Consul Emil Worring of Kristiansund has donated 1,000 crowns to different gymnasiums throughout the country.

The "Fram" and members of former north polar expeditions will participate in the regatta at Cowes next month.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Copenhagen papers announce that Ole Hansen, minister of agriculture, will pay a visit to the United States in the near future. Apparently the minister comes to the states for a pleasure trip, but it is safe to assume that his visit will mean a closer relationship [illegible] between the Danish and American [illegible]. Minister Hansen will be the first Danish cabinet minister to visit the United States, a fact which gives his coming much significance. He is a peasant by birth and a farmer by profession and has worked his way to the front by [illegible] and ability. He is a plain, unassuming man, who never acted as if he [illegible] above his original station in life. [illegible]

[illegible]

MARION S. NORELIUS.

FREIGHT LINES BALKY.

Refuse to Pay Taxes on Interstate Earnings.

Nearly all freight line companies in the state are refusing to report any of their interstate earnings to the Minnesota authorities for taxation. They claim that the law is unconstitutional in its requirement for a report on the state's mileage proportion of interstate business. Their objection has been referred to the attorney general and as this same provision has been upheld as to railroad companies a test case will probably be taken into the courts. Twenty-six companies operating in the state have reported earnings of only $57,688.59, on which the tax is $2,307.51. Some other companies have refused to report on the ground that they are not corporations, but the law is drawn so as to include also individuals and partnerships.

FAMOUS MINE CLOSED.

Operators Take Last Ore From Chandler Property.

The famous Chandler iron mine of the Vermillion range made its final shipment of ore Aug. 1. It was one of the first iron mines to be opened in Minnesota and the quality of the ore was high. Chandler ore was known throughout the iron and steel world. The property was located at Ely and it has produced 10,000,000 tons since it was discovered in 1886. The value of the ore has been about $45,000,000. The Chandler helped to make Dr. Conan of Milwaukee, R. B. Whiteside of Duluth and Martin and William Pattison of Superior millionaires, for they were the owners. The mine was operated by the steel corporation.

JOHNSON TO HELP BRYAN

Governor Becomes Member of Democratic Advisory Committee.

Governor John A. Johnson has accepted an invitation to become a member of the advisory committee of fifteen that will have charge of the Democratic national campaign.

The request came in the form of a telegram from Norman E. Mack, Democratic national chairman, and has been accepted. The committee will include in its membership several of the most distinguished men of the Democratic party and the friends of Governor Johnson feel pleased that he has been offered a place among them.

FOUR DIE FROM HEAT.

Three Other Persons Are Prostrated in St. Paul.

Four deaths and three prostrations from heat occurred in St. Paul, while seven persons were prostrated in Minneapolis. The dead are:

William Haverberg, twenty-nine years old; driver for Hamm brewery; stricken while driving.

Ole Olson, fifty-five years old; quarryman; found dead in bed.

Carl W. Lindgren, two years old.

Henry Dipple, five months old.

Headless Body on Tracks.

The headless body of an unidentified man was found on the railroad tracks of Camden place, near Washington avenue north, Minneapolis. Coroner J. M. Kistler of Hennepin county believes that the man was stunned by lightning and before he could arise was run over and killed by a train.

St. Paul Boy Drowned.

In a fierce struggle for life, during which he grabbed hold of a companion who went to his rescue and almost pulled him in with him to sure death, Ernest, the fifteen-year-old son of Ernest Uhler, a St. Paul blacksmith, was drowned in the Mississippi river. The body has not been recovered.

Population of Minneapolis.

Advance figures from the new Minneapolis directory, which is to be issued soon, give the population of Minneapolis at 310,959. This total is obtained by multiplying the 128,200 names in the directory by 2½. The book contains 128,200 names, exclusive of deaths, removals and business firms.

Big Fire at Beaudette.

The Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber company's large saw mill at Beaudette caught fire and burned to the ground. This fire is thought to have originated from sparks from the large burner. The exact loss is not known, but it is in the neighborhood of $225,000, with insurance of $113,000.

Elevator Kills Duluth Man.

John Bergquist, a painter, was crushed to death in one of the elevator shafts of the Sellwood building at Duluth. He was in the bottom of the shaft and [illegible] caught.

Minneapolis Millionaire Dead.

S. T. McKnight, a prominent real estate man and millionaire lumberman of Minneapolis, is dead of heart disease.

LESS THAN 6,000 WORDS.

Bryan's Speech of Acceptance Will Be Comparatively Short.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 3.—Contrary to expectations the speech of acceptance of William J. Bryan will be a short one. He stated that by actual count it contains [illegible] words. While the issues of the campaign will be discussed it is expected that they will not be gone into at any great length, his ideas being reserved for more elaborate treatment in the several speeches he intends to make.

FIFTY YEARS OLD

Minnesota Completes Half Century of Existence.

FIGURES SHOW DEVELOPMENT

Receipts and Expenditures for Last Fiscal Year Compared With Fifty Years Ago.

The state of Minnesota on July 31 closed the last fiscal year and the first half century of its existence with $2,968,282.64 in the treasury, the total receipts for the year being $12,446,280.64, a gain of about $1,200,000 over the preceding year. Compared with the figures for 1858, when the total receipts were $286,902.26, and the balance at the end of the year was $4,063.18, these figures forcibly demonstrate the growth of the state during the fifty years.

Figures compiled by State Treasurer Dinehart contrasting the state's financial condition in 1858 afford some striking illustrations of the changed conditions. In that time the total amount raised by taxation has grown from $554,000 to $28,000,000; the assessed valuation of all taxable property from $41,000,000 to $1,050,000,000 and the annual cost of maintenance and operation of the state institutions has grown from $7,500 to over $2,000,000, with a total expenditure for the support of these institutions for the semi-centennial period of $32,000,000.

When the state started doing business it had a state prison and a few normal schools. Now it has institutional property worth $20,000,000 and has permanent school and university funds aggregating $16,500,000, with 2,750,000 acres of land still unsold, the proceeds of which will go to these funds.

SEEES LEAK WITH MATCH

Boy's Act Cause of Explosion at Winona.

Anton Pellowski struck a match in an effort to find a leak in a gas tank in the purifying building of the Winona Gas company, with the result that a terrible explosion followed, setting fire to the building. The city is left without gas light and it may be some days before service is again resumed. The explosion was heard for blocks. The four walls of the structure were blown out and the roof shattered to splinters. The fire was extinguished after a hard fight. Three men were injured, one perhaps fatally. They are:

Anton Pellowski, boy who struck the match, burned about hands and face.

Hans Johnson, night foreman at the gas company, thrown several yards by the explosion and badly burned; taken to hospital; condition critical.

H. McDonald, badly burned about hands and face.

It is impossible to estimate the loss.

HUSBAND AND WIFE PERISH

New York Couple Drown in Lake Sliga, Near Annandale.

Mystery surrounds the death by drowning of G. R. Raisbeck and his wife in Lake Sliga, near Annandale. The rowboat in which they had gone out on the lake was found floating on the water and in it was the man's hat. Mrs. Raisbeck's body was found near the shore, but Raisbeck's was farther out in the lake.

There is no explanation of the tragedy, but current talk of foul play seems baseless. The coroner, after investigation, said that undoubtedly Mr. and Mrs. Raisbeck were the victims of accidental drowning.

Mr. Raisbeck, whose home was in New York city and who was wealthy, had spent his summers at Annandale with his wife for a number of years.

Child Burned to Death.

Peter Weise's residence, about three miles east of Willow River and occupied by George Rhomberg, was totally destroyed by fire. Mr. Rhomberg's four-year-old son and only child perished in the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Rhomberg were working on the farm near the house when they discovered the flames, but too late to save their child or furniture.

Killed While Cleaning Gun.

Leonard Henning, aged twenty-one years, a former resident of St. Paul, accidentally shot himself with a shotgun at Heron lake and died in two hours. Henning was cleaning the gun when the ramrod discharged the shell, the charge lodging in his abdomen, which was torn to shreds.

Duluth Dentist a Suicide.

Dr. William T. Neimi, a Finnish dentist of Duluth, twenty-three years of age, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid at the St. Louis hotel, where he had made his home for several months. It is suspected that he had become discouraged or was disappointed in love, or both.

Youth Drowns While Bathing.

Joseph King, aged eighteen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph King, Sr., of Wabasha, employed by the Dwelle Telephone company as lineman, was drowned at Wabasha while taking an evening bath. The body was recovered an hour later.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,
W. EASTMAN
$1.00 Per Year in Advance
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

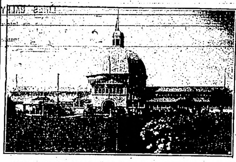

EXPOSITION BUILDING ON THE MINNESOTA STATE FAIR GROUNDS.

THE WAY TO BUILD ROADS.

"On of the main reasons American country roads have been unusually poor," says the St. Paul Farmer, "is the fact that there has never been any organized work put upon their construction. Ordinarily the roads are looked after by a supervisor or overseer in each township and each farmer is compelled to spend so many days' work upon the road in order to pay his poll tax. Under such a system road making often becomes a matter of killing time rather than of building good roads and real work was put upon the roads only in places where they became almost impassable. It is pleasing to notice that in many states these conditions are becoming somewhat general and a cash road tax is required which can in turn be used in hiring help that is qualified to build roads. The advent of the road grader did considerable to benefit the situation but even this machine has its abuses. In the hands of the unexperienced man the grader often does as much harm as good. Every man who has travelled the country roads to any extent can recall instances of where the sod along the road side was plowed up and then elevated into the middle of the road by means of a grader, being left in such a manner that travel was impossible only along the sides of the road. The road grader was never meant to handle sod and in rounding up the road bed the sod should be removed entirely. After the center of the road has been graded up sufficiently to shed the average rainfall a little time spent in its maintenance will do much toward prolonging its usefulness. For this work the road drag has rather recently been introduced and has proven of great benefit. The originator of this drag used split logs for the purpose. Where these cannot be obtained a piece of heavy timber will do nearly as well and even a common harrow can be used on the roads with considerable benefit. The proper time to drag the road is when it has commenced to dry up after a heavy rain thus removing the ruts and smoothing the surface generally. In traveling through the country it is very easy to tell which roads have been dragged and it is to be hoped that this method of road maintenance will come into more general use."

GUNPOWDER FOR THE STARVING.

The Duma, says a recent cable, has authorized expenditure of forty-six million dollars for army supplies in Transbaikalia and Vladivostok.

Russian parliamentary reports are not the clearest; but the Duma seems now to have assented to expenditures, mainly for the defense of Russia's Eastern possessions, to a total exceeding four hundred million dollars.

As the last domestic loan of a hundred millions was not easily floated, the report of a forthcoming foreign loan seems probable. European bankers, it will be recalled, refused to handle another Russian loan unless that loan were satisfactorily sanctioned by the representative body of the country.

Assent to the appropriations having been given, assent to the loan can hardly be withheld. By aid of the people's alleged representatives, therefore, the bureaucracy may now accomplish what it was unable to accomplish alone—that is, mortgage the country for the purpose of extending the military establishment.

What gives point to these reflections is a report, said to be official, that the wheat crop in eighteen provinces is in a very bad way and a recurrence of famine next winter is probable.

What good four hundred million dollars would do in the way of preventing famine can be accurately foretold. What good it will do in the way of increasing a Russian military establishment—in view of the experience with that establishment in the latest war—is quite problematical. Buying gunpowder for Vladivostok when peasants are starving at home, and taxing the peasants to pay for the gunpowder, seems a very dubious greatest good to the greatest number.

However, we have hopes. Not even Russia is clear out of the world. Even in a Duma of the bureaucracy some yeast of democracy and liberty will finally work. —Saturday Evening Post.

Mr. Jacobson has to recommend him to the voters one of the best records of public life ever made by any man. For many years as a member of the legislature he fought for reforms against great odds, and when it was actually unpopular in Minnesota politics to stand for anything in the line of reform. But with undaunted perseverance, backed by rugged honesty and common sense, he fought his way. Jake Jacobson is not a smooth, polished man, but he is made of the proper stuff to give Minnesota the kind of governor she wants at the present time, and we predict his election by a sweeping majority, no matter who may be named by the opposition party.—Interlake Tribune.

After all there is a good deal in talk. Let a man talk dull times and it is infectious, everybody talks dull times. Instead of rustling around to take care of what business there is, they go sit down and mope over hard times. If a customer does happen to drop into one of these "dull times" stores he actually gets frightened out of one-half as much as he expects to buy because things are blue. He catches the spirit of the store and resolves to hang onto his money with a death grip, even if his business goes to pieces on account of running short of goods to fill up the empty shelves. The bugbear of hard times should be sat down upon. It is doing more to kill business than anything else. Tell a man he is sick, keep it up, and you will eventually hound him to death.—Grand Rapids Herald Review.

It remains to be seen whether Gov. Johnson is of the Roosevelt stamp. There was tremendous pressure brought to bear on President Roosevelt to induce him to accept another election as president. He finally convinced the country that he would not accept another nomination. Gov. Johnson is on record as saying that he will not accept a third nomination. Many of his followers are convinced that he can be forced to accept a third term, and are busy killing off candidates who would like the nomination. It looks now as though they would succeed in making him take the nomination as a last desperate effort to keep control of the state. They are doing this in the face of the positive declaration of the governor that he will not be a candidate, and also in view of the additional fact that he has signed a contract to deliver a series of lectures which will bring him in the comfortable sum of $16,000 next year. They argue that he can devote his time to the lecture platform, while drawing a salary as governor. If he accepts a nomination under these conditions, he invites defeat for himself—and will necessarily stultify himself to the extent that he is the slave of his party, and not its leader.—St Cloud Journal Press.

THE NEWS, $1

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LEE
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BROOM
WITH THE
GUARANTEE
BEST MADE FOR SALE ALMOST EVERYWHERE

BARGAINS

FAIR WEEK

To combine business with pleasure, we will during fair week have all kinds of bargains to offer.

Special in Dry Goods.

1-2 price on wash goods, such as white goods, lawns and etc.

1-3 off on all summer shirt waists, and ladies' summer jackets.

1-4 off on all ladies' walking skirts.

Shoes.

10 per cent off on all Oxfords.

Do not overlook our bargain counter in shoes.

We carry the largest stock of shoes in the city and always sell at the lowest price.

See our shoe display at the fair grounds.

Groceries---Special During Fair Week.

Fresh Olives, in quart fruit jar, can included, only 25 cents.
Fresh sweet Gerkin Pickles, in quart fruit jar, can included, only 25 cents.
Fresh fruit and vegetables of all kinds. Many other bargains.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

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Mental concentration and overwork means the loss of vitality. Digesto, with its food properties and mild tonic qualities, make this Malt Extract a necessity to every business man.

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MADE ONLY BY Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul
BREWERS OF Hamm's Famous Beer

THE GREAT
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
A WORLD'S FAIR AT HOME
AUG. 31 TO SEP. 5, 1908

A MAMMOTH EXHIBITION WITHOUT A PEER
GRAND ARRAY OF
AGRICULTURAL-HORTICULTURAL LIVE STOCK
DAIRY-POULTRY-FISH-GAME-SHEEP-SWINE
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBITS
MARVELOUS SPEED EXHIBITION ON THE WORLD'S FASTEST TRACK
AFTERNOON AND EVENING PERFORMANCES
BY CELEBRATED TROUPES OF BEARS—ELEPHANTS
SEALS AND SEA LIONS—ACROBATS—AERIAL ARTISTS
DANCERS AND EQUILIBRISTS
NIGHTLY DISPLAYS OF GREGORY'S ENCHANTING FIREWORKS
ROMAN CHARIOT AND STANDING ROMAN RACES
AIR SHIP RACES
BIG HIPPODROME SHOW
THE MERRY PIKE
INDIAN VILLAGE
AND THE BIG PRODUCTION
"FORT RIDGLEY IN '62"
B.F. NELSON, Pres. C.N. COSGROVE, Sec.

The News: $1 per Year.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

BIG CHANGES WERE MADE

County Board of Equalization Made Many Changes in the Assessment.

Values Were Raised from 10 to 150 Per Cent on Farm Lands.

At the meeting of the board of equalization some radical changes were made in the lists as turned in by the several assessors. To give one an idea of what was done we append a list of the towns in which changes were made, giving first the average value per acre of lands exclusive of structures and other improvements as left by the town boards, followed by the per cent raised, excepting in the case of the City of Thief River Falls, which was lowered 33⅓ per cent:

Bray	3 15	10
Louisville	4 61	10
Norden	3 05	25
Sanders	2 73	33⅓
Black River	3 70	10
Red Lake Falls twp.	4 63	10
Lake Pleasant	2 41	67⅔
North	4 06	25
Rocksbury	3 12	50
Terrebonne	4 62	10
Silverton	1 47	150
Wyandotte	3 28	10
Emardville	2 85	55
Kratka	2 63	20
Mayfield	2 59	25
Lambert	3 92	25
Goodridge	2 00	50
Highlanding	2 05	50
Deer Park	2 73	20
Equality	2 52	50
[illegible]	2 00	25
Star	2 11	20
Hickory	2 00	25
Plummer	3 90	33⅓
St. Hilaire	4 20	25
Red Lake Falls City	5 17	10

An additional twenty-five per cent raise was made on all farm lands and town lots in the county.

Red Lake Falls has 2,845 acres of farm land within the incorporate limits exclusive of city lots, and Thief River Falls has 388 acres.

A Remarkable Case.

A cow with a needle in her heart is something quite unusual. Yet that is just what happened to a cow belonging to Frank LaDoux near this place. The animal became sick and lost flesh, yet no accountable cause could be given. Finally she became so weak that she couldn't rise and the owner was forced to kill her. Being curious to know the cause Mr. LaDoux made an autopsy of the carcass and in slicing the heart the knife happened to strike the needle. The needle, a small sized darning, was entirely black and from appearances of the heart it must have traveled all thru that organ. The cow must undoubtedly have eaten some rags in which the needle had been left and thus swallowed it. How the needle could enter the heart and not cause instant death seems unaccountable.—Waubon Forum.

Highlanding Creamery.

(Month of June)

Cream received	35076 lbs.
Butterfat	10176 "
Butter made	11987 "
Total Money received	$2149 30
Paid to Patrons	2217.18
Running expenses	212.12
Sinking fund	101.76
Price paid to patrons	22 cts.

General Merchandise.

We Also Keep Jewelry.

TELEPHONE, 170. LA BREE AVENUE.

Joe Giller

SAVES YOU MONEY.

He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.

Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar for a dollar.

Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of sugar for 50 cents.

Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.
" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.
" " " peaches, 12c per lb.
" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.
Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.
Reduction on everything.
Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highest price

CASH BUSINESS ONLY.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

Socialist Lecturer.

Harvey Dee Brown of Racine, Wis., Socialist Candidate for governor of Wisconsin spoke Monday night to a large audience in the Evenson hall. In the course of his address he said in part:

"We are today facing the greatest social crisis in American history. The development of machinery during the past hundred years and the gathering together of vast populations in our industrial centers and the formation of great national and world-wide organizations known as trusts, has completely changed the character of our national life.

"The principle of the private ownership of the vast mechanical and commercial plant of modern life enables the owners and those dependent upon them to rule our social life. They take from labor fully one-half of its product without giving anything in return. This is true both of the wage worker and the farmer. The interests of these two groups are the same.

"This private ownership has brought about a startling concentration of our national wealth. According to Henry Laurens Call three tenths of one per cent of the people own seventy percent of the total wealth of the country. This was in 1900 and the matter has grown steadily worse since that time. If you consider this fact and also the fact of human *suffering and poverty of today* you will be startled.

"Think of these human facts. Eighty thousand babies die of starvation every year in America. There are two million underfed school children. There are twelve million school children who need medical attention for various physical weaknesses and defects. There are a million and three quarters child workers in America and every third child born dies under the age of five. According to Robert Hunter there are ten million people in poverty in America and Rose Pastor Stokes says that in cities like New York one person in every ten fills the pauper grave.

"This concentration of wealth in the hands of a few owners and this suffering of the vast many mean a revolution in America. It will be a revolution of violence and destruction such as anarchy may bring in which the product of a century's labor may be destroyed and human history turned backward, or it will be the socialist revolution a peaceful revolution worked out at the ballot box and by education and reason. Socialism is in the world to-day to prevent the destruction of human society.

"The old political thinking which ignores the economic injustice at the heart of life and plays with the tragic facts in the life of the working class is doing nothing to prevent the crash. In fact the old political parties do not understand or dare to declare the truth. Socialists alone is telling the truth of the economic crisis and the class struggle and pointing out the rational and constructive solution of the problem in the collective ownership of the mines, mills, factories, rail roads, steam ship lines and natural resources. We must go forward to the socialist order or witness the destruction of civilization and human liberty through the social crime of the private ownership of the things which men collectively use and need for labor and for its life.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending August 1, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Bennett, E. C.
Bertha, Brown
Erickson, Miss Laura
Hawkins, Miss Emma
Joseph, Mrs. Fariva
Jackobson, F.
Kennan Miss Lena
Lepwie, J.
Larson, Lars B.
Lyrg, Mrs. Olga A.
Maxwell, Hary
McIntyre, James.
Monson L. S.
Mahoney, W. H.
Newton, R. B.
Olson, P. O.
Olson, Mrs. Lotta E.
Porter, Eddie
Sennam, J. H.
Schruiston, B.
Solberg, Ellen
Studby, J. G.
Welsh, Miss Lillien
Wright, Charles T.

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Thief River Falls Won Again.

The Thief River Falls base ball club again defeated Crookston at the home grounds in this city Sunday afternoon, the score being 5 to 2. The game was an exciting one throughout and up to the sixth inning not a score was made.

About three hundred people from Crookston, Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire were in attendance, coming up on a special train. The attendance at the ball game was large, over [illegible] people being present.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and [illegible] Sunday School 10:00 a. m. Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

FOR AGENTS . . . A SUCCESS.
"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"
—BY—
WM. JENNINGS BRYAN

576 Imperial Octavo Pages. 251 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Col Bryan.

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. Greatest book of travel ever written. Most successful book of this generation. 41,000 called for in 4 months. Write us for sample reports of first 100 agents employed. The people buy it eagerly. The agent's harvest.

Outfit FREE —Send fifty cents to cover cost of mailing and handling.

Address THE THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO.
ST. LOUIS, - - MO.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

L. G. BROWNING,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We ha'e a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the vary best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

ACADEMY FOR GIRLS

Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph

Crookston, Minn.

The object of this institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars:

Mother Superior,
St. Joseph's Academy,
Crookston, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The News, $1 Per Year.

KING OF ALL
THROAT & LUNG
REMEDIES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
CURE
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minneapolis has been selected by the firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, the independent packers, as one of their distributing points in their chain of plants which extends from coast to coast. Representatives have been in Minneapolis a week looking over sites for a suitable location. A. Gavin, the firm's Minneapolis agent, is authority for the statement and says that 100 acres will be required by the plant, which will be a model one.

Governor Johnson has announced his appointments to the state board of equalization, which will meet at the state capitol Sept. 8 for its annual session. The only two new members are G. F. Lander of St. Cloud, who is appointed to take the place of C. E. Vasaly of Little Falls, in the Seventh district, and O. E. Schroeder, Mountain Lake, appointed to take the place of F. P. Brown of Blue Earth City, in the Seventeenth district.

Land in Ramsey county outside of St. Paul is assessed at values that average 22 per cent higher than the average for the entire state. This is announced in a report just received by the Ramsey county commissioners from the state tax commission, whose information is based upon real estate sales in the county from 1902 to 1907.

Reports by the state board of health to the national authorities show that 419 cases of smallpox were treated in Minnesota during the past six weeks. St. Paul had eighty-eight cases and Duluth sixty-seven. No deaths were reported during the period.

The Minnesota state fair has offered William J. Bryan a trained mule as a campaign mascot and Mr. Bryan has accepted the offer, which was made by B. F. Nelson, president of the State Agricultural society.

Ladies of Red Wing have incorporated an association for the maintenance and care of a park near that place in honor of Colonel William Colvill of the First Minnesota volunteers.

Minnesota editors have returned from their trip of 3,450 miles through Western Canada.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

O. O. Sundet, a saloonkeeper of Crookston, met with a frightful accident in a runaway. The team broke the reins and plunged headlong across the rough country, hurling Mrs. Sundet, who accompanied her husband, to the ground with serious injuries. Mr. Sundet was hurled feet foremost against a tree, fracturing his leg, the bone piercing the flesh and the splintered end entering the abdomen. Sundet laid for an hour before being assisted. His recovery is doubtful.

Caught by a passing switch engine while he was crossing the network of tracks in the railroad yards at Payne avenue at St. Paul for the purpose of boarding a Northern Pacific train for Duluth Alexander Hulma, a young Finlander, was hurled to his death while his older brother stood by, dazed and powerless to help him. Holma was thrown forty feet and instantly killed.

As the result of having stepped in front of a team of horses that had become frightened at the blowing of a whistle Calvin Buchanan, an inmate of the Soldiers' home at Minnehaha, was thrown to the ground and trampled to death.

Frank Adams, a young man working on the Dunham farm near Faribault, was found dead alongside the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul tracks. He is supposed to have been struck by a train while on the way home from the city.

As the result of striking his head against a wooden pile in the bottom of the Mississippi river Albert J. Monahan, an employe of the Twin City drug mills, was drowned at Minneapolis.

Bennie Jacobs, three years old, son of Abraham Jacobs of Minneapolis, died after two days of suffering from arsenic poisoning which resulted from eating flypaper.

Christ Jake, an early resident of St. Peter, committed suicide by hanging. He was sixty-five years of age.

OBITUARY.

George E. Weaver, a former resident of Mankato, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal., as the result of a surgical operation. He was for nearly twenty years a resident of Mankato and at one time was a prominent manufacturer of agricultural implements.

Christian Frederick Tubbesing, for fifty-two years a resident of St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty-two. Mr. Tubbesing was a well known contractor for over twenty-five years and built many of the old landmarks of St. Paul.

John Malone Boxell of St. Paul, superintendent of the Oakland cemetery, died suddenly at his summer home at Red Rock. His death is indirectly attributed to the heat.

Daniel Fife, eighty-nine years old, died suddenly at the home of his [illegible] in Minneapolis. He was a [illegible] farmer of Hennepin county.

Thomas J. Dickson, cashier of the National Bank of Commerce, Mankato, is dead of typhoid fever at the age of thirty-three years.

C. H. Colyer, formerly attorney and sheriff of Traverse county, is dead at Wheaton. He was fifty-nine years old.

Mrs. Harriet Spalding Langher, one of the pioneer settlers of St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty-one.

Arthur Penwell, one of the first settlers of Faribault county, is dead at Blue Earth.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

After an all day conference of the leading government prosecuting officers and Frank B. Kellogg of Minnesota, one of the special counsel for the government in certain civil suits, it was announced by Attorney General Bonaparte that every effort would be made to secure a revision of the recent decision and opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals in the case of the Standard Oil company of Indiana and that an application for a reargument of the case and a motion for a modification of the opinion would be submitted to that court.

A movement to raise money by popular subscription to build a mammoth United States battleship has been inaugurated by Owen Gray post, G. A. R., at La Rue, O. The only request to be made of the national government, according to the resolutions adopted by the post, is that the battleship shall bear the name "Grand Army of the Republic" as a memorial to the veterans of the Civil war.

A rate of one fare plus a half fare for the round trip will be the general rate made by the railroads from practically all parts of the country to the next annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held at Toledo, O., the week beginning Aug. 31.

Special agents of the government are in Chicago trying to collect evidence to substantiate proceedings for the disruption of the Harriman system of railroads upon the ground that the combination is in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

The American team was victorious over the Irish athletes in the games held at Balls Bridge, Dublin, under the auspices of the Irish Amateur Athletic association. The visitors won seven events to the Irishmen's four.

Ouster, quo warranto and injunction suits against the Yellow Pine association of St. Louis have been filed by the attorneys general of Kansas, Missouri, Texas and Oklahoma.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Officially notified of his nomination for the presidency by the Republican party William H. Taft, standing on the portico of his brother's home in Cincinnati, the city of his nativity, formally accepted the honor, pledged anew his allegiance to the policies of President Roosevelt and declared that the chief function of the next Republican administration will be to clinch what has been already accomplished by the present occupant.

The first authentic outlines of Mr. Bryan's plan of campaign have been secured from one close to him. A few prepared speeches will be made at central points and nearly all of these will be made by Oct. 1. During the month of October he expects to remain at home and assist in the educational work of the campaign through the discussion of public questions in the form of interviews, signed articles and letters.

Thomas L. Hisgen of Massachusetts was nominated for president and John Temple Graves of Georgia for vice president by the Independence party at its first national convention at Chicago. The friends of Mr. Bryan made an effort to bring his name before the convention and the man who attempted it nearly produced a riot and narrowly escaped physical violence at the hands of the indignant delegates.

It has been announced at Republican national headquarters in New York city that an organization would be effected in every one of the Southern states and although no predictions were made that the Republicans would capture the electoral votes of any of these states it was said that inroads would be made in the Democratic representation in the house from the South.

Bird S. Coler, president of the borough of Brooklyn, has announced that he is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor of New York this fall.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 3.—Wheat—Sept., $1.02½; Dec., $1.01. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.18; No. 1 Northern, $1.14½; No. 2 Northern, $1.12@1.12½; No. 3 Northern, $1.08@1.10.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 3.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.18; No. 1 Northern, $1.17; No. 2 Northern, $1.12; Sept., $1.02¾; Dec., $1.00. Flax To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.27¾; Oct., $1.26½; Nov., $1.26; Dec., $1.25.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 3.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.00. Hogs—$6.00@6.75. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; yearlings, $4.25@5.00; spring lambs, $6.00@6.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Wheat—Sept., 94¼c; Dec., 96¾c; May, $1.01⅛. Corn—Sept., 76¼c; Dec., 65¼c; May, 65¼c. Oats—Sept., 45¼c; Dec., 46c; May, 46c. Pork—Sept., $15.87½; Oct., $15.95; Jan., $16.75. Butter—Creameries, 18@20c; dairies, 17@19c. Eggs—17½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 12c; springs, 15@16c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.80@7.75; Texans, $3.60@5.15; Western cattle, $3.75@5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.80@5.75; calves, [illegible]. Hogs—Light, [illegible]; mixed, [illegible]@6.90; heavy, $6.15@6.85; rough, $6.15@6.35; good to choice heavy, [illegible]@6.85; pigs, $5.25@6.35. Sheep, $2.60@4.65; yearlings, $4.00@5.10; lambs, $4.50@6.75.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

~~ESTATE OF A. Wright~~

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to J. M. Bishop of Thief River Falls, Minnesota:

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 20th. day of January 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, 1908.
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.
COURT SEAL.
July 23-aug-6

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Christ Myhre and Emma Myhre his wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota mortgagees dated February 7th, 1906 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County Minnesota in book 13 of mortgages on page 259 thereof on the 10 day of February A. D. 1906 at 8 o'clock a. m.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is One hundred forty-four and 75-100 dollars.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County Minnesota are as follows to-wit:—The North East Quarter of Section No. Eleven in Township One hundred fifty-three N. of R. Forty-one W. 5 P. M.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday, Sept 4th, 1908 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount due on the said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated July 18, 1908.
First State Bank of Thief River Falls,
Mortgagees.
L. M. Hoag,
Attorney for Mortgagees.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given than Salve S. Lura of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Oct. 27th 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 788, Serial No. 0145, N. W. ¼, Section 17, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Paterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Arton Sorenson, " " " "
Abraham Newton, " " " "
Barnt Korvenlog, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John Bergland of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Feb. 17th 1905, made H. E. No. 8106, Serial, No. 0170, for Lot 1, S. ½, N. E. ¼, and N. E. ¼, S. E. ¼, Section 10, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Paul Kvenlog, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Gunder Gunderson, " " " "
Telak K. Ose, " " " "
Bern T. Brokke, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
July 23-aug 27

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread (Chain Stitch) Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Sold by authorized dealers only.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.
MUNN & CO.
361 Broadway, New York.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of ~~the sum of seven hundred and ninety-two dollars~~ and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 45-100 dollar taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 45-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oscar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:00 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for case to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum o fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.
PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
July 16-6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

Langseth Mercantile Company, Plaintiff
VS.
Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter if they shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the First day of September, 1908, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to Langseth Mercantile Company in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this 29th day of July, A. D. 1908.
J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
(Seal).
Aug 6-20

In the district court of the United States for the district of Minnesota, sixth division.

In the matter of Olaf H. Hanson, Bankrupt in Bankruptcy to the creditors of Olaf H. Hanson of Hilda P. O. in the county of Red Lake in said district, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1908, the above named Olaf H. Hanson was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, at the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said district, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1908 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated July 30, 1908.
Ole J. Vaule
Referee in Bankruptcy

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 19 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Enoch Nelson, one of the heirs of Martin N. Lee, deceased, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 8th, 1901, made H. E., No. 852, for lots 6, 7, & N. E. ¼, N. W. ¼, Section 18, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. meridian, has filed notice of his intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 31st day of July, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Johnson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Hoken Johnson, " " " "
Knut Jorstad, " " " "
John Quale, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andreas O. Torsvick as one of the heirs of Anne Amundsen deceased of Rothsay, Minnesota, who, on July 1st, 1901, made H. E. No. 6338, Serial, No. 0175, for S. W. ¼, S. E. ¼, Sec 20, W. ½, N. E. ¼, and S. E. ¼, N. E. ¼, Section 29, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom Audeld, of Thorwick, Minn.
Saave Brokke, " " "
Torger Brokke, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Massey, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 24th, 1901 made Homestead Entry No. 251, serial, No. 185, for S. W. ¼, Section 3, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 17th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Frans Fisher, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher, " "
D. P. O'Neil, Thief River Falls, Minn.
John P. Harter, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
July 16-aug 20

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June [illegible], 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Martin J. Bragstad, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 2nd, 1903, made H. E. No. [illegible], for N. E. ¼, Section 14, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Anton Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible]
Halvor H. Olson, [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
[illegible]

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

[illegible]

N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
COURT SEAL.
[illegible]

A Delicate Bit Of Lace.
is faultlessly dry cleaned, or large carpet or rug is cleaned or dyed in an astonishingly beautiful manner when you bring them to this establishment. Anything you want cleaned and have it look like new bring it to

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars ($116.89), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1903 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S.½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 152 15 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 23rd day of September 1908, at nine (9) o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 4th A. D. 1908.
Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.
Wilhelm Mobeleie,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
aug 6-Sept. 17

A CASE IN POINT.

Why the Postmaster Leaned Toward the Sheriff.

There is a town in northern New Hampshire where the families have intermarried to such an extent that it is difficult for an outsider to make the least criticism on one person without the danger of offending some of his family connections. When an unfortunate visitor commented on this fact to Mr. Corbin, the postmaster, Mr. Corbin nodded violently.

"Bill Harmon, that's our sheriff, complained of that no longer ago than last week," said he.

"You see, it took him more'n a fortnight to arrest Nate Giddings because Nate got wind that he was wanted on a little matter o' selling hard cider, and he went on a round o' visits among his relatives—aunts, nephews-in-law and I don't know what all—and 'twasn't till he'd had his fun and went back home to his wife that Bill could make the arrest without seeming to kind o' butt in, as you might say, and spoil the reunions."

"I should think he would make a queer kind of sheriff," said the visitor, "waiting all that time for sentimental reasons and then arresting a man when he went home just because his poor wife wasn't a relation!"

Mr. Corbin drew himself up and assumed a remote expression.

"That's as you look at it," he said in a chilly tone. "I may be a mite prejudiced in Bill's favor, as he married my son-in-law's youngest sister. Anything that concerns him concerns me, you understand."

CONQUERORS CONQUERED.

The Fate of Alexander, Hannibal, Caesar and Napoleon.

It is a remarkable and instructive fact that the careers of four of the most renowned characters that ever lived closed with violent or mournful deaths.

Alexander, after looking down from the dizzy heights of his ambition over a conquered world and weeping that there were no more to conquer, died of intoxication in a scene of debauch or, as some suppose, by poison mingled in his wine.

Hannibal, whose name carried terror to the heart of Rome itself, after having crossed the Alps and put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world was driven from his country and died at last of poison administered by his own hands in a foreign land, unlamented and unwept.

Caesar, the conqueror of [illegible] and his temples [illegible] with chaplets dipped in the blood of a million of his foes, was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friends.

Bonaparte, whose mandate kings [illegible] emperors obeyed, after filling the earth with the terror of his name [illegible] days in lonely banishment [illegible] rock in the midst of the Atlantic ocean.

Such the four men who may [illegible] sidered representatives of all whom the world calls great and such their end—intoxication or poison, suicide, murdered by friends, lonely exile.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A SUCCESSFUL CREAMERY.

In the locality in which the writer lives is located one of the most successful co-operative creameries in the north part of the state. It has been in successful operation for the past twenty years or more and has survived the sharp competition of nearby concerns and the centralized plants of larger cities. To those living in localities where the creamery business is not on a satisfactory basis or where there is no creamery at all some brief account of this co-operative plant may be of interest. The stock of the company, which is capitalized at $2,500, is held by the many patrons living in the territory tributary in shares of $10. While a stockholder may own more than one share, he is allowed to cast but one vote. At present no member owns more than one share. Election of officers is held annually early in January. These consist of a board of six directors, a manager, treasurer and buttermaker, the latter being hired by the directors. While a good deal of rivalry and interest develop now and then in the annual elections, there has been a singular freedom from friction touching the more important aspects of the management of the plant, a respect in which many similar enterprises go to smash. There are at present close to 500 cream patrons. During the month of June the output was a trifle over 57,000 pounds, all of the butter but the small amount retailed locally being sold for top notch prices on the New York market. The plant proper, valued at $3,000, consists of the building, one 1,000 gallon capacity cream vat, one 700 gallon capacity ripener and agitator, one 1,000 pound capacity churn, one twelve horsepower steam engine and an eighteen horsepower boiler, as well as cream testers, cream tanks, cans, etc. An icehouse is kept in connection sufficient to supply needs during the year. The wisdom of the directors who have had the management of affairs in the past has been chiefly manifested in the hiring of competent managers and a first class buttermaker and keeping him for a period of years. This has resulted in uniformity of butter product and stability and satisfaction in the general conduct of the business. Every community where dairying is possible should have a creamery of this general type unless the field is already occupied by an institution which answers the same purpose.

ALFALFA CULTURE.

Where one wishes to make a trial of growing alfalfa the piece of land on which it is to be grown should be put in the best of tilth, as for a big crop of corn, and enriched with several loads of stable manure per acre. Alfalfa is like most other members of the clover family in that it does not do well on poorly drained or wet soil. For late summer sowing the seed should be put in not later than Aug. 15 at the rate of twenty to thirty pounds per acre. The legume will gain a foothold the more readily if some soil from an old alfalfa field is put on the land with the manure with which it is fertilized. Where no such field is within reach soil from a spot where sweet clover has grown will answer the same purpose. The advantage of late summer sowing of alfalfa lies in the fact that most of the weed seeds in the soil have in all probability been germinated and destroyed, while those that do sprout will be held in check by the dry weather which usually prevails at that time of year. One of the greatest handicaps in getting a start in alfalfa in some localities is the pest of grasshoppers, which are so destructive to the young alfalfa plants in some seasons that it is useless to attempt starting a patch unless poultry has a free run of the farm.

THE WORK OF HAIL.

One of the most destructive hailstorms that ever visited the northern states passed over southwestern Wisconsin, northeastern Iowa and southeastern Minnesota about the middle of June. The path of the storm seems to have been about 150 miles long and from eight to eighteen miles wide. In this area the destruction was terrific, hailstones ranging in size from peas to goose eggs falling for a period of twenty minutes. As will be readily understood, this meant death to young stock of all kinds, as well as to ducks, geese, turkeys and chickens. One who visited fields of corn and oats hit by this storm stated that vegetation of all kinds was ground to pulp and had been swept clean from the fields by the water which fell at the same time. So finely was vegetation macerated that much of it was blown away like chaff by the wind. In places in the track of this storm orchards were totally ruined and forest trees stripped of all their leaves and small branches, while shingles were split to pieces and knocked off and siding badly cracked and battered.

It is said that leaves of tansy placed in the food cupboards will drive ants away.

Cellars and cesspools may be greatly sweetened by scattering slaked lime in them. Where this cannot be had wood ashes will answer much the same purpose.

In latitudes where they do well soy beans and cowpeas make excellent cover crops for the orchard. Cut at the proper time, the peas make excellent cow feed, while the beans may be utilized to good advantage by mixing them with corn for the silo.

Buckwheat, which is grown primarily for the grain which it produces, has but minor value as a forage crop. One hundred pounds of dry buckwheat hay contain 7.7 pounds of protein, 49.2 pounds of carbohydrates and 1.8 pounds of fat. As a roughage it is not as good as oats, barley or corn.

Time was when a manure spreader was considered as a sort of agricultural extravagance, good only for the faddist or the man who had money to throw away. It's different now, however. Every man who pretends to keep up with the times in his farming operations and who would realize the greatest value out of his farm fertilizers owns one of these machines.

Of the hardy climbing roses there is none which surpasses the Seven Sisters. While it does not attain the length of the Prairie Queen, it is more bushy and carries many more blossoms, which are a bright red on opening and fade gradually to pink and then to almost white before the petals fall. This variety is entirely hardy and requires no covering. If a rambler is wanted, the crimson is unsurpassed, while an equally fine climber with pink blossoms is the Dorothy Perkins.

Foxtail or wild barley is one of the nasty grasses with which the farmer and orchardist has to contend, especially in those spots where a thorough cultivation of the soil is impossible. Fortunately this grass is an annual and multiplies only by seed. As a consequence all that is necessary to eradicate it is to prevent any seed from maturing. Foxtail is not only no good for fodder, but worries the fellow who handles it in that the barbed heads work into his socks and are likely to crawl up his pants legs.

A representative of the United States department of agriculture who has returned to Washington from a trip of exploration and inspection in China and Manchuria has brought back samples of an upland rice which thrives in Manchuria under about the same conditions which prevail in the central portions of the corn belt. The new "find" will be given a thorough testing under American conditions, and a hope is entertained by the department officials that its introduction will prove as successful and profitable a venture as was the case with the durum or macaroni wheat.

Durum wheat, a variety introduced by the United States department of agriculture some ten years ago, is especially adapted to the semiarid conditions to be found in the states west of the Mississippi river, in sections where the rainfall is twenty inches per annum or less. It is stated that if grown where the rainfall exceeds twenty inches or where irrigation has to be resorted to the wheat produced, instead of being hard, which the Latin name durum means, is a poor and soft low grade wheat. Owing to this fact this variety is not greatly curtailing the growing of other varieties of wheat, but is occupying lands which are not devoted to growing any tilled crop.

The Norwegian hay box or fireless cooker has lately been put on the market and can be bought for about $10. The box proper is made of golden oak and contains several tin compartments suited to the cooking of meat, vegetables, cereals, etc. A boil of beef cooked on the stove for an hour will cook thoroughly overnight. Oatmeal boiled on the stove for five minutes and placed in the cooker at night comes out perfectly cooked in the morning. Vegetables brought a-boil on the stove will be ready for the table in three or four hours, depending somewhat upon the variety. One can make the cooker for a good deal less than the price named by taking a box of the desired size, padding the bottom, sides and ends with hay or other close fibered stuff and the cover with a mat of the same stuff that will serve to check a radiation of the heat.

There are some sections of the country where oats are grown where there is considerable complaint from damage by the stalk borer, a worm that enters the plant at a joint near the ground and gradually works its way as far up as it can. The result is that the stalk is greatly weakened and in many cases breaks over, being incapacitated for the proper nourishment of the grain it bears. Since the damage done by the worm is entirely internal and it remains out of sight until it seeks a new feeding place, there is no effective way of fighting it. The only preventive, and that but partial and indirect, is to rotate the crops on the land, with the cleanest possible cultivation, that the weeds in which the worm breeds and feeds may be reduced to a minimum. Among the common weeds on which the stalk borer works are [illegible] weed, smartweed and lamb's quarter. Among cultivated plants which it attacks are tomato and potato vines, the damage to the latter being often considerable.

Lubricating oil is cheaper than new machinery or machine repairs and axle grease than horseflesh, corn and oats. Many in practice seem to show that they are oblivious of this fact.

Turnips will attain a good size if the seed is sown about the last week in July, though we have had success with them sowing the seed a week or ten days later than this, when conditions were favorable.

In spite of the precautions that are taken in the matter of combating the work of numerous insect pests, estimates made by the department of agriculture place the loss to agricultural and horticultural interests of the country at more than $700,000,000 annually.

According to recent census reports, land earnings were as follows in the group of states given: Wisconsin, $13.71 per acre; Michigan, $18.10; Illinois, $16.51; Indiana, $17.73; Iowa, $16.48; Minnesota, $10.69; Kansas, $10.92; Nebraska, $10.72, and the Dakotas a trifle less than $10 each.

A pretty level headed horseman we know is this season working two stallions of which he has the care in his regular farm operations. They look a trifle ratty in general appearance, and their ribs can be counted without trouble, but it is safe to say that they will sire more strong colts than they would if they loafed around with nothing to do and were in shape to enter the show pen all the time.

Fifty-nine per cent of the total area of Japan, or 58,000,000 acres, is devoted to forests. Careful management of these areas with a view to preserving them was taken up before the beginning of the Christian era, while in the centuries immediately following there was systematic planting of trees on watersheds to prevent destruction by floods. The state forests of Japan produce at present about 2,000,000,000 cubic feet of timber each year.

There are some men who may still be skeptical of the worth of the cream separator as an adjunct of the dairy, but the fact remains that the use of the machine enables one to get from 10 to 25 per cent more of butter fat out of milk than is possible with the gravity or hand skimming system. While the young calf should be given a start on whole new milk, it is conceded that a fat forming ration can be fed which is vastly more economical than butter fat worth from 20 to 25 cents a pound.

We recently noted the case of the death of quite a flock of hens where the primary difficulty seemed to be a lack of green food. The chickens in question were fed the scraps from a boarding house, which contained variety enough, but were provided with no green food. When chickens run at large it is worth while noting how much of their time they will spend at pasture—that is, eating green stuff. This ought to give a pretty good hint as to what they ought to have in the way of green food when kept confined.

While an inspection of the surface of the ground and sidewalks following a heavy thunder shower seems to furnish conclusive proof that angleworms enjoy a bath and a certain amount of water, it is quite as clear that too much water will drown them just as it does rats, mice or other land animals. We noticed the overflowed edge of a garden the other day in which thousands of angleworms lay dead, having apparently been attracted to the surface of the earth by the rising water and yet encountering so much of it that they drowned before they could crawl to dry land.

An article of food that is both cheap, nutritious and wholesome and yet one that is not consumed as largely as it should be is Dutch or cottage cheese. While a good many housewives aim to scald the sour milk so as to make a curd that is quite hard, a tenderer and much more delicious cheese is made by pouring just enough scalding water into a given quantity of cold sour milk to bring the temperature of the whole to about lukewarm or 100 degrees. This should be stirred thoroughly and after the curd has separated strained through a colander. Dress as much as is wanted for one meal with salt, pepper and rich sweet cream. From the standpoint of palatability it is hard to beat this with anything the housewife can prepare.

Yearly there is something more needed than the ideal general purpose cow to enable some fellows to make a success with dairying and stock raising. In fact, there is more in the care than the breed, anyway. If a fellow detests milking he shouldn't monkey with dairy cows, but should raise the beef breeds—Herefords, Doddies or Shorthorns. If he likes dairying he would better go into the strictly dairy breeds and raise Jerseys, Guernseys, Ayrshires or Holsteins. Perhaps the very best general purpose cows do not belong properly to any breed, but are native stock of good frame, size and milking capacity that do well at the pail, yet raise bull calves that will make good beef steers. The only way that such a herd can be developed is by purchasing as many individuals of this type as one can get hold of and breeding them up with bulls from dams of known milking capacity.

F. E. Trigg

One of Hook's Practical Jokes.

Theodore Hook forged 4,000 letters to 4,000 tradesmen and others requesting them to call on a certain day and hour at the house of a wealthy widow, Mrs. Tottenham, in Berners street, London, against whom he had conceived a grudge.

These people began to arrive soon after daybreak. The rush continued until nearly midnight. They came by fifties and hundreds.

There were 100 chimney sweeps, 100 bakers, fifty doctors, fifty dentists, fifty accouchers. There were priests to administer extreme unction and Methodist ministers to offer last prayers. There were fifty confectioners with wedding cakes, fifty undertakers with coffins, fifty fishmongers with baskets of cod and lobsters. They pushed, quarreled and fought, and the police were called out to prevent a riot. Finally among the hoaxed ones came the governor of the Bank of England, the royal Duke of Gloucester and the lord mayor of London, each lured thither by some cunning pretext. A police investigation followed, but the perpetrator was not detected.

A Wonderful Bowman.

The Romans were very skillful bowmen, although they discarded the weapon in warfare, trusting to the charge and to hand to hand fighting. Many of the Roman emperors were famous archers. It is said that Domitian would place boys in the circus at a considerable distance from him and as they held up their hands with the fingers outstretched he would send the arrows between them with such nicety and accuracy of aim that he never inflicted a wound.

The wicked emperor Commodus boasted that he never missed his aim or failed to kill the wild beast that he shot with a single arrow. He would set a shaft in his bow as some wild beast was set free in the circus to devour a living criminal condemned to die. Just when the furious animal was springing on his prey the emperor would strike it dead at the man's feet. Sometimes 100 lions were let loose at once in order that he, with 100 arrows, might kill them. With arrows the heads of which were semicircular he would sever the necks of ostriches in full flight.

A Talent For Balancing.

The pleasant coffee room of the old Star and Garter at Richmond, which was burned down in 1869, was patronized by England's statesmen, politicians and writers. On Saturday evenings it was regularly visited by a middle aged gentleman of rather broad stature, with gray hair and a large shirt collar which formed a conspicuous feature in his attire. He would dine always alone at a particular corner table, and after dinner it was his humor to build up before him a pyramid of tumblers and wineglasses, which he topped with a decanter. Occasionally the whole structure would topple over and litter the table with its ruins. Then the middle aged gentleman would rise, pay his bill, including the charge for broken glass, and depart. The waiters knew him well. He was Thomas Babington, Lord Macaulay.

Curious Greetings.

A French journal has been looking into the question of how different races express the colloquialism "How do you do?" and presents some curious examples. The Koreans, for instance, do not give or imply any offense when they greet each other with the remark, "You do look old." Persians say, "May Allah preserve your beard and cover it with benedictions." Among a tribe of Fiji Islanders the correct form of salutation is to pull one's ear. A Caroline Islander kneels before his friend, whose foot he grasps and slaps himself vigorously in the face with it. In the Sudan a traveler was addressed by a native chief as "Mighty sun," the said chief finishing up with "Glory to thee, O splendid moon," the remark being accentuated by expectorating in the traveler's right hand.

Greatness.

There is a kind of elevation which does not depend on fortune. It is a certain air which distinguishes us and seems to destine us for great things. It is a price which we imperceptibly set on ourselves. By this quality we usurp the deference of other men, and it puts us, in general, more above them than birth, dignity or even merit itself.—La Rochefoucauld.

A Coincidence.

"I'm afraid, George," said his fiancee, "that you are going from bad to worse."

"Quite a coincidence," muttered George. "That's what Clara said when I threw her over for you."

Spurgeon's Complaint.

Mr. Spurgeon once complained that his deacons were worse than the devil.

"Resist the devil," said he, "and he will fly from you, but resist a deacon and he will fly at you."

Hope.

"There is no sweeter suffering than hope." So runs an old German proverb, melancholy text for hearts that bitter disappointment has cured and to whom all hope is but memory.

Not Entirely.

Miss Rose—Do you think the automobile is replacing the horse? Joe Cose—Well, not entirely, anyway. I haven't found automobile in my bologna as yet.—Browning's Magazine.

Of a Modern Genius.

"Going to compile his life and letters?"

"There were no letters. I'm going to compile his life and post cards."—Washington Herald.

THE CHEERFUL TURTLE.

This Queer Creature Enjoys Many Peculiar Advantages.

"To be or not to be—a turtle? To be certainly, if I could not be a man," declares one who speaks with knowledge of his subject. "Basking in tropical suns or cruising leisurely in cool depths, the turtle has an exceedingly good time. As soon as the baby turtle emerges from the egg he scuttles down to the sea. He has no one to teach him, no one to guide. In his little brain there is implanted a streak of caution, based on the fact that until a certain period his projecting armor is soft and no defense against hungry fish, and he immediately seeks shelter in the tropical profusion of the gulf weed, which holds within its branching fronds an astonishing abundance of marine life.

"Here the young turtle feeds unmolested and knows that his armor is hardening apace. Once he has attained the weight of twenty-five pounds he may 'cheek' freely any monster of the deep. After that no fish or mammal ever interferes with him. Intending devourers may struggle all day to break through his iron shell. They always fail.

"The turtle, like the sperm whale, has but one enemy—man. Now, even that sperm whale must come pretty frequently to the surface to breathe, and if it got beached high and dry on land what would become of it? But the cheerful turtle can stay below the surface for a week if he wants to, and he often does, while if he had to spend an equal time on land he would enjoy the change and be none the worse for it. He is neither fish, flesh nor fowl, yet his flesh partakes of the characteristics of all three.

"Eating seems a mere superfluity with him, since for weeks at a time he may be placed in a barrel, with the bung out, and emerge after his long fast apparently none the worse for his enforced abstinence from food, from light and almost from air. Of all the warm blooded organisms there is none so tenacious of life as the turtle. Injuries that would be instantly fatal even to fish leave the turtle apparently undisturbed, and his power of keeping death at bay is nothing short of marvelous."

AN EFFECTIVE SERMON.

Trumpet Blast That Drove the People to Repentance.

Old Peter Cartwright was a famous preacher and circuit rider many years ago.

The exhorter was holding a camp meeting in Ohio. There was a great number of campers on the field, and the eccentric speaker addressed vast concourses at every service, but he thought too few were being converted. He felt that something should be done to stir the sinners to repentance, so he prepared a strong sermon on the second coming of Christ. He told how the world would go on in its sin and wickedness and at last Gabriel would sound his trumpet and time would come to an end. He described the horrors of the lost and the joys of those who were saved. The sermon grew in intensity, and he brought his people up to a grand climax, when suddenly the sound of a trumpet smote the ears of the anxious throng.

There was a great sensation, and many fell upon their knees in terror and began to repent and pray. Women screamed and strong men groaned. Pandemonium was let loose for a few minutes. After the terror had somewhat ceased the preacher called to a man up a tree, and he descended with a long tin horn in his hand. The speaker then turned in fierce wrath and upbraided the people. He cried out in stentorian tones that, if a man with a tin horn up a tree could frighten them so, how would it be in the last great end when Gabriel's trumpet sounded the knell of the world! The sermon had a great effect upon the vast audience, and many hundreds flocked to the front and were converted.

Simple When You Know How.

An innocent cockney while in the country asked a farmer how they managed to grow streaky bacon.

"Oh, it is simple enough," said the honest agriculturist. "One week we starve the pig or feed him very little. That makes a layer of lean meat. Next week we give him all he can possibly eat, even working overtime, and that makes a row of fat. So by alternate starving and feeding we get the beautiful streaky bacon."

"Dear me," said the cockney, "and how do you make the ham?"

"Oh, we manage that by putting a ring in the pig's nose," was the reply.—London M. A. P.

The Careful Scots.

A Scot and his wife came to London, and the worthy pair were in a hundred fears concerning the diabolical ingenuity of London thieves.

As they took their first walk down the Strand the husband whispered of a sudden hoarsely in her ears, "Janet, wumman, hast thou got thy teeth fexed feermly in thy gums?"

"Na, na," she answered; "A'm no sich a fule! I've left 'em safely lockit awa' in the portmanty!"—London Chronicle.

What a Blessing!

Smith—What a blessing children are! Jones (enthusiastically)—Aren't they! Now that my wife has two to look after she has no time to play the piano.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The Plot.

Doctor—I think I shall have to call in some other physicians for consultation. Patient—That's right. Go ahead. Get as many accomplices as you can.—London Telegraph.

SOCIALISM AND THE HOME.

What Socialists Do When They Come Into Power.

It is sometimes said that Socialism will destroy the home, and some opponents have been unscrupulous enough to attack Socialists as advocates of free love. In answer to such accusations perhaps nothing would be more conclusive than what the Socialists actually do when they come into power. It is known that illegitimacy is common in France, especially among the poorest people. To what extent it is due to poverty and the inability of the poorest workmen to pay fees for the marriage service is not known, but when the Socialists came into control of the city of Lille they established a free marriage service, the fees to the pastor being paid directly by the municipality.

Thousands of marriages have been sanctioned under this new act, and a great number of children who would otherwise have been classed as illegitimate are now legalized. The work of the Socialists in the same city is sufficient to answer the other accusation.

It is a theory that Socialism will destroy the home; it is a fact that for millions of the poor capitalism has destroyed the home. Go through any great center of industry and see the mothers who are forced to give their children to the street and themselves to the factory. Literally speaking, millions of women, how many with children one cannot say, leave their homes at dawn and return to them only at nightfall.

Some of them hardly have time to give birth to their babies before they are called back to the mills. These facts make little impression upon those who are not working people, but can any one really think for a moment that the poor suffer without complaint this destruction of home life?

Can any one believe that when the mothers and fathers rise in the morning before dawn and leave their children to the care of an older child or upon the streets and go themselves to toil for ten, twelve or fourteen hours in the factory they are without feeling in the matter? If that is the impression, the pathetic efforts of these French workingmen when they come into power are a sufficient answer. Amid the greatest imaginable difficulties they strive to retrieve something of the social advantages lost to them through the industrial revolution.

They establish public kitchens, so that soups, meats and vegetables can be obtained warm when the people return from their work. They establish creches for the babies of working mothers. The cantine scolaire, or school restaurant, is but another effort to re-establish in some manner the social institutions lost by the destruction of the home.

So long as the present system lasts, or at least so long as Socialists remain in a minority, it is impossible for them to free from toil the mothers of their children. But they can save the babies from neglect, the children from the streets and all from actual hunger.

There are few workmen who would not if they could destroy all the creches and cantines scolaires and ecoles maternelles if at the same time they could re-establish the home and give back to the babies their mothers. This, however, being impossible, it will be a curious and perhaps interesting fact to the prosperous classes that among the first things to which the Socialists turn their attention when they become charged with the responsibility of municipal government are these very problems of the family and the home.—From "Socialists at Work."

Conditions Must Be Changed.

Remember, remember, that conditions produce results. If there are millions in franchises, thousands will be used as bribe money to get them. If poisoned food brings a profit, poisoned food will be sold. If bawdy houses bring high rents, houses will be let for vile purposes. If life is cheaper than the dollar, life will be sacrificed to the dollar. If profits counterbalance ignorance and vice, children will go into the factory and afterward to the scrap heap. If the financial kings choose the judges, justice is raped and chained to do their bidding.

Conditions must be changed. There will be no bribery when all public utilities are publicly owned and publicly operated. If the people in their collective capacity owned and operated the stockyard there would be no poisoned meat for sale. There could be no immoral use of the people's land or the people's property if the people operated their own industry; no children would work in factories; they would go to school. No impure milk would poison them, no shoddy goods would clothe us, no hovel would house us, no idle class would degrade honest labor.—G. H. Strobell.

War and Peace.

Were half the power that fills the world with terror,
Were half the wealth bestowed on camps and courts,
Given to redeem the human mind from error
There were no need of arsenals or forts.

The warrior's name would be a name abhorred,
And every nation that should lift again
Its hand against a brother on its forehead
Would wear forevermore the curse of Cain.

Down the dark future, through long generations,
The echoing sounds grow fainter and then cease,
And, like a bell, with solemn, sweet vibrations,
I hear once more the voice of Christ say, "Peace!"

Peace, and no longer from its brazen portals
The blast of war's great organ shakes the skies,
But beautiful as songs of the immortals
The holy melodies of love arise.

—Longfellow

FOR WORKERS TO PONDER.

Thoughts That Deserve the Most Serious Consideration.

Is it right that poverty should keep thousands of young men from marrying because they cannot properly support a family, and is it right that hundreds of thousands are forced into crime and prostitution because of economic necessity?

Is it right that those who do little or nothing can spend months in taking "much needed rests" while you dare not stop a day for fear of losing your job?

Is it right that many good and honest people are doomed to live in poverty while the dishonest, the cunning and the undeserving often live in wealth and splendor?

Is it right that character counts for so little and that the honest and upright man is considered a failure unless he accumulates wealth?

Is it right that when you have worked so steadily and industriously that there occurs an overproduction that you should then be laid off and allowed to suffer for the necessities of life?

Is it right that you should have no security in case of sickness, old age or other disability?

Is it right that thousands of workers lose their lives and meet with horrible accidents because it would interfere with profits to provide proper safeguards?

Is it right that you either have no work at all or else must work yourself to death when you do get a job?

Is it right that more often than not you must work at callings that are not suitable for you and for which you are not adapted?

Is it right that a subject so important as Socialism, a subject that concerns your bread and butter and the very means of your existence, should receive so little thought from many of you?

No, brother, these things are not right, and if you are unable to see wherein they are wrong it is because you have not given these matters sufficient attention. Become acquainted with Socialism, the grand philosophy that will enable you to see why these conditions exist and what must be done to remedy them and establish in their stead liberty, equality and fraternity. —August Klenke.

WANT IMMEDIATE ACTION.

Why Socialism Invaded the Political Arena.

We are asked, Why hurry into politics? We see the benefit of going into politics. If we had not rushed into politics, had not taken Massachusetts by the four corners and shaken her, you never would have written your criticisms. We rush into politics because politics is the safety valve. We could discuss as well as you if you would only give us bread and houses, fair play and leisure and opportunities to travel. We could sit and discuss the question for the next fifty years. It's a very easy thing to discuss for a gentleman in his study, with no anxiety about tomorrow.

Why, the ladies and gentlemen of the reign of Louis XV. and Louis XVI., in France, seated in gilded saloons and on Persian carpets, surrounded with luxury, with the products of India and the curious manufactures of ingenious Lyons and Rheims, discussed the right of man and balanced them in dainty phrases and expressed them in such quaint generalizations that Jefferson borrowed the Declaration of Independence from their hands.

There they sat, balancing and discussing sweetly, making out new theories and daily erecting a splendid architecture of debate till the angry crowd broke open the doors and ended the discussion in blood. They waited too long—discussed about half a century too long. You see, discussion is very good when a man has bread to eat and his children all portioned off and his daughters married and his home furnished and paid for and his will made, but discussion is very bad when—

Ye hear the children weeping, O my brothers,
Ere the sorrow comes with years.

Discussion is bad when a class bends under actual oppression. We want immediate action.—Wendell Phillips.

Waste of Enforced Idleness.

The awful waste incidental to capitalism is sufficient to condemn it. We have 3,000,000 unemployed workers. Every one of these would have produced his own living if he had free access to the means. Under capitalism this is denied them simply because at present there is no opportunity to exploit their labor. These men have been out of work since last October. If their average wages were $1.50 per day each, and, figuring that they have been out of work for six months, then the loss of wealth that would have been produced had they been permitted to work is over $750,000,000.

Internationality of Socialism.

The Socialist party is the only political organization which represents the interests of the working class in all countries as against the interests of the capitalist class now ruling under every form of government, whether republican, as in the United States, or monarchial, as in England and Germany, or despotic, as in Russia.

Good and Bad Schools.

"Environment is the greatest of all schools," says Professor Stanley Hall of Clark university. That is correct. But there are good and bad environments. How about that? And how can society allow part of her people to go to the school of bad environment and then expect them to grow up into useful citizens?

AUCTION SALE!

AT

The Anton H. Baker Farm

Section 33, Town of Goodridge, 4 Miles North of Highlanding.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1908

Commencing at 10 o'clock in the Forenoon.

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY WILL BE SOLD:

One mare 6, years old.
Five cows: one fresh; one fresh in October; one fresh in December; one fresh in January; one fresh in February.
Four calves.
One hog.
One wide tired wagon.
One pair of bob sleighs.
One single buggy.
One spring tooth drag.
All kinds of household goods.

A FREE LUNCH AT NOON

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount bankable paper.

Anton H. Baker, Owner.
Henry Roller, Auctioneer.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1908 NUMBER 33

FAIR A BIG SUCCESS

Attendance Much Larger Than on any Former Year and Exhibits Good.

Horse Races the Fastest and Best Ever Seen in This Section of the State.

The seventh annual fair of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society came to a close last Friday evening and it was the most successful fair ever held. The attendance every day was larger than on the corresponding day of former years and on Thursday there was over six thousand people at the fair grounds.

The exhibit of stock and agricultural produce was exceptionally good and shows very plainly that the farmers of this section are advancing every year.

The largest and fastest line of race horses ever in Thief River Falls before made the races very interesting and they were all for "blood" and the best horses won.

The free attractions were good, although the shows of the Patton Carnival company were far below the standard.

The success of the fair is due in a large measure to Dr. G. A. Penney, the secretary of the association.

Canning Corn.

(Furnished by the Minnesota Farmers Institutes, St. Anthony Park, St. Paul, Minn.)

Corn has always been considered the most difficult of vegtables to can successfully. By the methods commonly used at least some cans almost always spoil. The bacteria sometimes found upon the green corn are more resistant than those found in any other vegetable.

When ready to can corn, select ears in perfect roasting ear stage and with a sharp knife score each row of grains, cut a very thin slice from the ends of all the grains, and with a kitchen knife (or the back of a sharp knife) scrape the rest from the cob. For each quart of corn, put into the kettle a pint of water and half a tablespoonful of salt; put corn to cook and add boiling water as it evaporates. It should be as watery as commercial canned corn usually is. Let it cook fifteen or twenty minutes after it actually boils all through. Watch and stir with a wooden spoon to prevent burning, but do not allow it to stop boiling.

When it has boiled for twenty minutes fill sterilized jars and seal. Then place the cans in a pan of hot water, having the water extend up to the rims and let it boil for one-half hour, being sure that it does boil that length of time. The center of the can must reach the highest degree of heat possible, and they cannot reach that temperature unless the surrounding water is boiling all of the given time. Let the cans stand until the next day, then put them in a cold water bath and cook for half an hour after the water begins to boil; repeat the treatment on the third day. Tighten the covers if possible, while contents of jars are still boiling hot; wipe and set away where there is no draft and allow to cool.

The first boiling if properly done will kill the living germs, but the spores will remain unaffected. By the second and third days all of the spores will have reached the vegetative stage, in which they reproduce, and may then be exterminated by continued boiling heat. If a single germ if left alive in the food after boiling the canning will be a failure, because these invisible enemies of the housewife grow and multiply so rapidly that one left alive will spedily cause a large amount of food to spoil. This is the only sure process of canning this vegetable without the use of chemicals. Success may sometimes attend the other methods but a great deal of uncertainly must always exist. If no germs of this kind happen to be present all will be well, but if they are present, all is lost. Another favorable feature of this method is that as the cans are sealed all the time, there is no danger of contamination from the air or other sources after the canning process begins.

J. L. Sheppard.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

DAIRY COWS THE BEST

Supt. A. J. McGuire Says That They Are More Profitable than Beef Cattle.

Gives Facts and Figures to Prove His Statements That All Should Know.

"Raise dairy cows; they are the money makers which pay the mortgage off the farm and make the homesteader an independent farmer."

This was the text of an address delivered by A. J. McGuire, superintendent of the Northeast Experimental Farm at Grand Rapids, who spoke to a large number of farmers and their wives, Saturday evening, in the school house at Deer Lake, in Liberty township.

Professor McGuire had been invited to Deer Lake by R. C. Spooner, president of the Donald Land & Lumber company, for the purpose of consulting with the farmers of that vicinity as to the advisability of organizing a farmers' co-operative creamery company and building a creamery.

Mr. McGuire arrived at Wilton from Grand Rapids in the afternoon and was met at the depot by Donald Spooner, son of R. C. Spooner, and taken by a team to the spacious Spooner home on the banks of Deer Lake.

The public meeting was called to order in the school house at 8 o'clock, and the farmers and their wives filled every available seat, many standing at the rear in the hallway.

Donald Spooner acted as chairman of the meeting.

The audience sang "America," after which Mr. Spooner spoke briefly of the success which has attended the efforts of Clearwater county farmers in dairying and establishing and maintaining creameries, then introducing Superintendent McGuire who was given a hearty reception.

Mr. McGuire stated that he did not care to be introduced as a "professor"—in fact, he would rather not be.

The speaker stated that he had come before them for the purpose of demonstrating to the farmers present that dairying was by far the most remunerative farming in which to engage. What he was about to tell had been engaged from actual experience on the state agricultural farm. He had found different conditions in the northeastern part of the state where he was located (at Grand Rapids) than prevailed in St. Paul. He had worked steadily for two years on the northeastern experiment farm, and he was now prepared to combat the statement made by any man to the effect that we in the northeastern part of the state have not as good farming country as is to be found anywhere in Minnesota.

Mr. McGuire deplored the fact that men were moving away from this sandy soil with the impression that it was valueless for agricultural purposes. Look at the crops on the experimental farm, where the soil was practically the same kind of sand; he was proud of the crops there. A poor farmer will fail on sandy soil in about five years, and some kind of an agriculturist will fail in from ten to fifteen years on clay soil—it was all in the farmer and the method he used. A poor farmer will fail anywhere.

"There are more mortgages on the farms in the Red River Valley today than there are on the farms in Clearwater county," said Mr. McGuire. And the speaker attributed that fact to the poor farming of the Red River Valley farmers. Over west they crop too much in rotation; while in Clearwater county the farmers are engaging in dairying and were making a success of their creameries.

Mr. McGuire pleaded with those present not to adopt raising beef cattle, as there was absolutely no profit in the undertaking. He believed that the beef critter was a detriment to the county. It costs as much to produce a pound of dressed beef as it does to produce a pound of butter. Beef sold for 5 cents per pound; butter for 25 cents per pound. At this ratio, the same labor on butter will produce five times as much money as beef.

According to Mr. McGuire, the beef industry is practically controlled by a very few men—they could be counted on the fingers of one hand. The dairy industry was controlled by the farmers themselves, and that class of "agriculturists" were the most independent people on earth.

As showing the bad results of cropping the farm continuously to grains, Mr. McGuire cited the great change that had taken place in southern Minnesota, where but a few years ago, comparatively, the farmers were slaving raising wheat which finally produced but five and six bushels to the acre—the land had been cropped out. The farmers finally turned to dairying as a last resort to recuperate their lost fortunes—and the results had been wonderful. Now, the average farmer of southern Minnesota is independently rich—all of which had been brought about by intelligent dairying.

"The dairy cow is the most productive animal known," said Mr. McGuire. He has kept records on the experimental farm, noting the number of pounds of milk produced by each cow at the farm, and he was greatly pleased with the results.

Mr. McGuire said that he had improved the sandy soil at the farm by manuring. All the land should be manured at least once every four years, and oftener was much better. Every farmer should have cows enough to manure his land.

In the matter of cows, Mr. McGuire told his hearers that it was not absolutely necessary to have pure bred stock. He had brought common cows for the experimental farm, and had given them the proper feed and pasturage, and kept their records as milk producers.

Each of these common cows had produced 3,000 pounds of milk a year; being 279 pounds each of butter, which he had sold at 25 cents per pound at Grand Rapids, realizing [illegible] on butter for each cow.

Relative to the care given his cows, Mr. McGuire stated that he usually put them in the barn about the first of October of each year and kept them well housed until near May 1.

The speaker estimated that the cost of keeping each cow was about $31, netting $38 clear profit.

This was possible with any cow; and Mr. McGuire told of the purchase of a cow called "[illegible]"—a common cow—for $40. The first year the cow gave [illegible] pounds of milk, making [illegible] pounds of butter, which was sold for [illegible]. The cost of maintaining the cow was [illegible], leaving a net profit of [illegible]. Last year the cow had produced [illegible] pounds of butter, bringing [illegible]. The cost of feeding was [illegible], leaving a net profit of [illegible].

There was a vast difference in cows, said Mr. McGuire, and every owner of a cow should keep a record of each cow. The best dairy cow was the animal with good depth through the center—making a good "manufactory" for the feed. This should be supplemented by an angular neck, and sloping hind quarters.

This class of animal would readily convert feed into milk. Get common cows and secure a grade of pure-bred sire. This will give splendid results.

The speaker advised his hearers not to keep more cows than he could easily grow food for. Four or five dairy cows, well cared for, were much more profitable than Jack-pine farming. But keep improving the herd.

Mr. McGuire extolled the virtues of clover as a desirable crop to raise on land for food, illustrating its power to transfer fertility from the land. He showed that if clover was raised and fed to cows, a ton of butter would net $500 and the net fertility lost to the soil in raising the clover would be 30 cents. He also advocated the raising of root crops and fodder corn for feed. Five tons of roots would produce as much milk as one ton of bran and shorts. The bran and shorts would cost $25 per ton, and the roots $7. Carrots and mangles were also good food.

In feeding, no more should be given to the cows than they will clean up nicely. In feeding grain, at the experimental farm, Mr. McGuire feeds to each cow two-fifths of the number of pounds of grain to the number of pounds of milk the cow produced. Three pounds of milk would be produced for one pound of feed. Roots would cut the feed in two if fed to the cows.

"The farmer who attempts to farm without a cow will fail. The cow pays off the mortgage, and is the best asset a farmer can possess."

Mr. McGuire advocated the organization of co-operative creamery companies among the farmers, and cited the great success which had at once attended the creamery project at Bagley and elsewhere in Clearwater county.

The farmers present at the meeting were questioned as to the number of cows that were owned within a radius of Deer Lake. Mr. McGuire told his hearers that he would not advise them to start a creamery unless they had 3000 cows in the territory mentioned. It was agreed that there were not that number of cows in the immediate vicinity. He said that a good creamery would cost in the neighborhood of $3,000, and the expense of running the same would be $4 per day, with the creamery making 50 lbs. of butter per day being 8 cents per pound with the expense of butter per pound decreasing as the amount produced increased.

A general discussion of the situation followed, and it was decided that it was not advisable to start a creamery project at present, but that an organization should be formed for the purpose of working up interest in the dairy industry and for the general bettering of the conditions of the farmer in that portion of Beltrami county.

The following were elected as the first officers of the organization: Donald Spooner, president; Ole Jacobson, vice president; Louis Hanson, secretary.

One of the objects of the new association will be to devise a means for getting better prices for what cream is produced.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon. George Elder.

BIG MILL IS BURNED

Shevlin-Mathieu Mill at Spooner Destroyed by Fire Last Week.

Loss Is Estimated at $225,000 and Insurance to the Amount of $113,000 Carried.

The Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber Co's. big saw mill at Spooner was destroyed last week by fire. A blaze was first seen at the northwest part of the mill near the log slip and is thought to have originated from sparks from a burner. Owing to the wind blowing strongly from the northeast the firemen were unable to check the flames before the main part of the mill was destroyed. However, the fire was under control before the lumber piles caught and by hard fighting the planer mill, office and the company's house near the mill were saved from the flames. The estimated loss is $225,000, with insurance amounting to $118,000.

The burning of the mill now in the middle of the cutting season is a serious blow to the lumber company as well as the towns of Baudette and Spooner as it will throw several hundred men out of employment. Many predictions are being made as to what the company will do in the matter of replacing the mill. The big saw mill at Rainy River, just across the river, is controlled by the same company, and as it has been lying idle part of this cutting season some predict that it will be moved across. In that event however the company would be compelled to pay four dollars per thousand export duty on all Canadian logs which would amount to several thousand dollars each year. If the company decide to cut their American logs at the Rainy River mill it will make Canadian lumber, and as their principal market for lumber is in the states, they would be forced to pay duty. Their representatives are still in the market for timber which leads the public to believe that the mill will be replaced.

St. Hilaire Won.

St. Hilaire creamery butter scored the highest out of a total of five entries with with Thief River Falls a close second. The following is the list given by the judges at the county fair Thursday:

St. Hilaire	95
Thief River Falls	94½
Sandridge	93
Kratka	92½
Thief River Falls	92
Highlanding	91½
St. Hilaire	90

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

If you knew all that we know about the way Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are made, we couldn't sell you any other clothes; nobody could; you wouldn't have anything else.

Every time you see the name of Hart Schaffner & Marx in a garment, you know that it's all-wool; that the style is correct; that the tailoring is as good as it can be. You know that everything about the clothes is guaranteed to be right; and that means that you shall think it right; your satisfaction guaranteed, not ours or somebody else's. We'd like to get you into Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes this Fall; it will be as good a thing for you as for us.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes, Crossett Shoes & Gordon Hats.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

That hacking cough continues
Because your system is exhausted and your powers of resistance weakened.
Take *Scott's Emulsion.*
It builds up and strengthens your entire system.
It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.00
Oats	43c
Flax	$1.22
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

D. Collins was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

W. J. LaBree was up to Strathcona Tuesday.

Dr. Newell was up to Middle River Tuesday.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

Ole Brovick was in from Kratka the first of the week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

For snaps in city property see Hager' the land man.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager' the Land man.

Sunday School in the Synod church next Sunday at 9 a. m.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Clerk of Court, C. W. Johnson, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Sunday.

E. P. Hamre, of Detroit, was in the city last week visiting his father, P. P. Hamre.

Swen Alfred Swenson, of Kratka, left Monday for the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

Services in the Lutheran Church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30. All welcome I. T. Astad.

Mrs Claus Ostby and Mrs. K. Skibstad, of Halstead, visited friends in the city last week.

Ole Askland and Miss Emma Dahle, both of Highlanding, were married in this city last week.

Mrs. A. C. Gudim arrived in the city last Saturday, and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Andrew Lang.

Mrs. W. J. La Bree and children left last week for Duluth to spend a month visiting with friends.

The El-Ko cigar now leads all others. Try one. Manufactured here in Thief River Falls by F. C. Niclai.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Norton, arrived in the city last week, to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton.

Bert Forder came over from Virginia last week to visit old friends for a few days. He returned Monday.

Hon. Henry Feig, of Atwater, was in the city yesterday.

Misses Hettie and Gertie Schroeder, of Crookston, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Phil Zeh last week.

Dr. Molby and Hugo Anderson were over to Warren Tuesday in the former's automobile to attend the fair.

Anton Jensen left last Saturday for Nome, N. D., where he will work during the fall running a threshing rig.

No experiment about baking when you use Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts—They never disappoint.

Miss Eleanor Lewis, from Sheldon, N. Dak. is enjoying a visit with her uncle Chas. Thompson for a months duration.

The Marshall county fair is now being held at Warren this week. A large number from this city are in attendance.

Charles Shirley last week sold his dray team and driving horse to Bert Forder. The latter shipped them to Virginia Monday.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

H. A. Loken left Saturday on a business trip to the western part of North Dakota. He expects to be absent several days.

N. M. Anderson, of the town of Reiner, left the first of the week for the harvest fields of North Dakota to remain until after harvest.

Little Evelyn Tessum entertained a number of her little friends at her home last Saturday afternoon. All present had a good time.

The ladies Aid of the Synod church will meet with Mrs. J. J. Weeks in the church basement to-day. Every one cordially invited.

The members of the Thief River Falls band and their sweethearts enjoyed a picnic up the Thief River Sunday. All report a most enjoyable time.

Col. George W. Harris, who recently sold the Evelyn hotel, left Monday evening for St. Paul. He has not decided upon a future location.

Fr. Adolph was up to Highlanding Sunday and held services. He reports that crops on the reservation are looking fine and predicts a large yield.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Mrs. Torgerson received word the first of the week that her pension had been increased from $8 to $12 per month. Her husband was a civil war veteran.

Miss Agnes Kelly arrived in the city the first of the week to visit with old friends for several days. She is now one of the teachers in the Beltrami county schools.

W. J. Kelley, one of the old timers of this section who is now located on a homestead up near Kellihor, was in the city the first of the week visiting old friends.

At the Primaries September 15, 1908,

VOTE FOR

HARRY E. IVES

Red Lake County's candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative.

Endorsed by Republican county convention.

Pledged to no interest save home interests.

Audley Caldwell left Tuesday for Devils Lake, N. D.

Mrs. John Torrison left yesterday for Maddock, N. D. to visit friends.

H. H. Finrow, the Plummer merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

O. Tessum went down to Crookston last evening to attend to business matters.

Rev. T. Graef, of James, S. Dak. spent the latter part of the week with Rev. F. Seitz.

Miss Annie Burns came down from Middle River Tuesday to spend a few weeks.

Dr. Heiber left Tuesday evening for Iowa to spend several days visiting with friends.

Katie White, a colored lady who follows up the carnival company was fined $1 and costs last Saturday morning by Judge Bishop for being intoxicated.

Mrs. John F. Matheson daughter of the late Martin Lillemoen arrived in the city last Saturday from Big Sandy, Mont. to visit friends and relatives for a few weeks.

The Young Peoples Society of the Synod church meets Wednesday Aug. 19 at 8 p. m. with Mrs. Ben Erickson. All our young people are most cordially invited.

I have a client who has some money to loan on first mortgage real estate security, either City or Country, at reasonable rates of interest. G. Halvorson, Attorney-at Law.

Harry Hunter, who was here with the carnival company last week, stole a coat from B. Dan Bjorkman's place. He was discovered and Judge Bishop gave him 30 days in the county jail.

Miss Randena Rockney, formerly clerk in the postoffice here, but now located at Grand Forks, arrived in the city Monday and left that day for Germantown near where her parents reside.

Wanted—A teacher by the 1st of September for a three month's term by district No. 55, town of Silverton, Red Lake county. State wages wanted Apply to Frank J. Staska, Mavie, Minn.

Paul Sauter, who with his parents used to reside five miles west of town, was in the city last week, being enroute from New Jersey to the present home of his parents up near Prince Albert, Canada.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

For Sale—A twenty-five horse power threshing machine outfit. Complete and in first class condition. Will trade for cattle. For further particulars call at this office of address postoffice box 8, Middle River, Minn.

Hon. Andrew Peterson and wife, of Wheaton, arrived in the city last Saturday and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. P. O'Neill. Mr. Peterson and Mr. O'Neill served together in the state legislature and are old friends.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson, who delivered the address at the fair grounds last Friday, remained in the city until Saturday evening visiting with friends. Congressman Steenerson is a favorite in this city and has a large number of friends here.

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Thief River Falls Sunday evening at 7:15. Rev. A. H. Hunt, of St. Paul, Vice Treasurer of the district will preach. The parochial school will not be conducted at Germantown next Saturday. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

C. A. Swanson, who has been teaching school at Middle River and other places in this section, leaves Saturday for Alaska to enter the government employ and will have charge of one of the government Indian schools up there. He has signed a contract to stay eighteen months.

The government estimates the spring wheat crop this year at 80.7 as compared with the previous ten years average of 82.7. The condition of corn is placed at 82.5 as against a ten-year average of 83.1 If this proves correct the crop this year will be just a little below an average crop for the past ten years.

The public ownership party has placed three candidates in the field in Polk county. They are: G. W. Barth, of the town of Liberty, for commissioner; A. Erwin, of Beltrami, for Judge of probate; Hans B. Holmvik, of Beltrami, for sheriff. Mr. Holmvik makes the tenth candidate that aspires to be sheriff of Polk county.

Civil Engineer Pederson, of the Soo line, accompanied by P. Swenson, the Minneapolis contractor, passed through the city Monday morning, being enroute west on the Wheatline. Although these gentlemen would give out no information, it is quite evident that the Soo is figuring on building some extensions from the Wheatline.

Mr. and Mrs John O'Day and children, of Grand Rapids, Wis., stopped off in Thief River Falls Saturday evening to spend a few days visiting old friends. Mr. O'Day was formerly one of the stockholders of the Thief River Falls Lumber company and at the time the mill was built here was the superintendent of the company's business in this section. He and his family were just returning from a pleasure trip to the Pacific coast points and Alaska.

E. M Hoff, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Albert Arntz left the first of the week for Northwood, N. D., to take in the harvest.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

B. P. Hvlding, who had been visiting with old friends in Norman county, returned this week.

The young peoples society of the united church meets at O. Gulerud Thursday eve Aug. 13. All invited.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Voss next Wednesday afternoon.

Lost—A black leather bag at the fair grounds last week. Finder please return to Jeweler Anderson and receive reward.

Charles Schuster, who is working on the Arpin dredge up near Orleans, came down Tuesday to visit with his family for a few days.

Albert Lonson, cashier of the State Bank of Pekin, N. D., arrived in the city Tuesday and will visit with old friends for a few days.

Dr. and Mrs. Bockman left yesterday morning for Minneapolis in their automobile. They expect to arrive at their destination this evening.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies Aid Society will meet with Miss Augusta Johnson on Monday, August 17 at 3 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited.

Ed O'Hara, the drayman, had the misfortune to bruise his foot quite severely Tuesday evening while driving the Hotel Evelyn bus and will be laid up for several days.

L. M. Hoag and family left the first of the week for Dent to spend several days camping out. Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Bagley will join them today and will remain until the middle of next week.

Supt. H. T. McAnulty, who has filed for the Republican nomination for the office of county superintendent of schools was in the city yesterday interviewing the voters. Mr. McAnulty has been superintendent of schools in this county for four years and is a candidate for re-election.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Candidate for the Legislature.

A. J. Hilden, of Oslo, was in the city this week, returning from a trip to Roseau county where he had been looking after his interests as a candidate for the state legislature. Mr. Hilden is one of the early settlers of the valley, having come here in 1879. He went to Grand Forks in 1885, where he worked in D. W. Luke's hardware store until 1896, when he established a store at Granville and became the postmaster. When the Soo railway came through he moved his store into Oslo and continued in the hardware business. Here he has been elected president of the council three times in succession, is vice president of the First State Bank and the postmaster of the place. Hence it is seen that he stands well at home and is a man of character and influence. He is now making a campaign for the legislature and meeting with much encouragement all over the district.

Premium List Next Week.

Next week the News will publish a complete list of the premiums awarded by the Red Lake County Agricultural Society at the fair held in this city last week.

Peter Newman Robbed.

Some unknown thief stole a pair of pants, watch and about $18 in money from Peter Newman last Thursday evening. Mr. Newman was serving lunch in a tent on North Main avenue during the fair and went to bed that evening in the tent. He put his pants under his pillow and during the night felt the hauling them out. He at once gave chase, but was not fast enough for the rogue.

Picnic.

The Young Peoples Society of the Synod church will have a picnic next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 at C. Falks farm, about 1½ miles south of town. A short program will be rendered. Refreshments will be served. The public young and old is most cordially invited.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Superintendent of schools at the coming primaries, and respectfully solicit your vote and support.

Yours truly,
O. A. Naplin.

AT THE BIJOU.

The management takes great pleasure in announcing for the last half of this week, "Damon and Pythias", a historical drama of Sicily's loyal senators. The most magnificent spectacular scenes ever staged. Understand, this is something so different, something that is instructive as well as beautiful. This story is taken from the historical legend, "Damon and Pythias", who lived in Syracuse, in Sicily before the christian era. It appeals to people of every social life as well as the "Knights of Pythias", and all allied societies. They are appreciated by the children for their richness and beauty, and by the elders because of their faithful delineation of one of the grandest friendships in all history.

Song—"I wish I Had a Girl."

Get in a Car Load of Print.

—A car load of print paper was delivered to the two newspapers of Thief River Falls yesterday. This is the first car load of print paper ever delivered in any town north of Crookston, and proves that the Thief River Falls papers have circulation.

Stole $200 Worth.

Phil Zeh's residence was broken into last Thursday afternoon while the family was up at the fair grounds and watches, Jewelry, money and relics to the value of $200 were taken. There is no clue as to who did the job.

Highlanding.

Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan made a trip to Thief River Falls to take in the fair.

Mr. Alfred Swanson left for the Dakota harvest field last Saturday.

Mr. Peter Hunstad received a new binder to begin his harvest.

Miss Katherine Dunn has completed Summer School and returned home Saturday.

The Misses May, and Stell Arndt, and Gardo McMahon were visitors into Goodridge Sunday.

Mr. Ole Espland, one of our popular Highlanding men was married to Miss Emma Dale last Wednesday in Thief River Falls.

Rev. Father Adolph held services at Henry Arndts Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam McMahon and Peter Hunstad were callers at Kratka and Brunkeberg Sunday.

Rocksbury.

Most of the farmers took in the fair last week.

Mr. Moller, caught a porcupine last Monday evening.

Miss May Miller returned home Wednesday after spending two months with friends and relatives in Decorah and Osage Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Meehan entertained a company from town last Sunday.

Misses Lila Jackson, Esther and Edith Wilson spent Sunday with Abbie Miller.

Hannah and Jenny Bakken spent Sunday at Brevicks.

Syverin Nelson purchased two bronchoes recently.

Miss Hannah Gustafson entertained a company from town last Sunday.

Miss Esther Hanson spent Wednesday afternoon with Edna Miller.

You Can't Get Around It.

because it is an established fact that we can clean a waist, a dress, a suit of clothing or any article of your wearing apparel that you wish to renovate so that it looks like new. Bring us any garment that you have discarded and let us clean or dye it for you and you will give it a new lease of life when done at

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

WAITING FOR A RAILROAD

Frank Lyons, of Tamarack, Has Great Hopes for the Future.

Believes That Two Lines of Railroads Will Soon Pass by His Door.

The following taken from the Bemidji Pioneer refers to a man well known to all residents of Thief River Falls: Sitting in the front door of his neat and commodious log home at the mouth of the Tamarack where that stream flows into the east arm of upper Red Lake, eighteen miles north of the Village of Kellihor, Frank Lyon, called the "mayor of Tamarack," complacently contemplates his platted townsite and dreams of the time (which he believes is not far distant) when two lines of railroad will be built northward through his property in their extension to the Canadian boundary in Beltrami county, making of Lyon's home a railway center, with much profit to him and his associates.

Frank Lyon is one of the rare characters of northern Minnesota. At one time (about fifteen years ago, he was a prominent resident of a certain town in Michigan, where he owned much property and was a power politically and socially. Lyon does not speak often of his former life, but it is known that his condition changed and Lyon moved to northern Minnesota, taking up his abode at Thief River Falls, where he was employed by a lumber company. Being an experienced woodsman and logger, he soon had a prominent position with the company, much of his time being spent on Red Lake.

About eleven years ago Lyon took up a claim of 160 acres at the mouth of the Tamarack river, bordering on the eastern arm of the upper Red Lake. He proved up on his claim, which embraces both sides of the river at that point, and he also afterwards acquired 100 acres, adjoining his homestead.

And here the "mayor of Tamarack" has lived, in comparative solitude, for eleven years. The life has been not altogether a lonely one, as during the past five or six years settlers have taken claims adjoining Lyon "up river," and they are frequent visitors at the Lyon home.

Indians have come to regard Lyon with considerable respect and not a little fear, as the latter will not tolerate any of their "cutting up" in the vicinity of his home. Lyon is the appointed guardian of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's interests at the mouth of the Tamarack, and he will not allow the Indians to go up the river on their hunting expeditions, unless it is during the open season, and the reds are in too much fear of the old gentleman to disobey his orders.

When the Minnesota & International railway was built from Brainerd north to Bemidji and thence onward to Funkley and Kellihor, rumor had it that the road would be continued on to the International boundary line, extending in almost a straight line northward from Kellihor, veering somewhat at the east end of Red Lake, so that the line would pass directly through Lyon's claim, at the Tamarack River. In fact, a survey of the proposed road was made along these lines, and the road would have been comparatively easy of construction. However, the road has never been constructed north of Kellihor; but there have been persistent rumors of late that the road will undoubtedly be built.

Another rumor, which Lyon thinks is feasible, is the extension of the Minneapolis, Red Lake & Manitoba railway (which extends only from Bemidji to Redby) along the southern shore of lower Red Lake from its present terminus at Redby to Battle river, thence northeasterly to Shotley and Tamarack, and paralleling the M. & I. extention northward towards Baudette and Spooner.

The building of these rumored extension of railroads would undoubtedly make a town of considerable importance at Tamarack, where the land is located in such a favorable manner as to admit of desirable property for railway purposes. Hence, the satisfaction of the "mayor of Tamarack."

Frank Lyon is one of the ideal settlers of the northern woods. No stranger ever enters his home who is not given the best the house affords, and the "lord of the manor" is [illegible] itself. Many a poor homesteader who lives in the Shotley and Tamarack country has reason to remember the generosity and kindness of Frank Lyon.

Lyon is [illegible] years of age, and was born at Corning, N. Y. He is a man of splendid physique and despite his advanced years is hale and hearty, and can withstand the rigors of a long walk in the woods or a hard days work on the logs with the best of younger timbermen and homesteaders who live in the Red Lake country.

A. E. [illegible], a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff, was in the city Tuesday shaking hands with the voters.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE THRONE OF LUXEMBERG

What Mr. Louis Appleton Has to Say Concerning the Succession of the Grand Dukedom in Case of Death.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

In the English journal, "Contemporary Review," there is an article from the pen of Mr. Lewis Appleton, in which he indulges in a discussion of the question of the throne succession in the grand dukedom of Luxemburg The present grand duke, Wilhelm Alexander, who was born in 1852, has no son, but only six daughters. In the event that he should die without any son the Luxemberg dynasty (house of Nassau) will become extinct on the male side of the family. In such an event it would seem that the oldest daughter of Grand Duke Wilhelm would inherit the Luxemberg throne but Mr. Appleton evidently thinks different, for he says: "The throne succession in the grand duchy of Luxemberg will, when Wilhelm, the present grand duke (whose health is in a very precarious condition) dies, fall to the oldest son of Princess Sofia of Nassau the late King Oscar's widow, viz., the present king of Sweden, Gustaf V.' Should this prove to be true, we may still live to see a personal union between Sweden and Luxemberg.

Mathilda Roos, the well known Swedish author, died July 17 at her villa near Stocksund. Mathilda Roos was one of Sweden's most well known and learned woman authors and has during her day had a great literary career. Her first effort was "Marianne," which appeared in 1881, and was followed by a whole series of novels and stories, among which the following have proven the most popular: "Autumn Storms," "Spring Storms," "Hard vs. Hard," "The Verle Family," "Saul of Tarsus," "Chimeras," "The Sagas of the Deep," "The Unseen," "Stories and Sketches" and "Lifsbilder." A number of her stories have been translated into the German and Norwegian and a few of them have also been translated into the English. Mathilda Roos was born in Stockholm in 1852.

Selma Lagerlof, Sweden's foremost woman writer, was recently made an honorary member of Dalarnes Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. A deputation from the society presented her with an address of thanks for her activity in behalf of their cause and for the good accomplished through her book, "Nils Holgerson's Wonderful Journeys." Miss Lagerlof is the author of "Jerusalem" in two volumes, which has been translated into not less than six different languages, and which has been so widely read in England, Germany and France.

The city fathers have come to the conclusion that the police of the city are too warmly dressed and there is now a movement on foot to secure them lighter uniforms, an imitation of an army uniform, which will be blue in color. About twenty sample uniforms have been thus far given out and if found satisfactory, the whole department will soon be fitted out with these uniforms.

Andrew Carnegie, who was to have paid Sweden a visit this summer, has in a letter to a friend in Gothenburg stated that he cannot hope to visit his many friends in Sweden, but that he will surely come next summer if his health will allow it. Andrew Carnegie is a relative of the Carnegies in Gothenburg, who are one of the wealthiest families in the country.

Labor conditions in Stockholm are at present in a deplorable condition. Over 80 per cent of the electricians are without work and even the breweries have been constrained to let several hundred men out of work. The hard times have hit all the industries and if times do not pick up very soon, the whole country is going to receive a very serious setback.

President Fallieres departed from Stockholm a week ago last Sunday with the torpedo cruiser "Cassini" for Reval, where he was scheduled to join the Russian czar. His reception in Sweden was of a hearty character and the distinguished guest spoke words of praise regarding Sweden and her democratic king.

The crownprince's sojourn in England has been very beneficial to him and it is reported that his health has been fully restored. He will remain in England for another fortnight and will then journey to the highlands of Scotland, where he contemplates spending at least a month.

The reparation of Drottningholm palace has progressed so slowly that the royal family will not be in a position to occupy the apartments there at all this season. The imposing old palace has therefore at the present time a very dilapidated appearance.

The King and Queen of Denmark, accompanied by a number of members of the Danish royal family, spent a week during the latter part of last month in Helsingborg as the guest of the Duke and Duchess of [illegible] on Sofiero.

A telegram from Vienna states that King Gustaf will be among those who will be present in Vienna to tender his respects to Emperor Francis Joseph during his sixtieth jubilee anniversary which will be held there in the near future.

A Copenhagen dispatch states that Sweden and Denmark have formed a pact, agreeing to co-operate in the event of war.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says one of our exchanges: "A dispatch from Paris says that certain Norwegians there proclaimed the fact that Norway will soon follow the lead of France and change from a monarchy to a republic. "That would," continues the exchange, "be interesting if true, but such statements will not be considered seriously in Norway. It is doubtless true that a very large percentage of the people would prefer a republic to a monarchy, but it is equally true that the people are well satisfied with the present government. King Haakon has proven himself a very good king already. He is clearheaded and sensible, does not over-estimate his own importance or that of his office, is democratic and kind, and has won the affection of the people. Then too, the fact that King Haakon and Queen Maud are so intimately related to the royal houses of Europe and enjoy the sincere friendship of King Edward, would cause the people of Norway to hesitate before demanding his abdication. So it is quite certain that Norway will not become a republic so long as King Haakon is alive."

A new and direct steamship line for passenger traffic between Norway and America is planned in connection with the new Bergen railway. The company, which has a capital of 10,000,000 crowns, will build two new steamers of 10,000 tonnage respectively, and it is calculated that they will be ready early net spring. There is also some talk of a Scandinavian-Russian steamship trust, in which former Premier Michelsen is said to be the leading spirit.

The Norbeck Circus company, which is the largest of its kind in Sweden and Norway, is at present giving a series of performances in Trondhjem. Their performances are very much patronized and just now during the exhibition in the aforementioned city they are doing a land office business.

The coast steamer "Bakkelaget" was a week ago last Friday run over by the steamer "Gothenburg" and cut in two amidship, sinking within a few minutes. About twenty persons were drowned. Tweney-three were picked up by the crew of the "Gothenburg."

While paying a visit to Trondhjem recently King Haakon made it a point to visit the exposition every day. He familiarized himself with every part of the big exhibition and seemed deeply interested in everything that was going on.

The fishing schooner Rolf of Aalesund was stranded not long ago on the southern coast of Iceland. So far as known there was no loss of life. The schooner left Christiania for Iceland during the early part of June.

Work is progressing nicely on the Dovre railway. The city council in Trondhjem has donated 1,000,000 crowns towards its building, so that the future of this new railroad venture is now practically vouchsafed.

The new theological seminary that is to be established at Christiania will be opened Sept. 3, 1908. Professor Sigurd Odland will be one of the instructors and several prominent pastors will also join the faculty.

About one hundred Austrian teachers and professors are at present enjoying a tour through Norway. They are all enthused with Norwegian scenery.

The Christiania Home Mission society arranged for a picnic for 300 old folks July 9. Nearly all those who attended were over seventy years old.

The famous Swedish Luttemen Sextette with Ollie Torbett are giving a series of open-air concerts at the Nygaardspark in Bergen at present.

The scenic equipment which has just been put in shape in the new Bergen theater is valued at 31,600 crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

There is a great demand for horses in the country at present. There was a time when Denmark exported horses, but now she finds herself in a position where she has to import them instead. In 1906 Denmark exported 20,000 horses; in 1905 25,000, and in 1907 only 20,000. But now matters have been completely reversed. The demand for horses in Denmark has been increasing owing to the fact that the tenants seem to need more of them than ever before. The country will this year import about 25,000 horses. The horses imported are mostly of a small type and as a rule are purchased by the tenants.

Denmark has an interesting fish exhibit at the Trondhjem Fisheries exhibition and several of the exhibitors are prize winners. Large delegations of Danes have been attending the exhibition at Trondhjem and many of them have taken advantage of the tourist rates and gone farther up the country.

The dairy, hog and chicken industries of the country are steadily increasing. The value of the export of eggs, pork and butter from Denmark during the first five months of the present year is no less than 5,000,000 crowns in excess of the shipments during the same period last year.

During the recent Olympian games over one hundred athletes participated in the athletic contests. The government appropriated 12,000 crowns to defray their expenses.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Every Bottle
of Hamm's Beer is just like every other bottle of Hamm's Beer, which means that a uniformly high quality is constantly maintained.
Hamm's
The Beer that "Leads Them All"
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
H. Hart, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch. Phone 54.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

General Merchandise.
We Also Keep Jewelry.
TELEPHONE, 170. LA BREE AVENUE.
Joe Giller
SAVES YOU MONEY.
He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.
Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar for a dollar.
Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of sugar for 50 cents.
Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.
" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.
" " peaches, 12c per lb.
" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.
Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.
Reduction on everything.
Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highest price
CASH BUSINESS ONLY.

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THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

The Democrats will hold their state convention at Minneapolis next Wednesday, August 19. Just whom the Democrats will nominate for governor seems to be an unknown matter, but no one in that party is anxious to run against Jacobson.

The legislative record of J. F. Jacobson, the Republican candidate for governor, is to be published and distributed among the voters of the state. Through the influence and work of Mr. Jacobson much legislation in the interests of the people has been placed upon the statute books of Minnesota, and, if he is elected governor, this state will have a sure enough reformer at the helm.

A good country road is always to be desired and is a source of comfort and convenience to every traveler. Good roads attracts population, as well as good schools and churches. Good roads improve the value of the property, so that it is said a farm lying five miles from market, connected by a bad road is of less value than an equally good farm lying ten miles away from market connected by a good road. A larger load can be drawn by one horse over a good road than by two over a bad one. Good roads encourage the greater exchange of products and commodities between one section and another.

GOOD ROADS IN FAVOR

Townships to the East of Us Are All Interested in the Matter of Good Roads.

Highlanding and Clover Leaf Vote Bonds and Goodridge to Follow Suit.

The voters of the town of Highlanding last week voted bonds to the amount of $3,000 for the purpose of buying a road grader and doing work upon the roads in this township. On Friday W. J. LaBree, of this city, representing the Russell Grader company went up and closed a deal with the board of supervisors of this township for the purchase of a grader. The machine is to be delivered at once and work upon the roads will be commenced at an early date.

Last Saturday the town of Clover Leaf voted bonds in the sum of $5,000 and this money is to be expended in grading a road on every section line running north and south in the township. A total of thirty miles of roads will be built and the work will all be done by contract.

Next week the town of Goodridge is going to vote upon the proposition of issuing bonds to build roads and do ditch work.

New Automobile Company.

The Thief River Falls Auto company is a new business venture organized by a number of Thief River Falls parties. The new company is going to deal in all kinds of automobile supplies and also has the agency for several different makes of automobiles. D. N. Winton is president of the new company, G. A. Penney is vice president and F. J. Stebbins is secretary and treasurer.

SOME TALK OF POLITICS

The Legislative Fight in This District Is Getting to Be a Warm One.

Few Candidates in the County and the Primary Vote Will Be Small.

The legislative fight in this district, composed of the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake is getting very warm. There are three candidates in the field—H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, Jens J. Opsahl and Henry Funkley, of Bemidji, and all were in Thief River Falls last week looking after their interests.

In Beltrami county the fight between Opsahl and Funkley is a very bitter one and from all that can be learned, the two will split about even in Beltrami and Clearwater counties, Mr. Funkley having the best of it in Beltrami county while Mr. Opsahl will come out ahead in Clearwater county. This makes Red Lake county a battle field, and both sides are pushing the fight over here with considerable vigor. If Red Lake county stood solid for Ives, there is no question but that he would win, but it looks as if the people here are going to split up the vote and the outcome will be a very doubtful one.

Nearly every resident of this section who has a friend in Beltrami county is in receipt of a letter almost daily asking that he support either Funkley or Opsahl and numerous residents of that county are not content with letters, but are coming over to do their work in person. Mayor J. P. Pogue, of Bemidji spent last Saturday in Thief River Falls and did a whole lot of personal work not so much in the interest of Opsahl as against the candidacy of Funkley. Mayor Pogue expresses his opinion in a very vigorous manner and says things that would cause people in Kentucky to fight, but up in this cool atmosphere it is not taken so seriously.

The vote in Red Lake county at the primaries is not liable to be very heavy this year, owing to the fact that there are going to be few candidates. Thus far the only contest is for the office of sheriff, although it is said that there will be two candidates for the Republican nomination for Judge of probate. The fight between Louis Nelson, the present sheriff, and A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, is going to be a close one and it is going to be hard to tell the outcome.

Herman F. Anderson, of the town of Sanders, the first of the week filed for the Republican nomination for the office of county superintendent of schools. H. T. McAnulty, who two years ago was elected as an independent, will again be a candidate, but it is not known whether or not he will file for the Republican nomination or run as an independent.

Of Mr. Anderson, nothing but good can be said. He came to what is now Red Lake county twenty years ago with his parents, who settled upon a homestead in the town of Sanders, and has made his home there since that time. He is a graduate of both the elementary and advanced course of the Moorhead State Normal school and is the possessor of a first grade certificate. He has had considerable experience in school work, having been principal of the village schools at Perley, Norman county, and also of the village schools of Burtrum, Todd county, and is in every manner well qualified for the office to which he aspires.

H. M. Hicks announces that he is going to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for county coroner at the primaries Sept. 15. The coroner's job is not a lucrative one and it is not probable that he will have opposition.

At present Wm. McGinty has the field all to himself for the Democratic nomination for sheriff, but there are rumors to the effect that a candidate from the southern end of the county is quite likely to enter the race.

No opposition to County Auditor John B. O'Brien has developed as yet. Mr. O'Brien has made a good official and certainly is entitled to re-election without opposition.

O. T. Tanberg is going to run for the office of county treasurer again and there is no announced opposition to him as yet.

Frank Jeffers spent last week in the city in the interests of his candidacy for the office of register of deeds. Mr. Jeffers says that he would like to get 300 out of the 400 votes that will be cast in this city in November, and figures that if he gets that number here he will be elected.

S. A. Swanson, of Red Lake Falls, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of probate judge this year. Mr. Swanson has run for office a number of times in the past, but always fell a few short of getting enough votes to elect him. His opponent, N. W. Tarrant, is a very competent and able official and it is not probable that the voters will want to make any change.

It is rumored that F. A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, is to run as an independent candidate for the office of county attorney. If Mr. Grady gets into the field and E. M. Stanton and Wilhelm Michelet, both of this city, run it will make rather a mix-up in the campaign for this office.

WILL BUILD THIS FALL

Crocker Corner on La Bree Avenue and Second Street to Be Built Up.

Building to Have a Frontage of 75 Feet on La Bree Avenue and 90 on Second Street.

Mrs. George Crocker accompanied by her daughter, Miss Florence, arrived in *the city Sunday from Los Angeles*, California, and will spend a few weeks here. Mrs. Crocker is the owner of the three lots on the southeast corner of LaBree avenue and Second street and is here for the purpose of looking after her property interests. These lots are all occupied by buildings, but they are very old and in poor repair.

Mrs. Crocker announces that her mission here is for the purpose of having these buildings removed and work will at once be commenced of erecting a modern two story brick structure upon this site. The building is to have a frontage of 75 feet on LaBree avenue and about 90 feet on Second street.

The basement is to be dug this fall and the foundation put in. If possible the the building will be completed this year, but it is hardly possible that a building of this size could be erected before it freezes up.

Adopted Resolutions.

The following resolutions, which speak for themselves, were adopted by the teachers attending the summer school here:

We the teachers of Red Lake county in training school assembled, do hereby adopt the following resolutions. First, Resolved: That we extend our thanks to Supt. of Public Instruction J. W. Olson for granting Red Lake County a Teachers' Training school.

Second, Resolved: That we thank Supt. H. T. McAnulty for his diligent work in making this school one of the best of it's kind in the state by securing for us instruction in agriculture and domestic science in addition to the usual course.

Third, Resolved: That we express to the conductor and the instructors our appreciation of their untiring efforts in our behalf both as a body ana as individuals.

Fourth, Resolved: That we also extend our thanks to Supt. J. H. Hay and the the Board of Education of Thief River Falls for their kindness in granting us the use of the H. S. Building and it's equipments.

Fifth, Resolved: That we express our gratitude to the citizens of Thief River Falls for their hospitality in opening to us their homes.

Sixth, Resolved: That these resolutions be published in the local papers.

Soo Not Affected.

Traffic officials of the Soo line state that their traffic had not been hampered by reason of the strike on the Canadian Pacific railroad nor did they fear any serious results from it. It is not thought at the Minneapolis office of the Soo line that there will not be a sympathetic strike of any kind and, if this would occur, it would probably not affect the railroads of the United States. Through an agreement with the trainmen of both the Canadian Pacific and Soo lines, the roads will be given thirty days' notice if there is any intention on the part of the men to strike.

Highlanding

(To late for last week)

The weather is fine & the haying is almost completed around here.

The Farmers Steamboat made a trip around the lake last week returning Friday.

Mrs. John Dunn was a passenger on the Farmers Steamboat to Thief River Falls Friday returning Sunday.

Mr. Sundahl Senior, is driving the Mail for a few days while Ole is resting up in the Hayfield.

The dance at Kratka Saturday evening, Aug. 1 was well attended, there is always room for a good time & every one enjoys himself.

Mr. & Mrs. Anton Jensen of Thief River Falls were visitors at Henry Arndts Sunday.

Mr. Jensen was looking over the land & thinks he will locate here in the near future.

SOO LINE

KOOL KLEAN KOMFORTABLE JOURNEYS

East -- North -- West

From St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$60.00 PACIFIC COAST AND RETURN.

$41.35 BOSTON AND RETURN.

$43.35 PORTLAND, ME. AND RETURN.

$36.00 MONTREAL AND RETURN.

Corresponding Rates From All Soo Line Stations.

Via Mountain Stream or Sea.

Delightful Rail and Lake Trips.

Ask the Agents or Address

W. R. CALLAWAY,
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Straw Hats One-Half Price.

WILSON'S

Straw Hats One-Half Price.

End of the Season Sale

To close out one season's purchases before the coming of those of another is a time honored custom. To do this and do it quickly we offer our complete stock of medium and light weight clothing, hats, shoes and furnishings at savings from 25 to 40 per cent. of the regular price. Note regular and sale prices:

Men's Suits.

We Have Bunched All Suits in Four Classes.

$28.00
25.00 Suits, now 17.50
22.00

Regular		Sale
$28.00 25.00 22.00	Suits, now	17.50
$20.00 18.00 16.00	Suits, now	13.50
$15.00 14.00 13.50	Suits, now	10.50
$12.50 10.00 9.00	Suits, now	6.90

Hats.

Twenty-five Dozen Soft Hats in Prevailing Shades and Shape.

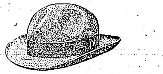

Regular $3 values,	$1.90
$2.09 and $250 hats, all shapes,	$1.50
$1.75 and $1.50 hats, all shapes	98c
$1.00, 75c and 50c caps, all shapes.	38c

Shoes.

Both High and Low Cuts.

$4.00	kind,	$3.15
3.50	"	2.90
3.00	"	2.25
2.50	"	1.90

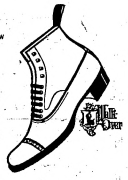

Tennis shoes at one-half price.

Men's and Boys' Shirts.

$3.50, $3.00 and $2.50 shirts, negligee or banded, collars attached,	$1.90
$2.00, $1.75 and $1.50 shirts,	98c
$1.25 and $1.00 shirts	69c
75c and 50c shirts	38c

Underwear.

$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 garments, silk and wool or all wool,	$1.75
$1.75 and $1.50 garments,	$1.15
$1.25 ank $1.00 garments,	69c
75c ann 50c garments,	38c

Boys' Suits.

Long and Short Pants Styles.

12.00	Suits	for	7.60
10.00	"	"	6 90
18.00	"	"	5.50
6.00	"	"	4.00
5.00	"	"	3.75
4.00	"	"	2.75
3.00	"	"	2.25

Men's Trousers.

5.00	kind	for	3.75
4.50	"	"	3.25
4.00	"	"	3.00
3.50	"	"	2.75
3.00	"	"	2.10
2.50	"	"	1.65
2.00	"	"	1.50
1.50	"	"	1.15

The power of cash was never more forcibly illustrated than in this present sale. Make your dollar do the service of $1.50 or more by coming to this sale.

ONLY TWO WEEKS!

AUGUST 13 TO 27.

WILSON CLOT'ING CO

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ENDS HIS OWN LIFE

John G. Lund, the Land Man, Suicides at Minneapolis.

PUTS BULLET IN HIS BRAIN

Business Difficulties and Grief Over Death of Wife Cause of Despondency.

John G. Lund of Minneapolis, one of the most prominent real estate men in the Northwest, committed suicide in his private office in that city. He shot himself in the head directly behind the right ear. Death followed almost instantly. Business difficulties, grief over the death about a year ago of his wife and a general impairment of his own health are believed to have induced despondency that led to Mr. Lund's act of self-destruction. Since his wife's death, his friends say, he had never ceased to mourn. Money losses, too, had troubled him seriously. Negotiations made by several of his agents proved to be fraudulent, it is said, and he had been called upon to square all the deals. This caused his fortune, which was at one time estimated at several hundred thousand dollars, to diminish rapidly and creditors were besieging him from every side. Several cases had been settled without litigation, but it is believed that he could have gone no further without declaring himself a bankrupt.

Mr. Lund was about forty years old. He was born at Rushford, this state. After attending school he removed to Canby, where he eventually engaged in the land business. He went to Minneapolis in 1901 and opened a big land business. He was elected to the legislature in 1904 and after a term in the legislature was mentioned for governor. He had serious thoughts of running for a time, but withdrew before the convention.

Motive for Suicide Revealed.

The First National bank of Belle Plaine and the State bank at Robbinsdale, of each of which the late John G. Lund of Minneapolis was the largest stockholder, have closed their doors. The day before Lund committed suicide he was told by National Bank Examiner Frank O. Hicks that the Belle Plaine bank was insolvent and must be closed, and the motive of the suicide is made plain. The Robbinsdale bank is not insolvent. It is a state institution.

RESULT OF RECEIVERSHIP

Manager of Pillsbury-Washburn Company Resigns.

Henry L. Little, president and manager of the Pillsbury-Washburn Milling company of Minneapolis for the last nine years, is to sever his connection with the management of the business as a result of the receivership. Little's resignation was tendered two weeks ago and it is understood to have been accepted by the board of directors without delay. The receivers are now in control of the property.

Little has had a spectacular career. Entering the employ of the company twenty-eight years ago as an office boy he attracted the favorable notice of Charles A. Pillsbury and rose rapidly. He finally became private secretary and assistant to Mr. Pillsbury and when the latter died in 1899 he was made president and general manager.

Mr. Little denies that the financial embarrassment in which the company finds itself is due to speculation.

MINNESOTA REPUBLICANS.

Open the State Campaign at a Meeting in Duluth.

The Republican campaign in Minnesota was opened when several speakers of state and national prominence addressed the members of the West Duluth Republican club.

J. F. Jacobson, candidate for governor, spoke on divided responsibility, sounded the keynote of harmony and pleaded for a state government in the hands of a single party.

National Committeeman Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul assailed the national Democratic platform. His speech related mainly to national issues. Congressman J. Adam Bede, Senator Moses E. Clapp and Clarence B. Miller of Duluth also spoke.

Road Law Knocked Out.

The state supreme court has just filed an opinion which has an important bearing upon the existing movement for the betterment of roads in Minnesota. The opinion, which is by Justice Elliott, declares unconstitutional the law providing for the appointment of a superintendent of highways in counties of less than 200,000 population. Population alone, says the court, furnishes no proper basis for the classification of counties for the purpose of legislation of this character.

Fire at New Brighton.

The little village of New Brighton, situated six miles north of Minneapolis, was visited by a fire which did damage estimated at $25,000. The flames consumed nineteen sheep barns owned by the Minnesota Transfer company. No sheep had been kept in the yards for a month. The remainder of the stock yards, which adjoin the barns, were saved.

THREE CHILDREN PERISH.

Burned to Death in Fire That Destroys Their Home.

Three children of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Lindberg of Minneapolis were cremated in a fire which destroyed their home. The children had been left alone in the house, shut up in their bedroom, while the mother went to a nearby butcher shop. It is believed that Gertrude, three years of age, tampered with a gasoline stove, which probably exploded and set fire to the room. The dead are:

Burt, four years old; Gertrude, three years old, and Doris, one year old.

Neighbors saw the flames issuing from the house, but thought there was a small prairie fire on the other side of the building and paid no attention. Then they heard screams and rushed nearer the place, which, in a few moments, was destroyed. Owing to the intense heat and the ever-spreading flames the neighbors were unable to help. Before the fire department could arrive three lives had been snuffed out.

The father, who is a carpenter and was at work at the time, and the mother are in a serious condition.

ONE HURT IN JUMP FOR LIFE

Gladstone (Minn.) Family Caught in Burning Building.

Mrs. Robert Beckstrom sustained a broken leg and serious internal injuries when, with her husband and three children, she was compelled to jump from a second story window of the Ehr building at Gladstone. Her recovery is doubtful.

The Beckstroms lived on the second floor, with a store below them. Fire broke out in the building and when it was discovered all avenues of escape except through the windows were cut off.

The family, after rushing to the stairway and finding their escape that way cut off by the flames, ran to a window overlooking the street and jumped to the sidewalk.

The father and children escaped with a few bruises.

GIRL SHOWS PLUCK.

Will Stand in Line Five Weeks to File on Government Land.

With a wait of nearly five weeks ahead of her Miss Anna Rowe, a nineteen-year-old Duluth girl, took her place before the door of the United States land office in that city and will camp there night and day until the Fond du Lac Indian reservation lands are opened for settlement. Miss Rowe is No. 6 in the line, there being five men ahead of her. She says she is going to become a farmer and talks confidently of making a living for herself from chickens and garden produce. She is well provided with reading matter and while she dreads the five weeks' imprisonment in the dark stalls of the federal building she says the land will be worth it.

WORK ON OIL CASE.

F. B. Kellogg and Associates Laboring in St. Paul.

Frank B. Kellogg, the head counsel for the government in the Standard Oil prosecution, is back in St. Paul, where he is working with his associates, C. B. Morrison of Chicago, E. D. Durand of the department of commerce and labor and Oliver H. Pagan of the department of justice, preparing for the hearings in the case, which will be resumed Sept. 1. Mr. Kellogg is just back from Washington, where he conferred with Attorney General Bonaparte on the Standard Oil case, especially with regard to renewed prosecution in the rebate proceeding.

TWO BOYS DROWNED.

Perish While Bathing in a Slough Near St. Paul.

Alvin Hartin, fifteen years old, and Albert Motz, seventeen years old, went bathing in Baftons slough, about four miles below Inver Grove, a suburb of St. Paul. When they did not return Motz' sister went to the slough to look for them. Their clothes, lying neglected on the bank, told the story of a tragedy.

The girl ran for assistance and Frank Chadrema dragged the slough. He found both the bodies after about an hour.

Founder of Luverne Dead.

Philo Hawes, one of the best known men in Southern Minnesota, is dead at Luverne, aged seventy-seven years. He was the first settler in Rock county and the father of Luverne, naming the city after his eldest daughter. He located there in 1867, taking up a homestead, which is the present site of that city.

Wealthy Man a Suicide.

Having in his possession $1,200 and papers showing that he was wealthy Miller McClellan, supposed to live in Hamilton, Ind., committed suicide in Minneapolis by putting a bullet into his brain. He had apparently lost hope of regaining health and shot himself.

Chicago Has 2,425,000 People.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Chicago can boast of a population of 2,425,000, according to the 1908 directory. This is an increase of 55,000 over 1907. In the directory are listed 758,100 names, an increase of 20,700 over 1907.

Collision on Electric Line.

London, Ont., Aug. 10.—Two persons were killed and ten seriously injured in a rear end collision on the Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie Electric railroad.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The July report of the South St. Paul Union Stock Yards company shows receipts of live stock for the first seven months of 1908 well ahead of the corresponding period of 1907, despite decreases at all other Western stock yards. Thus far 143,632 cattle have been handled at the yards, compared with 109,997 last year; hogs show an increase of 147,000 and sheep of 32,000, the increases amounting to some 2,000 carloads.

Dr. Jacob F. Force of Minneapolis, former president of the Northwestern Life Insurance company, has been granted a parole from the state prison by the board of control. He was received at the institution March 30, 1907, under a sentence of three years and six months for alleged misappropriation of money during the insurance scandal investigation by the state.

St. Paul's death rate was a fraction of 1 per cent higher last year than in 1906, according to the annual report of Health Commissioner Ronz, just submitted to the city council. The birth rate has increased. The death rate for 1907 was 9.62 a thousand population and in 1906 it was 9.6. The births in 1907 were 4,138 and in 1906 3,851.

D. F. Lyons has resigned as deputy insurance commissioner to resume the practice of law in St. Paul. He is succeeded as deputy by M. C. Tifft, who has held the office of actuary of the department. Mr. Phillips is appointed actuary and Julius O. Mehlin has been appointed examiner.

John C. Hardy of St. Paul, who represents the Fifth and the Sixth wards in the state senate as a member of the Democratic party, has been appointed manager of the St. Paul branch of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company.

Mayor James C. Haynes of Minneapolis has given explicit instructions to his superintendent of police to get after the burglars and thieves who are looting the homes of Mill City people.

OBITUARY.

Gust Patka of Foley, candidate for the legislature from the Fifty-fourth district, died suddenly while fishing at Briggs lake, near St. Cloud. He had spent the day on the lake with his small son Edward and suddenly without warning threw up his hands, said "I'm dying, Edward," and fell out of the boat into the water.

Reuben Tomlinson, a prominent Minneapolis attorney and a member of the Minneapolis club, died suddenly in his room at the club. Death was due to fatty degeneration of the heart. Mr. Tomlinson was prominently connected with the early affairs of Minnesota and at one time was a candidate for governor.

Edward O. Zimmerman, a resident of St. Paul for more than half a century, is dead. Mr. Zimmerman was prominent as a business man, he had a notable record as a soldier in the Civil war and he served the city as alderman, school inspector and charter commissioner.

Robert Pratt, former mayor of Minneapolis and a prominent factor in Republican circles, is dead as the result of stomach trouble. Mr. Pratt was a member of the Minneapolis school board since 1888 with the exception of the four years that he was mayor of the city.

Just before the St. Paul train for the East pulled out of Aberdeen, S. D., one night last week John Jelley of Lakeville, this state, seventy-nine years old, was taken suddenly ill and died before medical aid could be procured. Death was caused by heart disease.

George W. Day, a Minneapolis pioneer of 1854, is dead at the age of eighty-four years. Mr. Day was a timber expert in the early days and a brother of Leonard Day, the well known Minnesota lumberman of a generation ago.

Edward B. Dorsey, for the past five or six years assistant purchasing agent of the Northern Pacific, is dead at St. Paul following an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Dorsey was a native of St. Paul and was in the thirty-fifth year of his life.

James E. McHugh of the firm of McHugh & Christensen, grain dealers, Minneapolis, was drowned at Lake Minnetonka while bathing. It is thought that he was stricken with heart failure while in the water.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tendell died at her home near Little Falls at the unusual age of 107 years, 3 months and 1 day.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While employed on steel dock No. 6 at Two Harbors James Smith fell forty-three feet, but escaped instant death by striking insulated wires twenty feet from the concrete below. His most serious injuries are a broken arm and hip. He will recover.

William Paulson, twenty-two years old, employed as elevator operator in the Boston block at Minneapolis, was instantly killed as the result of falling eight stories down the elevator shaft.

Miss Effie Burnfield, eighteen years of age, suicided by drowning at Itendee because the young man to whom she was engaged broke an appointment with her to attend a ball game.

Jons Paulson, a pioneer resident of Cokato, was drowned in a rain barrel, his body being found head foremost in the cask. He was seventy-eight years old and was in feeble health.

Delivered Promptly to the Home

If you prize a pure malt and hop beer, and won't have any other kind in your home, you can't do better than to telephone us today and order a case of

Gund's Peerless Beer

This superb beer comes to you direct from the heart of the choicest barley lands in the world, and contains nothing but the juices of the best barley grown and the finest imported Bohemian hops. Its sparkling, brilliant glow is the product of **Gund's Natural Process** of brewing. **"Peerless"** is on sale at all first-class places and in high favor with the discriminating. Telephone us today for a case. Bottled only at our model 20th century brewery.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

John Bauer, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch,
Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 1[illegible]6.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

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Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.

Clothes cleaned and pressed.

First class work guaranteed.

Prices right.

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Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

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VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

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MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
A WORLD'S FAIR AT HOME
AUG. 31 TO SEP. 5. 1908

A MAMMOTH EXHIBITION WITHOUT A PEER
GRAND ARRAY of
AGRICULTURAL-HORTICULTURAL LIVE STOCK
DAIRY-POULTRY-FISH-GAME-SHEEP-SWINE
JOBBERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBITS
MARVELOUS SPEED EXHIBITION ON THE WORLD'S FASTEST TRACK
AFTERNOON AND EVENING PERFORMANCES
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Every Evening from 7 to 11.

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POLITICAL NEWS.

Chairman Norman E. Mack of the Democratic national committee announced the appointment of a finance committee for the Democratic campaign, with Moses C. Wetmore of St. Louis as chairman and John E. Osborne of Wyoming as vice chairman, and a speakers' committee, with John H. Atwood of Kansas as chairman and Champ Clark of Missouri as vice chairman.

Democratic Chairman Mack, in discussing campaign plans, said: "Plans are in contemplation for a forceful campaign throughout the country, but of those I can say nothing at this time. All parts of the country are our battleground and no one section will be neglected. Everything augurs well for the election of William J. Bryan."

The headquarters of the Democratic national committee in Chicago were formally opened on the arrival there from the East of Norman E. Mack, the national chairman, who announced that from now on until election day the Democratic campaign would be waged actively throughout the country.

Governor Deneen has been renominated by Illinois Republicans as the result of the primary election in that state. United States Senator Hopkins was endorsed for re-election. Democrats named Adlai E. Stevenson for governor and Lawrence B. Stringer for senator.

United States Senator T. P. Gore, Democrat, and Dennis T. Flynn, Republican, had no opposition in their parties for the nomination for United States senator in the primaries in Oklahoma to succeed Gore for the short term.

Kansas Republicans nominated W. R. Stubbs for governor and Joseph L. Bristow, former fourth assistant postmaster general, for senator to succeed Chester I. Long.

Former Congressman W. S. Cowherd has been nominated for governor by Missouri Democrats. Attorney General Hadley is the Republican nominee.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed the United States court at Pittsburg by Attorney Charles Morschauser of New York, representing Harry Thaw, now confined in the Dutchess county (N. Y.) jail. In the petition Thaw states that his assets are $128,012.38 and his liabilities $453,140.43. Roger O'Mara, a well known Pittsburg detective and personal friend of the Thaw family, was appointed receiver.

While shippers' organizations in all parts of the United States are fighting the railroads tooth and nail in an effort to secure reductions in freight rates or to prevent the putting into effect of proposed increases thousands of railway employes, fearing that their wages may be reduced unless the companies are permitted to increase their revenues, are planning a vast campaign in the interests of their employers.

Albert T. Patrick, who is serving a life sentence in Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison for the murder of William M. Rice, a New York millionaire, several years ago, has had docketed in the supreme court of the United States his appeal from the decision of the United States court in New York refusing to release him on a writ of habeas corpus.

The American battleship fleet was given a most enthusiastic reception on arrival at Auckland, N. Z. The address of welcome was made by Prime Minister Sir Joseph George Ward and Admiral Sperry responded.

Receivers have been appointed by the federal court at Minneapolis for the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling company. Although the concern has large outstanding liabilities its officers declare it is not insolvent.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 10.—Wheat—Sept., $1.01¾; Dec., $1.00⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.23@1.24; No. 1 Northern, $1.21@1.22; No. 2 Northern, $1.18@1.19; No. 3 Northern, $1.12@1.13.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 10.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.19; No. 1 Northern, $1.18; No. 2 Northern, $1.13; Sept., $1.00½; Dec., 98¾c. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.29½; Oct., $1.27¾; Nov., $1.27; Dec., $1.25½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@5.75. Hogs—$5.50@6.70. Sheep—Wethers, $3.85@4.25; yearlings, $4.25@[illegible]; spring lambs, $5.75@6.35.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Wheat—Sept., 93¾@93⅞c; Dec., 95⅞c. Corn—Sept., 77⅞c; Dec., 66¼c; May, 64⅞c. Oats—Sept., 48¾@48⅞c; Dec., 48[illegible]; May, 50⅝c. Pork—Sept., $15.[illegible]; Oct., $15.50; Jan., $16.27½. Butter—Creameries, 18½@21c; dairies, 17@19c. Eggs—18½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 15[illegible].

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75@7.65; Texans, $3.50@5.20; Western cattle, $2.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.50; calves, $5.50@6.35. Hogs—Light, $6.05@6.70; mixed, $6.15@6.80; heavy, $6.10@6.80; rough, $6.10@6.35; good to choice heavy, $[illegible]@6.80; pigs, $5.25@5.95. Sheep, $2.[illegible]@4.35; yearlings, $4.25@5.00; lambs, $3.80@6.35.

Midsummer Clearance Sale.

In order to make room for our fall and winter goods that are coming in daily, we offer for the next two weeks special lines in dry goods at prices way below cost. A visit to our store will convince you that we mean business.

One half price on wash goods, such as white goods, lawns, etc.

One third off on all shirt waists and ladies' summer jackets.

One fourth off on ladies' walking skirts.

Ten per cent off on all men's, ladies' and children's oxfords.

Do not overlook our bargain counter in shoes.

We carry the largest and best stock of shoes in the city and always at lowest price.

Call and be convinced we can save you money.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Pointed With Scripture.

A bachelor rector of a western church was alone in his study when his housekeeper brought him the card of one of his parishioners, a spinster of means and charm.

When the lady was seated on the opposite side of his study table the rector looked at her inquiringly, expecting to hear something concerning parish work, in which she was active. To his surprise an embarrassed silence ensued, during which he vainly sought for something to say.

"Dr. Blank," began the lady at last in faltering tones, "do you think—can you fancy conditions under which a—a woman is—justified in proposing?"

"Why, yes," said the rector, after some deliberation.

"Thou art the man!" said the lady resolutely.

She was right.

A Ready Answer.

The captain of a schooner that trades between New York and Savannah is noted for his wit, and on every occasion that offers he loosens his shafts of humor, to the chagrin and embarrassment of its target. Sooner or later the stinger gets stung, and this chronic pun artist is no exception to the rule.

On one occasion when about two days out from New York he approached a group of sailors who were washing the forward deck, and, singling out a big, rawboned Irishman who was experiencing his first taste of sailor's life, he gravely asked, "Can you steer the mainmast down the forecastle stairs?" Quick as a flash came the reply, "Yis, sor; I can if you will stand below and coil it up."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Rough on the Doctor.

One night as a Canadian doctor who lives in eastern Ontario was driving into a village he saw a chap, a little the worse for liquor, amusing a crowd of spectators with the antics of his trick dog. The doctor watched him awhile and said: "Sandy, how do you manage to train your dog? I can't teach mine to do anything."

Sandy, with that simple look in his eyes, said, "Well, you see, doc, you have to know more'n the dog or you can't learn him nothing."

Beau Brummel Reprimanded.

Beau Brummel once insolently replied to an invitation to take tea by remarking that he never "took" anything but physic.

"Yes, you do," frowned his hostess; "you take liberties."

Playful Otters.

Otters are the most playful of all the animals, romping, wrestling, playing tug of war with a stick instead of a rope and sliding downhill on a slippery incline of mud which they make themselves.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

The News: $1 per Year.

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

ACADEMY FOR GIRLS

Conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph

Crookston, Minn.

The object of this institution is to impart a thorough christian and refined education to the young ladies, and make of them practical young women and useful members of the society.

Location beautiful and healthful. Studies complete in English language, with special course of French, vocal and instrumental music, painting, darning, embroidery, cookery etc. Moderate price.

Special arrangement for several sisters together.

Boys for first communion are admitted as day scholars.

Mother Superior,
St. Joseph's Academy,
Crookston, Minn.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

NO SOCIALIST DEAD LEVEL.

Such an Idea Is Put Forward by Anti-socialists Only.

No, Socialism will not destroy individuality and reduce the people to a dead level.

Capitalism has destroyed individuality and reduced the people to a dead level.

Capitalism has reduced the masses of the people to the dead level of poverty.

It has reduced them to the dead level of long hours of labor.

It has reduced them to the dead level of inability to avail themselves of the higher things of life.

Socialism will release them from that dead level.

Socialism will give the whole human race abundant access to the higher things of life.

All Socialists are intense individualists, as you will discover if you mingle with them.

I am an individualist.

I want an opportunity to develop my individuality.

I know that Socialism will give me the time and the means and the opportunity to develop my individuality.

And I also know that Socialism will give to every other man, woman and child the time and the means and the opportunity to develop his or her individuality.

Capitalism stifles individuality.

Socialism will develop it.

Capitalism reduces men to the dead level of equal ignorance, flatness, dullness and uninterestingness.

Socialism will develop varied and scintillating individuality and originality that will make it a keen pleasure to mingle with men.

Socialism means a fair deal for everybody.

Socialism means that all men shall have an equal opportunity to develop themselves. Each will naturally develop himself in accordance with his special bent. And all will acquire wide culture and enlightenment. But their special development will make them far more varied and unlike than they are now. They are very much at the same stage of lack of development now. They are on a dead level of lack of development.

Capitalism, by forcing men to spend their entire lives in earning a bare existence, prevents the development of their individuality.

Their individuality is slumbering.

Socialism will awaken it.

There was a time when a certain measure of individuality was a common possession in America, when men had practically equal chances in the world and when the highest success then attainable was open to all. It was the intention of the founders of the government that this should always be so. The statement in the Declaration of Independence that all men are created equal means that they are all entitled to an equal opportunity in the world. But the men who adopted that document could not foresee the industrial changes which were to cause that purpose to miscarry.

When wealth was somewhat evenly distributed, when the tools of production were simple and the domain of idle land was ample, all men had approximately equal chances to achieve success in any line of endeavor.

But since that time all has changed.

The wealth of the nation has concentrated into the hands of a few.

We have developed into a nation of masters and slaves.

The masses of the people live a hand to mouth existence.

They no longer have even financial individual initiative.

And on account of their poverty and long hours of labor they are prevented from developing individuality along higher lines as well. Their financial condition is such that it is impossible for them to reach out into the higher realms of investigation, of culture and of thought, where the highest individuality and originality may be cultivated and displayed.

Socialism will give everybody the financial power to command the highest opportunities for self improvement. Socialism will take the children out of the factories, stores and mines and put them in school, where they can lay a foundation on which to build individuality and originality.

Socialism will also cut down the hours required to provide necessaries and comforts of life to such an extent that even the adult citizen will have more than half his time to avail himself of the higher things of life.

Every man has some incipient individuality and originality.

Socialism will remove the barriers and let them grow.

Socialism will throw wide open the doors of ambition and high achievement.

Socialism will make every man stand on his merits instead of his money.

It will be a glorious thing to live in the Socialist commonwealth.

Socialism will give men greater individuality than has ever yet existed in this world.

The old, stark, anarchistic, hostile, tyrannical individuality which capitalism promotes is simply enmity toward one's fellow men.

Socialism will develop the true individuality.

The true individuality is the wide culture and special development of the individual, not in opposition to, but in harmony with, the equal rights of others.

This individuality is as much higher in quality than the old capitalistic individuality as the zenith is higher than the equator.—John M. Work.

SOCIALIST LITERATURE.

Three Notable Collections In Leading Public Libraries.

The only political party whose propaganda and campaign material are looked upon as literature by the compilers of libraries is the Socialist party.

Within the last few years a number of leading libraries have devoted a large portion of their energies and resources to the collection of Socialist literature. At the present time the three leading collections are those in the libraries of the University of Wisconsin, the John Crerar library in Chicago and the Boston Public library.

Recently the first of these has become much the largest and most complete. Under the direction of Professors R. T. Ely and John R. Commons a very large collection of American labor periodicals was secured, especially covering the period from 1828 to 1840, a period of great activity in the labor movement, of which little has hitherto been known.

This already most complete collection in the United States has recently received a very valuable addition by the gift of the extensive library of rare German Socialistic literature collected during the lifetime of Hermann Schluter, editor of the New York Volkszeitung. The collection is given to the university by William English Walling of New York city and a number of other men who are interested in the work of the American bureau of industrial research, which has its headquarters in Madison, Wis.

Although consisting largely of material in the field of German Socialism, the library contains much material for the history of the Socialist and labor movements in the United States and other countries. Almost all the sources for the history of the German labor movement in America are here brought together. It includes nearly all the newspapers which the German-American laborers published from 1840 to 1875 in support of their struggles and interests and for the dissemination of their ideas.

Other material of great value is a large amount of rare printed and written documents concerning the history of the International Workingmen's association, some of which has never been made public. In addition to the printed material relating to the labor and Socialist movement, the collection contains a whole series of rare scientific writings concerned with related subjects, such as political economy, history and sociology.

With the addition of the Schluter collection the University of Wisconsin library now has the most complete collection of socio-political and labor literature in this country. The student of the labor movement in Germany, England and America and of the development of Socialist literature in these countries will find the library indispensable.

AN EARTHLY PARADISE.

What the Reign of Socialism Would Mean For Mankind.

We want the earth to be a paradise and not a prison. We want the workers among men to be the enjoyers. We want the rewards to go to the deserving instead of to an idle exploiting class. We want the toil of the world so ordered that every industrious citizen will have enough leisure to really take a look at this most beautiful world he lives in, to enjoy the green leaves, the cool valleys and the mellow fields. We want the workers to have time to travel, to enlarge their knowledge, to be able to bring up their children in love and security, to save them from a possible end in a poorhouse as a reward for long lives of soul crushing toil. And we know of no way to bring this about save through Socialism. The ruling class now enjoys a sort of Socialism. They have time in which to enjoy life, to improve their intellects, to live sumptuously and to travel all over the globe. They have all this because under the capitalist system their money works for them. Let us change the system as rapidly as the economic evolution will permit us. The world is marching toward Socialism already. Let us hasten that march in all possible ways. Never was there a greater cause calling out to man for his militant co-operation.—Frederic Heath.

The Competitive Struggle.

The competitive struggle for existence has enslaved the toilers of all lands. It has been said, "Competition is the life of trade," but this, like many another old adage, has proved to be absolutely false. Competition is death; co-operation is life. Competition is a relic of barbarism; co-operation is the basis of civilization. The early Egyptians passed laws to protect the physical weak against the physical strong. What we need in this twentieth century is to pass laws to protect the intellectually weak against the intellectually strong, the cunning, cruel and crafty. In short, we need to protect ourselves from the pitfalls of greed and avarice. How to accomplish this has proved the problem of all the ages.

Production in this the machinery age is necessarily a collective function. The modern machinery of production is operated collectively; therefore to make the workers free these machines must be owned collectively and democratically managed and operated for the common good of all the workers instead of for profit.

The Watchword.

Are you a man of faith, and do you believe in the power of the organization of the many to overthrow the power of the organization of the few? The watchword of this age of combination is unite or perish.—Rev. T. W. Woodrow.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF A. Wright

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to J. M. Bishop of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 20th day of January 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.
COURT SEAL.
July 23-aug-6

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Christ Myhre and Emma Myhre his wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota mortgagees dated February 7th, 1906 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County Minnesota in book 13 of mortgages on page 209 thereof on the 10 day of February A. D. 1906 at 8 o'clock a. m.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is One hundred forty-four and 75-100 dollars.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County Minnesota are as follows to-wit:—The North East Quarter of Section No. Eleven in Township One hundred fifty-three, N. of R. Forty-one W. 5 P. M.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday, Sept. 4th, 1908 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount due on the said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated July 18, 1908.
First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Mortgagees.
L. M. Hong,
Attorney for Mortgagees,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given than Salve S. Lura, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Oct. 27th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 798, Serial No. 0145, N. W. ¼, Section 17, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th, Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Paterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Arton Sorenson, " " " " "
Abraham Newton, " " " " "
Barnt Korvenlog, " " " " "

July 23-aug 27 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John Bergland, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Feb. 17th, 1905, made H. E. No. 8105, Serial No. 0170, for Lot 1 S. ½, N. E.¼, and N. E.¼ S. E.¼ Section 10, Township 155, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Paul Kvenlog, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Gunder Gunderson, " " " " "
Telak K. Ose, " " " " "
Bern T. Brokke, " " " " "

July 23-aug 27 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE WORLDS GREATEST SEWING MACHINE
'LIGHT RUNNING
NEWHOME

If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread [Chain Stitch] Sewing Machine write to
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
Orange, Mass.
Many sewing machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the New Home is made to wear.
Our guaranty never runs out.
Sold by authorized dealers only.
FOR SALE BY

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
[illegible]
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.
[illegible]
MUNN & CO.
361 Broadway, New York.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 43-100 dollar taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:40 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.
PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
July 16-01

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

Langseth Mercantile Company, Plaintiff
VS
Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter if they shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the First day of September, 1908, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to Langseth Mercantile Company in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this 29th day of July A. D. 1908.
J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
(Seal)
Aug. 6-20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andreas O. Troskvik as one of the heirs of Ange Amundsen deceased of Rothray, Minnesota, who, on July 1st, 1903, made H. E. No. 6325, Serial, No. 0175, for S. W.¼, S. E.¼, Sec 20, W.½ N. E.¼, and S. E.¼ N. E.¼, Section 29, Township 155, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom Audeild, of Thorwick, Minn.
Saave Brokke, " " "
Torger Brokke, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "

July 23 aug 27 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey E. Mussey, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 24th, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 253, Serial, No. 085, for S. W.¼, Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 17th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Frank Fisher, of Anton, Minn.
Charles Fisher, " " "
D. P. O'Neill, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John F. Houfek, " " " " "

July 16-aug 20 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 80-100 dollars ($116.80), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 1901, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1901 at 1.35 o'clock P. M. in Book 8 of Mortgages on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 152.45 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 22nd day of September 1908, at nine o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 80-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 6th A. D. 1908.
Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.
[illegible]
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aug 6-Sept 17

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

[illegible]

N. W. Tarrant,
Probate Judge.
COURT SEAL.
July [illegible] aug 13

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1908 NUMBER 34

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY
ST. PAUL Historical Society

A MIRACLE IN WHEAT

Wheat That Will Yield Over 200 Bushels to the Acre an Actual Fact.

Means Much to the Farmers and the People of the World Generally.

Inasmuch as there has been considerable talk among the farmers of this section regarding the new variety of Alaska wheat, the following taken from the Saturday evening post will be of interest:

When the United States paid eighty millions for the Territory of Alaska, it was to the fur that the purchasers looked for a return on the investment. When gold began to pour in from that great country the investment was pronounced good. But not in gold alone was Alaska destined to repay those early statesmen for their real estate speculation. Years after the yellow metal was discovered, there came an aged farmer to that far northland, and took back to the States the basis for wealth to his country by the side of which the gold from the hills and icy river-beds should pale into insignificance.

It was in 1903 that Abraham Adams, a native of Kentucky, who had gone with the "star of Empire" to the great West to farm it, was taken with a desire to try his fortunes in Alaska. Leaving his ranch in northern Idaho, he made a trip to the land of promise and of gold, but nothing came of his attempts at discovery. Turning his attention then to exploring, he drifted along the coast of eastern Alaska, where the Japan current flows near the shore and makes of the land from coast to mountain eternal spring. Many miles he explored, investigating the possibilities of that country for future farming and grazing, preparing himself for a report to the farmers of his community.

He found many beautiful bays, splendid beaches, sweeps of timber, and meadows heavy with juicy grasses. Here and there were traces of gold, but not of promising quantity, and then he chanced upon a surprising discovery. Lodged in a nook under protecting rock, sheltered from the winds, was a little familiar patch. Interested at once, he investigated and found that here a patch of wheat was growing, far from any living human that could have planted it. On hands and knees he pulled away the matted straws. Yes, it was certainly wheat that was just ripening. The explorer sought among the thick stems for some heads, but the wild game had been before him, and he was just about to give up when he discovered one head of wheat almost intact. A gigantic head it was! Fully four inches long with its rough bearding, and broad in proportion.

Packing the head carefully away, the old man brought it back with him to his ranch at Juliaetta, Idaho. Not a word did he say to his neighbors of his find. Whether it was wild wheat or not he could not say. Perhaps, some wild bird had filled its crop with the grains in an unknown region, where it grew native, and coming to Alaska deposited the seed in a fertile spot. And yet it was only curiosity that moved Abraham Adams. He never dreamed of his find being of any value except as an experiment for his own pleasure.

In the fall of 1904 Mr. Adams planted his head of Alaska wheat on high and all too dry land—the natural soil of Idaho. It grew rapidly when the spring opened its founts, and in the summer he had seven pounds of wheat from this one head. That was startling. He hardly dared tell a farmer of it. He examined the kernels. Four times as large as ordinary wheat, and in color—instead of the homely brownish-gray of wheat of commerce—the prettiest cream color without a darker spot. Seven pounds of wheat from one head, and the finest-looking wheat mortal had ever seen! Abraham Adams began to dream.

Having tested the grains as winter wheat, Mr. Adams saved his seven pounds to try as spring wheat, and in 1905 he planted the whole seven pounds. Sturdily it grew, and when it was harvested weighed 1515 pounds. His Alaska find had broken the world's record for wheat yield! More than two hundred and twenty-two bushels to the acre was the ratio of yield, and that without any special petting or manipulation. With the world's average yield 12.7 bushels to the acre, and a fair yield for exceptional land of twenty bushels, here was the prospect of a miracle; a revolution in the wheat industry of the world. But still there was something that might dash every hope of a wheat miracle. Was this Alaska wheat of good quality? Would it make good bread?

With this last idea in mind the experimenting farmer carried a small quantity of his wheat to the Idaho experimental station at Moscow. He knew he had a wheat that yielded past any belief. He had something marvelous in a wheat that yielded equally as well planted winter or spring. Did he have a good wheat? The chemists and experts at the station tested it and pronounced it a good quality of hard wheat. Hard wheat! That was sufficient. But Adams knew he must have patience for another year.

In the fall of 1906 the 1515 pounds were planted in fields by the side of the famous Blue Stem and Club wheat grown in that section. Watching their comparative growth, Mr. Adams picked on the same day green heads of *Club* wheat and green heads of his Alaska wheat, the latter so many times larger than the ordinary wheat that the Club wheat seemed hardly started. The farmer was jubilant. Then Nature took a hand, and hailstorms of the worst kind came, beating down the ordinary wheat until it was not fit to harvest. The farmer, discouraged, went out to his Alaska wheat-fields and saw that the sturdy stems had partly withstood the storms, and he finally harvested 53,000 pounds of seed.

Now was the time to make his final test. He had enough for a test from winter grown. Taking this to the experimental station, he soon received a report which made him for the first time sure that he had something worth giving to the public. The station chemist wrote:

"The kernels from the fall sown wheat were plump and sound and doubtless will grade No. 1. Judging from the chemical and physical condition of this sample, it will probably take rank with the best grade of Blue Stem for flour.

"The sample grown from spring sown wheat showed by chemical analysis a somewhat higher protein content (this being an indication of its probable strength for bread-making purposes). I am inclined to think that the wheat that you have here is the equal, if not the superior, of our Blue Stem for flour-making purposes. I should like to make a mill test whenever you can send me a sufficient quantity for that purpose."

These are the facts about the wonderful wheat of which the world will soon be talking. Farmers do not believe it; wheat speculators do not believe it; but those who have traveled to see it do believe it. Mr. Adams had his fields surveyed and has absolute proof of the yield from each field. He has tried his wheat in other lands, and in some places it did better than in Idaho. Alabama raised wheat from it with leaves seven-eighths of an inch broad, growing like cornstalks.

As a last test, Mr. Adams sent single heads of wheat to other parts of the country where he had men he could trust to plant and ascertain the result. Reports are just coming to him, and he finds that in other States his Alaska wheat does better than on its home soil. In Alabama a head was planted December 31, was up January 30, waist-high April 1, with leaves seven-eighths of an *inch broad*, and July 7 was harvested. It showed to be hard wheat of a fine quality, and the one head yielded the same as the first head planted in Idaho.

Under ordinary soil conditions the new wheat will yield two hundred bushels to the acre, under extra conditions above that.

What will be the outcome? Had all America had Alaska wheat to seed this year, the American crop alone would have been five billions of bushels. Does that not mean a revolution in the wheat industry? Will the food of the poor become so cheap that there will be no famines? Or will farm property rise in value with the capacity for the yield? All this is conjecture, but these things are certain:

The wheat Alaska has given us will withstand hail if not too heavy.

It will withstand frost.

It grows hard wheat from fall sowing.

It yields up to 222 bushels to the acre.

It will grade up to No. 1 hard.

It will turn the vast areas in Missouri and the South and in the far West into hard-wheat areas.

And, last and best of all, it will bring back wheat-raising to the worn-out farms of the East where, with wheat-yields two hundred bushels to the acre, farmers can afford to use manures and chemicals, and make a profit.

If all America could seed with the new wheat it would, at only fifty cents a bushel, add nearly two and a half billions of dollars to the wealth of the farmers every year.

If All Our Money Were Divided.

If the total national currency of the United States now in circulation were equally divided among the 87,110,000 men, women and children within the state and territorial limits of this country there would be $35 and 35 fraction cents for each person. These figures are official, having been compiled for the United States treasury department. They were based on the actual amount of national currency in circulation on April 1st of the present year and on a carefully estimated population. On that date the total amount of money in circulation was $3,080,450,734 and a few odd cents over.

It should not be forgotten that in this pro rata of $25.35 the basis of computation is only the money in circulation. The general stock of money in the United States is $317,939,626 greater than the sum in circulation, which is held in the treasury and sub-treasury of the United States.

We Lead in Creameries.

According to a government report just issued this congressional district is making greater advancement in dairying than any other district in the country. In 1901 the dairies in this district produced 2,874,018 pounds of butter and paid patrons $415,431; in 1906 there were 6,274,971 pounds of butter produced and $1,131,032 was paid to patrons. The grain during these two years was greater than in any other section, yet the gain in 1907 and 1908 will be much greater according to statements made by state dairy inspectors. With this showing who can doubt the future of this country.

Had Their Pictures "Took."

Photographer J. Borty came near being put out of business last week. In one group he took the picture of our mayor, five alderman, city clerk and city treasurer. The picture was a success in every way, and contrary to the general expecations, his machine sustained no bad results, which proves that he has a good one. The picture is to be printed in the new book being issued of Thief River Falls, although some are of the opinion that it would do better service if framed and hung upon the walls of Charlie Alexander's home.

Has Filed for County Attorney.

E. M. Stanton last week filed for the Democratic nomination for the office of county attorney. He will have no opposition for the nomination.

Mistake Corrected.

A mistake was made last week in publishing the score received by the Kratka creamery at the county fair. As printed, it stated that the score was 62¼, while it should have read 92¼. The Kratka creamery is turning out the highest grade of creamery butter.

First Democratic Contest.

For the first time in the history of the county there is to be a contest at the Democratic primaries this year. Wm. McGinty several weeks ago filed for the Democratic nomination for the office of sheriff and last week Dan Linnihan, who was defeated for this office two years ago, filed as a candidate. The fight between the two promises to be a warm one.

Went to the Bottom.

The scow which is towed by the Red Lake River Transportation company's steamboat, filled with water at the docks in this city last Friday evening and sunk to the bottom of the river. There was about $200 worth of salt and flour on the boat at the time it went down. The boat was raised the next day and has been repaired.

Peat Bogs at Fertile.

The peat bogs at Fertile have recently been visited by capitalists and an authority on peat and the latter declares the growth of peat there is beyond doubt the best he has yet seen in the Northwest in fact he believes it will compare with anything that has been discovered in the country. The capitalists give assurance that they will, in the near future, put in a plant to put the peat on the market and Fertile expects to have a boom in consequence. There are also peat deposits near Borup.

From Oxen to Automobiles.

There is one yoke of working cattle in Meeker county at the present time, according to the returns of the assessors. They are owned in Swede Grove town. Forty years ago four-fifths of the draft teams in the county were oxen, and they served as roadsters as well in taking trips to town. The transition from oxen to horses has been completed and now the change is under way from horses to automobiles. Perhaps another 40 years will see horses as scarce as oxen are now.—Litchfield Independent.

Democrats Hold Convention.

The Democratic county convention was held at Red Lake Falls last Friday. The meeting was a very harmonious one and there were no contests. W. B. Fuller, of this city, was chairman of the convention and Fred Borchers, of Red Lake Falls, was secretary. The following were elected delegates to the state convention and were uninstructed.

W. B. Fuller, John Morgan, E. M. Hoff, W. A. Schroiter, Fred Borchers, Joe Holm, M. C. Burns, Louis Paronto, E. M. Stanton, Matt Skala, and Oscar Naplin.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

OUR CHANCES ARE GOOD

Col. Davenport Says That He Believes We Can Get an Appropriation.

Work to Improve the Red Lake River Is Badly Needed at This Time.

Col. Davenport, of the United States War Department, arrived in the city Sunday from St. Paul. The Red Lake river, as well as all other navigable streams, is under the supervision of the war department, and complaint having been made by some of the steamboat owners to the effect that the river was blocked with logs to an extent that navigation was interfered with, Col. Davenport came here to investigate the matter. Later on he will issue an order regulating the running of logs and steamboats on the river.

It has been some years since the government has done anything in the way of improving the Red Lake river for navigable purposes and Col. Davenport stated that if the residents of this city and those living east of here along the Red Lake river would petition our representatives in congress, it is more than probable that an appropriation could be secured. The next congress will pass a river and harbor appropriation bill.

Used a Club.

Ben Emberson reports that he had a very exciting time up in the town of Adger last week. A son of his had been making his home with Mrs. Hans Peterson for the past few months. Disagreements between Mr. Emberson and Mrs. Peterson were the result and so Mrs. Peterson wrote to Mr. Emberson to come and get the boy. He drove out and called for the boy and Mrs. Peterson came to the door and invited him to come into the house. After Mr. Emberson had gone inside she locked the door of the house, seized a club and commenced hammering Emberson with it. He received a number of bruises and finally made his escape through the window.

Former Residents Here Rival Candidate.

Harold Hicks, son of H. M. Hicks, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for coroner of Mahnomen county. Dr. Archibald, also a former resident of this city, is a candidate for the same office on the Democratic ticket.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School 10 00 a. m. Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

First Showing of New Dress Goods.

Our Dress Goods section is completely stocked with rare and exclusive designs and weaves of Handsome New Dress Goods and new novelties are arriving daily.

It affords us great pleasure to be enabled to make so complete an advance showing at this early date, knowing full well that our efforts will be appreciated by those who desire to keep in close touch with the styles which will be in vogue the coming season. Black and all the new shades in.

NEW RAJAH PANAMAS.	SILK EPIGNALES.	SATIN STRIPE VOILES.
" NOVELTY SERGES.	SILK VOILES.	PANAMA GLACE.
" CORDED SICILIANS.	TAFFETTA BENGALINES.	ENGLISH SUITINGS.
" IRISH POPLINS.	SILK CHIFFORIS.	TURKISH MOHAIR.
" SHADOW TAFFETTA.	STORM SERGES.	FRENCH SERGES.
IMPORTED BROAD CLOTHS.	SHOWER PROOF COVERTS.	CORDEAU COATINGS.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.00
Oats	39c
Flax	$1.17
Barley	42
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

—Dr. Heiber returned Monday from his trip to Iowa.

W. W. Prichard was down to Crookston last week.

—Money to loan on land. See Hager the Land man.

For snaps in city property see Hager, the land man.

John Myrland was down to Fargo to spend Sunday.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Mrs. G. W. Booren.

Mayor T. P. Hamre was down to Crookston last week.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Crookston last week.

Ben Christienson was up in the Red Lake country last week.

O. Tessum was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

A. N. Aprin was down from Orleans to spend Sunday with his family.

Oscar Johnson left Tuesday for the harvest fields of North Dakota.

A. D. Brown was down from the town of Hickory the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kratka were up to Rollis last week visiting friends.

Genuris Olson left Tuesday for the harvest fields near Harve, N. D.

Ira C. Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

For Sale or Rent—The H. W. Lee house. Inquire of Andrew Lang.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley left last Friday for Reynolds, N. D., to visit her father.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

J. D. Abbott, George Drew and A. J. Waller, of Rollis, were in the city last week.

Charley Shirley was over to Warren last week and purchased a new dray team.

A. R. Jones, Republican candidate for sheriff, was in the city Tuesday from St. Hilaire.

Joe Zavoral, of Thief River Falls went to Erie last Saturday to work during harvest.

Found—Two Carey safe keys. Owner can have same by calling at the News office.

Andrew Stenseth was up north on the Greenbush line Friday attending to business matters.

Misses Elnor O'Connelly and Agnes Kelley were down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Phillip Zeh, Jr., left last Friday for Minneapolis to spend several days visiting with friends.

For Sale—Two full blooded black water spaniel pups. Inquire of Helen Elder, 'phone 233.

Mrs. Allen W. Clark, of Rollis, was in the city the first of the week visiting Mrs. F. H. Kratka.

K. Swore, of Osakis, arrived in the city the first of the week and is visiting his brother, J. A. Swore.

Mrs. Lars Berg, of Perley, who had been visiting relatives in the city, returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Fredrickson were up to Holt to spend Sunday with Mrs. Fredrickson's parents.

H. E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire Monday looking after his interests as a candidate for the legislature.

Henry Cook of Germantown, was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

The Ladies of the St. Bernards church will give a supper in the Masonic building on Wednesday evening, Aug. 26.

Albert Lonson, returned last Friday to Pekin, N. D., to resume his duties as cashier of the State Bank of Pekin.

To Exchange—A good Remington typewriter for a wide tired wagon.

George Elder.

Next Sunday Services will be held at the following places by the United Church Mission Superintendent Rev. O Glasoe at Thief River Falls in the Evenson hall at 10:30 A. M.

Bethany congregation at 3:00 P. M.

New Hope congregation at 7:45 P. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Hunt's Perfect Extracts for household use are as good as Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder—none ever disappoint.

Lost—A black leather bag at the fair grounds last week. Finder please return to Jeweler Anderson and receive reward.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. John Forsberg, Thursday afternoon, Aug. 27th at 3 o'clock, p. m.

One of the large grey horses that Charley Shirley sold Bert Forder of Virginia, Minn., died after arriving at that place.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Miss Esther Kretzschmar returned last Saturday from Oshkosh, Wis., where she had spent several weeks visiting her grandparents.

Hank Draper left Monday for Grand Forks and will work for the International Harvester company as an expert during the fall.

Peter Eberhardt left Monday for the Red Lake country, going by way of Bemidji. He expects to spend about a week up there.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bulman, and Mr. and Mrs. Dennis LeSage were out to the town of Star last week visiting with Joseph Johnson.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Congregational meeting at 1:30 Sunday afternoon.

Olle Wigge, the pioneer barber of Thief River Falls, left Monday for Conway, N. D., and expects to make his future home there.

Malcom Eberhardt left Monday for Colorado to spend several months for the benefit of his health. He is suffering from lung trouble.

Herman F. Anderson, candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of county superintendent of schools, was in the city Monday.

Misses Isla and Lottie Ramstad returned to this city Friday from a trip to Milton, N. D., where they had been to witness a marriage of a cousin.

Frank Kratka, Jr., who is with the government surveyors working in the country north of Solway, was here to spend Sunday with his parents.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Ed Iverson, W. G. McAndress, Langlie Bros., John Fifer and Otto Lee, took six carloads of cattle to St. Paul Saturday. They returned the first of the week.

Meeting of the Sunday school teachers of the Synod church Friday evening at 8 o'clock at Mrs. Tho. Lonson. Teachers will please be present. I. T. Aastad, Supt.

R. D. V. Carr, of Middle River, passed through the city last week, being enroute home from Argyle, where he had been to attend the Marshall county Democratic convention.

I have a client who has some money to loan on first mortgage real estate security, either City or Country, at reasonable rates of interest. G. Halvorson, Attorney at Law.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock, services in Silverton. All welcome. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

The Young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church enjoyed a picnic Sunday at the Falk farm. A very pleasant time was had by the large number who attended.

Wanted—A teacher by the 1st of September for a three month's term by district No. 55, town of Silverton, Red Lake county. State wages wanted. Apply to Frank J. Staska, Mavie, Minn.

Herman Ohm was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week and filed as a candidate for county treasurer on the Socialist ticket. O. T. Tanberg, the Republican nominee, will be his only opponent.

While John Dolson was taking the mail from the Soo depot to the postoffice Sunday morning, one of the mail sacks fell off his load and broke the large plate glass window in the corner of the new Oen block.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Quite a number of farmers in the town of Silverton are drilling for artesian wells. Emil Sedelick is drilling a well for Ole G Hanson and is now down over 100 feet. Another well digger is at work on John Lund's farm.

For Sale—A twenty five horse power threshing machine outfit. Complete and in first class condition. Will trade for cattle. For further particulars call at this office of address postoffice box 8, Middle River, Minn.

School will open this year on Tuesday, Sept. 8.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hastad Sunday.

County Treasurer Tanberg was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

J. E. Strandquist, of Strandquist, was in the city yesterday transacting business.

Those desiring to take teachers to board are requested to notify Supt. J. H. Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bulman were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ole J. Johnson, of Plummer, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Clarence Cummings and wife, of Osloo, were in the city the first of the week visiting with friends.

Lost—A string of amber beads on Main avenue or First street. Finder please notify Mrs. A. H. Rinker.

Attorney G. Halvorson and Emil Dryfoos left yesterday for Fergus Falls to attend to some business matters.

There was a meeting of the board of county commissioners yesterday. Ditch matters were the only things up for consideration.

The new Russel grader for the town of Highlanding arrived here this week and will be taken out to Highlanding on Friday or Saturday.

Mrs. Methven and daughter, Miss Moryl, of Bemidji, arrived in the city Tuesday evening and are the guests of Mrs. Emil E. Zeh.

A number of young people left last week on Ole Peterson's boat for a trip up the Red Lake river to Red Lake points. Mrs. A. I. Anderson acted as chaperon.

Mary Madden, the fifteen year old daughter of Barney Madden, an employee at the Soo depot, ran away last Saturday. She was located at the home of an aunt in Grand Forks and returned to this city Tuesday.

A number of young ladies served a leap year picnic supper to a number of young men Monday evening. The affair was a very pleasant one and took place on the banks of the Red Lake river in the southern part of the city.

L. L. Omdahl, formerly of Bagley, arrived here the first of the week and is to have charge of the local branch of the Hamm Brewing company. H. Hart, the former agent here, is to go to some point in the southern part of the state.

J. J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, candidate for the legislature, spent Sunday in Red Lake county in the interest of his candidacy. He attended the picnics in the towns of Rocksbury and Black River and also spent some time in St. Hilaire. Judge Moen, of Ada, was here assisting him.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits we can sell it.

Albert Olson, one of the settlers living on the reservation east of town, was in the city Monday. Mr. Olson has 110 acres into crop this year and says that prospects for a good harvest are excellent. If there were more settlers as enterprising as Mr. Olson the country would be far better off.

Leo Doland, the ten year old son of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Doland, died Sunday morning at seven o'clock from convulsions. The boy had eaten a number of green plums and choke cherries on Saturday and was sick but a few hours. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon.

Thursday evening, Fanny, Emma, and Frank Zavoral, of Erie, came to the city to spend a few days at the Vorlicky home. Fanny and Emma returned home Wednesday on the farmer's steamboat. Frank has gone to North Dakota where he will work during the fall running a threshing rig, returning with his pocket full of money.

Probate Judge N. W. Tarrant and County Attorney Germo were up to St. Hilaire Monday to look into the case of the Johnson children who were left orphans a few weeks ago by the death of their mother. There are but two girls, Selma and Alma, aged respectively fourteen and nine years, and it was deemed advisable to send them to the orphans home at Owatanna.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

People's tongues are sometimes like matches. Some of them are like these snappy-headed ones, that go off when you aren't looking and hit at anything, and some are like the seven day kind that are mighty slow about getting started and even slower about stopping, and then there are those like the taper kind of matches, that only go when they should, stop when they should and do no damage, but they are few and far between.—Ex.

Joel G. Winkjer, who is now in government employ and stationed at Topeka Kansas, is visiting in this section and favored St. Hilaire friends with a short visit on Thursday. Mr. Winkjer informs the Spectator that Kansas farmers are at least ten years behind the Minnesota farmers in all dairy matters. Co-operative creameries are unknown there and 8 cents less paid for cream than is paid by creameries in this section.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Supt. of Schools H. T. McAnulty was in the city yesterday.

Gilbert Haavi, went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Charles Newberry left last evening for Crookston to buy some horses.

Mrs. J. F. Matheson, of Big Sandy, Mont., who had been here to attend the funeral of her father, Martin Lillemon, left yesterday for her home.

Miss Olga Loken, of Crookston, and Miss Mable Sparby, of Ashland, Wis., arrived in the city last Saturday and are visiting their uncle, G. Halvorson.

Miss Marie Hermanson sustained a very painful injury Tuesday. While handling a 22-rifle, the gun accidentally discharged and the ball passed through her foot.

Andy Erickson, O A. Westine and S. H. Sharbach left last week for a trip up the Red Lake river in Mr. Erickson's gasoline boat. They expect to return this week.

Charles Newberry and his son, George Newberry, last week purchased a complete threshing rig. They will run the machine east of the city on the eleven towns.

Mrs. J. M. Bishop and children left yesterday morning for Alexandria where they will join the family of G. W. Hawes and spend several days camping out at one of the lakes near Alexandria.

Joe Giller went to the cities Saturday evening to buy his fall stock of clothing and dry goods. He expects to return Friday evening and will have some genuine bargains to offer to the public.

A number of people enjoyed a picnic supper on the lawn at Emil E. Zeh's residence Tuesday evening. The band was down and furnished music for the occasion and it proved to be a most enjoyable affair.

The Indians Object.

The recent arrest of Red Lake Indians for killing moose on the Red Lake reservation by the game warden of Red Lake county and its sheriff, is contrary to law, and the Red Lake Indians should take steps to punish these officials. The supreme court of Minnesota decided in a case which came up on this reservation in which Mrs. Selkirk was the defendant that a member of the reservation could kill game at any season of the year on an Indian reservation. The Red Lake Indians are not yet citizens of the United States, for they have not yet had allotments of land in severalty made to them, and are under the protection of the United States, and the Red Lake reservation is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States. No game warden of Minnesota has any right to go upon the reservation and arrest an Indian for killing game thereon no matter what time of the year he may kill it.—White Earth Tomahawk.

Contract Is Let.

Mrs. Crocker has let the contract for digging the basement for the new block she proposes to build at the corner of La Bree avenue and Second street to A. C. Hanson. Mr. Hanson is to receive $1400 and the present buildings. The new building is going to be in the form of an L and will have a frontage of 100 feet on La Bree avenue and 110 on Second street. It is quite probable that part of it will be used as a hotel.

Has Not Filed as Yet.

There was a rumor about town the first of the week to the effect that Ira C Richardson had filed for the office of county attorney. Mr. Richardson denies this, but says that he may decide to become a candidate in a few days. Next Tuesday is the last day for candidates to file who desire to receive a party nomination.

Council Did Not Meet.

There was no meeting of the city council Tuesday evening, Aldermen Forder and Evenson being the only two members present. Aldermen Hoag and Ramstad are out of the city and Alderman Prichard has refused to attend the last three meetings of the council. There was no business of importance to transact except the allowance of bills, and many of the laboring men who have money due them from the city are doing some kicking.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

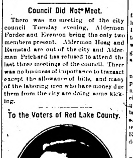

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Superintendent of schools at the coming primaries and respectfully solicit your vote and support.

Yours truly,
O. A. Naplin.

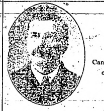

A. R. JONES,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for Sheriff of Red Lake County at the Primaries Sept. 15.

H. T. McAnulty, Superintendent of Schools.

Candidate for re-election. Twelve years experience in teaching in the schools of Red Lake county and nearly four years as county superintendent. Respectfully solicits your vote and support at the Republican primaries on Sept. 15, 1908.

Officers Elected.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Minnesota Air Line Railway company, which proposes to build a line from Roosevelt to Thief River Falls, the following officers were elected.

President—W. G. Hunt, of Roosevelt.

Vice President—T. R. Hasley, of Iowa Falls, Iowa.

Secretary—E. E. Rambusch.

Treasurer—W. W. Prichard, of Thief River Falls.

Directors—L. P. Hedborg, Halvor Robberstad, W. G. Hunt, T. B. Hasley, W. W. Prichard, G. Halvorson and D. P. O'Neill.

President Hunt states that a New York firm has agreed to finance the railroad and says that the prospects for commencing work at an early date are excellent.

Subscribe for the News.

Wylie News.

Peter Linlom, one of the prosperous farmers in Red Lake county, was here last week after his supply of twine. Peter is authority for saying that a certain kind of green bug is ruining the wild oats by cutting the joints before going to seed. Corral the bugs and form a trust.

Did you notice the uncollected personal property tax for the year 1907 in last proceedings of the board of county commissioners? Citations were issued against eighteen—some four having five figure amounts against them; while the board is satisfied that seventy-eight persons owing taxes for 1907 cannot be collected and has ordered them cancelled. Roosevelt would not call this a "square deal."

The farmer boys, both large and small, when they come to town do not forget to take home a supply of ammunition so as to be ready when the [illegible] opens, which happens to be next Saturday. We are of the opinion that this is the only solution to the [illegible] problem and inside of two or three years with the present bounty, [illegible] will be as scarce as hens teeth in this neck of the woods.

Andy Driclan, section foreman at Wylie, went down to Crookston Saturday to take the section foreman's examinations and have his watch examined by the inspector. If Andy should be a little "afraid of the cars," Jim Hill's examiner's should overlook this as it is seldom we see a train down here, and he has a good eye, who can locate the number on the engine before its [illegible] and [illegible] again. Later.—Andy took the examination with honors and his time piece [illegible] the best.

New Proprietor of the Hub.

Earl De Veling on Monday took charge of the Hub restaurant, and hereafter will have control of this popular restaurant. Mr. De Veling is an experienced man and is sure to run a first class place.

Go to Alexandria.

The base ball club leaves Friday morning for Alexandria and that afternoon plays the team from that city one game. On Saturday they play two games with the Alexandria players and leave that evening for Grand Forks to play one game on Sunday. The Alexandria team claims to be the champion team of the state and our boys expect to defeat them.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending August 15, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Arneson, H.
Bernier, Mrs. Josephine P.
Berg, Mrs. Rena
Cumming, Mark
Coleman, John
Iverson, Herman
Johnson, Gulstein
Mjoseth, T. J.
Moore, E. J.
Nelson, Will.
Nelsar, Ole
Olson, Mrs. Thea
Ragney, Thomas
Ramberg, Mrs. Louis.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

AT THE BIJOU.

The moving picture [illegible] for the last half of this week are [illegible] good and include [illegible] as well as some of the tragic [illegible]. Following [illegible] the new [illegible] Cosby and the [illegible]:

"[illegible] of the Stage Coach."
"[illegible], the Robbers Quarrel."
"[illegible]"

[illegible] True Hearts, what [illegible] Can Do," a night with [illegible] Paris [illegible] Want.—A [illegible], "Black Jim."

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School [illegible]. Epworth League 7:00 p. m. Everybody [illegible].

Subscribe for the News.

INDIANS ENRICHED

Ruling of Secretary Garfield in Swamp Land Dispute.

HAS ORDERED A RESURVEY

Attorney for Leech Lake Reds Discusses Decision of the Interior Department.

"One million to a million and a half dollars will be saved the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota by the recent decision of Secretary of the Interior Garfield to have the swamp lands of the Leech Lake Indian reservation resurveyed," said Mr. C. E. Richardson, an attorney of Washington, D. C., former secretary to Senator Clapp. He is representing the Indians in the case.

"The story has gone abroad," Mr. Richardson said, "that it will mean a saving of that much to the state itself, but in reality it is the Indians that profit by the decision.

"By this last decision of the secretary we get practically all the lands in dispute. The lands the state will get are practically now all under water because of the building of government dams and reservoirs. Many tracts of land which in reality belong to the Indians are claimed by the state. These tracts, which are classed as swamp lands in the original survey, are high and dry, being covered with valuable timber. Everybody knows that pine will not grow in swamp lands. The Indians have a right to these lands and the state officials in my mind do wrong in attempting to deprive them."

The secretary of the interior has ordered a resurvey of the lands in question. Governor Johnson has protested against this action on the grounds if the original survey of the swamp lands is inaccurate the entire survey must be wrong.

MUST SERVE SEVEN YEARS

Sentence of St. Paul Promoter Is Affirmed.

Samuel A. Phillips, convicted at St. Paul of embezzling funds of the Hancock company of Chicago, must serve his seven years in the penitentiary, the supreme court having affirmed Judge Bunn of the district court on the appeal taken by Phillips.

It was charged in the indictment on which Phillips was convicted that he appropriated to his own use the proceeds of transactions made on behalf of the Hancock company as its representative. Phillips contended that the transactions in question were his own private deals, in which the company had no interest.

Phillips is a well known promoter, having been connected with a number of enterprises in various parts of the country. He has also been in the newspaper business and when a young man worked as a compositor in Chicago. He went to St. Paul as the Northwest representative of the Hancock company about a year ago. Later he became interested in the St. Paul-Seattle Air Line company.

SUED FOR LARGE SUM.

Minneapolis Publisher Defendant in Case Involving a Million.

Swan J. Turnblad, publisher of the Swedish-American Posten of Minneapolis, has been made defendant, directly and indirectly, in a suit instituted by Isaac Ekberg for over $1,000,000.

Two amended complaints were filed by Ekberg, one calling for a judgment in favor of the Swedish American Publishing company. The grounds on these are similar to those of the former filings. Ekberg claims that Turnblad received large profits from the Posten which Ekberg claims belongs to the publishing company of which he is a stockholder.

Law Held Constitutional.

The Minnesota state supreme court has reversed the decision of the Minneapolis municipal court which convicted the Hammond Packing company of violating the law prohibiting the manufacture of bogus butter. The court holds that the evidence was not sufficient to show criminal intent. At the same time the law is pronounced constitutional.

Killed by Boiler Explosion.

Gabnal Munson, a farmer living near Prosper, was killed, George Johnson his helper, was probably fatally injured, and the small son of Munson was seriously hurt in the explosion of a faulty thresher engine boiler. Munson's body was hurled from the field to his porch and stripped of all clothing except his shoes.

Toothache Cause of Death.

Toothache caused the death of John L. Smith, a farmer, near Duluth. He was walking to Duluth to see a dentist and was holding his head in his hands to relieve the pain. He did not hear the approach of a Great Northern train and was instantly killed.

Aged Woman Murdered.

Mrs. George Cochran, aged seventy one years, was murdered in the front yard of her home at Grand Rapids. The woman was slashed to death with a knife and there is no clue to the murderer.

EDITORS IN ST. PAUL.

National Association Holding Its Annual Convention.

After getting the convention fairly under way in the morning the members of the National Editorial association at St. Paul took it easy the rest of the day, making a trip to Stillwater in the afternoon and an inspection of the plant of a local refrigerator company in the evening. Six chartered cars, containing the editorial contingent to the number of 400, carried the editors to Stillwater. The editors and their families were the guests of the Stillwater Citizens' association, transportation facilities and all forms of entertainment being furnished by the association.

Owing to a hitch in the proceedings neither the city nor the state was officially represented at the opening session.

Governor Johnson was to have delivered an address of welcome to the state, but he was out of the city. Mayor D. W. Lawler appeared at the convention at the time scheduled for the opening of the convention, but as the members had not assembled, Captain H. N. Castle was drafted into service to welcome the visitors to St. Paul.

He was responded to by B. B. Herbert of Chicago, founder of the association, and H. F. Diamond of New Orleans.

Much interest is already being shown in the contest between the cities that are after the next meeting of the association. Seven invitations have already been received. The cities that have entered the lists are Toledo, Cincinnati, Seattle, Atlantic City, Put-in-Bay, Chattanooga and Chicago.

IN HANDS OF RECEIVERS.

Minneapolis and Northern Elevator Company.

Charles F. Amsden and Henry F. Douglas have been appointed receivers at Minneapolis for the Minneapolis and Northern Elevator company on the application of Albert C. Loring, Charles S. Pillsbury and Albert C. Cobb, receivers for the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company.

The appointment was made by Judge Purdy of the United States district court. According to F. H. Carleton, attorney for the Pillsbury-Washburn company, the financial condition of the Minneapolis and Northern company is not in any way impaired. The step was taken merely to place the property in the hands of the receivers of the milling company.

The Minnesota and Northern company operates 100 elevators in Minnesota and North Dakota. It is a feeder for the Pillsbury-Washburn company. The capitalization of the company is $1,000,000. The officers are Charles M. Amsden, general manager; W. D. Washburn, Alfred M. Pillsbury, Henry L. Little and Charles M. Amsden, directors.

FARMER BRUTALLY BEATEN

Refused to Endorse Deposit Check on Demand of Burglars.

Because John Colnick, who resides on a farm near Little Falls, would not endorse a certificate of deposit so they could cash it two burglars murderously assaulted him and left him for dead in his bed. His house was entered by two masked men, one of whom ransacked the house while the other covered Mr. and Mrs. Colnick with a revolver. In addition to a small amount of cash the burglars found a certificate of deposit on a bank.

Minnesota Red Men Elect.

The state convention of Red Men at Winona closed with the election of officers and their installation by Great Incohonee W. A. S. Bird, who also addressed the convention. A complete list of the officers is as follows: Sachem, W. S. Wright, St. Paul; senior sagamore, William Erickson, Red Wing; junior sagamore, William M. Barber, Long Prairie; keeper of records, Frank J. Hebl, St. Paul; prophet and great representative, Vivian Prince, Eveleth; keeper of wampum, George J. Fischer, Winona; trustee, S. C. Tubbs, Park Rapids; member of board of appeals, U. Curtis, Lake City. The convention decided to meet next year at Brainerd.

Will Reveals a Romance.

Filing of the will of the late Robert Pratt of Minneapolis, former mayor of that city, revealed a romance. A share in an estate valued at $20,000 is left to Mary Bettin, Mr. Pratt's housekeeper, "who had agreed to become my wife," reads the will. Miss Bettin gets $2,000 capital stock in the Zenith Telephone company of Duluth and $2,500 from a life insurance policy. Mr. Pratt's five sons and daughters by a former marriage share the estate with their father's fiancee.

Marriage Broker Arrested.

Because they considered his offer of a $20,000 widow for $5 too good to be true the postal authorities at Minneapolis arrested Charles A. Hudson, the alleged proprietor of the Keystone matrimonial agency of Chicago, on a charge of using the mails in an attempt to defraud. Hudson entered a plea of not guilty in the federal court and was taken back to Chicago, where he will have his trial.

Held on Murder Charge.

Ada Dalam, colored, accused of killing Joseph Hanley, also colored, at St. Paul on July 24 last, had a preliminary hearing before Judge Hanft in the police court and she was held to the grand jury on a charge of murder. The coroner's jury last week returned a verdict that Hanley died from stab wounds inflicted by some person unknown to the jury.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Another cloud has arisen between China and Japan, according to a special dispatch received in London from Hongkong, owing to the seizure at Chinchu by the Chinese authorities of a steamer having on board 10,000 rifles and 2,000,000 cartridges. Japanese merchants have protested, claiming that this cargo belongs to them, and they threaten to make another international question out of the incident.

The colonial government of the island of Curacao is making active preparations for any possible trouble between The Netherlands and Venezuela. A station for wireless telegraphy is being installed at Willemstad and the cruiser Gelderland has left for the neighboring island of Aruba, carrying rifles and ammunition to the inhabitants.

The Turkish government has informed the state department that Hussin Klazim Bey, who now represents Turkey at Bucharest, Roumania, has been appointed Turkish minister to the United States in place of Mehmed Ali Bey.

Two persons were killed and six injured by the explosion at the grounds of the Franco-British exhibition at London of the envelope of the balloon owned by Captain Lovelace of the New York Aero club.

As the result of an explosion of fire-damp in the Dunweiler mine, near Saarbrucken, Germany, fifteen persons were killed and six are in hospitals suffering from serious injuries.

The publication of all newspapers in Denmark has been suspended indefinitely in consequence of the strike of printers and its resultant lockout.

Six persons were killed and eighteen injured in a gun explosion aboard the French gunnery schoolship Couronne.

The health department declares officially that the city of St. Petersburg is threatened with cholera.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The Illinois Manufacturers' association will bring its influence to bear on the railroads to take immediate steps toward repairing all idle cars to avoid a car shortage this fall. Shippers are alarmed over the possibility of a famine and are criticising the railroads for failing to keep cars in repair during the business depression.

Every move in the Thaw bankruptcy proceedings has shown the determination of Thaw and his counsel to take his case out of the New York courts and force a hearing on the question of his mental condition in the courts of Pittsburg.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that midsummer weather is retarding progress somewhat, but on the whole the volume of business grows larger and there is pronounced improvement in sentiment regarding the future.

Chicago can boast of a population of 2,425,000, according to the 1908 directory. This is an increase of 58,000 over 1907. In the directory are listed 758,100 names, an increase of 20,700 over 1907.

LABOR NEWS.

Iowa union miners defeated a proposal to pension aged and dependent members of the organization in that district.

Killed Before a Crowd.

Paterson, N. J., Aug. 17.—In the presence of several thousand spectators at the Clifton Cycle stadium "Sonny" Bridge, a motor cyclist and former lightweight pugilist, was thrown from a motor cycle which he was testing on the track and was instantly killed. Bridge had been scheduled to ride a twenty-mile race with James Moran.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 17.—Wheat—Sept., 99½@99⅝c; Dec., 97c. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.25@1.26; No. 1 Northern, $1.22@1.23; No. 2 Northern, $1.19@1.20; No. 3 Northern, $1.13@1.18.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.50@6.00. Hogs—$6.40@6.60. Sheep—Wethers, $3.75@4.10; yearlings, $4.00@4.50; spring lambs, $5.50@6.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 17.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.18; No. 1 Northern, $1.17; No. 1 Northern, new, $1.04⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.1[illegible]; Sept., 99⅝c; Dec., 96¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.31¼; Sept., $1.29¾; Oct., $1.27; Nov., $1.27; Dec., $1.24½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Wheat—Sept., 91⅝c; Dec., 93⅝@93¾c; May, 97⅞@97⅞c. Corn—Sept., 75¼c; Dec., 63⅛c; May, 62⅝@62¾c. Oats—Sept., 46⅝c; Dec., 46⅞@47c; May, 49[illegible]c. Pork—Sept., $15.07½; Oct., $15.2[illegible]; Jan., $16.02½. Butter—Creameries, 1[illegible]@22c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—15½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 11[illegible]; springs, 14@15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.55@7.60; Texans, $3.50@5.20; Western cattle, $3.50@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.90; calves, $5.50@7.[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $6.25@6.85; mixed, $6.[illegible]@6.90; heavy, $6.25@6.90; rough, $6.[illegible]@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.[illegible]@6.90; pigs, $5.20@6.10. Sheep, $[illegible]@[illegible].40; yearlings, $4.35@5.00; lambs, $3.50@6.60.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minneapolis is to have another industrial enterprise. Articles of incorporation will be filed in a few days with the secretary of state for the formation of the American Automatic Fender company, to be capitalized at $500,000. Mill City business men have been instrumental in founding the company, which will engage in the manufacture of fenders for street cars and pilots for locomotives.

Grant Van Sant of Minneapolis, son of former Governor S. R. Van Sant, with Chicago men, is trying to organize a company for the purpose of supplying the Northwestern states with coal to be shipped in barges by way of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers to the Twin Cities. In this way the railway haul would be greatly shortened at each end, as most of the trip would be by water.

A second appeal for aid has been made by the commission appointed by Governor Johnson to receive funds for the Clinton cyclone sufferers. The commission recently held a meeting at Clinton and after thoroughly investigating the situation decided to call public attention again to the unfortunate condition of the stricken community and ask the public for aid.

Minnesota has 141 more state banks now than at the corresponding period of last year and in consequence the aggregate capital stock of state banks is increased from $10,686,600 to $12,078,100 and the total resources of these institutions from $89,123,417.56 to $90,535,430.64. The last report shows 607 banks, while a year ago there were 466.

A threatened strike of the employes of the Pillsbury-Washburn mills at Minneapolis was obviated by an order entered by Judge Purdy of the federal court allowing the wages due to the men as preferred claims. The sum involved aggregates $9,685. The receivers met and made arrangements so the wages should be paid as ordered.

Clement Langer, a Mankato street railway conductor, has received a cablegram informing him of the sudden death of his father, Count Clement Langer of Austria. The deceased owned a large estate in Austria, besides a large rubber tire factory. Mr. Langer of Mankato is the only son and falls heir to the entire estate.

The farmers in Nicollet county, a few miles up the Minnesota river from Mankato, have suffered all summer from the raids of wolves. Of late the animals have become bolder and now they invade the pastures and barnyards and kill sheep and hogs. It has been found difficult to hunt them and many complaints are being made.

Before the members of the state board of control the first harvester turned out by the farm machinery factory at the state prison was put through its paces at Lake Elmo, a short distance from Stillwater. The members of the board pronounced it a practical success.

The regulation and prevention of rabies, typhoid and smallpox will be the subject of discussion at a meeting of the county health officers called by Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health. The meeting will be held in St. Paul Oct. 6.

The state board of control has ordered that clothing for the inmates of all penal and custodial institutions shall be made at the state reformatory at St. Cloud. The board has established a tailor shop there and has installed fourteen machines.

The total assessed valuation of Minneapolis real and personal property, according to the assessment rolls approved by the city council, shows that it will reach nearly $176,000,000, a gain of $8,000,000 over last year.

The condition of Thomas Lowry, president of the Twin City Rapid Transit company and the Soo line, who has been seriously ill at his home in Minneapolis, is reported as greatly improved.

Plans for the new state normal school building in Winona have been formally approved and bids will be called for in a few days.

John D. Engle, a prominent Prohibition leader, was nominated for mayor of Minneapolis at a mass meeting of Prohibitionists.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

L. H. Hauge, a prominent farmer of Atlanta, Becker county, was killed while at work under a binder. He attempted to put the neckyoke under the tongue and had tipped the machine back. In doing this the machine gave way and the frame fell across his neck.

As the result of eating ice cream in cones, together with cheap candies, George Heath of Minneapolis, five years old, is dead of ptomaine poisoning and peritonitis.

Charles Sonnenberg, seventy years of age and a well known resident, committed suicide at St. Paul as the result of ill health.

OBITUARY.

W. N. Olin, an old resident of Bird Island, dropped dead in his garden. He was an old soldier and a former resident of Granite Falls.

Major John Kelliher, U. S. A., retired, who made a distinguished record in the Civil war, is dead at St. Paul, aged sixty-eight.

Howard Libbey, a prominent and prosperous farmer of Featherstone, died at the city hospital in Red Wing aged sixty years.

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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

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DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
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BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota

JACOBSON OF LAC QUI PARLE

The Sioux City Tribune says of the republican candidate for governor: It is a unique but strong character the republicans have taken as their candidate for governor this year. "Jake" as he is oftener called than by either his given name of Jacob or his surname of Jacobson, is a Norwegian by birth and an American by naturalization. Tall, angular rawboned, a raucous voice, pitched high in debate, brusque, honest as daylight and fearless as sunlight, he has been a figure in Minnesota politics for many years. As a legislator in all the six terms he served, he was an agitator, a John crying in the wilderness for corporation control and regulation, years before his party ceased to bow the knee in humble servitude. Entrenched in the loyalty of his constituents he came in session to the capitol to agitate and irritate, to be jeered at, snubbed and beaten. When at last, the moral sense woke up there was a demand for "Jake" for governor. Two years ago he entered the field. The railroad interests whom he had fought for years, the lumber interests against whose depredations on state lands he had roared and the iron range interests who feared that he might make them pay righteous revenue to the state, centered their strength against him in the convention. Unable to secure their own selection, a plain tool in their hands as state treasurer, but bent on beating "Jake" at whatever risk they united their strength to that of A. L. Cole and nominated him. Immeditately the impression spread that Cole was a candidate of the Interests, and poor Cole, as honest and independent a man as ever lived went to an ignominious defeat before Johnson. The defeat of Jacobson made Governor Johnson the national figure he is, for Jacobson would have been elected.

There is encouragement to the progressive men of all parties in this selection of Mr. Jacobson for governor of Minnesota for he has been a leader in all movements in that state to elimante the bad and to make the good better. The establishment of the state board of control policy there, superseding the old local boards that were so valuable an adjunct of the party machine, was due in large measure to his persistent efforts. He led the movement in the lower house for the option of the primary method of choosing candidates. Appointed chairman of the board of control he nullified predictions that he would make it a party machine. As governor he will not let personal or party interests swerve him from what he believes to be his duty "Jake" will not be noted for his good looks or lauded for his suavity, but he will make Minnesota a mighty good governor.

HERMAN F. ANDERSON,
Candidate for Republican Nomination for Supt. of Schools.

Little Falls Transcript: "The railroads reaching to the Pacific coast simply can't stand it to publish their railroad rates on freight destined for Asia. After the railroads are given all the public rights they need they resent any concern the public shows in their operation and management. If the railroads have been doing foreign business at a loss, and thus at an expense to home patrons they better quit it."

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending August 8, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Areison, Miss Mary
Beebee, Albert
Bergen, W. M.—2
Corcoran, T. H.
Goltschanor, Geo. L.
Harding, C. H.
Haugen, A. A.
Jenkins, Miss Kate
Lewis, N. B. Mrs.
Monson, L. J.
McMellan, A. H.
McChanty, Jerry
Owen, Chas. W.
Peterson, Miss Etta
Peterson, Mrs. H. C.
Rindahl, Martin
Smith, S. W.
Starfall, Chas.
Snelling, S.
Skroder, Erling
Schussner, Miss Cossell
Wagner, Walter.
Box 351

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Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

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W. R. CALLAWAY,
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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In order to make room for our fall and winter goods that are coming in daily, we offer for the next two weeks special lines in dry goods at prices way below cost. A visit to our store will convince you that we mean business.

One half price on wash goods, such as white goods, lawns, etc.
One third off on all shirt waists and ladies' summer jackets.
One fourth off on ladies' walking skirts.
Ten per cent off on all men's, ladies' and children's oxfords.
Do not overlook our bargain counter in shoes.
We carry the largest and best stock of shoes in the city and always at lowest price.
Call and be convinced we can save you money.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

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We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.

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Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

LIST OF PRIZE WINNERS

Those Who Secured Premiums at the County Fair.

(Below is published a list of those who received premiums at the county fair with the exception of the live stock exhibits. Owing to the fact that the judges of live stock did not make out their returns properly, it will be two or three weeks before this list can be published.)

AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

M. Bakken, 1 bundle flax, second.
" 1 blue stem wheat, first.
" 1 2nd alfalfa, first.
" red clover.
Henry Rondorf, 1 bundle fodder corn, second.
" sheaf of barley.
" 1 rhubarb, first.
" ½ bushel barley, second.
" ½ bushel early rose potatoes.
Gustav Frietag, 3 rutabago, first.
" 3 turnips, first.
" 6 radishes, second.
" 6 carrots.
" 8 onions, second.
" 3 beets.
" ½ bushel potatoes, first.
" 6 ears Indian corn, second.
" 6 ears pop corn, first.
Mrs. Schmitz, ripe tomatoes, first.
" 6 carrots, first.
" 6 turnips, first
" pickling beets, second.
Joe Schmits, 3 B. C. chickens, first.
Schuyler Schmit, 3 W. bramahs, first.
O. Kindley, 2 head of cabbage, first.
" 6 carrots, first.
" 3 rutabagoes, second.
" 6 red onions, second.
" 6 white S. onions, first.
C. Elgston, 1 bundle red clover, first.
" 2nd alfalfa, second.
Oscar Tessum, 2 heads of lettuce, first.
" 6 carrots, long, second.
" Sheaf of corn, (field) second.
" 3 mangrels, second.
" sheaf of W. R. barley, first.
" sheaf white Russian oats, first.
August Krause, ½ bush burbank, first.
" 6 red onions, second.
" 1 red clover, first.
Willis Fasel, common parsley, second.
J. S. Brown, ½ B. E. R. Potatoes, first.
" ½ bush 6 weeks, second.
" 6 table beets, first.
" 3 cucumber, second.
" 6 parsnips, second.
" 6 pickling onions, second.
J. S. Brown, one quart of wax beans, first.
Anton E. Peterson, Ill. oats, second.
" 1 quart of M. peas, second.
C. Gustafson, ½ bu. blue stem, first.
" ½ bu. winter rye, second.
I. C. Richardson, 6 ears of sweet corn, second.
John Kellberg, plate of crab apples, first.
Helmer Kellberg, ½ bu. E. B. P., second.
" 3 turnips, second.
Helmer Kellberg, 2 bunches curly parsly, second.
H. Pope, ½ bushel flax, Minn. 25, first.
" sheaf fodder corn, first.
" University Oats, first.
" 1 quart peas, first.
Gust Bergen, Turkeys, second.
Gust Bergren, speltz, first.
C. L. Heinze, timothy, second.
" collection of Garden produce, first.
" cauley flower, first.
" early cabbage, second.
" late cabbage, second.
" parsley, first.
" rutabagas, second.
" red seed onions, first.
" poto onions, first.
" green tomatoes, second.
Mrs. E. N. Ellofson, 1 quartt peas, second.
Gust Bergren, ½ bus speltz, second.
H. J. Rustad, 3 plymouth rock, first.
" neatest coop, first.
G. Lipskomb, 3 barred plymouth rock, second.
H. B. Halvorson, ½ bush oats, white, first.
H. B. Halvorson, sheaf of barley, first.
J. L. Frake, sheaf of hard wheat, second.
" ½ bushel hard wheat, first.
" ½ bushel winter rye, first.
C. W. Malberg, sheaf of Minn. oats, first.
Harris Smith, ½ bushel potatoes, E. O. P., second.
" sheaf of corn, first.
" 6 short carrots, second.
" 3 ducks, first.
Victor Sandstrom, short carrots, second.
" beans in pod, second.
E. A. Aubel, sweet corn, first.
" sample alfalfa, first.
" sheaf flax, first.
" beans in pod, second.
" beans in pod, first.
" crab apples, not canned, second.
" wax beans, not in pod, second.
" currants, red, first.
" Gooseberries, second.
" rhubarb, first.
" onions, second.
J. O. Thorstad, winter Rye, first
Albin Holzknech, 2 red bantam, second.
" 3 Plymouth Rock, first.
Fred Holzknecht, 3 black minorcas, first.
C. S. Hienze, leek, second.
Elmer Brink, sheaf of alfafa, second.
Ole Flattern, ½ bu. golden oats, second.
Elmer Satre, 6 winter radishes, first.
C. Satre, 3 blue doves, second.
" ½ bu. S. M. oats. second.
J. O. Thorstad, 2nd growth clover, first.
" timothy sample, first.
" potatoes Ohio, second.
" carrots long, first.
J. R. Carlo, peas in pod, first.
" pickling onions, first.
C. B. Bakke, winter wheat, first.
" winter rye, first.
O. A. Voberg, turnips, first.
" onions white, first.
Gynther Tessum, beets short, second.
" celery, first.
" peas in pod, first.
" sheaf sweet corn, second
" lettuce, second.
" radish summer, first.
Adolph Boltz, collection vegetable, second.
Thos Jacobson, oats ½ bush, first
Andrew Smith, 6 salsify, second.
" 6 S. beets, first.
Goffrey Carlson, 3 bantams chickens, first.
Andrew Smith, peavine seed, first.
Nels Samuelson, red top, second.
" wheat, second.
Mrs. A. N. Gutterud, 6 potato onions, first.
Mrs. A. N. Gutterud, 6 weeks potatoes, second.
W. H. Quist, speltz, first.
Fred Holzknect, 3 barred Plymouth Rock, second.
E. Zeh, table beans, second.
" green peas, second.
" ripe tomatoes, first.
" currants, second.
" ripe cucumber, first.
Adolph Boltz, 3 sunflower, first.
Otto Schutz, curly kale' first.
Peter Engelstad, sheaf of blue stem, second.
Otto Schuly, sugar beets, first.
" winter radishes, second.
" field peas, first.
John Remmen, sheaf of red top, second.
" oats, second.
Amund Myron, 2nd clover, second.
" red top, first.
Mrs. M. Schmitz, curly kale, second.
Wm. Parno, tobacco, first.
" cabbage, first.
" table beets, second.
" radishes, second.
" onions, first.
W. A. Robbins, 3 white leg horn, first.
Martin Berg, ½ bu hard life Sc. 't, second.
" ½ bu. barley, first.
R. J. Mc Donald, gurraute, second.
" gooseberries, first.
J. R. G. Karlen, white seed onions 2nd

WOMEN'S BUILDING.

	Prize
Mabel Jacobson, silk Emb. centre piece	1st
Cor. Cord Emb.	1st
Hardanger centre piece	2nd
Silk quilt	1st
Water color flowers	1st
" " fruit	1st
Pyrography, collect.	1st
Mrs. Henry Rondorf, jar cucumber pickles	1st
Knitted socks	1st
Crochet lace-cotton	2nd
Miss Mary Just, Crochet work, collect.	1st
Miss Francis Schmitz, home made rug	1st
Onion pickles	2nd
Mrs. F. B. Robinson, Pansies, cut	1st
Mrs. M. Schmitz, home made rug	1st
" " Onion pickles	1st
" " Gooseberries	2nd
" " Ground cherries	2nd
" " Horseradish	1st
Anna Erickson, rag carpet	2nd
Mrs. F. C. Dablow, fancy apron	2nd
Silk Emb. table cover	1st
Dresser and side board cover	1st
Fancy made up sofa pillow	1st
Silk embroidered sofa pillow	1st
Arthur Baken, water color painting	1st
B. D. Bjorkman, wood work	1st
Mrs. John Borgen, Hardanger centre piece	2nd
Mrs. Emil Zeh, waist cotton Emb.	2nd
Crochet work wool, col., 4 pieces	1st
Table cloth, drawn work	1st
Initial napkins embroidered	2nd
Mrs. M. Forder, knitted stockings, 2 pairs	2nd
Knitted mittens, 2 pairs	1st
Mrs. Emil Zeh, fancy aprons, 4 p.	1st
Mrs E. S. Alnes, Bot. cherry wine	1st
Mrs. F. Holzknecht, crochet sacque, wool	1st
Crochet skirt, wool	2nd
Crochet shawl, wool	1st
Sofa pillow, drawn work	2nd
Sofa pillow, silk embroidered	1st
Mrs. Ira Richardson, specimen of darning	2nd
Jams and jellies, collect.	1st
Canned corn	1st
Canned peas	2nd
Canned beans	1st
Pickled beans	1st
Mrs. Ira C. Richardson, canned currants	2nd
Spiced currants	1st
Mrs. O. H. Bakken, rag carpet	1st
Mrs. O. S. Svien, cotton patch work quilt	1st
Mrs. J. S. Brown, preserved strawberries	1st
Canned beans	2nd
Canned peas	2nd
Canned pie plant	2nd
Canned raspberries	2nd
Miss Annie Wiberg, cake, sponge	1st
Mrs. H. R. Williams, crocket table spread	1st
Crochet lace, cotton, 1 yd	1st
Hardanger centre piece	1st
Mrs. E. N. Elofson, pickles, collect, 7 b	2nd
Canned raspberries	2nd
Canned strawberries	1st
Mrs. O. N. Elofson, cucumber sweet pickles	1st
Mrs. C. M. Evenson, sofa pillow, cotton, embroidered	1st
Fancy sheets and pillow slips	2nd
Mrs. M. V. Evenson, cotton Emb., collect.	1st
Silk Emb. table cover	2nd
Knitted slippers	1st
Knitted lace	1st
Crochet shawl	1st
Crochet spread	2nd
Sofa pillows, silk embroidered.	2nd
Mrs. A. D. Penny, side board cover	1st
Silk embroidered dolly	1st
Hardanger lunch cloth	1st
Mrs. Sophia Olson, cactus plant	2nd
Mrs. N. Hodak, sweet peas	1st
Assorted flowers	1st
Miss Edith Quist, Mavie P. O., cotton Emb. centre piece	2nd
Cor. cord	1st
Mrs. John Finke, yarn	1st
Miss May Quist, Mavie P. O., cotton Emb. centre piece	2nd
Toilet cushion	2nd
Fancy made up sofa pillow	1st
Emb. gown	2nd
Miss Theresa Kellberg, made up sofa pillow	1st
Canned pie plant	2nd
Adolph Baltz, cut flowers, Collect.	2nd
Canned strawberries	1st
Pickles, Collect.	1st
Miss Ila Ramstad, water color flowers	2nd
Pastel, marine	1st
Sugar and creamer	2nd
Flower piece	2nd
Collection, China, 10 p.	2nd
Miss Clara Cranum, Hardanger side board cover	1st
Mrs. H. J. Rusted, crochet doily	2nd
Crochet tidy	1st
Silk Emb. sofa pillow	2nd
Miss Clara Rusted, wood work	2nd
Wood work frame	2nd
Mrs. A. Loberg, St. Hilaire, knitted mittens	1st
Knitted skirt	1st
Knitted shawl	2nd
Mrs. Ed A. Aubel, knitted collection	1st
Pickle, collection	1st
Display, canned goods	1st
Display, preserves	2nd
Miss Inga Heckne, silk Emb. centre piece	2nd
Hardanger centre piece	2nd
Hardanger waist	2nd
Hardanger apron	1st
Miss Tena Evenson, sofa pillow	1st
Miss Clara Smith, fancy apron	1st
Knitted doily	1st
Mrs. John Smith, canned raspberries	1st
Mrs. H. Pope, St. Hilaire, bread	1st
Cookies, white	2nd
Mrs. Ole Torson, table cloth and napkins	1st
Cotton Emb. table cloth	2nd
Solid cotton Emb.	2nd
Cotton Emb. doily	1st
Cotton Emb. waist	1st
James Smith, everlasting flowers	2nd
Miss D. L. Strom, French Emb.	1st
Emb. towel	1st
Hand sewing	1st
Emb. napkins	1st
Miss Alice Jensen, sofa pillow	1st
Miss Marie Jensen, cross stitch pillow	2nd
Silk Emb. pillow	2nd
Mrs Alvina Jensen, Puppies, flowers	2nd
Asters, flowers	2nd
Ruth Evenson, pillow	1st
Miss Etta Flynn, side board cover	1st
Mrs. A. H. Fasel, Aster (cut flowers)	1st
Sweet Peas, (cut flowers)	2nd
Nasturtuims, (cut flowers)	1st
Collection cut flowers	1st
Willis Fasel, Poppies	1st
Mrs. Olaf Tessom, Graham bread	2nd
Coffee cake	2nd
White cookies	1st
Fancy cake	2nd
Rocks	2nd
Fatteg mand	1st
Crochet bed spread	2nd
Ginter Tessum, watermelon pickles	1st
Chow chow	2nd
Carrot, pickle	1st
Green peas can	1st
Mrs. H. J. Rustad, Pacalilli	1st
Tomato Catsup	1st
Cranberry jelly	2nd
Plum jelly	1st
Canned strawberries	2nd
Ground cherries	1st
Tomatoes, can	2nd
Plums, can	1st
Peaches, can	1st
Grape marmalade	2nd
Plum marmalade	1st
Miss Glenna Beerbower, cheese, home made	1st
Miss Jessie Beerbower, cheese, home made	2nd
Mrs. A. Anderson, Hardanger, collection	2nd
Pillow shams	2nd
Fancy apron	2nd
Miss Goldie Stebbins, sofa pillow	1st
" Esther Stebbins, wood work stand	1st
Mrs. Oscar Tessum, pear pickles	2nd
Watermelon pickles	1st
Ripe tomato pickles	2nd
Canned peaches	1st
Canned peas	1st
Currant jelly	1st
Pie plant	2nd
Display canned fruit	1st
Thief River Falls Creamery, 1 tub butter	2nd
Mrs. S. V. Bailey, silk Emb., collection	1st
Mrs. H. E. Muzzy, silk Emb. waist	2nd
Mrs. B. Christianson, pastel figure	1st
Specimen, hand sewing	2nd
Hardanger centre piece	2nd
Fancy gown	1st
Mrs. Oscar Tessum, bread, yeast rising	2nd
Coffee bread	1st
Angel cake	2nd
Alvin Holzknecht, cut flowers, Nast.	2nd
Canned pie plant	1st
Honey, extracted	2nd
Anton Hall, landscape	2nd
(Special) landscape, pen and ink	1st
Mrs. Anna Kretzschmar, canned currants	1st
Canned currents, white	2nd
Jelly display	1st
Miss Sophia Wiever, silk Emb. centre piece	2nd
Mrs. D. Shaw, cotton Emb. collection	1st
Dresser scarf, Wallachian Emb.	1st
Cor. Chord, centre piece	2nd
Mrs. Oscar Larson, Battenberg collection	1st
Mrs. D. K. Broant, sugar and creamer	1st
Flower piece	1st
Cups and saucers	1st
Mrs. D. K. Bryant, conventional piece	1st
Lustre piece	1st
Collection, 31 pieces	1st
Mrs. Ed A. Aubel, St. Hilaire, silk Emb. centre piece	2nd
Silk Emb. tray cloth	1st
Silk Emb. doily	1st
Mrs. T. L. Melgaard, solid cotton Emb.	1st
Special hand sewing	2nd
Landscape water color	1st
Miss Frances Schmitz, cut flowers, 10 weeks stock	1st
Mrs. W. B. Fuller, canned raspberries	1st
Mrs. Ira C. Richardson, currant wine	2nd
Mrs. John Mosbeck, jar butter, home made	1st
Mrs. Olof Tessum, crochet spread	2nd
Ginter Tessum, box honey	2nd
Mrs. A. Anderson, collection plants	1st
Mrs. Fred Holzknecht, fern plant	2nd
Begonian plant	2nd
Miss Tella Zeh, cut flowers Asst., bouquet	1st
Mrs. Fred Holzknecht, toilet cushion	1st
Table cloth, drawn work	2nd
Fancy sheets and pillow slips	2nd
Wallachian Emb.	2nd
Coffee cake	1st
Bread rolls	1st
Mrs. Oscar J. Larson, handkerchief, Duchess lace	1st
Handkerchief, point lace	2nd
Infant dress	1st
Mrs. Ed Korstad, Hardanger lunch cloth	1st
Collection cotton Emb.	2nd
Miss Mabel Satre, Hardanger centre piece	2nd
Mrs. Ole Torson, silk quilt	1st
Fruit, in oil	1st
Flower, in oil	1st
Mrs. O. Nylius, knitted sweater	1st
Mrs. S. Swanson, crochet cotton lace	1st
Crochet bed spread	1st
Mrs. John Finke, home made butter prints	1st
Home made butter, 5 lb. jar	2nd
P. O. Hagglund, St. Hilaire, box honey	1st
Mrs. Wm. [illegible], sofa pillow, cross stitch	1st
Mrs. B. Christianson, wool quilt	2nd
Landscape, pastel	2nd
Handkerchief, point lace	1st
Mrs. O. J. [illegible], Emb. [illegible]	2nd
Fancy sheets and pillow slips	1st
Cotton Emb. baby shoes	2nd
Sofa pillow, fancy made up	2nd
P. O. Hagglund, St. Hilaire, honey extracted	1st
Beeswax, (special)	1st
Geo. L. Austin, St. Hilaire, tub butter, creamery	1st
Mrs. R. S. Vrooman, collection of work in wood	1st
Mrs. Eric Hoard, St. Hilaire, knitted stockings	1st
Knitted mittens	2nd
Mrs. J. Borry, cotton Emb. table cloth	1st
Mrs. Akre, fern	1st
Mrs. Akre, pansies	2nd
R. J. McDonald, gladiolo, cut F.	2nd

EDUCATIONAL EXHIBIT.

Alice Solem, Fred Copp, examination papers	1st 2nd
Otto Solem, Fred Copp, examination papers	1st 2nd
Dist. 79, Terrebonne, penmanship	1st 2nd
" 81, Terrebonne, map draw'g	1st
" 79, Terrebonne, map draw'g	1st 2nd
" 80, Mentor, map drawing	1st
" 6, St. Hilaire, map drawing	1st
" 63, Red Lake Falls, kindergarten and primary work	1st
" 49, Red Lake Falls, kindergarten and primary work	1st
" 79, Terrebonne, kindergarten and primary work	1st 2nd
" 154, Hazel, drawing	1st
Anna Nettland, St. Hilaire, collection of drawing	1st
Mabel Weiberg, St. Hilaire, collection of drawing	2nd
Bertha Kardale, Rudell, collection of drawing	1st

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For the Tired Housewife

The dull monotony of the housewife's daily routine is wearing on both body and mind. She will find in Digesto Malt Extract a splendid tonic, whose mildly stimulating effect drives away that feeling of apathy and listlessness and gives life renewed interest.

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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

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A WORLD'S FAIR AT HOME
AUG. 31 TO SEP. 5. 1908

A MAMMOTH EXHIBITION WITHOUT A PEER
GRAND ARRAY OF
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DAIRY-POULTRY-FISH-GAME-SHEEP-SWINE
JOBBERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBITS
MARVELOUS SPEED EXHIBITION ON THE WORLD'S FASTEST TRACK
AFTERNOON AND EVENING PERFORMANCES
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SEALS AND SEA LIONS-ACROBATS-AERIAL ARTISTS
DANCERS AND EQUILIBRISTS
NIGHTLY DISPLAYS OF GREGORY'S ENCHANTING FIREWORKS
ROMAN CHARIOT AND STANDING ROMAN RACES
AIRSHIP RACES
BIG HIPPODROME SHOW
THE MERRY PIKE
INDIAN VILLAGE
AND THE BIG PRODUCTION
"FORT RIDGLEY IN 62"
B. F. NELSON, Pres. C. N. COSGROVE, Sec.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRESIDENT FALLIERES' VISIT

Distinguished Frenchman's Reception in the Swedish Capital Marked by Naval Reception and a Gala Dinner at the Royal Palace.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The recent visit of President Fallieres to Stockholm was a red letter event. His reception in the Swedish capital was naturally a most hearty one and neither expense nor efforts had been spared to ensure its success. A Swedish squadron was in waiting on the "Vartan" long before the French squadron arrived, but they made it a point to be on time and King Gustaf was himself at the head of the reception committee. The French squadron arrived in Stockholm on the evening of July 24 and after the distinguished guest had landed at the "Lodgardstrappain" he was immediately escorted to the royal palace, where a gala dinner had been arranged in his honor. The dinner, to which 190 guests had been invited, was served on a huge horseshoe table in the "Hvita Hafvet" and was one of the most elaborate functions that has been given in the royal palace for many a day. On the following day the president was taken out to "Gripsholm" palace and later on to the Riddarholm's church, where he viewed the remains of the late King Oscar. In the evening President Fallieres gave a dinner in honor of King Gustaf and Queen Victoria at the French legation. During this function the distinguished guests were serenaded by 150 singers under the direction of Director Sandberg. All Stockholm was illuminated and the cafes were all crowded to their utmost capacity. After being wined and dined and taken to all the points of interest in the Swedish capital, the French president and his squadron bade Stockholm farewell Sunday evening. The French president sent the following telegram to King Gustaf after his departure from Stockholm: "Before I leave the beautiful shores of Sweden, permit me to express to you how deeply grateful I am for your kind reception. Convey also to your gracious queen my regard and esteem. My visit to Sweden shall always remain fresh in my memory, for I cherished every moment that I spent in your beautiful country." Prior to leaving Stockholm, President Fallieres donated 5,000 francs to the city's poor.

"Salubrin" is becoming popular in Sweden and it is selling so rapidly in the northern section of the country that it is occasioning some alarm. "Salubrin" is mixed into soft drinks and produces thus a drink that becomes very intoxicating and secures for the victim the intoxication and the sleep that he desires to secure. In the iron mines of Norrland it is forbidden to sell intoxicating liquors. They are now using "Salubrin" instead. A "lansman" relates not long ago that a country dealer sold not less than 200 bottles in one day. It is believed that lots of "Salubrin" is also smuggled into Norway.

There is a good deal of satisfaction in official circles over the fact that the emigration to foreign countries has noticeably fallen off during the past few months. From January to May last year, the total number of emigrants leaving the country was 9,095, but for the same period this year the number was only 2,912. It is hoped that this condition may continue, says a correspondent from Stockholm. Yet it remains a fact that emigration to America still continues and this part of the emigration it will be difficult for the Swedish officials to check.

Professor McMahon, superintendent of the public schools in Pittsburg, has been visiting Stockholm recently to familiarize himself with the public school system in the Swedish capital. He expressed his great admiration for the Swedish school system and stated that he considered Sweden as one of the nations which takes a leading part in the matter of public school education.

About a dozen French journalists and correspondents accompanied President Fallieres to Stockholm. They went out to see Gripsholm palace and visited all the points of interest in the Swedish capital and were profuse in their praise of Swedish hospitality. They declared that Stockholm was even more beautiful than Paris.

A twenty-two story hotel will be erected out on Lidingo in the near future. The frame of the building will be constructed of iron. It will be an up-to-date hotel in every respect and will contain all modern improvements. It will be completed at an expense of 800,000 crowns and will be one of the finest private hotels in Sweden.

If any one took the English correspondent seriously when he intimated that Sweden had throne speculations on Laxemburg, they may be instantly relieved. The throne succession for the dukedom has already been arranged and will be given to the fourteen-years-old Grand Duchess Maria.

Former Chief of Police V. A. Tamm has been appointed postmaster of Stockholm. He is an able gentleman and has behind him a long and useful career as a public servant.

A Chinese legation for Sweden, Norway and Denmark will soon secure headquarters in Stockholm.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

An exchange states that former residents of Selbu, who now reside in America, are contemplating the erection of a sanatorium for consumptives in Selbu as a gift to their birthplace. It is the intention of the donors to have the institution ready by 1914, at the time when Norway celebrates the 100th anniversary of her independence. The local society for the suppression of tuberculosis is co-operating with the Norwegian-Americans, who are taking the lead in bringing the proposed enterprise under way.

Says an exchange: "The so-called 'milk sickness,' that has been prevalent in Christiania since last winter, causing several deaths, including the death of Mrs. Gunther, the wife of the Swedish minister, is said to have originated on the estate of Ovre Haug in Nittedalen. The dairy maid was taken seriously ill with a throat trouble and she infected the milk. It was until recently supposed that a sick cow started the disease, but this theory has now been discarded."

The French cruiser "Verite," with President Fallieres aboard, arrived at the Norwegian capital a week ago last Friday, when King Haakon and Queen Maud were present to bid him welcome. Immediately upon his arrival he was escorted to the palace, where he was royally entertained. The streets of Christiania were lined with festive-clad people and the entire city was decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the distinguished guest.

Henrik Lund's portrait painting of Ex-Premier Michelsen, which last winter was refused by the Bergen picture gallery and later accepted by the National Art gallery and hung behind a stairway, owing to a critical public, has now, at the request of Messrs. Lund and Michelsen been returned to Bergen, where it will likely remain for some time.

A Norwegian-Swedish young people's meeting was held in Tromso last month. A large delegation of Swedish young people were present and the meeting was a successful one in every particular. The object of this society is indeed a worthy one, viz., to create a more amicable feeling between the growing up generation of the two countries.

Emperor William arrived in Bergen July 17th and the following day he enjoyed a promenade on foot out on "Laxevaag." Owing to the stormy weather the emperor had to cancel his trip up through the Bergen fjords and made the trip up to Molde by rail instead.

The oldest country print shop in Norway, which is located in Sondmore, celebrated its one hundreth anniversary jubilee July 16th. The force was given a two weeks' vacation and one festivity followed on top of the other.

The monitors "Skorpion" and "Mjolner," which have been discarded by the government, have been sold to the Stavanger Steamship company for 40,250 and 32,500 crowns respectively.

In a Swedish-Norwegian football game, held in Gothenburg recently, the Swedes proved victorious. This was the first international football game ever played on Scandinavian soil.

Roald Amundsen, the distinguished explorer, celebrated his thirty-sixth birthday July 16. A number of his friends tendered him a reception at Grand Hotel.

The Stavanger Canning company has been sold to a Christiania syndicate for 30,000 crowns. It has during the past five weeks been managed and operated by Anton Pedersen.

The Peter Dass monument will be unveiled at Alstahaug during the latter part of this month.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Dr. Max Henius, of Chicago, president of the Danish-American National society, is at present on a visit in Copenhagen and the Danish papers are printing long interviews which they have had with him regarding the economic and social conditions of the Danes in America. In all these interviews Dr. Henius expresses the opinion that there is a strong movement on foot among Danish people in America to strengthen the ties with the people in the home country and that this movement is of an important international character. He gives it as his opinion that the Danish people in the United States and in Canada, for that matter, have no desire, although they have permanently located in America, to sever their connections with the mother country and that it is their wish if possible to maintain the Danish language on this side of the Atlantic.

Hundreds of Russian fugitives in Copenhagen, who have been on the point of starving to death, have during the past few weeks taken to the country districts, where they are seeking work among the farmers. Nearly all of them are cultured Russians such as journalists, students and teachers. After their bitter experiences in the Danish capital, they are now a comparatively satisfied lot. The farmers are, on the other hand, also very well pleased, as there has been a scarcity of labor, which has been, to say the least, alarming.

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is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the vary best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

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SAVES YOU MONEY.

He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.

Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar fo a dollar.

Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of suga for 50 cents.

Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.

" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.

" " " peaches, 12c per lb.

" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.

Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.

Reduction on everything.

Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highesf price

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Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF A. Wright

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to J. M. Bishop of Thief River Falls, Minnesota,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 20th day of January 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

COURT
SEAL.

July 23-aug-6

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Christ Myhre and Emma Myhre his wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota mortgagees dated February 7th, 1906 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County Minnesota in book 13 of mortgages on page 200 thereof on the 19 day of February A. D. 1906 at 8 o'clock a. m.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is One hundred forty-four and 75-100 dollars.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County Minnesota are as follows to-wit:—The North East Quarter of Section No. Eleven in Township One hundred fifty-three N. of R. Forty-one W. 5 P. M.

That by virue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday, Sept 4th, 1908 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount due on the said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated July 18, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls,
Mortgagees.

July 23-aug 27

L. M. Hong,
Attorney for Mortgagees.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given than Salve S. Lora, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Oct. 27th, 1904, made Homestead Entry, No. 788, Serial No. 0145, N. W. ¼, Section 17, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Christ Paterson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Arton Sorenson, " " " " "
Abraham Newton, " " " " "
Barnt Korvenlog, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 23-aug 27

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

H. M. Hicks, Plaintiff

VS

John Haley, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon John Haley if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the 15th day of September 1908, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to H. M. Hicks in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this nineteenth day of August A. D. 1908.

J. M. Bishop Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

(Seal)

aug. 20—sept. 3.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty-four and 45-100 dollar taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:40 o'clock A. M. in book 9 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 231, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for case to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton.
Attorney for Mortgagee;
Thief River Falls, Minn.

July 16 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.

Langseth Mercantile Company, Plaintiff

VS

Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter, Defendant,

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter if they shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the First day of September, 1908, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to Langseth Mercantile Company in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this 29th day of July A. D. 1908.

J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

(Seal)

Aug. 6—20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andreas O. Troevick as one of the heirs of Anne Amundsen deceased of Rothray, Minnesota, who, on July 1st, 1903, made H. E. No. 8228, Serial, No. 0175, for S. W.¼ S. E.¼ Sec 20, W.½ N. E.¼, and S. E.¼ N. E.¼ Section 29, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Thom Audelid, of Thorwick, Minn.
Saave Brokke, " " "
Torger Brokke, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 23-aug 27

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John Bergland, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Feb. 17th, 1905, made H. E. No. 8166, Serial, No. 0176, for lot 1, S.½ N. E.¼ and N. E.¼ S. E.¼ Section 10, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Paul Kvenlog, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Gunder Gunderson, " " " " "
Felak K. Ose, " " " " "
Bern T. Brokke, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

July 23-aug 27

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars ($116.89), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Oson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) mortgagee, bearing date the [illegible] day of November [illegible], and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 152.15 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 23rd day of September 1908, at [illegible] o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August [illegible] A. D. 1908.

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.

[illegible]
Attorney for Mortgagee
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Aug. [illegible] Sept. 17

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Kathrine A. Smith. State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Kathrine A. Smith, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to John S. Smith, Charles J. Smith, Peter Smith, [illegible] and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court [illegible] final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with [illegible] petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled, THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the first day of August 1908, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

WITNESS, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 28th day of July 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL.

July 30-aug 13

At the Primaries September 15, 1908,

VOTE FOR

HARRY E. IVES

Red Lake County's candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative.

Endorsed by Republican county convention.

Pledged to no interest save home interests.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD CURE

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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because it is an established fact that we can clean a waist, a dress, a suit of clothing or any article of your wearing apparel that you wish to renovate so that it looks like new. Bring us any garment that you have discarded and let us clean or dye it for you and you will give it a new lease of life when done at

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Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Geo. Newberry,

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All Work Given Careful Attention.

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(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

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Clothes cleaned and pressed.

First class work guaranteed.

Prices right.

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Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

CALLING SPADES SPADES.

Wrongdoing Should Be Named In Good Old Anglo-Saxon.

The Rev. A. Howard of Los Angeles had this to say of modern social oppression in a recent sermon:

"The old conceptions of the devil which furnished him with the hoofs, horns and forked tail may fit one of the lesser and rougher members of the independent order of imps, but as a description of the modern devil it is misleading. The horns are hidden in a silk hat, the hoofs neatly incased in patent leather shoes and the tail run down a creased trousers leg.

"We do not see that boodling is treason, that blackmail is piracy, that embezzlement is theft, that tax dodging is larceny, that railroad discrimination is treachery, that factory labor of children is slavery and that deleterious adulterations is murder.

"It has not come home to us that the fraudulent promoter devours widows' homes, that the monopolist 'grinds the faces of the poor,' that mercenary editors and spellbinders 'put bitter for sweet and sweet for bitter.' The cloven hoof hides in patent leather, and today, as in Hosea's time, the 'people are destroyed for lack of knowledge.'

"The mob lynches the red handed murderer when it ought to keep a gallows Haman high for the venal mine inspector, the seller of infected milk, the maintainer of fire traps. The child beater is forever blasted in reputation, but the exploiter of infant toil or the concocter of a soothing sirup for the drugging of babies stands a pillar of society.

"We have been wonderfully tender toward social sins. We must come back to good old Anglo-Saxon terms in our treatment of wrongdoing. We have had a delicate Latined phraseology with which we have tried to whitewash modern methods that are grossly and abnormally wicked. We have ceased to call a spade a spade and have called it an implement utilized in excavation. We have replaced the old fashioned blunt expressions that have force and vigor in them and have invented a lot of [illegible] framed, [illegible] absorbing terms to eliminate the jolts of our awkward but definite English. It is only the crude, unlettered man who [illegible]. Your modern man of affairs [illegible]. He promotes rather than defrauds. He is a 'broker' who deals in [illegible] we want to clean up [illegible] we must recognize [illegible] when it wears kid gloves [illegible] hat and [illegible] about 'prevaricators' and [illegible] and 'operators in high finance' [illegible] about liars, thieves and swindlers."

FARM
ORCHARD
AND
GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A QUACK GRASS WARNING.

A reader of a central Iowa paper in which these notes appear regularly contributes to its column a very timely article touching the need of greater precaution with a view to preventing the spread of the quack grass pest. He points out the danger, previously emphasized in these notes, of allowing the grass to seed along highways, fence rows and in vacant lots because of the possibility of a subsequent spread of the seed in the form of litter or manure to gardens and farm lands in the vicinity. He attributes the rapid spread of the grass in his own and other localities to the careless way in which hay is made of the roadside grasses after the quack grass is headed out, the same being used on the farms of the abutting landowners or sold and fed out in other localities. He asserts that the man who would set his barn afire is a gentleman compared with one who would knowingly sell him hay containing quack grass seed. As a result of ten years' experience with the pest he recommends summer fallowing of the land that is infested with the grass, with disking as often as any of it shows head above ground, a deep plowing of the land in the fall and the growing of corn the next two years, with the cleanest and most careful cultivation possible. Even with this method tufts of the grass are likely to be found at the roots of the corn in the fall of the second year, when they should be dug up by hand, root and all, and burned. He estimates that the value of land thoroughly infested with quack grass is decreased one-half. The danger from the source indicated can hardly be overemphasized. Every farmer should be keenly alive to the situation.

PRACTICAL FORESTRY.

Among powerful agencies which are taking up the matter of forest planting and preservation in a practical and effective manner is the Pennsylvania railroad. The demand for lumber to be used in the manufacture of freight cars, bridges, stations, etc., and for telegraph poles and railroad ties has become so great that this company, one of the most extensive in the country, has purchased farm lands, which are used as nurseries for different varieties of trees which are needed. The company the past spring planted over 600,000 trees, while its total plantings to date, including this year's, aggregate 2,500,000 trees. This year's planting included 200,000 imported seedlings, which were placed in the company's nursery at Morrisville, Pa. When railroad companies, which are, as a rule, dominated by only the most mercenary consideration, take such an interest in the subject of forestry, it ought to be a thought provoker for many a farmer who is quite likely growing crops with indifferent success on land that during a term of years would give him as large or a better revenue per acre if set out to trees.

WHAT SHE CRAVES.

While there may be now and then married women whose desires are satisfied if they have all the clothes they want and a modest sum of spending money, it is more then likely that the lives of a great many are unhappy and cheerless for lack of love and appreciation for the humdrum work of life which so many perform uncomplainingly. When a woman goes as a bride to the marriage altar she dedicates her life to the happiness and welfare of her husband in a far more complete and unreserved manner than he does to her. This the considerate husband will keep in mind. He has interests which properly take him abroad among his fellows. Hers keep her much at home. This he should try to make bright and attractive not only with paint and paper, but with smiles, appreciation and consideration. In the vast majority of instances homes are not unhappy because of a lack of clothes, furniture or ready money, but for lack of unselfishness and sincere affection. The greatest blessings of life are thus within reach of the poorest, yet are often unrealized in the homes of the most wealthy.

THE LEAK IN WEEDS.

A great benefit resulting from early stacking of the grain is that if sheep are on the place and it is properly fenced they can be turned on to the stubble and will devour and destroy no end of weeds, thus keeping them from maturing a big crop of seed. Where there are no sheep the same result can be attained by an early plowing of the stubble. This will kill weeds about to seed as well as mature other weed seed in the soil. Not the least of the leaks on the average farm is the annual loss sustained in the work of fighting weeds and in the toll which they take on the fertility of the soil. Hence any method by which the weed nuisance can be abated should be pushed vigorously and persistently.

A careful horseman knows by experience that it is the firm and well fitting, rather than the ill-shapen, padded collar, that is easiest on the horses' shoulders. As a rule it is the cheap collar that does not fit and has to be padded.

The official government crop report for July shows that the tobacco acreage for the current year is 763,000 acres, or 58,000 acres less than last year. In the case of flax the acreage is estimated at 2,657,000 acres, which is 7.2 per cent, or 207,000 acres, less than last year.

The present year goes on record as one in which white clover has grown luxuriantly and abundantly. Whether this fact is due entirely to favorable winter conditions or to these coupled with abundant moisture cannot be stated. In any event, there is lots of it, which is a cause of rejoicing on the part of live stock and bees and will mean extra dollars in the farmer's and beekeeper's pocket.

Careful investigations by the department of agriculture in southern cotton growing states show a considerable and very satisfactory decrease in the numbers of the cotton boll weevil, which is by all odds the worst pest that the growers of this great staple have to contend with. While the decrease in number of the insects may be due in part to causes not known, a considerable portion of the change is thought to be due to the unfavorable weather last fall, especially to the first early killing frost.

While the average father is greatly rejoiced over the return of the wayward son who has spent his substance in "riotous living" and perhaps kills the fatted calf for him, it is safe to say that he likewise rejoices a good deal on the quiet over the other son who stays by him through thick and thin, milks the cows and helps in haying, harvest and husking. The younger son is perhaps a more open hearted fellow, but he is a more useful member of society if he cuts out gadding about the country and stays at home and helps the old man.

Those desirous of going into the poultry business often want to know just how much it costs to keep a hen a year and what profit may be reasonably expected from the sale of eggs. An experiment conducted by the West Virginia station gives a definite answer to the above query. Six hundred hens were kept through the year, and it was found that the cost of feed per head was 89 cents, while the total for feed and labor was $1.42. The average number of eggs was 113, valued at $2.43, which left a net profit of $1.01 for each hen, or an income of $606 from the entire flock.

A recent report published by the Dominion dairy commissioner contains interesting figures touching the growth of the dairy business in Canada. The country has at present 4,315 creameries and cheese factories, there being 1,231 in the province of Ontario, 2,800 in Quebec and 286 in the seven other provinces. The first cheese exported from Canada was sent to Great Britain in 1864, while the maximum value of Canadian cheese and butter exports reached the highest point in 1903, when their aggregate value was $37,667,561. About 10,000 people are directly engaged in the manufacture of cheese and butter, while 200,000 patrons furnish milk and cream to cheese factories and creameries. Figuring 100 acres to each farm, there are approximately 20,000,000 acres of land upon which this milk is produced.

The girl who would be lithe in body and graceful in carriage should remember that these characteristics are usually the result of getting plenty of sleep, breathing pure fresh air, the eating of wholesome food, but, more than all else, the taking of abundant physical exercise. It is generally agreed that for all around development there is no exercise that is more beneficial than housework, including sweeping, washing and ironing, while dishwashing will make the finger tips pink. Walking, horseback riding, swimming and rowing are all excellent forms of outdoor exercise and should be indulged in moderately whenever occasion offers. The girl who spends a good share of her time lounging around, lying in a hammock and reading dime novels galore may long to be queenly in form and bearing, but she will never realize on her expectations.

A farmer residing in the community in which the writer lives has a reputation for miles around for the uniformly good crops which he raises. This is especially true of his corn crops. We learned the other day one of the secrets of his success. At a time when other good farmers in the neighborhood had cultivated their fields of corn three or four times, he had gone over his seven times. He deemed this necessary this year because of frequent driving, heavy rains which packed the ground and caused it to bake in the sun. The extra tending given this field of corn has already put it ahead from ten days to two weeks, which insures a sound and mature crop of corn even in case of an early killing frost. A general characteristic of this man's management of his farm work is that he is, as a rule, forehanded with his work rather than behind with it and having it drive him. This way of doing makes work more profitable in dollars and cents as well as more satisfactory.

F. E. Trigg

GOPHER EDITORS' ANNUAL OUTING

NORTHERN MINNESOTA AND CANADIAN NORTHWEST RAPIDLY DEVELOPING.

The Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—Wonderful Extent of Fertile Territory Awaiting the Farmer.

Ten years ago the editors of Minnesota made an excursion through western Canada from Winnipeg to the Pacific coast. They were surprised at the extent and apparent fertility of the vast region between the Red River of the North and the Rocky mountains. For days the train sped over the undulating or level plains, grass covered and green in their native luxuriance.

Now again, after a lapse of a decade, they have made another trip thru the same region, and they are able to give it a more thorough inspection, because in those ten years thousands of miles of new railroad lines have been built, and the development of the country has made marvelous strides. Millions of acres, then lying in their wild and untouched state, have since been transferred into grain fields. Towns have sprung up as if by the wand of a magician, and their development is now in full progress. It is a revelation, a record of conquest by settlement that is remarkable.

THE EDITORIAL PARTY.

The excursion party, consisting of a hundred and twenty-five editors and members of their families, headed by President W. M. James, of Breckenridge, assembled at St. Paul on Friday, July 17th, with a complete program of the trip arranged by its executive committee, comprising C. C. Whitney, F. J. Meyst and W. E. Easton, veterans in the newspaper business in Minnesota.

The committee in planning the trip was able to arrange the excellent itinerary thru the co-operation of Hon. Frank Oliver, minister of interior of the Dominion government, and his able representative, Mr. Will J. White, and by the presence of the latter during the entire trip, the visiting editors were enabled to enjoy a very interesting and instructive outing, and were shown every courtesy by the residents of all the towns visited.

The route of the trip was from St. Paul to Duluth, thence to Fort Frances and International Falls, on the northern border of Minnesota, then to Winnipeg, the metropolis of the Canadian northwest east of the Rockies. From Winnipeg the course lay northwest to Prince Albert and Edmonton, 600 miles northwest of Winnipeg, thence south 200 miles to Calgary in Alberta, west to the Banff Springs and Laggan in the Rockies, and then back to Winnipeg over different lines of railway, the whole making a trip of nearly 3,500 miles over the wonderful empire to the northwest of Minnesota.

The editors were carried in a special train of five cars, including three standard sleepers, a private observation and buffet car and day coach. It was a fac simile of the Winnipeg Limited, as the sleepers, secured from the Great Northern railway, were identical to those in use in their regular service, and was the best equipment ever used in an editorial special. Nothing was left undone by the Canadian government officials, the association officers and the railroad people to make the trip a pleasant one, which it was in every sense of the term.

NORTHERN MINNESOTA.

The extent and natural resources of northern Minnesota are scarcely realized by people in other sections of the state. Something of an adequate conception of the geographical extent of northern Minnesota may be realized when we say that the city of Brainerd, in Crow Wing county, is pretty near the center of the state. People in southern Minnesota are apt to imagine that Brainerd is near the extreme northern border. The northern half of our state is a vast, undeveloped tract which in time will be settled and improved.

A WORD ABOUT DULUTH.

The editorial party arrived at Duluth Friday evening and the excursionists were at once taken in charge by a committee of the Commercial club, conducted to their rooms, where an hour later an elaborate banquet was served. During the interval many of the excursionists took the opportunity to look over the town. Some visited the aerial bridge over the canal, a steel structure some 200 feet high, the only one of its kind in the world. In order to not hinder the passage of vessels in and out of the harbor, it was conceived to erect a steel framework over the 200 feet wide channel, with an opening high enough to allow vessels to pass through. Traffic across the canal, including the street car lines, is accommodated by a swinging platform, suspended from the top of the steel frame, and rolled back and forth on a wheeled track at the top, like a hayfork in the peak of a barn. Street cars, foot passengers and vehicles are run on this platform, the machinery is set in motion and the platform, with its freight, is swung across to the other side, where they move on to the solid ground again.

After the banquet Mayor Hugo acted as toastmaster, and incidentally put in a few optimistic words about the present and coming greatness of Duluth, the "Zenith city of the unsalted seas." Shortly before midnight the cars were again boarded and the train pulled out for the north over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern as far as Virginia, and from there to Fort Frances and International Falls over the new Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg line. The greater part of this run was made in the night, but morning came as we were passing along in the northwestern part of St. Louis county, having traveled nearly all night without getting across the border of this very large county. St. Louis county and the whole northeastern part of Minnesota is a region of timber, brush and swamps. Most of the land is sufficiently smooth and free from stones to be farmed, as the soil, while considered light, grows luxuriant crops of tame grass, vegetables and grain. The two problems with this land is clearing it and draining the soil. It is now covered with a heavy growth of pine, spruce, cedar and tamarack. It is argued that this section will make a fine dairy country and we can easily believe this to be true, but it will take much work to transform it.

FORT FRANCES AND INTERNATIONAL FALLS.

Our special train reached the northern border of Minnesota and crossed the line into Canada about 8 a. m. Saturday. The railroad company has just completed a unique bridge over the Rainy river at this point. In order not to obstruct navigation a draw bridge is required, and in this case instead of having it swing around in the old style, the bridge is tilted up into the air on one end, which is heavily counterweighted to balance the other end. It is operated by a gasoline engine. At Fort Frances the party took breakfast, and the meal was followed by a steamer trip on Rainy river by courtesy of the Rainy Lake Improvement Co., after which we landed on the American side and enjoyed a bountiful lunch prepared by the people of the Minnesota town, well known as

INTERNATIONAL FALLS.

This point on the northern border of Minnesota is destined to become an important manufacturing city, for two reasons. One is that it has a wonderful waterpower of undoubted permanency, which is now in process of development. The Rainy river watershed and Rainy lake, with its hundreds of square miles of water as a reservoir, furnishes a volume greater than the Mississippi at Minneapolis. This wonderful power is being developed by the Rainy River Improvement Co., a corporation composed largely of Minneapolis men. It is estimated at from 30,000 to 40,000 horsepower. The dam is now about two-thirds completed. The completion of the dam will be followed by the erection of power houses on both sides of the stream, transmitting its energy through electricity to various manufacturing plants to be erected, including large paper and pulp mills, flour and saw mills and other manufacturing plants. The raw materials are at hand, and the power is here. A large industrial center is sure to result from these natural advantages.

Mr. C. B. Kinney, resident agent and superintendent, kindly accorded the visiting editors every courtesy in showing the party about the works and explaining the scope of the improvements. The town itself is a bustling place with a good array of business blocks and public buildings. The editors left on their journey to the westward with best wishes for the future prosperity and growth of International Falls.

The excursionists were transferred to the line of the Canadian Northern railway. Arthur Hawkes, of Toronto, superintendent of publicity of this railroad system, accompanied the party during its travels over his line, attaching a private observation car to the train, and tendering its use to the members of the party, doing everything in his power to make the trip pleasant. The Canadian Northern is comparatively a new railway system, the first mile of track being built about 1892, while at this date the system includes thousands of miles of line covering the Canadian Northwest from Winnipeg to the Rockies, with lines extending eastward into Ontario and Quebec. This line is controlled absolutely by two men, Wm. MacKenzie and D. D. Mann, who have had a meteoric career in railroad circles.

The run from International Falls to Winnipeg takes the party through the northern part of Minnesota for a distance of about fifty miles, where the line passes south of the Lake of the Woods. The remainder of the run is over Canadian territory, the entire distance being some 250 miles. The country traversed on both sides of the line is a rather low and flat region, covered mostly with spruce and tamarack. It is largely taken up by homesteaders, who have taken the land for its timber value. In the vicinity of Warroad, on the Minnesota side, there is considerable actual farming done.

The party arrived at Winnipeg after dark, and dined at the famous Canadian Pacific railway hotel, the Royal Alexandra, after which the cars were again boarded for a run to the northwest, over the Canadian Northern line, as far as Edmonton, 800 miles from Winnipeg, and over 300 miles north of the boundary between the United States and Canada. Our first stop was made in time for breakfast the following morning, the 29th, at

DAUPHIN, MANITOBA.

Here we found a nice town in a flourishing agricultural section. The crops were good, the land here being rich and productive. Farms were well improved and the best farms are worth $50 per acre. Members of the party talked to farmers who had made fortunes in a few years in the rise of land values and in the growing of farm crops. This part of Canada is largely what is known as bush lands. There is a scattering growth of poplars, willows and other scrubby growths. This is true of all of Manitoba and considerable parts of eastern Saskatchewan.

Traveling on to the northwest from Dauphin, the railway crosses into the next province after a run of about sixty miles. A dozen miles further and the lively town of

KAMSACK, SASKATCHEWAN,

is reached. Here a stop was made for dinner. This is a much newer section than that about Dauphin. It is settled quite largely by farmers from the states. The generally expressed opinion in Canada is that those who come from the states make the best farmers. They know their business, are enterprising, and they have the money to start in proper shape to bring their holdings into crop rapidly. At Kamsack a number of farmers were interviewed and all told the same story of their satisfaction with the country, its soil and climate. Only a portion of the land has been opened up here, but the fields of grain were uniformly good. Wheat and oats were just heading out nicely at the time of our visit. Harvest here begins from about August 15th to September 1st. Land is not high in price, being from $8 per acre up twice that sum. Homesteads can also be had, but only at a considerable distance from the railway lines. There is one feature about the Canadian homestead law that is quite an advantage. A man may take a homestead and prove up on it without living on it. He is allowed to do this provided he buys a piece of land and lives upon it near the homestead claim. He must farm the claim.

The next stop was at Humboldt, a hundred miles further to the northwest. Much the same farming conditions prevail here as at Kamsack. The country as we go northwest gradually becomes more open, and the brush gets scarcer. The stretches of open prairie become larger, but the soil still shows a fine black loam, with good stands of grain where farms have been opened.

A further run of a hundred miles or more and the train pulled into the bustling little city of

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

This is a city of 8,000 people, located on the mighty Saskatchewan river, which is navigable for four hundred miles north of the boundary, but instead of finding an arctic region we see vegetables and grains growing luxuriantly. We are yet a long way from the latitude where crop growth is made doubtful by the cold. In this connection we might state a fact not generally known, which illustrates the crop possibilities of the Canadian Northwest. In 1876 at the Philadelphia exposition, wheat from the Peace river region, which is five hundred miles northwest of Prince Albert, took first prize and a gold medal. Even that long time ago wheat was being raised in a small way much farther north than was reached by the editorial party on this trip. One thing was quite noticeable by the editors on arriving at this far northern latitude. The days are much longer here in midsummer than in Minnesota. From 3 o'clock in the morning until 10 o'clock in the evening it is daylight. This extra amount of sunshine gives a great stimulus to plant life, and growth is very rapid. The seasons are shorter, but this makes up for it.

Through the courtesy of A. L. Mattes, superintendent of the Prince Albert Lumber Co., the party was given a steamer ride up and down the Saskatchewan river, also an opportunity to examine one of the large saw mills of this company. The yearly output of this corporation alone is 50,000,000 feet of lumber, mostly of spruce. Pine does not grow in this region to any extent.

BATTLEFORD, SASK.

After a half day's stop at Prince Albert, we started westward, our objective supper point being Battleford. Here we again strike the Saskatchewan. There are two hustling towns here on opposite sides of the river, Battleford and North Battleford. Battleford, as well as Prince Albert, are historic places in Canadian history. A fine banquet was tendered the editors at this place, and other entertainment in the way of broncho busting and races provided, followed by a dance in honor of the guests.

On the run from Prince Albert to Battleford, we pass through a great wheat growing region. Rosthern, one of the points passed, has eight large grain elevators, and is said to be one of the greatest primary grain markets in the world.

Leaving Battleford Tuesday morning, we made a noon stop at

VEGREVILLE, ALBERTA,

and enjoyed a fine repast tendered by the people of that city, a hustling new town of a couple of thousand souls. Six or eight years ago land could be bought here for less than 50 cents an acre, and it is just as fine land as lies out of doors anywhere. Prices now are up to their proper level. The fertility of the soil here is great, and the crops fine.

Time flies, we are due at Edmonton for supper, and we were obliged to leave the kind people of Vegreville and board our train for the afternoon run. Wheat fields, uniformly promising good yields, were seen on every side as we sped along. Just before the supper hour, we entered the environments of

EDMONTON,

one of the leading cities of Alberta, the province which lies to the west of Saskatchewan. Two cities, Edmonton and Calgary, in this province, are keen rivals, and each claims to be the best. Edmonton lies on the north bank of the Saskatchewan river, has over 20,000 inhabitants, fine business blocks, brick making plants, coal mines, and what you would scarcely expect to see at this northern point, large pork and beef slaughtering establishments. A new packing plant, now nearing completion, was inspected by the visitors. Supper was followed by automobile and carriage rides about the city, the vehicles being tendered by the public-spirited citizens. Edmonton is surrounded by a fine farming country and is a lively city. Its position insures its permanence as a distributing point for a large territory to the west and north, and is certain to make a steady growth.

Strathcona, just across the river, has some five thousand people, and is really a part of Edmonton, though a separate municipality. Here are located the Alberta university and other institutions of learning. Here the excursionists changed from the Canadian Northern line to the Canadian Pacific. Our course now lay to the south as far as Calgary. Between Edmonton and Calgary we made stops at Wetaskewin, Red Deer and Lacombe. Red Deer is in a good agricultural section and is an enterprising town. The editors were royally received, given a banquet, and sent on their way rejoicing. Fine crops were noticed in this region, and the people seemed enthusiastic and satisfied with their conditions.

At Lacombe carriages were provided for a drive to the provincial experimental farm, established only a year ago, where some fine samples of growing crops were to be seen.

CITY OF CALGARY.

The metropolis of southern Alberta is Calgary, with about [illegible] population, having over a hundred wholesale establishments, various manufacturing plants and other industrial features, and it is a hustling town. In this region both dry farming and irrigation are in vogue. The Bow river, right from the Rockies 90 miles distant, furnishes a constant supply of water. The Canadian Pacific railway has undertaken a great irrigation project, taking water from the river here at Calgary and conveying it in a large ditch for 250 miles to Medicine Hat, with a capacity of irrigating two and one-half million acres of land. The Calgary citizens tendered the editors a carriage drive around the city, which was greatly enjoyed. The country about Calgary is open prairie, and has long been a cattle ranching district. Now grain raising has been taken up extensively, especially the raising of winter wheat, which seems to do well in southern Alberta.

BANFF AND LAGGAN.

Leaving Calgary Wednesday evening, the train heads west for the run to Laggan, 116 miles west of Calgary, in the heart of the Rockies. Laggan was reached at 8 o'clock Thursday morning, where carriages and saddle horses were in readiness to take the party to the hotel three miles away, built on the shore of Lake Louise, a most charming lake over two miles in diameter, and 5,760 feet above sea level. Still higher up and within a mile or two, are Mirror lake and Lake Agnes, the latter 1,000 feet above the hotel. Towering snow clad mountains surround these lakes, making a picture of sublime grandeur never to be forgotten. Back to the cars again by 11 o'clock, we were off for Banff, 35 miles east, in time for lunch. The Canadian Pacific has a large and fine hotel here. The mountain scenery is beautiful. The Bow river flows through the place, with tumbling rapids just alongside the hotel. Here we took luncheon and dinner, and spent the afternoon in drives and sight-seeing. Banff and Laggan are visited by thousands of tourists every year, as the mountain scenery rivals that of Switzerland in rugged grandeur.

HIGH RIVER, McLEOD, LETHBRIDGE.

Leaving Banff in the evening we returned to Calgary, and from there went south through High River and on to McLeod, thence east to Lethbridge. All these points are in what is known as "Sunny Southern Alberta." Lethbridge is less than fifty miles from the Montana line. All are thriving cities, Lethbridge being the largest of the three, with a population of 5,000. The country through this section is level or slightly rolling, with good soil, though not so reliable for rainfall as points further north and east. Irrigation is practiced to a considerable extent. Winter wheat and alfalfa are the principal crops, while beets are also raised and manufactured into sugar. The winter wheat was just ripening for the harvest when we were there, July 24th. There was a fine stand, part of the crop being on irrigated land and some on land not watered. The section about Lethbridge is level as a floor, and the soil is chocolate colored and fertile. We saw fields of 2,000 acres of fine wheat near Lethbridge.

At this place we were taken out two miles from the city to see the experimental farm, where a fine showing was made of growing crops, small fruits and shrubbery. A fine supper was spread at the farm, the bill of fare including strawberries of home growth. A reception followed at the club rooms in the city in the evening. The writer of this article was taken by auto about ten miles into the country and shown the heavy crops.

At McLeod and High River the excursionists were toasted and feted, shown wonderful crop exhibits, and will long remember the cordiality shown by the people.

From here we started on the back track toward Winnipeg on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway. All day Saturday, the 25th, we were making the run between Lethbridge and Regina, the capital of the Saskatchewan province. During the day we passed

MEDICINE HAT AND MOOSE JAW.

Medicine Hat is a city of 5,000 people, in a district that should have irrigation to make crops certain. Something has already been done along the line of irrigation projects, and large areas will soon be under flowage from the ditches. Considerable dry farming is being done under the summer fallow system, with excellent results. Medicine Hat has one great advantage over other towns. It has natural gas in exhaustless quantities. The party visited one well owned by the Canadian Pacific railway, where the pressure at the outlet was 427 pounds to the square inch. This gas is used for lighting, heating and power purposes. The street lamps burn all day, because it is cheaper to allow this than to turn off the gas in the morning and relight the jets at night. While ordinarily gas costs the consumer from 90 cents to $1.75 per 1,000 feet, here at Medicine Hat the price is 5 to 13½ cents per 1,000.

At Moose Jaw the editorial party was met at the train with autos and carriages, driven to the boat landing on the river, and from there by canoes and launches to a cool park on the bank of the stream a mile from the city, where refreshments were served. The day had been very hot and this diversion was most welcome to the tired excursionists.

OFF FOR REGINA.

The stop at Moose Jaw had to be curtailed, as we were due at Regina for supper. We arrived there at 7 p.m. and went at once to the fine new King George hotel, and partook of an elegant banquet as the guests of the city. Regina is the capital of Saskatchewan province and the visiting editors were unanimous in declaring it one of the best improved cities they had visited on the trip. Regina has fine paved streets, an excellent class of business blocks, and costly public buildings, including a new $175,000 city hall and a $225,000 postoffice building nearly completed.

SASKATOON.

We leave Regina for the north about midnight for a [illegible] mile run over a branch of the Canadian Northern railway to Saskatoon, one of the newer towns of that region. It promises to be a big town in the near future. It is very new, with many substantial structures, as well as buildings [illegible] of a temporary and hurried class of construction, with speculation [illegible] and vacant lots making the city appear scattered. It is in a good grain section and already does a large business in all lines especially farm machinery and supplies. We took dinner here and looked over the town, then turned southward again, stopping for a few minutes at the six-months-old town of Guernsey, with 100 inhabitants, mostly Americans. They haven't even a depot yet, but met us at the track with fruit and hearty greetings, and showed samples of fine crops growing about the town. Supper was taken at Lanigan, another new town further down the line, with 800 people. The town was decorated in honor of the visitors with flags and bunting.

The train left Lanigan about 8 p.m. and next morning we were at Virden located 180 miles west of Winnipeg. It is a nice little city of 3,000 people surrounded by a rich and old settled agricultural region. We were driven about the town to see the sights. This little city is in the province of Manitoba. Our next stop was at the metropolitan city of

BRANDON, MANITOBA,

a well built town of 12,000 people surrounded by a fine and thrifty farming country, well settled and displaying fine crops. There is no vacant land around Brandon, but the city seeks manufacturing establishments and wholesale stores, as it is a natural distributing point for a large territory. It has now three railroads and another one coming. It is the largest city in Manitoba, outside of Winnipeg. It is the former home of Will J. White, the popular representative of the Canadian government, who accompanied the party on this trip. A nice luncheon was served to the visiting editors at the fair grounds adjoining the city, which are well improved with large buildings. Very successful fairs are held every year. Just across the Assiniboine river which winds through a picturesque valley at the foot of the city, is the large experimental farm and Indian industrial school, which was visited through the courtesy of the city in providing carriages. This farm has been in operation some eighteen years and is a spot of beauty, presenting splendid demonstrations of the wonderful agricultural possibilities of this rich section of country.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE.

This is the last town visited by the party before reaching Winnipeg, and has 6,000 population. It has a well settled country around it. Carriage drives to its popular resort, Island Park, also to the fair grounds, were taken, followed by a course dinner at the opera house. Portage is a fine little city, well improved, and one of the agricultural gems of the dominion.

WINNIPEG, THE METROPOLIS.

From Portage to Winnipeg is about 60 miles, where we arrived about midnight, and breakfasted at the Royal Alexandra. The city had arranged for auto and street car tours over the city, and this diversion, varied with shopping at the stores by the ladies, and a banquet at the hotel at noon, served to make the day pass very pleasantly.

Winnipeg is the largest town and the great gateway of the Canadian Northwest, having about 120,000 people. It is a very progressive and thoroughly metropolitan city with fine business blocks, including sky-scrapers of ten or twelve stories. It has nineteen banks, half a dozen railway lines radiating to all points of the compass, and is the great wholesale center for Western Canada, as well as the chief grain market, as all shipments go through here. The city has had a wonderful growth during the past five or six years, with still greater prospects in the immediate future.

IN CONCLUSION.

Everywhere we went in Canada we were given a most cordial reception. At places where banquets were served American and British flags were intertwined, and the kindest expressions were voiced, showing the good feeling toward the Americans as a people.

A word in regard to the extent of this Canadian country would not be out of place. The three provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, extending west to the Rocky Mountains, each contain two hundred million acres, or six hundred millions in all. So far as we could see the most of this land is tillable, though but five million acres are at this date actually in crop with grain, and this small area is expected to produce this year a hundred and twenty-five million bushels. Figuring the tillable area in the three provinces at half the total, and we have three hundred million acres of possible wheat fields. The government statistics show that the average wheat crops in the past in Western Canada have yielded 27 bushels per acre. Three hundred million acres and 27 bushels per acre would make a total that is staggering. One year's crop would flood the markets of the world and feed all the people on the earth for several years. Such a stupendous result will never work out in fact, but it shows the possibilities of this vast region for the production of grain.

During the entire trip we saw very little poor grain. No doubt the crops there are shortened by the lack of rain and by frosts at times and in places, but the fact remains that one year with another, there will be a steadily increasing amount of grain raised in Western Canada. This increase in production will be astonishing.

Cattle and hog raising is already an established business in this same territory. Corn is not grown, but hogs are fattened on barley, wheat and other grains. Cattle fatten on the abundant ranges without stall feeding, and dairying can be carried on successfully.

Western Canada has a future before it which may exceed the dreams of the most sanguine enthusiast. It would be difficult to make a prediction of future progress that may not be exceeded many fold in the next ten years.

The editorial party was a congenial one, good feeling and good fellowship prevailing during the entire trip. Not a single member was forced to abandon the trip by sickness or any other reason. There was no accident save that once the tender jumped the track, hurting no one, but delaying the train about three hours. The excursion has passed into history as one of the most pleasant and instructive trips among all that have been taken by the Minnesota editors.

SOCIALISM AND ART.

Co-operation Would Inspire and Give a Unifying Ideal.

Socialism would give to art a unifying ideal for which it is now sorely languishing. This is the view of Mr. Walter Crane, the English artist, who, like his great predecessor, William Morris, belongs to the ranks of those professing the Socialist ideal. In the London Daily Mail he declares that modern art "cannot be said to be successful in great public monuments—almost the only objects in which it is possible to unite all the arts in their noblest form." These monuments are not successful, he contends, because architecture, sculpture and the beautiful arts of decorative design and handicraft "have always flourished under some dominating ideal of life." By way of illustration he cites the following:

"The nature worship of ancient Egyptians and Greeks and of the Hindoos, the monotheism of the Moslems, the Catholicism of the middle ages, for instance, all these have proved great, inspiring, unifying influences in the arts in their countries and periods, and to them we owe sublime monumental works which have never been equaled and compared to which modern efforts seem ephemeral and trivial."

In his view the modern world is at present offered in Socialism just such an ideal as it requires to draw its scattered activities into a unified system. We read:

"Now, in Socialism we have a great unifying ideal of human life—a new ideal, an inspiring ideal—a religion, in short, which sums up the past and looks to the future, reading into history a new meaning, in which the gradual evolution of humanity is discovered, and the truth of the philosophic dictum of the three great periods in relation to the economic system on which the form of society in every age depends—primitive unanimity, intermediate divergence and ultimate unanimity, as out of the strife and discords of the present slowly emerges the new order, as a great statue takes form under the sculptor's hand out of the shapeless mass of marble.

"I should therefore expect that under Socialism there would be greatly enlarged scope and opportunity for public work of a monumental and commemorative character. I should expect a demand for and a great development of mural painting, as I believe its educational value would become more and more recognized as well as the pleasure and stimulus to the imagination it might afford on the walls of schools and public buildings—under capitalism so much neglected.

"Simultaneously I should expect a renascence in architecture and sculpture. Our cities would acquire a beauty undreamed of when they were built to dwell in and when there were no more slums and when the "homes" in them which the Socialists would destroy had gone.

"As for the arts of design and handicraft, the arts which are inextricably associated with social life and depend for their very existence upon co-operation, they would certainly flourish exceedingly in a co-operative commonwealth. The art of the gardener, the art of the potter, of the weaver, of the smith, of the printer, would be always in demand and under Socialism freed from commercial degradation."

A Big Undertaking.

But Socialism is a mighty big undertaking!

Of course it is a big undertaking.

What of it?

The American people are not in the habit of backing down before a big undertaking.

If the public can manage the United States army for warlike purposes, it can manage its collective self in peaceful pursuits.

If it can manage the United States navy, it can manage the ocean passenger and freight business.

If it can operate the postoffice, it can operate the telegraph, telephone, express and railroad lines.

If it can make warships, it can make automobiles and self binders.

If it can make rifles, it can make knives and forks.

If it can make army saddles, it can make boots and shoes.

If it can run a state university, it can run a packing house.

If it can run an insane asylum, it can manage an oil refinery.

If it can irrigate land, it can dig coal.

If it can build bridges, it can build factories.—M. W. E.

A Gem From Debs.

It does not matter that the Creator has sown with stars the fields of ether and decked the earth with countless beauties for man's enjoyment. It does not matter that air and ocean teem with the wonders of innumerable forms of life to challenge man's admiration and investigation. It does not matter that nature spreads forth all her scenes of beauty and gladness and pours forth the melodies of her myriad-tongued voices for man's delectation. If liberty is ostracized and exiled, man is a slave and the world rolls in space and whirls around the sun a gilded prison, a doomed dungeon, and, though painted in all the enchanting hues that infinite art could command, it must stand forth the one blotch amid all the shining spheres of the ethereal heavens, and those who cull from the vocabularies of nations, living or dead, their flashing phrases with which to apostrophize liberty, are engaged in perpetuating the most stupendous deception the ages have known. Strike down liberty, no matter by what subtle and infernal art the deed is done, the spark of humanity is extinguished, and the world is paralyzed by the indescribable crime.—Eugene V. Debs.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1908 NUMBER 35.

SALL SEEKS INFORMATION.

Red Lake County Man Believes that His Brother Was Murdered in Alaska.

Had Some Rich Gold Mines and Mysteriously Disappears a Short Time Ago.

Charles Sall, of Garnes, Red Lake county, believes that his brother, Oscar Sall, a well-to-do Alaska miner, has been murdered, and was down to Crookston last week to consult with Congressman Steenerson.

Mr. Sall recently received a letter from E. G. Wulff, of Valdez, Alaska, which stated that his brother Oscar had disappeared and it was believed that he was dead. It seems that Oscar had been ill for some time and on July 23 he left the hospital, where he had undergone an operation, and nothing has been heard of him since. He simply disappeared and no trace of him can be discovered.

Friends started in to search for him but their efforts were unavailing and finally well organized posses, but they did not meet with any success, as absolutely nothing could be discovered as to where he went. Finally, it was decided by the people of Valdez that the miner had been the victim of foul play and a reward has been offered for the recovery of his body.

Oscar Sall was a successful miner. He left his home in this section about ten years ago and succeeded in locating a valuable claim. He worked it for some time, but a short time ago he sold it to a company, securing as his portion of the purchase price about $75,000. A portion of this amount had been turned over to him, probably $1,000, while he was to receive the rest on installments. His mine was located near some mines owned by the Guggenheimer, and his brother also believes that he had another claim which was valuable.

Charles Sall is exceedingly anxious to get some further knowledge of the facts in the case and Congressman Steenerson has promised to aid him in every way possible. Oscar Sall visited his relatives at Garnes last year and was in the most robust health possible and it is believed that he intended to make another visit to his mother shortly.

Two days before he disappeared he wrote a letter to his mother and that has been received. He stated that he had been in a hospital but was feeling better and he intended, if possible, to return some time soon and spend some time with his aged relative. The mother is the direct heir to the property and there are two other brothers besides Charles, and a sister.

The New Harvester.

Members of the state board of control witnessed last week a test of the first binder and harvester made at the state prison under the new law appropriating $200,000 to establish the manufacture of agricultural implements at that institution. The test was made at a farm near Lake Elmo in Washington county, and L. A. Rosing and S. W. Leavitt, of the board of control report that it was highly satisfactory.

The new harvester tested last week was an experiment entirely. It was made in the general machine shop at the prison with castings purchased outside, but Messrs. Leavitt and Rosing say that when the new plant is established there will probably be no radical departure from this model. The work was done under the direction of J. H. Downing, who will be superintendent of the new plant, and is the only expert in the manufacture of agricultural machinery who has been employed by the board thus far. The patterns were all made at the prison under the direction of Mr. Downing.

Was Caught Shooting.

Wilford Gervais, of Terrebone, Red Lake county, was arrested last Friday by Deputy Game Warden William Munch on a charge of shooting prairie chickens out of the season. He was taken at once before Judge A. P. Tuopin, of Red Lake Falls, pleaded guilty, and was fined $20 and costs of the case. Warden Munch is after the "sooners" and he expects to see that no chicken shooting is indulged in until after the season opens.

An Old Paper.

Rev. Dr. Sharpless, of this city, has one of the most notable curiosities in this region—a copy of the Providence Journal, printed at Providence, R. I., Dec. 23, 1801.

The title page of the paper is "The Providence Journal and Town and Country Advertiser," and its general appearance is not essentially different from such papers as the New York Sun of today, although the letter "f" takes the place of the letter "s" as is the case of nearly all old prints.

The paper contains Thomas Jefferson's Message to Congress, dated Dec. 8, 1801, a column of current news of the day, a column of religion, dealing with the story of Joseph and dissertation on the peace which had just been concluded between France and England, at the close of one of the Napoleonic Wars.

The physicians were apparently among the most extensive advertisers of the day, and two of them extended notices in which they offer to vaccinate people against smallpox, and dwell at length on the fact that vaccination has proven efficient and is perfectly safe.

Here is another advertisement: "Just arrived, from St. Kitts, the ship, Two Brothers, with sixteen hogsheads of good flavored rum, 86 hogsheads of sugar, 10,000 pounds of green coffee and a cargo of salt. The above articles will be sold cheap or for approved credit, by James and Zeph. Graves at the South End."

The advertisements of the general merchants is not essentially different from the advertising of today, and the paper as a whole is a very creditable production for 107 years ago.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between C.M. Evenson and I. L. Erickson, as dealers in clothing, shoes and gents furnishing goods, at Thief River Falls, Minn., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, C. M. Evenson retiring. The business will be continued by I. L. Erickson & Son, who will pay all the indebtedness of the firm of Evenson & Erickson and also collect all accounts and notes due said firm.

Witness our hands and seal, this 15th day of February, 1908.

C. M. Evenson,
I. L. Erickson.

First Showing of New Dress Goods.

Our Dress Goods section is completely stocked with rare and exclusive designs and weaves of Handsome New Dress Goods and new novelties are arriving daily.

It affords us great pleasure to be enabled to make so complete an advance showing at this early date, knowing full well that our efforts will be appreciated by those who desire to keep in close touch with the styles which will be in vogue the coming season. Black and all the new shades in.

NEW RAJAH PANAMAS.
" NOVELTY SERGES.
" CORDED SICILIANS.
" IRISH POPLINS.
" SHADOW TAFFETTA.
IMPORTED BROAD CLOTHS.
SILK EPIGNALES.
SILK VOILES.
TAFFETTA BENGALINES.
SILK CHIFFORIS.
STORM SERGES.
SHOWER PROOF COVERTS.
SATIN STRIPE VOILES.
PANAMA GLACE.
ENGLISH SUITINGS.
TURKISH MOHAIR.
FRENCH SERGES.
CORDEAU COATINGS.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Petit Jurors.

Petit Jurors for the General October Term, 1908.

Fred Leslie, Kratka.
Albert Groshong, Red Lake Falls city.
Theodore Majeres, Do.
S. M. Silverton, Do.
W. J. La Bree, Thief River Falls.
Frank Obin, Poplar River.
Julius Nilson, Wyandotte.
Thos. Sullivan, Highlanding.
Ed. Fournier, Gervais.
August Swenson, River Falls.
Ole D. Akness, Equality.
C. O. Swanson, Black River.
Milton Converse, Red Lake Falls city.
Jens P. Jensen, Thief River Falls.
Roch Lefebre, Terrebone.
John Argue, Red Lake Falls City.
P. S. Midchill, Emardville.
Paul Leroux, Poplar River.
Louis Ducharme, Louisville.
James S. Roy, River Falls.
Frank Richard, Black River.
Charles Hurt, Clover Leaf.
Silas Severson, Numedal.
J. O. Swanson, Bray.

It's High and Not Long.

Bert Walker was up to the town of Star last week helping Joe Johnson make hay. A few years ago Joe won a world-wide reputation by building what was up to that date the longest hay stock ever built. Since then, however, land up in that section has become valuable and Joe cannot spread out over so much territory. He has to have a big hay stock to provide winter keep for his large herd of cattle and sheep, and what his stock lacks in length this year is made up in height. We can't quote figures, but those who have seen the Singer building in New York City and Mr. Johnson's hay stock, say that they are about of a height.

Soo Fixing Its Grade.

Several trains, a large crew of men and a steam excavator have been busy during the past two weeks on the Soo. The famous Sunsteby cut between here and Otter Tail is being lowered, and the material is used in raising grades wherever needed. Headquarters of the men are made here. In one respect the work is beneficial to the town from a financial standpoint and in another is not, as it has served to attract undesirable characters. Cripples, beggars, drunks and vendors have made life miserable for our citizens.—Henning Advocate.

Election Judges.

The city council has appointed the following election judges:

First Precinct, First Ward—George Jarman, Olaf Tessum and Oscar Williams.

Second Precinct, First Ward—O. M. Evenson, Alfred Rasmusson and O. Skagen.

Second Ward—Phil Zeh, Val Yager and John Durbin.

Third Ward—B. Christienson, Louis Larson and Andrew Moran.

Arrested a Horse Thief.

Chief of Police Andrew Lang arrested a man last Saturday charged with stealing a team of horses from Detroit upon a description furnished to him by the sheriff of Becker county. The man, who at Detroit, gave the name of Dr. F. G. Cosin, hired a livery team at Detroit and forgot to take the horses back again. Chief of Police Lang is entitled to a great deal of credit in landing the man in jail.

Defeated at Last.

The Thief River Falls base ball club—so called—was defeated three games at Alexandria last Friday and Saturday and one game at Grand Forks on Sunday. Only two of the original players of the club participated in the game, the real organization having been disbanded two weeks ago.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning.

if it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Creamery Statement for July 1908.

Amount of cream received, 79,444.
Amount of milk, 2821 pounds.
Average test of cream, 27.89.
Amount of butterfat, 22,187.1 pounds. (milk included.)
Price paid, 23½ cents.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$5447.86
Sales at creamery	507.28
Total	5955.14

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$5240.41
Paid into expense fund	619.73
Balance	95.00
Total	5955.14

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 8780 pounds.
Average test, 30.81.
Amount of butterfat, 2705.5

STONE STATION.

Amount of cream received, 3027 lbs.
Average test, 33 31.
Amount of butterfat, 1008.5.

THOSE DRAWING $40 AND OVER.

P. Engelstad	100.67
O. J. Knox	69 86
Albert Wichman	60.41
Soren Sorenson	60.08
Ed. Yanke	59.24
L. J. Parbst	56 47
Otto Rupprecht	55.01
Dennis Connelly	53.20
C. Douglas	42.13
S. Lura	42.06
Aug. Koglin	41.78
John Sjolsvold	41.64
Christ Thompson	41.41
Nels Rhodegaard	41.29
Aug. Krause	41.25
Jacob Klungnes	50.82
A. O. Langseth	50.64
H. J. Hostot	49.04
Aug Carlson	46.83
A. J. Funnesdahl	45.35
A. Welo	44.91
O. B. Hall	44.65
Martin Rust	43.78
Sever Rupteseth	43.05
J. O. Thorstad	43 55
Percival Callaway	42 32

3259 lbs. more butterfat than in corresponding month last year. Increased 17 per cent.

P. Engelstad,
Secy.

The Duluth Herald.

The Duluth Herald is essentially a home newspaper, containing special departments of timely interest to women, misses and children. The Herald gives all that's interesting in the musical, literary, amusement and art worlds, and has devoted its columns and best efforts towards the advancement of women and stanctity of the home.

The Herald's advertisements keep thrifty housewives thoroughly posted on where to do best, and what is correct in women's apparel. No Western home should be without The Herald this fall. Subscribe for it now—$1 will pay your subscription for three months. Send your remittance to The Herald, Duluth. Minn.

PROSPECTS ARE GOOD.

Roseau Times Says That the Air Line Railroad Is Going to Be Sure Thing.

Eastern Parties Are Expected to Furnish the Cash to Build the Road.

Roseau Times: The incorporation of the Minnesota Air Line Railway Co., to connect direct the two points, Roosevelt and Thief River Falls, having been completed, the project is being financed in the east by experienced railroad promoters. It is expected that after January of next year money conditions will be better and that the building of this important branch will be financed. President Hunt will devote this fall in interesting the people along the proposed route and securing the conditional right of way.

While to many the building of this road looks like a "pipe dream," it is a fact that some of the most experienced railroad promoters pronounce the project a good business proposition. No better country could be selected for development and no territory could be made to contribute more business from the start. The route proposed traverses both prairie and timber lands. One railroad man, who has built several roads in the timber districts of Michigan and who went over the proposed route, asserts that the timber alone will make the road a paying proposition from the start and that 20 years will be required to move it all. The soil of the timber lands is good, and when cleared will make excellent grain and stock farms. Such lands grow the finest clover and timothy.

It is a mistake to confound the route of this railroad with the Great Northern extension from Greenbush to Roseau and Warroad. The Roosevelt-Thief River Falls branch, as proposed, is more than 30 miles south of Roseau at its nearest point. Thief River Falls and eastern Marshall County should stand for this road. It is bound to be a winner.

Went to the Bottom.

H. J. Deverell, one of the popular traveling men that makes Thief River Falls his headquarters, spent Sunday on the river banks south of town fishing. He had often witnessed river drivers walk on logs and thought that it was a easy task, so he tried to do this stunt. He landed on the bottom of the Red Lake river, and his friends say that the next time he goes out fishing he will stay on the river banks.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School 10 00 a. m. Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Herman F. Anderson,

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

Dedication of the Synod church.

The church of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod will be dedicated next Sunday. The dedication sermon will be preached by the Rt. Rev. K. Bjirgo, president of the Minnesota district of the Norwegian Synod. The introductory sermon will be preached by Rev. H. Bjornson. The pastors who will assist, are: Rev. S. T. Palm, of St. Hilaire, Rev. Emil Hansen from Warren, Rev. Ordal from Sandridge, Rev. S. H. Aines from Grygla, Rev. Saebo from Myron and the local pastor of the church. The services commence at the usual hour, 10:30, Mrs. Dodsley from Fargo plays the organ. Miss Sathre from Wilmar sings, and the choir of the church will give several songs. In the evening at 7:45 Rev. Emil Hansen of Warren will preach a sermon in the English language. Special music, both instrumental and vocal. Mrs. Dodsley has through long experience and great musical gift attains great perfection on her instrument, the pipe organ. Miss Sathre of Wilmar possesses a remarkable voice both as to quality and power. The public is cordially invited to attend these services. An offering to the Home Mission will be taken.

I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

"A Batchelors Honeymoon."

No more popular play than "A Bachelors Honeymoon" has been seen for several seasons, and this brilliant comedy has made more people laugh than any of the Hoyt plays. It was only last season that it was released from the city time and appeared for a limited number of engagements in the smaller towns. This season it is being featured as the leading attraction in this territory, and will be presented at Evenson Theatre on Sept. 3 As a laugh producer, the show has not been equalled. It is different from the average aggregation. It is a piece with the plot irresistably funny and is handled by the people who are actors and not clowns. It is the same piece that made New York sit up and take notice and laugh for ten months at the Hoyt theatre. It is highclass, without a bit of horseplay and is a play that is talked and quoted for weeks. In addition to the play itself, some of the features are the specialties introduced by James Green and Bella Rosa and the Gray sisters. Do not fail to see the musical travesty and "Merry Widow" waltz as introduced in the second act.

Rocksbury.

Miss Emma Satre spent Sunday in town.

Most of the farmers are through harvesting and some have started stacking.

Miss Hannah Gustafson left Friday for Crookston where she will spend a number of days visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. Miller and Abbie called at Mr Fred Copp's last Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McGinn and children were Sunday visitors at Dennis Connelly's.

Philip Bryant spent Sunday afternoon with Arthur and Lyle Meehan.

Miss Gusta Satre came home from Hallock, Minn. last Friday evening and will spend a few days at home before going to LaCrosse.

Mr. and Mrs. Meehan and Grace drove to Kratka Sunday morning and spent a day with Miss Gertrude.

Mr. Savage was soliciting jobs far threshing, last week.

Miss Abbie Miller spent Sunday afternoon with Ina Motz.

Mr. and Mrs Wm. Moller are entertaining company from Illinois.

Subscribe for the News.

St. Hilaire Gets Convention.

The Red River Valley Dairymen's association will hold its 1908 meet at St. Hilaire. The executive committee of the association met Saturday night at the home of President William Robertson, at the Crookston School of Agriculture and after the question of the next convention city had been thoroughly discussed, the committee voted in favor of St. Hilaire.

The business men and people of that city have promised the association a great time, and have already collected a convention fund which if properly expended, will fittingly entertain the visitors. The convention will be held in November at a date to be announced later.

Other People's Opinions.

In regards to our city fathers pictures, no, man, no, I do not want them hung on the walls of our home, but Mr. Forder's picture or himself is welcome to hang or set with us on the east side at any old time. The rest of them can hang their mugs on the narrow gague bridge or on the sidewalk leading to the part of the city that pays half of the taxes of the city and if they aren't sick at the looks of them by the time they walk the side walk and see the bridge they will be sick.

Yours truly,

Charles Alexander.

Married Yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents at St. Hilaire, occured the marriage of A. C. Kvennes to Miss Clara Hoff. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hoff, old and highly respected citizens of St. Hilaire, while the groom is cashier of the State Bank of Middle River, and one of the popular young men of this section. Mr. Kvennes was for a number of years a resident of Thief River Falls, being connected with the Citizens State Bank when a resident of this city. The happy couple left last evening for Wisconsin to spend several days.

Two Want to Be County Attorney.

Ira C. Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls Monday and filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of county attorney. Wilhelm Michelet filed as a candidate for this office several weeks ago and the fight for the Republican nomination will be between these two.

Germantown.

Harvest has been going on for some time and will be about finished next week. There is a fair crop of wheat, barley and flax in spite of the rust, the oats being the most damaged from that source.

Haying is about done and most all have put up a good supply.

Hearing on our county ditch proposition has been called for Sept. 8th. So far no objection to the project has developed and it appears that the thing is a sure go.

Olson and Rambec did the first threshing with their new outfit last Saturday at Henry Roller's place.

G. A. Berggren, the Middle River buttermaker was up Sunday before last, delayed for some time with a broken spring on his auto.

P. P. Marsey, the Grygla mail carrier was in the city Monday, shipping a team of horses down to Redwood county.

The voters were favored with personal letters from Mr. Mattson of Roseau last week. Mattson is one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for representative from the 63rd. district. He hails from Roseau; but his platform is O. K. nevertheless.

This is the season when everybody is too busy for making news.

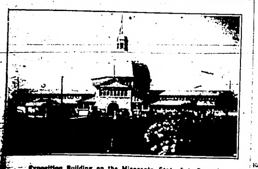

Exposition Building on the Minnesota State Fair Grounds

CAN HUNT ON TUESDAY.

Small Game Season Open on Tuesday, the First Day of September.

No License Is Needed to Hunt In Your Home County This Year.

The open season for hunting ducks, geese and all other aquatic fowl, turtle dove, snipe, prairie chicken, pinnated, white-breasted or short-tailed grouse, woodcock, upland plover and golden plover, begins next Tuesday, Sept. 1, when it will be lawful to kill fifteen in number of any of the birds or fowls mentioned in one day.

The law relative to licensing hunters provides that no license is necessary for a hunter to shoot small game in the county in which he resides, but if he desires to hunt out of his own county he must procure a license, costing $1, from the county auditor. The license permits a hunter to shoot all kinds of game, in season, and confers shipping privileges.

The funds derived from the sale of licenses go into the game and fish commission's general fund to be used for protection and propagation of game and fish.

It is well, however, for every person who hunts either large or small game to secure a license from the auditor before going into the field. As licenses are now issued they are good for both big and small game, and the fee remains the same, being $1, so that hunters who get licenses for the small game season get a license for big game as well as birds. The season for big game, however, does not open until November 10, and closes November 30.

For small game (birds and fowls) a one day's bag shall not exceed fifteen birds. The number of birds allowed to have in possession at any one time is fifty aquatic fowl; forty-five other game birds.

Every non resident hunter is required to secure a non-resident license before shooting game of any character within the state of Minnesota. The fee for small game license is $10 and that for large game is $25. Only one license can be issued to one person and it is not transferable. It is also the duty of every hunter to exhibit his license to any person, on request.

Price Will Do It.

Must be closed at once—63 acres of land, 1¼ miles from P. O., with house, stable, pasture, and well. Best of land. Also house and two lots in town and my list of city properties and land. Loan Agency and Insurance and rental agency. Am going to Canada. See Hager, the Land Man. P. S. while I stay other land and city property cheaper than ever. H. N. Hager.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending August 22, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Arneson, H.
Berg, Syver
Baho, Mrs. N.
Collins, Will
Gunderson, N. L.
Hannum, Morris
Hayes, Ellie M.
Lunde, E.
Matinn, Miss Ragua
Meier, Mathias
McMahon, Frank J.—2
Nelson, Will
Olson, Alma
Mrs. Rolph, (Dressmaker)
Shorling, Mrs. Hannah
Torgerson, Ole
Wright, Miss Gladis

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster

Subscribe for the News.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Candidate for Re-election [illegible] Red Lake County. Your [illegible] Support Solicited.

Sale Begins September 1st. Continues Until Entire First Shipment Is Sold.

To Ladies, Great Bargains Are Offered

AT THE

Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.'s Store.

Genuine American cut glass, just received, bought for spot cash at a great reduction in price and is offered at a great sacrifice for this opening sale.

8 inch fruit bowl, genuine cut glass, cheap at $7 one to each lady $3.50.

5 inch nappy, very fine, cutting worth $2 while they last will go for $1.

Sugar and creamers, genuine cut glass, very fine designs, regular value $6 sale price $3.25.

7 by 6 inch comports is considered cheap at $10, goes at sale price for $5.25.

Very fine water sets, beautiful pattern, American cut glass, six tumblers and a ten inch high pitcher valued at $18, for this sale they will all go for only $11.50

A wine set goes for almost as cheap as for a song, value $12 can be had for $4.75

Also many other beautiful pieces of cut glass are going to be sold equally in reduction of price. This sale is actually the greatest cut glass bargain offer ever heard of in this city. Every lady should take advantage of it and get a few of the beautiful pieces of cut glass in her dining room. Take the advantage, come early while selection is the largest at

The Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.'s

Meehan Block, LaBree Avenue, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Keep Your Wife and Baby Healthy

Doctors all agree that for nursing mothers nothing equals the juices of barley and hops. A pure malt and hop beer produces healthy blood, stimulates the digestive organs and feeds the whole human organism. Among the world's best brews

Gund's Peerless Beer

stands at the top—because it is brewed by the "Gund Natural Process" from the finest barley grown in the new world and the choicest hops grown in the old world. It's alive with health and goodness, and deserves to be your home beer. Order a case today. All first-class places have "Peerless" on sale. Ask for it.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. — La Crosse, Wis.

John Bauer, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch,
Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 166.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All;

Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

H. B. NEWELL, D. V. S.
(Chicago Veterinary College.)
C. W. TEAL, V. S.

Drs. Teal & Newell,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 235.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Subscribe for the News.

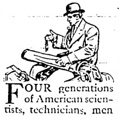

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the only American watch. It had to prove itself the finest practical watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you get something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Subscribe for the News.

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Charles and Marie Shult, father and daughter, have been arrested in Minneapolis on a charge of grand larceny. Shult, who is about sixty years old, is accused of stealing $1,500 worth of dry goods, silks, ladies' suits and stockings from his employers, John W. Thomas & Co., and handing them to his twenty-year-old daughter, who received them on the outside.

O. E. Emery, living on a farm northeast of Faribault, was attacked by a vicious bull while he was in his stall and knocked down. Mr. Emery was badly injured in numerous places, including a compound fracture of his left leg. But for the timely rescue by his son, who was close at hand, he would undoubtedly have been killed.

Charles Betry, a farmer of Dover, near Rochester, was killed in a runaway accident while stacking grain on his farm. His team became frightened and began to run and he was dragged from the load of grain, upon which he was standing, thrown under the hoofs of his fleeing horses and run over by the wagon.

The Winnipeg limited, the Great Northern flyer, struck and instantly killed Bob Woods at Felton, a small station south of Ada. The flyer meets the local train at that station. Woods, who had been talking to the porter on the local, was standing on the track when the flyer struck him.

Nels Carlson, a farmer forty years old, residing near Duluth, was found dead in a tent which he was occupying. He had placed a shotgun in his mouth, literally blowing off the top of his head. Remorse over being unable to stop drinking is given as the reason for his act.

The Minnesota and Dakota Produce company's plant at Wadena was burned to the ground. The fire started from some unknown cause and resulted in a total loss. The company carried $18,000 insurance, but the loss is estimated to be between $25,000 and $30,000.

One death and damage estimated at $80,000 was caused by three fires in Minneapolis one day last week. The fire victim, Hing Leo, a Chinese laundryman, received fatal burns while attempting to save his earnings of years from a burning building.

Thomas L. Collins, for over twenty years a member of the Minneapolis police department, committed suicide by cutting his throat. The deed was the result of despondency caused by loss of his position as policeman by failing health.

A masked robber held up Charles Muezee in his saloon at Breckenridge, taking about $50 from the cash register and escaped. Two confederates guarded the entrance to the place while the job was done.

Otto Sorenson of St. Paul was killed at Nashua by falling between the cars of a Soo train. For several years he had been express messenger of the Western Express company.

Tim Flood, former manager of the St. Paul baseball team, had his jaw broken and sustained other injuries by being run into by another player in a game at St. Paul.

GENERAL NEWS.

Terror reigns among the women residents in the Prospect hill district near the city limits of Minneapolis and St. Paul, where the Belt line crosses the Como-Harriet street car line, and many of them are afraid to leave their homes alone because of the actions of a wild and supposedly insane man who is ranging in the woods and corn fields in that vicinity.

Governor Johnson has issued a proclamation giving the voters of Polk county an opportunity to determine at the coming general election whether the eastern portion of the county shall be separated and called Nelson county. It is proposed to establish the new county with Fosston as the county seat.

Governor Johnson has appointed George F. Howard of Rochester a member of the state high school board to succeed President W. H. Sallmon of Carleton college, resigned. Mr. Howard is a Republican and county superintendent of the Olmsted county schools.

The total assessed valuation of real and personal property in Minneapolis, as shown by the footings made in the office of the city assessor, is [illegible] 775,029, an increase of more than $1,000,000 over the figures returned by the assessor last year.

Minneapolis has 364 more automobiles this year than it had in 1907 and they are valued at $279,157 more than last year. The assessor's report shows 1,215 automobiles in the city, valued at $724,980.

OBITUARY.

Surrounded only by his wealth, which he had accumulated in his younger days by thrift and investments, Joseph Lindorfer died in his little home at St. Paul. Shortly before he died Lindorfer was heard by his neighbors to complain of being ill. Soon after he went into his home and [illegible] an hour was found lifeless in his bed by a friend who called to see him.

Colonel C. H. Vanleeten [illegible] formerly in the newspaper business in Minneapolis, is dead at his home in Washington, aged sixty five years.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The big Cunard liner Lusitania has made the passage across the Atlantic in 4 days and 15 hours. The best previous record, made by her on Nov. 8 last, was 4 days, 18 hours and 40 minutes, her new performance lowering the previous mark by 3 hours and 40 minutes. She also made new records for the average hourly speed for the entire trip and for the greatest day's run.

The government's petition for a rehearing by the United States court of appeals of the case against the Standard Oil company of Indiana was filed at Chicago and represents, it is authoritatively stated, the administration's attempt to save the Elkins act and the interstate commerce law from becoming futile.

Military rule has ceased in Springfield, Ill., the militia force there being reduced to one regiment and the task of preserving order being turned over to the civil authorities. The departure of the remaining troops will depend upon the ability of the police and sheriff's forces to prevent further depredations.

The National Editorial association, in session at St. Paul, selected Seattle, Wash., as the place of meeting for next year's convention. Will H. Hayes of Brownwood, Tex., was elected president for the ensuing year.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Farmers in the West have banded together to erect an independent and co-operative stock yards just beyond the city limits of Chicago. Officials of this corporation announced that they would open the yards in full blast by Oct. 1.

Myron J. Carpenter, formerly president of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad company and an experienced railroad man, has been appointed receiver for the Southern Indiana Railway company, one of the Walsh roads.

Cash wheat at Minneapolis broke wide open in a sensational decline of 8 to 10 cents a bushel. The market again felt the effect of the presence of velvet chaff, which the millers did not want.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate further progress in the right direction, although weekly gains are small.

LABOR NEWS.

Orders have been issued from the Canadian Pacific offices at Montreal for the evacuation within thirty days of all houses owned by the company and occupied by striking employes. The company owns many of these houses both in Montreal and at other points where they maintain shops.

The Chicago Federation of Labor has placed its seal of approval on the political policy of President Gompers and the executive council of the national labor body.

Twelve thousand Wyoming miners will go on strike Sept. 1.

THE DEATH RECORD.

John V. Farwell, Sr., for years one of Chicago's best known men and head of the J. V. Farwell company, wholesale dry goods, is dead, aged eighty-three years.

Rev. J. Duane Phelps, treasurer of Syracuse (N. Y.) university, committed suicide in a hotel at Utica, N. Y.

Baron Speck von Sternberg, German ambassador to the United States is dead at Heidelberg, Germany.

Passenger Train Wrecked.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 21.—The Southwestern limited on the Southern railway was wrecked four miles north of Suwanee, Ga. The colored fireman was killed and the engineer was badly scalded. The engine, mail car, baggage car and combination car rolled down a fifteen-foot embankment. None of the passengers was injured.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 24.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, $1.05; Sept., 95⅞c; Dec., 97c. Flax—To arrive, $1.29½; on track, $1.29½; Sept., $1.28⅝; Oct., $1.27; Nov., $1.27; Dec., $1.24½.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Wheat—Sept., 98⅞c; Dec., 97⅞@97½c; May, $1.01⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.07⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.05⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅞; No. 3 Northern, 99⅞c@$1.00⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@[illegible]; veals, $5.75@[illegible]. Hogs—$6.00@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $3.75@4.25; yearlings, $4.00@[illegible]; spring lambs, $[illegible].

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Wheat—[illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.70@7.65; Texans, [illegible]; western cattle, $[illegible]; feeders, $[illegible]; cows, $1.75@[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]; [illegible] Sheep—[illegible] yearlings, $4.25@5.00; lambs, $[illegible]

AUTO HIT BY A TRAIN.

Wealthy Minneapolis Brewer and His Wife Killed.

John Gluck, a wealthy Minneapolis brewer, and his wife were instantly killed at Cottagewood, Lake Minnetonka, in a collision between their auto and a Minneapolis and St. Louis train. Mr. Gluck and party were en route to Minneapolis and at the railroad crossing near Cottagewood their automobile was caught on the track by the train and hurled against a small station at one side. Mr. Gluck was instantly killed and Mrs. Gluck was pinned down under the debris, which speedily took fire from the ignited gasoline from the automobile. She was dead when taken out. Mrs. Edward le Baire of New York city, sister of Mrs. Gluck, and her two-year-old daughter received serious injuries, which may prove fatal.

Mr. Gluck was secretary and treasurer of the brewing company bearing his name and was an old resident of Minneapolis.

ARTHUR UPSON DROWNED.

Minneapolis Author's Body Found in Lake Bemidji.

While rowing their launch about eighty rods from the city dock at Bemidji Rev. S. P. White and Floyd Brown came upon the body of Arthur Upson of Minneapolis, floating in deep water. At first they thought the body was a deadhead and it was towed ashore and Coroner E. H. Marcum notified. The body was then taken to Lahr's undertaking rooms, where it was held until friends removed it.

It is not known whether Mr. Upson committed suicide or was drowned accidentally. He made a sensational attempt to kill himself three years ago in Minneapolis.

Mr. Upson was thirty-one years old and had won fame as an author and poet.

SHOT BY AN ITALIAN.

Two Men Probably Fatally Wounded at Rochester.

Archie Larrabee of Chicago and O. J. Biebe of Lake Benton, this state, were shot down at Rochester by an Italian named Franzo Guolo of Chicago. The men had been co-laborers in construction work and quarrelled. During the noon hour, while Larrabee and Biebe were seated on a bench in the park, the Italian approached them from the rear, loaded his revolver and deliberately emptied the contents into the bodies of his victims. Both were removed to a hospital, where it is said both may die. The jail where the Italian is confined for a time was surrounded by an angry mob and there was strong talk of lynching.

MARSHAL FATALLY HURT.

Mountain Lake (Minn.) Officer Victim of Supposed Robbers.

Mountain Lake was thrown into a frenzy of excitement when, in a fight with four strangers who were supposed to have robbed a local meat market, J. Lewis, village marshal, was fatally stabbed in the abdomen.

The quartette were just getting away when discovered by Marshal Lewis. He gave chase and a desperate battle was fought. One of the men used a knife, inflicting injuries on the marshal.

The strangers then attempted to escape, but a posse of citizens soon overtook them and after another lively encounter all were arrested and lodged in jail.

Spanish War Veterans Elect.

The state convention of Spanish-American War Veterans at Winona closed with a big military parade and ball. The organization voted to meet next year in St. Paul. The following officers were elected: Commander, [illegible] St. Paul; senior vice commander, [illegible] H. Erickson, Red Wing; junior vice commander, A. J. [illegible]; judge advocate, R. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; chaplain, Charles [illegible]; surgeon, F. C. French, [illegible]; [illegible] F. D. Putnam, Red Wing.

Minnesota Wins Tax Fight.

Judge Oscar Hallam of St. Paul has filed his decision [illegible] of the state of Minnesota [illegible] Western Union [illegible] and finds that the [illegible] collect $[illegible] back taxes. The amount covers a period of five years from 1901 to 1905 [illegible] [illegible] that the valuation of [illegible] state and placed on its property was excessive.

Fort Ridgely Celebration.

Five [illegible] celebration which [illegible] old Fort Ridgely [illegible] forty-sixth anniversary of the [illegible] [illegible] Fort Ridgely [illegible] [illegible] state fair [illegible] ground where [illegible] curred.

Strenuous Day for Chafin.

Eugene W. Chafin, the [illegible] candidate for president [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] speaking five times [illegible] [illegible] was [illegible] of the East Side Commercial club.

FOR A THIRD TERM

Democrats Renominate Johnson for Governor.

NO OTHER NAME PRESENTED

Nominating Speech Starts Demonstration Lasting More Than an Hour.

Governor John A. Johnson, in one of the wildest political demonstrations ever witnessed in the state, was nominated as a third term candidate for governor of Minnesota at the state Democratic convention held in the Minneapolis Auditorium. Mayor Lawler of St. Paul made the nominating speech and his mention of Johnson's name started the demonstration. The balance of the state ticket, selected by a committee of one from each judicial district, is as follows:

Lieutenant governor, Julius J. Reiter, Rochester; attorney general, M. E. Matthews, Marshall; treasurer, Henry P. Nelsen, Hibbing; secretary of state, R. T. Lamb, Slayton; railroad and warehouse commissioners, Hans P. Bjorge, Otter Tail county, and Robert Mee, Rice county.

The convention was called to order by State Chairman Day and State Senator Farrington presided as temporary and permanent chairman. It was decided to name a committee to make recommendations for filling the places on the state ticket other than governor and on the announcement of this committee the convention took a recess to await its report.

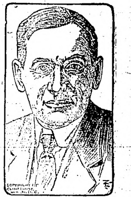

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JOHN A. JOHNSON.

When the session was resumed Johnson's name was placed before the convention by Mayor Lawler of St. Paul and pandemonium reigned for more than an hour. When order was restored Lawler concluded his speech and, following several seconding speeches, the governor was nominated by acclamation. The report of the committee to select the balance of the state ticket was then made as reported above and adopted.

The platform endorses Bryan and Kern; approves the administration of Governor Johnson; favors the initiative and referendum and a nonpartisan judiciary and demands the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

JOHNSON WILL MAKE RACE

Duty to Party Compels Him to Accept Nomination.

Governor Johnson has announced that he would accept the nomination at the state Democratic convention at Minneapolis. He said:

"Setting aside any personal considerations and my own feelings in this [illegible] duty to party compels me to make the race, but I assure you it is [illegible] my better judgment.

"I have [illegible] this matter the closest [illegible] my first opinion that a third nomination is unwise and against the principles of the party is unchanged, yet I can hardly see how I can get away from making the race without [illegible] the party in a hole. I regret this action and wish it never had happened.

"Had a committee been named to inform me of the honor conferred and asked my acceptance my answer would have been prompt, but no such opportunity has been given me. The nomination has been made, I have been declared the nominee and so [illegible] It really leaves me in an [illegible] position and with the party in a [illegible] position, so you see [illegible] that I can do is to yield."

Killed Returning From Funeral.

[illegible] Meade, aged sixty, was [illegible] instantly killed by a train on the [illegible] limits of Minneapolis. He was returning from the funeral of the [illegible] of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Al[illegible] of St. Louis Park. Mr. [illegible] evidently unaware that the train [illegible] close to him. He was [illegible] and hurled many feet.

Detectives Kill Bandit.

[illegible] Milwaukeemen as holdup [illegible] two Minneapolis detectives [illegible] [illegible] highwaymen, wounding one [illegible] He died several hours later in the city hospital. The other escaped.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

Two years ago Gov. Johnson said that if the Republicans nominated some good man like Jacobson, he would not be a candidate for re-election.

The only issue Gov. Johnson has in going before the people for a third election is that he desires to keep the Democrats he has appointed in office for two years more.

The Democrats of Minnesota with Johnson as the candidate, will have a campagin fund that will reach six figures and then some. The interests do not want Jacobson for governor.

Gov. Johnson when told of his nomination said, "I am up in the air." He will come down the day of election in time to be buried tenderly and kindely under several thousand ballots, bearing the X after the name of Jacobson.

Would the Duluth Herald mind informing us when and where a democratic convention was held in this state that was not absolutely controlled by a handful of bosses? Could any candidate be nominated in a democratic state convention who was opposed by the O'Cennors and the O'Briens, the Weisses and the Days? Not in a thousand years. The democratic party of Minnesota is now and always has been a boss-ridden party.-Princeton Union.

Alaska contains enough timber for wood pulp used in the manufacture of paper, to last a hundred years. It can be marketed in this country cheaper than the Canadian wood pulp, and experts say that when this material is put on the market it should reduce the price of print paper 50 per cent. What should be done and what may be done, are, however, two different things, for if the paper trust gets hold of the Alaska product, there will be no reduction of fifty per cent or anything else.—Morris Sun.

Should the president or vice president chosen by the presidential electors on the second Monday of next January die before the ensuing 4th of March, there is no way provided for providing the government with a president. The law prescribes elaborately the order of succession from president down through the cabinet, and the constitution gives the house and senate authority to choose in case the electoral college fails to agree on a choice. But what to do in case the man elected dies before his inauguration, the law does not say. No doubt a way would be found, satisfactory to, the majority of the people, but it is an odd negligence that it isn't provided by existing law.

John A. Johnson was yesterday nominated for governor for a third time by the Democrats.—The Bryan wing of the party is accused of having forced the nomination upon the governor in the face of his absolute refusal to run, for the purpose of avenging themselves for the attempt to wrest the presidential nomination from their idol at Denver. While there may be some feeling of opposition toward Governor Johnson on the part of the Bryan men, this feeling is doubtless greatly exaggerated. The Bryan faction unquestionably feel much more kindely toward Governor Jonnson than they do toward some of his close political advisors, and he is not blamed for the part he played at Denver nearly so much as are some members of the kitchen cabinet. The state Democracy recognizes that Johnson is the strongest man it could put forth this year, and with him on the head of the ticket the Bryan men feel that the national ticket will be greatly strengthened in this state. The Democrats this year will be opposed in the state campagin by a united Republicanism under the leadership of Hon. J. F. Jacobson. There will be no appreciable split in the party this year, as there was two and four years ago. The Republican candidate is a true man of the people. He has labored for years for them and has accomplished results. His record is well known and not a flaw can be found in it. Minnesota is a strong Republican state, and if the rank and file are given a square deal and are not juggled in the convention as they have been in the recent years, they vote their ticket straight. This year the rank and file of the party have the candidate of their choice and they will rally to his standard in a solid phalanx. The old time Rebublican majorities for every candidate from the head of the ticket down, is therefore assured this year.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

"ALASKA" WHEAT IS A FREAK.

The publication in a widely circulated weekly paper (the Saturday Evening Post) of an article by Oscar F. G. Day of Minneapolis on "Alaska" wheat has called forth an official statement from the department of agriculture reltative to this cereal. The statment says in part:

"A variety of wheat under the name "Alaska" is being widely advertised as capable of yielding at a rate of 200 bushels to the acre under ordinary soil conditions. It is stated that this variety was found growing wild on the eastern coast of Alaska. In consequence of requests for seed."

The department states that this type of wheat has been known for many years, both in this country and Europe. It has been tried at several state experiment stations in the western United States, but nowhere have yields been high enough to merit attention. The wheat has been grown to a very limited extent on certain heavy, undrained soils in France for many years. In such locations it is said to yield rather better than ordinary wheat, but it is one of the poorest wheats known for making flour. It is never grown where ordinary varieties of wheat will thrive.

Dr. Galoway chief of the bureau industry, said this same wheat had been referred to in reports back as far as fifty years ago, when it was called a "miracle" wheat.

Dr. Galoway describes it as a "freak" wheat and said it could never be made valuable commercially. A local paper published the article from the Post last Saturday and in addition to this letters boosting Alaska wheat have been sent broadcast from certain parties in Minneapolis, and have been published in hundreds of papers. If the wheat had been as represented and would give the wonderful results attributed to it, it would revolutionize farming.

It is supposed that who ever is behind the scheme has some of the Alaskan wheat for sale and that after giving the alleged wonderful wheat all possible publicity the man who has the wheat for sale opens communications with the farmers thru the mails and endeavors to unload at fancy prices, selling the wonderful producer at so much per kernel.

The statement from the department of Agriculture at Washington above should be a warning to the farmer as to the worthlessness of the Alaskan wheat commercially.

FARMING IN JAPAN.

United States Consul Hunter Sharp of Kobe, Japan, has transmitted to the state department a very interesting review of agricultural conditions in Japan, the most notable feature of which is the large return obtained from a very small acreage.

Japan has an area of 148,852 square miles—a little more than the combined areas of Minnesota and Iowa—and a population of 48,391,397—about twelve times that of the two American states mentioned. Sixty per cent of its people are farmers, yet because of the mountainous nature of the country, only about a sixth of its area is under cultivation. This would make about 25,000 square miles, which is very close to the area of the single state of West Virginia.

In other words, more than 48,000,000 people, nearly 30,000,000 of whom are farmers or members of farmers' families, exist upon the product of a soil area equivalent to one of the smallest states in the Union. In order to do this, evidently, it is necessary to get results many times greater than are obtained in this country, and this is done by the most intensified farming, a thing that is just being considered in this country, where land has been so cheap and plentiful that the most wasteful methods have, up to now, served our purpose after a fashion.

Besides, modern farming implements have not yet been established in Japan. The narrow blade plow and the foot tread machine for irrigating are still in use. Sowing, harvesting, and threshing of grain are done by hand, the small and irregular size of the fields preventing the use of large machinery. Individual holdings vary from half an acre to ten acres, the latter, probably, being considered a vast estate..

The farm laborers work from sunrise to sunset, and the men are paid 17 to 22 cents per day and the women 10 to 15 cents, the employer providing subsistence. The value of farm lands is not high, considering the scarcity of the land and the results secured from it. Rice land is worth about $1.59 per tan—a tan being a trifle less than a quarter of an acre—and uplands are worth $50 per tan, or about $200 per acre.

Taxes are very high, and they would make the average American taxpayer explode with indignation. The national tax is 5½ per cent of the value of the land; the prefectural tax is 17½ cents for every 50 cents of the national tax; and the village tax is 4½ cents for every 50 cents of the national tax. With a 10-acre tract worth $200 an acre, these taxes would work out this way: National tax, $110; prefectural tax, $38.50; village tax, $9.90; total, $158.40. This is a total tax of nearly 8 per cent. The average Duluth property owner with a lot worth $2,000 is assessed at $1,000 and taxed $39.50 on that; which is a tax of less than 2 per cent upon actual value. Japanese taxes, therefore, are four times as great as those prevailing in Duluth. It should be remembered, however, that there is no national tax in Duluth, but that every citizen pays national taxes as a part of the price of the beer he drinks, the tobacco he uses, and the food and clothing he consumes. The internal revenue and the import tariff raise the government's revenues, and the people pay them through their purchases of taxed goods.—Duluth Herald.

A. R. JONES,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for Sheriff of Red Lake County at the Primaries Sept. 15.

At the Primaries September 15, 1908,

VOTE FOR

HARRY E. IVES

Red Lake County's candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative. Endorsed by Republican county convention. Pledged to no interest save home interests.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Superintendent of schools at the coming primaries, and respectfully solicit your vote and support.

Yours truly,
O. A. Naplin.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We are receiving daily large consignments of fall and winter goods which have been selected with great care. Natty, up-to-date goods, sure to please and at prices that defy competition. Further particulars later.

Grocery Department.

We have a few special bargains to offer to the public, at greatly reduced prices, while they last. Those who know the quality of Heinze and company's goods ought to take on a liberal supply as you will probably never get another chanceto buy these goods at reduced prices. We offer the following goods:

Heinze 5 pound preserved strawberries, regular price $1, at	$ .75
Heinze 10 pound preserved damson plum, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved cherries, regular price $1.50, at	1.00
Heinze 10 pound preserved blackberries, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved pineapple, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 2 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 1 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .25, at	.15
Heinze 2 pound preserved cherry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved damson plum (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved pineapple (in tin,) regular pirce .50,	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved blackberry (in tin,) regular price .50 at	.35

We also have a few high grade goods in our regular line that will go at reduced prices.
Extra fancy 3 pound apricots, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.
Extra fancy 3 pound Bartlett pears, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE

Some Arguments in Favor of the School of Agriculture and Domestic Economy.

Parents who are educating their children "away from the farm" should remember this: "Ninety-five per cent of the men following an agricultural career succeed; ninety-five per cent of the men who take up commercialism fail—Norman County Index.

Citizens of Red Lake County:

You are undoubtedly already acquainted with the fact that a movement has been started in Red Lake county, having for its object the establishment of a County School of Agriculture and Domestic Economy at St. Hilaire. In order that you may more thoroughly understand the workings of an institution of this kind and know the benefits to be derived from a school of this character, allow us to present to you a few facts drawn from similar schools in the state of Wisconsin. We do not wish to solicit your support without giving you an opportunity to know what you are supporting. We therefore ask you to carefully read what we shall have to say, and thus in your own minds to be convinced of the advantages of a school of this character.

In the first place let us see what the young men are expected to learn in schools of this kind. To the young men thorough instruction in the care of milk, cream and utensils is given. They receive full instruction in regard to running a farm separator and the manufacture of butter. Students receive practical training in the ripening of cream, churning, working and packing of butter, testing the value of milk and cream, etc. The purpose is to give to the young men very thorough training in such lines of the business as will serve to make them better creamery patrons, and teach them to furnish the products of the highest quality and conduct the dairy herd with the greatest profit.

A course is given in animal husbandry. In this course the work is very practicable. Trips are made to the best farm barns in the county to study methods of housing, feeding, and handling animals. Considerable stock judging is carried on by classes in connection with this subject. Thorough instruction is given in feeds and feeding.

A very thorough course in the subject of farm accounts is taught. A brief study of commercial law of importance to farmers is taken up. Business forms, contracts, deeds and mortgages are studied. A very practical course in business arithmetic is taken up. The students are taught how to measure wood, walls, land, tanks, etc. Special computations suited to farm practice are taught, such as income from dairy cows, feed rations, cost of feedings, cost of buildings, cost of fencing, cost and contents of silo, etc.

A course is given in farm carpentry. The students are taught how to care for, sharpen and use in a practical way such tools as should be used on a farm. Work on models that will teach how to make the different kinds of joints, splices, etc., necessary in the construction of buildings, machines, cupboards, and a variety of useful and ornamental articles for the home, is also given in this course. After the necessary preliminary work, the students soon learn the construction of buildings, machines, cupboards, paper racks, mail boxes, match holders, milk stools, book cases, and a variety of useful and ornamental articles for the home and farm.

Another very practical course is given in farm blacksmithing. The students are taught how to fashion from stock iron various articles useful on the farm, such as tongs, cold chisels, punces, rings, chain links, clevisis, brackets, harrow teeth, etc. They are shown how to construct a serviceable forge and to otherwise equip a shop for farm blacksmithing. Original exercises are conducted in repairing broken parts of farm machinery. Something of the nature and structure of different kinds of iron and steel, as well as some knowledge of the processes by which each is produced is taught. Especial attention is given to the process of welding iron and steel and of tempering tools of steel.

What we have said so far pertains only to the instruction given to the young men attending institutions of this kind. But it is not the young men alone that are to be benefited by an institution of this kind. The young women of the farming communities as well as of the villages of the county are here offered opportunities of untold benefit. It is a self-evident fact that there can be no home without a woman who understands the art of homemaking. No farmer and no business man can be successful without that valuable adjunct a successful housekeeper. There is perhaps no part of the practical side of life that has been so sadly neglected in the past as the art of homemaking and home management. I do not think that you shall differ with me if I say that over ninety per cent of the young women [illegible] know practically nothing about the art of housekeeping. The reason for this is that they have not had the opportunities to learn. What little they do know is simply what they have learned from their parents, for the most part impracticable and unscientific. Now in an institution of this kind opportunities are offered which will enable every young woman to become an intelligent and practical housekeeper. In order that you may see and judge for yourselves, let me present to you a few of the things that the young women are taught in schools of this kind.

Cooking.

The cooking department is equipped as nearly like a home kitchen as is consistent with the number of students to be accommodated. Wood and gasoline ranges are used instead of individual gas plates. Convenient cupboards and kitchen cabinets such as should be in every well equipped kitchens are used here. Even the work tables used by the pupils are models of convenience in every respect.

The course in cooking includes a study of starchy foods; quick breads and other flour mixtures; a study of the yeast plant and its action; breadmaking; vegetables; cream soups, meats, their food value and methods of cooking; soups; desserts; planning cooking and serving simple meals.

During the second year dietetic values of foods are taken up, and each student plans a meal correctly balanced as to food nutrients and serves it to the class. Numerous special foods are prepared by the class covering subjects of the first year in a more advanced way.

Invalid cooking is taken up as a special branch of the work in cooking. The value of absolute cleanliness and daintiness in serving an invalid's tray with its effect upon the patient is taught; special diet for fevers and other individual cases; the making of gruels, broths and other dainty and nutritious dishes; special diets for convalescents.

Sewing.

The sewing department is equipped with sewing machines, draugthing tables, and everything necessary to teach the girls the best methods of making their own garments. They furnish their own material and use the finished products. The students become skilled both in hand and machine work.

Millinery.

The millinery, like the other practical work of the course, is not intended for professional use. The aim is to cultivate simplicity of taste and teach making the best use of materials and means at hand.

The course includes the making and trimming of hats and bonnets, the study of the harmony of colors, discussion of taste in selection of bonnets, hats, plumes, frames, tips, flowers and trimmings.

Home Economy.

The course in home economy is designed to cover the broad field of the home left untouched by the special branches like cooking, sewing and laundry work. An outline of the work is as follows: The house plan, drainage, sanitation, ventilation, heating and lighting; household furnishings and their care; house cleaning and sanitation; cleaning and preservation of clothing, carpets, rugs and floors; household accounts, etc.

Home Nursing.

The lessons in home nursing are to meet the need in so many homes where the care of a sick one devolves on the family. The course includes care of sick room and bed; duties of nurse; care of patient; precautions in contagious diseases; disinfection of patient and room; special diets for the sick; nursing of special diseases; diet for children.

Emergencies.

The aim of this course is to give students the knowledge that every man and woman ought to have, of what to do in cases of accidents while waiting for a physician. The course includes circulation of the blood; hemorrhages and how to stop them; treatment and dressing of wounds; bandaging; artificial respiration; unconsciousness; poisons and their antidotes; fractures and sprains.

Laundering.

A well equipped modern home laundry is used to teach the principles of laundering. Special attention is given to the removing of fruit and other stains. Other things taught are; special treatment of flannels, silks, prints and laces; fixation of colors; composition and action of various soaps, soda, bluing, borax and washing powders; making and using cold and boiled starch; care and use of irons, polishing devices. Each lesson is made practical by laundering material selected for the occasion.

The above outlined things are a few of the many practical things the young women have an opportunity to learn in schools of this kind. A great many other things might be mentioned but time and space does not permit.

There is just one more question that may demand a little attention, and that is the question of the cost of erecting and maintaining a school of this kind. The county is asked to build a school costing $15,000. A suitable location will be donated by the village of St Hilaire. The assessed valuation of taxable property in this county is about four million dollars. This would mean that a tax levy of [illegible] mills would have to be made for building purposes. Assuming now that your property is assessed at $1,000, this would mean that it would cost you about $3.50 [illegible] for this school. This investment is very insignificant when you consider the untold benefits that are to be derived from it by future generations. You have a school centrally located in the county to which you can send your children and to which you can go for adivse. It is not an investment that you have to make every year, but one that once made pays a continuous revenue.

Now let us look into the matter of the cost of maintaining a school of this kind. For a basis we will use the Dunn County School of Agriculture of Wisconsin. This school costs the county about $2,000 a year, about $4,000 being received yearly from other sources. Now assuming again that your property is taxed at $1,000, it would cost you about fifty cents yearly to maintain this school. From the above figures it is evident that the cost of this school is very insignificant and to the thinking man and woman there can be do question as to the benefits to be derived.

Throughout the country agriculture is now experiencing a wonderful intellectual uplift. It is such a forward movement as no other calling ever received, and no other age ever witnessed.

Only the educated farmer will have a chance in the sharp competition of the future. He will live so much better and make so much more than the farmer of today that it will make most farming of the present look primitive.

The farmer should be a specialist. This requires preparation. Education counts for as much as experience in the preparation for profitable farming. Two years of special school work is more valuable than 20 or 25 years of the ordinary farm experience.

The farmer's wife and daughter ought to be something besides mere working machines. Too many of them grind out their daily tasks, calling them drudgery and hating them with all their strength year in and year out. A couple years of practical training at an Agricultural School where they study many things their brothers study, and other things their brothers do not study, [illegible] their views and simplifies the methods of housework and [illegible]. The possibilities of their [illegible] opened up to them, and the way to a better and happier life [illegible]

MINNESOTA

STATE FAIR

Aug. 31st

Sept. 5th

SOO LINE

MAKES

LOW RATES

COME ON IN

IT'S GOING TO BE THE

BEST IN THE WEST

Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. [illegible])

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $[illegible]

Clothes cleaned and pressed

First class work guaranteed

Prices right.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF A. Wright

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. Wright Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to J. M. Bishop of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 20th. day of January 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, 1908. N. W. Tarrant,
COURT Judge of Probate.
SEAL. July 23-aug-6

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Christ Myhre and Emma Myhre his wife to First State Bank of Thief River Falls, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota mortgagees dated February 7th, 1906 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County Minnesota in book 13 of mortgages on page 209 thereof on the 19 day of February A. D. 1906 at 8 o'clock a. m.

That the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is One hundred forty-four and 75-100 dollars.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County Minnesota are as follows to-wit:—The North East Quarter of Section No. Eleven in Township One hundred fifty-three N. of R. Forty-one W. 5 P. M.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday, Sept. 4th, 1908 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount due on the said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated July 18, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Mortgagees.
July 23-aug 27 L. M. Houg,
Attorney for Mortgagees.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.
H. M. Hicks, Plaintiff
VS
John Haley, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon John Haley if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the 15th day of September 1908, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to H. M. Hicks in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this nineteenth day of August A. D. 1908.

J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
(Seal)
aug. 20—sept. 3.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
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TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office.
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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,
beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address
MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven hundred and ninety two dollars and the further sum of one hundred and twenty four and 45-100 dollar taxes due and paid by the undersigned, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of nine hundred and sixteen and 75-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Oskar Johnson (a single man) mortgagor, to James Meehan Jr., Mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April 1905 and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1905 at 9:40 o'clock A. M. in book 21 of mortgages on page 301, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said James Meehan Jr., mortgagee to Patrick Meehan, by written assignment, dated the 19th day of October 1905 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County on the 20th day of October 1905 at 11:15 o'clock A. M. in book 15 of mortgages on page 251, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

Lot number nineteen (19) in block number thirty (30) of the Original townside of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, according to the map or plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 28th day of August 1908 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for case to pay said debt of Nine hundred and sixteen 45-100 dollars and the sume fifty dollars attorneys fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th 1908.

PATRICK MEEHAN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
July 16 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS. City of Thief River Falls, Municipal Court.
Langseth Mercantile Company, Plaintiff
VS
Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to any Police Officer of said City, to the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

You are hereby commanded to summon Jeff E. Holter and Mrs. Jeff E. Holter if they shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the First day of September, 1908, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to Langseth Mercantile Company in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this 20th. day of July A. D. 1908.

J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
(Seal)
Aug. 6—20

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Andreas O. Trosvick as one of the heirs of Anne Amundsen deceased of Rothsay, Minnesota, who, on July 1st, 1903, made H. E. No. 6220, Serial, No. 0175, for S. W.¼, S. E.¼, Sec 20, W.½, N. E.¼, and S. E.¼, N. E.¼, Section 29, Township 155, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom Audeld, of Thorwick, Minn.
Saave Brokke, " " "
Torger Brokke, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "
R. J. MONTAGUE,
July 23-aug 27 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., July 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John Bergland, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Feb. 17th, 1905, made H. E. No. 8106, Serial, No. 0176, for Lot 1, S.½, N. E.¼, and N. E.¼, S. E.¼, Section 10, Township 153, N., Range 42 W., 5th prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Paul Kvenlog, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Gunder Gunderson, " " " "
Telak K. Ose, " " " "
Bern T. Brokke, " " " "
R. J. MONTAGUE,
July 23-aug 27 Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars ($116.89), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain, Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1903 at 1:15 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 152.15 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 22nd day of September 1908, at nine (9) o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 4th A. D. 1908.

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.
Wilhelm Michelet,
Attorney for Mortgagee
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aug 6 Sept. 17

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Katharine A. Smith State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Katharine A. Smith Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to John S. Smith, Charles E. Smith, Peter Smith, Lorentz Larson, Ida Kellerer, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled. THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of August 1908, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

WITNESS, The Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of July 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
COURT Probate Judge.
SEAL.
July 30-aug 13

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

MEMORIAL SHAFT IS UNVEILED

Scandinavian Heroes' Names Carved in the Cornerstones—Monument Is of Swedish Granite, and Weighs Fifteen Tons.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following item from the pen of an English writer will interest all Scandinavians: "Not long ago a monument was unveiled in memory of the Scandinavians who fell in the battle of Magersfontein, Dec. 10, 1899, in the Boer war. The monument was unveiled by the premier of Transvaal, General Louis Botha, with great ceremony and in the presence of large masses of people. The monument is situated at the top of the hill where General Cronje once had his camp, and from where the gallant Scandinavian corps of volunteers made a famous sally. The Scandinavian corps reached Magersfontein Nov. 28, 1899, and Dec. 10 it was totally destroyed, twenty-three men being killed and twenty wounded, while nineteen were captured and only eight men escaped. Of those killed thirteen were Swedes, three Danes, three Norwegians, two Finlanders and two Germans. Their names are carved in the cornerstones. The monument is an obelisk of Swedish granite, weighing fifteen tons and twenty-two feet high. Emblems are carved on the same. The funds for these stones have been raised in Sweden, Denmark, Norway and Finland. The ceremonies opened with singing of a psalm, whereupon Mr. De Waal delivered an address. Then the Danish consul general, F. Prior, made a greeting speech on behalf of the monument committee. He told the history of the monument and mentioned the different committees in the countries that had been active for the plan since the year 1900. As the most energetic promoters in Sweden were mentioned Colonel von Heland, Captain E. Mossberg and H. Sohlman, an editor. Finally General Botha made a speech, and the monument was presented to the Dutch Reform church, which is to have charge of it in the future."

The wheat crop of Sweden is a good one this year, comparatively speaking, and all cereals for that matter seem to be doing well. The potatoes, however, have been kept back by rain and cold weather and up around Blekinge the seed rotted in the ground. The sugar beets were unfavorably affected by the late seeding. In nearly all localities the hay crop is very large, so there will not be any lack of fodder for the cattle this year. The hay crop is an important one in Sweden, for in nearly every section of the country dairying is engaged in on a large scale.

The postal authorities are taking vigorous measures to stamp out the lottery evil by an inspection of suspected mail in the presence of the person to whom such mail is addressed. Any letters found containing matter in connection with any foreign lottery are returned to the sender, while any such mail coming from this country is turned over to the authorities to hunt out such a lottery. By these radical measures it is hoped to make the lottery business so unprofitable in this country that it will be discontinued.

Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf who, during his recent visit in London wanted to pay a visit to the Swedish warships "Thor" and "Dristigheten," which were anchored near Gravesend went astray in his automobile the other day while attempting to reach Gravesend. The prince was adorned in full uniform at the time and created much attention on the streets of London. Finally the young prince reached his destination, but then he was two hours late.

The government has reduced the pay of persons who are hired to do extra work in connection with the mail service. The men will henceforth receive $27 a month and the women $18.75. The announcement of the reduction was a surprise, and of course an exceedingly disagreeable one to those who are affected by the change.

The framework of the Swedish building at the St. Petersburg Art exposition has already been sent from Stockholm to the exposition grounds and the work of putting up the building is in progress. The leading artists of Sweden are going to be represented at the exposition, but so far no exhibits have been forwarded.

King Gustaf will spend the latter part of this month at [illegible] where his father, King Oscar, always used to spend a lot of his time in summer. The favorite watering place of King Oscar will thus also become the favorite resort of his son.

The new Turkish ambassador, [illegible] Bey, has arrived at [illegible]. His last post was in Vienna. [illegible]

President Fallières has sent [illegible] waters.

Sweden's exports to Russia during the past three months amounted to 2,307,000 ruble. During the same period last year the exports to that country amounted to 2,074,000 ruble.

Queen Victoria's mother, the Grand Duchess Louise of Baden, arrived at the capital Aug. 5 and is still a guest of her royal daughter.

Sarah Bernhardt will pay a visit to the Scandinavian countries this fall and will pay an extended visit to Stockholm.

The Duke of Vestergotland, Oscar Carl Wilhelm, has been appointed a general in the Swedish army.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The list of tourists to Norway this summer has been larger than ever before in the history of the country. There have never before been so many distinguished visitors as during the current season. Among the list of notables who have been visiting Norway this summer are the following: Emperor William of Germany, Prince Andreas and Princess Alice of Greece, the Duke and Duchess of Fife, the Duke of Oldenburg, the Duke and Duchess of Roxborough, a prince from Egypt, one from Japan, one from China (but their names have not appeared generally in print) and thousands of English and Americans, some of whom are artists, lawyers and captains of industry. While people continue to emigrate from Norway, the *number of tourists are increasing at* a rapid rate from year to year. In one way this is of immense importance to the country, as the tourists are good spenders and bring lots of money into the country. Still, from an industrial standpoint the tourist is not included in the reckoning, for he comes and goes and his trade goes principally to the railroad companies, hotels and cafes. Norway's lead as a tourist country can not be under-estimated and the tourist bureaus are doing their great share of advertising and that with splendid success.

There are some English capitalists who fail to get rich in Norway. Some time ago an English syndicate spent over $100,000 in testing the ore of some mines at Joranrud, and now the whole plant has been offered to a Norwegian business man for $62,100, which demonstrates that British speculation is not always a success in Norway. During the past few years there has been lots of English capital invested in Norway and the tendency has been to crowd out home syndicates. But as capital has been scarce in Norway, foreign capital has for this reason not been very much discouraged.

Railway building in Norway has received a decided impetus of late. It seems that the Norwegians are fully awake to the situation and although Norway is a difficult country to build railways in they are now going about it in a business like manner. The storthing has appropriated 60,000,000 crowns toward the building of national railways. The principal line will be the so-called Dovre, which will run through a mountainous section and will rival any line in the country for the picturesqueness of its setting. It will be run from Gudbrandsdalen to near Trondhjem.

Some time ago the government purchased the telephone system of Drammen and vicinity. The system had no sooner fallen into the hands of the government before the rates were raised, and a great number of subscribers have notified the government that they can no longer afford to keep up their telephone connections. Now this only goes to show that the government also can become exorbitant in its charges and thus place the people in such a position that they are really worse off than when the enterprise was controlled by private capital.

Among the many distinguished visitors who have honored Norway this summer with a visit is the King of Saxony, who has just finished a tour of the most romantic sections of Norway. He is profuse in his praise of Norway's wonderful scenery and of the hospitality of the people.

Hereafter there will be no excuse for the women of Norway not to know how to cook. The storthing has appropriated $17,000 for the establishment of a normal school for persons who wish to teach cooking in the public schools.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Through the intervention of the minister of the affairs of the interior, the employers' association and the committee of the labor unions have agreed to settle the various questions in dispute and start work again. Several of the branch unions are dissatisfied at the compromise and declare that they will continue the strike. Among them is the typographical union. This means that there will probably be a serious split between the Danish labor unions, and a continuation of trouble. The newspapers are still unable to get out their regular editions.

Not for many years has the price of butter been so high as it is at present. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

MARION S. NORELIUS

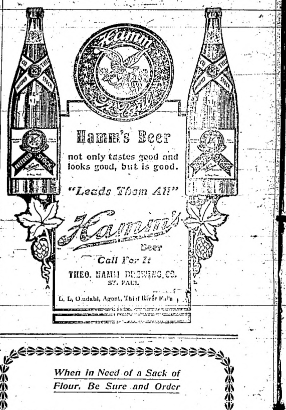

Hamm's Beer
not only tastes good and looks good, but is good.
"Leads Them All"
Hamm's Beer
Call For It
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL.
L. L. Ondahl, Agent, Thief River Falls

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE GREAT
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
A WORLD'S FAIR AT HOME
AUG. 31 TO SEP. 5. 1908
A MAMMOTH EXHIBITION WITHOUT A PEER
GRAND ARRAY of
AGRICULTURAL-HORTICULTURAL LIVE STOCK
DAIRY-POULTRY-FISH-GAME-SHEEP-SWINE
JOBBERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBITS
MARVELOUS SPEED EXHIBITION ON THE WORLD'S FASTEST TRACK
AFTERNOON AND EVENING PERFORMANCES
BY CELEBRATED TROUPES of BEARS—ELEPHANTS
SEALS AND SEA LIONS—ACROBATS—AERIAL ARTISTS
DANCERS AND EQUILIBRISTS
NIGHTLY DISPLAYS of GREGORY'S ENCHANTING FIREWORKS
ROMAN CHARIOT AND STANDING ROMAN RACES
AIR SHIP RACES
BIG HIPPODROME SHOW
THE MERRY PIKE
INDIAN VILLAGE
AND THE BIG PRODUCTION
"FORT RIDGLEY IN 62"
B F NELSON, Pres. C N COSGROVE, Sec.

We Do All Kinds Of
Commercial Printing.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.
It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.
It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.
ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	92
Oats	42c
Flax	$1.18
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

O. L. Bakken was up to Holt Monday.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Walter Robbecke left last week for St. Paul.

To trade; land and horses, A. M. Graves.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Holt Tuesday.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

Dr. Bockman was up to Middle River Tuesday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dr. Booren was down to Vergus last week fishing.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

Attorney A. A. Miller was up from Crookston Monday.

Mrs. Arpin was down to St. Hilaire, the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Comstock on Thursday.

L. S. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Saturday.

John Remmen was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Hoppe on Thursday.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Anderson on Saturday.

Hon. Dan. Robertson, of Argyle, was in the city the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Threshing out of the shock was generally commenced in this section last week.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

Wanted—Good girl for general house work. Address Postoffice lock box 866. City.

Phillip Zeh, Jr., returned the first of the week from his trip to St. Paul and Duluth.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Svengard, of Clover Leaf, on Sunday.

F. S. and Will Dorge, who have just completed a $12,000 school house at Hallock, returned to this city last Saturday.

H. T. McAnulty, Superintendent of Schools.

Candidate for re-election. Twelve years experience in teaching in the schools of Red Lake county and nearly four years as county superintendent Respectfully solicits your vote and support at the Republican primaries on Sept. 15, 1908.

A Big Day at the Minnesota State Fair Race Track.

Alex A. Sweans last week filed for the office of county auditor on the Socialist ticket.

Miss Gladys Hansen was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting with friends.

L. M. Hoag and family, who had been spending a couple of weeks camping at Dent, returned to this city Monday.

For health and pure food use Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. They are pure, uniform and reliable.

Misses Emma and Annie Pruellage, of Fort Madison, Iowa, are in the city visiting their uncle, Fr. Adolph Dingmann.

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Schei, Mrs. J. Borry and the Misses Anderson were up to Middle River Tuesday visiting with friends.

Oscar Hovelson, one of the bright and energetic young farmers living out near Germantown, was in the city the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton and Mr. and Mrs. Emil E. Zeh were down to Crookston last Thursday in Mr. Winton's automobile.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran congregation meets with Mrs. Jacob Jonas next Wednesday afternoon. All are welcome.

D. Farrell, C. L. Stevens and F. M. Chaffee, of Warren, were in the city Monday evening attending a meeting of the Masonic lodge.

Ed Wilcox was down to Detroit the first of the week looking over some farm loans for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company.

Gilbert J. Brenden, editor of the Herald-Rustler, at Badger, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Mahnomen to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hanson, of New Richland, Minn., arrived in the city last week and are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Andrew Stenseth.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Mossello came up from Crookston Tuesday and will visit for several days with Mrs. Mossello's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex A Sweans.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, Sunday school at 9 o'clock instead of 10, as previously announced. Services at Mauor, 3 P. M.

Dr. and Mrs. Bockman returned Sunday evening from their trip to Minneapolis. They went down and returned in Dr. Bockman's automobile and report having had a delightful trip.

Mrs. Oscar Larson and Mrs. Peter Quande, who had been in the city visiting relatives and friends, departed Monday for their respective homes at Madison, Minn., and Sisston, S. D.

Wanted—A teacher by the 1st of September for a three month's term by district No. 55, town of Silverton, Red Lake county. State wages wanted. Apply to Frank J. Staska, Mavie, Minn.

Dr. Spofford is at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls the 7th Markham Hotel, St. Hilaire the 8th; Rushford Hotel, Thief River Falls the 9th, of every month. Fitting glasses is his specialty.

Anton Ellingson, a brother of A. E. Ellingson the Highlanding merchant, has bought the John Sullivan place and will move his family thereon and make his future home. $1100 was the price paid.—Sunbeam.

Rev. Oscar R. Wold, returned missionary from Fanchong, China, will preach in the Evenson Hall next Sunday morning at 10:30, and in the evening at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all. M. T. Dahl, Pastor of Trinity Congregation.

Star Bad Boy, the former star foot ball player, who now lives at White Earth, is the prize game warden, a position he was recently appointed to. He has made eight or ten arrests and two have been convicted for killing prairie chickens.

Judge N. T. Moen, of Ada, spent Saturday and Monday in Thief River Falls in the interest of the candidacy of Jens J. Opsahl, of Bemidji for representative. Sunday he was at Red Lake Falls and spoke in the Presbyterian church of that city in the evening.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city yesterday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

J. W. McGinty was down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Mrs. Kretzschmar was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Stewart.

About the heaviest rain of the season visited this section yesterday, and will delay threshing and stacking for a few days.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Klimek Jewelry and Optical company's ad. in this issue. Some big bargains are offered by this popular store.

Charles Buck, one of the popular young brakemen employed by the Soo, and Miss Annie Gustafson were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. John Torrison.

The Supper and apron sale advertised for last night by the ladies of St. Bernard's society was postponed on account of the rain until tonight. Every body come and have a good supper.

Hon. O. B. Ekman, of Roseau, candidate for the Republican nomination for representative in the counties of Roseau, Marshall and Kittson, was in the city last Saturday. Mr. Ekman states that he is meeting with considerable success in his candidacy for the office.

A Kalamazoo woman read a recipe for what she thought was celery soup and fixed up a mess. After the family had all gone against it, she discovered that the recipe was for celery soap. The doctor thinks he will have most of the suds out of the bunch by Sunday.

Halvor Fodstad, who has 320 acres of land east of town, was in the city Monday and reports that he is going to commence threshing next week. Mr. Fodstad bought 160 acres of land at the first sale and 160 later of a neighbor. He has over 175 acres into crop this year and says that he expects a large yield.

The board of Directors have secured the services of Miss Ida Bjorge of Thief River Falls, a first grade teacher who will commence the fall term of school on Sept. 14. We are to have four months fall and four months spring term, making a total of eight months school during the school year. How is that for Highlanding.—Sunbeam.

School will open in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 8. Some twenty-five teachers are now employed in the city schools and six complete courses are offered in the high school department, among these being a normal training course for teachers and a full business commercial course, including everything that can be secured in a regular college.

The Anoka potato market has been good this season and the price of potatoes has continued to advance steadily, according to the Anoka newspapers. As much as 85 cents per bushel has been paid for tubers there. Potatoes have been coming into Anoka in a steady stream and the producers and byers think that the price will go still higher. It is said that the general crop is lighter than usual, owing to the hot dry weather in the heavy potato producing sections.

The elevator of the Red River Transportation company on the west side of the river near Oslo, is causing the company a good deal of trouble and expense. Although the elevator was placed on piling last year, it has started to slide very slowly toward the river and in a very short time it would be unsafe. Several engineers examined the elevator and determined to move it back on the river bank 100 feet from its present location, so as to get it on a firm foundation. The track will be placed on piling between the elevator and the river. A conveyor will be put in for the purpose of getting the grain from the barges.

Apparently there has been a check in the movement of homeseekers toward far distant countries, and the trend is now toward Northern Minnesota, where a man of little or no capital may secure a home of his own and where a crop failure was never known. The deluded farmers who have gone to Western Canada, Western Dakota, and other semi-arid countries, have learned their lesson in thousands of instances this season. From the unusually large number of inquiries being received by land agencies of this part of the state, it becomes apparent that the movement toward Northern Minnesota is about to set in more heavily than ever.

Dr. Mellby a Candidate.

Dr. O. F. Mellby this week filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of coroner of Red Lake county. Dr. Mellby is one of the popular citizens of Thief River Falls and would make an excellent official. [illegible] that he will have any opposition for the nomination or election.

Later—H. M. H. [illegible] for the Republican nomination for coroner.

Second Hand Threshing Machine for Sale Cheap.

Will sell cheap [illegible] farm land an Aspen-Advance threshing machine, complete with [illegible] independent wing stacker. [illegible] three seasons. Make an offer [illegible] Samuel Gibeau, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Death of a Pioneer.

Mrs. Ole H. Brevick, wife of one of the pioneer settlers of this section, died Sunday evening after an illness of long duration. Twenty-five years ago she came to this section with her husband and settled upon a homestead three miles west of town. At the time of her death she was 69 years of age and the mother of twelve children, only three of whom are now living. The children living are as follows: Mrs. Charles Anderson, of this city, Mrs. Thomas Churvick, of Drayton, N. D., and Miss Bessie Brevick. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon.

AT THE BIJOU.

The Bijou is again to the front in the way of attractions for the half of this week and the patrons of the house will receive full value with some added. The motion pictures will again demonstrate the hustling nature of the management in securing the very latest, most instructive and amusing subjects "For Kates Health," "The Dreyfus Affair," in this interesting picture we are given a vivid idea of the principal incidents connected with the Dreyfus case, which caused such a stir in military circles in France in 1894. "Artist's Inheritance" and "The Orphan" or "A Mountain Romance," Song—Santiago Flynn.

Cantaloupe growers in portions of southern California report serious damage to this year's crop as a result of the devastation of the cantaloupe lice, which have killed all the vines in certain sections.

In times of drought the work of watering the garden can often be most easily done by frequent and thorough cultivations or hoeings. This keeps the surface mellow, with the result that moisture in ample quantities is pumped up from the subsoil and made available for the thirsty plants.

In a recent installment of these notes tansy was recommended as considered effective by some in driving ants from the food cupboards. While this may be true of the smaller black and red ants, it is not so of the large black variety which still raid the sugar box, feeding on the sugar by day and roosting on the tansy at night.

It is a fair assumption that if the man enjoys and is refreshed by a drink of cool water in haying time and harvest his horses, which usually work as hard as he, take about the same view of the matter. The careful driver will see that they get a sip of water once or twice between feeds during the hot days. They will enjoy the water and work the better for it.

An even more toothsome dish than the fine peas and string beans from the family garden are the green lima beans when one has the good fortune to raise them. Only a small per cent of the seed planted germinates and grows, and this tends to discourage one in raising them. But where plenty of seed is planted, the bushes given thorough hoeing and the weather being warm and favorable one will get enough of the big green pods to more than pay for the trouble.

Reports from the whole country show that the condition of the apple crop on July 1 was 57.6 per cent as compared with 66 per cent on June 1 and 44 per cent on July 1, 1907, and 62.3 per cent, the ten year average for July 1. This would seem to indicate that, while this year's crop is 13.6 per cent better than it was last year, it is nevertheless far enough below the average so as to insure a good price for all good fruit. It will be well for the apple grower to keep the crop situation in mind when closing deals for the sale of his apples this fall.

The laws in a number of states requiring the cutting of weeds along the roadsides by the abutting property owners or road supervisors specify July 15 and Aug. 15 as the interval in which this work should be done. This is probably better than no regulation at all, simply from the standpoint of the looks of the road, but it is a defective statute in that the seeds of most weeds and grasses are mature by the 1st of August. Better results would be secured were cuttings required June 15 and Sept. 15, at which times most weeds would be laid low just as they were ready to head out.

Mrs. H. M. King of Texas is said to be the largest landowner of her sex in the United States, her holdings reaching the enormous total of 1,173,[illegible] acres. She has a magnificent ranch home in Kingsville, Tex. Most of her land is valued at from $15 to $20 per acre, her total wealth, including land, live stock and other property, being placed at [illegible]. While Mrs. King inherited a large part of her property from her husband, she has more than doubled it through shrewd management and investment. Great numbers of live stock are raised on this farm, and agricultural operations are carried on on an extensive scale.

Notice for Publication.

[illegible]

India is said to have a wheat area estimated at 27,000,000 acres. The average yield per acre is low, and much of the work of handling the crop is still done in a primitive fashion.

An Oregon apple grower last year shipped several thousand boxes of apples to Australia and sold them at a substantial profit. This year he plans to increase these shipments to 40,000 boxes.

The government crop report for July places the acreage of Irish potatoes for 1908 at 3,198,000 acres, which is 2.4 per cent, or 74,000 acres, more than last year. The condition of the crop on July 1 was 89.6 per cent of a normal as compared with 90.2 per cent a year ago.

When a father has the boy problem on his hands it is often worth while for him to set his imagination to work and look at the question or questions at issue from the boy's standpoint. Doing this may alter materially plans which have been outlined for the treatment or disciplining of the boy, but it will usually be with far better results.

Now that the pearl and pearl button industry along the Mississippi river is on the wane as a result of a growing scarcity of the bivalves a good many fishermen have of late been making good money from the sale of smoked sturgeon. This fish, considered almost worthless when fresh, makes a very palatable article of food when smoked and fetches 17½ cents per pound.

It is a growing conviction on the part of fruit raisers in some of the southwestern states that the reason for the poor service given shipments of fruit in less than carload lots is that by so doing the railroads hope to force such shipments to be sent by express. In view of the fact that the roads get about 50 per cent of the high express rates charged, the suspicion would seem to be pretty well grounded.

With substantial wire window screens, costing not more than 75 or 80 cents, and screen doors obtainable for $1.25, there would seem to be no good reason why any home should be overrun with flies by day or hordes of mosquitoes by night. If one feels that he cannot afford to buy doors and window screens ready made, he can get the screen in bulk at the hardware store of the proper width and in a short time make his own screens if he has any knack at all in use of plane and saw.

The juniper shrub or bush, the berries of which are used in the preparation of certain medicines, grows in the dry and rocky portions of some of the New England states. The bush spreads from a single root, which often grows from a crevice in the rock. When the shoots are about three feet high they begin to lop over and finally sprawl on the ground. Here they often grow for a distance of several rods, rooting at intervals. When the creeping shoots encounter those from other juniper bushes they have an odd habit of turning up from the ground at right angles instead of mingling and interlacing with them, as one might suppose. Growing in this way, the whole bush, with shoots running in all directions and turning up at the extremities, has much the appearance of a huge inverted umbrella.

There is no justice or righteousness in the effort of the oleomargarine manufacturers, alias the beef trust, to palm beef grease off on an unsuspecting public in the belief that it is a high toned, strictly reliable dairy butter. Without doubt oleo is just as wholesome if not as toothsome an article as [illegible] dairy butter, but consumers should not be deceived into buying it for such or paying dairy butter prices for it. The department of agriculture has [illegible] decided that under the federal pure food law oleomargarine must bear a label to that effect, so that the purchaser can tell at a glance that it is not butter. If the oleo chaps have such a [illegible] to put a product on the market which will pass for "western extras," they would better go out of the packing business and buy herds of dairy cows. There ought to be no [illegible] shorter than this.

A friend who is now in his eighties relates an interesting fact which came under his observation many years ago, when a boy living in the vicinity of Sacketts Harbor, in Jefferson county, N. Y., near the shore of Lake Ontario. He tells of having observed growing on a boggy piece of land on the Leffingwell farm, about two and a half miles from the town mentioned, two giant cedar trees twelve feet in diameter and close to 200 feet high. He states that in company with other boys of the neighborhood he used to detach and pry off sections of the fibrous bark of the tree forty feet in length, from which they made [illegible]. There were also growing in the bog where these trees stood white cedars and high bush cranberries. While the redwood and big trees, two species of the genus sequoia, are supposed to be native only on the Pacific slope in California, the description of the trees given would seem to indicate that they might be stray and isolated specimens of one of the two species. It would be interesting to know if the two giants have escaped the greed of the lumberman and still stand in the same lonely spot.

T. C. Grigg

ESSENCE OF SOCIALISM.

A Critical Review of the Teachings of Dr. Karl Marx.

We find the essence of the Socialistic criticism of property most clearly brought out by Karl Marx, the most authoritative leader and thinker of the proletariat. He begins by showing that the mass of private capital inherited from early times rests originally on conquest, the dispossession of former owners, confiscation of peasant farms, plundering of colonies, abuse of political power, protective duties, division of secularized ecclesiastical property, and so on, but he does not charge Peter or Paul, the actual inheritor of the property today, with robbery. Nor is he much concerned to pass judgment on those ancient forms of "the original accumulation of capital," and he also deals very cursorily with that latest form of capital plunder which is amassed by stock exchange corruption, parliamentary jobbery and newspaper bribes. He rather examines the process of the formation of capital, which is the only form possible under the present recognized economic system, and is therefore under present circumstances normal, perfectly legal and wholly unavoidable.

The returns of capital out of which great private fortunes are amassed yield such great accumulation and superfluity only because the wage laborer receives in money wage less than the full value of the produce of his work and must let the surplus value daily fall to the share of the capitalists' profits. The worker receives in wages (according to the actual doctrine of the liberal political economists) on an average not the full productive value of his day's work, but very much less—in fact, only what will bring him the absolute daily necessaries of life. He works ten or twelve hours, while perhaps his wage is produced in six. Whatever he may produce beyond his necessaries of life (the so called surplus value) goes to the capitalist pockets. The surplus value which is absorbed in daily driblets by the great sponge of capital becomes the profits of the capitalist and eventually an accumulation of capital.

The intercompetition of the wage earners, the fluctuating condition of social production, the disturbing effect of machinery, the changes in technical manufacture, foreign competition and many other circumstances combine (we are still quoting Marx) to reduce the wage earner and the small trader to the necessity of handing over to the capitalist, be he landlord, manufacturer or dealer, the daily produce of his toil, he receiving in return not the full value of his day's labor, but only his necessaries of life. The surplus value of his day's labor over the wages he receives must fall to the share of capital and enrich its possessor, partly supporting his luxuriant household, partly (and in a greater measure) furnishing his endless accumulations of capital. So there goes on, under the mask of a wage system, the daily and hourly exploitation of the wage earners, and capital becomes a vampire, a money grubber and a thief.

And yet, subjectively, the respectable citizen is free from blame. He is actually compelled by the force of an anarchical competition, by the whole existing system of production, as by law established, to join in the race for wealth, to abstract as much as possible from the earnings of the workmen and to increase his own wealth indefinitely, for otherwise he would fall out of the running. Looked at in a purely objective light, nevertheless, this way of proceeding is disgraceful. It is the system which must be altered.—From "Quintessence of Socialism," by Dr. A. Schaeffle.

Why You Should Support Socialism.

You should support Socialism for your own sake, because it is cowardly to accept without protest less than the full value of what you produce and dishonest to take more. You should support Socialism for your wife's sake, because under the rule of capitalism she is prevented from voting her own emancipation. You should support Socialism for your babies' sake, because it would be equally a curse to them were they to become the slavish servants of others or the oppressors of their fellows. You should support Socialism for the sake of the working class, that the really able and efficient people of the world may assume their proper station and dignify labor, the creator of all that is good. You should support Socialism for the sake of the human race, that society may arise from the level of a bestial struggle to the fraternal plane of mutual helpfulness. Scientific Socialism offers the only rational means of realizing wholesome ideals and of laying the necessary material foundation for genuine refinement and culture.—Appeal to Reason.

Justice, Not Charity.

The fact that he has to take charity is hades for the workingman who takes it. We just manage to keep poverty here with us. We manage to keep it alive, and the great problems of poverty, which are vice, crime and wickedness, are on the increase all the time. This charity is on the increase, too, but somehow it does not keep pace with the crime and does not seem to prevent it. The only real charity is the charity of the poor toward the poor. As I have said before, the other kind can never be charity. We should say to them, give us more wages, better conditions in the factories, but do not rob us of everything and then come to us and offer us your checks. We do not want that. We are opposed to charity, which robs us of our self respect, and which, when our neighbors find out that we are taking it, robs us of their respect as well.—Rose Pastor Stokes.

WHAT SOCIALISTS WANT.

Collective Ownership of the Means of Production.

The work of the world is done today with wonderfully productive machines. The locomotive does as much each hour as the ox team in a month. The child tending modern looms weaves miles where the hand loom wove yards. The steam thrasher turns out carloads where the flail thrashed bushels.

Society is divided into two classes by these machines—those who own and those who do not own them.

The owners do not need to work. They may be wards of a court, infants, insane, in prison, yet their income flows in because of the existence of another class that owns nothing.

The nonowners cannot live unless they use the privately owned machines. They cannot even set foot on the earth without using the land of the owners.

For the chance to use the land and machines long enough each day to produce his subsistence the propertyless worker must agree to keep on producing wealth all day.

The portion of his product which he is allowed to keep is called wages. All of the remainder is kept by the owners as rent, interest and profits.

Since the owners perform no necessary function, *the Socialists insist that* there is no reason why the workers should not appoint the state as their agent to hold the titles to the property which they must use, just as the capitalists now appoint banks, corporations and trust companies for that purpose.

The workers can do this by making use of their overwhelming numbers to gain control of the government. They would then transfer the title from the present idle owners to the working class controlled government.

Unlike present private ownership, the collective ownership to be established will be inclusive, not exclusive. None will be shut out from ownership. All will be owners and all will be users, and the whole product will go to the producers.

This is what the Socialist party is seeking to accomplish.

SYSTEM BORN OF GREED.

Monopoly Is the Inevitable Outgrowth of Competition.

It is proverbial that the tree is known by its fruit. Then what are the fruits of this upas tree of competition which has flourished so luxuriantly for ages? Concentration of wealth and power for the few, industrial bondage, indigence and poverty for the multitude, churches and child labor, prisons and paupers, trusts and tramps, empires, ruins and ashes.

Life in the competitive struggle of today is like a game of chance in which many must lose in order that a few may win. It is mathematically certain that the few can gain only that the many lose. Such a system can lead only to the concentration of wealth on the one hand and poverty on the other. Such a system, being founded on injustice, carries within itself the seeds of its own destruction. Hence, in obedience to natural law, all the empires of history have passed away.

Like causes will produce like effects in any nation on the earth. Either justice must triumph over greed or the fate of modern nations may be truly read in the history of the past. Under such conditions there is no middle ground. The law of competition is relentlessly cruel. It is embodied in the idiom, "Every man for himself, and the devil take the hindmost." Either you must be an exploiter or be exploited. On the field of competitive commercialism you must go down in defeat or march to victory over the prostrate bodies of your vanquished competitors. This vile struggle for the loaves and fishes is not suggested by any religion. It is absolutely antichrist. Born of greed, it is the very essence of concentrated selfishness, and civilization can never be realized until this competitive struggle for existence is supplanted by co-operation. Under capitalism the job owns the man. Under Socialism the man owns the job.

Socialism Defined.

The first constituent of Socialism may, therefore, be stated to be a substitution of collective property in the great material instrument of production in the place of private property to such an extent that public property shall dominate the world's work. The second constituent element is private property in income and private property in those goods which are used for the sake of enjoyment and not for the acquisition of an income by rent or hire to others.

Modern Socialism demands collective management of each industry, and it demands that all the industries should be associated together, in order thereby to secure perfect system, harmony and unity of effort. Finally, Socialism means the distribution of income by some common authority.—New International Cyclopedia.

Lyman Abbott's View.

I believe the movement toward Socialism in this country to be irresistible, and I believe, too, that it ought not to be resisted.

I believe every great question, as this one, will be debated by the American people and solved peaceably by them. You may think, as I do, that it is easier for me to settle this question on this platform than in the factory. The real solution must be worked out in the factory by real men.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

General Merchandise.

We Also Keep Jewelry.

TELEPHONE, 170. LA BREE AVENUE.

Joe Giller

SAVES YOU MONEY.

He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.

Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar fo a dollar.

Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of suga for 50 cents.

Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.

" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.

" " " peaches, 12c per lb.

" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.

Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.

Reduction on everything.

Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highesf price

CASH BUSINESS ONLY.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

We Do All Kinds Of Commercial Printing.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1908. NUMBER 36

ST. PAUL Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE

The Crookston School of Agriculture to Be Dedicated on September 17th.

James J. Hill and Other Prominent Speakers to Be Present at This Time.

The State School of Agriculture of Crookston was established by the Legislature of 1905 for the people of Northwestern Minnesota. The school has been in operation two winters and will begin its third year's work on October 13th, 1908. The school offers a three year *course to both young men and women* from the farms.

Two new buildings were provided for the school by the last Legislature. Both will be completed and ready for use at the opening of the fall term in September.

In order that the people may have a chance to become acquainted with the school and at the same time have a day off, which will be a pleasant and profitable one, it is planned to dedicate Stephens Hall on the 17th day of September. On that day you will have a chance to hear James J. Hill and Congressman C. R. Davis, to inspect the farm and school and to meet many of the most prominent citizens of the State. Don't miss a good thing when it will cost you so little and you get so much out of it. Bring your lunch basket and do not leave the family behind. You can come in on the morning train and go home in the evening. An effort will be made to get special trains for the Greenbush and St. Vincent lines on the day of the dedication, Sept. 17th. Don't forget the date and especially bring along the boy or girl you wish to send off to school this fall.

Sincerely,
Wm. Robertson, Supt.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

New Member Appointed.

Jason Weatherhead, of Ada, who has been a member of the state board of equalization for this district, last week resigned and Julius J. Olson, of Warren, has been appointed in his place. Mr. Weatherhead has made an excellent member of the state board, but was a little too independent to please Gov. Johnson. The newly appointed member is a good man and we hope that he will follow in the footsteps of his predecessor.

Indians May Vote.

Attorney General Young has ruled that every Indian in the state, enjoying a government allotment and having the other qualifications as to citizenship and residence, is a citizen and therefore entitled to vote. The ruling is an answer to an opinion asked for by residents of the White Earth reservation.

The ruling brings into the field several thousand new voters, and it is expected their numbers will have a considerable bearing on the legislative contests now on in Mahnomen and other counties having an Indian population.

Goes to Minneapolis.

D. N. Winton and family will remove to Minneapolis the latter part of this month and quite likely will make that city their future home. Owing to the fact that Mr. Winton's business affairs are now spread out over several states, he is kept traveling on the road most of the time looking after his affairs and finds that Minneapolis is a more central point in which to live. Another matter which influences Mr. Winton to considerable extent is the fact that practically all of the lumber in the United States is now sold in Minneapolis. Since the Thief River Falls Lumber company opened up a sales office in Minneapolis several months ago, over three-fourths of the product of the Thief River Falls mill is sold from the Minneapolis office direct. Mr. Winton will not sell or rent his residence in Thief River Falls and it is quite probable that next spring he will again remove to this city.

Mr. Winton and his most estimable wife have made a large circle of friends in Thief River Falls and all will greatly regret their departure.

A Turkey Prairie Chicken.

While at Otter Tail village last week a local traveling man witnessed a very unusual sight. In the yard of the Otter Tail hotel strutted a turkey mother with her bevy of young turkeys and among these was a prairie chicken which in its infancy last spring had got detached from its mothers covey and had mysteriously joined the turkey flock. It is now almost full grown and can fly, but still sticks to its big friends, seemingly content to march with them about the hotel yard instead of fanning the clear Park Region air with its vigourous wings.

"Spoonbill" Gus Wants a Job.

"Spoonbill" A. C. Schmidt has put in a bid to the Polk Co. Game and Fish Protective Association, to paint all the ring necked pheasants in the county for 10 cents each. He is an expert shot and has a lot of dogs. His plan is to load three old army muskets with yellow paint and with his two sons scour the county and every time he raises pheasant "paste it" with a charge of yellow paint so that all hunters can destinguish them from the festive prairie chicken. The association thinks it all a scheme of the wily hunter to get the first whack at the new game bird and turned down the proposition flat.—Crookston Journal.

Breed For Dairy Stock.

While it is impossible for us to explain or even understand the wide variation between the South St. Paul market price for beef cattle, it is a self evident fact that the local market price for beef cattle is not now and has not for years warranted it's production on the farms of this locality, and, as veal also hardly pays for the cost of production it is our opinion that the economic policy for the farmers of this locality to persue is to breed for dairy stock and knock their steer calves in the head as soon as they are dropped. Such a policy may not suit the South St. Paul stock buyers, but we believe it would be doubly beneficial to stock raisers in that it would in a measure relieve the market of "knot heads," that produce beef only at the sacrifice of the purse, and would permit of the more liberal feeding and better housing of the dairy stock.—McIntosh Times.

A New Swindling Scheme.

It is said that a new swindling scheme is being worked in the case and may be introduced out this way before long. The methods used by the swindlers are very similar to those formerly employed by the traveling lightning rod agents, only steel ranges are substituted for lightning rods.

A sleek looking man drives up to a farmer's house and asks for the privilege of unloading and placing in the kitchen a steel range. He is willing to leave it there on trial a few days. The price is about $70, but he is willing to pay $20 for the old stove, also pay the farmer $5 for cartling it to the nearest station, and he is willing to board out the greater part of the balance while canvasing in the neighborhood. The farmer is simply asked to sign a receipt for the stove and is informed that if he don't like it they will come and take it back.

The agent goes on his way and never returns. In a few weeks the farmer discovers that he has signed a note for $70 instead of a receipt and the range while splendid in appearance while new, proves to be made of the poorest material possible, and to be practically worthless. —Pipestone Star.

Immigration Falling off.

A decided falling off in the immigration from all countries to the United States for the month of July is shown by figures compiled by the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization which were made public recently. The total immigration to the United States for the period mentioned was 27,570, against 97,132 in 1907, a decrease of 72 per cent. The greatest decrease in any country is shown for Russia, the figure being 61.08, compared with 23,971 in 1907, a decrease of 71 per cent.

The total number of debarred from all countries was 35, compared with 1,211 in 1907, a decrease of 57 per cent.

Immigration from all countries for the six months ended July 31 last aggregated 193,086, against 786,697 for the same period in 1907, showing a decrease of 75 per cent.

The total number of immigrants debarred was 498, against 6,230 in 1907, a decrease of 41 per cent.

The total immigration from Russia for the same period was 32,381, compared with 114,691 in 1907, a decrease of 78 per cent.

Wylie News.

M. P. Dargen left Saturday with his team for Lockhart where he intends to stay until freezing up time.

Hans Wilson was up to St. Hilaire the first of the week and made arrangements to start a lunch counter.

The Wylie cheese factory shipped out eighty-four boxes of cheese Saturday to St. Paul and other points.

Six teams from the eastern part of the county passed through here Friday en route to St. Thomas, N. D., where they will put in the fall threshing.

Nick Eckstein commenced threshing Wednesday. About a half a dozen of his neighbors held a meeting last Saturday and agreed to exchange work.

Erick Hanson, a former resident of Polk Centre, but a resident of Tacoma, Wash., for the past seven years, is back on a few days visit with friends and relatives.

C. B. Cruzon and family left Friday on a short visit with friends at Mentor. Mr. Cruzon formerly lived there where he still owns a half section of land. They returned Sunday.

Peter Hanzel received about half a carload of machinery and plows of all kinds Saturday. Mr. Hanzel has a knack of delivering the goods regardless of hard competition, which is "the life of trade."

A. C. Wise had an eight or nine ton hay stack burned for him Sunday. Some claim it was caused by the carelessness of an automobile party that stopped at said hay stack for lunch, as the stack was ablaze soon after they left.

Station Agent Borreman, of St. Hilaire, came down here the first of the week to look the town over, this being his first visit. He found everything that he expected to see but the depot. He was accompanied by his brother in law, Frank Watermann.

John A. Johnson said before he was nominated:

> "I have stated my position several times before and the situation has not changed. Having declared publicly my opposition to a third term for administrative elective offices, I could not possibly accept a nomination now without violating my every sense of political propriety."

And then he proceeded to stultify himself, and violate his every sense of political propriety.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Injured In Runaway.

B. T. Langeli, of Lillo, met with a somewhat serious accident on Tuesday afternoon while on his way home from Plummer. His horse ran away shortly after leaving town and Mr. Langeli was thrown from the buggy and quite painfully injured. He was picked up shortly afterward and brought to town and is being cared for at the home of F. B. Langer. Dr. Clark made an examination and found that two ribs were broken besides his being severely bruised. The horse was caught by Ole Hindy, the mail carrier, and brought to town. The buggy was badly smashed but the horse is not injured. Mr. Langeli is reported as doing quite well at the present time.—Plummer Pioneer.

Holt Creamery.

Statement of Holt Creamery for the month of July, 1908.

Total of cream received, 38,371 pounds
Average test, 29.21.
Butterfat, 11,190 pounds.
Price paid, .22 cents.

Total receipt,	$2,81319.
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons	$2,16189
Expense fund	35,130
Total	$2,81319
THOSE DRAWING $10 AND OVER.	
F. Steinhues	71.22
Carl Larson	69.11
C. Smith	59.69
A. Bjeork	52.82
T. O. Dorse	51.12
H. A. Risberg	50.85
Aug. Hoffman	48.82
E. A. Johnson	46.07
Ole Reierson	46.03
T. Sorum	42.90

J. A. Sorum,
Secy.

Value Of An Independent Newspaper.

One of the greatest political battles ever waged has begun, and The Duluth Herald's subscription list is going ahead by leaps and bounds as a result. The Herald, as an independent newspaper, gives each side of the political situation with absolute fairness, publishing minute reports of the exact conditions from day to day as no partisan newspaper can do. It is thus eagerly sought by men who want to know the real state of affairs.

Matters in the business world are given equally as careful attention—the daily reports of the Duluth Board of Trade, the Duluth Produce Exchange, Live Stock Market, the Duluth Iron and Copper Stocks and the doings of Wall street make The Herald of particular value to our people.

The upbuilding of Northern Minnesota has been The Herald's persistent object for years. The Duluth Herald is the paper for this wide awake section in every sense of the word. If you are not now a subscriber for The Duluth Herald, be sure to have it in your home this fall. One dollar pays for it for three months. Send your remittance direct to The Herald, Duluth, Minn.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School 10:00 a. m. Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

RAILROAD MEETING

W. F. Hunt Wants to Meet the Farmers at Germantown on Saturday.

Will Make a Proposition to Them and Talk Over the Proposed Line.

A railroad mass meeting has been called to meet at Germantown on Saturday, September 5th at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The meeting has been called for the purpose of considering a proposition from the Minnesota Air Line Railway company of running the proposed road to *be built from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt* by way of Germantown. W. F. Hunt, the president of the new railway company will be present at the meeting person and talk the matter over with the farmers. It is understood that Mr. Hunt will ask for a free right-of-way through the town of Grand Plain. All who are interested in securing a railroad for that section are request to be present at the meeting.

The Idle Poor.

Most every community contains specimens of humanity who manage to eke out an existence without labor and with no visible means of support, but it is really surprising to learn that the city of New York contains 113,000 persons who have no business, perform no honest labor, own no property whatever yet somehow contrive to keep soul and body together. How they do it is not easily explained but a partial explanation may be found in the criminal annals of the great city. A man without means who will not work must from sheer necessity, either sponge, beg, steal or rob. The The idle rich are a constant menance to society, but the idle poor are its scourge. —Ex.

Marshall County Candidates.

The following are candidates for office in Marshall county:

Auditor—Aug. G. Lundgren, Rep.; P. B. Malberg, Dem.

Reister of deeds—Carl Hanson, Rep.; A. E. Isaacson, Rep; Robt. Toll, Dem.

Sheriff—Wm. Forsberg, Rep.; John J. Dullum, Rep.; C. H. Sandberg, Rep.; J. H. Durand, Dem.

Treasurer—E. Dagoberg, Rep.; John G. Smith, Rep; Igniney Zawrzewsk, Dem. John S. Bjorgaard, Dem.

County attorney—Wm. J. Brown, Rep. E. A. Brekke, Rep. P. A. McClernan, Dem.

Judge of probate—P. H. Holm, Rep.

Superintendent of schools—L. M. Mithun, Dem.

Surveyor—J. R. Meck, Dem.

Commissioner,—2nd Dist.—C. R. Amundson, Rep.; Peter Nordlund, Rep.; Andy M. Olson, Dem.

Commissioner, 4th Dist.—C. M. Carlson, Rep.; L. P. Brandstrom, Dem.; O. P. Dyrud, Pro.

School Shoes

For Boys and Girls.

The approach of fall and the opening of the school season, you no doubt will need shoes for the young folks. Our school shoes for children are famous for the fact that they are not only made strong and durable, but stylish as well.

Misses Vici and Calf Shoes, per pair	Misses Fine Calf and Vici Shoes, for school
$1.50 and $1.75	$2.00 and $2.50
Boys' school shoes, strong and serviceable	Boys' school shoes with double soles
1.50 and 2.00	2.25 and 2.50

Boys' Suits, Caps, Sweaters, Neckwear, Hosiery, etc.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

New Fall Goods Arriving Daily.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY.

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

A. R. JONES,

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for Sheriff of Red Lake County at the Primaries Sept. 15.

Herman F. Anderson,

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

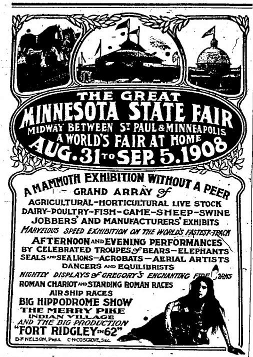

THE GREAT
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
A WORLD'S FAIR AT HOME
AUG. 31 TO SEP. 5. 1908

A MAMMOTH EXHIBITION WITHOUT A PEER
GRAND ARRAY of
AGRICULTURAL–HORTICULTURAL LIVE STOCK
DAIRY–POULTRY–FISH–GAME–SHEEP–SWINE
JOBBERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBITS
MARVELOUS SPEED EXHIBITION ON THE WORLD'S FASTEST TRACK
AFTERNOON AND EVENING PERFORMANCES
BY CELEBRATED TROUPES of BEARS–ELEPHANTS
SEALS AND SEA LIONS–ACROBATS–AERIAL ARTISTS
DANCERS AND EQUILIBRISTS
NIGHTLY DISPLAYS of GREGORY'S ENCHANTING FIREWORKS
ROMAN CHARIOT AND STANDING ROMAN RACES
AIRSHIP RACES
BIG HIPPODROME SHOW
THE MERRY PIKE
INDIAN VILLAGE
AND THE BIG PRODUCTION
"FORT RIDGLEY IN 62"

D. F. NELSON, Pres. C. N. COSGROVE, Sec.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG

REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD

—CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

J. W. McGinty

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

Lewis A. Nelson,

Candidate for Re-election for Sheriff of Red Lake County. Your vote and Support Solicited.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

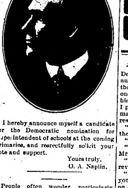

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Superintendent of schools at the coming primaries, and respectfully solicit your vote and support.

Yours truly,
O. A. Naplin.

People often wonder, particularly those who have traveled for hundreds of miles through the corn belt, what becomes of the enormous amount of corn which is grown every year. The Crop Reporter for June seeks to answer this query. Some of the statistics presented are of interest. In the year 1899, when the total crop was 2,666,000,000 bushels, 241,000,000 bushels were consumed in flour and gristmill products, 8,000,000 bushels in the manufacture of starch, 9,000,000 for malt liquors, 17,000,000 bushels in the production of distilled liquors, 40,000,000 for glucose, 190,000,000 for export and 13,000,000 for seed, making a total of 518,000,000 bushels, or 19.3 per cent of the entire crop. The remaining 80.7 per cent, or 2,148,000,000 bushels, seems to have been used almost entirely for feeding purposes. It is an interesting fact that about 80 per cent of the corn crop grown, roughly the above amount, was shipped out of the counties in which it was grown.

The St. Petersburg Academy of Science has recently dispatched an expedition into a district in northern Siberia for the purpose of excavating the remains of a mammoth which has been discovered 200 miles from the village of Kasachia. The head and a part of one leg were exposed through the action of the water, and the foxes had begun to eat the flesh found adhering to the bones. The remains of the mammoth are to be transported over the first stages of the journey by fifty sleighs drawn by reindeer. Russian scientists are much interested in the find, because the specimen now on exhibition in the museum at St. Petersburg is believed not to have reached an age of more than twenty-five years. These mammoths are thought to have lived about 100,000 years ago. The remains of the first specimen discovered were in such a state of preservation that after being thawed, salted and cooked portions of the flesh were actually eaten out of curiosity by some of the Russian scientists.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School 10:00 a. m. Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We are receiving daily large consignments of fall and winter goods which have been selected with great care. Natty, up-to-date goods, sure to please and at prices that defy competition. Further particulars later.

Grocery Department.

We have a few special bargains to offer to the public, at greatly reduced prices, while they last. Those who know the quality of Heinze and company's goods ought to take on a liberal supply as you will probably never get another chance to buy these goods at reduced prices. We offer the following goods:

Heinze 5 pound preserved strawberries, regular price $1, at	$ .75
Heinze 10 pound preserved damson plum, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved cherries, regular price $1.50, at	1.00
Heinze 10 pound preserved blackberries, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved pineapple, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 2 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 1 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .25, at	.15
Heinze 2 pound preserved cherry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved damson plum (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved pineapple (in tin,) regular pirce .50,	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved blackberry (in tin,) regular price .50 at	.35

We also have a few high grade goods in our regular line that will go at reduced prices.

Extra fancy 3 pound apricots, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

Extra fancy 3 pound Bartlett pears, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Why Kelly Didn't Sleep.

"One night I went in late to Father Dempsey's hotel. Every bed was full, and there were 200 men sleeping on the floor of the recreation room. Each one of them had a newspaper under him to keep off the dust of the floor. I pointed to one little Irishman and remarked that he did not seem to be resting well.

"'What's your name, my man?' Father Dempsey asked him.

"'Thomas Kelly, your reverence.'

"'You don't seem to be resting well, Mr. Kelly.'

"'I'll get to sleep after awhile, your reverence,' he answered.

"'I don't believe you will unless you change your bed. You're sleeping on a Westliche Post,' answered Father Dempsey."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Caught the General.

One of the regular army officers tells a story of how the old stringent army regulations once went against General Scott. One wet afternoon that soldier was caught in the rain in Washington. He was in full uniform and was well known, so, no cab being near, he borrowed an umbrella. Arriving at his hotel, an underofficer approached him and calmly remarked:

"General, you will consider yourself under arrest for eight days for carrying an umbrella while in full uniform."

His Solicitude.

"Is it a fact that your mother-in-law threw herself out of the third story window and you did nothing to restrain her?"

"Excuse me, I went to the first story to catch her, but she had already passed."—Diavolo Rosa.

Riches.

It is not what we have, but what we can do without, that makes us rich. Socrates, seeing a large loaf of valuables pass one day, exclaimed, "I am most happy, for there are so many things that I do not want!"

The Maroon Monster.

Friend—I suppose you run down a great many people? Motorist—Well, sometimes I run them up. Friend—Run them up? Motorist—Yes; last night I ran two men up a tree.—Chicago News.

A Change.

Mrs. Larkin—I want a little money today, Fred. Mr. L.—I'm very glad of that. Mrs. L. (surprised)—Why are you glad? Mr. L.—Because generally you want a good deal.

Not Surprised.

Skipper—I am inordinately sensitive to uncongenial surroundings, so much so that the very sight of some people will give me a nervous shudder. Chipper—Oh, well, there are very few of us that do not shrink from meeting our creditors.

Joe Giller is Saving You Money

I have just come back from the eastern market where I bought a new, complete fall and winter stock, all kinds of flannels, dress goods, ladies,' men's and children's underwear and a new stock of boots, shoes, caps, mitts, ladies' and men's plush lined coats, men's sheep lined coats, woolen jackets and a good line of clothing to fit anybody. Also a line of groceries, jewelry, notions, etc.

There is no doubt but what I can save you 25 cents on the dollar, because I do my work alone and my expenses are small.

At the Primaries September 15, 1908,

VOTE FOR

HARRY E. IVES

Red Lake County's candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative. Endorsed by Republican county convention. Pledged to no interest save home interests.

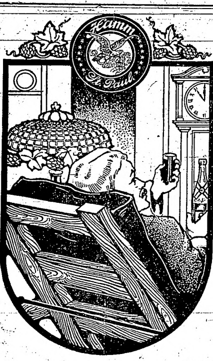

Hamm's Beer

Sleepless Nights

are easily remedied. A glass of Hamm's delicious beer just before retiring will bring restful and refreshing slumber.

"Leads Them All"

Call for the

Preferred Stock

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

L. L. Omdahl, Agent, Thief River Falls

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Domestic animals are in temperament and tractability largely the result of the everyday treatment they receive at the hands of those who have the care of them. True, there are exceptions to this as to other rules, but in the main it holds good.

It is an interesting fact that apples develop a redder color when the trees stand in sod than when they are given thorough cultivation through the growing season. Whether this is due to heat radiation from the dry herbage or to a difference in the amount of moisture coming from the soil or to both is not known. The fact is as stated, whatever the cause.

How dependent man is on a kindly Providence is nicely illustrated in the destitution which comes to him if his crops are ruined by hail, drowned by floods or if the kindly showers are withheld when his fields are being scorched by the August sun. The recipient of so many blessings, he gets too much in the habit of taking things for granted, accepting countless blessings without expressions of gratitude and whining peevishly if misfortune attends him.

The Wealthy apple, which is well known to residents of most of the northern states, is growing steadily in popularity as one of the best fall apples, ranking with the Jonathan both in point of color and quality. It is an excellent keeper in cold storage and, if carefully harvested and packed, makes a ready sale on the Christmas markets, being highly prized for its bright red color, juiciness and spicy flavor. Many growers are realizing an extra profit from this fruit by packing in bushel boxes, a practice that is the rule and not the exception with most Pacific coast apple growers.

One of the first questions which the apple buyer asks his customer on beginning negotiations for the purchase of his apple crop is, "Do you spray?" If the orchardist is compelled to answer in the negative, negotiations seldom get beyond this point. Spraying has come to be viewed as an absolute necessity by all commission men and by the most intelligent and best informed apple growers. It is stating it fairly to say that if an orchard is in such shape that it will not pay to spray it money would be saved in the long run by rooting the trees out and devoting the land to the growing of some other crop.

In many states pure food authorities are drawing the line pretty closely touching the sale of rotten or addled eggs, an interpretation of the law placing these under the heading of unwholesome and adulterated food products. In the writer's home state the campaign has been carried to the point of posting notices in all stores in the state handling eggs giving the law and naming the penalties for its infraction. The law is right and meritorious and should be enforced. There is no reason why the poultryman should be allowed to market wormy prunes or the butcher tainted meat. The person who gets any of the above articles has grounds for a righteous kick.

It should not be styled fussiness, but merely a phase of good management, when the wife has a place for everything in the house and adheres to the practice of seeing that everything in the house is put in its place and when the man of the house has things so ordered in the tool house, granary and barn that he can go in the dark and put his hands on the thing he wants. Habits of orderliness like these do not come by chance, but are the result of deliberate thoughtfulness and careful attention. There is little question that in disorderly households days are spent every year in chasing and looking here and there for things that could be got at once had they definite places and were they kept in them. "Have a place for everything and put everything in its place" may be a somewhat hackneyed phrase, but there are both time and money in the observance of the suggestions which it contains.

Professor T. J. Headlee, entomologist of the Kansas experiment station, is responsible for the statement that on the average the damage wrought annually by the Hessian fly is 10 per cent of the value of the entire crop. The flies emerge from the brown "flaxseed" like eggs in September and October, being long legged, gnatlike insects which lay their long, oval, reddish eggs, just large enough to be seen with the naked eye, lengthwise in the grooves on the upper sides of the volunteer or early sown wheat plants. From these eggs soon hatch tiny reddish larvae, which wriggle down inside the leaf sheath until they reach a joint, where they rasp the tissue of the stem, feed and grow. The maggots soon turn white, the majority transforming into flaxseed before cold weather sets in. Early in the spring these flaxseeds hatch out flies, which in turn lay a batch of eggs which pass through the flaxseed and reach the fly stage in May. It is this batch of maggots which work chief damage to the wheat crop. The most effective measures for holding the pest in check are to delay the sowing of the wheat until the bulk of the eggs have been laid, the early sowing of a strip of wheat across the field on which the eggs will be deposited and the later plowing of this under to a good depth before the main crop is sown. Another method that is followed is the burning of the stubble or disking soon after harvest, followed by a deep plowing, which completely covers the old straw and volunteer wheat plants and prevents their serving as passageways for the flies on hatching from the flaxseed.

Sale Begins September 1st. Continues Until Entire First Shipment Is Sold.

To Ladies, Great Bargains Are Offered

AT THE

Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.'s Store.

Genuine American cut glass, just received, bought for spot cash at a great reduction in price and is offered at a great sacrifice for this opening sale.

8 inch fruit bowl, genuine cut glass, cheap at $7 one to each lady $3.50.

5 inch nappy, very fine, cutting worth $2 while they last will go for $1.

Sugar and creamers, genuine cut glass, very fine designs, regular value $6 sale price $3.25.

7 by 6 inch comports is considered cheap at $10, goes at sale price for $5.25.

Very fine water sets, beautiful pattern, American cut glass, six tumblers and a ten inch high pitcher valued at $18, for this sale they will all go for only $11.50

A wine set goes for almost as cheap as for a song, value $12 can be had for $4.75

Also many other beautiful pieces of cut glass are going to be sold equally in reduction of price. This sale is actually the greatest cut glass bargain offer ever heard of in this city. Every lady should take advantage of it and get a few of the beautiful pieces of cut glass in her dining room. Take the advantage, come early while selection is the largest at

The Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.'s

Meehan Block, LaBree Avenue, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

Up to date Mr. Jacobson's committee has not had to return any contributions from the big interests. They are not spending their money to elect him for the very logical reason that they do not want him elected. They know that he would work for the best interests of the people, and would not leave his kitchen cabinet to manage the affairs of state, while he was traveling over the country delivering lectures at $200 per.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Thomas Noswall, who contributed a generally interesting letter to the Northfield News, gives the following characteristic opinion of what kind of a governor J. F. Jacobson would make:

"Now you take Mr. Jacobson. I notice that in his Duluth speech he deprecated the idea that the governorship was principally desirable, other than the honor it entailed, because it afforded the opportunity for junketing at public expense, of which Governor Johnson has taken full advantage. He says that there is work enough in a governor's office if he wants to apply himself to it to take up all the time of the executive 14 to 16 hours a day. Jacobson knows And that's just what he'd do. He'd be next to all that was going on in every department all the time. He'd keep track of the management of all the state institutions. He'd take care to know more about legislation than the average member. He'd have a finger in every pie. He'd keep an oversight of the railroad commission and the board of control. He'd do his best to boss the entire job. He'd follow the routine of every office. He wouldn't make so much of the show end of the governor's business as some, but he'd make far more of those things which involved real work and from which practical things resulted. We have had governors with other views and recently a conspicious example. The state would be none the worse for an executive who delved deep into things."

Many a man is rich without money. Thousands of them with nothing in their pockets, are rich. A man born with a good constitution, a good stomach, a good heart, and good limbs and a pretty good head-piece, is rich. Good bones are better than gold, tough muscles than silver, and nerves that flash fire and energy to every function, are better than houses and land. It is better than landed estate to have had the right kind of a father and mother. Education may do much to check evil tendencies, or to develop good ones, but it is a good thing to inherit the right proposition of faculties to start with. The man is rich who has a flavor of wit and fun in his composition. The hardest thing to get along with in this life is a man's own self. A cross selfish fellow, a timid, care-burdened man, these are all born deformed on the inside. Their feet may not limp, but their thoughts do. A man of fortune on the brink of the grave would gladly part with every dollar to obtain a longer lease in life.—New Ulm News.

THE DEMAND OF THE TIMES.

William Allen White, who can crowd as much common sense into a short article as any one says:

"The demand of the time is for men—men who are willing to take off their coats and go to work. The country has plenty of lawyers, musicians, preachers and editors, and others who conspicuously fail to make two bales of hay from where but one grew before. The professions are all over crowded, the offices are full of men who are growing hungry in their genteel refinement; the streets are being worn smooth by weary feet of countless thousands of gifted and highly educated individuals who are filled with an unspeakable yearning to accept lucrative positions, but who never think of hunting jobs. Every station that involves an arm chair is besieged by clamoring applicants. When a city business man advertises for a cashier or bookkeeper, he has to hire a platoon of police to protect him from the answering throng. There are too many lily fingers in the country and not yet enough hands with blisters on them."

EXTRAVAGANCE IN THE RURAL DISTRICTS

The average cost of carrying a ton of goods a mile by lake is eight-tenths of a mill, and by rail seven and six-tenths mills. The average cost of carrying a ton of goods a mile on first class roads is said to be seven cents, and on common country roads twenty-five cents.

The latest report (made by the Department of Agriculture for 1904) shows 2,151,570 miles of public roads in the United States, of which 7.14 per cent. were improved. In old, populous and rich States, such as New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Michigan, improvements were reported on les than ten per cent. of the public roads.

Almost every pound of freight originating upon or destined to a farm moves over a country road; most of it over a "common" country road, at a cost some three times as high as it would be if the road were first class. Sometimes the goods actually pay a heavier toll for a few miles carriage between railroad station and farm than for all the remainder of the journey.

The railroads themselves spend millions to clip off one or two per cent from operating expenses, here and there; and, if farmers were presented with a feasible scheme for reducing their railroad freights even one-quarter, they would feel that there, indeed, was a burning issue.

Road improvement receives much more attention than formerly, but much less than it deserves.—Saturday Evening Post.

WHAT MONEY DOES.

The case of Harry Thaw illustrates partly the saying of Judge Amidon that it is practically impossible to convict and punish adequately a defendant who is backed by sufficient money to put up all the defenses known to the American court procedure.

There is considerable comment upon the fact that Thaw's lawyers have bled him for more than $500,000. This is one side of it. Consider the other side. See what that half million has done for him. It has saved him from an ignominous death. True, it has not saved him from treatment as an insane person, but it was hardly to be expected that money would bring him off scot-free. He had to have a defense of some kind.

Who doubts that his real defense was the half million which was swallowed up in two trials? Who doubts that if he had gone into court without money and dependent upon the services of a lawyer appointed to defend him, he would have been in the electric chair before this, and this, too, in face of the fact that all of the essential evidence in his case had been brought out? In his first trial, Thaw was clearly convicted of a cruel murder. He was saved by the pathetic, though suspicious story of his wife. In his second trial, he practically pleaded guilty and was saved this time by the insanity plea.

Sympathy with the Thaw family in the hands of their friends, the lawyers, is misplaced. The sympathy is due the American public which sees the solemn processes of its courts debauched by money. As Thaw's money, which he never earned, saved his life and gave him a chance to redeem himself, he should pay it out cheerfully to the last cent.—Minneapolis Journal.

John A. Johnson said before he was nominated:

"I have stated my position several times before and the situation has not changed. Having declared publicly my opposition to a third term for administrative elective offices, I could not possibly accept a nomination now without violating my every sense of political propriety."

And then he proceeded to stultify himself, and violate his every sense of political propriety.

Railroad Employes Organize.

Steve Whithey, of Crookston, was in the city Monday. Mr. Whithey is a well known Great Northern conductor and is out organizing railroad men for political purposes. It is stated that so much adverse legislation to the interest of the railroads has been passed during the past few years that wages of railroad men have been reduced and many thrown out of employment. It is for the purpose of influencing legislators not to pass any more legislation against railroads that Mr. Whithey is now organizing this new club. He spent Monday talking with local railroad men and will quite likely visit the city again in the near future.

A Severe Storm.

Quite a severe wind storm swept the country east of here early Sunday morning. Anton Nish, one of the enterprising settlers of the town of Silverton, suffered the greatest loss. His barn, a large structure 52x42 feet with stone foundation and frame top, was moved a distance of ten feet from its foundation. There were eight horses, none of which were injured, and about twenty tons of hay in the barn at the time the storm struck it. Mr. Nish's barn was perhaps one of the best in Red Lake county, and the damage done to it was considerable.

Dorothy Man Arrested.

Game Warden Munch, accompanied by his wife, started to drive to Goose Lake yesterday and while on his way he spied Zyprien Casaban, of Dorothy, walking along with his dog and a gun. His actions aroused the warden's suspicions and he held him up and searched him. Several chickens, which were still warm were found in his pockets. The warden took the gun and Casaban will be taken into court, where he will be charged with shooting chickens out of season.—Monday's Crookston Times.

Denies the Rumors.

A. R. Jones, candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county, was in the city Monday from St. Hilaire. A story has been circulated about Thief River Falls to the effect that Mr. Jones had been at work in the past for the Red Lake Falls people securing withdrawals from the county seat-removal petition. Mr. Jones denounced this as a vicious lie and defies anyone to prove that he ever tried to influence anyone to remove their name from the petition.

Great Chance for the City.

H. N. Hager is offering 61 acres of land adjoining town for $2500, which is bounded on the west by the section line road running to Excel, Middle River and Greenbush, on the east by the Great Northern railroad, on the south by the quarter line. This is the highest, dryest and nicest piece of land near the city and the city is without a fair ground. Can it afford to wait? Look the matter over and you will find that this is easily the best and cheapest piece of land near the city.

Hooked Water Melons.

A car loaded with water melons consigned to the wholesale house of Finch Winslow Carlisle company, of this city, proved quite tempting to a number of young boys Saturday evening. The car stood upon the Soo right of way and about 100 melons were stolen by some fifteen boys. It is quite a serious offence to steal water melons up in this section, but a few hundred miles south of here where they are raised it is different. The boys' fathers were called upon to settle and no arrests were made.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogemah.

LAWS TO BE ENFORCED

Fur Bearing Animals Will Receive Game Warden's Special Attention.

Heretofore, the Observance of the Fur Laws Has Been Very Lax.

Game Wardens of the state and more particularly of this section, will hereafter pay especial attention to the laws governing the trapping of fur-bearing animals, and will make every effort to see that these laws are not violated. Thief River Falls is now the distributing station for what is now one of the best fur districts remaining in the United States. The rapid settlement and developement of the country in this territory every year encroaches upon the field of the trapper, and will be but a memory in Minnesota before many years have passed.

A great many people do not even know that there are laws governing the capture and sale of these little animals of the forest, and others who do know have not been paying much attention to the regulations in this respect. As a result, hundreds of the animals have been killed out of season before November and later than March, when the fur was not in a prime condition, and in violation of law.

Many thousands of dollars worth of furs are annually taken from this section. Scores of men make their living at the business. Most of these men are even more picturesque than the old time lumberjack, the majority have no inclination to visit the city and "paint the town red." They love the forests and their occupation, and remain in the city only long enough to secure the necessary outfits and supplies.

Most of their trading is done either through independent agents or by express from the small inland towns. Aside from the regular trappers, there are hundreds of white settlers and Indians who get what fur they can in connection with their other work, thus making a litttle money on the side. Some Indians make trapping a business, but most of them have the reputation of being too lazy to make any extended effort in this line, and it is said that when they get enough furs to buy tobacco, ammunition and a few little knick-nacks they are satisfied.

Several men working for themselves make good money during the winter months by traveling either on foot or by dog team through the Northern forests, buying furs from Indians, settlers and trappers at lowest possible prices, and later selling to wholesale dealers at highest possible prices. In the old days the profits of this line of business were enormous, but now there is more competition, and the trappers are better posted as to real values, so higher prices have to be paid for the product.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending August 29, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Ailhy, Miss Jenny
Bulance, Miss Hazel
Benzen, T.
Cavijlo, T. B.
Erickson, Olaf
Ferguson, Arthur
Cjarnes, Elling B.
Haydon, Miss Carrie
Halvorson, Miss Julia
Holm, Ed. G.
Hanson, Helga
Iverson, Herman
Jazor, Fred
Larson, Miss Edna
Matle, Carl
Nygaard, Miss Solhia
Nelson, Hance
Rankin, Ruth A.
Ryder, James - 2
Robertson, W.
Stewart, Bert
Mrs. Swanson
Williamson, Sina

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Second Hand Threshing Machine for Sale, Cheap.

Will sell cheap for cash or trade for farm land an Ames—Advance threshing machine, complete with J. I. C. Independent swinging stacker. Will set up and start the machine and guarantee satisfactory work. Seperator has been run only three seasons. Make an offer to Samuel Gibeau, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term.

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took *Scott's Emulsion.*
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

BUYS THE EXCHANGE

The Tri-State Telephone Company Purchases the Local Telephone Exchange.

System Is to Be Entirely Rebuilt in the Near Future It is Announced.

A deal was closed Tuesday whereby J. M. Bishop sold to the Tri-State Telephone company the Thief River Falls Telephone Exchange and the lines running to Germantown, Plummer, Greenbush and Newfolden.

George L. Stearns is to be the manager for the Tri-State company here, and he announces that the entire system will be rebuilt in the near future, and a much better service given to patrons.

It is with considerable regret that the people of Thief River Falls see the local exchange pass out of the hands of local parties. Mr. Bishop has given excellent service considering the condition the line was in when he took charge of it. The fact that the Tri-State now has control means that the Northwestern will not be connected up with the local exchange, and this is greatly to be regretted by all who have much long distant telephoning to do.

County Agricultural School.

Dr. Cummings was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday in the interest of the campaign St. Hilaire is making to have a county school of agriculture established at that place. On Tuesday, Sept. 29, a special election will be held to vote upon this proposition. No bonds are to be issued, but a special tax will be levied to pay the first cost of the buildings, etc. It is estimated that with the present valuation of $4,000,000 it will not cost the farmer owning a quarter section of land more than $2.35 the first year and about 31 cents each year thereafter for the maintance of the school. According to Dr. Cummings, the farmers in all parts of the county are very much in favor of the school and there is not much doubt but that it will carry by a large vote.

Court Convenes Oct. 26.

The October term of district court will convene in Red Lake Falls on the 26th of that month, but owing to so many of the jurors having other work which will occupy their time until the last of October the same are not called to report for duty until November 9th.

To The Voters of Red Lake County.

I am a candidate for the Republican nomination of Superintendent of schools; and, since the voters make the selection they naturally desire to know the qualifications of those seeking the position.

As a young boy, I came here with my parents from the state of Indiana in 1883 and in 1875 began teaching in the district schools of this county. Since then, during the greater part of thirteen years, I have taught in the district and graded schools.

In 1907 I graduated from the Advanced Course of the Moorhead Normal school and was Supt. of the schools of Burtrum, Minn. the same year.

My experience in all kinds of school work has made me thoroughly familiar with the needs of our educational system.

As time does not admit me to meet each individual voter, I respectfully submit my application to you with assurance that if nominated and elected, I shall do everything in my power to increase the efficiency of our schools.

Very truly yours,
Herman F. Anderson.

Michelet Endorsed.

On another page will be found the announcement of Wilhelm Michelet as Republican candidate for County Attorney at the primaries on Sept. 15th. Mr. Michelet is a young man well qualified for the position, and will undoubtedly be successful at both the primaries and general election. He belongs to no ring or clique, and if elected will make a first class officer and one that will do his duty to all alike.—Erie Eleven Towns.

Wilhelm Michelet, the Thief River Falls lawyer who aspires to the office of County Attorney, was a political visitor in Plummer yesterday. Mr. Michelet met a lot of people during his visit and made a very good impression. He is a young man with a good record for ability and square dealing and during his five years of law practise in Red Lake County has made a host of staunch friends all over the county. At this distance his nomination and election seem almost certain.—Plummer Pioneer.

H. T. McAnulty, Superintendent of Schools.

Candidate for re-election. Twelve years experience in teaching in the schools of Red Lake county and nearly four years as county superintendent Respectfully solicits your vote and support at the Republican primaries on Sept. 15, 1908.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	92
Oats	42c
Flax	$1.10
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

D. P. O'Neill was over to Warren last week.

Dr. Mellby was up to Middle River Tuesday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

John Sorenson was up to Middle River last Friday.

O. R. Winslow was up from Crookston last Saturday.

George Gusa was down from Middle River last week.

Homer Mussey was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton were down to Minneapolis last week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Walter Robbecke returned to the city Sunday from his trip to St. Paul.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley returned Saturday from her trip to Reynolds, N. D.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Mrs. Blanchard returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Faribault, Minn.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

Wanted—Good girl for general house work. Address Postoffice lock box 866. City.

Emil Dryfoos was down to Minneapolis the first of the week attending to business matters.

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

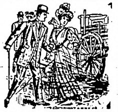

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning,
if it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.
B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

Citation For Hearing on Final Account

ESTATE OF Knut O. Skomedal
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal Decedent

The State of Minnesota to Ane Omundsen and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent. The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled, THEREFORE YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September 1908 at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said court, this 1st day of September 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL
Sept. 3-17.

Walace Nichols left yesterday for a trip to North Dakota points.

C. E. Glines, the painter, left Monday evening for Filer, Idaho to make his future home.

H. E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire Monday looking after his candidacy for the legislature.

Mrs. P. W. Roark and children went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to visit friends.

Chris Porter left Saturday evening for Alexandria to spend several days visiting with his children.

F. J. Stebbins went down to St. Paul Monday evening to purchase his Christmas stock of goods.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River, was in the city Monday evening, being enroute to St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Nelson returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to North Dakota.

Mrs. Fred Holzknecht and children went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to visit friends.

Oscar Peterson, of Thorwick, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday and made the News office a call.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson was very pleasantly surprised last Saturday afternoon by a number of her lady friends.

Alex F. Lattimore, of Erie, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to St. Paul to attend the state fair.

Ed. Quigley, of the town of North, was over to Grand Forks last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. J. W. McGinty and children went down to Red Lake Falls last Friday to visit friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dobner arrived in the city last Friday from Lake City to visit their son, H. G. Dobner.

Pure food is just what you get in Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. Guaranteed under the law.

Otto Ramstad left last week for Roseau county with a drove of thirty-five horses to sell to the farmers up there.

Charles Hoar, the well known Duluth traveling man, arrived here Monday to spend a few days hunting in this vicinity.

A horse belonging to Olaf Ramstad was killed in a pasture south of town Sunday evening, being struck by lightning.

Scott La Mont returned to this city last Friday from an absence of a couple of weeks spent in the Twin Cities and Fargo.

County Commissioner John Sorum passed through the city last Saturday, being enroute from Warren to his home up at Holt.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Thomas Kinslea, who has spent the summer down on the White Earth reservation working at his trade, returned to this city last week.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week looking after his interests as a candidate for the office of register of deeds.

J. S. Ingalls, a Socialist lecturer, delivered a lecture on the corner of La Bree avenue and Second street Saturday evening to a large audience.

Charles Todford, one of the old time residents of Thief River Falls, came over from Cass Lake Monday to spend a few days hunting in this vicinity.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

C. J. Winton arrived in the city last Saturday from Wausau, Wis., to look after his business interests here for a few days and also to take in the hunting season.

L. Ulstad, one of the pioneer merchants of this city and who still has property interests here, arrived here Tuesday and will spend a few days looking after his interests here.

Adolph Amundson, Axel Rude, George Jarman, Knut Swanson and John Erickson left last week for a trip up to the Red Lake in Andy Erickson's new boat. They expect to be absent for several days.

Wanted—A teacher by the 1st of September for a three month's term by district No. 55, town of Silverton, Red Lake county. State wages wanted, Apply to Frank J. Staska, Marie, Minn.

Mr. B E Bothun and family left last Saturday morning for Halma, north of here on the Soo line, where they will reside in the future, Mr. Bothun having accepted the position as agent for the Soo at that place.

Walter B. Palmer, youngest son of F. R. Palmer, president of the Minnesota State Mutual Life Insurance company, arrived in the city the first of the week from St. Paul and will spend several days in this vicinity hunting.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Doege and children left Sunday evening for St. Paul. Mrs. Doege and children will remain in St. Paul for several weeks visiting with relatives and Mr. Doege will return the latter part of this week.

W. J. La Bree was up to Strathcona yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Evenson left last week for Wisconsin to visit old friends for a few days.

Sheriff Thomas Bailey, of Bemidji, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to the country northeast of here.

The Ladies Aid of the Trinity congregation, will meet with Mrs. M. L. Dahle next Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. A cordial invitation to all.

There was a meeting of the city council Tuesday evening, the first meeting to be held in several weeks. Allowing bills was about the only business to be transacted.

The "Kid Band" has been re-organized and in the future will be one of musical organizations of the city. R. A. Kromer and Band Leader Anderson effected the organization.

Judge Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday interviewing the voters regarding his candidacy for the office of judge of probate. Mr. Tarrant has many friends here and will receive the solid support of the north end of the county.

Dr. D. L. Stanton, of Bemidji, Dr. James Weirick, of St. Paul, and Roy Stone, of Great Falls, Mont., arrived in the city Monday and in company with E. M. Stanton, of this city, will spend several days hunting in this vicinity.

Prof. Charles E. Johnson, of the University of Minnesota, was in Thief River Falls last Friday, being enroute to Thief Lake where he will spend several days studying bird life. Prof. Johnson expects to find some new specimens of birds.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Peterson, of Crookston and Misses Ohlander and Sandberg, of Chicago, were in the city last week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Peterson. They made the trip up from Crookston in Mr. Peterson's automobile.

The Stephen, Marshall county, Leader says that threshing results show much better crops than expected. One man threshed 1600 bushels of oats from a 30 acre field and others have done as well. It says the quantity and quality is a "surprise."

J. D. Abbott, of the town of Rollis, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Abbott says that the settlers up in his town have all posted up notices to keep hunters out of their fields and that only residents of the town and of this vicinity will be allowed to hunt up there.

Miss Mollie Urdahl, who for the past nine months has been the main "stay" at C. J. Arneson Co's. store, has resigned her position and departed Monday evening for her home at Thief River Falls. She has made a host of friends while here and we all regret to see her leave.—Adams, N. D. Budget.

The Women Workers of the Presbyterian church will meet in the church parlors on Friday afternoon of this week. There will be a missionary program. Lunch will be served by Mesdames Charles Schuster, C. L. and George E. Smith. All are cordially invited.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., has the largest enrollment of any business college in the state. More pupils placed in positions in 1908 than the entire enrollment of any other college in the city. The only school that guarantees positions. Send for catalog. Your credit is good at Buttons.

The building formerly occupied by the hardware store of Oen & Granum is being removed this week to East Third street where it will be occupied by O. Tessum's flour and feed store. The building will give Mr. Tessum much more room in which to conduct his constantly increasing business.

Charles N. Bourden, who owns a string of banks south of here on the Soo line was in Thief River Falls last Saturday, being enroute to his home at Red Lake Falls. Mr. Bourdon says that he may remove to Thief River Falls in the near future, as this city would be a much more convenient place for him to live.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with land-men in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

The farmers of the eastern part of Otter Tail county have a new industry this year which is said to be proving profitable, 220 of them having engaged in cucumber raising. A pickle factory has been established at Perham with a capacity of 11,000 bushels. Farming throughout this region is becoming decidedly mixed.

Word comes from the town of Rosebury of the marriage of Geo. Nettland, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Nettland of that township, to Miss Elizabeth Foss last Saturday evening. Rev. Wangersteen officiating. The wedding was a quiet one and only the immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties were present.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Peter Wold, of Highlanding, formerly a well known citizen of the town of Rosebury, was in the city last week attending to business matters. Mr. Wold is one of the best posted men on public affairs in this section and takes a great deal of interest in political matters. To the News he stated that he had followed the record of J. F. Jacobson, candidate for governor, for years and would be pleased to see that gentleman win.

Dan Patterson was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Thivierge Tuesday.

Supt. J. H. Hay and wife are visiting friends at Pine City this week.

Sewing by the day wanted. Inquire of Mrs. M. J. White, East Side.

Mrs. G. W. Hawes came up from Alexandria Tuesday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Services will be held in the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30. All welcome. H. Halvorson, pastor.

The Immanual congregation will have services next Sunday morning at 10:30 at the Newton school house. A cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock at Esploe, in the afternoon at 3. Parochial school at Germantown Saturday beginning at 9 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

About every citizen of Thief River Falls who owns a dog and gun was out in the fields Tuesday hunting prairie chickens. A large number from Duluth and the Twin Cities are also here. Owing to the heavy rains of late, the hunting is not as pleasant as usual, but some goods bags a game are being drought to town.

Big Guns Were Here.

General Manager Pennington and General Superintendent Huntington, of the Soo railway, arrived in the city Tuesday evening from Minneapolis in a special train. Yesterday morning they went up to Emerson, returning before noon and going west to Kenmare, N. D. They are inspecting the road.

Brady Gets the Contract.

James Brady, of Red Lake Falls, secured the contract for erecting the new wholesale house to be built here by the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle company. He will commence work this week. The building will have to be completed this fall. The contract price was $7,200.

Labor Day Address.

Professor T. E. Latimer of Washington State University, will deliver the Labor Day address on the Jackson and McGinn corner—Monday on evening, Sept. 7, at 7:30. All working men, business men, professional men and others are cordially invited to be present.

AT THE BIJOU.

The special program at the Bijou this week is pronounced accurate, interesting, american, original, vigirorous and full of movement and life and preserving throughout a singularly even level of excellence. "Rip Van Winkle" is a special feature, also the most popular historical tale of the civil war. The masterpiece of the season entitled "The Despatch Bearer," also the following interesting subjects, "In China" "Her First Bicycle Ride," "Each in His Turn," and "A Good Boy". Mrs. Huseth sings with great success, "My Coney Island Girl," by ward and Flanagan. Amateur night, Friday evening, new faces: A beautiful 42 piece china dinner set of dishes to be given away, free, next week.

Bids Wanted.

The town board of Clover Leaf, Red Lake County, Minnesota will, up to the 22nd day of September, 1908, receive sealed bids on contract for grading and ditching in said town, on both sides (4 miles) on each of the section lines running north and south within the range lines, one section line 6 miles east and west. Grades to be 14 feet wide, the inside 6 inches deep, outside 18 inches deep with slope accordingly. From outside to outside of ditches shall be 3 rods. Four miles on one side of both range lines, these ditches to be six feet wide, 2 feet deep in the middle of ditch and the dirt to be laid on the line and leveled. If said contract be taken, must be completed before the expiration of the year 1909 (if possible). Said contract to be paid by township bond bearing 4 per cent per annum. Bonds issued for a period of twenty years. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The town board will meet at 2 o'clock P. M. on the 22nd. day of September 1908 at the office of the town clerk to open and take the bids under consideration.

Charles Svendgaard, clerk, Clover Leaf, Township, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

P. O. Germantown, Minnesota.

GROWING CLOVER FOR SEED.

Considering the fact that the growing of clover enriches the soil and the further fact of the extremely high price at which clover seed has sold during the past few years, it would seem like a paying proposition to take up the growing of clover for seed. Quite often, it is true, the seed does not seem to mature properly, but this may be due in part to the effort which is usually made to get a crop of hay and a crop of seed from the same piece of land the same season. Where the season is long enough this can be done without trouble, but often insufficient time is left after the crop of hay is removed to mature a crop of seed. Were the seed made the primary consideration and the crop of hay removed somewhat earlier than is the case when the quality of the hay is the prime object the field would get nicely headed out and stand a better chance of maturing its seed without danger from damage by unseasonable weather in the fall.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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MAKING VINEGAR.

There are but few orchardists whose apples are of so uniformly good quality that there are not quite a per cent that will have to be disposed of in some way other than shipping to market. One of the best ways of disposing of this fruit is the making of it into vinegar. In the conversion of cider into vinegar there are two separate chemical processes. The first is the change of the sugar in the apples into alcohol and the second the changing of this alcohol into vinegar or acetic acid. The first process is effected by a species of organism similar to yeast, while a different form of bacteria life converts the alcohol into vinegar. Since sugar is the basis of vinegar it goes without saying that apples which contain the most of it will produce the most as well as the best quality of vinegar. It is on this account that green and immature fruit has so little value in making vinegar. Bulletin No. 258 of the New York experiment station recommends the following as one of the most satisfactory methods of making vinegar: When the cider is pressed from the apples the barrels should be filled about two-thirds full and the bung replaced by a loose plug of cotton, which will lessen evaporation and keep out bugs and dirt. Where the quantity of vinegar to be made is considerable the barrels should be placed in a room where the temperature can be kept at from 70 to 80 degrees during the fall and early winter months. If the batch is small the barrels may be left out of doors while the weather is warm and then placed in the warmest room convenient and later placed in a dry cellar.

If the temperature of the storeroom does not fall below 45 degrees the conversion of the sugar into alcohol will require about six months, but the process of fermentation may be hastened by an addition of fresh commercial yeast. When the cider has quit working the clear portion should be drawn off, the barrel rinsed out, the liquid replaced, with the addition of from two to four quarts of good vinegar containing some mother. The next process, the change of the alcohol into acetic acid, may be effected in three months and may require two years. In any event, it will take place most rapidly in a temperature ranging from 65 to 75 degrees. When the vinegar has reached the proper strength, which should be 5 per cent of acetic acid, the barrels should be filled full and tightly corked. This will prevent other changes and will cause the vinegar to keep its strength. If one has considerable vinegar to make it would be well for him to secure the bulletin referred to, which is obtainable at small cost.

AN EASY WAY.

A New England physician who is fond of raising poultry, but has little time to devote to the work, has inaugurated what is styled the "easy method" of raising chicks, wherein he feeds them but twice a week. He has the brooders so arranged that the little fellows have access to grass and to fresh water, charcoal and grits. The feed is the common chick feed, consisting of several kinds of grains, and is scattered in layers of litter, from which the chicks have to scratch it out. This furnishes them needed exercise and is a feature that they much enjoy. Experiments conducted by this physician with chicks of the same breed hatched at the same time but having their feed placed in boxes so that they could get it without digging for it, showed that the youngsters which had to scratch for their living were not only stronger and healthier than the others, but increased in weight from 20 to 25 per cent faster. If the results of this man's experiments hold out in the practice of others a good many folks will be going into the poultry business who have kept out of it heretofore because of the frequency of the attention required in caring for the growing chicks after the usual manner.

CANCERS AND BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS.

While radical and severe methods often have to be restored to remove a cancerous growth from the human system, the end seems to justify the means. It is much the same way with this matter of bovine tuberculosis. Some dairymen seem to think that the matter can be best solved by temporizing and not applying drastic measures. But as with the cancer the situation goes from bad to worse with delay. If a farmer's herd is affected with tuberculosis the most sensible and cheapest measures for him to pursue in the long run, as well as that which is most commendable from the standpoint of the public weal, is to weed out the diseased cows and start on a new basis. It may require moral courage to do this, but it would seem to be the only right course to pursue.

In much the same way that a sharp ax is more efficient than a dull one does the educated person have the advantage over the one who is not.

Chickens of the male sex that do not possess sufficient merit to head breeding pens fulfill their destiny most completely when they adorn a platter cut in convenient pieces or grace a baking dish heels in the air. They are useless and expensive if handled in any other way.

It is a noticeable fact that the farmers who are usually most troubled with the weed nuisance are the ones who are least concerned with keeping up the fertility of their farms. Slipshod agricultural methods, lack of proper cultivation of soil and a failure to rotate crops are the conditions under which weeds hold high revel and do their worst work.

While it is questionable if the feeding of concentrated feeds, such as cornmeal, bran, shorts and oilmeal, pays when pastures are flush, it is well to feed moderately of them to tide the cows over the period of slack short feed in midsummer until the September rains renew the grass. If the milk flow is kept up in this way during this period it is likely to continue well into the winter.

Observation of quite a good many drivers and horses leads to the conclusion that a horse of considerable life and spirit, inclined perhaps to be skittish, often gets his cue in the matter of taking fright at traction engine, auto or other object from the driver's fear that he will be afraid. An excitable and quick tempered driver has the effect of stirring his horse up and making a bad matter worse, while the cool and quiet horseman by speaking a kind, reassuring word tends to calm his horse and remove his fears.

The wisdom of a scant feeding of new corn to pigs until the grain is thoroughly mature and their systems have become adjusted to the diet can hardly be urged too strongly. While new corn may not be the direct cause of hog cholera and probably is not, there is at the same time no question that if the digestive apparatus of the pig becomes disarranged as a result of eating too much of this ration its system is rendered much less able to withstand the attacks of disease germs which may be present all the time, but are kept in check by a vigorous condition of health. There is at least this connection between feeding green corn in excess and the several ailments which are often styled hog cholera. It is well to keep the connection in mind.

An apple buyer of Bentonville, Ark., which is located in the northwest corner of the state and in Benton county, which is said to produce more apples than any single county in the world, told us recently that the apple crop in that section was almost totally destroyed this season as a result of very heavy rains, which fell at frequent intervals during blossoming time, washing the pollen from the blossoms and rendering a proper fertilization of them impossible. While damage from this cause is less frequent and usually less extensive than that from frost, it is likely to be quite complete when it does occur. As a result of this situation in the Benton county locality buyers in that section will this year go to New York to pack their winter apples.

A ride along country roads makes one pleased with the enterprise of those farm owners who take pride enough in their places to have the name of the farm, together with that of the proprietor, painted on a signboard over the driveway leading to the house or, if the barn is near the highway, painted in an attractive manner on this. This is not only a convenience to passersby who are interested in learning where folks live, but serves a sort of incentive to the farm owner to make his place neat and attractive, worthy of the name he has given it and a credit to himself as the owner. It is much the same with the farm that is named as with the brand of goods which have an established reputation with the public because of the trademark they bear. We believe that if more farms were labeled, as it were, proprietors would feel an increased pride in them and would take special pains to make them worthy of the name.

The county in which the writer lives is not far from the center of what may be termed the oat belt, which cereal, with corn, timothy and clover, constitutes the chief crop. Some results from this year's thrashing contain data which may be of value in other localities. Among these is the fact that this year the early oats, chiefly the Early Champion variety, were well filled and sound, weighing thirty-two pounds or better to the bushel and yielding from forty-five to fifty-five bushels to the acre, while the late or yellow oats are weighing from eighteen to twenty-seven pounds and yielding from twenty-five to forty bushels per acre. The difference in quality and yield seems to be due to the fact that the early oats matured and had filled before a period of unfavorable weather came on which developed rust and later shriveled the berry. While a period of unfavorable weather does not always catch the late oats, there is considerable likelihood of this if damaging conditions develop at all. As a result of thrashing records this year there will be many who this season sowed nothing but late oats who will next year devote a portion of the small grain land to the early varieties, and this notwithstanding the fact that haying operations may have to be hustled to begin harvest on time.

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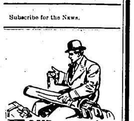

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE BOY AND COLLEGE.

At this season of the year, a short time before the schools and colleges of the land open for their year's work, there is many a boy who is debating the question as to whether it will be worth while for him to go to college. No wonder that he scratches his head, for the problem is not an entirely simple one, several factors entering in and serving to make an affirmative or negative decision the wiser one. In a general way it is true that there is probably no money that a young man spends that fetches him a larger or more satisfactory return on the amount invested than that put into getting an education, and this holds whether it is along the line of the professions, liberal arts, along technical lines or in specialization in animal husbandry, agriculture or horticulture. The returns may not be apparent at once, but the increased capacity which the education gives will mean an increased salary as soon as he becomes adjusted in the work for which he has prepared himself. There is a never supplied demand these days for young men of worth and character who are well equipped along the lines mentioned. In view of the opportunities which are open, the chief questions to be determined would seem, therefore, to be those immediately affecting the boy. It is probably fair to say that it will pay the boy to go to college and will be worth the trouble on the part of the parents to send him if he cares enough for the opportunities which college life affords to work for them. If he does not prize them to this extent—this on the assumption that the entire means are not at hand to defray the expenses of such a course—he would probably do better to stay at home.

There will be hours in the college life of the lad who is working his way through school when it will be very trying for him to be mowing lawns, bucking wood or doing other work in his spare hours when his fellow students are participating in athletic sports or otherwise spending their time in recreation. But this handicap is more apparent than real, its harshness mellowing or largely disappearing as college days recede. In conclusion, it is pertinent to suggest that the financial is not the only point that should be considered. The college trained man may or may not acquire great wealth, but if his training is what it ought to be it will enable him to get more out of life and put more into it for others, as well as make him more influential and capable as a man and citizen.

THE RISK TOO GREAT.

Several reports which we have noticed recently tell of very serious accidents which befell little girls of ten years while helping in some of the farm operations. One had her feet cut off through unwisely getting in front of a mower hitched to nervous horses, another had an arm frightfully mangled from getting it caught in the reel of a manure spreader, while a third girl, somewhat older, lost her life while driving a team of horses through a breaking of the hayfork rope. In view of accidents of this kind, which are of frequent occurrence all over the country, it is well for the parent to remember that considerable risk is involved in the handling of most farm machinery, even for one who is strong and experienced, and that the likelihood of injury increases many fold when inexperienced boys and girls take the man's place. We believe it is right and proper for children to help in all ways that they can up to the limit of their strength and ability and that, as a rule, they like to do so, but care should be taken that this work is not too heavy for their strength or of an extra hazardous nature.

CURE FOR IVY POISONING.

A lady reader of these notes living at Waterford, Conn., kindly writes recommending the use of a fairly strong solution of blue vitriol or copper sulphate as a cure for ivy poisoning and the inflammation resulting from mosquito bites. She states that she has tried this remedy and found it afforded a sure and speedy relief. Since the solution makes a stain like iron rust good towels should not be used in wiping the hands after they have been bathed with it. Being poisonous if taken internally, it should be kept out of the reach of children. Another cure for ivy poisoning equally simple and inexpensive was recommended in these notes last year by a Maine veterinarian which it will be in place to again repeat. This was a paste made by moistening common wood ashes with water, the same being applied on the affected parts. Since those especially sensitive to the poison may become infected with it by the air blowing from an adjoining lot any method for securing relief from it will doubtless be welcomed.

When it is possible to do so it is a good plan to turn the work horses out for a two or three weeks' run in the pasture between the summer and fall work. They will be benefited by the outing in the same way that a human being is.

Seventeen cent eggs in August may be accepted as a pretty good sign that they will range from 30 to 35 before the winter is over. In view of this fact the thrifty housewife will make no mistake if she puts down a good supply in the water glass solution.

All too many young fellows seem to be living along from day to day with the idea that the world owes them a living and on this account it is not necessary for them to get up and dust. There are two classes of folks to whom the world may be said to owe a living—the class comprising the sick, disabled and feeble minded and those who are disposed to get busy and scratch for it.

A fact often overlooked by the farmer and gardener is that weeds if allowed to mature take just as much fertility from the soil as corn, oats, tomatoes or potatoes. In this respect they much resemble tramps and other human parasites whose maintenance costs the community and the government more than that of industrious useful people, yet who render no service in return for their keep.

Thrashing from the shock is all right perhaps for the first two or three fellows on the list, but much is to be said against it if it means that the grain is to be left in the fields and the horde of weeds which spring up after the grain is cut are to be allowed to mature a full crop of seed before the stubble is plowed. Many get around the difficulty here mentioned by stacking the grain at once, plowing immediately, thus smothering the weeds and insuring a decrease in them for the following year. Often the farmer's work is such that he cannot do this, but if he can be forehanded with his work it will be well worth his while.

Other things being equal, a farmer will do the best with the kind of live stock that he likes the best. One man we know is especially fond of horses, likes to be around where they are and almost always makes a nice profit when he handles them. Another takes especial pride in some thoroughbred hogs, and he manages with them so well that he makes a good margin of profit with them above what he could make with dairy cows. Another we know, to use his own words, "would rather milk than eat," which is a guarantee that he does well with his dairy. If one has an inclination along any of these lines, pleasure and profit will usually attend the efforts he may put forth in following his preference.

Melon growers in different sections are this year complaining of serious damage by the melon louse, which develops from egg to mature insect in a very short period of time and whose ability to multiply is therefore very great. These lice congregate in large numbers on the upper and lower sides of the vines, sucking the juice out of the leaves to such an extent that they are greatly retarded in growth or are killed outright. Vines that have been ruined by the lice should be burned at once, while their attacks on those remaining may be checked by the application of a kerosene emulsion spray, which is only partially effective because of difficulty in reaching the underside of the leaves. Where the lice have appeared in fields, but not in sufficient numbers to do serious damage, it is well to gather all the vines as soon as the crop is gathered and burn them. This will destroy insects and eggs in large numbers.

An article in a recent issue of a Michigan agricultural journal calls attention to the fact that in spite of the ill repute in which lightning rods have been held since the time of our forefathers they are notwithstanding a very effective means of preventing losses by lightning provided they are properly put up and grounded. The writer makes the suggestion that it was more likely the bogus note feature and swindle that was perpetrated in the sale of the rods than worthless rods and fixtures that gave lightning rods the bad name which they have today. Figures given show that in the case of one Michigan mutual insurance company 60 per cent of the losses sustained on farm buildings were caused by lightning, while $2.50 was all that the company had ever paid out in damages on rodded buildings since its organization in 1873. A similar situation was noted in Indiana, where the State Fire Insurance association has discussed plans for granting especially low rates to owners of buildings properly rodded, none of the forty companies represented in the association ever having had a loss on a rodded building. In many prairie sections of the country or where trees have been removed from the vicinity of the homestead the barn is often the highest object on the landscape and becomes as a result the natural mark for the lightning bolt. There would seem to be a suggestion in the above for the farmer who would protect his property from loss by lightning in the most effective manner. Any contemplating this improvement should investigate the matter thoroughly, buy only reliable rods and conductors and have the job done by a responsible party who understands his business and not by the often dishonest itinerant.

F. E. Trigg

Hog raisers have been remarkably immune of late from the ravages of hog cholera and have been enjoying a pretty good harvest time, barring the panicky prices of last winter and spring.

Judging from dry weather conditions prevailing in so many sections of the country, it begins to look as if those who predicted that this would be the first in a cycle of dry years were not very far out of the way even if conditions prevailing in May and June did serve in a measure to discredit their prophecies.

Recently a western judge granted a divorce on the grounds of ill temper and bad breath, holding that these defects were sufficient for a severing of the marital bonds. While the grounds he took may be called in question, if either of the ailments mentioned were remediable there would seem to be some justification for his attitude.

There is conclusive evidence forthcoming from observation of child life that ten months is none too early a period in which to begin to make them mind. When they have been allowed to have their own way for two or three years, a common practice with many, they have acquired a mind and will of their own that the parent finds it very difficult and often embarrassing to counteract.

The same principles that hold true in the cultivation of corn or other tilled crops apply to the cultivation of the orchard trees. The stirring of the soil not only holds in check the development of many forms of insect life, but places at the disposal of the trees a maximum amount of humus and soil moisture, which is of especial value in a dry season. In the case of the trees the cultivation should not be continued later than July 15, which will permit the growth of sufficient vegetation to serve as a sort of cover crop, which will hold the snow in winter.

Great Britain imports annually butter to the value of $100,000,000. Of this amount Denmark furnishes nearly one-half. Siberia is credited with $15,000,000 worth, while other nations contribute amounts decreasing in the order named: France, New Zealand, Sweden, Netherlands, Canada and the United States. The reason for the exportation of so small an amount of butter from this country is due to the fact that in no country in the world is the standard of living so high and so enormous an amount of first class butter consumed. The only way for butter exports to be increased is for more men to go into the dairy business.

The farmer or gardener having quantities of fruit or vegetables to sell can safeguard his interests and help his pocketbook by keeping in touch with market conditions at leading nearby points. In no way can he do this more satisfactorily than by taking some good produce paper. Bulls and bears and sometimes sharks get in their work in the reports which appear in these publications, but the discerning reader can sift out the truth and from the extremes draw a pretty satisfactory conclusion as to the condition of the market. Such papers can be got for a dollar a year, and often in one season one's subscription will be made good to him many times in the information which is thus furnished.

We have received word this year from those in sections not visited by it before of considerable damage by the cherry slug, a pest which, though confining its attention to cherry trees, will also attack plum and some other trees that may be in the immediate vicinity. Since these slugs are leaf eaters they may be easily headed off by giving the trees on which they appear a thorough spraying with an arsenite solution. This may be made by mixing a pound of paris green and two pounds of freshly slaked lime into 200 gallons of water. The poison should be stirred in a small can of water into a fine, nonlumpy paste before being put in the water, while the lime paste should be as fine grained as possible, so that it will not clog the sprayer. In the process of spraying the solution should be stirred at frequent intervals, as the paris green is very heavy and tends to sink to the bottom of the barrel or tank.

Those in charge of the dairy exhibits at the New York state fair at Syracuse have outlined a programme that bids fair to arouse a good deal of interest in dairy and kindred subjects. Among other things through the co-operation of the state fair commission the prize money placed at the disposal of the department is to be $3,000. Prizes will be offered for butter, cheese and market milk and cream, with liberal inducements for specialties, while prizes of $15 and $5 will be given for the best short essays on the following subjects: Bovine tuberculosis, use of skimmilk on the farm, the commercial starter, the best way to start a dairy herd, the improvement of the cheese industry of New York, dairy and milk sanitation, care of milk in the household and how to reduce cost of milk production in the state. In addition to the above, prizes will be given for the best samples of farm made butter. Excellent practical results are found to come from thus devoting special thought to the dairy problems of the state. The example set might well be followed elsewhere.

F. E. Trigg

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars ($116.89), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 190[illegible], and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 190[illegible] at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S.½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 152.15 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 23rd day of September 1908, at nine (9) o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 4th A. D. 1908.

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.

Wilhelm Michelet,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
aug 6-Sept. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Aug. 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Sophie Tietjen, widow of Herman Tietjen deceased, St. Paul, Minn., who, on July 8, 1903, made homestead entry No. 6535, Serial, No. 0158, for Lots 6, 7, 10 & 11, Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 8th day of October 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Anderson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " "
Albert Klongness, " " "
Edvard Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 27-oct. 1.

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Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

KAISER'S VISIT TO SWEDEN

Thousands Greet the German Emperor and Empress on Their Arrival in the City of Stockholm.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The German emperor and the empress with their retinue of guards and servants arrived in Stockholm via the southern waterway and were received by King Gustaf and his staff at the "Logardstrappan" on the morning of Aug. 3. King Gustaf escorted his distinguished guests to a nearby reception pavilion, where the German national song was rendered, which was followed by mighty and hearty hurrahs from the thousands that had gathered on this exceptional occasion. The distinguished visitors were then escorted to the Royal Palace, where the empress remained with Queen Victoria, while the Emperor Wilhelm and King Gustaf paid a visit to the Riddarholm's church to view the remains of the late King Oscar. At 3 p. m. the distinguished guests, accompanied by all the members of the Swedish royal family, paid a visit to "Djurgarden," "Nordiska Museum," "Skansen" and other places of interest. After they had enjoyed a few hours of sightseeing the royal party enjoyed a tea dinner at the apartments of Prince Eugene. At 7:30 followed the official dinner, which was given purely in the honor of the emperor and empress. On the morning of the following day the German emperor received a large number of German delegations and at 11 o'clock he mounted one of King Gustaf's fiery steeds and paid a visit to the Swedish artillery museum. At 1 o'clock a family luncheon was served at the Royal Palace. The emperor and his party bade Stockholm farewell Aug. 5 and boarded the "Hohenzollern" exactly at 9 a. m. Prior to the departure of the royal guests a picked male chorus on board the monitor "John Ericsson" steamed up alongside of the "Hohenzollern" and rendered a number of Swedish and German selections, which seemed to please both the emperor and empress immensely. The harbor was full of pleasure craft, which were all beautifully decorated in German and Swedish colors. About an hour later the "Hohenzollern" glided gracefully out into Stockholm harbor, headed for Berlin via Swinemunde. The reception accorded the high German guests in Stockholm even exceeded in heartiness that accorded King Edward of England, and there is no gainsaying the fact that the Swedish king and emperor are the very best of friends. The frequency of their visits during the past year is significant indeed.

Rev. Daniel Heumann, pastor of the Adolf Fredrik church in Stockholm and considered one of Sweden's most popular pulpit orators, died very suddenly during the early part of this month. He was born in 1859. He attracted much attention in the capital because of his fearless utterances in the pulpit and also commanded some attention as a writer. He was a member of the Swedish riksdag and was considered a strong and fearless debater and was much respected for his logical arguments. In this man Sweden has lost one of its most gifted preachers and his demise has caused genuine sorrow to all who had learned to know and respect him.

The agricultural meeting which was held some time ago at Eslof was a splendid success in every particular. King Gustaf was present at the opening and was accompanied by Ministers Lindman and Trolle. The streets and buildings were handsomely decorated for this occasion and it was a gala event for this section of the country.

At the tuberculosis congress, which will be held in Washington, D. C., during the latter part of September C. Cederkrantz and Professor O. Medin will be Sweden's official representatives, also Drs. B. Buhre, C. O. Elfstrom, L. Grundberg, G. Neander and Director D. Norman and Minister Lagerkrantz.

The Separator Manufacturing company of Stockholm has discharged a large number of men because there is no work for them. According to the contract, the married men received two weeks' pay and the single men one week's pay after they quit work.

Anders Zorn, Sweden's most celebrated portrait painter, will represent his country at the International Art exhibit which will be held in Venice next summer. Zorn will on this occasion have an especial exhibition of his many famous paintings.

Countess von Puckler, wife of the German ambassador to Stockholm, is confined to her apartments, being a sufferer from measles. Owing to her illness she was unable to participate in the festivities given in honor of the German emperor.

Queen Victoria celebrated her forty-sixth birthday Aug. 7. The usual salute was given at Skeppsholmen. In the afternoon the queen received a few of her intimate friends and read her telegrams from abroad.

Director Erik Akerberg, leader of the male chorus which sang for Emperor Wilhelm during his recent visit to Stockholm, has been awarded the Prussian order of the Black Eagle.

Music Director Oscar Sandberg has been appointed officer de l'Instruction publique and also made a member of the French Legion of Honor.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

An unknown old man, one of the victims of the recent steamer disaster in Christiania, was buried on Aug. 23 with royal honors. Behind the coffin, which was carried to the grave on a gun carriage, as a special mark of respect, walked a young woman of great beauty besides the king's adjutant. This is the story of the unknown dead: A few minutes after the steamer sank a girl found herself battling with the waves. Suddenly somebody grasped her by the arm. "You are young and have everything to live for; I am alone and old in this world," said a voice. "Take this life preserver and save yourself." With these words an old man divested himself of the life preserver he wore and passed it over the head and shoulders of the strange girl whom he saw for the first time in the water. Two hours later the girl was saved and later related her story. The king gave immediate orders that the body of the hero be sought for. It was recovered by divers and the girl fully recognized the man who had saved her.

Dahl's brewery at Molde has been sold to Consul Dahl and Druggist Peterson for a sum of 45,000 crowns. The brewery has not during the past year been doing a very successful business.

Way up in Tromsoe they had a spell of pretty warm weather last month, the thermometer registering as high as 87 degrees fahrenheit in the shade. This is the warmest weather that they have had for many years in this section of Norway. The inhabitants were complaining generally about the excessive heat and all agreed that they prefer colder weather. This, too, would seem perfectly natural to these people, who seldom ever know what warm weather means.

Pretty soon there will have been contributed to the Michelsen fund about 75,500 crowns. This fund was started last year at the time that Mr. Michelsen sent in his resignation as prime minister for the purpose of showing the high esteem in which he is held by the Norwegian people. The fund, of course, is not for the benefit of Mr. Michelsen, but will be used for the good of the country, in one way or another. There are many such funds both in Sweden and Norway to which people of means furnish money for the benefit of worthy causes.

The French journalists who recently paid a visit to Christiania were all made knights of St. Olaf. They were all very much interested in Norwegian scenery and were charmed by the very hearty reception which was accorded them during their visit in the Norwegian capital. The result of their visit will be that Norway will be a much advertised country in France, as some of the visiting journalists represented some of the largest and most influential newspapers and journals of France.

The very popular little Crown Prince Olaf was presented with an electric train from President Fallieres of France and the royal little fellow is now jubilant indeed. The French president had the little train made to order in France. The little fellow's joy was as genuine as that of the average American boy when he is presented with a miniature railroad train.

"Isle de France" arrived from Havre, France, the other day with 200 tourists. They are at present visiting the principal points of interest along the most frequented tourist routes of Norway.

King Haakon participated in the field maneuvers in Bergen, Aug. 11 and 13. During his visit there he was the guest of ex-Premier Michelsen.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

In the "Hamburger Nachrichten" there appeared the following interesting item, which shows that in case of war between England and Germany the latter government would at once speculate on seizing the kingdom of Denmark. It says: "The one problem that concerns war with Germany becomes obvious when it is noted that Denmark has allowed two of its harbors to be used as strategical points for the British maneuvers. Esbjerg is by its geographical position a basis for a hostile fleet operating against Wilhelmshaven, the German North sea harbor. In the same way Aalbeck would be exceedingly useful for all operations carried on in the neighborhood of Jutland and from there across to Scotland, and on the other side in the Skagerrack and Cattegat. The second important problem with which the present maneuvers are concerned is the investigation of the conditions of the Scotch and English coasts as basis for war and their protection against German attack."

A week ago last Friday Crown Prince Christian opened the fifteenth International Orientalist congress in Copenhagen to which 200 delegates had been invited. Among the Americans who were present were the following: Professor Paul Haupt, of the Johns Hopkins university, Baltimore; Professor Maurice Bloomfield, from the same university; Professor Charles Rockwell, of Harvard; Professor Morris Jastrow, of Pennsylvania, and Professor Abraham V. W. Jackson, of Columbia university.

MARION & NORELIUS.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German ambassador to the United States, is dead at Heidelberg, Germany. The baroness, who was Miss Lillian May Langham of Louisville, Ky., was with her husband at the end. The immediate cause of Baron von Sternberg's death was inflammation of the lungs. He was fifty-six years of age.

The Venezuelan civil court of first instance has handed down a judgment declaring the French Cable company guilty of complicity in the Matos revolution against President Castro and condemning it to pay damages to the amount of nearly $5,000,000.

The Japanese government's financial policy decided upon by the cabinet involves the curtailment of expenditures by $100,000,000, of which 20 per cent will be taken from the army bulletin and 10 per cent from that of the navy.

The British steamer Duncarn was sunk and all but two of the fifty-three members of her crew were lost in the typhoon which raged on Aug. 26 off the port of Goto, on the island of Kiuhiu.

Herr Gelterman, cashier of the coupon department of the Mitteldeutsche Credit bank, shot himself dead at Frankfort, Germany. He had embezzled $125,000 from the bank.

The presidential and congressional elections in Cuba will be held on Nov. 14 next and the inauguration of the newly elected president will take place on Jan. 28, 1909.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

In a startling public proclamation Governor Fort of New Jersey declares that unless the excise law is observed in Atlantic City, which he calls a "saturnalia of vice," and all saloons and cafes closed tightly on Sunday he will call an extraordinary session of the legislature and may send the New Jersey state troops to the famous resort, declaring the city to be under martial law.

A real blue Sunday came to Atlantic City, N. J. Every one of the 220 saloons and hotel bars were closed. It is said that this was the fourth time in the fifty-four years of its existence that a drinkless day had been experienced in Atlantic City.

The project of a canal from Chicago to Toledo, O., cutting 500 miles from the present lake route, has been taken up by the Chicago Association of Commerce. The canal, as proposed, would be 244 miles long and twenty feet deep.

The Union Pacific has again placed extra guards on its overland trains for their protection in the event of holdups. Several reports of train robberies in the Northwest is said to be the reason for this precaution.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has arrived at Melbourne, Australia. Lavish preparations for their reception had been made.

The value of the estate left by Russell Sage is $64,153,800.91. Mr. Sage died July 22, 1906.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate further gradual gains in the actual volume of business and much improvement in sentiment. Production steadily increases in the leading industries.

The receivership of the Southern Indiana Railroad company has been extended to the Chicago Southern Railway company by Judge Kohlsaat in the United States circuit court at Chicago.

A. O. Brown & Co., one of the largest brokerage houses in New York city, has suspended. The liabilities are estimated at over $1,000,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 29.—Wheat—Sept., 97⅝@97¾c; Dec., 97⅞c; May, $1.01⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.00⅞; No. 1 Northern, 99⅞c; No. 2 Northern, 96⅞c; No. 3 Northern, 93⅞c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 Northern, $1.00¼; No. 2 Northern, 98¼c; Sept., 98¼c; Dec., 97¼c; May, $1.01⅜. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.26½; Sept., $1.25½; Oct., $1.21½; Nov., $1.21½; Dec., $1.22⅜.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $2.75@[illegible]. Hogs—$6.25@6.60. Sheep—Wethers, $3.75@4.00; yearlings, $4.00@4.25; spring lambs, $4.5[illegible]@5.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Wheat—Sept., 94⅝c; Dec., 94½c; May, 98¾@98½c. Corn—Sept., 77⅝c; Dec., 65¼c; May, 64⅞@64¾c. Oats—Sept., 48⅝@[illegible]; Dec., 49⅞@49¾c; May, 51c. Pork—Sept., $14.65; Oct., $14.75; Jan., $[illegible]; May, $[illegible]. Butter—Creameries, [illegible]@22½c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—18¼c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 10½@11c; springs, 14c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@7.70; Texans, $3.[illegible]; Western cattle, $3.[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.[illegible]@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.80; calves, $5.25@7.[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $6.15@[illegible]; mixed, $[illegible]@7.02½; heavy, $6.15@7.05; rough, $[illegible]@6.45; good to choice heavy, $[illegible]@7.05; pigs, $3.50@5.85. Sheep, $2.[illegible]@4.25; yearlings, $4.25@5.00; lambs, $3.50@6.15.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Before a crowd of several hundred people the Ohage memorial drinking fountain, erected by the people of St. Paul in appreciation of the work done by Dr. Justus Ohage in giving St. Paul the public baths and playgrounds, was unveiled Saturday afternoon. The fountain was unveiled by Miss Helen Aberle at the conclusion of the address of Mayor D. W. Lawlor, the principal speaker of the day. Governor J. A. Johnson had been invited to speak, but was unable to be present. Frederick Nussbaumer, park superintendent, presided at the ceremony.

By holding constitutional chapter 130 of the laws of the last legislature the supreme court saved $10,000 for St. Louis county and permitted the immediate erection of a new courthouse at Duluth. The statute provides that counties having an assessed valuation of $100,000,000 and a debt of not more than $700,000 might issue bonds to the extent of $600,000 to erect a courthouse or jail.

From the preliminary reports of the state tax commission, as compiled from the returns of the county auditors of the state, it appears that the taxable property of the state has increased about $80,000,000 during the past year. The total amount is now $1,155,000,000. This will probably be cut several million dollars by the state board of equalization.

The board of education of Fergus Falls has decided to install twenty electric stoves in the schools there for cooking purposes. The board decided to employ an instructor and give a course of instruction in cooking as a part of the regular school course with the beginning of the school year and the electric stoves will be part of the equipment.

One cent from each of the 45,000 school children of Minneapolis will go to a fund to pay for a stand of four beautiful flags for the United States battleship Minnesota. The United States navy has accepted this gift and a plan to collect the money will be decided upon in a few days.

Alleging negligence on the part of the Twin City Rapid Transit company at Minneapolis suit has been brought against it to recover damages of $56,000 sustained by David Reddmond, four years old, who was run over by one of the company's cars last year and lost both of his feet.

The lease for St. Paul's $1,000,000 hotel has been signed and construction will be started in a short time. The old Windsor hotel will be removed and the new hostelry erected on that site. The lease has been given to J. C. Roth of Chicago for twenty-one years.

Grain men of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce are unanimous in the belief that the new wheat from all standpoints is the best of any crop for five years.

OBITUARY.

Three deaths in one family within twenty-four hours is the grim visitation to the home of Gustav Larson of Minneapolis. Diphtheria caused the death of three of the five children in the family, while the two surviving children are recovering from the disease.

Pining over the death of his brother, who died two weeks ago, John W. Needham, a pioneer resident of St. Paul, died at the city hospital in that city at the age of seventy-two years. He was born in Ireland and his wife and all his children had gone before him.

Benjamin D. Woodbury, the last known survivor of Hatch's battalion, which made one of the most spectacular marches in the history of the Northwest in the fall of 1862, is dead at St. Paul, aged eighty-three.

Henry M. Troy, a Minneapolis attorney with offices in the New York Life building, is dead from acetanilid poisoning resulting from the use of headache powders containing it.

Charles F. Shanley, freight claim agent of the Omaha road for more than twenty years and well known throughout the Northwest, is dead at St. Paul.

Thomas J. Mitchell, a pioneer resident of Blue Earth county, is dead at Santa Rosa, Cal., aged seventy-eight.

John B. McAuliffe, a resident of Minneapolis since 1856, is dead at the age of seventy-eight years.

Mrs. George O. Hart of Minneapolis is dead from injuries sustained in an automobile accident.

W. L. Gardner is dead at Minneapolis from the effects of a kick by a horse.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Carl Thane, Jr., aged twenty-four, son of a farmer living four miles west of Parkers Prairie, was instantly killed by lightning. He was walking from the house to the barn, carrying an umbrella. The bolt struck him as he was passing under an oak tree. His clothing was torn from his body and his hair was burned.

Hugo Ecklund, nineteen years old, a visitor from Red Wing, was stabbed during a fight between several Greeks in St. Paul. Young Ecklund received a stab below the heart with a pointed weapon, thought by the police to be a stiletto.

Anna Johnson, twenty-five years old, was arrested at Minneapolis charged with strangling her new born baby. The baby was born a few hours before the police were called.

CHARGES RING RULE.

Voters' League of Minneapolis Issues an Address.

The Voters' league of Minneapolis has issued a report on the political situation in Minneapolis, which delivers an attack upon the way things are being conducted in the city hall and charges ring rule in the main.

A severe arraignment is given some of the officials and, in addition, the report alleges, in substance, that the city council's sacred precincts have been invaded by polluting influence. The league's address regarding the "ring" follows:

In the eyes of the law the city of Minneapolis is controlled almost exclusively by the city council. There is probably not another city in the world in which the city council is vested with as much legal power. Yet it is a fact admitted by nearly all candid men closely in touch with the actual manner in which our city affairs are conducted that the men who really control the action of the city government in most matters are not the members of the council as a body, nor even the leaders of the council, but a small coterie of aldermen, some of the heads of city departments and certain contractors or the representatives of contractors. This coterie is commonly known as the 'city hall ring.'"

WILL LEASE ELEVATORS.

Petition of Receivers Granted by Federal Court.

The petition of the receivers of the Minneapolis and Northern Elevator company, asking that they be allowed to lease the eighty elevators for the purpose of raising funds, was granted in the federal district court at Minneapolis by Judge Milton D. Purdy.

The order empowers the receivers to pay the wages of the employes of the company, amounting to $1,704.87, now past due, and incidentals amounting to $103, expenses which were incurred just prior to the appointment of the officials; to borrow sufficient funds, not exceeding $500,000, with which to carry on the business of the concern, at a current rate of interest and terms approved by the court and to lease the elevators and warehouses during the crop year up to Aug. 1, 1909.

MANY OFFERS OF MARRIAGE

Woman in Line at Land Office Wanted as Wife.

Nearly 500 offers of marriage have been received by Mrs. Anna Rowe, who is waiting in line at Duluth to file on a homestead in the Fond du Lac reservation, which will be opened Sept. 15. Through an error the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth papers published the fact that she was unmarried and immediately the offers began to come in from all parts of the country. Mrs. Rowe has had nearly five hundred offers during the past two weeks and they are still coming. Her husband is enjoying the popularity of his wife.

Boy Explodes Dynamite.

Harry Holmes of Minneapolis, thirteen years of age, was seriously injured playing with a dynamite cartridge. He laid it on a rock and hit it with another rock. His left eye was blown out and two fingers of his left hand were blown off. It is feared he will lose his left hand and the sight of the other eye. Graders are at work in the vicinity using dynamite and it is supposed the boy found a cartridge that had been mislaid.

Pioneer Minister Dead.

Rev. Johannes B. Frich, one of the pioneer ministers of the Norwegian Lutheran synod in the Northwest and for many years one of the leading spirits in the church, is dead at Minneapolis at the age of seventy-three. Owing to his failing health Rev. Frich was forced to retire from active work several years ago, but he was not taken seriously ill until a few days ago. Death was caused by cancer of the stomach.

Left Big Sum to Charity.

The will of Sumner T. McKnight, Minneapolis capitalist and lumberman, who died several weeks ago, has been filed for probate and in it he bequeathes $56,000, out of an estate estimated at $175,000, to charity. The Home for Children and Aged Women receives out of this amount the sum of $50,000, while the Westminster Presbyterian church, for missions, and the Y. M. C. A. receive $3,000 each.

Hunter Accidentally Killed.

Lloyd Hogan, twenty-five years of age, of Minneapolis, accidentally shot and killed himself. He had just returned from a hunting trip and was talking with a friend, leaning against a wire fence with his shotgun under him, and in some manner the trigger caught in the wire and discharged the gun. A large hole was torn in his left breast.

Miner Is Blown to Pieces.

A miner named Carl Stutzmyer employed at the Shenango mine near Chisholm was blown to pieces by dynamite. He was carrying a quantity of the explosive in his hands and was smoking a pipe at the same time.

Goes to Prison for Life.

H. L. Wilson of Duluth, convicted of first degree murder for shooting his wife to death at West Duluth last spring, was sentenced to the state prison for life by Judge Dibel.

Minnesota Editor Drowned.

Christian Knutson of Spicer, village recorder and editor of the Green Lake Breeze, was drowned while bathing in Green lake. The body has not been recovered.

SPEECH BY BRYAN

Delivers an Address at Minnesota State Fair.

ARRAIGNS REPUBLICAN PARTY

Eulogizes Governor Johnson at the Beginning of His Address.

A concourse of 20,000 people rose en masse as William J. Bryan, the great commoner, candidate of the Democratic party for president of the United States, mounted the platform at the state fair grounds to open the battle of ballots in the great Northwest.

It was Bryan day at the state fair. The horses, the fat cattle, the call of the pike, the grand stand attractions, even the great challenge trot did not draw the crowds. Every one waited for the evening hour and the promised appearance of Bryan.

At the conclusion of Bryan's speech the mass of people surged to the platform, and in so doing crushed the press bench, using it as a bridge to the platform.

President Nelson of the state fair introduced Governor Johnson and Mr. Bryan and Governor Johnson introduced Mr. Bryan as the presidential candidate of the Democrats and "the country's greatest orator."

Mr. Bryan mounted a chair and, with hand outstretched to quiet the multitude, stood for several minutes, acknowledging the cheers of his admirers, before launching into his speech.

He eulogized Governor Johnson in the beginning, and then he spoke at length on all the planks of his platform, and the burden of his speech was a carefully couched appeal to the Republicans of the country to put him in power that most of the policies put through and advocated by Roosevelt may be perpetuated by Bryan.

TWO MEN DROWNED.

Their Canoe Capsized During a Gale on Cass Lake.

S. Thayer Bass of St. Paul and William D. Harris of Minneapolis, were drowned in Cass lake during a heavy gale which upset their canoe in which they had started for Cass river. The accident happened three-quarters of a mile from the dock three-quarters of a mile from the dock at Cass lake, within view of A. S. Williams, who saw the plight the men were in and made a futile attempt to save them.

Mr. Bass and his companion left the dock to row up Cass river, a distance of about nine miles. Their canoe was about three-quarters of a mile from the dock when a heavy gale came up, capsizing them.

Mr. Williams, who was on the dock, leaped into a launch and went to the rescue, but before he could reach the drowning men they had disappeared.

St. Paul Banks Closed.

The State Bank of St. Paul and the Citizens' Savings bank of the same city have been closed by Public Examiner Schaefer because of a refusal on the part of the St. Paul Clearing House association to clear for them. They may open again in a few days. Mr. Schaefer said that Minneapolis men were negotiating for the stock of the two institutions and might be successful in securing control of them. The two banks, he declared, were perfectly solvent and no loss would accrue to the depositors.

Minneapolis Journal Sold.

The capital stock of the Journal Publishing company of Minneapolis, publishers of the Journal, has passed into the hands of a syndicate organized and headed by Herschel V. Jones, a prominent grain expert of the Northwest and editor of the Commercial West of Minneapolis. Mr. Jones will assume the business and editorial management of the paper. It is understood that the consideration for the holdings is $1,200,000.

Little Girl Fatally Injured.

Fannie, the eleven-year-old daughter of Isaac Fine of St. Paul, fell from the second story window of the house, a distance of twenty feet, and received probably fatal injuries. Her skull is fractured at the forehead and her face badly disfigured. She is unconscious from concussion of the brain and it is said that she would probably die. Just how the accident happened is not known.

Seriously Hurt in Auto Wreck.

Dr. W. W. Folwell, for a number of years president of the University of Minnesota and more recently librarian and professor of political economy at the same institution, was seriously injured in an automobile accident at Franklin, this state, while driving with his son Russell. Dr. Folwell is well along in years and as the machine completely overturned it is feared the result will be serious.

Steel Dock Damaged.

The steel dock of the Iron Range railroad at Two Harbors and the machinery used in constructing the dock was damaged to the extent of $15,000 by unknown men, supposed to be working their revenge on the American Bridge company for being what is commonly called an "open shop" concern. The men escaped without being detected.

THE SERENE SOCIALIST.

His Equanimity Is Not Accidental; It Comes From Heaven.

The distinguishing mark of a Socialist is his serenity of mind. No wave of trouble rolls across his peaceful breast. Neither grief for the past nor fear for the future wrinkles his brow. He leaves to the dead past the burial of its dead and to the dying present the management of its tearful obsequies. It is none of his funeral.

The shades of departed splendor do not satisfy his longing for the beautiful, nor has the chant of the choir invisible any music for his soul. He stands in the sun.

With eye touched by living light he sees today the substance of tomorrow's glory. With ear attuned to all the harmonies of the human heart he hears already the laughter of the children of the morning.

The Socialist's equanimity is not accidental. It comes from heaven. His house is builded upon the eternal rocks, and his peace of mind has always been the portion of those who obeyed the Biblical injunction to keep their feet out of the sand. The rains may descend, the winds blow and the floods come and beat upon his dwelling, yet he is not dismayed.

He blithely whistles the "Marseillaise" as he prepares to go out when the tempest is over and plant roses in the garden.

It frequently happens when a foundation is being delved for that the workmen uncover a well spring. When the sinful world once begins any serious examination of the foundations of Socialist faith its reward will be twofold.

Incidentally it will run across a virgin fountain of humor. It will then know why the Socialist's eyes twinkle when he reads the profound obituaries of Socialism penned by our great molders of public opinion; it will then understand why he does not weep when he sees a large number of well fed gentlemen (whose calling would indicate that they enjoyed the confidence of the Almighty) hasten with eager footsteps to their respective tabernacles to serve notice that our loving heavenly Father looks with a disapproving and angry eye upon the proposal to abolish the wage slave traffic in his children.

Once the glorious light has broken upon the world's delighted mind it may be able to discover something incongruous in the prevailing notion that the Creator put in six long days building a hogpen and then gave it his blessing, with instructions to the pigs to be fruitful and multiply.

The Socialist didn't invent his faith nor find it in a graveyard. It has its roots in his logical conception of the great undisputed facts of history, backed up by the evidence of his own eyes. Looking over the past, he sees one long line of tombs containing the remains of kings and other confidence men who imagined that, as they didn't notice the undertaker, the undertaker didn't have his eye on them.

Looking about him, he sees the latter day cheap counterfeits of divine right and the old undertaker still following his beloved trade, with such a partiality for regal interments that he is willing to bury even imitation princes for nothing.

The Socialist does not mingle his lamentations with the reformer's tears over "the decay of popular government." He has heard of the lachrymal proclivities of the crocodile.

He hasn't noticed any symptoms of consumption in the sunburned features of the Democrat and considers him able to survive a breeze from the Philippines. The Rocky mountains are mush compared with the fixity of the Democratic idea, in his opinion.

So the Socialist is serene, and from the abundance in his heart and mind he offers hospitality to every wayfarer. —Fred Long.

For the Thinking Man.

Deposited in various portions of this country are large beds of coal that the people should have at the mere cost of digging and transporting, yet capitalism turns over these great natural bounties of man to the hands of a few capitalistic barons and wealth interests, and the people all over the country are charged robber prices for it, prices that go higher each year, although improved processes of mining ought to make it cheaper.

Thus doth capitalism serve mankind!

And the gas companies extract their gas out of the coal and then sell the coke that is left also at coal prices.

And the people stand it and keep on voting for the kind of deal they are getting!

And as with coal so with all the other necessities of life.

How can a thinking man with a family to protect permit himself to vote capitalistic? It is past understanding. —Social Democratic Herald.

A Forward Step.

My friends, work is the blessing of civilization. Labor has built the cities and towns. Labor has made knowledge possible, and still—now we have three men for every job because the workers have made an individualistic struggle for work. Through the oversupply offering wages have fallen, and through want of work we have become beggars, vagabonds and criminals. Socialism is the only means of saving us from the bog of present day wage slavery. And Socialism will come. No one can hinder it. It is a natural necessity, the next forward step in civilization. As the capitalistic system succeeded feudalism, so will Socialism, the unity of mankind, displace capitalism. All calumny and throwing of [illegible] are useless.—Father Thomas Mc-

DEBS AND HANFORD.

Two Tried and True Champions of the Working People.

In renominating Debs and Hanford, its ticket in 1896, the Socialist convention in Chicago pursued a wise course.

Eugene V. Debs and his services to the American labor movement are too well known to require extensive comment. He was the first to feel the iron heel of a capitalized judiciary and has been marked by capitalism ever since.

Ben Hanford, Debs' running mate, is also too well known in labor circles to need an introduction. His long and faithful services in the organized labor movement in general and the typographical union in particular have clothed him with peculiar fitness as a splendid champion of the working class. Few men on the public platform in the English speaking world are his superiors as an orator, and none is a better thinker. It will be well worth making a comparison between the money bags or "fat friers" nominated for second place by the old parties and this stalwart labor warrior.

Looking at the political situation from any viewpoint, the Socialist party ought to score a wonderful increase in its voting strength this year.

At no time in the country's history has labor found itself in a more critical period.

What with the courts heaping burdens upon the workers' backs, with congress turning a deaf ear to all appeals for relief, with the industrial system demoralized by the frenzied financiers, with the open shop fanatics declaring war all along the line upon those workers who dare to organize for mutual protection and with many other minor problems confronting the laboring class, it is beyond comprehension how any thoughtful workingman can cast a vote for either old party, and thus write himself down as being satisfied with the conditions that injure and oppress him.

Debs and Hanford ought to poll at least a million votes.

Every workingman who has heretofore voted with the old parties should study the present economic conditions, his party principles and leaders and the probable developments of the future before he decides definitely how to vote this year.

Unfortunately labor has thrown away its vote too long and is now reaping the consequences. But lost ground can yet be recovered, although in no other manner than by rolling up at least a million votes for Debs and Hanford.—Cleveland Citizen.

THE SOCIAL STATE.

Will Not Rob Man of Wholesome Initiative and Enterprise.

Nor is it true that when the social state, through association and cooperation, reduces the bread and butter problem to a minimum, to its proper place, it will rob a man of wholesome initiative and enterprise. The same argument might have been used against the suppression of the robber barons of the middle ages or the Algerian pirates in the early days of the republic.

The social state is not an entity outside the hearts of men, alternately coaxing and browbeating them. It is an expression of so much of the individual will as is common to all or to a majority of the community.

The social state would mean not that men had lost initiative and enterprise, but rather that they preferred to spend their initiative and enterprise in better and more social ways than by exploiting their neighbors, preferred to spend this force in the more interesting and delightful occupation of perfecting the self and realizing some of the magnificent possibilities of the present moment. To give over the quest of profit and the Shylock view of life generally is not to give over initiative and enterprise.

It is out of the serenity and noncompulsion of industrial leisure that the great and good things of life have come. We are great cowards if we believe that the masses of our people, kept in health by a wholesome amount of daily toil and once erect and alert with self respect, are going to squander a leisure to which they bring good health and high spirit and a social heart.—From "Education and the Larger Life," by Hanford Henderson.

The Object of Civilization.

The object of civilization lies in the endeavor of humanity to become free of the compulsion to incessantly labor. We have surpassed all earlier generations in the accumulation of wealth. The genius of invention has been pressed into the service of every human activity. Read the reports of our commissions on trade and you will find that our power of production is twenty times greater than it was ten years ago. We should have twenty times as much of the comforts of life, but that is not the case. Poverty rules everywhere and holds an equal pace with progress in other things. I ask is it blasphemy to strive for a better condition of things? Socialism is in the first place a struggle of the workers to emancipate themselves from wage slavery and thereby bring about the emancipation of humanity.

Socialism Defined.

A theory of civil polity that aims to secure the reconstruction of society, increase of wealth and a more equal distribution of the products of labor through the public collective ownership of land and capital, as distinguished from property, and the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is, "Every one according to his deeds."—Standard Dictionary.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

JOE GILLER

is still selling his $25.00 suits for $16.50; $16.00 suits at $11.00; $8.00 suits at $4.50. Big reduction on shoes anp hats. We have a fresh grocery stock and a reduction on that. He also has the very best grade of fresh roasted coffee. Is also buying eggs and butter from the farmers and paying the highest prices

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

General Merchandise.
We Also Keep Jewelry.
TELEPHONE, 170. LA BREE AVENUE

Joe Giller
SAVES YOU MONEY.

He took in a complete fresh stock of groceries, and he claims that he handles the best coffee, and he gives a reduction on everything, and he invites everybody to come and give him a trial, and he claims he can save you 20 cents on the dollar.

Anybody buying $5.00 worth of merchandise gets 20 pounds of sugar fo a dollar.

Anybody buying $2.50 worth of merchandise gets 10 pounds of suga for 50 cents.

Best grade Soda crackers, 6 cents per pound.
" " dried prunes, 7c per lb.
" " " peaches, 12c per lb.
" " seeded raisins, 10c per lb.
Big size bulk raisins, best grade, 8c.
Reduction on everything.
Also buys butter, eggs and wool of the farmers, paying the highest price

CASH BUSINESS ONLY.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

People's State Bank.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1908 NUMBER 37

A BOOST FOR IVES

Red Lake County People Asked to Support the Home Candidate.

Legislative Fight in This Senatorial District Is Going to be a Close One.

The only contest for member of the legislature from this District is for the Republican Nomination between J. J. Opsahl and Henry Funkley both of Bemidji, and H. E. Ives of St. Hilaire, and as this office is an important one, it becomes a serious question which one to choose, regardless of personal or party feeling.

In selecting a man for this office three things should be taken into consideration.

1. The acquaintanceship with the conditions and knowledge of the needs of this part of the State.

2. His ability to carry needed legislation into execution.

3. His general ability and capacity as a legislator.

Upon all these propositions we believe that Mr. H. E. Ives of St. Hilaire, is entitled to first choice.

1. Mr. Ives has lived in this district for more than twenty-five years, and has seen the country grow from a wilderness to its present condition, and has been one of the main forces in bringing this part of the State to the front, hence he, more than any one else will be in a position to know what should be done for the welfare of his constituents.

2. Mr. Ives' personal acquaintance in this State is very extensive, especially among the members of the Legislature with whom he has come in contact as a Newspaper man, so that should he be nominated and elected he would not go to St. Paul as a stranger, and it would not take him one whole session of the Legislature to get onto the manner of doing business, and we believe he would be more effective in bringing about favorable legislation than any one who could possibly be selected from this District.

3. In selecting a member of the Legislature, a man's general ability as a legislator, should also be taken into consideration, for laws affecting the whole state will receive most attention and a man brought up in the Newspaper field and by nature a public spirited citizen is especially qualified to assume the responsibility of enacting laws that will effect the whole state.

For these reasons we believe that Mr. Ives' candidacy should receive your careful consideration before making a choice, and we feel sure that in the event of Mr. Ives' election he will prove himself an efficient and hard working representative, who will not only vote right but will make an aggressive fight for the needs of his people and at the same time make a useful member upon general legislation.

Committee

Former Local Teacher Married.

Abner Fletcher departed last evening for St. Paul to be in attendance at the marriage of his brother, Freeman F. Fletcher, to Miss Grace Iddings. The ceremony will be performed at five o'clock this afternoon, after which the happy young couple will enjoy a wedding trip on the lakes before returning for home congratulations and to engage in housekeeping in their new home in Grand Forks. Both parties are well and favorable known here—the groom residing here for years, while the bride was a teacher in our public schools a couple of years since, and the hearty congratulations and best wishes of their many friends is hereby pledged.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Miss Iddings was one of the teachers in the Thief River Falls schools last year.

Why Should It Be Thus?

Again this week the Grygla men were in with the creamery butter and took out merchandise. The Grygla people are finding out that the road is better to Middle River than to Thief River and that this is the practical and profitable point for them to do their business at.—Middle River Pioneer.

Subscribe for the News.

NEXT TUESDAY ELECTION DAY

Voters of County Will Be Called upon to Make Choice of Candidates.

Very Little Interest Taken in the Campaign and Small Vote Will Be the Result.

Next Tuesday the primary elections are to be held and the voters of the county will be called upon to pass judgment upon their servants. There are four primary ballots to be voted in Red Lake county this year—Republican Democratic, Public Ownership, and Prohibition. On the last three tickets there are no contests, and very naturally very few members of this party will turn out to vote. On the Republican ticket there is a contest for the office of representative, sheriff, county attorney and superintendent of schools. Very little interest seems to be taken and it is hard to get any correct size-up of the situation. It is not probable that over one-third of the Republican voters will turn out at the primaries. In the country districts the farmers will all be too busy with their fall work to turn out in any great numbers and the candidates that carry the cities and villages in the county will secure the nomination.

Two Strangers Robbed.

Two strangers from St. Paul who stopped at the Hotel Stavenger last Thursday night reported to the police Friday morning that they had been robbed of about $7 or $8 in money and two watches. There is no clew as to who did the job.

Robbed a Clothes Line.

Some thieves entered the yard of Deputy Postmaster Nelson last Thursday night and stole all the clothes of any value that had been left hanging upon the line. The loss was considerable.

IMPORTANCE OF DRAINAGE.

Ridding Roads of Storm and Undergrowth Water Subject of a U. S. Paper.

Valuable Pointers About Proper Road Building Are Given.

With an average of 27,000 tons of water falling in the form of rain on each mile of public road in the United States annually, it is scarcely to be marvelled at that the ten commandments of the road builder can be summed up succinctly in the word "drainage".

The saying has truth for a basis, as *good drainage is the primary requisite for* all roads. Even in sand roads this holds true, for there "good drainage" means such as will safely remove the storm water without erosion or gullying and still retain the surface moisture.

To secure good drainage one must take into consideration both the surface water and the underground water. The surface water must be removed quickly and completely and without subjecting the road to excessive scour or erosion. For this reason, the center of the road should be raised and the slope towards the side ditches should be from ½ to 1 inch to each foot distance, or so that the water will run freely to the side ditches and not flow down the road or remain in puddles on the roadway. The side ditches should be of ample size to care for the severest storms with a fall of not less than six inches to each 100 feet. Frequent and ample cross drains should be constructed and every opportunity taken to get the water away from the road as quickly as possible. Any road along which you see water standing in the side ditches or on which puddles of water have collected or which has been badly gullied and eroded by the rains has poor drainage and is in need of immediate attention. In fact earth roads nearly always require a little attention after each rain. The split-log drag is essentially a tool to maintain good drainage on our earth roads, and should be used after each rain. On a heavy clay or gumbo soil the drag when properly used tends to puddle the road surface, keep it free from ruts, dense, smooth and hard, thus securing the best surface drainage possible. But in many places the underground water is too near the surface and must be removed before a good road will be possible. This means that some form of sub-drainage must be resorted to, usually tile drains, of clay or concrete. Water from whatever source must be gotten rid of effectively, for water plus clay or gumbo invariably equals mud when mixed in spring and summer. Water becomes ice in winter and as water in freezing expands one-eighth of its volume, the road heaves out of shape and when the ice melts the road disappears beneath the rising tide of mud constantly fed by rains, melting snows and underground springs.

In seepy and boggy places the subdrainage in order to be fully effective should lower the water level to not less than three feet below the road surface. If tiles are used they should be carefully laid, true to grade. Most failures in tile drainage can be attributed to carelessness in laying, or too flat grade. Tiles less than four inches in diameter should rarely be used unless absolutely necessary. In a very dense soil, it is always advisable to cover the tile to at least a depth of 6 to 12 inches with coarse sand or fine gravel. Care should always be taken to secure a free outlet for the drains and to protect the outlet with a concrete bulk head or catchbasin, which can always be kept clean and the outlet free.

The kind of tile to be used depends on local conditions. Concrete tile if properly made are equally as good as clay tile. Which kind to use is entirely a local question of dollars and cents. If concrete tile can be made more cheaply than clay tile can be had, use concrete; if not, use clay tile.

One great advantage of the concrete tile is that they can be easily made by the local users at or near the place where they are to be placed, so that the rates are dispensed with as well as the large breakage losses due to handling. Placed in the ground, both are durable. If concrete is used, great care should be taken to see that a good grade of Portland cement is selected, and that the drains are properly constructed. The impression, which prevails to some extent, that tile disintegrates is erroneous.

A bulletin is now in course of preparation by the United States Office of Public Roads telling how to make concrete drains. This bulletin will treat the subject fully, explaining carefully every point that may arise in making drain pipes and culverts.

Subscribe for the News.

Believes County Option Will Win.

W. A. Rice, the prohibition organizer in this congressional district, says district will elect a large majority of members who will favor county option. In the Norman-Mahnomen district all candidates are for county option.

Death of a Bray Citizen.

The death of Hans Hanson occured at his home in the town of Bray last Saturday from paralysis with which he was stricken three years ago. His funeral was held from the Black River church last Tuesday, Rev. Sand officiating, and the remains were laid at rest in the cemetery there. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A Popular Woman.

Nearly 500 offers of marriage have been received by Mrs. Anna Rowe, who is waiting in line to file on a homestead in the Fond du Lac reservation which will be opened in Duluth Sept. 15. Thru an error papers published the fact that she was not married, and immediately the offers began to pour in from all parts of the country. Mrs. Rowe has had nearly 500 offers the past two weeks, and they are still coming. Her husband is enjoying the popularity of his wife.

Railroad Rumors.

Frazee Free Press: Talk in regard to the Soo road coming thru this vicinity has again been revived and it was only a short time ago when we heard a rumor that there is a possibility of this road coming to Frazee. The following article from the Verndale Sun would indicate that it is not altogether talk and that the line spoken of in this article must be the same one that was run about a year ago and crossed the N. P. tracks at Luce and from there running between Rose Lake and Long Lake to Vergas. The Verndale paper states:

"Riley White, of this place, was summoned to Detroit last week by an engineer of the Soo road and the two came east in an automobile to Sebeka over the proposed route of the Soo line from Detroit to Duluth. Mr. White is a contractor and the company wishes him to submit a bid for the pushing of the right of way from the Great Northern west to Detroit. He has sent in his figures and if accepted he will have a crew of men and teams working there all next winter.

It will be remembered that there was much talk over a year ago of the Soo people crossing Wadena county, but not much was done and little has been heard of it since and now it would appear that the line will go in another year. From the blue prints Mr. White has it will cross the Great Northern about mid-way between Sebeka and Menahga and just a little to the south of Nimrod postoffice. Mr. White thinks a town will be laid out north and west of Sebeka and made a divison point. The Soo people make it a point to pass up most towns in establishing new lines, preferring to lay out new towns and own the townsites which are platted and sold off in lots at good, round figures."

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

NO. 2 RYE IS A WONDER

Increased Yields Secured from a New Variety of Rye by the State.

Will Be Distributed to Farmers in Small Quantities Upon Request.

A new variety of winter rye called Minn. No. 2 has been originated by the Minnesota Experiment Station, and is now ready for distribution. This rye was obtained by selection from the Swedish rye and is an exceptionally high yielder. The average yield upon the station grounds for the past 8 years is 40.4 bushels per acre, while the average yield of other varieties for the state in the same time was 19 2 bushels per acre. One field of 1.9 acres yielded 48 bushels per acre this fall.

The grain of this new variety is plump, and much larger than the varieties commonly grown. The straw is stiff, tall, and stands up well.

A few bushels were distributed for trial throughout the State last year in order that yields might be compared under farm conditions with the common varieties. The returns from the entire acreage show that Minnesota No. 2 averaged 27.2 bushels per acre while other rye grown under similar conditions averaged 17.7 bushels per acre.

METHOD OF DISTRIBUTION.

Minnesota No. 2 rye is offered to the farmers of the State in two to five bushels lots at the price of $1.25 per bushel, including sacks. Seed will be supplied either by the station or by farmers who have co-operated with the station as seed growers. Communications in regard to the rye should be addressed to Andrew Boss, Agriculturist, Minnesota Experiment Station, St. Paul, Minn.

Accidental Shooting.

On Tuesday morning Victor, the 13-year-old son of P. S. Modchjil, had a narrow escape from death by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. As it was he sustained a very painful and serious wound in the right arm.

It seems that the boy was helping his father put up hay and was carrying the shotgun on the hayrake to shoot crows. The gun slipped down and he was pulling it up by the muzzle when the hammer was snapped and the weapon discharged. The entire charge struck the arm tearing the flesh from the bone above and below the elbow. His cries brought his father to him and he hastened with the boy to town and telephoned to Thief River Falls for a physician. Dr. Bockman responded and came down as quickly as his automobile could bring him. The wound was temporarily dressed and the boy taken to the hospital at Thief River Falls for treatment. Reports state the boy is doing nicely as the bones are not injured.—Plummer Pioneer.

School Shoes

For Boys and Girls.

The approach of fall and the opening of the school season, you no doubt will need shoes for the young folks. Our school shoes for children are famous for the fact that they are not only made strong and durable, but stylish as well.

Misses Vici and Calf Shoes, per pair	Misses Fine Calf and Vici Shoes, for school
$1.50 and $1.75	$2.00 and $2.50
Boys' school shoes, strong and serviceable	Boys' school shoes with double soles
1.50 and 2.00	2.25 and 2.50

Boys' Suits, Caps, Sweaters, Neckwear, Hosiery, etc.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

New Fall Goods Arriving Daily.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY
DEFECTIVE PAGE

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. R. JONES,

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for Sheriff of Red Lake County at the Primaries Sept. 15.

Herman F. Anderson,

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

Lewis A. Nelson,

Candidate for Re-election for Sheriff of Red Lake County. Your vote and Support Solicited.

Sheriff Lewis A. Nelson is a candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket. As a sheriff he has certainly made good, and the best proof of it is that though he was elected two years ago on a partisan ticket,—the North against the South,—he will this year undoubtedly receive a good vote from all parts of the county.

The sheriff's office is a rather particular job which requires good judgment, good sense, and a working knowledge of the law. Mr. Nelson has proven in the past two years that he has all of these. He has attended to the work of the office in a careful painstaking manner, has served the people impartially, and no man in office has made more personal friends in so short a time, than Mr. Nelson.

Before his election to office in Red Lake County, he served several years as deputy sheriff in Marshall County, so that our people have an additional additional advantage of having a man trained to the business one who knows his work from A to Z. When an officer makes a mistake, it is usually the people who pay for it. When you hire a man to do your work, you don't want a green hand who don't know the business. You want the best, experienced man you can get for the money you pay. Consequently a vote for sheriff Nelson is a vote for your own interest.

When, in 1898, the call came for volunteers to fight our country's battle with Spain Mr. Nelson was one of the first to volunteer, and the training and discipline which was drilled into him as a soldier, has added much to his ability as an executive officer of the county.

He has held the office for only two years, scarcely long enough to pay his campaign expenses, and certainly seems entitled to another term.

H. T. McAnulty, Superintendent of Schools.

Candidate for re-election. Twelve years experience in teaching in the schools of Red Lake county and nearly four years as county superintendent Respectfully solicits your vote and support at the Republican primaries on Sept. 15, 1908.

We Do All Kinds of

Commercial Printing.

To the Voters of Red Lake County.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Superintendent of schools at the coming primaries, and respectfully solicit your vote and support.

Yours truly,
O. A. Naplin.

J. W. McGinty

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term.

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

Subscribe for the News.

The thoughtful parent will be as concerned touching what his boys and girls do with their spare time as he is with the progress which they make in the prosecution of their school work. Often a purposeless and idly spent vacation will undo much of the work which the student and teacher, working jointly, have been able to accomplish during the preceding school year. Because of this fact the boy or girl is better off who has with a reasonable amount of leisure and recreation enough definite work to keep his faculties and his energies occupied during the vacation season. It is well if this is largely physical, thus giving a needed change from the necessarily confining work of the school room. Passed in such way, the school work will be resumed in the fall with a zest and interest that will give it a maximum value.

A railroad president who owns a 200 acre farm at Barrington, a suburb of Chicago, has hit upon the unique plan of devoting it to the raising of mud turtles, mushrooms, goldfish and guinea pigs, which may very properly be styled diversified farming. Besides the naturally boggy spots on the farm, lagoons will be dug which will be fed with a system of irrigating ditches. The guinea pig yards are expected to cover several acres and be the most extensive in the country, while the mushrooms will be allowed to grow where they will in damp places over the farm. The justification for the mud turtle aspect of the enterprise will be understood when it is known that 10,000 turtles are consumed annually in the eating houses and restaurants of the city of Chicago alone. While, of course, some of these are bona fide terrapin, the majority are mud turtles, soft shells and snappers.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We are receiving daily large consignments of fall and winter goods which have been selected with great care. Natty, up-to-date goods, sure to please and at prices that defy competition. Further particulars later.

Grocery Department.

We have a few special bargains to offer to the public, at greatly reduced prices, while they last. Those who know the quality of Heinze and company's goods ought to take on a liberal supply as you will probably never get another chanceto buy these goods at reduced prices. We offer the following goods:

Heinze 5 pound preserved strawberries, regular price $1, at	$ .75
Heinze 10 pound preserved damson plum, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved cherries, regular price $1.50, at	1.00
Heinze 10 pound preserved blackberries, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved pineapple, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 2 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 1 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .25, at	.15
Heinze 2 pound preserved cherry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved damson plum (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved pineapple (in tin,) regular pirce .50,	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved blackberry (in tin,) regular price .50 at	.35

We also have a few high grade goods in our regular line that will go at reduced prices:
Extra fancy 3 pound apricots, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.
Extra fancy 3 pound Bartlett pears, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

FOOLISH QUESTIONS.

Apt Answers Teach an Ignoramus a Few Truths.

Q. Don't you think the average workingman is lazy and dishonest?

A. Yes, of course. People will learn, you know, by copying their betters.

Q. Don't the Socialists believe in dividing up?

A. Yes, indeed. We believe in dividing up the work.

Q. Won't Socialism break up the home?

A. Certainly. The home for the friendless, the orphan, the insane, the criminal and the harlot are in great danger from the Socialist movement.

Q. Why don't the Socialists shut up and go to work?

A. That's it. Why don't they? And also why don't the capitalists open up their shops and let 'em?

Q. Aren't Socialists anarchists?

A. Yes. They have to live; therefore they preach Socialism while forced to practice capitalism.

Q. Aren't the Socialists a lot of dreamers?

Q. Yes; we dream we're living, whereas we're working ourselves to death.

Q. Isn't the country all right?

A. Of course it is or the trusts wouldn't own it.

Q. Aren't you fellows stirring up discontent and class hatred?

A. Yes, that's so, but the capitalists haven't got scared yet and offered to get off our backs.

Q. Shouldn't labor and capital work together in harmony?

A. They should, but capital won't work. He leaves that detail to labor.

Q. You Socialists ought to be in jail.

A. That's so. We'd have time then to post up some, so we could answer some more foolish questions.—Robin Dunbar.

Environment.

Every thief in the land denounces Socialism as confiscation; every embezzler opposes Socialism as being dishonest; everything criminal and bum in the cities votes the old tickets. And yet all these men under right conditions would be upright, honorable men. Men are the creatures of their environment. They are made what they are by the conditions of life under which they are reared. You believe this, though I hear you deny it as you read it. That is because you do not think on the matter long enough to understand it. If you did not believe this, you would as soon your daughters associated with one class of people as another; you would make no effort to have them associate with the best. If association has no influence, why do you care with whom they associate? Oh, if you would only read a single chapter on economic determinism, what an awakening to your own interest and benefit it would produce. Try it!—Appeal to Reason.

Girls wanted at the Hotel Ogahmah.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.— J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

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L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

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THE NEWS
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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OPPORTUNITIES IN AGRICULTURE

There are doubtless many young men of good average ability at present working on small salaries in city office, shop or factory who are desirous of starting out for themselves in some line which will give them an increased return for their labor and a greater degree of industrial independence than they have had. In short, they would like some day to be their own bosses or at least have more to say touching the kind of work they are to engage in *and how they are to do it.* For those of this class of young men who are not afraid of hard work and do not have a natural dislike for farming a good opening would seem to be offered along the line of preparation in some good agricultural college for special lines of farm work. While there is no question that commercial centers will continue to grow and inventions will multiply, as in the past, it is just as certain that a business that is destined to be of increased importance is that connected with the feeding of a steadily growing population—in other words, agriculture and horticulture. So great is the demand for young men especially equipped for work along these special lines that the state agricultural colleges of the country can not turn out graduates fast enough to anywhere near supply the demand. In case a boy is brought up on the farm and has no desire to specialize the general information and training which he would get from such a course would be of great value to him, for instead of being a common, everyday hired man from year to year—and such a man is well paid—he would be in shape to draw increased wages as a farm manager or superintendent. In any event he would be more independent than if he remained an employee in a factory, in constant danger of having his labor displaced by invention or being thrown out of employment by strike, lockout or hard times. The chief conditions of success along these as other lines are a like for one's work, industry and application. The great undeveloped resource of this country is its agriculture, and he who fits himself to follow it intelligently will not in coming years be out of a job or have much time to find fault with the wrongs of an economic system which he is powerless to remedy.

BIRD ENEMIES.

That the small red squirrel is a bloodthirsty little brute and one of the worst enemies that birds have to contend with was verified the other day when the writer inquired into the cause of a commotion in the vicinity of a robins' nest located in a large elm tree. The parent birds were making frequent dives into a leaf covered crotch in the tree, where a red squirrel was soon observed. Being stoned in its retreat, the squirrel left it and was seen carrying a little robin two-thirds grown. Having further fears for his own safety, the squirrel later dropped his victim from a higher limb. It was found that the little animal had bitten his prey just back of the eyes and had sucked out its blood and its brains. This habit in squirrels, which has been noticed by many observers, would seem to prove that the ordinances passed by many municipalities protecting squirrels are maintained at a heavy cost in bird life.

SLIPSHOD HOUSEKEEPING.

Mourning doves, like some couples in the human species, seem to go about their homemaking operations in a very desultory and slipshod manner. Two or three twigs and straws seem to do for a nest, which is often broken up several times before the birds succeed in hatching and rearing their young. Similarly when a young couple start in with little or nothing—perhaps a bed, a table and a couple of chairs—there seems to be so little for the nucleus of a home that the forces tending to break it up are often stronger than those serving to keep it intact. In starting homes young people should follow the example of the robin, oriole, grosbeak or wren rather than the mourning dove. It will in the end mean more stability and a larger measure of happiness.

MUST LABEL CREAM.

Pure Food Commissioner Pearson of New York has decided to put on the screws more vigorously in the matter of an enforcement of the pure food laws of the state and has notified the makers of ice cream that hereafter if their product contains any substitute for pure cream it must bear a label so stating. Even if it is nothing but skim milk it must be plainly labeled as such. This is just common fairness and honesty and will mean no hardship for those who are doing a straightforward business. The enforcement of the law may advance the price of the genuine article, but consumers will be willing to pay a trifle more for cream which they knew is genuine.

The strength of a fence like that of a chain is determined by its weakest point.

The estimate in which one is held by the members of his own family and the dumb animals of which he has the care constitutes a truer rating of a man's worth and character than the lines of poetry that may be carved on his tombstone.

A heavy windstorm will often reveal weaknesses in the corn plant that are not manifest in fair weather. Perhaps the injury is done by the corn root louse, the corn root worm or the stalk borer, which works higher up, but if any of these pests have been getting in their work it will come to light at such times.

One Iowa county has paid out the sum of $5,234.50 within a little less than two years in the shape of pocket gopher bounties. Eight cents goes to the trapper, while the officer taking the affidavit receives 2 cents. The returns indicate that in this county 10,836 gophers were trapped in 1907, while this year 32,683 lost their claws.

Professor Forbush, state ornithologist of Massachusetts, has recently come out in an edict favoring the extermination of cats within the state. He asserts that the crops of the state suffer irreparable loss because of the destruction by cats of bird life, while *the felines* are a prolific source for the transmission of diphtheria, smallpox, tuberculosis and other diseases.

As soon as the tops of the potato vines are ripe and dry it is just as well to dig the potatoes at once and put them into a dry, cool place as to leave them in the ground through the September rains, with the likelihood that some of them will rot. It is a good thing from the standpoint of the potatoes and likewise enables one to clean the weeds from the field before they shed all their seed.

A report issued by the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture under date of July 31 last gives the average condition of cotton on July 25 as 83 per cent of a normal as compared with 75 per cent on July 25, 1907, and 81.4 per cent, the average for ten years. The report shows that this year Texas will produce 30 per cent of the country's cotton, Georgia 15 per cent, Alabama 11 per cent and Mississippi 10 per cent.

Automobile owners in two central Iowa towns have formed clubs and voluntarily taxed themselves $10 each, which is put into a road fund. Immediately after every rain a man is hired at 40 cents an hour to go over the country roads with a King road drag, which puts them in tiptop shape in a short time. It is said that farm lands lying adjacent to the treated roads have risen materially in value and that as a result of this farmers in nearby localities are anxious to have the same treatment extended to the roads in their neighborhood. The plan is a practicable one and is worthy of extension.

A brighter day is dawning for the Irish peasant as a result of the movement which has lately been made by the government which enables the poorer classes to borrow money on long time at a low rate of interest for the purchase of small tracts of the landlord estates. A recent bond issue by the government for $25,000,000 on a 3 per cent basis was oversubscribed forty times. Various schemes for bettering the lot of the Irish peasant have been suggested by English and Irish statesmen, but none of them has before proved practicable or effective, ignoring the fact that the highest degree of thrift and enterprise can only be awakened in a man when he owns the land on which he labors to earn his daily bread.

The rather stringent way in which the pure food officials of several states are enforcing the pure food laws relative to the sale of stale and addled eggs would seem to call for some changes in the care of poultry on the farm which will result in the hens doing more of their busy work in the henhouse and less in the haymow, mangers and straw stacks on the place. Perhaps little can be done to bring about a reformation, but a fixing up of the henhouse where needed and the arranging of plenty of clean and attractive nests will go far toward causing the hens to lay in their own quarters. If the poultry house is fixed up as well as may be in the particular mentioned, there will still be need of looking in inviting places over the farm for eggs, but a smaller number will be found there.

The president of a western gasoline traction engine manufacturing company who is considered an authority in his line over the country has recently suggested the feasibility of using gasoline traction motors of high power as a substitute for the expensive electric motors and equipment at present in use on interurban trolley systems. In many sections of the country where a trolley system would be welcomed by folks along the right of way in town and country the territory adjacent is so sparsely settled as to make impractical as well as unprofitable the construction of an electric interurban line. The suggestion made would seem to offer a definite way out of the difficulty and will be seriously considered by promoters of interurban lines in many sections.

F. E. Trigg.

Joe Giller is Saving You Money

I have just come back from the eastern market where I bought a new, complete fall and winter stock, all kinds of flannels, dress goods, ladies,' men's and children's underwear and a new stock of boots, shoes, caps, mitts, ladies' and men's plush lined coats, men's sheep lined coats, woolen jackets and a good line of clothing to fit anybody. Also a line of groceries, jewelry, notions, etc.

There is no doubt but what I can save you 25 cents on the dollar, because I do my work alone and my expenses are small.

At the Primaries September 15, 1908,

VOTE FOR

HARRY E. IVES

Red Lake County's candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative. Endorsed by Republican county convention. Pledged to no interest save home interests.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

If Jacobson fails of election as governor of Minnesota men in public life will have a perfect right to believe that honesty in office does not pay and that the interests are more faithful in discharging their obligations than are the people.—Foley Independent.

Brakeman Watts of the Great Northern was fined $800 for violating the anti-pass law. Wonder if any federal judge will come to his rescue. It will be about as hard a task for Watts to save enough from his wages to pay that fine as it would have been for Rockefeller to pay the 29 millions provided Judge Groscup hadn't kindly cancelled the fine for him.—Litchfield Independent.

The democratic press in Minnesota is disposed to admit that J. F. Jacobson, the republican candidate for governor made a good member of the legislature, but urges that he should be retained in that position, to guard the treasury of the state. If Mr. Jacobson was of so great value to the state as a member of the house of representatives why should he not prove of still greater value to this common wealth as governor? As a school of preparation for higher duties the halls for legislation cannot be excelled. It is there the first principles of state government are learned, and the knowledge of men and affairs acquired which equip for the higher position.—Alexandria Post News.

In many respects our present system of taxation in Minnesota works to discourage enterprise. This is true especially in regard to our real estate and personal property taxes. If a person has a piece of ground and lets it lay idle, his taxes remain comparatively low; but as soon as he builds a house on it the state or county steps in and fines him for his enterprise by imposing a heavy tax. He may have borrowed most of the money to build the house with, but that does not matter; while he hustles and in many ways, perhaps, denies himself the comforts of life in order to be able to pay for the house, he must pay a tax on that which he doesn't own. There is something radically wrong about our system of taxation. It needs fixing. Nothing can be done, however, until the constitution of the state has been amended and the present restrictions made away with. There was an amendment voted on two years ago, and declared adopted by the state canvassing board; but the Steel trust has started suit to have the amendment declared lost. The case is before the supreme court now, the trust having won the case in the district court. The legislature was careful enough to have another amendment submitted to the voters of the state, and this will be voted on this fall. It is important that the people remember to vote for this amendment at the coming [illegible] in order that there shall [illegible] as to the amendment having passed. Before the constitution has been changed nothing can be done to give the state a system of taxation based as nearly as possible on justice to all concerned.—Milan Standard.

GAMEWARDEN IS DEFENDED

Executive Agent Avery Writes Editor Who Criticized Arrests.

Indians Were Hunting off Reservation and Sold the Moose killed.

Executive Agent Carlos Avery, of the State Game and Fish Commission has written a letter to the publisher of the White Earth Tomahawk in which he upholds Game Warden Munch and the sheriff of Red Lake county in their action in arresting three Indians for violating *the game laws of the state.* The letter is self explanatory and follows in full:

Publisher White Earth Tomahawk,
White Earth Minn.

Dear Sir:

I have been forwarded a clipping from your valued publication containing an article pertaining to a recent prosecution against certain Red Lake Indians instituted by Mr. William F. Munch and the sheriff of Red Lake Co.

You have evidently been misinformed as to the facts in the case, and would advise you that the offenses for which these Indians were prosecuted were committed in the township of Hickory, Red Lake Co., and not on the reservation and the officers in making the arrests were acting under instructions from this office and from the attorney general of the state, and are not deserving of any censure.

I would say further that it has not been the policy of this department to interfere with the Indians in any manner who confine their hunting to the reservation for their own needs, but it is our intention to repress, so far as possible the illegal sale of game by the Indians as well as by all other persons. The three Indians prosecuted killed moose off the reservation and sold it in Red Lake Co. Will say further that the person buying the meat was also prosecuted. I am satisfied that you would not intentionally misrepresent the facts in this case and trust that you will set the matter right before your readers, as it should not be made to appear that the game wardens are making arrests which are not warranted.

As you have the best interests of the Indians at heart, I would respectfully suggest that you warn them against hunting or trapping off the reservation out of season and selling game, so that it may not be necessary to make any further arrests.

Yours truly,
—Carlos Avery,
Executive agent.

A number of the settlers living up in the town of Hickory insist that the moose was shot by the Indians on the reservation and not in Red Lake county.

Learn The System.

An exchange says: "If you want to know why it is that some people seem to have money all the year round, and others only seem to have a little money during certain portions of the year, just watch some people marketing the products of diversified farming almost every day of the week, while others who should be profiting by this source have not yet learned the system."

Subscribe for the News.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

A BAD FIRE CONTROLLED

Fire Discovered in Northern Hotel Building Early Tuesday Morning Extinguished.

Building Badly Damaged and the Contents Almost a Total Loss.

Fire was discovered in the Northern Hotel building at about 1:30 Tuesday morning and for an hour and a half there was a fierce battle between the fire department and the flames. That the fire was finally extinguished seemed almost a miricle to the spectators and the fire department is certainly entitled to a great amount of praise. There was a strong wind blowing from the south and had control of the flames been lost, it is quite likely a very large portion of the business district would now have been in ruins. As it was, the inside of the building was almost gutted by the fire, but the four walls remain standing.

The hotel is owned by Mary and Ramsey Juneau and was insured for $3,000 in agencies represented by the First State Bank. The building was occupied by John Anderson who had $800 insurance upon the furnitue.

A Boost for Anderson.

To the voters of Red Lake County: I have been personally acquanted with Mr. H. F. Anderson for more than three years. We have met on the school bench, in the debating club, in our fraternity and many a social chat have we had together, in our respective four by four rooms.

During all this time and at all places of contact, I have always found Mr. Anderson, very conscientiones and a possessor of high ideals. He was held in the high esterm of his fellow students, and the sincere respect of all the instructors and citizens with whom he came in contact.

It gives me, therefore, great pleasure to introduce Mr. Anderson, a gentleman well qualified for the office to which he is an aspirant, to all my acquaintances, voters and especially to the teachers of this county.

Sincerely,
Otto Ramstad.

Canadian Pacific Was Blocked.

Owing to the washing out of a number of bridges on the Canadian Pacific between Winnipeg and Ft. Williams, the Canadian Pacific was obliged to send a number of its passenger trains over the Soo by way of Minneapolis and Sault Ste Marie last week. The trains were met at Emerson by Soo employes and taken by that company to the Canadian Soo. It furnished considerable extra work for local railroad men.

Just To Feed The Calves.

Of course Gov. Johnson is aware of the long chances he took in accepting a third nomination but the feeders at the public crib were so anxious for two more years of licking at the trough that they insisted on him accepting a nomination that means his political death.

Greater love than this hath no man shown, that he would lay down his political life to run the chance of feeding his friends at the public crib.—Sunbeam.

Lost a Wheel.

C. E. Kiewel returned from Grand Forks last evening in his new automobile and, while trying to turn the corner at the power house at a high rate of speed, lost one of his wheels. Fortunately the machine did not turn over and Mr. Kiewel and his party passed through the accident without injury. The auto is now laid up for repairs and in the future Mr. Kiewel will take the corners at a much reduced speed.—Crookston Times.

Another Notice Served.

As will be seen by a legal notice published in another column, the board of county commissioners are called to meet in Red Lake Falls on the 25th day of September to consider the county seat removal petition. A mistake was made in the service of the former notice, so that it is necessary to do the work again.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Sept. 5, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mr. Ole
Ansure & Company
Grace, Miss Pauline
Labissoniere, Theo.
Looner, Otto
Mjoseth, Mr. T. G.
Munsen, L. J.
Oistad, Mr. Jim E.
Oller, Mr. A.
Olson, Mr. Almer
Romy, Mary

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

LOOKS LIKE A SURE GO

Road From This City to Roosevelt Receiving a Great Deal of Encouragement.

Thief River Falls Business Men Pledge Mr. Hunt a Free Right-of-Way.

W. F. Hunt, of Roosevelt, the main promotor of the proposed new line of railroad to be run from Roosevelt to Thief River Falls, spent last Saturday up at Germantown talking with the farmers of that section. He reports that a large and enthusiastic meeting was held and in addition to Mr. Hunt, Hon O. B. Eckman, of Roseau, was also present and addressed the meeting. The farmers of that section offered to give a free right-of-way for the proposed road and also to render other assistance.

Mr. Hunt also held a meeting in Thief River Falls after the meeting at Germantown had been closed and conferred with a number of our business men. It was decided to select three different routes to Roosevelt and one of these will finally be selected as the route of the railroad. The business men of Thief River Falls pleged to Mr. Hunt a free right-of-way for a distance of thirty-three miles out of Thief River Falls and Mr. Hunt says that the people of Roosevelt will guarantee to furnish the additional 35 miles of right-of-way necessary to complete the line into Roosevelt. It looks very much now as if the road was a sure go. Mr. Hunt is a tireless worker and is entitled to a great deal of credit for the part he has taken in endeavoring to push this road to a successful finish.

A Business Change.

The Pure Food Grocery Store was purchased Monday from Dock & Nelson by A. A. Burke, of Greenbush. The new proprietor is now in charge of the store. Messrs. Dock and Nelson are not decided as to their future, but will continue to reside in Thief River Falls.

Married Last Evening.

George Holt, one of the Soo line firemen, was united in marriage last evening to Miss Annie Prestebak. Both are popular young people of the city and their many friends are extending congratulations.

To The Voters of Red Lake County.

I am a candidate for the Republican nomination of Superintendent of schools; and, since the voters make the selection they naturally desire to know the qualifications of those seeking the position.

As a young boy, I came here with my parents from the state of Indiana in 1883 and in 1875 began teaching in the district schools of this county. Since then, during the greater part of thirteen years, I have taught in the district and graded schools.

In 1907 I graduated from the Advanced Course of the Moorhead Normal school and was Supt. of the schools of Burtrum, Minn. the same year.

My experience in all kinds of school work has made me thoroughly familiar with the needs of our educational system.

As time does not admit me to meet each individual voter, I respectfully submit my application to you with assurance that if nominated and elected, I shall do everything in my power to increase the efficiency of our schools.

Very truly yours,
Herman F. Anderson.

Bids Wanted.

The town board of Clover Leaf, Red Lake County, Minnesota will, up to the 22nd day of September, 1908, receive sealed bids on contract for grading and ditching in said town, on both sides (4 miles) on each of the section lines running north and south within the range lines, one section line 6 miles east and west. Grades to be 14 feet wide, the inside 6 inches deep, outside 18 inches deep with slope accordingly. From outside to outside of ditches shall be 3 rods. Four miles on one side of both range lines, three ditches to be six feet wide, 2 feet deep in the middle of ditch and the dirt to be laid on the line and leveled. If said contract be taken, must be completed before the expiration of the year 1909 (if possible). Said contract to be paid by township bond bearing 4 per cent per annum. Bonds issued for a period of twenty years. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The town board will meet at 2 o'clock P. M. on the 22nd. day of September 1908 at the office of the town clerk to open and take the bids under consideration.

Charles Svendgaard, clerk, Clover Leaf, Township, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

P. O. Germantown, Minnesota.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Subscribe for the News.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

BIG DITCH TO BE BUILT.

Viewers and an Engineer Appointed for the Germantown-Grygla Ditch.

Estimated Cost to Build Ditch Is Placed at Between $50,000 and $60,000

County Commissioner John Sorum was in the city yesterday, being enroute home to Holt from a meeting of the county board at Warren. At the meeting of the county board viewers and an engineer was appointed for the big Germantown ditch. O. L. Hamre, of Crookston, was appointed engineer, and Axel Lindquist, of Vega, John Simonson, of Excel, and Thor Johnson, of Stephen were appointed viewers. The engineer will make his report before Nov. 1st and the viewers will then commence work. It is expected that the contract will be let this winter and work commenced early next spring.

The proposed new ditch will be 21 miles in length and there will be 16 miles of laterals, making a total of 40 miles. It will empty into Thief river near Thorwick and will drain the Germantown and Grygla country. It is estimated that the ditch will cost about $50,000 or $60,000 and will be of great value to that section.

Germantown.

Threshing from shocks was again commenced around here on Saturday after a long delay caused by the recent heavy rains. Besides delaying the work on the fields the rains also softened the ground to an extent making it difficult in low places for moving the machines.

Most of the grain is now in stacks or on the way to get there so shock threshing this year will be of short duration.

Hon O. B. Eckman of Roseau visited Germantown on Saturday in his interest as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the legislature from this district.

The new heating and ventilating plant of the Manuel Smith Co. of Minneapolis was installed in the school house last week, and everything put in readiness for the opening of school Sept. 8th. Miss Kathryn C. D. Kaliher of Princeton has been secured as teacher for the present year. Miss Kaliher is a graduate of the Princeton highschool and the St. Cloud Normal holding a first grade certificate, and comes highly recommended, practically insuring a successful school year.

The town fathers met Aug. 29th as board of appointment and appointed Thomas Clausen as road overseer of district 3 and T. C. Hovelsas of district 4 to succeed the "outlawed" town road inspector. Martin Olson has served to general satisfaction in that capacity up to this time.

The five months old son of Mr. & Mrs. John Philipp died last Friday after a few days illness. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon Rev. F. Seltz officiating.

The railroad meeting held here on Saturday was not as well attended as desired. Some good was done however by appointment of a committee to work up interest in the matter of securing the road for this section by securing a free right of way through the township for that purpose. W. F. Hunt, president of the company was assured of the financial backing necessary for building the road after the right of way shall have been surveyed and granted, the latter proposition so far being up to the people interested in getting the road. A meeting of the town residents will be called later on by the committee in charge.

And now it is said that our county ditch petition will not have as clear sailing as there was all reason to expect and it is more than likely that opposing arguments will be presented at the hearing in Warren Sept. 8th.

Two years ago the Johnson campaign cry was "One good term deserves another." It seems as though it should have been one good term deserves another and then some.

County option is one of the leading issues of the present campaign and all friends of that measure would do well by attending the primaries on Sept. 15th to nominate the right representatives. If representatives of the saloon element are elected from this part of the State we certainly may save ourselves the trouble of wishing for any reform in our present liquor laws, at the hands of communities so situated as to derive some benefit(?) from the present system.

Second Hand Threshing Machine for Sale Cheap.

Will sell cheap for cash or trade for farm land an Ames—Advance threshing machine, complete with J. I. C. Independent swinging stacker. Will set up and start the machine and guarantee satisfactory work. Separator has been run only three seasons. Make an offer to Samuel Gibeau, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Subscribe for the News.

Harry E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, Candidate for Representative.

To The Legal Voters of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand three hundred forty two, praying that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed to the city of Thief River Falls in said county, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, A. D., 1908, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said county may appear in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated September 8, 1908.

(County Auditor's Seal.)

John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	.91
Oats	40c
Flax	$1.11
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Don't miss the College Boy.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Hank Draper left Tuesday for Manville, N. D.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

Eddie Hermanson was down to Plummer last Saturday.

Attorney Wilhelm Michelt left Tuesday for Red Lake Falls.

M. C. Burns was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A daughter was born on Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Matt Barzen.

M. V. Evenson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Miss Pearl Hazelton will visit here—with The College Boy.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Sewing by the day wanted. Inquire of Mrs. M. J. White, East Side.

Morrit Warren was down from the town of Star the first of the week.

Walter Mc Andress was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Orbin Eberhardt left Monday for the Red Lake, going by way of Bemidji.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

The Thief River Falls band will give an open air concert tomorrow evening.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Heger the land man.

Miss Annie Connelly left Monday for Moorhead to attend the State Normal school.

C. M. Carlson, the enterprising Strandquist real estate dealer, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. B. E. Bothun and son, Bennie were down from Halma the first of the week visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag entertained a company of friends last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton.

There will be services in the Swedish Church on the East Side on Sunday, Sept. 13th. at 3 P. M. by Rev Peter Dahlquist.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed M. Evenson.

Ex. Judge of Probate Knight, who had been in the city for several days visiting his son, Wm. Knight, went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Westin on Monday Sept. 14, at 3 p. m. All are cordially invited.

—For Sale or Trade for Land—My saloon and building on Main avenue. Will also rent my farm near Germantown for taxes only. Anton Gunderson.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Judge Page Morris arrived in the city Tuesday from Duluth and will spend a few days in this vicinity hunting with Ed Wilcox. Mr. Morris has not missed hunting in this section for several years past.

A. J. Hilden, of Oileo, candidate for the Republican nomination for representative in the Roseau, Marshall and Kittson district, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday, being enroute to Greenbush. Mr. Hilden says that he feels confident he will be elected.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., has the largest enrollment of any business college in the state. More pupils placed in positions in 1908 than the entire enrollment of any other college in the city. The only school that guarantees positions. Send for catalog. Your credit is good at Buttons.

Joseph Jerome, a former well known resident of this city, but at present located at Battle River in Beltrami county where he conducts a large general mercantile establishment, spent Monday in the city attending to business matters and visiting old friends. Mr. Jerome is an ardent supporter of Henry Funkley for representative and did not fail to do some work for him while here.

See Watson in the College Boy.

Catchy Songs in the College Boy—"Cheer up, The College Boy is coming.

Joe Giller left yesterday for Grand Forks.

Ira C. Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

County Attorney Gormo was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Mrs. George Jarman was down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

C. E. Boughton, the well known Red Lake Falls attorney, was in the city yesterday.

J. F. Fasel arrived in the city last Friday from Iowa, and is visiting his son, A. H. Fasel.

D. N. Winton and family expect to leave for their new home in Minneapolis on Sunday.

Ed Quigley, of the town of North, left last Saturday for Lockhart to spend a couple of weeks.

D. Collins and children of St. Hilaire were in the city last week visiting at the home of M. C. Burns.

Horace Bagley, of Towner, N. D., was in the city to spend Sunday visiting his brother, S. W. Bagley.

A. C. Kvennes and bride passed through the city Monday, being enroute to their home at Middle River.

T. A. Omlid, who is threshing east of town, reports that wheat is going from 14 to 17 bushels to the acre.

Dr. Ohage, of St. Paul, arrived in the city yesterday to spend a few days hunting in this vicinity with Dr. Bockman.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Henry Cook went down to Crookston Saturday evening, called there by the illness of his daughter, Miss Elizabeth.

Five people were baptised in the Red Lake river Sunday afternoon. A large crowd assembled to witness the ceremony.

Miss Florence Wallon, who had been in the city visiting old friends, left Monday for Moorhead to attend the Normal school.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton and Mr and Mrs. L. M. Hoag were over to Warren Tuesday evening in the former's automobile.

Capt. Cummings, the old scout of the Red Lake country, came to town last Friday and will spend several days here visiting with friends.

Otto Ramstad left Monday for Moorhead to attend the state normal school at that place. He will finish the five year advance course this year.

Olaf Ramstead left last Saturday for Roseau county where he will spend several days disposing of a bunch of horses he has up there.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor 3 o'clock in the after noon. Rev. T. J. Seltz.

Mrs. Goldrich and children, of Grand Forks, who had spent a month in the city visiting at the home of Mrs. A. Joe Giller, left Tuesday for their home.

Mrs. B. M. Lewis, who had been in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Horton, left last Saturday for her home at Hornell, N. Y.

Miss Golda Hill, who has spent her summer vacation in this city, left Monday for Bemidji where she will teach during the coming school year.

H. E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday looking after his candidacy for the office of representative. He says that he is confident of being elected.

Miss Grace Meehan left last Saturday for East Grand Forks, having been engaged to teach in the city schools of that place during the coming year.

You take no chances when you order Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. They mean satisfactory results in baking every day in the week.

Ole B. Helgeson, a former resident of this city now located at Spokane, Wash., arrived in the city yesterday and will spend several weeks here looking after his business interests in this section.

George Leimers, one of the enterprising settlers of the town of Deer Park, was in Thief River Falls yesterday. Mr. Leimers is one of the patrons of the Highlanding creamery and states that he has been receiving a check for over $10 each month during the past summer for cream he sells to this institution. He and his family like the dairy business and next summer he intends to have twice as many milch cows. We predict that Mr. Leimers will be one of the best fixed farmers in this section in the near future.

Lots of Work.

Railroad business on the Soo has been picking up very rapidly of late and a large number of extra trains are being run. The North Dakota wheat crop is now being moved, and it is keeping a large force of conductors, engineers, brakesmen and firemen busy doing the work. Extra men are being hired all the time.

HORSE THIEF IS CAUGHT

Young Robert Kolseth, of Wyandotte, Stole His Uncles Horses Last Week.

Is Captured at Aneta by Cliff McLellan and Brought to This City.

Roberth Kolseth, a 19 year old boy of the town of Wyandotte, stole a team belonging to his uncle, Hans Kolseth, last week, drove the team to Crookston and sold them for $100. After selling the team young Kolseth was traced to Thief River Falls and the local police and trainmen were given a description of the boy. Tuesday he was discovered getting aboard a Soo frieght train at Aneta by Brakesman Cliff McLellan. Mr. McLellan and Conductor G. H. Frissel took him up to Lancaster, where he was turned over to the village marshall for safe keeping until they made the return trip to Thief River Falls that evening. Yesterday before Judge Bishop he entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to the Minnesota State Reformatory at St. Cloud. Messrs McLellan and Frissell will divide the $200 reward which the state pays for the capture of a horse thief.

This is not the first time young Kolseth has been in trouble. About a year ago he came to a Thief River Falls bank and asked for a loan, giving personal property for security. The local banker did not know Robert but did know of the high standing of the Kolseths of the town of Wyandotte, advanced the money and later it was discovered that the boy did not own the property he had mortgaged. In order to save him from being arrested his uncle advanced the money to pay the loan.

Schools Open.

The city schools opened Tuesday and the enrollment this week is far greater than that of corresponding week last year. The following is the faculty:

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

J. H. Hay, Supt.
Blanche Godward, Prin.
Maria Bioxrud, Normal Dept.
Elizabeth Dewey, Commercial Dept.
Clarice Grindeland, English.
L. L. Deal, Science, Mathemathics.
First Grade, Emma Bakke.
Second Grade, Gertrude Meehan.
Fourth Grade Racheal Schropel.
Fifth & Sixth, Tilla Johnson.

CENTRAL BUILDING.

Primary, Myrtle Wold.
First Grade, Grace Laughlin.
Second Grade, Vera Wilhelm.
Third Grade, Mary McGinn.
Fourth Grade, Gertrude Knoff.
Fifth & Sixth, Emma Hoff.
Seventh, Anna Espeseth.
Clarabelle Friedholm.

KNOX BUILDING.

Primary, Emiley Lakin.
First Grade, Lulu McCrum.
Second Grade, May Paine.
Third Grade, Alice McCabe.
Fourth Grade, Edith Day.
Fifth & Sixth, Stella Cipra.
Seventh & Eight, Hilda Ekholm.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a reelection.

Should you go to the theatre, in expectation of seeing a jumble of so called "pathos and merriment" and sensational melodrama we'd advise you to stay at home and figure your profit and loss, your grocery bill or something equally as interesting for you won't see it in the College Boy that comedy with music coming here Saturday, Sept. 12. There is no wronged heroine or deserted daughter. No one is killed or a buzz saw or thrown over the bridge. And there is no Mother in law. Just music, laughter and song, and fun, fast and furious and plenty of The characters are all comedy parts and comedy is the predominating sentiment. Of course there is a love story. Who ever heard of a play without it?

AT THE BIJOU.

"East Lynne", There are but few people who have not seen this tragic and pathetic play sometime or another. Refresh your memory and be interested once more by its appealing interpretation and compare the accuracy with which the moving pictures can duplicate the play itself. The balance of the program is very good, in the comedy order, "A Wonderful Fluid" and "Oh! Splash" also the "The Wonderful [illegible]", Tragic—"The Two Sisters" and "The Sailor's Dog". Mrs. Hoseth has a very pretty valse love song, "Spooning With Your Lady Love".

A 42 piece dinner set given away this week. Next week, a beautiful [illegible] set will be given away free, Saturday night. Amateur night, Friday, new faces, something new.

Mrs. Yonke Dead.

Mrs. August Yonke, wife of one of the pioneer settlers of this section, died at her home in Porter's addition early yesterday morning. The funeral services will be held today.

Boughton to Be a Candidate.

While in the city yesterday, Charles E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, intimated to friends here that he would next week announce his candidacy for the office of county attorney.

The real standing of a man in a community is often as accurately indicated by his rating in the county credit book as by the presence of his name on a church membership roll.

In the course of two years enough will be saved by covering the haystack with a canvas cover to pay for the improvement. In addition to this, it may be used as a cover for machinery temporarily, to pile apples on and as a thrashing floor for beans.

No farmer can be said to be living up to his opportunities if he resides within a reasonable distance and fails to attend his own state fair. It is an education all by itself, and the inspiration to be got from it ought to pay the expenses of his trip several times over.

Time was, when witches rode broomsticks in New England and possibly later, when tomatoes were considered as poisonous and were grown only because they were pretty to look at. In the succeeding interval they have come to occupy a leading place as one of America's staple fruits.

A nice illustration of the way folks will adjust themselves to their necessities and environment is shown in the philosophical way in which folks in the corn belt put up with sweltering hot weather for the sake of this staple crop. They frequently ejaculate about the fierceness of the heat, but always wind up by remarking how fine it is for the corn.

A family living in a western city who had been securing their milk from the town milkman went away not long since for several days. This gentleman left his milk regularly every morning. When they came home they found that the milk brought on the first day of their absence had not soured. They tried to sour it and could not. An inspection by the city chemist revealed enough formalin in the milk to keep it indefinitely. An investigation of this man's methods is now under way, and relief is in sight.

A report made during July by Professor Woodworth, head of the entomological department of the University of California, was to the effect that the cantaloupe louse, which had lately made its appearance in California, was doing extensive damage to the lima bean crop in the vicinity of Carpinteria, the pest being quite extensively distributed over the fields. Inasmuch as the lima bean crop of California is valued in the millions, the appearance of this new pest can only be viewed with alarm.

While a leader of other nations in many commendable lines, the United States surpasses them also in some that are not pleasant to contemplate. A recent report issued by a member of the imperial railroad administration of Germany states that out of every thousand railway employees injured each year in the three countries the United States stands first with 43.5, England second with 11.8 and Germany with but 2.8. Out of 10,000 employees there are killed annually in this country 26.1 in England 12.3 and in Germany less than 4.

Those afflicted with tuberculosis should derive both comfort and real benefit from the fact that after years of patient and thorough research into the causes of and cures for the "white plague" no single thing is today considered of so great value in checking the ravages of the disease as abundance of sunshine and pure, fresh air, tonics that are free and ought to be available for all. In view of these findings those afflicted should spend every possible moment of their waking hours in the open, in light work or recreation, as circumstances may require, while the sleeping room at night should have windows wide open winter and summer. Of importance, but less so, are a nutritious ration and plenty of sleep.

A reader of these notes who lives in Indianapolis, Ind., and who in past years has been successful in the growing of asters writes that this year when his plants reached five or six inches in height they withered and died without any cause that was discernible from a careful inspection, and he inquires what the cause of the trouble may be. While the condition of the plants described may be the result of an overfertilizing of the soil with some commercial product, it is more likely to be the result of the work of the stalk borer, which seems to attack without partiality pigweed, ragweed corn, tomato and potato vines, asters salvias and other stalky plants. This pest is hard to combat because it works entirely on the inside of the stalk. While it would not remedy the difficulty entirely, it would be a help to root up and burn plants which have been attacked and ruined as well as to hoe out from the bed all weeds in which the worms would be likely to work. Had the damage to the asters been reported early in June it might have been due to the work of the white grub, which later changes into the June bug, but this would hardly be a possibility five or six weeks later.

Nan's Experiment.

By CECILY ALLEN.

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"The foundations of our social system are rotten to the core!" announced Nan, leaning forward in the great wicker chair to watch the progress of the little Italian across the velvety lawn.

Her brother Bob sank even more deeply in his own cushioned chair and studied the smoke curling upward from the tip of his very good cigar.

"I told Uncle Henry this would be the inevitable result of sending you to a western co-ed college. The social system here is quite good enough for me."

Nan's broad forehead was puckered in a thoughtful frown.

"Now, take that young Italian foreman of yours, for instance! What puts him in a different class from you? The fact that his father had not enough money to feed his big family and your father had too much money *for the good of his two children.*"

"Really," remarked Bob, with eyes dancing, "I never noticed any complaints from you about superfluity of cash."

"Give that man a Fifth avenue tailor, a valet and a motor car and he would pass muster in our set shoulder to shoulder with you."

"I don't know about that," pursued Bob. "He might eat with his knife"—

"Not after he had been told it was wrong," said Nan, with conviction. "Suppose he were wearing corduroy for shooting instead of digging excavations. Suppose he were wearing shirt sleeves on a tennis court or the links instead of in your employ. He would be a gentleman, one of your equals. He would look not a whit different from what he does today, but we would accept him socially where today we regard him as our inferior."

Bob cast amused glances at a corner in the porch roof where two birds were busily building a nest among the vines. "And this is the modern woman—the effect of the higher education," he murmured.

It might have been the birds, cooing and contended, or it might have just been the love of mischief which some men never outgrow even when, like Robert Darnton, they can count iron gray hairs by the score above each temple. At any rate, he sat up very suddenly and determinedly and regarded his sister quite seriously.

"Have you the courage of your convictions? Are you willing to put your theory to the test? Will you let me invite my foreman here as an equal, provided, of course, that I secure the stipulated Fifth avenue tailoring, the 'man' and the motor?"

"Good gracious, Bob, you move so suddenly!" suggested Nan.

"No time like the present, and I insist that any one who attacks our social system should prove its rottenness when she has the opportunity. I will invite my foreman here as a guest. I will agree that he is properly coached for his part (it would not be fair to turn him loose on our unsuspecting guests without some training), and then I will wager you a diamond sunburst against a crocheted tie that you ask me to put him out of the house before the week is up."

Nan's glance traveled once more across the expanse of green lawn. The lithe figure of the Italian was just disappearing behind a clump of shrubbery. Well, in appearance, at least, he could do the house of Darnton no discredit. Anyhow, why should a girl who was planning settlement work for the fall shrink at the thought of having one "case" in her home for a few days? She would have to live among them—in the fall!

"Well?" inquired Bob, watching her lovely, changeable expression with appreciative eyes.

"Let him come!" she answered, with assumed nonchalance and—there was no denying it—something of pleasure that she was to meet again the glance of the Italian's wondrous brown eyes. Standing on the lower step of the porch, he had looked a veritable young god. "Only you are not to tell him that the idea, the theory, is mine."

So did Vincenzo Pantozzi join the innermost circle of the social set graced by the Darntons—came also a rakish yellow racer of foreign make, a man versed in all the mysteries of the tailoring world, and a wardrobe which was a credit at least to Bob Darnton's generosity.

On one point Vincenzo stood firm. He must be permitted to leave the house every morning in time to join his workmen who were building the marvelous Italian garden at the lower end of the estate. If the fair chatelaine often shared his early breakfast, her zeal as a sociological student was to her command.

Barring a few times when Vincenzo gripped the wrong table utensil in his nervousness or dropped his spoon or fork, he did very well at table, and there was no need of dread on the part of his hostess when the elaborate week end dinner was scheduled.

"It is marvelous what imitative creatures we all are," she observed mentally one morning. She had ordered the early breakfast served on the side porch, and the scent of honeysuckle was all over.

And then Vincenzo, looking up, caught something—he did not know just what—in her calm gray eyes and promptly proceeded to upset a squat pitcher of cream.

Every night Vincenzo came in from the embryonic Italian gardens to be shaved and dressed by the stolid Englishman provided by his host.

If there were no guests for the evening Bob went a-calling on his neighbors and the fair chatelaine found herself spinning in the moonlight beside the pseudo owner of the rakish yellow car, who was taking to luxury and the social career as a duck takes to water.

To be sure, Bob suggested rather heartlessly that the week end party had best be postponed. It is one thing to conduct a social experiment, he remarked, and another to explain it when the experimenter was a charming young woman. And the experimented one—well, there was no use talking! Vincenzo had proved no slouch!

And on the evening of the fourth day Bob came home from the city late. Dinner had been served. The porch was deserted.

No, Miss Darnton and Mr. Pantozzi were not out motoring. The gentleman (what nice shades of meaning a stolid faced servant can put into a simple phrase) had gone away in his car alone and Miss Darnton was in her room, quite ill with a headache.

Headache notwithstanding, she burst into her brother's study directly the servant had gone back to the rear of *the house. Her face was quite pale.* Her eyes shone with unnatural brilliancy from the center of dark circles.

"I've come to acknowledge my defeat, Bob," she said bitterly. "I'll start your tie in the morning, and I wish you would see that Vin—Mr. Pantozzi leaves the house before I start the tie."

"Whew!" gasped Bob. "What has he done? Eaten peas with a spoon or demanded macaroni uncut?"

Nan leaned wearily against a chair and her mouth drooped.

"It has been a dreadful mistake, Bob. Don't joke about it, dear. Vincenzo—tonight—he has fallen in love with me!"

Bob leaned back in his chair and laughed heartlessly.

"Which goes to show," he gasped between paroxysms, "that your theory is entirely correct. He fell right into our life, our ways. He is one of us. I don't know a heart free man in our crowd who would not fall in love with you—if he had the opportunities of seeing you in your most charming, womanly moods, as poor Pantozzi has. Don't blame him for that! It's a bad theorist who won't accept the results of her own experiments."

"I didn't think you would take it like this, Bob. I thought the honor of the family"—

Bob bit his lip.

"Did he say anything that reflected on the Darnton honor?"

"No-o. He was lovely, but a bit hysterical. He said—well, you know what they all say—that I was the one woman—that he was unworthy of me—that he would not have placed me in such a false position—but he should love me always—and then he jumped into his car—your car, I mean—and went down the drive like mad."

"He didn't happen to say that he thought it a shame for a pretty girl to lose by trickery the best sunburst Tiffany could put up, did he?"

"Bob," gasped his sister, leaning heavily against the table, "did he know?"

"Everything, my dear! Vincenzo is a chap I met in Paris, the younger son of an old Roman family who have nothing but chapels and marbles and paintings which the state will not permit them to sell, and Vincenzo was studying architecture with the laudable intention of earning a fortune to keep the confounded chapels and relics in the family. I gave him his first commission, and he has retaliated by demanding the hand of my only sister. That's gratitude for you! I'll send him packing in the morning," said Bob, with assumed fierceness. Then suddenly a figure all in white nestled against his broad shoulder; a slim arm crept around his neck.

"I'd—I'd rather you wouldn't, Bob. I need a new sunburst worse than anything else in the world, except"—

"A glimpse of Pantozzi's face at this minute—and there's his car!"

Artemus Ward's Accomplishment.

On the occasion of Artemus Ward's professional visit to London, which occurred not long before his death, J. E. Preston Muddock says in his book, "Pages From an Adventurous Life," that the American humorist's advertisements of his "show" were as full of funny surprises as the lectures themselves. One that tickled the general public was this:

Artemus Ward delivered Lectures Before All the Crowned Heads of Europe ever thought of delivering lectures.

And an excerpt from his lecture on "Drawing" is quoted by Mr. Muddock as a particularly delightful bit.

"I haven't distinguished myself as an artist," Ward said in his inimitable way, "but have always been mixed up in art. I have an uncle who takes photographs in his sane moments, and I have a servant who takes everything he can lay his hands on at any moment.

"At a very tender age I could draw on wood. When a mere child I once drew a small cart load of raw turnips over a wooden bridge. It was a raw morning. The people of the village recognized me. They said it was a raw turnip drawing. That shows how faithfully I had copied nature. I drew their attention to it, so you see there was a lot of drawing in it.

"The villagers, with the wonderful discernment peculiar to villagers, [illegible] I had a future before me. As I [illegible] walking backward when I made the drawing, I replied that I thought [illegible] future must be behind me."

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Flinty Plant Covers.

When Sir Humphry Davy was a boy about sixteen, a little girl came to him in great excitement:

"Humphry, do tell me why these two pieces of cane make a tiny spark of light when I rub them together?"

Humphry was a studious boy, who spent hours in thinking out scientific problems. He patted the child's curly head and said:

"I do not know, dear. Let us see if they really do make a light, and then we will try to find out why."

Humphry soon found that the little girl was right. The pieces of cane if rubbed together quickly did give a tiny light. Then he set to work to find out the reason, and after some time, thanks to the observing powers of his little friend and his own kindness to her in not impatiently telling her not to "worry," as so many might have done, Humphry Davy made the first of his interesting discoveries. Every reed, cane and grass has an outer skin of flinty stuff, which protects the inside from insects and also helps the frail looking leaves to stand upright.

Table Manners In Old France.

Could we restore for half an hour the dinner table of old France and obtain half a dozen instantaneous photographs of a royal banquet at any era between the reigns of Francis I and Louis Quatorze such a "cataract of laughter" would be heard as might disturb the serenity of Louis in paradise. The duchess, her napkin tied securely round her neck, would be seen mumbling a bone, the noble marquis surreptitiously scratching himself, the belle marquise, withdrawing her spoon from her lips to help a neighbor to sauce with it, another fair creature scouring her plate with her bread, a gallant courtier using his doublet or the tablecloth as a towel for his fingers and two footmen holding a yard of damask under a lady's chin while she emptied her goblet at a draft. During a feast of inordinate length it was sometimes necessary to substitute a clean cloth for the one which the carelessness or bad manners of the guests had reduced to a deplorable condition. —"An Idler In Old France."

The Midget Snakes.

"I see by your paper," says a correspondent, "that you want to find a man who can tell a snake story with the sound of originality to it. Here it is: Nearly forty years ago in the woods of Indiana I captured three snakes, each less than three and one-fourth inches in length, a combined length of less than ten inches, a little longer and a little larger in the middle than an old fashioned wool darning needle. Although these snakes were so small they would crawl around with their heads up and dart out their tongues like larger snakes, I put these reptiles in an eight ounce bottle, and they had plenty of room to crawl around on the bottom of it without crowding. These were not the kind of snakes generally seen in bottles, but genuine snakes. Among those who saw them was a minister of the gospel, and he had not been taking anything to make him see snakes either."—Emporia Gazette.

The Pirates.

The Chicago News fails to name the hero of this story, but has it that the visitor to the home of a well known Hoosier State author found his three youngsters romping in the hallway.

"What are you playing, boys?" he inquired.

"We are playing pirates," elucidated the smallest.

"Pirates? Why, how can you play pirates in Indiana? There are no seas bordering on this state."

"Oh, we don't need any seas. We are literary pirates, like pa."

And five minutes later a chorus of yells from behind the barn told that the hand that wields the pen can also wield the shingle.

Outside of His Practice.

"All that is the matter with you, sir," said the eminent physician after a thorough examination, "is lack of nutrition. You don't eat enough."

"I eat all I can hold, doctor," said the attenuated caller.

"Then you need to have your capacity enlarged, and that's a case for a surgeon. Five dollars, please. Good morning."—Chicago Tribune.

Overstudy.

Books are pleasant, but if by being overstudious we impair our health and spoil our good humor, two of the best pieces we have, let us give it over. I, for my part, am one of those who think that no fruit derived from them can recompense so great a loss.—Montaigne.

She Was Safe.

Little four-year-old Mabel was running downhill, holding her dress tightly.

"Be careful," called her mother, "or you will fall."

"Oh, no, I won't," replied Mabel, "'cause I'm holding tight to myself."

Not What He Meant.

Physician—Have you any aches or pains this morning? Patient—Yes, doctor; it hurts me to breathe—in fact, the only trouble now seems to be with my breath. Physician—All right. I'll give you something that will soon stop that!

Forbearance.

Bacon—Did you ever have any desire to go on the stage? Egbert—Oh, yes; only last week I did. Oh, the actor was vile! But I contented myself with shying an egg at him.—Yonkers Statesman.

I never listen to calumnies, because if they are untrue I run the risk of being deceived and if they are true of [illegible] people not worth thinking about.

CHECKING A BUNDLE.

The Way the Tired Man Saved Himself Labor and Trouble.

One day a man went into a very big store. He had a heavy package with him.

Not in the sense you mean, smarties, but in the real sense.

He had to go two blocks farther down the street and didn't want to carry the package. So he decided that he would leave it in the check room.

He asked a floorwalker who looked like a United States senator, but who was a perfect gentleman, where the check room was. The floorwalker said:

"ThreeaislesoverdownstairsandoverontheWabashside."

He went there, wherever that was, and found he had made a mistake.

He knew it was himself who had made the mistake, for as nice a man as a floorwalker with a Prince Albert on couldn't have made a mistake.

Finally after he had lugged his bundle thirty-two blocks hunting the check room, had found the check room and deposited his bundle he walked his two blocks to the other place and was through for the day.

Then he soliloquized:

"How should I ever have got through or stood the wear and tear of that long two blocks carrying that bundle? If it hadn't been for the check room system, what could I have done?"—Chicago News.

TIPS IN ENGLAND.

Lord Russell's Fee to the Headsman Who Executed Him.

Mr. George Russell, discoursing on tips in the Manchester Guardian, after the manner of his "Collections and Recollections," treats the subject historically under its various names of fees, vales (or vells), honorarium (as Disraeli preferred to call it) and pouches.

Ancient usage has a peculiarly consecrating effect in the matter of tips and fees. Horace Walpole records the astonishment of George I. when told that he must give guineas to the servant of the ranger of his park for bringing him a brace of carp out of his own pond.

Apparently everybody in England is at some time or other justified in demanding a fee unless it be the monarch. When Tait became archbishop of Canterbury and met the queen he breathed a sigh of relief on at last encountering a person to whom he had not to pay something.

According to Bishop Burnet, a man used to have to give a tip in order to be decapitated. He tells the story of Lord Russell when under sentence of death for high treason asking what he ought to give the executioner. "I told him 10 guineas. He said, with a smile, it was a pretty thing to give a fee to have his head cut off."

For Number Two.

"George, dear, what kind of a woman would you marry if you married again?" asked the amiable wife.

"Well, if I married again"— began the brutal husband.

"Then you acknowledge that you would marry again?"

"I'm not saying one way or the other, but"—

"But you don't give me a definite answer, and that proves"—

"That doesn't prove anything, because"—

"It does too! So what kind of a woman would you marry if you married again?"

"I wouldn't marry again. I could not."

"Of course you have to say that."

"Of course I do, because I was about to say that if I married again it would be the kind of a woman who would not ask me what kind of a woman I would marry if I married again."—Judge.

Singing Pigeons.

The queer Chinese change pigeons into song birds by fastening whistles to their breasts. The wind of their flight then causes a weird and plaintive music that is seldom silenced in the pigeon haunted cities of Pekin and Canton. The Belgians, great pigeon fliers, fasten whistles beneath the wings of valuable racing carriers, claiming that the shrill noise is a sure protection against hawks and other birds of prey. As a similar protection, reeds, emitting an odd wailing sound, are fixed to the tail feathers of the dispatch bearing pigeons of the German army.

What He Was Looking For.

"I do wish, Edward," said the lady of his choice, "that you wouldn't stare at other women so much. It's very rude and is certainly no compliment to me."

"On the contrary, my dear," replied the resourceful benedict, "I was looking to see if I could find a prettier face than yours, and I confess I really cannot."—New York Press.

Eating Before Sleep.

"Is it safe to eat before going to sleep?" asks Sibyl.

"Oh, yes, much safer than eating afterward, we should say! It is so hard to see what you are eating when you are asleep, you know."—Pathfinder.

An Enthusiast.

Towne—Oh, yes, he's quite an enthusiast. He goes in for things in real earnest. Browne—Yes. If some one were to send him on a wild goose chase he'd speak of himself afterward as a sportsman.—Philadelphia Press.

Fairies of the Deep.

Mother Pike (to Little Piker)—What fairy story do you want me to tell you today? Little Piker—Either Little Red Herring Hood or Octo-Puss In Boots.—Kansas City Star.

Chess and War.

The origin of chess is shrouded in mystery. There is little doubt, however, that its birthplace was in India and that it is an offspring of a game called chaturanga, which is mentioned in oriental literature as in use fully 200 years before the Christian era. From India chess spread into Persia and thence into Arabia, and ultimately the Arabs took it into Spain and the rest of western Europe. The game was in all probability invented for the purpose of illustrating the art of war. The Arab legend upon this point is that it was devised for the instruction of a young despot by his father, a learned Brahman, to teach him that a king notwithstanding his power was dependent for safety upon his subjects. The Greek historians credit the invention of the game to Palamedes, who, they claim, devised it to beguile the tedium of the siege of Troy during the Trojan war.

The Slippery Pronoun.

Many are the circumlocutions which have been devised by civilized races in order to avoid the bluntness of direct address. In fact, it may be said that at the moment when a nation standardizes its language it begins to have trouble with its pronouns.

"Thou" has of course become obsolete except in prayer, although it flourishes colloquially in the north of England. The second person plural is substituted. In parts of the south "you all" is heard, a further step toward refined elusiveness.

In France and Germany "thou" has been retained in familiar or semicontemptuous speech. In Spain and Italy, on the other hand, the third person is substituted habitually in place of it.—Harper's Weekly.

Touched.

Mrs. Homespun—The comic papers say you fellows never work. Weary Waffles—Y-yes'm; de comic papers also say dat mother-in-laws is a nuisance when everybody knows dat dey are de most sweetest an' angelic uv mortals, an'— Mrs. Homespun—You poor, dear man! Come right in this minute. I will broil a chicken for you.—Judge.

Sorry.

Mamma—Here comes your father. See how cross you've made him. Now go and tell him you're sorry. Tommy—Say, pop, I'm sorry you're so blamed cross.—Philadelphia Press.

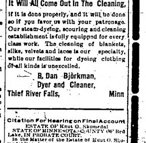

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning,

if it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam-dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.

B. Dan Björkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

Citation For Hearing on Final Account

ESTATE OF Knut O. Skomedal

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Ane Omundsen and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said court, this 1st day of September 1908.

COURT SEAL

N. W. Tarrant
Probate Judge

sept. 3-17.

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

For the Convalescent

Weakness follows sickness. The cure for weakness is nourishment. Digesto is nourishment. It is a highly concentrated liquid food, predigested, and during the period of convalescence proves a most valuable aid to nature in her work of reconstruction.

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BREWERS OF THE BEER THAT
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Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRAISE FOR SWEDISH PEOPLE

Special Correspondent of "Der Tag" Says He Never Saw So Many Handsome Folks in All His Life.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The special correspondent of "Der Tag" has written as follows regarding Sweden and the Swedes: "I have never seen so many handsome people in my life as here in Stockholm. Beyond a question the handsomest people in all Sweden live in Stockholm. The language spoken here is fluent and soft and it is a pleasure to hear people converse. I am not talking lightly and I must confess that the Swedes have charmed me. The divorce between Sweden and Norway came about in a most natural manner." Commenting on this a Swedish paper says: "While we are not quite willing to agree that the handsomest people in the world live in Stockholm, we believe with our German friend that the Swedish language is soft, yes musical, and this he would learn to appreciate in a fuller degree if he lived here for a few years in Sweden."

A French naval officer writes as follows regarding the Swedish navy: "Sweden is one of the three Scandinavian nations which has progressed farthest along naval lines. She now possesses twelve protected cruisers, with a displacement of from 3,000 to 4,000 tons. Sweden has fortunately, too, built a navy, which is modelled after the nature and requirements of the country and her cruisers are in a way the most powerful in the world. Her coast defense is admirably managed in every particular and it would even be a difficult matter for one of the powers to make much headway along the nature-protected coasts of Sweden. Within a few years the Swedish navy will be one which will have to be reckoned with."

The national order of Good Templars has decided to make its twentieth anniversary memorable by establishing a common high school at Venerberg near Gothenburg, erecting the building on its property at the place and guaranteeing the running expenses of the school from year to year. The Good Templars are receiving much praise for their sensible solution of the memorial problem.

The Swedish colony at Copenhagen is planning to erect a building to be used for lectures, social gatherings, etc., that are not essentially of a religious nature. The colony has already made good progress in the building of its new church, and with this new building will be in excellent shape for cultivating the spiritual and intellectual life of its members.

The agricultural department has proposed a bill for the regulation of the importation and sale of foreign seed, especially red clover and hops. One of the requirements will be that such seed packages be marked in plain characters "Foreign Seed." It is expected that this will have a tendency to encourage the consumer in the use of home grown seeds.

About 2,000 crowns have already been solicited for the Carl [illegible] statue. It will, however, be necessary to have 100,000 crowns collected before the statue can be erected. The work of soliciting is pushing rapidly ahead and the chances are that within another year the necessary amount shall have been collected.

Emperor William's visit to Stockholm brought about seven hundred German tourists to the Swedish capital. The hotels and cafes were kept busy working overtime during the emperor's visit and naturally his presence in Stockholm brought a lot of money to the city.

Boeckman, Finland's governor general, arrived in Stockholm the other day and is at present the guest of the mayor of the city. The governor general is of Swedish-Finnish extraction and converses fluently in the Swedish language.

King Gustaf has been spending a week at Saro, accompanied by some of his most intimate friends from Stockholm. Several thousand turned out to greet him and a reception was tendered in his honor by the citizens of Saro.

The study of the English language has been made obligatory in the Stockholm high schools. This is a step in the right direction and will place the English language on par with the French in the Swedish capital.

Queen Victoria sent a telegram to Count Zeppelin expressing her and the king's sympathy because of the count's misfortune with his airship and also expressing the hope that he will be successful in his next venture.

The "Society Francaise" in Stockholm has received a gift of 500 crowns from President Fallieres of France. The French president has since his visit to Sweden been exceptionally generous to Swedish institutions.

King Gustaf's visit to Paris has been scheduled for Nov. 7 and 10 inclusive. From Paris the Swedish king will journey direct to London, where he will be the guest of King Edward.

Sweden has received an official invitation to participate in the World's fair at Brussels in 1910. The riksdag [illegible] is expected to make a substantial appropriation for Sweden's exhibit at this fair.

The export of milk to Berlin is soon to be greatly increased, several dealers intending to make use of the Trelleborg-Sassnitz steam ferry line as soon as it is ready.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The Norwegian steamer "Folgefonden" struck a rock near Skaanevig a week ago last Saturday evening and sank in less than 3 minutes. The steamer carried seventy passengers and it is believed that fully forty persons perished. Up to this time fifteen bodies have been found, among others the body of the captain of the ship. Hundreds of people viewed the catastrophe from shore. The heroic efforts of the fisher folk to reach those in distress were prevented owing to the high sea. Most of the passengers were asleep in their berths when the accident happened and the steamer sank so rapidly that there was no time to use the life boats. Many of those who were saved had the presence of mind to jump overboard and were afterwards picked up by fishermen on shore.

During the month of August the tourist traffic was unusually heavy in Norway. The Emperor of Germany spent a few weeks in the country and this of course brought a great many German tourists to the country. The visit of the French president attracted a good many Frenchmen and there has been the usual quota of Englishmen and Americans. The number of Norwegian-Americans who have visited the country during the past summer were unusually large. Very few, if any Norwegian-Americans come to remain permanently in Norway and the attempt to make them settle again in the old country seems futile.

It is estimated that the value of the real estate of Norway, excepting Finmarken, is 912,000,000 crowns. This is 40,000,000 crowns more than the same real estate was worth five years ago, showing a gratifying increase in land values in Norway. Akershus has the highest valuation of any of the districts, 90,000,000 crowns, which represents an increase of 4,000,000 crowns in five years. Hedemarken comes next, being worth 88,000,000 crowns.

The salmon fishing at Vadsø and vicinity has thus far been very successful. Up to the present time last year 37,057 kilos were exported from there. This year 71,231 kilos have been shipped out. The prices have been low, but have during the past few days been going up considerably.

The "Dagbladet" is criticising the government most vehemently for allowing the king to grant so many orders. The journal argues that it is detrimental to the interests of Norway to grant titles and orders to men of letters, as it is creative of class distinction.

Lord Phillip's beautiful villa in Sundalen was a few days ago completely destroyed by fire. It was erected about five years ago and was one of the most elegantly equipped villas in that section of the country.

President Fallieres of France received as a gift during his visit to Norway from the king and queen a silver statue of King Haakon of Norway, whose picture is preserved in the Stavanger cathedral.

Bergen theater will be opened for the season this week with the popular comedy "The Widow." Madame Gyda Christensen will carry the title role, assisted by the popular comedian, Thorlief Lund.

The Norwegian order of Good Templars has just celebrated the twentieth anniversary of its organization. This order comprises at present 5,000 grown members and 2,500 children.

The storthing has corrected the law providing for accident insurance for fishermen so that it includes women who are engaged in fishing as a regular occupation.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The following dispatch dated Bergen, Norway, Aug. 10, gives an account in detail of the sad fate of the Danish explorer, Mylius Erichsen: "The ship Denmark of the Denmark-Greenland expedition, arrived in Bergen yesterday. It appears that the body of the Danish explorer, Mylius Erichsen, who perished in a snow storm while traveling over the ice on the northwestern coast of Greenland, was not recovered. During the explorations an extensive group of islands were discovered between latitudes 78 and 79. Lieutenant Trolle, master of the Denmark, made the following statement to the Associated Press: 'The expedition carried out the objects for which it was formed, but it paid dearly in doing so. Mylius Erichsen and Lieutenants Hagen and Broenlund perished in November, 1907, in trying to return from the north coast of Greenland by way of the inland ice, having been obliged to remain on the north coast during the summer of that year, owing to the state of the weather. Broenlund's body was found in a crevice near a depot. Beside it were sketches showing the work that had been done and also his diary.'"

Temperance work is progressing nicely in Denmark judging from the steady increase in membership of a number of the temperance organizations. The Blue Cross temperance organization already has 20,000 members in Denmark, although the work was only started a short time ago.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The most brutal crime committed in Greater Boston since the death of Susan Geary, a chorus girl, four years ago, was disclosed by the discovery of the torso of Mrs. Honorah Jordan, an actress, aged twenty-three, of Somerville, in a trunk in a boarding house. Later the head and bones of the limbs were found in the furnace of the Jordan home at Somerville and the scalp, hair and other gruesome remains were taken from the kitchen range of the house. Chester Jordan, aged twenty-nine, an actor, of Somerville, is held by the police, charged with the murder.

Lowry and Akaska, two new towns on the Minneapolis and St. Louis road in Southern Walworth county, S. D., were partially destroyed by fires started by a band of night riders. Revenge for the arrest of several suspected horse thieves is believed to be the cause of the raid of the towns.

Crazed by the heat Mrs. Matthew Borna, the wife of a wealthy farmer, living fifteen miles west of Elgin, Ill., forced her small children to swallow carbolic acid. She then drank a quantity of the poison herself. One child is dead. The woman and the other two children are dying.

The territorial supreme court at Manila has decided that the sultan of Dunaharra must hang for the part he took as leader of the raid on Parang, Island of Mindanao, in January, 1905, wherein J. W. McDonald of that place was killed by the raiders.

Lillie Wheatley, a handsome woman, was shot and killed by Mrs. Walter Allen, wife of the proprietor of the St. Charles hotel in Wichita Falls, Tex. Miss Wheatley was in a carriage with Mr. Allen when the shooting occurred.

Following a quarrel at their home Henry Stuckman, an Indianapolis produce dealer, shot and instantly killed his wife and then turned the weapon on himself, dying almost instantly. Jealousy is the probable cause.

John Czolgosz, a brother of President McKinley's assassin, was sentenced to the Sharon (Pa.) workhouse for three months. The police claim Czolgosz is insane and his case will be investigated.

Dock Watson, in Hillsboro, Tex., shot a young man named Carl Horn and Miss Edsell and then himself. Both men died almost instantly and Miss Edsell is believed to be fatally wounded.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Governor Hanly has issued a call for an extra session of the Indiana legislature to meet in Indianapolis Sept. 18. The subjects to be considered are a county local option law, a repeal of the grant of $120,548 unexpended balances appropriated to state institutions by the last legislature from reverting to the general fund and to give the governor power to deal with troubles in Southern Indiana that may be caused by night riders.

In the United States circuit court at St. Paul Judge Van Deventer granted the application of the Arkansas railroads for a temporary injunction restraining the state of Arkansas from further enforcing the present railroad rate laws until their validity can be tested by law.

A stylish picture hat saved the life of Miss Rose Levine of Brooklyn, who was struck down by a hammer that fell from the tenth story of the Flatiron building.

Salt Lake City secured the forty-third annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic next year.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The Cosmopolitan National bank, one of Pittsburg smaller institutions, has closed its doors on orders from the comptroller of the currency.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 5.—Wheat—Sept., 99¾c; Dec., $1.00⅛; May, $1.03⅞@1.04. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02½; No. 2 Northern, 99¾c@$1.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.01⅞@1.02⅞; No. 2 Northern, 99⅞c@$1.00⅞; Sept., 99⅞c; Dec., 99¼c; May, $1.03. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.25½; Oct., $1.24⅛; Nov., $1.24½; Dec., $1.23.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.55; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; calves, $[illegible]@5.75. Hogs—$6.55@6.65. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $3.75@4.10; yearlings, $4.00@4.25; good to choice spring lambs, $4.50@5.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Wheat—Sept., 97⅞c; Dec., 97¾c; May, $1.00[illegible]. Corn—Sept., 78¾c; Dec., 67⅝@67⅞c; May, 65⅛c; July, 64⅞c. Oats—Sept., 49½c; Dec., 50⅛@50¼c; May, 52[illegible]c. Pork—Sept., $14.57½; Oct., $14.6[illegible]; Jan., $16.30. Butter—Creameries, 18[illegible]@22½c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 1[illegible]; springs, 14c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@7.65, Texans $3.4[illegible]; Westerners, $3.20@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.45; cows and heifers, $1.70@5.70; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Light, $6.30@6.90; mixed, $6.[illegible]@7.00, heavy, $6.25@7.05, rough, $6.[illegible]@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.[illegible]@7.05; pigs, $4.10@6.00. Sheep—Native, $2.15@4.20; yearlings, $4.10@4.75, lambs, $3.25@6.00.

CRUSHED BY AUTO

Prominent St. Paul Real Estate Man Killed.

THREE DIE BY GAS FUMES

Capital City Contractor, His Wife and Aged Relative Asphyxiated.

Paris Fletcher of the real estate firm of Clarke & Fletcher of St. Paul was killed and Mrs. Fletcher was seriously injured in an automobile accident near Minneiska, Wabasha county, about sixteen miles from Winona.

The accident occurred at the bottom of a steep hill a mile out of Minneiska. The machine overturned and Mr. Fletcher was pinned under it, being crushed across the abdomen.

Mr. Fletcher was one of the best known men in the business and social circles of St. Paul. He had lived there for about twenty-two years, during which time he had been in business as a real estate dealer and as manager of estates. He was forty-three years of age.

OVERCOME BY GAS.

Three Persons Are Dead and Another One Dying.

Peter J. Schollert, head of the Schollert company, painters and decorators; Mrs. P. Schollert, his wife, and Lewis Christianson, brother of Mrs. Schollert, are dead at the Schollert home in St. Paul as the result of asphyxiation by illuminating gas. Hans Hendrickson, a cousin of Mrs. Schollert, is at the city hospital, where physicians say he cannot possibly recover.

The dead and dying were discovered by Mrs. G. Webber, a married daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Schollert, who lives next door, and who, at the request of her brother Victor, who had arisen early and gone to work, went to the house to call her parents and their country visitors, who had been at the fair the previous evening.

Failing to arouse them from their slumbers and detecting a strong odor of gas Mrs. Webber instantly sought help and Dr. Wirth was summoned. He found life extinct in the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Schollert and of her brother, Mr. Christianson.

There still remained a spark of life in Mr. Hendricksen and he was hastened to the city hospital with a hope of saving his life, although the hospital authorities fear that the elderly man cannot withstand the battle for life, as his age and physical condition are against him.

A gas tube attached to a bath heater in the bathroom which became disconnected by coming in contact with the chain is assigned to be the cause of the accident. When the bodies were discovered gas was pouring from a small stub to which the tube should have been attached.

KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF

Double Tragedy Takes Place in West St. Paul.

Crazed by liquor Joseph Elnberger of West St. Paul killed his wife and himself. The tragedy was enacted in the rear of the Elnberger residence.

Elnberger was an employe of a brewing company. He did not return home to supper and his wife found him drinking in a saloon. She insisted that he accompany her home and the shooting occurred soon after their arrival at the residence.

Elnberger fired three shots from a revolver into his wife's body and then turned the weapon upon himself. He fell with two bullets in his head and died instantly. His wife lived for half an hour. They were the parents of four children.

State Fair Record Broken.

All previous attendance records were broken by the state fair of 1908. The figures have been given out by the fair management and show that for the first time in the history of the fair the attendance exceeded the 300,000 mark. To be exact, the attendance was 326,753 for the week. The total receipts for the week were $162,781 as compared with $136,471.90 for 1907.

Hand Car Crew In Wild Plunge.

Five members of a section crew were injured when a hand car they were operating left the track near Red Wing. The men were operating the car at a good speed in order to get into the station ahead of an approaching train when their car suddenly left the track and the men were hurled down an embankment.

Street Sweeper Killed by Car.

Joseph Sock, sixty years of age, a street sweeper in the employ of the St. Paul city engineer's office, was struck by an eastbound Selby-Lake car on Selby avenue near Grotto street and received injuries from which he died before the arrival of the police ambulance.

Sudden Squall Upsets Boat.

Two boys were drowned in Cedar lake, near Faribault. They were John Arner of that city and Fred Peterson, living at the lake. A sudden gust of wind upset the boat and both boys were thrown into the lake. Both boys were about twelve years of age.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Letters to the effect that the Pillsbury-Washburn mills at Minneapolis will have to be closed down unless three-quarters of a million dollars can be raised immediately have been sent to creditors of the defunct milling company by the receivers appointed by the court. In these letters the receivers ask creditors' approval of an application to the court to ask permission to raise the needed sum by issuance of receivers' certificates. A large number of replies have been received and all are said to approve the issuance of the certificates and the keeping of the mills in operation.

The state school of agriculture is planning to issue certificates through local cow testing associations to those dairymen whose cows produce 250 pounds of butter fat a year. The school is endeavoring to raise the standard of the dairy cows of the state and is planning to offer every inducement to dairymen to keep only the large producers. The school will offer to furnish milk sheets to the dairymen and will calculate the records of cows at the school.

In the opinion of the members of the Minnesota Field Crop Breeders' association agriculture has been greatly neglected at the Minnesota state fair owing to the lack of sufficient quarters for the exhibits and the association will endeavor to have this condition remedied by the erection of a new building. An attempt will be made to secure an appropriation of $150,000 for this purpose when the legislature meets next winter.

Idle people to the number of 25,000 were provided with jobs by the Minnesota free employment bureau during the past year. The bureau operates offices in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. The number of applicants for work was considerably in excess of the number given work. Most of the places supplied were for unskilled laborers, many of the men going to city contractors and the harvest fields.

The directors of the Minnesota Retail Grocers and Merchants' association held a meeting at the fair grounds to make arrangements for the state convention of the association, which will be held in the Auditorium in St. Paul on Feb. 9, 10 and 11. In connection with the state convention there will be held a pure food and manufacturers' exhibits at the Auditorium.

The Sixth Minnesota Volunteers' association at its annual meeting at the old capitol in St. Paul decided to attempt to get an appropriation from the legislature for a general monument to all the Minnesota soldiers to be located in St. Paul. They will also make an effort to have the monument moved from Morton to Birch Coolie.

Frank A. Day, secretary to Governor Johnson and manager of the governor's two successful campaigns, was again elected chairman at a meeting of the Democratic state central committee at St. Paul. This action was taken after Mr. Day had made a short speech advising the selection of a new chairman.

Considerable interest has been aroused in Northeast Minneapolis by the discovery of copper in the quarries of the Minneapolis Stone company, where nuggets of pure copper were located in the veins of the blue limestone which is being quarried.

The long expected movement of the 1908 "bumper" wheat crop has begun, according to advices given out at the various railroad headquarters in St. Paul.

The highest score for butter exhibited at the state fair this year goes to A. L. Radtke of Hamburg, who scored 97½ points.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While the family were absent from the room the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Hughes of Lake Crystal, who was left alone in a high chair, in some manner slipped from the seat of the chair and when the mother returned to the room it was found that the child had caught its neck in the fastenings and had choked to death.

One man is killed for every 629,000 tons of iron ore taken from the mines of St. Louis county, according to the annual report of F. J. Webby, inspector. This is a decrease in the proportional number of men killed a year ago, the total being fifty-four for the year ending Aug. 31 last.

Earl Annis, a young boy, was run over by a street car at Winona and his right leg cut off between the hip and the knee. The shock was severe and it is not certain he will recover. The accident was due to the boy's attempt to jump on the car before it stopped.

OBITUARY.

B. F. Ellison, general manager of the Superior Light and Power company of Superior, Wis., and formerly general manager of the St. Paul Gas Light company of St. Paul, which position he held for sixteen years, is dead at Minneapolis from Bright's disease.

George Rink, well known as an instructor in the high schools of St. Paul for nearly a quarter of a century, is dead. Mr. Rink underwent an operation for gall stones and never rallied. He was fifty two years of age.

Catherine Wheeler Nichols, the last surviving charter member of Plymouth Congregational church of St. Paul, is dead. The church was organized June 17, 1858, and Miss Nichols was the youngest of the founders.

DANGER IS PAST

Flames in Minnesota and Wisconsin Forests Checked.

TOWN OF CHISHOLM IN RUINS

Property Valued at More Than Three Million Dollars Has Been Destroyed.

Duluth, Sept. 8.—Forest fires which threatened to devastate the entire range district have been checked and Buhl, 600 population, and Nashwauk, 1,000 inhabitants, which were surrounded by flames, are safe.

Wrenshall, a town of 600 inhabitants, thirty-five miles northwest of Duluth, is still threatened by fire and the entire population is fighting it. The flames are within a mile of the city.

Small fires are burning all through the thirty-five mile district between Hibbing and Coleraine, but a cold wind has sprung up from the north and little further damage is anticipated.

Chisholm, population 4,000, is almost entirely destroyed. A score of buildings in the southern part of the town were left standing. Among these is a $125,000 school building.

These buildings were threatened by another forest fire which swept toward the ruined city from the west.

No fatalities attended the conflagration at Chisholm.

The ruined city will be rebuilt at once. A meeting of the homeless Chisholm people was held in the schoolhouse and plans were made to erect another city on a grander scale than the other.

Relief for the Homeless.

Relief trains have been pouring in aid to the homeless thousands all day from Duluth and the surrounding towns. A city of tents will shelter the exiled inhabitants temporarily.

The relief committee appointed by Governor Johnson, consisting of Mayor R. D. Haven, J. L. Washburn, Millie Bunnell, A. L. Ordean, H. M. Peyton and A. C. Weiss of Duluth and Martin Hughes of Hibbing, is taking active steps for the relief of the suffering range people. Headquarters for contributions have been opened here and on the range.

Chisholm is under military rule. Company M of the Third regiment from Hibbing is guarding the ruins from looters.

Several hundred settlers in the burned over region are refugees in the range towns. Four thousand are homeless in Chisholm alone.

Conservative estimates of the loss caused by the forest fires in Northern Minnesota and in the northwestern portion of Wisconsin place the total at $3,750,000. Of this amount $1,750,000 is Chisholm's loss. The remainder is on standing timber in the range districts of the southern part of St. Louis county, the southeastern portion of Carlton county, small areas in the extreme eastern part of Itasca county, and the northern part of Douglas county in Wisconsin.

RELIEF FOR HOMELESS.

Immediate Need of Fire Sufferers Supplied.

Duluth, Sept. 8.—All the immediate needs of the 4,000 homeless settlers on the Minnesota iron ranges have been taken care of by the Duluth and Hibbing relief committees. Duluth has raised $10,000 for the sufferers and has sent two trainloads of supplies to the range.

The fires have apparently burned themselves out, although they are still smoldering. All danger is past unless a heavy wind springs up. No lives were lost during the fire.

Company M of Hibbing is surrounding the ruins and nobody is allowed inside the line without permission. The seventy-nine Montenegrins who were arrested for plundering the ruins will be brought to Duluth and bound over to the grand jury.

The Chisholm settlers are making their way back and several loads of lumber have already been sent in to rebuild the houses. Chisholm is now a city of tents, the Mesabe road having supplied a number of tents for temporary shelter.

VACATION ENDS SOON.

President Will Return to Washington on Sept. 22.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 8.—President Roosevelt's vacation, according to present plans, will come to an end on Sept. 22, when the chief executive and his family will depart from Sagamore Hill to take up their residence in the White House in Washington for the coming winter and spring.

This summer's rest will have been the shortest vacation the president has taken in some years if the present plans are carried out. While it has been a shorter holiday it has been one unprecedented in point of the large amount of work done. During the last month it has not been an uncommon occurrence to have the president's secretary make a night visit to Sagamore Hill in addition to the regular morning call and the executive offices in the village have sometimes remained open until 2 and 3 a. m.

Flinty Plant Covers.

When Sir Humphry Davy was a boy about sixteen, a little girl came to him in great excitement:

"Humphry, do tell me my these two pieces of cane make a tiny spark of light when I rub them together?"

Humphry was a studious boy, who spent hours in thinking out scientific problems. He patted the child's curly head and said:

"I do not know, dear. Let us see if they really do make a light, and then we will try to find out why."

Humphry soon found that the little girl was right. The pieces of cane if rubbed together quickly did give a tiny light. Then he set to work to find out the reason, and after some time, thanks to the observing powers of his little friend and his own kindness to her in not impatiently telling her not to "worry," as so many might have done, Humphry Davy made the first of his interesting discoveries. Every reed, cane and grass has an outer skin of flinty stuff, which protects the inside from insects and also helps the frail looking leaves to stand upright.

Table Manners In Old France.

Could we restore for half an hour the dinner table of old France and obtain half a dozen instantaneous photographs of a royal banquet at any era between the reigns of Francis I and Louis Quatorze such a "cataract of laughter" would be heard as might disturb the serenity of Louis in paradise. The duchess, her napkin tied securely round her neck, would be seen mumbling a bone, the noble marquis surreptitiously scratching himself, the belle marquise, withdrawing her spoon from her lips to help a neighbor to sauce with it, another fair creature scouring her plate with her bread, a gallant courtier using his doublet or the tablecloth as a towel for his fingers and two footmen holding a yard of damask under a lady's chin while she emptied her goblet at a draft. During a feast of inordinate length it was sometimes necessary to substitute a clean cloth for the one which the carelessness or bad manners of the guests had reduced to a deplorable condition. —"An Idler In Old France."

The Midget Snakes.

"I see by your paper," says a correspondent, "that you want to find a man who can tell a snake story with the sound of originality to it. Here it is: Nearly forty years ago in the woods of Indiana I captured three snakes, each less than three and one-fourth inches in length, a combined length of less than ten inches, a little longer and a little larger in the middle than an old fashioned wool darning needle. Although these snakes were so small they would crawl around with their heads up and dart out their tongues like larger snakes. I put these reptiles in an eight ounce bottle, and they had plenty of room to crawl around on the bottom of it without crowding. These were not the kind of snakes generally seen in bottles, but genuine snakes. Among those who saw them was a minister of the gospel, and he had not been taking anything to make him see snakes either."—Emporia Gazette.

The Pirates.

The Chicago News fails to name the hero of this story, but has it that the visitor to the home of a well known Hoosier State author found his three youngsters romping in the hallway.

"What are you playing, boys?" he inquired.

"We are playing pirates," elucidated the smallest.

"Pirates? Why, how can you play pirates in Indiana? There

bordering on this state."

"Oh, we don't need

are literary pirates, like

And five minutes later

yells from behind the

the hand that wields the

wield the shingle.

Outside of His Pr

"All that is the matter

said the eminent physi

thorough examination, "

trition. You don't eat en

"I eat all I can hold,

the attenuated caller.

"Then you need to have

ity enlarged, and that's

surgeon. Five dollars,

morning."—Chicago Tribu

Overstudy.

Books are pleasant, but

overstudious we impair

spoil our good humor, tw

pieces we have, let us gi

for my part, am one of the

that no fruit derived fro

recompense so great a loss

She Was Safe

Little four-year-old

ning downhill, holding

ly.

"Be careful," called

you will fall."

"Oh, no, I won't,"

"'cause I'm holding tight

Not What He M

Physician—Have you

pains this morning?

doctor; it hurts me to bre

the only trouble now see

my breath. Physician—

give you something that

that!

Forbearance

Bacon—Did you ever ha

to go on the stage? Eg

only last week I did

was vile! But I contente

shying an egg at him.—Y

I never listen to calu

they are untrue I r

deceived and if th

not worth

CHECKING A BUNDLE.

The Way the Tired Man Saved Himself Labor and Trouble.

One day a man went into a very big store. He had a heavy package with him.

Not in the sense you mean, smarties, but in the real sense.

He had to go two blocks farther down the street and didn't want to carry the package. So he decided that he would leave it in the check room.

He asked a floorwalker who looked like a United States senator, but who was a perfect gentleman, where the check room was. The floorwalker said:

"ThreeaislesoverdownstairsandoverontheWabashside."

He went there, wherever that was, and found he had made a mistake.

He knew it was himself who had made the mistake, for as nice a man as a floorwalker with a Prince Albert on couldn't have made a mistake.

Finally after he had lugged his bundle thirty-two blocks hunting the check room, had found the check room and deposited his bundle he walked his two blocks to the other place and was through for the day.

Then he soliloquized:

"How should I ever have got through or stood the wear and tear of that long two blocks carrying that bundle? If it hadn't been for the check room system, what could I have done?"—Chicago News.

TIPS IN ENGLAND.

Lord Russell's Fee to the Headsman Who Executed Him.

Mr. George Russell, discoursing on tips in the Manchester Guardian, after the manner of his "Collections and Recollections," treats the subject historically under its various names of fees, vales (or vells), honorarium (as Disraeli preferred to call it) and pouches.

Ancient usage has a peculiarly consecrating effect in the matter of tips and fees. Horace Walpole records the astonishment of George I. when told that he must give guineas to the servant of the ranger of his park for bringing him a brace of carp out of his own pond.

Apparently everybody in England is at some time or other justified in demanding a fee unless it be the monarch. When Tait became archbishop of Canterbury and met the queen he breathed a sigh of relief on at last encountering a person to whom he had not to pay something.

According to Bishop Burnet, a man used to have to give a tip in order to be decapitated. He tells the story of Lord Russell when under sentence of death for high treason asking what he ought to give the executioner. "I told him 10 guineas. He said, with a smile, it was a pretty thing to give a fee to have his head cut off."

For Number Two.

"George, dear, what kind of a woman would you marry if you married again?" asked the amiable wife.

"Well, if I married again"— began the brutal husband.

"Then you acknowledge that you would marry again?"

"I'm not saying one way or the other, but"—

"But you don't give me a definite answer, and that proves"—

"That doesn't prove anything, because"—

"It does too! So what kind of a woman would you marry if you married again?"

"I wouldn't marry again. I could

Chess and War.

The origin of chess is shrouded in mystery. There is little doubt, however, that its birthplace was in India and that it is an offspring of a game called chaturanga, which is mentioned in oriental literature as in use fully 200 years before the Christian era. From India chess spread into Persia and thence into Arabia, and ultimately the Arabs took it into Spain and the rest of western Europe. The game was in all probability invented for the purpose of illustrating the art of war. The Arab legend upon this point is that it was devised for the instruction of a young despot by his father, a learned Brahman, to teach him that a king notwithstanding his power was dependent for safety upon his subjects. The Greek historians credit the invention of the game to Palamedes, who, they claim, devised it to beguile the tedium of the siege of Troy during the Trojan war.

The Slippery Pronoun.

Many are the circumlocutions which have been devised by civilized races in order to avoid the bluntness of direct address. In fact, it may be said that at the moment when a nation standardizes its language it begins to have trouble with its pronouns.

"Thou" has of course become obsolete except in prayer, although it flourishes colloquially in the north of England. The second person plural is substituted. In parts of the south *"you all" is heard, a further step toward refined elusiveness.*

In France and Germany "thou" has been retained in familiar or semicontemptuous speech. In Spain and Italy, on the other hand, the third person is substituted habitually in place of it.—Harper's Weekly.

Touched.

Mrs. Homespun—The comic papers say you fellows never work. Weary Waffles—Y-yes'm; de comic papers also say dat mother-in-laws is a nuisance when everybody knows dat dey are de most sweetest an' angelic uv mortals, an'— Mrs. Homespun—You poor, dear man! Come right in this minute. I will broil a chicken for you.—Judge.

Sorry.

Mamma—Here comes your father. See how cross you've made him. Now go and tell him you're sorry. Tommy—Say, pop, I'm sorry you're so blamed cross.—Philadelphia Press.

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning,

if it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.

B. Dan Björkman.

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

For the Convalescent

Weakness follows sickness. The cure for weakness is nourishment. Digesto is nourishment. It is a highly concentrated liquid food, predigested, and during the period of convalescence proves a most valuable aid to nature in her work of reconstruction.

Palatable and Efficient

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We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

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RETAKE

OF

PRECEDING

PAGE

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRAISE FOR SWEDISH PEOPLE

Special Correspondent of "Der Tag" Says He Never Saw So Many Handsome Folks in All His Life.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The special correspondent of "Der Tag" has written as follows regarding Sweden and the Swedes: "I have never seen so many handsome people in my life as here in Stockholm. Beyond a question the handsomest people in all Sweden live in Stockholm. The language spoken here is fluent and soft and it is a pleasure to hear people converse. I am not talking lightly and I must confess that the Swedes have charmed me. The divorce between Sweden and Norway came about in a most natural manner." Commenting on this a Swedish paper says: "While we are not quite willing to agree that the handsomest people in the world live in Stockholm, we believe with our German friend that the Swedish language is soft, yes musical, and this he would learn to appreciate in a fuller degree if he lived here for a few years in Sweden."

A French naval officer writes as follows regarding the Swedish navy: "Sweden is one of the three Scandinavian nations which has progressed farthest along naval lines. She now possesses twelve protected cruisers, with a displacement of from 3,000 to 4,000 tons. Sweden has fortunately, too, built a navy, which is modelled after the nature and requirements of the country and her cruisers are in a way the most powerful in the world. Her coast defense is admirably managed in every particular and it would even be a difficult matter for one of the powers to make much headway along the nature-protected coasts of Sweden. Within a few years the Swedish navy will be one which will have to be reckoned with."

The national order of Good Templars has decided to make its twentieth anniversary memorable by establishing a common high school at Vennerberg near Gothenburg, erecting the building on its property at the place and guaranteeing the running expenses of the school from year to year. The Good Templars are receiving much praise for their sensible solution of the memorial problem.

The Swedish colony at Copenhagen is planning to erect a building to be used for lectures, social gatherings, etc., that are not essentially of a religious nature. The colony has already made good progress in the building of its new church, and with this new building will be in excellent shape for cultivating the spiritual and intellectual life of its members.

The agricultural department has proposed a bill for the regulation of the importation and sale of foreign seed, especially red clover and hops. One of the requirements will be that such seed packages be marked in plain characters "Foreign Seed." It is expected that this will have a tendency to encourage the consumer in the use of home grown seeds.

About 2,000 crowns have already been solicited for the Carl X. statue. It will, however, be necessary to have 100,000 crowns collected before the statue can be erected. The work of soliciting is pushing rapidly ahead and the chances are that within another year the necessary amount shall have been collected.

Emperor William's visit to Stockholm brought about seven hundred German tourists to the Swedish capital. The hotels and cafes were kept busy working overtime during the emperor's visit and naturally his presence in Stockholm brought a lot of money to the city.

Boeckman, Finland's governor general, arrived in Stockholm the other day and is at present the guest of the mayor of the city. The governor general is of Swedish-Finnish extraction and converses fluently in the Swedish language.

King Gustaf has been spending a week at Saro, accompanied by some of his most intimate friends from Stockholm. Several thousand turned out to greet him and a reception was tendered in his honor by the citizens of Saro.

The study of the English language has been made obligatory in the Stockholm high schools. This is a step in the right direction and will place the English language on par with the French in the Swedish capital.

Queen Victoria sent a telegram to Count Zeppelin expressing her and the king's sympathy because of the count's misfortune with his airship and also expressing the hope that he will be successful in his next venture.

The "Society Francaise" in Stockholm has received a gift of 500 crowns from President Fallieres of France. The French president has since his visit to Sweden been exceptionally generous to Swedish institutions.

King Gustaf's visit to Paris has been scheduled for Nov. 7 and 10 inclusive. From Paris the Swedish king will journey direct to London, where he will be the guest of King Edward.

Sweden has received an official invitation to participate in the World's fair at Brussels in 1910. The riksdag is expected to make a substantial appropriation for Sweden's exhibit at this fair.

The export of milk to Berlin is soon to be greatly increased, several dealers intending to make use of the Trelleborg-Sassnitz steam ferry line as soon as it is ready.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The Norwegian steamer "Folgefonden" struck a rock near Skaanevig a week ago last Saturday evening and sank in less than 3 minutes. The steamer carried seventy passengers and it is believed that fully forty persons perished. Up to this time fifteen bodies have been found, among others the body of the captain of the ship. Hundreds of people viewed the catastrophe from shore. The heroic efforts of the fisher folk to reach those in distress were prevented owing to the high sea. Most of the passengers were asleep in their berths when the accident happened and the steamer sank so rapidly that there was no time to use the life boats. Many of those who were saved had the presence of mind to jump overboard and were afterwards picked up by fishermen on shore.

During the month of August the tourist traffic was unusually heavy in Norway. The Emperor of Germany spent a few weeks in the country and this of course brought a great many German tourists to the country. The visit of the French president attracted a good many Frenchmen and there has been the usual quota of Englishmen and Americans. The number of Norwegian-Americans who have visited the country during the past summer were unusually large. Very few, if any Norwegian-Americans come to remain permanently in Norway and the attempt to make them settle again in the old country seems futile.

It is estimated that the value of the real estate of Norway, excepting Finmarken, is 912,000,000 crowns. This is 40,000,000 crowns more than the same real estate was worth five years ago, showing a gratifying increase in land values in Norway. Akershus has the highest valuation of any of the districts, 96,000,000 crowns, which represents an increase of 4,000,000 crowns in five years. Hedemarken comes next, being worth 88,000,000 crowns.

The salmon fishing at Vadse and vicinity has thus far been very successful. Up to the present time last year 37,057 kilos were exported from there. This year 71,231 kilos have been shipped out. The prices have been low, but have during the past few days been going up considerably.

The "Dagbladet" is criticising the government most vehemently for allowing the king to grant so many orders. The journal argues that it is detrimental to the interests of Norway to grant titles and orders to men of letters, as it is creative of class distinction.

Lord Phillip's beautiful villa in Sundalen was a few days ago completely destroyed by fire. It was erected about five years ago and was one of the most elegantly equipped villas in that section of the country.

President Fallieres of France received as a gift during his visit to Norway from the king and queen a silver statue of King Haakon of Norway, whose picture is preserved in the Stavanger cathedral.

Bergen theater will be opened for the season this week with the popular comedy "The Widow." Madame Gyda Christensen will carry the title role, assisted by the popular comedian, Thorleif Lund.

The Norwegian order of Good Templars has just celebrated the twentieth anniversary of its organization. This order comprises at present 5,000 grown members and 2,500 children.

The storthing has corrected the law providing for accident insurance for fishermen so that it includes women who are engaged in fishing as a regular occupation.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The following dispatch dated Bergen, Norway, Aug. 16, gives an account in detail of the sad fate of the Danish explorer, Mylius Erichsen: "The ship Denmark of the Denmark-Greenland expedition, arrived in Bergen yesterday. It appears that the body of the Danish explorer, Mylius Erichsen, who perished in a snow storm while traveling over the ice on the northwestern coast of Greenland, was not recovered. During the explorations an extensive group of islands were discovered between latitudes 78 and 79. Lieutenant Trolle, master of the Denmark, made the following statement to the Associated Press: 'The expedition carried out the objects for which it was formed, but it paid dearly in doing so. Mylius Erichsen and Lieutenants Hagen and Broenlund perished in November, 1907, in trying to return from the north coast of Greenland by way of the inland ice, having been obliged to remain on the north coast during the summer of that year, owing to the state of the weather. Broenlund's body was found in a crevice near a depot. Beside it were sketches showing the work that had been done and also his diary.'"

Temperance work is progressing nicely in Denmark judging from the steady increase in membership of a number of the temperance organizations. The Blue Cross temperance organization already has 20,000 members in Denmark, although the work was only started a short time ago.

MARION E. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

The most brutal crime committed in Greater Boston since the death of Susan Geary, a chorus girl, four years ago, was disclosed by the discovery of the torso of Mrs. Honorah Jordan, an actress, aged twenty-three, of Somerville, in a trunk in a boarding house. Later the head and bones of the limbs were found in the furnace of the Jordan home at Somerville and the scalp, hair and other gruesome remains were taken from the kitchen range of the house. Chester Jordan, aged twenty-nine, an actor, of Somerville, is held by the police, charged with the murder.

Lowry and Akaska, two new towns on the Minneapolis and St. Louis road in Southern Walworth county, S. D., were partially destroyed by fires started by a band of night riders. Revenge for the arrest of several suspected horse thieves is believed to be the cause of the raid of the towns.

Crazed by the heat Mrs. Matthew Borna, the wife of a wealthy farmer, living fifteen miles west of Elgin, Ill., forced her small children to swallow carbolic acid. She then drank a quantity of the poison herself. One child is dead. The woman and the other two children are dying.

The territorial supreme court at Manila has decided that the sultan of Dunaharra must hang for the part he took as leader of the raid on Parang, Island of Mindanao, in January, 1905, wherein J. W. McDonald of that place *was killed by the raiders.*

Lillie Wheatley, a handsome woman, was shot and killed by Mrs. Walter Allen, wife of the proprietor of the St. Charles hotel in Wichita Falls, Tex. Miss Wheatley was in a carriage with Mr. Allen when the shooting occurred.

Following a quarrel at their home Henry Stuckman, an Indianapolis produce dealer, shot and instantly killed his wife and then turned the weapon on himself, dying almost instantly. Jealousy is the probable cause.

John Czolgosz, a brother of President McKinley's assassin, was sentenced to the Sharon (Pa.) workhouse for three months. The police claim Czolgosz is insane and his case will be investigated.

Dock Watson, in Hillsboro, Tex., shot a young man named Carl Horn and Miss Edsell and then himself. Both men died almost instantly and Miss Edsell is believed to be fatally wounded.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Governor Hanly has issued a call for an extra session of the Indiana legislature to meet in Indianapolis Sept. 18. The subjects to be considered are a county local option law, a repeal of the grant of $120,548 unexpended balances appropriated to state institutions by the last legislature from reverting to the general fund and to give the governor power to deal with troubles in Southern Indiana that may be caused by night riders.

In the United States circuit court at St. Paul Judge Van Deventer granted the application of the Arkansas railroads for a temporary injunction restraining the state of Arkansas from further enforcing the present railroad rate laws until their validity can be tested by law.

A stylish picture hat saved the life of Miss Rose Levine of Brooklyn, who was struck down by a hammer that fell from the tenth story of the Flatiron building.

Salt Lake City secured the forty-third annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic next year.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The Cosmopolitan National bank, one of Pittsburg smaller institutions, has closed its doors on orders from the comptroller of the currency.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minntapolis, Sept. 5.—Wheat—Sept., 99¾c; Dec., $1.00⅛; May, $1.03¾@1.04. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02¼; No. 2 Northern, 99¾c@$1.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.01⅞@1.02⅞; No. 2 Northern, 99⅞c@$1.00⅞; Sept., 99⅞c; Dec., 99¾c; May, $1.03. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.25½; Oct., $1.24½; Nov., $1.24½; Dec., $1.23.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; calves, $3.75@5.75. Hogs—$6.55@6.65. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $3.75@4.10; yearlings, $4.00@4.25; good to choice spring lambs, $4.50@5.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Wheat—Sept., 97⅛c; Dec., 97⅜c; May, [illegible]. Corn—Sept., 78⅝c; Dec., 67⅝@67¾c; May, 65⅛c; July, 64⅞c. Oats—Sept., 49½c; Dec., 50⅛@50¼c; May, [illegible]. Pork—Sept., $14.57½; Oct., $14.62½; Jan., $16.20. Butter—Creameries, 18@22½c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, [illegible]; springs, 14c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@7.65; Texans, $3.40@[illegible]; Westerners, $3.20@5.80; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.45; cows and heifers, $1.70@5.70; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Light, $6.20@6.90; mixed, [illegible]@7.00; heavy, $6.35@7.05; rough, [illegible]@6.50; good to choice heavy, [illegible]@7.05; pigs, $4.10@6.00. Sheep—Native, $2.15@4.20; yearlings, $4.10@4.75; lambs, $3.25@6.00.

CRUSHED BY AUTO

Prominent St. Paul Real Estate Man Killed.

THREE DIE BY GAS FUMES

Capital City Contractor, His Wife and Aged Relative Asphyxiated.

Paris Fletcher of the real estate firm of Clarke & Fletcher of St. Paul was killed and Mrs. Fletcher was seriously injured in an automobile accident near Minneiska, Wabasha county, about sixteen miles from Winona.

The accident occurred at the bottom of a steep hill a mile out of Minneiska. The machine overturned and Mr. Fletcher was pinned under it, being crushed across the abdomen.

Mr. Fletcher was one of the best known men in the business and social circles of St. Paul. He had lived there for about twenty-two years, during which time he had been in business as a real estate dealer and as manager of estates. He was forty-three years of age.

OVERCOME BY GAS.

Three Persons Are Dead and Another One Dying.

Peter J. Schollert, head of the Schollert company, painters and decorators; Mrs. P. Schollert, his wife, and Lewis Christianson, brother of Mrs. Schollert, are dead at the Schollert home in St. Paul as the result of asphyxiation by illuminating gas. Hans Hendrickson, a cousin of Mrs. Schollert, is at the city hospital, where physicians say he cannot possibly recover.

The dead and dying were discovered by Mrs. G. Webber, a married daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Schollert, who lives next door, and who, at the request of her brother Victor, who had arisen early and gone to work, went to the house to call her parents and their country visitors, who had been at the fair the previous evening.

Failing to arouse them from their slumbers and detecting a strong odor of gas Mrs. Webber instantly sought help and Dr. Wirth was summoned. He found life extinct in the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Schollert and of her brother, Mr. Christianson.

There still remained a spark of life in Mr. Hendricksen and he was hastened to the city hospital with a hope of saving his life, although the hospital authorities fear that the elderly man cannot withstand the battle for life, as his age and physical condition are against him.

A gas tube attached to a bath heater in the bathroom which became disconnected by coming in contact with the chain is assigned to be the cause of the accident. When the bodies were discovered gas was pouring from a small stub to which the tube should have been attached.

KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF

Double Tragedy Takes Place in West St. Paul.

Crazed by liquor Joseph Einberger of West St. Paul killed his wife and himself. The tragedy was enacted in the rear of the Einberger residence.

Einberger was an employe of a brewing company. He did not return home to supper and his wife found him drinking in a saloon. She insisted that he accompany her home and the shooting occurred soon after their arrival at the residence.

Einberger fired three shots from a revolver into his wife's body and then turned the weapon upon himself. He fell with two bullets in his head and died instantly. His wife lived for half an hour. They were the parents of four children.

State Fair Record Broken.

All previous attendance records were broken by the state fair of 1908. The figures have been given out by the fair management and show that for the first time in the history of the fair the attendance exceeded the 300,000 mark. To be exact, the attendance was 326,753 for the week. The total receipts for the week were $162,781 as compared with $136,471.20 for 1907.

Hand Car Crew In Wild Plunge.

Five members of a section crew were injured when a hand car they were operating left the track near Red Wing. The men were operating the car at a good speed in order to get into the station ahead of an approaching train when their car suddenly left the track and the men were hurled down an embankment.

Street Sweeper Killed by Car.

Joseph Sock, sixty years of age, a street sweeper in the employ of the St. Paul city engineer's office, was struck by an eastbound Selby-Lake car on Selby avenue near Grotto street and received injuries from which he died before the arrival of the police ambulance.

Sudden Squall Upsets Boat.

Two boys were drowned in Cedar lake, near Faribault. They were John Arner of that city and Fred Paterson, living at the lake. A sudden gust of wind upset the boat and both boys were thrown into the lake. Both boys were about twelve years of age.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Letters to the effect that the Pillsbury-Washburn mills at Minneapolis will have to be closed down unless three-quarters of a million dollars can be raised immediately have been sent to creditors of the defunct milling company by the receivers appointed by the court. In these letters the receivers ask creditors' approval of an application to the court to ask permission to raise the needed sum by issuance of receivers' certificates. A large number of replies have been received and all are said to approve the issuance of the certificates and the keeping of the mills in operation.

The state school of agriculture is planning to issue certificates through local cow testing associations to those dairymen whose cows produce 250 pounds of butter fat a year. The school is endeavoring to raise the standard of the dairy cows of the state and is planning to offer every inducement to dairymen to keep only the large producers. The school will offer to furnish milk sheets to the dairymen and will calculate the records of cows at the school.

In the opinion of the members of the Minnesota Field Crop Breeders' association agriculture has been greatly neglected at the Minnesota state fair owing to the lack of sufficient quarters for the exhibits and the association will endeavor to have this condition remedied by the erection of a new building. An attempt will be made to secure an appropriation of $150,000 for this purpose when the legislature meets next winter.

Idle people to the number of 25,000 were provided with jobs by the Minnesota free employment bureau during the past year. The bureau operates offices in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. The number of applicants for work was considerably in excess of the number given work. Most of the places supplied were for unskilled laborers, many of the men going to city contractors and the harvest fields.

The directors of the Minnesota Retail Grocers and Merchants' association held a meeting at the fair grounds to make arrangements for the state convention of the association, which will be held in the Auditorium in St. Paul on Feb. 9, 10 and 11. In connection with the state convention there will be held a pure food and manufacturers' exhibits at the Auditorium.

The Sixth Minnesota Volunteers' association at its annual meeting at the old capitol in St. Paul decided to attempt to get an appropriation from the legislature for a general monument to all the Minnesota soldiers to be located in St. Paul. They will also make an effort to have the monument moved from Morton to Birch Coolie.

Frank A. Day, secretary to Governor Johnson and manager of the governor's two successful campaigns, was again elected chairman at a meeting of the Democratic state central committee at St. Paul. This action was taken after Mr. Day had made a short speech advising the selection of a new chairman.

Considerable interest has been aroused in Northeast Minneapolis by the discovery of copper in the quarries of the Minneapolis Stone company, where nuggets of pure copper were located in the veins of the blue limestone which is being quarried.

The long expected movement of the 1908 "bumper" wheat crop has begun, according to advices given out at the various railroad headquarters in St. Paul.

The highest score for butter exhibited at the state fair this year goes to A. L. Radtke of Hamburg, who scored 97½ points.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While the family were absent from the room the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Hughes of Lake Crystal, who was left alone in a high chair, in some manner slipped from the seat of the chair and when the mother returned to the room it was found that the child had caught its neck in the fastenings and had choked to death.

One man is killed for every 629,000 tons of iron ore taken from the mines of St. Louis county, according to the annual report of F. J. Webby, inspector. This is a decrease in the proportional number of men killed a year ago, the total being fifty-four for the year ending Aug. 31 last.

Earl Annis, a young boy, was run over by a street car at Winona and his right leg cut off between the hip and the knee. The shock was severe and it is not certain he will recover. The accident was due to the boy's attempt to jump on the car before it stopped.

OBITUARY.

B. F. Ellison, general manager of the Superior Light and Power company of Superior, Wis., and formerly general manager of the St. Paul Gas Light company of St. Paul, which position he held for sixteen years, is dead at Minneapolis from Bright's disease.

George Rink, well known as an instructor in the high schools of St. Paul for nearly a quarter of a century, is dead. Mr. Rink underwent an operation for gall stones and never rallied. He was fifty-two years of age.

Catherine Wheeler Nichols, the last surviving charter member of Plymouth Congregational church of St. Paul, is dead. The church was organized June 17, 1858, and Miss Nichols was the youngest of the founders.

DANGER IS PAST

Flames in Minnesota and Wisconsin Forests Checked.

TOWN OF CHISHOLM IN RUINS

Property Valued at More Than Three Million Dollars Has Been Destroyed.

Duluth, Sept. 8.—Forest fires which threatened to devastate the entire range district have been checked and Buhl, 600 population, and Nashwauk, 1,000 inhabitants, which were surrounded by flames, are safe.

Wrenshall, a town of 600 inhabitants, thirty-five miles northwest of Duluth, is still threatened by fire and the entire population is fighting it. The flames are within a mile of the city.

Small fires are burning all through the thirty-five mile district between Hibbing and Coleraine, but a cold wind has sprung up from the north *and little further damage is anticipated.*

Chisholm, population 4,000, is almost entirely destroyed. A score of buildings in the southern part of the town were left standing. Among these is a $125,000 school building.

These buildings were threatened by another forest fire which swept toward the ruined city from the west.

No fatalities attended the conflagration at Chisholm.

The ruined city will be rebuilt at once. A meeting of the homeless Chisholm people was held in the schoolhouse and plans were made to erect another city on a grander scale than the other.

Relief for the Homeless.

Relief trains have been pouring in aid to the homeless thousands all day from Duluth and the surrounding towns. A city of tents will shelter the exiled inhabitants temporarily.

The relief committee appointed by Governor Johnson, consisting of Mayor R. D. Haven, J. L. Washburn, Millie Bunnell, A. L. Ordean, H. M. Peyton and A. C. Weiss of Duluth and Martin Hughes of Hibbing, is taking active steps for the relief of the suffering range people. Headquarters for contributions have been opened here and on the range.

Chisholm is under military rule. Company M of the Third regiment from Hibbing is guarding the ruins from looters.

Several hundred settlers in the burned over region are refugees in the range towns. Four thousand are homeless in Chisholm alone.

Conservative estimates of the loss caused by the forest fires in Northern Minnesota and in the northwestern portion of Wisconsin place the total at $3,750,000. Of this amount $1,750,000 is Chisholm's loss. The remainder is on standing timber in the range districts of the southern part of St. Louis county, the southeastern portion of Carlton county, small areas in the extreme eastern part of Itasca county, and the northern part of Douglas county in Wisconsin.

RELIEF FOR HOMELESS.

Immediate Need of Fire Sufferers Supplied.

Duluth, Sept. 8.—All the immediate needs of the 4,000 homeless settlers on the Minnesota iron ranges have been taken care of by the Duluth and Hibbing relief committees. Duluth has raised $10,000 for the sufferers and has sent two trainloads of supplies to the range.

The fires have apparently burned themselves out, although they are still smoldering. All danger is past unless a heavy wind springs up. No lives were lost during the fire.

Company M of Hibbing is surrounding the ruins and nobody is allowed inside the line without permission. The seventy-nine Montenegrins who were arrested for plundering the ruins will be brought to Duluth and bound over to the grand jury.

The Chisholm settlers are making their way back and several loads of lumber have already been sent in to rebuild the houses. Chisholm is now a city of tents, the Mesabe road having supplied a number of tents for temporary shelter.

VACATION ENDS SOON.

President Will Return to Washington on Sept. 22.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 8.—President Roosevelt's vacation, according to present plans, will come to an end on Sept. 22, when the chief executive and his family will depart from Sagamore Hill to take up their residence in the White House in Washington for the coming winter and spring.

This summer's rest will have been the shortest vacation the president has taken in some years if the present plans are carried out. While it has been a shorter holiday it has been one unprecedented in point of the large amount of work done. During the last month it has not been an uncommon occurrence to have the president's secretary make a night visit to Sagamore Hill in addition to the regular morning call and the executive offices in the village have sometimes remained open until 2 and 3 a. m.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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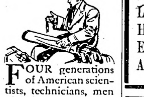

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE ONION HARVEST.

A Wisconsin reader of these notes writes stating that this is the first year he has tried to raise onions on a large scale and that he would like a few suggestions as to the best method of harvesting and marketing the crop. With the thought that information given him may be of assistance to some other readers, we present it here. Onions from seed sown as early as possible in the spring should be ready to pull by the 10th of September or shortly after. The right time for this is when the tops of the crop as a whole have withered and are thoroughly dry and the roots dead. The work of pulling may be done by hand, but where the ground has been kept free from weeds it may be more rapidly done by using a round toothed lawn rake, which should be held firmly so that the teeth will come under the onion and pulled gently at an angle to the row, so that the pull of the rake will come on but one onion at a time. We have found it convenient to go through the field raking three rows loose facing in one direction, then raking three rows from the opposite direction toward these. This gives a windrow across the field of six rows, which makes a convenient quantity in the work of topping. Care should be taken not to pile the onions up, for if wet weather comes on they are likely to heat and sprout. The job of topping may be commenced as soon as the onions are thoroughly dry after pulling. While a twist of the wrist, a jackknife or sheep shears are used by some for this job, we have found nothing so convenient as a sharp pair of old shears. They are light, and one can work fast with them. The top should be cut at a point about a third of an inch from the bulb. The chief point to have in mind in the harvest of onions is a thorough curing of the crop, without which they will not keep properly. After the topping is done it is well to let the onions remain on the ground in shallow windrows for a week or ten days, at the end of which time they may be sacked in the common bushel and a half onion sack or put in bushel crates, as the demands of the nearest market will determine. Not the least important matter in connection with what may be called a successful handling of the crop is the finding of a market for it. If one has from 10,000 pounds up to a carload, the minimum weight of which is 24,000 pounds, it is well to get in touch with reliable dealers in the larger nearby markets. One year with another they should bring from 40 to 50 cents a bushel, free on board shipping point, and sometimes more than this if marketed early, when the demand is sharp or the crop is short. If one has less than 10,000 pounds, lives near a good live town and can spare the time, more can be realized by peddling them out from house to house. The onions should be sacked only when they are thoroughly dry, the sacks sewed and put aboard cars at once or in a dry place until time of shipment.

THE BIG CORN SHOW.

The National Corn exposition, which this year bids fair to far surpass in scope and importance anything of its like ever attempted, will be held at Omaha, Neb., from Dec. 9 to 19. A letter to the writer from the general manager, Professor J. W. Jones, who for several years was Professor P. G. Holden's right hand man at the State college at Ames and who is general manager of the exposition, states that in his opinion the National Corn exposition is doing more to jog agriculture along throughout the United States than any other single organization; that it is going to be a tremendously big affair as well as clean, wholesome and educational. Mr. Jones further states that the management has drawn plans which will provide 30,000 square feet more space than was at first thought necessary, while it is more than likely that even these accommodations will have to be enlarged upon before the entry season closes. It is the thought of the members of the association, who are residents of every state in the corn belt, that corn growing has vast possibilities which have not yet been realized inspite of the fact that its annual commercial value is more than that of all other cereals combined. The aim of the exposition is akin to the fat stock show—the exhibition of the best and most valuable thoroughbred types, together with the presentation of data relative to best methods of breeding and care. Details of the exposition as respects conditions, prizes, etc., will be given wide publication at an early date. Every farmer who has A No. 1 corn should plan to exhibit it and if possible take it to the exposition in person, where in all probability he will be benefited more by what he sees than by the prizes he may carry off with his exhibits.

Cresceus, the great trotter, whose record is 2:02¼, has been sold for $25,000 and will be taken to St. Petersburg, Russia, where the aristocracy is much interested in horse racing.

Millet makes a good feed for cows if cut before the heads get fully ripe. It yields well and is made at a season of the year when the weather is usually fine and it can be secured in good shape.

Sorrel may be accepted as pretty good evidence that the soil on which it grows is sour and needs sweetening with lime. In itself lime has no fertilizing elements, its mission being merely to establish a soil equilibrium which will be favorable to the production of growing crops.

It seems to be about a standoff between the city chap who runs his car at full speed past the farmer's team of skittish horses and the granger who has a pair of staid old plugs and will not give an inch of the road just because his horses are not afraid of an auto whatever its rate of speed. The two chaps should get together some day and talk the situation over on the basis of the courtesies and merits involved.

The hemp plant, which is raised almost exclusively in the Philippine Islands, is being experimented with in portions of Texas and with seeming success, giving hope that it may be raised on a commercial scale. Experiments in growing the plant have been made in India, Africa and South America, but without success. Hemp is secured from a variety of the banana palm, which seems to be much at home in the gulf coast country.

Better results will attend the growing of clover when it comes to be viewed by the average farmer as a primary rather than a secondary and makeshift crop. When sown with oats they rather than the clover are given chief consideration, while in seasons when it occupies the land entirely the first cutting for hay is given precedence over the second, which is sometimes saved for seed.

The common white market or navy bean has risen in value the past few years until it now brings a good price and gives a good return to the raiser. One of the advantages of bean culture, aside from the money return, is that the land which grows them gains rather than loses in fertility owing to the fact that, as it is not necessary to sow to seed until June 1, a multitude of weed seeds may be germinated and destroyed. More than this, beans will do well on rich or thin soil and give a crop under most any conditions except where the soil is too wet.

An emulsion for spraying stock to ward off flies that is recommended by one stockman in Minnesota is made by mixing thoroughly one part of kerosene with three parts of whale oil soap. This may be rubbed on the back legs with rag or hand and is said to repel the flies for a period of about two days, when it should be renewed. Several good fly repellents are advertised in the agricultural journals, and with each package of the article are directions for its proper use. With stock suffering from flies as they do and cows shrinking in their flow of milk most any method would seem to be worth trying to keep the pest in check.

One of the greatest drawbacks to the making of a sweet and first class butter product in the average creamery is an unsatisfactory condition of cream, the direct result of an insufficient cleansing and scalding of the milk and cream utensils. The washing of these in cold water and a rinsing of them out with that which is merely warm do not constitute a thorough washing, and butter made from cream handled in such receptacles can be at best but of a low grade. The milk pails and cans should be washed and scalded thoroughly each time after they are used and exposed during the day to the direct rays of the sun, which is a prime germ killer. Were every creamery patron to exercise proper precautions in this matter the question of making a fine butter product would be largely solved.

It is somewhat unfortunate that in so important a matter as the tuberculin treatment for cattle there should be as wide a variation in view as seems to exist among leading veterinarians and stockmen today. While some objection to this treatment for tuberculosis may be due to the practice of it by incompetents, the opposition of some authorities seems traceable in part to a constitutional tendency to be on the offside of a popular movement and in part to a desire to curry favor with a class of dairymen whose cattle are badly infected with the disease and who would suffer serious financial loss were the test to be applied to their herds rigorously. Some individuals of this latter class go to the extreme of stating that tuberculosis is brought on or superinduced by the tuberculin treatment instead of being held in check or eradicated by it. While the truth may not be all on one side, it is quite likely in large measure with the majority, who hold that the tuberculin treatment is a fairly accurate method of detecting the presence of bovine tuberculosis.

F. E. Trigg

However great the temptation to sell the best that one raises, it is the part of wisdom to save this for breeding purposes, and this holds whether it be live stock, poultry or grain.

A careful removing and burning of the weeds that have escaped your vigilance during the growing season and are full of ripened seed will save many strokes of the hoe next year. It is a case where a stitch in time saves more than nine.

Some enterprising housewife has found out that when hot water is not at hand for scalding the tomatoes the skin may be loosened almost as well by drawing a knife blade away across the surface of the fruit with firm pressure. This bruises the flesh just enough so that the skin may be readily peeled off.

A chap living near Parnell, Mo., who had previously eaten a half bushel of peanuts at a single sitting, recently broke this record by eating forty-eight bananas and finishing off with a gallon of ice cream and three quarts of water. If the news item had not stated that this creature was a man he would surely be taken for a Poland-China.

The writer knows from sampling it that jelly made from Wealthy apples is not surpassed by that made from Transcendant crabs or any other variety. This apple is remarkably juicy, while its fine spicy flavor is imparted to the jelly in a marked degree. Windfalls and culls which cannot be marketed may be utilized with advantage for jelly timber.

Experiments which have been conducted by hog raisers in different parts of the country show that when corn is hogged down—that is, when the hogs are turned into small portions of the unhusked field and allowed to feed at will—they will make from 25 to 30 per cent better gain than when fed in the yards. Doubtless the green food, exercise and change are largely responsible for the better showing.

The matter of breaking the colt is one that should receive attention from the first if a gentle and tractable horse is desired. In the same way the little heifer calf should be petted and handled as if in the act of milking, and she will become used to the process and will not be vexed by it when her first calf comes and she really has to be milked. Most animals respond in a remarkable manner to kind, gentle treatment and caresses, and the ease with which they are handled and cared for as a result repays the owner for the trouble he takes.

Bird friends all over the country will rejoice over the good news which comes from Louisiana to the effect that after four years of strenuous fighting the state legislature has at last passed a law removing robins from the list of game birds for which there is an open shooting season. It is said that last winter during a period of about six weeks there were slaughtered by pot hunters in that state alone over a million robins. What this means in the decreasing of the insect destroying force of the country can hardly be estimated. It is hoped that Texas and Alabama, the only two other states which permit the ruthless slaughter of the robin, will soon realize the cash nexus in bird preservation and fall into line.

Tobacco growers of the country have been interested much of late in the publication of results of experiments which have been conducted the past four or five years by the government along the line of growing a type of tobacco called the Sumatra wrapper in portions of Texas. It has been discovered that both soil and climate are nicely adapted to the growing of the plant, and if the hopes of experimenters are realized Texas will in a few years become one of the leading tobacco growing states of the country. One Texas landowner, a resident of Palestine, reports excellent financial returns from four years' culture of this variety of tobacco. He grows it under shade, having seventeen acres covered, for which he uses 30,000 lineal feet of lumber. He is able to raise 1,200 pounds to the acre and receives 50 cents a pound for the product.

At a meeting of the National Apple Growers' association which was held in St. Louis early in August a plan was formed for the organizing of all apple growers for the pooling of their product. The immediate objects of the organization are to wage a campaign for better transportation facilities, withdraw patronage from the commission men, lower the price of apples to the consumer and raise the profits of the grower, who in the estimate of the association has been having hold of the small end of the stick for some time past. One feature of the plan has in view the establishment of apple depots and market houses in the larger cities of the country which shall be owned and controlled by the association, which will regulate the selling price of apples. There is no denying the fact that apple growers in the past have, as a rule, been plucked and fleeced ruthlessly by apple dealers, who aim to beat the prices of apples down to the point where there is little or nothing in the raising of them. It is possible that the new plan may be worked out in its more important aspects if the association shall include in its membership a large majority of apple growers and if they will stick to agreements as decided on by the association

F. E. Trigg

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars ($116.89), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1906 at 1:35 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S.½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal meridian, containing 152.16 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 23rd day of September 1908, at nine (9) o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 4th A. D. 1908.

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.
Wilhelm Michelet,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
aug 6-Sept. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Aug. 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Sophie Tietjen, widow of Herman Tietjen deceased, St. Paul, Minn., who, on July 8, 1903, made homestead entry No. 6835, Serial, No. 0188, for Lots 6, 7, 10 & 11, Section 3, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 8th day of October 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Anderson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Nels Sornhill, " "
Albert Klongness, " "
Edvord Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 27-oct. 1.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1908 NUMBER 38

ST. PAUL
Historical Society

LOOK OUT FOR HOPPERS

State Entomologist Issues a Warning to the Farmers of This State.

Urges That Plowing Be Done as Late as Possible This Fall.

F. L. Washburn, state entomologist, foresees a grasshopper plague next year unless farmers take active measures now to prevent it.

"I note that grasshoppers have been troublesome this season from complaints I have received from many localities," said he. "The *outlook for next* summer is somewhat alarming possibly, unless measures are taken this fall to prevent an outbreak. I would therefore suggest that the farmers who note grasshoppers laying eggs this month, or early next month, in their land, should not fail to plow as late as possible after all eggs have been laid, thus turning them under and preventing their issuing next spring.

"It is not only necessary to plow the stubble, but other land not used, should grasshoppers be seen egg laying in sufficient abundance to warrant it, for if not, though the careful farmer should plow his own land, and leave an infested piece of wild land, or unused land, they would, of course come from that land upon his crops next summer. Furthermore, all farmers should co-operate in this, in a vicinity, for should one farmer neglect it, he would be the means of infesting his neighbors with grasshoppers next year.

"Grasshoppers can be kept from eating binding twine in the fall by soaking a ball of twine in the following solution, viz., two pounds of blue stone dissolved in 12 gallons of water. Soak for half an hour and then dry thoroughly. It must be remembered that it is hard to dissolve blue stone and it should therefore be placed in water a long time before the liquid is to be used. Soaking the balls of twine in kerosene has also been suggested, though we have not tried it.

"According to a law passed by the legislature in 1903 a farmer can be made to plow land which is so infested with grasshoppers as to be a menace to other farmers as well as to himself. Complaint of infested land should be made to the state entomologist or to the board of county commissioners. The entomologist examines the land, and if the conditions justify it, he reports to that effect to the board of county commissioners, who serve a notice upon the holder or lessee of infested land, requesting him to plow within a certain time. If he fails to do this, the county plows his land, and if such plowing benefits him materially in raising of crops the county sues him to recover money thus expended. Complaints of this kind should be made in the fall.

"If plowing is not done in the late fall it might be done with safety, where possible, before the 4th or 5th of May, which would be effective in ordinary seasons.

"The state entomologist, where it is absolutely necessary to assist farmers against this pest, will either visit them personally or send an assistant. The state enables him to help them also in other ways in connection with grasshoppers, where occasion demands it."

One on the Doctor.

A well known physician, we won't say if he is a local physician or not, frequently is embarassed because of his inability to remember persons' names. The other day while making out a patient's receipt, his visitor's name escaped him. Not wishing to appear so forgetful, and thinking to get a clue, he asked her if she spelled her name with an e or i. The lady smilingly replied, "Why doctor, my name is Hill."

The Last Drive

Wm. Herron left last Saturday for the outlet with a crew of twenty men and will bring down a drive for the Thief River Falls Lumber company. This will be the last drive for the lumber company this season and it will be a clean one. It is expected to take about twenty days.

SOME FACTS ARE GIVEN

Proposed School of Agriculture to Be Established in Red Lake County.

First Cost Will Be From $15,000 to $20,000, and Annual Cost Will Be $6,000.

Dr. Cummings and K. O. Olgstad, of St. Hilaire, spent last Friday night in the city in the interest of the proposed school of agriculture to be established at St. Hilaire. Aside from the fact that this school is to be located in the home town of these gentlemen, both are very *enthusiastic as to the benefits to be de*rived from a school of this character and have given the subject considerable thought and study. The school is for the farmers' boys and girls, and should it be established, its success or failure will depend entirely upon the farmers. Domestic science, manual training and general farming are to be the subjects taught, and it would result in great benefit to the boys and girls of Red Lake county.

The proposition of establishing this school is to be voted upon on September 29th at a special election. If the proposition carries a tax will be levied upon the property of Red Lake county to pay the cost of the buildings. The buildings are to cost not less than $15,000 or more than $20,000. The equipment for the school will have a value of about $5,000, but it is not expected that this will cost the county anything, as the St. Hilaire people say that they have assurance from manufacturers that this will all be donated to the county. The annual cost of maintaining the school after it is established is estimated at $6,000 per year.

Although there are several state agricultural schools, there is not a county agricultural school in the state, and if the school at St. Hilaire is established it will be the first one. In order to give the people of Red Lake county more light upon the subject, Hon. L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, will address four meetings in Red Lake county. He will speak as follows:

St. Hilaire, September 18, at 10:30 a. m.

Thief River Falls, Sept. 18, at 8:30 p. m.

Red Lake Falls, Sept. 19, at 2:00 p. m.
Wylie, Sept. 19 at 7:30 p. m.

If the proposed school of agriculture is built, the residents of Thief River Falls will pay one-fourth of the cost as this city pays one-fourth of the taxes of Red Lake county. The people here are favorable to the school, but would much prefer not to vote upon the subject and let the country districts settle the matter.

Presented With a Desk.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton and children left Sunday afternoon for their new home in Minneapolis, going down in their automobile. *Before leaving* they were serenaded by about three hundred of the men who work in the mill and as a token of the high esteem in which Mr. Winton is held by the large crew of men employed by the Thief River Falls Lumber company, he was presented with a handsome office desk. Wallace Nichols made the presentation speech and Mr. Winton responded in a few well chosen words. The Thief River Falls band rendered several selections.

Alaska Wheat.

Prof. C. P. Bull of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment station, has issued a statement warning people not to invest in so-called Alaska wheat, which he denounces as a fake, stating that the reported yields are gross exaggerations, and that the wheat is not of good quality. He continues:

"The Minnesota experiment station has had this wheat in its trials for many years and has found it a wonderfully promising looking wheat, but the yields have been only average. It does not in this climate stand up any better than the blue stem varieties; it is freer from rust than the blue stem varieties, and has been found to be more susceptible to so-called blight. The grains indicate softness. No test has been made to determine the milling qualities, but from appearance of the grain, judging from the experience obtained in working with a number of varieties of wheat, it is safe to assume that the flour making qualities are only average at best."

Save the Seed Corn.

Selecting seed corn for next year is an important matter. Now is the time for farmers who have good corn to pick out perfect ears for next year's planting.

One farmer who called at this office during the week ventured the assertion that the farmer who had on hand some good seed corn next spring would make some money, and we believe he is right.

Recently we published an article sent out by the state experimental station dealing with the best method of selecting seed corn. We presume that the most of our farmer friends read the article and are well posted on the procedure.

We know that several farmers living near Theif River Falls are now engaged in selecting their seed ears and are hanging them up in the loft. Every farmer who has good seed corn should be doing the same thing. Last spring poor seed caused much apprehension and the fields this fall indicate that a good deal of weak and even worthless seed corn was planted.

Bids Wanted.

The town board of Clover Leaf, Red Lake County, Minnesota will, up to the 22nd day of September, 1908, receive sealed bids on contract for grading and ditching in said town, on both sides (4 miles) on each of the section lines running north and south within the range lines, one section line 6 miles east and west. Grades to be 14 feet wide, the inside 6 inches deep, outside 18 inches deep with slope accordingly. From outside to outside of ditches shall be 3 rods. Four miles on one side of both range lines, these ditches to be six feet wide, 2 feet deep in the middle of ditch and the dirt to be laid on the line and leveled. If said contract be taken, must be completed before the expiration of the year 1909 (if possible). Said contract to be paid by township bond bearing 4 per cent per annum. Bonds issued for a period of twenty years. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The town board will meet at 2 o'clock P. M. on the 22nd. day of September 1908 at the office of the town clerk to open and take the bids under consideration.

Charles Strendgaard, clerk, Clover Leaf, Township, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

P. O. Germantown, Minnesota.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Subscribe for the News.

A HUNTER WAS SHOT

W. T. Bailey, Well Known Here Was Accidentally Shot in North Dakota.

Injury Not Serious One and Mr. Bailey Now Getting Along Very Well.

W. T. Bailey, the well known Duluth lumberman, who in company with Judge Morris and other residents of Duluth has hunted in the vicinity of Thief River Falls at the opening of the chicken season for the past several years and is well known here, was wounded, although not seriously, while hunting ducks on the Mouse river in North Dakota last week. Mr. Bailey was to have arrived here last week and hunted for prairie chickens with Judge Morris and Ed. Wilcox, but the accident prevented his coming. Werner Pressentin, a companion of Mr. Bailey was the man who did the accidental shooting.

Mr. Bailey and Mr. Pressentin occupied separate boats, and were concealed in the reeds, about twenty feet apart, waiting for ducks. Suddenly a flock appeared within shooting distance, and Mr. Pressentin, in getting into position, stumbled and fell forward in the boat, his gun accidentally being discharged. The muzzle happened to be pointing in the direction of Mr. Bailey, and the full charge of bird shot struck him a glancing blow in the left breast.

It was only a flesh wound, and a doctor summoned from Newburg, five miles distant soon had it dressed.

Farmers Like Jacobson.

Enough preliminary work has been done to develop the fact that Jacobson is strong in the rural districts. A poll taken of sixty-eight farmers of Crookston Thursday and Friday showed the following figures:

Voting for Johnson last year	47
Voting for Cole	16
Scattering	3
Not voting	2
For Jacobson this year	45
For Johnson	17
Socialist	5
Undecided	1

Among effective arguments that are being used is one against the third term. From present indications it looks as though there would be some old-time torchlight parades in Polk county before the campaign is over.

Had No Insurance.

Fire was discovered in the engine room of the Star Steam Laundry last Saturday at noon and before it was put out about $1,000 worth of damage was done. Nels Hawkenson, who is the proprietor of the place, had no insurance.

Incorporated for Thirty Cents.

"I am going to incorporate," John Brassfield says. "I heartily agree with the decision of Judge Grosscup that you cannot fine a corporation more than its capital stock. I would like to see any old police judge fine me a dollar and costs if I was incorporated for thirty cents."—Vineland (Kan.) Vice.

Can't Be Too Careful.

Charley Olson, buttermaker at the creamery, had a large number of chicken shot picked out of his leg and arm Tuesday, the effect of being in line with a shot gun. Charley and a couple of campaigners were lying in a field waiting for geese when Nick Hagen shot at a hawk. Mr. Hagen did not know of the presence of anyone until Olson rose up and exclaimed that he was shot. He will be disabled for some time, quite a large number of shot lodging in his hand.—Roseau Region.

Broke His Arm.

Martin Hoff met with an unfortunate and rather serious accident Monday which resulted in the breaking of his right arm. He had loaded his wagon with some furniture, boxes and barrels and had taken a seat on a box which lay on top of a barrel. While crossing the lower river bridge one of the front wheels of the wagon broke and Mr. Hoff fell from his seat against the railing on the bridge in such a manner as to break one of the bones next to his wrist. Dr. Swanson set the bone and is of the opinion that the arm will be a little stiff hereafter. Arthur Hall is substituting for Mr. Hoff on the rural route.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

May Get a Fortune.

Duluth Herald: If the lawyers of the east are able to unravel the family tangle, Judge Morris may share in the large fortunes accumulated by the late General Hugh Mercer. Judge Morris is a grandson of Julia Weedon Mercer, who was a niece of Hugh Mercer.

The Mercer estate is one of the largest in the country, and relatives from all over are bobbing up, claiming relationship with the old gentleman. Particularly down in New Brunswick is this true. Here a host of people are trying to prove that they should share in the fortune. The estate comprises property in New Jersey, Carolina, and Virginia, and is said to be valued at $300,000,000.

Judge Morris, who is in Thief River Falls at present is originally from Virginia. He was raised and received his schooling in that state. The Mercer and Morris families are of the oldest families in the South, and it is said that Judge Morris will have no difficulty in tracing his ancestors back to the Mercer family. O. D. Mercer formerly with the Western Union Telegraph company in this city, is also named as one of the heirs. The news came from St. John, N. B., where the lawyers are trying to straighten out the family tangle and award the property to whom it belongs.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

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You never saw a more attractive lot of good clothes than we're ready to show you right now for fall wear. They're Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, and the new colors, new weaves and fabrics are as rich and varied and attractive as clothes can be.

In addition to the new browns, grays, tans, and animal colors which have been so attractive a feature of this fine line, we'll show you some fine blue serges, black cheviots and thibets, such as every man ought to have.

Twenty dollars will get you a mighty good suit; all-wool perfectly made, correct in style.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

FIRES STILL RAGE

But Minnesota Towns Are in No Immediate Danger.

SITUATION ON MESABA RANGE

Flames Have Reached a Stage Where They Are No Longer Considered Dangerous.

While forest fires are still raging along the north shore of Lake Superior it is believed they have passed the danger point so far as the threatened destruction of villages is concerned. Hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of good timber is being destroyed, however.

Grand Marais, Chicago Bay, Hoveland, Big Bay, Pigeon River and other smaller settlements immediately along the shore are thought to be safe. The situation on the Mesaba range is also greatly improved and the flames in that territory have now reached a stage where they are no longer considered dangerous to the different towns.

Under orders from General C. G. Andrews, state fire warden, Chief Black of the Duluth fire department sent forty men to the scene of the worst forest fires above Grand Marais on board the Booth line steamer America. They were hired through the state free employment bureau. The men were placed under the direction of Secretary Wilson of the local fire department. Although the settlements are no longer in immediate danger there will be plenty of work for these men, for it will be their purpose to save as much timber from destruction as possible.

The refugees picked up at different points along the shore and taken to Grand Marais have been returned to their homes by the Gopher, an indication that all is now considered safe in that district.

The homes and possessions of the settlers back of Grand Marais were destroyed by forest fires last Friday, according to advices received from the steamer America. The fires on Isle Royale have subsided and the damage there is said to be less than at first reported.

FIVE CHILDREN PERISH.

Burned to Death in Fire at New Brighton, Minn.

Five children, ranging in age from ten to two years, were burned to death in a fire at New Brighton, just outside the city limits of St. Paul.

While the neighbors saved the furniture in the burning home of Henry Brosette, a farmer, his children were being literally cooked.

The house burned to the ground, reducing some of the bodies to ashes. The parents were away and the neighbors did not know of the presence of the children in the burning building.

They would have had plenty of time to save them. Nearly all the furniture was taken from the house before the frantic parents, who had seen the flames lick up their home from a distance, rushed onto the scene.

By that time it was too late to enter the house. Soon it crumbled and for hours the parents stood by watching the flames which destroyed their little children.

The father is employed on a farm a short distance from his home. Taking her baby in arms with her Mrs. Bresette went to meet her husband about 9 o'clock and it was on their way back that they saw their home in flames.

"Bill" Erwin Passes Away.

W. W. Erwin, familiarly known as "Bill" Erwin, formerly of St. Paul, is dead at Miami, Fla., where he had resided in recent years. His death ends the career of one of the most picturesque professional and political figures that ever moved in the limelight in St. Paul and Minnesota. He was the greatest criminal lawyer the Northwest ever knew and was undoubtedly an orator equaled in Minnesota by none, perhaps, except Ignatius Donnelly.

Kicked to Death by Horses.

Kicked and maimed by the ironshod hoofs of two horses Erick Okergren, thought to be a resident of Minneapolis, was killed near Bass lake, on the road from Monticello, where he had been working in a grading crew. He was leading one horse and riding another and fell from his horse and was trampled upon and kicked to death by the animals.

Woman Killed by Lightning.

Mrs. Hendrick Nelson, a widow of the town of Artichoke, near Ortonville, was killed by a stroke of lightning during a rainless electrical storm. Her eight year old daughter, who was beside her at the time, was uninjured.

Boy Killed in Runaway.

A runaway on the Cloverdale stock farm near Appleton resulted fatally for the thirteen year old son of J. J. De Wall, proprietor and owner of the farm. The boy was thrown out of the rig and his skull was fractured.

Crushed to Death in a Quarry.

Nels Norman, a resident of Ortonville, was fatally crushed by a five-ton piece of granite in the Consolidated Granite company's quarry near there. He died before he could be taken to the hospital.

ST. PAUL MAN A SUICIDE.

Runs Down the Street With His Throat Cut From Ear to Ear.

Running through the streets of St. Paul with his throat cut from ear to ear, Joseph Klein terrorized people in the vicinity of St. Peter and Exchange streets. Men, women and children scattered in all directions as the blood-covered man, crazed with pain, dashed across Exchange street and tried to force his way into a saloon on the opposite side of the street.

The saloonkeeper and his family saw the man approaching and barred the door against him. Klein then turned in the direction of St. Joseph's hospital, staggered through the main entrance and fell unconscious on the floor.

He was taken to the operating table and his wound sewed up, but he died within an hour. He was janitor of a school and despondency over loss of his position is thought to have prompted his suicide.

LOSS OF $100,000 RESULTS

Fire Destroys Plant of St. Paul Lumber Company.

Fire in the plant of the Gribben Lumber company at St. Paul caused a loss of $100,000 to the company and owners of adjacent property. The fire spread with amazing rapidity, for the material on which it fed was as dry as tinder. When the fire department arrived the entire yard, with buildings, was aflame.

The fire jumped the street to a large apartment house just as a torrent of rain came to the aid of the department. This saved the lumber company's brick office buildings and the stores of the Spindler Hardware company, the Davenport Drug company and the Hugo Herman Clothing company.

J. P. Gribben estimates his loss at $80,000, with insurance at $60,000. The other losses fell on the Lasbury and Bass apartment houses and the Herzog Iron company.

THREE PERSONS RESCUED

Mother and Two Children Carried From Burning Home.

A fire in the residence of Mrs. Dora Klein at St. Paul might have had a serious result but for the vigilance of Louis Klein, a son, who works in a livery stable across the street from his home.

The Kleins live up stairs and the lower part of the house is occupied by Mrs. Mary Thompson and her two young children. Louis Klein had been at work for some time when he was surprised to see flames issuing from the rear of his home. He rushed across the street and into the house, where he discovered that Mrs. Thompson and her children were still in bed. He roused them, carried the children out of doors and called the fire department.

Objects to Being Ousted.

After a trial lasting over twelve hours on charges of alleged incompetence, filed by Mayor Andrews of Mankato in impeachment proceedings, the city council found the allegations against City Engineer Haynes true and adopted resolutions declaring his office vacant. Haynes' attorneys will petition the supreme court for a writ of certiorari setting aside the council's action on the ground that the charges were wholly unproved.

Well Known Evangelist Dead.

Boston W. Smith, well known all over the Northwest in connection with the evangelistic work of the Baptist church, died suddenly at his home in Minneapolis from an attack of apoplexy. About a year ago Mr. Smith suffered from a similar attack, but had completely recovered and his death came as a shock to his friends as well as to those interested in his evangelistic work.

Quarrel Ends in Suicide.

Disappointment in a love affair and a long drinking spree caused John A. Potti, a bartender at the saloon of Alex Johnson of Minneapolis, to commit suicide. Without giving any warning of his intention Potti walked to the rear of the saloon, placed a heavy revolver to his right ear and pulled the trigger. Patrons of the saloon rushed to his aid, but he died instantly.

Used Too Much Emphasis.

Mayor Haynes of Minneapolis, candidate for re-election, will not pound the table to emphasize a political argument again in this campaign. His honor became so excited at a political meeting that he broke two fingers of his right hand pounding the table. Now he has the hand in splints and will confine his arguments to the verbal variety.

Burned to Death in Barn.

A man believed to have been Roach Needham was burned to death in a stable fire on East Seventh street, St. Paul. He was sleeping in the barn when the flames broke out. Before he could escape his way out was cut off and he was caught like a rat in a trap.

Burned to Death in Sleeper.

A Northern Pacific sleeping car in the railroad yards at Staples caught fire and Mrs. Joseph Pitts of Lisbon, N. D., was burned to death. All others escaped from the car. The train had been made up for Duluth, but a crew was not in charge at the time.

Gored to Death by a Bull.

To be gored to death by a savage bull which he had gone to feed was the fate of Peter X. Jensen of Minneapolis, an old man seventy-four years old who was boarding with C. E. Holden of that city.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Horses and other live stock throughout Minnesota will be assessed this year on the same basis as last. On recommendation of its committee on live stock the state board of equalization adopted the following schedule for the various classes of stock: Horses, one year old, $11; two years old, $18; three years old or over, $33. Cattle, one year old, $5; two years old, $8; cows, $12; working oxen, $20; all other cattle, $15. Sheep, $1.50. Hogs, $3.

Not being representatives of a political party, as defined by the laws of the state, the Independence party presidential electors can only get on the official ballots through petitions bearing the required number of signatures, according to an opinion given out by Assistant Attorney General George W. Peterson. The opinion also states that a separate petition is necessary for each of the party's presidential electors.

Notwithstanding the fact that Bishop Edsall of the Protestant Episcopal church declared at the last diocesan council that he would not entertain a plan of division of the diocese and the creation of a new one until the financing of the present diocese is perfected active preparations are going on at St. Paul for the creation of a new diocese including eighteen Southeastern Minnesota counties.

Arrangements for the erection, lease and management of the new St. Paul $1,000,000 hotel have been completed. The old Windsor hotel will soon be torn down so that the work of construction may begin. It is expected that the new hostelry will be ready for occupancy Dec. 1, 1909.

At a meeting of the county commissioners of Jackson county $142,000 ditch bonds advertised for sale were awarded to the Thomas J. Bolyer company of Chicago at 5 per cent. This money goes for the construction of three separate ditches and the work is now in progress.

Minneapolis expended on its school system during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, $1,656,755.90. Of this amount $1,313,741.64 was for maintenance and $343,014.26 for new buildings and the remodeling and enlargement of old buildings.

William W. Allen, Independence league candidate for governor of Minnesota, will make the initiative and referendum the basis of his campaign before the people and his campaign will be energetic and will reach all parts of the state.

More than four hundred delegates from most of the Northern states of the Union attended the general conference of the Swedish Baptists of America at St. Paul last week.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

W. T. Bailey, a prominent Duluth lumberman, who was one of a party of sportsmen duck hunting on the Moose river in North Dakota, was accidentally wounded by Werner Pressentin of Duluth. It was a close call for Mr. Bailey. Had the shot struck an inch further to the left it would certainly have killed him. The danger is over now, however, and the patient is recovering.

A cow in the town of Richmond, Winona county, went to drink at a barrel spring and after a copious draught found that her horns had stuck in the barrel and she was unable to get them out. The water in the barrel rose and caused the death of the cow by drowning. Her body was found when the other cows were taken to water in the evening.

Emmet Haven of Minneapolis, an employe of the North Star Boat line, was drowned in Big Stone lake at Ortonville. He was at work on a grain barge and accidentally fell overboard, but before help could reach him he had disappeared from view. Haven was an expert swimmer, but became entangled in weeds and was unable to extricate himself.

As the result of the breaking of a front wheel on his automobile Ralph D. Wilcox, vice president of the Wilcox Bros. Lumber company of Minneapolis, and Bruno Sebel, an employe, narrowly escaped being crushed to death under the overturned machine. Both men are at the hospital with numerous fractures and bruises.

Mrs. Lasrever of Stillwater, aged about seventy years, was struck by the Omaha Twilight limited at the crossing east of Stillwater Junction and was thrown about fifteen feet upon a pile of stone and received injuries that will probably prove fatal.

Ignats Markert of New Market township, Dakota county, a prosperous farmer sixty-three years of age, was gored to death by a bull.

Isaac Brown is dead at Minneapolis as the result of being knocked down and trampled upon by a horse driven by a reckless driver.

OBITUARY.

Charles Tasker, fourteen years old, dropped dead at his mother's feet at the Tasker home in St. Paul. Death resulted from heart disease, from which the boy had been ailing for many years. The boy ate an apple shortly before he died and complained of the pain.

Harvey S. Sicotte, a waiter in a Minneapolis restaurant, dropped dead while eating his lunch in the restaurant.

William W. Wagner, seventy-six years old, one of St. Paul's earliest settlers, is dead.

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PEERLESS
GUND'S Peerless BEER JOHN GUND BREWING LA CROSSE WIS. U.S.A.

Delivered Promptly to the Home

If you prize a pure malt and hop beer, and won't have any other kind in your home, you can't do better than to telephone us today and order a case of

Gund's Peerless Beer

This superb beer comes to you direct from the heart of the choicest barley lands in the world, and contains nothing but the juices of the best barley grown and the finest imported Bohemian hops. Its sparkling, brilliant glow is the product of **Gund's Natural Process** of brewing. **"Peerless"** is on sale at all first-class places and in high favor with the discriminating. Telephone us today for a case. Bottled only at our model 20th century brewery.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

John Bauer, Mgr. Thief River Falls Branch,
Thief River Falls, Minn. Phone 196.

We Make a Specialty of Printing AUCTION BILLS.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We are receiving daily large consignments of fall and winter goods which have been selected with great care. Natty, up-to-date goods, sure to please and at prices that defy competition. Further particulars later.

Grocery Department.

We have a few special bargains to offer to the public, at greatly reduced prices, while they last. Those who know the quality of Heinze and company's goods ought to take on a liberal supply as you will probably never get another chance to buy these goods at reduced prices. We offer the following goods:

Heinze 5 pound preserved strawberries, regular price $1, at	$ .75
Heinze 10 pound preserved damson plum, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved cherries, regular price $1.50, at	1.00
Heinze 10 pound preserved blackberries, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved pineapple, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 2 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 1 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .25, at	.15
Heinze 2 pound preserved cherry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved damson plum (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved pineapple (in tin,) regular pirce .50,	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved blackberry (in tin,) regular price .50 at	.35

We also have a few high grade goods in our regular line that will go at reduced prices.

Extra fancy 3 pound apricots, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

Extra fancy 3 pound Bartlett pears, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

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There is no longer need of keeping money and valuables at home when you can obtain a safety box at a low rental. Interest paid on time deposits.

We represent some of the best Fire Insurance and Steamship companies. Tickets to Norway, Sweeden and other countries are now sold at reduced rates, much lower than before.

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THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER,
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We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Redeemed Pledges.

By J. LUDLUM LEE.

Copyrighted, 1908, by Associated Literary Press.

Solomon Isaacs had been counted a prosperous pawnbroker for years. His little shop, located on the corner of a busy thoroughfare, showed a big profit, while large concerns in the neighborhood had failed during the hard times.

Real estate sharks had made tempting offers to Solomon for his precious corner, but he assured them all that he was doing very well and did not care to sell. Indeed, Solomon boasted of many fashionable customers, and his showcases often displayed gorgeous gems, offered for sale at temptingly low prices.

Business seldom started in until after 10 in the morning, so Solomon was standing in the open doorway smoking a cigar when his attention was attracted to a fashionably dressed young woman looking in his window. Suddenly she caught his glance and darted in the doorway.

"I want to get this watch out of *pawn,*" she said as Mr. Isaacs followed her into the shop. She handed him the ticket.

"Out early, ain't you?" suggested Isaacs as he glanced her over, wondering how she had happened to pawn a watch for $5. Clearly some one had arranged the matter for her. Isaacs never forgot a business face.

He took the ticket and went to the back of the store in search of the pledged article, and Nita Norcross spent the time in looking into a tempting case of old jewelry. One old locket attracted her and on his return she asked its price.

Isaacs took out the locket slowly, still searching the girl's face. The price seemed reasonable, and she bought it. Turning to leave the shop, she met face to face a huge policeman and a lithe youth. Nita's heart went out to the latter. In her imagination she pictured the young man as wayward and pawning, perhaps stealing, jewelry. Surely he must be a thief, or why his police escort? The suspected youth looked at her sharply as he passed into the shop, and Nita hurried home with her purchase. Once in her room, she told her maid to send the laundress upstairs. She wished to speak to her privately.

"WHY, I BOUGHT IT," SHE FINALLY ANSWERED.

"Here is your watch, Mrs. Berry," said Nita as she handed the timepiece to her washerwoman, who began to weep copiously on a gingham apron. "I hope you will never have to part with it again. The next time you need money for sickness or any serious trouble come to me. Never pawn anything again. It is a terrible habit," continued Nita. Then, recalling the picture of the handsome youth, she added: "It teaches young men where they can get extra money and oftener gets them into trouble than out of it. Now run along to your work and never think of it again." And Mrs. Berry, clasping the cheap yet precious watch of her dead husband to her heart, went back to her tubs.

Several weeks later Nita Norcross was invited to the clambake given at Oak Ridge by her old friends the Clydes. Mrs. Clyde introduced her to the many new friends they had met since moving to Oak Ridge, and soon supper was in full swing.

Encircling the round table were thirty men and girls, and Nita casually looked them over. Directly opposite she recognized a new face strangely familiar. Where had she seen that man before? He had an almost impertinent smile, and, look where she would, their glances seemed always to cross.

Supper was over, and the guests were strolling about the grounds. The man with the familiar strange face came up to Nita as she stood beneath a clump of lanterns.

"This is Miss Norcross, I believe," he said. "I am Mr. Hildreth. We were introduced early in the evening, but no doubt you did not catch my name. Have you seen the sunken lake of which Clyde is so proud?"

Once away from the crowd, they found a comfortable little seat along the water's edge, and the moonlight fell clear upon them.

"Gorgeous night, isn't it?" suggested Nita. She could not explain why she had this uncommon constrained feeling when with this man.

"Bully," he replied. "May I light a cigarette just to keep the bugs away?"

"You certainly may," agreed Nita.

"I wonder if you would think me frightfully rude," began Mr. Hildredth, "if I were to ask you where you ran against the locket you have on your neck, Miss Norcross. It's a perfect beauty. I have seen but one other like it, and that belonged to my mother."

Nita blushed and nervously twirled the locket which hung on a fine chain about her neck.

"Why, I bought it," she finally answered.

"Yes, of course, but where?"

The silence which followed was painful, and Hildredth continued:

"You see, my mother's locket was stolen along with a lot of other jewelry that my valet relieved me of about a year ago, and I've spent hundreds of dollars and a world of time trying to locate the stuff. What he took of mine I don't care a rap about, but my mother's keepsakes—well, you could understand that would be a different thing. In my mother's locket there is a picture of a child—a picture of me. Whom do you carry in yours, Miss Norcross?"

Hildredth waited several minutes for his answer. Slowly the girl took the locket from her throat and reached it to him.

"Open it," she almost whispered.

He did so and revealed the picture of a curly headed child of about six, and while Hildredth looked long at the picture the girl told the story of how she came by it.

"And isn't it absurd," she was saying. "I thought you were a thief that day when I saw you with the policeman."

"And I," said Hildreth, "though you were a society girl getting extra money to play the races or go to fortune tellers or some equally wicked dissipation." Then, changing his tone entirely, he continued: "I hate to ask the return of this, but mother valued it above price. But as she is now abroad I want you to show you hold me no ill will by putting it back on your throat and wearing it while you are at Oak Ridge. When we part"—

He extended the trinket to her, and his hand touched hers. Without argument she clasped the fine chain once more about her neck. Nothing was said by either, but Lawrence lighted another cigarette and bit hard.

"I think we had better join the crowd," said Nita, "or they'll be instituting a searching party for us."

The next days and for many days after during Nita's stay at Oak Ridge, Lawrence Hildredth found an excuse to run over in his motor or to sail over in his boat to the Clyde lodge. The last evening of Nita's visit had come, and she and Lawrence were once more sitting by the water's edge. Nearly a month had passed, and another moon had come to shed its rays upon Oak Ridge.

"Tomorrow I am going home," Nita said, "so I will give you back the locket tonight. Your mother will be home soon, too, I hear."

He took it from her with reluctant hand.

"Nita," Lawrence's voice was tenderness itself. "There is just one woman to whom my mother would give that locket—my wife. Will you take me, Nita? Take my locket and my love? Tell me, Nita, that you love me."

Nita looked straight into his eyes.

"Larrie, dear, I do love you, and I always will."

He clasped the locket about her throat again, pledging it to her for life, and the kiss he received in payment seemed priceless.

From Welsh to Spanish.

A very long time ago the British government ordered that English should be taught in Welsh schools. As a result, a colony of persecuted Welsh miners fled from the British tyranny and settled in the deserts of Patagonia. These men were heroes, and with most magnificent courage they dared to live in a desert where not a plant would grow, where the water was brackish and the heat intolerable. They were surrounded by wild tribes of hostile savages and made them warm friends; they were ruled by a foreign government and became loyal citizens.

Through long years of want and famine they never despaired. They have turned the desert into a beautiful fertile country, have become rich, number 3,000 people, have extended their string of settlements right across South America, own a paying railway and ship large crops of wheat, wool, ostrich feathers and quanaco skins.

They left Wales to escape the tyranny of the English language and now, rather than talk Welsh, they converse largely of their freedom in excellent Spanish.

Germs, Their Friends and Foes.

Germs are powerless to affect a healthy body in which the vital resistance is maintained by good habits of living. Alcohol, tobacco and other such drugs, whether narcotic or stimulative in their effects, are aids and comforts to our invisible enemies. Too much food, especially hearty food such as meat and beans, forms supplies for the commissary department of the enemy instead of for the brigades of white corpuscles. On the other hand, every breath drawn deeply into the lungs of fresh sun warmed air is a direct blow struck at our foes and on the side of our defenders. Every sip of pure water aids the forces of life. So, too, does every motion in walking, running and other exercises—when exercise is not excessive. Every mouthful of pure food adds fuel to the flame of life.—Success Magazine.

Joe Giller is Saving You Money

I have just come back from the eastern market where I bought a new, complete fall and winter stock, all kinds of flannels, dress goods, ladies,' men's and children's underwear and a new stock of boots, shoes, caps, mitts, ladies' and men's plush lined coats, men's sheep lined coats, woolen jackets and a good line of clothing to fit anybody. Also a line of groceries, jewelry, notions, etc.

There is no doubt but what I can save you 25 cents on the dollar, because I do my work alone and my expenses are small.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD CURE

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

J. F. Jacobson last week announced that he would visit every county in the state before the November election and make his position clear upon all issues before the people. It will be different with Gov. Johnson.

"Bryan never—Johnson ever" seems to be the slogan of the leaders of the Red Lake county Democrats. And yet, strange as it may seem, when the votes are counted it will be found that Johnson is not running so far ahead of Bryan. To tell the truth both are going to be far in the rear.

State Inspector George B. Aiton gives to manual training, now being taken up by many of the high schools of the state, credit for the increase in the male attendance at such schools. He says: Minnesota is getting its boys back in the high school as a result of the industrial courses. The sum of $35,228 was expended for industrial work last year, while only $23,453 was used for the same work the previous year. While boys and girls are gaining in numbers in the state schools, the boys are coming in much faster because of manual training.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson has declared his attitude on the question of organization of the house of representatives. In reply to an inquiry from R. J. Bell of the Roseau Times, he says:

> I am not pledged to any candidate for speaker of the next house.
>
> I have often been numbered among the "insurgents," and I fully appreciate the necessity for a change in the rules and organization so as to limit the power of the speaker, which now seems excessive.
>
> I shall be entirely independent on the speakership question and will take such action as will, in my judgment, best subserve the interests of my district and the people at large.

An exchange has this to say regarding the mad rush for wealth, which is true as gospel. "There is a wise and an unwise way to seek wealth. The business man who proposes to find his life in mere accumulation, can doubtless succeed. Let him deny himself pleasure, do nothing for his community, recognize no claims of benevolence, reduce his domestic duties to the lowest, take no time for culture, and he may gain the world, but will loose himself. The esteem of the community, blessing of the needy, the riches of culture, the warm affection of friends and family—things dearer to a noble soul than the breath of life, will not be his.

As to Mr. Jacobson's record—this year the railroads of the state paid into the treasury in gross earnings taxes a sum of $1,200,000 more than they would have paid had the old rate of taxation been in force. The increase counts not only for this year but for all the years. The man who raised the gross earnings tax rate was J. F. Jacobson. It was no easy job either. It took several years fighting and heroic work against overwhelming odds to have the rate put where it ought to be but Jacobson fought it through. It took nerve, tenacity and determination to win the victory but those are the qualities the republican candidate for governor possesses. The man who saves the tax payers of the state a million dollars every year can hardly be dismissed from political consideration because he hasn't rushed around this summer with a declaration to the tax payers as to where he stood on other matters affecting their interests.—Long Prairie Leader.

MAP OF RED LAKE COUNTY, MINN.

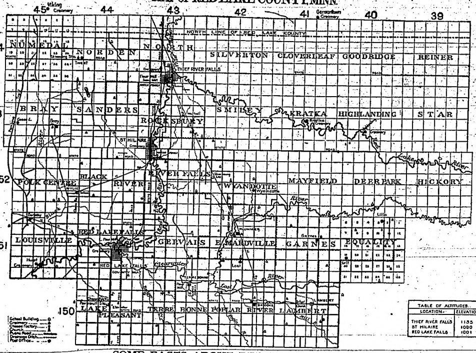

TABLE OF ALTITUDES.	
LOCATION.	ELEVATION
THIEF RIVER FALLS	1135
ST HILAIRE	1080
RED LAKE FALLS	1001

SOME FACTS ABOUT RED LAKE COUNTY.

Red Lake County is situated in the Red River Valley in western Minnesota, and is traversed by the Great Northern, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault St. Marie; and the Northern Pacific Railways, and with the many good highways furnishes quick and adequate transportation. The county is also traversed by the Red Lake and Clearwater Rivers and many smaller streams, providing good drainage for surrounding lands. There is no better stock or dairy country anywhere; the surface is prairie dotted with beautiful natural groves providing shade in summer and a bountiful supply of fuel for the winter. The soil is rich and very productive; all small grains are successfully raised and crops of clover and tame grass are unsurpassed anywhere in America, making this the ideal home of the dairy cow, which has built so many successful co-operative creameries and cheese factories throughout the county. The climate is moderate and small fruits are easily produced. Cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry are successfully raised. The splendid water from the many flowing wells combined with the moderate climate and good drainage insure a most healthful condition. There are many co-operative creameries and cheese factories in active operation for which this county is famed throughout the dairy world. There are several large flour mills throughout the county, churches of all denominations, many rural and graded schools, and high schools in the larger towns. Rural mail and telephone routes reach every part of the county. The population consists of thrifty and industrious people of many nationalities. They are up-to-date farmers, merchants, professional men and manufacturers. The lands have a general slope to the South and West, affording ample drainage for the tributary country, which is the only locality having sufficient rain fall for profitable general farming, and where land can be purchased at a price within the reach of anyone of moderate means.

A BAD EXAMPLE

The disgrace to the capital of Illinois is one of the inconveniences of our "higher law." An idea that murder is a matter for individual judgment or inclination persists in the country to a degree rather disconcerting to civilized critics. The idea has found great encouragement in the administration of the law itself, and will prevail, no doubt, so long as it does find such encouragement.

While the Springfield mob was burning and killing, a gentlemanly ruffian in New York was calmly killing a man against whom he had a grievance. Neither that murder nor the bloody work at Springfield would have happened if the perpetrators, relying upon experience, had not felt confident of escaping with little or no punishment. Sympathetic or cowardly tolerance of murderous mobs has been rather the rule. Springfield's experience is a fruit of the rule.

A failure of the law there at this time will simply prepare a like experience for some other town. It devolves upon Springfield to say, for the time being, whether the fundamental article of our government is a mere figure of speech or a solid guaranty. If she punishes her murderers as she should, probably it will be a long time before mob-homicide is as lightly undertaken again in any Northern city.

An appreciation of this responsibility, not only to the city but to the whole country, evidently obtains; and preliminary steps to redeem the capital's reputation have been taken with commendable vigor.—Saturday Evening Post.

J. W. McGinty

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-election.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term.

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., has the largest enrollment of any business college in the state. More pupils placed in positions in 1908 than the entire enrollment of any other college in the city. The only school that guarantees positions. Send for catalog.

CHANGE IN SENTIMENT.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson of Crookston, was a visitor at Republican State headquarters in St. Paul today, conferring with Chairman Brown and Secretary Martin.

"There is a very decided change in political sentiment in the Ninth district," said Mr. Steenerson in an interview, "compared with two years ago. Many who were Johnson Republicans, are now lined up for the Republican ticket from top to bottom. It is generally recognized in my district at least, that Johnson is not running for governor this year for any other reason than to carry the Democratic party and Bryan, if possible, through the coming election in Minnesota. No Republican can vote for him this fall as a candidate who is supporting the Rooseveltian platform and beliefs. Johnson cannot parade a letter from Roosevelt this time, as he did two years ago, to catch Republican votes. He is now, and must so stand, an out and out apostle of Democracy and things Democratic, including Bryan and Bryanism this time, instead of Roosevelt and a Rooseveltian platform.

"In the Ninth district I find that Jacobson is especially strong throughout the rural districts. Jacobson has been the choice of the farmers for several years for governor. They now have him, and will stand by him. This being presidential year, voters will not allow personalities to influence their votes. They recognize that national issues are at stake.

"Bryan's speech at Crookston was a great disappointment. He actually lost ground there for Democracy. Thousands of people were there to hear him, and waited till 10 p. m. before he appeared. The address was a narrow appeal to farmers, a harangue, trying to prejudice them against Republicanism. It didn't take at all. Only once was there the slightest symptoms of applause. He spoke to a silent, disappointed, audience."—Minneapolis Tribune.

If So, Vote for Johnson.

Do you favor voting for a man who doesn't want the position he is nominated for, in order to continue in office an army of hungry office holders? It's up to you, Mr. Voter.

The total value of the olive crop for Greece in the year 1907 is reported to have been $12,000,000.

In the light of present day forestry agitation the title of the poem which we used to recite when children in school, "Woodman, Spare That Tree," has a good deal more meaning than it did at the time the author penned it.

The pail or barrel on which hoops have burst and which threatens to fall to pieces may be rendered serviceable by the use of homemade wire hoops. These should be measured, cut to the desired length, the ends twisted fast and then driven on tight.

It is a pretty good index of the kind of farmer a fellow is if he wants to keep the manure pile at the smallest size possible and doesn't care a bit when it is spread on to the land. Usually such fellows have a grouch against the fate that attends them and lambaste the existing political and economic order.

A friend of the writer who is this year working his 400 acre farm without other help than that of his own wife, boys and girls is wisely following the plan of giving them an outing varies the monotony of the hard work whenever the oportunity offers. This they are doing and likewise makes them feel that their efforts are appreciated. This is a plan that might be followed to advantage by more farm owners.

It is said that at Cheshire, Conn. stands an apple tree which is known to be 100 years old and is believed to be still older than this. The tree is about seventy feet high, while the trunk has a circumference of seventeen and a half feet near the base. There are eight large branches, five of which bear fruit one year and the other three the next. One year this giant tree bore 130 bushels of apples. The tree is regular in form, and the area shaded by its branches is 130 feet in diameter.

Chicken lice, like weeds, flourish in warm weather. For this reason the poultry, especially that kept in confinement, should be provided with boxes containing dust, sulphur and wood ashes, while the henhouse, nests and roosts should be given frequent applications of whitewash and coal oil and be frequently disinfected with sulphur fumes. Sickly and ailing chicks as well as dumpy and unprofitable flocks of hens are often the direct result of these louse and mite pests. During the present season we have noted localities where hundreds of chicks were killed off by them as if it were by a pestilence.

Subscribe for the News.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to E. S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 21st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 16th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43W. 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 49 thereof on the 20th day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and no-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
sept. 17-oct. 22
L. M. Hoar,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole H. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec 13th, 1903, made Homestead entry, No. 125, Serial No. 0671, for lots 4, N ½ N. W. ¼, and S. E. ¼ N. W. ¼ Section 28, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn. on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per. Walstedt, " " " " "
Frank Tilton, " " " " "
H. H. Skagen, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
sept 17-oct. 22
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Lewin, of Anton, Minn., who on July 25th, 1904, made H. E. No. [illegible] Serial No. 816, for S. E. ¼ Section 7, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27th day of October 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Otto H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward Olson, of " "
Barney Tieman, of " "
Christ Dorty, of Kratka

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept 17-oct 22

How Do You Like It?

This is what J. F. Jacobson said during his speech of acceptance before the Republican State convention:

"I've come to the conclusion that a man who tries to do what's absolutely right can't go far wrong." Sounds pretty good, doesn't it?

RESULT OF THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

Very Close Fight for the Office of County Superintendent and County Attorney.

Nelson Wins Out for Sheriff Over Jones and Opsahl Leades in the Legislative Fight.

Primary election day passed off very quietly in Thief River Falls and Red Lake county this year and a very small vote was cast. There are some surprisingly close results and the outcome for some of the offices are still in doubt. The only contests were on the republican ticket, and in Thief River Falls some over 500 votes were cast, about 300 less than was anticipated, but no effort was made to get out any of the voters, and those who turned out had to walk to the polos.

The closest fight is for the office of county attorney and Ira C. Richardson and Wilhelm Michelet are running a neck and neck race. The latest reports last evening gave Michelet a lead of about thirty votes with several voting precincts to hear from.

McAnulty and Anderson are also running a close race for the office of county superintendent of schools. Last evening they were about even, but the missing polling places to hear from are said to be favorable to Anderson, although there will be nothing sure about this contest until the official count is made.

Sheriff Nelson made a whirl wind campaign during the past few days and swept everything before him. He carried most every precinct in all parts of the county and is nominated by a large majority. In Thief River Falls a few weeks ago there was considerable opposition to Nelson, but "Jim" Bulman and "Bob" Lee who assisted Mr. Nelson did much to fix things here for the big sheriff and he carried every voting precinct in the city.

Dr. Melby will be the next coroner of Red Lake county, having succeeded in defeating Hicks by a big majority.

Opsahl is quite likely to win in the fight for representative. In Beltrami county, Funkley has a lead of nearly 200, but in Clearwater and Red Lake Counties, Opsahl is far ahead of Funkley. Ives, who was the Red Lake county candidate, did not get the solid support of Red Lake county, and concedes that he is defeated.

City of Thief River Falls.

First Precinct, First Ward:
Representative—Ives, 56; Funkley, 11; Opsahl, 30.
Sheriff—Nelson, 72; Jones, 29.
Attorney—Richardson, 50; Michelet, 56.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 109; Anderson, 63.
Coroner—Melby, 70; Hicks, 19.

Second Precinct, First Ward:
Representative—Ives, 60; Funkley, 13; Opsahl, 44.
Sheriff—Jones, 31; Nelson, 91.
Attorney—Michelet, 78; Richardson, 50.
Coroner, Hicks, 18; Melby, 111.
Superintendent—Anderson, 107; McAnulty, 122.

Second Ward:
Representative—Ives, 53; Funkley, 10; Opsahl, 13.
Sheriff—Nelson, 48; Jones, 10.
Attorney—Michelet 46; Richardson, 46.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 84; Anderson, 46.
Coroner—Melby, 51; Hicks, 11.

Third Ward:
Representative—Ives, 100; Opsahl, 31; Funkley, 10.
Sheriff—Nelson, 98; Jones, 42.
Attorney—Richardson, 77; Michelet, 63.
Coroner—Hicks, 20; Melby, 115.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 152; Anderson, 96.

Town of North.

Representative—Ives, 22; Opsahl, 10; Funkley, 2.
Sheriff—Nelson, 29; Jones, 9.
County Attorney—Michelet, 13; Richardson, 26.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 20; Anderson, 17.
Coroner—Hicks, 11; Melby 27.

Red Lake Falls Town.

Representative—Ives, 8; Opsahl, 2; Funkley, 3.
Sheriff—Nelson, 9; Jones, 1.
Attorney—Richardson, 4; Michelet, 5.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 11; Anderson, 1.
Coroner—Melby, 1; Hicks, 3.

Polk Center.

Representative—Ives, 11; Opsahl, 10.
Attorney—Michelet, 15; Richardson, 6.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 10; Anderson, 15.

Red Lake Falls City.

Representative—Ives, 77; Funkley, 72; Opsahl, 20.
Sheriff—Nelson, 129; Jones, 23.
Attorney—Richardson, 82; Michelet, 50.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 91; Anderson, 258.
Coroner—Hicks, 45; Melby, 48.

St. Hilaire.

Representative—Ives, 53; Opsahl, 14; Funkley, 2.
Sheriff—Nelson, 18; Jones, 50.
Superintendent—McAnulty, 90; Anderson, 54.

Plummer.

Representative—Opsahl, 15; Funkley, 8; Ives, 0.
Sheriff—Nelson, 19; Jones, 10.
Attorney—Richardson, 9; Michelet, 10.
Superintendent McAnulty, 17; Anderson, 17.

Garnes.

Representative Opsahl, 22.
Sheriff Nelson, 20; Jones, 5.
Attorney Michelet, 13; Richardson, 7.
Superintendent McAnulty, 7; Anderson, 23.

Equality.

Representative Opsahl, 17; Funkley, 2; Ives, 1.
Sheriff Nelson, 17; Jones, 5.
Attorney Michelet, 9; Richardson, 9.
Superintendent McAnulty, 2; Anderson, 20.
Coroner Melby, 11; Hicks, 7;

Terrebonne.

Representative—Opsahl, 3; Ives, 8; Funkley, 2.
Sheriff—Nelson, 8; Jones, 3.
Attorney—Michelet, 2; Richardson, 6.
Superintendent McAnulty, 21; Anderson, 5.
Coroner Melby, 5; Hicks, 4.

Bray.

Representative Opsahl, 6; Ives, 7.
Sheriff Nelson, 8; Jones, 6.
Attorney Michelet, 7; Richardson, 7.
Superintendent McAnulty, 7; Anderson, 7.
Coroner Hicks, 3; Melby, 10.

Gervais.

Representative Opsahl, 5; Ives, 2; Funkley, 2.
Sheriff Nelson, 9; Jones, 1.
Attorney Michelet, 4; Richardson, 3.
Superintendent McAnulty, 4; Anderson, 8.
Coroner Melby, 3; Hicks, 4.

Black River.

Representative Opsahl, 6; Ives, 13; Funkley, 6.
Sheriff Nelson, 15, Jones, 10.
Attorney Michelet, 14; Richardson, 8.
Superintendent McAnulty, 15; Anderson, 14.
Coroner Melby, 7; Hicks, 10.

Louisville.

Representative Ives, 3; Funkley, 13.
Sheriff Nelson, 16; Jones, 1.
Attorney Michelet, 3; Richardson, 11.
Superintendent McAnulty, 2; Anderson, 11.
Coroner Melby, 5; Hicks, 1.

Smiley.

Representative Opsahl, 12; Ives, 8.
Sheriff Jones, 12; Nelson, 8.
Superintendent McAnulty, 7; Anderson, 12.
Attorney Richardson, 8; Michelet, 12

Clover Leaf.

A small vote was cast in Clover Leaf. We could not obtain the figures. Opsahl, Nelson, Michelet and Anderson received majorities in this town.

In Polk County.

Reports from Crookston are to the effect that Daniels is in the lead for the office of sheriff and that Stair and George are the winners in the legislative fight.

Robertson and Mattson.

In the legislative fight in Marshall, Roseau and Kittson counties, Mattson and Robertson are said to be far in the lead. They are said to favor county option.

To The Legal Voters of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand three hundred forty-two, praying that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed to the city of Thief River Falls in said county, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, A. D., 1908, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said county may appear in person, or by coucsel, and be heard.

Dated September 8, 1908.

(County Auditor's Seal.)
John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time. You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria. Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.* It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

AT THE BIJOU.

Special, to night only, music by the Elite Orchestra tomorrow evening, amateur night. Miss I. Lang won the dinner set last week. A pretty tea set given away this week. The moving pictures are above the average Edison's "The Blue and the Grey" or The Days of '61" is a thrilling war drama, non partisan, northern bravery and southern chivalry showing love and devotion. The master piece, "Don Juan" hand colored throughout is a clever, and fascinating tale with striking and unusual plots, each elaborately and successfully staged. In the comedy line two very humorous subjects, "Good Luck for the Coming Year" and "The Heavy weights Race." Mrs. Hueth sings charmingly, "In the Springtime When the Roses Bloom". Another set of dishes given away this week.

Krouse a Show Man.

W. B. Krouse, former hotel man here, has purchased the moving picture show at Alexandria and removed his family to that city.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91
Oats	40c
Flax	$1.12
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—Wheat—Sept., $1.00¾; Dec., $1.01⅛; May, $1.05. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03¾@1.04¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02¾@1.03¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.00¼@1.01¼; No. 3 Northern, 98¼@99¼c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 14.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.02¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.01¾; No. 2 Northern, 99¾c; Sept., $1.00¾; Dec., $1.00⅝; May, $1.04½. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.24¾; Oct., $1.24; Nov., $1.24; Dec., $1.22.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$6.50@6.90. Sheep—Wethers, $3.75@4.00; yearlings, $4.00@4.25; spring lambs, $4.60@5.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Wheat—Sept., 99⅝c; Dec., 98¾@98⅞c; May, $1.01⅞. Corn—Sept., 80⅝c; Dec., 68⅝c; May, 66⅞@67c. Oats—Sept., 48⅝@48⅝c; Dec., 50c; May, 52¼@52⅝c. Pork—Sept., $15.12½; Jan., $17.00; May, $16.95. Butter—Creameries, 18½@23c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—21c. Poultry — Turkeys, 18c; chickens, 10½c; springs, 14½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@7.55; Texans, $3.50@5.00; Western cattle, $3.30@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.45; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.75; calves, $6.25@8.25. Hogs—Light, $6.60@7.30; mixed, $6.65@7.40; heavy, $6.65@7.10; rough, $6.45@6.85; pigs, $4.50@6.35; good to choice heavy, $6.85@7.10. Sheep, $2.25@4.25; yearlings, $4.20@4.25; lambs, $3.50@5.75.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Wanted—A laundry girl at the Hotel Ogamah.

Dr. Heiber was up to Middle River Monday.

D. P. O'Neill was over to Hallock last Saturday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Olaf Ramstad went up to Roseau yesterday.

Ed Quigley returned last week from his trip to Lockhart.

Judge N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Stenseth Sunday.

Sunday school in the Synod church every Sunday at 9, A. M.

Mrs. S. W. Bagley was over to Warren Monday visiting with friends.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 211.

Ed. Wilcox left Tuesday for Roseau county to look over some farm loans.

For Rent Five room house, just south of Park Hotel. Inquire at this office.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 223.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

F. J. Stebbins and family were over to Warren Sunday in Mr. Stebbins' automobile.

Mayor T. P. Hamre was up to Middle River last Friday attending to business matters.

Mrs. John Havel left Monday for Badger to visit her parents for a couple of weeks.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston last week attending to legal business.

—For Sale—Choice black dirt for lawns and gardens. See George Elder, Phone 223.

A class of catechumen will be enrolled in the Synod church Saturday, the 19th, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Otto Goebler, of International Falls, was in the city Saturday visiting his brother, Fred Goebler.

John Smith, of the town of North, was down to Red Lake Falls Monday and purchased a dairy cow.

—For Sale—Good farm one half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Prof. Wm. McGregor, of the St. Hilaire schools, was in the city last week visiting with friends.

Chris Amundson, who for the past few months has been in St. Paul returned to this city last Friday.

Capt. Cummings returned to this city last Friday from a trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Hugh Dean came down from the Red Lake country last week and will spend several days here.

The Antlers Club had a social session last Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton.

John McKinney came up from Crookston to spend Sunday and enjoy a hunt with old friends.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. Olen on Wednesday, Sept. 23. All invited.

The city council held a meeting Tuesday evening, but no business of importance was transacted.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Nilson, on the East Side, Sept. 24th at 3 o'clock, sharp.

Mrs. Brazee arrived in the city Monday from Minneapolis and is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. M. Beckman.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cummings came over from Oslo Saturday to spend several days here visiting friends.

Phil Zeh yesterday removed his confectionery store to the vacant store room just north of Klimick's jewelry store.

Mrs. Perl W. Mabey entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. D. N. Winton.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

More people are using Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts today than ever before—once tried you'll like them always.

Landlord Julian Provincher, of the Hotel Evelyn and H. J. Deverell were up to Winnipeg the first of the week on a pleasure trip.

Horace Bagley, who had spent several days here visiting his brother, S. W. Bagley, returned Monday to his home at Kenmare, N. D.

C. W. Nelson has purchased the interest of A. G. Thaush in the blacksmith shop and will conduct this business alone in the future. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Monday was the 40th anniversary of the birth of Judge J. M. Bishop and he was very pleasantly surprised by a large number of his gentlemen friends.

Services will be held in the Evenson Hall next Sunday evening at 7:30. Sunday school at the same place at 9 o'clock A. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Dr. P. S. Vistaunet, a brother of Dr. P. L. Vistaunet, arrived in the city last week and will be located here in the future, having become associated in the practice with his brother.

A. A. Hall, the well known traveling man who has been spending the summer in Europe, has returned to Minneapolis and will arrive in this city next week with his family and resume his duties on the road.

Wm. Lauritzen has resigned his position as buttermaker of the Highlanding creamery and G. J. Moi will fill out the season. Mr. Lauritzen will visit other creameries in the northern part of the state and take notes the balance of the year.—Sunbeam.

Staff Curran, who is working with the government surveyors, was in the city to spend Sunday. The surveyors are now stationed near Bagley and have about two months more work.

David Holmgren, member of the Swedish parliament, delivered a lecture in the Evenson Hall last evening, talking on Socialism of which party he is a member.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dobner, who had been in the city visiting their son, H. G. Dobner, returned last week to their home at Lake City.

Mrs. H. G. Dobner, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. McMillan, left Sunday evening for La Crosse, Wis. Mrs. Dobner will return in a couple of weeks.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

—For Sale or Trade for Land—My saloon and building on Main avenue. Will also rent my farm near Germantown for taxes only. Anton Gunderson.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Services with the administration of the Lords Supper in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 o'clock. Services in the English language in the evening at 7:45. A cordial invitation to all. I. T. Aastad.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Rohde of Wylie will deliver the sermon. P. J. Seltz, Pastor.

Badly Hurt.

Roadmaster Sullivan, of the Soo line, sustained a serious injury up near Halma Monday afternoon and it may cost him his life. While coming to Thief River Falls on his gasoline speeder and about a mile and a half out of Halma, the machine jumped the track and Mr. Sullivan was thrown into the air about ten feet. He landed upon his head and sustained a bad fracture of the skull.

A special train was at once made up here and Dr. Bockman, the company's physician, went up to attend the injured man. He was brought to Thief River Falls and appears to be improving rapidly but all danger is not yet passed.

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support, I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

Give Us a Show.

The circuit court says that the coal roads may dig and carry coal for their own mines if they wish to do so, Well, we do not care a cent who owns the coal mines, who operates them, or who carries the coal from them, so long as we can get coal at a reasonable price, and so long as every body gets a fair show. And it is up to the government to see that every body has a fair show.—Grand Forks Herald.

Speltz was Fine.

Threshing operations among the farmers are now quite general and, altho the yields are not extraordinary the majority of the farmers appear to be well pleased with the result of their summer's work. C. H. Martz threshed a part of his crop this week and wheat averaged 17 bushels per acre and oats averaged 50 bushels per acre. A load of speltz was threshed and it gave indications of yielding 75 bushels per acre.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

This Is Unkind.

Traveling Man:—I was seated at a breakfast table in one of the hotels at Thief River Falls the other morning and the waiter came bustling up and called off "beef steak, pork chops veal cutlets, ham and eggs, etc." I asked her if she had frog legs and she replied, "No it's rheumatism that makes me walk that way."—Crookston Journal.

Patrick Meehan Very Sick.

John Meehan left Monday evening for Milwaukee, called there by a telegram stating that his brother, Patrick Meehan, was very ill and his condition considered very serious. For a number of years he has been a sufferer of diabetes. Two months ago Mr. Meehan was in Thief River Falls, and that time he appeared to be enjoying the best of health.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Sept. 12, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Carlson, Noel
Dieffenbaugh, Miss Nettie
Fryk, Mr. Herman
Larson, Miss Oline
Levos, Mr. Helvor
Ollson, Mr. Olaf
Swanson, Mr. A.
Ureland, J. B.
Wilson, S.
Wilson, R. E.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

—For Sale or Trade—Good vaudeville outfit; complete including 3800 feet of good moving pictures. Also two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

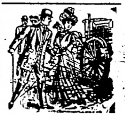

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning.
If it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.
B. Dan Bjerkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Everv Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;

Afternoons, Adults, 10c and

Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

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Manufacturers of

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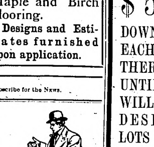

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The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every Howard is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a Howard you get something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

[illegible] DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jackson & McGinn Block

Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,

DENTIST.

Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF

PERL W. MABEY

PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,

Oculist and Aurist.

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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SOME FORESTRY STATISTICS.

Circular No. 140, issued by the forest service of the department of agriculture, contains an interesting summary of the progress of forestry in several European countries and makes a striking comparison between results obtained under a strict system of scientific forestry and those possible under a careless and slipshod method such as is at present generally followed in the United States. The report makes plain that in all the European countries where any serious attempt has been made at systematic forestry the yield per acre has increased materially in a period of years. The method of management calls for a sustained yield—that is, no more wood is cut than the forest produces. In Prussia the forest yield per acre was twenty cubic feet in 1865, twenty-four cubic feet in 1890, fifty-two cubic feet in 1895 and in 1905 sixty-five cubic feet. During this period the percentage of saw timber rose from 19 to 54 per cent, which shows that there was not only an increase in quantity, but a marked increase in quality. In Saxony under strict forest supervision the annual production of wood is ninety-three cubic feet per acre. In Switzerland systematic forestry has been practiced since 1680, the most profitable tracts yielding on an average a clear annual profit of $12 per acre. In marked contrast to the results above noted is the condition of forestry in the United States. Instead of curtailing the cut of lumber to make it correspond with the annual growth, we are today cutting three times as much timber as our forest areas are producing. We spent on our national forests last year 9.8 mills per acre, while the revenue from them was less than seven-eighths of a mill per acre. In this as well as in most European countries one of the powerful factors leading to an effective interest in the project of forestry has been the enormous losses sustained from floods as a direct result of stripping the timber from the watersheds of the more important streams. Not until recently has this feature been given due emphasis in this country, but it is at present a powerful incentive to a forestry reformation.

UNIFORM APPLE PACKING.

The Porter bill, which was framed the past winter by a New York legislator and will be presented for passage at the next session of congress, provides for a uniform grading of apples packed for domestic and foreign consumption. As things stand at present, there is a wide variation in the grading of apples in different localities and in different seasons in the same locality, with the result that little reliance can be placed on the label that a given barrel may bear. For some years past Canadian apple growers and shippers have benefited by a law requiring uniform grading of apple stocks, with the result that on the London markets, where much of the Canadian fruit is retailed, it brings 2 shillings a barrel more than New York pack because of a certainty that the grading is uniform. The law referred to may work some hardship on the careless or dishonest packer, but it will without question be a boon to those who are reliable and conscientious and be welcomed by commission men, who in a way are at present working at a great disadvantage.

TREATING FENCEPOSTS.

In view of the increasing cost of post timber it is well worth while for one who has a good many of them to set to treat the posts so as to increase their life and usefulness. This may be done in one of several ways. One of the best preservatives for this purpose is carbolineum, which is highly recommended by the forest service and is at present used extensively by a number of large telephone and telegraph construction companies. While it may be somewhat more effective and more expeditious to dip the butts of the posts into a receptacle containing the preservative, the same results can be obtained by giving the portion of the post to be set into the ground and six inches above two coats of the carbolineum, the first being allowed to soak in and dry before the second is applied. Carbolineum costs in the neighborhood of 75 cents a gallon. If the posts are dipped in hot tar or painted with it, much the same results will be secured. In the absence of either of these preservatives the application of two coats of common black roof paint will add materially to the life of the post.

LOCATING A HOME.

In the location and construction of a home it is well to remember that heat is vastly preferable from the standpoint of health to coolness, coupled with dampness, while dust, though bothersome, has more in its favor than mildew.

A right system of farming presupposes good fences, which mean that hogs will have abundant pasture and sheep will have a place on the farm.

In June we are of the opinion there is no combination that holds a candle to strawberries and Jersey cream; in September, that it is difficult to have a more delicious dish than ripe fleshy tomatoes and the same kind of dressing.

In no season for the past ten years has the weather prevailing throughout the middle western states been more favorable than this for the securing of the hay crop, which both from the standpoint of quality and yield has been far above the average.

Recent census reports are to the effect that there are in the United States 20,000,000 horses and 4,000,000 mules, the largest numbers ever reported, and this in spite of the unprecedented introduction of automobiles and an unusual development of the trolley car system.

According to reports from the Hawaiian Islands, the sugar crop of the islands for the year 1907-8 bids fair to surpass any crop ever harvested there. From sources of information available it is estimated that the crop for this year will be 433,100 short tons as compared with 386,012 tons for the year 1906-7.

One year with another experience proves that early potatoes will do better if planted before rather than after the 1st of June. While the later planting may do all right if there is sufficient rainfall during July and August, it will suffer severely if there is not and the yield be correspondingly reduced. If planted earlier the vines make a good growth and shade the ground before the drought weather comes on.

It has been determined from feeding tests that in spite of the fact that hogs will eat immature apples with great relish their feeding value is slight, often not serving to offset the damage resulting from an acid condition of stomach which they produce. When the apples are thoroughly ripe and the starch they contain has been largely converted into sugar they possess a greater though not large value as a food ration.

Origin of sausage temporarily and substantially has been in doubt in the minds of a good many folks for a long time. The Butchers' Advocate is authority for the statement that it dates back to the year 897, when it contained much the same elements as the French Canadian blood pudding. Not until the tenth century was sausage made from hashed pork. It was not until about 1500, following the introduction of cinnamon and saffron into Germany, that the savory Frankfort sausages acquired an international reputation, which they have maintained up to the present.

Western live stock growers have started a serious agitation in favor of a method of selling cattle subject to postmortem examination for tuberculosis. As things are now the packers have to sell their products on an inspection basis, while they buy cattle on the hoof on a no inspection basis. Naturally, in order to make themselves good on losses which they sustain as a result of federal inspection, they put the price on live cattle low enough so as to give a safe margin. From this it can be plainly seen that the stockman whose cattle are entirely free from taint of tuberculosis has to stand the loss to the packer which is sustained in the purchase of some other shipper's infected cattle. If the postmortem examination rule were adopted, the loss from diseased cattle would fall, as it ought to, on the fellow who shipped them to market.

Statistics give evidence that one of the big leaks for which residents of agricultural communities have to stand good results from the loss sustained in the hauling of produce to market over bad roads. Being one of the necessary items of expense, that of hauling is sort of taken for granted, little account being given by the average farmer to the annual tax which he pays under the head of hauling expense. On roads which are likely to be bad in spots from a ton to a ton and a half is a good load for the average team. Where roads are in first class shape, hard and smooth, and vehicles of sufficient capacity this load could be increased from 60 to 100 per cent with virtually no increase in cost of moving. This matter is one in which every grower of stock or produce is vitally interested and consequently one that should receive his careful attention.

A cattle feeder living at Stanton, Neb., recently topped the Omaha cattle market with four carloads of fat cattle which weighed on an average 1,572 pounds each and brought $8.10 per hundred. This feeder bought the bunch last November for $4.60 per hundred, when they weighed 1,110 pounds each. An interesting fact in connection with this feeding experiment is that the steers were given an exclusive balanced ration of corn and alfalfa. The price, $8.10, was the highest that had been paid on the Omaha market since 1902. In view of this showing special interest will attach to a feature of the big corn exposition which is to be held in Omaha next December, which will consist of an alfalfa palace that will not only be artistically constructed, but will give a complete exhibit of alfalfa and its products as well as furnish literature proving its value as a stock ration. In localities where it will grow alfalfa and corn constitute twin representatives of the highest type of agricultural prosperity.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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EFFECTIVE BIRD PROTECTION.

The Audubon Society of America has inaugurated a vigorous campaign having in view the more effective protection of the birds of America, and this time the appeal is being made along the line of practical rather than sentimental considerations. The argument now being put forth is that bird destruction means a loss in dollars and cents to the gardeners, fruit growers and farmers of the country. This will win. Present an argument that hits folks in their pocketbooks and they are bound to sit up and take notice. The plan of campaign of the society contemplates the dividing of the country into seven districts and the placing of an expert ornithologist in charge of each. It would seem as if with the prosecution of its work along general lines the society could make a definite advance by using its influence to secure the passage of federal laws prohibiting absolutely the destruction of useful birds migrating at different seasons of the year from one state to another. A communication sent by the writer to the congressman of his district and referred by him to C. H. Merriam, chief of the bureau of biological survey, seemed to develop the fact that the reason action had not been taken along the line suggested—that of federal bird protection—was due to inability to arouse interest in the subject on the part of members of congress, coupled with inadequate appropriations which would be available for carrying such laws into effect. Just so long as the matter of bird protection is left to the several states results secured will be incomplete and unsatisfactory. A law passed by congress for the protection of interstate birds would cover all states. State laws are good so far as they go, but they should be re-enforced by federal enactments.

A REFORM NEEDED.

The protest presented to President Roosevelt a short time since by the officers of the American Humane society looking to preventing the terrible suffering of grazing animals on the western plains, which die in large numbers annually from exposure and from hunger and thirst, seems to find abundant provocation in conditions which have prevailed for years. The committee cites the fact that, according to government reports, 1,345,000 cattle and 1,250,000 sheep died from exposure in the year ending March 31 last. "The pitiful manner in which they died is told in the following statement by E. K. Whitehead, secretary of the bureau of child and animal protection: "Imagine a single animal in December, already gaunt from hunger, cold and thirst—for of the three thirst is the most terrible—imagine this wretched creature wandering about on an illimitable plain, covered with snow, with nothing to eat except here and there, buried under the snow, a spare tuft of scanty mosslike grass, eating snow for days and weeks because there is nothing to drink, by day wandering in the snow, by night lying down in it, swept by pitiless winds and icy storms, always shivering with cold, always gnawed with hunger, always parched with thirst, always searching for something to eat where there is nothing, always staring with dumb, hopeless eyes, blinded, swollen and festering from the sun's glare on the wastes of snow. Imagine that and imagine yourself enduring one hour of it. Multiply that period by the slow moving days and nights from December to April, if life lasts that long. Multiply that by 40,000,000, and you have the statistics of brute suffering in this one way for one year and every year in this unspeakable trade."

A CASE OF CROOKED STICK.

An Idaho farmer is being accorded a great deal of newspaper and magazine notoriety and advertising these days through the exploiting of a test which he has made with a variety of Alaska wheat which he claims has yielded for him at the rate of 222 bushels per acre. In view of the fact that the average yield of wheat for the country is but twelve bushels per acre, the claim of this Idaho granger is quite naturally being received with head shake and skepticism. The grower claims that one head of this Alaska wheat, which is frost proof and hardy, produced seven pounds, that these seven pounds produced 1,545 pounds and that this quantity produced in turn 53,000 pounds of prime hard wheat of No. 1 grade. There are a lot of folks who would like to think the above claim possible and reliable, yet who until more authentic evidence is forthcoming will be compelled to class it the "Lying" Davis yarn about the stick that was so crooked it couldn't lie still. A feature in regard to the matter that would seem to put it in the crooked stick class is the fact that the grower of this marvelous cereal is now selling it at the rate of $20 a bushel.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 80-100 Dollars ($116.80), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man, Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1906 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S ½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E. ¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 162.15 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 23rd day of September 1908, at nine (9) o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 80-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 4th A. D. 1908.

Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.

Wilhelm Michelet,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
aug 6-Sept. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Aug. 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Sophie Tietjen, widow of Herman Tietjen deceased, St. Paul, Minn., who, on July 8, 1903, made homestead entry No. 6535, Serial No. 0188, for Lots 6, 7, 10 & 11, Section 3, Township 155 N., Range 41 W., 5th Principal Merid'n, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 8th day of October 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Christ Anderson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " "
Albert Klungness, " " "
Edvord Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

aug 27-oct. 1.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Phone 57.

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(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.

Clothes cleaned and pressed.

First class work guaranteed.

Prices right.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

BRYAN AS PROPHET FAILS TO QUALIFY

Disasters He Foretold Never Come to Pass.

OPPOSITE IS ALWAYS TRUE.

Gold Standard Does Not Slay, Nor Does It Write Future In Blood.

As a prophet William Jennings Bryan has never been a success. The calamities which he has foretold would have brought unlimited disaster to the country if they had ever been realized. But they never came to pass. The harrowing pictures which he painted were merely figments of his imagination, based on absolutely no foundation whatever.

It is well to have Americans remember that prophecies uttered by the orator of the Platte must be discounted fully 100 per cent, for all signs indicate that he feels the fates once more and is about to begin prophesying again. A male Cassandra, Mr. Bryan might by this time have learned that the forecast of evil will never be believed by those who have found that in the past his vaticinations have been but empty air.

"Driving Country to Ruin."

For instance, when Mr. Bryan was a member of the House of Representatives in 1892 he was absolutely certain that protection was driving the country headlong to rack and ruin, and in his speech delivered March 16 of that year he drew the following agonizing pictures:

"Protection has been our cannibal tree, and as one after another of our farmers has been driven by the force of circumstances upon that tree and has been crushed within its folds his companions have stood around and shouted, 'Great is protection!' * * * Thus in every State, so far as these statistics have been collected, the proportion of home owning farmers is decreasing and that of tenant farmers increasing. This means but one thing. It means a land of landlords and tenants, and, backed by the history of every nation that has gone down, I say to you that no people can continue a free people under a free government when the great majority of its citizens are tenants of a small minority. Your system (protective tariff) has driven the farm owner from his land and substituted the farm tenant."

How far this picture portrays the America of to-day or the America of any year since he made that speech any American can answer. Even in Mr. Bryan's own State he can find an answer right at his doors, for the farm lands of Nebraska have doubled in value.

"Murderous Gold Standard."

But during the four years succeeding that speech Mr. Bryan's agitation grew no less nor did the demon which he had raised in his own imagination hide with diminished head, for in 1896 he again saw destitution threatening the country. He had a remedy for it, a panacea, a fetich which he held up for worship—free silver. Here are some of the things Mr. Bryan said would happen if the gold standard were continued:

"I reply that if protection has slain its thousands the gold standard has slain its tens of thousands."—From speech at Democratic National Convention, July, 1896.

"Do not let the Republicans beguile you about the future. The future is written in blood crushed out of you by gold."—From speech at Erie, Pa., August, 1896.

"Ah, my friends, there is another reason why people have gone into the cities and left the farms. It is because your legislation has been causing the foreclosure of mortgages upon the farms. * * * Mark my words! If the gold standard goes on and people continue to complain, the gold standard advocates instead of trying to improve the condition of the people will be recommending that you close your schools so that the people will not realise how much they are suffering."—From speech at Monmouth, Ill., October, 1896.

But whom has the gold standard slain? What future did it write in blood? What district schools did it close? Again the condition of the country makes a calm reply confuting the impassioned orator.

Campaigning again in 1900 Mr. Bryan decided that imperialism was another danger to the country. If it were continued the Fourth of July would be forgotten by all Americans and the "spirit of '76" would become a thing of the past. Speaking at Lincoln, Mr. Bryan said:

Sees Death of Patriotism.

"The fight this year will be to carry out the sentiment of that song we have so often repeated, 'My Country, 'Tis of Thee.' If we lose, our children and our children's children will not succeed to the spirit of that song, and celebrations of the Fourth of July will pass away, for the spirit of the empire will be upon us."

Is there any spot in these United States where the spirit of 1776 is dead and forgotten and the Fourth of July a meaningless date on the calendar?

One of the most ridiculous of these prophecies was contained in a speech Mr. Bryan made in support of Judge Parker during the campaign of 1904, when he attacked President Roosevelt bitterly. This prophecy had it that military despotism was sure to follow the decrease in the size of the standing army. In this speech Mr. Bryan also emphasized the fact that he was then and always would be a firm believer in the principle of free silver. He summed up his position on this question in the following sentence:

"I believe to-day in the principles set forth at Chicago and Kansas City (16 to 1) and shall continue to fight for those principles."

THE VERMONT ELECTION.

Result of Victory Indicates Undiminished Majorities for Republicans in November.

Raymond, the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, who is regarded as one of the most reliable political writers in the country, regards the result of the Vermont election as presaging absolute victory for Mr. Taft. In a recent special dispatch to the Tribune Raymond said:

"Practically speaking, the result of Tuesday's election is more favorable to the Republicans than they had any right to expect, because there has been no determined campaign for the purpose of making a good showing in Vermont and few of the big guns of the party have been put on the stump there this year.

"There is, of course, a slight falling off in the vote of both Republicans and Democrats, as compared with four years ago, but this was entirely to be expected, because at that time Roosevelt was the nominee of his party for president, and the result in Vermont in that year was merely a forerunner of the tremendous landslide which took place all over the country.

"As it is, the plurality of over 29,000 at yesterday's election is taken to be an indication that, while the campaign this year is not to be a sensational one, the election of Mr. Taft is foreshadowed by a safe majority.

"If Vermont can be taken as an index of the condition of public opinion throughout the country, it means that in the November election, whatever strength the Independence League develops in the other States will come almost exclusively from Bryan and not from Taft.

"The Vermont Democrats, while few in number, are extremely rockribbed in their sentiments. They make a point of going to the polls year after year and carry on a hopeless fight merely because they want to set a good example to the Democrats in other States. In 1896 they repudiated Bryan and the free silver heresy, and they did it largely by staying at home on election day. The result was a plurality of a little over 40,000 for McKinley, which has been a record in Vermont elections. In the State elections of 1900 and 1904 the Democratic vote was practically stationary."

TAFT'S RELIGION.

A Consistent Christian with No Spot Upon His Record of Private Conduct and Public Service.

To dispose of questions which should not be asked as speedily as possible let us say that Mr. Taft is a member of the Unitarian church. That was the church of his parents, and he has never separated himself from it. His wife, however, is an Episcopalian, and he worships more often beside her in her church.

These are the facts, which are utterly and absolutely unimportant. The matter of a man's religion has no rightful place in consideration of his fitness for the presidency. The constitution of the nation, ordained and established "to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," expressly places the very suggestion of such thought outside the pale of patriotism.

No words can be clearer than these from our country's fundamental law. "No religious test ever shall be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States."

The numerous queries about Mr. Taft's religious belief shows simply the extent to which his enemies have gone to rouse some prejudice against him. Since there was no spot upon his whole clean record of private conduct and public service to which they could point to Taft's detriment they displayed their willingness to descend to any depth of petty, cowardly, contemptible attack that might do him harm.—Philadelphia North American.

Union Labor Vote.

Hon. William H. Buchanan is one of the leading union men of western New York and in 1907 was the Democratic candidate for assemblyman in Chautauqua county. This is what he has to say of the effort of Mr. Gompers to turn the labor vote over to Mr. Bryan:

"I am a union labor man, and I want to say further that no man can carry the labor vote into the Democratic camp. I know how union labor men feel in this city, and three-fourths of them will stand by the Republican party because only in that way have they the assurance of freedom from the business disturbance that Mr. Bryan promises for at least four years if he can be elected. We workingmen can't earn wages if statesmen are put in office to disturb business and make trouble."

DEMOCRATIC HOPE SIDETRACKED

Taft and Foraker Shoulder to Shoulder for Republican Principles.

Another Democratic hope has been sidetracked. That was that United States Senator Foraker would not support the Taft candidacy, and would thus impair his chances of carrying the State of Ohio.

The two big Ohioans fittingly met at the G. A. R. reunion in Toledo, and publicly and good-naturedly cast what differences may have existed between them to the air.

Mr. Taft's contribution to the treaty of peace was as follows:

"It is a pleasure for me to be here with Senator Foraker, because when governor of Ohio he gave me my first chance and took a good deal of risk in putting a man of 29 on the bench of the Superior Court of Cincinnati. We are about to enter—or rather have entered—a great oratorical campaign. It is a pleasure to think in this presence that we are going to stand in the campaign shoulder to shoulder, with the full strength of the Republican party."

In response Senator Foraker denied that enmity had existed between Mr. Taft and himself, and said:

"Under the circumstances I hope I may be pardoned if I say here in this presence—the first time I have had opportunity to say it—that there is not now and so far as I know there never has been the slightest ill-feeling of any kind between Mr. Taft and myself.

"If there is anything I have a right to claim beyond another, it is that I am Republican three hundred and sixty-five days in the year. I have my preferences sometimes as to who should receive the honors of the party, and everybody generally finds out what they are. But I am one of those old-fashioned Republicans who settle every such question at the convention. When the Chicago convention nominated Mr. Taft to be the Republican candidate for the Presidency this year, that instant he became my leader. He has been my leader ever since, and he will be my leader until the polls close on the night of the election."

Mr. Foraker followed with an estimate of Judge Taft's fitness for the office he seeks by repeating what Bishop Fallows had said before him.

"I want to repeat it," he said, "that his experience on the bench, in the Philippines, as Secretary of War, in the construction of the Panama Canal, in all the positions he has filled, has been such as to qualify Mr. Taft almost beyond every other man for the Presidency. We are going to elect him, and if he does not make a success of it, it will be his own fault."

Senator Foraker followed this statement with a review of his early acquaintance with Judge Taft, and the favorable impression he then gained of him.

WHERE SHERMAN STANDS.

Approves Legislation to Improve the Conditions of Labor.

(From Sherman's Speech of Acceptance.)

The Republican party believes in the equality of all men before the law; believes in granting labor's every request that does not seek to accord rights to one man denied to another. Fair-minded labor asks no more, no less, and approves the record of the Republican party because of that party's acts.

I have helped to make my party's record in the enactment of the Eight-Hour law, the Employers' Liability act, the statutes to minimize the hazard of railroad employes, the Child Labor law for the District of Columbia and other enactments designed especially to improve the conditions of labor. I cannot hope to better state my position on injunctions than by a specific endorsement of Mr. Taft's Cincinnati declaration on that subject. That endorsement I make.

But He Runs on Forever.

(From the New York Sun.)

What will Mr. Bryan say
After next election day?
Mr. Bryan will insist
That he is an optimist.
Beaten three times! What of that?
He's the one great Democrat
Willing for his fellow man
To be beaten once again.

Read the Commoner and learn!
Mr. Bryan, Mr. Kern,
Sail together on this trip
In the old, oft stranded ship.
(They have quarters in the stern!)

In this antiquated craft,
While they gaze at Mr. Taft
Miles ahead—the race near done
And by Taft and Sherman won—
Mr. Bryan, ever wise,
Doubtless will philosophize
And to Mr. Kern recite
That remark, already trite,
All prepared and often sprung!
"Beaten? Yes, but I'm still young!
I can wait another four
Years, then try the race once more.
I have got this thing down pat.
I'm the one great Democrat!"

—Julius Durant.

Making or Keeping Promises.

The difference between Mr. Taft's promise of tariff revision and Mr. Bryan's pledges in the same direction is that Mr. Taft if elected will be in position to redeem his pledge, while Mr. Bryan if elected would be powerless to accomplish anything with a Republican Senate arrayed against his free trade plans.—Omaha Bee.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

In the case of the contempt proceedings against Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, in connection with the Buck Stove and Range company, Judge Gould of the District of Columbia supreme court decided to appoint an examiner to take testimony and Albert Harper was designated to perform that service. Thirty days was given to each side for the purpose of taking the testimony.

An attempt was made to turn a meeting of unemployed workingmen at New York city into an anarchistic demonstration and for half an hour the meeting hall in Cooper Union, where the meeting took place, was the scene of wild excitement, during which red flags were raised, the police denounced and incendiary speeches made. A number of arrests were made.

Declaring it to be harsh and unreasonable and an invasion of the rights of the states and therefore repugnant to the Constitution the United States circuit court for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania dismissed the suits of the federal government to enforce the commodities clause of the Hepburn railroad act against the anthracite coal carrying railroads of that state.

Since the killing of a white man by a negro at Kansas City several days ago there has been a growing alarm of a race war among the colored population and the police have learned that many of them are purchasing firearms.

Stanley Ketchel of Michigan, former middleweight champion of the world, was knocked out in the twelfth round at Los Angeles, Cal., by Billy Papke of Illinois, who is now middleweight champion of the world.

In a flight at Fort Myer, lasting 1 hour, 10 minutes and 26 seconds, Orville Wright surpassed all his previous exploits for a time and distance flight for a heavier than air machine.

Abe Attel, the champion featherweight of America, and Owen Moran, England's premier boxer in the same division, fought twenty-three rounds to a draw at San Francisco.

Battling Nelson clinched his claim to the lightweight pugilistic championship by knocking out Joe Gans in the twenty-first round.

A case of bubonic plague has been discovered at Los Angeles, Cal.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Mr. Bryan will spend Sunday, Sept. 20, as the guest of former Judge Alton B. Parker at "Rosemount," Esopus, N. Y., and that evening will journey on to Albany, where the candidate will spend the night at "Wolferts Roost" as the guest of former Senator David B. Hill.

Senator Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania had a narrow escape from serious injury while returning from Evian-les-Bains to Geneva by automobile. Senator Knox was accompanied by his son and the latter also escaped with a few bruises and torn clothes.

William H. Taft and William J. Bryan, rival candidates for the presidency of the United States, will meet at Chicago Oct. 7 at a banquet given by the Chicago Association of Commerce.

President Roosevelt's vacation, according to present plans, will come to an end on Sept. 22, when the chief executive and family will return to Washington.

Leslie M. Shaw, former secretary of the treasury, has accepted the presidency of the First Mortgage Guarantee and Trust company of Philadelphia.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, with her maid, is a guest incognito at the Mead hotel and bathhouse, Mount Clemens, Mich.

Right Rev. John L. Spalding, bishop of the diocese of Peoria, Ill., has resigned because of ill-health.

Apple growers in the vicinity of New Haven entertain serious fears of a failure of their crop because of the ravages of a leaf eating worm which has lately put in an appearance in that section. The worm is reported to be of a yellowish green color and about a quarter of an inch in length. Leaves attacked by the pest look like sieves and there are a number of orchards in which hardly a whole leaf remains. Specimens of the worm, together with leaves attacked, have been sent to the state experiment station in the hope that some remedy may be forthcoming. The worms seem to spread with great rapidity, and unless some treatment can be applied to check them it would seem to require but a few weeks for the complete destruction of the apple crop in all orchards where they have been at work.

A wide awake high school in a Minnesota town has purchased a ten acre tract of land in the vicinity which is being handled this season as a fruit and vegetable patch. If this garden is cultivated as it ought to be during the summer months, the young folks who tend it will not only be kept out of mischief, but will have nice sums of spending money when fall comes. In many other sections, owing to a scarcity of farm help, boys between the ages of ten and seventeen years have been able to secure employment at paying wages on nearby farms. While there are doubtless certain economic conditions under which immature boys and girls may have too much work for their own good, there is little question that most of them living in the rural communities suffer more because they don't have enough for their best exercise and development. The example set by this Minnesota school might be followed with profit by others.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

MOURN FOR LAURA FITINGHOFF

Death of the Well Known Authoress Causes Profound Sorrow in Literary Circles.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The recent death of the well known woman author, Laura Fitinghoff, has caused profound sorrow in all literary circles of the country. Laura Fitinghoff died Aug. 17 and was when she died over sixty years old. Ever since 1880 she has been busy as a bee and her pen has turned out a series of works, which have pleased thousands of her readers and which shall always live after her. Among some of the most popular novels that she has turned out are the following: "A Little World Among the Crags," "When the Buds Begin to Sprout," "Spring Air," "The Old Peninsula," etc., and a number of other sketches too numerous to mention. She was a woman with a sympathetic disposition and was always willing to lend a helping hand to the poor.

There is one man in Sweden who can boast of having the largest number of decorations of honor of the foremost rank. Whether he makes it a point to solicit them or not, is not known, but certain it is that he has a large collection of them. A few days ago he was decorated with the order of the Black Eagle, and he already held the order of the Seraphim, the Danish order of the Elephant and the Prussian order of the Black Eagle. All of these are first class orders, but Von Essen—for that is his name—also holds the grand cross of the Order of Vasa, the order of the French Legion of Honor, the British order of Victoria and three other orders of high rank, not to mention a number of orders of lower rank.

The London Daily Mail contains an article, which teems with praise for the people and scenery in Dalarne. It refers in very complimentary language to the Bergslands railway, which passes through the most picturesque stretch of all Sweden and urges the tourist to stop at Siljan and learn some of the beautiful Swedish folk dances. The author of the article, who it appears has for a long period been residing at Ludvika, urges English tourists to by all means visit this interesting portion of Sweden.

August Strindberg, the noted author and playwright, is at present engaged in writing a new Swedish drama, which is entitled "Gustavus Vasa," and comprises the days of his youth. A third drama is being prepared, which will deal with the last days of the hero king. It is said that Strindberg has put down his greatest work on this last drama and that it will be the crowning event in his literary career.

During the recent historical congress in Berlin, which was represented by about one thousand delegates, Sweden was very well represented. Prominent among Sweden's thirty representatives was Professor Hjarne, whose paper on Gustavus Adolphus was a genuine masterpiece. He scored storms of applause and was given a rising vote of thanks.

A Japanese civil engineer and a prominent Japanese physician, Dr. Mizuno, are at present paying a visit to Sweden and have spent the past two weeks in Stockholm, where they have been the guests of many of the city's leading clubs and societies. Both of the orientals are enthusiastic about Sweden and have stated that it is their intention to return again next summer.

Pontus Hanson, one of Stockholm's crack swimmers, swam a distance of seven English miles the other day and did not seem unusually fatigued after covering this long distance. Mr. Hanson holds several medals for long distance swimming contests in different parts of Europe. He probably will come to America next summer.

Queen Victoria and Dowager Duchess Louise of Baden arrived at Eriksberg during the latter part of last month and have been enjoying a fortnight's rest there. The Swedish queen is at present enjoying rather good health and may be able to defer her usual trip to southern Europe for an indefinite period.

King Gustaf visited Kalmar last week. The new Swedish king will soon earn the title "the traveling king," as he seems to be busy journeying all the time. King Gustaf proposes to get acquainted throughout his kingdom and this, needless to state, suits his subjects immensely.

There is a strike in the shoe factories of Stockholm, which involves about seven to eight hundred men. At present there is no hope of subduing it and a good many weeks may elapse before employers and employes can hope to get together.

The national government has endorsed a plan to have the city of Lund borrow for purchasing real estate the sum of $1,4[illegible] for completing certain public works and making additions to the parsonage and a public school building.

The Emperor of China has awarded Count C. E. A. Lejonhufvud the double cross of the Imperial Dragon order. Count G. M. Von Rosen and I. W. Hamilton have been singled out for similar honors.

The estate of the late Bishop M. Johansson is estimated to be worth about $32,000. Bishop Johansson was one of the wealthiest bishops in Sweden.

Princess Maria has presented the Sodermanland regiment with a beautiful silk flag, containing the coat of arms of this popular regiment.

Rabbits are exceedingly numerous in the southern section of the country and hunters are now organizing one rabbit shoot after the other.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

An exchange states that the French newspapers are having a little fun at the expense of the Norwegian authorities because of the fact that so many of the French journalists who visited Norway during the French president's visit there, were decorated rather freely with the St. Olaf's order. It now appears that there was one among the bunch who was not a journalist who nevertheless received the St. Olaf's order and is now showing it about among his friends in France. Sure enough he was a Frenchman and had naturally joined his fellow countrymen when he reached Christiania. First thing he knew he was gazetted a knight of St. Olaf and naturally he now feels very proud of having been thus distinguished by the Norwegians. The "accident" has caused no end of amusement in Christiania, where the papers have been writing all manner of semi-humorous and sarcastic stuff about the incident.

When Bjornstjerne Bjornson was asked the other day if he was sorry because he supported the monarchy in 1905, he replied: "Not for a single moment. Of course as an old Republican I desired to see Norway become a republic. But the manner in which the union was dissolved made this too dangerous. Furthermore those who are acquainted with the events of 1905 know that we were morally bound; the official statements to the contrary were mainly pettifoggery."

Gorbitz Asbjornson, who has been employed in the construction of underground railways in London and New York, has now been employed to build a double-track underground railway under the Spree river, in Berlin. Mr. Asbjornson recently paid a visit to his friends in Christiania and while there gave an interesting account to the Aftenbladet regarding his work in London and New York.

The much-projected Norwegian Steamship company is likely to meet some trouble in the matter of selling shares when such prominent men as ex-Premier Michelsen advise against it. The former premier has stated that he does not advise people to put money into the proposed steamship company, because he does not regard that it is built upon a safe basis.

According to the Verdens Gang, the richest Norwegian-Americans in the world reside in America. This is certainly true, but they also believe in making most of their investment in the United States, where they have builded their fortunes.

The smallpox epidemic spread so rapidly in Christiania that the public schools have been closed. This information has been gained through one of the recent Christiania dispatches.

About twenty-five cases of smallpox have been reported in Christiania and the authorities are doing everything in their power to prevent the further spread of the disease.

The following interesting item appeared in a Norwegian paper recently: "3,500 tourists have this season passed North Cape. Meantime 3,500 bottles of champagne were sold."

A report from Gulbransdalen states that floods have created great damage there. Several houses and barns were destroyed by the infuriated waters.

Although the Storthing has been in session for more than seven months, they are already beginning to talk of an extra session.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Owing to the great typographical strike in Denmark the Swedish papers in Malmo have been reaping an immense harvest. Malmo, as it well known, lies directly across the sound and it does not take a long time to get over there from Copenhagen. One Malmo daily has been disposing of 25,000 copies daily and has thus been doing an excellent business. The labor unions have been sending delegations from Copenhagen to prevent Malmo from sending papers to Denmark, but this has had no effect whatsoever. The strike has caused much ill feeling in Denmark, but it must be fought out and the chances are that the labor unions will be defeated. The labor unions in Denmark are well organized, however, and a long and determined struggle is looked for.

A recent Copenhagen dispatch states that the typographical strike does not hit the provincial post so very hard. Out of 200 dailies published outside of Copenhagen only fifty have suspended publication, and many of these have sent out short notices. At Silkeborg the strikers became so indignant when the Silkeborg Avis appeared in spite of the strike that they smashed the windows of the printing office and tried to get hold of the editors, thus compelling the police to interfere.

The Danish Socialists are demanding unconditional disarmament, and the consistency and vigor of their agitation make it plain that they are commencing to feel sure about carrying their point at a date which is not so very remote.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

THE REPUBLICAN STANDARD BEARER

J. F. Jacobson, a Man of the People, Who Is Nominated for Governor.

HAS IRREPROACHABLE RECORD

Leader of the House During Six Legislative Terms—Author of Many Laws Beneficial to All.

J. F. Jacobson was born in Hjelmland, Norway, 1849, and emigrated to the United States with his parents in 1857. He came to Minnesota in 1871 and located on a claim in Lac Qui Parle county. Shortly afterwards he removed to the village of Lac Qui Parle and engaged in the farm implement business which he has continued at that place and at Madison ever since.

A born leader of men, he naturally drifted into public life and served three terms as county auditor. He was first elected to the legislature in 1888, and again in 1892. He has altogether served in six regular sessions of the house of representatives, and one special session. From the first he took a commanding position in the legislature, and during his last four sessions was the unquestioned floor leader on the Republican side.

J. F. Jacobson.

"I have come to the conclusion that a man who tries to do absolutely right can't go very far wrong."
—J. F. Jacobson in his speech of acceptance.

Mr. Jacobson has been prominently identified with grain and transportation legislation, always demanding justice for the shippers from the railroads. He has always vigorously supported every measure in the interests of the people, and uncompromisingly and relentlessly opposed all legislation in any way tinctured with graft. So marked has been this characteristic of his career, that even his political opponents conceded it. In the Fairmount Sentinel, the paper owned and edited by Hon. Frank A. Day, Gov. J. A. Johnson's private secretary, this remarkable compliment was paid Mr. Jacobson:

"The people have confidence in 'Jake.' He is honest and unpurchasable. He was never controlled for a minute in his life by the 'interests,' and he refused 'to bend the pregnant knee that thrift may follow fawning.'"

Mr. Jacobson's home life is ideal. He is fond of social gatherings; delights in the companionship of relatives, friends and neighbors. He is strictly temperate in all his habits; possesses a keen sense of humor; is an interesting conversationalist; is noted for his kind and courteous treatment of all people he comes in contact with, both socially and in business. He is enamored of outdoor life and all athletic sports and is an expert hunter and fisherman, indulging in these pastimes as much as his business will permit.

Mr. Jacobson's integrity has never been questioned through his long years of public service. His record is without reproach, and he has always been found on the side of the people and opposed to all forms of corporative dictation. His leadership through many legislative terms has [illegible] him to be a

"Independents" in Politics.

There are quite a large number of voters who consider it a great merit to class themselves as "independents," who vaingloriously boast in season and out of season that they vote for men and not for parties. It is by many considered a highly meritorious action to vote a "split ticket."

Independence is a very desirable quality in politics as well as all other matters that pertain to the welfare of men, but there is a true independence and a false independence. Much that passes for independence is only pique. There is many a man who thinks he is independent when he is only sore.

This is a government of political parties. There always has been, is now and always will be, two great political parties, struggling of domination in national, state and municipal affairs, and one or the other of these political organizations will control, and the principles as promulgated in the platform, will form the foundation of the legislation and policies of the government. The question then, that the honest disinterested voter will ask himself, is: "Which party, if given control of the state and nation, will enact that kind of legislation and follow the policies that will redound to the greatest good to the greatest number of people?" And when he has answered that question to his own satisfaction, if he is an honest man, he will know how he is going to vote. If he honestly believes that legislation and politics of Republicanism will be the best for the nation and state, he will vote for the candidates of the Republican party. If on the other hand he believes that the legislation and policies of the Democratic party will be better, he will vote the Democratic ticket. No sane man will expect Democratic officials to enact Republican legislation, or inaugurate Republican policies, or vice versa. No one is so obtuse that he does not know that every Democratic official, no matter what the office, strengthens the Democratic party and enhances its chances of becoming the ruling power in the nation and state. At first glance this would seem to preclude all independent voting, but such is not the case. There are indepnedent party men and party independent men. In other words, there are independent Republicans and independent Democrats, and there are Republican independents and Democratic independents. The independent Republican or independent Democrat, as a rule, thinks "he is a little god on tin wheels," he conders himself "better than his party;" that he is infallible in his judgment; and if his advice is not followed, he won't play. He always wants to write the platform and name the candidates, and if any other course is followed or if any candidate is in any way personally objectionable to him, he bolts him. He would make this government a personal government, and his party a personal party.

A Republican independent or a Democratic independent, is an entirely different kind of a citizen. He is willing at all times to subordinate his wishes to those of his party. He knows mere personality has no place in politics, but he has independence enough, so that if his party places in nomination a man that he knows of his own knowledge is notoriously dishonest, notoriously corrupt or notoriously incompetent, he will not support him, and he does this, not to injure his party, but to strengthen it. Republican independents and Democratic independents are the salt of politics; independent Republicans and independent Democrats, are the froth and foam of parties, they look pretty, but there is no substance to them.

A Remarkable Occurrence.

The office of attorney general is one of the most important in the state, and it is also one of the most attractive to lawyers. Two terms in this position means a lucrative practice ever after. Seldom has it occurred that a man was nominated to this position for a first term without opposition, and the fact that the Republican candidate this year George T. Simpson of Winona, was so chosen, speaks volumes for the confidence of his fellow citizens and the esteem of his brother practitioners.

A Democratic Paradox.

Governor Johnson of Minnesota is nominated a third time because he was elected twice. Mr. Bryan was nominated a third time because he has been beaten twice.—Osakis Review.

PITHY POLITICAL POINTS.

The furniture in the Republican State headquarters is only rented till November. It will not be needed after that time, as all the nominees on the Republican ticket soon after will be using the furniture in the new State Capitol.

The state of Minnesota without a Republican governor, is like a home without a mother. Every vote cast for the Republican state ticket this fall, will therefore be a vote for "home sweet home."

J. F. Jacobson has a record showing him to stand for the kind of "interests" a governor should stand for—the "interests" of the people!

THIS IS JACOBSON.

The Republicans of Minnesota have nominated for governor a man whose integrity is beyond reproach; whose magnificent record of unswerving devotion to state interests and the people, speaks for itself, whose ability has been proved in many years of magnificent legislative work. What more can be asked for a candidate for governor?

Think It Over.

Why elect a governor to go on the lecture platform? Gov. Johnson is admittedly contracted for lectures in various parts of the United States through the Slayton Lyceum Bureau for practically a year. Has any one heard him say he would cancel these contracts—if the bureau would agree to such cancellation—in event of his re-election? Vote for a man who will stay at home and attend to the important business of the office of chief executive.

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning,

if it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

Citation For Hearing on Final Account

ESTATE OF Knut O. Skomedal

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Ane Omundsen and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 25th, day of September 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said Court, this 1st, day of September 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
Probate Judge.

COURT
SEAL
sept. 3-17.

THE BEER THAT "Leads Them All"

Hamm's

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

L. L. Omdahl, Agt., Thief River Falls

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass-doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1908 NUMBER 39

St. Paul Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

BORRSON AN OLD TIMER

Ole Borrson Returns to Thief River Falls After an Absence of 25 years.

Sees a Big Change in Country and Finds a City Built on John LaBree's Homestead.

Ole Borrson arrived in the city last week from Illinois to visit his half brother, Mr. Anderson, of the town of Reiner, a former resident of the town of Rocksbury. Mr. Borrson was one of the old timers of this section, but it has been twenty-five years since he has resided here. In those days there was no railroad nearer than Crookston and John LaBree was the only resident of Thief River Falls, his homestead now being a part of the city of Thief River Falls.

In those days Mr. Borrson was employed in a livery stable in Crookston and made frequent drives to this section, taking in many of the new settlers who had located upon homesteads in this section. He sees a wonderful change and improvement in the country, and but few of the old land marks and roads are now recognized by him. Mr. Borrson says that he always predicted that there would be a good sized city at the junction of the Thief and Red Lake rivers, but did not expect to find as large a city as Thief River Falls now is.

Few Went Down.

Very few residents of this section attended the dedication of the agricultural school at Crookston last week. The special train of five coaches had just four passengers aboard when it reached Thief River Falls from Greenbush. Three tickets were sold here and a few more boarded the train at St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls. Jim Hill should advertise more when he wants to secure a crowd.

Subscribe for the News.

Will Repair the Building.

F. S. Doege & Co. have taken the contract from the insurance companies to repair the Northern Hotel building, recently damaged by fire, for $800. They will have the repairs completed by the 20th of October.

Had Better Stay at Home.

Some of our neighbors have returned from N. D. They report the threshing all done where they were. They got in but six days—hardly enough to pay expenses. People must begin to depend more upon their own farms. Laboring in the threshing fields of N. Dak. is too uncertain to depend upon.—Middle River Pioneer.

Appoint Canvassing Board.

Judge Watts has appointed John L. Fink, of the town of Nordon; L. C. Cadieux, of Terrebonne; B. E. Berke of St. Hilaire, filling J. B. O'Briens' place; and C. A. Lindquist as chairman of the county board, as members of the county canvassing board to canvas the primary election returns. The board completed it's work last week.

Minnesota Leads.

C. H. Wallace, of Homer, Illinois, and an extensive land owner and money loaner, who was up thru the Valley recently looking for land had the following to say of our Minnesota dirt:

"I have traveled all over Colorado, Texas, New Mexico, several of the Western states and Wisconsin, in fact I have been traveling more than anything else the past few years, and after looking the conditions and posibilities over everywhere, I believe Minnesota land the best investment I know of at present prices. Nowhere that I know of will the land stand such excessive moisture or excessive dry weather during the growing season and still produce such crops as in this state. Despite the exceedingly dry weather that has prevailed in this section this summer I have seen some of as fine wheat crops as ever grew. Red River Valley soil if properly cultivated, and with proper conservation of soil energy will produce a good crop every year. The drainage system is rapidly nearing completion and will take care of all moisture during years of abnormal rainfall, and cultivation will produce crops be it ever so dry."

IT LOOKS LIKE A GO!

Great Northern Again States That Road Will Be Completed to Warroad.

Steel Has Been Ordered and Work to Be Completed Before January 1.

President James J. Hill, of the Great Northern, gladdened the hearts of the people from Roseau county who were at Crookston last week to hear the speech delivered by this great railroad man, by telling them that the railroad would be extended from Greenbush to Warroad and that the work would all be completed before the 1st of January. Mr. Hill has made these statements to the people of Roseau county before, but this time it looks as if it were a sure thing. Chief Engineer Eddy, of the Great Northern, was up in Roseau county last week and went over the right-of-way, and men have been put to work fixing up the grade in places. Not only that, but it is stated by Great Northern employes, that the work train crew has been selected by the superintendent of the Northern division and that they expect to commence work in the near future. The steel rails for the road were ordered some months ago and are expected to arrive here at any time. When the rails arrive, work will be commenced.

This building of this road will mean much to Thief River Falls, as it will open up much territory to the north of us and increase the trade of this city to a considerable extent.

Makes the Grass Grow.

It is seldom that the month of September is as warm as it has been thus far in this locality. As a result the dairy cows are holding out in their milk flow better than usual at this time of the year.—Middle River Pioneer.

Subscribe for the News.

VOTE FOR THIS LAW.

A Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Requiring Educational Qualification.

Would Require a Superintendent of Schools to Be Well Qualified

At the forthcoming general election in November the voters will be called upon to pass upon an important amendment to the state constitution—an amendment which should carry. This proposed amendment is to section 7, article 7, of the constitution of Minnesota, and provides for an educational qualification for county superintendents of schools. It reads as follows;

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except county superintendents of schools, who shall be required to have educational qualifications to be determined by the legislature, and except as otherwise provided in this constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

Section 7, article 7, as it now appears on the statue books, requires no educational qualifications for county superintendent of schools, hence an uneducated or even an illiterate person, if elected, may hold office thereunder.

At their mid-year convention June 9 of this year the county superintendents of Minnesota passed a resolution heartily approving the proposition requiring educational qualifications from all candidates for that office, and supporting the constitutional amendment printed above.

Interesting Facts About Mahnomen County.

The Review editor spent the first part of the week in Mahnomen county being as far as the extreme east end of that county, beyond Twin Lakes. It is a rough but pretty country, with innumerable little lakes and ponds and pine that reach a long way up toward the sky. The Indians are at present busy gathering their crop of wild rice, which is their main food article, and as the crop this year is a very bountiful one the Indians are correspondingly happy. While at Twin Lakes we met Chief Mah-in-gance, the Mille Lac chief, a venerable old warrior who spends his time sitting cross legged on the floor of his house smoking a long pipe. He is quite an intelligent man, as far as reasoning power goes, though without education. The roads into the eastern part of the reservation has been greatly improved during the last few weeks, under the supervision of the new agent, Major Howard, who is an enthusiast on the subject. In the western part of Mahnomen county and at Beaulieu there is a fair crop this year, though not large, owing to lack of rain, the season having been unusually dry. Wheat fields that have been threshed average from 13 to 15 bushels per acre on fairly clean land, and oats go up to 25 and 30, being very light. The flax looks real well, in comparison with the other crops, but none has yet been threshed, so we did not hear the average. There is not much doing in the land business, except buying from the Indians, of which there is considerable being done. A half section farm ten miles from Waubon and twelve from Mahnomen was recently sold at $25 per acre, there being fairly good buildings on the place. Wild land has been sold above the $20 mark and the prices still appear to be climbing. A few new settlers are starting to build but not very many, most of the land being bought by speculators. Waubon village is growing right along and now seems to have more buildings going up than any town along the line with the possible exception of Mahnomen. Among the new things going in there is a second lumber yard, which is quite a large one, and will be run in connection with the Chandonnet saw mill, located in the timber east of there.—Hendrum Review.

A Dangerous Weed.

A sample of the sow thistles found in this vicinity this season was sent to Supt. Robertson of the Crookston experiment farm recently. Regarding this pest, Mr. Robertson says:

"It is a dangerous weed, probably worse than the Canadian thistle, as it spreads both by the seed, which may blow from one farm to another, and by the underground, root stalks. Any farmer having only a small patch should go after it vigorously. It must not be allowed to seed. The only way to kill it out is to keep it underground for an entire season. This will have to be done by plowing and disking, or by cultivated

Harry Is Pleased.

A message comes from St. Hilaire to the effect that Harry Ives doesn't care a rip whether he was elected or not. It's a girl, and Harry is as happy as if he got the nomination.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

In Favor of Undertaker.

The threshing machine boiler and the didn't-know-it-was-loaded gun are having a neck-and-neck race in North Dakota this season—with the chances in favor of the undertaker. Both are making records.—Fargo Call.

Married Last Week.

Last Friday evening at the home of the bride's parents on the East Side, occurred the marriage of Miss Effie Bakko to Mr. Peter Hoglin, of Newfolden. Only relatives and close friends witnessed the ceremony. The bride is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. B Bakke and a young lady held in high esteem in this city. The groom is the agent for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company at Newfolden and a very popular young man.

The Candidate.

Albion Jonrnal: Behold the candidate! He cometh up like a flower and retireth from the race busted. His friends fill him with false hopes and atmosphere. He swelleth like a toad and calleth the earth his'n. He smileth upon mankind and sloppeth over with good humor. He kisses the children and scatters the microbes among the innocent babies. He privately cheweth a clove when he meeteth a preacher, and as he converseth with him in pious tones, he standeth to leeward and curbeth his breath with a strong bite. He goeth home late at night to his weary wife with a beery breath and hiketh forth without breakfast, saying, "I go to see a man." The dead beat who lieth around in wait then pulleth his leg. He "naileth a lie," but before election day comes he runneth out of nails. He giveth liberally to the church; he subscribeth a goodly sum to the blind; he contributeth to the man whose house was burned; he bestoweth alms; he signeth a friend's note; he sendeth a small keg hither and a large keg thither; he yieldeth up his substance with apparent alacrity. After the election he goeth back of the barn and kicketh himself and teareth his hair and calleth himself a tarnation fool.

Makes No Apology.

The editor of the Spectator has just completed an unsuccessful campaign for the Republican nomination for representative. The people of this district very evidently concluded that the county option question overshadowed all other questions. The winner, Jens J. Opsahl, was assisted financially and otherwise by the county option forces, and Mr. Funkley was backed to the extent of five thousand dollars or more by the liquor and brewery interests. Of the results we have no apologies to offer, no one rendered any financial assistance, we did not bribe voters or slander our opponents.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

BOOST FOR THE SCHOOL

Hon. Lawrence Johnson Addressed an Audience in This City Last Friday.

Is Very Much in Favor of Seeing This County Establish a County School.

Hon. Lawrence Johnson addressed an audience in the Evenson hall last Friday evening in the interest of the proposed county school of agriculture to be established in Red Lake county. The audience was not as large a one as the *importance of* the meeting should have warranted, but those who attended were well paid for the time they spent there. Mr. Johnson is an earnest speaker and a firm believer in the county schools of agriculture. He told of the wonderful success of the schools in Wisconsin of this character and said he hoped to see the school in Red Lake county established.

Mr. Johnson was accompanied to Thief River Falls by K. O. Gigstad, Dr. Cummings and A. S. Wilson, of St. Hilaire, who did considerable campaigning for the school among our business men.

The proposition will be voted upon next Tuesday, Sept. 29, and the polls will be open from 9 in the morning until 5 in the evening.

Marshall County Nominees.

Republican—
Representatives—Mattson, Robertson.
Auditor—Lundgren.
Treasurer—Dagoberg.
Register of Deeds—Hanson.
Sheriff—Forsberg.
Judge Probate—Holm.
Co. Attorney—Brown.
Com. 2nd dist.—Nordlund.
Com. 4th dist.—Carlson.

Democrat—
Representative—Tullar.
Auditor—Malmberg.
Treasurer—Bjornstad.
Register of Deeds—Tell.
Sheriff—Durand.
Co. Atty.—McClernan.
Supt. schools—Mithun.
Coroner—Biederman.
Com. 2nd dist.—Olson.
Com. 4th dist.—Brandstrom.

They Were Not Here.

Sheriff Anderson, of Hallock, was in Thief River Falls over Sunday looking for the men who robbed the postoffice and store at Park, up in Kittson county. The robbers are supposed to have come to Thief River Falls, but no clew of them could be found here.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

You never saw a more attractive lot of good clothes than we're ready to show you right now for fall wear. They're Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, and the new colors, new weaves and fabrics are as rich and varied and attractive as clothes can be.

In addition to the new browns, grays, tans, and animal colors which have been so attractive a feature of this fine line, we'll show you some fine blue serges, black cheviots and thibets, such as every man ought to have.

Twenty dollars will get you a mighty good suit; all-wool perfectly made, correct in style.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

RAIN CHECKS FIRE

North Shore Points Are Now Considered Safe.

SETTLERS TO START ANEW

Will Be Able to Return to Their Land Shortly to Rebuild Their Homes.

A heavy rain has fallen at Grand Marais, on the north shore, extending westward from there fifteen or twenty miles. While not extinguished the forest fires are held in check as a result of the storm and Grand Marais, Chicago Bay and other north shore settlements that have thus far escaped the flames are considered safe.

The steamer America has arrived at Duluth from north shore points, bringing this intelligence and the further information that Mr. Monker and the seven Indians who went with him to the assistance of the settlers north of Grand Marais are home again safe and sound. Shortly after they left the north shore town their retreat was cut off by the flames and it was feared they might have perished. An avenue of escape was left open to them to the northward, however, and they got away from the fire without much difficulty.

The America brought in only a very few refugees. It is believed the settlers will be able to return to their land within a week or two. Practically all of those burned out intend to start in on their homesteads anew. With a little outside assistance they will be able to take care of themselves nicely.

There is still considerable sickness among some of the children, but conditions are rapidly getting better in this respect. The situation is now well in hand.

Sheriff Carhart has been in close touch with the situation from the start. He expresses the belief that there is now no further danger. The rain brought joy to every one in the afflicted district.

"The seriousness of the fires has not been exaggerated," said Mr. Carhart, "but the damage to standing timber will not be as great as at first reported."

J. ADAM BEDE BEATEN.

Tawney Wins in First District and McCleary in Second.

Tawney in the First district, McCleary in the Second and Miller in the Eighth are the winners where there were fights for the Republican nominations for congress. Tawney had the closest shave of the three, but it looks as if he carried the district by 3,500.

C. R. Miller's victory over Congressman Adam Bede is overwhelming. Returns from all over the district show the same results, Miller carrying probably every county.

McCleary has the Second district safe. He says he has carried eight of the eleven counties in the district and expects to get more votes than his two opponents together.

C. R. Davis in the Third, F. C. Stevens in the Fourth, Frank M. Nye in the Fifth, C. A. Lindbergh in the Sixth, A. J. Volstead in the Seventh and Halvor Steenerson in the Ninth were all renominated. Some of them had only nominal opposition and the others none at all.

Charles H. Huhn, Rep., and Mayor J. C. Haynes, Dem., were nominated for mayor of Minneapolis.

WILL WORK TOGETHER.

Republican State and Congressional Candidates Confer.

A campaign for the election of Republican presidential electors, a full Republican state ticket and nine Republican congressmen was mapped out at St. Paul at the meeting of the executive committee of the state central committee with the candidates for state offices and the nine candidates for congress. The result of the meeting will be that these three forces, the national organization, the state organization and the candidates for congress, will co-operate in making one active and thorough campaign for the election of a complete Republican ticket. Instead of each of these three forces making separate campaigns there will be only one campaign in which all three of these forces will work in complete harmony, each one doing his share for Republican principles and Republican men.

Heavyweight Musician Dead.

James J. Latourelle, familiarly known as "Little Jimmie," aged thirty-five, a well known St. Paul musician, died suddenly at the home of his parents in that city from an attack of hemorrhage of the stomach. "Little Jimmie" was a familiar figure at St. Paul and Minneapolis theaters, where he was employed for a number of years in the orchestra. He weighed 450 pounds, but was a talented violinist. He had a sweet tenor voice and generally enjoyed good health, despite his great weight.

Duluth Broker Dies on Train.

Edgar O. Emmons, aged forty-two, a Duluth stock broker, was found dead in his sleeping car berth on the Milwaukee, just arrived in St. Paul from Omaha. Heart disease is said to be the cause. With his partner, W. P. Acker of Duluth, Emmons had been on a business trip to Salt Lake

MANY GIRLS TO BE FREED

Those Over Eighteen Cannot Be Held in Training Schools.

As the result of an opinion rendered by the state attorney general's department the state board of control ordered the discharge from the state training school at Red Wing of all girls committed from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth who have reached the age of eighteen years. Others are to be discharged as soon as they reach that age.

In all 103 girls committed from the Twin Cities are involved and it will immediately affect about twenty-five girls who will have to be discharged at once. Indirectly affected are several hundred girls committed from the country districts as to whom the law as yet has not been construed.

The decision of the board and the opinion, which was given by Assistant Attorney General Peterson, followed a decision given by Judge Williston of the Goodhue county district court, in which he ordered the release of Mary Pittman, a girl sent from St. Paul. Her relatives sued out a writ of habeas corpus, which was sustained, and the legal department, after looking into the matter, decided that an appeal would avail nothing.

HONORED BY OLD EMPLOYES

James J. Hill the Guest at a Unique Banquet.

Surrounded by about seventy men who have been lifelong employes of his great system of railways James J. Hill spent what he termed one of the happiest evenings of his life at a banquet at the Lafayette club at Lake Minnetonka given in honor of the railroad magnate's seventieth birthday by members of his immense force of helpers, every one of whom had spent at least twenty-eight continuous years in service of either the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba railway or the Great Northern.

From every walk of life and from all parts of the system the aged railroaders came to make the event one of the most impressive in the entire seventy years of the noted railroad man's life. The old timers of the Great Northern themselves were hosts and their superior was their guest for the evening.

The party was taken in a special train from St. Paul to Lake Minnetonka by the first engine the Hill system ever owned, an old wood burner named "William Crooks."

MONTENEGRINS IN FIGHT

One Dead and Two Others Probably Fatally Hurt.

One man dead and two others so badly injured that they may die was the result of a pitched battle between Montenegrins in a boarding house at the McKinley mine location near Biwabik. Some sixty shots were fired, five of the participants being so badly hurt they could not make their escape. George Petanovich was stabbed in the groin, death soon ensuing. George Marshee, who also may die, is accused of having cut Petanovich. George Rossonich had his arm almost torn off. John and Steve Bussolvich, brothers, were shot in the face with small shot. Feeling against the Montenegrins is so strong that a petition is being circulated asking the Steel corporation to refuse employment to them.

BIG CROWD AT CROOKSTON

Exercises Attendant on Dedication of Agricultural School.

Agriculture was king in Crookston at exercises attendant on the dedication of the new Red river valley agricultural high school building, just completed on the site furnished by Chairman J. J. Hill of the Great Northern.

The dedication of Stephens hall was held at the farm, which is located about a mile north of town. About 10,000 persons witnessed the ceremonies.

Mr. Hill was the chief guest, both of the city and the school authorities, and he emphasized the importance of agricultural training in his speech.

EFFECTIVE ON SEPT. 15.

Assistant Postmaster General McCleary Resigns.

Postmaster General Meyer has announced the resignation of Second Assistant Postmaster General J. T. McCleary of Minnesota, which was accepted by the president, effective Sept. 15. On Sept. 15 Mr. McCleary received the Republican nomination for representative in congress from the Second Minnesota congressional district, which district he formerly served in congress.

Six Military Prisoners Escape.

Six soldiers, one a prisoner serving sentence and the other five awaiting trial before courtmartial, escaped from the guardhouse at Fort Snelling. The escape is one of the most daring that has ever been made at the fort, the prisoners getting away from under the surveillance of a full guard. The doors to the cells were left open and the men were able to get into the corridor. Climbing upon the cell cages they were able to reach the skylight and thus break out onto the roof. In order to complete their freedom they were forced to jump to the ground, a distance of twenty feet.

Unknown Man Killed.

An unknown man, about sixty-five years of age, with his head crushed in, was found under the Summit avenue bridge on the St. Paul road tracks at St. Paul. It is supposed that the victim was struck by a passenger train of the St. Paul or Rock Island roads.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Sixty-four of the 119 members of the last house of representatives of this state are candidates for re-election. Of the other fifty-five some did not try for the nomination at the primaries and about two dozen tried and were defeated. In a large majority of the counties nomination means election, but it is possible that half a dozen or so of the sixty-four will be eliminated at the fall election. If this happens half the members will apparently be new members.

About two-thirds of the entire village of St. Paul Park, embracing about 4,000 lots, has been sold by Sheriff Ostrom of Washington county under mortgage foreclosure proceedings. It is said that this is a move preliminary to clearing up St. Paul Park's financial atmosphere and one which eventually will result in a decided boom for that village.

Plans are being considered which will result in St. Paul having another new hotel. The site in view at present for the proposed structure is at Ninth and Minnesota streets. A party of out of town capitalists have secured an option on this location and plans are being prepared for the erection of the hotel there.

The state will contribute $15,000 and the services of the state engineer to help construct the cutoff ditch projected in Aitkin county. This ditch will take care of the overflow of the Mississippi river and reclaim 57,000 acres of land now so low as to be worthless. The total cost will be about $163,000.

The Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago is said to be dealing for the Duluth, Rainy Lake and Virginia road and the timber and saw mills of the Cook & O'Brien interests. The mills, two in number, are at Virginia and the timber consists of about 1,000,000,000 feet, tributary to the road mentioned.

Judge David F. Simpson of the Hennepin county district court established a new record one day last week by divorcing eighteen couples. A peculiar feature of the day was the fact that all the applicants for divorces were women, most of whom charged desertion.

The alleged ring of the city hall gang certainly met its doom at the primary election in Minneapolis. There will be ten new faces in the Minneapolis city council after the first of the year, regardless of how the general election goes.

OBITUARY.

Frank Kent, whose life history was closely associated with that of Western Minnesota, is dead at Alexandria at the age of seventy-seven. He located in St. Cloud prior to the Civil war. During the Indian war he was a freighter for the government, carrying supplies to the posts in the Red River valley. It was he who warned Fort Abercrombie of the meditated attack upon that post and who afterwards made a dangerous trip to St. Cloud for supplies and assistance.

A. E. Horr, a resident of Minneapolis for forty-five years, is dead. He was seventy years old. Mr. Horr was vice president of the Backus-Brooks Lumber company and secretary and treasurer of the Gull River Lumber company. He fought through the Civil war, enlisting from Maine, and came to Minneapolis at its close.

Charles E. Clarke of St. Paul, for twenty years the partner of Paris Fletcher, who was killed in an automobile accident near Minneiska, Wabasha county, on Sept. 7, died suddenly of neuralgia of the heart at his home in St. Paul.

Mrs. Roy Wagner, wife of a member of the Wagner Music company of Rochester, died suddenly of hemorrhage of the lungs. This is the third death in the Wagner family this year, all three of which have been sudden.

Dr. David M. Goodwin, a practicing physician in Minneapolis for forty-five years, but for the last seven years a non-resident, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal., of heart failure.

Monroe Nichols, formerly a very prominent attorney and Republican politician of Duluth, is dead at Battle Creek, Mich., after ten years of suffering.

Daniel Moriarty, aged 103, is dead at Minneapolis.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A man who was accidentally shot and killed a few days ago by a companion named Brady at Wilmot, S. D., has been identified as Ed Looby of Mankato, this state. He was forty-five years old and single and worked at various places.

Jesse Streeter of Montrose, about twenty-seven years old and single, deaf and dumb, while walking on the railroad track about one mile west of Waverly, was struck by a Great Northern freight train and instantly killed.

Anton Joblinski, a farmer twenty-seven years old, who lived about eight miles south of Madelia, committed suicide by literally blowing the top of his head off with a shotgun. His act is ascribed to domestic trouble.

J. C. Hanley, a former resident of St. Paul, was shot and killed during a dispute with another homesteader in McKenzie county, near Williston, N. D., according to advices received in St. Paul.

Under cover of a storm burglars entered four homes in the same block in Minneapolis and secured booty valued at $1,000.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We are receiving daily large consignments of fall and winter goods which have been selected with great care. Natty, up-to-date goods, sure to please and at prices that defy competition. Further particulars later.

Grocery Department.

We have a few special bargains to offer to the public, at greatly reduced prices, while they last. Those who know the quality of Heinze and company's goods ought to take on a liberal supply as you will probably never get another chanceto buy these goods at reduced prices. We offer the following goods:

Heinze 5 pound preserved strawberries, regular price $1, at	$ .75
Heinze 10 pound preserved damson plum, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved cherries, regular price $1.50, at	1.00
Heinze 10 pound preserved blackberries, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 10 pound preserved pineapple, regular price $1.25, at	.85
Heinze 2 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 1 pound preserved raspberry (in tin,) regular price .25, at	.15
Heinze 2 pound preserved cherry (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved damson plum (in tin,) regular price .50, at	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved pineapple (in tin,) regular pirce .50,	.35
Heinze 2 pound preserved blackberry (in tin,) regular price .50 at	.35

We also have a few high grade goods in our regular line that will go at reduced prices.

Extra fancy 3 pound apricots, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

Extra fancy 3 pound Bartlett pears, regular price 30 cents, goes at 20 cents.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

FARM · ORCHARD AND — GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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PLANTING THE PEONY.

The very best time of the year to plant the peony is in the fall, but when the planting has been neglected they may be started with nearly as successful results in the spring after the ground has become dry enough to work up in a mellow condition. While the ground is yet frozen it is an excellent plan to give it a covering of well rotted manure. When the spring thaws come and the spring rains descend much of the soluble elements which form the manure will be carried into the ground. As soon as it is time to clear the ground of trash remove the remaining material and burn it.

If the soil needs enriching, select some well rotted manure that is well pulverized and work this into the surface layer. A little sand also shows beneficial results, but too much of this should not be added because sand contains no plant food whatever, and the more sand there is mixed with the soil the less number of units there is of plant food. The peony is a gross feeder and anything that decreases the supply of plant food works an injury to the plant. Simply add enough of the sand to insure a mellowness of the bed.

The roots should be planted deep enough so the crowns will be from one to two inches below the surface. Best results are shown when a little coarse litter, such as finely chopped straw free from weed seed, is thrown over the beds or the parts of the beds where the roots are planted. This, however, should not be done unless there is danger of the ground drying out after the roots have been planted. In sections where the ground contains an excessive amount of moisture the covering will prevent drying of the soil.

A FORTUNE FOR SOME ONE.

Some man has an opportunity to make a fortune for himself as well as win a place among the benefactors of human kind if he will invent some process by means of which the enormous amounts of cotton and corn stalks, oats, flax, rye and other straws may be converted into paper, not only cheapening its price, but relieving the enormous drain which is at present made on the forests of the country in the manufacture of the cheaper kinds of print and wrapping paper. According to a bulletin lately published the northwestern states produce annually 1,500,000 tons of flax straw which possesses slight value for feed or bedding and which might well be converted into paper, while millions of tons of oat and other kinds of straw might be utilized in the same way. According to the bulletin referred to cotton growers in the south either burn or plow under annually 13,000,000 tons of cotton stalks each year. It will probably be the case in this as with other inventions that necessity will have to be the mother of it. When, as a people, we arrive at the point where we really believe that we cannot afford to waste these enormous amounts of raw material, somebody will set their wits to work to stop the leak. The time referred to is nearly here, and the manufacture of paper from the above products would seem to be a matter of the not distant future.

THE BAD BOY.

A word for the bad or overly mischievous boy, who doubtless before reading this has already taken up his school work for the fall term. There is probably no endowment that a boy ought to be more thankful for than a superabundance of animal spirits, the working out of which will often, however, get him into trouble. The real bad boy may have this situation to contend with and be also unbalanced morally and possibly mentally. While such boys should exercise every bit of self restraint in their power, they should also be treated as considerately as is possible by both teachers and parents. As for the boy himself, he should remember that schools, whether in town or country, are maintained at heavy expense on the taxpayers in the community in which they are located; that his misconduct not only makes it impossible for him to get the most out of his school work, but that it also works in the same way for the rest of the scholars. Another thought for the boy is that these days in school are golden days, full of the largest possibilities for him if they are rightly improved; that they come once and never again. If they are improved they are priceless; if spent in idleness and trouble making they are worse than thrown away. If you want to amount to something, my boy, when you get to be a man, make the most of the days in school.

More folks suffer from eating too much than too little. The dyspeptics are recruited from the richer classes,

The less tea and coffee and the more good rich milk the boys and girls drink up to the age of eighteen the better they will be for it.

A cow is usually good at the pail in an inverse ratio to her general appearance and good looks. The rawboned, gaunt hipped bovine is the one to pick for the dairy.

A quart of milk will absorb disagreeable odors from the refrigerator or the dish it is kept in as well as will a larger quantity. When the same tin pail is used day after day without properly cleansing and scalding, look to your own carelessness for the kind of milk you have.

The man working indoors would be immensely better off from the standpoint of health could he put in two hours a day at vigorous physical exercise, while the one working at manual labor might profitably tone up his intellectual condition by an hour of two spent in good reading.

The philosophy of disking the stubble before plowing is sound as well as simple. This pulverizing of the crust of the ground makes a soft dirt mulch which, when turned under, means that there will be no hard clods to pack down and obstruct the circulation in the soil of the air and moisture which are so essential to the well being of the growing crops.

The Erie Railroad company is at present conducting some experiments in the matter of using steel ties on its roadbed in place of the common wooden tie, and thus far results have proved very satisfactory. Should the steel tie come into general use it would stop an enormous annual drain on the forest resources of the country and be an effective aid in the government's policy of forest conservation.

A New England pastor saw fit to chide the members of his church not long since for having gone automobile crazy, according to his statement eighty-seven families of the town having mortgaged their homes to buy autos. On the assumption that the above statement is correct, it is questionable if a like number of addlepates could be found in any rural community of like population in the land.

Considering the fact that insect life is responsible for the destruction of $500,000,000 of crops in the United States annually, it ought to be possible to arouse a genuine interest in the campaign for the protection of bird life from the standpoint of dollars and cents, entirely apart from the sentimental considerations involved. It would seem as if both influences combined ought to prove a very effective protective agency.

Last year 20,225 horses in the city of Vienna after completing lives of usefulness for traction purposes rounded out their equine careers by being slaughtered and converted into sausages of various brands and flavors. While the idea is repugnant to folks brought up on sirloin steak, pork chops and mutton, the horse is without question a cleaner and more fastidious animal than the hog and its flesh probably just as wholesome for food.

Many families, largely as a result of habit, confine themselves to one or two varieties of vegetables for their winter use instead of having less of each and more kinds. Lots of people never give themselves a chance to get acquainted with half the good things which nature offers them. Especially is this true in cities and towns where people have no gardens and have to depend upon the market solely for their supply, buying as necessity demands and therefore paying a higher price.

An interesting sight that is to be witnessed at the big state fairs is the collection of a lot of nondescript, rawboned scrub and thoroughbred dairy cows that constitute a sort of wet nurse attachment to the show barns in which are quartered the Herefords, Doddies and some other beef breeds. It is certainly calculated to provoke a smile to see a blue ribbon Hereford yearling ply the calf act on a little cat hammed Jersey cow that wouldn't weigh as much by a hundred pounds. In this respect bovine thoroughbreds are not materially different than aristocrats in the human species. In both cases milady lets a stranger nurse her kids.

The Porter bill, referred to before in these notes as a measure which will if enacted into law define a standard fruit package and specify uniform standards for grading apples and other fruit, promises to be of immense advantage to those who are seriously engaged in the fruit growing business. The need of such a law was nicely illustrated in the situation which existed last fall when the high prices which prevailed resulted in there being dumped on the apple markets after the best fruit had been put in storage the most disreputable lot of trash that had ever been put in barrels or bundened a freight car. The direct result of this move was to destroy even a fair market for the best fruit, a situation from which every grower of good apples is this year suffering. Should the bill referred to become a law it will prevent the offering for sale in public markets fruit which is not sprayed and has not been graded and packed according to a definite standard. Worked out, this will not only be a tangible gain for the careful fruit grower, but it will safeguard both commission men and consumers when they buy fruit represented as of a given grade or standard. If the bill passes the apple grower will have to spray and grade his fruit or keep off the market.

Land that is tiled is easily increased in value per acre the cost of putting in the improvement, while in many cases the practical value of land so treated is nearly doubled.

The housewife can soon rid her cupboards of mice if she will get two or three of the little guillotine, or "terror," traps, while a larger size made on the same principle is equally deadly for the rats.

The close connection between moisture and blight was nicely shown this year in a potato patch which the writer had situated just to the north of a heavy belt of timber. Close to the woods the damage was serious, almost complete, while it decreased to little or nothing in the middle of the field.

It is a compliment to the average woman that she would rather ride in the merry-go-round when attending the state fair than spend her money viewing the fearful carcass of some malformed or adipose biped in the dime museum. Fact is it is usually the men who patronize this last type of attraction.

That many an important industry is materially affected by popular whim is well illustrated in the enormous decline in the bicycle business in the past few years. While many machines are used today, it is only by those who find them time and money savers. Folks seek their pleasure in other channels.

Any man who owns a quarter section of land unincumbered is abundantly able to invest in a $1,000 automobile, a good deal more so than many town folk who own machines worth twice as much. The pleasure which the farmer and his family will get out of the car will be a large interest return on the money invested and the cost of maintenance.

If you must let your chickens, big and little, monopolize your neighbors' front yards, back yards and sidewalks, the least you can decently do when the chickens have arrived at the stage when they are worth anything to yourself or any one else—namely, the eating stage—is to reward your much tried neighbor with one of the said pests for Sunday dinner.

If room is limited it hardly pays the average person in setting out the first apple trees to experiment with many or fancy varieties. Choose some reliable variety which can be easily handled, cultivate it to its best, and let others do the experimenting. It is hard to uproot a thriving tree, even though its fruit is worthless and falls to the ground but to decay and be an eyesore.

Waiting for a man to come to a meal after it is ready to put on the table is just as trying from the housewife's standpoint as it is for the man of the house to wait for a meal to be prepared after the dinner hour has arrived. When either of these situations occurs there is need for patience and forbearance, and this is especially true where the "being late" on either side has not come to be a habit.

A small central Iowa town is to be one of the first in the west to establish a denatured alcohol plant under the law recently passed by congress having that end in view. Local citizens, aided by outside capitalists, will finance the enterprise. The plant is to have a capacity of 200 gallons daily and will be ready for operation in a few months. The products consumed in the manufacture of the alcohol will be grain, fruits and vegetables.

With September come the school days again, and each parent has a little missionary duty before him in helping his boys and girls to get into the right groove—the right mood for the work before him. A child's attitude toward his school and his teacher is influenced mightily by what the parents think and talk at home. Even though the fall work detains the boy or girl at home for some days, let not that be an excuse for thinking that education is of secondary importance.

In spite of a rapidly decreasing timber supply in this country the cut for 1907 as compiled by the officials of the forest service was 40,000,000,000 feet, which exceeds by over 7 per cent the cut in 1906, up to that time the record cut. The report reveals the interesting fact that the southern states, particularly Texas, have come to the front in lumber production, there being a marked falling behind in northern states due to the exhaustion of the supply of white pine, while the yellow pine is still plentiful in the southern states.

The agriculturist who annually allows his corn fodder to go to waste beyond what his stock get out of the bleached and tattered leaves during the months following the husking of the crop is not living up to his agricultural opportunities, and he needn't pretend that he is. Probably cured corn fodder is second in feeding value only to clover, while if left in the field it barely provides the energy which an animal has to expend in scratching around for it. For all kinds of feeding purposes the silo makes possible the most economical handling of the crop. In cases where this is not feasible the corn should be cut with the harvester as soon as the husks begin to turn yellow and put in large, well topped shocks, which may be fed corn on or husked out at leisure. Perhaps there is no single feature which distinguishes eastern farmers from those living west of the Mississippi river more than this of the disposal which they make of their cornstalks.

A well set table should always include glasses of cold water, an article that's cheap and within the reach of all.

After one has run the whole gamut of fancy, hifalutin breakfast fodders it is refreshing to get hold of an old fashioned dish of nicely cooked oatmeal or wheat.

A sorry day has arrived in the life of the boy or girl when they have no desire to be better or do more and better work today than they did yesterday. Herein lies the whole question of growth and self improvement.

A careful examination of the heads of clover in the fields intended for seed purposes will indicate usually whether it will be worth while to make this use of it. If the matured heads contain on an average sixty or seventy good seed it will be worth while; if but seven or eight it will be better to cut the field for hay.

A muskrat is said to be the cause of an $87,000 lawsuit, which has been brought by landowners adjacent to the levee at Lewiston, Ill. One of the little animals dug a small hole in the levee, which increased in size until a large washout resulted and an extensive area of rich bottom lands was overflowed, destroying crops and doing other damage.

One agricultural writer of prominence says to cut the burdock off at the crown and pour on some kerosene and time will do the rest. This is without doubt effective, but the use of a little more elbow grease and the sending of the spade through the root about three inches below the surface will do the business just as well without having to pay tribute to the kerosene oil trust.

One of the most successful corn growers we know takes little stock in thoroughbred seed corn, for in his crib after the husking is done may be found white and yellow as well as lots of red and calico ears. While this farmer would hardly be able to get a prize at a corn show, it is a noteworthy fact that his stand of corn is always good and the yield seldom below fifty-five bushels to the acre.

First thought might lead one to suppose that land that was equipped with a good system of draintiling might become too dry in an especially dry time when drainage of any kind would seem to be superfluous. Such, however, is not the case, as the draining of a naturally low piece of ground enables it to dry off quickly after a rain without baking, which results in a looser condition of soil, through which the air and moisture circulate freely.

The chief mission of a county, state or national agricultural, horticultural or live stock fair or exposition is realized when a whole lot of fellows who attend them go home thoroughly dissatisfied with the commonplace results which they themselves have been satisfied with in the past. While such an exposition rightly entitles one to a just pride of achievement in the aggregate, it ought to cause disdain for mediocre achievement in the individual.

President Roosevelt in his role as natural history student is entitled to credit for the interest he has taken in inaugurating a movement for the preservation of the golden trout, which are at present the product of but one stream, Volcano creek, a turbulent torrent which flows a distance of sixteen miles down the slope of Mount Whitney, in California. The president has taken the matter up with the directors of the United States fish hatcheries with the result that ere long this fine game fish will doubtless be found in similar streams all over the country.

People who live in rented houses and are frequent movers certainly have one advantage over those who have had a long residence in the same place, and that is they manage to shuffle off some of the useless accumulation of past years which is the natural result and outgrowth of any household of long standing. Things are stored away, easily at the time, with the thought that they may come handy some time, but that time is always in the future. This habit of saving old wornout stuff is scarcely an economical one and means a lot of work for some one in the end.

A good work has been done the past summer by Dr. T. E. Will of Washington, who is secretary of the American Forestry association. In numerous Chautauqua addresses in several Mississippi valley states he has laid stress upon the wisdom of forest planting not only because the land will give a satisfactory annual money return, but that timber lots, acting as conservators of the moisture which they receive, are a definite preventive of flood damage in that the flow of water from them is gradual and even, with the possible exception of the season of melting snow in the spring. Dr. Will contends that, since the railroads of the country are unable to cope with and handle in a satisfactory manner the transportation problem which they have on their hands, the Mississippi and Missouri rivers should be brought to a higher state of development as commercial waterways, and it is his further opinion that some tributaries of these streams could be utilized in the same way.

F. E. Trigg

JACOBSON THE FARMERS' FRIEND.

A man who for six legislative sessions was leader of the house naturally has a record which it would take a volume to tell about in detail. This is true of Jacobson, the Republican nominee for governor. Of his many accomplishments, however, one which has which has been great and a continual benefit to farmers throughout the state is worthy of particular mention. During his second legislative term he introduced, and succeeded in getting passed, in spite of bitter and determined opposition, what is generally known as the "Open Market Law."

Prior to the passage of this law the railroad companies leased the elevator privileges along their right of way to one or more of the large elevator companies, and it was impossible for other parties to obtain permits to erect elevators or warehouses thereon. Consequently the grain buying business passed almost entirely into the hands of monopoly, and stupendous fortunes were accumulated at the expense of the grain producers. This bill permits any one to go in upon the right of way and erect an elevator or warehouse, and if the railroad company refuses to grant a site for such structure the same can be secured by process of condemnation. It also makes all institutions buying grain "public warehouses" and subjects to state inspection. Prior to the passage of this law the margin upon which grain was bought averaged from 3 to 8 cents upon oats and barley, 7 to 10 cents upon wheat and corn, and from 17 to 20 cents upon flax, but as a result of the independent competition brought about by its passage this margin dropped to an average of 2 cents per bushel and an annual saving of from $3,500,000 to $4,000,000 was secured to the farmers and consumers of this state. Other states following the lead of this state adopted similar legislation, and the benefits resulting to the small grain producers of the entire country from such action is beyond computation.

A WIDE-AWAKE OFFICIAL.

Once more, through the vigilance of Secretary of State Julius A. Schmahl, the corporations have been made to toe the line. This time it is the railroads.

Mr. Schmahl discovered that nearly every railroad operating in the state had been violating the law requiring licenses to be taken out for ticket agents. Some of the roads had simply ignored the law; others claimed not to know of its existence. The railroads themselves were the ones to besiege the legislature to pass the law in order to kill the ticket scalpers. The legislature did as asked. The law requires that a ticket agent must not only be licensed, but must prove himself an authorized representative of a common carrier. Mr. Schmahl intends that the railroads shall wear the coat they asked to have made for themselves. Mr. Schmahl is the kind of an official the people want. There is no question about the big majority that should be rolled up for him at his re-election the coming November.

"DID YOU NOTICE IT?"

Frank A. Day, Gov. Johnson's secretary and manager, told the recent Democratic state convention that "once and for all time I am through with politics." A few days later he announced, when pressed on the point by a reporter, that he probably would be a member of the state committee, though he was not a candidate for chairman. And when the Democratic State Committee met the following Monday, Frank was right there, the only candidate for chairman of the campaign, announcing as soon as elected that, "when I give an order I expect to have it promptly obeyed." These Democratic State leaders are so coy. They really don't want the jobs, but the "spontaneous demand" is so great—"Ain't it awful, Mabel?"

Queer Location of "Rural Districts."

"When the rural districts were heard from they were all for Johnson," remarks the Bellview Independent. What of Boss O'Connor's 136 howlers from St. Paul with half a vote each and the 112 unterrified braves from Minneapolis who made the welkin ring with their shouts; are they to be classed with the hayseeds from the rural districts?—Princeton Union.

HOW EBERHART WON SUCCESS

Pluck and Ability Won Out Against Heavy Odds Which Seemed Overwhelming.

WORKED HIS WAY THROUGH

Entered Gustavus Adolphus With but a Few Dollars—Graduated at Head of His Class.

The biography of Adolph O. Eberhart, lieutenant governor, and candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket, is an inspiration to every young man who is struggling against seeming overwhelming odds. It shows that pluck and ability will always win out.

A. O. Eberhart, now a resident of Mankato, was born in Sweden June 23, 1870. He was the son of poor parents, who, when the boy was ten years of age, emigrated to Minnesota, leaving him behind for lack of funds. A year later Adolph took the long journey alone. His first occupation was the herding of 500 head of cattle on the prairies of Dixon and Cedar counties, Nebraska, the family making their home in a hillside "dugout." A year later the lad hired out to a clergyman-farmer at $10 a month, turning all his earnings over to his parents. While residing with the clergyman he had access to a free library! This gave him opportunity to begin to satisfy his yearning or an education. His parents were unsuccessful in farming, however, suffering several crop failures. Because of having to help them, Adolph was nearly twenty-one years of age before he was able to get away to school. With only $37.50 in money and a few articles of clothing, but possessed of natural ability and indomitable energy and courage, he entered Gustavus Adolphus college, St. Peter, Minn., in the spring o 1891. He was examined in various subjects, for which he had been prepared only by self-instruction, and was admitted to the academy. His record in the academy and college is probably without a parallel. In four years and three months he completed a seven years' course of study, and in addition had taken every elective and special study on the entire curriculum — seventy-nine subjects in all. He graduated in the spring of 1895, valedictorian of his class. During this entire period in college he supported himself by outside work, and entered numerous debating contests without once suffering defeat.

He studied law in the office of Judge Lorin Gray of Mankato, and three years later was admitted to the bar. In 1902 he was nominated as state senator by the Republicans of the Eleventh district, and was elected by the largest majority of any candidate on the ticket. Although the youngest member of the senate in 1903-5, he succeeded in securing the passage of numerous important acts, chief among which was the highway commission act, the anti-rebate law, amendatory acts granting the railroad commission control of railway rates, discriminations and authority to examine railroad books of record, and giving power to the state commission to take proceedings before the interstate commerce commission. His splendid record won him the lieutenant governorship in 1906, the position he now occupies.

Lieut. Gov. Eberhart stands high in business circles of his home town, Mankato. He is devoting much of his time to developing the stone industry at Mankato, being secretary and treasurer of the Widell company.

He was married in 1898, the union being blessed with four children. He is a man of strong, upright character, an eloquent, forcible speaker, courageous and fearless in performance of duty. He is acknowledged as one of the ablest presiding officers who has ever ruled the Minnesota senate, appreciated and esteemed by all who know him. His efficiency as a public officer won the unanimous renomination lieutenant governor at the state Republican convention.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year In Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

William Howard Taft will address the citizens of Crookston on next Monday afternoon, Sept. 28, at 2:25 o'clock.

The re election of Jens J. Opsahl as representative from this district was due largely to the fact that as a member of the legislature he was always found voting and standing for the rights of the people.

Saugstad and Holten won out for representatives in Polk county after a very warm campaign. It was first reported that Stair and George were the winners, but when the country districts were heard from it was different.

CITIES ALSO FOR JACOBSON.

It is the popular opinion that if Gov. Johnson succeeds in winning again in Minnesota it will be the vote of the Twin Cities which will elect him. The acceptance of this statement means either that Gov. Johnson will be given the support of the corporations which are strongly fortified in the great centers of population or that the people of those cities do not admire those sterling qualities which have made J. F. Jacobson so popular with the country voter.

People are much alike the world over and we cannot understand why the shopmen, the clerk and the day laborer should reject the republican candidate for governor. The Pioneer Press is of the opinion that those who are counting on the Twin Cities' support for Gov. Johnson are mistaken. That Journal says:

"The same qualities that have made Jacob F. Jacobson popular throughout the state, that have given the people confidance in his uprightness and that have won their admiration are qualities that appeal as strongly to the average in the city as to the average voter in the country. The great mass of voters in the cities are in thorough sympathy with the voters outside the cities. The policies that appeal to the latter class of voters are the policies that commend themselves to the former class. Both classes want the same things and they want them in the same way. A man who has demonstrated that he can be depended upon to uphold faithfully and sincerely the policies demanded by the people will be as popular in the city as in the country. Between city and country, in short, so far as political ideas go, there is no perceptible difference. And it is safe to say that much as Gov. Johnson is admired and personally popular though he is, the republicans of the state are not likely to forget the services rendered by Jacobson.

They are not likely to serve notice upon him and men of his stamp that sincere and disinterest devotion to the interests of the state are to be ignored while superfluous honors are being heaped upon a governor whose ability to draw votes, rests, not on any particular achievements, but, upon a very pleasing personality and a happy gift for the making of apt speeches. If the people of the districts outside of the Twin Cities, while admiring Johnson, feel that he has been sufficiently honored and that it is desirable to reward the conspicuous services of Jacobson and to encourage sincerity and devoted work; if they feel that there is more solid substance in Jacobson than Johnson, the cities can almost certainly be depended on to express similar sentiments at the polls."—Alexandria Post News.

This is the trade-mark of
Scott's Emulsion
and is on every bottle of it sold in the world—which amounts to several millions yearly.
Why-Because it has made so many sickly children strong and well—given health and rosy cheeks to so many pale, anaemic girls and restored to health so many thousands in the first stages of Consumption.
Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N.Y.

Coal at East Grand Forks.

East Grand Forks, Minn., Sept. 21—East Grand Forks is within the lignite coal belt of the northwest. This fact was demonstrated beyond question by workmen engaged in boring a tubular well on the property of T. Bydal of the grocery firm of Bydal & Rydal on North Second street. The well is located on vacant property. The location is about a block and a half from the Red river, and this portion of the property is slightly above the surrounding ground.

At a depth of about eight feet the augur passed through a mass of bones about two feet in thickness. They are partially decayed, and when brought to the surface were broken into small sections from one to four inches in length. It is believed that they are human bones, probably of an Indian, or of several Indians, and the site was doubtless an Indian mound or burial place. Some of the fragments will be sent to the university to determine whether they are human bones, as believed.

The strata of coal was found at a depth of about eighteen feet. It is of excellent quality and the seam is about two feet in thickness. The grain in the wood is plainly discernable in the coal. So far as known, this is the first discovery of lignite coal in this section. It is a question whether it could be made available commercially, nor is it certain that the area of the vein is extensive.

The Vote of Red Lake County.

Congressman—Halvor Steenerson, Republican, 1018; T. T. Braaten, P. O., 36.

Representative—R. E. Ives, Rep., 562; J. J. Opsahl, Rep., 478; Henry Funkley, Rep., 183; C. G. Forrest, Pro., 4.

Auditor—John B. O'Brien, Rep., 1007; Alex A. Sweaas, P. O., 36.

Treasurer—O. T. Tandberg, Rep., 1029; Herman A. Ohm, P. O., 35.

Register of Deeds—C. L. Quist, Rep., 881; Frank Jeffers, Dem., 71.

Sheriff—Lewis A. Nelson, Rep., 859; A. R. Jones, Rep., 396; J. W. McGinty, Dem., 61.

Attorney—Ira C Richardson, Rep., 521; Wilhelm Michelet, Rep., 613; E. M. Stanton, Dem. 68.

Supt. of Schools—Herman F. Anderson, Rep., 1014; H. T. McAnulty, Rep., 941; O. A. Naplin, Dem., 60.

Judge of Probate—N. W. Tarrant, Dem., 74; S. A. Swanson, Rep. 776.

Coroner—O. F. Mellby, Rep., 767; H M. Hicks, Rep., 308.

Agricultural School Notes.

St. Hilaire, Minn., Sept. 21—Don't forget the special election Tuesday, Sept. 29. The question to be voted upon, is the erection of a School of Agriculture and Domestic Economy in Red Lake Co.

Henry Jackson and Mike Fricker spent last week in canvassing the northwestern part of the county in the interest of the proposed School of Agriculture. They report the sentiment in that part of the county very favorable.

C. L. Hanson and Nap Miller left last Sunday for Terrebonne where they intend to put in a couple of days canvassing for the agricultural school.

Meeting of Committee Called.

Chairman D. P. O'Neill, of the Republican county central committee, has called a meeting of the committee and candidates at St. Hilaire for Saturday of this week. At this meeting precinct committee men for the county will be appointed.

P. MEEHAN IS NO MORE

Former Resident of Thief River Falls Dies at His Home in Milwaukee.

Was a Man of Strong Character and Always Actively Engaged in Business.

Word was received from Milwaukee last week of the death of Patrick Meehan, formerly a well known lumberman of this city. Death was caused by diabetes of which the deceased had been a sufferer for years.

The deceased was a man of great energy and ability. He was born in eastern Canada of Irish stock and when but a young man removed to Wisconsin and engaged in the lumber business with his brother, James. Starting without any capital he made by work a fortune estimated at a half a million. When the lumber business in Wisconsin was at an end, he came to this section and purchased much pine land in the Red Lake country. The first saw mill was erected by Mr. Meehan and for a number of years he was engaged in business here, selling out to the Thief River Falls lumber company eight years ago. After leaving here, he engaged in the stock and mining business in the west, both ventures being successful ones and he greatly increased his large fortune.

State Official Gives Warning.

A large number of fires are reported at this time of the year as being caused by carelessness in burning grass and brush.

Besides the great dangers to the forest regions from this source every city and village is seriously threatened by such fires within its limits.

This class of fires are as a rule set by children who recklessly play with this element of destruction. Children should be taught early the danger in playing with fire. If warnings are not heeded they should be dealt with to the full extent of the law. Every violation of the law in this respect should be followed with arrest and punishment. And police officers, constables, wardens and fire chief should show no leniency with this class of offenders.

Requests for investigations of fires sent to this department will have prompt attention.

EDWARD PETERSON,
State Fire Marshal.

Statement of Holt Creamery, Aug. '08.

Total cream received, 31069 lbs.
Average test, 29.30
Butterfat, 10,246 lbs.
Total receipt, $2,634.05
Price Paid, 24 cents.

DISBURSEMENT.

Paid patrons	$2,459.04
Expense fund	175.01
Total	$2,634 05

THOSE DRAWING $40 AND OVER.

F. Steinhuer	$77.07
C. Larson	67.00
C. Smith	58.39
T. O. Dovre	50.52
A. Bjeck	48 30
P. A. Risberg	48.29
Theo. Sorum	47 99
O. Reierson	47.01
A. Hoffman	43 68
L. Wegge	43 56
E. A. Johnson	43.16
H. M. Olson	41.29

J. A. Sorum, Secretary.

Local Men Have Contract.

The local lumber yard sold bills for a large barn on the Cazenove Farm, 66 x 32, 16 feet high, with a lean to 60 x 16. Also for a barn at J. H. and M. A. Canning's, 60 x 32, 14 feet high. Both these buildings will be going up as soon as possible, and will both have concrete foundations. The two buildings will take 80,000 feet of lumber and 70,000 of shingles. Ole Revdahl, of Thief River, will build the Marsden barn, and John Dahl, of Thief River, has the contract for Canning's barn.—Hendrum Review.

Warren Is Seeing Them.

Merrit Warren, of Little Oak, was a business caller here Monday and claimed that he saw the largest bear on Saturday that ever lived, being at least six feet high in his stocking feet. He said he did not know whether he or the bear was frightened the worst. This makes four that he has seen on his farm this fall.—Erie Eleven Towns.

Norark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2.30 to 5.30 and 7.30 to 10.30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

Died Last Week.

Mrs. Charles Erickson died last Friday afternoon. The funeral services were held on Sunday. Besides her husband, the deceased leaves an infant son

Subscribe for the News.

New Goods.

We are still busy opening up our immense consignments of fall and winter goods, and will in a few days show you the most select stock of general merchandise west of St. Paul, and at prices nobody can better. You will do well to look over our stock before buying.

DRESS GOODS. Our dress goods department is complete with up to date fabrics, both in wash goods and woolens. Prices the lowest.

LADIES' COATS. Our ladies' and children's fall and winter coats are just in and you must see this beatiful line. Latest fashions and novelties. They are just lovely. Prices right.

LADIES' SKIRTS. We sell the Buckingham and Beverly makes in skirts, none more stylish, none better. Prices right.

MENS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS. You will find clothes buying a pleasure here, both for what you get and the way you get it. We can sell you clothing cheaper than our competitors, Try us.

UNDERWAER. Our underwaer line has been selected with great care and the bargains we offer you in this line will surprise you.

SHOES. Do Yot know that we carry the largest and best stock of shoes in the city and prices the lowest?

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS TO CLOSE OUT A SMALL LOT OF LADIES' JACKETS AT ONE-THIRD OFF OF REGULAR PRICE.

Small lot of ladies' white summer waists, 1-3 off regular price.
" " " lawns and wash goods, 1-3 off regular price.
" " " men's dress shirts, 75, 65 and 50 cents to close, 39 cents.
" " " " " " 1.50, 1.25 and 1.00 to close, 89 cents.
Small lot of men's balbriggan underwear 65 cents and 50 cents.
Small lot of ladies' shoes, 3.00, 2.75 and 2.50 to close 1.98.
OXFORDS. Men's women's and children's oxfords 1-4 off regular price.
Look over our stock and note our low prices. We lead, others follow.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Creamery Statement for August, '08

Amount of cream received, 67074 pounds.
Amount of milk received, 2328 pounds.
Average test of cream, 28.71
Average test of milk, 4.17.
Amount of butterfat, 19610 pounds.
Price paid, 25 cents.
Number of Patrons, 194.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$5136.58
Sales in city	494.82
Total	$5631.40

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$4939 91
Paid into expense fund	596.49
Balance	95 00
Total	$5631.40

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 7461.
Average test, 31.73.
Amount of butterfat, 2368 4 pounds.

STONE STATION.

Amount of cream, 2521 pounds.
Average test, 33.86.
Amount of butterfat, 853 5 pounds.

KRATKA STATION.

Amount of cream, 1210 pounds.
Average test, 29 45
Amount of butterfat, 365.2.

Amount of butterfat corresponding month last year, 16186—increase 10 per cent.

THOSE DRAWING $40 AND OVER.

P. Engelstad	$99.12
Albert Wichman	74.12
C. J. Knox	64.87
Jacob Klungness	56.77
Ed. Yanke	55.92
Sorun Sorunson	55.05
H. J. Kostad	52 07
D. Connelly	50.75
A Moeugen	49.25
L. J. Parbst	50.17
Aug. Koglin	48.87
S. O. Lee	47.82
Anton Miller	47.75
C. Douglas	46.75
Salve Lura	44.97
Erick Hord	44.80
John Sjosvold	44.25
Aug Carlson	43.75
Otto Rupprecht	42.92
Martin Rust	42.50
A. Welo	41.85
A. Opseth	41.67
O. B. Hall	41.00
C. E. Aas	40.77
John J. Berg	40.55

P. Engelstad,
Secy.

Wants a Special.

Frank H. Kratka is endeavoring to get a number of people interested to hire a special train next Monday and go to Crookston to hear Taft. It is not known whether or not at this time the train will be run.

To The Legal Voters of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand three hundred forty-two, praying that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed to the city of Thief River Falls in said county, and that a special meeting of the County Board will be held at the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 28th day of September, A. D., 1908, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to consider said petition at which time and place any legal voter of said county may appear in person, or by counsel, and be heard.

Dated September 8, 1908.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

John B. O'Brien,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

J. W. McGinty
Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support. I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Sept. 19, 1908. If not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Aus, A. H.
Amundson, Peder
Anderson, Andrew G.
Anderson, J. C.
Amundson, Petra
Anderson, Tena
Brutman, F. S.
Bergh, S. A.
Dahl, John D.
Dawly, P. A.
Erickson, Jorgan
Halvorson, H. J.
Hay, Louis A.
Hanson, A. E.
Johnson, W. M.
Krogstad, Peter
Krumm, H.
Krogstad, Wm.
Kelsey, A. J.
Loiland, P. O.
Langren, E. B.
Laffon, Eugene
McMahon, Chas.
Morak, James
Moech, Jacob
Meloes, Ole H.
Mantie, Theo.
Norgaard, Geo.
Nelson, A. T.
Newell, I. E.
Nelson, Ole
Olson, Ben
Olson, H. H.
Olson, John A.
Peterson, Bernhard
Peterson, Miss Myma
Peterson, Charley
Pauch, Casper
Rye, Ole O.
Ronning, M. C.
Rolberg, C. A.
Reinertgaard, E. O.
Sorenson, Alfred
Stevens, John
Vista, J. O
Wiansen, Glinna

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90
Oats	42c
Flax	$1.11
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 21.—Wheat—Sept., $1.00½; Dec., $1.01½; May, $1.05½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03½@1.03¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.02¼@1.02½; No. 2 Northern, $1.00@1.01½; No. 3 Northern, 97¾@99¼c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 21.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veal calves, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$6.70@6.90. Sheep—Wethers, $3.50@3.60; yearlings, $4.00@4.25; lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 21.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03; No. 1 Northern, $1.02½; No. 2 Northern, $1.00; Sept., $1.02; Dec., $1.01⅝; May, $1.05⅛; Oct., $1.02. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.24; Oct., $1.23½; Nov., $1.23½; Dec., $1.22; May, $1.25½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@7.60; Texans, $3.50@5.00; Westerns, $3.20@5.80; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.35; cows and heifers, $1.65@5.60; calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, $6.60@7.25; mixed, $6.65@7.37½; heavy, $6.60@7.40; rough, $6.60@6.85; good to choice heavy, $6.85@7.40; pigs, $4.50@6.25. Sheep, $2.25@4.30; yearlings, $4.30@4.80; lambs, $3.25@5.90.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Wheat—Sept., 99⅝c; Dec., $1.00¼@1.00⅜; May, $1.03⅜@1.03½. Corn—Sept., 76¼c; Oct., 73⅞c; Dec., 64⅞c; May, 64¼@64⅜c. Oats—Sept., 48⅛c; Dec., 48¼c; May, 50⅜@51c. Pork—Sept., $15.37½; Oct., $15.47½; Dec., $15.45; May, $16.90. Butter—Creameries, 20@23c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—21c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 13½c; springs, 14½c.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

L. H. Bergh, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Dan Patterson was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

Leonard Peterson was down to Crookston last week.

A. O. Skagen was down to Beltrami to spend Sunday.

Anton Gunderson was over to Overly, N. D., last week.

Pat Mahone was over to Grand Forks to spend Sunday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Prof. Wm. McGregor was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Pederson last Saturday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Holmgren last Thursday.

—Dr. H. G. Hiebér, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

—Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 213.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Dr. Smith, of Crookston, was in the city Monday, coming up in his automobile.

Mrs. Torkel Lee, of Anstad, died Sunday. The funeral services were held on Tuesday.

—For Sale—Choice black dirt for lawns and gardens. See George Elder. Phone 233.

Otto Zaiser, the well known Red Lake Falls liveryman, was in Thief River Falls last Friday.

Tom Lewis was down from Esplee last week and while here purchased a house and two lots.

The members of the Thief River Falls band and others enjoyed a picnic up the Thief River Sunday.

Mrs. Whitman returned to this city last Saturday from a visit with her daughter at St. Cloud.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Goodnow Torrison came over from Fisher Monday to look after his business interests here for a few days.

P. H. Stenhjse, of the town of Silverton, was in the city Monday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Miss Horton, who had been in the city visiting Miss Lillian Mussey, returned to [illegible] Crookston Monday.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the Ladies Aid of the Synod meets with Mrs. Nelson on the East Side. You are invited.

Wayne Richardson, who had spent the past several weeks at Whitefish, Mont., returned to this city Monday.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Home baking is made easy by the use of Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. Try them and convince yourself.

Emil Dryfoos, the plumber, was over to Chisholm last week. He reports that the town is being rebuilt at a rapid rate.

A. C. Mattson, of the town of Sanders, left Sunday evening for Minneapolis and will attend the state university this year.

William Caldwell, great grandson of Mrs. John N. Whitman, arrived in the city last week and will spend several days here.

The family of Conductor O. H. Sallow removed to this city last week from Fargo and are occupying rooms in the Evenson flat.

Rev. O. A. Ostby, of Minneapolis, was in the city last week and delivered several lectures in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side.

Mrs. C. W. Stowart and son, John, who had spent several days here visiting at the Kretzschmar home, returned to Crookston last Friday.

—For Sale or Trade—Good vaudeville outfit; complete including 3800 feet of good moving pictures. Also two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

The three Indians convicted of shooting and selling a moose were released from the jail at Red Lake Falls Tuesday, having completed their term of sixty days.

A. J. Meade, who is in charge of the government survey in this section, was in Thief River Falls last Friday. He states that the work will be completed in about a month.

The Hamm Brewing company has again changed its local agent in this city. O. H. Nesseth, formerly traveling agent for the International Harvester company is the new agent.

Peter Engelstad, the well known Rocksbury farmer, last week finished the work of filling his two silos. Mr. Engelstad finds that feeding his stock well in the winter time pays him well.

Communion Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. English services in the evening at 7:45. A cordial invitation. I. T. Aastad. The class of confirmants meets next Saturday at 9 A. M. in Sunday school room.

Alcid Morrisette, who has been in the hospital at Thief River Falls for several weeks receiving care for injuries received in the Plummer saw mill, returned to his home at Plummer last week. His injured leg is doing nicely and he will soon be able to get around on it.

W. A. Arthur is here this week from Prince Albert, Canada, and is looking over his farm in Mayfield. He has recently purchased an adjoining farm and now has a half section of fine land. Mr. Arthur reports that all of his family are well and prospering.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it

Bemidji Pioneer:—Frank Jeffers, the man who had his legs cut off through an accident at Blackduck last winter, returned to Red Lake Falls yesterday afternoon. While here Mr. Jeffers' case against the M. & I. railway, in which he sues the railway company for $51,000 damages, was continued until the next term of the district court.

W. G. Hunt, the well known editor of the Sunbeam, accompanied by his niece, Miss Alice M. Dallage, was in the city the first of the week transacting business. Mr. Hunt says that the residents up the Red Lake river are all busy and prosperous. Crops have been excellent and the dairy cow is doing her share to bring wealth to the sturdy pioneers who are making a garden out of an Indian hunting ground.

L. J. Higgins, who has been down at Ogema the past summer doing carpenter work, returned to this city last week. There has been a large amount of building at Ogema and vicinity this year and quite a number of Thief River Falls carpenters have found employment there. The Indians who are selling their pine claims are erecting fine homes. Mr. Higgins reports that one Indian who recently sold his pine claim has commenced the erection of a two story brick home a few miles from Ogema. It will be 40 x 70 feet and large enough to entertain all of his friends who may happen to [illegible]

W. J. La Bree was down to Plummer yesterday.

Oscar Hanson was down from Holt yesterday.

Daniel Shaw was up to Roseau the first of the week.

For Sale or Rent—My tailor shop. Knute Jorstad.

Charles W. Latta, of Plummer, was in the city Tuesday.

C. H. Gunheim, of Holt, was in the city the first of the week.

August Yonke was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

After Sept. 27, what ice I will have for sale will be of 1907 cut. J. H. Rice.

George Austin, the St. Hilaire buttermaker, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Kretzschmar was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting with friends.

Casper Weimer returned to the city yesterday from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Miss Kuhnel came up from Fargo Tuesday to visit at the C. A. Robbecke home for a few days.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

County Commissioner John Sorum, of Holt, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute to Warren to attend a meeting of the county board.

Andrew Clements returned to this city last week from Tacoma, Wash. He is undecided whether or not he will return to the west again.

The Ladies' Aid of the Hauge Trinity Congregation will meet next Tuesday afternoon, with Mrs. Carl Hauge. Cordial invitation to all.

—For Sale or Trade for Land—My saloon and building on Main avenue. Will also rent my farm near Germantown for taxes only. Anton Gunderson.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

A. E. Abraham has again opened up his store on South Main avenue. Mr. Abraham is one of the pioneer merchants of this city and always gives full value for the money.

The Ladies Aid of M. E. church will meet in the church basement Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 30th. All members of the Aid are requested to be present, work to be done.

Judge Bishop yesterday sentenced Annie Lonson to the state training school at Red Wing. The little girl is incorrigable and has caused her parents a great deal of trouble.

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Esplee in the afternoon at 3. Religious instructions at Germantown Saturday beginning at 9 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Services next Sunday as follows: Thief River Falls in the Evenson Hall at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. In Immanuel at 3 o'clock P. M. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Contractors F. S. Doege and A. H. Fasel were over to Chisholm last week looking over the burned district. They report that not much building will be done before next spring, although several building have already been started.

Dan Linnihan, who has a contract to do some grading for the Soo line out on the Wheatline, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to his home at Red Lake Falls. Mr. Linnihan says that he will finish his job in about five weeks.

Thirteen civil engineers, surveyors and helpers were passengers on Tuesday's Great Northern train enroute to Greenbush and have commenced work of building the road from Greenbush to Warroad. A number of cars of ties are also taken to Greenbush by the freight each day now.

John Hemmingson, one of the pioneer residents of this section who removed several years ago to California, arrived here Monday to spend a short time visiting old friends. Mr. Hemmingson has not enjoyed the best of health while in the west, and his return here is for the benefit of his health.

Dr. N. M. Watson met his brother, George A. Watson in Crookston last evening and later they both started for Winnipeg. The brother is a resident of Toronto and he say's he is indeed surprised to find such live and progressive cities as Crookston, Red Lake Falls and others in this section. He believes the valley is one of the most promising sections in the northwest and he cannot see anything but prosperity for it.—Crookston Times.

One of the narrowest escapes from injury in a runaway occured in this city last Saturday afternoon, when a team of farm horses attached to a heavy wagon traversed the whole length of the Soo railway bridge that crosses the Red Lake River at this place. The bridge is at least two blocks long and approached by high fills at both ends. It is very narrow and the ties that constitute its sole covering are square and about 6 inches apart. The team took fright near the south end of the bridge and rushed at full speed across and were stopped near the Soo station. The horses were not injured and the wagon was intact. The bridge is not much wider than a wagon track, and without rail or guard of any kind, and, at least [illegible] the water.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday.

Services in the Presbyterian church Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath school at 11:45 A. M.

The waiters at the tables will be dressed in their various costumes to represent their countries. Dainty little Tea aprons will be for sale. Every one come and spend the evening and enjoy yourself.

Richards to Be a Candidate.

Reports from the southern end of the county are to the effect that Fred Richards is circulating a petition placing himself in the field as an independent candidate for the office of county superintendent of schools. Mr. Richards was a candidate for this office two years ago and was defeated.

A Boom for Lennon.

The friends of Wm. Lennon in Thief River Falls—and he has many here—are booming him as an independent candidate for representative. Mr. Lennon was one of the old time residents of this city, but for the past several years has been located at Kellihor in Beltrami county.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

AT THE BIJOU.

The Elite Orchestra will furnish music next Wednesday evening. New faces amateur night this week. "The Hidden Hand" is an exciting drama in five acts. Few stories have ever enjoyed greater popularity than this famous New York ledger serial Miss E. D. N. Southworth. In placing this drama before the picture loving public, no pains have been spared to reproduce the famous scenes accurately. The rest of the program evenly balanced, "A Policeman's Dream" "A Boarding House Acquaintance," "The checker Fiends," "Unsuccessful Flirts," "Latest Style Airships". Mrs. Huseth makes a hit in New York's latest success, "If it is good enough for Washington, It's good enough for Me". Miss Lee won the pretty tea set last week. Given away this week—42 piece dinner set.

MAKING A WILL.

If You Draw Up Your Own, Stick to the Most Simple Terms.

"If the people," said a lawyer, "who for whatever reason prefer to draw wills without resorting to legal advice would keep just one thing in mind a lot of trouble would be saved. It is nothing save insistence on simplicity. Simplicity is the main thing to make a will effective, and apparently it is the one thing that the will makers forget about. High sounding words and half remembered law phrases come to their minds, and into the documents these verbal extravagances go. There appears to be a popular impression that, for example, to say 'I give and bequeath' is a stronger way of saying 'I give.' Again, take the matter of directions. Here a desire to be explicit frequently results in contradictions, and the longer a sentence in a will is the more likelihood there is of its being open to misinterpretation.

"No will should be drawn without at least a couple of drafts having been made of it, each one being gone over carefully with the idea of simplifying and clarifying it. Give the time to it that the importance of the action demands. Know what you want to do and study out the best way of expressing yourself. Don't put off making a will. I'm superstitious enough to consider that tempting fate. And when a will is drawn remember that it has no legal binding unless the signature is witnessed by two persons, who must themselves witness the document in the presence of the testator and each other."—New York Press.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Judge William H. Taft will make three campaign tours. His first will begin at Cincinnati Sept. 23 and end Oct. 7 at Galesburg, Ill. This trip will take him through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas and Missouri. The second trip will take him into Kentucky, Tennessee and possibly North Carolina and the last trip will be in the East.

Ten days of traveling, with almost constant speaking, have been arranged for William H. Taft, the Republican candidate for president. The trip will be made on a special train starting from some Illinois point, probably Chicago, about Sept. 25. The tour will extend as far north as Minneapolis and Fargo, N. D.; as far south as several points in Kansas and west to Denver.

The contemplated meeting of Judge Taft and W. J. Bryan at a banquet at Chicago on Oct. 7 has fallen through, according to a statement made by Chairman Dixon of the Republican speakers' bureau, who declares Judge Taft will not be able to attend.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

SCHOOL NOTES.

A larger percentage of the high and grammar grade students registered the opening day of school than in former years, and, during the past two weeks, nearly all the old pupils have returned. This is as commendable as it is necessary. Our young people have learned—some to their sorrow—that it takes the average boy or girl nine full months to perform nine months of work.

Football is receiving proper attention on the high school campus from Prof. Deal and his groups of pigskin chasers. The boys are fast getting into form and, later in the season, will play some match games with the teams of neighboring towns.

Roseau county is represented so far this year by Lewis Iverson and Einar Wahl.

The southeast room in the high school basement will soon be ready for occupancy. It will be one of the brightest and most useful rooms in the city and will be about the best recitation room in the high school building.

Of last year's teachers, Miss Reiner writes friends in this city that she is enjoying excellent health and has a large seventh grade at Grafton, N. D.; Miss Marsh is comfortably located at Park River, N. D.; Miss Lind has a pleasant place in the East Grand Forks school but lives in Grand Forks; Miss Danielson is teaching a primary grade at Cloquet. Miss Nelson, a former Knox teacher, was burned out at Chisholm, where she is in eighth grade work.

The normal department has a larger enrollment this year than any time since its organization. In this connection it might be added that nearly all of last year's normal class are now teaching.

The numerous ad cards that adorn (?) the telephone poles of this city and that recite the many virtues of various business colleges in adjoining towns, remind us that our own high school is equipped this year with teachers and material, whereby any boy or girl can secure, right at home, and without one cent of expense, as thorough and practical a knowledge of stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, commercial arithmetic, spelling and composition as can be obtained in those much advertised institutions.

Miss Dewey, the instructor in stenography and typewriting, and who assists with other high school work, was a teacher last year in the Faribault Business College in Faribault, Minn.

Steps have been taken whereby the waste of scratch block paper will cease in the future. This may be more pleasing news to parents than to dealers, though all will admit that a lesson in practical economy and neatness is as necessary and, sometimes, more valuable than instruction in the three R's.

The total enrollment to date is 855, of whom 291 are in the High School building, 252 in the Knox, and 312 in Central. The high school students number 112.

Will Be Hear Again.

David Holmgren, formerly member of the Swedish Parliament, who gave a lecture on Socialism Sept. 10 in this city, has been secured to give another lecture Sunday, September 27th, at 3 P. M., in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side.

Those who heard Mr. Holmgren the first time will be pleased to have the opportunity to hear this able speaker.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p m
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7. 15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Favors the School.

Opportunities for us farmers to do something for our children are so few and far between that when one of real importance does present itself we ought to consider it well before passing it by. I have reference to the proposed School of Agriculture and Domestic Science at St. Hilaire, and I think a few words about the matter as I see it will be of interest to other voters.

I think we all see the great need of such a school for our boys and girls. We all want our boys and girls to get an education and especially an education that will help them make a good independent living thru life. Such a school will give them a chance to become thoro scientific farmers and in time help us make good money in farming where we are now making only a bare living. And such a school located in the centre of the county will be a saving to us rather than expense if we look at it from the standpoint of sending even only a few of our boys and girls away to Crookston or St. Paul. After the first cost of building the school it won't cost us more than fifty cents on each quarter section of land in taxes to run the school And And then remember when we have such a school in the county most of us can have the help of the boys and girls Saturdays and Sundays and not only their help but also the feeling of safety in having them under our care every week, which means a great deal to me. Most of the boys and girls are too young when they are thru with the country schools to be sent away to cities, staying away months at the time from home care. We want our children to have equal chance with other children in life and to give them that equal chance we must provide a practical education for them. I know of no better way than to estabish such a school as we are to vote for.

But the question of cost and taxes always comes up when we are to better our condition, and it is right and proper for us to look at that side carefully to see that the benefits to be gotten are not too highly paid for. I have considered closely this matter of cost and I have come to a firm conviction that such a school will be worth many times the increase in taxes to us every year. If you will carefully consider these facts I think you will have the same opinion. The total valuation of the county is about $4,300,000. The average valuation of each quarter section is $800. The amount to be expended in building the school is $15,000. Thus it will cost less than 3.5 mills on the dollar or about $2.80 for each quarter section of land to build the school. But take notice, you farmers who live on your land and who will get the benefit of the school, the cities and villages and non-resident land owners will pay almost three-fourths, about 70 per cent, of this cost! The cost of running the school for the first few years should, in my estimation, be less than $4,000 a year. But say it will cost $6,000. Because the farmers living on their farms pay only about one-fourth of the taxes it will cost them only 50 cents on each quarter section of land. Is there a farmer in the county who isn't willing to educate his boys and girls at that price, giving them the equal of a high school education? I don't think there can be. Then let us vote for the school to the last one.

But this is not all. The expenses to the county will be still less. The law providing for the establishment of such schools, provides also for a state aid of $2500 for the maintenance of them. And furthermore, it is almost a sure thing that the next legislature will provide more liberally for them still. What reasons have I for thinking so? These: Mr. L. H. Johnson, speaker of the house, is a strong champion of such schools and says he feels sure he can get a bill passed in the next legislature appropriating money to pay two-thirds of the yearly expenses of such schools. Second, Senator A. L. Hanson of this district and Rep. Opsahl both believe in such schools, as it seems all senators and representatives from rural communities do. The expenses to the farmers and the county of running such a school will be very small indeed.

Someone has expressed the fear that because the law allows the county commissioners to spend as high as $20,000 in one year to build and maintain such a school of agriculture and domestic science therefor they will spend that much every year. This man reminds me of the cry-baby who came wailing to his mother and said: "The cat is looking at me, mama." "But, my child," replied the mother, "we have no cat." "Well," persisted the child, "but when we shall get one!" Has this person heard of any town spending $20,000 one year in building a high school and then continuing to spend $20,000 a year in running expenses? Such talk is too silly to be even laughed at.

Let me say a word of appeal in conclusion. Look at this proposition with an eye to our future well-being and progress. Do you want your son to have a better start in life than you had? You can bequeth to him a farm with probably good buildings on it. But can he live from building alone? Remember, the farm has run down and is likely running down every year. The boy can not put the breaking plow into virgin soil and raise bounteous crops in all kinds of seasons. The more the fertility has been taken out of the soil, the more necessity is there to mix brains with the soil in cultivating it. A practical education in farming is worth more to your boy or girl in the long run than thousands in cash. Can we then conscientiously put aside such an opportunity, as we have now, to provide for our boys and girls an education which will better their lives throughout? Let us turn out and vote to the last man for this School of Agriculture and Domestic Science.

Norman B. Beebe,
Rocksbury.

DEFECT PAGE

GOV. JOHNSON'S LATEST DILEMMA

Has an Apparent Choice "Betwixt the Devil and the Deep Blue Sea."

BRYANISM, TROUBLE-MAKER

Bryan Democrats Waiting to Ascertain Johnson's Attitude Expressed in His Keynote Speech.

That Gov. Johnson in his campaign speeches this fall must forget to mention Bryan is said to be the edict that Frank A. Day, Democratic state chairman, would promulgate. The astute Mr. Day realizes that two and four years ago Gov. Johnson gained thousands of Republican votes by standing for Roosevelt and Rooseveltian principles. It was generally paraded at that time that Johnson was Republican, so far as Bryan principles were concerned.

Now, however, it is different. He has pledged himself to support Bryan, but Mr. Day realizes that the airing of this pledge throughout the state would drive Republican votes away from Johnson. So it is that the Democratic chairman thinks it wise for Johnson to remain silent on the stump on the subject of Bryan and Bryanism—that is as long as Johnson campaigns in Minnesota. Outside of Minnesota, of course, he can make good to Bryan by telling the people in distant parts of the country what a great thing Bryanism is.

Bryan Democrats in Minnesota are aware, however, of what Mr. Day's plans are for his candidate. They have their eyes on Mr. Johnson, and when he makes his keynote speech of the campaign, if he fails to indorse Bryan and the principles of Democracy and Bryanism as expresser by the teachings of the "Peerless One" and the Denver convention platform—then something is going to happen in Minnesota. That something, according to a Bryan leader in Minnesota, will be a quiet bolt of Minnesota Bryanites from Johnson through word passed around every part of the state to the Bryan men, who, incidentally, are well organized, and include some of Minnesota's most influential Democrats—at least one of them being a national committeeman.

So it would seem the Day-Johnson combination is "betwixt the devil and the deep sea," as far as the governor's keynote speech is concerned. If he comes out boldly and stands for unadulterated Democracy, Bryan and Bryanism, he is sure to at once lose thousands of Republican votes which stood for him two years ago because he advocated Roosevelt and Rooseveltian principles.

If he neglects to indorse Bryan, Bryanism and the Denver convention platform, then the Bryan Democrats of Minnesota will at once get busy and bolt Minnesota's Democratic leader because of his bolting the national leader of the Democratic party.

It will be interesting to see what happens, whichever horn of the dilemma Johnson chooses.

Johnson's dilemma has set the Bryan men to thinking. They are reminded by it that Johnson during his whole administration only appointed three out-and-out Bryan Democrats to office—"Cleve" Van Dyke as executive clerk in the governor's office, Charles Vasaly of Little Falls on the state board of equalization and W. H. Williams as state labor commissioner. Mr. Day, whose dislike for Bryanism and Bryanites burst forth in song at Denver to the tune of "Bryan and Defeat," managed to get two of the Bryanite appointees of the administration fired—Van Dyke from the job of executive cleerk, and Vasaly from a berth on the state board of equalization. Williams, labor commissioner, is the only Bryanite left. Only the friendship of "Dick" O'Connor, the boss of St. Paul's infamous political ring, has kept Williams in his job. The re-election of Johnson would certainly mean off with the official head of the last Bryanite officeholder in Minnesota, and the appointment thereafter of only those who are "Day-Johnson" Democrats and the establishment of rank A. Day as [illegible] Richard Croker of a close-[illegible] Minnesota Tam-

FOR EVERY REPUBLICAN TO CONSIDER.

It is up to every Republican this year to ask himself the question, "Why should I not vote the straight Republican ticket this fall?"

That practically every Republican vote will be cast for every candidate up to governor, is conceded through the results of elections for many years past. But why should there be any question about the vote for governor? A governor, to be ideal, should, if possible, be a man with all the characteristics of an Abraham Lincoln. The ideal candidate should be a man of ability in statesmanship; a man whose integrity is beyond question and established by a past record; a man who is on the side of the people, yet who will without favor see that justice is dealt out to one and all; a man who cannot be unduly influenced and who has the individual strength to stand up and successfully oppose any pressure that may be brought upon him to swerve him from the straight and narrow path of duty.

Does not Jacob F. Jacobson answer all these requirements? Apparently he does. His ability as a statesman was proved in six legislative sessions, wherein he was the acknowledged leader, and gained the title of "Father of the House." As to his integrity, who dares question it? His rugged honesty is a trait that his strongest political enemies freely admit. Frank A. Day, the Democratic state chairman, in his own paper, The Fairmont Sentinel, said of Jacobson: "He is honest and unpurchaseable. He was never controlled for a minute in his life by the interests." And this same Democratic leader told but a plain truth when he also wrote editorially, that "The people have confidence in Jake." This confidence was established in the public mind by Mr. Jacobson's actions, which always speak louder and with more eloquence than words. That Mr. Jacobson is a man who stands for justice to all, and has the individual strength of character to withstand any influence or pressure which might in the least swerve such justice is proved by his magnificent public career. This is further assured in a statement he made during his speech of acceptance before the recent Republican convention, when he showed his Lincoln-like greatness by this homely saying:

"I have come to the conclusion that a man who tries to do what's absolutely right cannot go far wrong."

THINK IT OVER.

As an actual fact, the "country" and "the people" had about as much to do with the proceedings of the late Democratic State convention as did the pyramids of Egypt. Ramsey county nominated Johnson—Ramsey, with its delegation so stuffed by the St. Paul city Democratic gang that each man had but half a vote; and Hennepin—also well supplied with "pads"—made the second. The entire balance of the ticket was nominated by a committee appointed for the purpose, of which, Frank A Day, Dick O'Connor, and their friends, were the controling members. In other words, the entire work of the Democratic state convention was done by the Twin City delegations and a committee of Democratic wire-pullers. Think it over.

DAY'S OPINION OF REPUBLICANS.

Frank A. Day, Democratic state chairman, told the recent state convention of his party, that the Republican convention which nominated J. F. Jacobson, was made up of "the worst gang of political freebooters that ever assembled." When you think that Frank Day owes his job of the past four years to Republican votes, this is pretty ungrateful, as well as absolutely unfounded language. The Republicans who sat in this convention, doubtless, especially appreciate Mr. Day's language.

No Flaw in His Record.

J. F. Jacobson served for twelve years in the Minnesota legislature. No man was ever more in the lime-light. His enemies have searched his record from end to end, in the vain hope of finding something out of which they could make political capital, and nothing has been discovered. And now they come before the people with this cry, "Jake has been right so long he must be tired, and he will do wrong in the future to rest himself."

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

For the Nursing Mother

The mother's health and strength are of vital importance during the nursing period. Digesto Malt Extract is a highly concentrated, predigested liquid food, which has not only the power to digest other foods, but also to create new rich blood, and fatty matter necessary to the formation of strength-giving milk.

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BREWERS OF

Hamm's Famous Beer

Joe Giller is Saving You Money

I have just come back from the eastern market where I bought a new, complete fall and winter stock, all kinds of flannels, dress goods, ladies', men's and children's underwear and a new stock of boots, shoes, caps, mitts, ladies' and men's plush lined coats, men's sheep lined coats, woolen jackets and a good line of clothing to fit anybody. Also a line of groceries, jewelry, notions, etc.

There is no doubt but what I can save you 25 cents on the dollar, because I do my work alone and my expenses are small.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

GUSTAF AND HAAKON MAY MEET

Plan Is to Bring Them Together While Both Are on a Visit to London.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

When King Gustaf goes to London in November, it is just barely possible that a meeting between him and King Haakon may take place. King Edward is said to have arranged this matter very quietly and believes that a meeting between the two monarchs will do much to further cement the rather strained friendship between Sweden and Norway. As this will be the first time that the two kings have met since they assumed their respective reins of government, there is much interest attached to it. The English king will do everything in his power to bring about a friendly visit between the two kings.

It seems that the Swedish government persists in giving its minister special instructions to investigate the question of repatriation, and to make suggestions as to how the movement may be begun and stimulated. But despite the increasing opportunities that are presented in the old countries nowadays, and despite their need for active, energetic men, there is very little chance of persuading even a small percentage of the Swedish-Americans to return to their motherland. They are too well rooted it seems and too well satisfied with their conditions in America.

The Duchess of Sodermanland, accompanied by her ladies-in-waiting made the journey from Stenhammar the other day to inspect the hospital at Flen. She expressed herself as being exceedingly well pleased with the way matters were running in the hospital and left a substantial sum of money to the management in charge of the institution. The duchess is a generous giver and is much interested in charity work all over the country.

In Sweden they believe in giving prisoners the least possible chance to escape. The managers of the prisons of the country have decided that the dishes from which the prisoners eat shall be numbered so that a certain prisoner can be made to use the same dishes during his stay at a certain establishment. The aim of the innovation is to prevent convicts from communicating with each other by means of marking the dishes.

The English minister at Stockholm received from the vice king of India, Lord Minto, a telegram that news had been received there that Sven Hedin, the famous Asiatic explorer, had safely reached Rukyok and set out for Labdakh, which place he expected to reach in September. There has been much anxiety lately regarding the safety of Hedin and many people had for a time given him up as lost.

The following item is significant because it is rather clear spoken: "A Norwegian newspaper repeated a rumor that Prince Erik of Sweden had been traveling in western Norway as a tourist last summer. To this statement a Swedish paper answered that since 1905 no royal person in Sweden had put his foot on Norwegian soil and if they do come, the paper adds, it will not be as tourists."

Editor George Lundstrom, who last month celebrated his seventieth birthday, was on that occasion the recipient of a number of telegrams from all parts of the country and from many of his friends in foreign countries. He has for many years been one of Stockholm's leading newspaper editors and has been very popular and successful in his work.

The months of July and August were unusually dry this year in Sweden. The Upsala university meteorological institute shows that the total rainfall was 18.2 millimeters. The average rainfall for the last seventy years has been 68.1, making this year's record over 50 millimeters less than the average.

A Russian society has been started within the last few days in Stockholm. It will be known as the "Russian Emigration society" and the chief aim of the organization will be to encourage Russian immigration to Sweden. It starts out with twenty members and will have bi-monthly meetings.

The income from the last big meeting held by the Swedish agricultural society at Eslof amounted to not less than 51,400 crowns, of which 45,000 crowns were for admissions, the expenses of the convention were large, but the income as is noticed will more than cover them.

Professor Robert H. Farland, representing the United States geological institute, is at present in Sweden for the purpose of making a thorough study of Sweden's peat industry. He will remain in Sweden for a number of months and will visit many sections of the country.

It is learned that during the recent visit of the president of France three of the torpedo boats were damaged in maneuvering in Stockholm harbor. It was not thought to be serious at the time, but more careful investigations showed the damages to be very considerable.

Rumors state that Premier Stolypin of Russia will in the near future pay a visit to Sweden. He is expected to arrive in Stockholm during the latter part of this month.

The state railways continue to prosper. The receipts were considerably larger per day in June of this year than last year.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says an exchange, regarding the much talked of Scandinavian-American steamship line:

"It is several weeks since a cablegram was sent throughout the world, stating that the organization of a Scandinavian-American steamship line was progressing successfully. A more careful study of the situation reveals the fact that this movement is meeting with such a general and determined opposition in Sweden and Norway that the promoters may have to abandon the plan. The movement was started by Copenhagen capitalists who are interested in the United Steamship company. The Swedes and Norwegians feel that if the proposed Scandinavian line were established it would be controlled by the Danes, and Sweden and Norway would become mere feeders to a Danish concern. The movement has not only met with opposition, it has aroused the Swedish and Norwegian shipowners to the realization of the fact that the United Steamship company is already doing so much business in the northern peninsular that it would be worth while for them to make an extra effort to regain some of that trade. Therefore, instead of supporting the Danish promoters, hundreds of energetic Swedish and Norwegian shippers are comparing notes and devising plans for a separate Swedish-American line and a separate Norwegian-American line. A realization of this plan would result in three independent steamship lines between Scandinavia and America. To avoid a destructive competition between the three it is proposed to co-operate to a certain extent. The main feature of the co-operation would be to have the steamers of the different lines run alternately so as to devide the mail and express traffic. One of the strongest arguments against a united line is that old steamers would be bought in Germany and England, painted and given Swedish and Norwegian names, and finally used as a means of crippling the existing lines in Sweden and Norway and preventing those countries from establishing lines to America. The Norwegians feel that they are able to support a line of their own, and as to competition they point to an experience which they had a few years ago. A German line commenced to slash the rates to continental Europe in regular Standard Oil fashion in order to throttle the much weaker Norwegian lines. The Norwegian shipowners explained the situation to the Norwegians exporters and told them that if they took advantage of the German rates the Norwegian lines would have to go out of business. With a few exceptions the Norwegian exporters paid the usual rates to the Norwegian lines, which were thus saved, and the efforts of the Germans to destroy the Norwegian lines resulted in a complete failure. As to Sweden there is no doubt but that the large and very important export trade would support a well equipped and well-managed steamship line to America."

The Norwegian government proposes to keep pretty good control of its king, if we are to judge by some of the recent changes of the constitution. The Norwegian constitution provides that the king's oath upon ascending the throne should close with the words, "So help me God and this sacred word." The storthing has changed these words to read instead: "So help me God Almighty and All-knowing." Other amendments to the constitution provide that the king shall lose his crown if he stays outside of the country for more than six months at one time, and that he shall accept no other crown unless the storthing permits him to do so by a two-thirds majority.

Queen Alexandria of England, and Princess Victoria—are expected to spend about three weeks in Christiania in the near future as guests of Queen Maud. This will be the second time that the British queen will pay a visit to Norway this summer.

Consul Thames contemplates the erection of a large hotel near Svorkmo, which is the end of the new electric line, which was completed to that point some time ago.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The celebrated Wagner tenor at the Royal Opera, in Copenhagen, M. Cornelius, who on several occasions has appeared at the music festival in Bayreuth, has been engaged by the Metropolitan Opera company in New York, with an annual salary of 65,000 crowns a year.

Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia college, who has just completed a lecture course at Copenhagen university, was a week ago last Saturday given an audience by King Frederick and was later on entertained at luncheon in the royal palace.

The Danish minister in Washington, Constantine Brun, who spent the summer in Copenhagen, has been appointed to succeed P. de Bille, who resigned from the Danish post in London owing to old age.

King George, of Greece, is at present the guest of the Danish king and queen at the royal palace. A number of dinners and entertainments are being given in his honor.

JOURNEYING IN LAND OF DREAMS

Impracticable Democratic Proposition for Trust Control.

Convincing Exposition of Fallacy of Bryan's Panacea for Solving Problems of Modern Business.

(From Gov. Hughes' Youngstown speech.)

When we consider remedies that are proposed for the trusts, we find ourselves journeying in a land of dreams. Again the magician of 1896 waves his wand. At a stroke difficulties disappear and the complex problems of modern business are forgotten in the fascination of the simple panacea. And, as the free coinage of silver in the ratio of 16 to 1 was to destroy the curse of gold, so the new found specific of equal perfection is to remove the curse of industrial oppression. The delusion of 1908 is comparable only to that of twelve years ago.

The first sugestion is that the law should prevent a duplication of directors among competing corporations. However advisable it may be to have independent directorates of competing corporations, it would seem still more important to have independent stockholders, for a majority of the stockholders of a corporation choose the directors. If a law were passed preventing the duplication of directors it would easily be evaded in the selection of men who would represent the same interests. The most ordinary experience shows that it is not necessary to serve on a board of directors in order to control its proceedings. Whatever the advantage of such a law as is proposed, it hardly rises to the dignity of a "remedy," or vindicates its title to a place in an imposing scheme of reform outlined in a national platform.

But the more important proposal is "that any manufacturing or trading corporation engaged in interstate commerce shall be required to take out a federal license before it shall be permitted to control as much as 25 per cent of the product in which it deals." A license is permission, and the object of the remedy is not to regulate large businesses, but to destroy trusts. Hence the supposed efficiency of the plan is to be found in the prohibition of the control by any such corporation "of more than 50 per cent of the total amount of any product consumed in the United States." This is another delusion of ratio.

It might be interesting to inquire what is the meaning of "any product consumed in the United States." Does it refer to a class of commodities? And, if so, how shall the classes be defined? Or does it refer to each separate article of commerce? And, if so, what account does this proposal take of the skill and initiative of manufacturers who have built up a more or less exclusive trade in particular articles, often protected by trade-marks, although in most active competition with other articles designed for the same general purpose and seeking the same market? In a desire to correct the evils of business are we to place an embargo upon honest endeavor whose activities present none of the abuses requiring remedies? And, if not, what statutory definitions shall be found to be adequate and just if we lay down our prohibition in terms of volume or ratio of business and not in terms of right and wrong? If we adopt Mr. Bryan's proposal, to what period of production is the prohibition to apply? Is the excess for a day or for a month to be considered? Or is the average production for a year to be taken? And what system shall be devised by which suitable information may be furnished in the nature of danger signals along the routes of trade so that the manufacturer may know when he is about to exceed the prescribed ratio? He may justly be required to govern his own conduct, but how shall he be apprised of the conduct of others upon which is to depend his guilt or innocence?

The patent laws confer a true monopoly in the exclusive right to manufacture and sell. Are these laws to be repealed because a "private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable?"

Bryan's Trade Reasoning.

An example of Mr. Bryan's reasoning is found in his statement that "when a corporation controls 50 per cent of the total product it supplies forty millions of people with that product." There are, of course, specialties which have a limited market and are used by a relatively small number of the people of the United States. More than 50 per cent and indeed even as much as 100 per cent of the trade in such articles may be in the control of a particular corporation. This may, in fact, be relatively a small corporation. It may never have aspired to the unsavory renown of a "trust." But by prosecuting its particular line with fidelity and meeting satisfactorily a limited want; or by reason of some secret processes or advantage of experience, it may control the trade in a given article of commerce. Or, suppose a concern controls the whole trade in some useful byproduct which it has found it advantageous to make. Is the trade to be prohibited?

The Democratic platform makes no exceptions to cover such cases, and we have learned that it is equally "binding as to what it omits."

If we could imagine such a crude prohibition to be enacted into law, and to be regarded as valid, what would be the effect? Mr. Bryan, with his usual readiness, suggests that the concern may sell as much of its plants as are not needed to produce the amount allowed by law. He speaks as though every manufacturing concern had as many fully equipped units of production as would correspond to any given percentage of trade which it might be required to lop off. Plants are not so easily dismembered. Reduction in output means reduction in work, reduction in the number of men employed and curtailment of the efficiency of a going concern. Let us suppose a concern which controls 80 per cent of a given product—that is to say, makes and sells $8,000,000 in value out of a total trade in the product amounting to $10,000,000. Is it to be compelled to reduce its output to $2,000,000 because only $2,000,000 in value are made by others? Then, if it could sell a part of its plant on Mr. Bryan's theory, what should it sell? Should it sell off enough to reduce its capacity to $5,000,000, and allow three-fifths of its plant to remain idle until others developed a capacity for handling the other $5,000,000? Should it assume that the total trade will increase and is not always to remain at $10,000,000, and hence retain a larger portion of its plant in idleness? Or suppose a concern controls 100 per cent of the trade in some article, what plants shall it retain? It can produce nothing until others produce; but it may produce an amount equal to the production of others, and it hopes the trade will grow. What a vision of business uncertainty and confusion, of idle and impaired plants, of the ruin of workingmen whose lives have clustered around particular industries and who depend upon their continued efficiency, is presented by this fanciful remedy for the destruction of trusts!

Apart from this, if the dissolution were effected in the manner desired and portions of plants could be sold and were sold as suggested, to whom would the sale be made? Would it be necessarily to foes or to those ambitious to be competitors and anxious to take advantage of its plight?

This proposal in its utter disregard of the facts of business, in its substitution of the phantasies of the imagination for the realities of life, stamps the Democratic platform with the fatal stamp of 1896. The commerce and industry of this country, the interests of its wage earners and of its interdependent masses, who must rely upon the stability of business, cannot afford to give license to such vagaries.

In the solemnity with which this proposal has been declared, and the insistence with which it is advocated, we find an appropriate test of the capacity of our opponents to deal wisely with the problems of the day.

Two thousand residents of Oyster Bay were entertained by President and Mrs. Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill, the occasion being a farewell reception to his friends and neighbors before departing for Washington.

Former Congressman John F. Lacey has been chosen by Iowa standpatters to oppose Governor Cummins as United States senator to be voted upon at the primaries in November.

As a result of the charges made by William R. Hearst United States Senator Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio has cancelled all of his speaking engagements in the campaign.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

According to a decision rendered by Judge Smith McPherson of the United States circuit court the Iowa mulct law system, under which saloons are now operated, is illegal. Judge McPherson further declares the Iowa mulct law is no license system and that there has been no license system in Iowa for the last quarter of a century and for that length of time there has never been a lawful sale of liquor as a beverage within the state of Iowa.

Declaring that a railroad must give all shippers the same transportation treatment whether it owns all or only part of the cars it carries the United States circuit court of appeals reversed the decision of the United States circuit court of Maryland in the suit of the Pitcairn Coal company against the Baltimore and Ohio Railway company and others.

In the South Carolina dispensary cases the decision of the lower court was affirmed by the United States circuit court of appeals at Richmond, Va. The general grounds for affirmation seem to be that states cannot enter private business.

The American Atlantic fleet, under the command of Rear Admiral Sperry, has left Albany, Western Australia, for Manila, 3,600 miles away, where it is due to arrive Oct. 2 or 3.

The Interparliamentary union, in session at Berlin, has accepted the invitation extended from Canada to meet in Quebec in 1909.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Violent declines in prices occurred on the New York Stock Exchange, the recessions amounting to from two to five points in the active issues. There was a good deal of disorder in the unloading of stocks and the selling at times appeared to be urgent.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate further gradual improvement in whole, although progress is slow in some cases and lack of rain affects manufacturing and transportation to some extent.

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Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER-FALLS, : MINN.

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PERL W. MABEY
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THIRD TERM.

So generally have administrative officials been satisfied with two terms that many people supposed that they were limited to that number by law, and in many states such is the case.

Older citizens will remember how the country was shocked by the announcement that President Grant would be a candidate for a third term, and up to that time a great majority of the people believed that it was unconstitutional for a president to serve more than two terms, and so strong was the impression that such ought to be the law, that Gen. Grant, despite his splendid military and civil record and the backing of the most perfect political organization that ever existed in the United States, was denied a third term after a struggle that almost rent the Republican party asunder.

When at the close of Washington's second term the leaders of the nation earnestly besought him to a third he respectfully but firmly declined, saying in substance that with the patronage in the hands of the executive (it amounted to less than $200,000 per annum at that time) it would be possible to perpetuate himself in place and instead being a president, he would develop into a dictator and principle would be eliminated from presidential contests, and that they would become mere struggles for places and patronage.

This statement struck a responsive chord in the hearts of the American people, and the soundness of its reasoning was so generally recognized that from Washington to Grant no president ever even considered standing for a third term, and after the disastrous experience of Gen. Grant the question was not raised until the people, almost irrespective of party, clamorously demanded of Roosevelt that he stand for a third term, or rather for a second elective term. The president instantaneously put a quietus on the subject, declaring that the two-term principle was sound American political doctrine, and that "It should be observed in spirit as well as in letter." That while he had only served one elective term, he had in reality served two terms and refused to allow his name to be considered for a third time.

Thus Washington sentenced third termism to death; the peope buried it in the days of Grant, and in 1908 Theodore Roosevelt erected over it a monument so stupendous that it can never again be exhumed to trouble the American people. It has been forever settled that the United States will always have a president, but never a dictator.

Precisely the same reasons why a president should not have a third term apply with equal force to the office of governor of a great state, and while they have not always been observed, there have been very few exceptions, and these exceptions have always been brought about by the machinations of politicians and never by a spontaneous demand on the part of the people.

It is interesting to note what Gov. Johnson said on this subject in his first annual address:

"At the outset I wish to discuss a question which, during the past few weeks, has impressed me as being of much importance. I refer to the tenure of office of the governor. A newly elected executive is so burdend with the duty of selecting his official family that he finds little time for the study of the conditions of the several state institutions and matters of state concern generally. Then, too, he goes into office with the convening of the legislature so that his administration finds its greatest work at the beginning of his term. For these and other reasons I believe that the tenure of this office should be extended to four years, with the provision that the executive should not be eligible for re-election. Under these conditions he would certainly be enabled to give the state his best possible service unhampered by any official duty which might be performed with a view of perpetuating himself in office. The suggestion is not a new one, and is based upon the experience of other states in which the tenure of four years has accomplished the best and most satisfactory results."

This was Gov. Johnson's opinion before he contracted the office holding itch from contact with professional officeholders.

Early this year he stated he "was opposed to third terms for administrative offices on principle" that if he were to accept, he would "stultify" himself and "violate every sense of political propriety."

A politician honored by his party with high position owes much to his party. His party has a right to demand that he sacrifice his inclinations, his financial advancement, and his health and strength to advance the interests of the party that honored him, but Gov. Johnson or any of his adherents is respectfully challenged to state to the voters of Minnesota that any party has the right to demand that a man "sacrifice principle "stultify himself" and "violate every sense of political propriety" in order that it may maintain a position that will give that party prestige and power.

Gov. Johnson and his friends can take either horn of the dilemma they choose. He has, to use his own words, "abandoned principle," "stultified" himsef and "violated every sense of political propriety" in order to "help his party out of a hole" or else he was playing to the galleries in his first inaugural, and in his flamboyant ante-convention declarations.

DEMOCRATIC ALDERMAN BOLTS JOHNSON.

Wilhelm Petterson of Minneapolis, a Democratic alderman of that city, who recently came out against Gov. Johnson for a third term in a published interview in a Minneapolis newspaper, will take the stump this fall for Taft and Jacobson. He will deliver a number of speeches in Minnesota and several in other states.

As a reason for quitting Bryan and Johnson, Mr. Petterson says that he is opposed to third-term candidates for governor, and doesn't like Gov. Johnson's weak-kneed acceptance of the nomination after he had said that he would not be a candidate.

Mr. Petterson does not like Bryan's radicalism on national issues, especially as to the guaranteeing of bank deposits. The line up of the Johnson forces to help Bryan carry the state this fall was the last straw, and Mr. Petterson has come over to the Republican side, where the candidates are strong in pursuing the course they have marked out, where the issues are met in a sane manner and where there is no quibbling over things.

Two years ago Mr. Petterson was one of Johnson's most ardent supporters.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

THE PEOPLE SHOULD KNOW.

Will Gov. J. A. Johnson please go on record before the voters of the state whether or not he will give up his numerous contracts on the lecture platform in event of his reelection? The saery of the governor of Minnesota is now $7,500—increased by the last legislature from $5,000. This is enough income to permit a governor to put all his time into the business of being the state's chief executive. The people have a right to hear from Gov. Johnson on this subject, and it is up to the governor to make an explanation.

A VALUABLE MAN.

Ever since his first election to the Minnesota legislature in 1888 Hon. J. F. Jacobson, Republican candidate for governor, has been accomplishing things for the State of Minnesota. As monuments to his tireless labor in the house we have several important laws which owe their existence to Mr. Jacobson. The gross earning tax alone has netted the state nearly two ad a half millions of dollars.—New Richland Star.

A POETIC OUTBURST.

"The pin-headed knockers have
this to say:
'Jake has no use for the good letter J,'
Who cares about this—on the
'Y's' he stands pat,
Jim Hill of the Great Northern
can tell about that."
—Joe Tyson, Poet Laureate "Dutch Club," Redwood Falls, Minn.

A LEADING QUESTION.

John A. Johnson will go before the people this year as a simon-pure Democrat, and one who will ask for votes not only for himself but for Bryan as well. Can he, under the circumstances, reasonaby expect support from men who have every faith in the Republican principles?—Mankato Free Press.

THIS IS JACOBSON

The Republicans of Minnesota have nominated for governor a man whose integrity is beyond reproach; whose magnificent record of unswerving devotion to state interests and the people speaks for itself, whose ability has been proved in many years of magnificent legislative work. What more can be asked for a candidate for governor?

Think It Over.

Why elect a governor to go on the lecture platform? Gov. Johnson is admittedly contracted for lectures in various parts of the United States through the Slayton Lyceum Bureau for practically a year. Has any one heard him say he would cancel these contracts—if the bureau would agree to such cancellation—in event of his re-election? Vote for a man who will stay at home and attend to the important business of the office of chief executive.

It Will All Come Out In The Cleaning,
if it is done properly, and it will be done so if you favor us with your patronage. Our steam dyeing, scouring and cleaning establishment is fully equipped for every class work. The cleaning of blankets, silks, velvets and laces is our specialty, while our facilities for dyeing clothing of all kinds is unexcelled.
B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to E. S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 21st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 16th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43 W. 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 49 thereof on the 26th, day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and no-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.
First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
L. M. Hose,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
sept. 17-oct. 22

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole B. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec. 13th, 1905 made Homestead entry, No. 1255, Serial No. 0671, for lots 4, N. S. N. W. ¼, and S. E. ¼ N. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per. Walstedt, " " " " "
Frank Tilton, " " " " "
H. H. Skagen, " " " " "
R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 22

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Leslin, of Anton, Minn., who, on July 28th, 1904, made H. E., No. 275, Serial No. 016, for S. E. ¼, Section 7, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27th, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Otto H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward Olson, of " "
Harney Tieman, of " "
Christ Brorby, of Kratka.
R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 22

Citation for Hearing on Final Account

ESTATE OF Knut O. Skomedal.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.
In the Matter of the Estate of Knut O. Skomedal Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Ane Omundsen and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled, THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September 1908, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the Seal of said court, this 1st. day of September 1908.
N. W. [illegible]
Probate Judge.
COURT SEAL
sept. 3-17.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars ($116.89), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak Olson, a single man Mortgagor, to Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, (a corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota) Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of November 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1906 at 1:05 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 11 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots One (1) and Two (2) and South Half (S½) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E.¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 152.16 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof lying and being in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 23rd day of September 1908, at nine (9) o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of One hundred sixteen and 89-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 4th A. D. 1908.
Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls,
(A corporation) Mortgagee.
Wilhelm Michelet,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
aug 6-Sept. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Aug. 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Sophia Tietjen, widow of Herman Tietjen deceased, St. Paul, Minn., who, on July 8, 1903, made homestead entry No. 0535, Serial No. 0188, for Lots 6, 7, 10 & 11, Section 3, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 8th day of October 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Anderson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " "
Albert Kloongness, " " "
Edvord Hanson, " " "
R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 27-oct. 1.

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
Minnesota Historical Society
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C. P. BUYS THE G. W.

Canadian Pacific Will Run Through Trains from Winnipeg to Chicago.

Will Mean More Business for the Railroad Men of Thief River Falls.

The Canadian Pacific railroad will invade the United States, and will compete with the great trunk lines for the Northern trans-continental business, according to telegrams from Montreal received last night.

At the general headquarters of the Canadian system in Montreal it is stated semi-officially that the Canadian Pacific through its subsidiary, the Soo, has taken over the Chicago Great Western road and will operate its own trains over its own line into Chicago.

Although Sir Thomas Shaugnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific, stated in Montreal that he had never received information of the taking over of the Great Western by the Canadian Pacific the lack of official confirmation is attributed to the fact that the move has been made by the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie, and not by the Canadian Pacific railroad directly.

Other officials of the Canadian Transcontinental system declared that the move has been contemplated for some time and is the outcome of efforts to get a line into Chicago that could be controlled by the parent corporation.

It is realized that in the Great Western the Canadian Pacific has found an almost ideal connecting line into Chicago. Heretofore the Canadian Pacific has had to depend on the Wabash to form connections with the great lake metropolis.

In taking over the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie the Canadian Pacific made the initial move toward entering the great tributary territory of the southern great lakes region.

The move is thought to be the beginning for a strenuous bid for a great carrying trade and a completion of the Canadian road's trans continental system.

The taking over of the Chicago Great Western which has been struggling in receiver's hands since January of the present year, is regarded as a logical move for the Canadian Pacific.

Besides giving the great Canadian system the desired Chicago terminal the transfer will have the effect of opening up the territory embraced within the trade limits of Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha and Minneapolis, with the branches of the Chicago Great Western to the direct Canadian trade. It also will enable the Canadian road to make even a stronger bid for the Trans-Atlantic traffic through the ports of Montreal and Quebec.

Drawing Trade To Our Town.

A plan for drawing trade to a town that has been successfully worked at several points might be adopted to advantage in this city. The plan is as follows: An agreement was reached by all the merchants whereby they offered special sales on certain days, each merchant selecting a certain line of goods upon which he made a lower price than usual. Thus one dry goods house would sell gloves at a special price, while another would offer bargains in dress goods. Every line of business was represented and care was taken that no conflicts occured. Prizes were then offered to the farmer bringing in the best load of grain or the handsomest baby and the bargain day was extensively advertised in the surrounding country, the names of the merchants and their special sales being in all cases stated. The farmers responded in a most gratifying manner and the merchants were well pleased with the plan. The idea has been carried on in several towns.

Believes in Jake.

State Senator W. W. Sivright, of Hutchinson, was in the city last week transacting business. Mr. Sivright is a prominent politician of the state and is close to the people. He says that Jacobson will be elected governor of this state by a large majority.

Second Half Soon Due.

While you are figuring on the coming winter's coal bill, just remember that the second installment of your taxes must also be paid, before November first or a ten per cent penalty will be added. The new law makes the taxes due June first and November first. The treasurer's office will certainly be a busy place during October.

Civil Service Examinations.

On October 7 and 8 examinations will be held in the postoffice building, Duluth, for positions under the civil service commission, as examiners in the division of accounts, interstate commerce commission. The salaries paid by these positions are from $1,000 to $3,000 a year and are very desirable openings for men between the ages of 23 and 48 years of age. Applications should at once be sent to the United States civil service commission at Washington, D. C.

Buying Our Wheat.

The failure of the wheat crop in Russia has resulted in that nation importing heavily from Minnesota, North Dakota and other states of the great northwest wheat section this year. Exporting firms at the head of the lakes have been reticent about giving out figures on exportations of the grain to foreign countries, but it was learned at the chamber of Commerce in Minneapolis that for several weeks Russia has bought heavily of the supply of wheat at Duluth.

Independent Candidacy Difficult.

The general election laws provide that to get onto the county ballot as an independent candidate one must file with the auditor for his certificate (petition) on or before the third Tuesday preceding the day of election. This year this date will be Oct. 13. The petition must be signed by voters numbering ten per cent of the entire vote cast in the county at the last general election and such signers must be persons who did not vote in the primary election and they may not sign a petition for more than one candidate for the same office. A petition can be for but one candidate. Each candidate must have his own petition. Signatures are always taken under oath.

Going to Buy SHOES?

If you are going to buy shoes for yourself or the children and want your full money's worth, better value than you can get anywhere else, then come to the Golden Rule and see what they have in store for you.

FOR THE LADIES. New fall models in tan, vici kid and patent colt for 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 and 4.00.

FOR GENTLEMEN. New fall shapes in Wicker tans, gun metal, calf and patent colt for 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00 and bench made 5.00

SCHOOL SHOES for boys or girls 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes
New fall goods in every Department

HILL GIVES GOOD ADVICE

Says that the Nation Should Build Fewer Warships and More Schools.

The Time of Cheap Wheat Has Passed, According to Mr. Hill.

It is not very often that the News agrees with James J. Hill but we do wish to heartily endorse his remarks at the dedication of Stephens' Hall at Crookston. Mr. Hill said: "If I had my way, I would build a couple of warships less, yes, one would be enough, and I would take the $5,000,000 which it would cost and with it construct 1,000 *schools of agriculture within the United States.*"

Mr. Hill stated that with the present birth rate, the country would not be able to take care of its own people, let alone the prospect of exporting grain to Europe, unless the farmers studied the science of agriculture and learned how to raise more bushels to the acre than they are able to do at present. "I believe we have seen the last day in the history of this country," he said, "when wheat will be cheap. Hereafter No. 1 hard will bring 90 cents which it is worth at the present time and even more if the soil is properly cultivated."

Mr. Hill declared further that the crops the past few years have been steadily decreasing in the yield per acre and with the many thousands of people who have come into this country to settle, most of the land has been taken up so the chance of accumulating greater acreage upon which to increase the size of the crops would soon be an impossibility even in western Canada. The only solution of the problem, according to Mr. Hill, is to study the question and find out in what way the output per acre can be increased.

Farmer to Be the King.

The farm holds out a bright future for the young men and women that will make their home there. The man that owns the land will be a king among men. The farmer has always been the backbone of the nation, of all nations. In the past the farmers have not had such favorable opportunities as are possible in the future. A scientific knowledge of soils, the adaptability of soils to different crops, improved machinery, rural mail and telephones will lighten the farm labor, dispel farm loneliness, but above all will add to the productivity of the farm. The farmer of the future will bring twice as much from the soil at less expense than the farmer of the past has done. He will have more of the comfort and luxuries of life and greater independence. He will be the least dependent of men. Of the hundred young people that go to the cities ninty will be to a more or less extent the hewers of wood and the drawers of water. Not so with the intelligent farmer. He can rise to the full statue of independent manhood and need call no man master.—Ex.

Wylie News.

Most all the boys that exchanged hard work for North Dakota gold have returned.

It is rumored that we will get daily freight service on the Wylie line. Good, old boy Jim, but when?

The crickets were so numerous this year that many a farmer has to fan the oats before the horses will eat them.

Farmers are complaining that it is too dry to plow. Some want rain and others don't—its hard to be the weather man.

The best yield of wheat in this vicinity was threshed on the farm of Aug. Mgreen last week. The field, which was quite a large one, run a trifle better than twenty eight bushels per acre machine measure.

Manager Cruzon has already taken in about fifteen thousand bushels of grain for the Farmers Elevator Co. since threshing commenced. Most of the farmers have their granaries filled and its the surplus that's being marketed.

During one of the windy days last week Leo. Schultz had the misfortune to burn up three wheat stacks while threshing on the farm of Hank Neils. A few belts were rendered useless and one side of the separator was badly scorched.

Deserter Returned.

Chief of Police Lang was down to Ft. Snelling the first of the week to surrender to the authorities there Dennis Quinn a deserter from the army. Quinn had served one full enlistment in the army and had nearly completed a second term when he deserted. He gave himself up to Policeman James Farr Sunday morning.

Absolutely Pure
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar, the officially approved ingredient for a wholesome, high-class powder
There is greater deception in the sale of baking powders than ever before. Closely observe the label and be certain of getting Royal.

Wanted to Go to the Asylum.

Erick Nelson, of Nelson Park, went voluntarily before Judge Holm of the Probate Court, on Monday last, and asked to be committed to the asylum at Fergus Falls. The unfortunate man is 30 years of age and single. Although he appeared to be very rational, yet he said he has felt mental trouble coming on for years, and that he has spells when his mind gives way. At such times he was afraid that he might do himself or others some harm, and he thought it safest and best for all concerned that he be placed in a position where he can injure no one. He was committed to the asylum according to his own request.—Warren Sheaf.

Postmasters to Help Teachers.

Postmaster Kratka has received an order from Postmaster General Myer directing all postmasters to unite with their local school authorities with a view of adopting the most effective method of instructing school children as to the organization and operation of the postal service particularly the proper addressing of letters and the importance of placing return cards on envelopes. Postmasters are also directed to arrange if possible to deliver personal talks to pupils and give teachers access to the postal guide and postal laws and render them every assistance in securing the necessary information.

Subscribe for the News.

Good Hunting Here.

J. A. Wessel, member of the state game and fish commission, spent last Friday in the city and he says that the commission has received reports that would indicate that this has been the biggest year that prairie chicken hunters have ever had in northern Minnesota. Large lots of birds have arrived in the Twin Cities, and this and the surrounding counties have won a great reputation which will bring many sportsmen into this section next season.

Held a Meeting Saturday.

Chairman D. P. O'Neil and Treasurer G. Halvorson were down to St. Hilaire last Saturday and had a meeting with the members of the Republican county central committee and the local Republican candidates for office. Precinct committee men for the county were appointed.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Changed Locations.

The Wilson Clothing Company this week removed from the location they have had for the past three years in the Dobner-Meehan block to the Duluth Brewing company's building on LaBree avenue.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

Thus far Mr. Harriman seems to have been able to keep from writing letters that were not burned.

Governor Haskell appears to take the high ground that a man is never guilty as long as he can keep from being convicted.

The Countess of Yarmouth has decided to drop her title and acknowledge that the money was absolutely wasted.

Tom Watson is finding it hard to understand how some people manage to make so much noise while running for the presidency.

By making public a number of private letters, Mr. Hearst has shown to the people that the Standard Oil campany deals in something besides oil.

Pessimists who thought the earth was drying up will have to look around for some other form of trouble that may be used for borrowing purposes.

Gov. Johnson is again running on the record of a Republican legislature. Mr. Jacobson is running on his own—and it is the best ever made by any citizen of Minnesota.

John W. Gates has returned from Europe, but up to the hour of going to press he had not bet a million on any of the presidential candidates. The question cannot, therefore, be regarded as settled.

Now will some kind friends tell us in a few plain words just what Gov. Johnson has done as chief executive of the state to entitle him to a third term? We are not asking for the record made by the Republican legislature—but just Johnson's own and only record.

The people have a right to the views of a candidate for office on any public question. Gov. Johnson wanted to know how Mr. Jacobson stood on county option, and he found out. Mr. Jacobson now wants to know how Gov. Johnson stands on the same question. Let Gov. Johnson be equally frank.

A Pittsburg steel official has given up a job which paid him $10,000 a year to study theology. If he becomes a successful preacher he may in time succeed in securing an income nearly half as great as that which he had as a steel mill official, but the chorus girls will not be likely to consider him much of a hero.

Gov. Johnson in his fight against Bryan, had the support of the Great Northern railroad, and is now being backed by the brewery combine. One of the delegates to the state convention which sent a delegation to Denver was one of the leading attorneys of the Great Northern railroad. It was a [illegible] Wisconsin Democrat [illegible] that Johnson's fight against Mr. Bryan was financed by the big interests.

The Canadian Thanksgiving day is to be on Monday hereafter. There has been some suggestion that Monday be also selected as the American day to give thanks. Some people favor it on the ground that the change would be better than to follow the present practice of breaking into a week with a holiday. Doubtless the plan has its merits, the long followed custom would make such a change difficult of adoption. If it were practicable it would be an excellent idea to have the same day, whether Monday or some other day, selected as Thanksgiving day on both sides of the line. It is generally considered a good thing to seek for all the things that may promote international peace and friendship. Many things otherwise desirable are impossible by reason of local customs, traditions or business conditions. But the selection of a day of thanks does not involve any of these things, if the customs of a generation or two with reference to a particular day can be overlooked, and there would be something both pleasing and profitable in the spectacle of the people of an entire continent engaged in the exercises proper to this day, all at the same time.

REFORMING BANK EXAMINATIONS.

The comptroller of the currency, Mr. MURRAY, has earned commendation by the vigorous efforts he is making to improve the national system of bank examinations. He is conferring with the examiners and pointing out the errors and ommissions of many of them; he is asking the leading and sound bankers of the country to give him, in writing, their frank opinions as to the merits—if any—and defects of the present; he is preparing material for Congress with the view of urging the abolition of the antiquated and preposterous fee system, which puts a premium on haste and superficiality and indulgence.

It is plain, that real and permanent reform in bank examinations is impossible without new legislation insuring fitness and integrity in the personnel and providing for adequate salaries. But the mills of our Congress sometimes grind slowly, and Comptroller MURRAY feels that something can and should be done at once under the existing law.

"When," he told examiners at one of his conferences, "one finds a bank in an unsatisfactory condition he should not simply report the facts to the comptroller and hurry away to another bank to obtain another fee." He should call in a committee of directors, invite their attention to the situation, demand corrective measures and assure himself that such measures are taken. In writing to his superior he should not merely give bare figures, the full significance of which is not always apparent, but interpret them in letters of sufficient length. All this takes time and reduces the sum total of prospective earnings, but the spirits of the law exacts such service and the comptroller says he intends to secure it. The examiners who cannot or will not render conscientious service are to be disciplined and eventfully compelled to resign.

It is to be hoped that the comptroller's admonitions and warnings may have the desired effect in considerable measure. Doubtless even a bad system, as he says, can be made tolerable by efficient administration and faithful work. But there is no rational excuse for legislative retention of the bad system, for a policy that subjects public servants to undue temptations and strains, and for a refusal to deal with the evil of perfunctory and misleading examinations at the root.

SMALL CAUSE, LARGE RESULT.

Many a laymen have wondered mightily at the miracle of engineering whereby a tunnel through a mountain, begun at opposite sides, meets in the center to a fraction of an inch. It is a simple matter of calculation, which is no mystery to engineers and which offers them little difficulty. Yet the layman, who does not know how it is done, marvels at it as he would a piece of magic.

Recently, however, a tunnel being constructed by the German state of Baden through the Black Forest mountains failed to meet as the engineers had calculated, and the failure cost the state nearly 1,000,000, besides much delay and annoyance. The state had been constructing the tunnel, as usual, from both sides, and it had been planned that the two workings would meet at the village of Forbach. The engineers had no fear that their calculations would be found amiss when the critical moment that brought the union arrived. So skilled have the projectors of these great bores become that the discrepancy from an exact junction is rarely more than a fraction of an inch.

What was the horror of the Black Forest engineers when they found that the two tunnels missed each other by 26 feet. It was necessary to go back a sufficient distance on both of them and change their course, a matter involving great expense and exasperating delay.

The engineers went back over the figures again, and found them to be correct, greatly to their relief. A further investigation was made immediately, and it was found that the discrepancy arose from the fact that a surveying pin had been intentionally misplaced. The blame was placed, to the satisfaction of the investigators, upon a laborer who had been discharged during the progress of the work, and who had wreaked a costly revenge in that manner.

It is possible that the revengeful workmen had no conception of the mischief his act would accomplish, though it is doubtful if the knowledge would have given him pause; perhaps it would have given him greater satisfaction, on the contrary. Few people would realize, not being skilled in engineering, what tremendous consequences could grow out of an act apparently so insignificant.

It is another proof of the vital importance of the little details. Most great achievements are merely the sums of an infinity of details, and upon the accuracy of each of these details depends the success of the whole. If one of the engineers, in figuring out the paths of the two connecting tunnels, had misplaced a figure, a similar result would have been effected, even though the error might have been slight.

Big achievements are usually the result of an infinitely patient attention to details, and men who think and plan upon large lines have often found their work frustrated by the carelessness of men in charge of minor details, who took no thought of the bearing of their tasks upon the success of the whole. It is dangerous to overlook the little things.

A BROKEN CUP.

The Way a Queen Saved an Old Servant From Dismissal.

A charming story is told of the former queen regent of Holland, the mother of Queen Wilhelmina. The old king had bought a fine service of Sevres porcelain for the use of the royal family, and he gave orders that any servant who should break any piece of it should be punished by being instantly dismissed. One day a man who had been many years in the royal household confessed to the young queen that he had broken one of these Sevres cups. Queen Emma spoke comfortingly to him and suggested that he should mend the cup. That, said the man, would be useless, for the king would surely notice the cracks. Nevertheless the queen told him to mend the cup as neatly as possible and to be sure to give it to her that afternoon at tea time, when the king would be present. Tea time came, and the queen, after drinking from the mended cup, suddenly rose and let it fall to the floor. It was smashed to atoms.

"Think of me as one of the most awkward of your majesty's servants," she said humbly. "I have broken one of your precious Sevres cups. You must dismiss me at once. I don't deserve to be retained in your service." The arbitrary old king was highly amused at her demure manner and considered the matter a good joke. He never knew the true story of the broken cup.

New Goods.

We are still busy opening up our immense consignments of fall and winter goods, and will in a few days show you the most select stock of general merchandise west of St. Paul, and at prices nobody can better. You will do well to look over our stock before buying.

DRESS GOODS. Our dress goods department is complete with up to date fabrics, both in wash goods and woolens. Prices the lowest.

LADIES' COATS. Our ladies' and children's fall and winter coats are just in and you must see this beatiful line. Latest fashions and novelties. They are just lovely. Prices right.

LADIES' SKIRTS. We sell the Buckingham and Beverly makes in skirts, none more stylish, none better. Prices right.

MENS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS. You will find clothes buying a pleasure here, both for what you get and the way you get it. We can sell you clothing cheaper than our competitors. Try us.

UNDERWAER. Our underwaer line has been selected with great care and the bargains we offer you in this line will surprise you.

SHOES. Do Yot know that we carry the largest and best stock of shoes in the city and prices the lowest?

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS TO CLOSE OUT A SMALL LOT OF LADIES' JACKETS AT ONE-THIRD OFF OF REGULAR PRICE.

Small lot of ladies' white summer waists, 1-3 off regular price.
" " " lawns and wash goods, 1-3 off regular price.
" " " men's dress shirts, 75, 65 and 50 cents to close, 39 cents.
" " " " " " 1.50, 1.25 and 1.00 to close, 89 cents.
Small lot of men's balbriggan underwear 65 cents and 50 cents.
Small lot of ladies' shoes, 3.00, 2.75 and 2.50 to close 1.98.
OXFORDS. Men's women's and children's oxfords 1-4 off regular price.
Look over our stock and note our low prices. We lead, others follow.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

RAIN SAVES CITY

Bemidji Has Narrow Escape From Forest Fires.

FLAMES DANGEROUSLY NEAR

Heavy Downpour Checks Advance When the Town Appeared Doomed.

Soaking rain probably saved Bemidji from a severe scorching if not possible destruction by forest fires, which were advancing from two directions.

Forest fires, which have been burning to the south and east of Bemidji in Hubbard county were sweeping on that city, fanned by a heavy wind from the south until clouds of smoke rolled over the lake. At one time the smoke was so heavy south of the city that much apprehension was felt that the fire would reach the city.

Telephone messages from farmers south of there told of a mountain of flames rushing through the forest south of Lake Plantaganet, nine miles south of Bemidji, and Mayor Pogue and several citizens drove to the Hubbard county line to note what damage there was to the city. A fire was discovered six miles west of Bemidji, which gained much headway.

Crowds of men were secured and rushed out to fight the fire south of town.

A. G. Rutledge telephoned Governor Johnson for permission to call out Company K of Bemidji to assist in patrolling the fire. The company was ordered out and gotten ready to await orders from Captain Otto, who also drove out in the timber to look over the fire line.

At 4:15 in the afternoon when the smoke was rolling heavenward to the west and south of the city a heavy rainfall began which lasted half an hour, thoroughly wetting the ground for five miles around. The rain has undoubtedly checked the advance of the fire, at least for the present.

YOUNG REFUSES TO ACT.

Candidate Charges That Rivals Expended Over the Limit.

Carl E. Taylor of Aitkin, who received 840 votes in the recent race for nomination for congressman from the Eighth district, asked the attorney general to take action to prevent the names of Clarence B. Miller and J. Adam Bede from appearing on the ballot at the general election. Mr. Taylor alleges that both Mr. Miller and Mr. Bede, who received 18,000 and 10,000 votes, respectively, far exceeded the statutory limit of expenditure in their preliminary campaign. As Taylor received the third highest number of votes action as requested would give Taylor the nomination.

Mr. Taylor claims that the law prescribing the amount that a candidate may spend makes the limit $650 in the race for the congressional nomination. Mr. Taylor says that it cost him just $56.30 for all expenses, but that Miller spent $5,000 and possibly $10,000, and Bede spent "sums exceeding $2,500."

The attorney general refused to take any action, claiming that in his opinion the law cited does not apply to primary elections, and he considered that no authority exists to attempt to deprive either Miller or Bede of a place on the general ballot.

SCORE OF BUILDINGS BURN

Rush City Narrowly Escapes Total Destruction.

Part of the business section of Rush City was destroyed by fire. Nearly a score of buildings were consumed, entailing a loss of about $200,000.

For a time the entire city seemed doomed and fire apparatus from St. Paul, Hinckley and Pine City was rushed to the assistance of the stricken town.

The fire broke out in the roller mills and elevator owned by J. F. Hamburg. Fanned by a high breeze the flames spread with lightning rapidity and soon a score of business houses had caught fire. The only pump in the city was in the doomed elevator and was rendered worthless and the citizens were forced to stand aside and watch the fire monster eat up their property.

The Pine City fire department arrived on the scene soon after the call for help was made, followed by the Hinckley firemen, but they were helpless on account of the great headway the flames had made and it was not until the St Paul firemen arrived that the flames were slowly subdued.

Oakley Succeeds Ewert.

Egbert S. Oakley of Wright county has been named by the federal department of justice to succeed Paul Ewert as second assistant district attorney for this district in accordance with the recommendation of District Attorney Houpt. Mr. Oakley is thirty-five years old. He was formerly county attorney of Wright county. Lately he has been register of the United States land office at Cass Lake.

Girl Commits Suicide.

In a fit of despondency over ill health Lydia Dahlquist of Minneapolis, twenty years old, swallowed carbolic acid, from the result of which she died shortly after being found in her room.

BRYAN AND TAFT IN MILL CITY

Rival Presidential Candidates Exchange Courtesies.

Judge William H. Taft and William Jennings Bryan exchanged courtesies while in Minneapolis. When Mr. Bryan arrived there he immediately sent one of the men traveling with him to the West hotel with a message to Judge Taft that he would be glad to call on him at the hotel. Mr. Taft sent word back to the Democratic leader that he would be glad to see him. Mr. Taft was scheduled to speak at the dedication of a new Y. M. C. A. building in St. Paul before his date with Mr. Bryan and he hurried back in an automobile to keep his engagement with Mr. Bryan. When he arrived at the hotel he found a message from the Nebraskan, who said that Mr. Bryan was very sorry that he had forgotten that he had a dinner engagement at the hour he had selected to meet Mr. Taft. Mr. Bryan suggested that if it was convenient for Mr. Taft he would drop in at the hotel on his way to the railroad station and shake hands with him. Mr. Taft, however, had an engagement to speak before the congregation of the Fowler Methodist church in the evening and he sent Colonel Daniel Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, who has personal charge of the Taft train, to explain the situation to Mr. Bryan and to convey his regrets. This Colonel Ransdell did. Mr. Bryan expressed his regret at missing an opportunity to greet Mr. Taft and after inquiring about the condition of Mr. Taft's voice, said that he hoped that he would speedily recover.

NOT IN PAYING QUANTITIES

Gold and Silver Found Near Embarrass, St. Louis County.

There is considerable excitement among the farmers around Embarrass over the announcement that gold and silver has been discovered on the land of C. H. McDermott, passenger conductor on the Iron Range railroad.

Mr. McDermott had a drill driven down forty feet and sent samples to an assayer in Denver, who, after a thorough test, reported back that while there was both gold and silver in the samples submitted it was not in sufficient quantities to pay for mining it. McDermott and his neighbors believe that if the drill is sent down a few hundred feet it will strike a vein of pay ore.

Settlers around Embarrass have but recently proved up, but none of them will now dispose of their holdings at any ordinary figure, all believing that there is precious metal on their land. Several pieces of quartz have been picked up containing gold as high as $60 to the ton, but the main vein remains to be discovered.

Embarrass is a small settlement in St. Louis county, about ten miles from Eveleth.

INMATES ESCAPE INJURY.

Lightning Causes Serious Damage to Residence.

The country around Bertha was visited by a severe electrical storm. Lightning killed a valuable cow and colt for Samuel Riggs. Frank White also had a calf killed. It quite seriously damaged the German Lutheran church west of Hewitt.

Mrs. John Tramm, who was sitting near a window in her home one mile south of Bertha, was stunned by a stroke which injured her left side and arm, though not seriously.

The residence of Herman Anderson was struck by lightning and the roof, floors and windows broken to pieces, but no one in the house was injured. Leonard Ottoberg, who was visiting at the Anderson home, had the whiskers on one side of his face burned off, but received no other bruise or injury.

UNION OF CREAMERIES.

Form Association to Market Their Own Products.

The first union of the creameries of the state to market their own products was effected when articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state for the Minnesota Co-operative Dairies association, with headquarters in St. Paul.

This is the first amalgamation of dairies under the law of the last legislature enabling co-operative creameries to hold stock in another company. Six creameries unite in the new association. John R. Morley of Owatonna is president and Andrew French of Plainview, Democratic candidate for congress from the First district, is treasurer.

LITTLE DAMAGE LIKELY.

Fires Break Out in Minnesota's National Forest.

Forest fires have broken out on the Minnesota national forest, says a telegram received at Washington by the forest service from Supervisor Marshall, but the government officers appear to have the situation in hand. The fires are reported as having started mostly from the railroad.

Forest officers in Washington declare there is little danger of any widespread damage to the Minnesota national forest, though the general conditions are so bad that until heavy rains have fallen there is bound to be anxiety.

To Have Big Creamery.

Eastern parties, representing several produce concerns, will establish a central creamery plant in Albert Lea. The ground has been purchased and the plans for the building are in the hands of contractors of that city for bids. The structure will be of concrete and brick and the machinery will be of the very latest manufacture.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 28.—Wheat—Sept., $1.02¾; Dec., $1.02¼; May, $1.06½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.04⅝@1.04⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅝@1.03⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅝@1.01⅞; No. 3 Northern, 98⅝c@$1.00⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$6.00@6.75. Sheep—Wethers, $3.75@4.00; yearlings, $4.00@4.75; spring lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 28.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.04; No. 1 Northern, $1.03½; No. 2 Northern, $1.01; Sept., $1.03; Dec., $1.02; May, $1.06; Oct., $1.02⅞. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., $1.22¼; Oct. and Nov., $1.22½; Dec., $1.21; May, $1.25⅞.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Wheat—Sept., 99¾c; Dec., $1.00⅝@1.00½; May, $1.03⅞@1.03½. Corn—Sept., 79⅝c; Oct., 75c; Dec., 65¾c; May, 64⅞@65c; July, 64⅛c. Oats—Sept., 48⅞c; Dec., 49¼@49⅜c; May, 51⅜c. Pork—Sept., $15.25; Oct., $15.25; Jan., $16.87½@16.90; May, $16.85; Dec., $15.35. Butter—Creameries, 19@24c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 18c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.70@7.60; Western cattle, $3.40@6.00; Texans, $3.30@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.55; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.60; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Light, $6.35@7.05; mixed, $6.50@7.20; heavy, $6.40@7.20; rough, $6.40@6.60; good to choice heavy, $6.60@7.20; pigs, $4.25@6.10. Sheep, $2.25@4.20; yearlings, $4.20@4.70; lambs, $3.25@5.50.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The bodies of Ella and Edwin Soden and of their mother, Mary Soden, were found in their apartment at Brooklyn, the mother and son evidently having committed suicide together in their grief over the death from apparently natural causes of Miss Ella Soden.

The filing at Phillippi, W. Va., of a suit for $100,000 damages on an allegation of breach of promise to marry Louise Lonsdale, a New York actress against Blaine Elkins, youngest son of United States Senator Stephen B. Elkins, has caused a sensation.

A soaking rain in the Head of the Lakes region put an end to danger from forest fires in all the territory within a radius of fifty miles or more from Superior. The rain was one of the heaviest downpours of the year.

Justice Mills, at White Plains, N. Y., has denied the application of Harry K. Thaw for a jury trial to determine whether or not Thaw is sane, but promised to give Thaw a hearing before himself on Oct. 5.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in the labor contempt hearing at Washington, testified that he and other labor leaders had been frequently followed by detectives employed by James W. Van Cleave, president of the National Manufacturers' association. He also said that an emissary of Van Cleave had offered him a bribe at a meeting in New York to desert the cause of labor and put the manufacturers' association in possession of its secrets.

In a talk to bank examiners at Washington Comptroller of the Currency Murray said: "I say to you emphatically that your work must be improved. Embezzlements have failed of discovery, defalcations and dishonesty have been concealed from you and in many cases you have failed to correctly or even approximately estimate the value of the paper and the securities held by the bank."

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

President Roosevelt may make a trip through the West in the interest of the Republican national ticket, similar in respect and extent to that which Mr. Taft has begun. Quasi-official announcement to this effect comes from the Republican national headquarters.

Judge Taft and William J. Bryan exchanged courtesies at Minneapolis, but a meeting of the two men was impossible because of previous engagements.

Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, filed a sealed complaint at Reno, Nev., for divorce against his wife, Bessie Hall Goodwin, better known as Maxine Elliott.

John Hays Hammond was re-elected by acclamation as president of the National League of Republican Clubs.

President Roosevelt has returned to Washington from Oyster Bay, where he spent his summer vacation.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The stock market Tuesday showed more disturbance than at any time since the trouble period of last October's panic. Sensational and repeated downward plunges in prices followed each other and it was not until late in the day that any material relief was shown from the drastic [illegible] process under way. Enormous lines of stocks were thrown upon the market without apparent regard to the prices they would bring.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate a further moderate progress in distribution of merchandise, except in some sections where unseasonably warm weather retards fall retail trade.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Official returns submitted to the state canvassing board indicate that the majority of James A. Tawney, Republican nominee for congress in the First congressional district, over T. V. Knatvold, his opponent for the nomination, is 2,967 votes. In the Second congressional district James T. McCleary has a plurality of 2,126 votes over Gilbert Gutterson and 4,084 votes over Paul A. Ewert.

Special assessments for the year 1908 in Minneapolis, covering local improvements, will exceed $1,000,000, a record that has never before been reached in the history of the city. It is estimated that the total expenditures for public improvements under the direction of the city engineer for the year 1908, including the portion paid by the city, will amount to over $1,750,000.

St. Paul is to be made the headquarters of a new internal revenue division comprising Minnesota and North and South Dakota. The new division was a part of the Milwaukee division with headquarters at that place. J. W. McGinnis, recently of Pittsburg, will have charge of the new division and will have offices in the customs house at St. Paul.

Immense concentrating freight yards are to be established at Northtown junction, just outside of Minneapolis, by the Northern Pacific road. Graders are at work leveling the land. The bridge and building department of the railway will erect the sheds and buildings and the yards will be ready for operation on Nov. 1.

At the annual meeting of the Washburn-Crosby Milling company in Minneapolis last week it was decided to build a new flour mill of 6,000 barrels daily capacity at Buffalo, N. Y., the building to cost $500,000. This will bring the total output of the Washburn-Crosby company to the largest in the world.

Election judges in the recent Minneapolis primaries have made claim upon the city for compensation for the time spent in attending the school of instruction in the use of the new voting machines prior to the election. Those who have made this claim ask $1 for their time and 30 cents mileage for each trip.

The state board of equalization had several bankers of the state before them in regard to bank assessments. The board fixed 50 per cent of the capital stock, surplus and undivided profits as the basis of assessment. Some banks were assessed below that, but there were no serious objections to the raise.

There are about 432 saloons doing business in Minneapolis, within three of the total number that may be operated under the city ordinances, and of this number only thirty-eight are owned and controlled by private individuals, the others being owned and indirectly operated by the brewing interests.

Clarence B. Miller's majority over Adam Bede, his opponent for the congressional nomination in the Eighth district, is 8,329 votes. Mr. Miller polled 18,674 votes against 10,345 votes for Mr. Bede.

The state W. C. T. U., in session at Marshall, adopted a resolution pledging the state union to do all in its power to have Joseph G. Cannon discontinued in office as speaker of the house.

The Winona board of trade has invited the Upper Mississippi River Improvement association to hold its annual convention in Winona in 1909 and the invitation has been accepted.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Arthur Dahlo, a little boy five years old living in Pomme d'Terre township, Otter Tail county, was accidently shot by his uncle while the latter was hunting and died from the effects of his injuries. The lad ran in front of the gun just as it was discharged and received a charge of shot in the thighs.

Lightning struck a big barn on the Island farm near Floodwood, owned by G. G. Hartley of Duluth. The barn was destroyed and seventeen horses, including two fine stallions and twelve mares, were burned to death. A large quantity of hay and grain was destroyed.

The young daughter of Peter Kobe, a homesteader in the Little Fork country, was devoured by wolves while going from her home to a neighbor's. Her younger brother escaped.

Edward Ekstrom, a homesteader near Northland, forty miles from Duluth, was killed as the result of being struck by a falling tree, which was blown down by the wind.

H. L. Smith, sixty-eight years old, and elevator man at the Rex hotel, was instantly killed by being caught in an elevator.

OBITUARY.

David Carmichael, prominent as a lumberman and connected with several business enterprises, is dead at Stillwater. He was seventy four years old. Mr. Carmichael arrived in Stillwater from New Brunswick in 1854.

Judge David M. Devore, formerly a well known attorney of Duluth and one of the early settlers at the Head of the Lakes, is dead at Fergus Falls.

Mrs W. C. Chambers of Blue Earth City, the daughter of Warden Wolfer of the Stillwater prison, is dead, aged twenty-three.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
—CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MIN

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

August Hoppe was down to St. Hilaire Sunday.

Henry Diebol was down to Crookston last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

John Myrland was down to Fargo to spend Sunday.

For Sale or Rent—My tailor shop. Knute Jorstad.

O. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire was in the city last Friday.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Emma Hoff was down to St. Hilaire to spend Sunday.

W. J. Kelly came down from the Red Lake county Tuesday.

Charlie Fellman was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

County Superintendent of schools McAnulty was in the city last Friday.

After Sept. 27, what ice I will have for sale will be of 1907 cut. J. H. Rice.

H. E. Boen, of St. Hilaire, spent Sunday in the city visiting with friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

O. H. Nelson returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to North Dakota.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

Wayne Richardson went down to Crookston last Saturday to spend a few days.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

—For Sale—Choice black dirt for lawns and gardens. See George Elder, Phone 233.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Christian Granum Oct 8th at 3 p. m.

Mrs. H. G. Dobner, who had been at LaCrosse, Wis., visiting friends, returned to this city last Saturday.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Swen A. Swenson, who had been working on a farm over near Portal, N. D., returned to this city Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Forder, who had been at Virginia visiting their sons, returned to this city last Friday.

P. G. Hanson will this week remove his confectionery store to Duluth where he has secured a good location.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church with the administration of th Lords Supper at 10:30. All welcome.

—For Sale—A 4 horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Rev. Thomas H. Smith, of Badger, arrived in the city Monday evening and is the guest of his uncle, Rev. J. B. Smith.

A single trial will prove that for purity and wholesomeness Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts cannot be equalled.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor in the afternoon at 3. F. J. Soltz, Pastor.

BLOOD

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor. There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high we are being refreshed—bone, muscle and brain, in body and mind—with continual flow of rich blood. This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It sets the whole body going again—man, woman and child.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World." SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

C. H. Marts was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Mesdames Hicks, Roth and Wilson will serve Friday afternoon at the Presbyterian church.

Ole Torrison, who had been confined to his home by rheumatism for several days, is able to be out again.

D. P. O'Neill leaves tonight for St. Paul to attend a meeting of the Republican state central committee.

Martin Anderson, of the town of Reiner, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute home from the harvest fields of North Dakota.

John Larson, who has made his home in this city for the past few years, died very suddenly last Thursday. The funeral was held on Saturday.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

—For Sale or Trade—Good vaudeville outfit; complete including 3800 feet of good moving pictures. Also two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Frank Zavoral returned home from North Dakota last Friday evening and spent three days with Vorlicky. He left the city for his home last Monday morning.

David Collins of St. Hilaire, who has purchased an interest in the Evenson photograph gallery in this city came to the city last Saturday and will make his future home here.

Samuel Heasley came down from the Red Lake country last Saturday. He expects to remove his family here in the near future and engage in the hotel business here again.

George Brumwell, the pioneer chief of police of Red Lake Falls, died at the hospital in Crookston Monday. He had been in the hospital for a couple of weeks receiving medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. John Meehan, who had been to Milwaukee to attend the funeral of Patrick Meehan, returned to this city Tuesday. They stopped for a few days to visit at Mrs. Meehan's old home in Wisconsin.

The E. & E. Clothing company last week put a handsome electric sign up on the corner of their building. It is one of the best signs north of the twin cities and certainly is a great credit to Thief River Falls.

Last Saturday the Jewish people of the city observed the New Year, which is according to their calendar, the year 5669. It is the beginning of the month of Tishria, known in the Gregorian calendar as January.

Rev. J. B. Smith leaves next week for Litchfield, Minn., to attend the annual conference of the methodist church. By the unanimous request of his congregation, Rev. Smith is to be returned to Thief River Falls for another year.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching 10:30 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School 11:45 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting 6:45 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Ole J. Tweet, a former well known resident of the town of Numedal, but now located near Grand Forks on a farm, arrived in the city last week and will spend a few days here looking after his interests in this section. Mr. Tweet says that he is prospering in his North Dakota home.

Rev. Wm. Lundin will preach his farewell sermon next Sunday forenoon in the Swedish church on the East side and in the evening in the Norwegian free church on the West side. Next week he will move to Minneapolis and take charge of a church where he has been pastor before for five years.

Victor Medchill, who has been in the hospital at Thief River Falls for the past month suffering from a gunshot wound in the arm, returned on Monday afternoon. The wounded arm is progressing very nicely and the attending physician thinks it will come out all right in time. —Plummer Pioneer.

O. E. Bush, of Randen, returned Friday from Dakota. He reports that the season was so short he did not get enough time in to pay expenses and came back in debt on the trip. The sooner all farmers give up going to Dakota in the fall to work, and put in their time improving their own places, the better for the country.—Middle River Pioneer.

On Thursday evening there was a pleasant gathering of the young people of the Presbyterian church in the church parlors. At the close of the evening a short business meeting was held and the following officers elected for the coming winter's work:—President, John Rawson; Vice President, Miss Emily Lakin; Secretary, Miss Edith Pederson; Treasurer, Chas. Helgrim; Pianist Miss Cipra.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Fontaine died last Saturday morning. It was buried on Sunday.

Postmaster Elias Steenerson was up from Crookston Tuesday looking after some property interests he has here.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. Andrew Anderson on Wednesday, Oct. 7. All are invited.

J. S. Roy, one of the big farmers living south of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

O. N. Olson left Tuesday on a trip through the west central part of Minnesota to spend several days attending to business matters.

Traveling Freight Agent Hawes, of the Soo line, was in the city Tuesday calling upon his many friends here and attending to business matters.

Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Klimek and children left yesterday for Little Falls, Minn., to attend the funeral of John Lens, a brother-in-law of Mr. Klimek. They expect to return Monday.

The book, "Debs," his life, writings and speeches, price in cloth, $2.00, leather $2.25. Order a copy today, use a postal card, write name and address plainly. Alfred Somondsen, agent, Thief River Falls, Minn.

A. M. Arpin came down from Strandquist Tuesday evening to spend a few days visiting with his family. He reports that he is building one of the finest *graded roads in the state of Minnesota* along side of one of the state ditches he is constructing up there, and that the farmers are very much pleased with it.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91
Oats	43c
Flax	$1.09
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Greatest Danger to Swimmers.

"It isn't cramp," said a life guard, "that carries off so many good swimmers. After all, what is a leg or arm cramp? Couldn't a good swimmer easily turn on his back and float till the attack departed? No, cramp won't account for the strange seizures that in a twinkling turn a very fish of a swimmer into a helpless, speechless, drowning paralytic. What accounts for this business is water inhaling. A swimmer inhales spray through the nostrils, it passes through the pharynx, behind the epiglottis or windpipe guard and so down into the windpipe. The result is nearly certain death. Swallowing water does you no harm, but breathing it may kill you. How to avoid accidentally breathing it, though, that is a question nobody seems able to answer."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Ice and Mice.

For horses suffering from inflammation of the lungs an old prescription was a mixture of shot and powder in milk. This has even been applied to human beings. In "Idlehurst" mention is made of sparrow shot, five or six to the dose, to be taken twice a day, as a remedy for "brown kiters," which is believed by the English farm laborers to be caused by the "lights" (their term for lungs) rising up the windpipe. The shot is supposed to weight them down in their rightful place. Sussex, England, is the scene of "Idlehurst." It was a Sussex woman who was ordered by the doctor to put some ice in a bag and bind it on the temples of her sick boy. Inquiring after his patient the next day, the physician received the reply, "Oh, Tommy's better, but the mice are dead!"

Then He Got His.

A young Lancashire lad joined the army and soon after his arrival at headquarters got into trouble. Accordingly he had to face his commanding officer next morning.

The usual preliminaries were gone through, when, contrary to orderly room etiquette, the recruit commenced to defend himself.

"Silence!" roared the adjutant.

"Thou shut up," said the prisoner. "I'm not speaking to thee. I'm talking to the old chap in the chair."—London Scraps.

Too Much For Him.

"How true that old saying is about a child asking questions that a man cannot answer," remarked Popleigh.

"What's the trouble now?" queried his friend Singleton.

"This morning," replied Popleigh, "my little boy asked me why men were sent to congress, and I couldn't tell him."—Chicago News.

Did He?

"You never saw a man who understood women."

"Well, I knew a man once who claimed that he did."

"And did he?"

"Well, he never married one."—Houston Post.

Her Chin.

Dawson—The facial features plainly indicate character and disposition. In selecting your wife, were you governed by her chin? Spenlow—No, but I have been ever since we married.

Her Ears in Danger.

Susie had left her toys about the kitchen. Mother (picking them up)—Susie, if you leave these things about the kitchen again I'll box your ears and throw them in the ash pit.

None but the contemptible are apprehensive of contempt.—Rochefoucauld.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Those students who were late in registering are learning that it is far from an easy task to make up lost work. Parents force their children into an embarrassing position and endanger their prospects of completing a year's credit, when they compel them to remain at home after school begins.

The high school is enthusiastic over the prospects of a series of football games on the home grounds this fall. Red Lake Falls will play here next Saturday and Fosston on October 10th. The public should turn out to these two games and help boost for a home proposition. Prof. Deal is doing wonders with the team, particularly in view of the fact, that scarcely a man knew the slightest thing regarding the game three weeks ago.

The normalites are doing observation work this week at the Knox.

The grammar grade rooms are crowded beyond their capacity and still there are more students to enter those classes.

The graduating class of 1909 contains ten young men and five young ladies, fifteen in all. Such a large proportion of boys is most unusual in this or any other school and speaks well for the presistence and intelligence of the masculine portion of the high school enrollment. Hereafter, all the graduating classes will number from fifteen to thirty.

Last fall, a deputy from the state bureau of labor visited this city and notified employers of labor that no child under fourteen could be employed during the time school was in session. He found fourteen such cases, all of whom he compelled to enter school at once. He stated then, that when he next visited this town and found such children out of school by reason of being employed that he would enforce the penalty of the law. A word to the wise should be sufficient. The law is as follows: It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to employ any child under fourteen years of age in any business or service whatever during any part of the term during which the public schools of the district are in session. Whoever permits such child to be employed in violation of sections 1, 2, or 3 of this act, shall, for such offense, be fined not more than fifty dollars.

Parents should see that their children are given time in which to prepare their home tasks. Every child in the high school and above the fifth grade has work to do at home. In the grammar grades it amounts to about seventy minutes per day. Wherein the pupil fails to perform this task daily, the parent might make inquiry as to the reason therefor.

AT THE BIJOU.

Special Amateur night this week. The Black face comedians in their own original sketch. For a program that is certain to drive away dull care the program for the last half of this week can't be beat. The great success of the dramatic production of the James Bros. in Missouri has caused a tremendous demand for this subject and will be seen at this house for the first time. In the comedy line—Wouldn't That Tire You. "The Busy Fiance—scenic." "The Country of the Bogoudens—tragic." "A Rustic Heroine or In the Days of King George".

Mrs. Huseth's new song. "What Does It Mean"—is rendered in a most acceptable manner.

Another set of those beautiful dishes given away this week. Look up your numbers for last week—winner 68316, second choice 68395, third choice 68393

J. W. McGinty

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support. I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

Germantown.

The first cold snap of the season has arrived and while it lasts we are relieved of the fly pests, which fact goes a long way to offset the burden of feeling a little cold. The rain will be of benefit for the fields remaining unplowed as the ground was almost to hard and dry for plowing at all.

Primary election on Sept. 15th was an exceptionally quiet affair. It was an ideal day for threshing and only 14 of the 61 registered voters of the township turned out to vote, showing the necessity of changing the date for holding the primary election from September to June. Only Republican ballots were voted in this town and all the winners for county offices had majorities. In the legislative contest Mattson and Robertson were the leaders

A great number of men from this section and farther east returned last week from points in North Dakota where they had worked in the harvest and threshing. All report a short run of long days at moderate wages, and there are those who intimate they will never go there any more.

Last Thursday at Warren, were united in marriage, Charles Cook, of Germantown, and Miss Annie Olson, of Espleo. The bride is a daughter of Oscar Olson, the well known Espleo farmer and the groom is the right hand man at Vaughan Bros. & Co,'s store, where he has been employed the greater part of the last five years. The young couple have commenced housekeeping in the Ruhnke building. We congratulate.

A. E. Conquist, representing the Aldon Publishing Company of Chicago, has been working through this country for the past two weeks completing the surveys and soliciting subscription for the new Standard Atlas of Marshall county to be published by that company in the near future.

Thomas Gilfoy was up last week for a brief visit to his farm near this place He came here from South Dakota where he is engaged in the restaurant business.

Now, who says we are not coming to the front, with the two most necessary and important large improvements in sight at closer range than ever before? The big ditch is an assured fact as far as a ditch can be on the front side of the digging and the Air line railway of course is still up in the air, but it is said with the chances of coming down the best ever.

School in district 76 commences the first Monday of October. The board has again secured Miss Adelaide Holden as teacher for the eight months of school to be held there in the present year.

With the present chances of electing representatives favorable to county option and the nominee for governor openly declared in favor of the proposed law we may confidently look forward to some effective action in the legislature on the matter the coming session.

Announcement.

The firm of Oen & Granum desire to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received in the past and would be pleased to see their successors, the Oen Mercantile company receive a continuance of your patronage.

The Oen Mercantile company will commence doing business on Monday, Oct. 5, 1908, and respectfully invites you to call and examine their stock.

Lewis A. Nelson,

Republican Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-election.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term.

Very truly yours,

E. L. Quist.

Subscribe for the News.

"Parceling Out de People."

Fishing, two boys strung their big catch on the same string. Passing a graveyard they entered the gate to divide the catch, dropping two fish just as they went inside the cemetery.

Passing, an aged negro heard the two boys: "I'll take this one, you that one; I this one, you that one; I this one, you that one," etc.

The negro listened in dismay and ran away as rapidly as his old legs could carry him. He met his negro minister, who called:

"Deacon, why you run in such terror?"

"Declare, parson, I been down yonder by de graveyard and over de fence heard de devil and de Lord parceling out de people atween 'em."

The parson laughed at the old man's fright and made him go back with him to the graveyard to convince him of his error.

The boys were still dividing—"You take that, I take this," etc. Finally one boy asked, "What you going to do with them two at the gate?"

This was more than parson or deacon could stand, and both ran pellmell, neither wishing to take any further chances, no matter what was going on just over the fence.—Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.

Penguin Battles.

The penguin, a notable diver among sea birds, wins his mate by right of conquest. The male birds fight for the possession of the females. These curious birds have regular duel grounds, where relics of innumerable combats in the shape of feathers lie scattered about. In the center is the fighting arena, clear of all debris. The penguins' feathers and blubber form an efficient shield against their opponents' beaks, so the weapon used is the short flipper, the only wings the birds possess. The fight begins with the two combatants walking round each other waiting for an opportunity to grip. Once this is done the flippers come into play. The fighters shower blow after blow upon each other. There is no record as to how these fights end, but it is a safe supposition to say that they are seldom fatal. The force of the blow from a penguin's flipper is such that three or four of them will draw blood from the human hand.

How Models Make Pictures.

The artist gazed in rapture on "The Kiss," his latest picture.

"Do you grasp," he said, "the passionate grace of the girl's attitude, the warmth and the power wherewith her tense white arms draw the young man closer, ever closer? Well, I got that idea from my model, a shopgirl.

"But for my model's suggestion I'd have put the girl in a stiff, cold pose, and the picture would never have been the masterpiece it is. But my model pointed out to me the abandon wherewith a girl, whether of high or low station, gives herself up to a kiss' charm. She illustrated the thing, aided by a male model, a young medical student. Yes, she made my picture.

"The fact is, models make, with their valuable hints and suggestions, lots of pictures. There's many a masterpiece whose merit is due to the splendid pose that the model originated for the principal figure."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Burma's Popular Sports.

A form of speculation very popular in Burma is bull racing. A certain native sportsman is the owner of one of these bulls, for which he has refused an offer of 10,000 rupees. It has won several races and is looked after and as carefully tended as a Derby favorite. The owner values it at 25,000 rupees, and, it is said, it brings him an annual income of from 12,000 to 15,000 rupees. It is carefully guarded by four men lest it may be got at and "doctored."

Burmans also patronize boxing eagerly, but the art can scarcely be practiced according to Queensberry rules, for we are told by a provincial reporter that he has observed that "even the best boxers strike out with their eyes tightly shut, and if they do hit each other it is more by chance than anything else."—Calcutta Statesman.

The Wrong Lady.

Some young idlers had been enjoying the fun of hailing passing shopgirls with rather doubtful compliments, and from some of the answers returned it was evident that not all of those addressed were taking things kindly. Presently one of the older boys, seeing it was going too far, spoke up. "Look a' here now, fellers," he added, "youse might think youse is wise guys an' all that, but just keep on an' the wrong lady'll come along, an' she'll break yer face, see?"—Argonaut.

A Parthian Shot.

"Even though you are my brother's son I am obliged to discharge you. But I am sorry for your mother's sake."

"Oh, that's all right, sir. Mother says she don't see how I've put up with you as long as I have."—Judge.

Preparation.

Guest—So your fellow keeper Page is going to be married, is he? Gamekeeper—Aye, sir, that-a-be. He wor prayed for in church foor the second time Sunday laast.—London Mail.

Raising the Ante.

Applying for a divorce, an old Georgia negro said to the judge: "Hit only cost me a string er fish ter git married, jedge, but, please God, I'd give a whale ter git rid er her."

Wanted the Earth.

Browne—Did you ever see a man who really wanted the earth? Towne—Oh, yes. Browne—Who was he? Towne—A first trip passenger on an ocean liner.

Stop! Look! Listen! Watch! Wait!

A Carnival of Carnivals

The Greatest Event Ever Undertaken in this Section of the Country Will Occur in a Few Days.

Begin making your plans now, and in a few days you will be glad of it.
Something new and profitable is coming soon. Watch for it! Wait for it!

It Will Be The Wonder of Wonders to even the oldest inhabitants of these parts. It will be a chance for the frugal minded; a chance for the poor; a chance for the rich, for it's for all the people, and not a few.

You Cannot Afford To MISS THIS

Greatest Opportunity since Thief River Falls became a town.

WAIT!--And You Will Not Be Disappointed. WATCH The Papers For The Opening Date.

Thousands of people will attend this BIG CARNIVAL, and the management is going to see that each one gets more for his money than was ever offered before in town.

A complete announcement will appear later with all particulars.

WATCH FOR IT!

A Guaranteed Attraction.

The amusement loving community of this city will have the pleasure of witnessing one of the most successful of the popular comic operas produced in modern times when the national opera company appear at the Evenson Hall on Oct. 10 in "His Highness, The Boy." This beautiful composition has stood the test of time and the hearty approval it has always met with demonstrates the fact that good music and lyrics live on while many so called successes spring up from time to time, but they fail to stand a repetition, as do the operas of this school, whose music while light and tuneful has enough substance and musicianly effort to make it lasting. The score is at all times interesting to the music lover and at the same time is appreciated by all classes. The book tells a pretty story of romance and is enlivened by many comedy situations free from vulgarity and suggestion. The organization is a notable one and embraces many names prominent in the comic opera realm. To further enliven the performance many special features are presented including The Orange Ballet a novelty depicting the growth of the Orange flower, a unique Dutch Dance by girls in wooden shoes and dressed in typical Dutch dresses, and interpolations of the song hits from the very newest musical productions. The costumes are said to be creations of the modiste's art, seldom equaled in the blending of harmonious colors, which together with the beautiful light effects form a picture dazzling to the eye. Superb stage settings and a wealth of scenery combine to make a production complete in every detail. Our theatregoers will no doubt hail the announcement of this production with delight, as in these days of slap stick comedies, blood-curdling melodramas and nonsensical farces, we have entirely too little of this style of entertainment, which while amusing and interesting in all its features, it is at the same time elevating.

Another Good Time.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen are to give their second annual ball on Thanksgiving eve, Wed. evening November 25th, 1908. Those who attended the dance last year had an excellent time. The boys have made arrangements for the Armory so there will be plenty of room.

Again They Did Not Meet.

There was no meeting of the board of county commissioners held last Saturday to consider the county seat removal petition. This was no surprise to any one.

You can get what you want from the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, cut glass, novelties, umbrellas, optical goods etc.

Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

Did Not Hear Taft.

There was no special train run from Thief River Falls to Crookston on Monday in order that residents living up along this line of the Great Northern be given an opportunity to hear Candidate Taft. The guarantee for the train had been made, but for some unknown reason the passenger coaches to be used by the special did not arrive in Crookston, having been sidetracked at Barnesville on their way up from St. Paul.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Grand Jury.

The following are the members of the grand jury to be summoned for Nov. 9, 1908:

John Torske, Garnes.
Mike Madden, Wyandotte.
Emil E. Zeh, Thief River Falls.
A. S. Anderson, River Falls.
Peter Hanzel, Polk Centre.
Henry Peterson, St. Hilaire.
Sam Lovas, Mayfield.
Andrew Drydal, Clover Leaf.
Alfred Forslund, Numedal.
S. H. Ness, Sanders.
Joseph Johnson, Star.
Carl Nelson, Lake Pleasant.
John Schmitz, Red Lake Falls City.
Chas. Gustafson, Rocksbury.
S. Dangerfield, Kratka.
B. Christenson, Thief River Falls.
Henry Tillman, Gervais.
Philipe Gibeau, Lambert.
Daniel Lefabre, Poplar River.
Herman Berndt, North.
A. J. Homstad, Euardville.
Ovila Bernier, Lambert.
C. R. Melin, Polk Centre.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

Men Are Getting Busy.

A large crew of men went north on the Greenbush line yesterday to work on the extension of the Great Northern. There is now about 100 men at Greenbush at work unloading ties and steel. It is expected that the track laying crew will be here in a few days.

Board Meets Today.

The members of the Red Lake county canvassing board convene at Red Lake Falls today to canvass the election returns for the proposed agricultural school to be built at St. Hilaire. County Commissioner Lindquist, County Auditor O'Brien, Clerk of Court Johnson and Justices A. P. Toupin and Emil Larson are the members of the board.

Marriage Caused a Surprise.

The following taken from the last issue of the Valley City, N. D., Times, refers to a young man who made his home in this city for a number of years, and removed to the west about six years ago with his step-father, Mr. Gaslin:

On Wednesday, April 15, at the Congregational church parsonage, Rev. Lewis officiating, Miss Lucile Craswell and Mr. Alphonse Miller were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The news of the wedding did not leak out until yesterday, and will be some what of a surprise to their numerous friends. The groom is recently from Spokane, Wash., is an excellent baker, and is employed as manager at the Ritchie bakery. The bride is well known in the city, having been born here and has grown up in our midst. She is a sister of Mr. Wm. Craswell, the local accountant of the North Dakota Independent Telephone Co. The Patriot congratulates the happy couple and wishes for them the best that a long life has in store.

Hunt's Road on the Boom.

The railroad meeting held here Saturday was quite well attended and all seemed to favor the plans of Mr. Hunt. Officers were elected to attend to the matter and see that Grygla is not forgotten should a road be built. O. A. Fladeland was elected Pres.; Aaron Anderson, Vice Pres.; G. A. Johnson, Secy. and O. J. Johnson Treas.

The matter of township organization to secure right-of-way was taken up and all seem to favor bonding their respective towns as this would be a more equal way to all.

A letter received from Mr. Hunt states that he was well impressed with the meetings at Germantown and Thief River Falls and that he would start over the proposed line in a short time and would then have meetings out this way. Mr. Hunt states that he can see no reason why the venture will not work out to a success if properly supported.—Grygla Eagle.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

A Majority Voted "No".

The vote upon the question of establishing a county school of agriculture at St. Hilaire and the providing for a special tax levy of $20,000 was defeated by a large majority. There was no opposition to the school, but to the special tax levy of $20,000 there was plenty of opposition. In Thief River Falls a very light vote was cast. Only 301 of the some 800 or 900 voters of the city attended the election and they were mostly opposed to tax levy and a majority of 150 was rolled up against the proposition here. It was thought that Thief River Falls would return a majority in favor of the school, but a large amount of work was done here during the few days preceding the election and it had the desired effect. Many farmers from the surrounding townships visited the city and demanded of the business men that they vote against the school and every tax payer in the city received a circular letter sent out from Crookston which advised them to vote no upon the proposition. We are unable to give the majority cast against the school in the county, but it is an overwhelming one. The only voting precinct in the county thus far heard from to give a majority in favor of the school was St. Hilaire.

Novel Tea.

The Epworth League of M. E. church will hold a "Novel Tea" Friday evening, Oct. 2nd in the store room under the Masonic Hall. Tea will be served in different styles, English Tea, American Tea, Japanese Tea, Norwegian Tea. The waiters at the tables will be dressed in costumes to suit their countries. Dainty little Tea aprons will be for sale. Every one come and spend the evening with us and enjoy yourself.

Statement of the Condition of PEOPLES STATE BANK of Thief River Falls at the Close of Business on Sept. 23, 1908.

Date of Call by Supt., Sept. 23, 1908. Date of Report by Bank, Sept. 28, 1908.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans and discounts		$72,345.02	Capital stock		$30,000.00
Overdrafts		211.82	Undivided Profits		[illegible]
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,410.78	Deposits subject to check	$37,781.07	
Other Real Estate		[illegible]	Cashier's Checks	3,111.50	
Due from banks	[illegible]		Total Immediate Liabilities	40,8[illegible]	
Checks and Cash Items	[illegible]		Time Certificates	29,[illegible]5.65	
Cash on Hand, items below	[illegible]		Total deposits	70,161.28	
Currency	[illegible]				
Gold	[illegible]				
Silver	[illegible]				
Other	68.22				
Total Cash Assets	19,905.69				
Total		100,827.21	Total		100,827.21

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, D. B. Bakke, President, and T. P. Hamre, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. D. B. BAKKE, President, T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of September, 1908.

Correct Attest (Two) Directors. H. P. Sponheim. Lars Backe.

[SEAL] Renard Docken, Notary Public

My commission expires June, 1st, 1911.

Statement of the Condition of FIRST STATE BANK of Thief River Falls at Close of Business on Sept. 23, 1908.

Date of Call by Supt. Sept. 28, 1908. Date of Report by Bank, Sept. 30, 1908.

RESOURCES.				LIABILITIES.		
Loans and discounts			$102,7[illegible]	Capital stock		$10,000.00
Overdrafts			1,295.37	Surplus fund		[illegible]
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			1,800.00	Undivided profits, net		[illegible]
Other real estate			3,006.20	Deposits subject to check	[illegible]	
Due from banks	64,744.16			Demand certificates	[illegible]	
Checks and Cash Items	1,220.39			Due to Banks	513.75	
Cash on Hand, items below	10,[illegible].91			Total immediate liabilities	97,[illegible]	
Currency	8,170.00			Time certificates	74,[illegible]	
Gold	2,160.00			Total deposits	172,[illegible]	[illegible]
Silver	202.70					
Other	155.21					
Total Cash Assets	76,433.46		76,433.46			
Total			186,817.21	Total		[illegible]

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, Math Barzen, Vice President, and H. G. Dobner, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. MATH BARZEN, Vice President, H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of September, 1908.

Correct Attest (Two) Directors. Charles A. Rosbecke. Peel W. Marey

[SEAL] L. M. Hoail, Notary Public.

My commission expires [illegible]

DEFECTIVE PAGE

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

THE BIG MUSEUM AT STOCKHOLM

Mario Sermet, the French Journalist, Compares It With Those of Paris, in Words of Admiration.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

In "Le Peetit Parisian," Mario Sermet, the French journalist, has written a most excellent description of the "Nordiska Museum" and "Skansen" in Stockholm. The writer aims to show that while Paris has many historic museums, she has none in which the exhibitions give such a thorough chronological review of the country's progress as the big museum in the Swedish capital. In Paris, says the writer, you will only see things at the museums which at one time or other have belonged to one of the kings or emperors, but do not show how the burghers or the peasants lived in times past. In Sweden, matters are entirely different. Already in Lund you will find an excellent museum, which will give you a very fair idea of the country's development in the past, but when you reach Stockholm you will find everything complete at the "Nordiska Museum," which, beyond a doubt, is one of the most complete, if indeed it is not the completest museum of its kind in the whole world. When the writer comes to Skansen he gets even more enthusiastic and exclaims: "When shall our Paris get such an outdoor museum as this? Why here you can see everything of interest appertaining to Swedish folk life, their dances, their picturesque costumes, their fiddlers, their fisher huts and mountain cottages, their Dalecarlian girls, the wonderful zoological exhibit—making it, in fine, one of the unique exhibits of the world. Paris has art, but ah, it has no Skansen.

August Strindberg's new drama, entitled "The Last Knight," is, according to critics, one of the noted playwright's very best and from a literary standpoint, one of his most important works. The play is divided into five acts and the scene is laid during the struggles with Denmark in 1512-20. The three leading figures in the play are Sten Sture, King Gustavus Vasa and Sten Sture's queen, Kristina Gyllenstierna. At the beginning of the play, King Gustaf is only eighteen years old, and he, of course, is one of the heroes of the drama. Queen Kristina has been most poetically pictured by the author, and all the character sketches are depicted in a strong and charmingly vivid manner. The Dramatic theater in Stockholm has purchased the play and will render it some time before Christmas or before the first of the year.

The St. Petersburg paper, "Retsch," recently published an item to the effect that a secret military congress, in which Germany and Sweden both participated, was held not long ago. In commenting on this item, the Berliner Localanzeiger says: "According to what we have heard from a fully reliable source, the report that a military conference had been held between representatives of the Swedish and German governments during the recent visit of the German emperor to Stockholm, is absolutely false. Sweden has never declared it as her intention to close any deal with any country that we know of, nor has Germany to our knowledge any such intentions either. The hole thing is a rank falsehood and should never have been published."

Lotten Dorsch, one of Sweden's well known actresses, died a few days ago at her apartments in Stockholm, aged fifty-nine years. She made great success as leading woman in "Queen Kristina," and she was at one time considered to be the leading "Margarite" of Sweden in Goethe's "Faust." She was engaged for many years at the dramatic section of the Royal Opera, and also appeared for a longer period at the Dramatic theater. She was a forceful interpreter of her parts and was very popular in her home city as well as in Copenhagen and Christiania, where she also appeared on many occasions.

Owing to poor times, Stockholm is not increasing in population at a very rapid rate. Jan. 1, the population was 337,400, and at the end of July last, it was 337,084, thus showing only a weak increase. Economic conditions are far from ideal in the Swedish capital at present. House rents last spring and during the early summer became so ridiculously high that people moved away from the city by the hundreds and have moved into the smaller towns, where living conditions are a trifle easier and where at least rents are not so exorbitant.

The exports of Sweden to Great Britain in 1907 were about $55,000,000 and the imports were about $33,000,000. The Swedish exports to Great Britain increased ten per cent during the five years preceding 1907. Lumber and wood pulp were Sweden's chief articles of export.

The king of Saxony has recently made a short pleasure trip through Sweden, traveling incognito under the name of Count von Hilfenberg. He arrived at Malmo with six companies, coming by way of Gothenburg and going on to Norway via the Trelleborg [illegible] railway.

[illegible] pay a visit to Queen Wilhelmina at the Hague on his way to London and Paris in November. This is the first time for many years that a Swedish monarch has paid a visit to that country.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The government is going after the liquor interests pretty strong these days and it seems that it is not the intention to handle them with kid gloves either. The storthing has passed a law, by a vote of 70 to 43, imposing such a heavy tax on the distilleries that it is believed that the twenty-four distilleries in Norway will have to close down in the near future and that all liquor used hereafter in Norway will have to be imported. In the district of Hedemarken and Kristianstad there are twenty-one distilleries, chiefly owned and controlled by stock companies, in which the land owners are the stockholders and the closing down of these concerns will throw a large number of men out of employment. If the law will be applied which it stands to reason that it will, there will be a perfect revolution in the liquor traffic of the country.

Professor Friedman from the University in Milan, Italy, who is at present in Christiania to study the Norwegian language and literature, will this fall and winter, give instructions at the university in the Italian language. The professor is a native of Germany, but has resided for a number of years in Milan, where he, during the past years, has been connected with the university. He is an able scholar and linguist and has written several volumes on the history of language.

There is no end of talk in the Norwegian papers regarding the proposed meeting between King Gustaf of Sweden and King Haakon, which it is reported has been arranged by King Edward of England. Aside from the curiosity that a good many people may attach to the meeting of the two distinguished gentlemen, there is really nothing of great importance to either Swedes or Norwegians.

A meeting of students of Christianity was held not long ago way up in Notodden. The program included many very interesting papers and addresses. A Swedish society of Christian students, organized in 1895, has now a membership of 130,000, and it is hoped that a correspondingly large society will be developed in Norway.

Premier Knudsen is very much in favor of adopting the Danish proposition for the organizing of the much-talked of Scandinavian-American steamship line, which will bring direct communications between the Scandinavian countries and the United States.

Twenty old "Sogninger," who have been spending the summer in Norway, returned to the United States last month. The oldest one in the party was seventy years old. He emigrated to America in 1853, and has not been in the home land for a visit until this summer.

Madame Dybwad appeared for the first time this season in Wier-Jensen's "Anne Petersdotter," at the National theater. Madame Dybwad will appear regularly at the National theater this fall and winter.

Work on Bergen's new hospital, out at Haukeland, has now commenced. When completed it will be a very commodious building and one of the finest hospitals in the country.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The teachers of Denmark, says an exchange, are demanding important legislative reforms that will raise the standard of their profession, and tend to separate secular from religious instruction. They are demanding that the new teachers must have higher scholastic attainments than in the past, and that inspection of the schools by representatives of the church be discontinued and replaced by inspection of school men. Herr Sorensen, the minister of culture, has been so impressed by the united action of the teachers that he has agreed to recommend to the rigsdag the enactment of a law carrying out the first demand of the pedagogues, and will ask for the appointment of a commission to consider the second demand.

Ole Hansen, who for a number of years has been vice-president of the "Bondestandens Spareknasse," of which Alberti was president, has resigned from his position as president of the National bank in Copenhagen. The Danish people are furious and demand that every one of the officials who had anything to do with Alberti's affairs resign at once. King Frederik has offered to assist the ruined depositors with 5,000,000 of his own money. The affair is a deplorable one, as it involves some of the highest officials in the country. The people are clamoring for a thorough investigation, and unless this is made, there will undoubtedly be some trouble brewing.

The Alberti embezzlements are growing in proportions every day, it seems. A recent telegram from Copenhagen states that they have now reached the 20,000,000 crown mark and that among one of the heaviest losers is the Danish king himself, who is reported to have lost not less than 1,000,000 crowns. Some of the government officials have been completely upset regarding the matter, but there seems to be neither head nor tail to the affair as yet.

Reports state that quite a few of the old military officers will be given an honorable discharge by the king this fall.

THE SCOURING RUSH.

A Queer Plant That Can Be Changed Into a Mineral.

The scouring rush, Equisetum hiemale, is an interesting plant which has been put to practical use. In old times its hollow, flinty stems were in great repute for kitchen cleaning purposes. The stems are hollow and are easily separated at the joints. If one would satisfy himself as to the peculiar property that first suggested the use of this rush for scouring purposes he has only to draw a joint across the edge of his teeth to find it like a file.

A very pretty chemical experiment is frequently made with the rush. If one takes a small vial of nitric acid into which any ordinary lead is immersed he will quickly see it dissolve, literally eaten up by the acid. But what does the scouring rush do under such circumstances?

Immediately upon its introduction to the acid the sizzling process begins. The green pulp of the stem is gradually consumed, the tube, however, still retaining its shape, becoming paler and paler in color until after a few hours the specimen is transformed into a pure white alabaster-like column which defies any further attack from the acid.

On taking it from the vial and washing it carefully in running water the operator holds in his hands a beautiful tube of pure, glassy flint, or silex, an object of great microscopic beauty *of construction. The scouring rush is* no longer a vegetable, but a mineral, and in observing its skeleton of stone the secret of its utility as a scouring brush is easily understood.—New York Tribune.

DUTCH STREET CARS.

The Conductor Carries More Documents Than a Congressman.

Countries may be known by their street cars. The rush and jar of our big cities are exemplified in the rapid, rude transit of its inhabitants. So the character of orderly little Holland may be gathered from observation of her car service. Says J. U. Higinbotham in "Three Weeks in Holland and Belgium:"

Street car fare in Holland is 3 cents a trip, and for 4 cents you receive a return ticket. The conductor carries more documents than a congressman. For every fare he opens an aluminium box about 4 by 6 and hands out a receipt or a return ticket, as the case may be.

When the passengers pay their tickets he places the tickets in a leather pouch hung by a strap round his neck. It is important that you retain the receipt given you, for at uncertain intervals a "controlleur" gets on the car and examines all receipts, puts his O. K. on them with a rubber stamp and compares the result with the manifest or log carried by the conductor. It is quite the correct thing to tip the conductor with a Dutch cent or two.

Each car has a card inside stating how many places there are, and on each platform is another saying how many people may stand thereon. When the seats and both platforms are full the sign "Vol" is put up and no more are permitted to get aboard. Our car probably had thirty people in it and on the platforms and was turning business away at every crossing.

Color.

Of the light rays that fall upon an object some are taken up by the object and others are reflected. It is to the reflected rays that we are to turn for the explanation of color. For instance, a sheet of white paper is "white" because all the seven kinds of light are reflected from its surface, while the sunflower is "yellow" because when light falls on it the violet, indigo, blue and green rays are selected for absorption, and yellow principally is reflected. The reflective rays, received by the eye, produce the sensation of color. This is an explanation of nearly all the colors that exist.

Poison Hemlock.

Water hemlock is a deadly plant common in most country neighborhoods. Its roots are eaten often in spring by mistake for some edible root, and death frequently results. Cattle are often poisoned by drinking water in marshes where it grows. The poison hemlock from which the Greeks made poisons is a near relative to the water hemlock. It stands from two to seven feet high and has clusters of small white flowers and large, parsleylike leaves. The stalk, being hollow, is often made into whistles by country boys, and many children are poisoned in this fashion.

Handicapped.

"What profession do you think our boy Joe had better adopt?" asked Mrs Brown.

"I dunno," answered her husband. "Joe is rather handicapped by circumstances. The only profession he's naturally adapted to is that of a capitalist, and I don't quite see where he's goin' to get the money."

A Tip.

"Look as if you was feelin' pretty good today, James," said the first waiter.

"Yes, tiptop," replied the other.

"Some streak o' luck maybe?"

"Yes; tiptop tip."—Kansas City Independent.

An Empty Form.

Little Willie—Say, pa, what does it signify when one woman kisses another? Pa—About as much as when one man in business calls another "old chap," my son.—Stray Stories.

It requires little exertion upon our part to bring misfortune upon ourselves.—Menander.

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session, 1907.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1907, and which are to be submitted to the electors of said State at the General Election of 1908.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 477 of the Laws of 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution (the latter section being the amendment to said Article nine (9), adopted in 1896), which sections now read as follows:

"Section 1. All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state: Provided, that the legislature may, by general law or special act, authorize municipal corporations to levy assessments for local improvements upon the property fronting upon such improvements, or upon the property to be benefited by such improvements, or both, without regard to cash valuation, and in such manner as the legislature may prescribe; and provided further, that for the purpose of defraying the expenses of laying water pipes and supplying any city or municipality with water, the legislature may, by general or special law, authorize any such city or municipality, having a population of five thousand or more, to levy an annual tax or assessment upon the lineal foot of all lands fronting on any water main or water pipe laid by such city or municipality within corporate limits of said city for supplying water to the citizens thereof without regard to the cash value of such property, and to empower such city to collect any such tax, assessments or fines, or penalties for failure to pay the same, or any fine or penalty for any violation of the rules of such city or municipality in regard to the use of water, or for any water rate due for the same; and provided further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description above a fixed and specified sum, of any and all natural persons and corporations. Such tax above such exempted sum may be uniform or it may be graded or progressive, but shall not exceed a maximum tax of five per cent.

"Section 2. The legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each year, and whenever it shall happen that such ordinary expenses of the state for any year shall exceed the income of the state for such year the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency of the preceding year, together with the estimated expenses of such ensuing year. But no law levying a tax or making other provisions for the payment of interest or principal of bonds denominated 'Minnesota State Railroad Bonds,' shall take effect or be in force until such law shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the state, and adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting upon the same.

"Section 3. Laws shall be passed taxing all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies, or otherwise, also all real and personal property, according to its true value in money; but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, shall, by general laws, be exempt from taxation.

"Section 4. Laws shall be passed for taxing the notes and bills discounted or purchased, moneys loaned, and all other property, effects, or dues of every description, of all banks and of all bankers, so that all property employed in banking shall always be subject to a taxation equal to that imposed on the property of individuals.

"Section 17. The legislature may impose, or provide for the imposition of, upon the property within this state of any and all owners or operators, whether corporate or individual or otherwise, of any and all sleeping, parlor and drawing room cars, or any or either of the same, which run in, into or through this state, also upon the property within this state of any and all telegraph and telephone companies, or owners, whose lines are in, or extend in, into or through this state, also upon the property within this state of all express companies, or owners of any or either of the same doing business in this state; also upon the property within this state of all domestic insurance companies of this state of any kind, also upon the property within this state of any and all foreign insurance companies doing business in this state of any kind; also upon the property within this state of all owners or operators of any and all mines or of mineral ore [illegible] situated in this state; also upon the property within this state of all boom companies or owners, and of all ship builders or owners doing business in this state or having a port therein (provided, that this act shall not apply to property owned by railroad companies, their lands and other property); and upon the property of either or any of such companies or owners,—a tax as uniform as reasonably may be with the taxes imposed upon similar property in said state, or upon the earnings thereof within this state, but may be graded or progressive, or both, and in providing for such tax, or in providing for ascertaining the just and true value of such property, it shall be competent for the legislature in either or all such cases, to impose such tax upon any or all property thereof within this state, and in either case by taking as the basis of such imposition the proportionate business, earnings, mileage or quantity of production or property now or hereafter existing of any such companies, persons or owners, transacted or existing in this state, in relation to the entire business, mileage or quantity of production or property of such companies, persons or owners as aforesaid; or in such other manner, or by such other method as the legislature may determine; but the proceeds of such taxes upon mining property shall be distributed between the state and the various political subdivisions thereof wherein the same is situated, in the same proportion as the proceeds of taxes upon real property are distributed: Provided further, that nothing in this act contained shall operate to authorize the assessment or taxation of any farm land or ordinary business blocks or property owned by any such corporation, person, firm or company except in the manner provided by the ordinary methods of taxation."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Sec. 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200 for each household, individual, or head of a family, as the legislature may determine. But the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads."

This proposed constitutional amendment was submitted and voted upon at the last election and was declared carried. But a contest was instituted by interested parties, claiming that the amendment was not carried. That contest is now pending in the courts and it was on that account that the legislature decided to re-submit the amendment to the people, so that however the contest may be decided, the next legislature may have the power granted by the amendment. For the purpose of discussing the effect of the amendment I will assume that the same amendment submitted at the last election, did not carry.

The purpose and effect of this amendment would be to greatly enlarge the power of the legislature with reference to the subject of taxation. Section one (1) as it now stands provides that all taxes imposed shall be equal—as near as may be—on all forms of property, and all property upon which a tax is imposed is required to have a CASH VALUATION equalized throughout the state.

Section two (2) as it now stands requires the legislature to levy the necessary taxes annually to defray the expenses of the state. That is the duty of the legislature without any constitutional direction.

Section three (3) as it now stands provides that all real and personal property, including MONEYS, CREDITS and INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND STOCKS, shall be assessed according to their true value in money.

Section four (4) as it now stands provides that property employed in banking shall be subject to a tax equal to that imposed on other property. This is only a repetition of the requirements of Sections one (1) and three (3), as no rational person would claim that banking capital should be exempt from taxation.

Section seventeen (17) as it now stands is not easy to understand, but it was intended by that section to relieve from the operation of sections one (1) and three (3), above quoted, property of the classes therein enumerated, so that a gross earnings tax could be applied thereto instead of direct taxation.

Owing to the provisions of sections one (1) and three (3) of the present Constitution many amendments were from time to time added so as to permit taxes to be imposed on specific kinds of property otherwise than upon a cash valuation equalized throughout the state. We have among these exceptions railroad gross earnings taxes; municipal frontage taxes; inheritance taxes; and the gross earnings taxes authorized by said section seventeen (17).

Several exemptions from taxation are also provided for, but as these exemptions are not changed by the proposed amendment, I will make no further reference to them.

The amendment which, if adopted, would take the place of all of the sections and amendments above referred to, is simple and plain. No provision of the Constitution is necessary to authorize the imposition of the taxes necessary for the support of the state and its various political subdivisions. The power of taxation is inherent in government. This proposed amendment declares that this inherent power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away; that taxes shall be imposed for public purposes and shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. Should this amendment be adopted all property of every kind in the state would be subject to taxation, according to the method the legislature saw fit to adopt, provided only that the tax was levied for a public purpose and was uniform on the same class of subjects. Under the amendment every tax law we now have on the statue books would continue to be valid, because under this amendment all limitations on the power of the legislature would be taken away.

The adoption of this amendment would, as indicated, repeal the so-called inheritance tax amendment, and the gross earnings tax amendment adopted in 1896, as contained in said Section seventeen (17) but in their place this amendment would give the legislature greater authority. Under this amendment the power to impose inheritance taxes would be unlimited, and any form of gross earnings tax would be valid. The gross earnings tax on railroads would not be affected by this amendment, as the Constitution provides that they cannot be changed without submitting the law making the change to a vote of the people. But with this amendment various new forms of taxation could be imposed, notably an income tax, a tonnage tax on iron ore and a registry tax on mortgages. Under the present Constitution we can impose no tax on mortgages owned by non-residents. A registry tax which would be valid under this amendment, would reach all mortgages alike. While the Constitution requires all subjects of taxation to have a cash valuation with the tax equalized throughout the state, no proper income tax could be imposed.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 478 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section sixteen (16) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"The legislature is also authorized to provide for the appointment, by the governor of the state, of a board to be known as the 'State Highway Commission,' consisting of three (3) members, who shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law without salary or compensation other than personal expenses.

"Such commission shall have general superintendence of the construction of state roads and bridges and shall use such fund in the construction thereof and distribute the same in the several counties in the state upon an equitable basis. Provided further, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and, provided further, that no more than one-third (1-3) of such fund accruing in any year shall be expended for bridges, and in no case shall more than one-third (1-3) of the cost of construction or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to levy upon all the property of the state any amount necessary, in its judgment, for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein, and in so far removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution, whereby the legislature is prevented from levying for such purpose a tax exceeding one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on the taxable property within the state.

This amendment further authorizes the legislature to provide salary and compensation, including personal expenses incurred in the performance of duty by the highway commission, or any other like officer entrusted by law with similar duties.

Finally, this amendment removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution upon the powers of the highway commission in the distribution of the road and bridge fund of the state whereby authorized, and the amount which the state may pay from such fund toward the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge, and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the legislature shall deem wise.

The adoption of this amendment will not interfere with the power of the legislature to create a highway commission and define its powers, nor will it interfere with the appointment and tenure of office of the present commission.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 379 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to add the following section to Article nine (9) of the Constitution as a new section:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to permit the state to become the trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or both. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax upon the lands of such persons ONLY as shall VOLUNTARILY list the same with their respective county auditors for such purpose. There can be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. Its adoption will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of the same by the officers of the state, but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from said fund and from no other. The state would assume no responsibility beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 490 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal the provisions of Section seven (7) of Article seven (7) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except county superintendents of schools, who shall be required to have educational qualifications, to be determined by the legislature, and except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of county superintendent of schools. As the Constitution now stands any legal voter is eligible to the office of county superintendent of schools.

The foregoing four proposed amendments constitute all the amendments proposed for adoption at the ensuing General Election.

Yours respectfully,
EDWARD T. YOUNG,
Attorney General.

TURKISH ARMY OFFICERS.

They Are Neither Loved Nor Respected by Their Men.

Very seldom if he can help it does the Turkish army officer appear on horseback, and when not on duty he looks upon his horse merely as a method of locomotion. He has no affection or understanding for the horse. The superior officers have no horses of their own, and, being generally bad riders and without military qualities which would raise them in the estimation of their men, they are neither loved nor respected by them. Married officers keep entirely to themselves, such things as invitations to one another's houses being unknown, and the only occasions upon which officers meet together at all are on the days of assembly, when they are called together for the sultan's birthday or accession celebrations.

The pay of the lower ranks is as small as that of the superior officers is high. The young cavalry officer who makes a good impression on his entry into the service soon falls to pieces through want of occupation either of mind or body. The greater part of the morning and evening he sits over his coffee and cards or dominoes. There are but few newspapers, and those that do exist are so severely censored by the government that they contain little but weather statistics, gazettes and announcements of the bestowal of decorations.

What the Turkish officer really thoroughly enjoys is a gramophone. Instruments playing the waltzes and reproducing the music hall songs of all the cities of Europe are in the greatest possible request, chiefly because they make music without any personal trouble.—Chicago News.

A PRECARIOUS EXISTENCE.

Mental Tribulations of the Superstitious Woman.

The superstitious woman started to go downtown, but found that she had forgotten something. It was hard work to get her to go back for it, but when she did sat down for a few minutes to "take the curse off" before going out again. On the sidewalk she passed a cross eyed man and had hard work to keep from spitting three times over her left shoulder. The first car that came along was No. 13. She let it go by and waited eight minutes for another. On the way downtown she remarked to a friend that she "had been in excellent health lately." Instantly she was obliged to loose her glove and rub her bare palm on the wood of the bench before her. As she and her friend were walking on Twenty-third street some thoughtless person darted between them. The superstitious woman was much disturbed and worried over the thought of a coming separation.

That night her husband upset the saltcellar. She insisted on his taking a pinch of the salt and throwing it over his shoulder. When she disrobed for the night she discovered that she had been wearing one stocking wrong side out all day. It was the sign of good luck, and it allowed her to go to bed happy. But some time in the night a dog howled dismally under her window. From that moment she has been looking for a calamity. Nothing will make her believe that there will not soon be a death in her immediate family.—St. Louis Republic.

When the Noise Let Up.

Two young women of stolid, common sense appearance were the sole feminine occupants of a subway car until there entered a flashily dressed girl, with face made up like a cosmetic advertisement and accompanied by a young man attired in the "extreme." The two young women eyed the newcomer with interest while they continued their conversation. The train slowed down at the next station, the rattle and bang of operation ceased and the voice of one of the young women became suddenly audible:

"If I had a face like that, do you know what I'd do? I'd hock it."

The girl with the makeup looked daggers, her escort looked foolish, the speaker looked out of the window and a dozen passengers looked as though they enjoyed it.—New York Globe.

His Insignia.

The mayor of Z. is a self made man, and, as in the case of some others of that kind, not too much attention was paid to his early education. A little while ago a gentleman who was engaged in compiling a work on corporation regalia wrote to his worship requesting a photograph of his insignia. The mayor by return of post replied that he was only too pleased to accede to the other's wish. "But," he wrote, "instead of a mere photograph I beg to send you the genuine article." And there followed immediately underneath in good round copperplate the mayoral signature.—London Answers.

Circumstances Alter Cases.

Lady (entering breathless)—I want to stop the divorce suit! Lawyer—Why, you said your husband was an abominable, beastly brute and you wanted to be rid of him at any cost! Lady—Oh, yes; I know. But now an automobile has run over him, and I want you to start suit for damages.—Lippincott's Magazine.

He Smoked.

"What do you mean by smoking my pipe, young man?" queried the stern father of a precocious five-year-old.

"Mamma said if I teased the cat again she'd make me smoke for it," explained the little fellow, "and I teased her again."—Chicago News.

After all, it is the imponderables that move the world—heat, electricity, love.—Holmes.

CORKS HAVE DISEASES.

Caused by a Small Worm Which Spoils the Flavor of the Best Wines.

"To the average person a cork is a cork," said a well known restaurant man the other day. "But smell this cordial. Would you believe it?" And he held up a bottle supposed to have the bouquet of cherries all the way from the blossom to the pit. The odor was musty and altogether unpleasant—in fact, it was decidedly bad. He continued:

"Now, the man paying 20 cents for his tiny glass of cordial after dinner is entitled to have it free from imperfections. If he bought a bottle of wine with that flavor, he would say the wine was bad, for ninety men out of a hundred know nothing about bad corks. He would want another bottle of wine or his money refunded, and he would be right.

"The defect is in a tiny worm in the cork that is often invisible to the man cutting corks and sometimes cannot be seen after the cork is drawn. A customer will taste the wine and say, 'Bad wine.' You explain about the cork, and he will say: 'Impossible. That was a beautiful cork—beautiful!' And yet we know that the contents of the bottle never could have that flavor under other conditions.

"I tell you there are millions of dollars waiting for the man who can invent a perfect cork that will stand the *test of years for flavor and preserving* qualities. If it could be proved that his invention was perfect, he would make millions in a month."—New York Herald.

MRS. ANDREW JOHNSON.

The Life In Washington Was Not a Happy Time For Her.

Mrs. Johnson was so much of an invalid that outside of intimate family friends very few knew her. She appeared only twice in public during her husband's administration. Still, her influence was a strong one, and it was exerted in the direction of toleration and gentleness. A slight movement of her hands, a touch on her husband's arm, a "Now, Andrew," made it easy to see that the woman who had helped him through his struggling youth and given her health to his service, who had taught him to write and had read to him through long winter evenings in the little tailor shop that his active mind might be fed while he was practicing his trade still held her place in his life. She was a sweet faced woman who showed traces of beauty through the sharpened lines caused by the old fashioned consumption which was wearing her out. Her face was not unlike that of the late Mrs. McKinley. The death of her eldest son was a blow from which she never fully recovered. The life in Washington was not a happy time for her. She told me herself that she was far more content when her husband was an industrious young tailor.—William H. Crook in Century.

Nubar Pasha and the Pipes.

Soon after the occupation of Cairo by the British troops the late Nubar Pasha took a prodigious fancy to the music of the Black Watch and had the idea of having a servant taught the use of the bagpipes. Nubar dispatched a French friend, who spoke English very well, to interview a piper on the subject.

Donald replied: "Weel, he micht learn or he micht no'. Bit, let me tell ye, it needs wind an' mickle strength tae fill the bags o' the pipes an' keep blawin'. Sae if yin o' thae Egyptian chaps took the job on he'd need tae be bandaged a' ow're like yin o' thae auld mummies, or maybe he'd burst himsel'."

This conversation was reported to Nubar, who took the piper's remarks seriously. So he gave up the idea of having a skirler attached to his household, as the use of the bagpipes was attended with the prospect of such danger to the performer.—Westminster Gazette.

Depth of Cyclones.

From the study of clouds an official of the United States weather bureau concludes that ordinary cyclones which traverse our country from west to east are not more than two or three miles in depth, although their diameter is many hundreds of miles. In other words, their motion does not affect the upper regions of the atmosphere. In the case of hurricanes this authority finds that the depth is greater, amounting to as much as five or six miles. But higher currents blow directly across the cyclonic and anticyclonic areas which produce storms and fair weather at the surface of the earth.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Easy Money.

Theodore Hook was one of the Garrick club's most famous members. He generally arrived at the club late in the afternoon and "never went home till morning." He had been told by the doctors, he said, to avoid the night air. A member of the club in Hook's time predicted the advent of the millennium at the end of three years. "All right," cried Hook. "Give me a five pound note now, and I will repay you £50 at the millennium."

Dangerous.

Giles—How's your son gettin' on up in Lunnon? Gargo—Very well. He tells me he's got a job partly behind the counter and partly out o' doors. Giles—And what 'appens when the door slams?—London Telegraph.

Makes Cowards of Us All.

There is nothing from which even the bravest man shrinks so pitifully as the lancet of the surgeon, even when it is wielded by the most skillful of his craft.—London Sketch.

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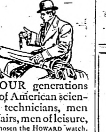

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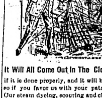

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B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to E. S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 21st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 16th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43W, 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 498 thereof on the 20th, day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and no-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
sept. [illegible] L. M. Hoar,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole B. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec. 13th, 1906 made Homestead entry, No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible] for lots 4, N. ½ N. W. ¼, and S. E. ¼ N. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jacob Jones, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per Walstedt, " " " " "
Frank Tuton, " " " " "
H. H. [illegible], " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 22

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 15 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Leslie, of Anton, Minn., who on July 20th, 1904, made H. E. No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. E. ¼, Section [illegible], Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27th, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
[illegible] H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward [illegible], of " "
Barney Thomas, of " "
[illegible], of Kratka, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register
sept. 17-oct. 22

Subscribe for the News.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Aug. 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Sophie Tietjen, widow of Herman Tietjen deceased, St. Paul, Minn., who, on July 8, 1903, made homestead entry No. [illegible], Serial, No. [illegible], for Lots 6, 7, 10 & 11, Section 3, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 8th day of October 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ Anderson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " "
Albert Klongness, " " "
Edvord Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
aug 27-oct. 1.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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THIEF RIVER FALLS

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(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

DEFECTI[illegible] PAGE

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A PERENNIAL PROBLEM.

For the farmer in the corn belt there is no problem which annually confronts him which is more important than that found in the saving of his seed for next year's crop. While it is pertinent on April 1 to discuss methods for the careful testing of seed corn, the accepted time for securing it is between the 1st and the 15th of October. In the northern part of the corn belt, where early maturity is an important matter, it is well to select the ears intended for seed during the month of September, when the earliest maturing corn can be selected. In the selection of the seed ears should be chosen which are filled well at butt and tip, whose kernels are of medium size, of as good depth as early maturity will permit and even rows. While the old fashioned way of stripping back the husks and tying two ears together is good, an even better way is to use strong twine, tying each ear around the middle and putting them criss-cross to each until a good string of ears has been secured. Another method is to slip the butts of the ears on to long finishing nails driven through wide inch boards, which may be fastened together conveniently as a sort of rack. The early securing of the seed corn is imperative in order that it may become thoroughly dry before the heavy freezes in November. If there is moisture in the cob when the hard freeze comes the seed is done for, and it cannot be resurrected by any [illegible] a test. Now and then there is a season when corn will cure and dry on the stalk, but this is exceptional. When thoroughly seasoned the seed should be stored in a dry place, preferably where it does not freeze, but this is not essential provided there is no moisture in it. When seed is secured in the above manner and then carefully tested next March or April a good stand of corn would seem to be assured.

WHEN BUTTER FAILS TO COME.

A reader of these notes has asked why the cream at some times is hard to churn while at others it is comparatively easy. The trouble may generally be ascribed to unripe cream or cream that has become too sour. Ripening of cream is performed by the lactic acid ferment. At this time of the year when the weather is cool and all during the winter cream may remain in a jar in a cool place for several days and even for more than a week without becoming ripe enough to churn in the usual length of time. For several hours before churning the cream should be set near the stove so that it will become warm enough for the proper ferments to make it ripe. If this fails to ripen cream it is then necessary to place therein a little starter. By starter is meant a little sour milk which has soured in a clean vessel and in a room where there are no objectionable odors or foul odors of any kind, no matter how small. Souring may be caused by one of two ferments—the proper kind or the kind which makes putrid acid. If the cream ripens because of the souring caused by the latter kind then the butter will be unfit for food because of these objectionable and unhealthy germs. Many times such cream will not make butter, no matter how long it is churned. If sour milk which came from filthy quarters or from vessels which have not been kept as clean as they should or in a room which is filled with objectionable odors the rapid development of these germs will take place in the cream which is ripening, and the butter will be very inferior, if it will make butter at all. The best plan to make a starter is to take a little skimmilk and set it near the fire in a perfectly clean room, and as soon as it is sour place it in the cream. Then set the jar or vessel containing the cream near the fire and keep it warm till it has sufficiently ripened.

"MIRACLE" WHEAT.

The "miracle" of Alaska wheat, reputed to have yielded for an Idaho farmer at the rate of 222 bushels per acre, had a brief but brilliant course. Skepticism was expressed in many quarters and voiced in these notes respecting the reliability of the claims made for this remarkable wheat. These doubts have been verified by an authentic investigation by Professor Elliott, head of the agricultural department of the Washington State college. After a careful inspection of the fields of wheat raised by this man Adams, who foisted this mare's nest on the public, Professor Elliott reports that instead of yielding 222 bushels per acre wheat in these fields will not yield more than thirty-five bushels to the acre and that instead of being No. 1 hard, as claimed, it is so soft as to be almost worthless. Added to this, several other varieties are mixed in with it. The lamentable thing about this is that [illegible] some of the wheat for [illegible] $10 per bushel.

In spite of the rapid multiplication of automobiles, a good horse never brought more than he does at the present time.

The present season it has been a standoff as between autos and manure spreaders in the matter of the toll in human life which they have exacted, with the advantage, if any, in favor of the auto.

The fellow who all summer tended and is this fall husking half a stand of corn would do well not to charge it all to ill luck or lay it off on Providence, but admit that it is the legitimate result of carelessness and lack of foresight on his own part.

It is apparently much easier for the fairly intelligent man to become a competent chauffeur than a first class farm hand, which only goes to show that man needs to be in a position of daring, excitement and danger to spur him on to accomplish his best work.

It is getting time to think of your bulbs for winter blooming. It is well to inform oneself somewhat as to their peculiar needs before starting in too heavily. One who has experience in producing beautiful flowers from his bulbs utilized an old kitchen sink for a window garden, attaching a piece of pipe to the sink so as to effect a better drainage.

The department of agriculture at *Washington has introduced a type of* alfalfa from Peru which is said to grow more rapidly than the ordinary kinds, starts earlier in the spring, grows later in the autumn and will stand more cold. If it will do what is claimed for it, its introduction into the northern states would seem to be a matter of but a short time.

In its relation to doing away with the opium business in China the conscience of the English government is seared by the fact that it realizes annually from its monopoly in this drug trade the sum of $18,000,000. China seems to be trying to bolster up English conscience by the issuance of imperial decrees which require the gradual breaking off of the opium habit by her subjects within a period of ten years.

In buying any article of furniture, a dress or suit of clothes there are three things which should be kept in mind—satisfaction during use, durability and price. Many a purchaser allows the last consideration to be the determining one, ignoring the two other points involved. He thus may be actually paying a higher relative price than he would for an article of better quality costing a half or again as much.

Seven carloads of addled eggs were recently seized at Detroit, Mich., and held by authority of the federal pure food commissioner. Inquiry developed the fact that they had been bought up in different states and were intended for use in the manufacture of fancy cookies and crackers. Folks have been wondering for some time past what becomes of the myriad bad eggs that are sent to market, and the above seizure gives an inkling.

There is probably no single phase of farm industry that is given so little attention as that of the raising of poultry, and yet the poultry and egg business of the country for 1907 surpassed in total value all the wheat produced and was a close second to the value of the entire cotton crop. Were the attention devoted to poultry on the farm equal to that now given to the raising of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs it is quite likely that the returns from this industry would quickly pass the billion dollar mark.

Several close observers of bird life in the vicinity in which the writer lives have had their attention drawn to the fact that during the interval from July 15 to Sept. 1 the robins, which usually are very plentiful and are often seen by dozens under lawn sprays, were strangely missing. Whether they went to localities where there had been more abundant rainfall or where they found insect life more abundant it would be difficult to say. Sept. 1 finds them back again in large numbers, and they are as welcome as they were April 1.

In an address which Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture recently made at the Iowa state fair he presented statistics which showed that in spite of a steady and rapid depletion of the soil in many sections of the country the average crop yield for the past ten years was greater in the case of most cereals than it was in the decade between 1860 and 1870, which seems to mean that the inauguration of scientific methods, including crop rotation, has more than counterbalanced the disadvantage of an extensive depletion of original soil fertility.

However much it may be desired, the growing of present types of alfalfa in the northern states is practically out of the question, this because of unfavorable moisture, temperature and possibly soil conditions. Since this is true the next best thing to take its place is clover, mammoth and medium red for the drier lands and alsike for the lower lands. The service which the clovers render as soil renovators is identical with that performed by alfalfa. Clover seed is high in price, but the best farmers realize that the benefit derived from it is more than worth the price.

F. E. Trigg

Joe Giller is Saving You Money

I have just come back from the eastern market where I bought a new, complete fall and winter stock, all kinds of flannels, dress goods, ladies', men's and children's underwear and a new stock of boots, shoes, caps, mitts, ladies' and men's plush lined coats, men's sheep lined coats, woolen jackets and a good line of clothing to fit anybody. Also a line of groceries, jewelry, notions, etc.

There is no doubt but what I can save you 25 cents on the dollar, because I do my work alone and my expenses are small.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

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Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

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A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives your a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1908 NUMBER 41

RAILROAD IS WANTED

Residents Living Northeast of Thief River Falls Want a Railroad.

A Committee Appointed to Meet the Officials of Great Northern and Soo.

A meeting of business men was held Saturday evening in the Antlers Club rooms to consider the proposition of building a railroad into the country northeast of here. Delegations from Grygla and Germantown were present and it was the unanimous opinion of all that a road into that section would be of great benefit to Thief River Falls as well as to the farmers who reside up there. The matter of the farmers and residents of this city building the road was discussed at some length and it was finally decided to endeavor to interest the Soo or Great Northern to build a branch out into that section of the country. A committee consisting of Attorney G. Halvorson, of this city, Henry Cook, of Germantown, and A. E. Fladeland, of Grygla was appointed to go to St. Paul and take the matter up with the head officials of the road.

Those present from outside of the city in attendance to the meeting were Carl Habedunk, Will Vaughan, Nick Bundbund and Henry Cook, of Germantown; and A. E. Fladeland and George Johnson, of Grygla.

"Bill" Heywood Coming.

Local Socialists are jubilent over the fact that "Bill" Heywood, secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, who last year was tried at Boise, Idaho, for the murder of Gov. Stuenberg and others, will be here in the near future to deliver a lecture. The exact date is not as yet known. It is the intention of the Socialists to hire the roller rink which will accommodate a crowd of over 1,500.

NEXT GOVERNOR TO BE HERE.

Hon. J. F. Jacobson, Republican candidate for governor of Minnesota, will address the voters of Thief River Falls on Wednesday evening, Oct. 14. Mr. Jacobson speaks at Greenbush in the afternoon and from there goes to Red Lake Falls where he will delivar a speech before 6 o'clock in the evening. He will be taken from Red Lake Falls to St. Hilaire and will deliver a speech there at about 7:30 and then brought to Thief River Falls. He is expected to arrive here about 8:30 and will atonce deliver an address in the roller rink. After the speech a reception will he tendered in the Antlers Club rooms to which all of the people are invited.

Mr. Jacobson is no orator, but he is one of the most convincing speakers in the state and he will state his position upon all issues in a fair and square manner. It is particularly desired that the farmers turn out to this meeting.

Fooled the Farmer.

A couple of shell-game artists lost yesterday in an attempt to fleece A. P. Olson, a farmer who lives in the town of Spring Prairie. Meeting him on the road they proceeded to tell him how he could make some easy money by naming one of three small boxes which had $35 in it, one other containing a pony watch, and the third being empty. Andrew was "game" and put up $20 on the result, picking out the box with the currency in. Then while he was signing a "release," as the crooks called it, the boxes were changed and he was left with the one containing the watch.

Andrew came on to the village and swore out a warrant for their arrest, and the marshal, with the doctor and his auto, went out and brought the parties into Justice Buckingham's court. They pleaded guilty and were fined $25 and costs, paid it and disappeared.—Glyndon News.

Statement of Highlanding Creamery, For August, 1908.

Cream received	31213
Butter Fat	8810,5
Butter made	1015,8
Sinking Fund	$81.86
Overrun	$11.5
Prices paid 20 cents.	
Paid patrons	$1781.3
Less sinking fund	$81.89
Net	$1699,03 cts.
Total receipts	$1991,03 cts.
Running expenses	$213

Aug. J. Wentzel, Secretary.

Tabor Farmer Suicides.

Benjamin Bren, a prominent and wealthy farmer of Tabor township, walked to a straw stack in a field near his home last week and shot himself through the head with a rifle, death resulting instantly. The remains were found by some of his hired men shortly afterwards.

Deceased was 38 years old and leaves a widow and 5 children. No known cause for the rash deed, as his finances were in good shape and no trouble with the family had taken place.

Deceased is a brother of Joe and John Bren, the three having been pioneer residents of Tabor township, and had all been successful and were well thought of by everyone.

The suicide has caused a great sensation at Tabor, Angus, Euclid and Keystone, where deceased was well and favorably known. A telephone message from Tabor is to the effect that Bren had never given any cause for the belief that he would ever end his life, and had not been acting queerly at all.

Home Team Defeated.

The Thief River Falls High School foot ball team was defeated last Saturday afternoon in the first game of the season by the team from Red Lake Falls. The home team has had but little practice, but made a very good showing. The score was 16 to 5, all of which was made in the first half of the game. Quite a delegation of pupils from the Red Lake Falls schools were here to witness the game.

Going to Buy SHOES?

If you are going to buy shoes for yourself or the children and want your full money's worth, better value than you can get anywhere else, then come to the Golden Rule and see what they have in store for you.

FOR THE LADIES. New fall models in tan, vici kid and patent colt for 2.00, 2.50, 300, 3.50 and 4.00.

FOR GENTLEMEN. New fall shapes in Wicker tans, gun metal, calf and patent colt for 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00 and bench made 5.00

SCHOOL SHOES for boys or girls 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of H. S. & M. Clothes

New fall goods in every Department

JACOBSON IS STRONG

D. P. O'Neill Visited St. Paul Last Week and Brings Back This Report.

Laboring Men and Farmers All Favor Jacobson for Governor.

D. P. O'Neill returned Saturday from a trip to St. Paul, where he had been to meet the officers of the Republican state central committee. Mr. O'Neill is chairman of the Republican county central committee and is greatly interested in the election of J. F. Jacobson as governor of *Minnesota*. *The two served* in the state legislature together and Mr. O'Neill says that no man in Minnesota has the interest of the common people more at heart that Mr. Jacobson. In the cities Mr. O'Neill says that Jacobson has a strong following among the laboring men, but that the large corporations and special interests are fighting him hard. Reports from all section of the state that reach St. Paul are to the effect that Jacobson is very strong in all of the rural districts and it is the farmer vote that is being depended upon to elect Jacobson governor.

The Vote of the County.

The following is the vote by precincts upon the proposed agricultural school:

	Yes	No
Bray	14	0
Black River	7	20
Clover Leaf	0	8
Deer Park	1	35
Emardville	0	14
Equality	0	37
Garnes	0	33
Gervais	8	25
*Goodridge	0	0
Highlanding	5	25
Hickory	0	5
Kratka	1	31
Lake Pleasant	0	30
Lambert	0	74
Louisville	0	28
Mayfield	0	38
Norden	0	46
North	4	30
Nomodal	4	8
Polk Centre	15	11
Poplar River	0	70
R. L. Falls township	0	12
River Falls	20	0
Rocksbury	23	47
Reiner	1	24
Sanders	18	9
Silverton	5	16
Smiley	1	42
Star	1	16
Terrebonne	0	50
Wyandotte	8	30
Plummer	0	32
St. Hilaire	106	0
Red Lake Falls		
1st ward	20	16
2nd ward	12	28
3rd ward	22	57
Thief River Falls		
1st precinct, 1st ward	11	38
2nd precinct, 1st ward	17	57
Second ward	23	46
3rd ward	21	91
Total	377	1185

*No election held in Goodridge.

Merchant Asks for Law.

The Mapleton Enterprise states that a Hutchinson merchant, in a recent issue of his home paper, advocated a law whereby clothing offered for sale should come under a similar law to that under which foods are now sold. Clothing would then be labeled by the manufacturer whether it was all wool or shoddy, 75 per cent wool and 25 per cent cotton, etc. People are constantly being imposed upon in the purchase of clothing and it is no more than right that goods be compelled to carry a label stating just what they are, and such a law would prove a benefit to all legitimate dealers and certainly to all consumers. No one would want to do away with the pure food law now that it is being enforced and a clothing law would be equally as beneficial.—Ex.

Goes to Roseau.

The Pioneer regrets very much to announce the early departure of the Phillipson family from Middle River. Mr. Phillipson has been delegated by the Hanson & Barzen Milling company to go to Roseau and take charge of the company's business there. The company will at once build an elevator at Roseau in view of the early completion of the road to that place. Mr. Phillipson occupies the position of village president and he will be missed in the village council as will he and his family from the business and social life of the community. Mr. Phillipson will leave in a few days. His family, however, will remain in Middle River until after the trains are running to Roseau.—Middle River Pioneer.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

—MADE FROM GRAPES—

Of greatest healthfulness and usefulness. No alum or phosphate acids

Absolutely PURE

A Guaranteed Attraction.

The amusement loving community of this city will have the pleasure of witnessing one of the most successful of the popular comic operas produced in modern times, when the national opera company appear at the Evenson Hall on Oct. 10 in "His Higness, The Boy." This beautiful composition has stood the test of time and the hearty approval it has always met with demonstrates the fact that good music and lyrics live on while many so-called successes spring up from time to time, but they fail to stand a repetition, as do the operas of this school, whose music while light and tuneful has enough substance and musicianly effort to make it lasting. The score is at all times interesting to the music lover and at the same time is appreciated by all classes. The book tells a pretty story of romance and is enlivened by many comedy situations free from vulgarity and suggestion. The organization is a notable one and embraces many names prominent in the comic opera realm. To further enliven the performance many special features are presented including The Orange Ballet, a novelty depicting the growth of the Orange flower, a unique Dutch Dance by girls in wooden shoes and dressed in typical Dutch dresses, and interpolations of the song hits from the very newest musical productions. The costumes are said to be creations of the modiste's art, seldom equaled in the blending of harmonious colors, which together with the beautiful light effects forms a picture dazzling to the eye. Superb stage settings and a wealth of scenery combine to make a production complete in every detail. Our theatregoers will no doubt hail the announcement of this production with delight, as in these days of slap-stick comedies, blood-curdling melodramas and nonsensical farces, we have entirely too little of this style of entertainment, which while amusing and interesting in all its features, it is at the same time elevating.

Conditions Elsewhere.

Ed. Wilcox, who is on the road examining farm loans for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company, writes the News from Aberdeen, S. D., of conditions as he finds them throughout the country. Mr. Wilcox says that in Freeborn and Nobles counties, this state, crops have been very poor. Oats have gone about 20 bushels to the acre; flax from 5 to 10 and corn and potatoes generally very light. The grade of cattle kept by the farmers down there are very fine and most every farmer has from 100 to 150 sheep and also a number of hogs. In South Dakota Mr. Wilcox says the crops are very good and with the high prices being paid for grain, the country is more or less on the boom. Mr. Wilcox goes from South Dakota to different points in North Dakota.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Call on us if you want a loan on your land. Our reasonable rates and easy terms will make it worth your while to see us before making any deal elsewhere.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

Compare the legislative records of Jacobson and Johnson and then vote.

Why is it that hard coal sells for nine dollars per ton at LaMoure, N. D., and ten dollars per ton in Thief River Falls? Who knows? Who will explain?

Throwing mud at Jacobson is not going to scare any people from not voting for him. Jake is too well known to the people of Minnesota. People were reading of the fights he was making in the legislature in their behalf when Johnson was only a voting member of that body.

State Senator Ole O. Sageng, of Otter Tail county, has decided to become an independent candidate for congressman from this district. Mr. Sageng is said to be a strong man in Otter Tail county, but is very little known in this section of the state. He will find that Congressman Steenerson is very strong with the people up here.

There is a heap of truth in this from President Roosevelt: "I do not envy the idler, neither the idle son of a multi-millionaire or the hobo. I have for both intense pity of the kind that is not akin to love, but to contempt. The hardest work done by the individual on the farm is apt to be done by the mother or wife of the farmer. If you don't applaud that you ought to, I believe in the farmer economizing, but on himself, not his wife. I am dead right in that. If you have got to drop, one hired man rather than the hired girl. Fathers need the most preaching."

The Dakota Farmer, which is recognized as the friend of the rural representatives of the state, has this to say on the relative rate of taxation for the farmer and the man who pays taxes in a town or city: "Many farmers think they are far more heavily taxed than any other people—some like to think so whether they are or not. At the Illinois round up institute held at Peoria, one of these poor fellows who gets comfort out of thinking he is terribly abused was enlarging on how much more heavily he was taxed than city property owners. A farmer in the audience, who had been taxed out of the city onto land, at once claimed that just the opposite is true, and gave several striking illustrations of the fact. One of these illustrations was that a year before he put just $4,000 into a piece of town property and an exactly equal amount into a piece of land near his farm. On the land he was taxed $16 and on the city property $51. It is always best to look up both sides before making assertions."

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

First—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

Second—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

Third—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

Fourth—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it.

[illegible] this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and [illegible] to cover postage, and we will send [illegible] Handy Atlas of the World." [illegible] New York

According to the country exchanges that came to the NEWS office, Gov. Johnson made a great mistake in making a personal attack upon J. F. Jacobson. This is the first time Gov. Johnson ever made a personal attack upon his opponent. Heretofore he has had only pleasant things to say of rival candidates, patting everybody on the back and leaving the mudslinging to Frank Day, John King and other members of the "kitchen cabinet". In his opening speech, however, he accused Jacobson as being the tool of the liquor interests and the steel trust. He characterized a political meeting and supper held a West Duluth, which Jacobson had attended, as a Belschazar feast and intimated that it was attended largely by steel trust magnates and that red wine flowed freely. As a matter of fact this meeting at West Duluth, which is one of the suburbs of Duluth was attended mostly by working people and the supper was served by the ladies of the Methodist church. As to the reference that Jacobson is being supported by the liquor interests, it is entirely false. When Jacobson was a member of the state legislature he worked for and voted for the passage of the county option bill, and in his speeches that he is making throughout the state he always declares that if a county option bill is passed by the legislature he will promptly sign it. On the other hand, Gov. Johnson does not dare state whether or not he would sign a county option bill if passed although he has been often asked to do so. Mr. Jacobson is not afraid to speak up plainly where he stands upon every issue before the people today and when he gets warmed up he is a regular buzz saw. How different it is with Johnson.

BEST WAY TO HELP JOHNSON.

Gov. Johnson stated in a public meeting at Rochester this week that he had been offered a contract to deliver 200 lectures the coming year at $200 per lecture. This would make the small fortune of $40,000. He says he is awaiting the result of election before deciding whether or not to sign the contract.

Gov. Johnson is a poor man, and needs the money. It is not right for the people of this great state to ask him to sacrifice $32,500 a year. Neither is there the slightest necessity for so doing. Jacobson will make a much better governor, and Johnson can then go ahead conscience clear, and earn his little forty thousand dollars a year—and good luck to him.

Every true friend of John A. Johnson, on this showing, should vote against him. The kindest service that can be done him is to elect Jacobson governor—and free Johnson from the rule of the O'Connor Day Democratic machine.

If he wants t[illegible] a presidential candidate he can better advertise himself and win more friends by traveling over the country, and getting acquainted with the people.

This is the way Bryan gained his absolute control of the Democratic party, and at the same time earned $100,000 a year.

—Look at it any way you choose, and with only the best interests of Thief River Falls, Gov. Johnson at heart, and you will surely vote against him. This would be a little rough on the Democratic machine and office holders, but good Republicans could stand that all right.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Rocksbury.

Mr. J. J. Meehan and George went up to Mud Lake Friday and returned Sunday.

Miss Emma Satre spent Sunday with Edna Miller.

Misses Olga and Millie Ness spent Sunday at their homes.

Rev. R K. Callaway went down to Red Lake Falls Saturday and returned Monday.

School began in District No. 73 last Monday with mae Miller as teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bentson spent Sunday at the latters home.

First Number of Lyceum Course.

The Madrigal Lady Entertainers will appear at the Presbyterian church Thursday evening, Oct. 15. This will be the first of a series of entertainments to be given during the season under the auspices of the ladies of the Presbyterian church. Lovers of music will enjoy hearing this delightful quartette, made up of the following personnel:—Daisy Eleanor Binkley, Soprano—Gertrude Munroe-Hite—Violin, Mezzo Soprano, Jessie B. Munroe, Alto, Pianist—Anna Scheidt, Contralto, Reader.

Big Auction Sale of Horses.

Olaf Ramstad will sell thirty head of horses at public auction on Saturday, Oct. 17, at Jenson & Son's stables in Thief River Falls. All are western horses, young and nearly all halter broke. If you want a bargain attend this sale.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

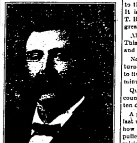

J. W. McGinty

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

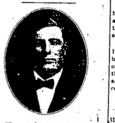

Frank Jeffers,

Candidate for Register of Deeds

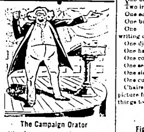

The Campaign Orator is getting busy now, and is trying to convince the public that Taft or Bryan is the best man for the country. The man who has his clothes cleaned at B. Dan Bjorkman's needs nothing but a sample of our dry cleaning to convince him that every suit of clothes cleaned and pressed here is equal to a new one. Bring your soiled clothes to—

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,

SCHOOL NOTES.

The members of high school faculty have a heavy year's works laid out for them. They cheerfully assume this task; largely because conditions in the school demand it and, not less, the needs of the students compel it. But they expect and should receive the active and hearty cooperation of the parents and general public in their endeavor to attain a high standard of scholarship in the student body. To this end, it is suggested that parents set their faces against the practise, that so generally obtains in our city, of permitting the high school students—and for that matter, a pupil—to absent themselves from school for a day or half day every time a social, fair, party or event of a similar nature takes place in which they may be only remotely connected. Even if the student is directly interested in the event, ways and means might be found to prevent the loss of school time to the student. It is not enough to say that the student may "make up" the lost work. The absence retards the progress of the whole class, and hereafter, absences without excuse, or on excuse for trivial reasons, will compel the delinquent to accept a zero standing without opportunity of "making up" the lost studies on the school records. This is in justice to those who attend regularly, as it also is to those who absent themselves on the slightest pretext.

Miss Bjexrud of the normal department was pleasantly surprised on Tuesday by her father, Sheriff Bjexrud of Fillmore county, who unexpectedly called on her.

Mrs. Nicolla acted as substitute on Tuesday and Wednesday for Miss Wold of the Central, who was absent by reason of the death of her grandmother.

Miss Laughlin of the Central spent last Sunday in Minneapolis.

The high school is proud of the excellent showing their foot-ball team made last Saturday against the veteran players of Red Lake Falls. The visitors frankly confessed after the game that they fully expected to make a score of about 40 to 0, in view of our inexperience. Prof. Deal's coaching is of a high order and will accomplish the needed results in a short time.

That the members of a foot-ball team can play the game to the limit and, at the same time, be gentlemen, was well proved last Saturday.

The student body of rooters, added their quota of music(?) and enthusiasm to the foot-ball game in excellent style. It is hoped that they will boost for the T. R. F. H. S. at all future games and in greater numbers and with more noise.

All the teachers attended the game. This was commented on by the players and was duly appreciated.

Now, for Fosston next Saturday. All turn out and experience what it means to live a whole month in about fifteen minutes of time.

Quite a number of students from the country have enrolled during the past ten days.

A primary pupil informed his mother last week that his teacher did not know how to open a window; that she always pulled it down from the top, instead of raising it from the bottom.

The new recitation room in the high school basement will be occupied next Monday morning. It is by far the brightest and best class room in the building and will be used exclusively for recitations by classes of whom much blackboard work is required.

A meeting of the grade teachers was held at the High building on Tuesday after school, and one of the primary teachers on Wednesday afternoon at the same place.

The work of Joe Rawson and Wayne Richardson as officials in the last foot-ball game was most satisfactory to visitors and home players alike. They know the game and it is hoped that they will act in the same capacity in the coming contests.

Auction Sale.

Owing to the fact that I soon leave for the west, I will offer at public auction, on Friday afternoon, Oct. 16, at 2 o'clock in the Masonic building in Thief River Falls, the following described goods:

One bed room Suite.
Two iron beds.
One sofa.
One bureau.
One combination book case and writing desk.
One dining room table.
One hard coal stove, nearly new.
One cook stove.
One sewing machine.
One sink.
One cupboard.
Chairs, rocking chairs, rugs, carpets, picture frames, dishes, clocks and other things too numerous to mention.

K. M. Jorstad, Owner,
C. M. Evenson, Auctioneer.

Fight Will Be a Warm One.

The fight for the office of county superintendent of schools in this county promises to be a warm one this year. Herman F. Anderson and Oscar Naple, both popular and well qualified men, have been nominated by the Republicans and Democrats respectively. In addition to these two there will be two independent candidates in the field. Fred Richards, who was defeated two years ago, and Miss Katie McAnulty, sister of Miss. Supt. McAnulty, are to be in the race.

Lewis A. Nelson,

Republican Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support, I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-election.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Administration.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Jacob E. Lee, James Willard Lee and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Jacob E. Lee having been filed in this court, representing that Susanna Lee, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 19th day of September 1908, and praying that letters of administration of her estate be granted to Jacob E. Lee; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of October 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 5th day of October 1908.

(COURT SEAL) N. W. Tarrant, Probate Judge.
G. Halvorson, Attorney for Petitioner, Thief River Falls, Minn.
oct 8-22

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge. In the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

In the matter of Charles W. Nelson, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy. (No. 1620)

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota.

Charles W. Nelson of Thief River Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 14th day of March 1908 last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 4th day of September A. D. 1908.

CHARLES W. NELSON, Bankrupt.

United States District Court, District of Minnesota, Sixth Division, ss.

On this 1st day of October A. D. 1908, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 21st day of October A. D. 1908, before said Court, at St. Paul in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1908.

Charles L. Spencer Clerk
By L. A. Lavorsen Deputy Clerk.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston Minn., Oct. 1, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Nils Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 22nd, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 160, Serial, No. 0373 for S. E. Section 22, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 9th day of November 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Andrew Mykkelstad, of Anton, Minn.
John Baner, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Lars Matson, " " " "
Ole Homme " " " "

oct 8 nov 12 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston Minn., Oct. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Werner, of Germantown, Minn., who on Oct. 2nd, 1905, made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. W. ¼ Section 6, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before [illegible] U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Fred Do[illegible], of Germantown, Minn.
Thom Bednarek, " "
Joseph Bednarek, " "
Ole P. Nelson, " "

oct 8 nov 12 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Shirley & O'Hara,

Phone 217. The Draymen.

SHAMEFUL RECORD BY DEMOCRATS

Political Intrigue Exposed on Part of Gov. Johnson's Board of Control Appointees.

TAXPAYERS MADE TO SUFFER

Great Increase in Cost of Maintaining Institution—Vote for Firetraps—Business Methods Disgarded.

A political party, like the men who compose it, is accurately measured only by its accomplishments, never by its pretentions. The glittering generalities supported by nothing but campaign eloquence and praised by Minnesota Democracy this year, must be taken with the proverbial "grain of salt." They all have one remarkable trait—supreme Democratic nerve in claiming title to great things of Republican origin.

It is due to the public that the truth be known, and that Democratic misrule, neglect and intrigue of the present state administration be exposed. This exposition is especially needed in matters pertaining to the state board of control—probably the most important of all state boards. The Democratic platform congratulates the people of the state, the Democratic party, and the governor, on the record of the party, made in the board of control. Let us see, in brief, what the history of Democracy is in this relation.

Johnson Tries to Kill Bill.

First, we have the board of control bill pending in the legislature of 1901. Senator John A. Johnson—now governor—appears in the senate as the most bitter enemy of the bill. Johnson was from the home town of a state institution—St. Peter—and was ready to do anything to permit his constituents to retain their local hold on the St. Peter hospital for insane. Johnson believed that by offering an amendment to the bill adding the state university he could turn the vote of the friends of the university against the bill and thus kill it. This he later admitted as his sole intent in offering the amendment. He made a most bitter speech against the university regents and faculty members in speaking for the amendment.

The amendment carried, however, instead of having Senator Johnson's intended effect. His amending of the bill was such a bungling job that a bitter legal battle had to be fought through all the courts of the state to find out just what the amendment meant—costing the state a large amount of money. In view of this fact alone, what a farce it is for Gov. Johnson to claim to be a friend of the board of control.

Democrats Against Non-Political Board

Democracy is responsible for the fact that the board of control law is so worded that the board can be made into a political machine, such as the Democrats are now bending every energy to create. Senator S. A. Stockwell, Democrat, of Minneapolis, told the senate that the bill was Republican, and that therefore the Republicans could take it—and fake it all. He then moved the section making the board non-political, be stricken out. The Republicans took him at his word as speaking for his party, and granted his request to eliminate the section in question.

Gov. Johnson's first appointment to the board of control was L. A. Rosing, a man the people in Minnesota turned down with a tidal wave of votes, when Democracy tried to put him in an office where the consent of the people was first necessary. At once he began to be politically busy in the board. This was so repulsive to inaugurated methods that S. W. Leavett (Republican appointee) early in September, 1906, introduced a resolution demanding that the board be kept "aloof from political entanglements," that no member or employe be engaged in any political work during office hours, or while absent on business for the state, or be allowed to use board of control stationery or postage politically. Doesn't this sound like a good rule? But Mr. Rosing voted no, and so did one other member of the board—said to have been brought over to Mr. Rosing's way of thinking by promise of Democratic reappointment to his job.

"Politics" Enters With Democracy.

Jan. 19, 1907, Gov. Johnson appointed P. M. Ringdal to board membership. The Democrats then had the balance of power—two votes to one. Now let's see how they began to "better" matters. June 24 the two Democratic members, against the vote of the Republican appointee, passed a resolution containing the following provisions:

Placed the purchasing of a million dollars worth of supplies a year in the hands of a clerk at $2,000 a year. The Democratic members did not consider the expending of a million dollars a year important enough to themselves personally look after. Reader, what do you think about it?

Established a new set of rules. The board should only be in official session Mondays and Thursdays—two days a week was all the office work the Democrats could stand. And these "official" sessions must begin at 9:30, instead of at 8 a. m., as they did under Republicanism.

MR. FARMER, HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO RUN YOUR FARM ON DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES—WORK ONLY TWO DAYS A WEEK BEGINNING AT 9:30, AND LEAVE ALL YOUR PURCHASING OF SUPPLIES TO SOME FARM BOY?

MR. MERCHANT, HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO RUN YOUR STORE ON DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES—HAVE ITS DOORS OPEN FOR PUBLIC BUSINESS ONLY TWICE A WEEK AND LET SOME ONE OF YOUR CLERKS DO ALL YOUR BUYING OF STOCK?

Early in March of this year the nation was startled, appalled, awe-struck by what has since become generally known as the "Collinwood Disaster," when a school building filled with children caught fire, and 174 of those helpless little ones perished miserably—a living, terrible sacrifice to the negligence of authorities who place public wards in unfireproof buildings. Mr. Leavett, the Republican appointee of the board of control, introduced a resolution in the board asking that the Model school building, then about to be erected at Winona for the children in the primary grades, be made fireproof. Apparently only for the reason that the resolution was introduced by a Republican member, Rosing and Ringdal voted no. The lesson of the Collinwood disaster was lost on the two Democratic members.

Reader, is it lost on you? Do you approve of the precedent that hereafter our state buildings for little children shall not be built fireproof?

Messrs. Rosing and Ringdahl were naturally condemned on all sides, both Republican and Democratic press participating. It was not a party principle they had turned down: they had voted against the humanitarian proposition to safeguard the precious lives of little, innocent children.

The Democratic board members attempted to get rid of the Republican appointee. They filed a formal complaint with the governor against Leavett, charging him with being "impolite" to the Democratic members, and with getting a legal opinion from the attorney general upholding his position without asking their consent—naughty, naughty Republican member!

Gov. Johnson would have liked to have "fired" Leavett; but he didn't dare. Public sentiment was too strong. So he wisely just forgot all about the complaint. It is still "on file."

A Democratic "Get Back."

The Democratic members decided to shut the active Republican member up for good and all. They couldn't have him attending to business and getting credit for so doing while they played politics. So Ringdahl introduced a resolution which with Rosing's help passed. It stated that no motion or resolution offered at any meeting could be made a matter of record in the minutes without a second. Clever, unscrupulous slap at the Republican member, wasn't it? With the other two members opposed to him Leavett could not even offer a motion or resolution that any one could ever know about! Once more, however, newspaper criticism and public opinion came down on the heads of the Democratic members like a thousand of brick for their partisan unfairness.

"Kitchen Cabinet" Butts In.

A short time ago orders came from the "kitchen cabinet" to the board of control's purchasing agent to prepare statistics showing how much better off financially the state institutions were under Democratic management. The statistics were thus published, and on their face showed a Democratic saving. But alas, that Republican member insisted on requiring the figures be right. They were accordingly reluctantly changed. Space is too short to give these statistics in detail, but as corrected they show just the opposite of what they did as given out by the Democrats.

Democracy's Real Showing.

In short, they show a per capita increase in cost to the state during 1907 for all institutions under the board of $8.69, and with an institution population of 7,253 this means a total increase of expenditures under Democratic control of $62,302.27. The per capita increase in cost of the state institutions under Democratic rule for 1908 is shown to be further increased to $12.25 per capita, and with an institution population of 7,432 means a total increase in expenditures of $91,012.

MR. VOTER, DON'T THESE FIGURES PROVE THAT REPUBLICAN BOARD OF CONTROL METHODS OF ATTENDING TO BUSINESS AND LEAVING POLITICS ALONE, BEAT THE DEMOCRATIC METHODS OF ATTENDING TO POLITICS AND LEAVING BUSINESS ALONE?

Another Democratic "Error."

Just a word as to the Democratic platform plank which has the nerve—a nerve which for its colossal proportions must be admired—to claim that Gov. Johnson and Democracy originated the idea of manufacturing farm machinery at the state prison. The report of the board of control for 1905-6 (page 68) says that "The question of the manufacture of agricultural machinery at the prison was a live issue during the last session of the legislature (1905), but no definite action was taken. The question is an important one, and deserves the attention of the lawmaking powers. If the farm machinery combination, through its agents, persists in refusing to sell extras to those using prison twine, it may become necessary for the state to take some action looking to a supply from other sources. We recommend that the board of control and the warden be directed to investigate conditions as they are now, or may hereafter develop, etc." This section of the report was written by the lone Republican member of the board of control. In view of this, and the fact that Gov. Johnson did not mention the subject in any message till the session of 1907, it is difficult to understand how the late Democratic convention could find the nerve to claim in its platform that the governor or his administration have anything to do with originating the idea.

As a matter of fact, it was the Republican legislature of 1905 which first took the matter up.

And don't forget this—HON. J. F. JACOBSON, A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF CONTROL DURING 1905, WAS FOREMOST IN AGITATING AMONG MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION THE ADVISABILITY OF THE MANUFACTURE OF FARM MACHINERY AT THE STATE PRISON.

In a recent speech at Stillwater Gov. Johnson admitted it to be his intention, if re-elected, not to reappoint the present Republican member of the board of control, who has made such a valiant fight to keep the board on a business and a non-political basis. The governor would appoint in his place another Democrat. In view of the shameful showing of Democracy with two out of three of the board members Democratic, it is easy for one and all to see what would result if all three members were Democratic. There would be no one to expose their intrigue, or to prevent the future operation of the board of control for political machine purposes only.

Mr. Voter, will you stand for it? It's up to you!

PITHY POINTS FROM JACOBSON'S SPEECHES

Republican Candidate for Governor Fearlessly Strikes From the Shoulder on All Issues.

THE RAILROADS.

"There is no disposition on the part of the shipper or producer of this state to deal unfairly with the railroads. The demagogue who clamors for a law that is not justified by the fact is as heartily despised by the people of the state as the ultra reactionary who recognizes no wrong to be remedied. A corrupt railroad lobby must be suppressed and driven away from our halls of legislation. And with that will, of its own weight, go the boodler and the log-puller—neither of them will survive long with the absence of the first.

"The railroads can as safely rely on reason, argument and a just cause for a fair decision as the people themselves can. The mutual distrust engendered by a continuation of the old method of dealing with the railroad question cannot but result in harm to both sides.

"And I feel the time has come when the railroads can safely take the people into their confidence and deal with them more openly and frankly, and they will find that the people, on their part, will meet them more than half way.

"The officers of the state who have the enforcement of the laws in hand in the suit now pending should and must be sustained by the people of the state, by all the means necessary to carry these cases to a legitimate conclusion.

EDUCATION.

"That state is best economically, socially, morally and intellectually which wisely spends most for the education of its people. We have a splendid school system, but I feel that some of it can be made more practical than at present.

"I plead for economy, but not parsimony in all matters of education. Spending money for a good school, a good book or the acquirement of a good habit, is economy.

"Manual training, domestic science and agriculture furnish the field for our highest efforts and our best thought.

"The farmer boys and girls, because of their scattered settlements, receive to-day the poorest chance for an education. Yet no other single calling in the state is of half the importance, and if our present school system is found to be inadequate for their special training, to make them more intelligent, to make them better farmers than they are at present, this need should be speedily and adequately supplied.

"Nothing suggests itself to me at present to be more practical and feasible than the establishment of county agricultural schools. They should be built and maintained, partly by the state and partly by the localities in which they are established. If they should become a gift of the state there would result in so unholy and undignified a scramble for them as the world has ever seen.

FORESTRY.

"We have yet in Northern Minnesota a small portion of our once great forests, some of it still owned by the state. I feel the time has come when the state should adopt a new system, not only for their protection, but the state should set at least some portion of them apart to be used as demonstrating what can be done in the way of preserving them instead of what we are now doing, disposing of them to be cut clean in a single season, leaving the lands comparatively worthless.

"Hand in hand with work of preserving our forests should go an efficient and scientific system of reforestation on some suitable tracts judiciously selected for this purpose.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION.

"I stand on all moral questions just exactly where I stood twenty years ago. If an option bill should come to me when I was governor, passed by the legislature, I should certainly sign it. I will not deceive any one, even to secure votes.

"I have always been a consistent supporter of all legislation that would tend to lessen the evil of intemperance, and my attitude on this question is too well known and is too clearly a matter of record to require extended comment. County option has become a live question in all the legislative districts of the state. This is a matter that will come before the legislature in some form or another, and it is distinctively a matter for legislative enactment. But my position on this subject is just what it has always been. And I can assure the people of the state most positively that if a county option law should be passed by the next legislature and come before me for signature as governor, in case of my election, I should promptly and unhesitatingly sign it.

DRAINAGE.

"I am heartily in favor of a continuation and extension of the drainage of the wet lands in Northern Minnesota, belonging to the state. I feel that the time has come when these noble streams should be made a part of our national highway, and unless the state that is most interested takes the initiative, the national government, on its own motion, will scarcely come to our aid.

FINANCE.

"The people are entitled to a good, clean, business administration of the state's financial affairs, and every dollar collected for the people for the support of the state government, our schools and all other state institutions, should be judiciously and economically expended. And every dollar spent should be rigidly accounted for.

IMMIGRATION.

"I am in favor of an immigration bureau of more practical benefit to the state. Minnesota has millions of acres of good lands that will in time support a very large population. We should not only seek to prevent our people from leaving the state, but by disseminating knowledge of our own splendid and unsettled domain in Northern Minnesota and all other portions of the state, we should by every legitimate means attract immigration from other fields. I know of no means where money judiciously expended will bring surer and quicker returns."

New Goods.

We are still busy opening up our immense consignments of fall and winter goods, and will in a few days show you the most select stock of general merchandise west of St. Paul, and at prices nobody can better. You will do well to look over our stock before buying.

DRESS GOODS. Our dress goods department is complete with up to date fabrics, both in wash goods and woolens. Prices the lowest.

LADIES' COATS. Our ladies' and children's fall and winter coats are just in and you must see this beatiful line. Latest fashions and novelties. They are just lovely. Prices right.

LADIES' SKIRTS. We sell the Buckingham and Beverly makes in skirts, none more stylish, none better. Prices right.

MENS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS. You will find clothes buying a pleasure here, both for what you get and the way you get it. We can sell you clothing cheaper than our competitors. Try us.

UNDERWAER. Our underwaer line has been selected with great care and the bargains we offer you in this line will surprise you.

SHOES. Do Yot know that we carry the largest and best stock of shoes in the city and prices the lowest?

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS TO CLOSE OUT A SMALL LOT OF LADIES' JACKETS AT ONE-THIRD OFF OF REGULAR PRICE.

Small lot of ladies' white summer waists, 1-3 off regular price.
" " " lawns and wash goods, 1-3 off regular price.
" " " men's dress shirts, 75, 65 and 50 cents to close, 39 cents.
" " " " " " 1.50, 1.25 and 1.00 to close, 89 cents.
Small lot of men's balbriggan underwear 65 cents and 50 cents.
Small lot of ladies' shoes, 3.00, 2.75 and 2.50 to close 1.98.
OXFORDS. Men's women's and children's oxfords 1-4 off regular price.
Look over our stock and note our low prices. We lead, others follow.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

...A BIG...

STOCK REDUCING

AND CASH GETTING CARNIVAL

The Greatest Marvel of Merchandising Ever Attempted in Thief River Falls

KEEP THIS CIRCULAR AND WAIT UNTIL

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10

A Stupendous Landslide of Bargains

Beginning Saturday, October 10th, we will present to the people of Red Lake County a most magnificent bargain feast, and the best goods and *the greatest values in the state of Minnesota, will stare you in the face.* You cannot afford, you dare not in justice to yourself, overlook a chance like this to secure Clothing and Furnishings for a fraction of the price ordinarily paid. Come and see with your own eyes and be convinced. Never again will you have such a golden opportunity. The opening day will be a gala day and it will pay you to come miles to visit this Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival. We are going to put forth such offerings that no matter what the weather conditions may be, you must be there, you will be there. Come and get your share. When you take into consideration the stock we carry and our record for serving the people of Thief River Falls and Red Lake county, with the best goods money can buy, it will convey to you a faint idea of the values that await your coming. Come and see for yourselves what a Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival at the E. & E. Co's. Store means to the people. Every item you buy may be brought back at any time during the Carnival for exchange, or your money back for the asking.

Read The Convincing Prices

The most important part of Clothing—the quality and the tailoring can not be judged by each individual as can the fit, but for both of these essential features we believe we have the confidence of the community. We want your trade and we are going to add to this confidence the further assurance of the lowest prices for the best goods.

The Great Clothing Sale

will be in full blast as soon as doors open. Suits for men and suits for boys. We have CLOTHING for everybody, and it is Clothing day here every day, and if ever you needed anything in your life, it is certainly

CLOTHING

Fall Clothes for men of taste. If you'll ask the well-dressed man where he gets his clothes, most every time he'll say at the E. & E. Co. Our famous "Sincerity" Suits are making new friends every season. The clothes have the essentials—Stylish Patterns, Perfect Fit and Finished Workmanship—that makes them so popular. Every customer is an advertisement for us. A guarantee of all-round satisfaction goes with every suit we sell.

We have Dress-Suits and Business Suits, clothes for the man of leisure and for the man who toils. In fact, we claim that no matter what you want in the clothing line, we will be able to satisfy you.

Youth's and Boy's Clothing

The surest road to success is through the channel of square dealing, and we have treated the boys and youths of the land right and that is why we have the men's trade today. It is such offerings as the following that have brought trade to us and that is the reason we now hold the young men's trade of this community.

Our Youth's and Boy's Wearproof Suits are guaranteed to be what their name suggests, and the Carnival prices on them make them within the reach of all. Look for the Red Tickets.

Youth's $6.00 Suits, Carnival price	$4.49
Youth's $6.50 Suits, Carnival price	4.88
Youth's $7.50 Suits, Carnival price	6.18
Youth's $9.00 to $12.00 Suits, Carnival Prices	$7.22 to $9.22
Boy's Overcoats $2.50 to $9.00 values, now	$1.88 to $7.19

If you need a pair of

Trousers

buy them now. No manufacturer can name such prices:

$1.25 Pants, Carnival price	88c
1.50 Pants, Carnival price	$1.19
2.00 Pants, Carnival price	1.38
3.00 to 3.50 Pants, Carnival price	2.48
1.50 Corduroy Pants, Carnival price	1.19
2.50 all wool Kersey Pants	1.69
$4.50 to $9.00 Pants, Carnival price	$3.77 to $7.27

Men's Suits

If you need a suit now or if you need a suit later on, it is a certainty you will come to this Great Carnival Sale, as these prices will be of a saving to you at from 25 per cent to 50 per cent.

Note these prices.

Men's well trimmed Suits, good values, Carnival price	$4.48
Men's $8.00 Suits, now	$5.39
Men's $9.00 Suits, now	$6.89
Men's $12.00 Suits, now	$8.48
Men's $15.00 Suits, now	$12.48
Men's $20.00 to $25.00 Suits, the very cream of Fashion, with or without cuff pants, fancy pockets and sleeves. The "Sincerety" make, nothing better on the market. Carnival prices	$16.68 to $21.88

Overcoats

Ever see anything look as comfortable as a big roomy fur overcoats? It keeps out all the cold and keeps in all the warmth, and is the best thing imaginable for driving. We have a fine stock of these splendid garments and all go at the Carnival prices. We also have overcoats in all the New Fall Styles, including a good supply of

Fur Lined Coats

Sheep-Lined Coats also go at the reduced prices.

Men's $8.00 Overcoats now	$6.28
Men's $10.00 Overcoats, now	$7.89
Men's $15.00 Overcoats, now	$11.22
Men's $18.00 Overcoats, now	$14.48
Men's $20.00 Overcoats, now	$16.48
Men's Fur-Trimmed Overcoats, Plush Lined Coats $20.00 values, now	$16.88
Quilted Lined Coats $18.00 values, now	$13.68
Best Quality Fur-Trimmed $25.00 values, now	$21.48
Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats, $42.00 to $67.00 values, Carnival prices	$35.88 to $59.48
Men's and Boy's Sheep-Skin-Lined Coats $4.50 to $11.50 values, Carnival prices	$3.88 to $9.88
Men's Corduroy Sheep-Skin-Lined Ulsters values from $15.00 to $22.00 Carnival prices	$11.50 to $17.55

Shirts and Overalls

So cheap you will be ashamed to ask your wife to wash your old ones. Clean up and feel good with a half dozen of these useful articles where you could afford only two before. Brace yourself for the shock and look at this sample list of prices.

50c to 60c Men's work shirts, now	39c
50c Men's dress shirt, now	39c
75c Men's dress shirt, now	48c
$1.00 Men's dress shirt, now	88c
$1.25 Men's dress shirt, now	98c

Everything in the Little Suit Line

goes at prices that will please the fathers and mothers and cause them to make the little folks happy with a new outfit.

$1.50 Suits, now	$1.19	$3.00 Suits, now	$2.28
2.00 Suits, now	1.38	3.50 Suits, now	2.68
$4.00 Suits, now	$2.98		

Here's Your Hat

but you will have to hurry for we are not going to hold back for a little difference in price. They are all going way down and the prices are picking them up and carrying them out of the store. At the prices we are making on them, they will surely be the first to go, and the first week of the Carnival is the best week and the first day of the week is the best day to get the hat you want.

Our Lampher Hats, Badger Hats, Stetson Hats, Challenge Hats, are all in the height of Style, so just come and see what you can get good headgear for in our Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival

$1.50 Hats, now	$1.19
$2.50 Hats, now	1.98
$3.00 Hats, now	2.48
60c Caps, now	44c
75c Caps, now	64c
$1.00 Caps, now	87c
$1.25 Caps, now	98c

Whatever the Weather

you want to be prepared for it. We have a lot of Slickers left and they go out with the rest at prices that make it impossible for any man to find an excuse for getting wet. It's your own fault if you get sick when you can get a slicker for $1.88, a pair of rubbers for 87c and even our best grade of overshoes for 98 cents. Remember there is not a single article in this store that has escaped the cut in prices.

$3.50 Rubber Coats, now	$2.48
$5.50 Rough Rider, now	4.88
$11.00 Cravenettes, now	8.19
$12.50 Cravenettes, now	9.48
$15.00 Cravenettes, now	11.39
$16.50 Cravenettes, now	12.79

Shoes

We want you to come in and foot the whole family while you have a chance to do it for what it would cost you to buy a couple of pairs a few weeks ago. There is not a man or boy in the city who can afford to go without a new pair of either dress or work shoes or both at the prices we are quoting. We have a complete line of sizes in the gun metal, patent leather and tan, cut in the newest last, made of the very best leather, handsewed and double stitched. Shoes that will wear until you are tired of them. We have the size, we have the quality, they have the wear, and we want you to have the shoes. That is why we are offering them at such ridiculously low prices. We carry the celebrated Florsheim Shoes and the Bradley and Metcalf shoes, and offer them at greatly reduced prices.

Gloves and Mittens

Now we'll suprise you. 75cts a pair for men's kid gloves. They come in the fashionable shades of tan and brown, and are easily worth double the money you pay for them here.

Men's Canvas Gloves extra heavy 10c values	6c
Men's Leather Gloves 50c values	39c
Boy's Gauntlet Glove 50c values	37c
Men's and Boy's all wool Gloves now	21c
Men's and Boy's Leather Tanned Mittens	21c
Men's Leather Mittens extra values at 65c, now	41c

Underwear

These Special Prices on Underwear came just exactly at the time you need the goods. Fosston Underwear means wearable underwear, and the name Fosston is a guarantee. Men's and Boys' Union Suits in all sizes:

50c Fleeced Underwear for men	38c
60c Fleeced Underwear for men	44c
$2.00 Fosston heavy all wool lumbermen's underwear	$1.63
$1.00 all wool Underwear now only	88c
$1.50 all wool Underwear now only	$1.32
Boy's Fleeced Underwear now only	22c

Wilson Bros. fancy socks, Ohio Suspenders, Stirling collars and cuffs, dress shirts, neckties, sheep skin socks, German socks and leggings, fancy vests, sweaters, night robes, mufflers; if you have a want in any of these lines, come to us and we will supply you.

Trunks and Suit Cases

THEY ALL GO. They go at your price. It is our treat and you can get a dandy traveling bag or trunk at the most reasonable price you ever dreamed of. We can save you a large part of the expense of your trip by your buying one during this Carnival.

$2.50 Trunks, now	$1.99
$3.00 Trunks, now	2.49
$4.50 Trunks, now	3.78
$1.50 Suit Cases	1.19
$3.50 Suit Cases	2.78
$6.00 Suit Cases	4.98

This Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival

begins October 10th, and we intend to make it such an attraction that goods will move out rapidly, that all people will come in and get their share of the bargains, and that you will be glad you came. Bring your friends with you. They will thank you for it. Make out your want list and come in and buy in big lots. It will pay you to lay in a stock of everything you want, for this sort of thing happens but once in a life time. Next Saturday, WE BID YOU WELCOME. You will find gentlemen at the back door and gentlemen at the front door, waiting to make everybody welcome. Everything is on display, nothing in reserve, and nothing in the house but what you can buy cheaper here than elsewhere, and you will find the most courteous set of clerks that ever stood behind the counters in this city. All we can say is to come out and attend the Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival and see for yourself.

The E. & E. Co., Clothiers

I. L. Erickson & Son, Proprietors

WE BID YOU WELCOME. SALE BEGINS PROMPTLY AT 9 O'CLOCK, OCTOBER 10th

SHOES WILL BE SOLD AS ADVERTISED

Opening Sale

NO GOODS ON THIS SALE ON TRIAL

THREE DAYS

SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY

October 10, 12 and 13.

Having purchased the stock and good will of the Korstad Shoe Store, shall be pleased to meet my old friends and customers as well as new ones at my new location in the Tupper block and shall always try to give one and all a square deal in the future as I trust I have in the past.

Out of my entire stock, I have picked out over 1000 pairs of men's, boys', ladies and children's shoes which will be closed out, manufacturers' cost not considered.

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords.	
Value $3.50 to $4	$2.50
Value $2.50 to $3	$2.00
Value $2	$1.50
Men's Shoes and Oxfords.	
Value $3.50 and $4	$2.50
Value $2.50 and $3	$2.00
Men's Cruisers.	
Men's $5 cruisers at	$4.00
Men's $4.50 cruisers at	$3.60

Men's $4 cruisers at	$3.20
Men's $3.50 cruisers at	$2.80
Men's $3 cruisers at	$2.40
Men's $2 plow shoes at	$1.50
Children's Soft Sole Shoes.	
Value 50 and 65 cents	39c
Value 25 and 35 cents	19c

The bargain counters of children's shoes at 68c, 98c, $1.19 and $1.50 will interest you. Also the boys and youths shoes at $1.00 and $1.50.

—Yours for Quality, Style and Fit,

Langseth Shoe Store

Successors to KORSTAD SHOE STORE.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	91
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.10
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Dr. Teal was up to Middle River last Friday.

Dr. Heiber was up to Middle River Monday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Louis Hanson was up on the Greenbush line last Friday.

Prof. McGregor, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

County Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Postmaster Hjertos, of Middle River, was in the city last week.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

W. B. Fuller was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

After Sept. 27, what ice I will have for sale will be of 1907 cut. J. H. Rice.

Mayor Hamre was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Audley Caldwell returned to this city last Friday and will spend several days here.

Mrs. A. M. Arpin entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon.

N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday shaking hands with old friends.

Fred Holzknecht, was down to Red Lake Falls last week visiting with friends.

Remember that the 6 o'clock Sunday dinners served at the Hotel Evelyn are the best.

—For Sale—Choice black dirt for lawns and gardens. See George Elder, Phone 233.

Chris Amundson left last week for St. Paul and expects to remain there until next spring.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday visiting with old friends here.

Mrs. Peter Noesen came up from Crookston Monday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Will Mullery.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka leaves next Monday for California to spend the winter for the benefit of her health.

J. W. McGinty was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week looking after his candidacy for sheriff.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Martin Wold and family left last Saturday for Sprague, Manitoba, near where he has taken a claim.

Pat Sullivan, river foreman for the East Grand Forks Lumber company, was in the city last Saturday.

W. F. Campbell, county attorney of Mahnomen county and well known in Thief River Falls, died last week.

Mrs. A. Joe Giller went down to Crookston last Friday and remained until Tuesday visiting with friends.

Pure food is just what you get in Hunt's Baking Powder and Extracts. Guaranteed under the pure food law.

—For Sale—A 4 horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Attorney G. Halvorsen left Monday evening for St. Paul to be present at the opening of the fall term of the supreme court.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 o'clock, at Mayor in the afternoon at 3.00. F. J. Beltz, pastor.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Knute Jorstad and family leave today for Spokane, Wash., where they will spend the winter for the benefit of Mrs. Jorstad's health.

Oscar Naplin, the Democratic candidate for the office of county superintendent was in the city last week interviewing the voters here.

—For Rent—The Sam Hensley house. All or part will be rented. For full information regarding terms, etc., Inquire of Chris. Porter.

For Rent—Ice house and tools. Possession Nov. 1st. Good business for a man with a couple of teams. Geo. Elder, Thief River Falls.

Rev. Mrs. Calloway, a very able and eloquent lady will preach in the M. E. church both morning and evening on Sunday next Oct. 11th 1908.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Albert Wiechmann next Wednesday afternoon October 14. All are welcome.

E. L. Quist came up from Red Lake Falls last Friday and remained until Monday visiting friends and at the same time doing some campaign work.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

Rev. Calaway, of Rocksbury, was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday and occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church during the absence of the regular pastor.

—For Sale or Trade—Good vaudeville outfit; complete including 3801 feet of good moving pictures. Also two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Frank Staska was in from Silverton last week. At that time he had about completed work with his threshing rig and reports that the yield had been a good one.

Mr. and Mrs. John Larson, of McFarland, Wis., who had been here visiting Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Trovoten, of the town of North, departed for home last Saturday.

Mrs. C. L. Dobner and children are expected to arrive in the city this week, from Kalispell, Mont., and will spend the winter here for the benefit of Mrs. Dobner's health.

Max Ruminski, the eighteen year old son of J. Ruminski, proprietor of the Northwestern Hotel, was operated upon last Friday for appendicites. He is now getting along nicely.

Frank Jeffers was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

A son was born to Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Booren yesterday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dablow yesterday.

D. P. O'Neill left yesterday on a trip up through Roseau county.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets this afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Chr. Granum.

William D. Heywood, the Socialist Lecturer, will be in Thief River Falls on Monday evening, Oct. 19.

Mrs. Andrew Douglas left Tuesday for Pipestone, Minn., called there by the serious illness of her sister.

William Herron took a crew of about eighteen men up to Highlanding yesterday to bring down a log drive.

Hon. Dan Robertson, of Argyle, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Roseau to do some campaign work.

Last Sunday evening Frank Zavoral Sr. came to the city from Erie to consult a doctor about his son Frank who has been ailing of late.

Sheriff Blexrude, of Fillmore county, was in the city Tuesday visiting his daughter, who is one of the teachers in the public schools of this city.

Silverton Congregation has its annual Mission and Harvest festival Sunday, Oct 18th. Rev. H. Bjornson preaches in the forenoon. The local pastor in the afternoon.

C. M. Wilson, who has the contract for erecting a number of buildings down at Calaway, was in the city last week visiting his family and looking for men to work at Calaway.

Anton Langseth has again engaged in business in this city, having purchased the Korstad Shoe Store. Attention is called to an advertisement of Mr. Langseth's in another column.

Rev. J. B. Smith and Rev. R. K. Callaway left Tuesday for Litchfield to attend the annual conference of the M. E. church. Rev. Smith expects to be absent for a couple of weeks.

L. E. Jones, of Iowa Falls, Iowa, who is the owner of a large number of farm mortgages on Red Lake and Marshall county lands, was in Thief River Falls last week visiting with L. M. Hoag, his agent here.

There will be services in the Sweedish Mission church Sunday, Oct. 11th at 4 o'clock, and the Sweedish Lutheran Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Sandberg on Monday, Oct. 12, at 3 o'clock. All are cordially invited. Rev. P. Dahlquist.

Services with the Lords Supper in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30. English Services in the evening at 7:15. Sunday school at 9 A. M. The class of Confirmants meets Saturday at 9 A. M. I. T. Anstad, Pastor.

The book, "Debs," his life, writings and speeches, price in cloth, $2.00, leather $2.75. Order a copy today, use a postal card, write name and address plainly. Alfred Somondsen, agent, Thief River Falls, Minn.

A. Anderson, who will represent the wholesale hardware firm of Janey, Semple, Hill & Co. in this section in the future, removed to Thief River Falls last week with his family and will make this city his home in the future.

Chas. Svendgaard, town clerk of Clover Leaf, was in the city last Friday and hauled home a load of lumber which he will use to build a new barn. Mr. Svendgaard is well satisfied with this section and continues to improve his farm.

Sam Arneson is to again engage in the watch repairing business here. He removed to Mahnomen last spring, but finds that business is not good there and so will return to this city. He has rented the Knut Jorstad building on Second street.

At the Presbyterian church the theme of the sermon at the 10:30 service will be "The Advance of a Half a Century." In the evening the pastor will speak upon "Livingstone—a Great Life." Sabbath School at 11:45 and Young People's meeting at 6:45.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching	10:30 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School	11:45 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting	6:45 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

J. W. Vrolson, the Highlanding merchant bo't the stock of the Hilda store and has moved it down to his store. Mr. Vrolson is keeping an up to date country store and his trade is on the increase. Of course he believes in the liberal use of printers ink to let the people know he is alive and doing business.—Sunbeam.

Olaf Hanson left the barge of the farmers steam boat at Peter Hunstads farm yesterday morning to be loaded with wheat for Thief River Falls. This is the first shipment of grain by boat this season, but this quick and cheap transportation to market will be used by a large number of farmers up this way.—Sunbeam.

—Nick Nelson left yesterday for Fergus Falls to spend a few days.

Congressman Steenerson is in the city this morning, being enroute to Roseau.

There will be a special meeting of the Socialist local this evening, at B. Dan Bjorkman's store. All Socialists are requested to be present.

Miss Elsie Kratka, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Kratka, former residents of this city is to be married October 24, to a prominent young man of Pasadena, California.

Circulation of books for 3rd quarter, books, 1210, magazines 265. Children's new cards issued 16, adults 23. 91 new books were added, 21 of those were a gift to the library. Mrs. Blanchard, librarian.

Sunday Service in the M. E. church as follows:—

Preaching at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School at 10:00 A. M.

Junior League at 2:30 P. M.

Senior League at 6:45 P. M.

Thursday.

Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M.

Everybody cordially invited. J. B. Smith.

Mrs. Emma Askland has applied for an absolute divorce from her husband Ole Askland whom she married on August 10th 1908. There are some things which the attorneys claim *are privileged* communications and decline to disclose. So how can the editor disclose all the facts when he has not got them? However Mrs. Askland says she has good grounds for a divorce and desires to obtain it and the restoration of her maiden name of Emma J. Dahle.—Sunbeam.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Wanted—School girl to assist with housework. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

A holding off of a killing frost has enabled many farmers in the northern portion of the corn belt to cut their corn with a harvester and thus save the large amount of valuable roughage that is for the most part wasted if the corn is husked in the field and the stalks allowed to stand. Well cured corn fodder is just as nutritious and valuable as timothy, and it is merely a matter of good management to save as much of it as one can use or sell.

Hordes of unemployed men from the larger cities of the country flocked to the big harvest fields west of the Mississippi river the past summer in the hope of reaping the high wages which they had been able to command in previous seasons. Instead of getting $4 a day, as they had hoped, they had to be content in most cases with $2, as there were harvest hands and to spare, the situation proving to be one in which helpers were competing for a chance to work rather than employers striving to get help at any price. Many who went west to get work were unable to secure it at all, with the result that the close of the harvest season in September found them far from home, with nothing to pay their way back.

As a determining factor in a person's success in life the importance of good health and a robust constitution can hardly be overestimated. It follows from this that any form of dissipation or excess which tends to undermine one's health or to render him less vigorous or energetic is a bar to the highest measure of success of which he would otherwise be capable. In all too many cases there does not come a realization of the force of this truth until it is too late to repair the damage which may have been effected through ignoring it. Many a young fellow who has no money at the start is nevertheless endowed with a fine physique, which as his chief and exclusive capital stock he should husband with the utmost care by clean and temperate living.

Some few weeks ago the district of East Kootenai, Saskatchewan, B. C., was visited by a forest fire which swept over a territory fifty miles in width, completely destroying the towns of Fernie, Cool Creek and Hosmer, killing 170 people, rendering 6,000 homeless and destroying property valued at $5,000,000. This disaster seems to be traceable to slipshod methods of lumbering which have been followed by employees of the Cedar Valley Lumbering company, they having been careless and left their brush or timber slashings without burning them. Other disastrous forest fires which have raged more recently in northern Minnesota, Michigan and Wisconsin have been the result largely of an extra dry condition which made the forests as inflammable as tinder and liable to ignition from passing trains, campfires and other causes. The prevalence of these destructive fires, whatever their cause, points to the need of greater precaution in lumbering methods and the establishing of patrols which shall report fires starting and summon aid sufficient to put them out before they gain headway. This method of safeguarding is followed by the federal government in its reserves on the Pacific coast with very satisfactory results.

MAY BUY A POOR FARM

City Council Considering the Advisability of Purchasing a Farm Near Town.

Poor People of the City Would Then Be Required to Live on the Farm.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening the matter of buying a farm near the city on which the poor people of the town are to be kept, was taken up for consideration. At present it is costing the city a considerable sum each year to keep the poor of the city and it is thought that if a poor farm was established, the cost could be reduced. A committee of three councilmen and two business men are to be appointed to consider the proposition and bids are to be asked of farmers, owning land near the city for the purchase of their farms.

The matter of giving the Northwestern Telephone company the right to put in a number of long distance phones in the various places of the city was rejected.

The tax levy for the next year was fixed as follows: Interest fund, one mill; improvement fund, one mill; sinking fund, one mill; poor fund, three mills; electric light fund, two mills; general fund, one mill; making a total of nine mills. This is three mills less than the tax of last year, but the assesed valuation of the city has been greatly increased and the amount will be about the same.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Oct. 3, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

- Brink, L. J.
- Burton, Frank
- Carnney, Willie
- Hughes, Frank Mrs.
- Hughes, Mrs. C. F.
- Holmen, O.
- Jarmuson, W. S.
- Mohler, Miss Minnie
- Olson, Mrs. Bertina
- Parker, Chas. P.
- Parter, Ed.
- Reed, S. H.
- Rankin, Edwin
- Rink, Lottie
- Sheffield, Car Co.
- Swanson, Gust S.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Track Laying Commenced.

The first steel for the extension of the Great Northern from Greenbush to Warroad was laid Monday. A mile and a half was laid the first day and the residents of Roseau are jubilent.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Another Good Time.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen are to give their second annual ball on Thanksgiving eve, Wed. evening November 25th, 1908. Those who attended the dance last year had an excellent time. The boys have made arrangements for the Armory so there will be plenty of room.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.

Sunday School 10.00 a. m.

Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

First Number of Lyceum Course.

The Madrigal Lady Entertainers will appear at the Presbyterian church Thursday evening, Oct. 15. This will be the first of a series of entertainments to be given during the season under the auspices of the ladies of the Presbyterian church. Lovers of music will enjoy hearing this delightful quartette, made up of the following personnel:—Da Eleanor Binkley, Soprano—Gertrude Munroe-Hite—Violin, Mezzo Soprano—Jessie B. Munroe, Alto, Pianist—A Scheidt, Contralto, Reader.

An Eccentric Genius.

Among the geniuses none perhaps was stranger than the poet Baudelaire who dyed his hair green, tried to strangle his father-in-law, used opium, tobacco and wine to excess and enjoyed perverted olfactory sensations. "My soul soars upon perfumes as the souls of other men soar upon music," he wrote. But what pleased him, strangely, were odors of putrefaction: vile smells which other men abhorred and the stenches of disease which made others sick. And yet his poetry is among the most passionately musical of the literature of France. He was exceedingly superstitious, believing he would not succeed in an undertaking unless he left a house first with the left foot, and would count the number of gas jets along the streets, the numbers of cabs and numbers of doors. Adding these figures in his mind, he would consider the result an omen—multiples of three good, multiples of seven reassuring, while his bad number was seventeen. Curiously, once he was thrown out of a cab, the figures of which he added and found amounted to seventeen.

A Sharp Swindler.

A fashionable young lady once drove up in a handsome carriage to a private lunatic asylum situated a few miles from Paris and requested to see the proprietor. Her wish being acceded to, she informed the doctor that she desired to place her husband under his care to see if a cruel mania under which he labored—viz, "that he had lost a large quantity of jewels"—could not be removed. After some hesitation the doctor consented, and the lady drove away directly to a jeweler's in Paris and selected jewels to the value of several thousand francs and requested one of the shopmen to go with her in her carriage to procure the money for the goods she had taken. She drove with him to the asylum, and, arriving there, he was shown into a room. The lady then sought the doctor, told him of the arrival of her husband and, getting into her carriage, again drove away. The rest may be imagined, but the poor fellow was confined several days before it was found they both had been "sold." The lady was never heard of after.

Wagner's Portrait.

When Wagner was in England supervising the first production of his operas, the music enthusiasts commissioned the artist Herkomer to paint the musician's portrait, but Wagner was dashing about in such a state of frenzy that he repelled impatiently every attempt to get him to give a "sitting." Still, Herkomer stuck to him like a limpet, fed with him, walked and talked with him, watched him conduct his orchestra, write music and read books. At last, when every attempt to secure a "sitting" had failed, Herkomer rose early one morning, painted with frenzied speed all day, spent a short night in restless sleep, rose early again and painted furiously, till on the second evening he sat down exhausted—but with his picture finished. Wagner was called in and threw up his hands in amazement. "Ah!" he cried. "Wonderful! That is exactly how I would like to look if I could."

Subscribe for the News.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Subscribe for the News.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel
Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

It isn't with the idea of helping the advertiser that women read and answer advertisements. It is because their intuition, proved by their experience, has convinced them that they personally benefit by reading them. They know it pays not only in the pure commercial sense, but in satisfaction. And that is why women are catholic in their advertisement reading.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to E. S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 31st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 16th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43 W. 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 498 thereof on the 26th day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and no-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.
First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
sept. 17-oct. 22 L. M. Hoag,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole B. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec. 18th, 1905, made Homestead entry, No. 1256, Serial No. 0571, for lots 4, N. ½ N. W. ¼, and S. E. ¼ N. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per. Walstedt, " " " " "
Frank Tilton, " " " " "
H. H. Skagen, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 23

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Leslin, of Anton, Minn., who, on July 28th, 1904, made H. E., No. 375, Serial No. 016, for S. E ¼, Section 7, Township 153, N., Range 41, W., 5th prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27th. day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Plin H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward Olson, of " "
Barney Tieman, of " "
Christ Brorby, of Kratka, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 23

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.
The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.
Every Howard is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.
"When you buy a Howard you *get* something."
We are distributers for this distinctive watch.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE

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for
THE NEWS

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session, 1907.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1907, and which are to be submitted to the electors of said State at the General Election of 1908.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 477 of the Laws of 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution (the latter section being the amendment to said Article nine (9), adopted in 1896), which sections now read as follows:

"Section 1. All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state: Provided, that the legislature may, by general law or special act, authorize municipal corporations to levy assessments for local improvements upon the property fronting upon such improvements, or upon the property to be benefited by such improvements, or both, without regard to cash valuation, and in such manner as the legislature may prescribe; and provided further, that for the purpose of defraying the expenses of laying water pipes and supplying any city or municipality with water, the legislature may, by general or special law, authorize any such city or municipality, having a population of five thousand or more, to levy an annual tax or assessment upon the lineal foot of all lands fronting on any water main or water pipe laid by such city or municipality within corporate limits of said city for supplying water to the citizens thereof without regard to the cash value of such property, and to empower such city to collect any such tax, assessments or fines, or penalties for failure to pay the same, or any fine or penalty for any violation of the rules of such city or municipality in regard to the use of water, or for any water rate due for the same; and provided further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description above a fixed and specified sum, of any and all natural persons and corporations. Such tax above such exempted sum may be uniform or it may be graded or progressive, but shall not exceed a maximum tax of five per cent.

"Section 2. The legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each year, and whenever it shall happen that such ordinary expenses of the state for any year shall exceed the income of the state for such year the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency of the preceding year, together with the estimated expenses of such ensuing year. But no law levying a tax or making other provisions for the payment of interest or principal of bonds denominated 'Minnesota State Railroad Bonds,' shall take effect or be in force until such law shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the state, and adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting upon the same.

"Section 3. Laws shall be passed taxing all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies, or otherwise, also all real and personal property, according to its true value in money; but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, shall, by general laws, be exempt from taxation.

"Section 4. Laws shall be passed for taxing the notes and bills discounted or purchased, moneys loaned, and all other property, effects, or dues of every description, of all banks and of all bankers, so that all property employed in banking shall always be subject to a taxation equal to that imposed on the property of individuals.

"Section 17. The legislature may impose, or provide for the imposition of, upon the property within this state of any and all owners or operators, whether corporate or individual, or otherwise, of any and all sleeping, parlor and drawing room cars, of any or either of the same, which run in, into or through this state; also upon the property within this state of any and all telegraph and telephone companies, or owners, whose lines are in, or extend in, into or through this state; also upon the property within this state of all express companies, or owners, or any or either of the same, doing business in this state; also upon the property within this state of all domestic insurance companies of this state of any kind; also upon the property within this state of any and all foreign insurance companies doing business in this state of any kind; also upon the property within this state of all owners or operators of any and all mines or of mineral ore situated in this state; also upon the property within this state of all boom companies or owners, and of all ship builders or owners doing business in this state or having a port therein; provided, that this act shall not apply to property owned by railroad companies, their lands and other property); and upon the property of either or any of such companies or owners,—a tax as uniform as reasonably may be with the taxes imposed upon similar property in said state, or upon the earnings thereof within this state, but may be graded or progressive, or both, and in providing for such tax, or in providing for, ascertaining the just and true value of such property, it shall be competent for the legislature in either or all such cases, to impose such tax upon any or all property thereof within this state, and in either case by taking as the basis of such imposition the proportionate business, earnings, mileage or quantity of production or property now or hereafter existing of any such companies, persons or owners, transacted or existing in this state, in relation to the entire business, mileage or quantity of production or property of such companies, persons or owners as aforesaid; or in such other manner, or by such other method as the legislature may determine; but the proceeds of such taxes upon mining property shall be distributed between the state and the various political subdivisions thereof wherein the same is situated, in the same proportion as the proceeds of taxes upon real property are distributed: Provided further, that nothing in this act contained shall operate to authorize the assessment or taxation of any farm land or ordinary business blocks or property owned by any such corporation, person, firm or company except in the manner provided by the ordinary methods of taxation."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Sec. 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200 for each household, individual, or head of a family, as the legislature may determine. But the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads."

This proposed constitutional amendment was submitted and voted upon at the last election and was declared carried. But a contest was instituted by interested parties, claiming that the amendment was not carried. That contest is now pending in the courts and it was on that account that the legislature decided to re-submit the amendment to the people, so that however the contest may be decided, the next legislature may have the power granted by the amendment. For the purpose of discussing the effect of the amendment I will assume that the same amendment submitted at the last election, did not carry.

The purpose and effect of this amendment would be to greatly enlarge the power of the legislature with reference to the subject of taxation. Section one (1) as it now stands provides that all taxes imposed shall be equal—as near as may be—on all forms of property, and all property upon which a tax is imposed is required to have a CASH VALUATION equalized throughout the state.

Section two (2) as it now stands requires the legislature to levy the necessary taxes annually to defray the expenses of the state. That is the duty of the legislature without any constitutional direction.

Section three (3) as it now stands provides that all real and personal property, including MONEYS, CREDITS and INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND STOCKS, shall be assessed according to their true value in money.

Section four (4) as it now stands provides that property employed in banking shall be subject to a tax equal to that imposed on other property. This is only a repetition of the requirements of Sections one (1) and three (3), as no rational person would claim that banking capital should be exempt from taxation.

Section seventeen (17) as it now stands is not easy to understand, but it was intended by that section to relieve from the operation of sections one (1) and three (3), above quoted, property of the classes therein enumerated, so that a gross earnings tax could be applied thereto instead of direct taxation.

Owing to the provisions of sections one (1) and three (3) of the present Constitution many amendments were from time to time added so as to permit taxes to be imposed on specific kinds of property otherwise than upon a cash valuation equalized throughout the state. We have among these exceptions railroad gross earnings taxes; municipal frontage taxes; inheritance taxes; and the gross earnings taxes authorized by said section seventeen (17).

Several exemptions from taxation are also provided for, but as these exemptions are not changed by the proposed amendment, I will make no further reference to them.

The amendment which, if adopted, would take the place of all of the sections and amendments above referred to, is simple and plain. No provision of the Constitution is necessary to authorize the imposition of the taxes necessary for the support of the state and its various political subdivisions. The power of taxation is inherent in government. This proposed amendment declares that this inherent power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away; that taxes shall be imposed for public purposes and shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. Should this amendment be adopted all property of every kind in the state would be subject to taxation, according to the method the legislature saw fit to adopt, provided only that the tax was levied for a public purpose and was uniform on the same class of subjects. Under this amendment every tax law we now have on the statue books would continue to be valid because under this amendment all limitations on the power of the legislature would be taken away.

The adoption of this amendment would, as indicated, repeal the so-called inheritance tax amendment, and the gross earnings tax amendment adopted in 1896, as contained in said Section seventeen (17), but in their place this amendment would give the legislature greater authority. Under this amendment the power to impose inheritance taxes would be unlimited, and any form of gross earnings tax would be valid. The gross earnings tax on railroads would not be affected by this amendment, as the Constitution provides that they cannot be changed without submitting the law making the change to a vote of the people. But with this amendment various new forms of taxation could be imposed, notably an income tax, a tonnage tax on iron ore and a registry tax on mortgages. Under the present Constitution we can impose no tax on mortgages owned by non-residents. A registry tax, which would be valid under this amendment, would reach all mortgages alike. While the Constitution requires all subjects of taxation to have a cash valuation with the tax equalized throughout the state, no proper income tax could be imposed.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 470 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section sixteen (16) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"The legislature is also authorized to provide for the appointment, by the governor of the state, of a board to be known as the 'State Highway Commission,' consisting of three (3) members, who shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law without salary or compensation other than personal expenses.

"Such commission shall have general superintendence of the construction of state roads and bridges and shall use such fund in the construction thereof and distribute the same in the several counties in the state upon an equitable basis. Provided further, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and, provided further, that no more than one-third (1-3) of such fund accruing in any year shall be expended for bridges, and in no case shall more than one-third (1-3) of the cost of construction or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to levy upon all the property of the state any amount necessary, in its judgment, for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein, and in so far removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution, whereby the legislature is prevented from levying for such purpose a tax exceeding one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on the taxable property within the state.

This amendment further authorizes the legislature to provide salary and compensation, including personal expences incurred in the performance of duty by the highway commission, or any other like officer entrusted by law with similar duties.

Finally, this amendment removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution upon the powers of the highway commission in the distribution of the road and bridge fund of the state whereby authorized, and the amount which the state may pay from such fund toward the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge, and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the legislature shall deem wise.

The adoption of this amendment will not interfere with the power of the legislature to create a highway commission and define its powers, nor will it interfere with the appointment and tenure of office of the present commission.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 379 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to add the following section to Article nine (9) of the Constitution as a new section:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to permit the state to become the trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or both. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax upon the lands of such persons ONLY as shall VOLUNTARILY list the same with their respective county auditors for such purpose. There can be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. Its adoption will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of the same by the officers of the state, but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from said fund and from no other. The state would assume no responsibility beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 490 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal the provisions of Section seven (7) of Article seven (7) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except county superintendents of schools, who shall be required to have educational qualifications to be determined by the legislature, and except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of county superintendent of schools. As the Constitution now stands any legal voter is eligible to the office of county superintendent of schools.

The foregoing four proposed amendments constitute all the amendments proposed for adoption at the ensuing General Election.

Yours respectfully,
EDWARD T. YOUNG,
Attorney General.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

EXPLORER HEDIN IN THIBET

Tells of Visit to the Holy Lake and the Discovery of a Great Mountain Range.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Dr. Sven Hedin, who will surely come to America to lecture and whose coming is awaited with pleasure by all who are interested in geographical explorations, has not yet been able to give us much of an idea of what he has seen during his last trip into the Asiatic interior, but to a friend in Stockholm he has related the following brief but interesting account of his latest achievement: "Two thousand miles of mountains, a pass 20,000 feet high and a lake of singular beauty, were my recent discoveries in Thibet. It may sound strange when one considers how thoroughly the world has been explored that at this late day it should be possible for any one to practically discover a mountain range 2,000 miles long. Such a discovery cannot be made again, for there is now no unexplored space on the globe big enough to contain another such mountain chain. I have named it after its highest peak, Hin Chen Tangla. I went down and camped by the holy lake Manassawar, the most early and most famous of all the lakes in the world, the goal of thousands of Hindu pilgrims, a lake which has been celebrated in religious hymns since the time of the Vedas. I was often near weeping for joy at the sight of this wonderful landscape of surpassing grandeur, and I cherish a secret hope to be able some day to describe it in words for others, to be able in my insignificance to utter a feeble and faltering word of praise to the Almighty. I have no words in which to describe it. To my dying day I never shall forget it. Shut in between two of the greatest mountain chains of the world, Kains in the north and Gurla Manochata in the south, stretches the holy lake, almost round in form and nearly twenty-five kilometers in diameter." This is merely giving the reader a faint idea of what will be forthcoming in Dr. Hedin's book, which of course will be published in all the modern languages of the world.

A Dane by the name of Evjolfssen, aged about twenty-two, committed suicide the other day while apparently enjoying an auto ride out on Strandvagen. He stopped his machine all of a sudden, drew a revolver and fired a shot into his head, which killed him almost instantly. No one seems to know the cause of the terrible act on the part of this young man, who seemed to have lots of money and was, to judge from his dress, a man of refinement.

According to official reports, the English minister to Sweden, Sir J. Rennell Rodd, has been appointed minister to Rome and will be succeeded by the English minister at Teheran, Sir C. A. Spring-Rice. Mr. Spring-Rice is a descendant from an old English family and was born in 1859. He made his first diplomatic achievements at Washington, D. C., Tokio, Berlin and Constantinople. In 1900 he was appointed charge de'affares at Teheran, and n 1903 he became secretary of the embassy at St. Petersburg.

The state church of Sweden held its annual convention in Stockholm a short time ago and clergymen from all parts of the country were present at the "church riksdag," which it has been characteristically called for a number of years. The appropriations made for various charity and missionary work, both home and foreign, amounted to about 45,000 crowns in round numbers.

Rents are outrageously high in Stockholm. For a suite of ten rooms a price varying from 2,500 to 6,000 crowns is asked, all according to the neighborhood in which they are located. The result is, of course, that a great many flats are standing empty and even people of means are commencing to register their complaints.

A recent telegram from London states that Dr. Sven Hedin, the explorer, has arrived at Simla, in British India, and that he is already on his way home to Sweden. It goes without saying that he will be accorded a magnificent reception when he arrives in Stockholm.

King Gustaf's moose hunt up around Hunneberg turned out to be very successful and he will continue the hunt there again in the very near future. The king and his party killed four moose and a big lot of small game.

Stockholm's oldest inhabitant, Johanna Berlius, celebrated her birthday Sept. 10. She was then 100 years old and is still enjoying the very best of health and is able to take a long promenade every day.

The city of Stockholm will during the next year spend not less than 3,000,000 for street improvements. This is the greatest sum that the city has ever expended during the course of one year.

A case of Asiatic cholera was found aboard the Finnish steamer "Tornea" when it landed in Stockholm a week from last Tuesday. The vessel was immediately quarantined.

Paul Isberg, governor of Stockholm's "lan," died Sept. 10. He was a man of much executive ability and was for a number of years a valued member of Stockholm's school board. He was born in Lund in 1848 and graduated from Lund university in 1866.

Count Gustaf Sparre, speaker of the first chamber of the Swedish riksdag has tendered his resignation and will not be a candidate for re-election from the Vesternorrland district.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Aschehoug & Co. have commenced to publish the history of Norway in six volumes. It commences with Professor Sar's history of the Sverdrup ministry, 1884-89. The period between 1530-1660 will be treated by Yngvar Nielson. Axel Bugge will treat the Viking age, Ebbe Hertzeberg the Christian saga times, Professor Taranger the middle age, Dr. Oscar Albert Johnson the monarchial period up to 1814 and Ernst Sares will devote himself to the period beginning 1814 and ending in 1895. This magnificent undertaking has aroused much interest among historians all over the country and is expected to be completed in 1914. It will be illustrated Konservator Visted, who will make a thorough investigation of all Norwegian libraries and museums for proper material. It is a big undertaking, but every one seems to have faith in the company which has undertaken the work and believe that they can handle the proposition successfully.

The minister of justice has appointed a commission to work out a plan of compulsory arbitration in labor disputes, and at the same time deal with the right of organization. As stated before, Norway has lately been cursed by all manner of strikes and boycotts and a demand for compulsory arbitration to adjust the differences of labor and capital have arisen. One of the members of the commission, which was appointed in accordance with a royal decree, is Dr. Einar Einarson, of the University of Copenhagen, who is expected to take hold of the work in earnest.

Mme. Gyda Christensen, while taking the leading part in the "Merry Widow" at a Bergen theater the other evening, accidentally sprained her ankle, but played her part through just the same. When she had finished her parts she fainted and was taken to a hospital, where the physicians in charge of her case forbid her to make an appearance on the stage until she will be perfectly well.

There have been quite a few cases of smallpox in Christiania lately and the existence there of the dreaded disease has alarmed the health authorities, who have, however, taken every precautionary action possible. At the latest writing they have all the cases under complete control and hope to stamp out the disease entirely.

Up to August 31st, this year, there were 97,600 barrels of Norwegian herring salted and exported to foreign countries. This shows a slight falling off in the herring business as compared with the year of 1906, during which period there were 118,000 barrels salted and shipped.

Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria of England are at present in Christiania, the guests of the royal family. They were later joined by the dowager empress of Russia who will make an extended visit in Norway and will make a tour among the fjords this fall.

During the first half of the present year the United States sent postal money orders to Norway amounting to 4,500,000 crowns. On the other hand Norway sent in postal money orders to the United States about 425,000 crowns.

Gustav Nielson, the eminent pianist, who has spent the past ten years in Berlin and Edinburgh, has now returned to Norway and settled in Trondhjem, where he will do concert work and give instruction.

The main building of the Trondhjem exposition has been sold to the executive committee of the Bergen exposition, which is already getting busy for the big Bergen fair, which will be held there in 1910.

The late Madame Astrup has presented the National Art Gallery, Tideman's "Sinclair's Landing" and Gude's "Fanestranden." The two paintings are valued at 50,000 crowns.

Mme. Dybwad has received the king's medal in gold for her interpretation of dramatic art.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A dispatch states that the Christensen cabinet has resigned but that the king has requested the members to remain in office until the rigsdag convenes. The direct cause of the cabinet crisis is the $2,000,000 embezzlement of which Alberti, a former member, was found guilty.

The Danish East India company has sold its ships to an English concern, which has recently been organized with a capital of $620,000. The English company will maintain a branch office at Copenhagen and will have its main office in London.

The Alberti swindlerles continue to be every man's topic and the unfortunate affair is far from settled. Depositors are clamoring for a rigid investigation and all efforts on the part of the government to hush up the whole matter have proven futile.

Gustaf Wied, a Danish playwright, has created a good deal of attention in Germany with a recent play of his and has contracted with German managers to produce six of his dramas during the coming season.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A writ of habeas corpus signed by R. W. Archibald, judge of the district court of the United States for the Western district of Pennsylvania, and commanding Sheriff Lane of Westchester county, N. Y., "forthwith to produce the body of Harry K. Thaw in Pittsburg," was served on the sheriff at White Plains, N. Y. After reading the writ Sheriff Lane formally notified the deputy who served the paper that he would refuse to obey the order to take Thaw to Pittsburg.

Judges Gilbert, Morrow and Ross of the United States circuit court of appeals at San Francisco announced that they were unable to agree in the matter of the injunction sought by the Southern Pacific and Oregon and California railroads as to the fixing of freight rates on lumber by the interstate commerce commission. The case will be certified to the United States supreme court.

The Indiana legislative inquiry into the bribery charges against Governor Hanly and Senator Wickwire by Representative Knisely ended in a complete vindication for the governor and a finding that Representative Knisely would not have accepted a bribe if tendered.

Ten thousand school children in Chicago are insufficiently nourished, some live constantly on the verge of starvation and many are not clad enough to keep them in a healthy condition, *according to a report made to* the board of education.

During a hand to hand fight between students of the Illinois state university and authorities of the city of Urbana, who were trying to arrest the students, many policemen and students were injured.

The convention of the American Bankers' association at Denver placed itself squarely on record as against both the proposition to guarantee bank deposits and to establish postal savings banks.

The long drought in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, which has resulted in serious forest fires, stopped industrial pursuits and caused a water famine in many districts, has been broken.

The Wisconsin supreme court has declared as unconstitutional the state eight-hour railroad telegraphers' law, which was enacted at the 1907 session of the legislature.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

The king of Italy has officially sanctioned the wedding of the Duke of Abruzzi to Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of the United States senator from West Virginia. The approval of the king came only after a bitter struggle in both family and court circles, to which the papers of Italy added the full weight of their open and expressed hostility.

At Reno, Nov., Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, was granted an absolute divorce from his wife, Jessie Dermott Goodwin, known as Maxine Elliott, on the ground of desertion. There was no semblance of a contest on the part of the attorneys representing Mrs. Goodwin. The proceeding occupied only eleven minutes.

It is reported from Venezuela that President Castro has refused to receive from Baron Seckendorff, the German minister at Caracas, the second note of The Netherlands government on the difficulties between that country and Venezuela.

Thomas W. Lawson, the financier, was thrown from his carriage while driving near North Scituate, Mass., and severely injured by the fall and by being kicked by the horse. Mr. Lawson was unconscious for several hours after the accident.

Mr. Taft made sixteen speeches in Nebraska, the home state of his opponent, five of these being at Lincoln, Mr. Bryan's home town.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 5.—Wheat—Dec., $1.01⅝; May, $1.05⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅞; No. 3 Northern, 96@99½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03½; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅝; Dec., $1.01⅛; May, $1.05⅛; Oct., $1.01; Nov., $1.02. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.23⅝; Oct., $1.22⅝; Nov., $1.23½; Dec., $1.21⅞; May, $1.26⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $2.75@6.00. Hogs—$6.00@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.15; yearlings, $4.00@4.25; spring lambs, $4.75@5.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 5. — Wheat—Oct., 98¼c; Dec., 98⅞@99c; May, $1.02⅞@1.02¾; July, 96½c. Corn—Oct., 74c; Dec., 64¾@64⅞c; May, 64⅜c; July, 63¾@63⅞c. Oats—Dec., 49c; May, 51@51⅛c; July, 46⅝c. Pork—Oct., $14.10; Dec., $14.25; Jan., $16.25; May, $16.00. Butter—Creameries, 20@25c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—28c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 14c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@7.55; Texans, $3.40@4.90; Western steers, $3.25@5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.75; cows and heifers, $1.70@5.50; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs—Light, $6.15@6.90; mixed, $6.25@7.05; heavy, $6.25@7.10; rough, $6.25@6.45; good to choice heavy, $7.00@7.10; pigs, $3.60@5.75. Sheep, $2.50@4.40; yearlings, $4.40@5.00; lambs, $4.00@6.10.

MINNESOTA NEWSBITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The record total of 27,667,990 bushels of grain made up the September business of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce. The state inspection department passed upon 23,765 cars. Of wheat alone 17,115,140 bushels arrived in Minneapolis, most of which was immediately taken by local or country flour mills, although there was some accumulation of wheat in elevator storage late in the month.

Owing to the increase in the amount of taxable property found in the state the state auditor, in making the levy for the taxes to be paid next year, recommends a tax of 3.33 mills, as against 3.48 mills for this year. The total amount of assessed property in 1907 was $1,048,000,000, as against a net valuation of $1,063,630,000 for this year.

L. W. Ayer of Belle Prairie, timber cruiser for the state forestry commissioner, has reported to General Andrews that the timber loss in the range fires was not so great as at first reported. So far as his present investigations have gone it seems that not nearly so much timber was destroyed as in the fires of 1894.

The Washburn-Crosby Milling company is planning to erect a $500,000 building in Minneapolis to be used as its offices. The milling concern moved from spacious quarters in the Metropolitan Life building to more spacious quarters in the new Chamber of Commerce but a few years ago.

Pledging themselves to uphold Samuel Gompers' suggestion to support William J. Bryan for the presidency of the United States 600 men, representing various labor unions of Minneapolis, formed the American Federation of Labor Political club of Minneapolis.

Minneapolis manufacturers are at the head of a company just formed in that city known as the People's Gas, Light and Fuel company. It is proposed to expend $1,000,000 on a gas plant and to furnish gas at not to exceed 80 cents per thousand cubic feet.

The failure of Sumner T. McKnight to observe the requirements of the law in regard to the execution of a codicil to his last will and testament has resulted in a loss of $25,000 to the Home for Children and Aged Women of Minneapolis.

James J. Hill of St. Paul has given $6,000 to Minnesota college, Minneapolis, for a new building for the institution, which is controlled by the Minnesota conference of the Swedish Lutheran church.

The department for the manufacture of farm machinery in the state prison at Stillwater is to be enlarged and the output of the factory is to be increased.

The production of creamery butter in this state increased 9,000,000 pounds in four years and now reaches the total of 87,014,817 pounds for the year 1907.

After thirty-seven years of service Professor W. W. Payne has resigned his position in Carleton college, Northfield, and will retire upon a Carnegie pension.

OBITUARY.

Dr. J. W. McGaughey of Winona, a prominent physician and vice president of the Minnesota state board of health, died very suddenly of apoplexy. Dr. McGaughey was one of the most prominent medical men of the state and had been connected with the state board of health for a number of years. He was about seventy years of age.

Rev. Charles P. Boardman, pastor of the Thirty-eighth Street Congregational church and well known in Minneapolis for the sympathetic interest he took in the affairs of organized labor, died suddenly in that city from heart failure.

Mrs. Annie Schmidt, who was the mother of twenty children, died at her home in the town of Carlisle, Otter Tail county, at the age of sixty years. Sixteen of the children survive her.

Lindley H. Wiggin, for many years an auctioneer and conspicuous figure in the early history of Minneapolis, is dead in that city, where he had resided continuously since 1860.

William S. Campbell, county attorney of Mahnomen county, is dead at a private hospital in Minneapolis. Mr. Campbell was forty years old and a quarter breed Indian.

Samuel P. Driggers, aged eighty-nine, a pioneer resident of Watonwan county, this state, is dead in South Dakota, where he had taken a homestead.

Colonel William Liep, aged seventy-eight, a resident of Minnesota since 1856, is dead at his home at White Bear lake.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The St. Barnabas hospital ambulance was wrecked in a collision with a Bloomington avenue car at Minneapolis. The ambulance was smashed and its occupant, Ida Male of Dawson, this state, was thrown to the pavement. She was not seriously injured.

Samuel Johnson, a stonemason of Jackson, was found dead in a stairway leading to a basement in the Best block. It is supposed that in going home at night he accidentally slipped off the walk and fell head first down the steps.

The large livery barn of William Wallace at Fairmont was burned to the ground with a large amount of hay and feed and fourteen horses.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Report on Pillsbury-Washburn Company Published.

Marwick, Mitchell & Co., chartered accountants, who have been examining the books in Minneapolis of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company and of the Northern Elevator company in behalf of the receivers of the two companies, have submitted their report.

The general consolidated liabilities of the two companies are shown to be $5,203,546.92. The quick assets are given at $2,358,689.66 and the mill properties of the Pillsbury-Washburn company and the properties of the Minneapolis and Northern company combined at $3,991,636.55. This makes the excess of assets over liabilities of $1,145,626.65.

Without access to the books of the company in London it is stated on information that the company has a debenture indebtedness against the mill and water properties which amounted on Aug. 8 to a lien of $4,335,000. The water power properties of the company, however, are estimated to be worth more than enough to offset the debenture indebtedness. In estimating the excess of assets of the company the equity in the water power is not included nor the valuation of brands or good will.

WOMAN USES REVOLVER

St. Paul Man Is Probably Fatally Wounded.

During a neighborhood row at St. Paul William Koch, sixty-five years of age, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Mrs. Rosalia Keinberger. She also shot at Ernest Koch, son of the old man, but missed him.

A feud of long standing has existed between the two families and when Mr. Keinberger attempted to put up a fence between the two houses the Kochs objected and father and son, it is said, attacked Keinberger. His wife came to the rescue and in the heat of the battle she rushed into the house, procured a revolver and, returning, fired a shot at her two antagonists.

The old man fell with a bullet wound in his side. His condition is critical. Mrs. Keinberger was immediately arrested.

HOWLEY MAKES CHARGES

President of Minnesota Federation of Labor After Hearst.

George B. Howley, president of the State Federation of Labor, openly declared, in a meeting of labor men at Federation hall at St. Paul, that he had been offered $100 a week to stump the state for Hisgen and Graves and prevent, if possible, Bryan carrying the labor vote of Minnesota.

He said that at the next meeting of the American Federation of Labor Political club, which he was addressing, he would produce letters showing that prominent men in the State Federation of Labor had been offered $1,000 to take a vacation of two months and keep their mouths shut.

Town Has Narrow Escape.

Fire at Wells destroyed the brick mill of the Wells Flour Milling company, capacity 1,000 barrels daily, and one frame elevator belonging to the same company. The loss is estimated at $80,000. The local fire company did valiant work and with difficulty saved another flour mill, several elevators, the railroad shops, lumber yards, some smaller factories and many residences. The fact that there was no wind probably saved the entire business and manufacturing part of the city.

University Building Burned.

Anatomy hall, formerly the medical building at the state university at Minneapolis, has been totally destroyed by a fire. Only the thick walls remain of the building which was visited by destructive fires three, four and five years ago. The fire also leaped over the Millard hall about three feet south of Anatomy hall and caused a damage of about $1,000. The damage to Anatomy hall and its contents is estimated at about $15,000.

Negro Shoots Alleged Robber.

Mike Crotty, a teamster, was shot at St. Paul by Harry Hicks, a colored man, sustaining injuries which will probably prove fatal. Crotty robbed Miss Christina Benson of her handbag, and Hicks, with Lester De Boe, another colored man, giving chase, opened fire on the fugitive. He fired two shots, one bullet grazing Crotty's right temple, the other hitting him below the shoulder and piercing the left lung. Crotty was taken to the city hospital. He will die.

Gas Kills Aged Woman.

Mrs. Mary McMann, aged sixty, was found dead in bed at the Kendall hotel at St. Paul. The gas in her room was turned on and death was due to asphyxiation. Mrs. McMann was on her way from Clare, Ia., to Butte, Mont., traveling alone. She had been called to Butte by a probably fatal accident to her son, employed in a mine in the Montana town.

Grain and Horses Burned.

Eighteen hundred bushels of oats and a large quantity of hay were destroyed in a fire which broke out in the barn on Mr. Hinith's farm at Western, Otter Tail county. Six horses which were in the barn when the conflagration began perished in the flames, all efforts to rescue them being ineffectual.

Waverly Postoffice Robbed.

Burglars robbed the safe in the Waverly postoffice and secured $15 in cash and $200 worth of stamps. The safe was locked, but the burglars worked the combination. This is the second time this year that the Waverly postoffice has been robbed.

BRIBERY ALLEGED

Minneapolis School Board Official Indicted.

TWO DETECTIVES AT WORK

General Probing of Municipal Affairs Planned by Business Interests.

Backed by an organization of business men who for the present refuse to allow their identity to be known two private detectives, one a kinsman of the sleuth who unearthed the municipal scandals in San Francisco, have been at work in Minneapolis since last March collecting evidence which is thought to have justified the indictment of W. E. Hicks, secretary of the board of education, on four charges involving bribery.

The indictments charge Mr. Hicks with procuring a position on the teaching force for a money consideration, with accepting money for securing a position for W. J. Burns, one of the detectives known to Mr. Hicks as W. J. Baxter, and with illegalities in awarding plumbing contracts to G. E. Burns, the other detective.

While there was nothing in the case so far to indicate any set plan for future action the presence in Minneapolis of these two detectives convinces many persons that the plan of operations adopted in San Francisco will be carried out in the Mill City. The method there was first to secure the indictment of one party to the transactions under suspicion and from him to get incriminating information concerning the others.

Hicks was arraigned in court, pleaded not guilty to the charges and was released on $10,000 bail.

DROWNS HERSELF AND BABY

Minneapolis Woman Despondent Over Absence of Husband.

The body of Mrs. Eric Sutherland, with her year-old babe clasped in her arms, was found in four feet of water in Powderhorn lake at Minneapolis.

The young woman, despondent over the continued absence of her husband, had walked into the water with her child and had lain down to die.

A note was found beside the body in which Mrs. Sutherland blamed nobody but herself for her death.

The bodies were found by an employe of the park board, who noticed a feather boa floating on the water. In attempting to pull it out he was horrified to see the face of a woman, with a child in her arms, staring at him from the bottom of the lake.

Mrs. Sutherland was formerly Libby Erickson of Cambridge, this state.

Sutherland has been gone from Minneapolis for about a year and it is his unexplained absence that drove his young wife to suicide, neighbors think.

CRUSHED UNDER WHEELS

Driver of Stillwater Hose Cart Critically Hurt.

Paul Gelhar, driver of the Stillwater hose cart, was critically injured after a fire at the thresher factory at that place. His team took fright at the puffing of a locomotive while the hose was being loaded and he tried to stop them. He was knocked down, the hoof of one horse struck his chin and the cart wheels ran over his neck and chest.

Gelhar was taken to the city hospital, where it was found that he was in a dangerous condition and that his legs were paralyzed, indicating spinal injury.

Get Pointers in Minnesota.

George W. Donaghey, governor-elect of Arkansas, spent a short time in the Twin Cities securing information regarding Minnesota's farm school and other educational institutions. Accompanying him were George B. Cook, superintendent of public instruction; John M. Tillman, president of the University of Arkansas, and Dr. Wallace Buttrick, secretary of the general educational board.

[illegible]ld Holdup in Minneapolis.

A genuine Western holdup, pulled off [illegible] good old fashioned way, was perpetrated at Minneapolis by two well dressed young men, heavily masked with handkerchiefs and armed with heavy army revolvers, in the saloon of Peter Belline. The bandits secured a little over $35 and escaped.

Relief Fund Not Too Big.

Voicing an emphatic denial of the report that the Chisholm relief committee had a surplus of funds Mayor Haven of Duluth, who is chairman of the relief committee, said: "The report was made without authority from the commission. It is without foundation in fact."

Gasoline Drink Is Fatal.

Herbert, the twenty-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Fallenstein of Mankato, drank some gasoline while playing about the house and died shortly afterward.

Woman Killed by Cow.

Mrs. James Ramsey, wife of a pro[illegible] farmer of Norman county, w[illegible] killed by being kicked in the abdo[illegible] by a vicious cow.

Kick of Horse Kills Boy.

Johnnie, aged sixteen years, son of George Wilbrecht, was killed at [illegible] Valley by the kick of a horse.

An Eccentric Genius.

Among the geniuses none perhaps was stranger than the poet Baudelaire who dyed his hair green, tried to strangle his father-in-law, used opium, tobacco and wine to excess and enjoyed perverted olfactory sensations. "My soul soars upon perfumes as the souls of other men soar upon music," he wrote. But what pleased him, strangely, were odors of putrefaction, vile smells which other men abhorred and the stenches of disease which made others sick. And yet his poetry is among the most passionately musical of the literature of France. He was exceedingly superstitious, believing he would not succeed in an undertaking unless he left a house first with the left foot, and would count the number of gas jets along the streets, the numbers of cabs and numbers of doors. Adding these figures in his mind, he would consider the result an omen—multiples of three good, multiples of seven reassuring, while his bad number was seventeen. Curiously, once he was thrown out of a cab, the figures of which he added and found amounted to seventeen.

A Sharp Swindler.

A fashionable young lady once drove up in a handsome carriage to a private lunatic asylum situated a few miles from Paris and requested to see the proprietor. Her wish being acceded to, she informed the doctor that she desired to place her husband under his care to see if a cruel mania under which he labored—viz, "that he had lost a large quantity of jewels"—could not be removed. After some hesitation the doctor consented, and the lady drove away directly to a jeweler's in Paris and selected jewels to the value of several thousand francs and requested one of the shopmen to go with her in her carriage to procure the money for the goods she had taken. She drove with him to the asylum, and, arriving there, he was shown into a room. The lady then sought the doctor, told him of the arrival of her husband and, getting into her carriage, again drove away. The rest may be imagined, but the poor fellow was confined several days before it was found they both had been "sold." The lady was never heard of after.

Wagner's Portrait.

When Wagner was in England supervising the first production of his operas, the music enthusiasts commissioned the artist Herkomer to paint the musician's portrait, but Wagner was dashing about in such a state of frenzy that he repelled impatiently every attempt to get him to give a "sitting." Still, Herkomer stuck to him like a limpet, fed with him, walked and talked with him, watched him conduct his orchestra, write music and read books. At last, when every attempt to secure a "sitting" had failed, Herkomer rose early one morning, painted with frenzied speed all day, spent a short night in restless sleep, rose early again and painted furiously, till on the second evening he sat down exhausted—but with his picture finished. Wagner was called in and threw up his hands in amazement. "Ah!" he cried. "Wonderful! That is exactly how I would like to look if I could."

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A. STENSETH.

It isn't with the idea of

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to E. S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 31st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 15th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43 W. 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 498 thereof on the 26th. day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and no-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.

sept. 17-oct. 22

L. M. Hoag,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole B. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec. 13th. 1905, made Homestead entry, No. 1236, Serial No. 0571, for lots 4, N.½ N. W.¼, and S. E.¼ N. W.¼, Section 28, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per. Walstedt, " " " " "
Frank Tilton, " " " " "
H. H. Skagen, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.

sept. 17-oct. 22

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Leslie, of Anton, Minn., who, on July 28th, 1904, made H. E., No. 375, Serial No. 016, for S. E.¼, Section 7, Township 153, N., Range 41, W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27 th. day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Plin H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward Olson, of " "
Barney Tieman, of " "
Christ Brorby, of Kratka, "

R. J. MONTAGUE.
Register.

sept. 17-oct. 22

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Designs and Esti-

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session, 1907.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1907, and which are to be submitted to the electors of said State at the General Election of 1908.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 477 of the Laws of 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution (the latter section being the amendment to said Article nine (9), adopted in 1896), which sections now read as follows:

"Section 1. All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state: Provided, that the legislature may, by general law or special act, authorize municipal corporations to levy assessments for local improvements upon the property fronting upon such improvements, or upon the property to be benefited by such improvements, or both, without regard to cash valuation, and in such manner as the legislature may prescribe: and provided further, that for the purpose of defraying the expenses of laying water pipes and supplying any city or municipality with water, the legislature may, by general or special law, authorize any such city or municipality, having a population of five thousand or more, to levy an annual tax or assessment upon the lineal foot of all lands fronting on any water main or water pipe laid by such city or municipality within corporate limits of said city for supplying water to the citizens thereof without regard to the cash value of such property, and to empower such city to collect any such tax, assessments or fines, or penalties for failure to pay the same, or any fine or penalty for any violation of the rules of such city or municipality in regard to the use of water, or for any water rate due for the same; and provided further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inher-

owners or operators of any and all mines or of mineral ores situated in this state; also upon the property within this state of all boom companies or owners, and of all ship builders or owners doing business in this state or having a port therein; provided, that this act shall not apply to property owned by railroad companies, their lands and other property); and upon the property of either or any of such companies or owners,—a tax as uniform as reasonably may be with the taxes imposed upon similar property in said state, or upon the earnings thereof within this state, but may be graded or progressive, or both, and in providing for such tax, or in providing for ascertaining the just and true value of such property, it shall be competent for the legislature in either or all such cases, to impose such tax upon any or all property thereof within this state, and in either case by taking as the basis of such imposition the proportionate business, earnings, mileage or quantity of production or property now or hereafter existing of any such companies, persons or owners, transacted or existing in this state, in relation to the entire business, mileage or quantity of production or property of such companies, persons or owners as aforesaid; or in such other manner, or by such other method as the legislature may determine; but the proceeds of such taxes upon mining property shall be distributed between the state and the various political subdivisions thereof wherein the same is situated, in the same proportion as the proceeds of taxes upon real property are distributed: Provided further, that nothing in this act contained shall operate to authorize the assessment or taxation of any farm land or ordinary business blocks or property owned by any such corporation, person, firm or company except in the manner provided by the ordinary methods of taxation."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Sec. 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200 for each household, individual, or head of a family, as the legislature may determine. But the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads."

This proposed constitutional amendment was submitted and voted upon at the last election and was declared carried. But a contest was instituted by interested parties, claiming that the amendment was not carried. That contest is now pending in the courts and it was on that account that the legislature decided to re-submit the amendment to the people, so that however the contest may be decided, the next legislature may have the power granted by the amendment. For the purpose of discussing the effect of the amendment I will assume that the same amendment submitted at the last election, did not carry.

The purpose and effect of this amendment would be to greatly enlarge the power of the legislature with reference to the subject of taxation. Section one (1) as it now stands provides that all taxes imposed shall be equal—as near as may be—on all forms of property, and all property upon which a tax is imposed is required to have a CASH VALUATION equalized throughout the state.

Section two (2) as it now stands requires the legislature to levy the necessary taxes annually to defray the expenses of the state. That is the duty of the legislature without any constitutional direction.

Section three (3) as it now stands provides that all real and personal property, including MONEYS, CREDITS and INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND STOCKS, shall be assessed according to their true value in money.

Section four (4) as it now stands provides that property employed in banking shall be subject to a tax equal to that imposed on other property. This is only a repetition of the requirements of Sections one (1) and three (3), as no rational person would claim that banking capital should be exempt from taxation.

Section seventeen (17) as it now stands is not easy to understand, but it was intended by that section to relieve from the

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 470 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section sixteen (16) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"The legislature is also authorized to provide for the appointment, by the governor of the state, of a board to be known as the 'State Highway Commission,' consisting of three (3) members, who shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law without salary or compensation other than personal expenses.

"Such commission shall have general superintendence of the construction of state roads and bridges and shall use such fund in the construction thereof and distribute the same in the several counties in the state upon an equitable basis. Provided further, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and, provided further, that no more than one-third (1-3) of such fund accruing in any year shall be expended for bridges, and in no case shall more than one-third (1-3) of the cost of construction or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to levy upon all the property of the state any amount necessary, in its judgment, for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein, and in so far removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution, whereby the legislature is prevented from levying for such purpose a tax exceeding one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on the taxable property within the state.

This amendment further authorizes the legislature to provide salary and compensation, including personal expenses incurred in the performance of duty by the highway commission, or any other like officer entrusted by law with similar duties.

Finally, this amendment removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution upon the powers of the highway commission in the distribution of the road and bridge fund of the state whereby authorized, and the amount which the state may pay from such fund toward the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge, and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the legislature shall deem wise.

The adoption of this amendment will not interfere with the power of the legislature to create a highway commission and define its powers, nor will it interfere with the appointment and tenure of office of the present commission.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 379 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to add the following section to Article nine (9) of the Constitution as a new section:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that urpose, and no payment shall be made any such damages except from the d so provided."

he purpose and effect of this amend- t is to authorize the legislature to mit the state to become the trustee in collection and disbursement of a fund the payment of damages to growing s by hail or wind, or both. This fund be created and maintained by a spe- tax upon the lands of such persons LY as shall VOLUNTARILY list the e with their respective county audit- for such purpose. There can be no for such purpose imposed on the lands ny owner who does not consent there- Its adoption will authorize the legis- ure to direct that the taxing machinery the state be used to levy and collect tax necessary to raise such fund, and provide for the disbursement of the me by the officers of the state, but any yments to be made by the state by rea- of damage by hail or wind will have be made from said fund and from no er. The state would assume no re- nsibility beyond the amount of such d, and could not further be rendered ble.

OURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

he fourth proposed amendment is con- ned in Chapter 480 of the laws of Min- ota for the year 1907. By this amend- t it is sought to repeal the provisions Section seven (7) of Article seven (7) the Constitution, which section now ds as follows:

Every person who by the provisions this article shall be entitled to vote at election shall be eligible to any office ich now is, or hereafter shall be, elec- by the people in the district wherein shall have resided thirty days previous such election, except as otherwise pro- d in this Constitution, or the Constitu- ion and laws of the United States."

l to substitute therefor the following:

Every person who by the provisions of article shall be entitled to vote at election shall be eligible to any office ch now is, or hereafter shall be, elec- by the people in the district wherein shall have resided thirty days previous such election, except county super- ndents of schools, who shall be re- ed to have educational qualifications be determined by the legislature, and ept as otherwise provided in this Con- ution, or the Constitution and laws of United States."

he purpose and effect of this amend- nt is to authorize the legislature to re- re educational qualifications, in addi- n to all the other qualifications now re- ed by law, for any person seeking the e of county superintendent of schools. the Constitution now stands any legal er is eligible to the office of county erintendent of schools.

he foregoing four proposed amend- nts constitute all the amendments pro- ed for adoption at the ensuing General ction.

Yours respectfully.
EDWARD T. YOUNG,
Attorney General.

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

EXPLORER HEDIN IN THIBET

Tells of Visit to the Holy Lake and the Discovery of a Great Mountain Range.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Dr. Sven Hedin, who will surely come to America to lecture and whose coming is awaited with pleasure by all who are interested in geographical explorations, has not yet been able to give us much of an idea of what he has seen during his last trip into the Asiatic interior, but to a friend in Stockholm he has related the following brief but interesting account of his latest achievement: "Two thousand miles of mountains, a pass 20,000 feet high and a lake of singular beauty, were my recent discoveries in Thibet. It may sound strange when one considers how thoroughly the world has been explored that at this late day it should be possible for any one to practically discover a mountain range 2,000 miles long. Such a discovery cannot be made again, for there is now no unexplored space on the globe big enough to contain another such mountain chain. I have named it after its highest peak, Nin Chen Tangla. I went down and camped by the holy lake Manasawar, the most early and most famous of all the lakes in the world, the goal of thousands of Hindu pilgrims, a lake which has been celebrated in religious hymns since the time of the Vedas. I was often near weeping for joy at the sight of this wonderful landscape of surpassing grandeur, and I cherish a secret hope to be able some day to describe it in words for others, to be able in my insignificance to utter a feeble and faltering word of praise to the Almighty. I have no words in which to describe it. To my dying day I never shall forget it. Shut in between two of the greatest mountain chains of the world, Kalas in the north and Gurla Manochata in the south, stretches the holy lake, almost round in form and nearly twenty-five kilometers in diameter." This is merely giving the reader a faint idea of what will be forthcoming in Dr. Hedin's book, which of course will be published in all the modern languages of the world.

A Dane by the name of Evjolfssen, aged about twenty-two, committed suicide the other day while apparently enjoying an auto ride out on Strandvagen. He stopped his machine all of a sudden, drew a revolver and fired a shot into his head, which killed him almost instantly. No one seems to know the cause of the terrible act on the part of this young man, who seemed to have lots of money and was, to judge from his dress, a man of refinement.

According to official reports, the English minister to Sweden, Sir J. Rennell Rodd, has been appointed minister to Rome and will be succeeded by the English minister at Teheran, Sir C. A. Spring-Rice. Mr. Spring-Rice is a descendant from an old English family and was born in 1859. He made his first diplomatic achievements at Washington, D. C., Tokio, Berlin and Constantinople. In 1900 he was appointed charge de'affares at Teheran, and in 1903 he became secretary of the embassy at St. Petersburg.

The state church of Sweden held its annual convention in Stockholm a short time ago and clergymen from all parts of the country were present at the "church riksdag," which it has been characteristically called for a number of years. The appropriations made for various charity and missionary work, both home and foreign, amounted to about 45,000 crowns in round numbers.

Rents are outrageously high in Stockholm. For a suite of ten rooms a price varying from 2,500 to 6,000 crowns is asked, all according to the neighborhood in which they are located. The result is, of course, that a great many flats are standing empty and even people of means are commencing to register their complaints.

A recent telegram from London states that Dr. Sven Hedin, the explorer, has arrived at Simla, in British India, and that he is already on his way home to Sweden. It goes without saying that he will be accorded a magnificent reception when he arrives in Stockholm.

King Gustaf's moose hunt up around Hunneberg turned out to be very successful and he will continue the hunt there again in the very near future. The king and his party killed four moose and a big lot of small game.

Stockholm's oldest inhabitant, Johanna Berhns, celebrated her birthday Sept. 10. She was then 100 years old and is still enjoying the very best of health and is able to take a long promenade every day.

The city of Stockholm will during the next year spend not less than 3,000,000 for street improvements. This is the greatest sum that the city has ever expended during the course of one year.

A case of Asiatic cholera was found aboard the Finnish steamer "Tornea" when it landed in Stockholm a week from last Tuesday. The vessel was immediately quarantined.

Paul Isberg, governor of Stockholm's "lan," died Sept. 10. He was a man of much executive ability and was for a number of years a valued member of Stockholm's school board. He was born in Lund in 1848 and graduated from Lund university in 1866.

Count Gustaf Sparre, speaker of the first chamber of the Swedish riksdag has tendered his resignation and will not be a candidate for re-election from the Vesternorrland district.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Aschehoug & Co. have commenced to publish the history of Norway in six volumes. It commences with Professor Sar's history of the Sverdrup ministry, 1884-89. The period between 1530-1660 will be treated by Yngvar Nielson. Axel Bugge will treat the Viking age, Ebbe Hertzeberg the Christian saga times, Professor Taranger the middle age, Dr. Oscar Albert Johnson the monarchial period up to 1814 and Ernst Sares will devote himself to the period beginning 1814 and ending in 1895. This magnificent undertaking has aroused much interest among historians all over the country and is expected to be completed in 1914. It will be illustrated Konservator Visted, who will make a thorough investigation of all Norwegian libraries and museums for proper material. It is a big undertaking, but every one seems to have faith in the company which has undertaken the work and believe that they can handle the proposition successfully.

The minister of justice has appointed a commission to work out a plan of compulsory arbitration in labor disputes, and at the same time deal with the right of organization. As stated before, Norway has lately been cursed by all manner of strikes and boycotts and a demand for compulsory arbitration to adjust the differences of labor and capital have arisen. One of the members of the commission, which was appointed in accordance with a royal decree, is Dr. Einar Einarson, of the University of Copenhagen, who is expected to take hold of the work in earnest.

Mme. Gyda Christensen, while taking the leading part in the "Merry Widow" at a Bergen theater the other evening, accidentally sprained her ankle, but played her part through just the same. When she had finished her parts she fainted and was taken to a hospital, where the physicians in charge of her case forbid her to make an appearance on the stage until she will be perfectly well.

There have been quite a few cases of smallpox in Christiania lately and the existence there of the dreaded disease has alarmed the health authorities, who have, however, taken every precautionary action possible. At the latest writing they have all the cases under complete control and hope to stamp out the disease entirely.

Up to August 31st, this year, there were 97,600 barrels of Norwegian herring salted and exported to foreign countries. This shows a slight falling off in the herring business as compared with the year of 1908, during which period there were 118,000 barrels salted and shipped.

Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria of England are at present in Christiania, the guests of the royal family. They were later joined by the dowager empress of Russia, who will make an extended visit in Norway and will make a tour among the fjords this fall.

During the first half of the present year the United States sent postal money orders to Norway amounting to 4,500,000 crowns. On the other hand Norway sent in postal money orders to the United States about 425,000 crowns.

Gustav Nielson, the eminent pianist, who has spent the past ten years in Berlin and Edinburgh, has now returned to Norway and settled in Trondhjem, where he will do concert work and give instruction.

The main building of the Trondhjem exposition has been sold to the executive committee of the Bergen exposition, which is already getting busy for the big Bergen fair, which will be held there in 1910.

The late Madame Astrup has presented the National Art Gallery, Tideman's "Sinclair's Landing" and Gude's "Fanestranden." The two paintings are valued at 50,000 crowns.

Mme. Dybwad has received the king's medal in gold for her interpretation of dramatic art.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A dispatch states that the Christensen cabinet has resigned but that the king has requested the members to remain in office until the rigsdag convenes. The direct cause of the cabinet crisis is the $2,000,000 embezzlement of which Alberti, a former member, was found guilty.

The Danish East India company has sold its ships to an English concern, which has recently been organized with a capital of $620,000. The English company will maintain a branch office at Copenhagen and will have its main office in London.

The Alberti swindleries continue to be every man's topic and the unfortunate affair is far from settled. Depositors are clamoring for a rigid investigation and all efforts on the part of the government to hush up the whole matter have proven futile.

Gustaf Wied, a Danish playwright, has created a great deal of attention in Germany with a recent play of his and has contracted with German managers to produce six of his dramas during the coming season.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A writ of habeas corpus signed by R. W. Archibald, judge of the district court of the United States for the Western district of Pennsylvania, and commanding Sheriff Lane of Westchester county, N. Y., "forthwith to produce the body of Harry K. Thaw in Pittsburg," was served on the sheriff at White Plains, N. Y. After reading the writ Sheriff Lane formally notified the deputy who served the paper that he would refuse to obey the order to take Thaw to Pittsburg.

Judges Gilbert, Morrow and Ross of the United States circuit court of appeals at San Francisco announced that they were unable to agree in the matter of the injunction sought by the Southern Pacific and Oregon and California railroads as to the fixing of freight rates on lumber by the interstate commerce commission. The case will be certified to the United States supreme court.

The Indiana legislative inquiry into the bribery charges against Governor Hanly and Senator Wickwire by Representative Knisely ended in a complete vindication for the governor and a finding that Representative Knisely would not have accepted a bribe if tendered.

Ten thousand school children in Chicago are insufficiently nourished, some live constantly on the verge of starvation and many are not clad enough to keep them in a healthy condition, according to a report made to the board of education.

During a hand to hand fight between students of the Illinois state university and authorities of the city of Urbana, who were trying to arrest the students, many policemen and students were injured.

The convention of the American Bankers' association at Denver placed itself squarely on record as against both the proposition to guarantee bank deposits and to establish postal savings banks.

The long drought in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, which has resulted in serious forest fires, stopped industrial pursuits and caused a water famine in many districts, has been broken.

The Wisconsin supreme court has declared as unconstitutional the state eight-hour railroad telegraphers' law, which was enacted at the 1907 session of the legislature.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

The king of Italy has officially sanctioned the wedding of the Duke of Abruzzi to Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of the United States senator from West Virginia. The approval of the king came only after a bitter struggle in both family and court circles, to which the papers of Italy added the full weight of their open and expressed hostility.

At Reno, Nev., Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, was granted an absolute divorce from his wife, Jessie Dermott Goodwin, known as Maxine Elliott, on the ground of desertion. There was no semblance of a contest on the part of the attorneys representing Mrs. Goodwin. The proceeding occupied only eleven minutes.

It is reported from Venezuela that President Castro has refused to receive from Baron Seckendorff, the German minister at Caracas, the second note of The Netherlands government on the difficulties between that country and Venezuela.

Thomas W. Lawson, the financier, was thrown from his carriage while driving near North Scituate, Mass., and severely injured by the fall and by being kicked by the horse. Mr. Lawson was unconscious for several hours after the accident.

Mr. Taft made sixteen speeches in Nebraska, the home state of his opponent, five of these being at Lincoln, Mr. Bryan's home town.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 5.—Wheat—Dec., $1.01⅝; May, $1.05⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅞; No. 3 Northern, 96@99½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅛; Dec., $1.01¼; May, $1.05⅛; Oct., $1.01; Nov., $1.02. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.23⅝; Oct., $1.22⅝; Nov., $1.23⅛; Dec., $1.21½; May, $1.26⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$6.00@6.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.15; yearlings, [illegible]; spring lambs, $4.75@5.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 5. — Wheat—Oct., 98¼c; Dec., 98⅞@99c; May, $1.02⅞@1.02¾; July, 96⅛c. Corn—Oct., 74c; Dec., 64¾@64⅞c; May, 64⅝c; July, 63⅜@63⅝c. Oats—Dec., 49c; May, 51@51⅛c; July, 46⅞c. Pork—Oct., $14.10; Dec., $14.25; Jan., $16.25; May, $16.00. Butter—Creameries, [illegible]; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—28c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 14c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@7.50; Texans, $3.40@4.90; Western steers, [illegible]; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.75; cows and heifers, $1.70@5.20; calves, $4.00@8.50. Hogs—Light, $6.45@6.95; mixed, [illegible]@7.05; heavy, $6.25@7.10; rough, [illegible]@6.45; good to choice heavy, [illegible]@7.10; pigs, $3.60@5.75. Sheep, $2.75@4.40; yearlings, $4.40@5.00; lambs, $4.00@6.10.

MINNESOTA NEWSBITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The record total of 27,667,990 bushels of grain made up the September business of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce. The state inspection department passed upon 23,765 cars. Of wheat alone 17,115,440 bushels arrived in Minneapolis, most of which was immediately taken by local or country flour mills, although there was some accumulation of wheat in elevator storage late in the month.

Owing to the increase in the amount of taxable property found in the state the state auditor, in making the levy for the taxes to be paid next year, recommends a tax of 3.33 mills, as against 3.48 mills for this year. The total amount of assessed property in 1907 was $1,048,000,000, as against a net valuation of $1,063,030,000 for this year.

L. W. Ayer of Belle Prairie, timber cruiser for the state forestry commissioner, has reported to General Andrews that the timber loss in the range fires was not so great as at first reported. So far as his present investigations have gone it seems that not nearly so much timber was destroyed as in the fires of 1894.

The Washburn-Crosby Milling company is planning to erect a $500,000 building in Minneapolis to be used as its offices. The milling concern moved from spacious quarters in the Metropolitan Life building to more spacious quarters in the new Chamber of Commerce but a few years ago.

Pledging themselves to uphold Samuel Gompers' suggestion to support William J. Bryan for the presidency of the United States 600 men, representing various labor unions of Minneapolis, formed the American Federation of Labor Political club of Minneapolis.

Minneapolis manufacturers are at the head of a company just formed in that city known as the People's Gas, Light and Fuel company. It is proposed to expend $1,000,000 on a gas plant and to furnish gas at not to exceed 80 cents per thousand cubic feet.

The failure of Sumner T. McKnight to observe the requirements of the law in regard to the execution of a codicil to his last will and testament has resulted in a loss of $25,000 to the Home for Children and Aged Women of Minneapolis.

James J. Hill of St. Paul has given $6,000 to Minnesota college, Minneapolis, for a new building for the institution, which is controlled by the Minnesota conference of the Swedish Lutheran church.

The department for the manufacture of farm machinery in the state prison at Stillwater is to be enlarged and the output of the factory is to be increased.

The production of creamery butter in this state increased 9,000,000 pounds in four years and now reaches the total of 87,014,817 pounds for the year 1907.

After thirty-seven years of service Professor W. W. Payne has resigned his position in Carleton college, Northfield, and will retire upon a Carnegie pension.

OBITUARY.

Dr. J. W. McGaughey of Winona, a prominent physician and vice president of the Minnesota state board of health, died very suddenly of apoplexy. Dr. McGaughey was one of the most prominent medical men of the state and had been connected with the state board of health for a number of years. He was about seventy years of age.

Rev. Charles P. Boardman, pastor of the Thirty-eighth Street Congregational church and well known in Minneapolis for the sympathetic interest he took in the affairs of organized labor, died suddenly in that city from heart failure.

Mrs. Annie Schmidt, who was the mother of twenty children, died at her home in the town of Carlisle, Otter Tail county, at the age of sixty years. Sixteen of the children survive her.

Lindley H. Wiggin, for many years an auctioneer and conspicuous figure in the early history of Minneapolis, is dead in that city where he had resided continuously since 1860.

William S. Campbell, county attorney of Mahnomen county, is dead at a private hospital in Minneapolis. Mr. Campbell was forty years old and a quarter breed Indian.

Samuel P. Dringers, aged eighty-nine, a pioneer resident of Watonwan county, this state, is dead in South Dakota, where he had taken a homestead.

Colonel William Liep, aged seventy-eight, a resident of Minnesota since 1856, is dead at his home at White Bear lake.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The St. Barnabas hospital ambulance was wrecked in a collision with a Bloomington avenue car at Minneapolis. The ambulance was smashed and its occupant, Ida Male of Dawson, this state, was thrown to the pavement. She was not seriously injured.

Samuel Johnson, a stonemason of Jackson, was found dead in a stairway leading to a basement in the Boston block. It is supposed that in going home at night he accidentally slipped off the walk and fell head first down the steps.

The large livery barn of William Wallace at Fairmont was burned to the ground with a large amount of hay and feed and fourteen horses.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Report on Pillsbury-Washburn Company Published.

Marwick, Mitchell & Co., chartered accountants, who have been examining the books in Minneapolis of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company and of the Northern Elevator company in behalf of the receivers of the two companies, have submitted their report.

The general consolidated liabilities of the two companies are shown to be $5,203,546.92. The quick assets are given at $2,358,089.66 and the mill properties of the Pillsbury-Washburn company and the properties of the Minneapolis and Northern company combined at $3,991,636.55. This makes the excess of assets over liabilities of $1,146,626.55.

Without access to the books of the company in London it is stated on information that the company has a debenture indebtedness against the mill and water properties which amounted on Aug. 8 to a lien of $4,535,000. The water power properties of the company, however, are estimated to be worth more than enough to offset the debenture indebtedness. In estimating the excess of assets of the company the equity in the water power is not included nor the valuation of brands or good will.

WOMAN USES REVOLVER

St. Paul Man Is Probably Fatally Wounded.

During a neighborhood row at St. Paul William Koch, sixty-five years of age, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Mrs. Rosalia Kelnberger. She also shot at Ernest Koch, son of the old man, but missed him.

A feud of long standing has existed between the two families and when Mr. Kelnberger attempted to put up a fence between the two houses the Kochs objected and father and son, it is said, attacked Kelnberger. His wife came to the rescue and in the heat of the battle she rushed into the house, procured a revolver and, returning, fired a shot at her two antagonists.

The old man fell with a bullet wound in his side. His condition is critical. Mrs. Kelnberger was immediately arrested.

HOWLEY MAKES CHARGES

President of Minnesota Federation of Labor After Hearst.

George B. Howley, president of the State Federation of Labor, openly declared, in a meeting of labor men at Federation hall at St. Paul, that he had been offered $100 a week to stump the state for Hisgen and Graves and prevent, if possible, Bryan carrying the labor vote of Minnesota.

He said that at the next meeting of the American Federation of Labor Political club, which he was addressing, he would produce letters showing that prominent men in the State Federation of Labor had been offered $1,000 to take a vacation of two months and keep their mouths shut.

Town Has Narrow Escape.

Fire at Wells destroyed the brick mill of the Wells Flour Milling company, capacity 1,000 barrels daily, and one frame elevator belonging to the same company. The loss is estimated at $80,000. The local fire company did valiant work and with difficulty saved another flour mill, several elevators, the railroad shops, lumber yards, some smaller factories and many residences. The fact that there was no wind probably saved the entire business and manufacturing part of the city.

University Building Burned.

Anatomy hall, formerly the medical building at the state university at Minneapolis, has been totally destroyed by a fire. Only the thick walls remain of the building which was visited by destructive fires three, four and five years ago. The fire also leaped over the Millard hall about three feet south of Anatomy hall and caused a damage of about $1,000. The damage to Anatomy hall and its contents is estimated at about $15,000.

Negro Shoots Alleged Robber.

Mike Crotty, a teamster, was shot at St. Paul by Harry Hicks, a colored man, sustaining injuries which will probably prove fatal. Crotty robbed Miss Christina Benson of her handbag, and Hicks, with Lester De Boe, another colored man, giving chase, opened fire on the fugitive. He fired two shots, one bullet grazing Crotty's right temple, the other hitting him below the shoulder and piercing the left lung. Crotty was taken to the city hospital. He will die.

Gas Kills Aged Woman.

Mrs. Mary McMann, aged sixty, was found dead in bed at the Kendall hotel at St. Paul. The gas in her room was turned on and death was due to asphyxiation. Mrs. McMann was on her way from Clare, Ia., to Butte, Mont., traveling alone. She had been called to Butte by a probably fatal accident to her son, employed in a mine in the Montana town.

Grain and Horses Burned.

Eighteen hundred bushels of oats and a large quantity of hay were destroyed in a fire which broke out in the barn on Mr. Hinith's farm at Western, Otter Tail county. Six horses which were in the barn when the conflagration began perished in the flames, all efforts to rescue them being ineffectual.

Waverly Postoffice Robbed.

Burglars robbed the safe in the Waverly postoffice and secured $15 in cash and $200 worth of stamps. The safe was locked, but the burglars worked the combination. This is the second time this year that the Waverly postoffice has been robbed.

BRIBERY ALLEGED

Minneapolis School Board Official Indicted.

TWO DETECTIVES AT WORK

General Probing of Municipal Affairs Planned by Business Interests.

Backed by an organization of business men who for the present refuse to allow their identity to be known two private detectives, one a kinsman of the sleuth who unearthed the municipal scandals in San Francisco, have been at work in Minneapolis since last March collecting evidence which is thought to have justified the indictment of W. E. Hicks, secretary of the board of education, on four charges involving bribery.

The indictments charge Mr. Hicks with procuring a position on the teaching force for a money consideration, with accepting money for securing a position for W. J. Burns, one of the detectives known to Mr. Hicks as W. J. Baxter, and with illegalities in awarding plumbing contracts to G. E. Burns, the other detective.

While there was nothing in the case so far to indicate any set plan for future action the presence in Minneapolis of these two detectives convinces many persons that the plan of operations adopted in San Francisco will be carried out in the Mill City. The method there was first to secure the indictment of one party to the transactions under suspicion and from him to get incriminating information concerning the others.

Hicks was arraigned in court, pleaded not guilty to the charges and was released on $10,000 bail.

DROWNS HERSELF AND BABY

Minneapolis Woman Despondent Over Absence of Husband.

The body of Mrs. Eric Sutherland, with her year-old babe clasped in her arms, was found in four feet of water in Powderhorn lake at Minneapolis.

The young woman, despondent over the continued absence of her husband, had walked into the water with her child and had lain down to die.

A note was found beside the body in which Mrs. Sutherland blamed nobody but herself for her death.

The bodies were found by an employe of the park board, who noticed a feather boa floating on the water. In attempting to pull it out he was horrified to see the face of a woman, with a child in her arms, staring at him from the bottom of the lake.

Mrs. Sutherland was formerly Libby Erickson of Cambridge, this state.

Sutherland has been gone from Minneapolis for about a year and it is his unexplained absence that drove his young wife to suicide, neighbors think.

CRUSHED UNDER WHEELS

Driver of Stillwater Hose Cart Critically Hurt.

Paul Golhar, driver of the Stillwater hose cart, was critically injured after a fire at the thresher factory at that place. His team took fright at the puffing of a locomotive while the hose was being loaded and he tried to stop them. He was knocked down, the hoof of one horse struck his chin and the cart wheels ran over his neck and chest.

Golhar was taken to the city hospital, where it was found that he was in a dangerous condition and that his legs were paralyzed, indicating spinal injury.

Get Pointers in Minnesota.

George W. Donaghey, governor-elect of Arkansas, spent a short time in the Twin Cities securing information regarding Minnesota's farm school and other educational institutions. Accompanying him were George B. Cook, superintendent of public instruction; John M. Tillman, president of the University of Arkansas, and Dr. Wallace Buttrick, secretary of the general educational board.

Bold Holdup in Minneapolis.

A genuine Western holdup, pulled off in the good old fashioned way, was perpetrated at Minneapolis by two well dressed young men, heavily masked with handkerchiefs and armed with heavy army revolvers, in the saloon of Peter Belline. The bandits secured a little over $35 and escaped.

Relief Fund Not Too Big.

Voicing an emphatic denial of the report that the Chisholm relief committee had a surplus of funds Mayor Haven of Duluth, who is chairman of the relief committee, said: "The report was made without authority from the commission. It is without foundation in fact."

Gasoline Drink Is Fatal.

Herbert, the twenty-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Fallenstein of Mankato, drank some gasoline while playing about the house and died shortly afterward.

Woman Killed by Cow.

Mrs. James Ramsey, wife of a prominent farmer of Norman county, was killed by being kicked in the abdomen by a vicious cow.

Kick of Horse Kills Boy.

Johnnie, aged sixteen years, son of George Wilbrecht, was killed at Spring Valley by the kick of a horse.

THE YOUNG MAN IN POLITICS

Clarence D. Dinehart, State Treasurer, Is Interesting Example.

IS YOUNGEST STATE OFFICIAL

Is a Graduate of the Minnesota University—Climbed the Ladder Rapidly.

One of the most successful examples of "the young man in politics" is to be found in Clarence C. Dinehart of Slayton, present state treasurer, and candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket. Though barely out of his twenties, he has already climbed the ladder to an eminent position of honor and responsibility, and made good.

Clarence Christopher Dinehart was born in Chicago April 3, 1877. When seven years old he came to Minnesota with his parents, who located at Slayton, Murray county, where they have resided continuously since 1884. He attended the schools at Slayton, the Central high school, Minneapolis, and graduated with honor from the University of Minnesota in 1899. During his college course he took special work in political economy and law, was editor-in-chief of The Gopher, a book issued each year by the junior class, and was selected business manager of the Minnesota Magazine, a senior monthly. He was an active member of the Y. M. C. A. and interested in the various college activities.

Returning to his home town, he was given a position in the State Bank of Slayton, and shortly afterwards was elected assistant cashier. At the village election in the spring of 1902 he was chosen by the people of Slayton as president of the village council. During the time he held this office municipal questions requiring tact, diplomacy and firmness arose and were met with marked executive ability. Law enforcement was an issue and was carried out successfully.

In the fall of 1902 he resigned as president of the council and as assistant cashier of the bank to enter the law school of Harvard university, from which he graduated in June, 1905. During the vacation months he renewed his affiliations with banking interests, and upon the completion of the law course entered actively in the work of organizing and auditing a line of banks and land companies.

In January of 1906 he became a candidate for state treasurer, and after an aggressive, affirmative campaign, received the nomination in the Republican state convention at Duluth, June 13, 1906, and was duly elected in November of that year. Taking his position when he was but a few months past twenty-nine years old, he occupied the unique position of being the youngest state treasurer.

BRAINS AND HONESTY.

Atwater Republican-Press Says These Are Jacobson's Qualities.

Atwater Republican-Press: There never was a more insulting issue injected into a political campaign than the one used by many Johnson supporters that Jacobson is too common a man to fill the office of governor with credit to himself and state. It is the argument of a lot of shallowpated individuals who measure a man by the clothes he wears and respect him according to the airs he can put on. It is the argument of those who would establish in this country class distinction and caste wherein men are measured by the wealth they possess. It's a silly contemptible argument and one of which any one who is thoroughly American would be ashamed. And still we hear it in this campaign. What we need in public office to-day is not so much style and genteel manners, but brains and honesty. And when measured by this standard Mr. Jacobson will stand in the front row of the great men of Minnesota.

CAN'T DIG UP.

Isn't it too bad that the Democrats cannot dig up something bad in Jacobson's past—and with [illegible] years of public life to [illegible]—Foley Independent.

DEMOCRATIC BAIT.

Princeton Union Exposes Trick Tried by Frank A. Day.

Princeton Union: J. N. Rogers recently received from Frank A. Day one of the regulation "pull-on" letters sent out to catch suckers, but, being familiar with the tactics of the kitchen cabinet, Mr. Rogers refused to bite. Instead, he wrote Mr. Day a stinging reply. The contents of both letters are hereunder printed:

Aug. 27, 1908—J. N. Rogers, Esq., Box 27, Princeton, Minn.—My Dear Sir: I have your valued favor of 25th August. It is impossible to say at this time what will be done in the way of securing help in the state headquarters. Very little is required outside of stenographers and typewriters. I do not expect to be chairman of the committee, but in any event we will not need any help for a few weeks. I will take the matter up with you later on in the campaign. Very truly yours, —Frank A. Day.

Princeton, Minn., Aug. 28, 1908.—Frank A. Day, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.—Dear Sir: Your favor of yesterday in which you refer to my "valued favor of 25th August" duly received I never wrote you a letter in my life. To save any future misunderstanding allow me to say I am opposed to you and your works. There is no office in your gift, or that of your chief I would accept. I am for Bryan and Jacobson. How can any self-respecting Bryan Democrat vote for Johnson? Without particularizing, his treatment of Vassaly of Little Falls, a Bryan Democrat, illustrates the "animus of the cuss." You show wisdom in saying you "do not expect to be chairman of the committee." This is going to be a bad year for Johnson and his kitchen cabinet. Yours truly, —J. N. Rogers.

UP AGAINST IT.

Democratic Paper Practically Admits Defeat for Its Party.

Canby News: The Little Falls Herald practically admits that the Democrats are up against a losing proposition this year. The Herald, while a staunch supporter of Democracy, suspects that in this instance it is better to admit defeat than to endeavor to fool the public by claiming that the Democrats have any chance to elect a governor this year. The article reads: "Jacobson is a formidable candidate. The fact may as well be admitted, because it is true. His legislative record is in the main a creditable one. It remains for those in charge of the Democratic campaign to show and prove that the man from Madison has gone back on his record. Making fun of his habits or criticism of his ways and modes of speech will not appeal to the people at large.

Proud of Jacobson.

It makes the Minnesota man, who knows of the peculiar conditions which lifted John A. Johnson to the governorship in a Republican state, very tired to read in Eastern papers of his election as an example of Democratic achievement. The men who gave him his majorities were Republicans, dissatisfied with the candidates presented by their own party. They have this year no occasion for such dissatisfaction, either in the personality of their candidate or in the methods by which he was nominated. Instead, they are proud of him, and recognize his nomination as the spontaneous tribute of a convention the freest from unpopular "influences" of any ever held in Minnesota. Then, too, "the appeal of the Northland," which gave Johnson so many Scandinavian votes, is this year just as strong for Jacobson.—Pioneer Press.

WORKED FOR JOHNSON'S "KEY-NOTER."

Frank N. Stacey of Minneapolis, deputy public examiner, was quietly engaged for some time preparing statistical information for Governor Johnson's "Keynote" speech and making a specialty of looking into Republican state offices.

The state of course continued to pay Mr. Stacey's salary while he was thus engaged—the same as it paid the salary of Deputy Labor Commissioner Lynch for fourteen weeks while that gentleman was engaged at work in Gov. Johnson's Chicago headquarters during the ill-fated campaign of "Johnson for president."

Joe Giller is Saving You Money

I have just come back from the eastern market where I bought a new, complete fall and winter stock, all kinds of flannels, dress goods, ladies,' men's and children's underwear and a new stock of boots, shoes, caps, mitts, ladies' and men's plush lined coats, men's sheep lined coats, woolen jackets and a good line of clothing to fit anybody. Also a line of groceries, jewelry, notions, etc.

There is no doubt but what I can save you 25 cents on the dollar, because I do my work alone and my expenses are small.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

You can get what you want from the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, cut glass, novelties, umbrellas, optical goods etc.

Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1908 NUMBER 42

IS THE D. & S. S. COMING?

Report to the Effect That Duluth & South Shore Will Build.

Would Give Thief River Falls and Northern Part of State a Big Boom.

A few years ago there was considerable talk about the Duluth & South Shore railroad extending its line from Duluth to Thief River Falls. This talk has been revived of late and is best told by the following taken from the Minneapolis Journal:

Thief River Falls, Minn., Oct. 8.—This section of country is not a little excited over news regarding the attitude of the Soo road in taking such an active part in the construction of a line from Virginia on the iron range into Duluth. This line, it is given out, is to connect with the Cook-O'Brien Rainy Lake road, but reliable authorities say it is part of the plan of the Duluth & South Shore, a subsidiary company of the Soo, to extend directly west through the unoccupied part of northern Minnesota and connect with the Soo at Thief River Falls, the headquarters of this road in the upper part of the state.

This would bring the whole northern portion of North Dakota, now traversed by the Soo's "Wheat line" to Kenmare, into direct communication with the head of the lakes, and at the same time, occupy a rich open part of Minnesota and tap the iron range.

Surveys have been run from Thief River Falls to Duluth by way of the western end of the range, which is on an air line between this city and Duluth. This line would pass just south of the great Red Lakes and paralleling the Great Northern at a distance of about forty miles, would tap the wood towns and iron ranges, thus assuring a heavy traffic from the outset.

This is the last link between the Dakota and Red River valley grain fields and Duluth, and it is given out as authoritative that as soon as the Soo terminals are constructed at the head of the lakes this short gap will be filled in by an extension of the Duluth & South Shore.

To Be Married Next Week.

Next Wednesday, Oct. 21, will occur the marriage of Miss Lillian Madeline Connolly to Mr. James Herrick. The ceremony is to be performed by the Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingmann and after the ceremony a wedding breakfast will be served at the Connolly residence. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Connolly, and a young lady who has grown to womanhood in this city, being held in very high esteem here. The groom was a former resident here, having been employed as operator at the Soo depot, but is now located at Medford, N. D., where he is the station agent for the Soo.

A Fifth Normal School Needed.

A communication from W. A. Shoemaker, president of the St. Cloud Normal school, informs us that owing to the fact that the number of students now in attendance there being too great for present accomodations no more students would be admitted before Dec. 1. After that date a limited number may be taken in the order of application, former students being given the preference. It may be well for students desiring to enter that institution to write and make arrangements for admission before going to the expense of making the trip down there.

Was a Pioneer.

August Hoffman, one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Excel, died last Wednesday at the advanced age of 97 years. It was over 20 years ago that Mr. Hoffman removed to the town of Excel, and he and his children did much to develop this section of the state. He was the father of Mrs. Herman Berndt, August, John Oswald, Constance and Florentine Hoffman. The funeral services were held last Saturday afternoon.

KNOWS HOW IT IS DONE.

Halvor Steenerson Says That He Too Knows How to Plow.

The Man From Otter Tail County Not the Only One Who Knows How.

Congressman Steenerson was a passenger on the Great Northern Saturday, being enroute to his home at Crookston from a campaign tour of Roseau county. Mr. Steenerson reports that everything is looking very bright for the Republican ticket up there and that his own chances of success were excellent.

Mr. Steenerson's opponent this year is Ole O. Sageng, of Otter Tail county. Ole claims to be a genuine farmer—not a bonanza farmer—and that he does his own plowing. In as much as plowing is to be made an issue in this campaign, Mr. Steenerson was asked if he did his own plowing, and replied as follows: "No, I never did my own plowing, but I have plowed a great deal for other people. When I was a boy of twelve my father went to the war and I had to go bare-footed behind a yoke of oxen and do his plowing for him, and after that I hired out to the neighbors for ten dollars a month and plowed for them. My next venture in the plowing line was, when I was about 18, I drove four yoke of oxen drawing a breaking plow and thus earned the first money with which to attend a graded school in a neighboring village. I owe the principal part of my school education to my earnings in doing other people's plowing, and I am proud of it".

For County Attorney.

Wilhelm Michelet, the Republican candidate for the office of county attorney, respectfully solicits the votes of the people of Red Lake county, and guarantees that if elected he will do his full duty and give all a square deal.

WINDFALL FOR FLETT

Former Resident Here Is Left an Estate of $75,000 in Land and Money.

Has Been in the Government Employ Up at Prince Albert of Late.

A resident of Thief River Falls has received a letter from Rev. James Flett of Prince Albert, Canada, the contents of which will prove interesting to our readers. Rev. Flett was formerly a school teacher in a district west of this city and spent much time in Thief River Falls, before returning to Canada, from whence he came.

Mr. Flett writes to the effect that he fell heir last August to a legacy amounting to $75,000. The legacy is partly in bank stocks and partly in lands near Winnipeg. Mr. Flett now resides at Prince Albert, Canada, where he holds a government position in the land department. Three years ago he traveled as far north as the Arctic circle taking a census of the northern region for the Canadian government. He traveled by canoe, having paddlers and cooks with him. The party was absent for three months. Mr. Flett speaks Indian fluently and the government was anxious that he make the trip and obtain the census. He says that game in the far north is very plentiful and on reaching a point 300 miles north of Prince Albert, the country became rocky, resembling the Lake Superior region in that regard. He saw many evidences of minerals, and formation being identical with that around Cobalt and Rat Portage.

Reiner.

After long silence I will again drop the News a few lines.

Julius Hermanson was lucky enough to kill a wolf in his yard last week, there were two more, but Julius didn't have any more shells in his rifle, so he could not get another one.

Andrew Kjos is painting Mr. Reroland's house.

M. M. Anderson is doing some carpenter work for T. O. Berg.

McNeil and company is doing some ditching for Mikkel Anderson.

Our merchant, Julius Halvorson made two trips to town after goods for his store last week.

A. L. Kjos and M. Anderson did some carpenter work on the school house last week in order to have it ready for the fall term, but the teacher got lost before getting here.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Weld were up from Highlanding, visiting their daughter, Mrs. Hermanson.

The telephone system is growing right along, we will get another line from the west.

Most of the Dakota hoboes are back from threshing but there are a few left out there yet.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Oct. 10, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, Carl
Cole, C. V.
Danielson, Hartvig
Grothe, Carl
Gauthier, Miss Permelia
Hughes, Mrs. C. F.
Hayes, Mrs. Millie
Hagen, Ed
Hanson, James
Johnson, Miss Alma
Johnson, Ludvik
Nowell, Mrs. H. B.
Richardson, Miss Lizzie
Sigurdson, Ljot

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Candidate for County Surveyor.

B. Henry Costello, of Deer Park, was in the city last week attending to business matters. Mr. Costello is going to be a candidate for the office of county surveyor in this county this year. He is an experienced civil engineer and an old resident of the county. He will have no opposition.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-election.

Haywood Here Next Monday.

Wm. D. Haywood, the noted Socialist, will address a meeting in Thief River Falls next Monday evening, Oct. 19, and a large audience will without doubt turn out to hear him.

Wm. D. Haywood is one of the three officers of the Western Miners, Moyer and Pettibone being the other two who were kidnapped from Denver two years ago, and hurried to Idaho to answer indictments for murder. They were accused of having engaged in a conspiracy with others which eventuated in the death of Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, who was killed by the explosion of a bomb at the gate to his home. Only a few weeks previous to his seizure by Pinkerton detectives and forcible deportation to Idaho, Haywood had been engaged in stirring events in Colorado, where the Citizen's Alliance was making war upon the miners' federation in the mining camps at Victor and other towns in the state. He was arrested by a military detail of soldiers and taken to Denver. He made a bitter fight against imprisonment, and after a contest in the courts won his freedom, the state being unable to prove any crime against him. Despairing of railroading him to prison in Colorado, the Citizen's Alliance, abeted by the Colorado authorities and the Pinkertons, connived at his secret arrest and removal to Idaho for trial on the charge above mentioned. Those opposed to Western Federation of Miners were most anxious to get rid of Haywood, because of his great influence with the miners of the west.

Haywood had became a convert to the socialistic creed several years preceding the stirring events in Colorado, and since his trial at Boise he had devoted his entire time to lecturing and advocating socialism. Doubtless he will be a drawing card because of the terrible ordeals through which he has passed in defending the cause of labor. He is a ready and fluent speaker whose zeal and eloquence evoked from the Chicago Inter Ocean, upon the occasion of a lecture delivered in that city, a fine tribute despite the paper's hostile attitude to socialism.

Tells the Truth.

The Crookston Journal has passed out of the hands of M. E Kirsh, and is to be published by the Journal Printing company in the future. The paper is now in the solid Democratic column supporting Johnson for governor. We are sorry to see the change but the "whiskey ring" have got to much money for a live newspaper like the Journal to support one of the common Scandinavian people like Jacobson for governor of Minnesota.—Sunbeam.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Insures delicious, healthful food for every home, every day. The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—made from grapes.

Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime—harsh mineral acids which are used in cheaply made powders.

THE VARSITY OVERCOAT.

Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

If you want to see and wear a stylish over-coat; one with a lot of snap in it; one that you'll take a constant pleasure in owning and wearing, just drop in here and look at our Hart Shaffner & Marx Varsity overcoat.

It has plenty of the smart look which dressy men want; you can see it in the cut we show. We'd like to try one of these overcoats on you. It's a becoming style to most men.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Clothes. Crossatt Shoes, Gordon Hats.

Permanency Citizens State Bank Honesty Solidity

Pay the Second Half of Your 1907 Taxes Through

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Must Be Paid by November 1st to Avoid Penalty.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	92
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.10
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

P. P. Hamre was down to Detroit the first of the week.

Alex A. Sweas was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A. D. Brown was in the city from Hickory the first of the week.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Meet me at the Roller Rink Thursday, Oct 22nd. Big doings there.

There will be a social meeting at the Antlers Club tomorrow evening.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

The new *modified directoire skirts* in black and colors, at the Golden Rule.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson entertained a company of lady friends yesterday afternoon.

Joseph Dostal has removed his family from the town of Star to Thief River Falls.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7:30. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Get your fall needs at the Golden Rule. They have just what you want and at the right price all the time.

The family of A. Anderson, the jeweler, removed to this city last week from their farm home up the Red Lake river.

Services will be held in the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

—For Sale or Trade—Good vaudeville outfit; complete including 3800 feet of good moving pictures. Also two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

For Rent—Ice houses and tools. Possession Nov. 1st. Good business for a man with a couple of teams. Geo. Elder, Thief River Falls.

The Golden Rule Department Store carries the largest and best selected stocks of dry goods, cloaks, shoes, overshoes, underwear, suits and overcoats for men and boys of any store in the city.

The book, "Debs," his life, writings and speeches, price in cloth, $2.00, leather $2.75. Order a copy today, use a postal card, write name and address plainly. Alfred Somondsen, agent, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching 10:30 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School 11:45 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting 6:15 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Any body looking for a cloak, cloth, fur, fur lined or plush lined should bear in mind that the Golden Rule is the place where you will find assortment large enough for anyone to select from. Prices guaranteed.

The meeting of the Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church, which was to be held at Mrs. Albert Wiechmam's last Wednesday has been postponed until next Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 21st. All are cordially invited.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

D. P. O'Neill left Tuesday morning for Newfolden and from there drove to Middle River with J. F. Jacobson. From Middle River they went to Greenbush and Badger. Yesterday they visited Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire, coming to this city in the evening. Mr. Jacobson is making from three to four speechs each day.

Sunday Service in the M. E. church as follows:—
Preaching at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
Sunday School at 10:00 A. M.
Junior League at 2:30 P. M.
Senior League at 6:45 P. M.
Thursday.
Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M.
Everybody cordially invited. J. B.

New skates and music at the rink Oct 22nd.

A. Joe Giller was down to Crookston last week.

O. J. Schei was down to Crookston last week.

Walter Robbecke was down to Crookston last week.

Ira C. Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

—For Sale—Good coal stove cheap. Inquire of Perl. W. Mabey.

F. T. Satre went up to Warroad yesterday to spend several days.

For Sale—One set heavy work harnesses. Inquire of Frank Chittick.

W. G. Hunt came down from Sunbeam yesterday to attend the Jacobson meeting.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. D. B. Bakke Oct. 22nd, at 3 P. M.

Emil Evenson came up from Crookston last Friday and visited with his parents until Sunday.

The Young People's Society of the Synod church meets at D. B. Bakke Oct. 23rd, at 8 P. M.

Mrs. McDonald arrived in the city last week from Minneapolis and is the guest of Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

The largest line of men's plush lined, fur collared coats in town at the Golden Rule Department store.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Crowe left Sunday evening for Wisconsin to attend the marriage of Mrs. Crowe's sister.

D. N. Winton arrived in the city yesterday from Montona where he had been hunting and attending to business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the United Church will meet with Mrs. Hoin, at the Collin's home on Wednesday, October 21st, all cordially invited.

A. E. [illegible] is again doing business at his old stand on South Main avenue and invites all of his old customers to call and see him.

You need underwear, we have them for men, for women or children in 2 piece and union suits at any price you wish to pay. Golden Rule.

Judge Grindland, of Warren, was in the city yesterday and held a term of court here. The cases tried were ditch cases from Norman county.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

—For Rent—The Sam Heasley house. All or part will be rented. For full information regarding terms, etc., inquire of Chris. Porter.

Albert Arntz, who had spent the past several weeks at Northwood, N. D., returned to this city last Friday and has gone up to his claim in the town of Goodridge.

John Rothston, the well known Plummer cattle buyer, was in Thief River Falls last Friday, being enroute to Crookston to attend to some business matters.

Roller rink not open this week on account of improving the building. It will be closed both afternoon and evening of Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Mrs. Worry: "Cook's going to leave; what will I do?" Her Indulgent Husband: "Get her Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder—it never disappoints"—and Extracts, too.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., will wait on you one year for tuition, books and supplies, and will guarantee a position in from three to four months if you write today.

Several sweet potatoes, raised on the farm of William Moeller in the town of Rocksbury, are on exhibition in Daniel Shaw's office. Mr. Moeller is proving to the residents out there that we do not live too far north to raise sweet potatoes.

A telephone meeting was held at Vol. hall, in the town of Rocksbury Monday evening which was quite well attended. The meeting resulted in a number becoming members of the Farmer's telephone company and a line will be built through this township on the east side of the river.

Three young men of Thief River Falls left Monday for the state of Montona to "grow up with the country". Homer Mussey and Lawrence Larson left for Great Falls, the former to work for a street car company and the latter to work for a telephone company, and Eddie Hermanson left for Billings to work on a newspaper of that city.

Announcement.

We wish to announce the installment of new skates and a new military band instrument with new music at the rink. Opening night, Oct. 22nd. with full city brass band.

Monark Roller Rink Club.

Germantown.

The passing of summer is now manifest in all nature and those who will not soon get ready for winter by closing all unnecessary openings in the walls are sure to experience some uncomfortable morning. In time of peace prepare for war.

Martin Berg, of Silverton, was up last week for his share of the crop raised on his place this year.

F. C. Holten has been busy for some time putting his treshing rig on the Nels Larson farm in shape for action. He expects to start up threshing this week.

Theodor Evenby was in to Thief River Falls last Monday, conveying the quarter section of land in Clover Leaf township, left him by his brother, the late John Engebretson, to Berner Levos of that town. The consideration is said to be $2,000.

A new system of gas lighting has been installed in the Vaughan store, illuminating a large part of the town.

Misses Therese and Clara Hovelsoe came up from Grand Forks last week after an extended absence.

The Anton Gunderson place, north east of here has been sold to a North Dakota party now residing in Thief River Falls. The new owner intends to move up next spring.

About all the fields are now inverted, *very little remain* unplowed. There is more fall plowing done this year than ever, promising more and better crops next season.

The Ladies' Aid Society met with Mrs. A. Overby last Wednesday. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Henry Roller Nov. 4.

Peter C. Rud, one of our pioneers, later located in the town of Silverton, and now of King Edward's domain, is now back in Silverton looking after his interests there. Mr. Rud still owns his farm at that place and is expected here in a few days.

However much we take pleasure in relating railroad news and rumors, we are unable at this time to mention anything in regard to the matter, owing to the fact that a great number of railroad companies seemingly are trying to get into the game and as a consequence nothing definite can be known. And now when we have touched the subject, here is success to the noble committee, delegated to face the big guns of the G. N. and Soo at St. Paul, and to the generous Commercial Club at Thief River Falls.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The following clipped from the news columns of the September number of SCHOOL EDUCATION of Minneapolis will prove of interest to those who attended the summer in Thief River last July:

Few summer schools in the state aroused more interest or did more good for the attendants than the one held at Thief River Falls. The whole school was good, but special emphasis was in the domestic science work under Mrs. James's direction. An interest almost phenomenal was in the students. It is doubtful if the big U. of M. summer school, with its enrollment of 1200 students, its high grade of instruction, its art and culture, its valuable lecture courses, etc., aroused more interest or did more work pro se than was done in Supt. McAnulty's school.

Inquiries as to prospects for attendance in the Thief River Falls high school were received this week from as widely separated points as Garnes, Sanders, Halstad, Viking and Grygla.

Among the new pupils enrolled in high this week are Martin Meehan, Samuel and Raymond Pope and Charles Dolson.

The local high school is not a Thief River Falls high school exclusively, but is a state institution, open and absolutely free to all residents of Minnesota of school age. The state contributes generously towards its maintenance for the express purpose of securing the benefits of a high school education for all the boys and girls within its borders.

The grounds of the Knox have been greatly improved this week by the addition of several loads of black dirt.

It is probable that the present state law regarding the establishment of county agricultural schools will be so amended this winter that domestic and all agricultural and industrial work, which it was designed should be present in the proposed county schools, may be taken in the regular high schools. Just as the normal training department in our high school receives a special state grant of $750 annually, more than sufficient to maintain it—so a special state grant of from $1000 to $2000 annually to certain high schools would enable them to establish and maintain industrial departments that could do exactly the same work that the proposed county schools shall do. Any well equipped high school possesses now nearly all the facilities to accomplish this, so why multiply equipment and fail to utilize the machinery that lies near at hand, particularly in view of the fact that the proposed county schools will generally fail of establishment largely because of their heavy expense. One great fault with our present educational system is that costly establishments are maintained and they are idle for about half of the year—to be exact just 180 days—whereas they might be utilized for various educational purposes if the state would only cease appropriating millions for great central institutions of learning and would recognize the needs of the rural districts in the manner indicated above.

Several cases of truancy occured last week and it behooves parents to keep a close watch of pupils who are known to "skip" school occasionally.

The normal students are teaching spelling in the grade rooms of the High building this week.

Henry Hoard is the sole representative in the normal department of the young men enrolled in high.

The high school basement room is considered the best recitation room in the building by the teachers.

A steady young man has enrolled in the high school this week and is willing to work for his board. Anyone desiring of securing this young student will please notify the superintendent.

The Fosston team is by all odds the fastest, heaviest and strongest team in the athletic league of high schools in the valley. They won the game strictly on their merits and, though defeated, our boys did excellent work in view of the preparation of the two teams. Four years ago it cost the Fosston a score of 84 to 0 to learn some of the plays they so successfully worked against us. Quitters will never learn anything, foot-ball in particular. Our fellows are not quitters.

Another Good Time.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen are to give their second annual ball on Thanksgiving eve, Wed. evening November 25th, 1908. Those who attended the dance last year had an excellent time. The boys have made arrangements for the Armory so there will be plenty of room.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

The Matter Is Settled.

There was a special meeting of the city council Tuesday afternoon at which time settlement was made for the new bridge across the Red Lake river. The company agrees to rebuild the cement floor and walk on the bridge, work to be commenced at once, and gives a bond in the sum of $1,000 to guarantee that a good job will be done.

To Whom it May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership between Henry Ewart and Emil Gribstein in the Saloon business at Thief River Falls, Minn., has been dissolved this fourteenth day of October, 1908; and said Emil Gribstein is the owner of all accounts and debts due and owing to said partnership and has authority to collect the same; and will pay all indebtedness of said partnership.

Dated October 14, 1908.

H. Ewart,
Emil Gribstein.

Endorses Quist.

Shall the Eleven Towns have any representation at the County Seat? This is a question for the voters to answer on the 3rd of November. We have but one representative in office now, and as he is still our "Only Reservation Candidate" we believe that it is to the interest of just representation that he be re elected. We believe that Mr. Quist has made a good, thorough and gentlemanly official, and the Eleven towns are well represented by him. He should receive a good vote not only on the reservation but also in other districts that believe in dividing the representation.—Erie Eleven Towns.

AT THE BIJOU.

The Bijou is again to the front in the way of attractions for this week and the patrons will receive full value and some added. The moving pictures are the very latest, most instructive and amusing subjects produced. Scenic, "Views of New York City;" comedy, "The Painter's Revenge," the biggest hit of the season. "The Rejuvenation of a Fosell," also "Perfumed;" tragic, "Striken Blind" and "The Poor Officer." The illustrated is up to the standard of excellency and will be rendered by Mrs Huseth.

The amateurs this Friday night is a special attraction. A playlet based on the Civil war, entitled, "The Girl of the Vale of the Shenedoah." Cast: Virginia Hunton, Captain Roberts, Lieutenant Ralph Kingston. Come at 7:30 and avoid the rush. This is the last set of dishes given away this week, 42 piece dinner set.

A timothy and corn ration is in important respects deficient and should be re-enforced by cottonseed meal, oilmeal or bran to give a balanced ration.

Nature seems to abhor a vacuum, which accounts for the fact that land which possesses any fertility at all will produce a crop of weeds in lieu of something more useful and why a lazy boy or girl is prone to get into mischief and bad habits.

The way a lad does his work at fifteen is a pretty accurate criterion of the way he will do it at forty-five. Both boy and parent should on this account see to it that in the formative years he learns to do his work with thoroughness and spirit.

Highlanding.

Mrs. Sam McMahon returned from Thief River Falls on Wednesday's boat, accompanied by Miss Esther Johnson of St. Hilaire and former school teacher, who will visit up here with old friends for a couple of weeks.

Mr. Bill Herron foreman of the Thief River Falls lumber company passed through Highlanding on his way to Thief River Falls with a drive of logs Thursday.

Mr. Joe O. Toole returned to his claim last week from Crystal, N. Dak., where he has been working all fall.

Threshing is almost completed around here now, but some crops did not turn out as well as expected.

A party of young ladies and gentlemen visited at the Henry Arndt home Sunday afternoon and evening.

One of our popular young ladies Miss Mary Sullivan began teaching in the Weiner school house of Anton the first of the week.

August Wenzel shipped down a large load of wheat to Thief River on the Farmer's boat last Friday.

Dr. Bockman made a flying trip to Highlanding in his new auto Sunday.

A grand ball is to be given at Kratka hall Saturday the 17th of October, a good time is anticipated by all. Everybody welcome.

Broke Out of Jail.

Robert Kolseth, the young man from the town of Wyandotte who stole a team of horses from his uncle, broke out of the Red Lake county jail this week. He was assisted by some unknown person from the outside. Sheriff Nelson believes that he will locate his man in the near future.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Valerya [illegible], of Germantown, Minn., who, on June 27, 1901, made H. E. No. 341, Serial, No. 0661, for N. E. ¼, Section 20, Township 151 N., Range 41, W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. U. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 21st day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Charley Hurt, of Mavie, Minn.
Joseph Ptacek, " Germantown, Minn.
Albert Swanson, " "
Joseph Duchamp, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct. 15-nov. 19

Lewis A. Nelson,
Republican Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

Alex A. Sweaas
CANDIDATE FOR
County Auditor of Red Lake County

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

S. A. SWANSON, Candidate for Judge of Probate.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Shirley & O'Hara,

Phone 217. The Draymen.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Everv Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session, 1907.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1907, and which are to be submitted to the electors of said State at the General Election of 1908.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 477 of the Laws of 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution (the latter section being the amendment to said Article nine (9), adopted in 1896); which sections now read as follows:

"Section 1. All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state: Provided, that the legislature may, by general law or special act, authorize municipal corporations to levy assessments for local improvements upon the property fronting upon such improvements, or upon the property to be benefited by such improvements, or both, without regard to cash valuation, and in such manner as the legislature may prescribe: and provided further, that for the purpose of defraying the expenses of laying water pipes and supplying any city or municipality with water, the legislature may, by general or special law, authorize any such city or municipality, having a population of five thousand or more, to levy an annual tax or assessment upon the lineal foot of all lands fronting on any water main or water pipe laid by such city or municipality within corporate limits of said city for supplying water to the citizens thereof without regard to the cash value of such property, and to empower such city to collect any such tax, assessments or fines, or penalties for failure to pay the same, or any fine or penalty for any violation of the rules of such city or municipality in regard to the use of water, or for any water rate due for the same; and provided further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description above a fixed and specified sum, of any and all natural persons and corporations. Such tax above such exempted sum may be uniform or it may be graded or progressive, but shall not exceed a maximum tax of five per cent.

"Section 2. The legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each year, and whenever it shall happen that such ordinary expenses of the state for any year shall exceed the income of the state for such year the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency of the preceding year, together with the estimated expenses of such ensuing year. But no law levying a tax or making other provisions for the payment of interest or principal of bonds denominated 'Minnesota State Railroad Bonds,' shall take effect or be in force until such law shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the state, and adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting upon the same.

"Section 3. Laws shall be passed taxing all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies, or otherwise, also all real and personal property, according to its true value in money; but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, shall, by general laws, be exempt from taxation.

"Section 4. Laws shall be passed for taxing the notes and bills discounted or purchased, moneys loaned, and all other property, effects, or dues of every description, of all banks and of all bankers, so that all property employed in banking shall always be subject to a taxation equal to that imposed on the property of individuals.

"Section 17. The legislature may impose, or provide for the imposition of, upon the property within this state of any and all owners or operators, whether corporate or individual, or otherwise, of any and all sleeping, parlor and drawing room cars, or any of either of the same, which run in, into or through this state, also upon the property within this state of any and all telegraph and telephone companies, or owners, whose lines are in, or extend in, into or through this state; also upon the property within this state of all express companies, or owners, or any or either of the same doing business in this state, also upon the property within this st[illegible] of all [illegible] insurance companies [illegible] state of any kind, also upon the property within this state of any and all foreign insurance companies doing business in this state of any kind; also upon the property within this state of all owners or operators of any and all mines or mineral ores situated in this state; also upon the property within this state of all boom companies or owners, and of all ship builders or owners doing business in this state or having a port therein provided, that this act shall not apply to property owned by railroad companies, their lands and other property); and upon the property of either or any of such companies or owners,—a tax as uniform as reasonably may be with the taxes imposed upon similar property in said state, or upon the earnings thereof within this state, but may be graded or progressive, or both, and in providing for such tax, or in providing for ascertaining the just and true value of such property, it shall be competent for the legislature, in either or all such cases, to impose such tax upon any or all property thereof within this state, and in either case by taking as the basis of such imposition the proportionate business, earnings, mileage or quantity of production or property now or hereafter existing of any such companies, persons or owners, transacted or existing in this state, in relation to the entire business, mileage or quantity of production or property of such companies, persons or owners as aforesaid; or in such other manner, or by such other method as the legislature may determine; but the proceeds of such taxes upon mining property shall be distributed between the state and the various political subdivisions thereof wherein the same is situated, in the same proportion as the proceeds of taxes upon real property are distributed: Provided further, that nothing in this act contained shall operate to authorize the assessment or taxation of any farm land or ordinary business blocks or property owned by any such corporation, person, firm or company except in the manner provided by the ordinary methods of taxation."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Sec. 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200 for each household, individual, or head of a family, as the legislature may determine. But the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads."

This proposed constitutional amendment was submitted and voted upon at the last election and was declared carried. But a contest was instituted by interested parties, claiming that the amendment was not carried. That contest is now pending in the courts and it was on that account that the legislature decided to re-submit the amendment to the people, so that however the contest may be decided, the next legislature may have the power granted by the amendment. For the purpose of discussing the effect of the amendment I will assume that the same amendment submitted at the last election, did not carry.

The purpose and effect of this amendment would be to greatly enlarge the power of the legislature with reference to the subject of taxation. Section one (1) as it now stands provides that all taxes imposed shall be equal—as near as may be—on all forms of property, and all property upon which a tax is imposed is required to have a CASH VALUATION equalized throughout the state.

Section two (2) as it now stands requires the legislature to levy the necessary taxes annually to defray the expenses of the state. That is the duty of the legislature without any constitutional direction.

Section three (3) as it now stands provides that all real and personal property, including MONEYS, CREDITS and INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND STOCKS, shall be assessed according to their true value in money.

Section four (4) as it now stands provides that property employed in banking shall be subject to a tax equal to that imposed on other property. This is only a repetition of the requirements of Sections one (1) and three (3), as no rational person would claim that banking capital should be exempt from taxation.

Section seventeen (17) as it now stands is not easy to understand, but it was intended by that section to relieve from the operation of sections one (1) and three (3), above quoted, property of the classes therein enumerated, so that a gross earnings tax could be applied thereto instead of direct taxation.

Owing to the provisions of sections one (1) and three (3) of the present Constitution many amendments were from time to time added so as to permit taxes to be imposed on specific kinds of property otherwise than upon a cash valuation equalized throughout the state. We have among these exceptions railroad gross earnings taxes; municipal frontage taxes; inheritance taxes; and the gross earnings taxes authorized by said section seventeen (17).

Several exemptions from taxation are also provided for, but as these exemptions are not changed by the proposed amendment, I will make no further reference to them.

The amendment which, if adopted, would take the place of all of the sections and amendments above referred to, is simple and plain. No provision of the Constitution is necessary to authorize the imposition of the taxes necessary for the support of the state and its various political subdivisions. The power of taxation is inherent in government. This proposed amendment declares that this inherent power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away; that taxes shall be imposed for public purposes and shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. Should this amendment be adopted all property of every kind in the state would be subject to taxation, according to the method the legislature saw fit to adopt, provided only that the tax was levied for a public purpose and was uniform on the same class of subjects. Under this amendment every tax law we now have on the statue books would continue to be valid, because under this amendment all limitations on the power of the legislature would be taken away.

The adoption of this amendment would, as indicated, repeal the so-called inheritance tax amendment, and the gross earnings tax amendment adopted in 1896, as contained in said Section seventeen (17), but in their place this amendment would give the legislature greater authority. Under this amendment the power to impose inheritance taxes would be unlimited, and any form of gross earnings tax would be valid. The gross earnings tax on railroads would not be affected by this amendment, as the Constitution provides that they cannot be changed without submitting the law making the change to a vote of the people. But with this amendment various new forms of taxation could be imposed, notably an income tax, a tonnage tax on iron ore and a registry tax on mortgages. Under the present Constitution we cannot impose no tax on mortgages owned by non-residents. A registry tax which would be valid under this amendment, would reach all mortgages alike. While the Constitution requires all subjects of taxation to have a cash valuation with the tax equalized throughout the state, no proper income tax could be imposed.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 478 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section sixteen (16) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"The legislature is also authorized to provide for the appointment, by the governor of the state, of a board to be known as the 'State Highway Commission,' consisting of three (3) members, who shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law without salary or compensation other than personal expenses.

"Such commission shall have general superintendence of the construction of state roads and bridges and shall use such fund in the construction thereof and distribute the same in the several counties in the state upon an equitable basis. Provided further, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and, provided further, that no more than one-third (1-3) of such fund accruing in any year shall be expended for bridges, and in no case shall *more than* one-third (1-3) of the cost of construction or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to levy upon all the property of the state any amount necessary, in its judgment, for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein, and in so far removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution, whereby the legislature is prevented from levying for such purpose a tax exceeding one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on the taxable property within the state.

This amendment further authorizes the legislature to provide salary and compensation, including personal expenses incurred in the performance of duty by the highway commission, or any other like officer entrusted by law with similar duties.

Finally, this amendment removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution upon the powers of the highway commission in the distribution of the road and bridge fund of the state whereby authorized, and the amount which the state may pay from such fund toward the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge, and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the legislature shall deem wise.

The adoption of this amendment will not interfere with the power of the legislature to create a highway commission and define its powers, nor will it interfere with the appointment and tenure of office of the present commission.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 379 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to add the following section to Article nine (9) of the Constitution as a new section:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to permit the state to become the trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or both. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax upon the lands of such persons ONLY as shall VOLUNTARILY list the same with their respective county auditors for such purpose. There can be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. Its adoption will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of the same by the officers of the state, but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from said fund and from no other. The state would assume no responsibility beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 480 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal the provisions of Section seven (7) of Article seven (7) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except county superintendents of schools, who shall be required to have educational qualifications to be determined by the legislature, and except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of county superintendent of schools. As the Constitution now stands any legal voter is eligible to the office of county superintendent of schools.

The foregoing four proposed amendments constitute all the amendments proposed for adoption at the ensuing General Election.

Yours respectfully,
EDWARD T. YOUNG,
Attorney General.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Blo
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Ban

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST:
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Administration.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Jacob E. Lee, James Willard Lee and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Jacob E. Lee having been filed in this court, representing that Susanna Lee, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 19th. day of September 1908 and praying that letters of administration of her estate be granted to Jacob E. Lee; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 21st. day of October 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 5th. day of October 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
Probate Judge.

COURT SEAL

G. Halvorson
Attorney for Petitioner.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

oct. 8-22.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35
Clothes cleaned and press
First class work guarant
Prices right.

Sons of Norw
Hold their regular meeti
2nd and 4th Thursday of
month.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

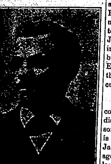

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

Frank Day has decided not to send Gov. *Johnson to* New York city to help out the Tammany crowd. He has found work for our popular and genial governor in Minnesota.

The Open Market Law and the Railroad "Y" law have been of much benefit to the farmers. Jacobson was the father of both of these bills and had to fight powerful interests to secure their passage.

A Jacobson Laboring Men's club was organized last week in Minneapolis and has 500 charter members. When a member of the state legislature, Mr. Jacobson was always fair and friendly towards the laboring men and this fact is now appreciated.

The interests whom Mr. Jacobson has opposed in his fight for the rights of the farmers are out to defeat him. If the farmers stand by him he will be elected. If, after all the service he has rendered them, they turn him down, it will be poor encouragement for anyone else to follow his example. The corporations stand by their friends, Are the farmers going to do likewise?—Ex.

According to reports there will be a tremendous change in the vote for governor in Polk county. Two years ago Johnson carried Polk by over 2,000 majority, while now reports indicate 1,000 majority for Jacobson. The farming community is becoming aroused to the fact that in Jacobson they have a personal candidate for governor and they are going to turn out on election day and cast practically their solid vote for his election.—Ada Index.

Frank M. Eddy came to Mr. Jacobson's defense at Granite Falls last week and told truths that made the Johnson supporters tremble. He delared, among other facts, that instead of Jacobson being supported by the "interests" the liquor interests and the railroads were supporting Johnson. "The governor forgets to state," said Mr. Eddy, "that Jas. J. Hill supported him for the presidency and is favoring him for governor, and that Thos. Shevlin and Andy Rahn, his representatives in all matters political, while claiming to be republicans and supporting Judge Taft, are actually supporting Governor Johnson." As he brought out fact after fact Mr. Eddy was loudly cheered showing that his speech was generally concurred in.—Princeton Union.

Does the Baby Thrive

If not, something must be wrong with its food. If the mother's milk doesn't nourish it, she needs *Scott's Emulsion*. It supplies the elements of fat required for the baby. If baby is not nourished by its artificial food, then it requires

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Half a teaspoonful three or four times a day in its bottle will have the desired effect. It seems to have a magical effect upon babies and children. A fifty-cent bottle will prove the truth of our statements.

[illegible] Complete Handy Atlas of the World." [illegible] BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

The Democratic State Central committee is making an unfair and dishonest attack upon J. F. Jacobson in this section of the state. It is circulating the report that Mr. Jacobson voted against the drainage bill when a member of the state legislature. That is true, but so did Gov. Johnson, who at that time was a member of the state senate. Later, however, Mr. Jacobson voted for and supported the first comprehensive drainage bill ever passed in the state. Gov. Johnson never voted in favor of a drainage bill, although it is only fair to say that since he became governor that he has been very friendly towards drainage—and so is Mr. Jacobson now. There can be no issue made upon this subject.

J. W. McGinty
Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

First Number of Lyceum Course.

The Madrigal Lady Entertainers will appear at the Presbyterian church Thursday evening, Oct. 15. This will be the first of a series of entertainments to be given during the season under the auspices of the ladies of the Presbyterian church. Lovers of music will enjoy hearing this delightful quartette, made up of the following personnel:—Daisy Eleanor Binkley, Soprano—Gertrude Munroe-Hite—Violin, Mezzo Soprano, Jessie B. Munroe, Alto, Pianist—Anna Scheldt, Contralto, Reader.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Saxon, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson,

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support. I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and I see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $115.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

AUCTION SALE

Thursday, October 22nd

Southeast Quarter Section 17, Town of Goodridge

The Following Goods Will Be Offered for Sale:

- One work team, geldings, 10 years old, weight 1200.
- One gelding, 8 years old, weight 950.
- One mare, 6 years old, weight 1000 and colt.
- Twelve milch cows, from 3 to 8 years old.
- One two years old heifer, fresh in February.
- Three yearling heifers.
- Eleven spring calves.
- One cream seperator, 600 capacity.
- Two 10 gallon cream cans, milk pails, etc.
- One 14 inch breaking plow.
- One sulky plow.
- One garden plow.
- One McCormick mower.
- One seeder.
- One McCormick hay rake.
- One bob sled.
- One stock pump.
- One wagon.
- One buggy.
- One hay rake.
- About 60 tons of good hay.
- One incubator, 240 egg size.
- Two brooders.
- One cook stove.
- One stove pipe drum.
- Two sets of working harnesses.
- Buggy and single harness.
- One oak extension table, chairs, dishes, tinware, etc., and other things too numerous to mention.

A FREE LUNCH AT 12 O'CLOCK SHARP.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount bankable paper.

HENRY ROLLER,
Auctioneer.

D. & J. H. O'BRIEN,
Owners.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

The best and most competent official Red Lake county has ever had is John B. O'Brien. He has at all times done his full duty and now that he is a candidate for re-election to the office of county auditor, he should receive the support of all who believe in good government.

Auction Sale.

Owing to the fact that I soon leave for the west, I will offer at public auction, on Friday afternoon, Oct. 16, at 2 o'clock in the Masonic building in Thief River Falls, the following described goods:

- One bed room Suite.
- Two iron beds.
- One sofa.
- One bureau.
- One combination book case and writing desk.
- One dining room table.
- One hard coal stove, nearly new.
- One cook stove.
- One sewing machine.
- One sink.
- One cupboard.
- Chairs, rocking chairs, rugs, carpets, picture frames, dishes, clocks and other things too numerous to mention.

K. M. Jorstad, Owner,
C. M. Evenson, Auctioneer.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term.

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

The Campaign Orator

is getting busy now, and is trying to convince the public that Taft or Bryan is the best man for the country. The man who has his clothes cleaned at B. Dan Bjorkman's needs nothing but a sample of our dry cleaning to convince him that every suit of clothes cleaned and pressed here is equal to a new one. Bring your soiled clothes to—

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You can get what you want from the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, cut glass, novelties, umbrellas, optical goods etc.

Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

Closing out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' waists at 30 per cent off:

Ladies' $24.00 plush lined coats for $13.00.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.
I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.
It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses.

A. JOE GILLER.

A WONDERFUL WORK

Went on here last Saturday---The house was packed full of people from one end to the other

The Whole City Was Awake To The Situation

It was a Carnival, but a Carnival such as Thief River Falls never saw before. This store never had a bigger jam and never will have. It would be impossible for them to get on the inside, although we expect them to be standing on the outside, with the inside full in the next few days. *In fact*, we would like to have this house over-run each and every day of this 30 DAYS BIG STOCK REDUCING AND CASH GETTING CARNIVAL, for nothing brighter under the canopy of heaven will ever visit your city than this great Clothing Carnival of the E. & E. Co.

We Are The People Behind The Gun.

We are directing each shot, and they are shooting into the enemy's camp at a fearful rate. It is coming to all the people's gain and not the very few. The FARMER and the WORKINGMAN have heard of it, and they are sending word to their friends and neighbors for miles around.

Interesting News From The Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival

Saturday was a big day with us. Everyone of the immense crowd was patient and good-natured and kindly waited until a saleman could get to him. Come back again---we promise you better service. We intend to make every day a big day. Remember this is a straight business proposition. We want you to come down to our store. Perhaps you have never been here before---come in anyway and see how goods are marked. You don't have to buy, land sakes, no. We are only too glad to have you look. Everything is arranged so you can look around and see the prices on each article. NOW IS THE TIME TO ACT. No merchant in Thief River Falls ever offered such prices. CAN YOU AFFORD TO MISS IT.

The People Get The Benefit

We cannot help what these war-priced vets say, it is time on the other fellow, and it is time on ourselves. The Carnival has just got started, and crowds are surging to and fro. Not one item will be held in reserve, and that kind courteous treatment that you received heretofore will be repeated each and every day, only we are trying to do better. We are bidding you welcome under the roof where this great Sacrifice Carnival is now in full blast. The way they took

CLOTHING

out of here the last few days was the "Wonder of the Age. The cheap, shoddy clothing cuts no ice now, as people can buy Clothing here that is new and up-to-date at about the price the other fellow would charge you for what he has been carrying for the past two to twenty-five years. We have got thousands of dollars worth of it, and it is going out to the people at the most ruinous prices ever placed on fine goods in this city. If you want a single item in the Clothing line, remember that you must be here to this Big Carnival to get it, as such an opportunity was never offered you before in your life. The same thing applies to every item in this big store. One piece or a hundred, you can find just what you want, at a saving of from 50 to 75 per cent. It is facts in cold print. Why not wake up, take your medicine, and buy yourself that new suit you have been promising yourself for so long. If you are going to get married, why not come down here and buy clothes, and save enough money to buy your entire furniture, cook stove and all. If you are not going to get married you want to buy them anyway at prices we are selling them. Such tiny prices as these is what brings you to our

Men's and Boy's Suit Dept.

Our suits come in plain blue, grey, fancy mixtures, plaids, checks, stripes, padded shoulders, self retaining fronts, excellently tailored throughout, worth from $8.00 to $35.00, your choice of the lot this week

$4.48 to $29.38

If you know what Sincerity Clothing is, you know what it means to get it at such prices. Did you ever hear of the like before? It is the hottest shot ever put out in this town. We are cannonading all along the line, pouring cannon balls into the enemies' camp at a fearful rate, for with us it is cut loose and unload now, not later.

Men's Dress Shirt Counter

Did you see the crowds that gathered around our Dress Shirt Counter, looking over the latest patterns, the latest designs, and see them buying right and left on all sides. Everybody was picking out patterns. We were wrapping them up like chain lightning. What was the cause of it? It was simply buying Shirts at half what the other fellow sell them at.—Come down and look over the bargains.

50c Shirt now for	39c
75c Shirt now for	48c
$1.00 Shirt now for	88c
$1.25 Shirt now for	98c

Our New Line of Furnishings

The heavy buying of last week emphasizes the truth of our claim that our display was never before equalled in Thief River Falls. These are the best and most up-to-date Furnishings on the market today.

25c Neckties now	19c
50c Ties now	39c
Men's White Handkerchiefs	3c
Turkey Red Handkerchiefs	4c
Men's Socks	4c
Men's Woolen Socks	13c
Men's Suspenders Regular 25c goods.	19c
Best Working Shirts	39c

If You Need Underwear,

BUY IT NOW.

No wonder we sell them. No manufacturer can name such prices. Now is the time to buy Underwear for the winter.

Boy's Fleeced Underwear	23c
Men's Fleeced Underwear	38c
Men's Wool Fleeced Underwear	44c
$1.25 Mens wool ribbed underwear	98c

Odd Trousers

We have an assortment of Odd Trousers so extensive as to give you a splendid choice no matter what your idea may be. These are all cut in the latest patterns and styles, well-tailored and are offered at a sacrifice in this Carnival. A new pair of Trousers will match up your off coat and vest and thus fix you out with a new suit and our prices range from

98c to $5.78

Hats.

The character of these hats shows that every detail has been cared for to a degree unusual in low priced Hats. It is the splendid satisfaction these Hats afford that has made this store so widely known for the unequalled worth of our inexpensive Hats. We carry the Lampher Hats, Badger Hats, Stetson Hats, Challenge Hats, and we have a style to suit everyone.

$1.50 Hats now	$1.19
$2.50 Hats now	1.98
$3.00 Hats now	2.48

Men's Hosiery

A new and splendid display of the nobby designs in hosiery offered at Bargains. An opportunity no man can afford to overlook.

10c Socks for	4c
25c Socks for	19c
50c Socks for	39c

Gloves and Mittens

at Very Low Prices.

These are items that everybody uses and you can certainly save money by buying during this Carnival.

Our 10c Canvas Glove at	6c
All Wool 25c Glove at	19c
All 50c Gloves and Mittens	39c

Men's Work Clothing

A very staple and up-to-date line, complete in sizes of the best lines of work clothing, including work shirts, jumpers, overalls, sweaters, work pants, bib overalls, etc., with every price reduced for this Great Carnival. Our work clothing is the best made and the most durable line on the market.

WE ARE STILL SELLING

SHOES

We are piling out shoes; we are putting them in baskets, bins, on the counter, and convenient places for you to look them over, where you can examine each and every pair. It is the most golden opportunity that ever visited Thief River Falls since she first came on earth. Jones, he pays the Freight and the People get the Benefit. Whether it is shoes you want for your father, your sons or yourself, they are here for you and they are here at prices that are talking out loud.

At the front door and at the side door, WE BID YOU WELCOME AND ANYWHERE UNDER THIS ROOF, IT IS A CERTAINTY YOU ARE WELCOME. Follow the crowds and come to our store.

Thanking you one and all a thousand times for your attendance to this Big Stock Reducing Carniyal, in the last few days, and trusting you will be here each and every day until the final wind-up, we are

FAITHFULLY YOURS,

THE E. & E. CO.

CLOTHIERS

I. L. ERICKSON & SON - PROPRIETORS

[illegible]tice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] is hereby given that default has been [illegible] in the conditions of a mortgage given by [illegible] Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to [illegible] E. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 31st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 16th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43W, 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 498 thereof on the 26th, day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and 00-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
sept. 17-oct. 23 L. M. Hoag,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole B. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec. 13th, 1905, made Homestead entry, No. 1255, Serial No. 0671, for lots 4, N.½ N. W.¼, and S. E.¼ N. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per. Walstedt, " " " " "
Frank Tilton, " " " " "
H. H. Skagen, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
sept. 17-oct. 23 Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Leslin, of Anton, Minn., who, on July 28th, 1904, made H. E., No. 375, Serial No. 016, for S. E.¼, Section 7, Township 153, N., Range 41, W., 5th prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27 th, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Plin H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward Olson, of " "
Barney Tieman, of " "
Christ Brorby, of Kratka, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 23

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at R. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will

AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, Oct. 17th, 1908

Commencing at 10 A. M.

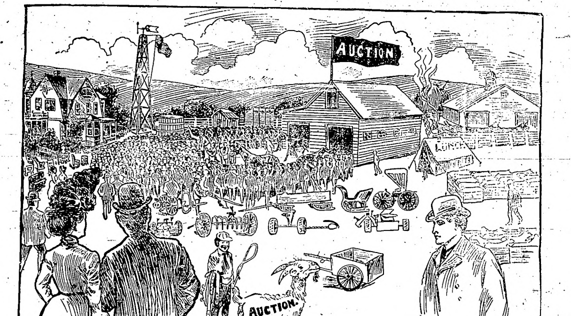

Copyright by M. Cumings 1900.

At Jenson & Son's Livery Barn, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Thirty head of young western horses and mares with foal will be auctioned off in pairs or single to suit the bidders. A number of gentle saddle horses. Some broke to harness and all halter broke. It will pay you to attend this sale. The tendency is towards a low price, and the horses must be sold.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer. OLAF RAMSTAD, Owner.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 1, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Nils Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 22nd, [illegible], made Homestead Entry, No. 160, Serial No. [illegible], for S. E. Section 22, Township 154 N. Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 9th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Andrew Myklestad, of Anton, Minn
John Haner, of Thief River Falls, Minn
Lars Matson, " " " " "
Ole Homme " " " " "

R J MONTAGUE,
oct 8-nov 12 Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 3, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Werner, of Germantown, Minn., who on Oct 2nd, [illegible], made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. W. ¼, Section 10, Township 154 N. Range 41 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 14th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Fred Dechamp, of Germantown, Minn
Thom Bednarcis, " "
Joseph Dechamp, " "
Ole P. Nelson, " "

R J MONTAGUE,
oct 8-nov 12 Register

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CLAES JOHAN LUNDIN IS DEAD

Well Known Swedish Publisher and Writer Passes Away in a Stockholm Hospital.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Claes Johan Lundin, the Swedish publisher and writer, died at the Serafim hospital in Stockholm during the latter part of September. The deceased was born in 1825 in Stockholm, where his father was a tailor. In 1844 he was graduated from the University of Upsala and in 1854 he went abroad to acquire knowledge of mercantile affairs. In 1856 he became a member of the firm of C. O. Wikander & Co., in Gothenburg, and in 1858 he launched out into the publishing business, which he operated with singular success. He was for a long time the foreign correspondent of a number of Swedish papers and in this capacity he did so well that he drew *a very handsome salary and was for a* time regarded as an authority regarding all foreign affairs, both as regarded business and politics. Among some of his most prominent works as an author is his "Paris in Our Day," "Stockholm Types Now and Formerly," "Types of Stockholm Life," etc., and many other popular sketches, which were always consumed with a great deal of relish among the reading public. He was a man of a genial disposition and made friends wherever he went. Although he spent a number of years in Paris, he never for an instant lost sight of the best interest of his country and his patriotism was always in evidence in anything that he ever wrote in newspapers or published.

In a recent telegram from Stockholm it is learned that the Svenska Akademien will award this year's prize for literature to the English author and poet, Algernon Charles Swinburne. This gentleman, who was born in London in 1835, is considered one of the most modern among English poets at the present day writing. His style is characterized as possessing enthusiasm, as glowing consciousness of inspiration and reflexion. His place in literature was already recognized in 1865, when he wrote "Atlanta in Calydon," and this fame has become still more secure since he has added to his list a number of lyric efforts, which critics claim to be masterpieces. There has been an element of the sensuous in a number of his poems, but this matter will not prevent him from receiving full recognition from the Nobel committee.

The Swedish telephone service has invaded Turkey. Owing to the late troubles, however, over there, the matter of carrying the same to a successful conclusion has miscarried, so that now the sultan has forbidden their introduction altogether at present. This action on the part of the sultan has not prevented a number of firms from bringing in their private phones and there are consequently a number of Swedish telephones in operation in Constantinople already. Turkish officials are doing all in their power to prevent the Swedish telephones from coming in, but it will only be a matter of time before they will be in general use, because of the fact that all who patronize the Swedish service like it.

On Oct. 25 the medical association of Sweden will be 100 years old and there will then be a grand celebration held by that society in Stockholm. Prominent men interested in the medical sciences will then come to Stockholm from all sections of the country and it will be one of the largest gatherings of medical men and professors and authors that have been gathered at one time in the history of the country. Great preparations are being made for their reception. King Gustaf has been requested to deliver the speech of welcome.

The well known animal painter, George Arsenius, died at his home in Vineul, France, aged fifty-three years. He attracted attention and reputation chiefly through his paintings of dogs and horses, which were very true to life in every particular. During the past two years he has been in ill health and his artist friends have been contributing to his support.

King Gustaf will not be allowed to hunt in the vicinity of Born lake. Some time ago he sent in a request to the Stockholm authorities that he be allowed to purchase the hunting privileges there, but this request was promptly turned down by the "dratselnamd," which proves that not even a king can do as he pleases in Sweden.

Owing to the excessive house rents in the Swedish capital the population in that city has by no means increased. This has on the other hand been very much on the decline. People are afraid to move into town and many of them prefer to live in the country, as they can secure a better and cheaper living there.

The Duke and Duchess of Sodermanland arrived at Helsingforg Sept. 15, from whence they journeyed by automobile to Sofero, where they have since resided. The royal young couple are in excellent health and appear to have enjoyed their summer journey immensely.

The exports of Sweden through Norway to other ports of the world in 1907 aggregated 1,455,621 tons, of which 1,401,855 tons was iron ore, shipped by way of Norvik.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The sixteenth annual conference of the Sailors' Mission society was recently held, and the report of the proceedings, just made public, show that the society has been gaining rapidly in strength. The income for the year ending with the conference was about 138,000 crowns and the disbursements were 128,000 crowns. Twelve preachers and twenty assistants are in the employ of the society. They conduct meetings among seamen, the total attendance at the meetings held the past year being estimated at 130,000. The society is certainly doing a great and noble work in all directions.

Professor Sylow, the great mathematician and educator, who has edited the works of Abel, the mathematical genius of Norway, celebrated his fiftieth anniversary as a professor of mathematics the other day. He ranks among the greatest of contemporary mathematicians and is highly honored, both at home and abroad. The venerable educator is still very active and can still lecture at the Christiania university once in a while.

A constitution has been drafted for the independent theological seminary and the Free Church of Norway. It is proposed to give such a great power to the "church council," the highest authority, that some of the ministers threaten to withdraw from the new organization in case the constitution is adopted in its present form.

Shakespere's "Othello" will be rendered at the National theater in the near future with Eide, Stormoen and Doris Johannesen in the leading roles. After "Othello" will follow Ole Olson's "Laila" and Greig-Bjornson's "Olav Tryggvasson," "Erasmus Montanus," and during the holidays "La Belle Marseillaise."

The raising of funds for the new Vestland railway is progressing nicely and large sums have already been secured by means of subscription. The last district to contribute its quota is Buskerud, which has just voted 12,000 crowns, in addition to former donations.

During the month of August there were 456 persons who emigrated from Christiania to other countries. Last year during the same period there were 915 persons who went to foreign lands. Judging from this it would seem that there is a slight check on Norwegian emigration.

Because there have been frequent complaints regarding the telephone service, Director Iversen called in about 250 telephone girls into the big room where the board of directors meet and gave them a curtain lecture which they will not soon forget.

"Sigurd Jorsalfar" was rendered for the seventy-third time at the National theater in Christiania on Bjornson's golden wedding day. There was an unusually large audience and the proceeds of the performance will be given to the city's poor.

Dispatches state that the Christiania steamer "Mira" has been sunk while making the journey between Shanghai and Japan. Captain Erickse was commander of the vessel and it is believed that he and his entire crew were lost.

The berry crop was this year unusually rich in Lillehammar and vicinity. Hundreds of persons found employment picking berries, which were packed and shipped in large consignments to England and America.

The Scandia informs us that neither the Norwegian minister nor the consul general in London are using telephones. Perhaps it is to their best interest not to use any telephones whatsoever.

King Haakon and a party of friends went up into the mountain country the other day to hunt "ryper." They were very successful and bagged not less than 300 of them.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The English Butter Importing company, Willer & Riley, has sued Alberti for 3,000,000 crowns, which the firm alleges that he owes them. Alberti, as chief of the Danish Butter Export society, drew checks on Willer & Riley for an amount of 7,000,000 crowns, but sent them only 4,000,000 crowns' worth of butter. The English firm has also sued every firm in Denmark, which was co-operating with Alberti, and it is claimed that this will cause the ruination of all the leading butter export firms of the country, as nearly every exporting firm of any consequence was associated directly or indirectly with that man Alberti, who seems to have succeeded in shaking the very foundation of all Danish finance through his merciless embezzlements and swindleries. On top of it all, the Danish Butter Exporting society has been compelled to make an assignment.

The crops in Denmark were fairly good the year, but there has been too much rain. For weeks in succession it rained nearly every day, which, of course, delayed the work of harvesting considerably. The grain was, of course, badly affected in some places. Down on the islands, where they, as a rule, have the best and largest crops, the farmers suffered most. In Jylland, though, it seems that the rains did the least damage.

Denmark's largest cycle factory, "Hamlet," has failed. It was at one time one of the largest factories in the country, employing several hundred laboring men. But now there is no call whatsoever for cycles, so that the industry has petered out altogether.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 12.—Wheat—Dec., $1.02; May, $1.06⅛@1.06¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.04⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.03¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.01¾@1.02¼; No. 3 Northern, 98¾c@$1.01¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$5.25@6.00. Sheep—Wethers, $4.15@4.30; yearlings, $4.25@4.40; spring lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 12.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅜; Dec., $1.01⅞; May, $1.05⅝; Oct., $1.02⅞; Nov., $1.03⅛. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.23¼; Oct., $1.22⅞; Nov., $1.22⅝; Dec., $1.21; May, $1.25¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Wheat—Dec., $1.00⅞@1.01; May, $1.03⅞@1.04; July, 99c. Corn—Dec., 64⅝c; May, 64⅝c; July, 63⅝c. Oats—Dec., 49¼@49⅜c; May, 51@51¼c; July, 46⅞c. Pork—Oct., $14.00; Dec., $14.15; Jan., $15.57½; May, $15.40. Butter—Creameries, 20½@27½c; dairies, 18½@24c. Eggs—23c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@7.45; Texans, $3.25@4.70; Western steers, $3.10@5.70; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.30; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs—Light, $5.50@6.15; mixed, $5.65@6.55; heavy, $5.65@6.40; rough, $5.65@5.85; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.40; pigs, $3.00@5.25. Sheep, $2.50@4.30; yearlings, $4.25@4.85; lambs, $4.00@6.00.

Considerably modified and with a number of its paragraphs vacated the federal court injunction issued against the Iron Molders' union No. 125 of Milwaukee during the strike at the plants of the Allis-Chalmers company several years ago was upheld by the United States circuit court of appeals at Chicago. In enjoining the unions from picketing the higher court made modifications which makes the injunction enjoin them only from "picketing in a threatening or intimidating manner."

What is said to have been the closest pennant contest ever waged by American league baseball clubs came to an end in Chicago when Detroit, champions of 1907, captured the emblem for another year by defeating Chicago, 7 to 0. The percentage of the three leading clubs at the close of the season follows: Detroit, .588; Cleveland, .581; Chicago, .578.

The deep waterways convention at Chicago adopted resolutions declaring the opening of a deep channelway connecting the Great Lakes with the Gulf of Mexico to be an imperative duty of the general government and that this work should be immediately begun and completed as soon as possible.

The inquiry into the Panama canal discrimination charges at New York city was temporarily interrupted in a sensational manner when William A. Brothers, who brought the charges, publicly accused Spencer Miller, a representative of the Lidgerwood company, of perjury.

United States Senator La Follette of Wisconsin is to start a Commoner. It will not be called the Commoner, however, and, in fact, the name, if decided upon, has not been made public.

Chicago defeated New York in the final game of the season by a score of 4 to 2 and captured the National league pennant for 1908.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has sailed from Manila for Japanese waters.

THE DEATH RECORD.

James Oliver Curwood, the well known author, of Detroit, Mich., who recently went into the Hudson bay wilds for a publishing house, has been killed by Indians in the Lac la Ronge country.

General Eppa Hunton, ex-United States senator from Virginia and one of the last surviving generals of the Confederate army, is dead at Richmond, Va., aged eighty-five years.

Benjamin H. Ridgeley, United States consul general to Mexico City, died suddenly in the Mexico City Pullman at Monterey, Mex., while waiting for the Mexico City train.

Right Rev. Michael Tierney, bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Hartford, Conn., who was stricken with paralysis recently, is dead.

General Louis Fitzgerald, for more than half a century a prominent figure in New York, is dead. He was seventy-one years old.

John S. Morrison, aged sixty-seven years, the largest timber jobber in the Michigan copper country, is dead.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

A big increase in traffic is indicated by the American Railway association's bulletin of car surpluses and shortages, the railroad barometer of business conditions. The report shows a decrease of 49,795 in the number of surplus cars on the railroads of the United States and Canada, the total surplus now being 127,792.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate some irregularity in retail trade because of unsettled weather, but manufacturing plants are increasing active capacity and there is confidence in an early return of normal conditions.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

In order that the people of this as well as other countries may be informed of the true conditions in Minnesota with reference to its resources, climate and general desirability as a place of residence the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs has inaugurated a campaign for the purpose of securing an appropriation of $100,000 a year from the legislature for state advertising purposes.

Five Twin City public service corporations had their assessments raised 10 per cent by the state board of equalization. The corporations raised are the Twin City Rapid Transit company, St. Paul Gas Light company, St. Paul Edison Electric Light and Power company, a branch of the gas light company; the Minneapolis Gas Light company and the Minneapolis General Electric company.

County school funds of the state were enriched $1,030,519 by the October apportionment of the current school fund made by the state superintendent of public instruction. This is the largest amount ever disbursed at the half yearly periods. Last fall the total amount was $937,297. The total number of pupils in the state has increased from 374,919 last year to 381,674 this year.

Incorrect financial statements of the affairs of the Pillsbury-Washburn company, effected by keeping a secret ledger, have been made to the public ever since May, 1905, according to a letter from the creditors to the shareholders. About $1,758,000 of the indebtedness was not placed on the company's open books until shortly before the firm was placed into the hands of receivers.

St. Paul schools showed a tremendous increase in attendance during September. There was a gain last month over September, 1907, of nearly one thousand, as shown by the figures of S. L. Heeter, superintendent of schools. The total number of admissions last month were 25,025, against 24,086 for the same month last year.

"Irregularities" of all sorts, it is said, are being unearthed in connection with the affairs of the board of education of Minneapolis, which is now under fire, the latest discovery being private dinners held at the Commercial club and paid for by the city, according to figures in the board clerk's office.

As the result of the fight put up by Superintendent of Police Frank T. Corriston Minneapolis will have twenty-five more policemen to patrol its streets in 1909. This amount is twenty-five short of the number the superintendent asked, but he states "they will do in a pinch."

Members of the board of tax levy have cut the tax levy rate for the city of Minneapolis and the county of Hennepin for the year 1909 from 28.1 mills to 26.5 mills, a reduction of 1.6 mills.

Minnesota has received in all $18,145 as inheritance tax against the estate of Frank W. Higgins of New York, which includes valuable mining properties in St. Louis county.

The Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs, in session at St. Cloud, accepted the invitation of the Lake City Woman's club to hold its next convention in Lake City.

Mrs. Rose D. Ritman of Minneapolis was elected chief ranger of the Catholic Women's Order of Foresters at the national convention at Detroit, Mich.

OBITUARY.

Father Gregory Koening, chaplain of the House of the Good Shepherd at St. Paul, is dead after a lingering illness. He was born in Germany seventy-five years ago and he had been in charge of churches in Shakopee, North St. Paul and New Ulm.

Edwin Sedgwick Chittenden, a resident of St. Paul for thirty-nine years and a prominent member of the Minnesota G. A. R., died at Fort Des Moines, Ia., while visiting his daughter, the wife of Lieutenant Edward R. Coppeck.

John Bier, one of the leading citizens and one of the first settlers of Rush City, is dead, aged seventy-seven years. He settled in Rush City when all around was a wilderness.

Robert Richardson Ives, a resident of Red Wing for fifty-two years, is dead, aged seventy-six years.

Stephen T. Welsh, forty-one years old, a prominent member of the Duluth board of trade, is dead.

Mrs. Charlotte Marvin Lewis, a resident of St. Paul since 1851, is dead, aged sixty-four.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A fire, set by a passing locomotive, swept over a wide stretch of prairie fifteen miles west of Fergus Falls and burned over 200 tons of hay. Another fire in the same neighborhood destroyed nearly 300 tons a few days before.

Carl Allen, while hunting near Cass Lake, accidentally shot off his hand. Allen became unconscious immediately and his partner, Joseph Marlow, carried him on his back seven miles to town.

Martin Grannum, an employe of the St. Paul Boom company, was found dead in the woods near the boom. Death was caused by the rupture of a varicose vein in his right leg.

Mrs. A. M. Wilbur is dead at Minneapolis as the result of burns received when she fainted and fell across a gasoline stove in her home.

MANY KNOTS IN TANGLE.

Point Raised Against Legislators May Affect Both Branches.

Legislative members and many others are awaiting with considerable interest the decision of the supreme court as to whether members of the last house who were nominated at the primaries shall have their names placed on the ballot. A decision against them would cause no end of complications.

In the first place if the old members who were renominated have their names taken off the ballot it does not follow that the candidates whom they defeated at the primaries would be placed on the ballot. The canvassing board had certified that the others were nominated. The men who ran second have no certificate from the canvassing board and the county auditors would not be justified in placing their names on the ballot. The court would hardly reconvene the canvassing boards and order them to place the man with the second highest vote on the ticket. It would be more likely that the county committee would meet and select a candidate.

But if the house members are ineligible now what about the senate? Some politicians assert that the senators could not sit this winter if the same rule were applied to them as certain defeated candidates are trying to apply to the house members. This would leave the state without a senate. At any rate it would make them ineligible for re-election two years from now, when their terms expire.

AUTHORIZED BY COURT.

Issue of $750,000 Certificates by Mill Company Receivers.

Judge Milton D. Purdy has granted an order permitting the receivers of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company, limited, of Minneapolis, to issue $750,000 worth of receivers' certificates.

It was pointed out by the receivers that it would be impossible for the company to continue business until a working capital was obtained and that unless the court permitted the issuance of receivers' certificates the mills of the concern would be closed and the stockholders suffer to a large extent.

The mills of the company will now be operated and the business continued as before the receivership.

FEW HOMES REBUILT.

Forest Fire Sufferers Very Poorly Sheltered.

The relief work for the north shore fire sufferers is progressing well but very slowly and the approach of winter will find many of the stricken homesteaders and villagers unprepared to withstand the elements of the coming months. Many had their winter supply already stored, which was destroyed, and building material is not arriving very rapidly. There are at present fifteen buildings being constructed at Chisholm. Although there is some delay in shipping to remote districts the relief committee is hopeful of caring for those depending on lake navigation before the season closes.

RUNAWAYS KILL TWO.

Man and Girl Victims of Accidents in Minneapolis.

Miss Carella Roosen, aged seventeen, is dead at Minneapolis from injuries which she suffered when she was thrown from a spirited horse she was riding. The horse was a Texas pinto and became frightened and threw his rider heavily to the pavement. When she was examined at the hospital it was found that her skull was fractured and that there were other serious injuries.

Edward C. Kelly, a teamster, was instantly killed in a runaway accident which occurred on Penn avenue north. He was dashed from his team and met such injuries that death followed.

ROBBERS SECURE $2,300.

Bank of Danube, This State, Looted by Burglars.

The State bank of Danube, a town near Olivia, was burglarized and $2,300 in cash was taken. The safe door was blown through the plate glass into the street. Rev. Reed was coming from the depot, after meeting the morning passenger train. He passed the bank and saw a light and men working. Thinking it was his friends he whistled and was answered by a pistol shot, which woke the town. No one dared to make a fight. The robbers escaped in the darkness.

STAPLES IS HONORED.

Minnesota Man Chosen Vice President by Railroad Commissioners.

The National Association of Railroad Commissioners concluded its twentieth annual convention at Washington. Officers for the coming year were elected as follows:

President, Martin S. Decker, New York; first vice president, R. Hudson Burr, Florida; second vice president, Charles F. Staples, Minnesota.

Charles F. Staples of Minnesota submitted a report favoring a national valuation of railroad property, and it was adopted.

Mill and Lumber Destroyed.

A fire, the loss from which will mount well up into the thousands, occurred at the A. H. Powers mill, five miles northeast of Hibbing. The mill and planer, 100,000 feet of lumber, 100,000 lath and 800 cords of wood piled in the yard, were completely destroyed. There was no insurance except on the lumber. Heroic work all night with pumps and chemicals succeeded in saving the main part of the yards.

BOY SHOT DEAD

And Young Woman Wounded by Minneapolis Policeman.

TRAGEDY WAS ACCIDENTAL

Officer Fired Revolver to Scare Mob Attempting to Release Prisoner.

Patrolman John Connelly of the South Side station, Minneapolis, accidentally killed Theodore Hedine, aged five, and disfigured Miss Julia Churchill for life.

The officer had arrested Ernest Dwinnell for drunkenness in the "Hub of Hell" district and a mob of about a hundred surged about him and attempted to take his prisoner. Stones were hurled at him and angry threats made. Drawing his revolver he commanded the crowd to stand back, but they crowded in closer. He fired a shot to the ground, but the bullet glanced off the pavement and the Hedine boy, who was standing 150 feet away with his father, fell to the ground, shot in the right eye.

When the first shot was fired Dwinnell, the prisoner, fell to his knees, dragging Connelly down with him. The officer had raised his pistol hand in the air to fire a second shot, but he was borne down and this time the second victim fell unconscious in the doorway of a drug store.

The bullet struck Miss Churchill in the jaw, shattering both jawbones. She was hurried to the Swedish hospital, where it was said she would recover, but would be disfigured for life.

After the tragedy Connelly went to his home and later reported to the South Side station in citizen's clothes. He has been suspended pending an investigation. Twenty arrests have been made of the alleged ringleaders who attacked the policeman.

PETTY GRAFT ALLEGED.

School Directors Dine at Expense of the Public.

More petty charges of alleged graft were brought to light in connection with the Minneapolis board of education scandal when it was discovered that members of the board had been in the habit of dining at the Commercial club and "charging it up to the board."

Sometimes these dinners were nothing more than luncheons; at other times they were near feasts, ending up with fine Havanas, etc.

A search of the books of the board has brought to light items of: "board expenses, $12.80;" "expenses of club meeting, $25.80;" "expenses to club, $24," and several similar accounts.

These feasts were held prior to the secret meetings of the board at the Commercial club. W. K. Hicks, the board member under indictment, admitted the charges relative to the dinner when questioned.

MILLIONS TO EDUCATION.

State Has Distributed $29,220,668 in Twenty-nine Years.

In the last twenty-nine years the state has distributed a total of $29,220,668 to the schools of the state. The amount of the fall apportionment made a few days ago amounted to $1,030,519. The state treasurer was given a single check for the amount, making the largest payment ever made at one time in the history of the state.

Since 1864 the number of pupils in the state has increased from 64,330 to 381,674. The amount distributed the first year was $40,841 at the rate of $1.08 per pupil. This year the total rate is $4.60 per pupil. Owing to other causes the rate per pupil in 1892 was 2 cents higher than this year, but the total amount disbursed to the schools ($1,743,187) is far in excess of any previous year.

SUMMER RESORT IN RUINS

Wildwood, White Bear Lake, Wiped Out by Fire.

Wildwood, the popular summer resort on the shores of White Bear lake, near St. Paul, was swept by a conflagration that caused a loss estimated at between $50,000 and $75,000 and destroyed most of the buildings in the park. The losers by the fire are the Twin City Rapid Transit company, which owns the buildings, and H. M. Barnet, who operates the amusement privileges and the pavilion. The company places its loss at about $40,000, with 70 per cent insurance, and Mr. Barnet estimates that his loss will be between $15,000 and $20,000, fully covered by insurance.

Serious Water Shortage.

There is great danger of a water famine at Montgomery and surrounding country unless rain falls before freezing weather comes. Many wells never dry before have failed. Cisterns have been drained to the bottom and all the ponds and ditches are dry. Nearby farmers are buying water from the city water works and hauling it home for their cattle and horses. One result is that well diggers are reaping a harvest.

Bank Clerk Ends His Life.

Leaving no note and apparently with no cause A. P. Peterson of Minneapolis, twenty-two years old, a statement clerk for the Security National bank, committed suicide by shooting himself behind the right ear, after having gone to a secluded spot in the woods

tice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

tice is hereby given that default has been ade in the conditions of a mortgage given by Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, ated October 31st, 1903 and recorded in the ffice of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 14 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 15th day of January 1904 at 2:30 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43W, 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 498 thereof on the 26th day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 50-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and 00-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 91-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st, day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorneys fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th, day of September, 1908.

First State Bank of Thief River Falls.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
sept. 17-oct. 23 L. M. Hoag,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ole H. Helgeson, one of the heirs of Martin O. Helgeson, deceased, of Thief River Falls, who, on Dec. 13th, 1905, made Homestead entry, No. 1256, Serial No. 0671, for lots 4, N.½ N. W.¼ and S. E.¼ N. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Per. Walstedt, " " " "
Frank Tilton, " " " "
H. H. Skagen, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
sept. 17-oct. 22 Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helen D. Leslin, of Anton, Minn., who, on July 28th, 1904, made H. E., No. 375, Serial No. 010, for S. E.¼, Section 7, Township 153, N., Range 41, W., 5th prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 27 th, day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Plin H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward Olson, of " "
Barney Tieman, of " "
Christ Hrorby, of Kratka, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
sept. 17-oct. 23

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Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

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AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, Oct. 17th, 1908

Commencing at 10 A. M.

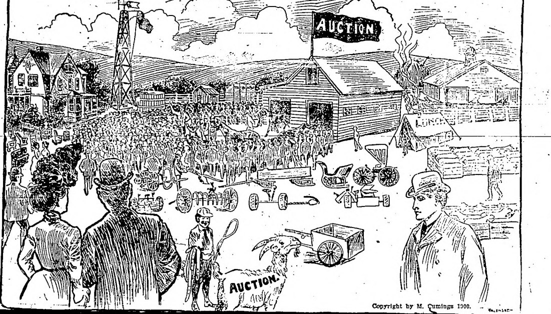

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RETAKE
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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

CLAES JOHAN LUNDIN IS DEAD

Well Known Swedish Publisher and Writer Passes Away in a Stockholm Hospital.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Claes Johan Lundin, the Swedish publisher and writer, died at the Serafim hospital in Stockholm during the latter part of September. The deceased was born in 1825 in Stockholm, where his father was a tailor. In 1844 he was graduated from the University of Upsala and in 1854 he went abroad to acquire knowledge of mercantile affairs. In 1856 he became a member of the firm of C. O. Wikander & Co., in Gothenburg, and in 1858 he launched out into the publishing business, which he operated with singular success. He was for a long time the foreign correspondent of a number of Swedish papers and in this capacity he did so well that he drew a very handsome salary and was for a time regarded as an authority regarding all foreign affairs, both as regarded business and politics. Among some of his most prominent works as an author is his "Paris in Our Day," "Stockholm Types Now and Formerly," "Types of Stockholm Life," etc., and many other popular sketches, which were always consumed with a great deal of relish among the reading public. He was a man of a genial disposition and made friends wherever he went. Although he spent a number of years in Paris, he never for an instant lost sight of the best interest of his country and his patriotism was always in evidence in anything that he ever wrote in newspapers or published.

In a recent telegram from Stockholm it is learned that the Svenska Akademien will award this year's prize for literature to the English author and poet, Algernon Charles Swinburne. This gentleman, who was born in London in 1835, is considered one of the most modern among English poets at the present day writing. His style is characterized as possessing enthusiasm, as glowing consciousness of inspiration and reflexion. His place in literature was already recognized in 1865, when he wrote "Atlanta in Calydon," and this fame has become still more secure since he has added to his list a number of lyric efforts, which critics claim to be masterpieces. There has been an element of the sensuous in a number of his poems, but this matter will not prevent him from receiving full recognition from the Nobel committee.

The Swedish telephone service has invaded Turkey. Owing to the late troubles, however, over there, the matter of carrying the same to a successful conclusion has miscarried, so that now the sultan has forbidden their introduction altogether at present. This action on the part of the sultan has not prevented a number of firms from bringing in their private phones and there are consequently a number of Swedish telephones in operation in Constantinople already. Turkish officials are doing all in their power to prevent the Swedish telephones from coming in, but it will only be a matter of time before they will be in general use, because of the fact that all who patronize the Swedish service like it.

On Oct. 25 the medical association of Sweden will be 100 years old and there will then be a grand celebration held by that society in Stockholm. Prominent men interested in the medical sciences will then come to Stockholm from all sections of the country and it will be one of the largest gatherings of medical men and professors and authors that have been gathered at one time in the history of the country. Great preparations are being made for their reception. King Gustaf has been requested to deliver the speech of welcome.

The well known animal painter, George Arsenius, died at his home in Vineul, France, aged fifty-three years. He attracted attention and reputation chiefly through his paintings of dogs and horses, which were very true to life in every particular. During the past two years he has been in ill-health and his artist friends have been contributing to his support.

King Gustaf will not be allowed to hunt in the vicinity of Born lake. Some time ago he sent in a request to the Stockholm authorities that he be allowed to purchase the hunting privileges there, but this request was promptly turned down by the "dratselnamd," which proves that not even a king can do as he pleases in Sweden.

Owing to the excessive house rents in the Swedish capital the population in that city has by no means increased. This has on the other hand been very much on the decline. People are afraid to move into town and many of them prefer to live in the country, as they can secure a better and cheaper living there.

The Duke and Duchess of Sodermanland arrived at Helsingborg Sept. 15, from whence they journeyed by automobile to Sofiero, where they have since resided. The royal young couple are in excellent health and appear to have enjoyed their summer journey immensely.

The exports of Sweden through Norway to other ports of the world in 1907 aggregated 1,453,621 tons, of which 1,401,855 tons was iron ore, shipped by way of Norvik.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The sixteenth annual conference of the Sailors' Mission society was recently held, and the report of the proceedings, just made public, show that the society has been gaining rapidly in strength. The income for the year ending with the conference was about 138,000 crowns and the disbursements were 128,000 crowns. Twelve preachers and twenty assistants are in the employ of the society. They conduct meetings among seamen, the total attendance at the meetings held the past year being estimated at 130,000. The society is certainly doing a great and noble work in all directions.

Professor Sylow, the great mathematician and educator, who has edited the works of Abel, the mathematical genius of Norway, celebrated his fiftieth anniversary as a professor of mathematics the other day. He ranks among the greatest of contemporary mathematicians and is highly honored, both at home and abroad. The venerable educator is still very active and can still lecture at the Christiania university once in a while.

A constitution has been drafted for the independent theological seminary and the Free Church of Norway. It is proposed to give such a great power to the "church council," the highest authority, that some of the ministers threaten to withdraw from the new organization in case the constitution is adopted in its present form.

Shakespere's "Othello" will be rendered at the National theater in the near future with Eide, Stormoen and Doris Johannesen in the leading roles. After "Othello" will follow Ole Olson's "Laila" and Greig-Bjornson's "Olav Tryggvasson," "Erasmus Montanus," and during the holidays "La Belle Marseillaise."

The raising of funds for the new Vestland railway is progressing nicely and large sums have already been secured by means of subscription. The last district to contribute its quota is Buskerud, which has just voted 12,000 crowns, in addition to former donations.

During the month of August there were 456 persons who emigrated from Christiania to other countries. Last year during the same period there were 915 persons who went to foreign lands. Judging from this it would seem that there is a slight check on Norwegian emigration.

Because there have been frequent complaints regarding the telephone service, Director Iversen called in about 250 telephone girls into the big room where the board of directors meet and gave them a curtain lecture which they will not soon forget.

"Sigurd Jorsalfar" was rendered for the seventy-third time at the National theater in Christiania on Bjornson's golden wedding day. There was an unusually large audience and the proceeds of the performance will be given to the city's poor.

Dispatches state that the Christiania steamer "Mira" has been sunk while making the journey between Shanghai and Japan. Captain Erickse was commander of the vessel and it is believed that he and his entire crew were lost.

The berry crop was this year unusually rich in Lillehammar and vicinity. Hundreds of persons found employment picking berries, which were packed and shipped in large consignments to England and America.

The Scandia informs us that neither the Norwegian minister nor the consul general in London are using telephones. Perhaps it is to their best interest not to use any telephones whatsoever.

King Haakon and a party of friends went up into the mountain country the other day to hunt "ryper." They were very successful and bagged not less than 300 of them.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The English Butter Importing company, Willer & Riley, has sued Alberti for 3,000,000 crowns, which the firm alleges that he owes them. Alberti, as chief of the Danish Butter Export society, drew checks on Willer & Riley for an amount of 7,000,000 crowns, but sent them only 4,000,000 crowns' worth of butter. The English firm has also sued every firm in Denmark, which was co-operating with Alberti, and it is claimed that this will cause the ruination of all the leading butter export firms of the country, as nearly every exporting firm of any consequence was associated directly or indirectly with that man Alberti, who seems to have succeeded in shaking the very foundation of all Danish finance through his merciless embezzlements and swindleries. On top of it all, the Danish Butter Exporting society has been compelled to make an assignment.

The crops in Denmark were fairly good the year, but there has been too much rain. For weeks in succession it rained nearly every day, which, of course, delayed the work of harvesting considerably. The grain was, of course, badly affected in some places. Down on the islands, where they, as a rule, have the best and largest crops, the farmers suffered most. In Jylland, though, it seems that the rains did the least damage.

Denmark's largest cycle factory, "Hamlet," has failed. It was at one time one of the largest factories in the country, employing several hundred laboring men. But now there is no call whatsoever for cycles, so that the industry has petered out altogether.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 12.—Wheat—Dec., $1.02; May, $1.06⅛@1.06¼. On track —No. 1 hard, $1.04¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.03¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.01¾@1.02¼; No. 3 Northern, 98¾c@$1.01¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$5.25@6.00. Sheep—Wethers, $4.15@4.30; yearlings, $4.25@4.40; spring lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 12.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.03⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅞; Dec., $1.01⅞; May, $1.05¾; Oct., $1.02⅞; Nov., $1.03¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.23¼; Oct., $1.22¾; Nov., $1.22⅝; Dec., $1.21; May, $1.25¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Wheat—Dec., $1.00⅞@1.01; May, $1.03⅞@1.04; July, 99c. Corn—Dec., 64⅝c; May, 64⅝c; July, 63⅞c. Oats—Dec., 49¼@49⅜c; May, 51@51⅛c; July, 46⅞c. Pork—Oct., $14.00; Dec., $14.15; Jan., $15.57½; May, $15.40. Butter—Creameries, 20½@27½c; dairies, 18½@24c. Eggs—23c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 12½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@7.45; Texans, $3.25@4.70; Western steers, $3.10@5.70; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.30; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs —Light, $5.50@6.15; mixed, $5.65@6.55; heavy, $5.65@6.40; rough, $5.65@5.85; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.40; pigs, $3.00@5.25. Sheep, $2.50@4.30; yearlings, $4.25@4.85; lambs, $4.00@6.00.

Considerably modified and with a number of its paragraphs vacated the federal court injunction issued against the Iron Molders' union No. 125 of Milwaukee during the strike at the plants of the Allis-Chalmers company several years ago was upheld by the United States circuit court of appeals at Chicago. In enjoining the unions from picketing the higher court made modifications which makes the injunction enjoin them only from "picketing in a threatening or intimidating manner."

What is said to have been the closest pennant contest ever waged by American league baseball clubs came to an end in Chicago when Detroit, champions of 1907, captured the emblem for another year by defeating Chicago, 7 to 0. The percentage of the three leading clubs at the close of the season follows: Detroit, .588; Cleveland, .581; Chicago, .578.

The deep waterways convention at Chicago adopted resolutions declaring the opening of a deep channelway connecting the Great Lakes with the Gulf of Mexico to be an imperative duty of the general government and that this work should be immediately begun and completed as soon as possible.

The inquiry into the Panama canal discrimination charges at New York city was temporarily interrupted in a sensational manner when William A. Brothers, who brought the charges, publicly accused Spencer Miller, a representative of the Lidgerwood company, of perjury.

United States Senator La Follette of Wisconsin is to start a Commoner. It will not be called the Commoner, however, and, in fact, the name, if decided upon, has not been made public.

Chicago defeated New York in the final game of the season by a score of 4 to 2 and captured the National league pennant for 1908.

The Atlantic battleship fleet has sailed from Manila for Japanese waters.

THE DEATH RECORD.

James Oliver Curwood, the well known author, of Detroit, Mich., who recently went into the Hudson bay wilds for a publishing house, has been killed by Indians in the Lac La Range country.

General Eppa Hunton, ex-United States senator from Virginia and one of the last surviving generals of the Confederate army, is dead at Richmond, Va., aged eighty-five years.

Benjamin H. Ridgeley, United States consul general to Mexico City, died suddenly in the Mexico City Pullman at Monterey, Mex., while waiting for the Mexico City train.

Right Rev. Michael Tierney, bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Hartford, Conn., who was stricken with paralysis recently, is dead.

General Louis Fitzgerald, for more than half a century a prominent figure in New York, is dead. He was seventy one years old.

John S. Morrison, aged sixty-seven years, the largest timber jobber in the Michigan copper country, is dead.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

A big increase in traffic is indicated by the American Railway association's bulletin of car surpluses and shortages, the railroad barometer of business conditions. The report shows a decrease of 49,795 in the number of surplus cars on the railroads of the United States and Canada, the total surplus now being 137,732.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate some irregularity in retail trade because of unsettled weather, but manufacturing plants are increasing active capacity and there is confidence in an early return of normal conditions.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

In order that the people of this as well as other countries may be informed of the true conditions in Minnesota with reference to its resources, climate and general desirability as a place of residence the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs has inaugurated a campaign for the purpose of securing an appropriation of $100,000 a year from the legislature for state advertising purposes.

Five Twin City public service corporations had their assessments raised 10 per cent by the state board of equalization. The corporations raised are the Twin City Rapid Transit company, St. Paul Gas Light company, St. Paul Edison Electric Light and Power company, a branch of the gas light company; the Minneapolis Gas Light company and the Minneapolis General Electric company.

County school funds of the state were enriched $1,030,519 by the October apportionment of the current school fund made by the state superintendent of public instruction. This is the largest amount ever disbursed at the half yearly periods. Last fall the total amount was $937,297. The total number of pupils in the state has increased from 374,919 last year to 381,674 this year.

Incorrect financial statements of the affairs of the Pillsbury-Washburn company, effected by keeping a secret ledger, have been made to the public ever since May, 1905, according to a letter from the creditors to the shareholders. About $1,758,000 of the indebtedness was not placed on the company's open books until shortly before the firm was placed into the hands of receivers.

St. Paul schools showed a tremendous increase in attendance during September. There was a gain last month over September, 1907, of nearly one thousand, as shown by the figures of S. L. Heeter, superintendent of schools. The total number of admissions last month were 25,025, against 24,086 for the same month last year.

"Irregularities" of all sorts, it is said, are being unearthed in connection with the affairs of the board of education of Minneapolis, which is now under fire, the latest discovery being private dinners held at the Commercial club and paid for by the city, according to figures in the board clerk's office.

As the result of the fight put up by Superintendent of Police Frank T. Corriston Minneapolis will have twenty-five more policemen to patrol its streets in 1909. This amount is twenty-five short of the number the superintendent asked, but he states "they will do in a pinch."

Members of the board of tax levy have cut the tax levy rate for the city of Minneapolis and the county of Hennepin for the year 1909 from 28.1 mills to 26.5 mills, a reduction of 1.6 mills.

Minnesota has received in all $18,145 as inheritance tax against the estate of Frank W. Higgins of New York, which includes valuable mining properties in St. Louis county.

The Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs, in session at St. Cloud, accepted the invitation of the Lake City Woman's club to hold its next convention in Lake City.

Mrs. Rose D. Rittman of Minneapolis was elected chief ranger of the Catholic Women's Order of Foresters at the national convention at Detroit, Mich.

OBITUARY.

Father Gregory Koening, chaplain of the House of the Good Shepherd at St. Paul, is dead after a lingering illness. He was born in Germany seventy-five years ago and he had been in charge of churches in Shakopee, North St. Paul and New Ulm.

Edwin Sedgwick Chittenden, a resident of St. Paul for thirty-nine years and a prominent member of the Minnesota G. A. R., died at Fort Des Moines, Ia., while visiting his daughter, the wife of Lieutenant Edward R. Coppeck.

John Bier, one of the leading citizens and one of the first settlers of Rush City, is dead, aged seventy seven years. He settled in Rush City when all around was a wilderness.

Robert Richardson Ives, a resident of Red Wing for fifty-two years, is dead, aged seventy-six years.

Stephen T. Welsh, forty-one years old, a prominent member of the Duluth board of trade, is dead.

Mrs. Charlotte Marvin Lewis, a resident of St. Paul since 1851, is dead, aged sixty-four.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A fire, set by a passing locomotive, swept over a wide stretch of prairie fifteen miles west of Fergus Falls and burned over 200 tons of hay. Another fire in the same neighborhood destroyed nearly 300 tons a few days before.

Carl Allen, while hunting near Cass Lake, accidentally shot off his hand. Allen became unconscious immediately and his partner, Joseph Marlow, carried him on his back seven miles to town.

Martin Grannum, an employe of the St. Paul Boom company, was found dead in the woods near the boom. Death was caused by the rupture of a varicose vein in his right leg.

Mrs. A. M. Wilbur is dead at Minneapolis as the result of burns received when she fainted and fell across a gasoline stove in her home.

MANY KNOTS IN TANGLE.

Point Raised Against Legislators May Affect Both Branches.

Legislative members and many others are awaiting with considerable interest the decision of the supreme court as to whether members of the last house who were nominated at the primaries shall have their names placed on the ballot. A decision against them would cause no end of complications.

In the first place if the old members who were renominated have their names taken off the ballot it does not follow that the candidates whom they defeated at the primaries would be placed on the ballot. The canvassing board had certified that the others were nominated. The men who ran second have no certificate from the canvassing board and the county auditors would not be justified in placing their names on the ballot. The court would hardly reconvene the canvassing boards and order them to place the man with the second highest vote on the ticket. It would be more likely that the county committee would meet and select a candidate.

But if the house members are ineligible now what about the senate? Some politicians assert that the senators could not sit this winter if the same rule were applied to them as certain defeated candidates are trying to apply to the house members. This would leave the state without a senate. At any rate it would make *them* ineligible for re-election two years from now, when their terms expire.

AUTHORIZED BY COURT.

Issue of $750,000 Certificates by Mill Company Receivers.

Judge Milton D. Purdy has granted an order permitting the receivers of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company, limited, of Minneapolis, to issue $750,000 worth of receivers' certificates.

It was pointed out by the receivers that it would be impossible for the company to continue business until a working capital was obtained and that unless the court permitted the issuance of receivers' certificates the mills of the concern would be closed and the stockholders suffer to a large extent.

The mills of the company will now be operated and the business continued as before the receivership.

FEW HOMES REBUILT.

Forest Fire Sufferers Very Poorly Sheltered.

The relief work for the north shore fire sufferers is progressing well but very slowly and the approach of winter will find many of the stricken homesteaders and villagers unprepared to withstand the elements of the coming months. Many had their winter supply already stored, which was destroyed, and building material is not arriving very rapidly. There are at present fifteen buildings being constructed at Chisholm. Although there is some delay in shipping to remote districts the relief committee is hopeful of caring for those depending on lake navigation before the season closes.

RUNAWAYS KILL TWO.

Man and Girl Victims of Accidents in Minneapolis.

Miss Carella Roosen, aged seventeen, is dead at Minneapolis from injuries which she suffered when she was thrown from a spirited horse she was riding. The horse was a Texas pinto and became frightened and threw his rider heavily to the pavement. When she was examined at the hospital it was found that her skull was fractured and that there were other serious injuries.

Edward C. Kelly, a teamster, was instantly killed in a runaway accident which occurred on Penn avenue north. He was dashed from his team and met such injuries that death followed.

ROBBERS SECURE $2,300.

Bank of Danube, This State, Looted by Burglars.

The State bank of Danube, a town near Olivia, was burglarized and $2,300 in cash was taken. The safe door was blown through the plate glass into the street. Rev. Reed was coming from the depot, after meeting the morning passenger train. He passed the bank and saw a light and men working. Thinking it was his friends he whistled and was answered by a pistol shot, which woke the town. No one dared to make a fight. The robbers escaped in the darkness.

STAPLES IS HONORED.

Minnesota Man Chosen Vice President by Railroad Commissioners.

The National Association of Railroad Commissioners concluded its twentieth annual convention at Washington. Officers for the coming year were elected as follows:

President, Martin S. Decker, New York; first vice president, R. Hudson Burr, Florida; second vice president, Charles F. Staples, Minnesota.

Charles F. Staples of Minnesota submitted a report favoring a national valuation of railroad property, and it was adopted.

Mill and Lumber Destroyed.

A fire, the loss from which will mount well up into the thousands, occurred at the A. H. Powers mill, five miles northeast of Hibbing. The mill and planer, 100,000 feet of lumber, 100,000 lath and 300 cords of wood piled in the yard, were completely destroyed. There was no insurance except on the lumber. Heroic work all night with pumps and chemicals succeeded in saving the main part of the yards.

BOY SHOT DEAD

And Young Woman Wounded by Minneapolis Policeman.

TRAGEDY WAS ACCIDENTAL

Officer Fired Revolver to Scare Mob Attempting to Release Prisoner.

Patrolman John Connelly of the South Side station, Minneapolis, accidentally killed Theodore Hedine, aged five, and disfigured Miss Julia Churchill for life.

The officer had arrested Ernest Dwinnell for drunkenness in the "Hub of Hell" district and a mob of about a hundred surged about him and attempted to take his prisoner. Stones were hurled at him and angry threats made. Drawing his revolver he commanded the crowd to stand back, but they crowded in closer. He fired a shot to the ground, but the bullet glanced off the pavement and the Hedine boy, who was standing 150 feet away with his father, fell to the ground, shot in the right eye.

When the first shot was fired Dwinnell, the prisoner, fell to his knees, dragging Connelly down with him. The officer had raised his pistol hand in the air to fire a second shot, but he was borne down and this time the second victim fell unconscious in the doorway of a drug store.

The bullet struck Miss Churchill in the jaw, shattering both jawbones. She was hurried to the Swedish hospital, where it was said she would recover, but would be disfigured for life.

After the tragedy Connelly went to his home and later reported to the South Side station in citizen's clothes. He has been suspended pending an investigation. Twenty arrests have been made of the alleged ringleaders who attacked the policeman.

PETTY GRAFT ALLEGED.

School Directors Dine at Expense of the Public.

More petty charges of alleged graft were brought to light in connection with the Minneapolis board of education scandal when it was discovered that members of the board had been in the habit of dining at the Commercial club and "charging it up to the board."

Sometimes these dinners were nothing more than luncheons; at other times they were near feasts, ending up with fine Havanas, etc.

A search of the books of the board has brought to light items of "board expenses, $12.80;" "expenses of club meeting, $25.80;" "expenses to club, $24," and several similar accounts.

These feasts were held prior to the secret meetings of the board at the Commercial club. W. K. Hicks, the board member under indictment, admitted the charges relative to the dinner when questioned.

MILLIONS TO EDUCATION.

State Has Distributed $29,220,668 in Twenty-nine Years.

In the last twenty-nine years the state has distributed a total of $29,220,668 to the schools of the state. The amount of the fall apportionment made a few days ago amounted to $1,030,519. The state treasurer was given a single check for the amount, making the largest payment ever made at one time in the history of the state.

Since 1864 the number of pupils in the state has increased from 64,330 to 361,674. The amount distributed the first year was $40,842, at the rate of $1.08 per pupil. This year the total rate is $4.60 per pupil. Owing to other causes the rate per pupil in 1892 was 2 cents higher than this year, but the total amount disbursed to the schools ($1,743,187) is far in excess of any previous year.

SUMMER RESORT IN RUINS

Wildwood, White Bear Lake, Wiped Out by Fire.

Wildwood, the popular summer resort on the shores of White Bear lake, near St. Paul, was swept by a conflagration that caused a loss estimated at between $50,000 and $75,000 and destroyed most of the buildings in the park. The losers by the fire are the Twin City Rapid Transit company, which owns the buildings, and H. M. Barnet, who operates the amusement privileges and the pavilion. The company places its loss at about $40,000, with 70 per cent insurance, and Mr. Barnet estimates that his loss will be between $15,000 and $20,000, fully covered by insurance.

Serious Water Shortage.

There is great danger of a water famine at Montgomery and surrounding country unless rain falls before freezing weather comes. Many wells never dry before have failed. Cisterns have been drained to the bottom and all the ponds and ditches are dry. Nearby farmers are buying water from the city water works and hauling it home for their cattle and horses. One result is that well diggers are reaping a harvest.

Bank Clerk Ends His Life.

Leaving no note and apparently with no cause A. P. Peterson of Minneapolis, twenty-two years old, a statement clerk for the Security National bank, committed suicide by shooting himself behind the right ear, after having gone to a secluded spot in the woods.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE TRUTH ABOUT "BELSHAZZAR" FEAST

Ladies of Duluth Are in Arms Over the Governor's Inexcusable Misrepresentations.

CHURCH LADIES SERVED "REVEL"

West End Republican Club Passes Resolutions and Issues Letter Protesting Against Governor's Language at Montevideo.

"Oh, what a tangled web we weave
When first we practice to deceive."

Righteous indignation fills the city of Duluth over the accusation made by Gov. J. A. Johnson that the banquet given Mr. J. F. Jacobson, Republican candidate for governor, in that city was a "Belshazzar feast" and "revel" given by the "interests." Gov. Johnson went so much farther than usual in his abuse of his political opponent that he overreached. His exaggerated description of the "feast" got to the ears of the members of the Ladies' Aid Society of Asbury Methodist church, who gave the "revel," and passed the coffee and sandwiches for the West Duluth Republican club.

The reflection on both the church ladies and the club has been resented by the club in the passage of the following resolutions that the public might know the truth:

"Whereas, Gov. Johnson, in his opening speech, twice alluded to the annual banquet given by our organization on Aug. 6 as a Belshazzar feast, and,

"Whereas, Wide publicity was given to said speech, and we were thereby unjustly maligned throughout the state; therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the West Duluth Republican club that we strongly resent the characterization of our simple spread and respectable assembly by any such name, and repudiate the insinuation contained therein with all the strength we have."

In addition, the president of the West Duluth Republican club has sent a letter of explanation and remonstrance against Gov. Johnson's uncalled for language and unwarranted attack to the chairman of the Republican state committee. The letter, which speaks for itself to the public, is as follows:

"Dear Sir: I am president of the West Duluth Republican club. Our club gave its annual banquet on Aug. 6, 1908, which was attended by the Hon. J. F. Jacobson, the present candidate for governor on the Republican ticket. I was astonished when I read the statements made by Gov. Johnson in his opening speech at Montevideo, relative to this banquet, in which he referred to it as a 'Belshazzar feast,' meaning to convey, of course, that it was a drunken revel, and in which he said Mr. Jacobson was surrounded by corporation men.

"The facts are that this club is composed of laboring men and small merchants entirely. I know of no corporation man who is a member of the club. I am myself a laboring man; my business is that of a lather, and I am treasurer of Lathers' Union No. 12 in the city of Duluth. There was no liquor whatever served at this banquet; the club charged $1 per plate; the food was furnished by the Ladies' Aid Society of Asbury M. E. church, and consisted of cold turkey and ham, celery and olives, cake, ice cream and coffee. The coffee was poured by the ladies of this church out of water pitchers. The Rev. S. C. Griggs of the Merritt Memorial M. E. church asked the blessing. There were other ministers of the gospel at this banquet, and the ladies of the Asbury church remained at the banquet until it was over.

"The speakers of the evening were Mr. Jacobson, Senator Clapp, Frank B. Kellogg, J. Adam Bede and Clarence B. Miller.

"To say that the members of our club and the people of West Duluth, and especially the ladies of the Methodist church, are indignant at the reference to this banquet made by Gov. Johnson, is putting it mildly.

"WE CAN'T UNDERSTAND HOW THE GOVERNOR OF OUR STATE COULD SEE FIT TO DELIBERATELY MISREPRESENT OUR BANQUET FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING A FEW VOTES FOR HIMSELF.

"Respectfully (signed)
—"A. J. Mehdahl,
"President West Duluth Republican Club."

Minnesota Needs Jacobson.

Pine River Sentinel—Notice the way the tide is growing stronger toward Jacobson of late? At that it is but a poor tribute to his honesty and ability shown in the past few years in his public life. "Jake" is a wonderful man and Minnesota needs him.

Man of the Common People.

If the common people are seeking for a man for governor that will exert every thread of his ability to the cause of the people, and especially the farmers, they will make no mistake by electing J. F. Jacobson next governor.—Wood Lake News

RESIGNATIONS IN ORDER!

It Is Up to Gov. Johnson to Make Good the Title He Claims.

Gov. John A. Johnson four years ago and two years ago paraded before the voters of Minnesota as a great admirer and follower of Roosevelt. This year, while he has been compelled to come out as a straight Democrat by force of circumstances, at the same time his managers are putting out literature in which he is styled as being a "small edition of Roosevelt." Now is his time to prove his claim.

President Roosevelt recently asked for the resignations of two Minnesotans who are public office holders, on the ground that they have been devoting their time to politics while occupying public office.

Democratic state headquarters are now in charge of Frank A. Day, who as Gov. Johnson's secretary draws a salary of $6,000 to $8,000 a year. His assistants are John E. King, state librarian, at $2,500 a year; Frank N. Stacey, deputy public examiner, at $2,000 a year; Harvey Grimmer, executive clerk, at $2,100 a year salary and $300 a year paid out of the governor's contingent fund for "extra service."

It is certainly up to Gov. Johnson to prove himself "a small edition of Roosevelt" by demandig the resignation of these Democratic officialas who are defying the people's rights by drawing their remuneration out of public taxes and devoting their time to politics.

Gov. Johnson, if you are a "small edition of Roosevelt," "go thou and do likewise."

Democracy's Latest Argument.

Democracy is now attempting to assail Jacobson on the ground that he is not good enough looking—one of the complaints made against Lincoln. In commenting on this "great failing" of the Republican candidate for governor, the Frazee Free Press aptly says: "We heard it remarked that the Republican nominee for governor is a homely looking man, but nevertheless he was able to make himself understood pretty well while representing his district in the legislature and that when he had anything to say his opponents thought he looked homelier than ever. He nevertheless 'looked good' to his colleagues and was generally found on the side for the best interest of the common people, and they don't care how homely the corporations think he looks."

Remember About Vasaly?

Mankato Free Press—Gov. Johnson, for want of a record of his own, is not only appropriating that of a Republican legislature, but also of the men who have increased the wealth of the state.

And, by the way, wasn't the brilliant and aggressive Charley Vasaly of Little Falls fired from the state board of equalization because he insisted that the iron properties and other big interests were not assessed high enough to put them on an equality with other property of the state?

Now will somebody tell us what the governor has done?

We are still waiting for somebody to answer that question.

The Difference

Says the St Cloud Journal Press:

The difference between Jacobson and Johnson is the difference between deeds and words. As a word painter John is surely an artist. As a doer in deeds Jake is a giant. Johnson talks beautifully, and does little else. Jacobson talks forcefully and earnestly, and then does heroic deeds. If the people of Minnesota want a governor who will travel the country over with three suits of clothes, on his own business, they will elect Johnson. If they want in the governor's office a man who will spend his time and energy working for the interests of the people of Minnesota they will elect Jacobson.

Republican Victory Up to Republicans.

If the Republicans of Minnesota will only get out on election day and do their duty by the party of Roosevelt, Taft and Jacobson, there will be no further reason to worry about Bryan and Gov. Haskell.

Johnson, as the "apostle of Bryanism" on the stump, will be a whole lot different from Johnson as the "friend of Roosevelt," as he so stoutly claimed two years ago.—Barnesville Record-Review.

PERSONAL ABUSE OF JACOBSON

In Last Desperate Straights, Democrats Resort to Despicable Campaign Methods.

Like a drowning man grasping at a straw, Democracy, as a last resort, is coming down to personal abuse of the Republican candidate for governor—J. F. Jacobson. His record has been searched in vain to find something to criticise, something left undone by the Madison statesman. But all without avail!

And so, in desperation, with a last faint hope to turn the tide of votes away from "the Plain Man of the People" the Republicans nominated, personal abuse and misrepresentation has been commenced.

Two years ago the present state manager of Democracy made free use of the editorial columns of the weekly paper published at Albert Lea by his brother. This he made no bones about admitting since that campaign. Use of his own paper at Fairmont made the source too plain. The same tactics are being pursued this campaign, only the object aimed at is not certain individuals whose names are connected with corporations, but the Republican gubernatorial nominee himself is the target.

Let the false, abusive, inexcusable article—which is sure to prove a boomerang and make votes for Mr. Jacobson—speak for itself.

The Freeborn County Standard of Albert Lea, under date of Sept. 30, has the following to say under the scurrilous heading:

"Jake a Great Joke."

"The appearance and the performances while in Albert Lea Saturday, of Candidate Jacobson, have since been the sport of the town. His queer phiz and figure, broken English, original grammar and freaks of manner, were all witnessed, and caused more caustic comments and excited more fun than was ever created by a clown in a circus. When he went in to dinner at the Albert some of his interested observers say he put his grip inside the telephone booth and hung his hat on the phone receiver, mistaking the place for the cloak room, then wiping the sweat from his face with the sweep of first one coat sleeve and then the other, strode with Jim Tawney and the other statesmen into the dining room.

"When on the car platform with Taft, the crowd crowed and jibed Jake, causing Taft to turn and look him over, and then he, too, had to laugh. Sure as you live, Jake is the joke of the season, and Henry Harm says he will carry Freeborn county for governor by 500 majority.

"It's to Ha-ha. Henry, too, is a joke, but he is different. He does it on purpose."

It is only necessary to go back to the files of the Albert Lea Standaard of two years ago to prove the insincerity of the above malicious article. The editorial column of the Albert Lea Standard, May 30, 1906, contained the following article.

"The St. Cloud Journal-Press, which is certainly eminent Republican authority, declares that unless Jacobson is nominated, Johnson will be re-elected; that the corporations are all opposing Jacobson, and that his defeat means the triumph of the corporate interests through corporate money; that only such corrupt tactics can defeat Jacobson, and that all who are opposing him are corporate tools and the servile followers of corporate interests.

"All of which we believe is true, too true."

Nearly a month later, June 20, 1906, when Jacobson had been defeated and the Standard was certainly free to speak in an unbiased, honest way, its editorial column had the following praise for Mr. Jacobson:

"We quoted the following last month from that staunch Republican paper, Alvah Eastman's St. Cloud Journal-Press, and it seems now more significant than then. Republican voters in Minnesota, remember this: The only way in which J. F. Jacobson can be prevented from receiving the nomination for governor at Duluth on June 13 is by the use of corporation money. If the corporations and the politicians keep their hands off he will be nominated by acclamation. He is the choice of the people. He is the only candidate who will receive votes from every section of the state, and he receives these because the people have confidence in him. He has a record for doing things. If the Republicans of Minnesota only want a Republican governor elected, the way is clear. Heed the voice of the people.

"Jacobson was undoubtedly the choice of the Republicans—he was slaughtered, the bosses at Duluth spurned the voice of the people."

It is also well to bear in mind what Frank A. Day, Gov. Johnson's private secretary and political manager, has said in his Fairmont Sentinel, as follows:

"THE PEOPLE HAVE CONFIDENCE IN 'JAKE.' HE IS HONEST AND UNPURCHASABLE. HE WAS NEVER CONTROLLED FOR A MINUTE IN HIS LIFE BY THE INTERESTS, AND HE REFUSED TO BEND THE PREGNANT KNEE THAT THRIFT MAY FOLLOW FAWNING."

We Have a Surprise for You Next Week.
Langseth Mercantile Company.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

ST. PAUL Historical Society

HISTORIC SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1908. NUMBER 43

WHY HE IS DANGEROUS

Jacobson Is too "Honest and You Can't Buy Him" With Money.

One of the Reasons the Big Men in the Cities Are Against Him.

During a discussion in a local hotel recently, a traveling man stated that Jacobson was going to lose—that he would not get any votes in the cities. "Why every member of the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce is for Johnson," the man stated. There was another man who spoke up at this time and said that this recalled to him an incident told to him some time ago by one of the most prominent educators of Minneapolis. It was during the session when Jacobson was fighting for an open market for the farmers and introduced a bill in the legislature compelling the railroads to permit the building of independent elevators along their lines. Previous to this time it was impossible for the farmers to build an elevator of their own on the railroad right of way. The railroads had entered into contracts with the big elevator companies giving them a monopoly of the elevator business. The state had been divided up between the big fellows, and they charged the farmers what they pleased for handling their grain. It was the customary thing in those days for the elevator people to gather in about ten cents a bushel for handling the farmers' wheat. This was too good a thing to lose without a fight.

When Jacobson introduced his bill the Minneapolis gang at once organized a powerful lobby, but were not able to prevent Jacobson from passing his bill. This naturally made them very angry.

One morning a prominent commission man was walking down to his place of business with the school man, and was busy abusing Jacobson, whom he denounced as a disturber of business. His friend in a joking manner said: "You commission men think you know something about politics, but you don't. If you want to kill his bill why don't you raise fifteen or twenty thousand dollars and go and see Jacobson, and get him to let it be sidetracked in the committee?" "The trouble with this blank Scandinavian of a Jacobson is that he is honest—and you can't buy him. That's what makes him so dangerous a man, damn him."

It is possible that the commission men do not like the chance Jacobson gave the farmers to protect themselves and which cuts out the enormous profit formerly enjoyed by the big elevator companies in the grain business at the farmers' expense, and propose to punish Jacobson by voting against him. But there are more farmers than commission men, and it is up to the farmers and the business men to stand by the man who successfully fought their battles.

Special Announcement

If a purchaser buying goods at this store, finds upon investigation the same goods offered at lower prices by other stores, he may until further notice, have the difference in price refunded. THIS MEANS THAT WE WILL MEET ANY PRICE MADE BY ANY OTHER STORE IN THE CITY ON THE SAME QUALITY OF MERCHANDISE. The Golden Rule Dept. Store, O. J. Schei & Co., Thief River Falls, Minn.

Lincoln and Jacobson.

Only a brainless snob will use as an argument against the candidacy of Mr. Jacobson that he is not refined enough to be governor of Minnesota. The same argument was used against President Lincoln in his days by the same kind of idiots as those who are now wagging their tongues about Mr. Jacobson's lack of refinement.—Hendrum Review.

Announcement.

We wish to announce the installment of new skates and a new military band instrument with new music at the rink. Opening night, Oct. 22nd, with full city brass band.

Mezark Roller Rink Club.

FARMER'S TAX IS INCREASED.

The Valuation of Personal Property Increased by State Board of Equalization.

Iron Mines May Have Been Raised, but So Also Was Farm Property.

Auditor O'Brien has recieved from State Auditor Iverson a report showing the changes that have been made by the state board of equalization in the assessment of personal property in Red Lake county.

There were no reductions, except on horses, in the personal property assessment, but there were several increases. The following changes were made:

Cattle, one year old increase 66⅔ per cent, 2 years old 60 per cent; cows 20 per cent, all other cattle, three years old and over, 20 per cent.

Sheep, all ages, increased 50 per cent.

Hogs, all ages, increased 33⅓ per cent.

Wagons, carriages, sleighs, bicycles increased 50 per cent.

Sewing and knitting machines increased 20 per cent.

Watches and clocks 10 per cent.

Pianofortes increased 10 per cent.

Household goods and wearing apparel increased 60 per cent.

Farm tools, machinery, etc. increased 25 per cent.

Horses one year old were decreased 20 per cent; 3 years old 10 per cent.

Court Will Convene.

Gazette—The October term of court of the Red Lake county district court will be held in this city the last of the month, commencing the 28th. When court convenes on that day attorneys and litigants will be given the opportunity of having court cases tried.

Citizens summoned for jury services will not be required to appear until Nov. 16. That late date was set to enable the farmer members of the jury to have their fall work well in hand before being required to do jury service.

JAKE MADE A BIG HIT

Won the People of Thief River Falls by His Plain Statements.

Hall Was Unable to Hold the Large Crowd That Desired to Hear Him.

The campaign in Thief River Falls was opened last Wednesday evening by Jacob F. Jacobson, the Republican candidate for governor. Honest Old Jake won the town by his manly, plain and forceful talk, and convinced the people here of his sincerity and honesty of purpose. The campaign of personal abuse that had been conducted against him here for a number of weeks prior to his coming has ceased to a very large extent. Mr. Jacobson did not dwell in the realm of rhetoric, but he used some very plain and strong Queen's English to tell of what he had accomplished as a member of the state legislature and what he proposed to do if elected governor. We regret our inability to give Mr. Jacobson's speech in full, but we have published many extracts taken from his speech delivered at other places and many of our readers had the opportunity to hear the speech delivered here.

The hall was crowded to overflow and hundreds were unable to gain admission. G. Halvorson presided and D. P. O'Neill made a few remarks before Mr. Jacobson was introduced.

Dairymen's Meeting.

Secretary Geo. L. Austin, of the Red River Valley Dairymen's Association, is rapidly completing the plans for the annual meeting which will be held in St. Hilaire on November 11 and 12. This meeting will be one of the most successful that has ever been held by the association and such a boost will be given the organization as to make it the leading dairymen's association of the Northwest.

The program for the event has been completed and it bears the names of some of the most prominent men connected with the dairy industry of the entire country. The most prominent speaker will be Prof. T. L. Haecker, of the Minnesota School of Agriculture, who is an authority of national distinction on dairying. President J. J. Farrell, of the National Creamery Buttermakers' Association, will also be present and a number of other prominent men.

Senator Sageng Was Here.

Senator Ole O. Sageng, of Otter Tail county, spent last Friday in Thief River Falls. Senator Sageng, although running as an independent, is really the Democratic candidate for congressman from this district. It was his first visit to Thief River Falls, although he has a few old time Otter Tail county friends here. He stated that he did not expect to receive many votes in this part of the congressional district—in fact he had little hopes of being nominated—but said that he would get a big vote in Otter Tail and adjoining counties.

Auction Sale.

On Tuesday, Oct. 27, Mrs. L. F. Douglas will offer for sale at her farm two miles north of town, the following property:

1 Black Gelding, weight 1250 pounds.
1 Black Mare, weight 1200 pounds.
1 Black Mare, weight 1300 pounds.
1 Bay Mare, weight 1100 pounds.
1 Bay Gelding, weight 1100 pounds.
1 Bay Gelding, weight 1000 pounds.
1 Gray Mare, weight 950 pounds.
1 Half Percheron Colt.
13 Milch Cows, 4 to freshen this fall.
1 Heifer 2 years old; 4 Heifers, 1½ years old.
1 Steer, 1½ years old; 6 Spring Calves; 4 Pigs.
50 Chickens; 1 De Laval Cream Separator.
2 Sets of Heavy Working Harness.
1 Set of light Harness; 1 Single Harness.
1 Pair of Horse Blankets.
1 Milwaukee Binder, 6 feet cut.
1 Milwaukee Mower, 5 feet cut, good as new.
1 Jones Hay Rake.
1 Set 3-Horse Drags, good as new.
1 Dowiac Drill, 22 Shoe, good as new.
1 Walking Plow, 16 inches.
1 Moline Sulky, 16 inches; 1 14 inch Breaking Plow.
1 Gang Plow; 1 4-Horse Disc.
1 Hand Corn Planter; 1 Pair Heavy Bob Sleighs.
1 Mandt Wagon, complete double grain box & seat.
1 Hay Rack, 1 Dray Bottom; 1 Single Buggy.
1 Cross cut Saw.
1 Grind Stone on Frame, 1 Sewing Machine.

A free lunch will be served at noon.

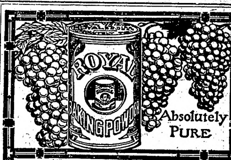

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Why these grapes? Because from the healthful grape comes the chief ingredient of Royal Baking Powder, Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

Alum-phosphate powders are made with harsh mineral acids and must be avoided.

Anderson Is the Right Man.

Herman F. Anderson, who has been nominated by the Republicans as a candidate for the office of county superintendent of schools, returned to this county last Friday from Sebeka, where he had been acting as superintendent of the village schools of that place, and from now on will conduct an active campaign for the office of county superintendent.

Mr. Anderson is an educator and not a politician and for that reason has been severely criticised. He and his parents and brothers have been residents of the town of Sanders, this county, for many years, and knowing the well known fitness of Mr. Anderson for the office of county superintendent of schools, his neighbors in the town of Sanders urged him strongly to become a candidate. Just how strongly they urged him can be seen by the returns of the primaries from this town, for out of a total vote of more than 50, not one vote was cast against Mr. Anderson and every one was in his favor. Without expending hardly a dollar and making a very poor canvass of the county, he received the nomination by a substantial majority largely through the work done by his friends who recognize his fitness for the office. If he is elected the schools of Red Lake county will be in competent hands.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

BIG GUNS TO SPEAK

Lieutenant Governor Eberhart and Attorney General Young To Be Here This Week.

The Former Speaks This Evening And The Latter Speaks Tomorrow.

Two of the big guns of the Republican party will speak in Thief River Falls this week.

This evening at the Evenson Hall, Lieutenant Governor Adolph O. Eberhart will address the voters on political issues. Mr. Eberhart is an eloquent and able speaker and all should turn out to hear what he has to say. He will discuss state issues.

On tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock, Attorney General Young, the best attorney general the state of Minnesota has ever had, will address the voters in the Evenson Hall. Many of the things accomplished by Mr. Young as attorney general are claimed by Gov. Johnson. Come out and hear what he has to say regarding the live issues of the state campaign.

Don't You Believe It

When some store or fake clothing sale offers you $20.00 suits for $4.99,

Don't You Believe It!

When your fake sale or bargain sale offers a splendid, stylish suit for the price of the buttons,

Don't You Believe It!

When any concern for any reason offers to give you $2.00 of value for 49c each,

Don't Believe It!

If you want new, clean Clothing, Shoes, Underwear, etc., correct in style and worth 100 cents on the dollar,

Come Here.

Prices as low as any concern can name without working some fake scheme. Our prices and our goods we guarantee.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Clothes. Crossett Shoes. Gordon Hats.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Pay the Second Half of Your 1907 Taxes Through

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Must Be Paid by November 1st to Avoid Penalty.

Please note this October sale is strictly for cash. No Goods charged at these prices

We have a lot of remnants on our bargain counter which you must not overlook.

Grand October Sale

$75,000.00

Worth of New and Up-to-Date Goods to Select From.

We Suggest Town's People Do Their Shopping in the Forenoon to Avoid the Rush.

Our Reputation for Honesty and Low Prices Has Never Been Questioned.

Greatest Bargain Sale Ever Attempted in the Northwest----It Will Pay You to Come 100 Miles to Attend This Sale.

Nowhere will you find such unwavering high quality coupled with such remarkable low prices—in a word such genuine bargains. The term "bargain" has the proper meaning when used here, for the truthfulness of the Langseth Mercantile Co.'s merchandise and methods is assurance of absolute dependability in every transaction, small or great. When, therefore, the Langseth Mercantile company advertises a great bargain sale, you may be assured you will find every item as advertised or better.

Monday Morning, October 19,

we commence this great bargain sale, which we will call a profit sharing sale with our customers. This sale will last two weeks and will close on Saturday, October 31. Now is your opportunity to secure goods needed for winter, which will soon be here, at prices never before heard of. We have the oldest and largest store in Thief River Falls, a complete department store, and we want to make this our banner year in business. It is to your interest to take advantage of this sale. We list below only a few of the many bargains we will have to offer at this sale. Read this carefully and be convinced that we mean business. Everyone welcome.

Coats.

Our line of Ladies' Coats is unexcelled both in cloth and fur, style and finish and our regular price is very low. On top of this we will give you a discount of 20 per cent off of our former low prices. Will mention a few numbers only:

Regular $7.00 coats, now	$5.60
" 9.00 " "	7.20
" 10.00 " "	8.00
" 15.00 " "	12.00
" 18.00 " "	14.40
" 25.00 " "	20.00
" 50.00 " "	40.00

Children's and Misses' Coats.

Twenty per cent discount from regular prices, nearly cost

Regular $2.00 coats, now	$1.60
" 3.00 " "	2.40
" 3.50 " "	2.80
" 5.00 " "	4.00
" 7.50 " "	6.00

Skirts.

Our Ladies' Beverly and Buckingham skirts are the pride of all well dressed ladies. Largest stock in the city. Will give you during this sale 20 per cent discount off of regular prices. Can you beat this? Here are a few numbers:

Regular $2.50 skirts, now	$2.00
" 3.00 " "	2.40
" 4.50 " "	3.60
" 5.00 " "	4.00
" 7.50 " "	6.00
" 10.00 " "	8.00

One Special lot of ladies skirts to close out at half price.

Dress Goods.

Here is where we shine. Our beautiful line of dress goods has always appealed to the ladies, also our low prices. Our line is complete in plain colored woolens in all the latest shades, panamas, serges, voile, fancy stripe and plaids. Our low prices reduced as follows:

Regular $0.35, now	$0.28
" .40 "	.32
" .50 "	.42
" .65 "	.52
" .75 "	.62
" 1.00 "	.81
" 1.25 "	1.07
" 1.50 "	1.28

Outing Flannels.

Our prices on our outing flannels have been put down so low that our competitors are all astonished.

7c values now	5c
10c " "	8c
12½c " "	10c
15c " "	12½c

Prints.

All our 7 and 8 cent calicos at 5c per yard during this sale. 10 yards limited to each customer.

Apron Ginghams.

All 7 and 8 cent values of apron checked ginghams at 6 cents per yard. 10 yards limit to each customer.

Sheeting.

All our LL Brown sheeting, 7 and 8 cent values at 6c per yard during this sale. 10 yards limited to each customer.

Table Oil Cloth.

During this sale we will sell you fancy table oil cloths worth 25 cents at 15 cents per yard. (White table cloth not included in this sale.

Dresses.

One special lot to close, of Misses' and children's calico and gingham dresses, sizes 3 to 14 years. 25 per cent discount at this sale.

Wrappers.

All our ladies wrappers, values from 1.25 to 1.50 your choice at 98 cts.

Ladies Underwear.

Ladies' ribbed fleece, value 35 cents, now 25 cts. Ladies' otter fleeced, value 50 cents, now 38 cents

Belts.

We have an endless variety of ladies belts, values 50 cents to 65 cents. Your choice 42 cents.

Waists.

10 per cent discount on all our ladies' shirt waists from the cheapest to the finest silk. The line is the prettiest shown in the city.

Clothing.

We have always sold clothing cheaper than anybody else and this time we are going to do better still. Our men's, boys' and children's suits are the best money can buy. Our suits fit, too. The prices given below ought to open your eyes.

Men's $8.00, Suits, now	$5.00
" 9.00 " "	6.75
" 10.00 " "	7.60
" 15.00 " "	12.00
" 18.00 " "	14.40
" 25.00 " "	20.00

Boy's Two Piece Suits.

Eight to fifteen years.

Boy's $3.00, Suits, now	$2.40
" 4.00 " "	3.20
" 5.00 " "	4.00
" 6.50 " "	5.20

Don't miss these bargains.

Little Fellow's Suits.

Ages 3 to 8.

Child's $2.50, Suits, now	$2.00
" 3.00 " "	2.40
" 3.50 " "	2.80
" 4.50 " "	3.60

Men's Cloth Overcoats.

20 per cent discount from regular prices on all men's, boy's and children's overcoats.

$8.00 men's overcoats	$6.40
10.00 " "	8.00
12.50 " "	10.00
15.00 " "	12.00
20.00 " "	16.00

Men's Fur Overcoats.

20 per cent discount from regular prices on all our men's fur coats, including dog, buffalo, astrakan, coon and cloth fur lined coats, this line you must see before you can appreciate the bargain offer. We have the largest line in the city of plush lined, fur collar coats.

Mackinaws.

We sell the North Star mackinaw all wool and none better made.

$4.00 mackinaws	$3.50
5.00 "	4.40
5.50 "	4.90
6.00 "	5.40

Sheep-lined Coats.

$4.50 men's coats, now	$4.00
5.50 " " "	4.75
6.75 " " "	6.00
8.00 " " "	7.25
10.00 " " "	9.00

Men's Shirts.

.65 work shirts now	.58
.65 dress " "	.58
$1.25 " "	[illegible]

Men's Pants.

One special lot of men's pants to close, at one half price.

Men's Underwear.

Special lot to close in light weight, fleece lined underwear 50 cents to 65 cents, now 38 cents.

Shoe Department.

We want your trade in leather foot wear. Our stock of shoes comprises the best lines that money can buy. No old truck or trading stock, but fresh, new goods. Solid shoes, good fitters and prices the lowest. During this sale we will allow a discount of 10 per cent from regular price on all men's, women's and children's leather shoes. One special lot to close of ladies' fine shoes, values $2.50 and $3.00, your choice during this sale, $1.98.

Grocery Department.

Together with the many other bargains we have in our grocery department, we have decided to close out all our fancy crockery and china ware at 25 per cent discount. The early bird gets the best picking.

Hardware Department.

This department is the most complete in the city. We offer the following bargains during the sale:

No. 9 cook stove with reservoir, regular price, $24.00, now, $19.98.

X ray foot warmer, regular price, $1.50, now, 97 cts.

20 per cent discount on all gasoline and oil stoves.

Imperial washing machines, regular price, $6.50, now, $5.25.

Cylinder washing machines, regular price, $10.00, now, $8.98.

Oak ax handle, 10cts.

Last but not least we have the only hard coal heater in the city with a radiator on, an item which will cut your coal bill down at least one third which means a saving of at least $10 for the season's run. Call and inspect our new and modern hard coal heater and you will soon be convinced that they are the hottest stuff ever comed own the pike.

Now dear friends, do not forget the date of our great bargain sale. It begins Monday, October 19, and ends Saturday October 31. Twelve solid days of business. This is no windy affair, but strictly business and we are responsible for every word we say. Winter will soon be here, you need lots of goods and our store is the store to make your selection and save money. We invite young and old, rich and poor to come to our great bargain sale. You have never had such an opportunity to buy first class goods at unheard of prices and the lucky ones will long remember this sale. We guarantee to save you big money and our word is good as gold. Sale commences Monday, October 19. Good music every afternoon and evening. Welcome Everybody.

Langseth Mercantile Co.,

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Herman Ohm was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

J. D. Abbot was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

H. Lokon left last week on a trip to North Dakota points.

Read the Golden Rule ad. in this issue. It will interest you.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Ed Wilcox was over from North Dakota to spend Sunday in the city.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

For Sale—One set heavy work harnesses. Inquire of Frans Chittick.

Will Doege left last Saturday for Wolverton to spend several days.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Ira O. Richardson was over to Warren last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Kretzschmar and son, Carl, were down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

To Politicians and Voters—The Minnesota Star pleases all and brings good results.

An almost new Canton three stroke self-feed hay press for sale cheap. Emil Sedlacek.

C. H. Omlid came over from Grand Forks last Friday to visit with friend for a few days.

Mrs. Olaf Ramstad and daughter, Miss Lottie, were down to Crookston to spend Sunday with friends.

C. M. Evenson was down to Minneapolis the first of the week attending to some business matters.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Jacob Anderson was down from Jelle last week attending to some business matters and talking politics.

R. A. Kromer went down to Erskine the first of the week and expects to remain there for several weeks.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

County Auditor John B. O'Brien was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday attending to business matters here.

J. M. Bishop this week purchased the Juneau building just east of the bridge on the East Side, of Joseph Juneau.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Hanson arrived in the city last Saturday from Karlstad and will make this city their future home.

—For Sale—A 4 horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson and Mrs. McDonald went down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday and remained until Tuesday.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

W. R. Fuller and John Morgan went down to Crookston Monday evening and escorted Gov. John A. Johnson to this city.

Frank Jeffers was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week looking after his candidacy for the office of register of deeds.

Mrs. Brogan and daughter, Miss Stella came up from Wisconsin last week and are visiting at the home of William White.

Knut Jorstad and family left last Saturday for Spokane, Wash., to spend the winter for the benefit of Mrs. Jorstad's health.

When you say "Hunt's Perfect" your grocer knows you want the best baking powder and extracts. They never disappoint.

A. N. Arpin was down to Crookston the first of the week looking over some Polk county ditches he is figuring upon bidding on.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed M. Evenson.

Messrs. McGregor, Roen and Olsen, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Friday evening attending a social dance at the Antlers Club.

Mrs. James Meehan came up from Minneapolis last Friday to spend several days here visiting with her sister, Mrs. K. M. Hanson.

Earl De Veling this week sold the Hub restaurant to V. E. Fontaine, a former Soo employe, who will conduct this business in the future.

Mrs. Harry Purdy and daughter came up from Glenwood the first of the week to spend several days here visiting at the home of William Herron.

E. M. Stanton went down to Red Lake Falls last Friday and remained until Monday looking after his candidacy for the office of county attorney.

The Young People Society meets at D. B. Bakke's next Friday 23rd at 8 P. M. The Ladies Aid meets at the same place Thursday the 22nd at 3 P. M.

The services announced at Manor for Sunday, Nov. 1st have been postponed until Sunday, Nov. 15th at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod at 10:30. And English services in the evening at 7:30. All welcome. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Compare goods and prices with any so called "Carnival" or "fake sale" and you will find that the "Old Reliable" Golden Rule Dept store has any of them beat.

—For Sale or Trade—Good vaudeville outfit; complete including 3800 feet of good moving pictures. Also two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Lieutenant Governor Eberhart arrived here last evening over the Soo and will spend the day in the city. This evening he addresses the voters here in the Evenson hall.

A farmer up at Glyndon raised 120 acres of potatoes and he received for the crop $5,280. The potatoes only yielded 100 bushels to the acre, but the price was good.

D. P. O'Neill left Monday morning for Big Stone and Traverse counties, his old home, and will spend this week there making speeches for his old friend, J. F. Jacobson.

—Don't send away for your photograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., will wait on you one year for tuition, books and supplies, and will guarantee a position in from three to four months if you write today.

County Treasurer Tanberg was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday visiting with old friends and doing a little campaign work on the side. He reports that he is meeting with considerable success.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday attending a special meeting of the board of county commissioners. Little business was done at this meeting except to allow bills.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching	10·0 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School	11:15 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting	6:45 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

A. J. Hualtman and son will give a musical entertainment in the Evenson hall on Sunday evening, Nov. 1. The entertainment will be under the auspices of the Swedish Mission society and will consist of musical selections and religious songs.

Chief of Police Lang gives warning that the young people of the town must keep within bounds on the coming of Hallow'een, October 31st, or suffer the consequences. Innocent fun will be tolerated, but the destroying or damaging of property will be punishable, said the chief.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Detroit capitalists are after a water power proposition on Otter Tail river near Heighth of Land lake. There is a 30 foot head and a dam will be erected as soon as flowage rights can be secured through condemnation proceedings. The electric power secured will be transmitted to Detroit.

We do not buy Sweat shop Merchandise nor do we trade hard for Old Goods and get a stock from the large cities to fake them on the people. We handle nothing but clean up-to-date Merchandise made by "Reliable" Manufacturers Where The Laboring man gets a square deal. The Golden Rule Dept Store.

Judge of Probate N. W. Tarrant came up from Red Lake Falls Monday and is spending this week in Thief River Falls doing some campaign work. Mr. Tarrant has made a most efficient judge of probate and it is quite likely that he will again be elected. He has many friends here that wish him success and will help him with their votes.

Walter H. Meroney was discharged as foreman at the Soo round house Monday because he belongs to a labor union and refused to give up his card. It is the policy of the Soo not to allow any of its officials to belong to a labor union, although there is no objection to other employes belonging to unions. Local laboring men are very indignant about the matter.

Help the Public Library by attending the art exhibit.

Carl Jacobson, who is attending Carleton college, visited with his parents over Sunday.

The rails on the Greenbush extension have been laid as far as Badger and it is expected will reach Roseau this week.

Thomas Raimy, who has been working out in Montana, passed through the city Tuesday, being enroute to his home up at Grygla.

For Rent—Ice houses and tools. Possession Nov. 1st. Good business for a man with a couple of teams. Geo. Elder, Thief River Falls.

Nels Swenson, of Sanders, was in the city Tuesday and made the News office a pleasant call. Nels says that some people tell him that Jacobson is too common-a-man to be governor, but that is not going to keep him from voting for Jacobson.

In Itasca county six arrests and convictions have recently been made for illegal hunting. The forest fires have driven much big game over from Canada to the woods of northern Minnesota, and the presence of so much game has proven too much of a temptation to the hunters. Most of the convictions in Itasca county were secured on the charge of killing moose.

Sunday Service in the M. E. church as follows:—

Preaching at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
Sunday School at 10:00 A. M.
Junior League at 2:30 P. M.
Senior League at 6:45 P. M.
Thursday.
Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M.

Everybody cordially invited. J. B. Smith.

Married.

Miss Mildred F. Hawkes and Mr. Thomas E. Shaughnessy were married at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. W. Hawkes, 2210 Astor St., Spokane, Wash., at 2:00 p. m., Sunday, Oct. 11th. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. J. Hindley, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational church. Only relatives and a few intimate friends of the couple were present.

The bride looked charming in white silk embroidered with white roses and trimmed with lace and insertion. She carried a lovely boquet of red roses. The groom wore the conventional black.

The bride was attended by Miss Iva Held, becomingly attired in blue silk mull. Mr. Vernon J. Hawkes attended the groom. Following the ceremony a dainty lunch was served, after which the couple left on the west bound G. N. train for their future home at Wilson Creek, where Mr. Shaughnessy is teaching school.

An abundance of rice and many wishes for their happiness and prosperity attended their departure.

Miss Hawkes formerly resided in this city.

Public Art Exhibit.

The famous Horace Turner Art Exhibit, containing 200 noted paintings of ancient and modern times, will be exhibited under the auspices of the Public Library Board in the Masonic block on the afternoons and evenings of Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 27th and 28th. Admission will be ten cents.

Orders will be taken by a committee for the purchase of any picture in the collection, prices ranging from 50 cents to $25. All are urged to encourage a worthy cause by attending.

The pictures are of the finest of their kind ever exhibited here and are most careful and faithful productions.—Boston Globe.

The finest collection ever gathered here.—Boston Transcript.

All evening crowds of people thronged the four spacious floors and admired the artistic reproductions of the world's masterpiece. The collection comprises pictures of all classes and there is not a trifling subject to be found there.—Minneapolis Journal.

The exhibit of art photographs which opened in the city hall this morning is the finest thing in this line which ever visited this city.—Springfield Union.

Highlanding.

Jack Dunn was a business caller at Thief River Falls on Wednesday and Thursday.

Alfred Hammarsten shipped a load of wheat last Wednesday.

Miss Esther Johnson of St. Hilaire, our former school ma'am, has been making a round of calls on her many friends this week. She visited the school on Friday and was pleased at the progress.

Catherine Dunn is on the sick list this week.

Miss [illegible], our new school teacher and Mr. Moy made a pleasant call at McMahon's Tuesday evening.

Joe O'Toole will go down on the Dan Patch Monday.

Mr. Moy's heels were seen disappearing toward the west Sunday afternoon. Wonder what the attraction might be.

People who wear their hats indoors are apt to get bald headed. Our popular mail carrier take warning.

A large crowd enjoyed a very pleasant dance at Kratka Saturday night. "Our Burch" hailed the Dan Patch at the Arndt landing and "We didn't get home till morning."

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support, I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

For County Attorney.

Wilhelm Michelet, the Republican candidate for the office of county attorney, respectfully solicits the votes of the people of Red Lake county, and guarantees that if elected he will do his full duty and give all a square deal.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-election.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $185.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sveen, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

VOTE FOR

Miss Katie McAnulty

For Superintendent of Schools. Miss McAnulty holds a first grade state certificate, has had twenty years successful experience teaching in Red Lake and Polk counties, and is highly qualified for the office.

Alex A. Sweaas

[illegible]

County Auditor of Red Lake County

Germantown.

Last Wednesday at the home of the grooms parents, Mr. & Mrs. Detlif Dan, occured the marriage of Frank Dan to Miss Lena Bottin, next oldest daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Carl Bottin. Rev. F. Seitz of the local German Lutheran congregation performed the ceremony in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends of the contracting parties The many friends of the happy couple, ye scribe included, join in wishing them a long and pleasant journey through life. Mr. Dan has rented a 320 acre farm near Larimore, N. D. where after next spring they will make their future home.

P. C. Reed was up looking after his farming interests here last week. Mr. Reed filed on land in Alberta last summer to which place he returned after a visit to Roseau Co.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Amund Johnson Sunday of last week.

Carl Edseth has commenced the construction of a blacksmith shop on a lot which he has purchased north of the creamery.

The Ladies Aid society of the Lutheran church meets with Mrs. H. Roller on Wednesday, Nov. 11 instead of Nov. 4th as previously announced.

The creamery will close for the winter about the end of this month.

Hans Skogstad of Silverton, accompanied by a prospective land buyer, was up here last week with a view of selling his quarter section of land north of here.

J. H. O'Brien, living southeast of here, sells out next week, preparing to move to Washington.

Hartvig Lund, who purchased the M. Blakkestad place two years ago, intends to leave for Hillsboro, N. D., next spring to engage in farming.

It is expected that the threshing will be finished in this vicinity this week.

There was a dance at J. Dommer's on Saturday evening.

P. A. McClernan and J. H. Durand, Democratic candidates for county attorney and sheriff, respectively, passed thru here last week in the interests of their candidacies.

Another Good Time.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen are to give their second annual ball on Thanksgiving eve, Wed. evening November 25th, 1908. Those who attended the dance last year had an excellent time. The boys have made arrangements for the Armory so there will be plenty of room.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Farmers Attention!

I am again in the market for flax straw, and will pay cash for all you bring in. Straw must be DRY and reasonably free from chaff. Mill will start about November 1st.

A. H. Fasel.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Oct. 17, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Hannah
Bertileon, E. O.
Johnson, Carl
Mark, Adolph
Manley, Robert
Peterson, John R.
Sturre, Miss Francis
Spofford, Dr. Geo.—2
Wood, Mrs. J. K.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H Kratka,
Postmaster.

Doctors

say take Cod Liver Oil—they undoubtedly mean Scott's Emulsion.

It would be just as sensible for them to prescribe Quinine in its crude form as to prescribe Cod Liver Oil in its natural state. In

Scott's Emulsion

the oil is emulsified and made easy to take—easy to digest and easy to be absorbed in to the body—and is the most natural and useful fatty food to feed and nourish the wasted body that is known in medicine today.

Nothing can be found to take its place. If you are run-down you should take it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World." SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

HAD A BIG MEETING

The "Undesirable Bill" Haywood Spoke to a Large Audience Monday Evening.

Denounced All but the Laboring Classes and Was Quite Radical in Most Issues.

Big "Bill" Haywood, secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, who advertises himself as an "undesirable citizen"—and he looks it—spoke to a large audience in the Mozark Roller Rink Monday evening. Mr. Haywood's personal appearance is very much against him. He has the misfortune to have a defective eye and his general appearance is more that of a prize fighter than an orator. He was eloquent, however, and in his earnest manner of speaking he captured his audience and his physical defects were soon lost sight of.

It was perhaps the most remarkable *political meeting ever held in Thief River* Falls. The large roller rink was filled with people—mostly laboring men, who had paid an admission fee of 25 cents to hear this great labor leader.

Mr. Haywood was the most radical Socialist that had ever appeared before a Thief River Falls audience. He had no time for anyone except those who labor and said so in very plain words. He denounced the Democratic and Republican parties in a very bitter manner and told of the class struggles in the west. To Gov. Johnson he several times paid his respects and denounced him for allowing 1500 detectives, thugs and strike breakers from Chicago being sworn in as special deputies up on the iron range last year, contrary to the laws of Minnesota, for the purpose of forcing the striking miners to go back to work. Mr. Haywood spoke for over two hours and was given marked attention by the large audience.

The meeting was presided over by J. W. McCord, the local secretary. He first introduced T. T. Braaten, the Socialist candidate for congress in this district. Unlike Haywood, Mr. Braaten is a mighty clean cut looking man, and unlike Haywood again he was a very poor orator.

Wilhelm Michelet

CANDIDATE FOR

County Attorney

Lewis A. Nelson,

Republican Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

Announcement.

We wish to announce the installment of new skates and a new military band instrument with new music at the rink. Opening night, Oct. 22nd, with full city brass band.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

THE NEWS, $1

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

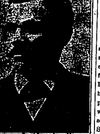

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

To the Voters of Red Lake County

I have received the Republican nomination for the office of superintendent of schools and hereby wish to express my sincere thanks for the generous vote and support at the primaries. It is impossible for me to meet you all before election and as it is desirable to know something of my qualifications, I will say that my experience as a teacher extends thru a period of thirteen years. I am a graduate of the advanced course of study at the Moorhead Normal School and hold a state first grade certificate. If I am elected, I shall direct all of my energy and time towards the performance of the duties of the office.

Respectfully yours,
Herman F. Anderson.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their ccounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

Get Down to Facts.

Johnson has come and gone. To our Democratic friends we would like to ask where he stands on any issue in the campaign—you heard him and you ought to know. And at the same time we would like to say that when you have no other argument than personal abuse and redicule to use against J. F. Jacobson, you are pretty sure to be wrong.

Accompanied the Governor.

John E. King, state librarian, of Red Lake Falls, and "Billie" McEwen, of Duluth, state oil inspector, were in Thief River Falls Tuesday. They are accompanying Gov. Johnson on his trip thru this section of the state. He denounced Gov. Johnson, as will be remembered, for allowing 1500 strike breakers and detectives from Chicago being sworn in as special deputies during the strike up on the iron range, but since he has grown fat drawing the salary of state oil inspector, he thinks Gov. Johnson is the real thing and in his present position he is doing much for the laboring people.

A strange coincident about oil inspectors may here properly be related. When Gov. Johnson visited Thief River Falls two years ago he was accompanied by another oil inspector, Mr. McDermont. This Mr McDermont resigned his position as state oil inspector about a year ago to go to New York city where he is the political agent for the liquor interests and now draws a salary of $10,000 a year. After Mr. McDermont had resigned, Secretary of State Schmal discovered that he had kept about $12,000—we don't know the exact figures—that he had collected from the oil trust and which belonged to the state of Minnesota. Mr. McDermont has paid the amount he stole back to the state, but was not prosecuted as he should have been.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	93
Oats	43c
Flax	$1.12
Barley	50
[illegible]	18c
[illegible]	20c

[illegible] was up to Greenbush the [illegible] the week.

JOHNSON, THE DODGER

Candidate for Governor Spoke to a Large Audience Tuesday Evening.

Failed to State His Position On Any Issue and Would Not Answer Questions.

Gov. John A. Johnson, genial, suave and eloquent, appeared before a large audience of Thief River Falls people last evening and tried to weave a web of infatuation around the voters of Thief River Falls. As an orator Gov. Johnson has few equals and when he tells the people in his fine rhetoric that black is white they half believe him. Gov. Johnson does not deliver the same speech in Southern Minnesota that he does in Northern Minnesota. He does not deliver the same speech in St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and the Iron Range country, where the steel trust reigns supreme, that he does to the people of this section. He wants to be popular—in fact he is popular—but when people from different sections get together and compare notes, it is quite evident that all of the Gov. Johnsons are not alike. The Gov. Johnson that appeared before a Thief River Falls audience last evening did not declare himself on one issue of the campaign or what he intended to do in the future. As a dodger he certainly is the limit. In his address last evening he claimed the credit for every good law enacted by the past two Republican legislatures and every bad law that was enacted he blamed the Republican legislature for. He made a personal attack upon D. P. O'Neill several times during the course of his speech and yet he failed to answer a few pertinent questions Mr. O'Neill had asked of him because, as he said, "they were not germane to the campaign". Mr. O'Neill was out of the city, a fact which Gov. Johnson probably knew.

The only thing that Gov. Johnson claimed to have done, which he personally could claim the credit for, was the raising of the assessment of the iron ore district. He told how HIS board of equalization had raised the assessment on iron ore property, but failed to state that he personally, as a member of the state board of equalization, had voted against this increase. That Charley Vasley, of Little Falls, whom he had appointed as a member of the state board of equalization, had made a motion for a still greater increase than was made and that he (Gov. Johnson) had dismissed him as a member of the board of equalization on this account. He failed to state that he personally addressed the state board of equalization during the time the increase in the assessment was made on iron ore property and told the members of that board that he personally had given a guarantee to the members of the steel trust that their assessment would not be increased above a certain per cent and that, if the state board of equalization made a larger increase it would place him in an embarassing position. He told how the taxes on farm and city property had been gradually growing less since he had been elected governor, and we leave this question for the property owners to decide for themselves.

The meeting was presided over by W. B. Fuller. Mr. Fuller is not a campaign orator, but we want to say right here that a few years ago Gov. Johnson, whom the writer has been personally acquainted with for the past fifteen years, could not have presided over a meeting with such dignity, grace and sunshiney sweetness as did Mr. Fuller.

The first speaker introduced was Milton Forder who told about how taxes had been reduced on farm property in this vicinity since Gov. Johnson had been elected governor two years ago, and—Mr. Forder spoke quite low, so we do not state it as a fact whether or not he really said it—it is rumored that he intimated that if Gov. Johnson was again elected there would be no tax on farm property next year.

Senator Sageng, of Otter Tail county, was the next speaker. Senator Sageng is a candidate for congress against Halver Steenerson and he devoted himself to national issues. If he was elected, so we understood him to say, the tariff would at once be revised and things down at Washington would be run just as we would have them even if he did not get his plowing done next fall.

John A. Johnson appeared before the "high court of the people" in Thief River Falls Tuesday evening as a private citizen. He did not appear here as governor but as a candidate for this high office. Therefore it might be pertinent to ask—if it is germane to the campaign—was it necessary to "call out the militia?" There was no disturbance. Only a few of the common citizens wanted to ask a few direct questions—which they considered germane to the campaign—of the man who seeks their votes.

At the close of his address, Gov. Johnson said that a few questions had been submitted to him in writing for him to answer, but refused to do this, saying that the questions were "not germane to the campaign". Just prior to the meeting the supporters of Gov. Johnson had stated that he would devote fifteen minutes at the close of his address to answering questions, but he failed to do this. In order that the public may have an opportunity to know what questions were asked of Mr. Johnson we submit the following:

Governor John A. Johnson:

Dear Sir:- When Mr. J. F. Jacobson spoke in Thief River Falls, your Democratic friends as well as the public generally were invited to ask questions of Mr. Jacobson relative to his past records or future policies, in case of his election. Two questions were propounded and Mr. Jacobson answered them promptly and fully.

We have been assured by your Democratic friends that you will accord us the same privilege, and we take the liberty of submitting herewith the following questions.

Yours truly,
Republican County Committee,
D. P. O'Neill, Chairman.

Will you please read to the audience and answer the following questions:

1.

Is it a fact that while you was a member of the State Senate you had EIGHT chances to vote on moral questions, viz: Prohibiting the sale of cigarettes; prohibiting blind pigs; prohibiting the desecration of Memorial Day, by closing saloons during the hours of Memorial Day exercises; to prevent the delivery of intoxicating liquors on Sunday; prohibiting saloons within 400 feet of schoolhouses in cities and 1400 feet from schoolhouses in the country; regulating the closing of saloons on Sundays and election days; the County Option bill and the Wine Room bill prohibiting booths, stalls and other enclosures in saloons; And is it a further fact that you either voted "NO" on each of the above propositions or dodged the question?

2.

Did you not vote against the same drainage measures in the Senate that Mr. Jacobson did in the House during the time you were both members of the legislature?

3.

In your Eveleth speech you stated that "J. F. Jacobson had for the past ten years consistantly opposed the development of Northern Minnesota." Will you please state in what way.

4.

Are you in full accord with all of the planks in the Democratic State Platform? If not, state in what particular.

And just because Gov. Johnson did not answer these questions we will answer them as he would have had he told the truth. In about every speech Gov. Johnson makes he states that J. F. Jacobson was nominated by the liquor interests. As a matter of fact every brewery, every wholesale liquor house and almost every saloon in this campaign is backing up Gov. Johnson for a third term. That is why the first question is asked.

Had he answered the first question, as can be proven by the records of senate journal, he voted against six of the above bills. On the bill to prohibit the desecration of Memorial Day, which is now a law, he was the only member of the senate to vote against it. The bills prohibiting the sale of cigarettes and blind pigs he did not vote upon although he was present in the senate when the vote was taken.

To the second question he would have had to answer yes, although his Democratic state committee is now circulating circulars stating that Jacobson voted against drainage.

To the third question we don't know what Gov. Johnson's answer would have been. If his answer had been made in Eveleth we know quite sure what it would have been. Eveleth is over on the iron range where the steel trust reigns supreme. A few years ago a bill was introduced in the state legislature to have a bounty paid to the steel trust of 15 cents a ton for all iron that was smelted in Minnesota, and when the iron was taken from the land the state owns in that section no royalty would have to be paid. The state owns iron lands valued at $90,000,000 and this would all have been made a present to the steel trust had this bill became a law. In addition to this it would have cost the state of Minnesota about $2,000,000 a year to pay the bounty. J. F. Jacobson led the fight in the legislature that killed this bill. Did he "consistently oppose the development of Northern Minnesota" in doing this? We leave it to our readers to judge.

The fourth question is the most important of all. The Democratic state platform declares for a tonnage tax on iron ore. It is a bill we all want, for it would increase the revenues of the state millions of dollars a year. Gov. Johnson, at Duluth and other points on the iron range, declared that if he was elected governor he would veto any bill passed for a tonnage tax. In other points in Minnesota he points to the Democratic state platform which declares for a tonnage tax.

Minnesota Democracy has recently issued a pocket size folder, containing the biography of Gov. John A. Johnson. Strange as it may seem, this biographical sketch, which must have received the sanction of Mr. Johnson, fails to say one word of the fact that our governor-lecturer served as a state senator in 1899 and 1901.

Why this omission?

Such an important link in the governor's political career could not have been omitted except by intention, and where a period in the life of a public official is suppressed by himself and associates such period deserves investigation.

The Legislative Journals, which are the official records of the proceedings of both Senate and House, tell an interesting story relative to Senator John A. Johnson, our present governor.

A few days ago in Northern Minnesota he loudly proclaimed himself the friend of drainage. He had one great chance to prove his friendship to drainage, during the session of 1899 when the senate considered Senate File 211—"An act to establish the State Drainage Commission to provide for the drainage of swamp lands, and to appropriate money therefor"—a bill of vital importance to Northern Minnesota. The record shows the bill passed, 36 ayes to 8 nays, and that Senator Johnson voted against this measure.

In his keynote speech, and many times since, Gov. Johnson has proclaimed that he stands for "constructive progress and practical state development." Actions speak louder than words.

As senator during the session of 1901, we find Gov. Johnson voting against Senate File 386—"A bill to increase the state road and bridge fund, to create a state highway commission and prescribe their duties, and to provide for the construction of public highways." So ably did Senator Johnson combat this important measure for the state's development that the bill only received 11 votes in its favor to 27 against. Friends of good roads were only able to eventually get this measure through the legislature when Senator Johnson got out of it.

In his keynote speech Gov. Johnson said, "I take pardonable pride, I believe, in the reorganization of the insurance department," referring to the revision of insurance laws passed by a Republican legislature while he was governor. In 1901, while he was a member of the legislature, and in a position to do something along these lines in which he might "take pardonable pride," he is recorded in the official journal of the senate as voting against Senate File 733—"A bill to correct omissions and errors; to harmonize and otherwise revise the General Insurance Laws of the State of Minnesota." The bill received but 27 ayes and 24 nays on roll call, 32 votes being necessary to carry it. Once more the legislature had to wait until he got out of it before a revision of the insurance laws could be adopted; and now Mr. Johnson comes to the front of the stage with "pardonable pride" and says "I did it." The official journal of the house shows Mr. J. F. Jacobson supported and voted for the passage of the bill to revise the insurance laws. Let the "pardonable pride" go where it belongs.

Gov. Johnson stands on a party platform which demands legislative enactment for the betterment of wage earners on the subject of liability insurance, yet the official journal of the senate, April 11, 1901, shows this man as senator voting against House File 140—"A bill to prohibit employers from dipping into the wages of their employes to secure money to pay for liability insurance."

On March 25, 1901, just two weeks previous, J. F. Jacobson, the present Republican candidate for governor, set the example which the present Democratic candidate for governor did not see fit to follow, by voting for this bill and helping to pass it in the house.

John A. Johnson was the only man in the State Senate of 1899 to vote against the act to prohibit desecration of Decoration Day by the saloons. This bill provided that saloons be closed on Memorial Day from 10 a. m. until 3 p. m. where exercises were held for the beloved soldier dead. The bill received 36 senatorial votes in its favor; the only opposition being the vote of Senator Johnson. This bill had passed the house some ten days previous, with practically no opposition.

At Stillwater recently Gov. Johnson proclaimed his friendship to all legislation for improvement of the State Prison. Why did he not vote this way when a senator in 1899? The official journal shows that he was one of five to vote against the bill—"To provide for the management of the State Prison at Stillwater, and to appropriate for the expenses of said prison any funds arising from the labor of prisoners." This bill passed, however, receiving 38 favorable votes in spite of his opposition. It also passed a short time later in the house—in part through the vote and energetic aid of Mr. J. F. Jacobson.

While on this subject of State Institutions, it is worthy of note in passing that this same Senator Johnson this same session of 1899 voted against Senate File 231—the bill for the establishment of the first district State Hospital for Insane at Anoka, and the second district hospital at Hastings, and to appropriate the necessary money. Mr. Jacobson, always the friend of our state institutions, voted for the passage of this bill in the house. If the people of Anoka and Hastings have any appreciation to extend to either of the gubernatorial candidates this fall, that appreciation is due Mr. Jacobson and not Mr. Johnson.

A bill in which the laboring men of Northern Minnesota were especially interested in 1901 was House File 381, which permitted men engaged in cutting, hauling and banking logs and timber to secure a lien on such logs and timber if their employer tried to dodge paying them. The lumber companies, realizing the enactment of such legislation might at times cause them much delay or annoyance, opposed the measure. As a result the bill failed to pass in the senate. It received 24 aye votes (32 being necessary for passage); and 7 nay votes, among them being that of Senator John A. Johnson.

All the world admires courage; esteems the real man who is not afraid to toe the line on any and every issue. Mr. Jacobson, during his long legislative career, was never "afraid of the cars," yet in the two short sessions that Senator Johnson served, the official journal of the State Senate shows him dodging, time and again, on bills of importance.

Just a timely word relative to whether a legislator is ever excusably not on record on an important measure. It should be obvious to every fair minded person that if the official journal *of the house or senate* now shows a member answered to a roll call just before and also just after a vote on a certain measure, that legislator was present and declined to respond to roll call when the certain measure in question same up for disposition; and refusal to vote under such circumstances is certainly inexcusable. With Senator John A. Johnson this was true in 1901 on passage of Senate File 467 to regulate saloons and require them to be closed Sundays and election days; this was true of Senator Johnson in 1901 on passage of Senate File 326, a bill to prevent adulteration of foods, drugs and liquors. This was true of Senator Johnson in 1901 on final passage of House File 446, a bill to prevent the adulteration of linseed oil. This was true of Senator Johnson in 1901 on final passage of Senate File 549, to prevent deception in the sale of imitation butter. This was true of Senator Johnson in 1901 on final passage of Senate File 325, a bill in relation to the manufacture and sale of lard, lard compounds and substitutes of food prepared therefrom and to preserve public health. This was true of Senator Johnson in 1901 on final passage of House File 462, an act in relation to sale of honey compounded and adulterated, and to prevent fraud and preserve the public health.

Do you wonder that the biography of Gov. Johnson, issued for Democratic campaign purposes, and to gain a third term, intentionally fails to mention the fact that for two sessions of the legislature this same John A. Johnson SAT in the senate—AND DID NOTHING ELSE.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The Fertile high school football team went down to defeat before the prowess of Thief River last Saturday, by a score of 18 to 0. The visitors were heavier than the locals and had the advantage of several years experience, but it availed nothing against the excellent team work of Thief River.

New students continue entering high and the grades.

Red Lake Falls notifies Prof. Deal that they cannot keep their engagement to play a football game next Saturday and claims that the parents of several of their men refuse to permit the boys to play. This is the first time in the history of our neighboring city when athletics have not had the unqualified support of everybody in the town.

Register of Deeds Earnest Quist has kindly loaned his typewriter to the commercial class in high. This class has grown so rapidly of late that the new machines recently purchased failed to meet the demands and this addition to the number will be of material assistance. Mr. Quist has been placed at the head of the class by the typewriting students.

Co. Supt. McAnulty accompanied by his sister, the independent candidate for the position he now occupies, visited the schools last week.

Fire Marshal Paul Medderigh made an official visit to the schools last Tuesday and witnessed a fire drill at the Knox.

The school authorities have been notified that a truant officer of the state bureau of labor will soon visit this city to round up delinquents.

Steps are being taken whereby parents will be especially invited to visit the various rooms at different periods. It is at all times a mystery how parents can rest contented with the schools and teachers, when they scarcely ever enter the school room doors to acquaint themselves with conditions there, but are compelled to accept reports of same at second hand. The child's welfare should force every parent in the city to visit the schools, classes and buildings at least once every week. How much misunderstanding would be averted and how much good would be done were this the case, time alone could tell.

The Senior class had a meeting Tuesday afternoon in connection with the securing of a class memorial.

The stenography class that began work last month are now able to take dictation at the rate of 50 words per minute.

Subscribe for the News.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Louis Hanson left yesterday morning for North Dakota to look after business interests.

H. P. Sponheim left yesterday for North Dakota to look after his farm property out there.

Don't fail to visit the art exhibit at the Masonic block next Tuesday and Wednesday.

Only ten cents to visit the collection of the world's best reproduction of the great art masters at the Masonic block next Tuesday and Wednesday.

Drop your politics for something worth while at the Masonic block next Tuesday and Wednesday—the art exhibit.

K. O. Gigstad was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Stop! Look! Listen! Supper in the Methodist Episcopal church on Wednesday from 6 to 10 p. m.—Chicken pie, creamed potatoes, Boston-baked beans, cabbage salad, apple sauce and cake all for 25 cents and plenty of it. Come and bring your friends.

The members of the Swedish Lutheran church will have an auction sale of wearing apparel, a raffling off of a quilt, a fish pond and will serve coffee, cake, and sandwiches, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 27, at 7 o'clock. This will take place in the first building east of driving bridge. All *cordially invited.*

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $1 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store.—C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

THE TRUTH ABOUT THOSE LECTURES.

Gov Johnson has been challenged to explain whether or not he would continue to devote his time to the lecture platform should he happen to be re-elected Governor. He has failed to respond. The truth is due the public. Sometime before his nomination for a third term Gov. Johnson contracted with the Slayton Lyceum Bureau of Chicago to devote practically his entire time during the year 1909 to lecturing. After his renomination that contract was slightly modified. The modification permits Gov Johnson to cancel lecture dates if re-elected governor during the session of the legislature the first part of the new year, and that is all. The contract in its present form still holds Gov. Johnson, whether reelected or not, to go on the lecture platform as soon as the legislature adjourns and devote most of his time the remainder of the year to lecturing at $200.00 a night.

A gentleman recently asking the Slayton Lyceum Bureau at Chicago for an open date for Gov. Johnson in a western town was informed that no matter whether the Governor was re-elected or not, the earliest he could have him, even for one lecture, would be some time in August, 1909.

CHANCE FOR RECIPROCITY.

Joe Cobb, in the Le Seuer News, throws out this suggestion: If Mr. Jacobson received the support, at the election, of every farmer who saved dollars, and many of them, from the twine trust, on account of the establishment of the twine plant at the Minnesota state prison, and Mr. Jacobson deserves all the credit for the establishment of it, he would be elected by many thousand plurality. It is worth thinking about.

JOHNSON BOLTS HIS PLATFORM.

The Democratic State platform on which Gov. John A. Johnson stands strongly proclaims in favor of a tonnage tax on iron ore. Gov. Johnson seems to have forgotten this in his recent trip through iron range towns for he freely stated at these places that he is now and always was opposed to a tonnage tax.

JACOBSON'S STAND ON EDUCATION

Proof Given of Falsity of Democratic Assertion That He Is Opposed to Schools.

HIS POSITION IS MADE CLEAR

Believes in Economy, but Not Parsimony—Especially Favors Beter Schools for Farmers' Children.

The Democratic press, on instigation of the Democratic state press bureau, is attempting to make the people believe J. F. Jacobson is opposed to education. This is what the Democrats are asserting:

"When it is recalled that Mr. Jacobson, the Republican candidate for governor of Minnesota, a state with the finest school system in the world, is opposed to educational ideas it will make him a pretty hard pill for some of the enlightened Republicans to swallow."

This statement might as well be nailed now as any time, and the truth be published. These are the exact words of the Republican candidate for governor, Mr. Jacobson, in his campaign opening speech at Clarkfield:

"That state is best economically, socially, morally and intellectually which wisely spends most for the education of its people. We have a splendid school system, but I feel that some of it can be made more practical than at present. Germany has, since the Franco-Prussian war, taken the lead in industrial education. Her trade schools have been fostered by the government as have the schools of no other government or state. The results are becoming apparent. The hand work of the German artisan is supplanting that of all other civilized nations. England is humbled, France is beaten, and the United States is looking to her for an example. To do a thing well, will call for a combination of hand and head work and will develop the highest culture measured by a rational standard.

"I plead for economy, but not parsimony in all matters of education. Spending money for a good school, a good book or the acquirement of a good habit, is economy.

"Manual training, domestic science, and agriculture furnish the field for our highest efforts and our best thought.

"The farmer boys and girls, because of their scattered settlements receive to-day the poorest chance for an education. Yet no single calling in the state is of half the importance and if our present school-system is found to be inadequate for their special training, to make them more intelligent, to make them better farmers than they are at present, this one should be speedily and adequately supplied.

"Nothing suggests itself to me at present to be more practical and feasible than the establishment of county agricultural schools. They should be built and maintained, partly by the state and partly by the localities in which they are established. If they should become a gift of the state there would result as unholy and undignified a scramble for them as the world has ever seen.

"But by making it possible for any county to acquire one of these institutions, they should bear the largest burden themselves.

"The teachers to supply these new school systems can be trained in the state agricultural schools in addition to the work already performed by that great institution."

Does this sound like "opposition to education"?

TAKE FRANK DAY'S ADVICE.

If you must take the advice of Democrats who to vote for, take that of Minnesota's leader, Frank Day, who said: "The people have confidence in 'Jake.' He is honest and unpurchasable. He was never controlled for a minute in his life by the 'interests,' and he refused 'to bend the pregnant knee that thrift may follow fawning.'"

ABUSE OF JACOBSON DENOUNCED!

His Friends and Business Associates in His Home Town Refute Democratic Misrepresentations.

The Taft-Jacobson club of Madison,—the home town of Hon. J. F. Jacobson, the Republican nominee for governor—held a meeting recently, attended by practically every voter in the town, and unanimously condemned the campaign of personal abuse and ridicule being made by the Democrats against Mr. Jacobson in a last desperate effort to turn the tide against the Republican standard bearer. Mr. Jacobson's friends, neighbors, and business associates adopted a set of resolutions that the people of the state might know in what high esteem Mr. Jacobsin is held in his home town. The resolutions recite that,—

"We congratulate the Republican party upon the choice of our fellow townsman, J. F. Jacobson, as its candidate for governor.

"Several of our members are natives of this county, born since Mr. Jacobson became a resident of the county, and all of us have known him better as a neighbor, a public spirited citizen and as a business man than we do as a politician and a legislator. That he is a man of unusual native ability, sterling honesty, integrity and fairness; that his life as a citizen and a business man of this county has been a model worthy of emulation we affirm without fear of contradiction. THAT MALICIOUS SLANDERS ACCUSING MR. JACOBSON OF BIGOTRY, SECTIONALISM AND LACK OF PERSONAL INTEGRITY IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE LIFE SHOULD FIND A PLACE IN ANY CANVASS FOR VOTES AGAINST HIM SEEMS TO US A PITY AND A SIGN OF MORAL DEPRAVITY ON THE PART OF THE AUTHORS OF SUCH TACTICS. THROUGHOUT A LONG BUSINESS CAREER, WITH EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR MONEY MAKING, HIS FAIRNESS, STRICT ADHERENCE TO A HIGH STANDARD OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND HIS GENEROSITY HAVE KEPT HIM A POOR MAN.

"Throughout his long career as a leader in the legislature he has never taken any personal advantage of his position nor attempted to do so. He has never taken any local political advantage of his position as a leader of the house of representatives nor introduced any bills that favored his own town, his own country, or his own congressional district to the exclusion of other parts of the state. Where is there a man with a stronger record for fairness and impartiality in public life?

"Assertion is not argument. Malicious insinuation is not a fair weapon. The intelligent people of this state will want the truth. The public and private life of Mr. Jacobson is an open book. Let it be searched and his triumphant election will be the answer the people of the state will make to the insinuating political detractors in November."

JACOBSON THE LINCOLN OF MINNESOTA!

Wadena Pioneer Journal.—It was Abraham Lincoln, the ungainly, the awkward, the common, ordinary appearing man, from whom the aristocratic class of Washington society shrank with apparent disgust, when this man from Illinois went down to be inaugurated president of the nation.

Just now a certain class of codfish aristocracy in Minnesota are likewise shrinking from the Republican candidate for governor—because he is tall and raw-boned and has'nt been kept and reared in an aristocratic hothouse.

Abraham Lincoln, despite the sneers and jibes of society upstarts, proved to be the greatest man of his time, and his memory is honored and revered by all men and all nations.

Jacobson, like Lincoln, may be a little awkward in personal appearance, but he is the embodiment of courage, honesty and force, and if elected, as he will no doubt be, he will prove the best and most fearless governor the state of Minnesota ever had.

Every Republican in Minnesota should be proud of the opportunity to vote for Jacobson. His public and private records are clear in every particular, and his record in public life is one to which his party can point to with special pride.

CANDIDATE FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL

George C. Simpson Is Son of Sturdy Pioneers of Minnesota's Early Days.

HE HAS AN ENVIABLE RECORD

Has Been City and County Attorney; Is Now First Assistant Attorney General.

George T. Simpson, Republican candidate for attorney general, was born at Winona, Minn., in 1867, and is the eldest son of the late Thomas Simpson. Margaret Simpson was his mother. The older residents of the state—the men and women who came into this state between the late 50's and the early 90's and were connected with public affairs—will have no difficulty in placing either of these pioneers. The one—the prominent lawyer, member and president of the state normal board for a quarter of a century, man of affairs, delegate to the Republican national convention that nominated Lincoln and the person who seconded his nomination on behalf of Minnesota, member of the national committee of the Republican party, and at all times a consistent member of that organization from 1861 to the day of his death. He was of English descent. The other—the educated woman, the soldiers' orphans' friend, the organizer of a charity that during her life knew, and now knows, neither age, color nor faith. She was a descendant from one of the oldest German families in Pennsylvania.

With such antecedents it is not surprising that we find the son at forty the candidate of the Republican party for attorney general, and that by unanimous vote. Attending the normal school at Winona from infancy he graduated as president of his class in 1885; entered the collegiate department of the State University of Wisconsin and graduated therefrom with honor in 1890; was a student in the law office of his father for three years; entered the law department of the same university; became a student in the law office of Hon. John C. Spooner of Madison, Wis.; took the state bar examination, and was admitted to practice in Minnesota in 1895; married Elizabeth, daughter of the late John Ludwig of Winona; was city attorney of the city of Winona from 1897 to 1899; was in private practice, and in 1900 was elected county attorney of Winona county, a Republican in a Democratic county; was president of the county attorney's association of the state, and as such drew and was instrumental in having enacted into law, among others now in the statutes, the county attorneys' contingent fund bill, providing much needed means for the state in the preparation and trial of criminal cases; was re-elected county attorney of Winona county, carrying most of the precincts in the county by handsome majorities; became assistant attorney general under the present attorney general, Hon. Edward T. Young, in 1905, and has been connected with all the important litigation and departmental matters arising in and transmitted to the attorney general's office during the past four years, including the so-called rate cases, and the famous Young case before the supreme court of the United States.

Such in brief is the history of the man whom the Republican party offers to the electors of this state as their next attorney general. He is thoroughly equipped by education, training and experience for the duties of the office. In the words of the editor of one of the leading Democratic papers of the state: "George T. Simpson's nomination for attorney general is a reward of merit, and so long as we are to have a Republican attorney general it is well to be assured of having one that is fair and square as well as able."

Question About "Interests."

Times-Enterprise—Referring to the charge of the Minnesota Bryanites that Gov. Johnson as a candidate for the presidency was the pliant tool of the interests, the Inter-Lake Tribune wants to know if, as candidate for the governorship it is not likely he is a tool of the same powers? They might explain.

JOHNSON OPPOSED TO G. A. R.

Legislative Record and Campaign Statement Show Him Against Interests of Old Soldiers.

Gov. J. A. Johnson's actions show him to be unequivocally opposed to the desires of the G. A. R. and the old soldiers. On the stump, Gov. Johnson eloquently asserts he is the friend of the beloved old veteran; but both his past and present actions bely his words.

As a state senator, Gov. Johnson was the only member of the senate to vote against that meritorious measure which required saloons to close from 10 a. m. till 3 p. m. on Memorial day where exercises were held, out of respect to the Noble Soldier Dead. This bill was known as House File No. 540, and came up for final disposition by the senate April 17, 1899. The official journal of the senate shows there were thirty-seven votes cast on roll call for final passage of the measure—thirty-six votes for the bill, and one lone vote—that of Senator J. A. Johnson of St. Peter—against this meritorious measure.

During the present campaign—a few days ago while the governor was speaking at Litchfield—he took occasion to take another slap at the G. A. R., and in so doing, voluntarily stated his intention to violate and override (if re-elected) a law on the statute books which he himself signed and approved.

The story of this affair is eloquently told in the communication of an old soldier, who, justly resenting the governor's declaration, gave voice of the feelings of himself and friends in the following eloquent communication sent to the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Gov. Johnson and Mr. Leavett.

"To the Pioneer Press: Do we want a would-be law-breaker for governor, or do we not?

"Mr. Johnson made a speech here in our village a few nights ago, in which he posed as the great 'I am.' He told of what he had accomplished and of the laws he had approved and what a good governor he had made. That was all right. A Republican legislature would not let him go wrong. He is not to blame for that; let him crow, so long as he keeps within the bounds of right and justice.

"What I object to is what he said in regard to our old fellow townsman, Hon. S. W. Leavett, a man who has lived in our town for thirty-nine years, who has filled many positions of trust and honor, and fearlessly, faithfully and honestly performed his duties regardless of consequences; a man who has the courage of his convictions and has always done his duties, without fear or favor of anyone, and caring not for the approval or disapproval of any man or set of men so long as he thought he was right; a man who has saved the State of Minnesota thousands of dollars while acting on the board of control.

"What Mr. Johnson said was: 'Mr. Leavett is the retiring member of the board of control, and if I am elected governor he wi'l retire'—and this in Mr. Leavett's home town and among his life-long friends.

"It was unamerican, ungentlemanly and entirely uncalled for, and furthermore, the carrying out of the implied threat would be against the laws of the state.

"Now we have a law (Chap. 263, Page 356) approved by Mr. Johnson April 19, 1907, entitled 'an act regulating appointments, employment and removals in public departments and upon public works in the State of Minnesota,' which gives preference in appointments in every public department in the State of Minnesota to honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and mariners from the army and navy of the United States, in the late Civil war, over other persons of equal qualifications, and a refusal to allow the preference, entitles such honorably discharged soldier, sailor or mariner to a right of action for damages and also a remedy for mandamus for righting the wrong.

"Section 2 says 'no person holding a position by appointment who is an honorably discharged soldiers, sailor mariner, having served as such in the Union army or navy during the late Civil war, shall be removed from such position except for incompetency or misconduct, shown after a hearing upon due notice and upon stated charges.'

"Now Mr. Johnson approved this law and knows it is on our statute books, and yet he has made the statement in a public speech here in our village that if he is elected governor that Mr. Leavett, an honorably discharged old soldier, fully competent to discharge the duties of a member of the board of control, will retire; or, in other words, that he, the said Johnson will disregard the laws of the state, which he himself approved, and cause Mr. Leavett to retire from that board on which he has done such faithful service.

"NOW, YOU PATRIOTIC CITIZENS AND OLD SOLDIERS WHO WERE INSTRUMENTAL IN HAVING THIS LAW PASSED, ARE YOU GOING TO VOTE FOR THE MAN WHO, THOUGH HOLDING THE HIGHEST POSITION IN THE STATE, BRAZENLY COMES ONTO THE PLATFORM AND MAKES HIS BRAGS THAT HE WILL, IF RE-ELECTED, DEFY THE LAWS OF THE STATE; OR WILL YOU VOTE FOR 'HONEST' JAKE JACOBSON, A MAN WHO CAN BE DEPENDED ON TO DO HIS WHOLE DUTY AND SEE THAT THE LEGAL ENACTMENTS OF THE LEGISLATURE ARE FULLY CARRIED OUT IN EVERY PARTICULAR, AND OLD SOLDIERS GIVEN THEIR RIGHTS?

—"Old Soldier."

"Litchfield, Minn."

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Shirley & O'Hara,

Phone 217. The Draymen.

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The Campaign Orator

is getting busy now, and is trying to convince the public that Taft or Bryan is the best man for the country. The man who has his clothes cleaned at B. Dan Bjorkman's needs nothing but a sample of our dry cleaning to convince him that every suit of clothes cleaned and pressed here is equal to a new one. Bring your soiled clothes to—

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every Howard is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a Howard you get [illegible]"

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

AUCTION SALE

Tuesday, October 27, 1908

COMMENCING AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.

At the old Hank Barrett farm, two miles Southeast of Steiner Station.

Five head of horses.
Two cows and one heifer.
Two pigs.
150 chickens.
One buggy.
One wide tired wagon.
One narrow tired wagon.

Two stubble plows.
One garden seeder.
About 30 tons of hay.
All kinds of vegetables by the load Bring your wagon box.
Household furniture and other things too numerous to mention.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON

Terms: All sums under $10 cash; over that amount bankable paper. Time given until next fall if desired.

OTTO SCHULZ, Owner

H. G. Dobner,
Clerk.

H. M. Hicks,
Auctioneer.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife to E. S. Ellsworth and L. E. Jones, mortgagees, dated October 21st, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 11 of mortgages on page 210-211 thereof on the 16th day of January 1904 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

That the premises described in said mortgage and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota, are as follows to-wit: West half of the Northeast Quarter of Section Twenty-four in Township 153 N. of R. 43W, 5th P. M.

Said mortgage having been assigned by said mortgagees to First State Bank of Thief River Falls by written assignment of mortgage dated July 20th, 1908 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in Book 7 of mortgages on page 408 thereof on the 26th day of August, 1908 at 11:30 o'clock a. m., that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof is Twenty-nine and 20-100 Dollars and for interest paid on prior mortgage by assignee of mortgage is Seventy-one and no-100 Dollars and for taxes paid Seventy-one and 41-100 Dollars, a total of One hundred seventy-one and 61-100 Dollars.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided and no action in law or equity having been instituted on said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on Saturday the 31st. day of October 1908 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the interest and costs of said sale and the attorney's fees stipulated by law.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1908.
First State Bank of Thief River Falls,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Sept. 17-oct. 22
L. S. Hoag,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Supplement to Thief River Falls News.
October 22, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant, Candidate for Judge of Probate.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

The best and most competent official Red Lake county has ever had is John B. O'Brien. He has at all times done his full duty and now that he is a candidate for re-election to the office of county auditor, he should receive the support of all who believe in good government.

S. A. Swanson, Republican candidate for Judge of Probate, has been a resident of what is now Red Lake county for 27 years, coming here with his parents from New Jersey on April 12, 1881, and settling in Black River township. In 1882 he began teaching, and divided his time between that vocation and work on the homestead until Dec. 25, 1896, when he was appointed the first Register of Deeds of Red Lake county in which capacity he served two years.

Since that he has asked for no county office, but has twice been a candidate for the legislature, in 1900, carrying the county by over 300 for Representative, and a second time in 1902, receiving a majority of 844 for State Senator, both times being defeated by the heavy opposition vote from the other counties in this district.

His fidelity to friends and fairness in all business transactions has gained him cordial support where he is known. As a candidate for Judge of Probate before the voters of Red Lake county, he asks a fair consideration from every voter in the county.

Our 10 Cents Canton Flannel Gloves go at **6c**

Good Big Heavy Sweaters now go at **43c**

Men's Work Shirts, 60c values now only **39c**

Heavy Lined Duck Coats go at **88c**

A snap some for one, Corduroy Pants for **$1.19**

Turkey Red Handkerchiefs go for **4c**

Men's Suspenders, 25c values now only **17c**

Men's Leather Faced Mittens go for **21c**

Extra large size blue Handkerchiefs, 12½c values **7c**

$2.25 Boy's Shoes go at this SALE for only **$1.67**

Our $3.50 Trunks Reduced to . . . $2.46 | **Men's $1.75 Extra Heavy Flannel Shirts Carnival Price $1.25**

The Crowds Are Growing Greater Each and Every Day

The People Heard of the

Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival

And They Have Sent Word To Their Friends and Neighbors.

We are on the second week of this gigantic Carnival in Clothing, which is proving to be the most bountiful harvest that ever visited the city of Thief River Falls. *They are coming from other towns* to partake of some of the thousands of bargains that are awaiting their coming. They saw it advertised; they read the newspapers; they saw the bills. It was something they hadn't seen before. Instead of a few items that are usually thrown out for bait, they see there are **Over Thousands of Items** on sale here. There is not one item in this house sold at the price before the Carnival started. There are many lines being broken, yet there are sizes and kinds for all, and we believe enough for everybody in this community.

IT IS A WONDERFUL WORK

It is an immense amount of goods going out to the people in the Clothing and Furnishing line, Shoes, Underwear, Work Clothing, as well as any other line in the store will go at prices far below their actual value. It is expensive to carry them over, and we are going to give our customers the bnefit of every item in our store for a rare economical interest to all thrifty purchasers. The magnifying powers of our bargain offerings make your quarters look like dollars. Don't allow anything to keep you away from this great Clothing Carnival. YOU CAN'T AFFORD IT, for we have gathered the most mighty avalanche of majestic bargains in high class wearing apparel for men and boys ever brought together under one roof in this part of the country. COME EARLY. GET THE PICK.

We Sold More Clothing

in the last week than we ever sold before in our lives, and we sold it at but little more than the cost of the making elsewhere. We have all kinds. Our Sincerity Clothing defies competition. It is the best ever. Men's and Boy's Suits in brown and gray mixtures, Scotch and Fancy Mixtures, Blues, Blacks, Grays in Checks and Stripes, hand-padded shoulders, self-retaining fronts, excellently tailored throughout, worth from $8.00 to $30.00, your choice of the lot during the last two week's of this Carnival at

$4.48 and $23.38

Youth's and Boy's Wearproof Clothing

Fine Suits that will please the most fastidious of our young men. Our Clothes have that distinction about them that is especially desired by those who wish to appear well groomed. Our prices place these clothes within the reach of all. A perusal of the list given below will give you some valuable hints as to seasonable wearing apparel.

Boy's Suits from $1.28 to $5.18
2.00 to 7.50 values

Overcoats.

We are showing a fine line of Overcoats, and at prices so low that there is no use in your wearing the last year's one. The fabrics patterns and the tailoring appeal to men who like good looking clothes and clothes that wear well. As special leaders we mention our Fur-Lined and Plush Lined Overcoats. The prices will appeal to you.

$50.00 Fur-Lined Coats now	$35.88
28.00 Plush Lined Overcoat	21.48
18.00 Quilted, Fur Collar "	13.68

Best Styles in Fur Overcoats, also go at Sale Prices. These prices place within every man's reach the luxury of owing one of these Coats. Lamphier & Skinner Sheep Lined Coats and Duck Coats for less than manufacturer's cost. Youth's and Boy's Overcoats, in all the stunning styles which appeal to the young men today. An up-to-date Overcoat at a low price is the opportunity we are now presenting to you.

$2.50 Boy's Refers	$1.88
5.50 Youth's Overcoats	4.69
$9.00 Men's Black Beaver Overcoats 52 inches long	$6.98
$15.00 Men's Black Beaver Overcoats 52 inches long	$11.22

IF YOU NEED A PAIR OF

Odd Trousers

buy them now, and get nearly two pair for the price of one. We have all the new and up-to-the-minute styles, and the lowest, down-to-the-limit prices. $1.25 to $8.00 Trousers now

98c to $5.78

In Times of Peace, Prepare For War.

Or to paraphrase the proverb, in times of fair weather, prepare for foul. We want to assist you to do this, and are therefore offering our entire stock of Cravenettes, Raincoats and Slickers to you at the biggest price reductions ever offered in the history of Thief River Falls. Your chance is here. Come to the Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival of The E. & E. Co. and take it.

$3.25 Officers Drilling Raincoat now	$2.67
$2.50 52 inch Black Slickers	$1.08
$1.25 Short Yellow Slickers and pant	88c
Don't overlook the $5.50 Rough Rider Coats now	$4.67

Men's Shirts

For we have them of every description, and you can come here and buy them during this Carnival for about what you would pay for the paper and string. Few times on earth do you have the opportunity of going in and buying at special prices such as have been made here for the past week, and will be made until the final wind-up of this Big Carnival.

Finest Line of Men and Boys hats and caps

that was ever shown in this city, and we believe you know it. We have them for the little fellow at 19cts a piece, and we have them for the bigger boys at 21cts and 42cts apiece. Lamphier, Bidger and Challenge Hats at Carnival prices. Be sure and see them.

$1.50 Hats now	$1.19
$2.50 Hats now	$1.98
$3.50 and $3.00 hats now	$2.48

Our Line of Furnishings

IS THE MOST COMPLETE ever offered by any store in this community. Men's fancy vests go at one-half their real value. Neckties which reflect the popular styles of the season are offered at lowest prices.

Wilson Bros. Fancy Socks, worth 15cts, Carnival price	11c
Ohio Suspenders, worth 50c, Carnival price	39c
Wilson Bros.' Dress Gloves, worth $1.25, Carnival price	98c
Grinnell R. R. Gloves worth $1.25, Carnival price	98c
Sterling collars, worth 15c, carnival price	10c

The fashionable man need not be an extravagant man. When a man outfits here we try to give him more than his money calls for—more than he expects—we consider both his whims and his pocket book. He really gets more than he expected for less than he expected to pay. So follow the crowd and come here and see what you can do.

We Don't Want You to Overlook the Shoe Deal

because in shoes for men, you will find them here at the price of boys shoes elsewhere, and two boys' shoes will cost but little more than one would elsewhere. IT IS THE SHOE HARVEST OF YOUR LIFE.

Florsheim shoes, $4 and $5 values at $3.48 and $4.48.

The winter months are coming along soon and you will need a pair of Goodyear Glove Overshoes at Reduced Prices.

Little Boy Blue, come blow your horn,
I havn't a bunion, I havn't a corn,
My feet are as easy as they can be,
For I am wearing the Florsheim Shoe, you see

Men's and Boys' Underwear and Union Suits

The Underwear and Union Suits we are selling are attracting lots of attention, and now is the time you should avail yourself of the opportunity of getting such big bargains in the quality of goods we carry. We have woolen underwear and union suits, as well as lighter weight goods for fall wear.

We are agents for the Fosston Underwear, the reputation of which is too well known to need explaining.

$1.00 Union Suits	78c
$1.25 Union Suits	98c
$1.50 Union Suits	$1.19

Finest Leather Suit Cases

The best for the lowest prices, is our motto here as well as in other departments, and we invite you to come and see how we have lived up to it. Only a few sample prices can be given here, but they will give you an idea of the great values.

$1.50 suit cases	$1.19
$3.50 suit cases	2.78
6.00 suit cases	4.98
$2.50 Trunks	$1.90
3.00 Trunks	2.49
4.50 Trunks	3.78

Jewelry

Drop in and see our Jewelry Department. If your own judgment does not prompt you to buy, you will not be urged.

Umbrellas

At less than cost. It will pay you to look over this stock. Umbrellas worth $1.25 at 87c.

Frenzied Merchandising Has No Place in This House. Our Methods

are always open and above board and all merchandise offered by this Company is of the best make on the market. We never advertise $10.00 worth of goods for $4.00 unless we can deliver the goods as advertised, and you had better scrutinize goods that are advertised that way. Our methods and guarantees will stand, and if you want "the most of the best for the least" you will always come to our store.

REMEMBER THE PLACE. COME AND BRING YOUR FAMILY.

THE E. & E. CO.

CLOTHIERS, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Listen! Boys' Knee Pants Suits $1.28 | **Our 6.00 Boys' 3-piece Suits $4.48**

Men's Suits that look well and wear well at **$4.48**

$1.25 Pants Carnival Price at **98c**

$1.98 Buys a Good TRUNK At this SALE

3c The Carnival price for a Gold Filled Collar Button

Boy's Corduroy Pants, the goods that last. **39c**

Men's large MUFFLERS at only **19c**

A large size White Handkerchief at **3c**

35c Gold Filled Cuff Buttons Carnival Price **19c**

Men's Wool Hose 20c values now only **14c**

Our 50c Four-in-Hand Ties go at **39c**

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

DISPOSITION OF SPITZBERGEN

Telegram Which Evinces That Sweden and Norway May Get Tangled Up Over Settlement of the Matter.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The following telegram dated Berlin, Oct. 10, evinces that a tangle regarding the disposition of Spitzbergen is bound to ensue in the near future between Sweden and Norway unless the matter is settled amicably by means of peaceful agreements. It is very likely that peaceful methods will be employed, at least one may judge so from this: "An international conference will be summoned in the near future to regulate the future of Spitzbergen, and it is expected that delegates will attend from Great Britain, the United States, France, Russia, Germany, Sweden and Norway. The Norwegian government, which has taken the initiative in proposing the conference desires to safeguard the rights of the Norwegian fishermen, who work along the coasts of Spitzbergen by an international agreement. The Norwegian fishermen and huntsmen were for a long time undisputed masters of Spitzbergen and enjoyed unlimited freedom in following their occupations. Recently, however, two mining companies, one financed by British capital, have begun operations in Advent bay, and both companies have annexed enormous areas of land, and have prohibited Norwegian fishermen and huntsmen, but in this case it is expected that Sweden will raise a counter claim on the ground that the Swedish scientific expeditions have been mainly instrumental in opening Spitzbergen to the outside world. Since the days of the Arctic explorer, Peary, Spitzbergen has been mainly explored by Swedish expeditions, but recently a British expedition visited the island and collected a number of mineral specimens, which reveal opportunities for further mining enterprises. The Spitzbergen question was raised in 1871, when Sweden and Norway desired to annex the island, but Russia's opposition prevented the realization of the Scandinavian proposal. It appears that Germany will oppose the claim of any single country to Spitzbergen and will favor the establishment of some kind of international control, whereby the absolute freedom of industrial enterprise and scientific research will be guaranteed."

King Gustaf has received the following telegram from Sven Hedin, who was at the time in Simla, India: "Just arrived at the viceroy's residence. Since December I have traveled in disguise through unknown parts of Thibet. Severe winter, cold 40 degrees below zero. Continual snowstorms. All animals perished except three. Important discoveries of mountains, lakes, rivers and temples. The whole country north of Upper Bramaputra mapped. The Thibetans very hospitable."

The National Anti-Emigration society, which was organized about two years ago for the purpose of checking Swedish emigration to foreign lands, has not been as successful as was at first anticipated. Not long ago the society asked the riksdag for an appropriation of 250 crowns, but the riksdag promptly turned down the request. The leaders of the society are very much discouraged and it is feared that a dissolution of the society may be looked for at an early date.

Among those who will accompany King Gustaf during his visit to Paris, France, this fall are Dr. Sixten von Friesen, K. A. Wallenberg, K. Heriltz, O. Medin and Count G. von Rosen. Reports from Paris state that there are great preparations under way for receiving the Swedish king in France. The French president was enthusiastic about his reception in Stockholm last summer and he proposes to outdo the Swedish king in hospitality when he arrives at the French capital.

Dr. Ludvig Loostrom, superintendent of the National museum, has been created a knight of the Legion of Honor by the French president. Dr. Loostrom made a very favorable impression on the French president during his recent visit to Stockholm.

A contingent of Swedes in Congo, South Africa, have sent King Gustaf a lengthy address of congratulation on his ascension to the Swedish throne, expressing the desire that he follow in his distinguished father's footsteps.

President Fallieres of France has presented the Swedish queen with a beautiful pair of vases, which are now on exhibition in the National museum. Queen Victoria is said to prize this gift very highly.

Mauritz R. Sahlin has been appointed successor to the late Paul Isberg as governor of Stockholm's "lan." Mr. Sahlin has for a number of years been general manager of the Swedish state railways.

O. M. Malmgren has been re-elected a member of the first chamber of the Swedish riksdag to represent the city of Stockholm.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

A telegram, dated Oct. 9, from [illegible] states arrangements for the establishment of a direct steamship line between Scandinavia, embracing Sweden, Norway and Denmark and the United States has been successfully concluded. The proposal for independent lines from each of these countries to the United States has been abandoned, but the plan adopted for all three countries will contribute an equal share of the capital for the consolidated line. For the present six steamers will be engaged in the service and headquarters until further notice will be located in Bergen.

A Norwegian exchange tells us that one of the results of the high tax on liquor, recently imposed by the storthing, is a decided falling off in the demand for potatoes. Thousands of acres of land were planted to potatoes, intended for the distilleries, and as these have been compelled to shut down because of the heavy excise laws there is no market for the spuds. East Toten alone will lose over 200,000 crowns on this account, and the loss will be keenly felt on the so-called "upland" regions of the country.

"The Life and Works of Jonas Lie," is the name of an interesting volume, which has just made its appearance. Perhaps the most interesting part of the book is the correspondence which took place between King Oscar and the Norwegian author and Professor L. Dietrickson, who acted as a mediator between the king and Mr. Lie. From a Norwegian standpoint the book introduces many new light on the "Unionen," and will naturally be read with a great deal of interest all over the country.

Civil Engineer Stolz-Pettersen, who has during the past few years been engaged in building railways in the Andes mountains in Argentine and Chile, is now in Christiania for a visit. He is very enthusiastic about South America and claims that it is just the place for Norwegian civil engineers, who can there make all kinds of money.

There has up to this time been the most beautiful weather in Norway. Not for many years has there been such fine fall weather and the farmers have consequently been pushing right ahead with their fall work. The potato crop is an excellent one and is far in advance of anything that has been grown during the past ten years.

In Haugesund no wine will be sold after Jan. 1 after 5 o'clock in the afternoon. A number of wine drinkers have been asked to sit up and take notice. It seems that the temperance movement is becoming quite general throughout Norway.

A Norwegian exchange states that there are eighty-nine doctors from Norway who are practicing their profession in foreign lands. Of this number, sixty-six are in America, four in South Africa, three in China and one in New Zealand.

Consul Conrad Holmboe, one of the oldest and wealthiest business men in Tromsoe, died during the early part of this month, aged eighty years. He was a shrewd business man and enjoyed the undivided respect of the community.

The Bergen steamer "Yumiri," owned by Jac Kuhnle, has been stranded off the coast of West India. Fortunately no lives were lost. The vessel and its cargo was valued at 200,000 crowns.

Christiania physicians appear to have the smallpox epidemic under control and there is now no danger of any further spread of the dreaded disease. Every possible precaution has been taken.

The collected works of Henrik Ibsen will be published next spring in two volumes, which will comprise about 1,100 pages. They will be published in five different languages.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

Christensen, the resigning premier, delivered an address last Friday before the folketing, which aroused considerable sympathy for him, even more than what was generally expected. He said among other things: "I leave this place with a blushing countenance, but with a clear conscience. It feels as though I had been knifed in the back by a false friend. My life's work has been destroyed, a work which I had fully intended to complete for the good of my country." At this juncture the once popular statesman broke into tears and forgot to recognize the next speaker who asked for the word. Much sympathy has been evinced for Mr. Christensen and he leaves the cabinet with hosts of friends, who still believe that his intention were the best, but who regret that he was apparently at least led into a trap.

The ravages of consumption are becoming very marked in Denmark and the disease has been spreading at an alarming rate all over the country. The statistical bureau has issued a report as to the number of sufferers from tuberculosis in Denmark in 1906. There were 11,587, or four out of every 1,000 people. The disease seems to have the best hold in the capital, where there are from six to seven sufferers out of 1,000 people. The number of deaths due to the disease in 1906 was at least 3,000. Considering the fact that the total number of deaths from all diseases and causes was only 35,000 in Denmark that year, it is easy to see that tuberculosis is a most terrible enemy to the Danish race.

The Danish finance minister, M. Neergaard, has consented to form a new cabinet, the previous cabinet having resigned at the request of the king, following the disclosures in connection with the arrest of M. Alberti for embezzlement. M. Neergard probably will take the double office of premier and finance minister.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

By defeating the Detroit team of the American league in the fifth game of the series, 2 to 0, the Chicago team of the National league retained its title as the champion baseball team of the world. The present series differed but little from that of last year. In the previous series Detroit managed to get one tie game and then went down in four straight defeats. In the present series Detroit snatched one victory out of the five games played.

A writ issued by the United States court in Pennsylvania commanding Dr. Robert E. Lamb, superintendent of the Mattoawan (N. Y.) asylum for the criminal insane, to produce Harry K. Thaw at Pittsburg forthwith, to testify in connection with bankruptcy proceedings, was served upon Dr. Lamb.

The inquiry into the Panama canal discrimination charges at New York city was temporarily interrupted in a sensational manner when William A. Brothers, who brought the charges, publicly accused Spencer Miller, a representative of the Lidgerwood company, of perjury.

Harry K. Thaw has appealed to the New York state court of appeals from the decision of Justice Mills of White Plains denying him a jury trial to determine the question of his sanity. Pending a decision of the higher court Thaw was returned to Matteawan asylum.

The American battleship fleet has arrived at Yokohama, Japan. The officers and men were given an enthusiastic welcome by the Japanese people.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

After a dramatic scene on Union Pacific train No. 2 at Omaha, in which the door of his stateroom was burst open by a deputy sheriff, William Randolph Hearst, the millionaire editor, was served with papers notifying him that suit for $600,000 damages had been brought against him for slander and libel by Governor Charles N. Haskell of Oklahoma in the Douglas county (Neb.) district court.

Lieutenant Frank T. Evans of the battleship Louisiana, who recently was courtmartialed on a charge of absenting himself from his place as officer of the deck, disrespect to his superior officer and intoxication, has been found guilty of the two former charges. The sentence pronounced provides that Lieutenant Evans shall lose 150 numbers and shall be publicly reprimanded.

Mrs. William F. Tucker, through her counsel, withdrew from court at Chicago the charge of wife abandonment recently filed against her husband, Colonel William F. Tucker, U. S. A. Attorney Pearson stated that the case was withdrawn in the belief that Colonel Tucker is now on what will prove to be his death bed.

POLITICAL NEWS.

A statement issued by Treasurer Ridder shows that the Democratic campaign fund reached $248,567.55 on Oct. 9. Of this amount $225,962.88 has been disbursed, leaving a balance on that date of $22,604.07. The statement says that 343 subscribers gave $100 or more and that the smaller sums were from 25 cents up.

A check for $10,000, the contribution of the Tammany society to the Democratic national campaign fund, has been received by Herman Ridder, treasurer of the national Democratic committee. This is the largest single contribution yet received by the national committee.

Candidate Taft was well received in his tour of Kentucky. He is the first Republican presidential candidate to campaign in the Blue Grass state.

William J. Bryan has left Lincoln on his final swing around the country. He will go as far East as the Atlantic coast.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—Wheat—Dec., $1.00¾; May, $1.04⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.03@1.03¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02@1.02¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.00@1.00½; No. 3 Northern, 95@98c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$4.50@5.45. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; yearlings, $4.25@4.40; spring lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 19.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.02⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.00⅝; Dec., $1.00⅝; May, $1.04⅝; Oct., $1.01⅝; Nov., $1.05¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.22¼; Oct., $1.21¼; Nov., $1.22; Dec., $1.21; May, $1.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.30@7.50; Texans, $3.25@4.65; Western cattle, $3.10@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.25; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs—Light, $5.05@5.65; mixed, $5.15@5.95; heavy, $5.15@5.95; rough, $5.15@5.35; good to choice heavy, $5.35@5.95; pigs, $3.00@4.90. Sheep, $2.40@4.50; yearlings, $4.40@5.00; lambs, $3.75@5.85.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 19. — Wheat—Dec., 98⅝@98¾c; May, $1.01⅝@1.01¾; July, 96⅝c. Corn—Oct., 71c; Dec., 63⅝@64c; May, 63⅛c; July, 62⅞c. Oats—Dec., 48c; May, 50c; July, 45⅝c. Pork—Oct., $13.55; Dec., $12.45; Jan., $15.05@15.07½; May, $14.95@14.97½. Butter—Creameries, 20@26c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs—23c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12½c; chickens, 8½@9c; springs, 10c.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

George W. Peterson, assistant attorney general, has filed a test case against the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance company asking the supreme court to restrain that concern from using a "three-fourths vacancy rider" to the present standard fire insurance policy prescribed by statute. The "rider" provides that in case any insured building remains vacant for more than thirty days there shall be a reduction of the insurance to three-fourths of the amount, which is the limit of recovery in case of loss.

According to the biennial report of the state labor commissioner there are 24,383 women employed in manufacturing industries in Minnesota. This report does not include the army of stenographers and women clerks in offices not classed as manufactories. The total number of wage earners in the manufacturing establishments is 117,259, so that the women constitute 21 per cent of the employes reported by the labor inspectors.

The state of Minnesota has sold the Capital National bank of St. Paul warrants to the amount of $1,000,000, bearing 4 per cent interest. The state will soon need the money to help pay running expenses. It has about $2,000,000 coming in from the depositaries over the state, but this amount will be disbursed the last of the month in payment of the various school apportionments.

The state has concluded the purchase of 317 acres of pine land in Itasca park for $22,590.25 from T. B. Walker and H. C. Akeley, Minneapolis lumbermen. The purchase is made from the accumulation of a fund of $5,000 annually appropriated by the legislature. The state now owns about ten thousand acres, or half of the land included in Itasca park limits.

As a result of the closing of public drinking fountains for horses glanders has been so reduced that in the past three months only six horses have been killed in St. Paul and Minneapolis on account of the disease, as compared with fifty, or seventy-five animals usually killed at this time of year.

Patrolman John Connelly, the Minneapolis policeman who accidentally shot and killed Theodore Hedine, five years old, and maimed Miss Julia Churchill by accidentally shooting her, was exonerated from all blame by the Hennepin county grand jury.

Reports of the state labor inspectors show that ninety new manufacturing industries have been started during the first seven months of this year. These give employment to 689 operatives.

OBITUARY.

Miss Florence McVey of St. Paul is dead, a victim to her devotion to her older sister. When the older girl became ill with typhoid fever Florence, who is the youngest of the family, undertook the difficult and dangerous task of nursing her, believing herself to be the strongest member of the family and least likely to contract the disease. For a time the girl was able to perform her work, but finally fatigue and her constant presence in the sickroom proved too much for her constitution and she contracted the disease.

While standing at his desk in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road's freight depot at St. Paul D. A. Pierce suffered a stroke of paralysis which completely paralyzed his left side and caused his death a few hours later.

William H. Bennett, general counsel for the Minneapolis Street Railway company and a prominent member of the Hennepin county bar for the last twenty years, is dead at Minneapolis, aged sixty-five.

Former Representative J. B. Kelly of Dakota county is dead at his home at Lakeville. Death was due to heart failure, caused by overexertion in fighting a prairie fire which threatened his home.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Judge O. M. Hall of the state tax commission met with an accident at his room in the Hotel Magee at St. Paul which will keep him away from the capitol for several days. He is subject to attacks of nightmare and during his slumbers fell suddenly over the foot of the bed and broke his collarbone.

The little town of Nymore, near Bemidji, is experiencing a severe epidemic of diphtheria. There are twenty-four men and seven women from Nymore in St. Anthony's hospital in Bemidji sick with the disease.

Falling forty feet from the Colorado street bridge at St. Paul without sustaining any apparent serious injuries was the wonderful experience of Lucille Bertl, twelve years of age.

Edwin A. Hobbs of Duluth, an expert draftsman in the employ of the Oliver Iron Mining company, committed suicide by shooting. He was forty-eight years of age.

John H. Sannen, aged fifty-four, was caught in a freight elevator in the Crane & Ordway company's building at St. Paul and crushed to death.

Burglars entered the clothing store of Anderson Bros. at Lamberton and carried off overcoats and suits valued at $1,000.

Mike Lawrence, a Minneapolis teamster, was struck and killed by a Great Western train.

SHOOT THEIR VICTIM.

Thugs Wound St. Paul Man Who Shows Fight.

Starting to investigate the cause of pistol shots as he stepped off a car at St. Paul J. M. Byrnes, railroad clerk, was in turn held up by thugs and making a resistance was shot in the face, two teeth being knocked out. He is painfully but not seriously injured.

The thugs had just got through with Ralph Fry, son of Dr. Christian Fry, president of the board of school inspectors, and Ed Fitzgerald, a university classmate, and were firing a parting shot at their victims to frighten them further when Byrnes appeared on the scene. With two pistols leveled at his head, Byrnes was told to hold up his hands.

He showed fight and the robbers shot him in the face and then escaped.

Threatening to shoot the woman with whom his victim was driving unless the man did as he was told a lone highwayman held up and robbed Ed Morgan and a young woman companion on the Seventh street bridge near Fourth avenue north in Minneapolis. Morgan was relieved of a diamond ring valued at $250 and his companion lost a diamond ring worth $200.

TO OPERATE FLOUR MILLS

New Company Will Take Over Pillsbury-Washburn Properties.

Organization of a new company to take over and operate the properties of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company of Minneapolis is practically assured.

Plans for the organization have been adopted by the American shareholders with the assent of creditors.

Ralph Whelan of Minneapolis, counsel for the new company and the four receivers, has started for London to lay the organization plans before a meeting of English shareholders called for Oct. 27. The financial plan calls for distribution of shares in the new company on a basis of holdings in the old.

With the new organization completed the way is open to present a plan for the removal of the property of the English company from the jurisdiction of the federal court and its receivers. The statement is made in the promotion plan that under the new organization the debts of the old company will be paid in from six to eight years and the stockholders reimbursed.

SENSATIONAL DISCLOSURES

Made Before the Grand Jury in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis is on the eve of a sensational shaking up of municipal affairs that is expected to bring to light conditions of an appalling nature, implicating men high in political, business and social life.

So grave are the charges against these men and so convincing the testimony against them by men of undoubted probity and unblemished reputation that after a thorough investigation the matter has been brought to the attention of the grand jury, now sitting.

It is expected that interesting developments will follow within a few days.

Conditions involved in the charges relate to the social evil and the saloons. The investigation was brought about by the energetic work of a man whose home life was destroyed owing to the alleged existence in the city of low dens, veritable traps for the unwary, one of which was the means of ruining his daughter, a girl less than seventeen years of age.

BLAZE AT GRAND MARAIS

Town Saved From Forest Fires Now Partially Destroyed.

Grand Marais, on the north shore of Lake Superior, seems fated to burn.

Within a few weeks after the long hard battle to save the place from destruction by forest fires a large section of the place was gutted by fire. The loss is estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000.

The flames licked up the Grand Marais hotel, the Mercantile company's store and warehouses, the Cook County bank, the dwelling of C. J. Johnson and some other buildings. The entire village turned out at the alarm and bucket brigades were organized to supplement the work of the volunteer fire department.

Probably Fatally Wounded.

Charles E. Gooch of St. Paul, well known in business and Masonic circles, was shot and dangerously wounded near Detroit, this state, by Philip Bettingen, son of Charles A. Bettingen of the Western Supply company. The full charge of a shotgun, with the muzzle only six feet away, entered Mr. Gooch's right leg just below the hip, shattering the bones and causing a wound which it is feared may prove fatal. Luckily, no arteries were severed and while Mr. Gooch's condition is critical there is hope that unless complications set in his life will be saved.

St. Paul Physician Suicides.

Dr. Marcus Tessler of St. Paul, a prominent surgeon, was found dead by his wife lying on a cot in his office. He had ended his life by taking poison. He left a note asking forgiveness from his family. Mental weakness was the cause of the suicide.

Convicted of Killing Husband.

Mrs. Matilda Gollnik was convicted at Little Falls of the murder of her husband, William Gollnik, on Aug. 13. She asserted that two masked men beat her husband to death because he would not surrender certificates of deposit to them.

MAN AND WIFE DIE

Lose Their Lives By Drowning While Duck Hunting.

NO WITNESS OF THE TRAGELY

Husband Believed to Have Perished in Attempting to Save His Wife.

Eager to secure the duck she had winged while hunting with her husband Mrs. Otto Sall of Montevideo waded too far into the Minnesota river. Her husband went to her aid, and in the struggle to regain the shore both were drowned.

The bodies when found were about ten feet apart and from their positions and the state of the clothing found it appeared that Mrs. Sall had shot a duck, which fell into the river. She had waded in, it is thought, and, going too far, had appealed to her husband to help her. Mr. Sall went to her aid and also got beyond his depth. In the struggle to regain the shore both were drowned. The bodies were found in fourteen feet of water.

The couple had lived at Montevideo only a few months, having formerly resided in Terre Haute, Ind. Sall was a switchman.

ELIGIBLE TO RE-ELECTION

Decision Affecting Members of Minnesota Legislature.

Members of the legislature of 1907 who voted to increase the compensation of legislators from $500 to $1,000 per term need have no fear of being ousted if elected.

The supreme court in a per curiam decision discharged the order to show cause secured by defeated Minneapolis candidates for nomination, which sought to keep the names of renominated members from the official ballot.

The petitioners claimed that members of the last session could not run because of the constitutional provision prohibiting a member of the legislature from holding any office the emoluments of which were increased during the session of the legislature of which he was a member until one year after the expiration of his term of office as a legislator.

The decision sustains the construction of the attorney general that "any office" means any other office than that of senator or representative.

The mere decision was announced that the printing of ballots may proceed and the opinion discussing the case will be written later.

NUMBER OF ARRESTS MADE

Result of Municipal Probe at Minneapolis.

Out of the nine indictments returned by the grand jury of Hennepin county at Minneapolis three arrests have been made by Sheriff Dreger. Two of the persons arrested have been arraigned and have pleaded not guilty.

Tom Curry, proprietor of the Windsor hotel, was arraigned on two counts, one for selling liquor without a license and the other, a joint indictment including Peter Blair, for keeping a disreputable house. Curry was released on $500 bail.

John McNamara was indicted with Mary McNamara on two similar counts. The woman has not been found, but the man was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. He was released on $500 bail.

HIGHWAYMEN BUSY.

Hold Up and Rob Three Men in Minneapolis.

Highwaymen, masked and armed, held high carnival in Minneapolis. They held up a Great Northern policeman and took his revolver and 10 cents away from him; robbed a resident in the aristocratic part of the city and "stuck up" a transient. The assailant in the latter case occupies a cell at central police station.

As the result of flashing his wallet, containing $190 in cash and $1,000 in notes and a bank book, in a Minneapolis saloon, Stener Luten of Stoughton, Wis., was cruelly beaten and robbed a short time afterwards. Edward Nelson, twenty-six years old, was arrested after a chase by Detective "Red" Lyons. The money was recovered.

St. Paul Man a Suicide.

Charles V. Mobery of St. Paul, assistant county treasurer until early last July, committed suicide by jumping from a window at the Mounds Park Sanitarium. He struck on his head and died instantly. Mr. Mobery lived at 711 Bedford street, and it was there early last spring that his sister was found dead in the bath tub. The tragedy so affected Mr. Mobery that he became despondent and finally was forced to give up his position because of failing health.

Accused Woman Set Free.

Mrs. Emma Drews Hosker, arrested at Wabasha on a charge of murdering the recluse, Roemer, whose housekeeper she was, and who was found dead in his isolated home there some months ago, has been freed. The hearing was brought to an abrupt end in court when the recently published claims of a solution of the mystery were shown to be without foundation.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Everv Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice
Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

D. B. BAKKE, President. H A LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session, 1907.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1907, and which are to be submitted to the electors of said State at the General Election of 1908.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 477 of the Laws of 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution (the latter section being the amendment to said Article nine (9), adopted in 1896), which sections now read as follows:

"Section 1. All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state: Provided, that the legislature may, by general law or special act, authorize municipal corporations to levy assessments for local improvements upon the property fronting upon such improvements, or upon the property to be benefited by such improvements, or both, without regard to cash valuation, and in such manner as the legislature may prescribe; and provided further, that for the purpose of defraying the expenses of laying water pipes and supplying any city or municipality with water, the legislature may, by general or special law, authorize any such city or municipality, having a population of five thousand or more, to levy an annual tax or assessment upon the lineal foot of all lands fronting on any water main or water pipe laid by such city or municipality within corporate limits of said city for supplying water to the citizens thereof without regard to the cash value of such property, and to empower such city to collect any such tax, assessments or fines, or penalties for failure to pay the same, or any fine or penalty for any violation of the rules of such city or municipality in regard to the use of water, or for any water rate due for the same; and provided further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description above a fixed and specified sum, of any and all natural persons and corporations. Such tax above such exempted sum may be uniform or it may be graded or progressive, but shall not exceed a maximum tax of five per cent.

"Section 2. The legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each year, and whenever it shall happen that such ordinary expenses of the state for any year shall exceed the income of the state for such year the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency of the preceding year, together with the estimated expenses of such ensuing year. But no law levying a tax or making other provisions for the payment of interest or principal of bonds denominated 'Minnesota State Railroad Bonds,' shall take effect or be in force until such law shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the state, and adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting upon the same.

"Section 3. Laws shall be passed taxing all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies, or otherwise, also all real and personal property, according to its true value in money; but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, shall, by general laws, be exempt from taxation.

"Section 4. Laws shall be passed for taxing the notes and bills discounted or purchased, moneys loaned, and all other property, effects, or dues of every description, of all banks and of all bankers, so that all property employed in banking shall always be subject to a taxation equal to that imposed on the property of individuals.

"Section 17. The legislature may impose, or provide for the imposition of, upon the property within this state of any and all owners or operators, whether corporate or individual, or otherwise, of any and all sleeping, parlor and drawing room cars, or any or either of the same, which run in, into or through this state; also upon the property within this state of any and all telegraph and telephone companies, or owners, whose lines are in, or extend in, into or through this state, also upon the property within this state of all express companies, or owners, or any or either of the same, doing business in this state; also upon the property within this state of all domestic insurance companies of this state of any kind; also upon the property within this state of any and all foreign insurance companies doing business in this state of any kind; also upon the property within this state of all owners or operators of any and all mines or of mineral ores situated in this state; also upon the property within this state of all boom companies or owners, and of all ship builders or owners doing business in this state or having a port therein (provided, that this act shall not apply to property owned by railroad companies, their lands and other property); and upon the property of either or any of such companies or owners,—a tax as uniform as reasonably may be with the taxes imposed upon similar property in said state, or upon the earnings thereof within this state, but may be graded or progressive, or both, and in providing for such tax, or in providing for ascertaining the just and true value of such property, it shall be competent for the legislature in either or all such cases, to impose such tax upon any or all property thereof within this state, and in either case by taking as the basis of such imposition the proportionate business, earnings, mileage or quantity of production or property now or hereafter existing of any such companies, persons or owners, transacted or existing in this state, in relation to the entire business, mileage or quantity of production or property of such companies, persons or owners as aforesaid; or in such other manner, or by such other method as the legislature may determine; but the proceeds of such taxes upon mining property shall be distributed between the state and the various political subdivisions thereof wherein the same is situated, in the same proportion as the proceeds of taxes upon real property are distributed: Provided further, that nothing in this act contained shall operate to authorize the assessment or taxation of any farm land or ordinary business blocks or property owned by any such corporation, person, firm or company except in the manner provided by the ordinary methods of taxation."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Sec. 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200 for each household, individual, or head of a family, as the legislature may determine. But the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads."

This proposed constitutional amendment was submitted and voted upon at the last election and was declared carried. But a contest was instituted by interested parties, claiming that the amendment was not carried. That contest is now pending in the courts and it was on that account that the legislature decided to re-submit the amendment to the people, so that however the contest may be decided, the next legislature may have the power granted by the amendment. For the purpose of discussing the effect of the amendment I will assume that the same amendment submitted at the last election, did not carry.

The purpose and effect of this amendment would be to greatly enlarge the power of the legislature with reference to the subject of taxation. Section one (1) as it now stands provides that all taxes imposed shall be equal—as near as may be—on all forms of property, and all property upon which a tax is imposed is required to have a CASH VALUATION equalized throughout the state.

Section two (2) as it now stands requires the legislature to levy the necessary taxes annually to defray the expenses of the state. That is the duty of the legislature without any constitutional direction.

Section three (3) as it now stands provides that all real and personal property, including MONEYS, CREDITS and INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND STOCKS, shall be assessed according to their true value in money.

Section four (4) as it now stands provides that property employed in banking shall be subject to a tax equal to that imposed on other property. This is only a repetition of the requirements of Sections one (1) and three (3), as no rational person would claim that banking capital should be exempt from taxation.

Section seventeen (17) as it now stands is not easy to understand, but it was intended by that section to relieve from the operation of sections one (1) and three (3), above quoted, property of the classes therein enumerated, so that a gross earnings tax could be applied thereto instead of direct taxation.

Owing to the provisions of sections one (1) and three (3) of the present Constitution many amendments were from time to time added so as to permit taxes to be imposed on specific kinds of property otherwise than upon a cash valuation equalized throughout the state. We have among these exceptions railroad gross earnings taxes; municipal frontage taxes; inheritance taxes; and the gross earnings taxes authorized by said section seventeen (17).

Several exemptions from taxation are also provided for, but as these exemptions are not changed by the proposed amendment, I will make no further reference to them.

The amendment which, if adopted, would take the place of all of the sections and amendments above referred to, is simple and plain. No provision of the Constitution is necessary to authorize the imposition of the taxes necessary for the support of the state and its various political subdivisions. The power of taxation is inherent in government. This proposed amendment declares that this inherent power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away; that taxes shall be imposed for public purposes and shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. Should this amendment be adopted all property of every kind in the state would be subject to taxation, according to the method the legislature saw fit to adopt, provided only that the tax was levied for a public purpose and was uniform on the same class of subjects. Under this amendment every tax law we now have on the statue books would continue to be valid, because under this amendment all limitations on the power of the legislature would be taken away.

The adoption of this amendment would, as indicated, repeal the so-called inheritance tax amendment, and the gross earnings tax amendment adopted in 1896, as contained in said Section seventeen (17), but in their place this amendment would give the legislature greater authority. Under this amendment the power to impose inheritance taxes would be unlimited, and any form of gross earnings tax would be valid. The gross earnings tax on railroads would not be affected by this amendment, as the Constitution provides that they cannot be changed without submitting the law making the change to a vote of the people. But with this amendment various new forms of taxation could be imposed, notably an income tax, a tonnage tax on iron ore and a registry tax on mortgages. Under the present Constitution we can impose no tax on mortgages owned by non-residents. A registry tax, which would be valid under this amendment, would reach all mortgages alike. While the Constitution requires all subjects of taxation to have a cash valuation with the tax equalized throughout the state, no proper income tax could be imposed.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 478 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section sixteen (16) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"The legislature is also authorized to provide for the appointment, by the governor of the state, of a board to be known as the 'State Highway Commission,' consisting of three (3) members, who shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law without salary or compensation other than personal expenses.

"Such commission shall have general superintendence of the construction of state roads and bridges and shall use such fund in the construction thereof and distribute the same in the several counties in the state upon an equitable basis. Provided further, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and, provided further, that no more than one-third (1-3) of such fund accruing in any year shall be expended for bridges, and in no case shall more than one-third (1-3) of the cost of construction or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to levy upon all the property of the state any amount necessary, in its judgment, for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein, and in so far removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution, whereby the legislature is prevented from levying for such purpose a tax exceeding one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on the taxable property within the state.

This amendment further authorizes the legislature to provide salary and compensation, including personal expenses incurred in the performance of duty by the highway commission, or any other like officer entrusted by law with similar duties.

Finally, this amendment removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution upon the powers of the highway commission in the distribution of the road and bridge fund of the state whereby authorized, and the amount which the state may pay from such fund toward the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge, and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the legislature shall deem wise.

The adoption of this amendment will not interfere with the power of the legislature to create a highway commission and define its powers, nor will it interfere with the appointment and tenure of office of the present commission.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 379 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to add the following section to Article nine (9) of the Constitution as a new section:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to permit the state to become the trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or both. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax upon the lands of such persons ONLY as shall VOLUNTARILY list the same with their respective county auditors for such purpose. There can be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. Its adoption will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of the same by the officers of the state, but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from said fund and from no other. The state would assume no responsibility beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 480 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal the provisions of Section seven (7) of Article seven (7) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except county superintendents of schools, who shall be required to have educational qualifications to be determined by the legislature, and except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of county superintendent of schools. As the Constitution now stands any legal voter is eligible to the office of county superintendent of schools.

The foregoing four proposed amendments constitute all the amendments proposed for adoption at the ensuing General Election.

Yours respectfully,
EDWARD T. YOUNG,
Attorney General.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

$5.00
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EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Administration.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Jacob E. Lee, James Willard Lee and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Jacob E. Lee having been filed in this court, representing that Susanna Lee, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 19th day of September 1908; and praying that letters of administration of her estate be granted to Jacob E. Lee; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; THEREFORE, YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of October 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 5th day of October 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
Probate Judge.

COURT SEAL
G. Halvorson
Attorney for Petitioner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
oct. 8-22.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

HALVOR STEENERSON

Of Crookston, Minn., the Republican Candidate for Reelection to Congress From the Ninth District.

Halvor Steenerson was born in Wisconsin in 1852, but has been a resident of Minnesota since 1853, his parents, who were among the earliest pioneers, having settled on a preemption in the southeastern part of the state in that year. He was reared on a farm and educated in the state schools and in the Union college of Law in Chicago; admitted to the bar in 1878, removed to Crookston in 1880; was elected county attorney that year and state senator in 1882, where he took a leading part in the enactment of the first law for the regulation of railroads, and creating the railroad and warehouse commission of this state, which has been the foundation of all subsequent legislation on the subject. In 1893 he initiated the celebrated grain rate case which was the first instance where the rate making power of the state over its railroads was judicially determined and finally established.

He was elected to congress in 1902 and re-elected in 1904 and 1906. He has served continuously during this time as a member of the committee on postoffice and post roads and of the militia, of which latter committee he is chairman. During Mr. Steenerson's service on the postoffice committee many important reforms have been enacted. Rural free delivery has been extended to nearly every country home, the compensation of

rural carriers increased from $600 to $720, and last year to $900. The compensation of clerks and carriers in city offices and of railway mail clerks has also been equitably adjusted and increased, while the compensation of the railways for transporting the mails has been reduced so as to result in an annual saving of more than eight millions of dollars, thus more than making up for the increased compensation to clerks and carriers."

In order to carry out the recommendations of President Roosevelt and Secretary of War Taft for the strengthening of our national defenses, Mr. Steenerson, as chairman of the committee on the militia, introduced in the last session of congress the bill to promote the efficiency of the militia and forced it through the house against the opposition of both Republican and Democratic floor leaders. The passage of this bill against such opposition fixed Mr. Steenerson's position in the house as one of the strong men of that body, whose influence will count for a great deal in the future. This is one of the laws the passage of which is especially commended in the Republican national platform and by the president.

Mr. Steenerson took a strong stand both in the Fifty-ninth congress and in the last session for tariff revision. He introduced two bills providing for a tariff commission, and urged their consideration upon the committee on ways and means. It was largely through his efforts that a resolution was finally agreed upon in the last session of congress under which all questions relating to the subject of tariff revision and readjustment are now being investigated by the committees of the senate and house preparatory to revision early next year.

He has also taken an active part in legislation for the regulation of railroads, concerning public lands, Indians, drainage and conservation of natural resources.

In addition to these matters of general concern, Mr. Steenerson has also secured the passage of a large number of private bills, such as private pension bills, public building bills, relief of soldiers, granting permission to build bridges and dams over navigable streams, and for the relief of settlers on the public domain. It may be interesting to learn that Mr. Steenerson secured the enactment at the last session of congress of no less than twenty-four bills of a special nature, as follows: 12 pension bills, [illegible] bills, 2 bridge and 1 dam [illegible] public buildings, 1 making St. Vincent a port of entry for the immediate transportation of merchandise, and 5 granting relief to settlers on the public lands.

The work of a representative does not end with matters of legislation, however. He is constantly called upon to aid in the administration of the law through the different executive departments. The establishment of new rural and star routes, the expediting of the service thereon, the improvement or change in railway mail service; the appointment of postmasters; the remedying of grievances of men in the civil service of the government; the adjustment of claims against the government for mail contractors, survey contracts and like claims. The allowance of pension claims of old soldiers and their widows, and customs claims, the aiding of persons whose relatives have been excluded under immigration laws, securing of government protection to citizens abroad, obtaining passports, the distribution of government free publications are only a few things that a congressman has to attend to. In fact, these services in behalf of the people who are concerned with the government at Washington in its various branches and activities are more onerous than the legislative duties of a member of congress.

Mr. Steenerson has given his time and best efforts to his constituents without regard to party affiliations and that his services are appreciated is evidenced by the fact that he has just been nominated for the fourth term without opposition.

When he was elected to congress, there were only nine rural routes established in the district; now there are more than 150, with complete county service in Otter Tail and Clay and part of Becker county, bringing the daily mail to every farmer's home, thereby increasing the attractiveness and convenience of home life upon the farm.

As early as his first election to congress, Mr. Steenerson announced as his platform and program the same measures for the regulation of interstate railroads and of monopolistic combinations or trusts as he has since helped to enact ino law under the administration of President Roosevelt, and which, if elected, he will help to perfect and make more efficient as experience has shown to be necessary.

While in congress he has shown his independence, and has often been counted among the "insurgents" and opposed to Speaker Cannon, and he long ago announced that he was independent on the speakership, and favored such amendments to the house rules as would limit the present power of the speaker without destroying the power of majority to do business.

Before his advent in congress, Mr. Steenerson achieved a high place at the bar, and was especially successful in cases brought by him in behalf of laborers and employes of railroads and other industrial corporations to recover damages for personal injuries or death by reason of negligence of the employer.

In his Barnesville speech, Sept. 28, Mr. Taft, who was introduced by Mr. Steenerson, said: "I am glad to stand up by your tall congressman and congratulate you on having such a representative. He does you honor in Washington and looks after your interests, as I can assure you."

THE LAND OF WORSHIP

The East Believes Too Utterly to Care if Others Disbelieve.

Prayer pervades the East. Far off across the sands, when one is traveling in the desert, one sees thin minarets rising toward the sky. A desert city is there. It signals its presence by this mute appeal to Allah. And where there are no minarets—in the great wastes of the dunes, in the eternal silence, the lifelessness that is not broken even by any lonely, wandering bird—the camels are stopped at the appointed hours, the poor, and often ragged, robes are laid down, the brown pilgrims prostrate themselves in prayer. And the rich man spreads his carpet, and prays. And the half-naked nomad spreads nothing; but he prays too.

The East is full of lust, and full of money-getting and full of bartering, and full of violence; but it is full of worship—of worship that disdains concealment, that recks not of ridicule or comment, that believes too utterly to care if others disbelieve. There are in the East many men who do not pray. They do not laugh at the man who does, like the unpraying Christian. There is nothing ludicrous to them in prayer. In Egypt your Nubian sailor prays in the stern of your dahabiyeh; and your Egyptian boatman prays by the rudder of your boat; and your black donkey boy prays behind a red rock in the sand; and your camel man prays when you are resting in the noontide, watching the far off, quivering mirage, lost in some wayward dream.

And must you not pray, too, when you enter certain temples where once strange gods were worshiped in whom no man now believes?

Any man could earn a living by utilizing the time he wastes in trying to convince the world that it owes him one

---

AUCTION SALE

Commencing at 1 O'clock p. m. Saturday, Oct. 31

One and one-half miles north and eleven miles west of Thief River Falls, in the town of Numedal.

- 1 bay mare, 6 years old.
- 1 gray horse, 9 years old.
- 1 gray mare, 14 years old.
- 1 bay mare with sucking colt.
- 1 spring colt.
- 2 cows.
- 1 wagon.
- 1 buggy, single seated.
- 1 binder.
- 1 mower.
- 1 two-horse corn cultivator.
- 1 two-horse corn planter.
- 1 14-inch breaking plow.
- 1 18-inch stubble plow.
- 1 pair of bob sleighs.
- 1 dowiac drill, 17 shoe.
- 1 4-hole cook stove, good as new.
- 1 14-inch gang plow.
- 1 3-section iron drag.
- 1 bedstead with springs and mattress and other things too numerous to mention.

Terms: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount bankable paper drawing 7 per cent interest.

C. M. EVENSON,
Auctioneer.

CARL DUIS,
Owner.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

CLOSING OUT.

Closing out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' waists at 30 per cent off:

Ladies' $24.00 plush lined coats for $13.00.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.

I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.

It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

A. JOE GILLER.

You can get what you want from the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, cut glass, novelties, umbrellas, optical goods etc.

Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. 11 1908.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] one of the heirs of Martin [illegible] deceased, of Thief River Falls, who on Dec. [illegible] made Homestead entry, No. [illegible] [illegible] Section 26, Township [illegible] N., Range [illegible] W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before [illegible] U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jacob Jonas, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
[illegible]
Frank Tilton, "
H. H. Skagen, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept. 17-oct. 22

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Sept. [illegible] 1908.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Anton, Minn., who on [illegible] made H. E. No. [illegible] [illegible]

Claimant names as witnesses:
Wm H. Wright, of Anton, Minn.
Edward [illegible]
Barney Thomas, "
Christ [illegible] of Kratka

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

sept. 17-oct. 22

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. [illegible] 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Werner, of Germantown, Minn., who [illegible] made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible] [illegible]

Claimant names as witnesses:
Fred [illegible] of Germantown, Minn.
Thom [illegible]
Joseph [illegible]
[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct. 8-nov. 12

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn. [illegible]

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct. 8-nov. 12

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1908 NUMBER 44.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

LIKES MR. ANDERSON

Casper E. Berg Tells Why He Should Be Elected County Superintendent.

He Has Known Mr. Anderson Personally for Years and Therefore Is an Authority.

I take it to be a general truth that any careful and fair opinion of a candidate is acceptable and of interest and value to the voters. The more sidelight on a candidate's character, preparation and qualifications a voter can get, the better he can decide if that person is the right one for the office. I cannot persuade myself to beleive that any write-up of Mr. Anderson is necessary at all for there is no reason why he should not receive all the votes he got at the primary election and the rest of the republican votes besides. He is entitled to them in every way and is fully worthy of anybody's vote, ladies' as well as men's. What I write is gladly written as a favor to him and is a modest appreciation based upon a long acquaintance and a thoro knowledge of the man and his work.

At first sight of him, and especially if a person is a superficial and hasty observer, one might think that Mr. Anderson is slow and too modest, lacking in energy and motive power; but on closer acquaintance this impression vanishes. His quietness is reserve power. It is not his nature to put himself forward on all occasions, to impose himself on everybody just to be heard and observed. On the street, in the drawing room or in the school room, he is modest and moderate in speech as well as behavior. These are the attributes of a gentleman, the signs of a man pure and fair in thought; just the kind of a man we want to visit the schools and serve as a living example to the children. We have no use in the schoolroom for the brazen-faced, blustering man who thinks he is everything, nor for the oily tongued politician who spends his time saying nice things trying to get on the right side of people. For superintendent we want a man who is modest, fair, and openminded in his speech and manner; if he is too openminded to be a good politician so much the better for the schools.

Now as to energy and ability to do things. One characteristic of Mr. Anderson's work is the quietness with which it is carried on; but he invariably obtains complete and satisfactory results. In seeing him work in his chosen field, the schools, seeing his mind in action, steady and strong, one cannot help but think "deep water runs quietly." He talks freely about his work, himself and his ideals and ambitions only to those who are interested. He does not talk at random. On the rostrum in debate or address he is seldom brilliant or flashy, but is a straightforward, effective speaker. I have stood with him in debate and I know that his logic is keen and his reason safe.

Mr. Anderson has also the best preparation and training possible for the work the superintendency involves. The age of general culture is past. In all occupations, professions, and other fields of work we demand men trained specially for the particular kind of work to be done. At our state university we have the colleges of medicine, of dentistry, of law, etc., and within the last two years a college of education has been established. This college is to train teachers, principals and superintendents of high schools. The practice of letting any graduate from the university teach, without having taken special training in the college of education, has been done away with. And rightly so; for without that special training they are no more prepared to teach than they are to practice medicine or law. Now, what the university and its college of education is to the high schools so are the normal schools to the graded, semi graded, and rural schools and to the county superintendencies. In our country schools only the most elementary instruction is given and the instructing is done mostly by young girls and boys who have little or no knowledge of the theory and practice of teaching what good would it do to have for superintendent a university graduate with a post-graduate degree from Yale or Harvard to visit the schools of the country and talk a mile above the heads of the teachers as well as of the pupils? We want for superintendent a man who thruout his schooling and training has prepared himself under expert teachers to go into the school room and take any class off from the teacher's hand and conduct a model recitation. Any man can tell whether a school house is heated and ventilated properly but it takes a man with special and thoro training to SUPERINTEND the schools as I have pointed out above. I know that Mr. Anderson is able to do such superintending both in the schools and at the teachers meetings. His whole life, we can almost say, has been a preparation toward this end and with his steady and conscientious application, always, to his work it goes without saying that he is preeminently qualified for the office of superintendent of schools.

Very respectfully
Casper E. Bergh.

County Commissioners Meet.

A meeting of the board of county commissioners was held at the auditor's office last Thursday. Little business of importance was transacted.

Ingbold Husby of the township of Garnes was granted an auctioneer's license.

There was an appropriation of $200.00 to aid the town of Red Lake Falls in replacing culverts that have been washed out.

The final estimate on Ditch No. 30, located between this city and St. Hilaire, was allowed and the engineer discharged.

A day of hearing was set on the school petition of Gurine Housen. He asks to be set off from Dist No 125 and annexed to Dist No. 5. A day of hearing was set on a similar petition presented by C. A. Lindquist. He asks to be off from Dist No. 99 and annexed to Dist No. 180.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

THE FOURTH AMENDMENT

State Superintendent Olson Wishes Voters to Understand It Thoroughly.

He Believes That All Should Vote For This Amendment to the Constitution.

To the voters of Minnesota.

Under the Constitution of Minnesota, any legal voter is eligible for any office that is elective by the people of his county or district. This includes the county superintendency.

In response to a growing sentiment in favor of professional, scholarly, expert supervision, the Legislature submitted what is known as Amendment No. 4 to the voters of the state for their action at the election of November, 1908. This amendment, if carried, will authorize the Legislature to prescribe reasonable qualifications for county superintendents.

The county superintendents themselves, at their midyear convention, at Duluth on June 9, 1908, unanimously adopted an amplified resolution of their special committee composed of County Superintendents S. W. Gilpin, J. B Arp and H. J. Bebemeyer, which, slightly abridged, read as follows:

"That we, the county superintendents of Minnesota, in convention assembled, do hereby heartily approve of providing educational qualifications for all candidates for said office of county superintendent of schools and that we use every fair and honorable means to secure the adoption of said amendment; and, further, that we ask the department of public instruction and the newspapers of Minnesota to aid us in getting information relative thereto before the voters of Minnesota."

In all the city and graded schools local superintendents and principals are employed to properly plan and supervise all the educational work, but in the rural schools the teachers are largely a law unto themselves as to what shall be taught, and in what manner.

At the present time no standard of education is fixed by law for a rural school supervisor, while that of the city superintendency is the highest grade of certificate granted by the state; and for a graded school principalship, a professional normal school is required. Think this over. The law of Minnesota requires a principal of a graded school, the supervisor of at least three teachers, to have high educational qualifications before he can accept the position, but the same laws make no mention of any qualifications for a person who may be elected to supervise one hundred schools or more.

Will any intelligent citizen think for one minute that more education and training is required to supervise three teachers in one building, and one hundred and fifty pupils, than is required to supervise two hundred teachers and three thousand pupils scattered over an entire county? Does it not seem ridiculous to expect teachers to pass examinations before being permitted to teach, while the supervisor of these same teachers is allowed to assume his duties without even mentioning qualifications?

Cannot the people of the state get better supervision and better training for their children by providing educational qualifications for their supervising officers?

We ask every citizen to give this subject fair consideration, and his aid in securing the adoption of the proposed amendment.

Manifestly the county superintendents are right and patriotic in thus urging that the amendment be carried; and manifestly the Legislature acted wisely in giving the people of the state the opportunity of thus providing a way to improve the supervision of their schools.

Let every citizen interested in the education of childhood for the best and most efficient manhood and womanhood appoint himself a committee bent on securing a full vote for amendment No. 4.

Respectfully submitted,
J. W. Olsen,
State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Lost Home By Fire.

Herman M. Lillo had the misfortune a few days ago to lose his dwelling house in Deer Park township and all its contents by fire. Mr. Lillo had been in Dakota for several weeks and Mrs. Lillo was stopping with her mother. Mr. Lillo had returned and they were making preparations to start housekeeping again when the fire occured. The blaze started late in the evening and the cause of it is a mystery. The loss will amount to several hundred dollars and we understand there was no insurance.

Food is more tasteful, healthful and nutritious when raised with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Made from Grapes

Absolutely PURE

Work at Panama.

The Perham Enterprise tells of a visit to that town of L. S Garske of Eveleth, who has been employed as a steam shovel engineer on the Panama canal work for the past two years. He is now enjoying a vacation, all of the officials and skilled laborers on the work being allowed six weeks vacation each year on full pay. Nearly 30,000 men are employed on the work. About 5,000 are white men and the remainder West India negroes. Mr. Garske says that engineers and other men who are posted on the work estimate that it will take from eight to ten years more to complete the canal, with the same number of men that are now employed. He says the climate in the canal zone is not as bad as reported. He has enjoyed good health while there. He has seen the temperature reach 120 degrees in the sun, but at the same time it would be only 85 degrees in the shade. It is not difficult to work if you are sheltered from the direct rays of the sun. Skilled laborers employed on the canal work receive big wages and have a chance to save money. Mr. Garske received $210 per month during the past year and will have $220 a month when he returns. His board costs $27 a month and other incidental expenses bring the cost of living up to about $35 a month.

Spoke Last Week.

Two Republican meetings were held in the Evenson Hall last week. On Thursday evening Lieut. Gov. Eberhart addressed an audience and on Friday afternoon Attorney General Young was the speaker. Mr. Eberhart and Mr. Young are strong speakers and they made many votes here for J. F. Jacobson.

Remember This.

The wise citizens will pay very little attention to political sensations published in the last few days before election about candidates. If there had been any truth in them, they would have been sprung earlier.

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support. I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but I wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

Subscribe for the News.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Pay the Second Half of Your 1907 Taxes Through

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Must Be Paid by November 1st to Avoid Penalty.

How about this winter overcoat matter. Have you decided on what you're going to have? And what you're going to pay for it? And on where you're going to buy it?

All of these questions can be easily answered if you say you're going to have the best your money will buy. That means a Hart Schaffner & Marx overcoat.

A choice of one of the new smart styles in that make. It means that you will pay anywhere from $18 to $50 for it. And buy it here. Very simple and very satisfactory to you.

Other overcoats at from $5 to $16.50

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Clothes.

Crossett Shoes, Gordon Hats.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. F. JACOBSON,
Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

The Fairmont Independent puts some very pertinent things up to the organ of the Democratic state chairman, published in the same town, Fairmont.

Says the Independent:

Allow us to ask the organ of the chairman of the Democratic state committee if they can show one thing in the long years of service of Mr. Jacobson in the state legislature where he did not stand up for the rights of the people and combat the railroads, the trusts and combines.

Has not the Democratic governor and now candidate for reelection ridden on railroad passes? How about the chairman of the state Democratic committee and the other campaign managers? Will they deny riding on railroad passes? What about the assessment of the iron mines and the steel trust? Will this Democratic organ deny that Gov. Johnson favored them in their assessment and forced an issue and a showdown with the state board of equalization, the majority of whom were his own appointees, antagonizing the votes of members of his own appointment like that honorable, upright, Democratic member Thomas Meighen of Fillmore county, and others? Will that paper deny that Gov. Johnson at the time of his election as governor was a county editor without much financial means, and that during the second term they asked to have his salary raised, making the claim that it was not sufficient to pay his living and other expenses attendant upon the duties of that office? How then has the governor been able to make frequent trips East, West and South in the company of the wealthy, affluent, the stylish, and the "four hundred" of the country? Will they tell who paid for article after article lauding and applauding his acts that have appeared in magazines and publications all over the land, which magazines never publish unless remunerative pay is given them? Further, how that headquarters were established in New York, Washington, Philadelphia, Chicago and in southern states to boom his candidacy for the presidency? Who paid for special trains that were run and the army of rooters and howlers sent to Denver and kept there nearly one week; with their brass bands which they had taken from the Twin Cities, and the uniforms of the marching clubs that attempted to dazzle and stampede the Democratic hosts assembled in Denver? Where did all this money come from? Will the Democratic organ further show one thing where Gov. Johnson's administration has antagonized the lumber trust, steel trust, coal trust, the railroads or liquor interests? Will they account for this, that two years ago he got the prohibition and the temperance vote, and the liquor votes, and explain why ten days before election orders were issued from liquor headquarters and sent all over the state to vote for Johnson, and how the portraits of Cole were taken from every saloon and those of Johnson substituted?

Will they explain why, while the Republican central committee at that time and up to the present have been saying nice things about the Democratic candidate, a knife is being driven to the [illegible] with innuendoes, insinuations against candidate Jacobson?

We note that John E. King, of Red Lake Falls, state librarian, says that Gov. Johnson will receive a majority in the Ninth district; that he will carry every county except Norman. King has always been a big man in Red Lake county, but when he tries to spread out over the whole Ninth district he gets rather thin. As a matter of fact Red Lake county, which two years ago gave Johnson a majority of 1000 will this year give Jacobson a majority of not less than 400.

The "Independent Democrat."

Franklin Tribune: Kind sir, have you ever come into contact with a real flesh-and-blood independent Democrat? If you have you should report your find to some society interested in rare old curios. If the species ever existed we fear it has passed with the mammoth and dodo—become extinct. True, you will fall into conversation, frequently, with a Democrat who will just rave with affection over an independent Republican, and who will tell you that he cares nothing for party—is not a bit orthodox. Glance at the lapel of this fellow's coat, and you behold a huge Bryan badge and below it the suave and pleasant Johnson profile. Warm up to the subject of county politics, and you will find that he would always remember you with gratitude if you would be liberal enough to vote for the two or three Democrats on the county ballot. What did he do or what will he do to show that he is a liberal party man? You dolt! Don't you know that he voted the Republican ticket in the last primary election?

Rocksbury.

Miss Hannah Gustafson visited school Friday afternoon.

Last Sunday the Misses Ida and Marnie, also Willie Rondorf spent Sunday at A. Millers.

Mr. F. T. Satre returned home last Saturday from his claim near Warroad.

Miss Abbie Miller spent Sunday at her home and returned to her school duties Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Benson spent last Sunday Satre's.

Many of the farmers attended Governor Johnson's speech Tuesday evening.

Miss Gertie Thorstad was a caller at Wm. Moeller's Saturday.

Miss Emma Satre intends to start teaching near Twee', this week.

Miss Agnes Jonke spent last week with Mrs. Moeller.

Mr. M. C. Barlow, from town, is staying at his farm now, doing his ploughing.

Statement of Holt Creamery for the Month of September, 1908.

Total cream received, 24528 lbs.
Average test, 30.52.
Butterfat, 7477.66 lbs.
Price paid, 28 cents.

RECEIPTS.

For Butter Sold	$2,090 32

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$1,914.03
Expense fund	146.29

THOSE DRAWING $10 AND OVER.

C. Larson	$53 79
C. Smith	53 12
F. Steinhuer	49.09
E. A. Johnson	42 61
Ole Reierson	40.35

J. A. Sorum, Secretary.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Oct. 24, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Barhala, John
Dahl, H. O. returned
Evenson, Mrs. Carolina
Gorden, M. L.—2
Hovelsoe, Miss Theresa
Hill, H. B.
Hanson, Andrew O.
Hogan, Mrs. Frances
Isenhour, A. J.
Johnson, Ludvik—2
Kjoe, E. O.
Ostby, Emma
Olson, Carl
Person, Miss Bertha
Sande, Daniel
Thorson, Peter
Torwick, Ole

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenisor.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms. C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

WAS BADLY INJURED

Conductor Fred Bohney Injured at Fairdale, N. D. Last Friday.

Was Brought to This City in a Special Train and Now Getting Along Nicely.

Conductor Fred Bohney, of this city, was quite seriously injured at Fairdale, a small station west of Adams on the Wheatline last Friday morning. By the sudden stoping of the train, Mr. Bohney was thrown in front of the cars and while the wheels of the car did not pass over him, the fall to the ground and serious bruises caused by being struck by the breakbeam rendered him unconscious. He was at once brought to this city on a special train and is now getting along as nicely as could be expected under the circumstances. The most serious injury Mr. Bohney received was crushing of his right arm. About two inches of the bone in this arm was broken into five pieces and have had to be removed. It is believed by the doctors, however, that this arm will not have to be cut off.

The mother and sister of the injured man arrived here Monday morning from Sherburne, Minn., and took Mr. Bohney to St. Paul Tuesday evening.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Saxon, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $105.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a *pound a day* by taking an ounce of *Scott's Emulsion.* It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

J. F. JACOBSON AND DRAINAGE

Republican Nominee for Governor Has Always Stood for Drainage and Development of Waste Lands.

The Democratic state central committee has published and circulated quite generally throughout the state a pamphlet violently assailing Mr. Jacobson's record on drainage legislation. As usual, they have distorted and misstated the facts.

The statement is true that Mr. Jacobson voted against Senate File No. 311, which was a general drainage act, but if the Democratic committee had intended to be at all fair it would have stated in its pamphlet that Gov. Johnson, when he was a state senator, also voted against the same measure. (See Senate Journal, page 594, March 21, 1899.) The only difference between the record of Representative Jacobson and that of Senator Johnson is that Mr. Jacobson had the courage to state his objections to the measure, while Gov. Johnson, following his usual policy of evasion, has remained silent upon the subject to this day. We call attention to this willful omission on the part of the opposition only to show that it has no disposition to treat Mr. Jacobson fairly in this or in any of the other criticism which has been aimed at this greatest friend the people of Minnesota ever had in the state legislature.

Mr. Jacobson's objection to this measure was that the members of the legislature from the north, who were in favor of this bill, thought it necessary to go into a combination with other members of the legislature who sought to take some $2,000,000 from the state treasury for other purposes than drainage.

The friends of the drainage measure, which was a good one, have long since seen their mistake, and are now willing to admit it.

Two years later when House File No. 131 was introduced, Mr. Jacobson worked for and voted for the measure, because it stood upon its own merits, and its supporters had not entered into any entangling alliances with other interests, and the bill became a law. This is the present drainage law of Minnesota. In this matter the Democrats also failed to make mention of Mr. Jacobson's support, again showing a studied design upon their part to misrepresent the present Republican candidate for governor. The defeat of the measure in 1899 did not kill the policy of drainage, but simply delayed the enactment of the law for two years. Mr. Jacobson believed, and all fair-minded men who have taken pains to look into the matter agree with him, that the defeat of the 1899 bill was absolutely necessary in order that other rights of the people might be protected.

At the time when the first drainage bill was under consideration, Mr. Jacobson had his eye on the state treasury, and was not willing to allow the interests of the people to be sacrificed at the hands of any combination, and he notified the friends of drainage in advance that if they did not desist in their support of these other combinations he would defeat the entire plan because he felt obliged to do so. He did defeat the whole combination, and this is the only time that Mr. Jacobson has been known to lift his voice against any drainage measure of general application.

Of course, innumerable bills have been introduced from time to time in the legislature during Mr. Jacobson's long term of service, which called for the drainage of some particular spot or territory, and which would often be the pet measure of some private land owner or owners rather than one of general benefit. As to these measures, Mr. Jacobson was always known to care for the interests of the general public rather than for the pocketbook of some individual who sought to use the people's money for his own private end, and in so doing he performed a greater service for the real friends of drainage and state development than could have been done by supporting the pet measures that were introduced.

Mr. Jacobson did not uphold the drainage of one county at the expense of another, nor did he believe in taxing the smaller land owners for the purpose of improving the lands of speculators and railroads.

It is hoped that every real friend of drainage will study carefully the record of Mr. Jacobson on this subject, and not be misled by deceitful representations of unscrupulous politicians. One can readily see from what has already been said that the sole purpose and design of sending out pamphlets which do not tell the whole truth is to mislead the voters.

When the idea of draining, developing and reclaiming public lands in Northern Minnesota came first to be recognized as a sound policy, the large speculators tried for a few years to get their hands into the state treasury, and would have succeeded in so doing had it not been for the watchfulness of Mr. Jacobson, who was always able to detect the difference between a genuine drainage act and a bill to benefit only special interests at the expense of the people.

We can think of no better illustration of the great benefit that Mr. Jacobson has been to the people of the state than to call attention to the circular of misrepresentation which the opposition has put out, wherein it is clearly shown that Mr. Jacobson never failed to detect the wrong, and if the scheming politicians never before performed a service for Mr. Jacobson, they have done so by this act.

We call special attention to the fact that more than one half of the service of a good legislator is to kill off unfair measures, and the circular which has been sent out through the northern part of the state misrepresenting his attitude upon drainage matters is the most vicious attack ever made upon this one great friend of the farmers.

Mr. Jacobson stands upon his record in drainage as well as in other matters, but the opposition ought to be fair enough not to attempt to fool the voters by misstating that record and suppressing the record of their own candidate.

JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

The best and most competent official Red Lake county has ever had is John B. O'Brien. He has at all times done his full duty and now that he is a candidate for re-election to the office of county auditor, he should receive the support of all who believe in good government.

Closing Out SALE!

All Men's and Boys' suits and overcoats to be sold at cost. Other articles at bargain prices. This is no fake Sale. Call and be convinced.

O. K. Hide, Fur and Trading Company

JOHN SORENSON, Prop.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Shirley & O'Hara,

Phone 217. The Draymen.

L. G. BROWNING,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

Subscribe for the News.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Werner, of Germantown, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 632, Serial No. 0851, for S. W.¼, Section 10, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., 5th, prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Fred Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thom Bednarcik, " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct. 8-nov. 12

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 1, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Nils Pederson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 22nd, 1906, made Homestead Entry No. 160, Serial No. 1373, for S. E. Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 9th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Andrew Myklestad, of Anton, Minn
John Baner, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Lars Matson, " " " " "
Ole Homme " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct. 8 aug. 12

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

J. W. McGinty, Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

Alex A. Sweaas, Candidate for Auditor of Red Lake County.

N. W. Tarrant, Candidate for Judge of Probate.

To the Voters of Red Lake County

I have received the Republican nomination for the office of superintendent of schools and hereby wish to express my sincere thanks for the generous vote and support at the primaries. It is impossible for me to meet you all before election and as it is desirable to know something of my qualifications, I will say that my experience as a teacher extends thru a period of thirteen years. I am a graduate of the advanced course of study at the Moorhead Normal School and hold a state first grade certificate. If I am elected, I shall direct all of my energy and time towards the performance of the duties of the office.

Respectfully yours,
Herman F. Anderson.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Republican Candidate for Sheriff of Red Lake County.

Announcement.

Wishing to be considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, I would ask you to inquire into the way the office has been kept during my service. If you find the work satisfactory, I would be pleased to receive your vote and support for a second term

Very truly yours,
E. L. Quist.

For County Attorney.

Wilhelm Michelet, the Republican candidate for the office of county attorney, respectfully solicits the votes of the people of Red Lake county, and guarantees that if elected he will do his full duty and give all a square deal.

County Treasurer.

O. T. Tanberg wishes to announce to the people of Red Lake county that he is again a candidate for the office of county treasurer and invites the support of all the people. He has given the office his careful attention and believes that his faithful services entitles him to a re-election.

For Judge of Probate.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge, and again ask the voters of Red Lake County for their votes and support, I cannot see every voter personally during the campaign, but wish to thank you for your support in the past and assure you that if re-elected will give to the office all of my time and careful consideration, the same as I have always done, and see that all business receives prompt and careful attention. I stand firmly on my past record as a public official and ask for the vote and support of every man who believes in honest, faithful and efficient service to his constituents.

N. W. Tarrant.

VOTE FOR

Miss Katie McAnulty

For Superintendent of Schools. Miss McAnulty holds a first grade state certificate, has had twenty years successful experience teaching in Red Lake and Polk counties, and is highly qualified for the office.

Only 10 more days and the Stock Reducing Carnival

Closes

Men's Kersey 2.25 and 2.50 Pants now only

$1.78

Extra values in Men's Lined Duck Coats only

88c

$2.78

is all we ask for a good Heavy Mackinaw

Special Inducements in Men's Fur Coats

$17.98

Is Carnival Price

Boys' 2-piece Suits, ages 3 to 8 years 2.50 values

$1.87

Don't miss looking over our Men's $15.00 Silk Mixed Suits reduced to

$11.89

Our 38c Heavy Fleeced Underwear is a record breaker. Come and get some.

$6.98

is the Carnival Price for our $10.00 Overcoats

The last call, your last chance, Saturday night, Nov. 7th. This great Carnival will be a thing of the past.

Men's Fur-Collars $3.50 Values, now $2.25

Florsheim & Co's. Shoes, the most Stylish Shoe in town........ **$3.48 and $4.48**

The Third Week of This Big
Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival

IS HERE AND FAST PASSING INTO HISTORY.
THE WORK IS GOING ON LIKE CHAIN LIGHTNING.

The Very City is Awake And The Walls Are Shaking From Center to Circumference in the Eyes of the Other Fellow.

He never saw the like. He can't understand why the crowds all center at one spot in the city. He never dreamed but what he was the big bee of the town. He thought he was the whole cheese, but he has found out that the are others and more to follow. The Carnival is going on, it is going without a break. They tried to break through the lines and sell their merchandise, but found it a pretty hard thing to do.

I. L. Erickson & Son have made the prices and sent word to the farmer and workingman, and they responded nobly to the call. He is not deceived. We had over $22.000 worth of Clothing, Furnishings and Shoes that we wanted to sell to the people and sent word to them all. We did not pick out the chosen few, and how well we are disposing of our goods we leave that to one and all, and we do not believe that there is a man, woman or child within the borders of this city, but will vouch for it that the people are centering at one spot in the city. They are buying; they are not just visiting and looking around, but they are taking away bundles and arms full. They are asking their neighbors to help carry their loads. Come, gather in some of the big bargains that only await your coming.

THE GREAT SALE OF

Men's and Boys' Fall and Winter Suits.

is worthy of your immediate attention. Here is a collection of Men's and Boys' Sincerity Clothing which talks for itself—in a strong lusty voice. Now is the time to buy SUITS enough for the next year, for you can buy Suits now for less money than you ever will again. This combination of beauty, excellence and style if unequalled in Thief River Falls. The variety is so extensive, you are sure of finding just what you have been looking for. Wearproof Youths' and Boys' Clothing and the latest College Cut Clothes for the young men at greatly reduced prices. Take a look at our prices and come to our store and see the Suits.

A good guaranteed Men's Suit, $8.00 value, now...........	$4.48
Best Sincerity quality, unfinished clay worsteds, reg. $20.00 values	$16.68

Fancy Vests

Our entire Stock of Fancy and White Vests must go during this Carnival. You are not well dressed without them, and at the prices we are quoting, you can own two or three for the regular price of one; make your choice while we have a full line of sizes and patterns.

$1.25 and $1.50 Fancy Vests.......	98c
$2.50 Fancy Vests...........	1.98

Buy Your Cravenettes and Raincoats Now

You can't spend money to any better advantage. Just like finding money to get such bargains.

$10.00 values..	$8.19
$12.50 values..	$9.48
$16.50 values now............	$12.78

Neckties, Hosiery, Collars and Cuffs.

Our new stock of Fall Furnishings is here and all will be included in this Great Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival, at prices that will paralyze the offerings of all others. Fashion's dictates are here shown in a display never before equalled in this section.

25c Tag Tie................	19c
50c four-in-hand Tie........	39c
75c four-in-hand Tie	59c
Best Linen Collars	10c
20c Wool Sock	13c
Rockford Sock	4c
35c Cassune's Hose	27c

Overcoats

Are you looking for the latest snappy styles and newest effects? We have just what you are looking for. Correct styles, faultless quality, exact finish, and right prices. At the beginning of the season we have cut our prices on every article in this store. Detroit Fur-Lined Overcoats, Wearfine Plush-Lined Overcoats, Badger Fur Overcoats, these and many others we have for you to select from.

$15.00 all wool Beaver Overcoat ...	$11.22
$42.00 Fur-Lined Overcoat now	35.88
$47.00 Fur-Lined Overcoat now.....	42.88

Gloves and Mittens.

In this line you want something serviceable, durable and something swell, and you want to get them at a reliable institution where their guarantee is good for you. We have the Sunday kind, we have the every day kind, we have the dress-up kind, and you will be able to buy any pair in this house for less money than you ever bought gloves for in this or surrounding towns.

25c Wool Mittens	19c
50c and 65c Mittens.	39c
50c Goff Gloves	41c
$1.25 Grissell Gloves	98c
$1.00 Kid Mittens and Gloves	75c

Seeing is Believing--

The world loves a man for what he does, not what he says, and they appreciate him much more when what he puts in print, he delivers to the people. Any item you find advertised, you will be able to come down here and get it.

We Don't Stop Half Way

when giving the people bargains. With new methods and new ways and new prices, we are going to make this store the penny saving store as well as the dollar saving store for the people. We are just the plain, common kind of people ourselves, moving along, doing the best we can, inviting you in, trying to treat you right when you are here and asking you to come back again and just make our store your home.

Underwear

The underwear we are selling for Men and Boys is attracting wide spread attention, and now is the time you should avail yourself of getting such big bargains in the quality of goods we carry.

Underwear worth 50c and 65c Carnival Prices......	38c to 44c
$1.25 Gray Underwear	87c
$1.25 Ribbed Underwear	98c

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

are something that should attract your attention. We have often said you stand in shoes over half of your life. We believe you know it. Then you want something serviceable, durable, and you want to get them at a reliable institution. We have all kinds, Waterproof, Heavy Soled, Dressy Patent Leather and you can buy them here at a great saving. It is Shoe day down here every day until the midnight hours of Nov. 7th. No matter what you want in Shoes, you now have the opportunity of buying them at prices that would absolutely make the sheriff ashamed if he were in charge. Such standard makes as the Florsheim and Bradley Metcalf Shoes will be included in this big sale.

$1.25 Felt Slipper................	98c
$2.00 Felt Shoes..............	$1.69
$2.50 Felt Shoes..............	1.98
$3.25 Kid Foxed Wool lined	2.67
75c Sheep Sock	57c

Trunks and Suit Cases

We want every gentleman in Thief River Falls to come and see the bargains we offer. Look this list over. Every item is a money saver.

$2.50 Trunks	$1.98
$3.00 Trunks	$2.47
$1.50 Suit Case............	$1.19
Telloscopes from................	27c to 88c

Its Up To You!

Will you come and partake of the many thousands of bargains that still wait your coming? No matter what you want that is kept in Clothing Store, Men's Furnishing Store, or any kind of a Men's Wearing apparel store, it is a certainty you can come down here and buy it and save 25 to 35 per cent on almost any item in this house, and will not wind-up our talk until we tell you about the finest line of

Hats and Caps

that was overshown in this city, and we believe you know it. Regular price $1.50 to $2.50 Carnival price

$1.19 to $1.98

We have them for the little fellows at 19c, and we have them for the bigger boys at 44c to 89c. Be sure you come to this department or you'll be sorry.

And we don't want you to overlook the

Shirt Sale

for we have them of every description, and you can come down here and buy them during this Carnival at a less prices than ever before offered in the history of Thief River Falls.

Our effort for the past two weeks have been centered on the success of this Carnival and we propose to make this the greatest Carnival in the history of Thief River Falls, and we ask that you read every item carefully, as they mean a saying on the most desirable of merchandise. This is not a Carnival of a few odds and ends, but a big reduction all through the store. This is positively the opportunity that Thief River Falls has ever seen to purchase CLOTHING, Men's and Boys' Suits, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Underwear, Furnishings, Shoes, etc., at less than what they are worth.

Don't Miss Our Special Bargains

Your satisfaction is our pleasure during this Big Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival. Once again. WE BID YOU WELCOME.

THE E. & E. CO.

CLOTHIERS, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Men's and Boys' Sheep-Lined Coats from 3.88 to 4.98

The Fosston Flannel Overshirts $1.75 values $1.25

Don't miss your opportunity to buy Clothing at the Stock Reducing Carnival on November 7th the LAST DAY.

As long as they last, a good blue Overall only

39c

Men's Caps Fur-Lined reduced to

44c

Boys' 2-piece Suits, ages 8 to 16 $3.50 values

$2.48

Men's Wool Mittens 25c values now at

19c

Bradley & Metcalf Co. $2.50 Leather Faced Felt Shoes

$1.88

WAYES MUFFLERS 50c values, now

39c

The Fosston Underwear $2.00 values, now

$1.63

Heavy Men's Socks 65c values now only

42c

You will be sorry if you let this last chance passed by—the great Clothing Carnival will soon come to close.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat................................	94
Oats................................	43c
Flax................................	$1.10
Barley................................	50
Eggs................................	18c
Butter................................	20c

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Klimek was down to Crookston last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Frank Jeffers came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hoag last Saturday.

George Elder was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson.

Halvor Loken was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Red Cross Shoes, "It bends with the foot," for ladies at the Golden Rule.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Band Concert and dance at Evenson Hall Friday evening. Tickets 50 cents.

Dr. and Mrs. Bockman left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis on a short visit

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

To Politicians and Voters—The Minnesota Star pleases all and brings good results.

Election returns and a grand dance at the Mozark Roller Rink next Tuesday evening.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Middle River last Friday attending to business matters.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

An almost new Canton three stroke self-feed hay press for sale cheap. Emil Sedlacek.

The best and largest stock of underwear for men, women or children at the Golden Rule.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

J. W. Wheeler, the Crookston banker, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Found—A ladies' comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

Free demonstration of coffee and cake at the Golden Rule, Saturday, October 31. Welcome everybody.

Gustave Kankel, twenty-eight years of age and a hardware merchant of Red Lake Falls, died Sunday.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

See the big line of plush lined and fur collar coats for men or women at the Golden Rule. $9.00 and up.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Mrs. Frank Nicholson, of Green Bay, Wis., will arrive in the city tomorrow to visit her sister, Mrs. K. M. Hansen.

John Sorum, of Holt, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute to Hillsboro, N. D., to attend the marriage of a brother.

Henry Rendorf, of the town of Rocksbury, left Monday for Spokane, Wash., to spend about four weeks looking over the country out there.

For Rent—Ice houses and tools. Possession Nov. 1st. Good business for a man with a couple of teams. Geo. Elder, Thief River Falls.

Nels Lee, former street commissioner here who now resides on a claim up near Germantown, was in the city Monday, being enroute to North Dakota points.

Mothers' looking for suits or overcoats for your boys should see the stock they carry at the Golden Rule, new goods and the prices they sell them at. A Knife free with every suit or overcoat.

Mr. and Mrs. Salve Lura and son Randolph and Mr. Stromme, all of the town of Smiley, left the first of the week for Norway to spend the winter. They will return in the spring.

D. P. O'Neill returned from Traverse and Big Stone counties Monday where he spent last week campaigning in the interest of J. F. Jacobson. Mr. O'Neill says that this section of the state is solid for Jake.

County Auditor John O'Brien came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday to do some campaign work. Mr. O'Brien states that the work of the office has kept him confined most of his time this fall, and he has had little or no chance to get out among the voters.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush Monday.

Fanny Zavoral, of Erie, was in the city last Saturday.

Harry Purdy was up from Glenwood to spend Sunday.

Attend the Band Concert at Evenson Hall Friday evening.

Rev. Gilchrist was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Crossett Shoes, "Makes life walk easy" for men at the Golden Rule.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

For Sale—One set heavy work harnesses. Inquire of Frank Chittick.

Chas. Svensgaard, town clerk of Clover Leaf, was in the city last Friday.

Frank Zavoral, of Erie, was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Cake and coffee will be served free at the Golden Rule Grocery Department, Saturday, October 31.

C. M. Evenson last Saturday received a new White Steamer automobile that he recently purchased in the cities.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

There is only one grade of Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts—the best that can be made; chemically tested and pure.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian church are preparing for their Christmas sale of fancy work, aprons, dolls and doll clothes of all descriptions.

The subject Sunday morning at the Presbyterian church is "Public Worship". Evening subject: "Some Aspects of Citizenship".

Five room cottage opposite the D. N. Winton residence on the East Side for rent at $10 per month. Electric lights. Inquire of F. H. Kratka.

Mr. and Mrs. Farrington, of Dallis, Oregon, and Mrs. Hughes and son, William, of Portland, Oregon, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs S. Kenison.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., will wait on you one year for tuition, books and supplies, and will guarantee a position in from three to four months if you write today.

Barney Moeller, of Mohall, N. D., arrived in the city last week to visit his brother, Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury. He left again Tuesday evening for his old home in Illinois.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Orson Doe, who is employed in a drug store at Ray, N. D., spent Sunday at his home in this city. He left Monday for Fargo, N. D. While in that city he will write an examination before the state board of examiners for pharmacites. He has a certificate as registered assistant and hopes to be made a registered pharmacist.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The new state prison at Oak Park, a short distance south of Stillwater, will open for factory purposes November 15. The manufacture of binder twine in connection with the big plant of the old prison will be the first industry of the new institution and its output the first year will be about 4,000,000 pounds, making the annual output of both the old and new prisons somewhat more than 18,000,000 pounds.

Judge Grindeland engaged in a goose hunt last week that barely missed resulting in serious injuries to him. The team his party drove consisted of a pair of none too gentle bronchos, one of whom kicked the judge on the arm, severely bruising it. The arm was in front of the body at the time and the kick drove it with great force against his ribs, several of which would probably have been broken, even though no more serious injuries were sustained, if the arm had not been in a position to afford them protection.—Warren Register.

Felix Beauchene, a farmer living near Crookston, was plowing in the field when one of his horses was taken sick. He returned to the house and found that his wife had been siezed with a sudden illness. He attended to her needs as best he could and then started to look for their child, one year old; to his horror the infant could not be found for a time, but finally the child was found in a tub of soap suds. Life was practically extinct, but the child was hurried to town in an automobile. The doctors made an effort to save the little one's life, but all to no avail.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phone 17.

Two girls wanted at Hotel Ogabmah.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Nels J. Berglund and family left yesterday for Portland, Oregon.

Mrs. Douglas left yesterday for Pipe Stone, Minn., to spend the winter.

Ladies' Aid of Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Nikolson Friday.

The Ladies of the Catholic church will serve dinner and supper on election day.

Work of rebuilding the local telephone exchange will be commenced next week.

P. Peterson, father of Leonard Peterson, went down to Crookston last evening.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company' big saw mill will close down for the season next week.

Services will be held in the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

The Tri-State Telephone company will give national, state and local election returns on Tuesday evening free to all. If you have a phone, call up central and you will be given full information.

Saturday evening is Hallow'een and it is to be expected that the young people of the city will be out for a good time. Chief of Police Lang states that if there is any destruction of property, the offenders will be arrested and dealt with according to law.

Gazette:—Miss Mabel T. Aubol and Emil D. Haggland, two young people of the town of Rocksbury, were united in marriage at the court house Monday. Judge Tarrant tied the nuptial knot and the young people were attended by a brother and sister of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Hagglund will reside on a farm in Rocksbury township.

That the country north and east of Red Lake is rapidly being settled is shown by the fact that during the past year nearly a hundred settlers have taken up homesteads in that territory. While most of the timbered lands are taken, there still remains a considerable number of claims good for agricultural and grazing purposes, with some timber, mostly cedar, tamarack and hardwoods.

According to a circular just issued by the government there is still considerable public land in Minnesota and the Dakotas subject to homestead entry. In Beltrami county there are 807,565 acres; Clearwater 020; Kittson 9,420; Marshall 39,820; Red Lake 34,700; Roseau 220,870; Koochiching 359,000; and also considerable land in the counties in the northern part of Minnesota. In North Dakota there are 2,322,150 acres still available, mostly in the Dickinson and Bismarck land districts.

Election Returns.

C. C. Jackson has been taking up a collection among the business men of the city in order that the election returns may be received in this city next Tuesday evening. The returns will be received at the Antlers Club rooms.

AT THE BIJOU.

A joyous and delectable delicacy heads the list of sparkling attractions at the Bijou the remainder of this week. Just to make the best, better there will be the special featured film "Tales the Searchlight Told", a great picture of Coney Island. Aside from the comedy and picture value, the panoramic bird's eye view and illumination at night stamps it as unique in motion pictures. The rest of the program is evenly balanced, scenic, comic, "The Boy Detective" and "Willie's Fall From Grace", comic, "Hard to Get Arrested" and "Mr. Softhead Has a Good Time". Mrs. Huseth renders charmingly the beautiful pictured melody, "My Heart I'll Leave With You, Dear". Amateur, Friday evening. All new faces. Come 7:15 to avoid the rush.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Announcement.

We wish to announce the installment of new skates and a new military band instrument with new music at the rink. Opening night, Oct. 22nd with full city brass band.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Casper Falk.

Subscribe for the News.

Notice for Publication.

[illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

NOTICE

We are pleased to announce to the publsc that our bargain sale the past two week has been a great success, and we have decided to continue the sale two weeks longer, from Nov. 1 to Nov. 14. This greatest of all sales will positively end on Saturday, Nov. 14. One more word: if you are wise do not miss this sale. We welcome everybody.

Yours for business,

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

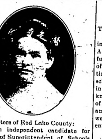

To the Voters of Red Lake County:

I am an independent candidate for the office of Superintendent of Schools of Red Lake County.

I have had twenty years successful experience teaching in the public schools of Polk and Red Lake Counties. Have had excellent Normal training and hold a First Grade State Certificate.

If elected, I will devote my entire time toward the advancement of education in Red Lake County.

Thanking you in advance for your support, I am, Respectfully Yours,

Katie McAnulty.

Town of Rocksbury, Oct. 15, 1908.
To whom it may concern:—

This is to certify that Miss Katie McAnulty has taught one term of school here in Dist. No. 151 and that during that time her conduct of same was most satisfactory to all having children in our school and the undersigned can recommend her as one of the best teachers our school has had for many years.

Jacob Amundson, Dist. Clerk.
A. A. Odegaard, Dist. Treasurer.

The Public Schools.
C. S. Yeager, Supt.
Fosston, Minn., Oct. 20, 1908.
To whom this may be of interest:

I am glad to be able to testify to the character and professional standing of Miss Katie McAnulty.

I have been acquainted with Miss McAnulty more or less for the last four years. For two years she was connected with the Red Lake County teachers' training school, of which I was at that time conductor, and I had an opportunity to observe her work and estimate her ability.

Miss McAnulty is a young woman of good personal appearance, is possessed of intelligence, stability, and the spirit of work. She impresses me as a person who would do well whatever she undertook. Her experience and general make up appear to me to qualify her for any educational work that she might be willing to accept.

Very Respectfully,
C. S. Yeager

Four years ago this county was composed of 70 schools districts; today we have about 116 schools.

Four years ago the county had less than 100 schools and the law did not allow a County Superintendent to have an assistant, therefore at that time it would have been difficult for a lady to have been superintendent.

Today the law compels a superintendent in this County to have an assistant for about three school months in the year to visit schools. Therefore it will be much easier for a lady to do the work now than four years ago. Fourteen counties in Minnesota including Ottertail, Becker, Itasca, and Houston have lady superintendents. They are doing excellent work and many other counties have nominated ladies this year.

What summer school conductors and city superintendents say of Miss McAnulty's qualifications and work:

Owatonna Public Schools.
Superintendent's Office.
Owatonna Minn., Oct. 17, 1908.
To whom this may come:—

I take pleasure in saying a few words in commendation of Miss Katie McAnulty. She is a young lady of successful experience as a teacher and is a lady of excellent habits, and of large preparation. While conducting the summer schools at Red Lake Falls for three years in succession, I had the opportunity to know something of her work as well as of her preparation and her interest. I am certain Red Lake county would do well to elect her for their Superintendent of Schools.

Very Respectfully,
P. J. Kuntz.

Crookston Public Schools.
E. E. McIntire, Supt.
Crookston, Minn., Oct. 17, 1908.
To whom it may concern:—

I hereby certify that Miss Katie McAnulty is a most capable and energetic educator. In case the voters should elevate her to the office of County Superintendent, I am sure that the interests of the office would not suffer under her management. I know of no one in Red Lake County more competent to fill the position.

Respectfully Yours,
E. E. McIntire.

Fertile, Minn., Oct. 19, 1908.
To whom it may concern:—

I am acquainted with the work done by Miss Katie McAnulty, in Algebra and Geometry, and can reccomend her for her thorough and painstaking work, as well as her grasp of those subjects.

H. R. Tonning.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The primary pupils who began work eight weeks ago will have learned to name and read 100 words, as well as several letters and key words, by the end of the present week. This in addition to their numbers, writing, nature study, games and music makes quite an accomplishment for small six year olds. Parents greatly enjoy a visit to the recitations of these bright little people.

Fosston does not desire to play a return game next Saturday with our team as they had agreed to do. Games are scheduled for the remainder of the season with Crookston, East Grand Forks and Fertile.

Stafford Curran returned to school last Monday and is doubly welcome, both in senior class and foot ball team.

Neal Dahl of St. Hilaire, who attended Hamline preparatory last year, has enrolled in the sophomore class in high. He intends to enter the engineering class at the U after completing his high school work in this city.

Report cards for October will be issued next Monday. Parents are urged to examine these reports carefully, as in most instances, they are the only means of conveying to the school patrons any idea of the child's progress, deportment and attendance.

When misunderstandings and troubles arise in school, as they sometimes do even in the best of families, the parent who frankly comes to the teacher to inquire as to the difficulty earns that teacher's hearty gratitude. The co-operation of the parent in this manner is usually the strongest agent in promoting the child's interests.

Quite a few visitors have called at the schools the past week, and still, there are hundreds of parents in the city whose presence in the school rooms, at least once a month, would be an inspiration to the teachers and a delight to the children. It might not be amiss to suggest that parents obligate themselves to visit the rooms where their children are enrolled, become acquainted with the young woman who shapes their destinies more largely by far than does the parent, and learn at first hand just what conditions and influences surround the school life of the child. It would surely pay.

Next Tuesday being general election day there will be no school in any of the rooms.

Reiner.

The Reiner co-operative telephone Co. held a meeting at Halvorson's store, Oct. 21 for the purpose of organizing. There are about forty members. It is their intention to soon extend the line to Brunkeberg.

E. L. Quist and Alex Swoaas were up here handing out their cards and pencils. They will receive a heavy vote in this part of the country.

Tom Hoversten returned home from North Dakota some time ago, but has been sick since he returned home.

A. H. Langlee and L. L. Roseland returned home from Newfolden where they have a contract for ditching.

Martin Anderson has built his telephone line and installed a phone.

Julius Halvorson made a trip to town last week and had all kinds of trouble.

Andrew Kjos is turning the world over.

The weather is cold and rainy so we will soon have to put on our fur coats and mitts.

The hotel boss butchered a hog the other day, so there is plenty of pork for the travelers now a-days.

Creamery Statement for Sept. 1908.

Amount of cream received, 47194 lbs.
Average test, 28 83.
Amount of butterfat, 13765.4
Price paid, 27 cts.

RECEIPTS.	
Bal. from August..............	$ 95.00
Buttershipped..............	3606.03
Sales in city..............	430 39
Other..............	10 00
Total..............	$4141.42
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons..............	3733 55
Paid expense fund..............	322 87
Paid sinking fund..............	10.00
Balance:..............	75 00
	4141.42

Amount of butter fat corresponding month last year, 11,848.20 pounds. Increase, 16 per cent.

Those drawing $40 and over:

P. Engelstad..............	$79.00
A. Wichman..............	59.18
C. J. Knox..............	56.94
Jacob Klungness..............	51.38
Ed Yanke..............	51.16
Soren Sorenson..............	49.49
Joe Maxwell..............	45.79
Anders Moengen..............	44.71
C. Douglas..............	[illegible]
John Sjolsvold..............	42.47
S. O. Lee..............	42.07
Anton Miller..............	40.[illegible]
O. B. Hall..............	40.[illegible]
Eric Hard..............	40.12

P. Engelstad, Secy.

Farmers Attention!

I am again in the market for flax straw, and will pay cash for all you bring in. Straw must be DRY and reasonably free from chaff. Mill will start about November 1st.

A. M. [illegible]

GOVERNOR'S POLICY TOWARD FARMERS

If Applied, It Would Mean Millions of Dollars Loss Every Year to Minnesotans.

JOHNSON WOULD FAVOR CANADA

Believes the Protective Tariff Should Be Removed—Would Permit Canadians to Flood and Depreciate Minnesota Market.

Gov. J. A. Johnson advocates the removal of the duty on all products of the Canadian Northwest coming into Minnesota.

He so states in an article in the October issue of The World To-day, over his own signature. The article is titled, "An American Commonwealth," and over half a page is devoted to argument favoring utter elimination of the protective tariff on Canadian products. He writes in part:

"The second great gift which Minnesota must and will have from the government at Washington is the utter overthrow of that artificial barrier which now shuts its cities off from their natural and proper field of activity, the Canadian Northwest."

Gov. Johnson thus declares himself against protecting the interests of Minnesota farmers. If the governor's policy were followed out it would result in millions of dollars, loss every year for the farmers of Minnesota.

Do you doubt it?

Take the subject of wheat alone. Last fall the Minnesota wheat crop totaled 67,600,000 bushels. There is a difference of 8 cents a bushel in the price of wheat at Winnipeg and at, for instance, Minneapolis. If Canadian wheat were allowed to flood Minnesota without a tariff, of course the price would drop to the Canadian quotation. This 8-cent difference on last fall's Minnesota wheat crop alone would mean a loss of $5,402,000, to Minnesota farmers.

Mr. Farmer, how would you like to have Gov. Johnson's plan carried out all along the line?

GEORGE T. SIMPSON OF STURDY STOCK.

They say "blood will tell." Perhaps this is how we find George T. Simpson of Winona raised in public esteem to the point where he received the Republican nomination for attorney general without a candidate appearing against him and with unanimous vote of the state convention.

Mr. Simpson's father was the late Hon. Thomas Simpson of Winona—one of the sturdy pioneers who laid the foundation for this state's present greatness. Hon. Thomas Simpson was the man who, on the part of the Minnesota delegation, seconded the nomination of the beloved Abraham Lincoln for president. He was also the man who, in 1853, 1854, and 1855, ran the federal government boundary line between Minnesota and Iowa; also the first, second and third guide meridians in Minnesota; and the standard parallels intersecting these guide meridians. This, too, was at a date when this state was little more than a vast, untraveled wilderness. And so thoroughly was the work done that not one line has ever been questioned for accuracy or altered. The son, George T. Simpson, seems to be made of the same strong, sturdy stock as his father, as he has already distinguished himself as a city and county attorney, and is serving with great credit as first assistant attorney general at the present time.

POLLS CLOSE IN COUNTRY AT 5 P. M.

IT SHOULD BE KEPT IN MIND BY VOTERS IN THE RURAL DISTRICTS THAT THE POLLS CLOSE AT 5 P. M. IT IS THEREFORE A GOOD PLAN TO VOTE AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE. IF VOTERS IN THE COUNTRY DO NOT KEEP IN MIND THE EARLY HOUR THAT THE POLLS CLOSE, MANY OF THEM WILL LOSE THEIR VOTES. THE ELECTION THIS FALL IS ALL IMPORTANT. EVERY VOTE IS NEEDED. EVERY VOTE SHOULD BE MADE TO COUNT.

DON'T FORGET TO VOTE EARLY!

"ONE GOOD TERM DESERVES ANOTHER"

Julius A. Schmahl Asks Voters to Indorse Two Years of Excellent Administration.

HARD WORK GAINS SUCCESS

Is Native of Minnesota, Born in Nicollet County—Ability Brought Him to the Front.

Julis A. Schmahl, Republican candidate for re-election as secretary of state, is a Minnesota product, having been born in Traverse de Sioux, Nicollet county, in 1867. His father and mother both first saw the light of day in Germany, and Julius was one of a family of ten children, each of whom was early taught the instinct of "*root, hog, or die.*" The Schmahl family moved to Redwood Falls in 1870, where the subject of this sketch spent his earlier days in attending school in the late fall and winter months, and herding cattle on Redwood prairies during the summer. When fourteen years old Mr. Schmahl served as an apprentice in the printing office of the Redwood Gazette, working there at setting type, sweeping floors and running the hand press for three years, after which he went to Fargo, and served two years in the job printing department of the Fargo Argus, then conducted by Maj. Edwards. In 1885 Mr. Schmahl, desirous of learning all branches of the newspaper business, went to St. Paul and spent eight years reporting on nearly all of the dailies of St. Paul and Minneapolis, and also in doing "string" work for Eastern dailies. In 1892 he returned to Redwood Falls, purchased an interest in the Redwood Gazette plant, where he commenced his career, and built up one of the best paying and finest country printing office plants in the Northwest.

It was in 1900 that Mr. Schmahl first broke into the active political harness. He became a candidate for chief clerk of the house for the 1901 session, and so effectually was the campaign carried on that his election was assured six weeks before the session opened, and on his candidacy the house, including the selection of speaker, was organized. He was re-elected chief clerk at the extra session of 1902, and again at the regular session of 1903. In his campaign for re-election in 1905 he was confronted with the problem of the representative from his county, being a candidate for speaker, but so well was the contest carried on, and so well had Mr. Schmahl secured the confidence of the old members, as well as the belief of the new, that he was the "right man in the right place," that he was again elected for chief clerk, even with the speaker chosen from his county, an almost unprecedented incident in political annals. Mr. Schmahl became a candidate for secretary of state in 1906, and securing the Republican nomination, was elected. He was renominated for secretary of state at the last Republican convetion by a unanimous vote. As secretary of state he has brought about many changes in the administration of the department which are receiving commendation. His record is an enviable one, showing as it does a strict attention to his duty as an official of the people. He has compelled many corporations which attempted to evade the Somerville law to file their articles in his department, and thus brought a large amount of additional fee money into the state treasury. He has further shown his watchfulness for the people by closely scanning all incorporation papers offered for filing, and in several instances has declined to permit the incorporation of companies which were undesirable from both the view of technical conformity to law and public desirability.

Mr. Schmahl was a newspaper reporter in the house during Mr. Jacobson's first legislative year and was chief clerk when Mr. Jacobson made his great and [illegible]cessful fight for the [illegible] ing the gross earnings [illegible] roads, as well as the [illegible] the state board of [illegible]

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

CLOSING OUT.

Closing out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' waists at 30 per cent off:
Ladies' $10 skirts for $7. $7 skirts for $4.90
Ladies' $25.00 plush lined coats for $14.75.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.
I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.
It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

A. JOE GILLER.

You can get what you want from the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, cut glass, novelties, umbrellas, optical goods etc.

Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

The Peoples Drug Store
ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.
DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.
Prescription Work a Specialty.
PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Everv Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

EMIGRATION TO UNITED STATES

It Is Going on in Spite of the Efforts of the Anti-Emigration Society to Stop It.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

The National Anti-Emigration Society is doomed to failure if one is to judge at all from their record during the past year. The emigration to America is going on at an increasing rate again in spite of the energetic efforts of the society to stop it. It is true that a number of Swedish-Americans who had a little money saved up were induced to return to Sweden and buy property there, but in nearly every case there is keen disappointment and many of the former residents who were induced to return home last year by the agitation for their return, are already selling out and making their way back to America. The efforts of the society to make these people change their mind and remain, have proven entirely futile, and the society is now, as a last resort, purchasing land in various parts of the country, which it plans to sell to home returning Swedish-Americans.

P. P. Waldenstrom, the well-known leader of the Swedish Covenant church of Sweden, jumped into the fight for the separation of church and state with all his old-time enthusiasm and ardor. The idea of separating the state and church has for many years, we believe, appealed to Mr. Waldenstrom, who maintains that the church must be taken out of politics and states further that the state church of Sweden is nothing but a political institution. But be it also remembered that Mr. Waldenstrom is very much of a politician himself, although he is a church leader. He has served in the riksdag for many years, and there is scarcely no political question of any consequence that has come up before the people of Sweden that he has not taken the liveliest interest in, so that it would seem that his stand against the state church now is a trifle inconsistent.

In regard to the death sentence pronounced by a Swedish court against two Socialists, who were implicated in the killing of an English strike-breaker on a boarding ship in the harbor of Malmo last summer by means of a bomb, the Social Demokraten makes the following comment: "With compassion we received the news of the awful punishment which awaits the leaders of the attack on the strike-breaker's ship. These men are no criminal malefactors. Their action had social and political motives, and all social Democrats join them in their indignation at the nationally enthusiastic, hurrah shouting, punch-quaffing capitalist patriots. These capitalists sing about the "Sons of Svea," but when the sons ask for a few cents added to their wages, they are crushed by means of the ragged proletarians of foreign countries.

The state railways of Sweden continue to do an excellent business and recent reports show that they have increased their business above 5 per cent during the past twelve months. They are well managed in every respect and under this system there is little or no opportunity for any graft. In this connection, it is of interest to note that there is a determined effort on the part of the government to improve the transportation facilities between Sweden and Russia. The government commission, which was appointed for the purpose of looking into this question, have been making a thorough study of the situation and will soon send a long and prolific report to the king. A Russian commission is soon expected in Stockholm to confer with the Swedish authorities in regard to this important movement.

The Swedish Medical Society, which is this fall celebrating its 100th anniversary, has authorized Dr. Hasse W. Tullberg to publish a portrait catalog, which purports to give a series of pictures and biographical sketches of Sweden's leading physicians. The work of collecting this material has already begun and will soon reach a successful conclusion. There are 2,350 members of the society and pictures of all, except 148, have been collected.

The Swedish consul in Berlin, Herr Berenkreutz, has recently been gathering a lot of interesting data relative to Swede's and Swedish landmarks in Germany. His collection of material and pictures is a most valuable undertaking and after awhile some of these collections will be on exhibition at the National museum in Stockholm.

Professor A. Kolmodin, of Stockholm, has departed for east Asia to inspect the mission interests there of the "Evangeliska Fosterlandstiftelsen." Professor Kolmodin is an energetic missionary and has made two trips already to the Orient.

Lignell, a prominent merchant who died a few weeks ago, has in his will donated 2,000 crowns to the Swedish Journalist Society. This organization has recently been receiving quite a lot of money through private donations.

The University of Jena has awarded the honorary degree of doctor of medicine to Professor Ernest Overton, of Lund University. The former university recently celebrated its 350th anniversary.

The so-called Grondal's Villa town has, by Asch & Co., been sold to the Stockholm Real Estate company for 3,500,000 crowns, which is the largest real estate deal on record in Sweden.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

An exchange says: "The newspapers have published a remarkable interview with the wife of Bjornstjerne Bjornson. She states that during the early part of their married life her husband was so persecuted that even the children were annoyed. She copied all his novels after he had finished them. The family have been hard up financially almost all the time, but they never got into trouble on that score because they never went into debt. Their home was always overrun with guests, and their hospitality has kept them poor. They are both strong and healthy for their age, and Mrs. Bjornson explains this as due to the fact that 'they could not afford either to eat or drink too much.'"

The English have certainly secured a strong foothold in Norway so far as mining investments are concerned. Upon investigation, it is discovered that more English capital has been invested in Norwegian mines than in any other country, save Spain. During the past thirty years, not less than seventy-two English stock companies have been organized to conduct mining operations in Norway, and their aggregate capital is about 140,666,000 crowns. The largest and most powerful of these companies and the largest in Norway, for that matter, is the Dunderland Iron Ore Co., which has a capital of 2,000,000 crowns.

The potato industry is going to suffer owing to the results of the high tax placed on liquor in Norway at present. Since the storthing imposed this tax there has been a decided falling off in the demand for potatoes. Thousands of acres of land planted to potatoes were intended for the distilleries, and as these have been compelled to shut down because of the heavy excise laws there is no market for potatoes whatsoever. In all upland regions they will suffer big losses, as they do not know what to do with the potatoes which they cannot even give away at present.

The Grieg memorial concert was held in Christiania about two weeks ago and was a distinct success from a musical point of view. All of the capable leading musicians partook in the programme, which was an elaborate one. The concert was also a success from a financial standpoint. The proceeds will go to Grieg's widow.

The students at the university are very much wrought up against Minister of War Lowzow because he has suggested that the government introduce compulsory military training at the university. The students are unequivocably opposed to it and are exerting all thier efforts to prevent it if possible.

Peter N. Grahm is endeavoring to organize a trawl fishing company with a capital of 360,000 crowns. Mr. Grahm has already succeeded in raising 200,000 crowns of the necessary capital. The company will have its headquarters in Christiania.

During their recent visit to Christiania Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria enjoyed long horseback rides in the outskirts of the city. Their cavalier in every instance was Dr. Fritjof Nansen.

"Kristiansands Tidende" celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary Oct. 3. During these years the paper has had a very successful career and is the most influential journal in that section of the country.

The so-called "fat herring" catch was this season an extra heavy one. Fishing was especially good in Nordland, where not less than 30,000 barrels of herring were secured.

Henrik Lund has just completed a new portrait in oil of ex-Premier Michaelsen.

The Gjovik needle factory was destroyed by fire the other night, entailing a loss of over 100,000 crowns.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The Alberti affair still continues to be the chief topic of conversation, both in Copenhagen and all over the country for that matter. The "Politiken" characterizes the whole affair as a national calamity and a national shame, which can never be obliterated. The "Dannebrog," a paper which Alberti started, and which, in consequence, has lost hundreds of its regular subscribers, bemoans the whole affair, but says that Alberti is strong enough to shoulder it all. Their comment is in sympathy with Alberti, but it can hardly be possible that it can gain many friends for the paper. A dispatch states that the other day, a prominent lady declared at a dinner, which she gave to a number of her friends, that the Alberti scandal should not be discussed at the table. But soon the conversation began to lag and finally became painfully silent. Then the lady admitted that she was playing a losing game, and told the guests that she would let loose Alberti upon them. All at once everybody had something interesting to say about the fallen idol.

There is one court scandal after another. The latest sensation is that furnished by one Miss Fache, who publishes charges of scandalous immorality among army officers at the court. She was finally sued by the public prosecutor, and it will be interesting to note whether or not she can prove her charges.

Danish papers have no little comment to make regarding the long visit of Queen Alexandra with Princess Victoria at the Norwegian court. It appears that the British queen prefers an extended visit in Christiania, instead of Copenhagen.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Methods alleged to have been employed by the so called powder trust to gain control of the powder trade in the United States were described by R. S. Waddell, former general sales agent in the United States for the big powder company, at the hearing at New York in the government's suit against the company for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Complete returns show that the so called Security Street railway franchise was defeated at Cleveland by the narrow margin of 605 votes. As a result of the failure of the people to approve the grant the entire street railway system of the city will revert to the Cleveland Railway company.

Too many late suppers, both wine and wineless, too much powder and paint, big theater parties and too little sleep are declared by Theodore A. Johnson, assistant professor of sociology of Yale university, to be the cause of ill health among Chicago society women.

The drought which has continued in Pennsylvania for nearly two months has been completely broken in some sections, while in other localities fitful showers have fallen. In all localities the rain has been sufficient to extinguish forest fires.

Because of threats against the life of Governor Patterson, who is personally *directing the investigation* of night rider depredations in Tennessee, the detachment of troops assigned to safeguard the governor has been increased.

Elsie Lenhardt, eleven years of age, committed suicide at Chicago. The child left a note saying that everybody was "mean" to her and then turned on the gas in her room, where later she was found dead.

Miss May A. Heiser, a Kennebec (S. D.) schoolteacher, won first prize in the land lottery at Dallas, S. D. More than 114,000 persons had registered for a chance to secure one of the 8,000 quarter sections.

The continued drouth of more than fifty days in the inland towns of Illinois tributary to Alton has forced the residents of that section to send away for water for cooking and drinking purposes.

The battleships Alabama and Maine have reached the Atlantic coast after a trip around the world. The voyage covered 35,000 miles and occupied 309 days.

The writ of habeas corpus demanding the presence of Harry Thaw in Pittsburg has been dismissed by Federal Judge Young of that city.

The Nebraska supreme court has sustained the legality of the Nebraska blue laws, forbidding almost all Sunday business transactions.

Silas C. McFarland of Iowa, consul general at large for the European districts, shot himself on a railroad train near Berlin.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The political campaign is to have a real whirlwind finish. From the highest to the lowest all the spellbinders of all the parties will be out in force during the remaining few days and wavering voters will be urged by eloquent advocates of the several causes to cast their ballots "right."

Campaign literature has been enlarged by a letter from President Roosevelt addressed to United States Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, in which Mr. Roosevelt pays his respects to Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

At a cabinet meeting Oct. 23 it was decided that every member would take the stump during the last week of the campaign.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 26.—Wheat—Dec., $1.01¼; May, $1.05⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.04⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.03⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅛@1.01⅝; No. 3 Northern, 97c@$1.00.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veal calves, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—$4.75@5.50. Sheep—Wethers, $3.75@4.00; yearlings, $4.10@4.25, spring lambs, $4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Oct. 26.—Wheat—On track and to arrive—No. 1 hard, $1.01⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.02⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.01⅞; Dec., $1.01⅝; May, $1.05⅜; Oct., $1.02⅛; Nov., $1.02⅛. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.25⅝; Oct., $1.25, Nov., $1.25¼; Dec., $1.24; May, $1.28¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Wheat—Dec., 99¾@99⅞c; May, $1.02¾; July, 97c. Corn—Oct., [illegible]c; Dec., 63½c; May, 62⅝@62¾c; July, 62½c. Oats—Dec., 47⅞c; May, 49⅝c; July, 45c. Pork—Oct., $12.75; Dec., $12.9[illegible]; Jan., $15.77½; May, $15.70. Butter—Creameries, 20@26c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs—25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15c, chickens, 8½c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.25@7.65; Texans, $3.40@4.65; Westerners, $2.10@5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.55; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.25; calves, $5.00@8.50. Hogs—Light, $4.95@5.70; mixed, $[illegible]@6.00; heavy, $5.20@6.00; rough, $5.20@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.40@6.00; pigs, $3.60@4.50. Sheep, $2.7[illegible]@4.65; yearlings, $4.25@5.10; lambs, $3.75@5.75.

Mr. Bryan no longer refers to Mr. Roosevelt as his imitator, counterpart and understudy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

To enable the Milwaukee road to turn out from 8,000 to 10,000 new freight cars for use on the new coast line when it is opened next year the Minneapolis and Dubuque shops will be required to relieve the big car shops in Milwaukee by erecting ten gondola coal cars each a day until 3,000 of the gondolas have been built. The order will require the addition of several hundred men to the working force at the Minneapolis shops in the near future.

Horsebreeders and stockmen of the state are getting together for an active campaign to raise the standard of horses bred in Minnesota by securing more efficient legislation when the legislature meets next winter. In the meantime owners of grade stallions are on the alert for any move which would tend to prohibit the public service of their animals.

Mrs. Laura Berwin, widow of Captain John Berwin, the Minneapolis fireman who lost his life in the West hotel fire a few years ago, has been *committed* to the insane asylum. The widow has grieved constantly since the death of her husband. This was followed by the death of a child and the unfortunate woman has become mentally unbalanced.

John Conelley, the patrolman who used a revolver promiscuously in trying to make an arrest in South Minneapolis over two weeks ago, killing young Theodore Hedin and wounding a young woman, has been permanently suspended from the police force by Mayor J. C. Haynes and Chief F. T. Corriston "for the good of the service."

J. H. Kahler, hotel man of Rochester, this state, was in Minneapolis recently arranging the preliminary details for the construction of a $125,000 hotel at Rochester. Mr. Kahler is now the owner of the Cook and Kahler Houses at Rochester, but expects to make his third hostelry the best of the three.

The jury in the case of Joe Kasparek, who is charged by the First National bank of Barnesville with embezzlement, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The national convention of the Loyal Order of Moose, in session at Uniontown, Pa., selected St. Paul as the next meeting place.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

One hundred passengers had a narrow escape at St. Paul when a runaway team of horses hitched to an American Express company wagon crashed into an outward bound Hamline street car. Both horses, valued at about $400, were instantly killed, the wagon was badly damaged and the front end of the street car demolished.

James R. Flood, the youth who shot and killed A. P. Camden of Chicago at midnight June 22 at Minneapolis, has been declared insane by Judge Brooks of the Hennepin county district court and ordered committed to the insane asylum at Rochester.

F. W. Potts, accused of fraudulent use of the mails, was found guilty by a jury in the United States federal court at Minneapolis and was sentenced to nine months at hard labor in the St. Cloud reformatory and to pay a fine of $200.

Nodore Lecuyer of Hugo was killed on the highway between St. Paul and White Bear. His wagon was tipped over and fell down an embankment and he was crushed to death. He was about thirty-five years of age.

A masked man with a revolver held up five men, including the proprietor, at the saloon of J. Hayes, North St. Paul, and secured $50 from the cash drawer.

Hans Johnson, sixty-eight years of age, was probably fatally injured by being struck by a freight train at the Atlantic street grade crossing at St. Paul.

Anton Olson, car repairer, fell under a freight car in the union railroad yards in Southeast Minneapolis and was instantly killed.

OBITUARY.

Charles J. Smallwood, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Worthington, died suddenly from heart disease. Mr. Smallwood was the owner of the telephone system and was inspecting some work which had been done on one of the buildings in town when stricken. He collapsed while on the roof and died before assistance could reach him.

Alfred "Stockholm" Olson, veteran saloonkeeper of Minneapolis, is dead. "Stockholm" Olson, as he was commonly known, reached Minneapolis in 1880 and started to work as a street laborer at $1.25 per day. At the time of his death he was reported to be worth a quarter of a million dollars, placing him among the wealthiest saloon men of the city.

Martin [illegible], eighty years old, is dead at his home on a farm near Cannon Falls. He was a pioneer of that section of the state. Death was due to infirmities incident to old age.

J. W. Woolstencroft, judge of probate and a candidate for re-election, died suddenly at Slayton. Mr. Woolstencroft had been a county officer nearly thirty-eight years.

[illegible], for the past fifteen years [illegible] at the Goodhue county [illegible], is dead at his home in [illegible].

J. H. Leighton, a pioneer lumberman of Minnesota, is dead at Minneapolis.

DUE TO SPECULATION.

Bank Cashier at Kensington, This State, a Defaulter.

August S. Anderson, cashier of the Bank of Kensington for nine years, is short in his accounts several thousands of dollars. He confessed and is under arrest charged with grand larceny in the sum of $400.

Anderson's downfall came by speculating in wheat, using the bank's money and hoping to win and return it. The longer he continued the deeper he got in until in 1902 he quit speculating.

His plan was to record on the bank books time certificates of deposits for less amounts than they were issued. When the interest came due he paid it in full, using a part of his salary.

As certificates became due then false entries were made. His guilt was discovered when C. H. Baille, president of the bank, and other officials met to prepare an annual statement of the bank's business. As soon as his case can be brought before the judge of the district court Anderson will plead guilty and receive his sentence.

The bank itself will be in no way affected by Anderson's act, as the loss will be made good by the bondsmen and the bank officials.

VALUE OF DAIRY PRODUCTS

Dairy and Food Commission Gives Figures for 1907.

There were 87,044,817 pounds of butter produced by Minnesota creameries in 1907, according to figures just compiled by the state dairy and food commission. The wholesale value of this product is estimated at $23,602,100.

There were 851 creameries in operation during the year and 71,769 farmers supplied them, receiving $18,912,013 for their milk and cream, from 546,595 cows. The running expenses of the creameries were $2,187,373. They used 855,866,470 pounds of milk and 166,819,567 of cream.

The seventy-four cheese factories operated in the state made 4,266,778 pounds of cheese, which, at an average wholesale price of 12 cents, brought $512,013.

Less than half the cows in the state worked for the creameries, so considerably over a million contributed to the state milk and cream supply.

The value of milk and cream sold to people in the cities and towns of the state last year is estimated as $19,000,000. The cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul alone used 50,000 gallons of milk and cream a day.

JOHN MILLER IS DEAD.

Former Chief Executive of North Dakota Passes Away.

The death of ex-Governor John Miller of North Dakota at Duluth recalls the famous fight against the Louisiana lottery in North Dakota.

Mr. Miller led the fight against the lottery and the story is told that a representative came into Mr. Miller's office and laid down a suit case containing $200,000.

"That's yours if you will permit the lottery to enter North Dakota," he said.

"My price is higher than that," said Mr. Miller and threw him out of the office.

They called him "honest" John Miller in North Dakota. His fight against the lottery was redoubled after that and he was the man who was chiefly instrumental in keeping it from gaining a foothold in North Dakota.

In 1890 Mr. Miller removed to Duluth and became one of her foremost citizens. He was a member of the board of trade and always took a prominent part in any question of public interest.

RESCUES MAROONED FISH

State Commission Gives New Homes to 10,000 Bass and Crappies.

The fish car belonging to the state game and fish commission visited Wabasha in charge of S. F. Fullerton, where it took on 10,000 bass and crappies which were recovered by the wardens from the sloughs left by the high water along the Mississippi river. The car has made many similar trips recently to other parts of the state. An immense amount of fish have been saved in this manner and have been replaced in the lakes of the state.

TRAVELING MAN A SUICIDE

Ends His Life Because His Sweetheart Was Faithless.

Leaving a letter to Coroner Arthur W. Miller of St. Paul, in which he ascribed the faithlessness of the woman he loved as the cause of his act, Robert W. Davies, a traveling drug salesman, who gave his address as Minneapolis, took morphine and died at the city hospital.

In his letter to Dr. Miller he showed great bitterness toward the woman whose actions he said were responsible for his act.

Reduction in Realty Valuation.

The state board of equalization, which recently adjourned, cut the assessment on realty of the state to such an extent that the total assessment on the property of the state will be about $10,000,000 under what it was last year. Many of the counties made an effort to assess the land at 50 per cent of the value. Other counties did not do this, but the state board reduced the high counties to the level of the low ones. The result is that the assessment on realty for the state was reduced from $903,000,000, reported by the county boards of equalization, to $818,000,000.

GIGANTIC SCHEME

Seven Million Dollar Concern Incorporated at St. Paul.

TO DEVELOP VAST TERRITORY

Big Backing for Project Centering About International Falls Water Power.

Articles of incorporation of the Minnesota and Ontario Power company, capitalized at $7,000,000, have been filed with the secretary of state.

This gigantic corporation is headed by Minneapolis men and has been organized to build a great city, develop idle water power into a practically unlimited supply of electricity, produce the greatest paper making center in the world and conduct lumbering operations over a territory containing 15,000 square miles.

The Minnesota and Ontario Power company is organized in Maine and its list of incorporators indicates that it is backed by some of the leading financial men of Minneapolis, Chicago and New York. It has bought from E. W. Backus and the Backus-Brooks company the immense water power at the Canadian boundary and will at once begin its development.

The contract has been let to the engineering and contracting firm of J. G. White & Co. of New York for the completion of the immense dam and hydro-electric power stations at International Falls and Fort Frances and the construction of a ground wood sulphite and news print paper plant. The company will also generate and make available for general manufacturing purposes electric energy and power in sufficient quantities to supply the needs of all commercial users in the vicinity.

The initial work of the new company will be the completion of the dam and power stations, producing a minimum of more than 30,000 continuous horse power and the construction of the first unit of installation of a sulphite and paper mill plant, having a daily capacity of 200 tons of news print paper and fifty tons of surplus sulphite. When the first unit is in operation the company will double the capacity of the sulphite and paper mill.

AWARDS TO MINNESOTANS

Several Given Recognition by Carnegie Commission.

The Carnegie hero fund commission has added forty-eight additional names to their list of heroes. These Minnesotans were given honors:

Rachael S. Lyon, Howard Lake, Minn., burned to death while trying to rescue Caroline Sehl, when lamp overturned. Silver medal awarded to Tennessee S. Lyon, mother.

Max Suess, North Mankato, Minn., lost life while trying to save Eva Ehlers and Maud Worless from drowning; silver medal awarded Eleanora Suess, mother, and $30 a month and $5 additional a month for her son, Joseph.

August Schultz, Brainerd, Minn., killed while trying to save from drowning Mrs. Louis Koerner. Silver medal and $50 a month given his wife, Cornelia C. Schultz, with $5 a month additional for each child.

August H. C. Hanson, Owatonna, Minn., aged eighteen, bronze medal and $2,000 for rescuing Misses Hazel M. Shaw and Bertha L. Berden, who, while skating, went under the ice on Straight river.

COMPANY WILL FIGHT.

St. Paul City Council Reduces Telephone Rates.

The St. Paul telephone ordinance, providing material reductions in rates, was passed by a vote of 10 to 2 by the board of aldermen and within an hour was signed by Mayor Lawler. The ordinance, consequently, will become effective just as soon as it is published. Incidentally, the passage of the ordinance by the aldermen, the measure already having passed the assembly, and its signature by the mayor, will certainly result in a stretch of litigation as soon as an attempt is made to enforce it. E. A. Prendergast, general attorney of the Northwestern Telephone company, said that the validity of the measure will be tested in the courts just as soon as it goes into effect and any effort is made to enforce the provisions.

Indictments Made Specific.

Out of fourteen of the latest indictments returned by the Hennepin county grand jury four were against W. K. Hicks, the Minneapolis school board director, who is charged with accepting bribes. The four indictments alleged the same offenses charged in the original indictments brought against him, but in fuller language and with more particulars. Mr. Hicks, who was present with his attorney, was released on his own recognizance.

Robbery at Minneapolis.

Porch climbers entered and ransacked the palatial residence of C. M. Harrington of Minneapolis, president of the Van Dusen-Harrington Grain company, and secured diamonds, jewelry and fur coats valued at over $4,000. The police believe the work was done by professionals, as they left absolutely no clue, even covering up the exact manner in which entrance was gained.

CONGRESS COPIED JACOBSON'S IDEA

The Jacobson "Wye Law," Word for Word, Is Placed in the Famous "Sherman Act."

PRAISE FOR MADISON MAN

Senator Dolliver of Iowa Says Minnesota Republican Nominee for Governor Is an Advanced Thinker.

Hon. J. F. Jacobson, the Republican nominee for governor, is not only a man rightly famed for his rugged integrity and worth, but in all justice must be accredited as a deep and advanced thinker; a man whose ideas and plans for the public weal have always been *many years ahead of his day.*

Mr. Jacobson is so described by no less a personage than the famous orator, Senator J. P. Dolliver of Iowa. This statement and the proof were presented by Senator Dolliver before a vast audience in Minneapolis recently. He told how the United States congress had to come to Minnesota, to the modest but brainy farm machinery merchant of Madison, to get for federal enactment what has for years in Minnesota been known as the "Jacobson Wye law."

The Jacobson Wye law was the pioneer statute in the United States to establish the great precedent for the people that a railroad can be compelled to make a connection with other roads at intersecting stations, and that a joint rate on freight may be established therefore by law.

Not only did congress come to Mr. Jacobson for his idea on this subject, but they found he had drawn the Minnesota law so perfectly that the Jacobson Wye law of Minnesota was copied, word for word, into the congressional act known as the Sherman law, and is now one of the strongest and most valuable sections of that great act.

Every great reform always meets with great opposition. And so it was that Mr. Jacobson had to wage a great legislative battle to get his Wye bill passed by the Minnesota legislature. This was in 1895. Two years later, recognizing defects in the original draft, he had the law amended into its present form, and it has since proved a great boon for the public.

The railroads refused at first to comply with this law, and Mr. Jacobson brought a test case before the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners. He prepared the case, presented the evidence and made the argument before the board, which rendered a decision sustaining him in every point of contention. The companies appealed the case on points of law to the district court, and it was tried before Judge Powers of the Twelfth district, who rendered an elaborate decision sustaining the commissioners. It was then taken to the supreme court of Minnesota, which upheld Judge Powers. From there it was carried to the supreme court of the United States, which confirmed the Minnesota court, and the "Gentleman from Lac qui Parle" had the satisfaction of having the law he introduced, and was instrumental in passing, declared constitutional by the highest court in the land.

This state law has been of inestimable value and convenience to farmers and other shippers throughout the state. As included in the Sherman law, it has also become of tremendous value to shippers all over the country. And these thousands of people thus convenienced have to thank the humble yet brilliant Plain Man of the People, J. F. Jacobson of Madison, Minn.

Sole Aim of Johnsonism.

Johnson is a candidate for reelection as governor for the sole purpose of trying to save the Democratic party in Minnesota. One would not think that a very good campaign slogan to go before the Republican voters with, [illegible] Johnson must get Republican [illegible] to win. It's up to Republicans to stand for Republican-

Democratic Board Repudiates Democracy.

Nor is this the only repudiation of the Democratic platform made by Democrats this fall on the subject of tonnage tax. The state board of equalization, now thoroughly Democratic, on Oct. 10 last, by a vote of 12 to 5, turned down a resolution introduced by Thomas Meighen of Preston, which resolution recommended the passage of a tonnage tax law to the next legislature. Gov. Johnson, although a member of this board, failed to be present at the important session when this resolution was considered. There is no question as to whether Gov. Johnson was in the Twin Cities that day. He spoke to a large political gathering in Minneapolis the same evening. He could have been present if he so desired.

Steel Trust Favored at Expense of People.

Gov. Johnson was also absent from the meeting of the board a short time before, when the assessment of the steel trust properties in Northern Minnesota were reduced $11,000,000. This reduction he fails to mention in *any of his campaign speeches.* He also neglects to tell how this Democratic board, for which he loves to be sponsor, has increased the assessed valuation of farm lands in many of the counties of the state; and how this same board has greatly increased the assessments of household furniture. Why did he permit the board to reduce the assessment of iron properties from $190,000,000 to $179,000,000, and try to hold up the state tax rolls by increasing the taxable valuation of farm acres and household furniture? Consultation with the books of the state board of equalization shows valuation of farm lands was increased as follows:

Increase in Farm Land Assessments.

County.	Per Cent.
Aitkin	10
Beltrami	15
Brown	5
Carver	10
Chippewa	10
Clay	5
Cottonwood	10
Douglas	15
Freeborn	10
Hubbard	10
Kanabec	10
Kandiyohi	10
Lac qui Parle	10
Mille Lacs	5
Morrison	25
Murray	15
Otter Tail	33 1-3
Polk	20
Scott	10
Sibley	25
Swift	20
Todd	10
Wabasha	5
Wadena	5
Waseca	5

The assessments on household furniture were increased in still greater proportions, as follows:

Increase in Household Taxes.

County.	Per Cent.
Aitkin	50
Becker	15
Benton	50
Chippewa	25
Cottonwood	50
Dakota	10
Douglas	25
Faribault	5
Fillmore	10
Grant	50
Kanabec	60
Kittson	20
Lac qui Parle	10
Lincoln	10
Marshall	15
Martin	15
Mille Lacs	40
Murray	25
Norman	10
Otter Tail	60
Pine	20
Pipestone	33 1-3
Red Lake	60
Sibley	5
Swift	20
Todd	20
Wadena	33 1-3
Waseca	10
Watonwan	20
Yellow Medicine	15

Pertinent Question for Voters.

Has Gov. Johnson's Democratic state board of equalization gained anything, politically or otherwise, by shouldering a great load of taxation on the farmers and humble householders throughout the state, and catering to the great, wealthy steel interests by reducing their assessed valuation $11,000,000?

The question is one for the people to answer at the polls the coming Nov. 3d!

WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT IT?

During his recent trip through the Iron Range country Gov. J. A. Johnson was introduced everywhere he spoke, either by an attorney or official of the steel trust.

And yet Democracy insinuates that Mr. Jacobson represents the "interests;" is a different Jacobson than when he was in the legislature.

Let the facts speak for themselves!

HOW COULD HE? AND WHY DID HE?

Gov. J. A. Johnson Becomes a Most Interesting Study as a Human Paradox.

PRAISES, ALSO JOLTS, BRYAN

Trying to Explain the Governor's Mental Versatility Is Worse Than Figuring Out "How Old Is Ann?"

One Gov. John A. Johnson is certainly the personification of versatility! As a human paradox, he has made himself of late, a most interesting study.

He opened his campaign at Montevideo with the highest praise for William Jennings Bryan. And at Blue Earth a few days ago he indorsed the sentiment that—

"To elect Bryan would be nothing less than a public calamity."

Behold, what a wonderful thing we have within the limits of Minnesota!

A Democratic candidate for governor, who one day pats the presidential nominee of his party on the back; and who another day gives this same "peerless one" a good, swift kick!

If Gov. Johnson really loves William Jennings, why did he give him such an awful jolt at Blue Earth?

If our governor doesn't admire this same William Jennings, why did he praise him with such eloquence in his Montevideo keynote speech? If—but what's the use of pressing these unanswerable questions? The thing is worse than—"How old is Ann?"

Bryan Praised in "Keynoter."

In his keynote speech, Gov. Johnson said this of Mr. Bryan:

"Proud as we are of our platform, we come to you with just as much pride in our national leader—Hon. William J. Bryan. You must admit the purity of his life, the earnestness of his purpose and the dominant fact that he has stood for what he believes to be for the good of the masses generally."

Jolting the "Peerless One."

The political reporter of the Mankato Daily Free Press thus tells the story of how Gov. Johnson gave his approval to a terrible jolt given the gentleman from Lincoln, Neb.

Johnson—John A.—the governor of Minnesota—Democratic candidate, or more properly, the "stultified" candidate on the Democratic ticket for reelection—late presidential possibility on the same party ticket—"policy" politician — lecturer — self-made and self-sacrificing statesman — sartorial model, etc., ad finitum.

What about him?

He is against Bryan.

This is the latest spot-light policy play.

He grabbed the ladle out of the mustard pot and handed Willie Bryan an awful knock, at Blue Earth last Friday evening, according to the story told The Free Press by a Blue Earth resident.

It was an awful thing for a gubernatorial candidate on the Democratic ticket to say about the Democratic presidental nominee, but it came in so pat, so very pat, that policy wouldn't allow it to go without utterance by Mr. Johnson.

Most Sensational Remark.

At this big Democratic meeting in the opera house at Blue Earth last Friday evening, when Gov. Johnson made the real sensational remark of the whole campaign, there were queer combinations and sorts. Gov. Johnson was there, of course, and Hammond, another Democratic candidate who sidetracks Bryan in the hope of winning over a few Republican votes, was also there. And presiding over all was a Mr. Ross, who is of a queer sort, claiming to be a "Johnson Republican" and a "Hammond Republican" as well—and with the same degree of consistency.

This Mr. Ross told the audience he was a Taft Republican but not a Jacobson Republican nor a McCleary Republican. Then he eulogized Gov. Johnson, who was to be the first speaker, and closed his remarks with the declaration that "to elect Bryan would be nothing less than a public calamity."

Johnson and Hammond smiled, and then came the real sensation.

Nothing Pleased Him More.

Gov. Johnson walked to the center of the stage and told the audience that he had heard nothing during the present campaign that had pleased him more than what he had just listened to.

A remark of this tenor immediately following Mr. Ross' denunciation of Bryan caused a ripple in the audience—a big ripple that is still widening and reaching to the far corners of the state and further.

Poor Willie Bryan came in for little at that great Democratic rally. His name was not mentioned again. Mighty little did Johnson have to say in his favor before an audience in a strong Republican community. Johnson only voiced assent to the declaration that—

"To elect Bryan to the presidency would be nothing less than a public calamity."

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session, 1907.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1st, 1908.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1907, and which are to be submitted to the electors of said State at the General Election of 1908.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 477 of the Laws of 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution (the latter section being the amendment to said Article nine (9), adopted in 1896), which sections now read as follows:

"Section 1. All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state: Provided, that the legislature may, by general law or special act, authorize municipal corporations to levy assessments for local improvements upon the property fronting upon such improvements, or upon the property to be benefited by such improvements, or both, without regard to cash valuation, and in such manner as the legislature may prescribe: and provided further, that for the purpose of defraying the expenses of laying water pipes and supplying any city or municipality with water, the legislature may, by general or special law, authorize any such city or municipality, having a population of five thousand or more, to levy an annual tax or assessment upon the lineal foot of all lands fronting on any water main or water pipe laid by such city or municipality within corporate limits of said city for supplying water to the citizens thereof without regard to the cash value of such property, and to empower such city to collect any such tax, assessments or fines, or penalties for failure to pay the same, or any fine or penalty for any violation of the rules of such city or municipality in regard to the use of water, or for any water rate due for the same; and provided further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description above a fixed and specified sum, of any and all natural persons and corporations. Such tax above such exempted sum may be uniform or it may be graded or progressive, but shall not exceed a maximum tax of five per cent.

"Section 2. The legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each year, and whenever it shall happen that such ordinary expenses of the state for any year shall exceed the income of the state for such year the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency of the preceding year, together with the estimated expenses of such ensuing year. But no law levying a tax or making other provisions for the payment of interest or principal of bonds denominated 'Minnesota State Railroad Bonds,' shall take effect or be in force until such law shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the state, and adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting upon the same.

"Section 3. Laws shall be passed taxing all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies, or otherwise, also all real and personal property, according to its true value in money; but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, shall, by general laws, be exempt from taxation.

"Section 4. Laws shall be passed for taxing the notes and bills discounted or purchased, moneys loaned, and all other property, effects, or dues of every description, of all banks and of all bankers, so that all property employed in banking shall always be subject to a taxation equal to that imposed on the property of individuals.

"Section 17. The legislature may impose, or provide for the imposition of, upon the property within this state of any and all owners or operators, whether corporate or individual, or otherwise, of any and all sleeping, parlor and drawing room cars, of any or either of the same, which run in, into or through this state; also upon the property within this state of any and all telegraph and telephone companies, or owners, whose lines are in, or extend in, into or through this state; also upon the property within this state of all express companies, or owners, or any or either of the same doing business in this state, also upon the property within this state of all domestic insurance companies of this state of any kind, also upon the property within this state of any and all foreign insurance companies doing business in this state of any kind, also upon the property within this state of all owners or operators of any and all mines or of mineral ores situated in this state; also upon the property within this state of all boom companies or owners, and of all ship builders or owners doing business in this state or having a port therein (provided, that this act shall not apply to property owned by railroad companies, their lands and other property); and upon the property of either or any of such companies or owners,—a tax as uniform as reasonably may be with the taxes imposed upon similar property in said state, or upon the earnings thereof within this state, but may be graded or progressive, or both, and in providing for such tax, or in providing for ascertaining the just and true value of such property, it shall be competent for the legislature in either or all such cases, to impose such tax upon any or all property thereof within this state, and in either case by taking as the basis of such imposition the proportionate business, earnings, mileage or quantity of production or property now or hereafter existing of any such companies, persons or owners, transacted or existing in this state, in relation to the entire business, mileage or quantity of production or property of such companies, persons or owners as aforesaid; or in such other manner, or by such other method as the legislature may determine; but the proceeds of such taxes upon mining property shall be distributed between the state and the various political subdivisions thereof wherein the same is situated, in the same proportion as the proceeds of taxes upon real property are distributed: Provided further, that nothing in this act contained shall operate to authorize the assessment or taxation of any farm land or ordinary business blocks or property owned by any such corporation, person, firm or company except in the manner provided by the ordinary methods of taxation."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Sec. 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation, and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200 for each household, individual, or head of a family, as the legislature may determine. But the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads."

This proposed constitutional amendment was submitted and voted upon at the last election and was declared carried. But a contest was instituted by interested parties, claiming that the amendment was not carried. That contest is now pending in the courts and it was on that account that the legislature decided to re-submit the amendment to the people, so that however the contest may be decided, the next legislature may have the power granted by the amendment. For the purpose of discussing the effect of the amendment I will assume that the same amendment submitted at the last election, did not carry.

The purpose and effect of this amendment would be to greatly enlarge the power of the legislature with reference to the subject of taxation. Section one (1) as it now stands provides that all taxes imposed shall be equal—as near as may be—on all forms of property, and all property upon which a tax is imposed is required to have a CASH VALUATION equalized throughout the state.

Section two (2) as it now stands requires the legislature to levy the necessary taxes annually to defray the expenses of the state. That is the duty of the legislature without any constitutional direction.

Section three (3) as it now stands provides that all real and personal property, including MONEYS, CREDITS and INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND STOCKS, shall be assessed according to their true value in money.

Section four (4) as it now stands provides that property employed in banking shall be subject to a tax equal to that imposed on other property. This is only a repetition of the requirements of Sections one (1) and three (3), as no rational person would claim that banking capital should be exempt from taxation.

Section seventeen (17) as it now stands is not easy to understand, but it was intended by that section to relieve from the operation of sections one (1) and three (3), above quoted, property of the classes therein enumerated, so that a gross earnings tax could be applied thereto instead of direct taxation.

Owing to the provisions of sections one (1) and three (3) of the present Constitution many amendments were from time to time added so as to permit taxes to be imposed on specific kinds of property otherwise than upon a cash valuation equalized throughout the state. We have among these exceptions railroad gross earnings taxes; municipal frontage taxes; inheritance taxes; and the gross earnings taxes authorized by said section seventeen (17).

Several exemptions from taxation are also provided for, but as these exemptions are not changed by the proposed amendment, I will make no further reference to them.

The amendment which, if adopted, would take the place of all of the sections and amendments above referred to, is simple and plain. No provision of the Constitution is necessary to authorize the imposition of the taxes necessary for the support of the state and its various political subdivisions. The power of taxation is inherent in government. This proposed amendment declares that this inherent power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away; that taxes shall be imposed for public purposes and shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. Should this amendment be adopted all property of every kind in the state would be subject to taxation, according to the method the legislature saw fit to adopt, provided only that the tax was levied for a public purpose and was uniform on the same class of subjects. Under this amendment every tax law we now have on the statue books would continue to be valid, because under this amendment all limitations on the power of the legislature would be taken away.

The adoption of this amendment would, as indicated, repeal the so-called inheritance tax amendment, and the gross earnings tax amendment adopted in 1896, as contained in said Section seventeen (17), but in their place this amendment would give the legislature greater authority. Under this amendment the power to impose inheritance taxes would be unlimited, and any form of gross earnings tax would be valid. The gross earnings tax on railroads would not be affected by this amendment, as the Constitution provides that they cannot be changed without submitting the law making the change to a vote of the people. But with this amendment various new forms of taxation could be imposed, notably an income tax, a tonnage tax on iron ore and a registry tax on mortgages. Under the present Constitution we can impose no tax on mortgages owned by non-residents. A registry tax, which would be valid under this amendment, would reach all mortgages alike. While the Constitution requires all subjects of taxation to have a cash valuation with the tax equalized throughout the state, no proper income tax could be imposed.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 478 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section sixteen (16) of Article nine (9) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"The legislature is also authorized to provide for the appointment, by the governor of the state, of a board to be known as the 'State Highway Commission,' consisting of three (3) members, who shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law without salary or compensation other than personal expenses.

"Such commission shall have general superintendence of the construction of state roads and bridges and shall use such fund in the construction thereof and distribute the same in the several counties in the state upon an equitable basis. Provided further, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and, provided further, that no more than one-third (1-3) of such fund accruing in any year shall be expended for bridges, and in no case shall more than *one-third (1-3) of the cost of construction* or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'State Road and Bridge Fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to levy upon all the property of the state any amount necessary, in its judgment, for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein, and in so far removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution, whereby the legislature is prevented from levying for such purpose a tax exceeding one-twentieth (1-20) of one (1) mill on the taxable property within the state.

This amendment further authorizes the legislature to provide salary and compensation, including personal expenses incurred in the performance of duty by the highway commission, or any other like officer entrusted by law with similar duties.

Finally, this amendment removes the limitation which now exists in the Constitution upon the powers of the highway commission in the distribution of the road and bridge fund of the state whereby authorized; and the amount which the state may pay from such fund toward the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge, and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the legislature shall deem wise.

The adoption of this amendment will not interfere with the power of the legislature to create a highway commission and define its powers, nor will it interfere with the appointment and tenure of office of the present commission.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 379 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to add the following section to Article nine (9) of the Constitution as a new section:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to permit the state to become the trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or both. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax upon the lands of such persons ONLY as shall VOLUNTARILY list the same with their respective county auditors for such purpose. There can be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. Its adoption will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of the same by the officers of the state, but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from said fund and from no other. The state would assume no responsibility beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 490 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1907. By this amendment it is sought to repeal the provisions of Section seven (7) of Article seven (7) of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except county superintendents of schools, who shall be required to have educational qualifications to be determined by the legislature, and except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, or the Constitution and laws of the United States."

The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of county superintendent of schools. As the Constitution now stands any legal voter is eligible to the office of county superintendent of schools.

The foregoing four proposed amendments constitute all the amendments proposed for adoption at the ensuing General Election.

Yours respectfully,
EDWARD T. YOUNG,
Attorney General.

ST. PAUL Historical Society

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

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RUNS OFF WITH $1000

Clairvoyant Plays a Clever Trick on a Grand Forks Man.

Little Roll of Print Paper Substituted for $1000 in Money.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 2—The Grand Forks authorities are making an effort to locate "Professor" P. H. Potbulsjo, self-styled mediator of secret influences, clairvoyant and medium, who is charged with the larceny of $1,000 from one man and who is believed to have victimized several others for smaller amounts.

The victim, who can illy afford his loss, consulted the "professor" early in October to learn what fate had in store for him. The clairvoyant gained the man's confidence and induced him to withdraw $1,000 from a local bank. The money was in $100 bills, and so did not make a very bulky roll.

According to the "professor," this money would be doubled if the victim would place it in a small sack, attach it by a cord and fasten the cord around his neck. The "professor" aided the victim in placing the money in the sack and attaching the cord. The victim was warned that he must not open the sack until he next saw the medium. After waiting several days the victim went to the Ryan block and made an effort to find the fortune teller, but he was not there. The former decided to open the package and found there were nine strips of newspaper with a $1 bill rolled around them, instead of his $1,000. He hurried to the police station and told about the swindle. A reward of $20 is offered for the fortune teller's arrest and conviction.

Chief Overby will bar all fortune tellers from Grand Forks. He is satisfied that in nearly every case crooked work is practiced.

Had a Warm Time.

People who were out at Lambert Sunday say that there was a red hot political discussion there. D. P. O'Neill spoke for Jacobson and divided his time with a Minneapolis man who spoke for Johnson. Those who heard it say that it was a warm debate from start to finish and it lasted for nearly three hours.

The Cause of It.

A Laskin young man was seen recently with two heads on his shoulders. Both were fully developed, were rather handsome features. The young man is not a museum freak, as might be supposed. The other head was the property of his sweetheart, and probably would not have been seen in that deformed position had it not been for the young lady's neglect to pull down the blinds.—Laskin Reporter.

Looks for Prosperity.

J. A. Duffy, the well known Red Lake Falls banker, was in the city this morning for a few hours and he claims that there is every indication of a great business revival approaching. He believes that as soon as the election is a thing of the past there will be something doing in the northwest and the people will enjoy a period of prosperity such as has never been experienced before. He believes that the outlook is extremely optimistic in every particular.—Crookston Journal.

Remember This.

The man right here at home is the man who will be most accommodating. The home merchant is a friend of yours and he takes pains to please you and to have his service, his goods and his prices right. He often accommodates his customers by sending for what they want if he does not happen to have it in stock; he accommodates them, too by exchanging things which they have bought. Some times it is an accommodation to exchange butter and eggs for merchandise and it is sometimes an accommodation to get a little credit from the storekeeper. It is a good thing to remember that these are accommodations that you do not get from the catalogue and mail order house.—Ex.

Pleasantly Surprised.

Attorney G. Halvorson and Judge J. M. Bishop were up to Holt and held a rally for the benefit of J. F. Jacobson. About one hundred voters were present and the speakers were pleasantly surprised by the ladies up there who served a lunch after the meeting had been held.

How Farmers Lose Money.

We were a little surprised a few days ago to find $50 lying in the road beside the hedge at the corner of one of our prominent business farmer's home, and the more so to find that it had lain there several months unmolested, but beginning to look much worse for the exposure. The money was in the shape of a corn planter that will have to be replaced by a new one before many years unless cared for better than that.—Grand Meadow Record.

Elected Officers.

The annual meeting of the Antlers Club was held last Thursday evening and officers were elected for the coming year as follows:

President—John Rawson.
Vice-President—E. E. Zelt.
Secretary—A. J. Anderson.
Treasurer—Oscar Sponheim.
Managers—Math Barzen, T. L. Molgaard and W. W. Prichard.

The Antlers Club has nearly one hundred members and is one of the most progressive organizations in the city.

Artist of Ability.

The following taken from the Crookston Journal refers to a young Thief River Falls man who is making good at Crookston:

People for some time past have been admiring the signs at the New Store, and were of the opinion that the cards were printed by the wholesale companies who were advertising their goods. The signs were not only artistic, but the designs were very original and the letter of a character never before seen in this section.

It appears that the work was all done by Emil Evenson, a young man from Thief River Falls, who has been employed at the New Store for some time past. He is certainly an artist of ability in that line, and his work cannot be approached by any one in this section of the country.

MOELLER IS IN TROUBLE

Former Thief River Falls Physician Is Now Under Arrest.

Is Charged With Manslaughter at Minot, N. D., and Case Soon to Be Tried.

People who have resided in Thief River Falls for the past several years all remember Dr. Thor Moeller, who for a number of years was one of the prominent physicians of this city. He is now located in North Dakota and as will be seen by the following article taken from the Minot Daily Optic is in serious *trouble:*

The preliminary hearing in the case of the state of North Dakota against Dr. Thor Moeller, charged with manslaughter in the first degree in connection with the death of Miss Gina Lien on Oct. 6, was adjourned until Nov. 16 by Judge Murray this morning.

The adjournment was made to permit the attorneys for the state and the defense to look after other business. Assistent State's Attorney Francis J. Murphy had to go to Kenmare today, and will not return until after election.

L. W. Dale, cashier of the Loraine state Bank, was on the stand yesterday afternoon. Mr. Murphy elicited from Mr. Dale the testimony that Nic Rustad made a trip to Loraine as soon as Miss Lien died and informed him of the girl's death and stated that he, Dale, was wanted at Minot. Dale came to Minot and was taken to the Great Northern Hotel, where he met Attorney Sutton, Dr. Moeller's attorney. Mr. Dale said that he was not under subpoena at that time and that he was not sure whether Rustad said that Sutton wanted to see him at Minot or not. He stated that he had spent much of his time at the Great Northern hotel while he has been in Minot since the girl's death.

Bearing on the report that Mr. Dale was very despondent after the girl's death and that some serious results were expected, Mr. Murphy questioned Dale as follows:

"Did Mr. Rustad take anything away from you when he met you at Loraine?"

"No, not that I remember of."

"Did he take a gun away from you?"

"I don't remember that he did," replied Mr. Dale.

Ingeberg Kjelstad, chamber maid at the Leland, testified that she had seen Dale enter Miss Lien's room several times, that he saw Dr. Moeller go in there and come out. Dr. Newlove, the last witness on the stand yesterday afternoon, testified to being called by Dr. Moeller to examine Miss Lien before she died.

Second Entry Allowed.

Crookston Journal: An entirely new precedent was established here at the United States Land Office when the filing of Jacob Larson on a homestead near Beaudette was accepted by the local land officials notwithstanding the fact that 20 years ago he filed on a piece of land near Twin Valley.

His first filing was disputed railroad land, and he fought the case for twenty years and finally the government decided to give Larson another filing in order to close the incident, and this was done for the first time in the history of the department in the northwest.

The case will be of general interest inasmuch as there are scores of others in the same boat as Mr. Larson, who have been fighting for years over disputed lands which the railroads claimed as part of their grant, and who will without doubt be glad to quit the fight and make other selections in order to get titles before they are laid to rest themselves.

Arrested a Horse Thief.

Chief of Police Lang arrested a man by the name of Smoker on the south bound Great Northern passenger last Saturday evening at the request of the sheriff of Roseau county. Smoker had been working on the Great Northern extension and hired a horse of a livery man at Badger. He road the horse to Greenbush and sold it there for $20. He will be tried at the next term of court of Roseau county.

Supper and Auction.

given by the Ladies Aid of the Synod church tomorrow evening, Nov. 6, commencing at 6 o'clock in the church parlors.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Casper Falk.

Subscribe for the News.

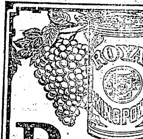

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Comes from Grapes

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Imitation baking powders are made from harsh mineral acids and leave in the food unhealthful properties

Reward for Postoffice Robbers.

The last issue of the Daily Bulletin issued by the postoffice department at Washington and received in Fargo yesterday contains notice of a new set of rewards for postal robbers.

The order took effect on Oct. 23 and will be in effect until otherwise ordered.

It provides the following rewards for the arrest and conviction of the classes of robbers mentioned:

$1,000 reward for a robber who takes mails being conveyed in any mail car attached to a train, or from the carrier intrusted with mails on a train.

$500 reward for robber who takes mail while it is being conveyed over any post route other than a railway.

$250 reward for robber who attempts to rob mails being conveyed over any post route.

Not exceeding $200 and not less than $50 for robber who breaks into any post office and steals therefrom or who robs a postmaster or postal employe or who breaks in with intent to commit depredation, provided that the maximum of $200 will be paid in every case where a safe is blown open whether the robber gains access to the funds contained therein or not.

Not exceeding $200 nor less than $25 for arrest and conviction of embezzler mail carrier.

Not exceeding $200 nor less than $50 for robber who takes mail from any receptacle or from railway station.

The same rewards will be given for persons accessory to the crime as for the chief criminal.

The postmaster and his subordinates are barred from receiving rewards. In cases where a maximum and minimum reward is offered the amount of the rewards will depend on the class of criminal captured, the expense to which the receiver of the reward was put in securing the arrest and conviction.

State Creameries.

There were 87,011,917 pounds of butter produced in Minnesota creameries in 1907, according to figures just compiled by the state dairy and food commission. The wholesale value of the product is estimated at $23,502,100. There were 851 creameries in operation and 71,769 farmers supplied them, receiving $17,912,043 for their milk and cream, from 510,695 cows. The running expenses of the creameries were $2,187,373. They used 855,865,470 pounds of milk and 16,810,567 of cream. Seventy four cheese factories operated in the state made 4,250,778 pounds of cheese, which at the average wholesale price of 12 cents brought $512,013. Less than half of the cows in the state worked for the creameries considerably over a million contributed to the state milk and cream supply. The value of the milk and cream sold to the people in the cities and towns last year is estimated at $9,000,000.

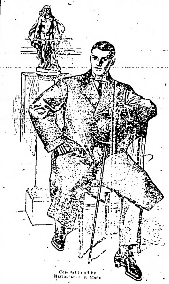
Copyright by Hart Schaffner & Marx

How about this winter overcoat matter. Have you decided on what you're going to have? And what you're going to pay for it? And on where you're going to buy it?

All of these questions can be easily answered if you say you're going to have the best your money will buy. That means a Hart Schaffner & Marx overcoat.

A choice of one of the new smart styles in that make. It means that you will pay anywhere from $18 to $50 for it. And buy it here. Very simple and very satisfactory to you.

Other overcoats at from $5 to $16.50

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

The Home of the H. S. & M. Clothes.

Crossett Shoes, Gordon Hats.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Pay the Second Half of Your 1907 Taxes Through

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Must Be Paid by November 1st to Avoid Penalty.

BENEFITS IN DISEASE.

Typhoid, If You Pull Through, Gives You a New Stomach.

GOOD EVEN IN RHEUMATISM.

That Painful Affliction Keeps Other Miseries Out of the System and Is a Promoter of Long Life—Blessings of Colds and Smallpox.

To be struck down by disease seems a most undesirable thing, yet there are many living today in the fullest enjoyment of very excellent health who but for an attack of some disease would have lived a life of almost perpetual misery.

These people were, first of all, victims of indigestion in its worst form, and only those who have experienced it know what true indigestion is. Struck down by typhoid fever, they came through the trying ordeal cured of indigestion, for one outstanding eccentricity of typhoid is that if you pass through an attack safely it gives you a new stomach. In fact, after an attack of typhoid the victim is usually left with a stomach like an infant.

That is the grand chance offered to one who has suffered, it may be, for long years from acute indigestion. If only he takes care, after an attack of typhoid he need never know indigestion again.

Be it remembered that any one troubled with severe indigestion is not advised to go hunting around for typhoid fever. That might prove to be a disastrous course to follow.

A chronic cold is just one of those things which none of us want, yet even a chronic cold has its good points, more especially if you happen to be up in years a bit—not too old, of course. People who are up in years and who suffer from chronic bronchitis seem to get remarkably well. It keeps the blood in good circulation, for, of course, the victims have to cough, and that gives the heart a jerk and sends the blood coursing nicely through the veins and arteries.

If the cold be not too acute, old people derive considerable benefit. An acute attack, on the other hand, may cut off an old person in a day or two. It is the chronic type only which yields benefit.

Smallpox is a dreaded scourge, so much so that if it be reported that a case exists in a neighborhood a thrill passes through the whole community.

Yet those who suffer from smallpox and recover usually live to a green old age. It seems to renew life in some mysterious way by thoroughly purifying the blood.

If, however, you desire to attain to a ripe old age, you cannot get on at all without rheumatism. Consider the hosts of old folks you encounter hobbling about, grumbling all the day about their bones and joints. In all probability these old people would have been in their graves years before but for this very rheumatism.

The reason is that if rheumatism is in the system it keeps other ills out. It makes a grand fighting force and keeps most other enemies of the human frame at bay, especially those of the germ type.

Very naturally if you have such a grand friend at hand you have to pay something for aid rendered, but the pain of rheumatism, if shockingly severe at times, is not deadly, and that is why one gets so little sympathy when suffering from rheumatism.

But the plain fact is that a slight malady always benefits you, even if indirectly. As an example of that, say a very bad spell of weather comes along, cold and wet, and you contract a slight chill.

What do you propose to do? Why, to take the greatest care of yourself and make as certain as possible that your cold gets no chance of developing into anything worse. Now, did that very slight cold not make its appearance and cause you to be extremely careful of what you did there is no saying what might happen to you any day during a spell of evil, cold weather. You might have exposed yourself so much that a severe chill would have seized you, followed by inflammation of the lungs.

Accordingly a slight cold may easily save you from many worse ills.

In this way minor afflictions act as warnings that worse things are coming along, but unfortunately many persons quite neglect these warnings. A man, for example, has indigestion more or less constantly, yet pays little heed, always expecting that it will disappear one day. Now, if he had just paid attention to the matter at the beginning—heeded the warning, in short—he might not have been let in for a severe liver attack later on.

Every pain, every ache, every headache—all these are warnings that something else is on the way and will be along shortly.—Pearson's Weekly.

An Idea of Business.

"Does your titled son-in-law know anything about business?"

"Well," answered Mr. Cumrox doubtfully, "he has had a lot of experience with promissory notes, and he knows how to get a check raised."—Washington Star.

The Lightweight Champion.

Simpkins—You say that little man was formerly the lightweight champion? Timkins—Yes. Simkins—How did he lose the title? Timkins—Oh, he didn't lose it. He merely sold his grocery and retired.—Chicago News.

[illegible] a virtue is to have its opposite.—Hawthorne.

JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS.

The Way He Came to Write His "Uncle Remus" Stories.

Many great works of genius, as is well known, have been produced by accident, and an author is seldom the best judge of his own work. When Joel Chandler Harris wrote the first of his "Uncle Remus" stories and presented it for publication he did so with a hundred misgivings. He was not sure that his venture in negro folklore would prove successful. He could not know that they would bring him worldwide fame.

At the time described Mr. Harris was a young man of twenty-eight, employed on the Atlanta Constitution. Sam W. Small, afterward a revivalist, who had been writing for the same paper a popular column of negro story and dialect, had just resigned from the staff. The managing editor of the Constitution, wishing to continue the feature, said to Harris one day: "Joel, it seems to me you could do that sort of thing to a tee. See if you can't turn in something tonight."

The young writer's memory flitted back to his early days on a plantation. All the quaint settings of negro life—the little cabins, the fiddling darkies, the wrinkled story teller, the black "mammies," the noisy corn shuckings, the bobtailed rabbits disappearing along the road—came hurrying from the past. Late that afternoon he turned in his copy. The next day his reputation was made.—Current Literature.

TIPPING IN BOHEMIA.

Even the Street Car Conductor Expects His Gratuity.

In the city of Prague a tip to the tramway conductor is considered de rigueur. The orthodox tip consists of but 2 heller, or two-tenths of a penny, yet as "strap hanging" is allowed for in considering the carrying capacity of the car the conductors should have got a goodly pocketful of the minimum coin by each day's end.

Tipping, it was ascertained in another of Bohemia's larger towns, is so fully recognized that the head waiter at a cafe pays a rent for his post, supplies all the journals for the coffee room and looks after the other waiters and then makes an income larger than that of a university professor, all out of his tips.

After supper at one of the delightful open air cafes of the capital it was found that approximately one should give a half krone (fivepence) to the head waiter who took payment, twopence to the underwaiter who brought the viands and a halfpenny to the boy who brought—and even brought again as one glass was finished—the beer.—London Chronicle.

Don't Say Cologne.

She sprinkled eau de cologne liberally in the bath of pink marble. "It is this perfume," she said learnedly, "which makes us think that the town of Cologne must be scented. Johann Maria Farina invented 200 years ago in Cologne a perfume made of the oils of neroli, citron, bergamot, orange and rosemary. He called the perfume after his city, eau de Cologne—water of Cologne. By the same token, had he been a Londoner, he'd have called it eau de London. In that case the illiterate would now think London a scented city, and instead of saying correctly, 'Put a few drops of perfume on my handkerchief,' they would say, 'Put a few drops of London on it.' In fact, it is a very vulgar and silly error to call all perfumes cologne. You might as well call them Chicago or Denver."—New York Press.

No Satisfaction.

The Editor—Eh, what's wrong?

The Correspondent—In that letter of mine that you printed this morning several gross errors were permitted to appear. Look at this. I wrote "Nobody has any desire to impeach the rugged quality of Mr. Skimmerhorn's honesty," and you turned "honesty" into "hosiery." Look at it!

"I see it. And, what's more, I see nothing wrong about it. Anything else?"

"Yes, here's another. This is what I wrote: 'Mr. Skimmerhorn's ripe experience and his respect for honor must not be forgotten.' And you speak here of his 'tripe experience' and his 'respect for Homer.'"

"Yes, that's so. And they're both highly commendable virtues. Good morning, sir."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Hurry Fad.

"Mr. Cleveland," said a Princeton lecturer, "had little sympathy with the rush and hurry that the American business man so complacently affects—no sympathy with train and boat dictation, with the lunch table telephone, the letter phonograph and the other bluffs.

"'Don't rush so,' Mr. Cleveland once said to me. 'Lightning might do a great deal more if it wasn't always in such an awful hurry.'"—Washington Star.

The More Notable.

"Which would you call more notable, the prima donna's debut or her farewell?"

"Her farewell. Wouldn't you?"

"Don't know that I would. She can make but one debut."

One Thing Left.

Elderly Uncle—Spent your entire patrimony, have you, Archibald? Gone through everything? Scapegrace Nephew—Yes, uncle; everything but the bankruptcy court.—Chicago Tribune.

A woman may not be logical when she undertakes to argue, but if she is only pretty enough that doesn't make any earthly difference.—Somerville Journal.

OCEAN LINER'S CARGO.

Four Hundred Husky Longshoremen to Load One Ship.

Down on the wharf the rush was at its height. Under the sputtering bluish arc lights, amid endless clang and rumble, the produce of America came in. From the prairies, the mines and the mills, from the forests, the cotton plantations, tobacco fields, orchards and vineyards, from the oil fields and meat packing houses, from the grimy factories, large and small, ponderous engines of steel, harvesters, reapers, automobiles, bars of silver and yellow bricks of gold, bales of cotton and wool and hides and tobacco, meats, barrels of flour and boxes of fruit, hogshead of oil and casks of wine—tens of thousands of things and machines to make things—piled up on the wharf by the acre. And still all night the teams clattered in and the tugs puffed up with the barges, and from hundreds of miles away the trains were rushing hither, bringing more boxes and barrels and bags to be packed in at the last moment.

In gangs at every hatchway the 400 men were trundling, heaving, straining, a rough crowd, cursing and joking at the hoarse shouts of the foremen, while from the darkness outside heavy black rope nets dropped down to gather gigantic handfuls of cargo, swing them back up to the deck of the ship and then down into her hold. So all through the night and right up to the hour of sailing the rush went on, for the great ocean liner's work is worth hundreds of thousands of dollars a month. And the ship must sail on time.—Everybody's.

HUNTING WILD HORSES.

How Brumbies In New South Wales Are Trapped and Broken.

Hunting "brumbies," as the wild horses are called there, is a favorite sport in New South Wales. Districts like the Clarence and Stephens and Manning river watershed are still the home of numerous droves of brumbies, and hunting them is declared to be a very exhilarating pastime. The first step taken is to stake out a corral and make all secure except a narrow entrance, which can subsequently be gated. On either side of the entrance and projecting from it funnelwise a "booby fence" is prepared.

To the simple minded brumby it presumably looks like a stockade, and pieces of fluttering cotton make it look impregnable. When this is ready, the young bloods, well mounted, gallop out and round up the wild horses, driving them with shouts and much loud snapping of stock whips toward the mouth of the funnel.

In a group of brumbies there is always a leader, and when once the hunters have got the leader heading for the corral they are pretty certain of the rest of the drove. The fluttering cotton rags of the sham fence are sufficient to deter the brumbies from breaking through the flimsy barriers, and in less time than it takes to tell the wild horses are safely corralled and the big gate shut on them.

Then they are left for four and twenty hours without food and water to reflect on the situation, and after that they can be broken in without much difficulty.—London Standard.

Hearn as a Creative Artist.

Hearn's creative faculty began where creation is commonly held to end, with the material given. Of the creative gift in the sense in which the phrase is applied to the poet he had not a particle. He was not a maker, but a shaper. Dr. Gould puts the matter bluntly when he says, "He had no original thing to say, for he was entirely without creative power and had always to borrow theme and plot." And again: "Clearly and patently it was a mind without creative ability, spring or the desire for it. It was a mind improcreant by inheritance and by education, by necessity and by training, by poverty internal and external." The truth in these words becomes evident when one recalls the failure as fiction of every one of Hearn's attempts in this field and the fact that his greatest successes were won in reclothing the ideas of other men.—Forum.

Very Clever.

They tell a story in London of a certain peer who had never before shown the slightest interest in horse racing that he surprised a young man of his acquaintance by asking him apropos of nothing which horse had won the Derby. The young man told him. "That was very clever of him," replied the peer. "Was it the first time he tried it?" The young man stared, but said "Yes." "Then I call it very clever of him," replied the noble but incomplete sportsman, "to win the Derby the first time he tried for it."

Pleasant For the Lender.

"There," said Dubley, adding up the column of figures, "a total of $652. I guess that's all. Oh, no; there's $30 I forgot! Gee! I wish somebody would lend me $682. Can you do it, old man?"

"What for?" demanded Markley.

"Why, I want to get out of debt."—Philadelphia Press.

A Holdup.

De Roads—Mister, I found the dorg your wife is advertisin' a reward uv $5 fer. Mr. Jaw—You did, eh? De Roads—Yes, and if you don't gimme $10 I'll take it back to her. See?—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Made His Mark.

"Well, young Dr. Slicer has made his mark already, hasn't he?"

"Yes; did it on his first case."

"Great Scott! What did he do?"

"Vaccinated him."

ENGLISH TITLES.

Why Inferior Honors Are Sometimes Refused by Commoners.

Although it costs money to be made a peer, no sum can actually buy a British title, as may be done in some European countries. Honors of this description are in the giving of the king, or, rather, his majesty bestows them on persons at the recommendation of the prime minister, who really has the final say in the matter. Titles are conferred either directly or indirectly—directly when no third person recommends a candidate for royal recognition and indirectly when a third person brings a candidate's name forward, he having good and valid grounds for doing so. The former method, however, is the one which is usually adopted. It is the duty of the prime minister to distinguish a name celebrated in politics, science, art or literature and to decide whether the merits of any given prominent person deserve recognition at the hands of the king.

If, in the opinion of the prime minister, such a given person deserves elevation to titled rank, before the minister takes any steps in the matter the favored individual is apprised of the prime minister's intentions by a personal letter, in which is conveyed the degree or title it is proposed to confer on him, subject to his approval. In four out of five cases the approval is given. The fifth person, who may have been offered a knighthood or perchance a baronetcy, refuses because his refusal may increase his chances of obtaining at a later day a higher title still—a peerage. Armed with the person's approval, the prime minister now takes the next step—that is, obtaining his majesty's sanction, which is rarely refused.

It is seldom that a plain "Mr." blossoms straightforward into a "lord" unless the circumstances are very unusual, such as the reason why a peerage was conferred on Mr. Morley or honors conferred on successful generals in the field, as in the case of Wolseley, Roberts and Kitchener. As a general rule a plain "Mr." is transformed into "Sir"—that is, knight or baronet—and one who is already a "Sir" and has done some signal recognition finds his reward in his ultimate service to the state entitling him to royal elevation to the peerage.—Chicago News.

WOMEN OF PARAGUAY.

Patient and Good Natured, Barefooted and White Robed.

Paraguay is rich in local color. The picturesque character of the native population, with their quaint Indian features and habits of everyday life, is interesting to anybody fond of observing strange phases of human life. By nature these people are patient and gentle, seldom complaining, chattering and laughing from sunrise to sunset and taking small thought of what the morrow may have in store for them.

It is hard to imagine how Lopez could have drilled them into fighting material of strength enough to keep in check the combined forces of Argentina, Brazil and Uruguay for five long, weary years, and it speaks volumes for the indomitable energy of the man that he was able to sustain his position for so protracted a time.

Clothing is very much of a superfluity in Paraguay, says the Boston Transcript. The attire of the women is a cotton chemise with a long sheetlike shawl, or manta, passed over the head and around the body in Moorish fashion. The dress of the men is equally simple, consisting only of cotton shirt and trousers. Both sexes are guiltless of foot covering. At times an almost uncanny feeling rises when a group of these white robed, dark haired maidens pass suddenly with the silent tread of unshod feet.

Of a morning in the market places the women folk flock to sell their wares, carrying on their heads the baskets containing the few cents' worth of native produce they have been able to gather together for disposal in the towns. The soft Guarani language, the common tongue of the Paraguayans, adds further charm to the scene.

No Discharge.

"Maggie," said the inexperienced young thing to the cook, "the biscuits were a sight. If you can't do better next time, I will have to discharge you."

"Yo will, will ye?" Maggie retorted. "I'll have ye know, mum, that I've bin workin' out two years, an' I've worked for eighty-nine of the best families in town, an' I ain't never bin discharged yet. I'm leavin' this afternoon fer a better place."—Judge.

None For Her.

"Pop!"

"Yes, my son."

"When a person saws wood it means they say nothing, don't it?"

"Yes, my boy."

"And do women ever saw wood?"

"No; women believe that sawing wood is a man's work."—Yonkers Statesman.

To Make Them Smart.

"Mr. Pedagog is an oldtime teacher. He believes in the rod to brighten up dull boys."

"Well, isn't that the natural way to make them smart?"

The Burned Church.

Jim (regarding damage to church by fire)—Good job it wasn't a factory, Bill. Bill—You're right, mate. Only one man put out of work, and he draws his money.—Punch.

The Rule of Three.

Stella—What is the rule of three?

Bella—That one ought to go home.—New York Sun.

For the Business Man

Mental concentration and overwork means the loss of vitality. Digesto, with its food properties and mild tonic qualities, make this Malt Extract a necessity to every business man.

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U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

Subscribe for the News.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hard ware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $3[illegible].
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Valerya Benko, of Germantown, Minn., who, on June 27, 1901, made H. E. No. 311, Serial, No. 0[illegible]1, for N. E.¼, Section 20, Township 151, N., Range 41, W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 21st day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Charley Hurt, of Mavie, Minn.
Joseph Ptacek, " Germantown, Minn.
Albert Swanson, " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct. 15 nov. 19

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., October 27, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christ Evenson, of Stone, Minn., who on June 21, 1902, made Homestead entry No 2303, Serial No. 0612, for S. E.¼, S. E.¼, Section 11, Township 155, N., Range 41, W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren, Minn., on the 30 day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Peder N. Peterson, of Stone, Minn.
Marten Evenson, " " "
James Johnson, " Strip, "
Carl Hanson, " Viking, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct. 29 nov. [illegible]

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

The rats on the place have been enjoying more or less liberty during the warm weather of the summer and autumn, but as the cold days come on will be seeking their permanent winter quarters in cellar and barn. It is a good idea, therefore, to inaugurate a campaign against them before they get it into their heads that they have a mortgage on the premises. In the line of traps the common steel wire cage and newer guillotine traps are quite effective if properly baited and placed. We have seen as high as fifteen rats caught in the cage trap in one night. In the line of poisons one that is highly recommended by the federal department of agriculture is barytes, or barium sulphate. This should be mixed with cornmeal or graham flour at the rate of one part of poison to nine of the meal and made into a rather stiff dough. Another dope that has been found effective is a batter of flour or meal in which half a teaspoonful of white arsenic has been mixed. It is well in either of these cases to give the rats some of the meal or batter without the poison in order to throw them off their guard. They are wary fellows and are very suspicious of tempting looking food that is placed within easy reach. Another method that has been tried which does not put them out of the way, but merely drives them off to Neighbor Brown's, is to catch one alive and singe the hair a trifle and turn it loose or tie a tiny bell to the neck of one and give it its freedom. In the case of the singed rodent its fellows probably take it for granted that a fire is impending and so vamoose, while in the case of the belled member they doubtless consider that they have been the victims of a practical joke and don't care to stay around. When we remember that the damage done by rats annually is placed at $100,000,000, the need of an effective warfare against the rodents is appreciated.

WHAT WOMEN CAN DO.

While there are only two or three states in the Union in which women can vote on other questions than those in which taxes are voted, the housewives in the other states can perform a substantial as well as patriotic duty by serving notice on the men of the household that they will get nothing to eat on election day if they do not go to the polls and vote. If they don't take this hint they should be driven off the place with a shovel or broom. The liberty and the privileges which we enjoy as citizens of the United States have been bought at a great price, and that man is essentially untrue to his country who does not exercise his right of suffrage, and this holds whether he belongs to this party or that. It is the same men who are interested in thoroughbred grain and stock, crop rotation and other lines of progress who turn out and cast their votes on election day. They are not only up to date farmers, but good citizens as well.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

Not a small measure of the success, thrift and wealth of Danish farmers as a class is traceable to the conditions under which the land is held and the intensive type of agriculture which these conditions make necessary. Denmark has nearly 200,000 farms and farm gardens of ten acres or less, about 100,000 farms of between ten and fifteen acres, while there are less than 1,000 farms in the entire kingdom of 500 acres or over. It is interesting to note in this connection that there are 1,085 co-operative dairies in the country with a membership of 158,170, while a co-operating egg exporting society has 500 local centers. The way things are done in Denmark agriculturally gives a nice illustration of the Latin maxim, "Multum in parvo." In this country it might well be reversed to read, "Parvum in multo"—meager results from an extensive and slipshod type of agriculture.

TWO STOVES.

We have in mind two kitchen ranges about which we knew not long since. The one which was supposed to be a dandy bargain was bought for $19.99 of some distant and irresponsible catalogue house, was poorly made of cast iron and rusted out and went to pieces after it had been used five years. The other was a small sized steel range which cost $48 at the start and after fifteen years of continuous use is today as good as new and is a delight and comfort to the housewife who operates it. There is a case of profit and loss here which most anybody of average intelligence can figure out without being hit on the head with a stuffed club. Prospective stove buyers would do well to take pencil and paper and figure out annual stove cost in both cases, but before doing so should add ten years more life to the steel range.

It is estimated that the purchase of a milking machine is advisable as well as profitable where the dairy contains as many as twenty-five cows. The cost of such an outfit is about $250.

The times when a father gets close to his boy should not be limited to those occasions when he finds it necessary to wield the hazel gad. Should such be the case the vital distance between them will widen as the years go by.

The best way to treat plants that are frostbitten is not to sprinkle them with cold water, as might seem natural, but to put them in a cool place where the frost will come out gradually. The water process makes this altogether too rapid.

The girl who longs for pink finger nails should remember that there is nothing so effective in developing them as brisk circulation of the blood engendered by different forms of housework and by bathing the hands three times a day in warm dishwater. We feel sure that every mother will back us in this recipe.

One of the drawbacks with living in the northern states is found in the fact that neither in winter nor summer does a fellow (used generically) know when he goes to bed at night what thickness of undershirt he is going to need the next day. This may be said to give variety and spice if it does breed catarrh and pulmonary complaints.

While there may be some discussion among dairymen and stock raisers as to the relative value of different kinds of food rations, there is entire agreement when it comes to the necessity of giving the farm animals an abundance of pure fresh water. The sink hole water supply man may be found here and there when it comes to actual practice, but he never takes part in a discussion to defend his practice.

It doesn't take a Jersey bull calf long to develop the idea that he has the capacity to make trouble for any one who may happen to cross his path. If at an early age he could be broken to run the cream separator or to do hauling it would tend to keep him in good physical condition and his temper sweet as well as to produce composure and a sense of security in the minds of those intrusted with his care.

Quite often the work on the farm can be given a new interest for the growing and inquisitive boy through the purchase of a good piece of labor saving machinery, such as a stationary or traction engine, which he will be glad to get acquainted with and operate for the pure amusement which it affords. Another boy of a somewhat different turn of mind would have his interest in things on the farm renewed by the purchase of some kind of thoroughbred stock, in the care of which he should have some financial interest.

If the woodchucks have made their burrows here and there in the orchard and one desires to be rid of them, plug up all but one of the openings with dirt and into the other insert a piece of absorbent cotton moistened with carbon bisulphide and stop up this hole in the same way. If his woodchuckship has begun his winter sleep when the job is done, he won't wake up in the spring. If the holes are thus carefully filled and the occupant put out of business, it will prevent the burrow from becoming a harbor for rabbits during the winter months.

One of the most interesting exhibits of seed grains displayed at the big state fairs this year was arranged by an English firm which has a branch house in Chicago and at one or two eastern points. Magnificent types of wheat, rye and barley were on display, while a breed of improved Swedish oats was shown which weighed fifty pounds to the bushel and which at points in Canada had given yields as high as 120 bushels to the acre. While this type of oats would not do as well in the States because of less favorable climatic conditions, it would doubtless give a yield far superior to that of kinds ordinarily raised.

A dirty creamery patron often raises hob with the butter product of the creamery which he patronizes. We heard of one of these chaps the other day whose filthy cream was finally detected by the foul odor which arose there as it came out of the pipe leading from the driver's wagon to the cream vat. An investigation followed, showing that the conditions under which this cream was produced and cared for were slovenly and dirty beyond description, and as a result the patron was dropped. Filthiness in this fellow's case was either a matter of heredity or had become so fixed as a habit that he was a hopeless case, for he has not yet been reinstated.

An Illinois farmer who has become enthusiastic in the matter of raising sheep claims that keeping sheep on farms whose fertility has been allowed to deteriorate will double the value of the land in the course of seven years. He bases this claim on results which he himself secured in the growing of corn, the average yield before he began raising sheep being fifty bushels per acre, while after he had kept them seven years his acres yielded a hundred bushels. This is without doubt an extreme case, yet points to a most important truth—that lands which have been depleted by grain selling may have their virgin fertility largely restored through the raising of sheep and cattle and the keeping of dairy cows.

Good butter cannot be produced fr bad cream nor a good citizen as a r from a really bad boy. Of the two former is the more hopeless propo tion.

We heard of an agricultural suck the other day to whom an acquai ance recommended quack grass as cellent for a permanent pasture. sowed a patch of land to the pest finds it is quite permanent.

Attention is again being given to old time practice of feeding pi boughs to sheep, it being claimed th the sheep by browsing the boughs pleasure are able to rid themselves some of the ills from which they su fer.

While horses do not consume much salt as cattle, it should neverthe less be placed where they can get it will. A chunk of rock salt placed the manger or feed box answers th purpose very well and at the same tim is an economical method of feeding it.

An important point to remember the care of cream after it comes from the separator is that it should be cool ed to a temperature of 50 degrees b fore it is added to other cream already cooled. If the cream is gathered in th old fashioned way the milk should b put to cool as soon as possible after i is taken from the cows.

Hardly a week goes by but report appear in the daily press of the coun try of some victim who has paid th penalty of his life through being used as a target by some rattle brained idiot, little or big, behind the "unload ed" gun. And a strange thing about it all is that so few people seem to profit by reading of other cases in which some one else has been the executioner and some one else the hapless victim.

Experience with new milk cows and their calves seems to point to the wisdom of not allowing the calf to suck the dam unless she is an inferior milker and it is desired to allow the calf to run with her for several weeks for the purpose of making quick veal. If the calf is allowed to suck for three o four days or until the milk gets go and is then removed, the mother often not let down her milk as s should, with the result that her flow milk is permanently reduce

There is perhaps more s be derived from the quality tity of a crop. This accou delight which the orchard picking large and perfect fr tato or onion raiser in harvesting cr which will class as fancy and farmer in running his fingers throug the stream of plump, well filled grain as it comes from the spout of the thrashing machine or in the resound ing whack which the large, golden even rowed ears of corn make as they go bumping against the throw board.

Nearly every community north and south harbors some son of nature who persists in fishing all summer and letting the county support his family during the winter. Just what is best to do with this sort of truck is a mighty difficult problem, for the laws of the land will not permit of their judicial extermination. We believe that society would justify the government in forcibly taking these fellows and putting them in the army or navy. It is this sort of invited and provoked poverty that makes the working citizen weary.

For the boy and girl in town or rural school education constitutes largely the capital stock with which they are to start out in active life and is bound to be a very important factor in determining the measure of success which they achieve. If this stock in trade is of meager or unsatisfactory character the business of life which is later transacted is going to be the poorer and more destitute on this account. If the child does not realize all this means his parents and teachers should do what they can to make it clear to him.

There is much comfort connect with getting things all in shape for the winter—fuel in the shed, plenty of fodder in the barn, corncribs filled up, plowing all done, water supply handy for the stock, the cellar filled up with vegetables and canned fruits. When this is all done, as it may and should be, the man who has worked fourteen hours a day for five months may look forward to the winter season with pleasure as a time for a measure of rest and recreation. One trouble that too many of us try to get read for winter after it is here, and the there is no fun connected with it.

Somewhat careful inquiry of th representative of one of the leading lightning rod manufacturing concern of the middle west brings out the information that a barn 40 by 60, with two foot posts, could be effectively equipped with rods and wire at a cos of $41.50. This equipment include three rods and enough wire to pr erly ground them at diagonal corne of the barn. Hardly a storm occur during the summer season but report follow of several farmhouses or barns burning as a result of being struck by lightning. If the job of rodding building is properly done by a reliable firm and proper guarantee given that the work is of this character, as nearly complete protection from lightning fire loss is had as is within the range of possibility.

F. E. Trigg

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Announcement.

We wish to announce the installment of new skates and a new military band instrument with new music at the rink. Opening night, Oct. 22nd. with full city brass band.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

John Sorum was in the city last evening, being enroute to Warren to canvass the vote of Marshall county.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

An extensive cattle feeder of the writer's acquaintance has for a number of years fed turnips to the steers in his feed lots, it being his view that, while the food elements which the turnips contained were of little actual value, they served to keep the animals in good condition and to increase their appetite for the regular grain ration.

dry weather which has pre generally over the country the ve weeks has resulted in cutting materially the potato yield. This that there will likely be good for all marketable stock. The grower who has raised a large crop should post himself thoroughly on the general market situation before contracting his potatoes.

An inspection of different sections of the writer's orchard at picking time this fall shows that those portions of the orchard which had been given a vigorous pruning bore fruit of a much better size and quality. It was also noticeable that the results of the spraying treatments were more pronounced, this evidently being due to the fact that the spray was more evenly distributed among the less dense tops.

Users of silos as a class seem at present to be undecided whether the wood stave or cement structure is going to prove the more valuable as a place for storing and preserving the corn plant as a succulent stock ration. As between the two the initial cost is about the same, but covering a period of years the cement structure bids fair to prove the more economical because of its greater durability.

JOHNSON ELECTED AGAIN; TAFT WINS AND SO DOES STEENERSON

O'Brien Is Elected Auditor, Tanberg Elected Treasurer, Anderson County Superintendent, Nelson Sheriff, Michelet County Attorney, and Probate Judge Is in Doubt.

John A. Johnson is elected governor of Minnesota and will have a majority of from 10,000 to 15,000 over Jacob F. Jacobson. Two years ago Johnson's majority in this state was 74,000.

Taft wins with 298 votes according to returns reported at 4 A. M. this morning. National House in senate remains practically unchanged. Gov. Chas. E. Hughes realected in New York by about 75000 plurality. Indiana for Taft by 15000. Nebraska for Bryan. Taft carried New York City by about 11000 plurality and carried New York state by over 200,000, he carried practically every doubtful state. Speaker Cannon reelected by usual majority. Hisgen, Independent Candidate for President carried a large vote in New-York. Mayor Haynes of Minneapolis, elected. Republiaan plurality fell off heavily in middle west. Missouri returned to the "Solid South" on the presidential ticket and elected Cowherd for Governor. C. A. Johnson defeated Burke for Governor of North Dakota. North Dakota legislature about 75 per cent Republicans. S. S. Penwell, Republican, elected Governor of Deleware. Deneen, Republican, elected Governor of Ills. T. P. Marshall, Democrat, probably elected Governor of Indiana. S. Hallenberger, Democrat, is governor of Nebraska. A. J. Pothier, Republican, Governor of Rhode Island. Democrat state ticket elected in Tennessee. Spry, Republican, is Governor of Utah. Saunders, Democrat, is Governor of Virginia. Complete returns will have to be obtained before winning candidate can be announced. Roosevelt watched returns until late hour and sends telegrams of congratulations. W. J. Bryan declines to make statement. Sherman is pleased and is not surprised. Fair weather in practically all parts of the country and vote poll larger than for Roosevelt.

Election day passed off very quietly in Thief River Falls. There was quite a crowd around the voting precincts, but little or no attempt was made to get out the vote and as a result the vote of the city fell just a little below 800. This is accounted for by the fact that unfortunate circumstances caused most of the railroad vote to be out on the road election day, and many of the freight crews either left before the hour of voting in the morning or were unable to reach the city until the ballot boxes were closed. There were many surprises in the city, the chief one being the large vote received by Alex A. Sweaas in the face of the large amount of active work done against him by many prominent citizens. The vote of the city was as follows:

Auditor—O'Brien, 405; Sweaas, 392.
Treasurer—Tanberg, 331; Ohm, 354.
Register of Deeds—Jeffers, 358; Quist, 353.
Sheriff—Nelson, 332; McGinty, 379.
Judge of Probate—Swanson, 187; Tarrant, 480.
Attorney—Michelet, 375; Stanton, 312.
Supt. of Schools—Anderson, 543; Naplin, 181; McAnulty, 212.

Gov. John A. Johnson's supporters did some mighty hard work in Thief River Falls and succeeded in carrying the city by a majority of 66 votes. In the county he will have about 200 majority.

In the county John B. O'Brien defeats Alex A. Sweaas for county auditor by between 400 and 500 votes. Tanberg is again elected treasurer, defeating Ohm by a large majority. Jeffers is elected register of deeds over Quist by a very big majority, and Nelson and McGinty ran a neck-and-neck race for the office of sheriff. Nelson is elected, but by a small majority. The fight for the office of judge of probate is a very close one. With several precincts to hear from Tarrant was just a few votes in the lead. Wilhelm Michelet is in the lead for the office of county attorney and will have a substantial majority over E. M. Stanton. The biggest run of all was made by Herman F. Anderson, candidate for superintendent of schools. He has a majority over both of his opponents, Naplin and McAnulty and carried almost every precinct in the county.

One of the big surprises of the election was the close run between Congressman Halvor Steenerson and Ole O. Sageng. Now one had any idea that this fight would be close. Everyone thought that Steenerson would have a majority of about 4,000 or 5,000 and when the report was circulated about the city that Sageng had won, no one knew what to think. From the Steenerson headquarters in Crookston, however, comes the report that Steenerson is again elected, although his majority, partly estimated, will be only 800.

The election returns were received in the city Tuesday evening from four sources. The Northwestern Telephone company gave free returns at the Hotel Evelyn and on the contest between Jacobson and Johnson the returns of the Northwestern company excelled those of all the others. This was what the people was mostly interested in and a large number received the returns there. The Tri State Telephone company furnished the returns at their headquarters in this city, and having a large number of rural lines in the county, they excelled in giving the returns of the county. At the Antlers Club rooms the general returns were furnished by the Soo's dispatchers office and at the Mozark Roller Rink the Western Union services was posted. Everyone knew the result of the election by midnight.

W. J. LaBree, who was up to Strathcoma yesterday, sent a message to the News to the effect that Jacobson had received a majority of 5,000 at Strathcoma. That is good news and we hope it is true.

County division in Polk county failed to carry, at least this is the opinion of the Crookston Times. Last evening the vote upon the proposition was just even with several townships in the western part of the county that were sure to vote against it to hear from.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$19 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Farmers Attention!

I am again in the market for flax straw, and will pay cash for all you bring in. Straw must be DRY and reasonably free from chaff. Mill will start about November 1st.

A. H. Fasel.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

"The Lieutenant and The Cowboy."

"The Lieutenant and the Cowboy," the new western military drama, which comes to the Evenson Opera House next Saturday night, should not be confounded with the ordinary clap-trap melodrama, for this is a play of sterling worth and is presented by an extremely capable company. No better play can possibly be offered Thief River Falls theatre-goers this season, for the simple reason that nothing superior has been written. "The Lieutenant and the Cowboy" is a tense, heart thrilling drama of the west. It combines the elements of both tragedy and comedy, but so sanely blended that the complete story clings in one's mind long after the performers are forgotten. It is by no means a "gun" play, but two shots being fired during the four acts, and neither of them in view of the audience. It is on the contrary, a strictly high-grade production, well worth the attention of our most critical theatre-goers.

A Big Reduction Sale at Miss Lakin's All Next Week.

$5 and $6 hats at $3.45.

$4 hat, $2.75. Street hats at $1.25.

All caps at 25 cents and 45 cents. Velvet in light and fancy shades suitable for Xmas gifts at a greatly reduced price.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Skeen, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

Subscribe for the News.

Last Call To The Great Stock Reducing and Cash Getting Carnival

Our big Merchandise Carnival will soon be a thing of the past. But before we draw the curtain on this great event, we wish to thank the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity for their hearty and generous co-operation with us in making this Carnival a benefit to all. Their liberal patronage has impelled us to offer bigger and better bargains than have ever before been offered in the history of the city.

To those who have not already taken advantage of this wonderful opportunity, or those who feel that they are not sufficiently supplied

There Still Remains Up To Saturd'y, November 7th, The Last, Best and Greatest Day of All

The offerings of that day will excell the expectations of even the most sanguine. To spend money now is to save mon

You Can Have New Clothes at ACTUAL COST

There is scarcely any requisite that can not be bought now at a saving. A fifty per cent saving is an investment of your money at fifty per cent interest---that is the right way to look at it. When you buy a piece of merchandise, it is good to be assured that underneath the stylish outer appearance are reliable materials and honest workmanship---the best insurance for a long and useful life.

The Quality of the E. & E. Co's. Clothing is as Important as the Prices

The business will continue with the same standards of honesty and integrity which have always marked our dealings with the people. New and up-to-date goods will be added from time to time as needed, so that our reputation for carrying up-to-the-minute styles may be maintained. Of one thing you may be assured, although the prices are the lowest, the quality is always the best. The same courteous treatment which you have always received at this store will always meet you here. We have an ample number of intelligent salesmen to take care of your wants and see that you are satisfied. Our fullest guarantee goes with every article taken out of our store, and by that we mean "GUARANTEE" in every sense of the word. Our motto always has been always will be "A SQUARE DEAL TO ALL," and how we live up to it, we leave to the people to judge.

The E. & E. Company
CLOTHING, SHOES, FURNISHINGS
THIEF RIVER FALLS MINNESOTA.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	94
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.16
Barley	50
Eggs	18c
Butter	20c

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 2.—Wheat—Dec., $1.01⅝@1.01¾; May, $1.06. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.05¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.04⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅝; No. 3 spring, 98c@$1.01½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 2.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.04⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.02⅝; Dec., $1.01⅝; May, $1.05½; Nov., $1.03⅝. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.28⅛; Nov., $1.27½; Dec., $1.26½; May, $1.31.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $3.75@6.05. Hogs—$5.00@5.70. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.30; yearlings, $4.10@4.40; spring lambs, $5.00@5.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Wheat—Dec., 99⅞c@$1.00; May, $1.03⅝; July, 97⅞c. Corn—Dec., 63¼c; May, 62⅝c; July, 62⅛c. Oats—Dec., 48¼@48⅝c; May, 50⅛c; July, 45¼c. Pork—Jan., $16.12½; May, $16.00. Butter—Creameries, 20@27c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs—26c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 10c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.25@7.50; Texans, $3.25@4.80; Western cattle, $3.10@5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.55@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.30; calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, $5.05@5.70; mixed, $5.20@6.00; heavy, $5.25@6.05; rough, $5.25@5.45; good to choice heavy, $5.45@6.05; pigs, $3.25@4.70. Sheep, $2.50@4.60; yearlings, $4.40@5.00; lambs, $4.00@5.00.

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phone 17.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Toal was over from Euclid last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

H. C. Jarr, of Plummer, was in the city Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Fisher.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Representative Opsahl was over from Bemidji last week.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson.

George L. Austin and wife were up from St. Hilaire Sunday.

Andrew Trovoten was down to Crookston the first of the week.

F. T. Satre was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

The circulation of the library for the month of October was 653.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

For Sale—One set heavy work harnesses. Inquire of Frank Chittick.

Mrs. Booren, of Stillwater is in the city visiting her son, Dr. Booren.

Orsen Doe was up from Red Lake Falls Monday visiting with friends here.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. 'Phone 211.

Miss Mary Caldwell was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday visiting with friends.

Charles Latta was up from Plummer Tuesday attending to business matters.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

The family of P. P. Hamre removed to this city the first of the week from Detroit.

An almost new Canton three stroke self-feed hay press for sale cheap. Emil Sedlacek.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bothum were up at Bronson and Halma last week visiting with friends.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. B. J. Falk this afternoon at 3 p. m.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Rev. Thomas B. Smith, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday visiting his uncle, Rev. J. B. Smith.

Ole Thoreson came over from North Dakota Monday to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Found—A ladies comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

Services in the German Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7:30 P. M. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

C. W. Johnson, clerk of courts, was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday visiting with his friends here.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Mrs. P. Swords and Miss Sophia Welber were down to Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with friends.

Martin Moylan left last week for Oregon where he will spend the winter. He has several brothers in the west.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, came up from Crookston last Friday and are guests at the Kretzschmar home.

Baking insurance can be bought any day with a can of Hunt's Baking Powder and Extracts. They insure success.

Do you know that we sell shoes cheaper than our competitors? Try us and be convinced. Langseth Mercantile Co.

C. J. Prior, editor and proprietor of the Bemidji Pioneer, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Wayne Richardson came over from Grand Forks last Saturday, where he is attending college and remained until yesterday.

Tom Lewis was down from Esplee the first of the week and made the purchase of a valuable farm in Marshall county while here.

The Ladies' Aid of the Hauges Cong. will meet with Mrs. Foss on Tuesday, Nov. 10, at 2 o'clock P. M. Cordial invitation to all.

Lost—Two sacks of flax, a canvass to cover a binder and a plow lath. Finder please notify A. O. Sandland, Brunkeberg, Minn.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Hallow'een passed off very quietly in Thief River Falls this year. The boys and girls had fun, but did not damage any property.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Our men's, women's and children's shoes are the best money can buy, none better. They wear and fit too—try a pair. Langseth Merc. Co.

C. M. Wilson came up from Callaway, where he has several contracts, to cast his vote. He says that he will work down there as long as good weather lasts.

When you get 10 per cent discount on our former low price on shoes, you get the biggest shoe bargains in town, and don't you forget it. Langseth Merc. Co.

Synod Church: Services next Sunday at 10:30; English services Sunday evening at 10:45; Sunday school at 9 A. M. Services in the Silverton church at 3 P. M.

A new mail clerk has been put on the Wheatline. He runs out of Thief River Falls four mornings each week and assists the regular clerk as far west as Adams.

O. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, Andrew Melgaard, of Warren and Lauretz Melgaard, of Kennedy, were in the city to spend Sunday, being the guests of their brother, T. L. Melgaard.

"The Trail of the Lonesome Pine" by John Fox, Jr., author of the "Little Shepard of Kingdome Come" was received at the library last week. There has been considerable call for this book.

For the next two weeks we will give 10 per cent discount from our former low prices on all our men's women's and children's leather shoes. If you are wise investigate this offer. Langseth Merc. Co.

Ada district of Hauges Synod will have a 4 days meeting in Beth-A Zion Congregation, in New Solum, and Viking, beginning Thursday, Nov. 5. Many visiting Pastors will come and a blessed time is expected.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from Berry's gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Fred Daniels, an expert watchmaker and jeweler, formerly foreman of the watch repair department of the Johnson Jewelry Manufacturing company, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city yesterday and will have charge of the jewelry department in the City Drug and Jewelry Store.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Ole C. Branna's family went to Thief River Monday to take up their residence there, Ole having traded his farm for a home in that city. Ole locates his family there for the school advantages to be obtained, but he will himself be around Middle River the most of the time.—Middle River Pioneer.

Adam Zeh, formerly county auditor of Red Lake county, but who for the past two years has been located out in Montana where he is engaged in railroad work, arrived here last week to visit his brothers, Phil and Emil E. Zeh. His family resides at Red Lake Falls and he expects to stay in Minnesota until after the holidays.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judges Baker, Grosscup and Seaman, in the United States circuit court at Chicago, took under advisement the complaint of eleven railroads, operating between Chicago and the Missouri river against the ruling of the interstate commerce commission reducing the rates between the Mississippi and the Missouri rivers by 3 cents a hundred pounds when applied to through transportation from the Atlantic seaboard.

Ten million dollars in round figures out of a total of $18,000,000 put up by investors for the bankrupt Chicago and Milwaukee Electric Railway company has gone into something else besides construction, according to reports of certified accountants to the receivers appointed by Federal Judge Peter S. Grosscup.

The National Woman's Christian Temperance union convention at Denver adopted with practical unanimity a resolution commending the efforts of the churches to defeat the re-election of Joseph G. Cannon as a member of congress.

Saturday's football scores: Carlisle 16, Navy 6; Harvard 6, Brown 2; Army 0, Princeton 0; Nebraska 11, Iowa 8; Illinois 10, Indiana 0; Chicago 29, Minnesota 0; Wisconsin 9, Marquette 6; Michigan 24, Vanderbilt 6.

The supreme court of Massachusetts, in making permanent an injunction against several labor unions, ruled that labor unions cannot impose fines on their members in order to force them to go out on a strike.

Three suits for $100,000 each against William R. Hearst, principal, and others were begun in the superior court at Chicago by Jacob J. Kern, Democratic candidate for state's attorney for Cook county.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

More than a score of people were injured, several dangerously, by a fierce fire in the eleven-story Neave building at Cincinnati. One young woman, crazed by fear, tore herself free from restraining friends and jumped from a tenth floor side window to an adjoining roof five stories lower down, being dangerously injured. Broken glass injured some, scorching flame placing its mark on others.

Thirty persons were injured, several of them seriously, when a coal train on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad crashed into a street car of the Wyoming Valley Traction company at Dorranceton, Pa.

The greater portion of the thickly housed summer colony at Salisbury Beach, Mass., was wiped out by a fire which destroyed more than one hundred cottages.

One life probably lost, seventy horses burned and much property loss resulted from a fire at Shea's livery barn at St. Paul.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

With 50,000 men unemployed and 10,000 of them homeless and sleeping in the city's parks New York city faces a humanitarian problem for which a new solution has just been offered by the shelter committee of the unemployed bureau. Through the suggestion of H. T. McCormick, chairman of the committee, Dock Commissioner Spooner has written the corporation counsel's office for permission to turn several of the recreation piers into shelters.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that the feeling of confidence is becoming more general and the volume of business is also accelerated by seasonable weather.

The new uniform bill of lading, approved by the interstate commerce commission, has gone into effect on 416 railroads in the official classification territory.

Pleasant For the Bride.

At the close of a wedding breakfast a gentleman noted for his blunders rose to his feet, causing keen anxiety to all who knew him. "Ladies and gentlemen," he cried genially, "I drink to the health of the bridegroom. May he see many days like this!"

Poor Board.

"I see," said Mrs. Starvem, "that a certain scientist claims we'll soon get a palatable food from wood!"—

"Well," growled the cranky boarder, "it seems impossible to get it out of board."—Philadelphia Press.

It is a brief period of life that is granted us by nature, but the memory of a well spent life never dies.—Cicero.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil is the means of life and enjoyment of life to thousands: men, women and children.

When appetite fails, it restores it. When food is a burden, it lifts the burden.

When you lose flesh, it brings the plumpness of health.

When work is hard and duty is heavy, it makes life bright.

It is the thin edge of the wedge; the thick end is food. But what is the use of food when you hate it and can't digest it?

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the food that makes you forget your stomach.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Oct. 31, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, Oscar
Bakkum & Skallet
Christenson, Miss Lillian
Dahl, Otto
Egan, M. J.
Erickson, J. M.
Fuller, Geo. F.
Granmo, Bertha P.
Jolander, Dick
Kjos, E. O.
Kosin, T.
Larkin, Ole
Laffon, Eugine
Monson, T. J.
Pederson, Miss Annie
Plastrenan, Chacay
Sorenson, Alfred
Soderberg, Mrs. Inga
Skvetno, John
Vattendahl

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

It should doubtless be deemed a matter of rejoicing that the ice bill tapers off a trifle by the time the coal bill begins to loom large on the horizon.

If the piece of ground which is intended to be set to fruit trees next spring is given a fairly deep plowing this fall it will simplify matters a good deal next spring in the matter of working up the soil to the proper mellowness before the trees are set.

It is said that a cupful of boiling hot water poured on the growing cabbage just as it is beginning to head will kill any worms that may be on the plant, yet will not do it any serious injury. One who has tried this plan says that fine heads were secured from plants treated in this fashion.

If extensive pruning has been done in the orchard the past season it will be well to go over the trees before cold weather sets in and paint the exposed cuts made by the saw with a rather thick coat of good white lead and oil. This will keep out the moisture and weather and tend to prevent rot fungi from getting in their work.

Here is a fertilizer item which will bear often repeating: Every load of barnyard manure put on the land is worth not less than $1 to the man who does it. A rotation of clover of two years is worth *in fertilizing value* as much as ten big loads of manure to the acre, and the man who sows it has a profitable crop while doing it besides. If one has yellow corn on the hills it means that the land is calling for clover or manure and perhaps both.

While it is advisable for the farmer who has not been keeping sheep to work into the business as soon as possible, it is well to start with a comparatively small number, say twenty or thirty. The habits and requirements of the animals can be studied to better advantage in this way and experience gained which will be indispensable in the handling of a larger flock. If trouble should be encountered it will be correspondingly less with the smaller number.

The work of the kitchen is immensely simplified if a first class steel range constitutes one of the aids in doing the work. Not only is the food better cooked and more satisfactory all around, but such a range can be operated with much less fuel consumption than is required in the case of cheaper iron stoves, which can be got for half the price. Stove and fuel economy is not realized by buying the cheapest thing on the market. A good stove is cheap at a high figure, while a cheap and shoddy one is expensive at the lowest price that could be had.

Suggestions sent out by the dairy divisions of the department of agriculture at Washington contain the following plain directions relative washing of the dairy utensils. In wa ing use only pure water. First the utensils in warm water wash inside and out in hot wat which a cleansing material has dissolved and rinse again. Then with boiling water or steam and inverted in pure air and sun if p ble until wanted for use. If the rections were carried out faithfully every dairyman and creamery pat one of the most prolific sources of p butter would be done away with.

The northeast slope is the best for orchard for the reason that in the w ter months, when the chief dama from thawing and freezing is done, the rays of the sun shine much less direc ly than they would were the land p fectly level or did it have an equa pitch to the south. Besides, when the trees are located on the northerly slope the ground does not thaw so quickly in the spring, and this tends to hold the whole process of sap and leaf development in check, thus delaying the blossoming period. In this way the blossom buds are kept dormant, so that they are able to stand the M freezes, which so often ruin the fru crop.

While in the very earliest and subsequent history of the Hebrews their occupation was largely pastoral an *agricultural*, in modern times a r markably small number are thus oc cupied. Figures taken from the annual report of the Jewish Agricultura and Industrial Aid society show th there are at present 1,346 Jewish farm ers in this country. Of this numbe Connecticut has 256, Arkansas 20, Illinois 17, Indiana 14, Massachusetts 48, Michigan 65, Minnesota 10, New Jersey 831, New York 252, North Dakota 176, Wisconsin 20, while still smaller numbers are found in several other states. A definite effort is now being made by the society referred to to get the poorer class of Jewish immigrants to engage in farming rather than flock to the cities, as has been their wont in the past.

Growers of potatoes on a semi mercial scale have sustain from the inroads of bugs a this year, which bring most f to their attention the need o tematic course of spraying in hold these pests in check. An e spraying outfit can be had for a m est outlay of cash, while the bordeaux mixture will stop the blight, and the paris green added to the same solution will put a quietus on the bugs. We know of several fields of a number of acres in extent which this year produced practically nothing owing to damage from these two sources. While the bug nuisance is bad one year and perhaps slight the next, the damage from blight, early and late, seems to be increasing steadily from year to year.

NOTICE

We are pleased to announce to the public that our bargain sale the past two week has been a great success, and we have decided to continue the sale two weeks longer, from Nov. 1 to Nov. 14. This greatest of all sales will positively end on Saturday, Nov. 14. One more word: if you are wise do not miss this sale. We welcome everybody.

Yours for business,

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

OLD VILLAGE LOCKUP.

Quaint Structures For Confinement of Rogues and Vagabonds.

Several villages in the midlands possess in more or less ruined state their old parish lockups, commonly known as roundhouses.

Breedon, a Leicestershire village, close to the South Derbyshire border, possesses its "lockup," a quaint stone building, eighteen feet high and eight feet six inches diameter inside. The walls are fifteen inches thick. The door is of stout oak, studded with many large iron nails.

The lock is very strong, and the keyhole is covered with an iron plate, which itself has to be unlocked by a spanner before the door key can be inserted. Ventilation is afforded by small holes punched in an iron plate, six inches by seven, fixed in the center of the door. There is no window.

At Worthington, the next village to Breedon, the old lockup is a seven sided brick building, badly in need of restoration, an opportunity for archaeologists which it is hoped will not be missed. Both at Breedon and Worthington these diminutive disused prisons are on the roadside adjacent to the pound, or pinfold, so that the constable had conveniently side by side the strayed cattle and any human rogues or vagabonds he had charge of. There are similar old lockups at Smisby and Ticknall, two villages close to Leicestershire.—Sheffield (England) Telegraph.

BLUSH IF YOU CAN.

It Is a Sign of an Active Brain, Declares a Scientist.

Sir Arthur Mitchell, K. C. B., of Edinburgh, who knows much that is strange about dreams, laughter and other commonplace human characteristics, has advanced the consoling theory that blushing is an achievement of which every one who can blush should be proud.

He says it requires brains to blush. Idiots cannot blush; neither can animals. Sir Arthur calls attention to the fact that tiny infants do not blush, although they learn to at an early age just as soon, in fact, as the brain begins to exercise its functions. In blushing, he says, the mind always must be affected. It is always and only a bodily expression of a mental state.

It is a natural thing for a blusher to say that he had tried not to blush. No individual blushes of his own free will. The blush arises without call instantaneously and vanishes almost as quickly. Neither for its coming nor its going is there any exercise of volition. It is controlled, Sir Arthur says, solely by the brain and is a positive sign that there is an active brain there.—New York World.

Boissier's High Priced Autograph.

A good Boissier-Renan anecdote is told by a French paper. One day Boissier arrived at Renan's home with a beaming face, saying: "Now I'll tell you a piece of news that will humiliate you. My autograph has fetched a higher price than yours." "That does not surprise me," Renan said serenely. "And where did you hear this?" It then turned out that at an auction a day or two before a Renan autograph had been sold for 3 francs and a Boissier for 5. "Well," Renan went on, "now let me tell you the reason. There were three faults in the spelling of your letter, which is now lying here on my writing table. A friend of mine was at the auction and made a higher bid for the letter after noticing the artificial gems that adorned your prose. He brought it to me in order that I might return it to you instead of reaching the public, which might get a bad impression of the accomplishments of members of the French academy."

Got Near It.

A primary teacher was presenting to her class selections from the story of Hiawatha preparatory to taking up the "Hiawatha Primer." The story was prefaced by a few remarks in regard to the poet and his love for children. In reviewing the lesson she asked:

"How many remember the name of the poet who wrote this story?"

Up went many hands.

"You may tell us, Sarah," added the teacher, noticing the little one wildly waving her hand in her intense eagerness to respond.

"Mr. Longlegs," said the child, with evident pride.—Lippincott's.

A Quaint Critic.

A noted woman teacher once spoke before a class of school children on literature. She had spent a week writing the speech. She read it to the little ones, as she hoped, with great success, but the next day she heard that a boy on being asked by his mother what had happened at the school replied carelessly:

"Oh, nothing much, except that a lady talked to herself on a piece of paper."

Just the Contrary.

Bessie was just finishing her breakfast as papa stooped to kiss her before going downtown. The little one gravely took up her napkin and wiped her cheek.

"What, Bessie," said her father, "wiping away papa's kiss?"

"Oh, no," said she, looking up, with a sweet smile; "I's wubbing it in."

A Bad Spell.

"Poor Jack! He never could spell, and it ruined him."

"How?"

"He wrote a verse to an heiress he was in love with and he wrote boney [illegible] honey."

[illegible] man should not refuse a [illegible].—Herodotus.

AUCTION SALE!

Tuesday, Nov. 10, 1908.

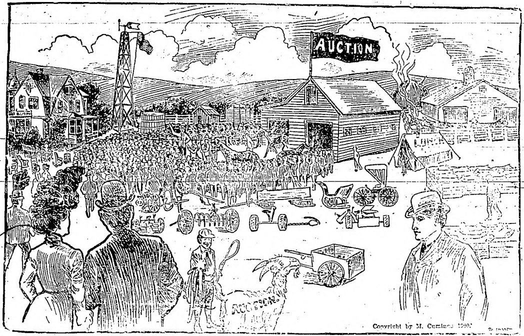

Copyright by M. Cumings 1907

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock on Tuesday, November 10, 1908, I will sell at public auction the property named below at the Pescinski farm, located on section 27, town of Clover Leaf, two miles northwest of Brunkeberg postoffice.

4 milch cows.

1 bay horse, 5 years old, weight about 1200 lbs.

1 bay horse, 7 years old, weight about 1150 lbs.

1 roan mare, 9 years old, weight about 1100 lbs.

2 spring calves.

Household goods.

1 John Deere gang plow.

1 walking plow.

2 narrow tire farm wagons, 1 with hay rack and one complete.

1 Champion mower.

1 Plano hay rake.

1 cream separator.

15 tons hay in stack.

And other articles too numerous to mention.

HOT LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT NOON

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash; over that amount bankable paper due Nov. 1, 1909.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer. ALEX PERSCINSKI, Owner.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 3, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Werner, of Germantown, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1903, made Homestead Entry, No 632, Serial no. 0951, for S. W.¼, Section 10, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Fred Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thom Bednarcis, " "
Joseph Duchamp, " "
Ole P. Nelson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct 8 nov 12

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 1, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Nils Pederson of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 22nd, 1908, made Homestead Entry No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. E. Section 22, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 9th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Andrew Myhrestad, of Arton, Minn.
John Baner, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Lars Mateso, " "
Ole Homme, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct. 1 nov 12

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest. . . . .

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
.. EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

ALL DEALERS

You can get what you want from the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, cut glass, novelties, umbrellas, optical goods etc.

Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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HIS BUTTER IS STRONG.

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Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
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Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
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Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
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Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.
I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.
It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

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DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

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FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

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Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PLAN UNDERGROUND RAILWAY

Lieutenant N. Victorin Has a Great Transportation Project for the City of Stockholm.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Lieutenant N. Victorin has drawn up a plan for the building of an underground railway in the heart of the city comprising the distance between King street and the Norrland section of the city. It is an elaborate project and will involve an expenditure of 1,500,000 crowns. The lieutenant and his friends will during the next few months endeavor to secure a substantial appropriation from the riksstad for this purpose. A number of the representatives of the riksstad have spoken very favorably of the project and judging from what they say it is very possible that a substantial appropriation may be forthcoming.

Recent dispatches from Russia state that the Swedish exhibit at the recent industrial exposition at St. Petersburg won for this country the unstinted praise of all who visited the department. In the first place the Swedish department was the only one which was complete in every detail when the exposition opened and this naturally centered the attention of the public upon it. The press was uniform and generous in the amount of space given in their reports of this department, and the Swedish manufacturers are pleased over the splendid showing made.

Professor K. Hallenbofer, superintendent of a ladies' seminary in Madgeburg, Germany, is at present the guest of the board of directors of the public schools of Stockholm, having come there for the purpose of making a thorough study of the Swedish school system. The professor will also visit Gothenburg and will afterwards journey to Christiania, where he will study the school system of that city. He is especially interested in the Sloyd departments and proposes to introduce the Swedish Sloyd system in the schools of Madgeburg.

Dr. Sven Hedin, the eminent Asiatic explorer, who reached Bombay, India, Oct. 6, and who went from there to Japan, is expected to return to Stockholm about Nov. 15. He is making his home journey from Japan via Siberia. Elaborate arrangements are being made by the Academy of Sciences for his reception, and King Gustav will tender him a reception at the royal palace on the evening of Nov. 7, when the leading scientists of the country will be present to do honor to the distinguished guest.

Reports from all sections of the country show that the crops this year have on an average been very good, and that there will be a good price on small grains and potatoes. In the southern section of the country there was an exceedingly large potato crop and it was of a very good variety. The business interests are rapidly recovering from the effects of last season's industrial depression and business men generally are looking into the future with renewed hope and courage.

The number of school children which are at present receiving instruction in the public schools of Stockholm are 25,780. Last year at this time the number of school children in attendance were 25,492, thus showing an increase in the number in attendance of 288. A great deal of interest is taken by all the citizens in the public schools of the capital, and pupils from twelve to fifteen years of age are taught to converse readily in German and French.

During the past year not less than $3,000,000 has been spent for public improvements in the city of Stockholm. It seems peculiar that the city can afford to expend so much money for public improvements when labor conditions have been so depressed as they have been during the past year. But the Stockholmians are proud of beautifying their streets and save no labor and expense in increasing the improvements from year to year.

The Swedish king will, as has been stated beforehand, be the guest of President Fallieres of France in Paris during the early part of December. On his journey on the continent King Gustav will also be the guest of King Frederick in Copenhagen and Emperor William of Germany at Berlin. Elaborate receptions are under way for him at these cities.

The building of the new naval station will involve an expenditure of [illegible],000,000 crowns. The site committee has not yet been able to make any suggestions to the riksstad as to where the new naval station is to be erected but many are of the opinion that it will be located in the vicinity of [illegible].

The revenues of the government have been considerably decreased during the past few months. The total decrease for the months since the year commenced are placed at [illegible], as against the receipts for this period of last year.

The Gotha canal has during the past season enjoyed an unusually heavy traffic, a total of 3,000 foreign tourists passing through the canal this season. Ten years ago the traffic was not one-third as large as now.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

The creamery industry in Norway is forging ahead at a rapid rate. In 1855 there was only one creamery in the country, viz., at Tolgen. Now there are 750 creameries and cheese factories in the country, which receive 200,000,000 liters of milk per year, bringing over 16,000,000 crowns to the producers. There are four milk condensing establishments in the country, which consume about 28,000,000 liters of milk per year, paying therefore about 2,700,000 crowns. Adding this amount of milk which is sold by the producer direct to the consumer it is safe to say that the annual income from the production of milk in Norway is not less than 30,000,000 crowns in value.

An exchange tells us that the unpublished works of Henrik Ibsen will soon appear. For a number of years the manuscripts have been kept as valuable curiosities in the library of the university of Christiania. The works are mostly productions of the poet's younger days, some finished and some unfinished. "St. Hans-Natten," a comedy, acted in Christiania in the early 50's, but never published, is among the posthumous works of the great dramatist. The collection consists of both poems and plays.

The unveiling of the Abel monument which will take place in the near future will be a great event in the Norwegian capital. A Christiania business man has already donated 1,000 crowns to the festal committee and a great musical program has been arranged. The Bjornson-Sinding cantata will be rendered on this occasion and the university students will give a grand concert, which will be attended by the king and other high dignitaries.

According to latest reports it has now been definitely decided that there will be a new Scandinavian-American steamship line, but it will not be an independent Scandinavian enterprise as at first intended. Foreign capital will be used and Bergen will be headquarters for the new company. The latter city is already the terminus of the new national railway and is thus an excellent place to establish headquarters.

The Bohnsdalens paper mill was recently destroyed by fire, entailing a loss amounting to 600,000 crowns. The paper mill was erected in 1883 by the Bach-Wilg company, and afterwards some English capital was secured.

Lehar's new operatte entitled "The Man with Three Crowns," has proved a failure. The manager of the National theater purchased the play some time ago, but decided not to render it.

Of the 500 paintings and caricatures which were received not long ago by the National Art exhibition, 409 were refused. The road to fame is for an artist strewn with many thorns.

The postoffice receipts in Norway during the fiscal year are very gratifying. They amounted to 7,151,630 crowns, leaving a net surplus of 401,630 crowns.

About 18,000 crowns' worth of tobacco has been raised by farmers in the vicinity of Bergen this year. Nearly all this tobacco will be shipped to England.

Gabriel Scott is writing a comedy entitled "The Tower of Babel." The play will be rendered in the Norwegian capital in the near future.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A sailor of Danish birth now in the hospital in this city is the object of the kindly inquiries of two of the world's rulers. His name is Viggo Pedersen, and both the king of Denmark and President Roosevelt are solicitous for his recovery. Pedersen was until recently attached to the Mayflower, the president's yacht. He suffered an accident, and believing that he could not live, returned to Copenhagen, his native city, to die. Mr. Roosevelt kept track of Pederson's movements and wrote a letter to Minister Egan, asking him to call on the injured man and convey the president's hopes for his recovery. While at the hospital Mr. Egan learned the king was aware of President Roosevelt's interest in Pedersen and had sent orders that he be given every attention. Pedersen was especially pleased at the interest taken in his case and it was said at the hospital recently that he will undoubtedly recover.

Dr. T. Madsen, the well known bacteriologist and president of the Royal Serum Institute, Copenhagen, returned a few days ago from St. Petersburg, where he has been studying during the worst cholera epidemic on record for a number of years. Mr. Madsen claims that the River Neva is teeming with cholera bacilli and that the Russian authorities were not aware of the fact. He related it as a curious fact that there was not a single case where any member of the clergy had been affected by the disease, but it developed later that they do not drink the water from the river, drinking light wines instead.

Carl von Moltke, former charge d'affaires in Rome, has been appointed Denmark's envoy to Washington, D. C. He is about forty years old and is considered one of Denmark's ablest diplomats. His wife is an American and was formerly Mrs Van Rensselaer Thayer of Boston.

C. H. Hanson, the Danish consul at Chicago, has resigned and will most likely be succeeded by George Bech, a Danish attorney, who was formerly Danish vice consul at Buenos Ayres.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Henry Wolfer, warden of the Minnesota state prison at Stillwater, in his biennial report to the board of control, recommends that some system of earnings be devised as compensation for prisoners. He says this would give them an interest in their work and would support their families while they are in prison. He suggests that the earning capacity be gauged according to the prisoner's diligence, industry and mental and moral improvement.

The Minnesota tax commission will be asked to make a reassessment of real estate in St. Paul to remedy alleged inequalities complained of. A verified complaint has been drawn by Corporation Attorney J. C. Michael and when this is signed by the mayor will be presented to the state commission. The complaint states that for the last ten years the city assessor has been hampered by lack of funds to do the work thoroughly.

Nearly one-third of the population of the state prison at Stillwater is composed of men who were laborers. The farmers come next in the number of representatives, with sixty-seven. There are twenty-six cooks and the same number of painters. The learned professions have a small representation, there being two physicians, three lawyers, one clergyman and one schoolteacher.

The state of Minnesota packed 4,408,190 cans of vegetables this season. The most popular vegetable is corn, of which 2,824,390 cans were packed. Each one of the seventeen factories operating in the state put up some corn. Other vegetables packed were beans, peas, string beans, tomatoes and pumpkin.

St. Paul has secured another large mercantile concern through the efforts of the Business league of St. Paul. The latest acquisition to St. Paul's industries is the American Naval Stores company of Savannah, Ga., which will shortly open a branch plant there.

The Colvill commission met at the state capitol and after definitely accepting the design of Mrs. George J. Backus of Minneapolis for the statue of Colonel William Colvill allowed a preliminary estimate of $1,500 for the work.

The St. Paul board of fire commissioners has decided to ask an appropriation of $390,000 from the city for fire protection during the coming year. Last year the budget was $325,000.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

August Anderson, the cashier of the Bank of Kensington, who confessed to a shortage in his accounts, was sentenced at Alexandria to Stillwater for a term of one year by Judge Baxter. The citizens of Kensington united in a plea for the court's clemency. The fact that this money was taken for wheat speculation six years ago and that Anderson during these intervening years has been endeavoring to make good the loss created a strong sympathy in his favor.

A shocking accident occurred at the home of C. E. D. Mettner, near Lester Park, a suburb of Duluth. Thomas, the twelve-year-old son of the family, and Mary, the four-year-old daughter, were playing with a fulminating cap used for setting off glycerin. It exploded and literally blew the hand off the little girl.

Jonas Bystrom of Tower had both hands blown off and his face badly disfigured. Mr. Bystrom with his brother had gone hunting in their gasoline launch and in stepping from the boat the gun was accidentally discharged, blowing off both hands and burning Mr. Bystrom's entire face.

Freer's livery barn at Heron Lake, with seven horses, carriages and harness, was destroyed by fire. It took great effort by the fire company to save the town.

Robbers entered the general store of Ernest Fleming at Bena and blew the safe, making away with $250 in currency, $200 in stamps and $300 in checks.

Two masked men, armed with revolvers, entered the grocery store of Tom Sullivan at Minneapolis and robbed the proprietor of $30.

OBITUARY.

Joseph B. Robbins, owner of the Marlborough and other flat buildings in St. Paul and active in G. A. R. and Masonic organizations of that city, is dead from the effects of blood poisoning resulting from a wound on his foot caused by stepping on a rusted nail.

Thomas J. Howe, one of the best known citizens of Southern Minnesota, is dead at his home in Owatonna after an illness of long duration. Mr. Howe, who was eighty-one years old, was one of the pioneers of Owatonna, settling there in 1865.

J. B. Martell is dead at Rush City, aged seventy-seven years. He was one of the pioneer settlers and engaged in mercantile pursuits there for many years. He held many public offices.

Mrs. Mattie A. Cummins, wife of John R. Cummins and a resident of Minnesota since the territorial days is dead at Minneapolis, aged seventy one.

Adolph Remmler, prominent business man and pioneer brewer of the West, is dead at his home in Red Wing, aged seventy years.

JURY'S CRITICISM CAUSTIC

Result of Minneapolis Board of Education Probe.

Declaring that the investigation of the affairs of the Minneapolis board of education has disclosed a "startling and deplorably loose state of affairs" the Hennepin county grand jury made a report dealing with the results of its investigation.

In addition to severely criticising the board of education and suggesting changes which should be made in the board methods the grand jury discusses the enforcing of the law. Altogether the report is one of the most complete and startling documents ever been presented to the district court by a Hennepin county grand jury.

Not only does the grand jury, in dealing with the school board investigation, criticise members of the board of education and employes of the board, but the American Book company and its agent in Minneapolis, Major A. W. Clancy, are arraigned for their connection with the board of education. Going further, the grand jury charges that Major Clancy has taken an active interest in the election of members of the Minneapolis board of education and that he has taken a hand in state politics and in the choice of a state superintendent of schools.

OPEN ANOTHER RICH MINE

Property Will Help Swell State's Enormous Revenue.

The state auditor's office has received a report from F. A. Wildes, state mine inspector, stating that another mine, the Leonidas, near Eveleth, had been opened and that twenty-six cars of ore had been shipped therefrom. The inspector says that this property in the next few years will develop into one of the largest mines in Minnesota and will represent almost every phase of mining—open pit, milling pit and underground. The amount of ore in prospect in this mine, as reported by the owners to the state tax commission, is 4,324,382 tons.

The state has now in force 346 mineral leases, of which sixty are in the minimum royalty class; that is, the leaseholders must pay 25 cents per ton on 5,000 tons annually, whether they mine a ton of iron ore or not.

The holders of the remaining 286 leases pay a rental of only $100 a year. If, however, the land under any lease is within one mile of a railroad then after five years from the date of issue of the lease it passes into the minimum royalty class.

TWINE PLANT TO RESCUE

Revenues Will Reduce Amount State Must Borrow.

The state twine plant promises to pay $1,000,000 into the state treasury during November and as a result it is expected that the state will get along with borrowing $500,000 instead of twice that amount usually borrowed at this time of the year.

Large payments are now being made to aid schools of the state and the large taxes are not payable until next March. The state will have to sell a large amount of warrants, but less than expected.

BLOWS HIMSELF TO PIECES

Farmer Suicides by Exploding Dynamite on Breast.

John Sareen, a Finnish farmer, fifty-three years old, living near Thomson, a few miles from Duluth, because of family troubles and a pending lawsuit killed himself by exploding a stick of dynamite on his breast.

He calmly awaited the awful end. The explosion was terrific.

Pieces of his body, scattered far, were picked up in a gunny sack by people attracted by the explosion and were taken to Cloquet for interment.

Loot Store in Broad Daylight.

A daring daylight robbery was perpetrated at 3 o'clock in the afternoon in the presence of 200 people at the Muenze grocery store, North Minneapolis, when three robbers backed a wagon up to the front door and stole $35 worth of goods. The proprietors, the Muenze brothers, had gone down town to purchase supplies and had locked their store. Directly across the street from the store a crowd of at least two hundred people were watching a football game and saw the robbers drive up and, after loading the wagon, drive away with their plunder.

Fatally Burned in Fire.

Charles Smith, a negro, twenty-six years old, was fatally burned in a shed in the Barrett & Zimmerman yard at Midway, near St. Paul. The man's head, arms and shoulders were burned to a crisp. Smith says his home is in Moxville, S. C., and that he was returning from Seattle and, having no money, slept in the outbuilding. Smith says he had a companion with him, but no trace has been found of another man. Smith died ten hours after being taken from the burning building.

Dies Suddenly in Jail.

C. K. Austin, forty-eight years of age, whose home is thought to be in Chicago, died suddenly in the county jail at St. Paul. Coroner Arthur W. Miller was notified and after an examination of the body decided that death resulted from alcoholism.

Drowns With His Team.

Gust Krenke of Lyon county and the team he was driving were drowned through an accident which occurred while he was driving homeward from Tyler. He is said to have been intoxicated.

BANDITS KILL MAN

Attempt to Rob Pool Hall in Duluth Suburb.

VICTIM THOUGHT IT A JOKE

Walks Toward the Holdup Men and Is Shot Through the Heart.

John M. Connolly, twenty-two years old, a fireman on the Missabe and Northern railroad, was murdered in a pool hall at Proctor Knott, a suburb of Duluth, by robbers. Connolly's home was at New Richmond, Wis.

Henry J. Huber, a Missabe road conductor, was beaten over the head with the butt of a heavy revolver when he impulsively advanced on the bandits.

There were five men in the pool hall when the two masked men entered. Their first appearance did not cause alarm, for it was believed they were friends perpetrating a Halloween joke.

When the masked men called out "Hands up," Conductor Huber replied:

"You're only fooling. This is a Halloween joke."

"Not by a d——d sight! We mean business," declared one of the highwaymen.

Reluctantly four of the victims put up their hands. Connolly started to walk towards one of the robbers and did not stop when ordered to. His approach was interpreted as a possible menace and one of the robbers shot him at short range, the bullet entering his heart. Connolly died almost instantly.

Huber started forward in the excitement and was struck a blow over the head with the butt end of the revolver in the hands of the other robber.

Both of the masked men then took a hasty departure, covering their flight to the door with their guns and threatening death to any one who attempted to follow.

NINETY-EIGHT HORSES DEAD

Man May Have Perished in St. Paul Livery Stable Fire.

One man probably was burned to death, ninety-eight horses were cremated and a number of valuable carriages destroyed and a near panic started in the Angus hotel by a fire which destroyed the livery stable of John C. Shea at St. Paul.

Sensational escapes were made by fourteen men who slept in the building, but as one man, Olaf Johnson, is missing it is believed that he perished in the flames.

The Angus hotel is very near the livery stable and the fire burned with such rapidity that it nearly caused a panic among the guests and but for the cooler heads some must have been injured in the rush for the open air.

The loss on the stable and contents is placed at $40,000. There were sixty horses belonging to the Shea livery stable and thirty-eight belonging to the Igo Express company.

THREE KILLED BY TRAINS

Series of Fatal Accidents Occur in Minneapolis.

Railroad accidents caused three deaths of employes in Minneapolis in twelve hours. Samuel Thompson, a switchman for the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, was killed on the Eighth avenue south viaduct. He was switching and slipped, falling between the cars, which passed over his body.

M. L. Winkenworder, a switching foreman, died at the Minneapolis city hospital of injuries received while switching in the Great Northern yards. He was struck by a switch engine and his chest crushed.

George Cerwas, a brakeman, slipped from the top of a train at Minneapolis Junction and was killed.

FOUR MEN BADLY INJURED

Two Victims of Accident at Duluth May Die.

Four men were injured, two of them fatally, on the new courthouse at Duluth. It is said Charles Nichols, foreman for Contractors Lanquist & Illsley of Chicago, will die, and that Fred Mooney of Duluth, a structural ironworker, cannot survive his injuries.

Two other men, H. and Thomas Hanson, were also seriously hurt.

The mast of the derrick slipped from its socket and the men fell from the fifth to the first floor. It is a wonder that all were not killed instantly.

Boy Killed by a Horse.

Willie Sprague, the eight-year-old son of H. A. Sprague of Windom, was kicked by a horse and died of his injuries a few hours later. The boy was playing around the horses and was struck on the temple, crushing the head, and he did not regain consciousness.

Shot for His Board Bill.

Because John Demino of Eveleth refused to pay him a board bill amounting to $20 Marco Roma, a boarding house keeper at the Gilbert location, it is alleged, shot him five times. Demino is in a hospital at Eveleth and will not live.

The Campaign Orator is getting busy now, and is trying to convince the public that Taft or Bryan is the best man for the country. The man who has his clothes cleaned at B. Dan Bjorkman's needs nothing but a sample of our dry cleaning to convince him that every suit of clothes cleaned and pressed here is equal to a new one. Bring your soiled clothes to—

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

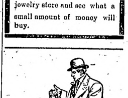

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston Minn., Nov 2, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Annie Peselnski, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3 [illegible], made H. E. No. [illegible], Serial, No. [illegible], for S. W.¼, Section 22, Township 154 N., Range [illegible] W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before [illegible], U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

John Brzybyszeski, of Germantown, Minn.
Frank Brzybyszeski, " "
Cecelia Peselnski, " Brunkeberg, "
John [illegible], " "

R J MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov. 5-dec. 10.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1908 NUMBER 46

RAILROAD A SURE THING

W. F. Hunt Says That the Line from Roosevelt to This City Will Be Built.

Mr. Hunt Will Talk the Matter Over With Local Business Men Tonight.

W. F. Hunt, the man who has done so much towards having a railroad built from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt, will be in Thief River Falls this evening to meet the business men of this city. Mr. Hunt is confident the road will be built and he says so in no uncertain words. A few weeks ago a gentleman is reported as saying that he did not believe the road would be built but would give $5,000 to the promoter if it was built. Mr. Hunt in a telephone message to the News authorizes this paper to state he is willing to give 160 acres of real estate valued at $2,000 with the timber thereon which is valued at $3,000, making a total of $5,000 to any charitable society if the road is not built.

There is no question but that Mr. Hunt has been doing a lot of work in behalf of the road and looks more and more as if he would be successful. The following items taken from the Rollis correspondence to the Middle River Pioneer shows his success in other places:

A meeting was called in Rollis and Moose River last week to get an expression of the people on the promotion of the Airline R. R. It was decided in Rollis to call a special election which will be held two weeks from today to vote $200.00 towards paying for the survey of the land, and to guarantee a free right-of-way through the township. Mr. Hunt, the promoter of this enterprise, was so pleased with the result of the meetings that he went away from here with his head in the clouds. He expects to have the surveyors on and the line completed before winter sets in.

While the weary slumber and the tired hearts rest, W. H. Hunt, the promoter of the Minnesota Air Line R. R. Co., and a tireless worker, reached our town this afternoon from the north. He came direct over the proposed line. There is not a hill, lake, river or muskeg directly on the line to cause any trouble. He was delighted to find that the solid ridge across the muskeg at the county line which Jarvis Mott of Chicago wrote about, was a reality. While the fall or grade on the south side of the muskeg ridge is the highest point between Thief River and Roosevelt, had 18 feet fall in two miles, it was unnoticeable to the natural eye. No town on the line has less than 38 settlers till you pass Roseau river going north in Roseau Co. The big muskeg so frequently referred to is some 20 or 25 miles east of the line in Beltrami county. It is a continuous level, flat country from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt. The first 25 miles from Thief River are all open level prairie and the road bed can easily be constructed for $3,000.00 per mile. Mr. Hunt speaks quite favorably of Germantown and Grygla becoming recipients of the near by railroad. He expects to start the survey and grade soon. He is now holding mass meetings along the line which are well attended and people are becoming very much interested in the project. Wherever he goes, he seems to have a key that fits and unlocks every door of complication to success. While Mr. Hunt claims weakness of strength and inability on his part there seems to be a hidden hand which opens the way for his untiring efforts, he claims. He says, let the credit go to the one who placed the proposition at his feet. His unswerving confidence in the success and ultimate outcome of the contruction of the road, is most remarkable. His confidence and faith has taken hold of those he meets and it is conceded by the most skeptical that the road is a success, and it will bring with it comfort and relief to the toiling settler and crown his efforts with financial success.

Subscribe for the News.

Fred Bohney Dead.

Conductor Fred Bohney, of this city, who was injured at Fairdale, a small station west of here on the Wheatline, died last Friday morning—just two weeks from the day he was injured—at a hospital in St. Paul, where he had been taken to receive medical treatment. The body has been taken to Sherburne, Minn., the old home of the deceased for burial.

Conductor Bohney had made his home in Thief River Falls for the past four years and was decidedly popular here.

Of Interest to Farmers.

Thoughtful men have long been studying agricultural problems. A sufficient fund of knowledge, if distributed and put into practice, is now available to bring about a general improvement in farm conditions. Improved methods of cultivation; effective systems of rotation; the uses of live stock in the preservation of soil fertility; the breeding and raising of all kinds of live stock and the thousand and one farm problems with which farmers have to contend every day are all much better understood now than even a few years ago. Men know how to do the plain every day work of the farm more easily and more effectively. The application of this knowledge to the work of the farm means greater efficiency per man employed, larger production per acre and a larger farm income. This larger income in turn will mean a better farm home and more of all the blessings and comforts of life. As one means of distributing this knowledge a Farmers' Short Course is established in the Department of Agriculture for the benefit of nature men and women who are actively interested in farm work. The time has been reduced from six weeks to four weeks so that farmers can attend in greater members. It is a lecture course covering the more important branches of agriculture, horticulture, live stock, farm botany, farm chemistry, entomology, poultry, dairying, etc. Special instruction is given in the judging of grains, soils, and animals. The next term commences on Friday, Jan. 15th and closes on Feb. 12th, 1909. There should be a thousand farmers in attendance when this Short Course opens. Send to the School of Agriculture, University Farm, St. Paul, Minn. for full particulars.

SOO THERE NEXT JULY.

Soo Make an Official Announcement of Its Entrance Into Duluth.

Says That the Road Into Duluth Will Be Completed in July Next Year.

At a council committee hearing in the city hall at Duluth last week, called for the purpose of taking up the application of the Soo and Great Northern roads for a franchise to erect a trestle approach to the interstate bridge, it was officially announced on behalf of the Soo that it is expected to have trains running into Duluth by July 1 next.

This road said it was perfectly willing that the Great Northern should be allowed the privilege of constructing and maintaining the double-track trestle approach, provided the latter would agree to have the work entirely completed and the trestle ready for use by the end of June. All the Soo wants is assurance that it will be able to cross the bridge into Duluth as soon as its tracks leading to the bridge on both sides of the bay are ready for use.

As the Soo is a rival road, the Great Northern naturally does not take kindly to the Duluth extension of the line, and objects to having the Soo dictate when the approach shall be built. In view of the fact that the Great Northern is now using the Northern Pacific bridge, and giving good service in and out of the city, the aldermen are inclined to believe that it will be in no hurry to construct the approach, unless compelled to do so, while the Soo, having no agreement with any other road whereby it might use another bridge, and having no tracks leading to such bridge, would be more directly interested in seeing that the approach was constructed at the earliest possible moment, thus giving Duluth another railroad line. Remembering the Great Northern's delay in repairing the bridge after it had been put out of commission by a boat, the city probably will insist upon a time limit being placed in the franchise, no matter which road gets the franchise.

Home Team Won.

The local high school foot ball team defeated East Grand Forks last Saturday at the home grounds, the score being 18 to 0. The local team has improved greatly during the past few weeks and is now considered one of the best in the Valley. East Grand Forks has been the undefeated champions for four years.

LaBree Farm Sold.

Knut Greibrok sold his farm north of here on the Thief river, known as the old LaBree farm, to Charles Nelson and Halvor Maland for $10,000 last week. The farm contains 280 acres and is considered a fine piece of land.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Farmers Attention!

I am again in the market for flax straw, and will pay cash for all you bring in. Straw must be DRY and reasonably free from chaff. Mill will start about November 1st.

A. H. Fasel.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Lost—Two sacks of flax, a canvas to cover a binder and a plow lath. Finder please notify A. O. Sandland, Brunkeberg, Minn.

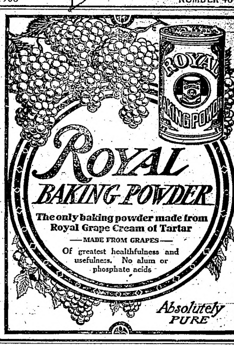

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BAKING POWDER
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
—MADE FROM GRAPES—
Of greatest healthfulness and usefulness. No alum or phosphate acids
Absolutely PURE

Suit Is Settled.

Frank Jeffers who just recently was elected register of deeds of this county has settled his damage suit against the railroad company for injuries received nearly a year ago. Mr. Jeffers has been given the sum of $12,500 by the railroad company.

Result in Marshall County.

In Marshall county Lundgren defeated Malberg for county auditor; Dagsberg won out for Treasurer over Bjorgaard; Hanson defeated Foll for register of deeds in a close contest; Forsberg was again elected sheriff by a large majority, and Brown defeated McClernan for county attorney in a close contest.

Has a Drainage Bill.

The following taken from the Rollis correspondence of the Middle River Pioneer will be of local interest:

A. W. Clark has drawn a bill to provide for the drainage of Indian swamp lands on the reservation by the Interior drawing the money from the Indian fund and returning it in instalments after the the plans of lands reclaimed by irrigation. This bill will be submitted by a petition, and it is confidently hoped that it will result in a repeal of the Volstad law. It is designed to have petitions circulated in every locality affected and push the matter in Congress as soon as Mr. Mead's report is in. People look upon the Volstad bill as a humbug, a gold brick and a fraudulent attempt on the part of Congress to shoulder off on to the state a moral obligation of the government as trustee of the Indians. The settlers are honest enough to admit that the state of Minnesota is not morally bound to advance money for this great work; it has swamp lands enough of its own to drain. The unentered lands left on the reservation are mostly muskegs or floating bogs which keep the bordering lands soaked up for miles, and if these mud holes were drained, the rest of the country could be managed by the settlers.

Creamery Report.

The following is the report of the High Landing Co-Operative Creamery Association for the month of September, 1908:

Total pounds of cream	19,195
Butterfat	5071.1
Average test	37.9 per cent
Price paid	23 cents
Per cent over run	22 1 per cent
Total money received	$1338.92
Running expenses	152.80
Paid to patrons	1186.12
Surplus	19.56
Sinking fund	47.90

The following three patrons received the largest checks:

Ole J. Hanson	$52 92
Julius Olson	39 33
George Leimers	32 08

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If you're looking for correct style, right fit, perfect tailoring, and all-wool honesty of fabrics in clothes, look here. You'll find Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes here, and you may look everywhere else as long as you please, without finding anything better.

These clothes are right; you'll find them right; if by any chance you dont, we'll make them right.

Drop in here any time and ask to see the new fall models in fancy weaves and colors; look at the blue and black suits for dressier use. We've got the clothes you want.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
Gordon Furs. Gordon Caps. Crossett Shoes. Staley Underwear. Foston Mackinaws.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Pay the Second Half of Your 1907 Taxes Through
Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.
Must Be Paid by November 1st to Avoid Penalty.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

BIG AMOUNT FOR EDUCATION

Emil Sunnerdahl Gave 4,000,000 Crowns to Establish Colony Schools Throughout Different Sections of Sweden.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Among recent donations, which have acquired a good deal of publicity because of their generous purport, is that of Emil Sunnerdahl, who prior to his death gave not less than 4,000,000 crowns for the establishment of colony schools throughout different sections of the country. His generous gift has occasioned the most favorable comment from the entire Swedish press, which recognizes in this a start at a better movement for reaching the country districts along educational lines. Mr. Sunnerdahl is a man who during his life was long associated with public and private charity enterprises and his efforts in behalf of education, especially in the rural districts, will make him a noteworthy character on the pages of Swedish history.

Says an exchange: The medical society which this year celebrates its 100th year jubilee, has commissioned Hasse W. Tullberg to put out a portrait catalogue of as many of its 2,350 members as possible. The work has been pushed with all possible vigor and so far portraits have been secured of 1,725 of the members of the society from the time of its organization in 1808. Of the members from other countries there are still lacking some 175. Biographical sketches will also be published and the book promises to be a valuable one to the medical world as well as to the general public.

A great missionary meeting was held at Stockholm during the past month before the departure of Missionaries C. Jather, H. Anderson and N. Viklund for heathen lands. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Evangelical society and was held in Blasieholm's church. Addresses were made by Professor Kolmodin and the departing missionaries and the occasion was impressive. A generous collection was taken up for the benefit of heathen missions.

King Gustaf and Queen Victoria will leave the capital Nov. 12 and will embark for Cherbourg, France, on the evening of Nov. 15. They are at present the guests of King Edward and Queen Alexandra of England. Their reception in France has been prepared on an elaborate scale, when some of the most distinguished people of the French republic will greet the royal Swedish couple.

The crownprince and crownprincess of Sweden returned to Stockholm from England the other day, where they have been the guests at the court of Edward. During the past two months the young crownprince has been recuperating in the highlands of Scotland and returns to Sweden in excellent health and spirits.

Miss Ellen Key, the noted author and lecturer, has provided in her will that the cottage which is being built at her expense at Bastad shall be turned into a home for poor factory women after her death. In this villa there are accommodations for about twenty-five women.

Considerable uneasiness has been felt about the cholera epidemic, as it has gained a foothold in Finland and may thus very easily get a foothold in this country. Every precaution is being observed and all incoming vessels are rigidly inspected.

A number of Swedish-American gymnastic societies will participate in the Olympian games which will be given in Stockholm next summer. There will be delegations from New York, Chicago and Minneapolis.

Ostlund & Almquist's organ factory at Arvika was partially destroyed by fire recently. The fire started in the lacquering department and from there spread to all parts of the large factory.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

A trade report regarding the American flour mills in Denmark shows excellent opportunities that exist for the development of the flour industry in that country. It is as follows: "More trade is possible for American flour mills in Denmark." This is the opening statement in a report from Mark H. Davis, the special agent of the department of commerce and labor, on the flour milling industry in Denmark. Mr. Davis has been in England and Germany, and reported on milling and trade conditions in those countries, and this is the first report on the Danish trade. "The opening exists for both flour and mill [illegible]," Mr. Davis continues. "The [illegible] of flour have increased materially in the last four years, and more than half the importations go to home consumption, which for the [illegible] years also shows a healthy [illegible]. It is true that with only [illegible] population Denmark can [illegible] consumer for American foodstuffs, yet it is also true that sentiment and conditions are favorable to some extension of trade. The imports of American flour have come from a few mills. Hard wheat flour is most largely imported. Much soft wheat flour is used, this being almost wholly of home production. While our flour trade with other countries has fallen off in recent years, the reverse is the case in Denmark, which took, in 1907, more flour from America than from any other country, and bought more in 1907 than in 1906, the quantity purchased being more than twice that in 1903, 1904 or 1905, the amount for 1905 equaling about 500,000 barrels." Mr. Davis says that there are fine harbor facilities at Copenhagen, which has facilities for landing, storing and handling imports without duty until sent into the city or the interior. Large steamships can get to the docks without inconvenience. The matter of distribution from Copenhagen, by barges and small craft, to all ports on the Baltic and North seas, is covered fully, sailings being frequent to all ports. The report says that the mainland part of Denmark and some of the islands are well supplied with railroads, most of which are under government control. The rates for carload lots of ten tons are practically as low as by steamship and barges. The local milling industry is represented by about thirty flour mills ranging from 300 to 1,000 barrels daily capacity, besides 3,000 *small mills, the majority of which are* driven by wind or water and are not used for making much flour, but are mostly used for crushing grains for feeding purposes. Nearly, if not all, the larger mills grind rye as well as wheat. They are generally modern in build and equipment, steampower being used in the case of the larger merchant mills. The export Danish business has fallen off recently, owing to competition with America, England and principally Germany. "Two classes of flour seem to be the rule in Denmark—flour production, designated as 'bakers' and 'household,'" says Mr. Davis. "The 'bakers' as ordinarily made is a classification of the various grades made from a blend of about 70 per cent of hard foreign wheat and 30 per cent of the soft Danish wheat. The 'household' flour is made of a blend, say, of 10 per cent of hard wheat with 90 per cent of home-grown or German or other soft wheat, and the flour is practically a straight run, not more than 3 to 5 per cent of low grade being taken out. In Denmark, as in Germany, the figures used by the millers themselves in designating grade percentages are based on the flour extraction of 75 per cent of the weight of the wheat. Thus a patent termed 60 per cent here is virtually what would be known as a 90 per cent in the United States, since the millers in America generally base upon 100 per cent as representing the entire extraction of flour from the wheat, which there, as in Europe, is in practice around 72 to 75 per cent. A considerable trade exists for hard wheat flour with the Danish merchant mills. Some blend it with the home product in the process of milling, while others buy it for distribution to their trade. The bakers producing the highest class of goods must have American flour to give them the peculiar combination of strength and color not possessed by the home mills, although the latter are making good goods of the blended kinds to which they are limited. Bleaching of flour is not done to any extent by mills of Denmark. I am of the opinion that in Denmark, as in certain sections of Great Britain, American blended flour might be marketed to a considerable extent as against the home milled flours of like description. The 'household' variety could be met in quality by our soft wheat mills, and I think also in price as the season advances and home supplies in Denmark become relatively dearer."

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Maja Gloersen, the noted Christiania songstress, has departed for the United States, where she will give a series of concerts in the western and northwestern states this fall and winter. The newspapers speak of her as one of the Norwegian capital's most efficient prima donnas and the Norwegian-American public can therefore be prepared to listen to a star of the first constellation from the other side.

The receipts of the government of Norway during the fiscal year ending last April were 114,900,000 crowns, and the disbursements 108,100,000, leaving a surplus of 6,800,000 crowns. This is a very good showing to say the least, being an improvement over the preceding year.

The blind pianist, Einar Mellign, gave a church concert in Ullern cathedral, assisted by the popular violinist, Mme. Rabe Mulling, on the evening of Oct. 31. There was a large and appreciative audience present and the artists both received a round approval in applause.

Professor Adrian Jacobsen is giving a series of lectures at the University of Christiania on his recent trips to Siberia. The professor uses stereopticon views and the lecture as a whole is reported to be very interesting.

The well known Norwegian woman artist, Kitty Kielland, celebrated her sixty-fifth birthday Oct. 8. She is still enjoying excellent health and is at work on a novel dealing with the interesting incidents of her own life.

The new public school at Sarpsborg was dedicated a few days ago in the presence of a large number of people. The building, which has just been completed, cost 97,000 crowns.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Four judges in the United States circuit court at New York city handed down decisions holding that the American Tobacco company is operated in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law and in restraint of trade. The court found, however, that the government's request for the appointment of a receiver was impractical and wholly unnecessary and at the same time the four judges agree that the application for an injunction against the various subsidiary companies should be suspended until after a decision on an appeal from the present judgment.

Judges Grosscup, Seaman and Baker, in the United States circuit court at Chicago, granted a temporary injunction restraining the interstate commerce commission from carrying into effect its order reducing freight rates in what is known as the "Missouri river rate case."

Saturday's foot ball scores: Illinois 22, Iowa 0; Yale 10, Brown 10; Missouri 11, Drake 8; Harvard 17, Carlisle 0; Nebraska 23, Ames 17; Michigan 62, Kentucky 0; Wisconsin 5, Minnesota 0; Dartmouth 10, Princeton 6; Purdue 16, Northwestern 10.

President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard university has resigned.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Charles A. Hengerer, son of the late William Hengerer and former vice president of the William Hengerer company, one of the largest department stores in Buffalo, committed suicide at Niagara Falls, N. Y., by jumping into the river and going over the falls.

Word has been received in New York of the death in Tokio, Japan, of Professor Edwin Emerson, widely known as an author, lawyer and diplomat. He was born in 1822 and at one time was a law partner of Noah Webster, the lexicographer.

Walworth H. Tappan, a well known man in the iron and steel trade of the South and Middle West, who lived at Louisville, Ky., committed suicide at the Hotel Savoy, New York city. Ill health was the supposed cause of the deed.

William D. Cornish of New York, second vice president of the Union Pacific Railroad company and a director in many other corporations, was found dead in his bed at the Auditorium Annex at Chicago.

Tomas Estrada Palma, the first president of the Cuban republic, is dead at Santiago.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

There was an outburst of speculation on the New York Stock Exchange which swept prices to a higher level in a sensational manner. Commission houses reported a large influx of buying orders from Western sources and from large Eastern cities. The industrial stocks were conspicuous in the movement, the iron and steel issues being in heavy demand.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate that the sentiment in business circles has distinctly improved since the election, many large contracts being placed that were held back until the removal of the uncertainty. Many mills and factories have increased their active capacity and there is a better demand for labor.

Directors of the Northwestern Improvement company, the stock of which is owned by the Northern Pacific Railway company, have declared an extra dividend of $11.26 a share on the stock of the Northern Pacific Railway company.

Loss From Forest Fires.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 9.—Forest fires which have been raging between this city and Cairo, Ill., for the past week have caused a loss to farmers and lumbermen estimated at over $100,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 9.—Wheat—Dec., $1.02½; May, $1.07¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.06¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.03½; No. 3 Northern, $1.01½@1.02¼.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 9.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.06¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.05¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.03¾; Dec., $1.02¾; May, $1.06¾; Nov., $1.01¾. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.37; Nov., $1.36½; Dec., $1.34; May, $1.38¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.00. Hogs—$5.00@5.80. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.35; yearlings, $3.90@4.10; spring lambs, $5.00@5.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Wheat—Dec., $1.01⅛; May, $1.05⅛@1.05¼; July, $1.00⅝@1.00¾. Corn—Nov., 62c; Dec., 61⅛c; May, 61⅜c; July, 61⅝@61¾c; Sept., 61¾c. Oats—Dec., 48⅞c; May, 50⅝@50¾c; July, 46⅝c. Pork—Nov., $14.40; Dec., $14.45; Jan., $16.05; May, $15.97½. Butter—Creameries, 21@29c; dairies, 19@25c. Eggs—27c. Poultry—Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 8@9½c; springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@7.45; Texans, $3.50@4.60; Western cattle, $3.25@5.85; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.25; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Light, $5.15@5.90; mixed, $5.20@6.10; heavy, $5.30@6.15; rough, $5.30@5.50; good to choice heavy, $5.50@6.15; pigs, $3.75@5.10. Sheep, $2.50@4.30; yearlings, $4.25@5.10; lambs, $4.00@6.10.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Once more the wide open tax amendment has been defeated by the voters who failed to vote on the proposition. While the total vote shows about twice as many votes for the tax amendment as were cast against it the proposition still lacks about 10 per cent of enough to give it the required majority of all the votes cast. Almost as many voters "passed up" the proposition as voted for it and those who did not vote must be counted against it.

The case entitled the "Butte and Superior Mining company against John McAlpine," a wealthy lumberman of Duluth, to force payment on a promissory note for $2,000, is ended after twenty-five days of trial in the district court at Duluth and the jury found for the plaintiff. Mr. McAlpine will have to pay the note with interest. While the case involved but $2,000 the costs will amount up to $50,000.

About one in four samples of butter purchased by agents of the state dairy and food commission is short weight, *according to the biennial report of the* state chemist, Julius Hartvet. One inspector bought what he supposed was 147 pounds of butter from different dealers, but found that he had only 133.54 pounds, which meant that he got $4.04 less worth of butter than he had paid for.

Basing its decision upon the ground that no appeal lies on behalf of the city in such a case the state supreme court affirmed the judgment of Judge Hanft of the St. Paul municipal court in which he acquitted Sam Stamm in a prosecution for violating the St. Paul anti-free lunch ordinance. The court, however, did not pass upon the question of the constitutionality of the law itself.

Legislative contests furnished some surprises in some parts of the state and several of the old members who were candidates for re-election were laid by the wayside. The Democrats get twenty-three members in the lower house this year, against fourteen two years ago. The Prohibitionists will have three members, the same as last year.

There were 1,467 deaths in the state in August, according to a report just completed by the state health department. Of this number 262 occurred in Minneapolis and 166 in St. Paul. Tuberculosis caused 148 of the deaths and seventeen resulted from whooping cough. Not one was due to smallpox, although there were numerous cases of the disease.

A consolidation of the Roosevelt club, the new Uptown club and the proposed University club, with a backing of a bond issue of $150,000, will be made in Minneapolis shortly. It is planned to erect a $100,000 clubhouse in the down town section of the city and the organization will be one of the best equipped young men's clubs in the West.

The state will receive 1 cent a pound less next year for all grades of twine manufactured at the state prison than was received this year. This will mean a net decrease in the revenue of about $170,000, based on the board of control's estimate that the output for next year will reach 17,000,000 pounds.

The appointment of Paul A. Ewert, former assistant United States district attorney of Minnesota, to the position of special assistant to the attorney general of the United States has been announced.

The twenty-second meeting of the Southern Minnesota Teachers' association was held at Mankato last week. The attendance was fully 600 and the meeting was one of unusual interest.

For the sixth consecutive time J. G. Armson has been reelected mayor of Stillwater by 528 votes. He carried every precinct in the city.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Earl, the seventeen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jones living three miles west of Pine River, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a shotgun. No reason is known for the act.

Highwaymen held up L. Greenberg, a Minneapolis jeweler, and secured a bag of watches and jewels of considerable value and also held up W. L. Parker and a woman companion and secured $165.

W. W. King, formerly of Minneapolis and in 1902 Democratic candidate for alderman of the Twelfth ward, was killed recently at Seattle, Wash., in an accident in a railroad car shop.

Erick Nystrom, aged thirty-eight, a powder man at the Fayal mine, met instant death as he was carrying a box of dynamite. The stuff exploded and he was literally blown to pieces.

While closing his store O. J. Laqua, a merchant and postmaster at Puposky, north of Bemidji, was held up at the point of a gun by a masked man and robbed of about $135.

Carl [illegible], a brakeman employed at the Fayal mine at Eveleth, was killed by a train of ore cars. He was forty-one years old.

OBITUARY.

John A. [illegible] of Minneapolis, a member of the [illegible] board and one of the best known Masons in the Northwest, died recently at a sanatorium at Hartland, Wis., of tuberculosis. Mr. [illegible] went to the sanatorium after he had failed to obtain benefit at Walker, this state.

LONG WILL CONTEST ENDS

St. Paul Claimant Gets 475 Pounds in Gold.

Dr. T. E. V. Appleby of St. Paul has been paid $175,000 in gold, less a small amount that had been previously drawn by him, in settlement of all claims by him against the estate of his late wife, Cornelia Day Wilder Appleby.

The final settlement of the long drawn out controversy was effected in the office of Davis, Kellogg & Severance, attorneys for the trustees of the estate and of the Wilder charity, and Dr. Appleby was represented by M. D. Munn.

The settlement had been agreed upon, approved by the court and the time limit for filing objections expired on Saturday. There was no delay in consummating the agreement whereby Dr. Appleby was to withdraw all claims against his wife's estate and thus end the legal fight that has tied up the property since the time of Mrs. Appleby's death.

The payment to Dr. Appleby was made in gold coin. The trustees drew something like 475 pounds of gold from the First National bank of St. Paul, had it carted to the office of their attorneys and, with the actual cash there ready to change hands, the final papers were signed and the incident closed, so far as Dr. Appleby was concerned.

WRECK IN MINNEAPOLIS.

State Fisheries Superintendent and Companions Injured.

Samuel F. Fullerton, superintendent of state fisheries, and his companions miraculously escaped death in a wreck in the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad yards at Minneapolis. The state fish car was badly wrecked and two other coaches were derailed.

The wrecked coach was occupied by Mr. Fullerton, W. H. Fullerton, his son; Mr. Baldwin Hubbell of Mamora, Ont.; Harry A. Baxter of St. Paul, Northern Pacific conductor, and George Moker, porter. W. R. Fullerton, the son, was most seriously hurt. The others received painful injuries and all a severe shakeup.

A mistake in signals resulted in a Great Northern train crashing into the private car, which was attached to the rear of a Northern Pacific train.

QUARREL ENDS IN MURDER.

Lad Deliberately Loads Rifle and Kills Neighbor's Son.

John Bushaway, Jr., the ten-year-old son of John Bushaway of West Brainerd, was instantly killed, it is alleged, by Ralph Murray, the eleven-year-old son of a neighbor.

The boys had quarreled and young Murray and a companion, it is said, went to the Murray house and got a rifle and loaded it, Murray then shooting Bushaway in the throat, killing him instantly. The only witness to the crime was Frank Bushaway, an eight-year-old brother of the victim.

The two Bushaway boys were piling brush across the street from the Murray home when the tragedy occurred.

HUHN DEMANDS RECOUNT

Will Contest Election for Mayor of Minneapolis.

Charles H. Huhn, Republican candidate for mayor of Minneapolis, defeated at the polls by Mayor J. C. Haynes, has decided to demand a recount of the votes. Mr. Huhn was defeated, according to the official returns, by 256 votes.

The most important reason for the recount is that there were a great many errors in transcribing the returns from the sheets of the voting machines. It is figured that there may be enough errors in the 158 voting precincts of the city to change the results.

Woman Gored by a Bull.

Lying in a hospital at Winona Mrs. Thomas Griffith of Hooper, Winona county, is the survivor of the most frightful experience that has ever befallen a resident of that vicinity. She was terribly gored by a bull, which attacked her while she was crossing a pasture, and before the unfortunate woman had an opportunity to get out of his way struck her full on one side with both horns, bearing her down and tearing frightful wounds through her thigh and hip.

Wisconsin Defeats Minnesota.

In the scrappiest and hardest football battle fought in the West this season the University of Minnesota eleven went down before the Wisconsin team by a score of 5 to 0. The game was clean throughout and although a defeat for Minnesota the Gopher rooters are satisfied that each man on the Maroon and Gold team put forth all that was in him.

Two Aged Farmers Killed.

Herman Krause and William Wandersee, both about sixty years of age, pioneer farmers of Wright county, were run down by a Soo line passenger train while on their way to the polls to vote and were almost instantly killed. Emil Krause, a son of one of the dead men, was fatally injured and died later. The fourth man escaped by jumping.

Meets Terrible Death.

Andrew Akerman, aged forty-five years, met a terrible death at Elevator H of the Consolidated system at Duluth. His coat was caught in the shafting which moves a large conveyor belt and he was beaten and torn to death before the machinery could be stopped.

W. D. CORNISH DEAD

Railroad Man Formerly a Well Known Minnesotan.

MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATURE

Also Served as Judge of the District Court.

William D. Cornish of New York, second vice president of the Union Pacific Railroad company and a director in many other corporations, was found dead in his bed at the Auditorium Annex at Chicago. Death apparently was due to heart disease.

William D. Cornish was born in Plymouth, Mass., about fifty-nine years ago. In August, 1870, he removed to St. Paul and commenced the practice of law, in which he continued for some time, except for a period of a little more than two years when he was upon the bench. He was a member of the city council from 1880 to 1885 and a member of the state house of representatives in 1883 and 1886. In November, 1890, he was appointed judge of the district court of the then Second judicial district and served in that position until Jan. 1, 1893. At that time he was appointed master in chancery in connection with the receivership of the Union Pacific railroad and allied companies. The United States government, holding a second lien for about $60,000,000, had joined with the bondholders in the movement to conserve the properties and the foreclosure that followed those receiverships in turn were followed by the reorganization three or four years later which was the basis of the Union Pacific Railroad company and its allied lines of today.

MULHALL SENTENCED.

Minneapolis Man Sent to Prison for Fifteen Months.

James T. Mulhall was sentenced at Minneapolis to fifteen months at the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan.; Edgar McConkey to one year and one day at Leavenworth, and Felix Nathanson to six months in the county jail by Judge Milton Purdy.

A stay of ten days pending appeal for a writ of error was granted.

After nearly six hours' deliberation the federal jury returned a verdict of guilty against the three men charged with conspiracy to defraud by the use of the mails.

The crime with which the men are charged is one of conspiracy to defraud. Alleged fraudulent operation of the Nicollet Creamery company in Minneapolis last fall is the specific charge in the indictment upon which the men were convicted. Farmers throughout the Northwest are said to have lost heavily by shipping produce which was never paid for.

TWO BOYS DROWNED.

Meet Death While Hunting on Pelican Lake.

Clarence Kilchli, seventeen years old, son of Joseph Kilchli of Minneapolis, and a friend, John Conroy of Chicago, were drowned while hunting in Pelican lake, in Wright county.

Just how the accident occurred is not known, but friends think the boys accidentally shot a hole in the boat. They were out on the lake when nearby residents heard two shots. They took the shots for signals of distress and ran to Edward Kilchli, elder brother of Clarence, who lives near the lake and who was asleep on the bank. They then rowed to the place and found the upturned boat.

YOUNG GIRL KILLED.

Shot by a Boy While Rehearsing an Amateur Play.

Edna Geary, aged twelve years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Geary of Hibbing, was shot and accidentally killed while rehearsing with other children an amateur play. She was the "villainess" and Russell Barrett, aged twelve, was the "hero." While reciting the lines of the play young Barrett aimed a gun, not supposed to be loaded, at the girl and pulled the trigger. The little one fell dead with a bullet in her brain. The tragedy occurred at the home of W. C. Barrett, father of the boy.

Bandits Hold Up Street Car.

A daring holdup, carried out in every detail in true melodramatic "wild and woolly" Western style, took place in Minneapolis when three masked men entered a car on the Chicago avenue extension and at the point of a gun robbed Motorman Orlando R. Soule of $23 in money and a gold watch valued at $25.

Aged Man Killed by a Train.

Minneapolis grade crossings, which have been long feared death traps, added another victim to their long list when W. L. Daniels, sixty-three years old, was instantly killed by an outgoing St. Paul train between Snelling and Minnehaha avenues.

School Superintendent Suicides.

F. O. King, superintendent of schools at Aitkin for the past six years, committed suicide by taking poison. Poor health and overwork had unsettled his reason. He was forty-two years of age.

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Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

FARM · ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A WORTHY MOVE.

If the commission of eminent men appointed by President Roosevelt to make a study of the various aspects of farm life and conditions are able to set afoot reform movements which shall result in a realization of half the hopes which the president has in the matter it will be one of the most commendable achievements which will stand to his credit as a public man and constructive statesman. The commission, which includes in its membership men who are experts in the realms of sociology and agriculture in its broader aspects, have already begun their work, and reports are to the effect that they are receiving most encouraging and helpful letters from country people here and there who realize the needs of the time in rural communities and are willing to do all they can to co-operate in a movement which looks to a betterment of these conditions. Suggestions which have been made include an improvement of school facilities, a larger development of the social life through debating clubs and other gatherings, a putting of the church and religious life of rural communities on a more helpful basis, as well as other material and practical considerations having to do with a conservation of soil and forest resources and the more general introduction of labor saving devices on the farm and in the home. Covering the whole realm of farm life as it does, the campaign will be seen to be one of tremendous import and magnitude. While all that is hoped for will not be brought to pass, great good is bound to result. The work of the commissioners will be watched with deep interest by all who are vitally interested in our welfare as a people and nation.

HELP FOR THE POOR.

In view of the fact that an acre of land intensively and intelligently cultivated will furnish a living for a family of four or five people, it is strange that so many people will put up with garret and back alley accommodations in the large cities and remain at the point of starvation the greater part of the time. Perhaps no more sensible or wholesome movement has been put afoot in recent years looking to a betterment of the poorer classes in our large cities than that which has for its aim the placing of every such family in a home of their own on a tract of land sufficient to furnish a living if properly tended. Such a campaign extensively waged would mean the amelioration if not the regeneration of thousands of the city's poor economically, socially and morally. With a view to carrying out just such a plan as that outlined above, a quarter section farm near one of the larger cities in a central western state has been subdivided and will be sold in tracts for garden and orchard purposes. The tracts will not only provide places of residence, but will be large enough, if properly tilled, to furnish a living for the families residing on them. It is estimated that twenty-seven families can live in comfort on this quarter section.

WILD CLOVER FOR STOCK.

A western farmer who has had some experience with the legume speaks very highly of the feeding value of the wild sweet clover, which grows rather profusely in many unlikely places in certain sections of the central western states. This plant, like other members of the clover family, is rich in protein and at the same time converts the nitrogen of the air into plant food through the delicate processes of its root system. The farmer in question reports that his stock eat the sweet clover hay in preference to alfalfa, clover or timothy, and from six years' experience with it he has come to prize it as a most valuable feed. While the plant seems to be hardy and to get a foothold under most discouraging circumstances, he finds that if it is cut just as the plant is coming into bloom it is easily killed out, in which respect it is quite different from alfalfa.

TREES OF THE GOLDEN STATE.

Prospective tourists to California will be glad to know that as soon as the twenty-five mile highway is completed between Visalia and Redwood canyon, in the King's river country, there will be made accessible to sightseers a grove of over 12,000 magnificent specimens of the Sequoia gigantea, or giant redwood, many of which are said to compare favorably in size and beauty with the big trees of the Mariposa and Calaveras group. The large grove referred to has as yet not been touched by lumbermen, and it is hoped that in the near future congress will see fit to purchase the tract as a national park. One of the trees in the grove recently measured by a government ranger was 110 feet in circumference and is estimated to contain 800,000 feet of lumber.

New York and Wisconsin head the list of states in the matter of cheesemaking, producing three-fourths of the cheese made in the country.

A shortsighted economy is nowhere attended with greater expense or is the cause of greater exasperation and annoyance than in the purchase of a shoddy gasoline engine.

A quantity of clean sand should be placed in the cellar in which to pack the carrots, parsnips and turnips. The same kind of material will also do for the canna bulbs, but in this case it should be moistened at intervals.

It is all too often the case that the inmates of the home where the kerosene lamp burns o' nights fear the consequences of fresh air and keep the chamber windows tightly closed. It is a case where two wrongs do not make a right.

Almost without exception animals have an instinctive relish for that kind of food which will most rapidly put flesh and fat on their ribs. While the same rule holds true in a majority of cases in the human family, the Jack Sprat tribe is a considerable one.

The annual cost of feeding a dairy cow is about $30. In just the proportion that the receipts from her yield *of milk exceed this amount is the* keeping of her in the dairy justifiable or expedient. The Babcock tester will enable the owner to tell just what her status is in this regard.

In a good many sections where last year grasshoppers swarmed by tens of thousands there were this year almost none at all. Whether this was the result of unfavorable weather conditions or the inroads of insect disease or parasites we have not seen stated. In any event, the decrease was a cause for rejoicing.

The draft horse that will sell for $150 at three years old is a better proposition from the financial standpoint than a three-year-old steer running from 1,500 to 1,600 pounds that will fetch $7 per hundredweight. The points in favor of the steer are that he requires less individual care and is not so likely to be disabled or injured.

The usually tender hearted housewife should not be blamed for the feeling of grim satisfaction which she gets out of sweeping the cold, benumbed flies from the kitchen ceiling and unceremoniously putting them under the griddle in the kitchen stove. She has been pestered with them all summer long, and this is her revenge, and it is measurably sweet.

While it requires a sort of hardness of heart to snip the excess of blossoms from thrifty looking chrysanthemums, this must be done rigorously if the finest sized blossoms are to be produced. The plant should not bring more than eight or ten blossoms to maturity, and the quality will be considerably improved if the number is less than this.

The blue grass pasture is usually one of the most valuable assets of the average farm. Perhaps one reason why its contribution as a crop producer is minimized is because this is taken from it gradually during the course of the grazing season. A little figuring with pencil and paper as to the gain in weight of stock kept in pasture during one season is an eye opener and usually raises the blue grass pasture to a much higher place in the estimation of its owner.

In making things about the house shipshape for winter it is a good plan to inspect the chimneys and flues and ascertain if they are good for four or five months' use. Many a chimney seems to be all right from the outside that is really in bad shape, and stovepipes often look whole and serviceable when they are so rotten that one can almost run a finger through them. It is well to make such repairs as need to be made before the thermometer gets down to zero and the job has to be done in an emergency.

There is probably no more wholesome article of food brought into the home than apples. Not only for the sake of the enjoyment, but the health of the family, they should be bought in abundance and the boys and girls allowed to eat at least two a day, while as many more as they can stuff won't do them a bit of harm. Eaten just before retiring at night, they tend to quiet the nerves and to induce a sound and refreshing sleep. They should be put in the cellar as a part of the winter store of food in just the same way as are potatoes, cabbages or onions.

A series of careful experiments lately conducted by the Illinois experiment station points quite conclusively to a fact not generally known—or at least ignored—that, while a crop system in which clover growing is a part may keep the soil supplied with nitrogen, the growing of clover, coupled with a corn growing and selling practice, may seriously deplete the soil by robbing it of its supplies of phosphorus. To be effective the growing of clover or other legumes should not be accompanied by grain selling, but stock raising and dairying, preferably the production of butter. Only in this way can a condition of soil equilibrium be maintained.

F. E. Trigg

Joe Giller Saves You Money.

Closing out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' waists at 30 per cent off.
Ladies' $10 skirts for $7. $7 skirts for $4.90
Ladies' $23.00 plush lined coats for $14.75.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.
I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.
It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

A. JOE GILLER.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

ED O'HARA,

Phone 217. The Drayman.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Before election the story was circulated all over the state that Jacobson would not carry his home county, Lac Qui Parle. The returns show that he had a majority of 1,125. Gov. Johnson carried his home county of Nicollet, but by a reduced majority this time, having only 600 to the good.

Hon. Halvor Steenerson has been re elected to congress. Our advice to our big congressman is to cut loose from Cannon and give the people tariff revision and do it NOW.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Congressman Steenerson is between "the upper and nether mill stone." If he does not support Cannon for speaker and Cannon should be elected, he will not be in a position to accomplish anything for the district. On the other hand if he does support Cannon, it will be against the wishes of a large number of his constituents.

Jacob F. Jacobson has been defeated for governor, and, in the opinion of the News, he is the best man that ever run for this high office in this state. Republics are sometimes ungrateful. Mr. Jacobson had a right to expect to be elected. During the twelve years he was a member of the state legislature he placed more laws upon the statue books of Minnesota for the benefit of all the people than any other man or set of men. He made a strenuous campaign and was gaining in favor rapidly, and had he been given ten days more time, would have been elected by a substantial majority. But the sentiment in his favor started too late to bring him in a winner—which is to be regretted as he would have made perhaps the most useful governor Minnesota ever had.

Arrested Tuesday.

Dr. August Gronerud, of Bronson, was arrested Tuesday afternoon by Chief of Police Lang for performing a criminal operation upon Miss Marie Sjogren, a seventeen year old girl living on a farm near Bronson. The operation was performed in the rooms over the Hub restaurant on Sunday evening, and was discovered by the landlady who became suspicious and informed the police. The girl is said to have returned to Bronson and the Doctor was taken to Red Lake Falls to await trial.

Dr. Gronerud is quite well known in Thief River Falls, having often visited this city. He is a very large man and is known here as the "big doctor from Bronson."

Twine Prices Cut.

Prices of prison twine for 1909 have been cut by the board of control. A cut of one cent per pound in last year's prices will be charged for all grades of twine. This is a reduction of two cents a pound on the prices of two years ago. On account of the quality of the fiber purchased, it is stated that the twine product will be better than ever before. It is estimated that the output of twine for 1909 will be 17,000,000 pounds and will bring to the state about $1,344,000. Following are the prices as fixed for 1909: Standard, 500 feet to the pound, 6 3-4 cents; Standard Manila, 550 feet to the pound, 7 3-4 cents; Manila, 600 feet to the pound, 8 3-4 cents; pure Manila, 650 feet to the pound, 10 cents.

Court Adjourns.

The term of court for Red Lake county was adjourned Tuesday evening to Monday of next week. The grand jury finished its work and returned several indictments, but they have not been made public as yet. The case of Policeman Frank Chittick, who was arrested for assault upon the person of Herman Ohm was dismissed.

Again Captured.

Robert Koiseth, the young man who recently stole a horse from his uncle in the town of Wyandotte and later broke jail in Red Lake Falls, was captured in Crookston on Tuesday and will be tried at this term of Court for horse stealing. As Koiseth was assisted by some one from the outside in breaking out of the Red Lake county jail, there may be another arrest before the affair is ended.

Subscribe for the News.

THAT ROAD TO DULUTH

Again the Rumor of the Coming of the Duluth & South Shore is in Circulation.

Prominent Railroad Men Recently Here Give Rumors Some Foundation.

The rumor that the Duluth and South Shore railway is to commence work next spring of constructing a railway line from Duluth to Thief River Falls is again revived, and it seems almost certain that within the near future some definate announcement is to be made. The majority of the stock of the Duluth & South Shore, like that of the Soo, is owned by the Canadian Pacific and the recent visit to Thief River Falls of President Shaunnessy, of the Canadian Pacific, Sir William Van Horn, former president of the Canadian Pacific, President Fitch, of the Duluth and South Shore, and other railroad men has caused considerable talk. It is a well known fact that the Canadian Pacific is very desirous to run its coast trains south of Lake Superior through a country that would yield much traffic rather than run them through the barren country north of the lake.

If the road is built, so a well posted gentleman informs the News, it will branch off from the Soo line a short distance below Thief River Falls and run southeast, crossing the Great Northern in the vicinity of Bemidji and from there pass through some iron mines recently purchased of the Soo road and connect with the Brooten extension of the Soo to Duluth. It will take about $4,000,000 to build this piece of road and it is said that arrangements for a loan in this amount has been made.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Nov. 7, 1908. If not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, William
Costello, Chas.
Davis, E. B.
Ewald, Fred
Gorden, M. L.
Gemmestad, Christ
Halvorson, Mrs. L.
Hanson, Hans Thorwald
Hukee, John
Johnson, Miss Ester
Johnson, John S.
Jacobson, L J.
Hosin, T.
Monson, L J.
Matoushek, Frank
MacMillan, Roy
Peterson, Ole P.
Richardson, Miss Lizzie
Ricketts, Elizabeth
Swenson, John S.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Rocksbury.

Mr. Syverin Nelson returned Wednesday from North Dakota where he was looking at some land.

Miss Ida Rondorf started to school in Thief River Falls last Monday.

Mr. J. J. Meehan and George went for a two weeks outing in the woods near Highlanding.

The members of the Farmers' Mutual Tele. Co. have been installing a number of phones the past week.

John Ovrison spent Sunday with Clinton Miller.

The Y. W. S. C. met at the A. Welo home last Tuesday evening.

Miss Abbie Miller spent Sunday at her home.

Misses Hannah Gustafson and Mabel Satre were in Thief River Falls Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. James Herrick spent part of the week at the Dennis Connelly home.

Mr. Syverin Nelson and Miss Josephine Nelson spent Sunday at Mr. Miller's.

Synod Church.

Services next Sunday at 10:30.
English Services at 7:45.
Sunday School at 9 A. M.
Ladies Aid meets with Mrs. Johan Johnson Thursday, Nov. 19th at 3 P. M. All welcome.

Big Drainage Meet.

Last evening the News received a long communication from the town of Rollis saying that there would be a big drainage meet at Grygla on the 28th of November. The purpose of the meeting is push national drainage.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

The Fourmilion.

"In the Sahara," said an explorer, "there is a little insect that throws sand, and its volleys slay. They call it the fourmilion. The fourmilion digs itself a funnel shaped hole of the circumference of a silver dollar. It lies hidden and watchful in the bottom of this hole, and when a spider or ant or beetle comes cautiously prospecting down the steep and slippery sides the inhospitable fourmilion launches upon its guest volley after volley of sand—a hail of stinging sand so abundant, so suffocating, so blinding that the visitor loses his head. He rolls unconscious for the nonce to the bottom of the hole, and the fourmilion calmly dismembers him before he has time to come to himself again and puts him in the larder for the next meal."

Blooms but to Die.

The tallput palm (Corypha umbraculifera) of Ceylon, whose leaves are put to such numerous uses by the Cingalese, bears fruit but once during its life. This elegant tree measures about ten feet round the trunk and attains a height of about 180 feet. The flowers, the appearance of which presages death to the tree, are inclosed in a tall spathe which bursts with a loud report, disclosing a huge plume of beautiful blossom. The inflorescence is succeeded by equally conspicuous bunches of fruit. When these have ripened the tree withers rapidly and in the course of a fortnight may be seen prostrate and decaying on the spot it adorned.

He Might Have Married.

Fitz-Greene Halleck never married, yet, as Mr. Howe reminds us in his American Bookman, he could not have been without attractions, for a certain superior lady is reported to have declared:

"If I were on my way to church to be married, yes, even if I were walking up the aisle, and Halleck were to offer himself, I'd leave the man I had promised to marry and take him."

To this perhaps should be joined his epigram, written for a young lady who had asked for his autograph:

> There wanted but this drop to fill
> The wifeless poet's cup of fame.
> Hurrah! There lives a lady still
> Willing to take his name.

Playing to the Cook.

Mr. Subberton (yelling to kitchen)—Sawdust and milk crust! Adam and Eve on a raft and wreck 'em! On the cantaloupe! Draw one! Make it three all round.

Mr. Townley—Great—e-e-r, how—pardon me, old chap, but what's it all about?

Mr. Subberton—'Sh! We've got a former restaurant cook—a peach—and we have to order that way to keep her on the job!—Puck.

Subscribe for the News.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Hejmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on May 5th, 1903, made H E No 6102, Serial, No [illegible] for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township [illegible] N, Range 42 W., of 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn. at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Edward Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Sordal, " " "
Nels Sordal, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 12 dec 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Targe S. Broste of Thorwick, Minn., who on April 11th, [illegible] made H. E. No [illegible], Serial, No [illegible] for S W ¼, Section 20, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the first day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Thom J. Aaland, of Thorwick, Minn.
Daniel Rosnestad, " "
Thom Dahlen, " "
Nels Gunderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

nov 12 dec 17

One hears now no more about empty freight cars, but only the complaints of shippers who are having difficulty in getting sufficient cars to carry their produce and stock to market.

A chief advantage of the cow which freshens in the fall is that she is in full milk when milk and butter fetch a good price, while she is usually dry during the months of August and September, when feed is short and shrinkage in milk from flies is a likelihood.

A nature student who lives in Illinois is said to have collected, labeled and mounted 100,000 different specimens of insect life. This has been done during a period of forty years and gives him one of the finest private collections of insects in the country.

Roadside weeds are not only an eyesore to the passerby, but if left uncut through the winter are likely to prove a prolific source of drifts and chucky roads. If the weeds have not been cut between July 15 and Aug. 15, as is required by law in a number of states, they should at least be cut for the above reason before snow flies.

A whole lot of dismal marital failures seem to be traceable to an overlooking of the fact that something besides chairs, tables, pictures and rugs are necessary in the building of a home. It is the folks rather than the furniture that are the determining factors. Where they are white and considerate happiness is pretty likely to reside.

The notion is pretty well outgrown that a frost works any real good to a field of immature corn in the matter of helping to ripen it. A heavy or killing frost means death to the leaves and hence death to the stalks. Following this, the juices in the stalk turn sour and thus render little or no assistance to the ears in the conversion of the starch which they contain.

The parent who has the real welfare of son or daughter at heart will take pains to see that there is as little interruption as possible in the school work at the beginning of the year. While keeping the pupil from school on almost any pretext should be discouraged at all times, it is especially imperative that the work of the first few weeks after vacation should be prosecuted with the least possible interruption.

Every ear of corn intended for next year's seed should be gathered and hung in a well ventilated place to dry by Oct. 15. If you are dilatory in this matter and wait until Nov. 20 before attending to this most important business, you needn't lay it off on the Lord next spring if the seed you have saved doesn't germinate. Good horse sense and Providence go hand in hand in a good many instances, but in none more than in the matter of a selecting and saving of seed corn.

A number of town boys we know have this year spent the major part of their summer vacation working on nearby farms and have as a result of their industry earned from $10 to $70 apiece. In addition to this financial gain they have acquired a knowledge of different kinds of farm work which is both practical and useful and will come in handy at some future time. When these same boys attended the county or state fair they had the satisfaction of knowing that they had earned a vacation as well as that the money they spent was their own. Having spent the summer thus, these boys are in a mood to take up their school work with interest and zest and will get much more good out of it.

A Chicago health physician a short time ago issued a bulletin in which he warned the people of the city against the danger of the spread of scarlet and typhoid fever, diphtheria, tuberculosis and other contagious diseases by means of the common house fly. He recommends as an effective method of exterminating this omnipresent pest a plan discovered by Dr. Delamare, a French army surgeon, who has found that if one part of formol (also known as formalin or formaldehyde) is mixed with nine parts of water and put on plates which are to be set wherever the flies are likely to congregate they can easily be exterminated. The insects seem to be attracted by the mixture as if it were sugar. Even the emanations of the mixture are deadly to them. In one large room in which the doctor tried this method the number of flies killed averaged 4,000 a day.

Following a protracted dry spell which has been characterized quite generally the country over with numerous forest fires and parched pastures, there will be a tendency to stuff the young pigs with a heavy ration of green and immature field corn. Better let them go hungry and stay thin than make this mistake. Immature corn may be fed, but in limited quantities, and the ration should not be increased until the feed is dry and hard. A pig's digestive apparatus is just as likely to be upset as is that of the human being who jumps of a sudden from a diet of pork, potatoes, soda biscuits and dried apples to all the green cucumbers and sweet corn he can stuff. In the latter instance there is quite likely to be violent disturbance. It's just so with the pig, only that he doesn't have sense enough to quit eating the stuff that has upset his stomach, in which case his owner should have sense enough to quit placing the corn within his reach. Feed the pigs sparingly of the new corn. It will mean a saving of dollars in the end.

Many of the runty cabbages that are not quite good enough for table use will be relished by the hens along in the winter when other green food is scarce.

Some one has discovered that if sulphur is sprinkled on the barn or granary floor and grain placed thereon rats and mice will not bother it. Sulphur is cheap and is not harmful to stock.

Appendicitis, like hog cholera, is a designation which is employed to cover a multitude of disorders—in fact, most any kind of rumpus that may take place in the interior anatomy of man or beast.

It is a good time now to weed out those members of the dairy herd which have only just paid their board during the summer and will be a source of increased loss if kept through the winter months.

Those who have tried the plan recommend burning potato parings or small sliced potatoes in the furnace fire to clean the soot out of the pipes. This treatment does not remove all of it, but is a decided help.

Good nature, thoughtfulness and unselfishness are the chief factors tending to produce happiness in home life. They make rough places smooth, and where they abound irritation and fretfulness are reduced to a minimum.

Long after the autumn frosts smite the other flowers in the garden the brave and hardy English violets will bear their fragrant little blossom well on toward Thanksgiving. They are easy to start and grow and many times pay for their care.

The cranberry crop is reported shorter than usual this year, due to droughty conditions prevailing in the cranberry growing sections. Those who are partial to the old time Thanksgiving menu will hear this report with regret, but will be thankful that the turkey crop is not particularly short.

A friend who takes much pride in his poultry pets reports pullets which are a cross between barred Plymouth Rocks and Rhode Island Reds laying at five months. The cross is evidently a good one from the point of precocity, as it is not often that representatives of either of the breeds in question begin to lay at as early an age as this.

The wife if she tends to the work that naturally falls to her in the management of the household earns a substantial wage that ought not to be doled out to her as if it were an unwilling donation to the heathen in some faraway country. If a man has a wife whom he loves and respects he will not wittingly subject her to the humiliation of having to beg for every dime she spends for her own needs.

While excellent prepared fertilizers may be bought at reasonable prices, a good substitute may be made by soaking three or four pounds of fresh barnyard manure in half a tobacco pailful of water, allowing the solution to settle and watering the plants with this a couple of times a week. By this method the fertilizing elements are dissolved and made available at once for absorption by the roots of the plants.

The way of an improved and more intelligent type of farming consists in producing just as large an amount of homemade fertilizers on the farm each year as possible. Several owners of large grain farms in North Dakota during the past two or three years have hit upon the plan of attaching a set of gang plows to the traction engines used to pull their harvesters, the grain as fast as cut being transferred by means of a carrier to the plowed ground on the opposite side of the machine. In this way two operations are carried on at the same time, while the stubble is turned under before there is opportunity for the weeds to mature a crop of seed.

The effectiveness of spraying with the bordeaux mixture and arsenic as a check to the codling moth pest depends very largely upon the thoroughness with which the treatment is given immediately after the blossoms fall. This season, owing to heavy rains at this time, the work had to be strung out over ten or twelve days, much of it being rendered largely ineffective through rains which washed the chemicals off the blossoms before any good was accomplished. As a result the moths got in their work, as usual, in laying their eggs, while the apple worms in turn got in theirs. The apple scab, held in control very largely by earlier sprayings, was almost entirely absent.

Recently a number of dairymen have been swindled through a sale of their herds to men representing themselves to be state veterinarians, who took it upon themselves to examine the cows for tuberculosis, condemned them wholesale, bought them for a song and later sold them to parties at a distance at fancy prices. The only way to be shut of frauds of this type is to assume a stiff necked, conservative attitude in regard to them until one can investigate them thoroughly and learn beyond a doubt as to their reliability. It is often the case that fakers find green fields for swindles of this type, because too many accept at face value anything that may be told them and are too careless to investigate. It is safe to assume that the suave, glib tongued stranger has a trick of some kind up his sleeve and will perpetrate a skin game if he can possibly find a chance.

Good blood tells in both folks and animals, and there should be an effort to have just as much of it in both as possible.

A rather strong solution of lye poured through the sink will clean the grease out of the pipes, doing the job more quickly and effectively than in any other way.

That mother exhibits a standard of values badly out of whack who prays and labors for the conversion of the heathen in foreign lands, yet allows her own boys and girls to gad about the streets or neighborhood at will nights after they should be abed.

A good thickness of straw scattered over the ground in the feed yard will not only prevent the making of a mire in a wet time, but will provide an absorbent for the liquid manures which would otherwise leach into the ground and thus be wasted. We have known of this being done in a number of cases and with very satisfactory results.

The canna bulbs should be kept in moist sand in the cellar until the latter part of February, when it is well to remove them to pots and keep them at a rather low temperature for several weeks, so as to retard the growth until within a reasonable time from transplanting, which may be done without danger from frost by the middle of May.

Some one has said that genius is one-tenth inspiration and nine-tenths perspiration. This is doubtless overdrawn, yet expresses a truth that is quite often overlooked in our judgments in cases of success and failure. Inquiry into the careers of men who have been successful in their callings shows that luck and chance play an insignificant part, while energy and application have been most important factors.

Not long ago some one in the employ of the agricultural department at Washington had a good word to say for the common skunk as a useful animal in nature's economy. Since then the Michigan experiment station directors have discovered that the stink bug is a very vigorous enemy of the potato larvae. In view of these discoveries there would seem to be some hope for some of the other seemingly unnecessary bugs or beasts in the natural realm.

Reports made public by the management show that $500,000,000 worth of diamonds have already been taken from the mines at Kimberley, South Africa, and this is thought to be only a good beginning. The value of all of the mines of the earth pales into insignificance when compared with that of the grains, grasses, fruits and fibers which are annually grown upon its surface, while those who toil in dimly lighted shafts are but a handful to those who till the soil.

At intervals during the past few years reports have been given circulation by none too careful writers that samples of artificial comb honey were being offered for sale on the market here and there. With a view to offsetting the injury which the spreading of these reports might do producers of genuine comb honey, the National Beekeepers' association has a standing offer of $1,000 which will be given to the person furnishing a single comb of artificial honey or a comb of honey which has been drained and refilled with glucose or other concoction.

The burning of litter or manure in field or garden is wrong in principle in that it robs the soil of just that amount of humus or decaying vegetable matter which tends to keep it loose and in the best condition to handle. In case this supply of humus becomes deficient it means in the end a hard and resisting condition of soil that is objectionable from every point of view. On this account any plan which has in view an increasing of the supply of the soil humus is commendable.

In a trip in almost any section of the country it is quite remarkable how many inferior, runty and unprepossessing sires one will see at the head of herds of cattle, having apparently few points of merit for either beef or dairy purposes. Men who will put up with this state of affairs are not only falling down when it comes to the money end of farming, but miss the pleasure to be had in raising a higher grade of stock. There is something radically wrong with the man who is content to raise scrubs when he could just as well raise something better.

Before long it will be time to cover the tender things for winter, including the rosebushes, pansies and other plants that may be left out of doors. In doing this the important thing to remember is not that the covering is put on to keep things warm so much as to furnish a shade from the rays of the sun to prevent the alternate thawing and freezing which are bound to take place in the varying temperatures of the winter months. For the rosebushes nothing is better than laying them down and covering them with boards or an old door. If these are not available, cornstalks, leaves or other coarse litter will do. The finer it is the greater is the likelihood that it may become a harbor for mice, which may girdle the bushes if they get very hungry. While the pansies are quite hardy, it is well to give them a similar covering. Old pieces of carpet or matting may be used for this.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	.96
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.23
Barley	.50
Eggs	25c
Butter	25c

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phone 17.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

W. B. Fuller was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

D. P. O'Neill was down to Ada the first of the week.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. O. W. Nelson.

D. N. Winton was up from Minneapolis the first of the week.

Frank Chittick was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor was in the city last Saturday.

For Sale—One set heavy work harnesses. Inquire of Frank Chittick.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday to visit Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

An almost new Canton three stroke self-feed hay press for sale cheap.—Emil Sedlacek.

S. Kenison was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week looking for a house to rent.

Frank Bourque was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to some business matters.

Found—A ladies comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Services will be held at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Gilbert Haavi left Monday for Red Lake Falls and will be busy until the end of this week viewing ditches.

Attorneys Halvorson, Mabey, Richardson, Michelet and Stanton were at Red Lake Falls this week attending court.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—For Sale—A 4 horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Consumption

is, by no means, the dreadful disease it is thought to be—in the beginning.

It can always be stopped—in the beginning. The trouble is: you don't know you've got it; you don't believe it; you won't believe it—till you are forced to. Then it is dangerous.

Don't be afraid; but attend to it quick—you can do it yourself and at home. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod Liver Oil and live carefully every way.

This is sound doctrine, whatever you may think or be told; and, if heeded, will save life.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Goodnow Torrison was over from Fisher last week.

O. A. Naplin was up from Polk Center last Saturday.

James Farr was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mayor Hemre was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Alex A. Sweaas was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Rubber goods and Overshoes for the whole family at the Golden Rule.

Joe Moraver and Jack Kief left this week for the Red Lake country.

B. Dan Bjorkman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

John J. Soll, of Wylie, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

You will find the largest assortment of Boys Suits and Overcoats at the Golden Rule.

Miss Effie Christianson went down to Fertile Monday to visit friends for a few days.

John Finke, of Nordon, attended to business matters at Red Lake Falls this week.

Daniel Shaw was down to Ada the first of the week attending to business matters.

Lost—Three ten dollar bills. Finder please return to Hotel Evelyn and receive reward.

Carl Ahles left Monday evening for Wisconsin to spend a few weeks visiting with friends.

Miss Irene Caldwell, who is teaching school at Plummer, was in the city to spend Sunday.

J. M. Bishop was down to Red Lake the first of the week as a witness before the grand jury.

Sheep lined coats, Mackinaws, Sax. Wool Underwear, Rubbers, Felt Shoes at the Golden Rule.

James Meehan was up from Minneapolis the first of the week to attend to business matters for a few days.

Charles A. Robbecke left last Saturday for West Baden to spend a few weeks for the benefit of his health.

Rev. Dahle left Monday for Fergus Falls to attend district convention. He expects to be absent until Friday.

Even inexperienced cooks have "good luck" with Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts. They never disappoint.

Lost—Two sacks of flax, a canvass to cover a binder and a plow lath. Finder please notify A. O. Sandland, Brunkeberg, Minn.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

H. G. Dobner went up to Middle River Monday and from there drove over to Rollis where he clerked at several auction sales.

Johnnie Heibert, a former county commissioner of Red Lake county, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Samuel Johnson, who for the past year has been working up at Prince Albert, returned to this city last week and will make his home here in the future.

Joseph Johnson, the sheep king of Erie, came to town Saturday evening and on Monday went to Red Lake Falls to serve as a member of the grand jury.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Among the jurors from this section who went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening were the follows: Herman Berndt Charles Hurt and Joseph Johnson.

Miss Anna Lillemoen left last Friday for Harve, Mont., to visit her sister, Mrs. John Matheson. She was accompanied as far as Grand Forks by her brother, John Lillemoen.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing. Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Ladies' Coats, Misses' Coats, Children's Coats in Cloth Fur, Furlined plush lined etc., etc., at any price you want to pay. Largest stock in the city to select from The Golden Rule.

John Morgan left Sunday evening for West Baden, Indiana, to spend several weeks. He will join C. A. Robbecke at this place and the two will return to Thief River Falls together.

Herman Andersen, who was elected county superintendent of schools by such a large majority, left last week for Sebeka, to resume his duties as superintendent of the schools in that village. He will remain there until the 1st of January when he will return to Red Lake county and take up the duties of county superintendent.

—Wanted—to buy a team of horses. Ed. O'Hara.

There are quite a number of cases of typhoid fever in the city.

Frank Zavoral was in the city from Erie the first of the week.

Ben Christianson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Peter Eberhardt returned yesterday from a trip to the Red Lake country.

Just received a shipment of Men's Neckwear in the latest "Kinks" at the Golden Rule Clothing Dept.

Another petition is out for the division of Polk county. This time Erskine wants to be the county seat.

There will be services in the Swedish church on the East Side a 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 15.

Blankets and Comforters, Outing flannels, Woolen flannels, Hosiery and Underwear at the Golden Rule.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Henning Peterson Nov. 16.

Mesdames Mussey, Person and Mathews will serve lunch Friday afternoon at the home of the former. All cordially invited.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. E. Melby at the home of Gilbert Bakke on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 18.

Fred Holzknecht entertained a company of friends last Thursday evening, the occasion being the anniversary of his birth. A most enjoyable time was had by all.

H. S. Anderson, who has a homestead in the town of Kratka, was here last week and build a residence. He will remove here from Minneapolis with his family next spring.

Services together with the celebration of the Lord's Supper at the German Lutheran next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

I. J. Ringham, of Grygla, was in the city last Friday and made the News office a pleasant call. He states that the people up that way are hoping a railroad will soon be built up through that country.

Supt. J. H. Hay was down to Crookston last week and before the meeting of the Red River Valley Horticultural association read a paper on "Agricultural Education". The paper was well received and Mr. Hay received much praise.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from Berry's gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Friends in this city of N. W. Tarrant have received word from "Nick" to the effect that he intends to return to this city soon after the 1st of January and engage in some business here. "Nick" has a lot of friends here and any business in which he engages is sure to prosper.

L. G. Browning was taken to Crookston Tuesday evening and yesterday afternoon was operated upon for a supposed case of gall stones. The operation proved that the obstruction was caused by a twist of the gall bladder. Mr. Browning is now getting along nicely and the doctors in charge of the case say that the operation was a very satisfactory one.

Services next Sunday as follows: Immanuel Congregation, at the Newton School house at 10:30 A. M. In Trinity Congregation Thief River Falls, at the Swedish mission church in the evening at 7:30. Rev. A. O. Oppegaard from Madison, Minn., will preach at both places. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching 10:00 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School 11:45 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting 6:45 P. M.
A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Attracting General Attention

is the perfect work that is done at our Dyeing and Cleaning establishment. Our cleaning of men's clothing is a long needed want, and we are filling it to perfection. When we clean and press a suit of clothing that only costs a small sum you have a new outfit for the season. It is bad for the clothier, but good for the wearer.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

NOTICE

We are pleased to announce to the public that our bargain sale the past two week has been a great success, and we have decided to continue the sale two weeks longer, from Nov. 1 to Nov. 14. This greatest of all sales will positively end on Saturday, Nov. 14. One more word: if you are wise do not miss this sale. We welcome everybody.

Yours for business,

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The grade teachers are prepairing material for exhibition, something of the pupils' daily work in the several branches studied.—This will be neatly mounted on cards and hung in the halls on the first floor of each building.

Nine parents visited the primary rooms in the Knox on last visitors' day.

Supt. J. H. Hay visited the Crookston Agricultural school last Friday.

A frank and manly apology to our foot-ball team for the treatment accorded them recently at Fosston was received this week from the boys of that town. It bore the signature of every man in the foot-ball team with the single exception of that of the chief offender, the captain, who refused to follow the generous and commendable spirit of his fellows in seeking to make amends for ungentlemanly conduct. It is gratifying to be able to state that this fall, at home or abroad, the Thief River boys have never, by word or deed, even when sometimes under cirumstances of great provocation, laid themselves liable to criticism for misbehavior. Some of the lessons of foot-ball have been learned by our boys, if they have not been by their competitors.

The normal students are teaching spelling this week in the fifth grade at the Central.

Miss Day pleasantly entertained the school faculty at the Richardson home last Friday evening.

The foot ball boys last Saturday gave proof of their prowess when they completely overwhelmed the veterans from East Grand Forks, a team that has met defeat only once before in four years. A score of 18 to 0 against such accomplished players places our team in the front rank of Valley high school teams and counterbalances our heavy defeats of the early season when the boys were mastering the rudiments of the game. Prof. Deal has received many compliments for his success in perfecting a team of winners out of the absolutely raw material that presented itself in September.

Last Friday the total enrollment of the high school was in attendance. This is a little out of the ordinary when the size of this department is considered.

The close of the foot-ball season will be celebrated at the home of Supt. Hay next Friday evening when the boys will be entertained at dinner by Supt. and Mrs. Hay.

Parents are again reminded that the high and grammar grade students have "home" work assigned every day. Wherein any of these pupils fail to spend from one to two hours every evening in diligent study it should compel the inquiry of the parent. It is also noted that some pupils who can be frequently seen of evenings on the down town streets are in a fair way to fail of promotion at the close of the term, as in nearly every instance these are the pupils whose standings are low and their deportment not the best.

Germantown.

Those of our readers who want nothing but fresh news will, we hope, kindly forbear with yo correspondent this week and blame the delay, as he does, to threshing, road work, politics, etc.

The ground froze up the first of this week and it seems that the frost now is with us in earnest.

Threshing has been at a stand still since last Tuesday awaiting the frost before pulling into the eastern country where little or no threshing has been done yet.

Road work in the beaver dams west of Germantown has been finished for this year. About $250 has been expended at that place and with five or six hundred more it will be a good piece of road.

Rev. H. Bjornson conducted confirmation services in the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday of last week. The class confirmed was composed of: Owen Olson, Melvin Hamre, Nettie Bendickson, Julia Johnson and Emma Hamre.

Chas. Cook and wife entertained a large company of friends Sunday evening of last week.

M. J. Berg of Silverton was a Germantown visitor last Sunday.

John Clausen was up at Grygla some time ago, looking after his homestead up there that he filed on this fall.

Seraphine Rolland, an old timer and the present owner of the original townsite of Germantown, spent a few days here two weeks ago, attending to business matters. He is now located in Washington.

The Creamery closed up for the year the last of October after an eight months' successful run. Buttermaker Henry Nelson left at once for Middle River for a brief visit before going back home to Pope County.

Edseth's new blacksmith shop is nearly completed.

Carl Severson went back to Minneapolis last week to spend the winter.

A term of German religious school opens here in the H. Sierts house Nov. 10, by Rev. F. Seltz, pastor of the local German congregation.

Election day passed without any disturbance in this town, and as far as the result of the vote on the National and State tickets are concerned we may as well have spared the town the trouble of holding the election. Following are a few of the results—Taft 20, Bryan 22; Debs 2—Jacobson 23, Johnson 25. For congressional, legislative and county offices the following had majorities. Steenerson, Robertson, Mattson, Malberg, Hanson, Dagoberg, Forsberg, Brown, Holm, Biederman, Mack and Mithun.

Misses Therese and Clara Hovelsaa went back to Grand Forks last week.

Frank Dau and wife removes to Thief River Falls some time this week to remain until the spring.

Nels Lee made a trip to Fargo, N. D. lately.

Miss Kalihor is drilling the pupils for an entertainment to be given at the close of the fall term of school.

The people did rule on Nov. 3, by endorsing the present administrations at Washington and St. Paul. The first was a party victory and the second we shall believe for the next two years was a personal victory for Johnson and hope that belief to be true.

Reiner.

Election day was a quiet one.

Our school started a couple of days ago and Miss Sathre is teacher.

Andrew L. Kjos shot a wolf sometime ago and J. A. McNulty has been lucky enough to catch two wolves in a trap.

Tom Hoverston is still sick with typhoid fever.

Martin Anderson has been on the sick list the past week.

Miss Langlie visited with her parents a few days last week.

J. O. Berg has removed into his new house.

One of our bachelors was lost a couple of days. Wonder if he was out looking for a dear?

Torgus Halvorson installed a phone last week.

AT THE BIJOU.

Our platform—the highest standard of films.

The attractions for the last half of this week are par excellence. The illustrated song, "The Same Old Starry Flag" is exceptionally fine and is beautifully rendered by Mrs. Huseth.

The amateurs this Friday evening will create laughter. Edison's "The Boston Tea Party" is undoubtedly the most popular historical play issued in a decade, based on the great Revolution.

The rest of the program is evenly balanced. Comic—"The Fat Baby," "Noisey Neighbors." Semi-comic—"Mother in Law," "the Artist's Model" and "The Dynamite Man." Scenic—"Walks in Soudan."

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A NEGLECTED INTEREST.

Because of the many duties indoors and out which take up the parents' time there is a tendency with the vast majority to pay slight heed to another interest of equal or greater importance, the district school. Of course it is taken for granted by school patrons, and is in most cases true, that a competent teacher has been hired who will conduct the work in a satisfactory manner, but this notwithstanding it is better from the standpoint of teacher, pupils and patron if the latter get into the *habit* when opportunity offers of visiting the schools in a helpful, friendly spirit with a view to encouraging the teacher and getting a first hand knowledge of conditions which prevail there. Were this done more generally by parents many serious misunderstandings might be avoided between themselves and teachers and a spirit of co-operation developed which would be beneficial from every point of view. Parents would understand better than they do the trials and vexations which the average teacher has to put up with, teachers would come to know their pupils better by being acquainted with the parents, while pupils would realize that an understanding existed between teacher and parents would make it impossible for them were they so inclined to distort or misrepresent incidents or conditions existing in the school. In the event that the teacher was seriously at fault in her methods of government or really incapable the knowledge that patrons would get from visiting the school frequently would enable them to take such action as would be just and fair to all concerned.

A COMMON AILMENT.

A quite common ailment with horses which have been at hard and steady work through the summer months and of a sudden are given a spell of leisure between harvest and husking without an accompanying reduction in their food ration is a "stocking" of the legs—sometimes the front, but more commonly the hind. This seems to be due to a sort of congestion which takes place in the system, resulting in serious kidney and urinal disturbances. In such cases about the only thing to be done is to radically change the diet, cutting out the tame (especially clover) hay if it has been fed and substituting bran in the place of corn, giving laxative medicines which will tend to loosen up and clean out the system. Turning horses affected in this manner out to pasture is an excellent idea, as they get needed exercise, which will tend to reduce the swelling of the limbs, while the grass will be an excellent corrective of internal conditions. A bovine will suffer no ill from eating an excess of rich foods, but it is different with the horse.

THE BEST REMEDY.

While there is much about the subject of tuberculosis that is not yet known, enough has been learned to prove beyond doubt that the malady is in many cases induced or aggravated by the close confinement of human beings and animals in stuffy and ill ventilated houses and stables. Pure fresh air, which may be had for the breathing, is nature's great antitoxin for pulmonary complaints, and thousands of cases of the malady have been permanently cured through the patients being in the open every possible moment of their waking and sleeping hours. Time was when there was a class of people who were as afraid as death of pure fresh air and would as soon think of exposing themselves to a contagious disease as leave a window up in the sleeping room. While a person of this type may be found here and there, the class is rapidly diminishing, the fear of fresh air being a relic of bygone times that should be dispensed with along with cupping, bleeding and cauterizing with hot irons.

WINTER CHEER.

The winter season is pre-eminently the period of the supremacy of the good cheer and enjoyment of the life of the family circle; hence anything that can be done to make it brighter or more wholesome through the purchase of games, good books and magazines and music in various forms is justifiable and praiseworthy from the very highest standard of essential. It is of infinitely more importance—this making of the fireside helpful and happy for the growing boys and girls—than the breeding of this or that strain of blooded stock or the mixing of balanced rations for milk and beef production. A fine home, with all its uplifting and molding influence, is the greatest and most vital asset which this country possesses today, and for this reason everything possible should be done by all members of the home to make this as effective an influence as it is possible for it to be.

It is said that pieces of meat placed just beneath the surface of the earth in the pot with the sword fern or palm will provide a fertilizer which is quickly utilized.

There is a vast difference between a house and a home. Wall paper, carpets and furniture may be found in the former, but it takes wholesale, sincere and warm hearted folks to furnish the latter.

It is not necessary to cover the strawberry bed until the ground freezes solid the latter part of November. When this takes place it should be covered with four or five inches of clean oat straw, coarse hay or cornstalks.

While methods mean much in achieving success in any given line, it is, after all, the personality and force of the man who uses the method which are of most account. It is this personal element which is often overlooked, yet which accounts for success in one instance and failure in another.

Barring the purpose which a small bunch of willow trees along a fence row may serve as a shade for stock, there would seem to be mighty little excuse for this tree anywhere on the farm. It is slovenly and ungainly, harbors worms and breeds mudholes, having little to commend it either from the practical or aesthetic point of view.

A recent order of President Roosevelt has set aside 70,000 acres of land close to the Oregon-California line as a reservation for the propagation and protection of native birds. This reserve is to include all land not suitable for agricultural purposes. The land comprised in the order is considered to be the greatest breeding place in the world for waterfowl.

A number of sections in the north central states that in the early days raised considerable wheat and later oats and corn are now having a measure of success in the raising of winter wheat. In spite of this fact, not much can be expected from it, as a continuance in it without the observance of a proper system of crop rotation can in the end mean only soil depletion and impoverishment.

September of this year gave a foretaste of drought conditions which might easily recur earlier in the season next year if, as some have prophesied, we are just entering upon a cycle of seven dry years. If this should be the case, there will be a whole lot of folks who have settled down in the buffalo grass country who will want to be leaving for greener fields by the middle of next July.

It is estimated that 21,000,000 cows are milked daily in the United States. They yield on an average 3,500 pounds of milk a year, which makes the annual total output 70,000,000,000 pounds. Of this milk a little more than one-half is consumed in making butter, 3,000,000,000 pounds are used in making cheese, 1,000,000,000 for condensed milk, while the rest is sold as cream, fed to calves or drunk as a beverage.

A short time ago a Wisconsin farmer had his herd of dairy cows infected with a serious contagious disease as a result of importing from a distance cattle which were contaminated, a fact he was not aware of until several months had elapsed. Too great care can hardly be exercised in this matter along the line of insisting on a guarantee that animals bought are free from taint of disease of every kind.

One of the live problems which will come up this winter for earnest discussion by those who are interested in a conservation of our forest resources is some more effective method of preventing and controlling the spread of forest fires, which have left hundreds of thousands of acres of forest lands bare and black and thousands of people penniless and homeless. The federal government has in force an effective system of patrols, and it would seem expedient if the same oversight could be extended to embrace all forest areas.

A man can be strictly honest and yet be so mighty small and picayunish in his dealings with his neighbors and family that he will not rate much higher in the respect of his neighbors than the boss scamp of the community. Honesty is a good deal like many of the things which we eat—needs trimmings. There is a lot of good behind the old Biblical admonition as to the gospel measure—liberal, generous, "pressed down and running over." Men who deal on this basis always have lots of friends and get good measure in return.

The day is fast going by when it is held by any considerable number that the dunderpate who makes a fizzle at everything else he dabbles in can achieve any great distinction as a tiller of the soil. With land values and rental rates constantly advancing, a definite as well as considerable amount of brains and energy are needed in agricultural pursuits, and he will achieve the largest measure of success who makes the most careful and most intelligent study of the problems which confront him. There may be a niche somewhere which a stupid and shiftless man may fill, but he should not embark in agriculture with the idea that this is his destined field.

F. E. Trigg

AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, November 14, 1908.

Commencing at 1 p. m.

At the Cunningham Farm, Seven Miles North of Thief River Falls on East Side of Thief River.

1 horse.
2 yoke of oxen.
3 cows.
3 milch cows.
2 spring calves.
1 calf, 2 months old.
2 sheep.
2 spring pigs.
40 chickens
5 geese.
2 pekin ducks.
1 wagon.
1 pair of bob sleighs.
Cream separator.
One McCormick mower.
1 hay rake.
1 16-inch stubble plow.
1 16-inch breaking plow, nearly new.
1 garden plow.
Garden cultivator.
Three-horse drag.
2 sets of oxen harnesses.
1 grindstone.
Garden tools.
Household furniture.
About 80 bushels of barley.
And other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper.

H. M. HICKS, Auctioneer. **H. G. DOBNER,** Clerk. **JENNIE CUNNINGHAM,** Owner.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

AN OLD INDIAN MYTH

It Tells a Curious Story About the Creation.

MOUNT TAHOMA MADE FIRST.

Then Came the Trees, the Birds, the Fishes and All the Animals, With the Grizzly Bear the Last and the Greatest of All—The Origin of Man.

The Indians say that the Great Spirit made Mount Tahoma the first of all. Boring a hole in the sky, using a large stone as an auger, he pushed down snow and ice until they reached the desired height, then stepped from cloud to cloud down to the great icy pile and from it to the earth, where he planted the first trees by merely putting his finger into the soil here and there. The sun began to melt the snow, the snow produced water, the water ran down the side of the mountain, refreshed the trees and made rivers. The Great Spirit gathered the leaves that fell from the trees, blew upon them, and they became birds. He took a stick and broke it into pieces. Of the small end he made fishes, and of the middle of the stick he made animals, the grizzly bear excepted, which he formed from the big end of the stick, appointing him to be master over all the others.

Indeed, this animal grew so large, strong and cunning that the Creator somewhat feared him and so hollowed out Mount Tahoma as a wigwam for himself where he might reside while on earth in the most perfect security and comfort. So the smoke was soon to be seen curling up from the mountain where the Great Spirit and his family lived and still live, though their hearth fire is alight no longer, now that the white man is in the land. This was thousands of snows ago.

After this came a late and severe springtime, in which a memorable storm blew up from the sea, shaking the huge lodge to its base. The Great Spirit commanded his daughter, then little more than an infant, to go up and bid the wind to be still, cautioning her at the same time not to put her head out into the blast, but only to thrust out her little arm and make a sign before she delivered her message.

The eager child hastened up to the hole in the roof, did as she was told and then turned to descend, but her curiosity impelled her to look at the forbidden world outside and the rivers and trees, at the far ocean and the great waves that the storm had made as hoary as the forest when the snow is on the firs. So she stopped and put out her head to look. Instantly the storm took her by the long hair and blew her down to the earth, down the mountain side, over the smooth ice and soft snow, down to the land of the grizzly bears.

Now, the grizzly bears were then somewhat different from what they are at the present time. In appearance, it is true, they were much the same, but they walked then on their hind legs like men and talked and carried clubs, using the fore limbs as men use their arms. At the foot of the mountain, at the place where the child was blown to, lived a family of grizzlies. The father grizzly was returning from the hunt with his club on his shoulder and a young elk in his hand when he saw the shivering little waif lying on the snow with her hair all tangled about her.

The old grizzly, pitying and wondering at the strange, forlorn creature, lifted it up and carried it in to his wife to see what should be done. She, too, was pitiful and fed it from her own breast, bringing it up as one of their family. So the daughter of the Great Spirit grew up, and the eldest son of the old grizzly married her, and their offspring was neither grizzly nor Great Spirit, but man.—Forest and Stream.

An Original Oath of Allegiance.

In the old days when the Spanish province of Aragon was a proud and independent monarchy the people used when choosing their king the following singular form of election:

"We, the freeborn inhabitants of the ancient kingdom of Aragon, who are equal to you, Don Philip, and something more, elect you to be our king on condition that you preserve to us our rights and privileges. If in this you should fail we own you for our king no longer."

The Red Ferns.

"Stop the auto!"

"But, sir"—

"I think I saw some red ferns."

"Better lemme keep on, boss," advised the chauffeur earnestly. "Them red ferns is the local constable's whiskers."—Washington Herald.

The Open Window.

The best part of a modern house is its windows. To keep these open day and night and to make the air inside approach as nearly as possible the air outside should be the first business of the housekeeper.—Good Health.

A Precaution.

"Every man is the architect of his own fortune," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes, but he wants to keep solid with the building inspectors," added the simple mug.—Philadelphia Record.

Reason Enough.

The Butler—What makes the missus in such a bad humor this morning? The Maid—Some woman told her a secret last night, and she's forgotten it.—London Telegraph.

The web of our life is a mingled yarn, good and ill together.—Shakespeare.

MOUNTAIN SLIDING.

Hawaiian Small Boys Simply "Drop Down the Edge of the Scenery."

Water sports are by no means the only vigorous athletics indulged in by the boys of Hawaii. Mountain climbing is a favorite pastime, for there are peaks 4,000 feet high within easy walking distance of any part of Honolulu, and on the island of Hawaii there are two mountains fully 14,000 feet in height. Not infrequently the Honolulu schools give picnics on the mountain sides that the pupils may gather land shells. It is on these excursions in search of land shells that the Hawaiian schoolboys revel in the once national sport, mountain sliding.

A very steep mountain side is selected, where the grass is long and sloping downward. Every one gathers his own ti leaves. The ti leaf is something like the banana leaf, but not nearly so long. With a bunch of ti leaves in his hand the first boy steps to the edge of the side, grasps the leaves by the stems in both hands, places the leafy part under him and sits down, gives himself a start and drops down the edge of the scenery like a flash. I was assured that it was an easy matter to regulate the speed of descent by merely grasping the ti stems firmly and lifting them upward, this acting as a brake. I longed for the thrill of dropping down over the edge of a mountain and upon my brief sled of ti leaves *began the descent. I went like the* wind. It seemed as though my breath would be taken away from me or that I would plunge head over heels, to be dashed to pieces among the trees below. I thought of my brake and drew up on the ti leaves with all my might and came up with a jerk that jarred every bone in my body. There I sat, looking downward almost perpendicularly, held in position only by a few leaves resting on the smooth, slippery grass, but the sliding grass is nearly a foot long, and it is only after it has been repeatedly slidden over and beaten down that it approaches perfection in the eyes of the Hawaiian small boy and sometimes leads to accidents. When, for instance, the thin layer of ti leaves wears out beneath the slide a gentle tug at the stalks parts the sled and sends the slider whizzing downward in a most uncomfortable and ungraceful manner, all arms and legs. Lucky is the victim of such an accident if he is not stopped in his downward career by the trunk of a tree.—St. Nicholas.

SCARED THE ROBBERS.

Odd Incident In England In the Eighteenth Century.

For a time during the eighteenth century in England there was a lull in the robbery industry owing to an odd incident. Shortly after the execution of an English burglar named Ellston a curious communication purporting to have been written by him was put into circulation. "Now, as I am a dying man," it ran, "I have done something which may be of good use to the public. I have left with an honest man—the only honest man I was ever acquainted with—the names of all my wicked brethren, the places of their abode, with a short account of the chief crimes they have committed, in many of which I have been the accomplice and heard the rest from their own mouths. I have likewise set down the names of those we call our setters, of the houses we frequent and all of those who receive and buy our stolen goods. I have solemnly charged this honest man and have received his promise upon oath that whenever he hears of any rogue to be tried for robbery or housebreaking he will look into his list and if he finds there the name of the thief concerned to send the whole paper to the government. Of this I here give my companions fair and public warning and hope they will take it." It is said the hint was so effectual that for a long time pickpockets and burglars in that part of England went into panic stricken retirement. And, this being so, it is just as well they did not know that the letter was a clever forgery, the work of that prince of wits and humorists, Dean Swift.—New York Tribune.

Climatic Changes.

There is plenty of evidence of the very best sort which goes to prove that not only Europe and North America, but the lands situated within the arctic circle, must have enjoyed a tropical climate. The numerous fossil remains found in those regions are those of plants and animals which, according to the present state of our knowledge, must have lived under conditions now found only in the equatorial belt. Nothing is clearer than the fact that the polar cold is steadily gaining on the temperate and tropical zones and that eventually the land will be all ice fields.

Donald Knew.

Margaret, aged ten, was a beginner in history. "Mamma," she asked, "what does 'behead' mean?"

"To cut off a man's head, dear."

There was a moment of silent study, then another question:

"What does 'defeat' mean, mamma?"

Little Donald, aged four, was interested.

"I know, mamma," was his logical conclusion; "'defeat' means to cut a man's feet off."—Delineator.

Very Different.

"In the olden days a reformer was liable to be burnt at the stake."

"Yes, and now we put him on the lecture platform and give him 50 per cent of the gross receipts."—Washington Star.

Talking and eloquence are not the same. To speak and to speak well are two things.—Ben Jonson.

AN EPISODE OF WAR.

The Only Coward Evans Ever Saw In the Naval Service.

After Admiral Evans had been so grievously wounded in the attack on Fort Fisher during the civil war he was picked up by a marine named Wasmouth and carried into comparative shelter. Wasmouth was killed a few minutes later. Evans' own account continues: "After Wasmouth was killed I soon fell asleep, and when I awoke it was some time before I could recall my surroundings. The tide had come in, and the hole in which I was lying was nearly full of water, which had about covered me and was trickling into my ears. I could see a monitor firing and apparently very near, and the thought came to me that I could swim off to her if I only had a bit of plank or driftwood, but this I could not get. It was plain enough that I should soon be drowned like a rat in a hole unless I managed to get out somehow. Dead and wounded men were lying about in ghastly piles, but no one to lend me a helping hand. By this time I could not use my legs in any way, and when I dug my hands into the sides of my prison and tried to pull myself out the sand gave way and left me still lying in the water. Finally I made a strong effort and rolled myself sideways out of the hole.

"When I got out I saw a marine a short distance away nicely covered by a pile of sand and firing away deliberately at the fort. I called to him to pull me in behind his bar of sand, but he declined on the ground that the fire was too sharp for him to expose himself. I persuaded him with my revolver to change his mind, and in two seconds he had me in a place of safety—that is to say, safe by a small margin, for when he fired the Confederate bullets would snip the sand within a few inches of our heads. If the marine had known that my revolver was soaking wet and could not possibly be fired I suppose I would have been buried the next morning, as many other poor fellows were. As soon as I could reach some cartridges from a dead sailor lying near me I loaded my revolver, thinking it might be useful before the job was finished.

"When I was jerked in behind this pile of sand I landed across the body of the only coward I ever saw in the naval service. At first I was not conscious that there was a man under me, so completely had he worked himself into the sand. He was actually below the surface of the ground. The monitors were firing over us, and as a shell came roaring by he pulled his knees up to his chin, which hurt me, as it jostled my broken legs. I said: 'Hello! Are you wounded?' 'No, sir,' he replied; 'I am afraid to move.' 'All right, then,' I said, 'keep quiet and don't hurt my legs again.' The next shell that came over he did the same thing and the next notwithstanding my repeated cautions. So I tapped him between the eyes with the butt of my revolver, and he was quiet after that."

The Glove on the Pole.

A quaint custom in an English town, Honiton, is "proclaiming the fair." The town obtained the grant of a fair from the lord of the manor so long ago as 1257, and the fair still retains some of the picturesque characteristics of bygone days. The town crier, dressed in picturesque uniform and carrying a pole decorated with gay flowers and surmounted by a large gilt model of a gloved hand, publicly announces the opening of the fair, as follows: "Oyez! Oyez! Oyez! The fair's begun, the glove is up. No man can be arrested till the glove is taken down." Hot coins are then thrown among the children. The pole and glove remains displayed until the end of the fair.

How Hammer of Death Struck James.

The old parish church of Plumstead is probably at least 1,000 years old. The picturesque churchyard, a cherished haunt of the poet Bloomfield during his visits to Shooters Hill, contains a delightfully choice "derangement of epitaphs." One of these on "Master James Darling, aged 10," teaches a lesson of moderation during the cherry season to the youth of other places besides Plumstead. Speaking from his tombstone, Master Darling exclaims:

> The hammer of death was give to me
> For eating the cherries off the tree.
> —Westminster Gazette.

Had Its Limitations.

A Scottish farmer was proudly showing a visitor an antique clock which had recently come into his possession.

"Isn't that a gran' clock?" he said. "I bocht it at an auction sale in the toon the ither day an' got a rale bargain."

"Yes, but does it keep good time?" the visitor asked.

"Ah, weel, it's no guid enough to catch a train or that sort o' thing, but guid enough to get up to yer breakfast wi'."

A Budding Philologist.

Bobbie, aged five, saw a cow grazing in his mother's flower garden and shouted: "Scat! Scat!"

The cow didn't seem to be much intimidated and calmly ate on. Three-year-old Mary, dancing with excitement, exclaimed: "Tell him to 'scow,' Bobbie; tell him to 'scow'!"—Delineator.

He Understood.

Hewitt—Do you understand where that fellow stood, the one who was just talking to us? Jewett—Sure; he was standing on my feet most of the time.—New York Press.

We are natural believers. Truth, or the connection between cause and effect, alone interests us.—Emerson.

TRAPS FOR MARINERS

Some Points of Peril That Are Dreaded by Seamen.

MERCILESS KENTISH KNOCK.

This Real Davy Jones' Locker Is a Vast Cemetery For All Ships That Are Gripped by Its Relentless Sands; Sable Island's Fingers of Death.

The exact location of Davy Jones' locker is not shown on any ocean chart extant, principally because it is a state and not a place, but if any one ocean death trap deserves the title it is the Thames estuary. The British naval department has a chart upon which it marks the position of wrecks with a black dot. On this chart the Thames mouth tract is a solid black spot. So numerous have been the wrecks that the dots run together. The point where the black dots actually pile one on top of another is the Kentish Knock, and this is the place among all of the ocean's danger spots that deserves the title of Davy Jones' locker.

At the Kentish Knock it is not keel shattering rocks of piercing points of coral that wreck the ocean travelers. It is sand, treacherous, clinging sand, that grasps the doomed ship with a grip of steel and holds it firmly while the angry sea beats it to fragments. Many a vessel posted at Lloyd's as missing would be duly accounted for if the Knock sand would give up its booty. There is no hope for ship or man when Father Neptune asks toll at the Kentish Knock, for the nearest land is twenty miles away and the nearest lifeboat at Margate, thirty miles away.

The sands of the ocean are far more dangerous than the rocks. The sand banks extend over more space, therefore offer more points of contact than the rocks, which usually rise in one slender pinnacle. The waters flow over them in smooth waves, and there are no warning breakers.

Next to the Thames mouth tract in point of danger is the Hugli, the salt water river on which Calcutta stands. The most trying part of a large vessel's voyage from New York to Calcutta is the last few miles of this calm river. In this strange river in windless weather and flat, calm water vessels have been lost, dashed to pieces on the ever shifting sand banks by the force of the tides. The sands grasp the keel of the marked vessel, and she stops, but the tide moves on with relentless force, and the helpless ship is carried over on her beam ends. She careens over and founders with all on board. One of the worst shoals in the Hugli bears the name James and Mary. It was the name of a great Indian merchant shipwrecked on the sunken sand banks.

Another danger point dreaded by the master mariner has neither sand nor rocks, but a great submarine waterfall. In the English channel there is a point just beyond the Shambles banks where there is a sudden drop in the sea bottom. The channel tides sweep over the banks and down this sudden drop, creating rapids equal in fury to those of Niagara. The American ship Georgian foundered in Portland race, the name by which this danger point is known, and all hands went down with her.

Ships bound to New York from Europe pass quite near a deadly hidden shoal which runs out from Sable island, lying off Sable cape, in Nova Scotia. The shoal runs out for miles in five directions like the fingers of a great hand reaching out for what it can destroy. When the gales blow, heavy seas boom upon the shoals with sufficient force to shatter the stanchest vessel afloat, and when the wind ceases the beaches are strewn with wreckage and the bodies of those who have perished. The distance from the shore is too great and the surf too heavy for the life savers to reach a struggling vessel, and few lives are saved at this point. Ten vessels have been wrecked in this trap in a single day.

The rocky danger points in the ocean have nearly all been tagged, and lighthouses have been erected on the most dangerous—all except one. There is no lighthouse on the Virgin rock, and there never will be. Out in the mid-Atlantic a giant pinnacle rears its head up from the ocean floor and endeavors vainly to reach the surface of the sea. It is too short by about eighteen feet. There it stands with its sharp point hidden by the ocean waves, waiting to pierce the bottom of some unsuspecting vessel and send it down to join the pile of ships' ribs and dead men's bones that litter the floor around its base. The waves seem to be in league with the rock, for if a vessel of light draft tries to pass over its head the waves float it down into a trough at the bottom of which the point of the rock is waiting to rip out her keel.

These danger spots, however, are but annexes to the real Davy Jones' locker, the Kentish Knock, that cemetery of ships and men where dripping ghosts of master mariners and their men flit over the ruins of their vessels.—H. R. Winslow in Los Angeles Times.

Bridge Builders.

We read of the heroes of the battlefield, the ocean and various other callings, but there is another class of men whose work is also heroic, but who are seldom heard of—men who face death high in the air. They are what the engineer calls "riggers" and are the creators of the world's big bridges and the huge skyscrapers of American cities. Without their bravery and skill the towering structures which span the world's great rivers and gorges could not be put together.—Wide World Magazine.

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Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Germantown, Minn., who [illegible] made Homestead Entry [illegible] for S. W. ¼, Section [illegible] Range [illegible] W., 5th P. M., has filed notice of intention to make [illegible] proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before [illegible] Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] ember, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Fred Duckamp, of Germantown [illegible]
Thom [illegible]
Joseph Duckamp, [illegible]
Ole P. Nelson, [illegible]

oct. 8 nov. 12

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, [illegible] at Crookston, Minn., [illegible]

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of Brodenberg, Minn., who [illegible] made H. E. No. [illegible] for S. W. ¼, Section 22, Township [illegible] W., 5th Prin. Meridian, [illegible] tion to make final [illegible] tablish claim to the land [illegible] fore L. [illegible] District of Minnesota [illegible] Minnesota, on the [illegible]

Claimant names as witnesses:
John [illegible]
Frank [illegible]
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THIEF RIVER FALLS

DEFECTI PAGE

A TURBULENT GHOST.

Noisy Nocturnal Rounds of an Invisible Visitor.

QUEER DEATH OF OLD JABEZ.

The Uncanny Incident That Disturbed the Quiet of an Old Virginia Home. A Nightly Tramp That Never Ceased Until the House Was Demolished.

"I am not exactly prepared to say that I believe in ghosts," said the old gentleman from Virginia, "but at the same time, in view of certain things that have been told me by persons whose reputations for veracity do not admit of a doubt, I cannot allow myself to ridicule the ideas of others who do believe in an occasional return to earth of the dead.

"There is one case in particular that I know of personally and that can be vouched for by a number of citizens in the upper counties of my state, and that is the case of old Uncle Jabez Martin, who knew a number of well to do farmers in Fauquier as well as in Spottsylvania, Rappahannock and other counties in the northern part of the state. 'Uncle Jabe,' as most every one who knew the old fellow called him, had considerable of the nomad in his disposition and led a wandering, pastoral life. He was always willing to work when any one needed his services and did a good deal of rough carpentering in return for a 'meal o' wittles and a shakedown,' as he expressed it, and as he was pretty well known in the land of his pilgrimages it was a rare occurrence when he was not given a welcome.

"If old Uncle Jabe thought more of one family in the state than he did of another it was the Greens. Virginia, as all know, is full of Greens. An estimable crowd they are, and nearly all of them consider themselves as related in some degree of consanguinity to the others of that name. 'The Greens of Virginia is the finest tribe of that name in seven states,' was the constant boast of Uncle Jabe, and above and beyond any other Green anywhere he placed Marse Dickie Green of Fauquier, and that is where my ghost story, if you will please to consider it as such, begins.

"One wild night in the month of October not very long before the war the old wanderer made his appearance at Squire Green's. Mr. Green was called squire by virtue of being a justice of the peace. Jabe wanted his usual 'meal o' wittles and shakedown,' and it was at his service, as usual, and after a good supper he sat on the back steps of the house, smoked his old pipe for awhile and then went to bed.

"Squire Green was engaged in some work that kept him up until midnight, and as the clock struck 12 he heard a heavy sound on the stairway. It seemed as if some one was coming down the steps with heavy irons on the legs. The sound was carried to the door, which was opened noisily and then closed with a terrific crash.

"Thinking it strange that old Jabez Martin would be guilty of making such unnecessary noise, the squire rushed to the door and opened it. The moon was shining in all its beauty, and everything was perfectly calm and nobody in sight. Back again went the surprised squire and up into the attic chamber, where Martin always slept when he made his calls. He found everything calm and quiet there. It was the quiet of death, for old Uncle Jabe was lying supine on his back, with his glassy eyes staring right up to the ceiling, where the squire left him until the morning.

"When he related the circumstances in the morning it seemed that every other one of the house had been disturbed by the uncanny noises. The strange part of it is that next night the same sounds were heard again, even to the slamming of the door, and an investigation proved that there was no person to make them. There were no cowards in Squire Green's family, but the noises disturbed them, and when they were heard, as they were, frequently at midnight they became so used to them they would simply remark that 'Uncle Jabe was tramping again' and go to sleep again.

"Friends and neighbors who knew of the ghostly exercises were averse to staying all night in the house, and the darkies couldn't be bribed to come near the place after nightfall. The sounds never ceased until after the house was torn down, and even its demolition, which it was hoped might reveal the source of its strange and grewsome sound, failed to present any explanation. There are folks living today in Fauquier county," said the relater of the ghost story, "who can, and I have no doubt readily will, testify to the truth of what I have made mention of."—Washington Post.

These Men!

"I went into the office looking like a fright," said the woman. "I didn't have a chance to straighten my hat or pat my hair or anything. I had intended to primp going up in the elevator, but there was a man standing before each mirror twirling his mustache, and I couldn't even get a peep at myself."—New York Times.

A Sound Reason.

Robert, aged five, was irritated by the crying of Clara, aged two.

"Sister," he said, with great seriousness, "why don't you stop crying? You must be sick. You don't look well, and you don't sound well."

Circumstances are beyond the control of man, but his conduct is in his [illegible].—Beaconsfield.

HUMBLED THE PRINCESS.

Fall of a Dusky Beauty From the South Sea Islands.

One night John Sharp Williams, while a student at Heidelberg, Germany, was in attendance upon a swell function at which the guest of honor was a dark skinned princess alleged to hail from one of the south sea islands. This princess was magnificently bedecked and bejeweled, and her warm olive complexion, set off by a mass of black, kinky hair, full red lips, snow white teeth and black, sparkling eyes, made her the center of the function. The masculine-like Germans swarmed about her like bees around a honeysuckle vine, and even Dutch femininity could not discount the charm of her manner or the beauty of her person.

John Sharp was introduced, of course, and immediately upon obtaining a near view of the princess (?) his southern instincts rose to the surface and his southern blood began to boil. Watching his opportunity, he managed to get to the beauty's elbow. Then, reducing his voice to a low, but perfectly audible key, he sent into her startled ears this alarming query:

"Look here, nigger, where did you come from?"

Panic stricken and with all her self possession scattered, the alleged princess turned upon her interrogator as she heard the familiar intonation of the southerner and looked into his unrelenting face. Then she stammered:

"Fum South Carolíny, boss, but for de Lawd's sake don't tell it."

Whether John Sharp respected the pitiful plea of a southern negress in a faraway land and permitted her to continue her bold imposition upon the credulous Germans the story does not tell. But the fact remains that the "princess" realized that she was in the presence of one who, from intimate knowledge of her race, had divined her African origin, and she could only throw herself on his mercy.—Biloxi Herald.

THE BASTILLE.

Men and Methods In the Famous Old French Prison.

The Bastille as a prison was apparently better kept and cleaner than either Bicetre or the Chatelet, and imprisonment within its walls did not, it would seem, dishonor the prisoner or his family. A great many prisoners were charged as mad, and under this elastic term the violent maniac, the ambitious madman, the young spendthrift, the megalomaniac, the reacher for the philosopher's stone or the secret of perpetual motion—all these tiresome persons might be and were included.

How, then, did these prisoners live? In the underground cells or dungeons, as in the cells in the towers, the prisoners were on bread and water, as a rule. In the other rooms in the main building three meals were served a day, with drinkable wine—"vin potable." In certain cases, according to the quality and distinction of the prisoner, he might supplement the meager furniture of his prison and get a provision of books. Very favored persons were allowed their own servant if he would consent voluntarily to undergo confinement. Voltaire began to write the "Henriade" as prisoner in the Bastille; Abbe Morellet of the Encyclopedia speaks of the great fortress as the cradle of his fame, but we must remember that it was perhaps not advisable to say much about the Bastille when you were still living within its walls and that, as M. Mouin has reminded us, "the old Spartans offered sacrifices to fear." Prisoners, moreover, had to sign on their release an elaborate declaration by which they swore never to divulge, directly or indirectly, anything they might have learned as prisoners concerning the Bastille.—Mrs. Frederic Harrison in Nineteenth Century.

A Feat For Blondin.

"Speaking of the straight and narrow path," said a congressman, "reminds me of a story about a man I knew in Chicago who stayed very late at a dinner at the club. When he came out he started to walk in the middle of the street.

"'Hey, John,' said a friend who met him as he was making the best of his way along the car tracks, 'why don't you walk on the sidewalks?'

"'Walk on the sidewalks?' snorted John. 'Do you think I'm Blondin?'"—Saturday Evening Post.

Got Tired Quick.

A farmer hired a hand from town. The first morning the new hand went to work he accompanied the farmer into the hay field. They put on a load and hauled it to the barn. By the time it was unloaded it was 9 o'clock. "Well," said the new hand from town, "what will we do now?" "What will we do now?" roared the farmer. "Why, we'll go after another load of hay!" "In that case," said the new hand from town, "I will resign."

Pat and the Lava.

An Irishman, having returned from Italy, where he had been with his master, was asked in the kitchen, "Now, then, Pat, what is the lava I hear the master talking about?"

"Only a drop of the crater," was Pat's reply.

No Advance Copies Given Out.

Gwendolen—What did Archie say when he proposed to you? Emeraldia—He won't say it until next Thursday night, and it won't be released before 12:30 a. m.—Chicago Tribune.

The wrestlers and athletes of India develop great strength by living on milk, a little goat's flesh and plenty of food made from flour.

LAST OF THE PASCAGOULAS.

An Indian Legend From the Shores of the Gulf of Mexico.

An Indian legend of the Pascagoulas is told by the fishermen and oystermen down on the shores of the gulf of Mexico.

A point reaches out into the gulf near the mouth of the Pascagoula river. The pine trees on it come almost to the water's edge, and between lies a strip of white sand; across a marsh, a border of light green swaying and rustling grasses and beyond a gray cypress swamp the hanging moss of the trees swaying in the wind. To the south the blue waters of the gulf stretch away, with little waves lapping on the chalk white clam shells of the shore.

There in the evening during the short twilight one hears soft music, as if it were the notes of a violin, insistent, changing, sweet. It is the song of the Pascagoulas.

Long years before the Pascagoula Indians had lived upon this point. The white men, the Spaniards, came in numbers, and with them the hostile warriors of other tribes, to make war and to drive the Pascagoulas out of the country. Coming from the inland, the enemy took away all chance of flight and hedged them in on the point. The Pascagoulas fought for days and nights in the dark pine woods against outnumbering foes. Then they saw that *all was useless, that they* could not overcome, and starvation stared them in the face.

The Pascagoulas called a council of the tribe and talked long together. To give themselves up meant lives of slavery or death, and to fight to the last man was to leave the women and children to the mercy of the white men and their allies.

The next morning the Pascagoulas put on all their paint and trappings and burned their wigwams. The men, women and children slowly, deliberately, unflinchingly backed step by step into the water behind them, singing. Not one faltered. They died with their faces toward their enemies, brave and free, and now in the evening when the wind blows over the marshes the pines and grasses sing the song of the Pascagoulas.—New York Post.

THE LAND OF WORSHIP.

The East Believes Too Utterly to Care If Others Disbelieve.

Prayer pervades the east. Far off across the sands when one is traveling in the desert one sees thin minarets rising toward the sky. A desert city is there. It signals its presence by this mute appeal to Allah. And where there are no minarets in the great wastes of the dunes, in the eternal silence, the lifelessness that is not broken even by any lonely, wandering bird, the camels are stopped at the appointed hours, the poor and often ragged robes are laid down and the brown pilgrims prostrate themselves in prayer. And the rich man spreads his carpet and prays, and the half naked nomad spreads nothing, but he prays too.

The east is full of lust and full of money getting and full of bartering and full of violence, but it is full of worship—of worship that disdains concealment, that recks not of ridicule or comment, that believes too utterly to care if others disbelieve. There are in the east many men who do not pray. They do not laugh at the man who does, like the unpraying Christian. There is nothing ludicrous in prayer. In Egypt your Nubian sailor prays in the stern of your dahabiyeh, and your Egyptian boatman prays by the rudder of your boat, and your black donkey boy prays behind a red rock in the sand, and your camel man prays when you are resting in the noontide watching the faroff, quivering mirage, lost in some wayward dream.

And must you not pray, too, when you enter certain temples where once strange gods were worshiped in whom no man now believes?—Robert Hichens in Century.

Scared by Frogs.

It is said to be owed to the frogs of western Australia that that part of the empire is English and not French. About 1800 a party of prospective French colonists landed on the west coast of Australia, but on the first morning they were alarmed by the loud croaking of the frogs, which they took for demons, and retired with all speed to their ships. Western Australia might have preferred the frog to the swan as her emblem, just as Rome might have preferred, instead of the eagle, the goose that saved the capital.

In His Line.

"I'm surprised that you should be so interested in watching those silly dudes."

"Force of habit, I guess. I'm president of a real estate improvement company."

"Well?"

"Well, they're a vacant lot."—Philadelphia Press.

Paid In Full.

Hiram (coming to the point)—Sally, I've been a'payin' my respects to you fer five years come next August, ain't I? Sally (blushingly)—Yes, indeed, Hiram. Hiram—Well, all I'm a-goin' to say is that I'm durn sick uv the installment plan! Sally (in his arms)—Pa's agreeable, Hiram!—St. Louis Republic.

Missionary Work.

"So you once lived in Africa, Sam?"

"Yes, sah."

"Ever do any missionary work out there, Sam?"

"Oh, yes, sah! I was cook for a cannibal chief, sah!"—Pick-Me-Up.

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Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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A. STENSETH.

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Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Valerya Benka, of Germantown, Minn., who, on June 27, 1901, made H. E. No. 311, Serial, No. 0001, for N. E.¼, Section 20, Township 151, N., Range 39, W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 21st day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charley Hurt, of Mavie, Minn.
Joseph Ptacek, " Germantown, Minn.
Albert Swanson, " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct 15-nov. 19

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., October 27, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christ Evenson, of Stone, Minn., who, on June 21, 1902, made Homestead entry No. 23073, Serial No. 0613, for S. E.¼, S. E.¼, Section 11, Township 155, N., Range 41, W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren Minn., on the 30 day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Peder N. Peterson, of Stone, Minn.
Marten Evenson, " " "
James Johnson, " Strip, "
Carl Hanson, " Viking, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

oct. 29-nov. 26-5.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1908 NUMBER 47

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

USEFUL TO THEIR "KIN"

Senator Stephens Will Introduce a Bill to Have Prisoners Support Their Families.

Part of Their Earnings to Go to Help Support Those Dependent Upon Them.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: A bill to stimulate good conduct among prisoners at the state penitentiary and at the same time aid indigent families of prisoners will be introduced at the coming session of the legislature by Senator A. D. Stephens of Crookston.

Prisoners at the Stillwater penitentiary now earn about 40 cents a day. The plan is to have from 20 to 25 cents a day paid to the indigent families of these men. There are many cases of actual distress among those dependent on persons convicted of crime, and such a course, it is believed, will improve the conduct of the prisoner and enhance his chances of complete reformation when released.

The measure probably will also provide that a lesser amount shall be set aside from the earnings of prisoners without families, in trust, to be given them when they have proved their reformation and worthiness after leaving the prison.

The bill has a double aim—to relieve indigent families of prisoners and to encourage good conduct in the prison and honest and right living after leaving the institution.

Senator Stephens has been considering the matter for some time, and his decision to prepare such a measure was taken after the subject had been submitted to a disinterested audience of 800 farmers at Fosston during the campaign—a type of audience unfamiliar with the distress often found among the families of convicts. The vote of the audience was unanimous in requesting that such a measure be presented to the legislature.

Warden Wolfer of the prison has also recomended action along these lines in his biennial report to the legislature. The matter also has the approval of the members of the supreme bench, of the state board of pardons and a part at least of the state board of control.

On account of Warden Wolfer's desire not to be connected with the handling of funds under the management of the state board of control, who would use a report from the state agent in determining the aid required by the dependents of the convict.

Senator Stephens said that some years ago there was a crude state law with somewhat the same object in view, but it was repealed. There is $800,000 already saved to the penitentiary management in the past five years alone—enough to enable the operation of the law immediately upon enactment.

Plows With Steam.

O. H. Bang was a caller yesterday and informs us that he has finished all his plowing. When it is taken into consideration that Mr. Bang owns about 1,500 acres, one can see that he is naturally jubilant over the matter. This year he purchased a 30 horse power Minneapolis engine, with a Deere plow with 14 plows attached, whereby he has been able to turn over about 40 acres a day. Besides this steam plow, he has five gangs going. He has thus been enabled to plow about 65 acres a day.—Oslo Tribune.

Pete Dainard Promoted.

P. S. Dainard, who has been night foreman for the last two years in the Crookston Lumber company's saw mill in this city, returned last night from Crookston, where he went to look over the company's mill at that place. Mr. Dainard has been promoted to foreman of the mill at Crookston and will take charge of that mill next season. Mr. Dainard will move his family to Crookston next week. He is sorry to leave Bemidji, but is to be congratulated on his promotion.—Bemidji Pioneer.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for [illegible].

Caspar Falk.

Lawrence G. Browning.

Lawrence G. Browning died on the evening of November 11, 1908. For the past ten years he had made his home in Thief River Falls with his daughter, Mrs. John W. Eastman, and, although his acquaintance in this section was somewhat limited, he was one of the pioneers of the Great Northwest and did much towards its development. Born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in the year 1836, he came to America when but 17 years of age. His father died when he was an infant and there was a large family of children—most of whom came to America and all left their marks upon the pages of history in their adopted home. Upon the death of his wife ten years ago, Mr. Browning came to Thief River Falls and was appointed to the office of United States Commissioner for the District of Minnesota. No man ever possessed a higher sense of personal integrity and all business that was intrusted to his care received his most careful attention.

When what is now known as the Great Northern railway system was in its infancy, Mr. Browning came to Minnesota, and accepted the position as station agent for the road. At that time there were but three stations upon this now great system—James J. Hill was the agent at St. Paul and Capt. W. W. Wright the agent at St. Anthony (now Minneapolis). For many years Mr. Browning was the agent at Anoka, and when James J. Hill came into control of the road, Mr. Browning was appointed the general land commissioner, and was the personal representative of Mr. Hill in the undeveloped Northwest. Having been elected—contrary to his wishes—to the office of clerk of Anoka county, he resigned his position with the railroad company and later engaged in farming. Mr. Browning served in many positions of trust and honor in Anoka. He was a member of the first city council and for many years was clerk of the school board.

The deceased is survived by one sister, Mrs. Barbara McCallman, of Scotland and four children, Clinton and Eugene Browning, of Minneapolis, and John M. Browning and Mrs. John W. Eastman, of Thief River Falls.

—For Sale—A 4 horse power gasoline [illegible] in first class condition. Inquire at the News office.

BIG MEET FOR DRAINAGE

Citizens Living Northwest of Thief River Falls Become Interested.

Want National Legislation to Secure the Drainage of a Large Tract.

Fram, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908

To the editor of the News:

The settlers, who are promoting this bill, have called a meeting at Grygla for Nov. 28, which it is hoped every one who can will attend. Plans will there be made to promote the passage of their new drainage bill.

There are 250 sections of vacant land in the Mud Lake Drainage District, alone, according to Mr. Mead's report. At $1.00 per acre, to drain this would cost the state, under the Volstad bill $640,000.00. We do not need to wait for the legislature to meet to know that the state will never consent to have this great expense put off on it by the government of the United States, who is the trustee of the real owners of this land.

We trust that you will publish our bill, and we invite friendly criticism. If the bill is not right, then let us know where and how to mend it.

Very Respectfully,
The Petitioners.

A bill for the drainage of Swamp lands on Indian reservations and To promote Settlement.

Be it enacted: etc.

Section 1.—The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to Drain, by the construction of ditches and such other works as are necessary, the swamp lands on Indian Reservations. Such work shall be done by contract to the lowest bidder, and with a view to the drainage of all the wet lands, whether entered or unentered and the cost of such works shall be added to the price of the unentered lands in each drainage district which shall hereafter be disposed of at a price covering all of the expense of such drainage, and in the same manner, and on the same terms, so far as may be under our treaties with the Indians, as lands are now disposed of under our irrigation laws, and under such rules and regulations as the Secretary may prescribe; but no charge shall be made against entered lands which may be benefitted by such ditches or drainage works.

Section 2.—All such works shall be done under the care and supervision of competent engineers after first making proper surveys, and the Secretary is directed to begin the work of drainage as soon as such surveys shall show that the cost of drainage shall not exceed $5 per acre for the lands to be charged.

Section 3.—All moneys which are now in the treasury, or shall hereafter come in to the treasury, belonging to the Indians of any reservation, and not otherwise needed for annuities and supplies, shall be, and the same is hereby made, available for the purposes of this act; provided, that such moneys shall be returned to such fund as fast as the lands are sold and paid for.

Section 4.—All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby, and to that extent repealed.

This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

PETITION.

To The Honorable Congress:

We, the undersigned petitioners having no confidence in the so called "Volstad law," respectfully petition your honorable body to enact the foregoing bill into law, and your petitioners will ever pray.

At the general election in the town of Rollis the following voters each pledged $1.00 and signed this petition:

Lars E. Aas, Erick Erickson, O. Dallberg, H. C. Naseth, P. L. Aune, Ed. J. Ruud, Nils P. Mugaas, H. M. Moberg, J. O Eugen, J. J. Shager, J. D. Abbott, Andrew Felt, J. S. Anthony, A. J. Waller, Nels G. Johnson, Ole Hall, J. B Groby, Gust Berg, John Clark, J. H. Lian, Rob. E. Elwick, Orson Marsh, W. C. Skeels, T. O. Torgerson, J. B. Saxvold, P. H. Lian, D. H. Johnson, John Holmo, Chester Naseth, W. S. Williams, Louis Stordall, Ole J. Aune, Jens Haugen, S. K Lee, C. G. Lee, Thos. Pederson, John J. Fjerden, Julius Fjerden, Joseph Pederson, Geo. W. Drew, Henry Erickson, F. A. Cates, Geo. A. Drew, C. A. Sundine, Barney Petterson, O. H. Abrahamson, T. A. Jourullo, Charles Olufson, John Haugen, Hans Loven, Hans H. Lian, E. Ray Waller, O. M Loyd, C. A. Engelstad, Mons Ruud, Olinos Ruud, Hans A. Lunsetter, Iver Dawson, A. H. Stuvrud, A. W. Clark; and Amos Aase and Caspar Knutson, [illegible] town of Moose River.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely PURE

Insures delicious, healthful food for every home, every day. The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—made from grapes.

Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime—harsh mineral acids which are used in cheaply made powders.

Wheat Exportation Soon to Cease.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 10—"Six years will bring the end of wheat exportation from Puget Sound and other Pacific coast ports," was the prediction made here last night by James J. Hill, chairman of the board of directors of the Great Northern railroad. Mr. Hill asserted that within that period the consumption of wheat by the United States will be so great it will not more than equal, if it will equal home consumption.

Mr. Hill, together with the presidents of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington systems, Francis B. Clarke, president of the North Bank line, and twenty other executive officials of railroad lines, were guests at the annual banquet of the chamber of commerce, the largest affair of its kind ever held here. Mr. Hill spoke nearly two hours.

During his address he announced that the Great Northern will inaugurate thru passenger train service daily between Tacoma and Chicago next spring, providing conditions warrant.

Soon to Be Married.

At high noon on Thursday, Nov. 26, at Cooperstown, N. D. will occur the marriage of Scott L. Lamont, of this city, to Miss Elizabeth Grace Marquardt, of Cooperstown. The wedding is to take place at the home of the bride's parents, and after the services the bridal couple will leave on a short wedding trip. The bride is one of the handsome and accomplished young ladies of Cooperstown, and the groom is one of the enterprising young business men of this city, being the proprietor of the Bijou Theatre here.

Plummer Bank Sold.

A deal has been completed whereby the control of the First State Bank of Plummer passed into the hands of A. P. Toupin and J. A. Duffy president and cashier, respectively of the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls. These gentlemen purchased the interests of L. C. Simons of St. Paul and O. N. Bourdon of Red Lake Falls.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

New U. S. Commissioner.

Attorney Wilhelm Michelet has been appointed to the office of United States Commissioner for the District of Minnesota to succeed the late L. G. Browning. All proofs advertised to be taken before Mr. Browning will be heard before Mr. Michelet in the office formerly occupied by Mr. Browning.

Farmers Attention!

I am again in the market for flax straw, and will pay cash for all you bring in. Straw must be DRY and reasonably free from chaff. Mill will start about November 1st.

A. H. Fasel.

Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

If you're looking for correct style, right fit, perfect tailoring, and all-wool honesty of fabrics in clothes, look here. You'll find Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes here, and you may look everywhere else as long as you please, without finding anything better.

These clothes are right; you'll find them right; if by any chance you dont, we'll make them right.

Drop in here any time and ask to see the new fall models in fancy weaves and colors; look at the blue and black suits for dressier use. We've got the clothes you want.

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ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Gordon Furs. Gordon Caps. Crossett Shoes. Staley Underwear. Fosten Mackinaws.

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If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongest the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

PRINCE'S AUTO HITS WOMAN

Runs Down Aged Lady While Chauffeur Was Driving Machine at a Very Slow Rate of Speed.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Young Prince Wilhelm had an unpleasant experience the other day when the automobile occupied by himself and the princess ran over a lady aged seventy-six years on Arsenal street near Nybrohamm. The prince did not see the woman coming from where he sat and the chauffeur asserts that he was driving at a very slow rate. At any rate the aged woman was struck by the auto and was thrown under it somehow, causing such painful injuries that she died about an hour afterwards. Mrs. Maria Thomasson, the woman who was killed, was the wife of Eskilander Thomasson, formerly mayor of Lund, and a prominent member of the second chamber of the Swedish riksdag. The young prince and princess are heartbroken over the affair, but all the papers unite in saying that the chauffeur was not violating the speed ordinance. Both the prince and princess attended the funeral of the unfortunate woman.

The King and Queen of Sweden are at present in London, where they are being royally entertained by King Edward and Queen Alexandra. The relations between Sweden and Great Britain have been somewhat less cordial than before since an English princess, daughter of the king, became Queen of Norway after its secession, and it is therefore the wish on the part of the British royal house that their visit to England will be an especially hospitable affair. It has been especially arranged that their majesties will be the guests of King Edward and Queen Alexandra at Windsor on the 21st, and will be received at Cherbourg, France, by President Fallieres on Sunday, Nov. 22, arriving in Paris the same evening. Their majesties will probably remain in the French capital until Nov. 26.

When Sven Hedin, the Asiatic explorer returns from India to Stockholm he will be accorded a reception which will outrival that of President Fallieres or the German emperor during their visits to the Swedish capital last summer. King Gustaf has already sent a telegram of congratulation to Sven Hedin at Simla, India, expressing his appreciation of the achievements of the explorer. Mr. Hedin has received offers from all over the world to go on the lecture-platform, especially in England, France and America, where they are more than anxious to hear and see him. Thus far it is not known that the eminent explorer has made any definite arrangements as to his future course.

John Forsell, the eminent Swedish opera singer, has been tendered a very flattering offer from the Metropolitan Opera company, but it is not likely that he will accept. Herr Forsell is bound by contract to appear this season at the Royal Opera and it is not likely that his managers will allow him to accept the New York proposition. Another prominent Swedish singer who has received an offer from abroad is Mme. Hesse, who is wanted by the Homisches Opera in Berlin.

Stockholm will have a strong competitor in the city of Berlin for securing the Olympia games next year. For a time it appeared that Stockholm was the only aspirant for securing the games, but now the German capital has set out to secure the big event. She will likely succeed unless Stockholm can claim that she was first on the list.

Wallace Deighton Close, the English laborer who was killed by a bomb during last summer's troubles, left a wife and three children, who have just been awarded 4,000 crowns by the Swedish government, and it is also stated on good authority that the riksdag will make a permanent annual appropriation for the unfortunate ones.

The national church convention of Sweden, by a vote of 34 to 27, passed a resolution which has for its aim the abolishment of the pledge which young people are now compelled to make when they are confirmed. The king was requested to make a report on the matter before any change will be made.

Many people in the educational world, both in Europe and America, are very much interested in the list of this year's winners of the Nobel prizes, which will be announced in the early part of next month. The festivities in connection with the awarding of the prizes will be held at the usual time in June.

Dowager Queen Sofia has left Eriksberg, where she spent the greater part of last summer, for Ulriksdal, where she will reside during the greater part of the winter. The aged and beloved queen has not been in very good health for some time and her grief since the death of King Oscar is said to be in...

The new coins with King Gustaf's picture on them will be placed on the market after Jan. 1. They do not differ a great deal from the coins which are at present in circulation and except for the picture there would scarcely be any difference at all.

Professor V. Wittrock has been made an honorary member of the Deutsche Botanische Gesselschaft and Professor Svante Arrhenius has received the honorary title of Ph. D. from the Cambridge university in England.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Says an exchange: "Norwegian papers state that Bjornstjerne Bjornson is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism, brought on by the strain he has endured while lecturing against the peasant dialect movement. His whole heart and soul is in the cause of the Dano-Norwegian language, in which his works are written, and he loses no opportunity to use his powerful eloquence against the peasant language, which a group of enthusiastic scholars and authors is endeavoring to fasten upon Norway as the official and literary language of the country. Bjornson's physician has repeatedly warned the venerable poet to save his strength, but in vain. If the poet is able to get out of bed he sallies forth. He has spoken when in such a weak voice that he has had to sit on a table, being unable to stand up. But, however earnest the efforts of the Bjornson movement they will surely meet with failure, judging by the steady advance of the advocates of the peasant dialect—the "Maalstraevers"—as they are called."

Ex-Premier Michelsen has purchased the controlling interest in the Sorstokke and Kolsto mines near Haugesund. They were formerly owned and controlled by an English syndicate, and they have not been operated whatsoever during the past ten years, owing to lack of capital. Mr. Michelsen will place the mines in operation at once and has already set about to hire a number of men and make preparations for shipping the ore.

Queen Maud is at present in London, where she will for the first time since she became queen of Norway be formally introduced to King Gustaf of Sweden and Queen Victoria of the same country. Owing to the strained relations between the two countries these distinguished personages have not met on Scandinavian ground and their meeting in England is looked forward to with much interest by both Swedes and Norwegians.

Dr. Gundersen, a Norwegian physician, of LaCrosse, Wis., has purchased the "Vaggelustorpet" in Grue for 3,000 crowns. The doctor still resides in LaCrosse, but may move to Norway and locate permanently after the first of the year.

Stavanger will in the near future build a new concert hall with a stage which can accommodate 750 singers. It will have a seating capacity of 3,000 and will, when completed, be one of the largest and finest concert halls of the country.

The Jevanord's Hotel, in Lillehammar, has been sold to Kellner Syver Simensen of Hamar for 65,000 crowns. The hostelry will be entirely rebuilt and placed in the hands of an up-to-date hotel manager from Stockholm.

The Abel monument has been erected at a cost of 50,000 crowns and is one of the most imposing of its kind in the country. It was unveiled on the afternoon of Oct. 16 in the midst of great festivities.

Roald Amundsen will, under the auspices of the Geographical society, deliver a lecture at Christiania next month. He may also deliver a series of lectures in Germany and France this winter.

Iver Holter has gone to Helsingfors, where he will direct a series of concerts under the auspices of the Philharmonic company. Only the works of Norwegian composers will be rendered.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The trial of Alberti is now in full progress and it is needless to state that the courtroom is crowded with eager listeners. Last week when Alberti was on the witness stand he was warned by the judge to the effect that if he did not answer all questions readily his punishment might be all the more severe, Alberti arose enraged from his chair and with a countenance pale and livid exclaimed: "The apple is not ripe yet." His dramatic exclamation created an animated scene in the courtroom. Alberti's wife has left the country, and no one knows where she has gone.

The big metropolitan newspaper, "Dannebrog," which was the mouthpiece of Alberti, has now been completely cut loose from the Alberti interests and will start a new life as it were. For many years this paper has been the mouthpiece of the government and shaped many a political policy. It has always been an influential factor in Danish politics and did much to keep Alberti favorably before the people.

In accordance with an announcement made by King Frederick Oct. 9 a department of commerce will be added to the present cabinet portfolio. This is a department which is well needed and Danish papers predict that it will be productive of much good to the country's interests.

The Peasant's Savings bank, which was wrecked by Alberti, is in worse shape than was at first announced, the deficit shows that Alberti's misappropriations amount to 10,000,000 crowns instead of 9,000,000 crowns as was at first believed.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

NEARLY UP TO LAST YEAR

Lumber Production in Minnesota in 1908.

Minneapolis saw mills have turned out fully as much lumber in the season just closed as last year and the aggregate figures for the whole northern pine territory will fall but little below those for 1907, as shown by advance reports in the hands of J. E. Rhodes, secretary of the Northern Pine Manufacturers' association. Mr. Rhodes has not compiled definite figures yet, as several of the Minneapolis mills and some in the northern part of the state are still running, but he has information sufficiently accurate for purposes of general comparison.

The lumber production in Minneapolis in 1907 was 210,000,000 feet and Mr. Rhodes says that the cut for this season will run slightly more than that rather than less. The output for the northern pine area in 1907 was 2,519,096,000 feet and Mr. Rhodes says that the cut for this year may run 15 per cent lower, but he is inclined to believe that the falling off will not be more than 10 per cent.

For several years the lumber output of Minneapolis and the Northwest in general has been dwindling steadily and the record for 1908 is a surprise to lumbermen and others who have become firm in the belief that the depletion of the forests and the passing of the lumber industry would be marked by a reduction in the output each year.

TO PAY FOR FATAL MISTAKE

Proposed to Indict Hunter Who Slew Man for Bear.

For the first time in the history of St. Louis county a man is to be prosecuted for mistaking another man for game and shooting him.

Edward Tonkin, who shot and killed Roger Olds of Cloquet, was exonerated by the coroner's jury, but information was afterward filed against him by the assistant county attorney and he was arraigned and bound over. Tonkin furnished $1,500 bail. An effort will be made to convict him of manslaughter in the second degree. Tonkin mistook Olds for a bear.

SLAYERS OF CONNOLLY.

Believed to Be Men Who Went Broke in a Poker Game.

Detectives have learned that the two men who killed James M. Connolly in a Proctor Knott poolroom Oct. 30 went broke in a poker game in another building and that they decided to recuperate their fallen fortunes by an attempted robbery, which culminated in a killing.

Two suspects are being shadowed by detectives and arrests may take place at any moment. The two men, it is said, have never left Proctor.

Minneapolis Bribery Trial.

W. K. Hicks, secretary of the Minneapolis board of education, is on trial in the district court in that city charged with receiving a bribe. He was indicted on four charges of bribery. He has not resigned his position as secretary of the board of education and is still acting. It is charged he accepted $50 for his services in securing a plumbing contract.

Two Boys Drowned.

While skating on the artificial lake of the Great Northern Power company at Duluth Frank McLeod, aged twelve, and Ralph Hynes, aged twelve, were drowned. The boys were close together when the ice gave way and both went down and were drowned before help could be given them. The bodies were recovered.

Taft's Plurality in Minnesota.

Taft's plurality for president in Minnesota will be at least 85,000. Practically complete returns, in most cases official count, give him 85,316. This is based upon the complete figures in all except a half dozen counties, and in these the pluralities given are very close to being correct.

Killed by Falling Wood.

Frank Kelcher, son of Matt Kelcher of Belle Plaine, this state, was killed by having a load of wood on which he was riding fall upon him. He was known as the "Belle Plaine horse jockey" on account of his riding running horses.

St. Paul Man a Suicide.

Brooding and despondent over the unfortunate turn in his domestic and business affairs Charles E. Hillstrom, a prominent St. Paul real estate and insurance man, ended his life by blowing out his brains in the saloon of Ole P. Fordham.

Body Cut to Pieces by Car.

Peter Rask, a carpenter, was ground into a mass of flesh and bones by a street car at Minneapolis. From the manner in which his body was cut up it is believed by the police that Rask fell asleep on the track.

Department Store Destroyed.

Wells Bros.' big department store at Litchfield has been destroyed by fire. The loss on stock and building is $60,000; insurance $48,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

Terrific Storm in Cape Colony.

Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, Nov. 17.—A terrific rainstorm has swept this part of Cape Colony and caused a heavy overflow of the Baakens river. A number of bridges were destroyed and a large amount of property swept into the sea. Several lives were lost, and the damage amounts to more than $1,000,000.

BLOWN TO PIECES

Curiosity Kills Farmhand in St. Louis County.

THROWS EXPLOSIVE INTO FIRE

Concussion Sets Off Dynamite With Fatal Result.

Conrad S. Orland, a farmhand employed clearing land near Adolph, St. Louis county, paid the penalty of curiosity with his life and a relative of his employer is seriously injured. The latter's name is Charles Burland.

Dynamite was being freely used to dislodge stumps from the ground. The men were sitting about a fire just after dinner and Orland was fingering a dynamite cap.

"I wonder how much of a noise this would make all by itself," said Orland, as he tossed the cap into the fire.

The explosion of the cap was of sufficient energy to set off nineteen sticks of dynamite that lay nearby. Orland was picked up in pieces.

EXONERATED FOR KILLING

Grand Jury Frees Man Who Defended Home Against Intruder.

The grand jury of Otter Tail county, at its sessions just closed, investigated the shooting of Landolin Harter in the town of Bush Lake, but returned no indictment against John Lahdi, the man who did the shooting. Harter was infatuated with a young lady, the daughter of one of Lahdi's neighbors, but his attentions were not welcome and he was ordered to keep away from the place. He was a bachelor, living alone, and was apparently somewhat demented. During the night he took a large knife and started for the neighbor's home, where the young lady resided, but seems to have become confused in the darkness and reached Lahdi's home instead. He smashed in the panel of the door, whereupon Lahdi shot him dead. The jury felt that the shooting was fully justified and the case will now be dismissed.

SERVED UNDER MANY FLAGS

John B. Goff, Soldier of Fortune, Dies at Janesville.

The life story of John B. Goff, formerly of Minneapolis, who died last week at Janesville, this state, reads like a chapter from romance. In Mr. Goff Minnesota had an Irish-American adventurer whose career was that of a soldier of fortune from 1843, when he was fourteen years old, until the close of the Civil war. Soldier in the United States army, sailor in the navy, active participant in three Central American revolutions, veteran of the Civil war and scout for the Union army, his career of adventure had its last chapter when, as a member of a Southern Minnesota posse, he participated in the gun fight which resulted in the arrest of the Younger boys after their daring raid at Northfield.

FIRES BED WHILE SMOKING

Aged St. Paul Laborer Burned to Death.

John Fox, a laborer employed at the Great Northern shops at St. Paul, sixty years old, was burned to death in his bed at his boarding house.

Inmates of the boarding house were aroused by stifling smoke which came from Fox's room. John Kalgren, a fellow boarder, and Mrs. C. E. Bray, a chambermaid, rushed to the room and dragged Fox from the burning bed, but the flames had accomplished their fatal work.

Fox was partially dressed and apparently had been smoking in bed. It is supposed sparks ignited the bedclothing and before the man was aware of his danger, probably while he was dozing, the flames made rapid headway.

Former Legislator Dead.

Knud W. Bondy, who was a member of the board of equalization for two terms and a member of the Minnesota house in the legislative sessions of 1903 and 1905, died suddenly at Fergus Falls from heart disease, with which he had been affected for years. He was one of the earliest residents of Otter Tail county, arriving at Fergus Falls in 1866, and is survived by his wife and several children.

Cut to Pieces Under Wheels.

Despondent because of the loss of his sweetheart's affections and because of the fact that he had overdrawn his account with his firm to "give her a good time" J. F. Delaney, thirty years old, a traveling man employed by a St. Louis wine house, threw himself in front of a Northern Pacific train at Minneapolis and was instantly killed. His body was cut into a dozen pieces.

Minnesotan Killed in Montana.

Arthur Beers of Austin, this state, a veteran railroader in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, was killed in a collision between a passenger train and a freight seven miles east of Butte, Mont. Beers was a conductor of the freight and was hurled from a flat car under the wheels and mangled, dying a few hours later.

Dr. A. J. Klimek

The optometerist who fits spectacles and eye-glasses correctly will be in his office every day until Christmas at the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company's store.

Eyestrain causes headache, it exhausts nerve energy, which in turn effects the stomach and brings on dispepsia. A waste of nerve energy means a steady decline of the normal functions, this causes sickness and distress. By removing the cause with proper fitting glasses, nerve power is restored and health and happiness are soon enjoyed.

Glasses sold on monthly payments:
Consultation free.

COAL AND WOOD

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Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

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QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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Dr. A. J. Klimek the eye specialist has charge of the optical department. He understands the eye and knows how to fit glasses to any eye that is not blind. Prices very reasonable.

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BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE IRON HORSE IN AGRICULTURE.

One of the most interesting as well as important economic developments in the realm of agriculture in the past ten years has been the remarkable utilization of steam and gasoline motor power in the doing of many kinds of farm work. The old time horsepower sweep was put out of business a long time ago. More recently the iron horse has been called into service to pull a gang of from six to ten plows, to disk and harrow the land, to haul heavy loads to market, to build good roads—in every instance displacing a large number of horses. The introduction of gasoline tractors in the semiarid portions of the west, where water and fuel are at a premium, has gone on at a rapid rate, with the result that they are now firmly established, having proved their efficiency in virtually every position in which they have been tried. One manufacturer, who has been a pioneer in this line of work, is looking forward to the time when from a half to two-thirds of the horses now engaged in doing the agricultural work of the country will be displaced by oil or alcohol traction engines of varying size and horsepower. The twenty horsepower tractor costing $3,500 is hardly within reach of the farmer of moderate means, but should one be put on the market costing half this sum, say $1,600, profitable use could be found for it on almost any farm of 320 or more acres, or one could be owned jointly by four or five neighbors and used to do the work of twelve or fifteen horses. The whole trend of industry is along the line of a displacement of hand work and horse power, and progress along the above line would be followed with interest.

WHAT AILS HER CHICKENS.

A lady reader of these notes living at Buckhart, Ill., writes inquiring what may be the matter with her chickens. She states that she has a number of chickens which stagger, fall over and have difficulty in getting on their feet, but which seem to be perfectly well and eat as greedily as the others. She feeds her poultry corn and oats (mostly the former) with melon rinds and the parings of all kinds of vegetables and fruits. While our correspondent does not say so, it is likely that her chickens are kept in rather close confinement, in which case the bill of fare given would be decidedly insufficient from the standpoint of needed nutritive elements, it being short in protein and animal food. That this is quite likely the cause of the trouble seems to be borne out by the fact that the chickens are not sick, but have good appetites. When chickens run at large they get animal and green food in sufficient quantities, but where they are closely confined these elements should be furnished them in the shape of grass cuttings and meat scraps, while bone forming material in the shape of oyster shell or ground bone should be accessible. Whether confined or not, it would be well to substitute wheat screenings or rye in place of the corn, while in the former case green food and animal food should be provided. It is barely possible that the trouble referred to may have been aggravated by the chickens' roosting in damp and ill ventilated coops or houses, in which case the cause should be removed.

TREATING POST TIMBER.

The gradual advance in the price of post timber is resulting in an increased interest in methods of treating posts which will increase their length of service. Some experiments have recently been conducted along this line at the Iowa experiment station with the use of creosote as a preservative in considerable quantities. Creosote, which is a distillate of either wood or coal tar, may be purchased at 18 cents per gallon, which, counting 8.02 pounds to the gallon, makes the cost of the preservative about 2 cents per pound. In the experiments above referred to it was found that white cedar posts absorbed in the process 4.5 pounds, soft maple 5.8 pounds, cottonwood 3.2 pounds and green ash 1.6 pounds. This made the cost of treating the four different kinds of posts respectively 9, 11.6, 6.4 and 3.2 cents each. The estimated length of service of the untreated white cedar was twelve years, of the treated twenty-five years, of the untreated soft maple three years and of the treated fifteen years. On the above basis it is seen that in the case of the untreated and treated white cedar posts the annual cost was respectively 1.72 cents and 1.2 cents each, while in the case of the soft maple it was 3 cents and 1.45 cents respectively for treated and untreated posts. The margin of saving resulting from treating posts in the above manner would not be large for one post, but would be considerable were hundreds or thousands to be set.

The granger who has a clear title to a quarter section farm which is at all worthy the name is in better shape financially to purchase an automobile than the merchant in town who has naught but a $5,000 stock of goods.

Domestic animals and most kinds of poultry seem to have an instinctive liking for clover and alfalfa. While they are not acquainted with the scientific fact that the legumes are rich in protein, they learn in some way that these plants cause them to thrive.

Land intended for orchard planting next spring should be given a thorough and deep plowing this fall. This will pulverize and make mellow the surface soil through the action of sun, frost and rain and will mean the saving of lots of work with a spade next spring.

The orchardist, above all others, should do whatever in his power he can to keep the fool hunter, large or small, from exterminating the hawks and owls which may make headquarters in his neighborhood, as both wage incessant warfare on rabbits and mice, which are among the worst enemies of the orchard.

Farmers residing in the northern portion of the corn belt should not lose sight of the importance of picking those ears for next year's seed which show *the fullest maturity at the time* of gathering. While the large, deep kerneled ear is nice to look upon, it is in a way a delusion and a snare if it fails to mature and spoils after it is put in the crib.

A fellow appreciates a bath in a porcelain tub, where he can slop and swash around to his heart's content, after he has been performing his ablutions with the aid of a six inch wash rag and a pint of water. If the good housewife would like to have a toilet system installed in the home she should present to her lord the pleasure to be derived from a bath in a capacious five foot tub.

When young trees are set in an old orchard where most of the trees have their roots systems established—a practice, by the way, which it is not always wise to follow—the ground should be made mellow for a considerable space and depth before the tree is set. Besides this, it should be given a heavy fertilizing and mulching to aid it in overcoming the handicap it labors under of trying to compete for existence with older and larger trees.

A western farmer succeeded in ridding his place of rats in the following manner: On a number of shingles he put a teaspoonful of molasses, and on this he scattered a quantity of concentrated lye, putting the shingles around under his corncrib and other outbuildings. On one morning following a putting out of this dope he claims to have found forty dead rats, while the rest apparently left for parts unknown. He succeeded in freeing several farms from the rat pest in this manner and has never known the plan to fail.

Recent experiments which have been conducted in road building in localities where rock is not available point to the fact that a very effective substitute may be had by top dressing the road after it has been properly graded with a mixture of sand and clay. The sand keeps the clay from working up gluey and mucky, while the clay holds the sand in place and keeps it from washing. Roads made in the above manner and allowed to pack gradually as they go through the drying process keep their shape well and are almost as solid as a pavement.

A friend makes inquiry as to the wisdom of the fall planting of fruit trees. While this practice is followed by many and doubtless with a fair measure of success, we are of the opinion that results obtainable are not so satisfactory as is the case where the planting is done in the spring. It may be that the very trees which one would buy in the spring are heeled in the fall by the nurseryman, but even in this event they remain dormant through the winter under conditions which are more favorable than would exist were they set in the open ground and exposed to all kinds of weather. It is doubtless more convenient for the nurseryman to dispose of his stock in the fall, but it is not viewed so highly from the standpoint of the purchaser.

Every grower of apples is this year paying for the apple "splurge" of last fall and winter, in which extreme prices prevailed for anything that was an apple and in which hundreds of fruit buyers and commission men were heavy losers or made entirely bankrupt. One Minneapolis buyer told us recently that apples were shipped to that point from New England states in the fall at a cost of $1.50 per barrel laid down, were kept in storage through the winter and after the collapse along about April 1 were bought by the carload at $1.25 per barrel. So many commission men got caught on this slump that the thought or sight of an apple makes them sick, with the result that they are very timid this fall and are making no advances. Apples are bringing but little more than half what they did last year, and this in face of the fact that there seems to be little more fruit in sight than in 1907. This finger burning has made buyers cautious and will likely keep them so for a dozen years.

F. E. Trigg

Joe Giller Saves You Money

Closing-out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' waists at 30 per cent off:

Ladies' $10 skirts for $7. $7 skirts for $4.90
Ladies' $25.00 plush lined coats for $14.75.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.
I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.
It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

A. JOE GILLER.

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THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

To the tiller of the soil more than to any other class of people is the country as a whole indebted for a perpetuation of good times. When crops are bountiful good times are assured, but when there is a failure hard times come, no matter what political administration may be in power.

When members of the home circle leave it for a visit or take the long journey whose end is not on earth we realize with greater clearness than before that it is the folks rather than the furniture and fixings of the dwelling place that constitute the home. When they are gone it is but at best a cheerless, lonesome place.

The excellence of a man's digestion is quite often in inverse ratio to the measure of success which he achieves in the business world. There is many a captain of industry and millionaire who would gladly give thousands of dollars to the humblest laborer in his employ in exchange for a good digestive apparatus.

The necessity of sufficient rain for the corn at earing time is shown from the fact that for the production of every pound of dry matter in stalk or ear there must pass through the stalk from 275 to 300 pounds of water. Thus when there is a shortage of moisture in the soil the size and weight of the stalk and ear are likely to be reduced in the same proportion.

A friend inquires how he can exterminate a patch of quack grass that has gained a foothold in his lawn, the patch being about 4 by 10 feet. In a case of this kind the best as well as the most effective method to follow would be to cover the patch with tar paper, covering the outer edges with dirt as well as the edge where the two pieces of paper lapped. Six or eight weeks of this kind of a dose will put the quack grass, root and branch, out of business.

Many farm animals which are killed in pasture during summer thunderstorms get the fatal charge of electricity from being in too close proximity to wire fences inclosing the pasture. Loss from this source could be completely done away with. An Ohio farmers' mutual insurance company requires all members who take out insurance for live stock to ground the wire fences on their premises. This is done by connecting short wires of the proper length to the several wires comprising the fence and grounding them at intervals of about six rods by running them down the posts. The lower end of the wire should extend into the ground about six inches.

Figures given us recently by the representative of a leading lightning rod manufacturing company show that a barn 40 by 50 feet and 50 feet high at the gable can be equipped with three effective rods and the wires necessary to ground them properly for $41.50. Considering the fact that the insurance rate on farm buildings thus protected is considerably less than on those not protected and in view of the large number of barns which are burned to the ground every year, with their contents of hay, grain and live stock, protection of property at the above cost would not seem to be a matter of extravagance, but one of good business judgment. It goes without saying that to be worth anything the job of rodding a building should be carefully and scientifically done, but when it is so done there is as nearly complete protection from loss by lightning as can well be.

A locality 100 miles south of where the writer lives this year had in sight some fifteen carloads of Wealthy and other varieties of fall apples. A few days before it was time to pick them a hard wind blew through the orchards for several hours, with the result that two-thirds of the fruit on the trees was precipitated to the ground and rendered worthless for packing purposes. In no instance were any of those orchards protected by a timber belt as a windbreak. As a result the ripening fruit was an easy prey for the swishing winds. The importance of a windbreak for the orchard in localities where heavy winds are likely to blow from a given quarter can hardly be overestimated. If a site cannot be chosen for the orchard which already has a belt of natural timber to the windward, it is well to set out several rows of quick growing trees, such as cottonwoods, willows or elms, which will furnish the needed protection by the time the trees get into bearing. Next to hail, damage from wind the orchardist has most to fear, and against serious loss from this source he can largely insure himself with a timber belt of the above type. In the writer's orchard this protection is furnished by a belt of natural timber to the south and west, which has proved invaluable since the orchard came into bearing.

F. E. Trigg

Subscribe for the News.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phone 17.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

Fr. Adolph was down to St. Hilaire Tuesday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Wanted—to buy a team of horses. Ed O'Hara.

Dan Linnehan was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Steve Ford went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. O. W. Nelson.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hanson Tuesday.

M. C. Burns was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Cottet last Thursday.

Hats at half price at Miss Lakins. Come early and get your pick.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

John Lane was here the first of the week visiting with August Yanke.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms Friday evening.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Ira C. Richardson last week removed his office to the Dobner-Meehan block.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Lost—Three ten dollar bills. Finder please return to Hotel Evelyn and receive reward.

Mrs. Kreitzschmar was down to Crookston the first of the week visiting with friends.

Wm. Moeller was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Ole Torrison was up to Middle River the first of the week visiting with friends.

Mrs. F. J. Stebbins entertained a large company of lady friends yesterday afternoon.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

Emil Rupprecht, of Thorwick, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

H. G. Dobner was down to St. Paul the first of the week attending to some business matters.

Postmaster and Mrs. Hjortos, of Middle River, visited friends in the city the first of the week.

Found—A ladies comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

James Farr was down to St. Cloud last week, taking Robert Kolseth to the Reformatory where he will serve a sentence for horse stealing.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Nels Ingebretson, who had been here visiting his son, left Tuesday for his home near Grand Forks, N. D.

I. L. Erickson, of the E & E. Clothing house, was over to Duluth last week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Abbott came down from Rollis last Thursday evening and remained until Monday morning.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Attorney N. B. Moran, of Crookston, was in the city the first of the week attending to some business matters.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening, called there by the serious illness of Mrs. Theodore Garseau.

Mrs. James Meehan, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. K. M. Hanson, returned to Minneapolis Sunday evening.

The Ladies' Aid of Immanuel Cong. will have their Anual Sale on Thanksgiving day, at 11 A. M. at the Newtan School house.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

L. L. O'Dell, Jacob Anderson and Henry Blair, all of Jelle, were in the city last week attending to business matters. Mr. O'Dell is building the largest barn in Beltrami county upon his homestead.

Wedding cake made with Hunt's Perfect suggests a perfect match and a happy life—the baking powder and extracts that never disappoint.

John Sorum, of Holt, was in the city the first of the week, being enroute to Warren to attend a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Among those going down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening were: E. M. Stanton, Ira C. Richardson, George Elder and James Bulman.

Among those who went to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening to attend court were: A. Lang, James Farr, Robert Lee, Bert Walker and J. M. Bishop.

Among those going to Red Lake Falls last evening were: Mayor Hamre, Dr. Grundy, Michael Schmitz, W. W. Prichard, George Jarman and Robert Lee.

Confirmation Services next Sunday in Immanuel Congregation at 10:30 A. M., at the Newtan School house. Cordial invitation to all. M. L Dahle, Pastor.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday. While here she rented the Meehan house and will occupy the same after the 1st of December.

John Stach arrived here last week from Wolverton, Minn., and will spend a few weeks visiting his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran church will have an auction sale and serve dinner at the hall at Kratka on Thanksgiving day. Everybody will be welcome.

Mrs. Jennie Cunningham and son, James, left this week for St. Paul to make their future home. Mrs. Cunningham goes to St. Paul to care for a sister who is quite sick.

N. W. Tarrant was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week making arrangements to remove his family to this city. He will remove here the latter part of this month.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

N. W. Tarrant is soon to be engaged in business in Thief River Falls again. He has purchased the East Side confectionery store, and within a few weeks will be extending credit to his old time friends as of old.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching 10:00 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School 11:15 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting 6:45 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Peter Newman will open up a restaurant in the S. T. Johnson building on La Bree Avenue next week. Mr. Newman has been in the restaurant business in Thief River Falls before and always gave his patrons full value for their money.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from Berry's gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Call and see our holiday stock of jewelry, silverware and cut glass which we have just received. Prices are lower and stock larger than ever before. Also remember that we can repair your watch and do it right.—City Drug and Jewelry Store.

A deal was closed the first of the week whereby Dr. Gundy became the owner of the vacant property surrounding the Hub restaurant block. The Hub block is owned by Dr. Gundy and Dennis Cavanaugh formerly owned the vacant property there.

John A. Waag and Miss Amanda Pederson, both of Greenbush, were united in marriage last Saturday. They came to this city on the afternoon train and at 8 o'clock in the evening entertained a company of friends at dinner at the Hotel Evelyn.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with land men in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

While skating at the roller rink Saturday evening, Miss Maud Newberry fell, striking the floor upon her head. This caused the breaking of a comb and two of the teeth in the comb penetrated the back of her neck to a distance of over an inch. At first it was thought that the accident might prove fatal, but no serious complications set in and she is now able to be out.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	97
Oats	[illegible]
Flax	$1.3[illegible]
Barley	[illegible]
Eggs	2[illegible]c
Butter	2[illegible]c

Another Way Out of It.

Nobody had ever had reason to accuse Abel Pond of being dishonest, but he was as sharp a man in a bargain as could be found in the county. When the building committee applied to him for a site for the new library he was ready to sell them a desirable lot, but not at their price.

"I couldn't feel to let it go under $600," he said, with the mild obstinacy that characterized all his dealings with his fellow men. "It wouldn't be right."

"You ought to be willing to contribute something for such an object," said the chairman of the committee. "If it's worth six hundred, why not let us have it for five hundred and call it you've given the other hundred?"

"M'm—no, I couldn't do that," said Mr. Pond, stroking his chin, "but I tell you what I will do. You give me seven hundred for it, and I'll make out a check for a hundred and hand it over to you, so's you can head the list of subscriptions with a good round sum, and kind of wake up folks to their duty."—Youth's Companion.

A Real Apology.

"When the late Joel Chandler Harris was an editor here among us," said an Atlantan, "I called on him one day and found him very willing to correct an error about me that crept into his columns.

"We talked about newspaper contradictions, public apologies and the like, and 'Uncle Remus' took down a scrapbook and read me an apology that was an apology indeed. It had happened, he said, in a Transvaal paper. I'll never forget it. I agreed with Mr. Harris that it was the finest specimen of the public apology and retraction extant. It said:

"I, the undersigned, A. C. du Plessis, retract hereby everything I have said against the innocent Mr. G. P. Bezuidenhout, calling myself an infamous liar and striking my mouth with the exclamation: 'You mendacious mouth! Why do you lie so?' I declare, further, that I know nothing against the character of Mr. G. P. Bezuidenhout. I call myself, besides, a genuine liar of the first class.
"A. C. DU PLESSIS."

His Cough Cure.

"In my boyhood there came to our town," said a clergyman, "a gentle minister who, the very first Sunday of his incumbency, stopped effectually his coughing congregation.

"It was a congregation, too, singularly addicted to coughing. Rattling volleys of coughs ran over it every few minutes. The minister, indeed, that first Sunday could hardly make himself heard. He had rather a weak voice.

"Well, after his sermon had proceeded for ten or twelve minutes, now audible enough, now drowned under great waves of coughs, he took a resolution, and when the next outbreak was at its height he ceased preaching.

"At once the coughing ceased. There was a profound silence. The minister smiled.

"'My friends,' said he, 'it seems that when I stop you stop.'

"From that day in that church they coughed no more."

Queer Wedding Effigy.

There is a curious custom still prevalent in the Bellary district of India in connection with the wedding ceremonies among certain Brahman families. Just prior to the close of the feasting a hideous effigy of a male figure, fantastically robed in rags, supposed to represent the bridegroom's father, is carried along the streets in procession under the shade of a sieve adorned with tassels of onions and margosa leaves. Every few yards during the procession the feet of the effigy have to be reverently washed and its forehead decorated with a caste mark by its living spouse, the bridegroom's mother. The bridegroom's other female relations have several mock attentions paid to them by the women of the bride's party.—St. James' Gazette.

Restaurant Affiliation.

The waiter in the light lunch cafe looked expectantly at the first of five men who had just entered.

"Bring me a coffee cake and a cup of coffee," ordered the first man.

"I'll take some milk biscuit and a glass of milk," said the second.

"Tea buns and a cup of tea, please," remarked the third.

"A piece of cocoanut pie and a cup of cocoa," said the fourth.

The waiter passed on to the fifth man.

"Don't say it, don't say it!" he pleaded. "I know what you want. You want a slice of chocolate cake and a cup of chocolate."

"No; I do not," protested the fifth man. "I want a plate of ice cream and a glass of ice water."—Judge's Library.

An Odd Legacy.

Thomas Jefferson, the founder of the Jefferson family of actors, was remembered curiously in the will of Weston, who was himself an esteemed member of Garrick's company. Weston's will contained this item:

"I have played under the management of Mr. Jefferson at Richmond and received from him every politeness. I therefore leave him all my stock of prudence, it being the only good quality I think he stands in need of."

Not So Blind.

"Miranda, I want to ask you to marry me and to tell me"—

"Oh, George, this is so sudden!"

—"to tell me what date you and your mother have decided on for our wedding."—Brooklyn Life.

Publicity.

"Twas in the newspaper, and all the world now knows it," is the motto of a leading advertising agency.

The very truth hath a color from the disposition of the utterer.—Eliot.

FARM · ORCHARD AND — GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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PAPER FROM THE COTTON PLANT

Paper manufacturers and users will be interested in a successful process which is said to have been discovered for making paper from cotton stalks, cottonseed hulls and other portions of the cotton plant. Stress has been laid of late upon the enormous loss which has been sustained annually through the plowing under or burning of some 1,500,000 tons of cotton stalks, in view of which the new process will be welcomed by those who favor a conservation of our forest resources as well as those who are merely interested in buying cheaper paper. A company which proposes to manufacture paper from the new material has been incorporated at Atlanta, Ga., under the title of the Southern Cotton Stalk Pulp and Paper company. It is claimed by the new company that paper can be manufactured from cotton stalks much more cheaply than is possible in the wood pulp mills of the country, while it has been estimated that if all of the cotton stalks produced in the country were utilized in the manufacture of paper it would keep 1,500 mills running night and day through the year, each turning out twenty-five tons of paper a day. From the standpoint of protecting our forest interests as well as the economical disposal of what up to the present has been a useless byproduct it is to be hoped that the new enterprise will be a success.

OVERREACHED AND LOST.

The holding of farm produce for a higher price when an already high price is obtainable partakes often of the nature of a speculation and is likely to result in serious loss. This point finds illustration in the case of a bunch of north Iowa farmers who two years ago held their wool for a higher price when they could have realized 23 cents a pound for it. In their opinion this was not enough. The next season the price of wool dropped to 16 cents. They still held their wool in the hope that the high price of the preceding season would prevail, but it did not. This year, after having had their money tied up in their clip two years, they brought it to town and sold it for 8 cents a pound. Once in a dozen times perhaps a fellow can win out on a speculation of the above type, but the other eleven he will be a loser. If in any given season the price of a product is less than the average for a period of ten years, it will be fairly safe to hold on to it provided the product isn't of a particularly perishable nature. On the other hand, if the price is higher than this, average good judgment would dictate the wisdom of selling.

MICE IN THE ORCHARD.

The season's work in the orchard is not done until piles of grass and litter have been removed. If this is not done they are almost sure to become harbors for mice, which will work havoc with the trees in case they are hard pressed for food during the winter months. Last fall after apple harvest we removed a number of cocks of rain spoiled grass which had been in the orchard three or four weeks, and in almost every one was found a squirming brood of newborn mice which would have grown a coat of hair before winter and would have had to have some form of food supply during the winter. It is well in this connection to remember that mice will girdle a ten-year-old tree just as soon as they will one three or four; hence there is additional reason for precaution. Where the number of trees is not large the trees may be effectively protected from the attacks of both mice and rabbits by wrapping the trunks with wire screen or pieces of wood veneer which are made especially for this purpose. Whatever protection is given the trees, though, a warfare should be waged on the mice.

SHOULD HAVE IT ON EXHIBITION

A lady reader of these notes offers the suggestion that, since there are so few farmers who know what quack grass is when they see it, it would be a commendable thing if the officers of county institutes would see to it that when their winter sessions are held specimens of the grass showing seed head, leaf and root systems were exhibited and the habits and characteristics of the plant given a somewhat full exposition. The suggestion is an excellent one and should be acted upon in just as many cases as possible. In all too many instances the only acquaintance a fellow has with this worst of weed pests comes through its getting a foothold on his land and the war of extermination he has to wage to get rid of it. Did he know the grass from the start he might stamp it out with relatively little effort before it became established. Not only should there be a discussion of quack grass in the institute programme, but specimens of it should be at hand in order to make the discussion of most value.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $105.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Attracting General Attention

in the perfect work that is done at our Dyeing and Cleaning establishment. Our cleaning of men's clothing is a long needed want, and we are filling it to perfection. When we clean and press a suit of clothing that only costs a small sum you have a new outfit for the season. It is bad for the clothier, but good for the wearer.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6103, Serial, No. 0929, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Edward Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungress, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Sordal, " " " "
Nels Sordal, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.
nov. 12 dec. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Tarje S. Brekke, of Thorwick, Minn., who, on April 14th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6005, Serial, No. 0928, for S. W. ¼ Section 29, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom J. Audalid, of Thorwick, Minn.
Daniel Rolnestad, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "
Nels Gunderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.
nov. 12 dec. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. Danielson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 24th, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 2[illegible]0, Serial, No. 0[illegible]21, for Lots 3, 4 and S. ½ of N. W. ¼ Sec ion 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Amondson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Pete Anondson, " " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " " "
Frank Fisher, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
nov. 19 dec. 31

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Jacob E. Lee,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that the 31st day of August, 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated October 31st 1908. N. W. Tarrant
(Probate Seal) Judge of Probate.
G. Halvorson
Attorney, Thief River Falls, Minnesota
nov. 19 dec. 3

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

[illegible]

Scientific American.

[illegible]

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, [illegible] F St., Washington, D. C.

LOOKS LIKE ROAD WILL SURELY BE BUILT.

A Report from New York City to the Effect That Duluth-Thief River Falls Extension Will Be Built.

Last week the News contained an item to the effect that rumors were in circulation to the effect that the Duluth & South Shore railway would build a line into Thief River Falls next year. This item was founded upon the recent visit to this city of President Fitch, of the Duluth & South Shore, and President Shaughnessy, of the Canadian Pacific. The following special telegram from New York to the St. Paul Pioneer Press throws further light upon the subject:

New York, Nov. 17.—The statement that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad will, in two years, occupy the same strong position that the Soo does now, has excited some hilarity in Wall street.

Most people in Wall street do not even know that the earth is round like a ball, so, of course, they cannot be expected to believe anything that can be proved by the map.

The Canadian Pacific is double-tracked from Winnipeg to Fort William, which is the head of navigation on Lake Superior. A single track runs from Fort William around the north shore of Lake Superior, 555 miles east to Sudbury. From that point a system of double tracks goes eastwards. This single track is so congested that it has 6,000 feet of side track every five miles. It is a rocky country with open cuts that fill with snow in the winter. The Canadian Pacific will have to double track this 555 miles at an enormous expense, or build a line 250 miles through open country to connect the Soo at Thief River Falls with the South Shore and Duluth.

By building that line, the South Shore & Atlantic railroad would be used as the main line of the Canadian Pacific system, because it would be 500 miles shorter in efficiency from Sudbury to Winnipeg that way than by the north shore.

But the Canadian Pacific may not be compelled even to do that much railroad building. The South Shore formerly owned about 120 miles of tracks running northwest from Duluth. James J. Hill hypnotized Lord Strathcona and Lord Mount Stevens, who at that time controlled the Canadian Pacific, into selling this track to the Great Northern. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy almost shed tears when he learned of the sale, but as a part of that contract of sale, the Canadian Pacific has the right to run trains over 228 miles of Great Northern track, northwestwardly towards Winnipeg at any time on thirty days' notice for forty cents a mile with water furnished by the Great Northern.

This would land the Canadian Pacific within twenty-two miles of the Soo tracks, so that only twenty-two miles of track need be built to make this short cut.

This is the trade-mark of
Scott's Emulsion

and is on every bottle of it sold in the world—which amounts to several millions yearly.

Why—Because it has made so many sickly children strong and well—given health and rosy cheeks to so many pale, anaemic girls and restored to health so many thousands in the first stages of Consumption.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N.Y.

AT THE BIJOU.

Frazzle is a good word, T. Roosevelt says so. The program this week is a good one, everybody says so. Our featured subject this week is one of the grandest subjects ever produced, a Shakespearian tragedy, "Richard the Third," showing the exterior of the tower of London, the death of Henry the Sixth, and plotting for the crown. The closing scene shows the Bosworth field and the death of Richard 3. The rest of the program is evenly balanced, Scenic, "Motor Boat Races at Paris," "How Glue is Made." two comic novelties, "Never Again" and "The Policeman's Dream." Mrs. Huseth renders charmingly New York's 1908 success, "Kerry Mills Barn Dance." The amateurs Friday evening. No boys allowed.

Synod Church.

Services in Norwegian next Sunday at 10:30.

In English next Sunday evening at 7:45.

Sunday School at 9 A. M.

The class of catechumens Saturday at 9 A. M.

The Annual meeting of Silverton Congregation will be held in the meeting house, Tuesday, Nov. 24th at 10 A. M. All voting members are hereby requested to be present. I. T. Aastad.

G. N. Officials Here.

Several Great Northern officials were in the city Tuesday in a private car. They did not make known their business here, but there is a rumor to the effect that they were selecting a site for a division point. When the line is completed through to Warroad there will have to be a division point somewhere upon this branch.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige.—S. Kecison.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The Thief River Falls High School football muse, having increased his life insurance, burst forth—or more exactly, broke loose from his moorings—into poetry (?) or doggerel on the occasion of the football banquet at Supt. Hay's last Friday evening. The result of his temporary lapse from sanity was found on the boys' place cards and read as follows:

A sprig of good old Ireland,
The kind that never whines;
How Grand Forks got the jim-jams,
When Martin hit their lines.
Martin Meehan.

Rab, rab, rab, gee, gee, gee,
Nose off, ear off, spavin on my knee,
Skull bones busted, splices in my spine;
How the Crookston girls went crazy,
When I raced down the line!
Charles Dolson.

Punt them up, punt them up,
Hen-rye rye;
Roll 'em over, tumble 'em over,
Thief River High.
Henry Chittick.

Georgie, Georgie, Georgie Jacobson,
When Georgie hit poor Fertile, Georgie weighed a ton;
Our captain's made of cast iron,
He's strong and tough and bold,
And as full of fighting ginger,
As the Vikings were of old.
George Jacobson.

Rickety, lickety, hulabaloo,
When Brady gets busy someone must go through;
He lunches on knockouts,
He dines on hard blows,
For Brady's a fighter, as everyone knows.
Leslie Brady.

Coach Deal, in the west
Is by all odds the best,
He's the niftiest coach of them all;
He's plucky and gritty,
His opponents we pity,
For they're beat to a frazzle this fall.
Coach L. L. Deal.

Rasmus, Rasmus, bim, boom, bah,
Broken noses, blackened eyes, rah, rah, rah;
Eat 'em up, chew 'em up, any old way,
Punting, tackling, dodging, always in the play.
Rasmus Bartleson.

He tackles them low, he smashes them down,
And he flings them all about;
Like Governor John, he's a Johnson too,
They're both daisies without doubt.
Conrad Johnson.

He's a lulu, he's a lulu,
He's a Looie, Looie, lu;
He's fast and fierce,
Their lines he can pierce,
And he's loyal to red and blue.
Lewis Iverson.

Center, center, who is he?
The baby member, can't you see?
Did he do it? I should say,
Downed his man in every play.
Allen Lipscomb.

Zoom, zoom, zim, Odin Slim,
No Fosston fellow got by him;
When he carried the ball, this Viking tall,
He scattered the others, like nine pins all.
Odin Brudie.

John's fair locks, in football shocks,
Got tangled out of style;
But John was true, he stuck like glue;
And held Fosston all the while.
John Ihle.

Over the line, over the line,
Ingwald got there every time;
Wings on his heels and springs in his toes,
He rolls 'em over wherever he goes.
Ingwald Fossum.

Quarter back, quarter back, who is he?
Our own Jimmie, can't you see?
Seven come eleven, he fools 'em every day,
He's got signals by the dozen,
And schemes for every play.
James Curran.

White sweater, black sweater, any old thing,
Is good enough for Prichard to make a touchdown in;
They smash him and they mash him,
But he's proof against all pain,
For Harry is the candy when we have to make a gain.
Harry Prichard.

Ching a ling, ching a ling, chow, chow, chow,
When it comes to foxy football,
Staff can show them how;
He ripped 'em up, he smashed 'em down,
And he burst their line in two,
They thought a cyclone struck them,
When good old Staff went through.
Stafford Curran.

Sanders.

Those confirmed at Landstads last Sunday were Clara Olson, Emma and Gina Braaten, Anna Aas, Maria Oadahl, Alma Anderson and Maria Sense, George Hansen, Richard Josengdahl, Henry Sleten, Osmun Oadahl.

Before leaving for Iowa, Rev. Wangensteen will preach at Landstads once more Sunday 29th at 11 A. M.

Judge Pederson, of Adams, N. D. is here for a brief visit.

J. P. Forsberg, of Thief River Falls was a caller at Peter Lindbloms buying 6 head of Steers.

Special Thanksgiving SALE

From now until Thanksgiving we shall have some special bargains to offer. Some extraordinary values that you can not afford to miss.

We secured lately, a large assortment of large sized pure linen towels, linen napkins and some bed spreads at way below values and will while they last give our patrons the benefit.

Commencing Saturday morning November 21st we offer on sale as follows.

16 dozen large pure linen towels, values 40 to 50 cents for 25 cents.

10 dozen " " " napkins, values per dozen $1.75 for $1.20.

Bedspreads worth $1.25 for 98 cts.
" " $1.50 for $1.19
" " $1.75 for $1.37

20 PER CENT OFF

on the following merchandise: men's, boys' and children's suits and on ladies', misses' and children's coats. This offer good only for the month of November.

Trade where you have the largest stock to select from and where your dollar counts the most and that place is at our store. Be sure to get one or more of those beautiful linen towels at 25 cents before they are sold out.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

The Vote of Red Lake County.

President—
Taft, 1423
Bryan, 850
Chafin, 60
Debs, 312
Hisgen, 8
Governor—
Jacobson, 1121
Johnson, 1475
Haggard, 35
Moore, 153
Allen, 5.
Congressman—
Steenerson, 1445
Sageng, 930
Braaten, 261
Auditor—
O'Brien, 1650
Sweasa, 1122
Treasurer—
Tandberg, 1832
Ohm, 896
Register of Deeds—
Jeffers, 1659
Quist, 1161
Sheriff—
Nelson, 1654
McGinty, 1134
Chas. Fellman, 1
Judge of Probate—
Swanson, 1392
Tarrant, 1354
County Attorney—
Michelet, 1549
Stanton, 1169
G. Halvorson, 1
Supt. of Schools—
Anderson, 1765
Naplin, 901
McAnulty, 910
Fred Richards, 1
Surveyor—
C. H. Martz, 53
P. O. Heglund, 3
J. K. Wood, 1
Oscar Ostrum, 1
B. Henry Costello, 1
Coroner—
Melby, 2224
J. C. Mathews, 1
Gus. Normandeau, 1
Pat Judge, 1
Joe Belair, 11
Peter Hedeen, 1
Co. Commissioners, 4th Dist.—
Daniel Shaw, 915
Ben Christenson, 1
Emil Zeh, 1
G. S. Williams, 1
Ellef Gravlie, 1
A. B. Newton, 2
Co. Commissioners, 2nd Dist.—
Wm. C. L. Demann, 7[illegible]8
John A. Duffy, 13

For Sale—One set heavy work harness. Inquire of Frank Chittick.

Mr. Steenerson Made Good.

Congressman Steenerson again showed how he at all times looks after the interests of settlers upon the government lands this week. At the time of the death of L. G. Browning, who was the United States commissioner here, there were in the neighborhood of twenty proofs advertised to be taken before him at future dates. The land office at Crookston was communicated with and the officials of this office stated that they could find no law that entirely covered any case where proofs could be taken before another officer in the event of the death of the officer named in the advertisement. If the proofs could not be taken, it would prove a great hardship upon the settlers. Congressman Steenerson learned of the facts in the matter and he at once telegraphed to the general land commissioner at Washington regarding the matter. As a result of Mr. Steenerson's efforts, the general land commissioner sent a telegram to the United States Land Office at Crookston to have all the proofs—advertised to be taken before Mr. Browning—accepted if taken before some other qualified official at the time and place set forth in the notice. This act upon the part of Congressman Steenerson shows how well he looks after the interests of his constituents.

Highlanding.

Dennis LaSage, Jim Connely and Martin Swanson came from Thief River Falls last Sunday and with Henry Arndt went out on a hunting trip, returning home Friday.

Jack Dunn went down to Thief River Falls, Tuesday returning home Wednesday.

Cattle buyer Larson has been up through here buying cattle this week, he took down about forty head.

Sam McMahon, Tom Willie, and Joe O'Toole were business callers in Thief River Falls this week.

Mrs. Alfred Hammersten is on the sick list this week.

Mr. Tom Jacobson has built a nice new barn.

Paul Parno took down a load of flax to Thief River Falls Thursday, returning home Friday.

Miss Mary Sullivan who is teaching in the Weiner school house spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. P. Sullivan.

The Hard Time Social given in the Highlanding school house Saturday evening was a great success and everybody enjoyed a good time. Over thirty dollars was taken in.

Where Is Joe Maxwell?

Does anyone know the whereabouts of Joe Maxwell? His mother, Mrs. L. E. Maxwell, of Sanford, N. D., is very desirous of learning his address. In a letter to Postmaster Kratka, the woman states that her husband was recently killed and that a son, John, is near to death's door in a hospital in Devils Lake. The Maxwells formerly lived in Thief River Falls, and removed to North Dakota eight or nine years ago. The mother thinks it is possible that her son has returned to Thief River Falls.

Case Postponed.

The case of the state against Dr. August Gronerud, the Bronson doctor, who is charged with performing a criminal operation upon Miss Marie Sjogren, has been adjourned to the next term of court. Bail has been fixed at $3,000 and it is said that Dr. Gronerud's father in Wisconsin, who is a wealthy banker, will furnish the bond. It was reported in Thief River Falls the fore part of the week that Miss Sjogren had died as a result of the operation, but this is untrue.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8 00 p. m
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Nov. 14, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, Mrs. Karen
Arntsen, Oscar
Berg, Selmer
Bellard, Mr. John
Bovey, Mrs. May
Crase, Robert J.
Christopher, Miss Lillian
Dommer, Carl
Everson, Mrs. Caroline
Erickson, Chas. J.
Fryk, Herman
Haug, John S.
Higgins, Miss Helen
Loiken, Mr. Elias
Morris, E.
Manthy, Rudolph
Mangham, John—2
Petterson, John
Tweten, Mr. Alfred

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank Kratka,
Postmaster.

A COURSE OF OX.

Try It as an Antidote For the Ills of the Strenuous Life.

In the choice of motor power allow me to suggest the ox. The horse leans forward to pull and even helps himself along by bobbing his head. He jerks a load out of a hard place by plunging bodily against the collar, stopping and lunging again. He strains through a hard place and then starts suddenly forward at his release. He works himself into a lather, and you, if you are the right kind of person, cannot help feeling for him and assisting him with inward stress and strain.

The ox does not bob a horn. He simply journeys, and the load goes along. When he comes to a tough place his pasterns do not bend down, he does not squat to pull, he does not pinch along on the toes of his shoes, he seldom blows, and he does not know how to sweat. He does not exert himself at a patch of woven soil and then hurry up when he is past it. The chain becomes stiffer, and the yoke sits solider to his neck, and that is all. There is no sign of effort. The earth may grit its teeth and crunch as it swallows the plow, but the ox stalks on his way. With the share deep or shallow or lifted entirely and hanging from the axle, whether he is plowing earth or air, it makes no difference to him. His most ponderous task is still himself, and he heeds no incidentals.

He is out for a stroll. He does not allow work to interfere with the even tenor of his way. His tendons are rigged to his outstanding rump bones like so much spar and tackle, and he goes along by interior leverage. Inside his old woman hulk is the necessary engine work, and he will neither go slower for this thing nor faster for that. There is much about him besides his disposition that is self contained. He is the antithesis of the automobile. To ride on his back is a cure for indigestion; to ride behind him is a rest for the mind. A course of ox is an antidote for the ills of the times.—Charles D. Stewart in Atlantic.

A BRIER PIPE.

Get One That Is Smooth Inside the Bowl, Says a Smoker.

A collegian who prides himself on the sweetness and color of his brier wood pipes and pretends to know a lot more about them than any ordinary smoker spent half an hour in a tobacco shop making an addition to his already large collection.

Some pipes he discarded because of the grain in the wood. There was too much stripe or too much birdseye, he remarked. When he found one which suited him he put it aside until he had gathered three or four which apparently were all right, and then came his final test to pick out the best of them all.

He held each with the bowl toward the light, then slowly rubbed his little finger inside. Two he discarded, then repeated the operation with the others until only one remained out of the discard. That one he bought.

"Want 'em smooth inside," he explained. "A brier pipe roughly finished inside the bowl isn't worth bothering with. I wouldn't take one for a gift; wouldn't take the trouble to try to break it in, for it will never be any good. It won't cake up right, and it'll never be nice and sweet.

"I've got a theory that when the inside of the bowl is rough all the little edges and points of wood char and burn the first time you smoke it, and a burnt pipe is no good. That's why I always take a pipe that has a bowl as smooth on the inside as on the out.

"Then it doesn't char, but cakes up evenly and gets good in a little time. Maybe the theory is wrong, but it has worked out well in my own experience, and some of my friends who have tried it agree with me."—New York Sun.

One Industry of the Pesky Ant.

Out in Burma and the far east, where sandalwood is worth its weight in silver, the pestiferous ant is a valuable assistant to the loggers of that precious timber. The hard and fragrant heartwood alone has value, but as the tree grows this valuable heart is overlaid by a soft and worthless layer forming two-thirds of the trunk. When a tree is felled and cut into lengths the loggers let the timber lie. At once the ants begin work upon the soft wood, which is sappy and sweet enough to attract them. In a few weeks, less than a month in the case of the largest butts, the ants deliver the heartwood free of all the worthless sapwood.

Explaining.

"Aha, Mose! What are you doing with those chickens?"

"Is dem yo' chickens, boss?"

"You got them out of my coop."

"What kinda chickens is dey, boss?"

"They are Rhode Island Reds. What are you doing with them?"

"Why, boss, I done bought some Rhode Island Reds f'm a man yestiddy, an' I come ovah to git some o' yo' alls chickens to see ef mine was lak yo' alls. Ah doesn't lak tu git cheated, boss."—Houston Post.

Tricking the Hens.

Chinamen have a way of tricking hens so that they assist in the hatching of fish. Fish eggs are carefully placed in an eggshell, which is then sealed and placed under an unsuspecting hen. In a few days the spawn is warmed to life, and the contents of the shell is then cast into a shallow pool, where the sunshine completes the work.

Saw It.

"There's been a conflagration here," said Cumso, looking at a tall building. "How do you know?" asked Fangle. "I saw the fire escape."—Kansas City [illegible]

BREACH OF PROMISE.

Manner In Which the Law Treats It In Different Countries.

England is the best place, from the plaintiff's point of view, for a breach of promise action. All other countries seem to regard with grave suspicion any attempt to recover monetary compensation for the loss of a prospective husband, and unless the plaintiff has a very strong case indeed it is never worth her while to carry her grief into the law courts.

In France breach of promise cases are rare, for the simple reason that the law requires the plaintiff to prove that she has suffered pecuniary loss. Now, this is not an easy thing to do on the part of the lady, especially in a country where a girl without a dot—that is, a marriage portion—has a poor chance of finding a husband. Holland and Austria have adopted the French system, and the result has been about the same. Breach of promise actions are rare, the injured damsels or their relatives usually taking the law into their own hands.

Practical Germany, as might be expected, has perhaps the best method for solving this problem. When a young couple become engaged they have to go through a public betrothal ceremony that ought to knock all the shyness out of them. In the local town hall the pair declare their affection, willingness to marry, etc., ending by signing a collection of documents that apparently leave no loophole for escape. But if either party to the contract wishes to withdraw another journey is undertaken to the town hall and another collection of documents signed, witnessed and sealed. Then the authorities determine the question of compensation—should it be claimed. In this connection it may be said that the man can and often does claim a solatium for his wounded feelings. The usual award is one-fifth of the marriage dowry. It is easy to understand when all this is remembered how loath the young people of Germany are to break their betrothal oaths.

As the law of Italy affords little or no protection whatever to jilted damsels or swains, it is not surprising that the stiletto should be the favorite mode of deciding breach of promise cases. The Italian law demands that the person suing for the breach shal produce a written promise to marry from the defendant; otherwise the action cannot proceed. This difficulty is almost insurmountable, and the Italian judges are seldom troubled to adjudicate between one time lovers.

To bring an action for breach of promise of mariage against a reigning monarch is an achievement, but it has been done, and by an English lady. Miss Jenny Mighell sued the sultan of Johore, and as there was a doubt whether the dusky one was actually a reigning monarch the case was allowed to come into court, but the judge quickly disposed of the action by ruling it inadmissible for the reason referred to, and Miss Mighell was nonsuited.

It is remarkable that one of the two actions which have brought verdicts for £10,000 each to the plaintiffs should have had for its defendant the editor of a matrimonial paper. The second case was between a well known actress and the eldest son of an earl.—London Tit-Bits.

Tune For Tune.

Frederick the Great made generous presents to all musicians except flute players. He played the flute remarkably well himself. A famous flutist once asked permission to play to the king, hoping that Frederick would show his appreciation of his skill by some valuable gift. Frederick listened attentively while he played a difficult piece. "You play very well," he said, "and I will give you a proof of my satisfaction."

So saying he left the room. The musician waited, guessing at the probable nature of the proof. Presently the king returned with his own flute and played the same piece. Then he bade his visitor "Good day," saying, "I have had the pleasure of hearing you, and it was only fair that you should hear me."

Beyond His Aid.

A woman who had a telephone in her apartment called up the telephone company and asked that the service be discontinued. The man who took her message tried to be exceedingly polite.

"We are sorry to lose you," he said. "Are you dissatisfied with anything?"

"I am," said the woman emphatically.

"I am very sorry," said the man. "Perhaps we can help you. What is it you do not like?"

"Single blessedness," said the woman. "I am going to be married tomorrow."

"Ah," said the polite clerk, "you are past our aid. Goodby."—New York Sun.

A Knotty Problem.

"It's no use," said the young man with heavy rimmed eyeglasses. "I can't get this political economy straight."

"What's the trouble?" asked the professor.

"I can't discover whether a lot of people go broke because we have hard times or whether we have hard times because a lot of people go broke."—Kansas City Independent.

A Painful Dilemma.

Willie—What's a dilemma?

Johnny—Well, it's when you can't sit down because your dad licked you for going swimming and you can't stand up because a crab bit your toe.—Illustrated Bits.

It is said that the average man can get along with 300 words, but unfortunately she generally hands him more than that.—Puck.

THE PRETZEL.

Its Simple Figure Scheme and Infinite Possibilities of Variety.

The pretzel is one of the most remarkable creations of the human mind and hand. It stands almost alone as an artificial product displaying the countless varieties of form produced by nature in the leaves of trees and blades of grasses. Of the millions upon millions turned out by the pretzel bakeries since the inception of the industry it is not probable that any two were exactly alike.

The general figure scheme of the pretzel must have been an inspiration. It would have been impossible for the human mind to conceive a scheme so simple and yet permitting such approach to infinite variation. Because of the peculiar shape of the pretzel its construction is most easily described by employing sailor men's terms. A bight is taken in a roll of dough, and the ends are given a half twist and brought back upon opposite sides of the bight. This makes the article somewhat heart shaped. There can have been no sentimental reason for this shape, for there is no product of art or nature further removed from the realm of sentiment than is the pretzel. The finished article looks as if it had been varnished and exposed to a sandstorm before the varnish dried.

The pretzel is unique as an article of internal use. It cannot be classed as food or drink. It is not a dessert, nor is it a medicine. Perhaps it should be classed as an appetizer—an appetizer not for food, but for drink, and therein lies its uniqueness. It is the great thirst producer. It is the third of a Sahara done up in a twist of dough. If any one could invent something that would quench thirst as effectively as the pretzel can produce it his fortune would be made.

The home of the pretzel is Germany, where it is called bretzel or pretzel, according to whether it is in north Germany or south Germany, but in America it is pretzel all the time, whether in North America or South America. The name is commonly regarded as being derived from words in the Latin language meaning bracelet. But Germans are not fond of taking words from the Latin tongues. Perhaps the pretzel owes its name to the fact that it is baked on a flat, boardlike surface. The German word for board is brett.—Washington Post.

READING THE STARS.

An Author's Mastery of the Science of Navigation.

"By the end of the week, teaching myself," writes Jack London in Harper's Weekly of his mastery of the science of navigation, "I was able to do divers things. For instance, I shot the North star, at night, of course—got its altitude, corrected for index error, dip, etc., and found our latitude. And this latitude agreed with the latitude of the previous noon corrected by dead reckoning up to that moment. Proud? Well, I was even prouder with my next miracle. I was going to turn in at 9 o'clock. I worked out the problem self instructed and learned what star of the first magnitude would be passing the meridian around half past 8. This star proved to be Alpha Crucis. I had never heard of the star before. I looked it up on the star map. It was one of the stars of the Southern Cross. What, thought I! Have we been sailing with the Southern Cross in the sky of nights and never known it? Dolts that we are! Gudgeons and moles! I couldn't believe it. I went over the problem again and verified it. Charmian had the wheel from 8 till 10 that evening. I told her to keep her eyes open and look due south for the Southern Cross, and when the stars came out there shone the Southern Cross low on the horizon. Proud? No medicine man nor high priest was ever prouder. Furthermore, with the prayer wheel I shot Alpha Crucis and from its altitude worked out our latitude, and still furthermore I shot the North star, too, and it agreed with what had been told me by the Southern Cross. Proud? Why, the language of the stars was mine, and I listened and heard them telling me my way over the deep."

Weight of a Lion.

What does a lion weigh? Those who know the look of the king of beasts best and how small his little body really is will probably come farthest from the truth. About 300 to 350 pounds is a usual estimate, but a full grown lion will tip the scales at no less than 500 pounds. Five hundred and forty pounds is the record for an African lion. His bone is solid and heavy as ivory. The tiger runs the lion very close. A Bengal tiger killed by an English officer scaled 520 pounds. A tiger this size has, however, considerably more muscular strength than the biggest lion.

One Point Gained.

"Has that girl next door to you still got her parlor melodeon?"

"No; she exchanged it for a cornet, I'm glad to say."

"But, gracious, if she plays the cornet, that's worse, isn't it?"

"Not at all. It's only half as bad. She can't sing while she's playing the cornet."—Philadelphia Press.

The Two Women.

An old offender was introduced to a new county justice as John Timmins, alias Jones, alias Smith.

"I'll try the two women first," said the justice. "Bring in Alice Jones."—Uncle Remus Magazine.

The Wiles of Women.

There are only two possible things that a woman can do if a man proposes to her, but there are more than 2,000,000 she can do if he doesn't.—Golden Penny.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

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Manufacturers of Store, Bank, Office and Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

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Prices right.

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Valerya Henka, of Germantown, Minn., who, on June 27, 1901, made H. E. No. 311, Serial No. 0661, for N. E¼, Section 20, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. O. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 21st day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charley Hurt, of Mavie, Minn.
Joseph Plucek, " Germantown, Minn.
Albert Swanson, " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct-15-nov. 19

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., October 27, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christ Evenson, of Stone, Minn., who, on June 21, 1902, made Homestead entry No. 2963, Serial No. 1612, for S. E¼, S. E¼, Section 11, Township 155, N., Range 44, W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren Minn., on the 30 day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Peder N. Peterson, of Stone, Minn.
Marten Evenson, " " "
James Johnson, " Strip, "
Carl Hanson, " Viking, "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

oct. 29 nov. 26-5.

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

WHIMS IN WILLS.

Curious Desires Have Actuated Many Testators.

The dryness of the law is sometimes alleviated by the freaks and whims that appear in wills.

Some persons have used their wills as means of paying off old scores. In 1770 Stephan Swain of the parish of St. Olaves, London, left "John Abbott and Mary, his wife, 6 shillings each for a halter for fear the sheriff should not be provided." In 1793 Philip Thickness willed that his right hand be cut off and sent to his son "in hopes that such a sight may remind him of his duty to God after having so long neglected the duty he owed to a father who once affectionately loved him."

Lieutenant Colonel Nash got even with his wife by leaving the bell ringers of Bath abbey £50 a year on condition that they muffle the bells of said abbey on the anniversary of his marriage and ring them with "doleful accentuation from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m." and on the anniversary of his death to ring a merry peal for the same space "in memory of his happy release from domestic tyranny and wretchedness."

Jasper Mayne, who died in 1620, must have been a person of humor. He left his servant an old valise, stating that it contained something that would enable him to drink. When the valise was opened it was found to contain only a red herring.

Occasionally a testator exhibits an original idea as to the disposition of his body. Sieur Benoit, whose will was probated in Paris in 1877, ordered that he be buried in his old trunk to save the expense of a coffin. He added that he was attached to the trunk, it having gone around the world with him three times.—New York Post.

FAKE PAINTINGS.

One of the Ingenious Tricks of the Picture Dealer.

The tricks of the picture dealer?

They are not to be counted. Here is one that was played quite recently. A dealer ordered from an artist a tavern scene in the old Dutch style signed in the corner with a facsimile of Jan Steen's signature. When the smoky look of age had been given it the dealer eyed it with approval.

"Splendid!" he said to the needy artist. "It's a pity you shouldn't have the credit of it. Pray sign it with your own name. It may make your reputation."

The poor artist, delighted, painted over the signature of Jan Steen and set his own name there. Three weeks later the picture started for New York, consigned to a Fifth avenue merchant of paintings. But by the same boat went an anonymous letter to the custom house officials warning them that an attempt was being made to smuggle in a chef d'oeuvre of the Dutch school worth $40,000. The picture was seized. Experts were called in. They scraped off the signature of the artist and found underneath that of Jan Steen. The importer had to pay a fine of 50 per cent—that is, $20,000—and in addition $8,000 duty. Three days later, however, he sold his Jan Steen (guaranteed by the United States government) for the round sum of $50,000. Thus he made a fair profit, for the original cost of the picture was $14—70 francs paid to the poor devil of an artist.—Broadway Magazine.

The Sneeze Inopportune.

"Of all the embarrassing predicaments, the one that I was in was the worst ever," said a prosperous downtown business man, addressing his partner in their office on the fifteenth floor of one of the Broadway skyscrapers.

"I got in the elevator a few moments ago," he continued, "and the draft as we shot roofward caused me to sneeze. I felt it coming, and as I opened my mouth for a hearty 'achu' out popped my $150 set of false teeth. Say, when that car full of silly stenographers began to snicker I could have gone through a keyhole without touching sides, top or bottom!"—New York Globe.

Forces a Discharge.

"The Japanese servant has many curious traits," said the man who keeps one, "besides his constant habit of eating raw fish, but he is inordinately polite, as a rule. For instance, he never will give you notice that he wishes to leave you. Instead his work will grow steadily worse and worse till you can't stand it any longer, and so you fire him. It's always done purposely to avoid the necessity of telling you outright that he is tired of you and wants to quit."

Social Analogy.

Mrs. Subbubs—That Mrs. Newcome just moved into the Dudley's old house on Saturday, so I called today. Mr. Subbubs—Well, well, how like poker this social game is! Mrs. Subbubs—How do you mean? Mr. Subbubs—Why, in poker you also "call" when you want to see what the other person's got.—Philadelphia Press.

The Missing Feature.

"That meadow scene looks far from natural," declared the stage manager.

"What can ail it?"

"Begosh, I believe it's the absence of advertising signs!"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Sneaky.

Magistrate—Sneaky sort of man? What do you mean, sir? Witness—Well, sorr, he's the sort of man that'll never look ye straight in the face until your back's turned."

There's no phosphorescence in flowers to speak of, but they may lighten up many a darkened spot in life.—Manchester Union.

Monkeys Like Scrapping.

"Monkeys are in a class by themselves," said the circus man. "If one of them has red hair he is sure to be a dandy scrapper. The best fighter is always the leader. They hang together and bow and scrape before the boss just like a good many people. Monkeys with red faces and flat heads will whip the life out of those smaller than they are; but will run like the wind when it comes to an even break. A monkey riot is a funny spectacle. Even in the same cage you will find groups herded together as if there was some class distinction and the lines were drawn tightly. If two of the big ones come together in a row the others generally stand off and let them have it out, but if any of the little ones get to scrapping then the father and mother are apt to mix in, and the next step is a general row. We separate them by turning on the hose and punish them by locking up the den so that they cannot get any peanuts from the crowd and hold back their meals. This plan puts them on their good behavior for awhile at least. The monkey likes to eat and likes to be noticed."

Slightly Mixed.

They had just set up housekeeping and were working on the plan of economy. The bathtub needed a coat of varnish. He promised to attend to it if she would order the varnish.

"You'll find the varnish in the closet with the groceries, dear," she said a day or so later, "and the can opener in the knife drawer."

He opened the can and, according to his contract, applied the coat of varnish and then left it to dry.

The soup for dinner that day had to be abandoned, for somehow it possessed a peculiar paint shop odor that was nauseating. After dinner he took her to inspect his work on the bathtub. Now that it had dried it had a certain unnatural appearance. The top and sides were streaked, and here and there little lumps clung to it.

"The man said that was the best varnish," she explained, taking up the can of varnish for an examination, "but—why, dear, you have varnished the bathtub with the ox tail soup!"

"Then it was the varnish we ate, dear," he added, horror stricken.—Lippincott's.

A Model Hotel "Boots."

It was in a Dublin hotel, and as I closed the bedroom door, says a writer in the Manchester Guardian, I noticed that the end of one of my boot laces was inside the room, the boot to which it was attached having been placed as usual outside. When I awoke next morning the boot lace end was still there, and I opened the door expecting to find that the boots had not been cleaned, but I was wrong. A very careful hotel servant, a very model among "boots," had found the lace tightly gripped by the door and rather than disturb me had carefully removed it from the lace holes and carried away the boot. Presently I heard a quiet noise outside the door. The model boots had brought my boots back again and was industriously relacing that one which he had unlaced.

Cheese In the Middle Ages.

Cheese must have been a rather dear or scarce article of food in 1502, for it is recorded in the "Black Books" of the Honorable Society of Lincoln's Inn that at Easter term, 1502, it was "agreed by the governors and benchers this term that if any one of the society shall hereafter cut cheese immoderately at the time of dinner or supper or shall give cheese to any servant or to any other or shall carry it away from the table at any time he shall pay 4 pence for each offense. The butlers of the society shall present such defaulters weekly under pain of expulsion from office."—Law Times.

Her Test.

"When a young man proposes you should always be careful and test his love," cautioned the conservative chaperon.

"But I go one better, auntie," twittered the pretty girl. "Do you see this tiny bottle?"

"Yes. Does it contain perfume?"

"No; it contains acid. I test the engagement ring."

Not Very Funny.

"I did my best to be entertaining," said the young man in a voice of sorrow.

"Did you succeed?"

"I'm afraid not. I recited Hamlet's soliloquy. She looked at me reproachfully for several seconds and then exclaimed, 'I don't think that's very funny!'"—London Telegraph.

His Conscience.

"He's forever prating about what his conscience tells him. What does his conscience tell him, anyway?"

"Apparently it usually tells him what awful sinners his neighbors are."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Where She Gets Her Ideal.

She—I wonder if you are just the kind of man I want. He—What kind of man do you want? She—I can hardly describe him to you. He—Don't try. What's the name of the book?—St Louis Post-Dispatch.

To Hold Him.

Nan—That's a beautiful solitaire Dick gave you. I wonder if you know what a fickle young man he is? Fan—Indeed I do! That's why I made him give me such an expensive one.—Chicago Tribune.

A Sad Break.

"Our credit man made a bad break yesterday."

"What was it?"

"He told a dumb man that his word was as good as his bond."—Detroit Free Press.

Woman's Curiosity.

"Woman's curiosity," said Mr. Fletcher, "is a quality of mind beyond human understanding."

"Yes," said Mrs. Fletcher. "What made you think of that?"

"The fool actions of a woman that I saw downtown today. She followed a man ten blocks just to get to read a placard that was fastened to his back. She spotted him at Thirty-fourth street. That was really the end of her trip—I made that out from something she said to another woman who was too fat to join in the chase—but when she caught sight of that flaming red poster tied to the man's back her curiosity got the better of her and she set out after him. He led her quite a chase across town and downtown and back again, but she never weakened. She tagged faithfully along in his wake, and finally she got close enough to read that notice."

Mrs. Fletcher reflected a moment.

"What did it say?" she asked.

"It advised her to get her teeth pulled somewhere on Sixth avenue."

Mrs. Fletcher thought again.

"Where were you all the time she was trying to find that out?"

"Me?" said Fletcher. "Oh, I was following the woman. I wanted to see if she finally caught up with the man."—New York Times.

The Porcelain Secret.

The porcelain industry of Germany is comparatively young, says the Berlin Morgen Post, and its development was rapid. Although it is generally believed that the Chinese kept their processes of manufacture secret, Julian's translations of their voluminous encyclopedia show that this is not true. All who could have read the work might have known also the porcelain secret. But evidently no German fathomed the mechanical mystery until the apothecary's apprentice Boettgar, 200 years ago, made the first German porcelain at Dresden. Some years before he had attracted attention by proclaiming the discovery of a method of changing base metal into gold. King Frederick I. gave him orders for the precious metal, which the sixteen-year-old inventor could not execute, and in fear he fled to Dresden and became a subject of King August the Strong. While endeavoring to make gold he discovered the porcelain secret and inscribed his door thus: "Into a potter was changed by Almighty God a man who thought he could make gold."

A Puzzle In Figures.

Take any number of three different figures, as 471, under it place the same figures in reverse order, subtract the lesser number and you will find that the middle figure of the result is invariably 9. Why it is so is something that only the most learned mathematical scholars can explain. Here is our case worked out:

Taking any number, say.......... 471
Reversing figures.......... 174

Subtracting, we have.......... 297

Further still, we can now reverse this number 297 in the same way and add the two numbers and the result will always come 1089. Thus:

Taking.......... 297
Reversing.......... 792

Adding, we have.......... 1089

Why should the answer always come out the same? Here's something for you to work over.

A Friend In Need.

A speaker in the recent Shropshire (England) election relates the following incident: One night he spoke in the poultry market at Whitchurch. The next morning a young man stopped him in the street and said:

"I was looking well after you last night."

The speaker expressed surprise at the necessity.

The young man continued his story: "I saw a young man come into the meeting with his coat pockets bulging out in a way that made me suspicious. Two of us followed him in. He stood at the back of the room, and we stood one on each side of him. Gently but firmly we pressed against him. There was a faint crackling sound of breaking eggs, and the man was out of action."

Arms, Legs and the Man.

How many of us have noticed that we walk with our arms as well as with our legs? Sitting on a grassy slope overlooking a seaside promenade I was struck by the mechanical swing of the arms of the stream of passers by—the right arm always keeping position with the left leg and the left arm with the right leg. By attempting to reverse the order of the swing I found that I had a tendency to progress like a crab, while the effort to keep them fixed by the side was like the shutting off of the steam from the engine. Arms and the man must be amended to arms, legs and the man!—London Chronicle.

Venice Too Wet For Her.

A woman who recently returned from a trip to Europe says wet weather hasn't bothered this country at all in comparison with what she saw abroad. She says that they ran into a town named Venice where the water covered every street, and you couldn't get anywhere except in boats. She added: "You bet we only stayed one day in that slosh."—Kansas City Star.

Things to Remember.

He who would pass his declining years with honor and comfort should when young remember that he may one day become old and remember when he is old that he has been once young.—Addison.

In the course of a few years the body attains its full growth, but the heart may grow forever. It is a pity that so few hearts enjoy the privilege.—Albany (Tex.) News.

PUBLIC PUNISHMENT.

The Days of the Whipping Post, Stocks and Branding Irons.

Up until the end of the war and a little while after the whipping post and stocks stood not far from the northwest corner of the courthouse and between that building and the present postoffice, and there the last whipping took place, though as it began it was sought to be stopped by a federal officer. The sheriff was, however, simply carrying out the mandate of the old court of pleas and quarter sessions.

In those days the stocks and the whipping post, too, were special attractions, notably to boys. The latter were allowed to ridicule people who sat in the stocks, which held their hands and feet, but not to throw anything at them.

Of course this deprived the boys of some degree of pleasure, yet they contrived to get a good deal of fun out of the thing anyway. It seems odd now even to think of such scenes as these must have been. Figure to yourself passing by the courthouse green at Charlotte or Raleigh and seeing a gentleman held by the ankles and wrists by wooden bars, sitting there in the sunshine for all the world to look at.

Those were the days of the branding iron too. A set of gyves of iron, in use for holding the ankles or wrists, are on exhibition here, but of branding irons there are none. These were used here in January, 1865, for the last time.—Raleigh Cor. Charlotte Observer.

VANITY OF CONVICTS.

The Way Some Men Spruce Up In the Penitentiary.

"The vainest lot of men I ever did know are behind these walls," remarked a convict in the penitentiary. "For fastidious dressing and cleanliness I have never seen anything like it. Those who have been accustomed to slecking up on the outside grow much worse in here, and those who never even combed their hair on the outside have it as cleanly parted as they can. I know of a hundred instances where convicts have risked being paddled or having time taken away just for the sake of shaving. They get hold of a razor or improvise one and keep it in their cells. They all have mirrors in their cells along with the calendars.

"I know of one instance of a trusted prisoner who begged for weeks to be allowed to wear a hat instead of the prison cap because he thought he did not look well in it. Whenever they get an opportunity they press their trousers. They save collars for Sundays and appear very clean and neat and nice in chapel. I guess it is all because they have time to think about themselves more than ever. If a man has nothing but himself to think about he takes more pride in himself. Or maybe they want something with which to pass away the time in their cells."—Columbus Dispatch.

Blankets of Bark.

In Ecuador, one of the South American republics, the bark of a tree which grows on the slopes of the Andes is utilized for the making of blankets. The blanket is over six feet long and over five feet wide and is as soft and pliable as though it were made of flannel. It is about the thickness of a good flannel blanket and can be rolled up and put in a strap without hurting or injuring it. This tree or bark blanket is merely a strip of bark cut from a section of the trunk of the blanket or demajagua tree. The Indians make a cutting around the trunk to get it, and they prepare it by soaking it in water until it is soft. It is then pounded so that the rough outside can be stripped off and the inside alone left. The inside is of fine fibers so joined together by nature that it makes a beautiful blanket, warm enough to be used as a cover and soft enough for a mattress.

A Clock Case Made of Pennies.

A novelty in clockmaking consists of a timepiece whose case is made of English pennies. The coins, of which there are ninety-six, all bear the date 1797 and were beaten out to almost double their original size and then riveted together, while the figures were made of small strips of copper cemented on to the face. The clock stands fourteen inches high and is eight inches broad at the base. That "time is money" is an adage with which we all more or less agree, but this is a case in which the saying might be reversed and still remain true. The clock is owned by a resident of Laurel Bank, Ilkley, Yorkshire, England.

The Family Dog.

An Edinburgh clergyman says: "Every family should have a dog. It is like a perpetual baby. It betrays no secrets, never sulks, asks no troublesome questions, never gets into debt, never comes down late to breakfast and is always ready for a bit of fun."

To Save Time.

The Parson—I intend to pray that you may forgive Casey for throwing that brick at you. The Patient—Mebbe yer riverence 'ud be saving toime if ye'd jist wait till oi get well and then pray for Casey.—London Fun.

Hard Luck.

Wife—What luck? Husband—None whatever. Wife—Were there no servants at the intelligence office? Husband—Yes, lots of them, but they had all worked for us before.—Saturday Sunset.

What Willie Saw.

When Willie saw a peacock for the first time he said to his mother.

"Oh, mamma, you should have seen it! Electric lights all over the ferns and a turkey underneath!"—Delineator.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The government's petition for a rehearing of the case in which the United States circuit court of appeals reversed the trial court in fining the Standard Oil company of Indiana $29,240,000 for alleged rebating, was denied in the court of appeals at Chicago. Immediately upon the overruling of the petition District Attorney Sims applied for a stay of mandate, which was granted, thus leaving the case still before the court of appeals pending the government's attempt to have the case taken before the supreme court on a writ of certiorari.

Representatives of eighteen leading railroads operating in Missouri appeared before Federal Judge Smith McPherson at Kansas City and began the presentation of evidence in an endeavor to prove their contention that the railroads are unable to operate with a profit under the 2-cent passenger rate and the maximum freight laws passed by the last legislature.

The new battleship North Dakota, the first American all big gun battleship, has been launched at Quincy, Mass. Miss Mary L. Benton of Fargo, N. D., christened the vessel.

The United States court of appeals has refused bail in the case of Charles W. Morse, the financier convicted of illegal banking and sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

The papermakers' strike against the International Paper company, which has been on since Aug. 1, has been officially declared off by the officials of the union.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Senator Stephen B. Elkins has made the emphatic announcement that no engagement exists between his daughter, Miss Katherine, and the Duke of the Abruzzi of the Italian navy. The statement was made with the knowledge and consent of Miss Elkins.

Rev. French E. Oliver, who is holding a revival meeting at Burlington, Kan., has issued an open letter to William J. Bryan urging the Nebraskan to become an evangelist and predicting that he would become an equal of the Apostle Paul.

Lord Sholto Douglas, brother to the present Marquis of Queensberry, is held in the provincial jail at Nelson, B. C., and will probably have to face a murder charge as the result of a shooting affray.

Richard Croker, former leader of Tammany Hall, has sailed from Queenstown for the United States.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Rear Admiral James M. Miller, governor of the United States Naval home in Philadelphia, died at that institution after a brief illness. Admiral Miller was sixty-one years old and was appointed to the navy from Missouri in 1863.

MEMBERS OF NEW HOUSE

Temporary Roll Call Shows Total of Three Hundred and Ninety-one.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The temporary roll call of the house of representatives for the Sixty-first congress has been completed and published. It presents a complete list of members of the new house as shown by unofficial returns and gives the politics of all of them. According to this publication the next house will consist of 219 Republicans and 172 Democrats, a total of 391, as against a total of 389 in the house during the last session, of whom 223 were Republicans and 166 Democrats. The result is a net loss of four from the Republican side and a net gain of six on the Democratic side, the discrepancy being due to present vacancies. All told, the Democrats gained 17 districts and the Republicans 12.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Wheat—Dec., $1.03¾; May, $1.08¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.04¾@1.05; No. 3 Northern, $1.02¾@1.03¾.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 16.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.08¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.07; No 2 Northern, $1.05; Dec., $1.04; May, $1.08; Nov., $1.05½. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.41⅞; Nov., $1.40½; Dec., $1.39¾; May, $1.43¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.00. Hogs—$5.00@5.60. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; yearlings, $3.90@4.00; spring lambs, $5.00@5.35.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Wheat—Dec., $1.02⅝; May, $1.07; July, $1.01⅛. Corn—Nov., 62⅝c; Dec., 62⅝c; May, 62¼c; July, 61⅞c; Sept., 61⅞c. Oats—Dec., 45⅛c; May, 50⅛c; July, 46⅛c. Pork—Dec., $14.45; Jan., $16.02½; May, $16.12½@16.15. Butter—Creameries, 22@29c; dairies, 19½@25c. Eggs—25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; chickens, 8@9c; springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.30@7.50; Texans, $3.50@4.50; Western cattle, $3.20@5.55; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.20; calves, $5.50@5.90. Hogs—Light, $5.00@5.70; mixed, $5.20@5.90; heavy, $5.20@5.90; rough, $5.20@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.40@5.90; pigs, $2.75@5.00. Sheep, $2.40@4.50; yearlings, $4.10@4.80; lambs, $3.75@5.90.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Representatives of the St. Paul Law Enforcement league conferred with Attorney General Young relative to efforts to have the liquor laws of the state enforced in St. Paul. Reports were laid before Mr. Young claiming that practically all the saloons in the city are running after 11 o'clock p. m. and that some favored ones are permitted to run even in the down town districts all day Sunday without a pretense of obeying the law.

A bill to stimulate good conduct among prisoners at the state penitentiary and at the same time aid indigent families of prisoners will be introduced at the coming session of the legislature by Senator A. D. Stephens of Crookston. Prisoners at the Stillwater penitentiary now earn about 40 cents a day. The plan is to have from 20 to 25 cents a day paid to the indigent families of these men.

Chisholm, the city that was physically wiped off the map as a result of the recent forest fires on the Mesaba range, has grown like a mushroom in the night and there are today 400 buildings up or in process of construction, exclusive of small shacks, and not a great many more will have to be put up before the total number equals the number that stood before the fire.

The campaign against tuberculosis in the state has received a setback through the exhaustion of the funds of the Minnesota association for the relief and prevention of the white plague and unless additional funds are secured it will be impossible to continue the fight on anything but a moderate scale.

Five of the ten mines on state lands and leased by the state to various iron companies are now in operation. The Pool, one of the largest of the mines owned by the state, has been in operation since election. It is estimated that the total iron ore shipment for this year will reach 25,000,000 tons.

Speaker L. H. Johnson of Minneapolis will not have clear sailing for reelection to the honor of presiding over the Minnesota house. Representative-elect A. K. Ware of Northfield has announced his candidacy for speaker and will make an active canvass.

The total vote on governor in the late election was over 330,000. Johnson received 172,060 and Jacobson 143,805, the balance being scattered among several minor candidates.

It is rumored that the Great Northern has let a contract for the extension of its line from Nashwauk south to Grand Rapids, a distance of about twenty-one miles.

Three hundred schoolteachers were in attendance at the convention of the Southeastern Minnesota Educational association at Winona.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

The big department store of H. H. Heinen & Sons of New Prague was burglarized and about $200 stolen. The burglar broke through a window in the rear of the store. Then he put on a brown striped suit, new shoes, underwear, overcoat, etc., and left his old ones in the store. He took a brown leather suitcase and filled it with other goods, among them several dozen gold collar and cuff buttons, stickpins, silk handkerchiefs, etc.

As the result of constant pilfering of freight cars twelve men employed by the Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad company were discharged in Minneapolis. The action was taken by the road following an investigation into the working of an alleged gang, members of which are said to have gained materially by the thefts.

Harry Brown, an inmate of the state reformatory at St. Cloud, was indicted by the Sherburne county grand jury at Elk River for attempting to kill Guard Lynch of that institution a short time ago. Brown pleaded guilty to assault in the first degree and Judge Giddings gave him the limit—ten years at Stillwater.

Behind prison bars as the result of her passion for good clothes and life beyond her means is the fate of Marjorie Fornell, seventeen years old, of Minneapolis, accused of stealing from her widowed mother and forging her name, thereby drawing the widow's entire savings of years of hard labor, which amounted to $440.

Peter Hanson, a retired farmer, aged about sixty-seven, was killed at Litchfield by a fast running stock train. He was running to the station and evidently thought he had ample time to cross the track ahead of the train. He was struck by the cylinder head of the engine and almost instantly killed.

A gang of thieves is at work among the farmers in the central part of Otter Tail county. They visit barns and granaries at night and carry off grain and poultry.

OBITUARY.

Aaron Douglas is dead at Amboy, aged seventy-two years. He was born at Harmony, Pa., and was one of twelve children. Five of the eight sons enlisted in the Civil war and Aaron was shot through the lung at the battle of Gettysburg and while an older brother was carrying him to the rear a mile away he was shot again in the leg. After the war he located in Blue Earth county and resided there ever since.

John R. Bean, a resident of Minnesota since 1848, is dead at [illegible]

THE ACT OF DYING.

Reasons For Believing That It Is an Easy Matter.

The mere ultimate process of dying may be a relatively easy matter. Any person who has been long ill probably suffers more on any given day of his life than he will suffer in the act of departing from his body. It is probable that a broken bone, a delirious fever, a disordered vital organ, may cause more anguish than the final struggle. I have my doubts whether the last pang is as bad as it seems, declares Elizabeth Stuart Phelps in Harper's Bazar. We are told by surgeons that chloroformed patients may give apparent evidence of acute agonies which they do not feel. Death itself is often an anaesthetic so merciful that what people call "living trouble" is obviously a worse matter.

I, for instance, who have never fainted and never been anaesthetized in my life, have twice become from serious causes unconscious for a short time, and I have often wished that I could make over to some recoiling soul whose name has been heard ringing upon the last roll call the unspeakable comfort which that brief experience has given me. There was no pang, no terror, no time, no chance, for either. One seemed to glide gently and swiftly down a warm abyss, flower scented, grass grown, safe and beneficent, into unutterable content. One melted into peace. One drifted into ecstasy beside which the deepest joys of consciousness *are poor, pale things.*

If one in truth should evade the body in such a moment, death would stand chosen as the supreme delight of living.

HIS THREE WIVES.

They Were All In One Picture, but Did Not Stay There.

Allan Cunningham in his "Lives of British Painters" tells a story of Copley, the father of Lord Chancellor Lyndhurst, which reveals what a portrait painter endures from the vanity and eccentricity of his sitters.

A certain man had himself, his wife and seven children painted by Copley in a family piece.

"It wants but one thing," said the man on seeing the finished picture, "and that is the portrait of my first wife. This one is my second."

"But," replied the artist, "she is dead. What can I do? She must come in as an angel."

"Oh, no; no angels for me. She must come in as a woman."

The portrait was added, but several months elapsed before the man again called at Copley's studio, and when he did a strange lady held on to his arm.

"I must have another sketch from your hand, Copley," said he. "An accident befell my second wife. This lady is my third, and she has come to have her likeness included in the family picture."

The painter introduced the likeness of wife No. 3, and the man expressed himself satisfied with the portraits of his three spouses. But the lady remonstrated. Never was such a thing heard of. Her predecessors must go. The artist painted them out. Then the man disputed the price. Copley sued him, and his son, the future Lord Lyndhurst, signalized his call to the bar by gaining his father's cause.

A Bad Dream.

It is not likely that any English speaking people understand so keen and punctilious a devotion to the niceties of language as that which characterizes the French grammarians. We may help ourselves to understand it perhaps by reading a story told of M. Lamany.

One night he awoke and sprang out of bed with a wild cry. His wife came running. He was in alarm and despair.

"Why, what is the matter?" she gasped.

"I dreamed," said the professor. "Oh, I had a horrible, a heartrending dream!"

"What was it?"

"I dreamed I was talking, and I distinctly heard myself utter a sentence which had a grammatical error in it!"

Couldn't Miss the Chance.

One scarcely looks for humor in an undertaker, but that this, like most rules, has its exceptions was proved recently in Scotland. A tract-distributer had affixed this text to a tree on the highroad, "It is appointed to man once to die." This was too good an opportunity to be missed by the local purveyor of coffins, who promptly added the following announcement: "Funerals economically furnished by Blank."

Honor.

"What they call 'honor' is a mighty curious thing," observed Uncle Jerry Peebles. "I know a man who would cheerfully starve himself to pay a gamblin' debt, and he still owes the preacher that married him twenty-seven years ago."—Chicago Tribune.

Art In the Soup.

The artist's wife leaned over and looked at her husband's soup after she had handed it to him.

"Oh," she cried, "look at the scroll the fat has made in your soup. Isn't it artistic? Don't eat it. It is so beautiful."

Forced Economy.

"Poor Tom, it cost him a terrible lot to give up his sweetheart."

"Then why did he?"

"Because it would have cost him a great deal more if he hadn't."—London Tatler.

You have only got to owe a man money to appreciate what a small place the world is.—Lloyd's Weekly.

FOOLED BOTH WAYS.

The Experience of a Visitor in a Lunatic Asylum.

"I was staying," says a writer in the Liverpool Mercury, "with an uncle who was on very friendly terms with a doctor who kept a private asylum and who occasionally gave a dance for the patients, while also inviting some of his friends.

"During my visit we received an invitation, and on the appointed evening we arrived to find the room crowded with people all in evening dress.

"My first partner was a man whom I thought looked decidedly queer, such a restless, hunted expression in his eyes, and occasionally during the dance he stopped and glanced searchingly around. Dear me, how glad I was when the dance was over, and, making some excuse, I hurried away, only to run up against my hostess and to be introduced to my second partner.

"Ah, me, what a handsome man, and, girl-like, I fell head over ears in love. I put out my most bewitching ways and hoped I looked my best and took care that I helped him find a cozy corner for the sit-out.

"It was delightful, and I was just lamenting that it was about time for the next dance when, horrors, clutching hold of my hand and frantically waving his other hand, he started roaring out texts, when suddenly, to my relief and astonishment, who should come up, followed by two men, but my first partner, whom I found to be a doctor, while my handsome partner was a religious maniac!"

AUSTRALIAN RAIN.

When It Does Fall It Pours Down In a Perfect Flood.

How different things are in the old world from what they are in the far-away tropics!

"They had no rain here for a fortnight, and they called it a 'drought!'" wrote an Australian from Scotland in a scornfully superior tone calculated to induce the belief that it never rains in Australia and that droughts last a hundred years. Not so. Australia is the land of contrasts. A drought has lasted for seven years. But what is there even in Scotland to compare with the persistency of Australian rain when it does see fit to fall?

For eleven weeks without stopping did the rain continue to moisten the dry places of Sydney some years ago, washing out most cruelly the brief, bright season of winter, when the Australian looks for living instead of existence and peace instead of pressure. And what rain! It shot from the clouds like arrows, and the whole world was a battlefield during that July. As the arrows darted into the earth the earth rose and dashed into the air, and rain and mud met and grappled with each other day after day, night after night, week after week. And the battle was neither to the rain nor to the mud. A strange and horrid situation arrived. Sydney ran clean out of galoches.

For two weeks not a galoche was to be had in the rain drenched city for love or money. Then a fresh shipload arrived from somewhere or other. And then—the rain stopped!—London Mail.

One Trouble After Another.

"I have just found out about the woman opposite me after two years of mystery and anxiety," said the flat dweller. "She is a pretty, fat, roly poly woman with a white complexion who sits at her window half of her time doing nothing. She has a boy of about ten. Her life seemed so simple and still I didn't see how she lived. Evidently she didn't support a husband, but who supported her? The thing worried me, but last night I found how it was. Her husband is a violin player who plays all night long at some concert hall and sleeps the livelong day. I'd rather work for my living than keep the house quiet for a husband who has to sleep all day, then gets up just at the time you want to go out for a little rollicking and plays the violin somewhere."—New York Press.

Gathering Roses.

I've gathered roses and the like in many glad and golden Junes, but now, as down the world I hike, my weary hands are filled with prunes. I've gathered roses o'er and o'er, and some were white and some were red, but when I took them to the store the grocer wanted eggs instead. I gathered roses long ago, in other days, in other scenes, and people said, "You ought to go and dig the weeds out of your beans." A million roses bloomed and died; a million more will die today. That man is wise who lets them slide and gathers up the bales of hay.—Emporia Gazette.

Setting It Right.

"In your paper this morning, sir, you called me a 'bum actor.' I want an explanation."

"I shall be happy to explain, young man. That word 'actor' was inserted by the proofreader, who thought I had omitted it accidentally. I shall take care that it doesn't happen again."—Chicago Tribune.

Pumps.

"Women," declared she, "have bigger intellects than men."

"I won't dispute it," responded he. "A man can't wear footgear that has to be kept on by mental power alone."—Kansas City Journal.

Hairbreadth.

Stell—I suppose you have had many hairbreadth escapes? Knicker—Yes; a woman's coiffure was all that kept me from seeing a play once.—Harper's Bazar.

The amity that wisdom limits not only may easily untie.—Shakespeare.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

SEEING AND LISTENING.

Nearsighted Man Wears Glasses In Talking, but Not In Reading.

"Here's a sort of queer thing," said a nearsighted man. "I am very nearsighted. Strong glasses are indispensable to me for ordinary, general seeing in my goings about, but when I sit down to read I take off my glasses and bring the print up to within the natural focus of the eye. It seems to me that reading with the natural eye I read with a more intimate and a clearer understanding.

"So much for my reading without spectacles, and now here is the thing that is queer to me. If when I am reading thus, with my glasses off, somebody comes along to speak to me, why, then, to get a clear understanding of that question I must have on my spectacles.

"So I say, or I would say if this happened at home where I know the people, 'Wait a minute till I get on my spectacles,' and I would put them on and then say, 'Now go ahead,' and really, with my spectacles on, with my power of seeing at its best, with the sharpest definition of things in general to the eye, I get the clearest apprehension of things said to me.

"So in reading I do best with my glasses off, but in understanding things said to me, in listening, I do best with my glasses on. There is one modification to this—where there is no light, as in a dark room, where I can't see, I can understand equally well with or without glasses."—New York Sun.

QUEER TITLES.

Bestowed on His Favorites by an Emperor of Haiti.

Among the whimsical titles which appear on the pages of national history few are more apparently frivolous than the Duke of Marmalade, the Count of Lemonade and the Earl of Brandy. They are or were, however, real titles bestowed by a genuine monarch on three of his favorites, and that, too, during the last century.

In 1811 a revolution occurred in Haiti, and Christophe, a negro, declared himself emperor. Through conspiracy and plot, his life often attempted, he retained power till 1820, preserving to the last the pageantry of a royal court and creating a numerous nobility. Among them were the three already mentioned, and the oddity of the titles has suggested to many writers the frivolousness of the African character.

In fact, however, all three names were those of places, the first two being originally plantations, but latterly towns of some importance. This not being generally known, a misapprehension has arisen with regard to the titles themselves, which, however absurd, were scarcely more so than some which were bestowed in France and Germany during the middle ages.—Pearson's Weekly.

Liberty.

The spirit of liberty is indeed a bold and fearless spirit, but it is also a sharp sighted spirit. It is a cautious, sagacious, discriminating, farseeing intelligence. It is jealous of encroachment, jealous of power, jealous of man. It demands checks, it seeks for guards, it insists on securities, it intrenches itself behind strong defenses and fortifies itself with all possible care against the assaults of ambition and passion. It does not trust the amiable weaknesses of human nature, and therefore it will not permit power to overstep its prescribed limits, though benevolence, good intent and patriotic purpose come along with it. Neither does it satisfy itself with flashy and temporary resistance to illegal authority. Far otherwise. It seeks for duration and permanence. It looks before and after, and, building on the experience of ages which are past, it labors diligently for the benefit of ages to come.—Daniel Webster.

The Blue Sky.

The blue sky which reveals itself as the hemispherical vault of the firmament in the absence of clouds is the far depths of the air sending back to the observer some part of the solar illumination which they receive. The light thus returned to the eye is "blue" simply because the particles of the air are of such exceedingly diminutive size that they can effectively deal with only the smallest of the luminous vibrations—that is, with the "blue" undulations. There are a few faint interminglings of the other colored rays in the blue of the sky, but they are in such trifling quantity that the blue swallows them up.

His Plan Was Simple.

Frederick the Great once requested his generals to submit to him plans of campaign for a supposititious case. Hans Joachim von Ziethen, the famous cavalry general, produced a queer diagram in black ink. It represented a big blot in the center, intersected by two black lines, whose four terminals ended each in a smaller blot. The king was furious and upbraided his old comrade in arms bitterly for what he considered disrespect.

In explanation Von Ziethen said: "Why, your majesty, I am the large blot in the center. The enemy is any one of the four smaller blots. He can march upon me from the right or left, from the front or rear. If he does I simply advance upon any of the four lines and lick him where I find him."

Frederick was satisfied.

Statistics.

In all probability the first administrative act of the first regular government was to number its fighting men and to ascertain as nearly as was possible what amount of taxation could be levied on the rest of the community. As human society grew more highly organized there can be no doubt that a very considerable body of official statistics must have come into existence. We know that such was the case in Greece, Rome and Egypt, but it was not until within the last two or three centuries that systematic use of the information available began for purposes of investigation rather than mere administration.—New York American.

Businesslike England.

The English are not a revengeful people. They forget everything after a fight in their eagerness to trade with their late enemy. It is not so much the spirit of forgiveness of sins which prompts them as the spirit of pushing trade. That is the central impulse in their being.—Dublin Irish Homestead.

Where He Was Slow.

"Alexander the Great conquered the entire world."

"Yes," answered Mr. Dustin Stax. "He conquered it, but some of us moderns could have shown him a thing or two about making it pay dividends."—Washington Star.

Her Adored One.

Father—You can't have him! Daughter—Oh, papa, you once said you could deny me nothing! Father—Well, he comes as near being "nothing" as anything I know of.

The Cricket's Chirp.

The variation of speed in the chirping of crickets depends so closely on temperature that the height of the thermometer may be calculated by observing the number of chirps in a minute. At 60 degrees F. the rate is eighty chirps a minute, at 70 degrees F. 120 per minute, and the rate increases four chirps to the minute with a change of one degree. Below a temperature of 50 degrees F. the cricket is not likely to make any sound.

Vague.

Lady of Uncertain Age—Ah, major, we're none of us as young as we were. Major (absentmindedly, but vaguely aware that a gallant answer is indicated)—My dear lady, I'm sure you don't look it.—Punch.

A Mean Reply.

She—Do you remember that thirty years ago you proposed to me and that I refused you?

He—Oh, yes. That's one of the most treasured recollections of my youth.

Not ignorant of misfortune, I learn from my own woes to aid the wretched.—Virgil.

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Thief River Falls, Minn.

THE NEWS.

THIEF
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NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Oct. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Werner, of Germantown, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 632, Serial No. 0651, for S. W. ¼, Section 10, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Fred Duchamp, of Germantown, Minn.
Thom Bednarek, " " "
Joseph Duchamp, " " "
Ole P. Nelson, " " "

oct. 8-nov. 12

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 2, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Annie Pescinski, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3, 1904, made H. E. No. 611, Serial No. 0655, for S. W. ¼, Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

John Brzybyszeski, of Germantown, Minn.
Frank Brzybyszeski, " " "
Cecilia Pescinski, " Brunkeberg, "
John Vakoe, " " "

nov. 5 dec. 10.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1908 NUMBER 48

BADBOY OUT FOR REVENGE.

Indian Game Warden at White Earth Having All Kinds of Trouble.

His Enemys Set a Trap for Mrs. Badboy and She Had to Pay a Fine.

Star Badboy, Indian game warden at Mahnomen, is in trouble. He was "Star Goodboy" when it came to enforcing the game laws in his territory, and for this reason he incurred the enmity of his fellow tribesmen. With Indian-like tenacity of purpose, they conspired to get his scalp, figuratively speaking, and with the proverbial cunning of their tribe they succeeded.

Star Badboy has the distinction of being the only Indian game warden in the state. His appointment was made Aug. 1, and it was in the nature of an experiment. As soon as he had received his nickel-plated star the commission began to get results. Numerous were the convictions he secured of violators, owing to his natural ability to ferret out the cases.

But "Poor Lo" was to meet his Waterloo. All of the Indians in the neighborhood could not be appointed game wardens, and so Star Badboy was handicapped right from the start. His shining star engendered bad feeling and his $40 a month salary looked like so many shares of Standard Oil stock, so it was natural that trouble should result.

When Star Badboy began to earn his salary by haling a few of his tribesmen before a justice of the peace for various violations, he severed the last tie of tribal feeling.

One day when Star Badboy was out on his official duties, some 'red-skins' came to his house—he does not live in a tepee—and managed to induce Mrs. Star Badboy to surrender two nice teal ducks for 25 cents.

When Star Badboy arrived home late that night, his wife had the money hid under his plate at the table. It was to be a surprise to him. It was. When he learned that the money represented the selling price of two of the ducks he had shot the day before, he informed his wife that she had been duped. She listened attentively while he tried to explain the game laws to her. She had never gone to Carlisle and they sounded like Greek to her.

The plot thickens.

The purchasers of the ducks went to the justice and swore out a complaint for the arrest of Mrs. Star Badboy. Her husband consented to her arrest, and then paid her fine of $10 and costs.

But Star Badboy is to have revenge. In fact, he is already beginning to get revenge. Joe Wadena, a half-breed, has been fined $100 and costs for killing two moose out of season, and Fred Aguiash, a French half-breed, has been fined $10 and costs for trapping mink out of season.

Carlos Avery, executive agent of the game and fish commission, thinks it is a case of "He who laughs last, laughs best." He is already considering a recommendation to raise Star Badboy's salary.

Ed Emerson's Hunt.

Most residents of Thief Thief River Falls are well acquainted with Ed Emerson, who formerly resided here. Therefore the following letter written by Mr. Emerson to the Ada index will be of interest:

Kalispell, Mont., Nov. 12, '08.

Dear Editor: Our hunting in the Height of the Rockies was not a pleasant one the first two weeks on account of the rain and snow as it made climbing dangerous, the soft snow fully two feet deep and you can imagine what hardship we had. After the storm we moved our camp three miles down to the foothills and went after the elks and succeeded in getting our limit, one each, but then the fun commenced. We had to pack these animals six miles which took seven days on account of another dose of bad weather. We waded thru the ice water which comes from the glaciers twice, but found it very chilly. When we got those animals we built a raft we had only our hunting hatchets and a few nails. When we got across the river we had to cut a trail and made steps with our hatchets in the steep hill in order to get up. Then we pitched our home, so called tepee tent. After we reached the top we managed to get help; we got a forest-ranger with two horses to help us reach the railroad track. Now being one mile from town, we got a section crew with a push car to take us to the station Essex. The people at the station were wild with excitement when we came in. We boarded the train 5 o'clock in the morning for Kalispell. When we reached Kalispell our game was unloaded and taken in the baggage room; then the side show commenced. An abundance of people came to the baggage room to look at our game and had all kinds of questions to ask and we were glad to get away as we looked very tough. The next day my friends, Ben Lee and Rob McFadden, went out for a hunt and got two fine elks being gone only six days. I am proud of my two students they are the boys that stayed by me. But I have not met my enemy yet so called (Mr. Grizzly) and I hope we will meet some day. I am feeling fine and I am able to meet my enemy.

Yours Truly,
E. T. EMMERSON.

Dogs Can't Ride Free.

The anti pass law has struck the canines and after Dec. 1, the Soo lines will not carry dogs free. This will be a blow to hunters as well as the dogs themselves, which in the future will be regarded strictly as baggage.

The reason for the new order is economy. For many months in the year the baggage cars going and coming from the Twin Cities carry anywhere from half a dozen to a score of dogs. This, of course, interferes materially with the regular baggage business which is always heavy.

Under the new rule dogs will be treated as baggage. A canine attached to a collar and chain will be treated as 150 pounds excess baggage, while a dog crated will be regarded as 100 pounds excess baggage.

It is probable that many other Northwestern roads will follow the example of the Soo line and cut the dogs off the free list.

Subscribe for the News.

MEETING TO BE CALLED.

County Commissioners Will Be Called to Meet and Consider First Petition.

Supreme Court Says That If The Petition Is Lost the Commissioners Must Say So.

The supreme court has rendered a decision in the original county seat case. It is to the effect that a meeting of the county commissioners will have to be called to consider the first county seat petition and if it cannot be found the commissioners will have to so state. The following is the decision in the case:

Martin V. Evenson, *plaintiff-respondent*, vs. John B. O'Brien, as County Auditor of Red Lake county, *defendant-respondent*; A. P. Toupin, *intervener-appellant*.

1. After a petition for the removal of a county seat has been filed with the county auditor, the county commissioners alone have jurisdiction to determine whether the petition has been lost and the proceedings withdrawn and abandoned.

2. Such a petition having been filed, the county auditor is required by statute to issue a proper notice for a meeting of the county commissioners, and cannot be enjoined from so doing by reason of the fact that the petition had been taken from his office and could not be found.

3 The filing of a second petition for the same purpose does not confer jurisdiction upon the commissioners to consider it until it shall have been determined by that body that the petition had been lost and that the proceedings under the first one had been withdrawn and abandoned.

Reversed, Lewis J.

A Famous Newspaper Man.

William E. Curtis, the famous correspondent of THE CHICAGO RECORD-HERALD writes a two column letter for his paper every day in the year without intermission. His powers of sustained work are as great a marvel as his faculty of always making his matter interesting.

Probably no other newspaper correspondent in the country is read so regularly and eagerly by so many thousands of men and women as Mr. Curtis. Mr. Curtis has traveled several times around the world, visiting every country under the sun, and writing a larger number of brilliant and interesting letters of travel than were ever before produced by a single hand. Many of these have later been reprinted in book form. One of his latest expeditions for THE RECORD-HERALD was through Mexico, resulting in a series of letters as entertaining as those he wrote a few years ago from India, Turkey and the Holy Land. His forthcoming letters from Ireland, Russia and Germany will rival in importance and interest any of his previous contributions.

Beginning his career in Chicago as a reporter in 1872, Mr. Curtis rapidly rose to be managing editor. He resigned that position to accept a government appointment as secretary of the South American commission. So brilliantly did he perform the duties of this office that James G. Blaine, Secretary of State, placed him at the head of the Bureau of American Republics. At the world's fair in Chicago he distinguished himself as the executive head of the Latin-American department. He is a member of almost every learned society in Washington and of many in Europe. It is not strange that THE RECORD-HERALD prints Mr. Curtis' letter every day in the first column of the front page, and that nothing but a California earthquake can displace it from that station of honor.

Going to Make an Effort.

W. G. Hunt, the well known publisher of the Sunbeam, was in Thief River Falls to spend Sunday. Mr. Hunt is interested in having a bridge built across the Red Lake river at Sunbeam, and is going to circulate a large petition to the legislature asking that an appropriation of from $7,000 to $10,000 be made to construct this bridge. Mr. Hunt has secured permission from congress to build this bridge across the Red Lake river. It will have to be thirty-two feet high above low water mark, in order not to obstruct navigation upon the Red Lake river.

There is some opposition to having the bridge built just at the particular point selected by Mr. Hunt. Quite a number would like to see it built across the river at Highlanding, which is just one mile further up the river. Mr. Hunt, however, says that the large majority of residents up there are with him.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School 10:00 a. m. Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

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Alum-phosphate powders are made with harsh mineral acids and must be avoided.

ASKS FOR BIG DAMAGES

Charles Alexander Brings a Suit for $10,000 Against James Bulman, of This City.

Case to Be Tried at the Next Term of Court for Red Lake County.

Papers have been served in the damage suit of Charles Alexander vs. James Bulman in which the plaintiff asks $10,000 damages for defamation of character.

Both parties to the suit are residents of Thief River Falls and the case will be tried at the spring term of court. Alexander is a scaler for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, and Bulman is a logger who did work under contract for the same firm.

The complaint alleges that on Nov. 4 at Thief River Falls Bulman applied some unprintable epithets to Alexander repeatedly and also alleged that Alexander had beat him out of $3,000 on logging contracts.

The real cause leading up to the trouble is said to have resulted in the contest for sheriff at the late election. Bulman was a strong supported of Sheriff Nelson, while Alexander was for McGinty.

Minnesota Forestry.

The state of Minnesota has in its possession over 40,000 acres in its forest reserve. This year there are seventy young men taking the forestry course at the state university.

In order to make these young men thoroughly practical foresters they must have experience in forestry. The state reserves need the labor of these young men, and these young men need the experience that they would get in working on the reserves for the state. At the recent meeting of the Federation of Women's Clubs, Prof. Green, of the University, stated that he thought the state ought to appropriate at least $10,000 per year for student labor on its forest reserves, that this would furnish what seemed most necessary to make the forestry work of the University most helpful.

This is a moderate request, and it seems to us that something of this kind should receive the favorable attention of the Legislature. The forests of this state have contributed enormously to its welfare and to the welfare of the great, treeless section adjoining, and are capable of being perpetuated if they are looked after by practical, trained men.

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Citizens State Bank

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MURDER IN PRISON

Inmate of Stillwater Kills Fellow Convict.

BELIEVED TO BE INSANE

Deed Done With Rude Knife of His Own Make.

Frank Lameir, alias Frank Lafountain, serving seven years in the state penitentiary at Stillwater for robbery in the second degree in Itasca county, was murdered in the prison solitary and hospital by James Cunningham, a notorious colored man, who is under sentence of five years for grand larceny in Minneapolis.

A rude knife was used and the victim was stabbed through the heart and died instantly. The knife was made of either a piece of hoop from a bucket or spring from a bed and was ten inches long. It was sharp as a razor and shaped like a dirk. The negro had it encased in a cloth scabbard and a cord with which he attached it to his body inside his clothing. Cunningham is believed to be insane.

WILLIAMS LOSES POSITION

W. E. McEwen Appointed State Labor Commissioner.

Governor Johnson has announced the appointment of W. E. McEwen as state labor commissioner to take the place of W. H. Williams of Minneapolis, the present commissioner, and also promoted E. J. Lynch from deputy labor commissioner to state oil inspector to take the place made vacant by Mr. McEwen's promotion.

Mr. Williams has not been on the best of terms with the administration and it was generally expected that he was slated to "walk the plank." Mr. McEwen is closely identified with the labor interests of the state. He is the owner of a labor paper at Duluth and is secretary of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor. He has been oil inspector for two years. He succeeded John A. McDermott when the latter resigned.

E. J. Lynch is a brother of F. B. Lynch, who was Governor Johnson's campaign manager when the latter was a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination.

LITTLE CHANCE OF RECOVERY

Grove Lake (Minn.) Merchant Shot by Bandit.

M. C. Whitney, a Grove Lake (Stearns county) merchant, was held up in his store by a masked man, who shot at him seven times, two of the shots taking effect.

Whitney lies in a precarious condition at his home and has a slim chance of recovering. Mr. Whitney was about to close his store for the night when the man rode up on horseback, dismounted, tied his horse and entered the store. Without speaking he fired at Mr. Whitney.

It is believed that he intended to rob the store, but lost his nerve. Mr. Whitney is well known in Stearns county, where he made his home many years and where he has held several county offices.

VENDETTA BEGUN IN SERVIA

Ends in a Bloody Tragedy at Alborn, This State.

A vendetta which had its start in Servia ten years ago had a bloody climax at Alborn, a little town near Duluth, when Lazzo Evanich's head was split open with a lumberman's axe. Two blows were delivered and each penetrated the brain. Four men are suspected of being implicated, but they maintain absolute silence. Other Servians told the police the crime grew out of an old family feud. Evanich was struck while he was stooping to drink from a pail of water. He is still alive, but his case is hopeless.

JUMPS FROM TRAIN WINDOW

Man Arrested for Alleged Shortage Escapes.

Malcolm Stewart, wanted in Duluth on a charge of being short $1,700 in his accounts with the Universal Milling company, leaped headforemost through a lavatory window on the Omaha's Twilight limited and escaped.

He was being brought back to Duluth from Minneapolis, where he was arrested by Sheriff Bates of St. Louis county. Stewart jumped from the train as it ran onto the bridge over the bay and if he had delayed his leap a minute longer he would have fallen into the water.

Two Boy Skaters Drowned.

Two boys, Albert Gamache and Charles Dupont, lost their lives by drowning near Cass Lake. The boys went skating. The ice was not safe. Their parents became alarmed and went in search. They found their coats on the bank and their caps floating in the water. After an all night search the bodies were recovered.

Boy Accidentally Kills Self.

Dan Larson, a nineteen year-old boy, accidentally shot and killed himself in the woods south of Hibbing. In climbing over a windfall Larson pulled the gun after him. One barrel was discharged and he was instantly killed.

PREDICT SHORT SESSION

Members of Legislature Have No Reason for Delay.

A short session for the 1909 legislature is the prediction of many of the members.

In previous years the members have been paid by the day. They were allowed to be in session ninety days and if they adjourned sooner they would get paid for less time. The law was construed so that the ninety days provided in the constitution was made to mean working days. Then they drew pay for the Sundays and holidays in between, so they actually got paid for about 106 days.

But after this they will have a regular salary, $500 for each of the two years, whether they have one session of ten days or the regular session of ninety days, plus a special session of sixty days.

In former sessions it has been customary for the legislators to take it easy at the beginning of the session, meet Tuesday morning, adjourn on Thursday until Monday evening, then meet without a quorum and adjourn till Tuesday afternoon. Little was accomplished until the last thirty days of the session.

But this year the members will be minus their passes and they will not be as anxious to go home every week. A majority will spend their Sundays here and they think they might as well work. If they can get their work done before the usual time it will be no profit to them to stay until April 16. It would mean additional expense, without additional income.

DENIES ACCEPTING BRIBES

Secretary of Minneapolis School Board Testifies.

W. K. Hicks, secretary of the Minneapolis school board, charged with accepting a bribe of $50 for helping an agent to secure a contract for plumbing supplies for the public schools, took the stand in his own defense. He denied accepting $150, in $50 installments, in payment for favors, saying that the money was borrowed and that he had given time notes for it. The first two payments were money loaned for funds to finish building the Hicks residence. During the testimony the third payment was first made known. Detective W. S. Burns, who secured the evidence in the case, going under the name of Bray, says that the money was given for securing a position for George E. Burns, who was known as George E. Baxter, but who in reality was the detective's superior in the case.

Hicks asserts that it was given as a campaign contribution to pay for cards. Mrs. Hicks swore that the detective had told her that he was going to help her husband in his campaign, even to the extent of contributing cash for printed matter.

GETS BLACK HAND LETTER

Duluth Merchant Receives Threatening Missive.

The first crime by the Black Hand bandits was committed at Duluth when Dominic Bendo, a well-to-do Italian merchant, received a letter signed by the society demanding $500, in default of which the outlaws threatened to kidnap his little son. Bendo asked the aid of the police. A trap was set, the money being placed at the designated spot at night, the police watching from a nearby house. The outlaws evidently became alarmed, as they did not appear. Three men are suspected.

Sells Half Interest in Paper.

George Thompson, for the past twenty-four years proprietor of the St. Paul Dispatch, announces that he has sold a half interest in it to Charles H. Grasty, who last March sold his Baltimore News to Frank A. Munsey. Before going to Baltimore Mr. Grasty was managing editor and business manager of the Kansas City Times. Mr. Thompson and Mr. Grasty have been associated for many years as directors of the Associated Press.

Dies in Effort to Save Horses.

Fire at Worthington destroyed the barns of S. M. Stewart and Charles Gordon and some adjacent property. Albert Lestico, lessee of the Stewart barn, was burned to death in an attempt to save four blooded horses. A strong wind threatened the town with destruction. The power plant was making repairs and a long time was consumed in getting up steam.

St. Paul Girl Drowned.

In a frantic effort to save her elder sister, Patricia, from being drowned in a pond at St. Paul, Frances, the ten-year-old daughter of Patrick J. Enright, narrowly escaped death, she being in turn rescued by Patrolman Tennyson. Patricia, the twelve-year-old sister of the brave little girl, was suffocated beneath the waters of the pond.

Shot by Hold-Up Man.

Phillip Smith, an employe of the St. Paul Gas Light company until about three months ago, was shot in that city by a man whom he asserts attempted to hold him up. He was found by the police lying near the railroad tracks at the foot of Broadway and taken to the city hospital in the police ambulance. He may recover.

Crookston Judge a Suicide.

John McLean, judge of the municipal court of Crookston and one of the foremost men of that community, committed suicide by jumping in the sluiceway of the Red Lake river. He had had some financial losses.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Returns from nearly all the counties of the state leave no possible doubt as to the fate of all four constitutional amendments submitted to the voters at the election. They were all defeated by a substantial margin. A constitutional amendment to be adopted requires a majority of all the votes cast at the election at which it is submitted. But this year an unusually large number of people forgot to vote on the amendments and in some localities the negative vote was quite large.

That the state has been saved $240,000 in the last two years through deportation is the showing which will be made by D. A. Lindsey, state deportation agent. The state has deported 125 people in the two years ending July 31, 1908, at a cost of slightly over $5,000. All except one were insane and as the estimated cost of keeping an insane person is $1,000 a year the state has effected a large saving by sending the people to their native countries.

Arthur French of Plainview will succeed E. K. Slater as state dairy and food commissioner on Jan. 1. Mr. Slater last summer accepted an appointment as assistant director of the dairy department of the State Agricultural school, taking effect at the end of his present term. Mr. French is the man who twice made the race for congress against James A. Tawney in the First district.

Simpson, Dinehart, Schmahl, Eberhart, Mills, Elmquist—that is the way the Republican candidates for the minor state officers rank in the total vote in the state. George T. Simpson, candidate for attorney general, not only received the largest vote but also the largest plurality of any of the candidates, running just a little behind Taft, whose plurality was 86,551.

Papers have been served on Minneapolis city officials in the contest proceedings instituted by Charles H. Huhn, defeated candidate for mayor, and notice of the contest was filed in the district court. Mr. Huhn is contesting the election of Mayor Haynes and there are more than forty grounds on which the contest is started.

Asserting that lumber cruisers gave him information that was incorrect and that as a result Martin Bros. of Duluth succeeded in purchasing over $9,000 worth of timber belonging to Minnesota from him for the small sum of $900 State Auditor S. G. Iverson has brought suit in the Ramsey county district court to recover the balance.

The Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs may ask the next legislature to appropriate $100,000 instead of $12,500 to be used in advertising the state. George Welsh, immigration commissioner, says that he thinks the money would be well spent, as it would induce many more persons to settle in the state.

A number of new machines have been added to the Stillwater state prison repair shops to be used in the manufacture of harvesters and mowers. The stockade at the new prison is nearly completed and is 185 feet square and sixteen feet high. The construction of guardhouses has commenced.

Taft's plurality in Minnesota is 84,481 and Johnson's 28,224, according to complete returns. Eugene Chafin, the Prohibition candidate for president, received 10,229 votes in the state, Eugene V. Debs, Socialist, 14,094 and Hisgen, the Independence party candidate, 420.

In a big wolf hunt in Hebron township, Nicollet county, sixty or more hunters from Mankato and Nicollet participated, assisted by the farmers of the neighborhood. The result of the hunt was the killing of one gray timber wolf, one fox and one jackrabbit.

Ole J. Berg, defeated candidate for register of deeds of Douglas county, has filed papers in a contest against Oscar Erickson, who on the face of the returns was elected on the Democratic ticket by eighteen votes.

The application of J. L. Washburn and others to organize the Northern National bank of Duluth with a capital of $250,000 has been approved by the comptroller of the currency.

OBITUARY.

Edward J. Bobleter, oldest son of General Joseph Bobleter of New Ulm, is dead after an illness of two years with consumption. He was born at New Ulm thirty-four years ago and lived in St. Paul while his father was state treasurer. He was battalion adjutant of the Twelfth Minnesota and was later appointed military storekeeper under Governor Lind.

Mrs. Minnie Hoffman Dreger, one of the oldest settlers of Minnesota Lake, is dead at the age of eighty-nine years.

Noah Marshall is dead at his home near Albert Lea at an advanced age. He was a survivor of the Mexican war.

Mrs. Henry A. Castle, wife of former Postmaster Castle of St. Paul, is dead.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

F. B. Blakeley, assistant treasurer of the S. H. Peavey Grain company of Minneapolis, his wife and Leroy S. Ramsey, a cabman, were seriously injured when a car struck the cab in which Mr. and Mrs. Blakeley were riding.

Special Thanksgiving
SALE

From now until Thanksgiving we shall have some special bargains to offer. Some extraordinary values that you can not afford to miss.

We secured lately, a large assortment of large sized pure linen towels, linen napkins and some bed spreads at way below values and will while they last give our patrons the benefit.

Commencing Saturday morning November 21st we offer on sale as follows.

16 dozen large pure linen towels, values 40 to 50 cents for 25 cents.

10 dozen " " " napkins, values per dozen $1.75 for $1.20.

Bedspreads worth $1.25 for 98 cts.
" " $1.50 for $1.19
" " $1.75 for $1.37

20 PER CENT OFF

on the following merchandise: men's, boys' and children's suits and on ladies', misses' and children's coats. This offer good only for the month of November.

Trade where you have the largest stock to select from and where your dollar counts the most and that place is at our store. Be sure to get one or more of those beautiful linen towels at 25 cents before they are sold out.

LANGSETH MERCANTILE COMPANY.

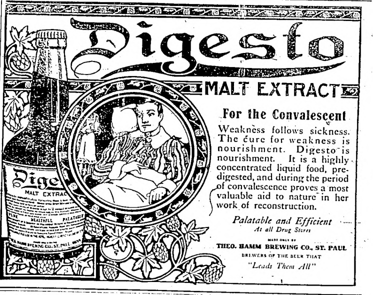

Digesto
MALT EXTRACT

For the Convalescent

Weakness follows sickness. The cure for weakness is nourishment. Digesto is nourishment. It is a highly concentrated liquid food, predigested, and during the period of convalescence proves a most valuable aid to nature in her work of reconstruction.

Palatable and Efficient
At all Drug Stores

MADE ONLY BY
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
BREWERS OF THE BEER THAT
"Leads Them All"

Attracting General Attention

is the perfect work that is done at our Dyeing and Cleaning establishment. Our cleaning of men's clothing is a long needed want, and we are filling it to perfection. When we clean and press a suit of clothing that only costs a small sum you have a new outfit for the season. It is bad for the [illegible] but good for the wearer.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Fiction

CALLED DOWN.

By DOUGLAS Z. DOTY.

By birth a gentleman, by force of circumstances a jack of all trades, by profession a raconteur.

Such was my record when I arrived in England, whither the fame of my stories had preceded me. Almost directly I received a letter from Lord Brower of Tentowers castle, in Surrey, requesting me to come down to his place, as he was entertaining a large house party.

The castle, founded as a monastery, was a most romantic pile, representing in its various towers and wings a succession of architectural periods. Its maze of winding corridors and hidden stairways suggested mystery and invited exploration.

My initial appearance before Lord Brower's guests was to be at dinner, and I spent the last moments before leaving my apartment in reading over the list of topics I had jotted down for use during the evening. A raconteur is expected to fill in every lull, every dull moment. Suddenly there fell upon the quiet of my room these significant words:

"We must run it up to £5,000 tonight! Do you hear? We must!"

I stared around the room. It seemed as if the sound had come through some dull tapestry in a small alcove. Perhaps the tapestry covered a secret door. But there was no time to investigate. A resplendent footman was waiting to conduct me to Lord Brower's presence.

An interesting lot they were gathered around the dinner table of Tentowers castle that night—that is, they were interesting to me as types for study. As conversationalists they were failures, for the only subjects on which they talked fluently were cards and horseflesh.

I selected my stories accordingly. The guests were apparently familiar with the customs of Monte Carlo, but I told them tales of our own wild west, of games of faro and poker that fairly made them gasp, and after dinner I must teach them our national game of chance.

Sitting opposite me at table was a broad shouldered, dark man, whose eyes, black and set rather close together, never left my face. His lips were thin and bloodless, and his long, rather aquiline nose had a cruel curve about the nostrils. But what most attracted my attention was his odd trick of drumming almost constantly with his right hand, now on the table, now on the arm of his chair and now on his square chin. The instant he spoke I recognized the voice back of the tapestry in my room. His name was Captain Marchand.

His wife sat at my right, a handsome woman, with a profusion of soft brown hair and beautiful blue eyes, which, I learned in a short time, were playing havoc with the mental peace of a young fellow named Chadwick, who was plainly jealous of every smile the lady wasted on me. He was a handsome, boyish looking fellow, one of those chaps who imagine themselves violently in love with every pretty face they meet.

Mrs. Marchand seemed to have caught her husband's peculiar trick of beating that devilish tattoo with her fingers. It fairly got my nerves on edge, but no one else at the table appeared to notice it. I caught myself recalling stories of telegraph operators who continued their work automatically after office hours, but surely these two guests of an English aristocrat know nothing of a trade. In the course of my eventful and uncertain life I had been an operator for a short period.

After the ladies had withdrawn I told my choicest stag stories, to which the men drank freely, and by the time we rose to enter the drawing room it can be truthfully said that Captain Marchand and myself were the only men of the party who were thoroughly sober.

During the next hour I was kept busy explaining the intricacies of poker, after which I watched the guests yield to the fascination of the game. Soon little piles of sovereigns and notes appeared and disappeared at the various tables. Excitement grew apace, and the very faces of the players were transformed. The greed of gain was upon them. It was my first glimpse of the English aristocrat at his private gaming table.

Finally interest centered at the table where Marchand and young Chadwick held forth alone. At the beginning Chadwick had won and with a triumphant gesture he would haul in his little pile of gold. The liquor had brought a sparkle to his eye and daring to his tongue, for he kept Mrs. Marchand close at his side, declaring her to be his mascot and casting such languishing glances into her perfect blue eyes that I wondered at Captain Marchand's calmness. When Chadwick won she clapped her hands in girlish glee, and once or twice I caught a cynical smile on Marchand's lips. Clearly her presence was going to Chadwick's head. He played recklessly.

"I'll make it £1,000!" exclaimed the captain.

A hush fell on the room. Then rose handsome Mrs. Marchand's clear, sweet voice:

"How exciting! Oh, Mr. Chadwick, do go him one better! Do make it [illegible]"

The other guests rose and gathered round the table. Lord Brower stood on the hearth rug, glancing toward the group with troubled eyes. I heard him say under his breath:

"The lad can't afford to lose that amount."

I joined the spectators just as Chadwick called for another card. Then I felt a thrill pass over me. The blood rushed to my face, and instinctively I clinched my fist.

Mrs. Marchand was gently tapping the back of Chadwick's chair, but it was no longer the tattoo of an absent-minded individual. Each tap meant something. She was telegraphing Chadwick's hand to her husband!

My first impulse was to denounce them then and there, but what was the word of a hired entertainer against that of distinguished guests, people of social standing, as any of Lord Brower's friends must be? Then came the inspiration. With something of the captain's cynical smile, I, too, commenced to drum on the back of a chair, and this was what reached the startled couple:

"You—are—caught!"

The captain turned rigid as he grasped the arms of his chair, and for a single instant his eyes, expressing rage, hate and fear, met mine. I smiled grimly, enjoying the situation. The coup had a different effect on Mrs. Marchand. She fainted away, at which the captain's composure returned. He sprang to her rescue, and the table was overturned.

When Mrs. Marchand recovered the guests clamored for the finish of the game, but Marchand shook his head, perhaps because I drummed a rhythmic warning, "Don't play!"

I sat in my room an hour later, cogitating whether I should inform Lord Brower that he was entertaining a pair of clever tricksters, when a servant brought me a message from Marchand asking an interview in his room. I found him waiting for me with an ugly scowl on his face, but his wife, pale and with her hair in artistic disarray, was charming in her new role of beauty in distress.

Marchand came directly to the point.

"Well, what do you intend to do?"

"Nothing," I replied nonchalantly. "It is your play. If you and your charming wife are suddenly summoned to London tomorrow the matter ends. Otherwise I think Lord Brower"—

I shrugged my shoulders significantly.

"And, by the way, it might be just as well if you refunded to Chadwick the money you've won since he's been playing with you."

"And then?"

Madam's hands were working nervously.

"And then I shall have one more good after dinner story—to tell when I return to America; that is all. Lord Brower shall never know."

"You are very generous," replied the lady, with tears in her eyes. "You can have no idea to what straits we, my husband and I, have been driven." She was playing her part well. "We were raised to love the good things of life. Both thought the other had money, and both have made the best of a bad bargain. We have lived upon the losses of our aristocratic friends until we met you, and now"—

With a well simulated sob she bowed her head among the pillows. Captain Marchand rose and opened the door. His politeness was elaborate.

"You will pardon Mrs. Marchand's lack of self control. As you say, I think a trip to London is what she needs, what we both need. Good night, my dear sir."

I stepped backward toward the door which he held open, my glance, which I know must have held some amusement at the clever acting of his wife, still fixed on the weeping lady. Then suddenly I felt myself going down, down. I clutched at space, and from above me came a mocking laugh, then a shock, a blinding light in my eyes and—blackness!

When I woke dim rays of light penetrated into a slimy cellar where I lay, practically a prisoner, for one leg was broken and I was bruised from head to foot. Rats ran along the ledges in the masonry, and bats hung from the rafters above.

It must have been hours before help came to me, but I lost all reckoning of time. When at last I was carried to my room and medical aid was summoned I learned from Lord Brower that my being alive was nothing short of a miracle. I had fallen three flights into a stone dungeon, one of the numerous pitfalls which abounded in this ancient pile. The captain had skillfully guided me to the secret door, which was one of his characteristic discoveries.

Lord Brower heard with amazement my tale of their treachery and trickery, but the scandal never became public. British pride stepped in at this point, the deeply annoyed master of Tentowers making ample reparation for my loss of time and suffering. And the only reason for telling of the story is that during my recent trip to London I recognized in one of the reigning stage beauties Mrs. Captain Marchand, who once telegraphed a poker hand to her fellow trickster at Tentowers castle.

Doctored Blood Oranges.

In St. Petersburg a young girl eating a blood orange raised a cry and began to spit blood. She had swallowed the broken point of the needle of an injection syringe. It was removed and was found still to contain a certain quantity of red aniline dye. When the remainder of the packet of oranges was examined it was discovered that they had all been injected with a solution of saccharin and red aniline coloring. This process has long been known to give ordinary oranges the appearance of blood oranges.—Paris Edition New York Herald.

Humor

HE WAS ACQUITTED.

And by His Own Eloquence, Not by His Lawyer's.

"Strangest case I ever had," said the attorney, who was in a talkative mood, "was up in the northern part of the state last summer.

"I was back in the woods some miles from what you would call civilization on a combined fishing and hunting trip.

"While I was there an old man, who had been acting as my guide and very valuable in spite of his bibulous habits, was arrested for stealing a keg of whisky.

"The case looked pretty black for him, and the old man knew it.

"As the old man was almost indispensable to me, I volunteered to defend him.

"When the case came to trial I used all my wiles to get him clear. But I soon saw that it was uphill work and that the jury had a deep seated conviction that the old man was guilty. The old man realized it, too, and squirmed uneasily about upon his chair.

"The case was about to go to the jury when the old man arose and insisted on addressing them before they retired. The court granted permission, and the old man turned to the jury and said:

"'I jes' want ter ask ye one question. Ye all know me, and what I want to ask ye is this: Do ye think that if I stole that thar whisky that I would be sober now?'

"This was putting the case in a new light, and it seemed to have great effect with the jury, for they declared him not guilty before leaving the box.

"When it was over and the old man was receiving the congratulations of his friends one of them said:

"'Sam, how on earth did you manage it?'

"'Waal,' answered the old man as he solemnly winked one eye, 'when I toted that thar whisky home the old woman saw at once that the first thing that I would go and do would be to go and git full of incriminating evidence, so she took the keg and locked it up in the cellar till the clouds would roll by. But it's mighty lucky that the trial kim off jes' ez she did, fer I couldn't hev held out fer another day ter save my life.'"—Detroit Free Press.

The Main Point.

The Englishman and the American were talking about honesty among men.

"Speaking about honest men," said the American proudly, "our George Washington was the most honest man the world has ever known. Why, he took a hack at the cherry tree and then told his father about it."

The Englishman pondered in silence for a long time. Finally he drawled:

"It may be deuced clever in George telling his father about taking the hack, but tell me this."

"Well, what is it?"

"Did he pay the driver?"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

He Said It.

"Horace," remarked Mrs. Figtree, "we are going to have company at dinner, and I do wish you would brighten up and look less like an honorary pallbearer. Say something humorous."

The company came, and, with a few preliminary coughs and winks, which were intended to announce to his wife that the witticism was about to be perpetrated, Mr. Figtree said timidly, "Mary."

"Yes, dear. What is it?" asked Mrs. Figtree graciously.

"Have you got all of your hair on this evening?"—Judge.

Too Late.

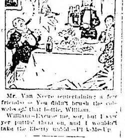

Mr. Van Neere (entertaining a few friends) — You didn't brush the cobwebs off that bottle, William.

William—Excuse me, sor, but I saw yer puttin' them on, and I wouldn't take the liberty.—Pick-Me-Up.

Another Sufferer.

"Ah," said the shabby beggar as he shivered from the pelting sleet, "you don't mind weather like this."

"Who doesn't?" hastened the man in the fur-lined overcoat. "Why, it is the hardest weather on automobiles I ever saw in my life."—Chicago News.

A Human Problem.

Nell—I wonder why so many of the English fighting suffragettes are ugly and dress so awfully.

Belle—My dear, if they were pretty and could dress stylishly they wouldn't have to be suffragettes.—Baltimore American.

Aviating.

The Spectator—But what if the parachute should fail to work?

The Aeronaut—Oh, that wouldn't worry me. I'd come down just the same.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE GROUCH.

Jest go round a-lookin' mean,
  Mouth with corners all drawed down,
  Eyebrows puckered in a frown,
'Bout the worst you ever seen,
  Glummest feller in the town.

Never knowed to take a joke.
  No one never seen him smile.
  Suthin' seems to make him bile
When a pleasant word is spoke.
  He's jest that way all the while.

Rugged, too, when I get sick.
  Don't have no good appetite.
  Innards ain't a-feelin' right.
Back is achin' with a crick.
  I get mad enough to bite.

He's well fixed as any one;
  Got some money to invest,
  Notes that's payin' interest.
He could have no end of fun,
  Have his choosin', work or rest.

What's the reason? Don't ask me.
  Guess that's suthin' he don't know.
  I'm right sorry for him, though.
Only way for him to be
  If the good Lord made him so.
—Chicago News.

The Betting Evil.

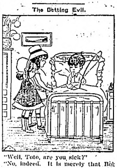

"Well, Toto, are you sick?"

"No, indeed. It is merely that Bob and I had a wager as to who could eat the most plums. I won!"—Le Rire.

An Awful Pronouncement.

Etta, a kindly if somewhat affo erratic old colored woman, is much devoted to her little four-year-old charge and watches over her with the jealous care of the proverbial hen mother.

One day little Katherine, escaping from her vigilant duenna, joined some small neighbors and fled to a vacant lot about two squares from her home, where she enjoyed an hour of freedom and fun.

Poor old Etta, after much excitement and fruitless searching, finally discovered the young miscreant and brought her home, the while lecturing her solemnly upon her evil ways.

"What I done tole you, honey, 'bout runnin' away from home an' ole Etta? Don' you know dere's bad men round in de city jes' a-watchin' out fo' little girls like you an' a-waitin' to tek an' carry dem off? An' what'll yo' po' father an' mother do if you gets catnipped?"—Woman's Home Companion.

Mirandy Knew.

Mrs. Gaybird burst into the village postoffice all out of breath.

"Anything for me?" she asked in anxious tone.

The postmaster shook his head. "Narthin'," he replied.

"Goodness gracious!" exclaimed Mrs. Gaybird. "I was expecting a letter from my husband as to when he was coming home."

"Waal, I'll ask Mirandy," said the old man. And he called to his wife in the kitchen: "Say, Mrs. Gaybird's called to know if there's any mail—sez she's lookin' for a letter or somethin' from her husband as ter when he's comin' back. Is there anything fer her?"

"Yes, there is," called back the postmistress. "He sez he'll be to home this comin' Friday!"—New York Times.

Encouraging the Boy.

"Son," remarked Erastus Pinkley, "I done heard you talkin' 'bout bein' a gre't hunter."

"Dat's what I said," answered Pickaninny Jim. "I's gwinter hunt lions."

"An' you mentioned bein' er Artic explerer."

"Yassir."

"Well, jes' by way of practice, befo' yeu tackles any lions lemme see if you kin git de cow out'n pasture widout bein' hooked, an' den as de winter comes along you kin train foh de north pole by wadin' out in de snow to de wood pile twice a day. An' don' lemme hyah no mo' 'bout not incouragin' yoh youthful ambitions."—Washington Star.

The Horrid Comedian.

"The fortune teller said she could tell by the lines in my hand that I would not be married for some time," sighed the leading lady.

"Yes," chuckled the low comedian, "and I can tell that you never will be married."

"How so?"

"By the lines in your face."—New York Herald.

Canceling the Obligation.

"You have saved my life!" said the old man when the tramp had saved him from drowning. "As a reward you may have my daughter there."

The life saver glanced at the daughter, then bent again over the old man.

"What are you doing?" asked the perplexed father.

"[illegible] to drop you in again."—Judge.

His Use For It.

"Yes," said Tommy, "pa gave me a watch to carry when I started in at school this fall."

"My," exclaimed Aunt Jane, "that's [illegible]."

"[illegible] as soon as I git in [illegible] the mornin's I kin look at it an' see how many minutes I'm late."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Dr. A. J. Klimek

The optometerist who fits spectacles and eye-glasses correctly will be in his office every day until Christmas at the Klimek Jewelry and Optical Company's store.

Eyestrain causes headache, it exhausts nerve energy, which in turn effects the stomach and brings on dispepsia. A waste of nerve energy means a steady decline of the normal functions, this causes sickness and distress. By removing the cause with proper fitting glasses, nerve power is restored and health and happiness are soon enjoyed.

Glasses sold on monthly payments:
Consultation free.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.
ED O'HARA,
Phone 185. The Drayman.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

THE STORY OF MINNESOTA.

The Minnesota state board of immigration is sending out some attractive advertising of the advantages of the state in agricultural and industrial way. Here are some of the pointers on Minnesota given:

A state which offers 20,000,000 acres of good agricultural land at prices ranging from $5 to $25 per acre. Not half the land in Minnesota has been touched by the plow.

A state with 3,000,000 acres of school land, certain tracts of which are sold at auction each year in tracts of 40 to 320 acres. Land appraised at $5 to $7 per acre and sold at 15 per cent of the purchase price in cash and the balance in 40 years with interest at 4 per cent.

A state with six navigable rivers, hundreds of minor streams, and thousands of beautiful lakes.

A state with 85 counties and 8,000 miles of railroad.

A state destinated to stand first among all the states in live stock production.

A state never failing to make record breaking displays of butter and producing 1,000,000 pounds annually of finest creamery butter in the world.

A state whose annual fair is the largest and best in the country.

A state ranking fourth among the 46 states in agricultural production.

A state first in the production of the finest hard spring wheat in the world; first in the point of growth and manufacture of flax-seed, linseed oil and oil cake. Finest in iron ore and flour production and finest in charm of natural scenery and summer resorts.

A state with a university, state agricultural college and experiment stations which rank among the best in the country.

A state in the heart of civilization and with an abundance of opportunities of all kinds.

A state for health and wealth. Both are yours in Minnesota.

PULP WOOD.

Government experts, who have to be busy at one thing or other in order to keep on the pay roll, have been preparing interesting statistics on the pulp wood supply, and are making suggestions for the relief of the demineishing pulp wood forests, by devising means of utilizing saw mill waste, says the Times of Idaho Falls, Idaho. Four and a half million cords of slabs are annually destroyed in the refuse burners of large saw-mills. The slab residue from the lumber cut of the country amounts to about 14 million cords, of which about six million is sold for fuel, three and one half million burned by the mills for fuel and four and one-half million sent to the refuse burners. This gives one an idea of the vast quantity of forest product that is pure waste. Along with this, comes the thousands of tons of sawdust which is wasted each year.

American inventors, who are accomplishing such wonderful things these days, should get down to business and devise some way in which to convert the sawdust piles of the country into paper rolls.

BLOOD

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor. There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high we are being refreshed—bone, muscle and brain, in body and mind—with continual flow of rich blood. This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved: our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It sets the whole body going again—man, woman and child.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Waiting for the Railroad.

Station Agent Danielson, of Oslo, who is considerable of a sportsman and who makes annual trips to the front for big game, was in the city last week. He was just returning from the southeastern part of Roseau county and the northwestern part of Beltrami county. He states that he was greatly surprised to find about seventy settlers in this country where but a year ago there was not an inhabitant. They are all settled along the proposed Hunt Air Line railroad and an inquiry among them brought forth the answer that the talk of building this line was what induced them to settle upon this land. Mr. Hunt is certainly doing more to settle up that section than any other person, and we hope that his line of railway will soon be built.

Worth Real Money.

A great many land buyers have come out here this fall with the notion that land was to be had very cheap and have left rather disappointed. This has been particularly true of those from out west. If they had come early last spring they could have had what they sought, but during the summer land prices greatly advanced and they will advance more before another year. Land can yet be bought for ten or twelve dollars an acre but what most of them want is what sells at $18 and $20. Good land, as good as can be found anywhere—and fairly close to town the prospective land buyer will have to pay from $15 to $20 and even more.—Waubon Forum.

Balm for the "Also Rans."

Come to think of it a man isn't defeated anyway; he only fails to get elected. The people don't vote a man out they simply vote the other man in, and they don't do a thing to the man who is so fortuuate as to get left, that's a majority of them don't. Really, there's a lots of fun in running for office provided one does not win out, for then he does not have to keep a lot of promises and assume a lot of obligations. He doesn't have to 'perform'—yes, that's the word—he doesn't have to 'perform' while the fellow that is elected becomes a performer—has to—and lots of times the performance isn't worth the price.—Ex.

Asks For Reward.

Anton Nelson, of the local police department, this week applied to Judge Watts in District Court at Red Lake Falls, for a reward of $200 for the capture of Robert Kolseth, charged with horse stealing, and who last week plead guilty to the charge. At the expiration of twenty days the court will set a day of hearing and if at the hearing it is shown that Nelson is entitled to the reward, for the payment of which the state makes provision, the court will direct that an order in payment of the claim be issued. —Crookston Times.

Silverton.

Mr. C. Hurt returned from Red Lake Falls Saturday.

Mr. C. Stacek returned from North Dakota last week.

Mr. Stance Benka left for Stevens Point, Wisconsin, this week.

A large crowd from Clover Leaf were out riding the other day with a team of oxen.

Miss Valerya Benka made final proof on her claim last Saturday.

Mrs. Santosky and Mrs. Benka came out to visit Miss Valerya Benka last week.

I. I. Staska was in town last Saturday.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Nov. 21, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Adams, Alfred L.
Berg, S. A.
Baken, Jack
Chapman, H. P.
Emerson, Ed
Gilbertson, Mrs. Gilbert
Gunderson, P. A.
Hagen, Miss Anna
Kjelgren, Miss L.
Krause, C. H.
McArthur, R.
Federson, Elsie
Power, Duck
Swenson, Mrs. C. M.
The Warright

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

BOYS STEAL FROM NICK

N. W. Tarrant's Store on the East Side Entered Early Sunday Morning.

About $20 Worth of Goods Stolen by Willie Ewart and Earnest Kuros.

Willie Ewart and Earnest Kuros, two boys about thirteen years of age, broke into N. W. Tarrant's confectionery store on the East Side last Sunday morning at about three o'clock and stole cigars, tobacco, candy, etc., to the value of about $20. The boys were arrested Sunday afternoon and admitted their guilt. Willie was the boy who broke into the store, while Earnest helped to carry away the plunder.

As Willie just returned from the reform school last July, it was not necessary to have a trial to convict him. The reform school authorities were notified and an officer arrived here Tuesday and took the boy back to the school. The case against the Kuros boy was not pushed as it was the opinion of the county attorney that he was led into the stealing by Willie.

Creamery Statement for October.

Amount of cream received, 36981 lbs.
Amount of milk, 1114 lbs.
Average test of cream, 28.20.
Average test of milk, 4.1.
Amount of butterfat, 10428 lbs.
Price paid, 30 cents.

RECEIPTS.

Balance from September	$ 75.00
Butter shipped	2,833 32
Sales in city	594.95
Coal and tubs sold	109.35
Other	36.50
Total	$3,709.18

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$3,136 85
Paid, express for coal & tubs	169 35
Paid into expense fund	317.98
Balance	85 00
Total	$3,709 18

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 4237 lbs.
Average test, 28.09.
Amount of butterfat, 1223.20.

STONE STATION.

Amount of cream, 1260 lbs.
Average test, 31.13
Amount of butterfat, 392.30.

KRATKA STATION.

Amount of cream, 406 lbs.
Average test, 28.5.
Amount of butterfat, 114.9.

Those Drawing Forty Dollars and Over.

Fred Copp	$71.16
Albert Wichmann	66 33
P. Engelstad	65.01
A. Moengen	63.64
C. J. Knox	59.91
Ed Yanko	54.00
S. O. Leo	50.88
Soren Sorenson	46.68
A. O. Langseth	43 65

Amount of butter fat corresponding month last year, 7293.

Increase 43 per cent.

P. Engelstad
Secretary.

Death of Mrs. Peter Lindbloom.

The many friends of Mrs. Peter Lindbloom, will regret to learn of her death, after a short illness, on Thursday morning at her home in Bray township. Mrs. Lindbloom was born Mathilda Christine Bjerk in Sweden sixty-five years ago. She was married in that country to Peter Lindbloom and they emigrated to this country in 1867 and they came to Bray township in 1885 where they have resided ever since. Besides her husband four children are left to mourn her loss. The children are: Henry and Clara who reside at home and Mrs. Annie Ecklund and Arthur Lindbloom now of Seattle. —St. Hilaire Spectator.

Farmers Plowing This Week.

Plowing on Thanksgiving day week is something unusual in this section, yet there are farmers in this section who have been at work plowing this week. The weather thus far this fall has certainly been all that people here could wish for.

Reiner.

We are again having fine weather.

Sigrud made a trip to town last week.

M. T. Torgerson finished threshing last Wednesday but did not get his rig home.

Julius Halvorson has been busy putting new roofing on his store.

Martin and John Anderson took their stock home last week.

Andrew Kjos and Hermanson Bros. visited Martin Anderson last Friday evening.

Mikkel and Julius Hermanson have put up their telephone poles.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

SCHOOL NOTES.

As compared with 1907, the reports for 1908 show that there were 42 more children enrolled in October this year than last. The high school had ten more in October, 1907 than during the same month one year ago. November reports will show increasing gains. It is also learned that fewer families are leaving the city this fall than during the latter part of 1907.

The total enrollment for this year to November 1st in the High School building was 299; in the Central, 333; in the Knox, 312. These have increased considerably this month.

A fire drill at the High School building last Monday emptied all the rooms in a little over one minute, the students marching out in an orderly manner.

The enrollment for the grades averages exactly 41 pupils per teacher and room. This is considered an ideal number for successful work.

A few country boys and girls wish to find places in the city where they can work for their board while in attendance at school. Anyone needing the services of such persons will kindly communicate with the superintendent.

The first five grades enroll on an average 124 each, and, for some reason, this average drops in the sixth to 56, in the seventh to 48 and in the eighth to 62. These figures are from October's report and may be accounted for in part by the fact that there are so many boys, and even girls, kept out of school permanently by their parents as soon as they can earn wages or assist with housework. This is not alone a financial loss to the district, as every child in attendance draws state aid annually, but it is a greater educational loss to the pupil individually. It might not be amiss in this connection to note that not a few of these boys can be found roaming the streets any day this time of the year. For their own protection a rigid enforcement of the truancy law would prove beneficial.

Inquiry among the students reveals the fact that 46 children between the ages of 6 and 14 are not in school this fall, and it is a conservative estimate that, at least, 75 children of school age are not and will not be in school this year.

It is estimated that the enrollment for this year will exceed that of last by about 50 pupils. This will bring the totals to about 1140.

Highlanding.

Misses Emma, Dena and Saura Wold and Miss Emma Dunn were visitors at McMahons Monday.

Mrs. Jack Dunn was a business caller at Brunkeberg Monday.

The farmers around here are taking advantage of the high prices paid for grain at Thief River Falls and are making regular trips now.

Alfred Hammerstein is building a new chimney on his house this week.

Miss Katherine Dunn visited at Henry Arndts Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. O'Rourke, of Langdon, N. D., are visiting at the home of Mrs. O'Rourke this week.

Mrs. Sam McMahon visited with Mrs. John Vrolson Thursday afternoon.

Alfred and Martin Swanson were very pleasantly surprised at their bachelor quarters on Friday evening by a party of friends. All enjoyed a fine time and didn't go home till the wee hours of morning.

Ye Editor of the Subbeam made a flying trip to Thief River Falls Saturday.

Misses May and Stella Arndt visited with their sister, Mrs. Morgan Vaughn of Goodridge Sunday.

Judge Hagen Dead.

Ole E. Hagen, for a number of years judge of probate court in Polk county, but recently a resident of Roseau county, died at a hospital in Crookston last Saturday. Judge Hagen was quite well known to many of the residents of this section. At the late election held in Roseau county, Mr. Hagen was elected county auditor.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50, $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

MRS. BROWN'S NOSE BROKEN

She Is Hit by a Club in Mrs. Ewart's Hand and Broken Nose the Result

Much Bad Blood Up in Hemmingson's Addition and a Fight the Result.

Mrs. Millie Brown, a resident of Hemmingson's addition, was found guilty last Saturday by a jury of twelve men in Judge Bishop's court of being an inmate of a house of ill fame and was fined $10 and costs or thirty days in the city jail.

The trial of the case attracted a great deal of attention and a large number of neighbors testified as to either the good or bad character of the defendant and her sister. There is much bad blood out in that neighborhood and Mrs. Ewart, who was one of the principal witnesses for the state, took the law in her own hands for a while and made an assault upon Mrs. Brown when the court was taking a short recess after all the testimony had been heard. *All during* the trial, Mrs. Ewart held in her hand a parcel carefully done up in a piece of paper and this later proved to be a good sized stick of mill wood and with it she struck Mrs. Brown a good hard blow upon the nose. The result was that Mrs. Brown sustained a very badly broken nose.

Mrs. Ewart is to be arrested for this assault, so the attorney for Mrs. Brown states, but owing to the fact that she has been confined to her home thus far this week, no warrant has been issued.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Sundays and Tuesday night. Instructors always on the floor. Saturday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $105.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Waking a Deaf Person.

"To waken a deaf person who wishes to be called at a certain hour is about the hardest proposition a hotel clerk runs up against," said a member of that genial fraternity. "To ring the telephone is useless because the man couldn't hear if you rang until doomsday. Knocking, for the same reason, is equally futile. Now and then a guest who has lost his hearing suggests that he leave his door open all night so we can walk right in and shake him, but even though he does appear to be a dead game sport there are so many chances of somebody else less guileless than ourselves walking in ahead of us that we cannot consent to that. So far the only satisfactory way found for waking a deaf lodger is to tie a string to his wrist, pass the string through the keyhole and then tug away at it at the appointed time. That method, however, is rather primitive. It seems to me that the man who can patent a harmless artistic device for waking the deaf is sure of fame and fortune, not to mention the gratitude of hotel clerks." —New York Sun.

The Mullahs of India.

A mullah, or, as it is more properly written, mollah, is a title given in India and throughout the east generally to a religious leader of any description. Thus the sultan of Turkey is a mollah, because he is the supreme head of the moslem world. And there are hundreds of others. To most of the more conspicuous among them we prefix the adjective "mad." This, however, must not be taken to mean that they are insane, the word being used rather in its oriental significance of "inspired." The person of the mollah is sacred. Not even the mighty Habibullah himself would care to lay a sacrilegious finger on one of these saintly personages. If he were to venture such an unheard of thing, vengeance would surely overtake him. For it is the cardinal principle of the Ulima—as the mollahs are collectively termed—that an injury purposely caused to one of their number can only be atoned for by the death of the individual inflicting it.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

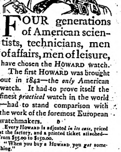

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.30
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phono 17.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Crookston.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Wanted—to buy a team of horses. Ed O'Hara.

John McKenney was up from Crookston last week.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson.

P. W. Roark was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Hats at half price at Miss Lakins. Come early and get your pick.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dobner were up to Germantown to spend Sunday.

For Sale—One set heavy work harnesses. Inquire of Frank Chittick.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Ladies and children's cloaks at discount prices at the Golden Rule Store.

A. W. Hanson, of Erie, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

August Hoppe was over to Grand Forks the first of the week visiting with friends.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Olaf Ramstad was down to Norman county the first of the week attending to business matters.

Halvor Loken was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

George Gust was down from Middle River the first of the week attending to business matters.

Andrew Stenseth was up north on the Greenbush line last Saturday attending to business matters.

Mrs. Nickerson, who had been in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. K. M. Hanson, left Sunday evening for her home in Wisconsin.

Frank Bergling, of Brunkeberg, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

Found—A ladies comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Wallace Grace, who formerly had a claim up near Highlanding, was here the first of the week from Crystal, N. D., visiting with old friends.

Val Yager was down to Ada and other places in Norman county last week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat Sullivan, of Highlanding, were in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Miss Sarah Vaughan, who had been here from Germantown visiting with friends, returned home Sunday.

Mrs. W. N. Schreiter, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week visiting Mrs. Kretzschmar.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Jas. J. Hill offers excellent advice when he says: "Get hold of a piece of land now when it is cheap and stick to it."

Miss Effie Christienson, who had been at Fertile, visiting with friends and relatives, returned to this city last Saturday.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. E. J. M. Evenson.

The Gentilly cheese factory so far this year has purchased 1,000,000 pounds of milk and manufactured that many pounds of cheese.

Wolves are reported to be very plentiful in northern Minnesota woods this winter and it is said that many deer are being killed by the beasts.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

A. D. Stephens and other capitalists have purchased the plant of the Northern Pressed Brick Co. at Crookston and plan on extending the industry materially.

Peter Hunstad, of Kuhnel, and Chris Gimmestad, of Brunkeberg, were in the city last Saturday attending to business matters and made this office a pleasant call.

Winter underwear for men, women and children in fleece lined, wool, 2 piece or combinations, at any price you want to pay, at the Golden Rule Department Store.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran church will have an auction sale and serve dinner at the hall at Kratka on Thanksgiving day. Everybody will be welcome.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill, who was operated upon at the hospital at Warren last Friday, is now getting along nicely, a fact which her many friends here will be pleased to learn.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing. Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Baking cease to be an experiment where Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and extracts are used. Our chemist lets no product leave the factory which is not up to our standard of perfection.

Don't send away for your groceries. Bring your order to the Golden Rule. Let us figure with you. We can save you the freight any way and guarantee that we sell you "Pure food products."

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching	10:00 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School	11:45 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting	6:45 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from Borry's gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Call and see our holiday stock of jewelry, silverware and cut glass which we have just received. Prices are lower and stock larger than ever before. Also remember that we can repair your watch and do it right. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

J. Krobcek, J. Slabofer, J. Forst, A. Forst J. Hofman and M. Bozdeck, all of the town of Star, were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week to take out their second citizenship papers. F. J. Cernousek and John Zavoral went down as their witnesses.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

The season for netting white fish in the inland lakes opened Tuesday, and ends December 10th. No net shall exceed 100 feet in length and three feet in width and the meshes of the net shall not be less than 3½ inches in size. The sale of white fish and tulibee so caught is prohibited.

Judge John McLean, a resident of Crookston since 1877 and well known by many old settlers in this vicinity, committed suicide by drowning last Wednesday night. A fear that he was going insane was the cause. He was a veteran of the civil war, a member of several fraternal orders and well liked by a large circle of friends.

So many people have been led to believe by some stores in this city that there is but one grade of plush lined coats, now, this is not true. We can show you at least 10 grades of them, and they are not $25 00 coats for $14 75 because our profits are not so large. Come and look at them at the Golden Rule Department Store.

A new scheme for burglarizing has been hit upon. A well dressed man, sometimes having "good testimonials" rents a room in either a private home or boarding house where well to do people are staying. He waits till an opportunity arrives and then plunders the entire house. The plan has been very successfully worked in several towns the past month.

County Attorney Germo was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. P. W. Roark was at Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Landsman came over from Grand Forks to spend a few days visiting with friends here.

Andrew Young and Albert Hanson, two enterprising residents out near Kratka were in the city Tuesday and made this office a pleasant call.

Andrew Sodeberg, for twenty-eight years a resident of the town of Rocksbury, left Tuesday for California and if he likes the country out there may decide to remove there next spring.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen will give a grand ball in the Evenson Hall this evening. The Red Lake Falls orchestra will furnish the music and the dance promises to be largely attended.

John Newberry arrived in the city last Saturday from Wilton, Beltrami county, and is visiting his son Charles Newberry. Mr. Newberry, Sr., recently sold his farm near Wilton and is on his way to the Pacific coast where he will locate.

A. M. Arpin returned to this city last week from a trip through the south. The firm of Arpin Bros. have recently taken a contract to build a ditch 40 miles long in Texas and while absent Mr. Arpin figured on jobs in Tennessee and Alabama.

The announcement was made in Crookston Saturday that the big saw-mill of the Crookston Lumber Co. again would begin operations in the spring of 1909, and the business interests of the city are consequently rejoicing. The mill has not been in operation the last year on account of lack of business and the difficulty of securing the raw material.

A clever author says that there are three kinds of men in the world—"The wills, the won'ts and the can'ts." The first effect everything, the next oppose everything "I will" builds our railroads and steamboats; "won't" don't believe in experiments and nonsense while "I can't" grows weeds for wheat and commonly ends his day in a court of bankruptcy.

Allen W. Clark, of Rollis, was in the city Monday attending to business matters. Mr. Clark is enthusiastic for drainage and says that the meeting to be held at Grygla Saturday of this week will be largely attended. He also says that a drainage meeting will be held in Thief River Falls in the near future and it is the intention to invite Congressman Steenerson to this meeting.

Scott Lamont, who left Sunday evening for Cooperstown, N. D., where he will be married today to Miss Elizabeth Grace Marquardt, was given quite a reception by some of his old time friends before he left. He was driven through the streets of the city by an ox team, and his baggage and overcoat was labeled that if he did not arrive at Cooperstown on proper time and for the right purpose it is not the fault of his friends in this city.

The creamery statement for October, this year published in another column, shows that P. Engelstad does not draw the largest check for cream sold to this institution. This is the first month in the history of this institution that Mr. Engelstad has not drawn the largest check, and we are glad of it, not that we have any ill will towards Mr. Engelstad, but we are glad to note that other farmers in this vicinity are getting to the front. Pete can take care of himself without any of our assistance.

W. A. Schreiber, the well known traveling man who makes this city his headquarters, returned to this city last Friday from a hunting trip up in Roseau county. Mr. Schreiber claims to have killed a moose on his trip, but as he brought no evidence of this fact to Thief River Falls he is having a hard time to make his friends believe the truth of this. The moose, he says, is suspended from a tree up in Roseau county and after the ground is frozen it will be brought to some railroad station.

Parents should have only one child in the family call at the postoffice on their way to or from school, for the mail, says an exchange. There is no reason for more than one member of a family calling for mail at intervals of two, five or ten minutes. In some towns school children become such a nuisance by reason of their flocking to the postoffice in such large numbers, that the government has gone so far as to refuse them admittance at such times as their presence interferes materially with the proper transaction of business of the postoffice.

Potatoes are one of the most profitable crops that can be raised in this country, but in order to get the best results it is necessary that the seed should be carefully selected. Our farmers can not understand why a carload of scrub live stock will not bring the price on the market, but it doesn't strike the average farmer that scrub potatoes are subject to the same reductions as the scrub cattle. A carload of potatoes should consist of the same variety throughout in order to bring the highest market price, and there are many varieties that are prolific in this country and are good sellers. If the farmers will only take care in selecting the seed.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush Tuesday.

Mrs. D. B. Bakke left this morning for Newfolden to spend the day.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. George Elder.

Attorney G. Halvorson went over to Warren yesterday morning to attend to legal matters.

Frank Zavoral Sr., of Erie, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, came up from Crookston yesterday, to spend a few days at the Kretzschmar home.

Fred Ottis, a Beltrami county homesteader who has been here for the past few months securing medical aid, died Monday.

Miss Elsie Robbecke left the first of the week for Fergus Falls to spend a few days visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Lawrence.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper and hold a sale of fancy articles in the Masonic building on Wedneeday evening, Dec. 2.

Alfonse Miller, a former resident of this city, arrived here yesterday from Valley City, N. D., to spend a few days visiting with old friends.

The lecture which was to have been delivered by Frank M. Eddy in the Evenson hall Tuesday evening has been postponed to some later date.

Lost—On Monday, Nov. 23, Ladies dark brown hand bag containing some small change and ladies glasses in case. Kindly leave at Golden Rule Store for reward.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday and took back with him John Watson, of Brunkeberg, who will be examined for his sanity before Judge Tarrant.

Gov. Johnson, Secretary of State Schmal and State Auditor Iverson spent Sunday at Strandquist and inspected one of the ditches being built by Arpin Bros. up there.

Watch for the line of Victor Phonographs and records we have coming and if your phonograph is out of order no matter what make we can repair it. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

A few inches of snow fell yesterday. In North Dakota the storm was quite a bad one and reports received at the dispatchers office were to the effect that at some points out on the Wheatline a foot of snow had fallen.

Roeland Thompson of Thief River Falls came in this morning from a successful hunt after big game north of Mizpah and returned to the "Falls" on this afternoon's train. Mr. Thompson secured the full limit of big game—a moose and two large bucks.—Bemidji Pioneer.

School closed last evening and in order that the pupils can have time to get over the ill effects of their dinner today, will not open again until Monday morning. Among the teachers who go out of the city to spend Thanksgiving are the following: Miss McCabe to Crookston; Miss Espeath to Erskine; Miss Hoff to St. Hilaire; Miss Laughlin to Minneapolis, and Misses Gowdaard, Blexrad, Grindeland and Knoff to Winnipeg.

At Salvation Army Hall.

Special meetings will be conducted Nov. the 28th and 29th by Major John Milsaps, of Minneapolis, who is traveling in the interest of the Young Peoples Work.

Subjects: Saturday the 28th at 8 P. M. "Last Thing's."

Sunday the 29th at 11 A. M. "Is Holiness Attainable."

Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock Children's Meetings.

Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. "How to become a true Christain." All are invited to attend these meetings.

SILENT CRANES.

A Nature Story by One of the Men Taurus Climbers.

The mountaineer glanced complacently at his hard calves.

"We climbers," he said, "up there on the white heights see lots of things worth seeing. I tell you we could if we wanted to outdo the nature fakir without deviating from the truth. For instance, take the Mount Taurus cranes. Do you know the cranes of Mount Taurus?

"Well, these birds are great chatterers. They chatter, chatter, chatter, as they fly. Hanged if they're not worse than women! Up on the heights the eagles lie in wait for them, hidden behind crags or ice blocks. They don't have to show themselves at all. Their ears, not their eyes, tell them of the cranes' approach, and, swooping down on these bundles of feathers and noise, they take home a mess of crane for dinner.

"With their chatter and babble and gossip the cranes of Mount Taurus give themselves away in that still air to the eagles, and in all eagle households crane is the staple dish.

"But the old cranes fly without a sound—never a word out of them as they sail and wheel in the blue air. That seems against nature, and it is against nature. The old cranes to restrain their innate love of talk fly with large stones in their bills.

"Shoot one of these crafty and silent birds and you will find their beak tightly closed upon a large stone."—Exchange.

Germantown.

The most pleasant summer weather prevailed all of last week and the frost is again all out of the ground.

The flax crop was hauled to market in a hurry this fall, the farmers all seemed eager to secure the ruling high price for their crop and rushed it out at double quick speed in spite the Equity Society's promise of $1.50.

Wolves are said to have been quite numerous around here lately and in wonder at our gun heroes. No fatalities have been reported.

Forest Holton's threshing rig has been laid up on account of defective engine, thought to be crippled for life.

George Jenson passed thru sometime ago with an air ship, or the nearest equipment of one; bound for his claim up near Grygla.

Emil Otto left Sunday of last week for Radium to remain for a month or more.

Mrs. Arne Larson was up from Thief River for a day last week, holding down her claim.

H. G. Dobner Sundayed at Germantown.

Thursday is Thanksgiving day and having no Turkeys of our own we are in all the better position to feel for the doomed creatures wherever they may be.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was a city visitor last week.

Mr. Iverson, the Brunkeberg cattle shipper, was buying stock hereabout last week.

Frank Cook was up a few days last week and while here sold his team of colts to Dommer brothers.

S. Dangerfield of Kratka was a Germantown caller some time ago transacting business.

Olaf Vesterdal returned Sunday from a weeks hunting trip up into Beltrami county. He leaves this week for Canada in quest of land.

Now while the politicians are busy advancing numberless theories as to why Bryan was not elected it occurred to us as a final conclusion that he was not elected because he didn't get votes enough.

Arne Blakkestad of the town of Moylan has built a barn and otherwise put things in shape on his wife's claim north of here and is preparing to move on to that place for the winter.

Nels Moe has secured a farm out north of Grygla and will move over there next spring to make his home for the future.

The present week opened with colder weather which will be taken with satisfaction by all the threshers out east who are waiting for the frosts to carry them up over the sloughs.

His Own People.

The negro blood wherever it is, declares Ray Stannard Baker in American Magazine, supplies an element of light heartedness which will not be wholly crushed. In illustration he tells this story of a very light mulatto of Tennessee:

A number of years ago it came to him suddenly one day that he was white enough to pass anywhere for white, and he acted instantly on the inspiration. He went to Memphis and bought a first class ticket on a Mississippi river boat to Cincinnati. No one suspected that he was colored. He sat at the table with white people and even occupied a stateroom with a white man. At first, he said, he could hardly restrain his exultation, but after a time, although he associated with the white men, he began to be lonesome.

"It grew colder and colder," he said. In the evening he sat on the upper deck, and as he looked over the railing he could see down below the negro passengers and deck hands talking and laughing. After a time when it grew darker they began to sing the inimitable negro songs.

"That finished me," he said. "I got up and went downstairs and took my place among them. I've been a negro ever since."

The Elder Robert Fulton.

Robert Fulton was born at Little Britain, Lancaster county, Pa., Nov. 14, 1765. His biographers have called him "a self made man" and have made but brief reference to his parentage. It is noteworthy that his father, the senior Robert Fulton, in a failure to leave financial patrimony to his children has not been accorded the mention of other achievements, not slight in those primitive days. His ancestors crossed from Scotland to Ireland prior to the time of Cromwell. From Kilkenny, Ireland, the Fulton family came to America before the year 1735. The senior Robert Fulton was among the prominent men of Lancaster, his name having been on record upon all the town organizations which existed at that period. He was a founder of the Presbyterian church, the secretary of the Union Fire company and a charter member of the Juliana library of Lancaster, the third library established in the American colonies.

The milk cows will do much better during the winter months if, in addition to their hay and grain, they can be given a daily ration of beets, which have a high sugar content and seem to increase an animal's capacity for digesting and assimilating other foods.

Expressed appreciation for work well done often furnishes as strong an incentive to effort as the money which is paid in the shape of wages at the end of the week or month, and it is a kind of incentive that is not utilized as much as it ought to be.

We know of one woman who is so particular about keeping her own premises clean that she empties her slops over on her neighbor's lot.

Under the wholesome inspiration and guidance of Secretary F. D. Coburn, Kansas stands at the head of the list of states in the production of alfalfa, which constitutes the badge of her wealth and prosperity.

A series of experiments serving to demonstrate the cost of filling silos conducted by the Illinois experiment station on ten different farms showed that it ran from 40 to 76 cents per ton, the average for all being about 56 cents per ton.

If one wishes to keep the choicest of the winter apples as long as possible under home conditions, this may be best done by wrapping carefully and storing in a cool place. If rot starts in any of the fruit, the wrapper will prevent its spreading to others.

Feeding tests show that 300 pounds of bright oat straw is equal in feeding value to 100 pounds of good timothy hay. In view of this the straw should be carefully handled and may well constitute at least a half if not more of the rough feed for horses and cattle during the winter months.

A lady friend who has good success with poultry has bought a ton of the best clover hay for her flock of light Brahma hens. She chops this up fine, soaks it in hot water and feeds it quite largely as a substitute for a grain ration. Her hens eat it up clean and seem to relish it greatly.

The most independent of all classes in a period of business depression or hard times are the tillers of the soil. In fact, a man's destitution and dependence at such times are usually in direct proportion to the gap that there is between him and the soil. It is worth while remembering that no overseer can throw the farmer out of work, for folks have to eat whether the times be good or ill.

We heard the other day of a chap who last spring moved to town so he could be handy to a booze shop. He rented his farm to a no account renter of much the same type as himself, who by the calendar plowed his corn for the first time June 20, when the weeds were fourteen and one-half inches high. It doesn't take a great amount of discernment to prophesy what the harvest will be either in case of the booze or the corn.

History records the fact that Roman farmers grew clover to enrich the soil, but supposed the benefits resulting were due to the fact that the long roots of the plant brought the fertility of the soil up from a lower stratum. Not until 1886 was the nitrogen depositing power of clover roots discovered, and this in the face of the fact that much time had been devoted in attempts to wrest this secret from nature's laboratory.

The cost of producing a 1,500 pound horse at three years old will one year with another run not far from $100. If such a horse will sell at from $150 to $200, as many have done during the past three years, the question of profit in the business of raising them would seem to be clearly demonstrated. With the increasing number of first class sires which are being used the day of the scrub horse is past. This means that better prices can be counted on from this on for blocky grade horses, which are sound and well broken.

A noted physician who is a member of the board of health of one of the larger cities urges the householders of his municipality to keep the windows and door screens on until the really cold weather of winter has set in and the flies are all dead. He points out the fact that during the fall months, when the accumulation of a season's filth and refuse breeds typhoid and other disease germs, they are extremely likely to be carried into the houses by flies, which naturally seek refuge in the warmest places they can find. The suggestion made would seem to be one which would apply equally to town and country homes.

There was recently offered for sale in a central western horse market a bunch of fifty horses, and when the sale was concluded it was stated that the price of every horse in the bunch had been cut from $25 to $50 each because of blemishes inflicted through barbed wire cuts. This is perhaps an extreme case, but it points to a condition which is all too prevalent and which costs the horse raisers of the country hundreds of thousands of dollars annually. A barbed wire fence may be a fairly safe and effective retainer for cattle, because of their more quiet and docile temperament, but it is the most expensive fencing that can be used in the case of the average high lived horse.

At the international tuberculosis congress, which was held a few weeks ago at Washington, the important point was discussed relative to the possibility of the transmission of bovine tuberculosis to individuals of the human species. While Dr. Koch of Germany was present and doggedly held to the view expressed by him some years ago that tuberculosis in cattle was not transmissible, the other delegates attending the congress voted against him almost unanimously. This will tend to confirm the view which is at present quite liberally held that for the sake of public health the dairymen of the country should have their herds carefully tested and dispose of those cows which show evidence of infection with the disease.

A CYCLONE OF FLAME

Fires In Bamboo Forests Are the Fiercest Known.

SWEEP ON A MILE A MINUTE.

Like the Roar, the Roll and the Rattle of a Great Battle Is the Noise of the Exploding Stalks That Sometimes Shoot High Into the Air.

When the forests are afire, when the smoke makes dusk at noon and reddens the harvest moon a thousand miles away, there is the measure of a conflagration. When the prairies burn, as they used to before farms had crept in upon the endless miles of grass, there was a fire which ran like mad and left behind it a blackened trail of death. If one could combine the speed of the prairie fire with the tumult of the blazing forest, that would be a fire indeed.

Such a combination is effected when the bamboo groves catch fire. The bamboo is but a grass, a grass with the height of a tree, swaying stems reaching 100, even 150, feet in air.

In Cambodia, where the bamboo groves along the rivers cover the space of forests, it is no unusual thing for fires to break out and sweep all before them for many miles. If the summer has been dry the bamboo turns sear and inflammable as any grass.

All that is needed is a spark; then ruin runs red. It is not necessary to rely upon the carelessness of the woodsman to start the blaze. The bamboo can kindle itself.

Let two swaying stalks of dry bamboo be set in motion by the breeze, let one rub across the other long enough, and the friction will set the spark, and the long dry leaves will feed the flame. It is known that many fires of the bamboo forests thus originate. Perhaps it was from observing such a sight that primitive man learned the Promethean secret. That theory has been advanced.

As soon as a flame in the bamboos has crept to the level of the tossing tips it spreads like wildfire. The wind carries a sheet of flame along the grove at tremendous speed. Some observers say that such fires have been seen to move forward at the rate of more than a mile a minute. Seen from below, it looks as if the sky had burst into an instant flash of flame.

From such a burst of fire there could be no escape. Fortunately it passes high overhead at the tops of the bamboos. It serves as a warning to the traveler who may be making his way along some one of the water courses by which the forest is intersected. The bamboo itself is almost an obstacle to travel of any sort. It is well nigh impossible to force a way through it except by the slow and toilsome labor of hewing out a path.

The fire in the great trunks moves more slowly, and if warning be taken it may be possible to sink one's boat and throw up wet herbage and clay against the bank of the stream to provide shelter until the furnace blast has blown by. Such a fire in the bamboo has not only the speed of the prairie fire on its sweep overhead, but it has the same volume of fuel as is found in any forest fire. It combines the two types.

Bamboo forest fires have another quality which is all their own. They bang and rattle with thunderous crashes, as of artillery fire, without cessation.

The stalks of these tree bamboos are frequently more than a foot in diameter. Near the ground the joints are close together; in the younger growth the nodes may be several feet apart. But, long or short as they may be, each joint of the sun dried bamboo is a tightly sealed chamber filled with air. The partitions between the cavities are singularly tough; the outside rind of the stalks is almost pure flint.

When the blast of the flame sweeps onward the air in the stalks upon which it is driven is suddenly heated to a very high temperature. The residuum of moisture which may be in the stems is immediately transformed into steam and at once subjected to superheating, thus becoming a violent explosive. As the hot breath of the flame becomes hotter these joints burst with loud cannon discharges.

Sometimes the force of the explosion near the roots is so great as to shoot the stalk like a javelin high into the air, where it flashes into torchlike flame and is carried by the wind to spread wider disaster. The bursting of the smaller joints is like the roll and rattle of rifles and machine guns. The effect is that of a battle hotly contested.—Washington Post.

An Aquatic Outfielder.

One day a ship was lying at anchor at Boca Grande when the crew observed a dolphin chasing a flying fish, both coming directly toward the ship. On nearing the vessel the flier arose in the air and passed over the bow just abaft the foremast. As it did so the dolphin went under the ship and, coming up on the other side, sprang from the water and caught the flying fish on "the fly" just as it was curving gracefully down in its descent to the water.—Punta Gorda Herald.

Missing Opportunities.

"I have no patience with a man who makes the same mistake twice," said [illegible], rather severely, in speaking of [illegible] unfortunate friend.

"Neither have I," agreed his wife, "when there are so many other mistakes to make."—Youth's Companion.

[illegible] revenge keepeth his [illegible] green.—Bacon.

THE STORAGE WAREHOUSE.

It Sheds Some Side Lights Upon Life and Morals.

For a few dazzling side lights upon life and morals apply to the storage warehouse. You can find almost anything there from baby alligators to blocks of ice cream and from Teddy bears to sauerkraut. So you won't be amazed at what the institution has most recently divulged. Here you have the story:

Mrs. Q. repaired to the storage warehouse to extract her soup spoons, though it may have been aunts or uncles or popcorn or guinea pigs. At any rate, her property declined to come out. It had been tucked in by Mr. Q. Only Mr. Q. might tempt it forth. Mrs. Q. protested. She wanted her catnip or theology or safety razor, or whatever it was, and made representations with great emphasis. She moved upon the management. She stormed and wept. After long wrangling the warehouse decided it would yield up the college ice—or was it the piano?—if Mrs. Q. would swear she was still married to Mr. Q. and would send him a written statement (he was in Quebec, and I lost track of him owing to bewilderment produced by merely thinking of a storage warehouse) and make him return the statement, countersigned, to the management. This, then, is how Mrs. G. regained possession of her golf links or prayer book or sugar tongs. Well, say it was sugar tongs, though golf links would be likelier.

Pressed for an explanation, the warehouse remarked: "Have to be careful, you know—divorces, separations, affinities, you know. Minute such things start up there's a race to the storage place. Game is for each to snatch out everything first. Becomes embarrassing!"—Boston Transcript.

MIXED THE SIGNS.

Sarasate and the Sandwich Men In Edinburgh.

To advertise Sarasate's performances in Edinburgh eight sandwich men were sent out, each of whom bore in front and behind him one letter of the great musician's name. They started all right, but after a time removed the boards from their shoulders to have a rest.

On resuming their labors each man shouldered the board nearest him and fell in behind the man who had formerly marched before him.

When the leader, who bore the initial "S," turned around to see if his men were ready, what he saw was "Sataresa." He knew enough to realize that something was wrong, but how to right it was more than he could tell.

After changing a man here and there he got it "Starasea." But still it didn't seem correct.

By this time the poor fellow was in a terrible state. If any of their employers' people were on the outlook and could see them, their day's wage would be stopped! He tried again and yet again, but it was no use.

And a moment later a man bearing the letter "S" before and behind was seen running toward the music hall to copy down the name from one of the posters there. And along the right side of Princeton street there walked toward the appointed rendezvous at the Mound three men who bore the strange device "A A E," while opposite them there paced along the left side gutter four others, who, if to advertise means to attract attention, succeeded well, for every one who passed looked around in wondering amazement as to what "Rats" meant.—Edinburgh Dispatch.

Too Much For the Ferret.

An old buck rabbit is not to be lightly tackled by weasel, stoat or even ferret. On the sanded floor of a small public house a ferret of long experience was matched with an old lop eared buck, the property of the landlord. The ferret made straight for the rabbit's throat, but the latter was in the air before master ferret could reach him and, leaping clean over the ferret's head, let out with those powerful hind legs of his a kick which hurled the ferret bodily against the wainscot. Twice the ferret returned to the attack, and twice he missed his grip and went hurtling through the air. The third repulse was enough for him. He knew he was beaten and could not be persuaded to stand up for a fourth round.—Pearson's Weekly.

Brilliant Fish Hues.

Like birds, many fishes assume their brightest hue when they wish to attract the opposite sex of their species. The colors of the male common pike become exceedingly intense, brilliant and iridescent in the breeding season. The eel also puts on an intense silvery hue at the breeding time which is very noticeable and at one time caused naturalists to distinguish it as a distinct species. The males of the tench, roach and perch also show a marked increase in brilliancy in the breeding season.

Mental Arithmetic.

"Two years ago I asked Aunt Jane to visit us for a fortnight, and she has not gone home yet."

"It's a blessing."

"What's a blessing?"

"That you didn't invite her for a month."—Harper's Weekly.

Uncovered.

Horace—I can't understand you girls. Now, you hate Mabel, and yet you just kissed her. Hetty—I know, but just see how the freckles show where I kissed the powder off.—London Tatler.

Domestic Politics.

"Whom did you support during the last campaign?"

"A wife, two children and a mother-in-law and kept up my life insurance at the same time."—Puck.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

Newberry & Bulman,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Joe Giller Saves You Money.

Closing out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' waists at 30 per cent off:

Ladies' $10 skirts for $7. $7 skirts for $4.90
Ladies' $25.00 plush lined coats for $14.75.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.
Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.
I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.
It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

A. JOE GILLER.

THE NEWS THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Tarje S. Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn., who, on April 14th, 1903, made H. E. No. 605, Serial, No. 0628, for S. W.¼, Section 29, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom J. Audahl, of Thorwick, Minn.
Daniel Rolnestad, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "
Nels Gunderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE Register.

nov. 12-dec 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. Danielson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 24th, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 250, Serial, No. 0291, for Lots 3, 4 and S.½ of N. W.¼, Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Amondson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Pete Amondson, " " " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " " " "
Frank Fisher, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov. 19 dec. 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on May 9th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6162, Serial, No. [illegible], for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 153 N. Range 42 W., of 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Edward Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Sordal, " " " " "
Nels Sordal, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE Register

nov. 12 dec. 17

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

[illegible]

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Probate of Will.

ESTATE OF Fred Ottis

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Ottis Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Andrew W. Lang, Gay Halvorson and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Andrew W. Lang being duly filed in this court, representing that Fred Ottis, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of November, 1908, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Andrew W. Lang. NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of December, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 24th day of November, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant Judge.

COURT SEAL

G. Halvorson Attorney for Petitioner.

nov. 26 dec. 10

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office, Crookston, Minnesota, November 21, 1908. Doc. 444

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Perley P. Palmer, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 1252, Serial No. 0716, made March 24, 1906, for E ½ N. W.¼, Section 22, Township 153 N., Range 40 W., by Herent A. Sannes, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Herent A. Sannes has wholly abandoned said land for a period of more than six months last past and has not cultivated the same as required by law; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 11, 1909, before WILHELM MICHELET, United States Commissioner, at his office at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 25, 1909, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed November 21, 1908, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

Record address of defendant, Wanke, Minnesota.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov. 26 dec. 17.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 21, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. Lee, of Anton, P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. W.¼, Section [illegible], Township [illegible] N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 19th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ P. Berg, of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
Barney E. Teegan, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Lendelmo, of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
[illegible]

[illegible]

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested is requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

HENNING BERGER IN TROUBLE

Swedish Author and Dramatist Accused of Criminal Carelessness in Causing Death of Hans M. Nordlind.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

Henning Berger, a Swedish author and dramatist, who lived several years in Chicago, is under arrest in Stockholm on charges of criminal carelessness in causing the death of Hans Magnus Nordlind, a promising young writer. Berger accidentally shot Nordlind with a pistol which he was brandishing. Berger, of course, "didn't know it was loaded," but the Swedish law is extremely severe in dealing with such offenses, the punishment being two years' imprisonment. The shooting, according to recent dispatches, appears to have taken place under just such circumstances that Mr. Berger in his American sketches has characterized as typical of American manners and "daily occurence in American cities." Mr. Berger was entertaining some friends at his apartments in the fashionable club building "Anglais," among them Mr. Nordlind. Mr. Berger was calling the attention of his friends to a revolver of a new pattern that he had purchased and amused himself by repeatedly pointing the weapon at his friends. Suddenly he turned round to where Nordlind was sitting, and pointing the weapon directly at his visitor, pulled the trigger. To the horror of all present an explosion followed, and Nordlind fell backward dead, shot through the eye. Mr. Berger has had a singular career. For some years he lived in Chicago and was there employed at various occupations until he returned to Sweden in 1900. His married life ended in the divorce court, an elopement being part of the divorce. Returning to Sweden he made quite a success as a writer of American sketches, and published several books on America and especially on social conditions in Chicago. Everything that is disreputable in American life is described in his books. Chicago in particular was painted as an inferno, as the center of anarchism, private and municipal dishonesty and fraud, and the people the lowest of all the American population.

Sweden's care of the healthy children of consumptive parents has done much to prevent the spread of consumption among children in all parts of the country. This work is carried out under the auspices of the Swedish Tuberculosis association, which in the year 1908 appointed special committees for the care of children in seven different provinces. In order that a "children's committee shall have the right to take a child into its charge the rules enacted by the S. T. A. state that the parents of the child shall have expressed this to be their wish, that a doctor shall have testified the presence of consumption of an infectious nature within the house or home, and that the conditions there are such as to greatly endanger the child, and, finally, that a medical man, at the request of the committee, has examined the child and, as far as can be seen from a careful examination, has found it to be free from tuberculosis. In all parts of the country such children are now being cared for, especially at the children's homes. Such a home at which children who have had consumptive parents are being exclusively cared for, is located near Gothenburg and is known as the "Birthday." It is supported by the S. T. A., but it is otherwise dependent upon gifts which charitable persons annually contribute upon their birthdays or the birthdays of persons near and dear to them.

Professor Oscar Montelius, the eminent historian and lecturer, is now on a lecturing tour throughout the northwest and wherever he has appeared he has spoken to large audiences. At all the larger cities where he has appeared he has been cordially received and in nearly every city a banquet has been given in his honor. "Sweden in the Time of Moses," is the subject of his lecture, and Professor Montelius aims to show that 3,400 years ago when Moses lived in Egypt, Sweden had already then made considerable progress in the arts and sciences. In his lecture, which is stereopticon, he shows pictures of pottery, weapons and furniture which were being manufactured in the northern country at that time, which compared favorably with that of southern nations, who were supposed to be far in the lead in the matters of art and in decorative work. That the Swedes of that time were masters of the art of embalming he shows by giving views of bodies that had been preserved in tree trunks for more than 3,000 years and which are now in as good a state of preservation as the Egyptian mummies taken out of the pyramids or other burial places in the land of the Pharaos. Professor Montelius handles the English language fluently and is an exceedingly able speaker.

Moose are very plentiful this season and word of them are so tame that they come up to the borders of the village and enter the farmer's pasture lands and graze alongside of ordinary cattle. Indeed, in some parts of the country they have become so numerous that they are growing to be a real nuisance.

The enrollment of the public schools of Stockholm last year reached 27,000. The teaching force numbered 174 men and 735 women. The average cost per child was $32.17. About 24 per cent of the children of school age did not attend during the year.

In the international skating contest, which was held in London last month, Salchow, the Stockholm skater, carried away the first prize. Johanson and Thoren, both Swedes, secured second and third prizes respectively.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

On Tuesday evening, Nov. 9, Captain Roald Amundsen delivered a lecture before the Geographical society of Christiania at which King Haakon and a number of prominent scientists were present. In the course of his lecture Mr. Amundsen stated that it was his intention to reach the north pole; that he intended to "freeze in" his vessel northwest of Point Barrow and hoped in the spring to drift near the pole. The planned expedition will leave San Francisco with the "Fram" early in the spring of 1910 and will be equipped for a period of not less than seven years. King Haakon heads the subscription list for Amundsen's polar expedition with a donation of $5,000.

The dock hands in Christiania have gone on strike and there has been one fight after another, in which several persons came near losing their lives and in which several were injured. A dispatch states that when an attempt was made last Friday to load a cargo on one of the outgoing steamers, the dock hands rushed on the ship's crew and attacked them most viciously. The captain of the vessel was severely injured and a number of persons received minor injuries. It is stated that the strikers broke the contract in which they agreed to give three months' notice before they would discontinue work.

Judging from recent statistics, the Norwegian people are more interested in newspapers and peridicals than ever before. About 8,000,000 more copies of periodicals passed through the postoffice in Norway in 1907 than during the year of 1906. This proves that there is an increasing taste for the newspapers and periodicals and whatever criticism against the press, it is evident that nearly everybody in Norway wants newspapers and lots of them.

Much interest is beginning to center around the international conference which will be held in Christiania Jan. 1, 1909, to consider the Spitzbergen problem. It is a well known fact that negotiations have been in progress between Norway and the other European countries for some time and much has been written and argued, both pro and con.

Mlle. Dorie Johansen made her debut at the National theater in Christiania in "Othello" a few evenings ago. Her success was marked and critics believe that in her Norway will have in the future one of its greatest interpreters of the dramatic art.

"Kristiandsands Tidende" celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary a few weeks ago, on which occasion the publishers of the paper gave an animated banquet and reception for its employes and the leading business men of the city.

Norwegian papers state that in accordance with a resolution of the storthing several battalions of Norwegian troops will be stationed in Nordland for the protection of that part of Norway.

Consul Kathinko Bang, of Christiania, has been chosen general manager of the United Saw Mills company with an annual salary of 30,000 crowns a year.

Mme. Dybwad is appearing in Helsingfors in "Ane Pedersdotter." She has met with great success and is drawing large audiences.

Peter Egge is at present at work on a novel entitled "The Link." It will be completed during the early part of next month.

"Vor Frues" hospital, the only one of its kind in Norway, celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary Oct. 24.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

During the course of the last few weeks a number of Russian anarchists and workmen out of employment have been frequenting the country districts and instituted a perfect reign of terror. A few days ago they set fire to a large farm house, killed the inspector with a knife and then shot the proprietor. A couple of days afterwards they put fire to another farm house and killed the proprietor. The same band attacked another farm house not far from Copenhagen and shot and killed the owner in front of his wife and children.

The successor to Minister Brun, who was transferred from Washington to the [illegible] is Count C. P. O. Moltke, who was formerly Danish minister to Italy. He has already arrived in Washington and has now assumed his new duties. He is a man of marked ability and a diplomat of wide and [illegible] experience.

The Danish Arctic explorer, Einar Mikkelsen, is making preparations for an expedition into New Guinea, a Holland [illegible] company having agreed to defray the expenses and to furnish the explorer with a complete equipment. Mr. Mikkelsen will start out some time in January.

—MARION S. NORELIUS

DRIFTED MONTHS AT SEA.

Caroline Islanders Show How the Pacific Isles Were Peopled.

A few natives of the Caroline islands have again answered the old conundrum how the widespread islands of the Pacific came by the people who were found on them. The Caroline islanders are born seamen, and no mariner who knows their skill and daring will be surprised to hear that in March last year six of them confidently put to sea to visit Japan, over 1,200 miles away.

They were out less than a week when the terrible typhoon that in four days brought complete destruction to some of the islands wrecked the little vessel. She still floated, but had no rudder, mast, sails or oars. The men aboard her were helplessly adrift.

For two months they saw nothing but the heavens and the sea till one night a light shone out. But the castaways feared unfriendly natives and did not try to reach the light, though that very day their last bit of food had been eaten.

They caught fish and turned their provision boxes into firewood to cook them. They partly assuaged thirst by spreading their garments to catch the rain. So on they drifted, half dead, and no one knows exactly how long, for the time was not recorded, when they were pulled out of their boat on the shore of north Formosa. All but one were senseless. Two died in a few hours, and the others recovered. The distance between their starting and landing points is 1,700 miles.

Some years ago all the records of drifts or long sea journeys of Pacific islanders were collected, and this mass of evidence left practically no doubt that the myriad islands were populated by such voluntary or involuntary wanderings.—New York Sun.

Would He Like It?

In defense of dress reform Mrs. J. Gardiner Merritt, the sculptress, said at a recent luncheon in Washington:

"Isn't dress reform needed—at least for all of us except the very slender? I heard a young man, a rather lazy young man, tell a pretty girl the other day that he envied woman her idleness; that he would like to have been born a woman.

"The girl, tossing her head and snorting, answered:

"'You'd like to be a woman! Oh, yes! Just try it for a day. Fasten a blanket and a counterpane around your legs, buckle a strap around your waist so tight you can't draw a full breath or eat a hearty meal, have your hair all loose and fluffy, so that it keeps tickling your ears and getting into your eyes; wear high heeled shoes and gloves a size too small for you, cover your face with a veil full of spots that make you squint, fix a huge hat on with pins, so that every time the wind blows it pulls your hair out by the roots, and then, without any pockets and with a three inch square of lace to blow your nose with, go for a walk and enjoy yourself. You would like it!'"

Wind Gauge For Trains.

A singular device for the protection of railway trains crossing a viaduct exposed to heavy winds has recently been employed at Ulverston, England, says Professor R. DeC. Ward in Science. It consists of a wind gauge fixed at the west end of the Levens viaduct. When the wind pressure reaches thirty-two pounds to the square foot an electric contact is made automatically and bells ring in the signal cabins on each side of the viaduct. Upon this all trains are detained until the force of the wind abates. The interruption is telegraphed along the line. In February, 1907, a wind velocity of sixty-five miles an hour was recorded. The danger of very high winds to trains on an exposed bridge or viaduct was tragically illustrated many years ago by the lamentable Tay bridge disaster in Scotland.

Our Future Population.

Many estimates have been made of what the population of the United States will be in 1950. They vary all the way from 175,000,000 to 200,000,000. The latest person to make an estimate, however, takes quite a different view. In the Atlantic Monthly W. S. Rossiter, a census expert, shows that the rate of increase in population is steadily declining. From 1870 to 1880 the increase was 31 per cent, from 1880 to 1890, 20 per cent, and from that date to 1900, 21 per cent. In view of this steady decrease in the rate Mr. Rossiter estimates that the population in 1950 will not be over 130,000,000 and after that date will tend to become stationary.

Rotted Money Restored.

Mrs. A. E. Brown, for twenty-five years an expert in the United States treasury, recently finished a task that called for exceeding patience and deftness. A roll of bank notes which had been hidden in a tin can and buried in the earth for two years was given to Mrs. Brown to examine. The money had rotted and was little better than green tinted pulp. She was so successful in separating the decayed paper, piecing the bits and deciphering the letters and figures that practically the entire amount was redeemed and made good to the distressed owner.

A Swiss Navy.

The authorities at Brest, the French naval station on the Atlantic, were astounded the other day to see a magnificent steamer entering the harbor and flying the Swiss flag. Had Switzerland really bought a navy? The truth was revealed when the vessel came to an anchor. The boat had been chartered by a Swiss impresario, the director of a circus.—Paris Gaulois.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Judge Hough, in the United States circuit court at New York, ordered a jury to return a verdict of not guilty in the cases of David E. Harley, an agent for the Florida East Coast railroad, and three employment agents of New York city, who were accused of conspiracy to hold workmen in peonage and slavery while the men were building that road. Judge Hough said that the prosecution had failed to show an agreement of minds with evil intent to conspire.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff of New York, in a decision, allows alimony of $25,000 a year, payable monthly, to Katherine Clemmons Gould, pending the adjudication of her suit for separation from Howard Gould. This is the same allowance that Mr. Gould has been voluntarily allowing to his wife pending the determination of her suit. She asked for $120,000 a year.

The United States government has brought six suits against the American Sugar Refining company to recover forfeitures and customs duties amounting to $3,626,121 on sugar delivered at the Havemeyer and Elder refineries in Brooklyn during the past six years. The government alleges fraud in weighing the shipments.

The American Sugar Refining company, which is being sued by the United States government to recover $3,600,000 in customs duties, issued a statement denying "most indignantly" the charge in the government's suit of fraud on the part of the company in the weighing of sugar importations.

The South Dakota supreme court has granted a new trial to Mrs. Emma Kauffman, wife of the Sioux Falls brewer, who was found guilty in circuit court of manslaughter on a charge of causing the death of a servant girl through beating.

The American Federation of Labor has placed itself on record as a law abiding organization. An attempt to send a resolution into the convention declaring in favor of disregarding injunctions in labor disputes or against boycotting was defeated.

Saturday's football results: Harvard 4, Yale 0; Kansas 10, Iowa 5; Cornell 18, Trinity 6; Indiana 10, Purdue 4; Minnesota 11, Carlisle 6; Syracuse 28, Michigan 4; Chicago 18, Wisconsin 12; Illinois 64, Northwestern 8.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Directors of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, which is the parent or holding company of the oil combine, have declared a quarterly dividend of $10 per share. This was unchanged from the dividend paid in the corresponding charter last year and makes a total of $40 in dividends to be paid this year.

The firm of John A. Boardman & Co., Philadelphia stock brokers, has made an assignment to Lincoln L. Eyre, who has taken charge of the company's affairs. The firm has a chain of nineteen offices in Eastern cities, with headquarters at Philadelphia.

The First National bank of Fort Scott, Kan., one of the oldest banks in the state, has closed its doors. The bank had deposits of $702,000. The closing followed a run on the bank.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate further gradual improvement in the trade situation, the best sign being a disposition to employ more men in the industries.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Joseph Bryan, owner of the Richmond (Va.) Times-Dispatch, probably the best known citizen of Richmond and one of the well known men of the South, is dead.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 23.—Wheat—Dec., $1.04; May, $1.08¼@1.08⅜. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.07¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.07; No. 2 Northern, $1.04⅜@1.05; No. 3 Northern, $1.00⅜@1.03¼.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.08⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.07⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.05⅝; Dec., $1.04⅝; May, $1.07⅝; Nov., $1.04⅝. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.44¾; Nov., $1.43¾; Dec., $1.40½; May, $1.44.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.00@6.75; fair to good, $5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.00@6.50. Hogs—$5.00@5.50. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.25; yearlings, $3.90@4.00; spring lambs, $5.00@5.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Wheat—Dec., $1.03½@1.03⅝; May, $1.07½; July, $1.01⅞@1.01⅝. Corn—Nov., 64¼c; Dec., 61¼c; May, 63⅛@63¼c; July, 62⅝c; Sept., 62½@62⅝c. Oats—Dec., 49⅝c; May, 51¼@51⅜c; July, 46⅝c. Pork—Dec., $14.67½; Jan., $16.45; May, $16.55@16.57½. Butter—Creameries, 22@30c; dairies, 19½@25c. Eggs—28c. Poultry—Turkeys, 12c; chickens, 7½@8c; springs, 10c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.30@7.70; Texans, $3.50@4.50; Western cattle, $3.25@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.70@4.95; cows and heifers, $1.40@5.15; calves, $5.50@7.25. Hogs—Light, $5.15@5.90; mixed, $5.35@6.15; heavy, $5.40@6.20; rough, $5.40@5.60; good to choice heavy, $5.60@6.20; pigs, $3.25@5.15. Sheep, $2.40@4.70; yearlings, $4.00@4.50; lambs, $3.75@6.00.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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IS THE INVESTMENT SAFE?

A friend makes inquiry as to the wisdom of purchasing land as far west as Martin county, Tex., which the map shows to be about a hundred miles west of the one hundredth meridian. Generally speaking, the ninety-ninth meridian is accepted as the agricultural "dead line," west of which there is little use to break up the soil for tillage purposes. A glance at any civil map of the United States will show how uniformly the western tide of settlement has stopped at this line, as shown by the location of towns. As indicated in this way, it is seen to run in almost a direct line from the northern boundary of North Dakota through to southern Texas. It is true that during the past six or seven years the rainfall has been sufficiently heavy, so that fair success in purely agricultural pursuits has been had on lands lying quite a distance west of this line, while the breaking up of considerable areas may have had a modifying effect on drought conditions. But a cycle of dry years is quite likely to come, and it is conditions which will prevail in such seasons that the land seeker should take note of if he has in mind purchasing a permanent farm home. The earmarks of this dry country, which is not lacking in fertility, but in moisture, are buffalo grass, sagebrush and cactus. Where herbage of this kind abounds more conclusive evidence is furnished of the unwisdom of purchasing for tillage purposes than in any "spiel" the agent may make, unless, indeed, irrigation is possible, when the situation is entirely altered. The investing of from $2,000 to $6,000 or $7,000 in a quarter section of land is a serious move as well as an important one for the man of limited means who has had to work hard for his savings. The step should be taken only after thorough, sober and careful investigation. Better a fellow should spend $200 acquainting himself thoroughly with a prospective land purchase than to buy in haste and find out later that he has been deceived and swindled.

LADIES TEACHING FARMING.

An interesting fact noted by a leading western educator, State Superintendent Bishop of Nebraska, who is a pioneer in the field of agricultural education in the rural schools, is the prominent part which lady county superintendents of schools are taking in the matter of introducing these subjects into the courses of study in the schools under their charge. One Nebraska lady superintendent has 700 children at work in agricultural classes, while one residing in a southern Iowa county has issued a special bulletin dealing with practical scientific agricultural subjects. Some idea of the interest which the department of public instruction in Nebraska is taking in this line of work may be gained from the fact that arrangements have been made by Mr. Bishop to hold the conventions of the Nebraska Boys' Agricultural society and the Nebraska Girls' Domestic Science association in Omaha during the national corn exposition, which, it is estimated, will be attended by 8,000 boys and girls of the state.

A COSTLY LESSON.

While the numerous forest fires which raged in so many states during September and October are deplorable from almost every point of view, it is more than likely that they will serve a real mission in calling the attention of the people of the country to the immediate necessity of the inauguration of radical and vigorous measures for the protection and conservation of the nation's rapidly diminishing forest resources, which will include not only the planting of new areas to forest trees, but the patrolling of present national and state reserves in such manner as to prevent or at least greatly decrease the enormous losses which have resulted in the present year from the one cause of forest fires. This lesson of forest preservation is one that we are very slow to learn as a people, a costly experience such as we have had the present year being about the only way it could be effectively impressed.

STUFFING TOO MUCH.

The draft horse that has been working hard all summer sometimes gets stocked up and out of condition when the slack season arrives as a result of too little exercise and too much feeding. Much the same condition is apt to prevail in the case of the man of middle age who after many years of strenuous outdoor life with the vigorous appetite which this type of life has developed sells or rents his farm and comes to town and has little to do besides the light chores about the house and sometimes not that. In both cases the only safeguard is a material reduction in the bill of fare and taking of a good bit of exercise every day, even if it is nothing more than walking.

The unloaded gun and the gentle bull are usually the causes of more mischief than the other kind.

Industrial education and labor on the land carried on logically and intelligently are the two great safeguards against plutocracy and anarchy.

The old tabby cat is probably one of the best mouse exterminators to be had, and yet many a housewife considers it a Hobson's choice as between the cat and the mice.

A prominent fruit grower and apple raiser tells us that he would rather have the pigs clean up the windfalls in his orchard than spray his trees if he wanted to secure fruit free from blemishes.

The time honored controversy touching the culinary skill of a fellow's mother and his new wife is largely, though not always, traceable to the fact that in the latter case a trifle of the edge has been worn off the small boy's appetite.

In an experiment conducted by the Michigan experiment station it was found that the growing of cowpeas added to the soil 130 pounds of nitrogen per acre, while soja beans added 112 pounds per acre. In either case the nitrogen added was worth from 15 to 20 cents per pound.

Those who took the pains to sow rape in their cornfields early in July now have a nice supply of succulent green feed which will be relished by their stock well into the winter. The sheep should not be allowed the run of the rape field when the plants are wet from rain or dew.

Many an old orchard which has come into a rundown and unprofitable condition through neglect may be considerably rejuvenated and put on a paying basis by breaking up the sod and by a course of systematic pruning and spraying operations, with the application of sufficient fertilizers to equalize a depleted soil condition.

There is little question that if the person who is occupied in indoor sedentary pursuits devotes an hour to vigorous outdoor exercise he can get more work out of the way in the remaining working hours than if he should spend the entire period in his tasks and take no recreation. While the truth of this statement is generally recognized, it is in all too many cases ignored.

Often a large per cent of the heat value of fuel—particularly soft coal—is not realized because so much coal is put on the fire that proper combustion of the fuel and consumption of the soot and gases does not take place. The addition of much smaller amounts of fuel at somewhat more frequent intervals will tend to correct the difficulty, resulting in a maximum heat value from the fuel consumed.

Cement floors for stables and feed sheds and where possible feed yards have two important points in their favor—they are much more easily cleaned and the manure which accumulates does not lose any considerable part of its fertilizing value through leeching, which is the case in the average barn and feed lot. The initial expense of the cement improvements referred to is considerable, but in a period of years they would be more than paid for in the saving made possible in the handling of the manures.

The judicious use of a telephone in the mere matter of keeping oneself posted as to the prices of stock and produce will frequently in the course of a month or less pay for the cost of the telephone service for the year. Besides this, there is the saving of time in the matter of sending word to neighbors when extra help is needed, while in the case of fire or sickness the benefit can hardly be estimated. In the larger social aspect the presence of a phone in the home does much to lessen the monotony and lonesomeness which might otherwise exist.

While the benefits to be derived from the growing of clover are quite generally recognized, it is worth while now and then to express this benefit in a definite form. In a recent experiment conducted by the Michigan agricultural station it was found that when oats were sown following mixed grasses without clover the yield was thirty-six bushels per acre, while following grasses sown with clover they gave a yield of forty-six bushels. In a like experiment with barley substituted for oats the yields were respectively thirty-eight and forty-nine bushels per acre. A similar experiment conducted by the Alabama station showed that following cowpeas the yield of cotton was increased 606 pounds per acre.

Some of the overzealous promoters of a beet sugar factory which has lately been erected in northern Iowa have had articles published to the effect that the growing of beets enriched rather than impoverished the land. It would be a matter for congratulation if this statement were only true, but the fact of the matter is it is not. It is true that beets do not pull on the fertility of the soil quite as heavily as do onions, wheat or oats, this being due to the fact that, like corn, they draw their sugar content largely from the air and sunshine. But to assert that they enrich the soil, as do clovers, is entirely erroneous and in the end will be of no advantage to the beet raising industry. A man not posted might be induced to grow beets because of the above claim, but his own experience with them would in a very short time disprove the claim.

While an excellent feed for the milk cow, millet is too stiff and rich a feed for horses, having much the same effect on them as does clover, which is exceptionally rich in protein.

While most vegetable products keep best in low temperatures, squashes, pumpkins and cucumbers are an exception, keeping longer if the air is somewhat warmer and drier.

They say that a goose will live to be seventy years old, though just why this bird should be so long lived it is hard to see when the more useful hen lays and cackles herself out inside of four or five years.

Fresh air is one of the most inexpensive things at one's disposal, yet it is worth while remembering that those who live much in it and breath much of it are not only the best physical, but moral types that the country has.

Spraying work done in the orchard in an even greater degree than the fertilizing of land produces a cumulative effect—that is, an application given one season produces a beneficial result covering a period of several succeeding years.

There is none of the root crops which pull as heavily on the strength of the soil as do onions. This means that unless the soil on which they are grown is new and very rich the land should be re-enforced with barnyard manure or commercial fertilizers after the crop has been grown one or two seasons.

An Ohio inventor claims to have secured a product from everyday skimmilk called omsite, which rolls as thin as paper and is even more pliable and which is not affected in the least by the most intense heat. The new article certainly has an interesting future before it if the above claims and others made for it are true.

As is true in the natural world, the mind of the normal boy and girl abhors a vacuum. It is on this account that if they are not provided with wholesome reading for their leisure hours they will get hold of that which is worthless or pernicious. In this respect parents have a very great as well as a very plain responsibility and one that they should by no means neglect.

It is remarkable in how short a time a farm which has been kept in a state of fertility and productivity will deteriorate under a slipshod management which is content with grain raising and selling and is too lazy to embark in stock raising and dairying. The process of soil depletion under the above circumstances is as sure as death and taxes and merely a matter of rapid subtraction.

There have been found stored in the earth vast and abundant supplies of rock phosphate, but no considerable stores of nitrogen. Nature has made good for this seeming oversight by charging the air with a wealth of nitrogen and giving us the legume or clover family, which is endowed with the power to draw these supplies of nitrogen from the air and deposit it in the soil by means of their root systems.

Happy is the housewife who has adopted that philosophy of life which makes it possible for her to snap her fingers at a little dust and devote some of her time to a few things that are of a good deal more concern than plain dirt, which doesn't spoil and seldom blows away. The above is not to be construed as a justification for slovenliness or filth, but to point to a fact which many well meaning women often overlook.

A fond hope is entertained by many of the sterner sex that the time is not far distant when the sensible women of America—and this includes a large majority of them—will formulate and publish an ultimatum declaring their freedom in the matter of headgear and wearing apparel from the dictates of a batch of harebrained persons holding forth in Paris. American men decided two years ago that they would not be bound by the presence or absence of creases in King Edward's trousers.

Pedro's Estella, a Jersey cow owned by the Missouri experiment station, completed in June last a year's test, in which she produced 712.12 pounds of butter, thus entitling her to the three-year-old butter record for the Jersey breed. The cost of the feed for this cow for the twelve months was $80. The receipts from butter sold were $234.96 and $22.12 realized from the sale of 8,850 pounds of skimmilk. The above income was five times as large as was received from the average Missouri cow, while the cost of Estella's feed was double that of the average.

The blue grass pasture is, one year with another, one of the most profitable portions of the average farm and should be held in higher esteem. While there is seldom enough manure to adequately fertilize the plow land of the farm, it would often be a matter of real economy to scatter some fertilizer on the pasture rather than to allow it to leech in the yards, and this holds especially true at times of the year when the cultivated land is occupied with growing crops. Put on the pasture in scant quantities, the fertilizing elements would be utilized immediately with real advantage to the often hungry pastures.

F. E. Trigg

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$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

Subscribe for the News.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 2, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Annie Pescinski, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3, 1904, made H. E. No. 631, Serial, No. 0855, for S. W.¼, Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before I. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Brzybyszeski, of Germantown, Minn.
Frank Brzybyszeski, " "
Cecilia Pescinski, " Brunkeberg "
John Vakoe, " "

nov. 5 dec. 10.
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., October 27, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Christ Evenson, of Stone, Minn., who, on June 21, 1902, made Homestead entry No 2903, Serial No 0813, for S. E.¼ S. E.¼ Section 11, Township 155 N., Range 41, W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren Minn., on the 30 day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Peder N. Peterson, of Stone, Minn.
Marten Evenson, " "
James Johnson, " Strip, "
Carl Hanson, " Viking, "

oct. 29 nov. 26-5.
R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1908 NUMBER 49

SOON WILL BE SETTLED

Bohemian-German Settlement up North of the Upper Red Lake.

Many Settlers from Outside States Are Seeking Homes in This Section.

From present indications, there will soon be a thriving settlement on Moose creek, on the north shores of Upper Red Lake, composed of German-Bohemian homesteaders who will come to this country from Illinois and other portions of the middle west.

At the present time there are several settlers who have already filed on Government lands, near this creek, and many more are coming, according to John R. Colar, a German-Bohemian, who settled on Moose creek.

In speaking of the Moose creek country, Mr. Colar says:

"I have traveled over a considerable portion of the United States looking for a homestead, but found nothing that suited me as well as does my claim on Upper Red Lake.

"It was only a few years ago that there were plenty of public lands which were easily obtainable. It is different now; one cannot get claims as easily as formerly; and I think that in a few years there will be no more free homesteads left in this country.

"The country in the vicinity of Moose creek and east of there is bound to develop rapidly, for several reasons.

"There is not much timber left, but what we have could be easily gotten out of the country by means of proposed railroad.

"One of the problems which confront the settlers on Upper Red Lake is that of a better and cheaper method of getting in and out of the country.

When the lake is not frozen, settlers here can use boats to reach Thief River Falls and other points.

"It is our intention to start a German-Bohemian town on Moose creek, and no doubt this settlement will grow rapidly. Most of the settlers will come here from Chicago and other points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania and Nebraska. I have written some articles for a German-Bohemian paper in Chicago and described the Moose creek country and I have received 250 letters requesting information concerning the land and its location. "Many settlers have already filed on land in the Moose creek country, and they will all be here next March to take up their residence.

"The first thing which we settlers will do is to build a school house and make a requisition for the establishment of a postoffice at Moose creek. Our nearest postoffice is Domnas, which is eight miles from Moose creek. We buy our provisions at Shotley, but we believe that a general store will be started on Moose creek in the near future."

Mr. Colar came to this country five years ago with his wife and two small children, and has done well here. His family are all in splendid health, but while they were living in Chicago, they were all sickly.

Mr. Colar, like the other settlers in the Upper Red Lake country, is very desirous that the country be drained and in accordance with the recommendations of the members of the geological survey who traversed the country in the vicinity of Upper Red Lake and Lower Red Lake taking levels, and recommended the draining of Upper Red Lake north ward, through the medium of a big ditch and several lateral ditches.

Stephen Bank Robber Goes Free.

Warren, Minn., Nov. 30.—James E. Nolan, the young man who turned state's evidence against his confederate, James E. Raymond last July, and through whose testimony Raymond was sent to Stillwater for ten years for the robbery of the State bank at Stephen, has been released and the indictment quashed.

County Attorney Brown could secure no evidence against Nolan except his own confession. While Nolan admitted his guilt he entered a plea of not guilty to the indictment and the state was powerless to convict, under the rule that a person cannot be convicted upon his own testimony without some corroborating testimony.

Raymond refused to testify against Nolan, although Nolan's testimony sent him to prison for ten years.

Fight to a Finish.

The co operative creameries of Minnesota are lining up for a fight to the finish with the central dealers. It is a fight for self preservation on part of the farmers and a fight for the complete control of the state's dairy product on the part of the latter. While the co-operative creameries number 615 as against 215 of the central and independent concerns, the latter are in a better position to wage a fight.

Investigation shows that the central creamery men have adopted the policy of raising the price paid for cream to farmers where there is competition and for cutting the price where there is none. Statistics show that the co-operative concerns pay higher prices for butterfat.

The above is taken from a recent issue of the Minnesota Tribune and indicates clearly what the co-operative home creamery is up against and what will become of the cream prices if they lose out. It was but a short time ago that managers of Central plants held a state meeting for the purpose of agreeing on prices to be paid.

Mrs. J. C. Cumming Dead.

This community was shocked to learn this morning that Mrs. J. C. Cummings, who has been ill with pnemonia for the past two weeks, died this morning at 2 o'clock. Drs. Brattrund, of Warren, and Heiber, of Thief River Falls, were in attendance last evening. The funeral will take place from the residence next Monday at 2 p. m. The Spectator in company with his many friends, wishes at this time to extend the heart-felt sympathy of the entire community to the bereaved husband.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Recently Organized.

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen is the name of a new fraternal society recently organized here. It has twenty-five members and the following are the officers:

Foreman—Louis Lonson.
Master Ceremonies—Edwin Hammer.
Master Accounts—John Fuller.
Physician—H. Grundy.
Overseer—Carl Solberg.
Watchman—Frank Yell.
Sentinel—Carl Angel.
Guard—John Andersen.
Lady Rowena—Mary Walker.
Lady Rebecca—Martha Schuster.

WAS NEARLY OVERCOME

Mrs. Charles Horr, a Former Resident of This City, Escapes from Asphyxiation.

Young Son Smells Coal Gas and Arouses His Mother and Neighbors.

The following taken from the Duluth Herald of last Friday will be of local interest. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Horr were former residents of this city and are well known here. Mr. Horr, in his capacity of traveling salesman for a Duluth concern visits this city every month and Mrs. Horr visits this city quite often, being a sister of Mrs. J. W. LaBree. The following is the item taken from the Duluth paper:

Mrs. Charles Horr of 822 East Third street had a narrow escape from asphyxiation early this morning, when she was overcome by gas escaping from a coal stove. Her son, 8 years old, the only other person in the house, had evidently had his head covered, for he awoke about 4 o'clock and aroused the neighbors.

Mr. Horr's husband is a commercial traveler for the Zenith Bag company, and is on the road. Mrs. Horr and her son retired last night about 11 o'clock, with everything about the coal stove apparently in good condition.

About 4 o'clock the boy, oppressed by the fumes, arose and tried to arouse his mother, who awakened into a semi-conscious state, but was unable to aid herself. The boy aroused one of the neighbors, who opened the doors and windows and summoned a physician.

The physician restored Mrs. Horr to consciousness, and she was about the house this morning, though weak from her experience. The house was filled with the noxious fumes when the boy awakened, and Mrs. Horr's friends regard her escape as very fortunate.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

PERMANENCY CITIZENS STATE BANK HONESTY SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongest the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Killed a Cow Moose.

Game Warden William Munch was up to Middle River last week and he no sooner arrived there than he received information that a cow moose had been killed a few days before not far from the village. He at once started on the trail and later [illegible] near Roseau George Bernteon and Peter Johnson. He took them before Judge Medicraft and they were found guilty and a fine of $52.00 or thirty days in the county jail was registered against each offender. They paid the fine and will undoubtedly think twice before they attempt again to get rid of a cow moose.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

MARKET DAY SALE
AT THE
Golden Rule Department Store
ON WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1908

Wednesday, December the 9th, the City of Thief River Falls will have its first "Market Day," and in order to help make this day a grand success, we will place on sale our entire stock of reliable merchandise (the largest stock in Northwestern Minnesota) at a great reduction of prices.

A stock consisting of a full and complete line of **DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, SKIRTS, FURS, BLANKETS, MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS, PLUSH LINED COATS, NECKWEAR, SHEEP LINED COATS, HATS, CAPS, MITTENS, UNDERWEAR, RUBBERS,** etc., **GROCERIES, CROCKERY, FLOUR,** etc. All new and fresh merchandise.

The Golden Rule Department Store has long been known for their great value giving---at all times---but never before in the history of this store has there been such a slash in prices.

Whenever a sale has been given---the city people have as a rule had the benefit---owing to the fact that our country friends have not always been able to attend. But on Market Day, Dec. 9, we will give our country friends the benefit---we will not only give them a share of our profits, BUT ALL. Space does not permit us to quote you prices here, but on that day the PRICES will be a special feature at this great store.

Bring your butter and eggs. We will pay you the highest market price.

Come to our city---bring your wife and children. Visit our store and we will guarantee you a good time and a money-saving event.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
O. J. SCHEI & CO. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Pushing To The Front.

The residents of northern Mayfield township, southern part of Kratka and eastern Wyandotte are setting a pace for the other new portions of the country in the way of development. One new ditch is now being constructed in Mayfield township which will do a lot of good in the way of drainage and road building. A petition is now before the county board for another ditch to be constructed along the town line between Mayfield and Kratka with two outlets to the Red Lake river on the north. This ditch will probably do more good for the farmers contiguous to it than any other ditch in the county and there seems to be no question but that it will be ordered established. It will give about ten miles of good roads on township and section lines, most of it being along the line of an established state road between Mayfield and Kratka townships. The people there are enthusiastically in favor of it and the land in its territory is about as rich as any in the county.

Bergh-Plowman.

The marriage of Miss May Plowman, teacher of the primary grade in the public schools of this village, to Prof. C. E. Bergh, formerly principal of schools here, will be solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Plowman, near Frazee. Only the immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties will be present when the ceremony is performed as the wedding will be a quiet one. Miss Margaret Plowman, a sister of the bride will act as bridesmaid and Mr. Otto Bergh, brother of the groom, will act as best man. The young couple will leave the early part of next month for Spokane, Wash., where they expect to reside, temporarily at least. Mr. Bergh and Miss Plowman are both well and favorably known in this village, Mr. Bergh having been principal of the schools here for two years and Miss Plowman had begun her second year as primary teacher here. A detailed account of the wedding will be published next week.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Statement of Holt Creamery for the Month of October, 1908.

Total cream received, 16164 lbs.
Average test, 29.06.
Butterfat, 4783.23 lbs.
Price paid, 28 cents.

RECEIPTS.

For Butter Sold	$1,447.05

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$1,327.27
Expense fund	119.78
	$1,447.05

THOSE DRAWING $30 AND OVER:

C. Smith	$41.41
F. Steinbauer	36.06
C. Larson	35.73
Otto Johnson	33.47
Louis Wegge	30.03
Ole Reierson	30.02

J. A. Sorum, Secretary.

Sunny Side School.

Report of school taught in District No. 73, Red Lake Co., Minn. For the month beginning Oct. 26, and ending Nov. 20. No of pupils enrolled 15: No of days taught 20: Average daily attendence 10.

Names of pupils who were neither absent nor tardy during the month, Hazel Welo, Lena Shannon, Lucile Shannon and Hannah Bokken.

Mae Miller, Teacher.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

First—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

Second—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

Third—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

Fourth—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Bemidji Needs Farmers.

Bemidji is receiving car loads of potatoes from outside, and we have millions of acres that produce 300 bushels per acre that sell at 65 cents per bushel, and still we hear of the hard lot of the farmer.—Bemidji Sentinel.

A Correct Size Up.

An exchange very pertinently remarks that it is little wonder some young folks go wrong, when there are so many parents who go to bed and to untroubled slumber while a son or daughter is on the streets, who would spend half the night in search of the old brindle cow if she should happen to be missing from her accustomed stall.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Nov. 28, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Brown, David
Conradson, Charles
Egenes, Syvert
Gorden, N. L.
Habeadt, Mr.
Johnson, Albert
Maugham, J. W.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 5, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

For Bargain Day.

"She's no lady!"

"Why, I always thought her most refined."

"On the surface, yes. But what do you think of a woman who wears her little boy's football shoes to the bargain sales and spikes every one who gets in her way?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

After Him.

"It's hard to lose your friends," remarked the man who was down and out.

"Hard?" snorted the man who was on the high tide of prosperity. "It's impossible."—Philadelphia Record.

The Prompter.

"I suppose that inspiration prompts many of your jokes."

"A few," admitted the press humorist. "Desperation, however, prompts the most."—Louisville Courier Journal.

The stock raiser has a job on his hands to figure out a profit in feeding sixty cent corn to five dollar hogs or cattle. In fact, he may as well save his pencil, for the job can't be done.

Two thousand five hundred dollars was recently refused for a Kellerstrass Crystal White Orpington hen named Pegg. Her owner evidently believes in raising thoroughbred fowls as well as in keeping the best for himself.

A decided point in favor of the manure spreader is that besides being a distinctly labor saving piece of machinery the fertilizer it spreads goes twice as far and does more good than that scattered by the old pitchfork method.

There is probably no flower of the unpretentious order that will give a larger measure of satisfaction than the fragrant English violet. A pot of violets will furnish sweet fragrance and blossoms well through the winter if placed in a sunny window in a room just above freezing. They are hardy and do not seem to mind the cold.

Experiments which have been conducted show that when cheese is sold from the farm or milk from which cheese is made a much larger amount of fertility is taken from the soil than in the case of butter or cream. This is to quite an extent responsible for the fertility and productivity of those farms on which buttermaking is the chief occupation.

A fact quite generally known, yet sometimes overlooked, is that red clover is a biennial—that is, its length of life is but two seasons long—which means that if the second growth is not allowed to mature seed in the autumn of the second season the crop will die out. This variety of clover as it grows along the roadside seems to have a perennial habit, but this is due to the fact that it produces seed often enough to perpetuate itself.

According to reports issued by the department of agriculture at Washington on Nov. 10, the average yield of corn in the country for the present year is 26.2 bushels per acre, while the estimated total production is 2,642,687,000 bushels. This is a better showing both in yield per acre and total production than last year, when the average was 25.9 bushels and the total yield was 2,592,320,000 bushels. The quality of this year's crop is 86.9 per cent, while in 1907 it was 82.8.

Any upward movement in grain prices which makes stock raising and dairying unprofitable and tempts the farmer to sell his cereal products in the raw state rather than in the finished form of beef, pork, mutton, butter and cheese can only be viewed as a misfortune from the standpoint of a permanent agricultural prosperity, which from the very necessity of the case depends upon an intelligent maintenance of the fertility of the soil. It is likely that many will disagree with this view, but a careful consideration of the points involved would seem to verify it.

So long as the average yield of corn per acre for the whole country remains in the neighborhood of twenty-six or twenty-seven bushels, and numerous instances are on record where enterprising farmers have secured a yield of from 80 to 120 bushels per acre, it will be entirely in place to continue talking and writing about the possibilities of agriculture in the United States. Had the average yield per acre been twice what it was (26.2 bushels), or 52.4 bushels—a moderate yield—the total corn production would have been 5,285,374,000 bushels, while at 50 cents a bushel $1,321,343,500 would have been added to the value of the crop.

The average housewife would much prefer to burn hard maple, oak or hickory, as she may have done years ago or as her mother did, but a great many in sections where the hardwood supply is gone have to use soft coal in its stead. With this the soot and dirt are the chief drawbacks. The former nuisance may be reduced to a minimum by breaking the coal into small pieces before putting it into the stove and putting on the fire only small quantities at a time. If the fire is fed in this way it will burn brightly and consume the soot and a good share of the black smoke, which is simply an aggregation of sooty particles, as soon as it is formed. More than this, there is a decided saving in fuel in this method of stoking which should not be overlooked.

Professor John Merriam, associate professor of geology in the University of California, has created quite a sensation in scientific circles and among students of paleontology throughout the world by the discovery of a number of prehistoric animal species in a tar pool or asphalt bed located not far from Sawtelle, Cal. From this once sticky death trap, which became the grave of numberless animals hundreds of thousands of years ago, have been taken the remains of rare prehistoric animals, including the enormous ground sloth, larger than a common ox; the huge prehistoric mammoth, a great extinct camel, a strange and unknown species of deer, besides the saber toothed tiger and huge antediluvian wolf, which were evidently lured to the death pool by the struggles of the herbivorous animals already entrapped and which they intended to devour. In addition to the larger animals, there have been discovered many remarkable and extinct species of hawks, eagles and ducks which went to the pool in search of food, only to be caught and held fast and finally imbedded.

DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE

BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE

On Tuesday morning, December 1st, we started a December Clearance Sale and this sale will last 30 days and end on December 30.

We will have exceptional bargains to offer in all department.

Our stock is yet complete, but must be greatly reduced previous to taking inventory, and in order to do so we will sacrifice profits for your benefit.

The cold weather has now come to stay, and you need lots of warm goods. Come in and look over our stock and prices and we can prove to you that we sell goods cheaper than most of our competitors.

See large poster for complete information as to our clearance sale. This sale the biggest thing of the season.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

Selections

A QUEER NEWSPAPER.

Moscow Has an Organ For Thieves and Vagabonds.

Moscow has a curious newspaper called the Bosatska Gazeta, which interpreted means the Barefooted Man's Gazette. It is a little weekly journal, consisting of one double sheet of printed matter. It is ostensibly run by thieves and vagabonds for the benefit of thieves and vagabonds. The bulk of its contents consists of contributions from burglars and other folk who prey upon society, in which they describe their successful exploits. Its tone is humorous and racy. The text is enlivened with comic sketches, some of which are well done. Unless the police suppress it it bids fair to have a prosperous career.

It is not lacking in advertisements, most of them of a decidedly unique character. In one issue, for instance, a young man announces that, "being full of energy and temperament and having a loving heart, he seeks a life partner in the shape of a young lady with small means." The adventurer goes on to say that, "having practiced housebreaking from his tender youth, he is now at twenty-five as expert a burglar as any in Moscow and can therefore assure his wife comfort and even luxury."

The office is situated in the Nikitinskh, a shabby enough street, opposite a small theater. It is in a private flat. The editor is always out, and contributors are invited to leave their offerings on the table, where lie an empty vodka bottle, a tea stained piece of blotting paper and a few cigarette ends.

In a word, the management of the paper is wrapped in mystery. Nobody knows where it is printed, least of all the police, who have been on its track since the first number appeared. It comes out once a week and costs 5 kopecks (about 5 cents).—Chicago News.

An Unkissed Baby.

There is in England a nine months old boy who has never been kissed. His parents have set up the following rules in a conspicuous place near the entrance to their home:

"Don't kiss the baby.

"Don't handle baby unless your hands are very, very clean.

"Don't bring baby's face close to your own or to your hair.

"Don't allow baby to touch your face or hair.

"Don't talk, breathe, whistle, blow, cough or sneeze into baby's face. We want him to live.

"Don't use your handkerchief on baby's hands, face or mouth."

At the foot of the rules is written: "To some these rules will appear cruel or stupid. But they are not written as a joke or without thought. Therefore any person infringing these rules after having read them will incur our displeasure extremely."—London Mail.

Men's Buttons $100 Apiece.

"Here's a set of vest buttons at $100 apiece," said the tailor. "Man is growing more luxurious in his dress. Soon, if he keeps on, his bills will beat woman's."

The buttons, four in number, were for the white waistcoat of evening dress—a large pearl encircled with diamonds. With them went two pearl studs and a pair of pearl and diamond sleeve links. The set cost altogether $850. "Oh, yes," said the tailor, "I sell lots of these sets of buttons! They are the correct thing, you know. The thief if he ripped the buttons off the white vest of the average rich young clubman would probably get a haul worth two or three hundred dollars."—New York Press.

One Result of Prohibition.

Governor Burke in a smoking compartment of a sleeper was telling how he used to water the cows on his father's farm in Iowa.

"Those cows were fearfully thirsty at times," said the governor. "At times I have carried ten pails apiece for every one of the twenty cows we had."

One of the party remarked that he had watered cows time and again, but never saw one drink more than four pails at a time.

"Perhaps you're right," admitted the governor, "but you must remember that those were dry times in Iowa, when we had prohibition laws."—Minneapolis Journal.

Not a Joke.

On getting to his chambers in court a Paris judge was handed this note: "Monsieur the Judge—In the belief that a judge can form an accurate opinion only of matters of which he has personal experience we think that it will interest you to be exactly acquainted with the facts of a case similar to many which are tried by you every day. We accordingly have the honor to inform you that we have had much pleasure in burgling your flat today." "This," said the learned judge "is obviously a joke." But he found that it was not when he got home.

Beech Lumber.

Beech lumber has the lowest market value of any American wood. Lumbermen pay $4 a thousand feet as against $25 for oak. It is useful in the mines for ties, posts, stringers and rails and in buildings for studding, rafters, lath, etc., and should be used at home, reserving more valuable trees for important use and for sale.—Arboriculture.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation and stimulates the liver. Orino regulates the bowels so they will act naturally and you do not have to take purgatives continuously. A. Bjerkhoel.

Attracting General Attention

is the perfect work that is done at our Dyeing and Cleaning establishment. Our cleaning of men's clothing is a long needed want, and we are doing it to perfection. When we clean and press a suit of clothing that only costs a small sum you have a new suit for the season. It is bad for the clothier, but good for the wearer.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A GOOD ROADS BULLETIN.

Farmers' bulletin No. 321, recently issued by the department of agriculture at Washington, takes up in a complete way the subject of the split log drag which has worked such a transformation in the roads in many sections of the country. Graphic descriptions of the drag are given, while careful instructions follow telling how the drag is built and should be used. The magnitude of the good roads movement and the important part which the new drag is playing will be realized when it is known that there are in the United States 2,000,000 miles of dirt roads, the cost of the adequate maintenance of which would run from $20 to $50 per mile were the high priced ditcher with its force of men and teams employed to do the road work. Results of so definite character have been obtained that the bulletin states that the cost of maintaining the same roads by use of the split log drag and plank ditch cleaner would be but from $1.50 to $5 per mile and the job be better done at that.

The bulletin in question may be secured by any one interested in road improvement by applying to the congressman of one's district or directly to the agricultural department at Washington.

FAITH A PRACTICAL NECESSITY.

While faith in the future benefits of investments is a necessity in the case of manufacturer and of the merchant who must advertise before he will realize an increase in sales, it is especially true of the stock raiser and tiller of the soil. The former must of necessity forecast the future and have faith that money invested in high priced and valuable sires will come back to him in the shape of increased prices for the stock he is able to produce, while the latter must entertain a like faith in increased yields when he plants or sows thoroughbred and tested grains. The initial cost and outlay in both—in fact, all four instances—may seem large, but in the long view it is not so, when subsequent gains covering a period of months or years are taken into account. Many folks make a virtual failure of life in a material way, or at least plod along on a very low level of achievement, simply because this matter of initial expense or the first investment looms so large in their eyes that it obscures the view of anything beyond.

CLOVER ALONE NO PANACEA.

An important fact that is being given emphasis by Professor Cyril G. Hopkins of the Illinois agricultural experiment station is that the employment of clover in a crop rotation with corn and oats, while keeping up the supply of nitrogen in the soil through the service which the legume renders, will result in robbing the soil of phosphorus unless stock raising or dairying is followed and the major portion of the fertilizing elements in the grain and grasses fed returned to the soil in the shape of fertilizers. It will be well for those who have looked upon the growing of clover as a sort of panacea to cure the wrongs inflicted by a soil robbing system of agriculture to remember that this is only a partial remedy and must be coupled with stock raising or dairying if the cure of the soil is to be complete.

TOO STIFF A COMBINATION.

Recently there came to our notice another case of where an unsuspecting land seeker ran afoul of the combination of sleek land agent, aided and abetted by the enticing whisky bottle. The average land buyer of intelligence and backbone has about all he can attend to to hold his own when he is besieged by the persistent land agent, but when in addition to him the buyer's wits are befuddled by whisky, furnished by a disinterested (?) third party, the combination is entirely too stiff, and he might as well throw up the sponge. If there is ever a time when a fellow needs a clear head and all his wits about him it is when he is in the company of one of these unscrupulous land agents, who have the capacity to make black seem white, west east and up down.

HAS MUCH TO COMMEND IT.

If the corn field is properly fenced and proper cross fences can be erected the practice of hogging down corn already followed by some has much to commend it in localities where hog raising is an important item and where help is scarce and high priced. While it might be termed by some a lazy man's method, it has been found as a result of feeding experiments that hogs fattened under corn field conditions make a much more rapid gain on a given amount of feed than if the same is given them in the regular feed lot. An added advantage where the number of hogs fed is large is the fertilizer which has been left on the ground by the time the corn is consumed.

If one has a dairy of from twenty to thirty cows there is little question that a milking machine of some responsible make would prove both a time and money saver.

The three c's—cows, corn and clover—constitute a triumvirate of agricultural influences that mean contentment and prosperity for any section where they are duly and properly recognized.

While the state of Michigan is not a leader in stock raising, grain growing or dairying, she does lead in the production of the white bean and of celery and ranks second in the production of sugar beets.

New York ranks first both in the number and value of her dairy cows, Iowa comes second, Wisconsin third and Illinois fourth. In New York the average value of dairy cows is placed at $33.50, in Illinois $35, while in Wisconsin and Iowa it is $30.50.

The strong flavor of several kinds of wild fowl may be reduced to a minimum by drawing carefully and just before cooking soaking for an hour or two in salt water. Until the game is drawn it will keep best by hanging in a cool place where the air is stirring.

The scrub bull is at once the cheapest as well as the most expensive animal which can be kept on the farm—cheapest because he can be had for a song and most expensive because he has few or no valuable traits to transmit to his offspring, which, like him, can only be scrubs.

If the working team which has been on a hearty ration is given a layoff it is well to reduce the bill of fare materially, especially if corn has been quite a part of it. A beef steer can stand over a corn trough all day long and experience no trouble, but it is different in the case of a horse. He is often upset if he gets just a little too much hearty feed.

Keeping the house at 68 degrees F. during the winter months may seem a trifle cool at first, but when one gets used to it it is a much more wholesome temperature than 72 to 76, a degree of heat that is to be found in all too many homes. Moreover, one who breathes the cooler air in the home is much less likely to contract colds on going out of doors.

It is usually safe to buy land in sections where hard wood timber abounds and where clover and blue grass find a congenial home. They indicate fertility of soil as well as a sufficient rainfall, both of which are necessary in successful farming. Where the above evidences are lacking one may have strong grounds for suspecting that things are not as they should be and should be cautious in the making of investments if arable land is desired.

Plans for the winter care of the flock of poultry should include provision for a scratching shed in which the hens may exercise every day when the weather will permit. Scatter their grain in the litter and note the apparent enjoyment which they will get in digging it out. It will be surprising, too, how many days of the winter months they will spend in such an open shed. Exercise and fresh air together will mean more eggs as well as a robust physical condition, which will tend to ward off disease.

A winter ration for the milk cow that will answer the purpose very well is one-half pound of oil or gluten meal, two pounds of ground oats and corn and two pounds of bran at a feed twice a day, the amount fed, depending, of course, somewhat upon the assimilative capacity of the cow and the amount of her milk flow. Added to this she should have as much bright clover or millet hay as she will eat, corn fodder or ensilage, if it is available, salt where she can have it when she wants it and clean, pure water at least twice a day.

It is a rule generally accepted by raisers of cattle and hogs that to realize a fair profit from his efforts the farmer should receive as many dollars per hundredweight for his beef and pork as the corn fed is worth in dimes. In other words, thirty cent corn should not be fed to stock which does not fetch as much as $3 per hundredweight, while to justify the feeding of fifty cent corn the feeder should get $5 per hundredweight or better. With corn as high as it is today and likely to go higher, the rule above referred to is one that should be taken into careful account.

It is always a disappointment to the passerby as he views the farm premises to see things about the place wrong end to—a lot of slovenly willows in the front yard, where the lawn ought to be, and the area used as a runway for pigs, ducks and chickens and a harbor for all kinds of played out machinery instead of being fenced off and devoted to shapely trees, flowers and shrubs. We noticed two such contrasts recently, and the difference was most striking. In a large sense the farm which was slovenly kept was little more than a roosting place, and it is fair to assume that as soon as the boys and girls who are reared in it get old enough they will dig out for more attractive quarters, if they have not already done so, and there will be little ground to blame them. There should be more homes and fewer roosting places.

F. E. Trigg

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

Wilhelm Michelet,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.
Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here In Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

The News, $1 Per Year.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MARKET DAY

Thief River Falls Will Hold The Greatest

Farmers' Market Day

That Ever Happened In Northern Minnesota on

WED. DEC. 9, 1908

Arrangements have been perfected to entertain 2000 visitors at that time. Every business house in the city announces special discounts for the day, and no one can afford to miss the hundreds of genuine bargains that will be offered to purchasers.

There Will Also Be A FREE AUCTION

fo anything the farmer wishes to esll; a waiting room with attendants who will serve free coffee to visiting ladies and children; good 15c lunches in all the restaurants in the city; two moving picture shows and a roller skating rink, all at half price to visitors; a free street concert by the city band; free corrals and hay for stock offered for sale; committee men to meet you; free store room for farmers' goods they wish to leave in town; and the following long list of prizes offered by the business men to farmers only:

Best general purpose farm team.	String sleigh bells.
Heaviest farm team.	Free shoeing for team.
Best looking driving team.	Free shoeing for team.
Heaviest ox team.	$4.00 suit case.
Best milch cow.	$2.50 silvered nickeled teapot.
Bushel of best potatoes.	Pair of mitts.
Largest cabbage.	Box of cigars.
Coop of best chickens.	Pair of four buckeled overshoes.
Load of best tame hay.	$3.00 Patterson Hat.
Heaviest load of wild hay.	Clock.
Best 5 pound jar of dairy butter.	$5.00 rocker.
Most eggs.	$5.00 Misses' Cloak.
Heaviest butchered hog.	Lamp.
Mother accompanied by most children.	$7.00 set fur.
Prettiest farmer's daughter.	Pair of $4.00 Shoes.
Tallest farmer's wife.	$5.00 Dress Pattern.
Shortest farmer's wife.	Pair of $4.00 Shoes.
Prettiest child under two years.	$8.00 electric trolley.
Farmer and wife coming furthest by team.	$5.00 wool blanket.
Homeliest man.	$5.50 camera and tripod.
Man with longest hair.	Free hair-cut and shave.
Farmer hauling in most people on one load.	Boy's $4.00 Suit.

Climb Aboard the Band Wagon

Come in With The CROWD

GET WISE

to this best chance of the year to sell or trade anything you have and to buy right what you need. Everything you bring in will be bought.

LOOSEN UP A LITTLE

and bring in your wife and kids for a day of pleasure and profit.

THE KEYS

of Thief River Falls will be in the hands of the

FARMERS ON DEC. 9

COME EVERYBODY COME

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	99
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.31
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phone 17.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Sheriff Nelson was in the city Tuesday.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River Monday.

F. S. Doege was down to Wolverton last week.

Wanted—Good laundry girl at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Wanted—to buy a team of horses. Ed O'Hara.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. C. W. Nelson.

Alfred Rasmusson was over to Grand Forks to spend Sunday.

Walter Robbecke was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Adam Zeh was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

M. C. Burns was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Ole O. Legwold was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Miss Nettie Ove was over to Grand Forks the first of the week.

C. A. Robbecke returned yesterday from his trip to West Baden.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

~~Hats at half price at Miss Lakins.~~ Come early and get your pick.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club tomorrow evening.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son returned Tuesday evening to Crookstona.

Deputy Game Warden Munch, of Crookston, was in the city Monday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Sally and children were up from Red Lake Falls last week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holzknecht.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs George Elder.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Julius J. Olson, the well known Warren attorney, was in the city last week.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

Olaf Ramstad left Monday morning for Duluth to attend to business matters for a few days.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Hon. Cunder Krostge, of Fisher, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

John Morgan returned Sunday from a trip to West Baden and to his old home in Eastern Canada.

John Kalberg, of Excel, left Monday for Millaca to spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends.

Found—A ladies comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

State Libarian John E. King, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute to St. Paul.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Alfonse Miller, who had been here visiting friends, returned to his home at Valley City, N. D., Monday.

Miss Grace Meehan, who is teaching in the schools at Grand Forks, was here last week visiting her parents.

Services will be held at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Senator A. L. Hanson, of Ada, was in the city Monday attending to business matters and visiting with friends.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Joe Klimek will arrive here in a few days and remain until after the Holidays visiting his brother, Dr. A. J. Klimek.

Our Holiday Line

Yes, the goods are here and opened up, a little early, you say, no, just about right for many buyers want the first look, first selecting. It means getting the cream in most cases, because later on the lines are broken and the really good things slightly culled over. Another thing, the goods don't cost more now than they do December 23rd. but you have larger varieties to select from and it also helps spread the expense over a longer time, does n't make it seem quite so hard to make the money go around. Yes, we'll store the presents until Christmas and be responsible for their safe delivery to you at that time.

What more can you ask? If you think of anything, just step in. We'll be glad to do our part.

Klimek Jewelry & Optical Company.

Meehan Building, LaBree Ave. Thief River Falls.

THE NEWS

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

John Ristau and Henry Dau, two enterprising Germantown farmers, were in the city last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. A. Joe Giller left Saturday for Grand Forks to attend the marriage of her brother. She returned the first of the week.

—For Sale or trade for Land—M store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

If you are out of Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts, put them on your list of groceries needed now before you forget it.

There will be a grand dance in the Evenson Hall on Friday evening of this week. Music by the Elite Orchestra. All are invited.

Dr. and Mrs. Biderman, of Argyle, were in the city last week, the guests of Mine Host and Mrs. Julian Provencher of the Hotel Evelyn.

The Ladies Aid of the United Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. T. P. Hamre on Wednesday, December 9. All are cordially invited.

William McGregor, principal of the St. Hilaire schools, and Walter McGregor, of St. Cloud, were in the city last Saturday visiting with friends.

John Fuller went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening and will take an invoice of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's yard at that place.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

George Diebel, a former resident of this city, was here the first of the week for a few days. He was enroute from a trip to Illinois to his home at Milton, N. D.

Lost—On Monday, Nov. 23, Ladies dark brown hand bag containing some small change and ladies glasses in case. Kindly leave at Golden Rule Store for reward.

Dr. and Mrs. M. Bockman left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis. Dr. Bockman went down to attend a convention of Soo physicians and Mrs. Bockman to visit friends.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing. Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a supper and sale of fancy articles, suitable for christmas gifts, December 15, in the vacant store in the Dobner-Meehan block.

Mrs. Millie Brown, the woman convicted last week in Judge Bishop's court, could not raise enough money to take an appeal to the district court and is serving 30 days in the city jail.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will be entertained next Wednesday, Dec. 9, by Mrs. W. W. Prichard and Mrs. J. H. Hay at the home of the former. All are cordially invited.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Lords Supper will also be administered in the service. Rev. F. J. Soltz.

The Red Lake Falls Milling company, whose plant at Red Lake Falls burned to the ground on last Thursday morning, has as yet made no public statement as to whether or not the mill will be rebuilt. The company had $60,000 insurance.

Services in the Presbyterian church as follows:—

Preaching	10:00 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School	11:45 A. M
Young Peoples' Meeting	6:45 P. M

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Mr. and Mrs. John Meyer arrived in the city last week from the Canadian Northwest and remained until the first of the week. The Meyers were pioneer residents of this section, formerly residing upon a farm a few miles north of town.

Christof Wilken, who recently purchased the Ed. G. Holm farm in the town of Rocksbury, arrived here last week from Illinois with his household goods, farm machinery, horses and cattle. Mr. Wilken is an uncle of Wm. Moeller.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from [illegible]'s gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 a. m. and 1 p. m.

Two mighty hunters—Glen [illegible] and Arthur Erickson spent [illegible] up at Strandquist hunting [illegible] and rabbit. They took Ira C. [illegible] along with them to bring their kill back to this city.

Call and see our holiday stock of jewelry, silverware and cut glass which we have just received. Prices are lower and stock larger than ever before. Also remember that we can repair your watch and do it right. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

The Minneapolis Journal of Sunday contained a story telling of the capture of Almighty Voice, an Indian who lived up near Prince Albert, Canada. A brother of Dr. Henry Grundy, of this city, was one of the mounted policemen killed by Almighty Voice. This happened eleven years ago.

The season for netting white fish in the inland lakes opened Tuesday, and ends December 10th. No net shall exceed 100 feet in length and three feet in width and the meshes of the net shall not be less than 3½ inches in size. The sale of white fish and trelipies so caught is prohibited.

On Monday the residents of Grygla voted upon the proposition of issuing bonds to help pay for the survey of the proposed Minnesota Air Line railway from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt. We have not heard what the result of the election was, but we were informed last week that it was almost sure to carry.

Peter Engelstad, the well known Rocksbury farmer and secretary of the local co-operative creamery association, left Tuesday for Chicago to attend the National Dairymen's convention which is held on the 3rd and 4th of December. Mr. Engelstad is going to enter into some of the contests for creamery secretaries, and as he is one of the best creamery secretaries in the country it is expected he will win some of the prizes.

Owing to the fact that the flour mill at Red Lake Falls has burned to the ground, Matt Skala, the enterprising merchant at Red Lake Falls, has out posters announcing that he is going out of business. Matt is the only level headed business man in Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. H. G. Dobner leaves this evening for St. Paul to spend a few days.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Gillette on Friday afternoon. All are cordially invited.

K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Inquiry develops the interesting fact that the young ladies who attended the normal training department of our high school last year are now earning something over $1,000 per month in the aggregate. This does not include the salaries of those who qualified earlier but only of those of last year's enrollment. As most of this is earned by young ladies of this vicinity, it is probable that a large part of it is also spent here.

The school never had so many students enrolled at one time as it has at the present.

The following are some of the outlying postoffice points from each of which one or more students have registered in our school so far this year: Wylie, Badger, Holt, Plummer, Roseau, Radoy, Ingalls, Hagen, Foy, Dawner, Borup, Huss, Garnes, Hazel, Benwood, Kiep, Store, St. Hilaire, Fram, Highlanding, Pelan, Red Lake Falls, Kusheel, Thorhult, Viking, Middle River, Thorwick. All the towns adjoining this city also send in a number of students. Nine pupils registered as receiving their mail at St. Hilaire.

A basket social, including a musical program and other attractions, will take place at the High School building on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Everybody is invited to attend and have a good time as well as to help along a worthy cause.

The normal students are teaching this week in the fifth and sixth grades in the High School building.

The janitors have been working literally night and day this week to have the buildings comfortable for the reception of the children in the mornings.

Several of the teachers visited Winnipeg during the Thanksgiving holidays and are enthusiastic in their praises of the Canadian city.

It is a pleasure to announce that there is but one case of a contagious disease in the city at the present time and that one is not a serious case either. This is something to boast of when one becomes acquainted with the troubles of some of our neighboring towns as reported in the daily press.

AT THE BIJOU.

Following is the synopsis of scenes in the famous Edison's film, entitled, "Pocahontas", or "A Child of the Forest". The treaty of peace, "Smith's expedition, Saved by a Compass, A great Chief", The council, Krueder Wacha's [illegible], Captain Smith goes to England, Historic Wedding. We owe a debt to Capt. John Smith, a hardy adventurer, sailor, [illegible] and traveler. He founded Jamestown in 1607 and made friends of the Indians. This picture tells of his meeting Pocahontas. Another big number for the last half of this week is, "Wrongfully Accused", a highly dramatic feature story picture. Other subjects are "Fighting the Flames" and "Two Clever Detectives". Mrs. Husseth sings the beautiful pictured melody "You". Amateurs at 8:30 and 9:30 Friday night. All new faces.

Synod Church.

Services next Sunday in Norwegian at 10:30 A. M.

In English at 7:45 P. M.

Sunday school at 9 A. M.

The class of catechumen meets Saturday at 9 A. M.

Ladies Aid this afternoon (Dec. 3rd) with Mrs. E. N. Aasen. I. T. Aastad.

Special price for Market day, December 9, only for this day. All shoes, except rubber goods on the bargain table, market day price 10 per cent discount. Remember our shoes have the quality in them and marked on our price basis. Langseth Shoe Store. Anton Langseth, proprietor.

THE OLD CIRCUS POSTER.

Pretentious Language With Which the Show Was Described.

The grandiloquent extravagance of language of the old time circus poster is illustrated by this reproduction, which is given verbatim:

"There will be presented a resplendent series of sublime, moral, interesting, instructive, amusing and wonderful scenes which would appear entirely too fabulous if expressed in an advertisement. They must be seen to be truly appreciated. These great displays will unfold in all the loveliness and beauty of enchantment, carrying the minds of the bewildered or spellbound spectators off on the gentle wings of the imagination to such pageantry as they might dream of after reading a few pages of 'Arabian Nights' Entertainments.' Words are really wanting to give adequate expression. Webster's unabridged falls most signally in language to fully portray a semblance of the reality. Zoonomy may be learned at this great college in a single evening. Here the visitor will see splendid specimens of the zygodactylous race that live upon the earth or float and poise upon the wings of gold and silver plume in the cerulean arch, and in reference to these the corps of superintendents in courtly dress will elucidate the peculiarities of each with guarded suaviloquence."

THE TWO ROMEOS.

Mrs. Siddons' Opinion of David Garrick and Spranger Barry.

David Garrick and Spranger Barry were both playing Romeo at the same time in London. Barry played it at Drury Lane on the Monday, and Garrick played it the next night at Covent Garden, and the town was divided as to which was the greater Romeo—in fact, there was quite a great excitement about it, and they acted it upon such different lines and with such marvelously different conceptions that the people argued the case as to which Shakespeare intended. The fact is that Shakespeare intended it to be acted well, and if one man's temperament suited it best to act in that way it would do for another temperament the other way.

So they asked Mrs. Siddons, who was the Juliet alternately with the same Romeo, which she considered better of the two, and she said:

"It is difficult to say. They are both wonderfully great, but I will tell you how they impress me in the balcony scene. In the balcony scene Garrick seems so eager, so intense and so full of fire and spirit that I'm afraid he'll jump up in the balcony to me, and Barry is so lovable and fascinating that I'm afraid I shall have to jump down from the balcony to him."

The Relationship.

"You say, madam," said the bespectacled lawyer to the woman in the witness box, "that the defendant is a sort of relation of yours. Will you please explain what you mean by that—just how you are related to the defendant?"

The witness beamed upon the court and replied:

"Well, it's just like this. His first wife's cousin and my second husband's first wife's aunt married brothers named Jones, and they were cousins to my mother's aunt. Then, again, his grandfather on his mother's side and my grandfather on my mother's side were second cousins, and his stepmother married my husband's stepfather after his father and my mother died, and his brother Joe and my husband's brother Harry married twin sisters. I ain't never figgered out just how close related we are, but I've always looked on 'im as a sort of cousin."

"Quite so," answered the lawyer. "Your explanations are perfectly satisfactory."

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss. DISTRICT COURT.

O. N. Olson and J. H. Jackson, co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company, Plaintiff,

vs

Christ Myhre, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of an execution to me delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District State of Minnesota in and for the County of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of O. N. Olson and J. H. Jackson, Copartners as Olson Brothers & Company and against Christ Myhre I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter (N. E. ¼) of Section eleven (11) Township one hundred and fifty three (153) North of Range forty one (41) in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

And that I shall on Saturday the 16th day of January A. D. 1909, at the hour of Ten o'clock A. M. of said day at the Front Door of the Post Office in the city of Thief River Falls, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Christ Myhre in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgment and costs amounting to Two Hundred and Seventeen no-100 Dollars together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the first day of December, 1908, at the rate of six per cent per annum at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
By Robert R. Lee, Deputy

[illegible] Halvorson,
Plaintiff's Attorney
Dated December 1st, 1908
dec 3-jan 7

AN INGENIOUS SWINDLER.

The Daring Scheme That Was Worked by a German Doctor.

Near a small village in one of the lake states lived a western millionaire in seclusion with his little daughter and a few servants. The child was afflicted with a rare cerebro spinal complaint, a most unpleasant manifestation of which was a frequent hiccough, and eminent physicians, both in America and Europe, had pronounced the case organic and incurable.

Later there came to live in the village a widow with a little girl affected similar to the millionaire's daughter. This child was a delicate, flower faced creature, wistful from the isolation that must have been her sad lot, and the peculiar bark-like hiccough which she made at once attracted the millionaire's attention, and, being a big hearted if rather ignorant man, he gave the mother employment about his home and showered the afflicted child with presents.

Perhaps four months after the widow's advent an eccentric German doctor settled in the village, and, his services being sought by the widow, he gave her child treatment, with the result that it was completely cured.

The millionaire immediately sought to place his own daughter under the German's care, but the latter flatly refused to take the case. He was a Socialist of a violent type and would have nothing to do with a man whose wealth exceeded the sum that he had fixed upon as the lawful limit of material possession.

Finally, however, after the father had patiently borne the grossest insults the German agreed to give the afflicted child treatment on condition that the other would first deed over a large tract of land in Texas for a Socialist colony and pay him for his fee a sum little short of $50,000. This the millionaire did, but as soon as the doctor had cashed the check he disappeared with the widow and her child, and the wealthy man realized that, blinded by paternal love, he had been made the victim of an ingenious swindle.

The flower faced girl of the widow had been taught to simulate a disease, and the German was no doubt her father. He was subsequently located in Buenos Aires, but he injured man, not wishing his daughter's affliction published broadcast, dropped the prosecution.—Don Mark Lemon in Bohemian Magazine.

EXECUTING MAZEPPA.

Peter the Great's Odd Way of Punishing a Deserter.

Peter the Great, czar of Russia, punished a traitor on a notable occasion in a way that the numerous victims of the present czar's wrath might well wish were still in vogue.

Mazeppa, chieftain of the Cossacks, had deserted to the king of Sweden, with whom Peter was at war. Mazeppa was at once tried by court martial and found guilty of high treason. Sentence of death was passed upon him.

Mazeppa, however, was safely in the camp of the Swedish king, but this fact was not permitted to stand in the way of the carrying out of every part of the sentence. A wooden effigy of Mazeppa was made, and the punishments were inflicted upon the Cossack chieftain's substitute.

The effigy was first dressed in Mazeppa's uniform, and upon its breast were pinned all of the medals, ribbons and other decorations that the real culprit had worn.

While the commanding general and a squadron of cavalry stood near an officer advanced to the wooden man and read the sentence. Then another officer wrenched off the effigy's patent of knighthood and his other decorations, tore them up and trampled upon them. This done, he struck the wooden gentleman a powerful blow in the pit of the stomach, knocking him over. Next a hangman appeared. While the soldiers shouted he threw a noose over the imitation Mazeppa's head and dragged the effigy to a nearby gallows, where it was "hanged by the neck until it was dead."—Scrap Book.

Could Handle a Shovel.

The foreman of a Chicago iron mill once employed a tramp who had been a college baseball champion. Their acquaintance began in a way that showed the tramp still to be game and cheery. It was a cold autumn dawn, and the tramp had slept in front of a furnace on a warm stone. The foreman, being short of laborers, on his morning tour of inspection spied the fellow and thought he would give him a job.

"My man," he said, "can you do anything with a shovel?"

"Well, I could fry a piece of ham on it."—Minneapolis Journal.

The Pompous Man.

I do not like the pompous man. I do not wish him for a friend. He's built on such a gorgeous plan that he can only condescend, and when he bows his neck is sprained. He walks as though he owned the earth—as though his vest and shirt contained all that there is of sterling worth. With sacred joy I see him tread upon a stray banana rind and slide a furlong on his head and leave a trail of smoke behind.—Emporia (Kan.) Gazette.

From Limb to Limb.

Housewife—Why don't you get a job and keep it? Hobo—I'm like de little bird dat keeps flyin' from limb to limb. Housewife—G'wan, you're only a bum! How could you fly from limb to limb? Hobo—I mean de limbs o' de law, mum!—Kansas City Independent.

Criticism often takes from the tree caterpillars and blossoms together.—Richter.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation and stimulates the liver. Orino regulates the bowels so they will act naturally and you do not have to take purgatives continuously. A. Bjorkhoel.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line.
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, Dec. 5, 1908.

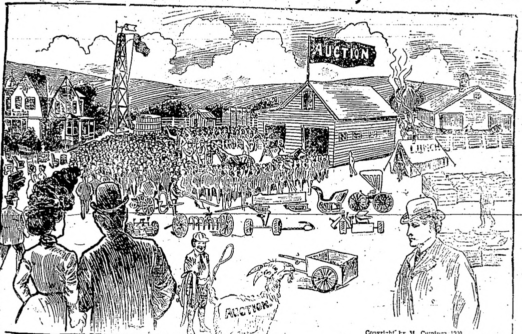

Copyright by M. Cumings 1900.

Commencing at 10:30 o'clock Saturday, December 5, 1908, I will sell at public auction the property named below at my farm located on Section 3, Town of Kratka, one and one-half miles west of Brunkeberg postoffice.

1 horse, 3 years old.
1 horse, 4 years old.
1 mare, 12 years old.
1 horse, 14 years old.
1 mare, 2 years old.
1 horse colt, 6 months old.
7 milch cows, ranging in age from 3 to 7 years.
1 heifer, 2 years old.
4 heifers, 6 months old.
2 steers, 6 months old.
1 narrow tired wagon.
1 Boss bobsled.
1 light running Plano binder.
1 new Defiance 16-inch sulky plow.
1 16-inch stubble plow.
2 14-inch breaking plows.
1 rake.
1 harrow.
1 12-Disc Osborne Disc.
1 Western King wide tired farm wagon.
1 De Laval Cream Separator, 400 lbs. capacity.
1 McCormick mower.
And other articles too numerous to mention.

HOT LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash; over that amount bankable paper due Nov. 1, 1909.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer. HAAKON A. TRONNES, Owner.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.
Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed
Prices right.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

THE NEWS
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

Attracting General Attention is the perfect work that is done at our Dyeing and Cleaning establishment. Our cleaning of men's clothing is a long needed want, and we are filling it to perfection. When we clean and press a suit of clothing that only costs a small sum you have a new outfit for the season. It is bad for the clothier, but good for the wearer.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

The Peoples Drug Store
ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.
DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.
Prescription Work a Specialty.
PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

WAS NOT A TEMPERANCE MAN

Stockholm Socialists Elect a Man to the Riksdag in Whom They Are Disappointed.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

There is a pretty good joke on the socialists of Stockholm. Some time ago they elected a man named Johansson to the riksdag, who, as they thought, was a temperance man, but in this they seem to have been very much disappointed. The other evening he went to a restaurant and asked for a certain brand of Norwegian whiskey and when he learned that they did not keep anything of that kind in the restaurant he became abusive and was going to chastise one of the waiters. The temperance people who have supported Johansson now try to get rid of this unpleasant joke by declaring that he was not their regularly appointed candidate, and that he was pushed to the front by a woman working in a brewery. Be this as it may, Johansson's standing in the riksdag as an ardent temperance agitator has been severely shaken.

King Gustaf departed for England via Skane, Nov. 7, and spent a few days hunting at Skarbersjo before he joined Queen Victoria in Malmo. The royal couple then resumed the journey to England via Copenhagen, Gjedser, Warnemune, Hamburg and Kiel and Cherbourg, where they were taken aboard the royal yacht "Albert and Victoria," which conveyed them to London. After completing their visit to France and England, they will journey to Baden, where they will visit the Grand Duchess Louise on her 70th birthday, the third of December. They will also pay an official visit to Vienna and will return to Copenhagen about Dec. 7.

The beet sugar industry is coming into its own in southern Sweden. About 70,000 acres of land were put to sugar beets in Skane last summer and it is estimated that the farmers will get over $5,000,000 for their beet crops. The average yield was about twelve tons to the acre, and in some instances as much as twenty tons per acre. The beets were pulled under very favorably conditions, and very little dirt stuck to them. Next year it is estimated that not less than 100,000 acres will be put into sugar beets in that section of the country.

It is announced, but not officially, that the Nobel prizes are likely to be awarded as follows: For chemistry, Professor E. Rutherford, director of the physical laboratories of the University of Manchester, England; literature, Algernon Charles Swinburne; physics, Professor Max Plank, professor of mathematics and physics in the University of Berlin; medicine, divided between Dr. Paul Ehrlic, of Berlin, and Professor Elie Metchinkoff, of the Pasteur institutes of Paris.

Dispatches state that both Swedes and Norwegian have been fishing lobsters this fall on the Griesebo shallows, which are claimed by both countries. The Swedes are in the majority according to these reports and the lobsters are more plentiful than ever. Undoubtedly this is going to occasion additional trouble between the two nations and no matter what measures will be taken, it will be difficult to put a stop to illegal fishing on the boundary waters.

In Stocholm there are more than 2,000 persons out of employment. At the labor bureaus there is a crowd of between four and five hundred men in search of work every day, but these organizatoins in spite of their most earnest efforts are unable to do anything to supply work for these people. At army quarters there are an unusually large number of men, who desire to join the army, just so as to be able to get something to eat and a little something to do.

Miss Elin Sundvall, the India missionary, who is at present enjoying a visit to her home in Stockholm, will in the near future depart for Caucasia, where she will take up missionary work among the so-called "devil-worshippers." She will be accompanied by Miss Olga Noberg of Venersborg, who will engage in the same kind of work. Their work will be conducted under the auspices of the Evangelical Mission Covenant of Stockholm.

Dr. Sven Hedin delivered a lecture in Shanghai before the Royal Asiatic society Nov. 5. The following day he took passage on an English steamer to Japan and the first week in December he will continue his journey to London via Siberia. He will reach Stockholm during the latter part of the month, where he will be accorded a magnificent reception.

Sweden is going to build a new destroyer in the near future and has submitted bids to five of the leading iron works in the country. No foreign bids will be made this time and hereafter all the Swedish naval craft will be manufactured at home.

The Swedish tourist bureau will open up a branch oce in Berlin Jan. 1. The intention is to push the advertising of Swedish tourist routes all over Germany and Austria. A branch office may also be established in Paris in the near future.

During the past twelve months 1,133,200 tons of iron ore were shipped from Lulea alone. This shows an increase in the iron ore shipments from this place over the previous twelve months of 32,800 tons.

Enrico Caruso, the noted Italian tenor, who was offered 10,000 crowns for just one appearance in Berns Salonger at a Sunday matinee, has wired that it will be impossible for him to accept any dates prior to Nov. 1, 1909.

King Gustaf has been appointed an honorary admiral of the British navy.

NORWAY.

Christiania.

Professor Nansen in his lecture before the Geographical society in London pointed out that the principal problems of the geographical exploration of the northern Arctic regions consist in scientific examination concerning the extensiveness, the depths and general character of the polar basin. This task could in an important extent, be fulfilled in a future expedition which would let itself drift over the polar basin—as did the "Fram" exedition of 1893-96, but with its route laid further to the north than that of the "Fram." These words contain the nucleus of Captain Amundsen's scheme, laid before the public in a lecture given in the Geographical society's hall at Christiania Nov. 10. "We have apparatus now by which it is possible to obtain samples not only of the surface of the bottom itself, but also of the underlying strata at a depth of two meters or more," said Captain Amundsen. "Perhaps of even greater importance, however, is the depth of the seas. We know of three different water bulks in the polar basin; they represent at the least three different current systems which are not yet sufficiently examined."

The organization of the Scandinavian-American league and the exchanging of lectures between this country and Scandinavia is a hopeful sign indeed. It will mean closer intellectual sympathy between the old world and the new, and a better understanding all around. It will also naturally lead to closer and better trade relations, for with the closer ties of friendship, closer commercial relations follow as a matter of course.

There will be a large number of Norwegian-Americans who will visit the home country during the coming holidas and there have already been many bookings by the steamship companies. The holiday passenger traffic has now assumed great proportions and there are a great many people who take advantage of low rates and make the trip.

Twelve men were saved a few days ago from the American yacht Cuba about midway between Cuba and Baltimore by the crew of the Bergen steamer "Ran." The work of rescue was kept up for thirteen hours, the Norwegian vessel experiencing great trouble in being able to come close enough to the vessel in distress.

Norwegian military authorities are said to be considering the report of a committee on fortifications at Horten. Afterwards plans will be reported for strengthening the defenses along the entire coast. The "Morgenbladet" states that the work contemplated will require an expenditure of more than $5,000,000.

Bjornson is, according to latest reports, getting a little better. His physicians told him that a rest was imperative and the distinguished author has therefore gone to Lavovik watering place for an extended rest and is there under the very best of medical care.

The number of persons who have emigrated from Norway this year up to Oct. 1, are 7,242. Last year 18,712 persons emigrated from Norway to foreign countries. With the exception of about 500 they all came to Canada and the United States.

A delegation of Norwegian soldiers will attend the French skee tournament, which will be held at Chamonix Jan. 31 to Feb. 7.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The police have succeeded in capturing four of the most dangerous anarchists, Russians, who were leaders of the disreputabel gang of murderers and marauders that burned and killed a score of people in the country districts south of Copenhagen about two weeks ago, and which were referred to in our last week's letter. Among these four is the leader, a man named Bulotti, who when he was arrested resisted until the very last moment with a revolver in each hand, succeeding in critically injuring two constables before he was subdued. He was finally bound hand and foot and carried to the police station, followed by a frenzied mob of people who demanded that he be killed at once. He is a Russian anarchist who has escaped from Siberia and was in Russia considered a very dangerous character. It is believed that he will be executed within a few days.

Says an exchange: "Many experts have declared that the breech-loading rifle at present used by the Danish army is inferior to an English rifle, whose bullet is pointed. The latter is said to be more apt to hit the mark. Mrs. Oxholm of Rosenfeld made up her mind to act at the facts in the case and so she invited a number of marksmen to her estate to practice on a target with both rifles. The result proved that the English rifle was far superior. Danish military authorities have taken the hint and they are planning the introduction of the English rifle in the infantry in place of the old one.

MARION S. NORLELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A remarkable tribute to a priest was paid at the funeral of Rev. H. F. O'Reilly, rector of the Roman Catholic church at Shenandoah, Pa., for forty years. Twenty-five collieries, employing more than 16,000 men and boys, were shut down to enable the workers to pay their respects to the dead priest. The public schools at Shenandoah and surrounding communities were closed and all business in Shenandoah was suspended.

Following a pitched battle between 700 strikers and twelve deputies at the factory of the National Fire Proofing company at Keasboy, N. J., in which six of the strikers were shot down, Governor Fort dispatched four companies of the state national guard at Trenton to the scene and the streets now are patrolled by 250 soldiers.

Dorando Pietri of Capri, Italy, defeated John J. Hayes of New York city in the renewal of the Marathon race at Madison Square Garden. The distance was 26 miles, 385 yards, the same as the Olympic Marathon, which Hayes won at Shepherds Bush, London, last summer. Dorando's time was 2 hours, 44 minutes, 20⅗ seconds.

The strike of the motormen and conductors of the Chester (Pa.) Traction company, which began on April 13 last, has officially been declared off by the strikers. The strike has been a most unusual one, the boycott by business men and residents being so complete that the company carried no passengers within the city limits.

A war of extermination on the numerous "clubs" in which liquor has been sold in St. Louis on Sundays and during the hours when saloons were closed was announced by Chief of Police Creecy. The statement followed raids on sixty-one "clubs," when 832 men were arrested in them.

The gospel of equality of opportunity for the negro race was preached at Washington by President Roosevelt at the laying of the cornerstone of the colored Y. M. C. A. building. The president made it clear, however, that he was not referring to social relations.

Louis Wagner, with a Fiat car, won the international automobile speed competition at Savannah, Ga., going the 402 miles in 6 hours, 10 minutes and 31 seconds, an average of 65.1 miles an hour.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Closing his testimony in the federal suit to dissolve the Standard Oil company John D. Rockefeller threw some unexpected light on the popular question of into what channels of investment he turned his tremendous earnings from the oil combination. Mr. Rockefeller was loath to state the names of the railroads in which his investments were made, but did so after entering his objections.

John D. Rockefeller, on the stand in the government suit to dissolve the oil trust, declared that Henry M. Flagler and Samuel S. T. Todd were the men who conceived the giant octopus.

Mrs. Eleanor Merron Cowpen, a talented playwright and actress, fatally shot herself in the right temple in an apartment at the St. Regis hotel, New York city.

Frank H. Hitchcock has been offered and has accepted the position of postmaster general in the Taft cabinet.

John Gardner Coolidge, the American minister to Nicaragua, has tendered his resignation.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Plans involving a $246,000,000 corporation for the consolidation of the elevated and street car lines of Chicago, together with some sort of a deal with an electric company to furnish electrical power are now actually under way.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Nov. 30.—Wheat—Dec., $1.05⅝; May, $1.10; July, $1.10⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.0[illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.06⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.02⅝@1.05⅛.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Nov. 30.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¾; Dec., $1.05¾; May, $1.0[illegible]; Nov., $1.05½. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.41¾; Nov., $1.41½; Dec., $1.40¾; May, $1.44¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Nov. 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.00; veals, $5.00@[illegible]. Hogs—$5.10@5.75. Sheep—Wethers, $4.25@4.50; yearlings, $4.50@[illegible]; spring lambs, $5.25@6.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 3[illegible].—Wheat—[illegible] $1.02⅝@1.02⅞; May, $1.05¾; [illegible] $1.01⅞. Corn—Dec., 62¼c; May, [illegible] 61⅞c; July, 62¼c; Sept., [illegible] Oats—Dec., 48⅝c; May, 5[illegible] 46⅛c. Pork—Dec., $14.40; Jan., [illegible] 12½@16.05; May, $16.27½. Butter—Creameries, 22@33c; dairies, [illegible] 29c. Eggs—29c. Poultry—Turkeys, [illegible] 14c; chickens, 8½@9½c; springs, [illegible]

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@7.70; Texans, $3.50@4.40; Western cattle, $3.20@5.70; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.[illegible]@5.00; calves, $5.00@[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]@5.85; mixed, $[illegible]; heavy, $5.35@6.05; rough, $[illegible]@5.55; good to choice heavy, $[illegible]@6.05; pigs, $3.40@4.95. Sheep, $[illegible]@4.70; yearlings, $4.40@4.50; lambs, $3.75@6.40.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Representatives of seven Minneapolis breweries promised Attorney General Young that their institutions would discontinue the practice of lending large sums of money to saloonmen near factories for the purpose of inducing employes to visit the saloons as soon as they get their pay checks. The attorney general also told the breweries that they must stop the practice of setting irresponsible men up as saloonkeepers and evading the purpose of the high license law in having saloonkeepers responsible to the breweries rather than the city.

There were 19,000 more births than deaths last year in this state, according to the records of the state board of health, which are pronounced by federal census authorities to be among the most complete state records in the country. The number of births in 1907 was 39,277 and of deaths 20,317.

Business handled by the state auditor's office and the state treasurer has more than doubled in the last twelve years. In 1896 the total receipts and the total expenditures going through the two offices was $10,457,934. In the last fiscal year the total was $24,824,711.

Some St. Paul merchants have cooperated with Des Moines (Ia.) merchants in a mammoth department store at that town, where each department is operated independently by the respective owners. The store will carry clothing, dry goods, millinery and groceries.

Reports from the principals of the Minneapolis schools show that the total enrollment at the end of the third month of the present school year, Nov. 20, was 42,294 pupils, an increase over last month of 568 pupils and an increase over the same month in 1907 of 261 pupils.

For the last five years every tenth death in this state has been caused by tuberculosis and of these 90 per cent were from pulmonary tuberculosis. The rate for the state for five years is 10.8 per cent, while that for the entire country in 1900 was 10.7.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A crowd of men and women, believed by the police to be prominent members of the society set of St. Paul, stole the hack belonging to John Burke in front of the Nicollet hotel, Minneapolis, at 3 o'clock in the morning and drove it at a mad rate of speed through the streets of Minneapolis. A well-dressed woman had hold of the reins and guided the horses. The hack was abandoned at Merriam Park, on the outskirts of St. Paul.

A. W. Norton of Northfield, former president of the Norstrand bank, which failed several years ago, was sentenced at Faribault to serve two years in the Stillwater prison and to pay a fine of $1,000 for violation of the banking laws. Two years ago Mr. Norton was found guilty on a similar charge and he had served a sentence of two years under that indictment.

Fifteen thousand barrels of Minneapolis flour lie fathoms deep in the waters of Lake Huron as the result of the collision between the Mutual Transit company's steamer North Star with a sister ship, the Queen. The shipment, worth about $85,000, was fully insured through a Minneapolis insurance agency, underwritten largely in the East. It was destined for Buffalo.

Weeping hysterically Anna Johnson, eighteen years old, told Judge Dickinson of the Hennepin county district court that she had killed her new born babe. She pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree and was sentenced to the state prison at Stillwater on the reformatory plan.

The clothing store of Nyquist, Davis & Deyling of Mankato was entered by burglars and $200 worth of goods stolen. It is believed that about three men were in the party and that they outfitted themselves for the winter.

The big mill of the Red Lake Falls Milling company at Red Lake Falls burned to the ground. The fire originated in the elevator. The electric power plant escaped. Loss, $75,000.

OBITUARY.

John L. Gibbs, former lieutenant governor of Minnesota and a decade or more ago one of the most prominent citizens of the southern part of the state, is dead at the home of his son-in-law, Thomas H. Kelly, at Owatonna. Mr. Gibbs had been in broken health for two years or more and it was known he could not long survive when he was taken to Owatonna about a month ago from his country home at Geneva, in Freeborn county. His death is ascribed to a general breaking down of the life forces. He was seventy years of age.

John C. Thompson, aged eighty-four years, is dead at Garden City. He was one of the early settlers of Blue Earth county and a veteran of the Civil war.

William Wood, a commercial traveler well known in the Northwest and prominent in the Elk and U. C. T. lodges, is dead at Minneapolis.

Fred W. Luby, St. Paul's oldest state [illegible] keeper, fell dead of heart disease in that city. He was seventy-six years of age.

E. P. Paine, sixty years old, a pioneer of Northern Minnesota, dropped dead at Duluth.

GROSS EARNINGS DEFINED

Important Decision by Minnesota Supreme Court.

The first definition of "gross earnings" of railroads in the history of the state was given by the supreme court in a suit of the state against the Minnesota and International Railway company for taxes on unreported earnings. The state wins on a majority of its claims and those involving the largest amount of money and in the establishment of the principles will enable the state to collect thousands of dollars from a number of the thirty-five railroads doing business in the state.

The decision says that the earnings of a railroad, for the purpose of taxation, should not be confined to the returns on the actual traffic earnings. The lower court gave the state taxes upon two items involved in the suit and the higher court adds eight additional items to the seventeen claimed by the state.

The court holds that the road in addition to the receipts for transportation should pay taxes on receipts from lumber companies for loading cars for the companies, for the use of railway equipment by construction concerns and for the use of work trains by other roads. Income derived from interest on deposits, from the sale of old material and what might have been received from charging for hauling its own supplies is not taxable.

BARRED FROM THIS STATE

License of Fraternal Mystic Circle Revoked.

The Fraternal Mystic Circle of Philadelphia will no more do business in Minnesota, as the license of the order has been revoked by J. A. Hartigan, state insurance commissioner.

The reason for this action is found in the fact that the fraternal order has been using its mortuary fund to defray its expenses. This applies to the acquirement of new business only and it is thought that the 242 members who are now, according to the last full printed report of the order, members of the circle in Minnesota, will be protected in their insurance.

Insurance in force at the end of 1907 in Minnesota held by the order was $302,250. The expenses for the year were $160,324 and the total income for the year $581,385.

TO CONTROL MINNESOTA PINE

Big Syndicate in Process of Organization.

The Chicago Tribune says a lumber deal by which a $20,000,000 syndicate will take control of the pine forests of Northern Minnesota is near completion. The Weyerhaeuser company of Cloquet, the Cooke & O'Brien company of Duluth, and the Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago are the three big interests involved. Edward Hines said that nothing but minor matters remained to be settled. The interests to be pooled include the Rainy Lake, Duluth and Winnipeg railroad, worth $1,000,000. The companies control 3,000,000,000 feet of lumber in white pine, Norway pine and hemlock, comprising the biggest tract of white pine left in the world.

Veteran Newspaper Man Dead.

Frank J. Mead, aged seventy-three, a well known Twin City newspaperman, died of heart failure in the Swedish hospital at Minneapolis. Mr. Mead arrived at St. Paul in 1857 and became associated with the Pioneer. At the outbreak of the Civil war he served against the Indians. Later he returned to the Pioneer and then published papers in Farmington and Shakopee, as well as Omaha, Neb. He returned to the Twin Cities and became editorial writer on the Minneapolis Tribune. For several years past he wrote for the Boston Herald and New York Journal.

Boy Bandits Busy.

Four young men, described by their victims as nothing but mere boys, are terrorizing Minneapolis with their bold and uninterrupted series of hold-ups. During the past week they have entered at least a half a dozen places, mostly grocery stores, and with fearsome display of revolvers ordered the proprietors to stand aside while they rifled the cash drawers. In only one or two instances were they successful in obtaining money.

Stop City Work on Sunday.

In order to get an improvement completed on South Pearl street the Albert Lea city council planned to put a big force of men to work on Sunday, but the ministerial association of the city ordered otherwise and work was stopped. There is danger now that the work will not be completed before the annual freeze up takes place and the street will be in bad shape.

Bonfire May Prove Fatal.

While left alone Alfred, the six-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Zeeman of Olmsted county secured some matches and amused himself by burning papers. His clothing caught fire and he was badly burned about the breast and arms before assistance arrived. He has a fighting chance for recovery.

Ends Her Life With Acid.

Mrs. Charles Smith, who was also known as Helen Monier, took carbolic acid in her room in a Minneapolis hotel and died a few minutes later at the city hospital. She had quarrelled with a man whom she loved.

HICKS ACQUITTED

Member of Minneapolis Board of Education Freed.

HELD NOT GUILTY OF BRIBERY

Defense Contended Money Was Taken as a Loan.

William K. Hicks, member and secretary of the Minneapolis board of education, is not guilty of accepting a bribe. Hicks was exonerated by the jury which for about a week had been hearing evidence in the Hennepin county district court.

As the verdict was read by the clerk the accused board member fairly trembled with excitement, then suddenly leaned over and kissed his wife. His next move was to hug his attorney, James Peterson, and shake hands with the jurymen all around.

Hicks was tried on a charge of accepting a bribe from W. J. Burns, a detective, known to him as W. J. Bray, a salesman for closets. In order to secure a closet order Bray, it was alleged, gave the accused member $50.

The defense claimed that the $50 was understood at the time by both parties to be a loan, as Hicks was hard up and needed money to repair his house, and that a note was given covering the amount.

There are still three indictments against Hicks, each charging the taking of a bribe, but as the evidence would be much the same in these cases as the one just tried it is possible the indictments will be nolled.

SEVEN TRAINMEN INJURED

Great Northern Flyer Crashes Into Freight.

Seven men, members of the train crew or postal clerks, were severely injured at Clontarf Station, five miles northwest of Benson, when Coast flyer No. 4, running east on the Great Northern, crashed into the rear end of a freight train which was standing on the main track.

Those injured were Engineer Ira Denbey, St. Paul, of the passenger train engine; his fireman, two baggagemen and three postal clerks. Denney was caught under his engine, which was overturned by the shock of the collision, and was badly scalded, but in the opinion of the surgeons will probably recover.

The engine of the passenger train plowed its way, before it was derailed and fell on its side, through the caboose and two freight cars. The baggage car, mail car and three passenger coaches were mingled in one ruin. Fire started up almost instantly and all the passenger train cars, as well as those of the freight train which had been telescoped, were quickly burned.

WILL REPAY FULL AMOUNT

Former Minnesota Oil Inspector Sued by State.

All the charges against Fenton G. Warner of St. Paul, former state oil inspector, who was sued by the state for $9,353.35, which it was claimed he collected in fees and failed to turn over to the state, are dismissed by the terms of a stipulation filed in the Ramsey county district court.

Mr. Warner's misconstruction of the laws relating to inspection are given as the reason why he failed to turn over the fees collected by him to the state.

By the terms of the stipulation the state will recover the full amount.

POLICE SHAKEUP IMMINENT

Housecleaning in Minneapolis Department Planned.

A general housecleaning in the police department of Minneapolis is due in a short time. Heads of the various departments are "shivering in their boots," minutely awaiting their heads to fall, and mouths are tighter around police headquarters and the stations than usual.

Where the axe will fall heaviest is the cause of much speculation, but it is likely to fall on heads of several departments and precincts. Since the assurance of the reappointment of Superintendent of Police Frank T. Corriston the shakeup is imminent.

Minneapolis Man Killed.

Caught in the gearing of a 40-horsepower electric motor Magnus Johnson, fifty-five years of age, received injuries at the Merchants' elevator at Minneapolis from which he died three minutes after reaching the city hospital. Johnson, who was employed as an oiler in the elevator, was cleaning up around the motor, when the sleeve on his right arm caught in the teeth of the cog gearing one one side of the motor and the arm was torn off.

Body Found Under Bridge.

The body of John B. Gedney, a brother of M. A. Gedney, Charles B. Gedney and Isadore V. Gedney, proprietors of the M. A. Gedney company of St. Paul, was found under the bridge of the Minneapolis and St. Louis railway at Minneapolis with his skull fractured. It is supposed that he had been robbed and thrown over the bridge by the highwaymen or that he accidentally fell from the bridge.

Joe Giller Saves You Money.

Closing out Ladies' Tailor made Panama skirts and ladies' walsts at 30 per cent off:

Ladies' $10 skirts for $7. $7 skirts for $4.90
Ladies' $25.00 plush lined coats for $14.75.
Gentlemen's $25.00 plush lined coats for $16.50.
Men's and Boy's $15.00 overcoats for $9.00.
Men's and Boy's sheep skin coats, 30 per cent off.
Men's $12.00 Cravenettes for $7.00.
$7.50 coat for $5.25.
$5.00 coat for $3.25.
Men's best grade duck coats $1.25.
Boy's best grade duck coats 85c.
Men's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Boy's tailor made suits, 30 per cent less than regular prices.
Men's $2.00 hats $1.25.
Mitts, caps and overshoes, 25 per cent off.
Girl's heavy coats, regular $5.00 coat $2.90.
Ladies' fine knit shawls, 25c a piece.
Also a big reduction on groceries.

Every one who buys $5.00 worth of groceries gets 20 pounds of sugar for $1.00.

I pay the highest prices for butter, eggs and wool.

It is no doubt but what I can save you money, as I have small expenses

A. JOE GILLER.

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Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Guilty Of Counterfeiting.

Passing counterfeit money is no worse than substituting some unknown worthless remedy for Foley's Honey and Tar, the great cough and cold remedy that cures the most obstinate coughs and heals the lungs. A. Bjerkhoel.

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office, Crookston, Minnesota, November 21, 1908.
Doc. 4414

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Perley P. Palmer, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 1293, Serial No. 0716, made March 24, 1908, for E.½ N. W.¼ Section 23, Township 153 N., Range 40 W., by Berent A. Sannes, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Berent A. Sannes has wholly abandoned said land for a period of more than six months last past and has not cultivated the same as required by law; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 13, 1909, before WILHELM MICHELET, United States Commissioner, at his office at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 20, 1909, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed November 21, 1908, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

Record address of defendant, Wanke, Minnesota. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

nov. 26-dec. 17.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Jacob E. Lee.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that the 25th day of February, 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated November 12th, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
(Probate Seal) Judge of Probate.
G. Halvorson
Attorney, Thief River Falls, Minnesota
nov. 26-dec. 10

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Tørje S. Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn., who, on April 14th, 1903, made H. E. No. 0006, Serial, No. 0928, for S. W.¼, Section 29, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom J. Audalid, of Thorwick, Minn.
Daniel Roinestad, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "
Nels Gunderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 12-dec. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. Danielson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 24th, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 250, Serial, No. 0994, for Lots 3, 4 and S.½ of N. W.¼ Section 5, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Amondson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Pete Amondson, " " " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " " " "
Frank Fisher, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 19-dec. 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6102, Serial, No. 1029, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Edward Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Sordal, " " " " "
Nels Sordal, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 12-dec. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Quigley, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 21, 1904, made H. E. No. 39, Serial, No. 01030, for Lots 5, 6, & 7 & S. E.¼ N. E.¼, Section 3, Township 154, N., Range 43 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
George Grelbrok, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aslak O. Bergland, " " " " "
Oscar Joppru, " " " " "
Halvor H. Halvorson, of " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
dec. 3-jan. 7

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, as it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

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Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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A Personal Appeal.

If we could talk to you personally about the great merit of Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds and lung trouble, you never could be induced to experiment with unknown preparations that may contain some harmful drugs Foley's Honey and Tar costs you no more and has a record of forty years of cures. A. Bjerkhoel.

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Probate of Will.

ESTATE OF Fred Ottis

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Ottis Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Andrew W. Lang, Gay Halvorson and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Andrew W. Lang being duly filed in this court, representing that Fred Ottis, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of November, 1908, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Andrew W. Lang. NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of December, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 24th day of November, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
COURT Judge.
SEAL G. Halvorson
Attorney for Petitioner.
nov. 26-dec. 10

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 2, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Annie Pescinski, of Brunkeberg, Minn., who, on Oct. 3, 1904, made H. E. No. 631, Serial, No. 0835, for S. W.¼ Section 27, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th Prin meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. G. Browning, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Brzybyszeski, of Germantown, Minn.
Frank Brzybyszeski, " " "
Cecilia Pescinski, " Brunkeberg, "
John Vakoc, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 5 dec. 10

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 24, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. Teslin, of Anton, P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1904, made Homestead Entry, No. 91, Serial No 0161, for S. W.¼, Section 8, Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ P. Brerby, of Kratka, P. O. Minn
Barney E. Tieman, of Thief River Falls Minn
Peter Lendobeja of Kratka P. O. Minn
Fian H. Wright of Anton, P. O. Minn

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
dec. 3 jan. 7

More people are taking Foley's Kidney Remedy every year. It is considered to be the most effective remedy for kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up worn out tissues and restores lost vitality. It will make you feel well and look well. A. Bjerkhoel.

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Manufacturers of
Store,
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Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Mrs. McRaney's Experience.

Mrs. M. McRaney, Prentiss, Miss., writes: "I was confined to my bed for three months with kidney and bladder trouble, and was treated by two physicians but failed to get relief. No human tongue can tell how I suffered, and I had given up hope of ever getting well until I began taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. After taking two bottles I felt like a new person, and feel it my duty to tell suffering women what Foley's Kidney Remedy did for me". A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1908 NUMBER 50

FUR PRICES THIS YEAR.

Trappers In Northern Minnesota Are Catching an Abundance of Good Skins.

The Prevailing Price This Year Will Be Much Lower Than That of Last.

A Chicago raw fur house, which does a large business with northern Minnesota trappers, has issued its first price list of the season, with an explanation to the effect that, as the fur season is just beginning, values are not yet fully established, but they are given with as much accuracy as possible.

Taken as a whole, prices for raw furs this fall will not be as high as last, according to the circular in question, which is conceded to be one of the most reliable issued. In a few cases better prices will be obtained, but the average will be lower, although in a very few instances has there been any very great reduction.

Mink pelts are not commanding quite so high a figure as they were a year ago. Lake Superior mink, classed as among the best in America, bring only $6 to $7 a pelt, where last fall the price ran above $10. The price paid for the best Minnesota and Wisconsin skins away from the lake will not exceed $5.50 and the average probably will not run over $4. To command the highest price a skin must be large, in prime condition, and so dark in color as to be nearly black.

Muskrats are bringing as much as they did last fall. They are selling as high as 31 cents each, which is considered fairly good for that class of fur. Skunks command about the same figure as above. The dealers pay from $1.75 down to 50 cents for skunk, according to their grade. For a while last year exceptionally good skins brought over $2; but not very long.

Marten is another fur in which Northern Minnesota trappers are particularly interested. Marten, mink, muskrat and skunk constitute the biggest portion of the Minnesota trapper's catch. This year it is bringing a fairly good price, $15 to $25 for prize pelts in good condition, the price, as with the mink depending largely upon the color. A large marten with a prime pelt, but of a light color, will bring only $7 to $12 where another of the same size, with pelt in the same condition only of a dark color, will bring as high as $25.

Quite a few otter are also caught in Northern Minnesota. They are selling from $18 to $25 each. The otter is a much larger animal than the marten, but its fur is worth no more. Some beaver are left in the state. They are a good deal more difficult to find now than marten, but the very finest beaver skin will not bring more than $8 50.

Lynx, at $12 to $15, are unusually high. This is the highest price paid for lynx skins in several years in fact.

Prices on other fur-bearing animals trapped in Northern Minnesota are: Grey fox, $1.25; red fox, $3.50; fox, cross, $9 to $20; fisher, $7 to $12; wolf, timber, $4; wild cat, $2.50, weasels, 5 cents to 40 cents, where two years ago they were $1 each; bear, black, $16 to $20; deer skins, well handled and dry, 40 to 45 cents a pounds.

Trapping operations are now well under way in Northern Minnesota. There are a good many men engaged in the business. The rapid settlement and development of the country is every year narrowing the field for trapping operations and it will not be very many more seasons before professionals will have left the state altogether, in search of prolific fields. Settlers and Indians probably will trap as a side line for a good many years yet but fur-bearing animals will not long be numerous enough to make trapping profitable as a business.

Mayfield Leaves Red Lake County.

A. C. Mayfield and family were here on Wednesday. Mr. Mayfield has sold out all his property and will spend the holidays with friends in Wisconsin after which he will visit Texas and California with a view of locating permanently. Mr. Mayfield is one of the farmers who have made success and we are sorry to see him leave. He carries the best wishes of a large number of Red Lake county friends with him.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

T. R. Palmer, of St. Paul, Well Known in Thief River Falls, Ends His Life.

Was for Many Years President of the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company.

T. R. Palmer, of St. Paul, until a few days ago president of the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company and well known in Thief River Falls, having visited this city with his sons nearly every year during the hunting season for the past twelve years, committed suicide last Thursday at his home in St. Paul. Locked in his room, during the absence of Mrs. Palmer, he shot himself with a revolver. According to Coroner A. W. Miller, who afterwards examined the body, death had been instantaneous, the bullet having penetrated to the brain.

It is generally believed that the act was induced by mental excitement and distress due to the fact that at a recent conference of the insurance company of which he had been the head for eight years it was deemed expedient to change his position to that of general counsel.

It appears that Mr. Palmer carried out his secret intention about noon. Shortly before that hour Mrs. Palmer went out, returning at 2:30. On calling Mr. Palmer and failing to receive any response, she was astonished to find his door locked. With the assistance of a maid Mrs. Palmer forced the door. Her husband was lying on the bed, a great wound in his forehead. The revolver was found where it had fallen from his hand.

Mr. Palmer was 52 years old. He was born in Harpersville, N. Y., and came to St. Paul 27 years ago, engaging in the practice of law. He made many friends, and came to be a well known and prominent member of the Ramsey county bar. Eight years ago, on account of his markedly successful handling of several cases for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company, he was appointed counsel for the concern, and was later named as its president, which position he occupied until the recent change.

A family survives him consisting of a widow and seven children, the oldest of whom, Porteous B. Palmer, is 24 years old, the youngest being a boy of twelve. The news of his sudden death came as a shock in local insurance and legal circles.

Had to Walk Some.

A story has leaked out on Bert Levins, Harry Roberts and Joe Wessel, the candy kid. On Tuesday morning they went to Hallock and started to drive over to Lancaster on the Soo in an auto. When about 8 miles from their destination the auto froze up, and the occupants came near following suit and finally determined to hoof it the balance of the distance.

This was easy meat for Wessel whose legs are long and taking the lead he strode off at about a 5 mile an hour gait. Levins came puffing along a bad second, and Roberts was straggling about forty rods in the rear, and kept hooting at the men ahead to "wait for me, I'm all in."

When they arrived at Lancaster with their grips they did several things before attending to business, and it took Wessel some time to completely resuscitate Levins and Roberts. A team was sent back to haul the auto to town.—Crookston Journal.

Good Roads Meeting.

On December 15, 16 and 17 there is to be a meeting of Minnesota Road maker's association in the Old Capitol building in St. Paul. All those throughout the state who are interested in good roads are asked to attend. The meeting is held under the direction of the state and prominent men from all over the country are to make addresses. It is especially asked that representatives from County Boards, town boards, and other public organizations be present.

Thirty-three Deer Shipped.

The open season for lawfully killing deer and moose closed Monday, Nov. 30. The season has been quite successful in this locality, thirty-three deer and one moose being shipped from this point. The number of hunters has greatly exceeded the number of animals killed, it being estimated that but one hunter out of three succeeded in getting game. In addition to the number shipped a large number were killed by local hunters, which will easily bring the number to about seventy five.—Kelliher Journal.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Our Christmas Specialty

is to make worn and soiled garments look like new ones. Therefore do not discard your last year's clothes, but have them cleaned and pressed for holiday wear. Gentlemen's clothes particularly require cleaning frequently, which we do with extreme care, as well as the delicate silks and satins of ladies' garments, insuring complete satisfaction.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Food is more tasteful, healthful and nutritious when raised with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Made from Grapes

Absolutely PURE

SHOT DEAD OUT WEST

Former Resident of Marshall County Killed in a Fight Out West.

His Slayer an Old Acquaintance and Was Also from Marshall County.

The following will be of local interest as the two men were well known in Thief River Falls:

Kalispell, Mont., Dec. 4.—Jim Rafferty, a partner of Joseph Gangner, the pioneer sheriff of Flathead county, who has been engaged in the saloon business for the past 3 years, was shot through the right lung and instantly killed in his place of business last evening by Ed. Finley, a lumberjack, and as a result of four random shots, Al Renert, a West Side butcher, is nursing two painful flesh wounds.

Finley and Rafferty are old acquaintances from Marshall county, Minnesota, each about 40 to 45 years of age. They quarreled yesterday and Finley had a mania to finish the argument and took a 25 caliber rifle to accomplish his end. He escaped and has not been captured. The sheriff's posse is on his trail and all the surrounding towns have been notified.

Hank Murray Married.

Friends in this city have received cards announcing the marriage of H. T. Murray to Mrs. Jennie Morris. The marriage took place in Chicago on the 13th of November. Mr. Murray is well known to all of the residents of this city. For years he was the conductor on this branch of the Great Northern and when the road was built into this city in 1892, he was the conductor of the first train. At that time he was presented with a handsome silver trainsmen's lantern by mayor Kratka and others. Mr. Murray is at present located at Galesburg, Ill., where he has charge of the Burlington yards.

Synod Church.

Services in the morning at 10:30 in Norwegian.

Services in the evening at 7:30 in English.

Sunday school at 9 a. m.

I. T. Aastad.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. George Elder.

Warm Underwear FOR COLD WEATHER

Agents for Forest Mills Underwear, Women & Children — Women, Men, Children — Agents for Staley Underwear, Men and Boys.

Complete Stock of Desirable Knit Underwear for the Extreme Cold Weather in Both Union Suits and Seperate Pieces

FOR WOMEN:

Union Suits, hard finish, medium weight, cotton and wool mixed, all sizes, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Union Suits, silk and wool, heavy and medium weight, Forest Mills, for $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Two-piece underwear, all wool, made by the celebrated Forest Mills, $1.00 and $1.50.

Two-piece underwear, cotton, fleeced lined, white or natural, each 25 and 50 cents.

FOR MEN:

Union Suits, heavy cotton, all wool and wool and silk mixed, Staley make, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, 5.00 and $5.50.

Shirts and drawers, natural all wool, steam shrunk, heavy winter weights, all sizes, prices $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

Shirts and drawers, ribbed or flat, natural wool, a great bargain, each $1.00.

Agents for the "Fergus Make" mackinaw, underwear and the Nelson Knitting Mills heavy ribbed all wool, each $1.75 and $2.00.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS:

Cotton fleece lined shirt pantalettes and drawers, each 25 to 50 cents.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS:

Shirts, pantelettes and drawers, natural wool, steam shrunk, heavy winter weight, selling price according to sizes, 35c to 80c a garment.

Ladies', Men's and Children's wool hosiery, extra heavy, per pair, 25c to 50c.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale - furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising —and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongst the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Renewal of Efforts to Induce Swedes to Return to the Mother Country—What an Be Done to Preserve Swedish Culture in America?—King and Queen of Norway to Finance the Amundsen North Polar Expedition.

SWEDEN.

Says a Washington dispatch bearing date of Nov. 30: "Renewal of the discussion about inducing Swedes to return to their native country was made here a few days by Nils Lundgren, a prominent Swedish manufacturer of Stockholm. He claims that the statesmen and political leaders in Sweden are not discouraged by the failure of Minister Lagerkrantz, but are starting out on new lines to prevent the absorption of the Swedish by this country. The central idea of the plan is to induce the Swedes to remain Swedes when they arrive in America, and thus they will be inclined to return to the mother country of their own accord. The first step to promote the plan has been taken by the press said Mr. Lundgren. The Stockholm papers, especially the Stockholm Dagblad, sent the inquiry to a large number of Swedish-Americans, asking what could be done to preserve Swedish culture in America, and how the bonds between the Swedes in America and the mother country could be strengthened. Three of the most interesting answers were sent by Swedish-Americans of national reputation including former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota; A. O. Eberhardt, present lieutenant governor of Minnesota, and Dr. Eric Norelius, president of the Augustana synod. Mr. Lind wrote that he regarded the effort suggested as ideal, but that he did not expect any permanent result of a work of that character. Lieutenant Governor Eberhardt recommended the recognition and use of the Swedish language and literature in the American high schools, a better understanding and encouragement of the Swedish-American press, an effort to stimulate interest in Swedish folk and national songs among Swedish-Americans in the political development of America. The Rev. Dr. Norelius wrote that he commended in America a Swedish-American culture, not Swedish, not American, but a blending of both." So far for the Washington dispatch. While determined efforts are still being made in Sweden to induce Swedish-Americans to return, it is noticeable that Swedish holiday excursions are growing larger from America every year. But few if any of them remain over there. They merely go there to visit and as a rule not only return to their homes and avocations in America, but induce others to go with them, who in their turn make the same holiday trip to Sweden some years after their arrival here to visit some good old father or mother or sweetheart, who was left behind. The fact that Swedish-American holiday excursions are growing larger year from year only goes to show that Swedish-Americans in this country are getting more prosperous and more in love with American institutions, else they would not visit the old homeland to tell about it and return again to their land of adoption. The attempt of Swedish leaders to induce Swedish-Americans to return to their mother land has proven a distinct failure and even taxes the pride among patriotic Swedes, who dwell in a land that they have learned to love as much as their own.

Queen Victoria entertained the blind children of Stockholm at the palace prior to her departure to England. The unfortunate little ones all came away from their genial hostess with well filled stomachs and purses. The present queen, like her royal mother-in-law, Queen Sofia, is very charitably inclined and whenever she finds time she will visit the poor in all sections of the city and has donated large sums of money to charity institutions all over the country.

The commercial connections between Swden and the Argentine Republic are the very best at present and the outlook for the future is very encouraging. There is a good market for Swedish lumber, paper, safety matches and various other commodities in Argentine. Swedish exports to that country have been on a steady increase during the past few years, thanks to the Johnson Steamship company, whose steamers ply between Swedish and Argentine ports.

Fifty years ago there were 100,000 tenant farmers in Sweden, and at the close of the nineteenth century there were only 72,000, which goes to show that the number is constantly decreasing, and at the present rate this class of farmers will pass away in the course of a few generations. This is an encouraging sign and shows that the country is gradually becoming prosperous.

[illegible] dispatches state that a brilliant banquet was given at Windsor on the evening of Nov. 13 in [illegible] the King and Queen of Sweden; [illegible] hundred guests were present and these included the American ambassador, Whitelaw Reid, the cabinet ministers and high officials. The two kings toasted each other and made brief formal addresses.

It is rumored that Sven Hedin will receive one of the Nobel prizes. No one deserves such a recognition any more than this remarkable explorer, who is today perhaps the greatest man in all Sweden.

Telephones will be installed in the houses of station agents and railway watchmen along all the railway lines of Sweden, an order to this effect having been issued by the railway department.

NORWAY.

It is reported on good authority that King Haakon and Queen Maud will practically finance the Amundsen north polar exposition. Some time ago the explorer succeeded in interesting the king in his venture and the king immediately subscribed 5,000 crowns. Now it seems that he himself has not only grown more interested in Mr. Amundsen's determined attempt to reach the pole, but has also succeeded in interesting the queen, who has also donated a substantial sum of money in the hope that one of her subjects may make the much talked of discovery. When one reviews the enormous sums of money that have been spent by Norway and other countries in fitting out expeditions for this presumably ice filled space of the globe, it would seem an altogether useless outlay of money when science has already got it pretty well figured out that the north pole can be nothing more than a field of ice or an open space of water. Yet in Norway scientists all over the country are taking a great interest in the possible discovery of the north pole, and nearly every student at the university has been at least inspired to think upon this vastless, possibly wasteless subject. Roald Amundsen, who made the northwest passage, has been giving a series of lectures in the principal cities of Europe and America, has made a nice little sum of money, but he now stands ready to risk it all in a "slow-but-sure" dash for the pole. It will be interesting to follow Mr. Amundsen at all events, for he is a brave and determined fellow and if courage and tenacity of purpose count for anything, we can expect good results, at least a most interesting lecture, when he returns.

There is a determined effort to advertise the winter attractions in Norway. Plans are being made to increase the number of winter tourists and therefore a lot of advertising matter will be sent to foreign countries. The ski sports is one of the attractions which will be especially advertised, as it is one of the most exhilarating and thrilling sports offered at this season of the year. The tourist traffic during the summer months was the best on record for a number of years. They also spent money freely and a large number of these people have signified there intention of coming to Norway again. The tourist business is assuming immense proportions in Norway and hundreds of people are relying on the tourist traffic solely for receiving a livelihood.

Dr. Olaf Christie, one of Christiana's leading physicians, was run over the other day by a heavy truck wagon, sustaining a broken nose, several broken ribs and a broken leg. He was taken to the city hospital, where it is reported that he is in a very critical condition. The driver of the wagon whipped up his horses immediately after the accident had occurred and has not since been located.

The Drammen-Battenfjord railroad will be rebuild in the near future and will be converted into an up-to-date railway. It has hitherto been a narrow-guage road and has not been able to handle its freight business efficiently.

Henrik Lund, the artist, who painted the celebrated Michelsen portrait, has torn it to pieces and is now engaged in painting a new one. All this happened because critics got too busy.

The Hansa Brewing company has donated 5,000 crowns to the Bergen theater and 5,000 crowns to the Tourist exposition, which will be held there in 1909.

DENMARK.

There are hard times in Copenhagen at present and thousands of people are out of employment. The labor situation in a serious matter and causes much apprehension among all classes of people. So many persons are out of work that the city will soon have to devise ways and means for caring for these people. Not long ago a massmeeting was held for the discussion of the problem and a resolution was passed to the effect that the city and state start public works and thus provide employment to the many unfortunate ones. If this will not work, then the government will have to furnish direct aid, and that soon too, for a number of people are already starving and the general situation is growing worse every day. The authorities are now said to be aware of the seriousness of the situation and something will be done at once to alleviate the suffering among those who have become destitute through lack of employment.

Surely little Denmark is a land of contrasts. While one reads of the suffering and lack of employment among the poor people of Copenhagen and other towns, statistics state that the wheat fields of Denmark yield not less than 42 bushels to the acre, which is certainly a fine showing when it is considered that the average for the whole world is 12 bushels to the acre, which also is true of the United States and the Argentine Republic, which today are the greatest wheat producing nations of the world.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Efforts on the part of the federal counsel to obtain information regarding the loans aggregating $2,000,000 to P. S. Trainer by the Southern Pipe Line company, a Standard subsidiary, came to nothing in the cross-examination of John D. Archbold in the government suit to dissolve the so-called trust. For over a year Frank B. Kellogg, government inquisitor, has pursued every trail to find out the purpose of these large loans, but he now appears to be no nearer the solution of the mystery than when he first propounded the question of these borrowings.

The development of trade of the Standard Oil company in foreign fields as a subject of evidence in the government's suit to dissolve the oil combination gave John D. Archbold, vice president of the Standard Oil company, an opportunity as a witness to spread upon the records some interesting features of the Standard's business in foreign countries. Of the total amount of illuminating oil refined by the Standard in 1906 Mr. Archbold stated that 63 per cent was sold abroad.

According to the grand jury's report the ballots of men long residents of other cities, the ballots of temporary absentees, the ballots of the insane and even of the dead were cast in the primary election of last August in Chicago. "Repeaters" voted in platoons with the connivance of wilfully unseeing judges and clerks of election.

Better roads, a better system of education in rural schools, a postal savings bank, a limited parcels post, these are the most important recommendations, according to Mr. Henry Wallace, a member of the commission, that will be made to President Roosevelt by his commission on country life.

John G. Jenkins, Jr., formerly president of the Jenkins Trust company of Brooklyn, was found not guilty by a jury in the supreme court in Brooklyn, where he has been on trial on the charge of appropriating to his own use $50,000 of the funds of the trust company.

President Roosevelt has nominated and initiated two more members of the Ananias club. The new recruits to that famous aggregation are William M. Laffan, editor of the New York Sun, and Delavan Smith, editor of the Indianapolis News.

The United States and Germany have arranged a postal rate on letters between the two countries of 2 cents instead of the existing rate of 5 cents. The new rates will go into effect on Jan. 1.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

More than 20,000,000 bushels of wheat—said to be the largest amount ever held by any one man or combination of men in Chicago—is now in the hands of William H. Bartlett, James H. Patten, George H. Patten and Frank S. Fraser and the market is in a state of high excitement anticipating the results of a deal without precedent.

Arrangements have been completed whereby the majority stock of the Wisconsin Central will be purchased by a syndicate. Representatives of the syndicate will replace the present board of directors and officers and an alliance will be entered into with the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Northern.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate a seasonable response to the lower temperature in most sections of the country, while manufacturing plants are fairly busy and holiday trade is active.

After an idleness of thirteen months the old open hearth department of the Illinois Steel company plant at South Chicago was reopened and 1,000 men resumed work.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 7.—Wheat—Dec., $1.08¾; May, $1.10⅞@1.11. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.10¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.08¾@1.09; No. 3 Northern, $1.04¾@1.06¾.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 7.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.07⅞; Dec., $1.08; May, $1.10⅞. Flax—To arrive, on track and Dec., $1.43; May, $1.46.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.00; veals, $5.00@5.50. Hogs—$4.90@5.60. Sheep—Wethers, $4.00@4.35; yearlings, $4.50@5.15; spring lambs, $5.50@6.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@7.75; Texans, $3.50@4.30; Western cattle, $3.30@5.70; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.65; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.00; calves, $5.50@7.75. Hogs—Light, $5.05@5.70; mixed, $5.25@[illegible]; heavy, $5.25@5.90; rough, $5.25@5.50; good to choice heavy, $5.50@5.90; pigs, $3.00@4.75. Sheep, $2.40@4.75; yearlings, $4.15@5.00; lambs, $4.25@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Wheat—Dec., $1.04¾; May, $1.08¾; July, $1.01¾. Corn—Dec., 60¼@60⅜c; May, 62¾@62⅞c; July, 62⅝c; Sept., 62¼c. Oats—Dec., 49⅝@49⅞c; May, 52c; Sept., 40¾c; July, 47c. Pork—Dec., $14.50; Jan., $15.80; May, $16.07½@16.10. Butter—Creameries, 22@30c; dairies, 21½@25c. Eggs—31c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 9½@10½c; springs, 11½c.

MINNESOTANEWSBITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Minnesota's treasury is in much better shape than a year ago, as shown by the statement of State Treasurer Dinehart at the close of business Nov. 30. While there is an overdraft of $163,969.09 in the revenue fund, compared with a balance of $4,255.28 a year ago, the October school apportionment had not been paid a year ago. This time it has been taken care of and this accounts for about $500,000.

Superintendent F. A. Whittier of the state training school at Red Wing has been tendered the appointment as superintendent of the state reformatory of New Jersey at Rahway, a new institution similar to the St. Cloud reformatory. One thousand men will be inmates of it. Superintendent Whittier has been connected with the Minnesota state training school for the last six years.

According to a report of Frank Hoffmann, statistician of the state labor department, there have been thirty-three strikes during the past two years, which involved 8,818 labor union men. There are 2,063 members of twenty unions still on the strike, although some are working. During the period the various unions of the state raised $119,550 in strike benefits.

Dr. F. L. McVey of Minneapolis, president of the state tax commission, will be reappointed when his term expires in April. There has been a number of aspirants, but Governor Johnson announced that Dr. McVey will be reappointed. The appointment is for six years.

According to the biennial report of George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, the state has in the past two years contracted for 188 miles of ditches, to cost $295,457. The work will benefit 341,300 acres of land and involves a total excavation of $2,309,-969 cubic yards.

The St. Paul budget for 1909 will be $3,570,830, this being determined upon at a caucus of the Democratic members of the common council in the office of Mayor D. W. Lawler. It is expected that this will be officially approved by the council when it meets formally.

The English shareholders of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company of Minneapolis have agreed to the reorganization plan substantially as it was first presented to them by representatives of the American creditors' advisory committee about two months ago.

The annual convention of the Minnesota State Horticultural society was held in Minneapolis last week with a large attendance of prominent fruit and vegetable growers from practically every section of the Northwest.

Anton Schaefer, state public examiner, in his biennial report, asks authority to deny the issuance of a charter to a bank in any locality where the business does not warrant an additional bank.

The contract for the steel work of St. Paul's new $1,000,000 hotel has been let to a Chicago firm, the job to be completed by May 1 of next year.

Members of the St. Paul city council have increased their monthly salaries from $60 to $100.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Clarence, the fifteen-year-old son of Frank A. Johnson, who lives six miles from Carver, bled to death from a gunshot wound in the arm. He and several young companions were hunting and the shot was accidentally fired when he attempted to pull a gun out of a boat. The boys hurried for help, but the boy could not be saved.

The family of John Trana of Henning has been quarantined on account of diphtheria and the village schools have been closed to await developments. Ellen Meyer, a four-year-old child living in the country some distance south of the village, has just died from the disease.

A. O. Shannon, agent for the Soo Railroad company at Nashua, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with a revolver. Officials of a bonding company and of the railway had just arrived to check over his accounts.

Ada Dodron, the St. Paul colored woman charged with the murder of Joseph Hanley, her sweetheart, and tried before Judge Brill of the Ramsey county district court, was acquitted, the jury returning a verdict of not guilty.

Hudson Taylor of Le Sueur, aged fifteen, while playing with a rifle accidentally shot and mortally wounded his sister Lena, aged ten.

OBITUARY.

John Elliott Shaw, thirty-three years old, a graduate of the University of Minnesota and Yale law schools, died at Minneapolis of typhoid fever. John Elliott Shaw was the only son of the late Judge J. M. Shaw. He was born in Minneapolis and was prominent in law circles of his home city.

Timothy Moroney, born in Limerick, Ireland, in 1845, died at the home of his brother in Dallas, Tex. He enlisted in 1864 in Minnesota for the Indian wars in the Dakotas, became famous as a scout under General Sully and served through all the fierce campaigns against the Sioux.

David E. Holston, for twenty-eight years a citizen of Duluth, is dead from a paralytic stroke. He was seventy and for several years was a member of the firm of D. E. Holston & Co., lumber manufacturers.

STABBED DURING QUARREL

St. Paul Man Carved by a Former Employe.

While two score people, patrons, waiters and other employes, stood in horrified inertia Otto Bradesh, proprietor of the Baltimore dairy lunch at St. Paul, fell writhing to the floor of the restaurant, the blood spurting in streams from five gaping wounds in his body.

As he fell unconscious, his assailant, Charles Alvis, eighteen years old, fled from the scene.

Men rushed to the aid of the bleeding Bradesh and others pursued the fleeing Alvis, but he had made good his escape.

Bradesh, unconscious and bleeding freely, was hurried to St. Joseph's hospital in the police ambulance and although in a critical condition he is expected to pull through.

Alvis was arrested half an hour after the crime. He admitted stabbing Bradesh and was taken to the central station.

Alvis had been discharged by Bradesh a few days ago.

FOUND DYING IN ENGINE CAB

Engineer of Passenger Train Meets With Fatal Accident.

Unknown to either the passengers or the trainmen a dying man's hand controlled the throttle of the eastbound Great Northern coast passenger train as it sped on its way from Robbinsdale to Clearwater Junction. The dying man was George P. Irwin, the engineer, who died a moment after he was taken from the train in Minneapolis and placed in a hospital ambulance.

Irwin was found unconscious and leaning out of the cab window by his fireman, George Ridgeway. Pulling the limp form of his companion back into the cab Ridgeway noticed the engineer's skull was fractured. Holding the engineer in one arm he controlled the engine with the other and took the train into Clearwater Junction.

Irwin is supposed to have struck his head against a bridge railing as the train left Robbinsdale.

CONFESS MANY ROBBERIES

Four Men Rounded Up by Minneapolis Police.

A full confession of more than a score of burglaries which have occurred in Minneapolis during the past two months was made to the police of the central station by four men who are under arrest. W. W. Wood, the first of the quartette, was arrested several days ago and, according to the police, the prisoner broke down and confessed to taking part in a number of robberies and burglaries, giving information which resulted in the arrest of three others who gave the names of Jim Walters, Harry Wilkerson and Walter Mason. All worked under the guidance of Wood, it is believed, and all are under thirty years of age.

SUPPOSED SAFE CRACKERS

Nine Men Captured in Raid at Minneapolis.

Nine men, supposed to be members of a gang of professional safe crackers wanted in various Wisconsin towns were captured in Minneapolis in a raid on their rooms at 27 Eastman avenue, Nicollet island, by Private Detective Ole Ringdahl of St. Paul and Detectives Morrissey, Stavlo, Martinson and Wirtensohn of the Mill City force.

A complete outfit of explosives and various accessories commonly used by safe crackers was confiscated. The catch is considered by the police of the Twin Cities to be most important.

President Appoints Old Friend.

Michael J. Costello of St. Paul, for many years secretary to Robert A. Smith during the latter's terms of office as mayor of St. Paul, has been appointed a special agent of the department of commerce and labor by President Roosevelt. Mr. Costello's appointment is in recognition of his services in the Republican press bureau in the recent campaign. He is a close friend of President Roosevelt, having served with him in the New York legislature when they were both young men.

Fall on Stove Is Fatal.

Mrs. J. Andre fell on a red hot stove in her home at Minneapolis and expired before medical aid could be procured. Her face and hands were seriously burned when she was finally extricated. Mrs. Andre is said to have been subject to attacks of syncope. While she was sitting at the back of the stove after supper it is supposed that she was attacked with heart trouble and fell forward on the stove.

Tag Day in Twin Cities.

Minneapolis raised $20,000 and St. Paul $15,000 on tag day, the money to be used in fighting the white plague. Free dispensaries will be established where medicines may be had by those afflicted with the white plague who are unable to provide for themselves. Trained nurses will be engaged and will journey about the city attending to those afflicted and teaching them to care for themselves as far as possible.

Minneapolis Faces Deficit.

Minneapolis city departments have expended $1,327,615.12 of the $1,451,-[illegible] appropriated for current expenses for the year 1908, which leaves only $[illegible] to cover the budgets for November and December and it is feared that there will be more deficits at the close of the present year than ever before in the history of the city.

STEAMER MISSING

The D. M. Clemson of Duluth Many Days Overdue.

PROBABLY LOST IN STORM

Most of Her Officers and Crew Residents of Duluth.

More than a week has passed since the steamer D. M. Clemson, owned by A. B. Wolvin of Duluth, passed the Soo bound up from Lorain, O., on her last trip of the year. Her owners say that in all probability she foundered in the terrific storm that raged at the lower end of Lake Superior early last week or is stranded somewhere on the north shore. In either event her entire crew of twenty-four men, including the officers, must have perished.

No news of the big boat has been received since she passed the locks at the Soo. A vessel sighted Friday in shelter behind Grand Island was believed to be the Clemson, but it proved to be the D. O. Mills, which has reached Duluth.

Fearing that the Clemson was wrecked or in serious trouble somewhere out of reach of help on the bleak north shore of Lake Superior the Wolvin Steamship company has started out tugs and small steam vessels on a thorough patrol of the entire north shore from Port Arthur to the Soo and from the Soo to Isle Royale. Every passing vessel at the Soo is being questioned for traces of the lost boat and the search will be continued until the Clemson or her wreckage is found.

The steamer Clemson is a first class bulk carrier, built in Superior in 1903. Her gross tonnage is 5,531. She is 448 feet long, has a 52-foot beam and is 30 feet deep. All of the officers and most of the crew are from Duluth.

ST. PAUL MAN ENDS HIS LIFE

Commits Suicide While Despondent Over Loss of His Position.

T. R. Palmer, fifty-two years old, until recently president of the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company, committed suicide at St. Paul. The deed was done with a revolver and the cause is believed to be due to brooding over the loss of his former position and excessive strain he has undergone for some time in connection with his duties as head of the insurance concern.

His body was found by Mrs. Palmer, who, with a servant maid, broke open the door of his room.

Palmer had been a resident of St. Paul for twenty-two years. He was a prominent lawyer and during his early residence in the city was very active in city and state politics.

The suicide of Mr. Palmer came as a great surprise and shock to his friends in St. Paul. He had not at any time, even to his family, intimated in the slightest manner that he contemplated ending his life.

LOWER STORY WRECKED

Boiler in Minneapolis Apartment House Explodes.

A low pressure steam plant boiler in a three-story brick apartment house at Minneapolis exploded, wrecking the lower story, hurling people from their beds and shattering windows within a radius of 300 feet of the building.

Although the tenants of the building were badly scared and some of them were bruised all miraculously escaped serious injury. Mrs. May Gustafson and child, who lived directly over the boiler, were hurled straight up from their beds and fell amid the ruins of floor, ceiling and bits of boiler iron and, with the debris, settled into the basement. Neither, however, was injured beyond minor bruises and scratches. Mrs. Elizabeth Ping and her daughter, Fannie Simpson who resided next to the Gustafsons, were hurled from their beds. Other tenants were badly jolted and scared.

President Northrop to Retire.

Dr. Cyrus Northrop announces that he will retire from the presidency of the University of Minnesota at the close of the present college year. His formal resignation has been placed in the hands of the regents. When it becomes effective he will have completed a full quarter century at the head of the university. Dr. Northrop is seventy-four years old. He feels that he is entitled to a rest and he has made a decision which is final and unalterable.

Ends Life Fearing Operation.

Because she feared a hospital operation Mrs. Jennie Zeanakoti, of Minneapolis, wife of a prominent and wealthy Greek candy and fruit merchant, shot herself in the head, dying almost instantly. The woman killed herself in the bedroom of their home and was found a few moments after firing the shot by a daughter. Mrs. Zeanakoti had been an invalid for seven years.

Duluth Switchman Killed.

J. H. Hall, forty-five years of age, a switch tender at the Duluth end of the Northern Pacific's Rice point bridge, was struck by a transfer engine on the Great Northern tracks and instantly killed, his body being horribly mangled.

FARM · ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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BEETS AND SOIL FERTILITY.

With a view to getting somewhat definite information relative to the amount of fertilizing elements removed from the soil in the growing of a ton of beets, the writer recently made inquiry of the bureau of plant industry at Washington and received the desired information from A. D. McNair, expert in charge of the farm management investigations. The query was made to ascertain the correctness or incorrectness of the claim made by the promoters of a beet sugar factory to farmers who have been raising beets for the concern that a larger crop of corn can be raised after beets—in other words, that the growing of the sugar beet tends to enrich the soil. Mr. McNair states that he has found from his own experience that corn does not do well after this crop, though he is not positive that other crops are injured thereby. He adds that promoters of sugar beet factories sometimes hold that sugar beets take nothing from the soil and try to justify their arguments by stating that sugar is made up of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen—in vulgar parlance, "wind and water"—and as such it does not contain any fertilizing ingredient. This statement, true as far as it goes, overlooks the important fact that the pulp residue or fibrous parts of the beet do contain large quantities of fertilizing materials. From the table which follows, which gives the pounds of fertilizing elements per ton of product, it will be seen that, as compared with potatoes, corn, silage, cabbage and timothy hay, beets do not pull very heavily on the soil, yet the figures disprove the statement that the growing of beets enriches the soil:

	Nitrogen.	Phosphoric acid.	Potash.
Sugar beets	4.4	2.0	9.6
Potatoes	6.8	7.0	10.2
Corn silage	8.4	2.6	7.8
Cabbage	7.6	2.2	8.6
Timothy hay	25.2	10.6	18.0

TOO MANY ACRES.

A ride on the cars through almost any section of the country forces the conclusion that the chief trouble with the type of farming which is being quite generally followed is that landowners are putting half as much labor as they ought to on twice as much land as they can work. In almost every section is to be seen the pitiful evidence that the land is being tilled in a slipshod and careless manner, evidenced by an omnipresent growth of weeds and all too meager crop returns. The tilling of too much land to handle discourages the most profitable kind of stock raising and dairying, increases the problem of farm help in the house and outside and makes a drudgery of a type of life that at its best, with modern conveniences and machinery, ought not to be oppressive or unenjoyable. It is patent from more points of view than one that the prosperity as well as the peace of mind and happiness of a large per cent of the agricultural population in the United States would be found in larger measure than is true today were there a better and more thorough working of fewer acres of land.

DEATH IN CORNSTALKS.

Almost every fall reports are numerous of the death of cattle shortly after they have been turned into the cornfields. While death in some of these cases may be due to the working of an active poison which is not as yet fully understood, in a majority of cases a postmortem examination of the affected animals would show that death resulted from impaction of the stomach and bowels. To guard against this contingency the cattle should be provided with an abundance of salt, while they should have easy access to all the water they can drink and even be driven to the supply to make sure that they get it. This will furnish the system sufficient liquid to handle the digested corn fodder, which is at best dry and absorbs much moisture. Care in this matter of providing an abundance of salt and water will often prevent serious loss.

CREAMERY PROMOTERS.

Reports in the papers here and there are to the effect that professional creamery promoters are getting in their work in some localities, with the result that creamery companies just organizing, acting on the suggestion of these chaps, have bought much equipment not of the best type and poorly suited to their needs. If a creamery is to be organized in a locality it would be far better as well as more economical in the end for those interested in it to secure the advice and experience of a creameryman of known reliability and one acquainted with the equipment needed under similar conditions than to be imposed upon by the smooth talk of one of these unknown promoters.

The law will uphold one in trimming the overhanging limbs from trees growing just over the line on a neighbor's premises, but it does not give one the right to cut the trees down or girdle them so that they will die.

An interesting fact in connection with frog life is that if frogs are caught and put in boxes after they have sought their winter hiding places they will live for months without anything to eat, while if caught two or three weeks before the time mentioned they will starve to death.

The chief objection to be urged against the fall setting of fruit trees and shrubs seems to lie in the fact that when done at this time of year there is greater likelihood that the root system will tend to dry out and for this reason be less able to withstand extremely low temperatures during the winter months.

In the interior of Africa grows a tree from which a good quality of butter is produced. It resembles the American oak, and its fruit, from which the butter is derived, resembles the olive. One English traveler of note declared the butter produced from the tree was superior to any made in England from cow's milk.

Official statistics issued by the Japanese government report the rice crop for the year as an abundant one, exceeding the production of last year by over 18 per cent. The present year's crop totals 272,850,000 bushels and is valued at $380,000,000. This means prosperity and good times for the little brown man the coming year, as rice is his cereal mainstay.

One of nature's strange creations is the vegetable tallow tree which grows near the Cape of Good Hope, in the Azores, as well as in Sumatra, Algeria and China. The tree is of small size, and it is from its berries that the oil is extracted from which the tallow is made. The berries are gathered in November and December after the trees have fallen.

The 250 egg hen is clearly a perversion of the purpose of Dame Nature, who doubtless originally intended that old Biddy should lay just about enough eggs to perpetuate her kind. Yet this perverted standard is one that the enterprising poultryman may work toward if he will use the trap nest, select as breeders only those hens which make the best showing and use intelligence in the care and feed which he gives his flock.

A noteworthy fact which came under the notice of an Iowa farmer who recently traveled some 200 miles in Wisconsin was that he did not notice a single field of corn in his trip which had not been cut up for silage or dry fodder. This state of affairs is traceable to the fact that the price of Wisconsin lands is such that the owners cannot afford to follow a slipshod type of agriculture and to the further fact that a majority of the farmers of the state are dairymen and utilize the corn plant as a valuable ration for their milk cows.

A fact that will be noted with much concern by farmers living in sections where quack grass is getting a foothold is that the pest will multiply from the seed contained in the apparently green grass at the time the oats are harvested. Tests made at the Iowa experiment station at Ames with quack grass seed taken from a bundle of oats showed that 8 per cent of the seed grew. The discovery of the above fact, while discouraging, will serve to emphasize the necessity of taking additional precautions to stamp out this worst of weed pests.

A dispatch appearing in the daily papers under date of Oct. 18 tells of an interesting jackrabbit drive which took place in Antelope valley, near Lancaster, Cal., a day or two before. Five hundred men, women and children are said to have formed a monster semicircle and driven 10,000 jacks into a wire corral half a mile in length and triangular in shape, where they were dispatched with clubs in fifty-seven minutes. The rabbits, which had been increasing with great rapidity, had ruined a large part of the crops in the vicinity, and the drive was adopted as a relief measure.

Quite often the success of the county farmers' institute depends as largely upon so conducting the discussions as to draw out the definite, practical experience of the farmers present or upon having lectures upon the different subjects by agricultural authorities of note. It is well to emphasize both features, but in no case should the former be neglected. We have known of instances where men were present in the audience on such occasions who were chock full of just the information that was wanted on a given subject, yet who, because of bashfulness or modesty, contributed nothing to the discussion. On the other hand, had the officers of the institute or the director asked the right kind of questions and called upon these men personally to reply the desired information would have been forthcoming and in a form that all present would have been able to comprehend. This Socratic method—the eliciting of information by questions and answers—is always excellent, and in no place is it more effective than in the farmers' institute.

F. E. Trigg

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD —CURE—
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST
CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.
PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

Wilhelm Michelet,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

Newberry & Bulman,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.
Admission—Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, Adults, 10c and Children, 5c.
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

B. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.
People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000
The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.
We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.
Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.
We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.
We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.
REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.
People's State Bank.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Thief River Falls is about as good a market town for the farmers as any that we know of in the state. A comparison of the prices paid for farm produce here and in other towns always shows the prices to be higher here. On the first of December at Long Prairie, according to the market list published in the Leader of that city, wheat was worth 98 cents; flax $1.22; oats 40 cents, and barley 43 cents. On the same day the Thief River Falls dealers were paying $1 for wheat; $1.31 for flax; 50 cents for barley, and 45 cents for oats. Long Prairie is about 150 miles nearer Minneapolis than Thief River Falls.

MORE ABOUT ALASKA WHEAT.

The proprietor of The Potlatch Herald, which is published at Julietta, Idaho, calls attention to a new bulletin on Alaska wheat issued by the Idaho Agricultural Station. From it we learn that there is "very little difference in the baking qualities of flour obtained from the Little Club wheat and that obtained from Alaska wheat," that the Alaska flour is higher in total protein, that the new wheat has more kernels to the head than others, and that its weight is above the average.

A bulletin from the Agricultural Department at Washington, upon which we have commented some three months ago, indicated that Alaska was of inferior quality and small yield. The Potlatch Herald now says triumphantly: "Under the cross fires of unfavorable newspaper articles, coming from everywhere, government investigation and threatened postal fraud order, abusive criticism from high and low, the promoters never flinched. At all times did they maintain that the wheat would make flour and stand a baking test."

It was not this modest claim, however, that made Alaska wheat the sensation of the year. Stories were told of its discovery that were as good as any fairy tale, and impressionable people were wildly excited by what was said of its yield. Nor was this strange, for the yield was put at 277 bushels to the acre. Owners of wheat land saw a good chance for themselves before its cultivation should become universal, while philanthropists welcomed the promise of a great revolution in the markets. The world's wheat supply was to be multiplied many times over, the price of flour and bread would fall and the whole world would be happy.

How much the promoters or the original promoter had to do with inspiring these dreams we cannot say. We know only that while publicity was being given to the fairy tale we saw no protests from any Alaskan promoter. Perhaps there were protests, in spite of that fact. Perhaps the advertising was not relished. Perhaps during the delirium of joy the persistent and unflinching claim that the wheat would make flour and stand a baking test was the only sound that came from promotion headquarters. But if we ignore the report sent out by the federal government and accept Alaska as an addition to our crops it must not be expected that the old enthusiasm will be revived. That would require 277 bushels to the acre or possibly more after a season of skepticism and disappointed hopes.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Among others from a distance who have recently enrolled in our schools are Nels and Reinard Engen of Polk county, some ten miles south of Warren. These are typical of many other arrivals who have no acquaintances or relatives in our city but choose it for educational purposes in preference to schools nearer their homes.

The new folding curtain or partition in the high school assembly room is a thing of beauty and joy forever to the teachers and pupils. No sound can carry through this screen and it makes two excellent recitation rooms of the assembly hall.

The janitors did excellent work in keeping the rooms warm during the recent cold period of weather.

Josie Weeks returned to school this week, having completed a fall term of school north of the city. It is expected that more of the former high school students will enroll later in the year to complete their high school studies or to raise their grade of teacher's certificate.

An entertainment is being prepared by two of the Central teachers and will be presented during the month of January. The proceeds will be used in procuring decorations for the rooms.

No subject is more difficult of proper presentation than primary reading and none receives more careful consideration and preparation in our schools. Parents sometimes express surprise that the a, b, c's are not all learned prior to the pupil's attempting to read words. This column is too limited to explain why this and many other things are not done as that used to be with beginners, but a visit to the school room will reveal to the curious the system in vogue in this city. It is correct pedagogically and is interesting and successful. It makes readers and spellers who can read and spell.

Sixty one visitors called at the schools during the month of November. This was less than the number for the preceding months. A cordial and urgent invitation is extended to all parents to visit the rooms where their children are enrolled, to note the work and to encourage the teacher and pupils by their presence.

Parents are again reminded of the fact that the seventh and eighth grade pupils and the high school students are expected to devote from one hour to three hours at home in study. They have not the time in school to accomplish their tasks and wherein they do not study at home, it is in order for the parent to inquire the reason. The excuse that they have been assigned no work or that they have it already learned should not be accepted, for the rule is that they take home work every afternoon.

Highlanding.

A party of friends spent a very enjoyable time at Jim O'Brien's Sunday.

Our beautiful weather caught a very bad cold on Monday, and has not been able to be about since.

One of our popular young ladies Miss Katherine Dunn began on last Monday for her five months term of school at Kratka.

Joe O'Toole, Roy Lovingston and Sam McMahon have been cutting wood for W. G. Hunt this week.

Ed. McMahon of Thief River Falls, who has been visiting at his brother's Sam McMahon, returned home last Thursday.

The pupils of the Highlanding School house are preparing for a Xmas entertainment for the benefit of the little children.

Mr. Moy has been clerking at Andrew Ellingson's store during his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Vrolson very pleasantly entertained a whist party on Saturday.

Mr. P. C. Vold, who has been up to his claim at Espiee, returned last week.

Sam Clark in the City.

Sam H. Clark, formerly a practising attorney and editor of the Thief River Falls Press in this city, arrived here Tuesday and remained until yesterday noon when he took the train for Beaudette to visit a brother. Mr. Clark has been enjoying all kinds of prosperity since removing to Minot, where he is editor and publisher of the leading daily newspaper of that city. Last spring he was elected mayor of Minot by a large majority after a very hot election. He says that Minot is the best town in the state of North Dakota and is enjoying a substantial growth.

Does the Baby Thrive

If not, something must be wrong with its food. If the mother's milk doesn't nourish it, she needs *Scott's Emulsion*. It supplies the elements of fat required for the baby. If baby is not nourished by its artificial food, then it requires

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Half a teaspoonful three or four times a day in its bottle will have the desired effect. It seems to have a magical effect upon babies and children. A fifty-cent bottle will prove the truth of our statements.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World." SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Reiner.

The winter has come at last and we can have a sleigh ride.

Sigrud made a trip to Peasoup Island last week.

Soren Hermanson and Herman Kjos left last Monday for the woods.

Mrs. Langlee has been sick but is now better.

L. L. Roseland went to town for a load of goods for Julius Halvorson last Saturday.

Mikkel Anderson has been busy hauling hay.

Abraham Johnsrud returned home last week.

The basket party held in the school house did not amount to much, because the crowd got divided and the ones who liked to have a good time left for a bachelor's home, where the baskets were sold and the cash received for them amounted to $9.30 and we all had a good time. The money will be used to rig up a Christmas tree!

Charley Johnson is hard at work threshing, now, he bought a threshing outfit from H. A. Halvorson some time ago.

Gust Birkeness left for Newfolden last week where he is going to work this winter.

Halvor Hullen returned home from *North Dakota* where he has been working this fall.

Miss Laura Wold, of Highlanding, visited with her sister, Mrs. Hermanson last Sunday. She was accompanied by Mr. Hanstad of that place.

Engineers Organize.

A lodge of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was organized in Thief River Falls Sunday. The conductors, brakesmen, trainmen, firemen and dispatchers and operators have all had organizations for some time, and the engineers were the last to organize.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8 00 p. m.
Sunday School 10 00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Konison.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Lewis Heyduk

(Successor to Theo. Kosin)

Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.

Clothes cleaned and pressed.

First class work guaranteed

Prices right.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates

DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE

BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE

On Tuesday morning, December 1st, we started a December Clearance Sale and this sale will last 30 days and end on December 30.

We will have exceptional bargains to offer in all department.

Our stock is yet complete, but must be greatly reduced previous to taking inventory, and in order to do so we will sacrifice profits for your benefit.

The cold weather has now come to stay, and you need lots of warm goods. Come in and look over our stock and prices and we can prove to you that we sell goods cheaper than most of our competitors.

See large poster for complete information as to our clearance sale. This sale the biggest thing of the season.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit, the southeast quarter, (S. E ¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W.¼ of N. E ¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N.½ of S. E ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec 10 jan 14

Sheriff's Sale:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. DISTRICT COURT.

O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company, Plaintiff,
vs.
Christ Myhre, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of an execution to me delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, Co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company and against Christ Myhre, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter (N. E ¼) of Section eleven (11) Township one hundred and fifty three (153) North of Range forty one (41) in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

And that I shall on Saturday the 16th day of January, A. D. 1909, at the hour of Ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Front Door of the Post Office in the city of Thief River Falls, in said county and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Christ Myhre in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgment and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Seventeen no-100 Dollars, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the first day of December, 1908 at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
By Robert A. Lee, Deputy.
G. Halvorson,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Dated December 1st, 1908.
dec 3 jan 7

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Dec. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that [illegible] of St. Hilaire, Minn., who on [illegible] day of January, 1902, made Homestead entry No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for [illegible], Section [illegible], Township 155 N., Range 44 W., of the 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five years proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren, Minn., on the 12 day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John M. Kolseth, of Viking, Minn.
[illegible] M. Nelson, [illegible], Minn.
Nils T. Melve, [illegible]
Carl Hanson, [illegible] Warren, [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
dec 10 jan 14

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

Statement of the Condition of PEOPLES STATE BANK of Thief River Falls at the Close of Business on Nov. 27, 1908.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans and discounts		$70,116.20	Capital stock		$30,000.00
Overdrafts		200.62	Undivided Profits		1059.21
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,410.78	Deposits subject to check	$34,893.11	
Other Real Estate		900.00	Cashier's Checks	2,117.52	
Due from banks	10,241.54		Total Immediate Liabilities	37,010.63	
Checks and Cash items	1,783.20		Time Certificates	31,849.55	
Cash on Hand, items below	3,197.93		Total deposits	68,860.18	
Currency	3,477.00				
Gold	205.00				
Silver	622.85				
Other	93.08				
Total Cash Assets	15,222.78				
Total		99,919.42	Total		99,919.42

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, D. B. Bakke, President, and T. P. Hamre, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. D. B. BAKKE, President, T. P. HAMRE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1908.

Correct Attest:(Two) Directors. { H. P. Sponheim. P. L. Vistaunet. [SEAL] Oscar Sponheim, Notary Public. My commission expires Nov. 11, 1915.

Statement of the Condition of FIRST STATE BANK of Thief River Falls at Close of Business on Nov. 27, 1908.

Date of Call by Supt., Nov. 27, 1908. Date of Report by Bank, Dec. 5, 1908.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans and discounts		$112,392.50	Capital stock		$10,000.00
Overdrafts		1,693.31	Surplus fund		2,000.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800.00	Undivided profits, net		2,477.17
Other real estate		3,500.36	Deposits subject to check	81,312.11	
Due from banks	45,509.82		Demand certificates	5,619.16	
Checks and Cash Items	1,850.64		Due to Banks	1,026.00	
Cash on Hand, items below	14,618.98		Total Immediate liabilities	87,957.02	
Currency	10,310.00		Time certificates	78,916.54	
Gold	2,320.00		Total deposits	166,894.16	166,894.16
Silver	1,864.25				
Other	154.73				
Total Cash Assets	61,979.34	61,979.34			
Total		181,371.61	Total		181,371.61

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, Math Barzen, Vice President, and H. G. Dobner, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. MATH BARZEN, Vice President. H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of December, A. D. 1908.

Correct Attest (Two) Directors. { Charles A. Rohrecke. L. M. Hoag. [SEAL] Perl W. Mabey, Notary Public. My commission expires January 13, 1915.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	97
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.30
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Photographs. Collins & Hall.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

New line mounts. Collins & Hall.

Collins & Hall Studio. Phone 17.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Don't forget it. Collins & Hall Studio.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Up-to-date photographs. Collins & Hall.

Wanted—Good laundry girl at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Wanted—to buy a team of horses. Ed O'Hara.

Ed G. Holm was up to Middle River last Saturday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Christmas goods are arriving daily at the Golden Rule.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last week.

Ralph Healey, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Tuesday.

Oscar Williams was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

—For Sale Cheap—Two educated dogs. O. W. Nelson.

Wm. Vaughan, of Germantown, was in the city last Saturday.

Hans Borgseng, of Liner, was in the city the first of the week.

Gustaf Peterson, of Holt, was in the city the first of the week.

Archie Brown was down from the town of Hickory last week.

Rev. J. B. Smith was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Henry Dau, of Germantown, was in the city the first of the week.

Hats at half price at Miss Lakins. Come early and get your pick.

Miss Katie Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Abbott were down from Kollis the first of the week.

Charles N. Bourdon was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Peter Lofgren, the Pelan merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hiober, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 211.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. George Elder.

Rev. Dahle left Monday for Barnesville. He will be absent until Friday.

The best assortment of plush lined overcoats for men at the Golden Rule.

Scott Lamont, accompanied by his bride, returned to this city last Friday.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw and Mrs. H. G. Dobner were down to St. Paul last week.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Nels Hawkenson was over to Overly, N. D., last week attending to business matters.

Send in your orders to the Presbyterian Ladies for dolls for your little girl for Christmas.

Ladies' and children's cloaks are still going at a 20 per cent discount at the Golden Rule.

Otto Hoble, of Liner, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

Conrad Olson was up to Strathcona the first of the week attending to business matters.

—For Sale—600 bushels clean early seed oats 50c per bushel. H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

A. M. Arpin, the ditching contractor, is confined to his home with an attack of typhoid fever.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

E. L. West, of Hallock, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

B. Henry Costello, of the town of Hickory, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

Register of Deeds E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending to business matters.

Found—A ladies comb; also a glove. Owners can have same by applying to Chief of Police Lang.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

—For Sale—Good farm one-half mile from Greenbush. Easy terms, C. W. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

K. Runnestrand, the efficient janitor at the high school, left Monday evening for Le Roy, Minn., to visit a sister. He will be absent until after Christmas.

Digesto MALT EXTRACT For the Nursing Mother

The mother's health and strength are of vital importance during the nursing period. Digesto Malt Extract is a highly concentrated, predigested liquid food, which has not only the power to digest other foods, but also to create new rich blood, and fatty matter necessary to the formation of strength-giving milk.

Palatable and Efficient

At all Drug Stores

MADE ONLY BY THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL BREWERS OF *Hamm's Famous Beer*

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

The News, $1 Per Year.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

Edward Singer, the Rhoda merchant, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Anton Gunderson came over from North Dakota last Friday to attend to business matters here for a few days.

Men's suits and overcoats from $5.00 $10.00 and up. Boys suits and overcoats from $2.00 and up at the Golden Rule.

—For Sale—A 4-horse power gasoline engine; good as new and in first-class condition. Inquire at the News office.

Andrew Peterson, Christ Lautenbach and Otto Geske, all of Silverton, were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mr. Sorenson of Perley was united in marriage to Miss Lena Paulson of Grygla, December 7th, by the Rev. I. T. Aastad.

Sverre Johnson and Emma Somandson, both of this city were united in marriage December 4th, by the Rev. I. T. Aastad.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Joseph Juneau arrived here the first of the week from Beaudette to attend to business matters for a few days and visit with old friends.

There was a social session at the Antlers Club Tuesday evening which was greatly enjoyed by a large number of the young men of the city.

M. Bothum is again in charge of the Pure Food Grocery Store. This store is now owned by Banker Burke, of Greenbush, and is to be closed out.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. August Krause on Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 16. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. Scovell, state president of the W. C. T. U., was in Thief River Falls Monday. On that evening she delivered a lecture in the Presbyterian church.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Ed Wilcox was down to St. Paul last week to attend the funeral of the late T. R. Palmer. Mr. Wilcox and Mr. Palmer were close friends for many years.

Good-natured cooks are to be found in families where Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts are kept on hand. It is easy to do good cooking with Hunt's.

Lost—On Monday, Nov. 23, Ladies dark brown hand bag containing some small change and ladies glasses in case. Kindly leave at Golden Rule Store for reward.

All the members of the Bagley village council except one, resigned their positions, becoming tired of their work. The one who stuck was elected president for his loyalty.

—Don't send away for your photograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a supper and sale of fancy articles, suitable for christmas gifts, December 15, in the vacant store in the Dobner-Meehan block.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing. Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Cargill and son, George, and Mrs. George McMillan arrived in the city this morning from La Crosse, Wis., and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dobner.

Milton Forder returned to this city last Friday from a trip to Virginia, Minn. He brought back with him two deer, one said to be the largest ever killed in this section of the state.

Dr. Dodds, formerly presiding elder of the Methodist church in this district, is a candidate for the office of chaplain of the house of representatives in the state. His many friends here will wish him success.

The Grundy buildings on the south side of third street have been removed this week to the lots just across the street east of the Hub restaurant. Dr. Grundy recently purchased these lots of Dennis Cavanaugh.

Mrs. Paulus, of Bemidji, wife of Simon Paulus who was mistaken for a deer and killed by William [illegible] near Blackduck, two years ago, has recovered a [illegible] farm from the man who killed her husband.

Step and read this—Biggest line of toys and Christmas gifts, also a good line of jewelry, silverware and cut glass. Prices absolutely the lowest. Follow the crowd, they all go to The Big Drug Store, Arnold Bjurkhoel, Prop.

Services in the Presbyterian church Sunday as follows—

Preaching	10:30 A. M. & 7:30 P. M.
Sabbath School	11.45 A. M.
Young Peoples' Meeting	6.45 P. M.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

K. O. Gigstad was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Ole J. Johnson, of Plummer, was in the city yesterday.

Your choice of all Hats at Miss Lakin's at Only $1.98.

Wanted—Laundry girl, second cook and chambermaid at the Hotel Evelyn.

There will be services in the Sweedish church on the east side, Sunday, Dec. 20, at 11 o'clock. Rev. P. Dahlquist.

John Stach, who had been here visiting his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Moeller, of the town of Rocksbury, left yesterday for his home at Wolverton, Minn.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs Kringberg on Thursday, Dec. 17, at 3 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Rev. P. Dahlquist.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from Berry's gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Call and see our holiday stock of jewelry, silverware and cut glass which we have just received. Prices are lower and stock larger than ever before. Also remember that we can repair your watch and do it right. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

Wm. Boyd, one of the earliest pioneers of Clay county died last week. In the early days he engaged in the freight business between Moorhead, the end of railroad and Winnipeg. Later he engaged in farming, and still later had a store at Sabin.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

J. Bjurkhoel, Jeweler, formerly at Stebbin's drug store, now located at Arnold Bjurkhoel's drug store opposite People's State Bank, kindly solicits your patronage and will surely please you, being an old, experienced jeweler, who, no doubt many have met before. We also sell watches at lowest price.

Maurice Breyette and Earl Dolan leave this evening for Crookston and on tonight, Friday and Saturday evenings will skate against some of the champion roller skaters of Crookston. Next week on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings skating matches between these same parties will be witnessed in this city at the Mozark Roller Rink. It promises to be interesting.

Within the borders of Minnesota, are more than 1,750,000 acres of government lands which are subject to homestead entry, according to George Welsh, commissioner of immigration. This in face of the fact that it is generally supposed all government land, at least of any value, had been long since taken up by homesteaders. Besides this there are approximately 3,000,000 acres left, subject to purchase.

It is to be regretted that the amendments providing for state hail insurance failed to carry. The vote on the question stood 137,110 in favor to 62,253 against, but as there were 355,000 votes cast the amendment failed to secure the necessary majority of all the votes cast. If it had carried farmers could have their crops insured at one-half the present cost and would be sure of their money. The question should be submitted again.

The government has been doing some investigating as to the causes of divorces and some interesting statistics have been produced. In Minnesota during the 20 years covered by investigation there were 4,192 divorces granted to husbands and 11,451 divorces to the wives. Drunkenness has been the direct cause of only a small per cent of the divorces. On this account 4.3 per cent of the divorces were granted to the wives and 0 per cent of the total to the husbands.

"Eye" Social.

School District No. 25 will hold an "Eye" Social at the North Star School five miles west from town, Friday evening, Dec. 11th 1908.

Young Ladies are requested to bring lunch for two. All are cordially invited to come and help us have a good time. Inez Higgins, Teacher.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Dec. 5, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Carlson, Viola
Carlson, Thomas 2
Evenson, Sam B.
Lawrence, Eddie
Larson, C. J.
McArthur, R.
Nelson, H. C.
Olson, Knute
Parker, Leola
Rasmussen, Mrs. O.
W. B. W.—Personal

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

MARKET DAY A HUMMER

Hundreds of Farmers Living in the Vicinity of Thief River Falls Visited This City Yesterday.

Local Merchants Gave Exceptional Bargains and All Had a Good Time.

Thief River Falls first market day was a great success. Hundreds of farmers living in this vicinity were here to take advantage of the bargains offered by our merchants—and there were some mighty big bargains—and to sell their produce. Any farmer who did not attend this event and if he will talk today with his neighbor who did, will regret that he was not here.

The vacant store room in the Dobner-Meehan block was used for a rest room for the ladies and farmers and their wives were served with hot coffee and lunch all during the day.

Commencing shortly after one o'clock, a free auction sale was held on Second street and four auctioneers were kept busy selling the various articles the farmers had brought to this city to have sold for them.

It is impossible for the News to secure a complete list of all the prizes awarded on Market Day, but the following is a partial list.

Oscar Mattson for the heaviest load of wild hay secured a clock.

B. Wold for being the homliest man secured a $5.50 camera and tripod.

John Rosner secured a set of sleigh bells for having the best general purpose farm.

C. Evenson, of Thorwick secured the $5.00 dress pattern for having the tallest farmer wife.

Otto Lee secured the nickled silvered teapot for having the best milch cow.

Tom Wasley secured a lamp for having the largest butchered hog.

Mrs. Mosbeck secured a $5 chair for having the best jar of dairy butter. There were 25 contestants for this prize.

Chas. Henry secured a box of cigars for having the largest cabbage on exhibit.

Henry Kaunshagge secured a pair of mitts for the best bushel of potatoes.

R. Gansen secured an $8 00 electric trolley for the prettiest farmer child under two years of age.

Miss Ella Ecklund Rural Route No. 1, Thief River Falls secured a pair of $4.00 for being the prettiest farmer's daughter.

W. O. Long secured a $4.00 suit of boy's clothing for hauling in the most people on one load.

John Bane secured a $3.00 Patterson hat for having the load of best tame hay.

H. G. Halvorson secured a $5.00 wool blanket for the farmer and wife coming further by team.

Mrs. Gust Rosse, of Viking, Minn secured a $5.00 Misses' cloak, for having the most eggs.

Mrs. Gust Rosse secured a $4.00 pair of shoes for being the shortest farmer wife.

Mrs. Wm. Moeller secured a $7.00 fur set for being the mother accompanied by the most children.

Hoken Johnson secured the $1.00 suit case for having the heaviest ox team.

Forgetful.

An eminent painter was once asked if he thought art students did well to go to Europe to study. He said that undoubtedly the atmosphere was more artistic in Europe than anywhere else, but that Paris as a city to study and work in was overrated.

To illustrate his meaning he said that a certain rich man's son after three years in Paris wrote home to his father:

"Dear Father—I have made up my mind to set to work. Please let me know at your earliest convenience whether it was painting, architecture or music I came to Paris to study."

Humility.

It is a curious fact of human nature that humility draws forth from the world almost as much admiration as courage. As in the case of courage, it is almost impossible wholly to condemn a character in which we see it, and without it the greatest virtues leave us cold. If every good word which the Pharisee said of himself were proved true we should still dislike him. We even dislike his modern and far less offensive descendant, the prig.—London Spectator.

A Straight Tip.

Customer—Quick shave, please. Barber—Close, sir? Customer—See here, what business is it of yours whether I'm close or not? I'll tell you one thing, young man—I don't tip, if that's what you want to know.—Puck.

His Fears Realized.

"My heart is in my mouth. I am afraid to hear your answer."

"You may well be, Mr. Dollboy," retorted Ethel. "I never could marry a man whose heart was not in the right place."

Recently there embarked from the city of Milwaukee for Buffalo a grain barge laden with 270,250 bushels of wheat, the largest cargo of grain ever shipped from a port on the great lakes.

While Houdan chickens, introduced into this country from a province in France, are not particularly handsome to look at, they are excellent layers and good to eat, though not quite as highly prized for the table as the yellow legged varieties.

It is always a consoling thought for the fellow who doesn't go fishing often enough to keep his hand in or get posted as to where the best places are to know that his family is not really dependent upon his catch for their subsistence and that the meat market is within walking distance.

A very effective storm door may be made by tacking a long piece of building or tar paper on to the screen door, using narrow cleats or strips in fastening it to the frame. The paper covering will protect the wire screen from the weather, while at the approach of warm weather next spring it may be removed.

One naturalist whose name and standing are not reported has figured out that the production of a pound of honey if expressed by the labor of one bee would require 2,500,000 trips. In view of these figures it is not strange that the little fellows get hot under the collar sometimes when folks rob them of their sweet stores.

Trees of the sapindus or soapberry order grow in north Africa, their fruit being used as a substitute for soap, while the black seeds which it contains are used by the natives in the making of necklaces. The trees are very prolific, the fruit which they produce containing as high as 38 per cent of saponin, or vegetable soap element.

A few counties in central Iowa probably raise more popcorn than any area of equal extent in the world. Here farmers make a business of growing it, as do their fellows elsewhere in the matter of field corn. The growers receive from $1 to $1.10 per hundredweight for it and in places are erecting large cribs in order to store it for higher prices.

A southern college for ladies certainly has much to commend it when it lists as chief among its claims the fact that no entrance examinations are required and that a fine herd of Jersey cows furnishes an abundant supply of milk for the institution. If more ladies' colleges had less examinations and more Jersey milk there would be fewer broken down and invalid graduates at commencement time, with a correspondingly greater health and happiness in after years.

The temperature maintained in the henhouse is not so important a matter as adjusting the ventilation so that no direct drafts will blow on the hens while they are at roost. Many who have studied the question and tried the plan recommend a burlap curtain at the windows instead of glass. This is justified on the ground that poultry are more subject to disease from breathing impure air in a poorly ventilated house than they are in quarters which are properly ventilated though much colder.

A common fault to be found with the graded road work usually done by road supervisors is that, while sufficient earth has been brought to the crown of the road, the ridge is usually left rough and uneven, with the result that few drivers have either the patience or patriotism to work it down. For this reason traffic usually follows the slopes of the highways, the crown of the road being left until teams are driven on to it by muddy roads in the fall or spring. Were the crown of the road finished more carefully and smoothly and possibly dragged or rolled, the work would be much better done and more satisfactory all around to those who have to drive over it.

Summer is the best time for cutting timber. It dries rapidly and becomes hard and sound. Cut and saw basswood in summer, and in a few weeks it will become thoroughly seasoned and will finally harden so as to almost resemble horn. Cut it in winter, and it will be so long in seasoning as to become partly decayed before the process can be completed. No doubt the presence of the water or sap in great abundance in winter, and especially toward the latter part, hastens this incipient decay. Rails cut and split in summer and the bark peeled to hasten drying have lasted twice as long as winter cut rails. It is the practice to cut nearly all timber in the comparative leisure of winter, but it certainly would be better to pay a higher price to have it done in summer.

How would it do to ask your better half if that machine with which she has been doing the family sewing for a number of years past does not need repairing or replacing by a new one? She may not have got into the habit of asking for everything that she would like, and it is barely possible that you have failed to mention it to her. If there is anything that is calculated to tax the patience and rouse the ire of an otherwise even tempered woman it is a machine which is out of whack and which she cannot get to respond to her attempts to regulate. Such a machine is in the same class with a balky gasoline engine or a reaper that won't tie bundles properly. If the machine is worn out, turn it in on a trade or throw it on the junk pile and gladden the good wife's heart by fetching home a new one.

A FAMOUS CEMETERY

Pere Lachaise Is One of the Landmarks of Paris.

IT HAS A STORMY HISTORY.

This Picturesque Burial Place Has Served as a Battleground as well as a Graveyard—Its Monuments, Lovers and Disconsolate Widows.

Pere Lachaise is the largest and quite the most interesting of the Paris cemeteries and named after the Jesuit confessor of Louis XIV., whose country seat occupied the site of the present chapel until the ground was made a cemetery in 1804. It covers 110 acres of ground, is picturesque, but quite unlovely. Hare wrote about the tombs that "weight was their chief peculiarity and that all the monuments looked as if each family had tried to pile as much marble as possible on to their deceased relatives."

Pere Lachaise has a stormy history. In 1814 the Russians fought the French there and gave them a beating. During the commune the Versaillais and Communards fought several pitched battles among the tombstones and did considerable damage. But it is not so much with the history of the cemetery as with the people buried in it that we have to deal. A volume might be filled with the mere list of all the celebrated men and women buried in it, for, as Victor Hugo wrote, "being buried in Pere Lachaise is like having mahogany furniture—a sign of elegance."

In Pere Lachaise the monument which attracts most visitors is that of Abelard and Heloise, the two most famous lovers in the world. The monument was first erected 637 years after their death and brought to Pere Lachaise in 1817 from the museum where it had been during the revolution. Another famous lover, Alfred de Musset, lies buried not far from the two willows over the graves of Heloise and Abelard. David, the painter; Rachel, the actress; Balzac, Scribe, Michelet and many other well known folk lie near at hand. Admiral Sir Sydney Smith, Lord Seymour and other well known Englishmen are to be found in other portions of the cemetery, while literature is represented not only by great authors, but by Lesurques, the victim of Dubosc in the famous legal Lyons Mail imbroglio.

But Pere Lachaise has more romance than in its tombstones. Chatting one day with one of the old soldiers who are the keepers of this grim park, I learned some curious facts about it.

"We never have a dull moment," the man said. "You may think that our time here is monotonous, but you are quite wrong if you do so. To begin with, there are the burglars. The cemetery is overrun with them. There are three kinds of burglars. There are the connoisseurs who often get away with valuable prizes, for you will be surprised at the works of art of small size which people put in their chapels. The window is broken, a stick slipped through the hole, and all sorts of things worth having are fished out; then the bronze stealers, who take away as much as they can carry in their special pockets and make from 15 to 20 francs a day at the game until we catch them.

"A little while ago a bust weighing forty pounds was taken out of the cemetery over one of the walls. But the most curious form of robbery is, perhaps, that of the pearl wreaths. Women are the principal offenders. They select the new ones, which are not weather stained, flatten them with their backs against the tombstone, slip them under their dresses, and when they have got away with them (we have no right to search even suspicious looking customers) sell them to dealers, to whom they tell the well worn story of a poor workwoman who has need of food.

"You would hardly believe it, but Pere Lachaise," said the keeper, "is a favorite meeting place for lovers. We get lovers of all ages, and perhaps more schoolboys and schoolgirls than anything else. But the three most curious things we see here in the cemetery are the forlorn widows, the letter boxes and the cafe." "The cafe?" I asked. "Yes. There are hundreds of people in Paris who refuse to believe that their dead do not enjoy after death the good things they used to like when they were alive. Mothers bring apples and sweets and leave them on the tombstones of their children. People bring wine and glasses, and there is one old gentleman who leaves a potato salad on his son's tombstone regularly every Sunday. Of course the children soon find out these things, and we have never been able to convince the people who bring them of the absurdity of doing so. It is a very harmless superstition, after all."

"And the letter boxes?" I asked. "Lovers' letter boxes?" said the guardian. "There are dozens of them in all parts of Pere Lachaise. Sometimes they are holes in the trunks of trees; sometimes they are little hollows under stones.

"The inconsolable widow is a frequent visitor. She is a pretty woman, and black suits her. She kneels down by a tombstone, rarely the same one, and when a likely looking mourner of the other sex appears bursts into tears. He consoles her pretty soon, and the two leave the cemetery arm in arm. One of these widows invited me to her wedding six months ago, and last month I was called to give evidence about her meetings with her victim. She had seven other husbands living."—St. James' Gazette.

THE PARACHUTE.

Leonardo da Vinci Was the First One to Suggest It.

Credible accounts exist of an English Benedictine monk, Oliver of Malmesbury, in the eleventh century having tried to fly by precipitating himself from the height of a tower with the assistance of wings attached to his arms and his feet. It is said that, having gone along a little way, he fell and broke his legs. He attributed his accident to failure to provide his apparatus with a tail, which would have helped preserve his equilibrium and made his descent a gentler one.

In the sixteenth century Leonardo da Vinci first demonstrated that a bird, which is heavier than the air, sustains itself, advances in the air, "by rendering the fluid denser where it passes than where it does not pass." In order to fly it has to fix its point of support on the air. Its wings in the descending stroke exert a pressure from above down, the reaction of which from below up forces the center of gravity of its body to ascend at each instant to the height at which the bird wishes to maintain it. Some sketches which have come down to us prove that Leonardo occupied himself, like Oliver of Malmesbury, with giving man the power to fly by the assistance of wings suitably fixed to the body.

We owe to Leonardo also the invention of the parachute, which he described in the following terms: "If a man had a pavilion each side of which was fifteen braces wide and twelve braces high he might cast himself from any height whatever without fear of danger." It may be said, too, of Leonardo da Vinci that he was the first to suggest the idea of the screw propeller.

A SAUCY DUCHESS.

Her Audacious Fight For Gay and His "Beggars' Opera."

When the "Beggars' Opera," by Gay, was produced in 1728 it took positively by storm. The king still clung to Handel, but the nobility, with the Duchess of Queensberry among them, flocked rapturously to the "Newgate pastoral." The "Beggars' Opera" had a run of sixty-two nights, unprecedented in those days, and as one result of its success Handel became bankrupt. Suddenly there came an order from the lord chancellor to stop the new piece. Why, is not exactly known unless it was because the prime minister considered himself to be too faithfully represented therein. However that may have been, the theater had to be closed, whereupon the Duchess of Queensberry took up Gay's cause and vehemently championed it.

Very busy was she in those days, driving about in her coach asking for guinea subscriptions for printing copies of the forbidden play. And so heedless was Kitty that she carried her list to the queen's drawing room itself and had the audacity to ask the king for a subscription. This was a little too much, and her grace was requested to withdraw from the court, Kitty announcing, with characteristic composure, that the command was very agreeable to her, as she had never gone there for her own diversion, but to bestow civility upon the king and queen.

Papua Island.

Papua island was so named by the Malays, and the word means "frizzled," in reference to the hair of the inhabitants. It is generally supposed that Papua or New Guinea was originally part of the mainland of Australia. It was discovered by the Portuguese in 1526, though it was probably sighted by A. Dabreu during his voyage fifteen years earlier. The Australian government, realizing the danger that would arise if an enemy seized land so near their coasts, frequently urged England to annex the eastern portion of the island, and after two or three unauthorized annexations a British protectorate was established there in 1884.

Clipping Their Wings.

The costume of the Pu Yuan Pen-jei women in the Shan states is very striking, consisting of a cloth hood, an open jacket and a pair of short white trousers reaching barely to the knee. But the most important though the least noticeable part of their costume is their colored cloth gaiters. These the women are obliged to wear, as without them it is believed they would be able to fly away, leaving their husbands and sweethearts sorrowful.

Sweet and Low.

A young man named Sweet engaged to marry a young woman named Lowe. A few Sundays previous to the wedding the happy couple attended church together, and as they walked along the aisle the choir began singing the song "Sweet and Low," entirely unconscious of the musical pun that was being perpetrated.

Thrifty.

"Well, parson, is your flock lib'ral in their 'nevolences?"

"Liberal? Well, I should say dey is not that. Why, when I asted them to sing 'Ole Hundred' dey done sung 'The Ninety and Nine.'"—Harper's.

Talk.

"It takes a baby mos' two years to learn to talk," said Uncle Eben, "an' den it takes de res' of its lifetime to learn to keep f'um talkin' too much."—Washington Star.

Two Bad Bites.

Diogenes being asked "What is that beast which is the most dangerous?" replied, "Of wild beasts the bite of a slanderer and of tame beasts that of the flatterer."

Those who want friends to whom to open their griefs are cannibals of their own hearts.—Bacon.

Guilty Of Counterfeiting.

Passing counterfeit money is no worse than substituting some unknown worthless remedy for Foley's Honey and Tar, the great cough and cold remedy that cures the most obstinate coughs and heals the lungs. A. Bjerkhoel.

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office, Crookston, Minnesota, November 21, 1908. Doc. 4144.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Perley P. Palmer, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 1302, Serial No. 0716, made March 24, 1906, for E ½ N. W. ¼ Section 23, Township 153 N., Range 40 W., by Berent A. Sannes, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Berent A. Sannes has wholly abandoned said land for a period of more than six months last past and has not cultivated the same as required by law; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 13, 1909, before WILHELM MICHELET, United States Commissioner, at his office at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 20, 1909, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed November 21, 1908, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication. Record address of defendant, Wanke, Minnesota.

nov. 26-dec. 17. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Jacob E. Lee.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that the 26th day of February, 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated November 12th, 1908.

(Probate Seal) N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

G. Halvorson, Attorney, Thief River Falls, Minnesota

nov. 26-dec. 10

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Tarje S. Brokke, of Thorwick, Minn., who, on April 14th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6006, Serial No. 0928, for S. W. ¼, Section 20, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Thom J. Audald, of Thorwick, Minn.
Daniel Rolnestad, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "
Nels Gunderson, " " "

nov. 12-dec. 17 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. Danielson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 24th, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 250, Serial No. 0201, for Lots 3, 4 and S. ½ of N. W. ¼ Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole Amondson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Pete Amondson, " " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " " "
Frank Fisher, " " " "

nov. 19-dec. 31 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6102, Serial No. 1929, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Edward Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Sordal, " " " "
Nels Sordal, " " " "

nov. 12-dec. 17 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Quigley, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 21, 1904, made H. E. No. 39, Serial No. 01060, for Lots 5, 6, & 7 & S. E. ¼, N. E. ¼, Section 3, Township 154, N., Range 43 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 13th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

George Greibrok, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Asisk O. Bergland, " " " "
Oscar Joppru, " " " "
Halvor H. Halvorson, of " " "

dec. 3 jan. 7 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, as it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

A Personal Appeal.

If we could talk to you personally about the great merit of Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds and lung trouble, you never could be induced to experiment with unknown preparations that may contain some harmful drugs. Foley's Honey and Tar costs you no more and has a record of forty years of cures. A. Bjerkhoel.

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Probate of Will.

ESTATE OF Fred Ottis

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Ottis Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Andrew W. Lang, Gay Halvorson and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Andrew W. Lang being duly filed in this court, representing that Fred Ottis, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of November, 1908, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Andrew W. Lang. NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of December, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 24th day of November, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

COURT SEAL G. Halvorson, Attorney for Petitioner.

nov. 26-dec. 10

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 21, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. Leslin, of Anton, P. O., Minn., who, on June 28th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 331, Serial No. 01051, for S. W. ¼ Section 8, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Christ P. Brorby, of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
Barney E. Tieman, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Lendoheja, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Fred H. Wright, of Anton, P. O., Minn.

dec. 3 jan 7 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

More people are taking Foley's Kidney Remedy every year. It is considered to be the most effective remedy for kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up worn out tissues and restores lost vitality. It will make you feel well and look well. A. Bjerkhoel.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00

DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children, safe, sure. No opiates

Mrs. McRaney's Experience.

Mrs. M. McRaney, Prentiss, Miss., writes: "I was confined to my bed for three months with kidney and bladder trouble, and was treated by two physicians but failed to get relief. No human tongue can tell how I suffered, and I had given up hope of ever getting well until I began taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. After taking two bottles I felt like a new person, and feel it my duty to tell suffering women what Foley's Kidney Remedy did for me". A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Hotel
Ogahmah
C. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

NEW SHORT STORIES

High Finance.

The late Bishop Potter at one of the delightful reunions of the Episcopal academy in Philadelphia—Bishop Potter was educated at this venerable and aristocratic school—condemned modern finance.

"I condemn at least," he is reported to have said, "that sort of modern finance that consists in getting something for nothing. I once knew a boy who would have made a splendid financier.

"This boy, strolling idly through the streets—he never had anything to do—met another.

"'I wish,' he said, 'that I had a nickel. Then I'd buy a good five cent cigar and go into the woods and have a smoke.'

"'I have a nickel,' said the other boy.

"'Have you?' the first cried eagerly. 'Then lets form a corporation.'

"'All right. How is it done?'

"'I'll be the president. You'll be the stockholder. The nickel will be the capital, and we'll invest it in tobacco.'

"The thing was agreed to, and the president, taking the stockholder's 5 cents, bought a cigar forthwith. Then he led the way to the woods. There he sat down on a log, lit up and began to smoke skillfully.

"I DON'T SEE IT," HE SAID.

"The stockholder waited for his turn to come. He waited very patiently. But the cigar diminished. One-third of it, two-thirds of it disappeared, and still the president showed no signs of satiety.

"'Say,' exclaimed the stockholder at last, 'don't I get a whack here?'

"The president, knocking off the ashes, shook his head.

"'I don't see it,' he said.

"'But what,' shouted the angry stockholder, 'do I get for my capital?'

"'Well,' said the president, 'you can spit.'"—Washington Star.

They Were, of Course.

Parker M. White, the humorous advertisement writer, was talking in Pittsburg about the universality of advertising.

"Doctors, lawyers, clergymen," he said, "claim not to advertise, but somehow or other we see their advertisements occasionally. Am I not right?

"The millionaire proprietor of a patent tonic called on a well known doctor one day.

"'Look here,' he said; 'you are the Dr. Leroy Fisher who is attending Senator Stoxon, are you not?'

"'I am, sir,' the physician answered.

"'Well,' said the tonic man, 'what'll you take to put on the daily bulletins that you give out about the senator this sentence: "Use Blood Bitters. They ward off disease?"'

"'Why, man,' said the famous doctor indignantly, 'I wouldn't do that for anything. Those bulletins are not advertisements.'

"The other chuckled harshly.

"'Ain't they?' he said. 'Then take your own name off 'em.'"

Mark's Triumph Over the Doorkeeper.

Mark Twain tried the other day to go behind the scenes on one of the roofs.

"Yez can't come in," said the doorkeeper who guarded the entrance from the boxes.

"But I have a pass," said the humorist.

"I don't care if you have a sayson ticket," said the doorkeeper. "No wan gets through this door. Go to th' rigler stage door if yez want to git in. I've turned down ivrybody."

"But I'm Mark Twain," said Mr Clemens.

"I don't care if ye're Big Tim Sollivan," said the doortender.

Mr. Twain got the manager and was triumphantly escorted through the door. "What do you think now, my man?" he asked, with a bit of kindly malice.

"I think it's a dom shame," said the doortender. "An' after me toornin' down Eddie Foy no longer ago than lasht night."—Cincinnati Times Star

A Witty French Aeronaut.

It would appear that M. Santos Dumont, the famous aeronaut, has a pretty wit. He was once called as a witness in a case concerning a disputed will, and during his cross examination he was much bullied by a very conceited young lawyer. "Now tell me," said the latter, speaking of the deceased testator, "was not Mr. X in the habit of talking to himself when alone?" "I'm sure I don't know." "And yet you have told the court that you were an intimate friend of his. Why don't you know?" "Because," replied the aeronaut, amid roars of laughter, "I was never with him when he was alone."—Gaulois.

CHOICE MISCELLANY

A Marvelous Magician.

There has been discovered a juggler named Joseffy, who outdoes all the other conjurers, says his discoverer, a Mr. Abbott. He performs what other magicians have only dreamed of accomplishing. With his card tricks the spectators may bring their own packs and choose the cards freely. No threads are used, nor is there any visible connection with the goblet that contains the pack, and yet any card will rise at Joseffy's command at any time.

The enigmatic cube is first a one inch cube which Joseffy produces from the air, and it is then seen to grow while in his hands to a two inch, a four inch and a nine inch cube. This he now sets in full view upon his table, where it is seen to grow slowly to a size of three feet six inches. The wizard now lifts this cube, from beneath which steps a beautiful young lady, who starts to run up the stage. The master snaps his fingers, when she instantly stops and disappears in a sheet of flame in full view of the spectators, and in her place is seen a gigantic bouquet of real roses, which are plucked and distributed to the audience.—London Family Herald.

Tired Telephone Wires.

"Don't use that booth. That phone's *tired*," called out the brisk attendant. "A lady has been talking over that wire for the last ten minutes. Take the one next to it; that one has had a rest. You'll get a much better connection if you do."

The man took the girl's advice and got unusually satisfactory service. When he was through and was paying the bill he asked what she meant by saying that the other telephone was "tired."

"Why, telephones get tired just the same as people or animals," said the girl. "If you had used that other wire as soon as that lady dropped it you wouldn't have had satisfactory service at all. After a few minutes' rest it will be all right. I know that phones get tired, but I'm no scientist and can't tell why. Why don't I start a society for the prevention of cruelty to telephones? Now, say, if I should start one I'd get a lot of telephone operators who'd belong. But with a good many of them it's not the phone that gets tired so much as the one who runs the switchboard."—Exchange.

Consumption and the Telephone.

The panic recently created on the subject of the assumed danger lurking in the transmitter of the telephone is not precisely new. It is but the development of a fear which has caused misgiving for some years. On the supposition that various germs of disease probably collect in the receiver and transmitter of the instrument, at any rate in public telephone stations, some medical alarmists have thrown out suggestions that antiseptics, both in a dry state and in solution, should be applied for the safety of the telephone user. The recent dictum goes one step further, inasmuch as it is now an established fact that tubercle bacilli, the casual micro-organisms of consumption, have been found alive and in robust condition in the instrument. It is quite natural in view of such a find that a feeling of alarm might seize hold of the more nervous.—British Medical Journal.

Illuminated Projectiles.

The French navy has recently begun experiments with the luminous shells employed for a year past in America. These shells have a hollow in the rear end containing fireworks powder, which is inflamed as the shell quits the gun and leaves a luminous trail in the air, enabling the gunner at night to follow the course of his projectile and determine whether or not it reaches its object. Without some device of this kind it is very difficult in firing over the sea in the darkness to ascertain whether the range is too long or too short. In the daytime a jet of water where the shell falls tells the story.—Youth's Companion.

The Periscope.

Commandant Soulie de Cenne of the French Legion of Honor has designed a pince-nez, or eyeglass, called a periscope, which enables the wearer to see at the same time on all sides and even behind. This is ingeniously effected by means of reflections. At the same time the glasses are so constructed as to correct myopia and other errors of vision. A use for the instrument that the inventor did not think of has been revealed to him by deaf persons employing it. They say that it increases their safety by enabling them to perceive the approach of dangers of which their ears give them no warning.

Work For Goats.

Farmers in the vicinity of Lawrenceburg, Ind., have found that a herd of goats will clear the underbrush from a farm in a few months and do a good job at moderate cost. For the last five years a herd of forty goats has been eating and working there, and in that time the animals have changed owners ten times. As soon as their owner discovers that there is nothing left on his farm for the goats to feed on but good grass they are lent or sold to another farmer for a similar purpose.

Blind Bookmakers.

The blind make books for the blind, as is illustrated in the Ziegler Magazine, now printed in New York. One of the proofreaders is a blind man who is working his way through Columbia college. One girl who is deaf, dumb and blind takes the greatest delight in her work, and her mother says that until she began to work for the Ziegler she never knew her to smile.

...GRAND...
CLEARANCE SALE

Having decided to quit grain raising, to engage in dairying and general stock raising, I find I will have on hand a large amount of farm machinery, implements, tools and other articles for which I will no longer have use, for this reason I will on

Monday, Dec. 21st

at my farm one mile north of Thief River Falls, offer and without reserve will sell the below described property at

PUBLIC AUCTION

1 11-feet broad cast grain and grass seeder.
1 shot gun seeder; 1 4-horse drag.
1 Leveller and Pulverizer, nearly new.
1 3-horse drag; 1 spring tooth harrow.
1 mower; 1 gang plow.
2 hay rakes; 1 Deering flax attachment.
1 Plano flax attachment.
1 400-Egg Reliable Hot Water Incubator.
1 500-Chick Brooder.
1 steam feed cooker; 1 iron force pump.
1 large coffee grinder.
1 kitchen cabinet; 1 black walnut cradle.
1 bedstead; 12 horse collars.
1 sickle grinder; 1 ash folding table.
1 grass seeder; 1 gasoline stove.
1 Pneumatic boat; 1 jumper.
1 Paris green sprayer; 1 coal stove.
And other articles too numerous to mention.

Also at the same time and place, Ole P. Fensand and others will offer and sell the following described property, towit:

1 black horse, 10 years old, weight 1400.
1 stallion, 7 years old.
2 working horses, 9 years old.
1 spring colt; 1 set of harness.
1 cow, 4 years old, fresh October 28.
1 cow, 4 years old, fresh November 2nd.
1 cow, 5 years old, fresh October 2nd.
2 cows in good milk.
1 cow, 3 years old, will be fresh May 15.
1 cow, 5 years old, will be fresh April 4.
1 No. 2 Empire Cream Separator.
1 Golden Harvest Cream Separator.
1 McCormick binder; 1 McCormick mower.
1 corn cultivator; 1 Plano mower.
2 hay rakes; 1 walking 14-inch plow.
1 walking 16-inch plow; 1 14-inch gang plow.
1 breaking plow; 1 16-shoe grain drill.
1 stump puller, nearly new.
1 harrow; 1 sled; 1 jumper; 2 wagons.
1 buggy; 1 spring wagon; 1 iron pump.
1 12-feet table; 1 Estey organ; 2 iron beds.
And other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale Will Commence at 10 A. M. Sharp

TERMS:—All sums of $10.00 or under, cash. On all sums over $10.00, time will be given to Nov. 1st, 1909, on bankable paper at 8 per cent interest.

Free Lunch at Noon

M. KNOX, Owner

W. W. Prichard, Clerk
C. M. Evenson, Auctioneer

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation and stimulates the liver. Orino regulates the bowels so they will act naturally and you do not have to take purgatives continuously. A. Bjerkhoel.

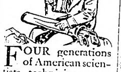

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you get something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

Our Holiday Line

Yes, the goods are here and opened up, a little early, you say, no, just about right for many buyers want the first look, first selecting. It means getting the cream in most cases, because later on the lines are broken and the really good things slightly culled over. Another thing, the goods don't cost more now than they do December 23rd. but you have larger varieties to select from and it also helps spread the expense over a longer time, does n't make it seem quite so hard to make the money go around. Yes, we'll store the presents until Christmas and be responsible for their safe delivery to you at that time.

What more can you ask? If you think of anything, just step in. We'll be glad to do our part.

Klimek Jewelry & Optical Company.

Meehan Building, LaBree Ave. Thief River Falls.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

HUMOR OF THE HOUR

It Didn't Come Off That Time.

Billy had been taught that it is a sin to lie, so of course he never meant to tell a lie. Whenever he did stretch the truth, which occasionally happened in spite of his good intentions, he did so merely through the exuberance of his lively imagination. One day just as Billy perpetrated one of his whoppers the recently mended heel of his shoe came off. His mother noticed that the accident and the lapse from truthfulness coincided.

"There," she said severely; "see what happened to you as a result of your wickedness. Hereafter whenever you tell a falsehood something terrible will happen to you."

"Will my boot heel always come off?" asked Billy. "Quite likely," she replied. "If it isn't that it will be something equally bad."

For several days after that Billy talked but little, and what few statements he did make were carefully weighed beforehand. One day upon his return from school he became less cautious and entertained the family with the account of an incident that had enlivened his trip home. The story seemed quite plausible, and no one would have thought of doubting his veracity had not Billy, after looking at the heel of his shoe, exclaimed triumphantly:

"There; it didn't come off that time anyhow."—New York Herald.

Discreet Prophecy.

"Why do you invariably predict the coldest winter we have had in years?"

"Well," answered Professor Blatherton, "if it comes true people necessarily give me credit for great wisdom. And if it doesn't come true they are too thankful to hold any grudge."—Washington Star.

A Cause of Joy.

Jamie was begging his father for a second helping of preserves. "When I was a boy," said his papa, "my father only allowed me to have one helping."

Jamie was silent for a minute and then asked, "Aren't you glad you live with us now, daddy?"—Denver Republican.

Easily Suited.

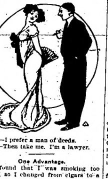

She—I prefer a man of deeds.
He—Then take me. I'm a lawyer.

One Advantage.

"I found that I was smoking too much, so I changed from cigars to a pipe."

"But you smoke all day long now."

"Yes, but one has to stop now and then to fill a pipe, you see."—Cleveland Leader.

Hobo Logic.

Tired Timothy—I never ask a crust uv a crusty man.

Languid Lewis—Don't youse?

Tired Timothy—Naw. I allers ask fer meat, 'cause den I'm shore uv gittin' de cold shoulder.—Chicago News.

Both Guesses Wrong.

Algy—But I weary you, Miss Capsicum. I'm a great talker.

Miss Capsicum — On the contrary, Mr. Feathertop, you don't weary me at all, and I find your small talk very diverting.—Chicago Tribune.

Strictly So.

Magistrate—Is the assault of which the prisoner is accused one of gravity?

Lawyer—Indeed, it is, your honor! It was at the top of a hill my client was struck, and he rolled to the bottom.—Baltimore American.

Possible Explanation.

Mrs. Biggs—My husband seems to be lost in thought about half the time.

Mrs. Diggs—I suppose his ideas are so far apart that he can't help getting lost on the way from one to the other.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Hors d'Oeuvres.

Indignant Patron—Why, this is an outrageous price for just a small plain dinner.

Bland Proprietor—You forget, sir, the number and variety of microbes you've eaten!—Puck.

Quarrel In the Woods.

"You're lots more of a coward than I am," declared the squirrel.

"Maybe, but I'm not nearly so much of a tail bearer," answered the rabbit, wiggling its nose insultingly.—Kansas City Times.

Season's Changes.

Patience—Is he getting ready for winter?

Patrice—Oh, yes. He's broken off his engagement with his summer girl.—Yonkers Statesman.

Chance For Information.

Myer—A friend of mine has invented a submarine telephone.

Gyer — Now I suppose we'll soon know what the wild waves are saying.—Detroit Tribune.

WASHINGTON LETTER

[Special Correspondence.]

Many Americans, possibly a number of Washingtonians, will be surprised to learn that in the national capital, often called "the city beautiful" and declared to surpass the capitals of Europe, there are within a few blocks of the White House, beautifully trim in its immediate surroundings, large areas where rubbish, filth and tangled masses of wild brush growth abound.

To many visitors to Washington it would be hardly believable to think that almost within a stone's throw of the spotlessly clean White House there are big piles of ashes and trash, a wide area of sluggish marsh land and a matted wilderness of trees and scrub undergrowth. Yet this is the fact.

Ugly Spots In Capital.

"Although a hundred years have rolled by since the White House was built, although civic improvement societies have been hard at work in their efforts to bring reform in the beautification of our American cities and although the national capital has had handsome improvements made in some directions as far away as five miles from the White House," said a well known official the other day, "yet off to the southwest, just beyond the site where the palatial home of the bureau of American republics is rising in the air, there are views which for unsightliness would be hard to surpass.

Great Piles of Rubbish.

"Great piles of old water pipe, old wagons and long piles of manure add their unsightliness to the neighborhood.

"If there is any part of the District which should be kept handsome not merely for the sake of cleanliness itself and the health of the citizens of the District, but more especially for the sake of creating with foreigners and other visitors a favorable impression of America's great capital, it is that section of the city within a short radius of the White House."

Senator Smith's New Home.

Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan has had the old property which he purchased a few months ago at the northwest corner of Sixteenth and L streets northwest remodeled so extensively that it looks like an entirely new house.

The entrance hall extends across the front of the house on the basement floor, back of which is a large stair hall, with broad stairs leading to the main floor. Across the front of the main floor is a spacious drawing room, finished in elaborate decorative plaster work.

The dining room, on this floor, back of the central stair hall, is finished in mahogany, the paneled wainscoting reaching almost to the ceiling, which is beamed in mahogany. The library, which is immediately back of the central stair hall on the basement floor, is to be finished in oak.

To Pasteurize Milk Supply.

In view of the definite tracing of the outbreak of typhoid fever in Georgetown to the owner of a dairy farm, the health officers of the District of Columbia and of the federal government have renewed their efforts to have all milk pasteurized, so as to make it safe for use as food.

In the case of Georgetown it was found that the germs of the disease were conveyed to the milk by a woman who had typhoid fever eighteen years ago and whose body still gives off virulent typhoid germs.

Surgeon General Walter Wyman of the public health service says that it was established that at least 2 per cent of the recovered cases of typhoid were bacilli carriers for a longer or shorter period and that if they handled milk they would infect it, but pasteurization would kill the germs.

Laundry War Planned.

The war which has been waged against unclean lunch rooms and lodging houses by the District health office for the last several months is to be turned in a new direction. Announcement has been made by the officials that a crusade against the violators of the regulation which requires all persons conducting laundry establishments at their homes to register with the department will be started.

The law was framed some weeks ago and is now in effect. It is estimated that 10,000 persons in the District each week take to their homes soiled linen, which is washed, ironed and returned to the owners. Only 135 of these have registered with the health office and obtained permits to conduct such a business.

Buds to Dance.

All society knows in respect of Ethel Roosevelt's coming out is that she will be presented to it on Dec. 28 at a little dance which is to be one of the most exclusive affairs of the season. Few married folk will be present, the exceptions, outside the parents of the debutante, being Admiral and Mrs. Cowles, the Douglas Robinsons of New York and Representative and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth. Almost all the invitations are to be restricted to the season's buds, a few of last winter and several close friends of the president's daughters who have been out two or more years.

Wild Geese on the Potomac.

Several flocks of wild geese have been seen on the river by the officers of the Washington and Potomac line steamer Wakefield recently. One flock of about a dozen was seen near Cedar Point, and a still larger flock was noticed off the mouth of Potomac creek, about forty miles below this city.

The hunters say that it is seldom that wild geese come to the Potomac so early, and the indications point to a good season this winter. Wild ducks are also reported to be more numerous, and it is thought they will also be plentiful with the coming of cold weather.

CARL SCHOFIELD.

WOMAN AND FASHION

An Original Coat Suit.

Braid and buttons are so much used this winter that designers are eager to get new methods of applying them. This coat suit shows one of the best ways. The material is rough blue diagonal serge. The skirt is short, the coat of medium length. The braid is put on the skirt in rows around the back, ending at sides with large, flat braid buttons. The coat has the bands of braid around the back formed into latticework in front by bands of braid running from shoulder nearly to hem. The skirt is high waisted, with lapels over the shoulders, so it may be worn without the coat. It is trimmed front and back with bands of braid ending in buttons. The hat is a wide sailor of blue satin trimmed with buff colored osprey.

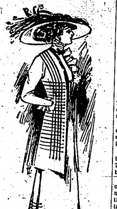

IN ROUGH BLUE SERGE.

Buff Evening Gown.

As a rival of white this season for handsome evening gowns there is a pale shade of buff which is exceedingly attractive. It comes in chiffon cloth, satin and gauze.

It will be lined with the same tone in soft silk. It is especially pretty in satin trimmed with gold and silver Grecian embroidery.

One gown of it is in one piece and draped around the waist in slight folds, which are gathered together at the left side under a square buckle of brilliants. From this hang two full streamers of buff filet net edged with gold fringe.

The gown is cut in a deep decollete, which is edged with a three inch band of loose embroidery. There are no sleeves proper. There are two streamers of filet net hanging from the shoulder edged with gold fringe.

To Embroider Gowns.

Hand worked gowns are within the means of women who know how to do some of the fashionable quick embroidery which embellishes many of the most expensive of the thinner costumes. A black chiffon cloth gown which looked like an expensive model had large water lilies decorating the bottom in a band almost eighteen inches in width. The flowers were worked with rather heavy black silk, and occasionally there was a thread of silver. Another effective pattern and one that is easy to do is a row of disks about two inches across. A single or a double row of these used as a border on a net gown will be found unusually attractive.

A Childish Hat.

Little girls this winter are wearing the cutest hats and bonnets. The mushroom shape, so much worn by their mammas, is a favorite model.

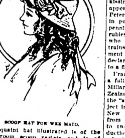

SCOOP HAT FOR WEE MAID.

The quaint hat illustrated is of the mushroom scoop variety and is of white felt trimmed with old blue velvet ribbon and a couple of lovely pink roses, one on each side.

Ivory Toilet Sets.

Instead of silver toilet articles many women are selecting ivory or imitation ones on account of the ease with which these latter can be kept clean. All one needs to do is to give the ivory brushes and trays a wiping with a fresh, soft cloth, and there is no rubbing or weekly polishing to go through with. All the little toilet and dressing table requisites are now sold in this material, and the boxes are charmingly decorated with sprays of flowers if one does not fancy the plain or monogrammed backs.

FACTS IN FEW LINES

Denmark is the original home of the cream separator.

About 60 per cent of the gold product of the world is handled by Great Britain.

A man who once had fame as a chef has been picked up starving in New York city.

Formic acid is coming into vogue in Germany and England as a remedy for tuberculosis and kidney troubles.

Turkey has more aged people in proportion to the population than any other European country.

In England and Wales out of every 100,000 girls and boys 6,820 are called Mary and 6,590 William.

The town of Amherst, Nova Scotia, is supplied with light and power from the waste products of a nearby coal mine.

Outside of the steerage there were 2,057,328 passengers carried in and out of New York harbor last year on steamers.

A Pittsburg firm is making a specialty of glass grave "stones" which show portraits of the deceased blown in the front.

Although glass bottles were made by the Romans as far back as the year 70 A. D., their manufacture was not begun in England until 1558.

The Mexican people are very fond of apples, peaches, pears and other northern fruits. They raise some in their uplands, but these are deficient in fine flavor.

Belgium is rich in stone and marble of various kinds. The general quarrying industry employs over 37,000 men, and its annual output exceeds $12,000,000 in value.

While the gaikwar and maharanee of Kapurthala were driving in a motor car after nightfall through a forest near Glengariff a stag charged full tilt at the car and was instantly killed.

Among other things the human body contains carbons, calcium, phosphorus, sodium, sulphur, potassium, magnesium, iron, copper, lead and silicon, lithium, mercury, arsenic and other solids.

Charles Hauffman, a mail collector in St. Louis, found a new gold watch in a mail box with a note attached asking that it be sold and the money applied to charity, as the watch had been stolen.

On the railway in Wales the brakeman has to announce such stations as Ffestiniog, Bettws-y-coed, Llandegai and Pemaenmawr. As in this country, tourists occasionally fail to understand what the man says.

For the last fourteen years a brood of tomtits has been reared each spring in the letter box at Uttoxter workhouse, Maine. Since the parent birds first took possession of the box they have hatched nearly 200 eggs.

Parts of Oklahoma are being prospected, and mineral deposits in various districts show that gold, silver and copper are likely to be found in large quantities. Asphalt is also being found, and this latter mining is likely to be started immediately.

If the shah of Persia were to be deprived of his income he could still make sure of being one of the richest men in the world. He would only have to sell his ornaments, gems and precious stones to become possessed of about $35,000,000, the sum at which the magnificent collection is valued.

The French ambassador at Washington writes to the London Athenaeum disputing the statement of Sidney Lee that only two cities on the continent of Europe—Berlin and Padua—possess a copy of the Shakespeare first folio. Mr. Jusserand mentions a copy in the National library of Paris, of the authenticity of which he advances what appear to be convincing proofs.

Marie Hellbran of Chicago has invented a mechanical device which will throw thousands of her sex out of employment, a letter opener that will open 400 letters in a minute, or 10,000 in a day, the number that had to be opened at the house in which she formerly worked. Her machine is said to fairly gobble up the letters put into it. No girl can open more than thirty a minute by hand.

The Moscow correspondent of the Novosti says Mlle. Trelloff, a Russian actress, has been fined 10 rubles for kissing her mother on a street car. It appears that both in Moscow and St Petersburg it is unlawful to give kisses in public, a kiss in the street being penalized by a fine of 7 rubles, 10 rubles being the fine inflicted on those who practice osculation in railway trains or in street cars. A recent enactment even renders persons who send declarations of love on post cards liable to a fine of 5 rubles.

France is not the only country with a falling birth rate. The Hon. J. A. Millar, the minister of labor in New Zealand, has been calling attention to the "staggering statistics" on this subject in that part of the empire. The New Zealand birth rate has fallen from forty-one per thousand in 1880 to twenty-seven last year. The reduction of the attendance at their schools is very noticeable. It is feared that New Zealand's industries instead of expanding will shrink and disappear if the population is not maintained.

This kind of paragraph is common in British newspapers: "A medal and £2 ($10) have been awarded to Henry Jimes of Wellsbourne, Warwickshire, in recognition of upward of fifty years' service on the Walton estate of the Mordaunt family. Jimes, who is eighty-three and commenced work at the age of six, became connected with the Walton estate under Sir Charles Mordaunt in 1852. For many years he kept a wife and two children on 8 shillings ($2) a week. The veteran is still hale and hearty and often labors from daybreak to sunset."

Xmas Sale.

Don't fail to come and see my stock before Xmas, as you will certainly save 30 per cent on every thing you buy here.

Selling out guaranteed jewelry, solid gold and gold filled, 40 per cent off regular prices.

Ladies' and gentlemen's solid gold, gold filled rings, bracelets, chains, belt buckles and combs, etc., 40 per cent off.

Men's, boys' and children's clothing and overcoats, 40 per cent off from the regular prices.

Ladies' Panama dress skirts, 30 per cent off.
" waists. 30 per cent off.
Flannels and dress goods, 30 per cent off.
Caps, mitts, hats, underwear and sweaters, 30 per cent off.
Razors and cutlery, 30 per cent off.

I carry a good line of boots and shoes, which I am selling at less than the regular prices.

Bear skin baby coats, 30 per cent off.
Shawls, 40 per cent off from the regular price.
Blankets, pillows and comforters, 30 per cent off.
With every $5.00 purchase. I give 20 pounds of sugar for $100.

A. JOE GILLER.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

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COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

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THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1908 NUMBER 51

WOMAN WEDS WILY WILEY

Now She Is Sorry That She Ever Met the Former Local Real Estate Dealer.

Mr. Tindolph Said to Have Made $5,000 Out of an Unsuccessful Marriage.

Wiley Tindolph, well known to the people of Thief River Falls, having been one of our first real estate dealers, is in trouble—or at least he has made trouble for the aunt of F. H. Conger. Wiley married last May, and although the marriage does not appear to have been a success, the former Thief River Falls real estate dealer appears to have made a profit of $5,000 out of the deal, even if his heart did suffer some pain.

A Short time ago Chief of Police A. W. Lang received a letter from F. H. Conger, of the firm of Auld & Conger Co., manufacturers and wholesale dealers in roofing slate, etc., of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Conger was inquiring as to the character of Mr. Tindolph. The following letter to Mr. Lang will explain itself:

Mr. A. W. Lang,
Chief of Police,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dear Sir: Referring again to my inquiry of December 2nd on Mr. Wiley Tindolph, in your city off and on for some years back, I wish to state that this party married my aunt in May of this year and in October she left him and returned east. During the brief time mentioned he inveigled her into deeding her property to him absolutely without any consideration whatsoever; later he compelled her to give him $1,500.00 in cash and notes for $3,500.00 before he would deed the property back.

The above mentioned facts which are exactly true are self explanatory. You can obtain considerable data on this party from almost any of the citizens of Vincennes, Ind. I might state in closing that the information given in this letter is not confidential, as you are at liberty to use same as you see fit or to refer anyone desiring further details to me.

Yours very truly,
F. H. Conger.

Refused Use Of Mails.

The Postoffice department has discovered that the afternoon card parties given by the ladies of the country are lotteries, games of chance or some other questionable preceeding, and has stretched out its autocratic hand and forbidden the use of the mails for the transmission of invitations to these gatherings, if the hostess is to give prizes to the players.

Barring invitations from the mail isn't all either. The woman who loves to entertain at cards and who gives lovely cut glass and painted china prizes, will no longer have the pleasure of seeing her party described in the newspapers, with a list of those who received prizes, since the head of the department at Washington has ruled that newspapers cannot go through the mails if they publish names of prize winners at card party.

The ruling is in line with others equally assinine which have been issued from the Postoffice department.—Ex.

Is the N. P. to Operate This Branch?

There is a rumor in circulation in railroad circles that this branch of the Great Northern from Warroad to Tilten Junction is to be sold to the Northern Pacific and that trains will be run through to Minneapolis and St. Paul by way of Winnipeg Junction. There is said to be good foundation for the rumor. If this new plan went into effect it would prove quite unpopular in Thief River Falls, unless train service was still maintained between this city and Crookston.

Scarlet Fever at Erskine.

Information has been received from Erskine that the public schools of the town have been closed on account of a prevalence of scarletina. A number of cases have been found in the town and immediate community and after a consultation the school authorities decided to take precautionary measures to guard against a spread of the malady. It was accordingly decided to close the schools for a period in order to protect the scholars. It is not believed that the disease will become epidemic.

Mrs. John Clark Dead.

Mrs. John Clark, of the town of Rollis died suddenly on Sunday and the funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Neal Gilchrist, of this city, conducting the services. The deceased was one of the pioneer residents of the town of Rollis, and a woman held in high esteem there. She was a sister of Mrs. Milton Forder of this city.

Mrs. O. T. Tanberg Injured.

Mrs. O. T. Tanberg, wife of County Treasurer Tanberg, came near being killed at Red Lake Falls last Thursday. She was walking down the big hill on the north side of the river which leads to the bridge and two young boys were coming behind her running a race down the hill. Mrs. Tanberg stepped aside to let one of the boys pass her, and did not see the other boy, stepping into his path. When the two met Mrs. Tanberg was thrown high into the air and sustained a severe bruise on the back of her head. For nearly three hours she was unconscious and for a time it was feared she would not live. She is now getting along nicely, however.

Road Money From State.

Gazette:—Red Lake county has received its first assistance from the state road and bridge fund because of the construction of state roads within the county and it is the substantial sum of $956.61. Three times that amount has been expended by the county in the construction of roads within the county designated as state highways. The report to the state engineer being approved the county is reimbursed to the extent of one third of the outlay. It is the first state aid of the kind ever received by the county.

How Much Does Each Get?

A father, not a millionaire, left at his death a number of children and a certain sum to be divided between them as follows: The eldest to receive $100 and one tenth of the remainder; the second child $200 and one tenth of what then remained; and so on, each child to receive 100 more than the one immediately preceding and one tenth part of what still remained. When the division took place it was found that all the children received the same amount. How many children were there, how much did each receive?

WANT PINE LANDS SOLD.

Red Lake Indians Want Their Pine Disposed of In Bulk at an Early Date.

Pine Is Now All Matured and Is in Danger of Being Destroyed by Fire.

A movement is under way in this section and having its source among persons who have the interests of the Minnesota Indians at heart, particularly those of the Red Lake and White Earth reservations, whereby the full value of their mature pine forests may be realized now while they are in their prime and before they are destroyed or injured by fire.

These Indians have many relatives among the whites, who have not failed to note the manner in which they have been deprived of their property in the past, and they fear that the present plan of the department at Washington merely to cut a little of the mature forest every year will result in less soon from one of the fires that sweep over the wooded parts of Northern Minnesota every season.

One of the largest bodies of solid pine forests is found on the Red Lake Indian reservation, on the eastern and southern shores of the great Red Lakes. This tract is estimated to contain at least 600,000,000 feet of pine, and will in all probability surpass this estimate. The timber is fully matured and will not increase in quantity any more. That the policy of cutting it in yearly driblets would be the best one is admitted were it not for the fact that the timber is fully grown and were it not also for the ever present and increasing danger from fire.

Misleading the Newspapers.

Duluth Herald: There is pending in the Vermont legislature a bill which provides a fine of $5 to $25 for giving false information to a newspaper.

It ought to pass, and similar laws ought to be adopted in every state; only the penalty might be made more severe. Every newspaper, perhaps, has been made the victim of practical jokes by low-minded and vicious individuals who, getting their ideas of humor out of the comic supplement, no doubt, think it a fine thing to expose their friends to embarrassment and chagrin. So they send to the newspaper notices of the engagement or marriage of men and women who may, perhaps, be bitter enemies, or contrive some other story, innocent upon its face, which carries concealed sting. Even with the most rigid care, such false news item creeps into print, and neither the victims nor the newspapers have any adequate remedy.

About the only thing that would stop this practice is to catch one or two of these Katzenjammer practical jokers, and make examples of them. That can't be done unless a penalty is provided by law. So Vermont ought to pass the pending bill, and the other states including Minnesota, ought to follow its example.

Four Eclipses Will Be Visible Here.

The calendars for the year 1909 have been made out and there will be four eclipses. Two of these, a total obscuration of the sun and a total lunar eclipse, will be visible in the United States.

1. A total eclipse of the moon, on June 3. Visible to South America and Africa and in part to North America, Europe and Southwestern Asia.

2. A total eclipse of the sun, June 17. Visible to North America as far south as a line drawn from San Francisco to the mouth of the Rio Grande river, and from the northern and eastern portions of Asia.

3. A total eclipse of the moon, November 26-27, visible to North America and the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and in part of South America, the extreme western portions of Europe and Africa, and the eastern portions of Asia and Australia.

4. A partial eclipse of the sun, December 12-13, invisible to the United States. Visible to the southeastern tip of Australia, the southern portion of New Zealand, and the southern Polar regions.

Long Time Between Showers.

W. T. Tice, living about two miles west of town, tells us he planted [illegible] acres of corn, cultivated the same, raised about [illegible] bushels of grain and shucked same and placed it in the crib between two showers. The last general rain in May and no more fell until Monday night of this week. Mr. Tice planted his corn between the first and the middle of June. Some light local showers came during the summer but that was all in the nature of rain. Mr. Tice finished gathering it Monday, as he declares he did it all between two showers.—Fairfield Republican, November 20.

Useful Xmas Gifts

AT THE GOLDEN RULE

You have but 7 days left to do your Xmas shopping. Now let us work together and select your Xmas presents from the best and Largest variety of Useful Holiday presents in Thief River Falls. Everything is ready and on display here at popular, pleasing and satisfactory prices. Hundreds of useful articles to select from. Here are a few suggestions.

FOR THE LADIES:
- A fine Dress Pattern.
- A fur lined-plush or Cloth Coat.
- A set of furs.
- A Silk Waist.
- A fine neck Scarf.
- A pair of Kid gloves.
- A modified Directorie Skirt.
- Shopping bags and purses.
- Underwear or Hosiery.
- Handkerchiefs or Neckwear.
- An Umbrella or parasol.
- A suit case.
- A pair of fancy slippers.

FOR THE GIRLS:
- A Dress Pattern.
- A Cloak.
- A Cap or Fascinator.
- A pair of Shoes.
- A pair of Gloves or Mittens.
- Neckwear.
- Jewelry.
- A Set of Furs.
- Dolls.
- Hosiery or Underwear.
- Side Combs or Back Combs.
- Handkerchiefs.
- Doilies or Centerpieces.
- A pair of fancy slippers.

FOR THE MEN:
- A Suit of Clothes.
- A fur lined or Cloth overcoat.
- A pair of Shoes.
- A leather Suit Case.
- Underwear or Hosiery.
- Neckties or Handkerchiefs.
- A fancy Vest.
- Shirts and Collars.
- Collar button or Cuff buttons.
- 1 pair of Trousers.
- Gordon Hat.
- Fur & Cloth Caps.
- Suspenders or Belts.
- A pair of Warm slippers.

FOR THE BOYS:
- A suit of Clothes.
- An overcoat.
- A pair of Shoes.
- Shirts and Collars.
- Neckties & Handkerchiefs.
- Pocket books.
- A pair of hose Supporters.
- Suspenders.
- Underwear.
- Trunks.
- A pair of Shoes.
- A pair of Indian Moccasins.
- A pair of Trousers.
- A Wool or Silk Muffler.

FOR THE HOUSEHOLD: Chinaware, Lamps, Bed Spreads, Table Linen and Napkins, Wool and Cotton Blankets, Center pieces, etc., etc.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE
HEADQUARTERS FOR USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFTS

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Comes from Grapes

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Imitation baking powders are made from harsh mineral acids and leave in the food unhealthful properties

Tom Has Hard Luck.

Thomas Pederson is reported as being very sick. One of his calves fell in the well and Tommy went down and in trying to lift the calf out, standing in the cold water, he strained some part of himself and took cold. He finally had to kill the calf in the well.—Rollis correspondence in the Middle River Pioneer.

Newfolden to Have a Market Day.

Ole C. Brenna, of Thief River Falls, spent Thursday here talking with the business men in an effort to get Newfolden to hold a market day. A meeting was held and it was decided that Newfolden should have a market day on Tuesday, December 22.—Newfolden Review.

Many Horses Dying.

Reports come from the southeastern part of Clay county, points southeast of Barnesville, that a disease has broken out among horses and that many animals on the farm have died. It is stated that first a sore develops on the fore legs of so irritating a nature that the horse licks the sore spot continuously. The licking of the sore carries a small worm, known as bots, into the stomach of the afflicted animal and death ensues in two or three weeks. There was an appearance of the disease last spring, but there came an abatement and now it has broken out again, much to the alarm of the farmers and others who own horses. The live stock sanitary board has been advised.

DITCH WORK IS ORDERED.

Red Lake County Is to Have Two New Ditches Built Next Spring.

Silverton, Smiley, Rocksbury, North and Equality Townships to Be Benefitted.

C. H. Martz, county surveyor, and Otto Zaiser, E. A. Moran and O. W. Brink, acting as viewers for two proposed new county ditches have completed their work and filed their report with the county auditor. They find that the benefits assessed would far exceed the damages awarded should the ditches be constructed and consequently their report is a favorable one.

Ditch No. 33, if constructed, will benefit land in the towns of Silverton, Smiley, Rocksbury and North. The ditch will be six miles long and the greater part of it will be in the town of Silverton.

The other proposed ditch, No. 34, will be four miles long and will be located in the town of Equality.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongst the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Startling Revelations Furnished by Professor Von Scheele, Who Asserts, After a Rigid Investigation, That School Children in Stockholm Are Starving—Charity Facilities Fall Far Short of the Requirements, the Professor Declares.

SWEDEN.

That the school children of Stockholm are starving is the startling revelation furnished by Professor von Scheele, who has been conducting a rigid investigation of the actual condition among the pupils at the various public schools. The professor claims that last fall there were 2,631 school children who received meals gratis at the Smitt steam kitchen. Of these only 333 were served dinner gratis, 168 received breakfast, and 400 were served dinner and supper every other day. The professor claims that the charity facilities fall far short and that there are hundreds of children as a consequence who have to go hungry. The meals that many children receive at home consist of only a cup of coffee and a piece of bread and this is not sufficient sustenance for a child that goes to school. The conditions are, therefore, said to be deplorable and the professor will urge the city council to take some action in regard to the matter and if possible alleviate these conditions to some extent. The daily papers have taken up the question and many articles have been written which calculate to awaken people to the true condition of affairs.

Dr. Sven Hedin has sent about 6,000 pages of notes and a large number of charts and drawings to his relatives in Stockholm for safe keeping until his return to Sweden, when he will personally take charge of the arrangement and publishing in book form of all his important collections. A chart of wonderful dimensions over the tracts that he has traversed has also been sent and which he will exhibit during his lectures in January in Stockholm and London. The first Swede Dr. Hedin met after his three year absence into the interior of Thibet was a Salvation Army officer named Hjelm, whom he met in Colombo, Ceylon, Oct. 17. Mr. Hedin wrote to his relatives in Stockholm that he was elated over this meeting and says that he never in his life felt so happy to meet one of his fellow countrymen as on this occasion, when he also had an opportunity to speak his native language.

A floating club house will be erected by the Viking Yacht club of Stockholm in the near future. The organization has contemplated the erection of a club house a number of years, but it has up to this time failed to secure a suitable site. Now Architect Hallquist, an enthusiastic yachtman, has come forth with a proposition and drawing of a floating club house, which is in the shape of a Viking ship. The ship will have a kitchen with all modern improvements, a dining room, smoking rooms and parlors and also a "sal" of ancient appointments. It will cost about 100,000 crowns when completed and will in a sense be the most unique club house in the world. The building committee has been appointed and work on the floating club house will commence at once.

The Stockholm Concert company is at present out on an extensive concert tour and gave its first concert in Karlsruhe, Nov. 18, which proved to be a brilliant success. The director of the chorus is Tor Aulin and the soloists are Mme. Dagmar Moller and Lieutenant Eric Elfgren. The applause was deafening and one da capo after another was given. The attempt to introduce Swedish song composers in Germany has therefore proven to be a singular success. Later on the concert company will give a grand concert in Berlin, which will be attended by Emperor William and many other high functionaries.

A number of Swedish dignitaries and noblemen have been awarded the Victoria Cross by King Edward since his recent visit to Sweden. King Gustaf has in turn awarded orders to a number of British statesmen and dignitaries. The Swedish royal couple were heartily received at the English court and King Edward and Queen Alexandra had arranged several receptions and gala affairs in their honor.

Consul Bolander, who perished some time ago during a sea journey between Gothenburg and Christiania, was insured for 100,000 crowns. Most of this money has been collected by the relatives, who offer a reward of 500 crowns for the recovery of Consul Bolander's body.

Vigeland, the famous Norwegian sculptor, has refused to furnish a model for the Eidsvold monument. It is not known what has caused him to submit his refusal. An effort will be made by those in authority to have him reconsider the proposition.

Major Axel Oscar [illegible], chief of the Vendes artillery regiment, died at his home in Kristianstad, aged eighty years. He was an excellent officer and was held in high esteem by all his fellow officers and in fact by all who knew him.

The government will in the near future place two motor boats at the disposal of Swedish naval cadets. They will be built at an expense of 12,000 crowns apiece, and will be completed by May 1.

King Edward has been appointed by King Gustaf a general in the Swedish army. He has for a number of years been an honorary general in the Swedish navy.

NORWAY.

There is greater interest evinced for ski running than ever before. Great plans are now under way to make the Holmenkollen event one of the greatest in history. As a sport Norwegian ski running reaches its acme in the jumping contests, which, commencing early in January, take place every Sunday, in different parts of the country successively, culminating in the great event at Holmenkollen on the mountain overlooking Christiania. These contests are purely athletic affairs, and not an essential part of the ski running, but they serve the purpose as a stimulant to maintain interest in the exercise. As picturesque and exciting exhibitions of athletic skill they surpass anything else in the world of sport. One of the sights of Christiania is the long and carefully constructed "coast," as Americans would call it, which winds down from the hills of "Frognesater" to the capital of Norway. On a winter Sunday this is a great slide and a scene of constant life and animation. Sleds come gliding down in rapid succession, their occupants shouting the warning "Look out." The Norwegian record is held by a jump of forty-eight meters or nearly 138 feet, down the slope. Measuring back on a level to the take off, the distance covered in this surprising flight is a hundred and twenty five feet, with a drop of about sixty five feet.

Norway's queen takes a great interest in charity work and whenever she has an opportunity to do some kind deed she devotes her entire time to it. There are many poor people in the Norwegian capital this winter, but their condition is not foreign to the good queen. She has already donated thousand of crowns to charity institutions and is also taking a great deal of interest in the anti-tuberculosis society of the country, which is making such heroic efforts to check the inroads and ravages of that dreadful disease. Recently she donated 5,000 crowns to the society and also presented the Christiania branch with a beautiful pair of French vases, which are valued at several hundred crowns. King Haakon is equally good hearted and, although he is not a king who is receiving the greatest royal salary in the world, he freely subscribes to good and worthy causes all that his purse can stand.

The anti-leprous congress which convened in Bergen some time ago subscribed 5,000 crowns for the purpose of fighting the dread disease. From individual sources there have been subscribed something like 10,000 crowns. There are a number of cases of leprosy in the country and the storthing will be asked to take up the matter of purchasing an island which will be set aside for such unfortunates.

Judging from latest calculations the Amundsen expedition in quest of the north pole will cost in the neighborhood of 150,000 crowns. Little Norway has spent millions of crowns already and it can be truthfully said of the country that it is contributing its share for scientific research.

Carl Dohns, the young zoologist has been appointed "conservator" of the Bergen museum. While only a young man, Mr. Dohns has already distinguished himself in his chosen avocation and everybody thinks that the right man has been selected for the place.

King Haakon has donated 10,000 crowns to the Eidsvold monument. The Eidsvold monument fund now amounts to about 55,000 crowns and is steadily increasing.

DENMARK.

According to latest reports they have discovered how Alberti was placed in a condition to conduct such wholesale swindleries for a number of years. Until the early part of last week Alberti tenaciously clung to the statement that he did not have any accomplices, but he now admits that he had. He had plenty of help from England, especially from a butter importing firm in Manchester, with whom he had large accounts. The names of the men who were allied with him in England in these swindleries have not as yet been divulged, but their names will soon be made known to the public. Another man who was involved in these wholesale swindleries was a bookkeeper for one of the Alberti banks in London. Alberti now maintains that there are many high Danish dignitaries who were mixed up with him and a rigid investigation will follow.

The reign of terror instituted some time ago in the country districts by Russian anarchists has stirred the country from one end to the other. It appears that there are not less than 1,000 Russian anarchists and fugitives from justice in Denmark and every possible effort is being put forth to single them out and send them back to Russia. The difficult part of the matter is that a large number of the anarchists are Russian students and some of them are excellent linguists and speak Danish and German fluently.

An expedition under the protection of the queen of Denmark will start for the West Indies during the early part of January for the purpose of ascertaining to what extent the leprosy epidemic has spread itself on the Danish island possessions. The leader of the expedition will be Professor Ehlers, who, with the aid of the government, erected a hospital for the lepers there about two years ago.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

CASUALTIES ON THE RAIL

Record of Minnesota Roads for the Last Fiscal Year.

The roads in Minnesota last year caused the death of 151 people and injured 1,720, according to the sworn statements of the roads filed with the railway and warehouse commission. These figures include the report of thirty-four roads for the year ending last July. Six small roads, like the Duluth Belt Line, and similar short stretches are the only ones which have no injury record.

Only three passengers were killed and 156 were injured last year. As opposed to this is the record of eighty-two killed and 171 injured, "trespassers and others." The number of employes to suffer death from their work was sixty-six, with 1,379 injured. There were no railway mail clerks killed and only fourteen were injured during the year.

MUCH WET LAND DRAINED

Work of State Commissioner Told in His Report.

One-tenth of the original swamp and wet land of the state will be drained when the drainage contracts let during the last two years are completed. According to the biennial report of the drainage commissioner a total of 1,000,000 acres will be drained by the new ditches built.

In addition to the draining of the land there have been built at the side of the ditches seventy-five miles of good roads at a cost of $75 a mile. The scope of the work during the last two years has been so great that more ditches were dug than during all the previous history of state drainage. At one time during the year there were fifty ditch machines at work in the state.

FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER

William Schreiber Convicted by Jury at Duluth.

William Scheiber was found guilty of murder in the first degree at Duluth. He killed Frank Massapust, a settler, near Ashawa, last February. Schreiber tried to cash a certificate of deposit belonging to Massapust, which led to his arrest. The house in which the murder was committed was burned on the night of the tragedy and the body almost consumed. The defense contended that the commission of any crime had not been proved.

Famous Engineer Retires.

Jim Root, the oldest engineer on the Northern Pacific railway system and who has become known the country over for his heroic work at the time of the great Hinckley fire, has been laid off and his days of active railroading are now over. Although Root has ceased to work he will, however, still continue to draw his pay the same as though he was running an engine, in payment of a debt of gratitude that the railway company owes to him. Root is now seventy-three years of age.

Kills Wife and Himself.

The crossroads town of Knapp, on the west line of Wright county, was the scene of a tragedy which has shocked all the countryside. August Carlson, separated from his wife and repulsed by her when he urged her to return to him, fired three shots from a revolver into her body. Then, turning the weapon upon himself, he fired twice more, the last bullet in the gun lodging in his head and causing almost instant death. The woman cannot live.

Officer Saves Five Lives.

Only the quickness of wit and promptness of action of Officer Hinds of the Ducas street station, St. Paul, saved Mrs. Max Rubenstein and her four children from death by coal gas poisoning. As it was when the officer rescued the woman and her offspring the fumes had almost done their work and, with the exception of the mother, who was moaning weakly, the other victims lay helpless and almost lifeless.

Pimple on Nose Causes Death.

John Maller, aged forty, well known attorney and Mason of St. Paul, died at the city hospital from blood poisoning starting from a pimple on the nose. Mr. Maller was taken to the hospital two weeks ago, after the inflammation from the pimple had spread over his face. The victim had been associated for nineteen years with the law firm of Durment & Moore.

Falls Eighty Feet and Lives.

Christ Davis of St. Paul, an ironworker, while crouching along the apex of the false work on the new Fort Snelling bridge, slipped and plunged headlong backward and downward for eighty feet to the ice on the Minnesota river below. His nose was crushed to a shapeless mass and his jaw broken in two places. He may recover.

Minneapolis Boy Drowned.

The treacherous river ice claimed the first victim of the skating season in Minneapolis when, despite the efforts of a boy companion who imperiled his own life to reach his drowning comrade, Edward Meehane, Jr., ten years old, skated into an air hole just south of the Twentieth avenue north bridge and was drowned.

Farmer Killed by Train.

F. J. Benson, a farmer living at Inver Grove, Dakota county, was instantly killed and James McDevitt of the same place was painfully injured when a Rock Island freight train struck the buggy they were in at a crossing near Inver Grove. The horses escaped injury, but the buggy was reduced to kindling wood.

AGAIN ACQUITTED

Verdict in Second Hicks Case at Minneapolis.

WAS CHARGED WITH BRIBERY

Result May End School Board Prosecutions.

Not guilty is the verdict of the jury in the second trial of William K. Hicks, secretary of the Minneapolis board of education, charged with accepting a bribe. The verdict was returned after the jury had deliberated twenty-six hours. The decision of the jury will probably end the criminal prosecution of W. K. Hicks, against whom two charges are now standing.

Hicks was indicted on four counts in September last. His indictment was the result of an investigation conducted by George E. Burns and Walter J. Burns of San Francisco, who had been employed to investigate the school board situation in Minneapolis. Among the Minneapolis citizens back of the movement to investigate the conditions and to whom the detectives made reports of the progress of their work, were former Governor John Lind, W. A. Lancaster, Hovey Clark, Mrs. Clifford Thompson and Miss Mae Snow. Mrs. Thompson is the wife of Clifford Thompson, a director on the board of education, and Miss Snow is a teacher in the public schools.

CATTLE DEALER BUNCOED

North Dakota Man Robbed of $7,000 at Minneapolis.

R. F. Cargell, cattle dealer, came into Minneapolis from Clyde, N. D. He was on his way to Heidelberg, Germany. In a satchel he carried there were gold and negotiable papers worth just about $7,000. The police say the old man was fleeced by an ancient confidence game and lost $7,105.

The old man was waiting for a train for Chicago. A man came and sat down by him and began a conversation. The two walked up street together. A man ran up to them and spoke to Cargell's new acquaintance. He wore a cap on which was a band with "Express Agent" on it.

"That package is up there," he said, but there is a charge on it which must be paid before you can take it out."

Cargell's new acquaintance pulled out his wallet and took a check from it.

"That's all I've got. I have no change," he said.

Then he asked Cargell if he would accommodate him with some money until he got the check cashed.

When he took the wallet out of his pocket Cargell handed the grip containing the $7,000 to his new acquaintance to hold. After he gave to him the $105 he took the grip back.

Cargell went back to the depot. After he sat there awhile a suspicion came into his mind. He opened the grip and in it were four beer bottles—nothing more. There was not even a scrap of the $7,000.

NEGRO CONVICT IS GUILTY

Convicted of Murder in First Degree at Stillwater.

James Cunningham, the negro convict at the Stillwater state prison, who has been on trial for the murder of his fellow prisoner, Frank Lemire, was found guilty of murder in the first degree as charged in the indictment. Cunningham never turned a hair when the verdict was read and listened to the argument of his attorney in his behalf with the utmost indifference.

Immediately after the verdict was read County Attorney Nethaway moved for immediate sentence. O. E. Lee, the prisoner's counsel, made a strong plea for the man's life, citing mitigating circumstances why the death penalty should not be inflicted. The court sentenced Cunningham to life imprisonment.

Mrs. Hunter Doll Dead.

Mrs. William Hunter Doll, a native of St. Paul and for many years a resident of that city and best known in the Twin Cities and Washington as the wife of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis, died suddenly at her home in Washington. Mrs. Doll has lived a greater part of the time in Washington ever since she went there as the wife of Senator Davis nearly twenty years ago.

Killed by Boiler Explosion.

John Reich of Minneapolis was so badly injured by the explosion of a boiler in a concrete block factory in that city that he died a few hours later. Part of the boiler was driven through a roof and hurled fully 100 feet in the air.

Dashed to Death on a Stump.

George Hessing of Dora, Otter Tail county, was instantly killed on the road between his home and the village of Vergas. His team ran away, throwing him from the sleigh. In falling his head struck a stump and death resulted instantly.

Deer Hunter Killed.

Mistaken for a deer William Myrtz was accidentally shot and killed by his brother-in-law, John Richter, at Pine Knoll, where the two men were out hunting.

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Razors and cutlery, 30 per cent off.

I carry a good line of boots and shoes, which I am selling at less than the regular prices.

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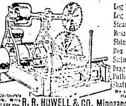

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PAPER FROM CORNSTALKS.

Following closely on the publication of many articles of late pointing out the rapid disappearance of timber supplies suitable for the manufacture of print paper comes an announcement from the chemists of the United States department of agriculture at Washington that a process has been discovered whereby the cornstalks which are at present wasted at the rate of millions of tons annually may be converted into an excellent quality of paper. The first practicable samples of the new cornstalk paper have been manufactured by Dr. Bristol, chief chemist of the department, and his assistants. The experiments have been carried to the point of making five shades of paper. One grade is dark gray, thick and heavy, like parchment, and almost as tough as sheepskin. The white is made from the hard outside shell of the stalk and the yellow grades from the pith. The latter have a much longer fiber and resemble the paper made from linen rags or cotton, being soft and pliable. The process of manufacturing the new kind of paper is said to be much simpler than that involved in reducing wood pulp to paper, the stalks needing but two or three hours' cooking, while wood pulp needs cooking four or five times as long. The experimenters predict that when the manufacture of the new kind of paper is started on a large scale it will be at least 50 per cent cheaper than the paper at present made from wood pulp.

A PRACTICAL CAMPAIGN.

The Audubon Society of America, whose members are intensely interested in the protection of bird life, has decided on a plan of campaign for the future differing radically from that followed in the past. Heretofore the appeals of the society for assistance in the good work which they are trying to do have been largely on the basis of sentiment—humanitarian and aesthetic reasons—rather than on that expressed in terms of dollars and cents. The campaign which the society has laid out has in view setting before the farmer, orchardist, railroad and business man the enormous annual financial loss sustained through insect damage, rendered yearly more threatening as a result of the ruthless destruction of bird life. Last year, according to figures compiled by the society, the money loss to the various interests of the country as a result of insect damage aggregated $800,000,000. In connection with these figures they cite the fact that the federal government doles out the pitifully paltry sum of $62,000 to investigate and educate the people on this all important topic. The Audubon society has struck the right gait in getting on to the basis of the cash loss to business interests as a compelling motive in bird protection, and it goes without saying that it will produce results.

AN IMPROVED VARIETY OF OATS.

A number of farmers in the oats belt report exceptionally good results in both yield and weight per bushel with a new variety of oats, the Regenerated Swedish Select, introduced two or three years ago by a firm of English seedsmen and exhibited at a number of state fairs during the past summer. The variety of oats in question is short kerneled, remarkably plump and full as to berry and has been known to yield as high as 100 bushels to the acre and to weigh as heavy as fifty pounds to the bushel. Excellent characteristics of the new variety are that it is early maturing, stiff and strong in straw and virtually rust proof. The seed comes high, from $2 to $3 a bushel, but the increased yield and quality which it guarantees would seem to justify the purchase of enough seed for a good sized breeding plot. In a great majority of cases where the new variety has been raised there has been an increase in yield of 25 per cent or better.

A WORD ABOUT OLEOMARGARINE

Federal laws lately passed wisely place restriction on the sale of oleomargarine as a counterfeit of dairy butter. This is just common decency and honesty. It should not be palmed off on the public as a dairy product. On the other hand, it is only fair to say in behalf of the manufacturers and retailers of oleomargarine that when it sells under its own colors and is sold honestly for what it is—largely beef fat—no serious objection can be urged against it, as it is a clean and wholesome food product. For a large class of people who this year find themselves in straitened financial circumstances oleomargarine will doubtless be extensively used as a substitute for the genuine dairy product, which is thus early in the season retailing for better than 30 cents per pound and considering the high price of feed may be close to 40 cents before spring.

The chief merit of the silo lies in the fact that it enables the dairyman to furnish his cows summer feed in the winter months, which results in a corresponding increase in milk and butter returns.

A farmer living near Greeley, Colo., the past season grew eighty-eight tons of pumpkins on four acres of land, the crop netting him better than $300. This fellow is certainly some pumpkins, to use a bit of slang.

Properly cured corn fodder is not only relished by all kinds of live stock, but constitutes a most excellent and nutritious food. With enormous amounts of it going to waste annually a big leak exists in the management of the farm for which there is really no good excuse.

Sawdust has no value as fertilizer outside of the potash it would contain in the form of ashes and the humus it would add to the soil in the shape of wood mold when decayed. Sawdust may be used to advantage as an absorbent of liquid manures and in this capacity would serve a very useful purpose.

A reader of these notes who has had good opportunity to note the effects of clover growing on his own farm told the writer recently that hereafter he should never sow an acre of oats without adding a moderate amount of *clover seed. His plan might be followed with profit by a good many of his fellows.*

The real character of some folks is as often indicated by the attitude which they take on trifling things as by that involved in matters of much greater consequence. Many times a person wouldn't think of perpetrating a downright swindle on another, yet has been known to give himself dead away for less than 10 cents.

The prevailing high prices of feed and grain render it imperative that the owner of a dairy herd should spot the loafers and weed out without ceremony those individuals that are barely paying their keep or constitute a positive source of loss. It is a farce to feed twenty cent corn to these loafers and a still more serious matter to feed that which is worth 50 cents.

In no way does a fellow reveal more quickly the type of a farmer he is than in the use which he makes of the great byproduct of the farm, manure. If he is enterprising he will get this on to the land as fresh as possible, so that its full fertilizing value will be realized, while if he is a slipshod chap he will quite likely let it accumulate and permit a good share of its strength to leech away as a result of rains and exposure.

A definite and effective cure and preventive of hog cholera has been discovered by specialists in animal diseases in the employment of the department of agriculture at Washington. The treatment consists of inoculating the hogs with virus from an animal affected with the disease, which seems to render immune to the disease those treated. So effective does the cure seem to be that hopes are entertained that the disease, which in the past has meant a loss to hog raisers of the country of millions of dollars annually, may be entirely eradicated.

The type of agriculture followed on a good many farms might be greatly improved, with increased profits accruing to both landlord and tenant, if the lease on which the farm was rented were for five or more years instead of one, as is too often the case. The one year renter naturally feels that he cannot afford to put in a lot of hard work on the farm one season when a large per cent of the benefit resulting cannot be realized until the following year. Likewise the landlord justifies himself in doing as little as he is required to under the terms of the lease when he knows that his tenant intends to remain but a year and is bent on skinning the land to the limit and would not be in a mood to appreciate improvements the benefit from which would extend over a period of more than one year. It is therefore plain to be seen that the long term lease is best for the tenant, best for the landlord and far and away the best thing for the farm in which each has a mutual financial interest.

Starting in a small way but a few years ago, the cement industry of the country has grown until last year the output of the product was 50,000,000 barrels. The scarcity of lumber in the next few years is sure to result in an enormous increase over these figures. Some one has said that the mixing of cement requires but little more brains than the mixing of mud pies. This is likely overdrawn, but it nevertheless points to the fact that the process is not a difficult one and that any one who is of an enterprising turn of mind and has the proper directions can make many of the cement improvements about his place. For one who wishes to study the subject as well as secure practical suggestions for doing different kinds of cement work Farmers' Bulletin No. 235, issued by the agricultural department at Washington, will be found helpful. This takes up the questions of materials, tools and mixing and gives definite directions for making concrete walks and foundations as well as cement posts.

F. E. Trigg

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THE NEWS,

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Minnesota iron mines produced a trifle more than 18,000,000 tons of iron during the past year.

Gov. Johnson has announced the re-appointment of the faithful little band that nominated him last summer. Now the question is, will they nominate Mr. Johnson again?

Hon. John Cromb, of Crookston, one of the pioneers of this section of the state, died last week. Mr. Cromb was well and favorably known by a great many people in the Northwest and did much to help develop this section.

The indications are that in 1910, the Ninth congressional district is going to have a warm campaign. Several persons are said to be very desirous of wearing the shoes of Congressman Steenerson and if they get them from Halvor it will not be without a hard fight. The most aggresive opponent of Mr. Steenerson at present is a well known banker and politician of Crookston who is as slick as they make 'em, but whose public record has not shown that he was at all times upon the side of the people. A well known physician of Fergus Falls is also desirous of getting into the game, it is said, and if there are three candidates there are sure to be more. It is of course about a year and six months too early to start the campaign, but that is not preventing the aspirants from sending out "feelers".

The township of Highlanding is a very good one, but hardly the right size to have two newspapers and it is not to be expected that these papers could love one another. The following taken from the last issue of the Sunbeam informs the public what Bro. Hunt thinks of Bro. Lattimore:

> We are obliged to leave out some well written locals from Highlanding this week for lack of space, as our friend from Erie has been itching to have his hide warmed up by the rays of the Sunbeam for some time. We give him a touch this week that we think will make the vermin turn over, and shift the cud of J. T. to the other cheek.

Married on Saturday.

William Arthur Reynolds, of Minneapolis, will be united in marriage to Miss Ila Ramstad at the home of the bride's parents on North La Bree avenue at 5 o'clock on Saturday of this week. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Ramstad and a young lady of many accomplishments. The groom is a hustling young business man of Minneapolis and is well known in this city having been employed in the office of the Thief River Falls Lumber company for a time.

Doctors

say take Cod Liver Oil—they undoubtedly mean Scott's Emulsion.

It would be just as sensible for them to prescribe Quinine in its crude form as to prescribe Cod Liver Oil in its natural state. In

Scott's Emulsion

the oil is emulsified and made easy to take—easy to digest and easy to be absorbed in to the body—and is the most natural and useful fatty food to feed and nourish the wasted body that is known in medicine today.

Nothing can be found to take its place. If you are run-down you should take it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World." SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

PROSPECTS ARE GOOD

W. F. Hunt, the Railroad Promoter Again Visits the City This Week.

He States That the Surveyors Will Start at Work on the 1st of January.

W. F. Hunt, the promoter of the proposed railroad to run from Thief River Falls to Roosevelt, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Hunt came to Thief River Falls over the proposed line with H. Robbirstad, a civil engineer, who says that the proposed road can be built at a very small expense as far as grading is concerned.

To the News Mr. Hunt stated that a majority of the organized townships through which the proposed road is to pass have already voted sums of money from $200 to $400 to assist in making the survey and that a free right-of-way has been guaranteed. On the 1st day of January Mr. Hunt says that the surveying party will leave Roosevelt and run the line to Thief River Falls. Some of the homesteaders are so earnest in seeing the road built that they will at once commence the work of grading after the lines have been established.

Mr. Hunt says that he has been given positive assurance that as soon as the road has been surveyed, the right of-way and terminal ground secured, that he can secure a loan of sufficient amount to do the grading, buy and lay the steel and purchase the necessary equippment. He believes that there can be no question but that the road will be a paying one from the start.

Electric Light Plant Accident.

While at work cleaning the armature of one of the large motors that furnishes Thief River Falls with electric lights and power on Sunday, a tool in the hands of a workman fell into the large motor as it was revolving at a rapid rate. The result was that the armature of the motor was entirely ruined, and all parts of the city, except business houses, have been without lights the fore part of the week. On Monday and Tuesday evenings the Bijou and Dewey theatres were obliged to close down for lack of lights and there were no street lights. Only the small dynamo at the power house was running and this had a much larger load than it could carry.

Tuesday morning an expert arrived in the city from St. Paul and made temporary repair to the armature which will allow the plant to run at full capacity until the new armature which has been ordered has arrived. The accident will cost the city about $500 and the users of electricity a great deal of inconvenience.

Dr. Watson Injured.

Dr. N. M. Watson, the well known Red Lake Falls physician, is said to be in a critical condition, the result of an accident. While stepping out of a sleigh at Red Lake Falls last Friday he slipped and fell to the ground. Mr. Watson did not believe that he had been at all seriously bruised and continued to attend to his duties the remaining part of Friday and Saturday. Sunday, however, he was unable to get out of bed, and is now in a critical condition. It appears that in the fall he sustained an internal injury. Dr. Dunlop, of Crookston, and Dr. McDonald, of Minneapolis, have been in attendance, and the many friends of Dr. Watson in this city hope that he will soon recover.

"On to Warroad."

An Excursion train from Crookston to Warroad is to be run over this branch of the Great Northern on Friday of this week. Short stops are to be made at all towns along the line, and it is for the purpose of giving the residents of this section an apportunity to look over the country from Greenbush to Warroad through which the new extension runs. The excursion will be made up largely of Crookston business men, although it is quite likely that quite a number will go from this city and other towns along the line.

Rocksbury.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Englestad spent Sunday at the Nels Nelson home.

Loren Miller and John Gustafson Sundayed at their respective homes.

On Friday evening the Debating Club did not have a debate, due to the absence of speakers.

Rev. R. K. Callaway left Friday evening for Missouri where he will visit relatives and friends.

Most of the farmers in this vicinity attended "Market Day" a week ago Wednesday.

The Farmer's Mutual Tele. Co. have recently installed a number of phones across the river.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School 10:00 a. m. Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

George Dixon May Die.

George Dixon suffered a stroke of paralysis Tuesday morning at about 4 o'clock while at work in the basement of the Dobner-Meehan block where he has been employed as janitor. His left side is entirely paralyzed and it is not thought that he will survive the shock.

Annual Election.

The annual election of the Red Lake River Transportation Company will be held in the Highlanding school house on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

All stockholders of the company are requested to be present.

A. Ellingson, Secretary.

Annual Meeting Soon.

President Nels K. Anderson and Sec. John O. Swanson of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company were in town on Monday making arrangements for the annual meeting of that company on January 3rd. The company is in a prosperous condition and much of its success is due to the above named gentleman.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Roseau Progressive.

While Crookston is bewailing the lack of an auditiorium, Roseau is complacent over the erection of the spacious opera house with a seating capacity of 1,000. Ole Vaa, the owner of this building is having the interior finished, the stage and fittings having already been placed and soon the citizens of Roseau will have as fine and commodious a public hall as can be found in large cities.—Roseau Times.

A Sign of Promise.

Messrs. Ole Sanner, of Redwood Falls, and Ed. Harstad, of Donnolly, Minn., two old time friends of B. Anderson, of Thief Lake, left here Monday for their homes after a stay of a couple of weeks with Mr. Anderson. They traveled over the country a considerable while out there and were so favorably impressed with things that both avow they will return here in the spring and buy land and settle. They have been through a great portion of Canada and say that in no place they have traveled do they consider conditions as favorable for the prospective settler as in Marshall county east of Thief River. They expressed great surprise too at the amount of money handled by the business men here. They said that it did not appear to them that there was nearly as much credit business done here as in older parts of the state, and that the farmers all of them seemed to have the money to pay for what they buy.—Middle River Pioneer.

Highlanding.

Mr. Jim O'Brien left Monday morning to work in the lumbering camps this winter.

Mr. Ole Overum and family who have been to Grafton, North Dakota, visiting for, the past two weeks, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. John Dunn made a trip to Thief River Falls on business. Mr. August Wentzel was a business caller, in Thief River Falls this week.

Miss Mary Galipeau came up from Thief River Falls with Peter Hunstad to take in the Kratka dance.

The Highlanding Bunch, took in the Kratka dance last Saturday, all report a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam McMahon entertained a whist party Saturday night.

Miss Ross, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. Wentzel, returned home last Sunday.

Miss Mary Arndt left for Rochester, Minn., to visit with Relatives for some time.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Dec. 12, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anderson, John F.
Emminson, E.
Hanson, Alfred
Hagen, Andrew
Heisie, Miss Ella
Keith, Frank
Pederson, Miss Ella
Smidesang, Ole
Saxeberg, Miss Ida
Shannon, William
Stewart, Geo.
Weiss, Joseph

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Masonic Officers.

At a meeting of the Masonic lodge Monday evening, the following officers were elected:

W. M.—W. B. Fuller.
S. W.—W. A. Wyman.
J. W.—Dr. Heiber.
Secretary—Herman Peterson
Treasurer—T. L. Melgaard.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Joseph Blair, of Red Lake Falls, wishes to announce to the farmers of Red Lake county that he is a licensed auctioneer and has had eighteen years of successful experience. If you are going to have an auction, get his terms.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same.—Anton Gunderson.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

A MICROSCOPE.

How It Opens Up the Wonders of the World of Nature.

If you want to keep your boy out of mischief, give him a microscope, not one of the elaborate, intricate, expensive affairs that the bacteriologists use when hunting for germs, but a common one with two or three lenses that revolve on a pivot and fold into a cover which protects them from injury when carried in the pocket.

There is no better way of interesting the boy in the wonders of the natural world than this simple contrivance, which opens to his eyes visions of a universe of which he knew nothing. Seen through the microscope, the most insignificant flower becomes a thing of wonderful beauty. The interior of a nasturtium is a fairy cavern, showing a dozen different tints and hues of color, with dainty white stalactites and stalagmites almost touching each other midway between floor and roof.

He will find monsters, too, for the head of an ant seen through a microscope is a terrible object, and he cannot help thinking what an awful aspect such a creature would present if it were as big as a horse. He has heard about the creatures that are to be found in water from a stagnant pool. He will find them for himself and show them to other boys, and all his crowd will become interested and bring in things to look at and wonder about. He may not develop into a Darwin, but if he has any faculty of observation at all it will be sharpened by what he sees, and he will learn that there is more in nature than what we discern on the surface.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Spider Cures.

In China spiders are highly esteemed in the treatment of croup. You get from an old wall the webs of seven black spiders—two of which must have the owners sitting in the middle—and pound them up in a mortar with a little powdered alum. The resulting mixture must then be set on fire, and the ashes, when squirted into the throat of the patient by means of a bamboo tube, are said to effect a certain and immediate cure.

Black spiders are evidently full of medicinal virtue, for they are largely employed in the treatment of ague as well. In Somersetshire, if one is afflicted with the unpleasant ailment, the way to get well is to shut up a large black spider in a box and leave it there till it dies. At the moment of its decease the ague should disappear. In Sussex the treatment is more heroic; the patient must swallow the spider.

Perhaps, after all, this remedy may not be so disagreeable as it appears, for a German lady who was in the habit of picking out spiders from their webs as she walked through the woods and eating them after first depriving them of their legs declared that they were very nice indeed and tasted like nuts.—London Chronicle.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

A. E. Abraham's

South Main St. Phone 103

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

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Our Christmas Specialty

is to make worn and soiled garments look like new ones. Therefore do not discard your last year's clothes, but have them cleaned and pressed for holiday wear. Gentlemen's clothes particularly require cleaning frequently, which we do with extreme care, as well as the delicate silks and satins of ladies' garments, insuring complete satisfaction.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

Lewis Heyduk
(Successor to Theo. Kosin)
Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed
Prices right.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

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TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	95
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.31
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Read the Golden Rule Christmas "ad."

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

Halvor Listol's youngest daughter is very sick.

O. A. Westine was down to Crookston last week.

Wanted—Good laundry girl at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, spent Sunday in the city.

P. O. Sorlom was down to Erskine the first of the week.

Homer Mussey was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Great reduction on cloaks and skirts at the Golden Rule.

Mayor Hamre was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Alderman Milton Forder is confined to his home by sickness.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

Allen W. Clark, of Rollis, was in the city the first of the week.

Men's and boys' overcoats at reduced prices at the Golden Rule.

Sam McMahon was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Daniel Shaw returned the first of the week from a trip to the east.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

John Sorum, of Holt, was in the city Tuesday, being enroute to Warren.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. George Elder.

Wanted—Laundry girl, second cook and chambermaid at the Hotel Evelyn.

S. W. Bagley was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

George L. Austin, the St. Hilaire butter maker, was in the city the first of the week.

Attorney Halvorson transacted legal business in Crookston the first of the week.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

James Callen was in from Germantown last week and made this office a pleasant call.

—For Sale—600 bushels clean early seed oats 50c per bushel. H. R. Leslie, Anton, Minn.

The nine months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robertson died of diphtheria Monday.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Julia Trovoten has sold her land in the town of Silverton to Lars Hanson of the this same town.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Andrew Stenseth was up on the Greenbush line Monday looking after some real estate deals.

Carl Ahles left Monday morning for Beltrami county to spend the remaining part of the winter.

If you need a boys' suit remember we are selling them at half price. Langseth Mercantile Co.

The Highlanding creamery has closed down for the winter months. Next year it will run all winter.

Mrs. W. B. Fuller and Miss Josephine Bourque were down to St. Hilaire last week visiting with friends.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

P. A. Johnson, of Silverton, has sold his homestead to a Minneapolis man, the consideration being $3,000.

Fifty good ladies' coats now on sale at only half price. Greatest bargain ever offered. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Two dollars will buy a little boys' suit in our store that others ask four dollars for. Call and see them. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Fur lined coats for ladies or gentlemen at cost at the Golden Rule.

John Meehan, Jr., came up from Milwaukee the first of the week to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Meehan.

August J. Wentzel, John Larson, Oscar and P. H. Thorson, all of the town of Highlanding were in the city Sunday.

If you want your cook to smile, stay with you and do good baking, get Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts.

Mine Host Julian Provincher, of the Evelyn, went to Minneapolis Saturday evening, returning on Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Trovoten, of the town of North, left the first of the week for Stoughton, Wis., to spend the winter.

Pat Sullivan came down from Highlanding Monday and left that day for Crystal, N. D., to attend to some business matters.

Mrs. McMillian and Mrs. Cargill, who had been visiting Mrs. H. G. Dobner, returned Tuesday evening to LaCrosse, Wis.

We offer exceptional bargains through our entire store. We save you money, see our large posters. Langseth Mercantile Co.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow evening. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusements.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

There will be a basket Social in the Smiley school house, District 26, Friday evening, Dec. 18. Come and have a good time. Lila Jackson, teacher.

Chief of Police Lang, accompanied by Ed. Wilcox, was over to Beltrami county last week looking after a piece of timber land in which Mr. Lang is interested.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

We are closing out our boys' and children's suits, prices way down below cost. Get your boy a suit of clothes before they all go. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Lost—On Monday, Nov. 23, Ladies dark brown hand bag containing some small change and ladies glasses in case. Kindly leave at Golden Rule Store for reward.

Charles Johnson, of Wylie, one of the enterprising farmers of Red Lake county and father of Clerk of Court Johnson, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing. Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Eddie Hermanson returned to this city yesterday from Great Falls, Mont. The climate did not agree with Mr. Hermanson and he has been sick much of the time he has been out west.

J. S. Ingalls, a noted Socialist of Minneapolis, will deliver a lecture in the city hall on the evening of Dec. 20. Mr. Ingalls has appeared in Thief River Falls before and is a very fluent speaker.

Percy Taggart, who has held the position of station agent here for the Soo line, for the past four years has resigned and leaves today for Mississippi where he has secured a similar position.—Plummer Pioneer.

Christmas presents. We can show you the largest line in the city of ladies' furs, shopping bags, belts, belt buckles, collars, back combs and handkerchiefs in all the latest novelties, suitable for Christmas presents. Prices the lowest. Langseth Mercantile Co.

The most welcome and the cheapest Christmas present you can give your friends is a photograph from Berry's gallery. Remember that one dozen photographs makes 12 presents. Best time to have them taken is between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Call and see our holiday stock of jewelry, silverware and cut glass which we have just received. Prices are lower and stock larger than ever before. Also remember that we can repair your watch and do it right. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with land men in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

J. Bjerkhoel, Jeweler, formerly at Stebbin's drug store, now located at Arnold Bjerkhoel's drug store opposite People's State Bank, kindly solicits your patronage and will surely please you, being an old, experienced jeweler, who no doubt many have met before. We also sell watches at lowest price.

Joe Holm, Jr., of Red Lake Falls, was in the city yesterday.

Parker Fountain Pens at a discount at A. Anderson, city jeweler.

K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Strandquist.

Services in the Norwegian Synod church next Sunday at 10:30, in Silverton at 3:00 p. m.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church meets this afternoon at 3:00 p. m. in the church basement.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding yesterday. He reports that the roads are not the best.

Lost.—A silver card case on Monday afternoon. Finder please return to Mrs. M. Bockman and receive reward.

Mrs. D. K. Bryant desires to call the attention of those desiring to make Christmas purchases to her line of hand painted china.

Services Sunday by the Hauge congregation at 10:45 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. The Services will be held at the church east of the Soo depot. M. L. Dahle, pastor.

Edwin H. Detert, who is charged with embezzeling $50 from a correspondence school, was brought to this city yesterday. He will be tried this afternoon before Judge Bishop.

Stop and read this—Biggest line of toys and Christmas gifts, also a good line of jewelry, silverware and clocks. Prices absolutely the lowest. Follow the crowd, they all go to The People's Drug Store, Arnold Bjerkhoel, Prop.

Miss Abbie L. Irwin, who had been teaching school out near Erie, arrived in the city Monday evening and left Tuesday for Ulen. From there she goes to Toronto, Canada, to teach school during the remaining part of the school year.

Ed. Enright, one of the pioneer and well-to-do farmers of central Red Lake county, was in Thief River Falls Monday attending to some business matters. Mr. Enright left on Tuesday for Sothern California where he expects to buy a home and locate if he likes the country.

P. Engelstad returned to this city Tuesday from his trip to Chicago where he had been to attend creamerymen's convention. He reports having had a delightful time and visited with friends in Southern Minnesota and Otter Tail county before returning.

Swan Wiberg, one of the well known and prosperous farmers of Rockebury, left the fore part of this week for Cuba. Mr. Wiberg invested in some land near Santiago several years ago and is making the trip to look over his purchase and to see how he likes the country.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Wolves are said to be very numerous this winter, possibly due to the fact that they have been driven north by forest fires. A number of farmer boys near Donaldson are said to be planning a big "round up" that will take in eight or ten miles square of country and they are looking ahead to some good sport.—Argyle Banner.

John Boo, J. E. Rausch and Clara Boe arrived Tuesday evening from Thief River Falls to resume residence on their respective claims in the Rapid district. The gentlemen in addition to a carload of household goods, provisions and feed, brot in two fine teams of horses which will be brot into service in the hauling of logs this winter from their places.—Spooner News.

Christmas is soon at hand! My Christmas goods are now ready for your inspection. If you are a judge of goods I can easily sell you what you need to purchase, as my prices will be lower than anyone else can sell the same goods for. The reason for this is my small expenses. Don't miss my extra discounts on diamonds. Every purchaser is entitled to a souvenier pin tray. If I don't hand it to you, ask me for it please. Yours for a square deal. A. Anderson, city jeweler, on Main avenue in Berry building.

It is stated that the star of Bethlehem can now be seen in the heavens, by any who will rise early enough in the morning. The star, which is unusually bright can be seen in the east where it was discovered about ten days ago. It now makes its appearance at about daybreak. The star of Bethlehem which 1900 years ago guided the wise men, is said to appear only at intervals of 500 years, so you had better look for it while it is in the heavens, as you will probably be too old when next it makes its appearance.

Reiner.

We are having fine weather and we hope it will keep on.

Miss Tena Anderson returned home from Northwood, North Dakota last Saturday. She had been working there the past three months.

Charley Anstad was a visitor in this vicinity last week.

We are in hopes we will soon hear the school bell ring as a basket social was held for the purpose of raising money to buy a bell. We have not yet heard how much money was raised.

Elmer Vraa was a caller at Martin Anderson's home last Sunday.

Henry Rye and Julia Olson were married last week, we wish them a good luck and a happy future.

A bunch of our leading farmers were in Thief River Falls last week, taking in the sights on Market day.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Twenty seven students are enrolled in first year German, whereas but fifteen are taking first year Latin. This ratio is about the estimate that is placed upon these two studies nowadays in high schools by pupils and teachers alike, and this judgment is based on the relative values of the two studies as cultural or of practical service in the later activities of life. The students who are pursuing the strictly classical course, of course, take both subjects.

It is well understood by every member of the school faculty that the most important and, at the same time, the most difficult subject to teach effectively is that of character building. Lessons in honesty, kindness, neatness, economy, respect for properly constituted authority, promptness, etc, receive as regular and persistent attention as does reading or language. Parents can, by co-operation, largely strengthen the force of this instruction, or by indifference and thoughtless criticism greatly minimize its influence.

The basket social held at the high school last Thursday evening netted a snug sum, which was applied on the indebtedness incurred by the athletic contests of last fall. An entertainment will be presented in January at the same place and will be gotten up expressly for the parents and other adults of the city.

The seating capacity of the schools is taxed to the utmost these days. Three dozen chairs were procured last fall and more desks will have to be secured at once to care for the new pupils who always enter in January.

School closes for the Christmas holidays on Wednesday, December 23rd and opens on Monday, January 4th. Any other arrangement would compel the schools to remain open until the 6th of June, in place of the customary closing date, May 31st.

Two sleigh loads of high school students attended an "eye" social at Ione Higgins' school, northeast of the city, last Friday evening.

As a matter of comparison with this city, it may be of interest and value to note the assessed valuation of property and the school tax rate on the same of some of our neighboring high school towns. These figures are taken from the report of the state high school inspector for the year ending July 31, 1908. In some of these cases the school district includes more property than the municipality, and in all, it is likely, that the assessed valuation was increased by the assessment of property last June. Thief River Falls assessed valuation $512000, school tax rate 25 mills; Red Lake Falls, valuation $257000, rate 32 mills; Stephen, valuation $255000, rate 20 mills; Warren, valuation $392000, rate 21 mills, East Grand Forks, valuation $528000, rate 46 mills; Crookston, valuation $1595000, rate 20 mills; Fergus Falls, valuation $1306000, rate 25 mills; McIntosh, valuation $160000, rate 27 mills; Fosston, valuation $233000, rate 20 mills; Bemidji, valuation $1216000, rate 18 mills; Cass Lake, valuation $293000, rate 30 mills.

Special Music.

The following Christmas music will be rendered at the presbyterian church Sunday, December 20, under the direction of Mrs. Lulu Downs Halvorson, Miss Wilson organist for the morning and Miss Ramstad for the evening.

MORNING.

Hymn—"Joy to the World"—Handel.
Anthem—"Glory to God in the Highest"—Mozart.
Hymn—"While Shepherds Watched"—Handel.
Organ Offertory—Du Bois.
Hymn—"Dix"—Monk.
Organ Postlude—Gounod.

EVENING.

Organ Prelude—Batiste.
Hymn—Carol—Willis.
Anthem—"Hark! The Herald Angels Sing"—Pleyel
Hymn Wilmot— Weber.
Offertory.
Violin Solo.
Solo—"The Christmas Herald"—Coombs—Mrs. Halvorson.
Hymn—Hanover—Mozart.
Organ Postlude "Marche Pontificale"—Gounod.

AT THE BIJOU.

Matinees every Wednesday and Saturday at 4:15 sharp, admission 5 cents to all. There is much in this week's bill that is on the excellent order and the diversity of style makes it all the more attractive. There will be fun galore. Mrs. Huseth renders charmingly the pretty march ballad, "Pretty Polly Primrose." The amateurs this Friday evening will have the latest songs of the season. Comic—"The Bully" and "The Effect of a Shave." Semi-comic—"The Mind Reader" and "Wonderful Lantern." Tragic, "A Wayward Daughter." Scenic, "Crocodile Hunt."

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line.

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

HINTS FOR FARMERS

Tobacco For Live Stock.

In the near future we will be feeding tobacco to live stock, says Farmers Advocate. Joseph E. Wing, the well known writer on live stock subjects, says that each sheep should have its daily chew of tobacco. He claims that tobacco is a sure cure for the nodular disease, which to sheep men will sound very much like a miracle. Buy from the factories cheap, damaged tobacco leaves or stems and cuttings from cigar factories at an expense of about 4 cents per pound. Feed in troughs with a little salt sprinkled on the tobacco. A few mouthfuls for each sheep once or twice each week will keep the animals healthy. Mr. Wing recommends that its use begin at once and closes his article with the statement that feeding tobacco will pay a thousandfold.

Poultry Notes.

Charcoal is an excellent preventive of sickness and should be given the fowls daily, either by mixing a little in the soft food (a teaspoonful of powdered charcoal to a quart of mash) or by having a small box of it constantly within reach of the fowls.

If there is any constitutional weakness in the hen it is pretty sure to show itself during the molting period.

Our American breeds—the Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds—show their superiority over other varieties or breeds in more ways than one.

Green cut bone is an excellent egg stimulant, but it should not be given oftener than three times a week, and then only an ounce per head of stock should be allowed at a time.

Fall Plowing Best For Barley.

In a co-operative test the Wisconsin experiment station found an average yield of 41.8 bushels of Oderbruck barley per acre was secured on fall plowing and 35.9 on spring plowing. Drilling gave an average yield of 41.1 as compared with 39.6 bushels where sown with a seeder. Drilling on fall plowing gave an average yield of 43.3 bushels and on spring plowing 37.3 bushels as compared with 41.2 and 35 bushels respectively where a seeder was used. In four cases where the barley was sown on land not plowed, but worked up carefully with a disk plow, an average yield of 22.2 bushels was secured.

Storing Apples.

In keeping apples in a cellar keep them shut from the air. Barrels should be kept covered, as the air will draw the moisture out of the apples very rapidly. Then keep a thermometer where it will show the temperature of the cellar. A little study of any cellar will enable the farmer to adjust the supply of cold air from the outside that the temperature will be kept between 32 and 40 degrees most of the time. Some of the windows in the cellar should be so made that they may admit air whenever it is desired to lower the temperature.—Farmers Advocate.

Grinding Small Grain.

The results from grinding small grain, as shown by summarizing the tests made at different experiment stations, show a somewhat larger amount saved as a result of grinding. Results of ten tests in all compiled by Mr. George M. Rommell in his bulletin No. 47 of the bureau of animal industry on the hog industry show a saving of 12.26 per cent to be made by grinding. It was noted in connection with the experiments in testing the feeding of Kafir corn at the Kansas station that the whole grain was not as satisfactory as the ground grain.

Developing Dairy Cattle.

This year's feed increases next year's yield. A cow high fed this year will give better returns for food consumed next year than one having a light ration now, and the skillful dairyman can, by carefully feeding his cow, gradually increase from year to year the amount of feed consumed and the yield of milk produced per pound of feed eaten for a number of years. In the work of developing the poor cows will reach their limit much earlier than the good ones and can be fattened and sold.—H. M. Cottrell.

Middlings For Swine.

Professor Henry of the Wisconsin experiment station says that as a feed for swine at all periods of their development middlings stand pre-eminent. Middlings contain much protein and ash and have much less crude fiber than bran. For the nourishment of very young pigs middlings rank next to sweet skimmilk. During the fattening period middlings serve admirably with corn. It is claimed that the tendency of all mill byproducts is to produce soft pork and for that reason should always be fed with corn, barley or other grains.

Preparing Turkeys For Market.

Dry picking is always to be preferred when preparing turkeys for market. When in fine condition, nicely picked and sent to market without having been packed in ice, a turkey is at its best and consequently commands the highest price.

Lice on Calves.

The calf cannot thrive when infested with lice. Wash him with strong soapsuds with which a little kerosene has been thoroughly mixed by shaking in a pail.

Artichokes For Horses.

Artichokes are found by some authorities to be excellent food for horses. They are greedily eaten, and horses thrive on them.—Orange Judd Farmer.

GOOSEBERRY WINE

It must have been about two and a half years ago that the elderly lady with a husband residing in our village conceived the grand idea of making gooseberry wine. She communicated it to the elderly lady without a husband, who again imparted it to the lawyer's wife, a happy mother with four unmarried daughters, of whom I was and, alas, still am the youngest.

The elderly lady with a husband prevailed upon that appendage to gather fruit, and such was his good will that he arose at 6 o'clock in the morning from his comfortable couch to obey her behest. He appeared at breakfast with lacerated hands and a perspiring frame, but his zeal sent him back to the garden the moment he had satisfied his appetite.

The elderly lady without a husband, having lost what the elderly lady with a husband possessed, was fain to help her cook with her own fair fingers. The lawyer's wife's four daughters were pressed into their mother's service and most unwillingly plunged their fingers into the torturing bushes.

In due time the wine was put into the casks, and the casks were rendered air tight until the following spring, when the sparkling contents were bottled and stowed in their cellars.

My mother, I remember, was the happy possessor of six dozen. The elderly lady without a husband had two dozen less. But the elderly lady with a husband carried off the palm of quantity, no less than twelve dozen of this homely liquor.

But while the wine was yet in the casks there came to our village a young man with an unmistakable air of gentility about him. He had no occupation, yet his attire was good in quality and faultless in cut. His purse appeared well lined and quickly emptied.

It was whispered by some that he was an eccentric member of a very high family and had quarreled with his relatives all around, so that was how he came to settle in our quiet neighborhood. Others, more maliciously disposed, averred that he was a first class burglar.

My sisters and I believed in the first mentioned version of the mystery perhaps because it was romantic and suited to our girlish imaginations.

He was invited to our village soirees once or twice a week, and as he always sought me out the moment he entered the room I was a target for all the envenomed darts from the bows of the other girls.

Meanwhile the gooseberry wine had been bottled and pronounced excellent by the select few who had tasted it. All the bottles were sealed until the following winter.

The festivities of the dark season were ushered in by a small dance given by the elderly lady with a husband. Every one was invited, even the unknown, although our hostess looked on him with anything but favor.

The entertainment seemed meant to inaugurate the gooseberry wine rather than anything else, for instead of champagne our glasses were frequently filled with this home production.

Our hostess, with a beaming countenance, told us that she wished the rising generation to patronize this harmless beverage rather than its more potent reality.

The unknown and I after one waltz strolled away to the conservatory. When we were alone he looked at me with sparkling eyes and flushed cheeks, gently pressing my hand at the same time.

"Dearest," he whispered, "may I hope that some day you will allow me to claim this dear hand as mine?"

I blushed as became a surprised maiden, although the only wonder I felt was that he had not asked me before.

I murmured "Yes" in my most dulcet accents and immediately received his reward for my acquiescence.

My heart bounded in response to a knock at the front door soon after breakfast the next morning. I knew it was the unknown's hand that had wielded the ponderous bronze ring. I heard in my distant dormitory the door opened and closed, and then there was a pause, next a quick step on the stair, a gentle tap on my own door and the entrance of the housemaid bearing a card.

The piece of pasteboard bore my love's name and at the back in the pencilled letters this short sentence: "Will you spare me a few minutes?"

Not very loverlike certainly, but I clothed it in love's own language. When I entered the drawing room I found the unknown impatiently drumming his fingers on the window. The face he turned toward me was grave, not to say gloomy, but still unsuspicious. I went toward him with a gay welcome on my lips. He shook hands certainly, but very considerately.

"I have sent for you," he said, "to—to— Dash it! I don't know how to put what I am going to say. It is most confoundedly awkward. The fact is I had no right to ask you to be my wife last night, for I cannot marry if I would."

"Why did you, then?" I asked coldly.

"Well, to tell you the truth, it was that deuced wine at supper that did it. It went to my head at once, and the waltz afterward finished the business. I am come to throw myself on your generosity. My income dies with me if I marry, and as I have no profession I must keep single."

"Go!" exclaimed I, with a withering look and pointing to the door.

He obeyed me and went and left the most miserable of beings behind him.

After the first paroxysm of outraged nature was over I crawled to the cellar, and I did not leave that place till every bottle of gooseberry wine lay at my feet in shivered atoms.—London News.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE PRISON BIRD.

Tyrannical and Jealous Feathered Beauty of Africa.

The peculiarity of the prison bird, a feathered beauty of Africa, is that he is the most tyrannical and jealous of husbands, imprisoning his mate throughout her nesting time. Livingstone watched the bird's habits while in Monpour, and in his subsequent observations referred to the nest as a prison and the female bird as a slave.

The nest is built in the hollow of a tree through an opening in the bark. As soon as it is completed the mother bird enters carefully and fearfully and settles down in it. Then papa walls up the opening, leaving only just space enough for air and food to pass through. He keeps faithful guard and brings food at regular intervals without fail. The female thrives under her enforced retirement. But if the prison bird is killed or in any other way prevented from fulfilling his duties the mother and her little ones must die of starvation, for she cannot free herself from bondage.

Normally the imprisonment lasts until the chicks are old enough to fly. Then the male bird destroys the barrier with his beak and liberates his family. "It is charming," writes Livingstone, "to see the joy with which the little prisoners greet the light and the unknown world."

THE NORMAN "OYEZ."

A Legacy of William the Conqueror to the Courts.

Everybody who has ever been in a United States courtroom knows that when the judge walks out of his chambers and ascends the bench the court crier drones out:

"Oyez, oyez, oyez, the honorable court of the (whatever district it may be) is now in session."

Not many persons, however, realize that the crier says "oyez, oyez, oyez," instead of "harken, harken, harken," because of a chance visit that William the Conqueror made to an English court almost 900 years ago.

William had overrun England, seized the government and placed himself at its head. Happening to enter a courtroom, he heard the crier call the assemblage to order in English. William rebuked him and on the spot decreed that the business of all English courts should be transacted in Norman French, his native tongue. Afterward the courts went back to English, but to this day "oyez, oyez, oyez," clings to court customs wherever the English language is spoken as a reminder of the great Norman who whipped King Harold in the battle of Hastings.—Scrap Book.

One of Life's Tragedies.

He had expected a tender embrace from his sweetheart, but her greeting of him was cold. He could not understand it.

"Darling," he exclaimed in agony, "what is the matter?"

But she remained silent, her lips tightly closed, and motioned him from her.

He fell upon his knees.

"My love," he cried, "tell me what I have done to offend you? I swear I have done nothing wrong! I confess I kissed the Simpson girl last night at the party, but on my oath I—I thought she was you."

Her lips closed even tighter, but she uttered not a syllable, and, in despair at her unbending demeanor, he fled from the place, he knew not whither.

Would you know, oh, reader, the reason of the conduct by which a woman blighted two young lives? 'Twas simply this: She had left her false teeth in the bathroom.

Probably She Meant It.

Lucile, a carefully brought up little girl of five years, returned from her first party in great glee.

"I was a good girl, mamma," she announced and talked nice all the time."

"Did you remember to say something pleasant to Mrs. Townsend just before leaving?" her mother asked.

"Oh, yes, I did," was the enthusiastic reply. "I smiled and said: 'I enjoyed myself, Mrs. Townsend. I had a lot better dinner than I thought I'd have.'"—Delineator.

One on the Judge.

"Here you are," said the judge to the colored prisoner, "complaining that you can't get along with one wife, and yet Solomon had hundreds of 'em."

"Yes, yer honor," was the reply, "but you must rickollect dat de last testimony he give in wuz dat dey wuz all vanity an' vexation of spirit!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Still Holds Good.

"There was a time," exclaimed young Spenders, who had gone through a fortune, "when people used to say I had more money than brains. They can't say it now."

"No?" queried the caustic cad.

"No. I'm down to my last penny."

"Ah, but you have the penny."—Philadelphia Press.

Awkward.

A pretty schoolteacher, noticing one of her little charges idle, said sharply: "John, the devil always finds something for idle hands to do. Come up here and let me give you some work."—Judge's Library.

A New Sensation.

Mrs. Bullion—I wish I knew something to do that would provide me with an absolutely new sensation. Mr. Bullion—Go out and pay cash for something.—Life.

Windmills.

Windmills were invented and used by the Saracens.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit:- the southeast quarter, (S. E ¼) and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W. ¼ of N. E ¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N.½ of S. E ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. DISTRICT COURT.

O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company, Plaintiff,
vs.
Christ Myhre, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of an execution to me delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, Co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company and against Christ Myhre, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter (N. E ¼) of Section eleven (11) Township one hundred and fifty three (153) North of Range forty one (41) in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

And that I shall on Saturday the 16th day of January, A. D., 1909, at the hour of Ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Front Door of the Post Office in the city of Thief River Falls, in said county and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Christ Myhre in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgment and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Seventeen no-100 Dollars, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the first day of December, 1908, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
G. Halvorson, By Robert A. Lee.
Plaintiff's Attorney Deputy.
Dated December 1st, 1908.
dec. 3-jan. 7

Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation and stimulates the liver. Orino regulates the bowels so they will act naturally and you do not have to take pruagtives continuously. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Dec. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Hannah Hanson, of Hellem, Minn., who, on 25. day of January, 1902, made Homestead entry, No. 22815, Serial, No. 01118, for S. W.¼, S. E.¼, Section 18, Township 155, N., Range 44, W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren, Minn., on the 12 day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John M. Kulseth, of Viking, Minn.
Retdus M. Nelson, " Llewellyn, Minn.
Nils T. Melve, " "
Carl Hanson, " Warren, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
dec. 10-jan. 14

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you get something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE

Guilty Of Counterfeiting.

Passing counterfeit money is no worse than substituting some unknown worthless remedy for Foley's Honey and Tar, the great cough and cold remedy that cures the most obstinate coughs and heals the lungs. A. Bjerkhoel.

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office, Crookston, Minnesota, November 21, 1908.
Doc. 4444

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Perley P. Palmer, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 1220, Serial No. 0716, made March 24, 1906, for E ½ N. W. ¼, Section 23, Township 153 N., Range 40 W., by Berent A. Sannes, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Berent A. Sannes has wholly abandoned said land for a period of more than six months last past and has not cultivated the same as required by law; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 13, 1909, before WILHELM MICHELET, United States Commissioner, at his office at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on January 20, 1909, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Crookston, Minnesota.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed November 21, 1908, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

Record address of defendant, Wanke, Minnesota.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 26-dec. 17.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Susanna Lee
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susanna Lee Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Jacob E. Lee.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that the 25th day of February, 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Thief River Falls News as provided by law.

Dated November 12th, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant,
(Probate Seal) Judge of Probate.
G. Halvorson
Attorney, Thief River Falls, Minnesota
nov. 26-dec. 10

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Tarje S. Brekke, of Thorwick, Minn., who, on April 14th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6005, Serial, No. 0028, for S. W.¼, Section 29, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thom J. Audald, of Thorwick, Minn.
Daniel Rolnestad, " " "
Thom Bakken, " " "
Nels Gunderson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 19-dec. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. Danielson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 24th, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 24?, Serial, No. 0094, for Lots 3, 4 and S.½ of N. W.¼, Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Amondson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Pete Amondson, " " " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " " " "
Frank Fisher, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 19 dec. 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 9, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made H. E. No. 6102, Serial, No. 0020, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 21st day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Edward Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Albert Klungness, " Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Sordal, " " " "
Nels Sordal, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
nov. 12-dec. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Quigley, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 21, 1901, made H. E. No. 30, Serial, No. 01060, for Lots 5, 6, & 7 & S. E.¼, N. E.¼, Section 3, Township 154, N., Range 43 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
George Greibrok, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aslak O. Bergland, " " " " "
Oscar Joppru, " " " " "
Halvor H. Halvorson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
dec. 3-jan. 7

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, as it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

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We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

A Personal Appeal.

If we could talk to you personally about the great merit of Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds and lung trouble, you never could be induced to experiment with unknown preparations that may contain some harmful drugs. Foley's Honey and Tar costs you no more and has a record of forty years of cures. A. Bjerkhoel.

Citation For Hearing on Petition For Probate of Will.

ESTATE OF Fred Ottis
STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Ottis Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Andrew W. Lang, Gay Halvorson and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Andrew W. Lang being duly filed in this court, representing that Fred Ottis, then a resident of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, died on the 23rd day of November, 1908, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Andrew W. Lang. NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of December, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 24th day of November, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant
COURT Judge.
SEAL G. Halvorson
Attorney for Petitioner.
nov. 26 dec. 10

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 24, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. Leslin, of Anton, P. O., Minn., who, on June 28th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 3?, Serial No. 0101, for S. W.¼, Section 8, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ P. Brothy, of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
Barney E. Tieman, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Lendobey, of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
Pien H. Wright, of Anton P. O., Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
dec 3 jan 7

More people are taking Foley's Kidney Remedy every year. It is considered to be the most effective remedy for kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up worn out tissues and restores lost vitality. It will make you feel well and look well. A. Bjerkhoel.

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DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

Mrs. McRaney's Experience.

Mrs. M. McRaney, Prentiss, Miss., writes: "I was confined to my bed for three months with kidney and bladder trouble, and was treated by two physicians but failed to get relief. No human tongue can tell how I suffered, and I had given up hope of ever getting well until I began taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. After taking two bottles I felt like a new person, and feel it my duty to tell suffering women what Foley's Kidney Remedy did for me". A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. G. W. BOOREN,
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

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Hold their weekly meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

MINNESOTA NEWSBITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Ore shipments from the Minnesota mines have been only about half as much during this season as last year and from this fact it is predicted that the iron ore assessments next year will again be increased. The state will suffer some loss in railroad gross earnings taxes, but will partly make up this loss in the increased revenue from the mining properties. The assessments are made on a basis of tonnage in the mines and each year development of reserve ore bodies into shipping mines brings an increase of taxable property.

The state live stock sanitary board wants an immediate appropriation of $50,000 to pay for tubercular cows condemned and killed and $60,000 a year for future expenses of this sort. In its annual report made to the governor the board says there is now a deficit of $27,298.88 in unpaid claims and it also asks for an emergency appropriation, only to be used in case of a severe epidemic requiring heroic measures to suppress.

Unwilling to accept the resignation of President Cyrus Northrop the regents of the University of Minnesota adopted a resolution declining to receive and urging the withdrawal of the letter. The regents will meet again Dec. 29. In the meantime Dr. Northrop will decide whether he will yield to the request of the regents and remain at the head of the university.

With the advent of the new "Gateway park" of Minneapolis between twenty-five and thirty saloonkeepers within 200 feet of the grounds will have to move when the park becomes a reality. This is required by law. Bridge square and Hennepin and Nicollet avenues, which bound the proposed park, are fairly infested with saloons.

Senator Clapp has introduced a bill in the senate providing for the transfer of the Morris Indian school to the state of Minnesota to be used as an agricultural school with free tuition for Indian pupils. In his recent annual report Indian Commissioner Leupp advocated such transfer.

The total increase in mileage of the railroads in Minnesota during the past year, according to the annual reports of the roads, was 145.27 miles. The year previous the total increase was ninety-six miles. The total mileage of the state now, exclusive of terminal and belt lines, is 8,168.36.

Mayor Lawler of St. Paul has signed the ordinance providing for a sealer of weights and measures, whose duty it shall be to see that scales and measuring devices in the city are accurate and that commodities as sold are in full measure and weight.

Convinced that reforestation of the forests of America must come sooner or later the C. A. Smith Timber company, with headquarters in Minneapolis, will apply the principle to upward of 500,000 acres of timber land, mostly in Oregon and California.

An effort to abolish the Soldiers' home board and turn the control of the Soldiers' home at Minnehaha over to the state board of control will be made at the coming session of the legislature.

Minnesota took first prize in clover and first in oats and sweepstakes in wheat at the national corn exposition at Omaha.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Shocked at the announcement by a physician that her husband, Gottfried, could live only a few hours Ernestine Schmidt suddenly died at Janesville. She soon was followed by her husband. They were both eighty-one years old and were born in Germany, but had resided in Janesville for many years.

Harvey M. Dixon, a prominent young business man of Rochester, met death by falling down the shaft in his grain elevator. Dixon had gone up into the shaft for some unknown reason and in some way was precipitated to the floor, a distance of forty feet.

Henry, the seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Barrett, prominent farmers of Trego, near Spooner, died of diphtheria and the day following the mother died very suddenly with heart failure. Seven other children are ill with diphtheria.

Incendiarism is alleged in the destruction of the postoffice and Mr. Ihbermoen's store at Stockwood. All mail, fixtures, stamps and a $1,500 stock of goods was destroyed.

OBITUARY.

John Miller of the town of Leon, Goodhue county, is dead, aged eighty-four years. Mr. Miller was one of the first settlers in Leon. He was a prosperous farmer and for many years an active politician, having served the county in the legislature and holding other important offices.

John Cromb, former mayor of Crookston and until his death president of the school board, died in that city after a long illness. He was also president of the Merchants' National bank and at one time was a member of the state normal school board.

G. D. Ward, president of the First National bank of Alexandria and a former member of the state senate and house, is dead after an illness of several months.

Angus MacFarlane, one of Duluth's pioneer citizens and well known banker, is dead. Heart failure was the cause of his death.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

John R. Hegeman of New York, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, was freed by the court in a decision that if it stands will serve to quash all indictments now outstanding against insurance officials. District Attorney Jerome, however, expects to take the present case to the court of appeals.

Representative George W. Lilley, governor-elect of Connecticut, has been served with a subpoena to answer the complaint that in the recent ante-election campaign he himself, or through a financial agent, violated the corrupt practices act passed by the general assembly four years ago.

General Henry G. Worthington, a former member of congress from Nevada, the only living pallbearer at the funeral of Abraham Lincoln, was stricken with apoplexy on the floor of the house of representatives at Washington. His condition is critical.

Speaker Cannon made known his unalterable opposition to the proposition of financing national waterway improvements by the issuance of government bonds in a characteristic address to the delegates attending the rivers and harbors congress.

The decree of divorce for which John L. Sullivan, the former champion prize fighter, recently applied in Chicago, was granted on grounds of *desertion*.

Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota is confined to his bed at the Nicollet hotel, Minneapolis, and will probably miss the December session of congress.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Lieutenant Colonel Zerah W. Torrey, inspector general of the department of the Visayas, Philippine islands, died suddenly in his office at Iloilo, death having resulted presumably from heart failure.

P. J. O'Connor, former national president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and former national president of the Catholic Knights of America, is dead at Savannah, Ga.

Patrick McBryde, first secretary of the United Mine Workers of America and secretary of the Ohio Operators' association, is dead at Bridgeport, O.

Mrs. Hunter Doll, formerly the wife of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, died suddenly on her farm near Hyattsville, Md.

Mrs. A. A. Gates, mother of John W. Gates, is dead at Port Arthur, Tex., aged eighty-seven years.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The advance in freight rates included in the new transcontinental tariffs which were filed with the interstate commerce commission about two weeks ago and which take effect under the required thirty days' notice on Jan. 1 are likely to provoke a storm among the shippers. This may result in an attempt to prevent the roads from charging the new rates by injunction proceedings.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate seasonable conditions in the business world, wholesale lines moving slowly because of inventories, while holiday goods are in better demand than a year ago.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The national rivers and harbors congress adopted resolutions declaring for an authorized issue by congress at its present session of $500,000,000 worth of bonds, the proceeds to be used in the payment exclusively for such river and harbor work as may be authorized by congress, provision for the issue to be similar to the Panama canal bonds.

The case of Mrs. Florence Maybrick and her mother, Baroness von Roque of New York, involving title to land said to be worth about $2,500,000, was decided in their favor in the chancery court at Richmond, Va.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 11.—Wheat—Dec., $1.04⅝; May, $1.07⅞; July, $1.07⅝. On track—No. 1 Northern, $1.06⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.04⅞@1.05⅛.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 11.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.07; No. 1 Northern, $1.06; No. 2 Northern, $1.04; Dec., $1.05; May, $1.07; July, $1.07. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.43; Dec., $1.42¾; May, $1.45.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; veals, $5.25@[illegible]. Hogs—$5.00@5.55. Sheep—Wethers, $4.25@4.50; yearlings, $5.00@5.50; spring lambs, $6.25@6.75.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 11.—Wheat—Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.0[illegible]; July, 97[illegible]. [illegible] Corn—Dec., 57[illegible]; Jan., 57[illegible]; May, 61[illegible]; July, 61[illegible]; Sept., 61[illegible]. Oats—Dec., [illegible]; May, 52[illegible]; July, 47[illegible]; Sept., 40[illegible]. Pork—Dec., $14.[illegible]; Jan., $15.[illegible]; May, [illegible]. [illegible] Poultry—Turkeys, [illegible]; chickens, [illegible].

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 11.—Cattle—[illegible] Texans, $3.[illegible]@4.25; [illegible] cows and heifers, [illegible] calves, $5.[illegible]. [illegible] rough, [illegible] to choice heavy, [illegible] $3.50@4.70. Sheep, $2.50@4.65; yearlings, $4.00@4.90; lambs, $4.50@7.35.

ADROITLY TURNED.

It Was a Small Hole, but the Englishman Crawled Out.

"I was watching a number of young Englishmen shooting at a target recently while I was on the other side," remarked an American army officer, "and at my elbow was a pompous Britisher of the old school, who, after shaking his head impatiently at the frequent misses that were made, at length said to me: 'That only goes to show how the young men of England are degenerating. All this sort of thing reflects on the British nation.'

"'It certainly is mighty poor shooting,' I agreed.

"At that the old gentleman flared up and exclaimed: 'I say! Perhaps you can do better, sir?'

"'If I couldn't shoot better than that, I'd be ashamed to eat breakfast,' I answered.

"Thereupon I was handed a rifle and told to show what I could do. I shot, and the first time I missed the target completely, so the laugh was on me, but before they could laugh twice I plugged the bullseye six times in rapid succession. At this the old gentleman was a trifle disconcerted, but he complimented me by saying: 'Really, now, you can shoot a bit, can't you? I say, there's nothing like a Yankee marksman with an English gun, is there, old chap?'"—Los Angeles Times.

A GREAT COMBINATION.

When Husband, Wife and Mother-in-law Co-operate.

Shortly after his marriage, which took place in 1880, John Burns, the British labor leader, settled down as a journeyman engineer in Battersea and twenty years after confessed that he was the first engineer to make with his own hands an electric tram car in Great Britain. In those days, however, people did not believe that electric traction was possible, and Burns had to take the dynamo and tram to the Crystal palace and run the latter round the grounds for six months before people could be induced to believe in the novelty.

But the people were so nervous that, although the charge was only sixpence, none of them would venture in the newfangled invention. Then Burns was struck with a brilliant idea. He said to his wife, "You have got to come down to the palace three times a week and get into the first electric tram car as a decoy duck for the others." This was only temporarily successful. So Burns brought along his mother-in-law, "and," said the energetic labor leader when relating the incident, "when a husband, a wife and a mother-in-law co-operate success is assured."—London Tit-Bits.

Towers.

The patient architect had just succeeded in getting Mrs. Drippingold to decide between the charms of renaissance, classic and Queen Anne for the plans of her magnificent new country house.

"The only details I ain't goin' to leave to your discretion," said the wealthy lady, "is the matter of towers. I want plenty of towers that folks can see for a long way off when they're ridin' by."

"But what kind of towers do you want?" inquired the unfortunate architect—"Norman, Gothic"—

Mrs. Drippingold closed the English novel of high life on which her soul had been feeding.

"Why, ancestral towers, of course."—Puck.

Friendly Advice.

A very matter of fact Scotchwoman called to see a neighbor, an elderly woman, who had been ailing for some time.

"And how do you find yourself today, Janet?" was the greeting.

"Ah, Martha, I'm very bad. This cold, damp weather 'll be the end of me. I'll be a dead woman before very long."

"Hoots, toots, woman! You've been saying that any time these last twenty years. I've no patience with you. I'll tell you what it is. You want firmness of mind. Fix a day for your dying—and stick to it."

Had Poor Sight.

New Boy (rather inquisitive)—What did the other lad leave for, sir?

Master—For having defective eyesight at times, my boy.

New Boy—Why, sir, I have seen him since. Apparently, then, his eyesight was all right. It seems rather curious, sir.

Master—Well, my boy, at various times when taking money from customers he could not see the till.—London Answers.

Time to Stop.

Mrs. Benham—Henry, I am more than glad that you don't drink now, but how did you come to leave off? Benham—You remember the last time your mother was here? Mrs. Benham—Yes. Benham—Well, one night while she was here I came home in pretty bad shape and saw three of her. That settled it.

An Easy Task.

"Johnny, I will give you a quarter if you can get me a lock of your sister's hair."

"Gimme a dollar, an' I'll git yer a whole bunch. I know where she hangs it nights."—Houston Post.

The Outcome.

The Doctor—Now that you are going to school, Johnny, perhaps you can tell me what happens when an irresistible force strikes an immovable object.

"People send for you, doctor."—Life.

As money increases the love of it increases.—German Proverb.

STUPID SHEEP.

They Are About the Most Senseless of All Animals.

A Colorado ranchman declares that no animal that walks is as big a fool as a sheep.

"We have to watch them every minute, and if vigilance is relaxed for an instant the entire flock is likely to practically commit suicide. In handling most animals some degree of self help or intelligence can be relied on to aid the owner in saving their lives, but sheep seem to set deliberately to work to kill themselves.

"If caught in a storm on the plains they will drift before the wind and die of cold and exposure rather than move a hundred yards to windward to obtain shelter in their corral. To drive sheep against the wind is absolutely impossible. I once lost over 1,000 head because I could not drive them to a corral not 200 feet away.

"In the corral they are still more foolish. If a storm comes up they all move 'down wind' until stopped by the fence. Then commences the proceeding so much dreaded by sheepmen known as 'piling.' The sheep will climb over each other's backs until they are heaped up ten feet high. Of course all those at the bottom are smothered. Not one has sense enough to seek shelter under the lee of the fence, as a horse or dog would do.

"Again, if a sheep gets into a quicksand its fate teaches nothing to those that come immediately after, but the whole flock will follow its leader to destruction. No more exasperatingly stupid animal than a sheep walks."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A CHINESE STORY.

The Noted Liar Who Had a Fairly Competent Spouse.

A noted liar once told a friend that he had at home three precious things—a bullock which could run 500 miles a day, a fowl which crowed at the beginning of each watch, day and night, and a dog that could read books. The friend intimated that he would lose no time in seeing these marvels with his own eyes. The man did not expect this, as his house was somewhat distant, so he went home and told his wife that he had got caught at last and that tomorrow the man would arrive and he would be disgraced.

"Never mind," said the spouse. "Leave that to me. It will be all right, only you must keep out of sight."

Next morning the visitor arrived and, being met by the mistress, asked where her husband was.

"He has gone to Pekin," she replied.

"When will he be back?"

"In eight or nine days."

"Why, how can he be so quick?"

"He has gone off on our fast bullock and so can do it easily."

"I hear you have also a wonderful fowl," said the visitor. And, behold, as he was speaking a small cock crew.

"That's it," said the wife. "He crows at the beginning of each watch and also when a visitor arrives."

"I would also like to see the learned dog," he said.

"Ah," said she, "I am sorry; but, you see, we are very poor, and so he keeps a school in the city."—Scrap Book.

Left Him In Doubt.

A certain young artist in New York who is on terms of comparative intimacy with the janitor of the apartment house wherein he maintains his studio is in some doubt whether the said janitor is a cynic or something of an art critic, or both.

"One day while doing a bit of repair work in the studio," says the painter, "Mike scrutinized a bit of my work with ominous solemnity. When I indicated a portrait of myself the blow fell. Said I:

"'The paint on this is badly cracked, which spoils the likeness.'

"With no more expression in his countenance than is to be seen in the face of a representative of Buddha Mike replied:

"'Not at all, sir.'"

Training Canaries.

In the canary breeding establishments of Germany only the male birds are valued, because the females never sing. The method of training the birds to sing is to put them in a room where there is an automatic whistle, which they all strive to imitate. The breeder listens to the efforts of the birds and picks out the most apt pupils, which are then placed in another room for further instruction. These are the best singers and ultimately fetch high prices.

Lived Up to His Belief.

Hobo—No, madam, I am neither a Socialist nor an anarchist. I am a passive altruist. Housekeeper—And what in the name of common sense is that? Hobo—I believe in being helped all I can.—Boston Transcript.

Cautious.

Pr[illegible] the Best Man—Got the marriage license yet? Prospective Bride-groom—No; I'm not going to get that until the [illegible] she may go back on me.—[illegible]

The Modern Husband.

Mrs. Keller—We're to have a [illegible] Mrs. Becker—I suppose [illegible] Henry will be detained [illegible] a few feet later.—Harper's Weekly.

Jaded.

The [illegible] don't you know anything [illegible] your life? The Ill-Starred [illegible] I care? I've seen everything [illegible]—Boston Transcript.

What maintains one vice would bring up two children.—Benjamin Franklin.

A CAT AND A CANARY.

They Went Away Separately, but Came Back Together.

A lady friend of mine, says an English writer, has as pets a canary and a cat. The two were the best of good friends, and when the bird's prison door was opened it would come out and perch on the cat's back while it trilled forth a song of gladness.

One day my friend left her two pets together, and on her return the bird was nowhere to be found. Pussy was curled up on a cushion, sleeping contentedly, and my friend jumped to the conclusion that the cat was answerable for the bird's disappearance, consequently she caught up the cat and, holding the supposed delinquent before the empty cage, beat it rather mercilessly. Poor pussy mewed piteously, but her relentless mistress put her outside and shut the door against her.

Next morning, feeling rather ashamed of her outburst, she made inquiries about the cat, but pussy was gone.

Some days later she heard a faint scratching at her window, and on opening the casement a cat crept in and laid a bedraggled canary at her feet. At first she did not recognize her pets in the two disreputable looking objects before her. When she did recognize *them her delight was great.*

Presumably the canary had gone out by the open window, and, finding liberty sweet, it had flown to a neighboring wood. How the cat found the bird and brought it back uninjured is a mystery.

DEATH VALLEY.

The Burning, Blasting Winds That Sweep This Arid Waste.

The prevailing winds in Death valley are from the west. Though originating in the Pacific ocean and saturated with humidity in traveling the intermediate distance, they are intercepted by the lofty peaks of four ranges of mountains, which absorb all of their moisture, so that by the time they reach the valley all humidity has disappeared. The blasts are as if heated in a fiery furnace, and no living thing can survive the intense heat. Even birds indigenous to the region die.

It is in the months of greatest heat that the sandstorms of Death valley are most deadly. They rage with intense fury, obliterating the landscape and dimming the light of the sun, withering the scanty vegetation and covering the trails deep in powdered dust. At all times the aspect of the valley is superlatively desolate. No spot on earth surpasses it in aridity or Tophet-like heat.

During the heated term an hour without water means death. Meat becomes putrid in an hour. Eggs are cooked in the blistering sand. Water is only palatable by means of large, porous, earthenware jars, common to all hot countries, suspended in drafts and reduced in temperature by means of the rapid evaporation of the moisture from the outside.

Wedding Ring Mottoes.

The custom of inscribing within the hoop of the betrothal or wedding ring a motto or "posy," as it was called, was formerly very prevalent. Hamlet asks, "Is this a prologue or the posy of a ring?" Some posies were very tender and beautiful. Among the more appropriate posies may be mentioned "Deux corps, un coeur," "My heart and I until I die" and "I am yours" from sixteenth century rings, "Love ever," "Love true, 'tis joy," and "Time lesseneth not my love" from the seventeenth century, "Love me," "My soul will keep thine company to heaven" and "En ma fidelite je finirai ma vie" from the eighteenth. In the ring which "Florizel" (afterward George IV.) gave to the hapless Perdita were the words "Je change qu'en mourant—Unalterable to my Perdita through life."

A Finland Festival.

Paul Waineman's "A Summer Tour In Finland" contains this pretty bit of folklore: "Midsummer is the great annual festival of Finland. From every height a bonfire leaps to the sky in honor of the mating of night and day, who are then united. The Finns possess a poetical legend relating to this annual custom. Kolt and Amarik, the sunset and sunrise, besought the lord of the sky to give them permission to be eternally a bride and bridegroom and once a year to clasp each other in their glowing arms."

A Lesson From Nature.

"Young gentlemen," lectured the eminent instructor, "you are old enough now to put away the childish and trivial amusements that sufficed for you when you were younger. Learn a lesson from the dumb brutes and even from the reptiles. When they arrive at maturity they comport themselves with a certain dignity."

"It isn't so with the rattlesnake, professor," objected the young man with the bad eye. "The older he grows the more rattles he plays with."—Chicago Tribune.

Stopping the Exodus.

During service in an English church on a warm Sunday many of the congregation, finding the air oppressive, rose and silently stole away. The minister, perceiving that the exodus was about to become epidemic, paused in his discourse. "Brethren," he said, "I am here to deliver a sermon, not a soliloquy!"

Women and Words.

Mrs. Stubb—Now, women are not impulsive, like you men. They always measure their words. Mr. Stubb (with a sigh)—Oh, if some of them would only give short measure!—Chicago News.

FREDERICK AND VOLTAIRE.

Stormy Relations of the Miserly King and the Lavish Author.

The world knows plenty about the elements of strength in the characters of great men, but less about their weaknesses. Here is a story that shows the other side of the natures of Frederick the Great and Voltaire.

Frederick the Great had a leaning toward literature. He wrote poems, plays and booklets that, in his opinion, possessed rare merit. So it seemed fitting to him that great literary men should fraternize, and he sent an invitation to Voltaire to be his guest. Accompanying the invitation was a sum of money to defray the great Frenchman's traveling expenses to the Prussian capital.

Let it be explained at this point that Frederick was extremely penurious and that Voltaire was not only extravagant, but had many of the characteristics of what we would now call a grafter. It should also be understood that Frederick despised grafting, and Voltaire abhorred miserliness.

Voltaire accepted the invitation—and then had an afterthought. Why not take a favorite niece with him? So he wrote to the king that if he would send an extra thousand louis he would bring the girl.

"Sir," replied the king, "I did not ask the young lady to do me the honor of visiting me, and I shall send nothing to pay her expenses."

"The old miser!" said Voltaire to a friend. "He has tubs of money in his treasury, yet will not grant me this wish."

However, Voltaire went to Berlin, but each found that he hated the other too much to make their friendship permanent.

The king once gave Voltaire a package of poems to revise.

"See," said Voltaire to a German nobleman, "what a quantity of dirty linen Frederick has sent me to wash!"

The king thought his guest was too free with the chocolate and sugar and gave orders that he be put on a restricted daily allowance.

Voltaire retaliated by gathering all the wax candles he could find in the halls and storing them in his trunk.

Soon the royal palace became too hot for him, and he began to pack up. Then Frederick missed his package of poems. At once he scented a plot. Voltaire intended to take the verses back home with him and palm them off as his own. Lord Macaulay has said that the poems were so bad that he was convinced Voltaire would not for half of Frederick's kingdom have consented to father them. But the king thought differently, being the author of the poems.

So the Prussian monarch had Voltaire thrown into jail at Frankfort and kept him locked up for twelve days. Sixteen hundred dollars that was found in his pocket was taken away from him. The king in the days of their friendship had given Voltaire a life pension of $3,200 a year, and the money that was confiscated was a semiannual installment.

Thus ended their friendship.—Scrap Book.

Spanish Nicknames.

One of the peculiar ways in which Spanish differs from English is in the names the language gives to all people with a certain infirmity or peculiarity. A blind man is referred to as el ciego, a man with but one eye is a tuerto, a pug nosed man is chato, one who is cross eyed is a bisojo, a cojo is a lame man, and a manco has but one arm. If he is humpbacked, he is a jorobado; if baldheaded, a calvo, and if his hair is very short he is a pelon. The feminine titles for the same classes are the same, with the exception that they end in "a" where the masculine terminate with "o." These short names are used most commonly. In fact, they are applied as nicknames in many cases, and especially among the lower classes persons are addressed or referred to only by these names.

A Wedding Present.

A widower in Scotland proposed to and was accepted by a widow whose husband had died but a month or two previously.

To celebrate the occasion he asked the widow's daughter what she would like for a present. She wanted nothing, she said, but being pressed to name something she replied:

"Well, if you want to spend siller you might put up a headstone to my father."—London Telegraph.

The Ruling Passion.

"John! John!" called the excited little wife.

"W-what is it, Lucy?" muttered the big baseball player as he drowsily turned over in bed.

"Why, there is a man downstairs."

"W-what's he doing?"

"He's in the dining room after the plate."

"Trying to reach the plate? Put him out, Kelly; put him out at third!"—Kansas City Independent.

Reproved.

"I suppose," said the sad eyed youth at the musical, "you know the difference between bel canto and coloratura?"

"Young man," answered Mr. Cumrox severely, "I never bet on race horses."—Washington Star.

Practical.

"Darling, I mean to prove my love for you not by words, but by deeds."

"Oh, George, did you bring the deeds with you?"—Baltimore American.

Never bear more than one kind of trouble at a time. Some people bear three kinds—all they have had, all they have now and all they expect to have.

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

Weary of the Senate.

The recent report that Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island would not be a candidate to succeed himself caused little surprise among his friends in the senate. For a long time it has been known to his intimates that he would retire on the expiration of his present term, March 4, 1911. Should he survive until that date he will have worn the toga continuously for thirty years.

For many years he has exerted a powerful influence on legislation. Around the senate end of the capitol he was referred to even by employees of the building as the "general manager of the senate." He was the dominant factor in the little group known as the "old guard." He was the leader of that group even in the days when O. H. Platt of Connecticut, Spooner of Wisconsin, Allison of Iowa and Mark Hanna of Ohio were in the prime of their influence.

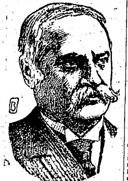
NELSON WILMARTH ALDRICH.

It is said that Mr. Aldrich doesn't like being pilloried continually in newspapers and cartoons as a corporation senator, the representative of "special interests" and especially as a Standard Oil man, a charge which comes naturally from his being the father-in-law of John D. Rockefeller, Jr. His grip on Rhode Island is as firm as ever so far as he personally is concerned. He could have another election without doubt. He will be seventy years old when this term is ended, and he has been telling his friends that he is entitled to a rest and means to have it.

A Matter of Dress Mainly.

Mrs. Phelps Stokes in illustration of the really superficial and slight difference that exists between aristocratic and plebeian people repeated at a Socialist meeting in New York a conversation between a little girl and her mother.

"The little girl," said Mrs. Stokes, "belonged to one of New York's rich families, and one day she said to her mother thoughtfully:

"'Will I wear my prettiest Paris frocks when I get to heaven?'

"'Oh, no, my dear,' the mother answered.

"'Why not?'

"'Because Paris frocks are not worn in heaven.'

"The little girl frowned.

"'How then will they know up there,' she said, 'that I belong to the best society?'"

Advocates the Army Canteen.

General Albert L. Mills, commander of the department of Luzon, who recently stirred army circles by his advocacy of the canteen, is one of the prominent officers of the United States army.

General Mills came into public notice when he was appointed superintendent of West Point at the close of the Spanish war. At the time of his appointment he was only a first lieutenant, and it was the first time that an officer of that low rank had been given such an important post. President McKinley, however, decided that his good work in the Santiago campaign should be recognized. Lieutenant Mills had been General Young's chief of staff and lost an eye at the battle of San Juan Hill. Although low in rank, he had large experience in work that specially fitted him for the position. He had served as instructor at the academy and had been in charge of the department of strategy and tactics at Fort Leavenworth. His success in suppressing hazing at West Point is a matter of history. General Mills is a native of New York and entered West Point in 1874.

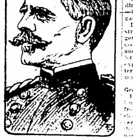
ALBERT L. MILLS.

The SPORTING WORLD

Zybsco May Visit United States.

The Gotch-Hackenschmidt wrestling match at Chicago last spring has kind of stirred up the sporting members of the Missouri Athletic club at Kansas City, for they are endeavoring to bring Zybsco, the big Galician wrestler, who has been making quite a hit in London the last year, to this country.

The Kansas City club has offered Zybsco $3,000 and $1,000 for expenses to come over and wrestle six matches with opponents they may select, the same to be held during the winter months. If Zybsco accepts he will probably be matched against Charles Olson and five of the best heavyweights in the west.

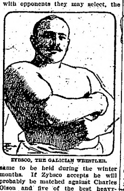
ZYBSCO, THE GALICIAN WRESTLER.

The plan then is to have Zybsco, should he win all the matches, meet Frank Gotch in a big international match about March, when Frank gets through with his theatrical tour. Gotch has stated that he would not wrestle again, but it is thought that in a case of this kind he will again take to the mat and defend his title.

Remarkable Tennis Record.

A. W. Gore, who at the age of forty made history recently by winning the Olympic lawn tennis medal (covered court) and the All England championship, possesses a record which is declared to be unparalleled in the sport.

For one thing, he is the oldest player ever to win the blue ribbon; for another, no man has ever won the title of champion of England twice with an interval of seven years between his two victories, and, for a third, no player has ever appeared in the final of all comers' singles on six occasions.

Mr. Gore was born on Jan. 2, 1868, and as far back as 1880, when he was only twelve, was winning prizes. It was at the Dinard club that he learned lawn tennis. In 1880 he won his first handicap, mixed doubles, and in 1886 captured the silver cup given as a championship of the Dinard club.

Mr. Gore's 1908 record is one of which any man should be justly proud. He has won the open championship of England, the covered court championship and the Olympic gold medals, doubles and singles, covered court.

Shrubbs on Cross Country Running.

The Harvard Cross Country association has shown a desire to make the crimson better fortified in cross country running by engaging Alfred Shrubb, the famous English professional.

Shrubb has his own ideas about the development of cross country runners, and this is his first opportunity to put them in practice. In expressing his views recently Shrubb said:

"You Americans don't know how to run cross country. If I had charge of one of your college teams for a season and could run with the men I know I could improve them 50 per cent. There is nothing which helps young runners so much as to have an experienced man to set pace for them and to point out their defects."

The experiment which Harvard is making will be watched with great interest throughout the college world.

Naps' New Training System.

Manager Lajoie of the Cleveland Americans has sprung the latest spring training innovation. "No exhibition games for the Naps during the training season," says Lajoie. The Naps will spend the early part of the spring in Mobile and will then jump to New Orleans after the Philadelphia Americans have finished their stay at that point.

From New Orleans the Naps will go directly to the city their season is scheduled to open in without any games played on the road.

Lajoie believes that the benefit of a straight six weeks' series of work together will do his players far more good than jumping around the country and playing exhibition games with a lot of weak and inferior teams. The experiment will be watched with interest by all the other managers and magnates.

Grant, Minnesota's New Track Coach.

Dick Grant, one of the best known long distance runners ever turned out from Harvard university, has been engaged track team coach at the University of Minnesota and will develop the team. Minnesota will enter in the western conference meet in the spring.

New York's Long Bowling Tourney.

Eighteen bowlers will compete in the Greater New York tournament, which starts in December and ends in May.

Fish May Lead Harvard In 1909.

Ham Fish, Harvard's right tackle, is the logical man for captain of the Harvard team next year.

To Train General Watts, 2:06¾.

General Watts (3), 2:06¾, is to be trained next season, so it is said.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Air Pressure.

The weight of the earth's atmosphere, or, in other words, the pressure exerted upon the earth by the atmosphere, is about the same as would be exerted by a flood of water thirty-three feet in height over the globe. At the sea level the pressure of the atmosphere is about fifteen pounds to the square inch. A man of ordinary size thus bears all the time a pressure of about 30,000 pounds, but he does not feel it because the pressure is exerted in every direction—above, below and around him—and because his body is filled with air and other fluids that press outward, thus maintaining a state of equilibrium.

The barometric pressure decreases as we ascend at the rate of about one inch for every 1,000 feet of elevation. At a height of 10,000 feet the rate of decrease is about one inch for every 1,500 feet of elevation, and the proportion of decrease becomes greater at greater heights. At a height of 18,000 feet the pressure is about one-half of what it is at the sea level—that is to say, the air at that elevation is only one-half as heavy as it is at the sea level.

Fast Runners.

A running game played by any odd number of persons. All but one are arranged in a column by pairs, all facing the same way. The odd player stands at the head of the line, alone. At a signal from him the two at the foot divide and run on the outside of the lines past the head, after which they take any direction, the object being to get back to their places and join hands before the one at the head can catch either of them. If either is caught, that one must take the place at the head of the column, and the previous head becomes the partner of the one who has escaped, standing together next the head of the line.

If the running couple join hands before either is caught they take their places next the head, and the unsuccessful catcher is again at the head. At the signal the couple now at the foot begin to run in like manner, and so on till the players are tired. Neither of the runners can be touched till he has passed the head of the column.

A Curious Clock.

Grollier de Serviere was fond of designing strange timekeepers, but perhaps his strangest was "the mantelpiece and the mouse." On a narrow ledge projecting from the front of the mantel and extending its whole length he placed a mechanical mouse with a metal nose. On the ledge the hours of the day were marked, and just behind it, concealed by the stone and woodwork of the mantel itself, was a strong magnet, which was made to travel slowly along the ledge by clockwork, keeping time like a clock. The mouse on the ledge, under the influence of the magnet, of course, traveled with it, and if you wanted to know the time you simply looked at the figures over which his metal nose happened to be. Unlike other mice, he was a slow mover. It took him twelve hours to go from one end of the mantelpiece to the other.—Chatterbox.

A Secret Alphabet.

Here is a way to write a letter so that nobody can read it except the person to whom you tell the secret.

Begin printing the letters just as you would ordinarily, but leave some part of each letter incomplete. For instance, if you were going to print the letter H draw the two straight lines, but leave out the crosspiece. When you have finished printing a word turn over the paper and, holding it against the window pane, supply the missing parts of each letter.

When the paper lies on the table the writing looks like a series of meaningless scrawls, but as soon as it is held against the light the marks on the opposite side show through, and the message can be easily read.

Not So Easy as It Looks.

Stick a fork or any pointed article in the wall about four or five feet from the floor and on the end of it place a piece of candy. Then tell some person to place his forefinger by the side of the candy when he has measured the height carefully. Tell him to walk backward about five yards, then shut one eye and walk forward and try to knock the candy off the fork with one blow of the forefinger. The probabilities are that he will make the attempt a dozen times before he is successful. When he is successful he may eat the candy.

An Animal That Makes Hay.

Very provident creatures are the little chief hares, or pikas, of the west. These animals, which seem to be related to the rabbits on one side and to the rats and mice on the other, make their homes chiefly on the mountain slopes, in holes and fissures among the rocks and bowlders. They are very industrious little fellows, and their chief preparation for winter consists in gathering plants, which they pile into haystacks very much as our own farmers do.

Jack and His Aunt.

Jack's aunt was teaching him how to break a wishbone.

"Now, we both take hold, so, and before we break it we wish for something we would like to have. Whoever gets the bigger piece will get the wish."

"Ready? Pull."

"Ah, Jack, what did you wish for?"

"Why," said four-year-old Jack, "I wished I'd get the biggest piece, and I did."

Conundrums.

Why is "I" the happiest of all the vowels? Because it is in bliss, while most of the others are in purgatory.

Prices reduced from 20 to 50 per cent during our sale.

This is the store where you get your money's worth.

Christmas

Red Tag Sale Commencing

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15

AT THE STORE OF

KLIMEK JEWELRY & OPTICAL CO.

This store is a mine of Xmas Presents, beautiful, durable and pleasing, this season more than at any other time---the delicate Gold and Silver Novelties--the sparkling Diamonds and Watches hold first place in the heart of Yule Tide Buyers. Detachable Handle Umbrellas, beautiful Toilet Sets, endless variety of Jewelry, precious and semi-precious Stone Set Rings, fine American Cut Glass, fine artistic Holloware, the most reliable flatware, Fancy Clocks and many other articles too numerous to mention, make a

Christmas Present

which will be greatly admired and highly appreciated.

The Window Will Give Some Idea of the Buying

possibilities at our store, but the inside is a treasure house crammed full of all the heart could wish.

Bargain! Bargain! Bargain!

All the goods bearing a "Red Tag" are BARGAINS.

Come and Be Convinced

Every article in our store is guaranteed by us and manufacturers.

FREE ENGRAVING

DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE

BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE

On Tuesday morning, December 1st, we started a December Clearance Sale and this sale will last 30 days and end on December 30.

We will have exceptional bargains to offer in all department.

Our stock is yet complete, but must be greatly reduced previous to taking inventory, and in order to do so we will sacrifice profits for your benefit.

The cold weather has now come to stay, and you need lots of warm goods. Come in and look over our stock and prices and we can prove to you that we sell goods cheaper than most of our competitors.

See large poster for complete information as to our clearance sale. This sale the biggest thing of the season.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXV. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1908 NUMBER 52

CAN'T LIFT THE LID.

A New Ordinance Soon to Be Introduced Worries the Saloonkeepers of the City.

It Would Remove All Obstructions on the Interior of the Saloons.

The saloonkeepers of Thief River Falls are up in the air, and have fears that a new ordinance is to be passed by the city council regulating their places of business. If the proposed new ordinances becomes a law and is enforced, there will be no opportunity to lift the lid in Thief River Falls. The proposed new ordinance has not been introduced in the council as yet, but a copy has been placed on file with City Clerk Backe by Alderman Forder of the Second ward. The ordinance is as follows:

An ordinance requiring saloon-keepers to keep unscreened and uncovered the doors and windows of their respective places of business on Sundays and on other days when the sale of intoxicating liquors is prohibited by law, and on every other day between the hours of eleven o'clock in the evening and five o'clock the following morning, and prohibiting the use of wine rooms.

The Common Council of the City of Thief River Falls do ordain:

Sec. 1. Every firm, corporation or person, keeping a saloon where intoxicating liquors are kept for sale, and every person in charge thereof, is hereby required to and shall on every Sunday and every week day between the hours of eleven o'clock in the evening and 5 o'clock in the following morning, open, keep open, or cause to keep open, all curtains, blinds and shutters to the doors and windows of their respective saloons, and keep the glass on such doors and windows unscreened and unpainted.

Sec. 2. Every such firm, corporation, or persons, keeping or having charge of said saloon, is hereby required to and shall, on every Sunday, and every other day when the sale of intoxicating liquor is prohibited by law, and every week day between the hours of eleven o'clock in the evening and 5 o'clock in the following morning, remove all curtains, screens, partitions and other obstructions, so that both the front and rear of the bar and all other parts of the room in said saloon shall be visible from the street through said doors and windows to persons passing the same.

Sec. 3. No wine room, stall, booth, or enclosure of any kind, except a water closet, shall be allowed in any saloon. Saloons must be conducted in a single room without partitions of any kind.

Sec. 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $50, and in default of payment of the same shall be committed to the City prison until said fine is paid, not to exceed thirty days.

Passed Worthless Checks.

During Friday last, Otto Morrison, who came here from Bagley but whose real home is in St. Paul, cashed four different checks for $10 each with saloon men here. Suspicion being aroused, the Minneapolis bank upon which the checks were drawn was communicated with and it was found that the young man had no funds deposited in the institution.

Arrest followed and the misguided youth was arraigned before before Justice John Vig. Pleading guilty to the charge of obtaining money under false pretense, Otto was sent up to the county jail for ninety days.—Foston Thirteen Towns.

This same young man recently obtained money from three Thief River Falls business men on worthless checks and a warrant for his arrest is in the hands of the sheriff of this county.

Subscribe for the News.

BIG DAM IS BEING BUILT.

Work Has Commenced on the Immense Structure Across the Red Lake River.

The Dam Will Be One Hundred Feet Long and Forty Feet High.

Work has been commenced on the big dam to be constructed across Red Lake river in Louisville township, near Huot postoffice, seven miles south west of Red Lake Falls. No work will be done on the superstructure this winter, but timber and rock for the foundation are being placed on the ground.

The dam will be an immense affair. It will be built of concrete and will be forty feet high and a hundred yards long. It's said that 76,000 cords of rock will be used in the foundation. The estimated cost of the dam is $100,000.

The dam is to be utilized in the generation of power to turn the wheels of industry in the cities of Grand Forks and Crookston. It is said that one purpose for the construction of the dam is that the power to be generated may be used for the operation of the new electric line now being constructed at Grand Forks and other roads that may be built in the future.

It is reported that W. J. Murphy, owner of the Minneapolis Tribune, and some Crookston people are financing the undertaking.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $17 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Attracting Attention.

Roseau county, destined, to be the banner farming section of the state, is attracting wide attention from home-seekers, in Iowa, Illinois and southern Minnesota. The soil is good and the conditions are right. The completion of the railroad through the county is the cause of so much attention being paid to Roseau county.—Roseau Times.

Boosting Thief River Falls.

Ole Schei, formerly of this city, sends the Journal a handsome booklet giving some idea of the growth and development of Thief River Falls in the past few years. The booklet is handsomely illustrated and very interesting. Mr. Schei has conducted a department store there, known as the "Golden Rule Department Store," since he left this city, and has been very prosperous. The business was begun as a general store under the firm name of O. J. Schei and Co., and it increased very rapidly, being enlarged to a department store in 1901. At the present time the store occupies 10,000 feet of floor space, and is one of the best equiped in northern Minnesota.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Converse Takes a Tumble.

M. A. Converse was so seriously injured in an accident at the Hunt hardware store last Thursday that he has been carrying himself around in a sling ever since. He and Ed Gareau were taking nails into the basement of the building, using the elevator. Mr. Converse was assisting in loading the nails, having one foot on the elevator. Without indication that the machine was not in working order, something gave way, and the load of 1,000 pounds of nails went into the basement—and "Con" went too. It was a badly bruised man who was assisted to his room and he was confined to his bed for a day or two. Since then he has been around, but carrying a big gash in his forehead and with a useless so stiff that they squeak when he moves.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

This Is One Way.

Keep your eyes on your neighbors. Take care of them. Do not let them stir without watching. They may do something wrong if you do. To be sure you never knew them to do anything bad, it may be on your account they have not. Perhaps if it had not been for your kind care they might have disgraced themselves a long time ago. Therefore do not relax any effort to keep them where they ought to be. Never mind your own business—that will take care of itself. There is a man passing along—he is looking over the fence—be suspicious of him; perhaps he contemplates stealing, some of these dark nights; there is no knowing what queer fancies he may have got in his head.

If you find any symptoms of anyone passing out of the path of his duty, tell everyone else what you see, and be particular and see a good many. It is a good way to circulate such things, it may not benefit yourself or any one else particularly. Do keep something going—silence is a dreadful thing; tho it is said that there was silence in heaven for the space of a half an hour, do not let such a thing ever occur on earth; it would be too much for this mundane sphere.

If after all your watchful care you can not see that they have done anything bad, throw out hints that they are no better than they should be—that you should not wonder if the people found out what they were after a while, then they may not carry their heads so high. Keep it going and some one may take the hint and begin to help it along after a while—then there will be music and everything will work like a charm.

Follow the above directions and you will be pretty sure to make plenty of mischief.—Ex.

The Suit You Thought Was Ruined

will undergo a remarkable transformation in our hands. All those nasty spots which were so annoying will have vanished during our process of cleaning, and the whole suit will look as clean and fresh as to be equal to a new one. Send anything you wish cleaned to B. Dan Bjorkman and you will be more than satisfied.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

STATE MONEY FOR SCHOOLS.

State Aid For High, Graded, Semi-Graded and Rural Schools.

This Is in Addition to October Apportionment Based on Attendance.

Drafts for the amount of the state aid for the schools of the county that are in the high schools class, the graded, semi graded and first and second class rural schools have been received by the county auditor. The total amount received is $1750.

Each of the two high schools, the Red Lake Falls school and the Thief River Falls school, receives $1400. Thief River will receive $750 in addition because of the maintenance of a normal department in this school. The St. Hilaire graded school will get $550 and the semi-graded school at Plummer, $230. Ten rural schools are in the first class. They will receive $105 each, a total of $1050. The schools in this class are those in Districts No. 63, 76, 80, 81, 103, 112, 126, 151, 154, 178. Ten rural schools of the second class will get $70 each. They are the schools in Districts No. 1, 9, 17, 27, 54, 73, 79, 88, 94, 133.

Just recently the October apportionment amounting to $10,181.40 was received, making a total of nearly $15,000 of state money that is to assist in the maintenance of the schools of the county. The state aid is received annually, the apportionment semi annually.

Immigration Coming.

A leading business man in a neighboring city predicts one of the largest movements of actual settlers into the Red River valley next spring that has ever been seen. It is to be hoped that the prediction will be turned into facts. The value of Red River valley lands, the possibilities this region holds in store for thrifty, progressive farmers, are daily becoming better known to and understood by the people, and particularly the farmers, of the older settled portion of the Mississippi valley. It will be noted that the prediction is regarding "actual settlers." They are what we want—not land speculators. The latter generally care little whether their belongings are cultivated or not, their sole reason for buying being the expectation that after a year or two they will be able to sell again at a substantial profit; consequently, they are often more harmful than valuable to the communities in which they make their investments. There is room for many thousands of actual settlers, who will be received with open arms whenever they desire to take our place. They are the people who are to make our lands flow with milk and honey; they are the bone and sinew of the country and their number cannot be too great.—Warren Register.

A Sudden Death.

Mrs. Julian Provencher, wife of the proprietor of the Hotel Evelyn, died last Saturday evening from a complication of deseases brought on by Bright's disease of the kidneys. The deceased had been a resident of this city but a short time, but during her stay here had made many true friends. Besides her husband she is survived by five children. The funeral services were held Monday.

More Than Any Other State.

The Minnesota school fund now totals $20,500,000. Of this amount $6,000,000 is in school land contracts drawing 4 and 5 per cent interest. The fund also owns $8,600,000 of Minnesota state and municipal bonds, and the remainder is in interesting bearing bonds of other states, with about $100,000 cash on hand. In addition to all the above, the school fund will own the proceeds of the sale of 2,000,000 acres of state land, of which some 35,000 are in the iron ore district. On these lands is a great amount of pine and mixed timber which is increasing in value yearly. Mr. Iverson estimates that when these holdings are all disposed of, the Minnesota state school fund will total at least $120,000,000.

Won't Come Down Town.

Halvor Robberstad of Roosevelt was in Roseau Tuesday evening on his way home from Marshall county, where he had been with President Hunt of the Northern Minnesota Air Line railway. Mr. Roberstad, who is vice president of of the company reports that the expense of making a survey of the route is assured and the money will be placed for that work by January first. The towns in eastern Marshall are backing Mr. Hunt in securing a survey. After the survey is made the right of way will be secured and it is then thought the Canadian Northern will promote the road. Owing to the scepticism of Thief River Falls citizens and consequent lack of interest in the project the terminal will be at the Soo Crossing of the Great Northern, a point outside of Thief River Falls.—Roseau Times.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige. S. Kenison.

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Kreun, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Merry Christmas.

Accept our "Merry Christmas" as a personal one from a friend to a friend and our earnest and heartfelt thanks for the liberal patronage extended to us during the past year.

We certainly feel that we have every reason to wish all our friends and patrons, "A Very Merry Christmas".

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT

O. J. Schei & Co. Thief River Falls.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongest the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Humorous and Rather Peculiar Situation Which Has Arisen Between Prominent Swedish Residents of Constantinople—Authorities at Stockholm Called Upon to Decide About the Payment of Services in Beautifying Grounds of Swedish Legation in Constantinople.

SWEDEN.

There is a rather peculiar, not to say humorous situation, which has arisen between prominent Swedes in Constantinople, and the whole matter has now been referred to the Swedish government, which will undoubtedly deal with it in double quick order when it has passed through the proper channels. The plaintiff in the case is Dr. Martin and the defendant is Cossva Ankarsvard, Swedish minister at Constantinople. It appears that Dr. Martin has gone to considerable expense in beautifying the premises where the Swedish legation is located, and wanted therefore to have the foreign department to reimburse him for his services. Minister Ankarsvard curtly informed him that this was not a matter for the foreign department to settle, but that he had to deal with him, stating furthermore that all Swedish subjects living in Turkey were subject to the sovereignty of the minister. Dr. Martin maintained that the position taken by the minister was a most ridiculous one and informed the minister that in no sense did he consider himself or any other Swede dwelling in Turkey subservient to the sovereignty of the minister. Dr. Martin does not propose to handle the matter with kid gloves either and has submitted a complaint to the authorities in Stockholm, who will most likely deal with the matter in the near future.

Selma Lagerlof, the noted woman author, who has received so many honors recently at the hands of the Swedish people, stated to a newspaper correspondent the other day that she did not regret that she was not this year awarded the Nobel prize for literature. She stated furthermore that the greatest comfort to her was to know that her books have been favorably received in all civilized countries, her "Jerusalem" having been translated into seven different languages. She also showed the newspaper representative a letter which she had received from one of her admirers in America, who told her that it was his full intention to commit suicide, but one of Miss Lagerlof's books fell into his hands and it so influenced him that he desisted from committing the rash deed. "This is also of some comfort to me. He had read 'Gosta Berling's Saga.'"

The central committee for the Swedish Arbitration society has directed a circular to all the school teachers and instructors, both private and public, to impress upon the children the true value of the Nobel donations for the sciences of art, literature and medicine. They are urged to observe Dec. 10 every year in a fitting manner as the full meaning of Nobel's great gift to the world of science and thus endeavor to early instill into the minds of the country's youth an interest for the country's cultural developments. This year a number of successful Nobel entertainments were held at many of the public schools and at the higher institutions of learnings.

In Malmo, like in Gothenburg and Stockholm, there are hundreds of idle men who are walking the streets in search of something to do. Most of them are laboring men and in labor circles generally over the entire country there is much suffering. In Malmo there are at present not less than 2,000 men out of employment and their number increases at a rapid rate. The charity organizations are taxed to the fullest and just how to extend aid to all during the holidays is a problem which baffles the most hopeful citizen.

The daily papers in Stockholm have started subscription lists for the starving school children. Considerable sums of money have already been subscribed, and in the cheerful way in which many are responding much good will result. Special holiday dinners have been arranged for the little ones and every effort will be made to make their Christmas a happy and memorable one.

December 8 marked the first anniversary of the death of King Oscar. The king and queen went to the Riddarholm's church, where they placed an immense wreath on the coffin of the great monarch. In honor of the dead king business was generally suspended on this day in the Swedish capital and memorial services were held in all the churches.

Dr. Sven Hedin will be given a rousing reception in Japan by the various geographical and scientific societies there. When his arrival at Tokio was announced he was given an audience at the imperial palace and was awarded a medal of honor. He was also awarded a gold medal from the university.

King Gustaf has donated 5,000 crowns to the poverty-stricken in Paris. It will be remembered that the French president during his visit to Stockholm last summer, donated a similar amount to the poor people of Stockholm.

At the funeral of John Enninger, of Hoor, a funeral march was rendered that had been composed by the deceased about two months ago. The funeral was an impressive one, especially the funeral march, which musicians state is a masterpiece.

In Swedish political circles it is freely rumored that Hans Anderson of Nebbolof will be elected speaker of the second chamber of the Swedish riksdag to succeed Pehr Pehrson of Tonneryd, who has resigned.

Scarlet fever is now very general in Sweden, there being not less than 125 cases on record at present. Every effort is being made to check the disease and meantime the doctors in the city are kept busy.

NORWAY.

According to Norwegian newspaper reports Consul Felix S. Johnson, at Bergen, says that the Danish United Steamship company of Copenhagen has, with the approval of the Trans-Atlantic steamship companies, entered into the Atlantic pool for a line between Sweden, Norway and the United States, and will establish a service of steamers between Copenhagen, Gothenburg, Christiania, Bergen and New York. It is reported that the arrangements for the mutual co-operation between the Atlantic lines are that each of the Norwegian and Swedish companies take over one of the Danish-American boats, Sweden taking "Oscar III," and Norway the "Hellig Olav," and, in addition each company will build a new boat. The United Steamship company retains the steamers "Tietgen" and the "United States." In addition it is provided that all three companies in common have a reserve ship. The three companies will belong to the North American pool, and a uniform passenger and freight rate has been agreed upon. In making a similar report, Consul W. Henry Robertson, at Gothenburg, quotes another Norwegian newspaper, which states that the program for the new shipping lines will commence on Jan. 1, and it is asserted will enable a steamship to be sent each week during the seasons when necessary. The United Steamship company's four vessels were sent last year eight times to New York, carrying 11,095 emigrants from Copenhagen, of whom 7,155 were Danes, 3,230 Swedes and Finns and 710 Russians, while at the international ports, Christiania and Christiansand, 12,170 additional emigrants embarked. Should the plan for the new line materialize, however, it is considered that the one proposed by Captain W. R. Lundgren, of Gothenburg, for a direct Swedish-American line would come to naught. His plan is to build steamers of a modern type, chiefly for passenger traffic, and capable of making at least eighteen knots an hour and of carrying the mails from Sweden more quickly than at present.

William Hartcourt Palmer, of Porsgrund, has, according to Christiania papers, invented a new explosive, which he claims is just as powerful as dynamite. Mr. Palmer will visit England and the United States in the near future in the interests of his new invention.

Alfred W. Aspelund has just completed a novel entitled "The Artist." It is a romance teeming with intricate situations and will perhaps be reproduced on the stage in Christiania after the holidays.

The new Mexico line's steamer "Texas" has just been completed at a cost of 750,000 crowns. It is modern in every respect and is one of the finest steamers built in Norway for some time.

The Solstrand Hotel at Os has been sold to Horsten Lunde for 50,000 crowns. It will now be submitted to thorough repairs and will hereafter cater to the tourist trade exclusively.

The Trondhjem orchestra was recently organized and its future success already seems assured. It already has thirty members and the city has established an orchestra fund of $25,000.

A new theater will be erected in Sarpsborg in the near future at a cost of 75,000 crowns. It will be one of the largest theaters ever built in a country town in Norway.

There are about eighty Norwegian consumptives who are spending the winter in Spitzbergen. There they certainly have a superabundance of fresh air.

DENMARK.

A large number of Swedish and Danish-Americans may these days be seen on the streets of Copenhagen. There are more home visitors this year than during any previous year, and in Denmark they are wondering how it is possible for their countrymen in America to make such frequent visits to the fatherland. A trip across the Atlantic among every day classes in Denmark is still regarded as quite an undertaking, but the fact that so many are coming over from America at such frequent intervals will if anything stimulate Danish emigration to the United States.

Government officials are still busy with the Russian anarchists. Several arrests have been made, but it seems a difficult matter to rid the country of these undesirables. There are plenty of them in the country districts and they seem to be very clever when it comes to evading the authorities. People in the country districts are kept in constant terror and in many communities it has been necessary to appoint extra constables.

A delegation of British dairymen are at present touring the country districts, familiarizing themselves with the Danish dairy methods. Some time ago a similar delegation came from Germany and Austria.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

AGAIN PUT UP TO NELSON

Purdy's Nomination Before Senate Committee.

The senate committee on judiciary had a meeting at Washington and the nominations of Judge M. D. Purdy of Minnesota and J. E. Waggoner, for United States district attorney of South Dakota, came up and the same action was taken as that of last May. Purdy's nomination was referred to Senator Nelson and Waggoner's to Senator Kittredge, who were opposed to confirmation.

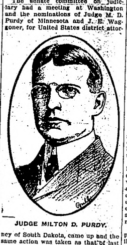

JUDGE MILTON D. PURDY.

TWO ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

One Suicide and Three Attempts at Suicide at Minneapolis.

One suicide, two accidental deaths and three attempts by one man to end his life is the record in Minneapolis for twenty-four hours.

Nels Calm, eighty-three years old, tied a new rope around his neck and to the barn rafters, and they being too low to allow him to hang he held his feet up behind him while he slowly strangled to death. No motive is known for the man's action.

William Eastman, twenty-four years old, was asphyxiated in his room. A small gas heater had turned over, breaking the connection of the rubber tubing, and allowing the room to fill with gas.

L. L. Neilson, a freight conductor residing at Mason City, Ia., died at the city hospital as the result of a rear end freight collision on the Minneapolis and St. Louis line, near St. Louis Park.

John Malmquist, confined in the Hennepin county jail on suspicion of being insane, made three unsuccessful attempts to end his life. Two attempts were frustrated by the night jailer and later he was discovered trying to burn himself up in his cell.

THIEVES CLEAN OUT STORE

Use Wagon in Carting Away Loot at Minneapolis.

Burglars operated with express wagons in Minneapolis in the confusion following the bursting of a big water main at Fourth street and Fifth avenue.

They backed a two-horse wagon to the curb in front of Lindberg's tailor shop on Seventh street south and loaded it with practically the entire stock of suitings and notions in the store, leaving the counters and shelves bare. The value of the goods taken is $1,500.

The bursting main attracted practically all the policemen in the down town district and gave the burglars a clear field.

Notable Missionary Meeting.

The most notable foreign missionary meeting ever held in the Northwest will meet at Minneapolis the week of Feb. 4. It will be conducted under the general direction of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of North America, which has conducted remarkable meetings both in the United States and Canada during the past two years. Prominent speakers from different sections of the country will attend.

Costly Fire at Hawley.

Fire at Hawley destroyed the Double front department store. The building was owned by William Rittman and was of brick with a steel covered warehouse on the west side. It was valued at $10,000. The stock of general merchandise, owned by the firm of Bilben & Eid, valued at $15,000 and insured at $10,000, was a total loss.

Johnson's Official Majority.

Official figures as announced by the state canvassing board show that J. F. Jacobson, Republican candidate for governor, received a total of 147,357 votes, a gain of 500 over the unofficial returns. Governor Johnson received 175,136 votes, a gain of 100 over the unofficial count. The official majority of Johnson is 27,779.

Acquitted After Three Trials.

After three trials, two of which resulted in a disagreement of the juries, James H. Pinkerton is finally freed from the charge of embezzling $3,000 of the funds of the town of Schroeder, Cook county, of which he was treasurer. A jury in the district court returned a verdict of not guilty.

Headlong Fall Is Fatal.

Christ Davis, the St. Paul iron-worker who slipped and plunged headlong from the new Fort Snelling bridge, landing head foremost on the ice of the Minnesota river below, died at the Fort Snelling post hospital.

GRIEF ENDS LIFE

Hunter Who Killed Companion Dies of Broken Heart.

SERVED TIME FOR MISTAKE

Refused to Fight Charge When Placed on Trial.

The state board of control has received news of the death at his home in Koochiching county of Charles Wingron, a paroled prisoner. He died suddenly of heart disease, though the board thinks it was his troubles more than anything else.

Wingren while hunting last March killed a man, mistaking him for a deer, and was arrested under the law which designates such errors as manslaughter. It was plainly an accident and though friends tried to induce him to make a fight for his liberty he insisted on pleading guilty and was accordingly sentenced to the reformatory.

Wingren was at once released on parole and was sent back to his family. His health failed rapidly, however, and it is said that he died of a broken heart. He had a wife and seven children.

EMBEZZLEMENT IS CHARGED

Warrant Issued for Missing Creamery Employe.

Andrew Golberg, secretary and treasurer of the Crescent Creamery company of St. Paul, has been missing several days and a warrant has been issued for his arrest, charging him with embezzlement. The amount taken is reported to be between $15,000 and $20,000 and covers a considerable period.

Edward A. Cammack, president and general manager of the company, says Golberg was living beyond his means.

The missing treasurer is forty-five years old and formerly lived at Rochester, this state. He entered the employ of the Crescent Creamery company as a clerk and gradually advanced until he became head bookkeeper for the firm.

Upon the resignation of the treasurer he was made secretary and treasurer of the company, which position he retained up to the time of his disappearance.

TWO COACHES DESTROYED

Occupants Forced to Escape in Scant Attire.

By the explosion of a gas tank in a day coach on a Northern Pacific passenger train two cars were destroyed and the train was delayed two hours in reaching St. Paul. The explosion occurred at 5 o'clock in the morning as the train was pulling out of St. Cloud.

A day coach was burned to the trucks, not any of the woodwork remaining. A tourist sleeper was about half destroyed before the fire department succeeded in extinguishing the flames.

Both the day coach and sleeper were filled with passengers, but all escaped without injury, those in the sleeper being forced out into the snow in night clothes.

Many passengers lost grips and wearing apparel.

HER BODY FOUND IN TRUNK

Woman Ends Life in Remarkable Manner.

A most extraordinary suicide occurred at Rochester. Mrs. Nellie Cook Purcell, a beautiful woman of twenty-nine, whose former home was in St. Paul, killed herself at the home of her sister by covering her face with a handkerchief saturated with chloroform and then curling up in a large trunk, the lid of which she tightly closed that all air might be excluded.

Mrs. Purcell had been in the state hospital at St. Peter and Rochester about three years, but some four months ago was discharged as cured. She had been divorced from her husband at St. Paul several years ago.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE

Homesteader Sits on Box of Explosive and Sets Off Fuse.

Claus Carlson, a homesteader, twenty-eight years old, living north of Deer River, Itasca county, committed suicide by sitting on a box of dynamite and setting it off in a tent back of his house, where a lumberman's outfit was kept. Fellow workmen heard him say as he was setting the dynamite off, "Run for your lives, I am going up."

The camp was badly shattered and the men inside barely escaped. The body was blown fifty feet and badly mangled. Carlson received a letter from Sweden recently that his sister committed suicide in a similar way.

Ends His Life in Prison.

James Dugan, alias James Degann, alias "Slim Jim," was found dead in the state prison hospital at Stillwater. He had committed suicide by taking morphine. Dugan was well known in the Twin Cities and was serving a life sentence for the murder of James Harris in Minneapolis June 16, 1897. He was a member of the famous Rice street gang in St. Paul.

Xmas Sale.

Don't fail to come and see my stock before Xmas, as you will certainly save 30 per cent on every thing you buy here.

Selling out guaranteed jewelry, solid gold and gold filled, 40 per cent off regular prices.

Ladies' and gentlemen's solid gold, gold filled rings, bracelets, chains, belt buckles and combs, etc., 40 per cent off.

Men's, boys' and children's clothing and overcoats, 40 per cent off from the regular prices.

Ladies' Panama dress skirts, 30 per cent off.

" waists, 30 per cent off.

Flannels and dress goods, 30 per cent off.

Caps, mitts, hats, underwear and sweaters, 30 per cent off.

Razors and cutlery, 30 per cent off.

I carry a good line of boots and shoes, which I am selling at less than the regular prices.

Bear skin baby coats, 30 per cent off.

Shawls, 40 per cent off from the regular price.

Blankets, pillows and comforters, 30 per cent off.

With every $5.00 purchase, I give 20 pounds of sugar for $100.

A. JOE GILLER.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

ED O'HARA,

Phone 185. The Drayman.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Household Hints.

To cover the pan in which fish is cooking will make the flesh soft.

Serving but two vegetables at dinner is as fashionable as it is economical.

Cheap cuts of meat can be served palatably in stews and croquettes.

Perfumed olive oil sprinkled on library shelves will prevent mold on books.

After trimming turn the wick of a lamp below the burner or the oil will ooze.

Mud stains can be removed from black cloth by rubbing them with a raw potato.

Dried lemon peel sprinkled over coals will destroy any disagreeable odor about the house.

Paperhangers' paste is made by adding a teaspoonful of powdered alum to every pound of flour.

Stewed Squirrel.

Take three fine large gray squirrels, skinned and cleaned. Join them as you would chickens for a fricassee. Take half a pound of fat salt pork, one small onion (unless you dislike the flavor), half a can of corn, half a can of tomatoes. Use same quantity of fresh tomatoes if you have them, three tablespoonfuls of butter rolled in flour, four sprigs of parsley and enough water to cover the squirrels. Put the squirrels, the pork (cut fine), the onion (sliced) and the parsley in water and let come to boiling point. After boiling ten minutes put in the corn and let the whole stew until the squirrels are tender. Then add the tomatoes and stew twenty minutes longer. Stir in the flour and butter and let boil for ten minutes and serve in a deep covered dish with little suet dumplings.

Browned Potato Loaf.

Take as many Irish and sweet potatoes as one needs for a meal, half as many sweet as Irish. Boil them with the skins on until thoroughly done. Peel and mash separately. Season each to taste with salt, adding milk and a good sized piece of butter. Beat each until light, then put half the Irish potatoes on a plate that can be put in the oven. Smooth the top, put on the sweet potatoes and then the remainder of the Irish. Shape the loaf nicely and spread soft butter over the top and sides and place in an oven to brown. Serve in slices.

Improved Kitchen Utensil.

In an improved cooking utensil patented by an Illinois man the cook and housewife using it will be saved many a burn or scalding of the hands. The utensil shown here is adapted in a novel and thoroughly effective manner to retain the cover in position when tilted for draining the contents, so that there is no danger of injury to the user. It is of the saucepan type, with a handle and a detachable cover. On the rim are three spring clips which project over the edge and hold the cover in position. In the cover are a number of drainage openings, which are normally covered by a hinged lid or closure. The latter, while sealing the opening, will readily yield to steam pressure and thereby permit the escape of steam. As the utensil is tilted the hinged cover will naturally fall away from the cover, allowing the water to drain out through the openings.

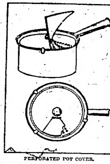

PERFORATED POT COVER.

For Chapped Lips.

Do not moisten the lips frequently with the saliva or pass the tongue over them to make them red or fresh looking. This habit tends to discolor and dry them and to make them chap. Carefully avoid biting the lips and especially of biting off detached portions of the skin. It is ruinous to their beauty, both of color and texture, and may even cause troublesome and sometimes incurable eruptions. The best means of remedying chapped, dry lips is to anoint them every night on going to bed with a good cold cream.

Sardine Appetizer.

Have bread toasted crisp, hard crust removed. Beat together one teaspoonful of butter, one-half teaspoonful of mustard, a little cayenne pepper, one teaspoonful of worcestershire sauce and a little lemon juice. Spread on toast, lay on sardines and set in oven a few minutes before serving.

Carrot Pickles.

Peel the carrots and boil in salt water, drain and have a sirup made of vinegar, sugar, stick cinnamon, cloves and whole allspice, the same as for watermelon or any sweet pickle, and pour over the carrots while both are hot and seal. These pickles taste a good deal like peach pickles.

To Keep Lard Sweet.

To keep lard nice and white and prevent it from becoming strong use a few Irish potatoes. When the lard is nearly done drop in a potato about the [illegible]

The Hat and the Title.

There is an amusing English definition of "gentleman." It is "a man who wears a silk hat and if he has no other title insists upon having 'Esq.' added to his name when letters are addressed to him."

The west end Londoner of social pretensions accepts this definition in practice. Summer and winter, in rain or shine, he wears a high silk hat in the streets of London and carries it into the drawing room when he pays an afternoon call. It is only when he takes a train for the provinces or for the continent that he ventures to use more comfortable headgear. He also expects to have the distinction of "esquire" when a letter is addressed to him and is highly offended if he finds on the envelope the prefix "Mr." As a matter of fact, the number of English gentlemen who are legally entitled to the mediaeval honor of "esquire" is insignificant. It is a self assumed title which signifies nothing that is substantial in rank or privilege. In common use in London "esquire" simply means that the person so addressed does not choose to be associated with tradesmen and ordinary working people and that he is a "gentleman" who invariably wears a silk hat.

Mixed Metaphor.

The late Mr. Ritchie when chancellor of the exchequer once asserted that "the question of moisture in tobacco is a thorny subject and has long been a bone of contention." His immediate successor in office, Austen Chamberlain, remarked at the Liberal Union club's dinner that the harvest which the present government had sown was already coming home to roost.

Sir William Hart-Dyke has two conspicuous "howlers" to his credit—the description of James Lowther as having gone to the very top of the tree and landed a big fish and the comforting assurance that his government had got rid of the barbed wire entanglements and was now in smooth water. Among other political examples of mixed metaphor are the prediction ascribed to a labor member that if we give the house of lords rope enough they will soon fill up the cup of their iniquity and an Irish member's complaint that a certain government department is iron bound in red tape.—London Standard.

A Fable.

Once Upon a Time there was a Young Man who met Two Nice Girls, who Were Constantly Together. Now, he was an Astute Young Man, and he desired to say Something Pretty and Agreeable to the Ladies, but he knew that if he paid a Compliment to One of them, No Matter which, the Other would be Hurt.

So he Thought Rapidly for a moment, and then he said:

"Ah, I know Why you Two Girls are Always Together!"

"Why?" asked the Two Girls.

"Because Everybody says that A Handsome Girl Always Chooses a Homely One as a Companion, So That Her Beauty may be Enhanced by the Contrast."

After Such a Remark, either Both Girls would be Angry with him or Delighted.

And what Do you think Happened?

The Two Girls Blushed and said he was A Flatterer and went their way Together, each Happy for Herself and Sorry for the Other.—London Answers.

The Flag.

On June 14, 1777, the Continental congress resolved that the flag of the United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white, and that the Union be thirteen white stars on a blue field. On Jan. 13, 1794, by an act of congress, the flag was altered to fifteen red and white stripes and fifteen stars. On April 4, 1818, congress again altered the flag by returning to the original thirteen stripes and fifteen stars, as the adding of a new stripe for each additional state would soon make the flag too large. A new star is added to the flag on July 4 following the admission of each new state.—New York American.

Force of Habit.

"The question of enlarging the church comes up tonight, John, doesn't it?"

"Yes, dear, and we expect to have a lively time. They tell me the opposition to the pastor will be strong. Where's my overcoat? Oh, yes! And now I want the tin horn and the cowbell and the big rattle."

"Mercy, John, what are you going to do?"

"Do! Why, I'm going to root for the pastor."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An Estimate.

"Old man Tilewad must be worth a billion dollars," observes the man with the ingrowing mustache.

"Nonsense!" says the man with the dejected ears. "He hasn't over a hundred thousand to his name."

"But I was estimating it at what he would be worth if a dollar was as big as he thinks it is."—Chicago Post.

A Human Bungalow.

"Pikson didn't impress you favorably, then?"

"No; he's just a bungalow."

"A what?"

"A bungalow. He hasn't any foundation."—Newark News.

A Freak.

Jubb—Why, Jimmy, you look as if you'd grown four feet since I last saw you. Jimmy—Huh! I wisht I had. I'd exhibit in a dime museum as the "human quadruped" and get a pile of money, I would.

The intellect of the wise is like glass: it admits the light of heaven and re[illegible]

Guilty Of Counterfeiting.

Passing counterfeit money is no worse than substituting some unknown worthless remedy for Foley's Honey and Tar, the great cough and cold remedy that cures the most obstinate coughs and heals the lungs. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. DISTRICT COURT.

O N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company, Plaintiff, vs. Christ Myhre, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of an execution to me delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, Co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company and against Christ Myhre, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter (N. E ¼) of Section eleven (11) Township one hundred and fifty three (153) North of Range forty one (41) in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

And that I shall on Saturday the 16th day of January, A. D., 1909, at the hour of Ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Front Door of the Post Office in the city of Thief River Falls, in said county and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Christ Myhre in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgment and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Seventeen [illegible]-100 Dollars, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the first day of December, 1908, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
By Robert A. Lee, Deputy.

G. Halvorson,
Plaintiff's Attorney
Dated December 1st, 1908.
dec.3-jan. 7

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit,- the southeast quarter, (S. E.¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W.¼ of N. E ¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N.½ of S. E ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn
Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, as it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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THE NEWS

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

THE NEWS, $1

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

A Personal Appeal.

If we could talk to you personally about the great merit of Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds and lung trouble, you never could be induced to experiment with unknown preparations that may contain some harmful drugs. Foley's Honey and Tar costs you no more and has a record of forty years of cures. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred C. [illegible]son, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who on June 24th, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 250, Serial, No 0301, for Lots 3, 4 and S.½ of N. W.¼, Section 3, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole Amundson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Pete Amundson, " " " " "
Cornelius Helland, " " " " "
Frank Fisher, " " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
nov 19-dec. 31

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Nov 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Quigley, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 21, 1904, made H. E. No. 39, Serial, No. [illegible], for Lots 5, 6, & 7 & S. E.¼ N. E.¼, Section 3, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before William Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

George Gretbook, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aslak O. Bergland, " " " " "
Oscar Joppen, " " " " "
Halvor H. Halvorson, of " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
dec 3 jan 7

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Dec 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Hannah Hanson, of Hellem, Minn., who, on 25 day of January, 1902, made Homestead entry No 22815, Serial, No. 0118, for S. W.¼, S. E.¼, Section 18, Township 155, N. Range 41 W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five years proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren, Minn., on the 12 day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

John M. [illegible] of [illegible] Minn
[illegible] M. Nelson " [illegible], Minn
[illegible] " " "
Carl Hanson, " Warren

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
dec 10 jan 14

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 21, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. [illegible], of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June [illegible] made Homestead Entry, No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for S. W.¼, Section [illegible], Township [illegible] N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final [illegible] proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before William Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

[illegible] of Keske P. O. Minn
[illegible] of Thief River Falls, Minn
[illegible] of Keske, P. O. Minn
[illegible] of Anton P. O. Minn

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
dec 3 jan 7

More people are taking Foley's Kidney Remedy every year. It is considered to be the most effective remedy for kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up worn out tissues and restores lost vitality. It will make you feel well and look well.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Mrs. McRaney's Experience.

Mrs. M. McRaney, Prentiss, Miss., writes: "I was confined to my bed for three months with kidney and bladder trouble, and was treated by two physicians but failed to get relief. No human tongue can tell how I suffered, and I had given up hope of ever getting well until I began taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. After taking two bottles I felt like a new person, and feel it my duty to tell suffering women what Foley's Kidney Remedy did for me". A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. O. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 80.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. Robertson, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Roseau county gave a royal reception to the first passanger train that ever ran through that county last Friday.

If Emperor William is unable with an income of $10,000,000 a year to make ends meet it will have to be admitted that he is about the poorest manager extant.

Official returns from Mississippi show the existance of enough Republican voters to fill the federal office, and probably most of them will want to do so.

Congressman Steenerson is to the front in congress by introducing a bill providing for postal savings banks. It stands a good show of becoming a law.—Ada Index.

It is estimated that there are in England 7,000,000 people who are suffering because they lack the bare necessities of life. If England represents the highest type of civilization it would appear that there is still room for improvement in the civilization process.

John D. Rockefeller has just drawn his quarterly dividend amounting to $4,000,000 from the Standard Oil Company. Owing to the fact that he regards his wealth as a responsibility this will probably serve to make his Christmas a little more cheerless than any of the previous ones have been to him.

The Norman county newspapers are still discussing the late election held down there. It appears that the Prohibition candidate for the legislature defeated Representative Wold, who was a strong county option man. The Prohibition candidate had the support of brewery and liquor interests, strange as this may seem.

Charles E. Boughton cannot resist the temptation to write fiction, and in the last issue of the Gazette gives some alleged history regarding the county seat fight in Red Lake county. The Gazette illustrates the articles by publishing a picture of the court house which is about as near a resemblance of the original as Mr. Boughton's article is of the truth.

Probabilities seem to point to a fight between the local creameries and the big central plants. The big concerns are raising the price at competitive points and lowering it at places where there is no competition. The co-operative creameries are paying the highest price on the average, and if the dairy farmers know what is good for them they will not allow themselves to be caught by the temporary advantage that might be offered them by the big concerns. —Hendrum Review.

A man should at least be wise enough to know that he can not establish himself in the confidence of another business man, especially an employer, by running down those for whom he has worked; whose very trust has given him inside information which he so glibly uses against them. Whether or not what he says is true, his saying it gives an impression of the rankest kind of business judgment.—Success Magazine.

The Prohibition party can congratulate itself that it has again proved the most effective ally of the saloon, says the Northfield News, and no observing individual can deny the truth of the accusation. No real reform worth mentioning was ever obtained through any one of the so called third parties, and the recent state election in Minnesota bears eloquent testimony of the truth of this assertion. It has been calculated that by means of the prohibition candidates for the legislature in this state no less than 15 earnest county option republican candidates were defeated by men who openly and avowedly opposed to the county option idea. The result of the activity of Calderwood of Minneapolis and his cohorts in the past election in supporting prohibition candidates against county option men has merely been that the temperance movement in this state has received a setback that it will take years to overcome. When will these enthusiasts learn that the only way to secure the legislation desired is through the medium of one or the other of the two great parties?—Lake Park Journal.

THE GERMAN GRAB-BAG GAME.

Germany requires more revenue. So the new budget proposes to tax users of gas and electric light, a tax on beer, heavier death duties and inheritance taxes, and—most *astonishing of all to Americans*—a tax on all advertisements. Imagine the roars of protest with which a united and outraged press would meet that proposal over here!

Every finance minister in the world is a sort of bedeviled guerrilla, looking desperately around for something that he can pounce upon and wring tribute out of. The only principle that he acknowledges is to take whatever will yield most revenue and least trouble. It is a big grab bag game, the rule being to seize the largest object that doesn't wriggle violently. With us the problem is simpler than almost anywhere else, and yet, to raise municipal revenue, we put a tag on a dog and proceed to charge two dollars.—Saturday Evening Post.

PATRONIZING YOUR CREAMERY.

When a creamery has sufficient milk or cream to insure its successful operation, every dairy man in the vicinity should deliver his product to that creamery. There can be no possible excuse for sending business away from home. The honest dairyman wants only the market price for his cream, and the cream buyer who offers him more than it is worth does so for a purpose. The butterfat in that cream is worth so much and no more. The cream producer who accepts a higher price is encouraging dishonesty and is at the same time taking money that belongs to another dairyman in some other locality. When the cream buyer pays more than the cream is worth he necessarily cheats some one else who lives where competition is not so keen. He is not in the business for his health. The local creamery is responsible and alone responsible—for the present prosperity of the creamery business. If our dairymen know when they are well off they will stand right by that institution—and the writer has faith in their intelligence too.—Northwestern Agriculturalist.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $105.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE

BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE

On Tuesday morning, December 1st, we started a December Clearance Sale and this sale will last 30 days and end on December 30.

We will have exceptional bargains to offer in all department.

Our stock is yet complete, but must be greatly reduced previous to taking inventory, and in order to do so we will sacrifice profits for your benefit.

The cold weather has now come to stay, and you need lots of warm goods. Come in and look over our stock and prices and we can prove to you that we sell goods cheaper than most of our competitors.

See large poster for complete information as to our clearance sale. This sale the biggest thing of the season.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

LANGSETH MERCANTILE CO.

1909
For LABOR Steady Work High Wages
For the FARMER Big Crops, High Prices
For CAPITAL Profits, Prosperity
ESTABLISHED 1854

"Shout the Glad Tidings—Exultingly Sing!"

For where in all the world is there a nation richer, more righteous, or happier than ours?

And with the coming of 1909 America is surely destined to see the dawn of a new era of business confidence and boundless abundance.

And what will be the creative power and driving force behind this certain prosperity? Will it not be the immortal spirit of Human Freedom, the eternal principle upon which this mighty Republic was founded?

Therefore, let us be joyful—let us eat and drink of the good things of the earth—let us toast "Merry Xmas" and the glad New Year in bumper glasses of

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer That Makes the World Smile With You"

Throughout the Northwest it will cheer the arriving and departing guests in more homes than all other beers. Beer is essentially the drink of the great civilized nations—in heathen lands it is practically unknown.

Should Your Grocer or Dealer Not Carry PEERLESS In Stock Please Telephone Us.

Bottled Only at the Brewery

JOHN GUND
BREWING COMPANY
LA CROSSE, WIS.

BOOKLET AND PRICES UPON REQUEST.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	89
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.34
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Fine fresh cabbage at the Golden Rule.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

Herman Berndt was over to Warren last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dr. Teal was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

E. L. Quist was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

Louis Hanson was up to Badger the first of the week.

Oscar Williams was up to Roseau the first of the week.

Helmer Zaiser was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

Parker Fountain Pens at a discount at A. Anderson, city jeweler.

Wayne Richardson was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Emil Evenson was up from Crookston last week visiting his parents.

Bert D. Keck, the Crookston architect, was in the city last week.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hisber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Fargo last week attending to legal business.

Emil Sedlacek was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

A contract has been let at Mahnomen for digging a village well seventy feet deep.

Charles E. Boughton, the Red Lake Falls attorney, was in the city last Saturday.

Wilhelm Michelet left last evening for Minneapolis to spend the holidays with his parents.

—For Sale—600 bushels clean early seed oats 50c per bushel. H. R. Leslin, Anton, Minn.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Samuel Johnson went up to his claim near Anton last week and will remain there until next June.

Mrs. Wilhelm Michelet left last Saturday for Westby, Wis., called there by the death of a brother.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Miss Grace Meehan, who is teaching school at East Grand Forks, arrived here last Saturday to spend the holidays.

August Stach, of Wolverton, who had been here visiting his sister Mrs. Wm. Moeller, returned home last Friday.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a *pound a day* by taking an ounce of *Scott's Emulsion*. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health: if you have not got it you can get it by taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Miss Nina Horton, who is attending school at Hamlin, arrived here this week to spend the holidays with her parents.

Henry Voss, one of the prominent business men of Hutchinson, Minn., was in the city last week visiting his brother, Albert Voss.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

William Miller, of Vinton, Iowa, who owns a large amount of farm land in this vicinity, was here last week visiting with C. J. Knox.

Andy Erickson went down to Crookston last Friday evening and entered a hospital for the purpose of having a slight operation performed.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts are pure; *always the same*, the same careful composition, the same pure ingredients, the same satisfactory results.

F. N. Saxton, local manager of the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house, left last week for an extended visit to the east. He will be absent for about a month.

Rev. Dahle was very pleasantly surprised last Friday evening by members of his congregation and other friends. An envelope containing $40 was left with the popular pastor.

—Don't send away for your phonograph: Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

We are now in a position to handle all classes of watch and jewelry repairing. Our prices are the lowest and workmanship the best. Call and see us. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Frank Reichter, the pioneer miller of Thief River Falls arrived in the city Tuesday from Ashland, Wis., where he is now located and will spend the holidays here visiting with old friends.

George Wornham, one of the popular traveling men who makes his headquarters in Thief River Falls, left last Friday for Duluth. Mr. Wornham will visit Chicago before returning to this city.

Charles A. Robbecke was up to Roseau Monday visiting his brother-in-law, Charles Meyers. Fourteen years ago Mr. Robbecke visited Roseau and he was very much surprised to find such a thriving village.

Jerry O'Brien, a former homesteader living up near Highlanding, came over from Cavalier, N. D., last week to look after his real estate holdings here. He departed again yesterday for his North Dakota home.

Herman F. Anderson, who was elected county superintendent of schools at the last election, arrived in the city the first of the week from Sebeka, and will assume the duties of his office after the first of the year.

1500 cars of potatoes will be shipped from Princeton this year, which is about 900,000 bushels, valued at nearly a million dollars. Most of the tubers are brought to town in wagons and from farms of 80 acres each.

Christmas services with special music in the Synod church on Christmas Day at 10:30 a. m., in Silverton at 3 o'clock p. m. Christmas tree for the Sunday school on Second Christmas Day in the evening at the usual hour.

Down at Hendrum one of the local machine firms is conducting an educational campaign for the use of manure spreaders. As a result an entire carload of these machines have been sold there and were delivered last week.

Stop and read this—Biggest line of toys and Christmas gifts, also a good line of jewelry, silverware and clocks. Prices absolutely the lowest. Follow the crowd, they all go to The People's Drug Store, Arnold Bjerkhoel, Prop.

Call and see our holiday stock of jewelry, silverware and cut glass which we have just received. Prices are lower and stock larger than ever before. Also remember that we can repair your watch and do it right. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

Never in the history of Thief River Falls, so the hotel men state, was the transient population so large. Every hotel in the city is obliged to turn away guests every evening. No one seems able to account for the large increase in the transient public.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with land men in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

J. Bjerkhoel, Jeweler, formerly at Stebbin's drug store, now located at Arnold Bjerkhoel's drug store opposite People's State Bank, kindly solicits your patronage and will surely please you, being an old, experienced jeweler, who, no doubt many have met before. We also sell watches at lowest price.

Joe Johnson, of Erie, was in the city yesterday.

Otto Ramstad, who is attending the Normal school at Moorhead, is spending his vacation in this city.

C. J. Rositon was in the city the first of the week, the guest at the home of his uncle, M. V. Evenson.

K. M. Hanson will arrive in the city this evening from Price Albert and spend the holidays with his family.

—For Sale—Good three year old Hamiltonian mare for sale cheap. Inquire of Andrew N. Ness, box 945, Thief River Falls.

John Rawson returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to Wisconsin where he had been to visit his parents.

The United Church Sunday School will have a Christmas tree at the City Hall Thursday evening at 7:30. Services at the Evenson Hall Friday at 10:30 A. M. Cordial invitation to all. H. Halvorson Pastor.

During the holiday season, services as follows: Christmas day, in Zion at Viking, 10:30 a. m., in Bethlehem at 3:35. Saturday, December 26, in Sharon, at Plummer, 11 a. m. Sunday December 27, Immanuel 10:30 a. m. Trinity *in Thief River Falls in the* church east of the Soo depot, at 7:30. Also New Years day, Morning and evening. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

The finishing touches will be done this week on Ed. A. Aubol's new farm residence. It will be about the finest in the country. It is built of brick, has a heating plant and has hard wood floors all over the house. Mr. Aubol has made farming a success and is fully entitled to his fine new home.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

J. S. Holmes, a farmer near Perham, made a neat profit on a hog deal this year. He bought the hog for $3.50, from which he raised 13 pigs. Recently he sold all but three pigs for $151.02. He spent about $15 for feed, and he thinks that over $100 profit besides having 3 pigs left is doing fairly well on an investment of $3 50.

The State Board of Immigration says that a gold mine has been discovered in Northern Minnesota in the results obtained from raising potatoes. Over in Beltrami county one farmer raised an average of 465 bushels to the acre on a small piece. Other yields there were 378,328 and 281 bushels per acre. This beats all the fairy tales one hears from the West, and they are actual facts.

The races held at the Mozark Roller Rink Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week proved very interesting. The ladies Race was won by Miss Maud Newberry, the couple race by Henry McMahon and Miss Stenerud, the comic race by Carl Kretzschmar and the champion race by Earl Dolan. The Managers of the rink expect to put on a tournament of races in the near future for every Friday evening.

No legislation is needed if the citizens of Thief River Falls want to install a telephone plant. The law passed at the 1907 session of the legislature following the "Mueller" law of Illinois, gives all cities the power to build or acquire all public utilities and to issue bonds to pay for the same. Those interested will find this among the session laws of 1907. It requires a vote of three-fourths of the people to put in operation.

The Warren Sheaf says that Hugh G. Parr, one of the most successful and scientific farmers in that section, seeded 26 pounds of mammoth clover and from the crop it raised threshed 28 bushels with an ordinary separator. He has also found that Heinz's blue stem wheat produces the best results. It has never been bothered with smut. The grain yields well and always up to sixty pounds to the bushel.

The year just passed was a bumper baby crop, figures just compiled show there were 33,277 babies born in Minnesota last year. Minneapolis leads the cities with 5,302. In the counties, Cook is the lowest with only 13. The rate was 18 babies for every 1,000 population, and in the same year there were 10 deaths for every 1,000 people. At this rate we will not have to call on outside states to furnish settlers for our wild lands.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 55 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Under the new rules of the postoffice department, which goes into immediate effect, all registered mail must be delivered in person to the addressee and not even upon his written order can it be delivered to other than the person; it must be returned to the sender or otherwise disposed of under regulations applicable to undelivered registered mail. The reason for this stringent ruling is the numerous complaints from large cities in particular, of the violation of the postal regulations where mail has been delivered upon alleged written orders.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Home Wedding.

Saturday evening in this city, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Ramstad occured the marriage of their oldest daughter, Miss Ila, Minerva to William Arthur Reynolds of Minneapolis.

At five o'clock to the strain of Lohengren's wedding march by Miss Anga Oustad of Ada, Minn., a friend of the bride, the bridal party advanced to an arch of trailing smilax; under a bell of smilax and roses, the bride being attended by Miss Lottie Ramstad, sister of the bride, and the groom by his brother Howard Reynolds. The impressive sermon was read by Rev. A. L. Huren of Twin Valley. During the ceremony, "O. Promise Me", was softly played and all present standing.

The bride was charming in a gown of white liberty satin made empire style and trimmed in real lace. She carried a shower boquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley.

The maid of honor was dressed in a white embroidery dress and carried a boquet of pink roses.

Immediately after the ceremony a wedding dinner, elegant in it's appointments was served, for which covers were laid for twenty eight, relatives and immediate friends of the bridal couple. The tables and rooms were artistically decorated with pink and white roses and carnations.

Miss Anga Oustad, entertained at the piano with several vocal selections.

The wedding gifts were many and costly showing the high esteem in which Miss Ramstad was held in the community in which she lived.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds left on the evening train for Minneapolis where they will make their future home, and where Mr. Reynolds is a prosperous young business man.

Among the out of town guests were Miss Lillian Helgeson, Milton, N. D., a cousin of the bride, Mr. Howard Reynolds, Minneapolis, Minn., a brother of the groom, Mr. Emil Evenson, Crookston, Minn., and Miss Anga Oustad, Ada, Minn.

SCHOOL NOTES.

School closes on Wednesday of this week and opens on Monday, January 4th. This will permit them to close the last week of May, the customary time.

Several students from the country have signified their intention of entering the local schools after the Xmas holidays.

Closing exercises, approparinte to this season of the year, will be held in a number of the rooms on Wednesday.

Arrangements have been perfected whereby the subjects for the second semester in the high school will be presented the first day of the term. Some of the new subjects taken will be solid geometry, botany, agriculture and higher algebra.

A number of students have not been in attendance at school this week on account of the nearness of the holiday season. This is true particularly of the students from the country.

A storm shed has been added to the north door at the Central. It is a convenience in case of inclement weather and also useful for the storing of tools, etc.

Janitor Ronnestrand returned from southern Minnesota last Saturday, and left on Monday for North Dakota to continue his visit with relatives.

At a meeting of the football team of 1908, Conrad Johnson was honored with the election to the position of captain for the season of 1909. This is a well deserved recognition of his excellent work on the team during the past fall and there is no question but he will prove a competent leader of the boys of 1909. The team will lose some of its best timber by the graduation of several of the boys next June, but a sufficient number will remain to form the nucleus of the champion team of the Red River valley of next season.

Among other visitors at the schools this week were Joe and Ida Weeks, graduates of our high school. Readers of School Notes will pardon a personal allusion in this connection, for it is pleasing to note that it pays to be a graduate of the high school and also that the graduates are uniformly "making good" in the several spheres of action wherein they are engaged. Joe is principal at Northome, a northern Minnesota school of three rooms, at a salary of $75 per month, and Ida is receiving $60 per month in a school in a neighboring district. The time has gone by when it can be said that it does not pay in dollars and cents to graduate from high school.

Highlanding.

Mr. Martin Evenson passed through here last Tuesday.

Mr. Ed. McMahon came up here last week to stay a few months with his brother Sam McMahon.

Sam McMahon and family visited at Walt McAndrews last Tuesday evening.

Miss Mary Sullivan, who is teaching at the Weiner school house, came up Saturday to attend the dance in the school house.

The Shadow Social held in our school house last Saturday night, was well attended, everybody enjoying a good time. Something around fifteen dollars was netted after expenses were paid.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Creamery Statement for Nov. 1908.

Amount of cream received, 19,191 lbs.
Amount of milk, 1,271 lbs.
Average test of cream, 26.93.
Average test of milk, 3.2.
Amount of butterfat, 5169.50
Price paid, 33 cents.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$1,690.11
Sales in city	410.51
Total	$2,100.62

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Patrons	$1,715.43
Paid into expense fund	270.19
Balance	115.00
Total	$2,100.62

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 1,357 lbs.
Average Test, 26.78.
Amount of butterfat, 333.5 lbs.

STONE STATION.

Amount of cream, 616 lbs.
Average test, 30.8.
Amount of butterfat, 185.3.

Amount of butterfat received in corresponding month last year, 3990.50. Increase, 30 per cent.

Those Drawing $40 and Over.

P. Engelstad	$63.06
Fred Copp	58.57
A. Moongen	55.90
C. J. Knox	41.97
Anton Miller	41.01
S. O. Lee	41.02

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

A New Railroad Rumor.

Duluth Herald: It is stated here today that the Great Northern railroad will soon begin the construction of a road from Warroad to Hibbing, via Baudette. The fact that this construction would shorten the route from Chicago to Winnipeg by over 30 miles, leads to the opinion that the report of the extension is correct.

At the present time the Great Northern has very good connections at Hibbing. The extension to Warroad would prove a new outlet for some of the freight from Winnipeg and Canadian Northern points to Great Northern territory, and would extend the Great Northern further into the new country that is being opened up on the Canadian frontier.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn. for the week ending Dec. 19, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Choate, David W.
Goerky, Henry
Gordon, N. L.
Harleman, Mrs. Mary
Johnson, Alfred N.
Levenson, A.
Lee, Miss Anna
Langdon, F. B.
Loomis, A. R.
Mansfield, Miss Lulu
Nelson, Mrs. M.
Neilson, Miss Bertha
Norson, Nels
Olson, Miss Ellie
Olson, Elmer

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

German Lutheran Church.

F. J. Seitz, Pastor.

Services in Thief River Falls will be conducted as follows: The Christmas program will be rendered Friday eve, beginning at 7:15. Services Saturday morning at 10:20, also Sunday morning at 10:30. The annual congregation meeting with the election of officers will be held next Sunday afternoon. All voting members are requested to attend.

Services in Germantown next Thurs. evening when the Christmas program will be rendered, and Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Services at Manor next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock

Reiner.

A party was held at M. T. Torgerson's last week and all who attended report a good time.

Julius Anderson made a trip to the town of Esplee last week.

Miss Anderson visited her sister Mrs Berg for a couple of days last week.

A Christmas tree will be held at Berg's December 25th. Another will be held in the church later on.

A. A. Langlee hauled a load of store goods for Mr. Halvorson last week. He reported the roads as being pretty tough.

M. Everson and Mr. Skagen, of Thief River Falls passed through here last week on their way to Grygla.

T. O. Berg has improved his house with a hardwood floor and a stairway.

Mr. Roseland helped Mr. Langlee saw wood Saturday.

I wish you all a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Notice.

The M. W. of A. and the R. N. of A. are to have joint installation on the evening of Jan. 7, 1910. Royal Neighbors and their husbands, Woodmen and their wives or ladies are requested to attend. By Committee.

Wilbur Starr Concert Company Next.

Next Monday evening, Dec. 28, the Wilbur Starr Concert Co., said to be one of the finest musical entertainments on the road, will appear at the Presbyterian church as the next number on the Lyceum course. This company is in demand all over the country, having filled 180 dates the past winter and had two chautauqua seasons full to running over. Mr. Starr gave up his position as Dean of the Music Department, University of Missouri to head the company. He studied with leading musical instructors in Chicago, New York and London, England. A fine musical treat is promised those who attend. The company is composed of Mr. Starr, baritone and reader, Miss Alice Livingston, violinist, Mrs. Wilbur Starr, cellist and accompanist.

Farmers' Meeting.

O. A. Naplin, District Organizer of the American Society of Equity will speak at Thief River Falls in Evenson hall Monday, Dec. 28, on the plan and principles of this national organization of farmers for profitable prices for all farm produce. Our National Headquarters are at 1114 Shelby Street, Indianapolis, Ind. *We have made a good start* in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Nebraska. We are endeavoring to build up strong in every one of these fourteen states. We ask every farmer to come to this meeting and invite your neighbors. Use your telephone. Mr. Naplin is a good speaker. Do not fail to hear him. Remember the date. Committee.

Germantown.

A Merry Christmas to all of our readers.

The present week opened with colder weather so now there is winter in all ways; only more snow is the general desire as there is not yet enough for good sleighing.

Rev. S. H. Aarnes, formerly of Liner and now located at Warren, was up to the former place last week attending to business matters.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Olson Dec. 14.

Rambec & Olson pulled their threshing rig to winter quarters Wednesday after a four months run. Some of our threshers are still out and yet it is sometimes said that our grain raising don't amount to much.

The John Kratochvil farm has been sold to a Mr. Votava of Thief River Falls for a consideration of $2,000.

Messrs. Lund Rockne and Wold, trustees of the Esplee school district were here last Monday to perfect a deal with the local school board for the purchase of the old school house. They expect to remove it by New Years.

The surveyors of the big ditch are reported to have been at work for some time, tho' the survey has not as yet been run through this town.

Following the regular service, in the Zion church, which commence at 2 o'clock P. M., Dec. 26th, there will be Christmas tree exercises by the Sunday School children who will render a brief program for the occasion.

Last Thursday Emil Dommer of this place was united in marriage to Miss Tina Ness at Binford, N. D., the home of the bride's parents. While the groom is well known to all here, the bride also has the acquaintance of a number of our citizens, having visited here some two years ago at the home of her uncle L. Bendickson. The young couple will make their home at Warroad, Mr. Dommer having purchased a timber claim near there last fall.

Mrs. Martinus Johnson left for Wisconsin the first of the week, called there by the serious sickness of her father.

Miss Mathilde Jones is expected back this week from Kalispell, Montana, where she has been for a year past.

A school entertainment and basket social was given by the Germantown school Saturday evening to a packed house. The well chooson program was all rendered in an entirly creditable manner and the audience was held in all absorbing attention from beginning to end. Immediately following the close of the program, the baskets brought by the ladies for supper were sold to the highest bidders for cash. The sale of baskets together with the admission charges amounted to $35 which will be expended for school room apparatus. All who attended spent a pleasant evening.

AT THE BIJOU.

The holiday attraction for the last half of this week is a particularly dainty and appropriate playet, "Mr. Fuzz", a fairy tale. Mrs. Huseth sings this week the biggest song of the season "Stars of the National Game" by O. Dea and Caldwell featuring Thief River Falls ball stars. Everybody is sure to join in the chorus. The balance of the program is exceptionally fine drama, "The Poisoned Boquet", an Italian tragedy of the XV century, scenic, "Views of Rome", comedies, "The Escape of the Ape" and "Caught With the Goods". Amateurs Friday evening, new faces. Matinees every Wednesday and Saturday. Special for the ladies and children. Admission 5c.

Poor Air and Poor Living.

When Jim Bridger, the one time famous scout of the plains, grew old he thought he would like to retire from the somewhat arduous life of a plainsman and settle down to the ease of "the east," which to him meant Missouri. So he used his best endeavor to find a competent man to fill his place and went back to Missouri.

A year or two passed, and one day Captain Russell, the commandant of the post which Bridger had left, was surprised to see the old scout heave in sight. When he came in the captain asked:

"Well, Bridger, what brings you back here?"

"Captain," said Bridger, "I want to go back to scouting again."

"Indeed? Why, I thought you had settled down in the east for the rest of your life!"

"Well, cap'n, I'll tell you how it is. I went back to old Missouri, and if you'll believe it they've got a railroad station within ten mile o' the old place—yes, sir, a railroad station! And, what's more, they've got a ranch now in every four mile. I tell you what, cap'n, the air ain't pure down there no more!"

"Is that possible? But I thought you'd like the good things to eat they have down there. You like good things to eat, I remember."

"Good things to eat! Why, cap'n, I didn't have a br'iled beaver tail the whole time I was there!"

The First Cookbook.

To the Romans belong the honor of having produced the first European cookery book, and, though the authorship is uncertain, it is generally attributed to Caelius Apicus, who lived under Trajan, 114 A. D. Here are two recipes from this ancient collection:

"First, for a sauce to be eaten with boiled fowl, put the following ingredients into a mortar: Aniseed, dried mint and lazer root. Cover them with vinegar, add dates and pour in liquamen (a distilled liquor made from large fish which were salted and allowed to turn putrid in the sun), oil and a small quantity of mustard seeds. Reduce all to a proper thickness with sweet wine warmed, and then pour this same over your chicken, which should previously be boiled in aniseed water."

The second recipe shows the same queer mixture of ingredients: "Take a wheelbarrow of rose leaves and pound in a mortar; add to it brains of two pigs and two thrushes boiled and mixed with the chopped up yoke of egg, oil, vinegar, pepper and wine. Mix and pour these together and stew them steadily and slowly till the perfume is developed."—Chambers' Journal.

Which Foot Walks Faster?

You may think this a very silly question to ask, but it isn't. It is a simple, demonstrable fact, which you can prove to your own satisfaction in a very few minutes. If you will take a pavement that is clear, so that there will be no interference, and walk briskly in the center, you will find that before you have gone fifty yards you have veered very much to one side. You must not make any effort, of course, to keep in the center, but if you will think of something and endeavor to walk naturally you cannot keep a direct line. The explanation of this lies in the propensity of one foot to walk faster than the other, or one leg takes a longer stride than the other, causing one to walk to one side. You can try an experiment in this way by placing two sticks about eight feet apart, then stand off about sixty feet, blindfold yourself and endeavor to walk between them. You will find it almost impossible.

Why Not Be an Egotist?

There is much mistaken sentiment as to the sin of egotism. The fact is egotism is not a sin. On the other hand, it is somewhat of a virtue and an indispensable element in all real progress. Some phases of egotism are unpleasant to the beholder and unfortunate for the possessor, but if all of self love, or, rather, the love of other people's admiration and good will, were to be extinguished there would be little to hold society together and less to give impetus to the great enterprises which spring from individual thought and culminate in personal profit.—Leslie's Weekly.

The Retort Courteous.

A lady passing through the negro quarter in Mobile, Ala., heard an old woman chanting a dirgelike tune.

"Auntie," she observed, "that is a mournful song you are singing."

"Yassum," was the response. "I knows it's mo'nful, but by singin' dat song an' 'tendin' to my own business I spects to git to heaben."

His Luck.

"I have been engaged to at least a dozen girls," said a young man.

"And always been unlucky in love, eh?" inquired a lady.

"Oh, no—rather lucky!" was the answer. "I've never married any of them!"

An Order Not Obeyed.

An exasperated Irish sergeant, drilling a squad of recruits, called to them at last:

"Halt! Just come over here, all of ye and look at yourselves. It's a fine line ye're keepin', isn't it?"

The Resemblance.

"I was always interested in airships and flying machines, so I bought a theater."

"Why did you do that?"

"A theater has wings and flies."

All who have gardens know what a [illegible] the green fly, or aphis, becomes. It [illegible] to cover rose trees and other [illegible] like magic.

The Uses of Adversity.

"Grogan," said the head of the department store, eying him sharply, "you've quit drinking, haven't you?"

"Yes, sor," answered the red headed Hibernian who worked in the packing department. "I haven't taken a dhrink av anything shtronger th'n iced tay f'r three months."

"I am glad to hear it, Grogan. I'll make it an object to you to stay quit. But how did you break yourself of the habit?"

"Be hittin' me thumb nail wid a hammer whin I was packin' a box o' goods."

"I don't see how that could cure you."

"Well, Misther Barker, it was this way. If I'd been sober, d'ye moind, I'd niver have done it, but I wasn't. Whin I whacked me thumb instead av the nail I was thryin' to dhrive it made a black spot at the root av me thumb nail. I says to mesilf: 'Grogan, I'll punish ye f'r that. Ye shan't have a dhrink av ayther beer 'r whusky until that black spot has gone.'

"Well, sor, it was two months before it had growed out to the end o' me thumb an' I cud cut it off, an' be that time I'd lost all me appetite f'r beer an' whusky.

"Thin I says to meself: 'Grogan, I'll reward ye f'r that. Ye're a sober man now, an' ye'll stay sober.' That's the whole story, sor."—Youth's Companion.

The Russian Joke Teller.

Story telling and jesting have always been counted the favorite amusements of semibarbaric people. To the first we owe the "Arabian Nights" and to the second the clowns, who were formerly the appendage of all great houses. In Russia the paid joker still flourishes, and the people pay so much an hour to listen to his jokes and witticisms. He provides himself with two or three hundred tickets, and, mounting a sort of rostrum, he announces that he is going to regale his audience with choice tidbits of mirth provoking lore. He begins selling tickets at a penny each, and when he has sold enough to warrant his beginning he turns himself loose, and the audience remains spellbound by his humorous stories for an hour or two. A recent traveler who saw a number of these jokers in St. Petersburg says, "I listened to them several times, and, although I could not understand one word the joker said, I was sure from the way the audience greeted his stories with roars of laughter that the jokes were above the average."

Adam, Eve and Some Apples.

How many apples did Adam and Eve eat?

Some say Eve 8 and Adam 2, a total of 10. Others say Eve 8 and Adam 8 also; total, 16. But if Eve 8 and Adam 82, the total will be 90. Now, if Eve 8 1 and Adam 8 1 2 the total would be 893. Then if Eve 8 1 1st and Adam 8 1 2 the total would be 1,623. Or, again, Eve 8 1 4 Adam, Adam 8 1 2 4 2 oblige Eve, total 82,056. Though we admit Eve 8 1 4 Adam, Adam, if he 8 1 8 1 2 4 2 keep Eve company; total, 8,182,056. All wrong. Eve, when she 8 1 8 1 2 many and probably felt sorry for it, and Adam, in order to relieve her grief, 8 1 2; therefore Adam if he 8 1 8 1 4 2 4 0-fy Eve's depressed spirit; hence both ate 8 1,8 9 6,8 6 4 apples.—Kansas City Independent.

Marriage Customs In Savage Africa.

The charge which is sometimes brought against white men of "marrying for money" cannot be used against their sex in Africa, for there it is the other way about, husbands having to purchase their wives. When a man has a wife bestowed upon him as an act of charity he feels that she is not properly his own, and she, if she will, can treat him with contempt. This custom of wife purchase, although it is to be decried as tending to lower marriage to the level of a commercial contract, is an incentive to young men to work. Lazy youths cannot compete with energetic ones in the matrimonial market, as they are despised by the young women and rejected by their parents as being unworthy of their daughters.—Wide World Magazine.

Sea Roses.

The sea rose is a leathery looking creature which attaches itself to a stone at the bottom of the sea in its infancy and ultimately attains a size about three inches in length and an inch and a half in breadth. When quiet and feeding under water its top opens and blossoms into the semblance of a large pink rose, with petals fully an inch long, a really handsome object. As soon as it is disturbed, however, it shuts itself resolutely into its leather pod.

Southern Spoon Corn Bread.

Pour two cupfuls boiling water over a cupful cornmeal; cook five minutes, stirring continually; add a tablespoonful butter, two eggs well beaten, a cupful milk, a teaspoonful salt; beat thoroughly, pour into a well greased baking dish and bake thirty-five minutes in hot oven. Serve from the dish in which it is baked.—What to Eat.

Overburdened With Memory.

"Your son tells me that he is going to take lessons to cultivate his memory."

"I hope not," answered Farmer Corntossel. "He can remember every fool tune that was ever whistled."—Washington Star.

Quite Light.

Marie—I think Chollie is a delightful dancer. He's so light on his feet! Lillian—When you're better acquainted with Chollie you'll discover that he's light at both ends!—Town and Country.

An acre in Middlesex is worth a principality in Utopia.—Macaulay.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Every Evening from 7 to 11.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All;
Afternoons, Adults, 10c and
Children, 5c.

Entire Change of Program Twice
Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Assistant Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

When in Need of a Sack of
Flour. Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent
Flour Manufactured Here
in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

A legislative appropriation of $200,000 is wanted by the Minnesota River Improvement league to start the work of deepening, widening and straightening the channel of the stream. Members of the league met in St. Peter and approved two bills that had been drafted by the legislative committee for presentation to the next legislature. One of those provides for the appropriation and the other gives the state drainage commission power to expend the money.

Bounties have been paid by the state during the past year for 1,581 wolves, a total of $9,865 being paid out to those presenting the pelts. There were 405 cubs, but the rest were full grown animals. Eighteen wolves were killed in Hennepin county and $90 paid. Carlton county reported 152 wolves and Clay county headed the list with 186, but 123 of them were cubs.

The valley of the Minnesota river from Mendota to Big Stone lake is to be surveyed by the state immediately with a view of deepening and straightening the channel and constructing reservoirs. The order for this action was made by the drainage commission by the adoption of a resolution offered by Secretary of State Julius A. Schmahl.

Because of the large increase in the total vote this year over two years ago Governor Johnson's vote is larger than at any previous election, although his plurality is reduced from 72,318 to 27,779. The total number of ballots cast and counted, as reported by the state canvassing board, was 354,993. Two years ago it was only 284,366.

Through the action of both houses of congress in passing the bill presented by Congressman F. C. Stevens authorizing the construction of a bridge at South Park across the Mississippi river St. Paul secures another railroad bridge, this one leading direct from the city side of the river to South St. Paul and the stock yards.

Forty-six years old and the father of eighteen living children Frank Minni passed through St. Paul last week with his wife and family on his way from Esterhagen, Saskatchewan, to Fairmount, Va., where he will make his home. The children range from twenty-six years to eight months old, there being ten boys and eight girls.

State Auditor S. G. Iverson has sent checks to 2,529 men, bounties for planting trees on prairie land. The state provides a bounty of $2.50 an acre for trees planted on the prairie. Not more than ten acres can be claimed by one person. The total amount distributed was $18,608.

In addition to the $120,000 asked of the Great Northern in the 1905 test tax case, which has been carried to the supreme court, the state has started another suit for unpaid taxes alleged to be due for the years 1906 and 1907. The amount for these two years is about $272,369.

Not counting Minnesota's share on interstate earnings the thirty-four railroads operating in this state last year received $23,679,830 as operating revenue on shipments originating in this state.

OBITUARY.

Captain Jerry Webber of St. Paul, aged seventy-seven, one of the earliest settlers in Minnesota, coming to the state in 1851, is dead. During all his life he followed the fortunes of the river and rose from cabin boy to captain. For the past few years he was captain of the excursion steamer Minnehaha.

George W. Hengeveld, vice president of the Waterbury Implement company of Minneapolis and prominent in the agricultural implement business of the Twin Cities for twenty years, is dead.

James Glynn, ninety-one years old, is dead at his country home near Lake Crystal. Mr. Glynn came to Minnesota from New York in 1856 and was one of the early settlers of Blue Earth county.

Chauncey H. Austin, a former wholesale and retail [illegible] merchant of Mankato, is dead at San Diego, Cal., where he has resided for ten years past.

J. Watson Smith, a well known insurance and real estate man of St. Paul, died suddenly, aged fifty-three.

John M. Jonasson, postmaster at Scandia for twenty-nine years, is dead, aged eighty-five years.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

William K. Hicks, secretary of the Minneapolis school board, has been entirely cleared of the imputation which has rested upon him since his arrest and arraignment Oct. 3 under four indictments charging him with bribery in office. Already acquitted, after jury trial, under two indictments, Mr. Hicks was completely exonerated by the nolling of the two untried indictments.

Alfred Suntala and Victor Andrel, Finns, about thirty years of age, were killed by a premature explosion of powder in No. 4 Fayal mine at Eveleth. The men were lighting fuses about 200 feet below the surface. They had lit six and were applying a match to the seventh when the first one went off sooner than expected.

Levi Harvey, forty years old, of Oconto, Wis., struck by a Hamline street car at St. Paul, died of his in-

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

In deciding the cases of Edward H. Harriman and Otto H. Kahn vs. the interstate commerce commission the supreme court of the United States held that the commission is not entitled under the interstate commerce law to press questions relative to private transactions, even though they involve dealings in the securities of interstate railroads, when the investigation of which such questions are a part has been begun upon the commission's initiative.

Nine companies, with their subsidiaries, are named as constituting an illegal combination in the final decree, filed in the United States circuit court at New York, putting into effect the judgment recently obtained by the government in its suit to dissolve the so called tobacco trust. An appeal has been taken to the United States supreme court.

Governor Hughes has announced the appointment of a committee of nine, consisting of bankers, business men and economists, to inquire into the facts surrounding the business of exchanges in New York and to suggest "what changes, if any, are advisable in the laws of the state bearing upon speculation in securities and commodities."

There is no law in Missouri prohibiting the practice of healing by members of the Christian Science church, according to a decision handed down at Warrensburg by Judge Berry Thurmond in the circuit court.

Commenting on the trouble between President Roosevelt and Joseph Pulitzer of the New York World W. J. Bryan comes out strongly on the side of the newspaper and warns the president that he cannot muzzle the press.

POLITICAL NEWS.

According to the wise ones Mr. Taft's cabinet will be as follows: Secretary of state, Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania; secretary of the treasury, Myron T. Herrick of Ohio; attorney general, George W. Wickersham of New York; secretary of war, Charles Magoon; secretary of the navy, William Loeb of New York or Charles H. Thompson of New York; secretary of the interior, Richard A. Ballinger of Seattle; postmaster general, Frank H. Hitchcock of Massachusetts; secretary of agriculture, the present secretary, James Wilson; secretary of commerce and labor, George A. Knight of California.

Half a dozen candidates already are in the field for the senatorial seat of Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania, who will become secretary of state in the Taft cabinet. Among the number is Henry C. Frick, millionaire coke and steel magnate.

William H. Taft, president-elect of the United States, has announced the appointment of United States Senator Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania as secretary of state in his cabinet.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate the usual holiday quiet in most branches of business except those handling Christmas specialties, but the feeling of confidence in a large movement of staples after Jan. 1 is becoming more general.

The 25-cent broom is a thing of the past, for a year at least. Broom corn brokers have cornered the available supply in Illinois and one firm has just been offered $130 a ton for 1,000 tons bought at $82.50.

The Hill system has secured the Colorado and Southern railroad, giving the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Burlington an outlet to the Gulf of Mexico.

Men cried and women fainted in the streets of Napoleon, O., when they found a notice of assignment posted on the doors of the Citizens' State bank.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Wheat—Dec., $1.06¾; May, $1.08⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.09¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¼@1.06½; No. 3 Northern, $1.02¼@1.04¼.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 21.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.01¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¼; Dec., $1.06⅜; May, $1.08⅜; July, $1.08⅞. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.45½; Dec., $1.44⅝; May $1.46⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.00@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.50; veals, $5.00@5.50. Hogs—$4.75@5.60. Sheep—Wethers, $4.25@4.50; yearlings, $4.50@4.55; spring lambs, $6.00@6.50.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Beeves $3.50@7.60; Texans, $3.30@4.75; Western cattle, $3.50@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.60@4.75; cows and heifers $1.50@5.00; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs—Light, $4.80@5.35; mixed, $5.20@5.5[illegible]; heavy, $5.25@5.55; rough, $5.25@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.40@5.55; pigs, $3.60@4.75. Sheep, $2.5[illegible]@4.75; yearlings, $4.50@6.00; lambs $4.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Wheat—Dec., $1.0[illegible]; May, $1.05¾@1.05⅞; July, 97¼c; Sept., 94¼c. Corn—Dec., 56¾c; May, 60⅝@60⅞c; July, 60¼c; Sept. 60¼c. Oats—Dec., 49¼c; May, 51⅝@51¾c; July, 44¼c; Sept. 40¼@40¾c. Pork—Dec., $14.60; Jan. $15.85@15.87½. May, $16.20. Butter—Creameries, 22@30c; dairies, 21½

What a Political Speaker Endures.

The political stump speaker has many amusing and many unpleasant experiences. A party of us went down into the heart of the east side of New York one night with a politician somewhat handicapped by his wealth and social position, who nevertheless elected to go to the doubtful district personally. At a street corner a bunting draped cart awaited him, and, climbing to the tailboard of this, he began telling the ragged audience in well rounded periods how they should vote and why. A few jeers began to crop from the tolerance of the crowd. The jeers gained volume. He was told to "Aw, shet up!" "Close your head!" "Say, give us a drink; your talk makes us t'irsty." Somewhat disconcerted, but still determined to finish his speech, he was continuing when something hurtled past his head and splashed gently on the floor of the cart. Another something and another followed, and every one was dodging decadent tomatoes until, it becoming impossible to hear a shout above the jeers and laughter of the voters, the horses were started forward out of the soft, red bombardment and the district left to its own political sins.—John R. Winchell in Metropolitan Magazine.

Why He Did the Washing.

A man came up out of one of the little roof houses across from the woman's window with a big basket of clothes. He was followed by two small boys, carrying more clothes and clothespins. The man put the basket of clothes down and began to sort them out preparatory to hanging them on the line. The boys helped, handing him the clothespins and some small pieces, one at a time. They were a long while hanging out the clothes because of their awkwardness. It was evidently work they were unaccustomed to, but at last it was finished, and the boys went down into the little roof house, leaving the man on the roof. He stood for a moment looking at the clothes, then, going over to a parapet, sat down between two tall chimneys. The woman could see him from her window lean against one of the chimneys and by and by throw his arm across his eyes.

She found out afterward that his wife had died the week before.—New York Press.

Only a Misunderstanding.

Several years ago in a well known wholesale house in a big manufacturing town an old bachelor bookkeeper, who had been many years with the firm, suddenly announced that he was to be married.

The partners gave him a week's holiday, and his fellow clerks raised a little purse and presented it to pay the expenses of his wedding trip.

A couple of days after the wedding one of the members of the firm went down to a seaside resort, and there, lounging about the parade and apparently enjoying himself immensely, he saw his recently married old bookkeeper, but alone.

"Where's your wife?" asked the principal.

"She's at home," was the reply.

"But I thought you had money given you for a wedding trip?"

"So I had," was the reply, "but I didn't understand that it was intended to include her."—Pearson's Weekly.

A Valuable Milestone.

A well known novelist was touring through Lancashire in order to learn something of the lives of the inhabitants when he came upon an old man breaking stones on the roadside and, thinking he might gain some knowledge from him, addressed him thus:

"How far is it to Fleetwood, my man?"

"You'll see a milestone a bit farther on," was the gruff reply.

"What's the use, if I can't read?" said the novelist, eager to draw the old man into a conversation.

"Then it'll just suit you, for there's nowt on it," said the old fellow.—London Graphic.

Specific Directions.

The message was transmitted to the "cub" telegrapher. As written it read: "Foundation under freight house needs attention at once."

As delivered to the general foreman the dispatch contained a rather startling bit of information. It read:

"Found a lion under freight house. Needs attention at once." To which he replied briefly:

"Feed the lion and notify the live stock agent."

Bad Luck.

"Mother," said five-year-old Jack, "how much older than you is father?"

"Just thirteen years," replied the unsuspecting parent.

"Well, mother," seriously continued the child, "the next time you marry don't marry a man thirteen years older than you. Don't you know it is bad luck?"—Delineator.

A Strong Pull.

Two men were having an argument as to their respective strengths.

"Why," said the first, "every morning before breakfast I get a bucket and pull up ninety gallons from the well."

"That's nothing," retorted the other. "I get a boat every morning and pull up the river."

A Doubtful Bag.

Salesman—Sorry we're quite out of game, but I can recommend the sausages.

Mr. Von Sharpeshooter—H'm, yes! But the wife would not believe I shot 'em.—London Half Holiday.

Assume in adversity a countenance of prosperity, and in prosperity moder-

Selling "Carlyle."

Here is Whistler's story of how he sold his famous picture of Carlyle to the Glasgow corporation:

I received them, well, you know, charmingly, of course, and one who spoke for the rest asked me if I did not think I was putting a large price on the picture—1,000 guineas—and I said, "Yes, perhaps, if you will have it so!"

And he said that it seemed to the council excessive. "Why, the figure was not even life size."

And I agreed.

"But, you know," I said, "few men are life size."

And that was all. It was an official occasion, and I respected it. Then they asked me to think over the matter until the next day, and they would come again. And they came. And they said, "Have you thought of the thousand guineas and what we said about it, Mr. Whistler?"

And I said, "Why, gentlemen, why—well, you know, how could I think of anything but the pleasure of seeing you again?"

And naturally, being gentlemen, they understood, and they gave me a check for the thousand guineas.

The Southern Art of Conversation.

The north may think it knows something of conversation, but the north, as compared with the south, may be said never to have enjoyed a conversation. About the village courthouse, within the hospitable doors of some central store, in the office of the local daily or weekly paper or, above all, in the leisurely and genial intercourse around the fireside or on the inviting porch in summer of friend with friends there will be heard a conversation which in wit, in the charm and force of its illustrations and in the directness and freedom of its criticism is not surpassed in American life today.

It is the product of leisure, of a world without haste, without ruthless preoccupations, without those resources of expression and interest which belong to the crowded and overweighted existence of the commercial city. It is, moreover, part of the tradition of the cavalier. It is part of the genius of climate and soil and social habit.—E. G. Murphy in "The Present South."

Sour Milk Cow.

The woman was new to the country, and her host took great pains to explain to her whatever she didn't understand about the farm. He had little regard for the truth, this farmer; he delighted to test her gullibility to the utmost.

The cows seemed to interest her more than any other domestic animal. One of the cows had lost her tail somehow, and this fact led the woman to ask why it was.

"That's the sour milk cow," the farmer explained, with a straight face. "We always cut the tail off one cow in the herd so as to get sour milk fresh every day."

The woman looked her doubt.

"It's perfectly true," the farmer insisted. "You see, when the cow's tail is gone the sun shines continually on the cow's udder, and the constant heat sours the milk."

But the woman still doubted.—New York Sun.

Few Buried Alive.

"It might be incidentally mentioned for the relief of anxious souls," says Dr. Woods Hutchinson in the American Magazine, "that the risk of any individual passing into a trance and remaining in it long enough to be buried alive is exceedingly slight. There is no authentic instance of this having ever occurred. I took occasion to investigate this question some years ago and communicated with a number of leading undertakers, and they all unanimously denounced it as one of the myths of the times. One of them, at the time president of the National Funeral Directors' association, informed me that he had carefully investigated every instance of 'burial alive' reported in the newspapers for fifteen years past and found every one of them to be, in his own language, 'a pure fake.'"

Legs and the Alps.

In the visitors' book of one of the Swiss hotels an observing traveler has inscribed the following lines:

Some dashing young tourists, I see,
Wear trousers which end at the knee.
'Twere better by half
Just to cover the calf—
At least where the calf ought to be.

Only those who have seen the scrawny legs, incased in mountain climbing costume, of some of those tourists who "do" the Alps can fully appreciate the humor of the "limerick."

Nuts as Food.

One very great advantage which nuts possess over most foods is their absolute freedom from adulteration. When you buy nuts you always know what you are getting. Of course those bought in the shell are also absolutely clean.—Good Health.

Light and Hope.

Even in evil, that dark cloud which hangs over the creation, we discern rays of light and hope and gradually come to see in suffering and temptation proofs and instruments of the sublimest purposes of wisdom and love.—Channing.

At His Expense.

She—Jack tells me that that hospital was built entirely at his expense. Is it possible? He—Well, Jack's uncle cut him off with a hundred dollars and left the rest of his money to build the hospital.

How many think to atone for the evil they have done by the good they intend to do and are only virtuous in [illegible]—Eliot.

Poultry Toilets.

"Now we will make this white hen's toilet."

And the pet stock dealer laid beside a small bathtub a box of cold cream, a bottle of brilliantine, a couple of brushes, a chamois, towels and soap.

He bathed the hen in the tub. He scrubbed her feathers till they were snowy. Then he toweled her, wrapped her up and put her away in a warm box.

"Tomorrow," he said, "after she is quite dry I'll rub brilliantine on one of these brushes and polish her coat till it shines like satin. I'll oil and polish her feet too. Her face and wattles I'll rub well with cold cream—that will deepen and enrich the color, the bloom. Altogether, when I'm done with her she'll be as smooth and shiny and immaculate as a new silk hat or a well laundered white evening shirt.

"For exhibitions chickens have these elaborate toilets always—much more elaborate ones sometimes. In certain breeds I have seen the leg feathers being curled with an electric iron one by one."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

First Giraffe In Europe.

Dr. Johnson, as is well known, refused for many months to believe in the Lisbon earthquake, and Parisians formerly were just as skeptical as to the existence of the giraffe, a new specimen of which has just been added to the Jardin des Plantes. The earliest specimen of these gentle creatures was seen in Paris in the reign of Louis XVI. We learn from a French contemporary that the giraffe was first heard of in 1787, when it was described by a Frenchman named Levaillant, who had journeyed in the lands of the Hottentots and Kaffirs. When the explorer referred to the animals with the long necks he was looked upon as a Munchausen and told that he was such in not the politest language. It was only when some living specimens arrived in the French capital that Levaillant's reputation for veracity was re-established, and then the animals for a long time formed the sensation of Paris, not only among the multitude, but in all scientific circles.—London Globe.

"The Light That Failed."

A wealthy Riverina squatter, now departed, as he used to phrase it, "to the great muster," was noted almost as much for his Attic wit as for his parsimony. He also stuttered very badly and helped along his halting utterance with a frequent ejaculation of "D'ye see? D'ye see?" His niggardly traits gained him widespread local unpopularity and the bitter enmity of sundowners, who were always vigorously refused rations at his stations.

Smarting under this unusual inhospitality, some disappointed swaggerers once set fire to one of the squatter's wool sheds and then wrote upon a gate: "We've well burnt down your wool shed. D'ye see? D'ye see?"

Of course it caught the big man's eye when next he passed through. For a moment he contemplated the announcement and then with a sardonic grin took the stump of a blue pencil from his pocket and scribbled underneath: "It was well insured. D'ye see? D'ye see?"—London Standard.

Electricity and Magnetism.

As to what electricity and magnetism are "in themselves"—that is to say, as to their real nature—nothing is known. They are absolute mysteries, baffling the acutest research into their innermost secrets. But about their modes of action it is possible to say something definite. For example, electricity appears to depend for its action upon a medium, while magnetism, like gravity, acts at a distance and by means of no visible go-between. Place two magnets in vacuo or even place a solid plate of glass or metal or wood between the magnets and we still find that their mutual action depends solely on their relative position and is not perceptibly modified by placing any substance between them unless that substance happens to be one of the magnetic metals.—New York American.

Ursa Major and Ursa Minor.

A pretty myth is told of Callisto and her son in connection with Ursa Major and Ursa Minor. Juno changed the beautiful Callisto into a bear, who, seeing her son one day, advanced to embrace him, when he, not knowing his mother in the form of a bear, was about to thrust his spear through her, to prevent which Jupiter snatched them both up to heaven and placed them among the stars as the Great and Little Bears.

All One Kind.

"What did father say when you told him of our engagement?" asked the young lady.

"Well—er—really, Phyllis," began the ineligible young man.

"Oh, leave out the strong language."

"Then there's nothing to tell you."

Probably Not.

"Baseball," maintained the dogmatic citizen, "is very ancient. Baseball games were probably going on at the time of the flood."

"Do you s'pose they gave rain checks?" inquired the facetious citizen with irritating levity.—Exchange.

Declining.

"Miss Frocks has reached her declining years," said Jones.

"Nonsense," replied Brown. "She's not more than twenty-five."

"But she has declined half a dozen men."

The "Leading Heavy."

"What's the matter now?"

"We're playin' circus parade, an' Willie's a-bein' the elephant an' the lion an' the hipp'otamus an' the [illegible]

Catching a Tartar.

A Pennsylvania trout fisherman had an adventure which is a warning to thoughtless persons. He was in his boat, casting his flies, when he saw something swimming across the creek several rods up stream. He thought it was a mink, but when it got within a couple of yards he saw it was a wildcat. Without stopping to think he cast his line toward the animal and the next instant regretted his hasty action. The hook caught in the cat's ears, and it promptly turned and swam toward the boat. He paddled away, but the cat overtook the boat and proceeded to climb in. The fisherman knocked the animal on the head with the paddle, and the movement capsized the boat. Then there was a fight in the water, and the fisherman defended himself so well with the paddle that he was able to reach the shore. The wildcat followed, but a few well directed blows finished it. There was a two dollar bounty on the animal, but as the fisherman lost all his fishing tackle and had his clothing badly torn he thinks he had the worst of the bargain. At any rate, he will never again fish for a wildcat.

Philadelphia Flier of 1737.

In these days of fast trains we can hardly conceive how the newspaper announcement made March 10, 1737, that a "flier would begin flying on 3d April to perform the journey between New York and Philadelphia in one day" could have created a great sensation—even in Philadelphia. Eighty miles in fourteen hours does not seem to us such breathless speed, but when we read in the same paper that in order to accomplish this feat "John Butler, with his waggon, must needs set out from the sign of the Death of the Fox at daybreak and drive at top speed (the horses being changed at each stage ere the coach stops rocking) to meet the ferry of Rubin Fitzrandolph, which delivers passengers in New York by night."

We can understand that for those leisurely times this was indeed "going some." This, at least, was the opinion of a traveler who performed this journey in 1737, for he writes home, "And if any one wishes to travel more quickly let him go to Kentucky and charter a streak of lightning."

The Dazzling Searchlight.

On a dark night no warship would be safe from torpedo attack but for the searchlight. The full moon lights up a torpedo boat so that it can be fired at when nearly a mile away. To produce the same illumination with the most powerful artificial light an electric arc of 100,000 candle power placed three-quarters of a mile high would be needed if the aid of mirrors were not available. But with this light and an ingenious arrangement of mirrors it is possible to surpass the moon. Searchlights are now made which throw light a distance of sixty-three miles, but objects can be seen only a few miles from the source of the light. The effect on the enemy is most demoralizing. When the bright beam is suddenly thrown on the eye the pupil contracts violently; when the beam is removed the eye can see nothing. If this be repeated a few times it takes all the nerve out of a man, so that only the best trained and most courageous can continue the attack.—London Answers.

Not That Color.

Willie lost his pet dog and was much distressed. He spent his time searching for it, and so often did he run into the house crying, "Come, quick; there's Fido; I saw him!" the family grew somewhat dubious.

One day Willie rushed in more excited than usual. "Mamma, mamma!" he cried. "I've seen Fido! I've seen Fido!"

"Oh, no; I guess not," replied the patient mother. "It must have been your imagination."

Willie looked at her much aggrieved. "Well," he said indignantly, "I guess my 'magination isn't white behind."—Delineator.

Too Suggestive.

Wimbleton—Hello, Simpelton! How did you enjoy your visit to the insane asylum the other day? Simpelton—Oh, so-so. It was all right enough, I guess. Wimbleton—Well, you don't talk as though you were impressed with it. Did you give the superintendent my note of introduction? Simpelton—Yes, I gave it to him. Wimbleton—Well, what did he say? Simpelton—Oh, he just looked at me and said, "Make yourself at home."—Lippincott's.

Wedding Present Problem.

What people ought to do when they send out invitations to a wedding is to add after the R. S. V. P. the letters P. S. L., which stand for "Please send list." The would be donor would then send a selection of, say, four articles from 1 shilling to £2,000 in value, and the bride would pick out what she wished.—London World.

"Smart" Manners.

A well dressed crowd is always the worst behaved crowd. If any one doubts this truism let him ask any London policeman who has had to grapple with a crowd of fashionable ladies.—Nottingham Guardian.

Cured Him.

Mrs. Naggs—My husband used to find fault with the coffee, but he doesn't any more. Mrs. Howells—How did you break him of the habit? Mrs. Naggs—I induced him to make it himself one morning.

There are but two ways of paying debt—increase of industry in raising income, increase of thrift in laying out.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
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CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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ECONOMICAL HUSKING MACHINE.

The "hogging down" of corn not only reads well on paper, but works out well in practice. A friend related to us briefly the other day his experience with this method of feeding. He fenced off ten acres hog tight and turned in 125 hogs, including spring pigs and sows. They worked into the field quite systematically from the point where they were turned in and cleaned up the field in just six weeks. The owner states that he never had *pigs grow so fast. They were at the* troughs in the feed yard squealing for water at daybreak and as soon as their thirst was slaked made for the field and were not heard from again until the next morning. They would eat their fill of the corn and then lie around until they got hungry again. Our friend estimates that the field of corn cleaned up in the above manner averaged about fifty-five bushels to the acre, so that the saving on husking the 550 bushels, at 4 cents per bushel, was $22, or enough to more than pay for the extra fencing needed. Besides this, a good bunch of fertilizer was left on the ground and the soil put in first rate shape for disking or plowing next spring. It is more than likely that when the excellent result of this method of feeding becomes more generally known it will be followed extensively in the corn belt as a time saver in the matter of husking and as a partial solution of the hired man problem.

CHRISTMASTIDE.

No season of the year has so much meaning for the home circle as does Christmas. Not only is it the season of good cheer and open handed hospitality, but the time when the scattered members of the broken family circle occupy their old, familiar places, with perchance the vacant chair to bring up tender memories of one who, wearied in the way of life, was "loved long since and lost awhile." The season is one of unselfishness, of sympathetic motives and kindly deeds, when the dross of life—its sin and selfishness—is obscured by the radiance of its pure gold, the qualities that uplift and make for peace and happiness. But surmounting every other sentiment which holds sway at Christmastide is the inspiring thought that the coming of the Christ Child on that faroff sacred night when shepherds watched their flocks on the hill slopes of Judea brought a brighter and a better hope to a sin sick and miserable world and still bears the same inspiring message to sad and weary ones today, serving as a beacon light to give them hope in the midst of failure and despair and to guide them from out the shadows by a narrow way to the sunlit plane of life.

KEEPING SEEDS OVER WINTER.

Conditions which prevail beneath the ordinary hard shell nut bearing tree during the winter months give a pretty good idea of the best way to keep their seed over for spring planting. Under conditions mentioned the seeds are usually covered with grass and leaves and freeze, the moisture in the nut causing the shell to split, which frees the germ so that it can start growing when the warm days of spring arrive. While tree seeds or nuts of the above kind may be allowed to freeze, they should be so stored that they will freeze and thaw alternatively as little as possible. While the seed of the soft and hard maple is frequently kept through the winter by storing carefully at a temperature slightly above freezing, nature provides for these tenderer seeds by maturing them early in the summer so that they may fall to the ground and germinate and get a start in life before the cold winter weather comes on. The same thing is true of the seeds borne by the cottonwood and elm.

A VALUABLE BULLETIN.

The conclusion of an interesting bulletin issued by the department at Washington under the title of "Cropping Systems For New England Dairy Farms" (farmers' bulletin No. 337) states that the essentials for the New England dairyman in growing feed for his cows appear to be the use of a short rotation wherever possible, all the clover hay and corn silage that can be grown, finding the land for clover if need be, better management, especially in the use of manure, of land not fit for short rotations and the utilizing of the various other crops, including oats, peas and barley, winter rye, winter wheat and winter vetch and Japanese and Hungarian millet, to fill the gaps with succulent feed or add in quantity or quality to the ordinary hay crop. The bulletin is a practical one, gives the experience of a number of men in detail and will be a source of real help to any farmer who is not managing his farm with [illegible] measure of success.

The coffee production in Colombia averages about 600,000 bags annually, of which in the neighborhood of 67 per cent is shipped to the United States.

One important advantage of the cultivation of an intensive crop like beets or beans lies in the excellent condition in which the soil is left for some succeeding crop, it usually being in fine tilth and very free from weed seeds.

It is safe to assume that a milk utensil has not been properly washed if a loud, rank odor develops shortly after putting on a tight cover. Killing the germs of putrefaction with scalding water is the only thing that will prevent this condition.

No portion of the ration which the writer is giving his Jersey bos does she relish more than a liberal feed of sugar beets night and morning. While their food value as compared with grains is not large, they seem to be a good relish and appetizer and are often eaten before her bran and meal.

From the standpoint of the man of family whose salary has not been advanced in keeping with the rise in prices noted in food supplies, he may well entertain some forebodings with eggs selling at 30 cents or better by the 1st of December. What prices will be by the 1st of March it would be difficult to speculate.

It has been estimated that if the country roads were in the best possible condition one-tenth of the 16,000,000 horses and mules now used in doing farm work could be dispensed with. At $50 a head this portion represents an investment of $80,000,000, while it is safe to say that the cost of their feed would be as much more annually.

A lady friend and reader of these notes recommends the diluting of milk from which it is desired to skim the cream about one-half at the time of setting as the most effective method of securing the largest per cent of butter fat. It is not to be inferred from this that she stirred this milk-water mixture up and sold it for whole milk at 5 cents per quart.

While the initial cost of belting for the farm machinery is considerable, it is well not to overlook the advantage which a belt of good width has over one that is too narrow. Not only does it have greater strength and a much stronger leverage on the pulleys, but there is decided economy in the matter of belt repairs and in freedom from annoying stops when time means the same thing as money.

While the utterance of the dear old sister who always used to give expression to the phrase, "I am thankful that it is well with me as it is," as a part of her class meeting testimony may not have indicated much knowledge of theology or shown her to be of a very literary turn of mind, she hit upon a source of thankfulness which should be given a good deal of credit with most of us as we pause at the end of the old year to count our blessings.

A celebrated wild stallion which has roamed over the Honeycomb country in Wyoming for a number of years past and which is alleged to be the offspring of a blooded mare owned by Buffalo Bill and a wild stallion was captured recently after a chase of eighty miles, in which he was pursued by six men on thoroughbred horses riding in relays. The horse has so enviable a reputation for fire, style and endurance that he will be used for breeding purposes.

A fact that is probably known by most housewives, but often ignored in practice, is the need of leaving milk uncovered until it is thoroughly cooled. Putting a tight cover on a pail of warm milk which at the time seems to be as sweet and nice as can be somehow develops a brood of unpleasant odors which it seems impossible to account for on any rational basis. It only needs to be remembered that exposure to fresh air and cooling are a source of purifying with milk and in some way enable it to maintain a decent reputation.

The case of the merchant who does not advertise is closely akin to that of the farmer who does not have faith or interest enough in the future of his business of growing good crops and raising the best live stock to take the precaution of sowing good seed and buying good sires and dams. The initial outlay may seem larger than it ought to, but one gets his reward in due time in largely increased financial returns. Many a business concern has started out in its career with mighty little besides a well organized publicity bureau and has kept hammering away until a splendid success was achieved. In both cases there were seed and a will to work in, coupled with faith and hustle.

The only folks who on the surface of things seem to be the gainers in the present four cent steer and seventy cent corn situation are the packers, who realize the unprofitableness of feeding on this basis and are thus enabled to bear the live stock market at will. The farmer may be considered [illegible] from the correct agricultural standpoint in that he is compelled to sell raw grain instead of [illegible] products, while the [illegible] of meats is held up for the same [illegible] extreme prices simply for the purpose of filling the pockets of the beef trust. The packers thus have the producer and the consumer of meat products on the hip, and they will keep their hold just as long as they can.

While some light pruning may be done in the orchard in the winter months, it is better to defer the heaviest of the work or all of the job to April and May, when wounds made will heal most quickly.

Character is often quite accurately as well as unconsciously indicated in the treatment which one accords those who are not in a position to enforce their rights, and this rule applies in the case of animals as well as persons.

The chief value of root crops, including beets, carrots, turnips and potatoes, lies in the fact that they furnish a variety in the ration, give zest to the appetite and tend to enlarge an animal's capacity to assimilate other more concentrated feeds.

Many of the smaller New England farms are profitable or unprofitable, depending largely upon the disposal which is made of the farm manures. The relative profitableness of all farms is affected by this, only that in case of the newer western farms the difference is not so pronounced.

It is estimated that if the dairymen of the state of Minnesota should receive an increased revenue of a dollar a head from each of their cows the total additional revenue secured would be $1,000,000. In the aggregate, at least, this would seem to be a snug sum and well worth working for.

Experiments prove beyond doubt that if dry and well seasoned posts are soaked in hot coal tar for three or four hours before setting their durability and usefulness will be increased from two to three fold. This holds with cedar, soft maple and cottonwood as well as with oak and other hardwood posts.

The fellow who has his storm windows on and things about the premises shipshape to correspond appreciates his forehandedness the more when he sees his neighbor across the way struggling bravely with a northwest wind trying to get his storm windows in place and now and then stopping to suck his fingers to keep them from freezing.

A proper idea of the right and wrong of taking property which belongs to another is instinct with most folks, yet many seem to have a very hazy idea when it comes to the inconvenience and loss of time which they may cause another through failure to keep appointments promptly. Fifteen or twenty minutes do not seem much in the case of one person, but it means two hours when six are concerned.

Where the right kind of straw or other material may not be handy for banking up the house the job may be even more effectively done by tacking a three foot width of tar or felt paper to the lower clapboards by means of laths or other strips. Where the job is done before freeze-up and dirt is available it makes excellent banking material and in the spring will furnish some mellow soil as a top dressing for the early garden.

An Italian student of bird life has advanced the theory that birds go north in summer and south in winter in order that they may have longer days in which to feed. This may be true as far as it goes, but it would be more appropriate to say that the birds make their migratory trips when they do to secure a more abundant food supply, and their food supplies, mostly insects, are most plentiful where the weather is warmest and the days are longest.

The problem of good roads comes home close to every gardener and farmer who has various kinds of produce to haul to a market located at any considerable distance from the producing point. The loss involved is the result of having to haul a small load instead of a large one, the wear and tear on harnesses and horses, as well as the time lost by both man and outfit. And the loss is none the less real even though it is not usually figured into the regular expense account.

A patriotic and farsighted wealthy resident of Monterey, Cal., a few years ago organized what he was pleased to style the Tin Can club from the fact that the children who became members were urged to start seedling or small trees in tin cans, to care for them indoors until they were large enough to set them out and then put them in the ground. From this small beginning the movement has spread until it has extended to several other states, the title of the club being changed to the Tree Growing Clubs of America. Last year one California club made arrangements with one man to plant 10,000 trees suitable for lumber purposes, it being agreed to pay 10 cents for each tree planted and guaranteed to grow. In Solano county the supervisors offered a dollar for each black walnut tree planted by the clubs on the public highways, while in other localities 5 and 10 cents apiece was paid for trees planted in the streets and parks. Another practical phase of the work of the clubs lies in the fact that the members are asked to send to the officers information about the trees growing in their respective localities, together with a description of the soil and climatic conditions under which different varieties do best, so that specific directions may be given as to planting and care.

F. E. Trigg

Nominating a President.

Until the constitutional amendment of 1804 the president and the vice president were voted for on the same ballot, the man with the second highest number of votes becoming vice president. The presidential electors have not always been chosen by popular vote.

Before 1800 it was the general custom for the state legislatures to choose the electors, and it was not until 1828 that presidential electors were chosen in nearly all the states by popular vote. As late as 1876 the Colorado legislature chose the three presidential electors to represent that state. There is nothing in the constitution to prevent any state legislature naming its own electors without appeal to the people provided such a method of election is prescribed by the state laws.

From 1800 to 1824 presidential candidates were chosen by the members of congress in caucus. In 1824, the electoral college failed to make a choice from the candidates so submitted, and the matter went to the house of representatives. Four years later Tennessee's legislature nominated Andrew Jackson without any reference to the congressional caucus. His opponent, John Quincy Adams, was nominated in the old way, but that was the end of presidential nominations by congressional caucus.

Gathered Him In.

"You look very much excited, dear," he said when she entered the parlor where he was waiting for her.

"Well, I should think I ought to look excited," she answered. "I've just had the most awful argument with ma." And she began to weep hysterically.

"Why, what is the matter, my darling?" he inquired as he slid an arm around her waist and endeavored to soothe her. "What was the argument?"

"Oh, how can I tell you? She said you were only trifling with me and that you would never propose, and I told her she did you a great injustice, for I believed that you would propose tonight. She said you wouldn't, and I said you would, and we had it hot and heavy. Dear George, you will not let ma triumph over me, will you?"

"W-why, certainly not," answered George.

"I knew it, my darling," the dear girl exclaimed; "come, let us go to ma and tell her how much mistaken she was."

And they did, and ma didn't seem to be very much broken down over the affair, after all.

A Little Paint Badly Applied.

The Journal des Debats in an article on "Napoleon on the Stage" tells why the play "L'Homme de Destin" was taken from the stage when its triumph was at the zenith. One evening, according to the story, the emperor, accompanied by his friend Duroc, went in disguise to the Porte St. Martin theater, where the piece was being performed, Eugene Chevalier appearing as the man of destiny. They bought a box, but had hardly entered it when the emperor broke forth in violent execrations against the "fool managers." It seemed that the decorators had left in the box pots of oil and paint, and into these the emperor had stepped. "Wild with rage," says the writer, "he rushed from the house and, to make matters worse, was recognized in the lobby. No paper mentioned the incident, but by order of the emperor the play was never produced again, and Chevalier never appeared again as the man of destiny—and all on account of a little paint badly applied."

Passengers as Bouncers.

A passenger in a full railway carriage in England has a perfect legal right to push away any one else who tries to get into it. This decision was given at Marylebone police court when a man complained that he was pushed out of a carriage at Bishop's road station by another passenger, who said the car was full. "It is the duty of conductors," said the court, "to see that the trains are not overcrowded. They are perfectly entitled to use reasonable force to prevent any one from boarding cars when they are full. If they fail to avail themselves of this right the passengers are entitled to act for themselves."

The Secret of Success.

The motto of success was given in this tale, told at a banquet:

A Swede among the miners in the west was noted for always striking pay dirt. His fellows thought that there must be some secret to the unusual success of the Swede and questioned him as to how he always succeeded in finding the spot where the gold cropped out.

"Vell, Ay don't know ef Ay can tell anytang 'bout dat," answered Ole. "Ay only know dat Ay yust keep on diggin'."—Milwaukee Free Press.

Wrong.

A man recently entered a restaurant and ordered a steak. When the waiter served him with it the customer said, "I'm afraid you'll have to take it back, for I find I've come out without my"—

"Purse," of course interrupted the waiter.

"No," replied the man, "my false teeth."

More Trouble.

"What's the trouble?" demanded the [illegible].

"No," said the tenant of the latest skyscraper. "I want these clouds pushed away from my windows."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Not Like the Play.

"Life ain't like the plays."

"How so?"

"When I go calling no housemaid ever tells me the family history while making passes at the furniture with a feather duster."—St. Louis Republic.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

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Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

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Merchant Tailor.

Suits made to order, $25 to $35. Clothes cleaned and pressed. First class work guaranteed Prices right.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation and stimulates the liver. Orino regulates the bowels so they will act naturally and you do not have to take purgatives continuously. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every Howard is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35 to $150.

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We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1908 NUMBER 1

REMEMBERED THEIR MEN

Thief River Falls Lumber Company Gave Away 150 Presents for Christmas.

All of the Married Men Received Turkeys or Something Just as Good.

All the married employes of the Thief River Falls Lumber Company were pleasantly surprised Christmas Eve on returning to their homes to find awaiting them a fine turkey as a Christmas remembrance from the company, and those who did not get a turkey, owing to the limited supply of birds to be obtained on short notice were none the less pleased to receive in its place a brace of chickens, a duck, a goose, or a delicious oven roast.

Mr. Crowe, superintendent of the company, who had charge of the donation enterprise, states that the company was very much disappointed at its inability to secure the required number of turkeys, but altho they had two teams out scouring the country and city, they were only able to get about seventy and had to finish up with something else. In all about 150 families were benefited by their generosity.

Mr. Crowe, for the company, states that if there is anybody entitled to a turkey and who might have been overlooked, they will appreciate it if they will mention the fact at the office, the company will see that they get one for New Years.

Circus Gone Bankrupt.

Brainerd Dispatch: The case of the Standard Printing company vs. the Norris and Rowe circus, which was commenced in this city last August by attachment proceedings, has been held up pending the outcome of involuntary bankrupcy proceedings brought against the circus in the Northern District of California.

A Change Is Made.

There has been a change in the mail route between Thief River Falls and Anton, and Joseph Duchamp, the proprietor of the mail route says that 48 more families now receive service as a result. The stage, which has been fixed up in a warm and comfortable manner, now leaves Thief River Falls at 7 o'clock each morning and returns at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The stage goes from here direct to Mavie, then to Kratka and Anton. The return trip is made by way of the south side of the river.

New Way to Put Up Ice.

Lars Leffler says it isn't necessary to build an ice house in order to put up a supply of ice for the summer. Just put up your ice pile on the bare ground, preferably in the shade of some trees, put sawdust under, and use about the same amount of sawdust as you would in a building, and when your pile is as big as you want it, cover it up with hay—common wild hay the best. Lars says he has seen a lot of ice put up that way.—Hendrum Review.

Sheriff Nelson Had a Runaway.

While on his return from Dugdale Monday Sheriff Nelson had a lively experience with his team. The pole of the cutter came down and the horses became excited. The sheriff pulled on the lines to quiet them, but when the cutter bumped into them they lost all respect for the law and "lit out." The sheriff was enjoying the most exciting sport of his life until the cutter pole struck a telephone pole. And then—if he hadn't had a good hold on the lines he'd have gone "straight up." As it was he cut a graceful curve in the air. The horses didn't stop then, though they were finally caught by Mr. Nelson with the assistance of a fellow-traveler. The horses were not injured but the cutter looks as much like nothing as would a Russian nobleman's rig (beggin' Mr. Nelson's pardon for making the comparison) after the bomb has exploded. The sheriff is an expert pedestrian and enjoyed the five mile walk to town immensely. It was too cold to ride, anyway, and he had decided to get out and walk to keep warm when the horses came to his assistance.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

NEW PLAN TO BE URGED

Gov. Johnson Does Not Believe School Superintendents Should Be Elected by the People.

He Is Going to Urge That the System in Vogue in Pennsylvania Be Adopted.

Governor Johnson will recommend to the legislature that popular election of county superintendents of schools be abolished. He is much impressed with the Pennsylvania plan. In that state the superintendents are elected without reference to politics, at meetings attended by all the local school boards of the county. From what he saw recently in that state, while lecturing before five teachers' institutes, the governor is convinced that a better grade of men are secured for the office, and a better accord between the superintendents and the schools under his supervision is obtained.

Such a change would not require a constitutional amendment, and would tend to accomplish the same purpose as the constitutional amendment which came so near passing Nov. 3. The amendment was designed to make it possible to fix an educational standard for county superintendents. Governor Johnson believes that election by school officers would in itself raise the educational standard of such officials.

Plenty of Fish.

If the fish that have been placed in Minnesota lakes by the game and fish commission during the last two years, grow up to be big fish and learn to bite at frogs and flies, Minnesota fishermen will be kept busy. During the past two years the state has deposited in various lakes a total of 77,022,000 fish. Of this number 70,000,000 were wall eyed pike, 7,200,000 trout and 922,000 fingerling bass and croppies.

Subscribe for the News.

Happy New Year.

The last leaf is torn from the calendar, and we write down a new year 1909, and we begin where we left off. But we begin right. There will be no step backward.

Within the year, this store has grown in volume and prestige and commands increased respect.

In wishing you a

Happy New Year,

and thanking you for our growth and prosperity, we promise better things---improvement in merchandise, methods and store service.

This store shall be something better than a place to hand out goods and take in money.

May the new year be kind, and when time shall harvest 1909 may we all be here and able again to say---

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

O. J. Schei & Co. Thief River Falls.

Firm Is Dissolved.

The livery firm of Newberry & Bulman was dissolved last week by mutual consent. "Dad" Newberry will continue the business and James Bulman will retire from the firm. It is the intention of Mr. Bulman to go to Prince Albert Canada, in the near future and engage in the logging business up there.

A New Alter for St. Bernard's.

A new alter has been installed in St. Bernards church in this city and it is said to be one of the finest in the Northwest. Fr. Addiph was the architect and John Havel did the work. It is finished in pure gold leaf and is a decidedly handsome one in every way.

Getting Into the Game.

Thief River Falls will make a strong bid for the location of the proposed sixth state normal school. The contest for the institution is between that city and Bemidji, and will be fought out in the legislature this winter. John Morgan and W. B. Fuller of Thief River Falls were at the state capitol today, having come down to make a preliminary survey of the prospects.—Minneapolis Journal.

Law As To Use Of Fish-Houses.

The law regulating fish houses is to the effect that on all inland lakes of this state, a fish house may be used for the purpose of taking pickerel, suckers and red-horse from the 15th day of December to the 1st of April following; provided, that any person desiring to use house shall make first application for a permit for such use to, and obtain such permit from the game and fish commission, stating that the same is to be used by him for the purpose of obtaining fish for his domestic use and not for commercial purposes, which application shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar, but no such person shall be permitted to use more than one fish house.

The law makes it the duty of all members of the game and fish commission, wardens, sheriff and deputies, constables and police officers to seize, take, abate and destroy any and all fish houses which are being used contrary to the provisions of the law, and no warrant or process of law is necessary for such action, and no liability shall be incurred therefor to any person.

An Old Timer Is Dead.

P. J. Lachapelle, one of the best known characters in Northern Minnesota died at St. Vincent's hospital, Crookston, Sunday morning at 1 o'clock after a few days illness of senile pneumonia and the age of 73 years. Deceased was a most unique character. He was born near Montreal and received a thoro French education in the leading convent of that city. His parents were well-to-do and three of his sisters were educated and became nuns, two of whom reside in a convent at Montreal, and another being the sister superior in a large convent at Oakland, Cal. One sister built the magnificent convent at Seattle and several other places, but is now retired at Montreal as the result of ill health.

"P. J." as he was known to all of the old timers of this section, often visited Thief River Falls, and had many friends here. He at one time conducted a large hotel in Crookston and bought furs for the Hudson Bay company in this section.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School 10:00 a. m. Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

The Suit You Thought Was Ruined will undergo a remarkable transformation in our hands. All those nasty spots which were so annoying will have vanished during our process of cleaning, and the whole suit will look as clean and fresh as to be equal to a new one. Send anything you wish cleaned to B. Dan Bjorkman and you will be more than satisfied.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

HAS FINISHED LOG CUTTING

Pine Island Crew Has 600,000 Feet of Logs Ready To Be Hauled.

To The Landing Near Thief River Falls – A Long Haul.

The Pine Island camp of the Thief River Falls Lumber Co., in charge of Joe Irvine has finished cutting for the winter, having been engaged at the work since early in the fall. Something over six million feet of logs are now on skids waiting to be hauled to the landing. This work will be started about the first of the year.

Just now the road to the landing is being prepared for the immense loads that will later pass over it. The road this year is nearly fourteen miles in length. Over this road after it is firmly packed and iced, six horse teams will haul from 20,000 to 25,000 feet of timber at a load, each team making one round trip daily. At this rate the 60 horses comprising the ten teams will dump at the landing nearly a quarter of a million feet daily. So far this has been a good winter for logging and the work has been going along very satisfactorily.

Mourning in the News Office.

The boys in the News office have been shedding crocodile tears this week all because the gasoline engine that has been furnishing power for the presses in this office has been sold to Gunstein Knutson, one of the enterprising farmers living north of town. Our gasoline engine, like all others, sometimes became cranky and refused to run unless it was coaxed for half an hour or so on press nights when the boys were always sure to be in a hurry. That was when they learned to pet the engine, and a mutual admiration society was formed between the engine and the force. Now we have installed an electric motor—always sure to go when you press the button, and never subject to cranky notions. The boys, however, have thus far refused to make friends with the new machine.

Creamery Statement.

December is one of the poorest months of the year for dairying in this section and only four of the creamery patrons draw more than $50 and they are as follows:

H. Haupt, $63.16.
Fred Soderberg, $51.85.
Claus Hendricks, $53.70.
N. E. Beebe, $52.30.

The total amount paid for the month was fairly good, amounting in all to $3,198.87 and the price paid for butter fat was very satisfying, it being 33 cents a pound.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Subscribe for the News.

Large Christmas Celebration.

Reports from Kratka are to the effect that the Christmas tree and entertainment held at that place was the largest and best social function ever held on the eleven towns. Over 40 families were in attendance and all had a most enjoyable time.

Somewhat Exaggerated.

There was a report in general circulation about town Saturday evening to the effect that a man had been found frozen to death a few miles east of town on the telephone road. There was absolutely no foundation for the rumor and how it could have gained circulation is something no one can understand.

Synod Church.

Services on New Years Day at 10:30. Special Music. There will also be services on Sunday after New Year at 10:30 A. M. Our English services at 7:45 P. M. The annual meeting of the congregation meets Jan. 5th at 10:00 A. M. All the voting members are hereby requested to be present. The annual meeting of the Ladies Aid meets Jan. 7th at 2:00 P. M. with Mrs. Thos. Larson. All the members are expected to be present. I. T. Aastad.

Takes a Partner.

R. D. V. Carr, the well known Middle River editor, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week and while here made the announcement that he had sold a half interest in the Middle River Pioneer to V. A. Grear, a well known Crookston land man, and the paper will be published by the two in the future. In addition to publishing the Pioneer, the new firm will engage in the real estate business to quite an extent and expect to dispose of much land in the vicinity of Middle River in the near future.

Farmers Held Meeting.

There was a meeting in Thief River Falls Monday of the American Society of Equity, an organization of American farmers that seeks to secure a higher price for farm produce. Oscar A. Naplin, of Wylie, district organizer of the society, addressed the meeting and pointed out in a clear and concise manner the benefits to be derived by the farmers in organizing. Six new members joined the society and the meeting was considered a successful one in every way. The following are the officers of the association:

President—P. A. Dahle.
Vice-President—H. B. Halvorson.
Secretary and Treasurer—T. H. Rynestad.

Rocksbury.

Mr. Helan Gustafson spent Christmas with his parents.

Miss Abbie Miller closed a successful term of school Thursday and is now home for her vacation.

Miss Emma Satre is now home for a two weeks vacation, having finished her term of school east of town.

Clinton Miller spent Thursday evening with Craven Callaway.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Thorstad spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Miller.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter, it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongest the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you—

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Much Dissatisfaction Among the Literary Lights in Sweden Over the Recent Distribution of the Nobel Prizes—As There Are So Many Deserving Applicants the Distribution of the Prizes Is Becoming More Difficult Year After Year.

SWEDEN.

That there is much dissatisfaction among the literary men and women of Sweden in the recent distribution of the Nobel prizes is evident, judging from the comments in the Swedish press generally. The appointment of Professor Eucken for the literary prize was not popular so far as Sweden is concerned, for the Swedes wanted to award it to Selma Lagerlof and would far rather have seen Swinburne selected. But it appears that the committee thought different, although it is learned that some very heated debates took place. It is believed by many that Lagerlof will be next year's literary prize winner and her selection would indeed be popular, not only in Sweden, but in Germany and France. The distribution of the Nobel prizes is becoming more difficult every year, as there are so many deserving aspirants.

During the early part of next month Dr. Sven Hedin will give his famous lecture in the great auditorium of the Academy of Music under the auspices of the Swedish Geographical society. On this occasion the eminent traveler and explorer will be awarded the Wahlberg gold medal, which has not been awarded to any man of distinction since Professor Gustaf Retzius received it in 1905. It will be Mr. Hedin's first lecture on Swedish soil since his arrival home and is awaited with intense interest by scientific men all over the civilized world. Dr. Hedin is easily the most distinguished explorer in Europe at present and all sorts of inducements are offered him to go to England, America and Germany to lecture.

Signe Rappe, daughter of Sweden's minister of war, made her debut as "Salome" at the Royal Opera on the 1st inst. Her father is a very religious man and is author of the so-called "Soldier's Catechism." Miss Rappe's resolution to assume the role of "Salome" at the opera is reported to have caused a great deal of distress to her father and that the latter is using all his efforts to have his daughter leave the stage.

Labor conditions are not improving very much nowadays in Stockholm. At the Finboda factories 100 men, who had been steadily employed there during the last twenty years, were dismissed, with the assurance, however, that they would soon be reinstated. This proves that labor conditions are in a depressive state and that even some of the oldest establishments are affected by the hard times.

Real estate values continue to soar in Stockholm worse than ever. The total real estate values in the city in 1900 were placed at 846,623,550 crowns while now they have risen to the enormous amount of 1,201,431,500 crowns. The chief cause of this enormous rise in real estate values lies of course in the large house rents which have been growing unreasonably large from year to year.

Queen Victoria, who has accompanied King Gustaf on his trip to France, was taken ill in Baden and was confined to her bed for a few days. She is now very much better and was able to accompany the king to Vienna and return with him to Stockholm for the holidays. She may go to Italy on account of her health during the latter part of January.

Professor Isachsen has asked the Norwegian storthing for an appropriation of 25,000 crowns for his Spitsbergen expedition, which he contemplates making during the latter part of next spring. If he cannot secure this sum from the storthing, he will endeavor to raise the necessary amount by private subscription.

The rector of the Falun high school has succeeded in making himself a very much talked of personality by refusing his pupils permission to join in the Selma Lagerlof jubilee. He also prohibited a Lagerlof demonstration, all of which resulted in making the rector very unpopular and his resignation is being suggested from many quarters.

"Harper's Weekly" in New York has offered Sven Hedin $75,000 for the concession to publish an account of his last exploration trip to Africa. This concession would in that event only apply to the United States. It is learned that the distinguished explorer has received similar offers from German and English publishers.

The French government has closed a treaty with Sweden by means of which that government will maintain her minimum tariff with Sweden affecting the importation of French wines. It would appear that the temperance agitation in Norway caused the French government to protect her wine trade with Sweden.

The old Norwegian legation building has been torn down and a large flat building will take its place. The Norwegian government received 900,000 crowns for this site, which is considered one of the most valuable in the entire city.

The Swedish-American Society of Stockholm celebrated their annual Thanksgiving dinner at the Hotel Kronprintz Nov. 26. There were about 200 guests in attendance and the affair was in every particular a brilliant one.

C. N. Carlsson has been appointed editor of the "Social Demokraten." His assistant will be G. G. Magnusson.

NORWAY.

Swedish sportsmen have been not a little criticised in Norwegian papers for not extending an invitation to Norwegian organizations to participate in the annual sporting events in Stockholm and they are now looking for an opportunity to even the score. A number of papers have, however, pointed out that it was wise on the part of the Swedish sport organizations not to extend any invitation, inasmuch as the two countries have practically nothing in common since the dissolution of the union. It is understood that a number of Swedish sportsmen are not in sympathy with this action on the part of their organizations, but it is too late now to retract anything that has been done. A great many people, both in Sweden and Norway, maintain the position that the two "brother kingdoms" could at least have united on athletic sports, but since the dissolution of the union even this seems impossible.

A steamship insurance company has been organized in Haugesund with a capital of 100,000 crowns. It is the first organization of its kind in the country, and steamship men are very much interested in seeing it succeed. Some of the leading steamship men of the country are backing it up and it is generally considered a practical undertaking. Owners of steamships have for years been looking for some protection of this nature and it would therefore seem that the company starts out under auspicious circumstances.

From 1900 until the present time the male population in Christiania has decreased by about 700. The number of women has on the other hand increased during this period by about 4,500. There were on Jan. 1 of the present year in Christiania 103,150 men and 128,338 women. It is noticeable from year to year that there are more men who emigrate to foreign countries than women.

Professor O. Soraas of Trondhjem is engaged in writing a history of Norway in verse. It is, as may be imagined, no easy undertaking and the critics are of course eagerly awaiting to secure the first copy. The Trondhjem professor, however, enjoys a reputation as a poet, and in literary circles the advent of this unique work is looked forward to with a great deal of interest.

"Theater Day" in Bergen netted this year about 6,500 crowns, a sum of money which will be distributed among the poor of the city during the holidays. The day has for a number of years been observed with special performances at all the theaters, and the money expended contributed to the poor.

Grand Hotel in Christiania will in the near future undergo thorough repairs and will hereafter be one of the most modern and fashionable hotels in the country. It has been placed under new management and reports state that an annex will be erected, which will involve an expenditure of at least 100,000 crowns.

Queen Maud celebrated her thirty-ninth birthday last month and was on that occasion the recipient of many gifts and congratulations from her distinguished relatives and friends from all parts of the old world. She is enjoying excellent health and thrives far better now than when she first arrived in Norway.

The new telephone line between Christiania and Stavanger has been completed and is open for business. The new line will be of immense value to the business men at both points, and will help stimulate business generally.

G. Landgraf, formerly editor and publisher of the "Brevikspostem," has purchased the "Folkerosten" in Skien and will take charge of the same at the beginning of the new year.

DENMARK.

An English-Canadian company, which was organized some time ago to exploit Valdemar Poulsen's wireless telegraph system, has been forced to the wall on account of careless management. A Danish company has purchased the patent rights and will push the Poulsen system all over the world except on the European continent and in the United States, where the Marconi system already holds the concessions. The managers of the new company see a bright future ahead for the Poulsen system and have, according to reports, all the capital they need to make their undertaking a success.

The Russian anarchist and murderer, Bulotti, who was arrested some time ago by the Copenhagen police is, according to a St. Petersburg correspondent, a most dangerous character, being regarded as one of the most fearless anarchists that Russia has had in many years. While in Russia he travelled under the name of Kuminsky and it is believed by the Copenhagen police that it is Bulotti.

A number of prominent persons in Copenhagen have placed themselves at the head of a subscription list for the purpose of soliciting funds for the purpose of erecting a suitable monument in honor of the Greenland explorer, Mylius Erichsen, and his companions, who lost their lives on the Greenland shores, while engaged in important scientific explorations.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Seven members of councils were arrested at Pittsburg at the instance of the Voters' league, a civic reform organization, charged with conspiracy, corrupt practices and bribery in connection with municipal legislation during the past two years. Alleged acts in connection with the establishment of depositories for the funds of the city are enumerated in the complaints against the councilmen and two former officers of a Pittsburg bank also were arrested.

A duel to the death with knives in a dark room at Cleveland, O., between two suitors for the hand of fourteen-year-old Julia Pice resulted in the death of Powell Fromich and the serious injury of Michael Milanovitch, who is under arrest on the charge of murder. Fromich's brother was probably fatally stabbed when he attempted to separate the men.

After deliberating twelve hours the jury in the case of Harvey Hazel, the seventeen-year-old Toledo (O.) boy charged with the murder of his mother, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. The finding of the jury means that the boy will be sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

Out of a mass of testimony at the preliminary hearing of the Pittsburg councilmen charged with grafting it was gleaned that a majority of the council body of Pittsburg have been "reached." In the passage of one ordinance alone it was testified that sixty councilmen had divided $45,000.

In Whan Chang, the Korean who shot Durham White Stevens, the American diplomat and adviser to the Korean emperor, in San Francisco on March 23 of this year, resulting in Mr. Stevens' death two days later, was found guilty of murder in the second degree.

Peter Claudianes, the Greek charged with dynamiting the home in Oakland, Cal., of former Supervisor James L. Gallagher, the star witness for the prosecution in the San Francisco bribery case, was found guilty by a jury and sentenced to life imprisonment.

The jury in the case of Beach Hargis, on trial at Irvine, Ky., charged with the murder of his father, Judge James Hargis, reported their inability to agree and were discharged. The jury stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction.

Following a quarrel Frederick L. Peterson of Kansas City was shot and almost instantly killed by his wife, Mrs. Rose Peterson. The couple had not lived together for two years and the woman recently brought action for divorce.

A battle between strike promoting miners and five United States marshals took place at Stearns, Ky., and resulted in the death of one marshal and one miner.

Three robbers intent upon looting the vault of the State bank at Milan, Kan., were forced to retreat after an exchange of shots with citizens.

A robber at Helena, Mont., secured a tray of diamonds worth $10,000.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Jack Johnson, the big negro from Galveston, Tex., is the world's champion heavyweight pugilist. He won the title at Sydney, N. S. W., from Tommy Burns, the French-Canadian, who had held it since James J. Jeffries relinquished it. The end came in the fourteenth round when the police, seeing Burns tottering and unable to defend himself from the savage blows of his opponent, mercifully stopped the fight.

Declaring that the Standard Oil company of Indiana, the Republic Oil company of Ohio and the Waters-Pierce Oil company of Missouri had conspired and combined to monopolize the oil business in Missouri the supreme court of that state issued a decree ousting all three from the commonwealth and fining them $50,000 each.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28.—Wheat—Dec., $1.07; May, $1.09¾@1.09⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.10⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.09½; No. 2 Northern, $1.07⅛@1.07⅞; No 3 Northern, $1.01½@1.05⅜.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 28.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.07⅞; Dec., $1.07⅞; May, $1.09⅞; July, $1.09⅞. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.46½; Dec., $1.44½; May, $1.47⅛.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25@4.50; veals, $5.00@5.50. Hogs—$5.50@5.80. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.00; yearlings, $5.[illegible]; spring lambs, $6.50@7.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Wheat—Dec., $1.03; May, $1.06⅞; July, 98⅞@[illegible]c; Sept., 95½c. Corn—Dec., 57c; May, 61c; July, 61@61⅛c; Sept. 61⅛c. Oats—Dec., 49½c; May, 51½@51⅝c; July, 46⅝c; Sept., 40⅝c. Pork—Dec., $14.75; Jan., $16.32½; May, $16.[illegible]. Butter—Creameries, 22@31c; dairies, 21½@25c. Eggs—[illegible]c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 13c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.65@7.70; Texans, $3.60@4.45; Western cattle, $3.60@5.65; stockers and feeders, $2.70@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.00; calves, $6.50@[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $5.10@5.85; mixed, $5.[illegible]@6.10; heavy, $5.30@6.15; rough, $5.30@5.70; good to choice heavy, $5.70@6.15; pigs, $4.00@5.10. Sheep, $2.60@4.85; yearlings, $4.00@6.25; lambs, $4.[illegible]@7.40.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The nucleus of an organization which shall have for its purpose the benefitting of the administration of county treasurers' offices was formed at St. Paul and will be known as the State Association of County Treasurers. Nearly twenty counties were represented by their treasurers, while it is expected that practically every county treasurer in the state will be enrolled as soon as the association is placed upon a working footing.

"The farmers of Minnesota will have binders of the state's own manufacture in 1910, if the legislature makes the proper provision for the new state prison and harvester plant this winter," said Representative L. C. Spooner of Morris. Mr. Spooner was formerly attorney for the Deering interests and is now a strong champion of the proposed harvester factory.

The Civic federation of Minneapolis will appeal to the attorney general of Minnesota to settle the recent controversies between the federation and city authorities. Members of the organization are of the opinion that the state laws are not enforced in Minneapolis and they want to know the reason they are disregarded, especially regarding the sale of liquor.

Members of the legislature may not use railroad passes, even if they are in the employ of a railroad company, according to an opinion given by George W. Peterson, assistant attorney general. The opinion is given as answer to an inquiry by Dr. J. H. Dorsey of Glencoe, Democratic member of the house from McLeod county.

Professor George R. Frankforter of the University of Minnesota has perfected a machine which will probably evolve a new era in the manufacture of white print paper for use of publishers. The professor has discovered a process which will use up the hitherto useless waste in the manufacture of lumber.

The Gayety will be the name given to a new Minneapolis theater, which will be built during the coming summer by Eastern theatrical capitalists. The new house will be one of the burlesque houses which belong to the circuit known as the Eastern Wheel and will represent an expenditure of $100,000.

The United States Steel corporation has let stripping contracts in the Chisholm and Hibbing districts which will entail an expenditure of at least $2,000,000. All of this work will be started in 1909 and will take from one to three years to complete.

The Jordon mine in the Chisholm district is exhausted and mining operations have been discontinued. The mine was operated by Corrigan, McKinney & Co., which firm is now moving the machinery to other properties.

Urgent appeal for an adequate permanent revenue for the state university is made to the legislature by the board of regents in their fifteenth biennial report, just filed with Governor Johnson.

The St. Paul city hospital has 349 patients, a larger number than at any previous date in the history of the institution.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Carl Bender was arrested at Mankato for attempting to pass a forged check for $17. He waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury. Having had nothing to eat for two days and failing to find work it is said he resorted to forgery to secure money with which to appease his hunger.

Two girls were seriously injured and several others suffered minor injuries when a bobsled, on which ten persons were coasting, parted in the middle while going down the long hill in Powderhorn park at Minneapolis, throwing the coasters far to either side.

A. V. Townsend of Coleraine, a former rough rider and a member of John C. Greenway's company, is dead as the result of a fall of six feet from a steam shovel. He sustained a rupture as the result of the fall, which caused death in a short time.

Rabies has appeared among the horses of Minneapolis. Oscar Peterson lost a fine horse and has another under treatment. Other horses in the neighborhood are being carefully watched for the first indications of this violent disease.

Martin Aure was fatally injured by the premature discharge of dynamite while at work sinking a well near Glenville and as a result of the accident one leg is off at the hip, the other at the knee and his left side was blown away.

A. O. Leetz is dead at Bird Island from the effects of slipping on icy ground. The vertebrae of his neck were broken, resulting in his death in a few hours.

OBITUARY.

P. J. Lachapelle, one of the most picturesque characters in Northern Minnesota, is nearing death's door. He was taken from a shack in which he has been living just east of the city limits of Crookston and it is believed that death is near at hand as a result of a general breakdown. He is over eighty years of age.

Joseph Chute, a pioneer resident of Rice county, is dead at his home in Faribault, aged seventy-one years. Mr. Chute was a native of Germany and had been a resident of Rice county since 1858.

PANIC OCCURS IN A CHURCH

Several Persons Injured at Christmas Celebration at Echo.

The peril of panic ushered in the celebration of Yuletide at Echo and it is nothing short of a miracle that somber tragedy did not result when the gas generator connected with the lighting plant in the Methodist Episcopal church took fire and caused a wild stampede of 100 or more frightened women and children, all of whom luckily managed to get out alive, though some were severely cut by glass.

The crowd consisted mostly of women and children, with here and there a few men who had come to join in the fun. The work of dressing the tree had just received its finishing touches when the generator burst into flames almost directly in the path of the tree and its flimsy, inflammable decorations.

Immediately there was a wild stampede for the doors and as the crowd became jammed in it the more badly frightened of the women and children began jumping through the windows. Some of these were badly cut and those who were unfortunate enough to fall were trampled on by the frenzied crowd.

No lives were lost and no damage was done to the church by the fire.

BURT SUCCEEDS STICKNEY

Latter Resigns as Receiver of the Chicago Great Western.

A. B. Stickney of St. Paul has resigned as receiver of the Chicago Great Western, ultimately, it is claimed, to resign from the presidency. Horace G. Burt, former president of the Union Pacific, and some time ago selected by English stockholders to look into the condition of the road and make a report, becomes receiver in Mr. Stickney's place and will eventually succeed him as president of the road.

For the present, until a plan of reorganization has been effected, Mr. Burt will act as receiver with C. H. F. Smith.

The announcement of the retirement of Mr. Stickney from his present position as receiver and later ceasing to be president of the road follow in the footsteps of reports current for some time that there would be a change in the active management of the road.

CHARGED WITH EXTORTION

Minneapolis Private Detective Under Arrest.

Harry G. Blanchard was arrested at Minneapolis on a charge of extortion, it being alleged that he compelled Herman Rhines, a saloonkeeper, to pay him money for the suppression of evidence that the saloonman had violated the sanctity of the lid.

Blanchard is a private detective and is said to have been in the employ of an agency whose services were retained by the Minneapolis Civic federation in its war on blind piggers. It is asserted that Blanchard was caught in the act.

The Minneapolis police profess to believe that Blanchard is one of a group of men who, it is alleged, have been making a business of grafting under the pretense of protecting their victims from the wrath of the Civic federation.

FIRE IN ROOMING HOUSE

Score of St. Paul People Narrowly Escape Suffocation.

Twenty people were almost suffocated when fire broke out in a rooming house at St. Paul kept by Nellie Kernan.

The fire started in the kitchen, supposedly from hot coals which fell from the front of the range to the floor.

The kitchen is a short distance from the stairway leading to the rooms of the boarders. The smoke poured up the stairs and attracted the attention of one of the roomers who arises early. He hastily pounded on the doors of the other people, who, attired only in their night clothing, rushed down stairs and into the cold morning air.

St. Paul Brokers Suspend.

Geraghty & Co., one of the oldest commission brokerage firms of St. Paul, has suspended business. The cause assigned for the suspension is the dullness of the grain market for several months past. The firm opened up a line of country offices about a year ago and these proved unprofitable owing to the heavy expense involved in the maintenance and operation.

New Bank for Minneapolis.

A new state bank, with a capital of $1,000,000, will be organized in Minneapolis shortly as a result of a meeting of a large number of state bankers of Minnesota. The meeting was held in Minneapolis and was presided over by C. D. Griffith of Sleepy Eye and nearly every one of the old state banks in the state was represented.

Had Been Dead Two Weeks.

William Zabel, fifty-five years of age, living on a farm near Woodbury, between St. Paul and Stillwater, was found dead in his house by neighbors who called to inquire concerning Mr. Zabel's condition. From the appearance of the body it is thought that he had been dead for nearly two weeks.

Death Under Car Wheels.

John F. Clay of Minneapolis, a Great Northern switchman, was run over and instantly killed in the yards there. Clay slipped and fell from the top of a box car and the entire train passed over his body.

STATE THE VICTOR

Supreme Court Upholds Increase of Gross Earnings Tax.

CONSIDERABLE SUM INVOLVED

Decision Means Over $150,000 a Year to State.

The state of Minnesota won a double victory in the supreme court when that court, by Justice C. L. Brown, filed opinions in its favor in both the Great Western and Great Northern tax cases.

The court upholds the validity of the law increasing the railroad gross earnings tax from 3 to 4 per cent, which the roads attacked as unconstitutional, claiming that they could not be made to pay a gross earnings tax larger than the 3 per cent which was provided for in their territorial charters.

The Great Northern case nominally involves $120,737.38 for 1905 taxes. The Great Western case involved about $25,000. The amount at stake, however, is really more than $150,000 a year to the state treasury, if the decision is sustained by the United States supreme court, to which it will undoubtedly be appealed.

NEEDS OF THE STATE FAIR

Million and a Half Dollars Could Be Used to Advantage.

One and one-half million dollars is named by C. M. Griggs of St. Paul, for many years an important figure in the management of the Minnesota state fair, as the need of the state fair in the next five years, with additional help from the Twin City merchants and manufacturers in the way of a few years' advance rent for space in a new main building. Mr. Griggs would have the legislature appropriate $500,000 for 1909, $400,000 of which will be required for the new grandstand, and $200,000 every year for the next five years. The advance rent from the business men would amount to between $75,000 and $100,000.

The needs of the state fair today Mr. Griggs enumerates as follows: A new grandstand, a new liberal arts or main building, a new process building with power for live manufacturers, a new agricultural building, greenhouses for its horticultural building, a building for state institutions, two new fire stations, a mining building, a new machinery hall and, most of all, a grandstand of steel and concrete, at least 2,000 feet long—something that will seat 60,000 people and, with the old bleachers, accommodate 75,000.

GOOD STATE FOR RAILROADS

Revenue in Minnesota Last Year $78,000,000.

Railroads operating in Minnesota pay more taxes and earn more money in this state than on all the rest of the lines of the thirty-four roads entering Minnesota. The operating revenue for all the lines of all the roads reporting to the state railway and warehouse commission was $102,000,000, an increase of $13,000,000. The revenue for this state alone by the roads operating here amounted to $78,000,000. This was nearly twice as much as was earned the year previous.

The taxes paid in this state are 4 per cent of the gross earnings. Based on the figures by the roads of their gross income and the taxes paid they pay an average of 3.771 per cent in all states. The total taxes paid by all the lines amount to $17,347,230.

DENIED BY REGENT OWEN

Neither Roosevelt Nor Bryan Wanted for University President.

"It is to laugh, all this talk about Roosevelt and Bryan being called to fill the president's chair at the state university. Why, the idea never entered the heads of any of the regents. We would as soon have thought of calling Edward VII. or Kaiser William as either of the above mentioned individuals."

With these words S. M. Owen of the state board of regents laid to rest all talk of Roosevelt or Bryan being called to fill the position which President Cyrus Northrop wants to vacate.

Talking in regard to the successor of Dr. Northrop Mr. Owen continued: "President Northrop will undoubtedly be at the head of the institution for another year at least. He has been prevailed upon to stay until a worthy successor can be found."

Conductor Beats Bandits.

Coolly disregarding a command to throw up his hands, backed by revolvers held in his face by two masked highwaymen, Charles Larsen of Minneapolis, a conductor on an Eighth avenue and Columbia Heights car, attacked the highwaymen and before the fight was over had both of their revolvers. The highwaymen escaped.

Pioneer Minister Dead.

Rev. Philip von Rohr, president of the German Lutheran synod of Wisconsin for twenty years and for two score years pastor of St. Martin's German Lutheran church of Winona, is dead at Winona. Death was caused by intestinal trouble after three years' suffering.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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ABOUT WEST TEXAS LAND.

A few weeks ago the writer had occasion to answer a query relative to the advisability of buying land in the vicinity of Martin county, Tex. In the article in question mention was made of the fact that the section referred to is beyond the agricultural dead line, in what in dry years at least is considered a semiarid belt, and that if buffalo grass, sagebrush and cactus were found there they might be accepted as *fairly correct evidence* that the land, though possessed of abundant fertility, lacked the moisture necessary for the proper development of most tilled crops. The statement was not made that these evidences of a dry country were found in the vicinity of Martin county, but that if found they told a story that the one seeking land for tillage purposes ought to heed, unless irrigation of the soil were possible, when the situation would be entirely altered. A communication received shortly after the article appeared taking some exception to the statements it contained to the effect that injustice was done those having property interests in that section of Texas resulted in the sending of a query to the agricultural department at Washington touching the points in question. Mr. A. D. McNair, expert in charge of the farm management investigations, replied in brief to the several questions as follows: That the wisdom of purchasing land in western Texas depended more on the man than on the soil or climatic conditions. One who was familiar with farming in the drier regions could easily grow Kaffir corn, milo maize and a variety of vegetables. The rainfall is fairly good in ordinary summers, two-thirds of it being in the five months from May to September inclusive. Cotton is a fairly good money crop in the section, and Kaffir corn and milo maize are both good money and food crops. It was Mr. McNair's conclusion that a good, live, hustling man ought to pay easily for a quarter section of land in Martin or adjoining counties, provided the land could be obtained at a reasonable price. It is fair to assume that the above estimate is correct, being colored neither by a desire to overpraise nor discolored by a prejudice against the section of Texas referred to. From another source we learn that alfalfa does well in the section referred to, in which case an important favorable point is added.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR LAND SEEKERS AT HOME.

A bit of advice contained in a pamphlet recently issued by the government land office at Washington suggests that prospective buyers would do well to inform themselves of the opportunity of securing holdings in connection with the several irrigation projects which are being brought to completion under the provisions of the Carey act before leaving the United States for far away homes in northwestern Canada. The advice is timely and sensible. The pamphlet referred to gives as a reason why so many folks are emigrating to Canada and so few making inquiry relative to opportunities nearer that chances of the former class are thoroughly advertised and exploited by those having a selfish interest at stake, while in the latter case the government has not and cannot assume the role of the self seeking land agent. In any event it would be worth while for those who contemplate purchasing land in a new country to look into the merits of the lands over which the government has supervision. Information regarding them may be had by sending a query to the government at Washington.

BLUE RIBBON BOYS AND GIRLS.

It may not be out of place to express the hope that some day a large place in the big agricultural expositions will be accorded the boys and girls of the rural communities of the land, who, after all, are really the most valuable as well as the most abiding product and asset of the country. When the boys and girls growing up in the home receive as much thoughtful attention and painstaking care in fitting them for the duties of manhood and womanhood as are at present bestowed on the thoroughbred cattle, horses, sheep, hogs and poultry, all proper and legitimate objects of care and interest, a long stride will have been taken toward solving a good many problems that confront the nation today and in establishing a more symmetrical and rational standard of values. We already have as a country a host of blue ribbon boys and girls, but the number might be wonderfully enlarged were they given the thought and attention which are their due.

There is slight excuse for any farmer keeping several free star boarders in his dairy herd when a Babcock testing outfit, with full directions, can be had for two or three dollars.

The past fall has been a standoff from the viewpoint of mortality as between the deer hunters in the northern woods and the rabbit hunters in the prairie states. Not in a dozen years have so many boys and men been maimed, disfigured or killed through careless gun accidents while hunting cottontails as has been the case this season.

A large measure of interest is being felt by horsemen over the country in the experiments which are being conducted by the government horse breeding station at Weybridge, Vt., where a well defined and practical effort is being made to propagate the breed of almost extinct Morgan horses. Here are assembled the finest and purest types of the breed which the government agents could find and purchase. While the work laid out is but in its beginnings, the results are bound to be of great value to the horse breeding interests of the country.

Both stock raiser and grain grower should always work on the principle that the finest blooded sires and dams and the very best of the seed corn and grains are none too good for their own use. Occasionally one is tempted through the offer of a fancy price to sell the best. But this is a mistake, it always being the case that if this or that animal is worth a fancy price to some one else it is even more valuable to the one who raised it and understands better than any one else the traits of its ancestors and the conditions under which its good qualities were developed.

Failure on the part of the boy in his teens to attend school and make the most of the educational advantages which may lie within his reach is quite on a par with neglect on the part of the farmer to properly prepare the soil and sow the seed so that it will germinate and grow. He may wake up when seedtime is over to the necessity of taking action—and making good the loss resulting from the delay, but in the great majority of cases it is too late to repair the damage. Rank weeds, other distractions and a shortened growing season make the best effort and accomplishment unavailing. School years are the seedtime of life and should be made the most of.

A Minnesota reader of these notes calls the writer's attention to the following method which a Wisconsin farmer has discovered and used in removing the stumps from sixteen acres of cut over pine land at a cost of 4 cents and five minutes' labor for each stump: With a two inch auger he bores a hole into the stump about two feet deep, pours into this hole one pint of a mixture of equal parts of nitric and sulphuric acid and plugs the hole tightly with a plug previously dipped in melted paraffin. In thirty days the stump, root and all, is a charred mass of rotten pulp and may be spread over the soil with a shovel as a fertilizer. The farmer in question was formerly an employee in a Rhinelander paper mill and noticed the destructive action of this acid on woody structure; hence his discovery and application of the method with tree stumps.

That foxtail, or wild barley, is an all around pest and nuisance without a redeeming feature is a generally recognized fact, but to appreciate the why of this state of affairs one need work only an hour or two in a hayfield where it is mixed with other grasses or examine the mouth of a horse which has been eating hay in which but a few heads of it are mixed. The broken heads with their spiked barbs, which seem to travel automatically when in contact with the soft and moist surfaces of the inner portions of the mouth, will likely be found accumulated in irritating bunches in the recesses between the horse's lips and the roots of the teeth, while in some cases the barbed head will be found to have bedded itself in the tender mucous surfaces and produced serious irritation and inflammation. This state of things should cause one who has a care for the comfort of his horses to exercise the greatest care to keep this foxtail out of the mangers as completely as is possible.

With the average young man who has a desire to succeed in life there is probably no asset within his reach that is of greater or more vital importance than that of good health and a sound constitution. This fact may not be appreciated in the first years of young manhood, when there seems to be a superabundance of energy and vitality, but it is sure to be later. When the long and often the hard pull up the incline of success comes, a few years later, he will have only cause for rejoicing if he has had the wisdom to live temperately, to shun dissipation and husband as best he might the physical and nervous forces with which he was endowed, whether slight or large. A [illegible] thought that ought to be realized by the young man who feels a strong impulse along the line of sowing wild oats is that the crop is one that never fails to make a catch, that it usually yields better than thirtyfold in kind and that its harvest is inevitably attended with wretchedness and misery for himself or others. On the other hand, the reward of right and clean living is not postponed to some future state, but yields a return of genuine satisfaction and benefit from day to day.

Just at present the removal of the tariff on hides is of slight concern to the farmer who is feeding sixty cent corn to forty cent steers and throwing in the hide as a sort of bonus to tickle the packers.

Whole ear corn fed to the milk cow makes an excellent ration when supplemented with clover hay, corn fodder and a moderate ration of bran and oilmeal. The digestive apparatus of the cow will extract about all the nutriment that the whole corn contains except the starch or fat former, and if hogs follow not even this element is lost.

While silage as a fermented form of vegetable food seems to date back to antiquity, the utilization of it in recent times dates from the year 1870, when a Maryland feeder by the name of Francis Morris put a quantity of whole corn in a trench and covered it with earth. On removing it he found it in a fair state of preservation and observed that stock ate it with a relish. From such crude beginning the present widespread silage interest has developed.

A contributor in a leading engineering magazine, who has made a study of water power in this country, places the amount which is at present utilized for industrial purposes at 2,050,000 horsepower. According to his estimate, 10,000,000 horsepower is *going to waste in the waterfalls and* running streams of the country, equal to an annual consumption of steam fuel amounting to 150,000,000 tons. So long as this situation exists the question of the conservation of our natural resources may be justly viewed as a very live topic.

The kind of cows the dairyman should aim to secure for his herd—this on the idea that he has a definite financial object in view and does not plan to maintain a sort of bovine charitable establishment—are not those that may be bought at a bargain counter price, but those rather whose owners want to keep them and will only part with at a stiff price. While there is an old saw that one should not look a gift horse in the mouth, this should not prevent a fellow from inquiring pretty closely into the milking record—quantity and quality—of the cow which may be had for a song.

In attending the farmers' institutes during the coming months it would be a wise plan for those who would derive the most benefit from the discussions in which they are especially interested to have a notebook and pencil and jot down the most valuable data presented and the best points brought out. For one who is not used to it this may seem a little difficult at first, but in any event enough data will be got to make it well worth while. If points brought out by any speaker are not made sufficiently plain a hearer is always justified in asking for a repetition so that the full force and meaning of a statement may be obtained. Institute speakers would appreciate this sort of attention and would do all they could to help the good work along.

One of the chief drawbacks connected with taking up the extensive culture of sugar beets in what is usually understood as the corn belt grows out of inability in most sections to secure the amount of help needed during the critical period of thinning and cultivation, a season when the other farm crops make their most insistent demands. Exactly the same problem would arise were the raising of onions to be taken up on a corresponding scale. Both require an intensive type of culture in which a degree of hard work is required that is simply out of the question on the average farm where the staple cereal products and live stock interests are given a primary attention. This statement is not intended to discourage any from embarking in the culture of sugar beets, but simply for the purpose of calling attention to the most serious and really the only drawback connected with the agricultural phase of the sugar beet industry.

Not the least of the obstacles tending to prevent the adoption of effective measures for stamping out the plague of tuberculosis in cattle is found in the financial loss which many fear they would be subjected to were a widespread campaign of eradication to be inaugurated. While this may be a perfectly natural attitude for those to take who would suffer greatest financial loss as a result, it typifies a class of influences which almost always lie at the bottom of serious opposition to needed reform movements, whether affecting the moral, political or physical well being of the people. It is an attitude that is dictated by selfish rather than humane or patriotic motives. However, the attitude which is taken by a number of high minded agricultural writers is that if tuberculosis exists in a herd it will be cheaper in the long run to adopt strict measures to eradicate it root and branch than to temporize for the sake of expediency and let matters go from bad to worse, which from the very nature of things is the only course they can take. In cases like this, where the public health is so vitally involved, there would seem to be but one course for reasonable and fair minded dairymen to pursue. They can easily decide what this course is by putting themselves in the consumers' place.

F. E. Trigg

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Log Turners
Log Jackers
Steam Feeds
Resaw Machines
Shingle Machines
Box Machines
Swing Saws
Drag Saws
Pulleys, Boxes
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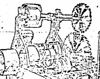

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$1.00 PER YEAR

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Suits made to order, $25 to $35.
Clothes cleaned and pressed.
First class work guaranteed.
Prices right.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation and stimulates the liver. Orino regulates the bowels so they will act naturally and you do not have to take purgatives continuously. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.
The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.
Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.
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We are distributors for this distinctive watch.
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for children; safe, sure. No opiates

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Citation For Hearing on Petition For Probate of Will.

ESTATE OF Fred Ottis

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake, IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Ottis Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Andrew W. Lang, Olay Halvorson and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent. The petition of Andrew W. Lang being duly filed in this court, representing that Fred Ottis, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the [illegible] day of November, 1908, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Andrew W. Lang, NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of December 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable N. W. Tarrant, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 28th day of November, 1908.

N. W. Tarrant, Judge.

COURT SEAL.

G. Halvorson, Attorney for Petitioner.

nov 26 dec 10

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

WHY HIS ADVERTISING DID NOT PAY.

He adopted the policy of running down his competitors.

He did not make his advertising interesting, attractive, or convincing.

He was conscious of the superiority of what he had to sell, but did not know how to bring it to the attention of others effectively.

He did not know that a fatal reaction always follows a deception.

He did not know how to write an advertisement that would "pull."

He did not know that a brief, graphic decription, in a few short, pungent, telling sentences that will attract and hold the attention, is more effective than a whole page of fine print, written in a loose-jointed, haphazard way.

His advertisements "pulled"; but the effect was lost in bad handling afterwards; in careless, inefficient correspondence.

He never learned that many a good customer has been lost by a careless letter.

He did not follow up his advertisements until he got the ear of the public.—Success Magazine.

WIDER SCHOOL INSPECTION.

Taking Minneapolis as an illustration of result which may be accomplished in conserving the health of the public school children, Superintendent of Public Instruction John W. Olsen has decided to recommend to the 1909 legislature the passage of a law making it imperative upon the part of the school authorities to provide regular medical inspection in all the schools of the state at least once a year.

"Last year 15 of the public schools of Minneapolis were given medical inspection," says Mr. Olsen. "From the report of Albert Kedler, principal of the Franklin school, which may be considered typical, I make the following excerpts:

In all, 354 children were examined. Among these were 170 cases of enlarged cervical glands; 5 of pulmonary diseases, 58 of defective vision, 28 of deficient hearing, 113 of defective teeth, 112 of enlarged tonsils, 46 of post-nasal growth, 18 of pediculosis, 14 of blepharitis or ulcerated eyelids and 15 of bronchitis.

"We find malnutrition in combination with other defects, such as enlarged glands, defective teeth or enlarged tonsils. I find on examining the physical record that many instances of failure can be attributed to defective health.

"Since all medical inspection data disclosed that large numbers of school children suffer from defective hearing and vision, from malnutrition, enlarged tonsils, abenoids and nervous diseases that impede not only their own progress, but that of their classmates, and that many of these evils, although easily curable, become chronic through the ignorance neglect, poverty or indifference of parents, is it not one of the crying needs of the day that Minnesota, which has always pointed with pride to her natural health advantages, should at once take legislative action to secure reasonable immunity from suffering for her growing citizens".

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota, all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Hessen, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

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THE NEWS

BOUND OVER TOGRANDJURY

J. Latimer, Who Was Arrested in Thief River Falls Last Week, Is Bound Over.

His Bride Is Prostrated With Grief and the $500 Christmas Present Did Not Come.

Roy J. Latimer was arrested in Thief River Falls last week by Officer James Farr and has been taken to jail at Fergus Falls to answer to a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Latimer represented himself as a postoffice inspector and stated that he was installing a new mail box system, known as the "master key" system, whereby rural carriers will be able to open all of the boxes on a route by using only one key. He worked in the vicinity of Rochor, a short distance north of the Otter Tail county line, and the postoffice officials soon learned that he was doing a fraudulent business and placed him under arrest.

He has been bound over to the United States court and admits that he represented himself as an inspector, but claims he obtained only a very small amount of money by so doing. Latimer's operations were carried on in Becker county, and he was married there just a week prior to his arrest here to Miss Anna M. Jager, one of the county's most popular school teachers. He came into the community a total stranger, and the marriage took place after a courtship lasting two days. It was a case of love at first sight. The young lady is of a well to-do family, and was almost prostrated when she learned that her husband was an impostor.

She wept bitterly when Officer Farr arrested her husband in this city. Latimer is an Italian by birth, very short and quite good looking. The bride was a trifle over six feet in height. It is said that the couple were expecting a Christmas present of $500 from the bride's father.

The Ungrateful Cuckoo.

To hear the cuckoo's cheery note you might think he had the clearest conscience in the world. He can have neither memory nor moral sense or he would not carry it off so gayly. We say nothing of the "raptores," who are a race apart, but the most disreputable of birds, as a rule, are guilty of nothing worse than peccadillos. The jackdaw will steal for the mere fun of the thing, for he can make no possible use of plate or jewelry, and sometimes under temptation may make a snatch at a pheasant chick. Sparrows are, of course, notorious thieves, but they rank no higher in crime than the sneaking pickpockets. But the cuckoo, so to speak, is a murderer from his cradle. He violates the sanctity of a hospitable hearth. His first victims are his own foster brothers, and before he tries his wings on the first flight he is imbrued in fraternal blood, like any Amurath or Bazajet.—London Saturday Review.

Expected Some Cussing.

A West Philadelphia husband had just comfortably seated himself for his after dinner cigar the other evening when his good wife arose and took the parrot from the room. This done, she picked up a couple of envelopes and approached the old man, all of which occasioned that gent considerable surprise.

"Mary," said he, "what in the world did you take that parrot out of the room for?"

"I was afraid that you might set him a bad example," answered wifey.

"What do you mean?" demanded the wondering husband.

"I mean," answered wifey, handing father the envelope, "that I have just received my dressmaking and millinery bills."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Diving Bell.

The celebrated philosopher Aristotle speaks of a diving bell which was put over the head of the diver, but there is no proof of the use of the bell in ancient times. John Jaesnler, who lived in the early part of the sixteenth century, makes the earliest mention of the practical use of the diving bell in Europe. In all probability the first real practical use of the diving bell was in the attempt at rescuing the treasures of the Spanish armada off the English coast, 1588 and on.

A Change.

"It used to be the height of my ambition to own a motor car," said the worried looking man.

"And what is the height of your ambition now?" asked his friend.

"To sell it."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Ample Cause.

"What on earth possessed you to become engaged to Herbert?" a young lady asked her friend. "You don't love him an atom."

"I know," was the candid reply, "but that horrid Jones girl does."

Poor Angel.

"I wonder," said the sweet young thing, "why a man is always so frightened when he proposes."

"That," said the chronic bachelor, "is his guardian angel trying to hold him back."

Subscribe for the News.

Poor beans have little value unless boiled thoroughly and fed to hogs along with cornmeal, wheat bran or middlings.

It is interesting to speculate what would become of some of the antiquated female bovines of the country if a rigid inspection of meat products were required in all small retail centers.

It is estimated that the damage done annually to the agricultural and horticultural interests of the country by the common gray ground squirrel totals $10,000,000, while the damage wrought by the pocket gopher is as much or more.

A tobacco pail half full of water with a little bran sprinkled over the surface and left in the barn or granary makes an excellent trap for rats if any are about. The getting in is an easy matter when the rodents are hungry or thirsty, but once in they are seldom able to escape.

The quality of the honey product of any season is quite directly proportional to the abundance of the common white clover, on which the bees so much like to feed. The past year has been one in which this food supply was exceptionally good, and as a consequence the honey is very white and of delicious flavor.

Now comes a New York scientist who says that strawberries produce moroseness and disease. While this claim may be true, we have never known a person disposing of the last dish of strawberries and cream who was noticeably afflicted with any kind of dumps save that induced by the thought that these were the last of the season.

A truck farmer living near Weatherford, Tex., reports a yield of yams, or sweet potatoes, at the rate of 225 bushels to the acre. The variety grown was the Bunch Yam. From one hill were dug sixteen potatoes that averaged a trifle better than a half pound apiece, while from another seven potatoes were taken that had a combined weight of fifteen and one-third pounds.

Any who may be interested in the raising of golden pheasants may secure a bulletin giving their history and telling about the care of them by writing to the department at Washington. It is said that where one has an acre or two of rough land and will inclose it with a six foot wire fence he can make more money with golden pheasants than with any other kind of poultry.

It has been estimated by those who have made a study of the problem that it costs as much to haul a bushel of wheat over five miles of country road in Illinois as it does to carry it 1,100 miles to the elevator at Buffalo. On the basis of this high cost of wagon transportation it is held that in many rural districts of the country one-half the profit obtainable in the growing of crops is squandered in hauling them to market over poor roads.

Four cent hogs and steers and sixty to seventy cent corn constitute a feeding situation that can have only one economic result. It means, in the first place, that there can only be loss in feeding; in the second, that enormous numbers of hogs are going to be marketed on a slump market, the rapid decrease of animals in the feed lot, a decrease in the consumption of corn and later on a considerable drop in the price of corn and other substitute cereals.

A late bulletin issued by the good roads office at Washington states that there were, in the year 1904, 2,157,570 miles of public highway in the United States. Of this mileage 108,232 miles were surfaced with gravel, 36,021 miles with stone and 6,087 miles finished with special materials, such as shells, sand, clay and brick. On this basis it appears that 7.14 per cent of the country roads were improved, while there was .73 of a mile of improved road for every square mile of territory.

Consul John E. Hamilton of Cornwall, Ont., reports that the increase in the production of tobacco in Canada is extraordinary. The production in the counties of Essex and Kent, in Ontario, has risen from 600,000 pounds in 1897 to 7,500,000 pounds in 1906. This tobacco has been recognized as especially suitable for conversion into plug for chewing and smoking. The production is all being consumed in Canada and has materially lessened the demand for foreign tobacco. Parliament, as claimed, has made some important changes in the tariff that will operate in extending and enlarging the production of tobacco not only for home consumption, but for export.

The simplest way to do the job of dehorning without shedding any blood or leaving an ugly stub of a horn is to take caustic potash and apply it to the little horn germ or button, rubbing it on till the skin is reddened and the hair removed. If properly applied the horn simply does not grow, and a muley is the result. Caustic potash being very strong, it should be kept off the hands. Horns, which were provided the ancestors of present day breeds of cattle as a means of defense, are viewed as an excrescence and superfluity by the modern stock raiser. A number of polled or hornless breeds of cattle have been developed as a result of breeding and the process of natural selection, and it is an interesting speculation whether the continual warfare which is being waged against horns will ultimately produce a race of cattle which will be entirely without them.

SUGGESTED BY CHILDREN.

Origin of the Argand Lamp and the Telescope.

Some of our most useful mechanical appliances owe their existence to the ingenuity of children in fashioning their playthings. Argand, who invented a lamp with a wick fitted into a hollow cylinder, was one day busy in his workroom. Sitting before the burning lamp, his little brother was amusing himself by placing a bottomless oil flask over different articles. Suddenly he placed it upon the flame of the lamp, which instantly shot up the long circular neck of the flask with increased brilliancy. Argand did not allow such a suggestive occurrence to escape him. The idea of the lamp chimney almost immediately came into his head, and in a short time his invention was perfected.

The telescope owes its origin to a similar occurrence. The children of a Dutch spectacle maker happened to be playing one day with some of their father's glasses in front of the shop door. Placing two of the glasses together, they peeped through them and were exceedingly astonished to see the weathercock of the neighboring steeple brought within a short distance of their eyes. They were naturally puzzled and called their father to see the strange sight. When the spectacle maker looked through the glasses he was no less surprised than the children had been. He went indoors and thought the matter over, and then the idea occurred to him that he might construct a curious new toy which would give people a good deal of amusement. Not long after the telescope was an accomplished fact.

THE SUBTLE FEMALE.

How She Wheedles and Bullies the Poor Man Creature.

As woman gradually impressed upon man the futility of strutting around in finery and the necessity of being practically useful his garb has become more and more sober and workaday in appearance. Ethnologists tell us that the decorations of primitive man were intended to fascinate feminine eyes, but woman presently began to make it clear that she was not hunting for "a fine, showy article," but something solid and plain and useful, warranted to stand wear and tear. As for the ornamental role, she was going to represent the family herself in that line.

In fact, when one reflects how man has been stripped of gauds and wheedled out of his flipperies one by one, one cannot help feeling a tender pity for this victim of feminine self aggrandizement. Poor, timid trembler! A vague, general fear of the female sex haunts him. Afraid of being married against his will, he is circumvented by some subtle female creature who makes him think that it is his will to marry her. An observer remarks that a man very often in running away from the right woman runs straight into the arms of the wrong woman. And the wrong woman, that great opportunist, is always waiting there to block his headlong flight and switch it toward the altar.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

An Easy Job.

Indifference displayed in the face of the uncertainties and dangers of life is characteristic of the Wessex dwellers in the "Islands of the Vale," according to Eleanor G. Hayden, the author of the book of the title, who supports her statement with a story of humorous turn.

A certain cottage and its old mistress had improved so greatly in comfort and appearance that a visitor shrewdly surmised that the son of the house, a lazy ne'er do well, had turned over a new leaf. He inquired about it.

"Yes, sir, my son's in work now," said the smiling old mother. "Takes good money, he does, too. All he has to do is to go twice a day to the circus and put his head in the lion's mouth. The rest of the time he has to himself."

Not Infectious.

I used to be very much afraid that my children while playing with others would be exposed to some contagious disease, and they were constantly on the lookout for trouble of this kind.

One day little Louise, aged four, came rushing in from the street where she had been playing with a crowd of children. In a very excited manner she burst out, "Well, mother, two of the Meyers children have something, but sister says she don't think we'll catch it, though."

"Well, what is it, darling?" I asked.

"It's the pigeon toes," she replied.—Delineator.

How Pike Kill Perch.

From careful observation I am satisfied that pike kill their prey before swallowing them, and they do this by holding whatever fish they have secured crossways in their powerful jaws for some time before bolting it. I once watched a pike hold a perch in this way for twenty minutes, and then he moved off out of sight, but from five to ten minutes is the usual time.—W. H. Armistead in "Trout Waters, Management and Angling."

Information Wanted.

Mrs. Benham—Before we were married you said that life would be one grand, sweet song. Benham—Well, what of it? Mrs. Benham—I'd like to know where you do your singing.—New York Press.

An Added Attraction.

"Ah, Elsie, it is fine to be married to an officer—such a beautiful uniform and so many decorations."

"Yes, and, besides that, he'll have a band at his funeral."—Wahre Jacob.

STUNTED OAKS.

Miniature Trees That Are Grown In China Bowls.

In the window of a florist stood some quaint china bowls, in each of which grew a tree—not a shrub, but a full sized tree, dating back many years. "Yes," replied the florist to the writer's inquiry, "they are real trees—oaks, maples and beech trees. We get them from Japan, where the secret of how to rear them is known only to a few. They are raised from seeds or specially selected cuttings, which are watched and tended with that marvelous patience inherent in the eastern races. Fifty years may pass before the tree is considered salable. During this period the plant is trained and its natural tendencies subjugated to the will of the rearer. The gardener prunes and trims and rears and directs with what Carlyle called genius—'an infinite capacity for taking pains.' A wayward twig may be bound up for two or three years to insure its correct growth. Periodically the tree is repotted. Each time this happens the roots are carefully examined and useless fiber cut away. Everything is done to concentrate the life of the tree in the smallest possible space. And in time, after years of labor, the plant loses its ability to send out long, lusty shoots and becomes a delightful miniature of its larger brethren."—Montreal Standard.

THE NIGERIAN BABY.

Water Soaked Inside and Outside at the Morning Toilet.

Matrons of the west may be interested to hear the details of the Nigerian native baby's morning toilet. Anything over three months old is no longer a "baby" to the native materfamilias and is bathed with the other children, generally a numerous brood, in the chill morning air before sunrise. The little mite yells lustily while the cold water is splashed over its brown body and generally continues the chorus when put aside to dry. Towels do not form part of the household equipment. The bathing process finished, the infants are subjected to a sort of water cure treatment. The mother seizes a child, scoops up a handful of water and, using her thumb as a kind of spout, squirts it with extraordinary dexterity into the youngster's mouth and down its throat. Protests in the shape of loud gurgles, horrible chokings and desperate struggling are quite unheeded. The steady stream of water continues to pour down the child's throat until the mother's practiced touch on the patient's distended stomach tells her that the limit of capacity has been reached. All babies are submitted to this treatment, which is believed to have a most strengthening effect.—London Standard.

Advice to Smokers.

Here are a number of don'ts for smokers, some of which no doubt will surprise a good many men: Don't smoke directly after a meal. There is the most irresistible craving to smoke, but it is wiser to wait a half hour or an hour. Don't smoke out of doors in a high wind or in cold, frosty weather. In the former case it is dangerous, and in the latter it cracks the lips and prevents proper breathing. Don't smoke with the cigar or pipe held at the corner of the mouth. This excites the secretion of more saliva than when the cigar or pipe is held straight in front. And, above all, don't get in the bad habit of expectorating frequently when smoking. It is quite unnecessary and merely a habit, and harmful.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Ignorant, but Careful.

"Ignorance nearly always makes fools of us," said a lecturer. "I remember a man, ignorant of etiquette, who once sat beside me at a public dinner. I noticed that this man, as soon as he was seated, took up one by one the knives at the right of his plate and began to try their edges on his thumb. A waiter behind him leaned forward and said in a hurt tone:

"'The knives are all sharp, sir.'

"'The point is,' said my neighbor, 'I'm looking for a blunt one. Last time I attended a banquet here I cut my mouth.'"

An Obedient Tiger.

"How entire," remarks the London Globe, "is the confidence of the native East Indian in the government may be gathered from the following anecdote, which comes from Lahore: A tiger had escaped from the zoological gardens, and its keeper, hoping to lure it back, followed it. When all other inducements had failed, he lifted up his voice and solemnly adjured it in the name of the British government, to which it belonged, to come back to its cage. The tiger, it is needless to add, obeyed at once."

Foul or Fair Weather.

Small Wallace accepted an invitation to a party as follows:

"Dear Louis—I will come to your party if it don't rain" (then, thinking that he might have to stay at home in that case), "and if it does."—Delineator.

A Real Tumbler.

"I saw a goblet today made of bone."

"Pshaw! I saw a tumbler made of flesh and blood last night."

"Where?"

"At the circus."

Of noise alone is born the inward sense of silence, and from action springs alone the inward knowledge of true love and faith.—MacDonald.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Fred Riebard, unmarried, as mortgagor, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section eighteen, township one hundred and fifty-two, north, range forty-five, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing one hundred and sixty acres according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date August 8, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on September 5, 1905 at nine o'clock A. M. in book 35 of mortgage records, at page 520, and

Whereas, the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated September 23, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on September 26, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgage records, at page 100, duly assigned said mortgage to Michael Maire, and—

Whereas the said Michael Maire, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 21, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 538, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty-eight cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Russell E. Vance and Cora M. Vance, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots one and three and the north one-half of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section sixteen, township one hundred fifty-one, north range forty-four, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing 196.10 acres, according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date June 1, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on June 13, 1905, at 1:30 P. M., in book 35 of Mortgages at page 467, and

Whereas the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated June 17, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 20, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgage Records, at page 171, duly assigned said mortgage to Ellen F. Sullivan, and

Whereas the said Ellen F. Sullivan, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 18, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 537, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of two thousand five hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

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PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. dec. 31-feb 4.

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We are distributors for this distinctive watch.
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TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	$1.00
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.30
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

H. G. Dobner was up to Germantown last Saturday.

I. L. Erickson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

L. W. Thompson, of Roseau, was in the city last week.

Eddie Abbott, of Rollis, was in the city the first of the week.

Miss Grace Breese, of Middle River, was in the city Tuesday.

Dr. Archibold and family were up from Mahnomen last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKenney were up from Crookston last week.

Peter Peterson was down to Alexandria last week visiting his parents.

Harry Holberg, the Newfolden merchant, was in the city last Saturday.

Fred Holzknecht and family visited friends at Red Lake Falls last week.

Try our smokeless coal, it is the coal for the kitchen. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Mrs. Charles Newberry and Mrs. James Bulman were over to Oslo last week.

W. F. Campell, the county attorney of Mahnomen county, was in the city last week.

Henry Vinje, of Fisher, Minn., is spending the holidays at the H. Hermanson home.

Ben Christienson was up to Badger the first of the week attending to business matters.

Miss Golda Hill, who is teaching school at Bemidji, is at home spending the holidays.

Louis Gilsoul, of Esplee, was in the city Monday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Crookston the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Harry Purdy is up from Glencoe, spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Herron.

Pat Sullivan, of Highlanding, was in the city last week, being enroute home from a trip to North Dakota.

Attorney Charles E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city last Saturday attending to some legal business.

Wanted—We want all the restaurants in town to try our smokeless coal. It will please you. —Langseth Mercantile Co.

H. N. Hager, the real estate dealer, left Monday on a trip to Southern Minnesota and Iowa, looking for farm purchasers.

—For Sale—A registered Gernsey bull, six months old. Price $50. Inquire of Hans Nelson, Porter's addition, Thief River Falls.

Salomon Danielson, of Rothsay, Minn., was in the city the first of the week visiting old friends and looking after his property interests here.

Pat Sullivan, the well known river boss for the East Grand Forks Lumber company, has been appointed chief deputy sheriff of Polk county.

D. A. Kollestrand, one of the enterprising residents of the town of Highlanding, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

No fear need be felt of the indigestibility of hot biscuit if they are made light and flakey by the use of Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder. Our extracts are the best. Try them.

A. B. Arpin was up from Grand Rapids, Wis., Sunday to visit his brother, A. M. Arpin, who has been quite seriously ill with typhoid fever. Mr. Arpin is now rapidly recovering and will soon be able to be out.

W. E. Rowley and wife, Harry Wolson and Mrs Julia Nelson, all former residents of Thief River Falls but now located upon homesteads up near Warroad arrived in the city last week to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Miss Irene Caldwell closed a very successful term of school at Plummer last week and is at home spending the holidays. An entertainment was given up on the last day of school which is said to have been a very successful affair.

The crew of men who have been at work overhauling the sawmill here have finished their work and left Monday for Bemidji where they have a similar job. Among those going over were James Dean, John Holmberg, Peter Peterson, Nels Larson and Adolph Lindblat.

The final hearing in the Kron estate, S. A. Swanson guardian for Ernest Kron, minor, was held in probate court last Friday. Mr. Kron received a draft for $462.16, the net proceeds of his share of his father's estate. The young man has just become of age and the money received will be a material assistance in getting a start in the business world. He will engage in the jewelry business. —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Ponnoy, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Edwin Hill is confined to his home by typhoid fever.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Dr. Frank, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

John Zavoral was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

M. V. Evenson transacted business up at Middle River on Tuesday.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 214.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Attorney Mabey was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city yesterday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Bennie Bothun is down from Halma this week visiting old friends for a few days.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week visiting with friends.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Our coal business is growing. Why? Because we satisfy our customers. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Lumber for $8.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Miss Flynn, the efficient stenographer in Supt. Michael's office spent the holidays in St. Paul with relatives.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

A regular meeting of the Royal Neighbors will be held on January 6, 1909. All members are requested to be present.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

—For Sale—Good three year old Hamiltonian mare for sale cheap. Inquire of Andrew N. Ness, box 915, Thief River Falls.

John Q. Cronkhite, one of the popular mail clerks running out of this city on No. 113 and 114, has a mild case of smallpox.

Mr. and Mrs D. N. Winton and son Jack, arrived in the city yesterday morning and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shaw.

A. C. Kvennes, the well known Middle River banker, was in the city Tuesday, having just returned from a trip to Adams, N. D.

Frank Lawrence left the first of the week for Fargo. His family will remain here for a few weeks more visiting at the home of C. A. R. Bbecke.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Willard Provencher, the popular and accomodating day clerk at the Hotel Evelyn, left Tuesday morning for Argyle to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka, who is spending the winter in California, has been quite sick the past few weeks with an attack of the grip, but is now improving rapidly.

Deputy Game Warden Munch was up to Warroad the first of the week and had Charles Springsteel fined $21.50 for fishing in the Lake of the Woods with a net.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. P. Paulson next Tuesday, January 5, 1909 at 2 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank— We are connected with land men in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Charles Latta, of Plummer, was in the city yesterday.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. H. Skagen, Wednesday afternoon, January 6. All are cordially invited.

Services New Years day at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. In the church east of the Soo Depot. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

K. Rogness, one of the enterprising farmers of Germantown, braved the storm yesterday and came to town to transact some business matters.

General Manager Gruber and other officials of the Great Northern went up to Warroad yesterday for the Great Northern to inspect the new line.

The people out at Kratka, Anton, Highlanding and Erie and other points did not receive any mail yesterday. Joe Duchamp found the storm so severe that he could not make the trip.

Miss Laura Simonson, Miss Eva Olson, teachers in the Grand Forks college and Miss Dagny Olson, of Portland, N. D., arrived in the city Tuesday and are guests at the H. P. Sponheim home.

Andrew E. Lind, who with his parents formerly resided in the town of Sanders, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute from Cavalier, N. D., where he is employed in doing newspaper work, to Spague, Canada, to visit his parents for a few days.

Services at the German Lutheran church Thursday evening at 7:30. Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and in the afternoon at 1:30 the annual congregation will be held. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

The people of Thief River Falls spent a very Merry Christmas this year according to Postmaster Kratka and his force of assistants. By far more registered mail and packages than ever before was received at the local office.

The Swedish Lutheran Congregation will hold their annual business meeting in the Swedish church on the East Side January 5, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M. Services at 8 o'clock in the evening at the same place by Rev. Ryden from England.

Ole G. Hanson returned last week from a trip over to Grafton, N. D. where he visited with old friends. He reports that John Olson, who formerly lived up at Germantown, is cultivating three-quarters of a section of land over there and keeps him quite busy.

Ed. Wertz, who has been up at Roseau and Badger helping to build two modern elevators for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, returned to this city the first of the week. The local company now has their elevators at these places, although it is probable that other elevators will be built in the spring.

Patrons on the rural mail routes will be interested in knowing 9,000 pieces of mail should be delivered on each route every quarter and if the business does not come up to this standard the route is apt to be discontinued. Postmaster Steenerson at Crookston has been notified that routes No. 2 and No. 6 running out of Crookston do not come up to this standard and if the patrons do not increase the business the routes may be discontinued.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm, on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 85 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Take Notice.

I have sold out the C. O. D. Clothing store to Korstad Bros. and wish to notify all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me to call and settle their accounts and oblige, S. Kenison.

Scott's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil is the means of life and enjoyment of life to thousands: men, women and children.
When appetite fails, it restores it. When food is a burden, it lifts the burden.
When you lose flesh, it brings the plumpness of health.
When work is hard and duty is heavy, it makes life bright.
It is the thin edge of the wedge; the thick end is food. But what is the use of food when you hate it and can't digest it?
Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the food that makes you forget your stomach.
Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Coal Coal Coal
WE solicit your orders for coal. We have always on hand all kinds of coal at lowest market price. We give you 2,000 pounds to the ton and prompt delivery. We can deliver at once on receipt of order.
HARD COAL
...STOVE OR NUT...
SOFT COAL SMOKELESS COAL
Try our smokeless coal. It is the coal for the kitchen. Leave your coal order in our hardware department. Thanking you for your 1908 business and soliciting your favors the coming year, we remain
Yours for business,
Langseth Mercantile Co.

Highlanding.

[illegible] Emma Wold was a visitor at W. [illegible] Monday afternoon.

[illegible] John Penn was a business caller [illegible] the first of the week.

Mr. Walt McAndrews and Sam McMahon made a trip to Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

Mr. August Wentzel and family are spending the Holidays at Fisher.

Miss Amanda Dunn came up from Thief River Falls last week to spend her vacation with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hammerstein and little daughter, left last Wednesday to spend the holidays with friends and relatives at Ringbo.

Miss Katherine Dunn, who is teaching near Kratka, came home last Friday for a week's vacation, having closed her school there.

It is rumored that our popular mail carrier is soon to launch his boat on the sea of Matrimony, may good luck follow you, "Ole".

A crowd of young folk's from near Highlanding, spent a very pleasant time with Peter Hunstad last Friday evening.

Mrs. Vern McMahon entertained a company of young lady friends Sunday afternoon, the occasion being her fourteenth birthday.

The Bunch of Young Folk's visited at Henry Arndts Sunday evening.

The Misses Mary and Kate Sullivan left Monday for a week's visit at Crystal, N. Dak.

The dance at Kratka was greatly enjoyed by our young people Saturday evening.

Star.

On December 31st, G. G. Olson and Olga Bergstet, both of this township were united in marriage at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Ervig. Your correspondent extends best wishes. Another wedding will be procured next week, and that's going some for this end of the county.

Supervisor Hans H. Field made a trip to Thief River Falls this week.

C. J. Ekwall is on a business trip to his old home at St. Hilaire.

School district number [illegible] has installed brand new seats in their school, which were badly needed.

Wm. Hall of Thief River Falls arrived here Christmas eve and is enjoying the best of health. He does not intend to return to Thief River Falls for some time.

Subscribe for the News.

AT THE BIJOU.

A strong and well balanced bill is the offering this week.

Edison's "Leprechawn" is an Irish fairy story. Seems to be the strongest bit of fiction produced this season. The great success of the dramatic production has caused a tremendous demand for this tale. Mrs. Huseth renders charmingly, "I Love You, The World is Thine", answer to "Love Me, and the World is Mine". Comedies, "The Working man's Dream" and "The Mesmerist", colored phantasy, "Grotesques". Scenic, "The Great 1908 Marathon Race at London".

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Dec. 29, 1908, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Becks, Eugine
Brogan, Estella
Converse, Mel
Comming, Capt.
Hamre, Jacob O.
Kauragen, Hendri
Mollo, Miss Mattie
Pederson, H. A.
Uyllott, Russel

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Asked Too Much.

In R. F. Johnson's book, "From Pekin to Mandalay," the author tells the story of a poor Chinese scholar noted for his piety, who heard the voice of an invisible being who spoke to him thus: "Your piety has found favor in the sight of heaven. Ask now for what you most long to possess, for I am the messenger of the gods, and they have sworn to grant your heart's desire." "I ask," said the poor scholar, "for the coarsest clothes and food, just enough for my daily wants, and I beg that I may have freedom to wander at my will over mountain and fell and woodland stream, free from all worldly cares, till my life's end. That is all I ask." Hardly had he spoken than the sky seemed to be filled with the laughter of myriads of unearthly voices. "All you ask," cried the messenger of the gods. "Know you not that what you demanded is the highest happiness of the beings that dwell in heaven? Ask for wealth or rank or what earthly happiness you will, but not for you are the holiest joys of the gods."

Old Fashioned Blizzard.

About the first good snow storm of the winter arrived here Tuesday morning and continued all thru yesterday. When the storm first started there was no wind, but Tuesday night it turned into a regular blizzard, and trains on all lines running in and out of Thief River Falls have been delayed.

Clothing Stock At Big A Reduction.

Having bought the stock of the C. O. D. Clothing Company, in order to reduce the stock and get it in good working shape, I will sell all Clothing and Overcoats at a great big reduction. Here are a few examples:

$25 Suits and Overcoats for $18.
$22 Suits and Overcoats for $16.50.
$20 Suits and Overcoats at $15.
$18 Suits and Overcoats at $13.
$15 Suits and Overcoats at $11.
$10 Suits and Overcoats at $7.50.

Boys' two-piece suits, from 3 to 8. Look here! $4 suits at $2.50. $3 suits at $2. Everything else way down. Now is the time to get good wearing apparel at wholesale prices. This means a reduction on everything in the store. C. O. D. Clothing Company, Wm. Korstad, Proprietor.

Special Sunday Dinners.

The Hotel Evelyn serves a special 6 o'clock dinner every Sunday evening and the public is invited to call. The best of service will be given to family parties.

Notice.

The M. W. of A. and the R. N. of A. are to have joint installation on the evening of Jan. 7, 1910. Royal Neighbors and their husbands, Woodmen and their wives or ladies are requested to attend. By Committee.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

The Costly Brier Pipe.

"People don't understand brier pipe making," said a dealer. "If they did they wouldn't consider a five or six dollar brier extravagant. Did you know, for instance, that a brier pipe after its completion is put away to season for nine or ten years? French brier is the best material for these pipes. It isn't, though, brier, and it doesn't come from France. It comes from—etymologically speaking—the word 'bruyere,' which means 'furze.' French brier is really Italian furze root, a growth of the Tuscan Alps. The plant is as carefully cultivated as tobacco itself. All the sprouts and leaves are kept well pruned; thus all the sap goes to the root's nourishment. The root is cut when fully developed and boiled and dried before shipment. Afterward the pipemaker boils and dries it again. And when the pipe is finished he stores it away for further drying—a matter of eight years or so. The best brier pipe is one cut crosswise of the grain, and the grain should be birdseye. Such a pipe lasts a lifetime—can be handed down from father to son. Of course it's dear."

Only the Truth.

A virtue carried to excess may become ridiculous. To such action one may well preach, "Be temperate in all things," even in virtue. Amelia Opie, the English authoress, was not content with any half measures, as is shown in a letter from her quoted in "Quaker Pictures," by Wilfred Whitten. Mrs. Opie's course of conduct is to be respected as proceeding from her conscientious nature, but fiction readers may congratulate themselves that her opinions are not universal.

Before she became a Quaker she wrote fiction. After her conversion she was asked to contribute a story to a magazine. Her answer to the editor ran as follows:

"Thou knowest or ought to know that since I became a Friend I am not free to what is called to make a story. I will write a fact for thy perusal or any little matter of history or truth or a poem if thou wishest, but I must not lie and say such and such a thing took place when it did not. Dost thou understand?"

A Famous Story.

Every section has its famous story. A famous story that is being retold in Oregon is about a very rich banker who got his start by doing work for the government. His bill was $5,000, and it had to be submitted to congress. Congress has a habit of cutting its bills in two. To make allowance for this he jumped his bill to $10,000. He sent the bill to the governor for his approval. The governor, having also heard that congress generally appropriated only half as much as was asked, jumped it to $20,000. The bill was then sent to one of the congressmen. Being friendly to the contractor, he jumped it to $40,000 and sent it to another Oregon congressman for his approval. The second congressman jumped it to $80,000. Congress allowed the whole $80,000, although the contractor was entitled to only $5,000. This is told as a fact in Oregon. The man who got the $80,000 got his start on it and is now a millionaire.—Atchison Globe.

A "Lady" In Pepys' Time.

There were worse terrors than the matinee hat for the man who sat behind a lady in the seventeenth century theater, as recalled by the London Chronicle. At least, we may suppose so from Mr. Pepys' experience on Jan. 28, 1661, when he saw "The Lost Lady" for the second time. Nine days earlier that play had not pleased him much, partly perhaps because he was "troubled to be seen by four of our office clerks, which sat in the half crown box and I in the 1s. 6d." But on the second occasion the play did "please me better than before, and here, I sitting behind in a dark place, a lady spit backward upon me by a mistake, not seeing me." However, it was all right, for, "after seeing her to be a very pretty lady, I was not troubled at it at all."

In Different Sets.

It is but seldom, one imagines, that a good joke is made about an oyster. Edmund Yates, however, in his "Recollections and Experiences," relates one. "I was walking with Thackeray one evening from the club," writes Yates, "and, passing a fish shop in New street, he noticed two different tubs of oysters, one marked '1 shilling a dozen' and the other '1s. 3d. a dozen.'

"'How they must hate each other!' said Thackeray."

London's Bridges.

Few people are aware of the extent to which the city of London is bridged over. In all, it seems, there are no fewer than seventy-five bridges. Of these nineteen are railway bridges, three are bridges over roads (such as Holborn viaduct), and fifty-three are bridges which connect private premises.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Placing Him.

"May I ask you what your profession is?"

"Certainly. I cure people of the blues by hypnotic power."

"Oh, I see. You're what you might call a cheerup-dist."

Mean.

Maud (before the laughing hyena's cage)—How provoking! Here we've been twenty minutes, and the hyena hasn't laughed once. Ella—Strange, and he's been eying your new hat too!

His Great Love.

She—Darling, do you love me? He (eying her rapturously and repeatedly)—Do I? I wish you were a two headed girl. That's all I can say.—[illegible]

Slim Women of Hungary.

The women of Hungary regard a small waist as the greatest possible beauty, and they will endure anything in order to put on an appearance of being small waisted. Tight lacing is carried on to an extraordinary extent, and the waist is compressed by force until one would think that the owner could hardly breathe. Yet in this confined state the women will plunge into the wildest of Hungarian dances, known as the czardas, and prance frantically like ballet dancers until at the end they sink, gasping, exhausted and well nigh suffocated, on a sofa. As they grow older most of these slim beauties become enormously stout, and then they are regarded as quite old. The Hungarians, though they resemble the Turks in many ways, have not the Turkish admiration for fat women or the English admiration for elderly made up belles. Hungary is a land of slim young women, and when they lose their figure they lose their attractiveness and their power.—Modern Society.

"Times Is Changed."

"Yes, siree, Bill; times is changed since you an' me was doin' our courtin'," said Adoniram Clover, with a note of sadness in his voice, to old Andy Clover, who had come over to "set a spell."

"When we was doin' our courtin', Andy, a gal thought she was bein' treated right harnsom if a feller bought her 10 cents' wuth o' pep'mints once in awhile, an' if he tuk her to any doin's in town she didn't expect him to go down into his jeans to the tune of a dollar or two for ice cream an' soda water an' candy at fo'ty cents a paound. My son Si tuk his duckydaddle to the band concert in town yistiday, an' there wa'n't a quarter left of a dollar bill he struck me fer time he got home. Beats all the way young folks throw the money away nowadays. I tell ye times is changed mightily since we was boys, an' the Lawd only knows what the end will be with a feller layin' out 75 cents on a gal in one day!"—St. Louis Republic.

The Innocent Young Thing.

The manufacturer of a moving picture machine was explaining to a group of acquaintances how he had obtained a series of pictures showing a celebrated massacre that had once taken place at a western army post in the days when Indian warfare was a horrible reality instead of an exhibit on a Broadway stage.

"The commander of the post," he said, "had a detachment of soldiers and another of Indians re-enact the scene for us, dressed exactly as in the old days, so our machines could secure every detail—the onslaught of the Indians, the defense by the white soldiers, their massacre and the destruction of the fort."

"It may be very interesting," said the kindly citizen, "but I should not care to see it in even a picture."

The sweet young thing listened with wide eyes.

"And did they really kill the white soldiers for you?" she asked, breathless.—New York Press.

Two Arctic Enemies.

Since the beginning of time there probably has been enmity between the polar bear and the walrus. Except for the walrus, bruin's reign over the arctic regions has been almost unchallenged since the race of mammoths passed. All the hardy flesh eaters that inhabit the bleak, unfertile northland are his natural prey. But most of all he depends upon the seals and sea lions for his food. There is only one animal that is powerful enough to defend itself and offspring against the polar bear's attack, the huge and cumbrous walrus, but its movements are so slow and awkward when out of the water that often it is impossible for the bulky animal to retard the swift attack and retreat of its smaller opponent.—Frank Stick in St. Nicholas.

Three of Them Knew.

According to the Philadelphia Record, a boy of eight said to his mother:

"Well, there were only three boys in school today who could answer one question that the teacher asked us."

"And I hope my boy was one of the three," said the proud mother.

"You bet I was," answered the young hopeful, "and Sam Harris and Harry Stone were the other two."

"I am very glad you proved yourself so good a scholar, my son; it makes your mother proud of you. What question did the teacher ask, Johnny?"

"'Who broke that glass in the back window?'"

A Real Romance.

Sometimes there are instances in life like those in the story books: An Atchison girl engaged herself to a carpenter, thinking he was poor, and discovered on the eve of her wedding day that he had $150 in the bank. He had not told her, wishing her to love him for himself alone.—Atchison Globe.

A Big Bathtub.

The tides run out swiftly in the bay of Fundy.

A summer urchin, witnessing the phenomenon for the first time, yelled shrilly: "Mamma, look quick! Some one has pulled the plug out of the ocean!"

The Roller.

"A rolling stone gathers no moss," remarked the proverb dispenser.

"And, like the human high roller," rejoined the thoughtful thinker, "it also gravitates downhill."—Chicago News.

In the march of life don't heed the order "right about" when you know you are about right.—Holmes.

Guilty Of Counterfeiting.

Passing counterfeit money is no worse than substituting some unknown worthless remedy for Foley's Honey and Tar, the great cough and cold remedy that cures the most obstinate coughs and heals the lungs. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, } ss. DISTRICT COURT.
County of Red Lake }

O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company, Plaintiff,
vs.
Christ Myhre, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of an execution to me delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, Co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company and against Christ Myhre, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter (N. E.¼) of Section eleven (11) Township one hundred and fifty three (153) North of Range forty one (41) in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

And that I shall on Saturday the 16th day of January, A. D., 1909, at the hour of Ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Front Door of the Post Office in the city of Thief River Falls, in said county and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Christ Myhre in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgment and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Seventeen no-100 Dollars, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the first day of December, 1908, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
G. Halvorson, By Robert A. Lee,
Plaintiff's Attorney Deputy.
Dated December 1st, 1908.
dec 3-jan. 7

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, Issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit,- the southeast quarter, (S. E.¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W.¼ of N. E.¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N.½ of S. E.¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, as it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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Cures Colds Prevents Pneumonia

A Personal Appeal.

If we could talk to you personally about the great merit of Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds and lung trouble, you never could be induced to experiment with unknown preparations that may contain some harmful drugs. Foley's Honey and Tar costs you no more and has a record of forty years of cures. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Nov 25, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Quigley, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 21 1904, made H. E. No. 39, Serial, No. 01090, for Lots 5, 6, & 7 & S. E.¼ N. E.¼, Section 3, Township 151, N., Range 43 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 16th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
George Greibrok, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aslak O. Hereland, " " " " "
Oscar Joppru, " " " " "
Halvor B. Halvorson, of " " " "
R. J. MONTAGUE,
dec. 3 jan. 7 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Landoffice at Crookston, Minn., Dec. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Hannah Hanson, of Hellem, Minn., who, on 25 day of January, 1902, made Homestead entry No 22815, Serial, No. 01118, for S. W.¼, S. E.¼, Section 18, Township 155, N., Range 44 W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five years proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren, Minn., on the 12 day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John M. Kulseth, of Viking, Minn.
Betalus M. Nelson, " Llewellyn, Minn.
Nils T. Melvr, " " "
Carl Hanson, " Warren, "
R. J. MONTAGUE,
dec. 10 jan. 14 Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 24, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. Leslie, of Anton, P. O., Minn., who, on June 28th, 1904, made Homestead Entry, No 3[illegible], Serial No 01061, for S. W.¼, Sections 8, Township 153 N., Range 41 W., 5th, principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Christ P. [illegible], of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
Barney F. [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter [illegible], of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Fred H. Wright of Anton P. O., Minn.
R. J. MONTAGUE,
dec 3 jan 7 Register.

More people are taking Foley's Kidney Remedy every year. It is considered to be the most effective remedy for kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up worn out tissues and restores lost vitality. It will make you feel well and look well. A. Bjerkhoel.

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stops the cough and heals lungs

Mrs. McRaney's Experience.

Mrs. M. McRaney, Prentiss, Miss., writes: "I was confined to my bed for three months with kidney and bladder trouble, and was treated by two physicians but failed to get relief. No human tongue can tell how I suffered, and I had given up hope of ever getting well until I began taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. After taking two bottles I felt like a new person, and feel it my duty to tell suffering women what Foley's Kidney Remedy did for me". A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

DR. O. W. BOOREN;
DENTIST.
Office Over Jackson & McGinn's Hardware Store.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

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THE WORD "WINTER."

Said to Have Originally Indicated Wetness, Not Coldness.

There is a prevailing impression that there is something in the word "winter" that signifies cold, and the season is usually associated with the idea of low temperature, but where the word originated there was little of winter as we understand it, while there was a great deal of moisture at the time the earth was nearest to the sun, so that it is not the temperature but the atmospheric condition that has given us the word.

The word "winter," as we use it, is found with but slight modifications in all the branches of the Aryan languages, for the idea of wetness associated with the season was given to it before the Aryan family was divided.

If we go to the root of the word we find "wad," with the signification of to well, to wash out, to moisten or make wet. Our Aryan ancestors used that root to apply to all conditions of moisture, and many words besides winter have grown out of it, wet and water being among them.

This root "wad" is in the Sanskrit as "udan," water. Anglo-Saxon has "waeter," and in Latin we have "unda," wave, from which we get our "inundate."

Our Danish and Swedish cousins changed the "w" into a "v" and have "vinter." In Icelandic it is "vetir," and the old high German has "wintar," and it is "winter" in German. These four words are all from the Teutonic base "wata," which means wet. So it has been moisture that has been indicated from the birth of the root on which all of the different words in a dozen languages have grown.—New York Herald.

CURIOUS FLORIDA HERB.

Red Plant Which Feeds Upon Ants and Other Insects.

Almost everybody knows there are such things as insectivorous or carnivorous plants, but it is doubtful if many know we have any such plants growing right here in southern Florida. Nevertheless there is a plant, or, rather, herb, growing here which is really insectivorous.

It is likely that on account of its being extremely small it has escaped attention. In fact, it seems to have been overlooked by the botanists also, as we are unable to find it classed among the sensitive plants.

This is an annual herb, and the entire plant, including the flowers, is of a deep rich red color. It rarely reached a height of more than three inches and is never so broad. The leaves are spatulate when undisturbed and present many small fibrillae and secrete at their tips a tenacious fluid which is capable of holding the very small insects, such as ants and the like, upon which it feeds. When any of these get lodged in the fluid and disturb these fibrillae the leaves slowly acquire a deep cut shape, and sometimes curl completely up over their victim. When they have absorbed the insect they slowly recover their original shape, leaving only the skeleton of the insect remaining.

These plants grow on the very low, flat, poor and sandy lands. They appear in the late winter and early spring months.—Punta Gorda (Fla.) Herald.

The Human Temperature.

Put to the test of the thermometer, it appears that the normal temperature of the body is almost invariable, regardless of latitude or season. Putting the bulb of the thermometer under the tongue of an Eskimo at the frozen north or of a man under the blazing sun of the tropics, we find that in each case, the body being in a state of health, the temperature is about the same, the difference not amounting to a degree. We may say absolutely that the average normal temperature of a human being is about 98.5 degrees F., just as we may say that at sea level water boils at 212 degrees F.—New York American.

Put In More Words.

"Now, Peters," said the teacher, "what is it makes the water of the sea so salty?"

"Salt," said Peters.

"Next!" said the teacher. "What is it makes the water of the sea so salty?"

"The salty quality of the sea water," answered "Next," "is due to the admixture of a sufficient quantity of chloride of sodium to impart to the aqueous fluid with which it commingles a saline flavor, which is readily recognized by the organs of taste!"

"Right, Next," said the teacher. "Go up one!"

Mutton Birds.

During six weeks every autumn the 400 inhabitants of the Australian Furneaux islands make enough money to support themselves in idleness the rest of the year. They do this by catching the very fat young "mutton birds," which are hatched there in such numbers that the flocks when they migrate extend for miles. They furnish food and oil, which is used for lubricating purposes and also as a substitute for cod liver oil.

Making Sure.

Country Cousin—Are you sure I am in the right train? Town Relative (who has had about enough of it)—Well, I have asked seventeen porters and thirty-two passengers, and they all say "Yes," so I think you'd better risk it.—London Telegraph.

If thou continuest to take delight in idle argumentation thou mayest be qualified to combat with the sophists, but never know how to love with men.—Socrates.

THE RIVER NILE.

Ancient Greeks and the Process of Sterilizing Water.

The ancient Greeks already recommended the use of sterilized water. Rufus of Ephesus, in the first century of this era, taught that "all water from rivers and ponds is bad except that from the Nile. Water from rivers which flow through unhealthy soil, stagnant water and that which flows near public bathing places is harmful. The best water is that which has been boiled in baked earthenware vessels, cooled and then heated a second time before drinking."

This hygienic prescription was intended both for healthy and sick people, since it was applied to the armies: "During marches and in camps pits must be dug successively from the highest point to the lowest level of the place. These holes should be lined with clay such as is used for making pottery and the water should be made to percolate through it. The water will leave all its impurities in these pits."

It may be inquired how the ancient Greeks, knowing the processes of sterilization and filtration of water which they applied to that of the most limpid rivers, should have drunk without precautions the water of the Nile, which our microscopes allow us to declare "sound," but which is in appearance the most worthy of suspicion of all and is so muddy, so yellow, that it resembles wine.—*Gazette des Eaux.*

THE BASILISK.

How the Fabulous Monster Was Pictured by Ancient Writers.

The basilisk was the most famous of the many fabulous monsters of mediaeval folklore. According to the popular notion, it was hatched by a toad from an egg laid by the cock of the common barnyard fowl. In the ancient picture books it was usually represented as an eight limbed serpent or dragon, sometimes with and sometimes without wings. Its name is derived from basiliscos meaning a little king, and was applied because the creature was figured with a circle of white spots on its head which much resembled a crown. The cockatrice, a species of basilisk, besides having a crown, possessed a comb which was an exact counterpart of the cock's.

Pliny assures us that the basilisk had a voice which "struck terror to the hearts of men, beasts and serpents." The Bible classes it with the lion, the serpent and the dragon as one of the most formidable creatures. Old writers—Pliny, Bascho and others—say that its bite was mortal in every case, that its breath was suffocating and that no plant would grow in the vicinity of its lair. Its dead body was often suspended in belfries to prevent swallows from building there.

Disease Scents.

"Every disease almost has its peculiar odor," said a doctor. "This odor helps us greatly in diagnosis.

"Gout imparts to the skin a smell precisely like whey. Diabetes causes a sweet, honey-like smell. Jaundice occasions a smell of musk. Smallpox has a very strong and hideous smell. It is like burning bones. Measles has a smell as of fresh plucked feathers.

"The fevers have the most distinctive odors. The odor of typhus is ammoniacal; that of intermittent is like fresh brown bread hot from the oven; that of typhus is musty, recalling to the mind old, damp cellars; that of yellow fever is like the washings of a dirty gun barrel.

"So, you see, to speak of a doctor scenting our disease is not to use a mere figure of speech."

A Surprise For the Thief.

Herr Hager, a rich and influential banker, frequently had watches picked from his pocket. At first he had recourse to all kinds of safety chains; then one morning he took no precaution whatever and quietly allowed himself to be robbed. At night, on returning from his business, he took up the evening paper; he uttered an exclamation of delight. A watch had exploded in a man's hands. The victim's hands were shattered and the left eye destroyed. The crafty banker had filled the watch case with dynamite, which exploded in the operation of winding.—London Telegraph.

A Difficult Task.

One of the greatest puzzles, said a member of parliament, is how to concede the most worthy and honorable intentions to an opponent, how to profess an unswerving and unfading belief in his uncompromising veracity and bona fides and at the same time to convey a distinct conviction that he is an impostor and a humbug of the first water and an accomplished Ananias carrying a welter of thirteen stone seven pounds in the mendacity handicap.—London Opinion.

The Other Way.

"I heard that Ranter broke down in the middle of his speech the other night," said the man who was kept at home by illness.

"Not exactly," replied the man who was there. "The meeting broke up right in the middle of his speech!"

Needed a Starter.

One night little Margaret, on kneeling by her mamma to say her prayers, finished, "Now I lay me," and forgot. "Mamma," she said, "you just start me, and then I can go a-whizzing."—Delineator.

Qualified.

Caller—Is the lady of the house in? Waitress (who has been given notice)—She's in, but she's no lady.—Life.

The world is upheld by the veracity of good men.—Emerson.

EATING TOO MUCH.

Overnutrition Is Just as Harmful as Malnutrition.

It is an acknowledged fact that almost every soul of us eats too much. The digestive organs are constantly overtrained and finally weakened. When wisely followed, the practice of fasting can be most beneficial. An expert on the food question has said that one should rise from the table with the feeling of hunger, which is an experience known to very few of us. On the contrary, the majority of people leave the board with a sense of burden which only an hour's siesta can alleviate. This is not so much owing to the fact that the food is uncommonly rich, for the rule of the simple life obtains now in the fashionable cuisine, but it is the quantity taken. There is a large community at the present moment which fasts from breakfast time till dinner at night. It is a question if it is wise to leave the stomach entirely without food during all those hours, but there is no question that the lighter the lunch taken the better will be the health of the individual. By a "light lunch" in this instance is meant what most people would not call a lunch at all—that is to say, a few crackers with cheese (a much maligned article of diet), a few nuts and a bit of fruit or a cup of cocoa with dry toast. Such a "feast" *prevents the craving for food* and in no way taxes the digestive organs. Overnutrition is just as harmful as malnutrition and is far more frequently the cause of maladies. With judicious fasting the system recovers its lost tone, and mental workers would find that the brain worked with surprising lightness, for the brain is one of the chief sufferers from overeating.—New York American.

BRITISH PRINCES.

Very Different From the King In Exemption From Laws.

So privileged is the king of England in his exemption from any and every law that one would naturally expect his children might do pretty much as they like. But Englishmen have always been very jealous of royal personages, and the fact is that princes enjoy very few privileges indeed. A prince of the royal blood may be fined, like any ordinary mortal, if his motor car exceeds the legal limit of speed.

The Prince of Wales cannot be sued personally for debt. If the debt is not paid the creditor may take out a summons, but he must summon the treasurer, not the prince. If the case goes against the treasurer the money is paid out of the prince's assets.

No child of the king who is under twenty-five can marry without the king's consent. Supposing, however, a prince over twenty-five desired to marry and the king refused his consent, then the prince could give notice of his intention to the privy council. After that he would have to restrain his patience for a whole year. If during that time either the house of lords or the house of commons disapproved of the marriage it could not take place. But if both houses of parliament were satisfied the prince could marry the woman of his choice.

A prince has not even the right to educate his own children, for it was long ago laid down that the king has the care and education of his grandchildren while they are minors.—London Telegraph.

The New York Idea.

"Little boy."

"Huh?"

"Do you know where Broadway is?"

"Say, wot youse take me fer?"

"Well, where is it?"

"Aw, don't youse believe I know?"

"Yes, of course, but I don't know. Tell me how to get there from here."

"Aw, youse know how."

"I do not. I am a stranger. I haven't the least idea where it is."

"Quit yer kiddin'."

"Where—is—Broadway?"

"G'wan!"

"This way or that way?"

"Yer stringin' me."

"Will you tell me where Broadway is?"

"Hey, Jimmy, here's a guy wot sez he don't know where Broadway is!"—New York Times.

The Brakeman's Advice.

Down in Maine is a town called Burnham, situated on a small branch railroad that joins the main line at Burnham Junction. One day as the train approached the latter place the brakeman entered the car and in his usual stentorian tones went through his regular rigmarole when a station and junction are reached.

"Burnham Junction!" he shouted. "Burnham Junction! Change cars for Burnham! Leave no articles in the car! Burn'am, Burn'am!"—Lippincott's.

The Other Course.

Solicitor—And I am sure you will find, madam, that this is the best course to adopt in the event of your friendly letter failing to produce the effect we desire. Client—Yes, I see, Mr. Jones. If I cannot get what I want by fair means, I must put the matter unreservedly into your hands.—Punch.

The Magnet.

"Yes, she advertised for a husband and got 2,7[illegible] replies."

"Gracious! She must have advertised herself as very beautiful."

"No, she didn't. She just said she had $7[illegible] in the bank."—Kansas City Independent.

There is no substitute for thorough-going, ardent and sincere earnestness.—Dickens.

ERRATIC SCIENCE.

Some Wonderful Answers by Schoolroom Small Boys.

"Mushrooms always grow in damp places, and so they look like umbrellas," wrote a small boy in the science examination. Other examples of the "howler" are compiled by a writer in the Scientific American:

"Air is the most necessary of all the elements. If there were no such thing as air I would not be writing this essay now, also there would be no pneumatic tires, which would be a sad loss.

"Electricity and lightning are of the same nature, the only difference being that lightning is often several miles in length, while electricity is only a few inches.

"Air usually has no weight, but found to weigh about fifteen pounds to a square inch.

"The axis of the earth is an imaginary line on which the earth is supposed to take its daily routine.

"The difference between air and water is that air can be made wetter, but water cannot.

"Gravity is chiefly noticeable in the autumn when the apples are falling from the trees.

"Things which are equal to each other are equal to anything else.

"A parallel straight line is one which if produced to meet itself does not meet.

"The blood is putrefied in the lungs by inspired air."

TIPS IN SCOTLAND.

An Example of How Some Servants Win Their Wages.

A gentleman was invited to a shoot in Scotland at two places close together. He arrived at the first place, and immediately after his arrival at the first house received a telegram calling him back to town. He, however, determined to have one day's shooting and to proceed to town by the night mail.

At the end of the day he gave the head keeper £1 and asked him to send his gun and cartridge bag over to the other place for which he had an invitation and where he proposed proceeding in three or four days' time.

On his arrival there after his visit to town he found his gun, etc., had not arrived, whereupon he wrote to the keeper, asking him to forward it at once, and he received a reply stating that when he (the keeper) had received the other £4 to which he was "entitled" the gun would be forwarded. It was detained till payment was made.

The gentleman wrote to the keeper's master and received a reply that "he (the master) never interfered between his guests and his servants in the matter of tips." The gentleman ascertained that the master in question paid the keeper no wages, but left him to get what he could out of the guests.—London Times.

Luck In Horseshoes.

The superstition about luck in horseshoes dates back too far for record, but it was not always confined to the horseshoe. Any piece of iron found in one's path was accounted a sign of good luck, and as horseshoes were more commonly picked up than any other article of that metal that particular object at last became the standard emblem of good fortune and the supposed defense against bad luck. In Aubrey's "Miscellanies," written 200 years ago, the author mentions having seen the horseshoe nailed up in church, and he also says that "most of the houses in the west end of London have the horseshoe on the threshold." The horseshoe to possess virtue must have been found, not purchased or looked up. Admiral Nelson had great faith in the luck of the horseshoe, and one was nailed to the mast of his ship, the Victory.—London Chronicle.

One Thing He Could Not Have.

Although there was no sort of toy which could be bought and for which Harold had expressed a desire that was not in his possession, he still had his unsatisfied longings. "I know what I wish I was, mother," he said one day when his own big brother had gone away and the little boy across the street was ill.

"Yes, dear," said his mother. "Perhaps you can be it, Harold; mother will help you. Is it to play soldier?"

"No, indeed!" said Harold scornfully. "I just wish I was two little dogs, so I could play together."—Youth's Companion.

Bouncing Betsey.

There is an old fashioned flower called "Bouncing Betsey," which every one should love for one trait. We have noticed that it grows on all neglected graves, as if trying to cover up the fact that some one who once lived is forgotten. It may also be found in corners of old fashioned gardens, where it grows and blooms and protests against being pushed out entirely. There are some dear old fashioned people who suggest "Bouncing Betsey."—Atchison Globe.

Her Latest Luxury.

"Young man," said the heavy father, "do you understand the style in which my daughter has been accustomed to live? She has always had every luxury she wanted." "And now I'm the luxury she wants," murmured the suitor.—London Globe.

Time's Changes.

"Before we were married you said you'd lay down your life for me," she sobbed.

"I know it," he returned solemnly, "but this confounded flat is so tiny there's no place to lay anything down."—Harper's Bazar.

Xmas Sale.

Don't fail to come and see my stock before Xmas, as you will certainly save 30 per cent on every thing you buy here.

Selling out guaranteed jewelry, solid gold and gold filled, 40 per cent off regular prices.

Ladies' and gentlemen's solid gold, gold filled rings, bracelets, chains, belt buckles and combs, etc., 40 per cent off.

Men's, boys' and children's clothing and overcoats, 40 per cent off from the regular prices.

Ladies' Panama dress skirts, 30 per cent off.

" waists. 30 per cent off.

Flannels and dress goods, 30 per cent off.

Caps, mitts, hats, underwear and sweaters, 30 per cent off.

Razors and cutlery, 30 per cent off.

I carry a good line of boots and shoes, which I am selling at less than the regular prices.

Bear skin baby coats, 30 per cent off.

Shawls, 40 per cent off from the regular price.

Blankets, pillows and comforters, 30 per cent off.

With every $5.00 purchase. I give 20 pounds of sugar for $100.

A. JOE GILLER.

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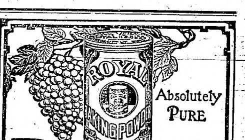

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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TOO MUCH OF A GOOD THING.

We once knew a young fellow who carried to an extreme two traits that are often lacking in others and prove a real bar to any material success in life—namely, industry and economy. He often shocked oats and made hay by moonlight, working in busy seasons as late as 12 o'clock, yet, notwithstanding this, getting up with the birds and being in the field before sunup next morning. Economy was practiced by him until it developed into a *selfish, narrow, crabbed, withering* parsimony that well nigh questioned the price of the oil cans and monkey wrenches printed on the overalls which he fain would have bought at bargain counter prices at the country store. The last time we saw his wife she was wearing the same black coat which she bought seven years before for $9.98, while Monday morning she was still sweating and skinning her knuckles on the tinkered up washboard and ringer bought at a secondhand store ten years previous. Industry and economy are prime qualities and most commendable; but, as in the above, they can be carried to a disgusting and pitiful extreme.

SOME CROP RETURNS.

The government preliminary crop report for November contains a large fund of information with reference to the volume of the different crops grown in the country and the states in which they are produced. In the production of corn, which is far and away the most valuable crop which the country produces, Illinois stands at the head, with 294,860,000 bushels; Iowa a close second, with 287,456,000 bushels; Nebraska third, with 205,767,000 bushels, and Missouri fourth, with 203,634,000 bushels. In the production of rice Louisiana stands first, with 11,826,000 bushels, and Texas second, with 9,741,000. In the production of tobacco Kentucky ranks first, with 160,755,000 pounds, while North Carolina, Virginia and Tennessee follow, in the order named, with 117,870,000, 93,543,000 and 45,750,000 pounds respectively. In the raising of potatoes the production of the leading states in bushels was: New York, 34,004,000; Maine, 26,100,000; Michigan, 22,824,000; Wisconsin, 20,160,000.

RAW AND COOKED RATIONS.

Some pretty definite information has been published of late on the much discussed question of the wisdom of cooking grain rations for stock. Professor Henry of the Wisconsin Agricultural college found as the result of feed tests that 476 pounds of uncooked meal or grain were required to make 100 pounds of gain in flesh, while of the cooked ration 505 pounds were required to accomplish the same result. This shows a loss of about 6 per cent of the feeding value of grain by cooking. A kindly Providence that evidently didn't have feed cookers in contemplation when creating the faroff ancestors of the different species of domestic animals seems to have equipped them with a digestive apparatus able to get a maximum value out of most anything it might be called upon to handle. The same thing may be and probably is true of man, but he is not much exercised by motives of saving when it comes to his own bill of fare.

HOME PICKLED PORK.

A reader of these notes, who has had excellent success in pickling small supplies of pork for home use, gives us the following recipe as one which will keep the pork in fine condition for a long time and give it a fine flavor and firm texture: Cut about twenty-five pounds of medium thin side pork, with a nice streak of fat and lean, into pieces of proper length and width to fill a four or five gallon jar. Rub salt into the surface of the meat thoroughly before putting in the jar. For a brine take one pound of medium brown sugar and four pounds of diamond crystal or other good salt and boil in enough water to make a gallon of liquid. Skim off any impurity, let cool and pour over the pork in the jar, allowing enough brine to completely cover the meat. Cover with plate and weight, and time will do the rest.

ELECTRIC POWER.

The remarkable ease with which electric power lends itself to doing housework was illustrated nicely in a home we visited not long since. The sewing machine was operated by a small dynamo, flatirons for ironing were heated by means of a wire brought down from the ceiling, an electric radiator was used to warm the living rooms of the house on days when it was not cold enough to start the heating plant, and last, but not least, as a time and labor saver an electric current was called into service to operate a suction carpet sweep-

The cement water tank and pig trough are coming much into favor as substitutes for those made of wood, the points in their favor being durability and ease with which they may be kept clean.

While wild fowl of most species are extremely alert in being on the lookout for their enemies, this seems to be somewhat lacking in the wild duck, which will fly repeatedly over the same pass or cover to be fired at as often by the hunter hidden beneath.

When the day of purple and yellow autumn flowers is gone there is nothing that is more effective in giving a suggestion of the woods and in lending cheer to the rooms of the home than the bittersweet twigs and berries, even after the leaves have turned green-yellow and fallen.

If folks would eat more apples, onions, nuts and honey—among the choicest and most toothsome of nature's products—and consume proportionally less of the artificial concoctions of cake tins and frying pans their general health would be improved, and they would sleep better o' nights.

If the platform of the cow stall is raised four or five inches from the stable floor and is made about as long as the cow is from rump to fore shoulder she may be kept clean during the winter months, adding much to her own comfort as well as contributing to cleanliness in the process of milking.

If regular work cannot be arranged for the work horses their fare should be reduced somewhat and they themselves allowed to run in the stalks or feed yard as much as possible during the winter months. For the family horse a small yard should be fixed up so that he can get both fresh air and sunshine and kick up his heels to his heart's content.

The Good Roads association of Lycoming county, Pa., succeeds in arousing an unusual interest in the matter of the care of the county highways by offering $1,000 in prizes to those road supervisors of the county who are able to show the greatest improvement in the roads under their charge. Similar prizes are offered in a few other central and western states.

It is well for the buyer who has not had opportunity to get posted as to the different varieties of apples that the nurseryman may offer for sale to remember that even with the most scientific care in the matter of spraying and cultivation no such apples can be produced as are represented in brilliant colors on the pages of the agent's sample book. It is well to discount them 100 per cent in color and at least 75 in size.

The young trees in the orchard may be given effective protection from mice and rabbits during the winter months by tying about them the thin elm veneer tree protectors which may be secured at a moderate price from any cooperage or horticulturists' supply house. Another protector equally good and one that may be left on during the spring and summer months as a check to the work of the borer beetle is the common wire window screen, which may be cut from the roll, as one goes along, of a size to suit each tree.

The several species of small birds which look the orchard trees over in systematic and thorough manner between harvest and bud time perform a service in the destruction of the eggs and dormant forms of insect life that can hardly be measured. When you see one of those trim and sprightly little nuthatches running up the trunk or along the limbs of the apple trees in the yard or orchard he may be enjoying what seems to be a delightful freedom from responsibility, but he is nevertheless hustling for grub and usually finds it.

Other things being equal, that timber will make the firmest and most durable posts which is cut when the sap is in the tree, but this means work in the timber lot at the busiest seasons of the year—spring and summer. In event that the work cannot be done at such time the post timber should be cut as soon as possible after the busy season is over so that ample time will be given for seasoning. It is well to peel the bark from the new cut post, as when left on it simply proves a harbor for moisture and a breeding place for germs of decay.

One of the interesting and practical experiments which the government has conducted within the past few years in the matter of tree-growing is the work in basket willow culture which has been carried on at Arlington, Va., across the river from Washington. The experiments show that the commercial quality of the rods grown in this country under favorable conditions is equal to the finest of those imported from France. It was determined as a result of the experiments that the best quality of rods was produced with close spacing, 6 by 18 inches, the yield in these plots being at the rate of 7,089 pounds, which at 5 cents per pound would make the product worth $354.40. A gratifying result of the experiment has been noticed in the fact that a number of nearby farmers and manufacturers of willowware have been led to plant willows in a commercial way on land previously considered nearly worthless.

F. E. Trigg

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

C. H. Newbury & Co.
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. T. P. HAMRE, Cashier. OSCAR SPONHEIM Assistant Cashier.
People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

Wilhelm Michelet,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

The News: $1 per Year.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1908 NUMBER

NEW LAND OFFICE RULES

Stone and Timber Land Must Be Appraised in the Future After Entry.

Land Cannot Be Sold at Less Than $2.50 per Acre and May Be Appraised Higher.

As many of the residents of Thief River Falls have taken stone and timber claims and others are contemplating doing so, they will be interested in new rules that have been adopted. The new rules include one radical departure from former methods of procedure that of appraising all lands under the act, and instead of selling it for $2.50 per acre as formerly it will be sold for nearer its real value.

The new regulations are practically the same as formerly, differing only where the appraisers make new rules necessary. Heretofore the applicant merely filed his application, made his final proof, and paid $2.50 per acre and $10 office fees. Now he must deposit $10 with his application, and within 30 days after being notified of the appraised value of the land, make final proof, first payment the required price, which cannot be less than $2.50 per acre.

When the applicant makes his filing he must file a sworn statement in duplicate, of his estimate of the value of the land and timber separate, and the two together. One of these is filed with the land office and the other sent to the field division. The chief of the field division must then decide whether an appraisment is necessary, and if it is, order it made within nine months of the date of filing. If an appraisment is unnecessary, or if it is not made within nine months of the date of filing, the applicant may make final proof on the land at the figure named in his application. If he fails to act within 30 days after the nine months' appraisment period he loses his timber and stone rights.

The officer designated to make the appraisal of land, must visit the land and make an examination of every legal sub-division. The several kinds of timber must be appraised separately at their stumpage valuation, and the land, independent of the timber. The land and timber, in each case, be appraised at $2.50 per acre at least. If the chief of the field division is not satisfied with the appraisal he will return the papers to the appraiser without his approval, and if his objections are upheld by the register and receiver, a new appraisement will be made by a different officer.

When the appraised price is given the register and receiver they will notify the applicant that he must, within 30 days, deposit the required amount with them. If the applicant thinks the appraisal too high, he may file a protest against the appraisment, and deposit with the register and receiver enough money to pay for a reappraisment by a different officer. The protest must be supported by two competent, creditable and disinterested parties, setting forth specifically his objections.

If the applicant for land does not make final proof after an appraisement is made, the appraisment will stand and the land will be sold to the next applicant at that price. If only one appraisal has been made, he may ask for a reappraisment at his own expense.

Sanders.

H. F. Anderson has removed to Red Lake Falls to do his duty as Superintendent of Schools. A gentleman from Minneapolis has taken his place at Sebeca.

Rev. August Rux of Indiana is preaching for the Germans at present we understand.

A. N. K. Anderson left for the Lake of the Woods last week.

Miss Esther H. Johnson gave a fine program with Christmas tree recently in Dist. No. 106.

Halvor Hanson went to Thief River Falls last Saturday to see Dr. Melby on account of some serious throat trouble.

Bray.

Arthur Tindblom will soon leave for Seattle, Wash.

Otto Ortloff has rented the Richard farm for next year.

A social party given at C. A. Lindquist 1908-1909 was well attended and a good time was reported.

C. Englund and A. Olson are quite busy reading "Rip Saw."

C. Jesson expects to have an auction sale next spring, and move to the most desirable town which is Thief River Falls.

A good many farmers from Angus are hauling oats to Thief River Falls.

Subscribe for the News.

Hard After the Bridge.

W. G. Hunt, the well known editor of the Sunbeam, was in Thief River Falls the first of the week attending to business matters. Mr. Hunt is very much interested in securing a bridge across the Red Lake river at Sunbeam and to this end will cause a bill to be introduced in the legislature at this session appropriating $10,000 for this purpose. Next week, Mr. Hunt stated, he would go to St. Paul to give the matter personal attention and he is firm in the belief that the legislature will make the appropriation. As to the opposition to the bridge being built at Sunbeam, Mr. Hunt said it did not amount to anything as 95 per cent of the people of the eleven towns wanted the bridge built there and at no other place.

DOING A GOOD WORK.

Traveling Exhibit of the State Board of Health Doing Much Good.

An Effort Is Being Made to Have the Exhibit Visit Thief River Falls.

Interested parties are making an effort to have the traveling exhibit of the State Board of Health visit Thief River Falls in the near future. This exhibit is doing more for the health of the people of the state than anything else. It consists of a series of lectures and exhibitions.

The exhibit was at Two Harbors, Minn., recently and very successful meetings was the result. Nearly half the population turned out and an anti-tuberculosis society was formed. A feature of the Two Harbors campaign has been a determined crusade against nailed-on storm windows. That a considerable portion of the population sleep all winter in airtight bedrooms was shown to be a menace to public health. In Two Harbors the head of every household where storm windows are found fastened on in such a way as not to be readily opened, will be requested by the local committee to make the necessary changes. The window tent also as a convenient device to secure pure air at night in cold climate will be recommended.

Spearing Fish.

The spearing of fish through ice holes has reached such tremendous proportions that Samuel F. Fullerton, state superintendent of fisheries, says he favors a recommendation to the legislature, for a law absolutely abolishing fish spearing at all seasons of the year.

"So far this winter," says Mr. Fullerton to the Duluth News Tribune Tuesday, "there have been 1,425 licenses issued—for $1 each—to men who desire to spear fish in the various lakes of the state. Before the end of the season, their number will have reached fully 2,500. The law provides that the fish speared shall not be sold in counties of over 200,000 inhabitants—aiming especially at the Twin cities and spearing in Minnetonka and White Bear. We have complaints on file, however, holding that much spearing for the market is taking place. Although it is easy enough for a warden to capture a man spearing fish, he cannot prosecute him unless he can prove he is spearing to the markets and this is very hard to do. The winter slaughter of the fish which come up to the spear holes to get the air by the thousands, is fearful.

"There is only one thing to do; and that is to prohibit all spearing of fish under any and all circumstances."

Saloon Robbed.

Mike Anderson's saloon was broken into last Thursday night and the cash register robbed of about $23. The thief got an ax out of the ice house and broke open a window in the rear. So far as known nothing was taken but cash although a valuable watch was on the back bar. It was evidently some one well acquainted with the premises as a small sum of money was taken that was not in the register. So far no arrests have been made.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The Old Man Officiates Now.

"A young Chicago drummer was taking a vacation with his uncle in the country and was called upon to ask the blessing and not being accustomed to it he promptly tackeled the difficulty in the following words:

"We acknowledge the receipt of your favor of this date. Allow us to extend our gratitude for this expression of good will. Trusting that our house may merit your confidence and have many orders from you this fall we are yours truly, amen." The old man will say grace hereafter.

NEW SYSTEM OF SEWERAGE

Residents of Northern Part of City and of East Side Want Sewers Built.

Quite Probable That a Large Number of New Sewers Will Be Built This Year.

A large amount of new sewers will be built in Thief River Falls next year if present plans are carried out. The residents living in the northern part of the city are quite sure to petition for an extension of the sewer mains on La Bree and Main avenues and there may be petitions for sewers on some of the streets running east and west in this part of the town.

On the East Side a large number of residents desire to secure sewerage and it is quite probable that a system will be established over there. The biggest problem on the East Side is on what streets to have the system run. The sewerage will have to be emptied into the Red Lake river below the dam, and it is quite probable that the mains would have to be built across the yards of the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

As the cost of building the sewers is taxed up to the property benefitted, it is quite probable that there will be no object in the council if a majority of the property owners affected want the work done.

Vegetables By Weight.

At last the consumers in Minnesota are to have a fair show when they are buying vegetables and many items under the head of agricultural products. The Minnesota Retail Dealers' association and dealers in the larger cities have co-operated in a move to secure the passage of a bill through the coming legislature which will provide that everything in the way of food commodities shall be sold by weight instead of by measure. Besides many articles in the way of food products which are proposed to come under the provisions of this bill there will be many items of field and garden seeds which will be included under the operation of the proposed new statute. A heavy fine and imprisonment will be the penalty for violations.

One division of the proposed law reads as follows: "Every person who shall hereafter barter, vend or sell in the state of Minnesota any of the vegetables, agricultural products, articles of food, goods, ware or commodities hereinbefore mentioned, when contained in any can, jar, box, basket or other receptacle the gross weight of the same and its contents and the net weight of the contents thereof."

New County Map.

Register of Deeds E. L. Quist is busy these days compiling a new map of Red Lake county. The map when finished will contain all the reservation towns, state roads, creameries, cheese factories, school houses, churches, rivers, drainage ditches, lakes, flour mills, saw mills, postoffices, the name of each land owner printed on his respective property. Everything will be so arranged to make it the most authentic map ever attempted by any one in or out of the county. It is to be of standard wall size, with each township colored so as to not conflict.

Mr. Quist is using one of the older maps as a source of outline and other locations as far as they are correct. The land owners and the amounts of their holdings are being taken from the records in the register's office so they will be absolutely correct. Mr. Quist hopes to have the map on the market by February first.

Not a Success.

It has been found that the method of placing stamps to the value of ten cents upon mail matter and marking across the stamps "special delivery" has not worked successfully. A great many complaints have been registered with postmasters because of mail so stamped not reaching its destination by special delivery. This was due to the handling of mail by postoffice employes who failed to observe the marking. In many instances the writing of "special delivery" was indistinct and mail matter went through with the ordinary stamped mail. The method has not been discontinued, but more assurance of quick delivery comes with the use of the regular special delivery.

To the Public.

This is to certify that I have parted with my wife, Lizzie Robbins, and from and after this date I will pay no bills contracted by the said Lizzie Robbins or any of her children.

Dated January 2, 1909. W. A. Robbins.

PRIZES FOR BEST GRAIN

Minnesota Field Crop Breeder's Association Have Meeting on Jan. 13, 14 and 15.

$500 in Prizes Offered for the Best Grains, Grass Seeds and Other Field Crops.

The annual meeting and seed fair of the Minnesota Field Crop Breeders' association will be held in Minneapolis on January 13, 14 and 15.

Some $500 is to be given in prizes, and for the benefit of those in this section who may desire to enter grain in the contest, we publish the following rules governing the contest:

1. The seed entered in any and all lots must have been grown in the state of Minnesota during the season of 1908.
2. The quantity of seed entered in each lot must meet the requirements, to be considered for prize money.
3. All entries must have been received by the Superintendent of Exhibits, Mr. L. B. Bassett, not later than 5 o'clock on January 12, 1909. Those sending samples by express should govern themselves accordingly.
4. All samples sent in by express must be prepaid to Minneapolis and addressed to L. B. Bassett, Minneapolis, Minn., care Field Crop Breeders' Fair.
5. All samples entered for premiums shall become the property of the Field Crop Breeders' Association and may be offered at auction or private sale at the close of the meetings.
6. No one sample can be entered in more than one class and lot.
7. No person shall be allowed to enter more than one sample in each lot.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office, at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Jan. 2, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Bonner, Henry
Bakken, Mrs. Sina Karlson
Erickson, Trene
Hirding, Bernhard P.
Hammer, Pauline
Johnson, Miss Inez
Locket, Fred R.—2
Odegaard, A. A.
Rappen, Carl J.
Schenke, Mrs. Amelia
Welch, R. O.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Died Suddenly.

D. N. Winton received a telegram last week announcing the death of his uncle, Hon. Charles W. Gillette, of Odison, N. Y. The deceased died very suddenly in Washington, D. C. For fourteen years he had represented one of the New York districts in the congress of the United States and was a man held in very high esteem. Mr. Winton was unable to make train connections and could not attend the funeral.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

The Suit You Thought Was Ruined will undergo a remarkable transformation in our hands. All those nasty spots which were so annoying will have vanished during our process of cleaning, and the whole suit will look so clean and fresh as to be equal to a new one. Send anything you wish cleaned to B. Dan Bjorkman and you will be more than satisfied.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Blanket the Horse.

We always like to see a man drive up to the curb these winter days, jump out of his rig, unfold a big warm blanket and carefully cover his faithful horse. There is a big heart in that man. He is thinking of something else beside himself, and he takes as much pleasure in caring for the horse's comfort as for himself. On the other hand, it makes me sad to see a great big man, warmly clad from head to foot, drive a steaming horse up to the curb, hastily tie him fast, leave him shivering and make for the nearest hot stove. There is something wrong about this fellow. He may be a nice man, belong to church, may not swear, smoke nor have any bad habits, but he has no feelings for a dumb animal and no idea of economy.—Ex.

POST OFFICE IS ROBBED

Yeggmen Get Busy at Strathcona North of Here on Warroad Line.

Take $35 in Cash and $40 in Stamps and Leave No Trail Behind.

The postoffice at Strathcona was robbed last week, the robbers getting away with $35 in cash and $40 worth of stamps.

Hans Lerum the postmaster usually sleeps in the building, but was attending a masquerade ball and the thieves took advantage of his absence. They left no clue as to their identity.

It is believed that the robbers came to Thief River Falls after doing the job and a sharp lookout is being made by the local officers.

New Branch the "Fish Line."

It is understood that the completion of the Great Northern branch line to Warroad will revolutionize the fish shipping business from the Lake of the Woods and as a result the Great Northern branch to Warroad will handle practically all the business in the future.

Heretofore nearly all the fish were landed at Kenora and shipped over the Canadian Pacific, but it is stated on good authority that in the future the fish will all be landed at Warroad and shipped over the branch leading to this city. This will make quite an item as the shipments amount to a carload a day and sometimes more.

It is rumored that the Warroad line will soon be dubbed the "Fish Line" as a result of these conditions.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

MAY EXCEED $10,000.00

Probable That Postoffice Receipts This Year Will Be Greater Than $10,000.

If This Amount Is Reached It Means Free Delivery of Mail in the City.

The receipts of the Thief River Falls postoffice for the first three quarters amounts to $6,833.36. This is somewhat larger than the receipts for the corresponding three quarters of last year, and *it seems quite* probable that the business for the year which ends in three months will show the receipts to be in excess of $10,000. If the receipts of the office exceed $10,000, it means that Thief River Falls will have free delivery of mail in the city, providing of course that the houses of the city are numbered. The last quarter is always the largest with the local postoffice and it is more than probable that the receipts for this quarter will exceed $3,110.64.

Married at McIntosh.

At St. John's church at McIntosh Wednesday afternoon occurred the pretty ceremony which united Inga Josephine, second daughter of Mrs. M. C. Iverson, and Charles O. Asp, in the holy bonds of wedlock, Rev. J. B. A. Dale officiating. About one hundred invited guests witnessed the ceremony and attended the reception which followed at the Good Templars Hall. Both bride and groom are well known in Polk County having taught school in several districts, the bride having also grown to womanhood at McIntosh. Both are now teaching in the town of Knute. Their future intentions are unknown to the writer but it more than likely that they will take up their residence on Mr. Asp's homestead in the Eleven Townships.—Crookston Journal.

Fire at Lambert.

Word was received in this city Monday morning that the Paquin saloon in Lambert had burned to the ground Sunday morning between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Mr. Paquin had been in the building at about 10 o'clock that day to fix the fire in the stove before going to church and then having closed the drafts. It was an airtight stove and the supposition is that it exploded. The village has no fire protection.

Mr. Paquin carried no insurance, consequently he suffered a total loss.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Subscribe for the News.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongst the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Work Done by Members of the Swedish Chamber of Commerce in Decreasing the Price of Telegrams and Cablegrams Between England and Sweden—Evangelical Alliance Organized in Stockholm—New Theater "Intima" Has Proved a Success.

SWEDEN.

The Swedish chamber of commerce in London has started to publish a monthly journal, which is distributed among the members of the chamber and the Swedish and British consuls in Great Britain and Ireland and all the colonies. The journal aims to give a trade resume every month and in its last issue gave an account of the work done by the members of the Swedish chamber of commerce for decreasing the price of telegrams and cablegrams between England and Sweden. They have succeeded in reducing the price from 3½ to 3 pence per word, a rule which will go into effect July 1, 1909. King Gustaf during his recent visit to London was appointed an honorary member of the Swedish chamber of commerce.

An evangelical alliance has been organized in Stockholm after the English method. In this organization one can find men from all of the leading churches of Sweden, including the Covenant churches. The board of directors consists of Prince Bernadotte, General Rappe, and the following clergymen and missionaries: William Larson, K. J. Montelius, T. Lindhagen, Axel Svanberg, K. A. Wilk, Johan Johansson, E. Rorbach, J. Nyren, William Sjoholm, Josef Holmgren, C. H. Carlsson, Dr. Fries and C. J. Cederoth. The alliance will hold annual conferences and the aim will be to promote a spirit of brotherly love among the different churches and also unite on foreign missionary work.

The socialists in Lund, Sweden, are a daring lot. The other day a number of them went to the residence of Intendent G. Karlin, head of the municipal suffrage bureau, after the election of a riksdag's representative had taken place and placed a bomb under the veranda. It exploded but did not cause any particular damage. Mr. Karlin, who is conservative in politics, had participated very animatedly in the pre-election agitation and had irritated a number of the socialists who in the aforesaid manner sought to vent their vengeance upon him. A number of arrests followed, but the guilty parties have not as yet been brought to justice.

The city council of Paris has presented Queen Victoria with a beautiful fan, containing her initials in golden letters and a painting by Maurice LeLoir, representing a Paris reception to a duchess during the eighteenth century. On the other side of the fan are painted the Swedish and French coat of arms surrounded by gilliflowers, which are the Swedish queen's favorites. King Gustaf has presented the French president with a beautiful gold enameled vase, containing the following inscription: "Offert a Mr. Armand Fallieres, President de la Republique Francaise, par Gustave V., Roi du Suede, 1908."

The "Intima" theater, which has been in existence for only one year, has thus far been very successful and the managers have already been enabled to pay off a debt of 50,000 crowns. Principally Strindberg plays are being rendered in this theater and they are proving very popular with the Stockholm public. Some of the Strindberg productions which have been most successful during the past few months are "Pask," Svanevit" and "Mme. Julie." The fact that Mr. Strindberg is taking a personal interest in this theater has also much to do with its present popularity.

Lovers of literature in Stockholm have started a subscription list in Sweden for the purpose of raising funds to erect a suitable monument over the grave of the late author, Alfred Hedenstierna, popularly known as "Sigurd," who by Swedish writers has often been spoken of as the Swedish "Mark Twain." Latest reports state that 5,000 crowns have already been subscribed.

Recent statistics show that this year's crop was the best in ten years. This means all small grains, as well as potatoes and corn. Had it not been for this excellent crop conditions in Sweden would have been deplorable. In all cities of Sweden there are hundreds of idle men, many of them are entirely dependent on the charitable societies for their sustenance.

Captain H. H. Bey, of the Westgotha regiment, has been sent to Austria, Bulgaria, Servia, Montenegro and Turkey to study the military maneuvers, which are going on in these countries at present. The recent political disturbances in these countries have attracted military experts from all parts of Europe.

The directorship of Gothenborg's street cleaning department is an eagerly sought position, now that the salary has been raised from [illegible] to [illegible] crowns a year. There are not less than forty applicants, but the lucky one has not as yet been named.

Countess Casa de Miranda (Christina Nilssen) has presented the Smaland section of the Upsala university with a beautiful bust of Gustaf III. The bust has been modeled by Sergel, the eminent sculptor, who at present resides in Paris.

NORWAY.

According to the Dagbladet, a workman was killed in a street fight on Torvagade, the densest, so far as traffic is concerned, in Christiania. The victim was felled with a knife and several persons who attempted to stop the fight were injured. Christiania papers have recently contained sensational accounts of the mob rule in this part of the city and state that the police have as a rule been unable to cope with the situation. A direct cause of these disturbances, the police state, lies in the fact that socialists and labor leaders have stirred up those out of employment and embittered them against the government.

A dispatch from Copenhagen to the Aftenposten (Christiania) states that the socalled continental train will hereafter leave the Norwegian capital every evening at 6 p. m., and arrive in Copenhagen the following morning at 9 a. m. Two hours afterwards the Berlin train leaves, arriving at that point about 6:45 p. m. Thus it will be seen that the journey between Christiania and Berlin can be made in twenty-four hours. Through making this connection the trip between Christiania and Copenhagen will be shortened by at least six hours.

Christiania will have a crematory after all. It is already under course of construction and the furnace has already been ordered. There have been many vigorous protests against the introduction of this form of disposing of the dead, especially on the part of the clergy, who have done everything in their power to prevent it, but failed. The matter has now been settled and cremation will now be recognized as a burial form in Norway, the same as it is in America and England.

Great preparations are under way for the great Holmenkollen event, which will be held next month. On that occasion there will be sportsmen from all parts of northern Europe and many tourists, who will journey long distances to see the winter sports in all their glory in good old Norway. It is the one great event of the winter season and Christiania is already grooming herself in proper shape so as to be ready to receive and entertain her many guests in a becoming manner.

Inasmuch as the women of Norway have now secured the right of suffrage they have established a complete course in politics, and will commence their program by giving a series of political lectures in the Norwegian capital and in other cities in Norway, to which all women who take an interest in their country's affairs are invited to participate in. The Christiania lectures will be directed by Mme. Quam, who is the recognized political leader among the woman of Norway.

A terrible storm has been raging in the vicinity of the Christiania fiord and caused a lot of damage to the shipping industry. A number of vessels were at times in peril and it was for a time feared that a number of lives had been lost. On Dec. 5 the storm abated and during the otherwise stormy month of December calm weather has prevailed.

DENMARK.

In a number of papers there were roseate accounts some time ago about the very ideal conditions which existed in the city of Esbjerg since the socialists assumed control of the city council. It has, however, been left to the "Dannebrog" (Copenhagen) to present the other side of the picture. In a recent article it pictures the conditions in that socialistic community as follows: Mechanics, carpenters and stonemasons and citizens generally are subjugated and are not allowed to leave the city, even if they could go to places where they could live cheaper. Without consulting workingmen whatsoever their wages have been increased, but at the same time the practically impoverished city has had its taxes increased by at least 6,000 crowns annually. Socialists are often called upon to assume the most ridiculous duties. Thus, for instance, a janitor at one of the public school buildings has been made chief of the furniture factories of the city. A person, who on several occasions has been arrested for drunkenness, has been made a judge in the municipal court, and several chairmen of the various labor societies have been appointed to positions the duties of which they are not capable of assuming and are drawing large salaries. The conditions which were described in such a roseate manner some time ago are at least far from ideal in Esbjerg and a municipal revolution is already brewing.

Miss Catherina Villasen, an assistant clerk at the Industrial palace, was found in a dying condition the other day with her head split open in a cellar adjoining the apartment that she occupied. It is believed that she met with foul play and a former lover of hers, named Israel Gystring, is at present held under arrest, as it has been proven that he was the last person who was with her prior to the assault. The unfortunate victim died a few hours afterwards. Gystring, who is a married man, has for a long time been paying much attention to the young woman and was often seen in her company.

Dr. Birket Smith, for a number of years head librarian at the Copenhagen university, has tendered his resignation, same to take effect Feb. 1, 1909. His successor has not yet been appointed.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

General Peter C. Hains, U. S. A., and his wife, Mrs. Virginia P. Hains, parents of Thornton J. Hains, who is now being tried before Justice Crane at Flushing, N. Y., as a principal in the slaying of William E. Annis, were witnesses in their son's behalf and their testimony brought out in full detail the relationship of Mrs. Claudia Hains and William E. Annis that caused the estrangement of Captain Hains and his wife.

Fourteen years in the penitentiary, the maximum sentence provided for bribery of a supervisor, was the penalty meted out to Abraham Ruef, who for years directed the political destinies of San Francisco as adviser of the administration of Eugene E. Schmitz, former mayor of that city. Notice of appeal was promptly made and this will act as a stay of execution.

An hour after he had wished his former sweetheart, now a bride of less than a week, a "long life and a happy one," Ray Reese returned to her home in Kansas City, Kan., and shot her through the breast, after which he stepped into an adjoining room and committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

One man dead, another mortally wounded, one woman seriously wounded and a would be peacemaker stabbed is the result of a fight that took place in Dayton and Bellevue, Ky., in which shotguns and pistols were conspicuous.

Because he swore around the house Lee Marshbanks, living five miles east of Catoosa, Okla., shot and instantly killed his brother John. The slayer is deeply religious and has always borne a good reputation.

Professor J. P. Gordy of New York university and his wife committed suicide at New York a few hours after the death of their daughter. The young girl, eighteen years old, died of pneumonia.

John Emerson Stone, aged twenty-two, highly connected in Boston and New York, was shot and killed at Washington, N. C., by May Woolard, who then shot herself twice and may die.

One hundred and sixty Chinese were taken into custody by the San Francisco police during a sudden raid which was made on the various gambling places of the Chinese quarter.

In a pistol duel on the streets of Rosedale, Miss., E. B. Fitzgerald, a plasterer, killed O. F. McGuire, a prominent lawyer.

County Treasurer Michael Meir was held up in his office at Woonsocket, S. D., by two masked men and robbed of $5,076 in cash.

Robbers looted the safe of Oscar C. Jackle's jewelry store in New York city, securing $20,000 in jewels and $5,000 in cash.

Five robbers dynamited the bank at Wellston, Okla., and after exchanging many shots with the citizens escaped with $5,000.

The federal grand jury at Chicago has begun the hearing of evidence in the investigation of the packing house industry.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The United States supply ship Celtic, which was to have met the returning battleship fleet with holiday cheer, sailed out of New York harbor with 1,500,000 of navy rations to the earthquake sufferers.

Statewide prohibition laws have gone into effect in three Southern states, North Carolina, Mississippi and Alabama. Georgia is the only other state wherein statutory prohibition exists.

Wilbur Wright, the American aeroplanist, beat all previous aeroplane records at Lemans, France, with a magnificent flight that lasted for two hours and nine minutes.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 4.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.10⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅜; May, $1.10⅜; July, $1.10⅜. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.52½; May, $1.53.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—Wheat—May, $1.10⅝@1.10¾; July, $1.10¼@1.10⅜. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅝@1.12⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.10⅝@1.11⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.05⅝@1.06⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.00@6.25. Hogs—$5.50@5.90. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.35; yearlings, $4.50@[illegible]; spring lambs, $7.00@7.40.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Wheat—May, $1.08¾; July, 99⅜c; Sept., 95⅞c. Corn—Jan., 57⅛c; May, 61⅛c; July, 61⅜c; Sept., [illegible]c. Oats—May, 51⅛@51⅜c; July, 46⅝@46¾c; Sept., 39⅛c. Pork—Jan., $16.47½; May, $16.70. Butter—Creameries, 22@32c; dairies, 21@27c. Eggs—28c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 12c; springs, 11c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Cattle—Beeves, $[illegible]@7.50; Texans, $3.75@4.50; Western cattle, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]@4.75; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.00; calves, $7.00@9.25. Hogs—Light, $5.20@5.95; mixed, $[illegible]; heavy, $5.65@6.20; rough, $[illegible]@5.80; good to choice heavy, $[illegible]; pigs, $4.25@5.20. Sheep, $[illegible]@5.20; yearlings, $5.40@6.75; lambs, $4.50@7.75.

MINNESOTA NEWSBITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

President Northrop of the state university has withdrawn his resignation. In announcing his decision President Northrop asserted that he wanted it understood that the board was free at any time to select his successor, that he would remain at least another year and whenever his successor was chosen he would retire gracefully.

Robert A. Smith, former mayor of St. Paul, is seriously ill at his apartments in the Marlborough. Some time ago he contracted pneumonia, but was rallying and apparently on the road to recovery when he suffered a relapse. His throat is now said to be affected and considerable apprehension is expressed by his friends.

Few persons realize what an asset the fur bearing wild animals are in so well settled an agricultural district as Southwestern Minnesota, but the farmers' boys and trappers will receive nearly $1,000,000 from pelts the present season. The pelts are from the muskrat, mink, skunk, fox, coon and wolf.

Cass Lake has again entered the race for the proposed sixth state normal school and the same three towns that deadlocked the new institution two years ago are in the field at the coming session. Bemidji and Thief River Falls are the other rivals. They are in the same legislative district.

Another assistant adjutant general, a new state arsenal, appropriations for armories for militia companies and a boathouse at Duluth for the boats of the naval militia are among the recommendations of Adjutant General Fred B. Wood in his annual report to the governor.

The year 1908 was a banner one in the hog market at South St. Paul and the long looked for million mark was passed. The record is 250,000 greater than any previous year, the total number received during 1908 being 1,133,412.

John W. Olsen, state superintendent of public instruction, was appointed to the deanship of the state agricultural college to succeed Dean E. W. Randall, resigned, at a meeting of the University of Minnesota regents.

There has been a decided decline in the matrimonial business in Winona in 1908, as compared with 1907. The past year there were only 321 marriage licenses issued, compared with 404 for 1907.

Firemen, policemen and health department officials of the Twin Cities now have to pay their street car fares under the provisions of the anti-pass law, which went into effect on Jan. 1.

The calendar year just closed shows a grand total of 147,500,000 bushels of grain received in Minneapolis. This is a gain of 3,300,000 bushels over the year 1907.

Minneapolis bank clearings for 1908 were $1,057,468,860.09.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

George Niederhoffer and William Whitbeck, two of the youthful desperadoes who terrorized Minneapolis during October and November, told Judge Dickinson that they were sorry they had not been killed during their career of crime. Judge Dickinson sentenced them to eight years at Stillwater.

Martin Karrigan, a brakeman in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, met death on the rail at the stock yards just west of Montevideo. It is thought that in walking over the train he stepped on some snow or ice and fell to the track. His body was cut in two.

Closely following the methods adopted by a desperate woman at Rochester recently John Ramage, Jr., a lad of twenty years, killed himself at Worthington by crawling into an old trunk, closing the lid so as to exclude the air and then inhaling chloroform.

In a terrible explosion, resulting from the bursting of frozen water pipes in the residence of Warren Carmen, a newspaper man of Owatonna, Mr. Carmen was seriously and perhaps fatally injured.

Clara Thompson of Minneapolis, thirty-one years old, fell to the floor while dancing, breaking her leg in two places just above the ankle. The bone penetrated the flesh, causing an ugly wound.

One of the biggest game seizures in recent years was made in the eastern part of Pine county. The net result is five pothunters sent to jail, 275 pounds of venison and three guns confiscated.

Mrs. Rose Lifshef is dead at Minneapolis of burns received when her clothes caught fire in some manner unknown.

OBITUARY.

Robert Nelson Brittain, a retired contractor of Minneapolis and a resident of that city for the last fifty-five years, is dead, aged seventy-two.

Father Adolphus Ottmar, in charge of the Catholic parish at Chanhassen, Carver county, is dead, aged fifty-eight.

John Easthagen, a pioneer merchant tailor of Minneapolis, died suddenly of apoplexy, aged sixty-one.

Mrs. Charles P. Collins, aged eighty-eight, a resident of St. Paul since 1853, is dead.

John Buskerud, a pioneer resident of Otter Tail county, is dead after a long illness.

WILL SETTLE NEAR HIBBING

Advance Guard of Iowa Colonists Arrives.

A party of five families from near Cedar Rapids, Ia., have arrived this week at Stewart, about twelve miles south of Hibbing on the Great Northern, where they will settle permanently and engage in farming and dairying. They brought their household goods and farming effects with them.

The party composed the advance members of a colony of about sixty families who will settle near Stewart. They state that the region is idea for dairying and that the colony expects to establish a creamery and devote much attention to dairying.

The colony will be tributary to Hibbing commercially and will be another argument in favor of the establishment of the county experiment farm in Hibbing.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY KILLED

Result of Attempt to Terrify His Sisters.

Ernest A. Meadows of Minneapolis, nineteen years of age, accidentally killed himself while walking to church with his two small sisters.

The tragedy was the result of young Meadows' attempt to terrify his sisters. He drew a small revolver from his pocket and shot twice in the air. On the last shot the gun was pointed at his head and the bullet entered his skull. He dropped in the snow and died instantly.

Hiccoughs Kill Minnesotan.

Seized early last June with violent spells of hiccoughing J. E. Zackmayer of Winona, seventy-six years of age, an insurance agent, hiccoughed almost continuously until death ended his sufferings. Zackmeyer was unable to take nourishment except during brief periods when the hiccoughing released its grip only to come back after a few hours. Mr. Zackmeyer's strength and vitality failed gradually until he died, still hiccoughing.

Clerk Gets Infernal Machine.

City Clerk A. E. Bickford of Virginia, this state, received an infernal machine containing half a pound of dynamite and a mechanism which fortunately failed to work when the package was opened. Mr. Bickford was a witness in the case against George Hamilton, who was recently convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment for sending an infernal machine to Sheriff Beck of Houghton county, Mich.

Starving Man on Car Tracks.

Joseph Biers was found lying across the rails of a street car track at Minneapolis. The car motorman stopped just in time to prevent running over the man. He was unconscious and was hurried to the city hospital, where it was found he was suffering from starvation, having had nothing to eat for four days. Circulation in his hands and feet had stopped and it is doubtful if he can recover.

Mysterious Case at Bagley.

John Bartholomew, a laborer who had been living alone in a little shack on the outskirts of Bagley, was found dead by one of the neighbors. The coroner was notified and upon investigation found the body frozen, with some marks which indicated that he might have been killed. An inquest was thereupon ordered. There was a little money in his pockets and a motive for the crime seems to be lacking.

Several Hurt in Train Wreck.

A passenger train running between Spruce Junction, Eveleth and Biwabik on the Mesaba road was wrecked about a mile and a half from Eveleth, three coaches overturning and several people are reported seriously injured. Mayor Haenke of Sparta, Superintendent A. J. Sullivan of the Gilbert mine and wife and Joe Kroll of Sparta were the worst hurt.

Boy Burned to Death.

Alone in a big house at St. Paul and with his nightgown on fire, ignited by coming in contact with a red hot poker, Orny Evans, ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Evans, ran wildly through the house and finally crawled into his bed, where he was found several hours later by his brother. His little body was badly burned and he died at Luther hospital.

Held Important Appointments.

J. A. Leonard, formerly of Whitewater and Waukesha, Wis., postmaster at Rochester, this state, by appointment of Abraham Lincoln, consul at Leith, Scotland, in 1881 and consul general at Shanghai, China, in 1889, both by appointment of President Garfield, is dead at Rochester of cancer, aged seventy-eight years.

Returned to the Donors.

The St. Paul subscribers to the Chisholm relief fund have received checks for 72½ per cent of the amount they contributed, representing the sum that was not used by the committee for relief purposes. It was proposed to use the remainder for the relief of the Italian disaster sufferers, but this was overruled.

Savage Buys Minor Heir.

M. W. Savage of Minneapolis, the owner of Dan Patch, the world's champion pacer, has become the owner of Minor Heir, last year's pacing sensation. The amount paid to P. C. Isaacs of Johnstown, Pa., was $[illegible]. Minor Heir is a brown horse, foaled in 1903. He finished the last season with a mark of 1:59½.

TO BOOM DAIRYING

Northern Minnesota to Be the Scene of Activities.

WISCONSIN MEN BEHIND PLAN

Propose to Bring in Settlers to Occupy the Land.

A thorough and comprehensive scheme for the development of the dairy industry of Eastern Clearwater and Northern Beltrami counties will soon be taken up by a Wisconsin corporation which has become interested in 30,000 acres in that section of the state, according to the statement of Roger C. Spooner, brother of former United States Senator John Spooner of Wisconsin.

Mr. Spooner says that Professor Moore of the Wisconsin school of agriculture, with other practical dairymen of Wisconsin, has become deeply interested in the possibilities of that part of Northern Minnesota as a dairy country and will soon begin the work of practical development.

Professor Moore and other Wisconsin men have thoroughly tested the soil and are convinced that there is nothing that can prevent the plan from resulting in great good to the northern part of the state.

The plan of the Wisconsin company is to bring in settlers. So far as possible men who are acquainted with the practical side of dairying will be taken to the land of the Wisconsin company. It is probable that many students from the Wisconsin school of agriculture will be taken to the northern section of the state for the purpose of starting the movement under the best possible conditions.

OLSEN DECLINES POSITION

Will Remain at Head of Farm School for Short Time.

John W. Olsen has declined the deanship of the state agricultural college. Owing to the strong feeling of opposition, developed among some members of the board of regents Mr. Olsen refuses to serve, but has agreed to fill out the present school year. Dean Randall's resignation took effect Jan. 1 and Mr. Olsen took charge at the agricultural school Jan. 2, turning over the department of public instruction to his assistant and successor, C. G. Schulz.

Mr. Olsen's decision is announced in a letter sent to John Lind, president of the board of regents.

POSTOFFICE IS BURGLARIZED

Safe Is Dynamited and $500 in Cash Secured.

Yeggmen blew the safe in the postoffice at Echo, securing over $500. The stamps were not molested. A cigar box containing small change, standing on a desk, was also overlooked.

Heavy tools were secured at a blacksmith shop and entrance was made through the front door. The front of the safe was completely wrecked.

Reorganization Plan Approved.

At a meeting of English holders of the debentures of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company, limited, of Minneapolis, the plan for the reorganization of the company was unanimously approved. This makes the reorganization practically assured and the plan now needs only the approval of the creditors, from whose committee it originally came.

Conductor Beats Bandits.

Coolly disregarding a command to throw up his hands, backed by revolvers held in his face by two masked highwaymen, Charles Larson of Minneapolis, a conductor on an Eighth avenue and Columbia Heights car, attacked the highwaymen and before the fight was over had both of their revolvers. The highwaymen escaped.

Aged Veteran Freezes to Death.

Frozen to death in sight of the hospital from which he escaped during a delirious condition was the fate of Peter Wagner, eighty-two years old, an inmate of the Soldiers' home at Minnehaha Falls. The aged veteran was found dead in an enclosure twenty feet from the hospital.

St. Paul Man Killed by Cars.

Otto Berkee of St. Paul, a clerk in the office of the superintendent of the Northern Pacific roundhouse in the Mississippi street yards, was run down and killed in the yards. His body was terribly mutilated by the three cars which passed over it.

Minnesota Sheriffs Meet.

The Minnesota Sheriffs' association met at St. Paul, but in spite of [illegible] behind closed doors the meeting was unable to agree on what laws it wanted the legislature to pass and therefore appointed an active committee to decide upon the matter.

Unknown Man a Suicide.

Starved and emaciated an unknown man [illegible] years of age crawled [illegible] in the eastern part of [illegible] park at St. Paul and blew out his brains. The revolver was frozen in his stiffened hand.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE.

Not in recent years has there been so serious an outbreak of the dreaded foot and mouth disease as that which has lately broken out in New York and Pennsylvania and has more recently made its appearance in Michigan, a fact that would point to the likelihood of its spread to other western states. The three states mentioned have been placed under strict quarantine, and everything possible is being done by the federal and respective state veterinary authorities to keep the plague in check. While the actual mortality from the disease in this country has been quite low, owing to the rigid quarantine regulations which have been enforced, it has nevertheless caused great losses to dairy and live stock interests in various states. The malady is especially infectious, attacking nearly all species of domestic and wild animals and even human beings, being contracted by them through handling the affected animals and by children through drinking quantities of the unboiled milk. In both animals and human beings the symptoms of the disease are similar. There are fever and difficulty in swallowing, followed by the appearance of blisters in the mouth. In the case of cattle there is a feverish, painful and swollen condition of the feet, followed in from twenty-four to forty-eight hours by the appearance of numerous vesicles or water blisters, varying in size from a pea to a hazelnut, on the feet and in the mouth. The internal organs may be attacked before there is any appearance of the disease externally. In mild cases recovery usually takes place in from ten to twenty days, while in the more severe it may require from three months to a year. The mortality from the disease is not great, running from 1 to 3 per cent in mild and as high as 5 per cent in severe outbreaks.

SILAGE AS A RATION FOR SHEEP.

We are in receipt of a query from a reader of these notes owning a stock farm in Sangamon county, Ill., asking for some data relative to the feeding or fattening of sheep partly or largely on ensilage. Not having had experience along this line, the writer referred the question to the animal husbandry department of the Iowa State college at Ames and received a reply from the assistant in the department, E. T. Robbins, containing a summary of the station's sheep feeding experiments. He says that very little has been done along the line of feeding silage to sheep in this or any other country. Experiments in sheep feeding carried on by the Iowa station, the results of which are as yet unpublished, show that a larger gain results when the silage is fed than with dry feed alone and that the gain is cheaper when the silage is fed in combination. It has been found that sheep will eat but limited quantities of silage, from one to three pounds per day, and that they will eat as much hay when provided a ration of it as they will when fed hay alone. The same grain ration should be given the sheep having a silage ration as when they are getting dry feed. At the station corn is fed alone if clover or alfalfa is the roughage, while if prairie hay or a mixed hay containing a large per cent of timothy is fed cottonseed meal or oilmeal is fed with the corn at the ratio of one part to three of corn to supply the needed protein, in which both wild and timothy hay are largely lacking. Should any reader of these notes have had more extensive experience than that given above in the matter of feeding silage to sheep we would be pleased to give the results of their experience.

THE BOY PAID.

Not long since, in the course of a conversation with a warm hearted, sensible mother, reference was made to her sixteen-year-old son, who stood a head taller than herself and in whom she clearly evinced a justifiable pride. She replied by saying that some folks raised the question whether boys and girls paid, but that in her own case she found the boy had paid well from the start and was giving a good return every day on the investment made in him. While we had no way of knowing except from superficial observation, it is more than likely that boy paid because a thoughtful, sympathetic mother felt a kindly and companionable interest in him, making him feel that he amounted to something and was really worth while. It is fair to assume, too, that a father who feels a real interest in the aims and ambitions of his boy and who is one of his best friends has had a good deal to do in making him a paying proposition in the best meaning of the term.

The present value of the American mule is said to be $410,030,000. In view of these figures it is not surprising that the gentleman flops his ears and voices a lusty bray betimes.

Careful experiments which have been made show that the interest on the money invested in a machine shed amounts to about one-half the item which would have to be charged to deterioration in case the machinery were left in the open without protection from the weather.

In nine cases out of ten it is more than likely that if there is a real "boy" problem to solve in the home there is a "father" problem that is more or less closely connected with it, and it is the existence of this latter problem that makes the first one so perplexing and so difficult of solution.

Many a man offers as an excuse for not taking some good farm paper that he doesn't have time to read it. It is barely possible that if he took a good paper and devoted a little time to careful reading along the lines in which he is interested he would be able to work to better advantage as a result of keeping posted on the best ways of doing his work so that he would make up the time spent in reading and have a little extra leisure for some other vital and often neglected interests.

A western state experiment station has been making some tests in the use of snow for poultry as a substitute for water. Not taking into account the decided saving of time which resulted from not having to water the poultry, it was found that young hens laid even better when given snow in place of water, while in the case of old hens there was found to be a slight decrease in egg production. For little chicks the feeding of snow proved to be disastrous, their constitutions evidently being too tender to withstand the cold of the snow taken internally.

Many farm owners in Ohio, Michigan and Indiana, having reclaimed the bulk of the lowland on their holdings by means of systems of tiling, are now engaged in laying tile on the higher land, it having been demonstrated that this tends to furnish an effective system of underground drainage and greatly aids in the circulation of the air through the soil, a fact to which an increasing importance is being attached. The situation referred to is one that farmers living in newer states lying farther west might well take into account when in the process of tiling their lower lands. It might in the long run be economy to do both types of tiling at the same time.

It is pretty safe to assume, whatever notions one may have as to the care of stock, that they will do best when provided with comfortable quarters—this having to do with dry and clean rather than especially warm sleeping quarters. Animals are provided by nature with about all the clothes they need, their coats being changed to suit the different seasons of the year. Coupled with this fact, note should be taken of how careful both domestic and wild animals are in the matter of seeking dry and clean resting quarters, and this is noticeable even in the case of the hog, which is considered one of the filthiest of animals. Fresh, pure air, even though cold, is not detrimental, but rather beneficial, to the health of the farm animals so long as they are given sufficient protection from cold winds and storms.

The other day it was our pleasure to talk with the agent of a southern land company, who said that under no circumstances would his firm sell a prospective buyer land unless he had visited the section of country in which it was located, inspected the particular piece he was planning to buy and was thoroughly satisfied as to the wisdom of the purchase. If this plan were followed by more land companies and the practice—followed by the more unscrupulous—of beclouding a man's vision and befuddling his wits with rotgut whisky dispensed with, the land selling business of the country would be on a pretty decent basis. As things are, the dirty and disreputable practices of agents and companies here and there tend to place all real estate agencies under suspicion. It is patent that those who are conducting their business for legitimate purposes should organize to save themselves from the odium attached to the other kind.

As a labor saving device the milking machine is having much the same uphill work in commanding the attention of dairymen as does the corn husking machine. In both cases the initial cost of the improvement serves as a drawback, but in spite of this fact the ultimate and manifest economy and utility of both insure their extensive introduction. Where introduced it has been found that the milking machine enables the dairyman to milk thirty cows as easily as he could ten under the old hand method, while if the silo is made an adjunct the capacity of the farm to supply feed for the dairy cows is increased in a like ratio. With a milking machine in successful operation one of the chief bugbears connected with dairy management is largely done away, for whether it should be so or not a great many farm owners and farm hands seem to have an instinctive dislike to milking any considerable number of cows by hand.

"Train a child up in the way he should go, and when he gets old he will not depart from it," is an admonition that applies just as fully to colts as to kids.

In the absence of their usual summer supply of green and succulent food the flock of poultry will appreciate an occasional feed of turnips, cabbage, carrots or potatoes.

That type of farming may be said to be most judicious and profitable in which the hauling of products is reduced to the minimum—that is, when the finished and concentrated products, rather than the crude and raw, are hauled to market. It not only means an economy in axle grease, but a wise conservation of soil fertility.

Stated briefly, the chief merit of the silo as an adjunct to dairy and stock feeding operations lies in the fact that it makes possible the utilization of the maximum quantity and quality of the corn plant, which ranks far in the lead as the most valuable agricultural asset of the country. Many are slow in giving this fact recognition, but recognition it is sure to have if present economic tendencies continue in operation.

The housewife who would get the best result in baking with her kitchen stove should remember, what she well knows, that a layer of soot ashes half an inch thick or more over the oven makes a blanket which will very seriously upset its baking equilibrium, causing it to bake unevenly as between top and bottom and giving unsatisfactory results. A frequent brushing out with a wing and a cleaning of the lower flues will enable the cook stove to do its best work.

The job of making paths in the snow about the farmhouse may be reduced to a minimum through the use of a one or two horse plow, which is easily made by nailing together two twelve-inch planks of the desired length, properly fitted at the joining ends at a little less than a right angle, and inserting a couple of strong braces between the planks, which will also serve as the support for a small platform on which the driver may stand. The same kind of a plow on a much smaller scale may be rigged up for pushing by hand and will give excellent results if the snow is not too heavy and does not pack too hard.

While the winter care of the orchard is insignificant as compared with that which is required at other seasons of the year, it should include at least a frequent inspection of the trees, which will enable one to tell at once if mice or rabbit pests started to get in their destructive work and to take measures necessary for their extermination. In case the trees are of recent setting the safest way is to protect them with wood veneer or wire screening. Should the snow come very deep and cover the protectors this frequent inspection will be especially necessary, as at such times other food supplies of the orchard enemies will be inaccessible. Then, too, if a deep snow comes, followed by a damp spell, it may be necessary to shovel out some of the limbs to keep them from being broken by the weight of the settling snow.

A good many small feeders who raise what they feed are debating the question very seriously whether to continue feeding high priced corn to low priced stock on what is without question a losing venture in the hope that market conditions will improve or to dispose of their feeding animals on the best terms they can and sell their corn at prevailing prices. This is not so simple a question as may appear on the surface, if it seems simple at all. However, there are two or three points involved which it would be worth while taking into account in settling the question, and then it would have to be determined by each feeder for himself. In the first place, it is patent from even superficial observation that with the prices of all staple food products well nigh out of sight, and this including retail meats, the live stock market is being manipulated in the interest of some party other than the farmers who produce and that large class who are consumers of meat products. Again, it seems clear that were a large portion of the stock in the feed yards to be rushed on to a glutted market it would still further depress prices and accomplish the very purpose which the packing interests have in view—namely, the buying of live stock at the lowest possible figures. A third fact that should be kept in mind is that if this wholesale marketing of feeding animals should continue for any length of time it would greatly reduce the demand for corn and many other feeds and cause a material decline in prices. With these points in view we believe the wise course for the feeder who can do so would be to feed sparingly, holding his stock for a better price, which is bound to prevail in the near future if anything like normal economic conditions prevail and good times come on, as all confidently expect. For the farmer who is not feeding stock and has no idea of doing so the wise course would seem to be to market a good portion of his corn at present high prices, for it is the conviction of many who have studied the situation that at local shipping points corn will see 40 cents before it does 75.

F. E. Trigg

Coal Coal Coal

WE solicit your orders for coal. We have always on hand all kinds of coal at lowest market price. We give you 2,000 pounds to the ton and prompt delivery. We can deliver at once on receipt of order.

HARD COAL

...STOVE OR NUT...

SOFT COAL SMOKELESS COAL

Try our smokeless coal. It is the coal for the kitchen. Leave your coal order in our hardware department. Thanking you for your 1908 business and soliciting your favors the coming year, we remain

Yours for business,

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

THE PASSING OF THE POSTMASTER.

If you can imagine the sweet Auburn of Goldsmith with the schoolmaster and the parson left out you will get, approximately, a view of the doom which President Roosevelt's order puts every fourth-class post-office east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio under civil-service rules. This means, simply, that the postmaster will be no more.

There will, of course, be a person to look after the mail. No doubt he will usurp the old title. But he will have secured his job by a competitive examination, and everybody will know it. He will not be the old postmaster that we knew, with awe, in our youth—the local symbol, rallying point, recruiting agent and official strategist of the party, the pal of the Congressman, the receptacle and the fount of political knowledge. To the young and the curious he may be an object of some interest as a male person who can name the capitals of every State in the Union, has read the Constitution, and knows, offhand, how much change a man ought to get if he tenders a dollar bill in payment for nineteen two-cent stamps. School-children may go to him to learn when Columbus discovered America; but no longer will the elders go to find out how Lone Elm precinct is going to vote this election.

The President's order, of course, makes for good government; but it simply plays hob with tradition.—Saturday Evening Post.

Abe Ruff, the San Francisco boss, has been sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary, but it is explained that it will take at least three years to carry the case up through the various courts that may yet be appealed to. In view of this fact and in view of the material that some of the courts to be appealed to are composed of it is no wonder that Ruff smiled when the verdict was pronounced.

Small Fires.

The fire department has been quite busy of late, although there has been no serious fire. Monday evening the department was called out on a false alarm. Tuesday evening the department visited the Brude home, called there by the burning out of a chimney and yesterday morning at 6 o'clock the burning out of a chimney in the high school roused the department to again turn out.

Married Yesterday.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Falk, yesterday afternoon occured the marriage of W. J Jennings to Miss Gyda Falk. The Rev. I. T. Aastad officiated and the ceremony was performed in the presence of a number of friends and relatives. Both the bride and groom are popular young people of the city and the News extends congratulations.

Consumption

is, by no means, the dreadful disease it is thought to be—in the beginning.

It can always be stopped—in the beginning. The trouble is: you don't know you've got it; you don't believe it; you won't believe it—till you are forced to.- Then it is dangerous.

Don't be afraid; but attend to it quick—you can do it yourself and at home. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod Liver Oil and live carefully every way.

This is sound doctrine, whatever you may think or be told; and, if heeded, will save life.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

LIST OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

City of Thief River Falls.

Name	Amount
Anderson, Andrew C.	$ 4 16
Anderson, John	7 36
Antlers Club	6 24
Arneson, Ole	5 45
Alnes, E. S.	0 70
Anderson, A. I.	5 00
Anderson, A.	6 24
Aos, John	111 20
Aspelund, Erick	3 96
Akre, J. H.	4 40
Bird, J. J.	6 49
Boyce, W. D.	63
Baker, W. E.	3 74
Brownell, L. C.	1 16
Booren, W. A.	3 82
Berg, Nels	18 01
Barzen, Math	2 04
Bothun, B. E.	2 25
Bagley, S. W.	19 31
Bakken, O. L.	3 41
Bishop, J. M.	3 28
Bishop, W. A.	5 95
Borry, J	12 10
Bakke, D. B.	4 70
Brady, M.	2 21
Brudvick, Kristina	2 25
Blom, O. J.	7 86
Backe, Lars	1 16
Bulman, Jas.	3 16
Booren, G. W.	8 45
Bockman, M. W. H.	6 40
Citizens State Bank	473 45
Crandall, C. R.	6 66
Conklin Boiler Works	8 32
Caldwell, M. A.	1 58
Cholin, C. A.	5 21
Carlson, O. W.	15 72
Christianson, Ben	3 08
Crowe, J. J.	8 70
Curtis, John P.	67 93
Dock, Theo	59
Dock & Nelson	21 43
Duluth Brewing Co.	16 04
Doege, F. S.	1 83
Erickson, John	75
Evenson, Dora	38
Evenson, M. V.	12 35
Eberhardt, Peter	22 24
Evenson, O. C.	3 00
Eastman, J. W.	12 23
Evenson & Erickson	74 88
Erickson, Andy	18 60
Evenson, Chas.	4 82
Elder, Geo.	12 69
Frederickson, C.	21 09
Farmers Mill & Grain Co.	6 24
Forsberg, J. P.	10 02
Fasel, A. H.	1 45
Fossum, T. A.	1 20
Farr, Jas.	20
Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Co.	127 42
Froseth, Carl	15 02
Fuller, W. B.	2 25
First State Bank	200 91
First National Bank	[illegible] 37
Gund Brewing Co.	20 38
C. Granum	5 82
Glover, Florence	3 62
Griebstein & Ewart	15 56
Gunderson, Anton	12 40
Gullrud, C. C.	3 57
Gillette, Cass	3 08
Gullingsrud, E. O.	92
Gillick, W. G.	96
Gambell, Francis	9 16
Grundy, H.	10 94
Gobler, Daisy L.	3 49
Gilbertson, Chas.	13
Haug, Fred	2 08
Huseth, A. H.	7 53
Halvorson & Iverson	7 20
Horton, G. H.	3 41
Harlow, M. C.	2 29
Heyduk, L.	90
Hermanson, Henry	3 13
Halvorson, G.	13 81
Hager, H. N.	2 01
Holzknecht, Fred	3 45
Hanson, P. G.	6 31
Haleeth, A.	2 58
Hoag, L. M.	6 65
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.	254 51
Hansen, K. M.	2 11
Hay, J. H.	8 15
Herron, Wm.	5 00
Halvorson, Halvor, Jr.	1 05
Hanson, Marit	4 16
Harris, G. W.	38 65
Hanson, Lewis	25
Hill, Mary L.	38
Hicks, H. M.	12 65
Hieber, H. G.	1 24
Hathaway, F. M.	1 87
Hanson, O. C.	1 08
Hamre, T. P.	11 81
Hovet, Thos	4 75
Hall, And. A.	4 66
Hieleman Brewing Co.	41 61
Hamm Brewing Co	33 03
Hoag Security Co.	8 70
Hagen, Inga	4 16
International Harvester Co.	78 01
Johnson, M. M.	1 62
Johnson, F. W.	1 91
Jackson, C. C.	6 83
Jacobson, J. H.	48 95
Jackson & McGinn	83 20
Jenson & Son, Jens P.	14 64
Jorstad, Knute	63
Johnson, Gusta	5 04
Jonas, Jacob	3 49
[illegible]	[illegible]
Korstad, Ed.	21
Korstad, Wm	14 77
Kyes, H. J	18 55
Kiewel Brewing Co	30 40
Kenyon, F. W	3 41
Kretschmar, Anna	4 63
Klimek, Lizzie	$ 40 65
Kenison, S	39 52
Lee, Clara D	2 08
Lakin, A, & Co	13 53
Lakin, Lesa	2 08
Langseth, Mrs Anna	8 99
Langevin, Ed	1 24
Larson, Nels	2 16
Lamont, Scott	6 03
Laundry, Star	4 70
LaBree, Jesse	25
Lonson, Gilbert	1 45
Langlois, P H	8 32
Langseth Merc Co	191 07
Mussey, H E	3 41
Moran, A	2 41
Morgan, Minnie	17 69
Martin, Jas	1 62
Martin & Roark	23 13
Mulry & Ellinger	8 32
Micholet, W	1 08
McGinn, Robt	3 08
Mabey, P W	5 28
Mulry, W H	2 08
McGinty, Wm	3 57
Melgaard, T L	6 74
Morgan, John	34 82
Mellby, O F	11 07
Minneapolis Brewing Co	21 35
Matson, Lars	2 16
Nyhus, Ole O	1 00
Nicholson, Geo W	1 58
Niclai, Fred	$ 1 79
Newberry & Bulman	25 81
Nelson, Nels K	2 83
Newberry, Geo	1 45
Nelson, O H	5 12
Nason, Chas	6 57
Olson, Erick	22 00
Olson Bros & Co	16 61
Olson, O P	3 41
Oen, Rasmus	5 21
Oen & Granum	108 16
O'Neill, D P	8 49
O'Hara, Edward	2 11
Poole, H E	4 51
Peoples State Bank	[illegible] 86
Peterson, O E	4 41
Penney, G A	12 44
Pioneer Sash & Door Co	24 96
Prichard, W W	6 95
Panabaker, P N	4 58
Peterson, Leonard	4 24
Preston, A E	81
Peterson & Klingborg	[illegible] 37
Porter & LeSage	10 14
Queen City Bot Wks	20 80
Ruminski, John	3 75
Rommem, Anton B-	12 56
Red Lake Bldg Ass'n	12 48
Rinker, A H	2 62
Rice, A T	5 16
Richardson, Ira C	3 57
" Mrs Ira C	5 86
Roark, P W	$ 1 21
Rude, Ole	3 01
Robertson, L O	42 02
Robbecke, Chas	20 26
Rolland Bros	13 77
R L F Milling Co	62 40
Rasmusson, C M	5 00
Roth, Fred	3 66
Ramstad, Olof	9 40
Rod, Axel	46
Storholm, O G	1 91
Swenson, S	3 37
Sedelack, Emil	11 11
Smith, C L	3 04
Skagen, H H	1 41
Steneeth, A	2 68
Shirley, Chas	5 86
Stanton, E M	8 74
Sundahl Bros	16 51
Sullivan, R D	1 05
Schei, O J, & Co	171 23
Stebbins, F J	82 87
Sharbach, S H	46 35
Schei, O J	6 03
Standard Oil Co	20 93
Swore, J A	13 64
Sheedy & Rod	4 16
Sponheim, H P	7 73
Sundahl, John	13
Syverson & Bakken	3 53
Sorenson, John	22 46
Shaw, Daniel	3 32
Strand, H K	$ 11 32
Tessum, Olaf	15 76
Tveten, Halvor	84
T R F Plumbing & Heating Co	4 16
T R F Lumber Co	3,910 40
T R F Creamery Ass'n	5 21
Torrison Bros	63 08
Torstvet, A H	6 15
Vorlicky, Josef	25
Vistaunet, P L	3 49
Vandervort, E D	3 62
Vorachek, J J	27 32
Vondrachick, Tom	3 40
Wilson-Steen & Co	10 15
Wilson, B M	37 98
Williams, G G, & Co	9 37
" Geo	24 62
Wilson, C M	2 42
Winton, D N	21 61
" Lucy P	29 29
Wimmer, G	13 63
Westin, O A	19 84
Walker, B G	04
Williams, Oscar	5 29
Wrought Iron Rg Co	17 56
Yaeger, Val	17 39
Young Pine Lodge	6 57
Zeh, E E	1 58
Zeh, M F	6 20
Total	$9,77[illegible] 20

Subscribe for the News.

STEENERSON GETS BUSY

Ninth District Congressman Introduces Bills to Improve the Red Lake River

Wants a Government Dam Built at the Outlet and Obstructions Removed from the River

Washington, Jan. 5—Representative Steenerson has been making an investigation of the needs of northern Minnesota, with reference to river improvement, and improvement of the harbors in the Lake of the Woods, and today introduced a bill appropriating over $325,000 to carry out certain projects which, he believes, are necessary to aid the development of that section of the state.

The items of the bills are as follows: For construction of a dam across Red Lake river at the outlet of Red Lake, and a reservoir in Red Lake for the purpose of aiding navigation and regulating the flow of water in Red Lake river and the Red River of the North, in accordance with the plans heretofore approved by army engineers, $274,450; for deepening and removing obstructions in Red Lake river between Red Lake and Thief River Falls, $50,000; for dredging at Oak Point, Lake of the Woods, $10,000; for construction of a dike at Warroad harbor, $15,000; for maintainance of a harbor and channel at Warroad, $12,000; for survey and soundings of Zipple bay, Lake of the Woods, with a view of establishing a harbor of refuge, $100; for survey and soundings at mouth of Rainy river, Lake of the Woods, with a view to preventing filling, $1,000.

To Sell Indian Pine.

Washington, Jan. 5—Representative Steenerson has prepared for introduction a bill authorizing the secretary of the interior to sell without advertisement small tracts of pine land in Indian reservations. It has been found that there are several isolated tracts on which there is a quantity of merchantable timber that could be sold for the benefit of the Indians. Under the present law, however, it is necessary to advertise each one of these tracts at a large expense, and it is doubtful if any profit could be made on the transaction.

Steenerson's bill will obviate the necessity of separate advertising and will enable the secretary to sell timber and to get some money for the Indians from this source.

Highlanding.

P. Sullivan returned home from a trip to Dakota last week.

Peter Hunstad started on a trip to Clearwater Monday going by way of Fosston & Bagley.

Oscar Parno returned home from Borup, N. Dak. Tuesday.

Mr. Paul Parno returned home from N. Dak. last Friday.

Martin Swanson came up from Thief River Falls last Friday to attend the New Years dance at Kratka.

Olaf Overson & Christ Gimerstad were callers at Jack Dunns Friday evening.

The Misses Dunn's were visitors at P. C. Volds Friday.

Miss Emma & Dena Vold were visitors at Sam McMahons Saturday evening.

Some of our young folks visited at Volds Sunday.

Mrs. S. McMahon visited at the Dunn home Sunday afternoon.

Miss Amanda Dunn returned to Thief River Falls Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. P. C. Vold went to Thief River Falls for a few days Sunday.

Miss Katherine Dunn returned to her school after spending her vacation at home.

Miss Ida Bjorge came from her home near Anton to start school Monday after a two weeks vacation.

Reiner.

The Christmas tree at Berg's was well attended, ninety three persons being present.

L. M. Kjos, of Rocksbury is up in this vicinity visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs Roseland took their son Louis to Thief River Falls for medical treatment. He has been sick for some time.

Ole Olson and a few others from Grygla visited with M. T. Torgerson during the holidays.

M. T. Torgerson has sold his engine to John Stenvik.

John Hermanson was the lucky bird who caught a wolf last week.

Mr. and Mrs George Woolf, of Moylan, visited friends and relatives during the holidays, returning home last Monday.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only. See managers for season tickets.

MAY HAVE AN ARMORY

Mayor Hamre, Capt. Wistie and Lieutenant Fuller in St. Paul to Find Out.

Proposed to Issue Bonds to the Amount of $15,000 to Erect the Building.

Mayor Hamre, Capt. Chris Wistie and Lieutenant W. B. Fuller went down to St. Paul Monday evening for the purpose of consulting with the state authorities regarding the building an armory in this city for the local militia company. The law gives the mayor, the city clerk and the captain of the militia company the power to issue bonds without a vote of the people for the purpose of securing money with which to build armories. The state loans money on this class of bonds at a very low rate of interest. It is in order to become familiar with the details that these gentlemen visited St. Paul and it is quite probable that next *spring work will be commenced of building* an armory. It is the intention of having the armory used as a public hall and bonds to the amount of about $15,000 will be issued to pay for the building.

Subscribe for the News.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERANS

Annual Meeting of Members of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod Church on Tuesday.

Officers Elected for the Year 1909 and Other Business of Importance Transacted.

The annual meeting of the members of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church was held Tuesday forenoon at the church of this congregation. This church has the largest congregation of any in the city and the meeting was very well attended.

A committee of three consisting of Rev. Aastad, H. P. Sponheim and Lars Backe was appointed to make arrangements to free the church from debt.

The salary of the pastor for the coming year was fixed at $600.

The number of trustees was increased from three to six and the following officers were elected:

Secretary—Lars Backe.

Treasurer—D. B. Bakke.

Trustees—H. P. Sponheim, Nels Nelson, Lars Thorson and Rasmus Oen.

Committee on Schools—Berndt Falk, John Nelson and H. K. Strand.

The following is the report of Treasurer Bakke:

Balance Statement of Cash Received and Expended for the Year 1908.

RECEIVED:		EXPENDED:	
Cash on hand Jan. 1st, 1908	$ 171 02	Wood and light	$ 17 44
Received from members of the Congregation and others	595 00	Part payment on note to Dallager	75 00
Received by collection at services during the year	142 97	Interest on loans for 1907 and 1908	133 43
Received for "Religion Skolen"	68 50	Expended on building	33 39
Building account by Nels Lee	5 00	Ladies Aid Association	102 35
Refunded from Light Dep't	17	For school	60 00
Home Missions offer	30 53	Minister's salary	600 00
Donated to help pay expenses for delegate to Chicago	5 00	Repairs	17 50
Money borrowed to pay part of note and interest to Dallager	115 00	Miscellaneous	67 53
		Cash on hand	27 45
Total	$1,131 09	Total	$1,131 09

Resources and Liabilities.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Church and lots	$9,000 00	Note to Dallager	$ 500 00
Parsonage and lots	4,000 00	Parsonage note	500 00
Church furniture and fixtures	1,300 00	Peoples State Bank (Borrowed to pay interest and on note to Dallager.)	189 00
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1909	27 45	Oen and Granum	2 22
		Oen Mercantile Company	13 70
		Langseth Mercantile Company	18 28
		Net worth	13,104 06
Total	$14,327 45	Total	$14,327 45

In addition to the foregoing statement I wish to inform the Congregation that the Young People's Society has donated a pipe organ costing about $1,050.00 and that they have paid more than one third of this sum.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

SAW MILL MACHINERY

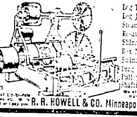

Saw Mills
Engines
Boilers
Gang Edgers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Slab Slashers
Chain Conveyers
Lumber Trimmers
Excelsior Machines
Planers and Matchers

Log Turners
Log Jackers
Steam Feeds
Resaw Machines
Shingle Machines
Box Machines
Swing Saws
Drag Saws
Pulleys, Boxes
Shafting, Trucks

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B free. It will pay you.

We also Buy Second Hand Machinery

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

The News: $1 per Year.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.31
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Andy Erickson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Dr. Melby was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Cliff McClennan was down to Crookston the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Erickson Tuesday.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Leon Bourque spent Sunday in Crookston visiting with friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Services next Sunday forenoon at 10:30 in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stebbins were over to Warren last week visiting with friends.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Wm. Herron was called to Blackduck the first of the week by the serious illness of his son, Ray.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Ray Herron suffered a severe attack of pneumonia Tuesday, and as a result is in a serious condition.

Wm. Durbin was taken to the hospital the first of the week, being sick with an attack of typhoid fever.

Chris Wistie was last week appointed deputy oil inspector for this section of the state by Gov. Johnson.

John Meehan received a telegram the first of the week announcing the death of his brother, Martin Meehan.

Lumber for $6.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Wayne Richardson returned Monday to Grand Forks where he is attending the North Dakota state university.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

J. J. Crowe is over at Blackduck this week looking after lumber operations for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

F. C. Niclai left Tuesday on a trip to Warroad, Spooner and Beaudette where he will sell his well known brand of cigars.

—For Sale—Good three year old Hamiltonian mare for sale cheap. Inquire of Andrew N. Ness, box 915, Thief River Falls.

—For Sale—A registered Gernsey bull, six months old. Price $50. Inquire of Hans Nelson, Porter's addition, Thief River Falls.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

The central office of the Tri-State Telephone Company is to be removed into the Jackson & McGinn block the latter part of this month.

Miss Selma Williams entertained a number of her friends last Sunday evening. Refreshments were served and a jolly good time was had.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Monday and announces that he has a new deputy in the person of a nine pound boy that arrived at his home on the last day of 1908.

George Wornham, the popular traveling man who makes this city his headquarters, returned Tuesday from a trip to Duluth and Chicago. He reports having had an enjoyable vacation.

Mrs. Paul Holzknecht and Miss Sophia Schusser, of Missoula, Mont., and Mrs. Wm. Lennon, of Kelliher, arrived in the city Tuesday and will spend several days here visiting their sister, Mrs. P. W. Roark.

Services next Sunday in Immanuel congregation, in the morning at 10:30 in Thief River Falls in the church east of the Soo depot, in the evening at 7:30. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle pastor.

Messrs. Alfred Felland, of Parkland, N. D., Oscar Sponheim of Thief River Falls, Oliver Tweeten, of Crookston and the Misses Eva Olson and Laura Schee son, of Grand Forks, Emma Tweeten, of Crookston, and Emma Narveson, of Erskine, form a holiday party at the K. O. Gigstad home this week.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Langevin New Years day.

S. W. Bagley was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Emil Evenson was up from Crookston last week visiting his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton returned to Minneapolis Sunday evening.

A daughter was born to Chief of Police and Mrs. A. W. Lang New Years day.

Thomas Kinsles returned last Saturday from a visit with friends at Gilby, N. D.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson entertained a company of lady friends last Saturday afternoon.

Gustav Seltz, of Wadvina, Minn., is spending a few weeks with his son, Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Ole Neste, of Union, N. D., was in the city last week visiting his daughter, Mrs. O. H. Nelson.

Dr. Heiber returned last week from a trip to Iowa where he had been to spend the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Jens P. Jensen were down to Red Lake Falls last week visiting with friends.

F. C. Niclai was down to Fosston and McIntosh last week selling his popular brand of cigars.

W. J. Jennings was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

Miss Reno arrived in the city Monday from Grand Forks and is visiting at the home of B. J. Falk.

Kenneth and Elra Porter the two sons of Chris Porter, spent the holidays at Climax visiting with friends.

K. M. Hannen left last week for Prince Albert to resume his duties with the Prince Albert Lumber company.

James Bulman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week and took oath as chief deputy sheriff of Red Lake county.

The Presbyterian Ladies will be entertained at the home of Mrs. B. G. Walker Friday afternoon. Everyone cordially invited.

Supt. J. H. Hay returned last week from a trip to Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis. He reports having a very enjoyable vacation.

County Commissioner Daniel Shaw went to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to attend a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Wilhelm Michelet and wife returned to this city last week from a trip to Minneapolis and River Falls, Wis., where they had been to spend the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shaw and Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dobner entertained a company of friends Saturday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Winton.

August J. Wenchel and family, of Highlanding, who had been at Fisher for a couple of weeks visiting with friends, returned to this city Monday.

W. A. Robbins, the tallest man in Red Lake county, who has made his home in Thief River Falls for the past few years, left last week for the Canadian Northwest.

Lost or Stolen—Nine months old Russian stag hound, brown with white hairs. Weighs about 100 pounds. Reward given for information. Fred Hagen.

Walter McAndrews was in the city Monday and made final proof upon his homestead in the town of Highlanding. Mr. McAndrews' claim is on the banks of the Red Lake river and is one of the finest and best improved farms upon the reservation.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding the first of the week to meet his two daughters, Misses Mary and Katie, who had been visiting with friends at Crystal, N. D.

Herman F. Anderson was in the city Monday, being enroute to Red Lake Falls, where he goes to assume the duties of county superintendent of schools. The News predicts that Mr. Anderson will make a very efficient superintendent.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, and Sunday school at 9:30. Services at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Charles Alexander was down last week from the Red Lake country where he is scaling logs for the Thief River Falls Lumber company. He reports that the company is banking lots of logs this season.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet went down to Red Lake Falls Monday evening to give the county board legal advice during this session. The fact that Mr. Michelet has been elected county attorney does not mean that he is to change his residence. He will continue to make Thief River Falls his home.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

T. H. Omlid left this week for Malbory, Minn.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Oscar Williams was up to Middle River yesterday.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed Langevin, the drayman.

Ole O. Nyhus and family left Tuesday evening for Grand Forks.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Chief of Police Lang was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Attorney Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

A large number of farmers residing in the town of Mayfield went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday to protest against the establishment of a ditch in that town.

Harry Roberts, who has made the territory in this section for the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Company, has resigned his position. He will travel for a Chicago firm in the future.

E. L Quist removed to this city yesterday from Red Lake Falls. He is undecided as to what business he will engage in, in the future. For the present he will busy himself in drawing the new map of Red Lake county.

Henry McCrain and Miss Jennie Sorenson went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening and were united in marriage by Judge of Probate Swanson. Both are well known young people of the city and are receiving the congratulation of friends here.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantagous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 85 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Forty-three head of cattle, all thoroughbred red polled, have been killed on the farm of J. D. Bacon, near Grand Forks, by federal government inspector's orders. The cattle were afflicted with tuberculosis. State inspectors had condemned many of the cattle some time ago and finally the matter was placed before the federal authorities. Inspectors were sent from Pembina to look over the herd and condemned forty-three out of a total of sixty-five

County Attorney's Annual Report.

The annual report of County Attorney Thomas Gorme to the Attorney General of the State of Minnesota of the criminal cases arising under the statutes in Red Lake county during the year ending December 31st, 1908, discloses a very satisfactory and successful work in that office.

Fifty-three cases were prosecuted during the year. Six of these were in the district court, of which two resulted in conviction, one in acquital and three are pending. Forty-seven were prosecuted in municipal and justice courts, a great majority of these being tried in the municipal court of Thief River Falls. Of these, thirty-five were convicted, two acquitted and eleven dismissed on motion of county attorney. Seven served jail sentences and twenty-three were fined in sums all the way from $3 and costs to $150 and costs each.

The report further shows that the cost of prosecution amounted to $227.18, while the fines and costs collected amounted to $708.70.

In the number of cases tried, this indicates a slight falling off from that of the previous year, since sixty-five cases were reported for that year.

Rocksbury.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Yonke spent Sunday at Anton Miller's.

John Gustafson spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Emma Satre left Sunday for her school near Reiner, where she will teach the coming month, which finishes her term in that place.

The Y. W. S. C. met with Mrs. Miller Saturday evening, quite a number attended, the next meeting will be held at Mrs. Welo's.

School started in district No. 15, Jan. 4th.

Mrs. Henry Pope returned home last Thursday after a visit for a few days Mrs. Blanchard of Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Ed. Korstad and Mrs. Tuende visited last week with Mrs. Satre.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School 10.00 a. m. Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

TELEPHONE MATTERS

City Council Held a Regular Meeting on Tuesday Evening of This Week.

Northwestern Telephone Company Again Desires to Secure a Long Distance Franchise.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening and most of the time was taken up in discussing telephone matters.

The Northwestern Telephone company again asked the city council for the privilege of making long distance connection with the four banks, the Hanson & Barzen Milling company and the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house. No action was taken in the matter, although it is understood that a special meeting of the council is to be held in the near future at which time the proposition will be finally disposed of.

The Home Mutual Telephone company made application *for a franchise* and this was rejected.

A committee of firemen appeared before the council and requested that the salaries of the firemen be increased. This matter was refered to the committee on fire department.

The new curtain ordinance for saloons was introduced and passed its first reading.

Although there has been considerable talk about a resolution being introduced to the effect that the number of saloons be limited to ten and the license raised to $1,250, this matter was not brought up.

SCHOOL NOTES.

School opened Monday with eighteen new pupils in the Central building, ten in the High and eight in the Knox. Although the enrollment in the high school to date does not equal the total enrollment for last year, the daily average is greater now than at any time in the history of the school.

Despite the exceedingly cold weather of this week the janitors succeeded in maintaining a comfortable temperature in the buildings. In many towns the schools were compelled to close through inability to heat them sufficiently.

The reports for December were issued on Monday. They are the most effectual means of communicating the progress and standing of the students to the home. Wherein they show a lower mark than 75 the matter should be promptly attended to and inquiry made of both teacher and pupil.

Parents are requested not to start the beginners to school until the opening of the spring term. All the primary teachers organized their classes last September and now have well filled rooms. The work is planned by years and a few beginners dropping in at irregular periods cannot accomplish very much; in fact, are a drawback to the class and make little progress themselves. They should all enter at a set date when they can have the undivided attention of the teacher in a class by themselves.

All the teachers returned from their Xmas visits in ample time to begin work Monday. They report pleasant visits with relatives and friends during the holiday season.

Supt. Hay spent last week in attendance at the state educational meeting in St. Paul.

Information regarding the introduction of industrial work, including agricultural studies, manual instruction and domestic science, into our schools next year is now being obtained. Nearly half the high schools in the state have added these studies to their courses during the last three years and within the next three all the others will be accomplishing something along these lines. The immediate and practical benefits derived from this effort and the improvement in discipline and attendance are beyond belief. Our school has now almost all the equipment necessary to present this work and it can be gradually introduced and later completely established with little expense. The following quoted from the last report of State High School Inspector Aiton throws some light on the subject:

"The attitude of the public toward high school courses of study has passed through a marked change during the last ten years. A belief that the course of study established by the New England academy is too narrow for the present day is general. The educational public is convinced that the older courses are one sided, or at best, that they are adopted to a limited number of students. The opinion that industrial and commercial courses should be added to the old line academic courses is so well rooted that discussions at conventions and in the educational press are now confined to ways and means of introducing the newer subjects, rather than to argument in favor of their introduction. The particular feature for which the high school system of Minnesota deserves credit is the strength of its village high schools. I suppose that no part of the world has as compact, as systematic, and as well taught high schools as has Minnesota. A feeling of unrest, however, has been coming over me during the past ten years. I feel that while our high schools prepare admirably for professional work, they have a tendency to draw the young people away from their homes. In my judgment, they do not contribute as directly as they should to the prosperity and intelligence of the regions in which they are placed. Personally, I should not wish to withdraw any of the subjects now offered and taught, but I am convinced that instruction in agricultural, shop work, sewing, cooking and in the commercial subjects should find place in the school. I believe that the patrons should demand a more practical school and that the question of room and expense should be handled in a liberal way".

The Money Germ.

The Baltimore Sun comes out with a warning that probably few will heed. It says, "Don't let the money germs bite you," and adds that a man who has taken the trouble to count 'em says that 124,000 bacteria roost comfortably on each one dollar bill after the currency has been circulating freely for a year or so. So if you have $50 in your pocket you are probably carrying around about [illegible] germs. "Yet," says the Sun, "there are men brave enough to face this terrible risk just for the sake of feeling a roll of greenbacks. It simply shows what dangers man will undergo for money. Most of us, however are not in serious danger."

Garibaldi's Simplicity of Character.

An instance of Garibaldi's modesty and simplicity of character is afforded by the following letter, written to his wife at Caprera the day after the battle of Digion:

> Dear Francesca—Yesterday the Italian volunteers fought the whole day against the Prussians, the best soldiers in the world, and won. The weather here is very cold, and it is snowing. I dare say it will be the same in the Mediterranean. Take care of the cows and see that the calves do not suffer from the cold. Tell Pietro to sow the beans at the Tole and tell the children, Clelia and Manlio, that when I passed Marseilles I saw some beautiful toys, which on my return I shall get for them.

Ingenious Ponies.

A rather curious habit has been developed by Mexican ponies in connection with the cactus thorns. When these creatures are thirsty it is said that before attempting to put their mouths to the prickly plant they will first of all stand and kick at the cactus with their heels. By this means the thorns are broken and the leathery skin bruised, and so the ponies can drink their fill of the cool juice without injury.—Strand Magazine.

They Were Not Encouraged.

"I don't see why that young man doesn't propose."

"I think, pa, that the chances of his doing it would be fully as good if you wouldn't leave your boxing gloves around where he can see them."—Bohemian Magazine.

Of course everybody likes and respects self made men. It is a great deal better to be made in that way than not to be made at all.—O. W. Holmes.

MURDERED NEAR FOWLDS

Morris Fuller Shot About Three O'clock Monday Morning Near Fowlds.

Two Men are Under Arrest—Practically no Provocation for the Crime.

Morris Fuller, one of the Crookston Lumber Company's employes in Camp No. 2 at Fowlds, was shot thru the neck by a companion about 3 o'clock Monday morning, dying twenty minutes later.

Sheriff Thomas Bailey and Coroner Marcum went to Fowlds and arrested Barney Nelson and Archie Brown.

According to the story of the shooting, as told by Brown, he and Fuller had been drinking considerably during the night and were walking in to Fowlds about 3 o'clock in the morning, when they met a man who looked very much like the Barney Nelson now under custody. They invited the man to return to the *village* and have a drink with them, which he decided to do. Nelson or the man resembling him was walking in front of the two when Fuller placed his hand on the man's shoulder and said "What's your hurry." The latter immediately turned and fired his revolver the ball entering Fuller's neck and causing his death twenty minutes later.

Nelson had been seen drinking and with a revolver in his possession and Brown is of the opinion that he is the man who shot the deceased. Sheriff Bailey took Nelson and Brown into custody and they will be held in the Beltrami county jail, pending the coroner's inquest over the remains.

The remains of the deceased were taken to Bemidji. Morris Fuller was a young farmer about twenty-five years old who lived near Wadena and had gone to Fowlds to work during the winter.

QUEER DEFINITIONS.

An Early Eighteenth Century Interpreter of Hard Words.

Bailey's Universal Etymological Dictionary, with the subtitle, "An Interpreter of Hard Words," was first published in London in 1721. Most of its definitions are eccentric, and some of them incredibly so. Here are specimens plucked at random:

Man—A creature endowed with reason.

Thunder—A noise known by persons not deaf.

Lightning—A meteor.

A Rainbow—A meteor of divers colors.

Weapon Salve—A sort of ointment which is said to cure a wound by being applied to the sword or other weapon that made the wound.

Balloon—A football; also a great ball with which noblemen and princes use to play.

Cow—A beast well known.

Milk—A food well known.

Peacock—A fine bird.

Elephant—The biggest, strongest and most intelligent of all four footed beasts.

Medlar.—A fruit which is grateful to the stomach, but is not ripe till it be rotten.

Snow—A meteor well known in northerly and southerly climates, especially beyond the tropics.

Mouth—Part of the *body of a living* creature.

Eye—An instrument of death.

HELPED THE BOYS.

A Letter That Aroused King Christian of Denmark.

King Christian of Denmark once found in his morning mail a letter which moved him more than did most matters of state. The letter was in a boyish scrawl and read as follows:

> Dear King—We are four boys at Flakkebjerb school, and the master whips us daily with a piece of steel rope he found in the harbor. If he doesn't stop there will be a fire.

The name of the teacher being given, the king ordered him to report at once to the minister of justice, while he took the next train for Flakkebjerb and examined the class in the teacher's absence. The children, unawed by the presence of the cruel teacher, told their grievance to the kindly old king, who promised immediate relief, closed the school for the day and ordered that the boys be treated to chocolate and cakes at his expense "to remember him by."

But he did more than that. On returning to Copenhagen he dismissed the cruel teacher without pension, at the same time giving a general warning to all teachers to be chary of corporal punishment. "If boys cannot be trained without cruel beatings," this wise king said, "then there must be something the matter with those who train them. The coming generation must not be made ruffians by ruffianly teachers."

Isle of Wight.

The Isle of Wight inhabitants are not alone in speaking of "going to England" when they leave their own fragment of the kingdom. A patriotic Cornishman also "goes to England" when he crosses the Tamar. Similarly inhabitants of the Balkan peninsula talk of "going to Europe" when they leave their own corner of the continent—in curious contrast with the people of our own island. We regard ourselves as both of and in "Europe," and accordingly it is only "the continent" that we visit. The record in the splendid isolation line is probably held by that minister of the Cumbraes, in the Clyde, who prayed for a blessing upon "the inhabitants of Great and Little Cumbrae and the adjacent islands of Great Britain and Ireland."—London Graphic.

The Tower of Famine.

The Torre della Fame, or Tower of Famine, was noted for its gruesome history. It once stood in Pisa, Italy, but there are now no traces of it. Count Ugolino della Gherardescha, whom Dante immortalized, was the head of the Guelphs, and because of his tyranny and accredited attempts to place his country in bondage he was antagonized and finally conquered by the chief of the Ghibellines, who imprisoned him, with his two sons and two grandsons, in this tower, the slow method of starvation being employed as the manner of their death. The door of the tower was locked and the keys thrown into the Arno.

The Holy City.

Medina, the holy city, triumphed long ago over all the rivals in various parts of the world which bore the same name, which means simply "city." Notable among them were the old capital of Malta and Medina Sidonia in Spain. The Arabian city was originally known as Yathrib, but owes its later name, El Medina (the city) or Medinat Rasul Allah (the city of the apostle of God), to the Koran. To a good Mohammedan there is only one city "with a big C."

Inside and Outside.

The following report was sent by a subordinate inspector to his chief in the telephone service. It concerned a faulty house connection:

"Found wire with no outside outside. Put inside wire outside and outside inside. Need more outside for inside."

Learning.

Wear your learning like a watch, in a private pocket, and do not pull it out and display it merely to show that you have one. If you are asked what o'clock it is, tell it, but do not proclaim it hourly or unasked, like the watchman.

The wrongdoer is never without a pretext.—Italian Proverb.

OLD SCHOOL DOCTORS

Ignorance of Physicians of the Eighteenth Century.

TORTURE FOR THE PATIENTS.

Every Ailment Beyond Diagnosis Was Classed as a Fever, and Pills, Plasters, Burning and Bleeding Were the Regulation Remedies.

The proverb "The remedy is worse than the disease" must have been coined in the eighteenth century, when physicians treated their patients with a violence that bordered on assault and battery. It was held that sickness was some kind of a demon that must be overcome by pills, plasters, bleeding and burning, and if the patient incidentally got the full effects of the torture and died, so much the worse for him. Air and water were considered the most dangerous things for a sick person to have, and his misguided demand for them was interpreted as a sign that he should have still less. The windows were shut and the curtains of the four poster tightly drawn around the recumbent unfortunate gasping for breath. If he burned with fever the blankets were piled on him. A desire for water meant that he could have none, while a lack of appetite proved that he ought to be stuffed with food. A bath was positively unthinkable.

The deadly results of breathing "night air" were accentuated by medical writers, says S. G. Tallentyre in the Cornhill Magazine. All air was bad, but the night quality often proved fatal to "young ladies of beauty, fortune and great merit" and to "young gentlemen of parts and breeding." One bold medico recommended that a bedchamber should be ventilated—in the daytime. Another dared to suggest that consumptives might benefit from sleeping in a pure atmosphere. The rule for ablutions was "hands often, feet seldom, head never," but a physician far in advance of his age surmised that invalids might bathe their feet in warm water once a week and under extraordinary circumstances take a warm bath once a month.

Overeating and drinking caused many of the diseases of the upper classes. Montesquieu said that dinner killed one half of the Parisians and supper the other half. Everywhere it was the custom to pile the table with roast beef, mutton, capons, boars' heads, pasties, creams, stuffings and mincemeats. A fearful repast of twelve indigestible courses was brought on all together, so that the diners knew what was expected of them. A large breakfast of small beer and meats preceded the gigantic midday meal, when people enjoyed a Gargantuan gorge for three hours and spent two more in Falstaffian potations. After this the gentlemen joined the women for a dish of tea in the drawing room, and it was not long before the whole party of human anacondas returned to the dining room for a supper on the cold remnants of the dinner. Amid this orgy of gluttony Walpole and Voltaire were distinguished for an abstinence that prolonged their lives.

Heavy drinking was universal and rarely reprimanded by medical men, as by Dr. Tronchin. One Dr. Cheyne advised women not to take a whole bottle a day. Another authority wrote a popular treatise in which the best means of attaining longevity was stated to be a bottle of wine at dinner and three glasses after. Those who followed such advice were in danger of being dubbed temperance cranks. A story is told of the celebrated and convivial Dr. Garth, who was tipping bumpers at the Kit-Kat club when reminded that his patients needed attention: "'Tis no matter," said Garth, already half seas over, "if I see them or not. Nine have such bad constitutions that all the doctors in the world can't save them, and the other six have such good that all the doctors in the world can't kill them."

A physician named Brown became the pet of fashionable women by always prescribing pleasant remedies, "a glass of wine in the forenoon from time to time," "several glasses of port or punch after dinner till some enlivening effect is perceived from them." Together with inordinate quantities of liquor and food, Dr. Brown recommended to his male patients the company of "delightful young women." One of the natural consequences of such an agreeable regimen was the gout, for which eighteenth century high livers took seas of liquid medicines, mountains of pills and bins of powders.

Any disease beyond diagnosis was put down as "a fever." Whether typhus or typhoid, scarlet or gastric, noncontagious or violently infectious, anything which caused a rise in temperature was sufficiently described by the term fever. Smallpox, scurvy, spotted and jail fever were maladies distinctive of the age. Disinfection and first aid to nature were never dreamed of, while the patient was dosed with horrible drafts and nauseating compounds and bled on every possible occasion. Louis XIV was bled nine times for scarlet fever. Bleeding killed the Duchess of Tremouille and her husband. When a mob attacked the Duke of Bedford's house in 1765 the doctors remedied the outrage by bleeding the duchess next morning. A young man who fell against a marble table and cut his head open was treated by having a few pints of extra blood drawn from his veins by an expert surgeon. Blistering was esteemed next to bleeding. A fashionable remedy for consumption was a mash of raw snails, shells and all, taken from a spoon.

DIKES IN GERMANY.

They Are Built With Great Care and Exactness.

When a dike is to be built—and they are still in places making dikes—it is first mapped out by the neatly sharpened stakes, a long straight causeway leading out from shore and widening into a rounded head which abuts on the red line of the channel. Then a ground sill or foundation mattress of willows is woven and sunk at this head and pinned down and held in place by the sharpened pegs. Then wattles are woven and sand filled in, and in places rock, and then, rounding up neatly out of the water and forming a tight covering to the whole, the hand squared blocks of stone are laid, as closely as a city pavement, all over the head and back along the neck to the old shore. It is as permanent and stable as the Harvard stadium, the dike so built, and the river, abandoning the space back of the tip to slack water or to be filled in with sand, flows on with entire grace in the restricted channel beyond the tip.

The care and exactness with which these dikes are made would be laughable if it were not so successful. In a land where hand labor is very cheap days are devoted to doing what in America would be roughly cast by machinery in a couple of hours. But the result is so admirable that one remembers regretfully the ugly pile dikes, the horrid fringes of the improved "off channel" banks of the Mississippi.

Where the dikes have accomplished their purpose and generally on the banks opposite to them the river is revetted above middle water. This, too, is done with the hand squared stones, and as a result the Elbe where completely finished resembles a broad canal between stone lined banks, the stone rising a few feet above the water, and above it the green slope of the fields or a fringe of willows. It is all peaceful, complete and generally beautiful, with at least the beauty of utility where it lacks that of ruggedness and wildness.—Boston Transcript.

GILA MONSTER'S BITE.

The Reptile Turns Over to Get Venom Into Its Victim.

It was his turning over habit that led me to the discovery as to the bite of the Gila monster. This creature, more like a short, stocky snake with legs on than anything else, has no poison fangs, like the rattlesnake, yet his bite may be just as dangerous. His poison teeth are in his lower jaw, and the poison comes from a gland under the tongue. If he bites without turning over the wound is not serious, but if he turns over there is great danger.

Dr. Snow of the University of Kansas wrote me some time ago of an experience he had with the bite of a Gila monster.

The reptile was caught and put in a bucket, the top of which was covered with paper. The bucket was then put in the wagon in which the doctor was driving. As the road was somewhat rough, the bucket was bounced up and down, and in order to steady it Dr. Snow put his hand behind him and took hold of the bucket, thrusting his fingers through the newspaper cover on its top so that he could hold it secure. Suddenly he felt the monster's grip on his fingers. Startled and somewhat alarmed, he carefully pried the jaws of the reptile open and released himself. The wounds were such as any ordinary bite would have made, and he suffered no more inconvenience than might have been expected.

There are many stories current in Arizona and Sonora as to deaths that have occurred from Gila monsters' bites, but it is hard to get at the facts. Careful experiments made with animals show that when the reptile bites and turns over, so that the poison flows down the tooth grooves into the wound, the bitten creatures die in a short time.—Suburban Life.

A Dead Bird.

Samuel Butler, the witty but eccentric author of "Erewhon," which means "Nowhere," and of many other remarkable and suggestive books, is now more read than during his lifetime. He died in 1902. In one of his notebooks he tells this incident, which must have amused the great Charles Darwin:

"Frank Darwin told me his father was once standing near the hippopotamus cage when a little boy and girl, aged four and five, came up. The hippopotamus shut his eyes for a minute.

"'That bird's dead,' said the little girl. 'Come along.'"

Her Lucky Number.

The byways as well as the highways of church life furnish much in the way of wit and humor. What, for instance, could be more mirth provoking than the naive confession of the cook of a London vicar who, being allowed to choose a hymn for the family prayers, was complimented on her choice by the vicar's wife?

"What a nice hymn you chose!" said the latter to the cook.

"Yes, mum; it's the number of my policeman."

Taking an Advantage.

"Your family seem to enjoy going to Europe."

"Yes," answered Mr Cumrox. "Mother and the girls have observed that I am weak on getting the value of foreign money. Things are ordered and paid for before I have time to make any intelligent inquiries as to the expense."—Washington Star.

Truthful.

"I hadn't been talking with him three minutes before he called me an ass. What sort of a person is he?"

"Well, I never knew him to tell a lie."

DYNAMITE IN THE MAKING.

Workmen Who Are Encircled by Death in Gallons and Tons.

So thoroughly deceptive is dynamite in the making that you are apt to be disappointed on viewing the surface of things. You could more readily fancy thunderbolts leaping and crashing from tender blue skies than that the most fearful forces in creation are hidden under such a peaceful exterior. Nitroglycerin, a cupful of which would distribute you over square miles of landscape, is diligently mixing around you in hundreds and thousands of gallons.

It is making itself in big iron retorts, cascading down leaden gutters and merrily tumbling in minute Niagaras into immense vats, where the deliquescent yellow peril pursues its journey powderward. Out of one receptacle it fares furiously through special lead coils, driven only by cooling blasts of air, and is drawn off like draft ale and piped on to the next perfecting stage. Gaze with the nitroglycerin expert into one of those big caldrons. The interior is brilliantly illuminated by electricity, the only illuminating agency permitted in or about the danger houses.

Around you are other houses at uniform distances apart and connected by a series of narrow gauge tracks wherein workmen are railroading nitroglycerin from here and pulp cotton from there to be compounded into dynamite and blasting gelatin. Greatest care is taken in rolling the product from house to house. As soon as a loaded cart is ready to pass out of the nitroglycerin house, for instance, a semaphore signals from an adjoining station, to which the consignment is carefully hurried.

Around you are long storehouses packed with pulp in tons of innocent whiteness. Presently this pulp will assume a tan color under the nitrating process, and then, suddenly becoming carbonite, red cross, hercules, judson and giant powder, forcite or what you order, it develops the quasi virtues of dynamite—dynamite or blasting gelatin in which more natural forces are condensed to the cubic inch than exist anywhere else in creation. Death, curbed and sleeping, encircles you in gallons and tons. Annihilation threatens at every turn in the form of potential pulverizing forces. But the man and the mercury are there also, alert, responsive, reliable.—Leslie's Weekly.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
For children; safe, sure. No opiates

Simple Remedy For La Grippe.

Racking la grippe coughs that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. The sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and a dangerous condition is quickly averted. Take only Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Dec. 5, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Hannah Hanson, of Hellem, Minn., who, on 25 day of January, 1902, made Homestead entry No. 2285, Serial No. 01178, for S. W. ¼ S. E. ¼, Section 18, Township 155, N., Range 46 W., of the 5th Prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five years proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Peter H. Holm, Judge of Probate Court of Marshall Co. Minn., at Warren, Minn., on the 12 day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

John M. Kulseth,	of Viking, Minn.
Betsius M. Nelson,	" Llewellyn, Minn.
Nils T. Melve,	" "
Carl Hanson,	" Warren, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec. 10-jan 14

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 24, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Herman R. Leslie, of Anton, P. O., Minn., who, on June 28th, 1901, made Homestead Entry, No. 391, Serial No. 0161, for S. W. ¼, Section 8, Township 151 N., Range 41 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner, for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Christ P. Hoarby, of Kratka, P. O., Minn.
Barney E. Tieman, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Peter Lendobeja, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Pleu H. Wright, of Anton, P. O., Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

dec 3 jan 7

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four 65/100 Dollars, ($254.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit,—the southeast quarter, (S. E. ¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter (S. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N. ½ of S. E. ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

There is no case on record of a cough, cold or la Grippe developing into pneumonia after Foley's Honey and Tar has been taken, as it cures the most obstinate deep seated coughs and colds. Why take anything else. A. Bjerkhoel.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

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THIEF RIVER FALLS

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Fred Richard, unmarried, as mortgagor, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section eighteen, township one hundred and fifty-two, north, range forty-five, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing one hundred and sixty acres according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date August 8, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on September 5, 1905 at nine o'clock A. M. in book 35 of mortgage records, at page 520, and

Whereas, the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated September 21, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on September 28, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgage records at page 190, duly assigned said mortgage to Michael Maire, and

Whereas the said Michael Maire, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 21, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 538, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty-eight cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee.
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

You would not delay taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at the first sign of kidney or bladder trouble if you realized that neglect might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities and cures all kidney and bladder disorders. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Russell E. Vance and Cora M. Vance, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots one and three and the north one-half of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section sixteen, township one-hundred fifty-one, north range forty-four, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing 196.40 acres, according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date June 1, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on June 13, 1905, at 1:30 P. M., in book 35 of Mortgages at page 467, and

Whereas the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated June 17, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 20, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgage Records, at page 171, duly assigned said mortgage to Ellen F. Sullivan, and

Whereas the said Ellen F. Sullivan, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 16, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 537, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of two thousand five hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof,—

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee.
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. dec. 31-feb. 4.

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, } ss. DISTRICT COURT.
County of Red Lake }

O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, co-partners as Olson Brothers & Company, Plaintiff,
vs.
Christ Mybre, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, That by virtue of an execution to me delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of O. N. Olson and J. H. Jacobson, Copartners as Olson Brothers & Company and against Christ Myhre, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit:

The Northeast quarter (N. E. ¼) of Section eleven (11) Township one hundred and fifty three (153) North of Range forty one (41) in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota.

And that I shall on Saturday the 16th day of January, A. D., 1909, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Front Door of the Post Office in the city of Thief River Falls, in said county and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Christ Myhre in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgment and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Seventeen 10/100 Dollars together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the first day of December, 1908, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
By Robert A. Lee,
Deputy.
G. Halvorson,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Dated December 1st, 1908
dec 3 jan. 7

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Nov. 28, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward [illegible] of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 3, 1904, made H. E. No. 39 Serial, No. [illegible] for Lots 5, 6, & 7 & S. E. ¼ N. E. ¼, Section 3 Township 154 N., Range 41 W., 5th prin Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 13th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

George [illegible], of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Aslak O. Bergland, " "
Oscar Jorgen[illegible] " "
Halvor B. Halvorson, of " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
dec 3 jan 7

If you will take Foley's Orino Laxative until the bowels become regular you will not have to take purgatives constantly, as Foley's Orino Laxative positively cures chronic constipation and sluggish liver. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Religious Author's Statement.

For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy. A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

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Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

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Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Many little lives have been saved by Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. It is the only safe remedy for infants and children as it contains no opiates or other narcotic drugs, and children like Foley's Honey and Tar. Careful mothers keep a bottle in the house. Refuse substitutes. A. Bjerkhoel.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

THE POOR WHIFFLETIT.

And the Low Down Trick by Which It Is Subdued.

Seating himself at a restaurant table, a Chicago man said:

"Waiter, what kind of fish have you?"

"Oh," said the waiter, "all kinds—whitefish, bluefish, graylings, sea bass, weakfish, perch"—

"Pshaw!" yawned the customer. "Cut that out. I'm tired of those common fishes. Ain't you got some new kind of fish—some kind I never ate before?"

"Well," said the waiter, "the whiffletit is very fine this morning."

"What in thunder is a whiffletit?"

"Why, doesn't a fish sharp like you know what a whiffletit is? Common enough here. You see, the whiffletit lives only in circular lakes. You go out and find a circular lake and hire a boat. Then you row out all alone to the middle of the lake, about a mile or so, and anchor. Then you take an augur and bore a hole in the water and bait it by putting a piece of cheese on the edge of the hole. The whiffletit comes up to get the cheese, eats it, and it makes him swell up so that he can't back down the hole."

"Well," said the customer, breathless, "what then?"

"Why," replied the waiter as he filled a glass of water, "you lean over the side of the boat and laugh the whiffletit to death. Want a few?"—Cleveland Leader.

A LUCKY ESCAPE.

Thrilling Experience of a Cyclist on a Swiss Mountain.

A Dr. Bach was cycling down the pass near Goschenen, in Switzerland, when his brake snapped and the machine darted forward at terrific speed. At the foot of the mountain is a bridge spanning a deep river gorge. The physician tried to guide his flying machine on the bridge, but the front wheel struck a side wall, and he was flung over the parapet. While falling through the air he caught a chain hanging from a girder. The momentum of his body, suddenly arrested, nearly wrenched his grip loose, but he was a strong man and kept his hold. While swinging in midair suspended over the raging river and unable to improve his perilous position an automobile came chugging down the pass. The hapless man shouted for help, but he could not be seen from the bridge, and his cries were drowned by the noise of the motor and the sound of the river. A few minutes after the automobile had passed a carriage drove across the bridge. Again he cried out for help, but in vain. The awful strain on arms and fingers was becoming intolerable, and the doctor was about to drop into the torrent to an inevitable death when two peasants came by and saw him. They flung a noose over him and pulled him up. He fainted and was ill for a long time.—Strand Magazine.

Couldn't Remember His Star.

As illustrative of the fits of abstraction to which some men are subject in an extraordinary degree, Sir Henry Irving was fond of relating a story of his former manager, Charles Dillon. Some years after "The Bells" had made Irving famous he chanced to meet Dillon and was outspoken in his delight.

Dillon looked him over, finally remarking that he had no recollection of him. Irving reminded him of the tour they had made together and mentioned his name. Dillon thought for awhile, and, recognition appearing to dawn upon him, he extended his hand. "Irving? Oh, yes. I remember the name," he declared reminiscently. "And what are you doing now, Irving?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Poet's Breakfast.

George Meredith and Rossetti were to take up house together, but it occurred to the former to go and see what the house was like first. He arrived at noon. Rossetti was not up. But on the table was his breakfast—six eggs on as many slices of bacon. The repast had been waiting some time. The eggs were draining out their lifeblood on the coagulating bacon. Rossetti came in in a dressing gown, otherwise just as he had got out of bed. He sat down and "devoured the plat like an ogre." Meredith sent him a check for the quarter's rent next day, but he and the poet never kept house together.

An Incident of Travel.

In Nuremberg, having occasion to ask my way, I said in my best Meisterschaft to a gentleman passing:

"Koennen sie mir vielleicht sagen wie man nach das Deutschen museum geht?"

Imagine my mortification when he replied: "I am going that way. I will show you."

We walked on, and, learning that I was an American and had traveled in England, he said:

"I am professor of English here. That is why I speak English so well. But I didn't been in England already once yet."—Lippincott's.

Unlucky For His Side.

"So you cling to that childish superstition about thirteen being unlucky," said the traveler.

"Yes," answered the other. "Can't get away from it."

"But see how completely it is disproved. This glorious country started with thirteen colonies."

"Very true. But I am an Englishman."—Washington Star.

Innocent.

Mrs. Knicker—How did you know your husband was working down in the office? Mrs. Youngbride—I telephoned, and central said, "Busy."—New York Sun.

AVERTED A DUEL.

The Soft Answer That Was Returned to the Challenge.

Mrs. Minnie Walter Myers, in her "Romance and Realism of the Southern Gulf Coast," gives an account of one of the last challenges to a duel which occurred in Louisiana. The affair was between M. Marigny, who belonged to one of the oldest families of Louisiana, and a Mr. Humble, a sturdy ex-blacksmith of Georgia, who had become a man of political consequence.

Mr. Marigny took offense at some remarks of the Georgian and sent him a challenge. The big ex-blacksmith was nonplused.

"I know nothing about this duelling business," he said. "I will not fight him."

"You must," said his friend. "No gentleman can refuse."

"I am not a gentleman," replied the honest son of Georgia. "I am only a blacksmith."

"But you will be ruined if you do not fight," urged his friends. "You will have the choice of weapons, and you can choose so as to give yourself an equal chance with your adversary."

The giant asked time in which to consider the question and ended by accepting. He sent the following reply to M. Marigny:

"I accept, and in the exercise of my privilege I stipulate that the duel shall take place in Lake Pontchartrain, in *six feet of water, sledge hammers* to be used as weapons."

M. Marigny was about five feet eight inches in height, and his adversary was seven feet. The conceit of the Georgian so pleased M. Marigny, who could appreciate a joke as well as perpetrate one, that he declared himself satisfied, and the duel did not take place.

STREET LIGHTS.

How Throughfares Were Illuminated In the Seventeenth Century.

Lighting the streets of a large city in olden times was a far different thing from the illumination of our thoroughfares now. In 1661 the streets of London were directed to be lighted with candles or lanterns by every householder fronting the main road from nightfall to 9 o'clock, the hour of going to bed.

In the last year of King Charles II.'s reign one Edward Hening obtained the right to light the streets with lanterns placed over every tenth door from 6 o'clock on moonless evenings until midnight between October and April.

During the reign of Queen Anne in July, 1780, Mr. Michael Coke introduced globular glass lamps with oil burners instead of the former glimmering lanterns. In 1716 an act was passed which enjoined every householder to furnish a light before his door from 6 to 11 o'clock at night, except on evenings between the seventh night of each moon and the third after it reached its full.

In a few years a company was formed to light the street from 6 o'clock till midnight, each householder who paid poor rates being required to contribute for this purpose 6 shillings a year.

Gaslight, at its introduction in the beginning of the last century, presented such a novel spectacle to the eyes of foreign ambassadors that they were vain enough to imagine that the brilliant lamps were a part of a general illumination to celebrate their arrival.—Harper's.

Light and Pain.

"Light is good for toothache," said the doctor. "Darkness is bad for it. If you are a toothache sufferer, haven't you often noticed how the pain in your jaw increases when late at night you turn off the lamp and try to sleep? Light, you see, is good for the toothache. There are a number of diseases it is good for—asthma, cold in the head, earache. These diseases in the dark all grow worse.

"Darkness is good for a sick headache and for neuralgia and for nausea. Haven't you noticed it? Light and darkness—they are remedies recognized at last, and today we prescribe them the same as we do quinine or nux."—New York Press.

Ignorance of Our Customs.

"What caused the hitch in the progress of the courtship of Miss Coynerox by the duke?" asks one interested party.

"He got the idea that her father didn't have any money," explained the other.

"But couldn't he look the matter up?"

"He thought he had. The trouble was he looked at the tax duplicate just after the old man had finished swearing off his assessment."—Judge.

One Way.

Child—Suppose I called you a mean old pig. What would happen? Governess—I should tell your father, and he would punish you. Child—And if I only thought it. Governess—No harm so long as you don't say it. Child—Then I only think it.—Life.

Consoled Her.

"Why do you wear that ridiculous hat?" he growled.

"Do you really think it ridiculous?" she replied graciously. "How lovely of you! I was afraid it wasn't quite the style."

Too Warm.

"And have you clothes for all climates?"

"Yes; except the one my husband mentions when he gets the bill."—Pick-Me-Up.

If a man asks a candid opinion of a friend and gets it, it makes him mad.—Atchison Globe.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST
COUGH AND COLD
CURE
AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE
Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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THE THIEVES OF JAPAN

Ingenious Rascals, Among the Cleverest In the World.

ONE OF THEIR FOXY TRICKS.

The Method by Which They Steal the Shoes Off the Women's Feet In the Public Streets—How a Miser's Money Chest Was Bared and Looted.

An Englishman entered a first class car of one of the railroad trains that run between Tokyo and Yokohama. He was a little red in the face and apparently ruffled in temper. He had just discovered that his pocket had been picked in the station, and he exclaimed bitterly against thieves in general and Japanese thieves in particular.

An American who had been engaged in Yokohama for a number of years noticed the Englishman's quandary. Turning round to me, he said: "Our English friend seems a bit excited. If he growls at having his pocket picked, what would he say if he had the shoes stolen off his feet?"

"That is clearly an impossibility," I laughed.

"I don't know about that," he returned. "It may not happen with our western style of shoes, button and lace; but, all the same, I have heard and I know it to be a fact that the sandals of Japanese have been stolen off their feet."

"Well, how is it done?" I asked.

"Very simply," he answered. "Suppose a Japanese woman who has a particularly fine pair of lacquered clogs is one of a great crowd that is watching a passing procession or a religious celebration of priests in front of a temple. Along comes an expert pickpocket—or pickfoot, I don't know which you want to call him. His keen eyes, fastened on the ground, discover those desirable clogs. Thereupon he makes up his mind that he wants them.

"The first thing she knows the owner of the clogs feels an unpleasant sensation in her left foot. Naturally she wants to stop it, and quite mechanically and almost absently she slips her right foot out of its clog and begins to scratch that uncomfortable spot in her left foot with her toes. She feels relieved. Forgetting all about the incident, she becomes absorbed in the spectacle again. Soon the irritation crosses over to a similar spot in her right foot. Absently, once more, she slides her left foot out of its clog and begins to soothe the troublesome spot with her toes."

"The thief was responsible for the irritation and walked off with the clogs," I said.

"Certainly. The rascal caused the trouble with a bit of straw or wire," he returned.

"But one would think that the moment the foot of the victim touched the ground its clog would be missed and the thief would run the chance of being caught before the second could be stolen."

"Oh, that is one of the cleverest parts of the trick," explained my friend. "The thief comes supplied with a pair of cheap wooden clogs costing but a few sen, and the owner of the lacquered footgear goes away with them and never notices the difference, at least not until it is too late to profit from the knowledge."

"Are Japanese thieves so very clever, then?" I asked.

"Oh, very!" he returned. "Some time ago I heard of one of them who used to carry a handful of watch rings to fit into the stems of all sorts of watches that he might come by dishonestly. Once he lifted a watch in a train, and the owner, missing it, but not knowing who the thief was, set up a shout and had a policeman summoned. The police, to satisfy the victim, insisted that every one in the train show his watch. When the turn of the thief came he drew out of his pocket the stolen timepiece, and its original possessor, not recognizing it on account of the changed ring, missed an easy chance to regain his property.

"It was the same fellow, I believe," he continued, "who managed by the expenditure of a little money to have himself enrolled under different names in the various lists of different towns. When arrested he gave one of these various names to the authorities. The police, on looking up the record of the name given, were unable to find any black marks against it. Thus he always managed to escape with a light punishment for his first offense, committed I don't know how many times.

"But I don't know that any of these fellows were as clever as another thief I heard about. You know many of the Japanese sleep on a sort of bed made up on the floor, called a feuton. Well, an old Japanese miser kept his money in the house, concealed in a small chest of drawers. In the daytime he never took his eyes off his treasure, and at night he had his feuton pushed tightly against it, so no robber could get at his money without awakening him.

"For a long time a gang of thieves had been puzzling their brains to find a way of stealing the hoard without being detected. Well, on a certain night one of them entered the house and gently, little by little, pulled the bed on which the miser lay away from the chest of drawers. Then he quickly emptied the drawers of their currency, shoved the bed back to its original position and made his escape.

"Several days passed before the unfortunate miser detected his loss."—Chicago News.

[illegible] skepticism is the first attri[illegible] a good critic.—Shakespeare.

FREAK PAINTINGS.

A Tiny Work of Art and Rosa's Transformed Harpsichord.

Specially prepared canvases and gilded frames are not essential to the making of great paintings. This has been demonstrated by the artists who have painted masterpieces on scraps of board, shells, grains of corn and the walls of rooms and prison cells. Some of the most valued art objects belong to the freak class.

The smallest painting in the world of distinctive merit was executed on the smooth side of a grain of corn by a Flemish artist. On this limited surface the artist painted in perfect detail a mill, a miller with a sack of grain on his back, a horse and cart and a group of several peasants standing in a road.

The largest picture ever painted is said to be a panorama of the Mississippi river, executed by John Banvard, an artist who died in Watertown, S. D., in 1891. The gigantic canvas was twenty-two feet high and nearly two miles long. It gave a detailed representation of 2,000 miles of the Father of Waters.

The largest of the old masters' canvases is Murillo's "Appearance of the Christ Child to St. Anthony of Padua." The picture is ten feet wide and eighteen feet high.

It is related that a friend called on Salvator Rosa in Florence one day and found him playing on an old harpsichord. The caller asked the artist why he kept such a worthless instrument.

"Why, it is not worth a scudo!" the friend said.

"I will wager," replied Rosa, "that it shall be worth a thousand before you see it again."

A bet was made. Rosa immediately painted a landscape on the lid that not only sold for 1,000 scudi, but was accounted a work of great merit.

The celebrated St. John's Wood clique of artists in London executed a series of large frescoes in oil on the walls of the studio of J. E. Hodgson, one of the members. The paintings were begun in the winter of 1864-5. Shakespearean subjects were chosen, and the figures were a little under life size.

When Hodgson moved from his studio an unappreciative tenant covered the walls of the room with brown wall paper, completely hiding the paintings. The frescoes were rediscovered by accident forty years afterward and restored.—Kansas City Star.

A CHARITY PATIENT.

The Price He Had to Pay For Expert Surgical Treatment.

The famous surgeon Velpeau was visited one day at his house during the consultation hour by a marquis renowned for his closeness. Velpeau informed the marquis that an operation was urgent and that the fee would amount to 4,000 francs. At this the marquis made a wry face and left. A fortnight later Dr. Velpeau, while making his rounds in the Hopital de la Charite, had his attention attracted by a face that seemed familiar to him. In answer to his inquiry it was stated that the patient was a footman of a nobleman in the Faubourg St. Germain. The surgeon found that his case resembled in every particular the somewhat unusual one for which the marquis had consulted him a fortnight previously. He refrained, however, from making any comments. Three weeks after the operation, when the patient was about to be discharged, Dr. Velpeau called him aside and exclaimed: "Monsieur, I am extremely flattered and pleased to have been able to cure you. There is, however, a small formality with which you will have to comply before I can sign your exeat—that is, you will have to sign a check for 10,000 francs in behalf of the public charity bureau of your metropolitan district." The patient's face became livid. "You can do what you like about it," continued the doctor, "but if you refuse all Paris will know tomorrow that the Marquis de D. adopted the disguise of a footman in order to secure free treatment at this hospital and to usurp the place which belongs by right to a pauper." Of course the marquis paid.—Argonaut.

The Storm Nose at Sea.

The picturesque name of storm nose (Gewitternase) is given in Germany to the wave of high barometric pressure which often precedes a storm or a heavy squall. The barometer rises suddenly and then falls more gradually. It is believed that this phenomenon is responsible for sudden changes in the level of the sea. Observations on the seas surrounding Denmark have led to the conclusion that the change of level thus produced sometimes amounts to no less than three feet.—Youth's Companion.

The Devil's Knell.

Among the famous bells of Dewsbury, Yorkshire, England, is one known as "Black Tom of Soothill," which was presented to the church in expiation of a murder. "Black Tom" is always rung on Christmas eve. Its solemn tolling as it strikes the first tap at exactly midnight is known all over Yorkshire as the "devil's knell," it being the notion that when Christ was born the devil died.—London Standard.

Shut Him Up.

Baldheaded Gentleman (having his boots polished in a hotel)—Confound it, you take an abominably long time about it. Shoeblack—Yes, sir. It ain't done so quick as when you 'ave your 'air cut.—London Tit-Bits.

Do you wish to find out the really sublime? Repeat the Lord's Prayer.—Napoleon.

IT WAS A FINE COD.

A Little Story of William M. Chase, the Portrait Painter.

Several years ago I had a studio at Hammersmith and was hurrying into London one morning to transact some business. Just as I swung around a corner occupied by a fishmonger's market my eye was attracted to a magnificent cod stretched out for exhibition on a clean slab of white marble. Whatever my mood for color was that morning, that fish completely fitted and filled it. I must paint it, I decided.

I called out the proprietor and told him what I wanted. I was a bachelor, I explained, and did not want to buy the big fish. I only wished the use of it as a model. Could I rent it?

"Ow, now, sir," he said, with true British stolidity. "Hi never rents my fish. You see, it's Saturday, too, sir. Hi must sell him today, sir."

However, I explained that I needed the fish for only a few hours, and directly we struck a bargain. If after two hours I still wished to keep the fish I should buy it. At the end of the stipulated time the boy came. I was not quite finished. "In a few minutes," I said, and when I looked up he was gone.

Shortly afterward the proprietor came, tiptoeing in and peeping over my shoulder. I could hear him softly sighing, and I said nervously, "In a few minutes now, in a few minutes."

"Don't 'urry, sir; don't 'urry," he urged. "She's gettin' on! Hi'll take my chances, sir!"

When the painting was finished he refused at first to accept any remuneration, but at length, with a muttered apology, he charged—a shilling! The painting was hung and shortly afterward purchased by the Corcoran Art gallery for a very substantial sum.

On my next trip to London I determined to call up my fishmonger, tell him of the good fortune that had attended the painting and tender him some fitting reward. To my great surprise he not only refused again any sort of fee, but evinced no surprise whatever at the figure the painting had brought, though the price paid represented several times over the investment of his shop.

"Ah, but it was a fine cod, sir!" he said, and his eyes glowed with pride. "Now, wasn't it?"—William M. Chase in Delineator.

ORIENTAL RUGS.

Made to Resemble the Antiques by Chemical Washings.

The United States buys annually many thousand dollars' worth of what are known to the profession as washed rugs. Brightly colored oriental rugs sometimes are washed with a solution of chloride of lime, a treatment which partly bleaches the colors and imparts a soft appearance to the rug.

This chemical treatment is a process of washing which produces the effect of age and a peculiar sheen to the surface, which is pointed out by the unscrupulous dealer as a proof of superior quality. The fact is that the process of washing as described invariably weakens and in some instances destroys the materials of the rug.

The progressive effect of the chemicals on the materials in the rug is this: The chlorine gas contained in the chloride of lime attracts oxygen and moisture from the air, by which muriatic acid is formed. This eats away the vitals of the rug. Sooner or later the wool and cotton in the rug become brittle and thus weaken the warp and deteriorate the wool.

When this deterioration is complete the pile of the rug may be swept away by the ordinary process of sweeping, and the warp, which is the foundation of the rug, becomes so weak that holes appear here and there, and soon the rug is worthless.

It not seldom happens that a Persian rug is too staring in some bright hue, perhaps red, and is not salable. The unscrupulous dealer will subject the rug to a series of washings in chemically prepared water. In this way he turns out a rug possessing a soft antique sheen that is truly captivating and finds a ready purchaser at an advanced price.—Chicago Tribune.

Partners In Debts.

"My tooth is just killing me," she complained.

"Why don't you go to the dentist about it?" asked he.

"Because," said she, "I owe him money."

"You and I seem to be in hard luck," said he. "Now, look at me. Every time I go out in my automobile it breaks down right in front of some store where I owe a lot of money."—New York Press.

Honeyed Words.

"How are you getting along at home? The last time I called your wife was giving you the dickens."

"Quite true. I had been a bad boy. But she relaxed. Last night she came very near calling me honey."

"You don't mean it! How was that?"

"She called me old beeswax."—New York Press.

No Hurry.

"Of course, Tommy," said the Sunday school teacher, "you'd like to be an angel, wouldn't you?"

"Well—er—yes'm," replied Tommy, "but I'd like to wait till I can be a full grown angel with gray whiskers."—Philadelphia Press.

Didn't Agree With Him.

"You should never take anything that doesn't agree with you," the physician told him.

"If I'd always followed that rule, Maria," he remarked to his wife, "where would you be?"—London Express.

HIS ALIBI.

It Cleared the Accused, but Furnished an Odd Sequel.

A highly respectable gentleman arrived at York one evening with luggage and dined well, went to bed early, rose in good time and had a substantial breakfast. After this meal he casually asked the landlord if there was anything of special interest in York. "The assizes are on, but I do not know if there is anything particularly interesting in the list," was the response.

"Thanks," drawled the stranger. "I'll look in if I happen to pass the court and see."

He did look in and heard a follower of Dick Turpin in the dock, charged with highway robbery, pleading his innocence vehemently to a stolid judge and jury, who, with firm faces, did not look as if they placed much credence in the prisoner's profession of innocence. Suddenly the prisoner caught sight of the stranger, who had strolled in from the hotel out of curiosity.

"Here, thank God, is some one who can prove my innocence!" cried the prisoner, pointing to the stranger, who was aghast at becoming the center of interest so unexpectedly.

He seemed astonished and shook his head.

"Oh, yes," cried the accused; "just think! You were at Dover—a long way from here. You came out of the Ship hotel, and I took your luggage in a wheelbarrow to the Calais packet at the pier. That was the day I am supposed to have committed the crime up here."

The stranger seemed bewildered. The judge, struck with the tragic earnestness of the prisoner, questioned the stranger, but the latter could not assist him much.

"Have you any notebooks," asked the judge—"any memorandum of your movements on that day?"

"I am a merchant," replied the stranger, "connected with an old established firm of bankers in London. I travel a lot and of course enter everything in my books. Here are my keys if the court cares to send to my hotel and bring here the books out of my case. I can easily settle the point."

The books were fetched. The gentleman had been in Dover that day and had left by the Calais packet. This was sufficient for the judge and jury. The prisoner was acquitted.

Comic sequel: Both the "banker from London" and the highwayman were placed in the same dock shortly afterward charged with daring burglaries in the neighborhood.—Harry Furniss in London Standard.

The Usher Woke Up.

At a certain county court the judge is in his private capacity a kind hearted man. The usher of the court is aged—very aged—but as he had been a faithful servant for many years he was retained in that capacity. One morning he fell asleep in court and began to snore. The noise he made naturally disturbed court proceedings, but the judge displayed great tact in dealing with the matter.

"Usher Jones," he called out loudly, "some one is snoring."

The usher woke up. He jumped to his feet and glared ferociously round.

"Silence!" he roared. "There must be no snoring in court!"—Exchange.

Without Imagination.

There is a certain New York business man of a rather waggish disposition who contends that his wife has no imagination.

At dinner one night he chanced to mention a tragic circumstance he had read in the evening paper on his way home. A passenger on a transatlantic steamer had fallen overboard in midocean and had never been seen again.

"Was he drowned?" asked the wife.

"Of course not," answered the irrepressible hubby, "but he sprained his ankle, I believe."—Lippincott's.

Heartless Gamblers.

The rage for gambling at White's and Almack's clubs in London in other days led to most outrageous betting, as to which Walpole tells what he calls a good tale: A man dropped down in a fit before the door and was carried inside. The club instantly made bets as to whether he would die or not, and when a doctor was called in to attend him his ministrations were interfered with by the members because, they said, these would affect the fairness of the bets.

Pitiful Sales.

Kits of sailors lost at sea are sold regularly at auction at the Albert docks in London. The sale provides many a pitiful sight. Most of the lots are contained in the regular sailor's sea chest, all marked with the name of the ship from which they come. It is not unusual for those who have lost friends or relatives at sea to attend these auctions, and there are times when the first news of such a loss comes through the recognition of familiar objects.

A Fair Offer.

Small boy (who has been watching amateur gunner's failures for an hour or more)—Say, mister.

Sportsman—Well, what is it, boy?

"Gimme a nickel an' a start as far as the fence an' you kin have one at me."—Life.

Reformed.

"I hear your son is something of an aviator, Mrs. Comeup."

"Well, to tell the truth, he was a bit that way, but he's taken the pledge."—Baltimore American.

Flowers are the sweetest things that God ever made and forgot to put a soul into.—Beecher.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1909 NUMBER 3

MAY REVOKE THE LICENSE

License of Saloon of Parkhurst and Warren May Be Revoked by the City Council.

Hearing Upon the Matter to Be Held In Council Chambers Next Wednesday Afternoon.

Parkhurst and Warren, who conduct a saloon in the Voracheck building at the corner of LaBree Avenue and First street, may have their license revoked by the city council. Papers were served upon these men last week and they will have to appear before the city council next Wednesday afternoon and defend themselves against certain charges that have been made. The police authorities say that they have had considerable trouble with this saloon and the council is determined to take radical action. The following is the complaint:

The following motion was introduced by alderman M. V. Evenson and seconded by Milton Forder:

Whereas: Herbert L. Parkhurst and Wm. R. Warren, copartners as Parkhurst and Warren, on the 16th day of June A. D. 1908, duly licensed by the City Council of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, to sell intoxicating liquors in less quantities than five gallons in the front room on ground floor of the two story building situate on lot 21 Block 58 original townsite of the City of Thief River Falls, and furnished a bond as required by law and which license by its terms will expire on the 23rd day of May 1909.

Whereas: The said Wm. R. Warren was on the 9th day of November A. D. 1908, in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, duly convicted of keeping open said licensed place after the hour of eleven o'clock on [illegible] of October A. D. 1908, and [illegible] o'clock on the 20 day [illegible] 1908, as more fully appears by the certificate of conviction in said matter now filed in the office of the City Clerk of said City, a copy of which is hereto attached and made a part of this motion and

Whereas; the said Parkhurst and Warren have permitted one by the name of Wallace Sweet to engage with them in the sale of said intoxicating liquor, in said place and

Whereas: The said Wm. R. Warren has violated the conditions of the license bond above mentioned in this that he has in said saloon caused disturbance of the peace and caused said place to become disorderly by shooting a loaded fire arm in said saloon, and has after closing hours of said saloon permitted said place to become disorderly, by permitting women and men to remain therein and allowing them to engage in immodest conduct and using obscene language which did disturbe travelers or the general public.

Now Therefore, Let the said Herbert L. Parkhurst and Wm. R. Warren show cause before the City Council of the City of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, at the Council Chambers in said City, on the 20th day of January A. D. 1909 at 2 o'clock P. M. on said day, why their license to sell intoxicating liquors as above described should not be revoked or annuled, upon the grounds hereinbefore set forth and failing to appear at said time and place above specified the said City Council will hear all evidence and if sufficient will revoke said license.

Let a copy of this motion be served upon the said Herbert L. Parkhurst and Wm. R. Warren on or before the 8th day of January 1909, said service to be made in the same manner as provided by law for the service of summons in District Court.

A Good Move.

The Meadows Co-operative Creamery Association in Clearwater county, Minnesota, has made a move in the right direction. The officers of the organization have purchased five Holstein sires from a breeder at Northfield. These bulls are to be owned by all the patrons and are to be used in building up their herds. Their action is highly commendable, and might be emulated by more of our co-operative cre[illegible] associations.

FROM FARGO TO WARROAD

Rumor that Trains Are to Be Run from Warroad to Fargo in the Near Future.

Will Connect With the Trains to Duluth, Twin Cities and West.

There is to be another change in the passenger schedule on the Great Northern. The run will be lengthened and there will be two regular crews making the run. Each crew will make a trip one way each day. The run is to be from Fargo to Warroad. By this new arrangement there will be convenient connection with trains to Duluth, the twin cities and all points west.

The trains will run on about the same schedule as before the establishment of passenger service on the Warroad extention. The change is not to be made at once and no official statement has been made, but there is little doubt that the change is to be made.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Northern Minnesota Tobacco.

Tobacco raising may yet become quite common in Northern Minnesota. For a number of years Jacob Mooker, of Crow Wing, has been raising tobacco and experimenting with the plants until he now has a variety that produces an excellent article, and yields a very profitable crop. This year Mr. Mooker planted about an acre to tobacco, and now has 1,000 pounds of the cured tobacco hanging in his sheds ready for market. The local demand for his product is such that Mr. Mooker does not find it necessary to ship any of his tobacco out of the county.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

BIG DITCH TO BE BUILT

The Forty-Mile Germantown Ditch to Be Built Next Summer It Is Announced.

Will Drain all of the Country Northeast of Thief River Falls and Provides for a Road.

County Commissioner John A. Sorum, of Holt, was in the city last Friday, returning from a trip to Warren where he had been to attend a meeting of the county board. Mr. Sorum states that the matter of building the Germantown ditch was up for consideration and that it was the unanimous opinion of the commissioners that this work be started as soon as the frost goes out of the ground in the spring. Engineer Hamre, of Crookston, was notified to at once commence the work of the survey. Mr. Hamre arrived here Friday with two crews of surveyors and at once commenced work. It will take him about twenty or twenty-five days to complete his work and then the viewers will be started out to assess the benefits and damages. The viewers can complete their work in a week or ten days.

The contract for the construction of the ditch, which will have to be dug by machinery, will be let before the frost goes out of the ground so that the successful bidder will have an opportunity to get his machine upon the ground without much trouble. The work must be completed before it freezes up next fall.

This ditch will empty into the Thief River about five miles north of town and will be some 40 miles in length. It will follow the same route as the one proposed to be put in by the government and will drain the country northeast of here as dry as a bone. In addition to this a fine highway will be built, as all of the dirt is to be piled up on one side of the ditch and graded up as a road. The building of this ditch will mean more to the residents northeast of here than anything that could happen.

We Would Like to Know.

We are informed by the Red Lake Falls Gazette that that paper has been awarded the official printing for the year 1909. The Gazette gives no reason why it was thus favored—in fact it can give no reason that would look well in print. A true explanation, however, might throw some light upon the subject of how Commissioner Lindquist is able to build large new barns and houses upon his farm.

The News had a bid in for doing the county printing this year which was the best bid ever made to the commissioners of Red Lake county when service and price are taken into consideration. The News offered to publish the delinquent tax list for 5 cents per description and the financial statement, commissioner proceedings and other notices for 20 cents per folio first insertion and 15 cents per folio for all subsequent insertions. In addition to this we offered to furnish every newspaper published in the county supplements containing the tax list, financial statement and commissioner proceedings free of charge.

The bid of the Gazette was 7½ cents per description for the tax list and 37½ cents per folio for first insertion and 17½ cents per folio all subsequent insertions for publishing the financial statement, commissioner proceedings and other notices. The Gazette also agreed to have the commissioner proceedings, tax list and financial statement published in the St. Hilaire Spectator.

Just why a higher bid for inferior service was accepted in preference to a lower bid for superior service is one of the things we would like to have Commissioner Lindquist explain. When Mr. Lindquist built his barn we do not believe that he paid any extra fancy prices for lumber and other material. He probably purchased where he could get his material the cheapest. Why, therefore, should he not do the same in expending the money of the public? Is it going to be his policy to let contracts for constructing bridges, roads, ditches, etc., to the higher bidder for inferior work? Had the bid of the News been accepted, the county would have saved about $500.

Territory Enlarged.

Creamery Inspector O. A. Storvick has received word from St. Paul that he is to have a assistant in the near future in the person of H. A. Goetsch.

The territory has been too large for one man to handle properly for some time past and the department decided to add another man and at the same time to add three more counties to this territory, Wadena, Otter Tail and Wilkin.

This will give this section a much better service than before.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Hon. John M Arctander, of Minneapolis, the most noted lawyer and orator among the Scandinavians in America, will deliver a lecture in the Norwegian language at the opera house in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Arctander's prominence as a speaker should secure for him a large attendance and all Scandinavians in Thief River Falls and vicinity should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. Admission free. Do not forget the date.

Postoffice Burglars Caught.

Norman Grambo, a halfbreed, and Frank Fredericks have been apprehended as the men who robbed the postoffice at Robbin, Kittson county, last week. Fredericks plead guilty before Judge Grindeland and was sentenced to three years imprisonment at hard labor. Grambo, is being held at Hallock for trial. He is one of a party of halfbreeds who lived on the Red river near Drayton, N. D. and who have had trouble with Marshall and Kittson county authorities before.

"Destined to Be a Leader."

We are in receipt of an attractive booklet advertising Thief River Falls and surrounding country. The book is crammed full of elegant half tone illustrations of the business houses, residences and prominent citizens of Thief River Falls. Olaf Ramstad, formerly of this place, is represented in the publication with a picture that is a speaking likeness of himself, a cut of his residence and the Citizens State Bank of which he is president. Thief River Falls is surrounded by a rich agricultural country and is destined to be one of the leading cities of Northern Minnesota.—Ada Herald.

Death of John Oleson.

John Oleson died at his home in Garnes township January 1st, 1909, at the age of 84 years, 6 months and 21 days. Deceased was born in upper Felmarken, Norway, June 10th, 1824. He was married to Miss Anna Broghton of the same place in 1845. They came to America in August, 1852, residing for many years at Madison, Wis., and in 1873 they came to Minnesota, settling upon a homestead near Adrian, Noble county. Mrs. Oleson died at Adrian, February 4, 1882. In 1901 Mr. Oleson moved with his children to Red Lake county and the home of the family has since been in Garnes township.

Deceased is survived by five children and nine grand children, left to mourn the loss of a loving father and grandfather. The children are Ole, Orville, John and Charley, sons, and one daughter, Mrs. A. Westlaker. Mr. Oleson was loved and esteemed by everyone and many of his friends will grieve to hear of his death. Funeral services were held from the home Sunday and interment was at Clearwater cemetary.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

CITY TO OWN EXCHANGE

Mass Meeting Decided Last Friday Evening That City Should Own the Telephone Exchange.

May Purchase the Tri State—Otherwise a New System Will Be Installed.

Thief River Falls will own and operate its own telephone exchange. This was decided at a mass meeting held in the Evenson hall last Friday evening.

The meeting was called by Mayor Hamre, who desired to secure an expression of the people here. Mr. Hamre was made chairman of the meeting and E. L. Quist was elected secretary. Considerable time was spent in talking over the local telephone situation and the demands being made upon the city by the Northwestern Telephone Company to string wires for the purpose of installing long distance telephones. The opinion of all seemed to be that the Northwestern be given the privilege of using the streets for long distance purposes, but there was a strong suspicion that in the light of past dealings with this company they could not be trusted and that they be given no further foothold in this city.

Quite a number of prominent business men addressed the meeting advocating that the city either buy out the Tri-State company's local exchange, if it could be purchased at a reasonable figure or else build a system. Among those who addressed the meeting were Aldermen Forder, Evenson and Ramstad, Dr. Grundy, J. H. Hay, C. M. Evenson, C. C. Jackson and Charles A. Robbecke. Alderman Forder stated that he had spent some little time looking up matters and had found that a three hundred 'phone system, the size of the local plant, could be installed at a cost of less than $10,000. He would be willing to pay the Tri-State company an amount somewhere in this neighborhood, but would not give one dollar for their franchise.

Upon the motion of Dr. Grundy a vote was taken upon the proposition that the city either buy or build a local telephone exchange, and it was unanimous in favor of the proposition. The aldermen present said that the city would proceed to at once secure an exchange.

It is understood that if the city becomes the owner of the local exchange, both of the long distance companies will connect up with it.

Alcohol from Flax Straw.

Denatured alchohol from flax straw is one of the experiments that is going to be tested out by Prof. Ladd of the N. D. Agricultural college this year, and if it proves a success as is the belief of the department of Agriculture at Washington, it will put to good use a large amount of flax straw which now goes to waste in the Northwest.

Coal Coal Coal

WE solicit your orders for coal. We have always on hand all kinds of coal at lowest market price. We give you 2,000 pounds to the ton and prompt delivery. We can deliver at once on receipt of order.

HARD COAL
...STOVE OR NUT...
SOFT COAL SMOKELESS COAL

Try our smokeless coal. It is the coal for the kitchen. Leave your coal order in our hardware department. Thanking you for your 1908 business and soliciting your favors the coming year, we remain

Yours for business,

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongest the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them youfself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

LIST OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Rocksbury.

Beebe, M E	$ 21 41
Barzen, Matt	6 86
Bakken, M P	3 24
Borgen, A O	1 32
Boe, Peder A	1 12
Berg, Axel F	2 23
Branval, Samuel	3 36
Callaway, R K	5 43
Engelstad, Peter	11 56
Eljston, C	7 90
Erickson, John	4 54
Eastman, G N	49
Erickson, Karl J	2 52
Finstad, K H	6 15
Finhart, S O	2 88
Falk, Casper	1 79
Fallman, J P	2 23
Geske, Carl	3 39
Geske, Gust	86
Gustafson, Charles	5 42
Haraldson, A	1 50
Haraldson, Alrick	09
Hage, J A	2 89
E A Hagglund	1 67
Hanson, Hans J	5 83
Huseby, A	3 74
Jaranson, Ole	2 68
Johnson, Johan	3 23
Johnson, Swan	4 27
" "	2 35
Johnson, Birgit	1 21
" John	4 39
Johnson, Hoken	07
Kvall, John	1 94
Kolp, E E	1 04
Kittelson, Chris	4 86
Lee, S O	4 11
Lian, L O	2 87
Liden, C	2 70
Langseth, A A	2 14
Loke, Lars O	1 20
Loberg, Lars A	4 62
Loberg, A A	1 77
Meehan, J J	3 42
Miller, Anton	3 61
Moeller, Wm	4 67
Moland, A A	2 01
Noah, S	3 36
Moengen, A E	3 62
Moe, Chris	4 40
Mathson, Ole	84
McAndress, Mike	7 08
Mathson, Chris	86
Mathson, Ben	53
Netteland, Lars G	5 59
Nelson, John L	1 99
Nelson, N S	3 97
Nelson, Herman	06
Nelson, John P	2 39
Nomland, O J	3 87
Odegaard, A A	5 01
Oen, Rasmus	31
O'Neil, D P	2 36
Olsen, Cornelius E	1 97
Olsen, Christen	80
Olson, Paul	2 41
Olson, H E	3 88
Olson, Christian	53
Pope, Henry	3 76
Paulson, Ole	2 48
Rondorf, Henry	5 25
Rockstad, M E	40
Ronning, Ole E	2 17
Riegert, W D	2 74
Satre, F T	5 02
Soderberg, Andrew	5 41
Steenerson, G L	6 10
Seeland, M H	1 70
Stroberg, J P	3 65
Thompson, Chris	7 78
Torgerson, A	3 23
Tortvet, H J	2 94
Tornquist, Fred	73
Wiberg, Swan	5 77
Weios, A	6 13
Wold, Bernt	9
Aubol, Ole A	4 11
Anderson, A E	2 86
Aubol, Anton A	8 43
Aubol, Ed A	4 95
Amundson, Hans	2 61
Anderson, Erick	42
Anderson, E E	91
Anderson, A F	74

Reiner.

Aakre, Elef	11 12
Antonson, O H	3 55
Anderson, Mikkel	9 72
Berg, Theodore O	8 90
Birkeness, Gustav	4 03
Dahlen, John	4 08
Erwick, Soend	1 98
Fladeland, Arne I	8 47
Halvorson, Julius	14 59
Halvorson, Torgea	10 12
Halvorson, Halvor A	8 35
Halvorson, Elef	40
Halvorson, Helmer I	8 11
Halvorson, Arent C	2 01
Hermanson, Julius S	2 90
Halvorson, Henry G	5 16
Hermanson, Soren	1 06
Helle, T G	18 78
Hornik, John	7 48
Hoversteen, Tom	2 70
Johnsrud, Earhart	20 47
Johnson, Charley	4 [illegible]
Knutson, Anton	15 55
Knutson, August	4 [illegible]
Kaase, George	9 27
Langlie, Aslak H	18 57
Markes, Thorlus I	3 35
McEnelly, J A	5 45
[illegible], Paul	1 26
[illegible], Peder M	6 17
[illegible], Lewis L	13 54
Runnestrand, Lars	11 01
Sigerud, Emil	10 68
Stenvick, John	16 00
Torgerson, Michael J	12 57
Udstrom, Johan E	5 12
Vraa, Ole E	10 72
Wahlin, Carl O	2 82

Goodridge.

Besancan, E H	$ 6 72
Baker, Anton H	2 81
Erickson, Lars	92
Hanson, Edwin	3 60
Johnson, Syvert	1 16
Jacobson, Nels	5 60
Markuson, John	10 44
O'Brien, J H	6 80
Sgnace, Stasting	1 44
Widahl, O N	7 60
Urdahl, C N	10 32
Morgan Vaughan	10 68
Vigenstad, Alfred	1 68
Westby, Ivar	8 16

Bray.

A E Anderson	9 13
Caroline Anderson	4 56
Mike Ault, Jr	6 15
Manne J Akerlund	8 80
Henrietta Bessler	10 36
Ed Crown	5 34
J A Dahlen	4 51
Selma C Englund	2 00
Chas. Englund	3 67
A P Hogstrom	6 77
Dora Hanson	7 08
Iver A H Johnson	2 44
Mattie C Johnson	3 21
Peter Lindblom	13 27
Henry Lindblom	14
Emil Larson	3 80
C A Lindquist	11 10
C A Nelson	7 35
Alfred C Olson	7 12
Christ Person	3 32
John Scholin	1 40
Swan Scholin	8 21
Johanna S Swanson	8 01
W F Schumacker	4 61
Mathilda Jenson	1 50

Sanders.

H F Anderson	1 41
Nels K Anderson	5 67
G A Anderson	4 01
J J Amble	1 57
Carrie J Amble	59
Rasmus Asseby	6 13
Carl P Bakken	1 77
Erick C Braaten	55
Otto H Bessler	4 34
John Brandvold	2 18
C Aug Carlson	4 17
Alfred Dahlstrom	4 37
Sander Engebretson	7 43
John Tromm	2 44
Carl Tromm	2 17
Hogan Hanson	3 57
Erick Hord	4 46
Wilhelm Hoehner	3 83
Anna C Jenson	1 45
Ivar Jonnson	2 50
Gust Johnson	8 49
August Krause	4 80
Ole Larson	4 33
Alfred J Larson	09
O L Larson	5 21
Mrs Mathilda Lind	5 93
Mrs John Musbeck	6 28
S M Ness	5 55
Peder N Ness	2 68
Erick Olson	5 89
Hans Olson	1 24
Ole J Oaness	2 65
Herman Ortloff	3 80
C H Peterson	5 91
H J Peterson	6 47
L M Roland	5 00
Fred Rux	3 05
Fred E Rux	4 19
C T Swanson	4 36
Bengt Swenson	5 25
Nils Swenson	3 70
Oscar Swenson	4 76
J M Swenson	5 94
H E Sovre	2 90
John Seaverson	1 38
Sven Thoreson	2 72
Ole Thoreson	1 11
James O Thorstad	2 98
Ernest Yonke	5 11

Kratka.

A Amundson	5 00
Ole Amundson	2 04
H Bjorhson	10 12
Ole S Brelland	7 57
C P Broeby	6 03
Olaf Brevick	1 07
Ole Christoferson	[illegible]
M H Connelly	5 04
P Ellerson	9 33
Swen T Gjerrold	3 13
Ole T Gullingsrud	6 03
John Gullingsrud	44
T Hennustvedt	7 21
O O Holm	70
Gunder Haugen	1 02
Peter Hunstad	5 25
Albert Hanson	10 12
Chas Hamey	10 81
S L Holm	3 12
K A Henderson	12
Ole Hoadahl	1 14
Peter Hegdeen	4 70
Mrs Peter Hegdeen	2 54
J R Hesbey	7 30
Carl Hoven	5 41
Hans Johnson	1 25
John S Johnson	13 90
Stener Johnson	4 82
R M Johnson	10 47
L O Konglof	8 13
Joe Kilen	90
Sam Knutson	6 16
Langlie Bros	28 49
O H Langlie	8 19
A R Leslie	7 17
Peter Lindeboja	11 13
L Larson	10 35
A B Mandt	5 49
Ole O Neeja	3 74
Frank Neuel	2 83
Oscar Otteson	86
Theodore L Olson	10 41
Ole Ovason	13 09
Lars E Otte	9 75
Ed Olson	2 83
Halvor Olson	8 05
Nels E Otte	2 07
James O'Brien	2 69
Carl L Olson	3 68
Gunder Olson	5 90
William Perreu	10 15
Chas Pederson	2 20
Peter Paulson	4 87
John Quick	11 64
Ole O Roisland	8 51
Henry Runnestrand	6 31
Anton Skog	5 83
A O Sandland	8 91
Singer Bros	23 52
B E Telman	3 31
August Thiel	12 43
Thomas Tulden	13 90
H A Tronnes	7 61
Asmund Vinlos	2 68
Ole Waalo	11 02
Halvor Waalo	8 74
P H Wright	6 03
Andrew Yong	1 46
Samuel Dangerfield	3 72
Christ Myro	67
Carl Jenson	5 65

Star.

Borstad, Ole P.	0 87
Bjorgufson, Osmund	2 15
Bjorneran, Halvor K.	9 12
Chrpa, John	1 86
Elg, Carl O.	13 10
Ekwall, C. J.	4 86
Fjeld, Hans H.	8 20
Fort, Anton	6 77
Fivig, Lars C.	3 10
Grane, Nils N.	2 91
Hole, Olaus	96
Hruby, Bohwmil	40
Hoffman, J. V.	5 01
Jacobson, Theodore	7 56
Johnson, Henry	5 43
Johnsrud, Ole	9 76
Johnson, Joseph	17 88
Kelly, Edward	24
Kotrba, Martin	4 10
Lokken, Ole S.	76
Meyer, Nick	13 61
Omlid, Oluf O.	10 23
Odegaard, Christ	5 33
Prucha, Karl	76
Parnow, Paul	24
Stungel, Mike	10 79
Srnoky, Alvis	9 91
Sjulestad, Even	6 85
Skaaren, Christian	2 91
Strande, Ole	4 18
Strand, K. O.	2 31
Tommerdahl, J. O.	6 17
Trnka, A. J.	01
Tofteland, J. A.	14 13
Tommerdahl, H. C.	3 47
Vatne, Kittie	3 31
Watne, T. O.	2 00

North.

Adsero, Jorden	10 01
Amren, Nils	29
Ballangrud, M. H.	3 74
Bertelson, Jens	1 61
Bothun, Martin	90
Conely, Dennis	20 02
Dahle, Paul A.	11 38
Douglas, Mrs. L. F.	10 13
Dablow, John	1 00
Eide, Jorgen	13 59
Erickson, Elias M.	8 30
Edenholm, Fred	10 71
Engen, Christian E.	7 65
Erickson, L. E.	5 35
Flattum, Ole	13 69
Hermanson, L. I.	5 43
Hoverstad, Andreas	8 28
Hanson, Marit	1 55
Haavi, Gilbert K.	7 15
Isaacson, Ole	1 01
Jorde, Mikkel F.	9 13
Jorde, G. M.	5 71
Johnson, R.	9 13
Johnson, B.	3 90
Jacobson, H.	1 45
Jacobson, Peter	5 55
Jacobson, Thomas	[illegible]
Joyce, George	1 30
Kaushagen, Henry	5 47
Knutson, Nils	2 06
Knox, C. J.	19 24
Loiland, K. O.	7 32
Lorggren, John	22 41
Long, W. O.	22 82
Loyland, Tollef	3 82
Myrin, Nils	1 62
Moylan, Patrick	11 61
Moylan, Martin	4 70
Nilson, Engelbret	2 78
[illegible], Salve O.	3 40
Olson, Albert	11 14
Overland, E. J.	11 33
Pichatta, J. V.	11
Rostad, H. J.	3 48
Rustebakke, Alfred	22 27
Reed, C. E.	2 62
Rystad, T. K.	9 56
Rustad, Christ	5 14
[illegible]	11 08
Steen, C.	11 14
[illegible], John S.	10 91
Swanson, S.	5 28
Soderberg, Aug	5 26
Tveraton, Andrew	4 79
Wierus, Joseph	1 98
Williams, H. R.	6 03
Weichman, Albert	16 74
Wold, M. J.	3 70
T. R. F. Cement Brick Works	22 50
Union Fibre Co.	7 04
Bastad, Mrs. Thomas	26
Posten, S. M.	82
Sandstrom, Victor	20
Monroe, Geo.	25
Dean, Hugh	60
Freiberg, John	1 10
Kleven, Maria	1 91
Bergling, John A.	39
Jorde, Andrew	7 88

Numedal.

Bugge, J. J.	$ 7 71
Bugge, C. J.	10 87
Bugge, T. P.	10 02
Blomberg, G. A.	6 63
Forsland, Alfred	9 21
Humes, Alson	1 01
Hanson, Sevort	5 30
Johnson, Halvor	4 59
Joringdal, Elias	13 09
Knutson, Soren	17
Larson, Olof	11 03
Mikulecky, Frank	1 05
Olson, John	5 26
Olson, Mrs. Sophia	6 40
Olson, Halvor	80
Olson, Olof	2 78
Olbue, Erick	2 90
Orwick, A. E.	4 00
Runningen, Mrs. Ole E.	4 38
Rons, Gust A.	5 91
Roesner, Fred	6 00
Swenson, P. P.	5 26
Stevens, Chas.	5 76
Severson, Tom	10 40
Winberg, Magnus	6 60

Norden.

Anderson, Ben	4 85
Anderson, Carl P.	08
Aas, C. E.	3 78
Asseby, I. L.	5 15
Blom, John	4 31
Bratong, John	3 15
Brevig, O. H.	1 45
Christenson, Waldemar	04
Christenson, Carsten	9 70
Carlson, John F.	3 33
Dimmen, Severin L.	5 78
Eklund, Andrew	6 73
Erickson, Halvor	2 14
Finke, John L.	7 30
Feragen, Andrew	5 47
Feragen, Mrs. John O.	46
Feragen, A. O.	1 43
Funnesdal, A. J.	5 72
Gravlie, Ellef	5 83
Hitterdal, L. H.	4 20
Iverson, A. N.	5 03
Johnson, Andrew	3 83
Johnson, August	3 95
Kron, Axel	2 60
Knutheseth	2 07
Lee, Lars	3 03
Lappegaard, Ole	2 58
Lillegaard, Ole	10 90
Myron, Amund	4 30
Morstal, Amund	6 46
Monsebrothen, O. N.	3 63
Mossestad, Mrs. Laurind	3 20
Martinson, Mrs. Betsy	3 26
Nora, Nils O.	6 61
Ness, O. E.	1 88
Ordal, Olaus O.	4 60
Prichard, W. W.	8 87
Pederson, Mrs. Minnie	4 23
Rodegaard, N. E.	6 58
Rust, Martin	5 38
Rogne, O. P.	2 39
Sletten, H. I.	5 15
Sumuelson, Nels	3 32
Savre, Mrs. Laura	2 77
Shjogreen, Sacarius	3 06
Strandvold, H.	3 11
Soderberg, P. E.	5 03
Sorenson, Soren	7 41
Skaar, Mrs. Anna	6 49
Sjoavold, John	5 41
Savig, L.	3 09
Tweet, Jacob O.	1 00
Voldness, Peder A.	4 75
Wig, John A.	6 15
Wiberg, S. E.	2 76
Wilken, Amund	3 52

AT THE BIJOU.

For a program that is certain to drive away dull care, the program tonight cannot be beaten. Special music Thursday and Saturday evening. Amateurs Friday as usual. Mrs. Huseth's song is rendered in a most acceptable manner. The song success of the season, "Are You Sincere?" "The Lover's Guide" is a good comedy subject. Cholly has arrived at the time of life when every girl seems a divinity. Uncertain of his powers he buys an alleged lover's guide, works overtime to master its rules. "Tricked Into Giving His Consent" and "It Smells Smokey" are also good comedy subjects. "Two Broken Hearts" and "The Story of a Fisher-maiden" are exceptional clever dramas.

The Suit You Thought Was Ruined

will undergo a remarkable transformation in our hands. All those nasty spots which were so annoying will have vanished during our process of cleaning, and the whole suit will look as clean and fresh as to be equal to a new one. Send anything you wish cleaned to B. Dan Bjorkman and you will be more than satisfied.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner.
Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Miss Dewey was absent from her classes on Monday by reason of illness.

The attendance is maintaining a high average this month despite the exceedingly severe weather. Not a few cases of frost bitten cheeks and noses have appeared each morning among the little ones but the lower grade teachers are taking special pains to care for these cases, and also to see that the small children are comfortably wrapped up before leaving the buildings at dismissal.

This week marks the close of the first semester and next week the beginning of some new half year subjects in the high school. The program will be rearranged so as to accommodate the greatest number of pupils possible.

Janitor Ronnestrand, who is enjoying a holiday trip to Seattle and the western country, is expected to return at an early date.

The utmost caution is exercised these days, when more than ordinary fuel is consumed for heating purposes to prevent any possibility of danger by fire in the schools. The janitors remain at the buildings during the noon hour and until one or more of the teachers return. Any suggestions from parents or friends looking towards making the buildings as immune as possible from fire danger will be thankfully received and put into practice by the school authorities. For the satisfaction of parents it might be well to state that at the present time and ever since the Collingwood disaster all the doors open out, the outer doors during school hours are very lightly fastened, no rubbish is permitted to accumulate in corners, closets or out of the way places, and hand grenades are located at convenient points. Fire drills were also regularly practised prior to the advent of the recent cold weather.

The senior class has chosen for its class play the well known and popular "The Merchant of Venice, Up To Date". Practice has already begun and the play will be presented some time during the latter part of March.

To the Public.

This is to certify that I have parted with my wife, Lizzie Robbins, and from and after this date I will pay no bills contracted by the said Lizzie Robbins or any of her children.

Dated January 2, 1909. W. A. Robbins.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 — 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday and Sunday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Inquire of Mrs. G. A. Penney.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will meet at the parsonage next Thursday, Jan 21.

B. J. Bakke, the Newfolden merchant, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Samuel Jibeau, formerly register of deeds of Red Lake county, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Mrs. Theo. Garseau, one of the pioneer residents of Red Lake Falls and a woman held in very high esteem thruout this section of the state, died very suddenly Tuesday evening.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

Rollis News.

Louis Stordahl had some wolf traps setting in sight of his house. One morning last week, he saw a wolf coming across the field. When he got opposite the bait, he stopped, sniffed the air, and, after walking around the bait a time or two, he approached very slowly and carefully. All at once, Louis says, the air was filled with snow and wolf till it looked like a cyclone. Louis grabbed up his rifle and in a few minutes he had $7.50 worth of bounty and a $3 wolf skin on his back.

There are several cases of scarlet fever southeast of Rollis. Peter Linn lost a little girl last week and Dr. Melby of Thief River Falls, has quarantined two or three other families. Scarlet fever is not only a very contagious but a very dangerous one and the town board of health should use all its powers to prevent its spread. We cannot afford to lose our little ones through carelessness and neglect of enforcing our health laws. See that these quarantines are maintained in good faith and the houses cleaned up and disinfected afterwards.

Synod Church.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday at 10.30 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. in the English language.

The Ladies' Aid meets [illegible] Mrs. H. Lanesath [illegible] 3 o'clock.

The Young [illegible] Society meets in the basement of the church this evening at 8 P. M.

I. T. Aastad.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

ED O'HARA,

Phone 185. The Drayman.

C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

SAW MILL MACHINERY

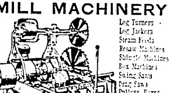

Saw Mills
Engines
Boilers
Gang Edgers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Slab Slashers
Chain Conveyors
Lumber Trimmers
Excelsior Machines
Planers and Matchers

Log Turners
Log Jackers
Steam Feeds
Resaw Machines
Shingle Machines
Box Machines
Swing Saws
Drag Saws
Pulleys, Boxes
Shafting, Trucks

We also have Second Hand Machinery

We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THREE PROPOSITIONS.

A reader of these notes living in Jefferson county, Ill., writes, making inquiry which would be the best of three farming propositions which he describes somewhat in detail. For the benefit of some other readers who may be somewhat similarly situated and have about the same problems to solve we take up the alternatives which he presents somewhat in detail. Our correspondent lives in a section in Illinois where the land is valued at $100 per acre less than the best corn belt land farther north, and there the soil is very much less productive. He feels that to make a satisfactory income from the tilling of this poor land he will have to invest $700 to $800 in commercial fertilizers the coming year and probably have to spend more or less along this line annually thereafter. The question which arises in our friend's mind is whether from a business standpoint it will be best to do this, remaining in his present location; go to western Canada, where he has found an agreeable and bracing summer climate and where he can buy good raw land on the crop payment basis, but which will have to be "built up," as it were, or move west and take up land in connection with some of the irrigation projects, a type of farming with which he is not acquainted from experience, but which he believes he can get on to if others can. Important factors affecting the wisdom of a choice in our friend's case are that he will have $3,000 if he sells his present holdings, that his chief concern for the future is the welfare of his wife and two little children, who are willing to accompany him wherever it may seem best to locate, while two brothers-in-law are ready to go with him and share his lot. Our correspondent rightly appreciates both the difficulty and the responsibility which one must assume who would essay to suggest or advise in such a case, for it is no easy matter. However, we would suggest the wisdom in the present instance of our friend's visiting in the near future several of the best known irrigation tracts and get information from others than those financially interested in the sale of land touching climatic conditions, crops raised and prices to be got, as well as school, social and other privileges which have a vital bearing on a family's contentment and happiness. In most western states where these irrigation projects are located the climate is nearly ideal, being neither so cold in winter nor so warm in summer as in the Mississippi valley states, while the soil vitalized by the magic touch of water becomes marvelously productive. Our inquirer is well acquainted with the Illinois situation, has visited western Canada, and when he has sized up the opportunities available in the irrigation sections he should be able to make a wise choice, having as a basis first hand information. If the land on which he is at present located is just naturally poor and cannot be rejuvenated by the growing of clovers and dairying and if the Canadian land is located in a section of uncertain summer seasons, with bitter cold in winter, we should by all means recommend the irrigation project, but only after one had visited several so that he may know in advance the advantages as well as the drawbacks which may be connected with them.

SHOULD BOIL 'EM DOWN.

If there is one question which the directors of agricultural experiment stations should take up seriously along with plant breeding and live stock experiments, it is the preparation and presentation of their usually valuable research work in such form that it will be read and understood by the large class of readers for whose benefit and enlightenment it is primarily prepared. A representative of the New York experiment station to whom the writer broached this matter the other day admitted the point was well taken and agreed that the difficulty could be in a measure obviated if the experiment stations would prepare two sets of reports on their experiments, one like those at present printed, for specially educated and scientific agricultural students and a second more popular edition for the rank and file who have neither the time, inclination nor ability to wade through and get the meat of forty or fifty pages of matter which, for the latter class at least, ought to be limited to two or three pages or less.

LAYING DRAINTILE.

Of all jobs on the farm which should not be supervised by a bungler or incompetent, that of surveying for and laying a system draintile is one of the chief. It costs money to buy good tile and dig trenches for a drainage system, the whole success of which depends upon it being accurately and properly laid, and for this reason it should be done in the best manner possible.

Feeding experiments which have been conducted in different sections show that in the fattening of pigs 400 pounds of potatoes are equal to 100 pounds of corn.

Expert chemists in the department of agriculture at Washington have made analyses of alfalfa fields which show that by the time the plants are two years old they have added to each acre over $100 worth of fertility in the shape of nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash. It is because of this fact that land in sections where alfalfa is being grown is not running down at the heels, but is becoming more fertile and productive every season.

One of the interesting exhibits of the Nebraska experiment station at the national corn show was a three months' old alfalfa plant seven inches in height whose roots, exposed to view in glass, contained earth extended down into the soil a distance of thirty inches. This explained in a very patent way the ability of alfalfa to withstand drought and its ability to flourish in a soil which many other plants would find poor and inhospitable.

An almost inevitable drawback with the raising of dual purpose breeds of cattle is that the attention as well as the interest of the owner is divided as between the two objects in view, with the result that he is not likely to give that degree of attention to the necessary conditions which must exist if he is to achieve the largest measure of success with either. It is simply an illustration of the principle that one cannot do as well along two lines of effort as he can if he devotes his energies to but one.

An interesting achievement which has been recently effected in the Cornell university plant breeding station and in the biological laboratory of Chicago university is a wheat rye cross. The experiment can hardly have more than a merely scientific interest, as here, as in the animal kingdom, nature seems to have erected an impassable barrier to further propagation, due to the sterility of hybrid crosses. While seed from this cereal cross has not been sterile in every instance, it has possessed so little vitality that the plants died a short time after germination.

The Illinois experiment station has conducted an interesting series of corn breeding experiments covering the past eleven years, having been able in that interval to increase the protein content of a given type of corn from 10.92 per cent to 13.89 per cent and as low as 7.32 per cent. The oil content by a like process of breeding and selection it has been able to increase from 4.70 per cent to 7.43 and to reduce to 2.59. The experiments show further that the oil content tends to vary with the protein. In view of these figures it would seem a wise move for commission men and feeders to buy corn not only by weight, but to rate its market value on the basis of the per cent of food elements contained.

The members of a western state board of health, realizing the fearful aid which ill ventilated sleeping rooms and impure air are in the contraction of colds and the aggravation of minor pulmonary complaints and the dread tuberculosis, have issued a warning to the residents of their state against the all too prevalent practice of placing tight storm sashes on the windows of sleeping rooms. The circular they have issued states that at least one window in each sleeping room should be left open part way at night, so that when the body is at rest it may be recuperated by the breathing of pure and life sustaining fresh air. The point made by this board of health is well taken and should be pondered thoughtfully by folks everywhere.

A bright south central Nebraska farmer with whom we talked the other day cited a fact which in his opinion farmers of that section ought to take into account more than they do—namely, that while the application of manure to Nebraska soils twenty-five years ago was without doubt a positive detriment, especially in the growing of wheat, so much humus and fertility have been removed in the interval in shape of raw grain crops and the burning of the stubble that the use of it today applied thinly with a spreader has a directly opposite effect. He stated that a few in his locality were awaking to the importance of the fact referred to and were working into a dairy type or stock feeding of agriculture, so that they might increase the supply of fertilizer available for the land. The trend he speaks of is significant and will mean much for the farmers of his own state and others similarly situated.

The Nebraska state experiment station has conducted some valuable feeding experiments with corn and alfalfa and on two other roughage rations. It was found that with a ration consisting of 6.4 pounds of corn and 7.4 pounds of alfalfa the average cost of a pound in weight of steers was 6.5 cents, the profit on each steer fed this ration being $3.21. With a ration consisting of 6.3 pounds of corn, four pounds of alfalfa and four pounds of stover the cost per pound of gain was 6 cents, while the profit per animal was $3.76. In a third test 9.3 pounds of corn and 8.9 pounds of prairie hay were required to give a pound gain costing 8.5 cents, while the average loss in feeding the steers was 27 cents a head. With a fourth lot of steers a pound of gain costing 6.5 cents was secured from a ration of 6.8 pounds of corn and 6.5 pounds of alfalfa. In this case the average profit was $5.02 per head.

John's big sister should derive some consolation from the fact that, while she may have invested a considerable amount in one of those "Merry Widow" monstrosities, he may make use of it next June as a shade for his corn plow by equipping it with center pole and braces.

If reports are to be believed, an Owatonna (Minn.) resident has earned the rather unique distinction of having raised a wheelbarrow load of coffee the past summer. The coffee plants or shrubs from which the berries were secured grew to a height of three or four feet. Whether they will live to bear a crop next season remains to be seen.

It is seldom that a wire milk strainer will remove all the foreign matter from a pail of milk. On this account at least two thicknesses of a close meshed cotton cloth should be placed over the strainer, when many fine particles of matter will be removed. When the milk is strained the cloth as well as the pail should be thoroughly washed and scalded.

One of the first tests to be made with the lately discovered hog cholera vaccination serum was used with a drove of north Iowa hogs a few weeks ago and with marked success. Of the thirteen hogs affected with a bad type of cholera but two died, the remaining *eleven responding to the treatment* and making a rapid recovery. If the new remedy will save this per cent of hogs afflicted with the cholera scourge it will be worth millions of dollars annually to the hog raisers of the country.

That persuasion is often more effective than force we saw nicely illustrated some time ago in an attempt which a number of earnest and possibly exasperated men were making to get a horse, green at the business, into a tread power. Pulling on the halter with a half hitch, paddling with brooms and clapboards and similar means were tried without avail, until finally one who understood horse nature better than the rest and possibly had a little more horse sense secured two or three lumps of sugar and gave the horse a taste, when he walked into the power as if it had been an everyday occurrence.

A chart which is used in the farm crops department of the Iowa agricultural department bears the six following rules which should be followed if one would increase his yield of oats. They should be copied in large letters and pasted on the barn door of every farmer who is not already following the directions which they contain. They are, first, secure seed suitable to the locality; second, get seed that will grow; third, fan and grade the seed; fourth, treat for smut; fifth, properly prepare the seed bed, and, sixth, sow seed with a drill. A glance will show that there is nothing highfalutin or particularly difficult about these rules. It is fair to assume if a farmer has been slipshod with his oats he could increase the yield of this cereal from 10 to 40 per cent by following these above simple directions.

One of the very interesting and instructive exhibits at the Omaha corn show consisted of fifty-six ten-ear samples of corn grown by the pupils of the Harrison county (Ia.) schools under the direction of the county superintendent, D. E. Brainerd. Last spring each pupil who was willing received a pint of tested seed corn from the superintendent. This was planted and tended according to directions, each boy selecting the ten ears from his experimental plot which he thought were the best. To add interest to the project and to enhance its educational value substantial prizes were offered to the pupils showing the best ears of corn and who also gave the best answers to a list of questions bearing on their work and writing the best essay on the corn plant and its value. This may seem like a very simple step along the line of securing a study of agriculture in the public schools, but it is a most important one and might be taken up by school officials in other counties, there by creating an added interest in school work and contributing materially to the agricultural prosperity of the county.

The cement age in which we are said to have entered, made necessary by the wanton and ruthless destruction of our splendid forests, is fraught with conditions for those engaged in the industry that are in marked contrast to those under which the pioneer woodsman worked and lived. In the latter case a fine physical health was the natural result of vigorous exercise and the breathing of unlimited fresh air as he felled the forest giants from which to erect his dwelling or furnish fuel with which to heat it. In the former instance the employees of the big cement mills merely oil and tend the vast machinery that reduces clay and limestone to that which must supply the lack of forest trees, getting little exercise and breathing a dust and death laden air. In every such plant immature boys, with hollow cheeks and lifeless eyes, listlessly yet carefully scan an endless concave belt bearing earth and clay to remove stones and other matter which would be injurious in the manufacture of the product. In the mill proper the sunlight is obscured and the life limit shortened by an ever present dust that marks the unwholesomeness and also the cost of the cement age.

F. E. Trigg

If you will take Foley's Orino Laxative until the bowels become regular you will not have to take purgatives constantly, as Foley's Orino Laxative positively cures chronic constipation and sluggish liver. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65), and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit,- the southeast quarter, (S. E ¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W. ¼ of N. E.¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N. ½ of S. E ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

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for children; safe, sure. No opiates

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There is no case on record of a cough, cold or la Grippe developing into pneumonia after Foley's Honey and Tar has been taken, as it stops the most obstinate deep seated coughs and colds. Why take anything else. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Fred Richard, unmarried, as mortgagor, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section eighteen, township one hundred and fifty-two, north, range forty-five, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing one hundred and sixty acres according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date August 8, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on September 5, 1905 at nine o'clock A. M. in book 33 of mortgage records, at page 520, and

Whereas, the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated September 23, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on September 25, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgage records at page 190, duly assigned said mortgage to Michael Maire, and

Whereas the said Michael Maire, thereafter, by an instrument in writing, dated December 21, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 538, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty-eight cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee.
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

You would not delay taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at the first sign of kidney or bladder trouble if you realized that neglect might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities and cures all kidney and bladder disorders. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Russell E. Vance and Cora M. Vance, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots one and three and the north one-half of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section sixteen, township one-hundred fifty-one, north range forty-four, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing 196.40 acres, according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date June 1, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on June 13, 1905, at 1:30 P. M., in book 35 of Mortgages at page 467, and

Whereas the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated June 17, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 20, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgage Records at page 171, duly assigned said mortgage to Ellen F. Sullivan, and

Whereas the said Ellen F. Sullivan, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 16, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 537, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of two thousand five hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. dec. 31-feb. 4.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 7, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 6102, Serial No. [illegible], for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of February, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Albert Klungness, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ed Hanson, of [illegible], Minn.
John Sordahl of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

jan. 14-feb. 18

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stops the cough and heals lungs

A Religious Author's Statement.

For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy. A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
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Office first door north of News building.

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$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.

A. STENSETH.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

It is said to be very probable that the present legislature will repeal the primary election law. We believe it would be better to extend the law to state officers.

The supreme court has decided that the wide open tax amendment carried. This will probably mean that bill placing a tonage tax on iron ore will be passed at this session of the legislature.

Lobbyists are not to be allowed floor privilages in the Minnesota State Legislature this session. There is nothing, however, to prevent the lobbyists seeing the individual legislators on the quiet.

Those people who predicted that it would be a cold day when the Standard Oil Company paid that fine are calling attention to the fact that zero weather came immediatelly after the Supreme Court had disposed of the case.

The Standard Oil Company has promised that it will, if it is permitted to keep on doing business in Missouri, give up its practice of disregarding the laws of that state and ignoring the rulings of the Supreme Court. It must be admitted that this is an important concession for the Standard Oil Company to make.

Congress is wondering how it can "spare" money for the rivers. But the country cannot afford to have the rivers unimproved. It is rather tiresome to have a "poor mouth" made by the watch dogs of the treasury whenever an expenditure that is really an investment for public welfare is demanded. The biggest waste of public revenues lies not in creating wealth by the development of natural resources. Billion dollar Congresses should not get twisted in the arithmetic of their economy.—Kansas City Star.

The Northfield News thinks an effort will be made this winter to so modify the railroad pass law as to allow passes to certain officials Why should such a modification be made? Why shouldn't every person not absolutely in the constant employ of the transportation companies pay their car fare? What reason is there for giving to the wife, children or other relatives of a railroad employe free passes than to give a free pass to the washer woman with a family of children to support? Let every person pay car fare. That is just and fair and equitable.—Waseca Herald.

Nebraska State Journal: When Abe Ruef steps out of his prison in the year 1922, supposing friendly supreme court does not see that he never steps in, shall he yet find a place for a boss in the American city? Sending Ruef to prison, it should be remembered, does not alter the condition which created Ruef. There are still the public service corporations and the party machines that put Ruef on the throne, a throne that could be sustained only by bribery and coercion and blackmail. None of these corporations or their managers have been punished, nor has their hold on the California government been shaken. If these corporations are to continue to rule, they must have a boss. Ruef, in prison, they will merely have to raise another agent to the throne. Unless these conditions are destroyed before 1922, Ruef may step from prison to a throne, or a place behind the throne.

In connection with the establishment of a sixth state normal school in northern Minnesota it is noted that an argument persistently advanced by one contestant city is its importance as a summer resort and health refuge. That this inducement would be a valuable consideration is admitted, were it not for the fact that every town in this glorious state can be classed as a health resort, and beautiful cites and charming lakes are so common that their value as such becomes simply nil. Pretty nearly every quarter section in this commonwealth boasts its lake or stream and every town or hamlet is blessed with similar advantages. No body of men, clothed with the responsibility and authority of locating such a great institution as a state normal school, will fail to place it where it will accomplish the greatest good to the greatest number of people, and at some point within the circle of densest population lacking normal privileges. Thief River Falls is situated at such a point. It is naturally a beautiful site, but not more so than thousands of others in this state, and is a high and healthful location, being at the junction of two navigable rivers on which steamers ply during the summer season. Its chief claim to the normal is based, however, on its actual location. It is now the educational center of a large district, is the railway hub of the northwestern section, comprising the counties of Norman, Beltrami, Polk, Red Lake, Marshall, Mahnomen, Roseau, and Kittson. As the Duluth normal cares for the northeastern portion of the state, so, to balance educational privileges, a normal at Thief River Falls would exactly provide facilities for normal education for the northwestern.

The two bills introduced in the house changing the rate of railroad gross earnings taxation, are substantially the same as those considered two years ago. Mr. Spooner, of Morris, re-introduced his bill of 1907 increasing the rate from 4 to 6 per cent, and Representative Robertson, of Argyle, introduced a bill very much like that put through the house two years ago by Representative Miller, of Duluth, increasing the rate to 5 per cent and requiring the railroads, in addition, to pay all local assessments, including assessments for drainage. This later bill would afford more general relief, and at the same time would probably be more objectionable to the railroads, because local assessments would probably amount to more than 1 per cent difference between the gross earnings rates proposed in the two bills.

The fight to regulate freight rates in Minnesota was renewed last week by the introduction of a bill by Senator Cashman, re-enacting the commodity freight rate law of two years ago, which has involved the state in a controversy with the federal courts, which have held the penalty provided for its violation to be excessive. The Cashman bill eliminates the penalty entirely, thereby removing the objection of the United States courts. Without a penalty, a law is apt to be ineffective, but another measure will be introduced later to cover this point. Senator Cashman has in mind the passage of a bill providing that shippers who are charged more than the law prescribes may go into court and recover the excess with ten per cent interest added, as a sort of a penalty. In this way it is hoped that the legal objections may be removed. Senator Cashman has also introduced a distance tariff bill. This measure was defeated by the senate two years ago.

Two years ago many persons argued that the state had ample facilities for the training of rural teachers in the five normal schools located at Moorhead, Duluth, St. Cloud, Winona and Mankato. This view is not now expressed in any section of the state, as, following the contest inaugurated at the last session of the legislature for a sixth normal school by Thief River Falls, Cass Lake and Bemidji, investigation developed the utter failure of the present normals to supply the demand made on them for professionally trained teachers. The state normal board now recognizes this condition and is adopting strenuous, even desperate means to meet it. They have inaugurated continuous summer sessions at all the schools; have secured additional instructors; are increasing their equipment and extending their buildings, for which the Duluth normal asks $115,000 from the present legislature, Moorhead $75,000 and St. Cloud the paltry sum of $30,000; and are crowding their school dormitories, until at Moorhead four beds in one bed room is not unusual. And, in spite of all this expense and effort, the schools are dangerously overcrowded. It is found that the densely populated northwestern portion of the state suffers most from this condition, as only 184 normal graduates are found in all the schools, rural and city, in all the counties from the southern boundary of Norman to the Canadian line and from the eastern side of Beltrami to the Red River. Deducting the normal teachers in the high school towns from this and only a mere handful would be left for the rural and village schools of this region. With the exception of Beltrami and Clearwater counties this territory is an old and well settled section and a normal is a most pressing and immediate need and becomes more urgent, when it is known that the state offers special state aid annually to those rural and village schools meeting certain conditions, chief of which is that they hire professionally trained teachers. Wherein the state fails to turn out the needed grist of instructors to meet this demand, the people lose not only educationally, but financially as well. The claims of 1000 rural schools in the section indicated demand that the newspapers speak in no uncertain tones and insist that this need be supplied by the immediate establishment of a sixth state normal school somewhere near the center of the population of this district, and Thief River Falls stands ready to leave the determination of the central point to any responsible and disinterested board or body of men.

THE COST OF TUBERCULOSIS.

J. Sloat Fassett in Charities and the Commons: "There are 86,000,000 people in the United States, and it is estimated that [illegible] of them die of tuberculosis every year. It is estimated that 11 2-10 per cent of all who die, die from tuberculosis. If that is true, then of the 86,000,000 of people now living in the United States 9,632,000 are doomed to die of tuberculosis. Prof. Irving Fisher states that the money cost of tuberculosis, including capitalized earning power lost by death, exceeds $8,[illegible] for each death, so that the hand of this destroyer has already laid its paralyzing grasp upon $1,100,000,000 worth of human productive energy a year, and of this cost two fifths, or $440,000,000, falls on others than the consumptive. And when this tremendous loss, this enormous paralysis of energy, is extended to what may happen unless conditions change, before the last living inhabitant of the United States passes to his long home, it is represented by figures that are stupendous and inconceivable. Measured, then, by the bare standard of money alone, this dread disease, unless checked, has already laid out for destruction an amount of energy to be measured feebly and crudely by the sum of $77,056,000,000.

AN ODD DEAL.

One of the oddest business deals that we have heard of came to our attention a few days ago, when the final settlement in the transaction was made by the principals, John Strong of Zion and Stony Atkins of Canada. Last fall Mr. Atkins offered to sell Mr. Strong a manure spreader and after a considerable discussion and chaffing over the deal, a verbal agreement was made. Mr. Strong had an 80 acre field that he intended to sow into wheat and he wanted to fertilize as much of it as possible. Mr. Atkins made him the following proposition: Strong was to take the spreader and fertilize half the field, that is to say 40 acres of it, and seed it to wheat; then harvest and thresh separately two parts of the field and Atkins would take as his pay from the grain that Strong raised on and above the amount raised on the unfertilized portion. In case Strong failed to fertilize half of the 80 acres he was to pay Atkins the regular price of the machine.

One day Mr. Strong came in and made the following report: He had been able to cover but 30 acres of the field, therefore would have to pay the regular price for the spreader, but he was glad in one respect that he had been unable to fulfill the first part of the agreement, because if he had, the spreader would probably cost him double. He found that the yield from the fertilized field was so much greater than the other, that he was ashamed to make the comparison.

If such incidents as these are not sufficient to wake many of our farmers up to the need of better soil treatment, they will have to wait until their over-worked farms run out altogether or the Angel Gabrial toots his old horn and calls them to give an account to the soil.—Towner Co. Democrat.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO WOMEN.

It is doubtful if any other newspaper in the United States offers so much that is of interest to women and of value in the home as does The Chicago Record-Herald. In the daily issues are to be found a daily pattern suitable for home dressmaking, the daily bill of fare, chatty society news and Mme. Qui Vivi's daily feature of answers upon beauty topics. On Monday appears "Martha's Management," devoted to household and culinary topics, while short, light reading for the whole family is always found on the editorial page. On Friday appears Dr. Withrow's comment on the Sunday school lesson, and through the week will be found crisp reviews of the new books. In the Sunday issue a complete section is devoted to women, containing Mme. Qui Vive's beauty page, "Hints for the Home Dressmaker" by Jeanette Hope, Marion Harland's page, Dame Curtsey's "Novelties in Entertainment," society news and many special articles of interest to women. The Sunday Magazine of The Record Herald is full of good stories, interesting articles on timely topics, clever verse, wit, humor and miscellany, with many beautiful illustrations It has the real magazine flavor.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Epworth League 7:15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Sand—Swenson.

A pretty but quiet wedding was solemnized in the Swedish Lutheran church in this village on the sixth of January, when Rev. Alex Sand and Mabel Christina Swenson were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. Moody, of Fergus Falls, officiating. Rev. Persenius, of Grand Forks, acted as best man while Miss Sjostrom, of Winthrop, acted as maid of honor. After the ceremony the bridal party with a few invited guests retired to the parsonage where dinner was served.

Rev. Sand is the pastor of the local Swedish Lutheran church and is a man of high qualifications. During the time he has been here he has won the esteem and admiration of all his associates. He is a man whose actions are always founded upon sound judgement.

The bride is the oldest daughter of August Swenson, of River Falls township. She is a very estimable young lady and has a host of friends and associates.

The whole community extend their best wishes and congratulation to the happy couple.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

A Prosperous Company.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Co. was held at the village hall in St. Hilaire on Monday, January 4th. The report of the secretary showed that the company was in a prosperous condition and that it carried, at the present time, insurance to the amount of $521,000, the largest in the history of the company. The company now does business in nearly all of Red Lake county and had a very prosperous year. No assessment was made the past year and there is still a balance in the hands of the treasurer.

The following officers were elected: President, Nels K. Anderson; Secretary, John O. Swanson; Treasurer, Charles Gustafson; Directors, Ed. A. Aubol, James S. Roy and Carl Gorlach.

The following agents were appointed for the ensuing year:

Bray, Emil Larson; Polk Centre, Sam Person; Sanders and Black River, Alfred Dahlstrom; North, E. J. Overland; Norden, O. E. Aas; Numedal, Louisville and Red Lake Falls, Carl Gorlach; Wyandotte, Smiley and Mayfield, Anton Peterson; Star, Deer Park, Kratka, Highlanding, Clover Leaf; Goodridge and Reiner, P. C. Wold; Emardville, A. J. Hemstad; Garnes and Equality, Thomas Johnson; Rocksbury, P. Engelstad; River Falls and Gervais, A. S. Anderson; Silverton, P. O. Sorlom.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Believes a General Bill Would Pass.

The fight for a sixth normal school, to be located in Northern Minnesota, was resumed by the introduction of a bill by Representative McGarry of Walker, providing for the location of a new school at Cass Lake. Cass Lake was also the leader in the fight two years ago, but Bemidji, Thief River Falls and other towns got into the game later, with the result that nothing was done. The needs of the new normal school is not to be doubted, and it is entirely probable that if the fight can be centered first upon the establishment of the school, leaving the question to be fought over later, the legislature will concede the school, especially as the present proposal merely involves the selection of a site, and carries no appropriation for a school.—Legislative Correspondence in the Duluth Herald.

Highlanding.

P. Sullivan made a trip to Thief River Friday, returning home Saturday.

Walt McAndress returned home from Thief River Saturday.

P. C. Wold went to Thief River Sunday, returning home Wednesday.

J. W. Vrolson's and Walt McAndrews visited at Alfred Hammerstein's Sunday.

Tom Wallie and Oscar Parno visited at Sam McMahon's Sunday afternoon and evening.

A creamery and also a boat meeting was held at Highlanding Monday.

Ole Sundahl, who lately married Miss Signa Tottendahl, will give a free dance at Kratka Saturday the 16th of January. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Jan. 9, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Allen, W.
Hilson, Mrs. Edward
Hanson, Miss Eva
Johnson, Millie
Jordalen, Johanes
Kroog, Miss Marie
Levorson, S. A.
Lentz, Wm.
Lindberg, Adolph
Smith, O. L.
Westby, Miss Lina

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Subscribe for the News.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

A. E. Abraham's

South Main St. Phone 103

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS,
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

This is the trade-mark of
Scott's Emulsion
and is on every bottle of it sold in the world—which amounts to several millions yearly.

Why-Because it has made so many sickly children strong and well—given health and rosy cheeks to so many pale, anaemic girls and restored to health so many thousands in the first stages of Consumption.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N.Y.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	97
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.47
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

W. J. LaBree was down to Mahnomen last week.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

D. P. O'Neill was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Chief of Police Lang was up to Roseau the first of the week.

Helmoth Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jack Dunn, of Kratka, Sunday.

Emil Dryfos was down to Mahnomen last week attending to business matters.

W. C. Addy, the Strandquist merchant, was in Thief River Falls to spend Sunday.

For Sale—A pair of bob sleighs, almost new. Inquire at Jenson & Son's livery barn.

John Borgan was down to Ada the first of the week attending the marriage of his sister.

Attorney Germo was up from Red Lake Falls Monday attending to some legal matters.

O. M. Peterson, of Anton, was in the city last Friday and made the News office a pleasant call.

D. P. O'Neill left Monday evening for St. Paul to spend a few days attending to business matters.

Charley Meyers was down from Roseau the first of the week visiting his sister, Mrs. C. A. Robbecke.

Supt. J. H. Hay was over to Warren Monday to visit the manual training department of the Warren schools.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

We have many bargains to offer at this season of the year. Call on us and be convinced. Langseth Mercantile Co.

—For Sale—Good three year old Hamiltonian mare for sale cheap. Inquire of Andrew N. Ness, box 915, Thief River Falls.

Judge Grindeland passed through the city Monday, being en route to Roseau county to hold a term of the district court.

Lewis Provencher left last Saturday morning for Minneapolis and St. Paul to spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends.

Frank E. Hunt, one of the pioneer business men of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday attending to business matters.

C. L. Dobner is expected to arrive in the city next week from Kalispell, Mont., to spend a few days attending to business matters.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms on Friday evening this week. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusements.

Miss Golda Hill, who had been spending her vacation in this city, returned Monday to Bemidji to resume her duties in the schools of that city.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, who had spent a couple of weeks visiting at the Kretzschmar home, returned Monday evening to Crookston.

The Ladies Aid Society of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Louis Hanson next Wednesday afternoon. All are cordially invited.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Henry Cook was in the city from Germantown the first of the week. Mr Cook announces that he expects to make a trip to British Columbia about the first of March.

The Hauges Congregation will have services next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m., in the church east of the Soo depot. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, pastor.

—Don't send away for your phonograph. Torrison Bros. have a complete line of Edison phonographs and records. They are the best made and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Chris and Gilbert Granum left last Friday evening for Spokane, Wash., where they will spend the balance of the winter. They may decide to locate out there if they like the country.

There was a joint installation of the officers of the Masonic and Eastern Star lodges Monday evening. After the installation, lunch was served by the ladies and a most enjoyable time was had by all.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dr. Vistaunet was up to Badger the first of the week.

Henry Diebel was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord-wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

A. J. Klimek was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Dan Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Alexs A. Swenss was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

D. P. O'Neill was over to Warren Monday attending to business matters.

John W. Arctander, the well known Minneapolis attorney, was in the city Monday.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston last week attending to legal business.

H. N. Hager, the real estate man, returned Sunday from his trip to Southern Minnesota.

Rev. Alex Sand and bride were up from St. Hilaire last week visiting with friends here.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls to spend Sunday with Mrs. Kretzschmar.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Miss Cora Ellefson arrived in the city Monday from Barnesville and is visiting at the home of Martin Bothun.

Lumber for $6.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Senator A. D. Stephens, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday attending to some personal business matters.

H. C. Longballe, who recently disposed of the Halstad Advocate, has assumed the editorship of the Oslo Tribune.

Come to our sale, we offer you our women's, misses' and children's winter coats at half price. Langseth Mercantile Co.

—For Sale—A registered Gernsey bull, six months old. Price $50. Inquire of Hans Nelson, Porter's addition, Thief River Falls.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Lost or Stolen—Nine months old Russian stag hound, brown with white hairs. Weighs about 100 pounds. Reward given for information. Fred Hagen.

The United church congregation will have its annual business meeting next Wednesday at 7:00 o'clock p. m., at Stenseth's office. All voting members are requested to be present.

It takes a mighty thrifty county commissioner to build a new house and new barn during his first term of office. The predecessor of this commissioner only managed to build one barn and he served for three terms we believe.

Lee Flenner, deputy state grand president of the Eagles, arrived in the city Saturday and remained until Tuesday. At a meeting of the Eagles Monday evening, Mr. Flenner inspected the lodge and enjoyed a social session with the other members of the order.

James Garrison, a prominent stock raiser of Roseau county, was in the city last week attending to business matters. Mr. Garrison is to have an auction sale in the near future and has an ad in this issue of the News that all farmers should read.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

The Woodmen and Royal Neighbors enjoyed a social session last Thursday evening which was a great social success. There was a joint installation of the officers of both lodges after which the evening was spent in card playing and dancing. Lunch was served by the Royal Neighbors and all had a most enjoyable time.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 55 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 30 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Wanted—A lady stenographer at the Peoples State Bank.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. Rev. H. Halvorson on Wednesday, Jan. 20.

Services will be held at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All welcome. H. Halvorson, pastor.

Have you seen our large "ad" for this week? If not look inside this paper and read it. Langseth Mercantile Co.

The Young People's Society of the United Church will meet at the home of Rev. H. Halvorson, Thursday evening at 7:30, Jan. 21st.

Ole Nygaard wishes to announce that he is again engaged in the blacksmith business in Thief River Falls and can be found in his shop on the corner west of Remmem's livery barn at all times.

The Sons of Norway enjoyed a social session last Friday evening. The evening was spent in card playing and other games, and refreshments were served by the wives of the members. All had a most enjoyable time.

Richard Larson, one of the enterprising young farmers of the town of Bray was in Thief River Falls last Thursday attending to business matters. Mr. Larson found time to make the News office a pleasant call while in the city.

T. P. Hamre wishes to announce that, although he has severed his connection with the Peoples State Bank, he will continue to make farm loans. Parties desiring to secure loans are asked to see him before making a deal.

Assistant Postmaster Nelson was obliged to go out on the Wheatline Tuesday morning as a mail clerk. The five mail clerks who run out of this city on this line were all snowbound in North Dakota and there were no extras in the city.

All members of the Antlers Club are requested to be at the club rooms this evening to participate in the whist tournament. Lars Backe and L. M. Hoag are to be the leaders, and the tournament promises to be a warm one.

CITY COUNCIL.

The city council held a special meeting Tuesday evening. There was not much harmony and very little business was transacted.

President Hay, of the Library Board, appeared before the council and requested $150 to buy new books, which was granted.

The transfer of the liquor licenses from O. E. Petterson to L. B. Christenson was granted.

The fun commenced when the permit, license franchise, resolution or whatever you may call it granting the Northwestern Telephone company the permission to put long distance phones in the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house and the Hanson & Barzen flour mill. Alderman Forder accused Alderman Prichard of causing the original document to be taken from the city clerk's office and a few changes to be made in the original. After the lie was passed a few times the council decided to postpone further action until the advice of the city attorney could be secured.

The street committee was given power to investigate matters regarding establishing a municipal telephone plant here.

On the proposition of limiting the number of saloons and fixing the license, the council was badly divided.

Alderman Evenson made a motion that the saloons be limited to ten and the license fee fixed at $1,250 per year. No one would second this motion so it did not come to a vote.

Alderman Hoag then made a mention that the license be fixed at $1,000 and the number of saloons limited to thirteen. There was no second to this motion.

Alderman Ramstad then made a motion that there be no limit as to the number of saloons and that the license fee be fixed at $1,000. No one would second this motion, and so the council adjourned. The license fee will remain now as it was last year—$1,000 and no limit.

Directors Elected.

The annual meeting of the Red Lake River Transportation Company was held Monday at Highlanding. Five directors were elected and we note that Joseph Duchamp received the highest vote. Last year a bitter fight was made upon Mr. Duchamp, and it appears that there must have been a change of heart up there. The following is the vote each candidate received: Joseph Duchamp, 22; A. Sundahl, 17; A. J. Wentzel, 14; Charles Schuster, 13; Wm. Parnow, 13; Stephen Singer, 12; Walter McAndrews, 12; D. A. Kolstrand, 12; Peter Hedin, 12; Pat Sullivan, 12; W. G. Hunt, 11. The directors will meet on Jan. 21 and elect officers.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association will be held at the M. E. church on the East Side on Saturday, January 23rd, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. Creamery patrons whether they are stockholders or non shareholders are cordially invited. An interesting program will be rendered, part of which will be a free dinner in the basement of the church. P. Engelstad, Secy. 2t.

BANKS SAY OH PHIFFLE!

Find That Their Personal Property Assessment Is Just Twice What It Should Be.

Responsibility Seems to Rest With the "Bankers" Council in This Case.

The publication of the personal property tax list last week reveals the fact that the "banker" council—while it may be looking after the affairs of the city in a thorough manner—is not looking after the interests of the banks as it should. As a result each of the banks have been assessed just twice as much as they should be. Assessor O'Neill turned in the assessment for the full amount of their capital stock and surplus. The law says that the assessment of banks shall be on basis of 50 per cent of their capital stock and Mr. O'Neill was told by one of the bankers that the council would make the reduction. When the city council met as a board of equalization it overlooked the assessment of banks, and as a result it is just twice what it should be. When it is taken into consideration that each of the four banks have a representative upon this august body, it is hard to understand how such a thing could happen, as bankers have the reputation of looking out for themselves in all matters pertaining to money.

The matter, however, can be corrected by having a resolution passed by the city council recommending a reduction of 50 per cent. A similar resolution will also have to be passed by the county commissioners and then the state tax commissioners have the right to instruct the auditor to make the reduction.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Co operative Creamery Company, of Holt creamery, will be held at their office on Saturday, January 23rd, 1909, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business that may be brought before said meeting when convened.

Holt, Minn., Jan. 4th, 1909.
3 2t. J. A. Sorum, Sec'y.

Subscribe for the News.

Tax Rate Is Lower.

The tax rate in Thief River Falls this year 41 6 mills. Last year the tax rate was some over 52 mills, and the decrease is caused by the increase in the assessed valuation. The total valuation of real and personal property in the city is $775,996 00.

Koffe Kelly a Miner.

Koffe Kelly, the coffee king of the north, who has been regularly making this territory for a number of years past, has missed his customary dates for some time. Inquiry elicited the information that he has taken a vacation, on a tour of examination of some mining property he and some others have invested in.—Spooner News.

A Souvenir Issue.

The News is in receipt of a souvenir copy of the Morning Oregonian, one of the leading newspapers published at Portland, Oregon, from Martin Moylan, who is spending the winter in the west. An exhaustive review of the resources and development of the Pacific coast country is given in this paper and shows that the citizens of the west are progressive in the extreme.

Didn't Get Out of Town.

C. H. Meldo, who for a short time conducted the Gunderson saloon in this city, attempted to leave the city last Friday evening for Seattle, Wash., taking with him a large amount of furniture he had purchased of Torrison Bros., on the installment plan. He was arrested at the depot before the train pulled out. Saturday he settled with Torrison Bros., and departed with his family for the west.

She Still Believes in Roy.

Roy J. Lattimer, who was brought down from the vicinity of Detroit to answer to the charge of impersonating an officer, has received one or two letters from the young lady with whom he had been united in marriage after a two days' courtship, and it is understood that she promises to be faithful to him and do everything possible in his behalf. On the other hand, her mother does not seem to entertain the same kindly feeling toward him, and Sheriff Albertson has been requested, on her behalf, to stop all communications between the prisoner and his wife. There is some question as to whether a sheriff has a right to do this, and in any event, Sheriff Albertson does not feel justified to do so under the circumstances.—Fergus Falls Journal.

CHANGE IN THE BANK

H. P. Sponheim Purchases a Majority of the Stock of Peoples State Bank.

T. P. Hamre to Retire as Cashier and in the Future Devote His Time to Personal Business.

An important business deal was closed on last Saturday and H. P. Sponheim is now the owner of a majority of the stock in the Peoples State Bank, having purchased the stock formerly held by Mayor T. P. Hamre, P. P. Hamre and M. V. Evenson. Mayor Hamre will retire as cashier of this institution and devote his time in the future to his personal business which has grown so large as to require all of his attention and Oscar Sponheim, son of H. P. Sponheim, will be the cashier in the future. D. B. Bakke will continue to be president. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the bank has been postponed to the 16th of February at which time a new board of directors will be elected.

Although the youngest financial institution in the city, the Peoples State Bank has the largest capital stock and is one of the sound safe banks of this section of the state. Under the management of Messrs. Hamre, Bakke and Sponheim it forged rapidly to the front and will continue so to do.

Reiner.

Jack Frost has come at last and we don't see many travelers now on account of cold weather.

Christmas was quite lively in this neighborhood, everyone entertained their friends.

Emil Sigrud gave a birthday party to his friends last week. The evening was spent in playing whist.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Langlee made a trip to town last week, accompanied by Mrs. Roseland, who went down to stay with her son, Louis, who is at the hospital sick with typhoid fever.

One of our young men is quite busy holding on to the receiver now days.

Miss Clara Langlee returned home from Brucksburg some time ago, where she had been working for her uncle.

Our telephone line was out of order for a couple of days on account of a broken wire.

It is believed that one of our bachelors made a raise during Christmas.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Final Clearance

OF

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS

Thursday morning, January 14, we shall start the biggest clearance sale of Women's, Misses' and Children's High Grade Cloth Garments ever offered at this season of the year. We have too many coats and must sell them regardless of cost. We offer our entire stock of Cloth Coats at

HALF PRICE

Look at the following reductions:

$ 8.00 Ladies' Coats, now	$ 4.00
10.00 " " "	5.00
15.00 " " "	7.50
18.00 " " "	9.00
25.00 " " "	12.50

20 per cent off on women's furs and fur coats.

Men's Dept.

$22.50 fur coats	$16.90
28.00 " "	21.00
35.00 " "	26.25
10.00 cloth overcoats	7.50
15.00 " "	11.25
20.00 " "	15.00
8.50 suits	6.80
12.50 "	10.00
15.00 "	12.00

Special discount on winter caps

This Sale Will Last for Two Weeks Only.

Better Get on the Band Wagon and Secure Some of These Extraordinary Bargains

You Will Never Again Be Able to Buy These Goods at These Prices.

Boys' Dept.

50 Boys' Suits at Half Price.

50 Boys' Overcoats at One-third off from Former Low Price.

SHOES AND STOCKINGS.

A Way by Which Their Lasting Qualities May Be Increased.

While your shoes are new or before the soles are much worn apply with a small brush several coats of linseed oil, letting it dry in well each time before reapplying. The oil acts much the same on the leather as it does on wood, and if the applications of oil are repeated frequently the sole may be preserved intact indefinitely.

It sounds unreasonable to talk of preserving hosiery to any appreciable extent, but it may be done. The oftener hosiery is washed the longer it will last. By washing I do not necessarily mean the ordinary laundry method, which is calculated to fade and rot the fiber. Really, to preserve hosiery it must have personal supervision. Stockings should never be worn longer than one day. They should then be rinsed in lukewarm water with a few drops of ammonia in it, dried and worn without ironing. This repeated wetting of the fiber keeps it so firm and strong that it will not break at the points of greatest distension. This treatment applies to cotton, lisle thread and silk hosiery. If you will treat your new hose this way from the beginning, you need darn but very little. Of course in time all hosiery, however expensive or strong, will succumb to wear, but the above method of treatment will double the lasting qualities.—New York World.

THE LETTER THAT KILLETH.

Trifling Errors That Have Had Big Results In Court.

It is on record that Lord Denman established great reputation at the bar by securing an acquittal in a famous case on the ground that a certain firm described in the indictment as "proprietors of a silk and cotton lace manufactory" should have been described as "proprietors of a silk and of a cotton lace manufactory," it having been ascertained that they made both silk and cotton lace.

In 1827 a judge quashed an inquisition for murder because it was referred to the jurors as "on their oaths" instead of "on their oath."

In yet another case the judge held that the omission of the word "ewe" was sufficient to invalidate a conviction because the word "ewe" as well as "sheep" was used in the statute.

In 1841 Lord Cardigan was indicted for firing on Captain Tucket in a duel. He was acquitted because the captain's Christian names were wrongly entered in the indictment.

In another case about the same period a legal document was invalidated because the letters A. D. were used instead of the words "In the year of our Lord."—Westminster Review.

Bats In a Bedroom.

An army of bats invaded the bedroom of a rectory in Dorsetshire, and from every part of the room they could be heard plunging against mirrors and glasses, knocking against the ceiling, while too often to be pleasant one would hit against the head of the bed. The rector struck a match and lit a candle. This served to attract the creatures nearer to that particular part of the room in which the bed was placed. Then the reverend gentleman placed the candle near an open window, only to find that other bats began to come in, so that it was impossible to count how many there were in the room. Another plan was tried. All the curtains were drawn aside and the east window opened wide. The light was put out, and the visitors gradually dispersed.—London Standard.

Yawning Fish.

The mouth of the turbot is twisted to one side, rather as if it had belonged to a round fish which some one had accidentally trod on and squashed half flat. The yawn begins at the lips, which open as if to suck in water. Then the jaws become distended, and it is seen that this is going to be a real, genuine fish's yawn. But the yawn goes on, works through the back of its head, distending the plates of the skull, and comes out at the gills, which, open, show the red inside and are inflated for a moment, and then, with a kind of stretching shiver of its back, the fish flattens out again. — London Mail.

Originality Needed.

To revive an old style of building, no matter how well it may be done, does nothing to advance the art of building. It would at the best be but a copy of an old work. Painters copy old masters for the purpose of study, but copying pictures will never make a painter's reputation. Something new must be achieved, some original work executed, before any advance in art is possible. So it is with architecture.—Country House.

Word Painting.

Jimmy (reading)—"Casey swatted de leather into left garden fer a brace of sacks an' den pilfered third base an' dented de pan on Mulligan's lallipalooza, dat sailed over Outfielder Shaughnessy's nut." I tell yer, Willie, dat's word paintin', dat is! Shakespeare never could beat dat!—Exchange.

An Eye Closer.

Griggs—I say, old man, what's good for insomnia? I haven't closed my eyes for five nights. Colonel—You want to have a boxing match. The first time I tried it, I remember, my eyes were closed for a fortnight.

The Flight of Time.

"When did you move into the sub[illegible]?" "[illegible] ago."—Puck.

MOHAMMED.

His Vision of Heaven and the Story of the Mountain.

Halabi, the founder of Islam, was born at Mecca in the year A. D. 570. He died June 8, 632, at the age of seventy-two. He assumed the titular name of Mohammed, which means, according to some authorities, the "predicted Messiah."

One of the most extravagant relations which can be found in any language is credited to Mohammed. Speaking of the sights he beheld when "transported to heaven," he says: "I saw there an angel, the most gigantic of all created things. It had 70,000 heads, each head had 70,000 faces, each face had 70,000 mouths, each mouth had 70,000 tongues and each tongue spoke 70,000 languages. All were employed in singing God's praises."

When Mohammed first announced his divinely inspired and appointed system the Arabs demanded supernatural proofs of his commission. "Moses and Jesus," said the Arabs, "wrought miracles in the testimony of their divine authority. And if thou art indeed a prophet of God do so likewise."

"It would be tempting God to do so," replied Mohammed, "and bring down his anger, as in the case of Pharaoh."

As the story is told in Brewer's "Phrase and Fable," the Arabs were not satisfied with this answer, and *Mohammed then commanded one of* the numerous eminences near Mecca to come to him. The mountain not stirring at Mohammed's bidding, the prophet exclaimed: "God is merciful! Had the mountain obeyed my words it would have fallen on us to our destruction.

"I will therefore go to the mountain."

JELLYFISH.

In Tropical Waters This Queer Creature Is at Its Best.

Few marine animals seem at first glance to betray less intelligence than the jellyfish. Up with the tide and down with the tide, carried along by this or that current, moving with the eddy of a backwater hither and thither, the jellyfish has become almost a synonym for helplessness. Scientifically, of course, the popular idea of the jellyfish is wholly mistaken, but it is perhaps only in tropical waters that it is found in the perfection of intelligence. In the south Pacific round the islands of Polynesia and as far south as the upper portion of the North island of New Zealand there is a jellyfish that not only knows where it wants to go, but is even provided with a sail which it can and does hoist or lower at will. The sail, like the rest of this curious animal, is almost transparent; but, unlike the body of the fish, which is of the usual gelatinous construction, the sail is a membrane almost as hard as shell. Round about the Ellice group the navigating fish is often found with a sail measuring five inches across, and it navigates the shallow island waters with the skill of a pilot, steering in and out of snaggy places and avoiding obstructions both above and below the surface with unerring skill. Like its cousins in home waters, this navigating jellyfish has the power of stinging its natural enemies, and its sting is fatal to other fish and dangerous to man.—London Standard.

An Unpleasant Visitor.

A frightful shape loomed up before the nearsighted eyes of the frightened professor. It was of heroic size, it stooped a little, its arms were unusually long, its forehead was retreating and its feet were bare and very broad.

"You have taken great liberties with me," said the shape. "You refer to me on every possible occasion, ascribing to me characteristics of which I know nothing. You have a reprehensible way of shifting to my shoulders a great many problems that are too much for your limited mind to grasp. Come, now, what do you mean by it?"

"I've never seen you before," stammered the professor. "Who are you?"

The shape haughtily drew itself up.

"I am the primitive man!" it cried in a terrible voice.

And the professor is understood to be running yet.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Laying a Ghost.

This "ghost" story was among those omitted from Mr. Stead's famous collection: There was an ordinary cupboard door that always mysteriously creaked open at five minutes before midnight unless it was kept locked, and when it was kept locked it groaned and rattled instead precisely at the same hour. Then came along a spook expert, who discovered that at five minutes before midnight the fast express train passed along the highroad a mile away from the house and set in motion some vibratory wave that acted upon the cupboard and scared a whole household.

Why She Was Absent.

A teacher in one of the girls' schools on the lower east side recently had the following excuse for absence handed her by one of her pupils:

Dear Miss—It gives me much pleasure to write to you, because I have a worryment, and you should please excuse my Annie, who does not come by you because she has to go to the hospital with her sister's sore eyes.

—New York Times.

The Accommodating Patron.

"Shall I send this or will you take it?" asks the affable drug clerk after filling the prescription.

"You may send it and then I will take it," suggests the accommodating patron.—Chicago Post.

Fellows who have no tongues are often all eyes and ears.—Haliburton.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

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We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

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People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The largest capitalized bank in Red Lake, Marshall or Roseau counties.

We pay 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

Money to loan on farm lands, city property and collateral. School and township orders bought.

We are agents for five insurance companies and steamship lines.

We issue drafts and money orders to all parts of Europe and buy and sell Scandinavian money.

REAL ESTATE TAXES are due on or before Nov. 1, 1908. Pay at this bank and get a tax receipt. It is safer and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

People's State Bank.

Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Scientists Have Caused an Investigation at the Tomb of Swedenbourg at Upsala to Determine Whether the Cranium Therein Really Belongs to the Body of the Celebrated Man—Health of Queen Dowager Sophia by No Means Satisfactory.

SWEDEN.

The Society of Scientists has caused an investigation to be made in the tomb of Swedenbourg at Upsala, to ascertain whether the cranium which is claimed to have belonged to him is genuine. The committee in charge of the work has reported that the genuineness of the cranium has not been proved with absolute certainty, but that all the circumstances point in that direction. Our readers will remember that the remains of Swedenbourg were about six months ago transferred from London to Stockholm. Since this happened a number of people have questioned whether it is the genuine remains of the distinguished scholar at all, and a rigid investigation will be sure to follow.

Recent reports state that the health of Queen Dowager Sophia is by no means satisfactory. She has during the past year been a sufferer from intestinal catarrah, and has for weeks at a time been confined to her bed. A matter of great regret to the distinguished patient was the fact that she was unable to visit the Riddarholm cathedral on the anniversary of her husband's death. During the months immediately following King Oscar's death it was her custom to journey to the Riddarholm church nearly every week. During her illness she has been practically confined at Ulriksdal, but just before Christmas her physicians gave the order that she be moved to Stockholm.

Selma Lagerlof, the eminent Swedish woman writer, was tendered a reception during the latter part of last month by Professor Mittag-Leffler at his residence at Djursholm. There were about three hundred guests present, among whom were a large number of men of letters. No woman writer during the past twenty years has been so honored as Miss Lagerlof. A great many of her close admirers believe that she will be awarded the Nobel literary prize next year. Her latest book, "A Saga About A Saga," is already published in its third edition, and will in the near future be translated into the English and German languages.

Recent dispatches from Stockholm state that systematic efforts are being made to induce Swedish farmers to emigrate to Australia, but the Swedish consul in Sydney, Count Birger Morner, warns his countrymen not to go to Australia or New Zealand. It appears that the consul does not believe that the climatic conditions in either Australia or New Zealand are suitable for northern people, and also adds that the agricultural system of these countries are entirely foreign to the Scandinavian farmer.

A committee of prominent Stockholmians has been appointed by the president of the city council for the purpose of checking, if possible, the use of immoral postcards and other pictures, which are being sent broadcast over the land. The picture card craze has reached Sweden, and so many immoral pictures may be found on them that the city council of the Swedish capital has deemed it necessary to take active measures in order to prevent a further spread of them.

Dr. Sven Hedin, the Asiatic explorer, who was expected to return last month, has not arrived as yet, but it is expected that he may arrive any day now in Stockholm. A series of receptions have been arranged for him and his initiatory lecture will be the chief event of the season. Mr. Hedin, will, according to London papers, deliver a lecture there during the latter part of February, under the auspices of the London Geographical society.

Judging from recent reports there is a decided decrease in Swedish emigration. For instance, from January to November of the year 1907, there were 16,677 persons who emigrated from Sweden to foreign lands, while last year during the same period there were only 6,502 Swedish emigrants. This would seem that the attempt of Swedish government officials to suppress emigration, especially to America, has been somewhat successful.

An exchange tells us that an organ factory in Stockholm has commenced to turn out organs which have no bellows, but are made for being attached to the city water mains. To run an organ by means of "water power" of this kind costs about two cents an hour. The required pressure is only about one-half atmosphere, and this can be obtained even in the top stories of the tallest buildings in Stockholm.

During the past six months there has been a large increase in the Swedish export trade with Japan. Large quantities of paper and steel are being exported there at present, and there is good reason to believe that the lumber exports to this country will soon receive a decided impetus.

NORWAY.

The approaching Holmenkollen event is attracting widespread attention. There will be a large delegation of sportsmen who will view the great skee tournament from England, Germany, Denmark and Sweden, and there will be a number of participants in the races who will come from both Denmark, Finland and Russia. There will also be a number of international skating contests, in which Canada, Sweden, Norway and Denmark will have representatives who will try for first place. So much has been written lately about Norwegian winter sports in both England and German magazines that a large number of tourists and sportsmen will journey to Norway to be present at the great event of the year. Both the king and queen are greatly interested in the event, and Queen Maud especially had lately become an enthusiastic adherent of the skee sport.

The temperance workers all over Norway received a decided setback when they learned that the government of France will not permit the publication on the Paris Bourse of the latest loan of the Norwegian Hypotekbank. This peculiar action on the part of the French government is clearly due to the fact that the temperance movement in Norway has materially cut down the imports of French wines. The temperance leaders, however, do not feel at all discouraged and claim that they will push their work as vigorously as ever in spite of this very apparent setback.

Mrs. Osella Bjornsen, daughter-in-law of the great poet, was once a very popular opera singer, if we are to believe recent reports published in Norwegian papers. A few years ago she withdrew from the stage because she thought she was getting too old. A few nights ago, however, she sang at a concert in Christiania and did so well that her friends advised her to return to the stage. It is also known that her distinguished father-in-law is very much opposed to this and it may not be possible that she will accept the advice of her friends in this matter on that account.

A Norwegian newspaper says as follows: "It is now explained how it happened that Selma Lagerlof, the Swedish woman writer, did not get the literary Nobel prize. Six members of the academy voted for her, six voted for the Englishman, Swinburne, and only five voted for the German, Eucken. But the Eucken men worked so hard that they finally came out ahead, although 12 out of 17 were against him at the start. The Swedish academy was not popular before making this choice, and now they are going down in the esteem of the Swedish people."

The Morgenbladet states that the monument of N. H. Abel, the great mathematician, which was put up in the Christiania suburbs a few weeks ago, is an extremely peculiar thing. It is very symbolic, and common people unable to grasp the "spirit" of the phenomenon think it is very ugly. This sentiment has gained so much ground that the monument has given rise to a brand new epithet of abuse. Instead of saying, "go home, you ugly old thing," a Christiania boy is very apt to say, "go home and go to bed you Abel monument."

An incident which is pathetic in the extreme happened the other day up in the vicinity of Nordmark. Two old men lost their lives on their way to prayer meeting. They lived at Silbodal and started off on a kicking bobsled and later broke through the ice at the mouth of a river. The screams of the old men attracted people from the neighbodhood, but the aid came too late to save their lives.

The year of 1914 is going to be a very festive one at the Norwegian capital. It is then proposed to hold an international exposition in connection with the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the independence of Norway.

DENMARK.

Business was exceedingly brisk in the capital city prior to the holidays. Comparative reports show that the business this year was, as far as Copenhagen was concerned, way ahead of last year and business men generally were naturally very much pleased. The holiday business also furnished employment for a number of poor people, who have during the past months been fed by the charity organizations. Now that the holiday season is over there is very little for the large army of unemployed to do and the city council has been holding extra sessions in order to hit upon some plan to alleviate the situation among the poor.

In an excavation under an old merchant's estate in Aarhus a very large collection of old coins has been found. There are about 5,500 coins in all and they seemingly date back from the fourteenth century. The coins, which at that time represented a large fortune, were made in the Hanseatic cities, mostly in Lubeck. This is the largest collection of old coins ever found in Denmark, and they have been placed in the National Museum at Copenhagen, where they are at present on exhibition.

During the past two weeks there have been arrested a number of the Russian anarchists who were recently terrorizing the country districts in Denmark. It is learned that nearly every one of them were escaped convicts from Siberia. They will be tried by a jury within the next fortnight.

Copenhagen dispatches state that the Danish government is going to cut down the foreign budget by putting one man in charge of the embassies of Vienna and Rome. Chamberlain [illegible] has been appointed to fill this dual position.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Four boys, whose ages ranged from eight to sixteen years, sons of Christ Lee, near Rice Lake, Wis., were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the home of Mr. Lee. Mr. and Mrs. Lee, with three other small children, escaped from the burning house in their night clothes.

A disastrous gas explosion in which twenty-five men lost their lives occurred in Joseph Leiter's famous colliery at Zeigler, Ill. A spark from a trolley pole of an electric motor coming in contact with a pocket of gas is assigned as the cause of the explosion.

A spectacular fire at the Chicago stock yards destroyed a large part of the fertilizing plant of Darling & Co. and, after burning large stores of chemicals, causing explosions and injuring a number of firemen by falling walls, caused a total loss of $500,000.

In the destruction by fire of a small apartment building at Calumet, Mich., Mrs. Douglas Bolton was killed by jumping from a window and two small children of Mrs. Fred Curtis were burned to death.

Three persons are dead, another was probably fatally burned and half a hundred others had narrow escapes when fire swept through a five-story tenement house in New York city.

Edward Colt Gilman, a well known young real estate broker of Flushing, L. I., was instantly killed by being thrown from an automobile headlong against a fence.

Three fires in the down town section of New York city, burning at the same time, caused a total loss of $1,250,000.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

John W. Gates has joined the ranks of those who are asking for free trade in iron, coal and lumber. In a letter to Speaker Cannon, which was referred to the committee on ways and means, Mr. Gates declares that these articles should be put on the free list and that a cut of 50 per cent in the steel schedule would not affect the manufacturers of iron and steel in this country.

Harry K. Thaw is entitled to a trial on the question of whether he has recovered his sanity, according to Justice Tompkins of Nyack, N. Y., who heard arguments on a writ of habeas corpus obtained by Mrs. Mary C. Thaw, his mother.

W. C. Brown has been elected president of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company, succeeding W. H. Newman. Mr. Brown was formerly first vice president of the New York Central.

Former President Castro of Venezuela was operated upon in Berlin by Dr. Israel, the German specialist, for the kidney complaint with which he is suffering.

Tang Shao Yi, who is at present in Washington on a special diplomatic mission from the Chinese government, has been recalled to Peking.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Forty-five prisoners in the city jail at Oklahoma City, Okla., tunnelled their way to freedom. Getting a breath of the icy air all but three returned. They declared they preferred prison to freedom in zero weather.

The cold wave of Jan. 5 and 6 extended all over the Northwest, the mercury going lower than for several years. In the mountain regions of Montana 60° below zero was registered.

Chicago firemen responded to 114 calls within twenty-four hours.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Bradstreet's Review of Trade says post holiday quiet rules as yet in general trade, but active preparations are making for the spring season's trade by jobbers, while retailers are announcing reduction sales to clear accumulated stocks of winter goods.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Wheat—May, $1.07⅞; July, $1.07¾@1.07⅞. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.06⅞; No. 3 Northern, $1.03⅞@1.04⅞.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 11.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅝; May, $1.08⅝; July, $1.08⅝. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.55⅝; May, $1.55⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.50@6.50. Hogs—$5.50@6.00. Sheep—Wethers, $4.50@5.25; yearlings, $4.50@4.55; spring lambs, $7.00@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Wheat—May, $1.06; July, 97⅝c; Sept., 93⅝c. Corn—Jan., 57⅝c; May, 61⅝c; July, 61⅝@61⅝c; Sept., 61⅝c. Oats—Jan., 50⅝c; May, 51⅝@51⅝c; July, 46⅝@46⅝c; Sept., 39⅝c. Pork—Jan., $16.30; May, $16.60. Butter—Creameries, 22@32c; dairies, 21½@27c. Eggs—30c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 13c; springs, 13½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.35; Texans, $4.25@5.00; Western cattle, $4.00@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.00; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.50; calves, $7.50@9.25. Hogs—Light, $5.50@6.00; mixed, $5.55@6.15; heavy, $5.60@6.20; rough, $5.60@5.75; good to choice heavy, $5.75@6.20; pigs, $4.35@5.35. Sheep, $3.10@5.75; yearlings, $6.00@7.25; lambs, $5.00@8.00.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The state supreme court has decided that G. O. Homme was legally elected sheriff of Yellow Medicine county. O. C. Snortum had contested the election. Homme was defeated by Snortum in the primaries, but was elected by the use of "stickers" on the general election ballot. The district court held the stickers to be illegal, but this is reversed and all the ballots cast for Homme are counted.

The Olsons are in a minority at the University of Minnesota this year and the Johnsons have gained the ascendancy, according to the students' directory just issued. Thirty-four students of the Johnson persuasion are enrolled, as against fourteen Olsons, the reverse of this having been true last year, when the Olson name predominated.

The Great Northern and Chicago Great Western railways must show cause in the state supreme court why a 5 per cent penalty should not accrue on the $500,000 owed by them to the state of Minnesota in gross earnings taxes. Chief Justice Start issued the order on application of Royal A. Stone, special counsel for the state.

There are 2,707 children in basement rooms of Minneapolis schools. This is the result of the crowded condition of twenty-three Mill City educational buildings. Over sixty basement rooms are in use which are deemed as most unhealthful.

Judge Frederick V. Brown of the Hennepin county district court has sent his resignation to Governor Johnson, to take effect Feb. 1. W. H. Donohue, a prominent lawyer of Minneapolis, was appointed to fill Judge Brown's unexpired term.

The "bread line" has arrived in Minneapolis. Every day nearly two hundred man stand in line at the Union City mission—involuntary beggars—seeking work, most of them, but forced to appeal to charity for bodily needs.

The trustees of Carleton college, Northfield, have found a president to succeed Dr. William H. Sallmon in the person of Professor Donald J. Cowling of the department of philosophy in Baker university, Kansas.

The Metropolitan State bank, one of the newest of the Minneapolis financial institutions, is to become a national bank with a capital of $200,000.

E. T. Young, who retired from the office of attorney general last week, will devote his time to the rate cases until they are disposed of.

Carlos Avery has been re-elected executive agent of the state game and fish commission.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

It is now probable that Miss Agnes Feeney of Rochester, this state, perished in the earthquake in Southern Italy. Communications have been received from her dated at Naples. She stated that she and her aunt, Mrs. S. A. McCanna of Minneapolis, intended to leave within a few days for Sicily. Her letter was dated Dec. 19. No further word has been received and friends at Rochester have given up hope.

Hogs are dying around Preston of a disease which made its appearance in September. One farmer has lost nineteen head, another sixteen and now another drove has been attacked. The disease ends fatally after running from three weeks to two months. It is nothing like cholera.

Minneapolis people living in the vicinity of Twenty-fifth street and Stevens avenue have been terrorized by the receipt of a number of what appear to be Black Hand letters threatening the destruction of their homes unless demands made in the notes are complied with.

The body of Robert Barnes of St. Paul, eighty-four years of age, was found lying in the roadway at Lexington and Langford avenues, close to the gates of the workhouse. He was frozen to death, having gone on an errand to a grocery store and lost his way in the dark.

Fire at Austin destroyed the Lincoln school building, causing a loss of $12,000 and leaving 325 children without school facilities.

OBITUARY.

Alexander McMurchy of Minneapolis, fifty years old, an engineer on the Northern Pacific railway, dropped dead in the cab of his engine while switching in the yards near the Northern Pacific roundhouse in Minneapolis.

M. J. Davis, mayor of Duluth in 1890-1 and for six years a public official in that city, died at his beautiful suburban home near Joplin, Mo. He was a thirty-second degree Mason and was prominent in business life in Joplin.

John N. Johnson of Otisville, a resident of Washington county since 1853, died in the Swedish hospital at Minneapolis, where he had undergone an operation. The deceased served as a volunteer in the Civil war.

Heartbroken over the death of his wife three weeks ago Scott M. Cratle of Minneapolis, sixty-one years old, dropped dead while waiting for a street car.

John Lightly, Sr., one of the oldest settlers of Freeborn county and a territorial pioneer, died at his home in Oakland township after a long illness.

Alexander R. Walsh, sixty-two years old, one of the pioneer real estate men of St. Paul, is dead.

ELEVATED TO ANANIAS CLUB

Tawney Says He Has Been Taken Out of the Criminal Class.

"I have been elevated from the ranks of the criminal class to the Ananias' club," declared Representative Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, commenting on President Roosevelt's special message relative to the secret service. Mr. Tawney returned to Washington from Minnesota. "I have nothing to say in reply to the president's message at this time," continued Mr. Tawney, "except that he has misinterpreted my speeches to the house. This controversy lies between the chief executive and the legislative branch of the government, and there it should rest until settled. The president is unwarranted in trying to make an issue between himself and the appropriations committee."

COSTLY FIRE AT ST. PAUL

Property Valued at Forty Thousand Dollars Destroyed.

Fire which broke out in the three-story brick building owned by the Merriam estate on the southeast corner of Fourth and Wabasha streets at St. Paul caused a loss of about $40,000.

The chief sufferers by the fire were: C. E. Banker, saloon, $20,000; Review Publishing company, $8,000; Merriam estate, damage to building, about $5,000; Virtue Printing company, $4,000; Connolly Plumbing and Heating company, Thomas F. Birmingham, gas and electrical fixtures, and the occupants of the upper floors damaged slightly by smoke and water. The losses are only partially covered by insurance.

NEW WORLD HELPS FEED OLD

Miners of Hibbing Send $124,000 to Relatives in Europe.

Returns from the Hibbing postoffice for the year just closed give some interesting facts as to the amount of money that is yearly sent off the range towns. Many of the miners are foreigners with families still in the old country and a good share of their wages go as regularly as they receive them to feed hungry mouths across the waters.

In 1908 $123,953.42 went out from the Hibbing postoffice to the old countries, or more than a dollar for every man, woman and child in the place. The total amount of money sent from the office during the year amounted to over $300,000.

WILLIAMS MAKES CHARGES

Retiring Head of State Labor Bureau Takes Parting Shot.

That the labor department of this state is run for political purposes only is the accusation of the head of the department, W. H. Williams, who has been replaced at the end of his term by W. E. McEwen. Williams' parting shot comes in the form of a supplementary report which was delivered to the legislature. To improve matters Williams recommends that the position be made elective, that the inspectors in the department pass a civil service examination and that no one be appointed who does not give his entire time to the work of the department.

HELD TO THE GRAND JURY

Minneapolis Private Detective Accused of Extortion.

William Baxter, a Minneapolis private detective charged with extortion, waived a hearing before Judge C. L. Smith. He was taken to the county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Baxter, with two others, is charged with trying to get money from Herman Rhine, a saloonkeeper, under threats.

The accused man promises a number of sensations when he is tried in the district court.

Conductor Beats Bandits.

Coolly disregarding a command to throw up his hands, backed by revolvers held in his face by two masked highwaymen, Charles Larson of Minneapolis, a conductor on an Eighth avenue and Columbia Heights car, attacked the highwaymen and before the fight was over had both of their revolvers. The highwaymen escaped.

Returned to the Donors.

The St. Paul subscribers to the Chisholm relief fund have received checks for 72½ per cent of the amount they contributed, representing the sum that was not used by the committee for relief purposes. It was proposed to use the remainder for the relief of the Italian disaster sufferers, but this was overruled.

Hero of Bank Raid Dead.

Anselm R. Manning of Northfield, the hero of the Younger-James brothers raid there over thirty-one years ago, dropped dead of heart disease. When the raiders began shooting Manning took a gun from his hardware store and wounded Cole Younger and shot Bill Stiles through the heart.

Legislature in Session.

The thirty-sixth session of the Minnesota legislature met at St. Paul and completed its organization. A. J. Rockne of Zumbrota was elected speaker of the house and Archibald H. Vernon chief clerk. George W. Peachey was chosen secretary of the senate.

HELD TO BE VALID

Wide Open Tax Amendment Adopted at Polls.

DECISION OF SUPREME COURT

Way Cleared for Legislation at Present Session.

The wide open tax amendment was carried by popular vote in this state in 1906 and is now a law, according to a ruling of the state supreme court. The state canvassing board, which held that the amendment was adopted, is sustained. The district court of St. Louis county, which held that the amendment had not passed, is reversed and the state tax commission now will have authority to impose a gross earnings tax on iron ore if it sees fit to do so.

It was for this decision that Governor Johnson and the state legislature had been waiting before giving serious consideration to gross earnings tax laws on the iron ore of the state.

At the same time the ruling of the district court that the good roads amendment was adopted will stand, so that both amendments may now be considered law.

By deciding that the wide open tax amendment had been adopted the court opened the way for a number of new taxation bills, the most prominent of which is the tonnage tax, which will be strongly urged at the present session of the legislature. The decision also strengthens the position of the tax commission and removes the doubt as to the constitutionality of the mortgage registry tax.

This amendment, which is now declared to have been adopted in November, 1906, was also voted on last fall and was lost. It grants to the legislature power to impose taxes of any sort so long as equality in the several classes is maintained, although the old exemptions of public institutions, church property and cemeteries are not disturbed.

PREFERS DEATH TO ARREST

Minneapolis Man Accused of Embezzlement Ends His Life.

Preferring death to arrest on a charge of embezzlement Henry C. Dunham of the Minneapolis realty firm of Dunham & McMurray placed a revolver in his mouth and blew out his brains while a detective was awaiting him in his home.

Detective John Stavlo was in the house to arrest Dunham, but was unable to prevent the tragedy. Apparently Dunham had deliberately planned to kill himself, as a sealed letter addressed to his wife and a copy of his father's will were found in his vest pocket.

Dunham had been intrusted by four Chicago people, it is said, with approximately $9,000 to invest in real estate and had failed to give any accounting of the money.

THIRD TERM AS GOVERNOR

John A. Johnson Again Installed as State Executive.

John A. Johnson was installed on Jan. 6 as the chief executive of the state of Minnesota for the third time. The ceremonies attending the inauguration were simple. Chief Justice Start administered the oath of office. The galleries of the house chamber, where the inauguration took place, were filled with visitors.

In a message of 30,000 words Governor Johnson presented the needs of the state and the recommendations of its executive officers. The governor reviewed the progress of the state the past two years and touched upon a number of subjects which have occupied the attention of the people and which are expected to occupy the attention of the legislature.

Kills His Younger Brother.

Last Christmas ten-year-old George Beck of St. Paul received a 22-caliber rifle as a holiday gift and his seven-year-old brother, Stanley, accidentally received a bullet from that same rifle in the top of his head which plowed its way downward through the neck in such a manner that when the surgeons at the city hospital tried to remove it in order to save the little fellow's life they were unable to do so and the victim died.

One Killed, Several Injured.

William Duffy, a Minneapolis switchman, was killed and several other switchmen were severely injured in a collision between a Northern Pacific freight train and a switch engine at Park Junction. The switch engine was "sideswiped" by the freight engine, which was hauling several empty freight cars. Six injured men were placed on a freight car and hurried to Minneapolis, Duffy dying before the hospital was reached.

[illegible] a Native of Minnesota.

Dr. [illegible] West, a special examiner in the bureau of corporations of the department of commerce and labor at Washington and a well known economist, died of pneumonia at his home there at the age of thirty-eight years. His principal work with the bureau of corporations has been in connection with the Standard Oil investigations. Dr. West was a native of St. Cloud, [illegible]

DEFECTI[illegible] PAGE

A LIVE COAL TRICK.

Teaches Natural Law, Yet Has All the Appearance of Magic.

No one would suppose that it is possible to hold a glowing coal on a piece of linen or cotton without burning the cloth, but that such can be done is easy for any one to prove, and at the same time the experiment teaches an important natural law. Every child knows that the telephone and telegraph wires are made of copper because that metal is a good conductor of heat and electricity, which is only another form of heat. If a poker is heated in the fire you pick up a cloth to hold the outer end, although it has not been in the fire, because experience has taught you that the heat is connected through the metal from the fire to the outer end.

This experiment with the flaming coal is based upon this principle and the additional one that linen and cotton are poor conductors of heat. Take a globe of copper and draw a piece of cloth tightly over it so that there is not a wrinkle at the top. If the linen or cotton is closely woven the trick is all the more certain. Then, holding the cloth tightly in place, you can safely put a glowing coal on top of the cloth, and, while it burns fiercely, the cloth will not even be scorched.

The reason is that the great conductivity of the copper draws the heat of the coal before it can burn the cloth. Do not make this experiment with a good handkerchief first, for if the cloth is not tightly drawn it may burn, but take some worthless piece of linen or muslin, and after you are certain of your experience you can astonish your friends who do not know the secret.—Washington Post.

DEADLY POISONS.

One Whiff of Pure Prussic Acid Is Sufficient to Kill.

The discoverer of prussic acid was instantly killed by inhaling one whiff of his own handiwork.

Pure prussic acid is never sold or handled. The smell of it is always fatal. It kills not in three minutes or half an hour, but the instant it enters the lungs as a gas. The mixture ordinarily sold as prussic acid is 98 parts water to two parts of the drug. Even in this form it is very deadly. A 20 per cent mixture of the acid would kill nearly as quickly as if pure.

Atropine, though it has no harmful odor, is so deadly that as much of it as would adhere to the end of a moistened forefinger would instantly cause death.

Cyanide of potassium has a pleasant smell which is not injurious, but a small quantity swallowed kills at once.

Pure ammonia if inhaled would cause death almost as quickly as prussic acid.

When a carboy of nitric acid is broken some one has to suffer. It will burn wood, eat through iron plates and destroy whatever it touches. Such an accident once happened in an acid factory. Every one ran away, leaving the acid to amuse itself by setting fire to things. Soon it was seen that the building would be destroyed and hundreds of people thrown out of work, and four men volunteered to put out the fire in the acid room. They succeeded and came out all right. Five hours later all were dead.

His Gallantry.

"See that man who just gave his seat to a young woman?" queried an elevated railroad passenger. "Queer case that. Never encountered one before just like it.

"He's not a New Yorker, he is not a ready maker of friends, and he is so diffident where women are concerned that he really has not one among his acquaintances, with the possible exception of a landlady and a laundress.

"Yet the fellow has a longing for feminine recognition. I happen to know that he always relinquishes his seat to a woman where the opportunity is presented, and I also know that his only reason for doing so is the hope of receiving a smile and a 'Thank you' in return. It's like a bone to a hungry dog. Queer case, don't you think?"—New York Globe.

The Suicide Symphony.

The idea that music may be harmful—that it can create a fever in the blood dangerous to life and reason—will come as a revelation to many. Friedrich Nietzsche, the well known German philosopher, declares that there is something in some music, most notable in Wagner and Tschaikowsky, which acts unfavorably on the brain and nerves of many people. Tschaikowsky's baleful influence cannot be denied. He destroyed himself after composing his famous "Sixth Symphony," and, as several have died by their own hand after playing it, it has come to be known as the "suicide symphony."

Extravagant.

Stranger (in Drearyhurst)—Is there a place here where I can get a square meal? Uncle Welby Gosh—Yes, sir. There's a restur'nt round the cawner where you can git the best meal this side o' Chicago if you don't mind its bein' a leetle expensive. They'll sock you for 25 cents, but, by gum, it's wuth it!—Chicago Tribune.

Luck.

"Do you believe in such a thing as luck?"

"Of course," answered Miss Cayenne. "Otherwise it would be impossible to explain the success of people we don't like."—Washington Star.

Troubles of the Inanimate.

"Tough old world this," sighed the anvil. "I get nothing but hard knocks all day long."

"Yes," assented the bellows, "and I am always hard pressed to raise the wind."—Boston Transcript.

THE RULE OF THREE.

A Superstition of the Men Who Build the Skyscrapers.

These airy crews are a generous crowd, says Ernest Poole, writing in Everybody's Magazine of men who work on skyscrapers. They earn high pay. When working full time they make $27 a week, and like their rough brothers out on the plains, they are quick to give of their earnings. On Saturday afternoons when they line up at the pay window the Sisters of Charity are always there, and quarters and dimes jingle merrily into their little tin boxes.

Behind this generous giving is a superstitious belief that amid risks like these it is well to propitiate fate all you can, for fate is a relentless old machine, and when once its wheels begin grinding no power on earth can stop them. The "rule of three" is centuries old. You may hear of it out on the ocean, in the steel mills, in the railroad camps and down in the mines. And you find it up here on the jobs in the skies.

"Believe it?" said an old foreman. "You bet they believe it."

"Do you?" I asked.

"Well," he said, "all I can say is this: It may be a spell or it may be because the way of the whole crew is expecting it. But, anyhow, when two accidents come close together you can be sure that the third ain't very far off."

BUYING CHAIRS BY SIGHT.

Few Folks Ever Think to Try Them by Sitting In Them.

"I went with some folks the other day," the man said, "to buy a couple of chairs. We went to a furniture store and looked over what they had to offer.

"There were just ordinary chairs for a bedroom, so that it wasn't a very momentous purchase. The folks I was with looked at the cloth on the chairs and asked questions about the wood and how the chairs would wear. Then they bought the chairs and ordered them sent home.

"What struck me as peculiar about the transaction was that never once did either of the two persons with whom I was think of sitting down in the chairs to see whether or not they were comfortable. I dropped into a furniture store not long afterward and asked a salesman about it, and I wasn't surprised to learn that very few persons buying chairs ever seem to think about testing them by sitting in them.

"Except in the case of rockers, that is. Few persons can resist the temptation to take a few preliminary rocks in a prospective purchase."—New York Sun.

Learned by Experience.

"I always make it a point," said the man with a wart on his nose, a couple of cross eyes and a hair lip, but otherwise possessing a perfectly good face, "to say polite and complimentary things to the ladies. It does me no harm, and I notice it always gives them a lot of pleasure. My motto is to scatter sunshine provided it costs no money as I journey along."

"I used to do that, too," said the man whose set of neglected whiskers were calling plaintively for the lawn mower, "but I have been broken of the habit. No more sunshine radiating from these quarters."

"And what cured you?" asked the other.

"A couple of breach of promise suits."

Yes, It Was True.

"Is it true that you threw something at Mike that caused the swelling over his eye?" the squire inquired of a little woman.

"Yis, sor, I did," said the woman, catching her breath, "but I niver mint to hurt him, an' well he knows it. We'd just come home from me cousin's weddin', an' I was feelin' kinder soft to Mike, an' I up an' axed him if he loved me as much as he did the day we was married, an'—an', yer anner, he was so slow answerin' me that I up wid the mop an' flung it at him! If we poor women don't have love our hearts jist breaks inside av us!"

Origin of Geography.

The Phoenicians were the first people to communicate to other nations a knowledge of distant lands. It is now known that before the time of Homer that enterprising people had passed beyond the limit of the Mediterranean into the great western ocean, and it was by their sailors that the first rough charts of the world as then known were made. But geography as a science originated among the Greeks, its real father being Herodotus of Halicarnassus, about B. C. 484.

No Encouragement.

Mrs. Short—Oh, dear, I do wish we were rich! Just think of the good we could do if we only had lots of money! Mr. Short—True, my dear, but we can do a great deal of good in a quiet way now. Mrs. Short—Yes, of course, but no one will ever hear of it.

His Excuse.

Diggs—You believe that whisky is good for a cold, don't you? Swiggs—Yes, but how did you know? Diggs—Oh, I've noticed that you nearly always have a cold.—Chicago News.

Repetition.

Husband (entering house with bag of chestnuts)—I brought home some more chestnuts, dear. Wife (wearily, without glancing up)—I'm listening.—Judge.

The face of a wife shows what her husband is; the shirt of the husband shows what his wife is.—Servian Proverb.

LIBRARY SLOW POKES.

Time Killing Methods of Officials In Continental Europe.

"Americans who grumble about having to wait a long time for books when applying to a public library," said a Boston literary woman, "should try to work or study in a foreign library, particularly in Germany.

"The typical continental librarian takes no account of time. The reader, worker or student must turn in his or her application for books at least a day in advance. The men who search for the books applied for are aged, tottering creatures who have been shuffling around the dusty piles of books for years, and the word hurry is not in their vocabulary.

"The most priceless books and manuscripts are kept in places which are perfect fire traps, and disorder predominates in every department. When you speak about the impossible methods employed the librarians tell you that they are too poor to introduce any modern indexes or catalogues. This is to some extent so, but as a matter of fact they would not change if they had all the money in the world at their disposal.

"They do not wish to encourage the common people to use books. The learned are among the aristocracy, and the spread of the knowledge which is hidden in those wonderful literary museums is far from the purpose of the *men at the head of Europe's libraries.*

"There may be some delay in our libraries, but our people in the lower walks of life are certainly ahead of the common people of the old world in the matter of getting books when they want them, and generally free of charge."—New York Telegram.

The Town to Be Born In.

In the German town of Klingenberg, near Aschaffenberg, Bavaria, in addition to having no rates to pay for the upkeep of the town, those actually born in the parish receive from the municipality a sum of £12 15s. a year. This sum, if invested regularly at, say, 3 per cent, would entitle the owner to receive about £1,500 at the age of sixty—a very handsome old age pension. Were it not necessary that the inhabitants should prove birth in the parish before becoming entitled to this payment the popularity of Klingenberg as a place of residence would doubtless be enormous.—Westminster Gazette.

Simple Remedy For La Grippe.

Racking la grippe coughs that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. The sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and a dangerous condition is quickly averted. Take only Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

There is no case on record of a cough, cold or la Grippe developing into pneumonia after Foley's Honey and Tar has been taken, as it cures the most obstinate deep seated coughs and colds. Why take anything else. A. Bjerkhoel.

AUCTION SALE

Saturday, Jan. 23, '09

AT

Roseau, Minn.

Twenty-nine head of Shorthorn Durham Cattle. Eleven bulls ranging in age from 3 months to two years and nine months. Eighteen head of cows and heifers ranging in age from one month to eight years.

About one-half of the herd is from English Bates stock, bred exclusively for milk. The other half is Scottish Crookshanks.

These cattle are not the highest strain of beef cattle or the highest strain of milk cattle, but are the highest strain of combination beef and milk cattle.

One of the bulls to be sold is "Lofty Knight" register No. 263203, out of Imported Veronieca 2nd. All of the cows and heifers that are eligible have been bred to this bull.

Also seventeen head of Shropshire sheep. These sheep will be sold in lots of three. These sheep are a high grade wool producers, good dressers on the block and are easily kept.

The pedigree of all stock offered in this sale runs back to importation.

TERMS: Time will be given until Dec. 1, 1909, on approved security drawing 8 per cent.

R. M. Barclay,	*Olaf Haldahle,*	*James Garrison,*
Auctioneer.	*Clerk.*	*Owner.*

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1909 NUMBER 4.

CLOVER SEED WORTH MONEY

Farmers In This Section Should Make an Effort to Secure a Clover Huller.

It Is the Most Profitable Crop That Can Be Raised on a Farm.

There should be a serviceable clover huller in nearly every township in the northwest. This has been fully demonstrated during the year just past, when many thousand bushels of splendid clover was wasted because there were no hullers obtainable to save the most profitable crop on the farm.

A little figuring will give our readers some knowledge of the loss that actually occurred on many farms. Clover made a good crop of seed in nearly all sections of the northwest. Yields of seven bushels per acre are reported where the crop received intelligent care and was hulled with a machine that saved all of the seed. The average yield in many localities was in the neighborhood of one half of the amount named. The price paid growers from the machine last fall was about $8 per bushel. This made the crop worth fully $25 per acre to the farmer. The price of the huller is lost on every 200 acres of clover seed that is allowed to waste in the field.

Our figures are conservative because much larger yields are reported and farmers have been paid $10 to $12 per bushel for good clover seed in the spring.

An earnest and united effort should be made in every neighborhood to secure a clover huller and thus be prepared to save all of the seed this year. The price usually paid for hulling clover seed has been $1.00 per bushel; the farmer boards the help and furnishes men and teams to get the grain to the machine. This was about right when clover seed sold for $3.50 to $5.00 per bushel, but when the crop is worth two or three times as much, the owner of the huller should share in the increased profits. Pay $2 per bushel if necessary to have the clover seed hulled. If a few growers would agree to pay that price almost every man who owns a threshing rig would buy a clover huller and move it about the country with his grain separator, and thus be prepared to save this valuable seed crop that is now allowed to waste in large quantities all over the northwest. An old, badly worn clover huller will leave one-half of the seed in the straw. Don't engage such an old outfit if it is possible to secure a new modern machine.

The growing of clover is greatly stimulated by the advent of a good huller in the neighborhood. Farmers who grow their seed will sow it with a generous hand which is not true when it costs them in cash from seedsmen fifteen dollars or more per bushel as it did last spring. Growing more seed is more profitable than working a gold mine in Alaska.

Don't neglect this important matter until the clover huller is needed next fall, but get busy now, and buy one or persuade a neighbor to do so. If necessary form a stock company to buy and operate the machine.

The Little Things.

If the little things of life annoy you, there is every prospect that you will be miserable; if the same trivial affairs please you, you will be happy. For it is the little things, after all, which make up most of the average life. Few great events come into the lives of most men, and there are indications that they are not always satisfactory when they do. But every day of every life is filled with small affairs which will make you happy or miserable. Perhaps it doesn't all lie with the individual how these little things will be received; temperament may have something to do with the case, and so may the conditions of your liver, but the fact remains that it is the little things which count, and the monotonous life is apt to be more happy than the life made up of big and strenuous events. Surely if this is the commonplace, life has any capacity for happiness, on adaptability to circumstances.—Atchison Globe.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

NEW LINE SOON READY

Soo Road Announces That the Brooten—Duluth Line Will be Completed July 1.

Most of the Grading Now Done and Track-Laying About all the Work Left.

Soo line trains will be operating over the Brooten-Duluth extension by July 1, says T. E. Pennington, a general manager of the railroad company. The contractors nearly completed the grading and track laying last fall. The work was done to within a few miles of Duluth, where the heaviest job on the extension was necessary. It was the intention to keep a crew at work there through the winter and finish by early spring. Work trains were operated all summer as far east as Mille Lacs lake.

The new line gives the Soo a straight outlet from the northwestern grain fields to the head of the lakes. Several new townsites have been opened on the line and the summer resorts on the shores of Mille Lacs will be made accessible. A fine hardwood and farming country is brought into closer touch with the Twin Cities.

A Sad Case.

A very sad case in insanity has occured at Red Lake Falls in which Mrs. Philipina Close lost her mind over worrying as the result of the death of two children. Her case has been growing worse for some time past, and the chief trouble seemed to be that she expected every few days that her departed children would return to her.

One of the saddest features of the case is that she has two other little children who greatly need a mother's care, her husband being a laboring man who can ill afford to hire a competent person after having been to great expense owing to the condition of his wife for some time past.

Sheriff Nelson took the woman to the asylum last week.

COST OF GOVERNMENT

The Total Annual Cost of Government In Minnesota is $37,000,000

State Tax Commission Recommends Tonnage Tax and Other Changes.

It costs every man, woman and child in Minnesota $18.92 cents to be governed, according to the figures gathered by the state tax commission.

Statistics on this phase of government have never been collected and published before in the state, but the tax commission in its annual report, which will be out in a few days, shows that the money expended for government in the state during 1908 reaches the altitudinous proportions of $37,000,000. This includes the expenditures of all towns, villages, cities, counties and the state government for all purposes during the year. When the state's share of the expenditure is added, the cost for this state amounts to $50,000,000.

The report of the commission is in the hands of the printer, but a preliminary report has been given to the legislature. The commission summarizes its recommendations as follows: "The whole attitude of the commission in the matter of recommendations is to proceed in a careful, orderly manner to the modification of the law, and to that end they have made recommendations for a county assessor system, some change in the taxation of corporations, and, under the new amendment, the special taxation of credits, the extention of the gross earnings tax principle, and the enactment of a tonnage tax law."

Secured a Verdict of $2,000.

Last Saturday the case of Mrs Sarah Anne Newbury of Wilton, Minn., a small station this side of Bemidji was given to the jury by Judge Watts after a short charge and shortly before 4 o'clock returned a verdict of $2,000 in favor of the plaintiff. Mrs. Newbury is the mother of C. H. Newbury, the well known Thief River Falls liveryman.

The case has been the longest of the Polk county term having lasted over two days with witnesses from all over Northern Minnesota, including expert testimony given by Dr. E. H. Marcum of Bemidji and two physicians from Fergus Falls and trainmen from all over the Northern Minnesota and Dakota divisions.

Mrs. Newbury claims that on returning on a Great Northern passenger train from Bemidji to Wilton she was not properly assisted in alighting from the train, fall and sustained serious injuries and asked damages on that score.

Attorney W. E. Rowe represented the plaintiff, and Attorneys J. W. Mason and James H. Maybury, the Great Northern.

Wm. Durbin Dead.

William Durbin, one of the pioneer residents of this section, died last Thursday after an illness of eleven days with typhoid fever. The funeral services were held on Sunday under the auspices of the Odd Fellows lodge of which the deceased had long been a member. Mr. Durbin was 37 years of age and for the past twelve years has been a resident of this section. So far as is known, the deceased had only one relative, a brother, John Durbin, who is traveling in the south this winter for the benefit of his health. Although numerous attempts have been made to locate John, they have been without success thus far.

Rocksbury.

Rather cold weather of late!

John Auson spent Sunday with Clinton Miller.

The Y. W. S. C. met with Mrs. A. Wello Saturday evening, quite a large crowd attended and a fine time was reported.

Mae Miller spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Leona Soarda.

Dave Gustafson spent Sunday in town with his brother, John.

John Larson, a resident of Southern Minnesota is visiting with his old neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Thorstad.

Last Wednesday at the August Krause home occurred the marriage of Miss Agnes Yonke and Mr. Emil Krause, only relatives and immediate friends attended.

To the Public.

This is to certify that I have parted with my wife, Lizzie Robbins, and from and after this date I will pay no bills contracted by the said Lizzie Robbins or any of her children.

Dated January 8, 1909. W. A. Robbins.

Advertising Her Eggs.

Any way you take it, advertising pays. A mud turtle lays just as many eggs in a season as does a hen, and lays them all in a bunch at that, which is bound to be more of a mental strain; but the turtle doesn't advertise and the hen does, and the result is there's a hundred calls for a hen's eggs in the restaurants where there's one for the turtle's.—Ex.

Didn't Cost the Gazette Much.

A friend of the NEWS living in the town of Bray says that County Commissioner Lindquist feels very sore at this paper, claiming that we had insinuated that he had secured some graft for voting to let the county printing contract to the Red Lake Falls Gazette, the highest bidder. Mr. Lindquist strongly maintaines that all he received was a free banquet and cigars.

The Better Way.

Northern Minnesota wants a normal *school, and bills have been introduced* in the legislature locating it at Cass Lake, Bemidji and Thief River Falls. The better way would be to leave the location to the normal board, which is composed of honorable and able men and they would put the school where it would accomodate the greatest number of pupils.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

Most Votes Count.

The supreme court handed down a decision Friday in an election case from Yellow Medicine county. A man named Homme was pitted against a man named Snortum for the Republican nomination for sheriff, and Snortum won the nomination by a close vote. Homme's friends got out stickers pasted them on the ballots at the general election and gave him a majority. The district court of the county held that Snortum was elected, on the ground that stickers were illegal, but the supreme court takes a broader view, and holds that the man who gets the most votes, whether they are expressed by stickers or otherwise, is the choice of the people and entitled to the office.

What Farmers Could Do.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern has some sound ideas on the benefits of improved methods of agriculture. One of his statements—and a true one as follows:

The two remedies are as well ascertained as is the evil of the soil waste. Rotation of crops and the use of fertilizers act as tonics upon the soil. There is good authority for the ascertion that the farmer could take from the same area of ground in four years, grain crops out of the total of seven years as much as the whole seven now give him; leaving the products of the other three years when the land rested from grain due to the better methods. He can do far more than that by joining stock raising with grain raising. Nature has provided the cattle to go with the land. There is as much money in live stock as there is in grain. Were any statesman to show us how to add $7,000,0000,000 annually to our foreign trade, it would be the sensation of the hour.

SOO BUYS THE W. C.

Through Trains Will Be Run from Winnipeg to Chicago in the Near Future.

Means a Large Increase in the Traffic of the Winnipeg-Thief River Falls Line.

The Chicago Record Herald of Saturday contained an announcement that will mean much to Thief River Falls as it will greatly increase the business of the Soo line and necessarily give employment to an additional number of men. The article is as follows:

The Canadian Soo Line has finally secured its long-coveted entrance into Chicago. Official announcement was made yesterday that negotiations for the purchase of the Wisconsin Central by the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company, commonly called the Soo Line, were practically completed.

The Soo Line is owned by the Canadian Pacific, which is a governed road with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy as its president. The change of ownership of the Wisconsin Central, the purchase being upon the basis of a guarantee of 4 per cent upon the $12,500,000 of prefered stock, means that Chicago is to have another through road to the Pacific coast. It is not unlikely that the consolidated system will run through passenger trains between Chicago and Winnipeg and Chicago and Vancouver, if not between Chicago and Duluth.

To the traffic world the acquisition by the Canadian Pacific of a Chicago entrance means a great deal. The Canadian Soo has been charged with being a disturbing factor in the traffic and rate situation for years. By means of its lines to the East in connection with the Canadian Pacific the Soo Line has been able to control the rates from the Northwest into the New York territory. Besides its lines to Winnipeg and to Vancouver and to all important points in the Canadian Northwest, the Soo Line has a road from the Twin Cities to Sault Ste. Marie and a line under construction from the Twin Cities to Duluth. Besides connecting with the Wisconsin Central at the Twin Cities, the Soo Line crosses it at Prentice Junction, which is on the Wisconsin Central's Abbotsford Ashland Line.

Synod Church.

Services next Sunday at 10:30. English services in the evening at 7:45. The Ladies Aid meets with Mrs. H. Langseth this afternoon at 3 p. m. The Young Peoples society meets at the same place this evening at 8 o'clock. Bible class meets next Sunday at 7 p. m. The class of catechumens meets Saturday at 9 a. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m. every Sunday. I. T. Aastad, pastor.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Final Clearance

—OF—

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS

Thursday morning, January 14, we shall start the biggest clearance sale of Women's, Misses' and Children's High Grade Cloth Garments ever offered at this season of the year. We have too many coats and must sell them regardless of cost. We offer our entire stock of Cloth Coats at

HALF PRICE

Look at the following reductions:

$ 8.00 Ladies' Coats, now	$ 4.00
10.00 " " "	5.00
15.00 " " "	7.50
18.00 " " "	9.00
25.00 " " "	12.50

20 per cent off on women's furs and fur coats.

Men's Dept.

$22.50 fur coats	$16.90
28.00 " "	21.00
35.00 " "	26.25
10.00 cloth overcoats	7.50
15.00 " "	11.25
20.00 " "	15.00
8.50 suits	6.80
12.50 "	10.00
15.00 "	12.00

Special discount on winter caps

This Sale Will Last for Two Weeks Only.

Better Get on the Band Wagon and Secure Some of These Extraordinary Bargains

You Will Never Again Be Able to Buy These Goods at These Prices.

Boys' Dept.

50 Boys' Suits at

Half Price.

50 Boys' Overcoats at

One-third off from Former Low Price.

PERMANENCY CITIZENS STATE BANK HONESTY SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongst the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Some Interesting Data Relative to the Heroic Fight Sweden Is Making Against Consumption — How Expenses to Carry on the Work Are Met—Lectures Are Held in Different Parts of the Country and a Publication Containing All Sorts of Information Is Issued.

SWEDEN.

"The Struggle Against Tuberculosis in Sweden," a publication dedicated to the international tuberculosis congress in Washington, has just made its appearance and is brimful of interesting data, relative to the heroic fight that Sweden is making against this deadly disease. The principal seat of the Swedish National Anti-Tuberculosis association is at Stockholm. On Feb 28, 1904, it was founded under the patronage of Crown Prince Gustaf and its president is Baron Gustaf Tamm, late chancellor of the exchequer. Its business is managed by a central board consisting of twelve members from different social classes. The principal work is performed by an executive committee at Stockholm, where the office of the association is located. Under the central organization local branches are formed, each of which comprises either a whole or one of the greater provincial towns. They have their own boards, and are comparatively independent of the central body. The subscription fee for members is about 2 crowns a year. To meet the expenses for the rather extensive work carried on by the association considerable means are required. Members' subscriptions and incidental gifts have naturally not been sufficient. The chief source of income, however, has been the selling of so-called charity stamps, which has yielded a clear profit of about 228,000 crowns ($60,477) during the years 1905-1907. Immediately after the start of the association the board of management set to work to arrange lectures in different parts of the country in order to give the country population an idea of what was and is being done and enlighten them as to how best to fight tuberculosis. This work has been very successful. In Stockholm knowledge of tuberculosis has been spread chiefly by means of the tuberculosis museum, founded there by the association. It contains instructive, pathological and anatomical specimens, statistical tables and maps, sanatorium accessories, models literature and so on. The public is admitted free three days each week, when a short lecture course is held by a physician appointed by the association. More than 41,000 persons have attended these lectures since the museum was opened in April, 1906. Since 1906, a publication issued by the association has appeared four times a year. It is ably edited by Dr. Sture Carlson and contains all manner of information regarding tuberculosis and the way to fight it. It is printed in an edition of 25,000 copies and is sent to the members of the association free of charge. The Swedish National Anti-Tuberculosis association has a strenuous program ahead of itself and seems to have taken a hold of the "white plague" more earnestly than any other country in the world. The next international anti-tuberculosis conference will be held in Stockholm from July 8 to 10.

Even the Swedish press has recently characterized Sweden as "the land of strikes." That there exists reason for this characterization is evident from the following facts: "Last spring and summer," says a well known Stockholm paper, "there were a series of strikes and lockouts in our land. During the second quarter of the year there occurred not less than 112 strikes—besides a number of minor labor conflicts—all of which affected 1,049 employers and 29,000 workingmen. Was there any improvement in our labor conditions since 1907? No. In that year there were certainly 112 strikes, but they affected only 416 employers and 9,000 workingmen. Of last year's 112 labor conflicts, 88 were strikes, 9 were lockouts and 15 of a mixed character. The direct result of these labor upheavals has been the loss of not less than 876,000 working days, affecting seriously, first of all the building industry, then the sugar industry, the lumber, shoe and hide industry, besides causing untold distress to thousands of laboring men and their families." In conclusion the paper urges "that speedy legislative measures be enacted at once in order that the country shall not again be submitted to the same distressing conditions this year."

August Strindberg, the celebrated Swedish author, does not care to be especially observed on his sixtieth birthday, which occurs the 22nd inst. The Stockholm Student Chorus sent word some time ago that they wanted to serenade him on this occasion, but the author declined, saying that if all the theaters on that day rendered one or more of his plays, he would consider it the highest honor that could come to him.

Paula R. Heymann the renowned German woman writer will, according to the "Indan," spend the winter in Stockholm for the purpose of studying the Swedish people at close range. During her winter sojourn in Stockholm Frau Heymann will write a series of articles for the "Vossische Zeitung," whose editorial staff she joined last year.

Professor Gerhard de Geer has been elected rector of the Stockholm High School for the next two years. Nils Stjernberg and Professor Ivar Fredholm have been reappointed as directors for the current year.

Emil Ossterman has been appointed Sweden's commissioner at the tenth international art exhibition in Munchen, which will be held in that city during the coming summer.

NORWAY.

In Hallingdal and vicinity the people have lately been very much stirred up by a series of revival meetings which have been conducted by roving evangelists, who claim they have "the gift of tongues." The other evening one of these individuals went to a place where a country dance was going on and dealt one of the dance leaders a blow on the cheek "in the name of the Lord," all of which, of course, ended in a free-for-all fight, in which many people were rather roughly handled. Since these meetings started in that section of the country there have been two cases of pronounced insanity and the authorities have begun to make a rigid investigation.

Lars Svanstrom celebrated his twenty-fifth anniversary as a book publisher in Christiania the other day, when he was the recipient of many congratulations from his friends at home and abroad. Mr. Svanstrom has for a number of years been a director in the Alb. Cammermeyer Co., and an associate director in the Gyldendalske Publishing company. He was born in Skenninge, Sweden, and emigrated to Norway about thirty years ago, where he at once became identified with the publishing business. He is married to a niece of Bjornstjerne Bjornson and is one of the best known business men in Christiania.

The arrival of extremely cold weather has caused much suffering to the poor people of Christiania. It has also driven a large number of workingmen out of employment, so that the already large list of unemployed is getting larger every day. Under such circumstances, it will during the next few weeks be a difficult matter for the city authorities to secure food and clothing for all the unfortunate ones. Still, Christiania people are very generous and the charity organizations are always receiving willing aid, but often, in spite of the fact that there are willing hearts the purse strings do not reach far enough.

The players at the National theater in Christiania refuse to use the so-called "landsmaal" (popular country dialect) and there is now some talk of establishing a theater in which this dialect may be used. Among the upper strata of society there is much objection to the adoption of the "landsmaal" and it will be interesting to see which party will win out in the long run. The forces seem about equally divided and the "language war" therefore promises to be hard fought and of long duration.

Bjornstjerne Bjornson, who recently celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday, is at present traveling abroad in the interest of his health. It will be remembered that the distinguished author was constrained to take to his bed about three months ago, after completing one of his lecture tours. During his visit abroad this time Mr. Bjornson will spend most of his time in France and Italy, principally in Rome, where he seems to feel especially at home.

From Trondhjem comes the report that many people perished and much property was destroyed during the recent storms in northern Norway. The bodies of twenty fishermen were washed ashore not far from Trondhjem and a steamer bound for Spitzbergen with twenty-five men aboard is reported lost. Terrific storms all along the northern coast have been coming along in rapid succession, causing much damage to the shipping industry.

DENMARK.

The Danish government has drafted a law proposition relative to the projected railway bridge between Masnedsund and Creved on the Gjedser Warnemunde route. The proposition will in the near future be presented to the rigsdag. The bridge, when completed, will cost 9,500,000 crowns and will be over half a mile in length. Because of the marine trade between Sjalland and Falster the middle part of the bridge will be converted into an automatic swinging bridge. The bridge will, according to calculations, be finished during the latter part of the spring of 1912.

About 15,000 crowns have now been subscribed for Mrs. Beck, the unfortunate widow of the landowner who was murdered not long ago by the Russian anarchist, Bulotti. She is still in ill health and has received many threatening letters from anarchists in various sections of the country. Anarchists, especially fugitives and students from Russia who have slipped into the country are being closely watched by the authorities.

According to newspaper reports from Denmark, Prince Harold's and Princess Helena's wedding will take place about May 1. The wedding ceremony will be read in Fredensborg. The royal young couple will take an extensive honeymoon trip to East Asia and will not return to Denmark until the latter part of the winter next.

P. A. Rosenberg has been appointed censor for the Copenhagen theaters, including all the variety shows and all places of amusement and pleasure gardens.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

BLOOD

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor. There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high we are being refreshed—bone, muscle and brain, in body and mind—with continual flow of rich blood. This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It sets the whole body going again—man, woman and child.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Notice.

Having sold my business in this town and about to remove to North Dakota all accounts due me must be paid before November 1, 1908. After that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. If I am not to be found, pay to the bartender, Oscar Sween, who will issue a receipt for the same. Anton Gunderson.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association will be held at the M. E. church on the East Side on Saturday, January 23rd, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. Creamery patrons whether they are stockholders or non-shareholders are cordially invited. An interesting program will be rendered, part of which will be a free dinner in the basement of the church. P. Engelstad, Secy. 2t.

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.
Sunday School 10.00 a. m.
Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 25 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El Ro cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Teachers Examinations.

Teachers examinations for Red Lake county will be held at Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls on February 4, 5 and 6, 1909, according to the following program.

H. T. ANDERSON,
County Sup't of Schools

Program of examinations for common school certificates, February 4, 5 and 6, 1909.

THURSDAY, FEB 4TH.
(First Grade Studies)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography or General History.

(Agriculture may be taken at any one of above periods, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.)

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5TH.
(Second Grade Studies)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:15 Geography.
2:45 Composition and Penmanship.
3:20 Reading.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6TH.
(Second Grade Studies.)

A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Jan. 16, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Devinay, J. S.
Dentzreb, E. A.
Bakke, Nelle
Forssett, S. A.
Olson, F. T.
Sommis, Farmil.
Smith, O. L.
Walstad, P. I. T.
Woods, A. J.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Hon. John M Arctander, of Minneapolis, the most noted lawyer and orator among the Scandinavians in America, will deliver a lecture in the Norwegian language at the opera house in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Arctander's prominence as a speaker should secure for him a large attendance and all Scandinavians in Thief River Falls and vicinity should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. Admission free. Do not forget the date.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Co-operative Creamery Company, of Holt creamery, will be held at their office on Saturday, January 23rd, 1909, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business that may be brought before said meeting when convened.

Holt, Minn., Jan. 4th, 1909.
3 2t. J. A. Sorum, Sec'y.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Carlson of Holt, Minn., who, on Jan. 14th, 1901, made H. E. No. 730, Serial, No. 01362, for S. E ¼, Section 34, Township 156 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls Minn., on the 1st day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Gunerius Olson, of Holt, Minn.
Gustaf Peterson, " "
August Nelson, " "
Halftan M. Olson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.

Jan 21 feb 25.

The Suit You Thought Was Ruined

will undergo a remarkable transformation in our hands. All those nasty spots which were so annoying will have vanished during our process of cleaning, and the whole suit will look as clean and fresh as to be equal to a new one. Send anything you wish cleaned to B. Dan Bjorkman and you will be more than satisfied.

B. Dan Bjorkman,
Dyer and Cleaner,
Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The Peoples State Bank wishes to announce that T. P. Hamre has retired cashier, having sold his stock in the bank to H. P. Sponheim. The new cashier, Oscar Sponheim, needs no introduction, as he has served as assistant cashier since the organization.

We look forward to the continuance of all our former customers and invite new customers to call on us and open up an account or transact such other banking business as they may have.

People's State Bank.

THE NEWS.
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

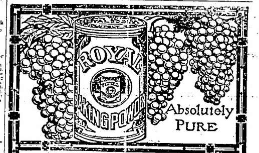

Absolutely PURE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Why these grapes? Because from the healthful grape comes the chief ingredient of Royal Baking Powder, Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

Alum-phosphate powders are made with harsh mineral acids and must be avoided.

A NIGHT OF TORTURE

It Brought a Fortune to Its Half Strangled Victim.

AN INNOCENT MAN'S ORDEAL.

Twice Strung Up by Lynchers, He Confessed to Murder and Was Afterward Vindicated and Recovered $25,000 From His Assailants.

Late in the fifties of the last century George W. King was the proprietor of a hotel in Oxford, twenty-six miles from Lafayette, Ind. In 1859 a stranger arrived at the hotel and gave his name as Dr. Rowe. He told King that he had no money and asked to be trusted for his board till he could get practice in the place, promising to pay him as promptly as possible. King consented to the arrangement, and Rowe soon became a favorite with the people on account of his companionable disposition and superior intelligence. The doctor, however, fell deeper and deeper in debt. He had been at the hotel for nearly a year when King reminded him one morning that he had not paid anything on his board bill for three months. The conversation, it afterward appeared, was overheard by some one in the hotel, though nothing was thought of it at the time.

A week after the conversation Rowe was called out late at night to see a patient and failed to return. Days passed without any word from him, and his disappearance soon was connected with the conversation that had passed between him and the landlord about the unpaid board. One night three months later a party of disguised men entered the hotel and, overpowering King, took him to a woodland adjoining the town.

He recognized the voices of several of his captors and especially of the leader, who told him that he was suspected of murdering Rowe and demanded that he confess. King stoutly maintained his innocence, and the leader of the mob ordered his companions "to string him up." A rope was placed around his neck, a dozen men pulled down a stout limb, over which the other end of the rope was thrown, and when the limb was released it carried King off his feet and left him hanging by the neck. He was nearly unconscious when let down and again ordered to confess.

After much delay he was restored sufficiently to understand what was said to him, and he again refused, declaring his innocence and saying he did not know what had become of Rowe. A second time he was strung up and a second time let down, but life was nearly extinct, and he was much longer in being restored than before.

The luckless landlord knew he could not pass through another such ordeal and live, so he consented to confess. He purposely lengthened the confession in order to gain time and said that he and two men, named Rogers and Haggard, had poisoned some whisky and induced Rowe to drink it, and after his death they had buried him in a hollow some distance away. It was nearly daylight when the confession was made, and the lynchers determined to take King to jail in Lafayette and then arrest Rogers and Haggard.

Before the jail was reached day had dawned, and King recognized his captors as members of the Horse Thief Detective company of Benton, Warren and Tippecanoe counties, nearly all of whom were known to him. Confident of his guilt, the men made no attempt to conceal their identity. So great was the excitement and so intense the feeling against King that he waived examination and went to jail, hoping that something would turn up to establish his innocence.

From the jail at Lafayette King addressed letters to editors of papers in Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and other cities, setting out the circumstances of his confinement and asking them to keep his letter in the papers in hopes that it might fall under Rowe's notice. The appeal was a pathetic one and was copied into many papers throughout the northwest.

Two weeks after its first appearance Dr. Rowe rode into Oxford and, attended by a number of citizens, proceeded to Lafayette, where his appearance caused the immediate release of the accused landlord. In explanation of his disappearance Rowe said he had left his home in the east on account of domestic troubles, that he had learned that his wife was on her way to Oxford, and he had determined to leave the place secretly in order to prevent her from learning where he had gone. He had gone to a little town in southern Illinois, and it was there that he learned that the man who had befriended him was suspected of his murder and was in jail in Lafayette.

As soon as King was released he brought suit against thirty-two members of the Horse Thief Detective company for $5,000 each and also against the company as a corporation. Thomas A. Hendricks, afterward vice president, was his counsel, but the case was not allowed to come to trial, the lynchers compromising by paying King $25,000. With this money he purchased a farm and other property near Lafayette, where he lived till his death at the age of seventy-eight years.

Whoso would write clearly must think clearly, and if he would write in a noble style he must first possess a noble soul.—Goethe.

VOLCANOES.

They Are Not Burning Mountains as We Understand That Term.

"What are volcanoes?"

Nine out of every ten persons would immediately have an answer of some sort to the question above, for have they not a lively remembrance of having learned in their schoolbooks that "a volcano is a burning mountain, from the summit of which are sent out smoke and flames?" This popular fancy has been exploded by scientists, whose work is to explode popular fancies.

In the first place, volcanoes are not necessarily mountains. In reality they are just the reverse—that is, holes in the earth's crust. Out of these are thrown the materials which, accumulating, form the heaps which we popularly call mountains.

These are, then, the result and not the cause of the action. Neither are they "burning," as we understand the term. There is no combustion nor any action we might reasonably call "burning."

The action need not necessarily take place at the summit, for eruptions are just as frequent at the sides or even at the base. The so called "smoke" is nothing more or less than the clouds of condensing steam which are formed on every occasion when an eruption occurs.

Lastly, the "flames," so called, are merely the reflection of the mass of molten rock and material inside the crater on the clouds of steam above, thus appearing as a glowing light. The friction, too, set up by the motion of the materials causes electricity, and hence the lightning discharges which add to the illuminating effect.—Pearson's Magazine.

VOTED WITHOUT BALLOTS.

An Election Day at Charlottesville, Va., In 1804.

At Charlottesville, Va., the seat of Albemarle county, according to Miss Mary Johnston's chronicle of "Lewis Rand," they were voting for a member of the house of delegates. It was the fourth Wednesday in April. The year was 1804.

"Under the locust trees to the right of the open gate were placed long tables and on them three mighty punch bowls, flanked by drinking cups and guarded by house servants of venerable appearance and stately manners. Here good Federalists refreshed themselves. To the left of the gate, upon the trampled grass beneath a mulberry, appeared other punch bowls and in addition a barrel of whisky ready broached for all good Democrat-Republicans. The sunny street was filled with horses, vehicles and servants; the broad path between the trees, the turf on either hand and the courthouse steps were crowded with riotous voters. All ranks of society, all ages, occupations and opinions, met in the genial weather beneath the trees, where sang every bird of spring."

Within the courthouse the sheriff presided. Conspicuous sat the two candidates. There were no ballots, but each voter made known his choice by living voice:

"I vote, sir," cried the colonel, "for Mr. Ludwell Cary, for a gentleman and a patriot, sir, and may the old county never be represented but by such!"

The Best Governed Cities.

The best governed cities on earth, the cleanest, healthiest, most progressive and happiest, are the cities of the German empire. And the reason is this—there is a strong Social-Democratic minority in every city in the empire.

If a man is worth knowing at all he is worth knowing well.—Alexander Smith.

Simple Remedy For La Grippe.

Racking la grippe coughs that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. The sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and a dangerous condition is quickly averted. Take only Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. A. Bjerkheel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

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GUARANTEED CURE FOR
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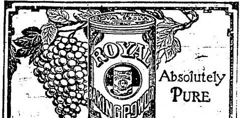

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First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

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Wilhelm Michelet,

U.S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

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Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE NEWS,
BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.
$1.00 Per Year in Advance.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature to prohibit the shooting of prairie chickens dur the years 1909 and 1910.

Indiana Democrats have decided that it would not be polite to send John W. Kern to the United States Senate while Mr. Bryan remains a private citizen.

It costs each individual in Minnesota nearly $30 a year to be governed. If we had more men of County Commissioner Lindquist's stamp in office this amount would be greatly increased.

A number of members of the most dignified deliberative body on earth are going to try—metaphorically—to break the President's neck between now and the 4th of March. We expect to hear some more senatorial heels crack ere long.

Bituminous coal production in the United States in 1908 reached between 320,000,000 and 330,000,000 tons, according to the geological survey, against more than 400,000,000 tons in 1907. This decrease is attributed to the financial depression in the latter year.

It will require $234,000,000 to run the postal service during the fiscal year 1910, according to the decision reached by the House committee on postoffices and post roads. The amount is an increase of about $12,000,000 over the amount appropriated for the present fiscal year.

A prophet announces that the entire western section of this continent is to be violently shaken between now and the 1st of August. If nothing happens before March 4 a majority of the statesmen assembled in Washington will decline to believe that the disturbance can possibly be very damaging.

An appropriation of $161,018,000 for pensions was agreed to by the committee on appropriations in the drafting of the annual pension bill. This is $2,000,000 less than the appropriation last year, which was $163,053,000. The republic has expended since its beginning $3,751,108,809 in pensions.

Ex-Speaker Lawrence Johnson has again introduced his bill for county schools of agriculture and if it passes it will give every county in the state an opportunity to have an agricultural school. To each such school established under the law the state is to appropriate $15,000 for a building and $6,000 a year for maintenance. This measure is a copy of the one introduced by Mr. Johnson two years ago.

The Plummer Pioneer has made a great discovery which is to the effect that Red Lake county should be redistricted into new commissioner districts. There have been other people in the county who have been advocating this for the past several years. At present two county commissioners represent two-thirds of the people who pay three-fourths of the taxes of the county, while the three commissioners who actually do the business of the county represent one third of the people who pay one-fourth of the taxes. Eleven townships in the county are absolutely [illegible] representation on the county board.

Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern, has accepted the appointment on the State Highway Commission tendered to him by Gov. Johnson and hereafter will have to pay fare on his own road in Minnesota. The attorney general has ruled that persons holding any kind of state position are absolutely barred from accepting free transportation, even if they are railroad officials. This opinion is also held by the Great Northern legal department. Mr. Hill is a good roads enthusiast and anxious to serve on the commission, so he says he will pay his fare hereafter for the privilege of holding the appointment. He succeeds Gustave Scholle, of St. Paul, whose term expires, and who is about to enter the diplomatic service.

As a matter of comparison with Minnesota it might be of interest to note the opportunites afforded by the two neighboring states of Michigan and Wisconsin for the professional training of teachers. The state of Michigan has just four normal schools, located at convenient points, but maintains thirty-eight county normal schools, all under state supervision. Wisconsin supports seven state normal schools and, besides, has several county and city normal training schools. Our state has five state normals and not another agency for the professional training of her 1000 teachers except training departments in a few high schools, and of which the one in the Thief River Falls high school is the second largest in the state. These figures prove conclusively that the state is behind its sister states in the proper preparation of its teaching forces. The populations of the three states do not differ greatly. Minnesota, like other western states, has always looked to the east for a large number of her teachers, but this supply is now diminishing and the only remedy for the dificiency is the establishment of another normal school and that where the lack of training is most greatly felt. In this connection it might be of value to know that the province of Ontario, which is popularly credited with having one of the most complete and successful school systems in America, is now constructing four normal schools and she insists that every teacher, both city and rural, be a trained instructor. Minnesota is strangely out of joint with the times; at least, so far as professional training of her teaching force is concerned. She is apparently satisfied with any old thing or any very young thing, so long as it can pass a teacher's examination or bluff a county superintendent into granting a permit.

EXCEPT HOUSES AND BARNS.

It is an astonishing fact that when a man sells himself for money he seldom gets any worth mentioning. Judas' bribe was approximately twenty dollars in our currency. For two thousand years that has been about the going market price of a scoundrel. The famous Credit Mobilier investigation disclosed that statesmen of national reputation compromised themselves for a profit of two, three or four hundred dollars apiece. Other investigations in that line, with hardly an exception, have shown the same woefully depressed condition of the market for venality. A celebrated franchise fancier, being accused of giving a certain alderman a thousand dollars, replied with indignation: "You must take me for a fool! I'd never had dreamed of offering him more than the price of a suit of clothes." In the pretty Pittsburg mess—our latest exhibit of this sort at the moment of going to press—some of the rascals are said to have got as much as a hundred dollars a vote. But they were exceptional. The common, garden variety got a meal-ticket or a handful of beer-checks. Probably they would have sold themselves as readily for a card to the public library or a ticket to a campaign rally.—Saturday Evening Post.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO WOMEN.

It is doubtful if any other newspaper in the United States offers so much that is of interest to women and of value in the home as does The Chicago Record Herald. In the daily issues are to be found a daily pattern suitable for home dressmaking, the daily bill of fare, chatty society news and Mme. Qui Vivi's daily feature of answers upon beauty topics. On Monday appears "Martha's Management," devoted to household and culinary topics, while short, light reading for the whole family is always found on the editorial page. On Friday appears Dr. Withrow's comment on the Sunday school lesson, and through the week will be found crisp reviews of the new books. In the Sunday issue a complete section is devoted to women, containing Mme. Qui Vive's beauty page, "Hints for the Home Dressmaker" by Jeannette Hope, Marion Harland's page, Dame Curtsey's "Novelties in Entertainment," society news and many special articles of interest to women. The Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald is full of good stories, interesting articles on timely topics, clever verse, wit, humor and miscellany, with many beautiful illustrations It has the real magazine flavor.

Noted Man Coming.

Thief River Falls is to be honored tomorrow by a visit from Capt. H. A. Angell, of Norway, one of the noted men of the old world. Capt. Angell will deliver a lecture in the Evenson Hall while in the city on the events of 1905 when Norway was separated from Sweden. Capt. Angell comes to America as the representative of "Normands forbundet," an organization whose purpose is to maintain relations between the sons and daughters of Norway in all parts of the world.

New Directors Elected.

The share holders of the High Landing Creamery Association elected the following as their new board of directors at their annual meeting Monday: Sever Nelson, Anthony Dannaker, A. Hammersteen, Ole Howard, Hans O. Hommy, John Polhni, and Henry Ealison. Only Mr. Nelson of the last year's board was re-elected, as it was agreed that directors serve free of charge until the creamery was paid for, and the honor of spending time for nothing passed around.—Sunbeam.

New Agents.

Olson Bros., & Co., have been given the general agency for the International Harvester Company and will hereafter be the general distributers for the firm in Northern Minnesota and the northern part of North Dakota. Rasmus Oen, who for the past few years had been the agent for this company, will relinquish this position as soon as a transfer can be made. Olson Bros., & Co., will erect a large warehouse on the Great Northern right-of-way in the near future.

Survey Starts Next Week.

W. F. Hunt, the main supporter of the proposed line of railway between Thief River Falls and Roosevelt, was in the city the first of the week, being en route to Warren to attend to some business matters. Mr. Hunt says that the survey will be started on the 25th of January and after the right-of-way is located there will be something doing.

Old Land Mark Gone.

The old J. H. Sanders house, one of the first houses built in Thief River Falls, was destroyed by fire Monday evening. The house was occupied by Howard Winslow and owned by John Sodeberg. The Winslows were visiting at a neighbors when the fire was discovered. The loss was total. Mr. Winslow carried $300 insurance on his household furniture.

Want Sewerage.

F. S. Doege has been circulating a petition among East Side property holders the past week asking that a system of sewerage be established over there. A large percentage of East Side residents want a sewerage system, and Mr. Doege says that he has not met a property owner who refused to sign the petition.

The Creamery $50 List

The December statement of the St. Hilaire Creamery shows that only six patrons braved the storms and brought in more than $50 worth of cream for the month as follows:

H. Haupt	$76 12
Emil Just	67 30
Fred Soderberg	59 85
Andrew Mortenson	58 72
O. W. Brick	55 21
Anton E. Anderson	51 12

The total amount for the month was [illegible] and the price paid for butterfat was a record breaker for this neighborhood, it being [illegible] cents per pound.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

—For Sale—A registered Gernsey bull, six months old. Price $[illegible]. Inquire of Hans Nelson, Porter's addition, Thief River Falls.

SCHOOL NOTES.

A class of seven young men entered high school this week to take up commercial work. Some of them will remain until the close of the year, while a few will be compelled to leave in the spring. However, the determination towards acquiring some knowledge of and skill in the commercial subjects, even if the time therein be brief, is most commendable. The school will do its utmost to encourage such efforts and to aid such students.

Two young ladies, Misses Dahl and Rud, both holders of complete second grade certificates and teachers of experience, enrolled this week for work that will enable them to secure first grade certificates by next summer. It is probable that many more second grade teachers would enroll, at least for the winter months, did they know that the facilities in the local school are so ample and the task of securing a first grade certificate really not such a difficult one.

The work of the second semester in the high school began Monday of this week. New classes were organized in botany, agriculture, higher algebra, solid geometry, senior history and senior geography. Nearly all the studies of the last semester are continued.

More students continue to enroll from that section of Polk county lying directly west of this city. These students are realy not in the territory belonging to this school but it is not the discredit of the local institution that they prefer to come to Thief River rather than to other schools nearer their homes.

The high school has made satisfactory arrangements with the militia company, whereby they may have the use of the Masonic block store building for basket ball purposes in conjunction with the soldier boys. The high school students will practice afternoons and on Tuesday evenings.

Misfortunes never come singly but in battalions. No less than five of the teachers were more or less indisposed last week.

At the Evenson hall on Friday, Feb. 5th in the evening, and on Saturday afternoon at a matinee for the children, the pupils of Miss Wilhelm's and Miss McGinn's room will present the cantata entitled "Little Red Riding Hood." A moderate fee will be charged and those who will be fortunate enough to attend will be more than repaid for coming. The children have all learned their parts and the rehearsals promise that the entertainment will be a great success. The proceeds will be used for the decoration of the school rooms.

Creamery Statement.

Statement of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery for December, 1908:

Amount of cream received	18627
" milk "	1053
Average test of cream	26 91
" " " milk	3 3
Amount of butterfat	5013 60
Price paid	35cts.
RECEIPTS.	
Butter shipped	$ 1,849 69
Sales in city	148 07
Collection for previous months for sales	24 45
Total	$2,022 21
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons	$ 1,764 93
" into expense fund	257 28
Total	$1,022 21
Strip Station.	
Amount of cream	2120
Average test	28.04
Amount of butterfat	594.4
Stone Station.	
Amount of cream	112 00
Average test	30.00
Amount of butterfat	33 70

Amount of butterfat received in corresponding month last year 3592 6, increase 39 ½ per cent.

Those drawing $40 and over:

P. Engelstad	$ 82 63
Fred Copp	67 34
A. Moengen	47 77
Lars Hanson	47 00
Thomas Jacobson	40 59
S. O. Lee	40.70

P. Engelstad, Sec'y.

Band Concert.

Under the direction of Prof. Emil H. Bruckman, the local band will give a concert in the Evenson Hall on Monday evening, Jan. 25. The following is the program:

March, "Uncle Sam" — C. W. Dalberg
Overture, "Hearts of Gold" — G. D. Barnard
Soprano solo, "Oh Dry Those Tears" — Del Riego
Mrs. Lulu D. Halvorsen.
Violin obligato, Mr. Arnold Bjerkhoel.
Waltz, "Fantastic" — F. Zikof
Caprice, "Always Gay" — Ellis Brooks
Polka, "Addah" — Cornet Solo
Rendered by Mr. Ed Moram.
Piano accompaniment by Miss Theona Walker.
"We Won't Be Home 'Till Morning", — Dalbey
Selection, "America" — Theo. Moses
Gavotte, Secret Love — By F. E. Clause
Bass Solo, "Davy Jones Locker," — Petrie
G. Halvorsen.
"Nearer My God To Thee"
Band and Audience.
March, "Let Her r r r Rip".

Subscribe for the News.

LIST OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Silverton.

Anderson, Anton	$ 4 61
Breznay, Andro	6 19
Bannar, John	2 00
Bannar, John J	6 78
Borggren, Gust	5 00
Berg, Martin J	14 11
Coon, John T	9 36
Chouland, T L	2 87
Drews, Eread	3 38
Danda, Anton F	3 05
Evenson, Oskar	6 82
Fodstad, Halvor	22 28
Grinde, Ole E	7 92
Gausen, R A	4 00
Geska, Otta	2 75
Gunderson, Thor	95
Hogrenes, John J.	2 67
Homme, Ole O.	2 91
Hanson, H G	2 04
Hanson, Henry.	15 11
Hultin, P O	4 82
Hanson, Ole G	8 71
Hanson, Lars	12 30
Hjelden, Halvor	5 95
Hanson & Barzen	11 05
Landsverk, B O	1 31
Letnes, Jens	7 23
Lautenback, August	4 74
Myklestad, Andrew	4 98
Nash, Andrew N	7 95
Norby, Berto	1 90
Omundson, Oskar	5 81
Omundson, Peter	3 52
Omundson, Gustaf	5 44
Omundson, Ole Sr.	4 04
Ostrom, Oskar	3 00
Ottum, Ole L	8 96
Omlid, T H	13 53
Pederson, Anton E	1 23
Ptacek, Fred	70 9
Quist, Martin	2 06
Quist, W H	5 61
Rak, Ulric	25 23
Stenhjem, P H	3 52
Sundt, John A	6 72
Sorum, John J	5 94
Sorlum, P O	5 62
Sorum, George	2 86
Shindler, Henry	1 30
Skogstad, Hans F	8 78
Staska, Mat	4 54
Trontvet, Paul J	2 96
Torthon, Ole	2 96
Wright, W	55
Blackey, H B	1 00
Rued, P C	1 57

Clover Leaf.

Bedmarchex, Tom	2 96
Bergling, Frank	3 57
Dyrdal, Andrew	19 14
Duchamp, Fred	5 11
Duchamp, Lena	6 42
Dommer, Carl	5 08
Olonzo, George	2 32
Hruby, James	32
Hruby, Joseph	7 09
Hruby, Francis	4 15
Hurt, Andy C	3 49
Holmen, Ole	8 31
Horyzh, John	23
Iverson, Edward	14 29
Johnsen, John C	8 46
Kjesbo, John	8 79
Kotlan, Anton	24 25
Krotockvil, Frank	5 06
Lysbakken, Magnus	64
Maresh, Josephine	5 46
Morris, Owen	1 90
Newberry, Geo	10 30
Nygaard, Christian	3 49
Oski, Joseph	63
Oski, Adna	3 56
Price, Thomas	9 29
Ptacek, Joseph	1 46
Ptacek, Louise	2 62
Frayhyezeski, Frank	4 00
Pescinski, Annie	15
Patten, Jim	4 47
Payne, Jay	5 48
Payne, Jennie	4 17
Swenson, Albert	4 36
Sulland, Peder	4 08
Solheim, Ive	9 42
Skare, Edwind	95
Skaar, Thor	7 53
Sanders, Andreas	1 50
Schmidt, Ernest	32
Skretvet, Gunder T.	6 84
Topinka, Joseph	2 83
Ulvild, John	11 05
Wahlberg, Oluf	1 59
Werner, Edward	7 70
Braas, Jacob	1 12
Newberry, Chas	1 50
Graalie, Sigurd	68
Torrison, Bord	1 21

Highlanding.

Arndt, Henry	12 45
Baird, George	20 37
Barstad, Martin	4 66
Bratland, Ole	1 38
Clark, C. L.	63
Danaker, Anthony	8 97
Drangstreit, Albert	1 52
Dahle, Tallak	5 55
Dahle, Emma	22
Davis, Eden	81
Dunn, Jack	3 66
Engen, John	6 88
Eliasson, Henry	9 27
Ellingson, Andrew	21 35
Erickson, Jergen	1 67
Erickson, Nati	5 40
Forst, John	3 45
Fjernes, E K	6 21
Gering, Ant	4 79
Gering, Ole	3 91
Ole Geving Threshing Co.	21 25
Hardchik, Anton	4 09
Hole, Isak	6 76
Hamen, A W	6 40
Heuer, Ole	11 87
Homme, John	9 13
Homme, Hans O	1 50
Homme, Osmund K.	1 50
Helgeson, H	1 66
Halvorson, H H	4 37
Hunt, W G	2 38
Hammersten, Alfred	4 49
Johnson, Bernt	4 42
Johnson, John M	6 17
Krubacek, John	5 43
Kyseto, Ben	9 55
Kolestrand, D A	9 22
Lee, Ole G	3 76
Lattimore, Alex F	1 94
Myrum, Peter	4 01
McAndress, Walter	9 27
Nilson, Syver	6 44
Nelson, Andrew T	12 05
Narveson, Betsy	1 49
Nesheim, J B	11 60
Narveson, Kristian	1 32
Overum, Ole	8 47
Olson, Tobias	2 70
Overewold, Ole	3 25
Omlid, Ole O, Sr	2 23
Oftedal, John	1 02
Omlid, Ole	5 75
Olson, Carl	6 50
Peterson, Joseph	4 63
Pederson, Englbret	70
Palone, John	5 15
Rine, E K	3 52
Referson, Daniel	8 83
Rustad, Mrs. P A	10 29
Stixrud, Nils	5 01
Stixrud, Bernhard P	36
Sigurdson, Ljot	1 83
Sunsdahl, Ole O	14 41
Swanson, John O	9 03
Sander, Eli	3 14
Sullivan, Patrick	9 17
Thoreson, Idam	5 50
Thoreson, Oscar	7 98
Thorson, C M	2 28
Thorson, Andrew	3 32
Thorson, P J	2 67
Thorson, T M	5 36
Trenda, Joseph	6 60
Thoreson, P H	1 72
Vathendahl, Ole O	33
Vorlicky, Joseph	3 36
Vrolson, J W	20 08
Wentzel, August J.	9 93
Wold, Peter C	11 20
Yatesund, Knudt	3 29
Zavoral, Frank A	4 78
Korstad, P P	39
Rustad, Benny	33

Smiley.

Torkel Anlinson	$ 1 06
Ole Amundson	20
Oscar N Anderson	7 12
Andrew Anderson	1 60
Fred Beerbower	8 00
Anfin S Brecke	6 49
Carl Beeswinger	9 51
Sivert A Berg	2 41
Anna Bolstad	3 03
Ole Bjorgo	2 77
Ole Bjorgo	8 81
Adolf M Barstad	1 57
Creston Crestinsen	3 45
Alfred Danielson	1 45
John A Dahl	6 50
Jacob Fisher	3 37
Hans Fredrickson	8 30
G O Gustafson	4 13
Ole S Helgeland	12 95
C H Helland	3 89
H A Helgeson	4 67
B P Hviding	13
Ole A Hestekind	3 27
Towald Hendrickson	1 64
Halvor J Hastvet	5 91
Nels A Johnson	11 51
Lewis Johnson	3 00
Daniel Johnson	5 67
Stephen Jacobson	1 03
Bernt Kvinlog	43
Carl J Larson	43
Ole Bolstad	5 34
Marit Landsen	3 89
Fred A Lane	9 26
Erick J Lom	1 34
Salve Laura	9 64
Ole J Larson	2 63
Christ Larson	13 10
W J McCrum	12
Martha Nilson	2 45
A B Newton	16 73
Albert Narum	1 31
Ole M Pederson	9 97
Frank Pederson	3 17
Christ Pederson	4 11
Anton J Sorenson	4 62
J E Solomondson	7 36
Tobias Skjerping	6 56
Tollef Sordahl	5 43
Ludvik Stenseth	10 21
Tricsan Stenseth	4 92
Tobias Stene	2 57
Tollef Skredergarden	4 79
Ole Torkelson	97
Peter Thune	3 42
Anna Vickum	3 58
Betsy Valtinsen	3 74
Ole Torkelson	97
Peter Thune	3 42
Anna Vickum	3 58
Betsy Valtinsen	3 74
Ole Valsvik	1 50
Engebret Viken	24
Casper Wiener	2 71
W E Wood	7 81
Halvor O Wiken	4 23
Chas Helm	63

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	90
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.45
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Mayor Hamre spent Sunday at Crookston.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

A. J. Klimek was up to Roseau last Friday.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

E. L. Quist was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston last week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Friday.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city last Saturday.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city last week.

Mrs. Frank Mickelusky spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with friends.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Judge Grindeland, of Warren, was in the city last week, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. O. F. Mellby.

John Holmberg, James Dean and Peter Peterson came over from Bemidji to attend the funeral of Wm. Durbin.

Supt. J. H. Hay went down to St. Paul Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

The Misses Thora and Thea Haffto entertained a number of their friends at a whist party Sunday evening.

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Esplee in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Miss Sarah Vaughan, of Germantown, left Saturday evening for Kallspell, Mont., to visit her sister, Mrs. C. L. Dobner.

Rev. F. J. Seltz drove out to Germantown Tuesday to begin with his parochial school at that place Wednesday morning.

And. Kraik, formerly of Thief River Falls and later of Washington state, is here visiting with his brother John and with James Foreman. Mr. Kraik has moved back to Minnesota to stay permanently.—Argyle Banner.

Gustav Seltz, of Nacouin, Minn., who had been spending the last few weeks with his son, Rev. F. J. Seltz, returned to the southern part of the state last Tuesday, with a rather unfavorable impression of Northern Minnesota, and he may have his reasons.

Raymond Herron has recovered sufficiently from his recent attack of pneumonia to admit of his being up and around again. Owing to high fever he has lost some sixteen pounds in weight during the course of his illness which has been of two weeks duration.

Charles A. Robbecke, the pioneer hotel man of Thief River Falls, sustained a badly sprained wrist last week. While closing the door at the Hotel Ojahmah he slipped on some ice and fell in such a manner that the whole weight of his body had to be borne by his wrist.

A lady coming from Spokane, Wash., stepped off the train at Crookston and asked a Mrs. Ben Olson, who was standing on the depot platform, to hold her baby while she went into the depot for a moment. Mrs. Olson is still holding the baby and the police are looking for the mother.

It is announced that the Great Northern will build a line early in the summer from the Canadian boundry line into Winnipeg. At present the Great Northern runs over the Canadian Pacific tracks north of the line. It is also the intention of the Great Northern to extend its line westward from Winnipeg.

A Schoolma'am is a verb because she denotes action when you throw wads at the girls. Switch is a conjunction and is used to connect the schoolma'am to the noun boy. This is a compound sentence of which boy is the subject and switch is the object, first person, singular number and awful care. Ma says a schoolma'am never gets older than eighteen until she gets married. It takes two schoolma'ams a day to cook a dinner.—Ex.

A tragedy and a near tragedy proved puzzling to the people living near the Lied farm near Moorhead. A small house had been built over the pump and in this structure was the gasoline engine. The building was well built and allowed no air to enter. The engine exhausted in the building instead of into the open air. Gas filled the small building and caused the death of Mr. Lied by asphyxiation. His death was a mystery until his son was also overcome by the gas fumes and was restored only after heroic efforts had been put forth by his family and friends.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Don't miss the band concert Monday evening.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

E. L. Quist was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Dr. Penney was over to Warren the first of the week.

Wanted—A lady stenographer at the Peoples State Bank.

Mayor Hamre went down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Look in another column and find program for band concert.

I. L. Erickson left Tuesday for a trip to St. Francis, Canada.

Ben Christianson was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

Robert Lee was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

A. D. Brown was in the city from Hickory the first of the week.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

The band will give a concert next Monday evening at the Evenson Opera House.

For Sale—A pair of bob sleighs, almost new. Inquire at Jenson & Son's livery barn.

Mayor Hamre was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to some business matters.

Senator Sundberg has introduced a bill providing for insurance of crops against hail by an acreage tax.

Lumber for $6.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Attorney Halvorson went down to St. Paul the first of the week to attend to business matters for a few days.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—For Sale—Good three year old Hamiltonian mare for sale cheap. Inquire of Andrew N. Ness, box 945, Thief River

Lovie Hanson was up to Middle River Monday attending to business matters for the Hanson & Barzen Milling Company.

Herman Berndt the first of the week purchased two acres and a half of land adjoining his place up near the Soo roundhouse.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Henry Eyde left Monday evening for a trip to the Canadian Northwest and the Pacific coast. He expects to be absent for several weeks.

The local militia company has rented the Masonic building on Main avenue. The building will be used as a gymnasium and for target practice.

Subject for Sunday night's sermon at the M. E. church will be "Is There a God". The young people's choir will render music. Everybody invited.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

The Gentilly, Polk county, cheese factory was a big success last year. Farmers received 30½c per pound for butter fat, and a total of 103,237 pounds of cheese was sold for $13,282.

Mrs. D. E. Rathmann, the music instructor, has returned to the city from her trip to Memphis, Tenn., and is again prepared to give instructions to all who so desire to receive the same.

A Crookston land man sold 1,320 acres of Polk county land last week to Fort Dodge, Iowa, people, who will move up here this year and go farming. The amount the land sold for is $39,600, being $30 per acre.

A clergyman, whose salary had not been paid for several months, told the trustees that he must have his money as his family was suffering for want of necessaries of life. "Money!" exclaimed the trustee, noted for his stinginess. "Do you preach for money? I thought you preached for the good of souls!" The minister replied: "So I do, but I cannot eat souls. And if I could, it would take a thousand such as yours to make a meal.—Ex.

D. D. Dailey, of St. Paul, who is one of the big guns in the Democratic party in this state was in the city last week looking after the interests of a fire insurance company of which he is the state agent. Mr. Dailey says that there is all kinds of trouble in Democratic circles in this city over the appointment of Chris Wistie, a Republican, as state oil inspector here. Quite a number of protests were filed with Mr. Dailey by some of the old time Democrats, but there will be no change in the office and Mr. Wistie will be allowed to serve out his term.

Best butter and eggs at O. Tessum's.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River yesterday.

C. H. Martz was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

A. J. Klimek went down to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening.

The Presbyterian Ladies will meet at the home of Mrs. F. W. Kenyon on Friday afternoon, Jan. 22. Everybody cordially invited.

Strayed or Stolen—Setter dog about a year old, white with yellow spot on right side and yellow face. Reward to finder. Leave notice at this office.

The remains of Mrs. D. McGalver were brought here from Winnipeg the first of the week and on Tuesday afternoon buried in Greenwood cemetary. The deceased formerly resided at Holt, being a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Furr, pioneer residents up there and was also a sister of Mrs. Carl Fredrick, son of this city.

WAS A PRIZE WINNER

Peter Engelstad, in Competition With the World, Wins Prize Money in Contest.

Local Creamery Secretary Made a Very High Score in Recent Contest.

P. Engelstad, who some time ago, attended the Creamery Secretaries and Managers Contest held during the National Dairy Show at Chicago, received last Friday notice that he received a score of 91.50 and according to said score being entitled to $14.38, which will about pay his fare one way. Mr. Engelstad says, however, that he is well satisfied with the result inasmuch as the scoring was based on the report and business for 1907. In fact 1907 may be considered the first year of the co-operative concern and the first year with Mr. Engelstad as secretary.

And another thing which must be taken into consideration is this, that this contest was not confined to our own state only, but a national contest where creameries and secretaries not only from Minnesota but from all over the United States were competing. Mr. Engelstad further says, says that if he had had his 1908 report, he would have scored several points higher, so taking everything into consideration the result is highly gratifying to both Mr. Engelstad and the local plant.

City Council.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening and like all meetings of the council of late proved to be a warm one. The fireworks were touched off right from the start after the proceedings of the previous meeting had been read. City Clerk Backe did not read the resolution granting the Northwestern Telephone Company the right to make certain long distance connections, saying that the original document as passed by the council had been taken from the council rooms and another resolution approved by President of the Council Prichard substituted in its place. Alderman Forder was on his feet in an instant and demanded to know at once why Mr. Prichard approved of the forged document. City Attorney Halvorson explained that the changes made were of no importance and simply made the city more secure. The words "only" and "right or license" were the only changes made in the original document. An attorney for the Northwestern Telephone Company was present, but he took no part in the discussion, Alderman Forder and Prichard doing most of the talking. Things got so hot that Alderman Prichard threatened to call a policeman and have Mr. Forder taken out of the council room and he refused to entertain many motions or recognize Mr. Forder when he desired to express his views. Alderman Forder asked to have the rules governing the city council read and that the rules be lived up to in the future. All of the aldermen thought that this was fine, but it appears that Alderman Forder was so much better posted upon parlimentarian tactics than the presiding officer that Mr. Prichard did not think it was so fine to find that he could not discuss matters without leaving the chair.

Alderman Hoag reported that the committee on fire department recommended that salary of the firemen be increased from $40 to $50 per year and that the number of firemen be reduced to sixteen, which was adopted.

Supt. Peterson, of the city's electric light department submitted his annual report. The matter was held up to give the aldermen time to investigate the method of bookkeeping employed by the city in this department.

The fireworks in the council were again started up when the matter of the souvenir books purchased by the city from Olaf Huseby came up for discussion. It appears that the city purchased 2,000 of these books, paying Huseby $230 for the same. During the first part of the week the committee having the fight for the normal school in charge wanted to secure 200 of these books and it seemed to be the unanimous opinion of all that the city furnish the books. Alderman Prichard, who had appointed himself custodian of the city's books, refused to give the normal school committee any of the books, taking the stand that the city had entered into a contract with Mr. Huseby not to sell any of the books purchased in Red Lake or Marshall counties within one year from the date of delivery. As Mr. Prichard had entered into a deal whereby he had purchased the books which Mr. Huseby had not sold, he was accused of ulterior motives in not delivering to the normal school committee the city's books, and is accused of trying to force the sale of some of the books he now owns. The books were supplied by other citizens of the city, and the council voted to reimburse those who had donated books out of the city's supply. Mr. Prichard stated that he had offered to donate to the normal committee all the books they desired, but others claim that he spoke so low that they did not hear him.

The strange part of the whole proceeding was that not one member of the city council, except Mr. Prichard, was aware that any contract had been entered into with Mr. Huseby whereby the city could not dispose of the books at any time and in any manner desired. The proceedings of the council do not show that there were any restrictions when the motion for the purchase of the books was made, but the contract on file in the city clerk's office does.

The council voted to have the books taken from Mr. Prichard's bank and placed in the custody of Mayor Hamre and City Clerk Backe in the city hall.

License Revoked.

At a meeting of the city council held yesterday afternoon, all aldermen being present with the exception of Alderman Prichard, the saloon license of Parkhurst & Warren was revoked for violating the law requiring saloons to close at 11 o'clock and on Sundays. Mr. Parkhurst appeared before the council, but Mr. Warren failed to show up. The license would have expired the latter part of April.

"The Devil"

Ernest Fisher, having secured the rights to produce this "Devil" dramatized from the pen of Franz Molnar, the Hungarian author, will give local theatre goers an opportunity of witnessing this now world famous psychological comedy. The "Devil" will be presented to the people of Thief River Falls at the Evenson opera House this evening.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Vain Pride.

"Well, how do you think this looks?" asks Mr. Binderby, coming into his wife's boudoir while she is arranging her coiffure.

"How does what look?" she inquires in tones that are muffled by some hairpins she has between her lips.

"I got this toupee to cover my bald spot. I'm always catching cold and"—

"Why, John James Binderby! The very idea!" she exclaims. "I thought you were a man who was above such petty vanity. When a man becomes so self conscious of his looks it has really a suspicious appearance."

Whereupon Mr. Binderby takes off the toupee and combs the four long locks of hair over his bald spot, and his wife continues to pin on the perfectly lovely puffs that so enhance her beauty.—Chicago Post.

The Romans Invented Horsepower.

The Romans, among whom agriculture was a highly favored occupation, were an inventive race, especially in the matter of labor saving machines. Recognizing the drudgery of hand mills, they invented those whose motive power was imparted by asses, mules and oxen and introduced them into all the countries conquered by their victorious armies. There is no positive record of the name of the originator of this improvement in milling.

Dates and Her Birth.

Officer (investigating old age pension claims)—Well, Mrs. Brady, and how old might you be? Mrs. Brady—Sorra wan of me knows, indeed, sor. Officer—Think, now. Don't you know the date of your birth? Mrs. Brady—The date of my birth, is it? Sure, there was no such things as dates when I was born!—London Punch.

Shiftless.

Mrs. Borrow—Our neighbors are very shiftless people. Mr. Borrow—How do you know? Mrs. Borrow—When I go over to borrow anything they never have it.

Compensation.

Friend—If your washerwoman charges by the piece, it must be rather expensive. Young Housekeeper—Oh, no! She loses so many things that her bills are never high!

Source of His Money.

"How did he lost his money?"

"His father-in law failed."—London Illustrated Bits.

He only is exempt from failures who makes no efforts.—Whately.

SOO LINE TO BUILD FROM THIS CITY TO DULUTH

Official Announcement Made in Minneapolis This Week.

Road to Be Built South of the River and May Not Be Completed This Year.

The Soo Line this week makes official announcement that the line from Thief River Falls to Duluth is to be built. The line is to be built southeast from Thief River Falls and will give the settlers of this section what they have long wanted, a railroad. The following is the announcement of the Soo's intention as taken from the Minneapolis Journal:

The Soo Line will build a new line running southeast from Thief River Falls to a a connection with the Brooten-Duluth line which is now building. Edmund Pennington, vice president and general manager of the Soo Line, said today that the new line would not be built this year, but will ultimately be constructed by the Soo. The work will possibly be done in 1910.

The statement that the Soo is to build the new line across Minnesota settles a question which has been puzzling the people of the north middle counties. The proposed line was charged originally to the Soo road, and then it developed that the surveyors who were scouting the country were in the employe of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, which is also controlled by the Canadian Pacific family. It has now been decided that the road will belong to the Soo system.

Several lines have been surveyed. One was from Thief River Falls to Duluth, passing between the Red Lakes. Another was direct to Detroit, which proved to be through very rough country. The route which will probably be selected is from Thief River Falls in a southeasterly direction to Sotan, a station about fifty miles west of Duluth on the Brooten-Duluth extention.

An examination of the map shows the strategic value of the new line. Traffic off the southern route of the Soo between Portal and Minneapolis will be handled over the Brooten line, where it is destined to Duluth and lake ports. This route will open July 1. The traffic from the northern lines, including the new Thief River Falls-Kenmare line, which is destined for Duluth and lake ports, will be handled over the new Thief River Falls-Sotan line.

The extension will be 250 miles long, only sixty-two miles longer than the road which is to be opened July 1 between Brooten and Duluth. It will be another strategic point in the working out of a great northwestern railway system from an operating standpoint, and from an economic standpoint it is to be a great thing for Minnesota. It will open an entirely new country in north-middle Minnesota, a fine farming and hardwood country, and will become an aid to the association of business men in the state who are seeking to settle the unpopulated portions of Minnesota and make the state more accessible for this settlement and open it for the distribution of its products to the commercial centers.

When this line is built new townsites will be opened and several new small cities will be added to the list of growing and prosperous Minnesota municipalities.

The announcement of the Soo's intection means much to Thief River Falls, and the prediction is freely made that it should more than double the population of the city inside of three years. It means that the bulk of traffic on the great Canadian Pacific system will be carried through Thief River Falls to Duluth, from there over the Duluth & South Shore to the Canadian Soo. It will give employment to hundreds of additional railroad men and will almost force the Soo to erect car shops in Thief River Falls.

Germantown.

Our ink which has been frozen solid since New Year's is just again thawed out enough to allow another write-up for the News. However much our views may differ on any question, it is unanimously agreed that the past two weeks were the coldest of any for some years. The desired snow also arrived and there is now enough of the beautiful to insure sleighing until spring.

The old school house which was replaced last year by the new building was moved to its new location seven miles east of here last week, where it will continue to serve its same old purpose as a place for the moulding of characters and training of coming citizens.

The annual business meeting of the local Norwegian Lutheran congregation was held Jan. 7th and elected officers for the year as follows: Member of Board of Trustees, 3 years term, M. G. Skogstad; Secretary, Oscar Hovelsor; Treasurer, John G. Skog; Janitor, A. K. Haggy; each for one year.

Mrs. Henry Roller was down to Alexandria week before last, attending the funeral of her father.

Miss Mathilda Jones is back from Kalispell, Montana.

Martin Olson is spending the remainder of the winter in the woods at Blackduck.

Among the boys working in the Roseau county woods this winter are, the Dommers, Bernhard and Selmer Bendickson and Charley Klockmann.

J. S. Ingalls, Socialist organizer of the Ninth Congressional District was here Jan. 11th to conduct a meeting, but the evening was severely cold and the audience failed to come so no meeting was held.

The creamery ice house is nearly filled and ready to meet the heat of another summer.

Miss Kathryne Kallher returned week before last from her home at Princeton, where she went to spend the holiday vacation. Her school here opened Monday.

Mrs. Martinus Johnson returned Saturday from Wisconsin, where she was called three weeks ago by the illness of her father, whom she now reports to have recovered.

The Norwegian Sunday school open again next Sunday.

The fourth annual meeting of the Germantown Creamery Association was held on Monday in the creamery. We shall endeavor to have a more complete account of the meeting in the next correspondence.

The Nelson Vaudeville and Moving Picture Show is billed to exhibit here Tuesday evening of this week.

Want to be Judges.

There is a rumor in circulation to the effect that Ole J. Vaule, of Crookston, and Frank A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, have entered into a combination and are to oppose Judges Watts and Grindeland at the next election.

AT THE BIJOU.

The attractions for the the last half of this week are par excellence. Special music. The motion pictures are exceptionally fine and away above the average, they being all big features direct from the factory. "Lord Feathertop" is the most engaging yarn of recent years, original piquent and fascinating. "Breaking Into Society" is a twenty minute scream depicting O'Brien's and wife in Society. "Night Out" is an hilarious comedy. "The Sicilian Hermit" is a beautiful scenic number. The illustrated song is catchy, "All Aboard for a Good Old Time."

M. E. Church.

Preaching at 11.00 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School 10.00 a. m. Epworth League 7.15 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

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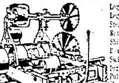

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THE BLUE MOSQUE.

If Ever Color Calls, It Calls in the Mosque of Ibrahim Aga.

As every one who visits Rome goes to St. Peter's, so every one who visits Cairo goes to the mosque of Mohammed Ali in the citadel, a gorgeous building in a magnificent situation, the interior of which always makes me think of court functions and of the pomp of life rather than of prayer and self denial. More attractive to me is the "blue mosque," to which I returned again and again, enticed almost as by the fascination of the living blue of a summer sky.

This mosque, which is the mosque of Ibrahim Aga, but which is familiarly known to its lovers as the "blue mosque," lies to the left of a ramshackle street and from the outside does not look specially inviting. Even when I passed through its door and stood in the court beyond at first I felt not its charm. All looked old and rough, unkempt and in confusion. The red and white stripes of the walls and the arches of the arcade, the mean little place for ablution—a pipe and a row of brass taps—led the mind, from a Neapolitan Jee to a second rate school, and for a moment I thought of abruptly retiring and seeking more splendid precincts. And then I looked across the court to the arcade that lay beyond, and I saw the exquisite "love color" of the marvelous tiles that give this mosque its name.

The huge pillars of this arcade are striped and ugly, but between them shone with an ineffable luster a wall of purple and blue, of purple and blue so strong and yet so delicate that it held the eyes and drew the body forward. If ever color calls, it calls in the "blue mosque" of Ibrahim Aga. And when I had crossed the court, when I stood beside the pulpit, with its delicious wooden folding doors, and studied the tiles of which this wonderful wall is composed, I found them as lovely near as they are lovely far off. From a distance they resemble a nature effect, are almost like a bit of southern sea or of sky, a fragment of gleaming Mediterranean seen through the pillars of a loggia or of Sicilian blue watching over Etna in the long summer days.

When one is close to them they are a miracle of art. The background of them is a milky white upon which is an elaborate pattern of purple and blue, generally conventional and representative of no known object, but occasionally showing tall trees somewhat resembling cypresses. But it is impossible in words adequately to describe the effect of these tiles and of the tiles that line to the very roof the tomb house on the right of the court. They are like a cry of ecstasy going up in this otherwise not very beautiful mosque. They make it unforgettable; they draw you back to it again and yet again. On the darkest day of winter they set something of summer there. In the saddest moment they proclaim the fact that there is joy in the world; that there was joy in the hearts of creative artists years upon years ago. If you are ever in Cairo and sink into depression, go to the "blue mosque" and see if it does not have upon you an uplifting moral effect. And then, if you like, go on from it to the Gamia el Morayad, sometimes called El Ahmar (the red), where you will find greater glories, though no greater fascination, for the tiles hold their own among all the wonders of Cairo.—Robert Hichens in Century.

His Mother-in-law Won.

By one of those queer marriage settlements sometimes made in England a young man agreed to pay his wife's mother $100 on the first day of each year. He settled in Canada, and when he came to make the remittance he deducted the amount of the postage and sent her only $99.84. The mother-in-law insisted that she must have the other 16 cents, and after they had quarreled by mail about it for a month or two she had her attorneys bring suit against him in the Ontario courts. She made him pay, too, and stuck him for the cost of the action, though she was obliged to fee her own lawyers. The total expenses of this sixteen cent lawsuit were said to be exactly $612, most of which fell upon the economical son-in-law.

Siam's Weights and Measures.

In Siam the liquid measure used is derived from a cocoanut shell which is capable of holding 830 tamarind seeds, and twenty of these units equal the capacity of a wooden bucket. In dry measure 830 tamarind seeds make one "k'anahn," and twenty-five "k'anahn" make one "sat," or bamboo basket; eighty "sat" make one "kwien," or cart. This is an example of the primitive origin of most units of weight and measures.

The First Slow One.

He uttered a joyous cry.

"And I am really and truly the first man you ever kissed?"

"Yes, Clarence," the beautiful girl rejoined, her red lip curling slightly. "The others all took the initiative."—New York Press.

Unkind.

"My dear," exclaimed a young bride, "my husband writes so beautifully! You really ought to see some of his love letters." "Yes, dear, I know," was the unkind retort. "I have a drawer full of them at home!"—Manchester Guardian.

Genius.

"Is genius really the capacity for taking pains?"

"No," answered the poet. "Genius is the capacity for going without eating."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

There's nothing but that's bearable as long as a man can work.—Eliot.

If you will take Foley's Orino Laxative until the bowels become regular you will not have to take purgatives constantly, as Foley's Orino Laxative positively cures chronic constipation and sluggish liver. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908; in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65), and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit,- the southeast quarter (S. E ¼) and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N. ½ of S. E ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

J. P. Forsberg,

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Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Fred Richard, unmarried, as mortgagor, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section eighteen, township one hundred and fifty-two, north, range forty-five, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing one hundred and sixty acres according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date August 8, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on September 5, 1905 at nine o'clock A. M. in book 35 of mortgage records, at page 520, and

whereas, the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated September 23, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on September 26, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgage records at page 190, duly assigned said mortgage to Michael Maire, and

Whereas the said Michael Maire, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 21, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 538, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty-eight cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

You would not delay taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at the first sign of kidney or bladder trouble if you realized that neglect might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities and cures all kidney and bladder disorders. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Russell E. Vance and Cora M. Vance, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots one and three and the north one-half of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section sixteen, township one-hundred fifty-one, north range forty-four, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing 166.40 acres, according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date June 1, 1906, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on June 13, 1906, at 1:30 P. M., in book 35 of Mortgages at page 467, and

Whereas the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated June 17, 1906, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 20, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgage Records, at page 171, duly assigned said mortgage to Ellen F. Sullivan, and

Whereas the said Ellen F. Sullivan, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 16, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 537, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of two thousand five hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. dec. 31-feb. 4.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 7, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6102, Serial No. 0272, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 15th day of February, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Albert Klungness, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ed Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Sordahl, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

jan 14 feb 18.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you get something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

Religious Author's Statement.

For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy. A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,

DENTIST.

Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ea and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

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Strictly First Class in Every Way.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of
Store,
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Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Many little lives have been saved by Foley's Honey and Tar, for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. It is the only safe remedy for infants and children as it contains no opiates or other narcotic drugs, and children like Foley's Honey and Tar. Careful mothers keep a bottle in the house. Refuse substitutes. A. Bjerkhoel.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

SLAYS CHILDREN

Blue Earth County Man Then Ends His Own Life.

ELDEST DAUGHTER ESCAPES

Sole Survivor of the Five at Home at the Time.

James York, a quarry worker, cut the throats of four of his children at Bradleys Crossing, near Mankato, and then committed suicide by hanging himself by a small wire. The dead children are Earl, aged fourteen; Nina, aged twelve; Zula, aged nine, and Vera, aged six. The sole survivor of the family is Ida, the eldest child, a young woman, who kept house for her father. York was despondent over the recent death of his wife and was no doubt insane.

The oldest daughter, who escaped, was up stairs when the crimes were committed and heard no struggle. When she found the bodies of the four children she *ran to the nearest* neighbor for aid and when the party returned it was found that York had hanged himself with a piece of wire in a woodshed.

Five older children were away from home.

TO PAY FARE ON HIS OWN ROAD

President of the Great Northern in a Peculiar Position.

Louis W. Hill of St. Paul, president of the Great Northern railroad, will pay fare on his railroad hereafter when traveling in Minnesota. He informed Governor Johnson that he would accept an appointment as member of the state highway commission and his name will be sent to the senate.

The attorney general has ruled that persons holding any kind of state position are absolutely barred from accepting free transportation, even if they are railroad officials. This opinion is also held by the Great Northern legal department. Mr. Hill is a good roads enthusiast and anxious to serve on the commission, so he says he will pay his fare hereafter for the privilege of holding the appointment.

STATE LOSES THE PENALTY

Supreme Court Refuses to Reopen Gross Earnings Cases.

The supreme court has denied the petition of the state to show cause why the 5 per cent penalty should not be added to the judgment in the gross earnings tax, already imposed by the lower courts, against the Great Northern and the Chicago Great Western. The decision is as follows:

"The penalty was not claimed in the complaint, the cause has been finally disposed of and to permit an amendment of complaint at this time would raise new issues, principally whether the state's right to the penalty is not barred by the statute of limitations and a renewal of the case to the court below for the trial of that issue. This the facts presented did not justify."

PANIC IN THE WHEAT PIT

Trouble Caused by Rat, Not by Falling Prices.

A not ferocious rat created a stampede in the chamber of commerce wheat pit at Minneapolis. The ticker girl started the riot when a big rat jumped out of the tape basket. She screamed at the top of her voice and jumped on top of a desk.

The rat ran into the long distance telephone booth and drove the girl telephone operator into hysterics. Traders on the floor thought murder was being committed and a general panic ensued.

AN EPIDEMIC OF DISEASES

Scarlet Fever, Smallpox and Diphtheria in Steele County.

An epidemic of contagious diseases—smallpox, diphtheria and scarlet fever—is raging in the eastern half of Steele county.

In Blooming Prairie there are several cases of smallpox and diphtheria and an order has been issued forbidding the reopening of schools.

Services in the churches have been discontinued and every effort will be made to prevent the spread of the disease.

Italians in Serious Fight.

With drawn revolver Officer Vail waded through an Italian lodging house on East Third street at St. Paul and arrested five Italians, two of whom were a mass of blood. Leon Dimitropi, a Sicilian, arrived home with a number of other companions. A drunken ribaldry gradually grew into an open brawl. As a result Dimitropi was seriously knifed about the mouth and James Grant is suffering with severe cuts and bruises about the head.

Grief Cause of Suicide.

Driven almost frantic by grief over the thought of losing his wife, who is dying, suffering from sleepless nights spent at her bedside while working all day at his trade, Charles P. Thilquist of St. Paul, an upholsterer employed at the Northern Pacific railroad shops, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

MURDERER UNDER ARREST

Man Who Killed August Bayer of Herman, Minn., Captured.

The man who shot and killed August Bayer of Herman, this state, near Keegans lake, just outside of Minneapolis, was apprehended in a peculiar manner and when arrested confessed to the crime. He gave his name as Androic Gombac.

In a touring car two detectives had been scouring the outskirts of the city when the machine broke down. Going to the home of a farmer nearby for assistance they were told by the farmer that he had just given a man of the description of the murderer a ride. The detectives promptly abandoned their machine and ran down the road and from a hill spied their man just as he was turning into another farmhouse. The officers entered this house and accused the man of the crime. He made a clean breast of everything. He said robbery was his only motive and that he had shot Bayer when he tried to get away from him. He said he knew the bullet had hit his victim, but he did not know he had killed Bayer. He sold his revolver in a pawn shop in this city and was trying to make his escape by the highways when overtaken.

CHARGED WITH ROBBERY

Frank Shercliffe Placed on Trial in Minneapolis.

The trial of Sherman Morris, alias Frank Shercliffe, charged with robbery in the first degree, has been taken up in the district court at Minneapolis. Morris, who served time in Iowa for a sensational diamond robbery and who escaped from a train in Colorado while being taken to prison to serve a twenty-five-year sentence for murder, is considered one of the most dangerous criminals in the country. He is charged with holding up passengers on a Northern Pacific train in the Minneapolis city limits last spring. Owen Ball, now serving a prison sentence, made a confession in which he implicated Shercliffe.

GIRL KILLED AT CROSSING

Accident Overtakes Young Woman on Way to Hospital.

One girl is dead and another is badly injured as a result of a grade crossing accident at Austin. Mamie Kelley, seventeen years of age, and Lizzie O'Leary, fourteen years old, were struck by a Chicago Great Western passenger train at Oak street. They were taken to St. Olaf hospital. Lizzie O'Leary died soon after being taken to the hospital. There is some hope for the Kelley girl. Both had left their homes to go to the hospital to see Miss Kelley's father, who is sick there.

STRICKEN BESIDE COMRADES

Duluth Veteran Drops Dead at Meeting of G. A. R. Post.

Charles Weaver of Duluth dropped dead at a meeting of the Gorman and Culver post of the G. A. R. held in that city in honor of Department Commander Bates.

It was a dramatic incident. One of the speakers had just stated that the ranks of the G. A. R. were thinning at the rate of sixty a day when Mr. Weaver toppled out of his chair to the floor and died immediately. Mr. Weaver arrived in Duluth from North Dakota two years ago and was a builder, aged sixty years.

FALL WITH GUN IS FATAL

Farmer's Son Who Slips on Ice Accidentally Shoots Self.

Fred Goerndt, the eighteen year old son of William Goerndt, a prominent farmer residing near Granada and about six miles east of Fairmont, was the victim of an accidental shooting. The young man left home carrying a gun and some traps, which he intended setting in a slough on his father's farm. He slipped on the ice and his gun was discharged, killing him instantly. Failing to return home his father went out to look for him about four hours later and discovered the dead body.

Duluth Grain Firm Fails.

Spencer, Moore & Co. of Duluth, one of the oldest and best known grain firms at the head of the lakes, became insolvent after a desperate attempt to cover a long line of outside trading. It is not known how much the failure involves, but it is said to be a large amount. The affairs of the company are now in charge of E. A. Forsyth, who has been named as assignee. The company announces that the creditors will be paid in full.

Conductor Beats Bandits.

Coolly disregarding a command to throw up his hands, backed by revolvers held in his face by two masked highwaymen, Charles Larson of Minneapolis, a conductor on an Eighth avenue and Columbia Heights car, attacked the highwaymen and before the fight was over had both of their revolvers. The highwaymen escaped.

Minnesota Veteran a Suicide.

Obtaining the revolver which he had carried through twenty-five years of service as a railroad conductor from his stepdaughter by a trick, John A. Conant, aged seventy years, a paralytic and veteran of the Civil war, shot and killed himself in his home at Minneapolis.

Load of Logs Severs Body.

Carl B. Peterson, aged nineteen, was instantly killed at Grand Marais by a sleigh load of logs passing over him, practically cutting his body in two.

THE ITALIAN EARTHQUAKE

Search for the buried victims of Italy's last great earthquake still continues at Messina and is frequently rewarded with the rescue of the living. A man named Benasja, who had spent fourteen days without food locked in the ruins of his home, was taken out unconscious and resuscitated. He had been caught in a kind of straight jacket formed by the debris and, unable to move, was compelled to watch the lingering death of his wife and four children.

The American battleship Illinois, while on the way from Suez to Malta, received orders by wireless telegraph, dated Naples, from Rear Admiral Sperry, the commander of the American fleet, to proceed forthwith to Messina, probably to assist in the work of relief.

An official estimate of the dead in Messina as a result of the catastrophe of Dec. 28, made by Stuart K. Lupton, the American vice consul, on behalf of the American embassy at Rome, places the number at 90,000.

Three children were rescued from the ruins of their home at Messina after being buried nineteen days. Their food consisted of a few onions and some wine, water and oil.

Captain Bowyer of the battleship Illinois has recovered the bodies of the American consul, Arthur S. Cheney, and Mrs. Cheney, who perished *in the earthquake at Messina.*

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The appeal from the recent decision of Judge Wright of the District of Columbia supreme court in sentencing Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison to jail for contempt will be vigorously pressed and a call for funds for that purpose will shortly be issued by the American Federation of Labor.

A general strike of hat makers, that may involve some 25,000 workers, was inaugurated in the hat manufacturing centers of the country as a result of the decision of the Associated Hat Manufacturers to discontinue the use of the union label in the factories represented in the association.

The bill to prohibit the sale of all intoxicating liquors in Tennessee has passed the lower house of the general assembly. It had previously passed the senate.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate generally satisfactory trade conditions, although some irregularity is noted, particularly in the South.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

President Roosevelt rode ninety-eight miles on horseback and when he dismounted at the White House door, more than seventeen hours after having departed therefrom, he did not show any marked signs of weariness. The president made the journey to prove to critics that army officers should be capable of riding ninety miles in three days.

Harry K. Thaw will be given a trial in New York city to determine whether he is insane or sane. An order to that effect was issued by Justice A. S. Tompkins at Nyack, N. Y., to whom an appeal asking for a trial was made by Mrs. William Thaw, Harry's mother.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the author, is seriously ill in London.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

After a long period of hard, patient work, that on some features of which ran into years, Secretary of State Root and Ambassador James Bryce of Great Britain signed a treaty for the settlement of international differences between the United States and Canada. The signatures were attached to the instrument at the home of Secretary Root.

Colonel George H. Torney has succeeded Brigadier General Robert M. O'Reilly as surgeon general of the army.

Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—Wheat—May, $1.08; July, $1.08⅛@1.08¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.10; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.07; No. 3 Northern, $1.03⅛@1.05⅛.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 18.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09; No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1.06; May, $1.08; July, $1.08⅛. Flax—To arrive, on track, May and July, $1.55; Oct., $1.40.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $5.00@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $5.50@6.50. Hogs—$5.40@6.10. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.50; yearlings, $4.50@4.85; spring lambs, $7.00@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Wheat—May, $1.06½; July, 97⅝c; Sept., 94¼c; Dec., 94⅛c. Corn—Jan., 57⅝c; May, 61⅛c; July, 61⅛c; Sept., 61⅛c. Oats—May, 51⅝c; July, 45⅞c; Sept., 38⅞c. Pork—Jan., $17.07½@17.10; May, $17.17½; July, $17.25. Butter—Creameries, 22@30c; dairies, 21@27c. Eggs—30½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 12½c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.00@7.25; Texans, $4.15@5.25; Western cattle, $4.00@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.00; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.50; calves, $7.75@9.75. Hogs—Light, $5.55@6.30; mixed, $5.80@6.40; heavy, $5.85@6.48; rough, $5.85@6.00; good to choice heavy, $6.00@6.45; pigs, $4.40@5.35. Sheep, $3.25@5.60; yearlings, $6.00@7.00; lambs, $5.25@7.90.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

The supreme court has reversed itself when it modified its former order in the case brought against the Minnesota and International Railway company by the state to collect gross earnings taxes. In a per curiam decision it holds that gross receipts from labor and work train service and material furnished in maintaining, laying, surfacing and extending and taking up spur tracks was not properly included under the term "gross earnings."

St. Louis county business men have not given up their fight against the wide open tax amendment to the state constitution, as is shown by a petition for a reargument filed with the clerk of the supreme court at St. Paul. That court recently decided that the amendment was carried at the general election of 1906, thus reversing the decision of the district court of St. Louis county.

Mrs. I. C. Brewer of St. Charles, Winona county, has become much alarmed concerning her sister, Miss Margaret Evans, who is spending the winter in Europe and whose plans were to visit Naples on Dec. 17. No word has been received from Miss Evans since that time and with the earthquake visitation in that vicinity it is felt there is some cause for alarm.

Minneapolis is to have a new malt company, according to plans announced by the Consumers' Malting company. The new firm will erect a malting plant in Southeast Minneapolis with an annual capacity of 1,000,000 bushels. Work will begin soon and it is expected that the plant will be in readiness to handle this year's crop of barley.

A committee was appointed at a meeting of the Minnesota Historical society at St. Paul to prepare a bill for introduction into the present session of the legislature setting aside about $500,000 for the erection of a building for housing the records and exhibits of that and kindred societies on a site near the new state capitol.

Dr. Franklin L. McVey of Minneapolis, chairman of the Minnesota tax commission, was elected president of the University of North Dakota at a meeting of the regents in Grand Forks. He has the offer under consideration and will make his decision in a few days.

Miss Vida Odland of Elk River has started for Blackfoot, Ida., to meet and marry John Walter, whom she has never met. The courtship has been carried on by correspondence and an exchange of pictures.

Minnesota gained in population to the extent of 12,113 aliens during the past fiscal year, according to the annual report of the commissioner general of immigration, just made public.

It cost $7,682,816.26 to run the city government of Minneapolis in the year 1908, $561,629.87 more than in 1907. The total receipts during the year amounted to $7,990,201.68.

Red Wing stands first among the second class postoffices in Minnesota in the amount of business done during the year ending Dec. 31, 1908.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

While out hunting Gust Stumn, a prominent farmer residing northwest of Dundee, accidentally shot and killed himself. While crawling through a barbed wire fence the hammer of his gun caught, exploding the charge, which entered the back of his head and resulted in death in a short time.

William Hellerud, who was accused of the murder of David Rogers following a quarrel in a saloon at Cannon Falls Nov. 14 last, is a free man. The grand jury, sitting at Red Wing, failed to return an indictment against him, there being insufficient evidence to convict.

The flour mill of the Brooks Milling company at Goodhue, together with 2,000 bushels of grain and 1,000 barrels of flour, has been destroyed by fire, resulting in a loss of $30,000.

Mrs. G. R. Barrett, aged sixty, is dead at the St. Paul city hospital from an abscess on her thigh, caused, she claimed, by a kick given her by her husband.

Edward Schraun, proprietor of the Brewster creamery, committed suicide by hanging himself in the barn at the rear of his house.

Adam Skeruplinski, a merchant tailor of Rochester, aged about fifty, committed suicide by strangling himself with a cord.

Mrs. Swan Swanson, seventy-five years of age, was found dead in her home at Litchfield of exposure and starvation.

The Burkhard brewery, located between Wabasha and Reeds, has been destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $15,000.

OBITUARY.

Miss Mary E. Sloan, who died at St. Paul at the age of fifty five years, was a daughter of the late Edward E. Sloan, one of the pioneer settlers of the state, who came here in the spring of 1848. Miss Sloan was the fifth daughter and was born in St. Paul in 1854.

Mrs. Hannah Elizabeth Averill, widow of General John T. Averill and one of the pioneers of St. Paul, is dead, aged eighty-one.

George Sherrer expired suddenly at Glenwood, his wife finding him dead in a chair on returning from the theater.

A CLASH WITH TURNER.

Retort of the Print Seller Who Longed to See the Artist.

Turner, happening one day to pass a printshop, noticed in the window a copy of one of the engravings from his famous "Liber Studiorum." The print was in a very dirty, ragged state. Entering the shop, Turner asked to see the master and when the man came forward proceeded at once to blame him in no measured terms for having neglected so valuable a print and for having allowed it to become so disfigured. The man protested that it was no fault of his, as he did but offer the engraving for sale in the same state in which he had bought it from some other dealer.

This did not satisfy Turner, however, and he and the man continued arguing for some time.

At last the print seller lost all patience.

"Perhaps, sir," he said, "when you have quite finished what you have to say you will kindly tell me what you have to do with this engraving and what business is it of yours whether the print is clean or dirty."

"This is what I have to do with it," answered the enraged artist—"it was I who drew the original of that print. My name is Turner, and I did every line of that engraving with my own hand. Now do you wonder that I am angry at seeing my work in so disgraceful a state?"

"Indeed, sir!" replied the print seller. "So you are the great artist himself! All my life long it has been my wish that I might some day have the good fortune to see Mr. Turner. Now that I have seen him I sincerely hope that I may never see him again."

REGULATING BALLOONS.

France Made the First Laws Governing Aerial Traffic.

In 1871, when French balloons from beleaguered Paris were dropping on the "sacred soil" of Prussia, a royal decree declared them confiscate as contraband of war. And on the conclusion of peace a measure was passed through the German reichstag which forbade under penalty of death any future similar aerial violation of German territory during time of war.

So long ago as 1830, again, balloon ascents were made illegal in Turkey, so far as regards Constantinople and forty miles around, and in 1872 the prohibition was extended to include the entire Turkish empire. To France, however, belongs the distinction of having made the first laws for the regulation of aerial traffic. In 1784 it was solemnly decreed that nobody should be permitted to go up in a balloon "or any other kind of aerostatic machine" which was worked by burning spirits of wine or any other means of making a fire.

Later, in 1811, it was enacted in France that henceforth no balloon, whether free or captive, should be permitted to ascend with any species of furnace or stove, that no one should be allowed to ascend in a balloon unless he carried a parachute and that ascents were not to be begun later than one hour before sunset nor earlier than an hour after sunrise. Furthermore, no ascents whatever were to be undertaken during the garnering of the harvest nor for six weeks prior thereto.

The First New Woman.

"We new women are really not so new as we think we are," said one of them. "In the thirteenth century there were lots of us. Can anything 700 years old be new? The University of Bologna had for professor of jurisprudence Movella d'Andria. She was no more new than beautiful. Her charms were so overpowering that the trustees made her lecture behind a curtain. When she lectured openly the students, their minds wholly occupied with her beauty, could not attend to what she said. Madonna Manzolina was professor of anatomy. Matilda Tromboni taught languages and Marie Magnesi held the chair of mathematics. This university was by no means a second rate one. On the contrary, it was perhaps the leading university of Europe. It had 10,000 students."

Called For the Author.

The Friars, an organization of theatrical press agents, dined a manager more conspicuous for his shrewdness than for his culture. When the menu had been properly disposed of the guest of honor amazed his hosts by making a speech notable not only for its grace and wit, but for some show of erudition. He sat down at last amid loud applause, when Augustus Thomas, at the same time joining the handclapping, shouted: "Author! Author!"—New York Tribune.

Emotional England.

Ours is a nation of sentiment. We are probably more sentimental in a tearful way than any other country in Europe. The strongest man in England can weep when he hears a hymn that used to be played on the organ of the village church when he was a boy, but there is not much depth in the tears. They are not very salt.—London Ladies' Field.

A True Heroine.

"What is your idea of a heroine, John?" asked the wife of his bosom as she looked up from the novel she was reading.

"A heroine, my dear," answered John, "is a woman who could talk back, but doesn't."—Chicago News.

Helps Some.

Church—And has he done anything to relieve suffering humanity? Gotham—Oh, yes; he has sent his daughter abroad to take her singing lessons.—Yonkers Statesman.

PAINTERS' BLUNDERS

Reckless Pranks Played With Heavenly Bodies.

IMPOSSIBILITIES IN NATURE.

A Rainbow Depicted Wrong Side Out and Moons In Positions and Forms That Could Not Occur—Amusing Anachronisms by Old Time Artists.

That artists, like authors, should commit many errors of fact is hardly a cause for wonder. Rather, it is astonishing that they are not found oftener at fault in view of the great variety of knowledge required in their work. Despite this, however, there is no manner of excuse for certain absurdities.

For example, there is the case of an English painter who depicted an elaborate rainbow. Unfortunately he painted it wrong side out. But we forget amazement at such stupidity in admiration for the artist's magnificent audacity when we learn that he charged £20 additional for repainting the rainbow colored in accordance with nature's arrangement.

Painters are very prone to distress the astronomers by their reckless *pranks with the heavenly bodies,* particularly with the moon. One artist presented a scene in which was a crescent moon low in the eastern sky directly opposite a setting sun. Moreover, this genius disdained the criticisms of the learned. He insisted that this arrangement was necessary for the composition, inasmuch as the rest of the picture would be destroyed by a full moon—the only one possible in such a situation.

Other artists have trifled with the moon by turning its convexity away from the sun, which is, of course, impossible in nature. In one picture the moon was placed near the constellation of the Great Bear, though as a matter of fact the satellite never ventures into this part of the heavens. There are, too, oft recurring errors made in the bulk of the orb. An American astronomer amused himself by measuring the moons in a number of paintings. He established the fact that, by reckoning from the satellite's size the average height of the hills in these landscapes was forty-three miles. One of the mountains, indeed, had the stupendous altitude of a hundred miles.

Artists of old time were often outrageously wrong, sometimes necessarily by reason of the limitations imposed by the ignorance of the period. A Dutch artist painted the garden of Eden with well clipped borders and yew trees trimmed into fantastic shapes. He wrought in all innocence, for of such sort were the only gardens of his experience. But the excuse does not apply to a Dutch painting of 1794. This showed Abraham about to slaughter Isaac by means of a blunderbuss—the product of an age 3,000 years after the time of the patriarchs.

Yet this mistake occurs again and again. There have been elaborate paintings of the children of Israel crossing the Red sea with muskets on their shoulders. A beautiful ivory tankard, an Augsburg carving of the early seventeenth century, was sold for a high price in London not long ago. The design, which is exquisite in workmanship, shows the good Samaritan, with his attendants, in the Jericho road. One of the servants carries a gun!

Many a child as well as some older persons has puzzled over that "beam" in the eye of which the New Testament speaks. It is not always understood that this means a beam of light. But it was left to Solomon Bernard, in his woodcuts illustrating the Bible, published at Lyons in 1553, to picture this beam as one of wood, rectangular in section and several feet in length!

The matter of costumes offers vast opportunity for flaws, which the painters have not failed to seize. In the national gallery at Edinburgh Pharaoh's daughter and her accompanying women are exhibited garbed in the long waisted bodices and hooped skirts of Europe in the sixteenth century. The national collection in London has a picture of Joseph and his kindred in Egypt, where the buildings shown are not at all Egyptian in their style of architecture, but distinctly Italian. In the same gallery Paolo Veronese's "The Family of Darius at the Feet of Alexander After the Battle of Issus" displays the women of the group in the pointed waists and inflated skirts that made the familiar dress of Venetian women in the painter's time.

Errors that have to do with armor may be more readily pardoned, though the artists fall lamentably in knowledge as to the earlier forms of metal protection. Thus in some paintings showing the time of Christ the warriors are seen clad in beautifully damascened mail, yet this form of armor did not come into actual use until half a thousand years later.

Similarly, in other pictures of Christ's time, monks are portrayed in their robes, with tonsures. In fact, however, they did not exist in the church prior to the fourth century A. D.

A curious illustration of the limitations set on genius by circumstance is exhibited in one of the world's most famous paintings, "The Last Supper." Leonardo da Vinci simply did not know that the table, the cloth, the plates, the knives and forks and salt cellars were impossibilities in the scene he designed to portray. The eastern people of that age who were his subjects used no table, no chairs, no forks, but squatted about a common dish and ate from it with their fingers.—Pittsburg Post.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE NATIONAL CORN SHOW.

One of the most interesting and instructive agricultural exhibits which were ever made in the United States, as well as far and away the most extensive, was held at Omaha, Neb., when the National Corn exposition was in session from Dec. 9 to 19. The managers have interpreted the word corn to include any kind of grain or grass, while the courtesies extended on such occasions permitted the display of almost all products of the soil. An inspection of the various exhibits made it plain that no violence had been done in the above plan, for corn was clearly king in the big show, the space covered by ears of corn laid side by side approximating 65,000 square feet, or better than an acre and a quarter. This exhibit was magnificent, comprising the best types and quality of corn produced in the whole country and expressing a large degree of intelligence and care on the part of the men who grew it. Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas seemed to lead in the extent of their corn exhibits, but the sweepstakes prizes for single ear, best ten ears and best bushel of corn were awarded to Indiana farmers on a finely developed type known as the Johnson County White. In the auction held during the exposition the sweepstakes ear sold for $75, much below the price paid for last year's, while the best ten ears brought $180. An interesting as well as significant fact connected with these sales was that better than 80 per cent of the prize corn was bid in by Iowa men, including all the sweepstakes exhibits. This is likely the result of the preaching of Professor Holden's "seed corn gospel."

Next to corn the most striking exhibit was the alfalfa palace, which, though in an obscure corner of the exposition quarters, was highly instructive, especially to those who were little acquainted with the interesting habits and great economic value of this great legume. In this exhibit, which was furnished largely by Nebraska and adjoining southwestern states, were bales of sweet and fragrant hay, alfalfa seed and meal, while cookies and cakes containing 60 per cent of the finely ground leaves were tasted and relished by the visitors. The virtues and wonders of the plant were told in a terse and original way by N. C. Dunlap, the Nebraska state alfalfa expert and superintendent of the 14,000 acre Watson ranch, near Kearney. In the small grain display the finest samples were shown by the Rocky Mountain and Pacific coast states, where a limited rainfall and irrigation give ideal conditions for the maturing and curing of the grain and straw. However, Minnesota and the Dakotas exhibited fine samples of wheat and oats and Wisconsin of oats and barley.

A very instructive feature of the exposition was the practical and tangible way in which the work of the experiment stations of a dozen or more states was represented, together with the products and pursuits in which they lead. The breeding of corn and small grain, the diseases which afflict them, best methods of selecting the seed and preparation of the seed bed, the study of soils, milk production, feeding rations, silo construction and a hundred other practical subjects were given interesting presentation. Among the special features worthy of mention were the denatured alcohol distillery in operation under the supervision of the agricultural department at Washington, the splendid exhibits of the boys and girls' clubs of Nebraska under the supervision of G. C. Bishop, the daily concerts and lectures, the corn show maid illusion and, on the closing day of the exposition, the allegorical marriage of King Corn and Queen Alfalfa. The exposition was a vast undertaking, and a large measure of credit is due the officers of the national association and the citizens of Omaha for the efficient manner in which it was conducted.

OAT STRAW WASTE.

A farm by-product that should be handled much more economically than at present and which will have to be so handled if the present upward trend of land prices continue is oat straw. Feed tests show that 200 pounds of bright oat straw are equal to 100 pounds of timothy hay, yet the way it is handled by many a farmer would lead to the belief that it had no feeding value. In fact, was a sort of nuisance and bugbear. Cut at the proper time before it gets too ripe and properly stacked, the oat or other straw which is produced on the average may be made an important source for supplying humus to the soil, while handled to advantage in the stables and feed lots it may be converted into tons and tons of most valuable fertilizer, which nine farms out of ten are in dire need of. Coupled with these uses its value as a portion of the roughage for horses, cattle and sheep should be kept in mind.

There is no ration which can be fed to stock which has been found to produce a pound of gain in flesh so quickly and cheaply as corn and alfalfa.

Doctor bills during the winter months are quite likely to be in inverse ratio to the number of tight fitting storm windows which are placed on the sleeping rooms of the home. Fresh air is a cheap preventive and remedy for many of the ills which doctors are called to attend, a fact that but comparatively few people as yet recognize in a practical way.

Hardly a greater contrast could exist in the matter of the quality and nutritive value of live stock feeds than that to be noted between a succulent silage and the bleached and tattered leaves hanging from stalks left standing in the open fields. This difference is striking to a causal observer and probably still more fully appreciated by the farm animals who have had both the forms of the corn plant for a steady ration.

Circular No. 21, United States department of agriculture, states that one of the reforms needed in rural life is the improvement of country schools, or, rather, the establishing of real schools for the country. Many leading educators believe that the country school has yet to be conceived and established. It has been said with great force that "the existing country schools are but poorly equipped city schools located in the country."

Not much in the way of egg production can be expected from the hens which stand on one foot most all day and at night load their crops up on a big feed of corn. They will do best if they are made to scratch for all the grain they get, with plenty of milk and now and then a hot mash of potatoes, onions and meat scraps as a sort of change. A feed of parched corn is all right for the hens to go to roost on, but it should be fed somewhat sparingly.

The department of soils at the University of Wisconsin has obtained very excellent results in growing hay on peat lands. Near Marinette as high as three and three-quarter tons of mixed timothy and alsike hay per acre were grown the past season on plots treated with a load of ashes and 300 pounds of acid phosphate. Other fertilizers resulted in yields of from one and a half to three tons per acre, while untreated land produced less than three-fourths of a ton per acre.

Because the state of New York is not extensive in area folks are sometimes prone to underestimate her importance as an agricultural state. It is well to remember that she ranks first in the value of hay, dairy products, potatoes, buckwheat, beans, farm forest products, vegetables, small fruits, flowers and plants and second in honey, flax, orchard products and grapes. This is a splendid showing and one that the people of the state may well feel proud.

It would be well worth while for every farmer who plans to do tiling to write the Minnesota experiment station for bulletin No. 110, recently issued, in which a hundred pages are devoted to an exhaustive and practical discussion of the subject of tiling, including among other things analysis of soils, open ditch construction, cost of tile and hauling and distributing of it and trenching by hand or machinery. Of course tiling under conditions existing in Minnesota is given special attention, but many general principles are stated and conclusions drawn which would be valuable in any section of the country. Residents of the state may secure the bulletin in question by writing to the Minnesota experiment station at St. Paul, while residents of other states would doubtless be able to secure it by sending a small amount in stamps to cover cost of printing.

The directors of many a country school might perform a real service for the boys and girls in the district if they would next spring take it upon themselves to set out a few native shade trees in the school yard, and possibly two or three ornamental shrubs like the snowball, syringa or lilac. If the school yard is flat as a pancake and bleak as a desert and the interior of the school building presents none too attractive an appearance, it is not to be wondered at if the youngsters of the locality have no particular hankering for school and why, if much the same conditions prevail at home, they light out for the big cities as soon as they can. It will take a little time, a little pains and possible a little money to make some of the improvements suggested, but the boys and girls are worth it if they are worth anything at all, and we are firmly of the opinion that they are. If the directors hem and haw at this the teacher and the older boys might take it in hand.

We noted an appropriate instance of agricultural prosperity the other day in a trip through the country. The owner of a nicely located farm had evidently worked hard and succeeded well. Evidence of the prosperity which had attended the efforts of himself and his good wife were noticeable in a new, big red barn, fresh painted, for the comfortable and proper housing of the live stock, while in an attractive location near by, surrounded by a grove of trees, a new house, commodious and well arranged, was in the course of erection. This was as it should be. Too often farm improvements stop with the barn and hogpens, the cramped and inconvenient house of early days continuing in use for years after it should have been torn down and replaced by something better.

The neglected orchard, uncultivated, unpruned and for convenience allowed to serve as a calf pasture or hog lot, is about as unprofitable a tract of land as is to be found on the whole farm. If its condition is as described, it would be more profitable to grub out the trees, plow up the grass and devote the tract to the growing of some other crop.

The waste involved in the stacking of hay in slipshod manner in low, misshapen stacks in the open it would be difficult to measure in dollars and cents. Suffice it to say that it reaches an enormous amount each season. In many instances the loss in value as a result of exposure and deterioration in quality runs from 15 to 40 per cent in some sections of the west central states. The time is at hand when better methods should prevail if the owner of hay land is to receive a return commensurate with the value of his land and the work which he devotes to the handling of the hay crop.

A number of the boys and girls who may be readers of these notes and who may have been led to suppose from remarks of their elders that the school system and teaching of an early day were superior to those of the present will be interested in a test which was recently made with pupils of the Springfield (Mass.) schools. A set of spelling and arithmetic examination papers which were prepared for pupils of the schools in 1846 were given to a class of ninth grade pupils in 1906. In spelling 40.6 per cent of the early day pupils spelled the list correctly, while in 1906 51.2 per cent did so. In the arithmetic examination 30.4 of the former class of pupils solved the problems correctly, while with the latter pupils 65.5 per cent succeeded in doing so.

An Arkansas man is certainly entitled to the blue ribbon, a belt or medal or something of the kind for having hit upon a most effective method of keeping his wife from going through his pockets at night after he had gone to sleep. Suspecting that she had been up to this questionable practice, he caught a good sized bullfrog, which he concealed in one of his trousers pockets. Along in the night he was roused from his slumbers by an unearthly scream, which froze his blood and caused his hair to rise. His spouse had got hands on the cold, wet frog instead of the coveted coin. Without stopping to make further toilet she rushed from the house into the big woods, and it was only with greatest difficulty that she could be persuaded to return.

Bulletin No. 195 of the Ohio experiment station takes up a discussion of the interesting as well as practical question of the relative value of corn and oats as a feed for work horses. While the general impression among farmers and horsemen is that oats are distinctly superior to corn as an exclusive ration, it was found in the course of feeding experiments covering a period of forty-eight weeks that the corn fed horses endured hard work in hot weather without discomfort, and neither were they lazy nor sluggish. Neither did the oat fed horses show increased spirit or endurance. During the test the roughage was mixed timothy and clover. Where both feeds are at hand a mixed ration of oats and corn is recommended as the best and most satisfactory ration.

We have in mind a lady friend who must have solved the philosophy of a happy, helpful life, for, though physical infirmity confines her closely to her home, depriving her of much of the sunshine, freedom and enjoyment of those well and strong, yet a glance at her face or a word from her is always a source of encouragement, good cheer and inspiration. There radiates from her life, though seemingly limited and circumscribed, sunshine and spirit of content that put to shame scores who come within the sphere of her influence, making her life most useful and the service she renders most wholesome and helpful. She is one of a great company of shutins who, instead of allowing decrepitude or disease to dwarf and blight the graces of a sweet character, have by care and patience developed them until they deserve the name of true benefactors of their fellow women.

The national horticultural congress held in Council Bluffs, Ia., the middle of December and held in an auditorium which the enterprising citizens of that place had taken special pains to complete for the occasion was a rare treat to all visitors who were interested in any phase of horticulture. The exhibits of fruits, vegetables and nuts and products derived from them both in variety and quality were among the finest which have ever been shown in the history of American horticulture. Especially striking were the exhibits of apples from Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Michigan, New York and Iowa and the fruit and nut exhibit of Maryland. In quarters adjoining the horticultural hall were displayed machinery and tools especially suited to the cultivation of orchards and the care of trees, as well as many types of spraying machinery in practical operation. Another instructive feature consisted of lectures by experts on a variety of subjects pertaining to horticulture. Plans are already being laid for next year's meeting, which is to be held in the same place and at about the same time of year.

F. E. Trigg

AUCTION SALE

Saturday, Jan. 23, '09

AT

Roseau, Minn.

Twenty-nine head of Shorthorn Durham Cattle. Eleven bulls ranging in age from 3 months to two years and nine months. Eighteen head of cows and heifers ranging in age from one month to eight years.

About one-half of the herd is from English Bates stock, bred exclusively for milk. The other half is Scottish Crookshanks.

These cattle are not the highest strain of beef cattle or the highest strain of milk cattle, but are the highest strain of combination beef and milk cattle.

One of the bulls to be sold is "Lofty Knight" register No. 263203, out of Imported Veronieca 2nd. All of the cows and heifers that are eligible have been bred to this bull.

Also seventeen head of Shropshire sheep. These sheep will be sold in lots of three. These sheep are a high grade wool producers, good dressers on the block and are easily kept.

The pedigree of all stock offered in this sale runs back to importation.

TERMS: Time will be given until Dec. 1, 1909, on approved security drawing 8 per cent.

R. M. Barclay, Auctioneer. *Olaf Haldahle,* Clerk. *James Garrison,* Owner.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1909 NUMBER 5

IS THE D. & S. S. COMING?

Rumor That the Duluth & South Shore Will Also Have a Line Into This City.

Only About Sixty Miles of Road Would Have to Be Built to Make Connection.

The Duluth newspapers have been filled with proposed railroad developments in this section of the state the past year. The announcement that the Soo is going to build a new line from Thief River Falls to Duluth is causing all kinds of speculation and no doubt within the next few years there will be all kinds of railroad building in Northern Minnesota.

There is a rumor in circulation to the effect that Thief River Falls is not only going to have the new Soo extention to Duluth, but that the Duluth & South Shore is going to have a line into Thief River Falls also. As is well known the Duluth & South Shore has the right to run trains from Duluth to Fosston over the Great Northern system. By building a line direct from Thief River Falls to Fosston, a distance of about sixty miles, connection could be given to the Canadian Pacific, the parent road of both the Soo and Duluth & South Shore, with Duluth at once. This new line would be used only for passenger business, and freight would be hauled over the new Soo extention when it is built and over the Brooten extention at present.

The past week a number of surveyors have been at work in the country southeast of Thief River Falls and it is quite probable that work on the Duluth & South Shore line will be commenced early in the spring.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Votendahl for the sum of $30. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

KILLED IN THE WOODS

Hans Olson, of Thief River Falls, Killed by a Falling Tree at Fowlds.

Parents of the Deceased Reside in Norway and Cousin Is Only Relative in this Country.

Hans Olson, one of the pioneer lumber men of this section, was killed in the camp of the Crookston Lumber Company at Fowlds last Tuesday by being struck by a falling tree. The remains were buried at Bemidji.

For the past fourteen years, Olson had made his headquarters in Thief River Falls and was well known here by a *large number of people.* In the winters he usually went to the woods and in the summer time worked in the saw mill. He had a homestead on the eleven towns on which he had made final proof and is said to have money on deposit in a local bank. The only relative in this country of the deceased, so far as is known is a cousin in Wisconsin. A father and mother and brothers and sister reside in Norway.

New Officers Elected.

At a meeting of the directors of the Red Lake River Transportation company held last Thursday at Highlanding, the following officers were elected:

President—Joseph Duchamp.
Vice President—W. G. Hunt.
Secretary and Treasurer—Stephen Singer.

The head office of the company was removed from Highlanding to Kratka. It is understood that Joseph Duchamp will be elected captain of the boat by the directors at a meeting to be held later and he will have charge of the company's business this summer.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

RED LAKE IS SICK

Announcement of New Line to Be Built Out of Thief River Falls Gives Them the Blues.

Traveling Man Tells of His Experience in the Down River Town Recently.

A traveling man was telling a number of friends the other day how very much at heart a certain Red Lake Falls business man looked upon the progress of Thief River Falls. He stated that on last Wednesday morning he had sold the business man a fair sized consignment and the goods were all staple articles which he would need in his *trade in the future.* When the business man, however, read in the Minneapolis Journal the official announcement of General Manager Pennington to the effect that the Soo would build a new line out of Thief River Falls to Duluth, he became so discouraged that he cancelled the order for the goods upon the spot. The traveling man pleaded with the Red Lake Falls merchant, saying that Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls were in no way competitors for business and that the building of this new line southeast out of Thief River Falls would not cut off any of the Red Lake Falls territory, but it was of no avail. "You just simply can't give goods away in Red Lake Falls now," the traveling man told a number of fellow knights of the grip, "and you will be money and time ahead if you don't make the town."

Likes Red Lake County.

August Thiel, who owns a farm in Red Lake county, spent last week in Ada and vicinity visiting relatives. Mr. Thiel is well pleased with the north country, and contemplates purchasing another 160-acre tract adjoining his farm. He returned to his home at Kratka last Saturday.—Ada Index.

Subscribe for the News.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

Two Bills Before the State Legislature That Will Be of Interest to Farmers.

State Can Manufacture Farm Machinery and Sell It to Farmers at Half Price.

Two bills before the legislature provided for the erection of a new state's prison. One by Representative Zelch limits the cost to $2,000,000, the money to be raised by taxation. The other introduced by Representative Spooner of Morris, limits the cost to $3,000,000, and the money will come from the issuance of certificates of indebtedness by the Board of Control. Inasmuch as the bill contemplates the payment of interest and principal upon these certificates from profits accruing from the sale of binding twine and farm machinery, it vitally concerns every farmer in the state. A revolving fund of three million dollars is provided for carrying on the manufacturing industries at the Prison and as money accrues in excess of that amount it is to be applied to the payments upon certificates. Under the able management of Warden Wolfer the prison twine plant shows a profit of $1,147,720. This has been accumulated during the last eight years and it is estimated the twine plant will continue to pile up profits at the rate of at least $150,000 per annum. Mr. Spooner, who admittedly has more inside information concerning the manufacture of farm machinery than any other public man in the state, feels certain that this industry will, when firmly established, make as favorable a showing as has the twine plant. Mr. Spooner says the Minnesota 7-foot cut binder will be sold to the farmers at approximately $75 as soon as plans for a more extensive output have been perfected—probably during the season of 1910—and other machines such as mowers, rakes, corn harvesters, cultivators and manure spreaders, will be put out at a similar reduction of "International" prices. The present price of any 7-foot cut "International" binder is $140, and a high-up representative of the octupus in the Twin Cities intimates another raise of $40 upon each binder. It will thus be seen that the past record of the twine plant sufficiently guarantees the feasibility of the Spooner plan of building a new prison and the vast benefits to be derived from reduced prices of farm machinery must appeal to every farmer in the state.

Soo To Extend to the Coast.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 22.—Second Vice President Whyte announced last night that the Canadian Pacific railway will this spring commence building what will eventually be the second transcontinental line from St. Paul to the Pacific coast.

Commencing at Weyburn, Sask., on the Soo line, it will run to Lethbridge, Alberta, a distance of 400 miles, there connecting with the Crows Nest Pass line, which will later be extended to the Pacific coast, heading of the rumored invasion of this territory by the Great Northern system. The line will be completed to Lethbridge this year.

All Favor Another Normal.

Several well-known people appeared before the house committee on state normal schools yesterday afternoon to convince the members that a sixth normal school was necessary. G. E. Maxwell of the Winona normal school stated that of the 14,000 teachers in the state only one-fourth had special training in their work. The state required at least 2,000 new teachers annually, but last year only 697 students were graduated from the five normal schools.

W. A. Shoemaker of the St. Cloud normal explained that his school already was overcrowded and he understood that the same conditions prevailed at the Moorhead normal.

P. M. Larson, Cass Lake; A. P. Richie, Bemidji, and J. H. Hay, Thief River Falls, showed how big the northern part of the state, and how far those who wished to prepare themselves for teaching had to go to reach a normal school which was already overcrowded. In consequence of the lack of facilities for receiving a training, only one-twentieth of the teachers in that part of the state had normal school preparation. —Minneapolis Journal.

Destroying Caribou.

Albert Smith of Red Lake has reported that Caribou are being destroyed in great numbers in the region known as the "big bog country" north of Red Lake. He counted 44 moose in this region on a recent visit, and says that the timber wolves are doing deadly work in their destruction.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The Only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
—Made from Grapes—
A Guarantee of Pure, Healthful, Delicious Food

Holt Creamery.

At a meeting of the Holt creamery association held last Saturday, the following officers were elected:

President—C. Larson.
Vice President—H. Anderson.
Secretary—J. A. Sorum.
Treasurer—N. Engebretson.
Directors—E. J. Warner, C. E. Smith, C. Hoffman, Theo. Sorum, and R. L. Olson.

The following is a statement of the business done during the year 1908:

Total pounds of cream received, 258,867.
Average test, 28.72.
Total pounds of butterfat, 74,314.
Total pounds of butter, 87,915.
Per cent over run, 18.25.
Yield, 33 92.
Average price paid, 25.05 cents.
Total amount paid for butterfat, $18,628.69.
Running expenses, $1,801.47.
Cost of making one pound of butter, 2.04 cents.
Total money received for butter sold, $20,855.18
Total money paid out, $20,639.12.
Balance on hand, $216.06.
Liabilities, Jan. 1, 1908, $870.
Liabilities, Jan. 1, 1909, $400.

Special Meetings.

A three days meeting will be held in Evenson Hall, beginning Friday, Jan. 29 at 2 o'clock p. m. Evening services at 7:30. The meetings continue until Sunday night.

Rev. S. C. Simonson, of Eagle Bend, Minn.
Rev. O. F. Johnson, of Crookston, Minn.
Rev. A. N. Skogerbo, of Greenbush.
Rev. O. H. Haugen, of Highlanding.
Rev. J. B. Droxton, of Borup, Minn.

The morning sessions will be held in both languages. Sunday services at 10:30 A. M. and from 2 o'clock until 4 P. M.

Services in Immanuel next Sunday morning at 10:30. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

RED LAKE PINE LAND

Congressman Halvor Steenerson and Officials of Indian Office Have a Conference.

Indian Office Wants to Have Only the Matured Pine Cut and by the Indians.

As a result of a conference between Representative Steenerson and officials of the Indian office and forest service, it is probable that an agreement will be reached in a few days on a plan for the disposal of pine timber on the diminishing Red Lake reservation. Officers of the forest and Indian office are anxious to preserve this timber which is practically the only solid body of white pine left in Minnesota and to sell only the mature timber and otherwise administer the forest in accordance with the present conversation policy of the government.

The plan proposed is to have the mature timber logged by the Indians and sold for their benefit. It is said that under this plan the forest will be preserved, and will produce steady revenue for the Indians for years to come. Altho Mr. Steenerson has not given his final approval the preservation and income feature of the proposed plan appeal to him as the best thing for the Indians and for the settlors of the Red river valley.

Representative Steenerson has had a conference with members of the subcommittee on rivers and harbors in charge of surveys and has urged that provision be made in the emergency bill soon to be reported for surveys with a view to the improvment of the Red Lake river, Warroad harbor, and the harbor of refuge at Zipple. He hopes that all these projects will be included in the bill.

Under Price Sale

Inventory shows a number of small lots (not all sizes in each lot) which we desire to clean up before the spring goods begin to arrive. To do this and do it quickly we will make the price so attractive that the lots won't last long.

One-Half Off
ON ALL ODDS OF WINTER UNDERWEAR (SHIRTS MOSTLY) VALUES TO
$2.50

One-Third Off
ON ALL SHEEPLINED CORDUROYS AND MACKINAW COATS. VALUES UP TO
$10.00

One-Half Off
ON ALL BOYS' AND MEN'S SWEATERS.

FOUR Big Specials!!
60 Suits, $5, $6.50 and $7, values now.......... $3.90
40 Suits, $8, $10 and $12, Values.............. $6.90
35 Suits $15 and $18, values while they last..... $12.50
28 Overcoats and Raincoats, $15, $18, $20 and $23.50, values Unrestricted choice. $12.50

$2.50
For broken lines in Men's Shoes—PATENTS, BOX CALF and VICE KIDS, FLORSHEIM, WALK OVER and RACINE MAKES, values are
$3.50 $4.00 $5.00

98c
For broken lots of Men's HEAVY WINTER MITTS, values
$1.75 $1.50 $1.25

One-Third Off.
Boys' and Children's Short Pants Suits, values to
$6.50

All sales final. No exchanges.

Wilson's

CITIZENS STATE BANK
Permanency Honesty
SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongst the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

SAME AS SALOONS

Social Clubs Serving Liquor Must Secure Licenses.

DECISION OF SUPREME COURT

St. Paul's Leading Club Basis of a Test Case.

The Minnesota club of St. Paul, composed of that city's leading business and professional men, is a saloon, according to a decision handed down by the state supreme court. This means that the Minnesota club, the Commercial club, the Elks' club and like organizations will have to pay for saloon licenses just the same as ordinary saloons and that the "speak easies" will have to take to the tall grass.

The suit was originally instituted by former Attorney General E. T. Young against the club to force it to obtain a license. It was a test case and was therefore followed with much interest. The lower court decided that the license law does not apply to social organizations and the case was appealed.

According to the decision social clubs taking out licenses must obey the 11 o'clock and Sunday closing law.

VALUATION OF RAILROADS

Report of Expert Submitted to Legislature.

The report of Dwight C. Morgan, on the value of the physical properties of the railways of the state of Minnesota, has been handed to the members of the legislature in a supplementary report of the railroad and warehouse commission. In brief it shows that the aggregate cost of reproduction of all the railways of the state is computed by the state to be $360,861,547, the report covering the period up to June 30, 1907.

The cost of reproduction of all railways in the state, as claimed by the companies for June 30, 1906, was $500,675,780.

CASS GILBERT SELECTED

Will Supervise New Work at State University.

Cass Gilbert of St. Paul has been retained by the regents as supervising architect of the enlarged campus of the state university at a fee of $10,000.

Mr. Gilbert will have entire supervision of laying out the new grounds, the location of new buildings and their architectural design and will be consulted regarding the proposed removal of the Northern Pacific tracks from the campus. His appointment was expected since he won the $1,500 prize offered last spring for the best general plan of campus enlargement and rearrangement.

VICTORY FOR MINNESOTA

Wins Swamp Land Case Before Secretary of the Interior.

Minnesota won her swamp land case before the secretary of the interior at Washington, at least to the extent of obtaining what Attorney General Simpson and State Auditor Iverson believe will result in the acquisition of nearly 200,000 acres of land by the state under a policy which Secretary Garfield has agreed to pursue in determining whether lands on Indian reservations claimed by the state are swamp or not. A plan was outlined and agreed to, which was presented to Secretary Garfield with the result referred to.

Organize to Work Together.

For the first time in many years the interests of the Republican party in the state legislature will be committed to the hands of a regular organization. The senators already have taken action by the appointment of a steering committee and the house members are considering a similar move. The object is to organize and act as a party in putting through a programme of constructive legislation to which Republicans can point as a party record in the next campaign.

Fire and Panic at a Show.

Fire at the Auditorium at Spring Valley, starting in the moving picture apparatus of Verne Caswell, damaged his outfit about $400, and the building, owned by Burdette Thayer, a member of the legislature, about $75. In the scramble by the audience to escape from the building Mrs. Louie Alberts was thrown to the floor and suffered serious injuries, as did also one or two small children.

Herds Must Be Inspected.

Sale of milk in St. Paul from a dairy herd that has not been inspected for tuberculosis is prohibited by the terms of an ordinance adopted by the St. Paul city council. The ordinance is designed to remedy defects in an ordinance of similar purport that was pronounced by the courts to be ineffective.

Mother's Effort in Vain.

After fighting her way through a flaming bed of fire in her home in West St. Paul in an attempt to save her two children Mrs. Edward Schaffer was severely burned and is in a total collapse from her efforts and grief. The older child, Chester, died a few hours after the fire, while the other

WILL BE BUILT NEXT YEAR

New Soo Branch Planned for Northern Minnesota.

That the Soo line may build an extension, running southeast from Thief River Falls to connect at Sotan with the Brooten-Duluth line, now building, was the announcement made by Vice President Edmund Pennington at the Soo headquarters building in Minneapolis. This extension, which will be 250 miles long, probably will not be built until 1910.

While it has been expected for some time, from surveys made, that Northern Minnesota was to have a new transverse line the question of what road would build it has been unsettled. As first announced the proposed extension was to have been a branch of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic, another of the Canadian Pacific lines. The territory which will be opened up is a farming and hardwood country.

FAILS TO COLLECT SALARY

Red Wing Jurist Leaves $14,000 in State's Keeping.

The Minnesota state treasury is considered a safe place to keep money by Judge W. C. Williston of Red Wing, district judge for the First judicial district.

Judge Williston's salary is $4,200, but he has drawn no money from the state since early in 1905. The state auditor's books show $14,035.06 now to his credit and it is growing at the rate of $350 a month. The judge is well along in years and in good shape financially and seems willing to make the state treasury a savings bank, though it pays him no interest.

State officials generally draw their salaries once or twice a month and there are few exceptions to that rule.

IN BEHALF OF REFUGEES

Mass Meeting at St. Paul Denounces Russian Methods.

Resolutions calling upon the president to refuse to surrender to Russia Rudovitz, a Russian political refugee, were passed at a meeting at the People's church at St. Paul.

A crowd that packed the church to the doors gathered to hear Mayor Lawler, Rabbi Rypins and George B. Leonard of Minneapolis speak.

The speakers arraigned Russia as the most despotic and cruel country in all the civilized world.

The resolutions will be sent to the president and to the Minnesota representatives in Washington. A similar resolution was passed in Forest Unitarian church.

OPPOSES PARCELS POST

But Lumbermen's Convention Favors One-Cent Postage.

The Northwestern lumbermen's convention at Minneapolis went on record in favor of a reduction of first class postage to 1 cent per ounce; also as opposing the passage of the parcels post law in any shape, as it would be only the first step towards the transportation of merchandise by the government and would be disadvantageous to the interests of retail merchants. The following officers were elected: President, C. A. Finkbine, Des Moines; vice president, E. G. Flynn, Minneapolis.

Big Sale of Farm Lands.

One of the largest land deals ever made in Redwood county has been closed, W. P. Davidson of St. Paul disposing of his holdings in that county, consisting of 6,500 acres of land and an elevator, to the Burchard-Hulbert Investment company of St. Paul. The land was sold at $55 an acre. Mr. Davidson received a mortgage for $150,000, which is the largest ever recorded in Redwood county.

Workman Ground to Death.

Caught in the heavy chains of the shafting that was hoisting huge cakes of ice, his agonized cries drowned by the noise of the machinery, T. J. Owens of St. Paul was slowly ground to death in the hoisting machinery at the ice packing plant of Swift & Co., South St. Paul. Owens had been at work only a few minutes. He was guiding cakes of ice up the chain tramway into the plant.

C. N. Cosgrove Re-Elected.

C. N. Cosgrove has been re-elected secretary of the board of managers of the Minnesota State Agricultural society, the organization which has charge and control of the state fair. E. L. Mattson of Minneapolis, assistant cashier of the Northwestern National bank, was re-elected to the office of treasurer.

Minnesota Society of New York.

Congressman Frederick C. Stevens of St. Paul was the principal speaker at the annual dinner of the Minnesota Society of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria. Other speakers who addressed the 200 members of the society were C. A. Severance, Timothy E. Byrnes, E. H. Ozmun and George Brackett.

Killed by Patent Medicine.

Franklin P. Morris of St. Paul, fifty-nine years of age, drank a quantity of patent medicine and died in terrible agony. He had been suffering fearfully with asthma for some time and the medicine, it is thought, was intended as relief for the disease.

Acquitted of Train Robbery.

Herman W. Morris, alias Frank Shercliffe, was acquitted at Minneapolis of robbing a sleeping car on the Northern Pacific on April 16, 1908. He will be taken to Colorado to serve a twenty-year term for murder in the second degree.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Judgment has been entered for the state in the 4 per cent gross earnings cases against the Great Northern and Great Western roads. The amounts are the largest ever entered in the state supreme court, being $121,601.27 in the Great Northern case and $35,439.42 in the Great Western case. The Great Northern attorneys have declared their intention to appeal to the United States supreme court. No attempt will be made to collect on the judgments till the appeal is decided, which may be two years.

Saloonkeepers in Minnesota are said to have been made the victims of a gigantic swindling scheme which has just been brought to light in New York. Minneapolis and St. Paul saloonkeepers suffered more heavily than saloonkeepers in other Minnesota cities. It is estimated that at least $50,000 has been taken from Minnesota saloonkeepers alone.

The Minnesota State Dairymen's association held a three days' session at Montevideo. The following officers were elected: President, W. F. Schilling, Northfield; first vice president, A. J. McGuire, Grand Rapids; second vice president, F. M. Wolfe, Montevideo; secretary, F. D. Currier, Nicollet; treasurer, J. M. Jack, Stanton.

There are 911 persons waiting for state money to reimburse them for fighting forest fires in the northern part of Minnesota last fall. The total claims amount to $12,371.56. The standing appropriation of $5,000 has already been spent in paying the fire fighters, but this has been insufficient to reward all who took part.

During the past year the firms and individuals having offices in the Minneapolis chamber of commerce or associated in the grain business handled a large volume of trade. The total Minneapolis grain receipts of all kinds for the year reached 147,500,000 bushels.

Forty members of the St. Paul Roosevelt club will attend the inauguration ceremonies in Washington March 4. The committee in charge of the trip will try to get other members to go and applications will be received at any time before the club leaves.

Moose and caribou are being killed off so rapidly in the northern part of the state by timber wolves that big game threatens to be scarce next year. The state game and fish commission will endeavor to have the bounty on wolves increased.

The state supreme court denied the petition of J. L. Washburn to open the case of the wide open tax amendment for hearing. The decision of the court bars any appeal being taken to the United States supreme court.

One of the biggest bond fires the state has ever had was carried out one day recently in the presence of the state officers when bonds aggregating $412,000 went up in smoke.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Fire which destroyed a resort just west of Little Falls resulted in the death of Alex Waltzka, the father of the proprietress, Pearl Miller, who was badly burned about the face and arms trying to save Waltzka. The inmates of the house barely escaped.

Andreas Gombosi, self-confessed slayer of August Bayer, entered a plea of not guilty when arraigned in the Hennepin county district court under an indictment charging him with murder in the first degree. The case was set for trial on Feb. 23.

A fatal accident occurred at the quarry of the St. Cloud Granite company at Luxemburg, in which Leo Tomczik had his head crushed by falling rock. The young man lived but a few hours after being taken to the hospital.

Louis Pirkhof of Owatonna, a fireman of a westbound freight train on the Northwestern railway, was run over at New Ulm by the engine he was firing and his right leg was severed at the hip. He died several hours later.

Gus Engstrom of Austin, aged seventy-six, broken in health and tired of living, hanged himself. He made a rope out of a bedsheet and tied it to hooks in a closet. His feet touched the floor, but he died of strangulation.

An epidemic of diphtheria has broken out in the town of Leavenworth, south of Sleepy Eye, and as a result the health officers have ordered district schools in sections of that town to be closed.

Howard Archer, four-year-old son of H. L. Archer of Minneapolis, was killed in Kansas City by falling seventy feet from a sixth story window in the Lorraine apartment house to the pavement.

OBITUARY.

Isaac Skoll is dead at Minneapolis at the age of ninety-nine years. His death was due to an attack of acute bronchitis. Until a few weeks ago he had been in comparatively good health.

Mrs. J. A. Leonard, one of Rochester's oldest and best known pioneer women, is dead. Her husband died about three weeks ago.

Joseph Proctor, aged ninety years, a pioneer resident of Olmsted county, died at his home in Stewartville.

Charles M. Hanson, a veteran of the Civil war and retired business man, died suddenly at Minneapolis.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Final Clearance

OF

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS

Thursday morning, January 14, we shall start the biggest clearance sale of Women's, Misses' and Children's High Grade Cloth Garments ever offered at this season of the year. We have too many coats and must sell them regardless of cost. We offer our entire stock of Cloth Coats at

HALF PRICE

Look at the following reductions:

$ 8.00	Ladies' Coats, now	$ 4.00
10.00	" " "	5.00
15.00	" " "	7.50
18.00	" " "	9.00
25.00	" " "	12.50

20 per cent off on women's furs and fur coats.

Men's Dept.

$22.50	fur coats	$16.90
28.00	" "	21.00
35.00	" "	26.25
10.00	cloth overcoats	7.50
15.00	" "	11.25
20.00	" "	15.00
8.50	suits	6.80
12.50	"	10.00
15.00	"	12.00

Special discount on wintet caps.

This Sale Will Last for Two Weeks Only.

Better Get on the Band Wagon and Secure Some of These Extraordinary Bargains

You Will Never Again Be Able to Buy These Goods at These Prices.

Boys' Dept.

50 Boys' Suits at

Half Price.

50 Boys' Overcoats at

One-third off from Former Low Price.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

THE DARDANELLES.

Changes In the Name of the Famous Two Mile Strait.

The Dardanelles, which is so familiar today, meant to our grandfathers not the Hellespont, but merely "two ancient and strong castles of Turkey, one of which is in Roumania and the other in Natolia." The famous strait was known in early Victorian geography by the name of Gallipoli. But the brave, dominating castles swept away both Hellespont and Gallipoli and gave their own name to the two mile passage. Those venerable castles, built in 1650 to "secure the Turkish fleet from the insults of the Venetians," were known, according to an early geographer, as the Old Dardanelles to distinguish them from two others at the entrance of the strait, one of which "stands in like manner in Asia and the other in Europe" and called the New Dardanelles. In spite of the four castles, however, the passage was forced by a British fleet in 1807. In later years fortifications of a formidable nature have been constructed between the two sets of castles, and these are now properly the Dardanelles. The ultimate responsibility for naming the famous strait rests with Dardanus, the gentleman who crossed on his inflated skin from Samothrace to Asia and founded the town which afterward became the city of Troy.—London Chronicle.

THE ARAB'S HORSE.

How He Is Treated and Why He Excels at Long Journeys.

It is most interesting to note the way the Arab treats his faithful friend, the horse. So inured indeed is the Arab pony by long usage and descent to the manner of life in the desert that even my own pony positively improved on the treatment, and I never saw him so fit as when he came back from the trip.

If the Arab and his horse are by legend closely allied they are in point of fact even more intimately connected. His mount is his first thought and at all times by far the most interesting topic of conversation.

He is ungroomed, unclipped, unhaltered, for the Arab prefers to shackle him by means of two ropes, a short cord connecting the fore and hind fetlocks and a long line tethering him above the hind fetlock to a peg in the ground. Thus he can move about or roll at leisure and should there be any rough herbage at hand can forage for it.

Perhaps one of the principal reasons why the Arab so excels at long journeys is that he never worries himself, nor does he ever distress his mount unless there is real cause to do so. He simply continues a steady walk all day and hardly ever gallops in the wild way in which one so often sees him depicted by artists.—London Field.

Bill's Specialty.

They found the old man sitting on the fence smoking his corncob.

"Howdy, pap! What's your son Jim doing these days?"

"Jim? Oh, he's running a telegraph key at the depot. Jim's an operator."

"And how's Zeke?"

"Zeke? Waal, Zeke is captain of a lake steamer. He's a navigator."

"And Pete? Is he still living?"

"Oh, yes. Pete's working on an airship. He's what they call an aviator."

"Well, what has become of Bill. Is he doing anything?"

The old man blew a quid of tobacco at a wide eyed grasshopper.

"Yep, stranger, Bill's hanging around the house all day grumbling and complaining and saying the country's going to smash. Bill's just an aggravator—just a plain aggravator."—Judge.

The Tall Chimney.

It might puzzle the ordinary mortal to state in legal form just how much time and how much money he would require to take down a tall brick chimney. The contracting engineer would make it take itself down. After doing a small sum of arithmetic on his cuff he would direct certain portions of the base removed. In the spaces thus left he would fit a lot of very stout timbers, then remove the bricks which remained between them. Then he would set fire to the timbers and, watching from a safe distance with a camera, would take a snapshot of it as it fell.—Scribner's.

Grouchy.

"There is a movement on foot," said Mr. Snoope, "to prevent the marriage of weakminded persons. What do you think of it?"

"I think it's rot," answered Mr. Groneh. "Why, who else ever wants to get married?"—Cleveland Leader.

An Easy Stunt.

"I see a premiere danseuse is advertised to dance with five snakes twined about her."

"Should think she would. If a snake got on me I'll bet I'd dance!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Want of It.

"The love of money," quoted the moralizer, "is the root of all evil."

"That being the case," rejoined the demoralizer, "the want of money must be the full grown tree."—Exchange.

Safe.

Hicks—You were dreadfully indiscreet to mention that important deal of ours to your wife. Wicks—Oh, it's all right! I didn't tell her it was a secret.—Boston Transcript.

Possibly the chap who growls about the wash day dinner would have found it more pleasing to his taste if he had done the washing.—Success.

A Prohibited Weapon.

Every traveler knows that there are certain restrictions upon the introduction of arms into foreign countries. Among the weapons which it is forbidden to take into France is the "tromblon," which is expressly mentioned in the Bengal code as a weapon the carrying and sale of which are not allowed. And yet the "tromblon" is not a firearm which is commonly used nowadays, for it is nothing else than the blunderbuss, a weapon which old caricatures show to have been carried by the guards of coaches as a protection against highwaymen and to have been hung over his fireplace by John Bull at the time of the scare of a Napoleonic invasion a hundred years ago. The blunderbuss had a flintlock, a short barrel and a muzzle like a trumpet, the bell mouth being designed to scatter the slugs with which the primitive piece was charged. Any one who buys one at an old curiosity shop had better take care how he introduces it into France, for the penalty for doing so is a fine of 200 francs.—London Chronicle.

Took His Joke Seriously.

A funny incident occurred aboard one of our big battleships. While at anchor off some large city a delegation of ladies representing the W. C. T. U. came aboard and were much interested in all they saw. One of the visitors, spying the chit box for the wine mess, which was fastened up in the ward room, inquired what it was. A young officer, being facetiously inclined and not for one moment supposing that his joke would be taken seriously, told her it was a box for foreign missions and that the officers were always glad to have all those who came aboard contribute. Nothing more was thought of the matter till the end of the month, when the box was opened and, to the astonishment of all, was found to contain $12.20. The dilemma was overcome by sending a check for the amount, together with a letter of explanation, to the secretary of the navy requesting that he have it forwarded through the proper channel to the cause for which it was contributed.—Army and Navy Life.

Interpreting a Gift.

A Philadelphia man sent as a present to his son and daughter-in-law a gold eagle and with it the following letter:

"The woman on the face of this coin is for you, Clarence, because men usually like good looking women. The eagle on the reverse, with the feathers on its legs, is for Lottie, because women are supposed to like birds and feathers.

"The 'E Pluribus Unum,' which you know is translated, 'One of Many,' means that of the many of them you would like to have this is the only one you get.

"The thirteen stars, being an unlucky number, indicate the hard luck many of us have in our efforts to gather in the quantity of these coins we really have need for, but, then, the forty-six stars around the rim tell you that by working like 'forty' six days in the week you can probably accumulate enough to see you through."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Hon. John M. Arctander, of Minneapolis, the most noted lawyer and orator among the Scandinavians in America, will deliver a lecture in the Norwegian language at the opera house in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Arctander's prominence as a speaker should secure for him a large attendance and all Scandinavians in Thief River Falls and vicinity should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. Admission free. Do not forget the date.

Simple Remedy For La Grippe.

Racking la grippe coughs that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. The sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and a dangerous condition is quickly averted. Take only Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

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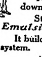

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become rundown because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

Wilhelm Michelet,

U.S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE NEWS,

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The St. Hilaire Spectator accuses us of having evil thoughts because we criticised Commissioner Lindquist of voting to give a county contract to a higher bidder for inferior service. We must admit we are not as angelic as Bro. Ives.

Failure to vote at a primary or general election in Minnesota is to be made a misdemeanor if a bill introduced by Senator Witherstine of Rock county receives favorable action. The measure provides for a fine of $2, which shall be added to his assessment in case the offender is a taxpayer, and if not he shall be prevented from voting at any future election until his fine is paid. The constitutionality of the measure will be taken up by the judiciary committee, to which *it was referred.*

Someone has "proferred contributions" to County Commissioner Lindquist, so says the Red Lake Falls Gazette. The Gazette does not make itself plain, but is probably referring to some of Mr. Linquist's visits to Thief River Falls in connection with county seat matters. "Someone" did come to Thief River Falls and solicited not a "contribution" but a bribe. Perhaps the Gazette editor does not know all of the facts but "someone" does.

Congressman Lindbergh has taken a wise way to settle the matter of recommending a postmaster at Little Falls. There are quite a number of candidates and in order that the people may have their choice, Mr. Lindberg has suggested that at the spring election in Little Falls separate ballot boxes be provided and the people vote upon whom they want for postmaster. The person receiving the largest vote will be recommended by Mr. Lindbergh. That is the way all contests for postoffices should be settled.

The new editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette informs the public "Commissioner Lindquist has not built any new large barns and houses since he became commissioner." The Gazette editor has been a resident of Red Lake county for only a few weeks and it is possible that he has been misinformed. This same new Gazette editor also says that "if he (Commissioner Lindquist) has ever taken a dishonest penny there has never been the slightest evidence brought forth." The Gazette should have christened Mr. Lindquist as "old, fair and square" and its work would have been well done.

STATE CAPITAL LETTER.

A resolution by J. T. Johnson, of Fergus Falls, provides for a committee of five to investigate the management of the state fair association. The resolution recites how large amounts of money are collected and disbursed and no detailed report of the business transacted has been made to members of the legislature—and they want to be shown.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

First—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

Second—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

Third—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

Fourth—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

The committee named by the auditor's association at their meeting this week to look after legislative matters affecting the auditor's office, will recommend a provision of law compensating the auditors for extra work entailed upon them by the ditch law. In many counties of the state the work in the auditor's office has been more than doubled by the ditch proceedings and no additional compensation or clerk hire provided for. The auditor's will ask for fees amounting to one per cent upon all amounts up to ten thousand dollars, or a maximum of $100 upon each ditch.

The critics who find fault with the republican state committee for its failure to raise enough money to liquidate all the expenses of the recent campaign, should not forget that the enormous expense of running the campaign was borne very largely by the Republican candidates for office. Mr. Jacobson not only refused to allow his committee to seek corporate support but enjoining them from accepting such contributions as were voluntarily offered. The wisdom of Mr. Jacobson's course certainly does not appeal to the professional politicians, who are now busily condemning the committee, but the best citizens of the state will uphold in the long run any man who refuses to stultify himself for the sake of office, high up though it may be.

The proposed legislation to divide the license money between the villages and the county will not become a law this session. It is claimed for the measure that all the people of a county help pay the license and the division is only fair. On the other hand the villages have to live with the nuisance—if such it is—have to pay for its regulation—and they all need the money.

A local option bill has been introduced by Ware of Northfield. These bills are usually put in shape in the committee and when this has been done the measure will be discussed here as it appears on the floor of the House—if it ever gets that far.

The proposition of Gov. Johnson to establish a new department to take charge of the state mineral and timber interests, will receive scant consideration from the legislature. A large majority do not propose to further increase state expenses by the creation of more offices and they are getting weary of acting upon suggestions from the governor for which he can take credit if it proves profitable to the state and condemn the legislature if things go wrong. If anything is done it will be upon the suggestion of the state auditor to create a department to have charge of the state mineral leases and timber lands with an elective head.

Rocksbury.

Rather warm weather last week, and not good for sleighing.

Mr. and Mrs. Meehan and family spent Saturday evening at Anton Miller's.

Miss Hannah Gustafson spent Sunday in Hazel.

Last Friday the Farmers' Mutual Telephone line was cut in two now there are two lines, one on the west and the other on the east side of the river, each running direct to town.

Most all the farmer's of this vicinity attended the creamery meeting last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Thorstad spent Sunday at Nels Nelson's.

Germantown.

The fourth annual stockholders' meeting of the creamery was held Jan. 18th with some over twenty shareholders present, President John Ristau presiding. The secretary's and treasurer's reports for the past year showed the condition, financially, considerably better than that of last year and indications are that the debt on the institution is on a fair way to be lifted in the near future. As an example, may be mentioned that the sinking fund for last year together with the usual deductions made for operating expenses had accrued $185, applicable to the debt necessarily incurred for purchase of machinery, repairs, etc. It was decided to start up the creamery again April 1st. The stock of wood is now being put in and everything will be ship-shape for the opening at that time. The officers elected for the year are:

President—Louis Hamre
Vice President—Henry Roller
Secretary—N. Bundhund.
Treasurer—William Vaughan.
Directors—T. C. Hovelsce, John Ristau, M. G. Skogstad, Frank Kainz and Carl Habedank.

Will Vaughan again generously provided dinner for the good creamery men at the Scandia, which of course goes a long ways to insure another big crowd next year.

Knute Rogness, the genial and big town clerk of Moylan left last week for a visit with old friends and old haunts at Mickinock, N. D.

Civil Engineer O. L. Humre with his crew of surveyors completed the survey of the proposed ditch route, both on the main and latteral ditches, in this town last Friday. The surveying crew was quite badly handicapped from the start at Thief River, by the extremely cold and stormy weather so that slow progress had been made all the way here. With favorable weather from now on they expect to finish the survey by Monday or Tuesday of this week.

Emil Otto came up from Radium last Friday to spend a few days here attending to business matters. He intends to do some farming in Western North Dakota this year, having rented a 320 acre farm there.

A large part of the snow thawed off on Friday and Saturday but we were provided with a fresh supply Saturday night and colder weather so no work on the fields will be commenced for some time yet.

The Nelson show which appeared here Tuesday evening of last week drew quite a large crowd of spectators, being, as it was, the first of its kind to exhibit at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Klappenbach are the proud parents of a new citizen, which arrived at their home some time ago.

Gina Johnson returned from Thief River Falls last week where she was employed for a month at the Ogahmah hotel.

John Kratochvil moves down to Thief River Falls next spring, having rented a farm about two miles north of the city.

Highlanding.

The Misses Gardo and Vera McMahon and Miss Emma Dunn were visitors at Walt McAndrews' last Sunday.

Jack Sullivan, of Crystal, N. D., is visiting at P. Sullivan's.

Miss Gardo McMahon visited with Miss Emma Dunn Monday and Tuesday.

Olaf Overson and Oscar Parnow visited at S. McMahon's Thursday evening.

P. Sullivan went to Thief River Monday to prove up on his claim, W. McAndrews and H. Arndt going with him.

Willie Parno left here Monday morning for Holt to spend a few days.

Mrs. Walt McAndrews left here Monday morning and will visit at Thief River and St. Hilaire the coming week.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association Holds Annual Meeting.

Association Had a Prosperous Year and Prospects for 1909 are Very Bright.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Thief River Falls Co operative Creamery Association was held in this city last Saturday and was largely attended by the farmers of this section. The meeting was a success in every way. At noon an excellent dinner was served to the farmers and their friends by the ladies of the Methodist church.

The program was quite a lengthy one and consisted of music, songs and speaking by a number of prominent citizens. A. O. Storvick, state creamery inspector, talked of the management of the creamery. H. Pope, of Rockabury, compared farming and general conditions here and elsewhere, giving this section the best of it in a good many ways; E. L. Quist told the farmers how to raise potatoes, and D. P. O'Neil, Supt. Hay and W. W. Prichard made short remarks. The annual report and address of Secretary Engelstad, which are published in full in this issue, were the main features of the meeting.

All of the old officers were again elected, being as follows:

President—J. O. Thorstad.
Secretary—P. Engelstad.
Treasurer—John L. Finke.
Directors—R. L. Muzzey and N. S. Nelson.

The following is the annual report of Mr. Engelstad:

Amount of cream received, 491,567¼
Average test of cream, 27.70.
Amount of whole milk, 18,897.
Average test of milk, 3.94.
Amount of milk for starters, 114 8 gal. cans.

Total amount of butterfat, 137,759.

From the amount of milk and butterfat there has been manufactured and sold:

166,605¾ pounds of butter.
3,105 quarts of cream.
2,783 quarts of milk.
Buttermilk to the amount of $129.12.
And 1011 gallons of ice cream.

Average price paid for butterfat 27.34.

Of the 166,605¾ lbs butter made 157,055 lbs has been shipped.

8238 pounds has been sold in city and collected by Secretary.

1042 pounds is included in the cash sales at creamery.

And 270¾ pounds is sold to patrons and charged up against cream accounts.

Total sales in city amounts to 9280 pounds.

Average over-run is 23 08.

Increase in butterfat over 1907 is 29 per cent.

Cost of manufacturing one pound of butter 1 95-100 cents.

RECEIPTS:

Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1907		$ 70 55
Rec'd for butter sold in city and shipped		39,920 41
Rec'd for cream sold		612 57
" " Buttermilk:		
Cash sales	$392 31	
Collected	10 10	
Sold to patrons	20 71	423 12
Rec'd for sweet milk		189 39
" " total ice cream sales		750 00
John Blom, 1 share		25 00
Highlanding Creamery Co., 220 tubs		68 80
" " " salt		25 00
Holt Creamery Co., 50 tubs		17 00
Oen and Granum, 10 tons coal		113 20
Soo Railroad Co., satisfied claim		7 00
Roseau Creamery Co., 2 bbls. salt		6 40
N. K. Aasen, payment on gasoline engine		10 00
Grygla Creamery Co., salt		3 00
Christ Larson, tubs		3 [illegible]
Standard Oil Co., 3 empty S barrels		1 00
Elgin Butter Tub Co.		08
Rec'd from patrons into sinking fund		945 81
" " cash sales at Creamery:		
Salt	$ 32 25	
Oil	8 78	
Ice plow	5 00	
Misc. goods	5 37	50 40
Total		$ 43,238 45

DISBURSEMENTS:

Paid patrons	$ 37,670 70
" Buttermaker	1,000 00
" Assistants	450 00
" Secretary	271 68
" Treasurer	75 00
" Directors	45 00
" Drayman	161 45
Power	180 00
Electric Light Dept	30 00
Phone rent	24 00
Ice	45 00
Insurance assessment	31 50
Taxes	19 34
" 4 tub notes " 1 coal note " 1 note for motor	[illegible]
" Interest on same	[illegible]
" Balance on new churn	[illegible]
T. R. F. Lumber Co., lumber	[illegible]
Conklin Bros., repairing boiler and gas engine	[illegible]
Fred Haug, repairing gasoline engine	[illegible]
Starter can and scales	[illegible]
Improvement on property in form of labor	[illegible]
Donation to Thief River Falls Fire Dept	[illegible]
Donation to National Dairy Union	[illegible]
" " Rate bearing case	[illegible]
Oen, hard coal and other hardware	[illegible]
Jackson, smoke stack and other hardware	[illegible]
Oil	[illegible]
Printing, advertising and stationery	[illegible]
Freight on car of tubs	[illegible]
300 advertising pamphlets	[illegible]
John Meyer, duplicate check	6 43
Creamery supplies	553 12
Incidental expenses	83 95
Outstanding collection, ice cream	79 20
Cash balance in treasury, Dec. 31, '08	210 60
Total	$ 43,238 45

So another year of successful operation at our creamery has passed and the business for 1908 shows a marked improvement over the preceeding one at a good many points. The cause of this, in the first place, is the increase in quantity.

The increase of butterfat is 29 per cent and on account of this, we have been able to cut down the cost of manufacture of one pound of butter one half of a cent, compared with last year. What do you think this means? It means that if it had cost us 2½c last year, it would have cost us between eight and nine hundred dollars to manufacture last year's butter.

The over-run is a good deal better this year than last, being 23.08 as compared with 18.11 in 1907.

The average price received for butter last year, less freight and commission, was 24.67 cents and price paid for butter fat was 26.78 cents. This year the average price received for butter is 23.97 cents and price paid for *butterfat* is 27.34. In spite of a decrease of 7-10 of a cent obtained for butter, we have raised the price of butterfat one-half of a cent. And with still further improvement along the line of quantity as well as quality, the cost of production will naturally follow suit and go down.

Some improvements on the property as well as additional new machinery has been added to our former equipment, for instance:

One 50-gallon starter can, cream scale, test scale, moisture test, etc.

One of the old churns was traded off for an improved, ring-gear, No. 5 Disbrow, receiving $50 for the old one.

The engineroom has been furnished with a new smoke-stack at a cost of about $30.

A little warehouse has been constructed at a cost of $129.61.

All this is paid for as well as the 300 and some odd tubs we have on hand, besides other invoice.

The only outstanding note or debt of the creamery is a note for $290 in favor of the First National Bank for coal, but as we have over $200 in the expense fund applicable for that purpose, as well as about 20 tons of coal on hand, we might say that this is also paid for. 12 barrels of dairy salt, about $14 worth of Paraffine Wax and a couple of half barrels of oil and some other small invoices remain on hand and are all paid for. The motor is paid for and we still have the gasoline engine for sale. So taking everything into consideration, our business the past year has been splendid, and our condition at the present time is in excellent shape.

The relation between the patrons, the buttermaker and the board has been pleasant. But like any other creamery, we once in a while have a patron who is dissatisfied with his test and cannot understand why it goes down, while on the other hand, it seems so natural for it to go up—at least we haven't heard any complaint about the latter. I have time and again urged such patrons to buy a tester and test their own cream and in case of shipping down below to a centralizing plant and obtaining some points higher test, maybe, than at the local creamery, they would at least have the satisfaction of knowing that they were treated right, at home.

The centralizer is the worst enemy of the co-operative creamery. They do not pay according to supply and demand but are paying according to the competition they have to meet, and I would say right here, that as long as the farmers patronize the local creamery and keep the business in the splendid shape it is now, so long may a few discontented farmers get more than their cream is worth. But supposing most of us turned the same way and shipped our cream, we would soon have Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma conditions, where centralizers have it their own way and the price of butterfat is several cents lower than at other points where competition has to be met.

In conclusion, one word to you dairy farmers who are making butter for the local market. It is your neighbor across the road, who steadily and faithfully takes all his cream to the local creamery, who keeps up the price on your butter.

Hoping for the same success during the coming year as we have enjoyed in the past, I am,

Yours truly,
P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"We the patrons of the Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery desire to express our sincere thanks to the Pastor Rev. Smith and his people of the M. E. church for tendering us the use of their church edifice for to hold our annual meeting.

. We also thank the choir for their excellent music and songs which they rendered.

We further feel very grateful to Mr. W. W. Prichard for again entertaining us with a most royal dinner. And last but not least we thank the Ladies' Aid of the M. E. Church for their most excellent service which they have given us.

Library Report.

Circulation report of Thief River Falls Public Library for year ending Dec. 31, 1908.

No. of books at beginning of year	805
" " " added by purchase	181
" " " " " gift	21
	1007
" " " worn out	13
" " " at end of year	994
Gain for the year	189
No. of borrowers at beginning of year	600
" " new borrowers registered during year	236
	836
" " cards that went out of force during year	206
" " borrowers at end of year	630
Gain for the year	30
No. of volumes lent for home use	6184
" " magazines lent for home use	1251
	7735
Total circulation for year 1907	6557
Gain for the year	1178

But one book was lost during the year.

630 patrons make use of the library; nearly one-half of these are children, we are pleased to report a gain all along the line and hope our citizens will make still further use of the library this year. We are trying to put the best before the public to read and will increase our book list by many good works this year.

Mrs. Elizabeth Blanchard.

Tubers Going Up.

Word reaches this city from St. Paul to the effect that the price of potatoes will soon be boosted and that by spring tubers may reach the extraordinary price of $1.50 per bushel.

The wholesale price today varies from 60 cents to $1 in carload lots, according to quality, and an increase in the retail price will probably follow in a few days.

Reason for this remarkable advance in the price of tubers is given as a shortage in the yield last year. The crop is estimated at about 60 per cent of the average.

Teachers Examinations.

Teachers examinations for Red Lake county will be held at Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls on February 4, 5 and 6, 1909, according to the following program.

H. T. Anderson,
County Sup't of Schools.

Program of examinations for common school certificates, February 4, 5 and 6, 1909.

THURSDAY, FEB. 4TH.
(First Grade Studies)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography or General History.

(Agriculture may be taken at any one of above periods, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.)

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5TH.
(Second Grade Studies)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:15 Geography.
2:15 Composition and Penmanship.
3:20 Reading.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6TH.
(Second Grade Studies.)
A. M.—9:00 U. S. History.
9:15 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology Hygene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $185.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Val Yager spent Sunday at Crookston.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

J. A. Sorum was down from Holt Monday.

P. W. Roark spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

H. G. Dobner was up to Germantown the first of the week.

Dr. Crandall was up to Warroad the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire spent last Saturday in the city.

Leonard Peterson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Frank Lawrence was here from Fergus Falls to spend Sunday with his family.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Supt. Michaels, of the Soo Line, spent Saturday and Sunday in the Twin Cities.

John F. Zavoral, of the Press force, visited friends at Conway, N. D., the first of the week.

Mrs. N. W. Tarrant was very pleasantly surprised last Friday evening by a number of Royal Neighbors.

Walter McAndrews, Pat Sullivan and Henry Arndt were down from Highlanding the first of the week.

B. Dan Bjorkman is driving the laundry rig this month and parties desiring to see him should call at the laundry.

Hon. H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, was in the city the first of the week visiting his brother, T. L. Melgaard, and attending to business matters.

Jacob Anderson, one of the well known residents of Jello, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Henry Roller, one of the enterprising farmers living up near Germantown, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

B. E. Tiesian, one of the prosperous settlers living out near Anten, was in the city last Friday and made the News office a pleasant call.

A. Joe Giller went over to Grand Forks Saturday evening and remained until Tuesday visiting friends and attending to business matters.

Rev. O. J. Anderson will preach in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday forenoon at 10:30; and in the evening at 7:30. All are cordially invited.

—The band concert Monday evening was a success in every way and great credit is due to Prof. Bruckman for the advancement the band boys are making.

Corporal John Engdale, of Ft. Snelling, arrived in the city last Saturday and will remain for a few weeks giving the local militia boys drills and posting them up upon general tactics.

John Durbin, who had been spending the winter in the south for the benefit of his health, returned to this city Saturday evening. Information as to the death of his brother reached him at Memphis, Tenn.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. C. P. Quist on Wed., Feb. 3, at 3 o'clock. This will be their annual meeting so all members are requested to be present.

A. H. Lanzlee, of the town of Reiner, has purchased the Erickson property in this city and will open up a hotel in a short time. The new hotel is to be named the Hotel Telemarken and Mr. Langee states that he will run a first class place.

The Sunday edition of the Minneapolis Tribune contained a picture of D. P. O'Neill, who has been doing good work in endeavoring to secure the passage of bill locating the sixth normal school in this city.

The presentation of "The Devil" at the Evenson Opera House was greeted by a large and appreciative audience last Thursday night. Ernest Fisher in the title role made a decided hit, which can also be said of the other players in their various parts.

An unknown writer claims he heard two gentlemen by the name of Stone and Wood in a neighboring town discussing politics on a street corner when a young lady passed wearing a directoire gown. Stone turned to Wood and Wood turned to Stone and they both turned to rubber.

The Peoples State Bank invites farmers and others having business in the city to make use of the office in the rear of their bank when they have any letters to write or other business to transact. The bank furnishes free stationery and other conveniences and makes no charge whatever.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Best butter and eggs at O. Tessum's.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

John Morgan was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday attending to official business.

Services in the Synod church next Sunday at 10:30. In Silverton at 3 o'clock p. m.

O. M. Evenson went up to Badger yesterday to attend to business matters for a few days.

John Meehan was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Ed Evenson, Feb. 4th, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Ralph Green, the well known Garnes farmer, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Mrs. O. L. Melgaard was in the city the first of the week from Argyle, visiting Mrs. T. L. Melgaard.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Lumber for $6.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Don't pay two prices for Land City or property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. Ole O. Legvold on next Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 3.

Personal property taxes are payable on or before February 28. Pay your taxes now at the Peoples State Bank.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Judge Simon Michelet was up from Minneapolis and spent Sunday and Monday with his brother, Wilhelm Michelet.

—A. N. Arpin, who had been confined to his home for several weeks with an attack of typhoid fever, is able to be about town again.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seltz.

Mrs. F. H. Kratka, who has been spending the winter in California for the benefit of her health, returned yesterday to Thief River Falls.

B. P. Stixrud and Henry Eliason, of the town of Highlanding, were in the city yesterday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Charles E. Boughton, the well known Red Lake Falls attorney, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters and telling us how Red Lake Falls was enjoying a boom these days.

The next meeting of the board of county commissioners will be held on the 5th day of February. Hearing on petitions for ditches will be about the only business to come before the board.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank.—We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

G. L. Austin, the St. Hilaire buttermaker, was in the city last Saturday, being enroute home from a trip to Montivedio, where he had attended the meeting of the State Buttermaker's association. Mr. Austin took the first prize for making the best butter at this meeting and was awarded a gold medal.

Miss Schuser and Mrs. Paul Holzknecht, who had been visiting friends at Bemidji, returned to this city last Friday evening by way of the Soo to visit their sister, Mrs. P. W. Roark. While stepping from the train, Miss Schuser fell and sustained injuries that have kept her confined to her bed since that time.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 83 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Subscribe for the News.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Any one wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

Hard After the Normal.

Mayor Hamre, Supt. Hay, D. P. O'Neill, O. J. Schei, E. L. Quist and M. V. Evenson went to St. Paul Monday evening to resume the fight Thief River Falls is making for a normal school. Prospects of securing the passage of a general bill are said to be very excellent, and it is quite likely that the matter will come up in the house this week.

Married Last Friday.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Bakke, last Friday evening occured the marriage of their daughter, Miss Minnie to Mr. Benjamin Docken. Only intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony. Both are popular young people of the city and have a host of friends here. They left Friday evening for a short trip to the twin cities and their future home will be in this city.

Soon May Fight.

There is a rumor in circulation to the effect that a number of the residents of the eleven towns are going to refuse to pay their taxes for county purposes on the grounds that they are without representation on the county board. "Taxation without representation," is one of the principals the American people fought for once, but in this case it is quite likely that it would cost the farmers far more than their tax to fight the case, although they would probably win in the end.

Creamery For Reiner.

Messrs. Aakre, Antonson and Vraa, of the town of Reiner, were in the city the first of the week and announce that a new creamery is to be built in the town of Reiner in the near future by the Enterprise Creamery Company, a co-operative farmers concern. A large number of farmers, who own over 400 cows, are back of the new institution and the People's State Bank of this city has guaranteed to furnish whatever financial assistance is needed. The town of Reiner, although one of the newest in Red Lake county, is very well settled and there is no reason why a creamery located there should not forge to the front at a rapid rate.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.00
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.40
Barley	50
Eggs	32c
Butter	25c

AT THE BIJOU.

The management takes great pleasure in introducing for the last half of this week, Shakespeare's admirable play, "Julius Ceasar," an historical tragedy. It is considered by critics to be the masterpiece of the season.

The "Lover's Telegraphic Code" proves to be a clever, facinating tale with a striking and unusual plot. "Fire at Sea" is exciting, and "Beg Pardon" is a comic novelty. Mrs. Huseth renders charmingly the beautiful pictured melody, "I Never Knew What Love Was 'Till I Fell in Love With You." Amateurs—toy sketch, Friday evening.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Jan. 23, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Bronson, Rev. Charles F.
Busingerus, Nels
Gudinschevager, Otto
Holm, Ed G.
Hanson, Wodland
Lee, William J.
Molde, Elias
Olson, Miss Olga
Robinson, G. W.
Watt, B. C.
Hanson, Aksel K.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

New Name for "Dad" Sabin.

A quartette of traveling men and a few other friends enjoyed a good joke at the expense of "Dad" at the Great Northern depot yesterday morning. Mr. Sabin was going to Red Lake Falls but went to the depot an hour early to meet a gentleman whom he wanted to see before leaving the city. He casually strolled from the smoking room to the ladies waiting room and was peering out of the window up Second street to see if his friend was coming when a little tot, one of a group of four children traveling with their mother piped out "Papa come" and as "Dad" was the only man in that part of the depot he was promptly dubbed "Papa Come" by all those men present and by all those on the train later on. When he arrived at the hotel in Thief River Falls after calling on a customer, some wag had registered him under that name. "Dad" is swearing vengeance.—Crookston Journal.

FARM
ORCHARD
AND
GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE
SOLICITED

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WHAT ONE BOY DID.

The blue ribbons that were pulled down in the Angus class at the international live stock show held at Chicago early in December prove that one of the most successful breeders of this type of cattle in the country, was a young man of the name of Otto Battles, who happens to live at Maquoketa, Ia., but who for the purposes of this article might have lived in any other state or section of the country. Last year, at the age of twenty-three, he exhibited nine head of cattle and captured some of the best prizes offered. This year he exhibited sixteen head of Doddies and captured still more blue ribbons, attending in all during the season ten shows and winning $3,000 in cash prizes. This boy started in the live stock business when he was sixteen years old with two thoroughbred Angus cows, both of which gave him fine calves. A little later he mixed with his stock breeding operations a little of what some ultra practical men are wont to term "theory" and took a course in animal husbandry at the State Agricultural college. He then went back home and developed his little herd intelligently until today he has close to a hundred head of as fine Angus cattle as can be seen anywhere. That raising pure bred stock is profitable as well as entertaining is shown in the prices he receives for animals sold. A pair of heifers which he disposed of recently brought him $800, while for three others he received $500 each. He sells his bulls for prices ranging from $350 to $500 apiece, and one cow which he wisely keeps in his own hands he values at $2,500. Strangely, young Battles got no encouragement in this work from his father, who, though a hardworking man, took no stock in these newfangled ideas. His mother encouraged him, however, and the two proved a successful team. This instance of success may be somewhat out of the ordinary, but it shows nicely what can be accomplished with intelligence and energy and disproves the claim of some that there are no opportunities today for boys on the farm. Other boys can do what this one did if they only think so.

A SPRAYING DEMONSTRATION.

The Nebraska experiment station has lately tabulated the results of an extensive series of spraying experiments which have been carried on under its direction in the eastern part of the state during the past three years, and they are so complete and worked out in such detail as to furnish most convincing proof of the advantage and profit in the spraying of apple orchards. The figures given are the average of ten spraying tests. The number of trees in the experiment was 2,605 and their age nineteen years. The average cost per gallon of spraying material was four-fifths of a cent and the cost of application 1 cent per gallon. An average of seventeen gallons of spraying liquid was used on each tree yearly, while the total cost of material and labor per tree each year was 30 cents. At picking time it was found that the sprayed trees yielded on an average 5.5 bushels of apples, which brought 41 cents per bushel, or a total of $2.26, while the unsprayed trees bore 3.2 bushels of fruit, each of which sold at 22 cents per bushel, giving a return of 70 cents per tree. A subtraction shows that the sprayed trees yielded a revenue of $1.56 per tree more than the unsprayed, while the deduction of the cost of the spraying, 30 cents, leaves $1.26 as the net gain per tree due to spraying. To these very convincing figures may be added the further statement that the trees were in a much more vigorous and healthy condition at the end of the three years' spraying than at the start. While this could not be figured accurately in dollars and cents, it would nevertheless be considerable.

A LESSON IN CULTIVATION.

An interesting picture object lesson which is on display in the farm crops section of the Indiana experiment station shows two fields of corn side by side, the one on the left given no cultivation after planting and that on the right cultivated four times. At harvest time the first field yielded 2.8 bushels of corn, while the latter produced 56.4 bushels. One might almost wish that a third field had been shown which had been cultivated six times, for there is little question that there would have been an increase of from twelve to fifteen bushels per acre. However, the two fields photographed give a striking and valuable object lesson. Results secured in other field experiments showed clearly the advantage of disking corn land before plowing, which gives a mellow subsoil and permits the ready circulation of air and moisture.

A curious feature of Mexican corn growing is that three crops may be grown in one season on the same land, while fields showing different stages of development are often seen growing side by side.

Medium red clover will yield in seed all the way from half a bushel to seven bushels per acre, the average probably being somewhat under two. The largest yield mentioned is possible only under the most favorable conditions of growth and maturity and where the production of the seed is made a primary and not a secondary consideration.

According to the bureau of animal industry at Washington, a considerable number of crossbred Angora goats now find their way to stock centers, such as Chicago, New York, Kansas City and Buffalo, being there converted into "mutton," which, though it sells for a trifle less than the genuine article, is used in considerable quantities by hotels and restaurants and on dining cars.

Those who are looking for land openings will be interested in a bill introduced in congress in early December to open a new government land office at Belle Fourche and for settlement about 1,750,000 acres more land in the Pine Ridge and Rosebud reservations. The bill as introduced provides that the new district shall include the southern part of Butte county, not included in the Lemmon district and the northern tier of townships in Meade county.

As illustrating the truth that success in most any line lies in doing a thing a little better than the other fellows may be cited the case of a farmer we read of the other day who the past year raised 1,000 bushels of thoroughbred corn on ten acres and handled the crop in such shape that he was able to realize $150 per acre from it through the sale of the bulk of the corn for seed. Here's a case where a fellow mixed pains and brains with his agriculture and made good money out of it.

A Texas senator has recently jumped into fame as a frog king, having followed as a side line on his 200 acre farm at El Campo the raising of frogs. While newspaper reports credit them with being as large as chickens, an eyewitness declares that the frogs raised on this farm are the finest and largest he ever saw, being largely the result of special care and feeding. Three of the fellows are said to make a meal for five people, the meat being as sweet and tender as that of a young spring chicken.

Oxen are the common draft animals used by the Mexican farmer. In harnessing them for their work the neck yoke, if such it may be called, instead of being attached to the animal according to the American fashion, is strapped firmly to the horns and just back of them. While this method of fastening seems to be awkward and even uncomfortable for the animals, they seem to get along quite well with it. The neck of the Mexican ox, abnormally large and muscular from the exercise which it has had from generations of this kind of exercise, is so thick that it would be impossible to adjust to it an American yoke, with which the pulling is done from the shoulder and not by means of the neck proper.

If the recent national corn show at Omaha made one point clear for the casual observer it was that, while corn types and characteristics may not be transmitted from parent to child as completely or unfailing as in the animal kingdom, they are transmissible to such an extent as to make the business of corn breeding a most interesting as well as profitable occupation for the average farmer. The best types of corn shown at the exposition were not the result of chance, but of years of careful and painstaking selection and breeding, just as is the case with the prize animals that carry off the blue ribbons at the international fat stock show. Both cases cited emphasize the law of cause and effect and give force to the truth that like produces like.

The valuable work which is being done by agricultural state experiment stations might become more useful than at present if farmers would make more frequent inquiry than they do of the station officials for information along the various lines in which they are interested. The experiment station officials are not omniscient, but they are doing a painstaking and valuable, though unappreciated work, having for its prime object the betterment of the agricultural interests and pursuits of their own state. They are in a position to do so and will gladly answer queries of any kind touching the operations in which they are engaged. They consider it their business to pass upon the purity of clover and other grass seeds submitted to them for inspection; can say whether a given type of small grain or corn is adapted to the home state of a given locality; will identify weeds of all kinds submitted for examination and state whether harmful or not; will define a balanced ration and state how it may be fed to best advantage; will describe best methods for securing and handling the various crops; furnish valuable information touching dairy management, besides a good deal of other valuable and useful data. Every farmer in every state should find out where his own state experiment station is located, if he does not know already, and after this he should get into communication with the officials as often as he may find it necessary.

One of the largest authenticated yields of oats recorded is of a sixteen acre field in Big Horn county, Wyo., which produced an average of 110 2-3 bushels of Swedish Select oats to the acre, weighing 48 2-3 pounds to the bushel. The Wyoming state agricultural exhibit at the national corn show contained a sample of the oats taken from the above field.

Different soils show different capacity in absorbing and retaining moisture. Thus it has been found that a cubic foot of silt loam will retain nineteen pounds of water, while a cubic foot of clay will hold twenty-five pounds. In buying land for tillage purposes it is well to take this fact into account, especially when considered in the light of the annual rainfall.

The city of Spokane recently held an apple show, and for size and beauty of fruit it probably excelled anything of its kind ever held. Thirty-five thousand dollars was paid out in premiums, and after the exhibition was over many of the boxes were auctioned off and brought as high as $10. The apple growing industry in Washington is held by many to be only in its infancy, yet it is already one of the state's chief sources of revenue.

If the drainpipes leading from the kitchen sink or lavatory become clogged with bits of soap or vegetable matter they can be cleaned out by putting several tablespoonfuls of concentrated lye on the strainer and washing it through with boiling water. When this combination has had time to work and has loosened things up the pipes should be flushed out with a good flow of clean water. Lye is wicked stuff and should not come in contact with the hands.

The really aggravating feature in connection with most folks going to California during the winter months is not that they themselves by very contrast enjoy the genial winter clime, but that their tantalizing reports about roses in bloom out of doors, green peas and strawberries usually arrive when their less favored friends are gripped fast in a blizzard direct from Medicine Hat and are spending their spare time stoking fires and thawing out their noses and water pipes.

Owing to the droughty conditions which prevailed during the late summer and fall months through many of the western states, where cattle and sheep raising is carried on extensively, reports thus early are to the effect that in many sections the animals on the ranges were in poorer condition on Dec. 1, the beginning of winter, than they usually are on Feb. 1. Coupled with scarcity of feed is in many cases scarcity of water, and both misfortunes, aggravated by long exposure to winter storms and cold, produce a condition of unrelievable brute suffering that is pitiful in the extreme and beyond the power of words to picture. About the only hope left is that a mild winter and a scant fall of snow may serve to alleviate their terrible suffering.

Professor Hansen of the South Dakota Agricultural college at Brookings is in faroff Siberia on a leave of absence seeking for hardy types of grains and grasses which may be of value to American farmers and especially to those in the northern states, where rigorous climatic conditions are unfavorable to the successful growing of many plants which find a congenial home in the south. Among several interesting finds reported by this plucky Norseman, who is risking his life in his work, are four varieties of hardy alfalfa which he believes will thrive in the drier portions of the northern states. Those who have been watching his fascinating search will hope Professor Hansen may return home safely and not lose the alfalfa seed by the wayside.

Professor C. Willis, who has general supervision of the experimental farms belonging to the South Dakota Agricultural college, reports some practical and interesting results with some corn breeding experiments which he has been carrying on for the past three or four years. By selecting his seed with care and detasseling alternate rows in his experimental blocks, so as to prevent inbreeding, he has been able to increase the yield of a given type of corn well adapted to South Dakota conditions sixteen bushels per acre, some of the fields on the college farms yielding as high as eighty bushels to the acre. While this type of experimental work may not be practical for every farmer, it might be done on a small scale with profit by many more than at present.

The United States can take no more advanced or effective step looking to a protection of our rapidly diminishing forest resources than by removing the duty from wood pulp, all kinds of paper and all grades of finished lumber. The bearings before the tariff commission during December brought out the humiliating information that instead of drawing on the Canadian lumber reserves for supplies of lumber the reverse was true, the Canadian markets being flooded with southern yellow pine from this country, which for the time at least nearly put Canadian lumbermen out of business. The table should be turned and Canada called upon to supply a portion of our lumber and thus aid, indirectly at least, in the government's plan of forest conservation.

F. E. Trigg

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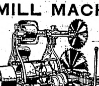

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EDWIN FORREST.

The Great Tragedian's Acting Was Saturated With Realism.

Edwin Forrest, says William Winter in "Other Days," was an uncommonly massive and puissant animal, and all of his impersonations were more physical than intellectual, while no one of them possessed any spiritual element whatever.

From the first and until the last his acting was saturated with "realism," and that was one reason of his extensive popularity. He could at all times be seen, heard and understood. He struck with a sledge hammer. Not even nerves of gutta percha could remain unshaken by his blow. In the manifestation of terror he lolled out his tongue, contorted his visage, made his frame quiver and used the trick sword with the rattling hilt. In scenes of fury he panted, snorted and snarled like a wild beast. In death scenes his gasps and gurgles were protracted and painfully literal. The bellow that he emitted when, as Richelieu, he threatened to launch the ecclesiastical curse almost made the theater walls tremble. The snarling yell of ferocity that burst from him when, as Jack Cade, he recognized and sprang upon Lord Say in the forest fairly frightened his hearers. His utterance of Lear's delirious prayer to nature was like a thunderstorm. Often he produced amazingly consolatory effects, affording ample gratification to the overstrained feeling of his audience, desirous—as in stormy passages of "King Lear" and "Othello," the forum scene of "Virginius," the statue scene of "Brutus" and the scaffold scene of "Damon and Pythias"—that something tempestuous and terrific should be said and done. There are times when it is a comfort to see somebody who can let himself go. Forrest could. His style accordingly had its positive, ample, undeniable merits, but neither he nor his apostles were ever satisfied with acknowledgment of those merits at their actual worth.

A CASE OF CONSCIENCE.

The Powerful Motive That Moved the Commercial Traveler.

"No, I'm not whistling and singing because business is good," replied the hardware drummer. "What ails me is because I have a clear conscience for the first time in three years."

"Have you confessed to murder?" was asked.

"Gentlemen, don't try to be funny. This is a sacred thing. I was in Boston three years ago, and I picked up a package on the street. On opening it I found seventy-five $1,000 bills. The name of the loser was there, but I took that money and got out of town by the first train. My conscience told me that I was as bad as a thief, but I tried to stifle it."

"A drummer with a conscience!" sneered three of the listeners in chorus.

"I went to Chicago with the money," continued the drummer, "and invested it in real estate. I knew it was wrong, but I did it. Six months ago I found myself worth $200,000. Conscience would not down. It got so bad that I couldn't look even a confidence man in the face. At length I started for Boston and hunted up the loser of the wealth. I found him in his office and told my story. When it was finished I laid my all before him and asked his forgiveness."

"And what did he do?"

"I will tell you what he did, and I shall never forget it. He looked at me and saw how I was suffering, and he took me by the hand and said in a fatherly way:

"'My friend, suffer no more. I was going to a poker game when I lost that money, and it would have gone anyhow.'"

"But what in thunder are you doing on the road if you are worth $200,000?" shouted a voice.

"Conscience again, gentlemen—conscience. It won't let me retire and leave you fellows to do all the lying!"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Earth's Changes.

The surface of the earth is undergoing steady transformation, largely through the agency of man, but perhaps nowhere is the plant and animal life of the region being more rapidly superseded than in New Zealand. The native Polynesian race, crowded by Europeans, is becoming extinct. Many of the imported animals run wild and multiply rapidly at the expense of the native species, even the streams being filled with European and American trout, which grow to great size.

The Fleur-de-lis.

The origin and therefore the full heraldic meaning of the fleur-de-lis is disputed. By some the emblem is supposed to represent a lily, by others the iron head of some weapon, presumably a lance. From the claims put forth by English sovereigns to certain principalities in France, gained by inheritance or marriage, the French royal coat appeared as a quartering in the English royal arms, but it was abolished by George IV.

Taking Him Down.

"Yes, sir," said the pompous individual, "I always pay cash for everything I get." "Dear me!" exclaimed the matter of fact person. "What's the matter with your credit?"—Chicago News.

Consoling.

Mrs. X.—I must apologize, Mrs. Y., for failing to come to your party Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Y.—Oh, my dear, don't speak of it! You were not missed.—Pathfinder.

We acquire the strength we have overcome.—Emerson.

If you will take Foley's Orino Laxative until the bowels become regular you will not have to take purgatives constantly, as Foley's Orino Laxative positively cures chronic constipation and sluggish liver. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit,- the southeast quarter, (S. E ¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N. ½ of S. E ¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Carlson, of Holt, Minn., who, on Jan. 14th, 1901, made H. E. No. 7231, Serial, No. 01362, for S. E ¼, Section 34, Township 156 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 1st day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Gunerius Olson, of Holt, Minn.
Gustaf Peterson, " "
August Nelson, " "
Halftan M. Olson, " "

jan. 21-feb. 25. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

J. P. Forsberg,

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There is no case on record of a cough, cold or la Grippe developing into pneumonia after Foley's Honey and Tar has been taken, as it cures the most obstinate deep seated coughs and colds. Why take anything else. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Fred Richard, unmarried, as mortgagor, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section eighteen, township one hundred and fifty-two, north, range forty-five, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing one hundred and sixty acres according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date August 8, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on September 5, 1905 at nine o'clock A. M. in book 35 of mortgage records, at page 520, and

Whereas, the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated September 27, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on September 28, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgage records at page 190, duly assigned said mortgage to Michael Maire, and

Whereas the said Michael Maire, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 21, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 538, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty-eight cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

You would not delay taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at the first sign of kidney or bladder trouble if you realized that neglect might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities and cures all kidney and bladder disorders. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Russell E. Vance and Cora M. Vance, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots one and three and the north one-half of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section sixteen, township one-hundred fifty-one, north range forty-four, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing 193.40 acres, according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date June 1, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on June 13, 1905, at 1:30 P. M., in book 35 of Mortgages at page 467, and

Whereas the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated June 17, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 30, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgage Records, at page 171, duly assigned said mortgage to Ellen F. Sullivan, and

Whereas the said Ellen F. Sullivan, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 16, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 537, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of two thousand five hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St Paul, Minnesota. dec. 31-feb. 4.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 7, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6102, Serial No. 0029, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 15th day of February, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Albert Klungness, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ed Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Sortahl, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Sortahl, " " " "

Jan. 14-feb. 18 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

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Religious Author's Statement.

For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy. A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

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TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK

Great Interest Shown by the General Public in the Winter Sports in Sweden—"Northern Games" Open to Competition of Every Nationality—Seven Large, Well Kept Skating Places in Stockholm—Ski Tournaments and Other Sports.

SWEDEN.

Skating is an art very much prized and practiced in Sweden at present Stockholm alone possesses seven large, well kept skating places, one of which is an open glaciarium, the others being on the natural ice of the surrounding lakes. These rinks are as a rule open before Christmas and continue till the end of March. There are in addition, many smaller rinks in Stockholm and its environs, so that there is every facility for carrying on the sport. Figure skating, long distance skating, skate-sailing and ice yachting are all indulged in and thousands of people, both young and old, follow either one form or other of these sports on the ice. Skate-sailing especially seems to hold a higher place in Sweden than in any other country of Europe. The sport is nowadays carried on through nearly the whole of central and southern Sweden, the heavy snowfall in the north preventing its exercise there. "The Society for the Promotion of Ski-Running" arranges every winter a number of great national competitions and during these days there is one ski tournament after the other besides other invigorating and amusing winter sports, such as tobogganing, sledge-kicking, etc. The "northern games" are a purely Swedish institution, which is celebrated every fourth year. The last was held in Stockholm in the month of February, 1905, and the next will be held next month. Next month, therefore, there will be assembled the leading sportsmen in all branches of winter sport from every part of the country, to participate in matches and exhibition games. These competitions continue daily for a week with ski-running of all kinds, skating, hockey, ice-yachting, skate-sailing, trotting matches, deep snow racing, distance riding, long distance ski-running with dispatches, military sports, etc., following each other all day long. In the evening national dances, Scandinavian music, Swedish gymnastics and fencing are performed indoors. These "northern games" are open to competitors of every nationality. During the sport week the capital is en fete, and the greatest interest is shown by the general public. The "northern games" in Stockholm are the only ones of their kind, and attract large numbers of tourists to the country.

Dr. Sven Hedin has been chosen an honorary member of the American Geographical society and has by that society been requested to deliver a lecture when he makes his long promised visit to America. A dispatch received by the Aftonbladet states that Dr. Hedin spent Christmas eve at Mukden. He was due to arrive in Moskwa Jan. 8 and was expected to arrive in Stockholm last week and has undoubtedly by this time been wined and dined in royal Swedish fashion. Dr. Hedin will need to take a few weeks off to consider all the flattering lecture and newspaper offers that have been made to him recently.

When it was learned in Sweden that the old Roskilde cathedral had been broken into by burglars steps were immediately taken by the authorities to protect the historic collections and sarcophagi in the Riddarholms church in Stockholm. The seven silver wreaths which were placed on King Oscar's coffin at the time of his funeral have been removed and placed in the sachristy and a squad of policemen are on patrol duty near the Riddarholms church at all hours. The same protective measures have been taken at the national museum.

Queen Victoria, whose health has been very much impaired recently, departed for Italy via Carlsruhe, Jan. 4, and will remain there until the latter part of next spring. The queen has spent the last ten or twelve winters in Italy and it seems to be about the only place that she has found suitable to her delicate health during the cold months. The winters in Stockholm are often damp and damp weather always proves disastrous to the queen's health.

A Swedish correspondent informs us that in proportion to its population, Sweden possesses more railroad mileage than any other country in Europe, the figures being considerably in excess of those of Switzerland, which stands next on the list in this respect. Even in regard to area, those parts of the country which have always formed seats of culture, Skane, etc., can be considered as being well provided with railways.

NORWAY.

Norway's oldest paper, "Morgenbladet," celebrated its ninetieth anniversary this month. The first issue of the paper made its appearance Jan. 1, 1819. The present publishers of the paper have in honor of the event published a most interesting and elegant anniversary number in which appear the faces of the men who have at various times been the editors and business heads of the paper. An interesting history of the journal is also given in this issue. The "Morgenbladet" still remains as Norway's most important paper aside from being the oldest daily newspaper in the country.

The Meteorological institute in Christiania has received a letter from Sore, Finmarken, conveying the news that a barrel which drifted ashore Nov. 8 contained a communication, which stated, that the barrel was thrown into the sea on July 24, 1900, at Cape Bathurst, in British North America, about 284 miles northwest of the McKenzie river. It is assumed that the barrel has drifted between Greenland and Spitzbergen, and if that is so then the circumstance, if such, coincides with Roald Amundsen's proposed route to the north pole with the "Fram."

A Norwegian-American, who came to Christiania to celebrate Christmas, placed 2,000 crowns in a stove (in which at the time there was no fire) apparently for safe keeping. He then placed a few crowns in his pocket on Christmas eve and went out to see the town. When he returned late in the evening the chambermaid had built a nice warm fire for him and incidentally burned the money. Our American friend was a bit chagrined, of course.

The Chinese government has now introduced Norwegian telephones into that country in spite of the strong competition of Japan, Germany and America. The orders for telephones for the Amur province have already been sent to Norway and other orders from different provinces will soon follow. Norway leads the Scandinavian countries in exports to China and has built up a trade in that country which she can well be proud of.

The "Bergens Aftenblad" will in the near future erect a new building in Bergen on Walkendorf street. It will be a modern building in every respect and will when completed be the largest newspaper building in Norway. The Aftenblad has been doing an excellent business during the past five years and has grown to be one of the most influential papers in the country.

A German male chorus has been organized in Christiania. It sang for the first time at the Christmas services at the German Mission House. There is quite a German colony at present in Christiania and it has been materially increased during the last year or two.

Rasmus Langaard, the late consul general, has in his will provided a donation of 250,000 crowns as a pension fund for the men who were in his employ. During years past he has given very freely to a number of charity institutions in Christiania and other parts of the country.

Elizabeth Munthe Kaas, the promising young Norwegian soprano, made her debut in Copenhagen a couple of weeks ago. The critics see in her a prima donna of wonderful possibilities and Copenhagen—musical Copenhagen—was charmed by her singing.

There are 244 steamships whose starting point is in Christiania. The largest individual ship owner in the city is Fred Olson, who owns and operates twenty-eight vessels. The next largest concern is Klaveness & Co., who own sixteen vessels.

Owing to the prevalence of the diphtheria epidemic and mild weather the holiday trade in Bergen was this year exceedingly poor. People were afraid to mingle and the weather did the rest.

Jacob Schram has been offered the Danish consul general's office in Christiania. It is not known at this time whether or not Mr. Schram will accept.

Director Jens Thiis of Trondhjem has moved to Christiania to take charge of his new position as director-in-chief of the Art-Industrial museum.

The late Consul General I. Belling donated prior to his death 10,000 crowns to the Seamen's Mission in Bergen.

DENMARK.

Continued investigation of Alberti's affairs now bring to light the fact that he also conducted a series of swindles while serving his country as its minister of foreign affairs. The investigations show that his lots at the Ordrup race tracks, where also the agricultural lottery is located, were valued at only 20,000 crowns, but were sold by Alberti for 90,000 crowns. When he served the government he arranged that the taxes on property in that vicinity should be placed so high in order that he should be able to sell at such an enormous profit.

Denmark sent provisions and money amounting to about 100,000 crowns to the Italian earthquake sufferers. As soon as the Danish king learned of the awful disaster he cabled the Italian king and asked him in what way Denmark could be of service. The reply came that they needed provisions and these were immediately sent by means of one of the warships, which was soon loaded with provisions for the sufferers.

The church building societies of Denmark, numbering 10,000 active members, has erected twenty-five churches during the past eighteen years, and all by voluntary contributions, excluding lotteries, bazaars, fairs, suppers, etc. Twenty-five additional churches are planned.

Dr. Sven Hedin has been invited to deliver a lecture before the Geographical society in Copenhagen during the latter part of March. The committee which sent him the invitation has not yet received an answer from him.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Professor John W. Grubb, for over twenty years occupant of the chair of mathematics of Lombard college, Galesburg, Ill., committed suicide by taking strychnine and cutting an artery in one of his wrists.

Andrew G. Aikens, general manager and part owner of the Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin, is dead. Mr. Aikens was eighty years of age and had been a newspaper man for sixty-five years.

Rev. Asbery Wilkinson, said to have been perhaps the oldest Methodist minister in the whole country, both in years and in point of service, is dead at Lake Charles, La., aged ninety-two.

Luther Laflin Mills, former state's attorney of Cook county, Ill., and for many years one of the most widely known members of the Chicago bar, is dead.

Right Rev. Bernard J. McQuaid, bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Rochester, N. Y., is dead, aged eighty-five years.

Charles L. Tutt, a millionaire mining man and smelter magnate of Colorado Springs, Colo., is dead in New York city.

John H. Woodbury, the dermatologist, committed suicide in the Sea Cliff inn, at Coney Island.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

P. J. Kieran, former president of the Fidelity Funding company of New York, who is held responsible by many Catholic churches and societies all over the country for the loss of funds and whose whereabouts have been unknown to the public for several months, has surrendered to the Pittsburg authorities.

Governor Charles S. Deneen has commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of death which had been pronounced on Herman Billik of Chicago, who was condemned to hang for the murder of Mary Vrzal, whom he poisoned, with other members of the family, it was charged.

The trial of Duncan B. Cooper, Robin Cooper and John D. Sharp for the shooting in November last of former Senator Edward Ward Carmack has begun at Nashville, Tenn.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Governor Sanders of Louisiana may use state troops to stop gambling in Jefferson parish, where races are now being run daily in violation, it is alleged, of the so-called Locke anti-racing law.

Over the veto of Governor Patterson both houses of the Tennessee legislature passed the senate bill, which prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors in that state.

The United Mine Workers, in session at Indianapolis, appointed a special committee to confer with the anthracite operators regarding a wage scale.

The equal suffrage amendment passed the South Dakota senate without debate and with but two dissenting votes.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Illinois legislature is deadlocked on the election of a United States senator to succeed Senator Hopkins. Hopkins was the primary nominee and leads the vote, but lacks about twenty of securing a majority.

George E. Chamberlain, Dem., who received the primary endorsement for United States senator from Oregon, has been elected to that position by a Republican legislature.

Elihu Root, secretary of state, has been elected United States senator from New York to succeed Thomas C. Platt.

Boies Penrose has been re-elected United States senator from Pennsylvania.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 25.—Wheat—May, $1.07⅝@1.07¾; July, $1.08. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.10⅜@1.10⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅜@1.09⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.07@1.07⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.01¼@1.06.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 25.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.08¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.07¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.05¼; May, $1.07¼; July, $1.07½. Flax—To arrive, on track, May and July, $1.57; Oct., $1.36½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.25; veals, $5.55@6.00. Hogs—$5.60@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $5.10@5.25; yearlings, $6.00@6.50; lambs, $7.00@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 25.—Wheat—May, $1.07; July, 97¼@97⅜c; Sept., 94⅛c; Dec., 95c. Corn—Jan., 58¼c; May, 62@62¼c; July, 62¼c; Sept., 62⅜c. Oats—May, 51⅛@51⅞c; July, 46⅛c; Sept., 39¼c. Pork—Jan., $17.45; May, $17.12½; July, $17.20. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 21½@27c. Eggs—30c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 12c; springs, 13½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.00; Texans, $4.20@4.90; Western cattle, $3.85@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.15@5.10; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.35; calves, $5.50@7.25. Hogs—Light, $5.65@6.25; mixed, $5.85@6.35; rough, $5.90@6.10; heavy, $5.90@6.60; good to choice heavy, $6.10@6.60; pigs, $4.60@5.65. Sheep, $3.25@5.75; yearlings, $5.50@7.00; lambs, $6.00@7.75.

HIS LIFE FOR A HAND.

[illegible] the Crusaders.

In a little town or village in Gloucestershire there is a church which contains the mortal remains of one of the old crusaders. In moldering effigy he is depicted on the tomb, while by his side in cold eloquence is imaged the form of his wife. It will be noticed by even the casual observer that the female image is bereft of one of the hands, and the story runs that the crusader while fighting in the east was made a prisoner of war and brought before Saladin, who, before executing judgment upon him, asked him if there was any reason why he should not be put to death. To this the knight replied that he was but young and would leave a newly wedded wife, who would bitterly mourn his loss.

"The love of woman is as a fleeting breath," retorted the sultan. "Your wife will forget that you have ever lived; she will love again and marry another." To this the sad knight could only reply that on her fidelity he could rest his soul. "Well, then," replied Saladin, "I will promise on my oath as a soldier that if this man's wife will cut off one of her hands and send it to me I will set him free to go to her." By tedious and slow journeyings the message came, and she, in all piteousness for him who was her lover and her lord, caused her hand to be cut off and sent it to the sultan, who kept his word and set the crusader free.—London Notes and Queries.

RISE OF DIALECT.

Source of the Expressions "Stig 'Im!" and "Sick 'Em!"

When a boy in some parts of New England has occasion to set his dog upon any one or anything he exclaims, as a rule: "Stig 'im! Stig 'im!" The New York boy or the boy of the west generally says: "Sick 'em! Sick 'em!" To the western boy the command "Stig 'im!" sounds absurd; it provokes his laughter. But his own command is equally amusing to the New England boy.

This little difference illustrates the beginning of local dialect. Probably neither boy thinks of the exact meaning of what he says. He is merely repeating words he has heard others use, which he is sure, from their frequent repetition, that the dog will understand.

The boy who says "Sick 'em!" is repeating a corruption only one degree removed of the words "Seek him!" which are a very old command.

"Stig 'im!" is a corruption one degree further removed from its original than "Sick 'em!" It began with "Take him!" which was varied by the use of "so" before it—"So take him!" From this to "S' take him!" was an easy step, and the more easily pronounced "Stig 'im!" was the next corruption.—Boston Transcript.

A Perfect Chicken Pie.

Cut into pieces one chicken. Boil in enough water until tender, adding, when half done, one teaspoonful salt. Take out the chicken, keep warm and thicken the liquid with one tablespoonful each of flour and butter rubbed together, add salt and pepper to taste and boil five minutes. Take one quart of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a little salt and one cup of butter and mix as for biscuit. Take half, roll a fourth of an inch and line a dish, leaving an inch over the sides to turn over the upper crust. Put in the chicken, pour over gravy, cover with the upper crust, with a large hole in the center for steam to escape, wet the edge and fold over the upper crust and press firmly together. Spread soft butter over the top and bake about two hours in a moderate oven.—Boston Post.

"Chance."

When you talk of chance you are only confessing ignorance. The very spin of the coin is governed by the nerve, muscle or manipulation of the thumb and brain that spin it. The only chance about it is your ignorance of the forces that lift, twist and catch the coin. If you could calculate the physical and mental forces between the halfpenny's leap and return you might buy the world. But you can't. And it's just that bit of blindness that we have to call chance.—London Chronicle.

Chinese and Europeans.

Europe knew next to nothing of China or its people prior to the conquests of the famous Genghis Khan. The commotion raised by that monster made Europeans somewhat acquainted with "Far Cathay," as China was then called. It was about the year 1300, or possibly a trifle earlier, that the first Chinese made their appearance in Europe. The first commercial intercourse between Europe and China dates from about the year 1320.—New York American.

Politically Speaking.

"Shall I see your father?"

"Oh, no," said the politician's daughter. "Necessary to a choice, one."

"Then I am the groom elect?"

"You are. And, Harold"—

"Yes, dear."

"I shall expect you to keep some of these pre-election promises you've been making."—Kansas City Journal.

In Doubt.

Waiter—Tea or coffee, sir? Guest—Well, if that was tea you gave me yesterday, bring coffee; if it was coffee, bring me tea, and if it was a mixture of tea and coffee I think I'll try chocolate.—Pathfinder.

What has become of the old fashioned man who was satisfied with a "good living"?—Atchison Globe.

A QUEER WOOING.

Whistler's Offhand Wedding and the Bride's Scant Trousseau.

Labouchere's claim that he brought about the marriage of Whistler is thus recorded in the "Life of Whistler:"

I believe I am responsible for Whistler's marriage to the widow of Mr. Godwin, the architect. She was a remarkably pretty woman and very agreeable, and both she and he were thorough bohemians. I was dining with them and some others one evening at Earl's Court. They were obviously greatly attracted to each other, and in a vague sort of way they thought of marrying. So I took the matter in hand to bring things to a practical point.

"Jimmy," I said, "will you marry Mrs. Godwin?"

"Certainly," he replied.

"Mrs. Godwin," I said, "will you marry Jimmy?"

"Certainly," she replied.

"When?" I asked.

"Oh, some day," said Whistler.

"That won't do," I said. "We must have a date."

So they both agreed that I should choose the day, what church to come to for the ceremony, provide the clergyman and give the bride away. I fixed an early date and got the then chaplain of the house of commons, the Rev. Mr. Byng, to perform the ceremony.

It took place a few days later.

After the ceremony was over we adjourned to Whistler's studio, where we had prepared a banquet. The banquet was on the table, but there were no chairs. So we sat on packing cases. The happy pair when I left had not quite decided whether they would go that evening to Paris or remain in the studio.

How unpractical they were was shown when I happened to meet the bride the day before the marriage in the street.

"Don't forget tomorrow," I said.

"No," she replied; "I am just going to get my trousseau."

"A little late for that, is it not?" I asked.

"No," she answered, "for I am only going to buy a new toothbrush and a new sponge, as one ought to have new ones when one marries."

DON'T FIGHT THE WEATHER.

Try the Plan of Being on Friendly Terms With It.

What a great misfortune this is, the habit of considering the weather—of thinking that we must consider the weather! It is largely due, is it not, to clothes? No mention is made of rain in the garden of Eden, but we must not therefore contend that rain was disagreeable and omitted. We must recollect that Adam and Eve did not need to consider rain. Furthermore, in blessed ignorance they did not know that it was anything to be considered.

To mind the rain no more than the May sunshine, but to plunge into it and let the drops pelt as they will, to accept snow without a thought of discomfort, but, rather, to enjoy the thronging presence of it; to pursue one's daily stint regardless of whether the sky be dun or blue—this is a state which we, especially of the cities, long, long have lost.

We regain it, some of us, in the wilderness camp, where we hunt or fish if the day be dark or if the day be bright, and where we find that the dash of the soft rain on one's face is not death, after all; that wetness and dryness are merely relative terms.

All the centuries of fussing and fuming with the weather have not affected the weather one particle. It still rains and snows and sleets and blows, just as dictated by circumstances. Therefore, what's the use? Are your puny diatribes or mine of any greater potency than those of others gone before? Evidently not. Accordingly try the plan of being friendly with the weather, of agreeing with it instead of fighting it, and, 'pon my word, presently it will be agreeing with you.—E. L. Sabin in Lippincott's.

Kinnikinic.

"We ran out of tobacco while fishing in the Canadian wilds," said a clubman. "Our guides put us on to kinnikinic, and we smoked that for ten days. It wasn't bad.

"Kinnikinic is the inner bark of the red willow. You dry it, then you cut it up. It really tastes like tobacco. The Indians always use it when they can't get the real thing, and I understand that there are certain brands of Canadian tobacco that are flavored with kinnikinic."—Washington Times.

Snakes Changed Into Rods.

The Egyptian cobra is not unlike its Asiatic relative except in respect of the absence of the curious spectacle-like mark which distinguishes the latter. Although it is the most poisonous reptile known to inhabit northern Africa, it is the favorite among the snake charmers. These conjurers know how to render this serpent rigidly unconscious by pressing the nape of its neck with a finger. This act appears to throw the reptile into catalepsy, in which it as stiff as an iron rod.

The Horological Revenge.

They were looking over their wedding presents. He pointed to a small bronze clock. "Seems to me," he said, "that I have seen that before."

"You have," she returned serenely. "You gave it to my first husband and me for a wedding present. When we divided the things after the divorce he kept the clock, and now he is sending it back to us."—New York Press.

Sharp and Blunt.

Cora—She has such keen perceptions. Dora—And such a blunt way of conveying them.—Puck.

TIME IN TURKEY.

The Hours Are Always Changing and Holidays Are Numerous.

In addition to laziness in Turkey there is inaccuracy. The Turkish official is naturally inaccurate, and habit and conceit make him more so. This perhaps is due to the way in which Turkey measures time. Twelve o'clock in the day corresponds with sunset—that is to say, whatever hour the sun sets, it must always be 12. Consequently the hours change always, getting later the first half of the year and earlier in the last, which compels everybody to put his watch to daily torture. So no one in Turkey can flatter himself that he has the exact time. The most strict of Englishmen soon loses his national punctuality, so when two Turks make an appointment it is within the limit of half an hour or an hour, and even then they don't generally arrive till after the time agreed on, each one calculating on the utmost possible delay on the part of the other.

Consequently the state employees are not bound down by very severe discipline. No one expects them to arrive at their office at any particular time, especially as the majority of them go hardly at all. As for the most industrious, they appear for two or three hours in the afternoon only, and rather late. In the morning state offices are usually closed. Besides this workdays are rather scarce for the race of officials. Friday is the Sabbath of the Mohammedans. Saturday is the day after a feast day, and one does not do much then. Sunday the Greeks and Armenians remain, like good Christians, at home, and the Mohammedans generally imitate so good an example. Monday is again the morrow of a feast day. Wednesday there is a meeting of the council of ministers, and few employees go then to the ministry. With religious festivals added in, it is easy to understand that out of the 365 days of the year there are not many left to consecrate to the interests of the Ottoman empire.—Nicholas C. Adossides in American Magazine.

THE CABIN BOY.

He Has Become Practically a Thing of the Past.

An old sea captain who brought his ship into port recently after a long voyage from the east was talking about the changed conditions in the merchant marine since he entered it fifty years ago.

"I was thinking particularly," he said, "of how the cabin boy has completely disappeared, or at least how extremely rare he is now. I went to sea when I was twelve years old and got my full share of the many duties and few pleasures that belonged to the job I took. I waited on the officers, or the passengers if we had any, helped the steward in the pantry and even had to assist 'cookie' despite the chronic kicking I put up over that imposition. Besides all those things, of course, the crew made me run errands for them, and everybody in general seemed to regard 'the boy' as the scapegoat for anything that went wrong. All new cabin boys were unmercifully laughed at if they were either homesick or seasick, and there were various practical jokes which had to be tried on them by the seamen. I remember well how I was told the first day I came aboard never to throw anything to windward except hot water and ashes and how I was green enough to follow these orders implicitly. The sight of my red and streaming eyes set the crew into roars of laughter.

"Those times are gone. There's no place at sea for any one but an able-bodied man now. Even the 'mess boys,' so called on the liners and in the navy, are all men. The modern changes in the build of vessels have left no work fit for a boy, and I don't believe you could find one now unless on some very small craft."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Power of Habit Strong.

"The habit of looking under the bed for burglars," the young woman said, "is something that folks laugh at, but I have never been able to get myself out of it. I never feel perfectly comfortable unless I look, no matter where I happen to be. To my mind there isn't any place except a safe deposit vault burglars are unlikely to be. In fact, the habit is so strongly ingrained in me that one night when I was staying in a small country hotel, where there was nothing but a folding bed in the room, I took it down and then looked under it before I got into bed. That's a fact. I laughed at myself the minute after."—Detroit Free Press.

London In White.

After a few visits to the White City one feels rather desirous of whitewashing the whole of London. Why not? White is an admirable background for color. Our blue sky becomes bluer and our gray sky looks more beautiful behind it, while a golden sky makes white buildings delightful. If we could only make the whole city white, to begin with, and then gradually and sparingly color, what a beautiful city London would be!—British Architect.

Keeping Up to Date.

"Yes," said the housewife, "yours is a sad story. But it isn't the same story you told last year."

"Well, lady," answered Plodding Pete, "you surely wouldn't expect a man to go all dat time an' not show any improvement?"—Washington Star.

Accents.

In the midst of a rambling speech the political orator declared, "The situation is grave; the crisis is acute."

"And the gentleman's speech," added the newspaper reporter, "was circumflex."—Youth's Companion.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE SLAUGHTER OF THE ROBINS

There is not a northern state but has laws for the protection of useful birds, chief among which is the robin, for which a remarkably strong attachment has been formed as one of spring's first harbingers and as the best bird friend of the farmer, orchardist and gardener. Until lately the redbreast has met an entirely different reception during his winter sojourn in the south, where he has been prized chiefly as a tender morsel for stew or pie and where myriads of the pretty fellows have been killed annually. Northern readers will be interested in learning that in central Tennessee are large tracts of cedar, the berries of which are highly prized by the robins as a winter food. One small town in this district has sent to market annually 120,000 birds, which netted $500, or a paltry pittance of 5 cents per dozen. They are caught at night in their roosting places in the young cedars, whither their inhuman butchers proceed with torches and knock them down with club or climb the trees and kill them as they fly in. An officer of the Louisiana Audubon society is authority for the statement that previous to last winter, when a law was passed for the protection of the robins, the annual slaughter of this bird in that state ranged from a quarter of a million to a million. In other states and sections of the south a score of 300 robins a day for a single pot hunter has not been an uncommon thing. In view of data of the above character it would seem that Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture might bring to the attention of congress most emphatically the practical necessity of protecting the robin as an interstate bird, and this from the dollars and cents standpoint and not from the aesthetic or humanitarian. Every robin that is killed means a loss in money to the farmer and gardener, and this fact should be given more general recognition.

SWEDISH SELECT OATS.

A few weeks ago there appeared in these columns a paragraph giving some description of a new variety of oats known as the Regenerated Swedish Select, recently introduced by an English seed firm and for which strong claims are being made, and that by farmers who have grown them in some of the northern states. With a view to securing a somewhat more authoritative and perhaps more disinterested opinion touching the variety mentioned, inquiry was made of Professor M. L. Bowman, in charge of the farm crops section of the Iowa experiment station at Ames, who wrote that the experience with the Swedish Select oats on the station farm for the past year was not all that could be desired, though he was not sure that the unsatisfactory results were not in part due to the fact that the season was unfavorable for oats of any variety. In view of this rather unfavorable report, the writer would repeat here in substance a suggestion which has been given by letter to several inquirers—that those wishing to try the new oats would do well to make the test on a small scale, with a bushel or so of seed, with a view of learning their adaptability to weather and soil conditions which may prevail in one's own locality. If they should not pan out, the experiment would cost but little, while if they seemed to possess exceptional merit enough seed would be raised so that they could be sown on a larger scale the following year. There is no question that many farmers would realize a larger financial return if they raised a type of oats which were more vigorous and prolific, but it does not seem to be fully determined as yet that the Swedish Select in its present stage of acclimatization is best suited for the accomplishment of this end.

THE AUDUBON SOCIETIES.

Having seen references in these notes and elsewhere to the work of the Audubon societies, a North Carolina reader writes desiring further information about the societies' organization, objects, conditions of membership, etc. Briefly speaking, it may be said that each state has or may have an Audubon society, with as many branch or local naturalist societies as are desired. Then there is the National Association of Audubon Societies, with headquarters at 141 Broadway, New York city, the president of the organization being William Dutcher. The annual membership fee in the society is $5 per year, and a life membership may be had for $100. Its object is "to protect wild life; to teach the value of birds to agriculture and forestry; to urge the passage of legislative measures which will bring about these ends," etc. T. G. Pearson of Greensboro is the secretary of the North Carolina Audubon society. Pamphlets explaining in detail the work of the societies will be gladly furnished on application to the national or state officers.

The United States consumes annually white paper which makes a solid roll 830 feet high and 877 feet in diameter and weighs approximately 2,700,000 tons. To produce it requires $8,800,000 worth of rags, $7,400,000 of waste paper and $20,800,000 of wood pulp, besides other essential materials.

On some of the irrigated lands of the western states as high as eight and a half tons of alfalfa hay are grown per acre yearly under irrigation. A feature that adds much to the value of the crop is that ideal weather conditions usually prevail for the curing and securing of the hay. Three and sometimes four cuttings are secured yearly from established fields.

It is worthy of mention that L. B. Clore of Indiana, who carried off sweepstake prizes at the national corn show at Omaha on best ten ears and best bushel of corn, owns a farm of about fifty acres and not a half section. He has probably come to the conclusion, to which some others come sooner or later, that a fellow can't spread himself or his operations over all creation and amount to much in any one spot.

The total value of the agricultural products in the United States for the year just closed is placed at close to $8,000,000,000, of which grand total $1,750,000,000 was raised in the cornfields of the country. It is not surprising in the face of such figures that hard times cannot stay for long or that the export trade of the country is far in excess of the import. The production of this enormous volume of new wealth directly from the soil means a national prosperity in which every citizen will share.

Those in charge of the farm crops section of the Wisconsin experiment station feel justly proud of the showing which they have made in the past five years in the matter of developing the Oderbrucker type of barley. In the interval mentioned they have been able to increase the yield of this variety nearly ten bushels per acre. A test shows that the new barley contains 15 per cent of protein, which not only means that it is the best grain for malt, but for feed as well. So well has the new barley been advertised and so effectively has it been introduced that the past year it comprised one-third of all the barley grown in the state. Its remarkable vigor and productivity are shown in a yield of sixty bushels to the acre on one of the station fields of fifty-five acres, and this not an experimental plot.

Wenatchee (Wash.) apple growers are feeling pretty good over the results of the national apple show held recently at Spokane, in which they carried off better than 75 per cent of the prizes. Among the prizes were one of $1,000 paid by the National Apple Growers' association for the best car of apples, a number of minor prizes, ranging from $25 to $500, and first prize for the largest perfect apple, which weighed thirty-one ounces. One of the finest displays of apples at the recent horticultural congress at Council Bluffs, Ia., was exhibited by the Wenatchee Fruit Growers' association, the size and beauty of the fruit being almost beyond description. The Wenatchee people seem to be exceptionally well situated for fruit raising and from appearances are making the most of their opportunities.

Recent figures made public by the bureau of statistics at Washington show that during the year 1907 the total consumption of sugar in the United States was 7,089,035,075 pounds, which means that each American consumed on the average eighty-six pounds, or considerably more than half his own weight of the sweet stuff. Of the total amount of sugar consumed 21.7 per cent was produced at home, 17.7 per cent was brought from our island possessions, while the remaining 61 per cent came from foreign countries. An interesting feature of the report is that for the first time in the history of home sugar production the output of beet sugar exceeded that of cane, the figures being 967,000,000 pounds of the former to 544,000,000 of the latter. During the past twenty years the world's sugar production has nearly doubled, the total for last year being 32,000,000,000 pounds.

One of the interesting and also inspiring features of the big Omaha corn show was the presence there of Senor Zeferino Dominguez, a wealthy ranchman and agriculturist who lives at Puebla, Mexico. He was in charge of the Mexican exhibit, mostly of his own furnishing, and gave practical proof of his interest in progressive agriculture by donating the splendid $1,500 trophy, a solid silver bust of President Diaz, mounted on a handsomely carved onyx pedestal, for the class making the best record in corn judging. Not only this, but the senor has 1,500 acres of fine land on which he is working out the experiments in seed selection and plant breeding and securing much the same results as are obtained by American experiment stations. His generous attitude is still further shown in the time and energy which he is devoting to get the results of his own and American experiments in tangible shape—lectures and photographs—so as to better the agricultural conditions of his poorer and more ignorant fellow countrymen. Visitors at the corn show were privileged to hear an address from Mr. Dominguez which was direct and practical, gave warm commendation of the progress of American agriculture and exhibited withal a kindly and generous spirit. Mexico is fortunate in having such a citizen.

The nearest approach we know of to a fellow's getting his living off the country without much labor is the beekeeper with anywhere from 100 to 200 stands of bees. One friend we have in mind has had better than a ton of honey the past few months and by seeking a market has realized from 11 to 14 cents a pound for it.

The aigret, or plume of the white heron, which is sometimes worn on the hats of thoughtless women is secured at the cost of the bird's life, a portion of skin, with the beautiful feathers attached, being torn from the back of the animal between the shoulders. To such an extent has the ruthless destruction of this beautiful bird been carried to satisfy feminine vanity that it is threatened with extermination unless radical measures are adopted to protect it.

At a recent meeting of a Minneapolis woman's club action was taken condemning the wearing of bird trimmed hats, the members agreeing that they would not wear a hat trimmed with any part of a bird save ostrich and coq feathers. The action taken is the result of a campaign which has been waged for some time past by the local Audubon society. The move is a sensible and practical one and is as much a tribute to the femininity as to the humanity of the women who are responsible for it.

A Billings (Mont.) feeder who intends going into the hog raising business extensively proposes using what he terms alfalfa tea as a part of the food ration. He holds that the stalks of the alfalfa plant, usually trampled underfoot, contain the most nutrition, and it is with a view to preventing this loss that he has been led to try the new feed. The alfalfa will be placed in huge vats, which are to be heated by coils of steam pipes. When thoroughly steeped a small amount of grain and sugar beet pulp will be added. The young pigs and feeders will be given this ration chiefly, while their fattening will be concluded with corn.

We have an inquiry from a reader at Piqua, O., asking where the Toggenburg variety of Swiss goats may be secured and for any other information that would be of value. This breed and the Saanen are the two leading breeds of Swiss milk goats in this country and are bred by the following persons: R. N. Riddle, Rahway, N. J.; L. W. Bingham, Ridgewood, N. J.; Rev. D. C. Mayers, Radford, Va.; W. J. Andrews, Raleigh, N. C.; Winthrop Howlands, Redlands, Cal., and S. H. Bowman, Paso Robles, Cal. Our correspondent will be able to secure much valuable information on the general subject of goat raising by writing the bureau of animal industry at Washington for bulletin No. 69, which treats this subject thoroughly and exhaustively.

This is the season of land seekers' excursions, and it is well for those who take these trips with a serious purpose in view to keep one or two things in mind. Perhaps the most important from the agricultural point of view is that of rainfall, for most any soil that has not been exhausted will produce abundant crops if it receives sufficient moisture. Another point which should be given serious consideration is the character of the surface and subsoil. Another feature of a new country that serves as a pretty accurate criterion of its value for tillage purposes is the type of grasses and trees which grow naturally in the vicinity. While the land agent's talk should be listened to respectfully, what he says should not blind one to the above points.

As showing that a defective or poorly adjusted monetary system may operate to the disadvantage of a people and prevent their making the best progress materially and industrially may be cited the case of the Mexican farmers. A sixteen inch crossing plow of American make costs in the neighborhood of $10 in this country. After the freight charges are added, the import tax paid and its value expressed in terms of a Mexican silver currency, which is inflated nearly 100 per cent, it retails, adding a profit to the dealer, at better than $30. Naturally this seems a high price and, with the natural conservatism of the Mexican agriculturist, serves to make him content to scratch the ground with the ill devised iron stick which has been in use for centuries. He thinks he can't afford to buy modern machinery and so continues in the same old rut.

Leaflet No. 19, issued by the National Association of Audubon Societies and treating of the Mallard duck, rightly remonstrates against the indiscriminate slaughter of this beautiful game bird and suggests that the only way it may be preserved to future generations is by restricting the open season to the fall months and placing a rigid limit on the number of birds which may be killed by an individual in any one day. The pamphlet also cites several interesting incidents where as a result of prohibiting the shooting of wild ducks within given limits they have grown so tame that they would swim in and out among the boats near southern pleasure resorts, come out on the lawns and bask in the sun and even eat food from the hand. It is to be hoped that some measures may be taken which will keep this interesting species of bird from utter extermination.

F. E. Trigg

ISHMAELS OF CEYLON.

The Rodigas, a Curious Tribe of Social Outcasts.

There is a curious tribe of people in Ceylon called the Rodigas, who live the life of social Ishmaels, despised and cast out by their fellows. Until quite recently they lived apart from the abodes of other men, in holes and caves. In no case may they lie down to rest with other men. They may not enter a temple or a court of justice and on all occasions are compelled to "stand afar off." So low down in the scale of humanity are they placed that they may not even speak with strangers except through the intermediary of a man of the lowest caste above their own. Of late years their status has been improved, and they are less servile in consequence, but even now they fall on their knees with uplifted hands to address people of the lowest recognized caste, and upon the approach of a traveler they shout to warn him to stop until they can get off the road and he can pass without risk of defilement from the proximity of their persons. It is curious and yet so characteristic of society in all countries and all levels that even among these people, who seem to have reached the very lowest rung of the human ladder, there are classes and social distinctions. Thus the ambetteyos, or barbers, and the hanomoreyos, or betal box makers, are looked upon with contempt by the despised, ostracized Rodigas, who go to the length of shutting up their dogs lest they should stray into the houses of the lowborn or gnaw a bone that they may throw at them.—Dundee Advertiser.

THE COCKET WRITERS.

What Happened When England Abolished Their Offices.

In the long room of the London custom house years ago were twelve officers styled "cocket writers." They wrote certificates that goods had been duly entered and the duties paid. They were also known as patent officers because appointed for life by letters patent from the crown. Their salaries were nominal, £60 a year, but they were permitted to remunerate themselves by extorting fees from the merchants—fees which in some cases amounted to a thousand pounds a year. In 1851 the treasury determined to abolish patent offices and called upon the twelve cocket writers to furnish a statement of their emoluments. The officers, ignorant of the treasury's purpose, imagined that the government intended to impose an income tax. Ten of the writers, therefore, returned a statement which understated their fees by several hundred pounds. The other two furnished an honest statement. In a few days ten clerks were surprised and disgusted and two clerks were astonished, but pleased. The treasury notified the cocket writers that their offices would be abolished and that they would be compensated by pensions rated according to the returns they had themselves furnished. There were gnashing of teeth and broad smiles in the long room. One of the two honest cocket writers enjoyed his pension for fifty-two years, during which time the treasury paid him £52,000.

Where Dollars Originated.

Joachimsthal, near Carlsbad, is historic as the birthplace of the original dollar. This was the silver guldengroschen, coined in 1519 by order of Count Schlick from the metal of a recently opened mine, and it became known as the joachimsthaler, or "thaler" alone for short. Before 1600 the nimble English language had already made "dollar" of this. Therefore this name was loosely used of all manner of coins, varying in value from 75 cents to $1.25 and belonging to all manner of countries, from Sweden to Japan. It was from the prevalence of the Spanish "dollar" in the British-American colonies at the time of their revolt that the modern "almighty dollar" was derived, while in modern English very recent slang has given the name to the crown piece.

What It Was.

She was visiting a Chinese restaurant for the first time and had ordered, among other things, an omelet. After sampling the succulent chop suey and the appetizing chow mein she turned her attention to what seemed a dish of pancakes. Puzzling over the combination of ham, onion and other ingredients, she suddenly exclaimed to her companion, "Why, there's egg in this!"

"Sure; it's the omelet," he replied.—New York Press.

Civilized Poverty.

Barbarism has no horrors so horrible as the bestial squalor and sheer misery of civilized poverty. Poverty is a great evil in any state, but the world has not known any poverty so foul, so brutal and so utterly loathsome as the poverty of the city slum, the sweating den, the pawnshop and the gin palace.—Clarion.

Happy School Days.

Tommy was about to leave the school where he had spent his first years. He went to the teacher to say goodby and added: "I am awfully sorry to leave this school. I had such good times at recess."—Lippincott's.

Encouraging.

The Suitor—Johnny, your parlor clock is an hour fast. The Kid Brother—I know it, but don't tell sister so. The Suitor—Why not? The Kid Brother—Because she thinks you don't know it.—Cleveland Leader.

"One swallow does not make a summer," it is true, but a banana skin will often make one fall.—Pathfinder.

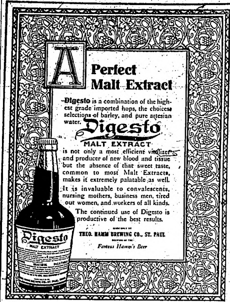
A Perfect Malt Extract

Digesto is a combination of the highest grade imported hops, the choicest selections of barley, and pure artesian water.

Digesto MALT EXTRACT is not only a most efficient vitalizer and producer of new blood and tissue but the absence of that sweet taste, common to most Malt Extracts, makes it extremely palatable as well.

It is invaluable to convalescents, nursing mothers, business men, tired out women, and workers of all kinds.

The continued use of Digesto is productive of the best results.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL

Famous Hamm's Beer

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

The Peeples State Bank wishes to announce that T. P. Hamre has retired cashier, having sold his stock in the bank to H. P. Sponheim. The new cashier, Oscar Sponheim, needs no introduction, as he has served as assistant cashier since the organization.

We look forward to the continuance of all our former customers and invite new customers to call on us and open up an account or transact such other banking business as they may have.

People's State Bank.

THE NEWS
THIEF
RIVER
FALLS
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

The News: $1 per Year

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1909 NUMBER 6

SCHOOLS OF AGRICULTURE

A New Bill Introduced in the Legislature That Is of Local Interest.

County Schools of Agriculture Would Not Be a Burden on the Tax Payers.

Red Lake county people are interested in a bill by L. H. Johnson, former speaker of the House, to establish in the state six county agricultural schools and appropriating therefor ninety thousand dollars. This bill will be a special order in the House on Thursday, February 4th. The bill provides that two thirds of the original cost and maintainance shall be borne by the state and the balance by the counties in which the schools are located. It is estimated that the cost of establishing the kind of a school contemplated by the act will be from $20,000 to $25,000, and the six schools will be located in the first six counties providing a sufficient tax levy to comply with the act and reporting the fact to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Dean of the Agricultural College. Under the act ten acres of ground is required for each school and the site must be a donation from the village or city getting the school. Among the strong supporters of the Johnson bill is J. F. Jacobson, who in a personal letter to Mr. Johnson fully endorses the plan and urges a still larger appropriation in order that ten schools may be established instead of six.

If this bill becomes a law, Red Lake county should have an agricultural school.

The Growth of Minnesota.

The farm products of Minnesota have increased approximately from $9,000,000 in 1860 to $260,000,000 in 1907, according to the figures just issued by State Immigration Commissioner George Welsh, in his first biennial report to the governor.

As a result of the steady increase of urban population, which comes largely from the rural districts, the land owners find it difficult to get men to till the land and in consequence farms decreased in value. The farm products in Minnesota had been erroneously placed very low by people in other states, so that few immigrants were attracted to come to this state. In reality Minnesota ranks very high in the value of production per acre. It is exceeded by Illinois alone, but the average in that state is $152.38, while here it is $37.97. Although only 34.1 per cent of the land in Minnesota is actually tilled, she stands fourth in the rank of cereal production, when a comparison is made with the forty-six states in the Union.

The manufactured products of the state have increased by leaps and bounds in the last half century. In 1860 the value of the manufactured products was $3,000,000 and in 1907 it reached the total of $350,000,000.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Votendahl for the sum of $30. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Warren's Position.

It is now definitely stated that the Soo will build its long planned line from Thief River Falls to Duluth. The Wisconsin Central which has a line connecting Duluth and Chicago, has recently been acquired by the Canadian Pacific interests, the same interests that control the Soo road. That means that the Soo road will run through trains from Chicago to Winnipeg, and also to the coast. As soon as the direct line between Duluth and Thief River Falls is completed, the Kenmare line will undoubtedly be made the main line to the coast. In a few years through trains between Chicago and Pacific coast points will pass Warren daily. Warren's position on a great transcontinental line is certainly most fortunate.—Warren Sheaf.

Mrs. Charles W. Latta Dead.

Mrs. Charles W. Latta, wife of the editor of the Plummer Pioneer, died very suddenly last Thursday. The body was taken to Crookston, the former home of the deceased, and burried on Monday. The death is a particularly sad one, as there is a large family of small children.

G. Granum Locates in West.

A deal was closed this week whereby G. Granum, of Thief River Falls, Minn., becomes owner of the Stanton Parker building. Mr. Granum will put in a full stock of general merchandise and hardware, and being a tinner by trade will have a tin shop in connection. His family will join him in the spring. Thus Bigfork continues to grow without a boom and a great noise. Just watch our smoke.—Flathead County News, Bigfork, Montana.

Secures a Pension.

Mrs. Marial Olson a patron of Route No. 1 has received official information through Congressman Steenerson, that her claim for pension has been allowed, and she will receive her first payment at an early date. Mrs. Olson is the widow of John Olson, who was a member of Company H., 1st Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Cavalry during the Civil War.

Missed The Trip.

A. A. White, of St. Paul, but the owner of considerable real estate in Crookston, was on the Republic when it met with its accident. It was really a funny thing—if anything could be funny about the disaster—that A. A. White, of St. Paul, was on board. For everybody who knows him, knows also that for years he has wanted to go to Europe and was afraid to do so. He had such a fear of the ocean that whenever his wife and daughter went, he would get as far as New York and then back out. This time his family, who are in Rome, have been writing for him, and finally he decided to muster courage enough and go. He purchased a regular trosseau of new clothes before he started and sailed on the Republic.—Crookston Chronicle.

Bad Fire at Emerson.

The worst fire that has ever occurred in Emerson occurred last Saturday evening at 6:30 o'clock and completely destroyed $100,000 worth of property. The fire started in the extreme north end of the Alexandria block in a store formerly occupied by Bell & Co., and at present rented to Perelee Bros., who have been conducting a bankrupt stock sale.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Any one wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

Absolutely Pure

Grapes give the chief ingredient, the active principle, and healthfulness, to

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Insures wholesome and delicious food for every day in every home

No Phosphates
No Alum

MAKING SILAGE WITHOUT SILOS

Thief River Falls, Minn., Jan. 23, 1909.

As most every one of you is aware, I have for a number of years had a couple of silos, which I, every fall, have filled to their full capacity. The ensilage during the winter months forms with me an important part of the ration for the cows. It is a succulent feed, easily digested and well liked by all kinds of stock, which, if fed silage, seems to have better appetite for hay and other dry roughage also. So I, for my part, like the silo very much and as long as I keep stock, and especially dairy cows, I could not afford to part with mine.

But inasmuch as not every farmer can afford to put up a silo and equip himself with necessary machinery for handling a crop of fodder corn, the method of making silage without a silo fits nicely in its place. I tried it last fall and with such good success, that I would recommend it to every farmer in the community.

Every farmer can raise a few acres of fodder corn which handled in this way, can be put up at a nominal cost, so everyone would be able to provide a certain amount of succulent food for his cows during the winter months. Last year I had about 30 acres of fodder corn and after having filled and re-filled both my silos, I had about 7 acres of fodder left which I put up in a stack outside the barn. The corn fodder was hauled in from the field as soon as cut with the binder and put up in a stack about 16 feet in diameter and pressed down with an outfit called the Jenson Press.

This press outfit consists of 4 jacks or presses, 4 18-foot chains, 1 lever and 4 anchor rods and costs $50. Besides that you need some poles and a couple of timbers on top and that is all.

But if you do not want to go to the expense of buying this outfit you can obtain pressure in some other way—for instance, by using 4 common jack-screws costing $1.50 apiece. Jack-screws can be placed on top of the timber, a small wooden block on top of the jack-screws and chain across the wooden block, and then you can press your corn down all you want to. It requires a few more chains in this way than by the Jenson Press. Of course, the Jenson Press is the most convenient as it takes only a minutes' time to go around the corners of the stack and tighten a notch or two wherever there is a slack on the chain. In regard to the quality of the silage in the stack compared with that in the silo, I consider it about the same.

Now is the time to make plans; speak to your neighbors and get them interested. The corn can be put in with a shoe drill, if you do not have a corn planter and as a corn binder is needed two, three or four can very well club in for one. Whatever you do, by all means raise some fodder corn.

Before leaving the subject, I would make a comparison between the silo and the stack. Most farmers who have had experience in doing chores know the difference in having hay in the barn and outside the barn at all seasons—one point in favor of the silo.

The outside ring about 8 inches deep rots and goes to waste in the stack while it is utilized in the silo as there is no waste there—another point in favor of the silo. But the expensive part of it speaks highly in favor of the stack.

If any more information is wanted by anyone along this line, I would be glad to give it.

PETER ENGELSTAD.

VALUATION AND TAXES

Interesting Figures Gleaned From Abstract of Assessment in Auditor's Office.

Total Assessed Valuation Is $3,724,306.00—Total Tax Is $159,021.06.

The total valuation—the assessed valuation—of Red Lake county property, personal and real, for the year 1908 is $3,724,306.00. Of course these figures are conservative for they do not include the value of lost articles and articles of personal property are so liable to be "lost" in the spring. The total tax levy is $159,021.06.

The following figures show the assessed valuation and tax levy of each city, village and township in the county:

Bray	$ 92,784	$ 2,659 90
Black River	11,402	3,458 59
Clover Leaf	47,060	1,778 52
Deer Park	30,187	1,311 70
Emardville	86,309	4,110 36
Equality	108,220	7,166 52
Garnes	118,504	4,769 20
Gervais	121,437	5,345 29
Goodrich	20,753	839 11
Highlanding	40,107	1,005 53
Hickory	9,839	297 58
Kratka	39,207	1,594 49
Lake Pleasant	117,710	3,763 81
Lambert	134,875	5,375 50
Louisville	143,710	4,610 70
Mayfield	27,286	1,106 60
Norden	81,884	2,901 34
North	71,930	3,725 81
Numedal	76,036	3,282 43
Polk Center	140,278	4,069 66
Poplar River	181,779	5,365 78
Red Lake Falls Tp.	131,304	4,222 99
River Falls	101,623	5,119 30
Rocksbury	128,544	4,905 47
Reiner	10,401	424 61
Sanders	86,703	4,511 20
Silverton	30,381	1,077 49
Smiley	45,386	2,245 21
Star	12,446	449 46
Terrebonne	144,707	7,220 85
Wyandotte	88,948	4,349 66
Plummer	39,456	1,608 21
St. Hilaire	73,465	3,019 02
R. L. Falls City	250,026	17,525 86
T. R. Falls City	752,954	31,913 58
	3,721,306	159,021 05

The average rate of taxation is 42 7 mills.

St. Hilaire Creamery Report for 1908.

Pounds of cream received, 826,370.

Average test, 26 per cent.

Pounds or butterfat, 215,100.89.

Pounds of butter made, 257,503 25.

Churn over-run, 42,294 lbs or 19.7 per cent.

Butter shipped out of the state, 329,188.25.

Butter sold in the state, 16,914.

Butter sold to patrons, 1,371.25.

Total pounds of butter sold, 257,503.25.

Average price per pound received for butter, 25.1.

Price paid per pound for butterfat, 27.5.

Cost per pound of making butter, 1.45.

Total amount of money received, $64,008.12.

Net amount paid to patrons, $50,220.60.

Buttermaker's wages, $1,890.00.

Helper's wages, $400.00.

Secretary's salary, $348.80.

Treasurer's salary, $84.00.

Other officers' salaries, $72.00.

Paid the manager at Hazel station, $71.00.

Paid the manager at Wyandotte station, $45.50.

Paid the manager at Polk Center station.

Paid the manager at Bray station, No. 1, $33.50.

Paid the manager at Bray station, No. 2, $18.00.

Paid for butter tubs and boxes, 1,065 63.

Paid for fuel, $120; ice $30; butter salt, $82.18, $232.18.

Incidentals, $263.60; freight and commission, $1,645.70; $1,889.30.

Total amount paid out, $64,008 13.

Net in sinking fund, $793.90.

N. A. Nelson, Secretary.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Kill the Canadian Thistle.

Canada thistles are a very persistent weed, hence are destroyed with a good deal of hard work. Late fall plowing is severe on all weeds that are propagated from roots that water in the soil. A spring fallow every week with a spring tooth harrow, continued until June, will destroy many of the roots. Plant to corn, and don't allow a thistle to grow during the summer. Use a surface cultivator with steel points or sweeps, which will cut the thistles off just below the surface. Use a sharp hoe about the hills of corn. Small patches may be destroyed by keeping them cut with a hoe or spade. The roots cannot live if the tops are kept from growing.—N. W. Agriculturist.

Jury List Drawn.

List of Petit Jurors drawn to serve at the March general term of court, Red Lake county:

- Mathias Waldorph, Lake Pleasant.
- John Powers, Black River.
- N. A. Nelson, River Falls.
- Hans Kolseth, Wyandotte.
- Jacob O. Valdahl, Emardville.
- Nels Person, Polk Centre.
- Peter Starken, Gervais.
- Halvor Hanson, Bray.
- Paul Cyr, Red Lake Falls Twp.
- David Paradis, Poplar River.
- Patrick Moylan, North.
- Henry Hennemuth, Red Lake Falls.
- Sam Lura, Smiley.
- Dan Linnihan, Red Lake Falls.
- Nels Nora, Norden.
- W. J. McGinty, Thief River Falls.
- Louis Farlardeau, Lambert.
- Christ Bugge, Numedal.
- Lars Notteland, Rocksbury.
- Magnus Olson, Mayfield.
- Otto Geske, Silverton.
- Jorgen Hegland, Garnes.
- Hans Guldrandson, Emardville.
- Samuel McMahom, Highlanding.

Pastures His Sheep on Rye.

N. C. Hanson, a farmer residing in the central portion of the county who has been successful in the raising of winter rye for several years past, is this winter pasturing his sheep upon the green rye covering about 200 acres of his farm.

Not only are the sheep doing well upon the feed furnished upon this field, the rye having reached a height of six inches last fall, but, from experience, Mr. Hanson finds that the rye crop another season will be the better for this pasturing.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

New Telephone Line.

A meeting was held at the residence of Ole Riersgaard, last Saturday to consider the telephone question. One matter discussed by members present was a prospective line between Garnes and Malone. The concensus of opinion seemed to be that this line should be constructed in the near future, and a committee of three was appointed to confer with the directors of the Clearwater Farmers Telephone Co., in an endeavor to co-operate with them. If unable to do this, the line will be built by way of Kratka and Highlanding to Thief River Falls.—Plummer Pioneer.

FAIR DATES ARE SET

Annual Meeting of Red Lake County Agricultural Association Held Last Week.

All of the Old Officers Are Again Elected, but the Secretary Will Resign.

The annual meeting of the Red Lake County Agricultural Association was held in the office of Daniel Shaw last Friday evening. The attendance was large and Dr. G. A. Penney, the secretary of the association, made his annual report and it showed that the association is in a prosperous condition. An auditing committee composed of T. L. Melgaard and W. B. Fuller was appointed to audit the books.

All of the old officers of the association were again elected, but the secretary will resign as soon as some person can be found to take this position. Most of the work of the fair falls upon the secretary and it is too much to expect one person to fill this office two years in succession.

The dates for the fair this year will be Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 4, 5 and 6. As the lease on the fair grounds expires this year, a committee was appointed to select a new location.

Raises Good Chickens.

Last week James J. Hill ordered a lot of chickens from the state experimental farm at Crookston and they will be put on his big farm near St. Paul. The Crookston experiment farm is gaining an extensive reputation for chicken raising and orders are being received daily from every section of the Northwest. Professor Robertson is devoting considerable attention to securing a breed that will be wholly pure.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Hon. John M. Arctander, of Minneapolis, the most noted lawyer and orator among the Scandinavians in America, will deliver a lecture in the Norwegian language at the opera house in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Arctander's prominence as a speaker should secure for him a large attendance and all Scandinavians in Thief River Falls and vicinity should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. Admission free. Do not forget the date.

Attention Farmers!

All farmers interested in raising potatoes are requested to be in Thief River Falls on Friday, Feb. 12, to attend a meeting which is for the purpose of creating a potato market in Thief River Falls. The meeting is to be held in the city hall.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongest the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

IDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

STOCKHOLM GREETS HEDIN

Explorer Arrives at the Capital In a Warship Which the King Had Placed at His Disposal—He Is Received at the Palace by the King, Who Engages Him in a Long Conversation—Will Not Come to America Until August.

SWEDEN.

Dr. Sven Hedin arrived at last in Stockholm a week ago last Sunday and was accorded a brilliant reception. He was first received at Furusund by the Anthropological-Geographical society, which came to meet him in a warship which the king had ordered placed at Hedin's disposal. The warship landed at the national museum, where representatives of the king, the riksdag, the city, the Academy of Sciences and various representatives from a score of societies

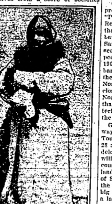

SVEN HEDIN.

were on hand to extend him the hand of welcome. The Stockholm male chorus was on hand and rendered several songs of welcome. After greetings had been exchanged Dr. Hedin was driven direct to the king's palace, where he was received by the king, who engaged him in a long conversation. In the evening a grand reception and banquet was tendered Mr. Hedin at the Grand Hotel, which was attended by members of the diplomatic corps and a large number of representatives from all the prominent scientific societies of Sweden. A week ago Friday evening Dr. Hedin delivered his lecture at the Musical academy under the auspices of the Swedish Geographical society. Dr. Hedin has announced that his trip to America cannot take place until in August, as he must have at least six months to prepare all manuscripts and data, gathered during his long tour in the heart of Asia.

Count Carl Gustaf von Rosen died a few days ago at his home in Stockholm after a short illness. He was born in 1824 and became a lieutenant in the Swedish navy as early as 1844 and afterwards served as captain until 1886 when he was appointed keeper of the royal chamber and was ever afterwards one of King Oscar's most intimate friends. Count Rosen was married to Ella Carlston Moore, a New York woman, in 1892. He was a well known figure in Stockholm and always stood high in court circles.

The Swedish riksdag was formally opened week before last, when King Gustaf delivered a long address, in which he reviewed very carefully Sweden's relation to foreign countries and also announced that the country's expenses during the coming year would amount to at least $61,500,000. In order to cover this expense the government has been requested to increase the tax on malt and also increase the income tax by about 15 per cent.

Large sums of money are at present being gathered in Sweden for the earthquake sufferers in Italy. A collection will be taken in all the churches in Sweden next Sunday and a large number of subscription lists are being circulated in all parts of the country, and nearly everywhere people are subscribing cheerfully to the good cause.

Count C. A. Wachtmeister, a son of Count Hans Wachtmeister, has been appointed chief of the Naval academy. He was born in 1855 and has served in the Swedish navy during the past twenty years. The Wachtmeisters have for many years been prominent in court circles in Sweden.

Princess Patricia of Connaught arrived at Stockholm the 5th inst. to pay an extended visit to her sister, the Swedish crownprincess. During her stay in Stockholm she will naturally be the object of much attention and several receptions will be held in her honor at the royal palace.

The government has ordered four first class torpedo boats from the Bergssund company. They will cost 269,500 crowns apiece and will be modern in every respect.

NORWAY.

During the recent holidays there were a number of street fights and hold-ups in Christiania and the police have been having their hands full. Some really disgraceful affairs have taken place, people have been literally mobbed when returning from entertainments and defenseless women have been attacked and robbed at night time. On New Year's Eve, a number of ruffians had gathered in the "Studenta Park," and when a number of guests were leaving the "Grand" they were attacked by a number of rowdies, knocked down and robbed of everything they had of any value. The following evening a woman who was about to give birth to a child was attacked and robbed of her possessions right in her own house and was left prostrate on the floor in an unconscious condition. The same evening an actor was assaulted and relieved of 30 crowns. The police have made a number of arrests and the papers are up in arms against the city council and demand that the city be placed under efficient patrol. The Christiania police have, according to reports, not been distinguishing themselves lately and the Christiania temper has been thoroughly aroused.

Captain Roald Amundsen, who is at present in Christiania, telegraphed the "Philadelphia Society for Scientific Research" a week ago last Sunday that he had absolutely identified the barrel which had floated ashore in Saro, and which was thrown into the sea by the Bryant-Mellville Arctic expedition north of Alaska during 1899-1901. The valuable discovery of this barrel, says Amundsen, proves that there is a strong ocean current from North America passing through or close to the north pole itself. The Norwegian explorer also maintains that the advent of the barrel will materially aid future exploration work in the far north.

Great preparations are now under way for the big "Holmenkollen Sport Tournament," which will be held Feb 28 and continue until March 1. Large delegations of ski-runners and skaters will come from all sections of the country and from Denmark and Finland. While the National Turnverein of Sweden have been formally denied the privilege of participating in the big event, there will nevertheless be a large number of Swedish sportsmen present, who will try for honors.

The Bergen Swimming club had a very interesting swimming contest on Christmas eve. After the contest was over the members of the club enjoyed a sexa at the Grand Hotel and it is perhaps needless to mention that they carried their appetites right with them on that occasion. The members of the club have indulged in swimming contests every Christmas eve during the past five years.

Consul Agard in Tromsøe has received a telegram from Walter Wellman requesting him to hire a steamer to bring his balloon outfit to Dane Island. Mr. Wellman will for the third time endeavor to make a balloon trip to the north pole, provided he will not again be hindered by contrary winds.

Among the Norwegian tourists who were in Sicily during the recent earthquake disaster there were Miss Marie Schanke of Stavanger, Consul Knutzen and his sister, Miss Alfhilde, of Bergen, and Hilsur Due, of Trondhjem.

Vice Consul Fin. Koren has been appointed legation secretary in St. Petersburg. Mr. Koren has been spending the past year in Christiania and has for many years been Norwegian vice consul in Bilboa.

DENMARK.

The police in Roskilde suspicion that it is two Germans who have committed the robbery at the cathedral and have placed them under arrest. One of them was found the other day carrying an 18 inch package and upon investigation it was found that the package contained one of the missing sections of one of the historic chandeliers. The persons arrested refuse to divulge their names or to give an account of there whereabouts during the past five or six weeks. It is the general opinion that these men are the guilty parties or that they at least in some way or other are connected with the recent burglary of the Roskilde cathedral, which as is known, was broken into not long ago and stripped of its most valuable and historic gems.

Copenhagen papers have recently contained many protests against the [illegible] as far as [illegible] from the [illegible]

J[illegible] Carl An[illegible]

MARTIN J. NORELIUS.

GUARDING INDIAN LANDS

Orders Affecting White Earth Reservation in Minnesota.

The Indian office at Washington has placed a heavy lid on the White Earth reservation in Minnesota.

Under the provision of what is known as Senator Clapp's amendment all mixed blood allottees are entitled to deeds to their lands; but only a few are getting them, owing to the allegations which have been filed setting forth that speculators and lumbermen are getting hold of all the timber lands just as soon as a mixed blood becomes legally possessed of it. Hence an order has been sent to Agent Howard at White Earth to look carefully into all applications of the mixed bloods. A series of questions has been sent to Agent Howard, which he is to propound to all applicants for fee simple deeds.

The Indian department wants to know all about the allottee, whether male or female, how old, what sort of habits, what he or she proposes to do with the allotted lands to be deeded, whether or not speculators have importuned the allottee and if so what have they offered for the allotments, etc.

PART OF BODY PARBOILED

Youth Stealing Ride Probably Fatally Injured.

John Schmidt of Chicago, aged twenty, was the victim of a peculiar accident at St. Paul that may cost him his life.

The boy was on his way to Virginia, this state, to visit his sister. He was stealing a ride and was riding the trucks of a freight car in the Union depot yards. The car had stopped and a switch engine came past. Just as it reached the place where Schmidt was lying it stopped and shot out steam.

The scalding vapor enveloped the man, burning him terribly. His cries attracted trainmen and he was taken from the trucks and hurried to the city hospital. It was found that the upper part of his body was parboiled. He is in a very serious condition.

ON EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY

Governor Johnson Sends Message to Legislature.

Governor Johnson has sent a special message to the legislature dealing with proposed legislation for the compensation of injured workmen.

The bulk of the message includes a petition signed by various representatives of organized labor, by George M. Gillette, president of the Minnesota Employers' association, and by W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner. It is recommended therein that the present legislature create a special commission to investigate the whole subject involved and to submit to the next legislature the result of its work in the form of a bill providing a more enlightened and fairer method of awarding such compensation than now exists.

HOTEL DESTROYED BY FIRE

One Person Perishes and Several Are Seriously Injured.

The Audit hotel and saloon at Big Falls, this state, has been destroyed by fire. J. J. Curley, a homesteader of Waukonda, was burned to death. Nels Erickson and an unidentified man escaped from a third story window. Erickson's head was crushed and his jugular vein almost severed on window glass. Paul Lawrence and his wife ran through the flames in their nightclothes. Both were burned, the woman probably fatally. The building and its contents are a total loss.

Head of Highway Commission.

President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern was unanimously elected chairman of the state highway commission to succeed Gustave Scholle, who resigned to enter diplomatic service at Washington. Any railroad fare which Mr. Hill will spend in the service of the commission will be refunded by the state, for under the present provisions of the anti-pass law he will have to pay fare on his own road when he travels.

Children Saved From Flames.

Fifteen children at Minneapolis were saved from possible death or injury in a panic-stricken rush through smoke filled corridors to safety by the coolness of Miss Eva Barnham, resident nurse, and Moses Norman, janitor, at the Unity settlement house when fire broke out in that building. The children were carried out in safety.

Duluth Fireman Killed.

John Kelly, a fireman connected with the Duluth headquarters of the fire department, was instantly killed by falling three stories from a burning building. While he was at a third story window of the Exchange hotel a terrific explosion occurred, which hurled the fireman to his death.

Blizzard Too Much for Him.

John Sims, thirty years of age, a colored man, staggered into the Round Bar saloon at St. Paul, choking and gasping for breath, his disease weakened heart overtaxed by the unequal struggle with the fierce blizzard, and ten minutes later he was dead.

Killed by a Street Car.

Ernest Johnson, fifty years old, a resident of Excelsior, was killed by an Excelsior street car bound for Minneapolis. The motorman says that Johnson was lying across the track and that he did not see the man in time to avoid striking him.

FIRE AT ST. PAUL

Property Valued at About $750,000 Destroyed.

FANNED BY A HIGH WIND

Flames for a Time Threatened Big Section of City.

Lashed into a terrific fury by a forty-mile wind, which shifted during an hour from every point of the compass, fire which broke out on the second floor of the White House department store at St. Paul completely gutted the building, leaped across Seventh and Cedar streets to the California Wine House and the Fey hotel, destroying both buildings, and for a time threatened the entire upper town business district of the city.

Only the hardest kind of work on the part of the firemen prevented the flames from spreading for blocks, and for the first hour it seemed that Seventh and Eighth streets, from Cedar to Wabasha streets, were doomed. The loss as estimated will range from $600,000 to $750,000, with the insurance ranging from $500,000 to $600,000.

The heaviest loss is on the White House department store and building, the entire loss being estimated at $145,000, of which $100,000 is covered by insurance. The loss on the California Wine House is given at $134,900, of which $125,000 is on the building and $9,900 on the Huber café and saloon. The loss on the Fey hotel building is given at $75,000, fully covered by insurance. McQuaid's grocery store, the Majestic theater and a number of nearby buildings also suffered minor losses.

FINALLY DECLARED DEAD

Body of Young Man Shows Signs of Life While Being Embalmed.

Joseph Modrzeguka of St. Paul, who was removed from undertaking rooms to St. Joseph's hospital, has finally been pronounced dead.

While at work in the Great Northern railway shops Modrzeguka received an electric shock of 500 volts which was believed to have killed him instantly.

The body was removed to the undertaking rooms of J. A. Willwerscheid and was prepared for embalming. As the fluid was about to be injected the body began to twitch and show signs of returning to life.

A hurried call was sent to St. Joseph's hospital for the ambulance and shortly before the body was taken to St. Joseph's the eyeballs rolled back, showing positively that life still lingered in the young man.

Physicians worked all night trying to bring the man back to life. But beyond a twitch now and then the body did not respond. Later it was stated that Modrzeguka was dead.

The case is one of the strangest in the medical history of St. Paul. Several of the doctors who worked for hours over the young man were of the opinion that life probably remained in the unfortunate man's body after he received the shock.

FIFTEEN PERSONS INJURED

Train on Milwaukee Road Wrecked Near Rushford.

A westbound train on the Southern Minnesota division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad jumped the track at Yellowbanks, near Rushford, on a curve and was wrecked. The first engine held to the rails, but the second engine, baggage, mail and smoking cars went down the embankment into Root river, where the water is four to five feet deep. The day coach left the rails, but did not go into the river. The accident was due to spreading rails. There were about thirty passengers on board and while no lives were lost about fifteen persons were injured. One of the injured was Conductor Kingsley, who was badly cut about the head.

Pioneer Woman Found Dead.

Mrs. Joseph I. Beaumont, aged sixty-eight, was found dead on the doorsteps of St. Joseph's academy at St. Paul. Mrs. Beaumont disappeared twelve hours before, after leaving St. Joseph's church for her home. It is believed she was taken ill while passing the academy and attempted to enter. Death was probably due to heart failure. The body, when found, was frozen and had turned black, indicating that she was not dead when her body began to freeze. Mrs. Beaumont was one of the pioneer women of St. Paul.

Will Be Returned to Colorado.

Sherman W. Morris, alias Frank Shercliffe, recently acquitted, will not be tried again in Minneapolis on a charge of holding up a Northern Pacific sleeping car last spring. County Attorney Smith notified the Colorado authorities that Shercliffe would be turned over to them if they came with extradition papers. The Colorado officers are believed to be on their way here.

Mrs. Johnson Operated On.

Mrs. John A. Johnson, wife of the governor, was operated upon by the Doctors Mayo at Rochester. The operation was declared to be very successful and it is expected the patient will steadily recover.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Race feeling, it is said, inspired a battle between white boys and a colored youth in Cincinnati, which culminated in the death of William Wisbold, aged seventeen years; the probable fatal injury of William Dorsey, twenty, and the serious injury of Charles Ruff, eighteen.

Ex-State Treasurer Frank P. Glazier of Chelsea, Mich., whose failure in December, 1907, resulted in the closing of the Chelsea Savings bank, of which Glazier was the head and which had on deposit about $685,000 of state funds, was found guilty of misappropriating state funds.

Judge Hunt, in the federal court at Helena, Mont., sentenced George Frankhauser, convicted of a sensational train robbery on the Great Northern, to a life term in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

At Mohall, N. D., George Fitzmaurice shot and killed his sweetheart, Miss Gusta Nelson, and then turned the pistol on himself and fired, dying a short time later. He was jealous of the girl.

After being out for sixteen hours the jury in the Ed Marshall night rider trial at Union City, Tenn., reported that they could not agree on a verdict and were discharged.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Counsel for the Oceanic Steam Navigation company, owners of the White Star line steamer Republic, filed a libel in the United States district court at New York against the steamer Florida of the Lloyd-Italian line, asking $2,000,000 damages for the sinking of the Republic. The owners of the Florida also filed suit, alleging that the collision was due to the neglect of the Republic's officers.

On the eleventh anniversary of the arrival of the old battleship Maine on her ill fated mission to Cuban waters the new Maine sailed into Havana harbor to be present at the inauguration of General Jose Miguel Gomez and the new Cuban government.

According to Professor William Griffiths, mining expert and geologist of Scranton, Pa., who is at Indianapolis attending the miners' convention, the entire supply of anthracite coal will be exhausted in eighty-five years.

Judge Hunt of the United States district court at Helena, Mont., handed down a decision in the so called smoke case in which he denied the application of farmers for the closing of the Washoe smelter at Anaconda.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Fletcher and Donald Comer, sons of Governor Comer of Alabama, met Frank P. Glass, editor of the Montgomery Advertiser, on the street and engaged him in a fight. Mr. Glass was knocked down and his face bruised. The trouble was a result of ill feeling over a damage suit in which the governor secured a verdict of 1 cent against the Advertiser.

E. H. Harriman has been elected a director of the New York Central railroad, succeeding C. G. Clarke.

New Orleans will dine President-Elect Taft on alligator steak during his coming visit to that city.

THE ITALIAN EARTHQUAKE

The work of excavating among the ruins of Messina goes on without cessation. Many bodies are discovered daily, but all are unrecognizable, owing to the length of time they have been buried beneath the debris.

A man eighty years old was discovered alive in the ruins of Messina after twenty-nine days. His cries were heard by a soldier, who, with a number of comrades, worked for hours to extricate him.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 1.—Wheat—May, $1.09; July, $1.09½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.10¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.08¾@1.09; No. 3 Northern, $1.06½@1.07¾.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 1.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.09¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.08¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.06¾; May, $1.08¾; July, $1.09¼. Flax—To arrive, on track, May and July, $1.58¾; Oct., $1.34¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.50; fair to good, $5.00@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.50@5.50; veals, $5.50@6.50. Hogs—$6.15@6.60. Sheep—Wethers, $5.25@5.50; yearlings, $6.00@6.85; spring lambs, $7.25@7.60.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Wheat—May, $1.09⅛; July, 98⅛c; Sept. 94⅞c; Dec. 95⅜c. Corn—Feb. 60½c; May, 63⅞@63¾c; July, 63⅝c; Sept. 63⅝c. Oats—May, 52½c; July, 46⅝@46⅞c; Sept. 39⅞c. Pork—May, $17.10; July, $17.15. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 21@25c. Eggs—[illegible]c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 12c; springs, 13c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@7.20; Texans, $4.25@5.15; Western cattle, $4.[illegible]@5.70; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]@5.10; cows and heifers, $1.[illegible]@5.75; calves, $5.75@8.25. Hogs—Light, $6.[illegible]@6.75; mixed, $6.[illegible]@6.[illegible]; heavy, $6.[illegible]@6.85; rough, $6.[illegible]@6.[illegible]; good to choice heavy, $6.55@6.85; pigs, $5.00@5.95. Sheep, $3.40@5.40; yearlings, $6.40@7.10; lambs, $5.25@7.70.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Nearly $500 in $1 bills—representing savings of thirty years—was found on the person of Mrs. Maggie Tobias, who was rescued from death in a snowdrift near her home at Minneapolis. When the woman was removed to the women's ward at the Central station she was unconscious and it was while methods of restoration were being used on the old woman that the money was found in a large bag tied about her neck beneath the clothing.

The state convention of the Sons of Herman at Mankato elected the following officers: Grand president, Gustave Borchert, Minneapolis; vice president, L. F. Schultz, St. Paul; secretary, Charles Harpke, St. Paul; treasurer, Frank Noethen, Minneapolis; guide, Julius Boettcher, Duluth; inner guard, William Daugs, Henderson; outer guard, Chris Rinkel, St. Peter.

The Soo line will complete its St. Paul terminals this year. It has let the contract for the tunnel approach to Foley Bros. The tunnel will cost about $700,000 and the freight buildings some $70,000. The tunnel will be 1,325 feet long and 35 in the clear, inside. It will pass under the Great Northern, Omaha and Northern Pacific tracks and must be completed by July.

The strike of employes of the city of Virginia, including all police and firemen except the chief of the fire department, was called off after the city council had held a special meeting and had increased the salaries of all. The city charter did not permit a raise of salaries, but after the employes resigned the city could reemploy them at increased salaries.

Minnesota people will honor James J. Hill with a monument at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition in Seattle this summer and the memorial will be given permanent place in the Western city. The movement has been started by the Minnesota club of Seattle and J. M. Hawthorne, formerly of St. Paul, is chairman of the committee.

Smallpox is less prevalent in Minnesota than during any winter since the first epidemic ten years ago. The state board of health has issued a statement of the number of cases reported in fifteen weeks ending Jan. 11, compared with the corresponding weeks of the previous year, showing less than a third as many recorded.

A strong effort will be made to bring the fourth annual convention of the Presbyterian Brotherhood to Minneapolis in 1910. Men prominent in Minneapolis Presbyterian circles have taken the initial step to form a delegation that will go to the brotherhood convention in Pittsburg Feb. 23-25 to advance the claims of Minneapolis.

The first case to come up under the state anti-trust law was that of the suit of the state against the Creamery Package Manufacturing company of Chicago and the Owatonna Manufacturing company. Judge Thomas S. Buckham of the district court of Steele county in his decision finds for the state in all its contentions.

When the artillery branch of the Minnesota national guard goes into camp at Lake City next summer the wireless telegraphy will be installed as an adjunct to the service. It will be used in informing the men behind the guns of the results of their shots at the target located out on Lake Pepin.

The Hennepin county legislative delegation will be asked by the Minneapolis city council to have a bill passed at the present session of the legislature authorizing the city council to issue bonds in the sum of $500,000 for permanent improvements in 1909 and 1910.

The University of Minnesota will finish its fiscal year with a deficit of $26,257.08, according to the estimate of the funds and expenses of the institution made by Treasurer J. D. Bren.

The present legislature is to be asked to authorize the issuance of $250,000 in bonds for the purpose of enlarging the city hall and courthouse at St. Paul.

Minneapolis Shriners propose to erect a temple to cost $250,000.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A party of Grand Marais people were sliding down the hill on the main street of that village and struck a farmer's sleigh. Mrs. Dan Ashford was fatally injured, Henry Benson sustained a broken leg and Martha Jaskey had her skull laid open. The last two will probably recover.

During the blizzard of last week Chauncey F. Arnold, a switchman employed by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad at Minneapolis, was run down and cut to pieces by a switch engine.

John Hughes, fourteen years old, was struck and killed by a Northern Pacific passenger train at St. Paul. His skull was crushed.

OBITUARY.

Frank Barker, one of the oldest settlers in Freeborn county, is dead at his home in Gordonsville. He had resided in Shell Rock township since 18[illegible]. In 18[illegible] he enlisted in the First Minnesota cavalry and was with Sully in his raid against the Indians.

Henry Roberts, aged eighty-nine, a resident of Minnesota for fifty years, is dead at Minneapolis.

FOR LOVE OF ARCANGELO

By MARY E. BURTIS and KATHERINE ALLEN

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MISS MARION FAIRLEY stood in the doorway of room 1 listening to the steady tramp, tramp, of many feet while waiting for her own little scholars. She glanced a little regretfully through one of the open windows. It was so lovely out of doors. Why was it that vacations flew by so quickly? Before one realized it they were gone. Her eyes passed over the circle of tiny chairs. What sort of little people would occupy them this year?

She was roused from her reverie by the arrival of her own scholars. They passed by her to the cloakroom, a poorly dressed, untidy line of little children. Here and there a last year's scholar greeted her smilingly with a cheerful "Good morning, teacher."

Her first work was the finding out and writing down of the children's names. This was no easy matter, as many of the children in the kindergarten were Italian and could speak but few words of English. She was obliged to turn some of her old pupils into interpreters.

In the midst of her work she was interrupted by the entrance of two new scholars, a little girl of six and a boy of four.

Miss Fairley's heart went out to the little boy at once. His beautiful gold brown hair curled all over his well shaped head. His beautiful brown eyes had such a trusting, happy look in their depths. The plump little body was clothed in a quaint brown linen blouse, long velveteen trousers and purple stockings. He clung, half shyly, to his sister's hand.

The little girl was a great contrast, thin, awkward, with homely little face and unkempt, straggling hair. She was dressed in a shapeless frock of faded pink. Her stockings were tied up with colored strings.

"This is Arcangelo," she announced, her black eyes gazing in fascination at Miss Fairley's face, with its pretty gray blue eyes, fair complexion and wavy blond hair. "He—four," she continued, nervously twisting the gay bordered handkerchief attached to her waist by a huge safety pin. "He come to school with me. He—my brother. My name Luncie—Luncie Filandina. You will like Arcangelo," with a loving look at the little boy, who smiled back at her. "Everybody like Arcangelo. But you no like me," with pathetic finality. "Nobody like me."

Miss Fairley smiled at the little girl's quaint speech, showed them to seats and continued the morning's work.

But as the days passed Luncie's prophecy came true. Marion Fairley found herself disliking the little girl more and more without really knowing why, while at the same time she adored little Arcangelo. Luncie appeared to be always doing the wrong thing without really meaning to and to be always in trouble. Many a recess found her kneeling on the floor beside her chair, her head buried in her hands, because of inattention or forgetfulness of some command.

"YOU MUST WEAR THIS ALL DAY."

"Luncie," said her teacher at one of these times in exasperated tones, "what makes you act so naughty? You are by far the worst little girl in my class."

Luncie gazed at her with the pathetic look of a homeless dog. The look made Marion Fairley feel strangely uncomfortable.

"I no help it, teacher," she said soberly. "I try an' I try, but I do be bad. I not like Arcangelo. You love him?" earnestly, clasping her hands together. "Teacher, say you love him, my little Arcangelo!"

"Yes, Arcangelo is a dear little boy, Luncie. If you were only more like him!" she sighed as she turned away to call the children in. She could not see the wistful look of hopeless longing for a little—just a little—love on Luncie's face.

As spring drew near Miss Fairley allowed the children in the circle to talk a little while before singing the morning songs.

Then Arcangelo was in his element. With outstretched fingers and dancing curls, he would begin each sentence with "My fadera he"— And Luncie would gaze rapturously at him, exulting in his power to please the teacher.

One morning the little circle of children were greatly excited. They could scarcely wait for Miss Fairley to give the word which allowed them to talk. At the signal all broke out at once: "Teacher, Luncie, she bada girl! She killa the bird! She"—

"Wait, wait; one at a time," commanded Marion. "Tony, you may speak first."

A fat boy in blue overalls and a red sweater straightened up with importance. "Luncie killa the little bird on the way to school. I sawn her," pointing scornfully at the little girl, who was sitting straight in her chair, her face pale and hands tightly clasped together.

"Yes, she did," interrupted a little Italian girl in a blue apron, gesticulating with her hands, which set the red mittens securely pinned to her sleeves for safe keeping to dancing merrily. "She maka like this," squeezing her fists together.

"YOU SAVED HIS LIFE, TOO, YOU BRAVE LITTLE GIRL."

"That will do, Elvita. Tony was speaking."

"An' I picked up the bird, an' here it is," cried another boy triumphantly, producing the dead bird from the pocket of his trousers, which were precariously held up by one suspender, fastened by a safety pin. Safety pins played a very important and conspicuous part in holding on and up the clothing of many of Miss Fairley's scholars.

"Bring the bird here, Vincenzo," she said gravely. "Luncie Filandina, come here to me."

Luncie came slowly forward, her face white, and stood before her teacher.

"Luncie, did you kill this poor little bird?" holding it tenderly in her hands.

"Yes, teacher," she answered faintly.

"Luncie, if ever a child deserved a good whipping you do, and if it were not against the rule of the school I would do it too. Nothing makes me angrier than to see an animal or bird cruelly hurt or killed. What did you do it for?" sternly.

Luncie trembled, but remained silent.

"Answer me, you naughty girl!" shaking her roughly.

"It—was—hurt," stammered Luncie.

Cries of "'Twasn't hurt till you and Arcangelo got to it. I seen it flying. You tella the big lie," came from the excited children.

"Hush, children! That will do. Carmina, Dominick, if you can't be quiet I shall send you from the room," said Miss Fairley sharply.

"Such a pretty bird! Arcangelo love the bird," cried Luncie's brother, with a sunny smile. He did not seem to understand that his sister was in trouble because of that same bird.

Luncie glanced for a second at her brother and shut her lips firmly. No, she would not tell the teacher that it was Arcangelo who had first hurt the pretty bird so badly; that she had then killed it to save it from suffering, for if she did teacher would not love him any more. No, it was better for her to take the blame, for teacher did not like her anyway, so it would not matter so much, but Arcangelo—that was different.

"Luncie, I'm afraid—very much afraid—you have told me a lie. I did think, with all your faults, you were at least truthful."

"I no lie," replied the little girl steadily. "The bird was hurt, and I killed it."

"That will do," sternly. "I shall have to punish you severely." She went to her desk, found a string and tied the dead bird around Luncie's neck. "You must wear this all day to teach you not to be so cruel, and you cannot sing or take part in any of the games for several days." She dismissed Luncie to her seat, where she became the target for angry glances.

Even little Arcangelo seemed to realize that she was in disgrace and refused to stay with her at recess, leaving her alone, surrounded by mocking children, who tormented her all they dared. Luncie bore it all with apparent indifference, but inwardly she was in despair. She knew now that teacher would never, never love her, for she would always believe that she was cruel and had meant to kill the bird.

Luncie was right. Miss Fairley treated her with coldness even after the days of punishment were over. Whenever she looked at the little girl she seemed to see the dead bird hanging around her neck.

She felt a sense of relief when a few weeks later Arcangelo came to school alone. Her inquiries for Luncie were answered by a happy smile and some reference to Luncie's being home, mixed up with the story of a horse, a nice man and some mishap to himself. Marion Fairley gave up trying to understand the little fellow, deciding that Luncie was probably sick with some childish ailment. She intended to look her up, but the spring vacation came in a few days, and she forgot.

The second day after she had returned to school she met Tony's mother on the street.

"You know Luncie Filandina!" cried that lady excitedly. "She ver' sick—she go to die—she been run over by a horse."

"Luncie hurt!" exclaimed Miss Fairley anxiously. "How did it happen?"

"She save her brother's life. A big horse come. He nearly knock him down, and Luncie, she jump—she snatch him away—but she slip, and the horse hurt her. She cry always now she want teacher. You go?" questioningly.

"Of course I will. Poor little girl I'll go this very afternoon."

Miss Fairley hurried through dirty streets and narrow alleys until she reached Mr. Filandina's saloon, above which his family lived. Mrs. Filandina, scarcely more than a girl herself and very pretty, met her at the door. She seemed in great distress.

"Luncie so sick. I don't know what I do. The doctor he says she no get well," pressing her apron to her eyes.

She was dressed in a bright green waist, purple skirt, navy blue apron and many colored shawl, but this very gayety of apparel was in sad contrast to her worried, heartbroken face.

"You come see her. She call always for teacher," leading her visitor through the narrow hall, up the stairs, into a stuffy little room filled with talking, gesticulating Italian women, with here and there a small child. On the great iron bed lay Luncie, her face flushed with fever, her thin little hands picking ever at the counterpane with its wide handmade edging. Coarse lace curtains were at the window; a gaudy lamp and mat of artificial carnations were on the table. A smell as of many ancient dinners pervaded the room.

Miss Fairley motioned to the other women to leave the room, and they obeyed. She opened the window wide to let in the sweet spring air.

Sitting down by the bedside, she took the little girl's hot hand in hers. "Luncie, I am so sorry to find you sick," she said gently, a mist gathering in her eyes. All her dislike for the little girl seemed to have faded away. Luncie's straggling hair had been cut short, and for the first time her teacher realized what beautiful eyes she had.

Luncie gazed wistfully at her. "Teacher—you—still—love—Arcangelo—if—I tell—you—something?" she said, with a great effort. "You—promise?"

"Yes, dear, I promise," wonderingly.

"You—won't—hate—him—'cause—he—so little—he—not—understand?"

"No, dear."

"He—had—hurt—little bird—so—I—killed it. I—no—want—it—to suffer—after—what you—said—about—the—birds."

Tears filled Miss Fairley's eyes and brimmed over, falling on the thin little hand. "Luncie, why didn't you tell me this at the time? You poor little martyr! I shall never forgive myself!" she cried penitently. "And I thought you were cruel!"

"I was—afraid—you—no—more—love—Arcangelo."

"You saved his life, too, you brave little girl!" the tears rolling unheeded down her cheeks.

"Yes—I—save—his life—my little Arcangelo—for me—I was—no good—but he—so pretty—and you—loved him—I save him—for you. I saw—the first—day—you—love Arcangelo—but—not—me."

Sobbing, Marion Fairley leaned over and kissed the flushed, wistful little face again and again. "Luncie, listen to me. I do love you, love you even more than I do any of my scholars, more even than Arcangelo. Don't you believe me, Luncie?"

A great happiness filled the little girl's eyes. She feebly clasped her teacher's hand and brought it to her lips. "I happy—ver'—happy—for—you—love—Arcangelo—and—me." Faithful to the end, she had placed Arcangelo's name first.

Number of the Stars.

On directing the eye to the celestial vault the impression made upon the mind is that of an incalculable number of stars being visible, a host which our arithmetic will not suffice to reckon. But this is an optical illusion. The twinkling and disorderly position of the stars confuse and deceive the sight. An ordinary eye, it has been estimated, will discern at once time only about 3,000 stars in our firmament under the most favorable circumstances, and, including both hemispheres, there will not be more than 6,000 visible to a keen and experienced gaze. Using an instrument of no great size—little more than two inches wide—there have been not less than 310,000 stars charted in the northern half of the heavens alone. It is calculated that the total number visible in the entire celestial vault with the aid of the larger telescopes would mount up to 77,000,000.—New York American.

No Sacrifice.

"I understand you are a vegetarian."

"Well, yes, in theory."

"Say, that's the most comfortable way, isn't it?"

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Final Clearance

OF

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS

Thursday morning, January 14, we shall start the biggest clearance sale of Women's, Misses' and Children's High Grade Cloth Garments ever offered at this season of the year. We have too many coats and must sell them regardless of cost. We offer our entire stock of Cloth Coats at

HALF PRICE

Look at the following reductions:

$ 8.00	Ladies' Coats, now	$ 4.00
10.00	" " "	5.00
15.00	" " "	7.50
18.00	" " "	9.00
25.00	" " "	12.50

20 per cent off on women's furs and fur coats.

Men's Dept.

$22.50	fur coats	$18.90
28.00	" "	21.00
35.00	" "	26.25
10.00	cloth overcoats	7.50
15.00	" "	11.25
20.00	" "	15.00
8.50	suits	6.80
12.50	"	10.00
15.00	"	12.00

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This Sale Will Last for Two Weeks Only.

Better Get on the Band Wagon and Secure Some of These Extraordinary Bargains

You Will Never Again Be Able to Buy These Goods at These Prices.

Boys' Dept.

50 Boys' Suits at

Half Price.

50 Boys' Overcoats at

One-third off from Former Low Price.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

We are informed by the Red Lake Falls Gazette that C. A. Lindquist, chairman of the board of county commissioners, has just erected a new wind mill upon his farm. Mr. Lindquist has been busy for the past two years putting more wind than water into the well of taxpayers and we naturally inquire, "Why shouldn't he?"

The Twin City papers claim there are between eleven and twelve thousand unemployed in those two cities that have to be taken care of by charitable institutions. And yet there are hundreds of farmers in this county who cannot secure help. Twenty dollars per month and board is not to be sneezed at and still there are thousands of men who would rather starve than work on a farm. Hallock News.

A bill introduced in the legislature by Mattson, of Roseau, changes the opening date of the hunting season from Sept. 1st to the 15th. The bill has the approval of the state game commission who look upon the change as being in the interest of better game protection, but there is some objection on the part of the people who reside near the lakes bordering upon other states where the open season begins on Sept. 1, and the author of the bill has agreed to change his bill so as to permit duck hunting on the 1st, as heretofore, to meet these conditions.

In answer to the question "is the state of Minnesota in debt? If so, how much? If not in debt, how much surplus?" The author of "answers to correspondents in notes and queries" in the Pioneer Press says: "The state is technically 'in debt' to the amount of $250,000, represented by the remnant of the old railway bonds still outstanding. But this is only because the owners of said bonds do not present them for redemption. There is a balance in the treasury today of $827,000. It has not been the policy of the state to accumulate a large balance. After paying current expenses, the greater part of the surplus is invested for the school funds, which now approximate $20,500,000. We doubt if there is any state in the Union where finances are in a better condition than Minnesota. —Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The greatest need of farmers in the Northwest is not national aid but an increased recognition of the profitableness of thorough cultivation of the soil. Nine farmers out of ten, even if they concede the argument that thorough cultivation is better than the ordinary plowing and harrowing, still, in their hearts, say it is all right in theory but that they have not time to go over their land six or seven times before putting in the seed. The fact is that they have no time to do any less than that, for any less than thorough pulverizing of the soil and thorough fertilizing it when it needs manuring, is absolute waste of time. The farmer who does not practice thorough cultivation, these days, is out of date; he is a slip-shod old fogy. He ought to have some sons at an agricultural college who might some day come home and "make the old farm hum", but he himself is hopeless.—The Northwestern Agriculturalist.

VALUE OF FARM PRODUCE.

The value of all farm products of 1908, in the United States, is $7,778,000,000 according to the recent report of the Secretary of Agriculture. This stupendous total is not only the greatest in the nation's history, but is also nearly three hundred million dollars more than that of 1907. During the last ten years we have raised the inconceivable sum of sixty billion dollars' worth of produce on the farms of the United States. The corn which grew last summer during four months would, if it were not put to better purposes, pay the interest bearing debt of the United States, dig the Panama Canal, and buy fifty battle-ships. The other leading products in order of value are cotton, hay, wheat, oats, and other cereals, sugar, potatoes, tobacco, and hops.

If any one can read Secretary Wilson's report without a feeling of pride in the stupendous extent and wealth of his country, he'd better have himself examined. There is something vitally the matter with that portion of his brain which is the seat of patriotism.—Success Magazine.

SAUCE FOR THE GANDER.

In asking why the Attorney-General has not prosecuted the Steel Corporation for absorbing the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, the Senate scores notably. That transaction obviously belongs in the same category with the Northern Securities case, with the Government is now attacking, and especially with the Tobacco Trust case, in which a decision favorable to the Government was handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in November last. The organization of the Tobacco Trust is like that of the Steel Corporation. Like that concern, it has absorbed various companies which were independent and competing. The decision against the Tobacco Trust says "every contract and combination in restraint of competition" violates the Sherman law. The Tennessee Coal and Iron Company was one of the most important competitors of the Steel Corporation. That its absorption by the corporation was "in restraint of competition", therefore contrary to law, can scarcely be doubted. That this absorption was harmful to the public we do not in the least believe. The Sherman law—which, as Judge Lacombe points out in the Tobacco Trust decision, would prohibit "two individuals who were driving rival express wagons between villages in two contiguous States" from joining forces and operating a single line—is a foolish measure, and ought to be modified. It is a fair question, nevertheless, whether the Department of Justice ought to prosecute some combinations under that act and refuse to prosecute others which stand in the same relation to it. An arbitrary system of immunities and punishments, depending upon personal inclination, is generally condemned by social philosophers.—Saturday Evening Post.

STATE CAPITOL LETTER.

The lady who wrote up the bachelors of the legislature the other day included seven married men in her published list. The speaker will now appoint an investigation committee to determine to what extent this form of deception is practised among the members.

Lobeck's bill to make it a punishable offense to participate in charivari parties was killed by the committee on Crimes and Punishments. What would be the fun of living if all these amusements are to be classed crimes.

A bill proposed by Senator Cooke of Wabash county to the senate last Wednesday, may be the solution of the vexed problem as to what to do with the primary election law. The bill proposes to amend section 179 of the Revised Laws of 1905, in such a manner that a political party in order to maintain its standing in any county of the state, and in order to have the general election ballot for county offices placed on the general election ballot for the November election must cast at the primary election, 50 per cent of the total vote received by its candidate for governor at the last preceding general election. This does not require any candidate for county office at the primary to receive fifty per cent of the vote; but the total vote of the opposing candidate for any one of the most hotly contested positions must be fifty per cent of the total vote received in the county by the party candidate for governor at the election two years preceding. This bill, if enacted, will compell the Republican voters of each county to remain in their party line, and vote for their candidates only, the same is true of the Democrats and other candidates and by doing this, the present objection to the primary, that the voters of the minority party sted into the primary election room and call for a ballot of the majority party, will undoubtedly be overcome. The republicans will be interested in maintaining their organization and the same is true of the other parties, and in *order to do this, it will* be necessary for the voters to vote the ticket of their party choice. The bill will also have the tendency of getting out the full vote of either party. Heretofore it has been claimed by the opponents of the primary law that it did not accomplish the object intended—of every voter in a district coming out and registering his choice; with the enactment of the measure, there can be do doubt but what the friends and enemies of the primary law will both be satisfied.

One of the busiest of the state departments is the Railroad and Warehouse Commission. From one to six public hearings take place every day upon complaints against the railroad companies and the members of the Commission give their personal attention to them all regardless of the amount involved.

H. F. No. 59 by Mr. Gates makes it unlawful to kill prairie chickens in 1909 and 1910. Another amendment to the game laws absolves from blame a hunter who by mistake shoots any person disguised as a deer.

Less than twenty members remained in their seats last Wednesday when an address was delivered in the House chamber on "Initiative and Referendum." This would not indicate that this subject will receive much consideration from the present legislature.

How Erastus Found Light.

Voting is something of a hazard at times if we do not happen to have the plain guidance of the old darky janitor in Princeton. Erastus, being asked how he had voted, replied: "In, the mahnin', sah, I was inclined to de Republican cause, for they gave me $3, but in the afternoon de Democrats gave me $2. So, sah, I voted de Democrat ticket straight, because dey was de leas' corrup', sah—de leas' corrup', sah!"—Success Magazine.

Does the Baby Thrive

If not, something must be wrong with its food. If the mother's milk doesn't nourish it, she needs *Scott's Emulsion.* It supplies the elements of fat required for the baby. If baby is not nourished by its artificial food, then it requires

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Half a teaspoonful three or four times a day in its bottle will have the desired effect. It seems to have a magical effect upon babies and children. A fifty-cent bottle will prove the truth of our statements.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Reiner.

The weather is fine now, we hope it will keep up like this for a while.

John Stenvik is busy hauling hay.

T. Thunheim, of Newfolden, was out here trying to buy cattle, but stock is way up in this country.

John Anderson took Stenvik's engine home sometime ago.

Lots of our farmers are going to town these days.

H. A. Halvorson lost a valuable horse a few days ago, this being the third horse he has lost this winter.

John Anderson took his oxen home last week that he bought from M. T. Torgerson some time ago

Louis Hermanson, who has been working for the Soo for the past year, is visiting with his brother Julius.

A. H. Langlie left for the town of Esplee where he was to start a portable saw mill.

A. H. Langlie was in town and made final proof on his homestead, January 22.

Speed regulations were smashed when our battleships raced for Messina on an errand of mercy, but no cop big enough to round up the offenders sails the Mediterranean sea.

Fewer marriages in 1908 don't imply that too many girls were slow, but that too many would-be benedicts overestimated leap year as an ally to laggards in love.

Everything that happens with a sunrise effect will be mistaken for a volcano or an earthquake until Italy has behaved itself for a few weeks.

No doubt congress would chip in an extra dollar a word to have the Outlook's monopoly of Roosevelt's emanations begin now.

The need of the hour in aeroplanes seems to be a machine provided with wheels, runners and oars as well as wings.

A New Labor Proposition.

There is work ahead for some such labor exchange as that outlined by Secretary Straus. The necessity of labor exchanges or bureaus throughout the country is obvious. That those maintained by private and philanthropic enterprise do not meet the need is also obvious. Effort in each case is local and more or less restricted as to scope, so that in the long run a labor agency is merely an office of registration for employer and employable. Very little beyond the registering and recommending in individual cases can be undertaken.

Equalization of labor supply to meet demands covering large areas of territory is a vital social and commercial problem just now. It is wasteful to have a labor famine in one section and a labor glut in another section. Single men will hunt work where it can be found and often cross half the continent to strike a job. Men of families cannot take the same risk, yet this class works with the best results to industry and to society. Married men are patient and energetic. They do not take long holidays and enervate themselves by excesses. A national labor exchange might do the country good service by discriminating whenever possible in favor of laborers who are steady and frugal and employment which will be permanent as well as remunerative. Labor emergencies can take care of themselves. But lasting prosperity for wage laborers enriches whole communities and builds up strong commonwealths.

Taft's distaste for the theater only shows his sound makeup. With the villain plotting against the life of the hero in tones heard in the back row, yet inaudible to the intended victim, two paces or less away from the speaker, the stage offers no illusions for the matter of fact mind.

Although aerial navigation is a centenarian with several years "to the good," it still ranks as an infant industry.

Cheap autos have arrived. If they don't go any better than cheap watches no general complaint will be lifted up.

A fine specimen of royalty that which paraded when the royal family of Italy struck the earthquake zone.

By tipping off press agents the cold wave lays the pipes for a warm welcome all along the trail.

Italy always has been and seems fated always to be a troubled country.

A Year of Anniversaries.

Notable centenary dates are not only numerous in 1909, but are distributed over the whole year. After Poe, who was born Jan. 19, 1809, followed Mendelssohn, the composer, Feb. 3; Lincoln and Darwin, Feb. 12, and Chopin, the composer, March 1, five men of genius given to the world in the space of six weeks. The last half of the year will be marked by the centenaries of Oliver Wendell Holmes, falling on Aug. 29; Frances Anne Kemble, the famous English actress, who passed her prime in America, Nov. 27, and Gladstone, Dec. 29.

The current year is also a marker for certain history making events. Hudson's discoveries and explorations in 1609 will be celebrated with imposing ceremonies along the river bearing his name. The first great battle of the peninsular war was fought in January, 1809, at Coruna, Spain, resulting in an English victory over Napoleon's lieutenants and the death of the English commander, Sir John Moore. A few months later Napoleon redeemed his fortunes by crushing the Austrians at Wagram, on their own soil, and, it is believed, making terms which included his alliance with the Austrian princess, Marie Louise, and the divorce of Empress Josephine. The divorce took place in December, 1809, and Napoleon's lucky star began to wane.

Some people go wild over every bit of naturalness portrayed on the stage, then straightaway swear that the fried strawberries on the "after the theater" supper table are the most delicious thing that ever happened.

Lest we forget—congress is the chosen representative of the people, whether the people stand for it or not; hence an attack on congress is also an attack on the people.

That predicted cold wave the first week of the year sidestepped some localities, but settled right down to business between the capitol and the White House.

The biggest shingle mill in the world burned just after Christmas, a hint from Santa Claus that children no longer need "paddling."

Manuel of Portugal scents a plot to take his throne away. A truly royal sport would start right in plotting to get it back again.

Requires no high order of genius in the weather shop to guess it "may snow or rain" these days.

The Undesirable Castro.

Venezuela's fugitive president is a type that even South American republics cannot afford to tolerate. A certain class of bold adventurer is admired in these days. But Castro is one of the worst of his kind. His rule in Venezuela was not alone dictatorial; it was brutal and vicious. Diaz is a dictator, but his sway has been beneficent on the whole. Under him Mexico is progressive. Perhaps he makes the Mexicans a nation of children, yet he leaves them a heritage of manhood to improve upon in the future.

There is something picturesque about Venezuela's "man of destiny," born a peasant and promoted from mule driver to general, then president. However, his sins against the spirit of the age, against democracy, have been heinous. Measured by every standard of decency, he is an outlaw of civilization, like the pirates whose audacity, cruelty and viciousness he has exceeded because his opportunities were greater. Any nation which sees to it that South America is rid of this monster forever will come in for the whole world's applause. The title "president" is far too sacred to serve as a shelter for the infamies of Cipriano Castro.

The best man on the job of clearing away snow is getting along in years and works in fair weather only. But he can put away more snow between 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. than the biggest shovel brigade ever mustered will dispose of in a ten hour day and overtime. Old Sol, "that's him."

When the forests are all nationalized humble citizens of the states who attempt to "take to the woods" will be likely to strike a dead line.

The kaiser's swearing off included the "good fellow" role, but his "dear public" will soon be praying him to swear it on again.

Novices at the roller skate walk should remember that the trick is to keep the feet, not the eyebrows, on the pavement.

A first aid to the injured dispensary on Capitol hill is among the long felt wants of our seat of government.

That "truth testing machine" will be handy after March 4 to qualify novitiates for the Ananias club.

Pugilist Johnson's finishing blow at Burns scored also an uplift in the race issue.

Good Will of Our Warship Flag.

During one week recently while our cruising fleet was keeping dates with the cities along the Mediterranean the American flag floating over an American warship was receiving and delivering messages of good will in approximately a score of foreign ports. After entering the Mediterranean the Atlantic fleet was divided into sections and in this way became represented almost simultaneously in ports belonging to Great Britain, France, Greece, Turkey, Italy and Algeria. These ports included Athens, Smyrna, Constantinople, Malta, Nice and Marseilles.

While our homecoming sailors were enjoying the last stages of the "frolic" five of our ships were in foreign ports south of us and several were distributed in Asiatic waters. The time has been when this wide ranging of our flag would not have been noticeable, for it was common in every zone above and below the equator, flying from the masts of Yankee trading ships. Perhaps there was less sentiment at work among those who beheld and those who followed the flag as an index of commercial enterprise than this unique naval display aroused. In both cases the flag bore a message of peace and good will. And surely it has been none the less impressive in these last days floating *from the flagpole of a man-of-war.* The ranging warship has ceased to be the symbol of hostile feeling. The cruise now ending proves that it may go so far in the other direction as to be the harbinger of friendship.

Sir Thomas Lipton's flying machine fad is a sort of guarantee that we've heard that chestnut "going to build another Shamrock and capture the America's cup" for the last time.

If Taft tries to keep his end up in all the golf clubs which elect him an honorary member he can use that salary increase and then come out with a deficit in his bank account.

Germany imports eggs at the rate of about one a week for every inhabitant of the realm. Last year the average cost to the importer was 15 cents a dozen.

If congress should cast off those secret service shadows they'll be likely to figure on recovering caste somehow through coming events.

The relay horses used on that ninety-eight mile ride of the president are also unanimous for the shorter and uglier thing too.

Mission of the Liberty Bell.

Philadelphia's mayor wastes few words in explaining his reason for sanctioning the loan of the Liberty bell for the Portland festival and the Alaska-Yukon exposition. "It is a matter of education," he declares, and as nothing can happen to it it is only right to "allow the historic relic to be shown to people all over the country." The further drift of his argument is to the effect that since Mohammed cannot or will not come to the mountain the mountain must go to Mohammed.

Generations may pass before another world's fair on the banks of the Schuylkill attracts millions of American citizens to the cradle of liberty. In Portland and Seattle eyes that might never behold the relic but for this opportunity may be the road to the heart of millions for the story of liberty's struggles and triumphs on America's soil. We make citizens in this country faster than we make landmarks to awe the expanding mind. To millions of Americans, young and old, the bell probably now appears, if they have even heard of it, as only half a reality. To see is to apprehend and believe, and next to Old Glory, which is everywhere today, nothing can be featured at a great public gathering with greater gain to patriotic sentiment than that same old cracked Liberty bell.

Few will dispute the New York Press' view that "the nation which neglects the care of its forests and rivers falls into denudation and poverty." But the burning question sure to be rung in before the job can be completed is, Who shall foot the forest preservation bill?

As a rule the yellow reporter's story of the "remarkable young and surpassingly beautiful" girl's adventure makes one think that "and supremely silly" was omitted to spare the feelings of the family.

That official who retained fines collected from auto speeders is all right in jail. Still, it would be better if he never landed there than to let the speeders retain their money.

The way things drag with our home canal projects those Panama shovelers needn't nurse their job. There'll be plenty doing long after the zone is cleaned up.

The hobo puzzle "to work or not to work" was speedily solved when the snow man called out, "There's a shovel."

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.00
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.47
Barley	50
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Best butter and eggs at O. Tessum's.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dr. Owne was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Ira C. Richardson was up to Middle River last Saturday.

J. M. Myro, the Viking banker, was in the city last Saturday.

Ed Wertz returned to this city last week from a trip to Iowa.

Attorney Wilhelm Michelet spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Miss Olga Hultin spent Sunday at the home of her parents in the city.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Dr. A. J. Klimek will be in his office from Monday, February 8, until Saturday, Feb. 13.

A daughter was born to to Mr. and Mrs. Ingbret Nelson, of the town of North last week.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Lumber for $6.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Miss Irene Caldwell came up from her school near Plummer Friday night and remained over Sunday at home.

N. F. Saxton, local manager of the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house, was down to Crookston last week.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Personal property taxes are payable on or before February 28. Pay your taxes now at the Peoples State Bank.

Miss Betsy Nelson arrived in the city last Saturday from Grand Forks and is visiting her brother, Ingbret Nelson.

According to a southern negro the world is coming to an end tomorrow, so square up with the printer before it is too late.

Melvin Evenson, who is attending the North Dakota State University at Grand Forks., is in the city visiting his parents this week.

Frank Whitney, principal keeper at the Minnesota State Reformatory at St. Cloud, was in the city Monday, the guest of S. Kennison.

An old newspaper man who has lately gone into the photographing business says: "I find that photographers rarely advertise, but I'm too old a newspaper man not to believe in it for everything I'd advertise if I was running a cemetery—quiet rooms, clean beds and plenty of free heat."

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

Receipts of the Hendrum creamery for 1908 exceeded those of 1907 about 25 per cent and the success of that institution is more certain than ever. The total receipts last year were 208,671 pounds of cream, and cash receipts were $13,585. The average price paid patrons for the year was nearly 21 cents.

The Peoples State Bank invites farmers and others having business in the city to make use of the office in the rear of their bank when they have any letters to write or other business to transact. The bank furnishes free stationery and other conveniences and makes no charge whatever.

Geo. Guss went to Roseau Saturday and attended the Garrison sale of fine stock. He bought a fine 2 year old Durham bull which he will put at the head of the herd on his farm five miles south of town. This animal is of the milk strain of Shorthorns and George rightly believes it advisable to combine size and beef qualities with milk quality in his cattle.—Middle River Pioneer.

J. H. Klimek, jeweler and watchmaker of the firm of Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co., has taken charge of the repair department and will, until March 1st, do the repairing at greatly reduced prices; cleaning of watches or clocks, 75 cts., mainsprings 75 cts., balance staff $1.00, balance jewels 75 cts. Also other repairing at one half of regular price.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

Dr. Vistaunet went up to Badger Tuesday.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

P. P. Palmer, of Highlanding, went up to Roosevelt Tuesday.

Casper Weiner was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

P. H. Thoreson, of Highlanding, was in the city the first of the week.

Robt. Thompson, of Lancaster, spent Sunday at the H. Hultin home.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Paul Olson was up from St. Hilaire Monday and made this office a call.

Phillip Robbecke went up to Roseau Tuesday to visit his uncle, Charley Meyers.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will meet with Mrs. Math Barzen this afternoon.

Mrs. D. P. O'Neill entertained a number of lady friends yesterday afternoon at a sleigh ride party.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Schusser, of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in the city, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. P. W. Roark.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Backey, of Grygla, were in the city Monday enroute to points in North Dakota for a visit.

Mrs. M. Bockman went to Minneapolis Sunday evening to spend a few days visiting friends,

County Superintendent of Schools Herman F. Anderson was in the city the first of the week.

The Misses Florence and Nell Berg entertained a number of friends last Saturday night to a unique and original "Boston Tea Party".

Mrs. Mabey arrived in the city this morning from Lake City and will spend several weeks here as the guest of her son, Perl W. Mabey.

O. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, was in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters and visiting his brother, T. L. Melgaard.

Services next Sunday morning and evening at 10:30 and 7:30 respectively, in the church east of the Soo depot. A cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, pastor.

Special features of Sunday night service at M. E. church. Duet by Mrs. Chas. Nason and Mr. B. Dan Bjorkman. Sermon on the Divinity of Christ by the pastor.

Bernard A. Nordvick, a young man twenty-nine years of age, died last Saturday in Minneapolis. The remains were brought to this city and buried yesterday. The parents of the deceased reside up near Germantown.

Farmers living between this city and Viking are talking of building a telephone system into Thief River Falls and it is quite likely that the line will be built this year. A meeting will be held in a few days to decide upon the matter.

Otto Granstrand, a former resident of this city, arrived here Sunday from Rochester, where he had been receiving medical treatment for a number of weeks. He expects to leave the 15th of this month for Spokane, Wash., where he is now located.

Instead of at the church as announced last week, the ladies of the Presbyterian church and their friends will be entertained at the C. C. Jackson home Friday afternoon, by Mrs. Jackson and Mrs. S. W. Bagley. They cordially invite all to attend.

We were greatly surprised to see George F. Barnes, former pioneer real deal and business man of this city, step off from the train on Tuesday morning. He removed with his family to Sunnyside, Wash., a number of years ago, and still resides at that place. About a year ago he suffered a paralytic stroke from which he has not yet fully recovered, and on account of which he limps considerably when walking. Otherwise he looks the same, and is the same jovial, kindly and even tempered man as in former days. Mr. Barnes has been on a visit with relatives at Owatonna, Minn., for a number of weeks, and being so close to Warren, he could not forego the pleasure of a visit with his many friends here. He reports his family well and happy and contented in their western home.—Warren Sheaf.

A. A. Burke was down from Greenbush the first of the week.

Andrew Stenseth was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

John Sorum was down from Holt the first of the week.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

There will be services in the Swedish church on the East Side on Sunday, Feb. 7, at 8 o'clock. Rev. P. Dalquist.

There will be services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 A. M. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Miss Mary Caldwell leaves this week for Minneapolis to attend a business college for the remaining part of the winter.

J. B. Johnson and family, of Grygla, passed through the city Sunday, being enroute to Redwood Falls to make their future home. Mr. Johnson has a farm near that city.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at regular hour. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

Dr. G. A. Penney left last evening for St. Paul, having received an urgent call from Mayor Hamre to come down and assist in the county seat fight which is to come up before the legislature today.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

A basket social will be held in the school house, Dist. 110, town of Moylan, Marshall county, next Saturday, Feb. 6. The funds taken in will go towards the improvement of the school and everybody that can come should turn out and help along a good cause.

On Tuesday evening Feb. 9, the ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold a "Hard Times" social at the H. E. Mussey residence for the benefit of the church. Nearly every one is familiar with the character of a "Hard Times" social so no explanation is necessary. A cordial invitation to all. Come and have a good time.

The work of putting up the new wires for the local telephone exchange will be completed this week and in a few days the service will be over the new line. All of the old wire will be taken down and it will take some time to complete this job. When the service is over the new system, so the manager says, it will be far better than at present, and there will be no "crossed wires."

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 85 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Hon. John M. Arctander, of Minneapolis, the most noted lawyer and orator among the Scandinavians in America, will deliver a lecture in the Norwegian language at the opera house in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Arctander's prominence as a speaker should secure for him a large attendance and all Scandinavians in Thief River Falls and vicinity should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. Admission free. Do not forget the date.

Calling the Tramps' Bluff.

Experiment should be made without delay to test the hard luck stories of "out of works" who appeal to the sympathies of the thrifty in interior New York. The regions most frequented lie along routes of travel between New England and the lakes and between Canada and the south. Migratory hoboes, whether claiming residence in New York state or to be en route to inviting pastures beyond the borders, can be placed in colonies to earn their keep or at least do enough to prove their sincerity.

Projects similar to tramp colonization have been tried in Europe with fair success. The continent has had in the past many worthy workmen who traveled from point to point seeking better wages or to see the country or to satisfy roving instinct. No doubt the modern idle tramp over there counterfeits his honest brother and gets charity by making the "out of work" bluff. At one time the tramp printer was an institution of American country life. He moved from town to town seeking work, generally getting it by an appeal to fraternal sympathy, but he at least made an effort to pay his way. He has been succeeded by a tramp who pretends that work awaits him somewhere in the beyond and plaintively asks for charity to tide him over. Charity merely confirms idleness in such a case, and, however decent the beginning, the end is pauperism. A man who is forced to tramp to find work is to be pitied. In the colony he can have work without tramping for it and must at least make a show of earning what he eats.

E. L. Quist Buys the Press.

A deal was closed this week whereby E. L. Quist, formerly register of deeds of Red Lake county, becomes the owner of the Thief River Falls Press, having purchased this property of S. W. Bagley. While not a practical newspaper man, Mr. Quist is an able writer and is sure to make a success of the paper.

Mr. Bagley is undecided as to the future, but it is quite likely that he will locate somewhere in the west for the benefit of his health and engage in some other line of business. Wherever he goes he will have the best wishes of all the people of Thief River Falls.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

The Cubans are harvesting the biggest sugar crop ever raised on the island, and the people do rule. If the Pearl of the Antilles can't prosper after that send-off, Cuba libre is an iridescent dream.

If the English join heartily in the coming centenary celebration of Perry's victory over them on Lake Erie, no further evidence will be needed that they, too, believe "blood is thicker than water."

"Petty local Hall of Fame" is the New York Herald's best word for that imaginary Valhalla which has no open door for one Edgar Allan Poe.

That British judge who never used a telephone has one experience the less to regret and fewer short and uglies to repent.

Admiral Rojestvensky lived long enough to swear in the newer and better navy as the only one worth the money.

Difficult to tell whether that revolution in China is going forward or backward.

The Yosemite Reservoir.

The Scenic Preservation society enters the lists prepared to "fight fire with fire" in the matter of the Yosemite National park as the site of a municipal reservoir. Members of the society dispute the proposition of the petitioners for the grant that "the greatest good to the greatest number" will be secured if congress sanctions a huge retaining dam across Tuolumne river at the foot of Hetch-Hetchy valley, one of the finest gorges in the whole reservation. The water in the reservoir would of course be useless for drinking purposes unless a large area of the park drained by the river should be practically alienated from public use. Upon this point the New York Independent says:

> The issue involves more than the destruction of Hetch-Hetchy. The reservoir grant assumes a divided use of the Tuolumne watershed by the city as a source of supply and by the public as a recreation ground. The present state of sanitary progress holds these two uses to be incompatible without filtration or other purification process. The city advocates pass by nearer sources on the ground that they require filtration. Therefore the next move will be the restriction or exclusion of the public for camping and recreation from more than 500 square miles of the Yosemite National park. This includes the Tuolumne canyon and Tuolumne meadows. The former is the most remarkable canyon in the United States, the latter the finest and most spacious alpine valley for camping purposes in all the Sierra Nevada.

Half a billion is "a good deal o' money" for the Panama ditch, but then to think of all the water high finance can pour into a $500,000,000 proposition if ever Uncle Sam wants to "hock" the securities.

France also wants two cent letter postage. Now, if the people interested can be taught to write readable letters in the language foreign to them this cut won't put much of a hole in the net revenues.

The New York cow that drinks beer is probably taking the sole method left for tiding over thirst until real water pours in through the Catskill pipes.

Question as to the popularity of slapjacks and sausage over lobsters and ice cream on "after the ball" menus can be settled by casting one ballot.

France names her Dreadnought Voltaire. But in a fight battleships should shoot something more penetrating than even bright ideas.

It is to be hoped now that Cuba has put her own shoulder to the wheel she won't begin turning on revolutions.

New County Seat Bill.

A bill providing for special election for changing county seats was offered by J. J. Opsahl of Bemidji. This empowers the governor to order a special election for voting on a proposition to change a county seat when petitioned by 60 per cent of the voters in the county voting at the last general election.

This bill has the backing of Thief River Falls and a large number of our representatives have been upon the ground pushing the measure for weeks. There is no woodchuck in the bill, its provisions are even more exacting than the present law, but it takes the power given the county commissioners as at present and it gives it to the governor. In the interest of honest government it should become a law.

This bill is to be considered at a joint meeting of the committees on counties of the senate and house today. All have been so impressed with the fairness of the law that it has been easy to secure pledges of support and it is quite likely that it will pass the legislature within a week.

Potatoes in Demand.

J. M. Stephens, who has been spending the past week in the Twin Cities and in different sections of Wisconsin, returned to the city yesterday morning and reports that everywhere he went he found *Red River Valley* potatoes in great demand. Mr. Stephens has several thousand bushels of the finest potatoes that can be found and his trip was for the purpose of disposing of them. He reports that in this respect he was extremely successful. He was snow bound several times during his trip and states that he experienced more severe weather while away than he ever did in Polk county.—Crookston Times.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Jan. 30, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Halvorson, Nils, 2
Hanson, Sina
Knutson, A.
Hjelgren, Miss L.
Molde, Mrs. Chas.
Olson, Miss Olga
Sagmoen, Mrs. Gjertrud
Wiken, Mrs. Ingrid
Urpa, Yan

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

AT THE BIJOU.

Selig's circus coming the last half of this week, "The Queen of the Arena", the world's greatest equestrianne. Nothing like it was ever attempted in motion pictures. A big reproduction of a circus interwoven with a beautiful pathetic drama. "The Donkey's Skin" is the most engaging fairy yarn of the year, original, piquant and fascinating. The biggest stage success, being played in five languages.

The balance of the program is comedy, "The Awkward Man" and "The Antique Wardrobe."

Mrs. Huseth sings with great success the beautiful pictured melody, "Only an Old Fashioned Cottage."

Subscribe for the News.

NEW NORMAL IS SURE

State Legislature Decides to Grant the Demand for a New Normal School.

Quistion of Location to Be Decided Upon Later By the Legislatrue.

Northern Minnesota is to have a new normal school. The need of the institution has been decided upon by the committee on Normal schools of the house and senate. Just what town is going to secure the new school is a question to be decided later. The matter will not be left to any commission or board, but the legislature will itself name the town in which the school is to be located.

A committee of senators and representatives have decided to visit the various towns in this section of the state that aspire to secure the new school and will then decide upon the location. The committee starts out on Friday of this week and the first town to be visited will be Cass Lake and they will probably be here the first of next week.

Among those in St. Paul the past week looking after the interests of Thief River Falls in this fight: Mayor T. P. Hamre, Supt. J. H. Hay, D. P. O'Neill, Louis Hanson, Robert McGinn, G. Halvorson, O. J. Schei and M. V. Evenson.

Six Weeks More Winter.

If all signs do not fail, this section is due to have six weeks more of winter weather, simply because Mr. Ground Hog came out of his hole Tuesday, caught a glimpse of his shadow and decided that in order to make good he would have to return and take another nap. When dawn arrived the people were made happy by the fact that the sun was overcast with clouds, and they were beginning to have dreams of an immediate appearance of spring.

It was not long, however, before Old Sol decided that he would bring disappointment to many, and by 9 o'clock there was not a cloud in the sky and even a feather could cast a shadow, let alone such a substantial object as a ground hog.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows, Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.

Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Bids Wanted.

Bids for seventy-five cords of green, body split poplar wood will be received by Independent School District No. 18 at 7:30 on Saturday, Feb. 6. Wood must be delivered to the three school houses in Thief River Falls. G. A. Penney, Clerk.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

Pay your personal property taxes at this bank. We give you receipt especially prepared for taxes. Taxes paid before March will avoid penalty.

We are in a better position than ever to handle farm loans and can make your loan at very low rates.

We solicit new accounts. We should be more than glad to open an account with you and assure you that no account is too large for us to handle safely and none to small to be warmly welcomed.

People's State Bank.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

A WARNING.

"Will you walk into my parlor?"
Said the chipmunk to the whale.
"The place is large and roomy.
Come in and rest your tail.
Come, join me in a sandwich.
Of food I have no lack,
And after things substantial
There are some nuts to crack."

"Oh, no!" the whale made answer.
"To ask me is in vain.
Your invitation gives me,
I grieve to say, a pain.
I fear that such a visit
My mother dear would shock.
She always likes to have me home
In bed by eight o'clock."

But still the little chipmunk
With vigor pressed the point.
The whale was thus persuaded
To walk into his joint.
He never did come out again
Around the seas to fly.
The chipmunk ate him at a bite,
Which caused the whale to die.

The moral of this little tale
Is clear as living coal;
Don't go, although politely pressed,
Into a chipmunk's hole.
Another moral to the yarn,
As any one can see,
Is not to ask an elephant
If it can change a V.

The Usual Question.

"She is going to be divorced."

"Is she? Dear me, I wonder what it will be."

"Cruelty, I believe."

"Cruelty? Oh, pshaw! I didn't mean that."

"What did you mean?"

"Her gown, of course."

Good Guess.

"When is a cat not a cat?"

"Easy."

"Well?"

"When she is a woman."

Their Reason.

"I wonder why most women seem so sort of thankfully inclined—so much more so, indeed, than the average man does?"

"Because they have escaped being born men."

Mean Thing.

"Well, I am not a mind reader."

"No; I wouldn't suspect you of it."

"Of what?"

"Having anything to do with a mind."

Sure Sign.

"Brown has stopped worrying."

"When did he die?"

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Constant primping, brushing up and keeping in good trim is the price of vanity.

Smile and the world smiles with you. Pay up your bills and it smiles at you.

Don't be too hard upon your friends. Some people just can't help giving advice.

Having plenty of friends is very often merely a matter of not needing any.

There are people who can't take a joke at all, and then there are others who take it entirely too far.

WITH ALL MY BRAINS—ONLY $3 PER—

It is wasted energy to try to hit back when old Father Time gives you a jolt.

Trouble is a matter of calling it so in some instances; what you call your trouble might be called a good thing by some others.

Look out for yourself, but in doing so it is often necessary to take care of your friends.

Brains are good things for the man who knows how to use them, but it frequently happens that the man who owns them is the man who gets the least for them.

The man who thinks he is smart is bound sooner or later to meet with some one who will make him smart.

The doctrine that there is always room at the top was doubtless first enunciated by some one who was feeling crowded.

[illegible] can enjoy poverty unless he [illegible] fortune at his back.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Most of us would be so glad if we could get all our friends to agree upon the question of what constitutes bad habits.

Some people are just naturally wise, and others are unnaturally so.

I'D LIKE TO BAIL YE—BUT MY WIFE, YER KNOW—

Trust your friends and stand by them, but keep your property in your wife's name.

If some men who earn their own living would be satisfied with just that a lot of idle loafers would have to get busy.

It doesn't take much to make a resolution, but the trouble comes in making it keep resolved.

Any one can make a prophecy, but it requires a good sidestepper to stand from under afterward.

There is no use regretting the past, and experience says there is little good taking heed for the future either.

Don't tell your troubles if you can help it and if you can't tell them to skiddoo.

There is nothing so hopeless as a bright young man. He is so self sufficient that there is no room on his horizon for anything but himself, and probably never will be.

Hurry Up Call.

Get busy, little Cupid!
Do business with your bow.
The man who makes statistics
Declares that you are slow.
Last year I hear that fewer
Results for you were claimed
Than in the years preceding.
You ought to be ashamed.

I'm told that you are guilty
Of loafing on the job;
That where in former cases
You caused a heart to throb
You have discarded methods
That one time were applied
And puzzle now concerning
The cash on either side.

You take a little maiden
Who should of guile be free
And ask her to consider
The money question. See?
You let man dodge the lady
And fend each friendly glance
Till he has made his fortune
Before he takes a chance.

You ought to mend your manners
And in the background shove
Such things as ready money
And deal once more in love.
You ought to cut out business
And play your storied part
To old romantic notions
That count on but the heart.

Equipped.

I'M A PAINTER TOO

"I can make a chair and paint a house," boasted the practical, cultured girl.

"Good!" returned the young man who knew a good thing when he saw it. "I can make a bed and paint the town. Let's hitch up and make a go of it."

Utility.

"Heard her voice?"

"Yes."

"There is a fortune in it."

"What is she going to do—saw wood with it?"

Wondered.

"There are only 400 persons in New York society worth knowing."

"Does that include the poodle dogs or not?"

DID YOU EVER NOTICE—

That your perturbation is taken to mean deep sympathy and only draws upon you further outpourings that are the direct result of insufferable egotism and of sublimated self conceit?

That your desire to express your true feelings become unbearable, quite intolerable, and you determine to unburden your soul of all that it has concealed and be free?

That you don't do anything of the kind—when the friend of your bosom is some fifty pounds heavier than you are—but just gulp down your resentment and get more credit for doing the sympathy act?

That you never could understand why you were such a monumental weakling as to submit to be so used as a hysterical outlet and as a saccharine tablet of dope to the doomed?

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DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

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THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

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You catch cold easily or become rundown because of the after effects of malaria.
Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*
It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

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BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
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Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

When In Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

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To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE ROONEY WILL

BY

FRANK H. SWEET

Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.

THE lawyer—a dry little man—said it was the strangest will he had ever helped to draw up. He felt he owed an apology to the relatives of the deceased for its peculiar phraseology. But they must please understand that he was not to blame. He had begged the testator to allow the terms to appear in the ordinary legal forms. He had argued, got angry even, but in vain. The stubborn old gentleman insisted on wording the will in his own way.

The deceased man's nearest relative was old Tom Gaynor, who, it was said, fully expected to come in for the bulk of the hoard. A proud, hard man was Tom, wealthy as wealth goes in rural Ireland, but as grasping of the penny as if he had nothing. The pride born of his wealth was shown in the way he treated suitors for the hand of his pretty daughter, Kitty. Decent, well to do farmers came seeking her, but old Tom would have none of them. It was said he was waiting till the possession of Rooney's money brought some of the big graziers of the neighborhood to his door, hat in hand, looking for Kitty.

Pretty Kitty, however, had already made her own choice, which by a certain lovable perversity was none other than Frank Murtagh, the very poorest of her suitors, himself also a relative of John Rooney. When his parents died John had taken him in and reared him as his own son. It was said that the two men had failed to hit it off together in later years. Frank was a merry, light hearted blade, and it was a matter of popular conjecture that his easy going ways had alienated whatever affection old Rooney may have entertained for him originally, and in the scale of expectations he was put down at a very low altitude.

But all suspense on this important matter would soon be at an end, for the lawyer, having cleared his throat, now commenced to read the will:

"I, John Rooney, sound of mind, do herewith make this my last will and testament. To that sorra-may-care rascal, Frank Murtagh, I bequeath the house and land about it on condition that he does not sell it for less than £200 for the far field and £500 for the house and near field, and, as this is about six times its value, he is not likely to get anybody fool enough to buy it of him. And I give my old clothes—not a thing more—to that niggard, Tom Gaynor"—

All eyes were turned on Tom, who, strange to say, took his treatment with perfect composure, except for a slight flush at the testator's personal reference. The lawyer gave a discreet cough and went on:

"He treated me like a dog when I was poor and fawned on me when he thought I had grown rich. And there's my old bamboo stick, that I used for many years, I leave to Frank Murtagh to belt ("my apologies, but belt is the —er—extraordinary word the testator insisted on using," mournfully protested the lawyer)—belt Tom Gaynor off these premises and lands if he dares to show his face on them. This duty I enjoin solemnly on Frank Murtagh, and if he fails to perform it everything I have left him goes to Cooldara chapel. And now I've bequeathed every penny I was possessed of, and much good may it do those that have got it."

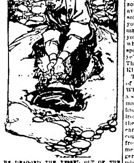

HE DRAGGED THE VESSEL OUT OF THE HOLE.

And so the peculiar will came to an end. Astonishment gripped the room. Not a small amount of their wonder was expended on the calm way old Tom Gaynor had met the shattering of his expectations he was known to have entertained for Rooney's hoard.

But they would have ceased to wonder had they been privileged to know what was passing in Tom Gaynor's mind at that moment. On his way home he had paused at the road gate of one of Frank's fields and stood looking toward a hillock on the top whereof flourished a small tree.

"I'm too knowing for ye, John Rooney," said he. "I can see ye now—God be good to ye—as I saw ye that night six months ago dhragging the big iron pot and burying it close to that tree there, and there it is now, with the American money in it safe and sound for me when I like to go for it," and he gave a chuckle. "I'll go take a look to see the exact spot where the ould lad buried it."

Forgetting the terms of the will that warned him under penalties off the land, he crossed the gate. Frank, however, had perceived the movement from the kitchen window and, mindful of his testamentary obligations, snatched up the bamboo stick and charged down upon Tom, who thereupon regained the right side of the gate with alacrity. Frank was full of apologies for the harsh duty that had been imposed on him, but Tom made light of the matter, merely turning it to account to say a few indulgently sarcastic remarks about the queer, eccentric nature of old John Rooney. All the time his eye glittered on the hillock.

Now, though the hiding place of the treasure was known to Tom, there was one great difficulty still in the way of its acquisition. To enter a man's field and take something out of it was nothing short of theft. Therefore while the field belonged to another Tom was debarred by the most elementary principles of honesty from attaching the treasure. The only resource left, then, was to wheedle Frank into selling the valuable piece of land.

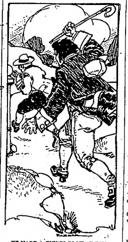

HE MADE A FIERCE BLOW AT TOM.

The realization of this project was made easy by the appearance that evening of Frank Murtagh, bent on asking Tom to give him Kitty. When they were wrapped in the secrecy of the parlor Tom craftily introduced his scheme. He was aware of Frank's circumstances, he went on to say, and how small was the amount of ready money old John Rooney had left him to carry on the work of the farm. Knowing this, he felt certain he would not be able to sleep o' nights if Frank's position was not made easier. He had thought the matter over and evolved a very good idea. It was to buy the far field of Frank—yes, even at the prohibitive price old Rooney had put upon it.

Frank, sorely in need of money, met the offer with mingled wonder and delight.

When the matter was arranged Frank took occasion to venture his proposal for Kitty. Tom's good humor at once evaporated. He shook his head severely.

"Don't let that idea into your head, my boy," said he. "Ye're no match for her. 'Tis one of them big graziers Kitty will be getting. No, no; thry somewhere else." Then, anxious to avoid offending Frank, he added in a softer tone: "Ye see, Kitty's only a young girl yet. She won't be on for marrying these years. An', sure, haven't you time enough yourself too? Musha, what hurry's on ye to get yerself spanchelled? Mebbe in a year or two ye'll be betther off than ye are now. Then come to me an' we'll talk about Kitty."

The day he entered into possession of the field was a great day for Tom. When all were abed that night he took a spade from the stable and cautiously made his way to the hillock where he had seen old John Rooney burying the iron pot. Feeling round the brow of the hill, he found the loose scraws of earth and knew that the treasure could not be more than two feet away from him. Seizing his spade, he commenced excavating with feverish eagerness. In a very short time—two minutes perhaps—the spade struck metal. Bending, he groped for the handle of the pot and, seizing it, dragged the vessel out of the hole. The mouth of the pot was merely covered with rough sacking, but with admirable self restraint Tom determined to refrain from making acquaintance with the contents till he had reached the friendly haven of his own kitchen.

With a cool deliberation, remarkable when the occasion is considered, Tom lit a lamp when he had placed the pot on the floor. Then he bent down and with just a slight trembling of the fingers proceeded to untie the rope that bound the sacking. The knot was presently loosened; it fell away, off came the sacking, and Tom's eyes glared vacantly at—stones.

"It must be underneath," he muttered hoarsely.

But when the contents were strewn on the floor nothing was shown but stones mingled with sand and ashes.

"The villain—the old schaming rogue! Full of tricks he always was!" muttered Tom, and that was all he said during the half hour he sat staring wildly at the heap, occasionally turning, with a start, to hear in the chirrup of a cricket the jeering cackle of old John Rooney.

Presently he rose, cleared the rubbish into the yard and went to bed.

Next morning the first poignancy of his disappointment was passed. Indeed, the matter that stood most prominently in his mind was the loss of the £200 he had paid for the field. But on further thought he was able to relieve his depression by the conclusion that he would have small difficulty in coaxing the amount from easy going Frank and so restore affairs to their original condition.

With this purpose in view he set out to call on Frank, quite forgetting the warning in the will and the bamboo stick.

Frank, too, appeared to have permitted his testamentary duties to slip his memory, for he bade the old man welcome and haled him to the parlor with every demonstration of respect. The object of Tom's visit filled him with delighted speculation. Was it something about Kitty? Had Tom repented of his harsh opposition?

His heart leaped wildly, but grew calm enough again when Tom referred with mournful air to the matter of the purchase of the field as the reason of his call.

The mention of Kitty was enough for Frank. Up he jumped and, going to the press in the corner, extracted from a little box the check just as Tom handed it to him.

Tom's eyes glittered as he crushed it into his pocket.

"You're a thoroughbred, Frank," said he, "and if I can do anything for ye, my boy, command me."

"Give me Kitty, then," said Frank, promptly seizing the opportunity.

Good humor instantly fled the old man's face. It became hard, flinty. But, conscious that he owed Frank something for the ready return of the check, he resorted to diplomatic evasion to smooth over the incident.

"Before I answer that let me ask you a question," he said.

"Well?"

"Have you ever made a search for Rooney's money that he got by the American uncle?"

"Indeed I did. I searched everywhere in the house, but not a thrace of it could I find."

"But it must be somewhere, Frank. Ould John couldn't have taken it away with him."

"That's thrue."

"Well, now, just listen to this. If you find that money I'll give you Kitty."

Frank's eyes rolled wildly in the excitement of the prospect this remark opened out to him. In one of these revolutions they encountered the bamboo stick. A chill struck him, for he was at once reminded of the duty imposed by the will, which left him no alternative but to "belt" out of the house the man whom it was his best interest to propitiate. But, though his soul girded at the task, the bamboo drew him as if the very spirit of old John Rooney possessed it.

"Sorry I am, Tom Gaynor, but ye must get out of this," he said, leaping to his feet and running to the corner. "Remember, what the will said, man. You're to be belted out of this place every time ye come into it. Be off now, if you plaze. Quick, man! Sure it's not my fault, but it can't be helped anyway."

Frank purposely fumbled with the stick to allow Tom to collect faculties grievously scattered by the abrupt outburst.

"Are ye gone?" cried Frank, waving the bamboo menacingly as he swung around, just in time to see old Tom's coattails disappear through the door.

Down along the path sped Tom, with Frank not a yard behind, improving his position gradually by way of demonstrating that there was no deception in his effort. To give further evidence of his determination to carry out his testamentary obligations, he made a fierce blow at Tom just as he flew through the gate. The blow missed Tom, as indeed it was intended to do, but struck the gate with terrific force.

Now in safe territory, Tom drew up, gasping for breath, while Frank gazed ruefully at the bamboo broken across the middle.

"Begor, I've done for ould Rooney's bamboo," said he. "But what's this here?" gazing closely at the slit. "It's hollow within, and there's something in it. What can it be?" he added, pulling out a long tube of papers.

"There's more of them here up the hollow," he said, throwing the papers on the ground and proceeding to further investigation. "This is something ould Rooney hid here, I'll hould ye. What can it mane, I wondher?"

"Mane!" cried Tom, who had picked up the roll and opened it. "What can it mane?" with a hoarse shout. "It manes that these are bank notes for £50 apiece; aye, and here are more for £100."

The pair stood and gasped their astonishment.

"The American legacy," whispered Frank when he had caught his breath.

"That's just what it is," returned Tom, vaulting from trembling excitement to genial enthusiasm. "Frank, my boy, I congratulate ye. Ye're the richest man in the county this minyet."

"And—and"— murmured Frank.

Old Tom saw the question in the young man's eyes and cut his hesitation short with a laugh.

"Don't throuble to say another word," he said. "Kitty's yours, my boy, and my big blessing on ye both."

A LEGEND OF MEXICO

The Mermaid Malinche and Her Haunted Springs.

LURE OF THE WATER SPRITE.

To See This Fabled Custodian of the Royal Jewels of the Ancient Aztecs Is to Die and Help the Siren Guard the Hidden Treasures.

Malinche, or Malintze, as some of the old Mexican writers spell it, is the water sprite, the mermaid, who lives in two famous springs in Mexico that are said to be connected by natural underground waterways.

She is invisible to all except those who never return to tell the tale, yet it is easy to see her, they say.

In the daytime Malinche lives in the little spring bed pool just within the iron gates of Chapultepec. Here she is a sweet spirit, always wooing the passerby with the music of her gentle voice.

At nighttime she is miles away, and her voice is wicked and mournful. It will add interest to this legend of the Malinche if the traveler when he starts out to visit Chapultepec for the first time will pause at the Cuauhtemoc statue in the second glorieta of the Paseo and take a long look at it, not only because it is a noble work of art, but because this Indian hero was the last ruler of his race, the Aztecs, and in the final struggle called Malinche to his aid.

A bronze relief in the base of the pedestal on which the statue stands shows the chief being tortured to compel him to reveal the hiding place of the wealth of his kingdom. Cuauhtemoc's stoical bearing rebukes the complainings of his comrade, whose feet are also roasting over the slow fire in the brasero beneath them, and when he at last cries out in anguish Cuauhtemoc reproves him. "For shame, faint heart. Do you think I am taking my pleasure in my bath that you appeal to me?"

The magnificent old cypress trees that surround the rock of Chapultepec on a slightly lower level than the spring were old before the conquest, and among them Cuauhtemoc and his plumed and painted warriors guided their canoes to the enchanted spring when they came to quench their battle thirst. Protected by these brave old trees, Cuauhtemoc climbed the rocks and from the heights watched the maneuvers of his enemies on the lakes. Close by the storied spring stands the monarch of them all, Montezuma's tree. It is awe inspiring to follow with the eye its rugged bole up over the growth of centuries and try to measure with the mind the history that has been enacted beneath its waving boughs. Perhaps the magic spring at its feet caused it to grow higher and more majestic than its fellows. Here in its shade Montezuma sat and wept when he foresaw his downfall. Here Cuauhtemoc vowed that if he could not overcome the Spaniard he would give the Aztec treasure to Malinche.

She overheard him make this vow and whispered from the fringed brink of the mirroring water that she would receive the trust at the spring of Atzcapotzalco, three or four miles away. This town, whose name looks so unpronounceable to the strangers, but sounds so smooth when uttered by a Mexican, has a little suburb, Zancopinca, that has been made famous by Malinche's spring. It is here that Malinche loses the sweet nature by which she is known at Chapultepec and becomes a wicked spirit. The legend relates that she grew savage because she was set to guard the treasure that Cuauhtemoc secretly conveyed to her when the hour of despair had arrived for his people, though another tradition says that he selected that hiding place because of her wild and brave spirit.

However that may be, it was there that he carried the royal jewels of the Aztecs and much gold and silver when he knew that he was about to be defeated by Cortes. Calling up the Malinche, he gave all into her keeping and then went to his doom. Down deep into the hidden grottoes of her home Malinche dragged the hoarded treasures.

Long passageways connect these chambers and by many tortuous windings reach either spring. The walls of rock crystal and chalcedony have been polished and worn into fantastic shapes by the running water. There are long, narrow shelves on which the treasure is strewn and glittering stalactites that catch long strings of pearls and emeralds and hold them swaying in the winds of the caves.

Glowworms and electric fishes light the fairy scene, and the water makes constant music, but the Malinche is not happy. If you go near the pool at Zancopinca you will hear her voice lamenting, and often in the nighttime it may be heard afar off. If the unwary traveler pauses to listen he will hear cries of distress and anger and sad moanings that attract him to their relief. He will come nearer and nearer to the spring and, bending down that his ear may be close, he will hear troubled waters rushing among hidden rocks. When his face is above the pool a pair of white arms will rise up out of the water and clasp him about the neck. He is never seen again. He has gone to help the siren guard the treasure of Cuauhtemoc.—Mary Worral Hudson in Mexican Herald.

Nature is lavish in the production of everything but great men.—Hubbard.

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People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000
The Peoples State Bank wishes to announce that T. P. Hamre has retired cashier, having sold his stock in the bank to H. P. Sponheim. The new cashier, Oscar Sponheim, needs no introduction, as he has served as assistant cashier since the organization.
We look forward to the continuance of all our former customers and invite new customers to call on us and open up an account or transact such other banking business as they may have.
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Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

COMPELLING CIRCUMSTANCES

Circumstances push us round,
Hither, thither, everywhere,
Whether we would go or not.
What do circumstances care?
If a path to guide our feet
Outlined clearly we essay,
Stronger forces take command,
And we go the other way.

Carefully we lay our plans,
Fixing details up just so,
Saying they will certainly
Bring us where we want to go,
And when we proceed to put
Their unfoldment to the test
Something we had not foreseen
Comes and knocks them galley west.

Rising from our little bed
Somewhat later than the sun,
We declare that on today
Such and such things will be done,
And we take a running start,
Looking well before we leap;
Then we strike an obstacle
And decide our plans will keep.

Circumstances toss us round
As a ship is tossed at sea.
In their clutches we are caught.
No one from their spell is free.
It is useless to resist.
Kick or try to make a fuss,
For we cannot break away—
They have got the bulge on us.

Reckless.

"There you are, smoking a cigar again, John Henry, when you know it is undermining your health."

"But when have I smoked before?"

"When have you smoked before? Didn't I see you smoking a cigar just last week?"

"What of it?"

"All right, if you insist on going the pace that kills."

Trouble For Nothing.

"Are there any reporters present?" asked the lady agitator who was about to unburden her mind.

"Want to be more careful what you say?"

"Careful nothing! What's the use in cutting up if we are not to be reported?"

Had the Evidence.

"That girl is two faced."

"I didn't think that of her."

"She is, though. If you could see her in the morning before she has done anything with it and at night when she is ready for the party you would think so too."

Accept Them Himself.

"I wish you would tell me how to get my stories accepted."

"Oh, that's easy."

"Is it?"

"Sure. Buy a magazine."

Exception.

Time is money,
Not a bit,
Though, for those
Who're doing it.

Too Expensive.

"Not having as many poems printed as you did?"

"No; I have sort of let up."

"Advertising rates too high?"

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

It is hard to convince yourself that there is anything in resolution day when you see how your friends continue to treat you in the same old way.

There are men whom the world could get along without, but these men are in darkest and densest ignorance of the fact.

It takes a man of keen perceptions and great persuasive ability to discover a thing that doesn't exist.

Everybody would like to be good, but the great trouble is that most of us know so many disagreeable people who wont let us.

If the nondescript girl with hay colored hair is known as a blond beauty, she has a millionaire father.

An absentminded man ought to be made to absent himself and hunt his mind up every time he indulges his peculiarity.

JUST LOOK AT WHAT SHE'S DOING

Between knowing what we ought to do and knowing what our friends ought to do some of us are so busy that we are necessarily inactive.

The man who is the author of his own misery doesn't draw a royalty from one of the six best sellers.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the Seal of the District Court, in and for the County of LeSueur and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the 10th day of November, 1908, in an action wherein The Continental Jewelry Company, a corporation, is Plaintiff, and T. H. Schwandt and E. W. Sander—Schwandt and Sander, are Defendants, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant E. W. Sander, for the sum of two hundred four—65-100 Dollars, ($204.65) and increased costs of $1.25, which judgment was duly docketed in the District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 14th day of November, 1908, which execution was directed and delivered to me as Sheriff in and for the said County of Red Lake, I have, this 2nd day of December, 1908, A. D., levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant E. W. Sander in and to the following described real property, to-wit:—the southeast quarter, (S. E.¼ and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (S. W.¼ of N. E.¼) of section twenty three (23), and north half of southeast quarter, (N.½ of S. E.¼) of section fourteen (14), all in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the west front door of the courthouse in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 23rd day of January, 1909, A. D., at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interests and costs thereon.

Dated December 2nd, 1908.

Lewis A. Nelson,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

Ora J. Parker, Attorney for Plaintiff.
dec. 10-jan. 14

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Carlson, of Holt, Minn., who, on Jan. 14th, 1901, made H. E. No. 7201, Serial, No. 01862, for S.E.¼, Section 31, Township 156, N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 1st day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Gunerius Olson, of Holt, Minn.
Gustaf Peterson, " "
August Nelson, " "
Halftan M. Olson, " "

Jan. 21-feb. 25. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, and it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

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THE NEWS, $1

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for children; safe, sure. No opiates

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THE NEWS

Hexamethylenetetramine.

The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities, and avoid a serious malady. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Fred Richard, unmarried, as mortgagor, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section eighteen, township one hundred and fifty-two, north, range forty-five, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing one hundred and sixty acres according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date August 8, 1903, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County on September 5, 1903, at nine o'clock A. M. in book 35 of mortgage records, at page 320, and

Whereas, the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated September 23, 1903, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on September 26, 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgage records, at page 190, duly assigned said mortgage to Michael Maire, and

Whereas the said Michael Maire, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 21, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock A. M. in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 538, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty-eight cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Russell E. Vance and Cora M. Vance, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real property, situate in the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots one and three and the north one-half of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section sixteen, township one hundred fifty-one, north range forty-four, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing 196.40 acres, according to U. S. survey.

Which said mortgage bears date June 1, 1905, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake County, on June 13, 1905, at 1:30 P. M., in book 35 of Mortgages at page 467, and

Whereas the said Peter Kiene, by an instrument in writing, dated June 17, 1905, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 30, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgage Records, at page 171, duly assigned said mortgage to Ellen F. Sullivan, and

Whereas the said Ellen F. Sullivan, thereafter, by an instrument in writing dated December 16, 1908, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 30, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 7 of Mortgage Records at page 537, duly re-assigned said mortgage to said Peter Kiene, who is now the owner thereof, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of two thousand five hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Red Lake, in the State of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure thereof, including an attorney fee of seventy-five dollars therein provided for in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated December 31, 1908.

PETER KIENE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Attorney for Assignee,
1018-19 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. dec. 31-feb. 4.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 7, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6102, Serial No. 0920, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 15th day of February, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Albert Klungness, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ed Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Sordahl, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " " "

Jan. 14-feb. 18 R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the only American watch. It had to prove itself the finest practical watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you get something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Hotel
Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in
Every Way.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Pneumonia follows La Grippe.

Pneumonia often follows la grippe but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, for la Grippe coughs and deep seated colds. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

C. R. Kluger, the Jeweler, 1060 Virginia Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complextion, cured my backache and the irregularities disappeared, and I can now attend to business every day, and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cured me after the doctors and other remedies had failed." A. Bjerkhoel.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1909. NUMBER 7.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

COUNTY SEAT BILL IS UP

First Public Hearing Had Before the Senate Committee Last Week.

Another Hearing to Be Had Today and Then Final Action Will Be Taken.

Last Thursday the senate committee upon towns and counties, to which had been referred the bill to take from county commissioners the power passing upon county seat removal petitions and placing the same in the hands of the governor of the state, came up for hearing. This is a bill, which if passed, will give the people of Red Lake county an opportunity to vote upon the county seat question.

Attorney A. A. Miller, of Crookston, who has had charge of the legal fight for Thief River Falls since the beginning of the fight told the committee how after the first county seat removal petition had been carried to the state supreme court and there "legalized upon all points which were litigated or might have been litigated" it had been stolen. That a second petition had been circulated and the county commissioners refused to meet and consider it, and that unless the law was changed it would be impossible for the voters of Red Lake county to have any chance to vote upon county seat location in Red Lake county.

D. P. O'Neill told how three county commissioner represented one-third of the people of the county: how eleven townships in the county were without representation and that such a condition was playing havoc with developments of the county. M. V. Evenson, Mayor Hamre, Attorney Halvorson, Dr. G. A. Penney, W. B. Fuller, Milton Forder, Louis Hanson, Robert McGinn and others spoke before the committee or to the members of the legislature privately and urged the passage of this bill which all admit is a fair measure.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, made the principal talk against the bill. He said that Thief River Falls' two petitions for the removal of the county seat had been secured by fraud; that a majority of the people of the county did not want the county seat removed, and that he did not think it wise for the legislature to pass a bill which he said meant the removal of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. Inasmuch as the bill provides that the vote must be 55 per cent in order to have the county seat removed, the remarks made by Mr. Boughton caused some of the legislators to smile. Even John Duffy, who was present but did not talk, smiled a sickly smile. Dr. Watson also made a few remarks for Red Lake Falls.

Senator A. L. Hanson, of Ada, who introduced the bill, spoke warmly in its favor and converted many people to his way of thinking.

The committee took an adjournment until today at which time further arguments will be made and there will be a joint meeting with the house committee. At this time it is confidently predicted that the bill will be reported out to both the house and senate and as it is a fair one in every way it is quite likely to pass.

Commissioners Meet.

County Commissioner Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls last Friday to attend a meeting of the county board. The only matter taken up for consideration was the Kratka-Mayfield ditch and a very large number of settlers residing in these towns were present to make complaint about the direction in which the ditch was to run. The matter was settled partly by having the outlet of the ditch changed and this satisfied a number, but there are others who still complain. The final action will be taken upon this ditch later.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Anyone wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Votendahl for the sum of $30. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

Attention Farmers!

All farmers interested in raising potatoes are requested to be in Thief River Falls on Friday, Feb. 12, to attend a meeting which is for the purpose of creating a potato market in Thief River Falls. The meeting is to be held in the city hall.

Married at Stevens Point.

Frank Staska returned to this city last Thursday from Stevens Point, Wis., accompanied by a bride, who was formerly Miss Valery Benka, a young lady who had a homestead upon the eleven towns. The wedding took place on the 26 day of January, and the following taken from a Stevens Point paper will be of interest to the many friends of the young people in this section:

A pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Peter's church, Tuesday morning, when Miss Valery Benka, of Stevens Point and Frank Staska, of Thief River Falls, were united in marriage. A solemn high mass was celebrated with Rev. L. G. Pescinski, the pastor, as celebrant; Rev. Malkowski of Polonia as deacon; Rev. Klossowski of Plover, as sub-deacon; and Rev. Forysiak, assistant at St. Peter's, as master of ceremonies. Other clergymen present: Rev. W. B. Polaczyk, of Casimir, Rev. Kasperski, of Torum and Rev. Korczyk of Grand Rapids. The marriage ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Father Pescinski, an uncle of the bride, was witnessed by a large number of relatives and friends of the contracting party. Miss Helen Benka, sister of the bride, assisted as maid of honor with Miss Kate Shipply as bridesmaid, and Joe Benka, brother of the bride, as groomsman. The bride's dress was of cream crepe duchine and she wore a veil and carried roses. The maid of honor was dressed in light green batiste and carried pink roses, while the bridesmaid was attired in pink silk. Following the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Benka, 616 Prentice Street, where a reception was held throughout the day and evening. The groom is engaged in farming near Thief River Fall. He is an intelligent, good appearing young man, apparantly able to make a success of life. The bride has lived in Stevens Point only a short time, her parents moving here from Minnesota a couple of years ago, but she has made many friends since she came to Stevens Point, being of a pleasant, affable disposition.

Boy Father of the Man.

I once asked a New England clergyman, a classmate of mine—who was stationed at Peekskill—what were his intentions for the future of a vigorous youngster who was playing on the lawn. "Well," said he, "my wife and I believe in natural selection, and letting a boy follow the bent of his mind. To find out what that was, we left him in the sitting-room one day with a Bible, a silver dollar and an apple. I said: 'If, when we come back, he is reading the Bible, I sha'l train him to follow me as a preacher; if he has pocketed the dollar, I shall make a banker of him; if he is playing with the apple, I will put him on a farm.' When we returned, he was sitting on the Bible, eating the apple from one hand, and clutching the dollar in the other, and I remarked, 'Wife this boy is a hog; we must make a politician out of him.'"—Chauncey M. Depew.

Killed a Big Wolf.

August Lillo was a visitor in town on Tuesday from Deer Park. While on his way to town he saw a big wolf close by the road out in Equality and when he arrived at J. W. Lynch's place he stopped, borrowed a rifle and went back. On his return he found the wolf nearly in the same place and he brought the carcass to town with him as a result of one good shot. When returning home in the evening he saw another wolf in the same vicinity but had no chance to hunt it. The wolves seem to be getting both numerous and bold in this vicinity this year.—Plummer Pioneer.

Highlanding Wants a Telephone.

Joseph Duchamp was up this way on Wednesday talking up telephone matters for the Tri State Telephone company so we can get a line to Thief River Falls. We have been too busy to give the matter much attention this week but it seems to us that Mr. Duchamp is giving the people of this locality a pretty fair chance to get in touch with the outside world by telephone. This is the same company that owns the Thief River Falls telephone system, and if a deal can be completed with them the line will be built early this spring.—Sunbeam.

Big Telephone Meeting.

Joseph Duchamp, who is working for the Tri State Telephone company endeavoring to have farmers in this vicinity to build rural lines into Thief River Falls, has called a monster mass meeting to be held at Kratka on Monday, Feb. 15, to consider telephone matters. Delegations from Grygla, Espiee, Germantown, Reiner, Erie, Highlanding, Brunkeberg, Aston and other towns are expected to be present. The object of the meeting is to determine whether it is advisable to build a farmers' telephone line or have the Tri-State company do the work.

Injured on the Soo Line.

The following is taken from the Viking correspondence in the Warren Register:

Just as Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Tostrop were preparing to go to bed Tuesday evening they were disturbed by a knock at the door and when the late visitor was admitted they were rather surprised to see a faint looking fellow with a blood stained face come in and ask to stay over night. He came on the Soo train that evening bound for Thief River Falls. There being only one passenger car he had begun to feel ill in the close, smoke filled air of the crowded smoker and went out on the front platform to get fresh air. He had fainted as he came out and didn't know anything before he woke up on the track in the cut south of Mr. Tostrup's place. The train had run over part of his overcoat, but by a miracle he had fallen so far outside the rails that he escaped further injuries except those sustained in the shock from falling off the train, which was going at the rate of about 35 miles an hour. He had seen the light at Tostrop's and came there to warm up. His head was bruised, otherwise he was alright and went to Thief River Falls the next evening. The Soo road in coming thru these parts has done a lot of good for the farmers who where from 15 to 30 miles to the nearest trading point and who now with transportation facilities so much better dare to go after their farms and make them produce as much as they can and are getting to be well-to-do and independent enough to demand a little better service of the road. The Soo is getting a lot of traffic and there is no reason why they should not put at least two coaches on the passenger trains they manage to run thru. There is nobody kicking, because we can afford a holiday and a celebration every time the Soo is on time, but that habit they have got into of sending single coach trains when they do send one is something that ought to be fixed. There are very few ladies even on this road who don't object to riding with all kinds of people in a smoky, close and crowded smoker, not to speak of the children and the smokeless gentleman.

Clover.

It has been said that if all clover could be properly cured, timothy and all other hay would have to leave the market. Whether we believe this or not, we all know that clover is the coming feature in the agriculture of Minnesota. While all have a vague idea that clover is something great, very few understand it thoroly or appreciate as they should it's wonderful value, not only as a feed for all kinds of live stock but as an enricher of the soil. As fast as a farmer comes to understand more thoroly this wonderful plant, just so fast does he become a more prosperous farmer. Men who have made a life study of the clover plant and have had a life's experience with it, will talk and answer your questions on it at the Farmer's Institute. This one attraction alone will well repay anyone for the time and effort spent to get to the meeting. At Park Rapids Saturday Feb. 20th.

Still Noted for Our Grain.

The Red River Valley is not losing its prestige as a grain growing section. At the Minnesota seed contest, held in Minneapolis this month, Marshall county farmers won first and second prizes on clover, first prizes on oats, flax and speltz, second on fife wheat and timothy, and many minor prizes. It is to be regretted that Norman county farmers did not exhibit, as we could have done equally as well, but any way the Red River Valley was strictly "in it."—Ada Index.

Hunt's Bill Introduced.

W. G. Hunt, of Sunbeam, was down to St. Paul last week and caused to be introduced in both houses of the legislature a bill appropriating $7,000 for a bridge across the Red Lake river at Sunbeam in the town of Highlanding. A. L. Hanson introduced the bill in the senate and J. J. Opsahl in the house. As it is estimated that the bridge will cost $10,000, either the county or township will have to furnish $3,000 in order to build the bridge.

Soo Fixes Bridge.

The Soo Railroad company is having abutments built under their bridge across the Clearwater river here to protect the piling from the ice and logs that will be coming down in the spring. The work is being done in a most substantial manner and will be quite an improvement.—Plummer Pioneer.

Swan Wiberg, of Rockbury, was in town the first of the week, it being his first visit here since his return from Cuba. Mr. Wiberg spent a couple of months in the land of sunshine and flowers and comes home a great deal better satisfied with the Rockbury homestead than before he went away.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

DON'T WANT RATES RAISED

Modern Woodmen are Opposing Insurance Rate Bill in Legislature.

Bill Proposes Placing All Fraternal Orders on Equal Footing.

The Modern Woodmen of America are up in arms in opposition to a bill introduced in the Minnesota legislature, which provides for a uniform rate law, under which all fraternal insurance orders shall operate. The bill if passed, would raise the rates of insurance in the Woodman lodge practically to where the Workman rates were recently placed.

The bill was prepared by the National Fraternal Congress and the Associated Fraternities, to neither of which organizations the Woodmen belong. Similar bills have been introduced in all the legislatures now in session throughout the states of the Union.

It has long been claimed that the rates of the Woodmen and other fraternal beneficiary orders are too low and it is now proposed by the legislature to bring them all to a fixed standard of rates, which will be sufficiently high to insure the permanency of the insurance without at some time in the future restoring to the expediency of raising rates, as was done last year by the Workmen.

The bill which has been introduced into the Minnesota legislature is being strenuously opposed by the Woodmen camps all over the state.

The Greatest Nuisance.

The greatest nuisance with which post offices, especially those in the smaller cities, have to contend is that occasioned by the thoughtlessness of the great army of future men and women of this glorious republic, some times irreverently called "School Kids", many of whom, during the school months, flock to the post office three or four times a day, and frequently three or four of the same family repeat the performance at short intervals. Thus the mail of one family is needlessly called for by children twelve or fifteen times a day for five consecutive days in the week, without receiving a solitary piece of mail for weeks at a stretch, some older member of the family generally having called during the morning or afternoon.

Parents and guardians can, if they will, do as much toward abating this evil and at the same time benefit the children by appointing one of them official mail carrier for the family, whose duty it is to call at the post office at stated and seasonable time, and prohibiting others from going there so abominably often.

We once kept tab upon the number of times a certain family's mail was called for in one day. Four children came three times each—that made twelve; the mother dropped in about five o'clock in the evening on her way home from the store. We thought it an unlucky count, until after supper, when the head of the household walked up to the window and demanded his mail. When informed that there was nothing for him, he blandly inquired, "Ain't there no papers?" Being asked what kind of papers he received, he replied: "O, I don't take none regler, but I sometimes git a sample copy." As the window closed for the night the clerk gasped, "O Lord, deliver us."—Ex.

Our Saloon Limit Will Be Eight.

D. P. O'Neill, who has been in St. Paul most of the winter looking after legislative matters of interest to this section of the state, says that in his opinion the bill limiting the number of saloons in cities and villages of this state to one for every 500 population is sure to pass as it has the support of the brewers and many of the temperance people. It goes into effect immediately after its passage but will not affect saloons that have been granted a license prior to the date of passage. This will mean that Thief River Falls will have but eight saloons in the future instead of sixteen as at present. There will be many more applicants for license than the council can grant.

No Interest to Be Paid.

The state cannot collect interest on delinquent personal property taxes, according to a decision handed down by the supreme court of Minnesota, last Friday. The syllabus in the case, which was a suit brought against the New England Furniture Co., Minneapolis is as follows: "In the absence of statute so providing, delinquent personal property taxes do not bear interest, either from the date of delinquency or from the date of an order for judgement made in proceeding to enforce payment thereof."

GRAPES, from their most healthful properties, give ROYAL its active and principal ingredient

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

It is economy to use Royal Baking Powder. It saves labor, health and money.

Where the best food is required no other baking powder or leavening agent can take the place or do the work of Royal Baking Powder.

REPUTATION FOR MARKETS

Towns With the Best Buying and Selling Markets Draws the Trade.

Reasons Given Here Why Thief River Falls Is Getting to the Front.

Co-operation to convince people that a town is the best market in its section of the state in which to sell and in which to buy would do that place as much good as co operation for establishing of new industries which everybody knows is highly desirable. The way to effect this is to make a price not too high, but as low as goods can reasonably be sold for. A big volume of business at a small profit is immeasurably more advantageous for a city as well as more desirable from the individual point of view, than a small volume of business at a large profit. That is what brings the traders to town. Give a town a reputation for paying more for produce than at neighboring markets and you will find people flocking there from every direction. If in addition to this, they can be convinced that they can get a pound of sugar more for a dollar, that groceries as a general thing are cheaper, that there are there the best stock of goods and the most reasonable priced clothing, they will buy their supplies there.

Observe what successful men are doing elsewhere to encourage trade—adopt modern methods. Make yourself a missionary to give publicity. Do not be thinking always of yourself and your own interests. Co-operate with others for the good of your home city. Above all make the most of its advantages, and never miss an opportunity to boost your town and speak a good word whenever you can for the men who are engaged in business in it.

People who are really in earnest in advancing the city's best interests and promoting its welfare, will find nowhere more useful auxiliaries than its newspapers. As through them more effectively than any other way, the advantages offered by the individual business houses can be made known to the people, so through them can the town be best advertised. For that purpose their columns are always open. To effect this they will give any required space. All that they ask is opportunity to co-operate with the business men for the city's benefit. Naturally they expect also reciprocity in business dealings and some substantial evidence of appreciation. The press holds up the mirror to the business interests and accurately reflects the measure of prosperity they enjoy. If a city is progressive and enterprising, that fact is disclosed at a glance at its newspaper. If, on the other hand, it lacks enterprise, if its business methods are behind the times, if it is torn by factions and rent by dissensions, the columns of its newspapers will advertise to all observers these disadvantages. The business men of the town owe it to themselves to make it certain that the reflection is not an unflattering one. They should make sure that in the town's looking glass they appear at their best.—Ex.

Now Will You Be Good.

Every time we read the Rollis Rumblings in the Middle River Pioneer it gives us the faint idea that the biggest part of Northern Minnesota is but an immense floating bog, and the whole town of Rollis is printed into an immense Drainage Bill. This certainly should drain the whole area if the editor was given the chance to use the shovel.—Huntley correspondence in the Ulen Union.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Auction Sales

If you expect to have an auction sale this fall or winter it will pay you to call on us before making definite arrangements elsewhere.

For a reasonable fee we will take complete charge of your sale—furnish auctioneer, clerk, and attend to the advertising—and settle with you IN CASH for the total amount sold. You run no risk of loss on poor auction notes in a deal of this kind.

Or, if you prefer, we will simply do the clerking for you. Our wide acquaintance amongst the farmers of this vicinity makes it reasonably sure that any notes accepted by us in settlement of purchases will be found perfectly good and easily disposed of, in case you do not wish to carry them yourself.

In either case, place it in our hands. It will pay you.

Citizens State Bank,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

GUSTAF IS ECONOMICAL

Unlike Many Other Rulers Sweden's Monarch Does Not Believe In Red Tape—Dispenses with Foolish Old Customs Whenever He Sees the Opportunity — Precedents Established by Former Kings Are Not Binding on Him—Is Winning Thousands of Friends.

SWEDEN.

That King Gustaf is a man who has the interests of all his subjects at heart is best evinced by his economical methods, which he is putting in practice everywhere. Unlike many other rulers, he does not believe in red tape, and whenever he sees an opportunity to dispense with foolish old customs he does not hesitate to do so. In former years whenever a set of citizens were appointed from any community to go to Stockholm to secure the king's good will for a certain institution or project, it was necessary to notify him in advance, and such committees had to submit themselves to all manner of stupid forms, or, to better express it, antiquated "red tape." Not so with King Gustaf. He makes all his subjects feel perfectly at home with him and whenever he has a chance to abolish old fads and customs he does so. He does not seem to be bound or have any respect for precedents established by former kings, including his distinguished father, the learned King Oscar, who, however, was far more aristocratic and hard to "reach" than his son. The other day the chairman of a delegation appointed in Lapland to journey very nearly a thousand miles to see the king and urge him to complete the building of the Inland railway at the earliest time possible, wrote and asked his majesty when it would be convenient to see him and if it was at all possible that he would listen to their request. King Gustaf answered immediately and said that he would be glad to see them at any time, but that he thought that it would be unnecessary for the committee to make the long journey at such great expense and informed them that he had already arranged that the work on the Inland railway be pushed with all the speed that was possible under the existing circumstances. This is King Gustaf's way of doing business with his subjects and it is needless to say that he is winning thousands of friends every day through his democratic disposition and his democratic manner of handling all questions of importance, be they large or small.

According to the Stockholm's Aftenblad, the population in the Swedish capital is decreasing. The chief cause given is exorbitant rents. Most people who move away from Stockholm do not move out of the country altogether, but they move into smaller country towns near Stockholm, where they can exist cheaper. The suburbs of Stockholm are going to increase in population wonderfully during the next few years. People find that they can live cheaper there and pay only half the rent they do in the city. In the Klara section of Stockholm the population during the past year decreased by about 2,894.

The Geographical society of Newcastle-on-Tyne has invited Dr. Sven Hedin, the eminent Asiatic explorer, to lecture there Feb. 22. Mr. Hedin has received so many invitations to lecture in different parts of Europe that it would take him a whole year to fill them, figuring that he would give one lecture a week. He is today the most talked of person in Sweden and scientists all over the world are anxiously awaiting to hear his lecture or see the result of his explorations in print.

The Swedish Anglo-American is the name of a new paper published in Stockholm since the first of the year in the English language in the interest of the English society, which has a membership of about 400. There are at least 800 English speaking people in the Swedish capital at present. The general manager of the paper will be M. A. Seyner, a wealthy grocery merchant. The editor is D. Erskine Kidd, an Englishman, who has for a number of years resided in Sweden.

W. W. Thomas, former United States minister to Sweden, has purchased Civil Engineer C. G. Smith's beautiful summer villa in Karlshamn, known as "Solhem." It adjoins "Annehill," which will now be occupied by Thomas' father-in-law, Bank Director H. R. Tornebladh. Ex-Minister Thomas thrives well in Sweden and will spend the remainder of his days there. He is married to a Swedish noblewoman, who has a fortune in her own right.

Gothenburg papers state that the maritime industry is practically at a standstill at present. There are at present not less than 75 vessels out of commission in Gothenburg harbor, of which number 52 are steamers. Not in the memory of the oldest sailors has there been so little doing in the maritime line as now, and consequently there are hundreds of men and lots ship owners who are losing time and money.

[illegible] Swanberg, the Swedish runner, who has captured so many prizes in international running contests, has been invited to the United States, and a Stockholm paper states that he will start for New York some time during the latter part of this month.

There are at present thirty-six Good Templars in the Swedish riksdag. The number of "absolutists" are over 100. At no period in the history of Sweden have there been so many temperance men in the Swedish riksdag as at the present time.

NORWAY.

Christiania is about holding her own in population. There are at present about 237,000 people in the city and this amount represents the average population during the past two years. If one should include the floating population it would be something like 250,000 in summer, when the tourist season is on. But, like Stockholm, the exorbitant rents have rather tended to decrease the population to a considerable extent and this, coupled with the decrease caused by emigration to foreign countries, checks the growth of the city very materially. The country at large is not losing nearly as many people through the emigration channels as formerly and the young people are being urged to stay in the fatherland. The strike evil is perhaps the worst evil to contend with, besides the many socialistic societies and their literature, which is being scattered broadcast throughout the land.

According to recent accounts given in a Christiania paper there must be some people in Norway who send money to America and it is interesting to note the comparison, in view of the fact that so much money is sent to Norway every year by Norwegian-Americans. There is never a rule which does not work both ways and the fact that little Norway sent $300,000 to America last year would indicate that there are lots of people on the west side of the Atlantic who have some warm friends in good old Norway.

The government is having some little trouble in finding a suitable consul for Mexico. Not less than three men have been appointed and served for short periods during the past three years and in nearly every case they had to leave their post on account of funds. The government will now have to appoint consul No. 4, and it is hoped that a man can be selected who has enough funds to stand the pressure.

Professor L. Dietrichson, who celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday the other day, was the recipient of scores of personal and telegraphic congratulations. From Sweden he was remembered by nearly all the leading educators, who accorded him their well wishes and paid him the tribute of being one of Europe's most learned educators.

Rev. Barrett, the English evangelist, is holding a series of revival meetings in Christiania, which are attended by several hundred people every night. Rev. Barrett claims to possess the "gift of tongues," and his appearance in the Norwegian capital has attracted marked attention.

"Boccacio" is at present being rendered to large houses in Christiania. The Fahlstrom theater is full of enthusiastic theater-goers and Bokken Lassen is the "head liner." The theatrical season is now at its height and all theaters in the city are doing a big business.

An earthquake was felt up in Klubbvik, in the vicinity of Vadso, during the early part of last month. Windows rattled and doors sprung open. As earthquakes are quiet out of the ordinary in this part of the country the population was for a time greatly alarmed.

Berner still remains president of the Norwegian storthing and there is comparatively little or no complaint against his administration. There is a very active session on and some important legislation may be looked for this winter.

A report from Rome states that Marie Schanke, of Stavanger, who was reported lost in the earthquake disaster in Messina, is safe and will return home during the latter part of next month.

About 137,000 tons of herring were shipped to southern Italy during the past three weeks. Most of this will go to the earthquake sufferers.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen has now, including its suburbs, a population of not less than 664,000 people. No Scandinavian capital is increasing in population at the rate that Copenhagen is going now. In spite of rather depressed times, there was a good deal of building activity last year and the indications for building operations this spring are the very best.

Johanne Clausen, a popular Copenhagen singer, has been arrested and sentenced to eight months' imprisonment for alleged participation in the Captain "Lumber company's swindles during the past year. Her arrest has caused astonishment among the musical and theatrical circles of the city.

The Edward Kipp Batter Exporting company was compelled to make an assignment the other day. The company's debts are estimated to exceed a million crowns, whereas its assets amount to only [illegible] crowns. About a year ago it was regarded as one of the solid firms of the city.

Winter tourists are not few in the city at this season of the year, especially from Germany, and the landlords of the various hotels wear the smile that refuses to come off. All the cafes of the capital city are doing an excellent business.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Grove L. Johnson's bill compelling Japanese to attend separate public schools passed the California assembly by a vote of 48 to 26. Mr. Johnson's other bills, prohibiting aliens from being members of boards of directors and restricting them in residence districts at the option of boards of supervisors, were defeated, as was also the Drew measure prohibiting aliens from owning property.

Charging fraud against the Chicago and Alton, the Baltimore and Ohio and Messrs. Gould, Harriman and Stillman the intervening petition of minority stockholders of the Chicago Terminal Transfer company is on hearing at Chicago.

The assembly of the Nevada legislature passed the anti-Japanese resolution as amended. The amendments eliminated all reference to federal interference, but urges the state of California to pass stringent measures to exclude Japanese.

With the bands on board playing "Home, Sweet Home," the fleet of sixteen battleships under Rear Admiral Sperry left Gibraltar for Hampton Roads on the last lap of its famous around the world cruise of 45,000 miles.

The Texas house of representatives, by a vote of 85 to 44, defeated the resolution to submit statewide prohibition to a popular vote. The prohibitionists lacked two votes of a necessary two-thirds majority.

Immediately following the signing of the 2-cent fare law in South Dakota the railroads secured a restraining order in the federal court enjoining the state from putting it into effect.

The Nevada assembly passed the Giffen anti-alien land bill, which provides that no Asiatic, including the Japanese, shall own land or land mortgages in the state.

The battleship Delaware, sister-ship of the North Dakota, the largest vessels of the United States navy, was launched at Newport News, Va., Saturday.

Funds raised by the relief organizations of the United States for the earthquake victims in Italy have reached a total of $3,641,000.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

News of the passage by the assembly of the California legislature of the bill providing for the segregation of Japanese school children was received in official quarters at Washington with surprise and consternation. President Roosevelt immediately sent to Governor Gillett a telegram in which he described the bill as the "most offensive bill of all" and "clearly unconstitutional."

Declaring that "if the government is to act with full efficiency against criminals it must have some force of secret service agents who can act against criminals anywhere," President Roosevelt in a statement made public from the White House emphatically reiterated his opposition to restricting the field of usefulness of the secret service.

The deadlock in the negotiations between W. I. Buchanan, the special commissioner of the United States, and the Venezuelan government for the settlement of outstanding disputes between the two countries has not yet been broken.

POLITICAL NEWS.

There is a story floating around Washington that the deadlock over the senatorial contest in Illinois may result in the senatorship being offered to Uncle Joe Cannon.

The senatorial deadlock in Illinois and Wisconsin continues. Messrs. Hopkins and Stephenson lead in the balloting, but are unable to secure enough votes to elect.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 8.—Wheat—May, $1.09½; July, $1.09⅝@1.09¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.11½@1.11¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.10⅝@1.10⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅝@1.09⅛; No. 3 Northern, $1.04½@1.07½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 8.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.10½; No. 1 Northern, $1.09½; No. 2 Northern, $1.07½; May, $1.09½; July, $1.10. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.59½; July, $1.58¾; Oct., $1.32½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.00. Hogs—$5.70@6.30. Sheep—Wethers, $5.10@5.25; yearlings, $6.25@6.75; lambs, $7.00@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Wheat—May, $1.10⅝@1.10⅞; July, 99⅞c; Sept., 95⅞c; Dec. [illegible]. Corn—Feb. [illegible]; May, [illegible]; July, [illegible]; Sept., [illegible]. Oats—May, [illegible]; July, 46⅝c; Sept., [illegible]. Pork—May, $16.77½@16.80; July, $16.[illegible]. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 21@25c. Eggs—[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, [illegible]; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $[illegible]; Texas steers, $[illegible]; Western steers, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]@5.20; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.60; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—Light, $[illegible]; mixed, $[illegible]; heavy, $[illegible]; rough, $[illegible]; good to choice heavy, $[illegible]; pigs, $[illegible]. Sheep—$[illegible]; yearlings, $[illegible]; lambs, $[illegible]@7.60.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Miss Vera Ware, daughter of a prominent farmer, fired into a crowded courtroom at Gatesville, Tex., continuing until her weapon was emptied. As a result John Hanes, a merchant of Jonesboro, for whom the bullets were intended, is dead; two bystanders are believed to be mortally wounded and a third is seriously wounded. Miss Ware accused Hanes of seduction and the case was about to be called for trial.

As a result of the investigation by the grand jury of the alleged frauds in connection with the scheduling of town lots in Muskogee, Okla., eight indictments were returned. The charge against the defendants is conspiracy to defraud the government. The names of those indicted are: Governor Charles N. Haskell, F. B. Severs, A. Z. English, C. W. Turner, W. T. Hutchings, Jesse W. Hill and Walter R. Eaton.

Following a ten-day investigation of charges made against certain officials of the county poor farm and others the grand jury at Franklin, Pa., returned indictments against six persons. Owing to the prominence of some of the accused and the startling charges made the matter has caused a sensation.

Mrs. Martha Maybelle Dunphy, wife of Dr. John W. Dunphy, a prominent physician of Boston, was acquitted by a jury at Chicago of the charge of having stolen $8,000 worth of jewelry and securities from Charles E. Giles of Dorchester, Mass., a money lender.

Three masked men held up the Mohawk saloon at Goldfield, Nev., one of the largest establishments of its kind there, and robbed the place of over $3,000. Twenty men in the place at the time were compelled to line up while the robbers opened the safe.

As a result of a street duel at Chickasha, Okla., Emmett Goodwin, chief of police, is dead, Joe Earl is seriously wounded and William Thomas, night chief of police, is in jail charged with the double shooting.

Two persons dead and three so seriously injured that they may not recover is the result of murderous attacks made by George Stewart, a young farmer of Maple Valley, Ont., who ran amuck while insane.

D. E. Brown is dead at Madison, Ind., as the result of an attack on Henry Lochard. Lochard himself is seriously injured and Mrs. Lochard is thought to be fatally wounded.

One man was killed and three others were injured in a riot at New York city, incited, the police declare, by walking delegates of the Garment Makers' union.

At Farmingdale, L. I., Frederick Buckholt, forty years of age, shot and killed Mrs. Elizabeth Rust, wounded her two children and then hanged himself.

George Ketcherside and John Hughes fought a duel on the main street of Leadwood, Mo., and each received fatal wounds.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Captain Edward F. Qualtrough of the battleship Georgia, having been found guilty by courtmartial of being intoxicated while on duty and of conduct prejudicial to the good of the navy, has been suspended from duty for six months, with an additional punishment of the loss of ten numbers in rank.

The tellers who have been canvassing the vote cast last December for national officers of the United Mine Workers made their report to the Indianapolis convention. Thomas L. Lewis of Bridgeport, O., is re-elected president by a majority of 16,269 votes over John H. Walker of Danville, Ill.

Carrie Nation became acquainted with the London police courts when she was fined $7.50 for thrusting her umbrella through a window of a car in the underground railway upon which a cigarette advertisement was pasted.

President-Elect Taft has completed his inspection of the entire line of the Panama canal, having traversed the Pacific channel. He expressed himself as greatly gratified at the result of the labors of the engineers.

E. H. Harriman was elected a member of the board of directors of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway and the Michigan Central railroad. In each case he succeeded Samuel Barger, resigned.

Miss Helen E. Maloney, the Philadelphia heiress, and Herbert Osborn of New York, principals in a "joke" wedding several years ago and who were divorced but recently, have remarried.

President-Elect William H. Taft and party left Colon on board the United States cruiser North Carolina for New Orleans, accompanied by the cruiser Montana.

Ruth May Eversz, daughter of Gustavus Swift, the millionaire packer, filed suit for divorce against Ernest H. Eversz in the circuit court at Chicago.

Cipriano Castro, former president of Venezuela, has left the German sanitarium where he was operated on recently, having been declared cured.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Feb. 22 was agreed on by the senate as the time for a vote on the Aldrich substitute bill for the appointment of a court to inquire into the qualifications of the discharged soldiers of the Twenty-fifth regiment charged with having "shot up" Brownsville, Tex.

By a vote of 111 to 152 the house refused to repeal the national bankruptcy law.

ECHO OF TARIFF HEARIN

Chicago Editor Assails Minnesota Lumbermen.

In a statement filed with the house ways and means committee at Washington by James Elliott Defebaugh of Chicago, editor of the American Lumberman, regarding the efforts that are being made to induce congress to remove the present duty on lumber, it is asserted that the principal witnesses who appeared before the committee in advocacy of free lumber are officers of a British Columbia lumber company.

The statement contains the announcement of the organization of the American Timber Holding company, with a capitalization of $6,000,000, holding title to about 1,500,000,000 feet of timber, located principally in Western British Columbia, accessible to tidewater. The purpose of the company is to float, it is stated, a considerable part of the stock on the American market, particularly in the event of the removal or material reduction of the duty on lumber.

"One of the chief witnesses on Nov. 20 was M. J. Scanlon of Minneapolis, who is president of the new company," says Mr. Defebaugh. "The leading witness of Nov. 20 was Theodore M. Knappen of Minneapolis, who is now announced as secretary of the British Columbia Timber company. Another important witness was F. B. Lynch of St. Paul, who is one of the directors. Further, an exhaustive written brief, printed Dec. 10, was by W. S. Dwinnell, who is treasurer of this timber company."

HAMLINE BEGINS CAMPAIGN

University Starts In to Win Rockefeller's $75,000 Offer.

If enthusiasm and hard work on the part of President George H. Bridgman and his fellow trustees is the only thing that remains to insure for Hamline university the $75,000 that has been offered the institution by the General Educational Board then that sum and the other $225,000 needed to make up the sum of $300,000 called for in the offer is an assured fact.

Immediately after the receipt of the offer to permit Hamline to partake of the munificence of Rockefeller's endowment Dr. Bridgman and his colleagues formed new plans to make up the final sum, a small part of which has already been subscribed.

The condition of the gift is that Hamline use $90,000 of the total $300,000 endowment for buildings and equipment and it is the intention of the trustees of the college to erect a modern gymnasium and an assembly hall or chapel with that sum, the remainder, being $210,000, to go into the general permanent endowment.

FALL CAUSES FATAL INJURY

Former State Senator Torson Dead at St. Paul.

Thomas Torson of St. James, ex-state senator and representative and appointed to a clerkship in the legislature two weeks ago, died at the Luther hospital at St. Paul from injuries received in falling down a flight of stairs in his boarding house in the Capital City. His death was due to hemorrhage of the brain and a weakened heart.

Mr. Torson was born in Wisconsin in 1852 and with his parents he came to Minnesota two years later. Since then he had always made his home within the state and was known as one of its pioneers. He had for many years been prominent in state politics.

For nineteen years he was register of deeds of Watonwan county; a member of the city council of St. James for three years and a justice of the peace for seven years. He was first elected to the legislature in 1894 and he served four terms. He was later elected to the senate.

Soldier Ends His Life.

John Dye, a popular gunner, a member of the machine gun platoon at Fort Snelling, recently returned from Cuba, was found dying in the basement of the artillery barracks at the fort by a comrade. He was removed to the post hospital and died. When found a revolver was clutched in his hand and he was lying in a gathering pool of blood. A bullet wound was found in the left temple. A love affair is held to be the cause of the act.

Faribault Millers on Strike.

The millers and helpers employed at the Sheffield-King flouring mill at Faribault, about seventy-five in number, have gone on a strike owing to a reduction of wages and the lengthening of working hours. The only men now at work are the firemen and a few employed by the month.

Pioneer of Stillwater Dead.

Bernard B. Thelan, a resident of Stillwater for fifty years and well known, died suddenly from heart disease in the Mardau restaurant. He complained of being weak and asked for a glass of water. He then fell off a chair to the floor and expired a few minutes afterward.

Girl's Skull Fractured.

Mildred Herpauf, twelve years old, sustained a fractured skull and may die and her sister, Othilla, thirteen years old, was painfully bruised while coasting on Garfield avenue, St. Paul, near their home.

Son's Death Kills Father.

Fred Tobeck, a wealthy German farmer residing not far from Ortonville, on receipt of a telegram from Wyoming announcing the recent death of his son, died instantly from heart failure.

LOWRY IS DEAD

Street Car Magnate Passes Away at Minneapolis.

HAD BEEN ILL THREE YEARS.

Suffered From Tuberculosis and Complications.

Thomas Lowry, president of the Twin City Rapid Transit company and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie Railroad company, is dead at Minneapolis, aged sixty-five. Death came as the result of a lingering illness. For many months the public has understood that Mr. Lowry was battling with a hopeless illness, tuberculosis, aggravated by paralysis and other complications. For weeks he has grown slowly more feeble. Several days before the end a decided change came for the worse and from that day he grew constantly weaker.

No man in the Twin Cities is more generally known than Thomas Lowry. He was born in Logan county, Ill., Feb. 22, 1843. He was admitted to the bar at Rushville, Ill., in 1867, coming to Minneapolis the same year.

That marked the beginning of a career which meant much to the Twin Cities, as well as to the state and the entire Northwest. He was the "father," as it were, and present head of the Twin City Rapid Transit system. He was president of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railway and was financially interested in many of the large corporate enterprises of the Northwest. He was a member of many of the leading clubs here and in the East.

In politics Mr. Lowry was a Republican, although he never held office. In 1901, following the death of Senator Cushman K. Davis, his friends persuaded him to seek the place, but Moses E. Clapp was selected by the legislature after a short, strenuous campaign.

UPHOLDS PURE FOOD LAW

Decision Rendered by Minnesota Supreme Court.

The pure food statute was upheld by the state supreme court when it affirmed the decision of the Hennepin county district court, which granted judgment in favor of Jacob Meshbesher against the Channellene Oil and Manufacturing company, which was an action for damages on account of sickness caused from eating oil sold by the defendant concern.

Another phase of the decision is to make the manufacturer, instead of the dealer, liable for violations of the act.

The defendant sold the oil to a retail grocer of Minneapolis and the plaintiff purchased a quart of it for cooking purposes. It was guaranteed to be pure, but an analysis showed it consisted of 40 per cent of mineral oil and 60 per cent of cottonseed oil. In the lower court the plaintiff was awarded $39 damages.

The court also holds that even though there were no express warranty that the oil was pure the defendant was liable in an implied warranty, since it was sold for cooking purposes.

MURDER IN MINNEAPOLIS

Slavonian Found Dead on Porch of Boarding House.

Mayk Mates, supposed to be a Slavonian, twenty-four years of age, was murdered in a boarding house at Minneapolis conducted by Andrew Ocak. Mrs. Ocak notified the police that the body of a man was lying on their front porch. The police found that the man's head had been beaten in and continuing their investigations they discovered a bloody trail leading from Mates' room in the house through the hall to the front porch. In Mates' room they found a bucket of bloody water, an iron poker covered with blood and a suit of blood stained clothes.

The police are searching for John Baca, who roomed with Mates. The two men worked in a local grain elevator, but Mates had not been working for a couple of nights and the police learned that Baca and Mates quarreled because Mates had not been at work.

CHICKEN THIEF SUSPECTED

Minneapolis Man Found Dead in His Chicken Coop.

George F. Hartin of Minneapolis was found dead in a chicken coop at his home with a bullet wound in the right side of his head just above the ear.

The theory advanced by the friends of the dead man is that he surprised a robber in the coop when he opened the door and that the robber fired a shot at him as he dashed through the door to make his escape. A small 32-caliber revolver with two empty chambers was found on the floor beneath the body, covered with blood, while several feet from the door of the coop a shattered lantern which Hartin had carried from the house was found.

Lahr Acquitted of Murder.

The jury in the case of Martin Lahr, charged at St. Cloud with murder in the second degree, returned a verdict of not guilty. Lahr shot Vinus Esser of Opole in a saloon row. The testimony of the defense showed that Esser was the aggressor and a verdict of acquittal followed.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER,
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A QUERY ABOUT SOUTH DAKOTA.

A reader of these notes, a young tenant farmer living near Hettick, Ill., writes asking about farm lands in the vicinity of Pierre, S. D., especially as to their adaptability to growing corn and if this can be counted on as a sure crop. Our correspondent also inquires if there is alkali water in the sections mentioned. With a view to securing more accurate and reliable information than was at hand regarding the locality in question, inquiry was made of Professor C. Willis of the state experiment station at Brookings, S. D., who writes that land in the vicinity of Pierre, north, south and east, may be had at from $16 to $40 per acre; that this section is the driest portion of the state, the average rainfall for the past eighteen years being 16.5 inches per annum. In spite of the low rainfall, which is about half of that in states lying east of the Missouri river, Mr. Willis states that at the college substation fifty miles east of Pierre he has been able to secure a yield of sixty-five bushels per acre from the variety of corn known as the Minnesota No. 13, and at the main station at Brookings the same variety yielded 74.5 bushels. This is an excellent showing and would be considered so for most any portion of the corn belt, but whether equally large returns could be counted on during a period of years we are not in a position to state. It is well to remember that during the past seven or eight years the rainfall in the longitude of Pierre, which is usually classed as in or bordering on the semiarid section of the west, has been considerably larger than for a number of years preceding. A question that arises is whether this cycle of dry years is likely to return. Should they do so it would make the raising of corn as a primary business in the territory named somewhat precarious. Nobody can answer this question with authority. Only time can tell. If our friend rather inclines to the Pierre country, it would seem wise for him to visit the section he plans to locate in and give it thorough inspection from as many viewpoints as possible. If the system of "dry farming" has to be followed—briefly that in which the land has to be summer fallowed every other season to conserve enough moisture to produce a crop—the prosecuting of agricultural operations in such locality by one who had been used to Illinois conditions would be fraught with a good deal of hardship and discouragement.

CRIMINAL CARELESSNESS.

A case was reported to us the other day in which a renter of a tract of land knew a certain portion of the meadow was infested with Canada thistles, but notwithstanding this allowed the crop to get overripe, the thistles along with the rest, and on harvesting the hay crop sold it to a large feeder in the vicinity. Nothing but a careful inspection would determine what per cent of these thistle heads contained mature seed; but, if any at all, some one, either the owner of the land, the renter or the feeder, ought to be liable under the law. We incline to the view that the first and second parties certainly are. With such wholesale carelessness and indifference as this on the part of men who ought to know and do better it is little wonder that pests like the Canada thistle, quack grass and other noxious weeds are being scattered broadcast much faster than they can be isolated and eradicted. When it is clear that one's neighbors will not be patriotic enough to exercise care in a matter so vital and one that concerns the public welfare he is under necessity of establishing, as it were, a rigid quarantine against the products—hay, straw and grain—from such infested farms.

AN INTERESTING BIRD.

The American crossbill is one of the most interesting of native bird species, particularly because of its peculiar nesting habits. Unlike most other birds, the crossbill nests very early, its nests, containing eggs or young, having been found as early as the latter part of February or early in March. How the young birds are able to withstand the rigorous temperature of this season of the year is not clearly understood, but they do. The nest of the crossbill is usually made of moss, about the size of a football, with walls about two inches thick, and has a door just large enough for the parent birds to enter. The food of these birds consists largely of the seeds of pine trees, its odd shaped bill seeming to be especially suited to extracting them. They also feed upon garden fruits, upon the seeds of some varieties of grass and cankerworms. The mature birds are a trifle smaller than the English sparrow. In color the male is of a deep brick red and the female a mottled olive green.

England is said to consume annually 4,400,000,000 eggs. Foreign hens do the cackling for 2,130,000,000 of this number.

The total production of rice in the United States for the year was 21,890,000 bushels from 655,000 acres, valued at $16,081,000. In 1908 the acreage was 627,000, the yield 18,739,000 bushels and the cash value of the crop $16,081,000.

Considering the way flax pulls on the soil, it should be a source of satisfaction that the area sown to this cereal during 1908 was 185,000 acres less than in the year preceding. However, because of better prices the crop gave a return of $30,577,000 against $24,713,000 for 1907.

The increased prosperity of the southern states during the past fifty years is quite accurately gauged by the production of cotton, its leading agricultural crop. In the year 1860 the cotton crop of the south was 4,669,700 bales and the price 11½ cents per pound, the highest up to that time. In the year 1907 the crop totaled 13,550,760 bales, the price ranging from 10.70 to 13.55 cents per pound.

In order to clear up some confusion which may exist in the minds of a few it may be well to state that the Swedish Select oats and the Regenerated Swedish Select are two distinct varieties. The former has been grown in the northern states for a number of years, is thoroughly acclimated and is rated by the department of agriculture as being one of the best varieties grown in this country, if not the best. The latter variety, the Regenerated Select, is a type developed by an English seed firm and, while remarkably vigorous and giving a good deal of promise, is still considered in the experimental stage.

Considering the expense connected with the laying of a system of tile, from $10 to $12 per acre for the area drained, it is well to have the work done in the very best possible manner, including the surveying and laying out of the system, the establishing of the proper grades, the selection of good tile and the laying of them carefully and evenly. A sag of a few inches in any section of the system will likely result in a clogging of this portion and the putting of it out of commission. It costs money to tile well and still more to tile poorly; hence it is economy to do the job as it ought to be done.

An Illinois farmer who evidently mixes some brains with his work and incidentally makes some observations on his own account has suggested the possibility of putting to a new use a system of draintile which was put in the ground primarily for the purpose of removing surplus water. His idea is that in very dry seasons water might be pumped into the upper end of such drainage systems, thus furnishing the soil with the moisture necessary to a proper maturing of the growing crops. The least that can be said of the proposition is that it is original and unique. It is certainly practicable if the water needed could be pumped without too great expense. The putting of the above suggestion into operation would be watched with a good deal of interest.

Readers who may be interested in changing their location and have been more or less interested in reports of cheap farms for sale in some of the New England states would do well to write to the States Land and Improvement company of Oneida, N. Y., for its descriptive bulletin of farms which are for sale in three or four of the central counties of the Empire State. The bulletin is vouched for by the state experiment station officials. The farms are well adapted to stock and dairy purposes and fruit, vegetable and poultry farms. There seems to be little question that in the craze for western lands eastern farms have been abandoned or sold for a song when they were as well suited to the above pursuits and could be worked with much better prospect of success than many western tracts, to secure which the former have been passed by. A hurried perusal of the descriptions of some of these lands would seem to indicate that among them were some first class bargains that will not go begging long.

Mr. Henry Wallace, editor of a leading western agricultural magazine and a member of the country life commission, who has taken some pains to look into a number of western irrigation projects carefully, sounds a word of warning that it would be well for all prospective purchasers of land in the vicinity of such enterprises to take into account—namely, that before investing the settler should have an absolute guarantee that the land he buys, supposedly under ditch, is so located that he can get water on it at those seasons of the year when water will be most needed. He calls attention to the fact that in a number of private irrigation enterprises land is being sold at high prices outside of the area which could ever be adequately irrigated by the water available. He cites the fact that Uncle Sam is straightforward enough with settlers to state the truth about the amount of land which can be supplied with water from a given drainage enterprise, not offering for sale more land than there is likelihood of supplying with an adequate amount of water. Mr. Wallace states that a few of the privately owned irrigation schemes are being managed as commendably as those which are backed by the government, but that they are the exception.

The laws operative in most states hold the owners of dogs responsible for the damage done by them to the property of others, and this is true whether the damage consists in injury to live stock or from runaways caused by the frightening of horses.

Gypsum is one of the interesting mineral products of the United States. Chemically it is known as calcium sulphate, containing, besides calcium, sulphur and oxygen, water in crystallized form. Alabaster is a fine, white, massive variety of gypsum, while selenite is a transparent, crystalline variety. Calcined gypsum, that reduced to a fine powder by intense heat, appears as the familiar plaster of paris of commerce.

The verdict of those who have had a good deal of experience with tiling is that the installing of such a system will not only make a wet soil drier, but also by drying it make it warmer and therefore better adapted for the raising of crops. It also seems well agreed that the presence of a system of tile on high lands by increasing the absorptive power of the soil tends to lessen the surface washing and gullying of hill slopes. Thus, viewed from most every standpoint, the laying of tile seems to result in definite benefit.

There is little wonder that sections where alfalfa can be grown are thriving in an agricultural way. One Mississippi valley farmer whose location is none too favorable for growing this legume had a five acre patch the past year, from which he secured three cuttings averaging a ton and a half per acre to the cutting. He places the value of the twenty-one odd tons of hay from this patch at $300, while he hopes to still further increase the value of the hay by grinding it into alfalfa meal. This is an agricultural crop if there ever was one.

The difference in cost between a brick or wooden house or other structure of like character is said by those who have made a careful study of the subject to be the cost of paint on the latter. Considering the fact that wood must be painted frequently to properly protect it from the action of the elements and the likelihood of rot and decay the brick structure would seem to be by far the most economical in the course of a long period of years. The use of the hollow blocks for all but the facing of a structure gives both lightness and strength, and the dead air spaces in the wall mean a much warmer building. Those intending to build should look into this matter of the cost and durability of building materials thoroughly.

The annual loss from insect and rodent pests in the United States annually is placed at about $800,000,000. The first pest largely and the second to quite an extent are held in check as much as they are by the bird life of the country. Keeping the above facts in mind, it is with a feeling of humiliation that one learns that the National Association of Audubon Societies of America, whose chief business it is to spread the good gospel of bird protection, last year received but the paltry sum of $24,000 with which to prosecute its most valuable and farreaching work. And when it is known that this amount had to be apportioned among several branches in forty-four states it will be realized at once how inadequate this sum must have been. If the amount placed at the association's disposal were $2,400,000 instead of $24,000, it would not be out of proportion to the vast economic importance of the work in which it is engaged. Persons of wealth who desire to perform a real service to humanity, and in particular to future generations, could hardly make a bestowal of their money that would accomplish this result in larger measure than by placing a generous endowment at the disposal of the National Association of Audubon Societies.

Judging from reports which come from various sources, it is apparent that a word of warning should be spoken in regard to the use of cement tile which are shoddily made—that is, which do not contain a sufficient per cent of cement to give needed strength and in the manufacture of which proper care has not been taken in the selection of the raw materials which are to be mixed with the cement. Should these contain but a small per cent of clay or other earthy material which will not withstand the action of the acids and moisture of the soil it is money and time absolutely thrown away to buy them and put them into the ground, as in a very short time they are sure to go to pieces and render the drainage system of which they are a part worthless. If the right kind of sand is mixed with the proper amount of strong cement, a tile can be made which is probably as good as the burned clay tile, but the greed of irresponsible manufacturers of cement tile to make a larger profit than is consistent with good quality has resulted in the manufacture of an inferior grade of cement tile that is a reproach to the industry and a worthless as well as costly proposition for the man who puts them into the soil. Some state experiment stations are making tests of cement tile and are in a position to designate those manufacturers who are making a standard and durable article. If these or other trusted authorities cannot commend a given brand of cement tile, they would better be let alone.

F. Trigg

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, and it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillemoen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of April, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 233

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 23rd day of October, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 574; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, A. D., 1909

S. SWENSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

PAUL W. MAREY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.
feb 11-mar 18

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Carlson, of Holt, Minn., who, on Jan. 14th, 1904, made H. E. No. 7204, Serial, No. 01[illegible], for S. E. ¼, Section 34, Township 156 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 1st day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses
Gunerius Olson, of Holt, Minn.
Gustaf Peterson, " "
August Nelson, " "
Halftan M. Olson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan 21 feb 25

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 7, 1909

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. [illegible], Serial No. [illegible], for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 7, Township 153 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of February, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses
Albert Klungness of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ed Hanson of Thorwick, Minn.
John Sowright of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Nordahl, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan 14 feb 18

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
For children, safe, sure. No opiates

Hexamethylenetetramine.

The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities, and avoid a serious malady. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat soothes the inflamed membrane, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

DEFECTI PAGE

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette is of the opinion that in view of the number of railroads that are to be built into Thief River Falls in the near future, this city is more in need of a union depot than a normal school.

The Standard Oil Company's unwillingness to be barred from Missouri indicates that there must be big profits in the oil business down there, notwithstanding the oft-repeated statement that the great trust sells its product at a very close, not to say an almost ruinous, margin.

It is rumored that Marcus Johnson is going to secure a renewal of his franchise to furnish the city of Red Lake Falls with electric lights. He is working hard for legislation Red Lake Falls wants and has won the smile of John Duffy which is all that is necessary. The tax payers be ——.

The house has passed a bill making the office of public examiner elective, the term of office being four years. Considerable opposition developed to the measure, the objection being that to make this office political would not be in the public interest. The public examiner's position should not only be occupied by an expert accountant it is contended, but by a man who would not have to consider or be influenced by the probable local political effects of any course it was his duty to pursue. The bill, which was introduced by Mr. Nolan has yet to run the gauntlet in the senate, and it is predicted it will not be favorably considered there.

In deploring the fact that Thief River Falls is interested in securing legislation that will take from the hands of the county commissioners the right to settle county seat matters, the esteemed Red Lake Falls Gazette says:

> "The chief aim of democratic government is to bring power close to the people. Following this idea we would not have the representatives of the state perform the duties that are purely local, as applied to a county or other subdivisions. In the matter of establishing a county seat no one outside of the county is interested and the question should be settled by the people of the county without the slightest interference from the outside."

As we have often explained; three county commissioners—a majority of the board—represent one-third of the people of the county, while two county commissioners represent two thirds. How can we have a democratic form of government in this county when a condition like this exists? All that the people of Thief River Falls are fighting for is a square deal. They believe in letting the people of Red Lake county by a vote settle this county seat question and not three county commissioners. They are fighting for what is right and in the end are going to win.

Doctors

say take Cod Liver Oil—they undoubtedly mean *Scott's Emulsion.*

It would be just as sensible for them to prescribe Quinine in its crude form as to prescribe Cod Liver Oil in its natural state. In

Scott's Emulsion

the oil is emulsified and made easy to take—easy to digest and easy to be absorbed in to the body—and is the most natural and useful fat-food to feed and nourish the wasted body that is known [illegible] today.

Nothing can be [illegible] its place. If you are run down you should take it.

[illegible]

Germantown.

S. Dangerfield, of Kratka, spent a few days here week before last attending to business matters.

Oscar and Chester Rambec and Owen Olson left the first of last week for the woods at Blackduck to remain until spring. They went overland driving two teams of horses.

There was a basket social in the Wiseth school house near Anstad last Saturday evening, where a large crowd enjoyed themselves and left a nice sum of cash to be used for the purchase of new seats for the school house.

Rev. S. H. Aarnes, of Warren, was up to Liner last week to remove the balance of his belongings from there to his present location.

Nels Moo and sons were up near Grygla a few days lately, putting things in shape on their future home out that way.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Edseth Wednesday of last week.

Martin Bakken, of the town of Moylan, was down to Warren last week where his wife has been confined to the hospital for about a month.

Sanders.

Miss Olina Finn is on the sick list this week.

Quite a few farmers attended the big sale at M. L. Hanson's at St. Hilaire.

Mrs. N. K. Anderson have been confined to the bed for a couple of weeks.

Herman F. Anderson, our county superintendent of schools, spent a few days at home.

Bray.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Larson.

Ada Olson is now working for Emil Larson.

A fine Cornish organ was bought by Alfred Olson as a present to his many daughters.

Taft's Anti-Cupid Break.

It is to be hoped that Judge Taft's attempt to "preach down the heart" of Uncle Sam's daughters is merely a lean "over backward in order to stand up straight." Washington has sent out endless sermons urging all good Americans to "increase and multiply." No doubt the White House is indirectly responsible for these anti-bachelorhood crusades which bring malefactors under the spot light. Coming as an antithesis to much preaching up of matrimony, and all that, the president elect's advice to girls to cease thinking "that unless they are married their lives are not a success" is a note of sanity.

But the administration, whether coming or going, needn't worry. Population is still regulated "by the price of corn," and, while Cupid may smile the more over every anti-bachelor law married to the statutes, lack of smiles has not so far caused the little god's face to resemble a funeral procession. Sometimes, alas, the chilled heart is born with men and women. So some acquire the chilled heart, and some have it thrust upon them. In the present state of science nothing can be done about the first class. The second class may be rounded up by anti-bachelor and anti-spinster laws perhaps, and the existence of many of the third class would tend to show that there is room here right now for one more "society for the prevention of cruelty."

The Real Reason.

"De po' child died fum eatin' too much watahmillion."

"Huh! Dar ain't no sich uh thing as too much watahmillion."

"Well, den, dar wasn't enough boy."—Puck.

It Had Been Read.

"That old tightwad uncle of mine is dead."

"Has his will been read yet?"

"Did you near what I called him?"—Cleveland Leader.

To be proud of learning is the greatest ignorance.—Taylor.

The Immortalization of "Old Abe."

If controversies over a centennial memorial to Lincoln should postpone the realization of the scheme until his second centenary rolls around, the memory, which some people imagine is in need of a prop, will run no risk of perishing "from the earth." There was majesty as well as pathos in the hurried farewell of comrades to the remains of Sir John Moore as the poet describes it when saying:

> We carved not a line, and we raised not a stone,
> But we left him alone in his glory.

In the same spirit Theodore O'Hara wrote:

> And glory guards with solemn round
> The bivouac of the dead.

Moore's weeping soldiers would have raised a stone and carved a line but for the enemy thumping at their heels. Yet that could not help an iota in perpetuating the name burned into English history by deeds of which that lonely midnight burial was the sequel.

The name of Lincoln can never become a mere memory. Through him the republic endured, and with the life of the republic the work he wrought is imperishably intwined. All this is trite, and the question of the hour is as to the place and the form of a centennial marker of the nation's respect. Opinions differ as to details, but agree in essentials. Its site should be where the greatest number of Americans are to file past in the years to come. Its form should symbolize the appeal which the story of Lincoln makes to the universal heart. In Lincoln's own time that appeal was symbolized by the homely title Old Abe. Idealism will overshoot the mark if it carries the mind or posterity too far away from that rugged Old Abe of 1861-5 whom men then loved for his ruggedness.

The big fine is off, and now it's up to Rockefeller to rebate that trifle per gallon which he put on to the customer when Judge Landis got rattled with the multiplication table.

The centenary of Darwin will be honored by scientists, although it is now admitted that the nature fakes associated with his name was not original with him.

Uncle Sam didn't get a chance to spend that $29,000,000 Standard Oil money, so we won't have to "skin the cat" to pay it back again.

Better for the husband to bear with the divinity he has than fly to those antics whose cantankerousness he knows naught of.

Cubans on Their Mettle.

The Cuban people never stood in greater need of the good will and forbearance of the citizens of this republic than at the present crisis in their national fortunes. The first real experiment in Cuban independence begins now. Between those Cubans who have cultivated American influence since 1898 and those Cubans who have assumed this influence to be irresistible and antagonism useless there has been little freedom for the play of autonomy in political thought. If things went wrong America would intervene; if all was well America would reap the most benefit. Such was the philosophy of some and the fear of perhaps the majority among those natives who interested themselves in public affairs. America was putting the whole Cuba libre program through. Criticism was either ungrateful or useless.

The late President Palma's long exile from Cuba made him essentially a foreigner, just as his residence in the United States made him an American in thought. Looked at dispassionately by a thinking Cuban, Palma's was an "assisted" regime, notwithstanding that the assistance was spiritual rather than militant, implied rather than expressed. Whether it shall be to sink or to make safe haven, Cuba will now "paddle her own canoe." Ten years of peace and average prosperity have put the nation in good shape for the experiment. Success in that experiment will vindicate the United States theory of what a protectorate should be.

Sienkiewicz has a new novel in press. But this is mere incidental. The main thing is that he recently praised the beauty and attainments of American women in a newspaper interview.

Sleighbells could be cut on the free list without causing a panic among manufacturers of them, till our climate revives its old fashioned manners.

Alas, now the Mark Twain is incorporated he'll have to be shut up in Uncle Sam's incorporation bureau just like any malefactor trust!

Strenuousness is not confined to the head of the administration, for the ex-vice president's son is railroad constructing in Honduras.

Wonder! South America's political weather can ever wastes space on "possibly revolution," followed by clearing.

That Ride to Warrenton.

It has happened more than once that an army ride as far as from Washington to Warrenton might have changed history. Pope would have been glad to greet 5,000 or 6,000 horseback fighters coming up that way Aug. 28-30, 1862, and Lee would have been rattled by such a column in blue swooping down on his lines when he maneuvered in that vicinity in 1863. Good news doesn't depend upon horseback couriers as it did at the time of the celebrated ride from Ghent to Aix. Neither does the other kind, as when Paul Revere warned the Lexington farmers about the redcoats. But it was a blessed thing that Phil Sheridan could ride twenty miles and get in fresh. Had it been forty or even fifty that eventful morning of Cedar Creek he would have made it and perhaps saved the day just as he did.

Twenty-four hours before Sheridan drew rein on the battlefield at Cedar creek he was farther from the danger point than Warrenton is from Washington. Had he got the tip then which reached him twenty hours later he would have ridden thrice twenty miles, and there would have been no Cedar Creek, with its thrilling story of disaster held up—

> Because
> The sight of the master compelled it to pause.

Napoleon rode posthaste to the field of Marengo, reaching there at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to be told "The battle is lost!" "But there's time to fight another one!" he exclaimed and made the great hit of his career. There was more to the Warrenton ride than the distance covered. It ended in a freezing rain, yet the president was good for another spurt if need be. Anyway, the official riding test is ninety miles in three days, and Stonewall Jackson's "foot cavalry" wouldn't have blinked at that. One good purpose of these tests is to knock out the notion that officers will ride to the battlefields of the future in "devil wagons." Test rides keep the horse where he belongs.

It is said that the notorious suppressed kaiser interview was cooked up in Vienna. The merry city on the Danube seems to be humming as a storm center these days.

The harder Jeff shrinks from meeting the colored champion the sooner he'll get in shape to re-annex the black belt to white territory.

It will be useless to put the trusts into a corporation bureau, then give the lock combination to their hired man.

America's Young Pioneers.

The promoters of the George Junior republics are hopeful that three new states—viz, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and New Jersey—will be annexed to the so called nation during the current year. New York, California, Connecticut and Maryland may from this time on lay claim to having been the "original states" in the movement to make citizens out of wayward youngsters who want to throw off the yoke of bad habits. There is nothing in a name, but it would add picturesqueness to this new American revolution if there should be a federation formed by thirteen "colonies" and annexation of commonwealths from time to time results in a nation as broad as the republic which serves for the model.

It is pioneer work which these boys and girls of the George Junior colonies and republics engage in. They are striving for the future of the organization and also for the future of themselves as individuals. The workers in this movement have no native wilderness to conquer. But they do have to battle against their own ill starred fortunes—bad conditions and bad habits, for which they, as a rule, are not responsible. Born out of the pale or cast out by their own conduct, they must reclaim themselves. This is a warfare to build up individual character, and with character for capital the redeemed boy or girl may compete with the more fortunate youth of society. Here is a field where charity cannot pauperize. Charity may whitewash poverty and reputation, but it cannot whitewash character.

Probably not a tear was shed as course after course at the Chicago onion banquet disappeared save the one where everything on the bill of fare was served raw.

It might cut short disputes to let the conservation of our national resources committee have a say as to what happens to the constitution too.

Horseless sleigh rides will draw a huge "best girl" vote as soon as chauffeurs learn to feed the power on without touching a hand to it.

Also let the secret service men peep into the home life of that official who is constantly predicting "another cold wave."

It is reported that African cannibals are stocking heavily in new cures for dyspepsia to meet a coming emergency.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Some people speak before they think, being naturally fond of talking.

Many a promising young man has been a splendid example of the nothing doing policy.

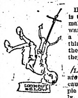

Human nature is the thing that makes a man want to act like a brute when things do not go the way he thinks they should go.

Lots of people are poor just because some people are so awfully rich. S'pose they just like to be contrary?

Undoubtedly a high degree of learning will be acquired by the next generation and many a flight of fancy indulged in under the guidance of a skillful and highly developed aviator.

It is just as easy for some men to lie as to tell the truth and a whole lot more natural.

Don't talk to a woman. It isn't any use, and she would a lot rather you would listen.

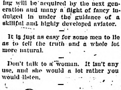

Too many people consider before they promise how they can best get out of keeping the promise.

Silence sounds awfully loud when the boss comes in unexpectedly.

The man who gets a cold reception sometimes turns to with so much vim and vigor that he makes a hot finish.

Wilted Young.

Alas,
Good resolutions,
Like several
Other things,
Including birds
And money,
Are fitted out
With wings,
And they,
As you have noticed,
Are much inclined
To flit,
Although
In their existence
So brief
They made a hit.
As carefully
You signed them,
As though
They were a will
Or a receipt
Dictated
For some
Forgotten bill,
And, very much
In earnest,
You took
The quill in hand
And said,
"By this same token
All habits
Bad are canned."
You were
A hopeful party
On that bright
New Year's morn
When these same
Resolutions
Right with the year
Were born,
And I could not
Reproach you
Because they were a bluff,
For man, you know,
Is mortal,
And that's excuse enough.

Disseminator of Old Jokes.

"That man's name is Tree."

"Indeed."

"Yes; you have often heard of him."

"Don't remember it."

"Oh, yes, you have; he is the old original spreading chestnut tree."

Bad Business.

"Some people seem to hate to be obliging."

"Yes, but it might be worse."

"I'd like to know how."

"They might try to be."

WHEN A MAN IS MARRIED—

He can't help noticing what a fine fellow the other girls didn't catch, and he takes to watching them slyly to see if he can detect any signs of pining away on their part.

He thinks it is a blamed shame the way some of the unmarried fellows treat some of the girls of his acquaintance. If he had a chance now—er—well, confound it, come to remember he is married.

He can't see why his wife will insist upon his taking care of his things. Hang it all, what does a man have a house for? Of course he considers the top of the piano a most convenient place of deposit whenever he wants to unload his pockets of an indiscriminate mass of letters old and young, cards, cigarette papers, tobacco, bills, clippings and what not, some of which he wants and some he doesn't want. But why should any one object to that? And what did she do with those he wanted anyway?

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Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
COUNTY OF RED LAKE. } ss. In District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff.
vs.
Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That by virtue of an execution, directed and delivered to me; and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff, and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 44-100 dollars ($18.44) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed at the office of the Clerk of the said District Court, for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake *Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on* Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right, title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following described real property, to-wit: Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

PEHL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgages could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the twenty-sixth (26th) day of March, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.11-mar.18.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

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Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

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THE NEWS

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every Howard is adjusted in its case, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

—When you buy a Howard you get something.

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.00
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.48
Barley	50
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Best butter and eggs at O. Tessum's.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

J. D. Abott was down from Rollis last week.

Dr. Helber was down to Crookston last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

New spring goods arriving daily at the Golden Rule.

William Emerick was up from Crookston last week.

Attorney Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

The new Gordon Hats for spring at the Golden Rule Dept. Store.

W. C. Addy, the Strandquist merchant, spent Sunday in the city.

O. P. Nelson, of Germantown, was in the city last Saturday and made this office a call.

Amund Johnson, of Germantown, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

H. H. Halvorson, of Brunkeberg, was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

Dr. and Mrs. M. Bockman, who had been visiting friends at Minneapolis, returned to this city last Friday.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Personal property taxes are payable on or before February 28. Pay your taxes now at the Peoples State Bank.

A. Alerick, one of the enterprising merchants of Plummer, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

The Crossette shoe for men, Selby and Red Cross shoe for ladies. New spring lasts at the Golden Rule Shoe department.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club tomorrow evening. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusement.

John Rawson went down to Crookston last Friday evening and was operated upon for appendicitis. He is now getting along nicely.

Thomas Torrison arrived in the city last Wednesday from Fisher and remained until Monday visiting his brothers, Ole and John Torrison.

We notice by the Middle River paper that the home of A. C. Kvenoe, at that place came near being destroyed by fire last week. As it was only about $100 in damage was done.

G. J. Gunnifson, of Gordon, Polk county, sold a forty acre tract of land last week to T. J. Larson of the same town for $40.25 per acre. Land values are going up in this vicinity.

O. E. Reiersgaard, well known in this city by reason of the fact that his parents reside here, has purchased the Becker County Journal. For some time Mr. Reiersgaard has been the publisher of the Ulen Union, and in the future will publish both papers.

An interesting law suit is shaping up in Otter Tail county. Last summer during a ball game at the village of Luce, Michael Durkin was at bat. He hit the ball which soared through space and struck Rosa Meyer. Mrs. Meyer is arranging to sue Durkin for $10,000 damages.

The Peoples State Bank invites farmers and others having business in the city to make use of the office in the rear of their bank when they have any letters to write or other business to transact. The bank furnishes free stationery and other conveniences and makes no charge whatever.

Joseph Johnson, the sheep king of the town of Star, was in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters. Mr. Johnson wants the new Soo extention from Thief River Falls to Duluth built on the north side of the river, and promises to keep one train crew busy hauling his sheep from the farm to market if the road is built near his farm.

Congressman Steenerson recently made a recommendation for the appointment of a postmaster at Twin Lakes, Mahnomen county, which caused a laugh in the postoffice department. Mr. Steenerson proposed that Star Bad Boy, who has been a good boy ever since he has been a federal postmaster, be succeeded for political reasons by Fred Big Wind.

Ole Torrison was up to Roseau Tuesday.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Dr. Grundy was up to Germantown last Friday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

County Surveyor Martz was in the city the first of the week.

Dr. Archibald was up from Mahnomen Monday visiting with friends here.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Now shipments of women's "rust proof" corsets at the Golden Rule.

Miss Maud Newberry is confined to her home by an attack of typhoid fever.

Rev. Dahle left the first of the week for Twin Valley to spend a few days.

Tom Lewis, of Espiee, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Merrit Warren was in the city last week from his homestead in the town of Star.

E. A. Moran and Otto Zaiser were up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

W. R. Penney, of New York City, was in the city last week visiting his brother, Dr. G. A. Penney.

J. A. Swore returned to this city last Friday from a visit with old friends at Benson and Osakis.

County Attorney Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls last week giving the county board legal advice.

Charlie Olson was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters and visiting friends.

The Kittson county commissioners are inspecting poor farms with a view to establishing one in that county.

Now spring and summer dress goods, Dress Linens, Dress Ginghams, etc., just arrived at the Golden Rule.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Kvenoe, of Middle River, were in the city the first of the week visiting with friends.

Timber wolves are reported to be very numerous in western Clay county and are doing much damage to live stock.

Peter C. Wold, the well known resident of the Highlanding, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

The Ed Krohn family departed the first of the week for Seattle, Wash., where they intend to make their future home.

D. P. O'Neill, C. C. Jackson, Dr. Grundy and Dr. Mellby were over to Warren Monday attending to business matters.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw left Monday evening for St. Paul, called there by the death of her brother's wife, Mrs. Mart Vaughan.

Albert Lonson, cashier of the First State Bank of Pekin, N. D., was in the city the first of the week visiting with old friends.

March 5 and 6 a convention of teachers and school officers will be held in Fergus Falls and a splendid program is being prepared.

A. Dannaker, one of the enterprising farmers living up at Highlanding, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

The Ladies Aid of the Hauge congregation will meet with Mrs. Geo. Solberg on Tuesday, Feb. 16 at 2 o'clock p. m. Cordial invitation to all.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Relton and daughter, of Gilby, N. D., were in the city the first of the week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Evenson.

Mayor Hamre, D. P. O'Neill and Robert McGinn went town to St. Paul Tuesday evening to spend this week looking after legislation of interest to this city.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

At Bagley a young deer has been mingling with the cattle and it seems quite at home. The little thing occasionally takes on its native habits and flees to the woods, only to return at regular intervals to get its feed. It will some times come into the house and eat from the hands of the members of the household.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with landmen in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

O. Tessum was up to Warroad the first of the week.

Ole Brink was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Dr. Helber was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Edward Singer, of Rhoda, was in the city the first of the week.

Henry Diebel was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Louis Hanson was up to Roseau Tuesday attending to business matters.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Christ Nelson, of Thorwick, was in the city yesterday and made this office a call.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Miss Mary Caldwell left last night for St. Paul, where she will commence a course in a business college.

Lumber for $6.00 per thousand and up. These prices last but a short time. Thief River Falls Lumber company.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

I have 14 lots in oneblock on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Falk.

Mrs. O. E. Olson, of Grand Forks, arrived in the city Monday and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. W. Lang.

Oyster supper and Valentine social in basement of M. E. Church on Thursday. Supper served at 6 p. m. All invited.

The Presbyterian Ladies will give a birthday party at the church parlors on the evening of Feb. 22. All are invited.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

The Ladies Aid of the St. Bernard's church will meet with Mrs. Phil Zeh on Thursday afternoon, Feb. 18. All are cordially invited.

The band will give a concert Friday evening, Feb. 19, in the Evenson Hall in honor of Prof. Bruckmann, who has accepted another position.

Lost—A ladies gold watch having the initials "K. J." between the Soo depot and Oen's store. Finder please leave at Oen's store and receive reward.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church meets with Mrs. H. P. Sponheim Feb. 18th, at 3. p. m. A cordial invitation to all.

Oscar Williams left Tuesday on a trip to Warroad, Beaudette and other Rainey River towns to sell the product of the Thief River Falls Bottling Works.

The concert given in the Evenson Hall Tuesday evening by Miss Elenora Olson is said to have been one of the best musical concerts ever given in Thief River Falls.

C. L. Dobner arrived here Tuesday, being enroute from a trip to Minneapolis to his home at Kalispell, Mont., and is spending the time visiting with friends and attending to business matters.

The Winnipeg flyer on the Soo did not reach Thief River Falls until noon yesterday, caused by a severe snow storm south of us. These severe storms south of here are becoming quite common.

The Ladies Aid of the united Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Burtnes next Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 17. The young peoples society of this church will meet with Mrs. Hofto on Thursday evening, Feb. 18.

Services at the Presbyterian church Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. The theme of the morning sermon will be "In Newness of Life." In the evening the pastor will speak on "Preparation for Life."

The Thief River Falls Fire Department will give its fifteenth annual ball in the Evenson Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 22. The firemen are always noted for giving the best kind of entertainment, and the ball this year will be no exception.

Tomorrow—Feb. 12—Lincoln's birthday, the local postoffice will place on sale some special two cent Lincoln memorial stamps to commemorate the 100th anniversary of this great statesman. The stamps will be sold after Feb. 12 until exhausted.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 55 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Subscribe for the News.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The Central children who presented "Little Red Riding Hood" at Evenson Hall last week cleared $80. This is gratifying to the teachers, Misses McGinn and Wilhelm, who worked hard to make the entertainment a success, and it also speaks well for the generous patronage of the public.

Sixty teachers and would-be-teachers registered for the examinations last week at the High School building. Many of the normal students wrote on one or more subjects. The examination was in charge of Miss Blexrud, who acted as deputy examiner for County Superintendent Anderson.

The seventh and eighth grade rooms in the Knox and Central are badly crowded and will likely continue so until the close of the school year. This condition increases the difficulties of the teachers, both in discipline and class work, and parents can materially aid the school by co-operating with the instructors in maintaining a reasonable high average in the pupils' studies.

Janitor Baily has been suffering from a felon on his tumb for three weeks. Carl Porson is substituting for the time being.

All Central students who bring their dinners are now compelled to repair to the primary room, where they can eat their lunches and remain during the noon hour under the supervision of a teacher and janitor.

Basket ball practice for the high school students has ceased for the present; at least, until a suitable room or hall can be obtained.

School will be in session on Friday to make up a day granted the schools just before Christmas.

Grand Jury.

The following is a list of the grand jury drawn for the March term of court:

James Evenson	Wyandotte
Olaf Moebeck	Polk Centre
Mat Skala	Red Lake Falls City
John G. Anderson	Emad, ville
Thomas Larson	Bray
Hubert Cardinal	Lake Pleasant
A. D. Bory	Louisville
Asmund Mandt	Deer Park
H. L. Promo	Poplar River
L. J. Parbst	Norden
John Scholin	Bray
Marshall Patnode	Louisville
Albert Anderson	Black River
John O. Vaalio	Numedal
John Hedlund	River Falls
M. C. Harlow	Thief River Falls
Joseph Bergeron	Lambert
H. H. Finrow	Plummer
Peter Wold	High Landing
Ole Overum	High Landing
Ralph Green	Equality
Hans Fredrickson	Smiley
Sander Engebritson	Sanders

The Second Trial.

The second trial in the case of Henry Young, a Middle River saloonkeeper, against John W. Judah for assault, was tried last Saturday at Middle River and again the jury failed to agree. The costs in the case now amount to quite a sum. Ira C. Richardson, of this city, was attorney for Young and Julius J. Olson, of Warren, for Judah.

Synod Church.

Services next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. English services in the evening at 7.45 p. m.

Bible class at 7 p. m.

Sunday school at 9 a. m.

The class of confirmants, Saturday at 9 a. m.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

A Rhymed Task Master.

In the studio of an artist on Madison avenue there is a sign that would seem suited for almost any place where there is work to do. Of course it is exceptionally well adapted to the needs of dreaming artists. It reads:

> Whene'er a task is set to you
> Don't idly sit and view it
> Nor be content and wish it done—
> Begin at once and do it.

In this studio it was of course artistically printed and framed. Within view of the motto every one works hard at work, and the man who sat nearest said it never gave him a moment's rest. He could not look at an undone job without seeing or hearing the jingle of the rhyme.—New York Press.

Why He Didn't Rise.

It was revival meeting night at the [illegible] "Let all you [illegible] who have troubles on your minds stand up!" shouted the [illegible] at a preacher at the [illegible] Instantly every one [illegible] in the church [illegible] rose to his feet except one [illegible] [illegible] "I can't get up; I'm paralyzed!"

Normal Committee Coming.

The committee which will locate the new normal school, which consists of Senators Hinton, Hardy, French and Works, and Representatives Gartside, Sawyer, Bergquist, Pines and Jorgenson will visit Thief River Falls on either Saturday or Monday it is thought. No definate arrangements have as yet been made but as soon as it is positively known upon what time they will arrive arrangements will be made for their entertainment.

Stockmen who have traveled a good deal and noted conditions report that but about 70 per cent of the usual number of feeding cattle are being carried through the present winter. If this is true, it should mean a continuation of satisfactory prices for some time to come.

Before long it will be time to sow in boxes in sunny windows in the house the seeds of plants which are going to be wanted for early transplanting. For the vegetable garden this will include tomato, pepper and egg plants and for the flower garden pansies and salvias. If especially vigorous and early plants are desired, the little plants may be transferred from the window boxes to little earthenware pots, which can be bought in large numbers for a cent or two apiece. Later, when warm weather comes on, these may be placed in the open ground, where they will have the advantage of well established leaf and root systems.

In a hearing which the country life commission held in the Twin Cities a resident of the southern part of Minnesota suggested the novel idea of operating laundries in connection with the co-operating creameries of the country, the waste steam from the boilers to be utilized for the purpose. If such a plan could be worked out, it would be an almost incalculable boon to the overworked farmer's wife, one of the chief bugbears of whose routine work is the heavy washing which has to be got out of the way every week. While the suggestion needs elaboration, it is along a needed line and should be given serious consideration.

A nearby reader of these notes who the past season planted ten or twelve different varieties of thoroughbred corn reports that he harvested the largest as well as the most mature and soundest crop from the yellow dent variety known as Minnesota No. 13, which has been developed, as its name implies, by the Minnesota experiment station and is especially adapted to climate conditions prevailing in Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas. In view of the fact that there grew in fields adjoining this No. 13 such varieties as Silver Mine and Reid's yellow dent, supposed to be much better yielders, the above showing is interesting and should contain a suggestion for those who have somehow got the idea that the maximum corn yield is to be obtained from the largest possible types of corn which will mature between the May and September frosts. An interesting feature noted in case of the No. 13 was its seeming tendency to overcome the handicap of a small sized ear by producing two on a stalk. During the past five years, largely as the result of a speculative desire to accomplish more than was possible and a misapplication of seed corn suggestions, types of corn have been raised in the northern portion of the corn belt which were entirely too large to mature in the growing season and as a result have spoiled in the crib. There should be a strong move in the opposite direction, and the above experience with a smaller type like the Minnesota No. 13 seems to furnish a good reason for it.

The Nebraska experiment station has recently issued bulletin No. 100 on the subject of milking machines, which may be had by residents of that state free of cost by writing to the agricultural experiment station at Lincoln and possibly to those of other states for a nominal sum. The station installed a milking machine plant in the fall of 1906 and from experiments there conducted secured data from which a summary was made of all important points growing out of the use of the milking machine. In April, 1906, a list of questions covering the practical use of the mechanical milker was mailed to every dairyman in Nebraska who had been or was using the machine, and the answers received, coupled with the data above mentioned, form the subject matter of the bulletin referred to. Among the many important conclusions reached as a result of the investigation may be mentioned the following: Heifers in first period of lactation give better results than aged cows used to hand milking; some cows are not adapted to machine milking at all; with some cows manipulation of the udder is necessary before all of milk can be drawn by machine; one man operating one machine can milk about as many cows as one man milking by hand; two men operating four machines, as many cows, about twenty-one, as three men milking by hand. It was found necessary to thoroughly wash and boil the milking machine parts after each usage in order to produce milk as free from bacteria as that secured by careful hand milking. Carelessness in cleansing resulted in a filthier milk than was obtained by even poor hand methods. The bulletin closes with the suggestion that to succeed properly with the milking machine the dairyman should understand his herd of cows and should give most careful attention to details. The opinion is also expressed that the use of the machine milker would be impracticable to install if fewer than thirty cows were milked the year round.

MAY CROSS AT GRAND RAPIDS

It Is Rumored That Soo Line Will Cross the Great Northern at Grand Rapids.

Enterprising Citizens of that City Hard After the Road and Make a Good Showing.

Grand Rapids wants to be upon the map when the new Soo extention is built from Thief River Falls to Duluth. A committee of prominent citizens from the enterprising city to the east was at Minneapolis the first of the week and had a conference with General Manager Pennington, of the Soo line. In railroad circles it is rumored that they made an excellent showing to Mr. Pennington and have the "old man" of the Soo line open to conviction. There is an an independent logging road that has terminals at Grand Rapids that is very anxious to make connections with the Soo and there are many other inducements in the way of natural resources that entitle Grand Rapids to the road.

If the Soo makes a straight run from Thief River Falls to Sotan, where the line is to be connected with the Brooten extension, it cannot fail to pass through or near Grand Rapids and would run through a rich an undeveloped hard wood country that has no railroad.

J. C. Sabin Injured.

J. C. Sabin, who is well known thruout all sections of northwestern Minnesota, is confined to his room at Hotel Crookston today on account of injuries which he received while traveling in the caboose of a freight train. The train came to an exceedingly sudden stop and Mr. Sabin was thrown against a table, striking his side. He did not pay much attention to the injury at the time and yesterday it did not bother him. Last night, however, it began to pain him severely and this morning he was unable to leave his room.—Monday's Crookston Times.

AT THE BIJOU.

A joyous and delectable delicacy heads the list of sparkling attractions at the Bijou for the remainder of this week. Just to make the better best, the entire program is made up of bright and snappy featured subjects. In fact each subject is a whole show in itself.

The comedy and dramatic elements are well balanced. There is much in this week's bill that is on the excellent order and the diversity of style makes it all the more attractive. There will be fun galore.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Feb. 6, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Larson, Miss Anna
Meehan, James
Peterson, Miss Lulla
Severson, Inga
Miller, Frank M.
Clothier, Mad Carolina
Anderson, V. G.
Foss, O.
Monson, David

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Hon. John M. Arctander, of Minneapolis, the most noted lawyer and orator among the Scandinavians in America, will deliver a lecture in the Norwegian language at the opera house in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Arctander's prominence as a speaker should secure for him a large attendance and all Scandinavians in Thief River Falls and vicinity should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. Admission free. Do not forget the date.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2.30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2.30 p. m.
Preaching at 7.30 p. m.
Thursday at 8.30 p. m., prayer meeting.

Everybody invited.

J. B. Sarre, Pastor.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

A. E. Abraham's

South Main St. Phone 103

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.
Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

COAL AND WOOD

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THIEF RIVER FALLS

Miss Varina's Valentine.

By Kate M. Cleary.

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Miss Varina was about to set aside the large square box the postman had just handed her with the mental decision that, of course, it was for Laurel, when she caught sight of the superscription, written in a bold masculine hand, "Miss Varina Ellington."

"It's—it's for me!" gasped Miss Varina. "A real valentine—for me!"

Miss Varina had seen her thirty-fifth summer and not unkindly winter. But it was many a year since she had received a valentine. The last she could remember receiving was sent when she was nineteen and used to go to singing school with Ambrose Mead. She and Ambrose had not been formally engaged, but they had understood each other, and it had been taken for granted by both that when the new house on the half section was finished it would be as Mrs. Ambrose Mead that Varina Ellington would enter the same. But, alas, a pretty city girl came to visit in the neighborhood, and where is the country youth who can resist the dazzling charms of a city girl when she appears, starlike, in the monotony of his rural solitude? Ambrose was attentive to Miss Thyra Morse. Varina imperiously protested. A lover's quarrel followed, and the city girl went into the new house as Mrs. Ambrose Mead. An indifferent housekeeper and an unsympathetic wife she proved to be. She was dead these five years now, and Ambrose, whose farm joined Miss Varina's own, had been getting along as best he could with such housekeepers as he could hire.

"IT'S—IT'S FOR ME!"

Miss Varina's thoughts now flew over all the town men she knew who might have sent her this valentine.

"No," she decided as her trembling fingers fumbled with the string. "There ain't one of them that thinks of me."

She held up the box and rapturously contemplated the glowing object before her. A cottage covered with pink roses overhung a blue satin lake. The inevitable verse on the inner page read:

> My heart is thine,
> If thine were mine,
> Then would I know
> All bliss divine!

"What is it, Aunt Varina? A valentine? Oh, how lovely! For me?"

A girl came eagerly forward. She was a very pretty girl.

"It's for me!" declared little Miss Varina. She was suffused in blushes—drowned in them. "You're not the only one, I guess, who can get valentines!"

"I NEVER KNEW YOU WERE A FLIRT!"

"For you? Of course, you're young enough and pretty enough to get them by the dozen! Isn't it perfectly gorgeous? Who do you suppose sent it—the new minister?"

"No; I don't know as I ought to tell you. But if you look real close you'll see there's two initials written just under the verse on the inside."

With an air of the most vivid interest Laurel lifted the rose covered cottage, the blue lake, the cupids, the violets, the hearts and the doves and bent eagerly over the inner page. She straightened up with a rallying cry and a deprecating pink finger pointed at her aunt's glowing countenance.

"Oh, Aunt Varina!, I never knew you were a flirt! 'A. M.'—that's Ambrose Mead, of course. And to think that all the time he has been vowing Charlie must not marry until he was twenty-six, and you've been saying you would ignore me all the rest of my life if I married Charlie, that his uncle and my aunt have been carrying on this—this lively flirtation!" She broke off with a little despairing gesture. "I'm—I'm really astonished at you, Aunt Varina!"

"SOME ONE HAS SENT ME A VALENTINE."

Miss Varina, flustered, flattered, agitated, clasped and unclasped her hands in nervous ecstasy.

"But—but you're mistaken, Laurel! Indeed you are! It was because I detested—yes, detested—Ambrose Mead that I did not want you to marry his nephew. Why, we haven't spoken for fifteen years—not since he married that poor, shiftless, good for nothing—there! She's dead—the Lord forgive me for forgetting!"

"Well, all I can say," averred Laurel in a voice of brisk finality, "is that he has evidently kept you in his heart all this time. And—don't be too hard on the poor fellow, Aunt Varina!"

Miss Varina preened herself, patting the bow on her neck coquettishly.

"You're a good child," she murmured, her eyes on the wonderful object propped up on the cottage organ. "I may have been a little severe about you and Charlie, and if"—

"NOR I, VARINA: IT WAS FATE."

But, deeming it best to let well enough alone, Laurel had slipped from the room.

Charlie Mead, a stalwart young fellow, coming home that night from his work in the town bank, found his uncle, a grim visaged, sad eyed man, brooding above a delicate piece of rice paper foamed over with forgetmenots. It was a trivial little thing, but pretty and in good taste.

"Charlie, look here! Some one has sent me a valentine."

"Well, why not, sir? I'm sure you're younger in heart and better looking by a long shot than many of the men to whom it is the custom, I am told, for girls to send valentines today! You can't expect to remain a widower always. The girls of Thomastown are not too dense"—

The elder man raised a perturbed face.

"No girl in Thomastown sent me this! There are initials signed"— He broke off in embarrassment.

"By Jove! So there are!"

"They are V. H. E." The young man looked interrogatively at his uncle. "I can't think of any one having those"—

"It might be Varina Hildegarde Ellington," said Ambrose Mead.

"Why, uncle! And after all your opposition to my marrying Laurel. What a concentrated fraud you are!"

"I—I may have been—a bit severe," the elder man admitted. "I—I fancied Miss Ellington disliked me very much on account of—well, that's past and gone now! But—I think, as a mere matter of neighborly courtesy, I ought to go over after supper and find out if that fine mare of hers is getting over its broken knee all right."

Charlie grinned; vanished and executed a war dance in the hall.

"Better wear your most becoming gown tonight—the crimson cashmere," urged Laurel. "It is quite likely Mr. Mead will follow his valentine with a visit. I'll do the dishes."

And Mr. Mead, in best Sunday attire, did call. But hardly had Miss Varina received him in the parlor when a tall young man, whisking in at the back door, caught a slim maiden up to her arms in soapy water and carried her from the kitchen sink to the china closet. He laid a compelling hand over her lips.

"It won't be eavesdropping," he whispered, "to hear if we get out scot free about those valentines. It was the only way to get the antagonistic couple to release their grip on us—to set them thinking about a love affair of their own. Listen!"

This they heard through the sliding door between the china closet and dining room:

"If it were not for that valentine, Ambrose, I'd never"—

"Nor I, Varina. It was fate. Promise never again to refer to the means of our"—

"I promise. I, too, feel sensitive that it should have taken such a trifle to bring us together and make us understand how foolish we have been. We shall never mention valentine in our house! But—those young people we have been keeping apart—I'm willing to give them this house and the quarter section. Eh, dear?"

"Right! You'll turn my shack into a home—eh, dearest? Bless those children!"

The Dress of General Washington.

This great man was very particular about his personal appearance. He took pains with everything he did and showed off his clothes to advantage. There have been some interesting details of late given of what he wore from 1783 to 1793. The general writes himself in ordering his clothes, "Plain clothes with a gold or silver button if worn in genteel dress are all I desire." He imported his best clothes from England, but on ordinary occasions wore native homespun when out of uniform. For receptions he had a black velvet coat and breeches; the coat a long cutaway, square at the ends, having a small standing collar. There were ten breast buttons of silver or open-work steel on the right breast, with blind buttonholes four inches long made of black silk braid on the opposite side. The coat had pocket flaps treated in the same way; also cuffs, which were five inches deep. There were two hip buttons at the back. This garment was very long waisted, and the top of the pocket flaps and hip buttons were on a line with the lowest of the breast buttons. It was lined with white satin, accompanied by black velvet breeches, with small buttons and knee buckles; the waistcoat of white or pearl colored satin, with a small standing collar and indented pocket flaps; a fine muslin shirt, with standing ruffles, repeated at the wrists, and the stock of the period; white silk stockings; low cut shoes, with large silver buckles. A dress sword, with silver hilt, suspended by a chain from a belt worn under the waistcoat and a linen stock completed the costume. He wore a bag wig, but not powder.

Goat Mutton.

"When you get a leg of mutton and find on trying to cook it that it seems likely never to get done, it's goat," says a local housekeeper.

"The only way of distinguishing kid from lamb or goat from mutton is that the goat flesh requires longer to cook and even when thoroughly done has a reddish appearance as though it were slightly rare. When properly prepared goat flesh is just as tender, just as nutritious as mutton and has exactly the same flavor. There is a prejudice against it, which, however, is entirely ill founded, and it is likely enough that this feeling is due more to the comic artists than to anybody else. In a comic picture representing the goat the old Billy is usually shown munching a tomato can or a straw hat or a lot of clothes stolen from the line, but as a fact the goat is just as particular about his food as the sheep, eats about the same kind and in spite of the comic artist in about the same quantity. The animal is just as cleanly as the sheep, and the only reason why the butchers do not openly avow their sales of goat meat is on account of the unfounded prejudice against it. It is sold under the name of mutton."—Exchange.

Science For Its Own Sake.

A prominent feature in Faraday's character was his absolute love of science for its own sake. He freely gave his discoveries to his world when he could easily have built up a colossal fortune upon them. He once told his friend, Professor Tyndall, that at a certain period of his career he had definitely to ask himself whether he should make wealth or science the object of his life. He could not serve both masters and was therefore compelled to choose between them. When preparing his well known memoir of the great master, the professor called to mind this conversation and asked leave to examine his accounts, and this is the conclusion the professor arrived at. Taking the duration of his life into account, this son of a blacksmith and apprentice to a bookbinder had to decide between a fortune of £150,000 on the one side and his unendowed science on the other. He chose the latter and died a poor man. But his was the glory of holding aloft among the nations the scientific name of England for a period of forty years.

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C. R. Kluger, the Jeweler, 1060 Virginia Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complexion, cured my backache and the irregularities disappeared, and I can now attend to business every day, and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cured me after the doctors and other remedies had failed." A. Bjerkhoel.

MEAT IN AFRICA.

When the Butcher Murders a Bull the People Get Beat.

Travelers in Africa find the standard of living somewhat different from what they are accustomed to at home. Mary Hall in her book, "A Woman's Trek From the Cape to Cairo," throws a strong light upon the condition of market and kitchen in British Central Africa:

When the native butcher proposes to kill an ox, notice to that effect is sent round to the white people on the previous day. Once they were apprised of the fact by the following startling announcement: "A bule will be murdered tomorrow morning at 6 a. m."

This cold blooded crime, so carefully premeditated, even to the exact hour, was, however, not committed, as the next morning a second notice was issued as follows: "The bule ran away this morning, so was not murdered." But this was an exceptional case.

I heard one story which is so characteristic of the native that I repeat it. The man who related it told me that the incident occurred when he was on a journey and was suffering from a bad attack of fever. One evening he fancied he would like some eggs and told his boy to get two and boil them lightly.

After a time they were brought to him as hard as bullets. He told the boy he must get some more and boil them less; but, alas, these were brought to him in the same condition, and the poor fellow wished he had never ordered them at all.

Being unwilling to give in, he made another attempt and told his boy, "Come to me when the water boils." The boy did so.

"Now," said his master, "put the eggs in, and when you have counted fifty take them out."

The native method of reckoning is to count up to ten and then begin again, arriving at the total by the number of the tens counted. The sick man heard the boy start fair and got as far as four tens, when a second boy interfered and questioned whether it were the third or fourth ten.

This started a discussion, and as they could not agree it was decided to begin all over again. Meanwhile the eggs were still boiling and getting harder and harder. This was about the last straw, and, ill as the man felt, he was compelled to get out of bed and put a summary end to the cooking operations.

SOME SURE THINGS.

Do Not Bet on Your Ability to Perform These Feats.

Bets to be avoided by those who are cocksure they can do all things are those relating to athletic feats. It would seem that a good runner could easily give a start of fifty yards in a hundred to a man who was doing the fifty yards by hopping on one leg. But few runners, if any, can afford to give that amount of start to any man who is at all strong on his legs. For the first five yards or so they go at practically the same pace, so that to run ninety-five yards while his opponent is hopping forty-five he has to go more than twice as fast, and it is a weak man indeed who cannot hop fifty yards in ten seconds.

An ordinary wooden match is easily broken in the fingers, but, although there are many who will bet they can do it, none succeed in accomplishing the task if the match is laid across the nail of the middle finger of either hand and pressed upon by the first and third fingers of that hand, despite its seeming so easy at first sight.

No one can crush an egg placed lengthwise between his clasped hands—that is, if the egg be sound and has the ordinary shell of a hen's egg.

It is safe to bet a man that he cannot get out of a chair without bending his body forward or putting his feet under it if he is sitting on it, not at the edge of it.

Another equally certain wager is that a man cannot stand at the side of a room with both of his feet touching the wainscoting lengthwise.

It is safe to bet any man, save one who is blind, that he cannot stand for five minutes without moving if he is blindfolded.

Very Different.

It is never embarrassing in a novel for a rich man to find a lot of poor kin. There is always a vacancy in a bank, where the rich man finds a good position for the oldest son, who soon becomes the bank's president. Another child shows a genius for painting, and the rich man sends him to Italy to study. In a month or two the child returns a great artist. But how different in real life! Ah, how vastly different!—Atchison Globe.

She Had Often Studied It.

Little Marie had returned from her first visit to Sunday school.

"And what lesson are you to study for next Sunday?" her mother asked.

"Nuffin' much," said the four-year-old rather scornfully. "Her jest said to learn all about the catakissis', and me knowed that already."—Lippincott's.

Like the Bee.

"I, sir," said Mr. Dustin Stax, "am like the busy bee. I have industriously stored the good things of life."

"Yes. And anybody who tried to stop you was very likely to get stung."—Washington Star.

Force of Habit.

Captain of Signalers—G-G-G, what the deuce does the fellow mean? There's no word with three G's running. Corporal—Beg pardon, sir, but Signaler Higgins be stutters!—London Punch.

HOLLAND HOUSE.

One of England's Picturesque and Historic Mansions.

Few mansions in or near London are more picturesque in their surroundings or more interesting from their associations with the past than Holland House. The domain in which it stands is a perfect rus in urbe—a green oasis in a wilderness of bricks and mortar. When you pass from the noisy traffic of Kensington road and enter the great gates there is a transformation scene. In a few paces London has disappeared, and you find yourself all at once in the heart of the country. You might be in the forest of Arden, a hundred miles from Piccadilly—lawns shaded by noble cedar trees, woodland glades, a green lane with over arching boughs, and farther on terraced walks, the stone balustrades and the formal parterre of the Dutch garden. The house itself has a long, irregular frontage, a fantastic medley of turrets, gables, arcades and oriel windows. The series of sitting rooms on the first floor are warm, comfortable and homelike and filled with a priceless collection of family portraits and heirlooms. No wonder that Charles Fox was devoted to the place where he had passed a careless and happy boyhood and in his last illness drove over from Chiswick to view once more the familiar scenes, which he regarded with a special tenderness and affection. Naturally his memory is cherished here, and he is still to some extent the tutelary genius of the place. There is a statue of him at the end of the avenue in the park; there is a bust of him by Nollekens in the entrance hall; there is a characteristic note in his handwriting on the back of a miniature of Robespierre—un scelerat, un lache, et un fou (a rascal, a coward and a fool—and there is a picture of him by Sir Joshua as a youth with two charming damsels, one of whom made a romantic marriage with an actor, while the other refused the hand of a king and lived to become the mother of the heroic Napiers. Almost every room has its tradition. In fact, wherever you tread "a history is beneath your feet."—Blackwood's.

DUELING IN ITALY.

How the Count of Turin Came to Fight Prince Henry of Orleans.

The greatest duel of modern days in Italy was that between the Count of Turin and Prince Henry of Orleans. It came about in a curious manner. Prince Henry had insulted the Italian army after the battle of Adowa and one day received a telegraphic challenge to a duel signed "Victor Emmanuel." The challenge was accepted, and thus Crispi, who was prime minister, came to know of the crown prince's impulsive action and interfered. "But," said King Humbert, his father, "how can it be stopped? Our honor is now involved." Crispi thought a moment and then exclaimed: "I have it! The Count of Turin is Victor Emmanuel also!" And thus he was the one who fought.

This was followed by one of those genial practical jokes which convulsed Europe. France at that time hated Italy and never lost an opportunity to sneer at her. It must be explained that in Rome there was always at carnival time a characteristic figure of a little old man with an immense sword riding a donkey, who was a caricature of the age of chivalry and was called "General Mannaggia la Rocca."

One day in the French papers appeared an imposing announcement that General Mannaggia la Rocca threw his glove at the feet of the entire French nation and cast their base insinuations in their teeth, inviting any or all to mortal fight. Replies were not long in coming, one of which was from a noted fencer and duelist of his day, M. Tomeguenx, appointing his seconds and announcing their arrival in Rome. France was on the quivive, from government personages to the humble bargee, and when the trick played upon them was discovered all Europe shrieked with laughter, and France the loudest of all.—Pall Mall Gazette.

England's National Anthem.

There is a fourth verse of the national anthem with which very few Englishmen indeed are familiar. But it was given, apparently in all good faith, in an old Hanoverian musical work, and the daring of the last rhyme almost reconciles one to the shocking character of the sentiment:

> God save great George, our king!
> Long live our noble king!
> God save the king!
> Send us roast beef a store,
> If it's gone, send us more,
> And the key of the cellar door,
> That we may drink.

—London Chronicle.

Bright Pupils.

"You have two very bright pupils, Miss Winsome," remarked Mr. Sweetly to the schoolma'am.

"Which ones do you mean, Mr. Sweetly?"

"Why, those in your eyes, to be sure."—Pathfinder.

A Righteous Judge.

One Sunday morning a minister's wife saw her son chasing the hens with a stick. She went to the door to investigate and heard him say, "I'll teach you to lay eggs in a minister's family on Sunday morning!"—Delineator.

The Growlers.

Stage Manager—I wish we could work in a few more realistic touches in this woodland scene. Now, how would it be to have some one growl like a bear? Author—The very thing! We'll call in the critics.—Kansas City Independent.

TOO CLEAN.

African Natives Who Were Lavish In Their Use of Soap.

Miss Mary Kingsley, who made many journeys in the wilds of Africa, used to relate how once, finding it necessary to cleanse a much soiled and stained blouse, she carried it, with a cake of soap, to a neighboring spring, where an interested group of native women watched her wash it. They were much impressed by the way in which the spots disappeared, and it emerged as good as new.

The next morning when it came time to break camp Miss Kingsley missed her soap—a precious commodity in the wilderness. Suspicion soon pointed to a certain woman, who, on being accused, confessed boldly that she had taken it and cast it into the spring that its extraordinary powers of renewing old garments might be permanently imparted to the waters. She was deeply mortified to learn that her effort had been in vain.

The Rev. Peter McQueen of Charlestown, Mass., tells a kindred story. His soap, however, was not lost, although misused. He still had it with him.

"I told our native servants to be sure to lay in a supply of clean water when we crossed the Taru desert, a scorched belt of sand stretching some seventy-six miles," he relates. "Tidings had reached us that an English explorer who had attempted to cross that desert shortly before us had perished from thirst, so we wanted to be careful.

"You can imagine my surprise when, upon taking my first draft of water, I discovered that it tasted strongly of soap. All the casks were similarly tainted, and we rounded up the natives and held a hasty court martial.

"It was a tough predicament, but I couldn't refrain from smiling within when the leader of them meekly confessed that as the master had instructed him to lay in a supply of clean water he had seen to it that bars of soap were added, for soap, he said, was used to clean things."

They did not perish of thirst, but after sixteen days of drinking soapsuds, which agreed with neither palate nor stomach, no native of that particular gang was again likely to try to purify water with soap.—Youth's Companion.

ON THE DEAD RUSH.

An Experience In Getting Acquainted In New York.

Getting acquainted in New York is thus described by a man from Atlanta. He brought a letter of introduction to the person he was to meet at the latter's office in Nassau street.

This is the Atlantan's report to his house:

"Called at 2 p. m. Boy on the gate asked my name and business. Gave him the letter of introduction. Boy returned and told me to sit down.

"Sat down twenty-five minutes. Saw a man come out of his office and break through the gate as if he was chased by hornets.

"'Who's the man from Atlanta who wants to see me?' asked the hurried individual.

"'I am the man,' I replied, trying to act as if I was also hurried.'

"'Come along with me,' said the man as he grabbed me by the arm. He dragged me through the main door into the hallway. He caught sight of a descending elevator and shrieked to the man in the car to stop.

"The door of the car slid ajar, and the man who had me by the arm said, 'Come along; let's get acquainted as we go down.'

"By that time the car had reached the landing on the main floor. As the door of the car was pushed back the man who had my letter in his hand said:

"'I haven't had time to read this letter, but we know each other. Come in day after tomorrow. I've got to make a train. I'll know you when we meet again. Goodby.'

"Before I could say goodby he had turned the corner and was out of sight. That's business in New York."—Success Magazine.

Had Two Faults.

Uncle Remus, besides being an inveterate horse trader, was something of a wag. One day, after swapping a rather disreputable looking nag, he said:

"Now, stranger, I'll tell yer fair—dat hoss hab got two faults."

"And more, too, I guess," assented the other. "But what are they?"

"Waal, ef he gits out in de field he's de hahdes' hoss ter ketch ye ever seed, an' when yer ketch 'im he ain't wuth a cuss."—Judge.

A Versatile Fellow.

A young man wants situation as odd man or pair of horses.—Kirkcudbrightshire Advertiser.

We have an old revolving cage, if he would care to come as three white mice.—London Punch.

Trials of the Road.

Mrs. Farmer—Say, mister, don't you never do no work? Dewey Eve—Well, if youse knew how hard it wux fer a college bred man to answer questions asked by ungrammatical females yer wouldn't ask dat.—Judge.

Warm.

Mrs. Buggins—Before we were married you used to say I was the sunshine of your life. Mr. Buggins—Well, I admit that you still do your best to make things hot for me.—Philadelphia Record.

Lady Wortley Montagu used to say that her only objection to being a man was that she would have to marry a woman.

A DARING BUCCANEER

Edward Thatch, Who Was Known as the Blackbeard Pirate.

HIS BATTLE WITH MAYNARD.

After the Hand to Hand Conflict the Desperado's Head Hung at the Bowsprit End of the Lieutenant's Sloop as She Sailed Back to Virginia.

It is almost 200 years since Edward Thatch, better known as the pirate Blackbeard, was a name with which to terrorize the Atlantic coast of the then new country of America. As a buccaneer whose deeds of desperate daring made him feared wherever his name was known he stands a close rival of the famous Captain Kidd, if indeed in some respects he did not surpass that notorious freebooter.

The date of Thatch's birth is lost in history, and his native place is variously given as Bristol and Jamaica. He first appears as a foremast hand to Major Stede Bonnet, a gentleman of Barbados, who, although a man of property and having small knowledge of the sea, thought proper to fit out a sloop and take to a life of piracy, the explanation of his being "a little distracted" being charitably given by one biographer. However that may be, his crew missed in the major the qualities of a successful commander. They deposed him and elected Thatch in his place. Bonnet was tried and executed in 1711.

Thatch's first independent exploit of which we have a detailed account took place in June, 1718, when he captured two French ships near the Bermudas, one laden with sugar, the other empty. Transferring to the latter the crew of the laden vessel and letting them go their way, he sailed with his prize of vessel and sugar for Bathtown, N. C., with the governor of which place, Charles Eden, he had previously arrived at a pleasant understanding.

Thatch gave out that he had found the French ship deserted. Governor Eden received sixty hogsheads of sugar as his share. Tobias Knight, his secretary, took twenty, and the remainder fell to Thatch and his crew. Thatch lingered there for some months, plundering and insulting the merchants of the place. These, understanding at length the futility of expecting redress from Eden, applied to the governor of Virginia to rid them of the pest.

The governor, after consultation with the captains of the Pearl and Lime, then lying in the James river, agreed to provide two sloops, the warships to furnish a complement of men. Lieutenant Maynard of the Pearl was placed in command, and the punitive expedition sailed on Nov. 17, 1718. On the 21st the pirates were sighted in an inlet about sixty miles from Bathtown, and Maynard anchored for the night.

On the following morning Thatch, maneuvering to elude attack, ran his vessel aground, but Maynard's sloop, drawing more water, though she had no guns on board, failed to get to close quarters. The lieutenant, however, threw out his ballast and in answer to a truculent defiance from Thatch promised to be "soon aboard him with his sloop." Coming at last within close range, a broadside from the pirate killed or wounded twenty of Maynard's crew and nine on board his consort.

Maynard now ran alongside the pirate, when, under cover of a discharge of grenades, Thatch and fourteen followers boarded the king's ship. Maynard and Thatch, pistol and sword in hand, engaged in a desperate personal encounter. The lieutenant's sword broke, and more than once he narrowly escaped a fatal injury. But at last Thatch, having received sixteen wounds, fell dead in the act of cocking a pistol. His followers jumped overboard and cried for quarter. Maynard hung Thatch's head at the bowsprit end, sailed for Bathtown, where he seized the governor's storehouse, and then, still with his grisly sign of triumph swinging in the wind, rejoined his ship in Virginia, where thirteen of the captured pirates were hanged.

One of the Blackbeard's crew who obtained pardon was Israel Hands, who makes his appearance in "Treasure Island." Shortly before Thatch met his death Hands had been lamed for life by a pistol shot in the knee fired by Thatch from under the cabin table, at which he, with Hands and others, was carousing, just to remind his crew in general "who he was." Such an act was only one of the many eccentric brutalities of Thatch's career.

When he felt himself in the vein or was going into action his appearance was somewhat startling—his bushy black beard tied up with ribbons, the ends of which were thrown over his ears; a fur cap on his head, with a lighted match on either side, and three brace of pistols slung across his shoulder. Of the usual condition of himself and his crew much may be gathered from the fact that "our company somewhat sober" was a circumstance deemed worthy of note in the diary found after his death.—London Globe.

Not Yet.

"Do you desire a room with a bath?" asked the affable clerk.

"Gee whiz, no!" replied the gentleman with the canvas telescope. "This is only Tuesday, ain't it?"—Chicago Record Herald.

Children have more need of models than of critics.—Joubert.

For the Business Man

Mental concentration and overwork means the loss of vitality. Digesto, with its food properties and mild tonic qualities, make this Malt Extract a necessity to every business man.

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THIEF
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Pay your personal property taxes at this bank. We give you receipt especially prepared for taxes. Taxes paid before March will avoid penalty.

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People's State Bank.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

GENEROUS.

It's very healthy—
Yes, I know—
To hustle forth
And shovel snow.
I'll generous be
If that's the case
And let another
Take my place.

I'm needing health
With work to cope,
But not as bad
As that, I hope.
Some other fellow,
By the bye,
Might need the health
Much more than I.

They say it's better
Far than pills
For several of
Our standard ills.
The man who tosses
Off my snow
I really hope
Will find it so.

So let him putter
Round the yard,
And, though his ears
Are frozen hard,
I hope 'twill give him
No concern
And that he will
Have health to burn.

No Comfort.

"I was held up last night."

"Did you report it to the police?"

"What's the use? They would only laugh at me."

"Are they that heartless and inefficient?"

"They would be when I told them where it was."

"And where was it?"

"At a church fair."

Sly Girl.

"What is it that the silly girl always says to the nice young man?"

"Give it up."

"She says, 'Oh, how brave you are,' only"—

"Only what?"

"It is the young man that is silly—afterward."

Just For a Trial.

Let's be good a little while
Anyway.
Those who've tried it on declare
It will pay.
Though we do not resolute,
Friends may whisper, "Ain't he cute?"
As our halo starts to shoot.
What y' say?

Polite.

"Walk right behind that horse."

"Isn't he dangerous?"

"Not if you speak to him first."

"But we have not been introduced."

Wise.

"That fellow knows too much."

"Why don't you tell him so?"

"Oh, I know too much."

Mean Thing!

"Don't try to be disagreeable."

"Why?"

"It isn't necessary."

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

When a man is earnestly engaged in revising his own private history it isn't a bad guess that there has been something doing.

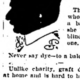

Next to knowing how to do a thing comes the knowing how to keep still about it.

The woman who doesn't love a bargain when she sees it is blind; also a dead one.

Never say dye—to a baldheaded man.

Unlike charity, graft doesn't begin at home and is hard to bring there.

Some people are so stupid that they couldn't tell a fortune if they were to see it coming down the street right at them.

There is a decided difference between assuming to be amusing and amusing by assuming.

Undoubtedly Standard Oil by any other name would be just as lubricating.

Ever notice how sorry for themselves some men act when they head toward home?

It is a powerful swat at the moralist that a glad heart and a cheerful liar often travel in company.

The man who thinks he knows it all is rarely a man of large ideas.

Don't be afraid to speak the truth; it is harmless, though not guaranteed to be especially pleasing.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Holding her tongue somehow seems to make a woman strong; anyhow, she can do a lot more than the woman who doesn't.

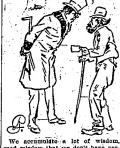
NOW WHY DON'T YOU WORK?

We accumulate a lot of wisdom, good wisdom that we don't have personal use for, but are entirely willing to bestow upon the deserving poor.

What's the use of being married if you can't boss the job? That's why there are so many divorces.

There are too many people working at being specialists who have never qualified for the job.

As a general proposition, ideals have nothing to do with big deals.

SIX AFTER NEW YEAR'S

It is hard to satisfy some people; but, then, that is their chief charm.

The man who laughs at your joke is entitled to your courteous consideration, and don't for a moment doubt that he is aware of it.

Many and many a beautiful New Year resolution will bloom and flourish only to become a faded dissolution.

If you encourage a fool he will sooner or later claim you as his brother.

There is only one excuse for having a grievance; if you capitalize and collect profits from it, all right.

The Conversation Route.

Some people when they tell a thing
In flowery garments dress it,
And other creatures know a lot,
But cannot quite express it.
The gift of gab is something great,
Assisting the possessor
To make his way around the world
Or I am no good guesser.

Palaver, properly applied
And to the case adjusted,
Assists a man though he is down
And for the moment busted.
It opens up the hearts of men
Who hear its liquid flowing,
And if they are inclined to balk
It straightway sets them going.

"Words, idle words," the poet said
When speaking of the gabble
That everywhere assailed his ears
When mixing with the rabble.
But let these words be caught and tamed
And broken to the bridle
So they may do the talker's will
And they are not so idle.

That talk is cheap we often hear,
But still that doesn't matter.
A very inexpensive toy,
If rightly used, may flatter.
And conversation conned with care,
Set skillfully in motion,
Will get a man most anything
To which he takes a notion.

Couldn't Surprise Him.

"The agent was showing old Bill Bartness from Wayback through a house with all modern improvements."

"Made Bill open his eyes some, I imagine."

"Not so any one could notice it. He never asked a question. Even pretended that he knew what the bathtub was for."

WHAT TO DO BEFORE THE DOCTOR COMES.

Put all your property in your wife's name. His visits may be many and occur often. When he sues you for the amount of his bill you will have the dead wood on him.

Quiet your pulses as much as possible; this may help to reduce the size of his bill. Say farewell to your tongue; the first thing he will do will be to tell you to put it out.

Tell your wife to bring all the grocer's slips and arrange them in a neat pile on the table. He will want to know what you have been eating.

Just before he arrives get especially busy about something. He will insist that you stop work at once, and it will be well to be in a position to comply with his demands.

Pass all the doctor's idiosyncrasies in mental review to refresh your memory and resolve to let his opinions go undisputed. He will probably charge any difference of opinion up in the bill.

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FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
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Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

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We also have Second Hand Machinery
We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1909 NUMBER 8

PAQUIN IS A HUSTLER

"The Governor of Lambert" is Making Good Money Farming In This County.

Started in Fifeen Years Ago Without Capital and is Now Rich.

A. Paquin, better known in the town of Lambert as "the governor," was in Thief River Falls last week attending to business matters. Mr. Paquin is a man of push and energy and is making a great success of farming in Red Lake county. To the NEWS Mr. Paquin stated that he commenced farming in the town of Lambert fifteen years ago without hardly a dollar capital. For a few years he had rather a hard struggle, but now things are going along nicely and it was no effort at all to add a few thousand dollars each year to his wealth. He has a farm of 560 acres all under cultivation and a few years ago he built a creamery upon his farm and manufactures his own butter which he ships to the New York market. He not only does this, but last summer he paid to his neighbors $15,000 for cream that they had delivered at his farm.

At present "the governor" says that he is milking thirty-five cows upon his farm and he employes quite a small army of help. This spring he will commence the erection of another large barn and will continue to increase his herd of cattle. He likes farming and is getting rich at it as fast as anyone could desire.

'Tis Hoped.

Men have been employed this week clearing up the "remains" of the Red Lake Falls Milling company's fire. Several car loads of iron, the ruins of the mill machinery, have been shipped. This work is being done preparatory to th[illegible] the mill in the spring—'tis [illegible] Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Subscribe for the News.

ADJOURN ONCE MORE

County Seat Bill to Be Given a Final Hearing Upon Tuesday, Feb. 23.

Amendments Made by Thief River Falls the Cause of the Present Delay.

The committee on towns and counties of the house and senate held a meeting last Thursday to consider the county seat removal bill. Acting for Thief River Falls, Senator Hanson offered some amendments to the bill, which makes the law more rigid and meets the approval of some senators and representatives who had objected to the original bill in that it did not give proper notice by publication of the intention to circulate a petition. The representatives of Red Lake Falls who were present asked to be given more time in order to look over the amendments and this was finally granted, the committee taking an adjournment until Tuesday, Feb. 23. At this time final action is to be taken upon the bill.

The Red Lake Falls people were notified that if they had any objection to the bill or desired to make any amendments, they would have to be submitted to Senator Hanson at least four days prior to the meeting of the committee so that Thief River Falls would have time to look them over.

All that Thief River Falls is asking is a bill that will allow the voters of Red Lake county at the next general election to vote upon the location of the county seat and are not trying to get through any "woodchuck" bill. The legislators seem to realize this and all of the fair minded men of both the house and senate are volunteering support of the measure. It is confidently predicted that the bill will pass.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspar Falk.

FARMERS ARE INTERESTED

Quite a Number in this Vicinity to Go Into the Potato Raising Business.

Meeting of Farmers Held in the City Hall Last Friday Was Well Attended.

A meeting of farmers was held in the city hall in Thief River Falls last Friday afternoon to consider the proposition of going into potato raising on an extensive scale in this vicinity. Organization was perfected by the election of J. O. Thorstad president and Peter Engelstad secretary.

Short talks upon the subject were made by E. L. Quist, Supt. J. H. Hay, O. J. Schei, Walter Quist and C. M. Evenson. It appeared to be the unanimous opinion of all that there was good money to be made in the raising of potatoes and quite a number of farmers signified a willingness to go into this branch of farming quite extensively next spring. A committee consisting of Walter Quist, S. O. Lee and Fred Copp was appointed to select a suitable seed. This committee will investigate the various varieties and report at a meeting to be held later.

It is the intention, if possible, to secure at some time in the future an expert potato raiser to come to Thief River Falls and address the farmers upon the subject of potato raising.

Will Have to Stand Trial.

Wa-wo-ya-cuming, an Indian residing on the White Earth reservation, who killed another Indian with a spade will have to stand trial for murder in the first degree. The Supreme court so decided last week when it refused to pass on the question as to the legality of the organization of Mahnomen county. Friends interfered to the extent of bringing quo warranto proceedings to test the validity of the grand jury which brought in the indictment.

COMMITTEE OUR GUESTS

Normal School Committee Pays a Visit to Thief River Falls Monday.

Are Shown Sites and Furnished With Many Facts and Figures.

The special committee of the house and senate which is to locate a sixth state normal school in Northwestern Minnesota arrived in Thief River Falls Monday morning at 11 o'clock over the Great Northern.

In the party were the following members of the committee appointed by the legislature to inspect the site for the new state normal: Senator S. D. Works, George French, W. A. Hinton, J. O. Hardy; Representatives S. E. Gartside, C. E. Jorgenson, J. N. Burnquist, C. L. Sawyer and Henry Rines. Besides the nine members of the committee, Senator D. S. Hall, George Carpenter and Representative John Goodspeed, L. D. Cook, Chas Sawyer and Alex Campbell were with the party and stenographers Miss Gertrude Durkee and Miss Sexton.

After dinner had been served at the Hotel Evelyn the committee was driven about town to the various sites for a normal school here, and then taken to the Antlers Club rooms.

Mayor Hamre welcomed the committee to our city at the club rooms in a few well chosen words and then introduced Daniel Shaw who spoke of the wealth and resources of Thief River Falls. Mr. Shaw made an exceptionally strong speech and opened the eyes of the visitors to the growth and importance of our city.

The principal speaker of the afternoon was Supt. J. H. Hay, of the city schools. Mr. Hay was at his best, and poured into the ears of the committee a volume of facts and figures that could not be denied, and he convinced many of the legislators who had been leaning towards Cass Lake or Bemidji that Thief River Falls was the place to locate the school. Mr. Hay had a number of charts drawn of the Northwest section of the state and he proved that Thief River Falls was the center of population, the center of school population and school districts, the center of banks, wealth and creameries and the railroad center of this territory. He pleaded with the legislators not to make an educational abortion in the location of this school, and said that politics should not enter into consideration. Mr. Hay was given hearty applause at many times while delivering his speech and the members of the committee were unanimous in the opinion that Thief River Falls had its case presented better than any of the other cities, but, as one legislator expressed it, "Mr. Hay had a better subject."

Alfred Aamoth, county auditor of Mahnomen county, and Mr. Thoreson, superintendent of schools of Polk county, who happened to be in the city, both made short remarks favoring Thief River Falls as the location for the sixth normal school.

At five o'clock the members of the committee and a number of citizens of Thief River Falls assembled at the Hotel Evelyn where a sumptuous banquet was served under the direction of Julian Provincher, proprietor of the hotel. After the banquet had been served, Daniel Shaw, acting as toastmaster, introduced several of the visiting legislators who made short remarks and thanked the people of Thief River Falls for the hospitable manner in which they had been entertained while in the city.

Freak Fish Story.

This is not exactly the proper season for fish stories. Generally the wonderful tales of sea serpents, singular species of the finny tribe and of big catches made in the lakes and streams of Minnesota, are due along in the summer months. However, so good a fish story comes from Grand Forks that we cannot refrain from repeating it.

According to report a remarkable fish was taken out of the Red River by the Grand Forks concrete company's crew while they were scooping out sand. It must have come from far below the river bed, for the scoop had been at work in one spot for several days.

The fish had the appearance of an eel, and is about ten inches long. It had no eyes and seemed to breathe through a string of small holes in the neck. Instead of a mouth, it had a row of openings, each supplied with an oval sucker. It breathed very heavily through the openings in its sides when taken out of the water.

The report further states that the fish is being kept alive and on exhibition at Grand Forks.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Thousands of millions of cans of Royal Baking Powder have been used in making bread, biscuit and cake in this country, and every housekeeper using it has rested in perfect confidence that her food would be light, sweet, and perfectly wholesome. Royal is a safeguard against the cheap alum powders which are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL IS THE ONLY BAKING POWDER MADE FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR

Smallpox Decreasing.

Smallpox is less prevalent in Minnesota than during any winter since the first epidemic ten years ago. The state board of health has issued a statement of the number of cases reported in fifteen weeks ending Jan. 11, compared with the corresponding weeks of the previous year, showing less than a third as many recorded. It is regarded as significant that cases have decreased since the quarantine rule was made less stringent. The board of health calls attention to the fact that in the winter of 1907-08 the regulations required strict quarantine of all inmates of infected homes and there were 1,535 cases reported from Oct. 1 to Jan. 13. This year the modified quarantine regulations require only quarantine the sick and unvacinated inmates of infected homes, and from Sept. 28 to Jan. 11 there were only 473 cases.

This is considered a vindication of the board's policy which is to encourage vacination and make quarantine less irksome.

Smallpox always shows an increase in winter because of less pure air in houses. Last year the cases ran as high as 259 in the week ending Dec. 30, 1907, while the largest week this winter has been that of Dec. 21, when there were eighty two cases.—Minneapolis Journal.

This Editor Has Another Look Coming.

Red Lake Falls, Bemidji, Cass Lake, Wadena, Warren and Thief River Falls are after the normal school. It looks to us as if Red Lake Falls had the advantages over the other towns and its chances are good for securing the new school.—Evansville Enterprise.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo. Elder.

GOOD QUALITY IN MERCHANDISE

is really a valuable means of teaching Economy. Lots of people go thru life thinking they're economical when the fact is they're simply low-priced. For a man like that, one experience with our

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes is a liberal education; he learns how much economy there is in really good clothes.

But some men pay too much for quality; these clothes will teach them something too.

WE'LL GIVE YOU A LESSON HERE ANY DAY; COME IN AND LEARN ABOUT CLOTHES-QUALITY.

New Spring Goods In Every Department.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

ANALYZED STATEMENT OF CONDITION of the
CITIZENS STATE BANK
of Thief River Falls, Minn.

As shown by report to the Public Examiner, February 5th, 1909.

ASSETS.	
LOANS AND DISCOUNTS This is the amount of money we have loaned out on interest and consists of notes, town, school and county warrants and farm mortgages. About 25 per cent of the total is in paper that can be quickly turned into cash, should we find it necessary.	$ 147,194 63
CASH ON HAND AND DEPOSITED WITH OTHER BANKS This is the amount we have in actual cash in our vault and on deposit with banks in Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Crookston.	21,182.40
OVERDRAFTS This is the total amount our customers have checked out above the amount standing to their credit. We dislike an overdraft account, and in ordinary business transactions do not permit them.	35.31
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES This amount represents the cost of all furniture and fixtures in our banking rooms, including vault doors and safe and electrical burglar alarm. The actual cost was considerably more than this amount.	2,800 00
REAL ESTATE This item represents farm lands acquired under mortgage foreclosures and worth much more than the amounts at which they are carried on our books.	4,609.35
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 175,821.75
LIABILITIES.	
CAPITAL STOCK This was our original working capital, and is fully paid in by the stockholders of the bank.	$ 20,000.00
SURPLUS This represents that portion of earnings or profits from the business which has been set aside as additional working capital and security to our patrons.	3,250 00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS This is the amount of net profits we have on hand, after charging off doubtful notes, paying dividends to our stockholders and all our running expenses to date.	828.04
DEMAND DEPOSITS This is the amount our customers have deposited with us subject to withdrawal on demand.	56,878.39
TIME DEPOSITS This is the amount deposited with us on interest bearing Time Certificates of Deposit. Added to our Demand Deposits this makes our total deposits $151,743.71.	94,865.32
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 175,821 75

ON THE STRENGTH OF THE FOREGOING STATEMENT WE FEEL JUSTIFIED IN SOLICITING YOUR PATRONAGE.

CITIZENS STATE BANK
Thief River Falls, Minn.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

THE SWEDISH PARLIAMENT

First Meeting Since the Election Held Last September, Which Brought About Some Important Changes in the Distribution of Seats—Expected To Be the Last Parliament Elected Under the Present Restricted Suffrage.

SWEDEN.

A Stockholm dispatch states: "The parliament session just opened is invested with more than usual interest It is the first meeting of parliament since the election of last September, which brought about some important changes in the distribution of seats. It will also, in all probability, be the last parliament elected under the present restricted suffrage. If the electoral reform bill passed by the last parliament receives the approval of this one—which according to the constitution it must receive to become law, and which there is every reason to believe it will receive—the next parliament will be elected by universal suffrage on the basis of proportional representation. This will constitute the greatest innovation in the constitution of 1809 since the reforms of 1866, which transformed the four estates into two elective chambers. Pending the final adoption of this important electoral reform, the question of woman suffrage will remain in abeyance, although the usual motions in its favor may be brought forward by fervent advocates in the lower house. A few days ago the king received a deputation of women, who presented a petition from the Female Suffrage league. His majesty assured them of his personal sympathy with their aspirations, but reminded them that the electoral reform bill now awaiting parliament's final action had taken many years to force its way into public favor. When the cause of female suffrage had won the equal hold of the public mind, he would be glad to give it his support. There can be no doubt that the movement is gaining ground, and the day may not be very far off when parliament will have to deal with it seriously. It may be added that the Swedish 'suffragettes' compare very favorably with their sisters elsewhere, and their conduct of the movement has done much to win sympathy. The president of the first chamber, Count Sparre, having retired on account of age, Vice President M. Christian Lundeberg, former prime minister in the coalition cabinet of 1905, and leader of the conservative party, has been chosen to succeed him."

The decision of the Swedish government to refer to arbitration the question regarding the ancient rights of Swedish Laps to summer pasturage in Norway, as was provided by the Karlstad convention, in case that mutual agreement was not arrived at, has been dictated by the necessity of getting the matter definitely settled. It was found that notes of evidence taken by the Swedish and Norwegian subcommission on the spot differed so widely that the decision to be taken by the mixed commission then might possibly be prolonged indefinitely. It was thought preferable, therefore, to further delay in order to enable the arbitrators to investigate the matter and come to a decision before the term of the existing agreement was over. The Norwegian government seems to share this view of the matter. Says a recent Stockholm dispatch: "The commission pursued its work last year in northern Norway. This year the investigations were to be carried into northern Sweden, Norwegians maintaining the view that the Laps are able to find pasturage for reindeers on the Swedish side of the frontier during the period preceding June 15. One of the articles of the Karlstad treaty confirmed the ancient right of the Swedish Laps to summer pasture in certain parts of northern Norway, though it was stipulated that they should not cross the frontier before June 15. The Norwegians maintained that to fix an earlier date would be detrimental to the stationary population and to their cultivated lands.

An exhibition of art, handicraft and industrial art, will be open this year under the patronage of the king of Sweden. The idea of the promoters is to let those carrying on artistic work throughout the county have an opportunity of exhibiting the latest results of their work, so that a general idea may be gained of the present position of Swedish handicraft and industrial art. The situation of the exhibition will be an exceptionally beautiful one, the king of Sweden having given permission for its erection in a picturesque locality in the neighborhood of Stockholm known as the Royal Park. Among the art industries represented will be porcelain and glass work, textile art, goldsmiths' work, metal work, bookbinding and explanations of the system for teaching art industry, as well as examples of Sloyd work.

The King Oscar Jubilee Fund, an organization which has been working with such splendid effect against tuberculosis in Sweden by means of erecting large sanatoriums in different sections of the country, will in the near future erect a large people's sanatorium in southern Sweden in the Spenhult Park, about two miles north of Halmstad. It will cost about 160,000 crowns when completed and will be one of the largest sanatoriums in the country.

The Vendes military band from Skane, considered one of the best musical organizations in the country, will make a concert trip in the United States during the next two months. They will give their first concert in New York during the latter part of next month and will then proceed westward.

NORWAY.

Captain Roald Amundsen delivered a lecture the other day before the members of the storthing, explaining in detail his plans to reach the north pole. Mr. Berner, president of the storthing, on behalf of the legislative members, thanked Amundsen most heartily for the lecture and assured him that not only did he have the best wishes of all the members of the storthing for success, but would also receive the needed financial aid. The leader of the famous "Gjoa" expedition was loudly cheered and it is evident that he is very popular with all the members of the storthing.

The Dagbladet's attack directed against the minister of foreign affairs has caused universal comment. The paper in a recent editorial claimed that the minister's relation to the American steamship lines will be the object of an "interpellation" in the storthing. The Morgenbladet avers that the Dagbladet is only seeking for an opportunity to undermine the government in order to place Castberg to the front. Undoubtedly there will soon follow a spirited debate in the storthing on this question.

During the current year Norwegian taxes will be higher than ever before if the state budget for the year 1909 shall be made to balance. The budget includes not less than 112,000,000 crowns. In order to meet this big expenditure, the taxes will have to be materially increased and naturally there is much dissatisfaction expressed from many sections of the country.

In Skien's church an offering was given in behalf of the Italian earthquake sufferers. The offering amounted to over 700 crowns. From all parts of the country come reports that people of all classes, rich and poor alike, have contributed to the unfortunate people in Sicily and Messina.

O. Breivik has sold his large estates in Brevik and Indre Sevde to a syndicate in Christiania for 130,000 crowns. The Christiania syndicate will engage in the manufacture of saltpeter on this estate and will engage some 200 men to work there next spring.

Theodor Borchgrevink, chaplain for Helland, died at his home in Stavanger a few days ago after a long illness. He was a much respected man in the community and hundreds of people attended his funeral.

A Norwegian Portland cement factory has been established near Slemmestad. About fifty men have been employed and the factory will be in full operation during the latter part of this month.

The "Hordaland" and the "Nordkap," the former published in Voss and the latter in Hammarfest, celebrated their twenty-fifth anniversary last month. They were founded in 1884.

Kristoffer Nylund and his two sons from Tromsoe fell through the ice in Medfiord a few days ago and were drowned. Their bodies have not been recovered.

"Over 4,000,000 liter petroleum was brought to Christiania the other day from Philadelphia on the steamer "Mexican Prince."

Dr. Rasmus Hanson has been appointed district physician in Nordre Fosen. He was formerly a practicing physician in Christiania.

A German Evangelical church has been organized in Christiania. It starts out with 100 charter members.

King Haakon will attend the opening of the new theater in Bergen next week.

DENMARK.

Alfred Christensen, a prominent merchant in Copenhagen, has come forward with a proposition to relieve the poor in this large city, where there is already so much suffering. He proposes that all the cottages and flats that now stand vacant shall be placed at the disposal of the poor. The building panic put an end to the building business in Copenhagen last spring and inasmuch as they cannot be rented at all Mr. Christensen believes that it would be nothing but fair that the poor be given a chance to live in them for nothing. He also proposes to have a large number of the houses furnished. A great many of the landlords in the city are in favor of this plan to help the poor and a committee has been appointed to complete the arrangements. Conditions in Copenhagen among the working people are distressing and many people are starving. There are 6,000 dressmakers out of work in the city and 12,000 working girls, all told, who are absolutely out of employment.

The [illegible] thieves are still at large. While crossing on the ferry the other day over the Large Belt three Russian Jews were arrested for carrying about some gold and silver wares, which they attempted to sell. After they had been carefully searched, however, they were allowed to go, for it was afterwards learned that they were [illegible] peddlers from Nuremberg.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Yielding to the pressure brought to bear by President Roosevelt and Governor Gillett the California assembly retired from its previous position on the anti-Japanese matters by reconsidering the former vote on the segregation of Japanese students in the public schools and finally rejecting the measure by a vote of 41 to 37.

The application of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company for an injunction restraining the interstate commerce commission from enforcing its order regulating the rates for shipment of grain and flour on that road was denied by the United States circuit court in New York city.

Liquor solicitors taking orders for retail quantities to be filled outside the state were barred from Iowa by the Iowa supreme court in a decision that reverses the former decision of the court and again puts in force the statute which was before held to be unconstitutional.

Reports from all parts of the United States indicate that the observance of Lincoln centennial day was general throughout the country. All of the Northern states observed the day and many of the Southern states did likewise.

The Proctor-Tomlinson local option bill has passed the Indiana house. It provides for incorporated town and city ward local option. It allows but one saloon to 500 inhabitants and does away with saloons owned by breweries.

After two years of experimenting a vaccine, which, it is said, will successfully check the germs of pneumonia, blood poisoning and typhoid fever, has been discovered by Boston pathologists.

Representative Howard of Douglas county, Neb., has introduced in the house of representatives a bill to segregate Japanese and Chinese laborers from American workmen.

Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou has accepted the presidency of the Consolidated Gas company of New York.

A severe blizzard demoralized traffic throughout the Northwest.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

The barking of a collie dog owned by Oresto Giolito, proprietor of the Hotel Daleurope in New York city, probably saved the lives of the dozen guests who were asleep in the hotel when fire broke out in the basement.

State Senator G. O. Johnson of Fort Cobb, Okla., is dead at Guthrie and Senator P. J. Yeager of Tulsa is dying as a result of inhaling natural gas from a jet believed to have been accidentally left open.

Mrs. Edwin Stanton McCook, sixty-nine years old, of Chicago, widow of General Edwin S. McCook of the famous "fighting McCook" family, was run down and killed by an automobile in New York city.

Four men were killed, one was fatally injured and two were seriously hurt when a high wind blew down a staging at the yards of the American Shipbuilding company at Lorain, O.

One passenger was killed and eight were injured, some of them seriously, when three coaches of the Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 104 left the rails at Union, Neb.

Five firemen were killed and ten injured while fighting a fire which destroyed the warehouse of the Johns-Manville Manufacturing company at Milwaukee.

Two men perished and property worth $500,000 was destroyed when fire wiped out the Wabash freight-house at Chicago.

Two People Killed.

West Point, Miss., Feb. 15.—Two people were killed and seven badly injured as the result of a heavy windstorm which passed over here.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 15.—Wheat—May, $1.10⅝; July, $1.11. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.13⅛@1.13⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.12⅛@1.12⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.10⅛@1.10⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.06⅝@1.08⅝.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 15.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.12; No. 1 Northern, $1.11; No. 2 Northern, $1.09; May, $1.11; July, $1.11½. Flax—To arrive, on track and May, $1.62¼; July, $1.60½; Sept., $1.32; Oct., $1.31½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.00. Hogs—$5.75@6.25. Sheep—Wethers, $5.10@5.35; yearlings, $6.25@6.75; lambs, $7.00@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Wheat—May, $1.13⅝@1.17⅝; July, $1.00⅜; Sept., 95¾c; Dec., 96c. Corn—Feb., 61¾c; May, 64⅝c; July, 64⅛@64⅝c; Sept., 64⅜c. Oats—May, 52⅝c; July, 45⅝c; Sept., 40¼c. Pork—May, $16.9[illegible]; July, $17.02½. Butter—Creameries, 22@30c; dairies, 21@25c. Eggs—25@30c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 13½c; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25@7.10; Texas steers, $4.25@5.25; Western steers, $4.10@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.10@5.55; cows and heifers, $1.90@5.70; calves, $6.00@8.75. Hogs—Light, $5.95@6.45; mixed, $6.00@6.60; heavy, $6.10@6.60; good to choice heavy, $6.15@6.60; pigs, $4.25@6.40. Sheep, $2.30@5.50; yearlings, $6.10@7.10; lambs, $5.75@7.30.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

What will be known as the Minnesota Federation of County Agricultural Associations was formed at a meeting held at the Merchants' hotel at St. Paul attended by about fifty representatives from the various societies throughout the state. The object of the federation is to forward the county agricultural exhibits, to strengthen the county associations in existence and to establish associations in counties which have none.

The state board of control has decided to make a further cut in the prices of state made twine for the season of 1909. The price on pure manila and manila grades has been reduced one-half a cent a pound. Standard manila was cut one-quarter of a cent a pound. The new price list is as follows: Pure manila, 9½ cents; manila, 8½ cents; standard manila, 7½ cents; standard and sisal, 6¾ cents.

Congressman John E. Andrus of New York, a heavy investor in Minneapolis property, will build a new hotel in Minneapolis to be called the Hennepin. It will occupy the site of old St. Mark's church on Sixth street between Nicollet and Hennepin avenues. The hotel will have 165 rooms at the start, each with a bath. This number will be increased to follow the demand.

The Minnesota Wholesale Grocers' association favors the reduction of the tariff on raw and refined sugar and is co-operating with the committee of wholesale grocers working from New York, whose activities before the ways and means committee in Washington have aroused the interest of the grocery trade the country over.

Two Minneapolis policemen who were on adjoining beats removed their coats and proceeded to settle a little difference they had in pugilistic fashion. Later in the day they met Chief Corriston and he went four or five verbal rounds with them. The matter was settled by both policemen losing their stars.

Samuel Lord of Kasson is now chairman of the Minnesota tax commission, succeeding F. L. McVey, who is still a member of the commission till his successor is named by Governor Johnson. The change was not made by vote, but is provided for automatically in the law.

The bonds which were issued by the city of Faribault last month for the sum of $80,000 to the Harris Trust and Savings bank of Chicago have been declared illegal, as the city cannot issue bonds for more than $15,000 unless a special election is held. This will be held soon.

The Soo road has reported its 1908 gross earnings for Minnesota. They were $4,678,296.76, compared with $4,965,545.63 in 1907. The 4 per cent tax now payable is $187,131.87.

Club women have entered Minneapolis politics in an effort to rid the Mill City of smoke and they have declared war on the city smoke inspector.

The master bakers of the United States will have their annual convention in Minneapolis from Aug. 24 to Aug. 28.

The Red River Valley Scandinavian Singing society will hold its annual sangerfest in Fergus Falls June 4, 5 and 6.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Fighting his way through the smoke filled basement of the Union depot at St. Paul Patrolman Williams dragged to safety the unconscious form of Fred Kellerhall, engineer of the Union Depot company, who, overcome by the smoke, fell unconscious to the floor amid a sea of burning paper. Up above in the waiting room of the depot panic reigned as the building filled with smoke and a mad rush for the doors followed. The damage to the depot was trifling, the flames being confined to a storage room in the basement.

Twenty-five lodgers in the Page hotel at Minneapolis were driven to the street in night raiment by a fire which started in the basement of the building. A number of the men were carried to the street by firemen when partly overcome by the smoke, while others were assisted from the burning building by Arthur Carlson, proprietor of the hotel, who discovered the fire.

Pronounced sane by the authorities in the state hospital for the insane at St. Peter and taken to Minneapolis to face a murder charge James Flood, seventeen years old, said that he remembered nothing of the shooting of Arthur P. Camden. Camden was shot and killed by Flood on Nicollet avenue at midnight, June 3, 1908.

Bay rum, taken as a stimulant, is said to have caused the death of John B. Varono, whose body was found in a barber shop at St. Paul where he was employed.

OBITUARY.

James Lew Sam, who died last week at Minneapolis, was buried in Calvary cemetery at St. Paul with the Catholic funeral rites. He is the first Chinaman to be buried from a Catholic church in the Northwest.

C. W. Cutler, aged sixty, a pioneer of Anoka, dropped dead of heart disease on his own doorstep as he was returning from work.

Mrs. Elizabeth Pouch, a pioneer resident of Minnesota, is dead at St. Paul, aged eighty-eight.

M'EWEN PLANS NEW WORK

Labor Commissioner to Reorganize the Department.

William E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, is planning on a complete reorganization of the work of the state labor bureau. As an example he explains that the inspection of factories has heretofore occurred every six months. He believes that one set of factory inspections a year is sufficient.

With the time thus gained for one thing Mr. McEwen plans to put his inspectors at work during September and October each year in the schools, probably to make a census of the school children of the state. This will be compared with the lists of children who are employed. All children not employed and out of school, or who are employed and have not permits, would be looked up and compelled to attend school.

Mr. McEwen also contemplates investigations of the cost of living in all Minnesota cities of over 5,000 inhabitants, covering not only the cost of all staple foods, but of rents, fuel, clothing, light and electrical service.

FEAR ATTEMPTED RELEASE

Shercliffe to Be Returned to Colorado in Secret.

Fearing that accomplices may attempt to hold up the train Frank Shercliffe will be returned from Minneapolis to Colorado in secret. Shercliffe will be disguised in such a way that he will not be readily recognized and, accompanied by Sheriff Dwyer and a deputy, the trip to Leadville will be made. The object of the mystery surrounding the departure of the prisoner is in order to avoid a curious crowd gathering at the station when he leaves Minneapolis or his arrival being heralded at Leadville. The thing most feared though is that Shercliffe's departure may be known to friends and his escape planned.

Shercliffe was tried at Minneapolis for robbing passengers on a Northern Pacific train. The jury disagreed and he was surrendered to the Colorado authorities, where he broke from prison while serving a term for murder.

TOTALS BILLION DOLLARS

Assessment of Minnesota as Figured by State Auditor.

Minnesota's total assessed valuation for 1908 is $1,065,010,200, an increase of $16,807,743 over that of 1907, according to figures just compiled by the state auditor's office.

The total taxes levied for all purposes are $28,732,636.97 and the average tax rate for the state is 26.98 mills, compared with 25.91 mills last year.

The assessment does not include values of companies paying tax on a gross earnings. The total assessment on acre property is $582,430,504 and on city lots and buildings $316,963,277. The personal property assessment is $166,016,420. The total acreage assessed is 41,331,288, compared with 46,676,115 acres last year, but the average rate of assessment per acre decreased from $14.23 to $14.07.

EATEN BY PACK OF WOLVES

Bones Picked Clean of Flesh as Man Fought a Losing Battle.

Mute evidence of a terrific battle between a pack of wolves and an unknown man was found by a party of woodsmen in the employ of the St. Croix River Lumber company between Stony River and Ely.

This is the wildest district in Minnesota. The men came across the body of a man with his back up to a huge pine tree and about him were numerous tracks of wolves. The man's bones were picked clean except his feet, on which he wore a pair of heavy rubber boots. He had evidently made a fight for his life against the ferocious animals.

The remains were taken to Baptism River, but there seems to be little possibility of identifying them.

REDEEMED BY DRAINAGE

Million Acres Reclaimed in Minnesota in Two Years.

Swamp lands in Minnesota to the extent of 1,000,000 acres were redeemed for agriculture through drainage the past two years by the drainage commission, according to the report of George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer. To accomplish this seventeen ditches reaching nearly 200 miles were constructed, the cost amounting to $221,260.90. The expense was shared between the state and the counties, the state paying $152,732.49 and the counties $142,725.24. The commission spent $340,881.21 for the biennial period.

Couple Buried in Same Grave.

The double funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wohlheter has occurred at Fairmont. The former was seventy-seven years of age and the latter seventy-one. The death of Mr. Wohlheter occurred early in the week. Before the date was set for his funeral his aged helpmeet had succumbed. Her death hastened by grief at the separation from her husband, and it was decided to bury both with one funeral service.

Daring Robbery at Minneapolis.

With half of a brick a thief crashed the window of the American Jewelry company at Minneapolis and stole a quantity of jewelry. The robbery was one of the most daring of the series of thefts that has been going on in Minneapolis for more than a month. The window was brilliantly lighted and people are constantly on the street.

ASKS FULL PARDON

Cole Younger Would Remove Parole Conditions.

FRIEND WRITES THE GOVERNOR

Former Bandit Now Promoting Suburban Railway.

Absolute pardon for Cole Younger is requested in a letter to Governor Johnson from James A. Reed, former mayor of Kansas City. He says the former bandit is now promoting a suburban railway scheme and is handicapped by the fact that his Minnesota pardon carries conditions. People have an impression that it is possible for Minnesota to send for Younger again and return him to prison.

Mr. Reed recites that the crime at Northfield was an outgrowth of conditions created by the Civil war; that Younger has been a good citizen and claims that he has observed the conditions of his pardon. The Minnesota authorities have felt that Younger broke faith and violated the conditions imposed when he lent his name to a traveling show and went over the country with it.

The Reed letter is not in shape to bring before the state board of pardons and reply will be sent explaining that a formal application must be made for the desired full pardon.

Cole Younger and his brother Jim, now dead, were released from the state prison on parole in 1901 under the terms of an act allowing parole of life prisoners after twenty-five years. Both pined for home, but the parole forced them to live in Minnesota. After Jim committed suicide the state board of pardons allowed Cole to go on condition that he never engage in any public performance to exploit his past misdeeds. Though he is held to have broken that promise the pardon is not revoked and there is no way Minnesota can force him to return.

TO BLOCK PACKING PLANT

St. Paul Member Introduces Bill in Minnesota Legislature.

Representative Alvin Rowe of St. Paul has introduced a bill in the legislature which is calculated to prevent the erection of the proposed Armour packing plant at New Brighton.

It prohibits the operation of any slaughter house or rendering plant within five miles of the site of the state university or any of its colleges, or the state fair grounds.

It also prohibits the discharge of any sewage or refuse from any slaughter house into the waters of any stream above any city having a population of more than 10,000 at any point within a distance of five miles from the city limits, measured along the course of such stream, or within five miles of any public baths maintained by any city.

SCHOOL FUND IS LARGEST

Minnesota Heads All the States of the Union.

Minnesota has the largest permanent school fund of any state in the Union. It amounts to $20,500,000, while the permanent university fund is $1,413,817.35. The internal improvement fund is $2,939,671.62 and the swamp land fund reaches $1,243,272.35.

The total value of the cattle, horses, mules, hogs and sheep in the state amounts to $127,021,000, according to figures issued by W. W. Wall, secretary of the dairy and food department. There are 900 creameries of the state, with a value of $4,000,000, while the total value of the crops of 1907 was valued at $157,500,849.

TOSSES WOMEN INTO SNOW

Minneapolis "Jack the Hugger" Introduces Novelty.

Three Minneapolis young women residing on the East Side have been attacked during the past few days by a "Jack the Hugger" with a novelty.

His version of the old art of frightening girls is a classic. The idea is to pick up an unsuspecting woman around the waist and pitch her head foremost into a large snowbank.

While the victim fights to free herself in the snowmound the new "Jack the Hugger" walks off in paroxysms of laughter.

Three cases of identically the same nature have been reported to the police.

Alleged Robber Dies of Wounds.

Charles E. Wallace, alias Charles West, who was shot while robbing the home of H. P. Gates at Lake Minnetonka, is dead at the Minneapolis city hospital. At the time Gus Fallan, the watchman, discovered Wallace looting the place he also saw another robber. Shortly before his death Wallace made a confession, but the honor that is supposed to exist among thieves would not allow him to tell who the other man was.

Moorhead Pioneer Killed.

David Wright, aged eighty, a pioneer Moorhead weather prophet, known in every corner of the city as "Daddy" Wright, met instant death when struck by Great Northern engine No. 13, backing light to the Moorhead roundhouse. The victim was walking between the rails and is said to have been under the influence of liquor.

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Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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AGRICULTURAL SHORT COURSES.

The practical and valuable work of a number of state agricultural colleges is being widely extended during the present winter through a series of short courses of instruction in agriculture, animal husbandry and domestic economy which are being held in the larger towns throughout the several states. The courses usually cover a week, are thoroughly advertised, largely attended and—in most cases where held—have paid financially. The inauguration of these movable short course schools has placed the benefit of the instruction given at the agricultural college, if but for a short period, within the reach of a very large number of people, who are thus able to derive the benefits of instruction in these various lines without the expense which would be incident to a trip to the college. The professors and their assistants have charge of the instruction work and put just as much thought and energy into it as they would in the case of classes at college. Classes for men and boys are given instruction in stock judging and in the judging, selection and testing of corn and small grains, while the women and girls are given instruction and practical experiments in domestic science, including the food value, selection and preparation of food products for the table, and lessons in household management, including sanitation, home hygiene and other subjects. A tuition fee varying from $1 to $2.50 is charged for the week's course, and it seems to be the verdict of most of those who attend that they get their full money's worth. Many, seeing the practical value of the instruction given, have an interest aroused which leads them to take more extended courses at the college proper. The short course schools conducted on the above or quite similar lines are a most valuable addition to the good work which our agricultural schools are doing and will tend to arouse an interest along lines that are of the highest economic importance.

FAKE HOG CHOLERA SERUMS.

One of the emergency bulletins recently issued by the department of agriculture at Washington brands as rank frauds one or two brands of hog cholera serum which have been advertised within the past two or three months. The claims of the efficacy of the serum in question were put in very strong language, but when put to the test in accordance with directions on the containing bottles by the department experimenters the medicine was found to be absolutely worthless, every hog treated turning up its toes like other unvaccinated animals. In view of the high price at which reliable serum is sold, the temptation is very great for grafters and impostors to concoct a bogus article, grace it with a fancy name and palm it off on the unsuspecting, who, if they need a hog cholera remedy at all, need it badly and would purchase without stopping to question its reliability. It would be well for all those wishing to make trial of the new hog cholera remedy to use only such brands of the serum as have the commendation of the specialists in animal diseases at the state experiment station or of the state veterinarian, and the hogs should only be treated by one who understands his business thoroughly. This manufacture and sale of bogus hog cholera serum call rather forcefully to mind the fraud that was extensively perpetrated a couple of years ago under the guise of nitrocultures supposed to contain bacteria whose presence was favorable to the growth of a number of the legumes. An examination by the government experts revealed much the same condition as has been found to exist in connection with the introduction of the new hog cholera serum.

A DEER RANCH.

A north Iowa farmer, a hunter and trapper in the early days before the tide of settlement had pushed its way much beyond the Mississippi river, derives a good deal of pleasure and some profit in a deer farm, which is today stocked with about a hundred of these beautiful animals. A trifle less than twenty-five acres is devoted to their breeding grounds. This contains running water and a considerable wood lot with underbrush, the latter being the only shelter which is provided the animals during the winter months. The only feeding they require is a light grain ration during those months of winter when other food supplies are inaccessible, barring the twigs of trees and bushes. The owner finds that deer breed regularly and multiply rapidly in confinement, are as tough and hardy as in their wild state and are remarkably free from the diseases which affect some other domesticated animals. He finds ready sale for the venison, which nets him from 23 to 25 cents per pound.

Camel steaks are said to have made an appearance in Paris cafes. This delicacy, if such it be, sells for 20 to 40 cents, while the choice cuts bring $1.35 to $2. These Paris connoisseurs have certainly got a hump on themselves.

The latest freak to put in an appearance is cobless corn. This seems to be a cereal sport, tracing back to the original type of corn from which present types were developed, in which each kernel was incased in a little husk of its own, the cob being a minor matter. This new corn would seem to have little to commend it from the practical standpoint.

It is cause for an exclamation when a Doddie, a prize winning black bull, sells for $10,000, but what shall we say when the same enormous price is placed on a white hen, a thoroughbred White Orpington, Peggy by name, owned by a St. Louis poultry fancier? This particular hen is said to score the highest and be the most perfect specimen of domesticated fowl ever exhibited.

While it is generally conceded that the per cent of butter fat in milk is affected in but slight degree, if at all, by the richness of the food ration given the cow, it is a well established fact that the different portions of the same cow's milking vary a great deal in percentage of butter fat. Tests which have been made show that the first half pint of a cow's milk may contain as low as 1.07 per cent of cream, while the last half pint may show as high as 10 per cent.

In the year 1901, before the federal law was passed which prohibits the coloring of oleomargarine or butterine to imitate real butter, the sale of oleo was 120,000,000 pounds. The year following the passage of the law the output of the steer butter factories fell to 40,000. Within the past two or three years a special effort has been put forth to advertise the merits of butterine, its cheapness and wholesomeness, with the result that the sale of the product has been considerably increased. Butterine contains chiefly beef fat and cottonseed oil, both of which when properly handled are wholesome and nutritious food products.

As giving further proof of the view which is coming to be quite generally accepted by corn growers—that a type of corn should not be planted in a section too far removed from the place where it was grown—we recall the remark of a central Nebraska farmer who got seed corn from a grower in Indiana, where it produced between seventy and eighty bushels to the acre. The corn seemed to be vigorous and gave much promise at the start of a bumper yield, but when earing time came it simply failed to do business for some cause or other and did not produce an ear. This is an extreme case, but illustrates a fact that corn growers who wish to get seed from other localities should take into account.

With most corn breeders a definite effort has been made for years past to reduce the cob to the smallest possible size, the grain produced being the primary and really only object in view. In certain sections of Missouri, however, a different standard prevails. Here a type of corn is raised in which the largest cob possible has been developed, an important, if not the primary, object in the growing of it being to furnish material for the cob pipes of commerce. An interesting exhibit of ears of this description are shown in the Missouri experiment station exhibit. Some of the cobs have a butt nearly as thick as a man's wrist, the taper of the ear toward the silk end being quite pronounced. The kernels are short and stubby and seemed to comprise less than half of the weight of the whole ear.

President Roosevelt is entitled to much credit for a definite attempt to put his policy of a conservation of natural resources into effect by issuing an order withdrawing from entry, selection or location all public lands in Wyoming, Idaho and Montana believed to contain phosphate rock pending action by congress. Phosphorus is one of the fertilizing elements of the soil which once removed cannot be restored except through the application of manures, and chiefly artificial fertilizers. Since foreign countries are beginning to draw largely on our phosphate supplies it has been thought by those who have given the subject attention that these phosphate beds should be placed in direct control of the national government and not allowed to come into the hands of private and greedy parties who will exploit and deplete them for selfish ends. Estimates based on investigations which have been conducted by the Wisconsin experiment station are to the effect that during the last half century one-third of the original phosphorus of the soil has been dissipated and lost in the continuous cropping to which the agricultural lands of the country have been subjected. If the loss in question has been one-half of the estimate, the amount would be 100,000,000 tons of phosphoric oxide, equal to 300,000,000 tons of phosphorus. In view of these figures, any movement looking to a conservation of these immense mineral stores of phosphorus should be cordially supported by those who have a concern for the agricultural future of the country.

F. E. Trigg

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

A. E. Abraham's

South Main St. Phone 103

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

ED O'HARA,

Phone 185. The Drayman.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, . . . Minn.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 [illegible]

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The German army has been furnished with a new gun which will shoot higher than any balloon can ascend. Another point scored for universal peace.

If the sixth normal school is not located at Thief River Falls it will not be the fault of the citizens here. We all told them where the best location was.

Delegates from every state in Mexico will call on President Diaz early in April for the purpose of trying to induce him to accept another term. The assurance is given out that he has not appointed the delegates.

Representative Opsahl, of Bemidji, has introduced a bill in the legislature which should become a law. It would not be favored by county commissioners in Red county, but the general public would be pleased to see it passed. It is as follows:

> "Section 1. That, in all counties having a population of less than 40,000 every county commissioner shall give bond to the state in the sum of five thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties. Such bond shall be approved by a judge of the district court, and, together with the oath of office and certificate of election of such county commissioner, be filed with the state examiner."

The members of the legislative committee on locating the sixth state normal school heard much while at Cass Lake and Bemidji about the vast empire north of these two cities that were in need of normal school facilities. Upon their return to St Paul they found a different situation. Miss Annie E. Shelland, of International Falls, superintendent of schools of Koochiching county, has made an appeal to the legislature asking for an appropriation to help educate the children of settlers in this county. She says that there are about sixty children scattered through unorganized townships in Koochiching county that cannot go to school, because there are not sufficient funds available. The county board levied a tax to care for such children, but it did not furnish enough money and the schools had to be abandoned. Miss Schelland suggested, and the state superintendent approved the idea, that the legislature ought to be asked to appropriate about $25,000 to provide education for the children of the settlers, who must stay upon their homesteads in order to get title from the government, but who are so isolated that the ordinary school arrangements will not reach them. Is this section of the state so badly in need of a normal school?

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a *pound a day* by taking an ounce of *Scott's Emulsion.* It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

[illegible]

SCOTT & BOWNE [illegible]

SCHOOL NOTES.

Wesley McCrum of the Knox school is seriously ill with an attack of appendicitis.

The high school students were dismissed one period earlier than usual on Monday afternoon in order that they might attend the hearing on the normal school matter.

Janitor Bailey has returned to his duties at the Knox, having recovered from a seige of illness.

The committee on normal schools has come and gone. The members of this body admitted that they had held erroneous views of northwestern Minnesota prior to this trip, but that they carried away with them clearer ideas as to conditions up here and have a fine opinion of the hospitality of the citizens of Thief River, and best of all, some decided views as to the place where the proposed normal school ought to be located.

Miss Paine was absent from her room on Monday by reason of illness. Miss Lakin substituted for her.

The Senior-Junior reception at Odd fellows' Hall last Friday evening was one of the most enjoyable and well managed social events ever attempted by the high school students. The fifteen seniors and twenty four juniors and high school faculty formed a congenial party, all of whom thoroughly enjoyed themselves until the wee small hours warned them that the hour for boys and girls to go to bed had long since passed. The seniors spared neither expense nor work in properly entertaining their guests and they received many compliments on their success as hosts.

A Dangerous Man.

John Borek, of Radney was arrested on the complaint of John Radnecki on Saturday last for breaking the peace and was brought before W. G. Hunt, Justice of the Peace for examination on Monday morning. They are a Polish family that moved here from Chicago last spring and the story told by the oldest boy, a lad 12 years of age, of a brute of a husband and father, would make ones blood turn cold. The woman has been sick for some time and when taken in charge by the authorities last week was in such a weakened condition that her recovery is doubtful. She has been sick for some time without proper food and if the children wanted to go to the neighbors to get a little milk for her they were told by their father that if they went he would kill them. One of his special acts, as shown by the evidence was to point a loaded shot gun at his wife and threaten to shoot her until she fainted from fright. The family is being cared for by the town of Deer Park and the man is safe in jail.—Sunbeam.

Joseph Klimek Dead.

Joseph Klimek, brother of A. J. Klimek, the jeweler and optician, died very suddenly last Friday evening after an illness of only two days. The remains were taken to Little Falls, the home of the parents, and buried on Tuesday.

The deceased came to this city a few years ago with his brother and made many friends who greatly regret his untimely death. He was twenty-two years and six months of age and was born in Germany. Besides a father and mother, he leaves four brothers and two sisters.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Married.

Miss Mary Fabula and Joseph Kasprick, both of Honolita, were united in marriage Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Adolph.

Will Serve Supper.

The Ladies of St. Bernard's church will serve supper next Monday evening, Feb. 22, in the Masonic building.

Attention Co. L.

All members of Company L must be present at drill night next Tuesday evening, Feb. 23.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Feb. 11, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anstal, Mrs. Hans
Holer, John
Hanson, Bertha
Return to Tom Hagen
Rutherford, D. W.
Peck, Fred
[illegible], Miss Ma[illegible]
[illegible]
Maas, Miss E[illegible]
Lo[illegible], Mrs. Yah[illegible]

When calling for any of the above please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

AT THE BIJOU.

The past week the whole nation has been celebrating the Lincoln centenary. The management takes great pleasure in presenting a bit of American History "Life of Abraham Lincoln." It is unnecessary to comment on the merits of this subject. It is considered by critics everywhere to be a masterpiece. "The Fawn" is a colored playlet, full of whimsical situations and altogether different. The comedy and dramatic elements are well balanced. Dramatic—"The House at the Bridge" and "Faithful Little Doggie" Comedy—"Too Much Snuff" and "The Forgotten Watch." Colored Phant sy—"The Fawn" and "Life of Abraham Lincoln." The illustrated song is catchy, "Here Comes an American." The management takes great pleasure in announcing the booking of three distinct picture novelties for this month. A special picture of the "Earthquake in Sicily" a picture portraying the most appalling disaster in the history of Christian civilization, hundreds of views and incidents connected with the earthquake region. Coming also, a splendid Chinese spectacle, entitled—"Lights and Shadows of Chinatown," a chinese drama. Characters are all Chinese and scenes are laid in Chinatown—San Francisco.

And last but not least we announce that Lew Dockstader, America's greatest minestral, is playing the film circuit in his own original sketch, entitled, "Late for Rehearsal", the greatest attraction ever offered in motion pictures. Watch for the dates of these attractions.

GIFTED LUNATICS.

One Faculty Strongly Developed In Many Insane Persons.

One of the most peculiar features of insanity is that occasionally one faculty, either sight, hearing, smell, taste or touch, is extraordinarily acute. Certain insane persons, insensible to every other impression, have a pronounced taste for music and can repeat with accuracy an air which they may have heard but once. Others have a recollection of form and color and display an aptitude for drawing, while more frequently one may meet with an inmate of an asylum who has a special memory for figures, dates, proper names and words generally.

There is a case on record, for instance, of an imbecile who at twenty-seven had such an extraordinary memory that he could solve the most difficult problems in arithmetic and algebra and repeat word for word long poems after once hearing them. In another case a boy of fourteen, with a defective brain, who had the greatest difficulty in learning to read, could, if allowed two or three minutes to run over a page printed in a foreign language or treating of questions of which he was ignorant, repeat the words from memory as correctly as if the book had been lying before him.

Very curious was the case of another man, a devout churchgoer, who could remember the day when every person had been buried in the parish for thirty-five years and could repeat, with unvarying accuracy, the name and age of the deceased and mourners at the funeral. And yet he was a complete fool, and outside of the line of burials he had not one idea and could not give an intelligent reply to a single question or even be trusted to feed himself.

At Earlswood asylum, England, they have records of imbeciles who could not only repeat accurately a page or more of any book which had been read years before, even though it was a book they did not understand in the least, but also of an insane person who could repeat backward what he had just read.

Another curious case is that of an imbecile who, in the first place, never failed to go to church and who on reaching home could repeat the sermon word by word, saying, "Here the minister coughed; here he stopped to blow his nose," and so on.

In another case an imbecile knew the Bible so perfectly that if you asked him where such and such a verse was to be found he could tell without hesitation and repeat the chapter.

All these instances are well authenticated, and others equally amazing and true could be added. And just as there is one sense which is sometimes wonderfully acute in persons of weak intellect, so in the case of blind people the sense of smell or hearing is often very keen.

One of the most remarkable cases on record was that of Julia Brace, a female deaf and blind mute who could distinguish brothers and sisters by smell and who recognized anybody she had met before by the same means.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The largest turkey ranch in the country is located in North Carolina, from which as high as 4,000 nicely finished birds have been shipped to market in a single week.

Judging from their conduct, a whole lot of folks seem to go on the assumption that they will reap as they sow in about every realm of life but that of morals and morals. Observation leads to the belief that a harvest in kind is a pretty sure thing even in these departments.

Subscribe for the News.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

SOME QUEER PRAYERS

Curious Mistakes That Have Been Made by Preachers.

A CAUTIOUS SCOTCH ELDER.

The Way He Qualified In His Petition His Praise of the Pastor's Wife. The Blunt Appeal of Father Taylor, the Boston Preacher.

The most frequent cause of inappropriate petitions is no doubt the persistence of habit. Certain phrases are used again and again until they come to be repeated without any thought of their immediate application, says the Christian World. We may similarly explain the stories of the workhouse chaplain who prayed that those present might not trust in uncertain riches and the prison chaplain who besought the Lord that he conduct the worshipers in safety to their respective places of abode.

The sense of humor must surely have been lacking in the old man of eighty, supported by crutches, who regularly included among his petitions at the weekly prayer meeting the request that he might be kept from running with the giddy multitude to do evil. Familiarity with conventional phraseology was the undoing of the minister who, after the sermon on the Pharisee and the publican, asked that there might be poured out upon his hearers a double portion of the publican's spirit. Not very complimentary was the use of a well known Scripture passage made by a minister at a wedding:

"May these persons live together in such harmony in this life that they may finally attain unto that state of felicity where they neither marry nor are given in marriage." As a concluding example of the thoughtless use of familiar language one may quote this remarkable amalgam: "O Lord, we praise thee that we are thine; we feel that we are thine; we know that we are thine; Lord, make us thine."

As in a sermon, so in a prayer, the attempt to correct a hasty utterance sometimes leads to surprising results. A cautious Scotch elder, it is said, had taken supper at his pastor's house and in returning thanks after the meal entered upon a detailed exposition of various causes of gratitude. He concluded by invoking the divine blessing upon the pastor's wife as his godly helpmeet, who had always upheld his hands in every good work—"at least," he added in a saving clause, "as far as we know." It is related of a compatriot that in a moment of forgetfulness he once thanked God for "the salvation of all men," but immediately redeemed himself from heterodoxy by the qualification, "which, O Lord, as thou knowest, is true in one sense, but not in another."

There are some men who seem to think that an indirect manner of expression is especially suited to sacred things, as the Scotchman quoted by Dr. Boyd as saying, "For, as thou knowest, men do not gather grapes of thorns nor figs of the national emblem," and the Englishman who thus pledged himself, "And, O Lord, if thou wilt move the heart of any young man to enter thy service, we will show our approval in a way which thou wilt appreciate."

Father Taylor, the Boston sailor-preacher, was one of the most direct of men and on the one recorded occasion when he essayed a roundabout style nature triumphed over artifice. It was the Sunday before the state elections, and he was praying fervently that a man might be chosen for governor who would rule in the fear of God, who would never be afraid of the face of clay, who would defeat the ringleaders of corruption, who would defy his own party if it yielded to wire pullers, who—suddenly Father Taylor paused and then exclaimed; "O Lord, what's the use of boxing the compass in this way? Give us George N. Briggs for governor. Amen!"

The temptation to use public prayer as a vehicle for the conveying of information has sometimes been too strong to resist. In his lively reminiscences published some years ago in the Wesleyan Methodist Magazine the late Dr. Benjamin Gregory recalled how a certain Methodist minister of an earlier generation was accustomed "to convey all necessary directions to his younger colleagues through the medium of the throne of grace." Here is an example: "O Lord, bless thy dear young servant. Thou knowest his appointment for tomorrow is at ——, and he will have to stop at Brother ——'s, who keeps a little shop opposite the church. Oh, grant that thy dear young servant may not forget to let the people have the magazines and to bring home the moneys."

The famous Dr. McCosh of Princeton was accustomed to meet the students in the college chapel every morning, when he would make any necessary announcements as well as conduct devotions. One morning in the prayer with which the service concluded he prayed for the president of the United States, the cabinet, the members of both houses of congress, the governor of New Jersey, the mayor and other officials of Princeton and he then came to the professors and instructors in the college. At this point there flashed into his mind a notice which had been communicated to him orally and which he had omitted to include in the announcements made just before. To the surprise of the assembled students President McCosh continued, "And, O Lord, bless Professor Karge, whose French class will be held this morning at 9 o'clock instead of 9:30, as usual."

He who hesitates much will accomplish little.—Von Moltke.

SEED OF THE VIOLET.

The Flower Is Aggressive In Spite of Its Boasted Modesty.

The common wild violet affords one of the most remarkable illustrations of the care and apparent forethought of nature in preserving a species. As everybody knows, the violet grows in the shade, in pastures, woods and fields where the grass is abundant and long. It comes up early in the spring and flowers at a time when the grass is most abundant and succulent. Of course it is liable to be cut down by the scythe, but much more likely is it to be bitten off by grazing animals.

The violets that come in the spring either do not seed at all or very sparingly, so that if the plant relied on its spring flowers for seed it would probably perish off the earth in a very few years.

But in the late fall the plant bears another crop of blossoms that are never seen save by the professional botanist. They are very small, utterly insignificant in appearance, and grow either just at or below the surface of the ground. These are the flowers which produce the seeds for the next season. The flowers on long stems blooming in spring are only for show; the hidden flowers are for use, and the number of seeds they bear may be judged from the case with which a wild violet bed spreads.

When the seeds are ripe the pod explodes, scattering them to a considerable distance, often to ten or twelve feet from the parent plant, so that in spite of its boasted modesty the violet not only takes care of itself, but becomes a troublesome aggressor.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

SWOONED AT THE BELL.

Odd Effect of One Cure Through the Subliminal Consciousness.

A very well known oculist tells of one case where healing through the subliminal consciousness was really a source of embarrassment to the physician who was responsible for it. Several years ago when the eye specialist—he knows about ears and throats too—was studying in Vienna a young girl was brought to the hospital to be treated for some nervous disorder. Hypnotism—or suggestion, as one is asked to call it these days—was used, and she was brought under his influence by the ringing of a bell. After a few treatments she went to sleep, or into the unconscious and receptive state, as soon as she heard the bell. She was speedily cured and left the hospital. Next day she was brought unconscious, roused and sent away. The day after that she was brought in again. Indeed, for some time scarcely a day passed when she wasn't carried in limp and unconscious. She became a positive nuisance to the great neurologist that had hypnotized her, and he finally sent persons to watch her. It was found that on her way to work she passed a certain church and usually was at the door at the moment during the celebration of the mass when the bell rang. At its tinkle she calmly curled up and went to sleep. It was necessary to suggest to her the next time she was brought to the hospital that no bell in the world could have any effect on her except the one rung in the hospital by the neurologist. After that she went about the city quite unaffected by the bells, and the neurologist drew a breath of relief.—Washington Herald.

Just a Way They Have.

Inhabitants of the Isle of Wight speak of "going to England" when they leave their own fragment of the kingdom. A patriotic Cornishman also "goes to England" when he crosses the Tamar. Similarly inhabitants of the Balkan peninsula talk of "going to Europe" when they leave their own corner of the continent, in curious contrast with the people of Great Britain, who regard themselves as both of and in "Europe," and it is only "the continent" that they visit. There is an old story of a Scottish minister who prayed for a blessing upon "the inhabitants of Great and Little Cumbrae (islands in the Firth of Clyde) and the adjacent islands of Great Britain and Ireland." Massachusetts people speak of going "down east" when they start for the Maine coast.—Chicago News.

Parcel Wrappers.

"The hardest thing to wrap up," said a shipping clerk, "is a violin. A department store will often test a new wrapper by giving him a violin to do up. If he passes that test he is all right.

"Abroad bags and string, being expensive, are rarely used, and the young groceryman must be able to wrap potatoes, flour and all sorts of things in sheets of paper alone. He gets a kind of knack. He lays his flour or beans in a square of paper, doubles the paper over and, with an end in each hand, swings the parcel round and round. Like magic, then, it is done up, and you can carry it safely quite a hundred yards or so, provided you are careful."

Overstocked.

Hubby was evidently worried, and wifey was trying to cheer him up.

"Cheer up, John, and don't worry," she said. "It doesn't do any good to borrow trouble."

"Borrow trouble," echoed her husband. "Great Caesar's ghost! I ain't borrowing trouble; I've got it to lend!"—Chicago News.

Criminal.

Young Mother—I'm sorry, Mr. Topfloor, if baby's crying annoyed you. He's been cutting his teeth.

Topfloor (a crusty bachelor)—That's it! The idea of letting a young child have a knife to play with!—Boston Transcript.

Solitude can be delightful only to the innocent.—Leszczynski.

Ole C. Brenna

Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Residence, Thief River Falls

Phone No. 118.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgages could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb 18-apr 1
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Josephine Marush

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Josephine Marush, Decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Joseph Horejsh.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof, and that Wednesday the 25th day of August, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "The Thief River Falls News" as provided by law.

Dated February 15th, 1909.

(Court Seal) S. A. Swanson,
feb 18-mar 4. Judge of Probate.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Feb 13, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew O. Sandland, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn., who on Dec. 9th, 1907, made H. E. No. 367, Serial, No. 01561, for [illegible], Sec 2, Twp 153 N, R 41 W, 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole H. Langlie, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn.
Halvor T. Homme, "
Torger Hemmestvedt, "
John Bjornstad, "

feb 18-mar 25 E. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. [illegible]

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

[illegible]

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York.

THE NEWS, S[illegible]
THE NEWS, S[illegible]

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Statement of the Condition of FIRST STATE BANK of Thief River Falls at Close of Business on Feb. 5, 1909.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$117,074.62
Overdrafts		2,143.03
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800.00
Other real estate		3,506.36
Due from banks	40,121.21	
Checks and Cash Items	711.33	
Cash on Hand, items below	9,419.48	
Currency	4,529.00	
Gold	2,525.00	
Silver	2,040.95	
Other	321.53	
Total Cash Assets	50,251.07	50,251.07
Total		175,678.58

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		747.81
Dividends unpaid	280.00	
Deposits subject to check	71,410.33	
Demand certificates	3,871.74	
Due to Banks	341.09	
Total immediate liabilities	75,903.16	
Time certificates	87,027.58	
Total deposits	162,930.74	162,930.74
Total		175,678.58

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, Math Barzen, Vice President, and H. G. Dobner, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. MATH BARZEN, Vice President, H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of February, 1909.

Correct Attest:(Two) Directors, L. M. [illegible]oag, Peil W. Mabey.

[SEAL] L. M. Hoag, Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 27, 1909.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.02
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.52
Barley	50
Eggs	25c
Butter	20c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Herb Fuller was over to Bemidji last week.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo Elder.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Dr. Helber was down to Crookston last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Hugh Dean was down to Crookston last week.

K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

County Supt. of Schools Anderson was in the city last week.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, spent Sunday in the city.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

C. L. Dobner left Monday morning for his home at Kalispell, Mont.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Emil Dryfos was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Don't fail to hear Mrs. Bockman, soloist, at the band concert Friday evening.

Charles Alexander was down from the Red Lake country last week to visit his family.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

John Ulvid, of Brunkeberg, was in the city last Saturday and made the News office a pleasant call.

Everybody come out tomorrow night and hear the band concert at the Evenson Hall, and help the boys along.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Mrs. Christienson arrived in the city last Saturday from Fertile and is visiting her daughters, Miss Alice Christienson and Mrs. Albert Haseth.

Judging from articles in the Sunbeam, our neighbors to the east are having a warm fight over the proposed bridge to be built across the Red Lake river at Sunbeam.

George Ball left last Friday evening for Kalispell, Mont., to make his future home.

Olaf Saustad, of Hendrum, was in the city the first of the week visiting with friends.

Lovers of music will not fail to hear A. Bjerkhoel's violin solo at the band concert tomorrow night.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Personal property taxes are payable on or before February 28. Pay your taxes now at the Peoples State Bank.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Leonard McAndrews, son of Walter McAndrews, of Highlanding, was brought to Thief River Falls last week for medical treatment.

Ed Iverson, Nels Moen and Tollef Tunheim were down to St. Paul the first of the week with three car loads of cattle. They report that there is lots of snow in the cities.

W. Schram, who formerly lived in the town of Rocksbury and who still owns a valuable farm there, came up from Arthur, Iowa, where he is now living, last week and is looking after his interests here.

There will be services in the Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Sunday, to both of which a cordial invitation is extended to those who have no other church home. On Friday afternoon the ladies and their friends will meet in the church parlors.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

The Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament will be held at Crookston this year commencing on July 5th. Kittson, Marshall, Red Lake, Roseau, Norman, Beltrami and Clay counties will be represented and it is being looked ahead to being the biggest tournament in the history of the association.

List your Land, Farms and City Property with the Northern Minnesota Land Company—Office over the Citizens Bank—. We are connected with land men in southern Minnesota and Iowa, who will bring Landseekers up here this fall, and if the Land and price suits, we can sell it.

A Business Men's Protective association has been formed at Cass Lake, the object of which is to protect the dealers from dishonest debtors. For some time it has been the habit of a large number of customers to run up a large bill at one store and then do the same at another. The business men have been unaware of this and as a result have lost several hundred dollars. Their present system is so arranged that as soon as a customer becomes delinquent in his payments all of the association members are notified and he will be unable to get credit until his previous debt is settled.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

Band Concert.

The following is the program for the band concert to be given in the Evenson Hall tomorrow evening:

PROGRAMME.

March, "Songs from Karnthner Land"	Sifert
Overture, "Light Cavalry"	F. Von Suppe
"Beloved It Is Morn" Mrs. M. Bockman.	Aylward
Waltz, "Souvenir de Baden"—baden Orchestra.	Bousquet
Reverie, "Sweet Thought" Emil Zeh.	Ellis Brooks
Operatic Selection, "Superba" By request.	Dalbey
Violin Solo, By A. Bjerkhoel.	
Overture, "Black Queen" Orchestra.	White
Waltz, "Sobre Las Olas"	Paul De Ville
Song, By Male Quartette	
Spanish Serenade, "La Paloma"	Yradier
March, "Fare Thee Well" Dedicated to Thief River Falls, the coming Metropolis of the Northwest.	Brish

I. J. Ringham was in the city the first of the week.

F. J. Stebbins was over to Warren the first of the week.

Rev. Smith was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Sarah Vaughan returned to this city Monday from her trip to Kalispell, Mont.

Don't miss hearing the "Manhattan Quartette" at the Evenson Hall, Friday evening, Feb. 19.

Daniel Shaw went to Red Lake Falls yesterday morning to attend a meeting of the county board.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Every good citizen of Thief River Falls should attend the band concert at the Evenson Hall Friday evening, Feb. 19

Mrs. Torgerson and her daughter, Mrs. Olson, left last evening for Rochester, where the latter will be operated upon.

The Presbyterian Ladies will meet in the church parlors Friday afternoon, Feb. 19 Lunch will be served. Every one cordially invited.

Miss Bell Hermanson, who is enjoying a vacation from her duties at the Golden Rule, leaves tonight to spend a few days with friends and relatives at Halstad.

I have 14 lots in oneblock on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hanson came up from Stratford, S. D. to be present at the Silver Wedding Anniversary of Mr and Mrs. A. C. Hanson which was celebrated the 14th of Feb. Only intimate friends were present.

Saturday evening the closing number in the Lyceum course will be given in the Presbyterian church. Dr. Thomas McClary, one of the finest platform speakers in the country will lecture, and those who have heard him before in other places will appreciate the opportunity of listening to another lecture by him. It will be a fitting close to the course whose previous numbers have proved so satisfactory. Tickets may be purchased at the door.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantagous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 85 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Two men who were putting up ice in the Red Lake river left a hole which they had cut unprotected and a horse belonging to George Ruth, who resides near by, went thru and was drowned. The two men were taken to Crookston and fined $5 and costs each, and it is reported that Mr. Ruth will also sue them for the value of the horse. It is not generally known that leaving a hole in the ice unprotected is a criminal offense but it must be admitted that the law is a good one.

A birthday party in the parlors of the Presbyterian church on Monday evening will give an opportunity for a pleasant and appropriate observance of the day. An attractive program has been arranged, one of the leading numbers being the famous chorus "To Thee, O Country," by Eichberg. Lunch will be served. Just reckon up the number of birthdays you've had, bring a penny for each one, and at the church door you can get a sack for this, your birthday offering.

Frank Horn was up to Holt Tuesday.

Dr. Mellby was up to Middle River Tuesday.

Dr. Heiber was down to Crookston the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark Sunday.

There will be a dance at the Mozark roller rink tonight. Admission 25 cents. Ladies free.

James Bulman returned to this city last Saturday from his trip to Prince Albert, Canada.

Attorney Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to legal business.

The German Lutheran Ladies Aid society meets with Mrs. G. W. Booren next Wednesday, Feb. 24.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

John Rawson, who is confined in a hospital at Crookston, is improving rapidly and will be able to return to this city in a few days.

John Havel Jr., who is at work with a bridge crew for the Soo railroad, arrived in the city Monday and will remain until Saturday visiting his parents.

The News today publishes the statements of Thief River Falls' three state banks—the First, Citizens and Peoples. All of them have made excellent statements and you should read them over carefully.

Attention is called to the statement of the Citizens State Bank published on the first page of this paper. Cashier Melgaard has made a statement that anyone can understand and it is one of the best statements ever made by this bank.

Mrs. Daniel Shaw returned Tuesday from St Paul where she had been to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mart Vaughan, her brother's wife. Mrs. Shaw brought back with her the three weeks old daughter of the deceased and the little one will make her home with Mrs. Shaw in the future.

Marshall County Tax Payers.

HOLT.

Anderson, Alfred	$2 51
Anderson, Casper	4 76
Anderson, H	3 38
Arnevig, And	0 91
Bjerk, And	0 91
Bottem, T	4 02
Knauf, Albert	1 50
Dovre, T O	5 27
Ekerdalen, H O.	3 24
Engstrom, Jno	2 82
Folden, T H	2 85
Fosholm, Hans	2 12
Guss Bros	2 75
Guss, F	2 70
Gunheim, C H	21 09
Grondahl, Helene	2 57
Heinze, H	4 07
Heinze, C L	2 84
Hansen, And	2 63
Hansen, Halfdan	1 92
Hoel, Osvald	3 06
Iverson, O	3 10
Johnson, Erik	6 00
Johnson, F	3 15
Johnson, S H	2 26
Johnson, Olof	6 73
Johnson, Otto	2 56
Larson, Fred	2 51
Larson, Matt	3 73
Miller, Wm	13 76
Ness, Ang	4 07
Nelson, John	2 72
Offerdahl, J J	2 04
Offerdahl, N	2 24
Patterson, Anton	2 95
Patterson, Gust	3 97
Paulson, T	2 79
Risberg, P A	2 39
Risberg, E O	3 74
Reierson, R	23 20
Saastad, T O	3 35
Saastad, Chr	2 53
Sorter, G P	2 33
Sagstuen, A L	2 22
Sorter, P G	2 74
Smith, C E	3 74
Udstrand, M	2 15
Wegge, L	4 06
Wegge, A	2 02
Wegge, F R	1 62
Waagerdahl, B O	3 27
Farmers Co op. Cream'y Assn.	5 50
Hansen-Barzen Mfg Co	22 89
R L F Mfg Co	33 17

AGDAR.

Adolphson, Gust	4 71
Anderson, Gust	3 33
Brokke, Saave	3 63
Evenson, Chas	5 41
Flo Peter	6 64
Fairman, Julius	4 78
Groven, Sam	6 97
Gunderson, Nels	8 53
Gunderson, G	6 78
Hansen, Edw	4 31
Johnson, Martin	4 03
Johnson, Mikkel	5 80
Jorstad, Hans	5 66
Knudson, B	0 88
Klungnes, J	10 21
Klungnes, A	5 35
Larson, Louis	4 04
Listol, H	0 05
Michaelson, T	3 35
Moe, Soren	6 00
Nustvold, A J	7 29
Nelson, Chr	9 28
Nabben, H	10 14
Overum, C	5 20
Olson, G	10 72
Panek, K	6 85
Pederson, Hans	14 12
Rude, Peter	13 17
Rupprecht, A	8 83
Rystad, J G	6 31
Sordahl, Nels	6 78
Thorwick, A	15 70
Wold, Ingvall	3 83
Westphall, A	7 58

GRAND PLAIN.

Bettin, Carl	5 68
Bendickson, L	11 30
Bundhund, N	5 35
Clausen, Thos	6 10
Clausen, Emil	4 01
Clausen, Hans	10 04
Cook, Henry	10 54
Dau, D	8 13
Dommer, J	3 09
Finberg, O O	4 10
Germantown Cry Assn	7 10
Hovelsen, T C	6 23
Halvorson, Jno	5 00
Haggy, A K	3 75
Hamre, L	7 82
Habedank, C	5 77
Johnson, M	3 23
Johnson, A	7 12
Kainz, F	5 81
Klappenback, E	6 25
Klockman, C	4 17
Kratochvil, Jno	3 80
Larson, Nels	3 85
Longevon, H	3 19
Nelson, O P	7 41
Philipp Jno	6 23
Rondestvedt Bros	10 65
Ristau, Aug	5 95
Rohrer, A	3 00
Roller, H	6 40
Ristau, Jno	5 66
Stark, Edw	3 55
Vaughan Bros & Co	82 43
Vakoc, J	4 73

Statement of the Condition of PEOPLES STATE BANK of Thief River Falls, Minn., at the Close of Business on Feb. 5, 1909.

Date of Call by Supt., Feb. 10, 1909. Date of Report by Bank, Feb. 13, 1909.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$86,787.24
Overdrafts		159.81
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,440.78
Other Real Estate		900.00
Due from banks	$5,995.72	
Checks and Cash Items	256.86	
Cash on Hand, items below	3,933.53	
Currency	2,552.00	
Gold	120.00	
Silver	1,074.05	
Other	187.48	
Total Cash Assets	10,186.11	
Total		105,473.94

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$30,000.00
Undivided Profits, net		3,004.95
Notes Rediscounted		10,700.00
Deposits subject to check	$26,797.71	
Cashier's Checks	640.13	
Total Immediate Liabilities	27,437.84	
Time Certificates	34,331.15	
Total deposits	61,768.99	
Total		105,473.94

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss: We, D. B. Bakke, President, and Oscar Sponheim, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. D. B. BAKKE, President, OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of February, 1909.

Correct Attest:(Two) Directors, H. P. Sponheim. H. A. Loken.

[SEAL] Bernard Docken, Notary Public.
My commission expires June 1, 1914.

River Water Dangerous.

Four cases of typhoid fever have developed in this village in the past two weeks and in all of the cases they have been drinking river water. There has been a considerable number of typhoid fever cases in Red Lake Falls the past season and there are several cases there at present. All of the Thief River Falls sewerage is emptied into the river and under no circumstances should anyone drink water from the river as it is extremely dangerous, and typhoid will be very likely to follow. If no other water is available see that it is boiled before using. This will also apply to water from melted ice as freezing does not kill the germs.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Any one wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Vetendahl for the sum of $30. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

FIRST NATIONAL SOLD

W. W. Prichard—Disposes of His Interests Here and Will Remove to the West.

H. C. and Alfred Aamoth of Mahnomen are the New Proprietors.

A business deal was closed the first of the week whereby H. C. and Alfred Aamoth, of Mahnomen, became the owners of the stock in the First National Bank of this city formerly held by W. W. Prichard. Mr. Prichard also disposes of his residence in this city to the Messers. Aamoth.

The new proprietors have had years of experience in the banking business, having lately been the owners of a bank at Mahnomen which they sold last summer. Alfred Aamoth is the county auditor of Mahnomen county and will not be actively connected with the management of the bank until his term of office expires, but H. C. Aamoth, who is at present in the west, will arrive here in a few days and take active charge of the institution.

Mr. Prichard and his family will remove to Tacoma, Wash, where Mr. Prichard will engage in the lumber business. Mr. Prichard is at present in Tacoma.

An Early Start.

Sever Nelson, president of the Highlanding creamery association, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday attending to business matters. Mr. Nelson states that the Highlanding creamery started up Monday and it is the intention to keep it running continuously hereafter. This creamery was built last spring, but owing to the fact that the farmers were not prepared for feeding their cattle this winter, it had to be closed down last fall. Now, however, the farmers up there are getting in better shape and it is believed that the creamery can be kept running winters as well as summers in the future.

A Busy Place.

The village of Roosevelt whose precincts are in the extreme east of Roseau county and border on Beltrami county, is a very busy little burg in the lumber season. About 75,000 feet of logs are being cut at Roosevelt daily and it is expected that the season's cut in that vicinity will be ten million feet. The market value is $8. per thousand. This means that $600. is being paid out for logs each day of the week and that the season's cut will leave $80,000 in the town. The ties, poles and other timber will reach three or four times the amount before the season is over altho the demand is limited for poles.

Trial Now On.

The trial of Dr. Thor Moeller, formerly a resident of Thief River Falls, on a charge of murder in the second degree was commenced in Minot Monday. Attorney E. R. Sinkler, of Grafton will assist State's Attorney Dudley Nash in trial of the case. Dr. Moeller will be defended by Judge Edward Engerud, Judge Palada and Sutton and Barret.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

THE NEWS, $1
THE NEWS, $1

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Carlson, of Holt, Minn., who, on Jan. 14th, 1904, made H. E. No. 7201, Serial No. 01393, for S. E. ¼, Section 34, Township 156 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 1st day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Gunerius Olson, of Holt, Minn.
Gustaf Peterson, " "
August Nelson, " "
Halftan M. Olson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.

Jan. 21-feb. 25.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 7, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Helmer Ostrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on May 9th, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6102, Serial No. 0920, for Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, Section 2, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 15th day of February, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Albert Klungness, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ed Hanson, of Thorwick, Minn.
John Sordahl, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Nels Sordahl, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Jan. 14 feb. 18

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, and it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

Hexamethylenetetramine.

The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities, and avoid a serious malady. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
COUNTY OF RED LAKE. } ss. In District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff.
vs.
Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That by virtue of an execution, directed and delivered to me, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff, and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 41-100 dollars ($18.41) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed at the office of the Clerk of the said District Court for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right, title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following-described real property, to-wit:

Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgages could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the twenty-sixth (26th) day of March, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.11-mar.18.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillemoen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page [illegible]

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 23rd day of October, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 514; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice Is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knott's Addition to Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909 at [illegible] o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty one and [illegible] dollars, and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 10, A. D. 1909.

S. SWENSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb 11-mar 18

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, Feb. 27, 1909.

Commencing at 10 O'clock a. m.

On account of ill health I am obliged to go to the coast and will offer the following at public auction at my farm one mile north of Radny postoffice:

1 team of horses.
17 cows, all fresh before spring.
13 head of young stock.
1 fine Shorthorn bull.
2,500 feet of lumber, pine and spruce.

30 tons of best hay.
2 sets of working harnesses.
Also all kinds of farm implements and all household goods.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, time will be given until Nov. 1, 1909, on bankable paper.

Geo. Leimers, Owner.

I. HUSBY, Auctioneer. *H. ENDERLE, Clerk.*

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Hotel
Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.

Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Pneumonia follows La Grippe.

Pneumonia often follows la grippe but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, for la grippe coughs and deep seated colds. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

C. R. Kluger, the Jeweler, 1060 Virginia Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complexion, cured my backache and the irregularities disappeared, and I can now attend to business every day and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cured me after two doctors and other remedies had failed." A. Bjerkhoel.

LONDON'S ODD PRISON

Westminster Clock Tower Is the Finest Jail In England.

BUT IT IS ALWAYS EMPTY.

The Tower Is the British Parliament's House of Detention, and Charles Bradlaugh Was Its Last Occupant. The Old Prison In Former Days.

If the average sentenced criminal were allowed to select his place of confinement his choice would probably fall on the Clock Tower prison at Westminster, as that is the very finest prison in Great Britain and is able to supply comforts and luxuries quite unknown to the ordinary Bill Sikes.

But the law decides that members of parliament only may be confined in that jail, although rank outsiders could be committed to the Clock Tower for certain offenses against the rules and regulations of parliament.

The Clock Tower prison, as it exists today, was erected in connection with the house occupied by the sergeant at arms. This official is in complete charge of any member committed to the Clock Tower, and a member cannot easily make his escape, because, in order to do so, he must pass through the house of the sergeant.

Very few members of parliament are committed to the Clock Tower in these days. We have to go back many years to find a precedent, Mr. Charles Bradlaugh being the last member to occupy the cells at the Clock Tower, and he did not occupy them long. He was handed over to the custody of the sergeant at arms on June 23, 1880, committed to the Tower and released next day.

There are two sets of cells in the Clock Tower, an upper and a lower, but both suits of cells are much the same. In each there is a sitting room of very ample proportions, well carpeted and furnished and replete with most of the things which go toward making one comfortable.

In each suit there are two bedrooms—one for the use of the imprisoned M. P., the other for the convenience of the jailer, who must always be on the spot in order to see that the legislator makes no attempt to escape.

Any member of parliament sent to the Clock Tower by order of the speaker would be required to pay for his own food, and if he did not do so he could be sued in court. Any legislator incarcerated in the Clock Tower would be allowed to rise in the morning just when he pleased, and he could retire to bed when the spirit moved him. He could read to his heart's content and smoke as much as he liked, there being no restrictions over such matters; his whole punishment would lie in being prevented from joining his fellows and mixing with them.

He would be taken out to exercise, but would always have two officials beside him to guard against any attempt at escape, and his exercise would be taken on the terrace before the house sat for the day. Under no circumstances would he be allowed to hold converse with his fellow men. One way or another an imprisoned M. P. would not have a bad time of it, and he would not be kept in confinement for any lengthy period.

But if the Clock Tower is not much used nowadays, the Tower—the prison of the house of commons of a former day—was much in evidence. In olden times a passing remark, an observation obnoxious to the house, or, indeed, any trifle, was sufficient to send the culprit forthwith to the Tower, and not to the Tower only, for a member could be committed to Newgate.

Sometimes the reason for committing a member to the Tower was somewhat amusing, as witness the case of a member for Southampton who once entered the house in a drunken condition and, mistaking the speaker for an owl sitting in an ivy bush, addressed him as such. Result—the Tower. However, the member was released next day and severely reprimanded for his ridiculous behavior.

The Tower was made use of by the "long" parliament. In one day as many as eleven Presbyterian members of the house were committed to the custody of the sergeant at arms and flung into the Tower. And, to show that members were not committed for errors in speech alone, one has only to mention the case of Captain Churchill, who in 1689 was committed to the Tower for refusing to take merchant ships under the protection of his man of war unless he received a gift of £200.

In those days they had to pay stiffly for the privilege of being sent to the Tower, as witness an extract from the diary of Lord Clarendon, written the day following his committal to the tower. He says: "Mr. Dod brought me a note of the fees, which come to £130—viz, the governor, £100; gentleman porter, £20; gentleman gaoler, £10."

When a member offends in these days and requires to be "named"—always a necessity before committal—he is not sent to the Clock Tower, but is suspended from duty and is not allowed to enter the house for so long as the members decree.—Pearson's Weekly.

Her Idea.

Mrs. Muggins—I hear your husband is speculating in stocks. Is he a bull or a bear? Mrs. Buggins—Judging from results I should think he was a jackass.—Philadelphia Record.

Know thyself and your own place in the universe about you. Fear no phantoms, but face realities.—Grant Allen.

A LAND SALE IN BOLIVIA.

Survival of a Curious Old Ceremony Called "Feoffment."

Our remote ancestors did not sell land as it is sold nowadays, the seller merely giving to the buyer an acknowledged deed of the premises. According to their customs, no land title could pass except by "transmutation of possession," and this they accomplished by a solemn ceremony, called by an old term a "feoffment." The seller and the buyer went on the land together in the presence of witnesses, usually most of the village folks. The seller took a tuft of grass or a clod of earth and handed it to the buyer, declaring with a loud voice his intention to transfer to him the possession of the land in question.

Centuries have elapsed since the English race has sold land in this way, and it has been supposed that the practice had become extinct. A few years ago, however, a New England lawyer, returned from Bolivia, gave the following account of a land sale within 100 miles of La Paz, the Bolivian capital:

The American had climbed the Andes to a height of 1,400 feet, accompanied by a native Bolivian who had agreed to sell some mining property. The subprefect of the province and a notary went with them. The Indians living on the route were called out as the party passed along, until finally the complete company numbered about 800.

When the party reached its destination the prefect called the assembly to order, declared what was to be done, and the notary wrote it down. The seller then tore up dirt and grass with his hands and handed it to the buyer, who at once began to run wildly about the land, turn somersaults and cut up all manner of funny capers.

This, the notary told the party, was to convince the native Indians that the purchaser had actually taken legal possession of the land, and he further stated that the Indians and their descendants would defend the newcomer's title against any and all intruders until he or his heirs should see fit to transfer the possession of the land to still others in a similar manner.—Boston Post.

THREATENED THE DEITY.

An Impious Relic of Arizona While Under Spanish Rule.

Among primitive peoples gifts are made to the gods in the hope of securing their favor. Quite logically, also, when a god does not respond his worshipers cut off their gifts to him and sometimes even desecrate his image. But it is odd to find a survival of this notion among Christians, however simple minded they may be.

A very curious instance is contained in a report filed in the Smithsonian institution at Washington. It tells of what happened in Arizona while under Spanish rule and is amusingly naive in its story of how the people of one department tried to threaten the Deity and thereby make him give them rain. The report says:

Considering that the Supreme Creator has not behaved well in this province, as in the whole of last year only one shower of rain fell; that in this summer, notwithstanding all the processions, prayers and praises, it has not rained at all, and consequently the crops of Castanas, on which depend the prosperity of the whole department, are entirely ruined, it is decreed—

Article I. If within the peremptory period of eight days from the date of this decree rain does not fall abundantly no one will go to mass or say prayers.

Article II. If the drought continues eight days more, the churches and chapels shall be burned, and missals, rosaries and other objects of devotion will be destroyed.

Article III. If, finally, in a third period of eight days it shall not rain, all the priests, friars, nuns and saints, male and female, shall be beheaded. And for the present permission is given for the commission of all sorts of sin in order that the Supreme Creator may understand with whom he has to deal.

—Scrap Book.

Economy.

Economy is always admirable. A Cheyenne hatter, though, was disgusted the other day with the economical spirit of a visitor to his shop. The visitor, a tall man with gray hair, entered with a soft felt hat, wrapped in paper, in his hand.

"How much will it cost," he said, "to dye this hat gray to match my hair?"

"About a dollar," the hatter answered.

The tall man wrapped the hat up again.

"I won't pay it," he said. "I can get my hair dyed to match the hat for a quarter."—Household Journal.

No Burglary.

Judge—You are charged with burglary. How do you plead?

Prisoner—Not guilty, boss, an' I'll tell yo' why. In de fust place, de chicken coop doah wasn't eben locked; in de secon' place, dar wuz no burglar alarm; in the third place, dar wuz no bulldog, an', in de fourf place, dar was no steel traps. Now, dat ain't burglary et all, boss; dat's jes' simply findin' chickens, an' I leabe it toe yo'self.—Exchange.

Not So Here.

Every London man should remember that in the ordinary way, if he has reached 3 p. m. without getting married, he is, by a merciful dispensation of ecclesiastical law, safe for that day at any rate.—London Punch.

Driven to Drink.

Artist—My next picture at the academy will be entitled "Driven to Drink." His Friend—Ah, some powerful portrayal of baffled passion, I suppose? Artist—Oh, no; it's a cab approaching a watering trough.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

Pay your personal property taxes at this bank. We give you receipt especially prepared for taxes. Taxes paid before March will avoid penalty.

We are in a better position than ever to handle farm loans and can make your loan at very low rates.

We solicit new accounts. We should be more than glad to open an account with you and assure you that no account is too large for us to handle safely and none to small to be warmly welcomed.

People's State Bank.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

The News: $1 per Year

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.

The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

"When you buy a HOWARD you *get* something."

We are distributors for this distinctive watch.

CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

One man no more than breaks his neck making a record than some other fool man proceeds to break his neck trying to break the record.

We hear a great deal about the garrulity of money; but, listen as we may, never a whisper comes to confirm the rumor.

WELL HERE GOES - 315 MORE COALS - 30 DAYS LEFT - 13 10¢ COALS PER DAY

Keep up your courage, if you have to prop it up with a crowbar.

The people who won't fight usually have just enough sand to be irritating.

The best any of us can hope is that the coal bin won't get hungry until about the 1st of April.

The room at the top myth was doubtless invented to get somebody out of the way.

The man who won't stand to be cheated sometimes sits in judgment on the wrong person.

If you will insist upon unselfishness try to practice it yourself, and let it go at that.

One Overlooked.

Before the march of science
And in its gentle away
How superstitions crumble
And quickly fade away!
We lose the thirteen hoodoo
And briskly call a halt
On that old fogy notion
Concerning spilling salt.

To walk beneath a ladder
No longer do we fear.
We telephone the plumber
When ticking sounds we hear.
If over our left shoulder
The youthful moon we spy
We do not fear the chickens
Or closer friends will die.

If it is more convenient
Or somehow cuts expense
We start a trip on Friday
Nor fear the consequence.
We do not trail the rabbit
Alone to his retreat
And snatch a lucky pedal.
We let him keep his feet.

And other superstitions
Are doomed to disappear
Before the light of reason.
I hope the day is near
When that grandaddy notion
We hear so much about,
That winter time is healthy,
Will also peter out.

Overlooking a Bet.

"I am happiest when I haven't a dollar in my pocket."

"Married?"

"No."

"Say, you are missing a fine chance to be happy all of the time."

Logic.

"Do you believe in luck?"

"Not on your life."

"Why?"

"You are apt to have things go wrong with you if you are superstitious."

Necessary.

"You seem to be thoughtful."

"I am."

"For what reason?"

"I can't think of a thing."

The Deadly Simple Life.

HERE LIES
WILFUL JONES
DIED
FROM THE
SIMPLE
LIFE
AGE
OLD ENOUGH TO
KNOW BETTER

If it were necessary and possible for some people to try to adjust their lives to a peaceful, orderly existence they probably would die in the process.

The Sure Friend.

'Tis sweet to be remembered
By almost any one
Unless by some rude person
Who jogs you with a dun.
Oh, then it wouldn't be so rotten
If one were for a time forgotten!

WHEN A WOMAN DRESSES—

She thinks it is unspeakable to paint, but a touch of carmine here and there can't be called painting. Anyway, it is a woman's duty to look as well as she can.

She intimates that she considers it poor taste to wear somebody else's hair, all the time brushing her own locks over a wire spring that shows its teeth at the beholder.

Calls blithely to her husband to come and button up her back; can do it herself, but what's a husband for anyway?

Having completed the process, she is everlastingly insulted if her husband doesn't tell her that she is looking charming and her gown is so becoming and so fresh and new looking.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

HIS LESSON.

Mr. F. Augustus Dubbe
Ventured in a women's club
One fine winter day;
Started out to blandly tell
How the ladies might excel
If they would for just a spell
Do all things his way.

Underneath his manly vest
Swelled a large, protruding chest,
And he felt the glow
Of the pride that to a man
Comes the moment that he can
Outline for the ones a plan
Who are down below.

But, alas, and pity sake,
Pride a tumble has to take.
Dignity gets stung.
When the ladies started in
Showing where his talk was thin,
Then his head began to spin,
Rooted was his tongue.

Showed him that mere man was not
Such a proposition hot
And that women were
On to him and all his tricks,
Larger than a ton of bricks;
That he was a child of six
Or a good sized blur.

Satan's Specialty.

Satan isn't necessarily fond of idle people. His specialty is in getting idle people busy.

Too Bad.

"There are a lot of things that I would like to know."

"Are there?"

"Yes."

"My case is worse than that."

"What is it?"

"There are a lot of things that I do know that I want not to know."

Just a Scow.

"Was the rest of the ticket defeated with you?"

"Yes; we went down together."

"Then you are all in the same boat."

"Yes, and it isn't a lifeboat either."

"Still, it may do nicely for Salt river navigation."

A Poser.

"Why are we all so selfish?"

"Because we can't help ourselves."

"No."

"No?"

"No; because it is when we do help ourselves that we are accused of it."

Cautious.

"Are you a good little boy, my son?"

"Naw."

"Why?"

"I ain't aimin' to be no suicide."

Eats Them Alive.

"Is he a vegetarian?"

"No; he is a Wall street broker."

"What's that got to do with it?"

"His favorite diet is lamb."

Vain.

"You are fond of bright children, aren't you?"

"Oh, yes; I always like my own."

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Being optimistic on a good salary isn't half bad, but when he is up against it right an optimistic man has to have the real thing to keep practicing optimism.

From your own point of view the other fellow hasn't a thing to look at.

If you are shrewd enough to save yourself from your friends, your enemies won't stand much show with you.

Marrying is often a question of money, and, come to think of it, what isn't?

Nobody ever got a good reputation by taking away somebody else's.

A man who is kept busy preaching undoubtedly expects to be excused from practice.

SAY, MARY - COME FINISH THIS JOB.

One reason why common sense is so seldom met with is because it is rather particular about its company.

There are a lot of people who have a great habit of taking responsibility and then cheerfully shunting it upon somebody else.

Being able to recognize the psychological moment is evidence of your genius or else of your nerve.

Being just a little less foolish than the majority passes for wisdom in this gray old world of ours.

AUCTION SALE!

Thursday, Feb. 25, 1909.

Commencing at 10 O'clock a. m.

Sec. 26, Town of Reiner.

6 cows, all fresh before spring.	1 binder.
3 calves.	2 plows.
1 yearling colt.	1 mower.
2 wagons.	1 hay rake.
1 single and one double buggy.	Farm tools, household goods and other things to numerous to mention.
1 pair of sleighs.	

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper.

MICHAEL & KNUTE TORGERSON,
Owners.
OLE BRENNA, Auctioneer.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. - THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1909 NUMBER 9

HEN STORY NOT FICTION

Experiments Made at State Farm at Crookston Proves Very Interesting.

Supt. Robertson Believes He Can Produce Hens That Will Scorn Race Suicide.

How many eggs will a hen lay in a year?

This innocent question bids fair to thin the ranks of the hens of Minnesota of many undesirable citizens, and to exalt the hen who does her duty above the wont of feathered kind. The state has taken the trail of the hen and sleeps not, neither can it be deterred from its purpose until the recreant hen is pilloried and Minnesota is rid of her kind.

The trouble started at the Crookston farm school where Superintendent William Robertson made up his mind he was supporting in idleness and luxury a good many hens who were not paying for their food. He therefore tagged each hen with a metal leg band and number. He established an egg register, and with his farm boys devised cunningly built nests, by which the hen enters all unsuspectingly only to find she must lay an egg or stay imprisoned until someone comes to check up her record.

For months every hen has been followed by a sure detective. For a year every new laid egg has been entered upon the book, and a day or two ago came the end of things for a good many of that hen house.

Superintendent Robertson held the book on his hens. It showed in accusing black and white that some of the hens have laid only 15 eggs in all the past year. Others have laid 20, 46, 71, 111, 183, 197, 212 and the champion hen of all has laid 220 big white eggs.

Things have been happening since in the state farm school hennery. Some of the handsomest of the flock have gone their sad way to the chopping block, but the wise and thrifty ones have prospered.

The investigation has an exceedingly important economic side, since it proves that the ordinary flock of hens contains some that are so unprofitable as to devour part of the profits of the hen that lays a maximum number of eggs.

Superintendent Robertson believes that by cutting out the hens that have laid according to his record, 200 eggs or better, and by careful brooding, propagating this particular strain, it is entirely possible to produce hens for Minnesota farmers that will scorn race suicide and lay eggs morning, noon and night and for the pure love of duty well done. The experiment is being tried, and it is believed that the productive ability of the flocks will be enormously increased, an important thing with eggs at the present prices. The experiments were made on White Leghorns and Barred Plymoth Rocks.

Center Moved.

Legislators who were on the *junketing trip to* northern towns in the race for the new normal school have returned, full of praise for the hospitality of the towns visited, and impressed with the need for a new school somewhere in the section. Another fact was strongly impressed on their minds, also, as told by one of the party.

"When we first struck Cass Lake," he said, "we were informed that their city was the center of population for the territory that was needing the new school. Next we went to Bemidji, and there we learned that the center of the population had shifted, and was in Bemidji. We found it again at Thief River Falls and we all began to wonder at the way that center of population followed us around, and it disturbed our center of gravity. The Warren people caught on, and when we reached there they carefully avoided making any claims."—Minneapolis Journal.

Reduction Made.

At the meeting of the board of county commissioners held last week, a resolution reducing the tax of the four banks in Thief River Falls 50 per cent. was passed. The banks were assessed more than they should have been.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Big Fight at Ogema.

White Earth, Minn., Feb. 17—In a saloon fight at Ogema last night Fred and Willie Warren beat up Peter Martin and the village marshall, who attempted to stop the disturbance. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the Warrens, and a sheriff's posse is scouring the country for them. Martin and the marshall are in a critical condition.

A Slight Reduction.

The state board of control has ordered a cut in the prices of binder twine from the rates announced two months ago. The cut is half a cent per pound on Manila and pure Manila and one-fourth of a cent on standard Manila brand. This means that the new schedule will be: Standard and sisal, 500 feet to the pound, 6 3 4 cents per pound, standard Manila, 550 feet to the pound, 7 1-2 cents; Manila, 600 feet to the pound, 8 1-4 cents; pure Manila, 650 feet, 9 1-2 cents.

Not An Expert.

Attorney Thos. Germo has taken to skiing as a pastime, but he has an improvement upon the manner in which the sport is enjoyed by the hardy Norsemen. Germo goes up hill as well as down and he does not use any skis. He uses a horse for motive power. He has not become accustomed to the game yet and he gets his bumps, but he is game and hangs on. Though not so comfortable as the old manner of skiing, it has its advantages, for you don't have to walk back after taking a slide—if you can hold the horse.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Information Wanted.

Chief of Police Lang is in receipt of a letter from George Peterson, clerk of the district court of Pembina county, North Dakota, inquiring as to the whereabouts of Garret F. Cowan, or any member of his family, and is willing to pay a reasonable price to anyone who will furnish the information. Mr. Cowan was an old soldier and formerly conducted a confectionery store in this city, selling out to N. W. Tarrant eleven years ago and going up to Shotley Brook, in the Red Lake country, where he took a pine claim. From there he left for the west and no one here, so far as known, has heard from him since then.

IMPORTANT MEETING

City Council Transacts Much Business at an Adjourned Meeting Last Friday.

Special Election Called to Vote on Bond Issue of $20,000 to Build Armory.

An adjourned meeting of the city council was held last Friday evening and much business transacted.

A resolution was passed offering to give the state of Minnesota a free site of ten acres, electric lights, water and phone rent up to and including the year 1925 for a consideration of $10 a year.

The *salary list for the firemen* in the local fire department was fixed as follows: Chief, $120 per year; secretary, $100 per year; treasurer, $85 per year; first, second and third assistant chiefs, $80 per year, firemen $75 per year.

A motion to have the city clerk advertise for bids to install a telephone system to be owned by the city was passed. It had been the intention of the city to purchase the local exchange of the Tri-State company, but this company refuses to name a price to the city for a plant.

A special election is called for March 16 to vote upon the proposition of issuing bonds to the amount of $20,000 for the purpose of building an armory and auditorium. It is understood that if the bonds are voted the state will furnish a low rate of interest and also aid each year to maintain the building.

Trouble at White Earth.

White Earth Tomahawk: Some spicy testimony was developed in the suit of Mary Brunette, a member of this reservation, and G K. Fargo, an attorney and banker at Ogema, at Detroit last week. It was shown by the attorneys for the plaintiff that bribery and whisky were prominent factors in the attempts to over-reach Miss Brunette and indirectly the venerable chief, Mesha ke-gesbig and his wife, out of a large fund the latter received for her pine timber land. There are several men and women, members of this reservation, who are being used for the purpose of defrauding the Indians out of their allotments of land or the funds they have received for these lands and the timber thereon. When women lend themselves to such outrages it is no wonder that their own people feel inclined to protest against their actions. The Fargo deal showed to what disgraceful extremes some persons will go to beat the Indians. This is not the only case that will be shown up in the courts, but eventually all those that have been fraudulant will be aired there fully.

Hot Fight at Middle River.

Villages and townships in the state of Minnesota will have their annual election on Tuesday, the 9th day of March. According to all reports the warmest fight to be pulled off in this section of the state will be at Middle River. The trouble at Middle River has been caused by the Judah-Young assault case. Two juries have tried to settle this case, but failed as have also the people of the village.

The costs of the case now amounting to about $120 is one of the issues of the election, part of the people being in favor of paying the costs and the other part against.

About the only man both factions in Middle River can agree to support is A. C. Kvennes for president of the village council, and Mr. Kvennes declares that he will not take the job, so this makes the matter all the more complicated. If they had more men of Mr. Kvennes's stamp in Middle River, however, they would not now be having a useless row.

Patterson Sells Business.

A deal was concluded last Saturday in which Daniel Patterson sold his livery barn and the entire equipment to Satterberg & Fellman.

Mr. Patterson has been in the livery business in St. Hilaire since 1882, his barn having been at its present location since 1883, and bears excellent reputation. He has been in business here longer than any other man. We are not advised as to what, if any, business he will engage in, but he has no intention of leaving St. Hilaire.

Of the new firm Mr. A. Satterberg has been in the draying business for several years and is well and favorably known.

Mr. Gust Fellman, the other member of the firm is at present working for the Nelis Lumber Co., at Cass Lake and expects to return here with his family about March 1st. Mr. Fellman is a young man who has grown to manhood in Red Lake county and has a large circle of friends here. The new firm will undoubtedly prove worthy of patronage and will succeed.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.

FOR

Real Estate Loans

WE CAN GUARANTEE SATISFACTION. . . .

We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits. We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property. Tickets to and from Europe sold.

Farm Lands and City Property bought and sold. Inquire or write H. P. SPONHEIM, Manager.

People's State Bank.

A Peculiar Accident.

James Steichen, a boy of Dora township, Otter Tail county, met death in an unusual manner last week. He and his brothers and sisters were very much interested in circus tricks and they had fitted up a regular gymnasium in the barn. They vied with each other in doing daring tricks. James went to the barn alone to practise a new trick which demanded the use of a small piece of chain. He climbed up on a rafter that was slippery with frost. Having to use his hands he put the chain around his neck. He slipped and the chain caught in a rafter. The noose tightened about his neck and the jolt broke his neck.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

ANALYZED
STATEMENT OF CONDITION
of the

CITIZENS STATE BANK

of Thief River Falls, Minn.

As shown by report to the Public Examiner, February 5th, 1909.

ASSETS.	
LOANS AND DISCOUNTS This is the amount of money we have loaned out on interest and consists of notes, town, school and county warrants and farm mortgages. About 25 per cent of the total is in paper that can be quickly turned into cash, should we find it necessary.	$ 147,194 03
CASH ON HAND AND DEPOSITED WITH OTHER BANKS This is the amount we have in actual cash in our vault and on deposit with banks in Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Crookston.	21,182.46
OVERDRAFTS This is the total amount our customers have checked out above the amount standing to their credit. We dislike an overdraft account, and in ordinary business transactions do not permit them.	35.31
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES This amount represents the cost of all furniture and fixtures in our banking rooms, including vault doors and safe and electrical burglar alarm. The actual cost was considerably more than this amount.	2,800 00
REAL ESTATE This item represents farm lands acquired under mortgage foreclosures and worth much more than the amounts at which they are carried on our books.	4,009.35
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 175,221.75
LIABILITIES.	
CAPITAL STOCK This was our original working capital, and is fully paid in by the stockholders of the bank.	$ 20,000.00
SURPLUS This represents that portion of earnings or profits from the business which has been set aside as additional working capital and security to our patrons.	3,250.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS This is the amount of net profits we have on hand, after charging off doubtful notes, paying dividends to our stockholders and all our running expenses to date	828.04
DEMAND DEPOSITS This is the amount our customers have deposited with us subject to withdrawal on demand.	56,878.39
TIME DEPOSITS This is the amount deposited with us on interest bearing Time Certificates of Deposit. Added to our Demand Deposits this makes our total deposits $151,743.71.	94,865.32
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 175,821.75

ON THE STRENGTH OF THE FOREGOING STATEMENT WE FEEL JUSTIFIED IN SOLICITING YOUR PATRONAGE.

CITIZENS STATE BANK

Thief River Falls, Minn.

GOOD QUALITY IN MERCHANDISE

is really a valuable means of teaching Economy. Lots of people go thru life thinking they're economical when the fact is they're simply low-priced. For a man like that, one experience with our

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes is a liberal education; he learns how much economy there is in really good clothes.

But some men pay too much for quality; these clothes will teach them something too.

WE'LL GIVE YOU A LESSON HERE ANY DAY; COME IN AND LEARN ABOUT CLOTHES-QUALITY.

New Spring Goods In Every Department.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

BIRD FEEDING IN WINTER

Swedish Custom Is Being Indorsed by Leading Humane Societies in the Northwestern States of America—Remarks of Christian T. Nelson, a Wisconsin Man, Concerning the Method of Feeding the Birds When the Snow Is on the Ground.

SWEDEN.

The transplanting to the United States of the custom of feeding birds in winter is, according to a Swedish paper published in Minneapolis, being indorsed by leading humane societies of the northwest. Says the paper in question: "Christian T. Nelson, a Wisconsin gentleman, interested in bird culture, has the following interesting comment to make regarding the Scandinavian custom of feeding birds in winter: 'The "juleneg" is a bundle of oats left unthrashed in the fall of the year and kept for this special occasion. It is tied to a pole or tree and left for the birds to feast on. It will gladden the heart of any one to see how the birds enjoy this feast. The children are especially fond of watching the birds, and it is a grand lesson. In Sweden or Norway, as well as in Denmark, when the farmer brings in the Christmas trees to sell to the people in the villages and cities, he also has with him a large supply of this bird feed, which he quickly disposes of at the same time, so that outside of every home where there is a Christmas tree may be found the bundles of grain for the birds. It is a splendid custom and I know it would be welcomed to this country by our nature-loving children. It would help to inspire the love of nature in the hearts of our children. How much better would it be to buy such "juleneg" than air guns to kill and destroy nature as well as character.'"

King Oscar's funeral was an expensive affair when it is considered that 91,486 crowns were expended. Of this amount, 85,000 will be paid by the Swedish government. The funeral of former Swedish kings have, however, been far more expensive: Karl Johan XIV. was buried at an expenditure of 218,672 crowns, and the funeral of King Oscar's father, Oscar I., entailed an expenditure of 189,244 crowns. The funeral of Karl XV. cost about 82,516 crowns. Royal weddings, and funerals as well, are expensive affairs and Sweden has had her share of them.

Count Palmstierna has introduced a bill in the Swedish riksdag allowing King Gustaf 175,000 crowns for traveling expenses during the year of 1908 and for entertaining foreign princes and potentates. It is generally believed that the king will be granted the amount requested. There was no monarch in Europe who did so much traveling last year of King Gustaf and it will also be remembered that the German emperor and King Edward and the president of France were guests at the royal palace last summer.

Wallenberg, Sweden's envoy to Japan, has suddenly been recalled. Whether he has been recalled because of the incompleteness of the recent Swedish-Japanese treaty or because of incompetency is not known. Herr Wallenberg has been in the diplomatic service for a number of years and his sudden return to the Swedish capital has caused no little surprise in diplomatic circles.

At the annual ball given at the royal palace on the evening of Jan. 23 there were about 1,100 guests present. Among those who were conspicuous by reason of their absence are noted Prince Wilhelm and Princess Maria Pavlowna. It was a brilliant affair and representatives from all the higher walks of life from the city and nation at large were present.

August Strindberg's sixtieth birthday anniversary was observed in Stockholm Jan. 22. The celebrated author was the recipient of hundreds of telegrams from his friends and admirers at home and abroad. Mr. Strindberg is enjoying excellent health and at no period of his life has been such a busy man as he is today.

The Nordiska museum was during last year visited by 92,955 persons and Skansen had not less than 701,257 visitors. While these figures are less than the year previous, it is nevertheless a large amount considering that so many people have moved out of the city by reason of the hard times.

A new historical museum will be erected on Djurgarden in the near future. The plans are already perfected and a large three story building will be erected during the coming spring and summer. It will be erected not far from the spot where the Biological museum is now located.

There have been the following changes in the consular service: Vice Consul J. [illegible] of [illegible] has been appointed consul at Barcelona. H. R. Van Buren has been appointed consul at Vlissingen, and J. D. [illegible] Kater will be located in Bremerhaven.

The late Madame Maria [illegible] has in her will donated [illegible] crowns to the King Oscar Jubilee Fund for the benefit of those afflicted with tuberculosis. During the past six months the fund has been increased by several thousand crowns.

An unknown benefactor has donated 10,000 francs to the Swedish church in Paris, France. There is in that city a Swedish colony of about 1,000 persons, of whom 200 at least are members of the church.

NORWAY.

Consul Helberg has presented a bill to the odelsthing proposing a law which would permit the establishment of a government lottery, the winnings of which should be equally divided between the Forest Protection society, the Anti-Tuberculosis society, the Bergen's museum, the Nansen Fund and the Academy of Sciences in Trondhjem. The bill in its present form would allow (in the event it becomes a law) only four drawings a year, the minimum amount being 200,000 crowns and the maximum amount being 400,000 crowns.

From Vestlandet it is reported that a series of slight earthquake shocks have been felt in Ryfylke, Stavanger and Skanevik. Windows shook. In the trembler, which took its course through Bygdo and vicinity, the houses were shaken and people were aroused from their slumbers. It is not an uncommon thing that slight earthquake shocks have been felt in that section of the country, but not for many years have they aroused so much comment as last month.

The storthing has voted an appropriation of $18,000 for the equipment of Nansen's famous polar vessel "Fram" for Captain Roald Amundsen's much talked of polar expedition. Prior to the voting there was a spirited debate, but the motion finally passed, there being 87 votes in favor of the appropriation and 34 against it.

The city of Bergen has erected a beautiful theater. It was formally opened on the 5th inst., in the presence of the king and many dignitaries from all over the country. One of the patrons of the new theater is Ex-Premier Michelsen. The playhouse is modern in every respect and is at present the finest theater in Norway.

In a Christiania paper the following unique advertisement appeared the other day: "The lady to whom I became engaged at the recent students' ball will please send in her name and address to this paper." The young man is now reported singing the pathetic American ballad, entitled "After the Ball Is Over."

A number of storthing's representatives are in favor of the appointment of a committee whose duties it shall be to investigate the financial condition of the Bank of Norway and the railways owned by private capital with an ultimate view of placing them under government control.

A young Swedish socialist, named Julin, who during the strike disturbances in Christiania last November hurled a bomb against a police constable, has been sentenced to jail for ninety days. Julin came from Stockholm, where he has several times been under arrest.

A Stenskjaer paper appeard the other day with one page of printed matter. The remaining pages were blank, "owing to the fact," says the editor, "that the typographers attended a wedding and have since been intoxicated."

Strictly fresh eggs are an expensive luxury in Christiania, Bergen and Trondhjem at present. During the past three weeks they have been worth 12 ore a piece and this is a little too much for the average pocket book.

Walter Wellman has telegraphed Tromsoe that he wants to hire a ship again to proceed to Spitzbergen. The daring aeronaut is evidently in earnest about making a third attempt to reach the north pole.

The Mexico-Norway Steamship line will in the near future receive an appropriation of 114,000 crowns from the Mexican government. The Norwegian government may also grant a similar appropriation in the near future.

The first fresh cargo of salmon arrived at Christiania from Siberia and America Jan. 11. Meantime Norway exports large quantities of herring to America and all European countries.

DENMARK.

The two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of Copenhagen's defense against Karl Gustaf IX. and the Swedes was generally observed in Copenhagen week before last. The whole city was in festive attire and there were special performances at all the theaters and tableaux commemorative of the memorable event showing the different episodes and stages of the siege that elicited thunderous applause from the large audiences. A Copenhagen socialist paper took a decided stand against the celebration and stated that it was barbaric in character and would only cause bad blood in Sweden.

Prince Harald and the Princess Helena of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glucksburg will, according to a Berlin correspondent, be married May 6. The engagement took place last June and the rumor that it has since been broken up is entirely without foundation. After the nuptials, which will be held in Berlin, the royal young couple will take an extensive wedding trip to East Asia and will be gone about a year. The bridegroom was born in 1876, the bride in 1888.

Einar Mikkelsen, en route to New Guinea, will start out within a few [illegible] will again start for New Guinea and expects to complete his explorations there in about two years.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Demand for the immediate creation by congress of a permanent tariff commission was voiced in resolutions adopted by the tariff commission conference convention at Indianapolis. To dispel any idea that delay in tariff revision is sought and that the purpose of the gathering was to delay action on the pending tariff by congress a provision was added urging that congress during its special session shall prepare and adopt a revised tariff to the best of its ability under present conditions.

The Philippine constabulary band, comprising more than eighty members, which is scheduled to lead the parade in Washington on the occasion of the inauguration of President Taft, has arrived at San Francisco.

The battleship fleet has arrived at Hampton Roads after encircling the globe. The fleet was greeted by President Roosevelt and a number of government officials and by thousands of people from far and near.

President Harry C. Pulliam has been relieved from the presidency of the National Baseball league, granted an indefinite leave of absence and Secretary Treasurer John Heidler was appointed acting president.

Governor Gillett of California has signed the Walker-Otis anti-race track gambling bill, which will have the effect of closing the big tracks at Oakland and Los Angeles.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Geronimo, the noted Indian chief, is dead at Fort Sill, Okla., where he had been confined as a prisoner of war for a number of years. Geronimo was the war chief of the Apaches. He was captured with his band at Skelton canyon, Ariz., twenty-two years ago, having surrendered to General Nelson A. Miles, who, with his soldiers, had pursued him for months.

Carroll D. Wright, president of Clark college and former commissioner of labor, is dead at Worcester, Mass., aged sixty-nine years. President Wright had been a sufferer from diabetes for more than two years.

Rear Admiral James G. Green, U. S. N., retired, is dead at Edenton, N. C. He was born in 1841 and entered the naval service in 1861.

N. B. Van Slyke, aged seventy-seven years, a veteran Madison (Wis.) banker, is dead.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS.

T. Takesawa, commissioner for Japan for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, has arrived at Seattle from Tokio. He states that plans for the biggest exhibit ever made by Japan abroad will be commenced immediately.

William H. Taft, president-elect of the United States, was made a master Mason at Cincinnati. The highest Masonic authorities of seventeen states witnessed Mr. Taft's admission into the order.

Mrs. William J. Lemp, Jr., wife of a wealthy St. Louis brewer, has been granted a divorce following a sensational trial.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

All schedules for steel have been abandoned by the United States Steel corporation and business will be sought at any price that can be obtained. This was decided after a conference that had been in progress for two days at the steel trust's headquarters in New York city.

Directors of the Southern Pacific company, which controls and operates the Southern Pacific railroad, have authorized an issue of $82,000,000 twenty-year 4 per cent bonds, which are convertible into common stock at $130 per share.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 20.—Wheat—May, $1.11¼; July, $1.11⅞@1.12. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.13⅞@1.14; No. 1 Northern, $1.12⅞@1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.10⅞@1.11⅛; No. 3 Northern, $1.07@1.09.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.00. Hogs—$5.60@5.85. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.25; yearlings, $6.00@6.50; lambs, $7.00@7.40.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.13¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.12½; No. 2 Northern, $1.10¼; May, $1.11⅞; July, $1.12¼; Sept., 98¼c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.65; May, $1.68½; July, $1.66½; Sept., $1.46; Oct., $1.40.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Wheat—May, $1.15⅝@1.15¾; July, $1.06⅝@1.06⅞; Sept., [illegible]; Dec., [illegible]. Corn—Feb., 62½c; May, 65⅛c; Sept., 64⅝@64⅞c; July, 64⅞@64⅞c. Oats—May, 51⅞c; July, 47⅝c; Sept., 44¼c. Pork—May, $16.92½; July, $16.97½@17.00. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 21@25c. Eggs—22@23½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 12½c; springs, 13½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.[illegible]; Texas steers, $[illegible]; Western steers, $[illegible]; stockers and feeders, $[illegible]; cows and heifers, $[illegible]; calves, $[illegible]. Hogs—[illegible] mixed, $[illegible]; heavy, $6.[illegible]; rough, $[illegible]; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.[illegible]; pigs, $5.10@6.00. Sheep, $[illegible]; yearlings, $6.00@6.90; lambs, $5.75@7.60.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Mrs. Perry Starkweather of Minneapolis, in charge of the woman's department of the state bureau of labor, has begun a campaign for the protection of girls from the country who come to the large cities without definite plans for employment. The campaign is to be one of education, in which the woman's clubs throughout the state are to be interested.

The state supreme court has sustained the decision of Judge E. F. Waite of Minneapolis in the Brown and Klein cases, involving the validity of the wineroom ordinance and the definition of a wineroom. In both cases Judge Waite ruled that a partition of any kind behind which drinks were served was a wineroom under the ordinance.

An unofficial inspection of the work on the Panama canal by a group of Minneapolis people has been planned for the coming month. The tour includes a trip by rail across the isthmus from Colon to Panama and the party will see the canal in the process of construction.

Duluth's municipal water and light plant was operated on a net profit to the city of $104,000 in 1908, according to the annual report of the department just issued. The money was all expended in extensions to new districts of the city which are building up.

The jury in the case of Ida Oberg Lando at St. Paul returned a verdict in which she was declared to have been the wife of Dr. David H. Lando and is now his widow. Dr. Lando's father claims the estate of his son on the ground that he never married.

The Mississippi river between St. Paul and Minneapolis is included in the appropriation of $600,000 proposed for rivers and harbors, of which surveys have been made, but which are not included in the general rivers and harbors appropriation.

An ordinance providing for the construction of the four new high schools, based on a total expenditure of $1,000,000, has been passed by the St. Paul city council.

St. Paul will have a new $1,000,000 brass foundry if railroads will promise to give them their work. The proposed factory will employ 300 skilled men.

The president has nominated Gustave Scholle of St. Paul to be third secretary of the embassy at Berlin, Germany.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Mary E. Snow, a former resident of St. Paul, is dead at her home at Alameda, Cal., aged seventy-nine years. With her husband, the late F. E. Snow, she lived for some years at Garden City and Mankato, this state, and in 1860 located in St. Paul, where Mr. Snow had charge of the Davidson line of boats.

Joseph W. Rogers, a pioneer resident of New York Mills, Otter Tail county, is dead from rheumatism. Mr. Rogers was seventy-four years of age and the father of a family of nineteen children.

Mrs. Arabella W. Dunn, mother of Senator W. W. Dunn of St. Paul, is dead as the result of a stroke of apoplexy. She was seventy-eight years of age and a pioneer resident of Minnesota.

Amos B. Hills of Faribault died suddenly of heart failure in Mankato while visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Hughes. He was eighty-one years of age.

Principal Charles Alden Smith of the Duluth Central high school is dead. He was one of Duluth's most respected citizens, having been principal there for ten years.

Hettinger Nicholas, a veteran of the Civil and Indian wars is dead at the Soldiers' home hospital of heart disease. He was seventy-four years old.

Charles D. Johnston, aged forty-three, a traveling man of Minneapolis, died suddenly of heart disease while reading in his room at the Hotel Nicollet in that city.

Rev. Charles Frederick Garvin, eighty-one years old and a pioneer Methodist minister in Minnesota, is dead at Hamline.

J. A. Chesley, aged sixty-five, a resident of Anoka for forty years, is dead.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Mrs. Edna Stabrodt, twenty-three years old, daughter of Charles Stabrodt, residing on the Hermantown road out of Duluth, was assaulted by an unidentified man. Mr. Stabrodt tried to shoot the girl's assailant when his attention was attracted by his daughter's cries, but the gun missed fire.

Suffering from melancholia as the result of ill health Mrs. George E. Armstrong of Minneapolis left her husband's bed, tiptoed into the nurse's room, where she kissed and wept over her baby, then went into the kitchen and put a bullet through her head. Death was instantaneous.

Mrs. Elnora Zeigler, an aged woman living east of Litchfield, committed suicide by hanging herself at the home of her son, Charles Zeigler, during a period of temporary aberration.

Pierre Aulette, a farmer residing near Hunt, Polk county, is prostrated as a result of the loss of two sons and his wife in less than a week. All died of typhoid fever.

EDITORS DISCUSS KNOCKERS

Subject Creates Stir at Meeting of State Association.

"Knocking" was the theme that created the biggest stir at the session of the Minnesota Editorial association held in the city council room in the city hall at St. Paul.

Charles S. Schurman of West St. Paul read a letter roasting the "knocker" and incidentally praising "Jim" Hill. J. E. Childs, editor of the Waseca Herald, then said:

"Knockers have done more than all the conservatives ever born. Christ was a knocker, St. John was a knocker, John the Baptist was a knocker, Abraham Lincoln was a knocker, Washington was a knocker. To do away with the knockers what would the world do?

"I say God bless the knocker and keep him safe from harm. While he lives Hill and his type can go no farther than a certain point and then stop."

The session was opened with a strong address by W. M. James, president of the association. Fifteen new members were added to the roll.

The association put itself on record as being unequivocally opposed to the present duty on wood pulp and passed a resolution calling upon the senators from Minnesota and the state delegation in congress to strive for the absolute removal of the duty on that product as well as any other important articles needed in the publication of newspapers or magazines. The following officers were chosen by unanimous vote:

President, C. S. Edwards, Albert Lea; first vice president, C. H. Bronson, Osakis; second vice president, F. W. Hunt, Mankato; third vice president, H. J. Essler, St. Peter; secretary, C. P. Stine, St. Paul; treasurer, David Ramaley, St. Paul; historian, H. W. Wheelock, Fergus Falls; executive committee, C. C. Whitney, chairman; C. S. Easton and Frank J. Meyst.

DONATION FOR ST. THOMAS

General Education Board Offers $75,000 Conditionally.

With the announcement by Dr. Wallace Buttrick, secretary of the General Education Board, that $75,000 has been set aside for St. Thomas college, conditioned upon the institution raising the balance of a $300,000 fund, marks the beginning of an active campaign by those interested in the college.

St. Thomas college was founded by Archbishop Ireland. The noted prelate has always taken a very deep interest in the institution and the success which has been attained by the college is ascribed to his efforts in its behalf. Upon his return the campaign for raising funds will be mapped out and pushed with vigor.

OF INTEREST TO MINNESOTA

Amendments Offered to Rivers and Harbors Bill.

In the senate committee of commerce several amendments affecting Minnesota will be made to the rivers and harbors bill.

The principal one is for a survey for a canal to connect Lake Superior with the head waters of the Mississippi river by way of the St. Croix route.

Senator Nelson will ask for a flat appropriation of $150,000 to dredge the inner basin of Duluth harbor.

Dorando Defeats Relay Team.

Dorando, the little Italian, hero of the recent London Marathon, easily defeated the Twin City relay team at the Auditorium at St. Paul, covering the fifteen miles in the fast time of 1 hour, 26 minutes and 45 seconds. Not only did the little Italian defeat the original four runners who were pitted against him, but outran five men who were put on at frequent intervals after being refreshed.

Prominent Farmer Ends Life.

Fred J. Glassbrenner, a prominent farmer living near Gibbon, was found by his hired man, Nels Trueson, hanging by a rope from the rafters of his barn. There was still a quiver of life in the body, but death came before medical aid could be procured. The deceased was very prominent and well known throughout this section of the country and his act is a surprise to his relatives and friends.

Falls to His Death.

Henry Pandle, tower operator, fell from the top of the water tower at Hibbing and was instantly killed. The distance was 180 feet. He was forty-five years old and married. His predecessor as operator at the tower, John Murphy, was killed in the same manner two years ago.

St. Paul Man Killed by Train.

Thomas Dilly of St. Paul was run down by a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul passenger train at Lexington avenue and St. Clair street and horribly mangled. The fragments were placed on an engine and removed to the morgue.

Makes Good the Shortage.

John Brorich, employed as cashier by two Chisholm firms, who was alleged to have disappeared with nearly $1,000, has returned from San Francisco and made good the shortage, which was about $700, and there will be no prosecution.

Both Duelists Killed.

Eldorado, Ark., Feb. 22.—John Oliver Franklin, a prominent citizen of this county, and a negro named Ford shot and killed each other. The men fired simultaneously.

FOREST RESERVES

Large Tracts Set Aside In Northern Minnesota.

NEARLY ONE MILLION ACRES

Plot Located in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.

President Roosevelt has created a great forest reserve in Northern Minnesota, covering 909,734 acres; the largest government reserve in the country east of the Rocky mountains.

The reserve lies in two tracts, one comprising about twenty townships in the northeastern corner of St. Louis county, bordering on the Rainy river; the other tract to the east, partly in Lake and partly in Cook counties, reaching almost to Lake Superior. This tract does not reach the boundary country.

The new reserve is much larger than the one at Cass Lake, the only one previously established in the state. The Cass Lake reserve takes in only about 100,000 acres. The land set aside is nearly all timbered, being generally rocky and unfit for cultivation.

It is now desired that the legislature forbid the killing of big game in this territory, which is a great breeding ground for moose. Such action by Minnesota would practically turn the reserve into a great national park.

FIFTY LODGERS RESCUED

Late Sleepers Overcome With Smoke When Fire Breaks Out.

Fifty late sleeping guests of the Mankato hotel, a lodging house at Minneapolis, were rudely awakened from their slumbers by the fire fiend and became participants in a spectacular scene in which heroic firemen, brave policemen and nervy hotel employes took part.

The fire started in the pawnshop of Schriner & Blumenfeldt from a defective stovepipe. When Blumenfeldt opened the shop he discovered trouble and called the fire department. Meanwhile A. Banfill, the hotel clerk, smelled the smoke and had started through the rooms on the upper two floors, arousing the guests. Most of them gathered up their belongings and started for the street in light attire. Some of the lodgers had been so overcome by the fumes of the dense smoke that they had to be rescued.

Patrolmen Willar, Belair and Maloney carried several of the lodgers out.

ENDS LIFE BY SHOOTING

St. Paul Railroad Cashier Short in His Accounts.

Holder Brayton of St. Paul, forty years old, cashier in the Northern Pacific land department, shot himself while alone in a cottage on the east shore of White Bear lake and died twelve hours later.

Brayton was short in his accounts. He left a note declaring his suicide was the end of a misspent life and attaching no blame to any one. Another brief note exonerated his office associates of any knowledge of his embezzlements, the exact amount of which has not been determined.

Brayton was to have been married this spring to Miss Ida Engemoen of St. Paul. The suicide had been twice married, his first wife having died and his second divorced.

Brayton had been employed by the Northern Pacific for many years. He had not been working for two days on account of illness.

STAGE DRIVER IS HELD UP

Robbed of Six Hundred Dollars Near Virginia.

Joe Snell, driver of the stage which runs between Mountain Iron and Virginia, was held up and robbed of $600.

He got a check cashed for that amount at Virginia and was on his way to Mountain Iron when he was held up by two masked men at a lonely point of the road.

The money belonged to his employer, T. Kaskey, owner of the stage line. The latter sent the check over to be cashed.

May Be Wolves' Victim.

The unknown man who was killed by wolves recently in the wild and unsettled country between Stony River and Ely and whose picked bones were found by woodsmen may have been Carl Frykdah, aged eighteen years, of Duluth. He left Duluth on Feb. 9 to work for a lumber company in the section where the bones were found and as he did not keep his promise to write to his mother she is fearful he was the victim of wild beasts.

Pioneer of Duluth Dead.

Captain J. J. Hibbard of Duluth is dead in that city at the age of seventy-eight years, of Bright's disease. The death of Captain Hibbard removes one of the oldest residents of the Head of the Lakes region. He was a pioneer of pioneers, having been there a half century.

Approves Insurance Plan.

The St. Paul Trades and Labor assembly has endorsed the recommendations of the State Federation of Labor executive committee that the state of Minnesota become an insurance company.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Hotel
Ogahmah
C. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Pneumonia follows La Grippe.
Pneumonia often follows la grippe but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, for la grippe coughs and deep seated colds. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

C. R. Kluger, the Jeweler, 1060 Virginia Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complexion, cured my backache and the irregularities disappeared, and I can now attend to business every day, and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cured me after the doctors and other remedies had failed." A. Bjerkhoel.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

People who smile a good deal can generally tell you a lot about dentists.

Some people are so guileless that it seems a shame to take advantage of them, but don't worry about them. They are generally the ones that turn up missing in company with your loose dollars.

WORKING AGAIN

It is generally necessary to bow to the inevitable, but don't associate with it any more than you have to.

As a general thing, a man does not care who sees the handwriting on the wall as long as his wife doesn't see that on the gray blue envelope.

Quite a lot of time is wasted by a man trying to figure out some possible arrangement to permit a girl to go on loving him without compromising him.

A tightwad often has more money than friends and is glad of it.

If we could see others as we see ourselves it might help some too.

Be kind to all you chance to meet and firm with those you have an appointment with.

Fine Somewhere.

Cheer up!
Beyond
The equator
The winter
Is somewhat later.
In fact,
I hear
This time of year
The weather
Is so fair
They're picking cherries—
Oh, yum, yum!—
And peaches
Over there.
You say
There is
Some funny
Biz
About that kind
Of clime.
Oh, no!
You must not
Ever think
They do it all the time.
No;
They have snow
When we
Up here
Have heat and such
To burn.
So
Let them gloat.
There'll come a time,
And we
Will have
Our turn.

The Road to Debt.

There are undoubtedly as many footprints on the road to debt as there are on the sands of time, but somehow the careless straggler on the pathway doesn't seem to draw any lesson from the fact that there are very few returning.

WHEN YOU LOSE YOUR TEMPER

Blame the whole thing on the other fellow. He isn't present, and anybody who accepts accusation without protest is at once adjudged guilty by an interested and offensive audience.

Kick the cat. Probably it is borrowed or at least a stray cat, and it has no way of getting back at you except by the alley song, and the days of the singer have fled, thanks to other night noises that make the song unable to be heard.

Growl about the coffee. Chances are that your wife will be so afraid of offending the hired girl that she will take the affront in cold silence and appear not to notice.

Step on the other passengers in the street car. There generally is such a crowd anyway that you can safely do this and not get caught at it. You will thus work off part of your grouch and not run the chance of getting your head punched.

Growl at the office boy. He is too small to punch your head, and he wouldn't dare do it anyway if he were as big as Goliath, because you could send him hunting for another job. Jobs aren't easy to find, and he needs one in his business, so you will be perfectly safe in distributing part of your grouch in his direction.

After you have made everybody that comes anywhere near you feel the weight of your ill nature you will feel serene and comfortable and by and by will begin to wonder why everybody seems to be nursing a grouch.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

UNAPPRECIATED.

As we grow older and acquire
Age, dignity, some whiskers and
A tall plug hat and clothes to match
We cannot really understand
What fun there is for little boys
On chilly winter days to shy
A snowball round and hard as ice
At every ancient passerby.

It may be many years ago
We liked such rude, ill mannered sport,
But even that can't make it right
Nor furnish an excuse in court.
If any little boy of mine
Were caught in any such a prank
He'd have to meet me in the shed
And conjugate the verb "to spank."

Some reason there is, more or less,
In any creature but a boy.
His notions are most warped and strained
Regarding merriment and joy.
He should be brought up with a jerk
The moment it begins to snow
And told that other folks have rights
And shown the mark that he must toe.

It isn't pleasant, you can bet,
To every blessed moment fear
As you go walking down the street
A chunk will get you in the ear.
Boys will be boys, I've heard them say,
And that is true, but, bully gee,
They'd better not, if they are wise,
Too many times get gay with me.

WELL CAN YOU PROVE IT

Of Course.

"Why do you always deny everything?"

"To see how much you are able to prove."

Whom It Would Fit.

"Let me show you my mining proposition," said the breezy man with the big fur overcoat and more confidence than a book agent.

"But I never could understand those things," replied the modest citizen who wasn't out to purchase gold bricks.

"But this is simple as A B C."

"Ought to be great for simple minded people."

Valueless.

"Loan me a dollar."

"But I thought you said you have a lot of rich friends."

"I have."

"Why don't you ask the loan of them?"

"They aren't worth a dollar."

Working Overtime.

"This is a wonderful age we live in."

"Yes; my husband says we are making history right now."

"Perhaps," remarked mother-in-law in an exasperating tone of voice, "that is why he stays down town so much nights."

No Chances.

"Marriage is such a lottery."

"Except for the broken down noblemen who marry rich American girls."

"What is it for them?"

"A cinch."

Careful.

"I believe you are afraid of work, you rogue."

"Not unless it gits too near, mum."

Glad to Do It.

To steal a kiss is not a crime
Unless the girl should spurn it.
The thief is willing every time
With interest to return it.

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

There is no use trying to run away from trouble. General distress seems to have suboffices everywhere.

When a man kindly points out your faults to you he only causes you to notice his nerve.

Don't try to circumvent a crafty person. Give him quickly what he wants and watch his disappointment.

Unselfishness is a luxury that we like to see our friends indulge in even if it is costly.

Inability to tell a good lie often renders a man honest.

The easiest way to pay off bills is to carefully see to it that there are none.

Wise is the man who doesn't care what happens because it will any way.

Extremely busy people are frequently those who do nothing and are a great success at it.

It takes a lot of money to square some people and a lot more to make others come around.

Patiently persist in well doing and in the end some unsuspecting stranger will be benefited even if you are not.

If every day were dress parade day, a lot of us children would be happy.

The only part of his work that the average man likes is drawing his salary.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.
People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000

Pay your personal property taxes at this bank. We give you receipt especially prepared for taxes. Taxes paid before March will avoid penalty.

We are in a better position than ever to handle farm loans and can make your loan at very low rates.

We solicit new accounts. We should be more than glad to open an account with you and assure you that no account is too large for us to handle safely and none to small to be warmly welcomed.

People's State Bank.

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

FOUR generations of American scientists, technicians, men of affairs, men of leisure, have chosen the HOWARD watch.
The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.
Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory, and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.
"When you buy a HOWARD you get something."
We are distributors for this distinctive watch.
CITY DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

The News: $1 per Year

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right.

HE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Representative O. J Wright, of Otter Tail county, has prepared a bill providing for a state scheme for draining. He proposes to have the state engineer make all the surveys and that the state shall pay for the surveying and furnish the plats to the county. He thinks this plan will provide more skillful engineering and make fewer ditches where the water is obliged to run up hill if it runs at all.

Senator Stephenson, of Wisconsin, admits that he has spent $107,000 in his campaign for re-election. We take it for granted that he did not want the office merely for the salary that goes with it.

Grand Duke Vladimer, familiarly known as "Uncle Vlad," has succeeded in dying a natural death in Russia. It was his greatest achievment.

NO MORE HOMESTEADS IN 1915.

It will startle a great many people, who have failed to note the rapidity with which the public lands of the nation have been passing out of its hands, to be informed that in about six years, at farthest, all the unreserved public lands of the United States now open to homesteaders, will have been absorbed in private ownership; that is, except the barren mountainous areas of Nevada and Wyoming and some smaller but equally unavailable tracts in Montana, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Oregon. Yet such is the result of a careful compilation of facts and figures made by W. W Palmer, assistant in the United States land office at Miles City, Mont. He has observed the rate which the yet unappropriated government land, in each of the twenty-four states containing such land, has been taken up during the past year and a half; and, taking this rate as a basis, reaches the conclusion that the average time of exhaustion of the public lands, for all the said states, is 24 years. But in getting this "average" Montana and Wyoming are given respectively 270 and 155 years, since there is next to no call for snow-clad or barren mountains or homesteads. Omitting these, the average time in the remaining 22 states is about six years. As the land is taken up with increasing rapidity each successive year, the probabilities are that it will all have been absorbed in an even shorter time than six years. As everybody knows, the greater part of the recent rapid absorption has been by corporations and individuals, fraudulently using the homestead and timber claim acts to enable them to acquire thousands of acres. Yet congress stolidly refuses to pass any measure of reform. It likewise persists in allowing the homestead law to remain unaltered, thus giving to every homesteader, and to every dummy representing himself as a homesteader, 160 acres of land, when even 40 acres is now worth more than 160 was when the law was enacted, and when there are dozens of applicants now where formerly there was only one. President Roosevelt, Secretary Garfield and the department of justice are making a strenuous effort to recover for the government many millions of acres fraudulently obtained by the present holders. The addition of these stolen acres to the amount of land available for bona fide settlers will not, however, more than offset the increased demand; so the period of six years may be accepted as the final limit of the homesteader's opportunity. The story of the dissipation, by unwise legislation, of the finest landed inheritance ever possessed by any nation, is a *melancholy* one. If all the land had gone to actual homemakers, little condemnation would be heard. The transformation of the wilderness into small farms, each the center of a thrifty home life, multiplies the nation's resources beyond the value of a "wild" land. But the tying up of millions of acres of lands of unscrupulous corporations and speculators is a sin against the people.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

First—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

Second—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

Third—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

Fourth—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Germantown.

Samuel Hedegaard, missionary of the American Sunday School Union conducted services in the Hopkins Chapel Saturday and Sunday Feb. 13th and 14th.

A new and varied consignment of books was added to the school library last week.

Miss Josie Bendickson is back from Binford, N. D., where she has been since last summer.

Ole Holmen and Berner Levos, of Clover Leaf township, visited with Germantown friends a week ago Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Edseth's two weeks old baby died Tuesday of last week.

Josie Longevin died last Wednesday of consumption, being fourteen years of age. She has been an orphan from infancy, her mother having died at that time, when she was adopted by her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Longevan. The deceased was an intelligent and promising young girl of good habits and the loss is keenly felt by the family and her young friends.

The Edseth and Longevan funerals occurred on Monday from the Lutheran church, Rev. H. Bjornson officiating.

John Kratochvil has been busy lately moving his property down to the farm he has rented north of Thief River Falls. The family moved last week. Since the survey of the county ditch east and west through here was made there has been talk of a plan to have another tributary ditch constructed about 13 miles in length, running from up north-east and emptying into the main ditch in the western part of this town. We are unable as yet to state whether the object is to make an attempt at draining one edge of the floating bog, or if it is only to serve as suction for the main ditch on the same principle as pouring water into the well-pump when the valve is out of order.

Conrad Klippenbach has purchased Henry Cook's quarter section of land on the new reservation for a consideration of $1500.

Miss Sarah Vaughan returned home last week from her visit at Kalispel, Mont.

O. L. [illegible], of Newfolden, representing the Marshall County Farmers Mutual Insurance Co. was up around here last week, writing fire and lightning insurance.

Nels Moe has commenced moving his house-hold goods, etc., up to Grygla. The family will move to that place the first part of March.

That the county option bill again has run the gauntlet in the House and failed is an old story at this time, but the one thing about the representation of this and neighboring legislative districts standing loyally by their colors to the final test on the measure and we respectfully beg leave to call attention to the record now with a view of having it remembered and, perchance, rewarded two years hence.

A party of a dozen peddlers invaded the country last week.

Ole Overum and family of Highlanding visited with old Germantown neighbors the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dau leave for Larimore, N. D., next week.

Rocksbury.

The Y. W. S. C. met at Mrs. Satre's last Friday evening, and quite a number were present and a good time was reported.

Mrs John Gustafson spent Sunday at home.

Syverin Nelson left Sunday night for Fosston.

Miss Grace Meehan came up from Grand Forks and spent Sunday with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Crowe spent Sunday at Meehan's.

John Orison Sundayed with Clinton Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller spent Sunday at Rondarf's.

Reiner.

A telephone meeting was held at Halvorson's store last week, and money was raised to get four hundred poles, which will be sufficient to build the line whatever direction we take.

George Johnson, of Grygla, passed thru here on his way home from Kratka where another telephone meeting was held. The farmers decided to build a main line from Grygla to Thief River Falls via Reiner, Highlanding, Kratka and Anton, and then build rural lines to connect at those points.

Gust Borkeness returned home from Newfolden last week.

John Stenvik has got his saw mill in running order and will commence work as soon as logs can be had.

The Creamery Association is hard at work building the ice house. So we will at last have a creamery.

Martin Anderson returned home after a week's visit with friends and relations in town of Moylan.

Julius Halvorson is moving his ware house to where the creamery is to be built.

M. T Torgerson has traded off his land for another quarter section in town of Esplee.

A lot of our farmers went to town last week.

A Denial from High Authority.

(From "National Food Magazine," Chicago.)

Dr. H. W. Wiley, Chief Chemist of the Agricultural Department, has demanded of the Calumet Baking Powder Company, of Chicago, that it cease the publication of alleged certificates or statements that he had endorsed the Calumet Baking Powder, or reported in favor of its purity, wholesomeness or superiority. Such statements, he says, are false.

Dr. Wiley never served upon a committee of awards, as alleged, nor signed such a report or certificate, nor did he ever endorse the Calumet Baking Powder in any way. On the contrary, Dr. Wiley testified before a Congressional Committee relative to alum in food, as follows: "As I have said repeatedly, I do not use it in my own home, and would not use alum in bread if I knew it. Alum is injurious."

It seems that Dr. Wiley's demand that the Calumet Company should cease these publications, which are, he says, "against the truth," was not complied with, altho he says he has done all he could "to stop the base and inexcusable use of his name."

The public will share in Dr. Wiley's indignation that his name and official position should be fraudulently used to aid in foisting upon consumers a food compound made from ingredients which the Doctor has publicly declared to be injurious.

Notice.

At the last monthly meeting of the Creamery Board, among other business transacted, was the unanimous adoption of the following resolution: "That Mr. Christ Thompson be notified to appear before the board of said association on Monday, March 1st at 1:30 p. m., at creamery to show cause why he should not be expelled from said association.

This action was taken—disagreeable as it is—on request of some creamery patrons.

J. O. THORSTAD
R. L. MUZZY
JOHN L. FINKE.
N. S. NELSON.
P. ENGELSTAD.

All Got The Editor Beat.

An exchange says that one third of the people of the county think they can beat a lawyer in expounding the law. One half think they can beat the doctor in healing the sick. Two thirds think they can put the minister in a hole in preaching the gospel, and all of them think they can beat the editor in running a newspaper.

Potatoes and Clover.

As an aid to the more scientific growth of potatoes and clover, the state farmers' institute will conduct in the near future a series of potato and clover institutes throughout the potato sections tributary to the twin cities. The subjects to be discussed will be varieties of potatoes, selection of seed, treatment for scab, planting, cultivation, and so on. Clover is the greatest crop common to Minnesota in building up the soil, and there is no place where potatoes do better than following a crop of clover. A knowledge of the connection between the two crops is of the greatest importance to farmers. The dates for the institutes have not been fully decided upon, but it is considered probable that a large number will be held owing to the great importance of potato growing in this state.

AT THE BIJOU.

Special program at the Bijou, moving pictures of the "Earthquake in Sicily", portraying the most appalling disaster in the history of civilization and which startled the world on the morning of December 28th—hundreds of views and incidents. We also announce one of the distinct moving picture novelties of the current season is the production of the splendid Chinese spectacle, entitled, "Lights and Shadows of Chinatown". While all the characters are Chinese the story of the drama is one of tremendous heart interest and the climaxes are of great dramatic strength.

In "Doll Making" we see the manufacture of dolls is quite an important industry and in this number we are privileged to see just how the pretty playthings are manufactured. Two roaring comic novelties are on the bill this week,—"A Put Up Job" and "The Fake Doctor." Mr. M. Giller will render the original barn dance song, "Morning Cy", which promises to be the greatest song hit of the year. Something interesting and novel by the amateurs Friday evening.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Feb. 20, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Gortes, Frank
Hanson, Annie
McCann, Mike
Offerdahl, Miss S.—2
Renstad, R. O.
Gorke, Henry
Johnson, A. L.
Lorig, Theo.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. SMITH, Pastor.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $105.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 10:30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Votendahl for the sum of $30. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

The trap nest should be employed to weed out the loafers in the hen-house and the Babcock tester employed to do the same job in the dairy. Both devices are foes to the shiftless and incompetent.

One of the interesting and valuable short courses which are offered by the Wisconsin Agricultural college is ten days of instruction for the Swiss cheese makers of the state. Instruction is given in the use of the Babcock and lactometer tests, the curd test and making starters for cheese.

A short time since there was reported the case of a clever angler who fooled a goodly number of suckers by advertising to send "twenty-five very useful articles on receipt of 10 cents in stamps." Those who bit received twenty-five pins by return mail. The same useful articles could have been bought in the home stores at a penny a paper.

The recently enacted federal pure food law has hit the bogus paint and oil manufacturers as well as adulterators of food products. As a consequence a stop has been put to the making of "pure linseed oil" from anything but flaxseed, with the very natural result that pure linseed oil has gone up to 75 cents per gallon, while flaxseed has advanced in price from 95 cents a bushel in 1907 to $1.18 in 1908, with the chances good that it will be higher the coming season.

The Kansas experiment station has been conducting some interesting corn breeding experiments. Among these was one in which all of the kernels of ears of two types were planted in separate rows. It was found at husking time that seed from the poorer ear, which was selected at random, yielded at the rate of 72.7 bushels per acre, while that from the better ear produced at the rate of 90.5 bushels per acre. There should be a suggestion here for every corn grower who may have been careless in the selection of his seed ears. The test referred to is very simple and easy, and any farmer can make a similar test in separate rows in his own field.

A reader of these notes living in Erie county, N. Y., writes asking for a repetition of the directions given some weeks ago for removing stumps by the use of acids. Since there may be some other readers who have forgotten the details we will restate them in brief. Bore a hole two inches in diameter and to a depth of about two feet in the center of the stump, and into this pour a pint of a mixture of concentrated nitric and sulphuric acids. Plug up the hole with a plug previously coated with paraffin, which will prevent the acid attacking it. The farmer who tried this method says it will eat up the stump, roots and all, within thirty days. If this time was required for pine stumps a somewhat longer period would be needed for the hardwood stumps.

Smut is an enemy of the oat crop that in many sections exacts a toll running all the way from 3 to 15 per cent of the value of the crop. Unlike the damage from rust, this smut loss can be absolutely prevented wherever the farmer will take the pains to treat his seed oats with a formalin solution, which is both inexpensive and easily made. The seed may be treated by spreading it in a layer a few inches deep on the barn or granary floor, applying the solution with a common garden sprinkler and shoveling the grain over until all of it is thoroughly moistened, or the seed may be very effectively treated by machines which have been designed for the purpose, costing $10 or $12, which handle a large amount of grain a day and could be purchased jointly by three or four neighbors. In this connection it is well to remember that, while one may not have suffered serious loss from smut, he is liable to this injury at any time with thrashing machines handling so much seed that is badly infested with the disease. A solution of proper strength is made by diluting one pint of 40 per cent formalin in thirty gallons of water.

A reader of these notes living on an irrigated ranch or farm in the Boise valley, Idaho, having read a recent article in these columns under the heading of "Three Propositions," which appeared a few weeks ago, writes, giving somewhat in detail the conditions under which farming is carried on in that section. With 300 days of sunshine and no zero weather, they are able to carry on practically all kinds of farming that are followed in the Mississippi valley. Alfalfa is the chief crop, the raising of which, our correspondent says, is more like manufacturing than farming, with sunshine always available and water at one's command. Five tons of hay per acre is the usual yield, the crop fetching $4.50 per ton in the stack and being fed mostly to sheep. Wheat on alfalfa sod produces from fifty to sixty bushels per acre and oats seventy to ninety bushels under the same conditions. Both cereals sell at $1.50 per hundredweight. Fruit growers in the section raise apples, peaches, pears, apricots, dew and black berries, as well as all kinds of vegetables. Land with fair improvements, capable of producing the above crops, is worth $100 per acre, while orchards are valued at from $200 per acre up. Our friend closes his interesting letter with the further pertinent and original observation that the "school and church facilities are as good as in Iowa (his former home), and the country isn't wooley." Should any reader wish to learn more of this Boise country we would be glad to furnish the address of our correspondent.

It is during February and March, the months of scant fare for the mice and rabbits, when an especial care should be exercised that the foes of the orchard trees do not get in their destructive work.

The truest and most farsighted philanthropy is not that which gives aid to unfortunates for the time being, but which helps them to help themselves and thus makes them free from the need of further assistance.

The presence of an undue growth of weeds on a piece of land may mean one of several things—that the land needs tilling to make better cultivation possible, that the owner has too much land to handle properly or that he is too lazy and shiftless to handle properly the land he has, be it much or little. In the first two cases a remedy may be applied, but it is difficult to apply any cure that will bring results in the third case.

Unless the farmer is so situated that he can devote considerable thought and attention to the breeding and training of his horses he will as a usual thing secure largest financial returns with least trouble by raising heavy draft horses. They are as a rule more docile and tractable, are easily broken and can be put to light work at two years old, which will enable the owner to get pay for their board until they are sold.

Orchard owners may be interested in knowing that in several cases where orchard trees have been destroyed by fire or in other ways the courts have held that orchard trees are worth 25 cents each at the end of the first year after setting, 50 cents at the end of the second, and every year thereafter 50 cents more than their value the preceding year. Thus at the end of ten years a fruit tree would be worth $4.50. An acre of eighty trees would be valued at $340 from the standpoint of the trees alone.

Now and then one runs across a statement to the effect that the very high price of clover seed is due in part to the fact that considerable quantities of it are used in the manufacture of dyes. A leading agricultural writer denies the authenticity of this report and states that it owes its circulation to the fact that some years ago a Cleveland business man who was proprietor of a dye works happened one season to be a rather heavy speculator in grain and particularly clover seed. From this the impression went abroad that he used the clover seed for dyeing purposes, when the fact was that none of it was used in this manner.

When one is engaged in tiling land adjoining a public highway which the lay of the land makes it necessary for him to cross it is well for him to know of the conditions under which this may be done. In most states the property owner is required to give the township road supervisor three or four weeks' notice that he wants the job done, specifying the depth and width of ditch and size of tile to be used. On the failure of the supervisor to do the work within a reasonable time the property owner may do so and collect the cost of the improvement from the township road fund. In case he does the job himself he must leave the road in as good condition as he found it.

The biological survey of the agricultural department at Washington has published some interesting data relative to the robin's bill of fare which ought to convince the horticulturist and agriculturist, if they need further persuasion, that the robin is one of the best friends they have. From a number of stomachs examined it was found that the food of the robin consisted of 42.78 per cent of insects, wild fruit 43.23 per cent, cultivated fruit 7.77 per cent, miscellaneous vegetable food 5.22 per cent. Of the insects, beetles of various kinds constituted 19 per cent, reaching in the month of May a maximum of 53 per cent, all varieties devoured being more or less harmful. Grasshoppers and crickets constituted 9 per cent for the year and rose to 30 per cent in August. The remaining 17 per cent of insect food of the robin consisted of moths, butterflies, bees, wasps, ants, bugs, etc. The stomach of one robin contained forty army worms, while another contained 125 March flies.

When one is spending so much time stoking fires and leaving a good per cent of his earnings with the coal man in exchange for fuel he is not naturally inclined to be much concerned in a supply of ice against next summer's heat. But when this comes on the ice will be just as much needed as the coal is now. Where one is not so located as to be served regularly by the ice man the individual ice-house may not be necessary, but for the dairy and household uses such a supply would be most satisfactory and economical. While a considerable sum of money may be tied up in an ice-house, a very simple structure will answer the purpose. The chief points to remember are proper drainage for it and ventilation in the upper part of the structure. The cakes should be of as regular size as possible for economy of space in packing, while a space of about a foot in width between the ice and the walls of the house should be filled thoroughly with sawdust and a covering of about the same thickness placed over the top layer of cakes. If there is likelihood that the ice-house will "bulge" when filled, this may be guarded against by running an iron rod through the house halfway up and securing it with proper anchors on the outside of the walls before the ice is put in place.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Renders the food more wholesome and superior in lightness and flavor.

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.03
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.55
Barley	50
Eggs	25c
Butter	20 25c

Miss Esther Stebbins spent Sunday at Warren.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

E. L. Quist was down to Crookston last week.

R. A. Kromer was up from Erskine the first of the week.

W. A. Schreiter was up from Red Lake Falls last week.

County Supt. of Schools Anderson was in the city last week.

George A. Drew, of Rollis, was in the city the first of the week.

Supt. J. H. Hay, of the city schools, was over to Warren last week.

R. D. V. Carr, the Middle River editor, was in the city last Saturday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Arthur Tanem went up to Greenbush Tuesday to visit friends for a few days.

Goodnow Torrison came over from Fisher Tuesday to attend to business matters for a few days.

J. W. Wheeler, the well known Crookston banker, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

County Commissioner John Sorum, of Holt, was in the city last Friday, being on route home from a trip to Warren.

L. V. Koos, superintendent of the schools at Red Lake Falls, spent last Friday in the city visiting the schools here.

Andrew Bjerkeel, who is at present working in a drug store at Warren, was in the city to spend Sunday with his parents.

The Waubun Forum says: "We are no prophet but will venture that when Mahnomen county becomes dotted with farm buildings and dairy herds—not to forget the hen—the villages in this same county will be among the most prosperous in the state."

We learn that an epidemic of typhoid fever has broken out in the township of Louisville, south of Wylie, and in nearly all of the cases the parties have been using Red Lake river water. The water in the river is evidently full of typhoid germs and anyone is assuming a great risk in drinking the water.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Mrs. Wm. Anderson visited friends at Waubun last week.

Oscar Williams was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Oscar and Miss Mary Sponheim spent Sunday at Grand Forks, N. D.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Frank Lawrence was up from Fergus Falls to spend Sunday with his family.

Chauncy Easton, of Warren, is a visitor at the S. W. Bagley home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Docken went to Hatton, N. D., last Saturday, returning on Monday.

Messrs. C. Schusser and Holberg, of Red Lake Falls, were visitors in the city between trains on Monday.

The dance given by the firemen Monday evening was very well attended and all had a most enjoyable time.

Chas. Gerber, one of the prosperous young farmers near Liner, was in the city transacting business last Friday.

H. Ellingson and family expect to leave the first of next week for the Pacific coast to make their future home.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. F. J. Seltz, pastor.

Miss Lyla Jackson entertained a number of friends last Saturday evening. Cards, games and refreshments were part of the evening's enjoyment.

W. H. Smith, a farmer residing near the town of Brooks, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters and made this office a call.

The Ladies Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will be entertained next Thursday, March 4, in the church basement by Mrs. I. T. Aastad.

The Hauges Ladies Aid will meet on March 2nd at 2 o'clock p. m., with Miss Sadie Dahle at the home of Rev. Dahle. Cordial invitation to all.

Services next Sunday morning at 10:30 and evening at 7:45 in the church east of the Soo depot. Home Missionary I. B. Droxton, of Ada, will preach. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

The Oen Mercantile Company will continue to handle McCormick and Milwaukee binders and mowers. A short time ago an item appeared in the News stating that the company was going to discontinue handling farm machinery, but it was an error.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo Elder.

Ole C. Brenne was up to Strathcona last Friday.

O. J. Knox was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Ira C. Richardson was up to Roseau the first of the week.

K. L. Lundgren, of Viking, was in the city the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

O. A. Storvick, the creamery inspector, was in the city the first of the week

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Remember the sale and supper at the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church tomorrow evening.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

There will be services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

John Rawson returned to this city Tuesday from Crookston where he had been to receive medical treatment.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

The Ladies Aid Society of the United Luthern church will meet with Mrs. M. V. Evenson next Wednesday, March 3.

Personal property taxes are payable on or before February 28. Pay your taxes now at the Peoples State Bank.

Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son came up from Crookston yesterday to spend a few days visiting at the Kretzschmar home.

Rev. Aastad went to Grand Forks Tuesday evening to attend a meeting of the directors of Grand Forks College.

B. Dan Bjorkman wishes to announce that on the 1st of March he will again open his dying and cleaning establishment.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday morning and evening. The evening services will be in English.

Immanuel congregation will have services next Sunday at 3 o'clock p m, Mr. I. B. Droxton will preach. Everybody invited. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Ephram Thompson, better known among his friends as "Shorty", has returned from an extended visit with his parents at Blooming Prairie, Minn.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

The Young Peoples Society of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church will hold a sale of fancy articles at the church basement next Friday evening, Feb. 25. All are invited.

Mrs. Patrick Meehan died at her home in Milwaukee on the 6th of February. The deceased was quite well known in this city, having spent one winter here with her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Fargo left Monday for Oregon to see Mrs. Fargo's mother who is very sick at that place. They will be away for six weeks or two months.—Ogema Forum.

The annual report of the interior department of Canada shows that 73,000 persons settled on 30,000 homesteads in Western Canada last year. Of this number 8,000 were Americans, 2,700 going from North Dakota and 1,500 from Minnesota.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

Prof. Bruckman, until recently leader of the local band, left last Saturday night for Arkansas where he has accepted a similar position. Quite a number of the band boys and others gathered at the depot to bid him good bye and wish him success in his new field.

The supper served by the ladies of St. Bernard's church in the Masonic building last Monday evening was well attended and the house was taxed to its utmost capacity. The ladies have won a reputation for their excellent suppers, and is a treat not to be passed up.

It was at a dance recently at Red Lake Falls that a dainty little miss was handsomely gowned in a very pretty light material and when a very large and moisty perspiring member asked to dance with her she arose, but seeing his clammy hands and no gloves she modestly remarked: "Will you kindly use your handkerchief?" The big fellow started blankly for a moment, then a light broke over his round, sweltering face, and he drew his handerchief from his pocket and—blew his nose.

The party who exchanged fur scarf at the Firemen's dance, Feb. 22, will please return same to News office and receive their own fur.

—Mrs. Loui. Provincher will entertain the Ladies of St. Bernard's church next Thursday afternoon, March 4, from 3 to 5 o'clock at the Hotel Evelyn. All are invited.

Any one wishing to rent a fine farm on advantageous terms call on or write L. G. Carr at Middle River. There are about 85 acres under cultivation nearly all of which is plowed. Good out houses and a pasture of 50 acres. The farm will be rented for ⅓ of the crop providing the land is plowed back next fall or for half the crop without plowing. This is one of the best farms in the community and a splendid opportunity for some active man willing to do the fair thing.

Sewerage for the East Side.

O. H. Martz, the St. Hilaire civil engineer, was in the city Tuesday making a preliminary survey for the proposed sewerage system on the East Side. Mr. Martz says that there is a fine opportunity to establish a fine system of sewerage on the East Side. The survey will be made later.

A Pioneer Dead.

Thomas Veasey, one of the pioneer settlers of Thief River Falls, having been a resident here for the past sixteen years, died suddenly last Saturday of heart failure. The deceased was 86 years of age and was well and favorably known to many of the residents of this city. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon from the M. E. church.

A Statement.

Inasmuch as it has come to my knowledge from reliable sources that Mr. Christ Thompson, accompanied by another fellow, has been circulating around the country among other misrepresentations of facts also hints of incorrectness of the books of the Creamery Association, I will in reply to same, say, that I would gladly submit the books for investigation to any competent man or set of men at any time.

P. ENGELSTAD,
Secretary and Manager.

Don't Go South.

Rather than make the long journey southward in the fall, six mallard ducks have made the Lawndal spring, nine miles south of Barnesville, their home this winter. On several occasions the birds have flown to farm houses in that locality in search of food. After being fed with the domestic ducks they fly back to the icy springs. No one has yet attempted to kill them and the farmers in that vicinity watch their flight daily to and fro from the springs.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The St. Hilaire creamery was seven years old on Monday and the event was properly celebrated. The following figures show the amount this creamery has paid out to the farmers since its organization:

1902 from June 18 —Dec. 31	$ 7,000.00
1903	14,901.82
1904	18,935 33
1905	32,376.59
1906	50,307.93
1907	64,004.96
1908	64,008.13
Total	$222,134 76

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank all of the good friends and neighbors, especially the M. B. A. Lodge, for sympathy extended to us during the last days on earth of our father and husband.

Mrs. M. M. Veasey
George Veasey
Martin Veasey
Mrs. Paul Medderigh.

Creamery Statement for January, '09.

The following is a statement of the Thief River Falls Creamery Association for the month of January 1909:

Amount of cream received, 23323 lbs.
Amount of milk received, 1101 lbs.
Average test of cream, 27.25.
Average test of milk, 4.0
Amount of butterfat, 6358.3
Price paid, 34 cents.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$2315.28
Sales in city	178 35
Total	$2493.63

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$2169.76
Paid into expense fund	248 87
Balance	75.00
Total	$2493.63

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 2773 lbs.
Average test, 28 84.
Amount of butterfat, 790 8

Increase over corresponding month, 1908, 23 per cent.

Increase over corresponding month, 1907, 129 per cent.

Those drawing $10 and over.

P. Engelstad	$108 61
Fred Copp	74 94
Lars Hanson	49 90
A. M. Jorde	43 79
M. P. Bakken	42 53
Anders Moengen	41 02
C. Christiensen	40 73

P. Engelstad,
Secy.

May Build an Elevator.

A movement was started at St. Hilaire Monday for the building of a farmers' co-operative elevator and also a farmers' store. Stock in the elevator is to be sold at $25 per share and in the store at $15 per share. Solicitors are now at work among the farmers endeavering to sell the stock.

Good Price For Stumpage.

The timber on A. J. and W. H. Shea's land at Cedar Island Lake, amounting to four million feet of white and Norway pine, has been sold to the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber Co., who are now preparing to log it. The price paid is high for standing timber, $14 a thousand. As the winter is now well advanced Brooks-Scanlon will rush operations with a force of 100 men.

The outfit and supplies are now arriving and a spur is being constructed from Davis. The timber will be manufactured into lumber at Scanlon.—Eveleth News.

Don't Be In a Hurry.

Alderman Forder desires that the News inform farmers living in this vicinity that it would be unwise for them to enter into any long term contract for the rent of phones with any company. Mr. Forder says that it is very probable that the city of Thief River Falls will own its own telephone system in a short time and that the city will give farmers very liberal contracts and a much better service than any other company can offer.

Private Ownership Pays.

The province of Manitoba owns its own telephone system, having paid the Bell Telephone company $1,000,000 for its plant. After running it a year, the management shows a profit of $250,000, and propose reducing the rates at least 25 per cent, while increasing the range of its service. But, then, this is public ownership. And what is true of the telephone business in Manitoba might apply to other monopolies of public utilities in some places in Minnesota.

Badly Hurt.

Oscar Tessum met with a very painful accident last Wednesday and for a few days it was thought that he would not live. While at work running a gasoline engine attached to a wood saw, the coat sleeve of his left arm caught in one of the wheels. His arm was nearly torn from his body, and he has suffered untold pain. At present he is getting along as well as could be expected and it is believed that it will not be necessary to amputate the injured arm, although he will never have any use of this member. Mr. Tessum is 23 years of age and was married about a year ago. He is a brother of O. Tessum, the flour and feed merchant of this city.

Trees Going Fast.

"The time is coming in this country when trees will be as scarce as diamonds unless immediate steps are taken to preserve our forests."

This was the dark picture painted in address by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson at the 28th annual meeting of the American Forestry Association recently. The Secretary declared that our forest growth is getting scarcer and scarcer every day, and that we are using three times as much wood as we are growing.

The Secretary contended for a reforestation of the country at the rate of about one quarter of a million acres each year, and emphasized the importance of the States, the various associations and individuals in helping to solve the problem by planting trees in denuded places.

Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, chaplain of the Senate and vice president of the Forestry Association, offerred this as a solution of the problem: "Stop denudation; plant trees and make the people who own the funds for the future invest them in forests."

Company Organized.

The Red Lake and Eastern Marshall County Farmers Telephone company is the name of a company organized at Kratka last week.

The meeting held at Kratka on Monday was well attended and every delegate came to do business. Nearly every township along the line was represented by at least two delegates.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Homme with Alex Lattimore as secretary. The first business taken up was estimates of the cost per mile of building and it was found that a well equipped line could be constructed at a cost of from $30 to $35 per mile. Articles of incorporation which had been prepared by Mr. Lattimore were read and adopted. The articles call for $10,000 capital stock to be disposed of in shares of $10 each. Sixteen of the delegates signed as charter members, pledging themselves for one to three shares each.

Officers were elected as follows: Hans O. Homme, Pres.; G. A. Johnson, Vice Pres.; Alex Lattimore, Sec.

It was decided to get the poles distributed along the line at once so that construction work can begin as soon as the frost is out. The line will be built from Grygla via Esplee, Reiner, Erie, Highlanding, Kratka and Anton to Thief River Falls.

WILL BE FAVORABLE

New County Seat Bill Quite Sure to Become a Law at This Session.

The Red Lake Falls People Made a Very Poor Showing Before the Committee.

A joint meeting of the committee on towns and counties of the senate and house was held Tuesday afternoon to consider the bill which Thief River Falls has caused to be introduced in the legislature changing the method of removing county seats. A letter from Mayor Hamre states that Messrs. Duffy, Boughton, and Watson were present and that they fell down in the presentation of their case about as hard as it was possible for them to do and it looks as if a large majority of the committee will report favorably upon the bill.

The Red Lake Falls people had a few amendments to offer, and they were so rediculous that they hurt their cause greatly with all of the fair minded members of the legislature. One of the amendments to the bill desired by the Red Lake Falls people was that the petition asking for a vote upon the location of the county seat would have to be signed by the chairman of the board of county commissioners. After the committee had been told what kind of a man was chairman of the board of county commissioners in Red Lake county they did not think this was necessary. Another amendment Red Lake Falls wanted tacked on the bill was to the effect that a written notice of the intention to remove the county seat be "kept posted upon the front door of the court house." It would require the presence of our militia company in Red Lake Falls to carry out this part of the program and the committee thought it was not necessary.

The committee will not make its report to the house and senate upon this bill for a few days, but when it does it will be favorable and is expected to pass at once.

Attorney General Young, and Attorney A. A. Miller, assisted by Senator Hanson, D. P. O'Neill, Mayor Hamre, M. V. Evenson, O. J. Schel, Robert McGinn, Ben Christiensen, and others, made the arguments for Thief River Falls.

In regard to the Normal school bill, the reports are to the effect that the special committee which visited the Northern Minnesota towns is largely in favor of Thief River Falls and will report in favor of a general bill leaving the location to some disinterested commission of men. There is still considerable opposition to the sixth state normal but if one is located at all it looks very much as if Thief River Falls would win out.

The rediculous amendments Red Lake Falls tried to attach to the county seat bill has resulted in making them the laughing stock of the whole legislature and it is the unanimous opinion of all that they did more to create a sentiment in favor of the bill than did all of our delegation at the state capitol, and this is not said for the purpose of trying to belittle the work of O'Neill, McGinn, Hamre, Evenson, Hay, Schel, Penney, Fuller, Hanson and the others who have been active in the behalf of Thief River Falls. We do, however, desire to express our thanks to the citizens of Red Lake Falls who so cheerfully contributed to send the Red Lake Falls lobby to the legislatue. They certainly did good work for Thief River Falls.

Senator Hanson, who introduced the county seat bill, has made a hard fight for its passage and is entitled to great credit. He enjoys the reputation of being one of the fairest and best men in the senate and the fact that he has given this bill his active support has done much to convince the other members that it is all right. In fact if it was not all right Senator Hanson would not be in favor of it.

Thief River Falls' county seat committee, it is said, is not going to even ask the chairman of county commissioners of Red Lake county to sign the county seat removal petition. There are enough sovereign voters in the county who are willing to go on record without soliciting any favors from the man who is afraid he is going to be bribed.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

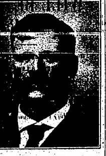

Ole C. Brenna

Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Residence, Thief River Falls

Phone No. 118.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Josephine Maresh.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Josephine Maresh, Decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Joseph Horejsi:

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 25th day of August, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "The Thief River Falls News" as provided by law.

Dated February 15th, 1909.

(Court Seal) S. A. SWANSON, Judge of Probate.

feb.18-mar.4.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 16, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Carlson of Holt, Minn., who, on Jan. 14th, 1901, made H. E. No. 7201, Serial, No. 01392, for S. E. ¼, Section 31, Township 156 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 1st day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Gunerius Olson, of Holt, Minn.

Gustaf Peterson, " "

August Nelson, " "

Halftan M. Olson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Jan. 21-feb. 25.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew O. Sandland, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn., who on Dec. 9th, 1901, made H. E. No. 997, Serial No. 01301, for SE¼, Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole B. Langlie, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn.

Halvor T. Homme, " "

Torger Hemmestvedt, " "

John Bjornstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

feb. 18 mar. 25.

Hoarse coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, and it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs and expels the cold from the system. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

63 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Hexamethylenetetramine.

The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities, and avoid a serious malady. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RED LAKE, ss. In District Court, 14th Judicial District

Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff,

vs.

Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That by virtue of an execution directed and delivered to me, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff, and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 44-100 dollars ($18.44) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed at the office of the Clerk of the said District Court, for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right, title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following described real property, to-wit: Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON, Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

PHIL W. MABEY, Attorney for Judgment Creditor, Thief River Falls, Minn.

feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1904, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1904, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co. Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton, Attorney for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

feb.18-apr 1

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillemoen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, 1907 and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 232.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 22nd day of October, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 574; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with "the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909, at [illegible] o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty one and 61-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D., 1909.

S. SWENSON, Assignee of Mortgagee.

PHIL W. MABEY, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minn.

feb.11-mar.18

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat, soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

AUCTION SALE!

Thursday, March 18, 1909

Commencing at 10 O'clock a. m.

Sec. 20, Town of Benville, 3 Miles Northeast of Grygla.

- 12 milch cows, ranging in age from 4 to 11 years.
- 1 3 year old heifer, with calf.
- 1 yearling heifer.
- 5 winter calves.
- 2 working oxen, 8 years old.
- 1 4 year old Heriford bull, well broke to drive.
- 2 sets of ox harnesses.
- 1 new Deering mower.
- 1 new John's hay rake.
- 1 new Sharples cream seperator, No. 4.
- 1 wide tire lumber wagon.
- 1 wagon box.
- 1 16-inch cross plow.
- 1 16-inch breaking plow.
- 1 Van Brunt & Davis seeder
- 1 5-barrel stock water tank.
- 1 tank heater.
- 1 garden cultivator.
- 1 washing machine.
- 1 10-gallon churn.
- 15 tons of good hay.

Also other articles to numerous to mention.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper due Dec. 1.

I. J. RINGHAM, Owner.

OLE C. BRENNA, Auctioneer.

OSCAR SPONHEIM, Clerk.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News: $1 per Year

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F.E.TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A POULTRY DEPARTMENT.

About two years ago the Iowa Agricultural college officials, believing that the poultry interests of the state had not been receiving the attention that they should, considering their economic importance to the state, established a poultry department and placed an expert in charge. Thus early very definite and gratifying results are being secured. An accurate record which has been kept on the hens in the experimental flock shows that during the first year one of them laid 210 eggs, while the same hen has produced 194 eggs in the first 204 days of her second year. At 20 cents a dozen the year's product of this one hen yielded a net profit of $3 after deducting $1.20 for feed and care. While none of the other hens has made so good a showing, the records all are making in egg production are exceptional. The bill of fare for the day consists of a breakfast of corn which is covered with four or five inches of litter and has to be dug out, at noon a feed of wheat and oats which has to be worked for in the same way, and at night a warm mash of ground grains, vegetables and seasoning fed in troughs. Fresh water and milk are given daily, while a supply of charcoal, grits, oyster shell and meat scraps is accessible. In view of the fact that the poultry products of the country are worth annually between $600,000,000 and $700,000,000, this recognition of the importance of the industry by state agricultural colleges is not out of place.

SOME ECONOMIES?

There are some economies which are practiced by ever thrifty housekeepers that are open to criticism. Among these may be mentioned the devotion of hours a week, more or less, to the darning and patching of socks and stockings that may be bought at from 10 to 25 cents per pair; the using of good butter, sugar, flour and eggs to save a mess of oversour cream which when mixed and made into cookies or cake can hardly be better than second rate in quality, if not actually poor enough to justify dumping the whole mess into the garbage pail; the economizing of a dollar a week in the wages of a hired girl when the food wasted and the dishes broken as a result of incompetence and carelessness and the wear and strain on the housewife's nerves and patience would come to more than this amount. Outside the house John may be guilty of even worse attempts at economy—he may begrudge the wages asked by a competent hired man and as a result have broken machinery, stock injured and countless vexations; besides may forego $1 repairs on his harness and have a twenty dollar runaway; may shave $4 from the expense of his seed corn or grain and fall down to the tune of $50 or $60 at harvest or husking time. It is clear from the cases cited that there are economies, so called, both within and outside the house, that are not economies at all, but cases of mismanagement.

AGRICULTURE IN ALASKA.

At the time of the purchase of Alaska from Russia by Uncle Sam its value was placed at $7,200,000, it being rated as a bleak and barren region, having little value apart from its worth as a fur bearing country. This opinion prevailed until a few years ago, when vast deposits of gold were discovered, which are still yielding immense annual revenues. More recently the country has been found to possess still other resources. A representative of the United States department of agriculture, as a result of experiments he has conducted in the Yukon valley, reports that he has been able to raise oats, barley and winter wheat of as good weight and yield as are secured in the States and very satisfactory crops of grasses and the hardier vegetables. Experiments in stock raising show that the Galloway cattle seem to be admirably adapted to the rigorous climate and to give excellent financial returns.

TREES POISONED.

An investigation into the causes of the death of a good many trees in orchards in some sections of Colorado has led the state college horticulturists to the conclusion that the trees in question have died as a result of arsenical poisoning, the supposition being that the poison has been absorbed into the system of the tree through its roots. This points to a further theory contrary to the generally accepted opinion—namely, that arsenites are soluble, settle into the soil and in such form are taken up into the trees through the root system. Should this supposition prove with further investigation to be well established it will mean that the poor fruit grower, having escaped the nightmares induced by worms, scale and scales, is to have his peace of mind disturbed by a new menace.

The laying hen needs a ration different from those that are being stuffed for market in just the same way that the dairy cow needs a ration different from that which is given the steers in the feed lot.

The dairy cow will usually do much better in her subsequent milking period if she has a rest of eight or ten weeks before her calf comes, the increased milk production during the nine or ten months mounting to more than the milk yield of a six weeks' shortening of the resting period. Sifted down, this means an increased profit.

One of the interesting features of the Wyoming exhibit at the national corn show consisted of two bunches of bright green alfalfa hay, the first and second cuttings, which, placed end to end, measured just eight feet four inches. In this exhibit there was an authenticated report of a yield of eight and a half tons of alfalfa hay from a single acre in one year from an irrigated field near Wheatland, in Laramie county.

One of the immense advantages which the farmer in the irrigation districts of the west has over his fellows farther east is that he has almost continuous sunshine during the growing season, while the moisture needed for the maturing of the crops can be *turned on at pleasure. Particularly is* this true in case of the growing of hay and small grains, as the uninterrupted fine dry weather gives ideal conditions for the maturing as well as the harvesting and securing of the crops.

The French people do not increase in numbers as fast as some foes of race suicide would like, yet when it comes to wealth they make an exceptional showing. The value of their property, as evidenced in the form of holdings available for taxation, is placed at $45,000,000,000, or $1,100 for every person in the republic. This remarkable showing is the result chiefly of an intelligent and intensive tillage of the soil, coupled with prudent and thrifty management, and wise investment of earnings.

The enormous growth of weeds which quite often infest central western farms and sap the soil of needed fertility are the well nigh unavoidable accompaniment of a type of extensive farming in which so much land is farmed that it can only be half done with the help that is available. About the only thing that will bring about a change for the better is an advance in land values, rentals and taxes, which will not only make the adoption of a better handling of the land expedient, but absolutely necessary if one would keep out of bankruptcy.

It is not until one sees the complete root system of a stalk of corn with the earth carefully washed away that he realizes the force of much that has been said and written touching the importance of a thorough preparation of the seed bed which will enable the roots to go deep for moisture and great care in cultivating the growing plants to prevent a disturbance of the roots that lie within a few inches of the surface. When it is realized that the roots of a vigorous and healthy corn plant penetrate the soil to a depth of five or six feet and extend over a lateral space of from eight to fourteen feet the force of the above suggestions are realized without need of further argument.

A movement is on foot for the holding of a national oats exposition next winter in some conveniently located central western city. In view of the decidedly inferior place which was accorded oats in the national corn show and the scant attention they received—a situation which was quite natural—a move of the above kind would seem to have much to commend it. Considering the large acreage devoted to the raising of oats, coupled with the low yield and decidedly poor quality which has characterized the crop for two years past, it would seem high time for all those who are interested in this cereal as one of our staple and most valuable crops to favor and do all in their power to make such an exposition a success.

It is well for one who has been brought up on farms lying east of meridian 100 and has become used to agricultural methods there prevailing to remember, in case he contemplates settling in a western locality where dry farming methods have to be followed, that, since the land is in actual use only every other year, twice or three times as many acres will have to be owned and operated to secure the same crop returns. Another point to keep in mind is that dry farming operations are more expensive; hence to embark in it a considerably larger capital is needed than in those sections where the rainfall is ample to meet annual needs. Experiment station officials of several western states have taken pains to point out some of these features on which the ambitious real estate agent is silent for obvious reasons. A further feature that is being pointed out is that continuous grain raising will exhaust the fertility of the soil under dry farming just as rapidly as under the usual type and that to conserve this fertility stock must be raised as in other sections. If any readers have contemplated settling in sections of the west where dry farming must be followed they would do well to look these points up thoroughly.

F. E. Trigg

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

For the Tired Housewife

The dull monotony of the housewife's daily routine is wearing on both body and mind. She will find in Digesto Malt Extract a splendid tonic, whose mildly stimulating effect drives away that feeling of apathy and listlessness and gives life renewed interest.

Palatable and Efficient

At all Drug Stores

MADE ONLY BY

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL

BREWERS OF THE BEER THAT

"Leads Them All"

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

ED O'HARA,

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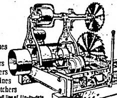

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We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B. Free. It will pay you.

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We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time. You catch cold easily or become rundown because of the after effects of malaria. Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.* It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

The News: $1 per Year.

ANCIENT SURVEYORS.

Their Methods Depicted on the Old Tombs of Egypt.

In an address delivered before the Royal Geographical society Captain H. G. Lyons, director general of the survey department of Egypt, told of the work of ancient Egyptian surveyors. "At every period of ancient Egyptian history," he said, "the land was measured and recorded with considerable accuracy. Property was dealt in regularly, and an elaborate system of registration was maintained. No map of landed property in ancient Egypt has come down to us, but on the tomb walls we meet with representations of land measurers at work. Their methods of land measurement are represented on the walls of the tomb of one Menna at Sheik Abd el Qurna, in Thebes, a land overseer and inspector of the boundary stones of Amon.

"In the scene depicted are shown two chainmen measuring a field of corn with a long cord, on which are knots or marks at intervals which seem to be about four or five cubits in length. Each also carries a spare cord coiled upon his arm. Beside them walk three officials, who carry writing materials and who are accompanied by a small boy carrying writing materials and a bag in which are probably documents and plans referring to the property. An old man and two boys also accompany the surveyors, and a peasant brings a loaf of bread and a bunch of green corn.

"A similar scene is pictured on the walls of a tomb belonging to a certain Amenhotep, also at Sheik Abd el Qurna. Here only one man accompanies the chainmen, each of whom, as usual, carries a spare cord. The figures are larger than in the tomb of Menna, and, though they are now much damaged, it is possible to see clearly that the cord terminated in a ram's head."

A MAN OF ACTION.

He Got Out of His Tight Corner With Flying Colors.

He was a husband who, when he left home for a week or so on a business trip, invariably took with him a photo of his wife, and in the letters that he wrote to her he always made a great point of this portrait and dwelt upon the fact that the sight of it was the only thing that kept his spirits up when he was far away from her.

One day, however, he left the home and forgot to take the portrait with him. But he was not going to let a little thing like that worry him.

Down he sat and penned his customary amorous epistle, in which the portrait played its usual part. It was not until the letter was posted that he remembered that the portrait had been left at home in a conspicuous place where his wife could not fail to discover it.

The fat was indeed in the fire, but he was a man of action and determined to get out of his tight corner somehow. He remembered the shop where the photo had been taken and promptly wired there for another copy, which he had put into a beautiful frame especially adapted for traveling.

On his return home his wife "handed out the freezing mixture" to begin with and then dissolved in unquenchable tears. When under cross examination she admitted that the cause of her grief was his cruel deception, he produced the newly acquired photo and then asked her, in a hurt voice, how she could possibly have suspected him of working off mere tarradiddle on his little wife.—New York Mail.

The Eternal Feminine.

A photographer was called upon not long ago to make some pictures of an old lady of seventy years or so, but of surprising agility and quickness of perception. The picture man was therefore somewhat surprised to find that no words of address could induce the old lady to speak until after the operation was completed. Then she put her fingers into her mouth, whence she withdrew several wads of paper.

"You wouldn't have me photographed with my cheeks falling in, would you?" she asked the photographer. "I just stuffed some paper in my mouth to fill out."—Harper's Weekly.

Suspicious.

The person who, on examining a homemade henhouse, remarked that "it looked as if some fellow had built it himself" has a kindred spirit in a delightfully simple old lady, noted for her naive comments. In a street car not long ago she noticed a man carrying a shotgun and a blanket roll.

"Look at him," she whispered to her companion. "He looks as if he were going to spend the night somewhere."—Youth's Companion.

The Contrast.

The elderly bride regarded in the mirror her wreath of orange blossoms, her gown of ivory satin and old valenciennes and her long rope of perfect pearls.

"There's only one trouble about fine clothes," she murmured. "They make one's face look so shabby."—New York Press.

His Proof.

Judge—You have not yet established the prisoner's insanity. Attorney—But, your honor, we mean to introduce witnesses to show that the prisoner habitually argues politics with women.—Puck.

The Call of Companionship.

You often hear a lonesome child say, "I want some one to play with!" Elderly people often become lonesome and want some one to play with, but are afraid to say so.—Atchison Globe.

HOW TO CAGE A BEAR.

Show Him Carrots and Bread and Lead the Way to His Den.

Escapes of animals from their cages in zoological gardens and menageries are fortunately rare. When they do occur the work of recapture is set about in a businesslike fashion, and the prison breaker is generally captured before anything is known outside.

In the periodical issued by the management of the Breslau garden an amusing story is told of an incident of this kind. Some years ago, on a fine autumn morning, just after the gates were opened there was a loud knocking at the pay window, and, in reply to the inquiry of the money taker who presented himself, a man in a state of great excitement said that as he was walking on the Oder bank he had seen through the palisading a large bear loose in the grounds. "Greatly obliged to you, sir," was the reply. "We know that already; that bear goes for a walk every morning and returns to its cage before the visitors come in."

The man went away quite satisfied. The official, who knew the real state of the case, at once ordered the gates to be closed, and the director was at once informed that the bear was loose. It was a serious matter, for the bear had killed the keeper in a traveling menagerie and for that reason was sold to the zoological garden. Moreover, when a mate had been put in with him she soon fell a victim to his bad temper. While the authorities were considering the best steps to take to recapture the bear—for they were loath to shoot such a fine animal—the keeper whose negligence in leaving a door unfastened had caused the trouble made his appearance. His only reply to the reproaches of the director for allowing the bear to escape was, "Well, we shall have to get him in again."

He went off to the storeroom, filled his apron with carrots and bread and then sought the bear. When he saw the animal he called out to attract its attention and by throwing down food enticed it to the back of the bear dens. Here the man entered through a small door by which new arrivals were put into the cages. He was closely followed by the bear, but reached the middle of the cage before it had scrambled through the small opening. Then he dropped on the floor the rest of the food he had in his apron and made his way out of the cage, which was at once securely fastened in front and at the rear. Thus the incident, which might have had serious consequences, ended happily for those on whom the responsibility rested.—London Field.

Warned In a Dream.

On the occasion of a fatal accident to a lift in a Paris hotel some years ago a lady who was just going up in it started back, saying, "Oh, there is that dreadful man again!" and tried to induce her husband to come off it, too, but he refused and was among the killed. The "dreadful man" to whom she referred she had seen in a dream, which the niece of the friend who told me the story had heard her relate a day or two before the accident. It was of a funeral drawn up at her door, so pompous as to produce a great impression on her, presided over by a big dark man in a strange sombrero hat. This man she saw, or believed she saw, in the lift, and the coincidence terrified her from going up in it.—London Notes and Queries.

Ladies and Gents.

When I was younger kids were kids in Kansas or in Cadiz. Now all the boys are gentlemen and all the girls ladies. Where are the kids who climbed the trees, the tousled young carousers who got their faces black with dirt and tore their little trousers? Where are the lads who scrapped by rounds while other lads kept tallies, the maids who made their pies of mud and danced in dirty alleys? They're making calf love somewhere now, exchanging cards and kisses. They're all fixed up in Sunday togs, and they are sirs and misses. Real kids have vanished from the world, which fact is surely hades, and all the boys are gentlemen, and all the girls are ladies.—Walt Mason in Emporia Gazette.

A Difficult Examination.

Candidates at the Royal Veterinary college, London, must pass examinations in English grammar and composition, Latin, mathematics and either Greek, a modern language or logic (horse sense?). This from the Matric: "Find the center of gravity of a uniform wire which is bent in such a way that it forms three sides of a square." Once in, the candidate for V. S. has to cover chemistry, physics, biology, botany, histology, physiology, bacteriology, materia medica, toxicology, hygiene, dietetics, clinical medicine, meat inspection and horseshoeing.—Horses, Horsemen and Stable Management.

London on American Clothes.

Observes the London Chronicle: "In London the man who demands respect has his clothes made for him. But no New York man who is not a millionaire or near it buys anything but store clothes. And the ready made clothes are so standardized that you have but to confess your inches and you are clothed in America."

An Eternal One.

Tough Looking Customer—I'm tired of this blamed town, and I'm going to leave it. I want the longest journey I can get for 45 cents.

Ticket Seller—Go and spend it for chloroform.—Chicago Tribune.

A scholar without good breeding is a pedant, the philosopher a cynic, the soldier a brute and every man disagreeable.—Chesterfield.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

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C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

AUCTION SALE

Saturday, Feb. 27, 1909.

Commencing at 1 O'clock p. m.

At the farm of Jakob O. Tweet, in the town of Norden, 8½ miles west of Thief River Falls and about one-half mile south of the old Tweet postoffice.

1 bay mare, 13 years old.
1 black mare, 10 years old.
1 bay mare, 9 years old.
3 milch cows, coming in April or May.
1 heifer, 2 years old.
1 Superior 12-shoe drill.
1 narrow tire wagon, complete.
1 McCormick mower.
1 McCormick hay rake.
1 bob sleigh.
1 buggy.
1 set of double harnesses.
1 14-inch plow.
Some hay, oats and rye.
Other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper will be accepted.

JAKOB O. TWEET, Owner.

C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer.

OSCAR SPONHEIM, Clerk.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1909 NUMBER 10.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT

Gunstein Jorgenson, a Farmer Living in the town of Garnes, Killed Last Week.

Sleigh Tipped Over and He Was Pinioned Under a Sack of Flour.

A fatal accident took place near Plummer last Wednesday when Gunstein Jorgenson a farmer residing near Garnes 15 miles from Plummer was found lying dead within two miles of his home with a sack of flour on his head.

Jorgenson left Plummer at 6 o'clock in the evening with Ole Berkland who is a neighbor, the latter having been somewhat *under the influence of liquor.*

At 10:30 in the evening Berkland straggled into Plummer without a hat but was too drunk to give any details and the next morning when he woke up he could give no details of the sad affair. The team was discovered by a farmer and Postmaster Carl Moen of Garnes and John Lundin started back towards Plummer and discovered Jorgenson with a sack of flour over his neck and nearby was the wagon box and the balance of the load of feed and flour, the tip-over having taken place on a sharp bend in the road.

Coroner Mellby of this city was at once called and it was decided that the cause of death was concussion of the brain due to the fall.

Deceased was formerly a resident of Polk county and his father is now a prominent farmer of Bygland township in this county. He was forty years of age and leaves a widow and 8 children all young.

The deceased had not been drinking much, and the fault is laid to his companion who was paralyzed.

A Narrow Escape.

Ed L. Healy had a very sensational experience last Thursday afternoon. He went out upon the crest of his dam to break away some of the ice and while engaged at his task slipped and fell and was carried over the dam.

In an instant he was in the open river below the dam and had a hard fight with the current to get out. He wore heavy clothing which tended to weigh him down. Mr. Healey no doubt owes his escape from drowning to the fact that he is an excellent swimmer and that he "kept his head." He flattened himself out in the water and swam to the edge of the ice. He then carefully broke the thin ice away until he found ice strong enough to sustain his weight. If he had lost his head and tried to get out upon the thin ice, or if he had tried to tread water instead of keeping his body in swimming position there is no doubt that he would have been carried under the ice by the strong current.

Mr. Healy got out upon the ice and then he discovered that the water was cold. He had not thought about it until then. Mr. Healy says that it is not his ambition to go over Niagara falls in a barrel. He has suffered no ill effects from his cold plunge.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

To Be Deported.

A special agent of the Canadian government was here the first of the week to investigate the matter of Tommie Kribbs. Kribbs is an English prize fighter that came to this city last summer and in the fall became sick with an attack of rheumatism. He had no funds and since that time has been at the hospital as a city charge. As he was not a resident of the United States and had no legal residence in Thief River Falls, the British authorities were notified. They have agreed to take the man back to Winnipeg and if it can be shown that he was subject to rheumatic attacks before he came to this country, they will pay all of the expenses the city has incurred, and this amounts to over $200.

Mrs. Olson Dead.

Mrs. Olson, a sister of Chris Thompson, the well known Rocksbury farmer, died last Friday at the advanced age of 73. The funeral services were held on Monday. The deceased had been a resident of this section for a number of years and her husband resides in California, having gone out there about eight years ago.

Cut the Wires.

The Northwestern Telephone Company put up wires last Friday to the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house for the purpose of giving this company long distance connection. This was done without the permission of the mayor or city council and the wires were cut a short time after being put up. Just who did the job is not given out for publication, but there are many who have a knowing smile.

Died Last Saturday.

Mrs. Swen Johnson, of Rocksbury, wife of one of the pioneer settlers of Red Lake county, died last Saturday. The deceased came to Thief River Falls in the early '90s and for a number of years resided in this city, removing to their farm in the town of Rocksbury about five years ago. Besides her husband she leaves two daughters and a son—Miss Gustie Johnson, Mrs. John Morgan and Oscar Johnson. The funeral services will be held Friday afternoon.

Redeemed by Drainage.

Swamp lands in Minnesota to the extent of 1,000,000 acres were redeemed for agriculture through drainage the past two years by the drainage commission, according to the report of George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer. To accomplish this, seventeen ditches reaching nearly 200 miles were constructed, the cost amounting to $221,250 90. The expense was shared between the state and counties, the state paying $152,-732 49, and counties $142,775.24. The commission spent $340,864 21 for the biennial period.—International Falls Echo.

BUYS OUT MR. SKAGEN

John F. Brown Buys Interest of H. H. Skagen in Langseth Mercantile Company.

Will Have Charge of the Hardware Department of this Store in the Future.

A business deal was closed the first of the week whereby H. H. Skagen, who has been the manager of the hardware department in the Langseth Mercantile Company's store disposed of his stock in this corporation to John F. Brown, of Kennedy. Mr. Brown is now in charge of the hardware department in this store and will continue so to act. Mr. Skagen states that he is undecided as to what business he will engage in in the future, but will continue to make Thief River Falls his home. While Mr. Brown is a stranger to most people in this city, he comes highly recommended. The following taken from the Kennedy Star tells of his departure from that village:

The Modern Woodmen and the Royal Neighbors have the reputation of being the best organizations in the village of Kennedy. That they have lost none of their pristine vigor was manifest on Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, when the members of these two societies met at their hall for a social time. The festivities were unfortunately at this time mingled with sorrow as two highly respected members, namely, Mr. John F. Brown and his wife are making preparations to leave for Thief River Falls where Mr. Brown is to engage in business. As Mr. Brown with his family entered the hall they were escorted to a place in front after which Miss Sundberg in behalf of North Star Camp No. 2307 R. N. of A. in a few well chosen words expressed the camp's regret in being compelled to bid Mr. and Mrs. Brown farewell, and as a remembrance presented Mrs. Brown with two dishes of cut glass. Mr. Kiene then in behalf of Kennedy Camp No. 5047, M. W. of A. in a very eloquent address spoke of the very good work done by our fraternal benificiary societies, of which the Modern Woodmen takes the lead, of the unselfish toil and effort of the local officers, of the leading part taken by Mr. Brown as consul of the camp to up build and strengthen the same, and as a token of appreciation and good will of the members presented Mr. Brown with a past Consul's Jewel, in solid gold. Mr. and Mrs. Brown in words mingled with emotion thanked the members for their good wishes and kind tokens of esteem and Mr. Brown made a very happy allusion the little blue flower "Forget-me-not".

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The following is the report of the St. Hilaire Co-operative creamery for the month of January, giving the names of the patrons receiving $50 or more for butterfat, as submitted by Nels K. Anderson, the new secretary:

H. Haupt	$77 62
Andrew Mortenson	71 07
John Albin	66 13
Emil Just	64 51
O. W. Brink	62 41
Henry Rondorf	52 71
Fred Soderberg	53 23
R. T. Thyreen	59 99
Amount of cream received	40,106 lbs.
Amount of butterfat	7,881 9 lbs
Average test of cream	21 6
Amount of butter sold	12,066 lbs
Total amount received	$3,608 80
Paid to patrons	34½c
Running expenses	$216.98
Sinking fund	$96.91

Buys Out His Competitor.

George Jarman the first of the week purchased his nearest business competitor, the Hub restaurant, and has discontinued this place of business. Mr. Jarman rents the basement and second floor of this building and the first floor is to be rented to Henry Eide, Carl Angel and Ephram Thompson who will open up a moving picture show about the fifteenth of March. Mr. Jarman has made a great success in the restaurant business.

Butter Versus Iron Ore.

The Duluth Herald says that F. B. McLeran, who has a farm near Wrenshall, said in an address at Duluth: "When delivered at Duluth, iron ore is worth $5.50 a ton. A ton of butter is worth $600. To develope a mine on the Mesaba range so that it can ship ore, as much as $10,000,000 has been expended, and yet if I should advance a proposition to spend as much as that on a plant or system for producing butter I would be regarded as a candidate for a mad house."

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Plant Pure Seed Potatoes.

If the farmers of this vicinity wish to maintain their reputation for raising the finest potatoes grown anywhere in the country they must change their seed occasionally. Potatoes are bound to deteriorate in size and quality if the farmer persists in planting year after year stock grown on his farm. Potatoes raised on sandy soil should be exchanged occasionally for tubers raised on clay soil and vice versa. Great care should be exercised to keep the varieties pure. Mongrel potatoes will not command as good prices as the pure varieties. The white varieties in this vicinity, notably that old standby, the Burbank, are deteriorating in size and quality. The early Ohio is also retrograding. Get in some pure fresh seed potatoes. Try the pure varieties. It should not require an extended argument to convince any intelligent farmer that it will pay him to plant pure seed potatoes.—Princeton Union.

New Rule at Land Office.

Settlers residing on Minnesota lands under the homestead laws will not in the future be allowed to discontinue living on their claims because they hold public office, as has formerly been the case.

In a ruling received by Receiver Morrison of the local land office this morning, Fred Dennett, commissioner at the general land office, in Washington, sets forth the new rule to take effect on April 1.

The law will not affect those who have already taken claims in this manner, but after the stated time the custom will be discontinued.

Up to this time a homesteader could get out of living on his claim by getting an appointment to some public office.

This has now been changed and only those who are elected to some elective office can, under the law, leave their claims and still have the right to prove up.—Duluth Herald.

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• • •

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• • •

If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.

Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

HEDIN'S FIRST LECTURE

Explorer Points Out the Most Important Results of His Journey Into Central Asia to an Audience Which Included King Gustaf and the Royal Family and Members of the Anthropological and Geographical Societies.

SWEDEN.

Dr. Sven Hedin, the famous explorer, delivered his first lecture before a large and distinguished audience which included King Gustaf and the royal family and the members of the Anthropological and Geographical societies, on his travels in Central Asia. The president of the Swedish Geographical society, M. Montelius, the royal antiquary, announced at the opening of the lecture that the society had raised a fund of 10,000 crowns, to be known by the explorer's name which would be devoted to geographical research. On Dr. Hedin was also conferred the Wahlberg medal. In the course of his lecture, Dr. Hedin emphasized as the most important results of his last exploration that he had discovered the source of the Indus and drawn up a minute map of this region, and, further, that he had passed through the Trans-Himalaya northwest of Shigatse and penetrated to the holy lakes of Mansavora, where he found several mountains hitherto unknown besides a great and never hitherto visited lake, the greatest of the whole system. He had also established the real direction of the source of the Bramaputra, and he showed that the branch which until now had been regarded as the source, was only an affluent. Finally, he had explored the Trans-Himalaya, both east and west. Parts of both were previously known, but not the connection between them. He had succeeded in solving the problem of these mountains, which differed in character from the Himalayas. In this connection it is also of interest to note something regarding the explorer's finances. During eleven trips into the interior of Asia, he has expended something like 350,000 crowns. His last trip cost him more than 150,000 crowns, of which Hedin himself contributed the amount of 65,000 crowns. The contributors to his last trip were the following: King Oscar, 10,000 crowns; Emanuel Nobel, 18,000 crowns; F. Lowenadler, 10,000 crowns; Consul Oscar Ekman, 10,000 crowns; Robert Dickson, 10,000 crowns; Mr. Ruffer, a Scotch merchant, 6,000 crowns, and William Olsson, 4,000 crowns. Mr. Ruffer is entirely unknown to Mr. Hedin, but this generous Scotchman sent the explorer this sum of money out of pure sympathy and admiration for his work. Regarding the publication of Hedin's scientific works, there have already been many who have evinced great interest. The riksdag has for this purpose made an appropriation of 75,000 crowns, but it will cost all of this and a great deal more to publish them. The plucky explorer is about 70,000 crowns' worth in debt, but he hopes through his publication and through lectures to be able to clear up this amount and get a little something over. He has been offered handsome money for his lectures both in the United States and England and he will no doubt now have a splendid opportunity to make some money.

The Swedish Export association will this year make an attempt to secure a better control of the export of lingon berries. From many sections of the country there have been complaints against the berry pickers, especially in Smaland, where they in many instances pick a poor class of berries and give poor measure. The association will endeavor to correct these evils and will, if possible, see to it that a class of first class berries are exported and the correct measures be made. The lingon berries are in great demand in the American, English and German markets and it is an industry from which hundreds of farmers secure a good livelihood.

The preparatory arrangements for the great international hunters' exhibition which will be held in Vienna in [illegible] are now under way and Sweden has already been invited to participate. A committee has been appointed and the Swedish exhibition is [illegible] to be an elaborate one. [illegible] has been appointed commissioner for the Swedish exhibit and will leave for Vienna this month to make the preliminary arrangements for Sweden's exhibit.

Both chambers of the riksdag passed a bill providing for universal suffrage with [illegible] in the parliament. All the inhabitants of the country over twenty-four years of age are thus entitled to vote. The bill passed the first chamber by a vote of 126 to [illegible] and the second by 134 to 94.

A number of counterfeit coins are at present in general circulation in the southern part of the country, especially in Malmo. In spite of the most rigid investigation on the part of detectives and others, the clever counterfeiters have not been caught and more spurious coins are detected every day.

The Prince and Princess of Teck arrived in Stockholm Feb. 4 and are guests at the royal palace.

NORWAY.

Paper money to the amount of 19,000 crowns which was burned on the steamer "Lindholmen" in 1907 and which the postoffice department demanded that the Bank of Norway should pay, because it deemed that institution responsible for the money, has been informed by the directors of the bank that the Bank of Norway does not consider itself responsible for that sum and that it is up to the government, through the postoffice department, to make good the amount. The directors of the bank maintain that as long as the money was sent to its destination through the postoffice channels that the government is the party which is directly responsible for the amount.

Speaking recently of the outlines of his new attempt to reach the north pole, Explorer Amundsen says: "I propose to start early next season and to be absent five or six years. There is no secret at all about the route I propose to follow. My object, as I have said, is to cross the polar basin, entering at Bering straits and exploring slowly and thoroughly wherever possible. I am adopting no new methods—no airships, balloons or motors—but simply using the old system, which we know and have tried, namely, a good vessel, good sledges and good dogs."

Architect Holland has presented his new plans for a hall in which the Viking ships are to be placed in Missebjerget. When completed the hall will cost about 175,000 crowns. Mr. Holland's plans have been favorably received and contributions for this purpose have been coming in large amounts from all parts of the country and even from America.

Anthony Fiala, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who led the Ziegler polar expedition in 1903-1905, hired a steamer a few days ago in Tromsoe and will from there make the journey to Spetsbergen. The crew consists of experienced seamen from Tromoe. The trip to Spetsbergen will be made in order to complete the preliminary arrangements for another expedition to the north pole.

The Norwegian government has in this year's budget set aside a set of 1,500 crown stipendiates for foreign study tours for Norwegian journalists. For a number of years the privilege has been offered the journalists, except during the years 1896-1903, when they were annually allowed traveling stipendiates, amounting each to 2,000 crowns.

The Scandinavian-American line's steamer "C. F. Tietgen," which left New York the 9th inst., was stranded a week ago last Sunday at the entrance to the harbor of Christiansand. The following Wednesday the vessel was extricated from its unpleasant position and continued the journey to Christiania.

Miss Elizabeth Astrup has donated 1,000 crowns to the sanatorium for poor people suffering from tuberculosis up in Romsdalen. This institution has been the object of many generous subscriptions lately and will when completed be one of the finest sanatoriums in the country.

Invitation has been sent to several of Norway's leading politicians within the so-called liberal "venstre party" regarding the organization of a middle "venstre" party, which is to rally around Ex-Premier Michelsen and have as its chief organ the "Verdens Gang" (Christiania).

During last year the Bergen theater gave 227 performances, which netted the managers 106,000 crowns. The new theater will not be completed until the first week in March, and not during the early part of this month, as was at first reported.

The court ball which was given at the royal palace on the evening of Jan. 27 was attended by the elite of Christiania society and a large number of high functionaries. The "Aftenposten" gives a list of the distinguished guests.

DENMARK.

Professor Knut Wicksell, the eminent Swedish lecturer and the man who recently was summoned in court for using blasphemous language and compelled to pay a substantial fine therefor, gave a lecture in Copenhagen the other day at the "Folketshus" and was most enthusiastically received. The lecturer criticised Marx' doctrines on socialism and claimed that the impoverished condition of Denmark's poor would not be in any way alleviated if the government were allowed to make the distribution of property and food. Then he touched upon his favorite theme known as the "two child system," and stated that young men and women should be allowed to marry when they were respectively twenty-one and seventeen years old, but that they should not be allowed to have any children until they were thirty years old and over. At this point of the lecture Mr. Wicksell was vociferously applauded by the large audience.

The so-called Danish "Backforenter" distributed 11,000 crowns in cash and foodstuffs to the amount of 19,000 crowns to 7,600 impoverished people last month. It soon became evident that this amount was not sufficient and there are still many who are suffering for want of food and clothes.

There was an auction the other day on Alberti's personal property and for some of the articles curiosity-minded purchasers paid twice what they were actually worth. There was an unusually large crowd of people present at the auction.

Dr. Sven Hedin has accepted the invitation of the Geographical society of Copenhagen and will lecture there some time during the latter part of April.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

That state officeholders, present and past, state employes, federal officeholders, several prominent attorneys and others were paid money to further the interests of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson as candidate in the recent primary election was shown in a statement of election expenses filed by Rodney Sackett with the legislative committee investigating the senatorial primary.

United States District Judge Anderson, at Chicago, broadly intimated that he will rule that the unit of offense in the Standard Oil rebating case will be the thirty-six settlements of freight charges. Under this ruling, if made, a fine of only $720,000 is possible as compared with Judge Landis' assessment of $29,240,000 in the original case.

While the Wisconsin legislature continues to ballot for United States senator in joint assembly daily the supporters of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson contend that Stephenson was elected United States senator on separate ballot on Jan. 26, when he received a majority of the votes cast in each branch of the legislature.

The Peace society of New York brought together around the banquet table at the Hotel Astor a notable gathering of men prominent in national, state and city affairs. The dinner was in honor of Senator-Elect Elihu Root of New York and Joseph H. Choate was toastmaster.

Leading his opponent from the crack of the pistol to the finish Alfred Shrubb, the English distance runner, defeated Dorando Pietri, the Italian, in a fifteen-mile race at Buffalo, N. Y. Every American indoor record from the first to the fifteenth mile was smashed.

The Nevada senate passed an anti-alien bill which has already been adopted by the assembly. It is in the form of a joint concurrent resolution providing that all aliens and foreigners shall be excluded from federal and state grazing lands.

The United States senatorial deadlock in Wisconsin continues. The fifteenth joint ballot of the legislature resulted in Isaac Stephenson receiving 49 out of 107 votes cast, lacking ten of a necessary majority.

As a result of the local option elections forty-one of Indiana's ninety-two counties have declared against the saloon.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Miss Sylvia Green, only daughter of Mrs. Hetty Green, known as the richest woman in America, was married at Morristown, N. J., to Matthew Astor Wilks of New York city. Mr. Wilks, who is about sixty years of age, is a great grandson of the first John Jacob Astor.

If he finds it convenient to accept the position Judge George Gray of Delaware probably will be appointed American representative on the international court at The Hague which is to arbitrate the Newfoundland fisheries dispute.

Cipriano Castro, the former president of Venezuela, is planning to return to that country and resume the position of a private citizen.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland has officially notified the Ohio supreme court of his intention to become a lawyer.

THE DEATH RECORD.

George Baxter Burrows, former speaker of the Wisconsin state assembly and member of the state senate, prominent Mason and Elk and an extensive dealer in timber lands, is dead at Madison, aged seventy-eight.

Rear Admiral Charles Stanhope Cotton, U. S. N., retired, is dead at Nice, France, aged sixty-six.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 1.—Wheat—May, $1.13¾; July, $1.14½. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.15@1.15½; No. 1 Northern, $1.14¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.12@1.12½; No. 3 Northern, $1.09½@1.11½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.25. Hogs—$5.85@6.20. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.50; yearlings, $6.00@6.50; lambs, $7.00@7.40.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 1.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.16⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.15⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.13⅛; May, $1.14⅛; July, $1.14⅞; Sept., $1.01½. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.65⅞; May, $1.65⅞; July, $1.66¾; Sept., $1.42½; Oct., $1.38⅞.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 1.—Wheat—May, $1.17¼; July, $1.04⅝@1.04½; Sept., [illegible]; Dec., [illegible]. Corn—March, 63⅞c; May, 65⅞c; July, 65¾@65⅝c; Sept., 65¼c. Oats—May, 54⅜c; July, 49¾@49⅝c; Sept., 40⅝@40½c. Pork—May, $17.95; July, $17.12½. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, [illegible]. Eggs—19@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 14c; springs, 13½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.10@7.00; Texas steers, $4.25@5.40; Western steers, $4.00@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.40; cows and heifers, $1.90@5.65; calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, $5.90@6.35; mixed, $6.00@6.45; heavy, $6.10@6.50; rough, $6.10@6.20; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.50; pigs, $5.15@6.00. Sheep, $3.25@5.65; yearlings, $6.00@7.15; lambs, $5.75@7.70.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Owing to alleged discrimination on the part of railroads in raising freight rates on wheat to such an extent that Minnesota millers cannot compete with Eastern mills the state railroad and warehouse commission has prepared a petition to the interstate commerce commission requesting that the state be allowed to intervene in the action brought by Minneapolis millers against the Eastern roads to obtain a reduction of the rates.

Thirty-two acres of white news print paper every working hour, coming from the two largest paper making machines in the world, will be manufactured in Northern Minnesota by the Backus-Woods company of Minneapolis, commencing Dec. 1 next. The paper factory will be located at International Falls and will be driven by water power wrested by a $1,500,000 plant from the waters of the Rainy river.

Pleading for relief from the floods caused by the Minnesota river along its valley each year about seventy-five members of the Minnesota River Improvement league, composed of business men and farmers in the valley, met in a special session at the St. Paul Commercial club and adopted a resolution asking the legislature for sufficient appropriation to control the waters of the Minnesota.

The little town of Scanlon, three miles from Cloquet, where are located the mills of the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company of Minneapolis, has heard its death knell since the company, which is the sole life of the town, has announced that sawing operations will be suspended next June on account of the exhaustion of the timber supply.

Rev. N. A. Palmer, superintendent of the Minnesota Anti-Saloon league, will resign and return to his former home in Ohio April 15. In a statement he explained that the step was made necessary by ill health and that several times in the last year he has been near a complete nervous breakdown.

A large tract of land at the head waters of the Mississippi is to be given to the University of Minnesota by the Weyerhaeuser interests. The tract, which is situated in Carlton county and which comprises 2,200 acres, will be used in connection with the university forestry department.

The Northwestern Shoe and Leather association, composed of the wholesalers and retailers of the Northwestern states, in convention at Minneapolis, went on record in favor of no duty on imported hides and a reduced duty on manufactured leather products, referring mainly to shoes.

Excluding the summer students the University of Minnesota stands third in the country in attendance. The Universities of Michigan and Columbia are the only ones to top the Minnesota institution out of a long list.

Minneapolis is to have a free dispensary for consumptives in connection with its city hospital. It will be started on a small scale, with but two or three attendants and nurses.

OBITUARY.

David H. Rosenkrantz, who is dead at Minneapolis at the age of seventy-nine years, was one of the first engineers to pull a throttle on the Northwestern road. He had the honor of bringing to Winona the first engine run over the Winona and St. Peter road, the Tiger, in 1862.

Gamaliel Barnes, aged ninety-two years, is dead at Sherburn. He was one of the first settlers of Martin county, having taken as a homestead a farm near Tenhassen, on which he lived until about ten years ago, when he left the farm and removed to Sherburn.

Henry R. Allason, who held the throttle of the first engine to pull into Minneapolis over the Milwaukee railroad, is dead in the Mill City. He was the oldest and one of the best known locomotive engineers in the Northwest.

Mrs. Ursula Schindler, who lived on a farm near Lake Elmo thirty-five years and who was the oldest woman in Washington county, is dead, aged almost ninety-eight years. Six children and eighty grandchildren survive.

John S. Parks, aged seventy-four years, is dead at Amboy. He was one of the early settlers of Blue Earth county and for twenty-five years was postmaster at Pleasant Mounds.

John Hengen, an old settler and a member of the original St. Anthony police force, is dead at Minneapolis in the seventy-ninth year of his age.

Benjamin Chapman Baldwin, eighty-eight years of age, one of the Northwest's oldest and best known civil engineers, is dead at St. Paul.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Two sons of B. F. Guinlow of Litchfield, while playing with dynamite caps which they had found, were seriously injured by an explosion. The physicians in charge hold out hopes of recovery.

A Finnish woman named Hilma Grammes of Duluth, a widow twenty-four years of age, committed suicide by shooting. The woman was despondent over love.

Lawrence Brennan, car repairer, was frightfully mangled under a Great Northern train in the Como street yards at St. Paul and died several hours later.

STATE ROADS EARN LESS

Receipts in 1907 $10,000,000 Greater Than in 1908.

The railroads in Minnesota lost heavily in gross earnings last year as compared with 1907. There was a shrinkage of over $10,000,000 in the total earnings of the roads in the state.

The Great Northern leads the list in the gross earnings. In 1908 the road earned $19,649,762.71, while in 1907 the gross earnings were $22,952,896.92. The taxes for 1908 amounted to $785,990.51, which is over $200,000 above the nearest competitor, the Northern Pacific, which pays $532,988.09 on its gross earnings of $13,324,702.35.

In 1907 the Northern Pacific's total earnings were $14,436,563.28 and its taxes $577,462.53.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is the third road in the matter of the earnings. The road earned $10,228,510.39 in 1908, but in the preceding year it showed a decrease of $1,000,000.

ST. CLOUD OFFERS BONUS

Wants Armour Packing Plant Located Near That City.

Offering 1,000 acres of land and a bonus of $200,000 the St. Cloud Commercial club may relieve the tension now existing between St. Paul and Minneapolis over the location of the Armour packing plant at New Brighton by inducing the big packing firm to locate near St. Cloud.

Ample railway facilities on both the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, electric power generated from a water power plant on the Mississippi river and the hearty welcome and co-operation of the community will be among the advantages held out. These, coupled with the offer of more land than the company now holds and a cash sum equal to one-fifth the cost of the projected plant, look, to those active in the matter, like a strong hand to play.

MINNESOTA LAND VALUES

Average Per Acre, Not Including Town Lots, Is $14.08.

The average value of the 41,331,288.85 acres of Minnesota land during the year of 1908 was $14.08. The number of acres does not include town lots. The value of the land is estimated as $582,030,504. Town lots were valued at $316,963,277, while the figures on the personal property were $166,016,420. This gives a total value of $1,065,010,201, on which the rate of taxation was 26.98 mills.

The university and school fund amounts to $1,309,946.75. County revenue on the taxes reached $3,134,612.25, while the revenue on the city and village taxes was $4,416,914.88. School district taxes on the local 1 mill basis totaled $1,054,849.48.

Must Refund to Customers.

The Minneapolis Gas Light company will refund to its customers in that city 10 per cent of the amount paid on January bills. During January it was found that the grade of gas furnished did not measure up to the standard. According to the Mill City ordinance the consumer can collect a certain per cent rebate for every degree below grade the gas falls. The refund will amount to $11,000.

Minneapolis Man Ends Life.

Peter J. Marder, aged sixty-three, committed suicide at Minneapolis by drinking a large quantity of carbolic acid. He accused his wife of wronging him in a note which he left. He was defendant in a suit which is now pending in court. He said he could no longer withstand the strain of the suit and could not forgive his wife for the trouble she had made for him.

Life Prisoner Commits Suicide.

Henry M. Sussman, a Hebrew, twenty-one years old, serving a life sentence in the state prison at Stillwater, committed suicide by strangulation in his cell. Sussman killed his wife in Minneapolis and was received at the state prison Dec. 19, 1906, under a sentence of life for murder in the second degree, for which crime he was tried and found guilty.

Boy Falls Under Engine.

While stealing a ride on the switch engine in the Chicago and Northwestern railway yards at Mankato the eleven-year-old son of August Hinz sustained injuries that resulted in his death several hours later. In jumping on the engine he slipped and fell under it. Both of his feet were cut off above the ankles and one arm was broken.

Fast Mail Train Wrecked.

Running at the rate of fifty miles an hour toward St. Paul the Milwaukee fast mail struck a broken rail at Kellogg, this state, the engine turning turtle, instantly killing Engineer Frank Dunn of Minneapolis and seriously injuring James Sperbeck, fireman, also of Minneapolis. Dunn was the oldest engineer on the Milwaukee.

Minneapolis Man a Suicide.

Depressed by ill health Herbert Schmitz, aged sixty years, a hostler employed by the Minneapolis Brewing company, shot and killed himself in his room in that city.

Reorganization Plan Approved.

London, March 1.—At a meeting held here of the debenture holders of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company of Minneapolis the plan of reorganization was approved. The reorganization is to be carried out through the medium of an operating company to be formed at Minneapolis.

PRISON FOR LIFE

Minneapolis Murderer Pleads Guilty to Charge.

ALIENISTS SAY HE IS SANE

Lured His Victim to a Secluded Spot and Shot Him.

Andreas Gombosi was sentenced at Minneapolis to state prison for life for the murder of August Bayer, whom he lured to a secluded spot on the outskirts of that city and shot in the back in an attempt to rob him on Jan. 13.

Appearing before Judge John Day Smith of the Hennepin county district court Gombosi was allowed to withdraw his plea of not guilty and substitute one of guilty to murder in the second degree.

Alienists and police officers agreed that the prisoner could not successfully plead insanity.

In answer to the usual questions from the court Gombosi said he was born in Russia and that his parents and four brothers are still living there. He was apprenticed to a cabinet maker when he was fourteen years old and worked at that trade for eight years. He then came to America and drifted about from one job to another, finally landing in Minneapolis.

DASH OF LYE KILLS INFANT

Little Girl Throws Cup of Powerful Liquid on Baby.

Mrs. Duseman of Parkersburg made some liquid lye with which she intended to scrub the kitchen floor. In a cradle was a five-months-old baby. Playing about the home was a three-year-old sister. The mother stepped out for a few moments, leaving the lye where the older child could reach it. When she returned she found the little baby in terrible agony. The sister had secured the lye and had playfully thrown some of the liquid on the baby. Physicians were called, but the little one died a short time after in fearful agony.

TRIES TO KILL WIFE AND SON

Dakota County Farmer Then Attempts Suicide.

An attempt at double murder and suicide following his release after arrest on a charge of threatening to kill his wife may end in the death of John E. Cook, a farmer living a mile west of Lakeville. His wife and his son Earl, the objects of his attack, both escaped serious injury. Cook was taken to Lakeville and is being attended by a local physician, but as the bullet passed through the man's head little hope for his recovery is entertained. His condition is such that no attempt at arrest has been made.

TWO CHILDREN SUFFOCATED

Home of a Minnesota Settler Destroyed by Fire.

The home of A. C. Nelson, twenty-five miles from Alton, was burned and two of the three children of Mr. and Mrs. Nelson were suffocated. Mr. Nelson was away from home at work and the day being pleasant Mrs. Nelson was drawing wood from a pile a short distance from the house. When she entered the house it was on fire and the rooms were filled with smoke. She reached the baby, but it was dead, as was also the other child.

Helpless Man Sees Wife Stricken.

With her husband lying helpless on a cot a few feet away Mrs. Mary O'Malley of St. Paul was suddenly stricken with a stroke of apoplexy and died in a few minutes, her life mate, looking on at the death struggle, unable to give a last consoling word or aid of any kind. He could make no outcry and the pitiable tragedy was only discovered when some time later the daughter entered the home and found her mother on the floor.

Physician Held to Grand Jury.

Dr. William C. Van Damme of Minneapolis, arrested in connection with the discovery of a baby in a suit case which he left in a saloon, waived examination in the municipal court and was bound over to the grand jury in bonds of $2,000. R. N. Bly, arrested with Dr. Van Damme, also appeared in police court. His case was continued. The baby found in the suit case is now at the city hospital, as is the mother. Both will live.

Gives $50,000 to Macalester.

A gift of $50,000 to the endowment fund of Macalester college at St. Paul by Frederick Weyerhaeuser, the lumber magnate of that city, has been officially announced by the trustees of the institution. This gift supplements a donation of $15,000 made by him for the college dormitory two years ago. He has also at various times been a liberal contributor for the college's current expenses.

Railroad Official Dead.

Harry C. Hope of St. Paul, superintendent of telegraph and signals of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha road, one of the best known railroad men in the United States and prominent in Masonic circles, was found dead in bed in one of the rooms of the Minnesota club at St. Paul. He died of apoplexy.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

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Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Nobody blames you when you cheat yourself, but his whole family jumps on you when you cheat somebody.

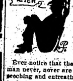

I FEEL LIKE A LITTLE SON OF THE IDLE RICH

Being up in the air isn't such a bad thing if you have a good ship and know how to steer.

We all know people who are entirely too busy to amount to much.

Ever notice that the friends of a lazy man never, never are going around beseeching and entreating him not to try to do too much?

Grocery bills have a way of growing by leaps and bounds that the condition of the pantry doesn't seem to justify.

The only way that you can tell it is by the calendar. Everybody seems to go on in the same old way despite the tradition of good resolves.

If you are determined to take somebody else's place, it would be safer to remove it from his territory first.

Be a Booster.

There isn't any money,
There isn't any sense
Nor aid to those o'erburdened
In keeping down expense.
There isn't any reason,
There isn't any rhyme
Nor gain to be accomplished
In knocking all the time.

Too many carping critics
Are scattered all along,
Their hammer arm by practice
By far too deft and strong,
Each looking every moment
For every flaw and speck
To get their tools in action
And land on some one's neck.

A word of cheer in season,
A smile dropped here and there,
A passing jest with only
A passing friend to share,
A kind appreciation
Not offered for a price,
Has beaten to a frazzle
A ton of strong advice.

'Tis not a very lovely
Or graceful thing to do
To find another's failings
And hold them up to view.
Not always is the critic's
The wisest role or best,
So give the busy hammer
A long and needed rest.

His Reason.

"Do you think women ought to vote?"
"Me?"
"Yes."
"Sure."
"Why?"
"Got it straight from my wife."

Hard on Him.

"He is a man of genius."
"Oh!"
"What?"
"I wondered what ailed him."

Certainty.

"Why do you weep, little girl?"
"Because I can't laugh."

Just Press the Button.

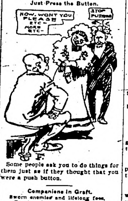

NOW, WONT YOU PLEASE ETC— MORE ETC—
STOP PUSHING
F.

Some people ask you to do things for them just as if they thought that you were a push button.

Companions in Graft.

Sworn enemies and lifelong foes,
Constructively at least,
Clasp hand to hand in friendship and
Like brothers for the main chance stand
If they but scent a feast.

WHEN A MAN GOES OUT—

He doesn't see why his wife didn't attend to putting the studs in his shirt. Why does a man have a wife anyway?

In his frantic search for things that did not need to be searched for, being in their wonted places and entirely oblivious to anybody but that queer individual, a man engaged in dressing, he has pulled everything out of place, and the bath and bed rooms look as if a cyclone had passed through them. Mr. Man vaguely wonders how his wife can tolerate such a disorderly housemaid.

He wonders where his opera hat is, presumes that the children have used it as a sand box; too bad a man can never be sure of anything in his own house except he can't be sure. Ultimately discovers his hat in its proper place and does not seem at all surprised, but departs in proper attire and good spirits, certain in his own mind that he has the best ordered home and dearest wife in the world.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

QUITE DIFFERENT.

The still small voice of conscience
Sounds like a mighty shout
The moment that the owner
Fears he may be found out.
It rings forth like a cannon,
Resounding out through space,
If but exposure rises
To stare him in the face.

When things move on serenely
In placid, even flow
If it does any talking
It whispers soft and low,
Pours out on the surroundings
Approval, or instead
It shakes hands with its owner
And pats him on the head.

It doesn't stop to bother
About the little slips,
And all the minor lapses
Conveniently it skips,
And greater misdemeanors
It lightly passes by
If they will not be blazoned
Before the world's wide eye.

But when the world takes notice
And a reporter hies
To find out for the papers
What's under the disguise
Then conscience gets in motion,
Starts working overtime,
And then the small misdoing
Appears a monstrous crime.

The Pessimist.

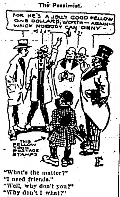

FOR HE'S A JOLLY GOOD FELLOW ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH — AGAIN— WHICH NOBODY CAN DENY —
THIS FELLOW TOOK POSTAGE STAMPS
E.

"What's the matter?"
"I need friends."
"Well, why don't you?"
"Why don't I what?"
"Buy a dollar's worth?"

His Prescription.

"Madam, you must quit worrying."

"But, doctor, how can I, for I never do worry?"

"Never?"

"Absolutely never."

"Er—er—well, you might try worrying awhile—give you an interest in life, you know."

Good Reason.

"I do wonder why women talk so much."

"I can tell you."

"Proceed."

"They consider their brand less objectionable than the men's and do it to discourage their brother's."

Liked the Idea.

"There goes a fellow who lives by borrowing from his friends."

"Introduce me."

"Want to be touched?"

"No; I want to get his plans and specifications."

His Specialty.

"Please gi' me a dime, lady."
"Why don't you do something?"
"Nothing doing in my line just now."
"What is your line?"
"Bein' a social success."

Kind Hearted.

"Why don't you work, you miserable tramp?"

"Then some poor capitalist would have to pay me wages, mum."

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Being able to keep your temper argues the possibility of also being able to take a bit of other people's.

Even earthquakes can't scare some people sufficiently to make them speak the truth.

Being slow to anger may indicate a well poised brain or it may simply be evidence of an unusually thick skin.

The way to succeed is just to succeed. The road is the get there road, and personal presence is all that is required.

Probably Mr. Roosevelt wishes to keep the attention of congress distracted so that it may do as little harm as possible to the country.

It is surprising how few people care much about wearing a fashionable garment when it ceases to be so.

To seem good, to be good and to make good are different in degree and probably in quality.

It does not matter much how much you think unless you think to the point and then convert your thoughts into actions.

Often the man who makes the noise like a bureau of charities has the tightest purse strings.

Digesto MALT EXTRACT

For the Tired Housewife

The dull monotony of the housewife's daily routine is wearing on both body and mind. She will find in Digesto Malt Extract a splendid tonic, whose mildly stimulating effect drives away that feeling of apathy and listlessness and gives life renewed interest.

Palatable and Efficient
At all Drug Stores

MADE ONLY BY
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
BREWERS OF THE BEER THAT
"Leads Them All"

COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

ED O'HARA,

Phone 185. The Drayman.

SAW MILL MACHINERY

Saw Mills
Engines
Boilers
Gang Edgers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Slab Slashers
Chain Conveyors
Lumber Trimmers
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Resaw Machines
Shingle Machines
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Swing Saws
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We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B Free. It will pay you. R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with Scott's Emulsion.

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

STATE CAPITOL LETTER.

After the series of holidays following the opening of a legislative session, the Minnesota legislature has apparently got down to business and from this time forward it is expected that it will be busy in enacting such salutary legislation as is demanded by the people.

With various minds representing various interests it is a problem just what the outcome will be, but one thing is already settled by the affixing of the executive signature on Thursday to the bill providing for the new prison at Stillwater. The measure having previously passed both houses under the leadership of Mr. Spooner and strongly supported by the Senate. The new prison will take the place of the present unsanitary institution and will be a model in every respect, and will undoubtedly be the seat of manufacturing binding twine and farm machinery for the farmers of this state.

It now seems certain that Minnesota will not be far behind its sister states in the matter of automobile legislation. In the other states licensing is done by one of the state departments and a perfect record is provided for. In Minnesota at the present time there is no way of acertaining the owners of machines where the machines are being operated in strange territories. The house ordered all of the automobile bills before it to be referred to an option committee which committee is to draft a new bill providing for licensing by the state department and the latter department is to keep the county posted by filing with the auditor of each county the list of owners and machines in his county. A uniform license fee will be provided for and will result in a good revenue for the state treasury.

The senate committee on elections has reported out for passage what is known as the Canfield bill. This bill repeals the present primary law but in lieu of the present system delegates to county conventions to elect delegates to state conventions or to nominate candidates for county offices must be chosen under the primary method. What kind of treatment the bill will receive remains to be seen. Should it fail to be enacted it is more than likely that the Cooke or Holten bills providing for a certain percentage of a party vote at a primary in order to maintain a party organization, will be reported for passage.

A bill which will probably become a law at this session, although at this writing it has not yet been introduced, is one creating the office of assessor in each county of the state. The bill provides for the election of one county assessor at the general election for a term of four years, his salary to be regulated by the population of his county and the area of taxable land. Should the bill pass, the county commissioners will have power to appoint the first assessor who will hold over till the next general election. Under the six classes of counties as named in this bill, such an official in Red Lake county would draw $1,400 annually, payable monthly. The assessor has the power to appoint deputies, such deputies not to exceed in number more than one of each 500 of population and shall draw $5 per day. Every county assessor shall devote his entire time to his office and shall hold no other county office. Such an office would probably be opposed by the tax dodgers as a man giving his entire time to the assessing of personal property would no doubt be able to uncover many taxable things which generally escape the eye of the man who is given a limited time to do this work.

An exemption of $200 instead of $100 for tax payers is provided for in a bill introduced by Representative Dalzell, chairman on the committee of taxes and tax laws. The state tax commission recommended this change in its report recently published. This is strictly a measure effecting the common classes. The poor man as a rule is the heaviest tax payer in proportion to his wealth. Give the poor man a reasonable exemption and the rich brother will soon be paying his rightful share, for the revenues have to come from some source—don't you know.

Consumption

is, by no means, the dreadful disease it is thought to be—in the beginning.

It can always be stopped—in the beginning. The trouble is: you don't know you've got it; you don't believe it; you won't believe it—till you are forced to. Then it is dangerous.

Don't be afraid; but attend to it quick—you can do it yourself and at home. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod Liver Oil and live carefully every way.

This is sound doctrine, whatever you may think or be told; and, if heeded, will save life.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Reiner.

The weather has been quite favorable for the people to be out again.

Peter Brevik and family visited at Berg's last Sunday.

Ole and Casper Lund have been staying with Martin Anderson while they have been taking out spruce poles.

The auction sale at Mrs. Torgenson's was a success, everything selling at good prices.

Mr. and Mrs. Sigrud are the happy parents of a baby boy.

John Stenvik has gotten his shingle mill home at last.

Miss Tena Anderson arrived home last week from a visit in the town of Moylan.

Mr. Grinde is the lucky man in getting the wolves now days. He has caught two lately.

The farmers have been busy hauling ice for the creamery, and if they pack more ice than what they have it is believed that this will be an awful cold country next summer, so you fellows better stop and think of crops.

Ole Brenna was auctioneer at Torgenson's and Harry Dobner, clerk. We will give Mr Brenna credit for being quite a talker.

Germantown.

As a result of the last snow fall the roads are now the best ever and everybody is taking advantage by hauling in the year's supply of wood, hauling out the balance of the grain crops and so on.

Edward Iverson bought a car load of cattle hereabout last week for the St. Paul market.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cook last Thursday. Mother and child are reported as doing very well and Charley—well he passes the cigars.

Louis Hamre bought nine head of young stock from Hartvig Lund last week. Mr. Lund is closing out his property here and will remove to Hillsboro, N. D. in the near future where he will engage in farming.

Martin Bakken returned from Warren on Thursday. He reports the condition of his wife who is confined to the hospital at that place, to be quite serious, and that she is not expected to recover.

Ole Ihle, the well known Thief River Falls well digger, came up with his drilling outfit last week and commenced work on August Ristau's place.

Theodor Evenby was in the city last week and while there invested in a buggy.

Coughs and colds have been quite general lately.

The creamery directors met last Friday and disposed of a bunch of business. Everything is to be in a No. 1 order for the start on April 1st. A buttermaker for the season has been secured in the person of Henry Paulson who hails from Todd county and is a knight of the churn of several years experience.

Among a number of people from this place who partook in a pleasure trip to Grygla Saturday and returning on Sunday were the Misses Holden, Kaliher and Vaughan.

A conference of ministers and delegates composing what is known as the Thief River Falls circuit of the Norwegian Synod church was held Tuesday and Wednesday of this week at Liner, Oscar Hovelsos as representative of the Germantown congregation is in attendance.

The county in general and the eastern section in particular is anxiously awaiting the Engineer's report on the county ditch project which still seems to be in the hands of the surveyor. Everybody dreads any unnecessary delay at this time.

A Splendid Class.

"Northern Minnesota has the most sturdy lot of settlers that you can find anywhere in the Northwest, and I am acquainted with the territory that I am speaking about," said A. C. Worrell, who makes the northwestern territory for a large Chicago wholesale house, to a Duluth Herald reporter.

"I have been traveling over the northwest for the past fifteen years. During that time I have seen many people come to various parts of the northwest. The people of Northern Minnesota are a different class from the rest of the people who have come to the northwest in the time that I have been going over that part of the country.

"They are a sturdy lot of the best class, and they have come to the northern part of the state despite the fact that many people have told them that it is impossible to make a success of farming in this part of the state. They have come here to make a success of their work, and what I know of the settlers in this part of the state, there is a great agricultural future ahead of Northern Minnesota.

"Down in Iowa and over in Wisconsin they have some of the best farmers in the entire country. But for sturdy character and determination to succeed they are not superior to the settlers who have come to this part of the state. The characteristics of determination and character are the dominant ones of the settlers who have taken homesteads in the extreme northern part of the state. They have contended with many obstacles but very few of these settlers have abandoned their claims. Most of them have remained to build homes in that part of the state. The settlement of Northern Minnesota will be very rapid from now on and I also believe that some of the best settlers in the country will come to this part of the state."

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending Feb. 27, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Anton, O.
Anderson, Mrs. Hannah
Bakke, Andrew
Barsoll, O. J.
Chute, Alvin
Danahue, J. L.
Erickson, Mrs. Irene
Flanegan, T. W.
Godwin, Cal
Hanson, Miss Signe
Joseph Mike
Ingals, J. S.
Lund, E. E.
Lokkie, Lars
Maalgaard, P. P.
Ness, Severt
Strand, Jakob
Walstrom, L. O.
Welch, R. C.
Willitt, Mrs. Arthur

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka, Postmaster.

Subscribe for the News.

STOLE AND WAS CAUGHT

Charles Carpenter, a Seventeen Year Old Boy Broke Into the Ole Rude Store.

Secured Some $12 in Cash and Other Small Articles of Value.

Upon the complaint of Ole Rude, who conducts a jewelry and confectionery store on North Main avenue, a warrant was issued for the arrest of Charles Carpenter, a seventeen year old boy, for breaking into his store and stealing money to the amount of $12 and some goods.

Carpenter was arrested the next day and admitted his guilt before Judge Bishop. He claimed that his reason for doing the act was that he was drunk and that he had purchased his whiskey of Alfred Rasmusson, who conducts the saloon formerly owned by Geo. Williams. The authorities at once caused the arrest of Mr. Rasmusson and the trial was to have been held on Tuesday with young carpenter as the witness for the state. City Attorney Halvorson, however, on Monday evening moved to have the case dismissed, but it is rumored that another complaint will be issued later on.

City Council.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening and considerable business of importance was transacted.

Alfred Rasmusson was cited to appear before the city council at a meeting to be held on Friday, the 12th of March, to show cause why his license should not be revoked. Mr. Rasmusson's license does not expire until the 5th day of May, and if the license is revoked he would loose nearly two month's business.

The resolution fixing the special election of the 10th of March to vote upon the issuing of bonds to the amount of $20,000 to build an armory and city hall was repealed owing to the fact that a sufficient length of time could not be given to the voters that an election was to be held. This resolution will be again adopted at a meeting to be held later and the vote upon the proposition will be some time in April.

It was voted to extend the water works main on the East Side south from Prichard's corner to a point near Ben Erickson's residence. This work will be done by the city.

Get Their Land After Long Fight.

An order from the department at Washington, that the entries of M. N. Karelson and Isaac Staples, who live on a quarter section near Morris, be allowed, put an end to a fight lasting 21 years. When those two men made application for homestead entry on the land they now occupy, the old Hastings & Dakota railway blocked them, and although many efforts had since been made no results had been gained, but confident that they would win at the last the two continued making improvements on it. The land has been free of taxes to them during the past 21 years and according to the homestead law will be for 7 years more.

A New Ditch to Be Built.

A petition has been circulated the past week by C. J. Knox, Robert Lee and others for an extensive system of ditches on the south side of the Red Lake river in the town of Smiley. The residents, it is said, are very much in favor of seeing the work done and the promoters believe that this town can be drained as dry as a bone.

May Have a New District.

Senator A. L. Hanson presented a reapportionment bill dividing the sixty-first legislative district in two, creating a sixty-fourth district out of Beltrami and Red Lake county, with one senator and a representative for each county. The counties of Norman, Mahnomen and Clearwater are left in the sixty first district, with one senator and two representatives.—Minneapolis Journal.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2.30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2.30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 7.30 p. m., prayer meeting.

Everybody invited.

J. H. Smith, Pastor.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $150.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

NORMAL UP IN THE AIR

Cass Lake Scores a Point by Getting Its Bill Placed Upon General Order.

General Bill Is Recommended to Pass and the Whole Thing Up in the Air.

Honors are even between the representatives of the Cass Lake bill to establish a normal school at that place, and the advocates of the Hinds "general bill," establishing the school and leaving the location to the members of the state normal board, the fight was waged on the floor of the house Tuesday resulting in the Cass Lake bill being placed on general orders and the "general bill" being recommended for passage.

When the order of minority report of McGarry was reached, the motion to place the report on general orders was adopted by a vote of 60 to 57.

Immediately on adoption of the McGarry motion to place the Cass Lake bill on general orders, Representative Opsahl moved that the "general bill" be recommended for passage, which was adopted, by a vote of 62 to 54, the Cass Lake measure losing several of its old supporters.

The trial of strength is taken by the supporters of the "general bill" as a good omen for the passage of that measure.

After the vote on the McGarry resolution, several members who had pledged themselves to McGarry and Gunn, earlier in the session, voluntarily came to the supporters of the general bill and unhesitatingly stated they would now support the "general bill"; and it is believed that within the next two days Cass Lake will have lost out on her proposition to "hog" the school for that place.

It is possible that all normal school bills will be killed.

County Seat Bill.

Up to the time of going to press, no word has been received as to the county seat bill, although it is expected to pass the house and senate this week. D. P. O'Neill, Mayor Hamre and Robert McGinn who are in St. Paul looking after the interests of Thief River Falls say that nothing but an earthquake can prevent favorable action. The subcommittee of five, to which the bill had been referred, is favorable to Thief River Falls as is also the committees in the house and senate. Only one amendment to the bill has been considered and that was to increase the per cent required to remove the county seat from 55 to 58 per cent. Thief River Falls is willing this amendment should be made, but representatives from Pine and other counties interested in this same bill are opposed to this increase, and it is hardly probable that it will be made.

AT THE BIJOU.

The last two or three seasons has seen the dramatic taste run to western bills. There has been many different styles of western plays offered, varied enough to suit all tastes and classes. One of the most popular of these plays is "The Cattle Rustlers." It appears to please all classes. The story is interesting and the scenery superb.

The dramatic and comedy elements are well balanced. Dramatic—"The Bride of Tabiovia," an Indian playlet and "The Two Sons, or the Saint and the Prodical." Comedy—"A Seaside Girl" and "The Piker's Dream," a race track fantasy. The illustrated song is the season's greatest hit, "And More Yet Besides." The amateurs will present a sketch this coming Friday.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Hulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Any one wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Hulman.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

Bank No. 239.

Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of the "First State Bank of Thief River Falls"

At a meeting of the stockholders of the above named Bank, held at the Banking House on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1909, the following resolution was offered and adopted by a majority vote of its capital stock:

RESOLVED That section Sixth of the Certificate of Incorporation of this bank be amended to read as follows:

Section Sixth—The board of directors shall consist of seven stockholders, J. L. Dobner, of Kalispell, Montana, and H. G. Dobner, L. M. Hoag, Math Barzen, Sven Swenson, Chas. A. Robbecke and Perl W. Mabey, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are hereby appointed directors of this banking corporation to hold their offices as such until the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the third Monday in January of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by a majority vote of the Capital Stock, at a meeting duly called for that purpose and held at the Banking House in Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of February, A. D., 1909.

(Corporate Seal) MATH BARZEN, Vice President.
H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

State of Minnesota,
Office of Public Examiner.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 25th, 1909.

This is to certify that the action of the stockholders of the "First State Bank of Thief River Falls" at Thief River Falls, Minn., in voting to increase the number of its directors from four to seven, and naming them as provided for in the foregoing amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation, has been approved by me.

(Seal) A. SCHAEFER, Public Examiner.

State of Minnesota,
Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1909 at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book A of State Bank Amdt. Records, on page 67.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL, Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1909, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book F of Miscl., page 250.

(Seal) FRANK JEFFERS, Register of Deeds.
By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Cures backache and irregularities that if neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. A. Bjorkhoel.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly, strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. A. Bjorkhoel.

WANTED—Success Magazine requires the services of a man in Thief River Falls to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective; position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary $1.50 per day, with commission option. Adress with references, R. C. Peacock, Room 102, Success Magazine Bldg., New York.

DO YOU WANT TO GO TO COLLEGE? If so we can help you. We have already put hundreds through college by means of our plan. Write today for full information regarding our offer of a free scholarship in any school or college. Address, Robert J. Sherlock, 23-31 East 22d Street, New York City.

How can any person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs, and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjerkhoel.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

In the Matter of OLAF H. HANSON, Bankrupt. } IN BANKRUPTCY. (No. 162)

To the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota:

Olaf H. Hanson, of Hilda, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 30th day of July, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 29th day of January, A. D. 1909.
OLAF H. HANSON, Bankrupt.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, SIXTH DIVISION.

On this 15th day of February, A. D. 1909, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ORDERED BY THE COURT, that a hearing be had upon the same on the [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1909, before said court, at St. Paul in said district, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls in said District, on the [illegible] day of February, A. D. 1909.

(Seal of the Court) CHARLES L. SPENCER, Clerk.
By [illegible], Deputy Clerk.

THE NEWS, $1

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Food is more tasteful, healthful and nutritious when raised with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Made from Grapes

Absolutely PURE

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.06
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.56
Barley	50
Eggs	25c
Butter	20 25c

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Dr. Mellby was up to Middle River Tuesday.

Sherriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Tudsday.

H. L. Lundgren, of Viking, was in the city the first of the week.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city the first of the week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

John Rossenwold left Monday evening for Big Stone county to visit his parents.

Mrs. F. Edleman, of Harvy, N. D., is a visitor at the Rev. and Mrs. Larson home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilhelm Michelet were down to Crookston the first of the week visiting with friends.

Torger Holm and daughter, Inga, of Ada, were visitors in the city between trains last Thursday.

Miss Clara Reierson, of Newfolden, arrived in the city Monday evening to visit her sister, Mrs. Fred Lufkin.

Judge J. M. Bishop left Monday evening on a trip to Oklahoma. He expects to be absent for about two weeks.

Will Berg, who just recently recovered from an attack of typhoid fever, returned to his duties at Prince Albert, Sask., last Friday night.

R. Reierson, the Holt merchant, was in the city the first of the week. He states that Holt is to have a new hotel in the near future.

Mrs. William Lillemon, who had been in the city visiting her parents, left Monday evening for Monroe, Wash., to join her husband.

Olaf Ramstad left last evening for southern Minnesota and Wisconsin points where he will spend several days buying a carload of horses which he will bring to Thief River Falls and sell to the farmers of this vicinity.

While skating at the roller rink last Thursday night Miss Anna Anderson tripped and fell, sustaining a dislocated shoulder. While not serious the accident was a very painful one and as a result she has been absent from her duties at the Golden Rule for the past few days.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Joe Johnson was down from Erie last week.

Ice houses for rent. Inquire of Geo Elder.

J. S. Wenberg, of Grygla, was in the city last week.

S. Kennison returned Monday from a trip to the cities.

James Power was up from Crookston yesterday visiting old friends.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Adam Zeh was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday visiting with friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

J. W. Vroison, the Highlanding merchant, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Mabey, who has been here from Lake City visiting her son, Perl W. Mabey, returns home this evening.

Mrs. M. Bockman returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Minneapolis, where she had been visiting friends.

Pat Sullivan last week sold his farm in the town of Highlanding to John Querk, the consideration being $2,700.

Mrs. B. N. Wilson entertained a company of elderly ladies Monday afternoon in honor of her mother, Mrs. Curran, and Mrs. Mabey, of Lake City.

Weslie McCrum, the eleven year old son of W. I. McCrum, was operated upon Tuesday for appendicitis. The little fellow is now getting along nicely.

George Wilson arrived here last week from his North Dakota farm to visit his daughter, Mr. S. W. Bagley. Mr. Wilson will spend the summer on his homestead in the town of Smiley.

Dennis Le Sage and Louis Lonson were down to Crookston the first of the week attending a meeting of the Northwestern Firemen's Tournament association. The tournament is to be held in Crookston this year in July.

Henry Cook, of Germantown, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Cook is going to have an auction sale of all the personal property upon his farm on March 20. After the sale he expects to take a trip to British Columbia to spend the summer.

Sheriff Forsberg sprained his ankle badly at Fergus Falls last week and has kept close to home since his return from Fergus. The sprain was a severe one, though not serious, and Mr. Forsberg will soon be able to get around with as great celerity as he did before the accident.—Warren Register.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Ed Weitz was up to Roseau last Saturday.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Ole O. Brenna was up to Middle River Monday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dr. Mellby was up to Middle River last Friday.

Ben Christienson was up to Greenbush last Saturday.

Miss Patterson, of St. Hilaire, spent Saturday in the city.

Charles N Bourdon was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

County Supt. of Schools Anderson was in the city the first of the week.

James Bulman returned to this city last Friday from a trip to Big Falls.

Charles Moyer was down from Roseau last week visiting with friends here.

Ed Iverson went down to St. Paul last Saturday with a carload of cattle.

Judge Andrew Grindeland, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

For Sale—Five or six good driving or working horses. Inquire of John Meehan.

George L. Austin and Prof. W. E. McGregor were up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Fred Hauge came up from Minneapolis the first of the week to visit friends here for a few days.

F. J. Stebbins left Monday on a trip to Middle River, Greenbush, Badger and Roseau to spend the week doing optical work.

Oscar Hovelsos, one of the bright young farmers living up near Germantown was in the city last Friday attending to business matters.

Mrs. Dan Sullivan arrived in the city last week from Crystal, N. D., and is visiting friends here and at Highlanding.

James Dean and John Holnberg, who had been at work at Bemidji making repairs to the saw mill there, returned to this city last Friday.

Peter Beito, a former Thief River printer but who is now conducting a photograph gallery at Greenbush, was in the city the first of the week.

Get your watch repaired by us and you will always have the correct time. Prices lowest and workmanship the best. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

Louis Hanson returned Monday from a trip to Western North Dakota and Montana where he had been selling the flour that is making the city famous.

A. H. Fasel went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend the cement workers convention. From there he will go to his old home in southern Minnesota and spend a few days visiting friends.

Chief of Police Lang took a valuable bull dog from a train that entered this city Saturday evening upon advice received from Chief of Police O'Connor, of St. Paul. The dog had been stolen from a St. Paul man.

Ed Enright, one of the well known farmers living near Red Lake Falls was in the city last Friday. Mr. Enright has just recently returned from California and as he finds that his health is better out there than in Minnesota, has decided to remove to the west.

George Leimers and family, of Deer Park, were in the city Tuesday being enroute to Melno, Wash., where they will make their future home. Mr. Leimers is very sorry to leave Red Lake county, but is obliged to do so on account of his health. He has rented his farm in Red Lake county and recently held an auction sale. At this sale he received over $1,200 in cash which shows that the farmers of that section are prospering and it is all due to the creameries.

Farmers at Anoka, Elk River, Princeton, North Branch and other towns in the potato belt are receiving $1 per bushel for potatoes today. In Thief River Falls there is no cash market for potatoes, and this condition is due entirely to the fact that farmers are raising too many varieties of potatoes. In this potato section all of the farmers raise the standard varieties and it is possible for a buyer to secure carload lots of Burbanks or Ohios. Mixed varieties of potatoes will not command a good price.

E. A. Hjertos was called to Fargo Saturday evening to indentify the man under arrest there supposed to be the Strathcona postoffice robber. Mr. Hjertos returned Monday and stated that the man was the same fellow that was seen in the Hjertos & Dalquist store the day before the robbery and is known to have walked from here to Strathcona. The prisoner was bound over to the grand jury and will be tried at Fergus Falls at which trial Mr. Hjertos will be summoned again.—Middle River Pioneer.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

We are pleased to inform you that our spring stock of new goods is arriving daily. We have been very fortunate in the selection of the different lines, both to style and quality, and the prices will as usual be the lowest possible.

Have just received a beautiful assortment of Muslin underwear, also Laces, Embroideries and Trimmings that we know will be admired highly by our lady customers.

An advance shipment of the celebrated David Adler Men's suits is also received, and for style and finish can not be excelled, and as to price, we are always right.

We have yet a few men's fur and cloth overcoats at wholesale prices. It will pay you to buy an overcoat now, and put it away for next winter.

Come in and look around. We have many special bargains to offer in the season's clean-up.

Last of all we wish to impress on everybody that we have established, absolutely, one price on our goods, to all and everybody, and challenge competition for equal quality of goods. Our reputation for low prices has never been disputed.

LANGSETH MERC. CO.

C. H. Martz was up from St. Hilaire yesterday.

Rev. Gilchrist went up to Middle River yesterday.

N. E. Beebe, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

Rev. Smith was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Emil Dryfoos went down to Mahnomen yesterday morning.

For Sale—A beautiful second hand, six octave organ. A big bargain. P. P. Hamre.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Mrs. C. Myrold, of Ortonville, Minn., arrived in the city yesterday to spend a few days visiting relatives.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Louis Hanson left yesterday on a trip to Roseau, Warroad, Beaudette and other towns up on the Rainey river.

Services in the Synod church next Sunday at at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m., both in the Norwegian language.

Mrs. Perl W. Mabey entertained a company of lady friends yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. J. E. Mabey, of Lake City.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Services next Sunday as follows: Zion congregation 10:30 a. m.; Thief River Falls, 7:45. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

For Sale—Good seven room house, barn and three lots. Terms, part cash, balance on time. A bargain if taken at once. P. P. Hamre.

P. L. Holm, the merchant prince of Argyle, spent Sunday in the city as the guest of T. L. Melgaard. He left Monday morning for a trip to Warroad and Beaudette.

Services of Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at the German Lutheran church in Thief River Falls Sunday evening at 7.30. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

The Presbyterian ladies will meet in the church parlor Friday afternoon. Lunch will be served. All members are urgently requested to be present. Every one cordially invited.

A. R. Jones, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday.

D. P. O'Neill was up from St. Paul to spend Sunday with his family.

Arnt Giving, one of the well known settlers living out at Brunkeberg, was in the city Tuesday and made this office a pleasant call.

Daniel Patterson and C. L. Hanson were up from St. Hilaire Tuesday attending to business matters and calling upon friends.

Frank Bourque returned to this city last week from Bemidji where he had been at work repairing the Bemidji Lumber company's mill.

The American house, the second oldest house in the village of St. Hilaire and one of the land marks of the town, was destroyed by fire Monday evening.

Chris G. Aaum left Tuesday evening for Spokane, Wash. He expects to purchase some business out there and remove his family out west as soon as school closes.

W. W. Prichard returned Monday from his trip to the Pacific Coast and after he attends to some private business will return to the west and make his future home.

—F. Carlson wishes to announce that he has opened up a tannery in Thief River Falls, and is now prepared to tan all kinds of hides. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can also line robes and fur coats. Located in building just north of city hall.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding the first of the week. He recently sold his farm up there and will remove to Wyoming in the near future and engage in dry farming. On the 18th of March he will hold an auction sale of his stock, farm machinery, etc.

Attention Ladies!

All of the ladies of Thief River Falls interested in the work of the Women's Improvement League are requested to meet at the Antlers Club rooms on Thursday, March 11, to discuss plans for this year.

Mrs. Ida C. Richardson,
President.

Mozark Roller Rink Club.

Pleasant, healthful exercise. Open 2.30 to 5.30 and 7.30 to 10.30 every day except Tuesday evenings. Instructors always on the floor. Friday afternoons reserved for ladies only.

See managers for season tickets.

Dr. Moeller Convicted.

MINOT, N. D., March 1.—After being out forty-six hours the jury in the case of the state vs. Dr. Thor Moeller, charged with murder in the second degree, returned a verdict Sunday afternoon of guilty, and fixed the punishment at 10 years in the state penitentiary. He will undoubtedly appeal the case.

Dr. Moeller was a resident of Thief River Falls about ten years ago and is well known to all of the old residents of this section.

Crookstonites to Erect Sanatarium.

CROOKSTON, Feb. 27.—(Special.)—A number of prominent business men of Crookston have started a movement to buy an Island in the Lake of the Woods and there erect a sanitarium for tuberculosis. The island has been selected and option secured on it, and at the preliminary meeting held recently the project was given a substantial boost. The location is believed to be ideal in every way, and sufficiently remote to overcome any objections.

The projectors have decided to adopt the endless chain of letters' system to secure sufficient funds to make the sanitarium an established fact, and already the citizens' committee has received sufficient from citizens of Crookston and immediate vicinity to assure the sanitarium.

Big Money in Clover.

We notice by the Little Falls papers, that a representative of a Minneapolis seed house has been going thru Morrison county buying up the clover seed from the farmers. He bought 572 bushels in two days and left $3,000 in the hands of the farmers. From one farmer he got 68 bushels, paying $375 for the same; from another he bought 18 sacks for $250, and so on. One farmer's clover seed yielded four bushels to the acre. The average price paid for the seed was $6.25 per bushel. We like to see these reports from other counties. It shows that the farmers generally realize the value of growing clover, not alone for the value of seed crop, but because it enriches the soil, supplying elements which become lacking from continued cropping.—Wadena Journal.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Veisendahl, for the sum of $30. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be forgery.

Ole C. Brenna

Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Residence, Thief River Falls

Phone No. 118.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Josephine Maresh.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Josephine Maresh, Decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Joseph Horejsh.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 25th day of August, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "The Thief River Falls News" as provided by law.

Dated February 15th, 1909.

(Court Seal) S. A. SWANSON,
feb.18-mar.4. Judge of Probate.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew O. Sandland, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn., who on Dec. 9th, 1901, made H. E. No. 907, Serial, No. [illegible], for SE¼ Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Micheldt, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole H. Langlie, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn.
Halvor T. Homme, " "
Torger Hemmestvedt, " "
John Bjurnstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
feb. 18-mar. 25. Register.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A Religous Authors's Statement.

Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy." A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. In District Court.
COUNTY OF RED LAKE. } 14th Judicial District.

Sivert Euenes, Plaintiff,
vs.
Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice Is Hereby Given: That by virtue of an execution directed and delivered to me, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Euenes, Plaintiff, and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 44-100 dollars ($18.44) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed at the office of the Clerk of the said District Court, for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right, title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following described real property, to-wit:

Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.18-apr 1
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Simple Remedy for La Grippe.

La grippe coughs are dangerous as they frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs so that no serious results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. A. Bjerkhoel.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillemoen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, [illegible], and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock a. m., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page [illegible].

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, [illegible] and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 23rd day of October, [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page [illegible]; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909, at [illegible] o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty-one and [illegible] dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, A. D., 1909.

S. SWENSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb 11-mar 18

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

"My three year old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life." A. Wolkuch, Casimer, Wis. A. Bjerkhoel.

AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, March 6th,

AT

Remmem Bros. Livery Stable, Thief River Falls, Minn.

One car load---20 head--- of

GOOD WORKING HORSES,

Average weight about 1250, age from 6 to 8 and mostly mares.

These horses MUST BE SOLD and bargains will be given all purchasers.

All the horses will be subject to private sale before or after the day of sale.

TERMS: Bankable paper due Dec. 1, 1909.

OLSON BROS., Owners.

C. M. EVENSON and OLE C. BRENNA,
Auctioneers.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

The Porcelain Valentine.

By Clarissa Mackie.

Copyright, 1908, by Clarissa Mackie.

MISS LEAFY BEAN stared into the window of the stationer's shop, surveying the long lines of valentines that hung in festoons from end to end. There were all sorts of valentines from the humblest penny post card, with its crudely colored picture and amorous verse, to the huge affairs of satin and lace, with doves and cupids and bleeding hearts painted thereon.

Miss Leafy looked them over carefully. There was not one that would answer the purpose she had in mind. She entered the shop and asked in a firm, rasping voice for what she was seeking.

"Comic valentines?" repeated the clerk, with astonishment in his sheeplike eyes. "Yes, ma'am—of course, ma'am," and he drew a box from beneath the counter and displayed for Miss Leafy's inspection a varied assortment of hideous and coarsely colored caricatures. If he expected to see the little old lady shrink at the sight of the lurid pictures he was disappointed, for she put on a pair of steel bowed spectacles and surveyed each one critically—indeed, one might say with the eye of a connoisseur.

"I will take this one," she said finally, opening her slim purse.

Then she hurried toward the door. As she passed through she met another woman a little younger than herself. They exchanged stiff bows of recognition. Miss Leafy blushed a little and clutched the envelope containing the comic valentine within the folds of her skirt.

She stepped out along the quiet street toward the Old Ladies' home with primly stepping feet and a soft swing of her ample cashmere skirts. She wore a rusty velvet cape, with a high collar turned up around her withered chin, and she carried a large mink muff. Beneath the narrow brim of her small bonnet her nose shone very red with the cold, and the sting of the sharp wind brought the tears to her weak eyes.

SHE SURVEYED EACH ONE CRITICALLY.

When she reached the home, which was a fine, imposing structure set in handsome grounds, she turned into the flagged path with renewed energy and was soon snugly ensconced in her own half of the room she shared with Ellen Drake. It was a large room, with polished floor and several large windows, two on the front and two on the side. The apartment was divided by an imaginary line drawn diagonally from the door to the front corner, thus affording each occupant two windows and the use of the door. A rug placed in the center of each diagonal space, small iron beds, dressers, comfortable rockers and tables formed the furniture, while a large coal stove in the center of the room radiated warmth and cheer to every corner.

Miss Leafy removed her bonnet and cape and hung them, together with the mink muff, within her tiny closet. Then she seated herself at the table and drew out the comic valentine she had just purchased. She adjusted her spectacles again and looked long and curiously at the picture. She did not smile or otherwise exhibit any evidence of amusement. There was the light of an indomitable purpose in her eyes and in the set of her thin lips.

The picture portrayed a hideous woman, with mincing gait, wearing an enormous bonnet, from which hung multitudes of varicolored feathers and ribbons. Her dress was trimmed with buttons, buckles, fringes, bows and streamers, while about her shoulders was draped a lace shawl. She held a tiny parasol above her bedizened head. Beneath were lines of doggerel verse:

Hold up your head, you think you're so fine!
You are nothing but clothes; you haven't a mind!
Your silks are but cotton; your hat is a sham;
You're a smiling deceiver abroad in the land!

Miss Leafy nodded her head approvingly. "That's Ellen Drake to the life," she said slowly. "She thinks she's fine, and she expects every one else to think the same. She's a smiling deceiver, for she pretends to be pleasant to every one, and she treats me like the dirt beneath her feet. A-pretending that shawl is real lace! How comes it that Ellen Drake can wear lace shawls any more'n I can? I'll stick to it that mine is real lace too. I ain't going to take no back seat for Ellen Drake if her pa was a schoolteacher!"

Here Miss Leafy ended her soliloquy, and, folding her hideous valentine to fit a long envelope, she inclosed it and sealed the flap. Then with a scratchy pen dipped in rusty brown ink she printed the letters of Ellen Drake's name.

"There!" she ended triumphantly. "I'll just drop that in the letter box at the corner so she'll get it the first thing in the morning. After she learns what folks think of her mebbe she won't hold up her head quite so high!"

She affixed a stamp to the missive, and, throwing a knitted shawl about her thin shoulders, she hurried out to the corner of the street and posted the letter.

Ellen Drake was late. She did not return to the home until just as the occupants were sitting down to their evening meal in the long, cheerful dining room. She left her wraps in the hall and took her seat beside Miss Leafy with a grim nod that belied the pleasant twinkle in her mild blue eyes. She was a small, plump woman, with faded blond hair and a round, rosy face and smiling lips that disclosed rows of even white teeth. These teeth were at once the envy and despair of Miss Leafy Bean's heart. Her own had gone long ago, and she was now reduced to a toothless underjaw, while an ill fitting plate of obviously false teeth adorned the upper one.

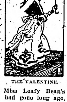

THE VALENTINE.

"Cold out, Ellen?" asked old Mrs. Brown from across the table.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Drake, "it's dreadful cold. Looks like snow."

"Been buying valentines?" continued Mrs. Brown, with a snickering laugh that was echoed down the table in diminishing cachinnations.

"Some," returned Mrs. Drake spiritedly. "I always buy valentines. I believe in 'em!"

"Believe in 'em! Valentines are only for young folks a-courtin' and such," jeered Mrs. Brown.

"Valentines mean love," continued Ellen Drake soberly, "and old folks want love just as much as young ones do—and a sight more, I'm thinking. It don't make no difference if you're a hundred years old, if you get a valentine with hearts and posies on it and doves and flowers and a pretty verse to it it warms you all up, not quite the same as when you was sixteen, but almost!" She uttered a mellow laugh that warmed more than one of the feeble, discontented old women gathered there.

"That's so," assented Miss Piper in her shrill treble. "I remember my first valentine." And so each one told a story about some valentine she had received in the old days—some message of a love that came so readily and all unsought in the golden old days. And as they told their stories withered cheeks reddened, faded eyes brightened and fretful voices took on softer cadences until, when they rose, there was a warmer unanimity of feeling among them, and when they parted for the night they strayed off in groups of twos and threes, still telling of the old days, the golden old days, when love was everything, when love was king.

All save Miss Leafy. She had maintained a stony silence during the tender reminiscences that had arisen like a cloud of incense about her, a cloud that hovered about, but did not encompass her. She withdrew herself from it, just as she withdrew from their playful questioning, with a grim shrug. She went to her room alone and sat down on her side of the glowing heater, with her skirts turned back over her knees and her feet on the hearth; she stared through the crack of the stove door at the ruddy coals; in them she saw pictures of the past. There were old days, but never golden days. She remembered bitterly that she had always been small and lean and homely. She never had a valentine. She never had a lover. She never had married. She had cared for her parents, who had lived to a ripe old age, and, when they died she had sold the place and with the proceeds had purchased lifelong comfort in the home. That had been her life—always lonely, with a heart hungering for love and kindness, which, when offered, she could not recognize, but fought off with shy suspicion.

"I'VE GOT ONE JUST LIKE THAT."

When Ellen Drake arrived and was assigned to share a room with Miss Leafy the newcomer had sought by every art known to her genial little soul to win Miss Leafy's regard. Perhaps she might have done so had not an unfortunate thing happened. Mrs. Drake in unpacking her garments displayed to Miss Bean's admiring eyes a black lace shawl. "It's real lace," said Ellen simply. "It belonged to my grandmother."

Leafy Bean bit her lip and looked with covetous eyes upon the real lace shawl. She fingered its filmy texture, and then she said carelessly:

"I've got one just like that, only mine's white. I'd show it to you, only it's in the bottom of my trunk. I'll get it out some day. Mine's real lace too."

"I'd admire to see it," said Ellen Drake heartily, and Leafy had crept away to bed with a resentful heart and a very guilty conscience, for Leafy Bean never had a lace shawl in her life.

All the year that followed Ellen Drake's arrival at the home Leafy Bean had maintained a frigid demeanor toward that lady. This was harder to understand, because the women occupied the same apartment and a more amicable relation would have resulted in much happiness to both of them. It is true that Ellen Drake strove for this, but after awhile she tired of repeated rebuffs, and so day after day the women would sit on opposite sides of the pleasant room in perfect silence. Sometimes one or the other would have visitors or they would meet in the living room downstairs, but there was generally silence between them, or, at best, a veiled hostility.

Because Ellen Drake dressed tastefully from the remnants of a once well stocked wardrobe Leafy Bean had nurtured a bitter jealousy which culminated in the purchase of the hideous valentine. And now Leafy was thinking how, the first thing in the morning, Ellen would receive the valentine. Perhaps she would not toss her head and flaunt her finery in the face of—

Just then the door opened, and Ellen Drake came in. She drew a rocking chair close to the stove and sat there for a few moments in silence; then, with a visible effort, she said in a conciliatory tone:

"Leafy Bean!"

"Well!" said Miss Bean sourly.

"I got a valentine today," pursued Ellen, with some hesitation.

Miss Leafy swallowed hard. "Already!" she uttered; then she bit her lip in vexation.

"Well," continued Mrs. Drake slowly, "it's this way, Leafy: It's not a regular valentine. It was a letter from a lawyer saying that my fourth cousin, old Abe Harmon, had died out west somewhere and left me $500. So I call it a valentine," she ended, with a quiet laugh.

Miss Leafy snorted bitterly. "You can buy lots of clothes with $500," she said, with firm emphasis.

"Oh, I ain't quite so dressy as that, Leafy," laughed Mrs. Drake good naturedly. "What I want to say is that I've got an idea"— She hesitated again as though in doubt as to the reception of her idea by her taciturn roommate.

"OF COURSE I MEAN IT."

That lady was lost in a painful reverie. It was only another evidence of the injustice of fate that Ellen Drake, the possessor of a real lace shawl, should become an heiress. Leafy was glad she had sent the valentine.

"I was thinking, Leafy," pursued Ellen Drake, "that maybe you'd like to get some teeth of that new dentist. He puts in porcelain teeth just like mine for $40, and I was thinking you might as well use some of my money and have the teeth now. I ain't got any particular use for the money, and you can pay it back from your knitting a little at a time."

There was silence. Mrs. Drake leaned back in her chair as if glad the announcement was out and prepared for a stormy reception of her proposal.

Miss Leafy stared hard through the crack in the stove door. The coals glowed redly, then they changed to a ruddy blur, and there was a sharp sting behind her little brown eyes.

Presently she spoke, and her sharp voice sunk to a quaver as she asked:

"Do you mean, Ellen Drake, that you're offering to lend me some of your $500 so I can have porcelain teeth like yours?"

"Of course I mean it," said Ellen heartily, "and, what's more, I'm going to use some of that $500 to have a good time with before I die. We'll go to concerts"—

"We?" murmured Miss Leafy, aghast.

"Of course, you and me, and perhaps we'll ask some of the others, too, and maybe we'll have doings in our room some evening. Oh, I'm going to take a sight of comfort with Cousin Abel's valentine!" And she laughed a cheery little laugh that seemed to open up some long choked spring in Miss Leafy's bosom, for she burst into bitter sobbing and flung her hands before her little homely face.

"Leafy Bean! I do declare! Whatever is the matter? Crying because you're going to have new teeth?"

"'Tain't so," sniffed Leafy. "I'm crying because I'm a liar!"

"A—a—what?" gasped Ellen Drake.

"I'm a liar—and much worse!" repeated Leafy, with stern emphasis. "Ellen Drake, when I said I had a lace shawl like yours I was lying. I never had one, and it wasn't real lace!"

"For the land's sake! Well—what of it? They're out of style anyway."

"I'm worse than a liar," repeated Leafy gloomily. "I sent you a funny valentine through the mail. Now, I guess, you won't offer me no teeth," she said, with a defiant smile.

Ellen Drake stared. Then she threw back her head and laughed. "Oh, Leafy Bean, did you send me a funny valentine?" she chuckled. "I am glad," she continued merrily, "because, you see, it will make a lot of fun. They will all laugh, and it will do them a sight of good, and it won't hurt me a mite. Well, it's all right now, Leafy. And you'll go tomorrow and see the dentist about your teeth?"

"I GOT A PORCELAIN VALENTINE."

Leafy Bean laughed shamefacedly.

"I expect I got what you'd call a porcelain valentine," she said.

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The first HOWARD was brought out in 1842—the *only* American watch. It had to prove itself the finest *practical* watch in the world—had to stand comparison with the work of the foremost European watchmakers.

Every HOWARD is adjusted *in its case*, priced at the factory; and a printed ticket attached—from $35.00 to $150.00.

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DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

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PERL W. MABEY
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TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

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Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
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THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

AUCTION SALE!

Wednesday, March 10, '09

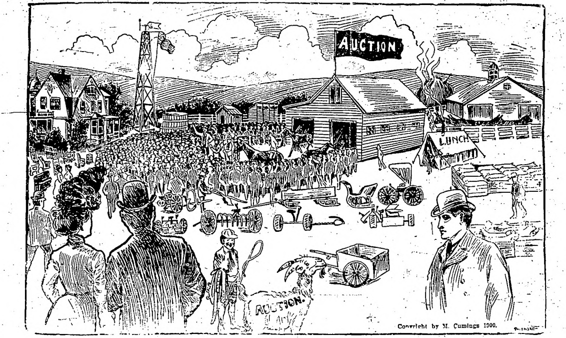

Copyright by M. Cumings 1900.

One and 1-2 mile south of Brunkeberg store, commencing at 11 a. m. The following personal property will be sold to the highest bidder. Here is the kind of horses and farm machinery that you want:

- 1 mare, 8 years old, weight 1400 pounds.
- 1 horse, 12 years old, weight 1300 pounds.
- 1 mare, 12 years old, weight 1100 pounds.
- 1 mare, 4 years old, with foal, weight 1200.
- 1 mare, 5 years old, with foal, weight 1000.
- 1 horse, 16 years old, weight 1400.
- 1 mare, 15 years old, with foal, weight 1400.
- 1 yearling colt.
- 2 milch cows.
- 2 heifers, 1 year old.
- 1 stud, 1 year old.
- 1 McCormick binder.
- 1 Champion binder.
- 1 hay rake.
- 1 15-shoe drill.
- 1 4-horse drag.
- 1 3¼ New Stoughton wagon complete.
- 1 2 inch wagon complete
- 1 Rock Island gang plow
- 1 18 inch stubble plow
- 1 16-inch breaking plow
- 1 14-inch breaking plow
- 1 pair bob sleighs
- 1 single buggy
- 4 sets working harnesses
- All household goods, cook stoves and everything goes.

TERMS: All sums under $10 cash; over that amount time will be given until Dec. 1st, 1909, on bankable papers.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

ANDREW SANDLAND, Owner.

CHAS. EVENSON,
Auctioneer.

OLAF RAMSTAD,
Clerk.

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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1909 NUMBER 11

NEW DEPOT FOR THE SOO

Thousands of Dollars to Be Spent by the Soo in Thief River Falls This Summer.

New Two Story Brick and Stone Depot to Be Erected and Roundhouse Enlarged.

Having unlimited confidence in the future of Thief River Falls, the Soo line is going to spend thousands of dollars here this summer in making improvements. A large addition is to be built to the roundhouse and a new handsome and commodious depot will be erected.

The depot is to be one of the finest and most permanent in the Northwest and built with a view of accommodating the business several years hence when the city will be more than double its present size. It will be a two-story brick and stone structure, 50 feet wide and about 200 feet in length. The ground floor will be used for freight and passenger business, and the second story will be fitted up for offices for the superintendent, train dispatchers, master mechanic, roadmaster and other officials of the road.

The Soo line has done great things for Thief River Falls in the past and is expected to do still greater things in the future. It is one of the most progressive roads in the United States, and has won high favor with the people everywhere.

Farm For Sale.

A beautiful quarter of land 14 miles east from Thief River Falls, near school, store and postoffice, for sale at a reasonable price. Land seeker may write for further information to A. W. Henning, 3024-15 Ave South, Minneapolis, Minn.

Burning for Ages.

The lignite coal, which underlies the entire western part of North Dakota is burning underneath the ground and the fire may have been going for ages. Recently, near Belfield, flames were discovered underground on the homestead of Sidney Chase. They are visible through a crack in the earth. Mr. Chase's claim adjoins the bad lands; in fact one corner projects into the famous bad lands, and this fire is supposed to be a continuation of the flames which formed this queer nature freak.

Indians, generations ago, are thought to have started fires in the lignite coal in outcroppings. The fire afterwards extended back into the veins, burning the coal and permitting the top of the soil to drop down, leaving the clay peaks or buttes which form the strange scenery in that section. Many of these buttes appear like ash heaps.

In some places the clay underneath the coal veins was melted in such huge masses and over such wide area that early investigators were misled into the belief that it was lava, and that the bad lands had been created by volcanic action.

The fire on the Chase farm may have been burning since the formation of the bad lands ages ago and the owner is slightly nervous as his farm is in danger of sinking to unknown depths to fill in the space formerly occupied by the coal.

What the Cow Will Do.

A Mille Lacs county farmer has been showing his neighbors what a man can do with a 40 acre tract of land and nine cows. He does things in a business way and knows just what he is about all the time. His nine cows brought him during the year a total of 47,075 pounds of milk, yielding him 2,260 43 pounds of butterfat, from which he received creamery checks to the amount of $612.21. Milk fed pigs and calves brought him $114.00, and $15 he credits to skim milk, making the receipts from nine cows total $641.14. Deducting $119 for feed and hay bought leaves him $522 14. The cow and the creamery do the business in Minnesota.—Anoka Free Press.

Home Talent Tonight.

The Sons of Norway will present a home talent play in the Evenson Hall this evening. "Til Sæters" is the name of the play and it promises to be a success in every way. The following is the cast of characters:

Sigrid		Clara Backe.
Ragnild		Miss Jacobson
Asmund		
Nordahl	Students	Dr. Vistaunet
Steenby		Ed Burstad
Busk		A. Bjerkhoel
Halvor		I. Siminson
Per		

Tobacco Law of Minnesota.

Use of Tobacco by Minors.—Every person under the age of 18 years, and every Minor pupil in any school, college or university, who shall smoke or use cigarettes, cigars or tobacco in any form on any public road, street, alley, park or other land used for public purposes or in any public place of business, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, punished for each offense by a fine of not more than $10, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 5 days; and any person who shall furnish any cigarettes, cigars or tobacco in any form to any such minor person or who shall permit any such minor person to frequent any premises owned, held or managed by him, for the purpose of indulging in the use of cigarettes, cigars or tobacco in any form shall be guilty of misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not more than $50, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 30 days for each offense.

Will Be Here In June.

Hans O. Homme, president of the Farmers Telephone company, which is going to build a line into This city from Grygla by way of Erie, Highlanding, Kratka, Anton and Brunkeberg, was in the city last week attending to business matters. He states that there is a large number of farmers at present at work getting out poles and that the line will be completed into Thief River Falls in June. Over $1,200 of the stock has already been subscribed.

ST. HILAIRE MEN BUY HERE

Daniel Patterson and C. L. Hanson Buy Interest of W. W. Prichard in Frist National.

Mr. Hanson to Remove Here From St. Hilaire and Become Active Head of the Bank.

A deal was closed the first of the week whereby the stock in the First National Bank owned by W. W. Prichard was sold to Daniel Patterson and C. L. Hanson, of St. Hilaire. Mr Hanson will remove to Thief River Falls and become the active head of the bank here, but *Mr. Patterson will continue to reside at* St. Hilaire.

Both gentlemen are well and favorably known in Thief River Falls. Mr. Hanson is the president of the Merchants State Bank, of St. Hilaire, one of the solid financial institutions of Red Lake county and has made a great success in the banking business. Mr. Patterson is one of the pioneer residents of Red Lake county and is known personally to nearly every resident of Thief River Falls. He is one of the solid men financially of this section of the state and will add greatly to the stability of the First National.

Mr. Hanson, who has also purchased the residence of Mr. Prichard, will remove his family from St. Hilaire to this city, but will continue to be president of the Merchants National Bank at St. Hilaire.

Patronizing Home Industry.

The writer has contended in no uncertain manner that the good home creamery is the most satisfactory market, everything considered, for the milk or cream produced in the community. We are not so impractical as to claim, however, that this should be done as a matter of sentiment entirely. The butterfat in milk or cream has a market value, according to quality, and the seller is entitled to the market price. When he must sacrifice for sentimental reasons, the home institution is making greater claims upon him than it has any license to make. Where conditions are such the home institution must give way to some other market that is in a position to offer the prevailing market price.

Coupled with our claim of supremacy for the good local creamery we claim that it is in position to pay the highest market price and that no other kind of a creamery can successfully compete with it in price, after taking out a reasonable profit. Even proprietors of creameries admit that they cannot pay as high a price for butterfat as good co-operative creameries. With such evidence at hand isn't it pretty good evidence that when they pay a higher price, or offer other inducements, that they are doing so for the purpose of weakening the creamery in the hope that some day may get back their temporary loss with a good rate of interest.

Where the territory of the home creamery is not sufficient to make the business profitable that creamery should go out of business. It does not follow, however, that every creamery that is temporarily embarrassed in regard to its supply of raw material should go out of business. It often happens that there is sufficient business in the community if it were centered at the home creamery. In such a case it is often advisable for the faithful ones to accept a temporary cut in prices in hopes of getting their neighbors back into the fold But if such is the case educational methods should be adopted at once to turn the tidal wave that way. Sometimes reorganization will bring them back. It should be a "getting together" process, and this is generally possible if a few men of tact and energy in the community go about the task in the right way.

We believe in patronizing home industry as a matter of business rather than sentiment, and when it doesn't pay to do this from a financial standpoint, it doesn't pay from any standpoint. The home institution, particularly the home creamery is never in danger so much from legitimate competition as it is from unfair competition and the refusal of the people to reason.—Northwestern Agriculturalist.

The Barn Dance.

The correct formula for dancing the barn dance has just recently been made public and is as follows: "Put your arm gracefully and firmly around the girl, make a noise like a steam exhaust and hop three steps upward and forward. Walk as near like a chicken as possible, kick like a balky horse to the front and back, do a double shuffle, smile at your lady, turn a handspring and slide 12 or 14 feet. Repeat this four times and seat your partner."

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Another New Wheat.

A Canadian tells of a new variety of wheat that is being tried in a small way, up in Manitoba, and from which great things are expected.

R. J. Taylor, who lives a few miles north of Carlyle, Sask., is in possession of forty pounds of the new kind of wheat which he hopes will increase the yield of the west. The very striking feature of this new variety is that it grows, on the head in six rows instead of the usual two.

Two years ago Mr. Taylor, while cutting his wheat, noticed a six-rowed head, and saved it, planting the seed in the spring and getting ninety-four heads. These ninety-four heads he sowed last last spring and now has forty pounds of the seed, enough to sow about fifteen acres.

Mr. Taylor claims that this wheat yields sixty or more bushels to the acre, so this fall he expects to have at least 1,000 bushels from his forty pounds. This wheat grades as No. 2 northern, and is said to be less susceptible to frost than any of the varieties now grown in western Canada.—Grand Forks Herald.

New Way to Kill Wolves.

The Minnesota game and fish commission is reported to be considering the advisability of asking for legislation which will permit it to spread a disease among wolves, with a view to causing their death. The plan is to capture puppy wolves, infect them with mange from dogs that are dying of this disease and turn them loose to give it their fellows. The plan has been tried in Montana lately, and quite a number of wolves there are found to have died from the effect of of the disease. The animals die of slow torture, literally scratching their hides off, and some objection is urged to the plan for the reason that it would render the hides valueless, and thus destroy one incentive to hunting.

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TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

NEW YEARS PROCLAMATION

King Gustaf Chides His People for Their Sins, Bewails Certain Unchristian Tendencies and Places the Hope of True Prosperity In Renewed Loyalty and Devotion to Christ—Speaks Like One of the Prophets of Old.

SWEDEN.

The New Year's proclamation of King Gustaf, calling upon the people to observe four days of the year (March 7, May 9, July 11, Oct. 17) for special thanksgiving, fasting, repentance and prayer, reads like a sermon from an over-shepard. He speaks like one of the prophets of old, calling attention to the goodness of God, man's ingratitude and waywardness and the need of repentance and a return to Him who is the way, the truth and life. "There are no doubt Jews and heathen in his country," says an exchange, "but he has no hesitancy to speak of Sweden as a Christian country and to name the name of Christ. Nor is the proclamation a merely formal or conventional thing, but it bears all the evidence of deep spiritual earnestness upon its face as he chides his people for their sins, bewails certain unchristian tendencies, and places the hope of true prosperity in renewed loyalty and devotion to Christ." On this latter point the king says: "When the name of Christ is again great to us, when Jesus Christ once more gets power over the thoughts and life of our people, then shall our salvation have come and our place among the nations shall then not be empty and desolate. The glory of the Lord shall shine upon us. And when this shall come to pass, shall we not then, as those who themselves have experienced the deliverance, with a new zeal and enthusiasm, desire to be a message of this glory to them that, as yet have not heard of it, and gladly follow the cry from the depths of the heathen world: 'Come and help us?'"

There has during the past year been a marked increase in the sale of charity stamps in Stockholm, thanks to the fact that the mail carriers have been willing to carry them right along and give people an opportunity to buy them at their residences whenever they have so decided. In this way the anti-tuberculosis fund has been greatly increased and the work of checking the dreaded disease can be carried on more successfully than ever before. There have already this year been sold in Stockholm over 650,000 charity stamps and the work done by the mail carriers is no small item and greatly helps to swell the aforementioned fund.

The engagement of Miss Esther Osborn, the Swedish-American prima donna, at the Royal Opera in Stockholm to the opera singer, Emile Stiebel, also appearing at the Royal Opera, was announced a few days ago. Miss Osborn is a daughter of Captain Osborn, of Minneapolis, and made her debut at the Oscar's theater as an opera singer about two years ago.

The number of persons who emigrated to foreign countries via Stockholm, Gothenburg and Malmo, was during the month of January 319. During the past five years, except in January, 1906, this number has not been exceeded. This would indicate that emigration to foreign countries is beginning to increase.

Missionary J. Schold and wife, who have been spending about a year in Sweden soliciting funds for carrying on missionary work in China, have succeeded in raising 10,000 crowns for this purpose, and will now return to China, where Mr. Schold will superintendent the building of a mission station in Shanghai.

The funeral of Mrs. Beata Christina Lindstrom, wife of Bishop Lindstrom of Vexio, occurred Jan. 27 and was attended by men and women in that vicinity prominent in all walks of life. Although the deceased had expressed it as her wish that there should be no floral offerings, there were nevertheless profuse.

Queen Victoria, who during the latter part of last month was to have gone to Italy for her health, has, owing to the earthquakes prevalent there, been compelled to abandon the trip altogether. It is believed that her health will be much restored with the advent of warmer weather.

The population of Stockholm was increased last year by 1,500, so that at present it is [illegible]. During last year however, the increase in population has been smaller than during the year previous, as fewer people moved into than out of the city.

The Stockholm Merchants' club has failed and cannot meet its obligations, which amount to [illegible] crowns. This institution was about a year ago considered a solid one and its sudden failure has caused much surprise in Stockholm.

A new high school building will be erected in Hudiksvall during the coming summer at an expenditure of 350,000 crowns. Hudiksvall, like Sundsvall, is one of the important trading centers in Norrland.

There are not sufficient judges at present in Stockholm and the so-called "dratselnamd" has recommended that additional judges be appointed in order that all cases on the calendar may be properly disposed of.

The government has awarded Attorney H. Salomon a stipend of 1,200 crowns to go to England and study English prison methods. Mr. Salomon made a trip to Germany last year on the same errand.

NORWAY.

A week ago last Thursday the conference established for the purpose of settling the ownership of Spitsbergen met in Christiania. Delegates from Sweden, Norway, England, Germany, France, Russia and the United States were present at the conference. The initiative has been taken by the Norwegian government, which desires an international agreement as a protection for Norwegian fishermen and hunters, who have up to this time enjoyed limitless privileges on Spitsbergen. These privileges have recently been curtailed because of the fact that two mining companies, the one with English and Norwegian capital, the other with Norwegian and American capital, have commenced operations in Advent bay. If Norway persists in demanding the ownership of Spitsbergen because of the precedence there of her hunters and fishermen it is almost certain that Sweden will dispute these rights with her on the ground that *Sweden claims to have called the attention* of the world to the island through the many Swedish scientific expeditions which she has sent thither.

In "Ny Tid," a socialistic paper, published in Trondhjem, there appeared an article recently in which it was insinuated that there would soon appear sensational charges in regard to the way that the funds for the Aalesund fire sufferers were handled directly after the big conflagration. The representative in the storthing for the Aalesund district has called the attention of the assembly to the fact that after the fire there were no correct auditing of the amounts that came in and various other discrepancies which were evident. The committee appointed to serve as a so-called "revision-komite" has not yet spoken and the storthing may in the near future order an investigation.

A. Evenstad, one of Osterdalen's richest real estate owners, who died not very long ago, has in his will made a donation of 440,000 crowns, which he has ordered to be divided among various charitable institutions in the country. Another wealthy Norwegian who recently died and left a large fortune was Thorvald Meyer, of Christiania, who was considered the richest man in that city. He has during years past donated large sums of money to literature and art. Meyer was a Knight of the Charles XII. order and was an intimate friend of the late King Oscar.

When will the restoration of the Trondhjem cathedral be completed? is a question which is being freely asked from one time to another. The work of restoration has been going on for more than fifteen years and still the end is not in sight. It was some time ago the general belief that it would be completed in 1914, when Norway's centenary will be celebrated, but, according to Architect Schirmer, this will be entirely out of the question. The fact of the matter seems to be that nobody really knows when the famous cathedral will be completed.

The representatives of the Social Democratic wing of the storthing propose that this year's Nobel peace prize be awarded to Count Leo Tolstoi.

The Arendal brewery has been sold to a Christiania syndicate for 55,000 crowns. It was established in 1873.

Grand Cafe in Bergen has passed into the hands of Albert Putterson who will modernize it entirely.

During his recent visit to Bergen, King Haakon was the guest of Ex-Premier Michelsen.

The George Stang monument was unveiled Feb. 17.

DENMARK.

The disappearance of a merchant named Moller some time ago has caused a great deal of worry to his relatives and it is now evident that he has been foully dealt with. The sudden disappearance of Moller caused the Copenhagen police to make a thorough investigation in the slum sections of the city and it has now been pretty well established that there are several robber dens of the worst order in Copenhagen. Keepers of these dives sell liquor and are operating in secret with cab men, who drive persons who have become intoxicated to these dives, where they are robbed of all they possess, and the keepers of the dives afterward claiming that the victims had no money on their persons when they arrived in their places. A number of these dives have been located in the Vesterbro district and it is thought that Moller was brought to one of the dives, robbed and possibly murdered. A thorough investigation is going on and the city is at the present time thoroughly patrolled. Public opinion has been aroused and so many holdups and robberies have taken place lately that the city council has felt itself obliged to take hold of matters in earnest.

Denmark believes in fortifications especially along coasts, and the people are now demanding from the folkething an appropriation of 11,000,000 crowns for strengthening Copenhagen and Sjælland fortifications and for building six submarine boats and twenty torpedo boats. The war minister is entirely on the people's side in this matter and states that if the folkething does not grant the appropriation the entire cabinet will resign. There is no doubt that the appropriation will be granted.

MARION S NORELIUS.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Albert T. Patrick, who was convicted of the murder of William Marsh Rice, made a sensational appeal to the appellate division in Brooklyn to free him from imprisonment for life or send him to the electric chair. He declared that imprisonment for life was a greater punishment than the death penalty.

President Roosevelt gave a farewell luncheon at the White House to the members of the famous "tennis cabinet" and others who have been closely associated with him during the past seven years. In a brief speech the president laid emphasis on the point that no administration had given its chief more loyal service.

Lieutenant Commander James H. Reid, U. S. N., leaped from a second story window of the naval hospital at Washington, where for two weeks he has been under treatment, and was seriously if not fatally injured.

Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry has made formal application to be relieved from duty as commander of the Atlantic battleship fleet and Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder has been appointed in his place.

Ex-President Roosevelt has announced for the first time that he will sail from New York for Africa on March 23. He will take passage on *the steamer Hamburg*.

Myron T. Herrick of Ohio has, for business reasons, declined an ambassadorship at the hands of President-Elect Taft.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

By a decision of the federal circuit court of appeals the union men win and the employers lose in the long fought case of the United Typothetae of America against the International Printing Pressmen's union. The decision establishes an eight-hour day for workmen.

The defense has rested its case in chief in the trial at Nashville, Tenn., of Colonel D. B. and Robin J. Cooper and John D. Sharpe for the slaying of former United States Senator E. W. Carmack.

By a decision of the Massachusetts supreme court the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company is ordered to dispose of its trolley holdings in Massachusetts by July 1, 1909.

A reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of practically every employe of the Lackawanna Steel company has gone into effect.

MAN JUMPS TO HIS DEATH

Prefers to End Life That Way Than Be Cremated.

New York, March 8.—Choosing between death by fire, which had driven him out of his blazing room and on the narrow ledge of his window, and a jump of three stories to the sidewalk below, Dennis Redmond jumped and was almost instantly killed by striking head first on an iron railing which shut off the basement stairs from the street. Redmond had accidentally set fire to his bed and had shut off escape for himself through the building by piling up a quantity of blazing furniture between himself and the door in a vain endeavor to extinguish the flames.

Wires Again Working.

Baltimore, March 8.—The isolation from the outside world of which this city has been a complete victim practically since early Thursday morning, has been broken and the city has begun to see the end of the difficulty. The telegraph companies have managed to secure direct wire communication with New York.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 8.—Wheat—May, $1.11⅝; July, $1.12⅜. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.13⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.12⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.10⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.07⅝.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 8.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.14; No. 1 Northern, $1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.11; May, $1.11¾; July, $1.12⅝; Sept., 99c. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.64½; May, $1.64; July, $1.63; Sept., $1.12½; Oct., $1.37.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.25@6.25. Hogs—$6.15@6.35. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.25; yearlings, $6.00@6.50; lambs, $7.00@7.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 8.—Wheat—May, $1.14@1.14⅛; July, $1.02⅞@1.03; Sept., 97c; Dec., 96c. Corn—March, 65c; May, 67⅛@67⅜c; July, 67⅛c; Sept., 67c. Oats—May, 55⅝c; July, 49⅞c; Sept., 41⅞c. Pork—May, $17.52½; July, $17.85. Butter—Creameries, 24@29c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—18@19c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 12c; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.70@7.25; Texas steers, $4.50@5.50; Western steers, $4.20@5.65; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.60; calves, $6.25@9.00. Hogs—Light, $6.25@6.70; mixed, $6.55@6.85; heavy, $6.45@6.85; rough, $6.45@6.55; good to choice heavy, $6.55@6.85; pigs, $5.35@6.15. Sheep, $3.40@5.85; yearlings, $6.10@7.25; lambs, $6.00@7.90.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Mrs. Beatrice M. Lowry, widow of Thomas Lowry, will inherit the entire property of the Minneapolis street railway magnate. Mr. Lowry's will names Mrs. Lowry as sole legatee. No bequests of any kind are made in the will, but this fact is explained in a provision of the will which says that no provision is made for Mr. Lowry's three children because they will inherit from their mother and because the maker of the will had "full confidence in her judgment and integrity."

Prominent Stillwater lumbermen are interested in two corporations just organized to operate in Minnesota and other states and in Canada. The handling of timber and other lands, the operation of saw mills and carrying on a general line of business incidental to lumbering are powers of both companies.

The premiums and losses of the insurance companies doing business in this state last year for the three largest cities were as follows: St. Paul, premiums, $983,423.65, losses $502,307.36; Minneapolis, premiums $1,115,018.72, *losses $1,159,794.72; Duluth,* premiums $637,847.35, losses $546,797.29.

W. F. C. Gadeau, a resident of Cloquet, has entered suit against eleven saloonkeepers and two slot machine arcades of that city for the recovery of $4,000 alleged to have been gambled away in slot machines by him during the last six years.

Twenty students at the state university have gotten together and formed a socialist club. This club is called the Minnesota Chapter of the Intercollege Socialist society.

Judge Milton D. Purdy of the federal district court of St. Paul has been forced to quit his position, the senate failing to confirm his nomination.

OBITUARY.

"I am very tired. Life is hard and I have traveled far. I must go to bed, for I am very tired." With these words an unknown man dropped dead in Balestra's saloon at Minneapolis. The man was about sixty years of age. Coroner Seashore, Hennepin county, believes heart disease caused death.

Mrs. Amelia Scherer of New Ulm is dead, aged seventy years. She was born in Cincinnati, O., and was the widow of one of the prominent residents and defenders of New Ulm during the attack by Sioux Indians in 1862. She had been a resident of New Ulm for fifty years.

Henry W. Hackema of Spring Valley died at Minneapolis, which point he had reached on his return trip from Cuba, where he had spent the winter for his health. The deceased was seventy-one years old and was a veteran of the Civil war.

Jacob Sullowold, an old resident and veteran of the Civil war, died suddenly at Lakeside farm, adjacent to Clear Lake, in the town of Oakdale, Washington county, where he has resided since 1864, aged seventy-six years.

Mrs. John Goodrich, wife of a business man of Stillwater and daughter of Royal McKusick, one of the earliest of the pioneers of that city, is dead, aged seventy-one years.

Mrs. Howard James of St. Paul, wife of the general purchasing agent of the Great Northern railroad, died at Athens, Greece, while on a foreign tour.

James Kirwin is dead at Spring Valley, aged eighty-eight years. The deceased was a veteran of the Civil war.

William Forster, aged eighty-two years, a pioneer of Chatfield, arriving there in 1856, is dead.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray, both sixty years of age, and their children, Anna, thirteen, and Richard, eleven, were found overcome by gas in their home at St. Paul by the oldest son, John Murray, who is employed at night. Returning home at 6 o'clock in the morning and being unable to arouse the inmates he broke through a window and discovered the whole family unconscious in their beds. A physician was called and all were revived.

Minneapolis is undergoing a grippe epidemic which has depleted the working forces of public offices, made it necessary for business houses to run short handed, decreased the attendance in the public schools by a large percentage and made physicians among the busiest men in the city.

William Baxter, the Minneapolis private detective who has just been through a sensational trial on charges of extorting money from several Minneapolis saloonkeepers, was pronounced not guilty by a Hennepin county jury.

John Mulholland, a laborer, was fatally injured by a fall from an elevator in process of erection at St. Louis Park. An ambulance was summoned from Minneapolis, but Mulholland died before reaching that city.

Moritz Granberg of St. Paul, forty years of age, a laborer employed in excavating for a sewer in that city, was caught in a cavein and suffered injuries from which he died an hour later.

George H. Wolff, department manager for Janney, Semple, Hill & Co. of Minneapolis, is dead as the result of falling down an elevator shaft.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS HOME

Aged Anoka Hermit Expires as He Had Lived.

Sam A. Wells, a hermit and familiar character in Anoka, was found lying under his bed cold in death. The old man came to Minnesota from Maine, settling at Anoka many years ago with a brother. Together they lived the lives of hermits, allowing but one person to enter their home. They tilled a small piece of land, using the most primitive means and doing all the work by hand.

A few years ago the brother died and Samuel continued to live alone. He was a man who read many newspapers, paying his subscriptions from his Civil war pension, and when he died he had his home well stocked with groceries, bought in wholesale lots. He was a kind hearted, harmless man and the only person he would allow in the house was a little girl neighbor and she it was who found his body.

BUSINESS MAN ENDS LIFE

Brooding Over Love Affair the Supposed Cause.

That Walter J. Fruen, thirty-six years old, vice president of the Fruen Cereal company of Minneapolis, committed suicide after years of brooding over a love affair is the belief of relatives, following an investigation by the coroner when Fruen's body was discovered in the basement of the company's mill at Minneapolis.

The body was found by Harriet Fruen, seventeen years old, an invalid sister, when she stopped at the mill on her way to school. When she received no reply to her morning greeting she entered only to see her brother lying on the floor with a jagged gash in his throat. Nearby was found a razor, the blade notched and uneven.

KILLED BY SWITCH ENGINE

Young Minneapolis Woman Meets Tragic Fate.

Mrs. M. Third, thirty years old, living with her mother at Minneapolis, was instantly killed by a switch engine in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad yards in that city.

Her head and left leg below the knee were severed from the body and her chest was horribly crushed.

Men employed in the yards advance the theory that it was a case of suicide and point to the fact that Mrs. Third had left her husband and was suing for divorce as supplying a motive for the act.

The police, however, think it a case of accidental death.

SENDS GAMBLERS TO JAIL

Duluth Court Deals Sternly With Violators of Law.

Gambling received a sensational blow at Duluth when Judge Ensign in the district court sentenced Robert Haire and Fred Amo to ten days each in the county jail and fined them $200 each. Twain recently was indicted by the grand jury on a gambling charge and pleaded guilty. The notorious place conducted by the accused is said to have been frequented by two young men who misappropriated their employers' funds in large amounts and this led to the gamblers' indictment.

Woman Burned to Death.

Mrs. Susanna Burnell, a woman who lived in seclusion at 887 Forest street, St. Paul, was burned to death in a fire which broke out in her house. Her body was charred almost beyond recognition when pulled out of the house by the firemen. Living in a miserly fashion, it is said, the woman had no fire in the house. It is supposed that the lamp which she had left burning had been upset in some way and started to set the house on fire.

Follows Family Tradition.

Declaring that it was up to him to follow the example of his two brothers Lewis Lind, aged sixty years, made the fourteenth suicide attempt in Minneapolis in twenty-two days by swallowing strychnine in his room at the Model hotel. He was rushed to the city hospital, where desperate measures were used in an effort to save his life. His recovery is doubtful.

Tragedy Ends Lad's Life.

Just for a lark Arlo Thompson, the nine-year-old son of J. W. Thompson of Spooner, stole a ride on a passing bobsled. Then the horses, suddenly frightened, ran away and the boy was hurled from the sled into a pile of poles. A splinter penetrated his skull and he died.

St. Paul Banker Dead.

Joseph Lockey, many years one of the leading bankers of St. Paul and until recently president of the American National bank, is dead in that city. Mr. Lockey sustained a stroke of paralysis some days ago and his strength since had been gradually declining.

Brakeman Crushed to Death.

Harry Fitzsimmons, aged thirty years, brakeman on the Milwaukee road, was instantly killed in the yards near Phalen creek, St. Paul. He was caught between two box cars as he was making a coupling and crushed. Fitzsimmons' home was at La Crosse, Wis.

Aged Man Killed in Runaway.

L. P. Owre residing near Bird Island, was killed in a runaway. He was seventy-seven years old and is survived by several children.

LAND FOR STATE

Treasurer Dinehart's Plan May Bring 200,000 Acres.

FAVORABLE ACTION EXPECTED

Congress Asked to Cede Government Lands to State.

Approximately 200,000 acres of public land in this state will pass into the possession of the state if congress can be induced to put into the form of law a plan submitted for the consideration of the Minnesota delegation by State Treasurer Lawrence Dinehart.

Mr. Dinehart proposed that the government shall cede to the state all the public lands within its borders not embraced in Indian reservations or forestry reserves. Mr. Dinehart explains that the state could use this land to enlarge the university fund, for the schools or for other public purposes. A bill providing for the cession as indicated will be introduced at the regular session of congress, *beginning in December.*

Minnesota members express the belief that the bill in question can be passed without difficulty.

MILL CITY PIONEER DEAD

Connected Closely With Early Days In Minneapolis.

Captain John Tapper, pioneer ferryman of Minneapolis, is dead after a long illness at the home of his son at Villard, this state. The infirmities of old age led to his gradual decline in health, a decay which was marked noticeably in the last year. At various times since he retired from active work Captain Tapper has been in Minneapolis for extended visits. Connected so closely with the early days of the city, both as ferryman and tollkeeper on the old suspension bridge, he has been a familiar acquaintance of all the old settlers. His death removes one of the few remaining links which connects the present city of Minneapolis with the beginning of St. Anthony in the early fifties.

KITCHEN STOVE EXPLODES

Two Children Killed In Accident at Hastings.

The explosion of a stove in the home of Louis Husting, a nursery salesman, at Hastings, burned his four-months'-old son to death, injured his two-year-old daughter Eva so that she died, and seriously burned his wife, who struggled to rescue the children.

The explosion arose from the rapid generation of coal gas, the force of which split the cast iron chimney into slivers and hurled the heaviest parts of the huge stove to the farthest end of the room.

TAKES THE OATH OF OFFICE

Purdy Sworn In as Judge of Federal Court for Minnesota.

Milton D. Purdy took the oath of office as judge of the United States court for the district of Minnesota, being sworn in at St. Louis by Judge Walter H. Sanborn of the federal court of appeals. Judge Purdy held office under President Roosevelt without the confirmation of the senate and he resigned the day prior to the inauguration of President Taft. President Taft has since reappointed him.

Pump Repairer Killed.

A band of track laborers on the Great Western railroad stopped before the pumping plant at Coats station, a short distance out of St. Paul, and among the piles of machinery, which still whirled on without any controlling hand, they found the bloody and mangled body of N. C. Powers, the pump repairer and operator, whose clothes had caught in a flywheel and who had been pounded to death.

Woman Commits Suicide.

Another victim of the wave of suicidal depression which seems to be sweeping over the city of Minneapolis was added to the roll, making a total of six deaths in ten days, when Mrs. Carl M. Schmidt, aged sixty years, and the mother of ten children, hanged herself in the stairway of her home. No cause for her act is known outside of the fact that she had been ill and despondent for some time.

Ends Life by Asphyxiation.

Ferdinand Belanger, fifty years of age, committed suicide at Minneapolis by asphyxiating himself. The man was a grocer. He was found behind the counter of his store with a gas tube in his hand. Belanger was a reformed saloonkeeper. He left the saloon business a year ago and became a grocer. Lately business has been bad and his wife is in the hospital.

Woman Fatally Burned.

Mrs. Anna Anderson, eighty years of age, living at 778 Maryland street, St. Paul, was horribly burned about the body while alone in her cottage and it is feared that the injuries will prove fatal. Screaming with pain she ran from her home and fell unconscious just as neighbors, attracted by her screams, arrived with blankets and extinguished the flames.

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ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

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Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

THE NEWS

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

FARM
ORCHARD
AND
GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER
ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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A SENSIBLE PLAN.

There have come to our notice lately several instances where farm proprietors, having labored hard for fifteen or twenty years and having acquired a substantial competence, have rented their farms to careful men and will still live on the farm, but in a supervisory and advisory capacity only, helping in the busiest seasons perhaps, yet taking it easy when they feel like it. This is a capital idea and should be put into execution much more generally than it has been up to the present time. A nice thing about the plan is that it will also mean a let-up in toil and somewhat more leisure for the wife, to whose efforts, intelligence and economy a large measure of the improved financial condition is due. If there is one spectacle more than another that is pitiable as well as deplorable it is that of the man who has worked hard to amass property and when it is accumulated keeps on in the same old treadmill until he topples over into the grave already bearing the remains of a wife done to death with the infernal grind, while the property that he had looked forward to enjoying with keen anticipation quite likely becomes at once the prey and sport of greedy heirs. It is a good time to halt before this extreme pass is reached and before the capacity to enjoy some of the fruits of one's long toil is entirely lost.

HOW SHE DID IT.

A lady county superintendent of schools of whom we heard the other day, having an unusual appreciation of the importance of the good seed corn gospel which has been preached of late, induced the boys in a number of the rural schools over which she had supervision to make testing boxes to determine the vitality of seed corn in the several localities. The boys and girls, too, took to this new idea at once, and it was an easy matter to lead them from this to a consideration of other subjects which lay close at hand and were of vital economic and social interest. Interest in this work has deepened until a very practical and helpful study of agriculture has been introduced in all the schools of the county, while the importance of the work she has inaugurated is being recognized over the whole state and in some adjoining states. This one instance goes to prove that the introduction of a study of agriculture into the school courses of the country would not be difficult were only those in charge of school affairs men and women who had a ready appreciation of the worth of the work from an economic as well as from the educational point of view.

PREPARED SPRAYING MIXTURES.

A friend who has a three acre apple orchard nine years old, the fruit from which for two or three years has been virtually worthless because of worm and scab damage, makes inquiry about the quality of already prepared commercial spray materials. This is a question that it would be somewhat difficult to answer, because the reliability of such preparations would depend almost entirely upon the honor and integrity of the firms putting them on the market. It is fair to assume that a firm which would sell impure chemicals constituting spray compounds would have even greater temptation to dishonesty when it came to disposing of a concoction in which the identity of the material could be quite largely concealed. The reverse would also be true. The preparation of the common spray liquids is neither a difficult nor a particularly disagreeable task, and, as a rule, homemade sprays are stronger and more effective than those commercially prepared. Every experiment station in the fruit growing belt has spraying bulletins which take up the subject of spraying materials and methods in detail, and these may be had by making inquiry for them of the station officials.

MISPLACED CONFIDENCE.

It is sometimes pathetic to see the way in which freaky and variable weather will sport with the blind instinct of wild bird life. We have in mind the late unprecedented January thaw, with its succession of bright, springlike days, as a result of which wild geese were lured as far north as southern Minnesota, only to be a little later buffeted and driven south by one of the worst blizzards of a decade. A little later a pretty meadow lark was observed giving its sweet and inspiring call on ground hog day, when, according to popular superstition, the signs were indubitable that there would be at least six weeks more of winter weather. In spite of the fact that their confidence in Mother Nature is often misplaced, the wild things fare quite well and are usually able to cope with any adverse conditions with which they may be confronted.

The hen that doesn't lay has about as much to her credit as a clock which doesn't keep time. The hen in question has this to her credit, however, that she can be made into a toothsome potpie.

The equities of the case would seem to suggest the propriety of securing a kitchen cabinet for the use of the good wife by the time that a spreader is purchased for an easy and economical handling of the farm fertilizers. A well managed farm should by all means have both conveniences.

In localities where beef and pork constitute the chief meat diets, and the latter quite likely predominating, a pleasing variety may be added by the use of canned and salt fish and the fresh article when it is available. Salmon, herring with various dressing, salt mackerel and codfish prepared with cream are but a few of the dishes which the housewife may prepare.

Feeding experiments which have been conducted by different stations show that an acre of rape when used as a pasture by pigs will result in a saving of from 1,500 to 2,500 pounds of grain. On the basis of a cent a pound for the grain such a field of rape would have a cash value of about $20. This amount would be nearly all clear gain, as the sowing of the rape is an inexpensive job, and the harvesting of it *by the pigs costs nothing at all.*

In the cooking of eggs it is well to remember that a pint of water at the boiling point contains enough heat to properly soft boil an egg of average size; hence if an egg is put in this amount of water and set to one side it will cook to perfection without watching the clock. The job is done in eight or ten minutes, but will not be overdone if the eggs are left in longer. Another plan which gives good results is to put the eggs in cold water and let them stay on the stove till the water comes to the boiling point, when the receptacle should be removed and the water drained off. In boiling water eggs will cook soft in about three minutes and a half.

State Nursery Inspector Sandsten of the University of Wisconsin is pushing the state inspection work and is personally investigating the places where the San Jose scale has put in an appearance. He urges the necessity of prompt legislation which will make possible the extermination of this pest in private grounds and parks by state officials. Such action is commendable. Like measures should be taken by other states whose horticultural interests are of any account. It is the verdict of those who have had much experience in stamping out this worst of pests that the job can be done at the start with vastly less trouble and expense than when it has become widespread.

A late bulletin issued by the United States department of agriculture in treating of the economic aspects of some of our common wild animals places a high estimate on the value of the common ground hog and badger. The bulletin cites a fact which may not be generally known, that the chief diet of the ground hog consists of ground squirrels, pocket gophers and field mice. A few insects are devoured as a side dish, and very rarely one of the little chaps will raid a henhouse. The chief and really the only fault that can be found with the badger is the digging of its well concealed burrows, which now and then cause the fall of a horse and furnish an easy harbor for rabbits during the winter months, when the occupant is taking his long sleep. The writer of the bulletin reviewing the service which the ground hog renders in preying on destructive rodents concludes with a statement expressing surprise that man alone should be the worst enemy of this, the most useful and least harmful of all of our native mammals.

The time is at hand when any one who would do well—in fact, make any money at all raising potatoes—must spray the vines carefully during the early and later growing and maturing seasons. The New York experiment station at Geneva is conducting a ten year series of experiments along the line of spraying field crops of potatoes and is already securing very tangible and gratifying results. Thirty growers with whom the station co-operated made a net profit of $10,000 from spraying. In the year 1904 there were secured from 180 acres on which co-operative experiments were conducted an average increased yield of sixty-two and a half bushels per acre. The average cost of spraying was $4.08 per acre. If the potatoes were worth 40 cents per bushel the direct value of the spraying will be seen to be a trifle less than $20 per acre. Really there is not, as there might seem, any magic in spraying. The thorough treating of growing vines with the spray materials simply protects them from the ravages of fungous and insect enemies and makes it possible for them to mature the tubers naturally and normally, as would be the case if they were not treated at all and at the same time had none of these enemies to contend with. It would be well for those who plan to spray the coming season and have not had experience with the work to look the matter up thoroughly, including necessary machinery and equipment, spraying materials, etc., before the time of doing the work, so that there will be ample time to make careful plans.

F.E.Trigg

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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COAL AND WOOD

We handle all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood. Can give prompt delivery. A full weight guaranteed. See us before buying elsewhere.

Leave Orders at Hotel Evelyn.

ED O'HARA,

Phone 185. The Drayman.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time. You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria. Strengthen yourself with Scott's Emulsion.

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC. ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

STATE CAPITOL LETTER.

One of the sensations of the legislative session occurred in the House on Tuesday afternoon of last week, when a bill having nearly 80 signatures of members attached to it, was introduced and finally agreed upon as the measure of Representative Spooner, of Stevens county. The bill is the most drastic anti-cigarette bill that has ever been presented to the Minnesota legislature; not only does it prohibit the sale of cigarettes, but it also prohibits the sale of cigarette paper, cigarette tobacco, or tobacco in paper packages. The sensational feature was the motion of former Speaker Johnson to suspend the rules and give the bill its second and third reading and place it upon its final passage. It is claimed that this motion was aimed at two or three friends of the cigarette proposition; be that as it may, the motion was successful and the bill passed the House by a vote of 92 to 1. With the hopes of bringing the House back to its feet, Representative Stuart, of Cottonwood, moved a reconsideration, and it was then that Mr. Johnson drove the final nail in the coffin by asking the friends of the bill to vote down the motion, thus clinching any further consideration of the cigarette proposition by this session of the House of Representatives.

Mr. J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern, spoke to a joint session of the two branches last Thursday afternoon. Mr. Hill spoke for nearly two hours; half of his speech was devoted to the wonderful undeveloped resources of the state and the other half to railroads and railroad legislation. The remarkable features of his talk was his apparent knowledge of the contents of practically every measure affecting railroads now before the Minnesota legislature, and every person present could not help but admire the ex-president for his wonderful knowledge of Minnesota, of its great railroad systems, and of proposed legislation. Mr Hill attempted to show that passenger and commodity rates in Minnesota were as low if not lower than in any other state in the Union, and he regarded practically all of the measures now before the legislature for consideration as inimicable to the best business interests of the state

The office of public examiner is due for a pretty stiff censuring at the hands of the house committee on public accounts and expenditures some time this week. The committee has been engaged for several weeks past listening to all of the testimony, pro and con, on the report of a deputy public examiner, Heilbron by name, made before the recent election and attempting to show that Messrs. Jacobson and Leavett, while members, and the latter still a member, of the board of control, had not accounted for $15,000 or $20,000 of the state money. The committee's investigation proves that every dollar was accounted for and that the two gentlemen saved the state that much money in getting the best of the coal combine. At one of the meetings of the committee, Heilbron made the statement that he had been advised in his course by the state legal department. As soon as he had made this statement, a letter, signed by every member of the attorney general's office, denying Heilbron's statement, was presented, and the latter thereupon proved to be what might be termed a "prevaricator." The committee is peparing a stinging rebuke for this branch of the state government which should be free from politics, and inaccuracies

The Thorpe bill, seeking to separate the office of superintendent of banks from that of public examiner, has been reported out of the senate committee on banks and banking and will probably pass both branches of the legislature. Before the bill was reported out, it is claimed, Gov. Johnson gave the finance committee of the State Bankers Association, an absolute promise that he would appoint as superintendent of banks under the bill, any man that the committee would recommend; the bill providing for an increase of the present bank examiner's force so that examinations can be made twice a year, has already passed the house.

Frank White's bill proposing an amendment to the constitution, giving the lieutenant governor all of the rights of the governor's office during the absence of the governor from the state, passed the house by an overwhelming majority Friday, and it is now up to the senate for consideration.

Thomas C. Platt has retired after having been fifty-two years in political life. Can anybody recall anything he has done for the benefit of the public during that time?

These Passed.

Names of those who received teacher's certificates at the teacher's examination in February, 19 9:

First Grade.

Carrie Wik, Terrebonne.
Mary Davis, Brooks.
Adolph Eklund, Wylie.
Charles Moller, Shevlin, Minn.

Conditional First.

Gisela T. Schlesinger, Red Lake Falls.

Second Grade.

Caroline Netteland Sundahl, T. R. Falls.
Wm. J. Harlow, Red Lake Falls.
Marius Rolland, St. Hilaire.
Emma Tandberg, Thief River Falls.
Nora G. Johnson, St. Hilaire.
Emma Hemmestvedt, Brunkeberg.
Mrs. P. O. Hanson, Strandquist, Marshall county, Minn.
Olga Hanson, Red Lake Falls.
Agnes Ingebretson, Red Lake Falls.
Bertha M. Dougherty, Red Lake Falls
J. Andy Dahl, St. Hilaire.
Ellen B. Brady, Red Lake Falls.
Freda L. Roer, " " "
Anna Larson, Wylie, Minn.
Minnie A. Brown, Foldahl, Minn.

Conditional Second Grade.

Anna M. Swanson, Thief River Falls.
Mae Miller, " "
Algina E. Guillemette, Red Lake Falls.
Carrie Ellingson, Thief River Falls.

Limited Second Grade Certificate

Katherine Dunn, Thief River Falls
Laura Galipeau, Thief River Falls.
Clara J. Gullingsrud, Thief River Falls.
Igna Hanry, Red Lake Falls.
Celena Hauge, Thief River Falls.
Eleanore Hanson, Red Lake Falls.
Elra Hendrickson, St. Hilaire.
John Hale, Thief River Falls.
Agnes Lungren, Thief River Falls.
Eleanor E. Roy, St. Hilaire.
Louisa Netteland, St. Hilaire.
Anna Moran, Red Lake Falls.
Millie Soderberg, St. Hilaire.
Anna B. Adolphs, Thief River Falls.
Ethel J. Boardan, Red Lake Falls.
Lillian M. Carey, Thief River Falls.
Esther [illegible], " "

For Sale.

My garden best known as the "Dar Patch." Address, Fred Hartz, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Subscribe for the News.

This is the trade-mark of

Scott's Emulsion

and is on every bottle of it sold in the world—which amounts to several millions yearly.

Why—Because it has made so many sickly children strong and well—given health and rosy cheeks to many pale, anaemic girls and restored to health so many thousands in the first stages of Consumption.

Send [illegible] your address and [illegible] postage, [illegible] Complete Handy [illegible]

SCOTT & BOWNE, [illegible]

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

Town of Lambert Man Became Despondent on Account of Ill Health and Commit Suicide.

Doctor Had Ordered Him to Go to a Hospital and He Did Not Want to Leave Farm.

Coroner Mellby was called to the town of Lambert Monday to investigate the death of Joseph Boucher, who had commit suicide by shooting himself in the head.

Mr. Boucher did the deed at about 6:30 Monday morning and despondency caused by ill health is assigned as the cause for the rash act. He was 30 years of age, unmarried, in very comfortable circumstances financially and for the past 25 years had been a resident of the town of Lambert. During all of these 25 years he had only been absent from his farm to make occasional trips to town, and last fall when he was taken sick and upon the order of a doctor removed to a hospital he became very despondent, and longed to be taken back to his farm. This was done, but lately the doctor again advised that he be taken to a hospital and rather than do this he took a gun and killed himself.

Interesting Divorce Suit.

The divorce case of Elon Davis of Red Lake county against Mary Davis tried before Judge Watts of Crookston on Tuesday brought to light a rather interesting point of law. Vaule & Murphy of Crookston appeared for the plaintiff and Attorney G. A. E. Finalayson of East Grand Forks for the defense.

The plaintiff brought an action for desertion in November 1907, which was tried April 22, 1908 the court holding that desertion for the statutory time had not been proven. This action was dismissed by the plaintiff Nov. 21, 1908, and on December 2, 1908, the plaintiff instituted a second action for divorce, alleging desertion. The defendant denied the charge of desertion and set up a cross complaint on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment.

The case was called Tuesday before Judge Watts for trial, and the defendant's attorney called attention to a decision of the Minnesota supreme court which held that the time during which an action is pending for a divorce may not be considered as a part of the statutory period of desertion. The case was submitted, and although a decision has not been banded down the court intimated that a divorce would probably be granted the defendant, with alimony, together with the custody of the minor child.

New Theater to Open Next Week.

Carl Engell, one of the proprietors of the new moving picture show to open up about March 15th in the Grundy building on Third street, returned last Saturday morning from the Twin Cities where he had purchased an Edison moving picture machine, which is of the latest and most improved pattern, and made arrangements for pictures on a film circuit. The building is undergoing some extensive repairs, one of which is the elevation of the seats in the rear, which will be some three feet from the main floor. The management has secured some of the best musical talent in the city and will have a full orchestra once or twice a week, at least.

Paste This In Your Hat.

The following is a list of the subscribers to the Farmers Telephone company living in the town of Rocksbury and Sanders.

East Side.

S. O. Lee.
R. Oen's farm.
P. Engelstad.
Ben Erickson.
L. Nettland.
O. A. Ronning.
Ben Mattson.
Wm. D. Riegert.
A. Moengen.
J. W. Kolpp.
K. Fynstad.
C. Oien.
P. Furnquist.
A. A. Odegaard.
Carl Erickson.
Lars Lien.
B. Wold.
C. Thompson

West Side.

John Meehan.
N. S. Nelson.
A. Miller.
R. K. Callaway.
H. J. Hanson.
C. Gustafson.
F. T. Satre.
J. T. Thorstad.
Aug. Krause.
Erick Olson.
Ed Yonke.
H. Pope.
Wm. Moeller.
Hengen Hanson.
Ed Aubel.
A. E. Anderson.
C. Wilkins.

County Seat Bill.

The county seat bill was last Friday reported out for passage unanimously by the senate committee on towns and counties. Tuesday morning when the matter came before the senate, upon the motion of Senator A. L. Hanson, the author of the bill, it was referred to the committee on judiciary. This action was taken in order that all legal parts of the bill could be tested and if any more amendments are desired they will be made by this committee. It will probably be several days before the bill is placed upon general orders in the senate for final passage.

In the house the committee on towns and counties unanimously reported the bill out for passage Tuesday evening and yesterday morning it was placed upon general orders and recommended for passage. The bill will now have to wait its turn and it is quite probable that it will be two or three days before it comes up before that body for final action.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending March 6, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Haavelsrud, Gilbert Rolfson
Ness, Peter N.
Liedholm, Ed
Miller, Elmer
Milner, Mrs. Pearl
Milner, Miss Hattie
Strawser, W. W.
Johnson, Albert
Olson, Funder
Thunem, Tholif

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Notice.

A special stockholders meeting of "The Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association" will be held in the basement of the M. E. church on the East Side on Monday, March 22nd, at 1:30 p. m., for the purpose of adopting by laws for said association and transact such other business as might come before said meeting.

On behalf of Board.

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

Cause of Swamp Fever.

Washington, March 5.—After much investigation by the bureau of animal industry of the United States department of agricultural the cause of infectious anemia or swamp fever of horses has been definitely determined as an invisible virus which is capable of passing thru the pores of the finest porcelain filter, like virus of yellow fever, hog cholera, and similar diseases. The disease is found to be most prevalent in low lying and badly drained sections of the country, although it has been found in altitudes as high as 75,000 feet on marshy pastures during wet seasons. It is also more prevalent in wet seasons than in dry ones, and usually makes its appearance in June and increases in frequency until October.

From experiments conducted by the bureau it appears that the disease is more or less prevalent in Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, North Dakota and Texas. It begins to manifest itself by a dull, listless appearance and general weakness, the animals tiring easily, this stage being followed closely by a staggering, swaying, uncertain gait, the hind legs being mostly affected. The temperature remains high for several days and then drops, to rise again at irregular intervals. The horse may improve for a time, but usually this temporary improvement is followed by a more severe attack than at first. The quantity of urine passed is sometimes enormous, death finally occuring from exhaustion. If uncomplicated the infection runs a chronic course, and usually terminates fatally in from two months to a much longer period. Veterinarians in different sections report a mortality of 75 per cent or even higher. Recovery takes place only when treatment is begun early or when the animal has a long convalescent period.

The bureau of animal industry has just issued a circular, No. 138, describing the disease and giving treatment, and copies may be had upon application to the chief of the bureau, Dr. A. D. Melvin, Washington, D. C.

Will Build Plant.

The special committee named by the house to visit Duluth and prepare a report on the tonnage tax bill and the project steel plant, returned Monday. L. A. Johnson, chairman of the committee, said:

"Our report will be made up with care, and will take several days. We visited the site of the new plant and saw what has been done. There is no doubt but they are going to build."

Until the committee reports, the Bjorge bill stands on general orders.—Minneapolis Journal.

Warren Went Dry.

At the village election held in Warren Tuesday, the question of license was voted upon with the result that the saloons were voted out of the village.

AT THE BIJOU.

Nothing is more difficult to be certain about than an advertised novelty, a novel title does not make a novel act by any means, and per contra, what indicates an old familiar stunt by its title proves to be a genuinely new idea. The Bijou, however, is offering for the current week a novelty about which there can be no doubt. "The Hidden Treasure" is a glimpse of old Spain, when the chivalric swords of the knights of old were ever wont to leap from their scabboads in defense of beauty and defiance of oppression, a film of originality and intense interest lavishly staged and beautifully costumed.

We also introduce a roaring comedy entitled "A Persistent Suitor", whatever the clime, or race, or color, the course of true love seldom runs smooth. A pair of dusky lovers experience trials and tribulations.

Mrs. Huseth sings charmingly the pretty illustrated ballad, "The Face In the Firelight."

Rocksbury.

Supervisor, 3 years—Johan Johanson.
Clerk—L. G. Netteland.
Treasurer—Ed A. Aubol.
Justice of Peace—P. Engelstad.
Constable—John Hanson.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.

Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

The desirability of cement and plank for stable floors would seem to be of about equal rank if the amount of bedding used in both cases were what it ought to be, and this would seem to be true of hogpen floors also. With little or no straw on either, neither plank nor cement is comfortable or sanitary for the animals that are compelled to stand or lie thereon. In the latter case it would be nearly a Hobson's choice, with the advantage possibly a trifle in favor of the plank flooring.

There is no way in which the weed pest on the farm may be more effectively held in check than by the keeping of a flock of sheep, which in a very real sense are weed scavengers, eating all but forty or fifty of the 590 odd varieties of weeds common to this country. On farms where sheep are kept clean pastures are the rule, which means fewer weeds befouling adjoining cultivated fields. If the stubble field can be fenced off they will provide a range and abundant feed for the flock at a time when the regular pasture is often short. The food consumed is usually waste, and whatever is realized from wool and mutton, barring the cost of its simple winter ration, is clear gain.

It should be a source of great encouragement for the hosts of boys and young men who have the major part of their lives before them to remember that today more than at any other time in the history of the country is there recognition of the influence and responsibility of the young man well equipped for some special line of work. In many lines of work today the men who are at the head of affairs are the comparatively young, clean shaven fellows who have force, enthusiasm and capacity for work. While the population of the country is growing its needs are also increasing and becoming more complex, a situation which gives abundant assurance that there will always be work to do for those who fit themselves to do it effectively.

One of the really serious problems which confront the young man of today is the difficulty of being able with small means to so manage as to acquire a farm of his own. There are two ways out, one of which is for him to go to a section of the country where land is new and lower priced. The best chances along this line are getting fewer every day. The other is to hire out to a man who is carrying on a progressive and intelligent type of intensive agriculture and work for him two or three years, in the meantime exercising prudence and economy, and a little later to secure the long term rental of such a farm and continue in this way until means are in his hands to buy a small farm, which he should work on the same intensive plans. It is as plain as the nose on a body's face that it is out of the question for the young man with but $1,000 or so to negotiate the purchase of a $10,000 farm. He must content himself with a lesser stake, say forty acres, costing one fourth of this amount, and he will find if he works this wisely that he will have as much in hand at the end of the year as if he skinned over twice as much land. It must be admitted that even this way out for the young man is much easier to outline than to carry out in detail, yet it is a way that is not being given the emphasis just now that it ought to receive.

Money in circulation in the United States on Feb. 1 this year is placed at $3,091,312,546, which, divided among the 88,828,000 population, gives a per capita circulation of $35.

The denatured alcohol output of the country for 1908 was 3,874,625 gallons, a gain of 15 per cent over the 1907 product, which amounted to 3,364,500 gallons. Prospects for the present year are for a largely increased production.

In all of the northern states where the cold winters, with alternate thawing and freezing, give the orchardist concern it is well to give the young orchard tree a low head, which will protect the trunk from intense heat in summer and do much to dissipate the rays of the sun in winter.

Good times are said to be quite accurately measured by the condition of the pig iron trade. This has been given still further illustration of late in the figures of the iron trade for the past two years. In 1907 the output was the largest on record, being 25,181,361 tons, while last year, following the financial depression, the production of pig iron fell to 15,936,018 tons, a slump of 38 per cent.

Missouri and Kansas horticulturists are beginning to realize the danger to their orchards from a spread of the dreaded San Jose scale and have joined in a petition to the legislatures of the two states for laws which will provide for nursery inspection as well as the location and isolation of infested orchards and the taking of such precautions as will prevent a spread of the scourge.

A reason which will account for young orchard trees not bearing sooner than they do after being set may lie in the soil being too rich in nitrogen as compared with the other chief elements, potash and phosphorus. To correct this condition manure should be kept from the trees and the vigorous growth checked by putting the trees in grass for a couple of years. It is possible to be too kind to young fruit trees, and overmanuring them is one of the easiest.

An Oklahoma lady reader of these notes reports that a field of alfalfa which is located near her poultry yard is frequented by her flock during all the winter months when the weather will permit, and in that latitude this is virtually the whole winter season. The field with its plants rich in protein makes an ideal pasture, furnishing not only needed exercise, but a most valuable ration of nourishing green food. In the north these advantages can be but poorly imitated with the scratching shed and clover hay.

The farmer who would make any headway in either stock raising or dairying is taking a very long and hazardous chance when he picks out a sire for his herd from a bunch of nondescript bovines at the local stockyards and tenders in pay for him the princely sum of $25. The purchaser may not know any more about the pedigree or merit of a sire selected in such fashion than he does of the character or qualifications as a son-in-law of the hobo who asks a hand-out at his back door. In both cases he would be going it blind and could hardly escape being dubbed a fool.

An interesting fact was brought to the writer's attention the other day in showing the contrast in the type of farm help which is to be found in Wisconsin, Michigan and other north central states and some of the more recently settled portions of states farther west. This was in the attitude which was to be observed in the two communities of hired men who were irresponsible in keeping their word with their employers, in the older section such men being comparatively rare and held in public scorn, while in the newer they were so common and the reliable kind of help so scarce that they had to be accorded a treatment that was much more courteous than they deserved. This difference is due fundamentally to difference in character and ideals, which in a way are a matter of development and evolution so far as community life is concerned.

A thoughtful article in a recent issue of a leading farm paper points out the fact that the value of many of the experiments conducted by state agricultural experiment stations is greatly lessened because so many of the tests are carried out on a very limited scale and under conditions which it would be impossible for the average farmer to duplicate because of lack of help and time. In a measure this criticism is well founded in that experiments may be conducted on a small scale with remarkable results which would not produce any such results were they carried out extensively with the amount of land which the average farmer undertakes. At the same time it is well to take into account the fact that one of the truths which the experiment stations are trying to drive home to the minds of the tillers of the soil is that they are working from two to three times as much land as they can handle to advantage and that if an amount were kept under cultivation which could be given the attention that it ought to receive some of these same invaluable intensive experiments—so viewed by some—would be considered of a much more practical nature than now. Perhaps the experimenters should increase by threefold the land which they devote to grain raising tests, while it is just as plain that the farmer should in many cases decrease his plow land by the same threefold ratio to handle it in an effective and satisfactory manner.

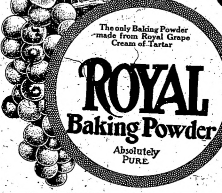

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely PURE

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.03
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.52
Barley	50
Eggs	20c
Butter	20 25c

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Oscar Williams was up to Warroad last week.

Fr. Adolph and M. C. Burns were up to Holt Sunday.

Rev. Dahle was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Rev. Aastad was down to Ulen the first of the week.

Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Friday.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Earl De Velling last Friday.

The militia boys had their picture taken in a group Sunday afternoon.

T. H. Omlid, who had been over from Mallory spending several days, returned this week.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Earl De Velling, formerly in the restaurant business here, was up from Crookston last Friday.

Chris Amundson, who has been spending the winter in St. Paul, arrived here last Saturday and will spend several days visiting friends.

Mayor Hamre and Robert McGinn, who had spent several days in St. Paul last week, returned home Sunday morning. D. P. O'Neil is still in St. Paul.

Mrs. Christienson, who had been here visiting her daughter, Mrs. Albert Huseth, returned to Fertile Monday evening. She was accompanied by Miss Eflie Christienson who will spend several days at Fertile.

Ephram Thompson has just recently recovered from an attack of the mumps which confined him to his room for about a week. "Shorty" positively states that though the mumps are sometimes regarded as a huge joke the humor of the joke is lost on him.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Gas plant for sale by Gustave Gunderson.

Joe Johnson was down from Erie last week.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Sheriff Forsberg, of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Postmaster Kratka this week sold his handsome residence on Horace avenue to Rev. Gilchrist.

John Rawson left Monday evening for his home in Wisconsin to spend a few weeks visiting his parents.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Henry Hermanson spent the greater part of last week in the Twin Cities sight-seeing and calling on friends.

Andrew Bjorke, one of the prosperous farmers up near Holt, was in the city last Friday and made the News office a pleasant call.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Services in the Norwegian church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. In the afternoon services in Silverton at 3 o'clock p. m.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Arthur Crick, the Soo fireman, was last week taken to Rochester, was operated upon last Friday and reports from there state that he is getting along nicely.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets a week from today, March 18th, at 3 o'clock p. m. in the basement of the church. The ladies will be entertained by Mrs. Oluf Tessum. A cordial invitation to all.

Services together with the confirmation of a class of 13 catechumens will be held at Germantown next Sunday morning beginning at 10 o'clock. The Lords Supper will also be administered. Lenten services at the German Lutheran church at Thief River next Wednesday evening at 7:30. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

S. J. Rice was down from Holt last week.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

C. J. Knox was down to Crookston last week.

—Hugh Dean left the first of the week for the Red Lake country.

C. E. Nelson, the Viking merchant, was in the city last week.

Miss Belle Hermanson returned last Friday from a visit at Halstad.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

John Browning was down to Minneapolis the first of the week.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

County Treasurer Tandberg was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block, Phone 244.

For Sale—Five or six good driving or working horses. Inquire of John Meehan.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Chris Larson was down to St. Paul with three car loads of cattle the first of the week.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Fred C. Niclai left Thursday on a trip to Beaudette and other points to sell his well known brand of cigars.

Mrs. Paul Holzknecht came up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday to visit her sister Mrs. P. W. Roark.

W. C. Addy, the Strandquist Merchant, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

Beginning next week the roller rink will be closed Monday, Thursday and Friday nights until further notice.

S eave Roark arrived in the city last Saturday from Grand Forks and is the guest of his brother, P. W. Roark.

Get your watch repaired by us and you will always have the correct time. Prices lowest and workmanship the best. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

Mrs. Lovestone, and daughter, Lula, came down from Germantown the latter part of last week, called here by the serious illness of the former's daughter, Celia.

Ronny Barrett is enjoying a vacation from his duties at the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle wholesale house and is spending a portion of the week with his parents at Crookston.

Willard Provincher, the popular clerk at the Hotel Evelyn, left last Friday for Argyle to spend several days visiting with friends and relatives.

The postmaster general has kindly granted permission for mail carriers to deliver in automobiles. Now if he will take one more step and provide the automobiles and a chaffeur the carriers will be supremely happy.

Michael Torgerson was in from Reiner last week. He states that in company with his brother, Knute, he recently purchased the Reiner store from Reinhart Jonsrud. They will remove the store to the location of the new creamery this spring.

Miss Celia Lovestone was stricken with an attack of lung fever last Thursday and for a while her condition was considered critical. Her condition is considerably improved now, however, and her absolute recovery is looked for in a short time.

They are telling this now on an old henpecked Kansas man. He was about to die, and his wife offered to give him such consolation as the case would warrant and said: "John, you are about to die, but I will follow you." "I suppose so, Mary," he said, "but so far as I am concerned you need not be in a hurry about it."—Exchange.

Deputy Sherriff James Bulman was down to Crookston last Friday taking with him Charles Carpenter who was given a reformatory sentence by Judge Watts. Carpenter will be kept in the Red Lake county jail until after tomorrow, as he is to be the star witness in the hearing to be had before the city council tomorrow at which time Alfred Rasmusson has been cited to appear and show cause why his license should not be revoked.

If the farmers of this section of the country would get together and agree to to plant only two varieties of potatoes, one early and one late, such as the Early Ohios and the Burbank, and would increase their acreage, they would bring in buyers from the big cities, and would get higher prices. The same rule applies to the raising of stock for market. If they would get rid of their scrubs and raise only good grades of full bloods, so that buyers could come here and get car load lots of good prime beef animals, the farmers would soon have a reputation of having the stock the best market wants, and would get from one to three cents per pound higher prices than they do now, and it costs hardly any more to feed good animals than it does scrubs.

EXTRAORDINARY TEN DAY

CASH SALE!

COMMENCING

FRIDAY, MARCH 14TH.

Gallon Cans Canadian Club Maple Syrup, per Gal	$ 1.15
1-2 Gal. " " " " " 1-2 Gal	65
Quart " " " " " Qt. Gal	35
18 qunces Stuffed Queen Olives, a snap at	50
10 " " " " " " "	30
30 " Heinze's Preserves, in tin, all flavors	35
16 " " " " " " "	22
Heinze's 10 pound Stone Jar Preserves, goes at	1.00
Heinze's 5 " " " " " "	75
3 Cans of good Standard Corn, for	25
3 Cans of Early June Peas, for	25
4 Pounds of Extra Fancy 8c Japan Rice	25
2 1-2 Pound Can Kismet Brand Corn Syrup, for	10
Dinner Party Pears and Apricots, 3 pound can, each	20
Dainty Brand " " " " " "	20
20 Poounds of Granulated Sugar, for	1.00

FRUIT BARGAINS

Extra Fancy California Oranges, 126 size, per dozen	40c
" " " " 176 " " "	30c

LANGSETH MERC. CO.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The confirmation class will meet on Saturday at 2:00 p. m. H. Halvorson, pastor.

There will be services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Cordial invitation to all.

Deputy Postmaster Nelson was up to Grygla the first of the week visiting old friends and attending to business matters.

Mrs. A. I. Anderson arrived in the city yesterday from Lanesboro to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Prichard.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet at the home of Mrs. O. H. Nelson Wednesday, March 17th. All are cordially invited.

There will be an important meeting of the militia next Tuesday evening all members are requested to be present. General business is to be transacted.

Robert Agar, who has a claim up in the Canadian Northwest, is in the city this week visiting with old friends. He is not much in love with the country up there.

All Royal Neighbors are requested to be present at the next regular meeting, March 17, 1909, as there is work to be done. Mrs. Orra M. Richardson, Oracle.

Dr. Lyons, state veterinarian, was in the city yesterday looking for glandered horses. Two weeks ago Dr. Lyons was up to Middle River and killed several horses that had the glanders.

A. H. Fasel returned yesterday morning from his trip to Southern Minnesota. He reports that the people down there are not enjoiying as good weather as prevails in this section. Sunday, Mr. Fasel states, four inches of snow fell there.

Attorney G. Halvorson will leave the first of next week for Anoka where he has a suit in the district court against Pat Devereaux and Winston Bros. for T. P. Hamre, administrator for the estate of Hans Langseth. Devereaux was one of the contractors that did the grading for the Soo yards here and was unable to pay his bills.

The women of the Presbyterian church will hold a series of three weekly lunches and sales of cooked foods, such as bread, rolls, pies, cake, baked beans, doughnuts etc., the first of which will be held in the Dobner-Meehan block, next door to Sharbach's Saturday, March 13, during the entire afternoon. Everyone is cordially invited to patronize these sales and lunches. The proceeds are to be used for the decoration of the church.

Pat Sullivan was down from Highlanding yesterday.

Wanted—Girl for housework by April 1st. Mrs. G. W. Elder, phone 233.

There will be services in the Swedish church on the East Side Sunday, March 14th, at 10:30 a. m. All are welcome. Rev. P. Dahlquist, pastor.

Secures New Band Leader.

Prof. Maxwell of Chicago has been secured as the leader of the local band and is expected to arrive the latter part of the week to enter upon his new duties. Mr. Maxwell does not need an introduction to most of the people of this city, having been leader of the Red Lake Falls band for some years when the organization was at its best and it was due largely to his management that that band scored such triumphs at Winnipeg and the state fair. The local band has advanced with unsurpassed rapidity since its orgonization and it is predicted that under his able management it will be but a short time before it will be second to none of the similar organizations in this part of the state.

Held Up a Train Crew.

Emerson, Man., March 9.—An exasperated settler from Indiana held up a switch crew yesterday with a gun. W. J. Veitch, bound for Saskatchewan with a carload of effects, unloaded at a quarantine yard Sunday and had undergone inspection, being promised that a car would be spotted at 7 p. m. At 11, not having been accomodated, he renewed his request.

At 3 a. m. he became desparate and took his stand at the Canadian railway bridge swinging his lantern to stop the switch crew.

Veitch boarded the engine, when it stopped and, it is alleged, "held up" Engineer Sinclair with a gun, demanded that his car be spotted at once.

Veitch pleaded guilty to the hold up, stating that persuation had failed, and being in desperate straits and only having $20 in cash and his family being on the road to meet him, he felt that he had to do something. He was let off on a suspended sentence.

Town of North.

Supervisor—Nels Knutson.
Town Clerk—E. J. Overland.
Treasurer—Aug. Soderberg.
Assessor—G. K. Haave.
Justice—Nels Myron.
Constable—Albert Olson.
Town School Supt.—N. Swanson.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The annual high school play by the senior class of 1909 will be presented at Evenson's Hall on the evenings of Friday and Saturday, March 26th and 27th, and a matinee for the school children will take place on the afternoon of Friday, March 26th, at four o'clock. By two evening presentations the danger and inconvenience of crowding will be avoided. The play is entitled "Merchant of Venice Up-To-Date" and is especially suited for high school students, abounding a choice humor and permitting of local allusions. The members of the class have their several parts well learned and are diligently practising, with the hope that they may equal or even surpass the high standard set by former local high school plays. Posters will give further particulars.

Janitor Ronnestrad is back at his old post in the high school building, after a two months' trip to the coast. He received a warm welcome from the students and teachers, with whom he is a general favorite.

It is suggested that parents do not send beginners to school until the first week in April, following the Easter holidays. By complying with this request, all the new little people can be organized as a separate class in each building, thus assuring some positive results for a few weeks in the spring.

About sixty pupils will be graduated from the two eight grades in the local schools in May. Where these students and the usual number of new high school pupils from the country are to be seated is a conundrum. It is possible that additional high school room is the most pressing necessity in the way of public buildings in Thief River Falls at the present time.

State high school examinations will be held next week, beginning Monday. All grammar grade students are required to write at these examinations.

The baseball fans in the high school to the number of about thirty organized for the spring's campaign last week. It is expected that the team of 1909 will be the strongest ever turned out by the high school.

Tie Vote at Middle River.

Middle River had a very close election Tuesday. The license question was one of the issues and it resulted in a tie vote. As there has been saloons in Middle River in the past, the fact that there was not a majority against license means that they will continue to have saloons for another year, so the attorneys say.

Ole C. Brenna

Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Residence, Thief River Falls

Phone No. 118.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

ESTATE OF Josephine Maresh.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Red Lake IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Josephine Maresh, Decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Joseph Horejsh.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday the 25th day of August, 1909, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls, in said county, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "The Thief River Falls News" as provided by law.

Dated February 15th, 1909.

(Court Seal) S. A. SWANSON,
feb.18-mar.4. Judge of Probate.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew O. Sandland, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn., who on Dec. 9th, 1904, made H. E. No. 907, Serial, No. 01504, for SE¼, Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W. of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole H. Langlie, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn.
Halvor T. Homme, " "
Torger Hemmestvedt, " "
John Bjornstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
feb 18-mar. 25 Register.

A few diamond brooches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A Religous Authors's Statement.

Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's kidney remedy." A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. In District Court.
COUNTY OF RED LAKE. } 14th Judicial District.

Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff,
vs.
Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That by virtue of an execution directed and delivered to me, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 44-100 dollars ($18.44) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed at the office of the Clerk of the said District Court for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following described real property, to-wit: Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.
PAUL W. MARBY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.
E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.18-apr 1
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Simple Remedy for La Grippe.

La grippe coughs are dangerous—as they frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs so that no serious results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. A. Bjerkhoel.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillemoen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in Book 4 of Mortgages, on page 232.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 21st day of October, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 571, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909, at [illegible] o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 6th, A. D. 1909.

S. SWENSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
PAUL W. MARBY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.[illegible]

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Colds: Prevents Pneumonia

"My three year old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life." A. Wolkush, Casimer, Wis. A. Bjerkhoel.

AUCTION SALE!

Saturday, March 20, 1909

Commencing at 10 a. m., Sharp.

At the Henry Cook Farm One-Half Mile West of Germantown.

- 13 cows, all coming in this spring.
- 10 head young stock.
- 1 Stallion, 5 years old.
- 1 mare, 14 years old.
- 1 mare, 5 years old.
- 1 mare, coming two years old.
- 1 gelding, coming 2 years old.
- 1 yearling horse colt.
- 1 gelding, 3 years old.
- All kinds of farm machinery, household goods, etc.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash, over $10 bankable paper.

HENRY COOK, Owner.

OLE C. BRENNA, Auctioneer.

H. G. DOBNER, Clerk.

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

SAW MILL MACHINERY

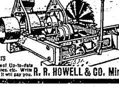

Saw Mills
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Planers and Matchers

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We also have Second Hand Machinery

We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B. Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

More Exciting Than the Play.

A countryman on one of his rare visits to London, after completing his business, visited the local theater and patronized that part of the house known as "the gods," obtaining a seat in the front row. He had provided himself with refreshments before entering in the form of a bag of cakes and a bottle of mineral water.

As the performance progressed he consumed these and, becoming absorbed in a thrilling passage, was absently toying with the empty bottle on the ledge in front of him when he accidentally allowed it to fall over.

Horror stricken, he instantly looked down and was just in time to see the bottle drop heavily on to the bald head of a man below, who, not noticing whence the attack came, jumped to the conclusion that his neighbor was the aggressor. He seized the bottle and hit the other man smartly across the head with it.

Our friend above had now seen enough and hastily but quickly quitted the place, observing when he reached the exit two angry, struggling men being ejected.—London Tit-Bits.

The Indian Experimented.

A missionary in charge of a small church on the Indian reservation at Onondaga held evening services for his people at which subjects upon which he lectured were not strictly religious.

One evening when the little building was well filled with braves and their squaws he described the solar system and told them that the earth revolved about the sun and also turned over once in every twenty-four hours.

Early the next morning the priest was awakened by a knock. He opened the door to find a big Indian wrapped in a blanket standing on the porch.

"Why, Obaga!" he exclaimed. "Is anything the matter?"

"Missionary lied," grunted the Indian.

"I lied? What do you mean?"

"Missionary say world turn over every night. Injun go home, set up stick, put apple on stick. If world turn over, apple fall off. This morning apple on stick. Missionary lied. Huh!" And with this parting grunt he strode down the path, unheeding the priest's calls.

Lawyers on Strike.

In 1789 John Scott, earl of Clonmell, who was lord chief justice of Ireland, made some insulting remarks from the bench to Mr. Hacket, a member of the bar, who was conducting an argument before him. A general meeting of the bar was called, a severe condemnation of his lordship's conduct voted with only one dissentient and an unprecedented resolution passed that until his lordship publicly apologized no barrister would either take a brief, appear in the king's bench or sign any pleadings for the court. This strike experiment was actually made. The judges sat but no counsel appeared, no cause was prepared, the attorneys all vanished, and their lordships had the court all to themselves. There was no alternative, and next day Lord Clonmell published a very ample apology by advertisement in the newspapers and made it appear as if written on the evening of the offense and therefore voluntary.—London Law Times.

What a Memory!

One rainy day in spring an old Yorkshire fisherman returned to his native village after an absence of fifteen years and fearfully sought the house which sheltered his deserted wife. Entering without knocking, he seated himself near the open door, took a long and vigorous pull at his dirty clay pipe and nodded jerkily to "t'owd woman."

"Mornin', Maria," he said, with affected unconcern.

She looked up from the potatoes she was peeling and tried to utter the scathing tirade she had daily rehearsed since his departure, but it would not come.

"Ben," she said instead, once more resuming her work, "bring the sen o'er to t' fire an Ah'll darn that hole i' thy jersey. Ah meant doin' t' day tha went away, but summat put me off!"—London Answers.

Customs In Public Dining Rooms.

"Have you ever noticed persons enter a restaurant—how the women invariably select a center table, while a man will linger or glance about in the hope that he may find a comfortable seat in some corner or against the wall?" said a proprietor of a fashionable restaurant. "It's almost always so and is always amusing. The women like to show their gowns, while the men—well, my theory of it is that the habit is a relic of the cave days, when a man preferred a position against the wall so he could fight his enemies to advantage."—New York Herald.

Not Caused by the Hat.

"How do you like my hat?" she asked.

"Why, to tell the truth," replied her dearest friend frankly, "I don't like the effect very well. It seems to me it gives you a rather cross look."

"Oh, that isn't the hat," she responded cheerfully.

"No?"

"Oh, not at all. That comes entirely from the fact that I have just seen my husband and he had just seen the bill."—Chicago Post.

Wordsworth's Joke.

"I never made a joke but once in my life," confessed Wordsworth, and the rest of the story leaves one in doubt whether he knew a joke when he saw it. "Meeting a peasant neighbor one day, he asked me, 'Ha' ye seen my wife, Meester Wordsworth?' 'My good fellow,' said I, 'I didn't so much as know that you had a wife.'"

Truth or Fiction?

"Ah, what a difference there is," remarked the cynic wearily, "between courtship and marriage! Courtship is made up of soft nothings—marriage of hard facts."

And he broke the world's record for a sigh.—New York Times.

More Than He Bargained For.

Mrs. Benham—I am getting stouter all the time. Benham—Yes; when I got married I little realized that I was getting a wife on the installment plan.

It is often woman who inspires us with the great things that she will prevent us from accomplishing.—Alexandre Dumas.

Kept His Word.

A young fellow in Havana who occupied the position of a reporter fell in love with a girl, the daughter of a wealthy planter. He applied to her father in the orthodox way for his consent to the marriage.

"Presumptuous!" said the father, with eyes flashing. "You, a poverty stricken journalist, and my daughter! Sir, get out of my presence!"

The journalist was very angry. It brought forth a heated declaration of pride:

"Your daughter is too good for me, you say? I will marry a princess before I die." And, with head erect, he left the irate father.

The journalist went to Spain. He wrote poems. The poems were read by the Princess Josephine. There was a meeting. The two fell in love with each other. It is said the journalist was so sincere in his affection that probably he forgot his declaration to the Havana planter. They were both royally happy, eloped, married in Valladolid and were eventually pardoned by Queen Isabella, the one time journalist being received with all the respect due to his new and high rank.

When Ladies Wore Masks.

In the seventeenth century ladies wore masks in public, and great was the variety of face screens that were seen. Ladies who had "coralline" lips preferred short masks, as was natural. For others who wished to hide the lower part of the face the mask was completed by a chin piece of linen, which afterward passed under the chin and over the ears. In 1632 a new mask called the mimi, from the Italian mimics, was all the rage and threatened to usurp the place of the black one. It was even the cause of violent quarrels between the ladies who held to the latter and those who preferred the latest novelty. Some years later it became the fashion to trim the upper part of the mask with a ruche of lace, to lengthen it with a beard of the same material and even to cover it more or less with lace to the borders of the eyeholes. Young ladies of this period, however, frequently contented themselves with covering the face simply with a piece of black crape for coquetry's sake and to appear the fairer.

The Rack, Pace and Amble.

The rack is a gait of the horse between a trot and a gallop or canter, in which the fore feet move as in a slow gallop, while the hind feet move as in a trot or pace. It is usually an artificial gait, but is sometimes hereditary or natural. There is much confusion of terms in respect to this gait, due to the fact that the gait itself is somewhat varied, according as the racker carries the one or the other fore foot foremost in the galloping motion of the fore feet; that many confound the rack with the pace, the words often being used synonymously, and that many have mistaken the use of the words "pace" and "amble." There is abundant evidence that the American pace of today is the amble of Europeans of the last century and earlier. The motion of the hind feet is the same in the trot, the pace and the rack. In the trot the diagonal hind and fore feet move nearly simultaneously. In the pace or amble the hind and fore feet of the same side move nearly simultaneously.—Boston Globe.

Exploding Ice Bubbles.

The intensely cold nights of Siberia, says a writer, produce a curious phenomenon. Occasionally the silence is broken by a loud report resembling the boom of a cannon. The noise is caused by the bursting of an ice bubble on a river. The streams coming from the hills are incased in ice six to nine inches thick, and as the water descends faster than it escapes through the river the result is a heavy hydrostatic pressure. This first causes the ice upon the river to rise in mounds often six to eight feet high. For a time they seem to yield elastically to the pressure, but finally can withstand no more and burst with an explosive report. The water rushes out, soon freezing, however, and causing further explosions. The writer asserts that he has seen scores of these ice hillocks within a few miles.

Muskrat and Perfumery.

The question is asked us whether the musk of the common muskrat is not used to make cheap perfumery. We have never heard of such use of muskrat musk, nor can we find anything definite on the subject in the books. Application to a large manufacturer of perfumery, however, brings out the information that some years ago musk from the muskrat was tried out for perfumery purposes, but was not found available for this use. Not a single instance of its being used now is known. The musk of commerce comes chiefly from the musk deer.—Forest and Stream.

Not to His Taste.

Proud Mother (to admiring visitor)—Yes, we think that little Harry has prettier hair than any of the other children. Five-year-old Bobby (contemptuously)—Umph! They showed me that color, and I wouldn't take it.—Exchange.

Gave the Snap Away.

The Dominie—How is it, my young friend, that your mother always does the carving when you have company to dinner? Freddie—'Cause dad always says things while he's doing it.—Puck.

A Nice Distinction.

Mrs. Farmer—And you say that the last man you worked for was Si Higgins? Rambling Restessy—No, ma'am; I said dat he wuz de last man dat employed me.—Chicago News.

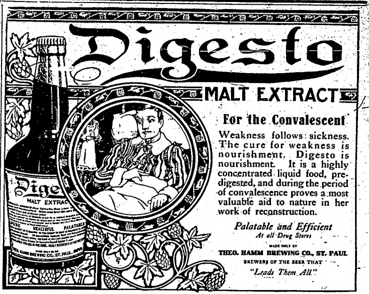

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MALT EXTRACT

For the Convalescent

Weakness follows sickness. The cure for weakness is nourishment. Digesto is nourishment. It is a highly concentrated liquid food, pre-digested, and during the period of convalescence proves a most valuable aid to nature in her work of reconstruction.

Palatable and Efficient
At all Drug Stores

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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
BREWERS OF THE BEER THAT
"Leads Them All."

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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THE NEWS, $1
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Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

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South Main St. Phone 103

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Bank No. 236.

Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of the "First State Bank of Thief River Falls."

At a meeting of the stockholders of the above named Bank, held at the Banking House on the 11th day of February, A. D., 1909, the following resolution was offered and adopted by a majority vote of its capital stock:

RESOLVED: That section Sixth of the Certificate of Incorporation of this bank be amended to read as follows:

Section Sixth—The board of directors shall consist of seven stockholders. C. L. Dobner, of Kalispell, Montana, and H. G. Dobner, L. M. Hoag, Math Barzen, Sven Swenson, Chas. A. Robbecke and Perl W. Mabey, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are hereby appointed directors of this banking corporation to hold their offices as such until the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the third Monday in January of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by a majority vote of the Capital Stock, at a meeting duly called for that purpose and held at the Banking House in Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of February, A. D., 1909.

(Corporate (MATH BARZEN, Vice President.
(Seal. (H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

State of Minnesota,
Office of Public Examiner.
St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 25th. 1909.

This is to certify that the action of the stockholders of the "First State Bank of Thief River Falls" at Thief River Falls, Minn. in voting to increase the number of its directors from four to seven, and naming them as provided for in the foregoing amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation, has been approved by me.

A. SCHAEFER,
(Seal) Public Examiner

State of Minnesota,
Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 25th day of February, A. D., 1909 at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book A of State Bank Amdt. Records, on page 67.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 1st day of March, A. D., 1909, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book F of Miscl., page 250.

FRANK JEFFERS,
(Seal) Register of Deeds.
By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Cures backache and irregularities that if neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. A. Bjerkhoel.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.
Caspor Falk.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly, strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

WANTED—Success Magazine requires the services of a man in Thief River Falls to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective; position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary $1.50 per day, with commission option. Adress with references, R. C. Peacock, Room 102, Success Magazine Bldg., New York.

DO YOU WANT TO GO TO COLlege? If so we can help you. We have already put hundreds through college by means of our plan. Write today for full information regarding our offer of a free scholarship in any school or college. Address, Robert J. Sherlock, 29 31 East 22d Street, New York City.

How can any person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs, and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Any one wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

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Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

$5.00
DOWN AND $5
EACH MONTH
THEREAFTER
UNTIL PAID,
WILL BUY YOU
DESIRABLE
LOTS FOR A
HOME ON THE
EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave. Thief River Falls

AUCTION SALE!
Thursday, March 18, 1909
Commencing at 10 a. m., Sharp.

At the home of Patrick Sullivan, one and one-half mile west of Highlanding, on south side of the river.

1 mare, 11 years old, weight 1500, with fold.
1 mare, 9 " " " " "
1 Hamiltonian mare, weight 1,150 with fold.
1 gelding, 9 years old, weight 1450.
1 gelding, 8 " " " "
1 horse colt, 7 months old.
5 cows, coming in this spring.
1 fresh milch cow.
1 Shorthorn bull, 3 years old.
1 steer, 2 years old.
2 yearling calves.
1 sow with pigs.
27 hens.
3 Bronze turkeys.
All kinds of farm machinery and household goods of all descriptions.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.
TERMS: All sums under $10, cash, over $10 bankable paper.

PATRICK SULLIVAN, Owner.
H. M. HICKS, Auctioneer.
H. G. DOBNER, Clerk.

AUCTION SALE!
Friday, March 12,
At Jensen & Son's
Livery Barn.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.
Two Car Loads of Western
Broke Horses
Time will be given until Nov. 1st.
LOUIS SIEFF, Owner.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.
VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1909 NUMBER 12

STRAIGHTEN THIEF RIVER

State Drainage Board Authorizes This Work to Be Done This Summer.

State Engineer Ralph and Number of Surveyors Now at Work on the Job.

George A. Ralph, engineer for the state drainage board, passed through the city last Saturday, being enroute to Middle River where he will join a party of surveyors in the employ of the state. A survey is being made of Thief River with a view of straightening the curves in the river. At a recent meeting of the state drainage board this work was authorized and it will be done this summer. It will do much to solve the drainage question north of Thief River Falls and it is expected that Thief Lake will be drained almost dry. The state owns much land north and west of Thief Lake which will be greatly benefitted by the work. Hon. Donald Robertson, of Argyle, presented the case before the state drainage board and it is due entirely to his efforts that the work is being done. The work will undoubtedly be done by a floating dredge, and it will be clean work, as there are few rocks, trees or other abstructions.

Settlers Coming.

A Crookston man received a letter from Fowler, Ind., which says that thirty-two families are coming to Northern Minnesota, bringing with them forty carloads of stock and farm machinery. There will be two passenger coaches attached to the train to carry the members of the families.

Farmers Institute at Highlanding.

There will be a State Farmers Institute held at the Highlanding school house, on Monday, March 22nd, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m. These Institutes are being held thruout the state and are of great benefit to the farmers. All it costs you is your time to attend, and if they don't do you any good, they certainly will do you no harm.—Sunbeam.

A Bad Fire.

The general store of H. O. Hanson, a former resident of Thief River Falls, at Stephen was destroyed by fire on Monday night. The building was saved but the interior was badly burned and the stock was damaged to a great extent by the fire and water. The fire company of Stephen is deserving of much credit for the manner in which they handled the fire, as it was difficult to get at. The building was of frame structure and so old and dry that it burned like tinder.

Mr. Hanson carried an $18,000 stock and had only $9,000 insurance.

For Amusement Pavilion.

John A. Rothsten, the newly elected president of the village council, has started a movement for establishing an amusement pavilion for public use during the summer months. His plan is to erect a suitable building on the high ground south of his home which will have a good floor and roof and enclose the entire sides with mosquito netting. this pavilion may be used for picnic purposes, card parties, dances or any other form of amusement. It will be shady, rain proof and mosquito proof and consequently should prove immensely popular. By way of a starter arrangements are being pushed to give a basket party next Saturday evening for the purpose of getting the necessary funds started. At the basket party an association will be formed and officers chosen to handle the project properly and push it to a successful finish.—Hummer Pioneer.

Special Meeting.

Northern Lodge No. 23?, A. F. & A. M. will confer the M. M. degree in full form on several candidates, at their stated meeting, Monday, March 22nd.

A very cordial invitation is extended to all Masons to meet with us at this time. A large number of the craft from Warren, and from other neighboring towns are expected to attend.

Refreshments will be served at the conclusion of the ceremonies.

Norwegian Play a Big Hit.

The Norwegian play, "Til Sæters" was presented by members of the local lodge of Sons of Norway in the Evenson Hall last Thursday night, and was greeted by a packed house. The members of the cast can justly be congratulated on the perfectness and ease in which they portrayed their various parts and combining this with the realistic stage setting created quite a sensation with the audience. The "Elite" orchestra furnished several selections appropriate to the play and are deserving of great credit.

Read the Label.

Under the Pure Food Laws baking powder labels now show the ingredients of which the powder is made.

Those who appreciate the importance to health and good baking of using a pure cream of tartar powder will read the back of the label carefully and make sure that the ingredients mentioned include cream of tartar.

The food law does not force consumers; it merely helps them to protect themselves. All good housekeepers want cream of tartar baking powders, and will not use alum substitutes in the food, if they know it. As the ingredients are printed on the back of the label, all may know the facts.

Good baking powder is one of the most useful things in the kitchen; it is easily obtained at any store; the better it is, the more economical it is in cooking materials, and the more it conserves the health of the family.

...SPRING SUITS...

As soon as you are ready to take up the question of a Spring Suit, you'll find us ready with a great line of

Copyright 1909 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX fine goods. You can bring any idea about suit-style that is on your mind, and we will match it here with a smart, snappy model from these best makers in the world.

You won't have any real idea of the excellence of our showing until you come in and see; new models, new colorings and weaves; fine blue and black goods.

SUITS, $10, $12, $15, $18 TO $40; OVERCOATS, $15 TO $50.

New Spring HATS.
New Spring SHOES.
New Spring FURNISHINGS

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

This store is the home of HART SCHAFFNER & MARX Clothes

NO ACTION WAS TAKEN

City Council Refused to Revoke the Saloon License of Alfred Rasmusson.

The Testimony Given by Charles Carpenter Was Not Considered Sufficient.

A special meeting of the city council was held last Friday afternoon and evening to consider the matter of revoking the saloon license of Alfred Rasmusson for selling liquor to minors. The only direct testimony against Mr. Rasmusson was that given by Charles Carpenter, the young boy recently convicted of robbing the Rude store on North Main avenue and this testimony was not considered sufficient by the city council to revoke the license. Quite a number testified in behalf of Mr. Rasmusson denying the charges made by Carpenter. The council was unanimous in refusing to revoke the license.

Julius J. Olson, the well known Warren attorney, represented Mr. Rasmusson in the trial and City Attorney Halvorson gave legal advice to the council. A large number of spectators were present at the hearing.

An Early Start Anticipated.

Crookston, March 12—The Crookston Lumber Co. commenced to put piling in the river for use in their operations this summer. This means that the big institution will soon be ready for operations and will relieve any doubt as to the fact of the company running the big mill the coming summer.

Work has been progressing satisfactorily upon the plant during the past few months and a crew of men has been at work looking after the placing of the mill in shape for beginning of operations. It is said that the mill will start up on or about April 15, and that it will operate thruout the summer.

Mrs. Fredrick Ohm Dead.

Mrs. Fredrick Ohm, wife of one of the pioneer settlers living up near Middle River, died last Thursday at the age of 66. The funeral services were held on Monday. With her husband, the deceased settled upon a homestead up near the present village of Middle River 22 years ago and has resided there ever since. The Ohms were about the first settlers in this section and have always been held in high esteem there. Besides a husband, the deceased is survived by ten children. Herman Ohm, of this city is one of the sons.

Bruckman Sorry He Went South.

Prof. Bruckman, late leader of the local band, wishes that he was back in Thief River Falls once again already yet. The Professor went from here to Arkansas and the town he located in was destroyed by a cyclone recently, forty people being killed and many more injured. Such business was not to the Prof's liking and he moved out of the town. In a letter to his old friend Val Yager he asks if the local band is still without a leader, and if it is he would be pleased to return and fill this position again.

Steam Plow for Red Lake County.

If there is any unbroken land left in the towns of Reiner and Star, it will not be the fault of Senky Bros. of the town of Star. W. J. LaBree, the local agent for the Reeves Threshing company, will this week deliver to the Stenskys a modern steam plow guaranteed to turn over twenty acres of sod in one day. Besides plowing up their own fields these gentlemen expect to take a number of contracts from neighbors and will be busy all summer.

To Raise Tobacco in Minnesota.

Dr. Winship, mayor of Park Rapids, has leased 10 acres of his farm in Straight River township to the Wisconsin Tobacco company for a term of two years. The Wisconsin Tobacco company will sow the tract to tobacco and experiment to determine whether or not tobacco can be raised in Central Minnesota at a profit. Expert tobacco growers will be placed in charge of the tract and the result will be watched with interest.

To Visit Old Country.

Rev. Samuel Hedegaard left Saturday on the Greenbush train for St. Hilaire where he will hold Revival services. He is also going to Thief River Falls, Germantown and Newfolden where he is engaged for a week or two at each place holding revival meetings. He is also taking a trip which may be for the last time in this section as he is planing to take a trip across the ocean to see his old home.—Crookston Journal.

D. B. BAKKE, President.
H. A. LOKEN, Vice President.
OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.
People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000
We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.
FOR
Real Estate Loans
WE CAN GUARANTEE SATISFACTION. . . .
We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits.
We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property.
Tickets to and from Europe sold.
Farm Lands and City Property bought and sold. Inquire or write
H. P. SPONHEIM,
Manager.
People's State Bank.

Gives Good Advice.

Editor News: Please tell my friends in Thief River Falls and on the reservation to stay where they are until Mr. Burbank gets his spineless cactus to grow all over the hills, mountains and deserts here in the western states and if you have a good constitution so that they can digest it, I wish that they would all come out here, but not before, because the provisions come so high that a poor man has to struggle hard to make a living.

The price on land is away out of sight and my advise is: stick to your home, if you sell it the few dollars you get for it will not reach far towards a new home out here.

The climate and the weather is very fine in the winter.

If you can't find room in your paper for this, the waste basket will take it with a smile. Yours very truly,

A. H. Baker.

Keeps on Going Backwards.

The city council has ordered cut out 10 of 19 arc street lights so that only 9 arcs now remain in use.

They have also cut out all the incandescent street lights except two at the Clearwater bridge so that under the new schedule the city is paying for lighting of streets and city hall only $70 50 per month.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Buy the Pure Food Grocery.

A deal was made last week whereby Emil E Zeh and George Curran became the proprietors of the Pure Food Grocery store. Both are well known to the people of Thief River Falls and that they will make a success of the business goes without saying. They announce that they will run an up-to-date store and carry a full line of staple and fancy groceries.

Subscribe for the News.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY
KEEP US IN MIND
WHEN YOU NEED A
LOAN ON YOUR LAND.
We are AT ALL TIMES (not only SOMETIMES) in a position to make loans on good farms at a low rate of interest.
• • •
We make loans on three, five or ten years' time, and can, if desired, arrange partial payment terms. Principal and interest payable here, and at any time of the year most convenient to the borrower.
• • •
If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.
Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

The Only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —made from Grapes—

Royal Baking Powder has not its counterpart at home or abroad. Its qualities, which make the food nutritious and healthful, are peculiar to itself and are not constituent in other leavening agents.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.05
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.53
Barley	50
Eggs	20c
Butter	20 25c

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Holt Monday.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

S. J. Rice was down from Holt to spend Sunday.

L. C. Simons, of St. Paul, was in the city last Saturday.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed Langevin, the drayman.

Read the E. & E. company's ad in this issue. It will pay you.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Ley, of St Cloud, were in the city Monday.

"Gordon" hats for spring, all the new shades and styles, at the Golden Rule.

County Commissioner Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

For Sale—Five or six good driving or working horses. Inquire of John Meehan.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

County Superintendent of Schools Anderson was in the city the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon O'Tool spent Sunday at St. Hilaire visiting with friends.

H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

If you miss Merchant of Venice Up To Date you will miss the very best play of this season.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Kvennes were down from Middle River last week visiting friends here.

Over two dozen high school students in Merchant of Venice Up-To-Date. They'll make you sit up and take notice.

C. A. Baker, formerly assistant cashier of the First National Bank, was elected president of the village council at Ogema last week.

George Elder left last week for the Red Lake country to bring home a number of teams he has had at work in the woods during the winter.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and 7:15 p. m. A Lenten sermon will be preached in the evening in Norwegian.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets this afternoon in the basement of the church at 3 o'clock. Mrs. O. T[illegible] and Mrs. Oscar W[illegible] entertain the society. All [illegible].

Dr. J. C. [illegible] writes from Philadelphia that he is thoroughly enjoying his visit with old friends and that he will return home in a short time.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Gus K[illegible] and family returned the first of the week from Washington where they have been for the past two years. Mr K[illegible] is not particularly well pleased with the western country and informs us that Red Lake county looks better than ever to him. He expects to re-engage in farming in this vicinity.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. Grundy was up to Middle River last Friday.

Sam McMahon was down from Highlanding last week.

A. D. Brown was in from the town of Hickory last week.

K. O. Gigstad was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

W. J. LaBree was down to Brooks the first of the week.

New spring coats, petticoats, skirts etc., at the Golden Rule.

Miss Patterson, of St. Hilaire, visited friends in the city last week.

The E. & E. Co. have a special sale on. Read their ad in this issue.

F. J. Stebbins was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Mrs. Ben Borneman, of St. Hilaire, visited friends in the city last week.

—Dr. H. O. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 211.

County Attorney Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Don't miss the Senior Class play on March 26th and 27th. Lots of local hits, good ones.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Rev Charles Flesher came up from Fergus Falls Monday to spend a few days visiting friends.

A lively football scrimmage is one of the interesting events in the Senior Class play next week.

The Tri-State Telephone company has installed a long distance telephone booth in the Hotel Evelyn.

The Sunday school teachers of the Synod church meets Friday evening at 7:30 with E O Gullingsrud.

Chief of Police Lang was down to St. Cloud last week taking Charles Carpenter to the reformatory at that place.

Don't neglect to see the great parody on The Merchant of Venice by the Senior Class next week at Evenson's Hall.

For Saturday

Fresh Lettuce,
Celery,
Onions,
Radishes.

ZEH & CURRAN

F. J. Stebbins was down to Mahnomen last week.

Pat McQuaid came down from the Red Lake country last week.

James Cullan was in the city last week from the Germantown country.

Capt. Chris Wistie was down to Crookston last week on business.

Cass Gillette returned to this city last Saturday from the Red Lake country.

Rev. Cox, of Hallock, will hold Episcopal services in this city tomorrow evening.

Stephen Singer, the Kratka merchant, was in the city last week transacting business.

Merchant of Venice Up To Date is two hours piled full of solid fun and hearty enjoyment.

Mrs. Caldwell went down to Minneapolis last week to purchase her spring stock of millinery.

New silks, new dress goods, new ginghams, new laces and embroideries at the Golden Rule.

Ole Overum was brought to this city from Highlanding last week to receive medical treatment.

Look at the E & E Co.'s ad. They have something special to offer in the clothing line this week.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Andrew Steenseth, the real estate man, was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Ed Enright, the well known Red Lake Falls farmer, was in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

The "Red Cross" shoes and Oxfords for ladies, Crossett shoes and Oxfords for men, new spring styles at the Golden Rule.

Let the Merchant of Venice Up To Date make you the happiest in the city for two hours next week at Evenson's Hall.

Mrs. Blanchard returned Tuesday from a trip to Davenport, N. D., where she had been to attend the funeral of a niece.

Charles N. Bourdon, of Red Lake Lake Falls, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Waubon, where he has a bank.

H H Skagen left Monday evening on a trip to Minneapolis and may visit at points in Southern Minnesota before returning here.

Sam and Will Hunt of Red Lake Falls, were in the city Monday, being enroute to Brooks were they have a hardware store.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cummings, of Oslo, formerly of this city, expect to leave in about a week for Montana to make their future home.

Miss Olie Stewart, who had been here nursing her sister, Mrs. Robert Lee, during her attack of typhoid fever, left Tuesday for Minot, N. D.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. Geo. E. Smith, Friday, March 19. Everybody cordially invited.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Jacob Jonas next Wednesday afternoon, March 24th. All are cordially invited.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week. He states that the Germantown creamery will start up about the 1st of April.

Get your watch repaired by us and you will always have the correct time. Prices lowest and workmanship the best. City Drug and Jewelry Store.

Mayor Hamre, Robert McGinn, E. M. Stanton, W. B. Fuller and G. A. Penney went down to St. Paul last week. The latter two returned the first of the week.

The suit of Charles Alexander against James Bulman will not be tried at this term of court, the case having been settled by the parties interested this week.

Spring time is house cleaning time. To make a thorough job of it get that clock cleaned and fixed up like new. We do it right at a small cost. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

The Woman Workers of the Presbyterian church will serve lunch and hold a sale of cooked foods such as Bread, rolls, pies, cakes, etc., in the Dobner Meehan block during the afternoon of Saturday, March 20.

S. H. Sharbach has rented the vacant room just west of his store in the Dobner Meehan block and will remove his dry goods department into this room in the near future. The two stores will be connected with an arch.

The members of the Eastern Star lodge leave next Tuesday morning in a body for Warren to visit with the members of that lodge. From there they will go to Crookston and return by way of the Great Northern.

Mark and W. L. Carmichael, the inventors of the milking machine who have been spending the winter upon their homestead at [illegible], arrived in the city last Friday. They have been at work perfecting the machine in various details and now claim to have it perfect.

E. L. Quist was down to St. Paul last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Saxberg last Tuesday.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. G. Halvorson.

For Sale or Trade—A good moving picture machine complete. Write to C. W. Nelson, Anton, Minn.

There will be a smoke social at the Antlers Club this evening. All members are requested to be present.

Charles E. Boughton, the Red Lake Falls attorney, was in the city yesterday attending to business matters.

Harold Hicks, who is now running a skating rink at Alexandria, arrived in the city yesterday to visit his parents.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

John P. Meehan, John J. Maher, Miss Anna Meehan and Miss Marie Carpenter arrived in the city Monday morning from Milwaukee and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Meehan.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Lenten services next Wednesday forenoon at 10:30. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

Hon. R. J. Bell, the well known Roseau editor, attorney and politician, was in the city last Saturday being enroute to Winnipeg to visit his wife who is confined in a hospital at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bothun went up to Roseau Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mike Holm, wife of the judge of probate of Roseau county. Mrs. Holm was quite well known in this city and her sudden death was a great shock to many.

Will Willer was brought to the hospital in this city last week from Warroad. By falling down stairs, Mr. Willer sustained very severe bruises and it was thought for a time that he would not live, but he is now getting along nicely.

There is to be a special meeting of the Masonic lodge next Monday evening The Third degree will be conferred upon a number, and this will be followed by a social session. The Masons of Warren have been invited and it is expected that they will be here in a body.

Andrew Soderberg, the well known Rocksbury farmer, returned Monday from California, where he had been spending the winter. We understand that Mr. Soderberg has invested in some real estate out there and may decide to locate there in the future.—St Hilaire Spectator.

Marcus Johnson, of Red Lake Falls, has had some more bad luck. A mill he is heavily interested in at Foley, this state, was burned to the ground last week. The loss is said to be $30,000 and the amount of insurance is not given Just a short time ago his mill at Red Lake Falls was destroyed by fire.

It is rumored that the Great Northern will, as soon as spring opens, commence laying new sixty pound steel rails on the branch line between here and Wylie and also give the line a general overhauling This would indicate that the company has given up the former idea of abandoning this line.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Special meetings at the Salvation Army hall Monday and Tuesday, March 22 and 23, conducted by Major Morton of Minneapolis. Subject for Monday evening will be "The Past, Present and Future of the Salvation Army". Tuesday evening will be, "A Man's Strength Against a Women's Cunning." Everybody cordially invited.

Charles W. Latta denies the rumors to the effect that he is to be retired as postmaster at Plummer and Ole J. Johnson appointed in his place. In the last issue of his paper, the Plummer Pioneer, Mr. Latta says that he stands in with the powers at Washington and any effort to depose him will be a failure But even this talk does not keep the people of Plummer from trying.

Joseph Schusser and wife returned home Friday morning from Almena, Wis., where Joseph was taking treatment for paralysis. Mr Schusser has been laid up since last July with almost an incurable attack of paralysis, but thinks he has profited by his last treatment and in a month or so expects to take another treatment at the same place.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Olaf Ramstad returned the first of the week from a trip to Southern Minnesota and Wisconsin where he had been in the hopes of buying a car load of horses to sell to the farmers of this vicinity Mr. Ramstad reports that he found the price of horses so high and the country roads so poor that it was impossible to buy a carload and so did not make any purchases.

E. C. Cook of Roseau, was here a few hours Tuesday securing signers to a petition to Representative Mattson to support a certain bill now before the legislature relating to the game laws It is proposed to extend the hunting season for prairie chickens and to exempt farmers from securing a license to hunt on their own land. The petition is being liberally signed.—Badger Herald Rustler.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs C. H Bartlett yesterday.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

Herbert Forder, of Mountain Iron, Minn., arrived in the city Tuesday evening and is visiting his parents, Alderman and Mrs. Milton Forder.

The Presbyterian ladies will serve lunch and sell all kinds of home baking at the Dobner-Meehan building on Saturday afternoon of this week. Everyone is cordially invited to patronize this sale.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The annual meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Teachers Association convenes at Crookston on Thursday and Friday of this week. This gathering is the largest sectional meeting of educational people in Minnesota and its ordinary attendance is as large as that of the state meetings of a few years ago. All the local teachers will attend on Friday.

State examination questions in the four common subjects and higher algebra and solid geometry were received and written on Monday and Tuesday of this week. No other state examinations are offered until the close of the school year.

The Merchant of Venice Up To Date promises to be one of the best school plays ever presented in this city by a senior class. All the parts were committed long ago and there is not a weak spot in the whole caste. By presenting the play on 2 successive evenings all danger and annoyance from overcrowding is avoided.

The primary teachers are each spending a half day this week in visiting the primary rooms of the city schools. The normal students are substituting.

Miss Day of the Knox was called to her home at Janesville, Wisconsin, by the serious illness of her father. Miss Florence Berg has charge of her room during her absence.

Efforts are being made to secure Hon. J. Adam Bede to deliver the commencement address to the class of 1909.

Wesley McCrum is rapidly recovering from the serious operation he recently underwent.

Janitor McDonald has removed his fine piano to the Central building and has kindly granted the primary rooms the use of it.

Poor seed is usually an index of a like type of farming, while two other earmarks are inadequate cultivation of the soil and a surplus of weeds. The three things together make a pretty bad agricultural mess.

California dairymen are up against the proposition this winter of paying $22 a ton for the alfalfa hay which they have to buy, which results in a serious reduction in profit, notwithstanding the high price which they receive for their dairy products.

During the year 1908 the state of Arkansas raised 15,000 acres of rice, which was a substantial increase over the acreage of the preceding year. It is probably not generally known that rice is cultivated so far north. They have been doing some strange things since Secretary Wilson took charge of the department of agriculture.

A rather unusual fact of natural history was noted recently by the residents of a Mississippi river town in the flight of thirty-five big snowy owls in one flock, their large size and fluffy snow white appearance making a most interesting sight. Owls are usually unsociable birds and not gregarious, as are other species like the crow, blackbird and a few other familiar kinds.

A poor stand of clover is often due to a careless preparation of the seed bed and only half covering the seed which is the case with much broadcast seeding. It can be asserted with considerable certainty that seed of good vitality will germinate and grow if it is covered with a sufficient depth of earth so as to give needed moisture. Clover seed is expensive, and its value as a soil renovator is so great that the greatest care should be exercised in sowing it properly.

Some one fond of statistics has figured out that if the 25,000,000,000 eggs laid in this country in the year 1907 were all packed for shipment they would fill 69,395,000 crates, allowing thirty dozen eggs to the crate, and, allowing 350 crates to the car, would fill 198,257 carloads. Placed end to end these cars would extend a distance of 1,500 miles, or from New York to Omaha. The American hen is surely justified in doing a little cackling in view of the above showing.

His Sole Limitation.

"Do you know what I'd laik to be?" asked Rastus of the commercial traveler who was stopping at the wayside hotel.

"No," said the commercial traveler "What? A millionaire?"

"No, sah," said Rastus

"A lawyer?"

"Oh, no, sah; not dat."

"A doctor?"

"No, sah."

"What then?" asked the commercial traveler.

"I'd laik to be a preacher, sah," Rastus said.

"Well, then, why don't you?" asked the commercial traveler.

"I can't, sah," replied Rastus, "because I ain't got no frock coat."—New York Press.

County Seat Bill.

There has been very little doing in the legislature the past week and as a result the county seat bill and the normal school bills have not been reached. Red Lake Falls has given up all hope of trying to defeat the county seat bill, and is now endeavoring to have it amended. Any amendment that they propose that is right will not will not be objected to by Thief River Falls.

It seems to be the general opinion that if Cass Lake does not secure the normal school, all bills will be defeated.

Middle River's Election.

Middle River, Minn., March 15.—This village has been in a jungle ever since election day, March 9, over the outcome of a tie vote on license. No ruling from the attorney general has been received, but the prevailing opinion is that license will be legal the coming year.

The question was voted upon last spring and license carried by a big majority, and inasmuch as the statutes clearly stipulate that any decision by the voters upon this question stands until changed by a reverse vote, there really seems to be no grounds for the contention that license is down and out in Middle River.

25 Per Cent. Discount.

This is an opportunity of a lifetime, 25 *per cent off on our already low marked* jewelry stock. We must reduce our stock, even if we loose on the actual cost of our goods. Diamonds, watches, clocks, jewelry, silverwear, cut glass, canes, umbrellas, etc., etc., must go regardless of cost.

This offer is for two weeks only, beginning March 20, ending April 3rd.

50 per cent discount on our spectacle frames also on lens and fitting.

Respectfully,
Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.
Dr. A. J. Klimek, Manager.

Passed Away.

Mrs. Hans Fredrickson died at the home of her daughter, Mrs T. A. Hanson, on the East side, last Thursday at the advanced age of 81 years. Death was due to old age. The deceased was not very well known in Thief River Falls, having removed here with her daughter last fall from Stephen, but was said to be a most estimable woman. The funeral services were held on Saturday and was attended by her daughters, Mrs. George Hanson, of Cass Lake, an Mrs. H. Bakke, of Stephen; her son, Charles Hanson, of Grafton, and granddaughters, Mrs. Fred Moore, of Grafton, and Miss Clara Bakke, of Warren.

AT THE BIJOU.

There will be something doing every minute at the popular little playhouse this week. The program arranged is bright and snappy and will no doubt prove a winner. The motion pictures will be extra special features and that will be going some as this house has always had the name of producing some of the finest, clearest, and best films in the northwest. There is much on this week's bill that is on the excellent order and the diversity of style makes it all the more attractive. There will be fun galore. Mrs. Huseth will be heard in the latest illustrated songs. The dramatic and comedy elements are well balanced. Dramatic—"The Mummer's Daughter". Serio-comic—"Blood Will Tell". Comic — "House Cleaning Days," "Weather Changes at Smith's", and the laughable hit, "Buying a Title". For an enjoyable evening go to the Bijou this week.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church at [illegible] Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.

Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

Notice.

A special stockholders meeting of "The Thief River Falls Co-operative Creamery Association," will be held in the basement of the M. E. church on the East Side on Monday, March 22nd, at 1:30 p. m., for the purpose of adopting by laws for said association and transact such other business as might come before said meeting.

On behalf of Board.

P. E[illegible],
Secretary.

For Sale.

My gasoline boat known as the "[illegible] Patch." Address, Fred Haug, Thief River Falls, Minn.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

TRIED TO BE JOCOSE.

Snicker Was In a Jovial Mood and Hungry as Well.

BUT HE SPOILED HIS MEAL.

By the Time He Managed to Order His Breakfast the Glow of Genial Good Humor He Tried to Shed Around Him Had Turned to Gloom.

Mr. Snicker is well known in his home town as the most facetious man in seventeen counties. His method of expressing what ideas he has is entirely along lines of pure jocosity, but now and then his wit falls upon unappreciative ears. On a recent visit to New York Mr. Snicker arrived rather early in the morning, and the pangs of hunger would brook so little delay that he went immediately upon his arrival to a prominent hotel in the vicinity of the station for his breakfast.

"Good morning, Henri," he chortled in his usual salubrious manner to the waiter as the latter hung his hat on a hook over his table. "Has the butcher come yet?"

"Ze what, *sir?*" *asked the waiter*, with a puzzled look on his face, for he was not used to Snickers.

"The butcher," said Snicker, with a merry wink in his left eye. "You know—the chap who brings the food. I thought perhaps"—

"Wait one moment, sir," said the waiter, his perplexity growing deeper. "I will bring ze head waiter, sir."

"Oh, never mind," Snicker began, but the waiter had departed to return in about three minutes with the head waiter.

"What is it, sir?" asked the latter, with a great show of civil interest.

"Oh, nothing," returned Snicker rather sheepishly. "I just asked Henri here if the butcher had arrived yet, fearing that possibly"—

"The butcher, sir?" repeated the head waiter, like his subordinate, very much mystified.

"Yes," said Snicker, with a faint smile, which he hoped the head waiter would find contagious. "I was only jok"—

"Wait till I find ze superintendent," said the head waiter courteously. "I have no doubt we can accommodate monsieur if we can only find out what it is that he wants. I will send for him."

Snicker again started in to explain the mere facetious bearing of his inquiry, but the head waiter, too, had sped away in search of a superior officer who might be expected to be equal to this new and unexpected emergency.

Several omnibus boys and Snicker's waiter as well were dispatched to the kitchen and elsewhere to find him, but apparently without success. Five, ten, fifteen minutes elapsed, and Snicker began to feel that it did not really pay to be as funny as he could under all circumstances.

Finally, however, the head waiter returned and courteously explained that the superintendent had not yet arrived at his post of duty, but that he had telephoned up to the office for the manager of the hotel, who, he assured him, would be down in a very few moments.

"He is rather busy at this time of the morning, sir," he vouchsafed, "but he said he would be down right away."

"Well, I'm sorry," said Snicker ruefully. "You'd better head him off if you can. You see, when I asked if the butcher had come yet, it was only meant as a joke"—

"Ah, here is the manager," interrupted the head waiter as a tall, impressive gentleman with a majestic front loomed up in the dining room door and made his way across to Snicker's table. "This is the gentleman, Mr. Pingleton," the head waiter added when the manager had reached Snicker's side.

"Good morning, sir," said the manager breezily. "I hope there is no trouble, sir. I am sorry to have kept you waiting, but this is the busy end of the day with me getting things started along, and our dining room superintendent, I regret to say, is off duty this morning. What can we do for you, sir?"

"I—I—want a hard boiled egg and some Lyonnaise potatoes," said Snicker.—John Kendrick Bangs in Lippincott's Magazine.

Cats Disguised as Snakes.

"Do you know why a cat hisses when in rage or danger?" said a nature student. "Well, sir, she hisses as a flying criminal puts on blue goggles and a false beard. With that hiss she tries instinctively to disguise herself as a snake.

"Did you ever notice the markings on a cat's tail? They are transverse, like a snake's markings. The primitive cat in the wild state lived in rather tall grass. When danger approached he hissed and at the same time put up his tail and waved it slowly. The oncomer heard that serpentine hiss. He saw the tail, and only the tail, which waved in an ominous, serpentine manner. He said 'snake in the grass' and withdrew.

"The cat of today, hissing horribly and waving to and fro his erected tail, follows ancestral precedent. It helps him not at all; nevertheless he always does it, thinking it the right thing. Is not man sometimes like the cat in this respect?"

A laugh costs too much if it is bought at the expense of propriety.—Quintilian.

WAGNER MADE IT HOT.

The Composer's Trick When Money and Firewood Were Scarce.

Here is an anecdote of Wagner's early life as related by Liszt: "Wagner, Bulow and I were all quite young when we lived together in Leipzig and had a good time—that is, I enjoyed myself, but Wagner was already fermenting with his political and philosophical ideas, and our prosaic circumstances offered little ground for the idealists of the future. We called Bulow 'Kritikus,' and we, especially I, always feared his sharp tongue a little. Of course all of us had little money, but Wagner put our slender purse to great strains. He could not bear money worries, and we let him feel them as little as possible.

"Once, after a long autumn, it became cold suddenly, and Wagner with his 'nerves' suffered from the sudden change in the temperature. He demanded a heated room at once. For two whole days the debate raged between him and Bulow as to the immediate purchase of wood with our reduced purse.

"I was not asked, because Bulow knew that I would yield, but he as treasurer contended that it was ridiculous to buy wood in the month of September. 'But I am freezing,' said Wagner in a rage, to which the inexorable Bulow suggested that he go out and get warm by running or warm himself by his muse. Laughing at his cheap, spiteful advice, Bulow and I went out, but when we returned after two hours we were thunderstruck to find Wagner in the room heated to suffocation. He sat at his writing table deep in his work. His face was red.

"'Where'— began Bulow, but the words stuck in his throat, for a glance around the room showed him how Wagner had helped himself. Several chairs and our work tables lay on the floor, permanently crippled. Wagner had cut off their legs and made the fire with them. Bulow was speechless with rage, but I stood at the door and laughed till the tears came at this ingenious way of helping oneself. Bulow lamented that we would have to replace the landlady's chairs and tables and that he could not sit down or work.

"Wagner answered spitefully: 'I have what I needed! Fellows like you, who do nothing but go walking, need neither chairs nor tables. If you had given me the money right off, your valuable furniture would still be in existence. You wished it so! Firewood would have been cheaper!'"

THE MEASLES CANNIBAL.

Method of a Vancouver Island Tribe to Drive Away Disease.

A few years ago an epidemic of measles broke out among the Indian tribes living on Vancouver Island, in British Columbia, not far from Fort Rupert, and the shamans or medicine men came to the conclusion that a cannibal sorcerer, whom they termed the "hamatsu" (measles cannibal), was slaying their children to eat them and that he would continue to do so until he was killed.

As they could not slay a ghost in his own person they arranged a ceremony in which one of their number posed as the cannibal and was treated as they would have liked to treat the real foe. This fact of a substitute was, of course, not made public, only the medicine men knowing the truth of the matter.

Against a wall of rock was painted an imitation opening, in the center of which the "cannibal" was fastened. At the proper time, after going through various incantations, a covering was jerked away, exposing the cannibal apparently springing through the solid rock. He was promptly grasped by two of the priests, who dragged him out and rushed him through a fire which was burning in front of the place and which was surrounded by all the members of the tribe beating drums and singing at the top of their voices. By some jugglery the cannibal was got rid of, and the people were told that he had flown away through the air and would not come back.

After this ceremony had been repeated several times to put an end to other epidemics, which were only too prevalent among the Indians, it grew into a sort of annual affair, managed by the members of a secret society whose members know that the supposed "hamatsu" was only a man.—Scientific American.

Punishment In Effigy.

Punishment in effigy was legally practiced in France and with great solemnity up to the time of the first revolution. If the man condemned escaped, a dummy was put up in his cell and the entire routine of the law allowed to take its course. The warrant was read to it, and on the day appointed it was conducted to the scaffold in the presence of all the legal functionaries and with all the circumstance of the law. Sometimes the same person was executed in effigy simultaneously in several cities, but that did not exempt him from actual punishment should he be afterward caught.

Warning the Suffragettes.

Bridgewhist—What is the subject of Mrs. Suffragette's lecture this afternoon? Mrs. Clubwoman—The disasters of married life. Mrs. Bridgewhist—I suppose she will have her husband on the platform as an exhibit.—Town Topics.

Rare Combinations.

"The time, the place and the girl; how seldom we see them together."

"And another rare combination is the man, the scheme and the coin."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Hicks' Story.

It was in 1847 that Hicks first made a county name as a witty raconteur. In that year Sir Samuel Spry, who had been member for Bodmin since the great reform bill, lost his seat and in a petulant mood took legal proceedings against Hicks on the ground that he had abused his official position to influence voters at the poll. In the course of the trial Hicks was called upon to state what he had to say in his defense. In the course of his statement he asked leave of the court to illustrate his position by a story. His request being assented to, he related how a few days previously he had been to see a lad whom he knew well who was laid up from a fall from a vicious donkey, which had kicked out all his front teeth. The lad, said Hicks, had taken the matter in the most kindly way and had said to him, "'Tisn't the fall, Mr. Hicks, and 'tisn't the vally of the teeth what annoys me, but 'tis the nashty, ghastly, wishous disposition of the jackass."

Sir Samuel Spry sprang up in the well of the court in a fury and exclaimed, "He has called me a jackass!" The court was convulsed with laughter, and Hicks was promptly and fully acquitted of the trumpery charge brought against him.—Cornhill Magazine.

Great Wars From Trifles.

Great wars, pregnant with bloodshed and all the horrors accruing thereto, have very often been the outcome of trifling incidents which might, had they been treated properly, have been smoothed over and the slaughter averted. More often was this the case in earlier times than it is now. Every one knows that William the Conqueror lost his life in France through his horse treading on a redhot cinder while he was superintending the burning of Mantes, but few people know the fact which gave rise to the campaign that cost William his life.

During the latter part of his reign he became abnormally stout and consequently the laughingstock of not only his subjects, but his neighbors across the water. One day his contemporary, Philip of France, compared him to a fillet of veal on casters and suggested that he should be exhibited at a prize monarch show. This so enraged William that he straightway made war upon his ridiculer, and the loss of thousands of lives was the result.—London Tit-Bits.

Gestures Part of Talk.

There is a man who from a very early age has lived in countries where Spanish is the almost universal tongue. From force of this training he speaks Spanish perfectly. He has not the slightest trace of an English accent, and persons who do not know that he is of American parentage are willing to believe he is a Spaniard, merely from hearing him talk. He is so perfectly bilingual that it shows even in his gestures. When talking with English speaking persons he sits quietly and does his conversing with his mouth alone. Only in case of making a point most emphatically does he use a gesture. But the moment he drops into Spanish his every word is accompanied by a movement of the hands or arms. It is interesting to watch the change from the English to the Spanish side of him, because it comes so suddenly. He really can't speak Spanish without gesturing.—New York Sun.

Some Slang Words.

A remarkable fact is that many slang words have a classical origin. For example, the word "mill," a vulgarism for a fight, is traceable to the Greek word "hamilla," which means a combat.

"Uncle," the affectionate term for a pawnbroker, is derived from the Latin "uncus," a hook on which the article pledged was hung.

To go before "the beak" is a distinct reference to the old Roman custom of adorning the platform from which justice dispensed with the beaks of ships, which platform came to be called the rostrum, that being the Latin for a beak or prow.

Cruel.

The rich bachelor sighed and looked at the beautiful girl fixedly. "Things are at sixes and sevens with me. I feel the great need of a woman in my home, one who could straighten out my tangled affairs and make life worth living again." Her glance spoke an interest which approximately expectation. "Yes?" she queried softly. He blurted out, "Do you know of any good, ablebodied woman whom I could get to clean house?"—Argonaut.

A Sure Scheme.

Young Wife—I am determined to learn at what hour my husband comes home at nights. Yet do what I will I cannot keep awake, and he is always careful not to make a particle of noise. Is there any drug which produces wakefulness? Old Wife—No need to buy drugs. Sprinkle the floor with tacks.

Aristocratic Fowls.

"Do animals have their social customs and institutions?"

"I presume so. I have no doubt that the geese have their descendants of the cacklers who saved Rome."—Puck.

His Specialty.

Friend—That new gardener seems to be a very hard worker. Suburbanite—Yes, that's his specialty. Friend—What? Working? Suburbanite—No, seeming to.—Town Topics.

Oil of Bergamot.

The world's supply of oil of bergamot comes from a comparatively small part of Calabria, in the extreme south of Italy, fronting on the strait of Messina.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine Cures backache and irregularities that if neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. A. Bjerkhoel.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly, strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

WANTED—Success Magazine requires the services of a man in Thief River Falls to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective; position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary $1.50 per day, with commission option. Adress with references, R. C. Peacock, Room 102, Success Magazine Bldg., New York.

DO YOU WANT TO GO TO COLLEGE? If so we can help you We have already put hundreds through college by means of our plan. Write today for full information regarding our offer of a free scholarship in any school or college. Address, Robert J. Sherlock, 23-31 East 22d Street, New York City.

How can any person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs, and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Any one wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

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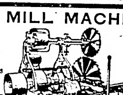

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THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

If the new law limiting one saloon for every 500 people goes into effect it will hit Ggenia, south of here on the Soo, rather hard. The village has six saloons and at the recent village election 47 votes were cast. This makes one saloon for every eight voters in the village.

Edmund Pennington was last week elected president and general manager of the Soo line. Mr. Pennington is one of the greatest railroad men in the United States and is fast making the Soo line the most popular of railroads. We hope to see Mr. Pennington continue to be at the head of this road for many years to come.

The Battle Lake Review, in its last issue gives some good advice to its readers, and as it appeals to all communities where guns are used we consider it of sufficient value to reproduce it. It says:

> "When a man points a gun at you knock him down. Don't stop to look if it is loaded, but knock him down and don't be at all particular what you do it with. If there is going to be a coroner's inquest let it be over the other fellow, he won't be missed."

A method of providing redress for shippers when railroad rates have been declared excessive is provided by a bill which Representative Bicknell introduced in the house last Friday. It provides that where railroads refuse to adopt rates fixed by law or by the railroad and warehouse commission, and the matter goes into court, the railroads must keep track of the freights taken in under the contested schedules, and if it turns out that the rates are held excessive by the courts, the excess must be paid over to the railroad and warehouse commission for the benefit of the shippers.

A bill by the house drainage committee, J.J. Opsahl chairman which the house passed without opposition in special order last week, is one of the most important measures put thru the house thus far. It authorizes the state drainage commission to make a topographical survey of the various watersheds of the state, and to prepare a uniform system of drainage based upon the information thus secured. The object is to insure that drainage of one section will not injure another by diverting unwanted water supplies upon its low lands. The plan contemplates a general comprehensive system of drainage that will take cognizance of watersheds and that will make each local drainage effort part of an intelligent whole that will prevent overlapping. On the completion of the report of the survey, a copy of that part of the report relating to each county is to be filed with the county auditor, and all subsequent drainage work must conform with the plan devised by the commission. The state drainage commission is authorized to co-operate with the department of the federal government in the execution of surveys wherever it is deemed expedient.

BLOOD

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor. There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high we are being refreshed—bone, muscle and brain, in body and mind—with continual flow of rich blood. This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It sets the whole body going again—man, woman and child.

Send this advertisement, [illegible] four cents to cover postage [illegible] you a "Complete [illegible]"

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

ELECTION RESULTS.

Kratka.

Supervisors—John S. Johnson and Peter Broby.
Clerk—T. Homestved.
Assessor—Peter Hustad.
Justices—Joseph A. Duchamp and Ole Langlie.
Constables—A. Mills and Anton Skog

The proposition of buying a grader was defeated by a vote of 47 to 7.

Plummer.

President—J. A. Rothsten.
Council—E. B. Lanager.
" N. A. Nilson.
" S. A Lochen.
Clerk—O. J. Johnson.
Treas.—H. J. Enderle.
Assessor—J. A. Rothsten.
Justice—J. W. Pahlen.
Constable—Oscar Carlson.

St. Hilaire.

Pres.—D. Patterson.
Council—C. H. Martz.
" K. O Gigstad.
" Michael Fricker.
Treas.—B. E Burge.
Assessor—C. H. Peters.
Con.—K. R. Killand.
" A. Setterberg.
Justice—C. H. Peters.

Excel.

Chairman, John Simonson.
Supervisors, John G. Skommedal and A. G. Loftness.
Town Clerk, John Whitman.
Treasurer, Constan Hoffman.
Assessor, H. B. Halvorson.
Justices, S. Warring and A. G. Loftness.
Constable, John Whitman.

Newfolden.

Chairman, R. Swendson.
Supervisors, J. A. Johnson and S Sorenson.
Town Clerk, N. Skaug.
Treasurer, Gust Ekman.
Assessor, Jens P. Folden.
Justices, N. O. Brant and John A. Hoberg.
Constables, Adolph Sollum and Peter Tvedt.

Reiner.

Supervisor, Lars Roseland.
Clerk, M. T. Torgerson.
Treasurer, Reinhart Johnsrud.
Assessor, Lars Rudestrad.
Justice, Martin Anderson.
Constable—Emil Hanson.

Grand Plain.

Supervisor, E. Klappenback.
Clerk, N. Bundhund.
Treas., M. Hovetson
Assessor, John Ristau.
Justice, N. Bundhund.
Constable, Emil Hanson and C Klappenbach.

Smiley.

Supervisor, Andrew C. Anderson.
Clerk, Tobias Stene.
Treasurer, A. G. Sorenson.
Assessor, Ingebreh Viken.
Justice, Tobias Stene and W. E. Wood
Constable, John A Dahl and C. W. Nelson.

Sanders.

Supervisor, August Krouse.
Clerk, N. K. Anderson.
Assessor, Warner D. Lind.
Justice, August Krouse.
Constable, Peter Ness.

Deer Park.

Supervisor, John Bammerud.
Clerk, Edward Singer
Justice, E. V. Carlson
Assessor, Edward Rustau.
Treasurer, O. M. Mandt.
Constable, Aslak Nesland.

Moylan.

Supervisor, George Wold
Clerk, Knud Engene
Treasurer, Arne Blackstad.
Assessor, Ole Wiseth.
Justice, Fred Solly.
Constable, George Wold.

Mayfield.

Supervisor, Nels Ask[illegible]
Clerk, Sam Lovaas
Treasurer, H. C. Iarr
Assessor, Sever Maaster
Justice, L. P. Bergh
Constable, E. [illegible]

Did Not Look Good to Him.

The Twin Valley Times man, evidently didn't subscribe for any of Arcland [illegible] stock. He says, "We would not give five cents a barrelful for their securities."

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

PUBLISH FALSE REPORTS

Swedish Papers Are Circulating Alleged "News" from America, Which Upon Investigation, Is Found to Have No Ground Whatever for Truth—Americans, and Especially Swedish-Americans, Frequently Misrepresented in Papers Published in Sweden.

SWEDEN.

During the past year there have been many things published in Swedish papers, which are supposed to have transpired in America, but which after careful investigation have been found to have no ground for truth whatsoever. Several prominent Swedish-Americans have been reported dead and we note that they are still alive; *sensational stories* have been published to the effect that Swedish-Americans are beginning to return to the fatherland by the hundreds and one telegram after another containing not one word of truth have been published by the Stockholm papers time and time again. A correspondent known under the pseudonym "Limpan" seems to have been the man who taught the Swedish journalists the art of sensational news fabrication. He began his work in 1907 during the Stockholm exhibition, when he was representing a number of American newspapers, sending one sensational story after another to America which was copied by the Swedish-American and American newspapers all over the United States. Through such unworthy methods, Americans, and espically Swedish-Americans, have often been misrepresented in Sweden so that people over there have the most ridiculous ideas of the American people and their institutions. The Swedish-Americans have in many instances been described as a boorish lot of people who possess no culture whatever and American institutions have time and again received unwarranted slaps.

Sweden, says Current Literature, has produced two women of genius in our day—Ellen Key and Selma Lagerlof. The first is a sociologist, the second is an artist. The one lives in Berlin, preaching the subversive doctrine that the world is not as yet prepared to accept; the other has remained in her native land, beloved and honored by all. A few weeks ago the fiftieth birthday of Selma Lagerlof was celebrated all over Sweden, and even in neighboring lands. The schools held festivals in her honor; her poems and stories were recited at the clubs and societies. Telegrams of congratulation and appreciation from all kinds and classes of people, from the royal family down to poor peasant children, who had read her fairy tales, were sent to her, lectures were given on her works, and the papers and magazines abounded in articles and portraits. Unlike that other great Swedish dramatist and writer, August Strindberg, Selma Lagerlof is naive and optomistic. The spirit of a Swedish Peter Pan breathes in her—the intense love of the mystical Swedish nature for weird forests in which sprites and fairies and imps have lingered since the days when the Gods walked upon earth. Where Strindberg uncovers and delineates the worm-eaten, the morbid and the evil in humanity, she searches for the higher and redeeming motives. Her art is saturated with romance and her philosophy, if it could be summed up in a single sentence, would be: "Man needs an illusion to be able to live."

In an article entitled "What Health Is Worth to Us," written by Frances Maule Bjorkman, the writer makes the following interesting statement: "In Sweden, the home of the famous Ling system of gymnastics, where physical training forms a part of the education of every child, the average length of life is fifty years for men and fifty-three for women—the highest in the world. In India, on the other hand, where hygiene and sanitation are unknown or unapplied, it is twenty three for men and twenty-four for women the lowest in the world. As might be expected, the death rate is lowest in the Scandinavian countries, only 13.5 to 14.4 per 1,000 population; and highest in India, 42.2 per 1,000 population; with the United States holding the relatively low position of 16.5"

Axel Burman, a prominent Stockholm banker and for years a member of the firm of Burman & Co., died a few days ago on his estate at Brandalsund near Sodertelge, aged forty one years. He had purchased the aforementioned estate only a short time ago and intended to devote the next few years to agricultural pursuits. About two years ago he made a trip to Ceylon in the hopes of regaining his health, but the trip proved disastrous to him instead. Mr. Burman was a shrewd business man and had, although a comparatively young man, already amassed a considerable fortune.

Swedish papers state that the government needs several hundred men on state railways which are being constructed in Norrland, and hundreds of men are anxious to get the jobs, but the labor unions have so far succeeded in preventing the men from going to work. The men want work badly and it is a pity that such conditions should exist in any enlightened country. The leaders of the socialistic labor organizations are so vigorous in their fight against the employers that local unions have begun to withdraw in many parts of the country.

Contrary to her recent decision not to go to southern Europe this season, Queen Victoria left Karlruhe for Rome the 18th of February. She has, as was stated in last week's letter, been deferring her visit to Italy this year because of the frequent earthquakes there. She will return to Stockholm the latter part of May, when the climate in Sweden will be more congenial to her delicate health.

NORWAY.

Says an exchange: "The late Professor Arvesehoug, who was Norway's leading jurist, was looked upon as a conservative among conservatives. But theoretically he was drifting toward the principle of socialism. At the close of his long and useful life he clung to the conservative party, and the party clung to him; while, on the other hand the social democrats endorsed his writings and lectures on social economy. His reasoning may have been summed up in the following words: Socialism has entered modern society for good; the means of communication, the schools, the churches, the army, the customs service, etc., having become joint public utilities and 'personal liberty' having been drastically constricted by taxes and public burdens of different kinds. Modern society is decidedly socialistic, but that does not prevent the socialists from demanding to shift still more from the field of personal endeavor into that of public functions." Thousands of people in Norway naturally deviate a great deal from the teachings of the late jurist and there has been no noticeable increase in the socialistic ranks of Norway because of his teachings.

Captain Roald Amundsen is a man who has the knack of keeping himself before the public and thus far he has succeeded in arousing no small degree of enthusiasm for his contemplated trip into the chilly north. He was recently received in special audience by King Edward at Windsor palace. The explorer was accompanied by Minister Irgens and a number of English dignitaries. The king was greatly interested in Amundsen's expedition in the Gjoa and in his proposed search for the pole in 1910. The explorer outlined his plans in detail and Edward wished him success with great warmth and earnestness.

John Larsen, a machinist, employed at the ship building plant on Horten, met a terrible death the other day when in the act of oiling one of the large wheels on an engine. He was caught in the wheel and swung around in a merciless fashion the left leg and right arm being completely severed from the body. Larsen died almost instantly. He leaves a wife and four small children, who were entirely dependent on him for their support.

There are at present in Norway about 800 creameries in operation. The dairy industry is forging ahead at a most satisfactory rate and is proving of immense benefit to the farmers. Of this number about 670 are owned and controlled by the producers themselves.

O. Mathiesen, of Christiania, who established a new world's record at a skating match at Davis, Switzerland, making 1,000 meters in 1 minute and 31 4-5 seconds, contemplates a visit to the United States next season and will also make a tour through Canada.

DENMARK.

It is a distressing thing to note that good men and women are walking from door to door throughout the entire country soliciting funds for the families of poor working men who are without employment—that at this very time the masons of the country, who are all receiving good wages, are engaged in a general strike. This is directly due to the work of the socialists, whose headquarters are at Esbjerg. The socialists, who control the masons completely, are urging their followers to stick fast to their resolutions while their families are left to starve and when thousands are out of employment all over the country and when the charity institutions are taxed to their utmost to provide food for hungry women and children.

King Frederick's son-in-law, Prince Frederick of Schaumburg-Lippe, owner of the royal estates of Nachod in Bohemia, has been engaged to the Princess Antoinette Anna of Anhalt, a daughter of the late Crown prince Leopold of Anhalt. The prince is forty one years old and the princess is twenty four. Prince Frederick was married to Princess Louise of Denmark, a daughter of the present king of Denmark, who died in 1906. The prince has three children, two sons and one daughter.

The fiftieth anniversary of the Zoological gardens in Copenhagen will be celebrated this summer. It has during these years had a most precarious existence at times, but during the last five years there have been plenty of funds to keep it up in proper shape. Much credit is due to the untiring efforts of Director Julius Schiott, who has stuck to his post at the park since it was started in 1859.

An exposition of Danish art from Italy has been opened in Copenhagen for the benefit of the Italian earthquake sufferers, and the net proceeds have thus far amounted to about $4,000. Private subscription lists have also been in circulation all over the country and altogether not a little amount of money has been raised for the Italian unfortunates.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

SPECIAL SALE!

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Our SPRING GOODS are here and we must make room, and therefore have put on our

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Nearly one hundred men's suits, ranging in price from $14 to $20 and offer them as long as they last, regardless of cost, at

$10.00 PER SUIT.

Sizes 35 to 44. The best value ever offered at such a price. If you need a suit call and examine. At the same time take a look at our new SINCERITY Spring Suits, which can not be beat either for fit or workmanship. Every suit guaranteed. We also carry an Up-To-Date line of Hats, Shoes, Shirts and Ties, and kindly solicit your inspection and patronage.

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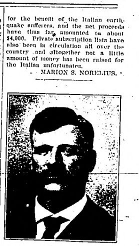

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THE NEWS, $1

THE SENIOR CLASS PLAY

"Merchant of Venice Up-to-Date."

[Evenson hall, evening of Friday and Saturday, Mar. 26 and 27; matinee for children Friday afternoon at 4. Admission: Reserved seats, 50 cents; general admission 35 cents.]

Cast of Characters.

Bassanio, Antonio's friend and suitor to Portia	Stafford Curran
Antonio, a Senior, captain of High School Foot Ball Team	Odin Brudie
Gratiano, another friend of Antonios	Ralph Douglas
Shylock, a wealthy gambler	Henry Chittick
Portia, a rich heiress	Marie Gilbertson
Nerissa, Portia's friend	Blanch Chittick
Polly, Portia's maid	Volga Evenson
Miss Abbie Threedice, a teacher	Avis Akre
Jessica, Shylock's ward	Inga Hollan
Launcelot Gobb, a servant to Shylock	Frank Kratka
Mrs. Gobb, Launcelot's mother	James Curran
Tubal, captain Belmont foot ball team	Harry Prichard
Policeman	Charles Erickson
Duke of Venice	Jas. Walker
Antonio's Mother	Volga Evenson
Professor, an ex-ray photographer	Leslie Brady

Synopsis of Play.

Act 1. To win Portia, Bassanio must take an examination in Latin. For him, Antonio borrows a Caesar pony from Shylock upon the condition that if the pony is not returned within one month, Antonio must forfeit a pound of his hair.

Act 2. Portia's House—Bassanio luckily chooses the Caesar casket and takes his examination.

Act 3. Jessica refuses to marry Shylock—Antonio elopes with Jessica. Shylock, finding her gone, determines to have revenge upon Antonio.

Act 4. Portia is informed that Bassanio has been successful. Launcelot tells her of Shylock's plan for revenge. She determines to help Antonio.

Act 5. At a football game, Antonio is arrested and brought to trial. Portia, disguised as a Doctor from Bellario, tries the case. By ex-ray, it is found that Antonio has no brains, so Shylock can not claim his forfeit. Identity is disclosed and all ends happily.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

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BEST ON THE MARKET.

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The News: $1 per Year.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES

Inland Towns In This Section Are to Be Favored In the Near Future.

Institutes to Be Held at Highlanding, Kratka, Germantown and Other Places.

Supt. Wilson of the State Farmers' Institutes has arranged a series of Institute for Roseau and eastern half of Marshall and Red Lake counties, reaching a great many of the inland settlement that never get regular Institutes. F. B. McLoran, of Wrenshall, Minn., is in charge of the meetings and has with him C. O. Carlson, of Erskine, and O. A. Storvick of the Dairy and Food Commission, of Crookston. Special attention is being given to the promotion of dairying altho other lines of farming of interest to the district are being discussed also.

Mr. McLoran has just completed three weeks work along similar lines in Clearwater and Beltrami counties, where he held 24 sessions, organizing 19 farmers clubs, drove 320 miles by team and talked to a total of 1125 people. Mr. W. R MacKenzie, of Bemidji, says of these meetings: "All the meetings were very enthusiastic and in every place visited there was general approval of having these meetings in the country school houses, as many attended who have never had the privilege of attending any Institutes. I feel a great amount of good has been done. Clubs organized at all points and the people are awakening to their opportunities."

Special Institutes will be held at the following places and dates:

Olga	March 18
Lambert	" 19
Lillo	" 20
Highlanding	" 22
Kratka	" 23
Germantown	" 24
Grygla	" 25
Fram	" 26
Wannaska	" 27
Ross	" 29
Roseau	" 30
Badger	" 31

We hope that arrangements can be made for several more such meetings in this district, as they certainly are needed. The idea of holding the meetings at the inland settlements is worthy of the co-operation of our business men. We understand that Mr. MacKenzie made all arrangements for the meetings in Clearwater and Beltrami counties, pushing the advertising of them, and giving considerable of his time to getting up good meetings. The Institute department is willing to co-operate with the business men in the different parts of the state in such work.

First White Settler.

Thief River Falls was visited this week by its first white settler, Frank Russell, accompanied by his son, J. B Russell. Mr. Russel, in the early days, was an Indian trader, and filed upon the land which is now the original townsite of Thief River Falls. He married a squaw and lived here for a number of years, later relinquishing the claim to the late John LaBree who made final proof. From here Mr. Russell went to Red Lake Falls to examine the records in the register of deeds office, claiming that he has title to two acres of land somewhere in the city and he wants to find out where.

Mr. Russell is at present a real estate dealer at Winnipeg and says he is prosperous.

Big Load of Logs.

What is said to be the largest load of logs ever hauled by horses or cattle was banked recently by Irvin Bros., who have a contract of getting out logs for the Thief River Falls Lumber Company up in the Red Lake country. On two sleighs logs that scaled 56,000 feet were hauled a distance of fifteen miles by six horses. Pictures of this load of logs were taken and can be seen at the Thief River Falls Lumber Company's office.

James Anderson Dead.

James Anderson, for years the foreman for the Thief River Falls Lumber Company up in the Red Lake country, died the first of the week at the insane asylum at Fergus Falls. Anderson became insane while on a trip to Wisconsin in 1905, and later was brought to the Fergus Falls asylum, his legal residence being in this state.

Ditch Established.

At a meeting of the board of county commissioners held Tuesday, ditch No. 33, which will drain lands in the towns of Silverton, North and Smiley was established and work will be done this summer. An appropriation of $300 was also given by the county to construct steel and concrete culverts where this ditch crosses the telephone road.

RATES ARE REDUCED.

City Council Reduces Electric Light Rates from 10 to 9 Cents Per Kilowatt.

Special Election Called for April 15 to Vote Bonds to Build an Armory.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, the meter rate on electric lights was reduced from 10 cents per kilowatt to 9 cents per kilowatt. The discount of ten per cent will also be given to those who pay their bills before the 10th of each month. This makes quite a substantial reduction in the rates.

Another resolution was passed calling a special election for Thursday, March 15, to vote upon the proposition of issuing bonds to the amount of $20,000 for the purpose of building an auditorium and armory. The money can be borrowed from the state for 4 per cent, which would make the interest charges $800 each year. Not all of the money, it is said, will be used in the construction of the building, but a portion for the purpose of extending the water mains.

The proposition of taxing up the cost of constructing the water works mains to the abutting property was taken up for discussion. So many residents in all parts of the city are asking for extension of the water mains that the council is unable to grant all of the requests and it is thought that if a special assessment was made and the property owners made to pay the cost of construction, the demands would not be so numerous.

The expected resignation of W. W. Prichard as alderman from the third ward was not received by the council, so no appointment of a new alderman could be made. The council, it is understood, desires to appoint any person acceptable to the residents of the East Side, and it is quite likely a petition will be circulated over there in the near future asking for the appointment of some person.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspor Falk.

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

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ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

EXTRAORDINARY TEN DAY

CASH SALE!

COMMENCED

FRIDAY, MARCH 12TH.

Gallon Cans Canadian Club Maple Syrup, per Gal	$1.15
1-2 Gal. " " " " " 1-2 Gal	65
Quart " " " " " Qt. Gal	35
18 ounces Stuffed Queen Olives, a snap at	50
10 " " " " " " "	30
30 " Heinze's Preserves, in tin, all flavors	35
16 " " " " " "	22
Heinze's 10 pound Stone Jar Preserves, goes at	1.00
Heinze's 5 " " " " " "	75
3 Cans of good Standard Corn, for	25
3 Cans of Early June Peas, for	25
4 Pounds of Extra Fancy 8c Japan Rice	25
2 1-2 Pound Can Kismet Brand Corn Syrup, for	10
Dinner Party Pears and Apricots, 3 pound can, each	20
Dainty Brand " " " " " "	20
20 Poounds of Granulated Sugar, for	1.00

FRUIT BARGAINS

Extra Fancy California Oranges, 126 size, per dozen	40c
" " " 176 " " "	30c

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

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Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

IN NEW ENGLAND.

Maine, New Hampshire and Rhode Island Patrons.

Interesting Features of the Work as Shown in the Reports of the State Grange Meetings.

One of the most active grange states in the Union is the old Pine Tree State, which has a membership of 55,000 and is active in everything that pertains to the interest of the great Order. Without going into a detailed report of the last meeting, it will be sufficient to note some of the resolutions that were adopted. Dr. Leon S. Merrill, for the dairy committee, said that new laws were needed covering the dairy interests and demanded of the grange to present the subject to the incoming legislature. Dairy herds must be improved and sanitary rules enforced. He believed that the sweet cream industry should be encouraged and that farmers should co-operate with the national immigration commissioner in securing good farm help. B. Walker McKeen, for the committee on education, said, "There is an unbridged chasm between the schools and the college, and we should try to discover some way to bridge it." He believed that normal school institutes would be a great aid, but they should be an auxiliary to the farmers' institute. Agriculture should be taught in rural schools. Sanitary inspection of the schools was advocated, and the committee urged that the legislative committee use its influence in this matter. The grange placed itself on record as opposed to any change in the present arbitration clause of the insurance law. The committee on co-operation emphasized the importance of getting together to buy and sell and urged that this subject be given its proper place in the lecturer's hour in each subordinate grange. A class of about 500 took the sixth degree. Invitations for the next meeting were received from Augusta and Bangor.

NEW HAMPSHIRE GRANGE.

Excellent Reports From State Meeting Held at Portsmouth.

What is considered to have been one of the most successful meetings of the New Hampshire state grange ever held was its December meeting this year. There were fully 1,500 Patrons present on the busy day of the session. A sixth degree class of 284 was initiated. The only election this year was to the executive committee, which resulted in the re-election of A. J. Richardson of Littleton.

The report of the lecturer showing the literary work done in the subordinate granges during the year was replete with information. Until we look at these figures one can scarcely comprehend the amount of work that is done during the lecturer's hour in the various subordinate grange meetings. During the year there have been delivered in the subordinate granges of New Hampshire 4,801 vocal and 4,117 instrumental selections of music, 9,024 readings and recitations, 1,371 essays, 823 addresses, 87 dramas, 286 farces, 563 tableaux; there have been 2,029 discussions participated in by 14,091 disputants, and the total attendance at these exercises was 169,716; 203 granges had 962 disputants discuss the articles of business in the town warrants; they were heard by 7,000 people. The 172 essays on "Practical Forestry" in April were given before 4,011 persons; 187 discussions on "Advertising Natural Attractions," participated in by 623 speakers, were listened to by 3,779, and 191 granges considered the advisability of a permanent home for the state grange, with an adverse sentiment. Fifty-seven granges have property valued at upward of $1,000, and fifty-six own halls. The total value of subordinate grange property in the state is $159,925.

RHODE ISLAND GRANGE.

Order Growing In Influence—State Master Marchant Re-elected.

Rhode Island is a small state grange, but it has a very active state grange organization under the leadership of State Master Marchant, who at this session was elected for the fourth term. The Order has become quite a decided influence with the farmers and with state legislation.

One question that was discussed with considerable vigor related to the state board of health, which was quite severely criticised by the state master in his annual address and by many other speakers because it was not more in touch with the farmers. The criticism was largely based on the fact that the department of health had charged that the epidemic of typhoid in the city of Providence had emanated from a farm in West Kingston which had been officially inspected and given a clean bill of health. Then after a cursory investigation it was stated that the farm was the source of typhoid infection.

The secretary reported the total grange membership in the state at about 3,000 in thirty-two granges. The other matters discussed were the protection laws against deer, forest fire protection, grange fire insurance, parcels post and rural free deliveries.

One can hold a penny or nickel so close to his eye that it will obscure the distant dollar or gold eagle. The fellow who scrimps on the price of his seed grain is a victim of this very illusion when he ought to know better.

Wise parents should keep the title of a good portion of their hard earned property in their own name as long as they live. Considerate children should not only acquiesce in this arrangement, but should in good faith see that it is carried out.

Experiments conducted by the animal husbandry department of the New York experiment station at Cornell give a value of 54 cents per hundredweight of skimmilk fed to growing pigs. If these figures are correct, one of the common byproducts of the average farm has been grievously underestimated in past years.

Before the small grain is put into the seeder it should be given a good blast of air in the fanning mill in the granary or taken to the elevator, where a still more thorough job can be done. This treatment will remove dirt and dust, shrunken kernels and a great majority of the weed seeds. This will insure a more even stand and will mean less weeds and more satisfaction in every way from the growing crop.

The secret of the prosperity and contentment to be found in sections of the country largely devoted to dairying lies in the fact that in the marketing of a ton of butter but 20 cents' worth of soil fertility is removed from the farm premises. More fertility is marketed in the shape of live stock and still more when the raw cereal products are sold, which makes the last named the most spendthrift type of agriculture which can be followed.

It is hard to understand why so many sections of the country which are already well embarked in a dairy and stock raising type of agriculture should be so slow in adopting the silo as one of the best possible means of utilizing economically one of the most important home grown products of the farm. It would seem that a silo and ensilage gospel needs preaching in a good many benighted sections of the country which agriculturally at least are not living up to their opportunities.

Where a locality is especially favorable to a growing of apples or other kinds of fruit it is well for several to unite in the growing of the same well known standard varieties. This makes it possible to handle fruit of one kind in car lots, while buyers will come from a distance if a considerable quantity of given varieties may be had. More than this, the spraying, pruning and cultivation of similar types of fruit in the same neighborhood would be much the same, and one fruit grower could learn from his neighbors and perhaps in turn help those of less experience.

About the only argument which we have heard urged against the growing of alfalfa is that this responsive legume produces so many crops in one season—sometimes five or six—that it keeps a fellow at home cutting and curing it almost as closely as if he were a widower and had a family of eight kids and a weekly washing on his hands. A feature that makes the matter somewhat worse is that alfalfa requires more attention in the curing than do most other kinds of hay. A thought that may give general consolation, however, is that the closer most fellows stay at home the more circumspect citizens they usually are.

A conception that is quite general among people of eastern states is that the horse raising business of the Rocky mountain and Pacific slope states is still in the broncho stage. The picture of the proverbial cowboy mounted on his mustang, so common in the newspaper and magazine illustrations of the day, is doubtless in large measure responsible for the misconception referred to, but a very different status of the horse raising business of the west is the case. Many of the large farm and ranch owners have been buying and shipping in the best types of speed and draft horses which could be secured, with the result that some of the finest horses which the country produces are raised west of the Missouri river, and a number of western cities are already taking a high rank as horse markets, which are frequented by big eastern buyers.

The success of many a farmers' co operative enterprise is jeopardized if not made entirely impossible because of an undue closeness or economy on the part of directors or stockholders shown in an unwillingness to pay a reasonable price for competent superintendents and managers. It is a dead sure thing that such enterprises will not manage themselves or succeed financially without close and thoughtful supervision. In view of this it seems plain, since any individual stockholder or director cannot give the supervision required, that some one must be hired who will be able to do it if the business is to succeed. There is no type of undertaking which has to encounter more serious obstacles from the economic point of view than those which are co-operative, where no one has a permanent but many a comparatively slight and equal interest, and none of the obstacles referred to is more serious or worthy of more careful attention than the one mentioned.

F. E. Trigg

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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STARTING A DAIRY.

From this on there is bound to be an increasing number of those who will be going into the dairy business, and for such two or three suggestions as to the starting of the dairy herd may not be out of place. Since buying a herd of healthy, high grade or thoroughbred dairy cows is expensive and usually out of the question, it is best to start with common cows of good milking capacity, at the same time getting a sire from recognized dairy breeds. For this purpose it makes little difference whether the breed chosen be Jersey, Guernsey, Ayrshire or Holstein, as each of the breeds in question has produced individuals of large milking ability and with proper care will give excellent results. When grade cows of good milking capacity of the breed chosen can be secured it is well to do so, while one or two thoroughbreds may be added as the dairyman finds himself able. For one who has had no previous experience it is wise to take up the business on a modest scale at first and grow into it, increasing the size of the herd as he gets experience. There are several advantages accruing to the dairymen in a locality in having the same breed of dairy cows, as in such cases sires of known merit may be kept in the neighborhood and used as long as they prove serviceable. Before the old sire is disposed of another should be reared to take his place. The Babcock test should be used from the start to show which cows are making a desirable showing in butter production. If a silo is not on the premises when the herd is started it should be built at an early date, as the largest financial return is only possible with a dairy herd when a maximum amount of the feed consumed is produced on the home farm, and the silo makes this possible.

THREE ESSENTIALS.

Among several important conditions to be given attention in the growing of a good crop of corn or small grain and of nearly equal importance with that of soil fertility are the selection, cleaning and testing of the seed to be used, the proper physical preparation of the seed bed and the sowing of the seed in the best manner. When one has attended as well as he may to the matter of good seed he has taken but the first precaution, and unless the soil which is to receive this seed is put in the proper condition but meager and unsatisfactory results can be obtained, no matter how vigorous it may be. Neglect in this regard is much like giving thoroughbred stock scrub care, in which event only half results can be secured. A proper preparation of the seed bed means thoroughbred care for good seed, and these two things going hand in hand make for large crop yields. The disking and harrowing of land for small grain can hardly be carried too far. In nine cases out of ten the mistake is in the other extreme. Coupled with a proper pulverizing of the seed bed goes the sowing of the seed. The old slipshod method of broadcast seeding is going out of vogue with the most progressive farmers, who find the seed drill is both more economical of seed and also gives a better stand and a more uniform maturity of the grain. These are not all the points of importance in the growing of bumper crops, but if all farmers gave them the attention they deserve they would be able to increase their present average yields from 20 to 50 per cent.

DO THEY KNOW IT?

A contributor to a Wisconsin agricultural paper undertakes to defend the much maligned quack grass in an article in which he states that if he had land which was run down he would consider the presence of the matted roots of the grass in the earth as worth at least $10 per acre. In a recent farmers' institute which the writer attended a somewhat similar view was expressed, the speaker contending he had had no difficulty in ridding his fields of the pest by ordinary cultural methods. It is quite patent that the breed of quack grass which these two gentlemen refer to is a very meek and inoffensive type, different from that to be found in most sections of the country, or else the grass they have supposed was quack grass was not quack grass at all. Suffice it to say that it will be well for the inexperienced and uninitiated to paint this agricultural scourge in the blackest colors possible and in no sense view it as an evil that can be trifled with. There are many instances where the value of land has been cut in two as a result of its becoming infested with this relentless pest. Were one to take the above suggestion of quack grass roots as a fertilizer seriously he would find that instead of having a value of $10 an acre as fertilizer he would have to pay more than twice this amount to remove the "fertilizer" from the soil.

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Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
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Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

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DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

RECOVERS IN PART

State Receives Portion of Oil Inspector Shortage.

SURETY COMPANY PAYS UP

Drastic Action Threatened Unless Bond Was Redeemed.

The state of Minnesota has received $5,212.46 from the National Surety company, the amount of its liability on the bond of Fenton G. Warner, former state oil inspector. As Warner has gone into bankruptcy the state will only recover a small part of the balance on the $9,000 shortage charged up to him. The bonding company is also due to lose the great part of what it pays the state. The transaction was outlawed criminally and the state has no further recourse.

The surety company attempted to escape payment on the ground that it was not made a party to the suit against Warner. The attorney general claimed that the company had promised to pay if not made a party to the litigation, but this was disputed and finally Governor Johnson called in the attorneys of the company and notified them that drastic steps would be taken if the bond was not redeemed. He threatened that the company's license in Minnesota would be revoked. Agreement was then made to settle the obligation.

ANOTHER JOB FOR PURDY

Minnesota Man Not Likely to Continue on Bench.

From the White House at Washington comes a statement that no decision has been reached by President Taft as to the future of Judge Milton D. Purdy of Minneapolis and it now appears to be certain that Judge Purdy will not continue on the bench.

If he is so disposed he may return to the government service. Secretary of State Knox, who is a friend of Judge Purdy, believes he would be a good man to assist in the reorganization of the department of justice.

A suggestion was made that Judge Purdy would eventually be appointed to a position of responsibility in the state department.

ST. PAUL PEOPLE PROTEST

Present Mammoth Petition Against Packing Plant.

In the presence of a large number of citizens of St. Paul the mammoth petition in favor of the Rowe bill and against the location of the Armour packing plant near New Brighton was presented to the legislature of Minnesota. The petition contained 26,112 signatures and was 1,558 feet in length.

Mayor Daniel William Lawler presented the petition as chairman of the general citizens' committee to Speaker A. J. Rockne of the house of representatives. The speaker received it without reply, excepting to assure the mayor that it would be placed before the house in regular course.

LICENSE THE MAIN ISSUE

Town and Village Elections Throughout Minnesota.

The issue at the town and village elections held in Minnesota recently was generally on the question of license or no license for saloons. In many places a bitter fight was waged, the result showing an advantage for the anti-saloon movement, though many towns which had heretofore been "dry" were placed in the license column.

Saloons were voted out in several large towns. Among these was Jasper, where the license has been $1,000 a year and where three saloons flourished. Wheaton went dry for the first time in its history.

ENDORSED BY STATE SENATE

One of Its Members Favored for Federal Judge.

One of the political surprises of the present session of the senate was the prompt and unanimous adoption of a resolution recommending C. J. Gunderson of Alexandria, senator from the Fifty-eighth district, for the position of United States district judge now held by Judge Milton Purdy. Judge Purdy's appointment was not confirmed by the federal senate, but he has been appointed by President Taft to serve until a regular appointee is named.

Young Woman Ends Her Life.

Miss Winnifred Freitag, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Freitag, among the most highly respected residents of Fairmont, committed suicide by shooting herself through the heart with a revolver in her room at the home of her parents in that city. No reason is known for the act.

Foley Flour Mill Burns.

Fire at Foley destroyed the New London Flour Milling company's mill, entailing an aggregate loss of $25,000. Van Vorhees & Johnson's pickle factory and several other buildings were threatened. The flour mill had a daily capacity of 100 barrels.

CHOP SUEY HOUSE WRECKED

Mysterious Bomb Explosion Occurs in Minneapolis.

Cries, pistol shots, the shrill sound of a policeman's whistle, followed by an explosion that rocked the surrounding buildings, attracted the attention of late pedestrians and brought a dozen detectives and uniformed officers to Yuen Faung Low's chop suey house at Minneapolis at 1 o'clock in the morning.

In the first confusion it was believed that an attempt had been made to blow a safe and that something had gone wrong with the nitroglycerin used by the yeggmen, for the entrance to the Chinese restaurant was entirely wrecked, which seemed to indicate a premature explosion.

Investigation showed, however, that robbery had not been the motive. The outrage had more the appearance of having been planned and executed by some one who had a grudge against the proprietor and who wanted to revenge himself by destroying his enemy's property.

Nobody was injured by the explosion.

BINDER TWINE GOING FAST

Orders From Farmers Already Cover Nearly Year's Output.

The farmers of Minnesota are sending in orders for binder twine to the state prison with a rush that was never known before. The output this season will be considerably larger than for any year in the history of prison manufacture.

The orders so far cover 12,500,000 pounds and are still coming in rapidly every day. The indications are that long before the season closes in August the entire output of the factories at the old and new prison will be covered. That will amount to 16,000,000 pounds, or 2,000,000 pounds more than ever before.

As the new prison factory did not begin until half the year was over the output this season will fall short of the increased annual capacity. Twine is being shipped in carload lots daily, making room in warehouses for arriving fiber and the new twine.

SEVERE SNOW STORM RAGES

Communication In Southern Minnesota Interrupted.

A severe snow storm swept over Southern Minnesota on March 9. There are about fourteen inches of snow on the level. Telegraph and telephone communication was greatly interfered with and wires crashed to the ground under the terrific weight of the damp snow.

Street cars in Winona were compelled to stop.

The weather observer reports the storm to be the most unusual in Southern Minnesota in a half century, and the fall of snow to be the greatest in ten years at this time of year.

Northern Minnesota escaped with a comparatively light snowfall, being on the edge of the storm.

RESIDENTS TOLD TO MOVE

Steel Corporation to Open Mine on Site of Sparta.

A great open pit mine like others of the Mesaba range soon will mark the place now designated on the map as the town of Sparta. The United States Steel corporation, which bought the surface property of the citizens of the town preparatory to mining beneath it, has served notice that the vendors must vacate by April 30, as stripping operations will be commenced then. Nearly all Sparta's business houses have moved to the adjoining town of Gilbert, while the entire population has sought other homes in Gilbert and elsewhere.

Six Passengers Injured.

A combination mail, baggage and smoking car was thrown from the track and overturned at the junction of the Omaha and Northwestern roads near Blue Earth. An engine and box car backed down on northbound passenger train No. 40 and caused the accident. Carl Rorewall of Detroit, Minn., and five other passengers were injured. The mail sacks caught fire and one was consumed.

Arrested at Prison Door.

Charles Mansfield, a convict, acquired his liberty at Stillwater only to be arrested at the prison door by a Kansas sheriff for breaking his parole in that state. Mansfield was sentenced for six months for grand larceny committed in Becker county. He was out of the Kansas penitentiary on parole at the time and must now go back to complete his term in that state.

Minneapolis Man a Suicide.

A man who registered at the Grand Union hotel in New York city as J. V. Peterson of Minneapolis was found dead in bed by Nellie Kelly, a maid, when she tried to awaken the man. A pistol wound in the left breast caused instant death.

Laborer Killed by Train.

Jacob Kasella, a Finnish laborer, was run over by a train at Mariska, on the Virginia branch of the Duluth and Iron national railway, and killed. The body was badly mangled.

Youth Commits Suicide.

Indianapolis, March 16.—Guthrie Powers nineteen years old, killed himself in his room by drinking carbolic acid. He could not find work. The boy left his home six weeks ago after a quarrel with his stepfather.

MINNESOTA NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout the State.

Edmund Pennington was elected president and Horace Lowry was elected a director in the place of Thomas Lowry, deceased, and the deal whereby the Soo line is to lease the Wisconsin Central for ninety-nine years was ratified at a meeting of the board of directors of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railway at the company's headquarters building in Minneapolis.

An amendment to the present banking law is asked by Public Examiner Anton Schaefer because it does not prevent private institutions from doing a banking business. The law is intended to make all banks incorporate as state or national banks, but it has failed of this purpose.

Life and limb are of more value than rapid transit, according to a decision of the supreme court in affirming the verdict of the lower court in the Maria Bremer case against the St. Paul City Railway company, which involved $2,000 damages.

Plans for a great trade school of national scope, to cost several million dollars and to accommodate more than 5,000 students, are understood to have reached a point where the institution is practically assured for the Twin Cities.

By consolidation of the Duluth Yacht and Boat clubs Duluth now has one of the largest aquatic organizations in the Northwest, having about $100,000 worth of property. The membership is nearly 1,200.

Freight receipts by the ten railroads entering Minneapolis show an increase for last February as compared with February, 1908. In some individual lines gains are shown in both receipts and shipments.

Minneapolis and St. Paul, next to St. Joseph, Mo., hold the record for low mortality rates in 1907. The rate is 10.4 for Minneapolis and 10.6 for St. Paul.

Rev. N. B. Foot, pastor of the Methodist church at Eagle Lake, was elected mayor of that village and the village went "no license" by five majority.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Emily S. Eustis, who died at Minneapolis last week, was one of the old Minnesota pioneers. She was born in New Hampshire in 1819 and in 1849 was married to Samuel S. Eustis. In 1853 they removed to this state, where they located between St. Paul and what was then St. Anthony. In 1866 they removed to Southeast Minneapolis, where the family has since resided.

W. R. Shaw, aged fifty-six, is dead at St. Paul. Mr. Shaw had been long identified with the lumber interests of the Northwest. He reached St Paul from the East in 1856 and engaged in lumbering at South St. Paul. He was also interested in the Cloquet Lumber company, Cloquet, Minn., and the Adams Lumber company, Chase, B. C.

Charles W. Purple, a Minneapolis attorney, well known in connection with the work of the Civic Federation and the Prohibition party, died suddenly at St. Mary's hospital in that city. His death followed an operation for intestinal trouble.

Edwin P. Stacy, a pioneer fruit merchant of Minneapolis, is dead. He was seventy-eight years old and had been suffering from general break down for several months. Mrs Stacy died on Feb 20 last.

Rev. John C. Evans of Spring Valley is dead at St. Joseph's hospital at St. Paul. He had been ill since Christmas with pneumonia and rheumatism and had been at the hospital about two weeks.

Lewis L. Humphrey, a veteran of the Civil war, is dead at Elk River of heart failure, aged seventy-three years. He was a member of the Eleventh Minnesota volunteer infantry.

W. W. Davis, a prominent member of the Duluth board of trade and a pioneer citizen for a third of a century, died suddenly of Brights disease at the age of sixty-eight years.

Charles Beyers, veteran of the Civil war, is dead at Spring Valley of pneumonia, aged seventy-four years.

Mrs. Christine Margaret Olson, 100 years old and a resident of Minneapolis for fifty years, is dead.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

With his wife and two little boys at his side A. T. Goldberg, former cashier of the Crescent Creamery company at St. Paul, who recently pleaded guilty to the embezzlement of funds intrusted to him, was sentenced by Judge Kelly of the Ramsey county district court to four years' imprisonment in the state penitentiary at Stillwater.

Roy Gilbert, electrician at the city water and power plant at Tracy, while turning on the night current, was accidentally caught in the machinery and was fatally mangled, both legs being crushed before the machinery could be stopped. He was taken to the city hospital, but death resulted an hour later.

Eugene F. Kimball was killed in the Milwaukee railroad yards at St. Paul while switching cars a short distance from his father, who was engaged in the same work. The deceased was twenty one years of age.

The Henson Grain company's elevator at Woodstock burned to the ground. Five thousand bushels of grain were entirely destroyed.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The famous suit of the federal government against the Standard Oil company of Indiana, wherein the defendant company at one time faced a fine of $29,240,000 at the hands of Judge K. M. Landis on a charge of having accepted rebates on freight from the Chicago and Alton railroad, came to an abrupt end at Chicago. Judge A. B. Anderson of the United States district court, before whom the case was brought for retrial after reversal by the United States court of appeals, instructed the jury to find a verdict of "not guilty."

Missouri's 2-cent passenger and maximum freight laws were nullified by a decision handed down in the United States district court at Kansas City by Judge Smith McPherson. Judge McPherson held that both the commodity and passenger laws were confiscatory and unconstitutional.

The resolution calling for a vote of the people of Iowa upon an amendment to the constitution in favor of the prohibition of intoxicating liquors passed the house by a vote of 69 ayes and 31 nays. Should the resolution pass the senate it cannot be submitted to a vote until 1911.

The motions by the Standard Oil company of Indiana and the Republic Oil company of Ohio for a rehearing of the ouster suit recently decided against them and for a modification of the judgment were overruled by the Missouri supreme court.

Equal suffrage met a decided defeat in the Iowa senate, the vote being 37 against and 11 for.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Ruth Bryan Leavitt, eldest daughter of William J. Bryan, has been granted a divorce at Lincoln, Neb., from W. H. Leavitt. Mrs. Leavitt and her mother appeared in the court of Judge Cornish and both alleged that Leavitt had not contributed to the support of his wife. There was no defense.

That President Taft contemplates a general trip through the South and West this autumn was indicated by him when he said he would try to attend the forty-ninth annual encampment of the G. A. R., to be held in Salt Lake City Aug. 9 to 14.

The engagement is announced of Muriel White, daughter of Henry White, the American ambassador to France, to Count Herman Scharr-Thoss, an officer of the royal Prussian cuirassaires.

George T. Oliver of Pittsburg was named as the Republican candidate for United States senator to succeed Philander C. Knox by the joint caucus of the senate and house.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Samuel Baird, eighty years old, who was "Lucky" Baldwin's side partner in the days of Virginia City and an associate of Flood, Mackay and Fair during those days, died penniless near San Bernardino, Cal.

Judge Hosea Townsend, United States judge for the Southern district of Indian Territory up to the time Oklahoma became a state, is dead.

John Charbonneau, a hunter and trapper, who was born at St. Ignace, Mich., is dead at his home near Alpena, Mich., aged 104 years.

Mrs. Ruth McPherson, a noted character of Des Moines, is dead at the age of 102 years. She was the oldest person in the state of Iowa.

William S. Taylor of Philadelphia, prominently known in railroad circles, particularly in the West, is dead following an operation.

Samuel R. Elkins, sixty-two years old, brother of Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia, is dead at Columbia, Mo.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 15.—Wheat—May, $1.15; July, $1.15⅝@1.15¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.17¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.16¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.14¾@1.15; No. 3 Northern, $1.10¾@1.13.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.75@6.50. Hogs—$6.10@6.45. Sheep—Wethers, $5.00@5.75; yearlings, $6.00@6.55; lambs, $7.00@7.50.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 15.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.17⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.16⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.14⅝; May, $1.15⅝; July, $1.15⅞; Sept., $1.02⅛. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.65⅞; May, $1.64⅞; July, $1.63⅞; Sept., $1.42⅛; Oct $1.37⅛.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 15.—Wheat—May, $1.16⅛; July, $1.04⅛; Sept., 95⅛c; Dec., 99⅛c. Corn—March, 65⅛c; May, 67⅛c; July, 67⅛c; Sept., 67⅛@67⅛c. Oats—May, 54⅛@54⅛c; July, $17.87½; Sept., $17.87½. Butter—Creameries, 22@28½c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—17@18½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 14½c; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.60@7.30; Texas steers, $4.50@5.40; Western steers, $4.10@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.60; cows and heifers, $1.90@5.75; calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, $6.20@6.60; mixed, $6.30@6.75; heavy, $6.40@6.80; rough, $6.40@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.50@6.80; pigs, $5.10@6.00. Sheep, $3.15@5.40; yearlings, $5.75@7.00; lambs, $5.50@7.60.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

MICHIGAN STATE GRANGE.

G. B. Horton, Master For Eighteen Years, Succeeded by N. P. Hull.

One of the most active grange states in the Union is Michigan. Under the excellent leadership of George B. Horton for many years, the grange in that state now occupies a position in respect to numbers and influence second only to New York. There are 750 granges in the state, with about 50,000 members.

The executive committee reported that the contract system of purchasing farm supplies amounted to $6,300 the past year, and other receipts amounted to about $14,500 and the year ended with about $15,000 in the treasury and $40,000 in invested funds. The committee will renew its efforts to secure more just and equitable representation in the national grange. It proposes that the representation be accorded to grange membership in each state.

N. P. HULL.

The grange favors the New York system of tax on mortgages, amendatory primary law for all parties and for all offices, Torrens system of land transfer, direct legislation and referendum and tax on copper and iron. The resolution favoring the New York tax on mortgage called forth a very earnest discussion and was adopted only after a long debate. The grange also favored the regulation of all public utilities and, if such regulation fail, then government ownership. The grange also recommended a tax on automobiles, the income from which was to be applied to road improvement. A resolution condemning the extravagance in state funds was passed and also another resolution protesting against granting state funds to any county or state fair which permitted the sale of liquor on the grounds. The resolution to limit the term of office in the grange to two years did not pass.

One hundred and twenty candidates took the sixth degree. Past Master Horton was elected to the executive committee and was presented with a gold watch. Mrs. F. D. Saunders, who has been an efficient lecturer for several years, resigned, and Miss Jennie Buell of Ann Arbor will succeed her.

NEW JERSEY STATE GRANGE.

The Little State Has a Grange Membership of 24,000.

The good roads question was very prominent in the discussions of the New Jersey state grange, which met at Atlantic City in December. State Master Gaunt set the ball rolling in his annual address when he said on this point: "In view of the fact that the means in the farming sections are inadequate to provide for the proper road systems, the farmers are now realizing that the question is not only local, but national, in its bearings. There is a growing demand for national aid for road building, and the farmers are preparing to demand their fair share of the immense sums appropriated every year by congress for bettering the rural highways." He also believed that a federal commission on good roads was demanded. He further called attention to the fact that the state grange of New Jersey was becoming a powerful influence in the state legislature in fostering agricultural pursuits so that the farmers' products in that state have increased in value from $24,000,000 in 1900 to $50,000,000 in 1907.

Nothing but the united efforts of 24,000 grangers in the state, he said, had secured the appropriation for the state board of agriculture and the state commission of tuberculosis in animals. He criticised the custom of tinkering with the game laws. He said that they were such that even the law abiding citizen would be liable to break them because they were constantly changing them for the purpose of pleasing the wealthy sportsman.

Among the resolutions adopted at the meeting were the following: Demanding that the use of highways for automobiles be made secondary to their use by the farmers for their farm products and that the speed of motor cars be regulated by stringent statutes. Another resolution demanded that the standard weight of 165 pounds to a barrel be set for all tubers bought and sold in the state. It appears that some buyers are now demanding 180 pounds to a barrel. Another resolution called for a change in the curriculum of rural schools to provide for nature study. Mr. Gaunt was re-elected state master.

Death of First Grange Master.

The death of Ulysses E. Dodge of Fredonia, N. Y., occurred Jan. 5. He was not only one of the most distinguished residents of Chautauqua county, N. Y., but was the first master of Fredonia grange, No. 1, which was the first grange ever organized and which held its first meeting April 16, 1868. He was also the first man to plant grapes as a commercial enterprise in the Chautauqua belt. His age was eighty-seven years.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

KEYSTONE PATRONS.

Pennsylvania Has More Than 50,000 In 677 Granges.

Hon. W. T. Creasy Succeeds Hon. W. F. Hill as State Master—Important Measures Adopted at the Recent State Grange Meeting at Altoona.

One of the greatest grange organizations in the United States is that of Pennsylvania, which held its annual meeting at Altoona recently. State Master Hill returned from his trip abroad to attend the international institute of agriculture at Rome, Italy, in time to attend his state grange meeting. In his annual address he remarked that there had been great progress in the state during the past year in grange work. Showing the progress made by the grange the past ten years, $3,000 dues is now paid to the national grange, whereas ten years ago it was less than $1,000.

Secretary J. T. Ailman said that there was only once before when as large a number of new members were admitted as during last year, when 7,707 joined. There are now 677 granges in the state, thirty-nine organized or reorganized during the year; also five Pomona granges.

W. T. CREASY.

The executive committee recommended that the grange fire insurance companies be increased and their work extended into new fields. But little progress has been made in the forming of a life insurance company, all propositions seeming to be too expensive or intricate. They said that the grange banks in Pennsylvania had been a success and that the reports from all of them were encouraging.

The legislative committee reaffirmed the position it had previously taken in favoring the township road law vetoed by the governor. This law required that the state should pay 50 cents for every dollar of cash tax raised by the townships and abolished the $1 per capita tax. The committee believed that the state highway department should be reorganized and the present law be made more flexible to suit varying conditions. Some method should be found to reduce the cost of highways if the townships must share the expense. It favored no expenditures of state moneys that were not equally distributed among the counties, and especially so when a $4,000 auto owner pays only $3 tax and the owner of a $4,000 home pays $60. The committee expressed itself as unalterably opposed to involving the taxpayer in an interest bearing bonded debt. On the school question it said that a township high school should be established in every district and agriculture and manual training should be taught in these schools. Among the speakers at the public session was Hon. Willet Hays, assistant secretary of agriculture.

On the refusal of Hon. W. F. Hill to become state master Hon. W. T. Creasy of Catawissa was elected to that office. E. B. Dorsett of Mansfield was re-elected lecturer, and J. T. Ailman of Thompsontown was re-elected secretary.

Among the resolutions adopted were these: Indorsing compulsory teaching of agriculture in township schools; favoring the enlargement of the existing transportation facilities. It was decided to make no change in the names of grange banks, but no discrimination should be made in favor of or against any particular bank. Another resolution provided for a local option department, which will be in charge of Rev. J. W. Johnston, but which is to be supported entirely by voluntary contributions, and $500 was raised immediately for the work. This plan, while it gives the emphatic moral support of the Order to local option, does not subordinate the demands for other temperance legislation. The newly elected officers were installed at the last session.

A High Recommendation.

The National Stockman in a recent issue says this of the grange: "The national grange is a true representative of rural interests. It has a right to speak with authority on many subjects of vital importance to farmers. It is a more conservative body than it was thirty years ago and accomplishes more by reason of conservation. Certain great corporations would not agree that its demands and utterances are other than radical, but that is a highly unimportant fact. They are reasonably conservative in the estimation of the great mass of wealth producers and thus have weight. The American people will not put their trust in any reckless radicalism, but want a leadership that is sincere in its interest with plain, hardworking, prudent people, who want a square deal. The grange stands for that as it understands it, making very few mistakes, and it is gaining in influence."

NIAGARA FALLS BARE

For One Whole Day the Rocky Precipice Was Dry.

THE WATER CEASED TO FLOW

This Curious Phenomenon Occurred on March 31, 1848—Terrified the People In the Vicinity—Return of the Torrent and the Cause of the Stoppage.

In the early spring of 1848 occurred a natural phenomenon so strange, so sudden and so stupendous that the older inhabitants of western New York still speak of it with awe and wonder. This phenomenon was nothing else than the running dry of Niagara falls. The story is seldom recounted now, but it was a nine days' wonder for the whole country when it appeared in the newspapers. For the first time in history the roar of the grandest cataract in America was hushed.

In the early morning of March 31, 1848, people living in the vicinity of the falls were awakened by a peculiar hush, as startling in its suddenness and intensity as the most thunderous explosion could have been. Many dressed and hastened outdoors, urged by a conviction that something appalling had happened or was about to happen. *Some thought the end of* the world was at hand. Others imagined that they had grown suddenly deaf. Still others thought that the hush preceding a terrific hurricane had fallen upon the air. All were oppressed with a feeling of profound awe and dread.

It was soon discovered, however, that the cessation of the roar of the falls was the sole cause of this common panic. As the dim light of early morning grew stronger the people were able to see the almost bare precipice of the falls, over which but a short time before thousands of tons of water had been pouring. Only here and there small streams, constantly growing smaller, now trickled down the face of the towering wall. Above the falls, instead of the rushing, foaming river, only a naked channel, studded with black and jagged rocks, appeared. The bed of the river was practically exposed from shore to shore, except for small streams, like mountain brooks, running slowly to the verge of the precipice. The spectators could hardly believe their eyes.

Some remarkable feats were performed on that day when Niagara ran dry. People walked from the Canadian side of the river, along the edge of the frightful precipice, nearly as far as Goat Island on the American side and never even wet their feet. Some went exploring in the river bed above the falls and discovered a number of ancient gun barrels, lost probably by sportsmen up the river in long gone days and still after the rotting away of their stocks slowly forced down stream by the current. Caves and curious formations in the rocks were discovered, the existence of which had never been suspected before.

All that day, March 31, 1848, Niagara falls remained dry, and people who remained up until late at night, expecting to see a change, went to bed without witnessing it. But in the early morning of April 1 the familiar thunder of the great cataract was once more heard, and every one knew that the mysteriously drained river bed was again pouring its flood over the falls.

Now for the explanation of this strange phenomenon. It proved to be, after all, very simple. The winter of 1847 and 1848 had been one of extreme severity. Ice of such thickness had never been known as formed on Lake Erie that season. When the break-up came, toward the end of March, a strong northeast wind was blowing, which piled the great fields of ice in floes and then in banks as high as miniature icebergs. Toward night on March 30 the wind suddenly changed to the opposite direction and increased to a terrific gale, which hurled back the piled up ice and drove it into the entrance of Niagara river with such force that a huge and almost impenetrable dam was formed. For a whole day the source of the river was stopped up, and the stream was drained of its supply. By the morning of the 31st the river was practically dry, and thus for twenty-four hours the roar of Niagara falls was stilled. Then in the early morning of April 1 the ice pack gave way under the tremendous pressure from above, and the long restrained volume of water rushed down and reclaimed its own.—Exchange.

Few Beds In Bagdad.

About 60 per cent of Bagdad's population possess no beds. These poor people rest on blankets spread on the floors of their houses in the winter and on the roofs in the summer. Owing to the excessive heat of these regions sleep is made impossible elsewhere than on the roof or in the open gardens. It is an interesting sight to see how the women at sunset emerge from their houses to prepare the evening meal on the roof and spread the bedding for the night. Inasmuch as the climate is very dry, there is little to fear from exposure to the night air. While a considerable number of the roofs are surrounded by latticework to insure a certain amount of privacy, by far the larger number are quite exposed to the gaze of curious and inquisitive neighbors.

Learning without politeness makes a disagreeable pedant, and politeness without learning makes a superficial, frivolous puppy.—Chesterfield.

OFFICERS' CHARADE.

One of the Company Was an Expert at the Game.

A general arrived from St. Petersburg in a garrison town in the interior of Russia to hold an inspection of the troops. After the review he stepped into the officers' mess room, where he noticed on the counter a row of bottles, to which, instead of usual labels, white tickets, with a single letter of the alphabet on each, were affixed. The bottles stood in rank and file and in alphabetical order.

"What does this mean?" the general asked the lieutenant who was showing him around.

"That is an officers' charade, your excellency," replied the officer, rather embarrassed.

The general continued his inquiries and elicited the following information:

"Each bottle contains a different kind of liquor. At the meeting of the officers' club one of us mixes some of these varieties in a glass so that the initials spell a name, and the older and more experienced members of the club after tasting it guess what it is composed of and name the word intended."

"Very original idea," remarked the general. "And are you able to make a guess of that kind?"

"If it is your excellency's pleasure, I will try," the lieutenant replied.

The general went to the counter and mixed a glass, while the officer stood at the other end of the room with his face to the wall.

"Now, guess what this means," said the general as he handed the glass to the officer.

The latter drank it at one gulp, smacked his tongue and replied:

"That was 'Anna,' your excellency."

"Bravo!" exclaimed the general. "It requires a lot of practice, eh?"

"Your excellency, 'Anna'—is easy enough, but there is a captain in our corps who can even guess 'Nebuchadnezzar!'"

LOST BOTH WAYS.

A Toss of a Coin With an Unexpected Result.

A New York traveling man was telling stories of "Toothpick Tom," a famous Bowery character, who lived by his wits as a gambler. Tom was known far and wide, not only because of this gambling mania, which was insatiable, but because of his quaint wit and originality. He was an illiterate and could neither read nor write, but in the course of his career he handled perhaps a little more than the average gambler's share of coin raked in across the green cloth.

"One afternoon Tom woke up with a healthy appetite for breakfast," said the New Yorker. "He found on investigating his pockets that he had a five dollar gold piece, and he set out for the nearest cafe to appease his hunger. But just as he was about to enter the restaurant he suddenly recognized the entrance to the next place as the one leading to a gambling house which he had not visited for some time. Tom paused. He felt himself torn between two emotions, hunger and the spirit of gambling.

"Should he risk his gold piece on the faro table or the roulette or should he eat? That was the question. He might make a 'killing,' in which event, of course, he would eat sumptuously. Then, again, he might lose and face starvation. The natural thing for Tom to do was to leave it to chance.

"'Heads up, I eat breakfast; tails, I play,' said Tom and flipped the coin. It was heads up, and Tom scratched his head thoughtfully and said:

"'Well, we'll make it two out of three.'

"Again he tossed up, but this time the gold piece struck a crevice in the sidewalk and disappeared. Tom looked at the crack and philosophically remarked:

"'Whipsawed both ways.'"—Milwaukee Free Press.

Tricked of the Time.

A Philadelphia lawyer who spends most of his time at his country estate employs a sturdy Irish gardener whose one desire in life is to live until the banner of freedom is unfurled over Ireland.

One evening the lawyer strolled through the grounds of his place and stopped to have a chat with the gardener.

"Michael, do you know that while we are here enjoying the beautiful twilight it is dark midnight in Ireland?" he asked.

"Faith, an' Oi'm not surprised," replied the gardener. "Ireland niver got justice yit."—Judge.

Money Getters.

"Do you think it pays to send our sons to college? Do they obtain the practical experience in money getting that is so necessary in these days?"

"Well, judging from the experience I have had with my son, I should say they did. His practical experience in money getting increases with every letter that I receive from him."

Simplified Debate.

"Are you going to attempt to answer all the charges made against you?"

"Certainly," replied Senator Sorghum. "Answering charges these days is easy. All you've got to do is to say, 'You're another!'"—Washington Star.

A Definition.

"What is the difference between preferred and common stock?"

"Well, if you buy the common you lose your money right off, but if you buy preferred there is a little longer delay about it."—Judge.

A liar ends by making truth appear like falsehood.—Shenstone.

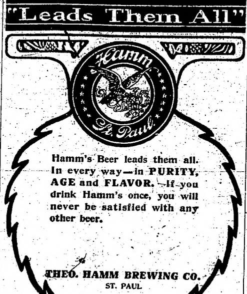

"Leads Them All"

Hamm's Beer leads them all. In every way—in PURITY, AGE and FLAVOR. If you drink Hamm's once, you will never be satisfied with any other beer.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL.

THE NEWS

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillumsen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee bearing date the 15th day of April, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 233.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 23rd day of October, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 574; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, A. D., 1909.

S. SWENSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar 18.

Simple Remedy for La Grippe.

La grippe coughs are dangerous as they frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs so that no serious results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjerkhoel.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

"My three year old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life." A. Wolkush, Casimer, Wis. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Religous Authors's Statement.

Rev Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's kidney remedy." A. Bjerkhoel.

Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. In District Court,
COUNTY OF RED LAKE. } 14th Judicial District.
Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff,
vs.
Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That by virtue of an execution, directed and delivered to me, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff, and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 44-100 dollars ($18.44) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed in the office of the Clerk of the said District Court, for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right, title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following described real property, to-wit:

Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1904, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1904, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1904, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1904, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgages could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.18-apr 1
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew O. Sandland, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn., who on Dec. 9th, 1904, made H. E. No. 907, Serial, No. 0188, for SE¼, Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., Rge. 41 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole H. Langlie, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn.
Halvor T. Homme, " "
Torger Hemmestvedt, " "
John Bjornstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
Feb. 18-mar. 25

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1909 NUMBER 13

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.

FOR

Real Estate Loans

WE CAN GUARANTEE SATISFACTION. . . .

We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits. We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property. Tickets to and from Europe sold.

Farm Lands and City Property bought and sold. Inquire or write—
H. P. SPONHEIM,
Manager.

People's State Bank.

Judge J. M. Bishop and his daughter, Mariah, returned last Saturday from their trip to Oklahoma.

Mrs. M. J. Gambell arrived in the city last Thursday from Montana and is the guest of her son, Dr. Gambell.

TO CHANGE THE RUN

Quite Likely That Train Service Will Be Established Between Fargo and Warroad.

The Old Abandoned Wylie Track Is to Again Be Used It Is Said.

"The report that the Great Northern will this spring, as soon as the weather will permit, commence to lay sixty pound steel on the Wylie branch has been confirmed. This will give the Wylie branch a heavier track than the main line and many are speculating as to what it all means."—St. Hilaire Spectator.

There is another rumor afloat and that is that the Great Northern will not stop laying the sixty pound rails when it reaches Wylie, but will continue on to Shirley and make connection with the main line of the Great Northern. The passenger trains will then be run on this branch from Warroad to Fargo by way of Wylie instead of by Red Lake Falls. Red Lake Falls will then be served by the freight and the line between that place and Dugdale will be taken up.

The reasons for making these changes are said to be numerous. It will make a much shorter run, and give far better service to the people residing along this branch. Since the mill at Red Lake Falls burned, the business of the Red Lake Falls station has fallen off a great deal and is of little more importance than Wylie.

A letter received in this city recently from Dr. Lanning, a former dentist here, states that he is now located at Sioux Falls, S. D. Mr. Lanning removed from this city to Iowa where he was located until recently.

BIG INCREASE IS SHOWN

The Thief River Falls Co-Operative Creamery Association Getting to the Front.

Did Sixty Per Cent More Business This February than on February of Last Year.

The Thief River Falls Co-Operative Creamery Association made an excellent showing for the month of February, which is the poorest month in the year. Nearly $3,000 was paid out to patrons and this is an increase of 60 per cent for the the corresponding month last year and an increase of 108 per cent over the corresponding month of two years ago. By making such gains as this it will not take long for this creamery to take first rank among the creameries of the state.

The following is the statement of Secretary Engelstad:

Amount of cream received, 33,588 lbs.
Amount of milk, 927 lbs.
Average test of cream, 26.82.
Average test of milk, 23.5.
Amount of butterfat, 9009 lbs.
Price paid, 32 cts.

RECEIPTS

Butter shipped	$2946 20
Sales in city	151 98
A. J. Rindahl, share	25 00
Total	$3122 98

DISBURSEMENTS

Paid Patrons	$2882 88
Paid into sinking fund	25 00
Paid into expense fund	215 10
Total	$3122 98

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream received, 3846 lbs.
Average test, 29.55
Amount of butterfat, 1136 6.

Increase over corresponding month in 1908, 60 per cent.

Increase over corresponding month in 1907, 108 per cent.

Those drawing forty dollars and over:

P. Engelstad	$113 87
Fred Copp	68 74
John Hellquist	49 38
Lars Hanson	44 83

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

St. Hilaire Creamery Statement.

No. lbs. cream received	46,891
Average test	24 3-10
Total lbs. butterfat	12,078
Total lbs. butter sold	14,008
Total amt. money recd.	$3,930.73
Average price paid to patrons	35c
Total paid to patrons	$3,722.45
Running expenses	$158.70
Sinking fund	$55.58

$50 LIST.

Andrew Mortenson	$73 50
L. P. Thyreen	63 00
O. W. Brink	60 50
Emil Just	59 70
John Albin	56 42
H. Haupt	54 22
John Konikson	53 92
Chas. Seeger	51 94
Claus Hendricks	51 30

Plummer Creamery.

Following is the report of business of the Plummer creamery for the month of February:

Cream received	36,800 lbs.
Average test	24.1
Butterfat	6,496 1 lbs.
Total cash received	$2,006.02
Running expenses	$120.02
Sinking fund	64.96
Overrun	21.9
Price paid patrons for butterfat	29c

H. C. Longballe Dead.

H. C. Longballe, editor of the Oslo Tribune, died on March 12th at the Warren hospital after a brief illness of typhoid fever. Mr. Longballe is well known in this city, having been employed as foreman of the Press some two years ago and has a host of friends here who will be deeply grieved to hear of his untimely death.

Made Him Pay Up.

A Red Lake county resident came up here last week from that county with a lot of stock and farm goods and proceeded to load up two cars. He was bound for North Dakota where he has bought land, and intended to slip away on the quiet from some little bills he had yet unsettled with a number of Red Lake county business men. They had evidently got next to his game, as on Friday, Sheriff Nelson came up from Red Lake Falls and detained his going until those matters were adjusted this week.—Viking correspondence in Warren Register.

Thorwick Woman Dead.

Kristena Aagaard, of Thorwick died last week. Old age was the cause of her death and the remains were shipped to Minneapolis, Saturday, for burial.

COST IS ESTIMATED

City Council Put in a Modern Telephone System for About $18,000.

Voters Will Be Asked to Express Their Wishes at a Special Election April 15.

John Stone, of the firm of Stone & Green, of Chicago, was in the city last Friday and met the members of the city council, giving them estimates of the cost of constructing a telephone system. Mr. Stone estimated that a central energy system capable of giving service to 1,000 phones and about eight miles of cable would cost the city in the neighborhood of about $18,000. This would be a much better and larger system than that of the Tri-State company, which he estimated to be worth about $8,000, and when once built would never be in need of any repairs. He figured that the cost of operating the plant would be in the neighborhood of $3,000 and this includes interest charges, salary for a manager and five girls for the central station. If the city could install the same number of phones the Tri-State company now has in use and made the the same charges, it would earn the city a net profit of about $4,000 each year.

While there appears to be a strong sentiment in favor of the city building a phone system, the members of the city council desire to get an expression of the people and as a result at the special election to be held on the 15th of April to vote bonds to build an armory and auditorium, special ballots are to be provided and each voter will be asked to express himself in favor or against the city putting in a telephone system. After this straw vote is taken the council will take action.

Farmer Hines Still at It.

Farmer Hines, of railroad fame, addressed a large audience at the city hall Tuesday evening on his latest railroad building scheme. His hearers were entertained by his talk, but they failed to evince any disposition to invest in the project he is promoting. He proposes to build a line from Duluth through Northern Minnesota, northeastern North Dakota and Saskatchewan to Hudson Bay. He is very sanguine regarding the feasibility and practicability of the proposed road, which he is confident will when built, prove a bonanza for its owners. He calls it the Farmers' Duluth and Hudson Bay railroad, and evidently believes it will be a go, whether anyone else agrees with him on that point or not.—Warren Register.

BUSY SEASON SOON HERE

Navigation Will Soon Commence on the Red Lakes and Red Lake River.

About $50,000 Will Be Spent to Improve the River this Year.

What promises to be the most active season ever known for navigation on the Red river will open next month.

This river is the only outlet for the great Red lakes and their surrounding reservoir in Northern Minnesota, and, consequently, is a stream of no small proportions. It is navigable from the outlet of the lakes to this city, a distance of some 100 miles by water. Below here there are rapids and falls that render navigation impossible.

The rivers and harbors bill passed at the late session of congress carried an appropriation of $50,000 for the improvement of this stream from Thief River Falls to the Red lakes. These improvements will permit of a regular schedule for the steamboats, several of which have for years maintained an intermittent passenger and freight traffic between the points mentioned.

The recent settlement of the rich lands of the former Indian reservation along both sides of the river, as well as the establishment of many woods settlements about the Red lakes, create a business which is rapidly increasing as the seasons come and go. The boatbuilding firm of Eberhardt & Son, and who own one of the largest steamboats on the lakes, is now constructing two more boats. The Farmer's Transportation company of Highlanding has their large boat ready for the opening of navigation and expect to do a large business this season.

Congressman Steenerson has assurance that the present congress will appropriate $147,000, the amount the engineers estimate necessary for the construction of a dam with gates at the outlet of Red lake, and thus, aid in preventing the annual floods on the Red river toward the Manitoba line.

Railroad Company Settled.

It is reported that the Northern Pacific railroad company has settled the Winnipeg Junction case by buying out all the property owners there. It cost the company $30,000 and after the company had bought them out it gave the property back again minus the claim to any railroad facilities at the Junction. The junction will now soon be removed to Lake Park. This is a similar case to that of Wylie against the Great Northern in this county.

...SPRING SUITS...

As soon as you are ready to take up the question of a Spring Suit, you'll find us ready with a great line of

Copyright 1909 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX fine goods. You can bring any idea about suit-style that is on your mind, and we will match it here with a smart, snappy model from these best makers in the world.

You won't have any real idea of the excellence of our showing until you come in and see; new models, new colorings and weaves; fine blue and black goods.

SUITS, $10, $12, $15, $18 TO $40; OVERCOATS, $15 TO $50.

New Spring HATS.
New Spring SHOES.
New Spring FURNISHINGS.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

This store is the home of HART SCHAFFNER & MARX Clothes.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

KEEP US IN MIND

WHEN YOU NEED A LOAN ON YOUR LAND.

We are AT ALL TIMES (not only SOMETIMES) in a position to make loans on good farms at a low rate of interest.

We make loans on three, five or ten years' time, and can, if desired, arrange partial payment forms. Principal and interest payable here, and at any time of the year most convenient to the borrower.

If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.

Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.06
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.51
Barley	50
Eggs	20c
Butter	20 25c

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Wanted—A second cook at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Mark Carmichael left last week for Hendrum.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush last Friday.

Julius J. Olson, of Warren, was in the city last week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lufkin Monday.

Oscar Williams was up to Middle River last Friday.

Frank Effenger was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

A. R. Jones was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

20 Pounds of sugar for $1. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Mrs. D. B. Bakke is at Newfolden this week visiting with relatives.

P. P. Palmer was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Mrs. Borneman was up from St. Hilaire last week visiting friends.

Wm. Herron returned the first of the week from the Red Lake country.

Louis Seidel returned to this city last Friday from the Red Lake country.

For Sale—Five or six good driving or working horses. Inquire of John Meehan.

Peter Nelson, of Esplee, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Merchant of Venice Up To Date is two hours piled full of solid fun and hearty enjoyment.

If you miss Merchant of Venice Up To Date you will miss the very best play of this season.

Mrs. M. Bockman left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

The board of trustees of the Synod church meets Friday, the 26th at 2 p. m. at the parsonage.

Lars G. Notteland, one of the well known farmers living near St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Gilbert Granum on April first at 3 o'clock p. m.

The Ladies Aid society of the United Church will meet at the home of Mrs. Hofto next Wednesday, March 31st.

Over two dozen high school students in Merchant of Venice Up-To-Date. They'll make you sit up and take notice.

The Young Peoples Society of the Synod church meets with Mrs. Gilbert Granum on April 1st at 8 o'clock p. m.

Peter Peterson returned to this city the first of the week from a trip to Minneapolis and his old home at Alexandria.

Services in the Norwegian Synod church next Sunday at 10:30 and at 7:45 in the evening. Lenten services in the evening.

Ed Iverson, Chris Larson, John Sorenson, O. J. Blom and Mike McAndress went down to St. Paul Saturday with eight car loads of cattle. They returned the first of the week.

Wm. Herron and a crew of men started to work Tuesday to drive piling for the Thief River Falls Lumber company's booms. It will take about two weeks to complete the job.

Engineer Moody and wife returned to this city last week after an absence of all winter. They first went to Montana where they spent a few month's on Mr. Moody's homestead and from there went to Hot Springs, Ark.

An insane Indian was one of the passengers on the southbound Great Northern last Saturday evening, being taken to the asylum at Fergus Falls by the Roseau county authorities. His wife and three children all died within one week of consumption and this caused him to go insane.

A. Anderson, city jeweler, is now closing out his stock at 25 per cent and 40 per cent discount. Some goods go at factory prices. Don't miss this chance. All lodge emblems, pins and charms will be sold at cost, these are mostly solid gold. Please call soon if you want to get this bargain. Brother jewelers, if you want to stop this slaughter sale, you may go together and buy my stock as I know a good business for you is worth having.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Joe Johnson was in from Erie the first of the week.

Attorney Gormo was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

R. A. Kromer came up from Erskine the first of the week.

Rev. Dahle was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Loren Miller was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Miss Effie Christianson returned Monday from her trip to Fertile.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

County Attorney Michelet was down to Crookston the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

I. L. Erickson and C. M. Evenson were up to Greenbush last Saturday.

H. Fant was up from Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

Miss Anna and Grace Meehan visited friends at East Grand Forks last week.

Mrs. Frank Hathaway arrived in the city Monday to visit Mrs. Cliff McCollan.

Leon Bourque was up to Greenbush last Saturday attending to some business matters.

Don't miss the Senior Class play on March 26th and 27th. Lots of local hits, good ones.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

A lively football scrimmage is one of the interesting events in the Senior Class play next week.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

C. H. Gunheim, the Holt merchant, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Clair Baker, Mayor of Ogema and former Thief River Falls resident, was in the city the first of the week.

Don't neglect to see the great parody on The Merchant of Venice by the Senior Class next week at Evenson's Hall.

Miss Gladis Grindeland and Walborg Halvorson, of Warren, spent Sunday in the city the guests of Dr. and Mrs. O. F. Mellby.

Spring time is house cleaning time. To make a thorough job of it get that clock cleaned and fixed up like new. We do it right at a small cost, City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Crowe very pleasantly entertained a company of friends last Wednesday evening at a St. Patrick's day party. The guests all report having had a most enjoyable time.

Under a new city ordinance pool rooms at Crookston must be kept closed all day on Sundays and at 11 o'clock other nights. The law became effective last Sunday and was closely observed, even to the closing of cigar stands where such were part of pool rooms.

A Clay county farmer, who lives only a short distance from Moorhead, paid for his farm by raising potatoes. He paid $35 per acre for his land some 10 years ago. Out of his grain, stock and poultry he maintained his family and made numerous improvements on his now well equipped place.

Detroit and other towns are discussing the matter of having all saloon licenses expire at the same time each year. As a rule the licenses expire at intervals throughout the year and the municipality does not get as much benefit as if the entire sum was available at one time. April 1, each year is proposed at Detroit as the date when all saloon licenses should be renewed.

There are thousands of rural mail carriers in the country and before long there will be an examination held to find out whether they are posted or not on the duties of a mail carrier. There are some requirements that Uncle Sam demands of those who are in his employ as mail carriers to know about these things or make place for some one else. The government is becoming more strict every year and it will not be long before the carriers will be ordered to wear a uniform, and drive the best rig that is possible to procure.

A bill has been introduced by representative Peterson of Nicollet county, providing for the naming of farms and the registering of such names in the official records of the county on the payment of a small filing fee. The bill is permissive and not compulsory. An amendment was added that no two farms in the county should be given the same name. The idea appears to be a good one. In Norway and in Scotland, and probably elsewhere the custom of naming farms is almost, if not quite universal, and in both countries the owner of the farm is known by the farm name, which, in Scotland at least, is regarded as an honorable distinction.

Ole Ihle was down to Minneapolis last week.

C. L. Hanson spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Dr. Frank, of Warren, was in the city yesterday.

August Hoppe was up to Holt last Saturday.

H. G. Dobner was out to Germantown last week.

Carl Ables returned yesterday from the Red Lake country.

J. D. Abbott was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Game Warden Munch was up from Crookston last week.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Walter McAndress was down from Highlanding the first of the week.

Hans Hickoe returned to this city Monday from the Red Lake country.

C. E. Brunelle and E. G. Buse, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city last Saturday.

Fresh radishes, lettuce, onions, celery, California cabbage and all kinds of fruit at Zeh & Curran's.

For Sale or Trade—A good moving picture machine complete. Write to C. W. Nelson, Anton, Minn.

Attorney J. P. Foote, of Crookston, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Charley Dolson returned to this city the first of the week, after spending several months at the Red Lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Finke, of Norden, left Tuesday evening for Mentor to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Patrick Sullivan and family, of Highlanding, left Monday evening for Wyoming to make their future home.

Let the Merchant of Venice Up To Date make you the happiest in the city for two hours next week at Evenson's Hall.

Miss Nina Horton is spending the spring vacation of Hamline university at the home of her parents in this city this week.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

For Sale—My Reo Runabout. Carries 2 to 4 passengers. Guaranteed in good condition. Dr. Penney.

A large number of the members of the Eastern Star left Monday morning for Warren. From there they went to Crookston and returned yesterday.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Miss Lillian Thompson, of the firm of Thompson Sisters, milliners, returned to this city last Thursday from Alexandria, where she closed a successful term of school.

Miss Lyla Jackson, who for the past several months had been making her home with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Jackson, returned yesterday morning to her home at Everet's, Alberta.

Gustaf and Oscar Omundson, sons of Ole Omundson, one of the enterprising settlers living on the Eleven Towns, returned to this city Monday from Crookston, where they had spent the winter as students at the state agricultural college.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

The Hauges congregation will have services next Sunday morning and evening at 10:30 a. m., and 7:45 p. m., in the church east of the Soo depot. Rev. Draxton and Rev. Ruedahl, of Fergus Falls, will preach. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

UP-TO-DATE

Millinery

Opening

—At—

Miss Lakin's

Wednesday,

March 31.

W. W. Prichard expects to leave next Tuesday for the Pacific coast to make his future home. His family will not go west until June.

Emil Dryfos was down to Mahnomen the first of the week and secured the contract for putting in a heating plant and doing the plumbing for a new residence, former County Auditor John W. Carl is to build there this year.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the Thief River Falls Co-Operative Creamery association was held on Monday afternoon. Mikkel Bakken was elected treasurer to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of John L. Finke and the by-laws were amended. Mr. Finke leaves in a short time for the western part of North Dakota to engage in farming.

The Difference.

What is the difference between high-grade and low grade baking powders?

All baking powders are white and are sold in round cans with bright labels. They look alike, but in contents they are very different.

High-grade baking powders are made of pure cream of tartar derived from grapes. They are healthful and economical to use.

Low grade baking powders are made of alum, an astringent mineral acid.

Before the Pure Food Law only a chemist could tell by analysis one from the other.

But now baking powders have the ingredients printed on the back of the label. By reading the label the housekeeper knows the ingredients and being careful of the welfare of her household, avoids the Alum kind of baking powder.

Good baking powder is one of the most useful things in the kitchen—and there is a difference.

A New Telephone Line.

The farmers living east of Grygla in Beltrami county are going to build a telephone line to Grygla and connect up with the Grygla-Highlanding-Thief River Falls line as soon as completed. It will not be long before every farmer in this section has a telephone in his home.

Horses Scarce.

There is to be a great scarcity of horses in Northern Minnesota and Dakota this spring, so those who are supposed to know, say. The situation cannot be relieved much as there are few horses in Iowa or Wisconsin to be bought.

State Land Sales.

State Auditor Iverson has announced land sales in this section as follows:

Hallock, Kittson county, June 7.
Warren, Marshall county, June 8.
Bagley, Clearwater county, June 9.
Roseau, Roseau county, June 10.
Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, June 11.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending March 20, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Knopp, Ingeborg
Holgaard, C. L
Hostekin, Ole
Peterson, Miss Petra
Westfall, Mrs. Mary A.
Olson, G.
Boone, Bill
Goerke, Henry
Johnson, Miss Laura
Gunderson, Jens

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

25 Per Cent. Discount.

This is an opportunity of a lifetime, 25 per cent off on our already low marked jewelry stock. We must reduce our stock, even if we loose on the actual cost of our goods. Diamonds, watches, clocks, jewelry, silverwear, cut glass, canes, unbrellas, etc., etc., must go regardless of cost.

This offer is for two weeks only, beginning March 20, ending April 3rd.

30 per cent discount on our spectacle frames also on lens and fitting.

Respectfully,
Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.,
Dr. A. J. Klimek, Manager.

About May 1st.

John H. Ley is busily engaged now in numbering the streets of the city and getting out the new directory. He expects to have it published and ready for distribution by the 1st of May. Mr. Ley is a reliable and modern directory publisher and is sure to publish an accurate book. He has been in the business for years and has published many directories in cities in the Northwest.

Indian Woman Won.

The supreme court has reversed the decision of Judge Watts in the suit brought by Mary Burnette, a half breed Indian from the White Earth reservation, against Clair Baker and George K. Fargo. Some time ago Mr. Fargo made a deal whereby the Baker building, which surrounds the First National Bank, was traded to Miss Burnette for some pine land on the White Earth reservation. Miss Burnette became dissatisfied with the deal and claimed that facts were misrepresented to her. Now that she has won her suit, the title to the pine land will be restored to her and the building in this city will continue to be owned by Mr. Baker.

Rocksbury.

This warm weather of late is getting away fast with our sleighing, but we are not sorry to see it go.

The Y. W. S. C. met at Chas. Gustafson's last Friday evening, quite a few were present and a good time was reported.

Syverin Nelson and John Gustafson Sundayed at their respective homes this week.

Miss Gertrude and Anna Meehan attended the teacher's meeting in Crookston, Friday.

Miss Clara Backe attended the Y. W. S. C. at Gustafson's Friday evening.

Abbie Miller spent Sunday at home.

AT THE BIJOU.

The last two or three seasons has seen the dramatic taste run to western hills. One of the most popular of these plays is the "Ranchman's Love". It appeals to please all classes and is one of the series of western pictures that is making a world-wide reputation.

The roaring farce "A Fool For Luck" is a twenty minute scream. It depicts Hiram Plowbay as a city detective.

The dramatic and comedy elements this week are well balanced. Dramatic—"The Ranchman's Love", "The Sicilian's Revenge." Comedy—"A Fool for Luck" and "The Ragtag's Ball". Mrs. Huseth sings with great success, "Take Me Out to the End of the Pier" and Mr. M. Giller, the popular baritone, sings, "Drifting With Me." You will miss it if you do not take in the Bijou this week. A special program first half of next week.

What the Educators Say.

At a meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Teachers association at Crookston last week the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, it is generally conceded and acknowledged by all that an additional State Normal School in northwestern Minnesota is needed to carry on the educational work now begun, and that such an additional normal school would, in a great measure, serve to supply the schools of this section with better trained teachers; and

Whereas, a bill known as H. F. No. 117, for the establishment of such a school, has been introduced in the house of Representatives by the Hon. E. R. Hines and is now pending before the legislature of the State of Minnesota; and

Whereas, said bill provides that the location of the said normal school shall be left with the State Normal Board, we believe that said bill is a just and reasonable one, and that no injustice would be done any locality by the passage of the aforesaid bill; now, therefore be it

Resolved, by the teachers and other educators of northwestern Minnesota, in convention assembled, in the city of Crookston, on this 19th day of March, 1909, that we pledge ourselves to the support of the said bill, and most earnestly request the honorable members of senate and house of representatives of the State of Minnesota to use every honorable means at their command to secure the passage of said bill.

"Dollar Wheat"

One bushel of wheat takes out of the soil nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash, that, at current prices for commercial fertilizer, has a retail value of 45½ cts. Of this total grain absorbs 27 cents, and the straw the remainder. 29 cents worth of nitrogen goes from the field with every bushel of grain that is carried to the machine. Every bushel carries away, and charges against the farmer 7 cents worth of phosphoric acid and about 9 cents worth of potash. A 20 bushel crop removes $9.10 worth of soil fertility from the field, of which the miller finally gets $5.47, and the straw pile $3.63. A quarter section of 20 bushel wheat takes away from the farm forever, in the grain that is delivered at the elevator, $875 worth of prepared plant food, consisting very largely of that most elusive of foods—nitrogen. And the farmer who, to get rid of the labor of returning to the soil a part of the food used up by the plant, burns his straw piles, is, for every ¼ section so treated, burning money to the extent of over $400. Add to this the 45½ cents per bushel drain on the soil the labor cost of producing a bushel of wheat, and the last looks very much like a new, crisp dollar bill.

I have 14 lots in one block on the east side residence district. Will sell or trade for horses or cattle.

Caspar Flax.

Germantown.

At the last annual town meeting $400 was raised for road and bridge purposes besides a five mill tax for road work. To this will be added $150 appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund by the county commissioners. With these funds wisely expended we may look forward to most all of our highways in general good condition ere another year. It was also decided to purchase a small grader which may be used on many places more conveniently than the large machine. The supervisors are now considering which make of a machine to buy.

Oscar Rambec has rented the Cook farm for this year and will move on to that place the first part of April.

All those of our neighbors who have spent the winter in the woods at different places are now back and ready for another years farming.

Hartvig Lund and family left week before last for North Dakota.

Since our last correspondence we have heard the report of the death of Mrs. Martin Bakken at Warren and burial at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Moe, the aged mother of Mrs. Nels L. Moe, died last week and was buried on Saturday. With her, undoubtedly, passed away the oldest living person in these parts, coming as she did but a trifle short of the century mark.

Math Skogstad was taken sick last week with an attack of typhoid fever, and is now confined to his bed at the home of his brother, Ole Hanson in the town of Silverton where he was brought for more convenient medical attendance.

O. J. Bloom was up from Thief River Falls last week and while here bought a fancy lot of cattle.

News of the death of Ole Overum at Thief River Falls on Wednesday reached here last week and was received with deep sorrow by his many friends and former neighbors in this community. Mr. Overum was one of the pioneers of this town, and resided here up to 1905 when he and his family moved to Highlanding where he was at present holding a homestead. During his residence here he had gained the respect and admiration of all who knew him.

Miss Kathryne Kalther was added to the sick list last Friday and consequently school was closed that day.

The Henry Cook auction sale came off on Saturday. Mr. Cook disposed of property to the amount of $1,000 in round figures, and will be out of farming for some time to come. He expects to leave here for an extended tour of investigation over western Canada with a view of locating a colony out that way if a locality can be found where conditions are favorable.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Klappenbach's infant daughter died Saturday of whooping cough.

Miss Jennie Cook went up to Grygla the first of the week to remain for some time at the home of Mrs. E. Wilcox.

Frank Cook came up from Thief River Falls last week to attend the auction sale at his father's place and look after business matters.

Samuel Hedegaard conducted services in the Hopkins Chapel on Sunday. He is preparing for a visit to his paternal home in Denmark.

Everybody anticipates spending a profitable day at the Farmers Institute to be held here Wednesday the 24th.

A moving picture show on a hand sled, with a man at the helm pulled through here last Saturday bound for Grygla and other points north, east and west of here.

Quite a number of our citizens have been in the Lagrippe's grip for the last days.

A Small Wreck.

The Mahnomen Turnaround, the local freight and passenger on the Soo line that arrives in the city at 11 o'clock, broke in two yesterday morning at Hazel. Roadmaster Sullivan and Brakeman Wilfred sustained some severe bruises, but are able to continue at work.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 22nd, 1904, made H. E. No. 109, Serial, No 0168, for NE¼, Section 20, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Tollef S. Holum, " "
Hans G. Hanson, " "

mar. 18 apr. 22.

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 23rd, 1904, made H. E. No. [illegible] Serial, No. [illegible], for NW¼, Section 29 Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Ole L. Olson, " "
Halvor Fosland " "

mar. 18 apr. 22

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Cures backache and irregularities that if neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. A. Bjerkhoel.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly, strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

WANTED—Success Magazine requires the services of a man in Thief River Falls to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective; position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary $1.50 per day, with commission option. Adress with references, R. C. Peacock, Room 102, Success Magazine Bldg., New York.

DO YOU WANT TO GO TO COLlege? If so we can help you. We have already put hundreds through college by means of our plan. Write today for full information regarding our offer of a free scholarship in any school or college. Address, Robert J. Sherlock, 29-31 East 22d Street, New York City.

How can any person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs, and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Newbery & Bulman will please take notice that said bills are now the property of the undersigned and must be paid at once. Anyone wishing to settle can do so at Newbery's barn. James Bulman.

SUBSCRIBE

for

THE NEWS

Cash Groceries.

Go to A. E. ABRAHAM'S Store for the best COFFEE and TEA at the LOWEST PRICE.

Fresh Groceries, Fruit and Confectionery at

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C. H. Newbury & Co.

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We also have Second Hand Machinery

We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog C Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE HOLSTEIN CATTLE.

Secretary F. L. Houghton of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America has lately put in pamphlet form a very interesting historical and informational sketch of this most valuable type of dairy cattle, in which are set forth a number of the merits of the breed. The Holsteins are supposed to have originated in Holland, where they have been bred for years as dairy cattle. The moist lowlands of Holland produce luxuriant feed and, coupled with the exceptional care which the breed has had for generations, have produced a breed of exceptional size, hardiness and productive capacity. Holstein blood has been used in the building up of such breeds as the Ayrshire and Shorthorn, while offshoots of the breed appear in many other countries. The size of the breed is large, the cows weighing, when properly matured, close to 1,400 pounds and giving from 8,000 to 12,000 pounds of milk and from 300 to 550 pounds of butter. Tests which have been made of the comparative yield of different dairy breeds give the average daily yield of butter fat for Holsteins at 1.60 pounds, 1.42 for Guernseys and Ayrshires and 1.36 pounds for Jerseys.

In daily milk yield the Holstein breed stands at the head with 48.9 pounds, Guernsey 28.9 pounds, Ayrshire 27.7 pounds and the Jersey 24.5 pounds. In yearly milk yield the Holstein breed occupies the first place, Pietertje II. having yielded 30,318 pounds, Princess of Wayne 29,008 pounds and Clothilde 26,021 pounds. The largest authenticated butter yield of a single cow of any dairy breed was made by the Holstein cow Colantha IV.'s Joanna, her record being 998.26 pounds of butter fat during a period of twelve consecutive months, equivalent to 1,173 pounds of butter on an 85 per cent basis. While the quality of Holstein milk is not equal to that of the smaller breeds, the average is about 3¼ per cent butter fat. While the breed does not rank with the Hereford or Angus in a block test, the calves are large at birth, fatten rapidly and make excellent veal. Holsteins combine with large size, vigorous constitutions, healthy appetites and a hardiness and vigor which render them relatively free from disease. Holstein-Friesian admirers have much to boast of in the achievements of this useful breed, which occupies a leading place in the leading dairy sections of the country.

TOUGH IN PRACTICE.

Many orchardists and nurserymen of experience still recommend the planting of orchard trees about twice as thick as the final stand desired for the reason that in the first few years the trees will be so small that they will be none too thick, while later, when they begin to touch limbs, every other tree may be cut out. This plan may be all right, but it works out better on paper than it does in practice, the average orchard owner not having the heart to lay an ax at the root of thrifty trees which are possibly better than those adjoining, but destined to be spared. The other alternative is to set the trees as close as one wishes them to stand permanently and then give them the care which will enable them to withstand the attacks of their many enemies. To ascertain the number of square feet which fruit trees of different kinds should have it is well to take note of the area actually covered by mature trees of the variety to be planted. In addition to this, room should be allowed between every other row for the passage of teams in spraying and harvesting operations. The trees should be set closer together in the rows running north and south in order that they may have the protection from the midwinter sun.

A FUTURE ASSET.

There is probably no single asset which will be more valuable to farm owners twenty-five or thirty years hence than wood lots of useful varieties of trees which have been carefully set out and intelligently cared for. To realize in a measure what these will be at the end of the time mentioned one has but to multiply by five or ten acres the small wood lots of score-year-old trees which already surround so many farm homesteads. It can be counted on as quite sure that just so long as big money is to be made from a rapid though injudicious cutting of the forest areas of the country and no measures are taken to prevent such destruction the process is going to be continued until there is nothing left to cut. This means inevitably that when such time comes, and it is not far away, there will be a high premium on all timber standing and of most any kind, as in those days wood will be wood. True, the setting out of such a wood lot is perchance a labor and service for a future generation, but so is much service that is the most worth while.

The use of a silo is expedient on land that is worth $50 an acre and an absolute necessity on that which is valued at $100 an acre.

Turning cattle on to pastures too early in the spring is much like overworking a young horse, an injustice being inflicted that is not righted for a considerable length of time.

In distributing the homemade fertilizers this spring keep the orchard in mind unless it is a hopeless case and has already arrived at the calf pasture stage. The orchard that is growing crops needs refreshing, just as does the man who does a day's work.

Whenever possible it is an excellent idea to give both fruits and vegetables a change of ground, this not only from the standpoint of best keeping up the soil fertility, but also because of a less likelihood of damage from insect and fungous pests where such rotation is observed.

Where one is planning to seed oats with clover there is quite an advantage for the clover if an early variety of oats are used, as the crop can be removed from ten days to two weeks earlier, thus giving the clover this much additional time in which to get a start and outdo the weeds.

Fortunately for the husbandman this season, clover seed is plentiful and of exceptionally good quality, which will *mean less adulteration with foul seeds*, because the incentive will be less. Prices are just about what they were last year, ranging from $6 to $7.50, and even at these figures the extra quality is worth the extra price.

In view of the length of life of the average market hog, usually less than two years, the question of freeing swine from tuberculosis would seem to follow as a natural course with the eradication of it from the cattle which the pigs follow. Little pigs are considered free from tubercular taint at birth, and if they are not kept under conditions where infection is possible they will not contract the disease.

A reader of these notes inquires what kind of soil is the best for growing a crop of onions. Briefly, one may answer by saying that it should be rich, and the mellower the better. From the standpoint of ease in cultivation as well as cleanness of the crop at harvest time, a sandy loam is preferable. Freedom from weed seed is also a consideration that will add much to the satisfaction as well as the economy of handling the crop.

Luther Burbank of Santa Rosa, Cal., who is known over the country as the plant wizard, has made arrangements whereby his creations in the floral, fruit and vegetable world are to be capitalized and the same introduced on a large scale. Mr. Burbank is the foremost living specialist in his line, and chief among his creations are the well known Burbank potato, several varieties of stoneless prunes and plums, various new fruits, flowers, grasses, grains and vegetables. Perhaps the most important of his recent creations is the spineless cactus, which is a succulent and nutritious food for stock and bids fair to transform and make habitable many desert sections of the far west.

Every well regulated farm where things are done decently and in order should have its garden. In a good many instances the garden that is already laid out may be given a little more attention than it usually receives. If the garden stuff is planted in long rows and far enough apart to permit of cultivation with a double shovel plow the care which it will require will not be much. If there are active boys and girls in the home their aid should be enlisted along the line of a little work with hand and hoe. Their desire to have nice fresh fruit and vegetables for the table should furnish all the incentive that would be needed. A garden properly kept will mean a better as well as a more economical living for the family.

Among a number of remedies which have proved successful for the curing of scours in calves the following is recommended by Professor G. C. Humphrey of the University of Wisconsin experiment station. As soon as symptoms appear two to four tablespoonfuls of castor oil are mixed with half a pint of milk and given to the calf. This is followed in four to six hours by a teaspoonful of a mixture of one part salol and two parts subnitrate of bismuth, which may be given in half a pint of milk or the powder placed on the tongue and washed down with a small quantity of milk. The salol and subnitrate of bismuth may be secured of any druggist and mixed in proper proportions at the time of purchase, so that it will be ready for use when needed.

The big blizzard which raged over the north central states the latter part of January probably wrought greater havoc with windmills of the territory in question than any storm which ever visited it. In some counties in the states more than a hundred windmills were bowled over. In one authenticated case that was reported the tower of the mill, being well braced, stood firm, but the steel fans in the upper half of the wheel were bent by the force of the wind at right angles to those in the lower half. An interesting general result of the damage done by the storm is that the demand for gasoline engines has been given a great impetus, many farmers desiring to get some form of power for pumping and other light work which would not be put out of commission by winter or summer storms or be useless when there was no wind blowing.

The formalin treatment for scab in potatoes will not prove entirely effective if the seed is planted in soil which has produced scabby potatoes in immediately preceding years, since the treatment kills the germ life on the seed potatoes only and not that in the soil.

While the grasses which are grown under the semi-arid conditions to be found in several of the western states are highly nutritious, it seems difficult to credit a test made by the Illinois experiment station in which a specimen of grass sent from Wyoming was found to contain in nutrient properties eight times as much as the same amount of Illinois grass.

The American farmer sometimes growls about his taxes, but he is fortunate indeed compared with the Italian farmer, who, besides bearing a heavy burden of taxes imposed by the government, is compelled to bear still further exactions to the municipality in which he markets any of his produce. The marvel is that he is able to keep body and soul together under such conditions.

Before buying land in sections where phenomenal yields of vegetables are claimed it is usually a safe idea for the prospective purchaser to learn the freight rates to possible markets or, what comes to the same thing, the prices which can be got for produce f. o. b. loading station. There is no consolation and mighty little profit in raising any kind of stuff if it will not pay its way to market and leave a fair margin besides.

That seeding with a drill is superior to the old method of broadcast seeding has been given definite proof in experiments which have been conducted by several state experiment stations. At the Illinois station eighteen tests showed an average gain in yield of seven bushels per acre as a result of using the drill, while at the Iowa station a gain of nine bushels per acre was shown. Another point in favor of the drill is that it results in a saving of seed varying from 15 to 25 per cent.

The reliability of any individual or firm which advertises a sure cure for all kinds of lumpy jaw may be seriously called in question. In a majority of cases this loathsome appearance is merely the outward index of a diseased physical system, in which case the application of caustics or dope externally would be no more effective than a piece of court plaster would for a fever sore or erysipelas. While now and then a lumpy jaw animal will pass inspection, the majority are condemned as food and go to the rendering tank.

When an acre of orchard produces 300 bushels of apples there is removed from the soil as much fertility as would be required to produce a twenty bushel crop of wheat. While the chief fertilizing elements, phosphorus, nitrogen and oxygen, may be returned to the land in the shape of commercial fertilizers, it is most economically done by the application of barnyard manure, which should be scattered generously, but not too close to the trunks of the trees, as the feeding rootlets lie near the surface and are usually more than four feet away.

If the large sum of money that is annually squandered in a farcical distribution of vegetable and flower seeds by congressmen were spent intelligently in a more adequate protection of our useful birds, the "dear constituency," the folks out in the vineyards, orchards, grain, corn and alfalfa fields of the country, would be benefited immeasurably more than they ever can be by a continuation of this asinine practice. Some congressman has an opportunity to make a shining mark for himself if he can succeed in effecting the above reform.

An extensive Ohio feeder who has fed hundreds of cattle for the market during the past eight years speaks in highest terms of silage as an effective and economical ration in fitting his steers for market. His daily ration on full feed is fifty pounds of silage and five pounds of cottonseed meal, with what hay the cattle want besides. He estimates the yield of an acre of corn which would go fifty bushels to the acre at ten tons when shredded and eight tons of silage when taken from the silo as a cured product. He places the value of the silage, exclusive of the grain it contains, at two-fifths of the whole. Evidence has been abundant for several years that silage makes an ideal ration for the dairy cow. It is a growing conviction that it is equally good for the steer in the feed lot.

One farmer we have in mind decided he wanted to name his farmstead and had the name neatly painted on a sign over the driveway to the house, with his name just below. A short time afterward he was driving toward his place from a direction in which he did not usually approach it, and it struck him that there was something out of keeping with the signboard he had put up and some old castoff machinery that in a busy hour had been left in a corner of the wood lot near the garden. He scratched his head and concluded that an easy solution of the inconsistency was the removal of the rubbish to the back yard. This is a simple illustration of the value of having a high ideal. He feels better, and so do the folks who drive by that road and see his neat premises.

F. E. Trigg

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

For some reason that has not been explained several members of the recent Roosevelt cabinet have not yet become presidents of New York banks or heads of insurance companies.

Anoka Union: One of the significant items of reckless extravagance upon the part of the state legislature is the appointing of a "sergeant of the press gallery," at $5 per day. There is no press gallery, and the fellow is already paid by the paper he represents to report the doings of the lawmakers.

St. Peter Tribune: A Chicago catalogue house has shipped 29 carloads of catalogues to Minnesota for spring delivery. And yet we know of merchants right here in Minnesota who do not invest as much as the cost of one of these catalogues in advertising in a whole year. They invest their good money in good, honest goods, arrange said goods in neat piles on shelves or better still hide them from the sight of the chance shopper in cases and drawers and then sit down on a convenient cracker box or barrel and swear at the catalogue houses in lieu of other exercise. Does advertising pay? Decidedly not, if you don't want trade.

Senator Robinson of this city voted to locate the proposed sixth normal school at Cass Lake, while Senator Ahmann favored leaving the location to the state normal board. As St. Cloud has a Democratic member of the board, Hon. Karl Mathie, it is rather surprising that his local senator should vote against the board locating the school. It is said that Senator Robbinson has congressional aspirations, and Cass Lake is in the Sixth congressional district. We believed that Senator Ahmann represented the sentiment of this section of the state. The normal board is made up of able and honorable gentlemen, who are better qualified to locate the new school for the best interests of the state than the selfish interest of politicians. We understand Representative Doyle has faith in the good judgment of the normal board.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

THE "INTERESTS" WIN.

The following editorial from the St. Paul Pioneer Press explains the normal school bill in its proper light:

"The Pioneer Press has had repeated occasion to voice an emphatic protest against the subordination by the legislature of broad general interest to the purpose of boosting the popularity or political prospects of some individual member or group of members. The log rolling member is almost invariably a recreant member. He votes for any measure of any kind, by whomsoever presented, if he can thereby place some other member or members under obligation to vote for some pet local project of his own. He should be discountenanced by conscientious men whenever he shows up with a "deal."

"A gross instance of subordination by the senate of general to individual interests, and of yielding to an oleaginous log roller, was afforded on yesterday when it passed the Gunn bill for the location of the sixth normal school at Cass Lake.

"Now there may be no more objection to Cass Lake as a site for the school than to Thief River Falls, Bemidji, Warren, Park Rapids or any other place mentioned in connection with the project. But the joint investigating committee appointed by the senate and house had after a careful investigation of the various sites offered recommended that the legislature leave the selection to the *normal school board at* whatever place might, in its judgement, best serve the population for whose benefit the school is to be built.

"The senate seems to have determined that the question of utility must be thrust aside and the Gunn bill passed just to reward its author and a very rich and liberal minded investor who stands behind him for numerous personal acts of good fellowship, such as the log-roller delighted in.

"The Hinds bill, now on general orders in the house, leaving the choice of locations to the normal board, is a just and fair measure with no "influences" behind it but that which always rallies to the support of a "square deal." A respectful treatment of all competing localities calls for its passage by the legislature. But fair play seems not to be the fashion at the capitol just now. At any rate the legislature appears to be bent upon alienating the effections of the voters of northern Minnesota."

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

First—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

Second—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

Third—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

Fourth—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Death of Ole Overum.

Sunbeam: We regret that we are compelled to publish the sad news this week that Ole Overum of Highlanding died at the Thief River Falls hospital early on Wednesday morning last. Mr. Overum caught a very severe cold about ten days ago, which settled on his lungs, and on Thursday last he was taken to the hospital for treatment, where in spite of all that medical skill could do he grew rapidly worse until Wednesday morning when the end came.

Mr. Overum was one of the first settlers on the Eleven Towns and has a valuable homestead at Highlanding which he has under a high state of cultivation. He not only built up and improved his own farm, but he always took an active interest in the upbuilding of the country in which he lived, and could always be depended upon to contribute time and money for the building up of any puplic improvement. He has been a member of the school board since this school district was organized and has always used his best indeavors to manage the school for the best interest of the scholars and taxpayers. Mr. Overum was a man who was highly respected in the community in which he lived and his sudden and unexpected death has cast a gloom over the entire neighborhood. He leaves a wife and two young children in moderate circumstances to mourn his loss, who have the sincere sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

Warroad Harbor to Be Improved.

Warroad, Minn, March 20.—It is now assured that another $27,000 will be spent by the government the coming summer in the maintenance and improvement of the Warroad harbor.

Of the $27,000 it is stated that $12,000 will be used for maintaining the channel and $15,000 will be used for the building of a retaining wall in order to prevent the channel filling in again. In addition to these sums, $3,000 will be expended in work on Zipple bay in order to fit it for a harbor refuge. There is also an appropriation for work to be done at the mouth of Rainy river, and, taken altogether, it appears that navigation on the American side of the lake will be benefitted materially.

Want Improvements.

Farmers living along the Red Lake river held a meeting at Highlanding last week and passed a resolution asking that Congressman Steenerson use his best efforts to secure an appropriation from congress to dredge the Red Lake river and build a dam at the outlet of Red Lake.

SURVEYORS AT WORK

Residents Living Between Red Lake and Clearwater Rivers Getting Excited.

A Crew of Railroad Surveyors Have Been at Work There for the Past Several Days.

Settlers living between the Red Lake and Clearwater rivers east of this city are very much excited these days. For the past several days railroad surveyors have been at work running lines in this section. The surveyors are not giving out any information, but the settlers are doing all kinds of speculating. At first it was thought sure that the surveyors were laying out the new Thief River Falls-Duluth line, but of late there is a rumor in circulation that the Great Northern is going to build a line from Thief River Falls to connect with the Fosston extention of the Duluth line. Only one thing seems to be certain and that is that the surveyors are at work in this territory. This report is brought to the city by numerous settlers.

License Question Not Settled.

The license question up at Middle River will have to be settled by the courts, it is said. Upon the advice of the attorney general, who says that a tie vote is equivalent to a majority against license, the village council met and refunded to the two saloon-keepers doing business there the amount due them on the unexpired term of their license. One of the saloon-keepers accepted the rebate, but the other one refused and continues to run his saloon. The council will begin an action to cause him to close and the matter will have to be decided by the courts.

To Practice Up.

The local gun club recently organized, will soon commence trap shooting and will keep it up until the chicken season opens in September. Officers of the club are as follows:

President—C. A. Nason.
Vice-President—J. F. Brown.
Sec. and Treas.—B. L. Backe.
Field Captain—E. S. Ashley.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

SHOES and RUBBERS

At this time of the year it is very important to keep the feet dry, to avoid colds and sickness. We wish to inform you that we got the largest and best Shoes and Rubber stock in the city, which we offer at the lowest possible price.

Men's CRAWFORD fine shoes from— $3.00 to $5.00
Men's High Top leather shoes $3.00 to $8.00
Boy's leather shoes, sizes 3-5 $1.75 to $3.00
Women's Shoes, Patents, Kids and Gun Metal $2.50 to $4.00

Children's Shoes in all grades at the lowest prices.

We also have some job lots in shoes, that we are closing out at less than cost.

REMEMBER

We handle only solid leather shoes of the BEST MAKES, and all we ask is, compare quality and prices, and you will buy your shoes from us.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

We have lately accepted the agency for the celebrated Iowa Dairy Separator. The Iowa is the best Separator on the market today. We offer them at a very low price. Let us show you the good points of the Iowa.

New Spring Goods Arriving Daily in all Departments.

Buy your goods from the old reliable, one price store

LANGSETH MERC. CO.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

AUCTION

Ole C. Brenna
Auctioneer.

Tuesday March 30, 1909.

Commencing at 10 a. m., Sharp.

At the John Dommer Farm, One Mile North and One Mile West of Germantown.

11 cows all fresh or will be fresh inside of a month.
1 Plaino binder.
1 Acme mower.
1 Deering hay rake.
1 drill.
1 disc.
2 stubble plows.
1 breaking plow.
1 sleigh.
1 narrow-tired wagon.
2 buggies.
Other things too numerous to mention.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; over that amount, bankable paper.

JOHN DOMMER, OWNER.
H. G. DOBNER, Clerk.

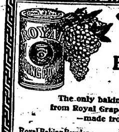

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —made from grapes—

Royal Baking Powder conveys to food the most healthful of fruit properties and renders it superior in flavor and wholesomeness.

PERTINENT REMARKS

Senator Sageng, of Otter Tail County, Tells of Cass Lake's Location.

Speech Made in the State Senate That Is of Much Local Interest.

One of the strongest speeches made in the senate this winter was that delivered by Senator O. Sangeng when the bill to locate the normal school was up for consideration. Inasmuch as the subject is of much local interest we print the summary of the speech which is as follows:

"The establishment and location of an educational institution is at all times and under all conditions a matter challenging serious consideration. If this is true as a general proposition, and surely no one will deny that it is, there are, I believe, additional and special reasons for careful deliberation in the matter now before the Senate. We ought not, Mr. President, in justice to ourselves; in justice to the taxpayers of the state whose money must build and maintain the institution sought to be established by this proposed law, and especially in justice to the sacred educational interests of our people permit this bill to pass unless, on its merits, it stands approved by the sober and deliberate judgment of this body. To act in this important matter from motives less worthy and conscientious would be a betrayal of our trust and a reproach to the membership of this Senate.

Our decision in this matter, let us not forget, will be for all time to come. We cannot in this case, as in legislation generally, undo at some future time the mistake we may make today. If a mistake it be, it will be irretrievable and for generations to come the taxpayers of the state and the educational interests of our people must pay everlasting tribute to our ill considered action or indifference to public duty. Throughout this controversy the advocates of Cass Lake have shown, as it seems to me, an ill-becoming dog-in-the-manger attitude. They have refused to join the advocates of the other towns in promoting the passage of a general bill establishing a sixth normal school in northwestern Minnesota, leaving the secondary and less important consideration of its location to some impartial and competent board.

From the point of view of the general interests of the state and the welfare of the proposed school, there are certain standard requirements which we ought to have in mind in seeking a location for this institution. In the first place, the town ought to be easily accessible. Proper railroad facilities are important to the growth and usefulness of any school which seeks to obtain its scholars from a wide extent of territory. In the second place, and this is of vital importance, the town in which a normal school is to be located ought to be of sufficient size to afford all necessary facilities for a well-equipped model school. Finally, we must not forget in considering a proper location for this school that every institution of learning obtains the largest per cent of its scholars from the immediate vicinity in which it is located.

Measured by all these requirements Cass Lake must fail absolutely, Mr. President, to convince any fair minded man that it is a proper location for a new normal school. It has not the railroad facilities of either Bemidji or Thief River Falls, nor does it begin to compare with these towns in opportunities for a well equipped model school. And in respect to its surroundings and environments it is difficult, I venture to say, to find in the whole state of Minnesota a location less fit for the home of an important state institution of this character.

Cass Lake is practically surrounded by vast areas of water, Indian lands and forest reserves. The lake and reservoir area comprises 252,000 acres and the forest reserve contains 300,000 acres.

You will know from this that there is not now and never will be any tributary rural population of any consequence surrounding this little village and that a normal school located there must for all time be deprived of the support, in respect to attendance, which a good sized town affords, and especially must a school so placed be crippled by the absence of a high-class, well settled rural community from which to draw by direct contact, a large part of its scholars.

These are serious, as it seems to me, vital objections to this bill, Mr. President, but I want to call the attention of the Senate to another situation existing at Cass Lake which has an important bearing upon this question. The United States Government has established in that neighborhood an extensive system of reservoirs for storing up, at certain seasons of the year, the head waters of the Mississippi river. One of these, the Winnibigoshish reservoir (including Cass Lake), has a fluctuation of water surface of 14 feet; the area of water surface at low water is 117 square miles. That means that 44 square miles of land, 28,160 acres, at one season of the year covered with water, is later uncovered and left in an exposed condition when the water is drawn off to maintain a normal flow of water in the river below the dam.

It is not necessary for me to say that the condition which results from this state of affairs is detrimental and unsanitary. The official report of Lieut. Col. Derby, of the U. S. Army, is conclusive evidence on this point.—About this Winnibigoshish reservoir which floods part of the land upon which the village of Cass Lake is located, the waters of which, at one season of the year would rise to the very steps of this proposed school, Mr. Derby uses the following language:

"As a general rule, reservoirs are created to serve interests below the dams; very rarely those above. Their effect upon the latter is nearly always detrimental. The flooding of lands and the fluctuation of water surface, leaving the bottom around the shores alternately covered and uncovered with water can scarcely be otherwise than injurious from any point of view. Hence it is always necessary to acquire the right to create these undesirable conditions by purchasing the lands to be overflowed or the privilege to overflow them, and paying for property destroyed."

Now gentlemen of the Senate, pause for a moment to consider what *you* propose to do by passing this bill. You propose to build an expensive institution of learning in the very midst of these "undesirable conditions"—conditions injurious, as the report states, from every point of view. Incidentally, it ought to be easy to appeal to the honorable members from Ramsey county against such a location for this proposed school. Ostensibly they are sensitive about the sanitary conditions surrounding institutions of learning. And yet, Mr. President, I predict—such is the power of combinations and trades in this legislature—that those excellent gentlemen, with remarkable unanimity, will deliberately stultify themselves by voting to locate this normal school at Cass Lake.

The people of Cass Lake are fully aware of the adverse conditions surrounding their village. In proof of this statement I read further from Mr. Derby's report.

"Damages to other citizens of the town of Cass Lake are mainly limited to loss of trade due to interference with the operation of the mill and to partial wreckage of a small dock and a boat house, which are also built within the flowage lines, but not properly designed for the wide fluctuation of water surface to be expected. The original proprietors of the town site still have considerable landed and other property interests at Cass Lake. They wish the neighboring public lands (forest reserve, Indian reservations, etc.) thrown open to settlement, in order that their town may become the center of a more populous district, and they wish the flowage lands around the reservoir vacated for a similar reason. From their point of view it is plain enough that the reservoirs are a distinct drawback."

The principal industry of Cass Lake is a sawmill usually employing from 300 to 400 workmen. It is only a question of time, three or five years, when the forest supply will be exhausted and this mill will be removed. Then Cass Lake will serve admirably as a theme for some future Goldsmith who wants to write the story of another Deserted Village.

There has been throughout this long controversy a very noticeable absence of any appeal to arguments and reason on the part of the friends of Cass Lake.

Their only reliance seems to be upon the efficacy of combinations and trades, pulls and promises, and if they win, these are the means by which they will achieve victory.

May we not hope, Mr. President that the sober judgement of this Senate will refuse to consent to this prostitution of the sacred educational interests of this great commonwealth?

COURT NOW IN SESSION

March Term of the District Court Convened at Red Lake Falls Monday.

Only One Criminal Case to Be Tried and Calendar a Light One.

The March term of court for Red Lake county convened at Red Lake Falls Monday and a large number of citizens from Thief River Falls and the surrounding territory are present.

There is only one criminal case on the calendar, that of Dr. August Gronerud, charged with abortion. Dr. Gronerud is from Bronson and is charged with having performed a criminal operation upon a young girl in Thief River Falls. At the time of his arrest it was shown that Dr. Gronerud was physically incapable of standing trial, and his case was continued until this spring. Dr. Gronerud has been confined in the county jail since his arrest. Though this is the only criminal case on the calendar, it is thought that the grand jury will return some indictments.

Owing to the absence of the girl, the case against Dr. Gronerud will not be tried at this term and it is not probable that it will ever be tried. He has been released from jail.

There are thirty-two civil cases on the calendar. A large number of cases are continued from the former calendar. Among these is the case of D. P. O'Neil vs. Grand Forks Lumber Co., St. Hilaire Lumber Co., and St. Hilaire Boom and Water Power Co.

The following new cases are on the calendar:

M. E. Mathews vs. John B. O'Brien. Mathews & Lund; F. A. Grady, attorneys.

Halvor K. Homme, as special Administrator of the estate of Thone Homme, deceased, vs. Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls et al. E. O. Hogen; Chas. E. Boughton.

Frank Berling vs. John Ulvild. G. Halvorson; Wilhelm Michelet.

Sophia Schusser vs. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railroad company. Chas. E. Boughton; John L. Erdall and Wilhelm Michelet.

G. A. Grusendorf vs. David Delonais et al. F. A. Grady; Fred L. Farley.

Alex A. Sweans vs. Martin V. Evenson. Chas. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady; G. Halvorson.

Mike McAndress vs. Margaret McAndress. F. A. Grady; Chas. E. Boughton.

W. A. Sorsdell vs. Red Lake Falls Milling Co., W. E. Rowe; Chas. E. Boughton.

The case of Sweans against Evenson will be tried on Friday.

Mrs. Anton Peterson Dead.

Mrs. Anton Peterson died last Friday, at her home on a farm east of the city, of consumption. The deceased formerly resided in this city, and was well and favorably known.

Bad for Both Sides.

The catalog houses have caused trouble at Pierz, Morrison county. The *Soo road runs a mile* from the village and some time ago the catalog houses sent out a number of catalogs to farmers. Many farmers sent in orders, probably at about the same time, and a few days ago a carload of goods was received. The merchants of the village rose up and now they declare that if the farmers are going to order their supplies from Chicago, they can also sell their products to the mail order houses. A merry war is on and interesting developments are expected.

Masonic Doings.

There was a special meeting of the Masonic lodge Monday evening and five candidates were raised to the third degree. A large number of visiting Masons from St. Hilaire, Roseau, Badger and Greenbush were present. Owing to the fact that the Wheatline train was not on time, the members from Warren could not attend. Refreshments were served by the ladies of the M. E. church and all had a most enjoyable time. The Masonic lodge is one of the strongest in the city and now has a membership of about 100.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

GUARANTEED CURE FOR

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

SPECIAL SALE!

SINCERITY CLOTHES
Copyright

BY

The E and E Co
ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE

Our SPRING GOODS are here and we must make room, and therefore have put on our *Slaughter Table.*

LOT NO. 1—Nearly one hundred men's suits, ranging in price from $14 to $20 and offer them as long as they last, regardless of cost, at

$10.00 PER SUIT.

Sizes 35 to 44. The best value ever offered at such a price. If you need a suit call and examine.

LOT NO. 2—All broken sizes in dress shoes, both high cut and Oxfords, working shoes, rubber boots, etc. All regardless of cost. At the same time take a look at our new SINCERITY Spring Suits, which can not be beat either for fit or workmanship. Every suit guaranteed. We also carry an Up-To-Date line of Hats, Shoes, Shirts and Ties, and kindly solicit your inspection and patronage.

E & E Clothing Store

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

BAY STATE PATRONS

Encouraging Report on Literary Work of the Grange.

A Co-operative Organization Formed With $25,000 Capital Stock, but Distinct From the State Grange—Large Savings on Farm Supplies Anticipated.

The thirty-sixth annual session of the Massachusetts state grange was held in Worcester. The grange was never in a more prosperous condition in that state. There are now 25,000 members, an increase of 1,630 the last year.

Carleton B. Richardson of West Brookfield, master of the state grange, in his annual address said that the supreme work of the grange could not be determined by the numerical strength, but by agricultural sentiment dominating in the lives of its members. The agricultural school at Montague and the Industrial institute at Northampton would not have been realized but for the active influence of the Order. Education must be the one great subject to engage the attention of patrons.

The annual report of Secretary W. N. Howard disclosed the fact that in the past five years the number of granges has grown from 169 to 218 and the number of members from 16,833 to 24,583. For the first time in the history of the organization the receipts at the secretary's office have exceeded $10,000 during the year. Pomona granges contributed $500 in the special per capita of 2 cents a quarter for members.

State Lecturer Gardner presented some interesting statistics. He said the literary work in the grange had been particularly encouraging. There have been 1,650 debates and discussions, in which 12,769 persons participated. There had been prepared and read 1,581 papers, which were discussed by over 3,000 members; 1,204 speakers addressed grange meetings; 6,900 rendered vocal selections, 4,560 instrumental selections; 6,527 gave readings, and dramatic features to the number of 653 have been presented during the year, in which nearly 5,000 people participated. The total number of persons contributing something to the literary work during the year was 59,000. The combined attendance at grange meetings was 280,844.

To ascertain the amount of money expended by the grangers in Massachusetts for the necessities of life the committee on co-operation held fourteen meetings. A series of questions was also addressed to every subordinate grange, which elicited the following facts: Amount expended by the grangers in Massachusetts for groceries and provisions, $2,870,400; clothing, $969,450; coal, $385,825; boots and shoes, $303,140; grain, $2,164,235; fertilizers, $561,600. From these transactions the committee figures that at the lowest estimate the grange can save on flour $50,000, on fertilizers $70,000, on grain $273,614 and on groceries and provisions $287,000 and on these four items alone enough to save every family in the Order $50 a year in cash, or about $1,000,000 on the total. It was found that on orders received from forty-seven different granges for flour it was able to save a dollar per barrel, on approximately 546 tons of grain $3 per ton was saved, and on thirty tons of fertilizer $125 was saved. The committee recommended, among other things, that the grange incorporate a company with a capital of $25,000, with shares of $5, to be sold to members only, the state grange to have no other official connection with it than to indorse the movement. This recommendation of the committee was later adopted, and a corporation has been organized, with capital stock of $25,000. The manager has headquarters in Boston.

The grange fire insurance company reported risks outstanding Dec. 1 at $3,188,228 and the number of policy holders 3,065.

Among the resolutions adopted was one to establish subexperiment stations about the state. Another called for more stringent regulations of the speed of autos on the country roads. The parcels post proposition was favored, and legislation to prevent the depredations of deer was another matter favored by the grange. The milk standard called out a lengthy discussion. There was a diversity of opinion as to what the standard should be, and it was finally tabled, awaiting the decision of the supreme court on the constitutionality of the present milk law.

George S. Ladd, chairman of the executive committee, concluded his report in these words, which should be emblazoned on the walls of every grange in the United States: "Let us ask for nothing that we do not need or say anything we do not fully feel, but demand instant justice and then show the world we will be satisfied with nothing else. Let us take no action at this meeting. Let us pass no resolution that we are not prepared to go home and work for and never cease working until the end is accomplished."

HE GOT BIG PAY.

An African Safary That Commanded Respect and Obedience.

Makuba and Oblanga were two Africans, the one the captain of a boat crew and the other subordinate to him. Oblanga was an independent fellow, not in the least lazy, who rather resented "bossing." In a book entitled "The Jungle Folk of Africa" R. H. Milligan tells of an altercation between the two men. Makuba, the diplomatic, came out of it with flying colors.

The worst disputes between Makuba and Oblanga took place when they supposed that I was asleep. The native when he lies down anywhere sleeps immediately. Whenever I was lying in the bottom of the boat they always thought I was unconscious and that no conceivable noise could waken me.

Captain Makuba orders Oblanga to "haul away on the peak halyards," to which Oblanga promptly replies:

"Do it yourself."

"I won't do it; you will do it!" says Makuba in a threatening tone.

"Are you my father?" says Oblanga.

"No," answers Makuba, with infinite scorn. "How could a Kombi man be the father of a creature like you?"

"Then stop giving me orders!" says Oblanga, with rising wrath. "It is not the first time you have tried it, and one of these days you will find out that it won't do."

"One of these days you will find out that I am captain of this boat and that you will have to obey me," says Makuba.

"Not as long as I carry a gun," answers Oblanga.

By this time they are standing up and looking hard at each other. But Makuba would not think of striking a man in a mission boat. He therefore becomes diplomatic. Suddenly in a tone altogether different he says:

"Oblanga, the trouble with you is that you are just a bushman. You don't know anything about civilization. On every big ocean steamer there is a captain, and every man on board, no matter what tribe he belongs to, obeys the captain."

Oblanga becomes instantly curious and asks, "Is he rich?"

"Yes," says Makuba; "he gets big pay, and so do I get big pay."

"How much do you get, Makuba?"

"How much do you think?"

Oblanga thinks as well as he knows how, his countenance distorted with the effort, and at length answers reflectively, "Two dollars a month." He himself gets a dollar and a half.

A broad smile engages Makuba's features as he slowly answers, "Five dollars a month."

Oblanga gives expression to his surprise in a long, low whistle. It is quite evident to him that no ordinary person could command such wages, and in a tone of utmost compliance he says: "What was it you told me to do, Makuba? I forget."

"I forget, too," says Makuba. "Oh, yes," he adds, "I told you to haul on the peak halyards."

Maryland Lotteries.

A Baltimore man interested in antiquarian research made a collection of old lottery tickets which gives interesting testimony as to the development of public morals. Most of the tickets were given out by Maryland lotteries, but quite as large a collection could undoubtedly be made in other states. Four of the tickets are in the Washington monument lottery, which was authorized by the legislature and was not given up until 1824. As early as 1753 a lottery was advertised to build a wharf. The drawing took place April 30, 1754. Ten years later one was undertaken to build a market house in "Baltimore Town" and for "buying two fire engines and a parcel of leather bucketts." In 1782 a yearly lottery was authorized to aid the city expenses. Other objects for which money was raised in this way were parsonages, church bells, circulating libraries and gristmills.

Why He Wondered.

A certain Irish police inspector was reviewing a Belfast police station, the sergeant of which was a very bad speller. Looking through the books, he came upon an entry, "Found a pig wondering on the public road."

"Sergeant," said he, "what was the pig wondering at?"

"I don't know, sir," said the bewildered man.

"Well," said the inspector grimly, "I do. He must have been wondering why I promoted you!"

The Elemental Feminine.

Arthur, aged four, and Louise, aged two and a half, were disputing over a string which Louise claimed. All threats and force on Arthur's part were useless; she would not give up. After a moment he used guile.

"Wees," he said, "will you be my little wifie?"

"Ess," she coyly answered.

"Then give me the string," he commanded.

And she gave it without a murmur.—Lippincott's.

Answered.

Borleigh—Ha, ha, old man! Nailing down a carpet, are you? Jones (who has just struck his thumb)—No, you fool! The carpet was here all the time. I'm just putting the floor under it.—Chicago News.

An Appropriate Sign.

Mrs. Smith—I see the contractor has put the sign "Sold" on the new house next door. Mr. Smith—Yes, and the sign "Stung" should be put on the buyer.—Kansas City Journal.

Don't trust the fellow who has a vacant look in a poker game. He generally has a full house.—Philadelphia Record.

A Fulsome Compliment.

During Mr. Cleveland's tour of the south shortly after his marriage Mrs. Cleveland and he were driving one day through the streets of one of the larger towns escorted by two of its citizens. Some one threw a bunch of violets to Mrs. Cleveland, and Mr. Cleveland bent forward to catch it, remarking as he presented it, "I wonder why no one gives me flowers."

One of the gentlemen present gallantly replied, "We think you have won the fairest flower in all the land."

"Ah, yes," returned the president; "but, you see, I can't keep her in water!"

"It is not necessary since you keep her in such excellent spirits," was the reply.

Here Mrs. Cleveland interposed, saying, "I am afraid you are guilty of flattery," whereupon came the reply:

"No, madam. Flattery is fulsome compliment, and in this instance no compliment could be either too frank or too fulsome."

The charm of this response lies in the last and fourth from the last words, Mrs. Cleveland's maiden name being Frances Folsom.

A Queer Chinese Notion.

One of the beliefs which the Chinese are slowly unlearning is that foreigners use the eyes and hearts of Chinamen in compounding rare and costly drugs which are valuable aids in magic. Medicine and magic have for ages gone hand in hand in China, just as they once did in Europe. Ignorant Chinamen therefore readily believe such tales. The use of eyes of Chinese by foreigners in metallurgy is described in a work called "A Deathblow to Corrupt Practices," published in 1870. According to this, when white Christians had charge of a funeral they drove all the relatives and friends from the house. Both eyeballs were then removed from the corpse, the orifices being filled with plaster. This was called "sealing the eyes for the western journey." By compounding these eyes with a hundred pounds of Chinese lead, this veracious chronicle continues, eight pounds of silver could be extracted from it. The sight organs of any other people were useless for this purpose.

Marine Rubber Chewers.

The sailor, taking a fine, new rubber band from the stationery display, began to chew it with vigorous enjoyment.

"What are you up to there?" snarled the druggist.

"Just rubber chewin'," said the sailor. "It's a habit with all us navy fellers. Keeps off gun headache.

"Of course you, a landlubber, don't know nothin' about it. But let me tell you, mate, when a sixteen inch gun goes off aboard ship the jar shatters winders, splits planks and brings your lower teeth up against your uppers like a straight left from old John L.

"The result is a gun headache—such a headache! But if you chew rubber in firing time it eases off the shock and you don't suffer none. I been chewin' it steady ever since Manila Bay."

"Rubber chewing—what a nasty habit," said the druggist.

"Rag chewin's worse," was the sailor's reply.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Close Quarters For Washington.

At the time, now some years ago, when subscriptions were being solicited for the erection of a statue in New York city to President Washington a gentleman called to secure a contribution from an old resident who, although wealthy, was a little "near." On learning the object of the visit the rich man exclaimed:

"Washington! Washington! Why, Washington does not need a statue! I keep him enshrined in my heart!"

In vain were the visitor's solicitations, and he was naturally indignant at the parsimony of the millionaire.

"Well, Mr. R.," he remarked quietly as he rose to leave, "all I can say is that if the Father of His Country is in the position in which you describe him he is in a tight place!"

The Title "King."

The sovereign title of king has generally been supposed to be derived from the old British word "gyning," signifying "wise." But the Hebrew term "rosch" is doubtless the root of all the present titles denoting kingly power, including the Punic "resch," the Scythian "reix," the Latin "rex," the Spanish "rey" and the French "roi." The German nations styled their monarch according to their different dialects—"konig," "kuning," "koning," "king."

Time's Changes.

The captain was receiving the new middy.

"Well, boy, the old story, I suppose—fool of the family sent to sea?"

"Oh, no, sir," piped the boy, "that's all altered since your day."—London News.

Not Misplaced.

Hotel Clerk—I found the "Not to Be Used Except In Case of Fire" placard those college boys stole out of the corridor. Manager—Where? Clerk—They'd nailed it up over the coal bin.—Boston Transcript.

Gritty.

"Fifty miles an hour! Are you brave?" She (swallowing another pint of dust)—Yes, dear; I'm full of grit.—Chicago News.

A Deserter.

Hewitt—Green has been arrested for being a deserter. Jewett — Wife or army?—New York Press.

They conquer who believe they can.—Vergil.

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TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

THE RED TAPE IN SWEDEN

What Had To Be Done Before the Broken Glass in One of the Signal Lanterns Used on the State Railway Could Be Replaced—Wife of the Swedish Minister to Washington Entertains Society There in the Way Which Holds in Old Sweden.

SWEDEN.

Talking about red tape, there is certainly an abundance of that in Sweden, if one is to judge from the following statement made by one of the representatives in the riksdag the other day while discussing the rolling material used on the state railways of the country. He related an incident from Orebro. The station agent reported to the station director that a glass on one of the signal lanters had been broken. The station director asked the traffic inspector for a new glass; the traffic inspector turns to the supply house in Stockholm; the supply house ordered a new glass from the machine director in the third district and this one turned to the central machine shops in Orebro, which ordered the glass delivered to the supply house in Stockholm, who send it first to the traffic manager, who afterwards send it to the station director, who instructed the station agent to tell one of the railway hands to place it in its correct place in the lantern! Meantime a receipt has been applied for to the supply house in Stockholm and that by the way travels much the same way as the order for the glass did.

Mme. Lagerkrantz, wife of the Swedish minister, has been entertaining Washington society after a way which holds in old Sweden. She is a delightful addition to the capital's social ranks, say women who ought to know what constitutes that mysterious thing, a "delightful social addition." She is the daughter of Senator Cronberg, prominent in recent Swedish statesmanship. She has brought all her furnishings from Stockholm, and the legation is one of the best equipped in Washington. Mme. Lagerkrantz gives receptions after the European fashion. She has tea and light refreshments for the guests and chats gaily. Below stairs guests may play cards if they wish, though the Swedish minister is an exceedingly solemn and non-card-playing gentleman. In another room you may have music, and also refreshments that don't go in by way of your ears.

Says a correspondent in a recent issue of the Smalands Posten: "While the patriots in this country are using every available effort to check emigration and the field for the home emigrant agents has been limited to very narrow lines, the Danish agent is only laughing up his sleeve, for his field of operations in Sweden, at least in the southern section of the country, appear to be growing larger every day. It just happens in spite of all the reports to the contrary that there are a few Swedes who emigrate to America from this section every year and in nine cases out of ten it is the Danish agent who has made out the papers—usually in Copenhagen—and the emigrant has no trouble whatsoever in getting through the lines. Still our patriotic Swedes are writing long articles in the newspapers telling how they are checking emigration."

Dr. John George Schuldheis, medical inspector for the insan asylums of the country, died a few days ago, aged forty-four years. Although only a compartively young man, he had nevertheless achieved much success in his chosen profession and was one of the best diagnosicians for insane cases in all Sweden. He was a graduate of the medical department of the Upsala university and had spent years of study abroad. During the past year his health broke down completely and last September he had to abandon his work altogether. He had scores of friends in Stockholm and was held in high esteem in Berlin and Copenhagen, where medical authorities were familiar with his work.

The Duke and Duchess of Sodermanland have purchased the beautiful lots in the villa section of Furusund. It is a most ideal location for a villa and the duke has ordered that a suitable building be erected there at once. The building will be completed during the latter part of June and the duke and duchess will occupy the villa about July 1.

Professor Lawrence Ericksson, conservator at the museum of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, has been appointed assistant conservator of the National Museum in Stockholm. Professor Ericksson will assume his duties in Stockholm about July 1.

Eva Bonnier, the Stockholm philanthropist, who died a few weeks ago, donated about 350,000 crowns to the city of Stockholm, the disposition of the amount having been provided for in her will. The money will go to the charity institutions principally.

Oscar Karlsson, the sailor who attacked Emil Swensson on Drottninggatan during the latter part of December, has been sentenced to only six months imprisonment. Swentsen died a few weeks after he had been attacked by Karlsson.

Consul Andrew Chilberg, of Seattle, Wash., has been appointed a Knight of Vasa by King Gustaf. Mr. Chilberg has been Sweden's consul in Seattle during the past ten years.

Captain C. Holm, chief of the fire department of the Royal Palace in Stockholm, has been appointed by the president of France a Knight of the French Legion of Honor.

The postoffice receipts for 1908 are now estimated at 19,838,000 crowns, as against 19,424,000 crowns, which represents an increase of 414,000 crowns during the past year.

NORWAY.

It is really a surprising matter to note how the Michelsen fund has been growing. It now reaches the goodly sum of 214,000 crowns. It was started in honor of the former premier and the name of Michelsen seems to be a great drawing card in Norway and has not seemed to diminish in popularity. Of the above mentioned amount, 80,000 crowns were raised in Christiania and vicinity.

Last year there were postal money orders sent from the United States to Norway amounting to 9,600,000 crowns. In 1907 they amounted to more than 11,800,000 crowns. In spite of the fact that the United States sends such vast sums to Sweden and Norway every year the American republic is often criticised most unmercifully in these countries.

In Stavanger and other Norwegian cities where Norwegian beer is not at present allowed to be sold, a number of dealers who had license prior to 1882 are now selling Danish beer and importing it from that country in large quantities. Thus far it seems that there is no law which prevents the sale of foreign beers in Norway.

Snowstorms have been frequent in Norway this winter, especially in the northern section of the country, where entire districts have become almost isolated from the rest of the world. A number of lives have been lost and the cold weather has in many places caused much distress and suffering among those ill prepared.

Recent dispatches from Victoria, B. C., say that advices have been received that a whaling company is being organized in Norway to send two floating whaling stations conveying a fleet of small whaling steamers to the Antarctic to hunt off the Falkland islands, South Shetland and South Georgia this summer.

A dangerous epidemic of scarlet fever has broken out in Skudeshaven and vicinity and there are already a number of people who are hovering between life and death. Newspaper dispatches state that the disease originated at a dairy farm from which it spread by means of the milk delivered to the people.

Historic events always arouse enthusiasm in Norway. The 250th anniversary of the gallant defense of Fredrikshald in the war with Sweden was celebrated by the students of the military academy of that city Feb. 4 and was a well attended and successful affair.

The art carnival which was held at the Grand Hotel during the latter part of last month in Christiania was a splendid success in every way. There were in all more than 5,000 people in attendance and the program rendered in connection was typical and varied.

The Misses Grace Grung and Dagny Scheldrup will make their debut in the new theater in Bergen in the near future. They are both Norwegian-American girls and their friends on this side are following them with a great deal of interest.

The Norwegian storthing budget committee endorses most enthusiastically the appropriation requested for the Isachsen expedition to Spitzbergen and recommends that it be granted at once.

The International Northern Medical congress will be held in Christiania in June. Physicians and surgeons from all parts of Scandinavia will visit the Norwegian capital on this occasion.

Roald Rafaelsen, of Tromsoe, has been appointed assistant customs collector at the port of Bergen. Mr. Rafaelsen has resided in Tromsoe during the past fifteen years.

The Meelven Hotel has been sold to Dr. John Magelssen, a prominent dentist of Christiania, for 20,000 crowns.

DENMARK.

During the latter part of last month when about 100 fishermen were engaged in fishing through the ice in Skivefjorden the ice about them began to give way and they all found themselves drifting out to sea. A couple of fishermen threw themselves into the water, managed to swim to shore and get a number of boats and finally succeeded in bringing the rest of the fishermen safely ashore. One can imagine their joy when they found themselves all safe on terra firma.

Copenhagen papers announce that the University of Copenhagen will send Professor Otto Jespersen to lecture at Columbia university next fall. Professor Bernhard Beeghild, a scientist of international note, will deliver lectures on scientific farming in the Danish settlements of the United States during the summer and fall of 1910. Professor Anderson of the University of Copenhagen, also will tour the United States under the auspices of the Danish-American association.

There were 224 apothecaries in Denmark in 1908, one for every 11,400 inhabitants. In 1860 there were only one for every 16,000. This means that more medicine is used by the Danish people today than fifty years ago, or that the apothecaries do not work so hard as formerly.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

Guilty of murder in the second degree, with twenty years' imprisonment as the penalty, was the verdict of the jury at Nashville, Tenn., in the case against Colonel Duncan B. Cooper and his son, Robin Cooper, charged with the murder of former United States Senator E. W. Carmack. The jury acquitted John B. Sharp, a co-defendant. Immediately the defense moved to set aside the verdict. Judge Hart said he would listen to arguments on this motion later. He then fixed the defendants' bond at $25,000 each, which amount was promptly furnished.

While some of their number rode about the streets discharging their weapons and holding the populace in terror others of a band of robbers worked for more than an hour in an unsuccessful effort to dynamite their way into the vault of the bank at Bald Knob, Ark. They abandoned their task after firing nearly a score of blasts.

Luman C. Mann has been declared not guilty at Chicago of the murder of Mrs. Frances Gilmore Thompson. Several members of the jury shed tears when Mann, between choking sobs, thanked them and promised to lead a better life. Attorney Erbstein, who defended the case, was fairly mobbed by dozens of weeping women.

Robert Strawser, a rural mail carrier of Flora, Ill., gave his three children strychinine and then swallowed a quantity of the drug. The four lifeless bodies were found by Strawser's wife.

Joseph Brown, said to have been an ex-convict, who shot and seriously wounded Chief of Police Scott White at Whitmer, W. Va., was taken from jail by a crowd of men and lynched.

As the outcome of a neighborhood quarrel near Tionesta, Pa., Amos Walton killed Mr. and Mrs. Warren Briggs and then committed suicide.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Former Congressman William Connell, coal operator, capitalist and philanthropist, is dead at Scranton, Pa., as the result of a paralytic stroke. Beginning life's work in the coal mines in Luzerne county, Pa., Mr. Connell, by close attention to business, died a multimillionaire.

Mrs. Elinor MacCartney Lane, the novelist, is dead at Lynchburg, Va. She had been ill for several days and was on her way South with her husband, Dr. Francis R. Lane, to recuperate.

Judge Hosea Townsend, United States judge for the Southern district of Indian Territory up to the time Oklahoma became a state, is dead.

Bishop George D. Gillespie of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Western Michigan is dead at Grand Rapids after a long illness.

Former Governor William R. Taylor is dead at Madison, Wis. He was eighty-nine years old.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The New York court of appeals has decided in effect that John R. Hegeman, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, must stand trial on the charge of perjury in connection with alleged misstatements made in his annual report of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company filed with the state superintendent of insurance on Jan. 1, 1905.

Judge Hazel, in the United States court at Buffalo, denied the motion of the Standard Oil company for a new trial and imposed a fine of $20,000. The case hinged on the Standard's accepting concessions from railroads on shipments of oil from Olean, N. Y. to Rutland and other points in Vermont.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 22.—Wheat—May, $1.13⅝@1.13¾; July, $1.13¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.15¾@1.15⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.14¾@1.14⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.12¾@1.12⅞; No. 3 Northern, $1.09¾@1.11¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.75@6.50. Hogs—$6.35@6.70. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@5.75; yearlings, $6.00@6.85; lambs, $7.25@7.65.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 22.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.15¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.14¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.12¾; May, $1.12¾; July, $1.13¾; Sept., $1.01. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.61; May, $1.60; July, $1.59½; Sept., $1.39; Oct., $1.34½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 22.—Wheat—May, $1.15¾; July, $1.02⅞@1.02⅞; Sept., 96⅛@96⅞c; Dec., 97⅜c. Corn—March, 64⅛c; May, 66⅛@66⅛c; July, 65⅜c; Sept., 65c; Dec., 58c. Oats—May, 54c; July, 48c; Sept., 40⅛c. Pork—May, $17.65; July, $17.67½. Butter—Creameries, 22@29c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—18@19c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens and springs, 15½c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 22.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.70@7.15; Texas steers, $4.50@5.50; Western steers, $4.10@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.45; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.60; calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, $6.45@6.85; mixed, $6.55@6.95; heavy, $6.60@7.00; rough, $6.60@6.75; good to choice heavy, $6.75@7.00; pigs, $5.25@6.15. Sheep $3.50@6.00; yearlings, $6.10@7.40; lambs, $5.50@7.80.

M'DONALD IS FREE

Requisition Against Millionaire Lumberman Withdrawn.

WAS CHARGED WITH BIGAMY

Governor Johnson Agrees to Motion of Attorneys.

M. W. McDonald, the millionaire Minneapolis lumberman who has been imprisoned in the Hennepin county jail because of a charge of bigamy made against him by a Missouri woman, was released on the motion of his attorneys after Governor John A. Johnson had received word that the requisition from Governor Hadley of Missouri had been withdrawn.

Belle Hamilton accused McDonald of having married her in Canada in 1906 and brought suit against him in Minneapolis last fall. When the suit was settled out of court last December and McDonald turned over to her mineral holdings said to be valued at $110,000 and considerable cash it was supposed that the case was over. But a few days ago McDonald was arrested on requisition papers sent by the governor of Missouri.

F. E. Fryberger of Duluth, Mr. McDonald's attorney, and Harvey Grimmer, clerk to Governor Johnson, were sent to Missouri to straighten out the tangle.

THOMAS F. COLE RESIGNS

No Longer Head of Steel Trust Mines in Minnesota.

Thomas F. Cole of Duluth, president of the Oliver Iron Mining company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation, has tendered his resignation. His successor, it is generally believed, will be W. J. Olcott, president of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern, also a United States Steel subsidiary.

Mr. Cole is a multimillionaire and prominently identified with several valuable copper mining companies. Owing to the success of these enterprises it is presumed that Mr. Cole feels that he will be much freer to devote his time to them with the duties of president of the Oliver Iron Mining company eliminated.

INCORPORATED AT DULUTH

Company Organizes to Build Road in Northern Minnesota.

The Duluth, Winnipeg and Pacific railway was incorporated at Duluth with a capital stock of $100,000 for the purpose of building a line from Virginia, this state, to Duluth. Its president is Wirt H. Cook, president of the Rainy Lake road, now owned by the Canadian Northern. The company is organized to take charge of the construction work on the extension of the Canadian Northern to Duluth and will later turn the road over to the Canadian Northern to be operated. Work will be started this spring. The road will have splendid terminals and big docks in the western end of Duluth.

BOARDING HOUSE ABLAZE

Occupants Manage to Escape in Night Clothes.

The Beal House at Minneapolis, a fashionable boarding place, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is $45,000. There were seventy-five people in the building. All escaped with their lives, though several were injured and all were forced into the street in their night robes. Six firemen were overcome by smoke.

Many lives undoubtedly were saved by Mrs. J. Carmody. She was awakened by the smoke and rushed through the rooms alarming the guests. The flames were so close that her nightgown caught fire. She jumped into a bathtub and extinguished the blaze.

BODY SCATTERED FOR MILES

Stillwater Logger Killed by Train Near Portland, Ore.

A Portland (Ore.) dispatch says: Glen Downs, a logger from Stillwater, Minn., was killed under a train of the Great Northern railroad while stealing a ride on the brakebeam. His body was found scattered all the way from Lowell to Monroe, Wash., about fifteen miles. A leg was picked up at Lowell, part of the trunk near Portland and several pieces with some clothing and a blanket were found near Monroe. A letter and a hospital certificate identified the remains, which were ground beyond all resemblance to a human body.

Killed by a Train.

While loading express packages on an outgoing train at Minneapolis Andrew Bayer, thirty-seven years of age, was run down by Northern Pacific passenger train No. 4 in the Mill City Union depot yards and fatally injured. He died shortly afterwards in the city hospital.

Takes Poison on Church Steps.

Determined to "die in God's house" Charles Naiman of Red Wing drank carbolic acid on the steps of the Mikro-Kodesh synagogue at Minneapolis. He died a few minutes after being taken to the city hospital. Business reverses are suggested as the cause for his act.

THE SENIOR CLASS PLAY

"Merchant of Venice Up-to-Date."

[Evenson hall, evening of Friday and Saturday, Mar. 26 and 27; matinee for children Friday afternoon at 4. Admission: Reserved seats, 50 cents; general admission 35 cents.]

Cast of Characters.

Bassanio, Antonio's friend and suitor to Portia	Stafford Curran
Antonio, a Senior, captain of High School Foot Ball Team	Odin Brudie
Gratiano, another friend of Antonios	Ralph Douglas
Shylock, a wealthy gambler	Henry Chittick
Portia, a rich heiress	Marie Gilbertson
Nerissa, Portia's friend	Blanch Chittick
Polly, Portia's maid	Volga Evenson
Miss Abbie Threedice, a teacher	Avis Akre
Jessica, Shylock's ward	Inga Hollan
Launcelot Gobb, a servant to Shylock	Frank Kratka
Mrs. Gobb, Launcelot's mother	James Curran
Tubal, captain Belmont foot ball team	Harry Prichard
Policeman	Charles Erickson
Duke of Venice	Jas. Walker
Antonio's Mother	Volga Evenson
Professor, an ex-ray photographer	Leslie Brady

Synopsis of Play.

Act 1. To win Portia, Bassanio must take an examination in Latin. For him, Antonio borrows a Caesar pony from Shylock upon the condition that if the pony is not returned within one month, Antonio must forfeit a pound of his hair.

Act 2. Portia's House—Bassanio luckily chooses the Caesar casket and takes his examination.

Act 3. Jessica refuses to marry Shylock—Antonio elopes with Jessica. Shylock, finding her gone, determines to have revenge upon Antonio.

Act 4. Portia is informed that Bassanio has been successful. Launcelot tells her of Shylock's plan for revenge. She determines to help Antonio.

Act 5. At a football game, Antonio is arrested and brought to trial. Portia, disguised as a Doctor from Bellario, tries the case. By ex-ray, it is found that Antonio has no brains, so Shylock can not claim his forfeit. Identity is disclosed and all ends happily.

COMMITTEE MAKES REPORT

Convinced Steel Corporation Will Build Plant in Minnesota.

Minnesota will have a steel plant at Duluth to cost eventually $25,000,000 and to employ at least 10,000 men, in the judgment of a sub-committee of the house of representatives which recently visited Duluth to investigate the question. The committee has presented its unanimous report, containing the testimony of various steel company officials who were examined at the session in Duluth.

The report declares it to be the belief of the committee that the plant will be built and the testimony of J. B. Cotton, incorporated in the document, says that the agreement of two years ago, under which the tonnage tax was defeated, is regarded by the company as a pledge. Under this pledge of two years ago a $10,000,000 plant was contemplated. Now it is declared that there will be an investment of $12,500,000 in the state within two or three years and eventually $25,000,000. The initial unit of the plant will employ 4,000 men.

RAILROAD LOSES TEST CASE

Jury Upholds Minnesota's Reciprocal Demurrage Law.

The jury in the case of the Hardwick Farmers' Elevator company against the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway company, on trial in the district court at Luverne, returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, fixing damages in the full amount asked, $218 and attorneys' fees.

The suit was to collect damages for failure to furnish cars demanded in writing by the elevator company in the fall of 1907 and was brought under the reciprocal demurrage law enacted by the legislature in 1907, known as the Nolan bill. The railroad company contended that the law is unconstitutional in that it is an attempt on the part of the state to regulate interstate traffic, all of the cars demanded being for interstate shipments. The case was the first testing the validity of the reciprocal demurrage law in this state. The railway company will appeal.

DOCTOR BURNED TO DEATH

Host Accused of Having Started the Fatal Fire.

After a night spent in drinking and playing cards, during which several altercations occurred between Amall Roseneau, the owner of a house and farm near Montgomery, and his friends Roseneau emptied the contents of a can of oil on the floor, touched a match to the oil and started a fire which destroyed the house and burned to death Dr. Lambert Laurens, a retired physician, sixty years old.

This in effect was the finding of the coroner's jury at an inquest held at Montgomery.

Roseneau has been arrested and will be held pending the action of the grand jury, which will investigate the case.

MINNESOTA MAN A VICTIM

Appears Against Alleged Swindler at Council Bluffs, Ia.

In response to a number of letters sent out by Postoffice Inspector Swenson three men appeared at Council Bluffs, Ia., to testify before the federal grand jury in the charge brought against J. C. Maybray of swindling various persons.

Samuel Sutor of Cass Lake, Minn., an alleged victim, stated that he lost $5,000 on a horse race Aug. 17, 1908.

Dr. C. C. Vanderbeck of St. Louis stated he lost $2,500 on a wrestling match in the summer of 1907.

Maybray's papers indicate that about $400,000 was the reward of the efforts of the men who were concerned in the swindle.

Damaged by Explosion and Water.

Damage estimated at about $100,000 was done the stock and fittings of the Minneapolis Drug company by an explosion of chemicals on the sixth floor of its plant and the consequent breaking loose of a thorough sprinkling system over all six floors. Though forty women employes on the third floor rushed from the building in a panic no grave injuries are reported.

Wanted in Minnesota.

Charged with having escaped from the Stillwater (Minn.) penitentiary Harry McClain was arrested at Philadelphia as he emerged from the Eastern penitentiary after serving an imprisonment of nine years for robbery in Philadelphia. McClain was taken before a magistrate and held to await requisition papers from Minnesota.

Missing Man Finally Located.

Norman Patton of Duluth, who disappeared recently in New York and was traced to Pittsburg while in the East to buy linens for a Duluth wholesale firm, has been found in Portland, Ore. He is suffering from a complete nervous breakdown and has been out of his mind.

Steel Trust Attorney Resigns.

Joseph B. Cotton of Duluth, general solicitor for the United States Steel corporation, has resigned. A general shakeup of the official list of the corporation to fill vacancies caused by the resignations of Messrs. Cole and Cotton is expected.

Russian Princess Robbed.

Moscow, March 23.—Thieves at a suburban station robbed the trunk of Princess Shakoffskoy of 225,000 roubles in cash and valuable papers.

The Persevering Quaker.

"It is amazing what perseverance will achieve," said an Englishman. "Even misdirected perseverance has achieved marvels. There is the case of Robson, the great Notts cricketer. Robson during his Australian tour was determined one scorching afternoon that his side shouldn't do the hard work of fielding. Well, when the Australian captain spun the coin Robson shouted, 'Woman!' Then, seeing that heads lay uppermost, instead of acknowledging defeat Robson said, with perseverance and nonchalance:

"'Well, we'll go in.'

"'But—er—I thought,' said the puzzled Australian—'you see, I don't quite know the English meaning of "woman."'

"'Then,' said Robson gallantly, 'we'll toss again.'

"The Australian made a second toss, Robson called heads, and tails came up. The ordinary man would at this point have surrendered in despair, but not so Robson.

"'Honors are now easy,' said he, with a pleasant smile. 'On with the rubber.'

"The Australian a third time flipped the coin, and, having at last called the toss correctly, the persevering Robson led in his side to the shady benches."

An Unofficial Order.

Thomas, tenth Earl of Dundonald, at his death vice admiral in the English navy, tells in his "Autobiography of a Seaman" of an incident on board the Hind, on which he served as midshipman. The pet of the ship was a parrot, the aversion of the boatswain, whose whistle the bird learned to imitate exactly.

"One day a party of ladies paid us a visit aboard. By the usual means of a 'whip' on the yardarm several had been hoisted on deck. The chain had descended for another. Scarcely had its fair freight been lifted out of the boat alongside when the parrot piped, 'Let go!'

"The order was instantly obeyed, and the unfortunate lady, instead of being comfortably seated on deck, was soused in the sea. Luckily for her, the men were on the watch and quickly pulled her out, and, luckily for the parrot, the boatswain was on shore or this unseasonable assumption of the boatswain's functions might have ended tragically for the bird."

How Prisoners Converse.

A man who was sent to jail recently for three days for a small offense was greatly impressed with the precautions taken to prevent the prisoners engaging in conversation. There seemed to be warders everywhere, and no one was allowed to utter a word.

On the Sunday he was in the church the psalm given was the "Old Hundredth." Beside him were two old jailbirds, and instead of the orthodox words beginning "All people that on earth do dwell" this pair sang a hymn of their own in conversational style, which went something as follows: First convict sings:

"How long are you in for?
I am doing sixty days.
I nearly broke a copper's jaw.
Sing low or else they'll maybe hear."

Second convict replies:

"You are a lucky pie-can.
I've got twel-elve months to serve.
Tried to break into a house.
Some'dy must have gi'en me away."

By this method they exchanged histories during the singing.—Glasgow News.

Too Humiliating.

A certain small boy of six is rapidly assuming manly ways. Not long ago his "room" at school planned an entertainment. There were to be little songs and recitations and a mysterious grab bag. The small boy waxed eloquent concerning the coming glories of this show, and more especially the part he would take.

On the morning of the entertainment his mother suggested that he should take his little sister, aged four, with him. He hung his head.

"Don't you want to take her?" his mother asked.

"No, I don't," he answered.

"And why not?"

The reply came quickly.

"'Cause there ain't none of th' other fellers has to bring their children!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

No Acid Needed.

Weary William Rhoades—Say, Happy, wot's de difference between us an' new fall cider?

Happy Harry—Search me.

Weary William Rhoades—Dey don't have ter put no acid in us ter keep us frum workin'.

At which the dry hay in the mow burst into a furious flame.—Exchange.

Getting His Straight.

"I wouldn't make a confidante of May," said the conceited fellow, with a self satisfied smirk. "She told me you said you were crazy to marry me. Of course she's no friend if"—

"No," interrupted Miss Wise, "and she's not even a good reporter. I didn't say I 'was,' but 'would be.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Noiseless.

Wife—Would it please you, dear, if I learned another language? Husband—Yes, it would delight me infinitely. Wife—Well, which one shall I study? Husband—The sign language.—Smart Set.

A Woman's Secret.

Biggs—There goes a woman with a past. Boggs—Yes, and there are about twenty years more of it than she is willing to own up to.—New York Journal.

Great is the fact that our interests gradually take a wider scope allowing more scope for the healing power of compensation.—Dinah Mulock Craik.

A Barbarian.

D. D. Mann, the Canadian railroad builder, had a sensational career, beginning as an axman in the Canadian lumber woods.

Early in life Mann visited Europe on a business mission and at a dinner one night became involved in a quarrel with a Russian nobleman. Next day he received a call from one of the nobleman's friends, bearing an invitation to a duel. "If he doesn't like what I said to him, let him come up and tell me so," said Mann. "He can come a-running, too, and carry any size gun he likes."

The friend explained that would never do. Nothing but the regular thing on the field of honor would do.

"Oh, all right!" said Mann. "I've been fighting duels all my life. But I'll have to insist on using my national weapon—a sixteen pound double bitted ax."

The friend went away holding up his hands at the barbarian. That night the nobleman met Mann. He was about the size of a grasshopper. Mann is something over six feet high and four wide, with no fat. "I fight you, m'soo," said the nobleman, "with the weapon of any civilize nation, but I be hanged if I commit suicide."

Clerk or Bricklayer?

"You often hear clerks say they would rather be bricklayers on account of the pay, but they don't know what they're talking about. Clerking beats bricklaying every day in the week and twice on Sunday."

He took another cheese sandwich in his long, pale, ink stained fingers and, perched on the lunch counter's high stool, declaimed warmly:

"Clerks, however poor, are popular with the ladies on account of their fine clothes, but bricklayers, when they go sparking, get the cold shoulder.

"A bricklayer, no matter how much he makes, has trouble in getting into swell boarding houses, for his clothes soil the fine furniture, but a clerk, with his white hands, is welcome in any house he can afford.

"I know what I'm talking about, for I bricklaid two years before I took to clerking. And you'll find lots of young bricklayers forsaking the trowel for the pen; but, though clerks often say bitterly that they'd rather lay bricks than push a pen, they don't really mean it—they never turn."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"The Dog of Montargis."

Animal actors are by no means new to the stage. There are on record instances where a four legged performer has made the greatest success in a play, drawing hundreds of people night after night by the magnetism of his inarticulate art. In 1814 "The Dog of Montargis" was produced at Covent Garden theater, London. It was written around a true incident in which a man was murdered in the forest of Bondy and the murderer tracked by means of his dog. One day this dog suddenly sprang at the throat of a man and almost killed him, whereupon the wretch, terror struck, confessed that he was the murderer. This dramatic incident formed the basis of the play, and everything depended upon the cleverness of the dog. He was called Dragon, and his acting was so marvelous that the play achieved a remarkable success, running for thirty-nine performances.

Boston's English.

"If I were asked to name the city of these United States where the purest English is now spoken," said Otis Skinner, the actor, "I should unhesitatingly pronounce in favor of Boston. The clarity of speech there is not confined to people of wealth and culture, but extends to the working classes, the toilers and persons in all stations of life. I do not say that this excellence in articulation and this admirable pronunciation can be found all over New England. Corruption of speech begins not many miles from Boston, and the distressing nasal twang is difficult to escape. In Philadelphia a peculiar burr that is distinctly provincial prevails. From Pittsburg to other sections of the middle west this burr assumes more or less exasperating forms."

Wanted Results.

"You are always trying to throw cold water on my literary ambitions," growled the aspiring author. "You say it doesn't pay. Look at Charles Dickens, will you? He left a fortune of $100,000, all earned with his pen."

"I know it, dear," said his wife, caressing him, "but don't you remember that Aladdin could make more than that in five minutes by simply rubbing an old lamp? I'd so much rather you'd do something of that kind, Will!"—Chicago Tribune.

Economical.

"I'd rather waltz than eat," confided the sweet girl.

"Then we'll have another dance instead of going to that fashionable restaurant," remarked the thrifty swain. "And," he added mentally, "that's $4 saved."—Kansas City Journal.

Stung.

"That man has no conscience."

"Why do you think so?"

"He cheated me fearfully in a horse trade in which I supposed I was easily getting the better end of the bargain."—Chicago Record-Herald.

He Was Perfectly Frank With Her.

"I will never marry a man," said a haughty young woman, "whose fortune has not at least five ciphers in it."

"Take me," replied her admirer, a young [illegible]. "Mine is all ciphers."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Glory should follow, not be pursued.—Pliny.

"Leads Them All"

Hamm
St. Paul

Hamm's Beer leads them all. In every way—in PURITY, AGE and FLAVOR. If you drink Hamm's once, you will never be satisfied with any other beer.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL

THE NEWS.

THIEF
RIVER
FALLS'
LEADING
NEWSPAPER,

$1.00 PER YEAR

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by "Martin Lillemoen", a widower, Mortgagor, to "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 233.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said "First State Bank of Thief River Falls", (a corporation) Mortgagee, to S. Swenson by written assignment dated the 11th day of August, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 23rd day of October, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 574; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots No. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block No. ten (10) of Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids, now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, in Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty-one and 61-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, A. D., 1909.

S. SWENSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Simple Remedy for La Grippe.

La grippe coughs are dangerous as they frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs so that no serious results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. A. Bjorkhool.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? A. Bjorkhool.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

"My three year old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life." A. Wolkush, Casimer, Wis. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Religous Authors's Statement.

Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's kidney remedy." A. Bjorkhool.

Sheriff's Sale on Execution.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. In District Court.
COUNTY OF RED LAKE. } 14th Judicial District.

Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff,
vs.
Otto Schulz, Defendant.

Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of an execution, directed and delivered to me, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the county of Red Lake, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of February, 1909, in favor of Sivert Egenes, Plaintiff, and against Otto Schulz, Defendant, for the sum of eighteen and 44-100 dollars ($18.44) as appears by the transcript of said Municipal Court Judgment filed at the office of the Clerk of the said District Court, for said county of Red Lake on the 3rd day of February, 1909.

Now, Therefore, by virtue thereof, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on Wednesday the 31st day of March, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day all the right, title and interest of said Otto Schulz in and to the following described real property, to-wit: Lots Numbered Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three and Thirty-four in block Numbered Thirty-four in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, (now a part of the City of Thief River Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota) according to the plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs.

Dated February 9th, 1909.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor,
Thief River Falls, Minn. feb.11-mar.18.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.18-apr 1
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew O. Sandland, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn., who on Dec. 9th, 1904, made H. E. No. 297, Serial, No. 01504, for SE¼, Sec. 2, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., of 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 29th day of March, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole H. Langlie, of Brunkeberg P. O., Minn.
Halvor T. Homme, " "
Torger Hemmestvedt, " "
John Bjornstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
feb. 18-mar. 25.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1909. NUMBER 14.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.

FOR

Real Estate Loans

WE CAN GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits. We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property. Tickets to and from Europe sold.

Farm Lands and City Property bought and sold. Inquire or write
H. P. SPONHEIM,
Manager.

Peope's State Bank.

Value of Jersey Pine.

At last the long neglected and much despised Jersey pine is about to come into its own. The bureau of forestry has taken an interest in it and has discovered that it has great value as a material from which to make paper pulp. It seems that with a slight change in the so-called cooking process, the pine yields an excellent quality of pulp under the sulphite process, which practical paper makers have pronounced to be a strong, long fibered and long wearing pulp, especially desirable for making bags and news and wrapping papers. This discovery will doubtless greatly enhance the value of thousands of acres of land covered with this scrub growth.

Miss Camelion, a vaudeville actress, lost all her wardrobe by fire a half an hour before the curtain rang up, but the actress did her turn just the same much to the delight of the audience.—News Item.

List of Teachers.

The following is a list of teachers selected by the Board of Education, at their meeting last Monday, for the ensuing year:

J. H. Hay,
Blanche Godward,
L. Lynn Deal,
Marie Blexrud,
Elizebeth Dewey,
Hilda C. Ekholm,
Vera Wilhelm,
Emma L. Backe,
Mary McGinn,
Rachael Schrepel,
Emily Lakin,
Edith Day,
May L. Paine,
Tolla M. Johnson,
Grace Laughlin,
Lulu McCrum,
Myrtle O. Wold,
Gertrude Meehan,
Alice McCabe,
Stella M. Cipra,

Five teachers failed to present their applications for reappointment, and are the following:

Emma E. Hoff,
Clarabella Freidheim,
Anna Espeseth,
Clarice Grindeland.

A Bad Accident.

Martin E. Hoff had the misfortune to be thrown from his horse while going home last Sunday afternoon and seriously spraining his knee. Dr. Swanson has him in charge and he is improving rapidly but is still unable to take his mail route which is being handled this week by August Berglund.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

St. Hilaire Creamery Statement.

No. lbs. cream received, 40,891.
Average test, 24 3-10.
Total lbs. butterfat, 11,417.
" " butter sold, 14,008.
" amount money received, $3,030.73
" paid to patrons, $3,738.98.
Running expenses, $158.70.
Sinking fund, $55.58.

A Base Ball Project.

Roseau—A project has been started for the formation of a baseball league among the border towns. A six or eight-club circuit is planned, to include Roseau, Warroad, Roosevelt, Beaudette, Spooner, Rainy River, International Falls and possibly one other town.

FIRE AT DUGDALE

Fire Destroyed The City Hall And Mercantile Establishment of Herman Camp.

The Loss of Mr. Camp's Stock Is Estimeted at About $15,000.

Early Saturday morning a fire at Dugdale totally destroyed the general store of Herman P. Camp and the town hall adjoining entailing a loss of about $15,000 on which there was insurance of $7,000 on the stock of Mr. Camp and $700 on the town hall.

In addition the most fortunate feature of the fire was that Mr. Camp who rooms over his store barely escaped with his life, the flames enveloping the room before he was awakened.

The fire is supposed to have originated in the attic of the store, but this will never be known to a certainty. There was a dance in the hall Friday evening and the people had all reached their homes and were fast asleep when the alarm of fire was given.

Mr. Camp had a big stock and the insurance which was placed through the C. C. Strander and Co. agency of Crookston will not cover the loss.

The destruction of these two buildings very nearly wipe out the town as it is only a small station 20 miles east of Crookston. The Great Northern about two years ago moved the depot to Tilden about a mile west of Dugdale and since then this little town has been handicapped.

Mr. Camp has been doing a fine business and had no competition.

The Senior Class Play.

The presentation of the Senior Class play "The Merchant of Venice Up-To Date", at the opera house last Friday and Saturday evenings was a success in every way and was greeted by a large audience both evenings. No end of credit can be given the Seniors for their excellent work on the stage and the play passed off without an error made by any of the players.

Has Not Been Decided.

The News is in receipt of a letter from C. A. Baker, of Ogema, stating that the item which appeared in this paper last week in regard to the decision in the Mary Burnette case is entirely false. the case not yet been decided by the judge of the district court and will not be for about ten days to come.

Verdict Against Soo

The personal injury suit, Sophie Schusser vs. Soo Railway, was before the district court last week at Red Lake Falls and went to the jury Thursday evening. Friday morning the jury brought in a verdict for $1,000 for the plaintiff.

Miss Sophie Schusser was injured last fall in alighting from the Soo train at Thief River Falls, and brought this suit to recover damages for the injury sustained. she asked for $1,500.

Hunt Was Misinformed.

Someone has misinformed Editor W. G. Hunt, of the Sunbeam, that the county seat bill had been killed in the state legislature. This is not only not so, but an other bill which will compel the county commissioners of Red Lake county to redistrict the county in new commissioner districts has been introduced, placed upon general orders and is sure to become a law. Red Lake Falls will not have much to fight for after the legislature is adjourned.

Badly Injured.

Red Lake Falls—Joseph Lacoe, a former resident of Red Lake Falls, has been in the woods during the winter, and is walking with the aid of crutches at the present time, as the result of an accident which befell him while engaged at his work. A tree fell on his leg resulting in a fracture of the bone in three places.

A Curfew at Home.

Every family should have a curfew which should "ring to night" and all other nights if needed. These curfews inexpensive and can be made at home. Take a piece of siding and use it as a clapper. Put it on hot, dividing the strokes evenly, and see that none miss. Good for a girl or a boy up to 18, and three applications are warranted to cure the most pronounced case of street loafing that exists. The music is said to be more effective than singing. "Where Is My Wandering boy Tonight."—Ex.

Nick Nelson, formerly one of the owners of the Pure Food store, was in the city the first of the week, enroute to Lancaster after spending a portion of the winter at Hawley.

Appoints a Trustee.

O. F. Post decided last week that he could best protect his business interests and the interest of his creditors by the appointment of a trustee. He decided to appoint W. T. Carlisle, of the firm of Finch-Winslow-Carlisle of Crookston, through his representative, Mr. A. H. Pitkin, took charge of the business Monday.

It is the intention of Mr. Carlisle to restock the store and carry a full and complete line of goods. The store will be run under his management for an indefinite period or until he can, if possible, pay up the creditors and again turn it over to Mr. Post, who will continue at the store.

Mr. A. H. Pitkin, who will represent the trustee here, has had an extensive experience in this line. He informs us that as soon as an inventory is taken, it is probable that a big sale will take place.

The many friends of Mr. Post will regret to learn of his embarrasment and all will hope that he will soon be in shape to again take charge.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

An Old Hunter.

The following article was found in the Saturday Blade. Both Will Ford and his wonderful dog were formerly well known here and many will no doubt appreciate the article. It reads: Spooner, Minn., March 18—Here is the picture of "Pig," an Irish setter belonging to Will Ford of this place. The dog is 22 years of age and Ford has raised from a pup. He is now so old that he is hardly able to move around, but his teeth are fairly sound. He is the oldest dog in Northern Minnesota, and perhaps in the United States. Hundreds of prairie chickens have been shot over the dog and Will Ford is trying to make his old days as pleasant as he can, though the old dog has not hunted for years, being badly crippled by rheumatism.

"Skiddoo" Corn.

The Minnesota Experiment Station has grown and tested, and is now preparing to distribute in the northern counties of the state a new variety of corn. This variety, called Minnesota No. 23, appears to be especially suited to the short growing season of Northern Minnesota. It possesses an early maturing quality and is at the same time a comparatively high yielding variety. This variety was widely tested in Northern Minnesota during the past season, and the tests show the corn to be particularly adapted to this portion of the state. Minnesota No. 23 promises to be as useful in Northern Minnesota as Minnesota No. 13 (developed by the station ten or twelve years ago and now recognized as a commercial variety) is in the southern and central parts of the state.

Millinery Display.

Elegant and artistic creations for spring now being displayed at Caldwell's.

HUOT DAM ROCK PILE

Over 10,000,000 Pounds of Dam Ballast Piled Up Near Huot.

This Represents a Revenue of $3,000 to Surrounding Farmers.

The proposed water power improvements on the Red Lake River near Huot is proving a bonanza to the farmers in that vicinity, who are supplying the rock for the dam.

John Lindberg is in from there having spent the past winter buying rock for the Crookston Water Works Power and *Light Co.*, to be used in construction. The farmers delivered 5,000 tons the past winter for which they received $3,000, a very neat sum, and in addition much land was rid of rocks and made more valuable.

The Water Works Co., owned 1,600 acres near Huot last year and have since acquired more which is necessary for the overflow. With the stone secured the past winter there is about one-fourth of the total amount needed for the dam now on the ground, and there looks to be enough to build a Morro Castle. The farmers made good money, hauling about 4 tons to the load on an average.

Good Way to Get Rid of Wolves.

As a result of a trick played at Sturgis, S. D., by the government it seems likely that the old range country this side of the Missouri river will get rid of a great many of the wolves that have been the terror of the stock growers.

Under directions from Washington, rangers of the Black Hills forest reserve set traps, in which they caught over a hundred without seriously injuring them. These wolves were then confined in an inclosure surrounded by a high fence and infected with the mange. After the disease had made good headway the animals were released. As a result, farmers are continually finding dead wolves and others are so weak and emaciated that they are easily killed with clubs.

Some of Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

BOYS' AND SPRING CLOTHES YOUNG MEN'S

Ederheimer, Stein & Co.
MAKERS

Shape, style and fit of our

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHES

are what separate them from the ordinary commonly constructed kind.

We are now prepared to show the new choice things for Spring wear.

Suits With Extra KNICKERBOCKERS.

To fill a long felt want we offer suits for boys, any age, with an extra pair of Knickerbockers.

BOYS' CONFIRMATION SUITS.

All wool dark blue and black serges, short or long trousers, from $5.00 to $10.00.

WE CAN SHOW YOU BOYS' SUITS AT $2, $3, $4, $5 TO $7.50.

YOUNG MEN'S Suits cut to satisfy the taste developed by the young men of today.

PATTERNS AND MODELS, NOT EXTREME, Prices $5 to $18.

GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING DEPT.
"NEW GOODS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT."

The house of H. S. & M. Clothes. *Gordon Hats, Croesette Shoes.*

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

KEEP US IN MIND
WHEN YOU NEED A
LOAN ON YOUR LAND.

We are AT ALL TIMES (not only SOME-TIMES) in a position to make loans on good farms at a low rate of interest.

• • •

We make loans on three, five or ten years' time, and can, if desired, arrange partial payment terms. Principal and interest payable here, and at any time of the year most convenient to the borrower.

• • •

If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.

Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

MONSTER AUCTION SALE!

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1909.

Commencing at 11 O'clock a. m.

I will sell at public auction on my farm in Sec. 16, Town of Excel, 2 1-2 miles north of Steiner and 2 miles south of Holt, near railroad track.

1 Hamiltonian Stallion, 8 yrs. old, weight about 1200 lbs.
1 bay mare, 5 yrs. old, weight about 1300 lbs.
1 sorrel Kentucky bred mare, weighs about 900 lbs.
1 white pony mare, weight about 800 lbs.
10 milk cows, 6 of them coming in in April.
3 heifer calves.
2 steer calves.
1 registered Shropshire ram.
40 sheep.
A bunch of chickens.
1 Poland China brood sow.
6 shoats, 8 months old.
10 shoats, 3 months old.
1 Moline wide tired wagon complete.
1 Deering mower, new last year.
1 12-ft. hay rake.
1 12-ft. hay baler.
1 basket rack.
1 rubber tired hack.
1 surrey.
1 U. S. Cream Separator, 700 lbs. capacity.
1 set working harnesses and 1 set driving harnesses.
1 new iron pump.
Some rough lumber.
2 or 3 stacks of wild hay.
Other articles too numerous to mention.
Leases of big pasture and hay land will be sold to the highest bidders.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON.

TERMS: All sums under $10, cash; above that amount bankable paper will be accepted.

DR. F. D. BRANDENBURG, Owner.

OSCAR SPONHEIM, Clerk.

The Fire Worshipers.

Azerbaijan, a province in northwestern Persia, is the home of the descendants of the Ghebers, the ancient fire worshipers of Persia. The whole countryside is admirably adapted to the propagation of a fire worshiping creed, for earthquakes and caverns vomiting fumes from subterranean conflagrations abound in the neighborhood of Tabriz. One of the most remarkable caverns in the world is that of Secunderesh, whose character resembles the Grotto del Cane of Naples. It gives off noxious fumes, which at certain times are certain death to man and beast. But the most astonishing place in Azerbaijan is the ruined city of Takht-i-Suleiman, or Solomon's temple. The city stands on a hill [illegible] feet high [illegible] a wall of thirty feet [illegible] crumbling remains of temple [illegible] shrine. In the midst [illegible] deepest azure. Although [illegible] buildings are of the [illegible] tied, there is one strik[illegible] has been identified as [illegible] the fire worshipers.

A Spool of Thread.

"But for Napoleon," said the spool, "I, like the Arc de Triomphe, would never have existed. In Napoleon's time thread was made only of silk and of wool. Napoleon to ruin the English silk thread trade destroyed the world's silk stock, which lay at Hamburg. In this crisis the Paisley spinners turned to cotton. After tremendous labor they at last made cotton thread. Cotton thread is the world's chief thread today."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Only His Share.

"George," said the maiden aunt reprovingly, shaking her finger very solemnly at her small nephew, "there were two mince pies on the larder shelf this morning, and now they have disappeared. I didn't think it was in you."

"'Tisn't all in me," blubbered the wee boy. "One of 'em is in Gwennie."

Short, All Right.

De Tanque—Oh, I believe in a short life and a merry one. Wigwag—Well, I guess you'll get the benefit of the first half of your theory, all right.—Exchange.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.

$1.00 PER YEAR

THE GRANGE

Conducted by J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

NEW YORK PATRONS.

They Are Now 83,000 Strong and Still Growing.

The Annual Meeting of the Empire State Grange Was a Businesslike Convocation of the Representatives of the Farmers.

The recent meeting of the New York state grange was the largest and in many respects the most important meeting of New York Patrons that has ever been held. It was a business body, and the outcome of its deliberations was such as to give it still greater prestige in the state in respect to all public questions involving the interests of the farmers, whether members of the Order or not.

Statistical Report.

The secretary's report showed a net gain in membership during the year ending Oct. 1, 1908, of 4,983. The total actual membership on that date was 82,819, and there were new granges not reported since Oct. 1 of 448, making the actual membership to Jan. 1, 1909, 83,267. The total number of granges in the state is over 700. The secretary's office has received during the year $24,679.78.

According to the treasurer's report there was on hand one year ago $16,088.52, and total receipts from the secretary's office during the year were $20,036.37, making the total year's resources $30,124.89. Expenses amounting to $16,000 have been paid during the year. The surplus funds in the bank are deposited in seven savings institutions and trust companies.

An Important Committee.

One of the most important committees of the state grange meeting always is that on legislation. About forty resolutions were referred to this committee this year for consideration. For the information of those who do not understand the workings of the grange in session we may say that there are about thirty different committees appointed by the state master. Every delegate is on one or more committees. Resolutions are read when presented and then referred without discussion to the appropriate committees, who meet and consider and give hearings on the matters that are before them. When their work is completed the chairman reports back to the session the results of their conferences, and then the grange as a body approves or disapproves of the report.

Legislation Approved.

Among the more important matters presented by this committee and approved by the delegates were the following:

That the legislative committee endeavor to secure the passage of a bill creating a legal department under the control of the committee of agriculture for the enforcement of laws on our statute books appertaining to the department of agriculture; that we request the legislature to enact such laws as will enable the committee of agriculture to carry on such investigation as will furnish definite information regarding the economics of the milk business, including the production, handling and sale of milk, and inaugurate such work as will protect consumers and encourage those who are producing and handling milk in a creditable way, and in relation to the inspection of disease in domestic animals asking that the owners of diseased cattle shall have the right to secure a veterinary at his own expense to act with the commissioner's veterinary, and in case of disagreement the two veterinaries shall secure the third disinterested veterinary at the expense of the state, and his decision of the majority of said veterinaries shall be final, and no animal shall be destroyed by the commissioner or by his order on the ground that it is a diseased animal unless first examined as provided in this section.

That the present law requiring the standard apple barrel to have a seventeen and a half inch head be repealed and that sixteen and a half inches be made the standard; that the grange go on record as favoring poll taxes and the re-enactment of the poll tax law; that all telephone and telegraph lines be placed under the public utilities commission and that telephone lines be required to make such connection as may make an efficient interchange of communication at a fair and equitable rate; that the state legislature be asked to pass an amendment to the excise law providing that any person who holds a license to sell intoxicating liquors and who is convicted of violating such law shall forfeit his license and that no license shall thereafter be issued to such person or to any member of his or her family or to any person in his or her employ; that any person found hunting or fishing upon the property of another without written consent shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than $25; that the ways and means committee of congress be requested to make no change in the agricultural schedule unless it can be shown that such change will be a direct benefit to farmers; that the class of hotels known as road houses which have sprung up under the Raines law must gain the written consent of the majority of the property owners living within a radius of one mile of their proposed location before they can be so located; that we favor a primary election law.

The above will serve to give the reader an idea of what the state grange believes is for the farmers' interest. But this was the work of only one of the many committees.

Past Master Derthick's New Work.

Hon. F. A. Derthick, past master of the state grange of Ohio, has been appointed by the International Tax association as tax lecturer. He began his work in Kentucky in January and will visit all the states and Canada to investigate tax conditions. He will lecture upon "Taxation," with a view to eventually harmonize and make more equitable the inefficient and inequitable tax laws.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

A $16,000 GRANGE HALL.

A Model of Its Kind—Modern and Up to Date In Every Particular.

Palmyra grange of New York state has recently dedicated a new grange home which has been pronounced the handsomest building of its sort in the state. The building, for which ground was broken June 8, is built on the clubhouse style, at a total cost expense of $16,000. It is a two story structure of pressed brick and tile, with a large basement of concrete and tile. In the basement and other parts of the building girders are used for supports, thus doing away with posts and eliminating all obstructions.

In the basement is the dining room, which is 67 by 33 feet, without post or obstruction, and is thoroughly modern in its furnishings and very pleasing in decorative design. The kitchen and serving room is equipped with sinks, draining boards and every convenience for serving lunches or banquets. In the basement are a wide entrance hall and the furnace and coal rooms.

The second floor contains the assembly room, 58 by 33 feet. In this room is a stage, 25 by 12 feet, which is admirably adapted to grange purposes or entertainments. Bay windows, 14 by 8 feet, supply plenty of light. The ceiling in this hall is of steel. At each side of the reception hall are anterooms with modern equipment. At the main entrance the vestibule is floored with mosaic tile work. In addition to this reception hall, there is a porte cochere entrance on the north. Two fire escapes leading from the main assembly room afford ample means of exit in case of emergency.

THE GREEN MOUNTAIN STATE.

Vermont State Grange Elects C. F. Smith of Morrisville Master.

The thirty-seventh annual session of the Vermont state grange was held at Burlington. There were about 800 present, representing a total membership of 16,200 in 180 granges. The state master reported sixty granges organized during his term of office. He approved the holding of grange fairs if they be started on not too large a scale. He thought that many of the agricultural societies had lost prestige and failed to become educational or even entertaining by trying to do too much, and they had to resort to cheap midways and vaudeville shows in order to make the fair a financial success.

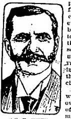
C. F. SMITH.

There was a warm contest over the election of a new state master. The present master, G. W. Pierce of Brattleboro, was re-elected, but declined to serve because of illness in his family. C. F. Smith of Morrisville was then chosen. The sixth degree was conferred on 200 candidates.

Resolutions were passed in favor of giving the state cattle commission power to compel owners to have their cattle tested with tuberculin where marked cases occur; also one in favor of the bill now before the legislature placing a tax of 5 cents on all evergreen trees shipped out of the state.

Clement F. Smith, the new master of the Vermont state grange, is a prominent citizen of Morrisville and one of the most progressive farmers in the state. Mr. Smith has not missed a meeting since he became a member of the Order. He was president of the State Dairyman's association for two terms. To him the agricultural interests of the state are largely indebted for Merrill hall. This is one of the buildings at the college at Burlington, and it was erected in memory of Senator Merrill, "father of the land grant college act." Mr. Smith represented his town in the legislature in 1894, served on the committee on agriculture and on a special committee on tuberculosis, on which committee he performed valuable service.

The New York Plan.

In New York the delegates to the state grange are elected on the basis of one delegate at large for each county without regard to any numerical basis of membership. Then there may be elected one delegate for every 400 members whose dues are paid to the state grange, and after all such allotments there may be elected one delegate for a fraction beyond exceeding 200, and if there be but 200 members in said county after the election of the delegate for the county that number shall be entitled to a delegate, provided that each alternate delegate shall be a matron and further provided that all fourth degree members in good standing will be entitled on attendance at the state grange to receive the fifth degree. It is further provided, however, that Pomona granges may elect each one delegate to the state grange, but no county in which a Pomona grange may be situated shall be entitled to a delegate at large for such county. Fourth degree members in good standing are eligible as delegates.

Lecturers of subordinate granges will find the articles on grange work which appear in this paper helpful to them if carefully perused.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

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SAW MILL MACHINERY

Saw Mills
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Gang Edgers
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Slab Slashers
Chain Conveyors
Lumber Trimmers
Excelsior Machines
Planers and Matchers
Log Turners
Log Jackers
Steam Feeds
Resaw Machines
Shingle Machines
Box Machines
Swing Saws
Drag Saws
Pulleys, Boxes
Shafting, Trucks

We also have Second Hand Machinery

We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B. Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission—Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

FUNNY POINTS IN LAW

Odd Problems With Which Courts Have Had to Wrestle.

A QUEER QUESTION OF TIME.

Curious Provision In an Eccentric Man's Will Upon Which Hangs the Settlement of an Estate—Are Duck Eggs Eggs, and Is Skimmilk Milk?

One of the strangest problems ever submitted to the decision of the law was that growing out of the disposition of the property of an Englishman, the father of twin sons. It appears that this eccentric owned extensive tracts of land in Australia, the great part of which he stipulated in his will should go to the first of the two sons to attain the age of twenty-one years.

The younger of the sons had emigrated to Australia, while his brother remained in England, it so happening that they were in opposite quarters of the globe when they came of age. The fine point involved in the case was this: Australian time is some hours in advance of Greenwich, and therefore the claim was made that the young man in Australia reached his majority before his brother at home had done likewise. Which of the two brothers was legally entitled to the property? The question is yet unsettled and bids fair to afford employment for the exercise of lawyers' wits for many years to come.

Another hard nut for the lawyers to crack was presented by a case tried in Indiana some years ago. The question was in substance, Are eggs eggs, or are only hens' eggs eggs? Ludicrous as this may seem, the point involved some nice shades of meaning in these words, sufficient indeed to carry the case through several courts.

A man had ordered of his grocer one dozen eggs. He sent ducks' eggs. These were returned as not being what the customer had asked for, but the grocer refused to take them back. The customer, in turn, declined to receive the eggs, and they were sent back and forth so frequently for several days, during which they became bad, that finally the grocer deemed himself justified in entering suit against the customer for the value of the goods.

The magistrate before whom the case was first tried ordered the customer to pay, declaring, ridiculous as it may seem, that ducks' eggs were as much eggs as any others. The man appealed from this, and the next court reversed the decision on the ground that such an order as the one in question tacitly implied hens' eggs, it being pointed out that if any other contention was allowed any kind of eggs might be sent, such as pigeons' canaries' or even snakes' eggs. That settled it.

In a case in a southern court this interesting question once came up: Are the grandchildren of a man also his children? In the legal sense this question is not so funny as it seems, inasmuch as it has been seriously contended not only in the United States, but in Great Britain as well, what they are.

Is skimmed milk milk? This point grew out of a case tried in Arkansas not very long ago. A man had asked at a dairy for a glass of milk to drink and was given skimmed milk, for which at the customer's complaint, the dairyman was fined. In a higher court, however, this decision was reversed, it being contended that skimmed milk was really much more milk than milk that was not skimmed, for the reason that the latter contained something that was not milk at all—viz, cream.

Some of the oddest points at law are those growing out of the tender passion. A judge in a western court was once called on to determine the hour at which evening courtship should cease. The circumstances were these:

A merchant had become much concerned at the late hour at which his daughter's lover lingered with her at the parental abode and so sought the aid of the law to expedite the young man's time of departure.

In delivering his decree the learned judge declared that 11 o'clock p. m. was the latest hour at which any young man, fiance or not, should be tolerated in the young woman's home and that after such hour the parents would be entirely justified in forcibly ejecting him.

A queer case once turned up in a New England town. A young man had embraced his sweetheart so vigorously that he seriously injured her ribs. If he suffered any mental anguish as the result of this contretemps, so likewise did he suffer in pocket, for as the result of an action brought against him by the young woman the youth was fined in the sum of $500 damages for the injury done the girl's ribs.

New England also affords this amusing case: A young Lothario of Maine during the course of his courtship was each evening hospitably entertained at supper by his sweetheart. Some time afterward, his ardor cooling, the young man sought other fields to conquer. Then what should the young woman do but sue the young man who had been so bountifully entertained for obtaining the suppers on false pretenses. And, what is more, she succeeded in getting a judgment.—Edwin Tarrisse in New York Tribune.

An Exception.

Little Joe—Say, papa, is it true that history repeats itself? Papa—So they say, my boy. Little Joe—Well, mine don't when I'm trying to learn it.—Exchange.

Men do less than they ought unless they do all that they can.—Carlyle.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

Wihelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

HE FED THE STAFF.

Fine Dinner For a Hungry Crowd on a Small Capital.

Years ago the late Senator E. W. Carmack was editor of the Nashville Democrat, a paper that had a precarious life and flickered out on Thanksgiving day.

When the staff came around on Thanksgiving afternoon Carmack met them with the announcement that the paper was dead and that they were all without jobs. This was sadder than it seems now, for the paper had not been paying salaries for some time.

"Boys," said Carmack, "it's all over. The sheet is dead. But we shall not want for a Thanksgiving day dinner. How much money have we?" A search of all pockets showed $4.70.

"Plenty," said Carmack. "Come with me."

They went to the best restaurant and sat down, and Carmack ordered a sumptuous dinner, with turkey and everything complete. After the dinner was over and the diners were smoking the best cigars the house had Carmack called the waiter in his grandest manner and said: "Boy, you have served us admirably. We are more than pleased. Here is a small sum to compensate you for your trouble and as a slight token of our gratification."

"Thank yo', boss," grinned the waiter; "thank yo'. But how about this yere check of $19.70 for that dinner you all just had?"

"Boy," exclaimed Carmack, "what is your status here? Are you a waiter or are you the financial manager of this concern?"

"'Deed, boss, I's only a waiter."

"Well, then," said Carmack, "don't trouble yourself about the financial affairs of the place. Leave that to the manager." And he stalked out, followed by the feasted staff.

But he paid when fortune smiled again.—Cleveland Leader.

Pet Animal Cemetery.

Paris has a pet animal cemetery where thousands of dogs, cats, parrots and other animals are buried. Many of the inscriptions on the monuments are affecting in the extreme. "O Sappho!" is recorded above the grave of a toy terrier. "If my soul cannot join yours, dear and noble friend, I do not wish for salvation without thee! I shall wish, like thee, to slumber forever in the sleep that knows no awaking."

Over the resting place of a King Charles spaniel one reads: "I shall regret thee eternally, dear little one. How empty henceforth shall my life be without thee, dear little bowwow!"

An Expert.

She—How can you be so sure that you are in love with me and with no one else? Even I wonder at times whether there is a possibility of absolute certainty in such matters. He—You lack experience and the confidence it begets. I've been in love forty times and know every symptom.—Detroit Free Press.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
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Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Manufacturers of Store, Bank, Office and Church fixtures.

Store fronts frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.

Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Imperfect Page Imperfect Page Imperfect Page

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

Charles E. Vasaly, of Little Falls, has been appointed as a member of the state board of control to succeed S. W. Leavett, by Gov. Johnson. Several years ago the writer and Mr. Vasaly were employed in the same printing office in Chicago, and it is has given us no small amount of pleasure to see Mr. Vasaly win success in all of his undertakings. He is a man of the highest integrity, and has always made good. We predict that he will make a most vauled member of the state board of control and that Gov. Johnson will never regret having made the appointment.

Germantown.

The farmers' Institute held here last Wednesday was quite well attended and was, we believe, of interest and value to all who were there. Many profitable lessons of especial interest to farmers who were taught such as; how to make one cow give as much milk as two, how to make an acre of land yield as much crop as it never did before, how to save two and half cents on the purchase price of a linen collar by buying two at the time and many other things. The Messrs. McLeran, Carlson and Stovik are able instructors along their lines and we only hope to see them here again on the same errand next year. At the close of the session it was decided to organize a farmers' club and Henry Roller was elected temporary president and John Philipp, temporary secretary. A meeting was to be held on Saturday to perfect the organization, but on account of rough weather only a few parties met and the meeting was postponed until April 4th at 1 P. M. when all who are interested are requested to be present, at the Vaughan store.

Henry Paulson, the new butter maker arrived last week and has entered his duties at the creamery.

The six weeks old child of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Myhre died last week and was buried on Wednesday.

The town father's placed an order with the salesman of the Austin-Westen Co. for a new road grader last week for delivery about May 15th. The machine ordered is a four or six horse outfit built on the same plan as the large reversible side-pushers and is said to be one the most useful light road machines on the market. The price paid is 125 dollars.

Martin Olson returned to Blackduck last week after spending a few days at home. He expects to be absent until about the first of July.

Dommer brothers sold at auction all of their stock and farm machinery Tuesday of this week, preparing to leaving for western North Dakota where Emil Dommer has filed on a homestead.

L. Bendickson has rented the John Dommer farm for this year.

The viewers on Marshall county ditch No. 20, better known as the Germantown ditch passed through here last week along the ditch route to assess benefits and damages. We were gratified on receiving the assurance of their best efforts toward the speedy completion of the work. It is expected that the ditch together with its latteral drains will be dug this summer or as much thereof as possible. The estimated cost of the whole project is placed at $180.800. This closes another inning in the drainage game, now it is the dredge to the bat with the tax collector on deck.

Whatever our views are on the matter it is the opinion of the geese that spring is here as a large flock of them sailed northward last week. At all events they will find pretty hard swimming on the Mud Lake as yet.

Rev. H. Bjornson conducts service in the Lutheran church April, 9th. (Good Friday) at 11 A. M.

Irene, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roller died early Sunday morning after an illness of about 10 days with a complication of diseases. She was about three years of age.

Does the Baby Thrive

If not, something must be wrong with its food. If the mother's milk doesn't nourish it, she needs *Scott's Emulsion.* It supplies the elements of fat required for the baby. If baby is not nourished by its artificial food, then it requires

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Half a teaspoonful three or four times a day in its bottle will have the desired effect. It seems to have a magical effect upon babies and children. A fifty-cent bottle will prove the truth of our statements.

[illegible] this advertisement, [illegible] in which it [illegible] Complete Hand Atlas [illegible] BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Weed Law Will Be Enforced.

The weed law will be enforced to the very letter. Such was the decision of the town board of Hallock Tuesday afternoon. There is a weed law on our statute books that is very strict and those who are not familiar with it would do well to look it up. For we understand that the town board of Hallock means business. Such being the case it behooves every land owner to study the weed law and govern themselves accordingly. This is an act on the part of the town board that is highly commendable, and will no doubt be taken up by other town boards of the county. When the people find that the weed law is really a law and not a dead letter, they will not be slow in having it enforced. Now that one town has started, we can be assured that other towns will follow. It will be the wisest move this country has ever made, and a move that will bring in more actual settlers than any other method we know of and at the same time raise the value of land at least five dollars per acre in this county.—Hallock News.

Special Services at Synod Church.

The Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod will have special services next Sunday evening, commencing at 8 o'clock p. m. An excellent program has been prepared and consists of a fine selection of musical numbers.

P. H. P. Rydning—a graduate of Lindeman's Conservatory of Music, Christiana, Norway: and also a pupil of Edv. Grieg, has been secured to give several selections on the pipe organ. Mrs. G. Halvorson will render Recitative and Aria: "With Vendure Clad" from "The Creation"—Hyde. This is one of the most celebrated, oratorio-soprano-arias written for sacred music. Mrs. O. F. Mellby will render "My Redeemer and My Lord"—from "The Golden Legend"—Longfellow-Buck. A violin solo with pipe organ accompaniment, "The Lost Chord," to be rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Bjorkhoel. The church choir will give "Den Store Hvide Flok"—by Edv. Grieg, and "Psalms of David, Nos. 24 and 111," music by Wennerberg, Grieg's "Landkjending" and Wennerberg's "Hor os Svea" will be given by a male octett.

AT THE BIJOU.

The Bijou forces itself to the front again this week presenting a bill of excellent order and the diversity of style makes it all the more attractive—There will be fun galore. The headliner this week is "The Actors Child," it is unnecessary to comment on the merit of this playlet. It is considered by critics everywhere to be the masterpiece of the season. The balance of the program is evenly balanced. Drama—"The High Diver," "The Actors Child." Comedy—"Boyhood Dreams" and "Dr. Wrights' Invention." Mrs. Huseth sings charmingly, "My Dream of the U. S. A." and Mr. M. Giller sings with great success "If You'll Walk With Me."

Up Tomorrow.

The bill locating the sixth state normal school at Cass Lake will be made a special order in the house tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. A. [illegible] Cass Lake is said to be in St. Paul working hard to secure the passage of the bill and it is said that money is being used to some of the doubtful legislators.

High School Base Ball Team.

—Frank Kratka, manager of the local high school baseball team, is making arrangements for a series of games with the teams of Fosston, McIntosh, Red Lake Falls, East Grand Forks and Crookston. The local team is going to be a strong one this year and is expected to win out in the coming contests.

The ladies of the Methodist church will hold an apron sale on Wednesday, April, 7th. The place of sale will be announced later. At six o'clock a fish supper will be served. Everybody

Important Meeting.

There is to be a meeting of the stockholders of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society tomorrow evening at the office of Daniel Shaw. The meeting is held for the purpose of electing a secretary and fixing dates for the county fair this year.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending March 27, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Dahl, John A.
J. I. Case Co.
Thompson, Henry
Peterson, Lucy
Mrs. Lee—Formally Mrs. A. C. Olson,
Hoon, L. W.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

They Had Will Power.

I was sitting one morning in a quiet corner at Monte Carlo when two elderly men sat down beside me. One was evidently a Scotchman, and the other, I gathered, was from Yorkshire. The former remarked, "I have just managed it." This, I discovered, meant a win of 20 francs. Their daily routine was to appear at the same roulette table at an early hour and play the lowest stake of 5 francs on even chances—that is, on black or red or on the odd or even numbers. They would lose and win and win and lose, but they remained calm and self contained and persevered until they had each 20 francs to the good. I observed them daily. Some mornings they scooped in the amount in twenty minutes, and at other times it was a tough struggle until luncheon time before they managed it. I never saw them fail once, and I learned that they had pursued the same plan for four months. One thing was clear—nothing could tempt them to go beyond the modest stake, and they had the will to stop when they won the stipulated amount. It was really one of the best illustrations of will power I have ever seen, for few, indeed, who enter the portals of the casino are able to resist the compelling atmosphere of the tables to play on if losing and to plunge if winning.—Chambers' Journal.

Family Jars.

Schoolmaster (to his wife)—My dear, I wish you would speak more carefully. You say that Henry Jones came to this town from Sunderland.

Wife—Yes.

Schoolmaster—Well, now, wouldn't it be better to say that he came from Sunderland to this town?

Wife—I don't see any difference in the two expressions.

Schoolmaster—But there is a difference, a rhetorical difference. You don't hear me make use of such awkward expressions. By the way, I have a letter from your father in my pocket.

Wife—But my father is not in your pocket. You mean you have in your pocket a letter from my father.

Schoolmaster—There you go with your little quibbles. You take a delight in harassing me. You are always taking up a thread and representing it as a rope.

Wife—Representing it to be rope, you mean.

Schoolmaster—For goodness' sake, be quiet. Never saw such a quarrelsome woman in my life.—London Scraps.

Pretty Slow.

Horace L. Moore was lieutenant colonel of the noted Nineteenth Kansas cavalry. He could lead men for a longer period without rest on a single ration of cheerful good humor than any other officer. Though not given to jokes, he was the reputed author of as many astonishers as the great Lincoln.

One time, on the march, he sent an orderly with a message to an officer at some distance. Before the man was out of hearing Moore shouted: "Hey, orderly! Come back here!"

He came galloping back, sitting limp ly in the saddle.

Moore dropped his voice and, assuming a half confidential manner, inquired, "Orderly, in the course of your life have you ever seen a snail?"

"Yes, sir," was the astonished reply.

"You met him, then," replied Moore, "for you'd never overtake one!"—Kansas City Journal.

THE ARMY DESERTER.

He Is a Marked Man, and His Chances of Escape Are Few.

"The most persistently trailed lawbreaker in the United States today is the deserter from the army," said a captain of the United States army.

"From the time he is found missing at the post where he is stationed until the inevitable hour when an officer of any of a dozen different federal and civic denominations lands him in custody he is a criminal, marked for punishment, and he is shrewd indeed if he escapes.

"Four-fifths of the deserters are foreign-born and professional army deserters with bad records left behind them in Europe. These men, as I understand it, deserted from armies in the old countries, came here in search of work, didn't get anything to suit them and joined our forces only to get tired and want to quit again. What they get in the end is a term in the guardhouse or in the national prison for bad soldiers.

"Beside the chances of an escaping soldier to get away from his punishment that of an ordinary jailbreaker, hounded by civil officers, is a bagatelle. In the first place, a soldier in or out of uniform is a soldier in habits and carriage, with the telltale step and mannerisms of the service. The lockstep of the state prison will wear away because it is only an incidental of prison life, and the convict doing time can do it more or less perfectly, according to his inclination or the watchfulness of the guard, but the whole life of the soldier is soldiering, and he can never get away from it.

"Now, turn a man so marked out in the world with a fifty dollar reward on his head, and send to every village postoffice, police station, constable, sheriff and United States marshal in the whole country his accurate description and a picture of him in two attitudes and you have placed him in the predicament of the deserting soldier and narrowed his chances to an infinitesimal bit of progress within fifty miles from the starting point without arrest."

The captain said that more money was probably spent by the government in advertising a deserter than the reward of $50 offered for his capture.—Washington Herald.

SIZING UP THE BABY.

Varying Views of the Different Members of the Family.

This is what the Browns had to say of the latest addition to the family:

The Mother—Oh, isn't he the cutest, grandest, handsomest, smartest little fellow in the whole world? Such eyes! Such features! Such shoulders! And hear him talk, will you? Why, he understands perfectly every word I say.

The Father—There's a boy for you! Smith will brag about that kid of his, will he? Well, you just wait until this youngster is a month old, and I'll take the conceit out of Smith!

Little Bobby—So that's what the stork brought, eh? Gee, the stork must have it in for this family!

Little Bella—Oh, ma, he's swallowed all his teeth, and all his hair's blowed off!

Bachelor Brother—I don't want to cause you folks any anxiety, but he's the smallest human being I ever saw outside of a dime museum. You want to feed him upon roast beef and porterhouse steak right away.

Uncle Jack (a dog fancier)—Is his nose cold? Hold him up by the back of his neck and we'll see if he's got any nerve.

Grandma—There you go, spoiling the child as soon as he has his eyes open! I suppose when he's a month old we shall all have to stand on our heads to amuse him! Give me that infant this instant before he has colic and dies!

The Family Cat—Well, that settles my hash! It's either hunt a new home or become a tailless feline inside of a month. Why, that kid's got a grip on him like a longshoreman's!

The Baby—Goo-goo! Goo-goo! Goo-goo-goo-goo! Or, in other words, I'll make it good and hot for this family about midnight!—St. Louis Republic.

His Name Was Sufficient.

San Malato, the famous Sicilian duelist, seemed to have stepped into our prosaic modern life straight from the pages of Brantome. His fame had done more than penetrate the four corners of Europe. It had reached his own home. Some misguided Sicilian bandits held up a coach one night and summoned its solitary traveler to come out. From the shadowy depths of the vehicle came two sharp sentences in a cold, staccato voice: "Spread out your cloaks. The mud must not spoil my boots when I descend." The cutthroats fled with the awe striking whisper of "San Malato" upon their quivering lips.—London Telegraph.

The Limit.

"What did the doctor say was the matter with you?"

"He said he didn't know."

"Well, what doctor are you going to next?"

"None. When a doctor dares to make such an admission as that he must be about as high in his profession as he can get."—London Mail.

Following Directions.

Mr. McHooney (slightly indisposed)—'Tis not enough av these pills yez get me, Norah. It says, begorry, "Take from two t' four iv'ry night," an', bad cess t' thim, Oi've took thim all, an' 'tis only quarter past 3.—Puck.

Remarkable.

"What was the most remarkable episode you ever witnessed?"

"Well, I once saw a woman close a street car door."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

In Hot Water.

"Typographical errors," said a writer, "are continually cropping up. I called for a magazine editor the other day to take him out to luncheon. As he was getting gratefully into his coat a man entered.

"'Do you read your magazine?' the man asked.

"'I do,' replied the editor.

"'Have you read the new number, the one that came out yesterday?'

"'I have.'

"'Have you read my poem, "To Gabrielle," on page 117?'

"'N-no.'

"'No! Well, in that poem I wrote the line, "I love you better than I love my life."'

"'A neat line—neat and well turned,' said the editor soothingly.

"'And one of the professional humorists of your composing room set it up to read, "I love you better than I love my wife."'

"'How—er'—

"'Than my wife—precisely that. And my wife knows nothing of composing room comedy, and she thinks the line was printed exactly as I wrote it.'"

China's Four Religions.

China has four state established religions, and in each the emperor exercises sacerdotal functions. Twice a year the emperor as "son of heaven" worships before the tablet of Shang Ti or supreme heaven in accordance with the ancient imperial monotheism. Twice a year he burns incense before the tablets *of his ancestors* in accordance with Confucianism. Twice a year he sacrifices to the gods of Taoism and twice a year to the image of Buddha. The ancient and primitive religion of China is monotheistic, but this direct worship was regarded as too sublime for the people, so that it became reserved for the emperor alone as the "son of heaven" and as priest of the nation. The people on their part worshiped their ancestors, and it was this ancestral religion which Confucius identified himself with and reformed. The old superstitions rejected by Confucius were absorbed by Taoism, which is polytheistic and the religion of the populace. Then Buddhism came into China about 65 A. D. and, like the other three religions, became state supported and state endowed.

Squeezed the Squeezers.

It is said that when Mr. Yerkes began to make money some of the banks from which he had borrowed thought to "squeeze" him by demanding instant repayment or a large consideration for further time. He was invited to call on one of these "bankers" and there met the others. Their demand was made, and their victim seemed at their mercy. They did not, however, know the resourcefulness of Mr. Yerkes, who retaliated by remarking:

"Well, I owe a lot to all the banks here, and I'll just publish a statement tomorrow in the papers, giving the full amounts and stating my inability to pay. This will make such a run on the banks that they will soon be as broke as I should, and therefore I shall not be the only sufferer."

The "squeezers" recognized the truth of this and so withdrew their demand. Mr. Yerkes, however, refused to withdraw his threat unless they lent him another $50,000. They did so.

Making an Acquaintance.

In illustration of the ways of the east side of London the following true story is told: A certain club for working girls in the east end of London had recently elected a new member, and one day the secretary happened to look out of the window and was surprised to see the new member rush up to a strange lad in the street, punch him violently on the head and then run away. The secretary remonstrated with her sharply, to which the new member made reply: "I'm very sorry. I won't do it no more if it's agin the rules, but perhaps you won't mind telling me, then, how am I ever to get engaged?"

Knew Their Ways.

Walter, aged seven, is a wise son who knows not only his own father, but his mother as well.

"Now, Walter," said the teacher, "if your father can do a piece of work in one hour and your mother could also do it in one hour, how long would it take both of them to do it?"

"Three hours," answered Walter, "counting the time they would waste in arguing about how it should be done."—Chicago News.

And He Probably Did.

"What can I do," roared the fiery orator, "when I see my country going to ruin, when I see our oppressors' hands at our throats, strangling us, and the black clouds of hopelessness obliterate the golden sun of prosperity? What, I ask—what can I do?"

"Sit down!" shouted the audience.—New York Times.

Exclusive.

Mabel—I seldom see the handsome young Mr. Richerly. He doesn't appear to care much for society. Ethel—Oh, I don't know! He seems to want my society about six evenings in the week.—Chicago Tribune.

Your Own Way.

"It takes a heap o' determination, son," said Uncle Eben, "to hav yuh own way in dis life an' a heap o' brains to know what to do wif it after you gits it."—Washington Star.

A Wireless Operator.

Uppson—You have a new baby at your house, I hear. Downing—Great guns! And we live four miles apart! I had no idea any one could hear him that distance.—Judge.

WEBSTER AND CHOATE.

The Latter a Rapid Fire Maxim, the Former a Thirteen Inch Gun.

"Probably no educational institution in our country has ever graduated two more eminent and eloquent lawyers than old Dartmouth college gave us in Daniel Webster and Rufus Choate," says a writer in Our Dumb Animals. "It was my privilege as a member of the Suffolk bar to attend many years ago the trial of one of the most important cases of the year in our supreme judicial court at Boston.

"On the two sides were arrayed some half a dozen of our most eminent lawyers. Daniel Webster and Rufus Choate, as it happened, were on the same side.

"A hostile witness was put on by the other side, some of whose evidence was of the utmost importance to Webster and Choate, if it could be obtained, and Choate undertook the task of obtaining it. No man at our bar had more profound skill in cross examination, and the questions he put to the witness were like the fire of a Maxim gun, but in every instance he failed to get the evidence he wanted and finally sat down in despair.

"Then Webster, who had been sitting in his great armchair, apparently about half asleep, as though taking no interest in the case whatever, slowly arose to his feet, put his great eyes on the hostile witness, asked him in the most serious tone a single question and brought instantly the required answer. Then as quietly he sat down and apparently went about half asleep again. It was a scene photographed on my mind, never to be forgotten.

"The difference between Webster and Choate cannot better be explained as it rests in my mind than to compare Choate to a Maxim gun raining bullets of eloquence wherever he chose, and Webster to a great gun that can send out a thirteen inch shell to penetrate an ironclad.

"It was wonderful to listen to Choate. I remember a case in which an ordinary lawyer would have simply said to the court that he moved a postponement of the case because witness So-and-so was sick, but in this case Choate arose and commenced by saying that his important witness was on a bed of sickness and perhaps a bed of death and so went whirling up almost to the skies on this simple motion, to the great interest of everybody that heard him.

"Our old chief justice, Judge Shaw, one of the greatest lawyers of his time, was a plain, practical man, and looked in his old age as he sat on the bench somewhat like a Chinese idol, and he used to frequently cut off Mr. Choate's eloquence by calling him back to the plain facts."

The Reconciliation.

The doctor was soon at the child's bedside. Remedies were administered; then the agonized pair watched the fight for life—skill and vitality on one side, fierce disease on the other. When at last the struggle ceased, the gray dawn of day was looking in at the window. Life had won. The child slept.

"She is all right now," said the doctor, shaking the man's hand, which had gripped his, and feeling his heart grow warm under the look of mute gratitude the woman turned upon him.

When he had gone the two stood side by side at the baby's crib, listening to her regular breathing. Then, with one accord, they turned and kissed each other. And in that kiss the icy barrier between them melted away.—Atlanta Constitution.

The French Guide Is a Public Pest.

Paris has produced a species which is the lowest embodiment of sentient being. It is the "guide." The guide is an evolutionary "throwback," a reversion to type. You must go deep into the muck heap whence the race has risen to find his prototype—back of the ape, back of the tiger, back of the snouting hog, though he partakes of the nature of all of these, to the dim ages when nameless troglodytes treaded in cold lethargy the primordial slime. Somewhere in that category belongs the Paris guide. Interminably these ghosts of dead decencies squeak and gibber in the streets of the city.—Collier's.

A Long Spell of Duty.

A Scotsman had come to London on his way to India and for a few days had time to amuse himself by sightseeing before his departure, says Oscar Ramsay in his "Reminiscences." He had been much struck with the appearance of the mounted sentinels of the horse guards, Whitehall, and bore them in remembrance during his eastern sojourn. On his return after a period of thirty years, on passing the horse guards, he looked up to one, and seeing him, as he thought, unchanged as to horse, position and accouterments, he exclaimed, "Od, freend, ye hae had a lang spell o't sin' I left."

Mutual Surprise.

They stood beneath the mistletoe.

She was justly resentful of what he had done.

"How dare you kiss me!" she exclaimed. "I never was so surprised in all my life!"

"Neither was I," he replied contritely. "I thought it was your younger sister."—Chicago Post.

Forbidden Fruit.

"Your luncheons are always so successful, Mrs. Penthyn Paget. Do tell me how you select your menus."

"Oh, you see, the doctor has given me a printed list of things I mustn't eat, and I choose the dishes from that."—Woman's Home Companion.

A kindness done to the good is never lost.—Plautus.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The Only Baking Powder
—made from
Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
—Made from Grapes—
A Guarantee of Pure,
Healthful, Delicious Food

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.07
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.63
Barley	50
Eggs	20c
Butter	20-25c

SATURDAY AT ZEH & CURRAN'S.

Lettuce
Green Onions
" Cucumbers
Ripe Tomatoes
" Strawberries
Celery

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Fr. Adolph was up to Benwood the first of the week.

John Sundahl received a new National automobile the first of the week.

County Commissioner C. A. Lindquist, of Bray, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. Blanchard returned to this city Tuesday from a trip to Thompson, N. D.

Louis Hanson left Tuesday on a trip to Roseau and other points on the Greenbush line.

The 25 per cent discount sale at the Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.'s store will close Saturday April 10th.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30; at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Quite a number of students from the Warren high school attended the Class play in this city last Saturday evening.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Aug. Brown next Wednesday afternoon, April 7th. All are invited.

Daniel Shaw was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending a meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod meet Sunday at 10:30, and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock services in Silverton. All welcome. I. T. Aastad.

Harold Higgins returned Thursday evening after spending the winter on his fathers claim near the Red Lakes. He is on his way to St. Vincent to spend the summer on a farm near that place.

Dr. Nowell, who has been attending the Chicago Veterinary college, returned to this city Tuesday morning. Mr. Nowell will again take up the practice of his profession in this city and will be found at the People's Drug Store.

Pat Roark spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Wanted—A second cook at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

T. P. Hamre was up on the Greenbush line Monday.

Dr. Owns was a caller up the Greenbush line Monday.

Robt. Thompson, of Lancaster, spent Sunday in this city.

The city schools are closed this week on account of spring vacation.

Lottie Greenley is spending her vacation with her parents at Viking.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Louis Iverson is spending the spring vacation of the high school with friends at Badger this week.

Edward Rankin is spending spring vacation of the local high school at Middle River this week.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Dora Clark, who is attending school in this city, is spending her vacation with her parents at Rollis.

Emil Evenson spent Sunday and Monday with his parents in this city, returning to his duties at Crookston Monday night.

Miss Olga Hultin came down from her school near Lancaster last Friday evening and is spending a few days with her parents in this city.

D. P. O'Neill, Thief River Falls' member of the third house in the state legislature, spent Sunday and Monday in the city visiting with his family.

A farewell reception was tendered Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Prichard Monday evening by the members of the Antlers Club. Remarks were made by a number of our citizens and Mr. Prichard responded. Lunch was served at 12 o'clock and the band furnished music for the occasion.

We wish to announce to the ladies of Thief River Falls and vicinity that our fine assortment of spring hats is on display this week and we are ready to fill your orders for Easter Bonnets. Our prices are reasonable and our stock is up-to-date. Thompson Sister, 217 Main Avenue.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the
BEST ON THE MARKET.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Ole Ibie was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Emil Sedlacek was down to Red Lake Falls the first of thv week.

M. O. Burns was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Chris Porter was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Robert McGinn was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Norby, of Liner, was in the city the first of the week.

Atty. Wilhelm Michelet was down to to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

See the beautiful scenery in "Rip Van Winkle" at the Opera House on Saturday April 3rd.

We want ten or fifteen regular customers to buy milk and eggs. Phone 199. M. Bothum.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

For Sale or Trade—A good moving picture machine complete. Write to C. W. Nelson, Anton, Minn.

The Presby. Ladies will meet at the home of Mrs. A. J. Marcee Friday afternoon. Every one invited.

Mrs. John Mortenson, of Grand Forks, is spending a portion of the week at the N. K. Nelson home in this city.

Walter Robbecke left last Monday for Seattle, Wash., where he expects to locate and make his future home.

Attorneys Mabey, Richardson, Michelet, Stanton and Halvorson were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

There will be services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Cordial invitation to all. H. Halvorson pastor.

Mrs. Carl Hermanson departed for Ada Monday night, called there by the sudden illness and death of her mother.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Fred Haug, who has been spending the past two weeks visiting friends in the city, returned to his duties at Minneapolis Sunday evening.

Lenten Services at the local church next Thursday evening at 7:30. The Lords supper will be administered in this service. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

A. E. Abraham left the first of the week for Lindstrom, Minn., to spend several weeks visiting a brother in the hopes of benefitting his health.

The Swedish Lutheran Ladies aid society will meet with Mrs. John Fellman next wednesday afternoon April 7th. and 3 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

A. J. Benzie has resigned his position with K. J. Taralseth Co. and left on Monday for Aberdeen, S. D., where he will become a traveling salesman for a wholesale dealer in confectionery.—Warren Register.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

Speaking of the productive soil down there a Kansas land agent says: "Not long ago a man threw half a link of bologna out the car window and when the train came back the next day it ran throu a pack of 150 dogs and killed a good many of them."

We cannot make any offers of 50 and 30 per cent discount for we sell honest goods at honest prices and guarantee better values for less money than any place in the city our guarantee is good for we are here to stay. City Drug & Jewelry store.

We often wonder how any person can be persuaded into taking anything but Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung trouble. Do not be fooled into accepting "own make" or other substitutes. The genuine contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkheel.

SATURDAY AT ZEH & CURRAN'S.

Lettuce
Green Onions
" Cucumbers
Ripe Tomatoes
" Strawberries.
Celery

Last week a Clay county man, who bought a fine farm on time ten years ago near Moorhead at $15 an acre, made the last payment on the place, which is one of the finest in the country, entirely out of his potato crops. The final payment was made from a check for $1,102 he had just received on one sale of potatoes at the rate of 75 cents a bushel.

SHOES and RUBBERS

At this time of the year it is very important to keep the feet dry, to avoid colds and sickness. We wish to inform you that we got the largest and best Shoes and Rubber stock in the city, which we offer at the lowest possible price.

Men's CRAWFORD fine shoes from	$3.00 to $5.00
Men's High Top leather shoes	$3.00 to $8.00
Boy's leather shoes, sizes 3-5	$1.75 to $3.00
Women's Shoes, Patents, Kids and Gun Metal	$2.50 to $4.00

Children's Shoes in all grades at the lowest prices.

We also have some job lots in shoes, that we are closing out at less than cost.

REMEMBER

—We handle only solid leather shoes of the BEST MAKES, and all we ask is, compare quality and prices, and you will buy your shoes from us.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

We have lately accepted the agency for the celebrated Iowa Dairy Separator. The Iowa is the best Separator on the market today. We offer them at a very low price. Let us show you the good points of the Iowa.

New Spring Goods Arriving Daily in all Departments.
Buy your goods from the old reliable, one price store

LANGSETH MERC. CO.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. G. Halvorson.

P. Moylan was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

We sell and deliver strictly fresh eggs at same prices as stores. Phone 199. M. Bothum.

Mrs. James E. Bulman visited with friends at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Misses Lucile and Evangline Borns visited with friends at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Albert Arntz, one the enterprising settlers of the town of Goodridge, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Slaytor, Iowa.

Before leaving for the west on Tuesday, W. W. Prichard tendered his resignation as a member of the city council. The vacancy will be filled at the next meeting of the council by appointment.

Foley's Honey and Tar is a safeguard against serious results from spring colds, which inflame the lungs and develop into pneumonia. Avoid counterfeits by insisting upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, which contains no harmful drugs. A. Bjerkhoel

THE
LYCEUM
THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY
WEDNESDAY
—AND—
SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY
City Orchestra
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PEREORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Mrs. Geo. Elder.

E. L. Quist was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

"Rip Van Winkle" at the opera house one night only, Sat. April 3rd.

George Jarman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

For Sale—Household furniture; in good condition. Inquire of S. W. Bagley.

Lars Favig was down from Erie the first of the week attending to business matters.

Charles Herbert Colson in a grand scenic production of "Rip Van Winkle," at the Opera House Saturday, April 3rd.

Mrs. A. C. Gudim, Mrs. Ole Olson and Miss Olga Sherberg, of Grand Forks, are in the city visiting Mrs. A. W. Lang.

A. L. Kjos, one of the enterprising young farmers of Reiner, was in the city the first of the week and made this office a pleasant call.

The ladies of St. Bernard's society will meet with Mrs. Gillick and Mrs. Bryant at the home of the latter, this afternoon. Every one cordially invited.

Services next Sunday, April, 4th. Zion congregation in the Kjosbo schoolhouse, 10:30 a. m. Thief River Falls, in the church east of the Soo depot 7:45 p. m. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Andrew Trovoten, the well known Town of North farmer, who has spent the winter in Southern Wisconsin, returned to this city last week. He says that there will be many people come to this section from Wisconsin this summer.

A grand scenic production of the greatest American play "Rip Van Winkle" will be presented at the Opera House one night only, Sat., April 3, with the eminent comedian, Charles Herbert Colson as "Rip" supported by a select company of players and the wonderful child artists, Baby Guilbert and Lucile Colson as Menia and Heindrick. The above attraction comes to us with the highest endorsement from the neighboring cities where they have presented this idol of the household.

May Run Boats on Red River.

Grand Forks is hopeful that a Winnipeg company will run boats between Grand Forks and Winnipeg. At present the river is navigated from Belmont to a point below Oslo. C. Sorenson of the Red River Transportation company believes it will be a fine thing for his company's business if the Winnipeg company operates boats, for the more the Red river is improved the better the traffic will be for all concerned.

The management of the Opera House take great pleasure in announcing the special engagement of the eminent Comedian Herbert Colson in the grand play of "Rip Van Winkle" which will be presented with special scenery and a select company for one night only, Sat. April 3. Mr. Colson needs no introduction to the patrons of the theatre in our city as he was a member of Mr. Jefferson's Company for several seasons and that fact alone is sufficient guarantee of the merits of this attraction.

Atempt to Redistrict.

At the meeting of the board of county commissoners held Tuesday, an attempt was made to redistrict the county into new commissioners districts. The only change that was made was that the towns divided by the Red Lake river were placed in the Third commissioner district which is at present represented by Commissioner Auble. The matter will at once be taken into the courts.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and [illegible]-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders C. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd. day of November, [illegible], and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd. day of December, [illegible], at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book [illegible] of Mortgages, on page [illegible], and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road,) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, and also

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N W.¼ S. E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15) in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Minnesota, all in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the [illegible] day of May, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and [illegible]-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March [illegible], A. D. 1909.

Ezra C Eshelby
Mortgagee

Paul W. Mabey,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota

Imperfect Page Imperfect Page

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

TEETH AS THEY GROW

The Way Nature Forms and Fixes Them In the Gums.

THEY ARE NOT MADE OF BONE.

Teeth Are Really Skin Structures, In Respect to Their Mode of Origin. The Variety of Form Which Adapts Them For Varying Uses.

Familiar to everybody as are the teeth, few persons, save those who have dipped into their history viewed from the scientific side, can form an adequate idea regarding their true nature. If the man in the street were asked to construct a classified list of his bodily belongings he would almost certainly place teeth in the section which included the bones. There appears reason for his choice. Teeth are hard and bonelike in structure, and they are fixed in the jaws. These facts would seem on the face of things to justify the inclusion of the teeth in the list of skeletal structures. This view of the teeth, however, is readily proved to be incorrect. We have only to appeal to nature's way of making a tooth—in other words, to study its development—to assure ourselves that *teeth are not bones at all*; but structures of a very different kind.

The first indication of tooth formation begins in very early life with the formation of a groove in the gum, or mucous membrane lining the mouth. This furrow is the birthplace of the teeth. From the groove arise as many little projections of the gum as there are to be teeth. Each projection we call a papilla.

Now, this little body contains a plentiful supply of blood vessels, destined to bring to it the raw material—blood—out of which not teeth alone, but all other organs, tissues and secretions, are manufactured. The papilla, besides, is composed of and particularly invested with living cells of special kind. These cells are to be regarded as the workmen which fabricate the tooth. The material specially required for tooth formation consists of compounds of lime associated with other substances.

Around the papilla and upon it, as on a mold, the hard material of the tooth is deposited. It is elaborated into a substance which, under the microscope, shows a special structure of its own, differing widely from that which is represented in bone. The great bulk of a tooth consists of ivory or dentine, as it is also called. This is a dense, hard substance which shows a texture composed of an infinite variety of microscopic tubules.

But at the crown of the tooth especially we meet with a layer of different kind and of still harder consistence. This is the enamel, which ranks as the hardest substance in the body. Its position on the crown of the tooth bears a relation to the resistance to wear and tear the tooth is intended to exhibit, the softer ivory being thus protected from the obvious results of the process of attrition. Thus on the papilla, as on a living mold, the tooth is formed, its substance coming to cover, as in an envelope, the little projection itself.

Long before the tooth, however, is completed the groove in the gum has become partitioned off into a series of sacs or compartments. The furrow itself becomes converted into a tube by the upward growth and union of its edges in the middle line. Then succeeds division into sacs, in each of which a papilla is present and in each of which a developing tooth is contained.

If the hard materials of the tooth be found around the papilla we discover thus that the tooth is a hollow and not a solid structure, for the pulp inside every tooth, a substance richly supplied with nerves and blood vessels, really represents the papilla of the early stages. The tooth's nourishment is thus duly provided for, since processes of the pulp pass into the minute tubules of the ivory and so contribute to the maintenance of the vitality of the organ.

When the tooth is completed within its sac, all that remains is for it to appear in the jaw, in which provision has been made for its fixation. A tooth "cuts" the gum when through upward pressure on the sac it bursts through its investment and takes the place nature has mapped out for it in the armamentarium of the mouth.

Now, in all this history there is no hint given us of any connection between bone formation and tooth development save indeed for the connection between the two structures in the jaw. The gum is the present tissue of the teeth, and the gum is simply the skin layer of the body folded inward at the mouth to form the lining membrane of that cavity, while it is continued onward, with variations in its organization, to form the lining of the digestive tubes as well. Teeth are therefore truly skin structures in respect of their mode of origin, which, after all, is the surest and indeed the only test of the nature of any living tissue or part.

By all odds the very longest tooth in the world is that of the narwhal which grows into a twisted ivory pole often exceeding six feet in length.—A. Wilson in Illustrated London News.

Same Man.

"There goes the most talked about [illegible] in this community."

"[illegible] surprise me. Who talks about [illegible]"

[illegible]—Chicago Tribune.

[illegible] an the

HE HATED LONG PRAYERS.

And Well He Might After His Agonizing Experience.

"It happened," said the colonel, "that there were two colored preachers inhabiting cells in the penitentiary at Frankfort at the same time. If I remember aright, both were sentenced for polygamy, but old Sam was a Methodist parson, while old Jake was of the Baptist faith. It seems that Sam had done something to greatly offend the warden, and the punishment decided on was an old fashioned lashing. Some weeks after the affair came off the Rev. Sam, whom I had known from boyhood, was telling me about it.

"'I didn't mind de whippin' so much, Mars Jack, of it hadn't been for de way old Jake acted. You see, de warden he said to me: "Sam, I's gwine to whip you and 'low de whippin' will do you a whole heap uv good. I's gwine to let old Jake pray fer you, and de blows will continue to fall on your black hide while Jake's pra'r is a-goin' on. When he comes to a final stop den de punishment will likewise end."

"'Land sakes, Mars Jack, I knowed it was all up wid me den, for dat ignorant old nigger never did know when it was time to get up off'n his knees! De fac' dat a po' human bein' was in distress wasn't gwine to make a bit uv difference wid him. Well, sir, it was jes' like I 'suspected it'd be. Dey brought me out, and old Jake, de old villun, started in, and as fast as he prayed de warden come down on me wid a whip dat cut like a knife. I never did want to hear a pra'r come to an end so bad in my life, but it weren't any use. Every time I thought he was mos' through old Jake took a fresh hold, and down come de licks harder'n ever. Shorely it seemed to me like he prayed a month, and, Mars Jack, I wants to tell you right now dat I am sot against long pra'rs for de rest uv my life.'"—Washington Post.

ROTTEN COTTON GLOVES.

The Origin of a One Time Popular Slang Phrase.

The origin of "rotten cotton gloves," a phrase which for some years belonged to the slang of England and America, is worth relating. At a time when John le Hay was playing at the Prince of Wales' he was "commanded" to give his ventriloquial performance at a birthday entertainment at Sandringham.

His two figures, the usual squeaky old lady and the usual rude old man, had been newly dressed for the occasion, that their clothes might not suffer too keenly by comparison with the rich surroundings. But when Mr. le Hay had placed them in position and was about to begin his "show" he found to his disgust that his costumer had forgotten to change the old man's dirty cotton gloves for a pair of new kids.

The tone of shabbiness this gave to the male figure was too conspicuous to be ignored by poor Mr. le Hay, and in an eternal half minute his quick wit found a way out of the trouble for him.

"A nice thing," remarked the male doll, looking around at the royal audience with alarm, "bringing me to a swell house like this in these terrible gloves!"

This caused so much amusement that the ventriloquist decided to make more of the "wheeze," and the badly behaved old gentleman's incessant grumble throughout the entertainment, "rotten cotton gloves," proved one of the chief successes of the evening.

The "line" was in all Mr. le Hay's subsequent performances in America as well as in England, and if, say, a man had had a bad deal in Wall street or in Throgmorton avenue it was the usual thing to say that he had a "rotten cotton deal."—London M. A. P.

A Bad Change.

While holding a term of court at Augusta once Judge Walton sentenced a man to seven years in prison for a grave crime. The respondent's counsel asked for a mitigation of the sentence on the ground that the prisoner's health was very poor. "Your honor," said he, "I am satisfied that my client cannot live out half that term, and I beg of you to change the sentence." "Well, under those circumstances," said the judge, "I will change the sentence. I will make it for life instead of seven years." It is almost needless to add that the respondent chose to abide by the original sentence, which the judge permitted him to elect.—Argonaut.

Fine Old Spanish Emeralds.

"Fine old Spanish emeralds" is a phrase which means something quite different from what it seems to imply. There never was an emerald mined in Spain, but after the conquest of Peru the conquerors brought home great quantities of loot, of which emeralds formed an important part. In this way the finest emeralds came into possession of the old Spanish families, and as very few had been seen in Europe previous to that time all the best stones soon became classed as fine old Spanish emeralds. Today the expression still applies to the best emeralds of any source.

Japanese Justice.

When a dog barks at night in Japan the owner is arrested and sentenced to work a year for the neighbors that were disturbed. The dog gets off easier, being simply killed.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Happy are the miseries that end in [illegible]—German Proverb.

Ole C. Brenna, Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls
Phone No. 118.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. Robbecke, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

A HARD TASKMASTER.

Agassiz Forced His Pupils to Find Out For Themselves.

When I sat me down before my tin pan Agassiz brought me a small fish placing it before me with the rather stern requirement that I should study it, but should on no account talk to any one concerning it or read anything concerning fishes until I had his permission so to do. To my inquiry, "What shall I do?" he said in effect: "Find out what you can without damaging the specimen. When I think that you have done the work I will question you." In the course of an hour I thought I had compassed that fish. But Agassiz, though always within call, concerned himself no further with me that day nor the next nor for a week. At first this neglect was distressing. But I saw that it was a game, for he was, as I discerned rather than saw, covertly watching me. So I set my wits to work upon the thing and in the course of a hundred hours or so thought I had done much, a hundred times as much as seemed possible at the start. I felt full of the subject and probably expressed it in my bearing. As for words about it then, there were none from my master, except his cheery "Good morning." At length on the seventh day came the question, "Well?" and my disgorge of learning to him as he sat on the edge of my table, puffing his cigar. At the end of the hour's telling he swung off and away, saying, "That is not right."

I went at the task anew, discarded my first notes, and in another week of ten hours a day labor I had results which astonished myself and satisfied him. Still there was no trace of praise in words or manner. He signified that it would do by placing before me about a half a peck of bones, telling me to see what I could make of them, with no further directions to guide me. Two months or more went to this task, with no other help than an occasional looking over my grouping with the stereotyped remark, "That is not right." Finally the task was done, and I was again set upon alcoholic specimens.—"Autobiography of Professor Shaler" in Atlantic.

Hamm's Beer
not only tastes good and looks good, but is good.
"Leads Them All"
Hamm's Beer
Call For It
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL.

The Peoples Drug Store
ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.
DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.
Prescription Work a Specialty.
PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER.
$1.00 PER YEAR

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 23rd, 1904, made H. E. No. 160, Serial, No. [illegible], for NE¼, Section 20, Township 151 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " " "
Tollef S. Holum, " " "
Hans G. Hanson, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE. Register.
mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June, 23rd, 1904, made H. E. No. 191, Serial, No. 0161, for NW¼, Section 20, Township 151, N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U.S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " " "
Ole L. Ottum, " " "
Halvor Fodstad, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE. Register.
mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of one certain interest coupon note for the sum of twenty-five and eighty one-hundredths dollars, due October first, 1908, upon the principal sum of the mortgage debt and in the payment of the further sum of nine and forty-one one-hundredths dollars interest due upon said interest coupon note and the principal sum of the mortgage debt from October first, 1908, which said defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John L. Higgins and Carrie M. Higgins his wife, to the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company (a corporation) bearing date the first day of June, A. D., 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the fourth day of June, 1906, at five minutes past nine o'clock a. m., of said day, in book eleven of mortgages, on page one hundred and sixty-four thereof.

Said mortgage provides, that should default be made in the payment of any sum of money or interest, or in any part thereof, when the same shall become due, then in either or any such case the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage could at its election declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable and sell the mortgaged premises at public vendue to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest, including the expenses of foreclosure sale and attorney's fees.

That the said Mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage due on account of said defaults.

That no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the remaining debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

That there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice for principal in interest the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and twenty-one one-hundredths dollars.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township one-hundred and fifty-three, range forty-two, which said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the second (2nd) day of April, A. D., 1909, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated February 10th, 1909.

The Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co. Mortgagee.

E. M. Stanton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, feb.18-apr 1
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

BY NEW PROCESS

Lumber Waste Used in Manufacture of Wood Pulp.

SPENT YEARS EXPERIMENTING

Discovery Made by Professor at State University.

One of the most significant industrial discoveries of recent years has just been acknowledged by Dean George B. Frankforter of the college of chemistry of the University of Minnesota. It means, say experts, that the United States will produce a hundred times as much wood pulp paper as was believed possible. It means that every cord of fir lumber will yield $10 profit on by-products alone and that the greater part of the 60 per cent of a tree now wasted will be turned into dollars and cents. It means huge plants and new industries.

C. A. Smith of the C. A. Smith Timber company is almost the sole sharer with Dr. Frankforter of the process. So convinced is he of the enormous commercial value of the discovery that an experimental plant will be constructed this summer in the West, to be followed immediately by the building of a mammoth plant.

The processes are already patented, two final patents having just been granted. After the experimental plant is in operation it is probable that a large company will be formed, but there is no stock for sale.

Dr. Frankforter has experimented on these processes for twelve years. The perfected process consists of taking small pieces of waste wood or sawdust, laying it on a steel incline over a furnace and subjecting it to a chemical process of distillation. Carbon disulphide, or gasoline, is poured over the sawdust, dissolving the turpentine and resin, which pass off as gases into a coil of pipes leading to a tank.

Similar to Sugar Process.

The process is similar to the distillation of sugar. Wood pulp remains, free from pitch, and eminently suitable for the manufacture of paper. The existing methods of distillation left the pulp in the form of charcoal. Dr. Frankforter extracted from one cord of Norway pine, worth $7.50, turpentine worth $41.60 and wood pulp worth $39, or a yield of $80 from $7.50 worth of raw material.

The story of the discovery reads like a story book. Walking one day in 1890 through the pine woods of the northern part of Minnesota Dr. Frankforter noted an old stump which gave out an odor strangely unlike that of the ordinary turpentine. He took a sample back to the university, showed it to a friend in the faculty who happened also to be a friend of Weyerhaeuser, and mentioned his desire to experiment further. Within a week a milk can filled with the pitch of the Norway pine—for it was that that he had taken home—was sent him. He set to work. The then known process of distillation consisted in boiling the wood until the pitch was separated and the wood left as charcoal. Neither of these substances had much commercial value. He then happened upon the present process. Later he erected a small experimental plant near his home and capitalists, interested, came to his assistance. The discovery of the process of making wood pulp came like a flash.

The experimental plant to be constructed this summer is not to determine the value of the processes. That is settled. It is only to ascertain how a larger plant should be built.

BEGINS SERVING SENTENCE

Sherman Smith, Mill City Politician, Goes to Jail.

Sherman Smith of Minneapolis, former member of the state legislature and well known Hennepin county politician, who was sentenced by Judge Page Morris about a year ago to serve three months in the Ramsey county jail for contempt of court, walked into United States Marshal W. H. Grimshaw's office at St. Paul and announced his desire to begin serving his sentence. His commitment papers were at once made out and Mr. Smith went to the jail unaccompanied.

Although Mr. Smith was sentenced on the technical charge of contempt of court the actual charge was based on an accusation that Mr. Smith had attempted to "fix" a juror in the Wood brothers' trial on charges of violating the federal statute relative to the bucketshop business.

Couple Injured by Auto.

J. W. Meyers and his wife, while out driving at St. Paul, were mowed down by an automobile driven by M. Clow of Minneapolis and seriously injured about their heads and faces, besides sustaining numerous body bruises. They were taken to the city hospital, where their injuries were dressed. The chauffeur was permitted to go home by the policeman.

Aged Man Killed by Fall.

Attempting to totter down the stairway after escaping from his bed, where he had been held a prisoner for many days because of illness, Edmond Manger of St. Paul, eighty-six years old, stumbled on the top step and, pitching headlong, fell the entire distance to the first floor, crushing his skull against a post. Death was instantaneous.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

DR. CARL JENTZEN DEAD

One of the Leading Bankers of Stockholm Passes Away, Leaving a Large Fortune—Deceased for a Number of Years Was a Successful Physician, but Later Embarked in the Banking Business—Graduated from Upsala University in 1862—Born in Stockholm in 1835.

SWEDEN.

Dr. Carl Martin Jentzen, one of Stockholm's leading bankers, died at his home in Stockholm during the early part of this month. He was for a number of years a successful physician, but afterwards went into the banking business, in which he made *a splendid success*. He leaves a large fortune and has on several occasions donated large sums of money to the poor of Stockholm. He was born in Stockholm in 1835 and was graduated from the medical department at the Upsala university in 1862. He was married to a daughter of C. G. Cervin, a prominent Stockholm banker, with whom he was afterwards associated in the banking business.

One of Sweden's best known authors, Gustaf Geijerstam, is dead aged fifty years. He has during the past few years been considered one of Sweden's most prolific writers and as a modern novelist he occupied a prominent place. Geijerstam was born in Hed, Vestmanland, became a student at Upsala university and in 1879 he became a candidate for the degree of doctor of philosophy. Among his most popular works is "The Book About Little Brother," "Woman's Power," and also a play entitled "Per Olson and His Wife," which had a popular run at all the Stockholm theaters.

For the great international tuberculosis congress, which will be held in Stockholm July 8-10, a guarantee fund of $10,000 has already been raised. The riksdag will contribute $10,000 and the city council of Stockholm will contribute at least $5,000. Great preparations are under way for giving the visiting delegates a rousing reception and thousands of visitors from foreign lands will on this occasion visit the "Queen of the Baltic."

The bill which was introduced in the riksdag some time ago to do away with capital punishment met a singular defeat the other day in both the first and second chambers. Professor Thyren, in a brilliant speech, sounded the death knell of the bill and it was voted down with a tremendous majority. A number of years will surely elapse before an attempt will be made to do away with capital punishment in Sweden.

Prince William's villa, which is under course of construction at Furusund, will be exceedingly simple in every point. It will be built strictly for comfort and the ornamental features of the building will not be at all conspicuous. The villa will not be completed until about a year from now, but the prince and princess will spend a part of the summer there this season.

Dowager Queen Sofia, who during the last few months has been in ill-health, has been advised by her physicians to make a change of climate. She will leave for Wiesbaden next week and will remain there for an indefinite period. The good old queen has mourned King Oscar deeply and her health has been steadily failing since his death.

The Swedish newspapers have had not a little to say lately regarding Ex-President Roosevelt's hunting trip to Africa and there is a great deal of interest expressed from all sides. The people of Sweden admire the famous American and the newspapers will be sure to publish every available scrap of news regarding his experiences in the African jungles.

Wireless telegraphic communication between Gotland and Stockholm has now been established and will be in full operation within a few days. Captain Dahlgren and Commander Ekelund are the experts who have charge of the erection of the wireless telegraph station in Gotland. They will erect another station in the near future at Farosund.

C. Lundquist, one of Stockholm's well known policemen, who has been connected with the Stockholm police force during the past twenty-five years, committed suicide the other day by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. The tragedy occurred at his home on Kardaamakare street. He leaves a wife and two children.

The unlucky steamer "Gota III," plying on the Gotha canal between Stockholm and Gothenburg, has been sold to a steamship company in Vermland for [illegible] crowns. The steamer will undergo thorough repairs and will be rechristened and will during the coming season run between [illegible] and [illegible].

The consular department reports the appointment of [illegible] as vice consul in St. Paul. Gustaf [illegible] has been recognized as German [illegible] in Hernosand and [illegible] Dahl has been appointed Brazilian consul in Karlsham.

The Tingstad-Gothenburg railroad was [illegible] for general traffic March 1, and the traffic from the start has been exceedingly heavy. The country through which this road passes is an excellent farming country and excels in potato culture.

The Gothenburg high school has received a donation of 100,000 crowns from Erik Wilk, a wealthy philanthropist of that city, who has during the past ten years made many donations of note to charity institutions of that city.

Lieutenant E. Linder of the royal guards has been appointed military attache at the Swedish legation in London. Linder has during the past three years served in the same capacity at the Swedish legation in Paris.

"The Throne, the Altar and the Pocketbook" is the name of a dissertation published recently by the well known Professor Knut Wicksell. The professor will also deliver a series of lectures on this topic.

Dr. Sven Hedin has received so many honorary titles and medals that it will be a difficult thing for him to keep track of them all. He received his last title from Oxford university.

NORWAY.

Says a Norwegian correspondent: "The German geographical journal 'Globus,' challenged Dr. Sven Hedin's claim to be the first one to discover the transhimalaya mountain chain and points out that the Ryder-Gartokuko boundary *commission's maps*, published in 1904, indicates their existence plainly and that it has been mentioned in German and English newspapers many years ago." Dr. I. G. Longstaff declares in the aforementioned journal that the transhimalaya chain was known fifty years ago and that Brian Hodgson's map, published at that time, named it the "Nyenchen Thangla chain." Dr. Hedin has not been heard from as yet, but it is likely that he will have some interesting facts to bring forth for the edification of the aforementioned journal.

Mathiesen, Johansen and Andersen, the champion skaters, who returned from Helsingfors the other day, were accorded a most enthusiastic reception in Christiania. They were met at the dock by a large military band, thousands of people fell in the line of march up town and several speeches were delivered in their honor. In the evening a banquet was given in their honor, which was attended by several hundred people. Never before in the history of the city have the people taken such an apparent interest in home-returning sportsmen as on this occasion.

The military committee declares that the funds for fortification set aside by the storthing should be distributed all over the country instead of at Christiania, as the case has been hitherto. It is, therefore, suggested by the committee that certain sums be set aside for the fortification of all the leading harbors in the country and this will furnish work for hundreds of men during the coming spring and summer season.

There is a movement on foot among Norwegian-Americans to collect a sum of $50,000 as a gift to the University of Christiania. A large number of Norwegians from all sections of the United States have contributed large sums of money already and committees have been appointed to solicit funds in all the large towns and cities where there are Norwegians in the United States.

A large sanatorium will be erected during the summer on Holmenkollen for the purpose of treating all chronic and organic blood diseases. Dr. E. Moinischen will be the superintendent and leading physician. It will in the beginning only offer accommodations to fifty patients.

The government will spend 340,000 crowns for the rebuilding of the Stavanger station this summer. Work on the new station will commence during the early part of May.

The Haugesund Dramatic club gave its third annual performance at the Bergens theater about two weeks ago. There was an unusually large audience in attendance.

According to latest statistics Christiania has at present 235,000 inhabitants. There has only been a small increase in population during the past year.

A Norwegian-Icelandic mercantile company has been organized in Bergen with a capital of 200,000 crowns.

DENMARK.

The following dispatch from Copenhagen of recent date throws an interesting light on the Icelandic question: "King Fredrik has summoned the political leaders of Iceland to this city to discuss the constitutional relations of their country to Denmark, a serious situation having developed owing to the bitter opposition roused in the Icelandic parliament to the proposals made by the commission appointed to deal with the subject. Hannes Hafstein, who sided with the commission, recently was compelled to resign his position as Danish minister for Iceland and head of the administration and was succeeded by Bjorn Jonsson. The latter, who is a well known emancipationist, demands the complete independence of Iceland. This is looked upon here as a slap in the face of the Danish king, whose prerogative it has been to appoint the Icelandic minister. Public opinion in Denmark is strongly against tolerating any further opposition from Iceland."

The people of Denmark are taking a deep interest in the proposition for the national defense, recently submitted to the rigsdag by the commission for the national defense. An appropriation of 41,000,000 crowns is called for and Copenhagen is to be fortified, both along the sea front and on the interior, or land side. At present the city is quite unprotected.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Frank L. Vanderlip, president of the National City bank of New York, broke all American railroad records in an effort to reach the bedside of his dying mother at Chicago. He lost the race by twenty-eight minutes. Mr. Vanderlip in a special train covered the distance from New York to Englewood, a suburb of Chicago, in 15 hours and 58 minutes.

Standing on the bridge of the steamship Hamburg and acknowledging the enthusiastic cheering of thousands of persons who had assembled to bid him goodbye Theodore Roosevelt sailed for Africa on March 23. He was smiling happily and showed unmistakably his pleasure at the warmth of the demonstration accorded him.

Ferdinand Pinney Earle, artist, poet and foremost exponent of the "affinity" idea, has been served with papers in an action brought by Mrs. Earle, formerly Miss Julia Kuttner of New York city, for annulment of their marriage.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

After hours of bitter wrangling the Democratic members of the house of representatives, in caucus, by an overwhelming vote repudiated the Democratic supporters of the Fitzgerald *amendments to the rules* which were adopted at the opening of the special session of congress over the opposition of Minority Leader Clark.

In order to expedite discussion of the tariff bill in the house unanimous consent was given that the sessions hereafter shall begin at 10 a. m. instead of 11, that a recess should be taken at 6 and that, resuming at 8 o'clock, the sessions should continue until 10:30 p. m. each day.

The monotony of the tariff debate in the house of representatives was relieved for a time by a clash between Messrs. Fordney of Michigan and Byrd of Mississippi, which came near ending in blows.

LABOR NEWS.

Reaffirming the demands already presented to the operators the anthracite miners, in convention at Scranton, Pa., voted to remain at work after April 1, allowing the district executive boards of the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania to continue their efforts to get an agreement satisfactory to the men. The miners were instructed by the convention to continue at work until such time as they are otherwise notified by the official representatives of the three anthracite districts and the executive boards were instructed to negotiate an agreement upon such basis as the boards in their judgment believe the conditions warrant.

The Republic Iron and Steel company has announced a cut of 10 per cent in wages. The cut affects about 12,000 men.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Frederic H. Richardson, wanted in Elmira, N. Y., for the alleged obtaining of $300,000 on false pretenses and who has been fighting extradition in Chicago, committed suicide when caught by the police in Harrisburg, Pa.

Eight inches of wet, clinging snow, following several hours of steady rain, did damage in Denver estimated at from $200,000 to $300,000 and cut off all communication with the outside world.

More than 10,000 aliens arrived in New York in one day recently.

Kentucky's anti-racing law has been declared unconstitutional.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 29.—Wheat—May, $1.15⅝@1.15¾; July, $1.16⅛@1.16⅜. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.18⅛@1.18⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.17⅛@1.17⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.15⅛@1.15⅜; No. 3 Northern, $1.11⅛@1.13⅛.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, March 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.75@6.50. Hogs—$6.50@6.85. Sheep—Wethers, $5.50@5.75; yearlings, $6.00@6.85; lambs, $7.25@7.65.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.17⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.16⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.14⅜; May, $1.15⅜; July, $1.16⅛; Sept., $1.03½. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.65½; May, $1.64½; July, $1.64½; Sept., $1.41; Oct., $1.36½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, March 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.60@5.10; Texas steers, $4.40@5.50; Western steers, $4.00@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.90@5.60; calves, $5.75@8.00. Hogs—Light, $6.55@7.00; mixed, $6.70@7.10; heavy, $6.75@7.15; rough, $6.75@6.90; good to choice heavy, $6.90@7.15; pigs, $5.60@6.55. Sheep, $3.60@6.15; yearlings, $6.20@7.25; lambs, $5.75@5.10.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 29.—Wheat—May, $1.19¾; July, $1.06⅛; Sept., $1.00⅜; Dec., $1.00⅜. Corn—March, 65⅛c; May, 66⅜@66⅝c; July, 66c; Sept., 66⅛@65⅞c; Dec., 57⅞@57⅝c. Oats—May, 54⅛c; July, 47⅜c; Sept., 39⅜c. Pork—May, $17.92½; July, $17.92½; Sept., $17.92½. Butter—Creameries, [illegible]@29⅛c; dairies, 20½@25⅛c. Eggs—19@20c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens and springs, 15c.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

After the blizzard of Jan. 28 John Harding, a farmer near Comfrey, missed two ducks from his barnyard. Presuming they had perished in the storm the matter was forgotten. A few days ago as a team and carriage were leaving the yard one wheel broke through a snowdrift, dropping into a hole. The rig went on, but a member of the family investigated and found a live duck, one of the two that disappeared on the night of Jan. 28. It had been entombed fifty-one days.

Saloonkeepers who moved to the village of Benning when Sandstone voted "dry" will have to move again, according to an opinion given by Attorney General Simpson. The law requires that when a municipality votes against saloons no licenses may be issued within half a mile of its limits. Benning adjoins Sandstone and the Sandstone liquor dispensers who thought they would go just over the line and keep their trade must think *again*.

William Baxter, the Minneapolis private detective who was arrested in December under several indictments charging him with extortion in various forms, has been released from jail under $400 cash bail and it is not thought that any of the untried charges against him will ever be prosecuted. On his first trial, charged with extorting money from a saloonkeeper whom he caught selling after hours, Baxter was acquitted by the jury.

F. L. Washburn, state entomologist, has received advices from Washington deputizing him as representative of the department of agriculture to examine all imported nursery stock in an effort to prevent the introduction into Minnesota of the brown tail moth, about the danger from which the department is greatly alarmed.

Edwin Bowman of Osakis has received a letter from attorneys at Coburn, Can., informing him that by the death of a cousin of his father the Bowman estate at Osakis becomes heir to property valued at between $200,000 and $300,000.

W. P. Davidson of St. Paul has purchased 70,000 acres of farming land southwest of Winnipeg, Man., for $800,000.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Mrs. C. A. Van Anda, eighty years old, is dead at Minneapolis from the effects of inhaling smoke in a fire when she sacrificed her life in an attempt to rescue her grandchild, Alice Brandenbury, three years old. The fire was in the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. T. Brandenbury. The heroic effort of the aged woman, firemen say, made possible the rescue of herself and the child from the burning home and saved the life of the little girl, who has fully recovered from the effects of the smoke.

An examination of the accounts of Peter W. Ehr, treasurer of Carlton county, made by M. F. Kain, assistant public examiner for the state, disclosed a shortage in the cash accounts of $3,852.95. Ehr has resigned as treasurer and the county board installed William Gallagher of Carlton in the office. The bondsmen of Mr. Ehr held a meeting and agreed to make good the shortage.

William O. Freeland, a man who loved his home, starved himself to death at St. Barnabas hospital, Minneapolis, according to the death certificate issued by the attending physician, because his illness kept him from the place he loved best in the world. He was fifty-eight years of age.

Edwin Hallum, son of a farmer residing ten miles southwest of Rushford, went into the timber to chop wood. Not returning for dinner his people made a search and found him dead, apparently a victim of heart failure. He was eighteen years of age.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Dr. E. F. Horst, a pioneer St. Paul physician, died suddenly from the effects of chloroform. Coroner Miller decided that the man's death was the result of an accident. Dr. Horst suffered from neuralgia many years and he was in the habit of taking chloroform to relieve the pain. While sitting on a couch in his room it is supposed that he was using the drug when he was attacked with convulsions. The bottle fell from his hand and the contents were spilled on the pillow. He inhaled a considerable quantity of the drug and died from an overdose.

Peter Rengel, a prominent business man of St. Cloud, is dead after a lingering illness of consumption. He was the last of six children of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Rengel of that city, the other five having died within the last three years.

Mrs. Caleb D. Dorr, a pioneer of early St. Anthony, died at Minneapolis after a short illness. She was in her eighty-first year and had she lived until May 1 would have completed a sixty-year residence in Minneapolis.

Dr. George R. Patton, a prominent physician of Lake City, is dead. He was eighty years of age and a native of Cincinnati, O., where he was a practicing physician for many years.

Barnard Batch, one of the earliest settlers of Minnesota, is dead [illegible]

RIVERS ARE ON A RAMPAGE

Bottom Lands Around New Ulm Flooded.

The Minnesota and Cottonwood rivers are on a rampage. They are flooding the bottom lands around New Ulm and are within a few inches of the high water mark of last June, when hundreds of thousands of dollars' damage was done to crops.

The ice in the Cottonwood river formed an ice gorge from its mouth near the Minnesota river up to the Bentzin dam and the flouring mill at that point and the steel and concrete bridge were threatened with destruction by an immense volume of water. The huge ice floes damaged the mill dam and the iron railing of the bridge.

The city authorities dynamited the ice gorge near the mouth of the Cottonwood and the outrush of water caused the Minnesota to back water and a rise of four feet within twenty-four hours was recorded.

All travel from the Nicollet county side has been interrupted. The approaches of the three bridges are flooded more than five feet deep and both rivers still are rising, although there has been a slow thaw and no rainfall. Many feet of snow still is piled up in the timber lands and ravines. Unless the waters recede shortly farmers will suffer even greater damage than last year.

JAMES M'MILLAN IS DEAD

Prominent Business Man of Minneapolis Passes Away.

James McMillan, one of the most prominent business men of Minneapolis and head of the McMillan Fur and Wool company, with headquarters in the Mill City and branches in St. Louis, Mo., and Winnipeg, Man., is dead at Minneapolis. Mr. McMillan, who was fifty-three years of age, had been ill for about six weeks.

In the summer of 1873 Mr. McMillan reached Minneapolis and entered the employ of his uncle, Paris Gibson, who then operated the North Star woolen mills. Four years later, in 1877, he founded the firm of James McMillan & Co. and in 1898 the business was incorporated as the McMillan Fur and Wool company.

The name McMillan, through the intervening years, has become widely known the country over, particularly in the Northwest, as the business, from its nature, reached not only to Western cities and towns but into the more remote parts of the newer Northwest country in the United States and in Canada. Mr. McMillan was considered one of the most aggressive men and a leader in his line.

NELSON FOUND NOT GUILTY

Beltrami County Man Acquitted of Murder Charge.

After being out practically twenty-nine hours the jury in the Nelson murder case at Bemidji brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Nelson was greatly pleased with the verdict and thanked each individual member of the jury, as well as the judge and his attorney. There is a general feeling of satisfaction at the verdict, as the evidence against Nelson was circumstantial and he has always borne a good reputation, being a pioneer resident of the county and owner of considerable valuable real estate. Fuller, the man killed and for whose death Nelson stood trial, had the reputation of being a bad man.

DR. VAN DAMME CONVICTED

Minneapolis Physician Found Guilty of Malpractice.

Dr. W. C. Van Damme, charged with malpractice, was found guilty by a jury at Minneapolis. The physician was accused of attending Mary Lee at child birth and carrying the baby away in a suit case. The infant was left in a saloon four hours and when found was alive and well.

The defense maintained that Dr. Van Damme had done nothing illegal and that he took the baby from the house to prevent its mother's sister from killing it.

WHITE CLOUD'S SON DEAD

Clergyman Now in Line as Chief of the Chippewas.

William Wright, son of the late venerable Chief White Cloud, died at White Earth of active pneumonia. He succeeded his father as chief, who was at the time of his death reigning head chief of the White Earth Chippewas.

Rev. Charles Wright, an elder brother, who is an Episcopal clergyman at Leech Lake, is next in line of succession and will probably be appointed to the vacant chieftainship.

AGED WOMAN ENDS HER LIFE

Son Becomes Violently Insane on Discovering Body.

Mrs. Paulson, seventy-five years of age, living with her son, Paul Paulson, in the town of Hegbert, Swift county, committed suicide by hanging herself in the woodshed. She was discovered by her son, who was so overcome that his mind gave way and he became so violently insane that he was taken to the hospital at Fergus Falls.

Minneapolis Lumberman Dead.

Rob W. Turnbull of Minneapolis, for several years president of the Rowland Lumber company, operating in Norfolk and Bowden, N. C., died [illegible] Bowden of he[illegible] failure. Th[illegible] as shipped [illegible]

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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CAUGHT IN THE WINDUP.

A fellow we heard of the other day justified the careless and even filthy handling of the cream which he brought to the co-operative concern in which he was interested by saying that he got just as much per inch for his dirty product as other patrons did for that which was clean and did not waste as much time fussing as they. On the surface of things his statement was correct, as the average creamery does not pay its patrons on the basis of quality but quantity of butter fat only. However, at the next stage of the game a different state of affairs prevails. When the butter from this creamery is shipped to any city which pretends to be a butter market the product is not only weighed but tested by a butter expert, who can spot butter made from tainted cream just as quick as said filthy farmer could a rotten egg in a breakfast omelet. Such a consignment of butter—at least all that made from a given vat of cream—would be tainted with one bad mess of cream, and as a result the price would be docked several cents per pound. The upshot is that when the check for such a consignment is sent back to the creamery manager it is dollars less than it ought to be, the filthy patron and every other decent patron of the concern sharing alike in the loss. The only way out of this situation is for the buttermaker to keep a close eye and a still closer nose on the product of the dirty patron and refuse it when it is not above reproach.

A ROYAL COMPANY.

By signing the bill for the creation of the Calaveras national forest in California President Roosevelt took the last step necessary to save for all time the most famous grove of trees in the world. In the achievement of this desirable end the people of the state of California and the several hundred of the California club are deserving of a large measure of credit. The campaign for the preservation of this famous grove has been waged for the past nine years. Recently an arrangement was made whereby the owner in return for the concession is to receive in exchange for the timber which he relinquishes an equal stumpage on other forest land owned by the government. The north part of the grove contains ten trees each having a diameter of twenty-five feet or over and more than seventy ranging in diameter from fifteen to twenty-five feet. "The father of the forest," now prostrate, is estimated by those who have measured it to have had a height of 450 feet and a diameter at the ground of more than forty feet when it was standing. The "Massachusetts" contains 118,000 board feet of lumber and "Governor Stoneman" 108,000 board feet. Some idea of the enormous size of these big trees is gained when it is known that they contain as much lumber as would be produced on an ordinary wood lot of fifteen acres.

A FEW FIGURES.

The salary asked by a buttermaker is often magnified out of all proportion by shortsighted directors and his potentiality as a money maker for the plant as often ignored or overlooked. While there is no buttermaker who can produce an extra quality of butter from a poor batch of cream, the quality of the product depends, notwithstanding, largely upon the way the cream is handled after it comes into the maker's hands. If the output of a creamery is 300,000 pounds a year, a difference of half a cent in the sale price of the product means $1,500 for the year and a margin of a cent $3,000, while if the price falls 2 cents below what it might have been with proper handling the loss to the concern is $6,000 in the course of twelve months. There is food for thought in the above figures that the directors of many a creamery company might ponder with profit.

WANTS SOMETHING NEW.

It is only natural that a bright, wide awake boy, finding the farming on the place carried on in the same old humdrum way with nothing new or interesting, should be tempted to kick over the traces and run away. In order to counteract this tendency what kind of a plan would it be this year to get a few ears of thoroughbred seed corn, some fancy oats or other grain and let the lad make a careful test with it, sowing or planting equal areas with the new and the home grown seed and also measuring the yields and making a comparison at harvest time? This will not only give the boy something which will arouse his interest and enthusiasm, but it is more than likely that the owner of the [illegible] will [illegible] an object lesson [illegible] increasing [illegible]

It takes just about as much ginger out of the soil to grow weeds as a full stand of some useful crop, and, besides this, there is the monetary return to take into account and also the looks of the thing.

The general health of body and wholesomeness of mind of many people would be improved if the daily bill of fare included more prunes and less pork, more oranges and oatmeal and less pancakes and pastry.

Any combination of grain and live stock prices which tempts the tiller of the soil to market his products in the raw instead of the finished state is a misfortune from the standpoint of the wisest handling of the land.

Experiments which have been carried out by nurserymen and orchardists in widely separated localities prove quite conclusively that the presence of red cedars near orchards is a prolific source of rust, which works a decided injury to the fruit and foliage.

Bessie Bates is one of the promising cows owned by the Missouri agricultural experiment station. During the year from October, 1907, to October, 1908, she gave 13,888 pounds of milk, testing out 680 pounds of butter fat, or equivalent to 801 pounds of 85 per cent butter.

There is hardly any combination of outdoor pursuits which is more attractive than that to be found in the keeping of bees, the raising of poultry and the growing of fruits and vegetables. The scale upon which the business should be conducted will depend upon circumstances, but followed even on a modest scale there is good return for painstaking effort.

The island of Sicily, lately visited by a disastrous earthquake, is pre-eminently the home of the lemon, which reaches its highest state of perfection under the genial climatic conditions which there prevail. The growing of lemons is the chief commercial interest of the island, and orchards of the yellow fruit extend in unbroken stretches for scores of miles.

It is the right time now to be making some definite plans for improving the appearance of the district school grounds. These should include the setting out of ornamental trees or shrubs and the arrangement of flower beds. Working together, directors, teachers and pupils should be able to accomplish much toward making the school grounds an attractive place and a source of pleasure to all concerned.

In most states the common law holds that the manure produced on a farm belongs to the farm and may not be removed or sold by the tenant. Somewhat curiously, the law holds that if a tenant builds at his own expense a crib or granary and puts it on post supports he may remove it, but that if he erects it on a solid stone foundation he may not legally do so. In the case of repairs made about the house, he may remove the same if their removal does not mar or disfigure adjoining portions of the walls or floor.

An interesting fact which has come to light as a result of the investigation into the damage done fruit trees in sections in Colorado from arsenical poisoning seems to be that the greatest damage has occurred in localities where the most alkali was present in the soil, it serving to dissolve the arsenic compounds and make possible their absorption by the root systems of the trees. A contention of some who have made but a superficial investigation is that the largest loss in trees from this alleged cause is in sections where no spraying has been at all, the damage, in their opinion, being the result of the action of the alkali. In any event, future investigation and discussion will be followed with interest.

The olive crop, one of the chief features in the horticultural wealth of Italy, comes to maturity in the month of November, and the job of harvesting, which is usually done by women and children, is a cold and cheerless one as well as tedious, as the olives have to be hand picked one at a time. The olive of commerce is picked before the fruit is ripe and salted. For the manufacture of oil the ripe olives are used, the fruit being ground to a pulp, which falls from the press into shallow receptacles made of woven hemp. In these it is pressed, the oil passing through and dropping into vats and then being transferred to large earthen jars. After standing about a week the best of the oil rises to the surface and is removed, leaving a poorer quality. To get all of the oil the pulp is mixed with hot water and pressed a second time.

The Oregon Agricultural college recently sent out a demonstration train over the line of the Southern Pacific that was not only interesting but highly instructive to the residents of the localities where the train stopped. Of the several special cars one was devoted to animal husbandry and allied interests, with two cows in model stalls which were milked by milking machines at every stop made. Another car was devoted to agronomy, the subjects illustrated including soils, drainage, irrigation, seed selection and germination and crop rotations. A third car contained all the equipment and apparatus to be found in a model dairy, including boilers, tanks, separators and churns, while a portion of the car was devoted to an exposition of plant diseases and insect pests. The fourth special car illustrated the various phases of horticulture, including [illegible] packing, budding and grafting.

"Handsome is that handsome does" is just as true of hired men as it is of dairy cows. In both cases performance should be the test.

The sooner the onion seed is sown the less will the likelihood be that the crop will be caught with a heavy frost while it is curing next fall. The prime essential in a good crop of onions is that they should be well cured and matured, and the early sowing makes this possible.

Experiments which have been made in the department of soils in some of the state experiment stations show that the manure from a single well fed dairy cow is worth close to $30 annually if utilized at its full capacity. This is an asset of the dairy business that is often overlooked, yet one that should be given due credit in any fair reckoning.

They are pretty to look at perhaps in the china closet or on the plate rail, but the cream and sirup pitchers and fruit dishes with all kinds of crinkles and gingerbread fixings are certainly a strain on a fellow's nerves when he puts them to practical use, as he can never tell when he tips the dish in one direction whether the contents will leak from that side or the other.

The women have been twitted much in the past for their proneness to exchange neighborhood gossip at afternoon sewing or quilting bees, but they have to take a back seat in this respect for the man when the latter congregate at the average country sale—the fellows who go "just 'cause they want to" and are not in need of stock or machinery.

In caring for the hotbed, the construction of which has been several times described in these notes, frequent watering should be given, as the artificial heat generated uses up more moisture than would be required under open soil conditions. On bright, warm days the sash may be raised during the day to allow things to cool off and give ventilation.

Tests which have been made seem to indicate that the seeds of common vegetables possess a considerably stronger vitality than they are given credit for having. Beet and cucumber seed will hold their power to germinate for ten years; lettuce, turnip, watermelon and cabbage seed seven years; tomato, pumpkin and strawberry five and parsnip seed two years.

In some sections of the north during the ice harvest of the present winter season hay has been used as a substitute for sawdust in the packing of ice in the big storage houses, that product having reached the high price of $45 a carload. While there is more bother in handling the hay, it answers the purpose quite well, being relatively cheap and preventing the ice from too rapid melting.

An Australian farmer of whose dairy some account was published recently has 260 cows which he milks with thirteen milking machines. He is assisted in the work by half a dozen boys, who adjust the suction rubbers to the cows' udders and strip the cows by hand when the machines have extracted all they can. He is able to milk 120 cows per hour with this number of machines, the entire milking requiring a little more than two hours.

During the latter part of February the city of Frankfort, Ky., was visited by one of the worst floods in years, the entire lower part of the city being flooded, hundreds of families rendered homeless and barns and bridges being swept away. This is an illustration of the way in which the sins of one section of the country are visited upon the innocent elsewhere, the sinners in the present instance being the ruthless destroyers of the moisture holding timber lands on the watersheds tributary to the Kentucky river. A sort of poetic justice would hold sway if the law of gravity could be suspended for a season and the flood waters run uphill and drown out the fellows who are responsible for most of this flood trouble.

The Alaska-Yukon exposition which is to be held at Seattle, Wash., from June 1 to Oct. 16, this year, while being quite generally advertised, is not being given the attention which it deserves. Extensive preparations are being made to make the exposition as interesting and instructive as possible, and the chances are that in many important respects it will equal or surpass anything of its kind which has ever been held. Only in recent years have the mountain and Pacific coast states come to a full realization of their marvelous resources, and a considerable object of the exposition is to give to people from other sections an effective object lesson of the splendid resources of the western country. The exposition will give great prominence to agriculture in its various phases through both national and state exhibits. There are to be outdoor displays of live stock, poultry and crops, with a model farm and model irrigation tract. Another feature which will add great value to the exposition is that its location is in one of the most interesting grain and fruit growing sections in the world. The enterprise is one that is worthy of the largest measure of support, while the advantages it offers to become acquainted at close range with one of the finest and richest sections of the whole country could hardly be excelled.

F. E. Trigg

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Mrs. F. G. Fritz, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is best for women and children, as it is mild, pleasant and effective, and is a splendid spring medicine, as it cleanses the system and clears the complexion. A. Bjerkhoel.

A. Anderson, city jeweler, is now closing out his stock at 25 per cent and 40 per cent discount. Some goods go at factory prices. Don't miss this chance. All lodge emblems, pins and charms will be sold at cost, these are mostly solid gold. Please call soon if you want to get this bargain. Brother jewelers, if you want to stop this slaughter sale, you may go together and buy my stock as I know my business for you is worth having.

During the spring everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. It furnishes a needed tonic to the kidneys after the extra strain of winter, and it purifies the blood by stimulating the kidneys, and causing them to eliminate the impurities from it. Foley's Kidney Remedy imparts new life and vigor. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

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THE NEWS

People past middle life usually have some kidney or bladder disorder that saps the vitality, which is naturally lower in old age. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects urinary troubles, stimulates the kidneys and restores strength and vigor. It cures uric acid troubles by strengthening the kidneys so they will strain out the uric acid that settles in the muscles and joints causing rheumatism. A. Bjerkhoel.

If you have backache and urinary troubles you should take Foley's Kidney Remedy to strengthen and build up the kidneys so they will act properly, as a serious kidney trouble may develop. A. Bjerkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1909 NUMBER 15

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

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Fined by the Game Warden.

Deputy Game Warden Wm. Munch was up to Strathcona and Middle River last week. He first went to the former place for evidence and later visited Middle River where he arrested Wm. Debley for selling a green moose head for $15. The defendant was arraigned before Judge V. A. Greer and fined $50 and costs which he paid at once.

Deputy Warden Munch confiscated the moose head and shipped it to the State Game and Fish Commission at St. Paul where it will be sold.

It is understood that Debley is not the real name of the man arrested, but that he is one of the most prominent business men in Eastern Marshall county.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

CASS LAKE WON OUT

Legislature Locates the Sixth State Normal School at Cass Lake.

Was a Very Close Vote and It Was a Great Victory for Pat McGarry.

Last Friday Cass Lake won in its fight for a sixth state normal school, securing just sixty votes—the exact number required. With no argument in its favor, the victory of Cass Lake was indeed a great victory for Representative McGarry, whose personal popularity secured the passage of the bill. The following is the vote of the members of the legislature upon the bill:

For the bill: Allen, Anderson, Austin, Baldwin, Bjorge, Borgen, Brady, Brown, Carey, Carley, Christensen, Congdon, Dalzell, Denzer, Dorsey, Emmel, Ferguson, Fitzpatrick, Friedman, Gates, Goodspeed, Graham, Grant, Greene, Handlan, Herzberg, Johnson, L. H., Jorgenson, Kelly, Kling, Lende, Lennon, MacKenzie, McGarry, McMartin, Melby, Nimocks, Nolan, O'Brien, Perry, Peters, Pfaender, Phillips, Rodenberg, Rowe, Sabler, Selb, Sikorski, Spence, Stone, Stuart, Sullivan, Thayer, Virtue, Wells, Welter, Westcott, White, Wohlhuter, Wright, F. B.—60.

Against the bill: Adams, Bendixen, Bicknell, Burnquist, Campbell, Carlson, Conley, Davies, Davis, Dower, Doyle, Duea, Gartside, Haugland, Hinds, Holmberg, Holten, Horton, Johnson, C. E., Johnson, J. N., Johnson, J. T., Knoeland, Krause, Lee, Lobeck, Mattson, McGrath, McNeil, Mork, Murphy, Nagel, Nelson, H., Nelson, O. B., Noble, Nye, Opsahl, Peterson, Putnam, H. A., Putnam, Putnam, W. H., Pines, Robertson, Rosenwald, Rustad, Sampson, Saugstad, Sawyer Spooner, Sulerud, Swendsen, Wallace, Ware, Washburn, Webb, Wright, C. J. —52.

For Sale—Five or six good driving or working horses. Inquire of John Meehan.

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

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are what separate them from the ordinary commonly constructed kind.

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Suits With Extra KNICKERBOCKERS.

To fill a long felt want we offer suits for boys, any age, with an extra pair of Knickerbockers.

BOYS' CONFIRMATION SUITS.
All wool dark blue and black serges, short or long trousers, from $5.00 to $10.00.
WE CAN SHOW YOU BOYS' SUITS AT $2, $3, $4, $5 TO $7.50.

YOUNG MEN'S Suits cut to satisfy the taste developed by the young men of today.

PATTERNS AND MODELS, NOT EXTREME. Prices $5 to $18.

GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING DEPT.
"NEW GOODS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT."
The house of H. S. & M. Clothes. *Gordon Hats, Crosett Shoes.*

COMMENCE WORK SOON

Soo To Commence Work on Thief River Falls-Duluth Line This Spring.

President Pennington So Announced to the Duluth Herald Last Saturday.

(From the Duluth Herald, Saturday, April 3.)

"The Soo railroad will haul an early crop of wheat to Duluth this fall."

Edmund Pennington, recently elected president of the Soo railroad, made this statement at the Spalding hotel this morning. Mr. Pennington is here with W. F. Fitch, president and general manager of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad, going over the local situation and attending to some business affecting the policies of the two railroads.

When asked regarding the branch from Duluth to Thief River Falls, Mr. Pennington replied that work upon this line, which will connect Duluth to Winnipeg, the growing metropolis of Western Canada and provide another short line from the great Northwest, will be begun early this spring.

"Both the Wisconsin Central officials and the officials of the Soo railroad hold the highest opinion of Duluth as a railroad center," said President Pennington. "Railroad men who are well acquainted with the railroad development of the Northwest, believe that Duluth will be the great gateway to the Northwest. We came here because we believe in the future of Duluth and because we are certain that it is destined to be a great railroad center."

Mr. Pennington stated that the Wisconsin Central and the Soo would use the same terminals in this city. He also stated that Duluth would have one of the finest passenger and freight stations in the country. Mr. Pennington did not state when the depot would be completed; but said the work would be rushed as fast as the work upon the tunnel would permit.

He also stated that the Soo trains would be coming to Duluth before fall, as work upon the terminals in this city would be rushed as fast as possible. He stated that the Soo expected to haul wheat to this city from the wheat country of Dakota, early next fall.

Mr. Pennington declared that in the natural development of traffic Duluth would be the great gateway to the Northwest, and because of this trade between the two countries, work would be started at once on the link of the Soo that will connect Duluth with Winnipeg.

At a recent meeting of the board of directors of the Soo railroad, Mr. Pennington was chosen as the head of the railroad, to succeed the late Thomas Lowry. Mr. Pennington had occupied the position of Vice President and general manager of the road for a number of years. He is one of the officials of the Soo, who has always taken a deep interest in the development of the resources of the Northwest, and largely owing to his policy, the Soo has always taken a leading part in the development of the resources of the territory through which it passed.

Mr. Pennington has taken a deep interest in the traffic possibilities of the territory that surrounds Duluth, and it was largely owing to his efforts that the Soo road sought an entrance to the Head of the Lakes. He has the utmost belief in the growth of the traffic of this part of the state, and especially in the development of the traffic between Western Canada and the United States. Mr. Pennington says that Duluth is the natural gateway of this traffic, and its prominence as a great railway center will increase.

Farmers Did It.

There has been considerable talk of late regarding factional differences existing at Middle River. A prominent business man of that place says that there is no truth in these reports and that the people up there are all pulling together for the best interests of the town.

The trouble at Middle River is alleged to have been started several weeks ago by an altercation between a saloonkeeper and another citizen. The saloons were then voted out at the late election and it was claimed that this was done in order to spite the saloonkeeper. As a matter of fact, so the business man informs the News, the saloons were voted out of Middle River entirely as a result of the activity of a number of prominent farmers living in the vicinity of the village. These farmers made demands upon the business men that they vote no license and the request could not well be refused. Had it not been for the interest the farmers took in the matter the license question would have carried at Middle River.

POTATOES IN CLAY COUNTY

What the Farmers of Clay County Received for Last Year's Crop.

Farmers of This Section Could Do as Well by Making A United Effort.

The Moorhead News published recently a short summary of the potato business in Clay county for the year 1908. Clay county is one of the frontier counties of the state, and comparatively speaking, it is one of the newer counties of the state. Yet last year the farmers of the county received in cash from the one crop of potatoes alone the handsome sum of $450,000. Potatoes were just one of the crops to which these farmers turned their attention.

There were in round numbers twelve hundred cars of potatoes shipped out of Clay county during the year. The following are shipments from the larger shipping points:

Sabin	400 cars
Watts	200 cars
Baker	200 cars
Glyndon	125 cars
Hawley	75 cars
Barnesville	75 cars

The average price received by the farmers per car was $375. An average price for the year of 65 cents per bushel was received. This high price was received because the farmers raised a uniform variety of potatoes and in quantities such that shippers could buy a practically unlimited amount when wanted.

In many ways Red Lake county has superior advantages for money making on the farm because we can not only raise potatoes successfully but we excel as a clover and cattle county. The combination of potatoes, clover and cows is a combination that can not be beaten even by the man with a gold mine because although the mine is a great thing while it lasts, every pound of ore taken from the mine depletes the treasure just that much. Every dollar received from the creamery means that the land producing the butter has been enriched proportionately.

County Seat Bills.

D. P. O'Neill came up from St. Paul to spend Sunday with his family. He reports that the county seat bill and the bill to compel counties to redistrict are upon general orders in both the house and senate and have the unanimous report of the committees recommending a passage. There are so many bills in the legislature and so little work has been accomplished thus far that there is a danger of the legislature being adjourned before the bills are reached. Mr. O'Neill returned to St. Paul Sunday evening.

FAIR DATES THIS YEAR

Red Lake County Fair to Be Held the 4th, 5th and 6th of August.

Daniel Shaw and Dr. G. A. Penney to Be the Secretaries of the Fair This Year.

At the meeting of the shareholders of the Red Lake County Agricultural Society held last Friday evening in the office of Daniel Shaw it was decided to hold the county fair this year on the first week in August. At a previous meeting it had been decided to hold the fair on the second week in August, but as the first week has been the dates since the organization of the society it was deemed advisable to make no change. The dates will therefore be Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 4, 5 and 6. The matter of electing a secretary was taken up and no one could be induced to devote the large amount of time required to hold this position. The matter was finally compromised by electing Dr. G. A. Penney and Daniel Shaw as secretaries. Both of these gentlemen have filled the position before in a very successful manner and now each will devote half of time to the task. That they will his make a success of the fair goes without saying, and they should receive the encouragement and support of all citizens. The association is in good shape financially and the fair this year will be better than ever before.

A Train Load of Cattle.

A train of twenty-two car loads of cattle—mostly young stock—passed through Thief River Falls last Friday over the Great Northern for South St. Paul and Iowa points. The stock was purchased from farmers living in the vicinity of Middle River, Greenbush, Roseau and Badger, and shows that this section is fast becoming a great stock raising country. The purchaser was an Iowa stock feeder who will finish most of the stock on his Iowa farm, but intended to dispose of some of the older cattle at the South St. Paul stock yards.

It seems too bad to see all of this young stock shipped out of the country in an unfinished condition, for if the stock raisers of Iowa can make money in fattening these cattle there is no reason why the people of this section cannot.

We wish to announce to the ladies of Thief River Falls and vicinity that our fine assortment of spring hats is on display this week and we are ready to fill your orders for Easter Bonnets. Our prices are reasonable and our stock is up-to-date. Thompson Sister, 217 Main Avenue.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

MOURN FOR DEAD AUTHOR

One of the Plays Written by Gustaf af Geijerstam Rendered to a Crowded House at the People's Teatern in Stockholm—After the Play the Manager Paid a Glowing Tribute to the Memory of the Celebrated Author and Playwright.

SWEDEN.

All Sweden and even Denmark mourns the death of Gustaf af Geijerstam. At the People's teatern one of Geijerstam's plays, entitled "Stiliga Augusta" (Stylish Augusta) was rendered in honor of the deceased author and playwright and it is needless to mention that the house was crowded to its utmost capacity. After the last act had been rendered the theatrical manager stepped forward and paid a brief but glowing tribute to the late author, urging the Swedish people to always cherish the memory of the genial character depicter, Gustaf af Geijerstam. In Denmark the author will be equally missed. Says the Politiken: "Geijerstam was one of the most typical if not the chief representative of 'Younger Sweden.' He continued most loyally and artistically his fight for the youth of the country." Says the Social Demokraten (Copenhagen): "He did not possess any of the restless and sparking geniality, which is characteristic of Strindberg, but he was not by an means so hard to solve. He possessed just those qualifications which are necessary to hold together a struggling group against the attacks of a reactionary press."

The socialists in Sweden are unusually active in every section of the country and they seem to be gaining in strength as time passes. Nearly every industry in the country feels the influence of the socialist party and they are directly or indirectly concerned it seems all over, although much is being done to check their progress. Recently three laboring men of this following who were of age to take the compulsory military training, wrote the commander at Vasteras that they refused to present themselves for drill. Their cases will, of course, be taken up by the military department, and whatever action will be taken in the matter it is certain that a great deal of hard feeling will be the result, for the authorities must follow the law, and that excuses no one.

King Gustaf, the crownprince and crownprincess took a pleasure trip to Dalarne during the early part of March. They visited Mora and Rattvik and engaged rooms at the Tourist Hotel in the latter place and received many visitors during their short visit there. The winter scenes in Dalarne are quite as charming as those in summer, but this is the first time that any royal people have visited Dalarne at this season of the year.

The city of Gothenburg has received donations to the amount of $60,000 by the will of the late Adolf Florell, a wealthy shipowner. The donations are as follows: To the Home for the Aged, 10,500 crowns; to the Childrens' Hospital, 20,000 crowns; to the Society for the Care of Scrofulous Children, 15,750 crowns; to the Society for the Assistance of Poor Children, 15,750 crowns and to the Seamen's Home for the pensions for the aged seamen, 21,000 crowns.

The city government in Stockholm is certainly liberal. It has during the past year spent thousands of dollars on public works out of season in order to give many workingmen who are out of employment a chance to make a living. The conditions during the past winter have been by no means ideal. Thousands of people have been out of employment and the city government has had to strain itself to the very utmost to alleviate conditions.

Professor Carl Y. Sahlin, aged eighty-five years, was run over by a street car at Gustaf Adolf's court the other day, receiving serious injuries. He was taken to the city hospital, where it is believed that he will not be able to survive. Professor Sahlin was in his time an educator of prom[illegible] ce and was for years a professor [illegible] tin at the Stockholm high school [illegible] dging from latest army reports [illegible] cians are very scarce in Sweden, [illegible] ct the military authorities have [illegible] it difficult to obtain enough sur[illegible] s for the army. The medical [illegible] rse at the universities in Sweden is an exceedingly steep one and many young men refrain from taking the course for fear they cannot pass the examinations.

The unveiling of the Wiselgren monument will take place in the King's park in Gothenburg May 20 with appropriate exercises. Wiselgren was a great temperance reformer and there are few preachers and temperance reformers who have made such a lasting impression on the Swedish people as Wiselgren.

An Austrian Hungarian minister at the Swedish court has been appointed [illegible]. The new envoy is a diplomat and is considered an authority on maritime questions.

The Arjang brewery up in Silbodals parish was burned to the ground the other day, entailing a loss of about 50,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

That people are drinking less liquor in Norway today than ever before can be gleaned from the following investigation made by a newspaper writer in Norway not long ago: Records have been taken of the amount of liquor used since 1833 and it seems to be a fact that the average individual drinks five times as little liquor today as the average individual did seventy-five years ago. In 1833 it is claimed that the average amount of liquor drank per year was sixteen liters; now it is only a trifle over three liters.

William Churchill passed through Christiania the other day on his way to Gothenburg, Sweden, to study the Gothenburg system. Mr. Churchill, who represents a number of temperance societies in the United States, says that the temperance laws in America have made a pure fiasco of the entire business and that it is time to start reform, so far as the liquor system is concerned, on entirely new lines.

The following item shows that there are plenty of strikes in Norway and that the labor unions are still powerful: There were 173 strikes and other organized labor conflicts in Norway in 1908, and sixty strikes that lasted for some time. The receipts of the national labor unions were $78,000 and $45,000 was paid out as aid to the strikers. The aggregate receipts of all the local unions belonging to the national organizations were over $300,000.

A Danish students' chorus from Copenhagen will give a series of concerts in Norway during the summer months. They will appear at Christiania Trondhjem Aalesund, Bergen and other places and will be assisted by one of the prima donnas of the Royal Opera at Copenhagen. They will be accorded a great reception wherever they will appear in Norway.

Much excitement has been caused by the discovery of gold in Smaalens. The chances are that there is very little gold, but a farmer had some of the ore examined by a chemist, who stated that it contained some gold and now it is all the talk in that part of the country and has caused all manner of excitement.

An exchange says: "The government is in favor of establishing a tourist office in Berlin. It will cost about $13,000 a year to keep it running, and the railroads and hotels are expected to contribute $4,000 to this amount. If such an office is opened it will be managed by the state railways."

Norwegian shipowners are still discussing the feasability of starting a line of passenger and mail steamers between Norway and America. A number of them would be willing to undertake the project if the government would allow a subsidy of about $100,000 a year.

Tourist hotels all over the country are getting in shape for the summer. Thousands of tourists will visit the country this summer and enterprising hotelmen and innkeepers do not loose sight of their interests either.

Lieutenant T. B. Bohn of Trondhjem has received an appointment to serve as an officer in the army of Congo, S. A. He will leave for South Africa next week and will remain there for five years.

There were numerous snow storms all over the country in the early part of March. In many instances traffic was considerably delayed.

Jens Wang, the theatrical painter, celebrated his fiftieth birthday the 11th of March.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen dispatches state that the former minister of justice, Alberti, who is under arrest, has been removed from the jail to the city hospital. Here he is being watched night and day for fear that he will commit suicide. Minister Christensen is now coming in for a good deal of criticism, because it is claimed that he knew all about Alberti's swindleries, but did not inform the authorities about what he knew. It is claimed further that by informing the cabinet regarding what he knew to be going on that he could have saved thousands of crowns and averted much scandal. The supreme court, it is believed, will in the near future take up Christensen's case. The Alberti investigations still continue and the latest development is that he spent $27,000 on the elections at Kjoge.

Says a Copenhagen correspondent: "The number of men out of employment is still increasing, and now includes more than 25 per cent of the country's working classes. The last winter has been the worst in many years, preventing building operations and closing many of the harbors. The situation is looked upon as serious, and it is expected that the conditions will result in a large increase of emigration in the next two or three months. The Scandinavian-American liners are all crowded.

According to a new law all Danish women over twenty-five years of age will, from now on, have the right to vote and come forward as candidates in the elections for the Copenhagen municipal council. A conspicuous point about the whole thing seems to be that the women of Copenhagen are not particularly interested in the new law and have thus far expressed no enthusiasm whatever.

The national taxes collected from the people during the years 1905-6 and 1906-07 amounted to [illegible] crowns, and the total taxes during the same period aggregated the sum of [illegible] crowns making a grand total of 122,000,000 crowns.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

SUES OFFICERS OF A BANK

Minnesota Man Claims They Assisted Swindlers.

A suit was filed in the federal court at Council Bluffs, Ia., by Samuel Sutor of Cass Lake, this state, against the First National bank, its officials and other persons, in which Sutor charges that the bank was in collusion with Maybray and his associates in swindling Sutor out of $5,000 on a fake race.

The plaintiff names as defendants the First National bank of Council Bluffs, Ernest E. Hart, president, and John J. Spindler, cashier of the bank, and also George Wilson and Benjamin Marks. George Wilson is said to have been Maybray's right hand man in the so-called "swindle syndicate," and is said by Sutor to have been the man who handled the stake money which included Sutor's $5,000.

Hart and Spindler deny the charges made by Sutor that they knew of the swindles or that they abetted such swindles in any manner. They claim that they handled Sutor's letter of credit from a bank in Cass Lake in the same manner as similar paper usually is handled.

Sutor's bill of complaint states that he went to Council Bluffs on the invitation of a friend, Barney Martin; that he was introduced shortly after his arrival to officials of the First National bank, and he claims that they represented to him that Maybray and his associates were an association of *millionaires* who were engaged in horse racing, boxing matches, wrestling matches and similar sports.

LEFT HIM HIS UNDERCLOTHES

Footpads Rob Victim of Suit, Overcoat and Shoes.

First to be held up and robbed of his gold watch, a gold chain, a gold locket with a diamond setting, his hat, shoes, overcoat and suit, leaving him with nothing on but his underclothes, and then to receive a farewell "bat" in the eye, which laid him out for several hours, was the harrowing experience of Walter N. Schultz, a young man of Minneapolis.

Mr. Schultz is a clerk in the jewelry store of his mother. After closing the store he went out to make a call and was suddenly confronted by two men, one of whom stuck a shining revolver in his face and told him to throw up his hands.

Surprised by the unexpected attack young Schultz failed to comply with the demand at once. The second man, who had kept in the background, suddenly jumped forward and landed a stunning blow on the victim's right eye and Schultz went down and out.

When he came to Schultz made the best of his way home, where he arrived in the early morning hours in a shocking state of negligee and his right eye in heavy mourning.

SWEETHEART DIES IN ITALY

News Causes Young Italian to End Life at St. Paul.

Antonio Camponaro, twenty-two years of age, killed himself at St. Paul by shooting. The death of his sweetheart in Italy is believed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Young Camponaro received a letter from his father telling him of the death of the girl whom he was to marry. Camponaro brooded considerably following the receipt of the letter and told his friends about it.

He was alone in a small room when he fired a bullet in his head. A few seconds before the shot rang out he was heard singing an Italian love song. When found he was lying on his face on the floor and the revolver was a few feet from the body.

SOME OFFICIALS CRITICISED

Others Praised in Report of Hennepin County Grand Jury.

Both use of public office to forward personal and political schemes and the carelessness of municipal officials in handling the city's business are condemned in the report of the Hennepin county grand jury.

The grand jury investigated municipal conditions during the term. The report praises some and condemns others. The departments most criticised are the city assessor's office under the former regime and the city council. The report accuses former Assessor C. J. Minor of unfairness in making the assessments and the council of carelessness in appropriating money. The document is not as startling as many expected.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Women and Children, With Clothes Ablaze, Go Down Ladder.

Fire completely destroyed the residence of Henry Dedericks near Cass Lake and were it not for the heady work of Dedericks his entire family would have been burned to death. He took his wife and three children down a ladder to safety, but not until the flames reached them. The nightgowns of all were burning and the eyelids of one child were burned.

Will Carry Grain to Duluth.

The Soo line will carry grain to the Head of the Lakes this fall, said President Pennington of that road in a Duluth interview. Construction work, he said, would be rushed with all possible speed this spring and summer. Work will also be begun on the cut-off to Thief River Falls, which will make a direct line from Duluth to Winnipeg. The Soo and Wisconsin Central will use the same terminals in Duluth.

JUMPS FROM TRAIN

Staples Merchant Killed While Pursuing "Con" Man.

MADE CHANGE FOR STRANGER

Finds Himself Out $80 and Hurriedly Gives Chase.

While in close pursuit of a stranger who, he believed, had just stolen $80 from him, Moses Morrow of Staples, this state, jumped from the Northern Pacific coast train as it pulled into the Minneapolis Union station and, falling, sustained injuries from which he died at the Minneapolis city hospital some hours later.

Mrs. Morrow, who was with her husband on the train, told the police that he had changed several large bills for a stranger just as the train was pulling in, and, a moment later, discovered that he had been cheated out of $80. He hurried after the man, and, thinking he had jumped from the train, jumped off himself.

Slipping as he alighted Morrow fell partly under the wheels of the train. His skull was fractured, his right arm crushed and his left hand cut off. Morrow, who was forty years of age, was a leading merchant at Staples.

BOY AND GIRL DRUG AND ROB

Strange Story of Youthful Crime in Minneapolis.

Though little more than boy and girl in age Jack Hoey and Rose Dryher confessed in the Minneapolis police court that they had drugged four men with chloral and robbed them within the past three weeks. According to their own testimony they had operated from rooms at the Arcade hotel, making a systematic effort to decoy and rob lumberjacks in from the woods with their winter's pay.

In court Hoey and the Dryher girl seemed to glory in their achievements in their criminal partnership. Hoey, according to the testimony, picked up the victims on Bridge square and lured them to the room, where a few glasses of drugged beer made it possible for Rose to rob them. They were given sentences of sixty and ninety days at the workhouse, respectively. Three other alleged accomplices also went to the workhouse for various terms.

BODY AT BOTTOM OF CLIFF

Fort Snelling Soldier Falls One Hundred Feet.

J. P. Morrisey, a member of Company C, Twenty-eighth infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, was hurled a hundred feet to his death at St. Paul. Morrisey either walked or was thrown from the sidewalk skirting the cliff on Third street, directly in front of the Central police station, to the rocks far below, being instantly killed.

The man's wild plunge through the air was seen by the two night engineers of the Booth Packing company plant, near which Morrisey took his fatal fall. Crashing head foremost upon the rocks the man's body bounded to the railroad tracks, where it was picked up, crushed and mangled.

AGED MAN IS ASPHYXIATED

His Wife Nearly Dead From Coal Gas at St. Paul.

Mrs. Robert Wenzel of St. Paul, becoming alarmed at the silence of an aged couple in their residence across the street, broke in the rear door of the home of Christian Bramer and found the old gentleman dead and his wife barely alive. The death was caused by the accidental diffusion of coal gas through the house from the open doors of an old-fashioned coal burner in the sleeping room.

AGED COUPLE DIE SAME DAY

Had Been Married for More Than Fifty Years.

After a happy married life of more than fifty years Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson, old residents of Olmsted county, passed away within a few hours of each other. Mrs. Nelson, eighty-one years old, died in the morning and her husband, aged eighty, died in the evening, neither of them aware that the end was near. Death was due to old age in both cases.

Minneapolis Boy Killed.

Earl Rice, a former Osceola (Wis.) boy and late of Minneapolis, was killed just west of Scandia, Wis. Rice and his helper were placing a lightning arrester on one of the steel towers for an electric company and the men were on the top of the fifty-foot tower when Rice and his helper both received a heavy shock from the electric current. Rice fell to the ground and never regained consciousness.

Colvill Monument Unveiled.

Before a gathering of about forty gray haired veterans, comrades of the late Colonel William Colvill, the statue to that illustrious leader of the First Minnesota regiment in the Civil war was unveiled at the state capitol at St. Paul to the [illegible] strains of martial music and impressive ceremonies. The house chamber galleries and rotundas were crowded with spectators.

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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COUNTRY LIFE COMMISSION.

President Roosevelt recently transmitted to congress the voluminous report of the country life commission which he appointed about a year ago to investigate into agricultural conditions and life over the country and report to him and make recommendations which they thought would be instrumental in improving conditions. The commission consisted of four men of exceptional qualifications both in breadth of view and keen insight into the agricultural needs and problems of the country. Their report to the president consisted of a digest of the data and evidence secured at thirty public hearings held at different points and attended by the farmers and farmers' wives of forty different states and territories and from 120,000 answers to printed questions, which were very generally distributed. In the executive letter of transmissal to congress, which is really an admirable digest of the committee's report, it is pointed out that the general level of country life is high and compares favorably with that of any previous era in the history of the country. Yet, notwithstanding this condition, farming does not yield the financial returns it ought to give. Added to this, there is much discontent, and even discouragement. Three ways are suggested which, it is thought, will help to improve this condition—namely, a better type of farming, better business methods and a better type of living on the farm.

With a view to realising these ends the president makes the following recommendations:

"First.—Effective co-operation among farmers, to put them on a level with the organized interests with which they do business.

"Second.—A new kind of schools in the country, which shall teach the children as much outdoors as indoors and perhaps more, so that they will prepare for country life and not, as at present, mainly for life in town.

"Third.—Better means of communication, including good roads and a parcels post, which the country people are everywhere, and rightly, unanimous in demanding."

The federal department of agriculture, state experiment stations, the agricultural press and other agencies are recognized as agencies which are doing an excellent service in favoring a better type of agriculture, which, realized, would mean a doubling of crop yields in many sections of the country. The president asserts that, rightly viewed and carried on, agriculture should be one of the most dignified, desirable and sought after ways of earning a livelihood. In bringing this condition of things to pass emphasis is placed on the need of organization and co-operation for business and social reasons. The religious need is also recognized and an important place given the country church in this connection, while an especial tribute is paid the home as the most powerful factor in the development of character and personality, the presence or lack of which tends to make life rich or poor. At the close of his message the president emphasizes the fact that the permanency of our civilization depends upon the wholesomeness, attractiveness and completeness as well as the prosperity of country life. An appropriation of $25,000 is recommended in order that the commission may be able to digest the material it has collected and to collect and digest other valuable data which are within easy reach. While this is but a beginning, the work of the country life commission is bound to result in untold benefit.

AN IMMEDIATE PROBLEM.

Tillers of the soil in all the older agricultural sections of the country are up against an economic proposition which it would be well worth while for them to take into serious account. We refer to that to be found in an increase in the value of farm lands in the sections referred to, a corresponding increase in rental charges, and this coupled with the fact of a continually decreasing soil fertility. Those who have thought of this problem even superficially can realize at once that this condition of affairs cannot continue long. Either the soil robbing methods of tilling land will have to be abandoned and a more rational system adopted in their place in the shape of dairying and stock raising or else farms of the class referred to will themselves have to be abandoned. The wise course to follow would seem to lie along the line of a reformation of agricultural methods, which is the only way out of the difficulty consistant with financial consideration and patriotic regard for the dignity of agriculture as a vocation and the marvelous original endowment of soil fertility. We should quit this dishonorable business of soil robbery and develop a keener regard than we feel for the agricultural bankruptcy which it will lead to if persisted in.

Better fencing is quite usually an accompaniment of an improved type of farming. In any case the more effectively a farm is fenced the better the system of management which can be followed.

Western Canadian farmers are already planning to ship their wheat to Europe by way of the Panama canal as soon as the big ditch is completed. It is quite clear that many products now produced or manufactured on the Atlantic coast will be sent to the Pacific coast and points in the orient by the canal route.

The landlord will be doing a kindness to himself and his land if he insists on a long time lease when he rents his farm. This will enable his tenant to take some pride and interest in improvements and methods of crop rotation which cover a period of two or three years. It may be added that the tenant also will be dollars as well as satisfaction ahead under such a system.

The flavor as well as the texture of a piece of boiling beef may be preserved if the piece is seared for a few minutes in a hot kettle without water and boiling water then added, in which it should be allowed to cook briskly for ten or fifteen minutes. This should be followed by slow cooking for about two hours. In the case of a soup cut the reverse course should be followed, placing the meat in cold water and allowing it to come to a boil and letting it cook for about the same length of time.

The cream separator and milking machine are modern improvements which are greatly simplifying some of the most serious problems connected with the dairy business, and, rightly managed, they mean also a cleaner as well as higher grade dairy product. Carelessly handled, and not properly scalded, quite the reverse is the case, as a slovenly dairyman who produces a filthy product under the old system of milking and handling the milk and cream will produce a still filthier and more germ laden article with the devices mentioned. This is a fact that many creamerymen know and many more are every day finding out.

The question is raised now and then whether the landlord or the tenant should pay for the manure spreader. There seems to be little question that any landlord could well afford to stand the whole expense simply from the standpoint of economic farm management and the utilizing of the maximum value of the homemade manures. It would seem to be equally true that if a landlord was so shortsighted and penurious that he would not pay for the machine the tenant could afford to do so merely from a selfish standpoint, this being especially true if he had the farm on a long time lease. The fairest way, in view of the benefits accruing to both parties, would seem to be for each one to stand for half of the expense. The benefit being mutual, the expense should be so too.

Readers of these notes will soon be buying grass seed. It is well worth remembering that the pure food laws of the several states give no guarantee of vitality or freedom from noxious weed seeds in the case of grass seed shipped in from outside the state limits, and it is more than likely that it is grass seed of this adulterated, inferior type which will be furnished at the bargain counter prices which tempt so many shortsighted buyers. Put it down as a safe rule that that grass seed which is the lowest in price is the poorest in quality and therefore in the long run the most expensive, while that which is the highest priced and bought of firms of known reputation will be the best and by a like rule the most economical. This lesson of seed price and quality is one that many learn from the costliest kind of experience.

One of the chief drawbacks to a newly settled prairie country from the standpoint of comfortable residence is the absence of trees to provide shade in summer and shelter from the storms of winter. As soon as time can be spared for the job, and the sooner the better, a belt of trees should be set on the north and west and at such a distance from the home site as will give ample room for the barns, sheds and feed lots. If the trees are desired for windbreak purposes only, there is nothing better than the conifers—the pines, spruces, cedars and larches. If the timber belt is intended for timber or fuel purposes also, the belt should be more extensive and may include the catalpa, cottonwood, hard and soft maple or even the despised box elder if other better varieties of trees are not available. If the young trees are not propagated at home, as will likely be true of the conifers, they should be secured of the nearest reliable nurseryman, who should have given the trees such care in the nursery plot as will enable him to back them with a pretty good guarantee. After being set out—and this applies to any kinds of trees—the best results will be secured if the young trees are given careful cultivation for at least three years, when the shade they furnish and straw mulch which may be applied will answer the purpose of conserving necessary moisture. A well located and thrifty shelter belt of trees will contribute not only to the attractive appearance of the farm and comfort of its residents, but will also add a good sum to the value of the farm in case it should be sold.

F. E. Trigg

An Eccentric Doctor.

Dr. Zaharin was one of the most famous as he was also the most eccentric of physicians in Russia. Even when he was summoned to attend Czar Alexander III. in his last illness Dr. Zaharin required the same preparation for his visit to the palace as to any of his patients' homes—that is to say, all dogs had to be kept out of the way, all clocks stopped and every door thrown wide open. Following a process of gradual undressing, he left his furs in the hall, his overcoat in the next room, his galoches in the third and, continuing, arrived at the bedside in ordinary indoor costume. This was only one phase of Dr. Zaharin's golden theory that "you should take a rest before you are tired." Accordingly he sat down after walking every few yards and every eight steps in going upstairs. From the patient's relatives and every one else in the house he required absolute silence until he spoke to them, when his questions had to be answered by "Yes" or "No" and nothing more. To the actual patient, however, he was courtesy and consideration in the highest degree.

The March of the Waiters.

The old St. Nicholas hotel that flourished in New York, on Broadway, near Spring street, put on more style than any house of its time. The waiters' march was an evolution of which any military command in the country might have been proud. In those days the head waiter was a master of tactics. When the guests were seated he snapped his fingers, and in marched the waiters with tray loads of eatables. Keeping perfect step, each marched to his designated table and paused until the head waiter snapped his fingers twice, when down went the trays with a rattle. At the signal of three snaps covers were removed and dishes arranged for the comfort and convenience of the guests. The army then posed statuesquely until four snaps, when it right about wheeled and retreated to the kitchen. All meats, by the way, were carved in the open dining room. The St. Nicholas carver weighed about 390 pounds. He had grown stout breathing the savory odors of roasts. Inquisitive guests used to linger near to see him manipulate the knife.

A Literary Janitor.

There's an apartment house janitor up on Washington heights who probably commands greater genuine respect on the part of the tenants than any other janitor either on or off the heights, and all because of his library. Most tenants have occasion at some time to visit the janitor's living quarters, and so it has come to be known what a really superior person this janitor is, for prominently displayed in his sitting room are nearly a hundred volumes, including such authors as Shakespeare, Milton, Tennyson, Carlyle, Mill, Huxley, Spencer, Emerson, Holmes, Hawthorne, Cable and a dozen others known to fame. It is a pity indeed, the tenants agree, that so superior a man should be so reduced, and they bow down to him accordingly. The books? Why, they were left in care of the janitor by an ejected tenant about four years ago.—New York Globe.

Ben Franklin's Trick.

Benjamin Franklin once wrote this letter to a man to whom he was lending some money:

"I send you herewith a bill for 10 louis d'ors. I do not pretend to give such a sum; I only lend it to you. When you shall return to your country you cannot fail of getting into some kind of business that will in time enable you to pay all your debts. In that case when you meet with another honest man in similar distress you must pay me by lending this sum to him, enjoining him to discharge the debt by a like operation when he shall be able and shall meet with another opportunity. I hope it may then go through many hands before it meets with a knave to stop its progress. This is a trick of mine for doing a deal of good with little money."

Proof Positive.

A certain prominent and excellent lawyer of Chicago, but one of the quietest and most unobtrusive of men, steals around noiselessly, with his hands meekly clasped on his breast and a seraphic and perpetual smile. A bonmot at his expense is told of the late Emory Storrs, a brilliant advocate and an exquisite wit. He went to the lawyer's office and inquired for him, but was informed that he was out. "Oh, no; he isn't," he replied. "I know that he is in." "But I assure you, Mr. Storrs, he is not in." "Now," responded Mr. Storrs, "I know better. He must be in. It is so still in there!"

Following Instructions.

"Don't talk, children," said the teacher, "but when you want anything hold up your hand."

After a little the new girl held up hers, and when the teacher asked her what she wanted she answered, "Some candy, please!"

Signs of Improvement.

"So your daughter is improving in her piano playing?"

"Yes," answered Mr. Cumrox.

"You enjoy it?"

"No. But it doesn't make me as nervous as it used to."—Washington Star.

Very Formal.

"Could youse give dat gent at de gate a small handout, mum?"

"Why doesn't he ask for himself?"

"Oh, it's up to me to do dat. I'm his social secretary."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Peace hath higher tests of manhood than battle ever knew.—Whittier.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

Residents of Northeast Minneapolis turned out in mass one afternoon last week to engage in a bear hunt. It was a bear hunt stripped of all of the glorious pomp and panoply of the chase and resolved into a sudden pursuit of a very badly scared bruin, who took refuge under a box car only to meet his death finally from a rifle shot at the hands of one of the pursuers.

There is now every indication that the valley of the Minnesota river will be flooded more destructively than ever this spring. Old settlers are astounded at the fact that, though there would seem to have been scarcely any melting of the snow yet, still the water has made its way under the drifts and into the river, which is already at nearly flood stage.

Election formalities confirming Calvin G. Goodrich as president of the Twin City Rapid Transit company and Willard J. Hield as vice president made the feature of the stockholders' meeting at Elizabeth, N. J., last week. These changes had been announced as practically assured some weeks ago.

Salary loans at the rate of 1 per cent a month will be made to proper persons by a new loan association now being organized in Minneapolis, primarily to combat the salary loan shark evil and incidentally to earn a legitimate profit in a field not covered by the existing banking institutions.

Word has reached Le Sueur of the marriage at Honolulu of Lewis T. Bellaveau of Le Sueur and Princess Theresa of the late Hawaiian dynasty. The princess was a widow at the time of her marriage with Mr. Bellaveau. Her first husband was the first representative of Hawaii at Washington.

The state of Minnesota has filed six suits in the district court of Ramsey county to collect gross earnings taxes from the Mason City and Fort Dodge and the Wisconsin, Minnesota and Pacific railroad companies, subsidiary lines of the Chicago Great Western.

Michael C. Colligan has resigned as deputy warden of the Stillwater state prison, the resignation to take effect at once. It was accepted by Warden Henry Wolfer, who immediately promoted Assistant Deputy Jonas W. Backlund to the vacancy.

President A. W. Harris of Northwestern university, Evanston, Ill., looms up as a strong possibility for president of the University of Minnesota as the result of his conference with members of the board of regents at Minneapolis.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

An unidentified man was mangled and killed beneath Soo line train No. 108 near the junction of the Soo and Northern Pacific in Minneapolis. He stepped off the train just as it was starting after coming to a full stop for the junction and, slipping on the icy bank, rolled under the wheels.

The trial at Mankato of Ambrose Rieff on the charge of murder in the first degree in connection with the death of an infant child alleged to have been born to Mrs. Emma Timmerman about a year ago came to a sudden end when the court directed a verdict for the defendant.

Two yeggmen entered the postoffice at Wood Lake and blew the safe and escaped with about $75. The night clerk at the hotel happened along while the robbers were in the building, but was held under the cover of a gun until their work had been completed.

Matthew Hayes, a well known farmer living near Rosemount, was instantly killed by a fall from a high tree. At the time of the accident Hayes was engaged in cutting the tops of the trees about his home and otherwise trimming them.

E. O. Goulding, aged fifty-five years, surveyor, insurance solicitor, dancing master and a man widely known about Minneapolis for his oddity and geniality of character, is dead from injuries sustained in a fall down stairs at the Harvard hotel.

J. W. Swan, caretaker in the summer cottage of A. Kuhlo, White Bear Beach, was found dead in bed. Dr. C. L. Clark, deputy coroner, decided that death was due to cold and exposure.

Fire totally destroyed the beautiful home of Frank Chute at Rochester, with all its contents, and the escape of the family from the burning building was miraculous.

Monica, the two-year-old daughter of C. W. Hall of St. Paul, fell into a tub of boiling water and died at the city hospital two days later from the effects of the burns.

Mrs. F. A. Everett of Waseca, this state, was killed in a collision between a wild engine and the regular passenger train bound from Vera Cruz to Mexico City.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Marcus Woodruff, right of way commissioner and claim agent for the Chicago Great Western in St. Paul for the past ten years, died at the home of his daughter in Dubuque, Ia., of pleuro-pneumonia, at the age of seventy-eight years.

Dr. Carl A. Ewald, one of the leading clergymen of the Augustana Swedish Lutheran synod and a former resident of Minneapolis, is dead at his home in Chicago.

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IDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

MOURN FOR DEAD AUTHOR

One of the Plays Written by Gustaf af Geijerstam Rendered to a Crowded House at the People's Teatern in Stockholm—After the Play the Manager Paid a Glowing Tribute to the Memory of the Celebrated Author and Playwright.

SWEDEN.

All Sweden and even Denmark mourns the death of Gustaf af Geijerstam. At the People's teatern one of Geijerstam's plays, entitled "Stiliga Augusta" (Stylish Augusta) was rendered in honor of the deceased author and playwright and it is needless to mention that the house was crowded to its utmost capacity. After the last act had been rendered the theatrical manager stepped forward and paid a brief but glowing tribute to the late author, urging the Swedish people to always cherish the memory of the genial character depicter, Gustaf af Geijerstam. In Denmark the author will be equally missed. Says the Politiken: "Geijerstam was one of the most typical if not the chief representative of 'Younger Sweden.' He continued most loyally and artistically his fight for the youth of the country." Says the Social Demokraten (Copenhagen): "He did not possess any of the restless and sparking geniality, which is characteristic of Strindberg, but he was not by an means so hard to solve. He possessed just those qualifications which are necessary to hold together a struggling group against the attacks of a reactionary press."

The socialists in Sweden are unusually active in every section of the country and they seem to be gaining in strength as time passes. Nearly every industry in the country feels the influence of the socialist party and they are directly or indirectly concerned it seems all over, although much is being done to cheak their progress. Recently three laboring men of this following who were of age to take the compulsory military training, wrote the commander at Vasteras that they refused to present themselves for drill. Their cases will, of course, be taken up by the military department, and whatever action will be taken in the matter it is certain that a great deal of hard feeling will be the result, for the authorities must follow the law, and that excuses no one.

King Gustaf, the crownprince and crownprincess took a pleasure trip to Dalarne during the early part of March. They visited Mora and Rattvik and engaged rooms at the Tourist Hotel in the latter place and received many visitors during their short visit there. The winter scenes in Dalarne are quite as charming as those in summer, but this is the first time that any royal people have visited Dalarne at this season of the year.

The city of Gothenburg has received donations to the amount of $80,000 by the will of the late Adolf Florell, a wealthy shipowner. The donations are as follows: To the Home for the Aged, 10,500 crowns; to the Childrens' Hospital, 20,000 crowns; to the Society for the Care of Scrofulous Children, 15,750 crowns; to the Society for the Assistance of Poor Children, 15,750 crowns and to the Seamen's Home for the pensions for the aged seamen, 21,000 crowns.

The city government in Stockholm is certainly liberal. It has during the past year spent thousands of dollars on public works out of season in order to give many workingmen who are out of employment a chance to make a living. The conditions during the past winter have been by no means ideal. Thousands of people have been out of employment and the city government has had to strain itself to the very utmost to alleviate conditions.

Professor Carl Y. Sahlin, aged eighty-five years, was run over by a street car at Gustaf Adolf's court the other day, receiving serious injuries. He was taken to the city hospital, where it is believed that he will not be able to survive. Professor Sahlin was in his time an educator of prom ce and was for years a professor tin at the Stockholm high school. ging from latest army reports cians are very scarce in Sweden, t the military authorities have it difficult to obtain enough sur for the army. The medical se at the universities in Sweden is an exceedingly steep one and many young men refrain from taking the course for fear they cannot pass the examinations.

The unveiling of the Wiselgren monument will take place in the King's park in Gothenburg May 20 with appropriate exercises. Wiselgren was a great temperance reformer and there are few preachers and temperance reformers who have made such a lasting impression on the Swedish people as Wiselgren.

An Austrian-Hungarian minister at the Swedish court has been appointed The new envoy is a diplomat and is considered an authority on maritime questions.

The Arjang brewery up in Silbodals parish was burned to the ground the other day, entailing a loss of about 50,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

That people are drinking less liquor in Norway today than ever before can be gleaned from the following investigation made by a newspaper writer in Norway not long ago: Records have been taken of the amount of liquor used since 1833 and it seems to be a fact that the average individual drinks five times as little liquor today as the average individual did seventy-five years ago. In 1833 it is claimed that the average amount of liquor drank per year was sixteen liters; now it is only a trifle over three liters.

William Churchill passed through Christiania the other day on his way to Gothenburg, Sweden, to study the Gothenburg system. Mr. Churchill, who represents a number of temperance societies in the United States, says that the temperance laws in America have made a pure fiasco of the entire business and that it is time to start reform, so far as the liquor system is concerned, on entirely new lines.

The following item shows that there are plenty of strikes in Norway and that the labor unions are still powerful: There were 173 strikes and other organized labor conflicts in Norway in 1908, and sixty strikes that lasted for some time. The receipts of the national labor unions were $78,000 and $45,000 was paid out as aid to the strikers. The aggregate receipts of all the local unions belonging to the national organizations were over $300,000.

A Danish students' chorus from Copenhagen will give a series of concerts in Norway during the summer months. They will appear at Christiania Trondhjem Aalesund, Bergen and other places and will be assisted by one of the prima donnas of the Royal Opera at Copenhagen. They will be accorded a great reception wherever they will appear in Norway.

Much excitement has been caused by the discovery of gold in Smaalens. The chances are that there is very little gold, but a farmer had some of the ore examined by a chemist, who stated that it contained some gold and now it is all the talk in that part of the country and has caused all manner of excitement.

An exchange says: "The government is in favor of establishing a tourist office in Berlin. It will cost about $13,000 a year to keep it running, and the railroads and hotels are expected to contribute $4,000 to this amount. If such an office is opened it will be managed by the state railways."

Norwegian shipowners are still discussing the feasability of starting a line of passenger and mail steamers between Norway and America. A number of them would be willing to undertake the project if the government would allow a subsidy of about $100,000 a year.

Tourist hotels all over the country are getting in shape for the summer. Thousands of tourists will visit the country this summer and enterprising hotelmen and innkeepers do not loose sight of their interests either.

Lieutenant T. B. Bohn of Trondhjem has received an appointment to serve as an officer in the army of Congo, S. A. He will leave for South Africa next week and will remain there for five years.

There were numerous snow storms all over the country in the early part of March. In many instances traffic was considerably delayed.

Jens Wang, the theatrical painter, celebrated his fiftieth birthday the 11th of March.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen dispatches state that the former minister of justice, Alberti, who is under arrest, has been removed from the jail to the city hospital. Here he is being watched night and day for fear that he will commit suicide. Minister Christensen is now coming in for a good deal of criticism, because it is claimed that he knew all about Alberti's swindleries, but did not inform the authorities about what he knew. It is claimed further that by informing the cabinet regarding what he knew to be going on that he could have saved thousands of crowns and averted much scandal. The supreme court, it is believed, will in the near future take up Christensen's case. The Alberti investigations still continue and the latest development is that he spent $27,000 on the elections at Kjoge.

Says a Copenhagen correspondent: "The number of men out of employment is still increasing, and now includes more than 25 per cent of the country's working classes. The last winter has been the worst in many years, preventing building operations and closing many of the harbors. The situation is looked upon as serious, and it is expected that the conditions will result in a large increase of emigration in the next two or three months. The Scandinavian-American liners are all crowded.

According to a new law all Danish women over twenty-five years of age will, from now on, have the right to vote and come forward as candidates in the elections for the Copenhagen municipal council. A conspicuous point about the whole thing seems to be that the women of Copenhagen are not particularly interested in the new law and have thus far expressed no enthusiasm whatever.

The national taxes collected from the people during the years 1905-6 and 1906-07 amounted to 75,050,000 crowns, and the total taxes during the same period aggregated the sum of 46,700,000 crowns—making a grand total of 122,000,000 crowns.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

SUES OFFICERS OF A BANK

Minnesota Man Claims They Assisted Swindlers.

A suit was filed in the federal court at Council Bluffs, Ia., by Samuel Sutor of Cass Lake, this state, against the First National bank, its officials and other persons, in which Sutor charges that the bank was in collusion with Maybray and his associates in swindling Sutor out of $5,000 on a fake race. The plaintiff names as defendants the First National bank of Council Bluffs, Ernest E. Hart, president, and John J. Spindler, cashier of the bank, and also George Wilson and Benjamin Marks. George Wilson is said to have been Maybray's right hand man in the so-called "swindle syndicate," and is said by Sutor to have been the man who handled the stake money which included Sutor's $5,000.

Hart and Spindler deny the charges made by Sutor that they knew of the swindles or that they abetted such swindles in any manner. They claim that they handled Sutor's letter of credit from a bank in Cass Lake in the same manner as similar paper usually is handled.

Sutor's bill of complaint states that he went to Council Bluffs on the invitation of a friend, Barney Martin; that he was introduced shortly after his arrival to officials of the First National bank, and he claims that they represented to him that Maybray and his associates were an association of *millionaires who were engaged in* horse racing, boxing matches, wrestling matches and similar sports.

LEFT HIM HIS UNDERCLOTHES

Footpads Rob Victim of Suit, Overcoat and Shoes.

First to be held up and robbed of his gold watch, a gold chain, a gold locket with a diamond setting, his hat, shoes, overcoat and suit, leaving him with nothing on but his underclothes, and then to receive a farewell "bat" in the eye, which laid him out for several hours, was the harrowing experience of Walter N. Schultz, a young man of Minneapolis.

Mr. Schultz is a clerk in the jewelry store of his mother. After closing the store he went out to make a call and was suddenly confronted by two men, one of whom stuck a shining revolver in his face and told him to throw up his hands.

Surprised by the unexpected attack young Schultz failed to comply with the demand at once. The second man, who had kept in the background, suddenly jumped forward and landed a stunning blow on the victim's right eye and Schultz went down and out.

When he came to Schultz made the best of his way home, where he arrived in the early morning hours in a shocking state of negligee and his right eye in heavy mourning.

SWEETHEART DIES IN ITALY

News Causes Young Italian to End Life at St. Paul.

Antonio Camponaro, twenty-two years of age, killed himself at St. Paul by shooting. The death of his sweetheart in Italy is believed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Young Camponaro received a letter from his father telling him of the death of the girl whom he was to marry. Camponaro brooded considerably following the receipt of the letter and told his friends about it.

He was alone in a small room when he fired a bullet in his head. A few seconds before the shot rang out he was heard singing an Italian love song. When found he was lying on his face on the floor and the revolver was a few feet from the body.

SOME OFFICIALS CRITICISED

Others Praised in Report of Hennepin County Grand Jury.

Both use of public office to forward personal and political schemes and the carelessness of municipal officials in handling the city's business are condemned in the report of the Hennepin county grand jury.

The grand jury investigated municipal conditions during the term. The report praises some and condemns others. The departments most criticised are the city assessor's office under the former regime and the city council. The report accuses former Assessor C. J. Minor of unfairness in making the assessments and the council of carelessness in appropriating money. The document is not as startling as many expected.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Women and Children, With Clothes Ablaze, Go Down Ladder.

Fire completely destroyed the residence of Henry Dedericks near Cass Lake and were it not for the heady work of Dedericks his entire family would have been burned to death. He took his wife and three children down a ladder to safety, but not until the flames reached them. The nightgowns of all were burning and the eyelids of one child were burned.

Will Carry Grain to Duluth.

The Soo line will carry grain to the Head of the Lakes this fall, said President Pennington of that road in a Duluth interview. Construction work, he said, would be rushed with all possible speed this spring and summer. Work will also be begun on the cut-off to Thief River Falls, which will make a direct line from Duluth to Winnipeg. The Soo and Wisconsin Central will use the same terminals in Duluth.

JUMPS FROM TRAIN

Staples Merchant Killed While Pursuing "Con" Man.

MADE CHANGE FOR STRANGER

Finds Himself Out $80 and Hurriedly Gives Chase.

While in close pursuit of a stranger who, he believed, had just stolen $80 from him, Moses Morrow of Staples, this state, jumped from the Northern Pacific coast train as it pulled into the Minneapolis Union station and, falling, sustained injuries from which he died at the Minneapolis city hospital some hours later.

Mrs. Morrow, who was with her husband on the train, told the police that he had changed several large bills for a stranger just as the train was pulling in, and, a moment later, discovered that he had been cheated out of $80. He hurried after the man, and, thinking he had jumped from the train, jumped off himself.

Slipping as he alighted Morrow fell partly under the wheels of the train. His skull was fractured, his right arm crushed and his left hand cut off. Morrow, who was forty years of age, was a leading merchant at Staples.

BOY AND GIRL DRUG AND ROB

Strange Story of Youthful Crime in Minneapolis.

Though little more than boy and girl in age Jack Hoey and Rose Dryher confessed in the Minneapolis police court that they had drugged four men with chloral and robbed them within the past three weeks. According to their own testimony they had operated from rooms at the Arcade hotel, making a systematic effort to decoy and rob lumberjacks in from the woods with their winter's pay.

In court Hoey and the Dryher girl seemed to glory in their achievements in their criminal partnership. Hoey, according to the testimony, picked up the victims on Bridge square and lured them to the room, where a few glasses of drugged beer made it possible for Rose to rob them. They were given sentences of sixty and ninety days at the workhouse, respectively. Three other alleged accomplices also went to the workhouse for various terms.

BODY AT BOTTOM OF CLIFF

Fort Snelling Soldier Falls One Hundred Feet.

J. P. Morrisey, a member of Company C, Twenty-eighth Infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, was hurled a hundred feet to his death at St. Paul. Morrisey either walked or was thrown from the sidewalk skirting the cliff on Third street, directly in front of the Central police station, to the rocks far below, being instantly killed.

The man's wild plunge through the air was seen by the two night engineers of the Booth Packing company plant, near which Morrisey took his fatal fall. Crashing head foremost upon the rocks the man's body bounded to the railroad tracks, where it was picked up, crushed and mangled.

AGED MAN IS ASPHYXIATED

His Wife Nearly Dead From Coal Gas at St. Paul.

Mrs. Robert Wenzel of St. Paul, becoming alarmed at the silence of an aged couple in their residence across the street, broke in the rear door of the home of Christian Bramer and found the old gentleman dead and his wife barely alive. The death was caused by the accidental diffusion of coal gas through the house from the open doors of an old-fashioned coal burner in the sleeping room.

AGED COUPLE DIE SAME DAY

Had Been Married for More Than Fifty Years.

After a happy married life of more than fifty years Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson, old residents of Olmsted county, passed away within a few hours of each other. Mrs. Nelson, eighty-one years old, died in the morning and her husband, aged eighty, died in the evening, neither of them aware that the end was near. Death was due to old age in both cases.

Minneapolis Boy Killed.

Earl Rice, a former Osceola (Wis.) boy and late of Minneapolis, was killed just west of Scandia, Wis. Rice and his helper were placing a lightning arrester on one of the steel towers for an electric company and the men were on the top of the fifty-foot tower when Rice and his helper both received a heavy shock from the electric current. Rice fell to the ground and never regained consciousness.

Colvill Monument Unveiled.

Before a gathering of about forty gray haired veterans, comrades of the late Colonel William Colvill, the statue to that illustrious leader of the First Minnesota regiment in the Civil war was unveiled at the state capitol at St. Paul to the soft strains of martial music and impressive ceremonies. The house chamber, galleries and rotundas were crowded with spectators.

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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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COUNTRY LIFE COMMISSION.

President Roosevelt recently transmitted to congress the voluminous report of the country life commission which he appointed about a year ago to investigate into agricultural conditions and life over the country and report to him and make recommendations which they thought would be instrumental in improving conditions. The commission consisted of four men of exceptional qualifications both in breadth of view and keen insight into the agricultural needs and problems of the country. Their report to the president consisted of a digest of the data and evidence secured at thirty public hearings held at different points and attended by the farmers and farmers' wives of forty different states and territories and from 120,000 answers to printed questions, which were very generally distributed. In the executive letter of transmissal to congress, which is really an admirable digest of the committee's report, it is pointed out that the general level of country life is high and compares favorably with that of any previous era in the history of the country. Yet, notwithstanding this condition, farming does not yield the financial returns it ought to give. Added to this, there is much discontent, and even discouragement. Three ways are suggested which, it is thought, will help to improve this condition—namely, a better type of farming, better business methods and a better type of living on the farm.

With a view to realizing these ends the president makes the following recommendations:

"First.—Effective co-operation among farmers, to put them on a level with the organized interests with which they do business.

"Second.—A new kind of schools in the country, which shall teach the children as much outdoors as indoors and perhaps more, so that they will prepare for country life and not, as at present, mainly for life in town.

"Third.—Better means of communication, including good roads and a parcels post, which the country people are everywhere, and rightly, unanimous in demanding."

The federal department of agriculture, state experiment stations, the agricultural press and other agencies are recognized as agencies which are doing an excellent service in favoring a better type of agriculture, which, realized, would mean a doubling of crop yields in many sections of the country. The president asserts that, rightly viewed and carried on, agriculture should be one of the most dignified, desirable and sought after ways

TAKE

OF

ECEDING

PAGE

Better fencing is quite usually an accompaniment of an improved type of farming. In any case the more effectively a farm is fenced the better the system of management which can be followed.

Western Canadian farmers are already planning to ship their wheat to Europe by way of the Panama canal as soon as the big ditch is completed. It is quite clear that many products now produced or manufactured on the Atlantic coast will be sent to the Pacific coast and points in the orient by the canal route.

The landlord will be doing a kindness to himself and his land if he insists on a long time lease when he rents his farm. This will enable his tenant to take some pride and interest in improvements and methods of crop rotation which cover a period of two or three years. It may be added that the tenant also will be dollars as well as satisfaction ahead under such a system.

The flavor as well as the texture of a piece of boiling beef may be preserved if the piece is seared for a few minutes in a hot kettle without water and boiling water then added, in which it should be allowed to cook briskly for ten or fifteen minutes. This should be followed by slow cooking for about two hours. In the case of a soup cut the reverse course should be followed, *placing the meat in cold water and allowing* it to come to a boil and letting it cook for about the same length of time.

The cream separator and milking machine are modern improvements which are greatly simplifying some of the most serious problems connected with the dairy business, and, rightly managed, they mean also a cleaner as well as higher grade dairy product. Carelessly handled and not properly scalded, quite the reverse is the case, as a slovenly dairyman who produces a filthy product under the old system of milking and handling the milk and cream will produce a still filthier and more germ laden article with the devices mentioned. This is a fact that many creamerymen know and many more are every day finding out.

The question is raised now and then whether the landlord or the tenant should pay for the manure spreader. There seems to be little question that any landlord could well afford to stand the whole expense simply from the standpoint of economic farm management and the utilizing of the maximum value of the homemade manures. It would seem to be equally true that if a landlord was so shortsighted and penurious that he would not pay for the machine the tenant could afford to do so merely from a selfish standpoint, this being especially true if he had the farm on a long time lease. The fairest way, in view of the benefits accruing to both parties, would seem to be for each one to stand for half of the expense. The benefit being mutual, the expense should be so too.

Readers of these notes will soon be buying grass seed. It is well worth remembering that the pure food laws of the several states give no guarantee of vitality or freedom from noxious weed seeds in the case of grass seed shipped in from outside the state limits, and it is more than likely that it is grass seed of this adulterated, inferior type which will be furnished at the bargain counter prices, which

An Eccentric Doctor.

Dr. Zaharin was one of the most famous as he was also the most eccentric of physicians in Russia. Even when he was summoned to attend Czar Alexander III. in his last illness Dr. Zaharin required the same preparation for his visit to the palace as to any of his patients' homes—that is to say, all dogs had to be kept out of the way, all clocks stopped and every door thrown wide open. Following a process of gradual undressing, he left his furs in the hall, his overcoat in the next room, his galoches in the third and, continuing, arrived at the bedside in ordinary indoor costume. This was only one phase of Dr. Zaharin's golden theory that "you should take a rest before you are tired." Accordingly he sat down after walking every few yards and every eight steps in going upstairs. From the patient's relatives and every one else in the house he required absolute silence until he spoke to them, when his questions had to be answered by "Yes" or "No" and nothing more. To the actual patient, however, he was courtesy and consideration in the highest degree.

The March of the Waiters.

The old St. Nicholas hotel that flourished in New York, on Broadway, near Spring street, put on more style than any house of its time. The waiters' march was an evolution of which any military command in the country might have been proud. In those days the head waiter was a master of tactics. When the guests were seated he snapped his fingers, and in marched the waiters with tray loads of eatables. Keeping perfect step, each marched to his designated table and paused until the head waiter snapped his fingers twice, when down went the trays with a rattle. At the signal of three snaps covers were removed and dishes arranged for the comfort and convenience of the guests. The army then posed statuesquely until four snaps, when it right about wheeled and retreated to the kitchen. All meats, by the way, were carved in the open dining room. The St. Nicholas carver weighed about 390 pounds. He had grown stout breathing the savory odors of roasts. Inquisitive guests used to linger near to see him manipulate the knife.

A Literary Janitor.

There's an apartment house janitor up on Washington heights who probably commands greater genuine respect on the part of the tenants than any other janitor either on or off the heights, and all because of his library. Most tenants have occasion at some time to visit the janitor's living quarters, and so it has come to be known what a really superior person this janitor is, for prominently displayed in his sitting room are nearly a hundred volumes, including such authors as Shakespeare, Milton, Tennyson, Carlyle, Mill, Huxley, Spencer, Emerson, Holmes, Hawthorne, Cable and a dozen others known to fame. It is a pity indeed, the tenants agree, that so superior a man should be so reduced, and they bow down to him accordingly. The books? Why, they were left in care of the janitor by an ejected tenant about four years ago.—New York Globe.

Ben Franklin's Trick.

Benjamin Franklin once wrote this letter to a man to whom he was lending some money:

"I send you herewith a bill for 10 louis d'ors. I do not pretend to give such a sum; I only lend it to you. When you shall return to your country you cannot fail of getting into some kind of business that will in time enable you to pay all your debts. In that case when you meet with another honest man in similar distress you must pay me by lending this sum to him, enjoining him to discharge the debt by a like operation when he shall be able and shall meet with another opportunity. I hope it may then go through many hands before it meets with a knave to stop its progress. This is a trick of mine for doing a deal of good with little money."

Proof Positive.

A certain prominent and excellent lawyer of Chicago, but one of the quietest and most unobtrusive of men, steals around noiselessly, with his hands meekly clasped on his breast and a seraphic and perpetual smile. A bonmot at his expense is told of the late Emory Storrs, a brilliant advocate and an exquisite wit. He went to the lawyer's office and inquired for him; but was informed that he was out. "Oh, no; he isn't," he replied. "I know that he is in." "But I assure you, Mr. Storrs, he is not in." "Now," responded Mr. Storrs, "I know better. He must be in. It is so still in there!"

Following Instructions.

"Don't talk, children," said the teacher, "but when you want anything hold up your hand."

After a little the new girl held up hers, and when the teacher asked her what she wanted she answered, "Some candy, please!"

Signs of Improvement.

"So your daughter is improving in her piano playing?"

"Yes," answered Mr. Cumrox.

"You enjoy it?"

"No. But it doesn't make me as nervous as it used to."—Washington Star.

Very Formal.

"Could yoüse give dat gent at de gate a small handout, mum?"

"Why doesn't he ask for himself?"

"Oh, it's up to me to do dat. I'm his social secretary."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Peace hath higher tests of manhood than battle ever knew.—Whittier.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

Residents of Northeast Minneapolis turned out in mass one afternoon last week to engage in a bear hunt. It was a bear hunt stripped of all of the glorious pomp and panoply of the chase and resolved into a sudden pursuit of a very badly scared bruin, who took refuge under a box car only to meet his death finally from a rifle shot at the hands of one of the pursuers.

There is now every indication that the valley of the Minnesota river will be flooded more destructively than ever this spring. Old settlers are astounded at the fact that, though there would seem to have been scarcely any melting of the snow yet, still the water has made its way under the drifts and into the river, which is already at nearly flood stage.

Election formalities confirming Calvin G. Goodrich as president of the Twin City Rapid Transit company and Willard J. Hield as vice president made the feature of the stockholders' meeting at Elizabeth, N. J., last week. These changes had been announced as practically assured some weeks ago.

Salary loans at the rate of 1 per cent a month will be made to proper persons by a new loan association now being organized in Minneapolis, primarily to combat the salary loan shark evil and incidentally to earn a legitimate profit in a field not covered by the existing banking institutions.

Word has reached Le Sueur of the marriage at Honolulu of Lewis T. Bellaveau of Le Sueur and Princess Theresa of the late Hawaiian dynasty. The princess was a widow at the time of her marriage with Mr. Bellaveau. Her first husband was the first representative of Hawaii at Washington.

The state of Minnesota has filed six suits in the district court of Ramsey county to collect gross earnings taxes from the Mason City and Fort Dodge and the Wisconsin, Minnesota and Pacific railroad companies, subsidiary lines of the Chicago Great Western.

Michael C. Colligan has resigned as deputy warden of the Stillwater state prison, the resignation to take effect at once. It was accepted by Warden Henry Wolfer, who immediately promoted Assistant Deputy Jonas W. Backlund to the vacancy.

President A. W. Harris of Northwestern university, Evanston, Ill., looms up as a strong possibility for president of the University of Minnesota as the result of his conference with members of the board of regents at Minneapolis.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

An unidentified man was mangled and killed beneath Soo line train No. 108 near the junction of the Soo and Northern Pacific in Minneapolis. He stepped off the train just as it was starting after coming to a full stop for the junction and, slipping on the icy bank, rolled under the wheels.

The trial at Mankato of Ambrose Rieff on the charge of murder in the first degree in connection with the death of an infant child alleged to have been born to Mrs. Emma Timmerman about a year ago came to a sudden end when the court directed a verdict for the defendant.

Two yeggmen entered the postoffice at Wood Lake and blew the safe and escaped with about $75. The night clerk at the hotel happened along while the robbers were in the building, but was held under the cover of a gun until their work had been completed.

Matthew Hayes, a well known farmer living near Rosemount, was instantly killed by a fall from a high tree. At the time of the accident Hayes was engaged in cutting the tops of the trees about his home and otherwise trimming them.

E. O. Goulding, aged fifty-five years, surveyor, insurance solicitor, dancing master and a man widely known about Minneapolis for his oddity and geniality of character, is dead from injuries sustained in a fall down stairs at the Harvard hotel.

J. W. Swan, caretaker in the summer cottage of A. Kuhlo, White Bear Beach, was found dead in bed. Dr. C. L. Clark, deputy coroner, decided that death was due to cold and exposure.

Fire totally destroyed the beautiful home of Frank Chute at Rochester, with all its contents, and the escape of the family from the burning building was miraculous.

Monica, the two-year-old daughter of C. W. Hall of St. Paul, fell into a tub of boiling water and died at the city hospital two days later from the effects of the burns.

Mrs. F. A. Everett of Waseca, this state, was killed in a collision between a wild engine and the regular passenger train bound from Vera Cruz to Mexico City.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Marcus Woodruff, right of way commissioner and claim agent for the Chicago Great Western in St. Paul for the past ten years, died at the home of his daughter in Dubuque, Ia., of pleuro-pneumonia, at the age of seventy-eight years.

Dr. Carl A. Ewald, one of the leading clergymen of the Augustana Swedish Lutheran synod and a former resident of Minneapolis, is dead at his home in Chicago.

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TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

MOURN FOR DEAD AUTHOR

One of the Plays Written by Gustaf af Geijerstam Rendered to a Crowded House at the People's Teatern in Stockholm—After the Play the Manager Paid a Glowing Tribute to the Memory of the Celebrated Author and Playwright.

SWEDEN.

All Sweden and even Denmark mourns the death of Gustaf af Geijerstam. At the People's teatern one of Geijerstam's plays, entitled "Stiliga Augusta" (Stylish Augusta) was rendered in honor of the deceased author and playwright and it is needless to mention that the house was crowded to its utmost capacity. After the last act had been rendered the theatrical manager stepped forward and paid a brief but glowing tribute to the late author, urging the Swedish people to always cherish the memory of the genial character depicter, Gustaf af Geijerstam. In Denmark the author will be equally missed. Says the Politiken: "Geijerstam was one of the most typical if not the chief representative of 'Younger Sweden.' He continued most loyally and artistically his fight for the youth of the country." Says the Social Demokraten (Copenhagen): "He did not possess any of the restless and sparking geniality, which is characteristic of Strindberg, but he was not by an means so hard to solve. He possessed just those qualifications which are necessary to hold together a struggling group against the attacks of a reactionary press."

The socialists in Sweden are unusually active in every section of the country and they seem to be gaining in strength as time passes. Nearly every industry in the country feels the influence of the socialist party and they are directly or indirectly concerned it seems all over, although much is being done to check their progress. Recently three laboring men of this following who were of age to take the compulsory military training, wrote the commander at Vasteras that they refused to present themselves for drill. Their cases will, of course, be taken up by the military department, and whatever action will be taken in the matter it is certain that a great deal of hard feeling will be the result, for the authorities must follow the law, and that excuses no one.

King Gustaf, the crownprince and crownprincess took a pleasure trip to Dalarne during the early part of March. They visited Mora and Rattvik and engaged rooms at the Tourist Hotel in the latter place and received many visitors during their short visit there. The winter scenes in Dalarne are quite as charming as those in summer, but this is the first time that any royal people have visited Dalarne at this season of the year.

The city of Gothenburg has received donations to the amount of $80,000 by the will of the late Adolf Florell, a wealthy shipowner. The donations are as follows: To the Home for the Aged, 10,500 crowns; to the Childrens' Hospital, 20,000 crowns; to the Society for the Care of Scrofulous Children, 15,750 crowns; to the Society for the Assistance of Poor Children, 15,750 crowns and to the Seamen's Home for the pensions for the aged seamen, 21,000 crowns.

The city government in Stockholm is certainly liberal. It has during the past year spent thousands of dollars on public works out of season in order to give many workingmen who are out of employment a chance to make a living. The conditions during the past winter have been by no means ideal. Thousands of people have been out of employment and the city government has had to strain itself to the very utmost to alleviate conditions.

Professor Carl Y. Sahlin, aged eighty-five years, was run over by a street car at Gustaf Adolf's court the other day, receiving serious injuries. He was taken to the city hospital, where it is believed that he will not be able to survive. Professor Sahlin was in his time an educator of prom- [illegible] ce and was for years a professor [illegible] tin at the Stockholm high school.

[illegible] ging from latest army reports [illegible] cians are very scarce in Sweden, [illegible] t the military authorities have [illegible] it difficult to obtain enough sur- [illegible] for the army. The medical [illegible] se at the universities in Sweden is an exceedingly steep one and many young men refrain from taking the course for fear they cannot pass the examinations.

The unveiling of the Wiselgren monument will take place in the King's park in Gothenburg May 20 with appropriate exercises. Wiselgren was a great temperance reformer and there are few preachers and temperance reformers who have made such a lasting impression on the Swedish people as Wiselgren.

An Austrian-Hungarian minister at the Swedish court has been appointed. The new envoy is a diplomat and is considered an authority on maritime questions.

The Arjang brewery up in Silbodals parish was burned to the ground the other day, entailing a loss of about 50,000 crowns.

NORWAY.

That people are drinking less liquor in Norway today than ever before can be gleaned from the following investigation made by a newspaper writer in Norway not long ago: Records have been taken of the amount of liquor used since 1833 and it seems to be a fact that the average individual drinks five times as little liquor today as the average individual did seventy-five years ago. In 1833 it is claimed that the average amount of liquor drank per year was sixteen liters; now it is only a trifle over three liters.

William Churchill passed through Christiania the other day on his way to Gothenburg, Sweden, to study the Gothenburg system. Mr. Churchill, who represents a number of temperance societies in the United States, says that the temperance laws in America have made a pure fiasco of the entire business and that it is time to start reform, so far as the liquor system is concerned, on entirely new lines.

The following item shows that there are plenty of strikes in Norway and that the labor unions are still powerful: There were 173 strikes and other organized labor conflicts in Norway in 1908, and sixty strikes that lasted for some time. The receipts of the national labor unions were $78,000 and $45,000 was paid out as aid to the strikers. The aggregate receipts of all the local unions belonging to the national organizations were over $300,000.

A Danish students' chorus from Copenhagen will give a series of concerts in Norway during the summer months. They will appear at Christiania Trondhjem Aalesund, Bergen and other places and will be assisted by one of the prima donnas of the Royal Opera at Copenhagen. They will be accorded a great reception wherever they will appear in Norway.

Much excitement has been caused by the discovery of gold in Smaalens. The chances are that there is very little gold, but a farmer had some of the ore examined by a chemist, who stated that it contained some gold and now it is all the talk in that part of the country and has caused all manner of excitement.

An exchange says: "The government is in favor of establishing a tourist office in Berlin. It will cost about $13,000 a year to keep it running, and the railroads and hotels are expected to contribute $4,000 to this amount. If such an office is opened it will be managed by the state railways."

—Norwegian shipowners are still discussing the feasability of starting a line of passenger and mail steamers between Norway and America. A number of them would be willing to undertake the project if the government would allow a subsidy of about $100,000 a year.

Tourist hotels all over the country are getting in shape for the summer. Thousands of tourists will visit the country this summer and enterprising hotelmen and innkeepers do not loose sight of their interests either.

Lieutenant T. B. Bohn of Trondhjem has received an appointment to serve as an officer in the army of Congo, S. A. He will leave for South Africa next week and will remain there for five years.

There were numerous snow storms all over the country in the early part of March. In many instances traffic was considerably delayed.

Jens Wang, the theatrical painter, celebrated his fiftieth birthday the 11th of March.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen dispatches state that the former minister of justice, Alberti, who is under arrest, has been removed from the jail to the city hospital. Here he is being watched night and day for fear that he will commit suicide. Minister Christensen is now coming in for a good deal of criticism, because it is claimed that he knew all about Alberti's swindleries, but did not inform the authorities about what he knew. It is claimed further that by informing the cabinet regarding what he knew to be going on that he could have saved thousands of crowns and averted much scandal. The supreme court, it is believed, will in the near future take up Christensen's case. The Alberti investigations still continue and the latest development is that he spent $27,000 on the elections at Kjoge.

Says a Copenhagen correspondent: "The number of men out of employment is still increasing, and now includes more than 25 per cent of the country's working classes. The last winter has been the worst in many years, preventing building operations and closing many of the harbors. The situation is looked upon as serious, and it is expectd that the conditions will result in a large increase of emigration in the next two or three months. The Scandinavian-American liners are all crowded.

According to a new law all Danish women over twenty-five years of age will, from now on, have the right to vote and come forward as candidates in the elections for the Copenhagen municipal council. A conspicuous point about the whole thing seems to be that the women of Copenhagen are not particularly interested in the new law and have thus far expressed no enthusiasm whatever.

The national taxes collected from the people during the years 1905-6 and 1906-07 amounted to 75,650,000 crowns, and the total taxes during the same period aggregated the sum of 46,700,000 crowns—making a grand total of 122,000,000 crowns.

MARION B. NORELIUS.

SUES OFFICERS OF A BANK

Minnesota Man Claims They Assisted Swindlers.

A suit was filed in the federal court at Council Bluffs, Ia., by Samuel Sutor, of Cass Lake, this state, against the First National bank, its officials and other persons, in which Sutor charges that the bank was in collusion with Maybray and his associates in swindling Sutor out of $5,000 on a fake race.

The plaintiff names as defendants the First National bank of Council Bluffs, Ernest E. Hart, president, and John J. Spindler, cashier of the bank, and also George Wilson and Benjamin Marks. George Wilson is said to have been Maybray's right hand man in the so-called "swindle syndicate," and is said by Sutor to have been the man who handled the stake money which included Sutor's $5,000.

Hart and Spindler deny the charges made by Sutor that they knew of the swindles or that they abetted such swindles in any manner. They claim that they handled Sutor's letter of credit from a bank in Cass Lake in the same manner as similar paper usually is handled.

Sutor's bill of complaint states that he went to Council Bluffs on the invitation of a friend, Barney Martin; that he was introduced shortly after his arrival to officials of the First National bank, and he claims that they represented to him that Maybray and his associates were an association of millionaires who were engaged in horse racing, boxing matches, wrestling matches and similar sports.

LEFT HIM HIS UNDERCLOTHES

Footpads Rob Victim of Suit, Overcoat and Shoes.

First to be held up and robbed of his gold watch, a gold chain, a gold locket with a diamond setting, his hat, shoes, overcoat and suit, leaving him with nothing on but his underclothes, and then to receive a farewell "bat" in the eye, which laid him out for several hours, was the harrowing experience of Walter N. Schultz, a young man of Minneapolis.

Mr. Schultz is a clerk in the jewelry store of his mother. After closing the store he went out to make a call and was suddenly confronted by two men, one of whom stuck a shining revolver in his face and told him to throw up his hands.

Surprised by the unexpected attack young Schultz failed to comply with the demand at once. The second man, who had kept in the background, suddenly jumped forward and landed a stunning blow on the victim's right eye and Schultz went down and out.

When he came to Schultz made the best of his way home, where he arrived in the early morning hours in a shocking state of negligee and his right eye in heavy mourning.

SWEETHEART DIES IN ITALY

News Causes Young Italian to End Life at St. Paul.

Antonio Camponaro, twenty-two years of age, killed himself at St. Paul by shooting. The death of his sweetheart in Italy is believed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Young Camponaro received a letter from his father telling him of the death of the girl whom he was to marry. Camponaro brooded considerably following the receipt of the letter and told his friends about it.

He was alone in a small room when he fired a bullet in his head. A few seconds before the shot rang out he was heard singing an Italian love song. When found he was lying on his face on the floor and the revolver was a few feet from the body.

SOME OFFICIALS CRITICISED

Others Praised in Report of Hennepin County Grand Jury.

Both use of public office to forward personal and political schemes and the carelessness of municipal officials in handling the city's business are condemned in the report of the Hennepin county grand jury.

The grand jury investigated municipal conditions during the term. The report praises some and condemns others. The departments most criticised are the city assessor's office under the former regime and the city council. The report accuses former Assessor C. J. Minor of unfairness in making the assessments and the council of carelessness in appropriating money. The document is not as startling as many expected.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Women and Children, With Clothes Ablaze, Go Down Ladder.

Fire completely destroyed the residence of Henry Dedericks near Cass Lake and were it not for the heady work of Dedericks his entire family would have been burned to death. He took his wife and three children down a ladder to safety, but not until the flames reached them. The nightgowns of all were burning and the eyelids of one child were burned.

Will Carry Grain to Duluth.

The Soo line will carry grain to the Head of the Lakes this fall, said President Pennington of that road in a Duluth interview. Construction work, he said, would be rushed with all possible speed this spring and summer. Work will also be begun on the cut off to Thief River Falls, which will make a direct line from Duluth to Winnipeg. The Soo and Wisconsin Central will use the same terminals in Duluth.

JUMPS FROM TRAIN

Staples Merchant Killed While Pursuing "Con" Man.

MADE CHANGE FOR STRANGER

Finds Himself Out $80 and Hurriedly Gives Chase.

While in close pursuit of a stranger who, he believed, had just stolen $80 from him, Moses Morrow of Staples, this state, jumped from the Northern Pacific coast train as it pulled into the Minneapolis Union station and, falling, sustained injuries from which he died at the Minneapolis city hospital some hours later.

Mrs. Morrow, who was with her husband on the train, told the police that he had changed several large bills for a stranger just as the train was pulling in, and, a moment later, discovered that he had been cheated out of $80. He hurried after the man, and, thinking he had jumped from the train, jumped off himself.

Slipping as he alighted Morrow fell partly under the wheels of the train. His skull was fractured, his right arm crushed and his left hand cut off. Morrow, who was forty years of age, was a leading merchant at Staples.

BOY AND GIRL DRUG AND ROB

Strange Story of Youthful Crime in Minneapolis.

Though little more than boy and girl in age Jack Hoey and Rose Dryher confessed in the Minneapolis police court that they had drugged four men with chloral and robbed them within the past three weeks. According to their own testimony they had operated from rooms at the Arcade hotel, making a systematic effort to decoy and rob lumberjacks in from the woods with their winter's pay.

In court Hoey and the Dryher girl seemed to glory in their achievements in their criminal partnership. Hoey, according to the testimony, picked up the victims on Bridge square and lured them to the room, where a few glasses of drugged beer made it possible for Rose to rob them. They were given sentences of sixty and ninety days at the workhouse, respectively. Three other alleged accomplices also went to the workhouse for various terms.

BODY AT BOTTOM OF CLIFF

Fort Snelling Soldier Falls One Hundred Feet.

J. P. Morrisey, a member of Company C, Twenty-eighth infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, was hurled a hundred feet to his death at St. Paul. Morrisey either walked or was thrown from the sidewalk skirting the cliff on Third street, directly in front of the Central police station, to the rocks far below, being instantly killed.

The man's wild plunge through the air was seen by the two night engineers of the Booth Packing company plant, near which Morrisey took his fatal fall. Crashing head foremost upon the rocks the man's body bounded to the railroad tracks, where it was picked up, crushed and mangled.

AGED MAN IS ASPHYXIATED

His Wife Nearly Dead From Coal Gas at St. Paul.

Mrs. Robert Wenzel of St. Paul, becoming alarmed at the silence of an aged couple in their residence across the street, broke in the rear door of the home of Christian Bramer and found the old gentleman dead and his wife barely alive. The death was caused by the accidental diffusion of coal gas through the house from the open doors of an old-fashioned coal burner in the sleeping room.

AGED COUPLE DIE SAME DAY

Had Been Married for More Than Fifty Years.

After a happy married life of more than fifty years Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson, old residents of Olmsted county, passed away within a few hours of each other. Mrs. Nelson, eighty-one years old, died in the morning and her husband, aged eighty, died in the evening, neither of them aware that the end was near. Death was due to old age in both cases.

Minneapolis Boy Killed.

Earl Rice, a former Osceola (Wis.) boy and late of Minneapolis, was killed just west of Scandia, Wis. Rice and his helper were placing a lightning arrester on one of the steel towers for an electric company and the men were on the top of the fifty-foot tower when Rice and his helper both received a heavy shock from the electric current. Rice fell to the ground and never regained consciousness.

Colvill Monument Unveiled.

Before a gathering of about forty gray haired veterans, comrades of the late Colonel William Colvill, the statue to that illustrious leader of the First Minnesota regiment in the Civil war was unveiled at the state capitol at St. Paul to the soft strains of martial music and impressive ceremonies. The house chamber, galleries and rotunda were crowded with spectators.

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COUNTRY LIFE COMMISSION.

President Roosevelt recently transmitted to congress the voluminous report of the country life commission which he appointed about a year ago to investigate into agricultural conditions and life over the country and report to him and make recommendations which they thought would be instrumental in improving conditions. The commission consisted of four men of exceptional qualifications both in breadth of view and keen insight into the agricultural needs and problems of the country. Their report to the president consisted of a digest of the data and evidence secured at thirty public hearings held at different points and attended by the farmers and farmers' wives of forty different states and territories and from 120,000 answers to printed questions, which were very generally distributed. In the executive letter of transmissal to congress, which is really an admirable digest of the committee's report, it is pointed out that the general level of country life is high and compares favorably with that of any previous era in the history of the country. Yet, notwithstanding this condition, farming does not yield the financial returns it ought to give. Added to this, there is much discontent, and even discouragement. Three ways are suggested which, it is thought, will help to improve this condition—namely, a better type of farming, better business methods and a better type of living on the farm.

With a view to realizing these ends the president makes the following recommendations:

"First.—Effective co-operation among farmers, to put them on a level with the organized interests with which they do business.

"Second.—A new kind of schools in the country, which shall teach the children as much outdoors as indoors and perhaps more, so that they will prepare for country life and not, as at present, mainly for life in town.

"Third.—Better means of communication, including good roads and a parcels post, which the country people are everywhere, and rightly, unanimous in demanding."

The federal department of agriculture, state experiment stations, the agricultural press and other agencies are recognized as agencies which are doing an excellent service in favoring a better type of agriculture, which, realized, would mean a doubling of crop yields in many sections of the country. The president asserts that, rightly viewed and carried on, agriculture should be one of the most dignified, desirable and sought after ways of earning a livelihood. In bringing this condition of things to pass emphasis is placed on the need of organization and co-operation for business and social reasons. The religious need is also recognized and an important place given the country church in this connection, while an especial tribute is paid the home as the most powerful factor in the development of character and personality, the presence or lack of which tends to make life rich or poor. At the close of his message the president emphasizes the fact that the permanency of our civilization depends upon the wholesomeness, attractiveness and completeness as well as the prosperity of country life. An appropriation of $25,000 is recommended in order that the commission may be able to digest the material it has collected and to collect and digest other valuable data which are within easy reach. While this is but a beginning, the work of the country life commission is bound to result in untold benefit.

AN IMMEDIATE PROBLEM.

Tillers of the soil in all the older agricultural sections of the country are up against an economic proposition which it would be well worth while for them to take into serious account. We refer to that to be found in an increase in the value of farm lands in the sections referred to, a corresponding increase in rental charges, and this coupled with the fact of a continually decreasing soil fertility. Those who have thought of this problem even superficially can realize at once that this condition of affairs cannot continue long. Either the soil robbing methods of tilling land will have to be abandoned and a more rational system adopted in their place in the shape of dairying and stock raising or else farms of the class referred to will themselves have to be abandoned. The wise course to follow would seem to lie along the line of a reformation of agricultural methods, which is the only way out of the difficulty consistent with financial consideration and patriotic regard for the dignity of agriculture as a vocation and the marvelous original endowment of soil fertility. We should quit this dishonorable business of soil robbery and develop a keener regard than we feel for the agricultural bankruptcy which it will lead to if persisted in.

Better fencing is quite usually an accompaniment of an improved type of farming. In any case the more effectively a farm is fenced the better the system of management which can be followed.

Western Canadian farmers are already planning to ship their wheat to Europe by way of the Panama canal as soon as the big ditch is completed. It is quite clear that many products now produced or manufactured on the Atlantic coast will be sent to the Pacific coast and points in the orient by the canal route.

The landlord will be doing a kindness to himself and his land if he insists on a long time lease when he rents his farm. This will enable his tenant to take some pride and interest in improvements and methods of crop rotation which cover a period of two or three years. It may be added that the tenant also will be dollars as well as satisfaction ahead under such a system.

The flavor as well as the texture of a piece of boiling beef may be preserved if the piece is seared for a few minutes in a hot kettle without water and boiling water then added, in which it should be allowed to cook briskly for ten or fifteen minutes. This should be followed by slow cooking for about two hours. In the case of a soup cut the reverse course should be followed, placing the meat in cold water and allowing it to come to a boil and letting it cook for about the same length of time.

The cream separator and milking machine are modern improvements which are greatly simplifying some of the most serious problems connected with the dairy business, and, rightly managed, they mean also a cleaner as well as higher grade dairy product. Carelessly handled and not properly scalded, quite the reverse is the case, as a slovenly dairyman who produces a filthy product under the old system of milking and handling the milk and cream will produce a still filthier and more germ laden article with the devices mentioned. This is a fact that many creamerymen know and many more are every day finding out.

The question is raised now and then whether the landlord or the tenant should pay for the manure spreader. There seems to be little question that any landlord could well afford to stand the whole expense simply from the standpoint of economic farm management and the utilizing of the maximum value of the homemade manures. It would seem to be equally true that if a landlord was so shortsighted and penurious that he would not pay for the machine the tenant could afford to do so merely from a selfish standpoint, this being especially true if he had the farm on a long time lease. The fairest way, in view of the benefits accruing to both parties, would seem to be for each one to stand for half of the expense. The benefit being mutual, the expense should be so too.

Readers of these notes will soon be buying grass seed. It is well worth remembering that the pure food laws of the several states give no guarantee of vitality or freedom from noxious weed seeds in the case of grass seed shipped in from outside the state limits, and it is more than likely that it is grass seed of this adulterated, inferior type which will be furnished at the bargain counter prices which tempt so many shortsighted buyers. Put it down as a safe rule that that grass seed which is the lowest in price is the poorest in quality and therefore in the long run the most expensive, while that which is the highest priced and bought of firms of known reputation will be the best and by a like rule the most economical. This lesson of seed price and quality is one that many learn from the costliest kind of experience.

One of the chief drawbacks to a newly settled prairie country from the standpoint of comfortable residence is the absence of trees to provide shade in summer and shelter from the storms of winter. As soon as time can be spared for the job, and the sooner the better, a belt of trees should be set on the north and west and at such a distance from the home site as will give ample room for the barns, sheds and feed lots. If the trees are desired for windbreak purposes only, there is nothing better than the conifers—the pines, spruces, cedars and larches. If the timber belt is intended for timber or fuel purposes also, the belt should be more extensive and may include the catalpa, cottonwood, hard and soft maple or even the despised box elder if other better varieties of trees are not available. If the young trees are not propagated at home, as will likely be true of the conifers, they should be secured of the nearest reliable nurseryman, who should have given the trees such care in the nursery plot as will enable him to back them with a pretty good guarantee. After being set out—and this applies to any kinds of trees—the best results will be secured if the young trees are given careful cultivation for at least three years, when the shade they furnish and straw mulch which may be applied will answer the purpose of conserving necessary moisture. A well located and thrifty shelter belt of trees will contribute not only to the attractive appearance of the farm and comfort of its residents, but will also add a good sum to the value of the farm in case it should be sold.

F. Trigg

An Eccentric Doctor.

Dr. Zaharin was one of the most famous as he was also the most eccentric of physicians in Russia. Even when he was summoned to attend Czar Alexander III. in his last illness Dr. Zaharin required the same preparation for his visit to the palace as to any of his patients' homes—that is to say, all dogs had to be kept out of the way, all clocks stopped and every door thrown wide open. Following a process of gradual undressing, he left his furs in the hall, his overcoat in the next room, his galoches in the third and, continuing, arrived at the bedside in ordinary indoor costume. This was only one phase of Dr. Zaharin's golden theory that "you should take a rest before you are tired." Accordingly he sat down after walking every few yards and every eight steps in going upstairs. From the patient's relatives and every one else in the house he required absolute silence until he spoke to them, when his questions had to be answered by "Yes" or "No" and nothing more. To the actual patient, however, he was courtesy and consideration in the highest degree.

The March of the Waiters.

The old St. Nicholas hotel that flourished in New York, on Broadway, near Spring street, put on more style than any house of its time. The waiters' march was an evolution of which any military command in the country might have been proud. In those days the head waiter was a master of tactics. When the guests were seated he snapped his fingers, and in marched the waiters with tray loads of eatables. Keeping perfect step, each marched to his designated table and paused until the head waiter snapped his fingers twice, when down went the trays with a rattle. At the signal of three snaps covers were removed and dishes arranged for the comfort and convenience of the guests. The army then posed statuesquely until four snaps, when it right about wheeled and retreated to the kitchen. All meats, by the way, were carved in the open dining room. The St. Nicholas carver weighed about 390 pounds. He had grown stout breathing the savory odors of roasts. Inquisitive guests used to linger near to see him manipulate the knife.

A Literary Janitor.

There's an apartment house janitor up on Washington heights who probably commands greater genuine respect on the part of the tenants than any other janitor either on or off the heights, and all because of his library. Most tenants have occasion at some time to visit the janitor's living quarters, and so it has come to be known what a really superior person this janitor is, for prominently displayed in his sitting room are nearly a hundred volumes, including such authors as Shakespeare, Milton, Tennyson, Carlyle, Mill, Huxley, Spencer, Emerson, Holmes, Hawthorne, Cable and a dozen others known to fame. It is a pity indeed, the tenants agree, that so superior a man should be so reduced, and they bow down to him accordingly. The books? Why, they were left in care of the janitor by an ejected tenant about four years ago.—New York Globe.

Ben Franklin's Trick.

Benjamin Franklin once wrote this letter to a man to whom he was lending some money:

"I send you herewith a bill for 10 louis d'ors. I do not pretend to give such a sum; I only lend it to you. When you shall return to your country you cannot fail of getting into some kind of business that will in time enable you to pay all your debts. In that case when you meet with another honest man in similar distress you must pay me by lending this sum to him, enjoining him to discharge the debt by a like operation when he shall be able and shall meet with another opportunity. I hope it may then go through many hands before it meets with a knave to stop its progress. This is a trick of mine for doing a deal of good with little money."

Proof Positive.

A certain prominent and excellent lawyer of Chicago, but one of the quietest and most unobtrusive of men, steals around noiselessly, with his hands meekly clasped on his breast and a seraphic and perpetual smile. A bonmot at his expense is told of the late Emory Storrs, a brilliant advocate and an exquisite wit. He went to the lawyer's office and inquired for him, but was informed that he was out. "Oh, no; he isn't," he replied. "I know that he is in." "But I assure you, Mr. Storrs, he is not in." "Now," responded Mr. Storrs, "I know better. He must be in. It is so still in there!"

Following Instructions.

"Don't talk, children," said the teacher, "but when you want anything hold up your hand."

After a little the new girl held up hers, and when the teacher asked her what she wanted she answered, "Some candy, please!"

Signs of Improvement.

"So your daughter is improving in her piano playing?"

"Yes," answered Mr. Cumrox.

"You enjoy it?"

"No. But it doesn't make me as nervous as it used to."—Washington Star.

Very Formal.

"Could youse give dat gent at de gate a small handout, mum?"

"Why doesn't he ask for himself?"

"Oh, it's up to me to do dat. I'm his social secretary."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Peace hath higher tests of manhood than battle ever knew.—Whittier.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

Residents of Northeast Minneapolis turned out in mass one afternoon last week to engage in a bear hunt. It was a bear hunt stripped of all of the glorious pomp and panoply of the chase and resolved into a sudden pursuit of a very badly scared bruin, who took refuge under a box car only to meet his death finally from a rifle shot at the hands of one of the pursuers.

There is now every indication that the valley of the Minnesota river will be flooded more destructively than ever this spring. Old settlers are astounded at the fact that, though there would seem to have been scarcely any melting of the snow yet, still the water has made its way under the drifts and into the river, which is already at nearly flood stage.

Election formalities confirming Calvin G. Goodrich as president of the Twin City Rapid Transit company and Willard J. Hield as vice president made the feature of the stockholders' meeting at Elizabeth, N. J., last week. These changes had been announced as practically assured some weeks ago.

Salary loans at the rate of 1 per cent a month will be made to proper persons by a new loan association now being organized in Minneapolis, primarily to combat the salary loan shark evil and incidentally to earn a legitimate profit in a field not covered by the existing banking institutions.

Word has reached Le Sueur of the marriage at Honolulu of Lewis T. Bellaveau of Le Sueur and Princess Theresa of the late Hawaiian dynasty. The princess was a widow at the time of her marriage with Mr. Bellaveau. Her first husband was the first representative of Hawaii at Washington.

The state of Minnesota has filed six suits in the district court of Ramsey county to collect gross earnings taxes from the Mason City and Fort Dodge and the Wisconsin, Minnesota and Pacific railroad companies, subsidiary lines of the Chicago Great Western.

Michael C. Colligan has resigned as deputy warden of the Stillwater state prison, the resignation to take effect at once. It was accepted by Warden Henry Wolfer, who immediately promoted Assistant Deputy Jonas W. Backlund to the vacancy.

President A. W. Harris of Northwestern university, Evanston, Ill., looms up as a strong possibility for president of the University of Minnesota as the result of his conference with members of the board of regents at Minneapolis.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

An unidentified man was mangled and killed beneath Soo line train No. 108 near the junction of the Soo and Northern Pacific in Minneapolis. He stepped off the train just as it was starting after coming to a full stop for the junction and, slipping on the icy bank, rolled under the wheels.

The trial at Mankato of Ambrose Rieff on the charge of murder in the first degree in connection with the death of an infant child alleged to have been born to Mrs. Emma Timmerman about a year ago came to a sudden end when the court directed a verdict for the defendant.

Two yeggmen entered the postoffice at Wood Lake and blew the safe and escaped with about $75. The night clerk at the hotel happened along while the robbers were in the building, but was held under the cover of a gun until their work had been completed.

Matthew Hayes, a well known farmer living near Rosemount, was instantly killed by a fall from a high tree. At the time of the accident Hayes was engaged in cutting the tops of the trees about his home and otherwise trimming them.

E. O. Goulding, aged fifty-five years, surveyor, insurance solicitor, dancing master and a man widely known about Minneapolis for his oddity and geniality of character, is dead from injuries sustained in a fall down stairs at the Harvard hotel.

J. W. Swan, caretaker in the summer cottage of A. Kuhlo, White Bear Beach, was found dead in bed. Dr. C. L. Clark, deputy coroner, decided that death was due to cold and exposure.

Fire totally destroyed the beautiful home of Frank Chute at Rochester, with all its contents, and the escape of the family from the burning building was miraculous.

Monica, the two-year-old daughter of C. W. Hall of St. Paul, fell into a tub of boiling water and died at the city hospital two days later from the effects of the burns.

Mrs. F. A. Everett of Waseca, this state, was killed in a collision between a wild engine and the regular passenger train bound from Vera Cruz to Mexico City.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Marcus Woodruff, right of way commissioner and claim agent for the Chicago Great Western in St. Paul for the past ten years, died at the home of his daughter in Dubuque, Ia., of pleuro-pneumonia, at the age of seventy-eight years.

Dr. Carl A. Ewald, one of the leading clergymen of the Augustana Swedish Lutheran synod and a former resident of Minneapolis, is dead at his home in Chicago.

CONNELLY'S
ADDITION
To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.
D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

Wilhelm Michelet,
U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.
HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

The News: $1 per Year

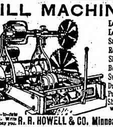

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Saw Mills
Engines
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We also have Second Hand Machinery
We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B. Free. It will pay you.
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THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER,
$1.00 PER YEAR

The Peoples Drug Store
ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.
DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.
Prescription Work a Specialty.
PHONE NO. 24.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

"A bill to make A. D. Stephens, of Crookston Governor," is the way one of our exchanges terms the bill to reduce the governors salary. This bill would not necessarily make the Crookston man governor, but it would remove all restrictions. Mr. Stephens is a good man, but it is going to take more than an act of the legislature to place him in any office higher than that of "the senator from Polk county."

The Red Lake Falls Milling company, the corporation of which Marcus Johnson is the head, has made formal application to the city council of Red Lake Falls for a franchise to erect poles, string wires and furnish the city of Red Lake Falls with electric lights for a period of thirty-five years. Just recently this company secured a five year franchise. The Red Lake Falls Gazette, which favors giving the franchise, says that it is not an exclusive one. This perhaps is for the reason that under the state laws an exclusive franchise can not be given.

School Notes.

Visiting teachers from Grafton, East Grand Forks, St. Cloud and Bemidji honored the local schools this week by their presence.

Celena Hance of the normal department began a term of five months school at good wages in Polk county a week ago. This young lady is a member of the freshman class and in the late examination for teachers succeeded in passing in every subject 75 per cent and higher, thus securing permanent standings on a second grade certificate. This is not to the discredit of the normal department.

Miss Reiner, of Grafton, and Miss Lind of the East Grand Forks school, former teachers in this city, are spending the Easter holidays with friends in Thief River Falls.

Miss McGinn of the Central school was called to Wisconsin on Monday by the death of a relative. Miss Grace Meehan is substituting for her.

Miss Goldie Hill, one of the former teachers in the high school building and now teaching in Bemidji, made a pleasant visit to the schools on Tuesday.

Among the latest additions to the school enrollment are some 13 beginners in Miss Lakin's room at the Knox, 9 in Miss Wold's room at the Central and 3 in Miss Backe's room at High. These will be augmented by about as many more before the end of the month. About all that these little people can accomplish this term is to get acquainted with the schools and receive a start for next year.

The janitors had all three buildings in neat condition for the opening of school last Monday.

Not a little sickness exists among the pupils, and at least 50 are absent this week by reason of it. It is gratifying to know that it is not of a contagious nature.

The Hauges Ladies will meet next Tuesday, April 13, in the afternoon at 2 o'clock with Mrs. L. J. Foss at their home on 215 Main Ave. Cordial invitation to all.

Doctors

say *take Cod Liver Oil*—they undoubtedly mean *Scott's Emulsion.*

It would be just as sensible for them to prescribe Quinine in its crude form as to prescribe Cod Liver Oil in its natural state. In

Scott's Emulsion

the oil is emulsified and made easy to take—easy to digest and easy to be absorbed in to the body—and is the most natural and useful fatty food to feed and nourish the wasted body that is known in medicine today.

Nothing can be found to take its place. If you are run-down you should take it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.12
Oats	47c
Flax	$1.56
Barley	50
Eggs	20c
Butter	20-25c

Attend the Easter Ball.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. Melby was up to Middle River Monday.

Ole C. Brenna was up to Middle River last week.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Mrs. Geo. Elder.

R. D. V. Carr was down from Middle River last Friday.

James Bulman was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

Rev. Gilchrist was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. G. Halvorson.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Torstvedt Sunday.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Merrit Warren came down from the Red Lake the first of the week.

County Treasurer Tandberg was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Mrs. R. A. Hanson and son, Herman, visited friends at Karlstad last week.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Charles Alexander returned from the Red Lake country the first of the week.

D. B. Bakke was up to Newfolden yesterday attending to business matters.

Lost—A handbag containing $6. Finder please return to Mrs. Fred Dablow.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

We want ten or fifteen regular customers to buy milk and eggs. Phone 193. M. Bothum.

"Bob" Lonson and "Billy" Knight were up to Warroad last Saturday looking over the town.

Mayor T. P. Hamre was up to Middle River the first of the week attending to business matters.

Ole Omundson was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending to some business matters.

For Sale or Trade—A good moving picture machine complete. Write to C. W. Nelson, Anton, Minn.

Will Doege returned to this city last Saturday from Wolverton, where he had spent most of the winter.

One-fourth section of land near Germantown with house, stable and other improvements, $1,000.

A. H. Fasel was up to Greenbush, Badger and Roseau the first of the week looking after some contract work.

The Thief River Falls Orchestra is giving an Easter Ball next Monday evening. A good time is guaranteed.

Superintendent Michaels and Master Mechanic Horton left Tuesday morning for Kenmare, N. D., to inspect the Wheatline. They returned last evening.

Mrs. E. H. Whitney and two daughters, Misses Edith and Grace, arrived in the city Monday from St. Cloud and are the guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Kennison.

Services Easter Sunday at 10:30 a. m. in Immanuel congregation. In Thief River Falls at 7:15 in the church east of the Soo depot. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, pastor.

The annual congregational meeting of the Presbyterian church will be held Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Reports for the year will be presented and trustees elected.

Wayne Richardson, who is attending the North Dakota State University at Grand Forks, arrived in the city last Thursday and remained until Monday visiting his parents.

S. W. Bagley leaves today for a trip to the Pacific coast where he expects to locate. Mrs. Bagley will spend the time during her husband's absence in the west at the home of her father at Reynolds, N. D.

Ed Wambam was in the city the first of the week, the guest of his cousin, H. P. Sponheim. Mr. Wambam had just returned from a trip to Norway, where he had spent the winter, and was en route to his home at Lankin, N. D.

Robert McGinn received a telegram Sunday stating his brother, Michael, had been seriously injured in a railroad wreck at Green Bay, Wis., and on Monday received another telegram announcing his death. Mr. McGinn left Monday evening to attend the funeral.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

W. A. Wyman spent Sunday in the cities.

S. J. Rice was down from Holt last week.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Wanted—A second cook at Hotel Ogahmah.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

S. W. Bagley was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Julian Provincher was down to Minneapolis last week.

F. T. Satre was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Alex A. Sweans was up to Warroad the first of the week.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

A good time guaranteed at the Easter Ball next Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ewart left Monday on a trip to Warroad.

A. K. Jones was in the city from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Miss Munger, of Winona, is the guest of Miss Golda Hill this week.

Miss Golda Hill is here from Cass Lake to spend the Easter vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Kvennes were down from Middle River the first of the week.

K. R. Killand, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday attending to business matters.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

I. M. Myrbo, the Viking banker, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

A fine large new line of wall paper and paint at Frank Mousley's. Prices are as low as ever. 15 1t.

Oscar Williams was up to Badger and other points on the Warroad line the first of the week.

Charles W. Latta, the editor of the Plummer Pioneer, was in the city the first of the week.

Postmaster Hjertos and wife, of Middle River, were in the city last week visiting with friends.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

LOST—On hay market last Friday a Gallaway cow hide robe. Finder please leave at creamery. Ed Quigley.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

F. C. Niclai was up to Middle River the first of the week selling his well known and popular brand of cigars.

Ole J. Johnson, the well known Plummer citizen, was in Thief River Falls last Saturday attending to business matters.

Goodnow Torrison came over from Fisher last Friday to spend a few days looking after his business interests here.

The big "Pembina" farm near Warren, comprising nearly 21,000 acres, has been sold for $100,000 and will be subdivided.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

W. M. Lindsey left last week for Callaway, south of here on the Soo, where he has purchased some land and will make his future home.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

H. L. Hanson and John P. Lunden, two prominent citizens of Stephen, the former being at one time a business man of Thief River Falls, were in the city the first of the first of the week.

For your Easter Dinner, at ZEH & CURRAN'S: Ripe tomatoes, lettuce, onions, radishes, pieplant, asparagus, cucumbers, spinach, celery, strawberries.

The musical concert given at the Norwegian Lutheran church last Sunday evening proved a big success, not only as regards rendition but also from a point of attendance. Prof. P. H. P. Rydning, a graduate of Lindeman's Conservatory of Music, Christiania, Norway, opened and closed the concert with selections on the pipe organ. The vocal numbers were magnificently rendered as also can be said of the violin solo by Arnold Bjerkebeel and the pipe organ selections by Prof. Rydning, who can truly be termed among the masters of his chosen art.

Miss Sarah Vaughan was down from Germantown last week.

Ex-County Supt. of Schools McAnulty was in the city yesterday.

J. W. Judah was down from Middle River the first of the week.

Joseph Novatney, of Badger, was in the city the first of the week.

R. Rierson, the Holt merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

Contractor James Brady, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city the first of the week.

We sell and deliver strictly fresh eggs at same prices as stores. Phone 193. M. Bothum.

There will be services in the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All welcome. H. Halvorson.

Daniel Shaw and F. S. Doege left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days attending to business matters.

The Presbyterian Ladies will have another sale of all kinds of cooking and will serve a 10 cent lunch Saturday afternoon in the Dobner-Meehan block. Everyone cordially invited to attend this sale.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

Peter Eberhardt and crew of eight men left last week for the Red Lakes to spend a few days making repairs to Mr. Eberhardt's boat which will be busily engaged during the summer picking up "dead head" logs in the Red Lakes and Red Lake River.

We cannot make any offers of 50 and 90 per cent discount for we sell honest goods at honest prices and guarantee better values for less money than any place in the city our guarantee is good for we are here to stay. City Drug & Jewelry store.

Rev. F. J. Seltz will conduct services as follows; at the German Lutheran church in this city tonight at 7:30, together with the celebration of the Lord's Supper, and next Sunday morning at 10:30; at Manor Easter Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock; at Germantown Easter Monday morning at 10:00.

On Friday evening there will be a special service in the Presbyterian church at 7:30 o'clock. The subject of the sermon by the pastor will be "The Death of Jesus." On Sunday at 1:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m., there will be services appropriate to Easter, with special singing.

Easter will be observed in the M. E church. Topic in the morning, "Consider the Lilies." Some of the best musical talent in town will take part in the service. At night a lecture will be delivered on "Newfoundland." Mrs. Hay's young peoples' choir will furnish the singing. Don't miss these services.

H. A. Halvorson, of Reiner, was in the city the first of the week. He reports that he has been doing great work with a new saw mill he recently installed upon his farm and has sawed up considerable lumber for neighbors. This summer he is going to use the engine to do plowing with, having purchased a complete set of plows.

The senate of the Minnesota legislature, by a narrow margin, passed the bill compelling the sale of many vegetables by weight instead of measure. If the bill passes the house potatoes will be sold by the pound instead of by the bushel. The law was amended by striking out sweet potatoes, tomatoes and other articles, but most vegetables and all kinds of grain and seed are included in the provisions.

INGOT STEEL CULVERTS

Corrugated and Galvanized.

FOR BETTER ROADS.

SAFE—PERMANENT

WON'T ROT.

WON'T RUST.

WON'T CRACK.

Not affected by freezing and heaving of water, or soil.

HIGHWAY & RAILWAY.

Bridges and Culverts. Economical.

Northern Culvert Company:

Manufacturers.

Thief River Falls, - Minn.

Absolutely Pure

Grapes give the chief ingredient, the active principle, and healthfulness, to

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Insures wholesome and delicious food for every day in every home

No Phosphates
No Alum

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

Co. L to Be Inspected.

Capt. Wistle received word yesterday that Col. Garlach and Capt. Hatcher would be in Thief River Falls next Wednesday evening, April 14, to make the annual inspection of the local militia company.

Salvation Army.

Special meeting at the Salvation Army Hall Monday, April 12th at 8 p. m.

The celebration of the 80th birthday of the founder and head of the Salvation Army, General William Booth. Rev. J. B. Smith of the M. E. church will speak. Everybody cordially invited. Adjt. M. A. Anderson.

AT THE BIJOU.

A beautiful reverential picture, suitable for the Lenten season is the headline at the popular little play house the last half of this week, entitled—"The Happiest Day of Her Life." The appearance of this exquisite drama in moving pictures is an event that will be heartily welcomed by those who can appreciate the beauty of sentiment when presented in an unusual guise. The rest of the program is evenly balanced. There will be fun galore. Dramatic—"The happiest Day of Her Life." and "The Deadly Plant." Comedy—"The Marathon Race," "The Gendarme's Horses" and "The Acrobatic Maid." Mrs. Huseth sings charmingly two beautiful pictured melodies, "When Jack Comes Sailing Home Again" and "Honey Dear." Amateurs Friday evening as usual.

For your Easter Dinner, at ZEH & CURRAN'S: Ripe tomatoes, lettuce, onions, radishes, pieplant, asparagus, cucumbers, spinach, celery, strawberries.

An Elephant Bridge.

In ancient times in India a famous general used elephants to bridge a stream. He possessed a battalion of over 500 elephants, and, approaching a river where the stream was too rapid for his troops to cross, he ordered the elephants in and had them placed side by side, facing up and down the stream. Then planks were brought and laid from the back of one elephant to that of another, and over them the troops passed in safety, the only trouble experienced being the showers of water which the elephants kept up by sucking up the refreshing liquid in their trunks and tossing it over their bodies.

Pretty Quick.

Officer—You say the chauffeur sounded his horn just as the machine struck the man? Witness—Yes, sir. Officer—Was the victim killed instantly? Witness—So instantly, sir, that he must have heard the echo of that horn in the next world.

His Objection.

The Bachelor—Marriage is a game of chance. The Married Man—And you have conscientious scruples against gambling? The Bachelor—Not exactly, but I have against drawing a booby prize.—Philadelphia Record.

All She Wanted.

The Debutante—The man I marry must be rich, handsome, good, generous, intellectual—

The Man About Town—My dear young lady, you will have to have him made to order.

Evil grows and strengthens by endurance.—Cicero.

Politeness.

"Politeness costs nothing," said the proverbialist.

"Which may explain," answered Miss Cayenne, "why some people of ostentatious wealth have so little use for it."—Washington Star.

Lacks Tact.

Bates—That nephew of yours called me a blackguard. Yates—Just like Ben; no tact about the boy. I've always told him that the truth was not to be spoken on all occasions.—Boston Transcript.

SOOTHING THE WAVES.

Oiling the Waters When the Seas Are Running High.

When the captain of a wave beaten ship pours oil upon the waters he does not empty a barrel of kerosene over the side. He has somebody stitch up three or four cotton bags, which he fills first with oakum and then with oil, usually equal parts of fish oil and kerosene. The bags are then tied tightly at the tops and pricked all over with a sail needle to permit the oil to exude and are hung from the boat davits and weather chains to drip their contents on the raging billows. The bags must not be allowed to get empty, but must be refilled every two hours. For six bags ten gallons of oil are used in thirty hours. Sometimes if it is very cold the oil congeals and will not run out through the holes fast enough, and the mouth of the bag is then loosened to let it escape in that way. Its effect is magical on a rough sea. A huge comber will arise, threatening to bury the laboring vessel under tons of water, but will strike a patch of oil no larger than a common dining table and subside in an instant into a smooth, round swell, which the ship rides like a cork.

The use of oil is also a valuable aid in wearing ship in a gale and high seas. A few gallons of paint oil over the lee quarter enable the vessel to perform the maneuver in perfect safety without taking a drop of water on board. When a boat ships so much water that it is impossible to get the oil bags slung in position without running the risk of being swept overboard an ordinary bed sheet saturated with paint oil tied to a rope and allowed to float will soon calm the seas sufficiently to permit men to move about the decks safely. Paint oil is agreed to be the best to use, rape seed oil and porpoise oil rank next, but kerosene is not satisfactory unless mixed with some other oil.—New York Press.

His Business Ability.

In the Adirondacks lives a man too lazy to work, but evidently of great business ability. One winter when he was sitting around smoking his family came so near starvation that some of his neighbors, who could ill afford to help him, took up a collection and bought for the suffering family a barrel of flour, a barrel of pork and a load of wood. They were not considerate enough to cut the wood, but the business man knew how to manage. He hired some of the neighbors who had not contributed to his donation to cut the wood and paid them with half the pork and half the flour.—Lippincott's.

Admirably Equipped.

Cardinal Mezzofanti, the famous Italian linguist, who died at the age of seventy-five, knew and could speak more than fifty languages. He could entertain his English friends with specimens of the Yorkshire dialect and his French or German visitors with the patois of their respective countries. "Dear me!" exclaimed Lord Byron, to whom this was told. "He ought to have been the custodian of the tower of Babel!"

Breakfast Months.

A traveler stopped at a hotel in Greenland, where the nights are six months long, and as he registered asked a question of the clerk.

"What time do you have breakfast?"

"From half past March to a quarter to May."—Harper's Weekly.

A Bore.

"What sort of an after dinner speaker is Biggins?"

"One of the kind who start in by saying they didn't expect to be called on and then proceed to demonstrate that they can't be called off."—Exchange.

The Quarrel.

"Last night we parted forever."

"Then I suppose Ferdy will not call tonight?"

"No, but he'll spend the evening behind a tree across the street."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

General John C. Fremont, "the Pathfinder," is buried in Rockland cemetery, Nyack, on the Hudson.

GOV. JOHNSON VETOED THE CASS LAKE BILL

Minnesota's Chief Executive Refused to Stand for the Reservation Town.

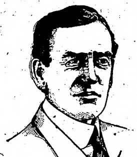

Governor John A. Johnson on Tuesday vetoed the bill which had passed the senate and house locating a sixth State Normal School at Cass Lake.

Viewed by the people of Thief River Falls and the people generally of the Northwestern part of Minnesota, it was the most popular act Gov. Johnson ever did. There was no need of a Normal school at Cass Lake and had one been located there it would have only been a big bill of expense to the state and accomplished no good.

The reasons Gov. Johnson assigns for the act are that the school was not rightly located to accommodate the section in need of a Normal school. Cass Lake and vicinity, the Governor says, can well be supplied from the present Normal schools and that the State Normal School Board was against having another school located at Cass Lake. Another reason was that Cass Lake was too small a place to provide a sufficient number of pupils for a model department.

Cass Lake, it is said, will try to pass the bill over the Governor's veto, but it does not stand any chance. After the hardest kind of a fight, the Cass Lake people won by very narrow margins and it is said that many who voted for the bill originally will not do so now. The citizens of Cass Lake are feeling very blue over the matter. Last Saturday evening they celebrated their victory in the house and the senate in great shape.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

Millinery Display

Elegant and Artistic Creations for Spring now being displayed at

Caldwell's.

ON THURSDAY APRIL 15TH

Voters Will Be Called Upon to Vote Bonds in the Sum of $20,000.

Money to Be Used for City Hall but Has Another Title.

On Thursday, April 15 the voters of the city will be called upon to vote bonds in the sum of $20,000 for the purpose of constructing an armory and auditorium. While it is so designated, the real purpose of the bond issue is to provide the city with a new city hall, so the members say. An auditorium for public gathering is something badly needed in Thief River Falls, and all will admit that the city is in need of a better council chamber. By making room for an armory, the money can be secured from the state at the low rate of 4 per cent.

In addition to this, by the terms of a law passed at this session of the state legislature, the state will pay $250 to *cities for armory rent and this would* make the cost of a new city hall to the taxpayers only $550 each year.

There is very little talk regarding the bond issue upon the streets, but is something in which the public should take more interest.

On Another Mission.

W. F. Hunt, the Roosevelt-Thief River Falls railroad promoter, spent Saturday and Sunday in Thief River Falls. It was not railroad business that brought Mr. Hunt to Thief River Falls this time. Last fall he purchased a consignment of hogs from a Marshall county farmer and had them shipped to Roosevelt, selling them to dealers and lumber camps in that vicinity. The meat was spoiled and the men to whom Mr. Hunt sold the hogs are demanding a return of their money. Mr. Hunt wants the Marshall county farmer to now make good.

Received Thirty Days This Time.

Otto Morrison, the young man from the White Earth reservation, who sold his pine allotment, spent all of the money and then forged a number of small checks in Thief River Falls and other towns in this section, was given another jail sentence by Judge Bishop on last Saturday. Morrison was first arrested in Crookston, admitted his guilt and was given a term of sixty days in the Polk county jail. Upon his release from the Polk county jail he was brought to Thief River Falls and Judge Bishop gave him a sentence of ten days in jail. Last Friday he was released and again brought to Thief River Falls and this time the Judge gave him thirty days in jail. It is understood that there is another charge against him here, and also one or two at Detroit. He is making money for the sheriffs now instead of passing worthless checks.

"Why Girls Leave Home."

What is said to be one of the most novel and original plays which has been seen in years and bearing the striking title of, "Why Girls Leave Home", will be seen at the Evenson Opera House on Tuesday, April 13th. The play is by Fred Sommerfield, and the story is a representation of the happenings of almost every household fortunate enough to possess a daughter whose future is to be considered above all else. It is nothing in common with the figments of the imaginative mind and is handled with the utmost reference and delicacy, dealing as it does with events in the life of a young girl and a subject so interesting to all humanity. Mr. Summerfield has been daring in his playwriting too. He has done something which at first blush might seem to border close to the danger line, but which by reason of the great delicacy with which one certain scene is handled and the deep reverence which is displayed in its enactment becomes a most impressive situation. The play is well supplied with scenic and mechanical effects and the cast is a large and adequate one, numbering among its members several well known people. Reserved seats on sale at Stebbins' drug store.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending April 3, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Collins, Edna,
Erickson, Mrs. Inga
Hansen, Anton
Munball, Tom
Olson, Miss Edel—2
Soule, Merril B.
Stokke, Hjalmer
Torgrimson, Andrew
Torrison, Swen
Wilson, Harve
Willett, Arthur L.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

SHOES and RUBBERS

At this time of the year it is very important to keep the feet dry, to avoid colds and sickness. We wish to inform you that we got the largest and best Shoes and Rubber stock in the city, which we offer at the lowest possible price.

Men's CRAWFORD fine shoes from	$3.00 to $5.00
Men's High Top leather shoes	$3.00 to $8.00
Boy's leather shoes, sizes 3-5	$1.75 to $3.00
Women's Shoes, Patents, Kids and Gun Metal	$2.50 to $4.00

Children's Shoes in all grades at the lowest prices.

We also have some job lots in shoes, that we are closing out at less than cost.

REMEMBER

We handle only solid leather shoes of the BEST MAKES, and all we ask is, compare quality and prices, and you will buy your shoes from us.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

We have lately accepted the agency for the celebrated Iowa Dairy Separator. The Iowa is the best Separator on the market today. We offer them at a very low price. Let us show you the good points of the Iowa.

New Spring Goods Arriving Daily in all Departments.

Buy your goods from the old reliable, one price store

LANGSETH MERC. CO.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Vottendahl for the sum of $20. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

Has the Itch For Office Early.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lindquist Sunday, March 14. Mr. Lindquist says that he is the liveliest youngster in the county and already express a desire to become chairman of the board of county commissioners.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Norwegian Synod Church.

Services Good Friday at 7:45.

Easter services on Easter day at 10:30. Special music.

Services in Silverton on Easter day at 3 p. m.

The Ladies Aid meets with Mrs. Ben Erickson, April 15th, at 3 p. m. All welcome. Sunday school at 9 a. m., every Sunday. I. T. Aastad.

School of Traction Engineering.

The School of Traction Engineering, which is now one of the short courses of the School of Agriculture of the University of Minnesota, will be held this year at University Farm, St. Paul, for one month, commencing May 25th.

Steam engineering, gasoline engineering, and blacksmithing will be taught in a practical way. Students will be given sufficient work at the forge so that they may be able to do some of their repair work. Students will room and board in the school dormitories.

A prospectus describing the work and giving full information will be sent to all who desire. Apply to James M. Drew, Registerar, University Farm, St. Paul, Minn.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

For Sale—My Reo Runabout. Carries 2 to 4 passengers. Guaranteed in good condition. Dr. Penney.

The Reiner Creamery.

A large number of farmers from the town of Reiner were in the city the first of the week and took home with them the machinery for the new creamery that is soon to be in operation up there. The building, which is being erected by John Brettner, of Grygla, is nearly completed and is said to be a model. It is expected to have the creamery running by the middle of May. Among the farmers who were in the city after the machinery were: H. A. Halvorson, Ole Vraa, Ole Antonson, T. Morken, T. G. Hella, M. Hormnick and others whose names we did not learn.

Its Alderman Crowe Now.

At the meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening about the only business of any importance that was transacted was the election of Joseph J. Crowe as alderman from the Third ward to succeed W. W. Prichard, resigned.

The election of Mr. Crowe was contrary to the wishes of that gentleman, who maintains that he has not the time to devote to the office, but his friends have prevailed upon him to accept the office.

—Furnished rooms for rent. Inquire at the Great Northern depot.

THE LYCEUM THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY

WEDNESDAY

—AND—

SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY

City Orchestra

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

AN ACTION IS STARTED

Northwestern Telephone Company Starts a New Suit Against the City.

Wants the Use of Certain Streets for Long Distance Telephone Purposes

The mayor, members of the city council and other city officials were on Monday served with papers in mandamus proceedings instituted by the Northwestern Telephone company against the city for the purpose of extending its lines in the city for long distance purposes.

Several weeks ago request was made of the city council by the Northwestern company for a permit to extend its lines in the city so as to give long distance services to the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Wholesale house, the Hanson & Barzen Milling company and the four banks. This request was refused by the city council and now the mandamus proceedings are instituted.

In a former suit which was carried to the state supreme court, this company contended that it had a right to establish a local exchange here, but now it is only demanding the use of the streets for long distance purposes.

Bids Wanted on Township Bonds.

The town board of the township of Clover Leaf, County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, does hereby give notice, and does offer for sale its Township bond in the aggregate sum of ($5,000) Five Thousand Dollars. The town board of said township will up to the 3rd day of May, 1909, receive sealed bids on said Township Bond of $5,000, interest to be paid annually, said Bond to run for a period of twenty years from its time of issue.

The town board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The town board will meet at the office of the Town Clerk at 3 o'clock p. m., on the 3rd day of May, 1909, to open and take the bids under consideration.

Chas. Svendsgaard,
Clerk.

Clover Leaf Township, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Germantown, Minn.

—For Sale—Horses and harnesses. Good bargains. George Elder.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange.

RURAL PROGRESS.

The Necessity of Improving General Farm Conditions.

A most timely and suggestive address was given by Dean Bailey at the New York state grange meeting on the topic above indicated. Dr. Bailey had recently completed his work on the country life commission, and many of the suggestions in his admirable address were the outgrowth of the discussions had before the commission at its numerous meetings. He emphasized the need of a national campaign for rural progress, and in order to make it successful there should be a clean cut state campaign, he said. And this must come as the result of federation or working together of all country life agencies within the state. Among these are the Patrons of Husbandry, State Agricultural society, state department of agriculture, experiment stations, State College of Agriculture and other state and district organizations expressive of agricultural industries and interests. Continuing, Dr. Bailey said:

The special schools of agriculture cannot meet all the needs of country people for education in terms of their daily lives. If there were one school in each of the agricultural counties of the state graduating fifty pupils a year, it would require nearly a hundred years to reach all the farm people of the state. A farmer has a right to ask that his son and daughter be given facilities for country life education in his home school. The state should not make it necessary for him to send them away from home for the elements of such education. It follows that all public schools should be open to education by means of agriculture on the same terms that they are open to education by other means. We have the basis for such a development in the act of 1908 for the encouraging of industrial and trade schools. I am convinced that this act marks a clear advance in industrial education in this country. This law recognizes industrial education as a part of the proper educational work of the state and the principle that the initiative should be with the people and the maintenance be co-operative between the locality and the state. It provides that any public school which establishes such work and maintains it for a year shall receive $500 from the state for one teacher so employed and $200 for additional teachers. It limits such instruction to those who have taken the elementary school course. It provides for an advisory local board to advise with the school officers in respect to the work.

This means that the state education department must develop a broad policy of industrial education, with a well equipped department or division to administer it. This division should also have relation to the work in special schools of agriculture. Personally I doubt the wisdom of separating the administration of agricultural education from that of other industrial education. The two lines should develop co-ordinately, and agricultural training should be in good part manual or industrial.

COUNTY DEPUTIES MEET.

A Large Attendance of Representative Patrons at Little Falls, N. Y.

The state master's representatives in the various counties are an important body of men, and on them rests very largely the upbuilding of the Order. The New York county deputies held their annual meeting in connection with the state grange meeting, J. J. Barden of Ontario county being president of the organization.

Several papers were read on matters of special interest to the deputies. Deputy Barden discussed "The Deputy's Duty to the State Master," in which he remarked that the deputy should be in harmony with the state master in all his work and stand ready to relieve him from any unnecessary burdens in his county. He should be qualified to exemplify the unwritten work perfectly and insist that the subordinate granges in his jurisdiction conform rigidly to the required forms and usages. He should also see that reports of the work in the county are promptly reported to the state master.

Deputy Fred Shepard read a paper on "How to Organize a Grange," giving largely his personal methods and experiences. No one can advise all on this subject, as conditions vary. He said that all the information necessary should be given those who contemplate becoming members of the Order and emphasized the necessity of presenting those features of the work that most appeal to those seeking membership. Better not organize than to do so by any misstatements or exaggerations.

Other papers were read on "Grange Inspection" and on "Reports to the State Master."

HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT.

Master of New York Grange on the Subject of Better Roads.

In his annual address to the New York state grange Master F. N. Godfrey had this to say: "Concerning highway improvement, much of the work already done on the highways seems to have been done without due consideration to permanency. With the supervision of this work now placed in the hands of a commission, future improvement of the highways should be attempted on the basis of permanency and economy. The most important roads in the state are the market roads, and these should receive sufficient consideration, while the trunk lines may be generally extended for the pleasure seeker."

Mr. Godfrey believes that there is too much expense in the preliminary work and that 5 per cent of the total cost should cover this part of the work. He remarked that the grange expected much of the highway commission and could assure its members that the organization would stand by them in the honest discharge of their duties.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

NEW YORK PATRONS.

Notes and Suggestions Relative to the Forthcoming Meeting of the State Grange.

The annual meeting of the New York state grange will be held at Little Falls early in February and promises to be one of the most important of recent years. The growth of the Order in the state and its influence on farm legislation are so great that the proceedings of the state grange meeting are carefully watched by not only the farmers, but by the legislators as well. There was an increase in the membership of over 5,000 within the past year, making the total membership about 82,000. Governor Hughes is to be present on the evening of the second day of the session, and National Master Bachelder of Concord, N. H., and State Master Healey of Connecticut will attend the meeting.

State Master Godfrey suggests that all persons who have resolutions to be introduced at the annual session should prepare them in typewriting and send them to their delegates promptly. This is a very important suggestion for the reason that when resolutions are introduced late in the session they cannot receive the consideration at the hands of the committee that they should have. We may add that resolutions should be prepared with great care, made as brief as possible and concise, and they should be made to say just what they mean.

The state master also calls the attention of the delegates to the fact that this will be a working body. Delegates should not attend the state grange meeting for recreation or amusement; they are there for work. This year the voting body will consist of fully 500 delegates, including the associates, and every one of the chief delegates will find work on some committee. They should attend with a view of serving the grange and the Order in general to the best of their ability. When all work with this thought in mind the best results will be accomplished.

There will also be a meeting of the county deputies of the state in connection with the state grange meeting. All county deputies are allowed two days' pay and their railroad fare. Among the topics which will be discussed are the following: "The Deputy's Obligation to the State Master," by J. J. Bardeen; "How to Organize a Grange," by Fred Shepard; "Grange Inspection," by W. F. Pratt; "Promptness In Making Report to the State Secretary," by L. R. Pardee. This meeting will be held on Wednesday, Feb. 3, at 10 o'clock. The deputy's office is a very important one, as he represents the state master in his county, and much benefit may accrue from the deputies' meeting.

It is probable that at this meeting of the state grange special attention may be given to larger and more practical co-operation among the granges in buying and selling farm products and farm supplies. Massachusetts has set the example, which, though possessing nothing new, nevertheless shows how they propose to handle this matter in the Bay State. A co-operative organization has been formed with capital of $25,000. Stock in five dollar shares is sold only to members of the Order. Grange stores in the past have not been very successful. Sometimes it has been the fault of discriminating against nonmembers in asking them to pay higher prices for goods than members of the Order. This cannot be expected. The stock in such a concern should be held by members of the Order only, and they should receive a dividend on it when the business warrants a division and also a certain percentage as rebate on each dollar's worth of goods purchased. Thus members will have two advantages over the nonmembers, but the nonmembers will be able to buy as cheaply at the store as the members.

THE DOMINION GRANGE.

The Order In Canada Is Progressing Slowly.

The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Dominion grange, Toronto, was the largest in attendance for years. The grange movement has made rapid progress in Canada the past two years and seems to have entered upon a new era of prosperity. There are now eighty-six granges, twenty-two of which were organized during the past year. Had the society sufficient funds to pay for a permanent organizer the number of granges could easily be doubled, and, in fact, the movement is likely to go pretty fast of its own volition. As yet it is confined to Ontario.

The meeting was given up to discussing reports of standing committees and resolutions dealing with matters affecting the position of the farmer and methods of government. The tariff came in for some attention. The grange put itself on record as in favor of extending the preference on British goods, the gradual elimination of protection from the tariff and of meeting any advances from the United States in the way of reciprocity. The grange protested against all methods designed to develop the military spirit among school children.

E. C. Drury of Crown Hill was elected master, Miss Robinson of Middlemarch secretary-treasurer and J. G. Lethbridge of Alliance lecturer.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank.

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Does the Baby Thrive

If not, something must be wrong with its food. If the mother's milk doesn't nourish it, she needs *Scott's Emulsion.* It supplies the elements of fat required for the baby. If baby is not nourished by its artificial food, then it requires

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Half a teaspoonful three or four times a day in its bottle will have the desired effect. It seems to have a magical effect upon babies and children. A fifty-cent bottle will prove the truth of our statements.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

People past middle life usually have some kidney or bladder disorder that saps the vitality, which is naturally lower in old age. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects urinary troubles, stimulates the kidneys and restores strength and vigor. It cures uric acid troubles by strengthening the kidneys so they will strain out the uric acid that settles in the muscles and joints causing rheumatism. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1904, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 01146, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, " "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Plen H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

Hotel Ogahmah
C. A. ROBBECKE, Prop.
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Foley's Honey and Tar is a safeguard against serious results from spring colds, which inflame the lungs and develop into pneumonia. Avoid counterfeits by insisting upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, which contains no harmful drugs. A. Bjerkhoel

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

We often wonder how any person can be persuaded into taking anything but Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung trouble. Do not be fooled into accepting "own make" or other substitutes. The genuine contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders O. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd. day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd. day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 29 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 46 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S.E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N.E.¼ S.W.¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for, and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 25th day of May, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. apr8-may13.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 22nd, 1904, made H. E. No. 169, Serial, No. 04058, for NE¼, Section 20, Township 151 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Tollef S. Holum, " "
Hans O. Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June, 23rd, 1901, made H. E. No. 194, Serial, No. 0461, for NW¼, Section 29, Township 151, N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Ole L. Ottum, " "
Halvor Fodstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE
Register.

mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Olaf O. Finberg, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 10th 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 8775, Serial No. 02385, for N½ of SE¼, lots 1, 2, Section 36, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Louis Larson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ole Finberg, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

If you have backache and urinary troubles you should take Foley's Kidney Remedy to strengthen and build up the kidneys so they will act properly, as a serious kidney trouble may develop. A. Bjerkhoel.

Mrs. F. G. Fritz, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is best for women and children, as it is mild, pleasant and effective, and is a splendid spring medicine, as it cleanses the system and clears the complexion. A. Bjerkhoel.

Ole C. Brenna,
Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls
Phone No. 118.

During the spring everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. It furnishes a needed tonic to the kidneys after the extra strain of winter, and it purifies the blood by stimulating the kidneys, and causing them to eliminate the impurities from it. Foley's Kidney Remedy imparts new life and vigor. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested, requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

A. Anderson, city jeweler, is now closing out his stock at 25 per cent and 40 per cent discount. Some goods go at factory prices. Don't miss this chance. All lodge emblems, pins and charms will be sold at cost, these are mostly solid gold. Please call soon if you want to get this bargain. Brother jewelers, if you want to stop this slaughter sale, you may go together and buy my stock as I know my business for you is worth having.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

Governor Johnson signed the bill creating an additional judge in the Eleventh judicial district, including St. Louis, Carlston and Lake counties, and immediately appointed Martin Hughes of Hibbing to the judgeship. The appointment of Mr. Hughes was made on recommendation of the St. Louis County Bar association and the delegation of that county in the house. The new judge will sit at Hibbing and Eveleth.

—A fraud order has been issued by the postmaster general against the Universal Wireless Telegraph company of St. Paul. The company was promoted and conducted by E. C. Healy. Healy's scheme was to advertise for student operators for the wireless system and to teach them for a deposit of $15 and $1 weekly. He claimed he would secure positions for them.

Miss Winifred Sercombe, at one time teacher in the Central and North high schools at Minneapolis, has just returned to the Mill City after a four months' jaunt in Asia, Africa and Europe, this on top of trying for seven years to teach the native Filipino English literature, with a side trip through Japan, Manchuria and Korea.

Mayor D. W. Lawler of St. Paul told the St. Paul West Side club at its banquet that immediately upon the adjournment of the legislature he proposed to create a city cabinet by appointing an advisory committee of fifty prominent men to act as advisers in the municipal administration.

Drilling for iron, which was suspended during the winter, has been resumed in Otter Tail county. Drilling has now been in progress two years, but the persons in charge have never given out anything definite as to what they are finding.

J. S. Pavear has been made general superintendent of the entire St. Paul system of the Twin City Rapid Transit company, including the Stillwater interurban and all other lines in the city with the exception of the Como-Harriet line.

Charging that his wife has shown more affection for her dog than for him George H. Moeller of Minneapolis has begun suit in the Hennepin county district court for a divorce from Kathleen Moeller, aged twenty-three years.

At a meeting of the Oliver Iron Mining company at Duluth W. J. Olcott was elected president to succeed Thomas F. Cole, who has resigned.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

William Kassow, residing near Long Prairie, accidentally shot and killed himself while handling a shotgun. He was hunting squirrels and when a shell did not explode he experimented with it to see what the trouble was. It then went off, blowing off the entire top of his head. Kassow was a farmer and one of the prominent young men of the locality.

Fire at St. Paul drove the family of G. P. Doebach and their guests from their burning house, robed in nothing but their night clothes, and completely destroyed the building and its contents. Mrs. Doebach, on running from the house, snatched a dress from the back of a chair and this garment was the only thing saved.

The woman who committed suicide by shooting in the Baker hotel at Tyler has been identified as Mrs. Nettie M. Thayer of Columbus, Wis. She fired one bullet from a 32-caliber revolver through her left side, penetrating the heart, and another through her brain, entering the right temple.

Workhouse sentences for proprietors of gambling houses is the remedy for the gambling evil proposed by Judge C. L. Smith of Minneapolis. To prove his sincerity Judge Smith gave "Patsy" Garrity, well known in the Mill City, twenty days in the workhouse.

Dr. William C. Van Damme of Minneapolis, convicted recently in connection with the now famous "suit case baby," was sentenced to spend five years at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater by Judge John Day Smith of the Hennepin county district court.

Le Roy Helming, four years old, of Alexandria, was shot accidentally by a twelve-year-old brother and almost instantly killed.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

A. A. Ledeboer, issue clerk of the White Earth agency and one of the best known men of the reservation, is dead at White Earth of Brights disease at the age of fifty-nine. Mr. Ledeboer immigrated from Holland at an early age and shortly after removed to the reservation, where he was later married to Jennie Beaulieu, daughter of the late Paul H. Beaulieu.

George W. Savage, sixty-five years old, a former member of the legislature, is dead at his home in Osseo, where he had lived since 1865. He was a veteran of the Civil war, a Mason of long standing and had held numerous political positions.

"Dad" Monroe, a veteran Great Northern engineer and a former resident of Barnesville, dropped dead on the streets of Breckenridge from heart failure.

Mrs. Mark B. Smith, who was formerly prominent in church and charity work in Minneapolis, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

What a Muskogee newspaper calls the "Smoked Beef Rebellion," alleging the game to be much of a joke, is almost over. In a day or two the militia, it is expected, will be withdrawn. McIntosh county will feed between eighty and a hundred prisoners, not one of whom resisted arrest, and Chitti Harjo, otherwise Crazy Snake, will exercise all due caution about appearing in public.

Henri St. Yves, a funny little French waiter, with the shortest legs ever seen on a runner, scuttled away with the greatest Marathon race of the year at New York laps and laps in front of the men who were regarded as the best distance runners in the world. The Italian, Dorando Pietri, was second and Johnny Hayes third. Longboat and Shrubb gave up the contest.

Reassessments of duties amounting to a total increase of $1,239,000 on sugar imported by the American Sugar Refining company between December, 1901, and November, 1907, have been ordered by Collector Loeb of the port of New York. Mr. Loeb ordered the reliquidation of the duties on the ground of fraud.

The Tennessee supreme court has decided the Cumberland Presbyterian church union case in favor of the loyalists. The decision is a great surprise to the unionists.

County option in Wisconsin received its death blow in the senate branch of the legislature when after a lengthy debate the measure was defeated by a vote of 17 to 11.

Constitutional prohibition was defeated in the Iowa senate by a vote of 26 to 21. This is the end of the matter for two years.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Indications are that diplomatic relations between this country and Nicaragua are nearing a crisis, resulting from the failure of President Zelaya to adjust the Emery claim. In diplomatic circles it would occasion no surprise if Senor Espinosa, Nicaraguan minister to the United States, should shortly be told by the state department that the present difficulty has gone beyond the range of diplomatic discussion.

President Taft has declared himself in favor of a tariff bureau to be created at this session of congress. He believes that such a bureau would be of great assistance to him in the application of the maximum and minimum principle of the Payne bill in the negotiation of foreign trade agreements.

Both at the state department and the White House it was officially announced that Dr. Charles W. Eliot, retiring president of Harvard university, had definitely and finally decided that he could not accept the tender of the ambassadorship to Great Britain.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

It is reported at San Francisco that Governor General Smith of the Philippines will resign his executive position and sail for San Francisco May 15 to resume the practice of law, which he abandoned when the Spanish-American war began.

Jan Pouren, the Russian refugee, whose extradition has long been sought by the Russian government, was discharged from custody by United States Commissioner Hitchcock at New York.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock, former secretary of the interior, is critically ill at Washington and grave fears for his recovery are entertained.

Madame Modjeska is sinking rapidly and all hope for her recovery has been abandoned.

F. Marion Crawford, the novelist, is seriously ill at his home in Italy.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 5.—Wheat—May, $1.18⅝; July, $1.18⅝@1.19. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.21⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.20⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.18⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.15⅝@1.16⅝.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.75@6.50. Hogs—$6.60@7.00. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@6.75; yearlings, $6.00@6.25; lambs, $7.50@7.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 5.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.20¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.19¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.17¼; May, $1.18¼@1.18⅝; July, $1.18⅞; Sept., $1.04¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.67½; May, $1.66¼; July, $1.65½; Sept., $1.41; Oct., $1.36¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 5.—Wheat — May, $1.21⅞@1.22; July, $1.08¾@1.08⅞; Sept., $1.00⅝; Dec., 99⅛c. Corn—May, 67⅝@67¾c; April, 66¾c; July, 66⅝c; Sept., 66¼@66⅛c; Dec., 57⅝c. Oats—May, $17.90; July, $17.87½; Sept., $17.90. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—19@20c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 14c; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.65@7.10; Texas steers, $4.35@5.50; Western steers, $4.00@5.40; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.90@5.60; calves, $6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, $6.65@7.10; mixed, $6.75@7.15; heavy, $6.80@7.20; rough, $6.80@6.95; good to choice heavy, $6.95@7.20; pigs, $5.65@6.55. Sheep, $2.85@6.25; yearlings, $6.25@7.30; lambs, $6.00@8.25.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

LABOR FOR THE FARM

Value of Immigrants as Agricultural Workers.

European Land Tillers Prefer to Engage In Other Pursuits When They Come to the United States—Suggestions For Securing Farm Help.

C. A. Larmon, who is at the head of the immigrant bureau at Albany and who was chairman of the committee on immigration and farm labor at the New York state grange meeting, presented some very important facts concerning farm labor in this country. He said that the question of immigration had become one of vital importance in view of the fact that in the past ten years 8,000,000 immigrants had come to these shores, speaking fifty different languages. Since 1820 26,000,000 have come. It is necessary, he said, that they should be properly informed, directed and cared for when they arrive, and if they are they may be expected to add *millions annually* to the nation's wealth. The last year 136,000 of the immigrants who came here were farm hands in Europe, but nearly all engaged in some other pursuits here.

On the subject of securing help for the farmers of the state he made the following suggestion:

> Farm homes should be established in all parts of the state and be placed in charge of experienced men to which immigrants desiring to engage as farm laborers can be sent upon arrival, to be there taught the care and handling of domestic animals, machinery and something of the English language. Such homes in charge of men understanding the language of the immigrant would soon make them useful to our farmers. They would then have a home during periods of employment or sickness, and this would prevent in a large measure many of them returning to the city. The amount of money sent by immigrants to relatives and friends in Europe annually is estimated at $500,000,000, a drain that probably no other nation could long stand.
>
> The department of agriculture of this state has for three and a half years maintained a bureau for securing help for the farmers of the state and has during that period sent out over 15,000. It has been difficult at times to secure good men, but during 1906 the number was largely in excess of the demand, and much better men were secured. Application to that department at Albany will secure its assistance promptly and without charge for its services.
>
> The decrease in immigration at present and the starting of many mills and factories will apparently make a scarcity of good farm help for a time. Your committee strongly recommends the passage of legislation by the federal government to make a more rigid examination for admission by immigrants to this country in order to keep out undesirable and vicious elements and would recommend and request the legislature of this state to enact such legislation as will tend to reform, protect and distribute immigrants intending to make their homes in this state and such legislation as will tend to secure the development and distribution of the industries of the state and secure and extend the possibilities for the employment of labor of all kinds in this state.

GRAPPLING BIG PROBLEMS.

Good Word For Massachusetts Patrons by a Competent Observer.

In a recent issue of the New York Tribune Farmer George W. Twitchell of Maine has this to say of the work of the grange in Massachusetts:

"Within the last few years the grange in Massachusetts has been grappling big problems, and, centering attention here, there have followed what always attend united consecutive effort, decidedly increased attention to the Order and appreciation of its possible worth and service. So general have these become that throughout public life the question of what the grange wants or thinks is eagerly being sought. Naturally there has been an increasing number of additions to the membership; but, if I can measure up the situation, the workers are seeking first to strengthen work along all helpful lines and increase the possible service the Order may render the state. The wisdom of this policy is apparent in the attendance upon these field day meetings and especially in the enthusiastic interest recognized everywhere in the presentation of questions bearing upon the farm and rural life, those related to constructive education seemingly taking first rank.

"Largely through the strong, positive position of the Order upon educational lines the master of the Massachusetts state grange has been made a member of the state commission of industrial education, and today active preparations are being made to start a school in Northampton to be devoted exclusively to industrial training, agriculture in all its phases to receive special attention."

New York's "Old Guard."

There is an organization in connection with the New York state grange composed of the organizers of the Order in the state who are still living. There is now about sixty-four members who were in the Order in 1884, and fifteen of these were present at the last meeting of the state grange. A. J. Bartlett of Kendaia, the pioneer granger, who has never missed a meeting of the New York state grange, is the head of this organization, whose motto is, "The old guard may die, but never surrenders its grange principles."

New York state grange pays its worthy master $1,000 a year, and he earns it.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

Some Facts About the Great Houlton Grange of Maine.

Houlton grange of Maine was organized in April, 1864, with twenty-eight charter members. It had uphill work for several years. Four years later it had only fifty-four members. In 1879 the question of giving up the charter was seriously discussed, and the records of one evening read something like this: "Met according to appointment. Quorum present. No meeting opened. Nothing said, nothing done, nothing received." During the winter of 1888 meetings were held at the homes of the various members, and in that year the grange became incorporated and built its first grange hall. When it celebrated its twentieth anniversary it had only fifty members, but from that time on it took a new lease of life, and now it has nearly 1,000 members.

The grange now owns a large hall, built in 1898, which is 36 by 60 feet, two stories high, with lodge room on the second floor and dining room and kitchen on the ground floor. It also owns a blacksmith shop, two large stables and a store and feed mill.

The present store, built in 1902, cost about $1,000. It is 30 by 80 feet and one and one-half stories high. The cost of running the store in 1903 was about $600. Six years ago the store had no capital, but bought on credit and was open only three days each week. The stock on hand in 1903 was less than $1,000 and the volume of business $15,000. The store was not open six days a week until 1904.

Within the last six years the capital has increased to $16,000 in stock, and the store has turned over to the grange treasury about $6,000. The cost of running the store the last six months was $1,880.80. The volume of business for the year ending Dec. 10, 1908, was $137,000.

The grange feed mill was built in 1907. It is a two story building 50 by 90 feet. The second story consists of storeroom and grain bins. The mill proper is on the ground floor. It is simply a feed mill run by electric power from Aroostook falls. There are a twenty horsepower motor and a twenty inch attrition mill for grinding feed, with a capacity of sixty bushels an hour. The miller and electrician is Guy C. Porter.

Although since 1898 the business of the grange has been so pressing that "the moral, intellectual and social advancement of the American farmer" has been somewhat neglected, the grange is still doing excellent work in literary and social circles.

A HUSTLING GRANGER.

L. H. Healey, Master Connecticut State Grange.

L. H. Healey, the energetic master of Connecticut state grange, is showing his capacity for work and his ability to fill his office in a most commendable way. The grange in that state is growing substantially under his management. He is a fluent and forceful speaker and is in great demand among the granges of that state.

One of the points driven home by him is the fact that the grange is a farmers' organization and that the lecturer owes it to members to bring within their reach the best information obtainable concerning work upon the farm. Better methods of agriculture are needed, and cases are too rare in which farmers are receiving what they should from their soil and crops. The cost of raising crops must be reduced, says Master Healey, and it should be one of the chief functions of the grange to help farmers in this respect. Lecturers, if true to the purposes of the grange, will not fail to bring out the experiences of their best and most successful farmers on topics relating to the farm, the household and the home. Let the grange be the center toward which all the best farmers and their families look for practical assistance in their work.

Connecticut has now something over 12,000 members. State Master Healey was instructed at the last state grange meeting to appoint a committee of ten from each Pomona jurisdiction to assist to develop plans for more general co-operation among the members of the Order with regard to financial matters.

Salaries of National Grange Officers.

Will the editor give me some information as to salaries of the national grange officers and members of the executive committee?—E. S. P.

At the last annual meeting of the national grange the finance committee fixed the salaries as follows: State master, $500 per year and $3 per day and actual traveling expenses while away from his office in discharge of his official duty; worthy lecturer, $400 a year and $3 per day and expenses; the worthy secretary, $1,200 a year and traveling expenses when on duty for the Order; the worthy treasurer, $500 a year and expenses. Each member of the executive committee gets $3 per day and expenses when engaged in the work of the grange.

State Lecturer Lowell of New York has devised a system of leaflets for use of subordinate lecturers, which contain brief essays and other appropriate matter.

There has been a rapid advance in the use of industrial alcohol the year past. Many grange halls are now lighted with it.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

A PRODUCE EXCHANGE

Co-operative Business Enterprises Much Discussed.

A Farmers' Organization In New Jersey Affords Some Excellent Suggestions For Specific Grange Co-operation In Buying and Selling.

From the reports of the various state grange meetings we learn that considerable attention was paid to the matter of co-operative buying and selling of farm products. Only in isolated cases has anything been done with more than ordinary success along these lines. Massachusetts has organized a co-operative association, with capital stock valued at $25,000, shares $5, issued only to members of the Order. It is probable that something along this line will be done in New York state.

Such an organization in order to be successful must be confined to members of the Order, so far as concerns the holding of stock, but the outsider must be given the privilege of *purchasing supplies at* the same prices as grangers where such co-operative grange stores are operated. In such an organization the stock should be held entirely by members of the Order, and they should get dividends, if declared upon it, and also a certain percentage of profits. There should be no discrimination as between members and nonmembers as to buying at these stores, however. Organized along these lines we believe that grange stores may be made a success.

There is in New Jersey a farmers' organization, though not a grange organization, which is called the Produce Exchange, with a capital of $100,000, and it buys and sells everything the farmer uses or grows and can do business anywhere. We give the details of its plan as reported in the Rural New Yorker:

> The shares are $5 each, and no man can own more than twenty. The stockholders elect twelve directors, who elect the officers and appoint the manager and local agents. The main office is at Freehold. Seven thousand dollars of stock has been paid in. On this they have equipped their offices and since the organization have done $400,000 worth of business. As yet they $400,000 worth of business. As yet they have done very little buying except to buy $40,000 worth of seed potatoes. As it is estimated that in the district in which the exchange now does business there is used annually between $250,000 and $300,000 worth of fertilizers and seeds other than potatoes, it would seem as if here was a field well worth looking after, which the exchange is now taking hold of.
>
> There are 400 members. For these were sold last year 1,000 carloads of potatoes, besides other produce, earning, it is estimated, to its members not less than $50,000. They have received on an average for the potato crop $1.75 per barrel, which has been sold in eleven different states and fifty different cities. They were so fortunate as to secure as manager a business man who has been for eleven years engaged in the trade. He is in direct telegraph and telephone communication with all shipping points as well as the local stations. When produce is brought in it is inspected, graded and sent where the market reports for the day indicate to be the best shipping points and sold direct to large dealers. Sometimes the different markets will vary on a day's sale from 10 to 25 cents a barrel. This price is averaged for all of the same grade and the price announced the day following and the farmers paid on presentation of their shipping receipts. For this service, where the exchange does the selling, a charge is made of 10 cents per barrel. Small lots of produce of various sorts are sometimes sent to commission houses, of which the exchange has a select list, and the goods are sent, as above, where the price and demand seem best, according to the direct daily reports received. The farmer pays the regular 10 per cent commission. The exchange does all the business and for this receives its pay by a reduction from the commission houses to 3 per cent when sent to store and 5 per cent when sold on pier, the latter saving cartage. Today the exchange could pay for all equipment and expense, return all money paid in and have a surplus left as a dividend in stock.

Patrons' Fire Relief Association.

The eleventh annual report of Dutchess and Columbia Patrons' Fire Relief association shows a strong financial standing—on Jan. 1, 2,701 policies, carrying risks to the amount of $6,705,750. The total receipts for the year, including the amount on hand at the beginning of the year, were $14,483.81. The balance on hand the first of this year was about $2,000. The average annual assessment for eleven years was about $1.55 per thousand. The cost per thousand for three years for losses, premiums and expenses was $5.26 per thousand.

In the fifty-one granges in the state of New York there are 121 co-operative fire insurance companies, including the grange companies. The amount of risks carried is $381,501,825, and the average per thousand for these companies for the year 1907 (the 1908 figures not yet given) was $2.77, and the average for the grange companies was $1.80.

The West Waking Up.

The last quarterly reports of the new granges organized show that the state of Washington had twenty-one and Idaho seventeen, following forty-three in Washington and ten in Idaho the previous quarter. The organizing of sixty-four new granges in six months in the state of Washington shows what the farmers think of the Order in that state. This is done under the admirable leadership of C. B. Kegley, master of Washington state grange.

When the grange solves the problem of securing farm help for the farmers they will confer upon them a very great favor.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

MAINE'S GRANGER GOVERNOR.

Governor Fernald Landed In Executive Mansion by Way of the Farm.

Hon. Bert M. Fernald of West Poland, Me., was elected to the office of governor of that state last fall and is proving himself to be a worthy executive. Mr. Fernald was born on the old homestead in Poland, which was settled by his grandfather 100 years ago, and he still lives on it and conducts one of the largest and finest farms in that part of the state. He is one of the proprietors of five large sweet corn factories which are now doing a business of over $200,000 a year. Fifty towns share in the business developed by this firm. He has been a member of the grange twenty-five years and prominent in all its affairs. In 1896 he was elected to the legislature and in 1899-1901 was a member of the state senate. While in the legislature he was chairman of the committee on taxation, where he had charge of what is known as the "grange measures." Largely through his work the revenue of the state was increased $250,000 a year. He is a most genial gentleman, who has the faculty of making friends wherever he goes. His influence for the grange in his native state is great both from his personal interest in it and on account of the high position which he now holds.

GOVERNOR BERT M. FERNALD.

WRITING FOR THE PRESS.

Suggestions by a Newspaper Man Who Writes of Grange News.

At a meeting of the Grange Lecturers and Masters' Association of Jefferson County, N. Y., L. I. Allen delivered an address on "The Work of the Grange Correspondent." In writing grange news for the press, he remarked, special attention should be given to facts of general interest. The letter, it must be remembered, will be read by hundreds or thousands outside the membership of the one particular grange whose proceedings are made public. Consequently so far as possible the report should minimize the features of interest to the few and make prominent what will be of interest to the many. It is of general interest to know the result of discussions on public questions brought up in the grange. Some correspondents mention the fact that their grange discussed a certain current topic, but neglect what is more important to tell—what was the verdict of the grange.

The discussion in the grange of important current events and of various phases of farm and domestic life, with the many problems involved, is increasing in a most gratifying manner. In fact, it is right here that lies the grange's greatest opportunity for good. The grange thus becomes a training school, a sort of miniature farmers' institute, where personal views and experiences are compared for the good of all. Where there is some uniformity in the discussion of questions by the granges in one county or section the reports of these discussions become the more interesting, and by a study of these published in reports the reader is enabled to know the drift of opinions among these representative agriculturists on public questions. The correspondent then should give in his report a concise summary of the views expressed, for it is infinitely of more value to know what the members think on a certain question than to be simply told that the grange discussed the topic.

In reporting the literary features of a grange program it is better to limit the report to a list of those who participated rather than to include in full the subject of every recitation and song. Any unusual features deserve more space than ordinary routine work. When the grange is honored by a visit from some state or county officer or is addressed by some speaker who presents ideas which deserve a wider field a brief synopsis of the address will add value to the report.

Grange Horse Day.

The Maine Farmer tells about a grange in that state which has an annual horse show where thoroughbred stallions, draft stallions, matched pairs and roadsters are exhibited, which shows a neat bit of enterprise on the part of that grange and is worthy of mention.

Over 500 candidates took the sixth degree at the New York state grange meeting in February.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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TESTING THE SEED CORN.

To grow a good crop of corn one must have first a rich soil in which to plant the seed. A second condition, equally important, is such selection and testing of the seed as will eliminate in the greatest degree possible all weak, malformed or infertile kernels. The general test, used by so many, may show with fair accuracy what per cent of the kernels of a given sample of shelled corn will grow, but it gives absolutely no light on the most important point in such a test—the elimination of those ears from *which the poor seed was taken.* The new method of testing the individual ears, and there are several ways of doing it, has this chief point in its favor—that when the test is ready for inspection a glance at the kernels of a square in the testing box corresponding to a given ear shows at once whether such kernels have sufficient vitality to justify the use of the ear for seed. The Holden testing box has been described in these notes before and need not be given again. Another device which is excellent and for which a patent has been issued is an upright rack equipped with a series of little metallic testing boxes large enough to accommodate five or six kernels of corn and attached to a spike or hook, by means of which they are secured to the ear from which the kernels are taken. Ordinary soil or sawdust is used to cover the kernels, which sprout under about the same conditions as they would out of doors in warm weather. The special method by which the seed is tested is not so important as that both sides of an ear, including middle, top and butt, should be tested and that it should give definite data of the vitality and seed quality of each ear that is to be used for seed. Any other method is slipshod and in the end unprofitable.

CITY PITFALLS.

There are all kinds of schemes and devices perpetrated by city scalawags for separating the residents of rural communities from their hard earned dollars. This is bad and blameworthy as far as it goes, but it is not to be mentioned in the same day of the week with that trade which is plied by devils in human form in the center of populations when they use all blandishments in their power to delude the country girl and separate her from that which is so dear as life itself—her honor and purity. Such men—and women—ought not to be allowed to exist. But they do, and as long as they do it is well for the country lass not to be misled by alluring and enticing advertising announcements, which give promise of large salaries at easy work for all country girls who will go to the city and make inquiry at such and such a place. The only safe course to follow if a girl wishes to seek employment in a large city is to secure advice from a thoroughly reliable friend of the family who is acquainted with the conditions. Acting on this suggestion will often save heartache, heartbreak and a blasted life.

FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION.

Much importance is attached by grain growers of the country to the Macomber bill, pending in congress, which provides for the federal inspection of all grain. It is thought that a charge of from 35 to 75 cents per car will cover the cost of inspection and grading, which will be given a consignment of grain and remain as its standard until disposed of. As things are now there seem to be as many different standards of judging as there are men [illegible], with no attempt at uniformity. Sharpers in the grain buying centers take advantage of this situation, buying grain of the farmer as a given grade and selling it to a third party without touching as a grade higher, thus cheating the grower out of a margin of profit to which he is in all justice rightly entitled. The bill means merely a square deal for the parties most interested and should become a law.

A SENSIBLE COURSE.

One level headed farmer whose case came to our attention the other day, desiring to locate ultimately in the west, has sold his holding in the Mississippi valley and has rented a small farm for a year near a good market town in Washington and will move there at once. His idea is that in this way he will have abundant opportunity to look around, discount [illegible] the undue claims of [illegible] ous land boomers, see [illegible] bias or pressure and after [illegible] this make his choice of [illegible] which, in the many important [illegible] which should be taken into [illegible] is nearest to his liking. It will cost something to carry out this plan, but the all around satisfaction which will be derived will more than compensate for the cost.

Imports of rice for the year 1908 are placed at $5,000,000, while the export trade was less than $500,000.

The job of teaching the calf to drink is simplified quite a bit if the little chap is not allowed to suck the cow at all. This plan is also just as well for the cow, as she is not so likely to hold up her milk as she is if the calf is allowed to suck for three or four days.

A full stand of small grain or corn not only means more dollars at harvest time, but big chunks of satisfaction all through the growing and ripening season. It is fair to assume, too, that land feels more respectable under these conditions than when disfigured with a multitude of weeds.

Considering the fact that the value of a pasture wisely handled will run all the way from $8 to $12 an acre per season, the pasture question is one that should receive more attention than is usually given to it. Well handled, it should be one of the most profitable factors in the farm management.

A Minnesota farmers' co-operative creamery is utilizing its organization not only for the buttermaking business proper, but for the operation of a cow exchange by means of which owners who have cows they want to dispose of bring them to the creamery, where they may be inspected and purchased by those in need of cows.

Dry farming is that type of soil cultivation which is carried on in sections where the annual rainfall is fifteen inches or less and where the moisture necessary for the maturing of a crop is conserved and stored by deep plowing and frequent cultivations, which keep the surface soil mellow, enabling it to retain a maximum amount of that moisture which falls as rain and tending to increase the amount of moisture which rises from the subsoil to the cultivated zone.

It is a pretty sure proposition that chronically bad roads anywhere keep land values below what they would otherwise be. Such condition is in part due to the handicap which owners are confronted with in hauling their produce to market, while there is little question that the mere appearance of the highways has a considerable influence with a prospective purchaser in causing him to arrive at an estimate of what he considers a piece of land in such a poor roads locality worth.

An odd feature in the practice of Norman tenant farmers is that often their leases entitle them to carry off from a farm when they leave it a foot or so of the rich black surface soil, the equity of the procedure seeming to lie in the fact that, since he has been to considerable pains and expense to enrich the soil, he is entitled to a certain portion of it when he moves to another place. If renters in this country were doing a little more of this business of carrying soil fertility around with them, instead of as a class being soil impoverishers, the condition of things would be a good deal better, all parties involved, than it is today.

An honest writer in an advertising folder issued by a western railroad company for the purpose of exploiting the lands tributary to its lines, in discussing the question of a possible overdoing of the apple business in the mountain and Pacific states, makes the pertinent suggestion that to avoid the danger of such a condition only the best varieties of apples should be planted now—those that because of their exceptional appearance and quality are bound to fetch good prices even if the market is drugged with poorer apples. The point is well taken and should be kept in view not only by those in the west, but also by those in the east, who are about to set new orchard tracts.

There is no time when the work of giving the young orchard trees low heads and sturdy branching limbs can be done so easily as at the time when they are first set out. If the young trees as they come from the nursery are tall and spindly they should be cut back so as to leave a trunk of the desired height. While this may seem harsh treatment, the result will be that sturdy lateral branches will be set out and a good "head" started when nothing of the kind would be possible were the tree allowed to continue its vertical growth uninterrupted. The finishing of the job may have to be carried through several seasons, and the amount that will need to be done from time to time will be indicated somewhat by the habit of growth of the tree and the definite ideal or type of tree which the orchardist may have in mind.

While the Holstein cow Johanna IV.'s Colantha holds the world's record so far as milk and butter production during any given year is concerned, the Jersey cow Jacoba Irene has completed a three years' butter production that has never been excelled. During the year 1906 she gave 11,331 pounds of milk, which tested 5.44 and produced 619 pounds of butter fat. In 1907 she gave 14,235 pounds of 5.55 per cent milk, which showed 792 pounds of butter fat, while last year her milk yield was 17,253 pounds, testing 5.52 and giving 954 pounds of butter fat, or the equivalent of 1,122 pounds of [illegible] per cent butter. Added to [illegible] continuous milk giving [illegible], Jacoba Irene has produced [illegible] healthy calves, which makes her [illegible] the more remarkable. [illegible] watch with interest to see if her [illegible] record is an improvement on that of 1908.

The gradually increasing price of corn during the past three years is quite accurately reflected in the decrease in the exports of the cereal. The exports for 1906 were 102,518,817 bushels, in 1907 83,200,872 bushels, while during 1908 but 37,577,717 bushels were sent abroad.

One farmer living three or four miles from Twin Falls, Ida., reports three crops of alfalfa from a forty acre tract that measured in the stack ten tons per acre. This is calculated to give the eastern granger, who struggles hard to cure two tons per acre in a season, a sort of tired feeling.

Complaint is being made in several states that shipments of ornamental shrubs and plants from Holland and France are badly infested with eggs of the brown tailed moth. Of forty-three shipments into one state inspection by state officers showed that twenty-one were infested with the pest.

Estimates issued by the crop reporting board of the department of agriculture give the amount of corn in the farmers' hands on March 1, 1909, as 39.3 per cent of last year's crop, equivalent to 1,047,763,000 bushels. It is estimated that 21.3 per cent of this amount will be shipped out of the counties in which it was grown.

The increased attention devoted to the growing of alfalfa has resulted in the putting on the market of an alfalfa cultivator which works on the disk fashion, but has spiked teeth in place of the disk blades. It is said that the new machine loosens the surface soil thoroughly and kills the weeds without seriously injuring the alfalfa roots.

A good many farmers have adopted the plan of sowing some clover seed with all small grain, and the idea is an excellent one. The practice is worth while even if the clover is plowed under in the fall. To give best results it should be allowed to grow the second season, a crop being taken off in June and the second growth plowed under in the fall, when the well developed root systems will add materially to the nitrogen supply of the soil.

Wisconsin friends of good roads feel that quite a step was taken along the line of seeing some of their hopes realized when an amendment to the constitution was adopted last November authorizing state aid for the building and improving of public roads and highways. If the state aid thus authorized is done under proper supervision benefit will come not only from the roads directly improved, but an object lesson will be given road supervisors over the state which should aid them in the work under their charge.

It is only fair to state the truth about sugar beets in their relation to a maintenance of soil fertility, and that is that they take from the soil a smaller amount of fertilizing elements than do potatoes, cabbage or corn, much less than wheat or oats and only about one-third as much as timothy hay. The frequent cultivations of the soil which accompany the growing of beets put it in ideal condition for any succeeding crop. In a rotation containing clover, alfalfa, peas or beans beets would work in nicely—in fact, could hardly be improved upon as a tilled crop.

That tuberculosis has considerable capacity to spread is shown in the experience of one northern dairyman whose herd at the first testing showed twelve infected animals out of fifty-nine head. He failed to take action with a view to disposing of the diseased animals, and when some time later a second tuberculin test was applied sixty-seven animals out of a hundred gave evidence of being affected with the malady. This instance could doubtless be duplicated in the experience of hundreds who are following the dallying policy to save a few dollars at the start, but who will find their delay in dealing with the situation in the end both costly and trying.

The cumulative evidence relative to the operation of the milking machine would seem to indicate that it is an improvement which has come to stay. A number of tests which have been studied and tabulated under the direction of the Wisconsin experiment station show results which are, on the whole, very favorable, the machines being economical in operation with fifteen cows or more, while the milk is freer from germs than when secured by hand milking. In practice it has been found that the cows shrink but little in milk flow when transferred from the hand to the machine system, and best results were obtained where the cows were hand stripped after the machine work was done.

Let the women vote if they want to, but let them also remember that no influence which they can exert at the ballot box will begin to equal that which they may have over boys and girls properly reared in the homes over which they preside. A painful feature of many present day problems which are taking so much time and attention for solution is that they trace their origin to social conditions which lie beyond the reach of the ballot box and will be solved not when women are given the right of suffrage, but when mothers and fathers devote more time and thought to the rearing of their sons and daughters and in making the home what it ought to be.

F. E. Trigg

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, ... Minn.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

$5.00
DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1909 NUMBER 16.

D. S. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.

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Real Estate Loans

WE CAN GUARANTEE SATISFACTION. . . .

We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits. We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property. Tickets to and from Europe sold.

Farm Lands and City Property bought and sold. Inquire or write
H. P. SPONHEIM,
Manager.

People's State Bank.

Bids Wanted on Township Bonds.

The town board of the township of Clover Leaf, County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, does hereby give notice, and does offer for sale its Township bond in the aggregate sum of ($5,000) Five Thousand Dollars. The town board of said township will up to the 3rd day of May, 1909, receive sealed bids on said Township Bond of $5,000, interest to be paid annually, said Bond to run for a period of twenty years from its time of issue.

The town board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The town board will meet at the office of the Town Clerk at 3 o'clock p. m., on the 3rd day of May, 1909, to open and take the bids under consideration.

CHAS. SVENDSGAARD,
Clerk.
Clover Leaf Township, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Germantown, Minn.

KILLED BY A SOO TRAIN

Farmer Living Near Callaway Killed Last Friday Evening by the Soo Local.

Man Had Been Drinking and Was Probably Asleep on the Track.

When No. 111, the local day passenger train that runs between Thief River Falls and St. Paul arrived in the city last Friday evening a part of the skull of a man was found upon the tender of the engine. This was the first knowledge that the engine crew had of a person being run over and inquiry was at once made at all of the stations down the line. *The body of the dead man was found* at Callaway and it proved to be that of Knut Tazson, a well-to-do farmer living near that village. Mr. Tazson, it is said, had been drinking quite heavily for a week or more and it is believed that he went to sleep on the railroad track and was struck by the train which passed through Callaway after it had grown dark.

Farmers Meet.

The farmers interested in starting a co-operative elevator met at the village hall Monday afternoon. Tenders were submitted by the St. Anthony company and by Leonard Holmes for the sale of their elevators but no action was taken. It was found that about $1,400 had been subscribed which was not considered sufficient. The committees in charge were advised to continue taking subscriptions for stock and another meeting called for Monday, May 24th, at which time it is thought that sufficient funds will have been subscribed to warrant either buying or the building of an elevator.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The New Directory.

John H. Ley, who is getting out the directory for the city of Thief River Falls, expects to finish his work in about two weeks. He states that the directory will show Thief River Falls to have a population of considerable over 5000.

SOO MEN ARE BUSY

Engineers Are Laying Out the Line from Thief River Falls to Duluth.

Work of Construction Will Probably Be Commenced in the Near Future.

(From the Duluth Herald, Saturday April 10).

A surveying party, that has been in the field for six weeks in the vicinity of the southern part of the Red Lakes, in northern Clearwater county, and working toward Thief River Falls, has been the occasion of more than a little comment and curiosity on the part of the *residents of this section. Apparently* the crew is running some kind of line in an easterly direction toward this city and extending north of Bemidji and Cass Lake. That it is connected with the Thief River Falls-Duluth proposed cut-off of the Soo, is believed. Particularly is this belief accepted, when it is known that last week in an interview in the Duluth Herald, the president of the Soo stated that work on this branch would begin this summer. It will surely be needed this fall, for the Soo is compelled to ship all its grain business in the fall rush from its "Wheatline" branch, which runs straight west from this city 300 miles through North Dakota, over the Great Northern line, transferring at Erskine, some fifty miles south of this city. That the Soo won't long continue this way is well understood. The new line will open up the only really good hardwood and farming country in Beltrami county if it runs along the south side of the Red Lakes and strikes near Blackduck and crosses the Great Northern in Aitkin county.

New Land Office Ruling.

In a decision of the general land office, it was held that in order to enable the heirs of a homestead entryman to submit commutation proof to his entry, they must show both residence upon and cultivation of the land for 14 months by the entryman, or the heirs, or partly by both. This same ruling it was held applies to a case where commutation proof is submitted by the widow of the entryman. Heretofore it has only been necessary for an entryman or an heir to show either residence in or cultivation of the land for 14 months. In another decision it was held that when an entryman sells his improvements on the land and relinquishes his entry in connection therewith he is not entitled to make a second homestead entry under the act of congress of February 6, 1908.

Well Satisfied.

Knute Aker, who owns a farm near Climax in southwestern Polk county expressed himself as follows, after a recent visit to Iowa: "I would not trade my Polk county farm, acre for acre for any farm in Iowa. Iowa land never had the staying qualities of Red River Valley land. I would not trade at all. We have the best farming country in the world and this fact is becoming more generally known every year. The time is not far distant when the price of land here will show what the real value of Valley land is."

Improvements At Detroit.

Work has commenced excavating for the new sewerage system which Detroit is putting in this season. The contractors are from Two Harbors. Something over four miles of sanitary and storm sewers will be put in. Not only this but Detroit is building a new $50,000 school building. Minneapolis contractors have the job. C. W. Street, of Deer Lodge, Mont., has been elected superintendent of the Detroit schools for next year. He is a Carlton graduate.

Will Move Entire Town.

Iver Sterry, a Fosston contractor, is at present engaged in what may sound at first like a huge undertaking, but is not as serious as it seems. He is moving the village or community, known as Bijou, on the Soo line south of here. It consists of three buildings in all, which he will locate upon lots platted as a townsite since the structures were erected. The average distance of the move is about 500 feet.

Married Last Week.

Miss Bessie Hill and Mr. Morris Gotham were united in marriage last Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's mother, the Rev. J. B. Smith officiating. Both are popular young people of the city. They left that same evening for Minneapolis on a wedding trip.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $12 per acre. See Hager the land man.

GRA[illegible] ful [illegible] active [illegible]

ROYAL Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

It is economy to use Royal Baking Powder. It saves labor, health and money.

Where the best food is required no other baking powder or leavening agent can take the place or do the work of Royal Baking Powder.

Wants Weather Bureau.

Representative Steenerson has asked Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, to establish weather bureau stations at Baudette, Warroad and Fosston. The purpose of establishing these stations is to ascertain the rainfall in the vicinity of the Lake of the Woods for the benefit of the state drainage bureau, when the time comes to construct drainage works in that section of the state.

More Potato Growers Needed.

A potato expert has given out the statement that the potato is the only important agricultural crop that is produced in this country in quantities insufficient to supply the demand. There are a few men who seem to realize the significance of this statement and they are the ones who have gone into potato farming on a considerable scale, not to throw it up at the end of one or two years, but to stay by it for a period of years, by which plan they can realize the average prices; and that price makes some surprising profits for the man who knows how to grow potatoes.

Dr. Rea Sued.

An illustration of the folly of engaging traveling doctors is given in a case in Clay county. John A. Swanson, of Hitterdal, took his wife to Detroit, Minn., to see Dr. Rea, who is well known thru his extensive newspaper advertising. Owing to a mistake in diagnosis, Mr. Swanson alleges, the doctor treated her for an ailment she did not have. She was suffering from tubercular trouble and was treated for bronchial trouble. Mrs. Swanson became so ill after six weeks of treatment that she was taken to Moorhead, where she died one month later. The husband has served papers in a $5,000 damage suit against Rea. This is the second Clay county case he has on his hands at present.

Farming Pays.

A representative of the Post News was in conversation with a young business man this week when the gentleman remarked that if he liked farming he would follow that occupation for he made more money on the farm than in town. He said: "When I was on the farm I cleared above all expenses $100 per month from my eighty acres." When asked how he did it he said, "I farmed." Asked for further explanation he said that he kept cows, pigs and chickens. His cows were a good dairy breed and the calves often brought as high as $20 and not less than $10. His cows were well cared for and his creamery checks were large. He raised as many pigs as his milk would support with a good clover pasture. "I never kept less than two hundred chickens and I made them pay, too. The last year I was on the farm I cleared up more than $1200 for I had more stock that year."—Alexandria Post News.

A Clever Attempt Failed.

A clever attempt to defraud the Soo company has been made by Chas. Reed, the company's agent at Drake, N. D. He claimed that he was robbed of $1,400 while asleep in a hotel. Reed was checked up by the auditor of the road and found to be about $1,000 short. The money could not be found around the hotel and the authorities for some time were completely baffled. One of the detectives, however, discovered that a barrel had been shipped out of Drake by freight the day of the alleged robbery, and was consigned to the approximate locality of Reed's claim in Canada. Following the clue, he overtook the barrel, opened it and found neatly packed with stolen railroad property, $1,200 in bills. The officials believe that this accounts for freight that has been missing from that line, and now have a new avenue to watch.

It is so easy to be . . . **WELL DRESSED** at so small a cost, nowdays, that we wonder so many are not better dressed.

When you find it convenient to come into this store and buy

Hart Schaffner & Marx

suits and overcoats, ready to wear; with a style and all-wool quality, and tailoring, such as you find in no other clothes, it's strange that anybody can be persuaded to do any other way. . . . . .

HERE ARE THE BEST SUITS IN THE

WORLD

$18 to $40; Overcoats $15 to $50.

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This store is the home of HART SCHAFFNER & MARX clothes.

GORDON Hats

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

CROSSETT Shoes

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

KEEP US IN MIND

WHEN YOU NEED A LOAN ON YOUR LAND.

We are AT ALL TIMES (not only SOMETIMES) in a position to make loans on good farms at a low rate of interest.

• • •

We make loans on three, five or ten years' time, and can, if desired, arrange partial payment terms. Principal and interest payable here, and at any time of the year most convenient to the borrower.

• • •

If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.

Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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train that will make the distance on ...
own schedule. What the chief dispatcher wants to be sure about is the identity of the applicant for the unusual privilege and in this connection whether he is able to pay for a special.

Five thousand dollars in bills will make the dispatcher feel very much like ordering out the train. A deposit of that amount in his hands will undoubtedly bring the train out in a few minutes after the order is given. Sometimes a call on the telephone to the residence of a well known citizen who says he will be responsible for the cost of the train will answer the requirements of the dispatcher, or the check of the applicant, if he is a well known citizen, is a sufficient guarantee. It can be made large enough to cover the bill for the special.

In the case of a wealthy man who will let nothing stand in the way of accomplishing his purpose the cost of the train is not a previous consideration. He simply wants to get to a certain point at a certain time. Getting there on time is the uppermost thought in his mind. He paces restlessly up and down the platform until the train backs into the station or on to the siding where he is notified it may be waiting for him. Unless he stipulates that a private car be used in the train he will get a Pullman all by himself or those who accompany him. The use of a private car costs more, but is preferred by the wealthy patron. When everything is ready for embarking the work of the dispatcher has just begun.

This official must put the special through without interrupting seriously the running time of other fast trains. It takes some ticklish work, for the other trains must be "cut out" on side tracks just before the special is to pass. In this way the schedules of the other trains are not broken more than a few minutes. The special dashes past on the right of way, and the regular fast train follows it. Freight trains using the same track are apt to lie on the sidings longer than the passengers because they cannot make distances between sidings quick enough to cut out in time to give the special a clear track.

The man who has paid his good money for the right to the track does not expect to be stopped en route, and it becomes the business of the railway or railways over which he is racing against time to afford him all the facilities. Usually in case of such an extraordinary emergency the railway takes great pride in making a record run and landing its patron at his destination in time to accomplish his purpose. The best engineers obtainable and a trustworthy conductor are placed in charge of the equipment of one engine and one car, for the running is at a rate of speed not undertaken in the passenger service.

Usually the extraordinary passenger is required to give the railway company some form of release from responsibility for loss of life or injury from accident due to what might be regarded under ordinary circumstances as a reckless speed, but the man who is racing to see a loved wife or daughter or son is always willing to take a greater risk than at any other time in his existence. But not only is his own life, but the lives of the train crew, in jeopardy during a wild race over the rails. However, on such an occasion the whole crew is imbued with the excitement and heroic nature of the fast mission and contribute in every way to the fulfillment of the errand.

Thousands of dollars have been paid by private citizens for just such races with death and sometimes where great financial crisis is at stake. The railway companies, despite the large honorarium received for undertaking such journeys, are loath to accept a passenger on these conditions. The crisis must be one that involves remarkable stress of mind and money. Usually their acceptance of such great responsibility both to the single passenger as well as thousands of others who may be using the tracks at the same time is governed by a great deal of sentiment.—St. Louis Republic.

A Mystery.

Constable—Now, gen'l'men, we've traced these here close—the futprints of the hoss an' the futprints o' the man—to this stump. From here on thar's only the futprints o' the hoss. Now, the question is, Wot's become o' the man?—Life.

As we act toward others we may expect others to act toward us.—Syrus.

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The E... ...ronicler has recorded ... the ... of London in the twelfth ...ry ...ur... ...stood the art of flying ov... the ic... like birds in the air, but the ...rigin of skating is far more ancient. An Icelandic saga relates how the Norwegian hero Frithjof not only traced verses upon the polished mirror, but also cut the dear name of Ingebord. Skates have been discovered near Spandau, in Germany, which those competent to express an opinion attribute to a period of 3,000 years ago. These skates were made from bones of horses, figured and perforated to attach to the sandal. Similar skates have been found at Moorfields, in Finsbury, and like discoveries have been made in Berlin in the bed of the Spree. These and similar discoveries, we learn, enable the authorities to conclude that the European ice area in prehistoric times extended from Great Britain to Finland and from Norway to Hungary.—London Globe.

A Horse's Toe Nails.

Few persons realize that a horse's hoof is really the same thing as the toe nails of human beings or of animals having toes. The horn of a hoof grows just as a toe nail does. The hoof grows more rapidly in unshod horses than in those wearing shoes, and it grows faster in horses which are well groomed and well fed. But on an average the horn grows about a third of an inch a month. Hind hoofs grow faster than fore hoofs. The toe of the hoof being the longest part, it takes longer for the horn to grow down there than at the heel. For instance, the toe will grow entirely down in from eleven to thirteen months, while the heel will grow down in from three to five months. As the new horn grows out any cracks or defects in the old gradually work down to where they can be cut off, just as with human finger nails you can watch the progress of a bruise from the root to the tip.—London Answers.

Pretty Absentminded.

A book about George Canning and his friends contains among its anecdotes two which deal with Hookham Frere and the absentmindedness for which he was noted. Frere married Lady Errol, and "while they were engaged he took her into supper at a ball. While they were talking he drank up the glass of wine he had poured out for her and then took her back supperless to the ballroom. After the wedding he went straight from the church to Mr. Murray, the publisher, who asked him to stay to dinner, to which he very nearly agreed, remembering only just in time that Lady Errol was waiting to start on the honeymoon."

Scotch Profits.

"We have decided," said the head of a Glasgow firm, "to conduct our business in future on the profit sharing principle. We shall begin at once on the basis of last year's results."

"We are delighted to hear it," replied the foreman, speaking for the men. "May we ask what were the last year's results?"

"We lost a thousand pounds," said the employer, "and, therefore, on the profit sharing principle, there will be a reduction of 10 per cent in your wages."—Dundee Advertiser.

Stood Up For Him.

Dolan—So Casey was runnin' me down an' ye stud up for me? Callahan—Oi did. Oi siz to him, "Casey," siz Oi, "ye're honest an' truthful an' ye're no coward, an' ye work hard an' pay yer dibts, an' ye don't get drunk an' lick yer wolfe, but in other respects ye're no better than Dolan!"—Puck.

Her Hands Full.

"Poor woman; she has scarcely time to eat and sleep."

"Nonsense! Why, she is rich and has no duties whatever."

"But she tells me she reads all the latest novels."—Cleveland Leader.

Favors.

Stella—What were the favors at her dinner? Bella—Well, all the guests thought they did her a favor by coming, and she thought they did her a favor by leaving.—New York Sun.

Not Quite So Bad.

Polly Prim—They tell me you are a dissipated young man. Now, I suppose you never see the sun rise. Jack Rapidd—No; I don't stay up quite that late.—Philadelphia Record.

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...re on earth
...rom and how
...ey were ground
...s or dried or pul-
...lized into queer
Each jar and box
...ome secret which you
...ecome curious to solve.
...ifferent lands do they rep-
...d, after they leave the jars
... them now, what are they
...to?

..., for example, would connect a ... pile of dry, thin twigs, neatly ...d into small bundles, with sarsaparilla? These twigs are the creeping roots and rootlets of a prickly shrub that grows in Jamaica, and they are worth from 10 to 50 cents a pound.

Somewhat similar in appearance is ipecacuanha, which also comes to us in dry twigs, which are part of the trailing root of a plant found in the damp forests of Brazil.

These roots receive no preparation save drying before they are shipped off to the United States. They are packed in large sacks, and the workmen who open the bales must beware of breathing the pungent, irritating dust given off, which is productive of unpleasant results if incautiously inhaled.

Castor oil, too, is hard to recognize in the pretty little brown beans, spotted with black and with polished skins, that arrive in bags from India. They look far too attractive to suggest the much hated dose of our early days.

Aloes, the base of many nauseous medicines, may be seen in its crude form as a solid mass resembling brown sealing wax, packed in heavy wooden boxes, from which it is chipped out in flakes with a chisel and hammer.

It is of different qualities and prices, according to whether it comes from Arabia, Socotra or the West Indies, and may bring any sum from $4 to $45 per hundredweight. Aloes is the juice of the big fleshy leaves of the plant of that name. This juice is pressed or evaporated from the leaves and poured into chests or kegs in a semiliquid state, hardening presently into a solid block. Not infrequently it is inclosed in the dry skins of monkeys and in this strange form brought to market.

One of the most interesting of drugs is opium, both on account of its awful potency and by reason of its great value. A case of opium, about 225 pounds, is worth $400 roughly. The case is of rough deal lined with tin and contains a number of soft, dark lumps, like large handfuls of dough packed very closely together in a quantity of dry, chaffy seeds.

The opium which reaches America is of two qualities, one for medicine, the other for smoking, and comes from Persia and Asia Minor, China and India.—St. Louis Republic.

MONEY OF THE RICH.

Of More Use Foolishly Spent Than Hoarded or Lying Idle.

A great reservoir of water undistributed leaves men and women to perish of thirst and growing crops to parch and die. So also vaults bulging with stagnant money leave men and women to perish in abject poverty and ripened crops to rot within the fields and orchards that grew them. Therefore what happens to the dollars of the millionaire is a question of the first importance.

Those of us who believe in praying for material blessings will do well to pray long and earnestly that rich women will never cease to buy $100 hats and $1,000 gowns, with diamonds and other jewels to match; that they will continue to give balls and teas and entertainments of the most expensive kind; that they will be recklessly extravagant in gewgaws and folderols of every description, because it will be good for us who depend upon an income drawn from the multitude of operations involved in producing, merchandising and transporting all those gewgaws and other gimcracks that go to keep extravagance at a high pitch.

Let us hope that rich men's sons will continue to spend their fathers' money as foolishly as they are reputed to do—not because it will be good for them, but because it will be good to have the money poured into the wage earner's money channels.

Let us doubly hope that the rich men may be prospered in their money getting, because they will not let it lie idle. Whatever their wives and children do not spend they put into stocks and bonds and thereby turn it into the wage earner's money channels. Let us be thankful, too, that neither the dollars of the rich nor the dollars of the poor are of any value save as they go into the wage channels of active circulation.—F. W. Hewes in Harper's Weekly.

His Shrewd Idea.

"Who is that sour looking girl with the heavy underjaw?"

"That is the only daughter of old De Milyuns."

"And who is the dainty bit of sweetness with the blue eyes and golden hair?"

"That's the chaperon."

"What's the explanation?"

"Why, it's old De Milyun's clever idea. He thinks his Jane will be perfectly safe as long as Miss Blossom is around."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Easy.

"What can a doctor do when he gets a patient who neither drinks nor smokes?"

"Tell him to stop eating certain things. Everybody eats."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

TRAPPING A GORILLA

Story of a Vicious Struggle In the African Jungle.

A NET THAT FAILED TO HOLD.

The Snared Monster Broke Through Its Meshes and Was the Cause of One Death Before He Was Himself Killed by the Attacking Party.

Captain Fritz Duquesne, the Boer ivory hunter, was commissioned by a German naturalist society to capture one of each species of African quadrumana. He was entirely successful in the work, except that he could obtain no gorilla. Finally a pygmy pointed out a portion of the dank jungle in which a gorilla had been seen.

The captain immediately arranged his camp and laid his plans and made preparations to trap the monster and get him alive if possible, though he fully realized the danger of the undertaking.

"For four days," said the captain, "we camped in this hotbed of disease. Beaters went out in all directions searching for the gorilla. At last some deep, wide scratches were found on a cluster of vines. On close examination the unmistakable hair of the gorilla *was found on a broken twig.*

"After some hours we found the tree where the gorilla lived. We could tell it by the greasy appearance of the bark, made so by the repeated rubbing of the gorilla's body. We could tell by the fresh marks, with sap still wet, that the animal had recently ascended the tree. The scratches were short and deep, showing that it had lifted itself up and had not slid down, which would have made a long, shallow scratch.

"We spread a strong net around the tree in a circle sloping upward on the outer side. Around the top of the net there were drawn ropes from four directions, held by half a dozen natives hidden in the bush. These were to bring the top of the net together and thus bag our game.

"After waiting some hours the leaves above rustled and then opened as a six foot male gorilla descended unsuspectingly and entered the trap. I signaled, the four ropes were pulled at once, and we had our animal—for a moment. He roared in fury, twisting, jumping and biting the rope into pieces. The natives were pulled about like dolls as he tried to reach first one and then another. The professor jumped about in excitement, trying to focus a camera on the infuriated animal.

"At last the mighty arms of the gorilla broke a hole through the net, and he tore the rest from him as though it were a rotten rag. Most of the natives fled in dismay. The professor dropped his camera and tried to escape. In a moment the gorilla grasped him in its terrible hands.

"I seized my rifle and fired in the air to frighten the animal. In my position I could not shoot at him without hitting my friend. For a moment the gorilla stood still, holding the now unconscious man as though he were a baby, the brute's lips drawn back from his glistening teeth.

"I thrust another cartridge in my rifle. As I did so there was a buzz in the air, and an arrow, shot by a native, pierced the gorilla's side. A roar burst from his red throat, and he dropped his victim. Like a flash, before I could shoot, a native sprang from the leaves and, half throwing, half thrusting, drove an assagai into the gorilla's heart. With a groan the brute fell dead.

"Examining the professor, I found that his right arm was broken and that some of his ribs were crushed into his lungs. We gave up the effort to get a live gorilla and, placing the injured man in a hammock, carried him back toward the east coast.

"He died on the road. Out on the veldt beside a native village a lonely little slab marked 'Carl Bloch' sticks up above the grass. It is the professor's grave. Hunting is not all exciting adventure and laughing victory. It has its tears, like other things."—Hampton's Magazine.

Chances In Gambling.

Henri Poincare, the leading mathematician of France, declares that there is no infallible martingale or method of doubling one's stakes after every loss. "All one can do," says M. Poincare, "is to combine one's play so as to have a great chance of winning a little and a little chance of losing much or a few chances of gaining much and many chances of losing little. One can arrange his play so as to have one chance of winning a million francs and a million chances of losing a franc or a million chances of winning a franc and one chance of losing a million francs—and that's all."

Incompatible.

Towne—Well, well, the idea of his marrying Miss Goldey! Why, he's a dyspeptic. Browne—What has that to do with it? She's got plenty of money, and so— Towne—That's just it. She'll never agree with him; she's too rich.—Catholic Standard and Times.

It Had a Charm.

"I do miss Mrs. Jones. She told me all the news of the parish."

"Oh, that was only gossip—no truth in it."

"Well, there, I liked to 'ear it. Truth or lies, 'twas all news to me."—Punch.

The hours we pass with happy prospects in view are more pleasing than those crowned with fruition.—Goldsmith.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Governor Charles N. Haskell, Oklahoma's first chief executive, and the six other prominent Oklahomans indicted by the federal grand jury charged with fraud in Muskogee town lots will not have to stand trial. The motion of the defendants to quash the indictments was upheld at Tulsa, Okla., by Judge John A. Marshall of Utah in the United States circuit court.

Returns from Michigan's county option election show that of the twenty-seven counties which voted on the question of abolishing the sale or manufacture of liquor in their borders twenty went "dry" and seven went "wet." Before this election eleven of the eighty-three counties of the state were "dry."

Returns from municipal elections in Wisconsin show that thirty-five cities voted "wet" and thirty "dry," the latter being the smaller localities. Included in the places voting "wet" are Oshkosh, Superior, Ashland, Eau Claire, Beloit, Marinette, Baraboo and Rhinelander.

Under the terms of a temporary injunction granted in the circuit court at St. Louis all railroads operating in Missouri are restrained from putting into effect the 3-cent fare as agreed upon at a recent conference of railroad officials.

Direct nominations as recommended by Governor Hughes *of New York* received their death blow in the assembly, at least so far as the present session of the legislature is concerned, the bill being killed by a vote of 112 to 28.

Governor Shallenberger of Nebraska has signed the daylight saloon bill. The measure forbids the sale of liquor except between 7 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Frederick H. Kreismann, Rep., has been elected mayor of St. Louis. The city has had a Democratic mayor for eight years.

The supreme court of Alabama has declared the state prohibition law valid, all the judges concurring in the opinion.

British Columbia lumber manufacturers have advanced prices through Western Canada $1 to $3 per thousand.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Charles E. Ellis, president of the Citizens' Passenger Railway company, a subsidiary company of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company, and one of the wealthiest men in Philadelphia, shot and killed himself at his home in that city. Mr. Ellis was seventy-four years old.

Mme. Helena Modjeska, the famous Polish tragedienne and one of the most noted actresses of the American stage, died at her island home at Bay City, Cal., at the age of sixty-five, after an illness of about two months.

W. A. Poynter, ex-governor of Nebraska, while making a speech in the office of Governor Shallenberger at Lincoln at the hearing of the daylight saloon bill, was stricken by apoplexy and died within a few minutes.

F. Marion Crawford, the novelist, is dead at Sorrento, Italy. He was born in 1854. Mr. Crawford had been ill for some time, one of the symptoms of his affection being fevers, which tended greatly to weaken him.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock, secretary of the interior under Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, is dead at Washington, aged seventy-four. He had been critically ill for several days and his death was not unexpected.

Marcus D. L. Simpson, brigadier general, U. S. A., retired, said to have been the oldest living graduate of West Point, is dead at his home in Riverside, Ill.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 12.—Wheat—May, $1.23¼; July, $1.23⅛@1.23¾. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.26¾@1.26¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.25¼@1.25¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.23¼@1.23¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.19¾@1.21¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 12.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.75@6.00. Hogs—$7.05@7.20. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; yearlings, $6.50@7.00; lambs, $7.50@7.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 12.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.25¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.24¼; No 2 Northern, $1.22¼; May, $1.23; July, $1.23¾; Sept., $1.10¼. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.67¼; May, $1.66¼; July, $1.65¼; Sept., $1.42; Oct., $1.37½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.85@7.20; Texas steers, $4.60@5.50; Western steers, $4.40@5.85; stockers and feeders, $3.55@5.60; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.00; calves, $5.50@7.75. Hogs—Light, $7.05@7.40; mixed, $7.10@7.50; heavy, $7.20@7.55; rough, $7.20@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.30@7.55; pigs, $5.90@6.80. Sheep, $3.75@6.25; yearlings, $6.25@7.30; lambs, $5.50@8.30.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 12.—Wheat—May, $1.26¾; July, $1.16¾; Sept., $1.08¾@1.08¾; Dec., $1.07¼. Corn—April, 65⅞c; May, 66⅝c; July, 66¼@66⅜c; Sept., 65⅝@66c; Dec., 57⅜c. Oats—May, 54⅝c; July, 47⅞c; Sept., 40¾@40⅞c. Pork—May, $18.10; July, $18.07½; Sept., $18.10. Butter—Creameries, 22@28c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—19½@20½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens and springs, 15c.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

What has been the longest trial in the annals of the Hennepin county district court reached its end when the case of Isaac Eckborg against Swan J. Turnblad and the Swedish-American Publishing company went to Judge Brooks for a decision. In this suit Eckborg seeks an accounting for more than $1,000,000, which he claims is coming to him as a stockholder in the company involved. With continuances the case has dragged along since Dec. 16, 1908.

The date for Memorial day this year is settled. It will be observed on Monday, May 31; not Sunday, May 30, and not Saturday, May 29. Since Memorial day comes on Sunday this year nobody has been certain what would be done, but Marcus W. Bates, state commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, has issued orders to Grand Army posts requesting that May 31 be observed as Memorial day.

The Great Northern Railway company has filed in the district court of Ramsey county notice of appeal to the state supreme court in the matter of gross earnings taxes for the years 1906 and 1907, recently awarded to the state by a decision of Judge W. L. Kelly of the district court. The 1906 taxes amounted to $133,115.14; those for 1907 totaled $139,254.04.

Construction work calling for an expenditure of $1,000,000 has been begun by the Soo line on its terminal improvements in North and Northeast Minneapolis. When this work is completed the Soo line will enter the Mill City over its own tracks instead of over the tracks of the Northern Pacific as at present.

So great was the demand for the only saloon license allowed under the law in Parkers Prairie that applicants bid up the amount of the annual tax to $2,700, when Nels P. Nelson was awarded the coveted privilege.

The Alumni association of the University of Minnesota has just passed the thousand membership mark. The thousandth application for life membership was made by Mrs. Ruth McIntyre of the class of 1900.

Within ten days, according to the present outlook, the affairs of the Pillsbury-Washburn company of Minneapolis will have been so shaped that the reorganization will have been completed.

At the recent election Worthington selected officials who favor high license, except for one aldermen, and at the same time voted against the granting of liquor licenses.

Mrs. John Stallberg of Ham Lake, Anoka county, has received information to the effect that a brother who died in Sweden left her a legacy of 150,000 kroners.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Ida Jenkins of Minneapolis was sentenced to ninety days in the Hennepin county jail by Judge Milton D. Purdy in federal court after the jury had returned a verdict of guilty against her on the charge of writing and sending improper letters through the mails. The letters complained of had been sent to Mayor James C. Haynes and Chief of Police Frank T. Corriston.

John Olson of Minneapolis, thirty years old, a tailor, was found dead with a fractured skull on the railroad tracks beneath a bridge being repaired at Central avenue and Broadway in the Mill City. It is believed the man attempted to cross the structure and failed to see a large opening left by repair men.

John Noble, a tinsmith in the hardware store of W. J. Richardson of Lake City, met with sudden death by falling down an elevator shaft. He was making some repairs on the pulleys near the ceiling when he lost control of the mechanism and was precipitated with the elevator thirty feet to the basement.

Alfred A. Buck, the Mankato bank wrecker, was one of the eleven men granted paroles by the state board of control at its last meeting. There were also three discharged from paroles, making the biggest grist of releases in any month for years.

John Murry, employed on the C. J. Swanson farm in Blain, Anoka county, was almost killed by a bull. Nearly every rib on his right side was fractured and his injuries are serious. Other employes came to his assistance or he would have been killed.

Conn Kronin, section foreman in the employ of the Milwaukee Railway company at Ortonville for the past twelve years, shot and killed himself. He was an unmarried man, about forty-five years of age, and the reason for the suicide is unknown.

The body of an infant about three weeks old was found floating in the river at St. Paul. There was a string tied tightly around the child's neck, indicating that it had been weighted down.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Mrs Augusta Herman, a pioneer resident of Freeborn county, is dead at Glenville after a brief illness. The deceased was the widow of Philip Herman, who died a little over a year ago, and with her husband settled near Glenville in 18[illegible].

Professor John H. Fitzsimmons of the College of St. Thomas died at St. Mary's hospital, Minneapolis, after an illness of two weeks' duration.

V.95 HISTORICAL SOCIETY

CONNELLY'S
ADDITION
To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.
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Will clean your carpets on the floor without removing them. Take out dust, greese and fruit stains. Also destroy moths and thoroughly disinfect your carpets. We also do upholstering and repairing of all kinds.
FLOORS POLISHED.
HENRY MICHELS
PHONE NO. 38.
Above Johnson's Secondhand Store on North Main Avenue.

LANGUAGE OF MUSIC.

The Manner In Which It Appeals to the Human Heart.

To those musical agnostics who deny to music any beauties save those of design and maintain that of itself it cannot express ideas and feelings Redfern Mason makes appropriate reply.

But there is another side to the picture. What was it that made George II. rise in his place when they sang the "Hallelujah" chorus, thereby setting an example which is followed to this day? What was it in the finale of the fifth symphony that drew the Napoleonic veteran to his feet with the exclamation, "The emperor!" What sanctity in the Ambrosian hymns moved St. Augustine to tears?

During the wars of the French revolution it was forbidden, on pain of death, to play the "Ranz des Vaches" in the hearing of the Swiss soldiers, for so acute a longing for home did it bring upon them that they deserted in hundreds. Are we to think that there was no virtue in the music itself and that the effect produced was the outcome of purely accidental circumstances?

The Austrian government forbade Berlioz to play the "Rackoczy" march at Budapest, fearful of its effect on the inflammable Hungarians. Was the fire of patriotism kindled by the mere knowledge that the melody symbolized Hungary, or did the notes speak with tongues of flame?—Atlantic Monthly.

A LION HUNT.

Usually a Case In Which Hunters Goad the Game Into Combat.

There is a distinction in Africa between ordinary lions and "man eaters," says T. R. MacMechen in McClure's Magazine. The ordinary lion does not willfully attack man. The presence of lions roaming at night on the veldt is not disturbing to any native nor to whites who have come to understand the beast. Persons returning to their camps after nightfall do not notice the roaring of lions or the cries of leopards or hyenas.

It is seldom that people bent upon domestic errands carry weapons in the darkness, although at night the veldt of British East Africa is alive with roaming beasts, which may be heard from the verandas of the houses. Lions give the passing man a wide berth, day or night, when it is apparent that he means no mischief. An ordinary lion, even when wounded, will try flight before fight. When its escape is disputed it will, especially if wounded, try to maul its enemy with teeth and claws.

A lion hunt is usually a chase in which the hunters goad the game into combat. Once a lion has tasted human blood, however, it is no more afraid of man, but learns that he is the weakest of animals and the choicest of meat. Such a lion is known as a man eater because now he hunts man.

Ready Replies.

One of Lord Carmarthen's future constituents once asked the youthful candidate his opinion upon some abstruse question of which he knew nothing. "Let him alone!" cried another derisively. "Don't you see he's nothing but a baby?" "What do you think?" reiterated his inquirer, heedless of the interruption and determined to have an answer. "I think," said Lord Carmarthen, with ready wit, "that it is high time for all babies to be in bed," and so saying he gathered up his papers and disappeared from the platform.

Again—and this last anecdote is so well known as to have become well nigh historical—at a crowded meeting just before his election, he was interrupted by the question, "Does your mother know you're out?" "Yes, she does," was the instant retort, "and by Tuesday night she will know I'm in." His prophecy proved correct, and he headed the poll by a large majority.

A Batch of Bulls.

An Irishman excused himself from going to church by saying he had such an excellent telescope that with it he could bring the church so near he could hear the organ playing.

It was Pat who observed, after watching two men shoot at an eagle and kill it, that they might have saved the powder and shot, as the fall alone would have killed the bird.

And it was Pat again who, telling a story as original and being informed by one of his auditors that he had read it in the translation of a Latin work, cried out: "Confound those ancients! They are always stealing one's good thoughts."

The Real Scrap.

Two muscular individuals were hammering at each other in the ring.

"Horrible!" ejaculated a tender hearted spectator.

"Horrible nothing," said a regular patron. "If you want to see a real scrap get next to them when they divide the purse."—Philadelphia Ledger.

In a Safe Place.

"We have a man in this prison who never tried to escape," declared the head keeper.

"What's he in for?" inquired the visitor.

"Bigamy," replied the head keeper.—Bohemian.

Recipe For Goodness.

Half of the wickedness of life is owing to misery. Make a man happy and he is good. He revives like a flower refreshed by the dew of heaven; he becomes sanguine, enthusiastic, energetic.—London Graphic.

Loving hearts are like poor folks—they are contented with whatever is given to them.—Swetchine.

THE USEFUL PIG.

A Colored Woman's Story of a Trade and Its Results.

A colored woman was being examined at a conference at Tuskegee. "Do the people in your community own homes?" came the query from Mr. Booker Washington.

"I think's they's fixing to own 'em, sah."

"But do they own them?"

"A heap of times you can't jest tell, sah. But they's holding 'em down."

"Do you own your home?"

"Yes, sah, I do," proudly. "And I can tell you jest how I got it. I swapped a puppy dog for it."

"Tell us about it."

"Well, it was this way. When I started I didn't have anything at all but jest a little yaller puppy dog.

"I took the dog over to my brother-in-law's. He had eight little bits of pigs, oh, jest so little, and I swapped the puppy with him for one of the pigs. It was sech a little pig that it didn't look like it would live, but I nursed it good, and I prayed to the Lord to make that little pig come for'ard to do me good, and the pig lived and grew.

"The first year I turned her out, and when she came back in the fall she brought me seven little pigs with her. That was my start. I've never had to buy any meat since. This winter I've killed three hogs, and I've got another at home now ready to kill. I've got *forty acres of land now, all paid for,* and a house, and it all come from that one little puppy."

"Do you hear that," exclaimed Mr. Washington, "you men? Some of you'd better go back home and swap your dogs for pigs!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE GREAT PYRAMID.

It Illustrates the Wonderful Ability of the Ancient Egyptians.

The cost of the labor and material necessary to duplicate the great pyramid of Gizeh at the present time would amount to considerably more than $50,000,000, according to a paper read before the Society of Engineers in New York city by E. S. Wheeler, says the American Architect. The cost of the material alone is estimated at $48,000,000.

This structure, one of the wonders of the world, is founded on solid rock at a depth of about 120 feet below the surface level and rises to a height of 454 feet. Its base covers an area of almost fifteen acres.

Mr. Wheeler's scheme for the reproduction of this pyramid contemplates first the setting of a base of concrete. This would represent about 2,000,000 cubic yards of material and would cost at least $10,000,000. The estimate for the superstructure is about $38,000,000, and it would contain 3,313,000 cubic yards of backing stone and 140,000 cubic yards of facing stone. Mr. Wheeler's estimate of labor is 24,000,000 days.

These figures are cited to show the great engineering skill of the Egyptians and the fact that no task in construction appeared to be too large for a people whose extant monuments showed their patience and ability to overcome obstacles that would daunt even the modern engineer.

Curious Epitaphs.

Old New England graveyards are not the only ones which contain curious epitaphs. The old time dweller of Maine who "died of a falling tree," as his headstone asserts, had a fellow in misfortune in faroff Austria, as is shown by W. A. Baillie-Grohman's "The Tyrol and the Tyrolese."

A wooden slab, painted with the representation of a prostrate tree under which lies a man in spread eagle attitude, bears testimony to the violent death of "Johann Lemberger, aged fifty-two and three-quarters years. This upright and virtuous youth was squashed by a falling tree."

The record of Michael Gerstner is even more succinct and convincing. He "climbed up, fell down and was dead."

Horse Sense.

A horse is so constructed by nature that he has no desire to do anything which will injure his health. He walks around whatever is not good for him and without a struggle. But man is so constructed that whatever is not good for him he wants to do. He eats too much, and he eats too fast. He drinks while eating, and there is nothing proper that he does without an effort. Why this distinction in favor of a horse? It may be said that a horse has only instinct, while a man has reason, which he should use. It is a pity that man was not given more instinct and less reason.—Atchison Globe.

First Aid.

"If you were called upon to deal with a hysterical person," asked the examiner at the emergency class, "what would you do?"

"I'd amputate his funny bone," said the student with a turn for surgery and humor.—Youth's Companion.

The Invincible Britons.

Smith—The British, I believe, rarely make mention of our Revolution. Jones—No, but I understand they occasionally refer to it as a conflict in which some British colonists defeated a force of Hessians.—London Tatler.

Making Good.

"Is he making good in his new line of work?"

"Yes, indeed. He is already finding fault with the way his boss carries on the business."—Detroit Free Press.

The most essential feature of a man is his improvableness.—Fiske.

GRIEF AND GREED.

Sorely Afflicted, Yet He Kept an Eye on the Main Point.

The following communication was recently addressed by a grief stricken German husband to the secretary of a life insurance company in Germany:

"Sir—Deeply afflicted, I take up my pen to inform you that my dear wife, Anne Maria, nee L——, insured in your company for the sum of $750, has suddenly died, leaving me a victim to the deepest despair. This grievous blow fell on me this morning at 7. Kindly endeavor to let me have my insurance money as promptly as possible. The policy bears the number ——, as you will find by reference to your books.

"I may say very seriously and in all sincerity that she was a faithful wife and an admirable mother. In order that all formalities may be settled with promptitude I inclose herewith a certificate officially recording her death.

"Her illness was but a short one. Nevertheless she suffered intensely, which naturally renders my grief all the more poignant. I have no doubt that you will afford me partial consolation by sending on the insurance money as promptly as possible.

"In return I hereby formally promise to have my second wife insured in your company for $1,500, double the sum for which my defunct darling was insured.

"My grief is immense, yet the conviction that you will afford me consolation sustains me during this terrible ordeal. In the hope that we shall soon draw our insurance money, my children join me in," etc.—Exchange.

CAME ON THE JUMP.

A Signal That Brought the Busy Waiters In a Body.

To get a waiter quickly in a big cafe is at times very difficult, but a Germantown man recently learned a method from a New York friend which is guaranteed instantly to bring not one but several waiters. This Germantown man was giving a dinner in one of Philadelphia's swellest cafes, with the New Yorker and two women as his guests. After a long delay a waiter came and took the order. Then one of the women decided that she must make a change in her order. The host signaled one waiter after another without avail. After about ten minutes of violent gesticulating on his part the New Yorker said:

"You don't know how to attract their attention. I'll bet you $5 I can bring a waiter to this table within thirty seconds."

"I'll take the bet," said the Philadelphian, drawing out his watch. The New Yorker reached over into the middle of the table, picked up a thin, delicate glass and deliberately dashed it to the floor. Instantly every waiter in the room came rushing up to see what was the trouble.

"Charge one tumbler up on the bill," said the New Yorker laconically, "and change one of those oyster orders to Blue Points."

As the waiters dispersed he added, "I guess you owe me a five spot, old man."—Philadelphia Record.

Fishing Snakes.

While fishing in the Fort St. George moat, at Madras, a correspondent of Country Life saw a snake fifteen inches long come out of the water with a fish in its mouth. On catching sight of the writer it dropped the fish and bolted, leaving the fish on the bank alive. On another occasion, while fishing in a reservoir near Ghaziabad, he again saw a snake emerging from the water with a fish in its mouth. This snake was about twenty-four inches long, and on killing it he was able to identify the fish as a common species of Indian fresh water fish. Later on he saw a viper, nearly four feet long, lying in shallow water. The writer hooked it ashore with his tackle, upon which the snake attacked him, leaving a large yellow fang in his fishing rod.

Nature's Armor.

Lobsters and crabs are familiar examples of armor bearing creatures. The lobsters have wonderful coats of mail suggestive of those devised by human warriors in the age of chivalry. They combine perfect security with ease of movement, owing to their jointed structure. The manner in which crabs when at rest tuck their legs beneath them so as to bring them under the shelter of the hard carapace is interesting. The crab is doubly protected, for it resembles a water worn pebble, and thus looks to large fishes which like to eat the crustacean—so long as it keeps still—very similar to the objects with which it is surrounded.

Cutting the Finger Nails.

Cutting the finger nails appears to have been the most indispensable service the ancient Roman barber rendered to his patrons. Martial, chaffing a fop who had tried to dodge the barber by using plasters to remove his beard, asks triumphantly, "How are you going to manage about your nails?" And the miser in Plautus collects the parings of his nails from the barber to make something out of them, apparently never dreaming that he could save money by cutting them himself.

No Excuse.

Waiter (whose attention has been called to a gross error in addition)—Very sorry, sir; but, even if you hadn't found out the mistake, the firm would have benefited, not me. Diner—Then you have no excuse!—Punch.

Right to the Point.

"He is a man of few words."

"Yes, and they are, 'What is there in it for me?'"—Detroit Free Press.

GO UP AHEAD.

Then See That You Stay There—You Can If You Work Hard.

Thirty years ago in a poor schoolhouse in a back district a boy at the foot of the class unexpectedly spelled a word that had passed down the entire class.

"Go up ahead," said the master, "and see that you stay there. You can if you work hard."

The boy hung his head. But the next day he did not miss a word in spelling. The brighter scholars knew every word in the lesson, hoping there might be a chance to get ahead, but there was not a single one. Dave stayed at the head. He had been an indifferent speller before, but now he knew every word.

"Dave, how do you get your lesson so well now?" said the master.

"I learn every word in the lesson and get my mother to hear me at night, then I go over them in the morning before I come to school, and I go over them at my seat before the class is called up."

"Good boy, Dave!" said the master. "That's the way to have success; always work that way and you'll do."

Dave is today the manager of a big lumber company, and he attributes his start to the words:

"Go up ahead and see that you stay there. You can if you work hard."—Genesee Courier.

DO HEARTS BREAK?

Human Nature the Same Despite Modern Improvements.

Broken hearts, so the British Journal of Nursing tells us, are quite out of fashion. The disease has become obsolete, and two reasons are assigned for this. In the first place, we are told that women do not fall in love as once they did. More children are not encouraged to think on love and matrimony, and then women, having come to riper years and sounder judgment before they decide to marry, do not let themselves fall into that state which was supposed to produce cardiac rupture.

One ventures to express the opinion that the statement is not altogether accurate.

Human nature does not alter from one generation to another. People "fell in love" a thousand years ago; a thousand years hence they will be doing the same. But they wore their rue with a difference; so will those who are to succeed us. The fact is we do not now wear our hearts on our sleeves, and we have learned that if lovers prove untrue or unworthy there are better and more dignified ways of lamenting them than souring our tempers, wasting away and allowing our friends and relations to treat us as derelicts.

Solomon's Bathtub.

With Chronicles as its authority, the Plumbers' Trade Journal says that the bathroom was an invention of King Solomon, who put it in use a thousand years before the Christian era. It was sinful to enter the sanctuary unless the body was perfectly clean, and for the accommodation of priests a bathtub was erected at the entrance to the temple. It was said of Solomon, "He made a molten sea of ten cubits from brim to brim round in compass and five cubits the height thereof, and a line of thirty cubits did compass it roundabout." According to the measurements, the Solomonian tub was forty-five feet in circumference at the top and six and one-half feet deep. It rested on carved figures of oxen and was of solid brass cast in one piece, decorated with a floral design. Connected with it there were ten small sinks, which were used for washing the offering.

Men Who Cheat Themselves.

I have known employees actually to work harder in scheming, shirking, trying to keep from working hard in the performance of their duties, says Orison Swett Marden in Success Magazine, than they would have worked if they had tried to do their best and had given the largest, the most liberal service possible to their employers. The hardest work in the world is that which is grudgingly done. The youth who is always haggling over the question of how many dollars and cents he will sell his services for little realizes how he is cheating himself by not looking at the larger salary he can pay himself in increasing his skill, in expanding his experience and in making himself a better, stronger, more useful man.

College Foolishness Barred.

"John," said the farmer, "I've given you the best education the college had in the shop."

"Yes, sir."

"Never stood back for expense?"

"Never."

"You speak six languages?"

"Perfectly."

"So fur, so good. Now, listen. Don't swear at the mule in Greek. Don't use no Latin terms to him, an' fling no French his way. Use the Georgy dialect that you an' the mule wus raised to. It's my opinion that the mule won't stand no college foolishness."—Atlanta Constitution.

Judge Hoar's Retort.

Judge Hoar and General Butler were opponents in a case of a new trial. General Butler quoted, "Eye for eye, skin for skin, tooth for tooth—yes, all that a man hath—will he give for his life."

To which Judge Hoar replied, "Yes, the devil quoted that once before in a motion for a new trial."

There is no tyrant like custom and no freedom where its edicts are not resisted.—Bovee.

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

American farms according to James J. Hill, produced more wealth last year, in that single year, than all the mines of America have produced since the continent was discovered—more also than the total amount of all the nations of the world. That is a little staggering but it is not a tithe of what our farms could produce, with thorough cultivation. For example, English acres average three times as large yields of grain as any American acres do, although our soil is naturally the richer.—Hilsboro Banner.

Germany leads today in the manufacture and use of alchohol for light and power. In that country potatoes are the chief source from which alchohol is produced. The potato crop last year reached the astounding proportion of $1,775,579,000 bushels or more than 53,000,000 standing tons. Of this amount nearly one half was used for the manufacture of alchohol and starch. One eighth of all the tillable land in Germany is planted to potatoes which shows an average production of 217 bushels an acre, which sold at an average of 17.6 cents a bushel, or about $60 an acre. In france alchohol for manufacturing purposes is made chiefly from molasses and sugar beets.

Reiner.

It again looks like spring, the crows and other summer birds are here.

Andrew Kjos and Soren Hermanson returned home some time ago from the lumbering camps at Leech Lake, where they spent the winter.

Miss Sina Halvorson, daughter of Targus Halvorson, died April 6 after a long illness. She came here from Grygla three years ago, and made a number of friends here who mourn her death. She also leaves her parents, two sisters and a brother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stenvik made a trip to Thief River last week. Mr. Stenvik went over to Warren to consult a doctor.

M. T. Torgerson, our new merchant, is doing a rushing business. We are glad to see it and hope he may make a success of the business.

The creamery is coming up in a hurry, we hope it will soon be in operation. A bunch of teams was down and hauled up the creamery machinery last week.

T. O. Berg has been busy cutting wood for the summer.

Martin Anderson helped John Bye move a house from Grygla some time ago.

Julius Hermanson has invented a new cream separator.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a *pound a day* by taking an ounce of *Scott's Emulsion.* It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

School of Traction Engineering.

The School of Traction Engineering, which is now one of the short courses of the School of Agriculture of the University of Minnesota, will be held this year at University Farm, St. Paul, for one month, commencing May 25th.

Steam engineering, gasoline engineering, and blacksmithing will be taught in a practical way. Students will be given sufficient work at the forge so that they may be able to do some of their repair work. Students will room and board in the school dormitories.

A prospectus describing the work and giving full information will be sent to all who desire. Apply to James M. Drew, Registrar, University Farm, St. Paul, Minn.

Notice.

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase a certain note given by H. A. Halvorson to Tom Vottendahl for the sum of $20. The said note was lost and any endorsement thereon would be a forgery.

AT THE BIJOU.

There is much in this week's bill that is on the excellent order and the diversity of style makes it all the more attractive. There will be fun galore. The headliner this week is a discriptive film, "The Cocoa Industry" at Trinidad, British West Indies, a charming subject comprehensively illustrating the methods adopted in a complicated, interesting, but little known industry, which provide occupation for a great number of people in the wine growing district. By a series of splendidly photographed pictures, the whole range of process is shown from the planting of the plants to the consumption by an enthusiastic connoisseur. The program is evenly balanced. Scenic—"Cocoa Industry," and "Scenes and Incidents on the New Vanderbilt Cup Course." Drama—"The Painting." Comedy—"Will They Ever Get to Town?" and "The Neighbor's Kids." Two beautiful illustrated songs will be rendered this week, "Promise" and "Won't You Waltz Home Sweet Home With Me For Old Time's Sake."

Good Market for Potatoes.

We clip the following from a recent issue of The New York Evening Telegram giving some one's idea as to the potato situation. It can be taken for what it is worth:

"A potato famine cost Ireland nearly half its population and made the United Kingdom a free trade country. What might it do to the United States?

"Its coming, too. The department of agriculture sees it just ahead. Already the country doesn't produce enough potatoes for its own needs, and the situation is getting the worse year by year.

"The eastern cities are going farther each year to get their tubers. The crop is exhausting the soil and as the home supply has become inadequate importation has been increasing steadily, to meet the need of the Atlantic coast centers of population.

"Secretary Wilson has turned his attention to this potato problem, and is seeking means of restoring soil on which potatoes are raised, and of inducing American farmers to raise more of the roots. Diseases of potato are becoming more serious year by year, just as they did in Ireland before the famine there, and the situation is viewed with unaffected alarm by students of the problem."

We do not know if the matter of a potato famine is as pressing as the official report seems to indicate that it is, but at the same time there is but little doubt of the good steady market for potatoes from year to year. There are off years of course, but take it year after year, the prices are good and the business profitable.

FACTORY Piano Sale!

Anyone desiring a bargain in a strictly

High Grade Piano

can not affard to miss our sale. ONE CARLOAD OF PIANOS direct from the factory now on exhibition in the old building formerly occupied by Zeh Confectionery, directly opposite Klimek jewelry store on La Bree Ave. Do not fail to call and investigate our special easy payment plan. Now is the time to buy a piano right. PRICES THE LOWEST, QUALITY THE BEST, PAYMENTS THE EASIEST. Call early while we have a large assortment to select from.

FRANK COPPS
SALES MANAGER.

The Hub of the German Empire.

Unter den Linden is the center spot of Berlin and the hub of the German empire. This magnificent boulevard is 198 feet in width, and under the shade of its lime trees the Berliners have a meeting place which is equal in architectural beauty to any in Europe. It is lined on either side with magnificent hotels, restaurants and palaces. At the east end of Unter den Linden, where it enters upon the Opera House platz, stands the magnificent monument of Frederick the Great, which is worthy of the real founder of United Germany. To the right of this monument is the palace of the Emperor William I., now occupied by Prince Heinrich. The north side of the Opera platz is occupied by the buildings of the University of Berlin, and next to it stands the Royal library, which rivals that at the British museum both in its size and the number of volumes it contains. The opera house itself is on the south of the platz and is a building of a nation of music lovers like the Germans.—Argonaut.

Spoiled His Taste.

"A friend of mine," said a Montana man, "is defending a damage suit for being a party to making a man take the liquor cure without his consent. This man had been on a protracted spree of several weeks, and his business was going to the dogs. My friend thought it would be a kindly thing to send him to a sanitarium for treatment. He did so, and the man was given the cure for the whisky habit. When he was discharged from the sanitarium the first thing he did was to go to a saloon. He called for whisky. He tasted it, but did not fancy the flavor of it. He set his distaste of it down to the cure he had been given by my friend's orders and immediately began suit for $50,000 damages. He says in his complaint that he had a highly cultivated and discriminating taste for whisky, which had taken years to develop, and that was spoiled by the cure. I do not know how my friend will come out, but he is not helping any more 'down and outs' without first obtaining their consent."—New York Journal.

Rings as a Protection.

"I used to be surprised," said a clerk in a high class jewelry establishment, "when a woman whom I knew was unmarried would come in and coolly select a handsome solitaire diamond ring, the sort usually sold for an engagement ring, and then, quite as a matter of course, buy a plain gold band of the wedding ring variety. I couldn't understand it at first, but now I've learned that many unmarried women think two such rings, worn when traveling, for instance, serve about the same purpose as a chaperon. I had a case the other day where a mother came in with her unmarried daughter—a pretty girl hardly out of her teens—and bought two such rings. From their conversation I learned that the girl was to take the trip to the Pacific coast unaccompanied, and the mother evidently thought if her daughter was protected by her rings she'd not be so apt to be criticised for being alone. Funny idea, but the women seem to think it works well."—New York Sun.

The Chair of Torture.

The most prominent building in the ancient city of Nuremburg is the castle. One of its two towers was used for torture, the other served as a prison. The castle also contained a museum of horrors until it was purchased by the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot, in whose possession these relics now lie. One of these was the chair of torture. It was very heavily made and studded over the seat and at the elbows with blunt topped spikes. To it the victim was tightly bound, and in a short time discomfort began to manifest itself and in time became unbearable. During its continuance the torture was increased in several ways by means of wedges being passed between the legs and screws being applied to the thumbs until they began to bleed.

A One Man Jury.

A tailor who was defendant in a case tried in court seemed much cast down when brought up for trial. "What's the trouble?" whispered his counsel, observing his client's distress as he surveyed the jurymen.

"It looks pretty bad for me," said the defendant, "unless some steps are taken to dismiss that jury and get in a new lot. There ain't a man amongst 'em but what owes me money for clothes."

Sarcastic.

Senior Walter (to rather green assistant at a recent banquet in a celebrated London hotel)—Now, then, young man, do a bit o' somethink, and don't stand a-gaping and staring there as if you was the bloomin' guest o' the hevening!—London Mail.

Henry's Better Scheme.

The Vicar's Daughter—Papa's subject tonight is to be "Love One Another." Shall we go, Henry? Henry—No, dear. I think we had better stay at home and practice what your father is preaching.—London Tit-Bits.

Optimism.

First Poacher—Hello, Bill! Wot luck? Anything doin'? Second Poacher—Well, I dunno, but if I gets four more besides the wan I'm after now I'll have foive—an' that ain't so bad.—Punch.

Proved.

Mr. Snapp—Life is full of contradictions. Mrs. Snapp—And I say it isn't.—Boston Transcript.

Success consecrates the foulest crimes.—Seneca.

Cleveland's Greediness For Work.

President Cleveland was often at his desk in the White House until 3 o'clock in the morning and up again at 9. I fell into the way of working until about 1 o'clock in the morning, and because of the oppressive heat I kept the door of my room wide open. Often during the hours around midnight I would step into the hall in hope of getting a stray breath of air. Once it so happened that as I looked across the hall to the half open door turned toward mine I saw upon its polished surface the reflection of the hand of a man writing with a patience and an industry that amazed me. I knew that the president was at his desk. I used to ask the watchman when I went to my task in the morning at what hour the president had knocked off work the preceding night. I found that it was generally about 3 o'clock in the morning, although sometimes when he had finished some severe task that he had set himself he would stop at 2 o'clock. I usually stopped work at 1 o'clock, but I did once or twice hang on until 2 in the hope that I might, if only for once, show an endurance equal to that of the man next door, whose greediness for work had become proverbial.—George F. Parker in McClure's.

New York's Lobster Palaces.

Nobody of distinction of appetite goes to a lobster palace to eat. One goes there in gaudy mood or when every other place is filled or closed or with the kind of man who thinks gayety means overdressed women, bediamoned men, waiters rushing with champagne as if they had the fire buckets and a caterwauling orchestra. At midnight the din and the excitement incline a sedate man to ask himself whether he is not in a riot. If you have a lobster digestion, you don't hear the din or feel the maelstrom of omnibuses, waiters, head waiters and patrons swirling about you. A man who is eating lobster has to concentrate all his faculties, mental, physical, moral and intellectual, on the ordeal. You have heard no doubt of the young lady who was asked over her first lobster how she liked it. "I think," she declared, "it's perfectly delicious if there weren't so many large bones in it. They look like celluloid, don't they?"—Richard Duffy in Putnam's.

He Was a Poor Guesser.

He was a new conductor and anxious to expedite matters. When he saw a woman holding a two dollar bill in her hand he dispensed with the customary exhortation to pay her fare and began to count out change. There had been a drain on his pockets throughout the trip, and he was obliged to interview half the passengers in the car before he finally secured the desired small coin. Finally the transaction was completed, and the conductor returned to the woman.

"Fare?" he said.

The woman fished a nickel from her pocketbook. Then she looked at the two dollar bill.

"Dear me!" she said. "How careless I am! I forgot I had that money in my hand. Somebody might have stolen it."

"Chump!" growled the conductor.

The woman thought he meant her, but he didn't. He was cursing his own stupidity.—New York Globe.

French Peasant Women Hard Workers.

The French peasant woman, Bretonne or otherwise, works hard as any man. It makes one sad to see the women working in the fields, digging and delving, carrying heavy burdens, driving the cattle, sometimes attending to the machinery employed on the farms. One wonders whether husbands and fathers appreciate it all, especially when you hear some of the ballads, for ballads are supposed to reveal the soul of a people. I heard one the other day of which the refrain is as follows:

> Dear is my good wife Jeanne,
> Her death I should deplore,
> But dearer are my beaves,
> Their loss would grieve me more!

—From Plougastel (France) Letter to New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Mennonites.

The Mennonites grew out of four sects of Dutch, Flemish and German Baptists. They derive their name from Menno Simons, a Catholic priest who became a leader of the anabaptists in about 1537. Simons was born in 1492 and died in 1557. His "True Christian Belief" was published three years before his death. Following the death of the leading spirit the sect underwent divisions and changes of creed.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Washington's Rebuke.

"Washington," said a senator, "was not a cynic, yet he sometimes said things so wretchedly true that they had a cynical note. Thus, rebuking a certain type of churchgoer, he once wrote:

"'The church's feasts and fasts are marvelously well kept up. The rich keep the feasts and the poor the fasts.'"

A Candid Critic.

Author—Have you read my new book?

Friend—Yes.

"What do you think of it?"

"Well, to be candid with you, I think the covers are too far apart."—Chicago News.

Reciprocity.

"Do you expect your constituents to believe all you tell them?"

"No," answered Senator Sorghum, "and in return they must not expect me to tell them all I believe."—Washington Star.

If a man empties his purse into his head no one can take it from him.—Franklin.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. SMITH, Pastor.

For Sale—My Reo Runabout. Carries 2 to 4 passengers. Guaranteed in good condition. Dr. Penney.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending April 10, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Jensen, Carl
Christenson, P.
Johnson, Miss Sina
Wold, Louis-2.
Stebbins, Chester
Allison, C. W.
Hanson, Mrs. Live E.
Pont, Joe La
Baker, Bernard.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Notice.

As provided by Sec. 2147 R. L. 1905, no sewerage or other matter that will impair healthfulness of the water shall be deposited where it will fall or drain into the Red Lake and Thief Rivers.

And dead animals shall be buried or burned and not thrown into either of said rivers—Sec. Chapt. 425, Laws 1907.

And all nuisences and source of filth or cause of sickness must be removed within 10 days of this publication.

M. Bockman,
Health Officer, City of T. R. Falls.

Factory Piano Sale.

Don't fail to see the bargains offered on Pianos. Call and investigate. In building opposite from Klimek's jewelry store on LaBree Ave.

Died With Warm Feet.

Isaac O'Barns, once pension commissioner in Boston, appointed by President Franklin Pierce, was known for his terse and cutting sayings. It was told of him that he promised to subscribe for the erection of a Baptist church on condition that they should "baptize 'em in hot water."

It is of Mr. O'Barns the story is told that when on his deathbed, or when he thought he was dying and the doctor had pronounced his feet warm and said that no one had ever died with warm feet, the old gentleman inquired in a whisper whether the doctor had forgotten the case of John Rogers.

Skinny Boys and Chunky Girls.

In referring to a thin boy it is all right to call him "skinny," but you must call a thin girl "spirituelle." It means the same, but sounds better. Never call any one but a boy "puny." A "puny" girl should be called fragile." It sounds more like delicate china, and all of that sex like to be compared to fine Dresden. A "chunky" boy is all right, but a girl has a "finely rounded figure." A boy is "gawky," but a girl displays "untutored grace."—Atchison Globe.

Quite Natural.

"That play had some very natural touches."

"Drama of domestic life, eh?"

"Yes; they had a new servant in every scene, and the heroine was a brunette in act 1 and a blond in act 2."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Awkwardly Put.

Old Lady (to new curate)—Ah, sir, we do enjoy your sermons. They are so instructive. We never knew what sin was until you came to the parish.—London Telegraph.

In The District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, Sixth Division.

In the Matter of
Edmond Bray,
Bankrupt. IN BANKRUPTCY.

TO THE CREDITORS OF EDMOND BRAY OF RED LAKE FALLS, IN THE COUNTY OF RED LAKE, IN SAID DISTRICT, BANKRUPT:

Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of April A. D. 1909, the above named Edmond Bray was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in bankruptcy, in the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, in said district, on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; at which time said creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 10, 1909.

Ole J. Vaule,
1t. Referee in Bankruptcy.

INGOT STEEL CULVERTS
Corrugated and Galvanized.

FOR BETTER ROADS.
SAFE—PERMANENT

WON'T ROT.
WON'T RUST.
WON'T CRACK.

Not affected by freezing and heaving of water, or soil.

HIGHWAY & RAILWAY.
Bridges and Culverts.
Economical.

Northern Culvert Company.
Manufacturers.
Thief River Falls, - Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 24, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 132, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nikolai O. Sortedahl, assignee and holder thereof to E. G. Buse by written assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January, 1907, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 338, which said mortgage, together with the said debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said E. G. Buse, assignee and holder thereof, to Scandia American Bank by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 26th day of March 1909, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 2 of Mortgage on page 84; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely, That tract, or parcel, of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake 410 feet South and 530 feet South, 89° 30' West of the quarter section corner between Sections Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred fifty one (151), Range forty four (44); thence south 14° West 773.8 feet to a post; thence north 75° 15' West 330 feet to a post; thence north 14° East 678.6 feet to a post; thence North 89° 30' East 330 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5 51-100 acres, more or less, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday the 28th day of May, 1909, at one o'clock p. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nineteen Hundred twenty four and 81-100 Dollars, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and $25.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 8, 1909.

Scandia American Bank,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. A. Miller,
apr 15-may 20. Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

To the Public.

Notice is hereby given that my wife has left my bed and board and all persons are hereby notified not to extend her credit on my account. Peter Newman.

Millinery Display

Elegant and Artistic Creations for Spring now being displayed at

Caldwell's.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.14
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.54
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

H. E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire Monday.

O. L. Hanson spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Rev. Gilchrist was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Mrs. Kretzschmar was down to Crookston to spend Sunday.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilaire, was in the city the first of the week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Lost—A handbag containing $6. Finder please return to Mrs. Fred Dablow.

George Jarman was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

For Sale or Trade—A good moving picture machine complete. Write to C. W. Nelson, Anton, Minn.

Mrs. A. A. Stuverud, who had been in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Robert Lee, returned to her home at Rollis Monday.

Miss Agnes Mellby, who had been in the city visiting her brother, Dr. O. F. Mellby, returned Sunday evening to her home at Northfield.

Services next Sunday at 10:45 a. m., and 7:45 p. m., in the church east of the Soo depot. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

There will be services in the Swedish church on the East Side Sunday forenoon, April 18, at 11 o'clock. All welcome. Rev. P. Dalquist.

Ole Easthouse, one of the settlers living north of town, who had been at Grand Forks receiving medical treatment for the past two weeks, returned the first of the week.

The members of the fire department tendered a banquet last Wednesday to the city council and other city officials at the Soo Cafe. Some of the former members of the fire department were also guests and the affair was a very enjoyable one.

Frank Posten, of this city, who is attending Hamline university, now holds the state record for the mile run, making the run in 4:40-45. Frank has made an excellent showing in athletics during his stay at that institution and his many friends here will be glad to hear of his recent victory.

Wal Yager, who for the past two years had conducted a saloon in the H. O. Hanson building, last Saturday opened up in the Vorachek building. The reason for Mr. Yager making the change is that Mr. Hanson may decide to erect a brick block and take down the present building this summer.

Ed Wilcox returned to this city last week from a three weeks' trip in Southern Minnesota and South Dakota, where he had been looking after farm loans for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance company. He left again Monday for North Dakota points.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Miss Flinn was down to St. Paul last week.

Attorney Halvorson was down to St. Paul last week on legal business.

County Superintendent of Schools Anderson was in the city last Friday.

C. W. Nelson was last week appointed postmaster at Anton, vice Christ Larson, resigned.

Miss Beth Horton, of Crookston, was an over-Sunday visitor at the H. E. Mussey home.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Cummings left last week for Portland, Oregon, to make their future home.

D. N. Winton came up from Minneapolis Monday to spend a few days looking after business matters here.

LOST—On hay market last Friday a Gallaway cow hide robe. Finder please leave at creamery. Ed Quigley.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Prof. William McGregor, of the St. Hilaire schools, was in the city last Friday, being en route to Winnipeg to spend his vacation.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ewert left Tuesday for Beaudette to make their future home, Mr. Ewert having purchased a saloon at that place.

One of the steam pipes in the basement of the Jackson & McGinn block burst last Friday afternoon and caused a little excitement for a short time. Little or no damage was done.

Saturday at Zeh & Curran's: Ripe tomatoes and strawberries, celery, lettuce, onions, radishes, pieplant, asparagus, carrots, beets.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock; Sundy school beginning at nine o'clock. Services at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

Joe and Ida Weeks are spending the Easter holidays with their parents in this city, coming down from Northome last week, where the former is principal and the latter a teacher in the public schools.

C. M. Wilson last week sold his residence on the East Side to John Cronkhite, one of the popular mail clerks running on the Wheatline. As Mr. Cronkhite is a single man there is considerable speculation as to why he should buy a home.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼ 21-154 42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation. Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the
BEST ON THE MARKET.

John Sorum was down from Holt the first of the week.

Henry Diebol was up to Warroad the first of the week.

Frank Cernousek was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran church meets with Mrs. F. Lehrer next Wednesday afternoon.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

John Holnberg, James Dean, Peterson and Louis Seidel went up to Beaudette last Friday and remained until Monday visiting with friends up there.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

Saturday at Zeh & Curran's: Ripe, tomatoes and strawberries, celery lettuce, onions, radishes, pieplant, asparagus, carrots, beets.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

—Wanted—To buy potatoes on Thursday, Friday and up to 12 o'clock Saturday. 60 cents per bushel paid for Burbanks and 55 cents for good mixers, cash. Inquire at O. K. Hide and Fur Store, John Sorenson.

We cannot make any offers of 50 and 90 per cent discount for we sell honest goods at honest prices and guarantee better values for less money than any place in the city our guarantee is good for we are here to stay. City Drug & Jewelry store.

STARTS FROM THIEF RIVER

First Work on the New Duluth Line Will Be in Red Lake County.

The Extension Will Be 250 Miles and Will Not Be Completed This Year.

(From the Minneapolis Journal, Monday, April 12):

The Soo line today began preliminary work upon 250 miles of new construction in Minnesota that will form a new Duluth to Winnipeg route. It will link Chicago and Winnipeg by line so direct as to change materially the traffic situation between those two cities, and bring a new competitive factor. Two surveying crews are in the field. Edmund Pennington, president of the Soo, has intimated that because of the desire first to complete the Brooten-to-Duluth extension and the requirements for the cut-off, that is to shorten the Wisconsin Central line—through southern central Wisconsin the construction of the 250 miles referred to may not be pushed until next year, but the preparatory work has already begun.

Thief River Falls will be the starting point. The Minneapolis to Portal line, and the Minneapolis-Winnipeg line, are constructed across North Dakota, by the Kenmare to Thief River Falls extension, of about 300 miles from Brooten, just south and east of Glenwood, Minn., the line to Duluth, not yet completed, begins. On this line work will be pushed during the summer. The new 250 miles of road will strike east from Thief River Falls and the first construction will be across Red Lake county to the Indian reservation. Two surveys have been made from there; one north of Red Lake, the other to southward, through Beltrami county and north of Lake Winnibegoshish, thence south and east through Itasca, Aitkin and Carlton counties, to a junction, near Duluth, with the Brooten-Duluth line.

What, at first glance, looks merely like the construction of 250 miles of road, may become, in fact, the most important development for years in the northwest railroad field.

Besides the old connections, direct from Minneapolis to Montreal and to Winnipeg, the Portal connection from the Pacific coast traffic and the newer extensions at the western end, the Soo now has Minneapolis, Chicago and Winnipeg linked, and when the Brooten extension into Duluth is completed, later in the year, will connect with the western end of the Duluth South Shore and Atlantic. Thereby it will strike eastern Canada over this line, and thence to Canadian Pacific rails proper, as well as by the more intimate Canadian Pacific connection at Sault Ste Marie. The Wisconsin division has its direct Duluth-Chicago line. It makes a strong network.

If there is a weak spot in the whole west central part of the combined Soo Canadian Pacific Duluth South Shore and Wisconsin Central roads, it is with relation to the Lake Superior connections. From Winnipeg the Canadian Pacific strikes the lake at Fort William and Port Arthur, two towns that have grown into great importance in the past five years. Enormous tonnage move through their gateway, mainly eastbound. The Soo, reaching Duluth from Brooten, and the Wisconsin division coming into Duluth through Wisconsin from Chicago, will give a strong grasp upon Chicago-Duluth haul, or the reverse, upon the Duluth-East Canada business, and upon the North Dakota grain tonnage bound for the head of the lakes. But the Canadian Pacific lake port is far north of Duluth and there is at present no route over which the Soo-Canadian Pacific interests can bid for Winnipeg business to Duluth, except by round about road.

Meanwhile two developments are making competition, while at the same time promising greater business in and out of Duluth. The McKenzie-Mann interests with their Canadian Northern has plans for important activities, and their entry into Duluth will make hard competition for the less direct lines. The United States Steel corporation has a great steel making plant under contemplation for Duluth and it seems certain that it will be built. Its construction and the drawing in of other allied industries, that would follow, would change the tonnage field of Duluth materially, and increase its importance greatly.

NEW SPRING

GOODS!

Our dry goods buyer, Mr. Hamre, has just returned from a visit to the Eastern Markets, where he selected a beautiful line of

DRYGOODS

For the Spring and Summer Trade.

Our selection is one we are proud of, and no effort has been spared in selecting the

Latest and Most Up-To-Date Novelties on the Market.

The goods are now being unpacked as fast as they arrive, and in a few days we will have one of the most complete stocks in the Northwest.

Watch Our 'Ad' Next Week.

LANGSETH MERC. CO.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE LYCEUM THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY
WEDNESDAY
—AND—
SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY
City Orchestra
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

Where Wives Are Kept Under.

A Chinese Mrs. Caudle is inconceivable, for she would promptly be returned to her father labeled "Too muchee bhoberry." Only by one means can the lady obtain any right whatever to use even the mild moral suasion wherewith the tactful western wife is wont to turn events to her liking. If as a bride the Chinese woman succeeded in sitting on any corner of her husband's clothes at the moment when, halfway through the nuptial ceremonials, they first seat themselves side by side she is understood to occupy the position of mistress in her own house. Even then it generally stops at understanding.—From "Things Seen In China," by J. R. Chitty.

A Curious Thermometer.

Otto de Guericke, burgomaster of Magdeburg, made a curious thermometer, which was twenty feet long and gorgeous with blue paint and gilt stars. In consisted of a large globe fastened to a tube, both of copper. The tube was bent upon itself to form a very narrow U, in which was placed the requisite amount of alcohol. One arm of the U was shorter than the other and open at the top. On the liquid was a float, to which was attached a cord passing over a pulley. At the other end of this cord was hung a gilt angel, its finger pointing to a scale on which the degrees were painted.

Preparing For the Worst.

Both boys had been rude to their mother. She put them to bed earlier than usual and then complained to their father about them. So he started up the stairway, and they heard him coming.

"Here comes papa," said Maurice. "I am going to make believe I am asleep."

"I'm not," said Harry. "I'm going to get up and put something on."—Ladies' Home Journal.

No Applicants.

Lincoln, sick with varioloid once, turned a grim face to his doctor one day and let a rueful smile appear.

"Do you know, doctor," he remarked, "it's an ill wind blows no one good? I've got something at last that the office seekers don't want."

Harry's Share.

Teacher—Now, Harry, suppose I had a mince pie and gave one-sixth to Johnny, one-sixth to Tommy, one-sixth to Willie and took half of it myself. What would be left? Harry (promptly)—I would.—Exchange.

There is no one more unfortunate than the man who has never been unfortunate, for it has never been in his power to try himself.—Seneca.

Dangerous Fakes.

There has recently been attempted at some of our grocery stores and also at dwelling houses, by agents who are trying to sell alum baking powders, what the exhibitors call a baking powder test. They pretend to show by some boiling test that pure cream of tartar powders contain something which every woman of intelligence knows they do not.

It does not need a chemist to expose this trick. Cream of tartar, which is the chief constituent of the best and most wholesome baking powder, is originally a clear, white crystal. This is ground into a fine creamy flour in which form, mixed with baking soda it is present in the baking powder. Cream of tartar, when mixed with water and boiled symply returns to its crystalyne form, and that is all there is to the so-called test.

The matter of special interest to the public is to know what these people offer in place of cream of tartar powders of well known purity and established reputation against which these slanders are directed. They are offering a baking powder which official analyses have repeatedly shown is made from alum, a drug so well recognized by physicians and scientists as injurios to health that in many countries its use in bread is entirely prohibited! So cheap and inferior are the ingredients of this powder that it costs to make less than three cents a pound. No prudent housewife will knowingly put such stuff as this into her food.

The Lyceum.

The Lyceum Theater installed their new opera chairs last week and is a great improvement on the ordinary chairs both as to appearance and comfort. The house is enjoying a very extensive business and plays to a packed house every performance, and is making a reputation for itself for the good pictures and excellent music.

Synod Church.

Comunion services next Sunday at 10 a. m. Services in the evening at 7:45. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Bible class at 7 p. m. All invited. J. T. Aastad.

Someof Hager's Closing-out Snaps.

House and 3 lots, $195.

Two hundred forty acres land adjoining town, first class, at $11 per acre.

Sixty-four acres land adjoining town with house, stable, well and pasture, $2,500. Worth twice that sum.

THE GRACEFUL ANTELOPE.

He Seems Born of Light and Nursed In the Lap of the Wind.

For me there have been no fairer days than when the antelope skimmed the plain with legs nebulous with speed on that low, gentle canter whose deceptive motion left the best aimed bullet far behind. For the antelope is the only large animal that is wholly spirituelle. Graceful as the may seem when spurning the ground and swinging high over rocks and brush, to rebound like a ball at the next touch of earth, there is still something earthly about the deer. But the antelope seems born of light and nursed in the lap of the wind. All his movements show that he was meant for the air rather than the earth. Though Nature made a slight change in giving him legs instead of wings, she made no mistake, and her work has always been the wonder and love of the hunter. When troubles arise the deer takes to the harbor of the hills, but the antelope steers for the open sea. The farther the plain sweeps wide and free the more this gay rover loves its safety, and a run that to the deer would mean death is to him only a "breather" that warms him up to the race. Whether illumining the horizon like a shooting star in the clear morning air of the great plain or looming high, like a stilted ghost in the mirage of glowing midday, he is the most charming of all things that run, and his passing has left a great void that nothing can fill. The few that are left, protected as they are, give no idea of the effect produced on a lover of the open by one of the great bands of the days that were, strung out in a film almost like vapor with distance and speed, and vanishing as if in air over the land's outlying verge.—T. S. Van Dyke in Recreation.

THE NUMBER SEVEN.

It Rarely Occurs In the Science of Weights and Measures.

How would you define "seven?" The Standard Dictionary says it is "one more than six." Webster's calls it "one more than six or one less than eight." The abridged Webster says it is "five and two," and the Century's definition runs "one more than six; the sum of three and four."

In metrology—that is, the science of weights and measures—seven is comparatively rare. The seven days of the week form a striking example of its use, however.

Scholars have found, too, that the Egyptian cubit contained seven handbreadths. "Cubit" is from the Latin "cubitum," the elbow, or the distance from the elbow to the end of the middle finger. The Roman cubit was one and a half Roman feet or 17.4 English inches, but the royal Egyptian cubit, used in the building of the pyramids of Gizeh, perhaps 3500 B. C., has been learned from measuring sticks found in the tombs to have been 20.64 English inches. The ordinary cubit was divided into six palms or handbreaths, and the use of seven in the Egyptian cubit is ascribed by some investigators to a probable custom of placing the hand behind the elbow when measuring along walls with the forearm and leaving it on the wall until the arm was laid down again. It should be added that there are many other cubits of widely different values, both ancient and modern.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Rough on the Architect.

"When I got the order to design a big wholesale house for a firm that has stores in five cities besides New York naturally I was elated," said an architect. "'I'll plan a building that is bound to be satisfactory,' I said to myself, 'and then they will give me the commission for those new stores they expect to put up in those other five cities.'

"Well, I did turn out a splendid store—a store that was admired by everybody in the wholesale trade. My patrons were pleased, too, but instead of giving me an order for those other buildings they simply used the same plans over and over again and built all their houses alike. That's what I call playing a low down trick on a fellow."—New York Globe.

Perfectly Reckless.

The members of the church voted that their dearly beloved and devoted pastor should have a vacation, and so he decided that he would visit a brother worker in the neighboring village. This good brother, recognizing his fellow worker in the Lord way back among the congregation on Sunday morning and wishing to show every courtesy, asked him to lead in prayer. But the visitor calmly replied: "You'll have to excuse me, dear brother. I'm on my vacation."

Farsighted.

"I kept my husband on a string five years before I consented to marry him!"

"Why so long?"

"Well, you see, I waited until I could see his way clear financially!"—Lippincott's.

Force of Habit.

Nell—I'm afraid Mr. Guzzler had too much drink at the dinner last night. Belle—What makes you think so? Nell—When the charlotte russe was served he tried to blow the froth off.—Philadelphia Record.

Including Herself.

Arthur—And how did you like Europe? Bertha—[illegible] Not very well. Why, actually every place we visited was overrun with foreigners.—Chicago News.

Wipe out the past, trust the future and live in a glorious Now.—Towne.

LINCOLN'S HOUSE.

An Occasion When He Did Not Recognize It at First Sight.

"Mrs. Lincoln played a good joke on her husband when he was practicing law and journeyed about from court to court on horseback," says Major Bittinger. "Those trips often took several weeks at a time.

"On one of these trips Lincoln was gone for about four weeks. He returned late one night. Stopping his horse, he dismounted at the usual place. He turned to go into the house and then stopped. Although he was a man of temperance, he thought he must have been imbibing on the sly some time that day, for before him stood a building he had never seen before. He thought it over for a minute and then went across the street and knocked at a friend's door. They were in bed, and some one sang out:

"'Who is it?'

"'Abe Lincoln,' was the reply. 'I've been looking for my house. Can you tell me where it is? Guess I must have been lost. I thought it was just across the way. When I went away the building was one story high, and now it is two.'

"It was explained to him that during his absence Mrs. Lincoln had added another story. He laughed and went back to the strange house."

He used to tell the joke on himself many times, according to the major.—National Magazine.

CONTINUOUS SHOWS.

They Were Started by B. F. Keith In a Boston Store.

It was in the month of January, 1883, that Mr. B. F. Keith, who had been studying the show business with farseeing eyes for many years, presented, in a store that he had leased in Boston, the first continuous show ever seen on any stage. He paid his performers $20 a week for a single turn and $40 for double and required them to give eight or nine turns a day. His "top liner" or chief attraction was a pound and a half baby. The doors of his playhouse were thrown open at noon, and from that time until half past 10 at night the performance went on without interruption.

Patrons were allowed to spend the entire day in the theater, and at first so many availed themselves of this opportunity to get a substantial filling of amusement at a small cost that Mr. Keith realized that he must either abandon the idea of a continuous entertainment or else invent some method by which the audience could be driven out of the building and place made for those outside who were waiting for admittance. Necessity is the mother of invention, especially when it is mated with sharp Yankee wit, and it was thus that what is known as "the chaser" came into the world.—James L. Ford in McClure's Magazine.

A Ghost In a Clock.

Basingstoke provides a remarkable story of a ghost in the form of a clock. At the approach of midnight each night the otherwise peaceful "grandfather" becomes inhabited by a spook. The ticking changes into a deep and peculiar thumping, the clock increases in stature, while a pair of gray feet protrude from beneath its base. Passing through transitional stages the thumping is replaced by a spasmodic breathing, and upon the stroke of 12 the pendulum door opens, revealing an enormous ashy gray hand with malshaped fingers. The clock face disappears, displaying a frightful gray head, large and round, with abnormally long, pale blue eyes. Beyond a quiet stroll, which causes weird tappings along the landings during the night, the apparition is inoffensive and is said to prove of great service in sending every one early to bed.—London Tit-Bits.

One View of Saving.

Ik Marvel, author of the "Reveries of a Bachelor," was all his life opposed to the modern commercial spirit. A young disciple from the west once visited the aged writer in his New England home. The youth, a poet, said he thought he would put away his verses and write magazine love stories, so as to able to save money.

But Mr. Mitchell frowned and shook his head.

"Saving," he said, "is the mania for depriving yourself of things which you want now for fear you may not have things which you won't possibly want forty years hence."

Francs and Dollars.

We like to read French stories, but every time francs are mentioned we stop to turn them into dollars. "She had 17,000 francs per year in the funds," the story will say, whereupon we stop to divide seventeen by five—to turn the francs into dollars and find out how much money the heroine had.—Atchison Globe.

The Occasional Hero.

"He woke up one morning to find himself famous."

"Well?"

"But people had forgotten all about him by the time the 4 o'clock extras were out."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Worse Off.

"The bachelor is worse off than the married man? How do you make that out?"

"The married man is afraid of only one woman, the bachelor is afraid of all of them."—Houston Post.

Didn't Get a Chance.

She—What did papa say when you asked for my hand? He—Why, he couldn't say a word. She—He couldn't! He—No; your mother was there!—Yonkers Statesman.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

Sons of Norway
Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

Women Indispensable.

"I'm the president of the Progressive Woman's league," said the spare female with stern features as she grabbed the London bus conductor by the sleeve and made him register over again one of the fares he had just collected.

"I can't help that, ma'am," replied the conductor in a rather short tone.

"Nobody asked you to," she went on. "I'm gathering statistics, and I spent twopence just to get on this bus to interview you. The statement has been made in some newspapers, in an attempt to prove that our sex is incapable of handling the reins of government, that one woman gives more trouble in a public conveyance than a dozen men."

"Well, ma'am"—

"Perhaps I'd better put it more plainly," she said, interrupting him. "Let me ask you as a conductor, would you find your work easier if no women at all rode in the omnibuses?"

"It might be a little easier, ma'am," he replied, "but I don't see how in the world we would ever get along without them."

"Hold on!" she cried joyfully. "Let me write down every word you've said. Once more, I see, we will be able to silence our enemies. Now, my good man, tell me why female passengers are indispensable."

"Because, ma'am," returned the conductor, "if it wasn't for the women we could never get rid of all the bad money we happen to take."

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

People past middle life usually have some kidney or bladder disorder that saps the vitality, which is naturally lower in old age. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects urinary troubles, stimulates the kidneys and restores strength and vigor. It cures uric acid troubles by strengthening the kidneys so they will strain out the uric acid that settles in the muscles and joints causing rheumatism. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1904, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 01140, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Pien H. Wright, "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
apr. 8-may 13.

Hotel Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Foley's Honey and Tar is a safeguard against serious results from spring colds, which inflame the lungs and develop into pneumonia. Avoid counterfeits by insisting upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, which contains no harmful drugs. A. Bjerkhoel

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THE NEWS

We often wonder how any person can be persuaded into taking anything but Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung trouble. Do not be fooled into accepting "own make" or other substitutes. The genuine contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

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MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders O. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd. day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd. day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 29 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota: thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 40 rods; thence east 10 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S. E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 25th day of May, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY, Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. apr8-may13.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 22nd, 1904, made H. E. No. 169, Serial, No. 04038, for NE¼, Section 20, Township 151 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Tollef S. Holum, " "
Hans G. Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June, 23rd, 1904, made H. E. No. 194, Serial, No. 0461, for NW¼, Section 29, Township 151 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Ole L. Ottum, " "
Halvor Fodstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Olaf O. Finberg, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 10th 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6773, Serial No. 02585, for N½ of SE¼, lots 1, 2, Section 36, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Louis Larson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ole Finberg, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.
apr. 8-may 13.

If you have backache and urinary troubles you should take Foley's Kidney Remedy to strengthen and build up the kidneys so they will act properly, as a serious kidney trouble may develop. A. Bjerkhoel.

Mrs. F. G. Frils, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is best for women and children, as it is mild, pleasant and effective, and is a splendid spring medicine, as it cleanses the system and clears the complexion. A. Bjerkhoel.

Ole C. Brenna,
Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls
Phone No. 118.

During the spring everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. It furnishes a needed tonic to the kidneys after the extra strain of winter, and it purifies the blood by stimulating the kidneys, and causing them to eliminate the impurities from it. Foley's Kidney Remedy imparts new life and vigor. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

A. Anderson, city jeweler, is now closing out his stock at 25 per cent and 40 per cent discount. Some goods go at factory prices. Don't miss this chance. All lodge emblems, pins and charms will be sold at cost, these are mostly solid gold. Please call soon if you want to get this bargain. Brother jewelers, if you want to stop this slaughter sale, you may go together and buy my stock as I know my business for you is worth having.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

STREET CLEANERS STRIKE

Demand Three Crowns a Day for Their Labor, Which the City of Stockholm Is Unable to Pay with the Treasury Practically Empty—Police Have to Protect Those Who Work at the Old Pay—Indications Point to Serious Labor Troubles This Spring.

SWEDEN.

The street cleaning force went on a strike the other day and refused to work unless they received three crowns a day. They were receiving two and one-half crowns a day and that is all that the city council can afford to pay at present, when the city treasury is practically empty. A couple of weeks ago there was lots of *snow to be cleaned off the streets*, but just at this time the street force began to strike. A number of them were induced to go about their work at the old pay, but this was done under difficulties and the police had to intervene several times during the day. These are men, too, who are sorely in need of employment, as they have had no work for a long time. Although there are hundreds of laboring men who expect to go to work when spring opens up, there are already plenty of indications that there is going to be lots of trouble. In nearly every branch of industry the striking masters are ready to urge the men to strike for higher wages. This is indeed a deplorable condition when there are so many families who are practically starving.

There are 5,418 miles of railways owned by private capital in Sweden at present and 2,607 miles of railway owned by the state. Although the state railways only have half as much mileage as those controlled by private capital, the income of the two is very nearly equal. For the year 1908, the income of the two is very nearly equal. For the year 1908, the income for the private railways was 63,224,285 crowns and for the state railways it was 64,141,213 crowns.

The government has been investigating the cost of changing the railway that runs from the iron ranges in the north to the Norwegian frontier into an electric railway. Two companies have figured on the contract, and both bids approximate close to three and a half million dollars for building the necessary power houses and putting up the poles and the wires. It is not yet definitely decided whether the change will be made at present.

An Upsala dispatch states that an international book thief was recently captured in trying to dispose of some valuable books to Upsala university, stolen from Leipzig, Germany, university library. It was found that he also had in his possession books stolen from Goteborg national library. He had as an accomplice a young English woman.

About a week ago the Swedish Academy of Sciences presented Charles H. Graves, the American envoy, the Adelskold medal in gold, which Mr. Graves was requested to forward to Thomas Alva Edison as a recognition of his invention of the graphophone and of his many other inventions in the sphere of electric light.

The Swedish iron industry will be elaborately represented at the international exhibition, which will be held in Tokio, Japan, in the near future. An immense iron figure representing different uses of Swedish iron has been sent from Stockholm to Japan recently and will be placed in the polytechnic institute in Tokio.

The city authorities of Stockholm have estimated the year's improvements for the city, and find that the funds available fall short some $13,000,000 of covering the expenses of the work planned. The city will borrow what money it needs to complete such work as is considered most necessary.

An exchange tells us that there is a prospect that Sweden and Norway will furnish the granite for the new fortifications at Forsyth, England, as they can furnish the stone several thousand dollars cheaper than England herself can. The contract calls for $600,000 worth of granite.

Queen Victoria reached Naples about March 16 and continued the journey to Capri, where she has been sojourning during the past two weeks. The queen's health is already reported as being much improved. Her majesty has never been able to endure the rigorous northern winters.

Ragnar Sahlin, a well known young Stockholm actor, died a few days ago, aged thirty-two years, leaving a wife and one child. Sahlin was for a number of years a member of Sigurd Sandberg's Theatrical company and appeared in the principal cities of the country.

NORWAY.

Some time ago an anti-emigration society was organized in Norway which afterwards attempted to establish branches all over the country. Such branch societies have also been organized in the northern sections of the country, but in the southern part of the country such societies have not been able to thrive. It seems that in the southern section of the country people seem to think that emigration is a blessing instead of a detriment, chiefly because those who left for foreign countries, principally America, have been sending home so much money to the folks that remain at home. They are, therefore, not at all averse to people emigrating to America. Up in the northern section of the country these societies have met with a little better success, but they have not accomplished as much as was expected. During the past two years, or since these societies were organized, Norwegian emigration to America has not been abating very susceptibly and the chances are that it will be an exceedingly difficult matter to stop it.

Norwegian papers announce the birth of a new party. It is known as the "Liberal Left," and one of its primary purposes is to promote freedom of thought and action among the people. Former Premier Michelsen, Dr. Fritjof Nansen and other leading men were among those who took part in the organization of the new party, which gives promise, judging from present indications, to become a most important factor in the political life of Norway. In this party people will be urged to support candidates who stand for the rule of the majority and who desire to advance the reform work of the state founded on the theory of the solidarity of all citizens while protecting private initiative and property rights.

It is estimated that 400,000 women and 440,000 men are old enough to vote at the coming election of members of the storthing. But as there are many women whose families have not paid their taxes up to date only about 300,000 women will have a right to vote. This will be the first chance that the women of Norway ever had to vote for members of the national legislature, and the results will be watched with a great deal of interest, not only in Norway, but all over the civilized world. Naturally enough the women of Norway are interested, but they do not seem to be nearly so enthusiastic about it as one would suppose.

"The Alpine Sport Limited" in London has turned to the Tourist society in Trondhjem with a plan seeking to direct English winter tourist traffic to Norway, principally by reason of the increasing interest in the ski sports. The society last year sent 3,000 English tourists to Switzerland and it now proposes to direct this traffic to Norway. The Norwegian tourist societies will not be slow in taking up the offer from the Alpine Sport Limited and should they be able to secure this traffic it will mean a great deal to the Norwegian tourist business, which is one of the most flourishing institutions of the country.

Captain Amundsen is busily engaged in making careful preparations for his north polar expedition with the "Fram," which is receiving attention in detail. Lieutenant Engelstad has been chosen captain of the vessel. It is Captain Amundsen's plan to go as close to the pole as possible, then let the vessel freeze up among the ice and finally drift with the ice to the pole. Polar expeditions are getting to be such common things nowadays that they attract but scant attention.

The storthing a week ago by a standing resolution thanked the Norwegian-Americans for contributing a sum of money to the new entertainment hall at the University of Christiania. President Berner delivered a few appropriate remarks, in which he spoke very highly and in very complimentary terms of the interest that Norwegian-Americans take in the old fatherland.

The wine imports via Stavanger are steadily increasing. During the first three months of this year not less than 21,200 kilograms were imported from Spain. There has on the other hand been a decided decrease in the imports of French wine to Norway.

DENMARK.

The inventory of Holger Drachmann's earthly possessions reveals the fact that he was not nearly as poor as all seemed to believe. It has now been pretty well established that he left a considerable fortune and four widows besides, so that it will by no means be an easy matter to settle his estate, in accordance with the Danish laws. In Drachmann's villa there have been found two or three trunks full of manuscripts, consisting of poems, novels and plays, and a number of poems which have hitherto never been published.

Professor Henning Matzen, who lectures on political economy and who has been president of the peace conference at The Hague, has by the Swedish-Norwegian reindeer commission been appointed as one of the judges to settle the disputes between the two countries regarding the reindeer pastures. The commission will hold its meetings in Copenhagen and King Frederick placed one of the spacious halls in Amalienborg palace at the disposal of the commission.

Copenhagen papers state that there are at present not less than 40,000 workless people in the country and 130,000 persons are suffering more or less from this cause. The situation is indeed an alarming one in Denmark and it is pretty hard telling how it all will end if times do not begin to pick up over there.

P. S. Kroyer, the Danish painter, has been invited to place his paintings on exhibition at the International Art Exhibition in Venice. He is the only Danish painter who has received this flattering invitation.

According to latest statistics there are over 10,000 people who have tuberculosis in Denmark. Tuberculosis is part of Jylland.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

DULUTH TO WINNIPEG ROUTE

Soo Begins Preliminary Work on New Construction.

The Soo line has begun preliminary work upon 250 miles of new construction in Minnesota that will form a new Duluth to Winnipeg route. It will link Chicago and Winnipeg by a line so direct as to change materially the traffic situation between these two cities and bring in a new competitive factor. Two surveying crews are in the field. Edmund Pennington, president of the Soo, has intimated that because of the desire first to complete the Brooten to Duluth extension and the requirements for the cutoff that is to shorten the Wisconsin Central line through Southern Central Wisconsin the construction of the 250 miles referred to may not be pushed until next year, but the preparatory work has already begun.

WILL TRY COMMISSION PLAN

Mankato Takes Steps to Change Government of City.

Mankato has taken the first steps to organize the commission plan of government under the enabling act introduced by Senator Works and originally formulated by Senator E. E. Smith of Hennepin.

Mankato will have the distinction of being the first city to try the new *plan of government in Minnesota*. Duluth is expected to follow.

A sub-committee has formulated a new charter and will submit it to the charter committee. It provides for the election of a mayor and of commissioners along the lines of the system known as the Des Moines plan. It includes the provision of the "recall" for unsatisfactory officials and also provides for the initiative and referendum.

CURIOUS FEATURE OF STORM

High Wind Forms Snow Into Gigantic Balls.

Rochester and vicinity was visited by one of the heaviest gales in its history. A number of families living in weak frame structures left their beds in the middle of the night and went outdoors, fearing for their lives. Telephone and electric lines are badly damaged.

The most curious feature of the storm was found in the country. A light snow of three or four inches accompanied the wind. The wind carried this before it, rolled it into lumps and kept it going. On the farm of A. W. Beecher were found innumerable gigantic snowballs made by the wind. One of these was forty-two inches in circumference.

DIES OF BLOOD POISONING

Woman Expires Following "Beautifying" Operation.

Mrs. A. J. Kaufman, aged thirty-eight years, of Streator, N. D., died a raving maniac at Asbury hospital, Minneapolis, from blood poisoning alleged to have followed a "beautifying" operation at a Mill City dermatological institute.

At an autopsy held at the Hennepin county morgue it was found that the woman's entire body was infected with blood poisoning and that the same germ which had affected her entire system was present in a wound in her forehead, where a scar had been removed.

Civil War Veteran a Suicide.

George Colby, aged seventy years, residing at Central Point, near Lake City, committed suicide. During the absence of his wife Colby went to an outbuilding near the home, cut his throat with a razor and then set fire to the building. His body was badly burned. Colby was a veteran of the Civil war. No cause, other than mental unsoundness, is known for the deed.

Minnesota Man Resigns.

Henry F. Greene of Minnesota has tendered to President Taft his resignation as a civil service commissioner to take effect May 1. James T. Williams, formerly a newspaper man, who acted as secretary to National Chairman Hitchcock during a greater part of the presidential campaign, is mentioned for the place.

Young Woman Attempts Suicide.

Miss Minnie Neuenfeldt of St. Paul, twenty years of age, drank two ounces of carbolic acid in her room. She was found in great agony by Mrs. F. B. Mellon, with whom the young woman had been boarding for some time. The motive for the suicide is supposed to be a love affair.

Irishman Defeats Jap.

In a terrific jiu jitsu wrestling match at Minneapolis Captain Leo McLaglen, the Irish giant, successfully defended his title of the world's champion against Yamagata, a Japanese jitsu wrestler. McLaglen took the first fall in 36 minutes and the second in 20 minutes.

Falls Dead While at Work.

Dick Lohrke, son of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Lohrke, prominent residents of Long Prairie, dropped dead while working in a local business establishment. He recently underwent an operation for appendicitis. He was twenty-five years old.

Woman Fatally Burned.

Mrs. Maud Hotchkiss, thirty-three years old, living on the New Brighton road three miles beyond the Minneapolis city limits, was probably fatally burned when she fell down the cellar stairway with a lighted lamp in her hands.

DIES ON STREET

A. E. Merrill of Minneapolis Stricken at St. Paul.

PROMINENT IN THE MILL CITY

Was on His Way to Capitol to Confer With Governor.

Alfred E. Merrill, alderman, former president of the Minneapolis city council and one of the prominent citizens of that city, died on the streets of St. Paul. Apoplexy is named as the cause of death.

Mr. Merrill was on his way to see the governor when he died. He told other members of the Minneapolis council he wished to talk to Governor Johnson about a number of bills pending and boarded a car for St. Paul. He was at the very approach of the capitol when stricken. Half an hour later Mr. Merrill was pronounced dead. Those who first reached his side did not know who he was and carried him into a rooming house, where aid was administered and an ambulance was called. But a few moments after the ambulance reached the house Mr. Merrill died.

SHOOTS GIRL AND HIMSELF

St. Paul Man Fatally Wounds Companion and Commits Suicide.

Pulling a 38-caliber revolver from his hip pocket, without uttering the slightest warning or remark, Henry Kneip of St. Paul, twenty-five years old, fired at Alice Thompson, twenty-three years old, while the two were getting ready to leave a chop suey restaurant in that city.

The assailant died in a few moments, while the young woman was hurried to St. Joseph's hospital, where she lingered several days before succumbing to her wound.

No direct motive can be attributed for the deed, except that of jealousy, and the man had not known her long enough to be impelled to any such strong feeling, according to the story of the victim.

She said that Kneip had gone with her about five or six times, and she was not particularly on any affectionate terms with him. He had sought to go with her many times, but she had repulsed him and had divided her time among some of the other young men in the neighborhood.

LIABILITIES ARE $375,000

St. Paul Brokerage Firm Closes Its Doors.

The stock and grain commission firm of James Doran & Co. of St. Paul has gone into voluntary suspension. Lack of business is responsible for the closing, according to Mr. Doran.

The liabilities will amount to about $375,000, of which less than $10,000 was contracted since Mr. Doran's firm resumed business after failing three years ago. The interest on the obligations contracted up to the time of the failure in 1906 has amounted to about $50,000 in the three years that the new firm has been in operation and this burden, together with the general lack of business, has necessitated the suspension of business. The exact value of the assets cannot be determined at this time.

GOES TO THE REFORMATORY

Youth Who Shot Down Man on Streets of Minneapolis.

James Flood, seventeen years old, who shot and killed A. P. Camden at Minneapolis last June and who was later indicted on a charge of murder in the first degree, was allowed to plead guilty to a charge of manslaughter in the first degree. Judge William H. Donahue immediately sentenced Flood to the state reformatory, where he may have the benefit of outdoor work and treatment for his mental trouble.

Flood shot Camden, a Chicago traveling man, whom he had never seen before. When arraigned he was discovered to be mentally weak and for several months he was treated at the state hospital at St. Peter.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS OFFICE

Bullet Wound Caused Death of Fergus Falls Physician.

Dr. W. Duncan, one of the most widely known physicians of Fergus Falls and vicinity, was found dead in his office in that city with a bullet wound in his head.

He was fifty-three years of age and had been practicing at Fergus Falls twenty-six years.

Dies in Effort to Save Dog.

Nick Mills of Burtrum, a lad of seventeen, driven frantic by the desperate efforts of his dog to make his way out of a pond into which it had fallen, gave up his life in a fruitless attempt to save that of his pet. The boy worked his way cautiously toward the dog and when it seemed he was about to reach it the ice broke beneath him and he, too, was thrown into the pond. Then the father, hearing the cries of his son, went to the rescue, but his best and most sustained effort was powerless to save him.

THE KING OF CURES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA
I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.
PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
VIVO
It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER
$1.00 PER YEAR

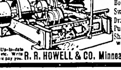

SAW MILL MACHINERY
Saw Mills
Engines
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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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ADVANTAGES OF IRRIGATION.

As one becomes more familiar with the conditions under which the farmer in the irrigated tracts of the west works his land and handles his crops it is clear that he has several advantages over his fellow farmer in the central and eastern states, who relies upon rainfall alone for the moisture necessary for the growth and maturity of his crops. Perhaps his chief and most important advantage is that he is able to put water on his land at will, being free from the distraction and annoyance of heavy rains during the time of seeding and cultivation, which would soak the ground, delay cultivation and give the weeds a big boost. Coupled with a perfect regulation of the moisture which is allowed to go upon the land is another favorable condition—the large number of clear, bright days during the harvest months, which make possible the perfect ripening of the grain and hay and the harvesting and securing of it under most favorable conditions. Any one who has tried to cure hay between showers in June in the central and eastern states will appreciate this point. Lastly, the irrigated lands have this vital point in their favor—that little if any of the original fertility of the soil has been soaked out and washed out by repeated and heavy rains. This accounts for the remarkable productivity of western soils, which have waited centuries for the magic touch of water to make them the garden spots of earth. In view of these points and others which might be mentioned, it is not surprising that many an eastern farmer looks longingly toward the west and many another pulls up stakes and goes out to the irrigated sections.

ORCHARD CULTIVATION.

There is nothing which can be done for the young orchard which will tend to make it more thrifty and vigorous than to give it careful cultivation for the first few years after it is set. This result may be brought about to advantage by growing some crop between the rows of trees, such as strawberries, potatoes, popcorn or, better still, beans. The frequent cultivations given keep the ground loose and moist and keep the young trees from suffering should a hot and dry spell come in middle or late summer. If the orchard is an old one and blue grass and weeds have gradually worked their way in, a good plan would be to give it a shallow plowing, so as not to injure the surface roots, to disk frequently with extension or reversible disk until about the middle of July and then sow buckwheat and oats, which will come on and make a good winter cover crop. Next spring, if it is desired, the orchard may be thoroughly disked or plowed and sowed to clover. In Pacific coast orchards, where there is no danger of injury from winter freezing, the orchards are usually kept cultivated the season through.

STRINGENT MEASURES NEEDED.

It is becoming more apparent every year that the legislatures in all states which have the noxious weed problem on hand should pass laws making it an offense punishable by heavy fine for a farm owner to sell any product of his farm which could possibly carry the foul seeds to adjoining farms. It is true that in some cases some such laws are on the statute books, but they are either not enforced or else the penalty they provide is not sufficient to stop the nuisance. With many landowners waging an almost futile warfare against the worst weeds and their appearance in new fields and localities each year, it is clear that stringent measures will have to be adopted to give relief. Men whose farms are not yet contaminated have the same interest in giving aid to the movement that people who are well do in seeing that a quarantine placed to prevent the spread of a loathsome disease is enforced.

CARE OF CHICKS.

Little chickens are better off if they are not fed at all during the first twenty-four or forty-eight hours. This is due to the fact that by a provision of nature the yolk of the egg is the last portion to be absorbed in the change from egg to chick, and this contains sufficient nourishment to supply the little creature with all it needs during the time mentioned. The first food may be johnny bread crumbs, cottage cheese, chick feed and a little later cracked corn, while a little green food in some form should be furnished. Clean water and milk if available should be where the little fellows can get at them. Three things which should be remembered in the care of the little chicks is that they should have dry and clean quarters, be kept free from the attacks of lice and not allowed to eat wet, raw meal that has become sour.

A melon raiser of considerable experience reports powdered tobacco as an effective check on the striped melon bug, while tobacco tea he finds sure death to all plant lice.

A mechanical quack grass exterminator has lately been put on the market, being a combination of plow and rotary rake, which pulls the roots of the grass free from the soil. He is indeed fortunate who does not have to investigate into the merits of this machine.

A good part of California's success in fruit growing is said to be due to the fact that there are within her borders 45,000 Italians, who are usually rated as the most painstaking and successful horticulturists in the world. These people own 2,726 farms in the state, while the value of their fruit farms and business interests is placed at $115,000,000.

A gasoline engine of a fairly docile type is a big improvement over the average windmill in that it is not put out of business by a windstorm and will jog along satisfactorily whether the wind is blowing or not. Besides this, when properly mounted it can be taken where the owner wills to saw wood, shred fodder, grind corn or do other useful tasks.

The country dog that rushes out at every passing team and sometimes frightens them into running away is an all round nuisance and should be suppressed. He can be broken of the habit when a puppy if he is larruped soundly every time he tries the trick, and if this does not effect a reform the owner would confer a favor on society by breaking the brute's neck.

Stock cattle will get along very well under out of door conditions if only they are provided with a clean, dry place in which to sleep which is protected from storm and wind. Not only is the comfort of the animal, but its health as well, dependent upon this, and both will be decreased if it has to put up with a wet and nasty sleeping place. A way out under such conditions would seem to be the liberal use of straw, which will absorb the liquid manures and also increase materially the volume of fertilizer which can be hauled on to the hungry land.

The Charity Organization Society of Youngstown, O., has obtained the use of a twelve acre garden close to the town for cultivation during the summer. An experienced gardener will be put in charge, and work will be provided for all. The society has been through an experience which would undoubtedly have killed an organization less strongly and enthusiastically backed. It started work just at the height of the industrial depression last year. In consequence it was obliged to raise special relief funds, and its total budget exceeded by thousands the original and normal estimates.

The United States department of agriculture has decided on the location of a federal forestry station at Madison, Wis., which will be conducted in connection with the state experiment station. The work of the station will be directly beneficial to the lumber, papermaking and furniture interests of this section. Tests will be made of various kinds of wood for the manufacture of wood pulp, while methods will be studied for the more effective utilization of the pine stumpage of the north. When organized the station will offer a special course of study for the training of forest rangers.

There is hardly a creamery company anywhere which from the standpoint of dollars and cents merely could not well afford to supply all of its patrons with an annual subscription to some good dairy paper. The better methods which would doubtless be adopted in the handling and care of the cream as well as greater pains taken in the weeding out of unprofitable individuals in the dairy herd would combine to increase not only the quality but the quantity of the butter product. The more progressive dairymen in any community already take dairy papers, but many do not, and in the case of these such a plan would bear good fruit.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt's plan of building in New York city four model tenement houses for tuberculous families deserves praise. What the tuberculosis patient needs and what he can get only in a well conducted hospital or sanitarium is intelligent supervision of his sleeping quarters. According to Mrs. Vanderbilt's scheme, the families to be housed in her model tenements will be thus supervised until they can safely live elsewhere. A particularly valuable feature of her plan is the fact that it tends to keep the family together. The dispersion of the family undoubtedly has its bad effect upon the patient himself and frequently results in the separation of the entire family.

With eggs the past winter ranging all the way from 25 to 40 cents per dozen, it is possible there may be some who will want to put some nice fresh eggs down for future use. A method which gives better results than any other is putting the eggs down as fast as they are laid or can be secured in a water glass solution, which is made by mixing one quart of sodium silicate to ten parts of water previously boiled, the solution being mixed while hot. The vessel used for the purpose should be of wood or stoneware, preferably the latter. Fresh eggs put up in the above manner will keep remarkably well for ten months. The best time to lay by such a store of eggs is when they are the cheapest possible consistent with freshness.

The horses will be better off in narrow or box stalls if they are supplied at all times of day and night with an abundance of bedding. If they have this they will lie down during the day and rest when not at work, while the cushion of straw will be much easier on their feet and legs.

The national apple show which was held some weeks ago at Spokane was exceptional in more points than one. It was the largest exhibition of apples ever held under one roof. A total of fifteen carloads of apples was on exhibition, amounting to 10,000 boxes. The total attendance at the exposition was 102,000.

A western exhibitor who attended the National Horticultural exposition at Council Bluffs, Ia., remarked to a friend (not for publication) that even the pigs out in his country wouldn't be caught eating a Ben Davis or Wolf River apple if there were Winesap or Jonathan trees about. The western hog is a discriminating fellow.

Probably there is no class of men who are today buying more automobiles than farmers, and it may be added that there is no class which can better afford to buy them. If this tendency keeps on it will not be long before farmers as a class, appreciating more fully than now perhaps the advantages of smooth, hard roads, will join hands in a definite campaign for road improvement. The reform will come when both town and country fellows get after it seriously.

The undesirability of much land in the semiarid belt of western states is possibly due in some measure to the bad reputation which such lands have been given by men who wished to keep the use of large tracts for grazing purposes. In some sections this bias has taken the extreme form of a positive discouragement and even intimidation of settlers who so much as looked at these grazing preserves with the idea that they might prove useful for agricultural purposes. At the same time it is well to consider that vast areas in the west can never be utilized to advantage for anything but pastoral or grazing purposes.

Every progressive farmer should be, along with many other things, a student of the soil which it is his privilege to work. By the aid of suggestions for practical investigation which the soil specialists of his state agricultural college can give him he can inform himself sufficiently so as to get much better returns from his acres. One soil should receive a different physical treatment from another. One may need tilling, another liming, while still another, cropped for years, may need re-enforcing with artificial or homemade fertilizers. All these conditions should be inquired into and measures adopted which will put the soil to rights.

Two problems which are of vital importance to the present day farmer and which will be even more so in the future are a conserving of the fertility of his land and the more economical use of the byproducts of his farm. The first object may be largely attained by adopting some sensible system of crop rotation, coupled with stock raising and dairying. The latter may be achieved by a more economic handling of the corn crop, and this is possible by means of the silo, which, apart from the economy it makes possible, furnishes the best possible ration for dairy cows and feeding cattle. Many farmers have realized this situation and have acted upon it. Thousands more should realize it before time to cut corn for the silo next fall.

Nature has provided a delicate automatic plan for the regulation of the setting of fruit buds in certain varieties of fruit trees, like the apple. It consists in this—that the buds for the production of fruit one season are set, if at all, during the preceding season. Thus, if the tree has borne a heavy crop of fruit and had its vitality considerably taxed, the fruit buds set sparingly, thus acting as a safeguard against the tree overbearing itself. On the other hand, if the tree has had a layoff one season it usually sets full of fruit buds, the excess vitality seeming to make this condition possible. In the case of a tree that is sick or dying this rule seems to be violated in that all the waning vitality it possesses seems to be put forth in a blind and pathetic effort to reproduce itself before it dies.

The grubs which are often found just under the skin on the shoulders, backs and sides of cattle hatch from the eggs of the ox botfly, which are laid in the spring on the legs, heels and flanks of the animals and from those places are licked off by the tongue and taken into the stomach. Here they hatch, the little grubs gradually working their way through the flesh of the animal until they reach the hide on the back, where their presence is indicated by lumps or swellings, which open after awhile, the grub finally escaping as a full fledged fly, ready to repeat the process. The grubs may be killed by rubbing down the lumps with a round stick. Later, as the opening appears, lard or oil will kill them. Sometimes they may be forced out by grasping the skin firmly between thumb and finger and giving a sharp pinch. In such cases a little carbolic acid mixed with grease will hasten the process.

F. E. Trigg

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

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THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
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REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.
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Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1909 NUMBER 17.

AGED MAN DROPS DEAD

Robert Swanson, of Esplee, Dies in Depot at St. Hilaire Monday Afternoon.

Was Waiting for a Train to Take Him to Thief River Falls.

Coroner Mellby was called to St. Hilaire Monday evening to investigate the death of Robert Swanson, one of the pioneer residents of that place, but now living up at Esplee in Marshall county. The cause of Mr. Swanson's death was heart failure and no inquest was deemed necessary by Mr. Mellby.

The dead man had intended to come to Thief River Falls Monday, but missed the passenger train and at two o'clock went to the depot to take the freight to this city when he suddenly dropped dead.

The deceased was about seventy years of age and came to St. Hilaire about twenty years ago, purchasing a farm just south of the village. Later he sold his St. Hilaire farm and removed to Esplee, Marshall county, where he took a homestead and was postmaster of Esplee. He was a veteran of the Civil War and a man held in very high esteem in this vicinity. He was the father of a large family of children and was down to St. Hilaire to pay a visit to a daughter.

A. E. Abraham Dead.

Word was received in the city last week of the death of E. A. Abraham, one of the pioneer merchants of Thief River Falls. Death occurred at Lindstrom, Minn., where the deceased went to visit a brother and was due to consumption, his wife having died of this disease about a year previous. The funeral was held at Lindstrom and the body was buried besides his wife. The deceased was a very genial and accommodating person and was held in very high esteem by all who knew him. The sad thing about the death is that three little children, the oldest one being about ten years of age, are left orphans.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

Dr. Moeller Sentenced.

Dr. Thor Moeller, the former Thief River Falls resident, was on Tuesday afternoon sentenced by Judge Goss at Minot to a term of ten years in the state penetentiary. This sentence was given after the motion for a new trial had been denied. Immediately upon the passing of sentence, Judge Paida asked for a stay of execution which was granted. The bond of $10,000 under which Moeller has been held since his arrest, was continued in force and he was released.

C. P. IS TO GET BUSY

To Build an Extension from Brandon to Wheatline of the Soo.

Will Result in Giving Brandon Direct Connections With the Twin Cities.

In retaliation for the steps, which J. J. Hill is taking towards building an air line into Winnipeg from the International boundary and establishing joint terminals for the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific in the Canadian metropolis, the Canadian Pacific-Soo combination is planning to do some extensive building along the border line.

According to reports received from Winnipeg, the Canadian Pacific will extend its branch, which now terminates at Mowbray in Southern Manitoba, to connect with the Thief River Falls and Kenmare line of the Soo. The Soo will also build a line north into Manitoba as far as Brandon. This will give the Soo a direct route from Brandon to the Twin Cities, and the New line will parallel the two branches of the Great Northern extending northward into Canada, passing through a rich farming region and terminating at Brandon and Portage La Praire.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Taken to Fergus Falls.

Anna Christena Mossestad, a twenty year old girl who resides with her mother on a farm in the town of Numedal, was last Saturday committed to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls by Judge of Probate Swanson. The hearing was held in County Attorney Michelet's office and Drs. Heiber and Mellby made the examination.

The cause of the insanity is said to be hereditary, as her father was once committed to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls and after having been released from that institution several years ago, jumped from the bridge into the Red Lake river and was drowned. The girl was born in the town of Numedal.

Coming to the Country.

It is evident from the number of laboring men coming from the big cities, and seeking employment on farms, that laboring men have some difficulty in finding employment in the cities. Farm help has been scarce but indications are that farmers will have plenty of help for the coming season. It will do the laboring men good to get away from the cities and get out in the country where there is at least plenty of fresh air and fair pay and a prospect of saving more of their earnings than if they stayed in the cities.—Hallock News.

POPULATION OF THIEF RIVER FALLS OVER 5,000

John H. Ley, the Directory Publisher, Has Completed His Work and Gives Out the Result.

The population of Thief River Falls is over 5,000. *This fact is announced by John H. Ley, the well known* directory publisher, who has just completed compiling a directory and numbering the streets of Thief River Falls. Mr. Ley is one of the most accurate directory publishers in the Northwest and has been engaged in this line of business for a number of years.

The new directory when published will contain 2110 names. The name of every person in the city over the age of eighteen, excepting married women, will be found in the directory. Mr. Ley derives at the population by a multiple of 2 1-2 which will make the population 5,285.

The houses are numbered from the dividing streets. Main avenue divides the city east and west, and 1st street and Bridge street divides it to north and south. In numbering the Philadelphia system is used 100 numbers to the block, every 25 feet taking a number, allowing for all vacant lots. The even numbers appear on the south side of the streets and on the east side of the avenues.

Mr. Ley left this morning for Dubuque, Iowa, and will return about the 15th of May to make the delivery of the directories.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING

City Council Repeals the Tri-State Telephone Company's Local Franchise.

Bonds Declared Carried and Matter of Third Ward Alderman Is Unsettled.

The city council held an important meeting Tuesday evening and transacted much business of importance.

The vote upon the bond issue was canvassed and the council declared that the issue had carried, and application to the state was made for a loan of $20,000, the amount of the issue.

J. J. Crowe sent a communication to the council declining to serve as alderman from the Third ward and a petition signed by 103 residents of the ward asked that J. O. Berg be appointed. There was quite a delegation of East Siders present and they wanted an alderman for the ward selected by a straw vote of the people. The councilmen refused to say they would abide by the result of a straw vote, but told the delegation that they could go ahead and have a straw vote and if a suitable man was selected he might be appointed. Those who spoke in favor of the straw vote were C. M. Wilson, Ben Christienson, B. Dan Bjorkman, Tailor Bakken and Andy Smith. The matter of selecting an alderman for the Third ward was postponed until the next regular meeting.

It was voted to extend the water works mains from Bridge street south to the Knox school house and also to buy 500 feet additional hose for the fire department.

An ordinance was introduced by Alderman Forder repealing the ordinance which gives the Tri-State Telephone company its franchise in this city. This move is made in order that the city may operate its own telephone exchange.

First Ball Game.

The first ball game of the season was played in Thief River Falls Sunday between the local team and the high school team. It took eleven innings to play the game and it resulted in a victory for the locals, the score being 9 to 10. Those who witnessed the game state that Thief River Falls is going to have some mighty good material for a base ball team this year.

Has Resigned.

James Bulman has resigned as deputy sheriff of Red Lake county. The reason of Mr. Bulman's resignation is due to the fact that on about the 1st of May he will remove to Prince Albert, Canada, to engage in the lumbering business. It is understood that Sheriff Nelson will not appoint any deputy for Thief River Falls, but will attend to work here in person.

New Time Card.

A new time card goes into effect on the Great Northern next Monday. No information further than this is given out, except that there will be two passenger trains, one starting from the south and one from the north end of the run. It is expected that both trains will meet here at about the noon hour, and that the service will be from Fargo to Warroad.

To Be At Germantown.

C. M. Williams, who formerly worked over this field in connection with the American Sunday School Union, and now representing the Northwestern Bible and Missionary Training School of Minneapolis, will preach in the Germantown Union Chapel on Sunday afternoon, April 25th, at 2:30. Mr. Williams will be glad to see all the old friends. All are welcome at the service.

Not Much Water.

Peter Eberhardt returned to this city last Friday from a trip to the Red Lake where he had been superintending some repairs that were made to his boat used for picking dead head logs. He reports that the ice in the Red Lake is still firm and the water is very low and the country quite dry. He predicts that the water will be below normal this spring unless there are some heavy rains, and that steamboat men who run on the river and log drivers are going to have considerable trouble.

Next Meeting to Be Held Here.

Rev. Neil A. Gilchrist returned to this city last week from a trip to Warroad where he had been to attend a meeting of the Adams Presbytery. Rev. Gilchrist was honored by being chosen ministerial delegate to the general assembly. The next meeting of the Presbyterian will be held in Thief River Falls sometime next fall, the date to be fixed later.

The resignation of Rev. Philip A. Schwartz of Red Lake Falls from his charge was accepted.

D. K. Laurie was heartily commended for his faithfulness as missionary and recommended to the board in New York for reappointment.

INSANE MAN DOES THINGS

George Delaurier Suddenly Goes Insane and Terrorizes a Neighborhood.

And Then Was Nearly Beaten to Death by Farmers Up at Thorwick.

George Delaurier, a twenty-two year old young man who resides with his father up near the Thief river bridge, suddenly went insane Sunday. His first rash act was an attempt to kill his father, but the authorities were not notified and it was thought that his condition would improve. Monday morning at about nine o'clock he escaped from his home and went into the country northeast of here. His father made a search for him for a time and late in the afternoon informed the police officers.

Officers Farr and Lang secured a rig with Henry Jonson as driver and went in search. At about daylight Tuesday morning they located Delaurier in the pasture upon Gunerious Olson's farm near Thorwick and brought him to this city, where in the afternoon he was adjudged insane by Judge of Probate Swanson and taken to the Fergus Falls asylum that evening by Sheriff Nelson and Gust Gulseth.

Delaurier had spent a rather strenuous day on Monday. He entered several farm houses and frightened the occupants, but it was not until he arrived at the home of Gunerious Olson that he did much damage. He arrived at the Olson place early in the afternoon and proceeded to break up the household furniture and raise a general disturbance. He had a rough and tumble fight with Mr. Olson's son, and fists were not the weapons used. Delaurier used his teeth and left a severe imprint upon young Olson's arm while the latter used a club and did very strenuous work. Delaurier's shoulder was broken and his body contains many black and blue marks while several severe bruises were inflicted upon the head. Delaurier was driven from the house and went into the pasture where he remained all the rest of the afternoon and that night, and his movements were watched by Olson and some of his neighbors.

The cause of Delaurier's insanity is said to be the reading of dime novels. He is a strong, powerfully built man and weighs in the neighborhood of 200. For fourteen years he has made his home in this city.

Ladies are cordially invited to call and see our new line of cuff links, hairboretts, belt buckels and shirt waist sets. Everything is in the newest patterns. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

TRAGIC DEATH OUT WEST

Son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hannay, Formerly of St. Hilaire, Killed.

Was Run Over by a Team and Lived but a Short Time After the Accident.

One of the saddest and most unfortunate accidents in the history of Mount Vernon, Wash., ended early Wednesday morning, April, 14, in the death of William Hannay, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hannay, formerly well known residents of St. Hilaire, where Mr. Hannay was for a number of years engaged in the banking business.

While hauling a load of cord wood from his farm, his team was startled by the noise of a passing wagon load of empty milk cans. Mr. Hannay jumped to the horses' heads to stop them; but forced down a steep grade by the heavily loaded wagon the horses dashed him to the ground, where he was trampled upon by the team and crushed by the rear wheel of the wagon. The driver of the milk wagon immediately came to his assistance and made him as comfortable as possible. Everything possible was done for him by the physicians and the family and for the next twenty-four hours his condition improved as much as to dispel all fears. His injuries were almost entirely internal, several ribs being broken, the right lung punctured and a blood vessel beneath the shoulder ruptured, and a thorough examination being impossible, the extent of them was not known until after death. It was not until shortly before the end came that those in attendance became apprehensive of the worst.

William Hannay was born at Huron, S. D. Jan. 20, 1883. After finishing school he took up farming as his life work as he had already evinced a strong leaning towards that pursuit.

A Fire on Monday.

The fire department was called out Monday afternoon by the burning of a residence on the East Side occupid by Ed Carpenter, a Soo brakeman. All of the furniture in the house was saved, but the house itself was a total loss. It was one of the houses built by Martin Evenson several years ago and is now owned by Mikkel Seland, a Rocksbury farmer. There was $450 insurance.

Seeding Quite General.

Seeding was commenced in earnest this week and about all of the farmers of this section are busy putting in their crops. The fields are reported to be in excellent shape, and had it not been for cold weather of last week work would have been commenced then.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.
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We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.
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We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits. We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property. Tickets to and from Europe sold.
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We are AT ALL TIMES (not only SOMETIMES) in a position to make loans on good farms at a low rate of interest.
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We make loans on three, five or ten years' time, and can, if desired, arrange partial payment terms. Principal and interest payable here, and at any time of the year most convenient to the borrower.
• • •
If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.
Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Thousands of millions of cans of Royal Baking Powder have been used in making bread, biscuit and cake in this country, and every housekeeper using it has rested in perfect confidence that her food would be light, sweet, and perfectly wholesome. Royal is a safeguard against the cheap alum powders which are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL IS THE ONLY BAKING POWDER MADE FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Coming! Maxam & Sights Comedians, April 26th, all week.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Moorhead last week.

Attorney E. M. Stanton was down to Granit Falls last week attending to some legal business.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

George L. Austin, the St. Hilaire buttermaker, was in the city last Thursday attending to business matters.

J. W. Wheeler the well known Crookston banker, was in the city last Thursday attending to business matters.

"Stub" Brager was up from Crookston last Friday visiting with old friends and attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Tandberg are visiting with relatives at Rochester and Stewartville, southern Minnesota. They will be gone for two or three weeks.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mr. A. G. Sorenson and family arrived last week and are visiting with friends and relatives at Osakis and vicinity. Mr. Sorenson has sold his farm near Thief River Falls and says he doesn't know of any locality where he would rather buy a farm than in the vicinity of Osakis, and he will probably buy near here and locate once more among his old friends. Anton sold his Thief River Falls farm for $23 an acre.—Osakis Review.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Arthur Tanum was up to Greenbush last Friday.

D. P. O'Neill was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Charles A Robbecke was down to New Ulm last week.

Miss Jennie Johnston, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson and daughter, Margaret, spent Saturday and Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. J. Berry went down to Minneapolis last week to spend several days visiting with relatives.

Mrs. H. G. Dobner left Sunday evening for LaCrosse, Wis., to spend several days visiting relatives and friends.

In digging a well for Helmer Aamoth at Mahnomen at a depth of 60 feet a flow was struck that filled the well to within six inches of the top within a few minutes.

Hear C. Don Triplet sing the latest topical songs, with Maxam & Sights Comedians in "Master and Man," at the opera house Monday evening, April 26.

Ole C. Brenna has received word from Warren to the effect that his eighteen year old daughter, Miss Olga, who was operated upon last week, is getting along nicely and is expected to be able to return home in a few days.

Wanted—A man to do chores at the Hotel Ogahmah.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Maxam & Sights Comedians in "Master and Man," Monday evening, Apr. 26.

A. H. Fasel was up to Greenbush last Saturday attending to business matters.

Lost—A handbag containing $6. Finder please return to Mrs. Fred Dablow.

Coffee demonstration at Langseth Mercantile Company's store Saturday, April 24.

Coming, the old-favorites, Maxam and Sights Comedians, Monday evening, April 26.

Dennis Connelly was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Arpin and daughter returned to this city Sunday from a trip to Wisconsin.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Manager Saxton, of the Finch-Winslow-Carlisle Wholesale Company spent Sunday at Crookston.

You are all cordially invited to attend the coffee demonstration at Langseth Mercantile Co., Saturday, April 24.

Don't forget the day, Saturday, April 24. That's the day you all get a cup of good coffee. Langseth Mercantile Co.

Hear Pauline Sights sing the latest ballads in "Master and Man," at the opera house, Monday evening, April 26.

Charlie Johnson came up from St. Hilaire last Thursday and will be employed by the lumber company during the season.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Dissolution Sale at the Golden Rule, That means that the goods will be sold if prices can do it. If you have the cash here is a great opportunity.

Rev. C. Rohde, of Wylie, will occupy the pulpit in the local German Lutheran church next Sunday morning, the services beginning at 10 o'clock.

Rev. J. B. Smith was down to St. Hilaire Sunday afternoon and delivered a lecture on Newfoundland where he has served as a missionary for several years.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

APRIL is a good month for advertising. There are eleven other good ones, but this is the time to make your pull for spring business.

For Sale—A twenty-inch wheel boy's bicycle, good as new and new set of tires; coaster brake and all complete. Inquire of head miller at Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Chas. Battin, John and August Ristau, A. P. Nelson, J. Skog, Emil Dommer, Peter Floe and Conrad Klirban, all prominent farmers living up at Germantown, were in the city last Saturday attending to business matters.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼-21-154-42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation. Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

John Gunderson, of St. Hilaire, walked down to Red Lake Falls Saturday morning and took the train back to St. Hilaire the same morning. Mr. Gunderson has seen seventy summers and as many winters but says he is no older than he feels and he feels as young as a colt.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The members of the local gun club were out doing some trap shooting Sunday for the first time this season. A whole lot of ammunition was burned and few clay pigeons were destroyed, but it is expected better results will be shown later. It is expected that another meeting will be held this evening.

Herman N. Peterson last week resigned his position in Supt. Michael's office and left for his old home in southern Minnesota to spend a few week's vacation. He will return on the 1st of May and accept a position in the Citizen's State Bank. Mr. Peterson is one of the popular young men of the city and will be sure to make good in his new position.

A very pleasant time was enjoyed at the Antler's Club rooms last Friday evening, the occasion being a farewell smoke social given for John Rawson and Leon J. Bourque. Both young men departed Sunday, the former for Portage, Wis., where he will spend the summer for the benefit of his health and the latter for Noyes, Minn., where he becomes inspector and agent for the Great Northern.

The reason "Why Girls Leave Home-r" was illustrated in last week's Press. The reason, apparently, is that when the girls get tired of the humdrum of the school room they leave home for Home-r, and again when they get tired of Home-r they leave for home, and vice versa. It is a very sensational comedy for two in as many acts as there are vacations during the year, and is based along the general lines of that well known song hit, "Absence Makes the Heart Grow Fonder."

C. L. Hanson spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework, Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

C. M. Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

See Pauline Sights in "Master and Man," Monday evening, April 26.

Mrs. George L. Austin and Miss Patterson were up from St. Hilaire last Saturday.

See that funny comedian, Clarence Wanright, in "Master and Man," Monday evening, April 26.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

LOST—On hay market last Friday a Gallaway cow hide robe. Finder please leave at creamery. Ed Quigley.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

See Vina Wanright, that dainty little dancer, with Maxam & Sights Comedians, in "Master and Man," at the opera house, Monday evening, April 26.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

Next Wednesday the bankers of the Ninth congressional district will hold their convention in Crookston. Quite a number of local bankers are making plans to be in attendance.

About fourty-five young people from this city went down to Plummer last Saturday night on the flyer to attend a basket social and dance at that place, returning on the Flyer Sunday morning. They all report a good time.

Langseth Mercantile Company will serve coffee Saturday, April 24. Bring your friend and get a good cup of coffee. National Biscuit Company will also be on hand with their delicious biscuits and wafers.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

Maxam & Sights Comedians

Will open for six nights in
THIEF RIVER FALLS
in Evenson Opera House
Monday Evening, April 26
Presenting Pauline Sights in the Celebrated Comedy Drama
"Master and Man"
Singing and Dancing Specialties Between Acts. Come Early and Avoid the Rush.
"East Lynne"
or the Elopement, on Friday evening, in the original version, in five acts and eleven scenes.

HAVE YOU SMILED TODAY?

"Laugh, and the world laughs with you, etc." It has ever been the healthy men and women that do the smiling and winning in this world. One of the brews that adds to the pure joy of living is

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you."

Inaugurate a new system and have it in your home. It is brewed by the Gund Natural Process from the living juices of our richest barley fields combined with the finest Saazer Hops. Try it. *"Postal us or telephone for a case this very day."*

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wisconsin

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

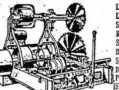

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Saw Mills
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We also have Second Hand Machinery

We Manufacture a full line of Up-to-date Saw Mill Machinery, Engines, etc. Write for our Catalog B. Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

EAST LYNNE
"TAKE ME WITH YOU, SIR FRANCIS! I CARE NOT WHERE!"

THE LYCEUM THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY
WEDNESDAY
-AND-
SATURDAY.
MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.
MUSIC BY
City Orchestra
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

Millinery Display

Elegant and Artistic Creations for Spring now being displayed at

Caldwell's.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

SWEDEN IRON ORE OUTPUT

Interesting Statistics Contained in Herman Sundholm's Little Booklet—Goes Way Back as Far as the Year 1301 in Dealing with the History of Swedish Iron Ore—Sweden Leads All Nations in the Production of Iron Ore—Startling Facts.

SWEDEN.

"Sweden's Total Iron Ore Output," is the name of an interesting little booklet just published by Herman Sundholm. It goes way back as far as 1301 in dealing with the history of Swedish iron ore and contains a startling array of facts regarding the wonderful possibilities that Sweden has to offer in the iron industry and also tells the interesting story, accompanied by statistics of what has been done in this, the greatest and most successful industry of Sweden, who *leads all nations in* the production of iron ore. Since 1301, there have, according to Sunholm, been exported 36,000,000 tons to foreign countries and 72,400,000 tons have been consumed in Sweden since that time.

William Booth, the leader of the Salvation Army, who visited Stockholm last month, was given an especial audience by King Gustaf March 17. During the audience, which lasted almost an hour, the Swedish king wanted to know all about the work of the Salvation Army, its present condition and its prospects for the future. The king congratulated the general on the splendid work done by the Salvation Army in Sweden and bade him and his lieutenants welcome to Sweden.

King Gustaf has purchased for his youngest son, Prince Erik, the beautiful Ballingholm estate, situated between Hudinge and Sodertorn. The prince will take possession of his property June 1. It consists of about 150 acres and is beautifully situated, commanding an ideal view of the picturesque Lake Trehorningen. The main building, rather the residence on the estate, was planned by Architect Lundroth in 1905 and is built in old Swedish "Herrgard" style.

The Swedish Chamber of Commerce in London declares that the present commercial connections between Sweden and England are far from complete. A committee has been appointed by the Swedish Chamber of Commerce in London to endeavor if possible to secure better and more regular steamship connections between the two countries. The committee with also endeavor to secure daily express connections between Gothenburg and Harwich.

As yet, says a London paper, Dr. Sven Hedin has not made any arrangement with any English publishing house for publishing his much spoken of book. He wants a royalty of 10,000 pounds sterling and that is just as much as John Morley received for his "Life of Gladstone." But it is nevertheless quite likely that he will get this very price.

Major General Zachreis Rudbeck, chief of the Second Life Guard regiment, died a few days ago, aged seventy-seven years. He was an able army officer and saw active service in the Danish war of 1864, when he on several occasions distinguished himself for bravery. He was much esteemed in military circles all over the country.

A complete separation of church and state is embodied in the bill presented to the Swedish riksdag by Janssen, who is a representative in the second chamber from Braten. A lively discussion is looked for on this subject, regarding which there has been so much written in the Swedish papers recently.

There are all kinds of beneficiary institutions and societies in Stockholm. The funds for the religious foundations, fellowships, pension funds, nonregistered sick and aid funds and similar institutions in Stockholm amount to $70,000,000, and about $3,000,000 is paid out every year to the beneficiaries.

At a recent municipal election in Stockholm all the old members of the city council were re-elected. A candidate who was representing the reform party received 34,000 votes and a candidate for the conservatives who refused to vote the socialist ticket received 31,000 votes.

The Folkets Hus (People's House) in Stockholm is in splendid financial shape at present. The assets and liabilities balanced this year at 1,000,-554 crowns and the property itself has a valuation of 994,000 crowns.

Wireless telegraph systems have been introduced in Sweden and the line has now reached Stockholm, so that messages con now be sent to Gotland and other points at sea.

At the international language congress which was held in Paris this week, Sweden was represented by Professor Alfred Nordfelt.

The collective works of Sigurd have been published by Hugo Gerber and are being put on the market for the small sum of one crown.

NORWAY.

The chairman of the committee which has under preparation a new national hymn book is strongly in favor of adopting some of the popular Norwegian melodies for use in Norwegian hymn books and believes that it would in a great degree improve the church music of the country. For instance he is in favor of adopting as one of the new songs "Den Store Hvide Flok" (The Great White Flock) considered by musicians and singers to be one of the most impressive songs of the country, as appropriate for church use. The papers have all spoken highly of Mr. Jensen's proposed revision of church music and believe that much good would result from their adoption, as they appeal to the hearts of church goers and are generally sung throughout the country.

A villa right in the Norwegian army target line is what Jacob Elstad proposes to erect and he has already laid the foundation for it. He lives up on Gardermoen, where he owns an acre of ground now used by the army officers and soldiers as a target line. When he was told to cease building on the government's property he replied that he guessed that the government had a guess coming and went right on preparing his foundation. He has now brought the lumber there and will erect a beautiful villa right on the firing line. Elstad's lawyers claim that he is in the right and state that he holds the necessary papers to prove that he and not the government is the rightful owner to the ground set aside as a target line for the special use of the army.

Dr. Henry Edmonds, director of the magnetic observatory in Sitka, Alaska, has accepted an invitation from Captain Roald Amundsen to accompany him on his north polar expedition in the Fram. Dr. Edmonds was until about eight years ago a practicing physician, but since that time he has devoted his time to scientific studies.

Since the storthing declined to make any appropriation for military airships the officers of the Norwegian army have organized an airship club, which is seeking to affiliate itself with the International Airship club. The officers were disappointed in not securing the appropriation and now they propose to go ahead and educate the storthing representatives on the utility of airships in warfare.

A national association has been started for the purpose of protecting the Norwegian-Danish book language from the assaults of the dialect mongers. The new association is going to support only those storthing candidates who agree with the organization on the language question. It will be interesting to note what the new association will be able to accomplish in this respect.

In Jaoderen and vicinity the egg business has been booming during the past year. Last year eggs from that part of the country were shipped to Christiania to the amount of 55,380 crowns. A great many farmers in that section of the country have gone into the chicken business on a large scale and they are doing an excellent business.

A Christiania paper states the that widow of the late Danish poet, Holger Drachmann, Mme. Sofie Drachmann, formerly the wife of Drewsen the author, was a short time ago married to Wilhelm Roede, a rich young man of Christiania. The event was very widely advertised in Norway and Denmark.

A schooner with a displacement of 300 tons, which will be used for Walter Wellman's north polar expedition, was launched at Kristiansand a week ago last Wednesday. It will be sent to Spitzbergen during the early part of next month.

Reports state that preparations are actively under way at present to open up the Dunderland mines next month. Enough capital is said to have been subscribed to begin operating the mines at any time now.

Bjornstjerne Bjornson, who has been spending the winter in Paris, has very recently completed a new play which will appear in book form in the near future. It will be translated into six different languages.

Complete statistics now show that only 8,600 persons emigrated from Norway in 1908, while in 1907 the number was 23,135. About half of those who sailed last year went from Christiania.

DENMARK.

In Copenhagen there has not long ago been organized the most unique insurance society in the world by Madame Wiehl Bereny. Her company insures young women from the disaster of becoming old maids. The idea is this: A girl who insures herself in this company pays an annual premium until she is forty years old. In the event that she is married prior to reaching the age of forty, her insurance policy will not be in effect. Should she on the other hand happen to be unmarried at the age of forty she will not have to pay any premiums and will instead receive an annual pension, which will be paid at her death or when she marries. It is altogether a most remarkable insurance proposition, but it is reported that there are many women who have already become members of the insurance company.

"Denmark is a poor little country," was the ironical remark made by Professor Fridberg of Copenhagen, who addressed an audience at Korsor not long ago. Said the professor among other things: "They say that Denmark is a poor little country, but, according to statistics, there were in 1907 tobacco sold in Denmark to the amount of twenty million crowns and eighty-one million crowns' worth of liquor was consumed."

MARION B. NORELIUS.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

Alleging that his father-in-law and others entered into a conspiracy to alienate the affections of his nineteen-year-old wife Malcolm D. Keys, aged twenty-seven years, filed suit for $50,000 damages in the Hennepin county district court against H. J. Clark and wife, Victor Welch of the law firm of Welch, Hayne & Hubacheck; Dr. William D. Lawrence of the Lawrence sanitarium and James C. Howard and William H. Cherry, police officer and detective, respectively.

A granite macadam wagon road from Minneapolis to New Brighton and the Armour plant will be constructed with a part of the $1,000,000 legislative appropriation for good roads in Hennepin county. As the county commissioners can spend the money at their own discretion the road will be finished in time to care for the traffic between the city and the packing plant. Work on the plant is expected to begin about June 1.

District Judge A. R. Pfau has filed two decisions of much importance to the city of Mankato. He has sustained the demurrers to the complaints in two $5,000 damage suits brought against the city by widows whose husbands died as victims of the typhoid epidemic last year. The plaintiffs will appeal the case to the supreme court. If they were to win scores of damage suits of a similar nature would follow.

The initiation of Bishop Robert McIntyre of the St. Paul Methodist Episcopal church into the Bricklayers' union of St. Paul took place last week and after the degree team had completed its work the bishop made a speech in which he said he was proud to be a member of the organization. Before entering the ministry Bishop McIntyre was a bricklayer by trade and was a member of a St. Louis union.

The differences between the master painters of St. Paul and their union employes have been settled. Representatives of the union met the employers at the Builders' exchange rooms and were told that their demands for an increase of wages to 42½ cents per hour would be granted.

That John A. Johnson, present governor of Minnesota, will be the next Democratic nominee for the presidency of the United States, was the prediction made in Minneapolis by Joseph W. Folk, former governor of Missouri and a leading light of the Democratic party.

The new village council of Paynesville has unanimously passed an ordinance increasing the retail liquor license from $600 to $1,000. For more than ten years the price has been $600.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Captain Peter Berkey, for years a well known figure in St. Paul and the Northwest, is dead at St. Paul. For the last three months Captain Berkey had been in ill health and despite all efforts continued steadily to decline in strength. He was eighty-seven years old and had resided in St. Paul since 1853.

John Dunwoody, secretary and treasurer of the St. Anthony and Dakota Elevator company and for many years identified with the grain trade interests of Minneapolis, is dead in that city, aged sixty-two.

Mrs. Cass W. Cutter is dead at Anoka of blood poisoning developing from a mere scratch which she received upon her had while assisting surgeons in the performance of an operation.

Ernest C. Brown, aged fifty years, assistant cashier of the First National bank of Minneapolis, is dead. Mr Brown had been a prominent figure in business and banking circles for many years.

John Brindel, for twelve years a member of the city council of Wabasha, died suddenly at Zumbro Falls where he had been called on business. He was about sixty-five years of age.

Mrs. Gertrude Gilman Meigs, daughter of Governor and Mrs. C. A. Gilman of St. Cloud, died at St. Raphael's hospital there after a few days' illness of pneumonia.

Mrs. Katherine Montag, one of the pioneer settlers of Benton county, died at her home in Sauk Rapids after a brief illness following a stroke of paralysis.

Mrs. Thomas Cooley, a resident of Mantorville, is dead after a lingering illness. Mrs. Cooley had resided in Dodge county since 1857.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Mrs. Anna Hall, aged thirty-eight, was shot in the right shoulder by her husband, J. F. Hall, during a quarrel in the Lee hotel at Minneapolis. Hall is under arrest. His wife was taken to the city hospital. She will recover.

Charles Sorenson of Mantorville, aged eighty years, hanged himself in his wagon shop at that place. Despondency over the loss of money is supposed to have been the cause of his deed.

Scarlet fever is prevalent in the village of Richville, Otter Tail county, and the board of health has decided to close the schools and suspend all public meetings.

While shopping in Minneapolis Mrs. J. G. Hamilton of St. Paul lost a handbag holding jewelry and money to the value of $1,000.

LEONARD A. ROSING DEAD

Expires at St. Paul After a Lingering Illness.

Leonard A. Rosing, chairman of the state board of control and once candidate for governor on the Democratic ticket, died at St. Joseph's hospital in St. Paul.

Mr. Rosing had been ill for several months. Last week he underwent an operation and since then has not fully regained consciousness. The operation was of a serious *nature, involving* the removal of a clot of blood from the brain.

LEONARD A. ROSING.

Mr. Rosing was forty-eight years of age and had been prominent in state politics for many years. In 1899 and 1900 he was private secretary for Governor Lind and in 1902 he was the Democratic candidate for governor. In 1905 he was appointed a member of the board of control, a position he still held at the time of his death.

SHOOTS TWO AND HIMSELF

Tragedy at Kiester May Cost the Lives of Three.

Brooding over domestic troubles and mad with drink T. C. Olson of Kiester shot his wife, his wife's eight-year-old daughter and himself. All three will probably die. The shooting occurred in a restaurant conducted by the Olsons.

Olson is forty years of age and has lived in Kiester for about a year. Formerly he resided at Bricelyn, this state, where he was employed as a bartender. He was a widower.

Some six months ago he married Minnie Pence, a widow, aged thirty-eight, who had two children, Grace, about twelve years of age, and Vida, aged eight. The family came to Kiester, where Olson opened a restaurant. They were not happy together and quarrels were frequent.

THREE INDIANS MEET DEATH

Two Men Are Cremated and a Woman Drowned.

David Wright and Kay Tuck, two Indians, were burned to death in the Frank Columbe house at the agency near Walker. Both Indians were in Walker in the afternoon and returned to the agency at night very much intoxicated.

The origin of the fire is unknown and the only solution is that one of the Indians slept too close to the stove, allowing his clothing to catch fire, and burning to death, as well as his comrade and the dwelling house.

An Indian woman named Mary Martin was drowned in Leech lake, near Bear island. She was in a sleigh at the time and, approaching a large crack in the ice near the shore line, the sleigh was overturned, throwing the woman into the water.

ADMITS THAT HE FIRED SHOT

Fergus Falls Man, Betrayed by Crooked Foot, Goes to Prison.

Ole O. Myhre, who shot at a neighbor through the window of his home and was tracked through a deformity of one of his feet, pleaded guilty in the district court at Fergus Falls and was sentenced to two years and a half in the state prison at Stillwater. He also agrees to leave the country when released.

Youth Ends His Life.

After discussing anatomy with a friend and speculating on the surest means of inflicting death Henry Nelson, nineteen of age, of Tyler, committed suicide by shooting himself in the temple. Contrition over a recent indulgence in liquor at a dance is supposed to have produced a condition of melancholy.

Mining Exchange for Duluth.

Duluth is to have a mining exchange shortly. All of the curb stocks now traded in by Duluth brokers will be listed on the new exchange, which is really a revival of the old mining exchange, which dealt in iron stocks in the boom days.

HUNDREDS OF BRIDGES GONE

Terrific Rain Causes Heavy Damage in Michigan.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 19.—Heavy damage was done by a terrific rain storm which visited Western Michigan. Hundreds of highway bridges were washed away and miles of fences are down. Roadways are washed away and in several places the water is up to the level of the Pere Marquette tracks. The Kalamazoo and Black rivers are far out of their banks and rising. There has been heavy damage near Zeeland and Hudsonville.

ENDS THREE LIVES

Goodhue County Man Kills Two Persons and Himself.

ANGERED BY FIANCEE'S PLANS

Latter Intended to Remove to Minneapolis.

Freda Langen, aged twenty-eight, and her two-year-old baby were murdered on a farm near Zumbrota by Ole O. Odden, Jr., of Minneola, who closed the tragedy by sending a bullet crashing through his own brain, dying several hours later.

Odden was enraged because the girl to whom he was engaged was about to leave the village and go to Minneapolis, where she was to be employed as a domestic and where her sister resided.

Odden went to Zumbrota and learned that the woman was alone at the farmhouse of Lars E. Larson, where she was employed. Procuring a revolver he drove direct to the farmhouse and, meeting the woman, opened fire. *She picked up her babe*, but in trying to make her escape dropped the child on the porch and started across the fields for a nearby church. One of the bullets struck her in the neck and she fell, face downward, in the village graveyard, dying instantly.

Odden then went back to the house and shot the babe between the eyes. He then turned the weapon on himself and blew his brains out.

SIX MEN PLACED IN JAIL

Charged With Complicity in Remarkable Kidnapping Conspiracy.

Six men are prisoners in the Fillmore county jail at Preston accused of complicity in a remarkable kidnapping and murder conspiracy, and other arrests are expected soon.

Emil Dreckman, who lives on a farm about fourteen miles south of Spring Valley, was the intended victim of the conspiracy. He received a letter more than a week ago demanding $6,000, and threatening that unless he paid over the money his son would be abducted and the father killed.

The Dreckman home was attacked by a band of men on the night of April 8, but they were driven away.

The county attorney, after a thorough inquiry and after threatening the alleged culprits with prompt punishment should they repeat their disturbances, caused the six young men under arrest to be discharged.

The finding of the dynamite and the note caused much excitement until it was learned who had been the perpetrators of the joke.

MILLERS BOOSTING PRICES

First Patents Selling for $6.20 at Minneapolis.

The bull market in wheat has resulted in the boosting of the price of flour in Minneapolis until first patents are now selling at from $6 to $6.20 a barrel, or about $2 a barrel more than prices long obtaining there. Some 325 loaves can be made from a barrel of flour and the bakers say that counting labor and other expenses they can no more than break even at the present cost of flour. They are now making a fourteen-ounce loaf in sixteen-ounce pans and are considering an agreement to reduce the weight of the loaf to twelve ounces. In order to do this new pans and other apparatus will have to be substituted for machinery now used. The price of the loaf, 5 cents, will not be advanced.

FROM ST. PAUL TO CHICAGO

General Offices of Chicago Great Western to Be Removed.

President Horace G. Burt of the Chicago Great Western railroad has decided to remove the general offices of the company from St. Paul to Chicago as soon as possible. The preventing factor at this time is a lack of means and the difficulty of securing the consent of the receiver and of the court to spend the money necessary to make the change. The headquarters of the road were kept in St. Paul because it was the home of former President A. B. Stickney. Mr. Burt believes that Chicago is the logical headquarters.

ATTORNEY TIES UP PAVING

Council Will Appeal to State Capitol for Ruling.

There is still a commotion at Albert Lea over the paving contract and the city is divided in advocacy of creosote blocks, the material ordered put in by the city council, or of brick. The contract was awarded to Messrs. Fielding & Shepley of St. Paul by the council, but now the city attorney claims the action should be by ordinance. The city council will take the matter to the attorney general for an opinion.

Love Cause of Suicide.

Despondent over an unfavorable turn taken in his love affairs E. R. Beaurre of Minneapolis stuffed the keyhole of his door in a boarding house with a handkerchief and turned on the gas. He was found dead in bed when the door was broken open.

DR. O. F. MELLBY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jackson & McGinn Block
Thief River Falls, Minn.

DR. CRANDALL,
DENTIST.
Office over First National Bank

LAW OFFICE OF
PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

Dr. Andrew Ekern,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, - North Dak

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

People past middle life usually have some kidney or bladder disorder that saps the vitality, which is naturally lower in old age. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects urinary troubles, stimulates the kidneys and restores strength and vigor. It cures uric acid troubles by strengthening the kidneys so they will strain out the uric acid that settles in the muscles and joints causing rheumatism. A. Bjerkhoel.

Hotel
Ogahmah
O. A. ROBBECKE, Prop
Strictly First Class in Every Way.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds Prevents Pneumonia

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Indians of the White Earth reservation are fast disposing of their allotments and inside of a year there will not be many Indians owning land there. According to the Waubon Forum 141,000 acres of land have already been sold by the Indians in Mahnomen county which contains 355,000 acres of land. No record is given of the transfers in Becker county.

Beltrami county has over three fourths million acres of vacant homestead lands. It leads all counties in the state in vacant government lands, every acre of the richest and most productive and tillable soil; with "practical drainage and road work," close to the best of markets for timber and farm products, and near the great transcontinental railways.—Bemidji Sentinel.

Germantown.

(Too late for last week.)

And now it does seem that spring is approaching in earnest It can hardly be said this year that the awaited season comes with a rush; but according to the popular supposition that slow and sure go together we are well supplied with good faith in the future. With favorable weather now on work on the fields will be quite generally commenced the latter part of this week.

Albert Hendrickson, the mail-carrying contracter of the Germantown-Esplee route and living up near Esplee, had the misfortune of losing his house and its contents by fire two weeks ago.

Distributing agents of the Alden Publishing company of Chicago were round about the country last week delivering the new Standard Atlas of Marshall county recently published by that concern and for which orders were taken last fall.

Mrs. Martinus Johnson was on the sick list last week but is now reported as being well.

The first regular meeting of the recently organized farmers' club was held at Vaughan Bros. & Co's. April 4th and a pleasant afternoon spent is reported by all who attended. The next meeting is to be held at the home of the secretary, John Philipp. May 9th, at 1 p. m., and a large gathering is expected. Topics and speakers for the meeting have been arranged as follows: The farmers' organization and its purpose—Henry Roller; Grain Raising—John Philipp; Dairying—N. Bundlund; Education—Kathryne Kaliher; Poultry—Mrs. J. Philipp. It is also intimated that some outside speaker may be present.

Carl Edseth has been busily engaged for some time moving his house to the lot which he purchased last fall from Mrs. Rohrer, north and west of the creamery.

Otto Hohle and Otto Lee, of Liner, passed through here with a new ditching machine, which is to be used extensively up in their country the coming summer.

A more accurate test of cream is promised by the creamery hereafter as a new scale was installed last week for weighing the samples instead of using the pipette measure as has been done before.

The Ladies' Aid Society meets with Mrs. L. Bendickson May 5th.

O. J. Blom was up from Thief River Falls last week and succeeded in buying another large bunch of cattle in the western part of this township.

Bad roads have delayed the mails more or less on the different routes the past week. The roads are in better condition. however, than is usual at this time of the year, when the present frosty weather ceases.

Mr. and Mrs. Sights, of Maxam & Sights Comedians, need no introduction to the people of Thief River Falls. Maxam & Sights Comedians opened Evenson's Hall some years ago, and Mr. and Mrs. Sights have played here several summers with Billy Bennett's tent theater, having been the principal actors with that organization for six summers. All will remember Mrs. Sights' clever acting, and her pleasing statement. On Wednesday evening she will be seen in one of her favority parts, as "Stephanie Demorivart", in "Forget Me Not" or Six Weeks in Rome." On Friday evening she will play her masterpiece, "Lady Isabel", in "East Lynne", or "The Elopement." When this company played Grand Forks and Fargo this season the papers of those cities pronounced her work in the part as being above criticism: She has few equals and no superiors in the part of Lady Isabel.

Root Hog, Or Die.

It looks as if the limit of genuis was reached in a device which The National Hog Feeder Company, of Hunter, N. D., has recently had manufactured at the Anderson Foundry in this city. It is an affair which was designed to enable or cause the hog to grind his own food. It is a regular grinding mill, with a hopper at the top into which the corn or grain is poured; but the ingenuity is shown in the lower arrangements. These consist of eight or ten little wooden ears that extend out about eight inches from the side of the machine, forming, with the side of the machine, a V-shaped space, at the inner end of which is a small opening. The feed, when ground falls at these openings and as the hogs press their snouts toward this opening they force the lower disc of the machine to revolve, and that power grinds the feed. The hog quickly learns that every time he pushes the machine forward or around for even a little distance he gets food, and it is said to work like a charm.—Moorhead News.

Steenerson Rewards Political Worker.

The following dispatch from Washington shows that Congressman Steenerson remembers his friends:

"Representative Steenerson has recommended the appointment of Mrs. Delphine Nigen as postmistress at Espelvet, Minn., and the appointment is a case of political reward well merited.

Mrs. Vigen's husband is a homesteader, and while she runs the postoffice he is working out a home for them.

Last fall when the election came on, engineers and surveyors who were working in Polk and adjacent counties brought reports to Mr. Steenerson that there was a woman up there who was traveling all over the county working in his behalf. Investigation developed the fact that it was Mrs. Vigen. Her interest in the congressman arose from the fact that he had enabled her husband to hold his homestead until he could make final proof on it, and her work in the campaign was very effective."

State Land Sale.

The sale of state lands in Red Lake county will be held on the 11th day of June at the auditor's office in Red Lake Falls. A list of the lands offered at this sale are published in another column, and Auditor Iverson hopes to dispose of all of the state land in the county at this sale.

School Notes.

(Too late for last week.)

During a fire drill at the High School building last week, the children succeeded in getting out of the buiding in forty seconds.

The enrollment to April first of this year exceeds the total enrollment of last year by fifteen pupils. For the whole year the increase will be in the neighborhood of forty-five

Of the new pupils who entered during this month the greater number are enrolled at the Central.

Commencement exercises will take place this year on the evening of May 28th, class day exercises on the preceding evening. The graduating class is securing a handsome statuary from Boston, to be placed in the High school as a class memorial. It is valued at $55.

Several of the normal department students are learning to begin work as teachers in the rurals. School boards desirous of securing competent instructors should give the normal students the preference over others, as these young ladies have had almost one year's actual practice as teachers and the same length of time in school organization and management.

Parents can well afford to inquire as to the conduct of their children at the public library. Several recent cases of rowdyism there on the part of some school children—and some of them girls—compelled the library board to order the librarian to cut off all library privileges forthwith from those offending in the future.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil is the means of life and enjoyment of life to thousands: men, women and children.

When appetite fails, it restores it. When food is a burden, it lifts the burden.

When you lose flesh, it brings the plumpness of health.

When work is hard and duty is heavy, it makes life bright.

It is the thin edge of the wedge: the thick end is food. But what is the use of food when you hate it and can't digest it?

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the food that makes you forget your stomach.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

INGOT STEEL CULVERTS

Corrugated and Galvanized.

FOR BETTER ROADS.
SAFE—PERMANENT

WON'T ROT.
WON'T RUST.
WON'T CRACK.

Not affected by freezing and heaving of water, or soil.

HIGHWAY & RAILWAY.

Bridges and Culverts.
Economical.

Northern Culvert Company.
Manufacturers.
Thief River Falls, - Minn.

Foley's Honey and Tar is a safeguard against serious results from spring colds, which inflame the lungs and develop into pneumonia. Avoid counterfeits by insisting upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, which contains no harmful drugs. A. Bjerkhoel

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

For the Business Man

Mental concentration and overwork means the loss of vitality. Digesto, with its food properties and mild tonic qualities, make this Malt Extract a necessity to every business man.

Digesto is Efficient and Palatable
At all Drug Stores

Digesto
MALT EXTRACT

MADE ONLY BY
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul
BREWERS OF
Hamm's Famous Beer

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

Best grade, 3-4 Percale, all colors, per yard
4¾ Cents

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Best grade Apron Check Ginghams, per yard
4¾ Cents

We Announce to the People of Thief River Falls and Vicinity

A DISSOLUTION SALE

Beginning Monday, April 26.

A SALE IN WHICH THE PRICE OF EVERY PIECE, PARCEL AND YARD OF MERCHANDISE IN THIS STORE WILL BE RADICALLY REDUCED IN A DETERMINED EFFORT TO TURN THESE GOODS IMMEDIATELY INTO CASH.

The firm of O. J. SCHEI & CO., have decided to dissolve partnership. $25,000 must be raised in this settlement. This sale is for the purpose of raising that money quickly. We shall depend upon our low prices to accomplish this result. We will make them low enough to do it. This sale comes right at the time when you most need the goods. Wants and needs for spring and summer can now be filled at the lowest prices ever known in Thief River Falls on like merchandise. The store will be somewhat topsy-turvy for we expect big crowds. Therefore, we beg your indulgence and patience. We will wait upon you as soon as we can get to it and will insure you complete satisfaction in every purchase.

Below we tell specifically about many examples of what the selling will be:

Dissolution Shirt Sale.

We handle only the best and most desirable brand of shirts.

Work shirts, 50c and 65c values, discount sale price	39c
Work shirts, $1.00 values, discount sale price	79c
Negleo shirts, collars attached, $1.00 values, now	79c
Negleo shirts, collars attached, 75c values, this sale	59c
Negleo shirts, collars attached, 50c and 65c	39c

Dissolution Men's & Boys' Underwear Sale.

Men's all wool underwear, regular $1.50 grade, at this sale	$1.19
Men's all wool underwear, regular $1.00 grade, at this sale	79c
Men's Balbriggan underwear, regular 50c grade, at this sale	39c
Men's & Boys' Balbriggan underwear, regular 25c grade	19c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Women's Knit Underwear

The time has arrived when the remaining numbers of this line must quickly bid us good-bye. They Will.

Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $3 value, dissolution sale price	$1.98
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $2.50 value, dissolution sale price	1.79
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $2 value, dissolution sale price	1.49
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	1.15
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Ladies' 2 piece medium weight underwear, 50c value, at this sale	39c
Ladies' 2 piece medium weight underwear, 25c and 50c value	19c

New Spring and summer underwear at greatly reduced prices.

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Muslin Underwear.

If you don't need these beautiful Undermuslins now, you will soon. These reduced prices bid you not delay.

Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	$1.19
Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Dress Goods.

This Dress Goods stock has been enjoying immense patronage during the last few weeks. Now we shall quickly reduce the stock by severely reducing the prices. Black and colored dress goods, suitings, etc.—all the popular new weaves.

Rajah Panama, for suits or skirts, regular $1 values, dissolution sale price	69c
Black or colored dress goods, $2 values, dissolution sale price	$1.59
Black or colored dress goods, $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19
Black or colored dress goods, $1.25 values, dissolution sale price	99c
Black or colored dress goods, $1 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Black or colored dress goods, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Black or colored dress goods, 35c values, dissolution sale price	28c

All the Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Silks, etc., at dissolution sale prices.

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Sale On Men's Correct Clothing.

It is not a matter of whether or not you need a suit now. If you ever expect to buy a new suit, come to this sale while prices are at the lowest ebb you ever saw on stylish, guaranteed clothing.

Men's Suits, regular price $25, at this sale	$19.75
Men's Suits, regular price $20, at this sale	15.75
Men's Suits, regular price $18, at this sale	14.40
Men's Suits, regular price $15, at this sale	11.75
Men's Suits, regular price $12.50, at this sale	9.75
Men's Suits, regular price $10, at this sale	7.75

Overcoats, Cravenettes

Men's overcoats, regular price $20, at this sale	$15.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $18, at this sale	14.40
Men's overcoats, regular price $15, at this sale	11.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $12.50, at this sale	9.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $10, at this sale	7.75
Men's trousers, regular $5 value, at this sale	3.98
Men's trousers, regular $2.50 value, at this sale	1.98
Men's trousers, regular $2 value, at this sale	1.59

For Cash and Cash Only.

Clipping The Prices In Boys' Suits.

Now is the time to fit out your boys with a new Spring suit. Never has our boys' suit department been so complete. You'll find the biggest suit bargains you ever secured.

Boys' Suits, regular $10 value, dissolution sale price	$7.75
" " " $8 " " " "	6.40
" " " $5 " " " "	3.98
" " " $4 " " " "	3.19
" " " $3.50 " " " "	2.80
" " " $3 " " " "	2.40
" " " $2.50 " " " "	1.98
Boy's knee pants, regular $1.50 value, at this sale	1.19
" " " " $1 " " " "	79c
" " " " 50c " " " "	39c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Shoe Sale.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children. New Spring styles in both Oxfords and high shoes, all leathers, black or tan. Crosette and Red Cross shoes not included.

Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $4, dissolution sale price	$3.39
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $3.50, dissolution sale price	3.09
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $3, dissolution sale price	2.55
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $2.50, dissolution sale price	2.18
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $2, dissolution sale price	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $2.50, dissolution sale price	2.18
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $2, dissolution sale price	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $1.50, dissolution sale price	1.28
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $1, dissolution sale price	85c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Grocery Prices During the Dissolution Sale.

Make it the best of household economy for you to lay in your table supplies now.

Canned Corn, solid pack, per can	7c
Canned Tomatoes, solid pack, per can	9c
Best Grade Soda Crackers by the box, per box	6c
I C Baking Powder, 25c size	19c

Savings in Separate Skirts.

We dare say that every woman who inspects these skirt offerings will secure at least one skirt bargain—this is as long as the lots last.

All skirts, regular price $12.50 value, at this sale	$9.75
All skirts, regular price $10.00 value, at this sale	7.75
All skirts, regular price $8.50 value, at this sale	6.75
All skirts, regular price $5.00 value, at this sale	3.98
All skirts, regular price $4.00 value, at this sale	3.19

Waists, Wrappers, Petticoats, etc., at Dissolution Sale Prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

ALL GOODS AS ADVERTISED.

Dissolution Trimmings Lace Prices.

This entire lace stock will probably be closed out during this sale.

All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 50c per yard, dissolution sale price.	39c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 25c per yard, dissolution sale price.	19c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 15c per yard, dissolution sale price.	12c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 10c per yard, dissolution sale price.	8c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Embroideries.

Very special prices made on very desirable goods will cause customers to flock to this counter. The largest and best selected stock the Golden Rule has ever shown.

All 50c Embroidery, dissolution prices.	39c
" 25c " " "	19c
" 18c " " "	14½c

For Cash Only.

Dissolution Curtain Sale.

Some of these curtains are very small lots at very short prices. You can secure the greatest curtain values of the year right now.

Lace curtains, regular price $5 values, dissolution sale price	$3.98
Lace curtains, regular price $3.50 values, dissolution sale price	2.80
Lace curtains, regular price $3 values, dissolution sale price	2.40
Lace curtains, regular price $2.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.99
Lace curtains, regular price $2.00 values, dissolution sale price	1.50
Lace curtains, regular price $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19

Series, Curtaining, Silkolene, etc., at dissolution sale prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Linen Sale.

Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Crash—everything in Linens at cut prices.

Table Linen, $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	$1.19
Table Linen, $1.00 value, dissolution sale price	79c
Table Linen, 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c
Table Linen, 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c
All towels, regular 25c value, dissolution sale prices	19c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

The GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE

O. J. SCHEI & CO.

Thief River Falls, - - - - - - - - Minnesota.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The federal grand jury which has been in session at Chicago for four months, chiefly engaged in investigating charges of rebating made against packing companies, probably will adjourn when it reconvenes April 21. As Attorney General Wickersham has chosen to warn the packers against pursuing their method of collecting damages on shipments, alleged to be tantamount to accepting rebates, instead of going into court, where the government is not sure of success, no indictments will be returned against the stock yards concerns.

The statement was given out from the United States district attorney's office at Muskogee, Okla., that Special Attorney Sylvester Rush and District Attorney Gregg at Tulsa had decided to abandon any further prosecutions of Governor Charles N. Haskell and the six other prominent Oklahomans recently involved in the Muskogee town lot cases.

Declaring Jacob M. Dickinson is not a Democrat, that he does not represent the South and that he is closely allied with the corporations W. J. Bryan, in the current issue of the Commoner, attacks the secretary of war for presuming to pose as a representative of the Southern Democracy and criticising President Taft for appointing him.

Frank Gotch of Humboldt, Ia., succeeded in retaining his title as champion wrestler of the world by defeating Yusiff Mahmout of Bulgaria in a fast and furious match at Chicago. Gotch won two straight falls in eight and nine minutes, respectively.

Judge Smith McPherson, in an amended decree handed down in the United States district court at Kansas City, reserved exclusive jurisdiction in Missouri's rate cases and in effect instructed the state courts to keep out of the case.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

The New York stock brokerage firm of Ennis & Stoppani, one of the largest operators on the Consolidated Exchange and having branches in various cities of the United States and Canada, has been placed in the hands of a receiver. Liabilities are said to aggregate $1,500,000.

Wheat bulls received a severe setback on the Chicago board of trade when prices toppled precipitately. July tumbled an extreme 4⅜ cents, May 3¼ and September 3¼. Patten bought furiously all along the line and managed to stop the decline.

Dispatches to Dun's Trade Review indicate well sustained progress in the business situation, although recovery is naturally slow. Easter trade was generally satisfactory in all sections.

Following a conference held in Kansas City it was stated that nearly a thousand lumber mills in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Florida will be shut down for an indefinite period.

The highest price paid for cash wheat in St. Louis in thirty-one years was recorded when sales of No. 2 red were made at $1.47 to $1.50.

THE DEATH RECORD.

General Matthew C. Butler of Edgefield, S. C., former United States senator and one of the last of the Confederate cavalry generals, died at Columbia, S. C., aged seventy-three.

William E. Bainbridge, a special agent of the United States treasury department, who has been attached to its consulate at Paris, committed suicide by shooting.

Leonard A. Rosing, chairman of the Minnesota state board of control and once candidate for governor on the Democratic ticket, is dead at St. Paul, aged forty-eight.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 19.—Wheat—May, $1.24⅜; July, $1.24⅜. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.27⅝@1.27⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.26⅝@1.26⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.24⅝@1.24⅞; No. 3 Northern, $1.22⅝@1.22⅞.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.75@6.00. Hogs—$6.65@7.00. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; yearlings, $6.50@7.00; lambs, $7.50@7.85.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 19.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.27; No. 1 Northern, $1.25½; No. 2 Northern, $1.23½; May, $1.23¾; July, $1.23⅞; Sept., $1.09. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.67; May, $1.66; July, $1.66; Sept., $1.44½; Oct., $1.38¾.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.75@7.00; Texas steers, $4.50@5.70; Western steers, $4.40@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.60; cows and heifers, $2.00@6.00; calves, $5.00@7.25. Hogs—Light, $6.70@7.20; mixed, $6.85@7.20; heavy, $6.85@7.20; rough, $6.85@7.00; good to choice heavy, $6.85@7.10; pigs, $5.65@6.50. Sheep, $3.65@6.15; yearlings, $6.15@7.25; lambs, $5.50@8.20.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 19.—Wheat—May, $1.27; July, $1.16¾@1.16⅝; Sept., $1.07; Dec., $1.0[illegible]. Corn—April, 70c; May, 70¼@70⅛c; July, 68⅛c; Sept., 68⅛@68⅜c; Dec., 58⅝c. Oats—May, 55⅛c; July, 49⅛@49⅜c; Sept., 41⅝c; Dec., 41⅝c. Pork—May, $18.20; July, $18.20; Sept., $18.17½. Butter—Creameries, 22@26c; dairies, 20@25c. Eggs—21@22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 14c; springs, 15c.

The New Boarder.

"What did you say your name was?" inquires the landlady in a hoarse whisper.

"Camp."

"Ladies and gentlemen, this is Mr. Grant."

She waves you to a vacant chair. The young lady on your right drops a half bow. The young gentleman to your left drops a pork chop. Thus, amid covert sneers, supercilious glances and general awkwardness, you take your place among an alien people.

"A hash house introduction always reminds me of a minstrel show," declares the humorous boarder. "Be seated, gentlemen; know each other and be acquainted."

Whereat you must smile.

"Chase the cow this way," continues the humorous boarder in time honored reference to the milk pitcher, whereat you must guffaw.

"You are always master of ceremonies," says a young lady boarder to the humorous one. "As for me, I'm too timid."

"Why are you timid?"

"Oh, I'm so little!"

"Sweet goods come in small packages."

"So does poison."

Fine old repartee! After dinner you ascend to your hall bedroom and wonder if you will ever be at home in this company. But you know you will. Within a month you will be lending money to the humorous boarder and perhaps have a love affair started.—Puck.

Not a Success.

The manager of the subscription book department was telling of some of his experiences. "The funniest case I remember," he said, "was that of an applicant for a job at book canvassing from whom I expected great things. He made a careful study of the literature we supplied him with and was very enthusiastic. Judge of my surprise when the first morning he went out back he came and handed in his resignation.

"'But you should not be so easily discouraged,' I told him. 'Few make a success at the start, and you acknowledge that you went into only two places.'

"'Only two,' he said lugubriously. 'One was a real estate agent, who persuaded me to sign a contract for two lots in Fizzleburst, and the other was a tailor, who sold me a suit of clothes I didn't want.' And, shaking his head mournfully, he mumbled 'Good day' and went out."—Lippincott's.

In the Hands of the Law.

An impecunious young lawyer recently received the following letter from a tailor to whom he was indebted:

Dear Sir—Kindly advise me by return mail when I may expect a remittance from you in settlement of my account. Yours truly, J. SNIPPEM.

The follower of Blackstone immediately replied:

Dear Sir—I have your request for advice of a recent date and beg leave to say that, not having received any retainer from you, I cannot act in the premises. Upon receipt of your check for $250 I shall be very glad to look the matter up for you and to acquaint you with the results of my investigations. I am, sir, with great respect, your most obedient servant, BARCLAY B. COKE.

—Success Magazine.

Redundant Particulars.

Cleveland people consider the name of their town sufficient as an address without the addition of Ohio, and one protesting against the use of the name of the state tells a story to illustrate the folly of redundant particulars. "It reminds me," he said, "of the fussy Englishman who went up to St. Peter and said, 'I'm from London.' And then, for fear the saint might mix him up with somebody else, he added, 'London, England, you know.' That riled the good old gatekeeper. 'From London, England, eh?' he said. 'Well, Mr. Man from London, England, you're knocking at the wrong door. Your new address is Sheol, Brimstone county, Dominion of Lucifer!'"—Exchange.

The Gnu In the Zoo.

They've got a gnu in the zoo. It's a new gnu. That is to say, no one ever knew it there before. When it arrived it had very little coat. Consequently it was in a state of gnudity; hence, this new ditty we are composing on the subject. But now it is no longer gnude. That new gnu knew something and grew a new coat for the cold weather. If some people knew what that new Nubian gnu knew, they would keep their hair on.—London Scraps.

Importance of Vowels.

Do you fully realize the importance of the vowel "e" in English? The inscription, "Prsvrypfctmnvrkpthsprcptstn," over the Decalogue in an English country church puzzled people for 200 years. Pepper it properly with "e's" and you may read, "Persevere, ye perfect men; ever keep these precepts ten." Easy, isn't it?—Boston Globe.

Modest Modern Man.

Whatever may be said of the modern man, he cannot be said to be lacking in modesty. While the ancients did their utmost to prove that they issued from the gods, we do our best to demonstrate that we have descended from monkeys.—Paris Journal.

Merely Local.

Young Thomas, afflicted with a green apple pain in his midst, thus explained his condition to his mother. "Mother, I've got an awful bad pain right in the middle of my stomach, but the rest of me feels fine!"—Lippincott's.

In this world one must be a little too kind to be kind enough.—Marivaux.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Area.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	31	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	33	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	30	153	42	38.07
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	21	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	18	150	44	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.62
N½ NW¼	10	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.53
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.38
SW¼ NW¼, [illegible] and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77
N½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
SE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 20th 1901, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 04146, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 152 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, " "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Plen H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

We often wonder how any person can be persuaded into taking anything but Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung trouble. Do not be fooled into accepting "own make" or other substitutes. The genuine contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkheel.

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Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swenson, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 273.

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 05-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 8th day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893.05, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL, Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY, Attorney for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minn.

apr 22-may 27.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 24, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 132, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nikolai O. Sortedahl, assignee and holder thereof to E. G. Buse by written assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of May, 1906, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 356, which said mortgage, together with the said debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said E. G. Buse, assignee and holder thereof, to Scandia American Bank by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of March 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 2 of Mortgages on page 34; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely, That tract, or parcel, of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake 410 feet South and 530 feet South, 89° 30' West of the quarter section corner between Sections Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred fifty one (151), Range forty four (44); thence south 14° West 775.8 feet to a post; thence north 75°, 15' West 310 feet to a post; thence north 14° East 678.6 feet to a post; thence North 89°, 30' East 330 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5.51-100 acres, more or less, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday the 28th day of May, 1909, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nineteen Hundred thirty four and 81-100 Dollars, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and Fifty attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 8, 1909.

SCANDIA AMERICAN BANK, Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. A. MILLER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

apr 15-may 20.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders O. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Esholby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 20 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 40 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S. E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼) (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 25th day of May, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY, Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY, Attorney for Mortgagee, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

apr 8-may 13.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 22nd, 1901, made H. E. No. 109, Serial, No. 04058, for NE¼, Section 20, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Tollef S. Holum, " "
Hans O. Hanson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., March 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Emil O. Uggerud, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June, 23rd, 1901, made H. E. No. 191, Serial, No. 0161, for NW¼, Section 29, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 5th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Tom H. Omlid, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Ole L. Ottum, " "
Halvor Fodwad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

mar. 18-apr. 22.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Olaf O. Finberg, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 10th 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6775, Serial No. 02255, for NE¼ of SE¼, lots 1, 2, Section 30, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 11th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Louis Larson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ole Finberg, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

If you have backache and urinary troubles you should take Foley's Kidney Remedy to strengthen and build up the kidneys so they will act properly, as a serious kidney trouble may develop. A. Bjerkheel.

Mrs. F. G. Frils, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is best for women and children, as it is mild, pleasant and effective, and is a splendid spring medicine, as it cleanses the system and clears the complexion. A. Bjerkheel.

Ole C. Brenna,
Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls
Phone No. 118.

During the spring everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. It furnishes a needed tonic to the kidneys after the extra strain of winter, and it purifies the blood by stimulating the kidneys, and causing them to eliminate the impurities from it. Foley's Kidney Remedy imparts new life and vigor. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkheel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

A. Anderson, city jeweler, is now closing out his stock at 25 per cent and 40 per cent discount. Some goods go at factory prices. Don't miss this chance. All lodge emblems, pins and charms will be sold at cost, these are mostly solid gold. Please call soon if you want to get this bargain. Brother jewelers, if you want to stop this slaughter sale, you may go together and buy my stock as I know my business for you is worth having.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
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Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

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A LIVING FROM ONE ACRE.

The statement is frequently made that a family, industrious and economical, can secure a good living off four or five acres of land. A recent issue of an eastern periodical tells a story better than this—how a woman supported herself and two children on the proceeds of one acre. While the case may be exceptional, it is at the same time interesting and suggests a solution for much of the worst type of poverty from which folks in the congested districts in the large cities are suffering. The woman in question went in debt for the acre of ground, the only profit giving fixtures thereon being twelve currant bushes and thirty stands of bees. With borrowed money she secured five ducks and one drake, a setting of Wyandotte eggs and six pairs of pigeons. She has lived on the place four years, and last year from a quarter of an acre devoted to poultry over 1,000 ducks were sold at two and three months old and 400 pounds of feathers. On the rest of the acre there are now 600 currant bushes, 50 raspberry bushes, 100 White Wyandotte chickens, 24 White Holland turkeys, 60 pairs of pigeons and 75 stands of bees. The bees were the increase from the original stands secured with the place, the currants from cuttings taken from the first bushes and the chickens from the first setting of eggs. From the pigeons 400 squabs were sold, besides the stock left on hand. The case related simply shows what can be done where determination is coupled with a purpose to make the most of one's opportunities. It also furnishes proof of the fact that in the vast majority of cases of poverty and destitution the root of the difficulty lies not so much in the environment and opportunity as in the individual himself and his wasteful or vicious habits.

CELERY CULTURE.

Celery seed is very slow in germinating, and one is often led to think that the seed he has bought is no good. However, in the course of about four weeks the little plants will appear. For an early supply the seed is sown in the hotbed or boxes indoors. For the later it may be sown in the open ground. The strongest plants will be secured by transferring the little plants from their seed bed to a plot by themselves and from this again transplanting to the permanent bed or trench. This should be of rich soil, as the celery plant is a heavy feeder and should be so situated that it will be handy to a good water supply. Various methods are followed for blanching, perhaps the most satisfactory for the small bed being to dig a trench and set the plants seven or eight inches below the surface of the ground, the earth being pulled around the plants when the time for blanching arrives. Celery plants are just like any others in that to grow to the best advantage they should be hoed frequently, so that the soil may be kept in proper condition.

JUVENILE CORN GROWERS.

Agricultural colleges of many states are this year more than at any time before making a special effort to secure the co-operation of the boys and girls of their territory in the setting aside of small farm areas for the growing of a few rows of thoroughbred corn. The general plan followed is to furnish them with the pure seed, proper directions for preparing the soil and cultivation of the crop and for keeping tab on the results at picking time; coupled with this, notes during the growing season, giving the number of stalks in the hills, suckers, barren stalks and other needed information. Those growing the corn under the conditions laid down will be allowed to exhibit their best ears in the experiment station corn show next winter. There is hardly any way in which the good work which is being done by the agricultural colleges of the country can be better exemplified than in this, and much good is sure to result.

TREAT THE SEED.

There may be some readers growing potatoes on a small scale who have never used the formalin treatment for scab in potatoes. For those who do not know how the job is done it may be well to repeat it. The solution in which the potatoes are soaked is made by stirring one-half pint of 40 per cent formalin in fifteen gallons of water—more of both if a larger quantity is desired—and in this solution soaking the freshly cut seed for a period of two hours by placing it in a gunny sack and immersing it. When the seed has soaked the desired length of time the sack may be raised, the solution allowed to drain back into the barrel and other seed treated in the same way. It is well where possible to plant the potatoes on the same day that they are soaked.

Thriftiness in any flower or vegetable is usually increased by trimming back tops and roots at the time of the several transplantings. This gives a stalkiness and vigor that cannot be secured in any other way, and, while the plant may seem to make slow progress with such treatment, it makes up for it many times when set in its permanent place.

The dairyman who has tuberculosis in his herd, knows it and postpones remedial action is simply putting off the evil day, for the trouble is bound to go from bad to worse, entailing the loss of many of the best animals and heavy expense in replacing them. Thus, viewed merely from the standpoint of dollars and cents, it is expedient to weed tuberculosis out of the herd the earliest possible.

Many of those who are acquainted with the irrigated fruit growing sections of the Pacific coast are of the opinion that Imperial valley, in the extreme southern portion of California, has promise of being one of the greatest fruit growing sections in the country. While there is quite intense heat during the summer months, the nights are cool, and other climatic conditions favorable to a perfect fruit development exist. If this is the case it will become a strong rival of the famous Hood river apple growing section.

Among many methods which have been suggested for the eradication of that worst of all weed pests, quack grass, is that of fencing off portions of the infested area and turning hogs into it with no rings in the nose. It is claimed that hogs are very fond of the rather fleshy roots of the grass and will keep at work at the rooting business until all the grass is killed out. While the plan might not be successful or practicable over large areas, it is at least worth a trial by those who have the quack grass problem on their hands.

The Minnesota legislature has lately passed a law placing a bounty on crows and blackbirds. While there is not much that can be said for the crow, the blackbird is viewed by the biological survey, which has examined carefully into its diet and habits, as economically useful to the farmer. The red winged blackbird is the most useful member of the blackbird family, being a great feeder on the caterpillars of the gypsy and brown tail moths and also including in its bill of fare the cankerworm, weevils, click beetles and wireworms.

Two things on a good many farms need a better chance to show what they can do for themselves, the boys and girls and the soil, which are the chief assets and measures of success and prosperity.

It is just as unreasonable to expect old Biddy to keep out of a bed of mellow earth on the sunny side of the house as ducks to stay away from a pond of water. On this account it is well to fence the hens from the flowers or the reverse.

When the calves are a few weeks old they should have whole corn and oats where they can get a good bite of the ration once or twice a day. This will tide them over until there is good grazing. There is no harm if the light grain ration is kept up well into the summer.

The scrub farmer will likely get along just as well and perhaps better with scrub stock as thoroughbreds, as the former for generations have been used to putting up with most any kind of care and accommodations and as a result will not suffer so much if compelled to shift for themselves.

The size of the different leading breeds of sheep is quite directly traceable to the abundance of feed in the pastures in which they have had range for successive generations. The same law seems to hold also in the case of horses and cattle, the Shetland pony and the Percheron and the Jersey cow and Holstein being the products of widely different native pasture conditions.

The work of getting a stand of clover on land which has not been growing it may be simplified if a small quantity of soil from an established field of clover is scattered on the land with the manure before it is plowed, a species of bacteria work on the roots of clover largely increasing their capacity to absorb nitrogen from the air, and if these bacteria are present in the soil when the young plants are getting root they will be strong and thrifty as a result.

The thinness of the milk cow may be the result of her inherited tendency to convert her ration, all but that necessary for her bare existence, into milk, or it may be due to a diseased condition of body. In the latter case the cow will in addition to being thin have a sick appearance, in which case the cause of her trouble should be inquired into. Tuberculosis is quite likely to be the malady, and this can be determined by means of the tuberculin test, which should be made without delay.

It is a sorry day for any community when the homes therein so far fail to fulfill their mission that the municipality is called upon to exercise the authority and restraint over the boys and girls that should be exercised by the parents and has to have a curfew ordinance and establish juvenile courts. These are to be commended as makeshifts, but only as such. The better order is where the parents in each home look after their own children, make the home an attractive place for them and keep them from gadding nights.

The sensible purchaser of pure bred stock will insist that breeding animals which he purchases at long prices shall be free from tuberculosis infection. If the owner is not willing to guarantee them as such, the former would better not buy, even at bargain prices. Pure bred cattle more than scrubs are prone to tuberculosis, this being due to the fact that they are usually coddled, kept stabled and have an impaired vigor as a result of inbreeding. Some of the worst instances of this disease have been found in just such herds.

There are many sections in the southern states that have been and are today under the disadvantage resulting from being devoted too exclusively to the growing of the great staple cotton, which makes them dependent upon other sections for their vegetable, grain and hay supplies. This one line business, while it has its distinct advantages, has also its drawbacks in agriculture as well as in industry. Diversification with crop rotation is being introduced in many sections of the south, resulting in a resting and renovation of the soil and making such locality more independent. The system is one that should be more generally adopted.

While dairymen here and there may not concur in the statement, it seems to be largely true that the dual purpose cow, as the term is generally understood, is likely to be a sport—that is, a decidedly beef type, so far as build and general appearance goes, but an individual in some one of whose ancestors a milk giving habit made its appearance. It is because of this rather exceptional tendency to milk giving that makes the development of a breed of such cattle so difficult a matter. In either the strictly beef or dairy types the breeding of the type traces back to an ancestry in which the beef or the milk habit is very pronounced and firmly fixed. The result of this is that the use of sires and dams of either type gives a large per cent of offspring which show these well developed characteristics. The dual purpose cow, having largely a beef ancestry, will produce relatively few calves of a large milking capacity.

F. E. Trigg

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

C. H. Newbury & Co.
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

J. P. Forsberg,
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON
LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Admission—Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE.
A. STENSETH.

NEW SPRING

GOODS!

Our dry goods buyer, Mr. Hamre, has just returned from a visit to the Eastern Markets, where he selected a beautiful line of

DRYGOODS

For Spring and Summer Trade.

Our selection is one we are proud of, and no effort has been spared in selecting the

Latest and Most Up-To-Date

Novelties on the Market.

The goods are now being unpacked as fast as they arrive, and in a few days we will have one of the most complete stocks in the Northwest.

Watch Our 'Ad' Next Week.

LANGSETH MERC. CO.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.11
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.57
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Fr. Roman, of Mahnomen, was the guest of Fr. Adolph last week.

FACTORY

Piano Sale!

Anyone desiring a bargain in a strictly

High Grade Piano

can not affard to miss our sale. ONE CARLOAD OF PIANOS direct from the factory now on exhibition in the old building formerly occupied by Zeh Confectionery, directly opposite Klimek Jewelry store on La Bree Ave. Do not fail to call and investigate our special easy payment plan. Now is the time to buy a piano right. PRICES THE LOWEST, QUALITY THE BEST, PAYMENTS THE EASIEST. Call early while we have a large assortment to select from.

FRANK KOPS
SALES MANAGER.

F. J. Stebbins left yesterday on a trip to Badger and Roseau.

Superintendent of Schools Anderson was in the city yesterday.

For water telephone No. 71, or leave orders at Pete Ellingson's restaurant.

O. J. Bloom was down to St. Paul the first of the week with a car load of cattle.

Deputy U. S. Marshall Ryder was in the city yesterday, being en route to Badger.

Julian Provincher was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

L. O. Robertson returned yesterday from a trip to Barnesville, where he has business interests.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Dr. A. J. Klimek left Tuesday on a trip to Warroad, Beaudette and Spooner. He will return on Saturday.

Contractor F. S. Deege last Thursday commenced work upon a $12,000 school building which he is to erect at Fairdale, N. D.

Coffee and cake social at the Salvation Army Hall Tuesday evening, April 27th. Tickets 10 cents. Everybody cordially invited.

There will be services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Cordial invitation to all. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Mrs. Martin Simpson, who had been visiting friends here and at Thorwick, returned to her home at Grand Forks Monday.

Bishop Morrison, of Duluth, will hold services next Sunday evening at 7:30 in the Methodist church. All are invited to attend.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will serve a baked beans supper in the Masonic building on Friday evening of this week.

W. J. LaBree was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Rier Rierson, the Holt merchant, was in the city yesterday.

Fr. Adolph was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Frank J. Cernousek was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Andrew Stenseth returned to this city yesterday from a trip to Iowa where he had been looking after some land deals.

Dr. Klimek the eye specialist who fits eye glasses correctly will be in his home office from April 24 to May 1. Cross eyes straightened by his scientific system.

John Sorenson returned yesterday from a trip to Minneapolis, where he had been with a car load of potatoes. He intends to buy more potatoes in the near future.

For Saturday at Zeh & Curran's. Everything in the green vegetable and fruit line.

A committee representing the Commercial Club of Warren was in the city last evening to confer with members of the local Commercial Club on a matter of mutual interest.

P. J. Stebbins last week closed a deal for the sale of the building just north of his drug store to Patrick Devany, of Fergus Falls, who will remove here and engage in business.

Harry Schuster spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls. Rumor has it that Harry went down to receive pointers in millinery, but as the statement can not be confirmed we'd die 'fore we'd mention it.

The firm of O. J. Schei & Co., proprietors of the Golden Rule is to be dissolved. That means that the stock will have to be reduced and prices have been made that will do it. Now is the time to buy.

A second operation was performed upon Frank Grundy, the oldest son of Dr. and Mrs. Grundy Tuesday evening. The boy is resting very well, but is quite weak. If no complications set in he will soon be able to be about.

Chief of Police Lang received a telegram from Tom Butler, of Deer River, stating that his wife, Myrtle Butler, was dead and asked if there would be any objection to having the body brought to Thief River Falls and burried in the cemetery here. Relatives of the women reside in the city.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

For Saturday at Zeh & Curran's. Everything in the green vegetable and fruit line.

Attorneys Farley and Gorme, of Red Lake Falls, were in the city Tuesday, being interested in a case tried before Judge Bishop Tuesday, in which E. G. Buse sued the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract company for $350 for wages.

Rev. David B. Duncan, D. D., of Crawfordsville, Ind., will preach in the Presbyterian church Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Services next Sunday as follows: In Thief River Falls in the church east of the Soo depot Sunday evening at 7:45. Student J. K. Casperson will preach; Immanuel congregation Sunday morning at 10:30; Zoar congregation Sunday afternoon at 3:30; Immanuel Young People's Society will meet on Apr. 24, at 7:30 with Mr. and Mrs. K. Solheim. M. D. Dahle.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

Thief River Falls Creamery.

The following is the statement of the Thief River Falls Co-Operative creamery for the month of March, 1909.

Amount of cream received, 43991 lbs.
Amount of milk received, 1377 lbs.
Average test of cream, 26.41.
Average test of milk, 3.9.
Amount of butter fat, 11, 620.5.
Price paid, 32 cents.

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	3,810.01
Sales at creamery	235.15
Highlanding creamery	12.40
Other	7.00
Interest	4.10
Total	4,068.66

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	3,728.68
Paid into expense fund	275.40
Paid into expense fund for goods sold at creamery	21.40
Balance	40.18
Total	4,068.66

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 4,487 lbs.
Average test, 27.53.
Amount of butter fat, 1,098.60.

Increase over corresponding month in 1908, 48 per cent.

Increase over corresponding month in 1907, 158 per cent.

Those drawing 40.00 and over:

P. Engelstad	107.40
Isak T Folland, Helma	85.73
Fred Copp	72.86
John Hellquist	60.58
T. Silness, Halma	57.38
Soren Sorenson	53.76
And. Ecklund	50.82
Lars Hanson	48.96
John O. Folland, Halma	40.50
A. Moengen	42.78
And. J. Rindal	42.50
Carl A. Anderson, Middle River	41.22
S. O. Lee	40.80
Tom Holhm, Strip	40.06

P. Engelstad,
Secy.

Looking This Way.

J. W. Wheeler, a prominent Crookston banker, who has just returned from a business trip in Illinois said the following to a Crookston Journal reporter, the other day: "The people of Illinois are looking toward the Red River Valley. They are more fully convinced than ever before that we have what they want. Not only that but the wholesale houses of Chicago and the east want more business than they are getting in this section because they know that their money is good here. I think here is every reason to believe that we are going to enjoy a season of prosperity in this section such as has not been experienced for several years."

To Till The Soil.

"Dad" Newbery left last week for his homestead in the town of Goodridge with four-horse teams and a supply of farm machinery and provisions. "Dad" says that he is going to break up and put into flax 1,000 acres this spring on his own claim and upon land he has rented. He may have over estimated his capacity for work to some extent, but we hope that what land he does put into flax yields thirty bushels to the acre and that the price is $2 per bushel.

The Fishing Laws.

As the season for spearing fish is here it might be well for our readers to know the law on this subject. The law provides that pickerel, suckers, redhorse, carp and bullheads may be taken with a spear at any time of the year without limit. A light may be used except in May and June in catching these fish. Fishing with hook and line is prohibited until the 1st of May, and bass cannot be caught until May 30.

Will Be Satisfied Here Now.

After spending a year in Oregon, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Haugen returned to this city Monday and will spend the balance of their days upon their farm near this city. They went to Oregon with the intention of locating permanently, but are now convinced that there is no better place than this section. They had foresight enough not to sell their farm of which they are very glad.

School Notes.

A letter from Miss Day bears the sad information that her father died last Friday at his home in Janesville, Wis. It is expected that Miss Day will return to Thief River Falls this week.

Under the Putnam bill, recently passed by the state legislature, ten high schools in the state will each receive $2,000 annually if they establish domestic science and agricultural departments. Application has already been filed by the local high school for this aid. Among other requirements, the bill calls for the cultivation of, at least, five acres of ground for experimental purposes.

Parents who take their children out of school in the spring cannot expect them to be promoted at the close of the school year with their grades. It takes the average child nine months to accomplish the years work satisfactorily and only maturer age and superior ability can overcome this fact. Parents cannot afford to handicap their offspring in the race of life by curtailing their school privileges.

Grass seed has been sown on the Knox school grounds. This school block has, by considerable labor, been converted into a handsome park and in the future years with some further improvements will become the beauty spot of the East Side.

School closes this year on May 28th. Promotion cards will be distributed the last week of school to those who are entitled to the same.

It may not be amiss to announce again that all the high school and grammar students are daily assigned from one to two hours work for homestudy. Wherein the pupils fail to perform these home tasks parents may rest assured that their children are failing in their school work.

Among the curiosities this week in Janitor Ronnestrand's workshop is a live alligator some thirty inches long. This creature will soon receive some special attention from the janitor which will qualify it to "go up head" in the large class of mounted specimens that now adorn his workroom. It is expected that next year Mr. Ronnestrand's special knowledge of taxidermy may be utilized in the establishment of a high school museum; at least of the many small animals and birds that are common to this section.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.

Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Bids Wanted on Township Bonds.

The town board of the township of Clover Leaf, County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, does hereby give notice, and does offer for sale its Township bond in the aggregate sum of ($5,000) Five Thousand Dollars. The town board of said township will up to the 3rd day of May, 1909, receive sealed bids on said Township Bond of $5,000, interest to be paid annually, said Bond to run for a period of twenty years from its time of issue.

The town board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The town board will meet at the office of the Town Clerk at 3 o'clock p. m., on the 3rd day of May, 1909, to open and take the bids under consideration.

Chas. Svendsgaard,
Clerk.

Clover Leaf Township, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Germantown, Minn.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending April 17, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Cota, Joseph
Berlin, W. A.
Hanson, Ed
Hall, E.
Lee, Edwin
Olson, Gunder
Mr. Prestegaard
Paranteau, Dan

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

To the Public.

Notice is hereby given that my wife has left my bed and board and all persons are hereby notified not to extend her credit on my account. Peter Newman.

For Sale—My Reo Runabout. Carries 2 to 4 passengers. Guaranteed in good condition. Dr. Penney.

Notice.

I wish to say to the public that Peter Newman had no cause for warning the public against extending me any credit as I have never asked for any credit, my own credit being good enough. Mrs. Carrie Newman.

AT THE BIJOU.

The following is the program for the last half of this week:

"Stirring Days in Old Virginia"
"A Daughter of Erin,"
"Who is Smoking That Rope,"
"Bill Jones' New Year Resolutions."

Songs: "Nearest and Dearest," "You Can't Stop Your Heart from Beating for the Girl You Love"

Rocksbury.

Rather fine weather, but spring seems kind of slow in breaking up.

Miss Mable Satre is spending a part of the week with her sister, Clara.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Miller spent Sunday at J. A. Thorstad's.

Miss Anna Meehan left last Saturday night for Milwaukee, Wis.

The Y. W. S. C. met last Friday evening with Mrs. Satre, the usual number attended and they report a fine time.

Miss Ida Rondorf spent Sunday at her home.

The life of the staves of the wooden silo may be considerably lengthened if they are given a liberal painting with a coat of hot coal tar.

Minnesota hens last year produced eggs which were valued at $15,975,000, while the value of dressed poultry marketed during the same period reached a total of $11,000,000.

The hen census places the total number of these useful fowls at present in the United States at 230,000,000. The total number of eggs laid enables every person in the country to have 200 eggs in the year for breakfast.

It is worth while sowing clover with small grain, even if it is to be plowed under the same fall. The benefits derived from growing the legume is, however, greatly increased if it is allowed to grow the second season, the first crop being made into hay and the second plowed under as a fertilizer for the next year's crop.

When the roads are mellow after the spring thaw and before they bake is the proper time for going over the highways and smoothing them down with the road drag. Two or three times over will scrape off the ridges, fill up the ruts and foot holes and put the roads in fine, smooth condition, so that they will easily shed the heavy spring rain and mire up less easily during the rest of the season. There is no time during the whole season when so much can be done for the public highways at so little cost as in the early spring days, when they take their shape easily for the whole season.

The state of Florida is now engaged in the extensive undertaking of draining the Everglades, a work that is made possible by the fact that the area is of a slightly higher elevation than the sea, being confined by a narrow rim of terra firma, which has to be cut at given places to make the drainage of the wet lands possible. Small areas have been reclaimed during the past few years and are producing fine crops of garden truck. The larger areas being redeemed total 3,000,000 acres, which, with others capable of reclamation, will doubtless be devoted to the growing of citrus fruits and garden vegetables.

Many a young orchard has been damaged badly the past winter by rabbits as a result of exceptionally heavy snows, which covered up other sources of their food supply, together with the wrappings of the trunks, and gave the pests access to the unprotected trunks and limbs, resulting in serious mutilation or where the trunk was badly girdled the destruction of the tree. The small boy and the gun are usually a combination that results in more harm than good when bird life is concerned, but it does not hold good when it comes to rabbits. There are many sections of the country which would be entirely overrun were not an active warfare waged against the rodents throughout the fall and winter months, and even where this has been most vigorous there seems to be no likelihood that the species is going to be completely exterminated.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1909 NUMBER 18

MANY DEER ARE KILLED

Wolves Killed Many Deer in Country North the Red Lakes This Winter.

Hunters and Trappers Who Spent the Winter There Tell of the Conditions.

Stories brought into town by people, who have spent the winter in the country north of the Red Lakes are to the effect that the usual destruction of deer has been unabated during the winter just past. Most of the destruction is attributed to the wolves, but considerable may also be traced to the human wolves, who kill with fine disregard for game wardens, game laws and all that tends to throw protection about the game of the forest.

Trappers and hunters, who have been in the woods this winter, say that the number of deer killed is enormous. The carcasses of from 5 to twenty deer have been found together in places and all of the marks point to their having been destroyed by wolves merely for the satisfaction of their ferocious natures. Rarely, the wolf kills for food. More often he kills for the pure love of killing and out of the viciousness of his nature lacerating the throat of his victim and leaving the carcass on the ground. The dimunition of the number of deer in the north woods may be traced directly to that cause. During the short hunting season, many deer are killed but if the wolves did not take their part in the bloody fray, there would be no cause for fear of the extermition of deer for very many years. If the wholesale destruction of the game by the wolves continues at the rate maintained in the past, however, it will not be many many years before hunting will be a thing of the past as far as deer are concerned.

There is a growing respect for the game laws in lumber camps, the trappers say. Time was when a man was detailed to go out into the woods to get meat for the camps at any season of the year. Now that practice has ceased almost entirely and the lumber camps are furnished with meat by means other than by the violation of the game laws.

The foreign settlers form a problem for the game wardens, however. To the settler, struggling to make a living from the none too fertile ground, endeavoring to make his homestead a paying proposition with small capital and against fearful odds, the temptation to supply his table with meat by the use of his gun is so great that a good many of them are unable to resist and many deer fall on that account.

Determined efforts are being made to stamp out the wolves, or at least to reduce their number to such an extent that they will not be so destructive. With the state and county bounties as an inducement trappers have been very successful in their warfare on the wolves during the past winter. If the number of wolves in the county can be materially decreased, the chances for preserving a sport which now threatens to be destroyed will be very much improved.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The following is a report of the secretary of the St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery Ass'n. for the month ending March 31st, 1909:

Total amount cream received, 60,585 lbs.
Average test, 24.18.
Total amount butterfat, 14,655 lbs.
Total amount butter made, 17,226 lbs.
Total amount money received, $5,062.06.
Running expenses, $268.29
Average price paid for butterfat, 32½ cents.
Total amount paid to patrons, $4,702.87
Paid into sinking fund, $51.35
Paid patrons in checks, $4,615.04.
Paid by salt, oil, butter, etc., $96.48
Cash on hand at end of month, $32.85.

Those receiving $50 and more for butterfat are:

Andrew Mortenson	$76 26
Fred Seeger	70 20
Emil Just	68 96
O. L. Larson	64 31
L. P. Thyren	54 00
H. Haupt	61 84
John Konikson	61 75
John Albin	61 49
N. A. Nelson	59 79
O. W. Brink	55 18
H. O. Wiken	54 19
Chas. Gustafson	53 95
Salmer Swanson	53 43
Ole Larson	51 90
Claus Henricks	51 31
A. E. Anderson, Bray Station	51 22

Alexander the Winner.

The voters of the Third ward held a straw election last Saturday for the purpose of selecting an alderman to recommend to the city council for appointment. Some 128 men cast their votes and the result was 123 for Charles Alexander and five scattering. The supporters of J. C. Berg, who have confined their efforts to getting out a petition did not as a general thing participate in the election, but have confined their efforts to securing more signers to the petition, and it is said that when the council meets next Tuesday evening the number will be greatly increased. Just what the council is going to do in the matter of appointment is a hard thing to say, but it is understood that the matter of appointing an alderman will be settled at the meeting of the council next Tuesday evening.

Home Team Won.

The Thief River Falls and Fosston high school teams played an exciting game of ball on the grounds in this city last Saturday afternoon. It took twelve innings to finish the game and the result was a victory for the home team, the score being 6 to 7.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

We solicit your business. Prompt and efficient attention to every matter entrusted to our care.

FOR

Real Estate Loans

WE CAN GUARANTEE SATISFACTION. . . .

We pay 5 per cent on Time Deposits. We represent some of the best Insurance Companies, both for city and farm property. Tickets to and from Europe sold.

Farm Lands and City Property bought and sold. Inquire or write,
H. P. SPONHEIM,
Manager.

People's State Bank.

COUNTY COURT HOUSE GOES UP IN SMOKE.

Records and Books All Saved but the Building Is a Complete Wreck.

Red Lake Falls Citizens Aid the Flames ---Insurance More Than Covers the Loss.

The expected has happened!

Red Lake county's court house at Red Lake Falls was burned to the ground last Friday evening. Like most fires in Red Lake Falls, it is hard to say how it started. Smoke was discovered about the building at 7 o'clock in the evening, but smoke is something which never bothers the average Red Lake Falls citizen—they always want to see a blaze before they will believe there is a fire. An hour later the blaze broke through the roof of the building. This was a signal to call out the fire department. The hose cart was paraded through the principal streets of the town, and a fire was started in the engine. People at once got busy and saved all of the records and papers in the court house, and kicked out most of the windows in the building in order to furnish a good draught for the fire. By the time the engine had up enough steam to throw water, the building was enveloped in flames and the fire department was confined to the saving of an electric light pole which stood upon the corner and to the credit of the department it can be said that this was done.

In so far as Red Lake county is concerned, it is the gainer by the fire. The building was insured for $3,500 and was probably not worth a third of this amount. All of the records, books and office furniture in the court house were saved, and the only loss is that of the building. A special meeting of the county commissioners was held on Saturday and temporary quarters for county officials were rented in one of the many vacant buildings of that place.

Just what action the board of county commissioners propose to take now is a matter of conjecture. It would seem that if the board was fair an election would at once be called and the people given an opportunity to vote upon the location of a county seat before any steps are taken to build a new court house. Under the law, it is said, the county commisssoners now have the power to issue bonds in an amount not to exceed $100,000 to build a new court house, but before any such extravagant step is taken it would be wise to let the people decide by a vote the location of the county seat. There is to be a special meeting of the county board on Friday of this week and it is quite likely that at this time some action will be taken.

Big Sale is Now On.

The dissolution sale of the Golden Rule Department Store started on Monday of this week, and large crowds of people have been taking advantage of the exceptional bargains offered by this firm. The stock is all new and the goods of a very high grade, and the announcement of the sale was sure to attract large crowds. People from outside of the city from Warroad, Roseau, Badger Greenbush, Middle River, St. Hilaire, Red Lake Falls, Plummer, Newfolden, Strandquist and other towns have not been slow in coming to the city to take advantage of this tremendous slaughter in the prices and all are buying large quantities.

Was Not Henry.

A dead man was found floating in the river last week at Crookston and inquiry has been made of towns along the Red Lake river asking if anyone had disappeared. A rumor was started that it was Henry Gorkey, who disappeared from the city quite suddenly last fall, but this proves to be untrue as Henry is engaged as a bus driver for a hotel at Grand Forks.

A Spraying Calendar for Farmers, Fruit Growers and Gardeners.

The State Entomologist has published calendar (Press Bulletin No. 31) for the use of farmers, fruit growers and gardeners stating just what to do to successfully combat various insect pests and fungous diseases, and when to apply. Recipes for making the various compounds accompany the calendar. The apple, plum, raspberry, currant, strawberry, tomato, potato, squash, cabbage, etc. are dealt with. Copies of this bulletin may be obtained free of charge by addressing the Entomological Division, care of the Experiment Station, St. Anthony Park, Minn.

Roseau Man Arrested.

Sheriff Olson, of Roseau, was in the city last Saturday and took home with him Joe Scott, who was arrested by Chief of Police Lang upon advice received from Roseau county authorities. Scott hired a team of a Roseau livery man stating that he desired to drive out in the country for a few miles. Instead he drove to Karlstad and took the train to Thief River Falls leaving the team on the streets of Karlstad.

A Big Potato Field.

The importance of the potato industry and of the growing of one variety only is emphasized by a bit of news reaching us this week to the effect that a farmer living near the railroad in Ottertail Co. has contracted with a big firm to furnish them with all the potatoes he can raise on 275 acres of land this year, said potatoes to be all of one variety and the firm to pay 28 cents a bushel for them. The railroad company will run a side track into the man's farm for the purpose of facilitating the shipping.

Fine Horses.

Olaf Ramstad returned to this city last week with two fine imported French Percheron stallions, and it is his intention to form a stock company of farmers and sell the horses to them. The stallions were imported from France about two weeks ago by Peterson Bros., of Litchfield, and are said to be the finest ever seen in this section. It is Mr. Ramstad's intention to sell the stallions at exactly what they cost him and is doing this with a view of aiding the farmers of this section in improving their stock. The stallions can be seen at Jensen & Son's livery barn.

Work Progessing.

The surveyors on the new Duluth-Thief River Falls line are in the country south of the Red Lake and north of Bemidji this week working towards Thief River Falls. As the line is being located and this is the final survey, progress is necessarily not very rapid. It is expected that the Duluth line will connect with the Winnipeg line of the Soo about three miles south of this city and it is going to be as near as possible an air line. The surveyors are not going out of their way in any manner to pass through any of the cities or villages between here and Duluth. The surveyors are expected to arrive in Thief River Falls about the 10th of May.

Chief of Police Lang last Thursday evening, upon the request of a constable at Mentor, arrested Richard Ruten, a young man from that place who was en route to the Canadian Northwest with a car load of farm machinery, horses, etc. The complaining witness was a young lady of Mentor who desired to accompany Ruten and help swell the population of that growing section. The young man was taken back to Mentor Friday.

Frank Jeffers returned this week from the cities where he had spent the past two or three weeks. He surprised his friends by stepping off the train a full grown man and everybody was glad to note the improvement in his condition. In the manipulation of the artificial propellers he is becoming quite proficient. The greatest difficulty, he says, is that sometimes he neglects to give his feet sufficient exercise and they go to sleep.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

WILL GET TOGETHER

Merchants of This Sections of the State to Hold a Meeting Here on The Ninth of May.

Object of the Meeting Is to Form an Association for Mutual Benefit.

Merchants living north of here on the Soo and Great Northern lines have been invited to meet in this city on the 9th of May for the purpose of forming a Merchants' Association. Circulars signed by Peter Lofgren, of Pelan, W. C. Addy, of Strandquist and Israel Sjoberg of Roseau, have been mailed to all of the merchants of this section and are as follows:

"It has been urged upon the writers, by various merchants in this locality, to organize A Merchants Association for our mutual benefit in selling merchandise. We wish to take in every merchant on the Soo and Greenbush lines, north of Thief River Falls and the adjacent country stores.

"The object of this association, besides its social features, would be especially to get a line of credit on every farmer in the locality, and if possible, keep together on the price of staples in each town. Now it goes without further saying that such a condition of affairs amongst us, would bring about a better system of buisiness, and less work and worry for each of us.

It has been deemed practical to have all the merchants interested in this project, to meet at Thief River Falls, May 9th, at the Hotel Evelyn, to discuss this question, and to organize the association.

We all can realize the benefit, we can gain if we get together, and co-operate in forming this organization.

"The writers earnestly request that you make it a personal matter to attend this meeting, for unless we get a majority of the merchants present, it will be hard work getting started. Now you try, and make a personal effort to come, for a good time is assured to all."

Postals Won't Do.

Fraternal societies and every society that levies assessments must, according to the recent ruling of the postoffice at Washington, levy these assessments on other than postal cards. For years postals have been used by the various societies to notify their members of dues and their payment. The department has ruled that this is nothing more nor less than a dun, and the violation of the postal law which will not permit any line of business to mail a statement of account to a patron in an unsealed letter. The same rule is held to apply to the fraternal assessment.

Subscribe for the News.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

KEEP US IN MIND

WHEN YOU NEED A LOAN ON YOUR LAND.

We are AT ALL TIMES (not only SOMETIMES) in a position to make loans on good farms at a low rate of interest.

• • •

We make loans on three, five or ten years' time, and can, if desired, arrange partial payment terms. Principal and interest payable here, and at any time of the year most convenient to the borrower.

• • •

If you need a loan now or in the near future write us or drop in and talk it over. We can take your application and the money will be on hand when you wish it.

Citizens State Bank

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.10
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.50
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Dr. Mellby was down to Crookston the first of the week.

F. A. Grady and E. G. Buse were up from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Judge Andrew Grindeland of Warren, was in the city the first of the week.

Dr. Teal left Tuesday evening for Euclid to visit his parents for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Austin and Miss Alice Hall were up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

The Y. P. S. of the Synod meets this evening at 8 o'clock in the basement of the church.

The Ladies Aid of the United church meets next Wednesday, May 6th with Mrs. O. C. Hanson.

Ed Porter is in the city this week visiting his brother, Chris Porter and other old time friends.

H. A. Ridder, U. S. Marshall, was in the city yesterday, being enroute to Middle River and Strathcona.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets this afternoon in the basement of the church with Mrs. A. C. Hanson.

For Saturday at Zeh & Curran's: Everything in the green vegetable and fruit line.

This section was visited Monday by a genuine Dakota dust storm. Although there was no clouds in the sky, the air was so filled with dust that the sun could not be seen.

Bankers C. L. Hanson and Oscar Sponheim went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to attend the Ninth Congressional District Bankers' convention. They will return today.

Ladies don't forget that we have a new line of veil pins, Hairboretts and hat pins, also watch the window for the guessing contest. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

The Women Workers of the Presbyterian society will be entertained tomorrow (Friday) afternoon in the church parlors, by Mrs. G. L. Sterns, Mrs. Paul Corson and Mrs. Theo. Dock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Royal Neighbors will celebrate their eleventh anniversary by a grand public ball in I. O. O. F. hall, Wednesday evening, May 5th. Tickets 50 cents. Ice cream will be served in the hall for 10 cents. Everybody invited.

Supt. J. H. Hay spent last Friday up at Roseau attending to some business matters. Mr. Hay says that he was very much surprised to find such a progressive and enterprising city and predicts a great future for Roseau and Roseau county.

It is now announced that the change of time on this branch of the Great Northern will not go into effect until the 23rd day of May. On this date there is to be a general change of all passenger trains on the Great Northern system.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's saw mill will be started up for the season the latter part of this week or the first of next week. The mill was "turned over" Monday and all the machinery was found to be in ship-shape.

Consumption

is, by no means, the dreadful disease it is thought to be—in the beginning.

It can always be stopped—in the beginning. The trouble is; you don't know you've got it; you don't believe it; you won't believe it—till you are forced to. Then it is dangerous.

Don't be afraid; but attend to it quick—you can do it yourself and at home. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod Liver Oil and live carefully every way.

This is sound doctrine, whatever you may think or be told; and, if heeded, will save life.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Synod next Sunday at 10:30 A. M., in Silverton at 3 P. M. All invited. I. T. Aastad.

For Saturday at Zeh & Curran's: Everything in the green vegetable and fruit line.

Carl Ables, who for the past number of years has been one of the edgermen in the employ of the Thief River Falls Lumber Company, made a trip to Wisconsin last week and returned with a bride. The young couple will commence housekeeping in the near future.

Mrs. A. G. Harris, of Bemidji, arrived in the city last Thursday to visit relatives and friends, but departed on Friday evening's train for Crookston in response to a telegram conveying the sad intelligence of the death of her husband's brother, who had died suddenly at Devils Lake, N. D.

E. L. Quist closed a deal the first of the week whereby he purchased the Plummer Pioneer of Charles W. Latta. Mr. Quist has installed Homer Mussey as editor and business manager of the Pioneer, and the issue this week will be under his supervision. It is not known what the future intentions of Mr. Latta are, but as he is still postmaster at Plummer, it is quite probable that he will continue to reside there.

SCHOOL NOTES.

It is gratifying to report that Wesley McCrum, Frank Grundy and Delia Jacobs, all of whom have been seriously ill this spring, are now safely on the road to recovery.

The graduating class of '09 cannot be accused of not aiming high. With the assistance of the school authorities, they are trying to secure Hon. J. Adam Bede, W. J. Bryan or Governor Johnson to deliver the commencement address next month. Failing to induce one of these to perform the task, they will try some lesser light. Mr. Bryan passes through Thief River Falls the middle of May on his way south from Winnipeg on a lecturing tour.

Passing mark is 75. Report cards tell the parents each month the exact standings of their children. Wherein they fail to meet the requirements, inquiry should be made as to the cause. Promotions are based on these marks.

The Juniors propose raising funds the latter part of this week at some convenient place down town. Particulars will be made public by means of hand bills.

It is apparent that practically the entire high school enrollment will maintain its attendance until the close of this term. The only serious loss in any part of the schools is among the boys in the intermediate classes in the Knox, where many of them drop out in March and April, presumably to take a month's rest before beginning work in the saw mill.

Miss Day returned on Sunday last from Janesville, Wisconsin.

Not a few of the teachers intend visiting the Seattle exposition this summer.

The Fosston high school baseball team suffered defeat at the hands of the locals last Saturday to the tune of 7 and 6. The contest continued through twelve nerve racking innings and the game belonged to anybody several times during the excitement, though the winners led throughout. A return game will be played at Fosston a week from Saturday. Red Lake Falls is expected up this week for a game. The absence of a baseball crowd at these high school contests creates no little comment. Better get out next Saturday and show some town and school enthusiasm.

Dora Clark of the normal department, substituted on Tuesday for Miss Wold, who was ill.

Rocksbury.

This lovley (?) weather reminds a person of winter rather than summer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Callaway returned home from their trip to Missouri.

Una and Marjie Miller spent Sunday at home.

Quite a number of young people gathered at Nels Nelson's last Saturday evening. The evening was spent in playing various games and a real nice time is reported.

Navigation Opened.

Capt. Joseph Duchamp, of the boat Duchamp, arrived in the city Monday, making the first trip to this city from Highlanding with a boat. Mr. Duchamp reports that there is a large amount of freight here to be carried to settlers and storekeepers up the river and that the boat will be kept busy for a number of days getting it up river.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Roads Must Be Fixed.

Postmasters thruout the State have received the following order from the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General at Washington under date of March 29, that should be read by road overseers and some action to relieve present road conditions on some of the routes from this office: To the Postmaster: Sir—You will take the matter up with the local road authorities and patrons residing in the locality of bad roads on routes from your office and inform them that the department insists upon roads covered by rural delivery being kept in good condition for travel at all times, and this matter should receive their immediate attention. If it is found that sufficient interest is not shown in the service to maintain the routes in good condition for travel, they will likely be amended so as to avoid neglected roads, or if this cannot be done the discontinuance of the routes will have serious consideration. You should report results to this office at the expiration of sixty days from date hereof, in order that, if action has not been taken looking to the improvement of the roads, the department may consider the advisability of withdrawing service from these roads which are in bad condition.

May Organize Base Ball Team.

A committee has been making the rounds among the business men this week to secure donations towards starting a base ball team. The promoters feel confident that with the assistance of the citizens they can secure enough material with which to make a team equal to that of last year as practically all of the players of last year's team can be secured.

Lippe, the famous twirler for the locals last year, who is now in Iowa, states that he is willing to associate himself again with the Champs, and likewise Burgen and Levee who are now in the Range country, and all the rest are here and ready to again take up the bat.

The Champs, through their splendid record last year, proved an excellent advertisement for this city and we feel that with the material now at hand the team would be well qualified to retain their former record and every citizen ought to donate liberally toward the organization of a ball nine.

AT THE BIJOU.

Another great western subject, is the latest feature film of "The House of Selig". This story seems to be the most popular of these plays yet produced. The story deals with the adventures of James Hart and his young wife in their search for gold. There is much in the balance of the bill that is on the excellent order.

Dramatic — "The Mad Miner," "Where is My Wandering Boy To-night," and "The Stepmother." Colored phantasy "Wonderful Eggs." Two beautiful pictured melodies will be rendered this change, "I'm Tired of Living Without You," and "The Boy's in Blue are Turning Gray." Amateurs this coming Friday evening as usual. A special souvenir matinee Saturday at 4 sharp—everybody will get a useful keepsake.

Gilbert S. Wedmar Dead.

Gilbert S. Wedmar, for fifteen years a resident of Thief River Falls, died Sunday morning at 7 o'clock. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon and the remains buried in Greenwood cemetary. The deceased was born in Norway and was 61 years of age. He came to this country when a young man and served in the Civil War. He was the father of ten children, seven of whom are now living. For the past several years the deceased had not enjoyed good health and death was due to a complication of diseases.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending April 24, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Swanson, Miss B.
Enger, L.
Gordon, N. L.
Jensen, R.
Johnson, Chas. E.
Mehn, Thorlin
Merys, Ole P.
Olson, Miss Linda
Sutenberg, Mrs. Carolina
Howard, Mrs. George

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Foley's Honey and Tar is a safeguard against serious results from spring colds, which inflame the lungs and develop into pneumonia. Avoid counterfeits by insisting upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, which contains no harmful drugs. A. Bjerkheel

For Sale—My Reo Runabout. Carries 2 to 4 passengers. Guaranteed in good condition. Dr. Penney.

The friends of this paper will please hand us in the news items when they are fresh. We prefer not to publish a birth after the child is weaned, a marriage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow has married again.—Ex.

NEW SPRING GOODS

We are showing this season a most beautiful line of Dress Goods, and remarkable values.

Wool Dress Goods.

Our line comprises all-wool Panamas, plain and fancies, Serges, Mohairs, and the very latest in fancy suitings, in Kopenhagen blue, smoke grey, and all latest shades.

Prices, 40c to $2 per yard.

Walking Skirts.

We are proud of our skirt line. The Buckingham and Beverly skirts cannot be excelled. We have them in all colors, and very latest styles. Panamas, Serges, Fancies and Voiles.

Prices, $2.50 to $20.

Petticoats.

If you want a first class and stylish Petticoat, buy the Waterloo. *We have just received a* beautiful assortment in Heatherbloom and silks.

Prices from $1.25 to $6.

Clothing.

Our stock of Clothing is now complete. We are sole agents for the celebrated Adler suits for men. We have the latest novelties, all shades and colors.

Prices the Lowest.

100 men's suits to be closed out at wholesale prices. Get one of these suits before they all go. Large discount on children's suits. We save you money!

Wash Fabrics.

White and colored, of exceptional merit. Comprising Linen suitings, Persian Lawn, White Crepe, Madras waistings, Ginghams and White Outings. Our colored Lawns are most beautiful.

Prices, 5c to 35c per yard.

Shirt Waists.

Our popular priced Waists, in Lawn and Batiste, lace and embroidery, are the most beautiful we have ever shown. We sell only the celebrated Dubrock waists.

Prices, $1.25 to $3.

Trimmings.

Our line of Laces, Embroideries, Overlace and Netting for shirt waists, is the largest in the city, and we can not enumerate the many beautiful effects. We are selling more trimmings than all our competitors.

Prices the Lowest.

Shoes and Oxfords.

We have the largest and best shoe stock in the city, but it is too large and must be reduced. We have now a bargain table for shoes to close at prices way below cost. Come in and see for yourself.

Ladies' and Children's Oxfords in Tans, Chocolates and Oxbloods.

Prices the Lowest.

We invite all and everybody to call and inspect our immense stock. Every department complete. We guarantee prices to be right. STRICTLY ONE PRICE TO ALL!

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

How the Debt Was Collected.

In the home of a certain influential family they arose one morning to find that no breakfast had been prepared, even the kitchen fire had not been lighted. Upon investigation the cook was discovered peacefully reclining in bed.

"Are you ill?" inquired the mistress.

"Not at all. I feel quite well," was the surprising response, but still no persuasion would induce her to arise.

After a time the doctor was sent for. He put to her his usual questions, but the girl insisted that she felt perfectly well.

"If, as you say, you are not ill," said the man of pills and potions, "then tell me in confidence why you won't get up and go to work."

"Well," said the girl resolutely, "these people owe me $25, and I won't stir until they pay it."

"Do you think you'll get it quicker by staying in bed?" asked the doctor.

"I most certainly do," she replied, with a gleam of the eye that expressed determination to fight it out on that line if it took all summer.

The doctor, advancing, said: "Roll over and stay there. That's the only way you'll get it. They owe me $80."—National Magazine.

Marriage in Japan.

A Japanese husband is allowed only one wife, but to marry is sometimes a much more serious matter than with us. Either the husband must be formally adopted into the family of the wife or the wife into the family of the husband, the couple being absorbed into one family and subject to its discipline. As a rule, this custom weighs more heavily on the bride than on the husband, for she must not only obey her husband, but every member of his family of an older generation than himself; hence a young woman often longs for old age, so that she may wield authority over the younger generations. To bring about a marriage in Japan an intermediary is appointed, whose duty it is to introduce the parties and to look to every arrangement of the wedding. He remains through life the guide, philosopher and friend of the married couple, who refer all matters, all misunderstandings, to his counsel. — Pearson's.

Sneezing.

The custom of saying "God bless you" after sneezing must be at least as old as the fifteenth century, as a reference to it appears in the first edition of Caxton's "Golden Legend." After describing a certain malady which broke out among the early Christians, the result apparently of their intemperate habits, Caxton proceeds, "In this manere somtyme they deyed; so that whan any persone was herd snesyng anone that were by said to hym, God helpe you, or Cryste helpe, and yet endureth the custome." A curious superstition with regard to sneezing still lingers in the villages of Devonshire. It has found expression in the following couplet:

Sneeze on Sunday morning fasting,
You'll enjoy your own true love to everlasting.

In the highlands of Scotland it is believed that a newborn child is under the thrall of the fairies until it sneezes.

A Peg Too Low.

A tankard was made of precious metals, of pewter or of wood. Among the most ancient specimens are the "peg tankards." These are said to have been introduced by St. Dunstan as a check on the intemperance of his day. Pegs marked the tankard at intervals, beyond which the drinker was not to go, else he had more than his comrades. But, curiously enough, this device proved the means of aggravating the evil it was intended to remedy, for as a refinement on St. Dunstan's simple plan the most abstemious drinkers were required when the tankard went round to drink precisely to a peg indicated, whether their heads could stand the amount of such "distempering draft" or not. Thence comes the phrase, "He is a peg too low."—London Spectator.

They Do Their Share.

Milton complained of his wife that she did not talk to him enough. Three hundred years have wrought a change. When Matthew Arnold visited this country a woman with more zeal than discretion asked him:

"Mr. Arnold, will you tell me what is the most novel impression you have received in the United States?"

"Certainly, madam," he replied, with perfect English suavity. "The women do all the talking."—Youth's Companion.

Then He Went.

Mr. Saphedde—Enthusiasm is a fine thing. Now, I am always being carried away by enthusiasm. Miss Caustique—Yes, but the trouble is it doesn't carry you far enough.—Philadelphia Record.

Letting the Cat Out.

"What would you do if papa should die, Charlie?" asked the father before a room full of company.

"Send away the ugly nurse girl and get the pitty one ag'in!"—London Tit-Bits.

Safety Sandwiches.

Parson—Oh, Mrs. Hostess, how did you slice this meat in your sandwiches so evenly? Mrs. Hostess (delighted)—Oh, easily! We used my husband's safety razor.—Judge.

INGOT STEEL CULVERTS

Corrugated and Galvanized.

FOR BETTER ROADS.
SAFE—PERMANENT

WON'T ROT.
WON'T RUST.
WON'T CRACK.

Not affected by freezing and heaving of water, or soil.

HIGHWAY & RAILWAY.

Bridges and Culverts. Economical.

Northern Culvert Company.
Manufacturers,
Thief River Falls, - Minn.

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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

ON LIABILITY LAW

Governor Names Commission Authorized by Legislature.

GILLETTE, M'EWEN, MERCER

Employes, Labor Men and Attorneys Represented.

Governor John A. Johnson has appointed the three commissioners who are to investigate employers' liability legislation in other states and countries and report to the next legislature. The appointees are George M. Gillette, representing the employers; W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, representing the working men, and H. V. Mercer, representing the bar. The law provides that the employers and workingmen shall each be represented by one man and that the third commissioner shall be learned in the law.

These commissioners will serve without salary, but they will be allowed $5,000 to cover their expenses. It is Germany and other European countries which have workingmen's compensation acts.

A law passed by the last legislature requires employers and casualty insurance companies to file with state officials a report of all accidents in Minnesota.

MINNEAPOLIS WINS CASE

Cities Can Compel Railways to Bridge Crossings.

A city can compel a railroad company to bridge street crossings when the street has been established subsequent to the laying of railroad tracks, just as it can when the tracks follow the laying out of the street, was in effect held by the supreme court of the United States in deciding favorably to the city the case of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railroad company and the Great Northern Railway company vs. the city of Minneapolis. The roads resisted an order from the Minneapolis city council requiring them to erect a bridge over University avenue in that city on the ground that the street was laid out after the company had acquired its right of way and laid its tracks, which they contended imposed upon the city the responsibility of making the crossing safe. The case was heard in the district court of Hennepin county, where the decision was favorable to the railroads, but that decision was overruled by the state supreme court. The decision sustained the Minnesota supreme court. It was announced by Chief Justice Fuller.

TONNAGE TAX BILL VETOED

Governor Johnson Disapproves of the Measure.

Governor Johnson has returned to the legislature without his signature the Bjorge iron ore tonnage tax bill. This matter has aroused great interest in this state for many years, but never before has a bill carrying the idea into effect received the approval of the legislature.

The executive's reasons for the veto were fully explained in his message to the legislature. He maintained that the bill was more or less uncertain, that it was an ill-digested experiment and that it was not fully understood even by those who favored it. In the message it was said that the bill threatened to violate the fundamental principle requiring a uniformity in taxing the same class of subjects.

REGULAR BUSINESS ENDED

Biennial of the Y. W. C. A. Concluded at St. Paul.

The regular business of the second biennial of the Young Women's Christian Association of the United States came to an end at St. Paul with the re-election of the following as members of the national board for two years: Mrs. J. S. Broadwell, Mrs. J. J. Burton, Mrs. J. S. Cushman, Mrs. R. A. Dorman, Mrs. John French, Mrs. T. S. Gladding, Mrs. Charles Judson. Mrs. Florence Hyde and Mrs. Frank M. Worth were chosen to fill vacancies.

The roster taken just before adjournment showed there were 412 delegates at the sessions. Among them were women from England, Scotland, France, Germany, Canada and Australia.

North St. Paul Woman a Suicide.

Mrs. Lydia Krenik of North St. Paul took her life by eating the heads of matches and evidently the idea was suggested to her by the recent tragic death of Miss Morris, the young girl who ended her life in the same manner last week. Melancholy is supposed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Shipping of Iron Ore Begins.

Shipping from the La Belle iron mine at McKinley and the Miller iron mine at Aurora has started. The Mahoning mine, one of the largest on the range, is being placed in condition to ship and will begin shortly.

Mill and Elevator Destroyed.

The Montevideo mill and elevator, containing 3,000 bushels of wheat, have been destroyed by fire. The fire started from a hot box. The loss is $60,000, with about $50,000 insurance.

RANDALL HANSON IS DEAD

Early Chief of Police of Minneapolis Dies in California.

Judge Randall W. Hanson, the second chief of police in Minneapolis after St. Anthony and Minneapolis united and one of the prominent Masons in the Northwest, died at the Masonic home in San Gabriel, Cal., after an illness of one year. Judge Hanson's death was due to a stroke of paralysis and during his illness he was practically helpless.

Minneapolis politics were in a chaotic condition when Hanson was appointed chief of police in 1872 by George A. Brackett, who was then mayor. Mayor Brackett outlined a policy of municipal reform. Judge Hanson and Mayor Brackett held different opinions on many questions and though the police followed the orders of the executive to the letter Hanson thought he was not the man for the place, as he had no practical training as a police officer. Accordingly he resigned three months after he was appointed.

At the time he was made chief of police Judge Hanson was comparatively wealthy, but was unfortunate in business, and his fortune was lost before he left Minneapolis fourteen years ago.

ITALIAN KILLED AT ST. PAUL

Assassinated on the Street in Broad Daylight.

Although forewarned and forearmed Vincenzo Meyna, an Italian, was assassinated by four of his fellow countrymen in broad daylight at the crowded corner of Seventh and Neil streets, St. Paul.

Gostinat Meyna, a brother of the murdered man, escaped death by a hairbreadth, the bullet fired at him striking a money belt at his waist, following it around his abdomen.

The murderers escaped to the nearby railroad tracks and eluded the police.

The cause of the tragedy is not known, but the police hold to the Black Hand theory, although some believe that the killing was the sequel to an old feud.

Meyna died in the police ambulance while being taken to the city hospital.

The murderer and his three accomplices are known to the surviving brother and the police are confident that they will be captured before long.

WOMAN SAVES THREE TOTS

Breaks Into Burning House in the Nick of Time.

Battering down a locked door Mrs. Mary Thompson of Minneapolis saved the three children of Mrs. John Gordon from death in their burning home in the Mill City.

Mrs. Gordon went out on a shopping trip and, to prevent her children from straying, locked the doors behind her. In the house were Francis, aged six years; Nellie, his four-year-old sister, and Frankie, the baby, two years old. In their search for amusement Francis and Nellie discovered some matches and in striking them soon started a blaze. Mrs. Thompson heard their cries and attempted to break in the front door, but failed. She then forced the back door and carried out the children just in time to save their lives. The house was practically destroyed.

HOGS BRING RECORD PRICE

Sell for $7.25 Per Hundred at South St. Paul.

Hogs were high at South St. Paul on Saturday, so high that to get a lot that were billed in by the Johnson Hardware company of Hector to the Van Dusen-Harrington company a buyer paid $7.25 a hundred pounds, which is a record for this year. The average weight was 265 pounds.

Old timers in the live stock trade pronounced it an extraordinary price, but remarked that since wheat has had its fling and potatoes are mounting skyward it is only natural that porkers should cost more. Nobody has cornered hogs. It is just that they are scarcer than usual.

MANY STORES DESTROYED

Verndale Business Houses Burned to the Ground.

Fire at Verndale destroyed a large part of the business section. The total loss is between $45,000 and $50,000. The chemical engine failed to work and the fire was checked finally by a bucket brigade. Women rendered good assistance.

The Farmers' Mercantile company is the heaviest loser. About seventy-five farmers were interested co-operatively in this store and all will sustain losses on account of the fire, as the insurance was only half the value of the stock.

Planning Minnesota Census.

Tentative plans for the organization of the census enumeration in Minnesota have been completed at Washington. There will be nine supervisors appointed, one in each congressional district, and the census districts will conform to congressional lines. There will be 1,700 enumerators appointed and they will be under the direction of the supervisors.

Girl Commits Suicide.

Mary D. I. Morris, seventeen years old, killed herself by eating the heads of a box of matches in the apartments of Miss Frances Johnson, a school teacher, at St. Paul. It was her second attempt to end her life. An unhappy love affair is thought to have impelled the girl to self-destruction.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

H. B. Gallaher, vice president and general manager of the Northwestern Consolidated Milling company of Minneapolis, has tendered his resignation. It will take effect May 1. Mr. Gallaher is a veteran of the milling business. His work in Minneapolis began in 1876. His first position was with the Galaxy Milling company. In 1891 he became its vice president and general manager.

Minnesota's legislature for 1909 disposed of close to $9,500,000, including expenses and appropriations in the omnibus bill. The actual running expenses of the two houses was $288,000. Of this $150,000 was appropriated when the session convened. This was followed by $35,000.

Because the New Ulm city council reduced his salary from $125 to $100 a month Adolph Wagner, a member of the executive committee of the Minnesota Electricians' association tendered his resignation as superintendent of the city water and electric light plant.

A proposition has been made to the Bemidji Commercial club for the establishment there of one of the largest machine foundries in the Northwest, the offer being submitted by C. J. Anderson of Menominie, Wis.

The Twin City Rapid Transit company has made formal application at the war department for permission to extend its line from the present terminus on the Fort Snelling reservation to and across the new bridge.

Organized with a capital stock of $500,000 the Hoffelfinger Shoe Manufacturing company will shortly establish a factory in Minneapolis to manufacture shoes for the jobbing trade.

James W. Foley, Democrat, has been elected mayor of Stillwater to succeed J. G. Armson, resigned.

A. W. Thompson, former deputy state auditor, was elected mayor of Preston without opposition.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

After making a last request that his body be buried at an expense not to exceed $60 Jacob Roth, an eccentric contractor, died at St. Joseph's hospital, St. Paul. After his funeral two nieces visited Roth's former home and in an old trunk discovered cash and securities aggregating $60,000.

Earl S. Young, eighty-four years old, banker, capitalist and lumberman, is dead at his home in Winona after an illness extending over a period of a year. He was one of the first lumbermen on the Upper Mississippi and was president of the First National bank of Winona.

Carl Nelson, aged ninety-three years, an old and respected resident of Nicollet county, is dead after a short illness. The deceased was one of the first settlers in New Sweden township, having located there in 1853.

The dead body of John Witherle, aged seventy-eight, one of the pioneers of Perham, was found in a meadow seven miles east of there. The aged man had died of exhaustion while walking home.

William A. Truesdell, sixty-four years of age and for many years identified with the engineering department of the Great Northern railroad, is dead at Minneapolis.

Mrs. Dora Wilkins, aged eighty-five years, is dead at her home in Montevideo. Mrs. Wilkins and husband were the first white settlers of Chippewa county.

John Weimer, forty years old, town clerk of Medina township, Hennepin county, died in the fields joining his home, supposedly from apoplexy.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

Wood placed in a kitchen oven to dry was left so long that it became ignited and when Mrs. Gunchild Rudingen, seventy-one years old and residing on a farm near Nerstrand, Rice county, opened the oven door and admitted the air the flames darted forth, setting fire to her clothing and enveloping her whole body, causing burns from which she died.

For shooting pickerel in the drainage of White Bear lake at Wildwood William Newman, a saloonkeeper of North St. Paul, paid a fine of $20 with costs and his breech loading shotgun, for which he paid $90, was forfeited to the state.

Miss Margaret Fraas, aged forty-two years, committed suicide at New Ulm by shooting herself in the left temple with a revolver. The woman had been demented on account of ill ness.

Inglebret Anderson, a farmer of the town of Nevada, Mower county, lost his barns, worth $2,000, together with fifteen head of cattle and a large quantity of hay.

Berndt Storvald of Rochester has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury, charged with a statutory offense against a girl of eight years.

Despite good work by the fire department fire destroyed the Red Lake county courthouse at Red Lake Falls. The building was about thirty years old.

The State bank at Ostrander was burglarized, the vault being dynamited, but the cracksmen failed to get any of the money contained therein.

Oscar Gilman, about forty years old and simple-minded, took rough on rats near Minneopa and died later.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, - - - - Minn.

J. P. Forsberg,

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS.. OYSTERS AND FISH IN SEASON

LaBree Ave., Thief River Falls

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Everv Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

$5.00 DOWN AND $5 EACH MONTH THEREAFTER UNTIL PAID, WILL BUY YOU DESIRABLE LOTS FOR A HOME ON THE EAST SIDE. A. STENSETH.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COMMISSION FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

The late legislature passed the law allowing all cities in the state to adopt the commission form of government and there is a growing sentiment in Thief River Falls of adopting this plan. This form of government places the control of all functions of the municipality in the hands of a small committee (usually three or five) who constitute both the legislative and executive departments of the government, thus entirely superseding the city council, the mayor, and the various departments of the ordinary municipality. The first city of the United States to establish such a government was Galveston, Texas.

By the Galveston plan full legislative and administrative functions are entrusted to a commission of five elected at large every two years; one of the five has the title of mayor president but has no special powers, except that he is the presiding officer of the commission. Commissioners apportion among themselves the four main departments of city government for administrative purposes, as follows: Finance and revenue, water works and sewerage, police and fire protection, and public property. The mayor has no special department but exercises a co-ordinating influence over the whole. Municipal ordinances are passed and appropriations voted by a majority vote of the commissioners, important appointments are made in the same way; minor appointments by the individual commissioners in their respective departments.

The Galveston plan has been adopted by Houston, Dallas and other Texan cities without any variation of importance. Hence it is often spoken of as the "Texan Idea." Houston gives the name of "City Council" to its board of Commissioners, but their function is the same as that of Galveston.

The Des Moines charter is a type of modified form of commission government which has been adopted also by Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and Leavenworth, Kansas. It is similar to that of Galveston except that certain definite functions are entrusted to the people of the municipality, limiting the power of the commissioners in certain directions. All franchises must be referred to popular vote and all ordinances passed by the commission are subject to popular protest and referendum, thus practically giving the people the veto power. Members of the commission are subject to recall before their term expires; and legislation can be initiated by the citizens. Several provisions for election obliterate party lines; at the primary elections two candidates for mayor and eight candidates for commissioners are elected from the names presented on the ballot. At the final election the mayor and four councilmen are elected from these candidates. Party affiliations are not indicated on their ballots.

The work of administration is divided into five, instead of four, departments—Public affairs, Accounts and Finances, Public Safety, Streets and Public Improvements, Parks and Public Property. The first is advisory and supervisory, and is assigned by law to the mayor, so that the mayor has practically the same functions as in Galveston.

The chief argument in favor of government by commission is that it abolishes the confusion and complexity of the ordinary municipal government and makes possible a business-like administration on a well conceived plan by a few men who are directly responsible to the electorate. While it is true that the commission has a great deal of power, it is also true that the simplicity of the system makes it easy for the public to fix the responsibility and call the proper individual to account for inefficiency. The greatest objection to the plan is in concentration of power in the hands of a few who may not be superior to the officials of other forms of municipal government.

This objection to concentration is especially valid against placing legislative and executive, appropriating and spending powers in the same hands. The Des Moines plan overcomes this difficulty in some extent by giving more power to the citizens direct.

Galveston came under the control of its commission in 1901, and all critics admit its success in many lines. The municipal debt has been decreased, the municipal service improved, and a better class of men have been willing to accept public office than under the old form of government; the general tone of municipal political life has been decidedly improved. Similar results have been obtained in Houston.

The Des Moines government was not inaugurated till the early part of 1908, but in that time, there have been noticeable improvements in the street cleaning department, reduction of prices for electric lights for streets, parks and public buildings, a reorganization of the police and fire department placing them on the merit system, and a uniform system of accounting in all departments.

Subscribe for the News.

If you have backache and urinary troubles you should take Foley's Kidney Remedy to strengthen and build up the kidneys so they will act properly, as a serious kidney trouble may develop. A. Bjerkhoel.

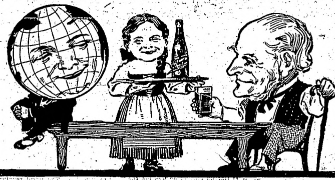

Smile Again

Laugh and be merry. It is good to be glad. There's Happiness, Joy and Satisfaction in every glass of

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you."

The beer that makes you feel that life is worth living. No man can once taste this splendid beer without pronouncing it a brew of commanding superiority and magnificent flavor. Taste it once and you'll remember it always. Bottled at the home plant only. Sold at all reputable hotels, restaurants and buffets. Try a case delivered this very day. Telephone, write or call.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wisconsin

Hotel Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

REDUCTION SALE!

Of Spring and Summer Clothing, by the

E. & E. CLOTHING COMPANY,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Our stock is fresh and up-to-date in style and quality as we have received a full and complete assortment for this season. We carry the "Sincerity" brand of Clothing which can not be beat for fit, workmanship or quality, and every suit is fully guaranteed both by the manufacturer and ourselves. But in order to reduce our stock and turn it into money as quickly as possible, we have decided to make the month of May, 1909 a banner month both regarding sales and prices, and will from May 1st, to May 31st, offer the following bargains:

All $25 suits for	$19.50
All $20 suits for	15.50
All $15 suits for	11.50
All $12 suits for	9.50
All $10 suits for	7.25
All $15 Cravenetts for	11.75
All $13 Cravenetts for	9.50
All $9 Cravenetts for	7.50

All suits from $5 to $10
25 Per Cent
Reduction from regular prices.

All boys' suits
25 Per Cent Discount.

All single Pants
25 Per Cent Discount.

In Shoes We Shine.

Our "FLORSHEIM" and "BRADLEY" Shoes need no recommendation, but we shall sell them during the month of May at the following reductions:

All $5 shoes for	$4.00
All 4.50 shoes for	3.50
All 4 shoes for	3.00
All 3.75 shoes for	2.90
All 3.50 shoes for	2.60
All 3.25 shoes for	2.50
All 2.75 shoes for	1.90

In Waterproof, high cut "CRUISERS" we will sell

All $8.00 Cruisers for	$6.25
" 7.50 " "	5.75
" 6.50 " "	5.00
" 6.00 " "	4.50
" 5.00 " "	4.00
" 4.50 " "	3.50
" 3.75 " "	2.90

We Always Do As We Advertise

And you can depend on getting the goods and prices as above stated. We have a complete stock and you will find what you want in our line. Goods bought from us during this sale can be returned or exchanged--if not used--and money cheerfully refunded if not satisfactory.

These Prices Subject To Cash Deals Only.

The E and E Co
ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Royal Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

Renders the food more wholesome and superior in lightness and flavor.

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G.A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

M. V. Evenson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Lost—A handbag containing $6. Finder please return to Mrs. Fred Dablow.

Fr. Ambrose, of Red Lake Falls, spent Monday in the city as the guest of Fr. Adolph.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran congregation meets at the church next Wednesday afternoon.

LOST—On hay market last Friday a Gallaway cow hide robe. Finder please leave at creamery. Ed Quigley.

There will be a social session at the Antlers Club rooms tomorrow evening. Cards, music and dancing will be the amusements.

County Commissioner John Sorum, of Holt, was in the city Monday, being enroute to Warren to attend a meeting of the county board.

Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 a. m. English services in Thief River Falls next Sunday evening at 7:45. F. J. Seltz, Pastor.

John Hinericks, for several years one of the sawyers for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, returned Tuesday from Tomah, Wis., where he had spent the winter.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

Mrs. O. T. Tandberg returned Tuesday from Stewartville and Rochester where, and at other southern Minnesota places, she and Mr. Tandberg had been visiting with relatives. Mr. Tandberg stopped in Minneapolis and will remain there for some time for medical treatment at a sanitorium.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

O. L. Hanson spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Mayor Hamre was up to Middle River Monday.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Mrs. Murray Gotham visited here the first of the week.

For water telephone No. 71, or leave orders at Pete Ellingson's restaurant.

—Frank McGinty was down to St. Paul the first of the week with a car load of cattle.

O. J. Bloom went to St. Paul Saturday with a car load of cattle. He returned Tuesday.

Mrs. M. Bockman left Saturday evening for Minneapolis to spend a few days visiting with friends.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

Mrs. Martinus Moestin came up from Crookston Monday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex A. Sweasa.

Earl DeVelling came up from Crookston last Friday and has accepted a position as chef at the Hotel Evelyn.

Dryfoos went down to Mahnomen the first of the week and will spend this week there finishing up a contract he has had at that place.

Andreas Stageborg came up from Floodwood last Saturday to visit his sister, Mrs. L. J. Foss. He may decide to buy a farm near the city and locate here if he finds anything that suits him.

D. P. O'Neill was down yesterday from Thief River Falls and purchased a fine work horse from John Westerlund paying therefore $200 cash. Mr. O'Neill believes in having the best kind of stock on his farm and in this instance he is well pleased with his purchase.—Plummer Pioneer.

Permanency
Citizens State Bank
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Pay Your 1908 TAXES Through Citizens State Bank.

We have complete tax lists for all farm lands in Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

• • •

REMEMBER—A 10 per cent penalty is added on June 1st, unless at least one-half of the taxes is paid by that date.

Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Emil Dryfoos was down to St. Hilaire last week.

Oscar Williams was up to Greenbush last week.

Mayor Hamre was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Rev. Gilchrist was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Wanted—A man to do chores at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Attorney Richardson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Attorney G. Halvorson was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Robert McGinn was over to Grand Forks last week on business.

County Attorney Michelet was down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Borry returned to this city last Saturday from their trip to Minneapolis.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Senator B. E. Sundberg, of Kennedy, Kittson county was in the city last Saturday, being enroute to Roseau.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

—O. Tessum wishes to announce to farmers that he has a full line of seeds for the field and garden. Now is the time to buy.

Quite a number of Odd Fellows were down to St. Hilaire last Thursday evening to attend a meeting of the lodge in that village.

—For Sale or trade for Land—My store building on North Main avenue, also my residence on Knight avenue. Ed. M. Evenson.

T. H. Omlid came over from Grand Forks last Thursday to spend a few days looking after his spring work. He has been operating a saw mill over there this winter.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

For Sale—A twenty-inch wheel boy's bicycle, good as new and new set of tires; coaster brake and all complete. Inquire of head miller at Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

The friends of this paper will please hand us in the news items when they are fresh. We prefer not to publish a birth after the child is weaned, a marriage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow has married again.—Ex.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼-21-154 42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation. Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

So great was the demand for the only saloon license allowed under the law in Parker's Prairie that applicants bid up to the amount of the annual tax to $2,700, when Nels P. Nelson was awarded the coveted privilege. It is computed that this will mean $8.75 per day to be paid in license for every day that the saloon is open.

A Junior Band.

Prof. Maxwell, the leader of the local band, is desirous of organizing a junior band and would like to meet every young boy in the city who has a desire to join this new band. Prof. Maxwell can be seen every Monday or Thursday evening at the band room in the basement of the Evenson block, and will be pleased to give instructions to all the boys who desire to join the new organization.

The Germantown Ditch.

The Final hearing on the proposed new Germantown ditch will be held at Warren on the 10th day of May. In about six weeks after the day of final hearing the contract will be let and work can at once be commenced. As the ditch will be 52 miles long, no attempt will be made to have it completed this year, but a good start can be made.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

To the Public.

Notice is hereby given that my wife has left my bed and board and all persons are hereby notified not to extend her credit on my account. Peter Newman.

New Books Just Received at Library.

Chemistry of Commerce
Socialism—Spargo
Mass and Class
How it Works
Hunting the Grizzly
House of Seven Gables
Adopting of Rosa Marie
Art and Economy in Home Decoration
Winston of the Prairies
The Chaperone
Comrades
Cardigan
Dri and I
Circuit Rider
Gentleman From Indiana
Luck of Roaring Camp
The Lion and the Mouse
Ticonderoga
Satan Sanderson
Daniel Boone
Adventures of Huckleberry Finn
Poe's Prose Tales
Lorena Doone
Tales from Shakespeare
Poems of Robert Browning
" " Mrs. Browning
" " Milton
" " Tennyson
" " Burns
Careton's Farm Ballads
" City "
Autocrat of the Breakfast Table
Elsie Venner
Stories of King Arthur and His Knights
The Heart of Lady Anne
Sir Nigel
Mantle of Elijah
A Little Brother of the Rich
Garden of Allah
The Northerner
The Old Homestead
Making of an American
Silas Strong
Water Color Painting
English Vulgarisms
20th Century Letter Writer
Three Acres and Liberty
Winsome Womanhood
Mill on the Floss
Plain Tales From the Hills
Prue and I
Soldiers Three
Silas Marner
Conquest of Peru [2 volumes]
New Standard History of the World [2 volumes]
Plutarch's Lives of Illustrious Men [3 volumes]
Eugene Field's Works [4 volumes]
Famous American Statesmen and Orators [6 volumes]
Shakespeare's Works [40 volumes]

JUVENILE BOOKS

Five Little Peppers and How They Grew
Five Little Peppers Midway
" " " Grown Up
" " " Abroad
" " " At School
Anne of Green Gables
Freckles
Eagle-Eye
Little Women
Little Colonial Stories
Adventures of Tom Sawyer
Circus Day
Cruise of the Petrel
White Company
The Lamplighter
American Star Speaker
New American Speaker and Reader
How to Dress a Doll
Little Men
Rose in Bloom
An Oldfashioned Girl
Jack and Jill
Uncle Tom's Cabin
Wizard of Oz
Last of the Mohicans
The Deerslayer
Boys' and Girls' Library [6 volumes]

Read the Golden Rule ad.

THE LYCEUM THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY WEDNESDAY —AND— SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY City Orchestra TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

KING OF ALL THROAT & LUNG REMEDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

QUICKEST, SAFEST, SUREST

COUGH AND COLD —CURE—

AND HEALER OF ALL DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT AND CHEST

CURED BY HALF A BOTTLE

Half a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me of the worst cold and cough I ever had.—J. R. Pitt, Rocky Mount, N. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

In order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The News: $1 per Year

Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

NEW PACT WITH GERMANY

Present Commercial Treaty Between That Country and Sweden Will Not Be In Force After July 1, 1910, Judging from Authentic Reports, Says the National Zeitung—Believes That the Custom Tax Will Be Materially Increased by the New Treaty.

SWEDEN.

Says the National Zeitung: "Judging from authentic reports, the present commercial treaty between Sweden and Germany will not be in force after July 1, 1910. Already this year, and surely not later than next fall, negotiations will be under way for drawing up a new treaty. While at present a committee is engaged in Sweden in revising the customs tax, the details of which are kept secret, it is firmly believed in Germany that the customs taxes will be materially increased. Germany believes that Sweden is in this respect discriminating against her and a protest from the German government is likely to be forthcoming in the near future."

Says an exchange: "Riksdagsman Bogren of Falkoping has stirred up a hornet's nest by a recent speech in the house in reference to a motion in regard to shooting and sportmanship. Mr. Bogren took occasion to deplore the fact that pleasure and luxury seemed more important in many of the gun clubs nowadays, and this the Falkoping club understood to reflect upon them. A circular of protest has been sent, stating that they have never had dances, or used liquor at their shooting tournaments. Furthermore, they claim that Mr. Bogren does not know the conditions in his own district, not having shown any interest in the affairs of the club, or even joined as passive member. And in the meantime Mr. Bogren is busy trying to square himself with his enraged district."

About thirty volumes, representing the most valuable books at the Royal library, have recently been stolen and in spite of the most urgent search on the part of the police and detectives no clew has been obtained. Those who committed the theft are evidently men who are accustomed to reading books, as no other people except those who are fond of books frequent the library. The theft was a daring one to say the least, for there were at the time so many people around.

The tax valuation of Stockholm's suburbs is at present estimated at "very nearly 68,000,000 crowns. Prices on real estate in Stockholm suburbs are simply enormous and there is bound to be a reaction in the near future and when it comes it will go hard on real estate owners in these sections. The taxes are enormous and it will be impossible for the real estate world to stand the strain for any length of time.

King Peter's and Crownprince Alexander's abdication from the throne of Servia and their relinquishing all claims thereto has caused much comment in Sweden, owing to the fact that Prince Wilhelm of Sweden has been pertinently mentioned as a candidate for the vacant throne. Prince Waldemar of Copenhagen has also been mentioned as a successor to King Peter.

The bill abolishing capital punishment in Sweden was defeated by both chambers of the riksdag, and no further attempt along this line will be made for some time to come. The feeling in Sweden is still that wrongdoers and murderers should receive their just deserts and an effort to counteract this feeling will not be as easy as some people suppose.

Sweden's minister to Germany, Count Taube, arrived a few days ago in Stockholm. It is rumored that Taube has been offered the foreign minister portfolio, and is reported willing to accept it. Something definite in regard to this matter will most likely be announced within the next few days.

Stockholm expects distinguished company in the course of a few weeks. Among those who are scheduled to visit the "Malar Queen" during the month are the Emperor of Russia, who will be accompanied by the foreign minister of affairs in that country. Extra preparations are being made for their entertainment.

Among men who are noteworthy for their philanthropic deeds in these days in Sweden are Erik Wilk, who recently donated the Gothenburg high school the handsome sum of 100,000 crowns. Mr. Wilk has made himself famous in his home city by his donations to charitable and philanthropic institutions.

Twenty four members of the Royal Opera company have cancelled their contracts with Director Ranft and since March 25 there has been all kinds of trouble brewing at the Royal Opera. The theater going public is greatly disappointed and there have been all manner of protests registered.

Albert Andersen, the well known newspaper man of Stockholm, celebrated his seventy fifth birthday anniversary the other day. He has been in the newspaper business during the past forty years and is respected and looked up to by all who have learned to know his worth.

According to dispatches a slight earthquake shock of about two minutes' duration was felt in Sundsvall and vicinity a week ago last Saturday and is reported to have caused considerable damage.

NORWAY.

There is every indication that there will be a large delegation of Norwegian-Americans who will visit their old home in Norway this summer. Ocean travel nowadays is a pleasure and the average Scandinavian in the northwest is becoming independent and wealthy, especially among the farming classes, and thus we find that a whole lot of them take advantage of low steamship rates and take a trip to good old Norway. There is a charm about this summer trip to Sweden and Norway which does not fail to attract the attention of the home loving Swede or Norwegian, and there is every year a decided increase in the number of travelers. "Home Sweet Home" is the drawing card and that explains much.

An item which appeared in a Norwegian paper recently and caused not a little amusement among the newspaper reading public in Norway and elsewhere is the following: "King Haakon received in audience the other day a gentleman who had presented him with an exceedingly valuable *meerschaum pipe*." The notice has received a rather large amount of good-natured comment at the hands of the Christiania press.

The French officers who came to participate in the Holmenkollen ski events in March have not yet left the country. They have been making an extensive tour in the northern section of the country and have traversed as far north as Norwegian Lappmarken. They have been enjoying their trip immensely and one of their number has been writing a series of interesting articles for a Paris sporting paper.

The number of post money orders received from American were during the last quarter 400,000 crowns less than last year during the same period. There has been not a little speculation in Norway as to the cause of the falling off of this source of revenue, but it may be that the Norwegian press has been going a little too strong against American interests lately.

Great preparations are under way for the saengerfest which is to be held in Stavanger this summer. There will be male choruses coming from all parts of the country and many of the west coast cities will charter excursion steamers for the event. Christiania and Bergen will send the largest choruses and even Aalesund will send quite an aggregation.

Newspaper reports state that a monument to the memory of Asbjorn Kloster will be erected at Stavanger this season. Gustav Laerum, the sculptor, has promised that he will finish a statue of the honored departed one prior to Aug. 1, and the unveiling will in all probability take place during the convention of the total abstinence society Aug. 12, to 13 next.

One of the unique features at the Bergen exposition in 1910 will be the arrangement of a great ski tournament, which will take place right on Midsummer's Day up in the adjoining "fjolt," where the snow lies several feet thick the year around. The competitors in this race will be experienced ski runners from Christiania and Bergen.

In Bergen there is an unusual building activity this season. There are at present being erected not less than thirty new villas, which will be occupied by tourists during the coming season. Bergen is getting right to the front as a tourist center and the local tourist there is receiving new applications every day.

All the Norwegian hotel and inn keepers are now busying preparing to receive the summer visitors. There is every indication, judging from the reports from the tourist bureaus, that there will be a large contingent of tourists from all over Europe this summer.

DENMARK.

The following item gives an interesting account of what influence the women of Denmark are bearing on the elections since they received the right to vote: "The March elections this year were of unusual importance because of the active participation of the women of Denmark, who, for the first time, were accorded the right to vote and to seek election to office—that is to say, in local or communal affairs. They are still disfranchised so far as national or state affairs are concerned, and consequently cannot vote for members of the rigsdag. Owing to the slowness of Danish statisticians, we do not yet know how many women availed themselves of the right of suffrage last month. As to the number elected to office a dispatch says that in Copenhagen 14 per cent of the newly elected officials are women, and that throughout the country 7 per cent are women. A rather unexpected result of the elections is the falling off in the socialists in many cities where the new propaganda has been firmly established. In the rural districts, however, the socialists made a better showing, but on the whole they have no particular reason for exultation over the outcome."

The Danish government has given orders to the governor general in the Danish West Indies to order a consideration show former President Cipriano Castro to land on one of the West Indian Islands. The United States gave the same order a day or so before.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Ars.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	20	153	42	38.97
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	20	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	16	150	43	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
N½ NW¼	10	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.53
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	163.36
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	10	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
NE¼ SE¼	30	151	42	40

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1904, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 04146, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, " "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Pleh H. Wright, " "

apr. 8-may 13. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

We often wonder how any person can be persuaded into taking anything but Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung trouble. Do not be fooled into accepting "own make" or other substitutes. The genuine contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

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MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swenken, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 373.

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 06-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 8th day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893.06, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. apr.22-may27.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 24, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 132, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nikolai O. Sortedahl, assignee and holder thereof to E. G. Buse by written assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January, 1907, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 356, which said mortgage, together with the said debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said E. G. Buse, assignee and holder thereof, to Scandia American Bank by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 26th day of March 1909, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 3 of Mortgage on page 34; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely, That tract, or parcel, of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a tack in a stake 410 feet South and 530 feet South, 89° 30' West of the quarter section corner between Sections Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred fifty one (151), Range forty four (44); thence south 14' West 775.8 feet to a post; thence north 75°, 15' West 340 feet to a post; thence north 14' East 678.6 feet to a post; thence North 89°, 30' East 330 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5.51-100 acres, more or less, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday the 28th day of May, 1909, at one o'clock p. m., of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nineteen Hundred thirty four and 81-100 Dollars, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and $50.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 8, 1909.

SCANDIA AMERICAN BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee,
apr 15-may 20. A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders C. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 29 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 46 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released, and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S.E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the *southwest* quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 25th day of May, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. apr8-may13.

People past middle life usually have some kidney or bladder disorder that saps the vitality, which is naturally lower in old age. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects urinary troubles, stimulates the kidneys and restores strength and vigor. It cures uric acid troubles by strengthening the kidneys so they will strain out the uric acid that settles in the muscles and joints causing rheumatism. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Olaf O. Finberg, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 10th 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6775, Serial No. 02285, for N½ of SE¼, lots 1, 2, Section 36, Township 155 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Louis Larson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ole Finberg, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "

apr. 8-may 13. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

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THE NEWS

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Mrs. F. G. Frits, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is best for women and children, as it is mild, pleasant and effective, and is a splendid spring medicine, as it cleanses the system and clears the complection. A. Bjerkhoel.

Ole C. Brenna,
Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls.
Phone No. 118.

During the spring everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. It furnishes a needed tonic to the kidneys after the extra strain of winter, and it purifies the blood by stimulating the kidneys, and causing them to eliminate the impurities from it. Foley's Kidney Remedy imparts new life and vigor. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

A. Anderson, city jeweler, is now closing out his stock at 25 per cent and 40 per cent discount. Some goods go at factory prices. Don't miss this chance. All lodge emblems, pins and charms will be sold at cost, these are mostly solid gold. Please call soon if you want to get this bargain. Brother jewelers, if you want to stop this slaughter sale, you may go together and buy my stock as I know my business for you is worth having.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Bank Is the Safest Place
To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the
First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE ORCHARD SPRAYING.

There is no single feature connected with the care of the orchard on which more depends in the production of the maximum amount and the best quality of fruit than that of the sprayings which are given at intervals through the spring and early summer season. The first treatment, which should be given just before the blossom buds open, is for keeping in check the scab fungus, and for this the bordeaux mixture only is needed. The second treatment should be given just as the petals are falling, and it is this treatment which is especially effective or should be in killing the little worms of the codling moth, 80 per cent of whose eggs are laid in the calyx cup at the blossom end of the apple. This cup closes in about ten days, which makes it imperative that a very thorough treatment should be given within this limit, so that a small amount of the poison may be deposited in the cup of each apple. The bordeaux mixture—the lime copper sulphate mixture—may be used for this spraying if desired, but the essential feature is the poison, which should be added in the shape of paris green, arsenite of soda or arsenate of lead. The paris green is ready for use by simply mixing thoroughly with water so as to make sure that no lumps of dry powder go into the tank. The arsenite of soda is made by mixing white arsenic with sal soda at the rate of one pound of the former to four of the latter and boiling fifteen minutes in a gallon of water, keeping the water up to this amount.

Two quarts of this solution may be used as a substitute for a pound of paris green by adding four pounds of fresh slacked lime or by putting it in the bordeaux mixture in which there is an excess of lime. The arsenate of lead is made by mixing lead acetate with sodium arsenate at the rate of twenty-two ounces of the former to eight ounces of the latter, each being dissolved separately, and then diluting in 100 gallons of water. If used with the bordeaux it should be poured into the lime wash before this is mixed with the copper sulphate. The bordeaux mixture referred to is made by dissolving five pounds of copper sulphate in twenty-five gallons of water and then mixing this with twenty-five gallons of water in which five pounds of freshly slaked lime have been dissolved or stirred. For a 200 gallon tank this recipe would have to be quadrupled. But the proportion of ingredients is the main thing, whatever the quantity. The spraying solution should be strained as it is poured into the tank, thus preventing a clogging of the spraying nozzle. The spray should be applied to the trees under the heaviest pressure possible, so that it will be broken into very fine particles and driven into the calyx cup of the apple. The contents of the tank should be kept stirred, so that the poison will be kept thoroughly mixed. A solution of bordeaux mixture of the strength described is suitable for all fruits except peaches and Japanese plums, in which case it should be used not more than half strength. For potatoes it may be even stronger than 5-5-50 proportion.

A TUBERCULIN DEMONSTRATION.

With a view to posting the dairymen of his state on a very important subject, the state veterinarian of the Maryland Agricultural college lately gave a public demonstration for the detection of tuberculosis as applied to cattle. The demonstration was given a thorough advertising, so that those who wished to attend could make plans to do so. The temperature of the cows was taken at 9 a. m., and at 7 p. m. the injection of tuberculin was made, the temperature being taken at intervals thereafter for the next twenty-four hours. The demonstration was given for the purpose of acquainting the dairymen of the state with the methods of the test, against which so strong a prejudice exists, and the eyes of many who attended were opened as a result. In larger states the same type of demonstration might with profit be given at several conveniently located points over the state. This anti-tuberculosis doctrine needs preaching extensively in every section where dairying is carried on.

BOUNTY ON BADGERS.

The members of the legislature of a central western state have the past month taken what they evidently thought was a patriotic action in placing a bounty on ground hogs. But this does not tally with the recent bulletin issued by the department of agriculture at Washington which places the badger in the list of friends of the farmer and gardener in that he wages a constant warfare on gophers and ground squirrels, which do much more damage to pastures and crops than he. State legislators would do well to keep in touch with the bulletins issued by the federal government.

A few drops of kerosene put in the water used in washing the windows make the rag slide easier and give a good polish to the glass.

All the corn they will eat and no exercise is about as unfavorable a program as could be arranged for the flock of hens if one expects them to do anything along the line of egg production.

If the small boy had to go as far to get wood and water as he often does in chasing some coot or mud hen when the outdoor call of the spring days is strong there would be mighty little fuel or water in the house. However, one is sport and the other work, or viewed as such.

There is no bacon or ham that is eaten with as much satisfaction as that product which comes from the porker of one's own raising. Properly cured, it is clean and sweet, while there is a reasonable surety that it has been kept under cleanly conditions and fed clean and wholesome food.

Let that bright boy of twelve or fourteen have a small plot of rich ground for his own this summer on which to plant some pure bred seed or other crop, if corn is not the leader. He will not only be interested in such an experiment, but will be more interested in the other work about the farm.

Every now and then you run across a farm owner who says that his land is producing more bushels per acre than it did twenty years ago. It may be taken for granted without inquiry or investigation that such a result has not been brought about by skinning the land and selling the fertility of the soil in the shape of raw grain products.

The average dairy cow over the country gives a butter yield of about 160 pounds, the average in some states running as low as 140 pounds per cow. With proper selection and development of the dairy herd and the adoption of correct methods of feeding and care this butter yield ought to be nearly doubled and would be if each herd owner would go at the problem in a systematic and painstaking manner.

Charcoal placed handy where the poultry can get it will prove a great regulator of the digestive organs, and this is especially true if the flock is confined and cannot pick up just what they want. Where there is room for the purpose it is also a good idea to shut the chickens from a small area and sow it to rye or oats, so as to furnish a supply of green food when it isn't in good form to let the hens run on your own or your neighbor's lawn.

There are thousands too many farms in all parts of the country, but especially those longer settled, which will this year be let and worked in the same old slovenly and shortsighted way in which they have been run for the past twenty years or more—one year at a time, grain raised and marketed in the crude state, a continuation of a system of soil robbery that means ultimate bankruptcy for the soil and the poorhouse for the owner just as sure as that water runs down hill. The system is dead wrong and should be righted.

A very good feed for the hogs may be had at small cost by sowing rape seed—about three pounds to the acre—on a piece of the oat land a week or ten days after the oats are sown. This will keep the rape in check until after the grain is cut, when it will come on and make fine feed. It is well to have besides this a smaller patch sown as early as possible and conveniently located, so that the pigs may be turned into the patch as soon as the rape is three inches high. If it is left too long before they are turned in it gets tough, and they will not keep it grazed down as it ought to be.

Health Commissioner Darlington of New York city has offered two cows of choice breeding as prizes for the best two essays on "How Clean and Wholesome Milk May Be Provided at Least Cost For the New York Market." The competition is open to all farmers in New York or adjoining states who are at present engaged in supplying milk for New York city. The competition closes June 15. Mr. Darlington's idea would seem to be excellent and will doubtless result not only in profit to the dairymen of the territory mentioned, but in a more wholesome milk product for the consumers of New York city.

Last spring experiments were tried in portions of the national forest reserves in several western states in the matter of poisoning prairie dogs, and they seem to have met with a large measure of success. The bait used was wheat coated with a preparation of strychnine, cyanide of potassium, anise oil and molasses. The poisoned wheat was carried to the field of operation and there distributed among the men who do the job on horseback. About a teaspoonful was dropped near the entrance to the holes, a little experience enabling the rider to drop the wheat accurately with his horse on a trot. The action of the poison seems to be almost instantaneous, most of the dogs in a village being dead within an hour after the poison was put out. The early spring was found to be the most successful season for the work, as there is no grass then on which the dogs may feed, and they are very hungry and eat the bait greedily. Any wishing to try the dog medicine on their own account may secure the formula for its preparation by addressing the forest service, Washington.

The verdict of scientists seems to be that there are useful and pernicious bacteria, and good fortune seems to consist in being hooked up with the right kind.

Where possible it is well to let the poultry have the run of the orchard, as they will destroy great numbers of worms and bugs and will not injure the trees, as will cattle, sheep or hogs.

The owner of a large turkey ranch in North Carolina who is also an extensive tobacco grower is authority for the statement that a flock of from twenty-five to fifty turkeys will keep a tobacco field almost entirely free from the worms that do them so much damage.

Those living in sections where alfalfa can be successfully raised or are on what might be called the border line and would like full information about the plants, its habits and how to grow it successfully should write to the department at Washington for bulletin No. 339, which is devoted to this subject.

This spring there are being sowed in several of the northern states small quantities of the Daubney oat, which is white with strong, medium coarse straw and which for several years past has proved one of the heaviest yielding varieties in Ontario, Professor Zavitz of the Ontario station reporting *a yield of ninety-two bushels* per acre with it.

The chap who will pay $25 for a scrub sire to head his herd of scrubs is a first cousin to the fellow who doesn't believe in testing his seed because it takes too much time or will not pay a fair price for seed which his neighbor has tested. There is no use trying to talk "better farming" to this kind until some sort of cyclone has hit 'em and waked them up.

The milk cow should be given one pound of a grain ration per day for each three and a half pounds of milk which she gives, and to be balanced the ration should consist of about equal parts of bran or gluten meal and corn chop or meal, with thirty pounds of silage and ten pounds of clover hay added. Where alfalfa hay or meal is available it may be substituted for the gluten meal and bran.

Of the several conditions which affect the growing of a crop—seed quality, physical condition of soil, light, heat, moisture and available plant food in the soil—the last, which is largely under the control of the owner of the land and should receive most attention, is usually given the least. Improvement in the type of agriculture at present followed in this country depends upon a reform in this matter of attention to soil fertility. Agricultural bankruptcy is the alternative.

A committee of public spirited women in a little town we read of the other day are going to see what they can accomplish in the way of municipal improvement by offering several substantial cash prizes for the back yards within the city limits that present the neatest appearance during the coming season. The plan is to be commended in every way and should be generally adopted, as it will do more along the line of making a neat town than could be accomplished by passing all kinds of ordinances.

If any man would make an investment for his children to reap the benefit from twenty-five or thirty years hence he could hardly do better than to plant a ten acre tract to cottonwood trees. If they were given good care at the start and stock kept out during the whole period they would give a lumber yield at the end of the period mentioned that would be surprising. With lumber prices advancing as rapidly as they are, a timber lot of saw logs will be a veritable gold mine a few years hence, when any kind of a stick will be called lumber and will fetch high prices.

In the spraying of potatoes the bordeaux mixture should be made up according to the 1-1-10 recipe, of copper sulphate, lime and water or even stronger. This should be applied with paris green added if the bugs have appeared when the vines are about six or eight inches high and should be repeated at intervals of ten or fifteen days until growth of vines stops. For large fields it will be found both economical and advantageous in the spraying work to use a special potato sprayer which is so arranged that from four to six rows may be sprayed at once and a large area covered in a short time.

Some one has figured out that on the basis of an average annual rainfall of thirty inches a year the total amount of fresh water of the country is 215,000,000,000,000 cubic feet. Of this enormous volume it is estimated that one-half is evaporated, a third flows into the sea through streams large and small, while the remaining sixth is consumed by living beings or absorbed into the earth. Of the volume of water in flowing streams only 5 per cent is utilized for power. The remaining 30,000,000 horsepower, if utilized, would be sufficient to furnish all the power needed for every purpose whatsoever in every town and city in the country. This is one of the great natural resources which are very little used and where used are too often monopolized for the benefit of the few.

F. E. Trigg

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The circuit court of Franklin county, O., has handed down a decree ousting the Hocking Valley railroad from control, through the J. Pierpont Morgan syndicate, of the Zanesville and Western, the Toledo and Ohio Central and the Kanawha and Michigan railroads. The railroad was also, by the decision, ousted from its control of the Sunday Creek Coal company, the Sunday Creek company, the Continental company and the Buckeye Coal and Railway company. The decision is a sweeping one and is given under the Ohio anti-trust law.

The Dominion government cruiser Kestrel arrived at Vancouver, having in charge the American halibut fishing schooner Charles Levi Woodbury, which she captured after firing four rounds from her machine guns and threatening to sink the alleged poaching vessel unless she surrendered.

Despite the fact that Patten, the new wheat king, is building a gymnasium costing $150,000 for the Northwestern university, a Methodist institution of Evanston, Ill., the Cincinnati Methodist ministers passed resolutions condemning "the action which cornered wheat in Chicago."

Before 8,000 shivering spectators Alfred Shrubb, the great middle distance runner, easily defeated Henri St. Yves, the Frenchman, in a fifteen-mile race at New York. Shrubb's *time for the fifteen miles was 1:26:12* and St. Yves was beaten nearly one-third of a mile.

The smuggling syndicate, which first offered Collector of the Port Loeb $100,000 to drop the government's investigation of the smuggling of "sleeper" trunks containing $55,000 worth of Paris gowns, increased its offer to $260,000, according to Mr. Loeb.

Asa, son of Whoa, has been elected chief of the Apache Indians to succeed Geronimo, the noted warrior who died last February.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Theodore Roosevelt and the members of his party have left Mombasa, British East Africa, on a special train for Kapiti Plains station, whence they will be conveyed to the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease on the Athi river. The party probably will remain at the ranch for one week, making it the base for shooting expeditions, and then move on to Nairobi.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina paid his first visit to the White House and received a cordial greeting from President Taft. In his long official capacity the senator never before had called upon a president and his appearance in the executive offices created a sensation.

By a vote of 436 to 428 Mrs. Matthew T. Scott of Illinois was declared elected president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution over Mrs. William Cumming Story of New York.

Mrs. Fanny Burke-Roche-Batonyi of New York, the daughter of Frank Work, lost in her suit for divorce against Aurel Batonyi, the well known horseman and four-in-hand whip.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Senator Cummins has introduced his amendment to the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill, providing for a graduated income tax, which he believes would produce $40,000,000 revenue. It exempts incomes below $5,000 and authorizes the deduction of that amount from every dutiable income. The tax ranges from 2 to 6 per cent.

The tariff debate was opened in the senate when Senator Aldrich reviewed at length the pending measure which had been reported from the committee on finance.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 26.—Wheat—May, $1.16¾; July, $1.17¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.20¾@1.20¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.19¼@1.19¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.17¼@1.17¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.14¼@1.15¼.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good steers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; calves, $5.00@5.25. Hogs—$6.75@7.10. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; yearlings, $6.50@7.00; lambs, $7.50@7.85.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 26.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No 1 hard, $1.19¾; No 1 Northern, $1.18¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.16¾; May, $1.15¾; July, $1.16¾; Sept., $1.03. Flax—To arrive, $1.63½; on track, $1.63½; May, $1.62½; July, $1.62½; Sept., $1.42½; Oct., $1.37.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 26.—Wheat—May, $1.16⅞; July, $1.06⅝; Sept., 99⅝c; Dec., 99¼c. Corn—April, 69⅝c; May, 69⅜c; July, 67⅜c; Sept., 66⅝c; Dec., 56c. Oats—May, 55⅜c; July, 48¾c; Sept., 41⅝c; Dec., 42. Pork—May, $17.67½; July, $17.87½; Sept., $17.82½. Butter—Creameries, 22@26c; dairies, 18½@23½c. Eggs—20@21c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 13½c; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 26.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.65@6.80; Texas steers, $4.40@5.50; Western steers, $4.35@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.45; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.50; calves, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—Light $6.85@7.25; mixed, $6.90@7.35; heavy, $6.90@7.40; rough, $6.90@7.10; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.40; pigs, $5.65@6.70. Sheep—Native, $4.60@6.00; yearlings, $6.00@7.00; lambs, $5.50@8.15.

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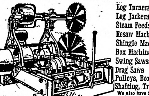

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THE SUMMIT OF FUJI.

When Morning Breaks Over the Very Top of Japan.

Suddenly a spark, a flame and then a burst of fire, and, lo and behold, the rosy morning is awake once more on Fuji's pearly crest while Japan, below, is yet enveloped in the filmy mists of night.

The pilgrims fall on their knees and bow their heads to the ground in adoration, and with much fingering of rosaries the plaintive cadence of their prayers rises like a lamentation to the heavens above.

At Benares, the sainted city of the Hindoos, as the sun rises each morning across the holy Ganges the prayers of the bathing multitude are as the roaring of the sea. But even this, one of the greatest and most stirring religious spectacles of the world, is not more picturesque than that little band of pilgrims 'twixt heaven and earth, high up in the blue profound, on the very top of Japan, kneeling in praise before the great orb which is the emblem of their empire.

Never to have seen sunrise from the summit of Fuji is never to have really seen Japan.

The kindly nature which made this lovely land has surpassed all its other efforts in the lavish profusion with which it has scattered its favors around the sacred mountain. Rippling rills and roaring rivers, dancing cascades and thundering waterfalls, feathery woods and deep forests there are on every side, but of all these glories the most enchanting are the lakes which lie embosomed like flashing jewels among the hills.

Of them all Shoji and Motosu are the most beautiful, the latter excelling in the exquisite sapphire blue of its waters and its dainty, delicate beauty all other lakes in Japan and challenging comparison with the fairest waters of the world.—Herbert G. Ponting in Metropolitan Magazine.

Gestures.

"It will help actors in gesturing correctly," said a playwright, "to remember that all gesticulation is an inheritance from our simian ancestors. We show abhorrence best by the same movements with which we would repel a wet dog. We show affection by the movements with which we would receive a loved physical object. We move our heads from side to side to signify 'no' because that was the way our monkey ancestors avoided a proffered and undesirable morsel of food. We nod for 'yes' because that was the way our monkey forbears reached for an acceptable morsel."

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TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

NEW PACT WITH GERMANY

Present Commercial Treaty Between That Country and Sweden Will Not Be in Force After July 1, 1910, Judging from Authentic Reports, Says the National Zeitung—Believes That the Custom Tax Will Be Materially Increased by the New Treaty.

SWEDEN.

Says the National Zeitung: "Judging from authentic reports, the present commercial treaty between Sweden and Germany will not be in force after July 1, 1910. Already this year, and surely not later than next fall, negotiations will be under way for drawing up a new treaty. While at present a committee is engaged in Sweden in revising the customs tax, the details of which are kept secret, it is firmly believed in Germany that the customs taxes will be materially increased. Germany believes that Sweden is in this respect discriminating against her and a protest from the German government is likely to be forthcoming in the near future."

Says an exchange: "Riksdagsman Bogren of Falkoping has stirred up a hornet's nest by a recent speech in the house in reference to a motion in regard to shooting and sportmanship. Mr. Bogren took occasion to deplore the fact that pleasure and luxury seemed more important in many of the gun clubs nowadays, and this the Falkoping club understood to reflect upon them. A circular of protest has been sent, stating that they have never had dances, or used liquor at their shooting tournaments. Furthermore, they claim that Mr. Bogren does not know the conditions in his own district, not having shown any interest in the affairs of the club, or even joined as passive member. And in the meantime Mr. Bogren is busy trying to square himself with his enraged district."

About thirty volumes, representing the most valuable books at the Royal library, have recently been stolen and in spite of the most urgent search on the part of the police and detectives no clew has been obtained. Those who committed the theft are evidently men who are accustomed to reading books, as no other people except those who are fond of books frequent the library. The theft was a daring one to say the least, for there were [illegible] the time so many people [illegible]

The tax valuation of S[illegible] suburbs is at present est[illegible] "very nearly 68,000,000 crow[illegible] on real estate in Stockholm [illegible] are simply enormous and [illegible] bound to be a reaction in th[illegible] ture and when it comes it wi[illegible] on real estate owners in th[illegible] tions. The taxes are enormo[illegible] will be impossible for the re[illegible] world to stand the strain [illegible] length of time.

King Peter's and Crownprin[illegible] ander's abdication from the th[illegible] Servia and their relinquish[illegible] claims thereto has caused muc[illegible] ment in Sweden, owing to th[illegible] that Prince Wilhelm of Swede[illegible] been pertinently mentioned as [illegible] didate for the vacant throne. [illegible] Waldemar of Copenhagen has [illegible] been mentioned as a successor to Peter.

The bill abolishing capital pu[illegible] ment in Sweden was defeated by [illegible] chambers of the riksdag, and [illegible] further attempt along this line wi[illegible] made for some time to come. [illegible] feeling in Sweden is still that wr[illegible] doers and murderers should rec[illegible] their just deserts and an effor[illegible] counteract this feeling will not be [illegible] easy as some people suppose.

Sweden's minister to Germ[illegible] Count Taube, arrived a few days [illegible] in Stockholm. It is rumored th[illegible] Taube has been offered the forei[illegible] minister portfolio, and is report[illegible] willing to accept it. Somethi[illegible] definite in regard to this matter w[illegible] most likely be announced within t[illegible] next few days.

Stockholm expects distinguishe[illegible] company in the course of a few week[illegible] Among those who are scheduled t[illegible] visit the "Malar Queen" during th[illegible] month are the Emperor of Russia, wh[illegible] will be accompanied by the foreign minister of affairs in that country. Extra preparations are being made for their entertainment.

Among men who are noteworthy for their philanthropic deeds in these days in Sweden are Erik Wiik, who recently donated the Gothenburg high school the handsome sum of 100,000 crowns. Mr. Wiik has made himself famous in his home city by his donations to charitable and philanthropic institutions.

Twenty four members of the Royal Opera company have cancelled their contracts with Director Ranft and since March 25 there has been all kinds of trouble brewing at the Royal Opera. The theater going public is greatly disappointed and there have been all manner of protests registered.

Albert Anderson, the well known newspaper man of Stockholm, celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary the other day. He has been in the newspaper business during the past forty years and is respected and looked up to by all who have learned to know his worth.

According to dispatches a slight earthquake shock of about two minutes' duration was felt in Sundsvall and vicinity a week ago last Saturday and is reported to have caused considerable damage.

NORWAY.

There is every indication that there will be a large delegation of Norwegian-Americans who will visit their old home in Norway this summer. Ocean travel nowadays is a pleasure and the average Scandinavian in the northwest is becoming independent and wealthy, especially among the farming classes, and thus we find that a whole lot of them take advantage of low steamship rates and take a trip to good old Norway. There is a charm about this summer trip to Sweden and Norway which does not fail to attract the attention of the home loving Swede or Norwegian, and there is every year a decided increase in the number of travelers. "Home Sweet Home" is the drawing card and that explains much.

An item which appeared in a Norwegian paper recently and caused not a little amusement among the newspaper reading public in Norway and elsewhere is the following: "King Haakon received in audience the other day a gentleman who had presented him with an exceedingly valuable meerschaum pipe." *The notice has* received a rather large amount of good-natured comment at the hands of the Christiania press.

The French officers who came to participate in the Holmenkollen ski events in March have not yet left the country. They have been making an extensive tour in the northern section of the country and have traversed as far north as Norwegian Lappmarken. They have been enjoying their trip immensely and one of their number has been writing a series of interesting articles for a Paris sportng paper.

The number of post money orders received from American were during the last quarter 400,000 crowns less than last year during the same period. There has been not a little speculation in Norway as to the cause of the falling off of this source of revenue, but it may be that the Norwegian press has been going a little too strong against American interests lately.

Great preparations are under way for the saengerfest which is to be held in Stavanger this summer. There will be male choruses coming from all parts of the country and many of the west coast cities will charter excursion steamers for the event. Christiania and Bergen will send the largest choruses and even Aalesund will send quite an aggregation.

Newpaper reports state that a monument to the memory of Asbjorn Kloster will be erected at Stavanger this season. Gustav Laerum, the sculptor, has promised that he will finish [illegible] for exultation over the outcome."

The Danish government has given orders to the governor general in the Danish West Indies to under no consideration allow former President Castro to land on one of the West Indian islands. The United States gave the same order a day or so before.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 209 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Ares.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	20	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	38.97
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	16	150	44	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
N½ NW¼	10	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	163.38
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, or Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1904, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 01146, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota [illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swensen, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 273,

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 06-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 8th day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893 06, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

apr.22-may27.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 21, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the [illegible] Register of Dee[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders O. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 29 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, (commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 46 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of Mortgages on page 335,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S.E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼—S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 29th day of May, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

apr8-may13.

People past middle life usually have some kidney or bladder disorder that saps the vitality, which is naturally lower in old age. Folley's Kidney Remedy corrects urinary troubles, stimulates the kidneys and restores strength and vigor. It cures uric acid troubles by strengthening the kidneys so they will strain out the uric acid that settles in th[illegible]

Mrs. F. G. Fritz, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is best for women and children, as it is mild, pleasant and effective, and is a splendid spring medicine, as it cleanses the system and clears the complection. A. Bjerkhoel.

Ole C. Brenna, Auctioneer.

Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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Phone No. 118.

During the spring everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. It furnishes a needed tonic to the kidneys after the extra strain of winter, and it purifies the blood by stimulating the kidneys, and causing them to eliminate the impurities from it. Foley's Kidney Remedy imparts new life and vigor. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's [illegible]elry store and see what a [illegible]all amount of money will [illegible]

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[illegible]F RIVER FALLS

[illegible]rson, city jeweler, is now [illegible] his stock at 25 per cent and [illegible] discount. Some goods go at [illegible]s. Don't miss this chance. [illegible]blems, pins and charms will [illegible]t, these are mostly solid [illegible] call soon if you want to get [illegible] Brother jewelers, if you [illegible] his slaughter sale, you may [illegible]d buy my stock as I know [illegible]r you is worth having.

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First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

RETAKE
OF
PRECEDING
PAGE

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE ORCHARD SPRAYING.

There is no single feature connected with the care of the orchard on which more depends in the production of the maximum amount and the best quality of fruit than that of the sprayings which are given at intervals through the spring and early summer season. The first treatment, which should be given just before the blossom buds open, is for keeping in check the scab fungus, and for this the bordeaux mixture only is needed. The second treatment should be given just as the petals are falling, and it is this treatment which is especially effective or should be in killing the little worms of the codling moth, 80 per cent of whose eggs are laid in the calyx cup at the blossom end of the apple. This cup closes in about ten days, which makes it imperative that a very thorough treatment should be given within this limit, so that a small amount of the poison may be deposited in the cup of each apple. The bordeaux mixture—the lime copper sulphate mixture—may be used for this spraying if desired, but the essential feature is the poison, which should be added in the shape of paris green, arsenite of soda or arsenate of lead. The paris green is ready for use by simply mixing thoroughly with water so as to make sure that no lumps of dry powder go into the tank. The arsenite of soda is made by mixing white arsenic with sal soda at the rate of one pound of the former to four of the latter and boiling fifteen minutes in a gallon of water, keeping the water up to this amount.

Two quarts of this solution may be used as a substitute for a pound of paris green by adding four pounds of fresh slacked lime or by putting it in the bordeaux mixture in which there is an excess of lime. The arsenate of lead is made by mixing lead acetate with sodium arsenate at the rate of twenty-two ounces of the former to eight ounces of the latter, each being dissolved separately, and then diluting in 100 gallons of water. If used with the bordeaux it should be poured into the lime wash before this is mixed with the copper sulphate. The bordeaux mixture referred to is made by dissolving five pounds of copper sulphate in twenty-five gallons of water and then mixing this with twenty-five gallons of water in which five pounds of freshly slaked lime have been dissolved or stirred. For a 200 gallon tank this recipe would have to be quadrupled. But the proportion of ingredients is the main thing, whatever the quantity. The spraying solution should be strained as it is poured into the tank, thus preventing a clogging of the spraying nozzle. The spray should be applied to the trees under the heaviest pressure possible, so that it will be broken into very fine particles and driven into the calyx cup of the apple. The contents of the tank should be kept stirred, so that the poison will be kept thoroughly mixed. A solution of bordeaux mixture of the strength described is suitable for all fruits except peaches and Japanese plums, in which case it should be used not more than half strength. For potatoes it may be even stronger than 5-5-50 proportion.

A TUBERCULIN DEMONSTRATION.

With a view to posting the dairymen of his state on a very important subject, the state veterinarian of the Maryland Agricultural college lately gave a public demonstration for the detection of tuberculosis as applied to cattle. The demonstration was given a thorough advertising, so that those who wished to attend could make plans to do so. The temperature of the cows was taken at 9 a. m. and at 7 p. m. the injection of tuberculin was made, the temperature being taken at intervals thereafter for the next twenty-four hours. The demonstration was given for the purpose of acquainting the dairymen of the state with the methods of the test, against which so strong a prejudice exists, and the eyes of many who attended were opened as a result. In larger states the same type of demonstration might with profit be given at several conveniently located points over the state. This anti-tuberculosis doctrine needs preaching extensively in every section where dairying is carried on.

BOUNTY ON BADGERS.

The members of the legislature of a central western state have the past month taken what they evidently thought was a patriotic action in placing a bounty on ground hogs. But this does not tally with the recent bulletin issued by the department of agriculture at Washington which places the badger in the list of friends of the farmer and gardener in that he wages a constant warfare on gophers and ground squirrels, which do much more damage to pastures and crops than he. State legislators would do well to keep in touch with the bulletins issued by the federal government.

A few drops of kerosene put in the water used in washing the windows make the rag slide easier and give a good polish to the glass.

All the corn they will eat and no exercise is about as unfavorable a program as could be arranged for the flock of hens if one expects them to do anything along the line of egg production.

If the small boy had to go as far to get wood and water as he often does in chasing some coot or mud hen when the outdoor call of the spring days is strong there would be mighty little fuel or water in the house. However, one is sport and the other work, or viewed as such.

There is no bacon or ham that is eaten with as much satisfaction as that product which comes from the porker of one's own raising. Properly cured, it is clean and sweet, while there is a reasonable surety that it has been kept under cleanly conditions and fed clean and wholesome food.

Let that bright boy of twelve or fourteen have a small plot of rich ground for his own this summer on which to plant some pure bred seed or other crop, if corn is not the leader. He will not only be interested in such an experiment, but will be more interested in the other work about the farm.

Every now and then you run across a farm owner who says that his land is producing more bushels per acre than it did twenty years ago. It may be taken for granted without inquiry or investigation that such a result has not been brought about by skinning the land and selling the fertility of the soil in the shape of raw grain products.

The average dairy cow over the country gives a butter yield of about 160 pounds, the average in some states running as low as 140 pounds per cow. With proper selection and development of the dairy herd and the adoption of correct methods of feeding and care this butter yield ought to be nearly doubled and would be if each herd owner would go at the problem in a systematic and painstaking manner.

Charcoal placed handy where the poultry can get it will prove a great regulator of the digestive organs, and this is especially true if the flock is confined and cannot pick up just what they want. Where there is room for the purpose it is also a good idea to shut the chickens from a small area and sow it to rye or oats, so as to furnish a supply of green food when it isn't in good form to let the hens run on your own or your neighbor's lawn.

There are thousands too many farms in all parts of the country, but especially those longer settled, which will this year be let and worked in the same old slovenly and shortsighted way in which they have been run for the past twenty years or more—one year at a time, grain raised and marketed in the crude state, a continuation of a system of soil robbery that means ultimate bankruptcy for the soil and the poorhouse for the owner just as sure as that water runs down hill. The system is dead wrong and should be righted.

A very good feed for the hogs may be had at small cost by sowing rape seed—about three pounds to the acre—on a piece of the oat land a week or ten days after the oats are sown. This will keep the rape in check until after the grain is cut, when it will come on and make fine feed. It is well to have besides this a smaller patch sown as early as possible and conveniently located, so that the pigs may be turned into the patch as soon as the rape is three inches high. If it is left too long before they are turned in it gets tough, and they will not keep it grazed down as it ought to be.

Health Commissioner Darlington of New York city has offered two cows of choice breeding as prizes for the best two essays on "How Clean and Wholesome Milk May Be Provided at Least Cost For the New York Market." The competition is open to all farmers in New York or adjoining states who are at present engaged in supplying milk for New York city. The competition closes June 15. Mr. Darlington's idea would seem to be excellent and will doubtless result not only in profit to the dairymen of the territory mentioned, but in a more wholesome milk product for the consumers of New York city.

Last spring experiments were tried in portions of the national forest reserves in several western states in the matter of poisoning prairie dogs, and they seem to have met with a large measure of success. The bait used was wheat coated with a preparation of strychnine, cyanide of potassium anise oil and molasses. The poisoned wheat was carried to the field of operation and there distributed among the men who do the job on horseback. About a teaspoonful was dropped near the entrance to the holes, a little experience enabling the rider to drop the wheat accurately with his horse on a trot. The action of the poison seems to be almost instantaneous, most of the dogs in a village being dead within an hour after the poison was put out. The early spring was found to be the most successful season for the work, as there is no grass then on which the dogs may feed, and they are very hungry and eat the bait greedily. Any wishing to try the dog medicine on their own account may secure the formula for its preparation by addressing the forest service, Washington.

The verdict of scientists seems to be that there are useful and pernicious bacteria, and good fortune seems to consist in being hooked up with the right kind.

Where possible it is well to let the poultry have the run of the orchard, as they will destroy great numbers of worms and bugs and will not injure the trees, as will cattle, sheep or hogs.

The owner of a large turkey ranch in North Carolina who is also an extensive tobacco grower is authority for the statement that a flock of from twenty-five to fifty turkeys will keep a tobacco field almost entirely free from the worms that do them so much damage.

Those living in sections where alfalfa can be successfully raised or are on what might be called the border line and would like full information about the plants, its habits and how to grow it successfully should write to the department at Washington for bulletin No. 339, which is devoted to this subject.

This spring there are being sowed in several of the northern states small quantities of the Daubney oat, which is white with strong, medium coarse straw and which for several years past has proved one of the heaviest yielding varieties in Ontario, Professor Zavitz of the Ontario station reporting a yield of ninety-two bushels per acre with it.

The chap who will pay $25 for a scrub sire to head his herd of scrubs is a first cousin to the fellow who doesn't believe in testing his seed because it takes too much time or will not pay a fair price for seed which his neighbor has tested. There is no use trying to talk "better farming" to this kind until some sort of cyclone has hit 'em and waked them up.

The milk cow should be given one pound of a grain ration per day for each three and a half pounds of milk which she gives, and to be balanced the ration should consist of about equal parts of bran or gluten meal and corn chop or meal, with thirty pounds of silage and ten pounds of clover hay added. Where alfalfa hay or meal is available it may be substituted for the gluten meal and bran.

Of the several conditions which affect the growing of a crop—seed quality, physical condition of soil, light, heat, moisture and available plant food in the soil—the last, which is largely under the control of the owner of the land and should receive most attention, is usually given the least. Improvement in the type of agriculture at present followed in this country depends upon a reform in this matter of attention to soil fertility. Agricultural bankruptcy is the alternative.

A committee of public spirited women in a little town we read of the other day are going to see what they can accomplish in the way of municipal improvement by offering several substantial cash prizes for the back yards within the city limits that present the neatest appearance during the coming season. The plan is to be commended in every way and should be generally adopted, as it will do more along the line of making a neat town than could be accomplished by passing all kinds of ordinances.

If any man would make an investment for his children to reap the benefit from twenty-five or thirty years hence he could hardly do better than to plant a ten acre tract to cottonwood trees. If they were given good care at the start and stock kept out during the whole period they would give a lumber yield at the end of the period mentioned that would be surprising. With lumber prices advancing as rapidly as they are, a timber lot of saw logs will be a veritable gold mine a few years hence, when any kind of a stick will be called lumber and will fetch high prices.

In the spraying of potatoes the bordeaux mixture should be made up according to the 1-1-10 recipe, of copper sulphate, lime and water or even stronger. This should be applied with paris green added if the bugs have appeared when the vines are about six or eight inches high and should be repeated at intervals of ten or fifteen days until growth of vines stops. For large fields it will be found both economical and advantageous in the spraying work to use a special potato sprayer which is so arranged that from four to six rows may be sprayed at once and a large area covered in a short time.

Some one has figured out that on the basis of an average annual rainfall of thirty inches a year the total amount of fresh water of the country is 215,000,000,000,000 cubic feet. Of this enormous volume it is estimated that one-half is evaporated, a third flows into the sea through streams large and small, while the remaining sixth is consumed by living beings or absorbed into the earth. Of the volume of water in flowing streams only 5 per cent is utilized for power. The remaining 30,000,000 horsepower, if utilized, would be sufficient to furnish all the power needed for every purpose whatsoever in every town and city in the country. This is one of the great natural resources which are very little used and where used are too often monopolized for the benefit of the few.

F. E. Trigg

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The circuit court of Franklin county, O., has handed down a decree ousting the Hocking Valley railroad from control, through the J. Pierpont Morgan syndicate, of the Zanesville and Western, the Toledo and Ohio Central and the Kanawha and Michigan railroads. The railroad was also, by the decision, ousted from its control of the Sunday Creek Coal company, the Sunday Creek company, the Continental company and the Buckeye Coal and Railway company. The decision is a sweeping one and is given under the Ohio anti-trust law.

The Dominion government cruiser Kestrel arrived at Vancouver, having in charge the American halibut fishing schooner Charles Levi Woodbury, which she captured after firing four rounds from her machine guns and threatening to sink the alleged poaching vessel unless she surrendered.

Despite the fact that Patten, the new wheat king, is building a gymnasium costing $150,000 for the Northwestern university, a Methodist institution of Evanston, Ill., the Cincinnati Methodist ministers passed resolutions condemning "the action which cornered wheat in Chicago."

Before 8,000 shivering spectators Alfred Shrubb, the great middle distance runner, easily defeated Henri St. Yves, the Frenchman, in a fifteen-mile race at New York. Shrubb's time for the fifteen miles was 1:26:12 and St. Yves was beaten nearly one-third of a mile.

The smuggling syndicate, which first offered Collector of the Port Loeb $100,000 to drop the government's investigation of the smuggling of "sleeper" trunks containing $55,000 worth of Paris gowns, increased its offer to $260,000, according to Mr. Loeb.

Asa, son of Whoa, has been elected chief of the Apache Indians to succeed Geronimo, the noted warrior who died last February.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Theodore Roosevelt and the members of his party have left Mombasa, British East Africa, on a special train for Kapiti Plains station, whence they will be conveyed to the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease on the Athi river. The party probably will remain at the ranch for one week, making it the base for shooting expeditions, and then move on to Nairobi.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina paid his first visit to the White House and received a cordial greeting from President Taft. In his long official capacity the senator never before had called upon a president and his appearance in the executive offices created a sensation.

By a vote of 436 to 428 Mrs. Matthew T. Scott of Illinois was declared elected president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution over Mrs. William Cumming Story of New York.

Mrs. Fanny Burke-Roche-Batonyi of New York, the daughter of Frank Work, lost in her suit for divorce against Aurel Batonyi, the well known horseman and four-in-hand whip.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Senator Cummins has introduced his amendment to the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill, providing for a graduated income tax, which he believes would produce $40,000,000 revenue. It exempts incomes below $5,000 and authorizes the deduction of that amount from every dutiable income. The tax ranges from 2 to 6 per cent.

The tariff debate was opened in the senate when Senator Aldrich reviewed at length the pending measure which had been reported from the committee on finance.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 26.—Wheat—May, $1.16¾; July, $1.17¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.20¾@1.20¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.19¾@1.19¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.17¾@1.17¾; No. 3 Northern, $1.14¾@1.15¾.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, April 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good steers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; calves, $5.00@5.25. Hogs—$6.75@7.10. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@7.00; yearlings, $6.50@7.00; lambs, $7.50@7.85.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, April 26.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No 1 hard, $1.19¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.18¾; No 2 Northern, $1.16¾; May, $1.15¾; July, $1.16¾; Sept., $1.03. Flax—To arrive, $1.63¼; on track, $1.63¼; May, $1.62¼; July, $1.62¼; Sept., $1.42½; Oct., $1.37.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 26.—Wheat—May, $1.18⅞; July, $1.06⅝; Sept., 99⅜c; Dec., 99⅜c. Corn—April, 69⅝c; May, 69⅝c; July, 67⅝c; Sept., 66⅝c; Dec., 58c. Oats—May, 55⅝c; July, 48⅝c; Sept., 41⅝c; Dec., 42. Pork—May, $17.67½; July, $17.57½; Sept., $17.52½. Butter—Creameries, 22@26c; dairies, 18½@22½c. Eggs—20@21c. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens, 13½c; springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, April 26.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.65@6.80; Texas steers, $4.40@5.50; Western steers, $4.25@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.45; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.90; calves, $4.50@6.00. Hogs—Light, $6.85@7.22; mixed, $6.90@7.35, heavy, $6.90@7.40; rough, $6.90@7.10, good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.40, pigs, $5.65@6.70. Sheep—Native, $3.60@6.00; yearlings, $6.00@7.00; lambs, $5.50@8.15.

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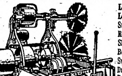

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THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER

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THE SUMMIT OF FUJI.

When Morning Breaks Over the Very Top of Japan.

Suddenly a spark, a flame and then a burst of fire, and, lo and behold, the rosy morning is awake once more on Fuji's pearly crest while Japan, below, is yet enveloped in the filmy mists of night.

The pilgrims fall on their knees and bow their heads to the ground in adoration, and with much fingering of rosaries the plaintive cadence of their prayers rises like a lamentation to the heavens above.

At Benares, the sainted city of the Hindoos, as the sun rises each morning across the holy Ganges the prayers of the bathing multitude are as the roaring of the sea. But even this, one of the greatest and most stirring religious spectacles of the world, is not more picturesque than that little band of pilgrims 'twixt heaven and earth, high up in the blue profound, on the very top of Japan, kneeling in praise before the great orb which is the emblem of their empire.

Never to have seen sunrise from the summit of Fuji is never to have really seen Japan.

The kindly nature which made this lovely land has surpassed all its other efforts in the lavish profusion with which it has scattered its favors around the sacred mountain. Rippling rills and roaring rivers, dancing cascades and thundering waterfalls, feathery woods and deep forests there are on every side, but of all these glories the most enchanting are the lakes which lie embosomed like flashing jewels among the hills.

Of them all Shoji and Motosu are the most beautiful, the latter excelling in the exquisite sapphire blue of its waters and its dainty, delicate beauty all other lakes in Japan and challenging comparison with the fairest waters of the world.—Herbert G. Ponting in Metropolitan Magazine.

Gestures.

"It will help actors in gesturing correctly," said a playwright, "to remember that all gesticulation is an inheritance from our simian ancestors. We show abhorrence best by the same movements with which we would repel a wet dog. We show affection by the movements with which we would receive a loved physical object. We move our heads from side to side to signify 'no' because that was the way our monkey ancestors avoided a proffered and undesirable morsel of food. We nod for 'yes' because that was the way our monkey forbears reached for an acceptable morsel."

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Dr. Andrew Ekem,
Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
Grand Forks, North Dak

PIONEER SASH & DOOR CO.
Thief River Falls, Minn.
Manufacturers of
Store,
Bank,
Office and
Church fixtures.
Store fronts' frames, Window and Door Screens, and all kinds of special Mill Work, Maple and Birch Flooring.
Designs and Estimates furnished upon application.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Stops Coughs Prevents Pneumonia

Best grade 3-4 Percale, all colors, per yard
4¾ Cents

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Best grade Apron Check Ginghams, per yard
4¾ Cents

We Announce to the People of Thief River Falls and Vicinity

A DISSOLUTION SALE

Sale Now On.

A SALE IN WHICH THE PRICE OF EVERY PIECE, PARCEL AND YARD OF MERCHANDISE IN THIS STORE WILL BE RADICALLY REDUCED IN A DETERMINED EFFORT TO TURN THESE GOODS IMMEDIATELY INTO CASH.

The firm of O. J. SCHEI & CO., have decided to dissolve partnership. $25,000 must be raised in this settlement. This sale is for the purpose of raising that money quickly. We shall depend upon our low prices to accomplish this result. We will make them low enough to do it. This sale comes right at the time when you most need the goods. Wants and needs for spring and summer can now be filled at the lowest prices ever known in Thief River Falls on like merchandise. The store will be somewhat topsy-turvy for we expect big crowds. Therefore, we beg your indulgence and patience. We will wait upon you as soon as we can get to it and will insure you complete satisfaction in every purchase.

Below we tell specifically about many examples of what the selling will be:

Dissolution Shirt Sale.

We handle only the best and most desirable brand of shirts.

Work shirts, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Work shirts, $1.00 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, $1.00 values, now	79c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, 75c values, this sale	59c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, 50c and 65c	39c

Dissolution Men's & Boys' Underwear Sale.

Men's all wool underwear, regular $1.50 grade, at this sale	$1.19
Men's all wool underwear, regular $1.00 grade, at this sale	79c
Men's Balbriggan underwear, regular 50c grade, at this sale	39c
Men's & Boys' Balbriggan underwear, regular 25c grade	19c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Women's Knit Underwear

The time has arrived when the remaining numbers of this line must quickly bid us good-bye. They Will.

Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $3 value, dissolution sale price	$1.98
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $2.50 value, dissolution sale price	1.79
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $2 value, dissolution sale price	1.49
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	1.15
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Ladies' 2 piece medium weight underwear, 50c value, at this sale	39c
Ladies' 2 piece medium weight underwear, 25c and 50c value	19c

New Spring and summer underwear at greatly reduced prices.

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Muslin Underwear.

If you don't need these beautiful Undermuslins now, you will soon. These reduced prices bid you not delay.

Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	$1.19
Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Dress Goods.

This Dress Goods stock has been enjoying immense patronage during the last few weeks. Now we shall quickly reduce the stock by severely reducing the prices. Black and colored dress goods, suitings, etc.—all the popular new weaves.

Rajah Panama, for suits or skirts, regular $1 values, dissolution sale price	69c
Black or colored dress goods, $2 values, dissolution sale price	$1.59
Black or colored dress goods, $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19
Black or colored dress goods, $1.25 values, dissolution sale price	99c
Black or colored dress goods, $1 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Black or colored dress goods, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Black or colored dress goods, 35c values, dissolution sale price	28c

All the Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Silks, etc., at dissolution sale prices.

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Sale On Men's Correct Clothing.

It is not a matter of whether or not you need a suit now. If you ever expect to buy a new suit, come to this sale while prices are at the lowest ebb you ever saw on stylish, guaranteed clothing.

Men's Suits, regular price $25, at this sale	$19.75
Men's Suits, regular price $20, at this sale	15.75
Men's Suits, regular price $18, at this sale	14.40
Men's Suits, regular price $15, at this sale	11.75
Men's Suits, regular price $12.50, at this sale	9.75
Men's Suits, regular price $10, at this sale	7.75

Overcoats, Cravenettes

Men's overcoats, regular price $20, at this sale	$15.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $18, at this sale	14.40
Men's overcoats, regular price $15, at this sale	11.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $12.50, at this sale	9.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $10, at this sale	7.75
Men's trousers, regular $5 value, at this sale	3.98
Men's trousers, regular $2.50 value, at this sale	1.98
Men's trousers, regular $2 value, at this sale	1.59

For Cash and Cash Only.

Clipping The Prices In Boys' Suits.

Now is the time to fit out your boys with a new Spring suit. Never has our boys' suit department been so complete. You'll find the biggest suit bargains you ever secured.

Boys' Suits, regular $10 value, dissolution sale price	$7.75
" " " $8 " " " "	6.40
" " " $5 " " " "	3.98
" " " $4 " " " "	3.19
" " " $3.50 " " " "	2.80
" " " $3 " " " "	2.40
" " " $2.50 " " " "	1.98
Boy's knee pants, regular $1.50 value, at this sale	1.19
" " " " $1 " " " "	79c
" " " " 50c " " " "	39c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Shoe Sale.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children. New Spring styles in both Oxfords and high shoes, all leathers, black or tan. Crosette and Red Cross shoes not included.

Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $4, dissolution sale price	$3.39
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $3.50, dissolution sale price	3.09
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $3, dissolution sale price	2.55
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $2.50, dissolution sale price	2.18
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $2, dissolution sale price	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $2.50, dissolution sale price	2.18
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $2, dissolution sale price	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $1.50, dissolution sale price	1.28
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $1, dissolution sale price	85c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Grocery Prices During the Dissolution Sale.

Make it the best of household economy for you to lay in your table supplies now.

Canned Corn, solid pack, per can	7c
Canned Tomatoes, solid pack, per can	9c
Best Grade Soda Crackers by the box, per box	6c
I C Baking Powder, 25c size	19c

GROCERIES—Quatations on Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Etc., Every Day.

Savings in Separate Skirts.

We dare say that every woman who inspects these skirt offerings will secure at least one skirt bargain—this is as long as the lots last.

All skirts, regular price $12.50 value, at this sale	$9.75
All skirts, regular price $10.00 value, at this sale	7.75
All skirts, regular price $8.50 value, at this sale	6.75
All skirts, regular price $5.00 value, at this sale	3.98
All skirts, regular price $4.00 value, at this sale	3.19

Waists, Wrappers, Petticoats, etc., at Dissolution Sale Prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

ALL
GOODS AS
ADVERTISED.

Dissolution Trimmings Lace Prices.

This entire lace stock will probably be closed out during this sale.

All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 50c per yard, dissolution sale price.	39c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 25c per yard, dissolution sale price.	19c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 15c per yard, dissolution sale price.	12c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 10c per yard, dissolution sale price.	8c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Embroideries.

Very special prices made on very desirable goods will cause customers to flock to this counter. The largest and best selected stock the Golden Rule has ever shown.

All 50c Embroidery, dissolution prices.	39c
" 25c " " "	19c
" 18c " " "	14½c

For Cash Only.

Dissolution Curtain Sale.

Some of these curtains are very small lots at very short prices. You can secure the greatest curtain values of the year right now.

Lace curtains, regular price $5 values, dissolution sale price	$3.98
Lace curtains, regular price $3.50 values, dissolution sale price	2.80
Lace curtains, regular price $3 values, dissolution sale price	2.40
Lace curtains, regular price $2.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.99
Lace curtains, regular price $2.00 values, dissolution sale price	1.50
Lace curtains, regular price $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19

Series, Curtaining, Silkoleno, etc., at dissolution sale prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Linen Sale.

Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Crash—everything in Linens at cut prices.

Table Linen, $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	$1.19
Table Linen, $1.00 value, dissolution sale price	79c
Table Linen, 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c
Table Linen, 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c
All towels, regular 25c value, dissolution sale prices	19c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

The GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE

O. J. SCHEI & CO.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1909 NUMBER 19

ASSESSORS INSTRUCTED

Minnesota State Tax Commission Gives Assessors Some Valuable Pointers.

Are Instructed to Be Their Own Judges as to Values of Property.

All of the assessors of Red Lake county were down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday and received their instructions from County Auditor John B. O'Brien. The meeting was under the supervision of the Minnesota tax commission and the following suggestions were made by this board:

"Before you enter upon the work of making assessment for 1909 the tax commission wish to make the following suggestions:

1. The first and most vitally important thing in making a proper assessment is to see that all property subject to taxation is placed upon the lists. The escape of any property from the assessment rolls imposes an unjust and added burden on the taxpayer, whose property is fully listed. Be sure therefore to get all property in your district on the assessment books.

2. It is perfectly proper and the law contemplates that you should obtain from the owner his estimate of the value of the different items of property listed by him; but it is not your duty to accept his estimate as correct or final; on the contrary it is your duty—in fact, it is your principal function—to determine the value yourself. In order to do this intelligently the law requires so far as possible that you actually view all property assessed.

3. You are not authorized in any case to grant the $100 exemption provided by law. This duty is performed by the county auditor. You should however, inform the taxpayers of your district that only those who list all of their property and swear to their lists are entitled to the exemption.

4. You have no authority to deduct debts from credits unless the person claiming the deduction makes and leaves with you an affidavit showing the names and residences of the persons to whom the debts are owing and setting forth also the other facts required by section 836, "Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905."

5. Read carefully the sections of the law printed on the listing blanks and make yourself thoroughly familiar with all the provisions thereof before commencing your work.

Your work should be completed by the fourth Monday in June. Except when prevented by this limitation you should take all of the time necessary to do a thorough job. You are entitled to the pay provided by law for each day necessarily devoted to your work, and no board or official has any right to require that you accept less.

If you follow the above suggestions and the instructions given you by the county auditor, we feel sure that the 1909 assessment will be the most thoro and satisfactory in the history of the state.

The following are the assessors of Red Lake county, most of whom were in attendance at the meeting:

Emil Larson, Bray; Henry Weber, Black River; Thor Skaar, Clover Leaf; Ed Rustan, Deer Park; A. J. Hemstad, Emardville; G. T. Heggar, Equality; Simon O. Stater, Garnes, Joseph Laurent, Gervais; B. Brynelsson, Goodridge; P. C. Wold, High Landing; Julius Olsen, Hickory; Peter Hunstad, Kratka; F. E. Glass, Lake Pleasant; Louis Farlardeau, Lambert; Denis Lizotte, Louisville; Sever Maaren, Mayfield; Lars Lee, Norden; G. K. Haavi, North; Halvor Johnson, Numedal; Hjalmer Johnson, Polk Centre; Max Perras, Poplar River; E. M. Engebritson, Red Lake Falls, twp.; James Gilbertson, River Falls; Ole A. Aubol, Rocksbury; Anton Knudson, Reiner; Warner D. Lind, Sanders; P. O. Sorlom, Silverton; Ingebregt Viken, Smiley; H. C. Iverson, Star; Ed Styvee, Terrebonne; Lars P. Branrud, Wyandotte; John A. Rothstein, Plummer; O. H. Peters, St. Hilaire; S. A. Swanson, Red Lake Falls, city; D. P. O'Neill, Thief River Falls, city.

A Peculiar Case.

"The United States vs. One Barrel of Whiskey and Other Property" is the rather curious title of a suit begun by United States District Attorney Houpt in the Federal court at Fergus Falls. The complaint alleges that a barrel of whiskey, three barrels of alcohol, a barrel of bitters, a keg of blackberry brandy, a barrel of gin and other liquids of a similar character were discovered a short time ago in the barn of one W. R. Warren, on the White Earth Indian reservation. The discovery was made as the result of a search instituted by Mr. Howard, the agent of the reservation, and as the importation of liquors is strictly prohibited, no one is courting a jail sentence by claiming ownership of the contraband articles. The court is asked to make an order declaring the liquor forfeited to the United States."

Raise One Kind.

The farmers of Haven township, Stearns county, have decided to buy two carloads of Burbank and Early Ohio potatoes for planting this spring. They seem to have discovered at last that to create a potato market nothing but straight varieties must be produced. This idea could be followed by Becker county farmers to a good advantage. If you are raising produce for the market it has been found extremely profitable to raise what the patrons of the market wish to buy. The custom of planting several varieties of potatoes in one hill has long since become obsolete, for the simple reason that produce of this nature invariably brings the lowest price. It cost no more to raise the best and the difference in the selling price will often pay the entire expenses of cultivation.—Detroit Record.

THREE COMMISSIONERS VOTE TO ISSUE BONDS

Want to Sell $35,000.00 Worth of Six Per Cent Bonds and Start Work at Once.

Matter to Be Taken Into the Courts and It Will Be Sometime Before It Is Settled.

Three of Red Lake county's commissioners, who represent one-third of the residents of Red Lake county that pay one-fourth of the taxes voted at a special meeting of the county board held last Friday to issue bonds to the amount of $35,000 with which to build a court house. Two county commissioners—Shaw and Auble—who represents two-thirds of the residents of Red Lake county that pay three-fourths of the taxes voted against the issue.

The commissioners also voted to receive plans and specifications for a new court house, also bids for the $35,000 proposed issue of bonds at a special meeting to be held on the 22nd day of May.

It is needless to say that this act upon the part of the county commissioners is contrary to the wishes of the voters and tax-payers of Red Lake county, and is in keeping with the high handed manner a small minority has ever attempted to over-ride the will of the people. The location of the county seat of Red Lake county is a matter the voters should have an opportunity of voting upon before any expensive court house is built, and if the county commissioners wanted to be fair and honest this would be done. There is one thing, however, of which the voters may be assured, and that is that the matter is to be taken into the courts and it will be sometime before the proposed new court house is built.

The bonds which the county commissioners propose to sell will draw 6 per cent interest and will not be due for twenty years. This seems to be an extravagent rate of interest for the county to pay as compared with what other counties and municipalities are paying and it looks as if there was going to be some graft in it for someone. The city of Thief River Falls is at present making a loan of $20,000 for twenty years and is only going to pay 4 per cent. The difference between 4 per cent and 6 per cent on $35,000 for a period of twenty years amounts to $14,000—quite a nice little sum if there is not too many to partcipate in the divide.

Providing that only $35,000 was used in constructing the court house, the interest upon this amount for twenty years at the rate of 6 per cent would amount to $42,000, so that the cost of the court house to the taxpayers at the end of twenty years would amount to $77,000. As is quite often the case, however, the first issue of bonds for building court houses only puts up the frame and it usually requires as much again to complete the building.

To Prince Albert by Water.

George Jarman and Andy Erickson are going to make a trip to Prince Albert, Can., in about two weeks and spend a few days visiting with the many former Thief River Falls people at that place. They will make the trip in Andy Erickson's gasoline launch. It is the intention to ship the boat to Oslo where it will be placed in the Red river. From there they will go north into Lake Winnipeg and then into the Saskatchewan and down that river to Prince Albert. They figure it will take them about fifteen days to make the trip.

A Small Fire.

The fire department was called out last Friday morning by a small blaze in J. W. McGinty's home. The origin of the fire was a defective chimney in the kitchen and this part of the house was entirely destroyed. The main part of the building was greatly damaged by smoke and water. The loss is estimated to be between $600 and $800, and is covered by insurance.

For Sale—A twenty-inch wheel boy's bicycle, good as new and new set of tires; coaster brake and all complete. Inquire of head miller at Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

Major Shunk Was Here.

Major Shunk, of the United States War Department, stationed at St. Paul, was in the city last week inspecting the Red Lake river. This river being a navigable stream is under the supervision of the war department. It was Major Shunk's intention to make a trip up the river to the outlet, but he decided to postpone this trip until some future date.

Goes to Boston.

Steve Withey expects to leave the latter part of next week for Boston, Mass., where he goes as a delegate from the division of the Brotherhood of R. R. Conductors. Mr. Withy has just recently returned from a trip to the western coast in the interest of the Great Northern.—Crookston Times.

Sons of Norway to Celebrate

The Sons of Norway are making preparations for the celebration of the 17th of May, Norway's Independence Day, in an appropriate manner. A committee is at work preparing a program which will be rendered on the evening of the 17th in the lodge rooms.

NEW RULES FOR AUTOS

Revised State Laws Which Will Go Into Effect on the 15th of May.

In the Future Automobile Owners Must Secure License from Seretary of State.

Under a new state law, passed during the recent legislative session, and effective May 15, every automobile owner and chauffeur in Thief River Falls, as well as in all other parts of Minnesota, will have to learn and observe new rules in regard to the operation and equipment of their machines; and will have to change their *methods of registration, as well as pay* a larger license fee.

Heretofore, local auto owners have, upon receipt of their buzz buggies from the factory, paid a license fee of $2 to the city clerk, and have received a license, good for all time and a number in exchange. Under the new order of things a license fee will have to be paid to the secretary of state. It will amount to $1.50, and the same must be paid every year. The money will go into the treasury and the state will get all the benefits, where, heretofore, the city has received such license fees.

Every machine must carry a number, furnished by the secretary of state, and no other number than this must be in evidence. The number plate will read: "Minn. No.——" There must be two lamps in front of the machine and one white light at the rear, so arranged that the light will shine upon the number, making it easily read. There must also be a red light in the rear, and all automobiles must be equipped with a muffler, which cannot be "cut out" inside the limits of any city. Chauffeurs must register with the secretary of state. The law provides punishment for any one caught tampering with the machine without permission of the owner or man in charge.

In addition to this, no one is allowed, under the law, to attempt to drive or use an automobile without the permission of the owner, and no person shall, without such permission, climb upon or in any automobile, either while the machine is in motion or at rest, or shall any person, while a machine is unattended sound the horn or other signaling device, or attempt to manipulate any of the levers.

Such persons as are unable to call at the secretary of state's office in person may file their application for a license, and for registration, by mail. In these mail applications there must be enclosed a brief description of the motor vehicle to be registered, including the name of the manufacturer, the factory number and model, the name, residence and business address of the owner, and the name of the town and county in which he resides.

The secretary of state must also be notified or other transfer of an automobile, within ten days after such sale or transfer is made, with necessary particulars as to ownership, address, etc. The filing of such statement will cost $1. In case of the loss or mutilation of a certificate of automobile registration, the owner will have to pay $1 for an additional certificate. The color of the number plate must be changed annually.

The provisions of the law in regard to registration shall not apply to a nonresident of the state, who is temporarly in the state, while passing into or thru Minnesota, provided that such non-resident shall have displayed in a conspicuous place on the motor vehicle he is operating a number and tag which shall make it and the place from which it comes easily indentified. Outside autos, of course, will still be regulated by local speed laws.

A Close Call.

Last Sunday as Mrs. Erick Modin was walking across the foot bridge a rifle bullet whizzed just in front of her face cutting a hole in her veil. The bullet came from a 22 rifle fired by Gus Berggren from the lower bridge at a tin can on the water. Of course the tin can was away out of range from Mrs. Modin and Gus did not dream of doing any damage or frightening anyone. But it happened that the bullet struck the can and glanced off thus deflecting its course towards Mrs. Modin. It is lucky that the results were not worse, but this should serve as a warning against promiscous firing of fire arms within the village limits. Not withstanding there is an ordinance strictly prohibiting the practice, there has been considerable of it done, and it is time to call a halt.—Middle River Pioneer.

Ball Club Organized.

A meeting was held last Thursday evening by a number of people interested in seeing a base ball club organized here and an organization was perfected by the election of the following officials:

President—J. J. Bird.
Treasurer—Ole Torrison.
Secretary—Sever Brandon.

A committee consisting of Ole Torrison, Anton Langseth and Emil E. Zeh was appointed to solicit funds and after they have made a thorough canvas of the town, steps will be taken to engage a number of hired players.

The Horse More Than Holds His Own

In spite of the rapid increase in the number of automobiles and trolley cars, the horse continues to more than hold his own. According to the figures published in the last report of the Department of Agriculture, the number of horses in the United States increased from 13,537,000 in 1900 to 19,992,000 in 1908, the total value of the same having risen from $603,000,000 to $1,867,000,000. The fluctuations in the average price of horses have been remarkable. In 1903 it was $61; in 1897, $37; $41 in 1900, and $93 in 1908.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000

Real Estate Tax List
For part of Red Lake
...and...
Marshall County at the
People's State Bank

REMEMBER:

That a penalty of 10 per cent is added to all Real Estate taxes if at least half is not paid before June 1st, 1909.

Pay your taxes at the People's State Bank and receive a Tax Receipt made especially for that purpose. The Bank keeps a complete record of all cash received for Taxes.

For Real Estate Loan and Insurance we are fully prepared. Money always on hand.

Permanency
CITIZENS STATE BANK
Honesty
SOLIDITY

Pay Your
1908 TAXES
Through
Citizens State Bank.

We have complete tax lists for all farm lands in Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

• • •

REMEMBER—A 10 per cent penalty is added on June 1st, unless at least one-half of the taxes is paid by that date.

Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.17
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.55
Barley	55
Egg	15c
Butter	25c

Rev. Gilchrist was up to Middle River yesterday.

A son was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Wallace B. Nichols.

Louis Hanson went north on the Greenbush line yesterday.

Morgan Vaughan was down from Germantown the first of the week.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. G. A. Penney.

Postmaster Kratka this week removed to rooms in the Dobner-Meehan block.

Chief of Police Lang left the first of the week for Litchfield to spend a few days.

All furniture now being sold at less than manufacturer's cost by the Pioneer Sash and Door company.

Snap: 80 acres of good land, 2½ miles west of Mahnomen, $750. Apply to H. H. Skagen, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mrs. A. Anderson has a number of choice house plants to sell. All wishing to see them are requested to call at her residence on the East Side.

Greely E. Carr, formerly of this city and ex-county attorney of Marshall county, in company with W. W. Gregory will conduct a large new hotel that has just been completed at International Falls in the future.

I. L. Erickson, one of the proprietors of the E. & E. Clothing Co., sustained an injury yesterday morning that will keep him confined to his bed for a few weeks. While on top of a moving stepladder, which is about eight feet high, Mr. Erickson fell to the floor and one of his hip bones was broken. He was removed to his rooms and is now getting along as nicely as could be expected under the circumstances.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

The High School base ball team goes to Fosston Saturday to play a return game.

James Bulman and wife leave today for Prince Albert, Canada to make their future home.

Prof. Fretheim, of Sogen, Norway, was in the city the first of the week, the guest of R. Oen and A. Anderson.

For Sale—80 acres good land, 2½ miles west of Mahnomen, price $750. Apply to H. H. Skagen, Thief River Falls, Minn.

S. J. Rice, who is now conducting a restaurant at Plummer, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Anton Horachek, of Highlanding, and Miss Mary Panek, of Thorwick, were united in marriage in this city Tuesday by Fr. Adolph.

John W. Judah and Miss Frances F. Balok, both popular residents of Middle River, were in the city Tuesday evening and Fr. Adolph united them as man and wife.

Charles Bourke and Miss Eliza N. Schmith and Olisine Mandvelle and Miss Mamie Rankine, all of Lancaster, were married in this city last Saturday by Fr. Adolph.

H. N. Gjerdingen, who owns a popular hostilry at Halstad, was in the city last week en route to Bronson, where he went with a view of purchasing some land near that place.

Miss Maren Siljan, of Madison, Minn., arrived in the city the first of the week to visit friends for a few days before leaving for Greenbush, where she wil spend a portion of the summer on a farm near that place.

Rev. Anton Drowzicki, of Leo, will arrive here on May 21 at 7:30 p. m., and remain until May 26th at 10:30 a. m., as the guest of Fr. Adolph. During his stay the Bohemian and Polish people will have an occasion to make their Easter duties.

A special meeting of the members of the Swedish Lutheran church will be held in the Swedish Mission church on the East Side Saturday, May 8 at 7:30 p. m. Services will be held at the same place Sunday, May 9, at 11:00 a. m. Rev. Ryden.

Services in the Presbyterian church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. The theme of the morning sermon will be "Jesus Christ and Social Reform." In the evening the pastor will preach on "The Call of God." Strangers are cordially invited to these services.

M. V. Evenson received a letter the first of the week from a brother who resides upon a farm in Central Wisconsin. The letter stated that it snowed every day during the last three days of April and that on the first day of May farmers were hauling hay to town on sleighs. Seeding will not be started in that section until about the fifteenth of May.

AT THE BIJOU.

The following is the program for Thursday, Friday and Saturday:

"The Tale the Ticker Told."
"Paper Cock-A-Doodles."
"Mystification."
"Mrs. Jones Entertains."

Songs: "He Never Even Said Goodbye", "When the Sunset Turns the Ocean's Blue to Gold."

THE
LYCEUM
THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY
WEDNESDAY
--AND--
SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY
City Orchestra
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

A BIG
REDUCTION
SALE
ON SPRING HATS
ON
SATURDAY, MONDAY
and
TUESDAY, MAY 8-10-11
AT
Miss Lakin's.

TO MEET IN THIS CITY

School Directors of Red Lake County Will Meet in Thief River Falls.

County Superintendant of Schools Anderson Has Engaged Prominent Speakers for Occasion.

County Superintendent of Schools Anderson has called a meeting of all School clerks, school treasurers and directors of the 112 school districts in Red Lake county to meet in Thief River Falls on the 28th day of May. The members attending this meeting will be allowed $3 for one day and five cents per mile each way for traveling expenses.

Prominent speakers have been engaged to address the meeting and a suitable program will be prepared for the visiting guests. It is expected that over 300 school trustees will be in attendance and Thief River Falls people should make it a point to see that all of the visitors are well entertained. A complete program of the meeting will be published later.

Germantown.

The past two weeks of cold weather delayed the seeding just that long as the ground was in the best of condition otherwise all the time. Last Friday's snow storm seemed to have the desired effect, however, of breaking the spell and the work will be pushed with all the more earnest from now on. With a few small exceptions all the seeding remains to be done at the opening of this week.

A delegation of the creamery company were out to Brunkeberg April 25 to make arrangements for the establishment of a cream station at that point.

Seraphin Rolland has been up here for the last two weeks and while here has busied himself and others with laying new shingles on the hotel roof and and otherwise repairing the building. A new coat of paint will be added this week.

It appears that in some way and for some reason unknown the feeder for the proposed Germantown ditch running south on the line between this town and Moylan has been moved from there to two miles farther east. The residents of this town are very much interested in having it placed back at least within one half mile of the course described in the original petition, and a petition to the county board praying for such action was circulated among the petitioners and bondsmen last week.

Henry Cook sold his stallion last week to a Newfolden party.

Henry Longren is finishing his barn this spring by building a hay mow.

Miss Jennie Cook returned from an extended visit up near Grygla last week.

A deputy of the sheriff's office came up the first of the week to post notices of the final hearing on petition for the Germantown ditch to be held at Warren on Wednesday, May 26th. This is everybody's last opportunity for presenting arguments for or against the construction of the ditch.

E. W. Savage, the new missionary of the American Sunday School Union, preached in the Union Chapel to a large audience.

School closes this week after a session of eight months duration the present school year.

Getting Wiser.

H. J. Peterson, of Sanders, returned last week from an extended trip through the western states. Before he left he listed his farm in Sanders with K. O. Gigstad at $26 per acre and seemed very desirous of selling out. Since his return he has changed his mind and informed Mr. Gigstad this week that the farm would not be sold for less than $50 per acre. It pays a man some times to take a trip and find out what property is selling for in other localities. There is no doubt that land here is cheaper at present than in any other part of the country, but it will not continue that way much longer.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

City Council.

At a meeting of the city council held Tuesday evening, Charles Alexander was elected alderman from the Third ward to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of W. W. Prichard. Milton Forder was then elected president of the council.

A resolution was passed prohibiting the Tri State Telephone company from making any extension of its poles or lines in this city and the resolution which repeals the franchise of the Tri-State company was given its second reading and passed unanimously.

A adjournment was taken until Friday evening of this week.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

INDIANS GET SOME MONEY

Payment of $26.50 Made to All Indians Over the Age of Eighteen.

Indians Hold a Council and Appoint a Committee to Go to Washington

A government payment has just been made at Red Lake Agency to some 800 Indians, on account of the sale of eleven townships east of Thief River Falls, formerly included in the reservation, and which is an anuiety of $26.50, pending the completion of the sale of lands and final settlement. The payment was made to every Indian 18 years old and over, similar amounts for every soul under that age being added to a fund paid each after his or her 18th birthday. It was fairly quiet except that business was brisk for several days at the stores—four at Red Lake—Four at Redby and one at Ponemah.

Saturday a council of chiefs and other prominent braves was held, to take action to secure the immediate payment and distribution of the money for 2,800,000 feet of logs cut last winter on the reservation, a mile east of Redby, by E. O. Moore of Bemidji for the Thief River Falls Lumber company.

The Indian agent, William H. Bishop, was asked not to send the money to Washington at all but to take steps to distribute it pro rata among the members of the Red Lake band of Indians as soon as received from the lumber company, and before the logs are moved.

The sum of $100 was said to have been raised to defray the expense of a committee of three Indians and an interpreter on a trip to Washington to have the desired action taken by the department of the interior. The payment, if made, will be about $20 per capita, and will be welcomed by the Indians and looks like a bit of prosperity to the local business men in the Red Lake district.

Summer School.

The teachers' training school for Red Lake county will be held this year at Red Lake Falls, beginning on the 5th day of July. The following will be the faculty:

Conductor—E. T. Carroll, of Wadena.
Instructors—Frank M. Burrall, of Duluth; Eleanor Donaldson, of Dundas; Nellie D. Erickson, of Fergus Falls.

Work in the Third.

Northern Lodge No. 236 of Thief River Falls will confer the degree on several candidates, Monday, May 10th, 1909. All Masons are extended a cordial invitation to attend. Refreshments will be served after the ceremonies.

Synod Church.

Services next Sunday at 10:30, English services at 7:45 p. m.

The Ladies Aid meets May 13 at 3 o'clock in the basement of the church. Mrs. Nels Larson entertains the society. All invited.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼-21-154-42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

Willing to Help.

Lord Pauncefote suffered greatly from rheumatic gout in his latter days, and he walked stiffly and sometimes had to use two canes. He went one afternoon to make a call, and he remained quite a long time, so long that the horses got restive, and the groom walked them up and down the street. When Lord Pauncefote left the house the carriage was not in front, and, thinking there was some mistake in his orders, he started to walk to the embassy, which was only a square or two. But he had twinges of his old enemy, and the pavements were icy. He was a large heavily built man, and he feared a fall. While he was pondering over his dilemma along came a young man in working clothes, and the British ambassador, after a courteous salutation, asked: "My friend, will you walk beside me and help me home? It is just a short ways, but, I am afraid of falling. I shall greatly appreciate it." The young man looked him over and then said thickly, "Old gent, I am pretty full myself, but I'll do the best I can—the very best I can."

TEETHING
makes baby nervous and fretful, and stops gain in weight.
SCOTT'S EMULSION
is the best food-medicine for teething babies. It strengthens the nerves, supplies lime for the teeth, keeps the baby growing.
Get a small bottle now. All Druggists
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MALT EXTRACT
For the Tired Housewife
The dull monotony of the housewife's daily routine is wearing on both body and mind. She will find in Digesto Malt Extract a splendid tonic, whose mildly stimulating effect drives away that feeling of apathy and listlessness and gives life renewed interest.
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At all Drug Stores
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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
BREWERS OF THE BEER THAT
"Leads Them All"

Statement of the Condition of PEOPLES STATE BANK of Thief River Falls, Minn., at the Close of Business on April 28, 1909.

Date of Call by Supt., April 30, 1909. Date of Report by Bank, May 3, 1909.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$97,042.31
Overdrafts		331.07
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,440.78
Other Real Estate		2320.00
Due from banks	10,421.27	
Checks and Cash Items	89.60	
Cash on Hand, items below	3,720.16	
Currency	2,790.00	
Gold	145.00	
Silver	735.30	
Other	85.86	
Total Cash Assets	14,239.03	
Other Resources		210.24
Total		121,583.45

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$30,000.00
Surplus Fund		500.00
Notes Rediscounted		10,700.00
Deposits subject to check	$40,738.36	
Cashier's Checks	940.93	
Total immediate Liabilities	41,679.29	
Time Certificates	38,704.16	
Total deposits		80,383.45
Total		121,583.45

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, D. B. Bakke, President, and Oscar Sponheim, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. D. B. BAKKE, President, OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of May, 1909.

Correct Attest: (Two) Directors. H. P. SPONHEIM, H. A. LOKEN.

[SEAL] Bernard Docken, Notary Public.
My commission expires June 1, 1914.

Statement of the Condition of FIRST STATE BANK of Thief River Falls at Close of Business on April 28, 1909.

Date of Call by Supt., April 29, 1909. Date of Report by Bank, May 1, 1909.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$127,098.68
Overdrafts		1,110.61
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		1,800.00
Other real estate		3,506.36
Due from banks	22,359.98	
Checks and Cash Items	965.20	
Cash on Hand, items below	9,520.37	
Currency	5,620.00	
Gold	2,290.00	
Silver	1,307.10	
Other	283.27	
Total Cash Assets	32,845.55	32,845.55
Total		167,261.23

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		882.15
Deposits subject to check	70,707.52	
Demand certificates	653.67	
Cashier's Checks	2,112.78	
Due to Banks	31.46	
Total immediate liabilities	73,505.43	
Time certificates	80,873.65	
Total deposits	154,379.08	154,379.08
Total		167,261.23

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake—ss. We, Math Barzen, Vice President, and H. G. Dobner, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief. MATH BARZEN, Vice President. H. G. DOBNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of May, 1909.

Correct Attest: (Two) Directors. PHIL W. MABEY, L. M. HOAG

[SEAL] Daniel Shaw, Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 17, 1909.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.
JACKSON & McGINN
Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

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TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

ANNA LUNDBERG COMING

Popular Swedish Actress Will Start on Her Second Tour of the United States in the Beginning of June—During Her Former Visit to This Country the Actress Was Received with Enthusiasm Wherever She Appeared and Made Many Friends.

SWEDEN.

According to latest dispatches from Stockholm, Anna Lundberg, the popular actress, will in the beginning of June start her second American tour and will this time appear principally under the auspices of Swedish-American theatrical societies in the states. During her last visit here she made many friends and she was received with enthusiasm wherever she appeared. *It may not be out of place* to mention in this connection that Swedish male choruses, bands and prima donnas who have been popular in Stockholm and all over Sweden for that matter are beginning to visit the United States regularly, where thus far they have all been appearing to remarkably large and enthusiastic audiences. This is an entirely new field to Swedish artists and they will not hereafter be slow to avail themselves of the opportunity of coming here. One of the most successful Swedish-American impressarios is Dr. Victor Nilsson, of Minneapolis, who first brought Madame Hellstrom and John Forsell over to this country. They made a deicded hit and ever afterward musical organizations in Sweden have begun to take a deep interest in the United States.

There is a society which has been organized in Stockholm for the relief of the idle. It is known as "The Society for the Relief of the Idle" and it has just sent in a communication to the state department calling attention to the needs of those out of employment. The society desires to have homes arranged for by the state for such as cannot otherwise be provided for. It also argues that the state undertake public works to furnish employment until general conditions pick up. The society has already been doing a whole lot of good for those out of employment and next year it hopes to be in a far better condition to make its work bring results.

The Gothenburg home for paupers, known as "Gibraltar," which was organized some twenty years ago is now altogether too small and is not nearly large enough for a city of the size of Gothenburg. At this institution a number of people who are suffering from mild attacks of insanity are also kept and the space of the institution has been so taxed lately that a number of the patients have been sent to Brandtdala and Lundby. The number of paupers, aged and insane at this institution number at present about 1,600.

"Varmlanningarne," undoubtedly the most popular play that has ever been written in Sweden, was rendered at the Royal Opera the other evening for the four hundreth time. It seems that this play will never grow old in Sweden or Finland or even among the Swedish-Americans in the large cities of the United States where it has been rendered so many times. It was first rendered in March 27, 1846, when it struck a popular chord at once and this popularity has never abated in the least.

Captain Hjalmar Zielfelt, of Ribbingsholm, who during the last year has been employed at the military school in Norrkoping, was found dead in his bed the other morning with a bullet hole through his head. It was evidently a plain case of suicide. His large circle of friends have been trying to solve his motive for killing himself, as he was in no financial difficulties and at all outward appearances seemed absolutely happy and contented.

The crownprincess and the Duke of Vesterbotten have each subscribed $500 for the fund started some time ago for erecting cottages for laboring men in the Vesterbotten district. The work has already been started by a concerted action on the part of a number of charitable associations and soon there will be several hundred workingmen's cottages erected there.

Last year Sweden's king had a rather expensive traveling bill and the riksdag has now agreed to pay it. It amounted to the tidy little sum of 175,000 crowns and the king claims that this even will not cover his expenditures. It is an expensive matter to be a king and when he travels abroad he cannot do it as cheap as some people can.

Dr. Alex. Mardlicka, chief of the anthropological department of the National Museum of Washington, D. C., is at present in Sweden and has spent the past month in Stockholm, where he has been exceptionally well received by all the prominent scientists of the city.

The Servian government has recently ordered 60,000 kilograms of powder from one of the leading firms in Sweden dealing in explosives. The Northern Metal company has also received large orders from the same government for war material.

Anders Zorn's painting entitled "Vid Siljan" has been purchased by the government for a sum of 8,000 crowns and will be placed in the National Museum, where some of the paintings of the greatest artists of Sweden may be seen at present.

Foreign Minister Trolle, who has just resigned from his post, is said to be slated for the ambassador's post at Copenhagen. Trolle's successor has not as yet been appointed, but it is believed that former Minister Taube will be chosen.

NORWAY.

Says a Norwegian Christiania daily: "It has now been learned that the rumor that the Swedish government does not desire Swedish officials to receive and carry any decorations of any of the Norwegians orders is well founded. From a Norwegian point of view it is only another official evidence on the part of Sweden that her stand on this question is made at just exactly the same time the Swedish press began to look for sympathy from Norway in regard to the building of the Swedish Continental route to Germany. In Norway, however, Sweden's attitude to Norwegian orders has not caused nearly the furore that was anticipated. It is only pertinent to note that General Thalow, a Norwegian officer, who stands very high in foreign military circles, has returned all his decorations from Swedish orders on the ground that if a Swedish citizen cannot carry the St. Olaf order for instance, a Norwegian citizen cannot as a matter of course carry a Swedish order. The Norwegian press in general seems to approve of the general's course in this respect as being absolutely consistent."

Reports from the various districts of Norway would indicate that there will be lively competition for the tourist traffic this summer. In Gudbrandsdalen the hotel proprietors have been up and doing in the way of advertising the interesting sights to see there, and in Valdris plans are being laid for getting fast trains from Christiania, so as to draw the wanderers to the hotels there. It seems to be generally assumed that a larger number of foreigners will sojourn in Norway next season than ever before. On account of the opening up of the Bergen railway the tourist traffic of Flaamsdalen has greatly increased. Last year, for instance, the Fretheim Hotel was unable to accommodate the tourists and many were compelled to seek shelter at farm houses or sleep under the open sky. The proprietor has built a large addition during the winter and expects to entertain a goodly number of sightseers during the coming season.

A bloody fight in which one man lost his life and another was fatally injured took place up at Fredrikstad the other day in Torsnaes while a double wedding feast was in progress. A number of stone cutters who were in the neighborhood gathered at the place where the wedding celebration was gong on and soon began to engage in a hand-to-hand fight, knives being freely used. Blood flowed freely and the entire wedding company broke up. Two of the stone cutters were found lying out on the road and when a few of the wedding guests came to their rescue one of them was already dead. His name was Oscar Rosdal and the man who killed him is also a stone cutter named Karl Ogarden, who at last reports was not expected to live. The murdered man leaves a wife and five children. There were as many as a dozen persons mixed up in the bloody encounter and several of them will carry scars for the rest of their lives.

Ludvig Bergh has been chosen chief of the Bergen National theater for the coming season with a salary of 5,000 crowns a year. Mr. Bergh has for years been prominent on the Norwegian stage and is an actor of exceptional talent. He succeeds Olaf Hanson, whose direction of the theater did not bring satisfactory results.

DENMARK.

The Danish-American society, which is planning to celebrate "American Day" at the exposition in Aarhus, Denmark, July 4, has invited the Danish minister to the United States, Count Carl Moltke, to deliver an address on that occasion on the subject: "The American as Seen Through Danish Eyes." About 200 Danish-Americans have already signified their intention of being present in Aarhus on this occasion and as many more are expected to participate. Invitations to the number of 500 have been sent to prominent Danes all over the United States.

The party of the left was victorious in a majority of the communal elections throughout Denmark in March. In 500 of the 1,100 "sogns" (parish districts) the lefts elected boards of which they have control. The rights control about 100 "sogns," the socialists about 20, and over 200 "sogns" will be under the control of no particular party. Most of the places in which the socialists triumphed are tributary to large cities, and under the influence of those cities.

The United Danish Temperance societies will hold a monster demonstration in Aarhus on Sunday, June 13. About 65,000 temperance people are expected to be in Aarhus on this occasion. There will be a grand procession in the forenoon and in the afternoon an elaborate program will be rendered.

An elegant hotel, which when completed, will be the largest in Denmark, will be erected in Copenhagen this summer at an expenditure of 12,000,000 crowns. It will have 600 rooms and will of course contain the very latest modern improvements.

M. Guldman, of Galveston, Tex., has been appointed Danish consul in New Orleans, La. He has during the past five years been Danish vice consul in Galveston, Tex.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

TO EASE HIS CONSCIENCE

Former Blue Earth Citizen Reimburses Employers.

President Ross of the First National bank of Blue Earth received a letter from a former resident of the city containing a draft for $225.

The writer confessed that several years ago, while in the employ of different business firms in Blue Earth, he wrongfully appropriated money of his employers for his own use. He stated that the different amounts taken would aggregate about $100 and, figuring this at compound interest, he found that $192 was needed to straighten up his accounts. Fearing that something might have been forgotten he sent $225, which he asked Mr. Ross to distribute among his former employers.

The writer described how the consciousness of his wrongdoing had troubled him until he had concluded to make full restitution and ask forgiveness.

NIPS CUTOFF CANAL PLAN

War Department Disapproves of Minnesota Project.

The war department at Washington has refused to approve the plans of George W. Ralph, state engineer for Minnesota, stationed at St. Paul, on the cutoff canal in Aitkin county, this state. The plans were disapproved on the grounds that the cutoff would be injurious to navigation, and that the controlling works were not of a permanent nature.

This cutoff canal plan was for the purpose of controlling to certain extent the flood waters of the Mississippi. The proposed canal is seven miles in length and the state has spent approximately $25,000 on it in the way of making surveys and estimates.

MAY SECURE SUB-TREASURY

Representative Stevens Introduces Bill for One in St. Paul.

A bill establishing a sub-treasury in St. Paul was introduced in the lower house of congress by Representative F. C. Stevens of St. Paul.

"Whether a sub-treasury will be established in the Minnesota capital depends altogether upon the report of the national monetary commission," said Mr. Stevens. "If the sub-treasury system is continued then such an institution should be established in St. Paul for the benefit of the Northwest. Under present conditions it is very much needed in that section of the country."

VETERAN OF MEXICAN WAR

Lewis de Laittre Dies in Minneapolis at Advanced Age.

Lewis de Laittre, a veteran of the Mexican war, died in Asbury hospital, Minneapolis.

Mr. de Laittre was eighty-nine years of age at the time of his death. He came to Minneapolis from Maine in the early days and entered the employ of the Bovey-De Laittre Lumber company as manager of its many camps. For years he has been a conspicuous figure in Northeast Minneapolis, where his six feet of height and erect carriage marked him as a man of distinction.

COLLISION ON SOO LINE

Brakeman Killed and One Passenger Injured.

A rear end collision between freight trains on the Soo line occurred one mile from Kimball.

John Kearney, a brakeman, Minneapolis, was killed. U. Berry, a passenger of Minneapolis, riding in the caboose of the first train, was seriously injured and may die.

The caboose and several cars were telescoped and piled up on the track. Several cars caught fire and were destroyed. The enginemen of the second train escaped by jumping.

Johnson Principal Speaker.

The fifty-first anniversary of the admission of the state of Minnesota into the Union, which occurs on Tuesday, May 11, is to be celebrated by the Minnesota society of Chicago. Arrangements have been made by the society for a banquet to be held at the Grand Pacific hotel on the evening of the anniversary of the date, at which the principal address is to be made by Governor John A. Johnson.

Guarding Nonunion Vessels.

About twenty special policemen have been sworn in at Duluth to protect the nonunion vessels from the strikers. One special policeman is placed on each boat as she arrives. The men are paid by the Lake Carriers' association. There are about 100 men at the Head of the Lakes affected by the strike.

To Test Saloon Limit Law.

Edwin Loughlin of Nore, Itasca county, is planning to test the state law just enacted, limiting saloons to one for every 500 of the population. He was refused a license by the Itasca county board and has begun mandamus proceedings to compel the board to give him a license.

Despondent Man a Suicide.

Downcast over the loss of a watch which he valued highly as a keepsake Charles Koon of Minneapolis, aged fifty years, shot and killed himself in his room at the Northern hotel.

Killed by Passenger Train.

O. F. Frigstalt, twenty-five years old, believed to have been a resident of Minneapolis, was killed at Duluth by being struck by a Northern Pacific passenger train.

BEHIND THE BARS

Minneapolis Bank Teller Accused of Embezzlement.

HIS METHOD VERY SIMPLE

Found Stealing Easy and Concealment Not Hard.

Ellis W. Niles, aged thirty-two, receiving teller of the First National bank of Minneapolis, has been arrested on the charge of having embezzled $37,876 from the bank's funds.

Niles is said to have made a complete confession, saying he spent the money in high living and in speculating.

It is understood that $9,000 has already been made good by Nile's friends and that his brother, a wealthy resident of Toronto, Can., is in Minneapolis to help him out.

Niles has been in the employ of the First National bank five years. He is bonded, so the bank will lose nothing. Regarding his system of robbery Niles had the following to say after being placed behind the bars:

"As receiving teller I handled many thousands of dollars every day. My system was to hold out the deposit slips and pocket the money. Whenever a large depositor brought in several thousand dollars and I knew that the depositor always kept a large balance I would quietly give him credit on his book, then put the deposit slip and money into my pocket. In this way there never were any records on the bank books. It worked so nicely that I began to think I never would be caught, but I guess I missed my guess."

BUILDING TORN TO PIECES

Five Men Killed by Explosion of Boiler.

Five killed and five seriously injured resulted from the explosion of a boiler in the McGrath & Hogan saw mill at Kerrick. The dead are: Ernest Whitaker, Henry Bentz, Harry Abbott, Arbid Bergland and Oscar Rostlum.

The men were employed in the mill when the explosion occurred and two of those killed were hurled sixty feet. The building was torn into pieces and that the five men injured escaped is considered miraculous.

The engineer was in the engine pit and the force of the explosion passed above his head. He escaped with no injury other than the effects of the terrific shock his awful experience gave him.

The boiler of the mill was inspected last October and the proprietors were told that they might with safety add additional pressure, which, however, was not done.

The injured men are expected to survive and all escaped extensive maiming.

FOR MURDER OF TWO WOMEN

Wadena County Finn Arrested on Serious Charge.

Peter Turssivainen, a Finn, was arrested near Menahga, Wadena county, for causing the deaths of Mrs. Ben Mursu and Mrs. Paul Kuha, also Finns, and setting fire to their houses. The bodies of the women with their skulls crushed were taken from the blazing home. The husband of the Mursu woman is a money lender and is in Canada. Robbery is supposed to have been the motive of the crime. The alleged slayer was tracked through the snow to the home of his brother-in-law.

Turssivainen denies committing the double murder. He explains his absence from the home of his brother by saying that he started out to call on a young woman, but found the snow too deep and returned to his brother's home at midnight.

PLEADS FOR FREE LUMBER

Senator Nelson of Minnesota Delivers Address in the Senate.

In discussing the tariff bill in the senate Mr. Nelson of Minnesota made an earnest plea for the admission of lumber free of duty. His assertions aroused a quite general discussion, which was participated in by Senators Hale, Warren, Carter, Clapp, McLaurin, McCumber, Elkins, Aldrich and Gallinger.

Jurist Dies Under Knife.

William H. Donahue of Minneapolis, fifty-one years of age, appointed only a few weeks ago by Governor John A. Johnson as judge of the district court of Hennepin county, died at a hospital in Philadelphia, where he had gone for treatment for a cancerous growth on his neck. Judge Donahue had been in active practice in Minneapolis from the time of his admission to the bar in 1881 until his appointment to the bench last February.

Reached Minnesota in 1848.

Stephen Silas Farnham died suddenly at Minneapolis. He was closely identified with the early growth of St. Anthony, having moved there in 1848, when there were but twelve persons in the village. Mr. Farnham came to Minnesota because he realized the possibilities of the country around the head of river navigation.

THE KING OF CURES
DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA
I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.
PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

BIJOU THEATRE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.
Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.
Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All
Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

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THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette announces that it is going to take a hand in the legislative fight in the Marshall-Roseau-Kittson district and that Donald Robertson is to be retired. The voters up there may have something to say about the matter.

The public man may wrong the people, and be forgotten; he may serve them faithfully, with the same result. Corporations have memories. Favor them and they reward you handsomely; injure them and they hound you to the end. It is not strange, therefore, that the political careers of so many able and honest men are cut short, nor that public officials so frequently find it convenient to favor the party with the long memory.—Twin Valley Times.

The legislature of 1909 is now history. All in all the session just closed will go down in history as the most extravagant ever held in the State of Minnesota. A $13,000,000 legislature that many states can not afford and were it not for our great natural resources it probably would have bankrupted the commonwealth. Aside from this extravagance there is nothing that will characterize it one way or the other. It was controlled to a great degree by interests that were not in accord with those things which makes for the common good, and it is extremely likely that more new faces will appear in the next legislature than was the case two years ago, when a mere handful of old members were returned.—Foley Independent.

SECTION BOSS TO PRESIDENT.

Minneapolis Journal: It is altogether fitting that, at this precise historic moment in the developement of the Soo system, there should succeed to its titular headship the man who for a number of years has been its actual chief, Edmund Pennington. The election of Mr. Pennington to the presidency of the Soo is a signal illustration of that democracy of birth and aristocracy of merit which are the boast of America.

Mr. Pennington has risen from sheer force of ability and energy from a humble post as section foreman to the presidency of one of the greatest railroads in America. In what other country of all the world would that be possible? In the early days young Pennington operated a snow plow out of Sioux Falls. He did his work well, and he showed a capacity for better things. Step by step he advanced in the railroad world until he is now entrusted with the highest place in the gift of the company he had served so well. It is an example on which the young men of today may well ponder.

WHAT THE TRAFFIC WILL BEAR.

The haul from the East to Spokane is some four hundred miles shorter than to Seattle. Spokane complained that, for the shorter haul, it was charged a higher freight rate. The Interstate Commerce commission—while reducing rates to Spokane on other grounds—decided that the city was not necessarily entitled to as low a rate as its more distant rival, for rates to the latter are governed by water competition.

The freight rate, in short, is not governed by the service. It is not a question of so many yards of service at so much per yard. If it is necessarry in some cases in order to get the business, the roads may charge more for a shorter haul than for a longer one. On the other hand, it is well settled that the sum total of rates must be sufficient to cover total cost of the service, plus a fair profit to the carriers. All rates, taken together, must be fairly profitable. Under such a condition it seems clear that, if competitive rates are materially lower than non-competitive ones, the latter must yield more than a fair profit.

The average freight rate per ton per mile is low; but a good deal of tonnage is carried below the average—soft coal, for example, in which the railroad interest is large. For "competitive" business, also, proportionally less is charged than for non-competitive. So a low average freight rate, and a total profit which is not excessive, are quite compatible with a whole lot of individual rates which are excessive.

Victims of the individual rates will not cease complaining simply because the sum of all rates is fair.

There will be no peace in the railroad camp until rates are based upon service, rather upon what the traffic will bear.—Saturday Evening Post.

To Close their House.

The Farmer's Mill & Grain company, of Hallock, which has operated a wholesale flour distributing house in this city, is going to discontinue business here this month. The company has changed hands and the new owners realize that competition here in the flour business is too keen, and will seek other fields. W. J. LaBree, who has been the local manager, is undecided as to what business he will engage in in the future.

Goes to Boston.

Steve Withey expects to leave the latter part of next week for Boston, Mass., where he goes as a delegate from the division of the Brotherhood of R. R. Conductors. Mr. Withey has just recently returned from a trip to the western coast in the interests of the Great Northern.—Crookston Times.

For Sale—My Reo Runabout. Carries 2 to 4 passengers. Guaranteed in good condition. Dr. Penney.

Now Another Smile

What is life if we cannot enjoy it? Let us be happy; let us be friendly; let us be joyful and glad. Every glass of

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you,"

is a glass of pleasure—a bumper of joy. It is so good and *it tastes so fine.*

For over half a century PEERLESS has been brewed by the exclusive GUND NATURAL PROCESS. It contains all the rich vital properties of the finest, plumpest Northwestern barley; and comes to your table laden with strength, pleasure and absolute satisfaction.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wisconsin

Hotel Ogahmah

O. A. Robsecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

REDUCTION SALE!

Of Spring and Summer Clothing, by the

E. & E. CLOTHING COMPANY,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Our stock is fresh and up-to-date in style and quality as we have received a full and complete assortment for this season. We carry the "Sincerity" brand of Clothing which can not be beat for fit, workmanship or quality, and every suit is fully guaranteed both by the manufacturer and ourselves. But in order to reduce our stock and turn it into money as quickly as possible, we have decided to make the month of May, 1909 a banner month both regarding sales and prices, and will from May 1st, to May 31st, offer the following bargains:

All $25 suits for.......	$19.50
All $20 suits for.......	15.50
All $15 suits for.......	11.50
All $12 suits for.......	9.50
All $10 suits for.......	7.25
All $15 Cravenetts for..	11.75
All $13 Cravenetts for..	9.50
All $9 Cravenetts for...	7.50

All suits from $5 to $10

25 Per Cent

Reduction from regular prices.

All boys' suits

25 Per Cent Discount.

All single Pants

25 Per Cent Discount.

In Shoes We Shine.

Our "FLORSHEIM" and "BRADLEY" Shoes need no recommendation, but we shall sell them during the month of May at the following reductions:

All $5 shoes for..................	$4.00
All 4.50 shoes for..................	3.50
All 4 shoes for..................	3.00
All 3.75 shoes for..................	2.90
All 3.50 shoes for..................	2.60
All 3.25 shoes for..................	2.50
All 2.75 shoes for..................	1.90

In Waterproof, high cut "CRUISERS" we will sell

All $8.00 Cruisers for..............	$6.25
" 7.50 " "...............	5.75
" 6.50 " "...............	5.00
" 6.00 " "...............	4.50
" 5.00 " "...............	4.00
" 4.50 " "...............	3.50
" 3.75 " "...............	2.90

We Always Do As We Advertise

And you can depend on getting the goods and prices as above stated. We have a complete stock and you will find what you want in our line. Goods bought from us during this sale can be returned or exchanged—if not used—and money cheerfully refunded if not satisfactory.

These Prices Subject To Cash Deals Only.

The E and E Co

ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Food is more tasteful, healthful and nutritious when raised with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Made from Grapes

Absolutely PURE

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Wanted—A man to do chores at the Hotel Ogahmah.

Supt. J. H. Hay was down to St. Paul the first of the week.

County Supt. of Schools Anderson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Caspar Weiner was in the city Monday and made final proof upon his homestead.

For weddings and christenings, the Minnesota Star or El-Ko cigar is a most pleasing treat to friends.

"Dad" Newbury was in from his claim in the town of Goodridge the first of the week after a load of supplies.

Charles N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls banker, was in the city Tuesday being enroute to points south of here on the Soo Line.

W. B. Nichols, traveling salesman for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, returned Tuesday from a trip through North Dakota.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson and son, Donald, left Monday evening for St. Paul, to spend several days before leaving for Prince Albert, Canada.

O. W. Siminson, the former agent of the St. Anthony and Dakota Elevator company here, came over from Langdon, N. D., the first of the week to spend a few days visiting with old friends.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

Immanual congregation will have services next Sunday morning at 10:30, in Newton school house. J. K. Casperson will preach. The Young Peoples society will meet on Saturday, May 8th at 7:45. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Daniel Patterson has decided to build a summer cottage at Maple Lake. Mr. Patterson was one of the first to purchase a lot there some fifteen years ago and has now decided to have his cottage built in time for his family to occupy it this season.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

George Gusa was down from Middle River last week.

Dry poplar cord wood for sale by Ed. Langevin, the drayman.

—Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. Elder.

Jeorge Jarman has installed an electric exhaust fan in the Soo Cafe.

For water telephone No. 71, or leave orders at Pete Ellingson's restaurant.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Mayor Hamre was down to St. Paul last week attending to business matters

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls last week visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

K. R. Killand, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last Thursday attending to business matters.

Season tickets for sale at the Mozark Roller Rink. Inquire of the management for terms.

Simon O'Toole and family left the first of the week for Crystal, N. D., where they will spend the summer.

Conductor Frank Hathaway and wife removed the first of the week to Overly, N. D., where they will remain until fall.

Mrs. J. W. McGinty and children went down to Red Lake Falls last Friday evening to visit friends for a few days.

Attorneys Mabey, Michelet, Stanton and Halvorson were down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to legal business.

The Thief River Falls orchestra has been engaged to furnish music every Sunday evening hereafter at the Hotel Evelyn.

J. O. Thorstad, Charles Gustafson and Ed. Yanke were down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to some business matters.

Mrs. G. W. Booren and son left last Saturday evening for Stillwater and Minneapolis to spend about six weeks visiting with friends.

John E. McDonagh, constable and homesteader in the town of Veldt, Marshall county, passed through the city last Friday, being en route to Grand Forks.

The Hauges congregation will have services next Sunday at the usual place at 10:45 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. Student J. K. Casperson will preach in the evening.

Knute Nelson, the only native of Norway who was ever elected to the U. S. senate, will be the subject for a moving picture sketch to be shown thruout his native land.

Assessor D. P. O'Neill started work last Saturday of assessing the personal property of Thief River Falls. Mr. O'Neill will be kept busy most of this month doing this work.

Word was received from Rochester last week to the effect that the operation performed upon Ed O'Hara was a success in every way and that it is expected he will soon be able to return to this city.

A. D. Brown was down from Little Oak last week. He reported that the Red Lake river was just filled with ducks—more than had ever been seen in that country in years before.

August J. Wentzel, Sever Nelson, Joe O'Toole, W. G. Hunt and George Singer, all settlers on the eleven towns, were in the city the first of the week, all but the latter making final proof upon their homesteads.

For Sale—Heavy work team, 1 driving mare and 1 Percheon stallion. Anybody requiring such horses would do well by looking them over before buying elsewhere. They are of the best type the market can produce. For further information inquire of P. H. Devany or at Stebbins' Drug store. 19 tf.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Wanted—A second cook at the Hotel Evelyn.

Dr. Klimek was up to Middle River Monday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Sheriff Nelson was up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Rev. Gilchrist was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday.

Andy Erickson was down to LaCrosse, Wis., last week.

Lost—A handbag containing $6. Finder please return to Mrs. Fred Dablow.

Michael T. Torgerson has been appointed postmaster at Reiner vice R. Johnson, resigned.

LOST—On hay market last Friday a Gallaway cow hide robe. Finder please leave at creamery. Ed Quigley.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

H. H. Finrow has sold the hotel at Plummer to E. L. Witcherman, who has taken charge of the same.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

Ed Wilcox left Monday evening for North Dakota points and expects to spend about ten days there examining farms loans.

Miss Gladis and Carlisle Hansen went down to Red Lake Falls Saturday evening to spend a few days visiting with friends before removing to Prince Albert.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

Gilbert Granum and family and E. H. Waagard left Monday evening for Big Fork, Mont., where they will make their future home. Mr. Granum will engage in business at this place.

A law passed by this session of the legislature extends the term of office of village and township assessors for a period of two years. Assessors elected this spring will hold office until 1911.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Lord's Supper will be administered in the afternoon service. Rev. F. J. Seitz.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼-21-154-42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending May 1, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Hostekind, Ole.
Lilly, D. E.
Codere, Madame Oscar
Jansson, Oscar P.
Carson, L. H.
Bjerk, Barney

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Hallock Boys Raise Potatoes.

From now on until the snow flies you will hear of nothing else but the talk of potatoes. Every available vacant lot in this town will be utilized for the purpose of raising potatoes. The boys of this town are busy organizing a company with sufficient capital to pay for seed potatoes and cash in advance for rent of vacant lots or piece of ground conveniently near the town that can be be used for raising potatoes. This is a splendid idea on the part of the boys and we hope they will carry it out. It would also benefit the town as the vacant lots would show up much better covered with potato vines than as they now appear full of thistles and other foul weeds. Here is an opportunity for the boys to show whether they have any business ability or not. This is really an opportunity knocking at their own door and if managed right will yield them handsome returns. It will also give them some real practical experience in handling soil and managing actual business. We hope that the enthusiasm shown now in this enterprise will not grow cold when weeds and bugs make their appearance among the potato plants. Now boys show us what you can do.—Hallock News.

INGOT STEEL CULVERTS

Corrugated and Galvanized.

FOR BETTER ROADS. SAFE—PERMANENT

WON'T ROT.
WON'T RUST.
WON'T CRACK.

Not affected by freezing and heaving of water, or soil.

HIGHWAY & RAILWAY.

Bridges and Culverts. Economical.

Northern Culvert Company.
Manufacturers.
Thief River Falls, - Minn.

NEW SPRING GOODS

We are showing this season a most beautiful line of Dress Goods, and remarkable values.

Wool Dress Goods.

Our line comprises all-wool Panamas, plain and fancies, Serges, Mohairs, and the very latest in fancy suitings, in Kopenhagen blue, smoke grey, and all latest shades.

Prices, 40c to $2 per yard.

Wash Fabrics.

White and colored, of exceptional merit. Comprising Linen suitings, Persian Lawn, White Crepe, Madras waistings, Ginghams and White Outings. Our colored Lawns are most beautiful.

Prices, 5c to 35c per yard.

Walking Skirts.

We are proud of our skirt line. The Buckingham and Beverly skirts cannot be excelled. We have them in all colors, and very latest styles. Panamas, Serges, Fancies and Voiles.

Prices, $2.50 to $20.

Shirt Waists.

Our popular priced Waists, in Lawn and Batiste, lace and embroidery, are the most beautiful we have ever shown. We sell only the celebrated Dubrock waists.

Prices, $1.25 to $3.

Petticoats.

If you want a first class and stylish Petticoat, buy the Waterloo. We have just received a beautiful assortment in Heatherbloom and silks.

Prices from $1.25 to $6.

Trimmings.

Our line of Laces, Embroideries, Overlace and Netting for shirt waists, is the largest in the city, and we can not enumerate the many beautiful effects. We are selling more trimmings than all our competitors.

Prices the Lowest.

Clothing.

Our stock of Clothing is now complete. We are sole agents for the celebrated Adler suits for men. We have the latest novelties, all shades and colors.

Prices the Lowest.

100 men's suits to be closed out at wholesale prices. Get one of these suits before they all go.

Large discount on children's suits. We save you money!

Shoes and Oxfords.

We have the largest and best shoe stock in the city, but it is too large and must be reduced. We have now a bargain table for shoes to close at prices way below cost. Come in and see for yourself.

Ladies' and Children's Oxfords in Tans, Chocolates and Oxbloods.

Prices the Lowest.

We invite all and everybody to call and inspect our immense stock. Every department complete. We guarantee prices to be right. STRICTLY ONE PRICE TO ALL!

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Lumber and Building Material.

We carry in stock at all times a complete line of lumber and building material of all descriptions.

Call in and look over our special line of fancy glass doors. We have a large and well assorted stock from which you can make your selection.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

Labor Commissioner W. E. McEwen has shaken up the state free employment bureau system, making two changes which went into effect May 1. Louis Levy, who has been in charge of the three bureaus, with headquarters in Minneapolis, will be retired and his place will be taken by A. E. Kellington, also of Minneapolis. Mr. Kellington will have supervision of the three offices, but will make his headquarters in St. Paul. H. P. Brosius, who has managed the Minneapolis bureau, also goes out and his place is taken by Louis Vogler, who is transferred from work as a state factory inspector. In Vogler's place Mr. McEwen has appointed a new factory inspector, A. B. Gray of Minneapolis.

St. Paul and Minneapolis are soon to have another continuous interurban street car line, one that will afford a trip through Fort Snelling. As soon as St. Paul completes the grading on that city's approach the Twin City Rapid Transit company will begin laying the tracks through the reservation to the Fort Snelling line from Minneapolis. The war department has just granted a license to the street car company to construct the line.

On a telegraphic order from the attorney general at Washington Sherman Smith, the Minneapolis politician, who was sentenced for ninety days in the Ramsey county jail at St. Paul for contempt of court, was released after having spent thirty days of his sentence in the lockup. The order came as the result of a commutation of sentence by President Taft.

After Jan. 1, 1911, all "dinky" cabooses of the railroads in Minnesota will be part of history and a thing of the past. An act passed by the legislature requiring railroads to provide standard cabooses on freight trains will be rigidly enforced by the railroad and warehouse commission.

It costs the government $8,000 per year for its mail carriers to ride on the street cars of St. Paul and Minneapolis and the postoffice department has agreed to apportion that amount, which is $3,500 more than the regular amount set aside for that purpose.

At the Red Wing city election a bond issue of $35,000 for a better water supply for drinking and commercial purposes and $50,000 special bonds for the erection of a new school and for manual training carried. A. P. Pierce was elected mayor.

Federal Judge Milton D. Purdy again has tendered his resignation and it has been accepted. The reason given for the resignation by Judge Purdy is that he believed his appointment would not be confirmed by the senate.

Governor John A. Johnson and Mrs. Johnson have gone to Old Point Comfort, Va., where they will spend about ten days. Both have been in poor health and hope to be benefited by the sea air and change to a warm climate.

The annual state firemen's convention will be held in Cloquet June 8 and 9. About 800 visiting firemen are expected, representing over 300 departments in the state.

Peter J. Youngdahl was elected superintendent of the Minnesota State Anti-Saloon league at a meeting of that organization in Minneapolis.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota Territorial Pioneers' association will be held in the old capitol at St. Paul on May 11.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

E. C. Rudd, a Virginia saloonkeeper, was mangled to death by a northbound passenger train on the Rainy Lake railroad at Virginia. He had boarded the train to see some friends off for Ranier and fell under the wheels when trying to leave the moving cars.

Dr. J. R. Hanson of Lakefield, this state, former secretary of the Third district school board of Jackson county, was arrested at Eldorado Springs, Mo., and will be brought to Minnesota to account for an alleged shortage in his accounts of more than $8,000.

In a fire at Bemidji, which destroyed the residence of Gust Lundeen and the blacksmith shop of C. J. Berrill and threatened the entire village, John F. Francilla, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Francilla, was burned to death.

Paul Sonnek, who lives three miles south of Minnesota Lake, was killed by the overturning of a load of grain on which he was riding.

The high school building at Amboy was completely destroyed by fire. It was erected twelve years ago at a cost of $20,000.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK.

Captain John Segers, once well known in St. Paul as a pilot on the Minnesota and Mississippi rivers, died recently of complications of la grippe at his home in Rossland, B. C.

Edward Thompson, one of Minnesota's foremost statesmen in the territorial days and a member of the first state senate, is dead at Minneapolis.

Michael Toye, former mayor and business man of Winona, is dead. He was sixty-nine years old.

Carl H. Toepler, a St. Paul resident for thirty years, dropped dead of apoplexy.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The administration soon is to engage in one of the biggest railroad investigations known in the history of the country. The work is to be done by an official of the department of justice and an agent of the interstate commerce commission. The investigation will be of the charges of combination between railroads, alleged to be arbitrary and unlawful, of the enforcement of unjust and despotic rates for both freight and passenger services and of gross discriminations in rates.

Formal notice of the intention of the American government to terminate the commercial agreements with a number of other countries, made in conformity with section 3 of the Dingley tariff act, has been given by the state department. This action is based upon the mere intent and wish of congress as shown by pending legislation.

Further endorsement of the lock type of canal and assurances of the stability of the Gatun dam were voiced at New York by members of the congressional party which returned on the steamer Panama after an unofficial inspection of the canal zone.

Mehmed V., the new sultan of Turkey, has been officially recognized as the reigning ruler of that empire by the Washington government.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Failure to appear in court at New York to submit to examination in supplementary proceedings caused Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw to be adjudged in contempt of court by Justice McAvoy and sentenced to pay a fine of $250 within five days or suffer imprisonment.

President Taft was the principal speaker at the Grant birthday dinner of the Union league in Philadelphia and paid a striking tribute to the soldier-president.

Archbishop Matheson of Ruperts Land diocese, in charge of the Anglican church in Western Canada, has been elected primate of all Canada.

LABOR NEWS.

The strike of labor unions on the Great Lakes against the Lake Carriers' association, or, more correctly, their formal refusal to ship on boats controlled by the association, has been put into full operation at all ports. It is estimated that probably 12,000 seamen of all classes are involved in the great struggle.

The agreement between the miners and operators, insuring industrial peace in the anthracite coal region for another period of three years, was signed at Philadelphia by the representatives of the employers and the men.

Upwards of 1,000 bakers of the lower East Side of New York city struck to enforce demands for closed shops, wages ranging from $20 to $40 per week and a ten-hour day.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The American Sugar Refining company has paid into the United States treasury about $900,000, completing a payment of approximately $2,000,000 in settlement of fines and claims made by the government in its recent charge of fraud on the part of the sugar company.

Criminal prosecutions by the federal government will be begun as a result of the disclosures in the recent suit of the government against the American Sugar Refining company.

A patrolman, Joseph Kroeger, and a pickpocket whose name is unknown were killed in a revolver duel at Logansport, Ind., following an evening performance of a circus.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 3.—Wheat—May, $1.24⅞; July, $1.24¾; Sept., $1.07¼. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.28⅛@1.28⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.27⅛@1.27⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.25⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.22⅝@1.24⅛.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 3.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $4.50@5.00, good to choice cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; veals, $5.00@5.25. Hogs—$6.70@7.05. Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@6.75; yearlings, $6.50@7.25; lambs, $7.75@8.25.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 3.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.28⅛; No. 1 Northern, $1.26⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.24⅝; May, $1.24⅛; July, $1.23¾; Sept., $1.07⅞. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.67; May, $1.66; July, $1.66½; Sept., $1.44⅞; Oct., $1.39¼.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 3.—Wheat — May, $1.26¾; July, $1.12¼@1.12⅜; Sept., $1.03¾@1.03⅞; Dec., $1.01⅜. Corn—May, 71¼c; July, 68⅝c; Sept., 67¼c; Dec., 58¾c. Oats—May, 56⅛c; July, 49¼c; Sept., 42⅞c; Dec., 42c. Pork—May, $17.80; July, $18.02½@18.05; Sept., $18.02½. Butter—Creameries, 22@27c; dairies, 19½@24½c. Eggs—[illegible]. Poultry—Turkeys, 17c; chickens and springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 3.—Cattle—Beeves, $5.00@7.10; Texas steers, $4.65@5.75; Western steers, [illegible]@5.75; stockers and feeders, [illegible]@5.60; cows and heifers, [illegible]@6.25; calves, [illegible]@7.50. Hogs—[illegible], $6.75@7.20; mixed, $6.90@7.22½; heavy, $6.90@7.25; rough, [illegible]@7.05; good to choice heavy, [illegible]@7.25; pigs, [illegible]. Sheep—Native, [illegible]@6.30; yearlings, $6.20@7.20; lambs, $6.00@[illegible].

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 209 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Area.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	20	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	35	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	88.07
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	16	150	44	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
N½ NW¼	16	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	310.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swensen, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake; and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 373.

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 05-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Post-office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893.05, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

may6-june10.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 21, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 132, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nikolai O. Sortedahl, assignee and holder thereof to E. G. Buse by written assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1905, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January, 1907, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 356, which said mortgage, together with the said debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said E. G. Buse, assignee and holder thereof, to Scandia American Bank by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 26th day of March 1909, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 2 of Mortgage on page 34; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely, That tract, or parcel, of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:—Beginning at a tack in a stake 410 feet South and 530 feet South, 89° 30' West of the quartersection corner between Sections Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred fifty one (151), Range forty four (44); thence south 14' West 775.8 feet to a post; thence north 75°, 15' West 340 feet to a post; thence north 14' East 678.6 feet to a post; thence North 89°, 30' East 330 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5.51-100 acres, more or less, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday the 28th day of May, 1909, at one o'clock p. m., of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nineteen Hundred thirty four and 81-100 Dollars, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and $50.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 8, 1909.

SCANDIA AMERICAN BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

apr.15-may 20

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders C. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd, day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 20 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 40 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S.E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Post-office, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

may6-june10.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., April 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Olaf O. Finberg, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Nov. 10th 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6775, Serial No. 02385, for N½ of SE¼, lots 1, 2, Section 36, Township 155 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Louis Larson, of Thorwick, Minn.
Ole Finberg, " "
Peter Flo, " "
Hans Jorstad, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

Hoarseness, bronchitis and other throat troubles are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar as it soothes and heals the inflamed throat and bronchial tubes and the most obstinate cough disappears. Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1901, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 04140, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, " "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Plen H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and the bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? A. Bjerkhoel.

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Rev. I. W. Williamson's Letter.

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Many weak, nervous women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence today and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

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Office over First National Bank

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PERL W. MABEY
PERL W. MABEY, Lawyer.
TELEPHONE NO. 89.
Office first door north of News building.

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Oculist and Aurist.
Practice confined to treatment of eye, ear and throat. Office: Herald block.
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FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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THE WILD RICE LEGEND.

Longfellow's "Hiawatha" relates an interesting legend of the origin of the corn plant. A legend of similar charm has been handed down telling of the origin of the wild rice, which is relished not only by myriads of wild fowl, but is a staple article of food with many northern Indians. The story is that long years ago the Indian tribes lived in the sunny south, but in course of time they increased, covering all lands, except the north. In order to prevent the extinction of game many tribes became cannibals. One tribe, whose chief was Babomwagiwiskung, thought this was wrong. Wandering one day far from his haunt in search of game, he became exhausted from fatigue and hunger and lay down to sleep. In a vision he saw a beautiful white spirit, which told him to gather his tribe together and take them to the northland, where they would have peace and plenty. On his journey he would come to a great lake, on the shore of which he would find a birch bark basket containing seed which he was to sow upon the waters, and this would grow and produce a food that would prove everlasting. The only condition exacted was that his tribe should always live in peace and harmony with the white race. The directions were carried out, the seed planted, and wild rice grew, furnishing a nourishing food for the Indian and proving a great attraction for wild fowl.

The existence of this legend is cited to the present day to explain why the Chippeway Indians have never been at war with the whites. Wild rice still forms a staple article of diet with many northern Indians, while the extensive fields of it are the gathering place for wild fowl, some of them flying hundreds of miles to reach them. The plant thrives in ponds or flowing streams, varying in depth from a few inches to four feet. The seed is often sown in game preserves and private ponds and seems to do well under a variety of soil conditions, though it seems to flourish best where the bottom is a soft black mud. The seed may be sown in spring or fall, preferably the latter, and may be secured of several northern firms. Where wild rice grows the ducks will come to feed, and the hunting in many a locality where there are suitable ponds or streams could be greatly improved were some wild rice sown.

WOULD START A POULTRY FARM.

A nearby reader of these notes, a young man who has but a limited amount of money to invest in any business enterprise, writes for suggestions as to how and when he could to best advantage start a poultry farm. He expresses a preference to be near some body of running water, so that he could keep ducks and geese as well as chickens, and would like enough land to raise the grain needed in his operations. It would be impossible to state without knowing conditions intimately whether one town were better than another as a market for poultry products. There is little question that there are many where the conditions would be all right. Success in any case would depend more upon the man than the conditions. We would suggest to our friend that he visit several of his nearest market centers, inquire the price of small parcels of land which would be suitable for poultry raising, try to ascertain the cost of buildings, equipment, etc., when he would be in shape to make a wise decision. If he has not had considerable experience in poultry raising he would do well to start in on a modest scale, enlarging his operations as he acquires familiarity with the business.

THE PARASITE DODDER.

The worst enemy of clover and alfalfa fields is dodder, a parasitic plant whose seed is light gray, yellowish or brown and about the size of red clover seed and very hard to distinguish from it. Dodder seed germinates in the ground, sending up a slender, threadlike stem, yellow or reddish in color, which at once attaches itself to its host plant, the one on which it sponges for a living. Twining closely around the stem or leaf, it sends its sucking organs into the tissue and lives on its juices, weakening or killing the plant. The dodder stem may be cut into any number of pieces, but if attached to clover or alfalfa each section will thrive. The dodder flowers and produces abundant seed, which drop to the ground for another season. Clover that is infested with dodder not only mats together and lodges, but is cured with difficulty and has been known to cause scours in cattle when fed as hay. Once established in an alfalfa field, dodder is likely to ruin it. In clover the damage is not so great, for, being a biennial, the clover is used in a rotation, the dodder dying out when it has no clover plants on which to subsist.

Weeds, like bad habits, are most easily and effectively eradicated when they are just getting started. In both cases it means less grief later on.

The married man who tries to cultivate a care free mind and takes one-fourth of the exercise he did when a boy will quite likely find his wife's cooking as appetizing as his mother's was years ago. It isn't so much the cooking as the fellow and his appetite which have changed.

In 1880, 25.5 per cent of the farms of the country were leased to tenants; in 1900 the number had increased to 35.3, while today the proportion is placed at about 40 per cent. The trend is one that does not bode any good, as the owner cannot farm by proxy as well as he can first hand.

The newly set orchard will do much better if it is given careful cultivation during the first few years, in which interval potatoes, beans or strawberries may be grown. If the cultivation and removal of a crop leave the ground too bare in the fall a light mulch of straw scattered along the tree rows will furnish a cover which will serve to catch the snow.

Oats cut green in the early dough stage and properly cured make a roughage that is not appreciated to the full. Such oat hay is nearly as good as timothy and much to be preferred to millet. When cut early in the above manner the land may be sowed to rye or some other crop which will furnish good feed during the fall and winter and give a good supply of green manure to plow under in the spring for corn.

Of the meat consumed in France 11.2 per cent is horseflesh. In Paris there are 255 butchers who sell horse meat or "mulet" (mule meat) exclusively. Mulet is viewed as a luxury by some classes and is indulged in only on Sundays or holidays. When the weary cab horses of London and Paris have outlived their usefulness as motor power they are no longer allowed an interval in quiet pasture and a decent burial, but after hauling the rich must furnish food for the poorer classes.

The ready adaptation of plant life to environment is nicely shown in the roots of trees from which the earth has been removed, exposing them to the air and sunlight. In a short time they take on the appearance of trunk and limbs. Again the germ shoots of plants destined to be branches readily transform to roots if covered with soil. Helpless seemingly as these creatures of the vegetable kingdom are, they are nevertheless endowed with a marvelous capacity for looking out for their own welfare.

One of the most interesting as well as beautiful species of the duck family is the green winged teal, which, though of small size, is viewed as a dainty morsel by the sportsman who is fortunate enough to bag it. To counterbalance extreme agility in rising from the water and speed in flight the little fellows are very sociable when a number of them are assembled, the trill-like whistle of the drake and diminutive squawk of the hen betraying the presence of a flock to the hunter a quarter of a mile away.

A ten-year-old boy we have in mind is spending many of his spare hours evenings—he plays and ought to between 4 and 6—reading entertaining books of history, adventure and travel instead of gadding o' nights and encountering all kinds of degrading influences. It's a mighty hopeful sign when a boy of this age gets the reading habit. More boys should develop it and possibly would if a little more pains were taken to make the home the pleasantest as well as most interesting place in the neighborhood and were the boy's self respect awakened by a little more sympathy and companionship.

The idea of a co-operative laundry located at the creamery, where the waste steam and heat could be used in operating it, is said to have been broached a number of years ago by Secretary James Wilson before a western farmers' institute, and the objection urged against it by the farmers' wives present was that they didn't care to have anybody outside their own homes see how dirty their clothes were. While there is little question that country clothes do get dirtier than city clothes as a result of dust and sweat and heat, squeamishness in this particular has to quite an extent disappeared with city folk with the advent of the city laundry. Could the good wife of the farm home be relieved of the drudgery of the Monday wash for about six weeks her fastidiousness would likewise disappear.

Every boy who has a chance to go to school should make the most of it and not squander the best opportunities he ever has by fooling away his time with things that are not worth while. The reason why so many boys make a mistake at this point is that they don't see the connection between schooling and success in after life. But, whether they see it or not, the connection is there just the same. The difference between the fellow who goes through life merely a clodhopper and ignoramus and the one who succeeds in what he undertakes is largely the result of the use which is made of the years in school. Many a man looking back is able to see the mistake he made when he quit school for no good reason and, metaphorically speaking, kicks himself soundly, but to no purpose, for it is too late. The time for the boy to give this matter of schooling effective consideration is when kicking will do some good.

As a result of the rather short potato crop of last year there has been a considerable transportation of the tubers from Ireland. As a rule, the stock is shipped in sacks holding 168 pounds, somewhat less than three bushels.

Experiments in egg preservation conducted by an eastern experiment station show that eggs keep the best which are laid and put away during April, May and June. During this interval the prices are usually reasonable, and the eggs are most likely to be fresh and temperature conditions favorable.

Not the least of the advantages of locating in the mountainous regions of the west, especially to one who is fond of outdoor sport, are the fine fishing and hunting which are to be had. Large game is not as abundant as it used to be, but small game is still plentiful, and the clear, cold mountain streams are stocked with several species of trout and other game fish.

In view of the existence of conditions which make possible the bulling of the wheat market by one individual grain speculator from $1 to $1.25 per bushel and the resulting increase of the price of bread from 5 to 7 cents a loaf, it would seem to be high time for our national legislators to get into action and put this poor man's staple food supply on the free list, so that it cannot be cornered and manipulated with such ease. Common justice and decency and not party considerations should determine the line-up on this bread tax proposition.

A couple of peddlers were comparing notes not long since in the office of the hotel where they were stopping and seemed to get a good deal of sport out of the fact that during the day they had succeeded in palming off on a number of their unsophisticated rural patrons packages of a medium quality of tea at 98 cents per pound when the same or a better article could be got of their home grocer at 50 cents. When peddlers of this kind come along and offer such "bargains" as these it would be a good idea for the prospective buyer to step to the phone and call up the home merchant and at least make the peddler give him as good terms as the merchant offers.

The purple martin, both during its northern and southern sojourns, is one of the most valuable birds from the standpoint of the service which it renders the farmer and gardener. During the winter in its southern home it wages war on a great variety of injurious insects, including the big cotton boll weevil beetle, which works such havoc on the cotton plantations. On its arrival in the northern states in the latter part of April or early May the martin continues its beneficent work of insect destruction. It is an inoffensive bird, of most interesting habits and on every account should be provided with nesting places and protected in every possible way.

The live officials of a national bank in a progressive western town are this season offering a series of cash prizes to the landowners living within a radius of fifteen or twenty miles for the stretches of road of a mile or more in length leading to the town which are kept in the best condition during the season. Judges who have been appointed are to inspect the roads at intervals, and at the end of the period prescribed the awards will be made. The best piece of highway will fetch its owner $100 and the second and third best smaller but substantial amounts. In towns where there is no bank whose officials are disposed to be thus alert it would result in dollars for the municipality if the city councils would offer such prizes.

Further study into the habits of birds leads to the generally accepted view that if there is any one who ought to be their firm friend it is the farmer and gardener, who is especially indebted to them for keeping in reasonable check the myriad insect enemies of his growing crops. On this account he should arrange to reserve somewhere about the place, along the road in front of the house or in the corner of the pasture or wood lot, a plum or shrub thicket where the birds may nest and make headquarters for the season. Many a farm does not have as many birds about as it might simply through lack of convenient nesting places. This bird business is coming to be a dollars and cents proposition, and every husbandman can well afford to give it serious thought.

Professor Bolley of the North Dakota Agricultural college has been conducting extensive experiments in the use of a spray of iron sulphate for destroying mustard in grainfields. Such good results have been had with this new weed exterminator that one firm at Fargo, N. D., has put in a stock of a thousand tons of iron sulphate, while many farmers who have tried it buy the chemical in ton lots. Some of the larger farmers are spraying thousands of acres for mustard and, in addition to destroying the weeds, have secured an increase in wheat yield of as high as five bushels per acre. While this method of weed destruction was developed primarily to destroy the yellow mustard, it has been found very effective in killing many other varieties, including false flax, wormseed, mustard, shepherd's purse, ball mustard, corn cockle, chickweed, dandelion, Canada thistle, bindweed, plantain, rough pigweed, ragweed and cocklebur.

F. E. Trigg

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Hamm's Beer
not only tastes good and looks good, but is good
"Leads Them All"
Hamm's Beer
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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order
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It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the
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PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

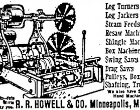

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THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER
$1.00 PER YEAR

Best grade 3-4 Percale, all colors, per yard

4¾ Cents

WE MAY BE OUT-TALKED BUT NEVER UNDERSOLD.

The Golden Rule

ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Best grade Apron Check Ginghams, per yard

4¾ Cents

We Announced to the People of Thief River Falls and Vicinity

A DISSOLUTION SALE

Sale Now On.

A SALE IN WHICH THE PRICE OF EVERY PIECE, PARCEL AND YARD OF MERCHANDISE IN THIS STORE HAS BEEN RADICALLY REDUCED IN A DETERMINED EFFORT TO TURN THESE GOODS IMMEDIATELY INTO CASH.

The firm of O. J. SCHEI & CO., have decided to dissolve partnership. $25,000 must be raised in this settlement. This sale is for the purpose of raising that money quickly. We shall depend upon our low prices to accomplish this result. We will make them low enough to do it. This sale comes right at the time when you most need the goods. Wants and needs for spring and summer can now be filled at the lowest prices ever known in Thief River Falls on like merchandise. The store will be somewhat topsy-turvy for we expect big crowds. Therefore, we beg your indulgence and patience. We will wait upon you as soon as we can get to it and will insure you complete satisfaction in every purchase.

Below we tell specifically about many examples of what the selling is:

Dissolution Shirt Sale.

We handle only the best and most desirable brand of shirts.

Work shirts, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Work shirts, $1.00 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, $1.00 values, now	79c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, 75c values, this sale	59c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, 50c and 65c	39c

Dissolution Men's & Boys' Underwear Sale.

Men's all wool underwear, regular $1.50 grade, at this sale	$1.19
Men's all wool underwear, regular $1.00 grade, at this sale	79c
Men's Balbriggan underwear, regular 50c grade, at this sale	39c
Men's & Boys' Balbriggan underwear, regular 25c grade	19c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Women's Knit Underwear

The time has arrived when the remaining numbers of this line must quickly bid us good-bye. They Will.

Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $3 value, dissolution sale price	$1.98
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $2.50 value, dissolution sale price	1.79
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $2 value, dissolution sale price	1.49
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	1.15
Ladies' all wool Comb suits, $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Ladies' 2 piece medium weight underwear, 50c value, at this sale	39c
Ladies' 2 piece medium weight underwear, 25c and 50c value	19c

New Spring and summer underwear at greatly reduced prices.

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Muslin Underwear.

If you don't need these beautiful Undermuslins now, you will soon. These reduced prices bid you not delay.

Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	$1.19
Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Dress Goods.

This Dress Goods stock has been enjoying immense patronage during the last few weeks. Now we shall quickly reduce the stock by severely reducing the prices. Black and colored dress goods, suitings, etc.,—all the popular new weaves.

Rajah Panama, for suits or skirts, regular $1 values, dissolution sale price	69c
Black or colored dress goods, $2 values, dissolution sale price	$1.59
Black or colored dress goods, $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19
Black or colored dress goods, $1.25 values, dissolution sale price	99c
Black or colored dress goods, $1 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Black or colored dress goods, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Black or colored dress goods, 35c values, dissolution sale price	28c

All the Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Silks, etc., at dissolution sale prices.

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Sale On Men's Correct Clothing.

It is not a matter of whether or not you need a suit now. If you ever expect to buy a new suit, come to this sale while prices are at the lowest ebb you ever saw on stylish, guaranteed clothing.

Men's Suits, regular price $25, at this sale	$19.75
Men's Suits, regular price $20, at this sale	15.75
Men's Suits, regular price $18, at this sale	14.40
Men's Suits, regular price $15, at this sale	11.75
Men's Suits, regular price $12.50, at this sale	9.75
Men's Suits, regular price $10, at this sale	7.75

Overcoats, Cravenettes

Men's overcoats, regular price $20, at this sale	$15.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $18, at this sale	14.40
Men's overcoats, regular price $15, at this sale	11.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $12.50, at this sale	9.75
Men's overcoats, regular price $10, at this sale	7.75
Men's trousers, regular $5 value, at this sale	3.98
Men's trousers, regular $2.50 value, at this sale	1.98
Men's trousers, regular $2 value, at this sale	1.59

For Cash and Cash Only.

Clipping The Prices In Boys' Suits.

Now is the time to fit out your boys with a new Spring suit. Never has our boys' suit department been so complete. You'll find the biggest suit bargains you ever secured.

Boys' Suits, regular $10 value, dissolution sale price	$7.75
" " " $8 " " " "	6.40
" " " $5 " " " "	3.98
" " " $4 " " " "	3.19
" " " $3.50 " " " "	2.80
" " " $3 " " " "	2.40
" " " $2.50 " " " "	1.98
Boy's knee pants, regular $1.50 value, at this sale	1.19
" " " " $1 " " " "	79c
" " " " 50c " " " "	39c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Shoe Sale.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children. New Spring styles in both Oxfords and high shoes, all leathers, black or tan. Crosette and Red Cross shoes not included.

Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $4, dissolution sale price	$3.39
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $3.50, dissolution sale price	3.09
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $3, dissolution sale price	2.55
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $2.50, dissolution sale price	2.18
Men's or Ladies' shoes, regular price $2, dissolution sale price	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $2.50, dissolution sale price	2.18
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $2, dissolution sale price	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $1.50, dissolution sale price	1.28
Boys' and Girls' shoes, regular price $1, dissolution sale price	85c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Grocery Prices During the Dissolution Sale.

Make it the best of household economy for you to lay in your table supplies now.

Canned Corn, solid pack, per can	7c
Canned Tomatoes, solid pack, per can	9c
Best Grade Soda Crackers by the box, per box	6c
I C Baking Powder, 25c size	19c

GROCERIES—Quotations on Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Etc., Every Day.

Savings in Separate Skirts.

We dare say that every woman who inspects these skirt offerings will secure at least one skirt bargain—this is as long as the lots last.

All skirts, regular price $12.50 value, at this sale	$9.75
All skirts, regular price $10.00 value, at this sale	7.75
All skirts, regular price $8.50 value, at this sale	6.75
All skirts, regular price $5.00 value, at this sale	3.98
All skirts, regular price $4.00 value, at this sale	3.19

Waists, Wrappers, Petticoats, etc., at Dissolution Sale Prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

ALL GOODS AS ADVERTISED.

Dissolution Trimmings Lace Prices.

This entire lace stock will probably be closed out during this sale.

All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 50c per yard, dissolution sale price	39c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 25c per yard, dissolution sale price	19c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 15c per yard, dissolution sale price	12c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 10c per yard, dissolution sale price	8c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Embroideries.

Very special prices made on very desirable goods will cause customers to flock to this counter. The largest and best selected stock the Golden Rule has ever shown.

All 50c Embroidery, dissolution prices.	39c
" 25c " " "	19c
" 18c " " "	14½c

For Cash Only.

Dissolution Curtain Sale.

Some of these curtains are very small lots at very short prices. You can secure the greatest curtain values of the year right now.

Lace curtains, regular price $5 values, dissolution sale price	$3.98
Lace curtains, regular price $3.50 values, dissolution sale price	2.80
Lace curtains, regular price $3 values, dissolution sale price	2.40
Lace curtains, regular price $2.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.99
Lace curtains, regular price $2.00 values, dissolution sale price	1.50
Lace curtains, regular price $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19

Series, Curtaining, Silkolene, etc., at dissolution sale prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Linen Sale.

Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Crash—everything in Linens at cut prices.

Table Linen, $1.50 value, dissolution sale price	$1.19
Table Linen, $1.00 value, dissolution sale price	79c
Table Linen, 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c
Table Linen, 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c
All towels, regular 25c value, dissolution sale prices	19c

This Sale is for Cash and Cash Only.

The GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE

O. J. SCHEI & CO.

Thief River Falls, - - - - - - - - - Minnesota.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1909 NUMBER 20

To Organize a New County.

No More Taxation Without Representation the Issue.

New County to Be Called Pennington---T. R. F. County Seat.

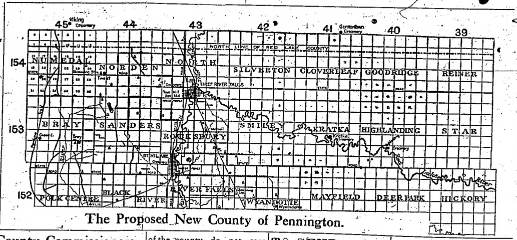

The Proposed New County of Pennington.

Legal Description and Names of County Commissioners.

The name of said proposed new county shall be Pennington.

The territory to be included therein is bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, according to the United States Government survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) west to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the fifth principal meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one-hundred and fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one-hundred fifty-three (153) and one-hundred fifty-four (154) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall county as the same now exists, thence running west along the southern boundry line of said Marshall county to a point where said boundry line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian, the said point being the northwest corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one-hundred fifty two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The said territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty (40), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian and all of townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) and one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian and also all that part of township one-hundred and fifty four (154) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian lying and being within said Red Lake county as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls located on sections twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty four (34) in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north of range forty three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian.

The names and places of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county, are as follows:

Peter C. Wold, residing on lots one [1] and two [2] and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen [19], in township one hundred and fifty three [153] north of range forty [40] west of of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Peter Hedeen, residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty four [34], in township one hundred fifty three [153], north of range forty one [41] west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Ed A. Aubol, residing on lots three [3] and six [6] in section twenty nine [29] in township one hnndred fifty three [153] north of range forty three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Daniel Shaw, residing in the City of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county.

Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight [8] in Township one hundred fifty four [154] north of range forty five [45] west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Northern Red Lake county is to secede—and the only thing possible to stop the secession is a square deal, something the people of this section of the county have never been able to secure.

This week a petition has been circulated asking that the voters be allowed to vote upon a proposition to create the new county of Pennington, named in honor of the president of the Soo road, which has done so much to develope this part of the county. The county will take about two-thirds of the present area of Red Lake county and will have over three-fourths of the valuation. The line is to start two miles north of the south line of the town of Polk Centre and run directly east to the boundry line, except that all of the town of Hickory will be in the new county. Red Lake county will be reduced to about eleven townships and will have a small valuation and an expensive territory to maintain. It will have about all of the territory through which flows the Clearwater river, Badger creek and other streams and is in constant need for appropriations for bridges and repairs.

The vote upon creating the new county cannot be taken until the general election in November, 1910, and in the meantime the proposition to secure a vote upon the location of the county seat of Red Lake county will be pushed with vigor. Injunction proceedings restraining the county commissioners from building a new court house will keep that matter tied up until the new county will be formed and after that date the people of the northern part of the county do not care what happens. They can build all the court houses they want and let the farmers of the southern part of the county go without bridges.

The city of Thief River Falls will give its city hall to the new county and this can be used as court house for the new county.

The filing of the petition prevents the authorities of Red Lake county from collecting any tax whatever for county purposes in the territory proposed to be set off from Red Lake county and next year the taxes for maintaining the county will have to be paid by the residents living in what is to remain of Red Lake county. It is going to make a heavy burden for the people of the southern part of the county, but it can't be helped.

An Ideal Summer Resort.

East of Waubun, some twelve to fifteen miles, lies a district that ought to be advertised, so as to become known to those who are looking for a good place to spend a few days on a summer outing. Once in a while people like to get away from the settlements into the wilderness and spend a few days strolling through the timber, fishing and camping out. We believe there is hardly a place to be found that would offer more attractions to such people than the region around Snyder lake, Tulaby and the Twin lakes. At Snyder lake there is a very fair stopping place kept by Mr. Snyder, with several boats on the lake, where fishing is very good. The country is hilly and somewhat rocky in spots, with a mixture of leaf timber and evergreens, and lakes, large and small, as well as numerous creeks and springs. If you take a walk into the woods or row around the lakes you are as likely to meet a deer as a man. It is only a two hours' drive out from Waubun, and as the rates at the stopping place out there are reasonable we would advise all those looking for such a place for their summer vacation to come here.—Waubun Forum.

Bounty on Crows.

It may be generally known that bounty is paid this year on gophers as well as crows. A ten-cent bounty is paid on crows killed from the 15th day of May to the 15th day of June and from the 15th of July to the 15th of August. On pocket gophers, a bounty of five cents is paid and on striped gophers, three cents, during the months of April, May and June. The carcasses should be taken to the chairman of the town board, who will issue his certificate to be presented to the county auditor.

For Sale.

An up-to-date six room house and barn with three lots, six blocks from postoffice. Inquire of P. H. Devanny. 2-tf.

Subscribe for the News.

TO SEND AN AGENT

Department of the Interior to Send a Special Agent Here in the Near Future.

Object Is to Ascertain How Many of the Settlers Have Forfeited Their Homesteads.

A special from Washington to the St. Paul Pioneer Press will be of much interest, although there is no truth in the statement that settlers have abandoned any of the land on the eleven towns, although some are said to be delinquent in their payments to the government. The article is as follows.

Washington, May 10.—As the result of receiving many letters and statements from Minnesota to the effect that certain homesteaders in what is known as the "eleven towns" on the Red Lake Reservation, have abandoned their entries and are no longer attempting to keep up their payments, the secretary of the interior has decided to detail a special agent to go to Thief River Falls and make an investigation.

The object of the order is to ascertain how many homesteaders have abandoned their land or forfeited their rights by non payments or otherwise, make a report on such cases and throw the abandoned homesteads open for others who desire to enter them.

Letters received in Washington state that there are many homesteaders who made entries in the eleven townships indicated that have abandoned them entirely leaving the land and whatever improvements were made the first year. There are others who have not complied with the residence and improvements clauses of the homestead laws, and there are others who are still living on their homesteads who have made one payment and no more and are now far in arrears and show no disposition to pay up.

There are lots of people who desire to enter homesteads that have been abandoned and it is to this end that the special agent is detailed to Thief River Falls. He will also cause settlements to be made by those still holding the land but who are not making payments or else force them to give up their lands. The land belonged to the Indians and they are entitled to pay for it, and if the present occupants will not pay then the government proposes to settle the land with others who will.

Going to Alaska.

The News is in receipt of a letter from John N. Schmitz, son of Michael Schmitz, the gardener, stating that he expects to leave Bonners Ferry, Idaho, where he had been located for the past year, about the first of June and will go to Nome, Alaska. He has purchased an interest in a gold mine up there and we sincerely hope that it turns out to be a good paying proposition.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Pay Your

1908 TAXES

Through

Citizens State Bank.

We have complete tax lists for all farm lands in Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

• • •

REMEMBER—A 10 per cent penalty is added on June 1st, unless at least one-half of the taxes is paid by that date.

Citizens State Bank

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

I N order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western
Cream Separator, the
BEST ON THE MARKET.

The Cornell experiment station at Ithaca, N. Y., has found as a result of raising chicks from hens of strong and weak vitality that at market age those from the strongest mothers were worth at market prices 25 cents apiece more than the chicks from mothers of low vitality.

It is time now to guard against that season of short pasture which is so likely to come next August. One of the best ways to do this is to sow a good sized patch to some large variety of sweet corn close to the pasture or near a feed lot where the stock will not wallow the stalks into the dirt. In case of the dairy cows they are better stabled during the heat of the day and fed the stalks inside.

The biggest graft that is worked by any class we know of is perpetrated by the town sparrow, which builds its nest in the cornice of the corner grocery store and fills its crop from morning till night from the tub of "little chick" feed just below. This is almost as much of a snap as that worked by the native in the tropics, who goes to sleep under a banana tree and when hungry kicks the tree and catches his breakfast.

This season more than usual New York farmers and gardeners seem to be aroused to the necessity of protecting the different species of useful birds which frequent the state and are taking such action as they can to accomplish this end. They are trying to create a better appreciation of the economic importance of bird life and are trying to see that the birds are protected and given some encouragement in the providing of nesting places.

How would it do to get that inquisitive, restless, wide awake boy half a dozen pure bred sheep of a breed suitable to the locality in which you live, let him care for them and put in the bank the money he can make from the increase in the flock? It will be something to work for, give him a sense of proprietorship and very likely open the eyes of the boy's father to the fact that sheep get their living largely from the waste stuff on the farm, are easily kept and during the course of the year bring in many an easy dollar.

While Jack Frost does lots of damage to fruit and vegetables if he comes out of season, he nevertheless performs a useful mission in many ways. One of these is the assistance he gives the imprisoned germs of the hard shelled nuts in getting out of their houses when the spring days come. Absorbing moisture as they lie buried in the grass and leaves, the freezing process splits the shell, and when it is warm enough and the nut has enough soil or litter for the purpose the seed springs to life, opens its cage and goes to growing.

It would not be a bad idea to talk over with the boy or boys the plans for the season's crop operations. It is barely possible that they have had their eyes wide open and have found out why Neighbor Smith is raising ten to fifteen more bushels of corn or small grain to the acre than is being raised on the home place and why it wouldn't be just as well to raise a few pure bred cattle and hogs instead of so many scrubs. If they are sort of taken into partnership, their interest in things will be doubled and their efforts to carry out plans that are made greatly increased.

It is a good time now for him who contemplates building a silo to look up the merits and demerits of the several types which are in common use over the country. Perhaps the best course to pursue is to visit several nearby farm owners who are having success with their silos, see just what kind of silos they have, how much they cost to build, find out what they cost to fill, as well as many other points which will come up in the course of an inquiry. Capacity suited to size of herd, initial cost of construction, durability and condition of ensilage when taken out are points that should be considered. Whether the type decided on be this or that, the fact remains that there is no adjunct on the stock or dairy farm which will insure so fine a quality of succulent feed at small cost as a well built silo.

An Imaginative Statesman.

Imagination is the greatest moving force in the world. In saying this I am merely repeating a remark of Disraeli's, and to prove the strength of his conviction I will repeat a story Mr. Lowell told me when he was minister to England. It is the custom of the Royal Academy of Painters to hold a private view of their pictures before the public exhibition. Disraeli, walking arm in arm with Browning through the galleries, said, "What strikes me most forcibly here is the lack of imagination," and he proceeded to enlarge upon the power of imagination, declaring it to be the greatest force in the world. In responding to a toast at the banquet which followed the private exhibition he dwelt upon the wealth of imagination in evidence on the walls about him and again expressed his conviction that imagination is the moving force in the world. Browning repeated Disraeli's first remark to Gladstone, who sat beside him, and he muttered, "The devil!"—

Smile with Me

Why be gloomy and sad? What's the use anyway? Is not this a beautiful World? Let us open up our hearts and enjoy life's good things.

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you."

is one of life's good things, full of snap and tonic strength, pleasant to the taste, a wholesome charming drink at all times. It's alive with health and goodness, and deserves to be your home beer. Order a case today. All first-class places have "PEERLESS" on sale. Ask for it.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wisconsin

Hotel
Ogahmah

C. A. Robbecke, Prop

Strictly First Class in Every Way.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

CONNELLY'S
ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

REDUCTION SALE!

Of Spring and Summer Clothing, by the

E. & E. CLOTHING COMPANY,

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

Our stock is fresh and up-to-date in style and quality as we have received a full and complete assortment for this season. We carry the "Sincerity" brand of Clothing which can not be beat for fit, workmanship or quality, and every suit is fully guaranteed both by the manufacturer and ourselves. But in order to reduce our stock and turn it into money as quickly as possible, we have decided to make the month of May, 1909 a banner month both regarding sales and prices, and will from May 1st, to May 31st, offer the following bargains:

All $25 suits for…….	$19.50
All $20 suits for…….	15.50
All $15 suits for…….	11.50
All $12 suits for…….	9.50
All $10 suits for…….	7.25
All $15 Cravenetts for..	11.75
All $13 Cravenetts for..	9.50
All $9 Cravenetts for…	7.50

All suits from $5 to $10
25 Per Cent
Reduction from regular prices.

All boys' suits
25 Per Cent Discount.

All single Pants
25 Per Cent Discount.

In Shoes We Shine.

Our "FLORSHEIM" and "BRADLEY" Shoes need no recommendation, but we shall sell them during the month of May at the following reductions:

All $5 shoes for……………	$4.00
All 4.50 shoes for……………	3.50
All 4 shoes for……………	3.00
All 3.75 shoes for……………	2.90
All 3.50 shoes for……………	2.60
All 3.25 shoes for……………	2.50
All 2.75 shoes for……………	1.90

In Waterproof, high cut "CRUISERS" we will sell

All $8.00	Cruisers	for……………	$6.25
" 7.50	"	" ……………	5.75
" 6.50	"	" ……………	5.00
" 6.00	"	" ……………	4.50
" 5.00	"	" ……………	4.00
" 4.50	"	" ……………	3.50
" 3.75	"	" ……………	2.90

We Always Do As We Advertise

And you can depend on getting the goods and prices as above stated. We have a complete stock and you will find what you want in our line. Goods bought from us during this sale can be returned or exchanged—if not used—and money cheerfully refunded if not satisfactory.

These Prices Subject To Cash Deals Only.

The E and E Co
ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE.

THIEF RIVER FALLS,
MINNESOTA.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE HICKS STORE

The GREAT RUG SALE

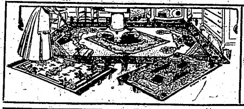

Begins
Friday,
May 14
At 9 O'clock a. m.

Axminster Rugs

9 feet by 12 feet new Patterns Artistic Colorings, best quality of famous makers, sold everywhere for $30 and upwards.

$24.90.

A limited number of rugs, room size, and small ones, of the best known Domestic Makes, such as Sanford, Smith, Beattie and Mager's, at prices never known in Thief River Falls before. We were only able to secure a few of those rugs at prices we wanted for this sale, so don't complain if you come late and fail to get one before they are all gone. On each room size rug you will save at least a $5 bill over the same rug at any other store.

REMEMBER—These are all fresh, new, perfect rugs. You'll notice the difference as soon as you see them and compare these bright goods fresh from the mills with the old stock at other stores, stock-worn, soiled by repeated handling or faded by months of hanging.

This chance may never be yours again. If you will need a rug next month or next year come and select yours now. Put a $2 deposit on it and we will hold it for you and deliver it when you say so.

FIRST COME GET BEST CHOICE. DON'T YOU WANT TO BE FIRST? REMEMBER THE TIME

9 O'clock Friday Morning.

Wilton Velvet Rugs.

Full room size 9x12 feet. The well known makes of Beattie and Mager. Same rugs sell elsewhere for $25, Friday

$19.85.

Axminister Rugs

27 inches by 60 inches, sold everywhere at $2.50 and $2.75, will be here while they last

$1.98.

Mugal Smyrna Rugs.

18x36 inches, good patterns, reversible, are worth all of $1, our special sale price

49c.

$15 and $17 Rugs.

Large 9x12 size assorted patterns in very attractive colorings, the identical rugs that al have bought at other stores for $15 and $19, we positively sell during this sale at

$13.90, $12.85, $11.45, $9.90.

Small Rugs.

We shall offer a small assortment of small rugs of the same standard guaranteed makes at this same radical piece savings Axminsters 3x6 feet, sold everywhere at $4.50 to $5.50, here on Friday

$3.25.

Hicks Furniture & Carpet Company.
Thief River Falls, Minn. Main Avenue.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

Real Estate Tax List

For part of Red Lake
—and—
Marshall County at the

People's State Bank

REMEMBER:

That a penalty of 10 per cent is added to all Real Estate taxes if at least half is not paid before June 1st, 1909.

Pay your taxes at the People's State Bank and receive a Tax Receipt made especially for that purpose. The Bank keeps a complete record of all cash received for Taxes.

For Real Estate Loan and Insurance we are fully prepared: Money always on hand.

We Do All Kinds of Commercial Printing.

First Cantalever Bridge.

The first cantalever railroad bridge is the one across the Firth of Forth at Queens Ferry, Scotland. It is nearly one and a half miles in length. Fifty-one thousand tons of steel were used in its construction, employing as many as 5,000 men at one time. It cost $16,000,000 and fifty-six lives. The workmen began at either end and worked toward the center. When they met and undertook the last connection it was found that the two ends lacked a small fracion of an inch of reaching far enough to allow the insertion of the bolts that were to complete the span. For a time this was a puzzle, but was finally solved by an ingenious workman who suggested expansion by artificial heat, and it was forthwith supplied by means of burning kerosene oil under the steel girder.

A Financial Parable.

Just before the collection was taken up one Sunday morning a negro clergyman anounced that a certain brother had forgotten to lock the door of his chicken house the night before, and, as a result, in the morning he found that most of the fowls had disappeared. "I doan' want to be pussonal, bredr'n," he added, "but I hab my s'picions as to who stole dem chickens. I also hab reason fo' b'lievin' dat if I am right in dose s'picions dat pusson won't put any money in de plate which will now be passed around."

The result was a fine collection. Not a single member of the congregation feigned sleep. After it was counted the old parson came forward.

"Now, bredr'n," he said, "I doan' want your dinners to be spoilt by wonderin' where dat brudder lives who doan' lock his chickens up at night. Dat brudder doan' exist, mah friends. He was a parable gotten up fo' purpose of finances."

Old Time Salaries.

How often clerks and other employees of big firms are heard to complain of the small salaries they receive! Yet if they realized that Columbus drew a salary of only just over £60 a year they would, perhaps, hesitate before grumbling at their £100 or £150 per annum. Prominent clergymen have received as much as and more than £10,000 a year, and yet John Knox only got 10s. 8d. a week, and that was 4s. 2d. more than Scottish judges of his time. It must be confessed, however, that at this period of small salaries money went a long way. For instance, a good Christmas dinner for a family of six during the sixteenth century could be provided for an outlay of about eightpence halfpenny.—London Standard.

HUMAN BAIT.

The Men Who Gather Leeches in the Swamps of England.

Pale and lean, he spoke in a low voice, crumbling a water cracker:

"Divin' is hard work, and sulphur minin' is hard work, but how'd you like to be bait at 4 shillin' a day? That ain't quite a dollar.

"I was human bait for a leech dealer in England all one spring. It was back in the eighties, but I ain't never recovered the healthy color and weight what I lost. I guess I never will now.

"Down Norfolk way I baited—down in the Norfolk broads. Broads is swamps. All them swamps, together with the mild, moist climate, makes Norfolk a great place for leeches. Me and a dozen other chaps was leech bait.

"We would wade in with our breeches rolled up to our knees, and as soon as we'd feel a leech on our legs we'd tear him off and drop him in a basket slung from the shoulder. Quick as thunder we'd do it, but he'd be considerable plumped out even in that little while. And when a dozen leeches settled on you together the last of 'em by the time you got round to him would be as fat and heavy as a lump of lead, whilst you'd be that much lighter natcherly.

"In the late spring the leeches took to deep water. Then the bait had to strip and wade in up to their chins. With all that surface to look after, we played a losin' game with the leeches. The quickest of us couldn't stand more'n four hours of it without most faintin' from weakness. And the pain! For some parts of the human bait is mighty sensitive, I tell you.

"The trade's died out now. There's no more call for leeches, and it's a good thing. Bein' bait is too hard on a man. It's worms' work."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

SAFE BOTH WAYS.

The Way Rajah Birbar Saved His Head by Ready Wit.

Rajah Birbar, a boon companion of the Emperor Akbar, the great contemporary of Queen Elizabeth, was a notable wit. The story goes that the emperor once sent Birbar with a message to the king of Persia.

The latter, for some reason or other, bore a grudge toward the rajah and in order to see him lose the emperor's favor thought of a device.

He asked Birbar: "Which of us two is greater in power and majesty—I or Akbar? But, mind you, if your answer is in any way unfavorable to me I will order your head to be struck off."

"Your majesty," replied Birbar without loss of time, "is like the full moon, while the emperor, my master, resembles the crescent."

The king was highly pleased with his reply and let him go.

This news was, however, carried to Akbar, who was wild with rage when he heard it. When Birbar returned to his master's court he was asked to explain himself on pain of death.

"My comparison," said Birbar, "meant only this much and nothing more—that the decline of the Persian king's power had commenced, just as the full moon, after it is full, goes on waning, while your majesty is destined to rise on and one till, like the crescent becoming the full moon in time, it will shine forth with magnificent splendor of glory."

The emperor, who was a great patron of wit and wisdom, heaped the rajah with rewards.

Clerk's Elbow.

"To remove shiny spots from coat elbows and trousers seats," said a clerk—"I'll tell you how it is done."

The sun was strong on him as, upon his lofty stool, he munched his midday sandwich from thin, ink smeared fingers, but on his old clerk's coat and old trousers no shiny spots reflected the light.

"'Clerks' elbow' such spots are called," he said. "It's like housemaids' knee. To cure it you soak the glittering spot in cold water for half an hour. Then you take a teasel—that's a very stiff thistle—and you rub the spot with it till a nap or fuzz is raised up. Then with a clothesbrush you lay the nap down the right way, and, presto, the shine is gone!"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

No Sand In Sandpaper.

"There is no sand in sandpaper," said the manufacturer. "It is powdered glass that does the business. That's where the broken bottles go to." He nodded toward a mass of broken bottles in the yard. "We powder the glass into half a dozen grades," he said. "We coat our paper with an even layer of hot glue. Then without loss of time we spread on the glass powder. Finally we run a wooden roller lightly over the sheets to give them a good surface. When in the past they made sandpaper of sand it wouldn't do a quarter of the work that glass paper does."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Bride's Pie Joke.

Her—Richard! Why on earth are you cutting your pie with a knife? Him—Because, darling—now, understand, I'm not finding any fault, for I know that these little oversights will occur—because you forgot to give me a can opener.—Cleveland Leader.

She Was On.

Mrs. Boozer (3 a. m.)—This is a nice time for you to be coming home. Where have you been? Mr. Boozer—Been setting up, my dearest, wis a friend. Mrs. Boozer—How many drinks did you set up?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Friendship consists in being a friend, not having a friend.—Pittsburg Press.

FILIAL DUTY.

An Example From the Chinese of a Good Little Boy.

In China the "Book of Filial Duty" has been employed to instruct the young for the last 2,500 years. In it are twenty-four examples for good boys. What these examples are like may be understood from the story of Wu Meng, example No. 20. Wu Meng, it seems, was very obedient to his parents. One day at the age of eight he noticed with pain that the mosquitoes annoyed his parents while they were trying to sleep. Presently he hit upon a plan to rescue them.

Says the author of this classic: "The buzzing of the mosquitoes sounds like 'ying ying,' and their united hum is almost equal to thunder. His tired parents are reclining on their bed, their countenances already sunk in slumber. Legions of mosquitoes fiercely attack them, alternately retreating and advancing. The insects disturb the dreaming sleepers, and with annoyance they toss from side to side.

"Wu sees them sucking his parents' blood, which causes his heart to grieve. His flesh, he thinks, can be easily pierced, but that of his parents is hard to penetrate. Lying on the bed, he threw off his clothes, and soon, feeling the pain of their attacks, he cried, 'I have no dread of you, nor have you any reason to fear me!

"'Although I have a fan, I will not use it, nor will I strike you with my hand. I will lie very quiet and let you gorge to the full.'"

Thus did the parents of Wu Meng get a chance to sleep in peace.

COLOMBIAN ETIQUETTE.

Daily Handshaking and Greeting Consume a Lot of Time.

It was the third or fourth day out from Santa Marta, Colombia, and early in the morning when one of the South American passengers came on deck. Another South American arose from his deck chair, extended his hand and as the men shook hands inquired after the health of the newcomer, his wife and his children.

As they had parted company only about eight hours before in the smoking room, this seemed like unnecessary courtesy. The observer noticed that this happened in the case of all the Colombians on board, so he asked one man about it.

"It is a custom of the country," said he. "On the occasion of meeting a person for the first time each day it is etiquette to shake hands and to make inquiries about the health of the person so greeted and of his relatives. It would not be considered polite to do otherwise."

Continuing, this man told of taking a walk one day in Bogota with a merchant of the place. They were bent on business and were to cover a distance that might be made rather easily in ten minutes. Because of the necessary stops to make the customary inquiries and to shake hands with friends of the merchant the trip took nearly an hour.—New York Sun.

The Drawback.

Being eager to know how his offspring, Haymow junior, was getting along in the big metropolis, Haymow senior one day repaired thither from his rural habitat and sought information of his brother, long since established in the city.

"Waal," said Haymow senior, "what do you hear about Ebenezer?"

"Oh, I understand," remarked the young hopeful's uncle, "that he is invaluable in his new job."

"I swan!"

"Moreover, I understand that the boss simply can't do without him."

"How you talk!"

"And Ebenezer'll be a partner within a year or so, according to what I hear from the same source."

Haymow senior stroked his beard, highly satisfied.

"By the way, who told you all this about Ebenezer?" he inquired.

"Ebenezer."

"Oh!"—New York Times.

Mixed Ownership.

A countryman, having been summoned to appear before the magistrate for not having a sign on his cart, was in due course brought before him. The magistrate asked him if he had anything to say for himself, and he replied that he had a difficult question to ask which he could not solve himself.

"The question is this," he said. "The wheels of the cart belonged to John the miller, and the body of the cart belongs to the vicar, and the bag of old bones (meaning the horse) belongs to me. Now, gentlemen, if you can tell me what name I can put on it I will have it done immediately."

He was let off.—London Answers.

Credit.

The suffragette raised her right hand.

"Give woman the credit she deserves," she cried, "and where would man be?"

"If she got all the credit she wanted, he'd be in the poorhouse," sneered a coarse person in the rear of the hall.—Chicago News.

Comparative.

"You think Jinks is a better conversationalist than Smith? Why, neither one of them ever says anything sensible."

"I know, but it takes Smith longer to say it."—Exchange.

Then the Trouble Started.

The Husband—Well, say what you will, my dear, you'll find worse men than me in the world. The Wife—Oh, Tom, how can you be so bitter?—London Sketch.

THE MIRAGE.

Conditions That Make Possible This Beautiful Illusion.

About that natural phenomenon, the mirage, much mystery clung in days of old, but science explains it as readily as the rainbow.

The fata morgana of the strait of Messina and the specter of the Brocken were nothing more in sober reality than mere mirage.

A mirage may occur at any place where the denser stratum of air is placed above the lighter stratum, thus refracting the rays of light, the common surface of the two stratums acting as a mirror.

In looming mirages distant objects show an extravagant increase in vertical height without alteration in breadth. Distant hummocks of ice are thus magnified into immense towers and pinnacles, and a ship is sometimes abnormally drawn out until it appears twelve or thirteen times as high as it is long. Rocks are seen drawn up to ten or twelve times their proper height. Houses as well as human beings and animals appear in like exaggerated shape.

Another form of mirage is when a ship or some other object near the water seems greatly elongated and a second inverted image meets it from above.

Sometimes the proper image of the object is elevated far above the sea, while the second image strangely appears inverted beneath it, the whole surrounded by a sheet of sky which is mirrored and repeated within it.

In 1882 in the arctic region Captain Scoresby recognized by its inverted image in the air his father's ship, the Fame, which afterward proved to be seventeen miles beyond the visible horizon of his observation.

One August evening in 1806 Dr. Vince saw from Ramsgate, at which place only the tops of Dover castle towers are usually visible, the whole of the castle. It appeared as though lifted up and bodily placed on the near side of the intervening hill. So perfect was this illusion that the hill itself actually could not be seen through the figure.

Some forms of mirage are lateral as well as vertical, arising from unequal density of two contiguous vertical bodies of air. Thus on Lake Geneva a boat has been seen double, the two images some distance apart.

Persons have been duplicated in the same way. Any one on a hot day by placing his eye near to a heated wall may see lateral mirages of objects at a distance and nearly on a line with the wall.

Mirages are very frequent on deserts or the large sandy plains which abound in the southwestern states and territories. Many a panting wagon train has pushed on in joyous haste at the sight of a green grove or limpid lake, only to be cruelly disappointed at the fading away of the vision. Is it any wonder that the natives and Indians regard the phenomenon as the work of evil and tantalizing spirits?

Lake Ontario is famous for beautiful and wonderful mirages, during which the opposite shore of the lake is plainly visible from either side.—Pearson's.

Court Dwarfs.

Until about little more than a century ago dwarfs were frequently kept as court toys. Records of them might be multiplied almost indefinitely.

Bebe, the dwarf of Stanislaus, king of Poland, lived to be ninety years of age, dying in Paris in 1858, and is variously described as having measured thirty-five inches and twenty-three inches. Julia, niece of Augustus, had two dwarfs, each twenty-eight inches in height, and Henrietta Maria had two whose joint height was seven feet two inches. The Emperor Augustus had a dwarf named Lucius whose height was two feet and weight seventeen pounds. The last court dwarf in England was Coppernin, who belonged to the Princess of Wales, mother of George III.

An Isle of Man Oath.

What is regarded as the quaintest oath still in use is that taken by the high court judges in the Isle of Man, the terms of which are as follows: "By this book and the contents thereof and by the wonderful works that God hath miraculously wrought in the heaven above and the earth beneath in six days and six nights I do swear that I will, without respect of favor or friendship, loss or gain, consanguinity or affinity, envy or malice, execute the laws of this isle justly between party and party as indifferently as the herring backbone doth lie in the midst of the fish. So help me God and the contents of this book."

Selfishness.

Jones worked so hard and denied himself so much in order to pay his life insurance that he had neither the time nor the means to be sick, and he outlived all the beneficiaries, who were meanwhile engaged in the relatively unhealthy business of lying back and waiting for him to die. Moreover, in thinking of the matter he became convinced that he had a good deal of fun, after all—more fun, indeed, than most.

"I'm a terribly selfish fellow," exclaimed Jones guiltily.—Puck.

Politely Bounced.

A good example of the extremely courteous in public correspondence was the notice sent to Charles James Fox that he was no longer a member of the government of George III. It read thus: "His gracious majesty has been pleased to issue a new commission in which your name does not appear."

To cast away a good friend is like casting away one's life.—Aristotle.

Best Grade Apron Check Ginghams, Per Yard
4¾ Cents

The Golden Rule
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Best Grade 3-4 Percale, All Colors, Per Yard
4¾ Cents

We Announce to the People of Thief River Falls and Vicinity

A BIG DISSOLUTION SALE

Dissolution Skirt Sale

We handle only the best and most desirable brand of Skirts.

Work skirts, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, 75c values, this sale	59c
Neglee shirts, collars attached 50c and 65c	39c

Dissolution Men's and Boy's Underwear Sale.

Men's all wool underwear reg. $1.50 grade, at this sale	$1.19
Men's Balbriggan underwear, regular 50c grade, at this sale	39c
Men's and Boys' Balbriggan underwear, regular 25c grade	19c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Clipping The Prices in Men's and Boys' Suits.

Now is the time to fit out your boys with a new Spring Suit. Never has our boys' suit department been so complete. You'll find the biggest suit bargains you ever secured.

Boys' Suits, regular $10 value, dissolution sale price	7.75
Boys' Suits, regular $5 value dissolution sale price	3.98
Boys' Suits, regular $3.50 value dissolution sale price	2.80
Boys' Suits, regular $2.50 value dissolution sale price	1.98
Boys' Knee-Pants, regular $1.00 value, dissolution sale price	79c
Boys' Knee Pants, regular 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Curtain Sale

Some of these curtains are very small lots at very short prices. You can secure the greatest curtain values of the year right now.

Lace Curtains, regular $3.50 values, dissolution sale price	2.79
Lace Curtains, regular $2.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.99
Lace Curtains, regular $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19

For Cash and Cash Only

Now In Full Blast.

A sale in which the price of every piece, parcel and yard of merchandise in this store will be radically reduced in a determined effort to turn these goods immediately into cash.

The firm of O. J. SCHEI & CO., have decided to dissolve partnership. $25,000 must be raised in this settlement. This sale is for the purpose of raising that money quickly. We shall depend upon our low prices to accomplish this result. We will make them low enough to do it. This sale comes right at the time when you most need the goods. Wants and needs for spring and summer can now be filled at the

Lowest Prices

ever known in Thief River Falls on like merchandise. The store will be somewhat topsy-turvy for we expect big crowds. Therefore, we beg your indulgence and patience.

We Will Wait Upon You
As Soon As We Get To It

and will insure you complete satisfaction in every purchase.

The Golden Rule
DEPARTMENT STORE

Dissolution Trimmings, Embroideries, Lace Prices.

This entire lace stock will probably be closed out during this sale.

All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 50c per yard, now go at	39c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 25c per yard, now go at	19c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 15c per yard, now go at	12c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 10c per yard, now go at	8c

This Sale is for Cash Only

Dissolution Shoe Sale

Shoes for Men, Women and Children New Spring Styles in both Oxfords and high shoes, all leathers, black or tan. Crossette and Red Cross not included.

Men's or Ladies' shoes $4.00 values, now go at	3.39
Men's and Ladies' shoes $2.50 values, now go at	2.18
Men's and Ladies' shoes, $2.00 values, now go at	1.59
Boys and Girls' shoes, $2.00 values, now go at	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, $1.50 values, now go at	1.28
Boys' and Girls Shoes, $1.00 values, now go at	86

For Cash and Cash Only

Savings in Separate Skirts

We dare say that every woman who inspects these skirt offerings will secure at least one skirt bargain—this is as long as the lots last.

All skirts, regular price $10 value at this sale	7.75
All skirts, regular price $5 value, at this sale	3.98
All skirts, regular price $4 value, at this sale	3.19

Waists, Wrappers, Petticoats, etc., at Dissolution Sale Prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Dress Goods

This Dress Goods stock has been enjoying immense patronage during the last few weeks. Now we shall quickly reduce the stock by severely reducing the prices. Black and colored dress goods, suitings, etc.,—all the popular new weaves.

Rajah Panama for suits or skirts $1.00 values, dissolution sale	69c
Black or colored dress goods, $1.50 values, dissolution sale	$1.19
Black or colored dress goods, $1 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Black or colored dress goods, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale	39c
Black or colored dress goods, 35c values, dissolution sale price	28c

All the Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Silks, etc., at dissolution Sale Prices.

This Sale is for Cash Only

Dissolution Sale on Men's Correct Clothing

It is not a matter of whether or not you need a suit or a overcoat now. If you ever expect to buy a new suit, come to this sale while prices are at the lowest ebb you ever saw on stylish guaranteed clothing.

Men's Suits, regular price $25.00, at this sale	19.75
Men's Suits and Overcoats $20 values, now go at	15.75
Men's Suits and Overcoats $15 values, now go at	11.75
Men's Suits and Overcoats regular $10, at this sale	7.75

Dissolution Muslin Underwear

If you don't need these beautiful Undermuslins now, you will soon. These reduced prices bid you no delay.

Muslin weight Gowns, reg. $1.50 value, this sale	$1.19
Muslin weight Gowns, regular $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Muslin weight Gowns, regular 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c

Knit Underwear and Hosiery at Dissolution Sale Prices.

This Sale is for Cash Only

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year In Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

NOTICES TO BE ISSUED

Delinquent Settlers on the Eleven Towns Are to Be Asked to Pay Up.

Plenty of Time Will Be Given and No Need of Settlers Getting Excited.

To the Editor of the Thief River Falls News:

By direction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office and the Secretary of the Interior we have been required to issue a notice to each of the homestead entrymen on the Eleven Red Lake Towns who may be in default in making their payments, giving them thirty days from that notice within which time they may show cause why their entries should not be cancelled by reason of default in making payments as required by law.

The law under which these lands were opened to entry and settlement required that at the time of making the entry or purchase one-fifth of the purchase price should then be paid and the balance to be paid in five equal annual installments thereafter, and provided that if any purchaser failed to make such payment promptly when due or within sixty days thereafter all his rights to the land so entered or purchased by him should cease and the moneys paid be forfeited, and directed the Secretary of the Interior to declare such forfeiture by re-offering the lands for sale.

Later, by an act approved June 21, 1906, the time for making all such payments was extended one year, so now the law may be read that within two years and sixty days from the time the purchase is made the next payment must be made and each payment thereafter within one year, and so on until the full amount be paid.

To go thru the books and get out these notices will require about two weeks and this advance notice is given through the press so that settlers may have a little more time within which to prepare.

There is no particular reason for an immediate rush or alarm. We are of the opinion that if we receive the delinquent payments by June 28th, or where it becomes necessary to make proof in order to enable the parties to get the money, if we receive the applications for proofs by June 29, showing that the person intends to make proof and payment in July, that will be early enough. In such cases we will report the facts as a sufficient showing or cause why the entry should not be cancelled. It would be better in such late applications to make proof that some letter or statement should accompany it showing why the payments were not made at an earlier date.

We would advise all persons who mean to make proofs to enable them to obtain the money, to make application to make proof at as early a date as practicable after May 20th so that we may be enabled to scatter the proofs along during the month of July.

All delinquent claimants will be notified by registered mail from this office addressed to them at the postoffice address given by them when they made payment of their last installments.

This notice in no way affects those persons outside of the Eleven Red Lake Towns nor does it in any manner affect such persons who made entries therein and made payments in accordance with the requirements of the law.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

Sold the Bonds.

Charles Svendsgaard, town clerk of the town of Clover Leaf, was in the city the first of the week and reports that the $5,000 worth of township bonds of that town were sold to the Security Trust Company Bank of St. Paul. The money is to be expended in grading roads in the township and the work will be done by contract this summer. This township is one of the most progressive in the county and will soon have a good graded road on every section line.

Lutheran Church of the Synod.

Services next Sunday at [illegible], English services at 7 [illegible]

J. ADAM BEDE TO BE HERE

Will Deliver the Commencement Day Address to the Senior Class.

Commencement Exercises to Be Held on Friday Evening, May 28.

Supt. J. H. Hay has secured the Hon. J. Adam Bede to deliver the commencement address to the senior class on the evening of Friday, May 28. This is the day that the school trustees meet in Thief River Falls and Mr. Bede will also address the this gathering.

The senior class is the largest in the history of the school and the general standing is high as well. The class day program will be presented by the graduates on the evening preceding the commencement exercises. They are securing the best musical ability available. The following comprise the graduating class: Volga Evenson, Blanche Chittick, Marie Gilbertson, Avis Akre, Henry Chittick, Inga Hallan, Ralph Douglas, Leslie Brady, Stafford Curran, James Curran, Odin Brudie, Frank Kratka, Charles Erickson and Harry Prichard.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet next Wednesday, May 19, with Mrs. N. Ostrciden. All invited.

City Council.

The city council held a special meeting last Friday evening and issued a call for a special election to be held on the 12th day of July at which time the voters will have a chance to adopt the provisions of a law passed by the '07 legislature which would give the city council authority to purchase or build a local telephone exchange. The sentiment of the city appears to be unanimous for the city owning its own exchange and it is quite likely that before the end of this year the city will be operating the exchange.

Mayor Hamre made the following appointment of a park board: Dr. G. A. Penney, A. H. Fasel, Perl W. Mabey, Herbert Fuller and E. L. Quist. It is the intention of those interested to have the city purchase the property at the foot of Riverside avenue and, just south of E. E. Zeh's residence and make a park. Nature has done much for this place and at very little expense it could be made into a very pretty park.

All Bids Rejected.

A special meeting of the city council was held Monday evening to consider bids for lots for the proposed new armory. Four bids were submitted.

Wm. Lennon offered three lots on the corner north of the city hall for $3,500.

D. B. Bakke three lots on the corner south of the city hall for $1,000.

F. H. Kratka the three lots on the corner north of the First National Bank for $3,000.

Emery Ramstad the property known as the "triangle" at the corner of LaBree avenue and First street for $1,600.

All of the bids were rejected by the city council.

MERCHANTS ORGANIZE

Northern Minnesota Retail Merchants Association Organized Here on Sunday.

Another Meeting to Be Held on June 6 and Permanent Officers to Be Elected.

A large number of merchants residing north of here on the Soo and Great Northern lines in Marshall, Roseau and Kittson counties met in Thief River Falls Sunday and organized the Northern Minnesota Retail Merchants Association. Temporary officers were elected as follows: Chairman, Israel Sjoberg, of Roseau, and secretary and treasurer, W. C. Addy, of Strandquist. Another meeting is to be held on Sunday, June 6, at which time a constitution and by-laws will be adopted and permanent officers of the association elected. It is the intention to have merchants in the country north of the city join this organization.

The object of the association is to buy goods in car load lots, and thus be in a position to undersell the catalogue houses. Thief River Falls will be the distributing point for the association.

Subscribe for the News.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.17
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.56
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Mayor Hamre was up at Holt last Saturday.

Wanted—A man to do chores at the Hotel Ogahmah.

K. O. Gigstad was up from St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Sup. J. H. Hay was down to St. Hilaire the first of the week.

Gilbert Haavi was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Judge of Probate Swanson was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Three fresh cows for sale on Rogne's farm north west of city. O. Rogne.

John Sorenson was over to Duluth last week with a carload of potatoes.

T. H. Omlid returned last Saturday to Mallory, where he is operating a saw mill.

F. J. Stebbins was down to Minneapolis last week attending to business matters.

Joseph Juneau was here from Beaudette the first of the week looking after his business interests here.

Audley Caldwell, came up from Bijou, where he is managing a lumber yard, to spend Sunday with home folks.

Robert McGinn and Attorney E. M. Stanton were down to St Paul Monday and filed the county division petition.

C. J. and D. N. Winton spent last Saturday in the city. They were returning from a trip to Kalispell, Mont.

WANTED — Experienced girl for general housework for Minneapolis family. Fare paid to the Cities. Apply to Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

There will be services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Cordial invitation to all. H. Halvorson, pastor.

Henry Cook and son, Fred, left the first of the week for British Columbia, where they will spend several weeks looking over the country.

The big reduction sale at the E. & E. Clothing store still continued. It is a great opportunity to buy the best clothing at the lowest price.

—For Rent—1 pair of curtain stretchers during the course of the summer, at the rate of 20 cents per day. Parties desiring to secure them apply to Mrs. Blom.

Mrs. K. M. Hanson and children left yesterday morning for Prince Albert to join her husband and make their future home, Mr. Hansen being employed as a bookkeeper for the Prince Albert Lumber company at that place.

Mrs. Z. K. Hoag, of Iowa Falls, Iowa., arrived in the city yesterday to visit her son, L. M. Hoag. She was accompanied by Little Mary Elvine Hoag, who had spent the winter in Iowa with her grandparents.

Miss Carrie Alstad, who has just closed a successful term of school in the town of Star, was in the city the first of the week, the guest of Mrs. N. W. Tarrant, being en route to her home at Red Lake Falls.

The Postmasters Association of Minnesota will meet in St. Paul on the 16th, 17th and 18th of June and hold their annual convention. An interesting program has been prepared for the occasion and Postmaster F. H. Kratka, of this city, will read a paper on "The Transparent Envelope Nuisance."

Notice the handsome parlor clock we have in the window, to be given away free. How? The clock will be wound and started running on June 10th and will be let run until it stops of its own accord. The party guessing the correct or nearest to the correct time it stops will be presented with the clock free of any charge. With each one dollar purchase of jewelry, silverware, or cut glass you are allowed one guess. All guesses must be in before June 10th. City Drug & Jewelry Store.

Subscribe for the News.

DON'T WAIT
IF YOU ONLY KNEW HOW
SCOTT'S EMULSION
would build you up, increase your weight, strengthen your weak throat and lungs and put you in condition for next winter, you would begin taking it now.
"Take it in a little cold milk or water"
50c. and $1.00. All Druggists
THE STANDARD OF THE A[illegible]

Dr. Nowell was up to Holt Tuesday.

O. L. Hanson spent Sunday in Crookston.

F. J. Stebbins was down to Red Lake Falls last week.

Andrew Stenseth was up to Middle River last Saturday.

Rev. Dahle was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Harry J. Stair, of Crookston, was in the city last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Horton were down to Minneapolis last week.

Carl M. Peterson spent Sunday in the city visiting with friends.

Attorney Halvorson was down to Crookston the first of the week.

For Sale or Trade.—Fine Hamiltonian stallion. Tessum Bros'. feed store.

For water telephone No. 71, or leave orders at Pete Ellingson's restaurant.

Fred's Guarantee Cigars are pure and free from all artificial flavor. Try them.

S. Kennison was down to Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Fine piece of land only couple of miles out, $18 per acre. See Hager the land man.

Leonard Peterson left last Friday for California to spend a month visiting a brother.

H. E. Ives was up from St. Hilaire last Saturday attending to business matters.

Six room house and a barn for rent west of Great Northern turn table. Inquire of Oscar Tessum. 20-21

A. Myrom, of Norden, was down to Red Lake Falls and Crookston last week attending to business matters.

Wm. Lennon, a former resident of this city, but now located at Kelliher, was in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. Schuster, who had been here from Red Lake Falls visiting her daughter, Mrs. P. W. Roark, returned home Monday.

H. H. Skagen was called to Fertile last week to take invoice of a hardware stock, the owner having gone into bankruptcy.

Peter Qvande, who had spent several days here visiting old friends., returned the first of the week to Sisseton, S. D., where he is engaged in business.

—John Falk, a tramp that had spent the winter in the city doing odd jobs about the saloons, was last Friday given a ten-day sentence in the county jail for drunkeness.

County Commissioner Shaw and County Attorney Michelet leave for Red Lake Falls this morning to attend a meeting of the county board.

A crew of men left last Saturday for the outlet and will be employed for a number of weeks fixing up the booms up there.

James E. Ford and F. D. Zaiser, both well known to the people of Red Lake Falls, have started a cigar store at St. Paul being located near the Grand opera house.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

County Treasurer O. T. Tandberg, who is receiving medical treatment in a sanitorium at St. Paul, is getting along nicely and will be able to return to Red Lake Falls shortly.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Walter S. Rosenberry spent Monday in the city visiting with old friends and attending to business matters, being en route from a trip to the west to his home in Minneapolis.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼ 21-154 42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation. Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

At a meeting of the Masonic lodge held Monday evening the third degree was conferred upon two candidates. There was quite a number of visiting Masons from St. Hilaire, Warren and other near-by towns and they were full of praise for the fine work done by the local lodge. After the meeting had adjourned, refreshments were served and a few hours spent in social intercourse.

Roseau Region: Harry L. Carr, erstwhile of Roseau, was married on the 19th ult. at Wheaton, to Miss Katherine Jansen, Rev. Father Shrifx performing the ceremony. Harry has been employed on the mechanical end of the Wheaton Gazette-Reporter for the past couple of years and has "made good." The Region joins in wishing the young couple unbounded happiness.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Wanted—A second cook at the Hotel Evelyn.

Dr. Klimek was up to Middle River Monday.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Willard Provincher returned last week from a trip to the Red Lake country.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Mr. Flynn, of St. Paul, spent Sunday in the city the guest of his daughter, Miss Etta Flynn.

Sheriff Forsberg spent three days last week posting up notices for the new Germantown ditch.

The E. & E. is making big reductions in clothing. Remember this, if in need of anything in this line.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

The Women Workers of the Presbyterian church will meet in the church parlors on Friday afternoon of this week at 3 o'clock.

B. Bothun and family removed to this city yesterday from Halma, where Mr. Bothun had been agent for the Soo for the past year.

Every smoker should be patriotic to his home town and call for Fred's Guarantee Cigars. They are made here in Thief River Falls.

If you are in need of any clothing or shoes, don't fail to call at the E. & E. Clothing store and take advantage of the big reductions they are making. No one in town can sell as cheap as they can.

Word was received in the city last week to the effect that W. W. Prichard was injured by some heavy timbers falling upon him in the saw mill out in Washington in which he is interested. The injury was not a serious one and Mr. Prichard is now able to be about.

Rev. Anton Drewnicki, of Leo, will arrive here on May 21 at 7:30 p. m., and remain until May 26th at 10:30 a. m., as the guest of Fr. Adolph. During his stay the Bohemian and Polish people will have an occasion to make their Easter duties.

Services next Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m., and 8 o'clock p. m., in the church east of the Soo depot. Student Casperson will preach. In Zion congregation at the Kjosbo school house at 10:30 a. m., and in Immanual at 3 o'clock p. m. Cordial invitation to all. M. L. Dahle, pastor.

For Sale—Heavy work team, 1 driving mare and 1 Percheon stallion. Anybody requiring such horses would do well by looking them over before buying elsewhere. They are of the best type the market can produce. For further information inquire of P. H. Devany or at Stebbins' Drug store. 19-tf.

Rev. Gilchrist left last evening for Denver, Colorado, to attend the general assembly of the Presbyterian church. From there he will go to California and will be absent until about the 15th of June. During his absence there will be services in the Presbyterian church every Sunday as usual.

Miss Margaret Ekron, one of the popular clerks in the Langseth Mercantile company's store has been very dangerously ill the past week with pneumonia and serious doubts were entertained for her recovery. She was reported to be improving yesterday and her many friends hope that she will soon recover.

Dr. George E. Tupper, who left Thief River Falls in November, 1907, and since that time has made a trip around the world, is expected to arrive in Thief River Falls this week, and attend to some business matters, he having considerable property interests here. It is not Dr. Tupper's intention to locate here again, but in a short time he will go to one of the large cities in Illinois and permanently locate.

THE
LYCEUM
THEATER.
CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY
WEDNESDAY
—AND—
SATURDAY.
MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.
MUSIC BY
City Orchestra
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

Ole J. Tweet, Sr., Dead.

Ole J. Tweet, Sr., one of the pioneer residents of the town of Norden, died last Saturday. The funeral services were held on Tuesday and a large number of pioneer settlers of this section were in attendance. The deceased was one of the first settlers of this section and was held in very high esteem by all who knew him.

The Junior Band.

The Junior band was organized last week and Prof. Maxwell reports that all of the boys are enthusiastic and are making fine progress. This is a great opportunity for boys to learn to play and a number of more members are wanted, especially those who would start playing a clarinet or piccolo. New members can start at any time. See Prof. Maxwell for full particulars.

Who Is George E. Turner?

George E. Turner, of Thief River Falls, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of breaking into the saloon owned by E. O. Dennell, 117 Main street southeast yesterday noon. He will be arraigned on a charge of burglary.—Minneapolis Tribune, May 10.

No one in Thief River Falls knows George E. Turner and evidently a mistake has been made.

Notice to the Public.

The livery barn of Jensen & Son's, which had been under quarantine for glandered horses, has been thoroughly disinfected and all of the diseased animals killed and farmers need have no fear of keeping their horses in this stable in the future.

MILTON FORDER,
Chairman of Local Board of Health.

Miss Julia Spokely Dead.

Miss Julia Spokely, of Neilsville, Polk county, well known in this city, died Monday.

Miss Spokely had been ill for a long time, being a sufferer from appendicitis and some time ago met with an accident which undoubtedly had considerable to do with her death. In the basement of her home she was caught by some falling rafters and for fifteen minutes was pinned to the floor. Her back was badly injured and other injuries were sustained of a serious nature.

The deceased was about 25 years old and was the sister of Albert Spokely, formerly of this city.

Subscribe for the News.

Germantown.

The week past was quite favorable for seeding and the work progressed rapidly. With the exception of barley and flax but very little seed now remains above ground. The ground is in excellent condition for growing and prospects are bright as ever.

The date of the final hearing on our ditch petition was changed from May 26th to the 29th, almost before the ink was dry on the Auditor's first notice, and notices to that effect were posted last week. Pasting ditch notices is a nice peaceful occupation and as there seems to be a scarcity of criminals to chase, lunatics to convey and the like, we would not suspect the sheriff of entering any complaint.

Ole Johnson, the Finlander who used to buy cattle in this country some two years ago, for a Hibbing firm of butchers, made an unsuccessful trip through here last week, on the same old trade.

O. Klockmann last week purchased one of the stallions recently shipped to Thief River Falls by O. Ramstad, and local horse breeders are pleased with having a thorobred horse in the country. The purchase price was $500.

The school children enjoyed a picnic last Saturday, that being the last day of a successful school year just spent. Miss Kathryne Kaliher, who has taught the school this year went up to Grygla Monday to spend the first part of her vacation.

G. G. Lee made a four horse trip to Carmel last week.

The Farmers' Club met on Sunday at the home of John Philipp. We regret our inability at this time to render a comprehensive account of the affair; but considering the material, intelectual and atmospheric conditions which prevailed, and because of the general nature of things it is safe to assume that the occasion was a crowning success in every way.

Henry Cook expects to start on his intended trip to British Columbia this week.

This has been an unusually late spring for grass, as it is only for the last few days that cattle have been able to sustain life without hay, and without intending to glory our prosperity it has been the luck of most of our farmers for a long time to be better provided with money than hay or straw.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

County Auditor O'Brien Very Ill.

County Auditor John B. O'Brien was taken from Red Lake Falls to Crookston Monday evening and on Tuesday an operation was performed for appendicitis. His condition is reported very critical and fears are entertained that he will not recover. Reports from Crookston yesterday were to the effect that he was getting along as well as could be expected and that there was a chance for his recovery.

Announcement.

I wish to announce to the public that I will open up a complete line of general merchandise, dry goods shoes and groceries in the Evenson building on north main avenue and will be glad to welcome my old customers and new ones as well. Watch for our ad next week. Gilbert Saddum, Phone 263.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows.
Sunday:
Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 8:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

S. B. SMITH, Pastor.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending May 8, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Ames, E. S.
Morris, Owen
Lathrop, E. W.
Krygl, Venzel
Godfrey, Rev. John
Ellis, Bob.
Amundson, Ed
Banks, John R.
Barney, W. H.
Dubree, George
Swenson, Annie
Tabor, J. R.
Johnson, Wm.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

For Sale.

An up-to-date six room house and barn with three lots, six blocks from postoffice. Inquire of P. H. Devany. 20-tf.

Extraordinary
MAY SALE!

150
Boys' and Children's Suits to be sold at prices unheard of before.
A SURPRISE FOR EVERYBODY.

CLOTHING
100
Men's Suits to be sold at COST.
STOCK TOO LARGE, MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE!

Greatest bargains in Clothing ever offered in Thief River Falls. Do not miss this sale!
With each Men's Suit at $15 or over, we will give the choice of any $1.25 Dress Shirt in our store.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

$1000 in Ladies, Misses' and Children's shoes, to be closed out at
Cost and Below Cost.
Also some Men's Shoes in the same deal.

We have the best shoe lines in the City, but our stock is too large and
Mustbe Reduced.
OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN.

Come and See for Yourself.
This Sale is for Month of May Only. ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Langseth Mercantile Co.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

HIS HARDEST TASK.

The Bull the Matadore Found It Most Difficult to Kill.

There is no description of a bullfight in Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott's book, "Sun and Shadow In Spain," but there is a record of a meeting with a matadore in the studio of the court painter, Don Jose Villegas, and the ensuing conversation, a part of which revealed the bullfighter in an unexpectedly gentle light. It also makes plain the fundamental reason why Americans object to bullfights.

"How many bulls have you killed?" some one asked of the matadore.

"In twenty-five years I have killed 3,500 bulls."

"Were you ever afraid?"

"I have been afraid many, many times. On those occasions I put my trust in my legs and ran as fast as I could.

"The bull, however, is the noblest of animals and the bravest. He never makes a cowardly attack from behind. He is so frank. He is terrible, though. A man needs nerve to face him when he comes into the ring pawing the earth and bellowing."

"Will you tell us about the bull that was the hardest of all to kill?"

The matadore's face changed.

"He was a white bull," he said slowly, "and he didn't want to fight. When he first came in he put his muzzle in my hand. He followed me about like a little dog. I led him with the cloak wherever I wanted to go. Yes, that was the hardest bull of all to kill."

THE "GHOST FLUID."

A Test by Which May Be Discerned the Digital Effluvia.

There is an experiment, first made by Dr. J. Maxwell, advocate general at the court of appeals in Paris, a distinguished magistrate and physician, which may be repeated in any drawing room.

Place a screen covered with a dark colored cloth in front of a window so that the light falls full upon it. Between the window and the screen put the subject of your experiment. Let him hold his hands, palms toward the breast, finger tips touching, in such a position that they are projected against the dark background of the screen. Then bid him slowly separate his hands, keeping the fingers extended widely. Standing behind him you will observe a sort of bluish gray cloud which seems to unite one hand to the other. Eight people out of ten will see this, says Vance Thompson in Hampton's Magazine. In 300 tests made by Dr. Maxwell personally 250 folk of one sex and the other discerned the digital effluvia; about 5 per cent saw it tinged a decided blue, two saw it yellow in tone, and in one instance the spectator saw it of a reddish hue.

The experiment succeeds best in a warm room. Cold and damp work against it. The duration of durability is four or five seconds.

Rammed by a Shark.

The strangest shark story which ever came to the writer's ears was of a shark that charged a steamer. This was in Queen Charlotte's sound, and an account of the incident appeared in a Vancouver paper. The captain of the steamer, which was a small craft of only fifty tons or so, saw the shark on the surface on the port bow and could not resist the temptation of taking a shot at it with his rifle. He hit his mark, whereupon the monster, said to have been fully twenty feet in length, deliberately charged the steamer. The boat quivered from stem to stern, and the captain said afterward that it was like striking a rock. After this display of temper Master Shark had had enough of it and sank out of sight.—T. C. Bridges in Chambers' Journal.

Did He Mean to Be Funny?

The editor of a newspaper whose policy it is to print many letters from correspondents in neighboring towns recently received such a communication from his representative in one place as to which he was not quite sure. He could not decide whether the correspondent was unconsciously humorous or whether he was endeavoring to comply with the standing instructions of the paper to "always be on the lookout for any little touch of humor that may brighten up our columns." The item read as follows: "Mr. Harry Spinks, the well known butcher of this place, has been losing flesh rapidly of late."—Lippincott's.

An Amendment.

"I'm a terror, I be," announced the new arrival in Frozen Dog to one of the men behind the bar.

"Be ye?"

"Takes three men to handle me once I get started," he went on.

* * * * * * * *

"Oh, well," he remarked as he arose painfully and dusted off his clothes, "of course if ye're shorthanded I suppose two kin do it on a pinch."—Everybody's.

Located.

"You say that the cook assaulted you?" inquired the judge.

"He did—kicked me, your honor."

"Where did he kick you?"

"In the pantry."—Judge.

Disconcerting.

It is disconcerting when you have paid out $240 for a violin and $40 for a bow to find that you can't snake a squeak on the blamed thing without a ten cent piece of rosin!

In the course of life how many persons stop on their way and fall because, like Atalanta, they let the gold apples seduce them!—Honore de Balzac.

ANCIENT ROME.

It Could Not Compare In Splendor With Some Modern Capitals.

Rome, even in the times of its greatest splendor, was poor in comparison with the modern world. Even in the second century after Christ, when it stood as metropolis at the head of an immense empire, Rome was smaller, less wealthy, less imposing than a great metropolis of Europe or of America. Some sumptuous public edifices, beautiful private houses—that is all the splendor of the metropolis of the empire.

Moreover, the palaces of the Caesars on the Palatine are a grandiose ruin that stirs the artist and makes the philosopher think, but if one sets himself to measure them, to conjecture from the remains the proportions of the entire edifices, he does not conjure up buildings that rival large modern construction. The palace of Tiberius, for example, rose above a street only two meters wide, less than seven feet, an alley like those where today in Italian cities live only the most miserable inhabitants. We have pictured to ourselves the imperial banquets of ancient Rome as functions of unheard of splendor; if Nero or Elagabalus could came to life and see the dining room of a great hotel in Paris or New York, resplendent with light, with crystal, with silver, he would admire it as far more beautiful than the halls in which he gave his imperial feasts. Think how poor were the ancients in artificial light! They had few wines; they knew neither tea nor coffee nor cocoa, neither tobacco nor the innumerable liqueurs of which we make use. In face of our habits they were always Spartan, even when they wasted, because they lacked the means to squander.—Guglielmo Ferrero in Putnam's.

THE BUSY BEES.

How the Insects Work When They Are Collecting Honey.

Upon the approach of a bee to any flower it flies around the calyx almost always before alighting upon the flower itself. This is a cursory examination, and with its antennae outstretched and quivering it is evidently scenting the honey contained within.

Should this prove a fruitful flower and of the flavor required the bee settles on the center of the stamen and, clutching it with its four front legs, steadies itself with its longer outstretched two hindermost ones and withdraws the nectar by its proboscis, the wings of the body assuming a vibratory motion the while.

The bee's proboscis is a most important instrument. It is composed of about forty cartilaginous rings, each of which is fringed with minute hairs, having also a small tuft of hair at its extremity, where it is somewhat serrated. Its movement is like the trunk of an elephant and is susceptible of extension and contraction, bending and twisting in all directions. Thus, by rolling it about, it searches out the calyx, pistil and stamen of every flower and deposits its nectar upon the tongue, whence it passes into the gullet at the base.

The gullet, or first stomach, is the honey bag. No digestion takes place here. In shape it is like an oil flask and when full contains about one grain. It is susceptible of contraction and is so arranged as to enable the insect to disgorge its contents into the cells of the hive.—Philadelphia North American.

Menu of an African Hunting Party.

In addition to the groceries and canned provisions carried in their outfits the hunters in East Africa depend for fresh provisions on their guns. Water buck, zebra and elephant are said to be tough eating and are mostly partaken of by the native porters, who keep elephant meat till it is quite high and gamy. Eland tastes like the best American beef; oryx, impala and all gazelles are edible and tender, but the delicacies of the East African Protectorate are the klipspringer and the dikdik gazelles. Hartbeest is hard except the prime cut along the backbone. An ordinary meal on safari consists of marrow soup, dikdik cutlets, roast guinea fowl, curried venison and cornflower pudding, with jam, washed down with tea or coffee.—London Letter.

His Success.

"John," said a Glasgow minister to his beadle one morning, "I would seem to have been more than usually successful in pleasing the congregation on Sabbath. To which of the three heads of my sermon would you attribute my success?"

"Weel, sir," replied the beadle, with something like a leer in his eye, "to tell ye the truth, congregations noo-a-days concern themsel's less about the heids than the tails o' sermons. The ane you preached on Sabbath was considerably shorter than the general rin o' yer discourses, and therefore a body was weel pleased wi't."

Hopelessly Out of Style.

"When we take charge of the government," says the wise old suffragette, "we will make some changes in the naval bureau."

"I should hope so!" agrees the enthusiastic young suffragette. "Why, bureaus are hopelessly out of style! We will have a combination wardrobe and chiffonier."—Judge.

A Sample.

Hoax—I can always tell a woman who takes things because they look cheap. Joax—How? Hoax—Simply by looking at her husband.—Philadelphia Record.

Count art by gold and it fetters the feet it once winged.—Ouida.

A VALUABLE WEED.

The Teasel That Is Used to Raise the Nap on Cloth.

Our readers who never saw a teasel (spelled also teazel and teazle and even tassel) can imagine a fir cone or "swamp cattail," set all over with little stiff hooks. It is the bur (or tassel or flower head or thistle top) of the plant dipsacus, and so identified is it with cloth dressing that this use of it gave it its botanical name, Dipsacus fullonum, or fuller's teasel.

However familiar to people who live in lands where the teasel is extensively grown the fact may be that the prickly heads of that plant are universally used to raise the nap on cloth, a multitude of persons in his country probably never heard of it and will be astonished to learn in what enormous quantities the plant is raised.

In France alone several thousand acres of land are exclusively devoted to the cultivation of the teasel. French manufacturers use many thousand dollars' worth of the prickly heads and export thousands of tons of them, valued at perhaps millions of dollars. Hundreds of tons are produced in Austria, England, Belgium, Poland and the Crimea.

The prickles of the teasel have a small knob at the end, and this, mounted on an elastic stem and set with great precision on the central spindle, affords a little brush, such, it is said, as the utmost mechanical skill has never been able to rival, at all events at the same price.—New York Herald.

A LOST MINE.

The Tragic Legend That Is Associated With Bald Mountain.

The legend of a lost mine has given to Bald mountain, in Placer county, Colo., a fascinating interest for prospectors. Tradition is that early in the fifties of the last century three men disappeared from an immigrant party going over the old Gap trail. Search for them was without avail, and they were finally reported dead by the searchers.

Where or how they wintered no one knows, but the following spring, ragged, shoeless and demoralized, they filed into Michigan Bluff. Their blankets were converted into sacks, and with them they brought gold dust to the amount of $10,000 or $15,000.

Spending but a single night within the confines of civilization and giving no information as to the location of their large claim, they were followed on their return trip, and a few weeks later their murdered bodies were found in one of the dreary canyons that scar the face of the desolate peak.

Since then many a man has sought this lost mine, but apparently its immunity is as certain as that of the treasure of Captain Kidd.—Philadelphia North American.

Pensive Butlers.

The fashion of building houses with the entrance doors practically on a level with the street gives the observing stroller on Fifth avenue some humorous glimpses of butlers on duty. In the house of one of the most fashionable families in town the butler can be seen standing behind the bronze grill and glass doors staring disconsolately out at the passing throng for most of the afternoon, while across the street from this house the same kind of an entranceway often discloses a glimpse of a functionary of the same class seated in a poetical attitude by a circular marble table, his head supported by his hand. Outside of a hospital they are probably the saddest looking men in New York.—New York Press.

The Gordian Knot.

When one of Uncle Sam's sailor's, a man named Gordon, formerly serving on one of our vessels in a West Indian squadron, was taken to the Naval hospital in Washington he described with gruesome vividness to his companions there his adventure with a shark off one of the islands in the West Indies.

"I had jest fell over the bulwarks," said the able seaman, "when along comes a big shark an' grabs me by the leg."

"What did ye do then, matey?" asked one of the patients.

"I never disputes none with sharks," said the sailor. "I let him have the leg."—Harper's Weekly.

A Composer's Compliment.

Wagner once said he would prefer to go to Vienna to hear the waltzes of Strauss to hearing Italian opera. On a birthday of Mme. Strauss some years ago she had as guests many celebrated musicians. She passed around a fan on which the different composers and players were writing their names and excerpts from compositions of their own. When it reached Brahms he penned the first measure of the "Blue Danube" waltz and signed beneath, "Not, I regret to say, by your devoted friend Johannes Brahms."

An Opinion.

"Say, paw," said little Rollo, "why do they call George Washington the father of his country?"

"I dunno, son, unless it was because his country kept him hustling to keep it out of trouble and then came to look at him as a sort of old fogy whose advice didn't amount to much anyhow."—Washington Star.

What He Wanted.

"Be careful, young man. You know the old saying, 'Marry in haste and repent at leisure.'"

"That's why I'm rushing things. What I want is leisure."—Exchange.

When fortune fails us the supposed friends of our prosperous days vanish.—Plautus.

THE GREEN MORAY.

A Savage and Voracious Eel Found In Bermudian Waters.

The experienced sea fisherman takes care to kill every large conger eel as soon as it is brought into the boat. The conger has not only extraordinary jaw power—it can triturate shellfish, shells and all—but is also so abominably active that the fisherman's opinion of it coincides with that held of the Indian by the western plainsman, "No good conger except dead conger."

Ugly and savage brute as the conger is, it is a lamb compared with its relative, the green moray of Bermudian waters. This great eel is of an unnaturally brilliant green and has an eye which is the very epitome of intense and malignant ferocity. It is voracious and savage beyond words. The negro boatmen have such a holy horror of it that they absolutely refuse to allow a moray into the boat. An acquaintance of the writer, a marine officer, fishing in a small boat off Bermuda, hooked one of these fish, but as soon as his boatman saw the hideous head above the water he whipped out his knife and made to cut the line. The officer shouted to him to stop, but had to threaten to throw the man overboard before he would put up his knife. When the great eel was pulled over the side the negro went absolutely ashy with fright. As for the moray, no sooner was it in the boat than it doubled upon itself, and its jaws met with a clash in its own side, cutting out a chunk of white flesh as neatly as a scoop would cut cheese. That was enough for the officer. He picked up a boathook and forked the uncanny creature overboard—Chambers' Journal.

A MANUFACTURED CLIMATE.

Methods of the Paris Market Gardeners In Forcing Nature.

The gardeners of Paris get their products on the market weeks before the regular season for them. This forcing of nature is described by Ernest Poole in Success Magazine.

The secret is simply this: The French maraichers have manufactured a climate to suit them. As one observer has said, "They have moved the climate of Monte Carlo up to the suburbs of Paris."

Some new prodigy of modern science, this? Not at all. Only enormous expense in money and in time. The gardens, whenever possible, are placed on land with a slope to the south and are well protected by walls on the north and east,—walls built to reflect light as well as to give protection from the northeast winds.

The ground is practically covered with glass, not as in a greenhouse, but by glass frames in the open, "three light" frames of uniform size, 12 by 4½ feet, and also by glass bells. These, too, are of a uniform size, about the shape of a chapel bell, a little less than seventeen inches in diameter and from fourteen to fifteen inches high. The French call them cloches. You may often see over a thousand frames and over 10,000 glass bells in one two-acre plot in the suburbs of Paris.

A more recent innovation is the employment of hot water pipes run under the soil, making of the earth a veritable steam heated hotel, with this essential difference, that the hotel keeper here is desperately eager, not to keep his guests, but to persuade them to leave on the earliest possible day.

A Memorable Wreck.

The most memorable wreck in the history of the American surf was that of the bark Mexico, stranded on Hempstead beach, Long Island, early in the morning of Jan. 3, 1837. She carried 104 passengers and a crew of twelve men. Four passengers and four of the crew were saved by a surfboat from the beach under the command of Raynor Rock Smith. All others were frozen to death, though the wreck was so close to the shore that their cries and even some of their words were plainly heard on the beach. It was the story of this wreck, as published throughout the nation, that led to the establishment of the United States life saving service.—Scrap Book.

The Bayonet.

The bayonet was due to the fortunate inspiration of a Basque soldier, who, when he and his regiment, having expended their ammunition, were driven to bay on a mountain ridge near Bayonne, suggested that they should fix the long knives with which they were armed into the musket barrels and charge the enemy. This advice, which was followed with complete success, was the means of introducing the weapon to the notice of military Europe.

What He Lacked.

It is related of a South American general, who was extremely well pleased with himself, that once when about to sally forth to a grand dance he surveyed himself contentedly in the mirror and then soliloquized thus:

"Ah! Thou hast all—bravery, wealth, position, good looks. Ah, what dost thou lack?"

Whereupon his orderly, who, unknown to the general, was close at hand, remarked:

"Sense, general, sense!"

The Difference.

Little Lester Livermore—Papa, what is the difference between a vision and a sight? This book says— Mr. Livermore—The difference between a girl before and a girl after she is married. —Puck.

Very Plain.

Restaurant Patron—That isn't a very good looking piece of meat. Waiter—Well, you ordered a plain steak.—Exchange.

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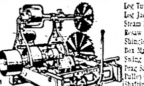

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STEALING A SIGN.

That Was the Policeman's Charge, but It Was Not Sustained.

Stealthily the policeman stole out from behind the side door of the saloon and quickly pounced on some Columbia college boys who were carrying a long board sign that had hung over some tobacconist's shop. The youths protested against the officer's interference, but he told them that they would find it a hard job to turn little old New York into a college town, and off to the lockup they went, college boys, sign and all.

"What's the charge?" asked the sergeant as he looked out at the aggregation of the coming great men of learning.

"Stealing a sign," answered the cop as some of the boys bumped it into the station house, where it reposed against the wall.

"We did not steal it," spoke up one of the youths; "we only borrowed it."

The sergeant turned to the cop and told him to call up the owner and find out what the true state of the case was. The policeman read the sign slowly and then turned to the telephone book to look up the owner.

"Hello! Did you lose a sign?" And the answer made the policeman scratch his head.

"What did he say?" asked the waiting sergeant. The reserves were beginning to grin, and the policeman looked very uncomfortable.

"It is all right," he said, scowling at the youths. "The owner says they rented the sign for the night and are to return it tomorrow morning when he is ready to do business again."

A shout went up from the youths as they were ordered out of the station, and they took up their triumphal march and sought out some other unsuspecting cop to dupe, and far down the street came back their triumphal yell:

"C-o-l-u-m-b-i-a!"

The cop laughed to himself as he started out again on his beat, and a friend at his side asked him the cause of his merriment.

"The owner of the sign was mad all the way through and wanted me to hold the sign. He had rented it all right, but he said that was the third time he had been called out of bed tonight, for the boys had been pulled in in three other precincts, but as long as I was a 'goat' for him I thought I would let the rah-rah boys have some more fun with some other cop and sent them on their way."—New York Press.

AN UNSOCIABLE LOT.

What Mr. Thomas Thought of the Crowd In New York.

Mr. Thomas crammed a fresh stick of birch into his little stove and closed the door, which John Arnold had left ajar on his entrance. The tiny shoe shop thus became air tight. Then the proprietor replied to John's question of what he thought of New York.

"I can tell ye in 'mazing few words," he said. "It's considerable of a place. Lots doing an' splendid big buildings an' schools an' churches an' all that. They think they're some punkins too. An' I ain't saying that there ain't plenty of real smart ones there. Spite of all that, though, I call 'em kind o' ignorant, besides being cold in their manners."

"I want to know!" commented John, visibly impressed by this recital.

"I'll tell ye," continued Mr. Thomas. "Brother Tom's boy's office is down near the big Brooklyn bridge, and I used to go down there and set a good deal while my wife visited with his wife up in Harlem.

"When it come what they call rush hour I used to go down an' stand on the bridge an' watch 'em passing by, hundreds of 'em, on their way home, an' I got to feel real friendly an' to know lots of 'em by sight. But"—

Mr. Thomas paused impressively—"but, although I didn't miss an aft'noon whilst I was there, an' that was two weeks, nary one o' them men ever give me a single glance of recognition.

"It wa'n't my place to speak first, me being a stranger an' they home, so to speak. I wa'n't going to push myself; but, I tell ye what, John, two or three times I had to hold on to myself to keep from telling of 'em just what I thought of such onfriendly ways.

"'Why,' says I to Brother Tom's boy, 'how long do you s'pose one o' them would be at Tunkett Corners before we knew him well enough to nod to an' found out his name?'"—Youth's Companion.

Tongue Charms.

The tongues of animals have been and are still in some parts of the world favorite amulets. A tongue cut from a living fox is said to ward off disease of all kinds, but as the person carrying one will surely die if he happens to meet a fox at any crossroads the charm is seldom used. The tongue of the vulture plucked out with iron and hung about a man's neck in a new cloth will bring him what he desires, and some East Indians believe that if they do not bite off the tip of the tongue of any wild animal they kill they will not have good luck in hunting.—London Tit-Bits.

A Mean Man.

Tommy—Pop, a man is a bachelor until he gets married, isn't he? Tommy's Pop—Yes, my son. Tommy—And what does he call himself afterward? Tommy Pop's—I'd hate to tell you, my son.—Philadelphia Record.

In the Ark.

"Tradition has it that Noah's faithful dog was the last animal to board the ark."

"Yes. The hog was probably the first, so that he could grab an end seat."—Washington Star.

A CONTINGENT ASSET.

The Court Didn't Appoint a Receiver to Administer It.

A woman's way of getting around trouble, especially her ability to answer a question without giving any information, is well known, particularly to the members of the bar that have had occasion to cross words with her on the stand. A woman with a well developed sense of humor once foiled the persistent attempt of W. G. Chapin, late editor of the American Lawyer, to elicit information in supplementary proceedings. He tells the story of the failure himself.

"I had been admitted to the bar but a short time and was a fair specimen of the average theory stuffed, practice wanting, law school graduate. How joyously were the commands of the managing clerk obeyed! Here was the looked for opportunity to demonstrate my ability in the noble art of searchingly examining a recalcitrant witness, a woman!

"Of the two, I fancy, however, that it was the lady who was more self possessed when the proceedings opened. She was a dressmaker and had been sued for debt by a dry goods firm. The examination dragged its slow length along, revealing no assets, until finally came the omnium gatherum query asked as a finisher.

"'Have you any property of any kind or nature, real or personal, or any right or interest in property that you have failed to mention?'

"Perhaps it was my tone she disliked. At any rate, her eyes snapped. 'Well, I've got what perhaps you wouldn't call an interest, but it's almost as good. It's an expectation. Must I answer?'

"'If you please.' I was encouraged.

"'Well, you see, it's this way. I've got two sisters, and both of 'em have married finely. Now, neither one of them begins to be as good looking as I am.'

"'Yes.' She had me puzzled.

"'Well, I really don't see why I shouldn't have the same show.'

"It is needless to say that there was no receiver appointed to administer this 'asset.'"—Chicago Record-Herald.

A CONFIDING CONSTABLE.

The Way He Helped the Housemaid Repel the Burglars.

A good story is told at the expense of a constable in rural England, says a writer in the London Telegraph.

Not long ago a young and pretty housemaid arrived at the big house of the neighborhood, and it was observed that our friend's beat often took him in that direction. At first she seemed to resent his advances, but suddenly she changed altogether, and the course of true love appeared to run smooth—for a time.

One night he called rather later than usual. It was dark, and his fair one greeted him somewhat coolly, he thought.

His doubts, however, disappeared when she suddenly declared that she would take him into her confidence. She had overheard the particulars of a plot to break into the house and steal the plate.

"Now, Jim," she said, "here's a chance for promotion. The burglars knew where the plate was kept, so we've shifted it. What I want you to do is to get into the plate cupboard and wait till they come and open the door. Then you'll have 'em."

Jim jumped at the chance and half an hour later was concealed in the cupboard. The burglars came, as expected, and promptly got to work.

The constable chuckled to himself as he heard the muffled whir of a tool on the outside of the cupboard door, and he grasped his staff and waited.

After some minutes' waiting he resolved to take a cautious peep. But the door was fast, securely screwed on the outside by the burglars.

When Jim eventually roused the house and was released from his prison the burglars and plate, together with the pretty housemaid (a confederate), had disappeared. Moreover, the constable's position took a good deal of explaining away.

Awkward, but No Chump.

Once there was a pretty woman who came upon a huge ostrich in the desert.

"Foolish bird," said the pretty woman. "You cover your head with sand and think you are out of sight."

The huge ostrich laughed.

"My dear madam," he chuckled, "there is nothing foolish about that. Don't you cover your head with a hat decorated with my feathers and think you are 'out of sight?'"

Moral.—The ostrich is an awkward bird and eats horseshoes, but he can hit back in other ways than with his big feet.—Chicago News.

Oddity of Dreams.

"Nobody ever feels pain in a dream," said a psychologist. "Rage, terror, joy, grief—these emotions stab us as poignantly in dream as in reality. But physical pain, no. I have interrogated 2,000 persons, and none of them ever suffered dream pains. Yet they have dreamed of dreadful motor accidents, tortures, death. One young girl, indeed, dreamed time and again of being eaten alive by cannibals, yet even in that horrible nightmare she felt no pain."

Get Even With the Clerk.

Mr. Jawback—This gown is not becoming to you, and it is expensive. Why did you buy it? Mrs. Jawback—Because the clerk looked as if he thought I thought I couldn't afford it. —Cleveland Leader.

He that rises again quickly and continues the race is as if he had never fallen.—Molière.

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ABOUT BEET GROWING.

Many sections in the state of Michigan are taking on a new life as a result of the beet growing industry, in which they have engaged. A friend who has taken pains to look into the details of the sugar beet industry in several localities in the state mentioned makes a uniformly favorable report of the prosperity which has come in these beet growing neighborhoods. One instance is reported of a farmer who paid $200 down on a forty acre farm eight years ago. Last summer, *when seen, he had paid for the land in* full, had bought and paid for thirty acres besides, had erected substantial buildings, had all the machinery he needed, was out of debt and worth $5,500 more than he was six years ago, as the first two years he did not know how to grow beets at a profit. When patches of beets of five acres or less are grown the owner or renter usually cares for them himself. If more than this area, foreign families are usually hired to look after the crop, the price paid for doing the hard work being usually about $20 per acre. The beets fetch $5 a ton, and the average yield is about eight tons per acre, though many fields yield more than this. A fact that is worthy of mention in connection with the growing of beets is that land on which they are grown is kept free from weeds and put in the best of tilth and in ideal shape for beans or clover, either of which used alternately with beets and potatoes or small grain constitutes an excellent crop rotation. The lowest value placed on the fresh beet pulp as a feed for dairy cows is $1 per ton, while many who have used it consider it worth $2 or $3. Any person living within convenient shipping distance of a beet sugar factory would do well to write to its manager for information about the growing of the crop, while farmers who have grown beets for such a factory several seasons will be in shape to give definite and unbiased information as to the returns which may be reasonably expected.

HARD LICKS AT THE START.

There is no method of handling the potato field which will put the soil in so good condition or kill so many weeds as thorough work with the drag during the two or three weeks following planting. Assuming that the ground has been given thorough preparation for the reception of the seed, it is well to wait six or seven days, depending somewhat on the weather conditions, until the weed seed gets nicely germinated and is beginning to show above ground. It is well to give the field a very thorough harrowing, letting the drags lap and then giving the same treatment at right angles. Again, as soon as the potatoes begin to show above ground the patch should be gone over with a four shovel cultivator and the rows given a shallow covering, which will start a new batch of weeds to sprouting. At the end of four or five days, when the potato sprouts begin to break through this covering, the field may be gone over again with the harrow crossways of the rows, which will again swat the weeds in the row and not injure the young vines to speak of. Later on cultivation should be given, and if the soil is mellow and weeds are still germinating another treatment may be given with the harrow, when the vines have got past the brittle state. Methods similar to the above will not only put the soil in fine condition for the growth of the crop, but will reduce the weed pest to a minimum. All the succeeding work in the field, even through digging time, will be pleasanter and more satisfactory as a result of this weed campaign at the start.

LADYBUGS DESTROY SCALE.

The owner of an old orchard near Ephrata, Pa., has undertaken a quite systematic propagation of the lady bug as an aid in keeping in check the ravages of the San Jose scale, with which his orchard had become infested. The trees were so large and in such condition that he did not feel that he would be justified in spraying and was on the point of cutting the orchard down when he noticed that for some reason the scale insects were held in check. On making an examination he found that a colony of lady bugs was wintering near the roots of one of the trees, which he concluded was the agency which was doing the good work. Since that time, a little more than a year ago, they have multiplied until every tree has its colony of bugs. During the summer the lady bugs crawl all over the tree, feasting on plant lice and the scale, and when fall comes they congregate at the base of the tree, where they spend the winter. This preventive has worked so well with this man that his neighbors have taken colonies of the bugs to their own orchards.

Contentment and true happiness are the fruit of qualities of heart and character rather than possesions merely. That is why palatial homes and big bank accounts are often the haunts and accompaniments of misery.

The hawk that sails lazily over the fields and meadows with sharp eye fixed on the ground is searching for a meal in the shape of gopher, squirrel or rabbit. In view of this fact he should be free from attack by the small boy's shotgun or rifle.

Offer to pay the average man $5 to tramp twenty-five miles in a pair of heavy rubber boots, and he would laugh at the idea, yet he will take just such a trip to get one measly little duck and often doesn't have this much to show for his pains (and aches).

One of the best agricultural signs to be noted this spring is the large number of farmers who this season for the first time are using the disk drill. Every farmer who has bought one is a sort of home missionary in bringing about a more sensible type of agriculture.

Every child that comes into an American home has the right, all too seldom realized, of being well born, a privilege which most farm owners see is accorded to the pure bred stock which is reared on the farm. There is a suggestion here which is worthy of a great deal more thoughtful consideration than it is usually given.

The Alaska-Yukon exposition, which opens at Seattle the 1st of June, has put up prizes aggregating $100,000 for live stock exhibits, while one-half of the total ground space at the exposition will be devoted to agriculture, horticulture and allied industries and a display of their respective products. Along the lines mentioned and many others this western exposition gives promise of being one of the most valuable and instructive which have ever been held.

Now and then one runs across some discussion of the question whether there is any connection between the feeding of silage and tuberculosis. There is no necessary connection between the two things, though it is quite likely that the stable conditions under which silage is often fed—warm air and little or no ventilation—are quite conducive to the spread of tuberculosis once it gets a foothold. Healthy stock in properly ventilated quarters will not contract tuberculosis from eating silage any sooner than they will from eating corn fodder or clover hay. It's what they take into their lungs and not what goes into their stomachs that does the mischief.

The most persistent and ever present problem with which the tiller of the soil has to deal is that of weeds. Whether they are the fruit of Adam's disobedience or "just grew," it makes little difference so far as the vital aspects of the matter go. While the prime object of good farming is to raise useful crops, it will also be directed to reducing the weed pest to a minimum, the number of which within certain limits on the farm being fairly indicative of the type of agriculture which is being carried on. There are several ways in which this good work of weed extermination may be aided. One lies in the more thorough preparation of the soil; another, the use of plump and clean seed of good vitality which will give a full stand of the kind of crop that it is intended to raise; a third, more thorough cultivation of the tilled crops. Other aids to the same end, covering a period of more than one year, are the raising of sheep and the adoption of a sensible system of crop rotation. In all of this it is well to keep in mind that it takes just as much ginger out of the soil to raise a rank crop of weeds as a good crop of corn, potatoes or oats and a good deal more than it does to grow crops of clover or alfalfa. When land is allowed to produce weeds, whatever the cause, it is clearly a case of wasted energy and misdirected effort.

The Maine experiment station has for the past nine years been conducting an extensive as well as exhaustive series of experiments along the line of developing a strain of Plymouth Rocks of large egg capacity—that is, a strain in which large laying capacity would be transmitted from parent to offspring. A bulletin recently issued by the station covering the experiments of the period mentioned states in conclusion that so far as has been observed this aim has not been realized, egg laying capacity seeming to be almost entirely an individual rather than an inherited matter. The experiments showed that, instead of increasing, the egg capacity of one flock selected with especial care from prolific mothers in fact deteriorated somewhat during the nine year period. While those in charge of the experiments assign no specific reason for this deterioration and possibly could not, is there not a possibility that chicks hatched from hens which were producing as high as 250 eggs annually may have lacked vitality as a result and that this more than descent from prolific ancestors may be a determining factor in large egg capacity? Whatever the cause, the above findings are more than likely to let a lot of hot air out of the claims of some poultry raisers who have been getting unheard of prices for eggs alleged to be from 200 egg strain breeds.

F. E. Trigg

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, *June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.*

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Acs.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ NE¼	23	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	25	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	33	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	38.97
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	16	150	44	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
N½ NW¼	16	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	310.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	100
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	100
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

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for children; safe, sure. No opiates

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swensen, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 373,

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 06-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Post-office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893.06, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. may6-june10.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 21, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 132, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nikolai O. Sortedahl, assignee and holder thereof to E. G. Buse by written assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January, 1907, at 3:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 16 of Mortgages on page 350, which said mortgage, together with the said debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said E. G. Buse, assignee and holder thereof, to Scandia American Bank by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of March 1909, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 3 of Mortgage on page 34; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely, That tract, or parcel, of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a tack in a stake 410 feet South and 530 feet South, 89° 30' West of the quartersection corner between Sections Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred fifty one (151), Range forty four (44); thence south 14' West 775.8 feet to a post; thence north 75°, 15' West 340 feet to a post; thence north 14' East 678.6 feet to a post; thence North 89°, 30' East 330 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5.51-100 acres, more or less, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday the 28th day of May, 1909, at one o'clock p. m., of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nineteen Hundred thirty four and 81-100 Dollars, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and $50.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 8, 1909.

SCANDIA AMERICAN BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee,
apr. 15-may 20. A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders C. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 29 of Mortgages, on page 254, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 46 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S. E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15) *in township one* hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Post-office, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. may6-june10.

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 30th, 1904, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 04146, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, " "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Pien H. Wright, " "

apr. 8-may 13. R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and the bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? A. Bjerkhoel.

Rev. I. W. Williamson's Letter.

Rev. I. W. Williamson, Huntington, W. Va., writes: "This is to certify that I used Foley's Kidney Remedy for nervous exhaustion and kidney trouble and am free to say that it will do all that you claim for it." Foley's Kidney Remedy has restored health and strength to thousands of weak, run down people. Contains no harmful drugs and is pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Ole C. Brenna, Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls
Phone No. 118.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Many weak, nervous women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence today and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

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All Work Given Careful Attention.
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Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

HISTORIC SOCIETY

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1909 NUMBER 21

JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

J. B. O'BRIEN IS DEAD

County Auditor of Red Lake County Died In Crookston Last Friday.

Had Been a Prominent Citizen of Red Lake County for a Number of Years.

County Auditor John B. O'Brien died at midnight last Friday in a hospital at Crookston where he had been taken a few days before to be operated upon for appencicites. His condition was critical from the start and much apprehension was felt regarding the outcome.

John B. O'Brien was 45 years of age and had been a resident of what is now Red Lake county since 1893, being for years one of the well known educators for the county. He first taught school at Red Lake Falls and later went to St. Hilaire where he was superintendent of the village schools for twelve years. In 1906 he was elected county auditor of Red Lake county and again re-elected in 1908. He was one of the most highly respected citizens of Red Lake county and his integrity was never questioned. He is survived by a wife and one daughter about nine years of age and these will have the sympathy of the people of the entire county.

The deceased was a prominent member of many fraternal organizations, being a member of the St. Hilaire lodges of Modern Woodmen and Odd Fellows and the Thief River Falls Masonic lodge. All of these bodies sent delegates and handsome floral tributes to the funeral which was held Monday afternoon in St. Paul, the former home of the deceased.

Subscribe for the News.

Hotel Markham Sold.

A deal was concluded this week by B. E. Burkee whereby J. K. Hanpay sold the Hotel Markham to F. W. Busse, of Odin, Minn., who takes not only the hotel but all of the furniture and fixtures.

Mr. Busse is an experienced hotel man and it is his intention to spend a considerable sum of money to put the building in good repair and re-furnish it from top to bottom. He is expected to move here with his family before June first and will open the hotel just as soon as the repairs can be made.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Ball Team to Organize.

A subscription paper was circulated last Saturday among the business men of the city to raise money to support a base ball team here this year. Some $500 was subscribed and the matter of engaging players and organizing a team is now in progress. It is the intention to have only two or three hired players—a catcher and a pitcher and possibly a short stop. With the fund of $500 and the gate receipts it is thought that the ball team will be self supporting for the season.

Mrs. H. Fant Dead.

Word has been received in the city to the effect that Mrs. H. Fant was found dead in bed last Saturday morning at Grand Forks. She lived in a house alone and retired the evening before in apparent good health. Mrs. Fant was for a number of years a resident of Thief River Falls and was well known to all of the residents of this city. Her husband now resides in Minneapolis where he is engaged in the real estate business and is the proprietor of a detective agency.

Creamery for Hazel.

It is stated that the farmers living in the vicinity of Hazel are going to organize a co-operative creamery in the near future. It is stated that there is a sufficient number of cows to support a good creamery there and that it would be a success from the start.

FARMERS ALL IN FAVOR OF COUNTY DIVISION

The Proposed New County of Pennington Meeting With Much Favor.

Farmers All in Favor of Cutting Lose from the South End---St. Hilaire Objects.

Farmers of Northern Red Lake County are unanimous in favor of the division of Red Lake county. The editor of this paper has interviewed a large number during the past week and has not been able to find one who is opposed to the division. As a matter of fact the division of the county is going to be of great benefit to every taxpayer living in the proposed new county of Pennington. The southern part of Red Lake county with its Clearwater river, Hill river, Badger creek, Black river and Lost river has always been a very expensive part of the county to maintain as it is always in need of bridges and repairs for bridges and practically all of the road and bridge money has been spent in that part of the county for years past. It is needless to say that the northern part of the county has always paid large proportions of this tax—Thief River Falls alone paying one-fourth. The division of the county will give Pennington county nearly all of the assessed valuation and leave Red Lake with the expensive part to govern.

The opposition to the division is confined almost entirely to the the territory to be left in the old county and there is also considerable opposition in St. Hilaire, which is the center of Red Laake county and has always had more or less aspirations to be the county seat.

The most important thing about the division of the county, however, is that an honest government will be established in Pennington county. Red Lake county today is governed by three county commissioners who represent one-third of the people of Red Lake county that pay about one-fourth of the taxes. It is not reasonable to believe that these commissioners, who refuse to divide the county into commissioner districts of equal population, will ever give the county an honest government. Just so long as they keep in control—and there appears to be no hope of relief—they are not going to look after the best interests of the taxpayers as a whole. If the residents of the southern part of the county do not want to be left in a county that is sure to go bankrupt, let them bring pressure to bear upon the county commissioners who represent them and have them redistrict the county into equitable districts. Otherwise the northern part will cut lose in November, 1910, and the farmers of the southern part can help pay for the expensive court house in Red Lake Falls and go without the needed bridges.

Not a Cold Spring.

The man who says that this is the worst spring he ever saw had better take a back seat—the records in St. Paul are against him. The weather man completed the summary of April weather yesterday, and the average temperature for the month was 39. Just two years ago, if people will think back that far, it was worse, for the average then was 37. But both were bad enough, for the records show warmer April until back in 1893 when the average was 36. Then they have to go back to 1873 and 1874 before they find any more cold springs. Those years the averages were 36 and 38 respectively.

The average April temperature since the St. Paul office was started is 46. The highest temperature last month was 65 on the 17th and the lowest 18 on the 9th. The precipitation for the month was 2.42 inches, and it took 10.8 inches of snow besides some rain to make this amount of water. A year ago April brought down 4.23 inches of water, two years ago, 1.32. The average for 39 *years is 2.39, just a small fraction under* the precipitation last month.

We Had a Park Board.

It appears that the appointment of a park board by Mayor Hamre last week was not authorized, a former council having created a park board of three members and provided for their appointment by the city council. S. W. Bagley, Dr. Grundy and T. L. Melgaard were appointed at that time and the term for which Mr. Melgaard was appointed has not yet expired. Being park commissioners in Thief River Falls has not been a particularly laborious or remunative position and so light were the burdens that even the members had forgotten that they were honored officials of the city.

The Only Objection.

The only objection to the creation of Pennington county in the north end is the fact that County Commissioner Lindquist will be a resident of the new county. This cannot be helped, and we predict that Mr. Lindquist will devote more times to his farm and less to public affairs after November, 1910. There is a whole lot of good material for county commissioners without requesting Mr. Lindquist to serve in the new county.

Tommie Kribs Goes Home.

Tommie Kribs, the English prize fighter who arrived in Thief River Falls last summer and since October has been confined in the hospital with a severe attack of rheumatism, was taken to Quebec Tuesday morning by Policeman Farr and there will be put aboard a steamship and furnished with transportation to "dear al Lunnon". The expense of the trip and charges for medical attendance here will all be paid by the British government. It is Mr. Farr's intention to remain for a short time in the east and will visit at his old home in Ontario before returning to Thief River Falls.

Dr. Mellby, of this city, has been appointed health officer of the village of Middle River.

INJUCTION IS ISSUED

County Commissioners Will Not Sell the Bonds or Build the Court House Just Now.

Matter Has Been Taken Into the Courts and It Will Cause Delay.

There will be a meeting of the county commissioners on Saturday to sell the $35,000 worth of bonds and accept plans for a new court house. The commissioners will not do it, however, as they have been served with a restraining order and are asked to appear before his honor, Court Commissioner Samuel T. Johnson at his office in Thief River Falls, on the 29th day of May to show cause why an injunction should not be granted.

As Judge Johnson is as wise as an owl on points of law and what is best for the taxpayers of Red Lake county, we predict that the county commissioners will have to make a mighty good cause or injunction will be granted. Of course there is right of appeal to the district judge and then to the supreme court, but this all takes time and Pennington county will have been created before the matter is decided in the courts and then the people who pay three-fourths of the taxes and have two-fifths of the representation on the county board will not care what happens.

Cement Cross Walks.

Street Commissioner Mellby and a crew of men started work the first of the week of putting in cement cross walks. About thirity of these walks will be put down this summer and there will be nothing but cement cross walks in the business portion of the city after they are completed.

Reiner.

We are having all kinds of weather out here. Seeding is just about done, and as no one has over a thousand acres to seed it does not take us long.

John Hermanson left for Highlanding last week where he is going to work for P. O. Wold for some time.

Our creamery is not ready yet on account of the cold weather.

Mr. Roseland and family visited with Mrs. Sigrud last Sunday.

Knut Torgerson is kept busy on the road hauling stuff for their store.

Julias Hermanson sold his land in the town of Moylan to an Iowa man.

The spring term of school started last Monday with Miss Emma Sathre as teacher.

Sigrud is using a combination rig in seeding, two oxen and one horse part of the time, the other part two horses and one ox. There are many ways for a poor man to get along.

A. L. Kjos has had Julius Hermanson's oxen to do his spring work with.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.
People's State Bank
CAPITAL, $30,000
Real Estate Tax List
For part of Red Lake
—and—
Marshall County at the
People's State Bank
REMEMBER:
That a penalty of 10 per cent is added to all Real Estate taxes if at least half is not paid before June 1st, 1909.
Pay your taxes at the People's State Bank and receive a Tax Receipt made especially for that purpose. The Bank keeps a complete record of all cash received for Taxes.
For Real Estate Loan and Insurance we are fully prepared. Money always on hand.

MAY LOSE ITS IDENTITY

Rumor That South Shore Will Be Merged With the Soo in the Near Future.

As Both Roads Are Owned by the Canadian Pacific this Seems Probable.

There is a rumor that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad, owned and controlled by the stockholders of the Canadian Pacific corporation, will lose its identity and that it will become part of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie system.

Nothing can be learned from the Duluth officials of the company.

The Soo railroad is also the property of the Canadian Pacific company. The merging of the South Shore into the Soo system would simply be a merging of two properties of the parent company.

Rumors have flown thick and fast ever since the Soo secured control of the Wisconsin Central railway. That road lost its identity, and should the charter of the South Shore not stand in the way that road may also lose its identity as a railroad.

The rumor regarding the South Shore comes from Milwaukee, where many railroads are given credence. None of the Duluth officials of the South Shore have heard any rumor of such a deal, nor do they think it probable.—Duluth Herald.

O'Brien's Successor.

The vacancy in the auditor's office caused by the death of County Auditor John B. O'Brien will be filled by the county commissioners at their meeting to be held on Saturday of this week. Some man from the southern end of the county will undoubtedly be selected. The best that the residents of the northern part of the county can hope is that he be a fair and honest person.

The members of the Antlers Club will tender a reception tomorrow evening to Dr. George Tupper. Dr. Tupper took an active part in the organization of this club and was its first president.

Permanency · Honesty · CITIZENS STATE BANK · SOLIDITY
Pay Your
1908 TAXES
Through
Citizens State Bank.
We have complete tax lists for all farm lands in Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.
* * *
REMEMBER—A 10 per cent penalty is added on June 1st, unless at least one-half of the taxes is paid by that date.
Citizens State Bank
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

WANTS EXTRA SESSION

Harry Ives Says a Monster Petition Is to Be Circulated Up Here.

Gov. Johnson to Be Asked to Call an Extra Session of the Legislature.

Minneapolis Journal: According to Harry E. Ives of St. Hilaire a monster petition is to be sent from northern Minnesota to Governor John A. Johnson, asking him to call a special session of the legislature to pass a reapportionment bill. Mr. Ives was at the capitol today and said the movement was already underway. He was a republican candidate for the house last fall in the district composed of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake counties.

"We think the only chance for northern Minnesota to get justice in legislative representation is a special session called for the purpose," said Mr. Ives today. "There will be a federal census next year, but the result will not be *out in time for the legislature of 1911* to use it for a basis of apportionment. Southern Minnesota will put us off again on the pretext that we must wait for a federal census. So it will go on year after year, unless the legislature's duty is brought up to it by a call for a special session. Our district has six times the population of some in southern Minnesota even going by the 1905 census. A petition will soon be circulated and will be signed by thousands of voters in northern Minnesota. Governor Johnson has called attention to the unjust condition of affairs and I think if the public demand for reapportionment is made strong enough, he will make the call for an extra session."

Big Ditch Meeting.

A meeting is to be held at Grygla on Saturday of this week to consider a petition for a monster state ditch that will drain the Grygla country and the Mud Lake district. County Attorney W. J. Brown, of Warren, is to be present and give the settlers the benefit of his knowledge of drainage laws. It is expected that the petition asking that the ditch be established will be circulated at this meeting. All of the settlers should attend.

New Time Card.

The new time card on this branch of the Great Northern goes into effect next Monday. It is not thought that there will be any change in the time of the arrival of the train going south it will leave at 3:15 in the afternoon and arrive in Crookston at 5:30. This will make it much more convenient for those having business to transact in Crookston.

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

New Dairy Laws.

The following synopsis of the several laws enacted by the Legislature, the session of which recently closed, is given for the benefit of the producers of and dealers in dairy and creamery products.

Section 1744, of the Revised Laws of 1905, as amended, now not only requires the delivery of milk, cream or ice cream to persons, factories or common carriers in cans or other vessels free from filth or rust and in a wholesome condition, but requires, in addition, thorough cleansing of such cans before returning same to the shipper.

Chapter 353, General Laws of 1909, authorizes creameries to label butter packages as containing butter made from pasteurized milk or cream, in the event that certain provisions of the law, as to the use of effective pasteurizing apparatus, shall have been complied with.

Chapter 468, General Laws of 1909, makes discrimination in prices paid for milk, cream or butter fat in different localities a misdemeanor, and provides heavy penalties in the event of its violation.

On and after January 1st, 1910, all operators of the Babcock testing apparatus will be required to secure license from the Dairy & Food Commissioner, after having passed a satisfactory examination, according to the provisions of Chapter 498, General Laws of 1909.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼-21-154-42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation. Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

PROGRAM IS PREPARED

School Officers Convention to Be Held Here on May 28th Will Be Interesting.

Citizens of Thief River Falls to Entertain Visitors at Club Rooms in the Evening.

County Superintendent Anderson has prepared a program for the convention of school officers to be held in Thief River Falls on Friday, May 28. The attendance at this meeting is expected to be over 300 and it is the intention of the citizens of Thief River Falls to entertain the visitors in the city at the Antler's club rooms in the evening. The following is the program that has been prepared:

Music—Selected.

Practical Agriculture in Rural Schools—Supt. Wm. Robertson—State Experiment Farm, Crookston.

Truancy and How to Improve in The Rural Schools—Supt. J. H. Hay.

Address—Hon. J. Adam Bede.

Address—C. A. Ballard—Teacher of Biology, Moorhead Normal School.

Relation of County Superintendent to School Officers—H. F. Anderson.

Proper Construction of School Buildings; Outhouses, Grounds, Water Supply, Lighting and Ventilation—Supt. L. M. Mithum, Marshal county.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the

BEST ON THE MARKET.

Best Grade Apron Check Ginghams, Per Yard 4¾ Cents

The Golden Rule
THE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Best Grade 3-4 Percale, All Colors, Per Yard 4¾ Cents

We Announce to the People of Thief River Falls and Vicinity

A BIG DISSOLUTION SALE

Dissolution Skirt Sale

We handle only the best and most desirable brand of Skirts.

Work skirts, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale price	39c
Neglee shirts, collars attached, 75c values, this sale	59c
Neglee shirts, collars attached 50c and 65c	39c

Dissolution Men's and Boy's Underwear Sale.

Men's all wool underwear reg. $1.50 grade, at this sale	$1.19
Men's Balbriggan underwear, regular 50c grade, at this sale	39c
Men's and Boys' Balbriggan underwear, regular 25c grade	19c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Clipping The Prices in Men's and Boys' Suits.

Now is the time to fit out your boys with a new Spring Suit. Never has our boys' suit department been so complete. You'll find the biggest suit bargains you ever secured.

Boys' Suits, regular $10 value, dissolution sale price	7.75
Boys' Suits, regular $5 value dissolution sale price	3.98
Boys' Suits, regular $3.50 value dissolution sale price	2.80
Boys' Suits, regular $2.50 value dissolution sale price	1.98
Boys' Knee Pants, regular $1.00 value, dissolution sale price	79c
Boys' Knee Pants, regular 50c value, dissolution sale price	39c

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Curtain Sale

Some of these curtains are very small lots at very short prices. You can secure the greatest curtain values of the year right now.

Lace Curtains, regular $3.50 values, dissolution sale price	2.79
Lace Curtains, regular $2.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.99
Lace Curtains, regular $1.50 values, dissolution sale price	1.19

For Cash and Cash Only

Now In Full Blast.

A sale in which the price of every piece, parcel and yard of merchandise in this store have been radically reduced in a determined effort to turn these goods immediately into cash.

The firm of O. J. SCHEI & CO., have decided to dissolve partnership. $25,000 must be raised in this settlement. This sale is for the purpose of raising that money quickly. We shall depend upon our low prices to accomplish this result. We will make them low enough to do it. This sale comes right at the time when you most need the goods. Wants and needs for spring and summer can now be filled at the

Lowest Prices

ever known in Thief River Falls on like merchandise. The store will be somewhat topsy-turvy for we expect big crowds. Therefore, we beg your indulgence and patience.

We Will Wait Upon You

As Soon As We Get To It

and will insure you complete satisfaction in every purchase.

The Golden Rule
DEPARTMENT STORE

Dissolution Trimmings, Embroideries, Lace Prices.

This entire lace stock will probably be closed out during this sale.

All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 50c per yard, dis. sale	39c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 25c per yard, dis. sale	19c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 15c per yard, dis. sale	12c
All trimmings and laces formerly sold at 10c per yard, dis. sale	8c

This Sale is for Cash Only

Dissolution Shoe Sale

Shoes for Men, Women and Children New Spring Styles in both Oxfords and high shoes, all leathers, black or tan. Crossette and Red Cross not included.

Men's or Ladies' shoes $4.00 values, dissolution sale	3.39
Men's and Ladies' shoes $2.50 values, dissolution sale	2.18
Men's and Ladies' shoes, $2.00 values, dissolution sale	1.59
Boys and Girls' shoes, $2.00 values, dissolution sale	1.59
Boys' and Girls' shoes, $1.50 values, dissolution sale	1.28
Boys' and Girls Shoes, $1.00 values, dissolution sale	86

For Cash and Cash Only

Savings in Separate Skirts

We dare say that every woman who inspects these skirt offerings will secure at least one skirt bargain—this is as long as the lots last.

All skirts, regular price $10 value at this sale	7.75
All skirts, regular price $5 value, at this sale	3.98
All skirts, regular price $4 value, at this sale	3.19

Waists, Wrappers, Petticoats, etc., at Dissolution Sale Prices.

For Cash and Cash Only.

Dissolution Dress Goods

This Dress Goods stock has been enjoying immense patronage during the last few weeks. Now we shall quickly reduce the stock by severely reducing the prices. Black and colored dress goods, suitings, etc.,—all the popular new weaves.

Rajah Panama for suits or skirts $1.00 values, dissolution sale	69c
Black or colored dress goods, $1.50 values, dissolution sale	$1.19
Black or colored dress goods, $1 values, dissolution sale price	79c
Black or colored dress goods, 50c and 65c values, dissolution sale	39c
Black or colored dress goods, 35c values, dissolution sale price	28c

All the Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Silks, etc., at dissolution Sale Prices.

This Sale is for Cash Only

Dissolution Sale on Men's Correct Clothing

It is not a matter of whether or not you need a suit or a overcoat now. If you ever expect to buy a new suit, come to this sale while prices are at the lowest ebb you ever saw on stylish guaranteed clothing.

Men's Suits, regular price $25.00, at this sale	19.75
Men's Suits and Overcoats $20 values, dissolution sale	15.75
Men's Suits and Overcoats $15 values, dissolution sale	11.75
Men's Suits and Overcoats regular $10, at this sale	7.75

Dissolution Muslin Underwear

If you don't need these beautiful Undermuslins now, you will soon. These reduced prices bid you no delay.

Muslin night Gowns, reg. $1.50 value, this sale	$1.19
Muslin night Gowns, regular $1 value, dissolution sale price	78c
Muslin night Gowns, regular 75c value, dissolution sale price	59c

Knit Underwear and Hosiery at Dissolution Sale Prices.

This Sale is for Cash Only

Imperfect Page

CLOSING OUT

Quitting Jewelry Business

Our Entire Stock, Tools, Signs and Fixtures

For Sale Without Reserve

Under the Auctioneer's Hammer.

$10,000 Worth of Goods

At a sacrifice or at your own price. The stock consists of Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Silverware, Cut Glass, Umbrellas, Canes, a general assortment of Clocks and Novelty Goods, in fact everything that is kept in a first-class Jewelry Store. Our stock at present is the largest snd best assorted in the City of Thief River Falls, and if there is anything you want, now is the time to buy. It will pay you to buy whatever you need, for now you can buy

At Your Own Price

Don't miss this opportunity, you may never have another.

Sale Will Commence

Monday, May 24th at 7:30 P. M.

and continues each day at 2:00 and 7:30 p. m.

until the entire stock is closed out. We have arranged with Mr. T. L. Mulinix, of Kansas City, an experienced jewelry auctioneer, to conduct the sale, and have instructed him particularly in two points;

1st—Misrepresent nothing sold even in the slightest degree;

2nd—Sell all goods no matter what the price.

Realizing that many of our goods are bought by the Ladies, we especially invite them to come out to these sales. The afternoons will be devoted to their interest. Tickets will be distributed at 2:00 and 7:30 sharp, for the drawing of several valuable presents to be given away at every afternoon and evening sale.

An opportunity of a lifetime to buy first-class goods at Auction.

Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.

LaBree Avenue.
Meehan Building.

Thief River Falls,
Minnesota.

Imperfect Page

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

It is rumored that W. E. Mc Kenzie is again to enter the newspaper field in Crookston and that he will start a new evening daily paper.

Minnesota's nine congressmen and two senators are making a gallant fight for an honest revision of the tariff. We wish there were more of their stamp in congress.

Senator Clapp informs the public that he is not going to run for re-election this year, but will wait until 1910. That is the proper thing to do and other candidates should do likewise.

Cass Lake tendered a banquet last Friday evening to Senator Dan Gum and Representative Pat McGary who made the fight for Cass Lake for a sixth state normal school. Gov. Johnson was not invited.

There is a rapidly growing sentiment all over the country in favor of beautifying school grounds. Where it has been done with any regard to taste and system the results have been most satisfactory. There is no merit, quite the reverse, in having dilapidated buildings, and grounds covered with tall grass and weeds. The effect of such a condition upon the children or district is anything but good. That being so it naturally follows but when this condition is changed so that the grounds and buildings are pleasing to the eye by reason of their neat and attractive appearance justifiable pride is aroused and with it leadership and ambition, a needed amount of labor and a small outlay of money are sufficient with good taste to turn almost any eye sore into that which is pleasing and beneficial.—Crookston Journal.

Strandquist.

Miss Hilma Augusta Wallin of this town, died last Friday at the home of her parents, E. O. Wallin. Deceased was up and around and apparently in the best of health on Sunday but she contracted a cold on that day which turned into pneumonia, from which she died. She was a bright, refined, and intelligent girl, and always made friends where ever she went, and we all mourn her untimely death, and extend our heartfelt sympathy to the sorrowing parents.

Many farmers were in town on Monday, due to the creamery pay day, and the merchants here enjoyed a good brisk trade.

Sheriff Forsberg was a visitor in town last Friday. He appears to be the same genial sheriff, altho he had hard luck playing whist.

Fred Anderson returned home after a winter's sojourn in Billings, Mont.

Mr. Braf and Miss Anderson paid a visit to Thief River Falls on Saturday, starting from here amid a shower of rice.

Bernt Wickstrom's automobile made its initial trip last week, and many of the townspeople enjoyed a ride.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Lincoln Creamery association will be held on Friday, May 21st, and a full attendance is requested, as some very important business is to be transacted.

Albert Lofstrom returned from Grand Forks, N. D., last Saturday. Having experienced quite a spell of sickness while there.

AT HICKS

—FOR—

Friday & Saturday

French gray enameled ware at half price.

ASSORTMENT NO. 1 AT 25c.
10 quart dish pans.
10 quart milk pans.
2 quart coffee pots.
11½ in. wash basins.

ASSORTMENT NO. 2 AT 15c.
2 quart sauce pans.
1 quart pudding pans.
1 quart scallop cake pans.
10½ in. wash basins.

ASSORTMENT NO. 3 AT 7c.
8 in. pie plates.
1 pint dippers.
Cake turners.
1 quart dairy pans.
1 pint cups.
Large basting spoons.

IN FAVOR OF DIVISION

Andrew Trovaten, Well Known Eleven Towns Farmer, Expresses His Views.

Says That Government in Small Counties Costs Less and Better Results Possible.

Editor Thief River Falls News:

I was very pleasantly surprised last week by being requested to sign the petition for Pennington county. This plan is what I have favored and suggested ever since I came to this county, and I am very glad that our city has got this plan started, for now they can win out, and get a much better county than we have at present.

There may be some people who apply the adage "The More the Better" to the territory comprising a county, but it is generally because they have not taken time to study the matter. It would ruin the taxpayers sooner to have the whole state in one county, under the present form of county government, than to have only one township to a county. This statement I give just to make plain that the real question in all county-division campaigns is "What Is the Proper Size for a County?" One thing is very plain, and that is that no money can be saved by having a larger county, in the salaried county offices where the office furnishes enough work to keep one man busy, as it is a waste to employ clerks, for their work must be supervised and looked after, as the officer is responsible for this work, and he therefore wastes part of his time in this way. An officer is also paid more in large counties than in the smaller ones, and the county pays his deputies and clerks.

There is a very great inconvenience for the public in having excessively large counties on account of so large a proportion of the people being far from the county seat, and for the same reason there is also a great waste of mileage, which of course has to come from the taxpayers in the county.

In reference to our present condition in this county, there is a reason why all people therein should favor division even though they think it is not large enough for two counties. Red Lake Falls has to fight to retain the county seat (we can not blame them for that, as it is less than fifteen years since they had to stand the expense of two campaigns, the last one of which carried Red Lake county) and being they are not centrally located, they dare not let the county seat question come to a vote, and must therefore be careful to try to keep three men on the county board, who are not over-scrupulous, even after taking their oath of office, and how are you going to get the best men on the majority side of our county board, when it is an absolute necessity for three commissioner districts to try their best to elect men with elastic consciences? It will be a hard proposition I tell you.

This will be entirely different in Pennington county, as there will be no rival towns, and there should be no local factions, as our county seat town will be equally interested in all parts of the county for they draw trade from all parts. The city has already proven that they intend a square deal by putting such excellent men on the first board of commissioners for the new county, and they will be well repaid therefore, both when it comes to the campaign, and in starting out the county.

Yours for success of the people,
Andrew Trovaten.

Coming!

The Calman Players in "Are You Crazy", one of the best shows of the season. Why? Because it makes you laugh. Opera House May 20.

Company of sixteen people, Band and Orchestra, presenting one of the funniest of funny plays, farce comedy, entitled, "Are You Crazy"

A smile, a laugh, a scream, a yell, nothing but fun, not a dull moment from start to finish. Good vaudeville Specialities. Music by our Supherb Orchestra. Two free street concerts by our band, noon and evening. This company comes highly recommended, having played C. P. Walker's Winnipeg and H. L. Walker entire circuits and now playing return dates. This company is playing its 56th week of succeful business and you dont want to miss this one.

Lutheran Church of the Synod.

Services next Sunday at 10.30, in Silverton services with the administration of the Lord's Supper at three o'clock p. m. All welcome. I. T. Aastad.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

Commencement Exercises.

The commencement exercises will be held in the armory on Friday evening, May 28, and the following program for the occasion has been prepared:

Music.......................Orchestra
Invocation
Salutary..........Miss Volga Evenson
Music.......................Orchestra
Commencement Address..................
Hon. J. Adam Bede
Music.......................Orchestra
Valadictory............Miss Avis Akre
Presentation of Class..................
Supt. J. H. Hay
Presentation of Diplomas...............
Lars Backe, President Board of Education.
Benediction

A regular meeting of the city council was held Tuesday evening, but about only business to be transacted was the purchase of about 500 feet of hose at 95 cents per foot for the Thief River Falls Fire Department. An auctioneer's license was also granted to Ole O. Brenna.

Subscribe for the News.

While it may be a fact not generally known, the badger, or groundhog, considers pocket gophers and ground squirrels a delicacy and for this reason, if no other, should be viewed as a friend rather than an enemy of the farmer and orchardist.

From remarks that one now and then hears he is led to believe that some folks have an idea that babies don't do any thinking and hence don't need any training before they are three or four years old. It's a pretty dull baby at two months old that doesn't know whether it is ruler of the roost.

A consignment of 5,000 cats of uncertain pedigree was recently shipped from Chicago to Japan to aid in the war which is being waged against the rat pest in that country. This suggests a line of export trade which might be developed to generous proportions in America without danger of being overrun with rats.

He would be considered a pretty loony individual who would allow pure bred stock to venture out on thin ice over a deep pool and make no effort to save them. Yet thousands of boys and girls in American homes are allowed to wander on thin ice over pools of moral corruption with never so much as a finger turned to rescue them from what often prove disaster and ruin.

Some idea of the importance which is being attached to stock raising interests by the directors of the Alaska-Yukon exposition, which opens at Seattle June 1 of the present year, is gained from the fact that $60,000 will be distributed in prizes to the exhibitors in this department. It is quite likely, in view of the liberal prizes offered, that live stock raisers all over the country will prick up their ears and be on hand with the best animals in their herds.

The world's production of coal for the year 1907 is placed at 1,000,000,000 tons, of which the United States mined 428,896,000, Germany 140,885,000, France 35,580,000, Belgium 23,324,000 and the United Kingdom 267,831,000 tons. To transport the total output would have required 25,000,000 cars of forty tons each. If each car occupied a track space of forty feet the total number would have made a train 192,000 miles long, or seven and one-half times the earth's circumference.

Only those who do better and accomplish more in their respective lines than the average of their fellows are entitled to credit as benefactors of the race, as it is only through their efforts that any advance is possible. Applied, this means that the fellow who is raising but twelve bushels of wheat, twenty-six bushels of corn and eighty bushels of potatoes to the acre is a sort of agricultural reproach to his age, a benighted dweller in a land of splendid opportunities, who has no valid reason for existing.

Subscribe for the News.

THE LYCEUM THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY WEDNESDAY —AND— SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY City Orchestra TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

A County Auditor Elected.

At a special meeting of the county commissioners held on Tuesday, Deputy Auditor A. Latendasse was appointed county auditor to succeed the late John B. O'Brien. The appointment seems to meet with much favor throughout the county as Mr. Latendasse is looked upon as a person who will give all a square deal.

Go Up to the Red Lake.

Major Shunk and Geo. M. Freeman, of the U. S. War Department, stationed at St Paul, arrived in Thief River Falls Tuesday and yesterday morning left for the Red Lake to inspect the Red Lake river from here to the outlet. The trip up river was made in Capt. John Durbin's gasoline launch and they expect to be absent until the latter part of the week.

Change of Time on the Soo.

A general change of time of trains on the Soo line goes into effect on the 6th of June. The time of the day passenger train between Thief River Falls and St. Paul is to be shortened two hours and the train will arrive in the city at 9:30 in the evening instead of at 11:30 as at present. The arriving and departing time of the Wheatline passenger will be 30 minutes earlier.

Special at the Bijou.

Three feature subjects direct from the factory:

1. "C. Q. D.", or "Saved by Wireless." Thrilling, exciting, taken at the scene of the wreck of the ill-fated ship, Republic.

2. "King Lear," A Shakespeare's tragedy, an elaborate production of unusual strength.

3. "Cohen at Coney Island," a side-splitting, rib-tickling comedy.

Illustrated songs: "Whisper My Name in Your Dreams" and "Won't You Come and Share My Bungalow?"

Digesto
MALT EXTRACT

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

For the Nursing Mother

The mother's health and strength are of vital importance during the nursing period. Digesto Malt Extract is a highly concentrated, predigested liquid food, which has not only the power to digest other foods, but also to create new rich blood, and fatty matter necessary to the formation of strength-giving milk.

Palatable and Efficient

At all Drug Stores

MADE ONLY BY
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL
BREWERS OF
Hamm's Famous Beer

The News: $1 per Year

Extraordinary

MAY SALE!

150 Boys' and Children's Suits to be sold at prices unheard of before.

A SURPRISE FOR EVERYBODY.

CLOTHING

100 Men's Suits to be sold at COST.

STOCK TOO LARGE, MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE!

Greatest bargains in Clothing ever offered in Thief River Falls. Do not miss this sale!

With each Men's Suit at $15 or over, we will give the choice of any $1.25 Dress Shirt in our store.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

$1000 in Ladies, Misses' and Children's shoes, to be closed out at Cost and Below Cost. Also some Men's Shoes in the same deal.

We have the best shoe lines in the City, but our stock is too large and Must be Reduced.

OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN.

Come and See for Yourself.

This Sale is for Month of May Only. ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 19, 1909. [illegible]

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 20-june 24.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 17, 1909. [illegible]

may 20-june 24. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn. [illegible]

may 20-june 24. R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.18
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.60
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Read the Golden Rule ad.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

Dr. Newall was up to Greenbush Monday.

Wanted—A second cook at the Hotel Evelyn.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Pat Mahon was over to Grand Forks last week.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

W. J. LaBree was up to Greenbush last Friday.

C. L. Hanson spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Rev. Callaway was down to Red Lake Falls Sunday.

Mayor Hamre was up to Middle River the first of the week.

Miss Agnes Bakke visited friends at Newfolden last week.

Stephen Singer, the Kratka merchant, was in the city Sunday.

Leon Bourque was here from Noyes to spend Sunday with friends.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Sheriff Nelson and family visited with friends at Roseau the first of the week.

F. C. Niclai was down on the Fosston branch selling his well known brand of cigars.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Halvorson left the first of the week for Minneapolis to spend several days.

John L. Radnicki, of Randy, was in the city the first of the week attending to business matters.

Mrs. O. F. Mellby was over to Warren last week to visit her parents, Judge and Mrs. Andrew Grindeland.

Tom Bolland left Monday for Nevis, Minn., where he expects to spend the summer working in a saw mill.

Mr. Albert Huseth went down to Crookston last Friday evening and remained until Monday visiting friends.

Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson was up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday attending to business matters in the city.

Mesdames J. M. Bishop and C. L. Smith were at Minneapolis last week attending the state convention of the Eastern Star.

Oscar Williams was up to Beaudette and other points on the north line this week selling the product of the Thief River Falls Bottling Works.

Dr. Booren left last Friday evening for Stillwater to spent several days visiting his parents, who leave about the first of June for Europe to spend the summer.

Ed. O'Hara returned to this city last Friday from Rochester, where he had been operated upon for stomach trouble. The operation was a success in every way and Mr. O'Hara is now enjoying the best of health.

County Surveyor Martz with three viewers, K. O. Gigstad, of St. Hilaire, Joe Blair, of Red Lake Falls, and Gilbert Haavi, of North, were out east of town the first of the week viewing the proposed new Clover Leaf and Smiley ditch.

Among the laws passed by the last legislature was one increasing the state aid to rural, semi-graded and graded schools. Increases were made as follows. Second-class rural schools were raised from $50 to $100; first-class rural schools from $125 to $150; semi-graded schools from $250 to $300; graded schools from $550 to $600.

Winona has been chosen as the field in which to test the constitutionality of the Minnesota peddlers' license law, owing to the fact that the measure, which was passed by the last session of the legislature and became effective on April 19, last, deals a body blow to the patent medicine business, one of the leading industries of Winona. Retail merchants, it is generally understood, are back of the law.

LOSING FLESH

in summer can be prevented by taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It's as beneficial in summer as in winter. If you are weak and run down it will give you strength and build you up.

Take it in a little cold milk or water

Get a small bottle now. All Druggists

Ole Torrison spent Sunday at Fisher.

K. R. Killand was up from St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Alfred Rasmusson was up to Middle River, Tuesday.

Mayor Hamre was down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

For Sale or Trade.—Fine Hamiltonian stallion. Tessum Bros'. feed store.

For water telephone No. 71, or leave orders at Pete Ellingson's restaurant.

Fred's Guarantee Cigars are pure and free from all artificial flavor. Try them.

Attorney Stanton returned Tuesday morning from his trip to the twin cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilhelm Michelet were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Six room house and a barn for rent west of Great Northern turn table. Inquire of Oscar Tessum. 20-21

Mrs. B. M. Wilson and daughter left last Friday evening for Menominee, Wis., to spend the summer.

H. B. Blackey, one of the former settlers of the eleven towns, was in the city last week visiting old friends.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms lower than ever.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

Dr. and Mrs. M. Bockman were call to Minneapolis Sunday evening by the serious illness of Mrs. Bockman's mother.

Miss Jane Johnston, who has been in the city visiting Mrs. C. C. Jackson, returns to her home in Minneapolis today.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod will serve a supper in the basement of the church on Friday evening, June 4th, commencing at 6 o'clock p. m.

Every smoker should be patriotic to his home town and call for Fred's Guarantee Cigars. They are made here in Thief River Falls.

Conrad Olson, the veteran mail carrier of this city, left last Saturday with his family for the Canadian Northwest where he has taken a homestead.

W. B. Fuller was down to St. Paul the first of the week, being a representative of the local Masonic lodge, to attend the funeral of the late John B. O'Brien.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

Services at the German Lutheran church tonight (Ascension Day) at 7.45 P. M. Services at Germantown next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. F. J. Solz Pastor.

Ed Wilcox arrived in the city Tuesday from a trip through North Dakotah and left again yesterday on a trip on the St. Vincent branch to look after some farm loans.

Thomas Germo, of Red Lake Falls, leaves this week for Oklahoma, where he expects to look over the country with a view of locating and make his future home.

A. H. Rinkher, the head miller for the Hanson and Barzen Milling company, left Monday evening on a trip to Minneapolis where he will spend a week visiting with friends.

The Sons of Norway celebrated the 17th of May Monday evening at their lodge rooms in the Masonic block. There was a large attendance and all had a most enjoyable time.

The Ladies Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a "Food Sale" in the Dobner-Meehan block Saturday, May 22nd. A 10 cent lunch will also be served during the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod church meets in the basement of the church Thursday afternoon, May 27, at three o'clock. The society is entertained by Mrs. P. J. Nerdahl. A cordial invitation.

Perley, the two and a half year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nels Severson, of the East Side, died last Friday morning after an illness of about one week. The funeral Services were held on Sunday.

For Sale—Heavy work team, 1 driving mare and 1 Percheon stallion. Anybody requiring such horses would do well by looking them over before buying elsewhere. They are of the best type the market can produce. For further information inquire of P. H. Devany or at Stebbins' Drug store. 19-tf.

Notice the handsome parlor clock we have in the window, to be given away free. How? The clock will be wound and started running on June 10th and will be let run until it stops of its own accord. The party guessing the correct or nearest to the correct time it stops will be presented with the clock free of any charge. With each one dollar purchase in the store you are allowed one guess. All guesses must be in before June 10th. City Drug Jewelry Store.

Fr. Adolph was up to Orleans last week.

Dr. Teal was over to Euclid the first of the week.

Daveny's confectionery store, 207 Main avenue.

Will Vaughan was down from Germantown last week.

H. T. McAnulty was up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Dr. P. S. Vistaunet was down from Badger to spend Sunday.

Have you seen the rugs at Hicks'? Only a few more days left. Sale closes May 22.

A. H. Fasel left yesterday for Greenbush and Roseau where he has some contract work.

Velvet ice cream beats 'em all. Try it. At Daveny's ice cream parlor on Main avenue.

For ice cream and refreshments go to Daveny's confectionery store, 207 Main avenue.

Mrs. Conrad Olson, of Grand Forks, arrived in the city Monday and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. W. Lang.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stewart and son, John, came up from Crookston yesterday and are guests at the Kretzschmar home.

George Curran left Tuesday evening for Hot Spring where he expects to spend a month taking treatment for rheumatism.

F. F. Satre was down to Crookston the first of the week and proved up on his homestead up in the Lake of the Woods country.

Malcolm Eberhardt, who had spent the winter in California and Colorado for the benefit of his health, returned to this city Monday.

The sermon to the graduating class of Thief River Falls, high school will be preached in the M. E. Church on Sunday next at 8.00 P. M.

Daveny's new ice cream parlor, just opened on Main Ave., west. Would be pleased to have you give us a call. For VELVET ice cream beats them all.

Attorney Charles E. Boughton was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday attending to business matters and looking over the new court house for Pennington county.

Dr. H. B. Nowell, who has just finished a two years course at the Chicago veterinary school, is a good reliable man to employ if you have a sick horse. He understands the business thoroughly.

Dr. Booren returned to this city yesterday from his trip to Stillwater where he went to pay his father a visit before his departure for an extended stay in Europe. His wife will not return until about the 15th of June.

Mannager J. J. Bird, of the local ball team, was down to Mahnomen Tuesday and engaged Bonnie Holstein as catcher for the local team. He expects also to secure Charley Roy for pitcher and Bob Hallet for shortstop.

A. O. Ellison, of Montevedio, state agent for the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company, was in the city the first of the week the guest of E. S. Wilcox, who is introducing him to residents of this section of the state.

School Notes.

The commencement exercises will be held at the roller skating rink on Friday evening, May 22th. Hon. J. Adam Bede will deliver the address, and it is hoped that by securing this building for the purpose all interested citizens may be enabled to hear this famous speaker. The only seats reserved will be for the relatives of the graduates and for school faculty. No admission is charged and everybody is welcome.

Final tests in all the grades except the primary will mark the closing days of school. Great care will be exercised with regard to promotions. In order to maintain a strong standard of work none will be promoted who fail to attain the necessary passing mark. This mark is 75, and the daily recitations of the child count for three quarters of this and the monthly test for remaining quarter. Stress is thus laid on the daily work and regular attendance at school. Pupils who attend irreguarly, or who leave school early in the spring, cannot hope to be promoted, unless by reason of age and superior mentality they become exceptions to this rule.

The new grade teachers for next year are Katherine Kohler, Twin Valley, 8th grade; Anna Connelly, Thief River Falls, 7th; Edna Larson, Winona, 4th; Julia A. Wahl, Lanesboro, 5th; Helen Haslip, Jackson, 3rd; Julia Lomen, Moorhead, 2nd. The High School teachers will be announced next week.

Class night exercises take place at Evenson Hall on Thursday evening, May 27th.

The baccalaureate sermon will be delivered by Rev. John B. Smith at the Methodist church on Sunday evening, May 23rd.

Of the teachers who are leaving Thief River Falls, Miss Hoff goes to Adams, N. D. next year; Miss Grindeland to the western coast, Miss Willhelm to Cloquet, Miss Freidheim to Aurora on the iron range, Miss Meehan to Grand Forks, and Miss Espeseth will visit in Europe for the year.

A meeting of the school faculty was held at the High School building Monday afternoon to plan for the closing of the work of the year.

Subscribe for the News.

Everybody Smile

What's the use of looking blue? What's the use of nursing your sorrows? It doesn't do any good. Open up your heart, come put your best foot forward and try a friendly glass of

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you."

Every glass is a glass of joy. It bubbles over with health and strength. Happy are those who drink it. Peerless is a rich amber brew that won the gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition, 1904. Sold everywhere. Ask for it by name. Have a case sent to your home. Mail orders solicited. Telephone, write or call.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wisconsin

Adverised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending May 15, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Jensen Berent,
Murray Bert,
Myro Peter,
Nelson Miss Ella,
Newell Thomy,
Olson Mr. & Mrs. Erick,
Vikrus Ole J.
Yohausan Petrus,
Olson Mrs. Hugo,
Anderson Miss Annie,
Allen Mrs. H. E.
Ellingson Ole,
Glendening W. H.

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

To Close Out.

A [illegible] by a page advertisement [illegible] the Klimek Jewelry & Optical C[illegible] is going to close out its large stock [illegible] jewelry, and in order to do so in the sho[illegible]st possible time will offer all goods a[illegible] auction and the purchaser can name his own price. Dr. Klimek does not intend to leave Thief River Falls, but will devote his time in the future to his profession.

To Build Big Ditches.

Warren, Minn., May 17. Judge Grindeland has issued orders for the construction of ditches Nos. 84 and 85, in Kittson county; ditch No. 86 in Roseau county, and ditch No. 83, in Marshall county, calling for a total expenditure of $125,000 half of which will be paid by the state. The ditch in Marshall county is the one to be constructed for the purpose of straightening Thief river.

Chicago to Winnipeg.

Rumors continue to multiply that a direct line between Chicago and Winnipeg will be in operation over the rails of the Canadian Pacific railway by the fall of 1910. This will be accomplished by the building of a branch of the Soo line from Thief River Falls to Duluth, meeting the plans of the Great Northern railway in its projected line from Winnipeg to the international boundary.

The Soo will, in addition, it is said, soon begin work on two other branch lines. These are made possible by the purchase of the Wisconsin Central by the Canadian Pacifil. One of these branches will be a cut-off, intended to shorten the distance between Minneapolis and Chicago, thereby placing the company in a position to bid for both freight and passenger traffic between Chicago and the Twin Cities.—Minneapolis Tribune.

You Will SAVE MONEY By Trading With

GILBERT SANDUM

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

North Main Avenue In Evenson Building

I am under small expense and therefore can sell merchandise at a closer margin then my competitors. I will quote you a few items in the grocery line and you can judge for yourself.

This low price is for cash only.

Will sell 100 lbs flour for	$3	Small size Whitefish, per pound	5c
18 lbs granulated sugar for	$1	Potato Starch, per package	6c
D Hiawatha coffee, per package	22c	Extra choice dry peaches	10c
E Hiawatha coffee, per package	22c	Fancy Evaporated Apples	10c
7 bars laundry soap	25c	3 cans Weiner Salmon	25c
3 cans Weiner salmon	25c	2 cans Wampum Tomatoes	25c
16 ounzes Calumet Baking Powder	19c	Yeast Foam, per cake	4c
Good Prunes, per pound	5c	Hiawatha Cornstarch, per package	6c

These are just a few items specified, but we will give you a special reduction in every line. You are all cordially invited to call and convince yourselves.

Butter, Eggs and Farm Produce taken in at highest prices.

All Dry Goods and Shoes 20 per cent off.

Remember the place, North Main Avenue, Phone 236.

YOURS FOR SQUARE DEALING,

GILBERT SANDUM

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from [illegible]

SUGAR BEET INDUSTRY

It Is Forging Ahead at Rapid Rate in Sweden—90,000 Acres Planted Last Year and 35,000 People Employed in the Cultivation of the Crop—Admission [illegible] Whole Lot.

SWEDEN.

There is an industry in Sweden which is forging ahead at a rapid rate, and that is the sugar beet industry. Last year over 90,000 acres were planted to sugar beets, and the crop amounted to over [illegible] out 35,[illegible] people were [illegible] cultivation of the [illegible] $2,[illegible]000 was paid out in wages. The facts were brought out in the riksdag when the Socialists introduced a bill to lower the tariff on sugar and raise the tax on its manufacture. The bill received slight consideration.

Here is an admission from one of the leading Swedish socialistic organs, which explains a whole lot: "The old co[illegible] do not attract the new guests. We are particularly in need of something to offer small freeholders and farmers. We are still waiting for an agricultural program. Without something in this line it may be difficult, not to say impossible, for the social democrats to gain a standing among the agricultural population."

C. J. Johansson, a well known Stockholm missionary, celebrated his seventieth birthday the other day. During the three years that he has been conducting missionary work in the city he has been instrumental in procuring means for 100,000 persons in the city institutions of charity. He has visited 60,000 families distributing clothes and food, and has in the same time collected and given away 30,000 crowns to the poor and also distributed 2,000 Bibles.

A banquet was tendered Director Arvid Akerland, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who is at present on a visit to Stockholm, at Hotel Kronprinsen on the evening of April 21. Consul [illegible] was toastmaster and in his speech of welcome to the guest of honor he expressed the hope that Director Akerlund would soon visit Sweden with a Swedish-American male chorus and promised him that when they came to Sweden they would be given a royal reception.

A m[illegible] ... little sum of 80,000 crowns. This is certainly an instance where it pays to keep a monkey on exhibition. It must be the real thing, too, which is true in this case.

This month the famous American tenor, Ellison Van Hoose, will appear at the Royal Opera. He will sing in Pagliacci, [illegible] "Faust," "Traviata" and "Aida." He comes highly recommended and the Stockholm [illegible] public is greatly interested in comparing him with [illegible].

Women bakers to the number of [illegible]0 went on strike in Stockholm May [illegible]. What they want is an increase in wages and shorter hours. If the employers do not give them what they want it is understood that a general bakers' strike will be on in Stockholm June 1.

"Figaro," the popular fun paper of Stockholm, has passed into the hands of Berg[illegible] Israelsson. The paper will continue the program as formerly and will practically remain under the same management, only that it will be considerably expanded in size and contents.

The riksdag will after all make an appropriation for the Emanuel Swedenborg sarcophagi to be placed in the Upsala cathedral. Prior to allowing this appropriation the matter occasioned a very spirited debate at several sessions [illegible].

The Swedish edition of Dr. Hedin's new book regarding his recent travels and explorations in Asia will be published in two volumes by the Albert Bonnier Publishing company, of Stockholm. The price will be 22 crowns per volume.

The Strängnäs cathedral will undergo a thorough restoration and the riksdag has for this purpose voted an appropriation of 70,000 crowns. The intention is to continue the restoration [illegible] the [illegible] year.

One of the big walrusses in Skansen [illegible] in his cheeks the other day. He died from catarrh of the stomach in spite of the fact that he received the very best of medical care.

The oldest [illegible] who has [illegible] under Karl XV and Oscar II, Lars Larsson, died on April 13, aged seventy six years. He leaves a wife and two daughters.

Judging from all present indications Stockholm will [illegible] games in 1912 [illegible] or in Berlin.

There are over [illegible] for the [illegible].

Swedish Tourist society, which became vacant a short time ago.

There is a new Odd Fellows lodge which was organized in Stockholm [illegible] will be [illegible] Wilde[illegible].

NORWAY.

[illegible] in Christiania [illegible] that this season the auto [illegible] has taken a hold in the city [illegible]. Five hundred new [illegible] from Paris and by the end of the season there will be [illegible] autos coming [illegible] machines in the [illegible] by Mats Wiel [illegible] purchase [illegible] horsepower [illegible] crowns. Autos have also been introduced in [illegible] but they are [illegible] with [illegible] in many places [illegible] streets.

From Bergen comes the interesting report that Ex-Premier Michelsen will be a candidate for the storthing and thus re-enter public life again, from which he retired in the midst of such great festivities about two years ago. With Michelsen entering the political arena again one can expect some interesting [illegible] tion to again serve in the storthing [illegible] way.

The following statement from Professor Alexander will surprise a great many people, but it is nevertheless true: "The annual income [illegible] growing in Norway is not less than 10,000,000 crowns, and is rapidly growing." He stated further [illegible] Italy in the production of fruit, and advised that more attention be paid to this industry than has been the case in the past.

A Norwegian paper states that many farms have been offered for sale to the Anti-Emigration society, but most of them are so large and expensive that they cannot be bought by poor people. The society finds that Norwegian-Americans who intend to buy farms in Norway want properties of such small size that they can manage them without hired help.

If the plans of a Norwegian telegraph [illegible] wireless telegraphic communication between Norway and Spitzbergen. This would enable the newspapers to publish some pretty fresh news from that interesting part of the globe where so many north pole expeditions start from.

A young Swedish socialist, Hjalmar Nilsson, was arrested April 20 in Christiania because of his sensational appearance on the street corners and stirring up the people by his frantic harangues. [illegible] would report at police headquarters two times a day.

Mr. Fran[illegible] Floyd has donated [illegible]000 crowns for a home for consumptives in [illegible] and has promised to give more in the near future. This institution has been remembered very liberally during the past few months and [illegible] tion.

From Stavanger and vicinity comes the report that the spring this year is unusually late and spring work among the peasants has been receiving a setback. The weather has been raw and snow and rain have been the order for a number of weeks.

Norway's first submarine boat, the [illegible] course of construction at Kiel, Germany [illegible] trial trip will be made in the near future.

The brewery in Drammen known as "Walstad Bryggeri" was totally destroyed by fire the other day. More than 25,000 crowns' worth of malt [illegible] the flames.

DENMARK.

The formal opening of the Aarhus exposition will take place May 18, on which occasion King Frederick [illegible] deliver the introductory address. Many notable members of the diplomatic [illegible] leaders in all walks of life from all parts of the country will be present. The exposition will be an elaborate one and people from all parts of Europe and America will attend it.

Danish actors and actresses are receiving handsome pay for their services [illegible]. But it is not so very long ago that things were very much different in this respect. "Now, however, their salaries are large enough for them to have not only enough to [illegible] to be real saving they could even lay [illegible]."

The most enthusiastic autoist in the Danish royal family [illegible] than, who has just received a twenty-two horsepower automobile as a gift from his father-in-law, the [illegible] knows how to run his own machine, too, and that is something which all princes would not be able to do.

Denmark's first woman lawyer will be Dr. Henny Petersen, who has completed a full course in law, earning the [illegible] versity. She has also been admitted to practice law and it is her intention [illegible] in the near future.

The seventh annual general meeting of the National [illegible] held at Aarhus [illegible] very large [illegible] expected.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

ADLER IS DECLARED GUILTY

Verdict in Case Against New Orleans Banker.

New Orleans, May 17.—The jury in the case of William Adler, president of the defunct State National bank, who was charged in the United States court [illegible] brought in a verdict of guilty. Sentence was deferred. The indictments against Adler embraced twenty-four counts and charged him with misapplying, embezzling and abstracting the funds of the bank. He was found guilty on the counts which charged misapplication. His attorneys will [illegible].

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES.

[illegible] $1.08⅝. On track—No. 1 hard, [illegible]; No. 1 Northern, $1.2[illegible]; No. 2 Northern, $1.27[illegible]; No. 3 Northern, $1.25[illegible].

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 17.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $[illegible]@6.50; fair to good [illegible]; good to choice cows [illegible]; veals, $5.00@5[illegible]. Sheep—Wethers [illegible] $5.50@6.00; yearlings, $6.25@6[illegible]; lambs, $7.50@8.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 17.—Wheat—To arrive [illegible]; 1 Northern, $1.28¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.26¾; May, $1.26½; July, $1.26[illegible]; Sept., $1.09. Flax—To arrive and [illegible] 70%; Sept., $1.50; Oct., $1.44.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 17.—Wheat—May, $1.28¾; July, $1.14¼; Sept., $1.06¼@1.06⅝; Dec., $1.04⅛. Corn—May, 72¾c; July, 68¾c; Sept., 66¾@66⅞c; Dec., 57⅞c. Oats—May, 58¾c; July, 50⅞c; Sept., 43⅞@43¾c; Dec., 43⅞c. Pork—May, $18.47½; July, $18.52½; Sept., $18.55. Butter—Creameries, 20½@24c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs—19½@21c. Poultry—Turkeys, [illegible]; chickens and springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 17.—Cattle—Beeves, $5.10@7.25; Texas steers, $4.60@6.10; Western steers, $4.75@6.00; stockers and feeders, $3.60@5.65; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.25; calves, $[illegible]@7.50. Hogs—Light, [illegible]; mixed, $7.00@7.45; heavy, $7.05@7.50; rough, $7.05@7.25; good to choice heavy, $7.15@7.50; pigs, $5.80@6.[illegible]. Sheep—Native, $4.00@6.50; yearlings, $6.25@7.40; lambs, $6.00@8.60.

A Hypocrite.

[illegible] what is a hypocrite? Pa—A hypocrite, my son, is a man who publicly thanks the Lord for his success and then gets mad every time anybody insinuates that he [illegible] responsible for it himself.—Chicago News.

CRIMINAL NEWS

[illegible] a statement issued [illegible] being sentenced for the kidnapping of Willie Whitla James H. Boyle accused Harry Forker, brother-in-law of James P. Whitla, father of Willie Whitla, of having framed the entire plot of kidnapping and he told of a sensational murder which occurred in Youngstown [illegible] and the convicted kidnapper alleged in the statement that he has for years been blackmailing Forker as a result. The authorities discredit the story.

[illegible] passenger train No. 3 between Colfax and Mead, Wash., twelve persons were injured when the engine and [illegible] track by the bandits after they had rifled the mails, collided with the remaining [illegible]. It is reported that the bandits obtained a large sum of money from the registered mail, the amount being placed at $20,000.

Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr., U. S. [illegible] from one to twenty years. Despite testimony submitted by the defense as tending to show insanity, he was convicted at Flushing, N. Y., of manslaughter in the first degree for killing William E. Annis at the Bayside Yacht club last August.

[illegible], a well known St. Paul butcher, was brutally murdered at his residence in that city. He was [illegible] the wealthiest butchers in the Twin Cities. Although the police claim to have solved the mystery connected with the murder no arrests have been [illegible].

Frank P. Wagner, who recently testified [illegible] investigating committee at Madison [illegible] been arrested on a warrant charging [illegible].

[illegible] and R. N. Young, two young men of prominent families of Lee county, [illegible] and killed each other while trying to kill another man at a school entertainment at Dry [illegible].

William L. Lansing, a blacksmith, [illegible] his wife and [illegible] to the Bena reservation. A sheriff's posse followed and Lansing [illegible] while resisting arrest.

Henry Williamson, a well to do farmer living near Boylesville, Ill., [illegible] two little children [illegible] suicide.

[illegible] seventy years old [illegible] and killed his [illegible], and then killed himself.

STATE NEWS BITS

Minor Happenings of the Week Throughout Minnesota.

An immense development involving millions of dollars is proceeding on the Mesaba range, according to S. G. Iverson, state auditor, who has returned to St. Paul from a trip over the range with G. T. Simpson, surveyor general. They visited practically all the state properties and report that there is approximately 1,000,000,000 tons of ore on state land which has already been leased and which will bring the state $250,000,000. Much of this is being developed now.

Plans for the [illegible] Oak Park, for which the state has provided $2,250,000, will soon be completed and they will not include the residence for the warden, the residence for the deputy warden or the greenhouse, which [illegible] criticism during closing days of the legislature. By agreement with the special house committee named to investigate the board of control and [illegible].

[illegible] the reports of fire insurance companies on their Minnesota business for 1908. It shows that in 200 cities and villages having fire departments the companies received $[illegible] in premiums, of which [illegible] department relief associations. The losses paid in these cities and villages came to $4,407,462.32.

St. Paul may get another railroad which will offer another direct route [illegible] bash is credited with [illegible] quire the St. Paul and Des Moines, building from the northern terminus of the latter at Mason City, Ia., an extension into St. Paul which would involve the construction of about [illegible] miles of [illegible].

The thirty-[illegible] tion of the Minnesota grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, was held in St. Paul last week. The following officers were elected: Frank S. Ellsworth, St. James, grand chancellor; [illegible] chancellor; [illegible] Minneapolis, grand keeper of records and seal.

Slot machines to sell insurance policies are not permitted under the Minnesota statutes, according to a ruling of Insurance Commissioner Hartigan. The ruling was made in answer to a letter from the Consolidated Casualty Company of Chicago, which wanted to put slot machines in the depots to sell accident policies good for one trip.

Minnesota Territorial Pioneers, in session at St. Paul, elected the following officers: [illegible] neapolis, president; [illegible] second vice president; George [illegible] Nash, treasurer, and C. H. Hazzard, secretary.

Frank Whitney, of Marshall, a son of Captain C. C. Whitney, former state printer and publisher of the Marshall News-Messenger, has been appointed to succeed [illegible] W. Wall of Lanesboro as secretary of the state dairy and food commission.

Something like $[illegible] will be distributed among the cities of the state [illegible] their [illegible] the year 1908.

C. A. Willard [illegible] in the Philippine Islands, whose name President Taft has sent to the senate as successor to Judge Milton D. Purdy of the federal district [illegible] Minnesota, is expected to take charge about Aug. 1.

DEATHS OF THE WEEK

[illegible] Iceland in 1830 [illegible].

Alfred [illegible], manager of the Hotel Ryan, St. Paul, is dead from complications resulting from a ten years' illness with diabetes. He was sixty-two years of age.

Martin Judge, [illegible] said to be the youngest veteran of the Civil war who [illegible].

[illegible] Ryan, who was born in St. Paul half a century ago, is dead [illegible].

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

[illegible] Jasper L. Kelly [illegible] Canadian Northern railway, charged with shooting [illegible] mation and was held to the grand jury under $1,000 bail.

Peter [illegible] double murder [illegible] burning of the house to cover his crime, was given a preliminary hearing at Detroit and held without bail to await the action of the grand jury.

Indian Accidentally Killed at Granite Falls.

Sioux Indian [illegible] Thomas Quinn, whose home was at Sisseton, S. D., was shot and killed at Granite Falls by William O'Connor of Sacred Heart. O'Connor [illegible] ing in the Minnesota river. Quinn was [illegible] was sitting on the bank opposite from O'Connor fishing when O'Connor took out a revolver and commenced firing into the river, notwithstanding the fact that the river bank on both sides was lined with people fishing, and a bullet from his revolver passed through Quinn's heart, killing him instantly. The body was sent back to Sisseton for burial.

ORE NEEDS NO PROTECTION

Senator Nelson Opposes Duty on Output of Mines.

Declaring that the iron and steel industry of Minnesota needs no protection, and that the supply of ore [illegible] that item of the tariff bill which proposes a duty of 25 cents per ton on iron ore, and which passed the senate [illegible].

The greatest body of iron ore [illegible]. "One-half of the ore produced in the United States in 1908 came from the Superior region. This ore needs no protection. It is practically owned by the steel trust, and it is mined by the organization [illegible]."

JOHNSON AT WASHINGTON.

[illegible] Governor John A. Johnson called [illegible] friends from Minnesota. Governor Johnson [illegible].

"I have not read the papers closely for the past two weeks," he replied, "and don't exactly know the situation."

When told that the situation was [illegible] "Then I don't think [illegible] tariff bill."

STOPS RED KEROSENE SALE

Attorney General Rules Red Oil Cannot Be Lawfully Sold.

There will be no more red kerosene sold in the state after this, according to a ruling made by the attorney general in reply to a query from E. J. Lynch, state oil inspector. [illegible] ing a paragraph which says: "The sale of adulterated illuminating oils or gasoline is hereby prohibited and [illegible] inspector without further test."

MILL CITY BROKER QUITS

George H. Daggett, grain broker of Minneapolis, [illegible] of that city. The reasons [illegible] are variously [illegible] poor health, lack of business and office expenses. [illegible] in full. Mr. Daggett has had offices in the Chamber of Commerce for [illegible].

GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

Minneapolis Bank Teller Will Be Sent to State's Prison.

Ellis W. Slick, former receiving teller of the First National bank [illegible] an indictment charging [illegible].

Wrapped in some old papers [illegible] found [illegible] in an alley at Minneapolis [illegible] had been dead for about two [illegible] that it had been choked to death by means of the string which was deeply imbedded in its flesh. [illegible] and when the mother returned she [illegible].

DAUGHTER IS HELD

St. Paul Girl Accused of Murdering Her Father.

POLICE SAY SHE IS INSANE

Had Been Considered Mentally Weak for Some Time.

Louise Arbogast, tearless but pitifully professing her innocence, is in the hospital ward of the county jail at St. Paul, held for further hearing in police court, charged with the murder of her father, Louis Arbogast, [illegible] with an axe as he lay in bed at his home in that city on the morning of May 13. The girl, who is twenty-three [illegible] police court dramatically declared her innocence, and said, when told she need not plead to the charge until she had consulted an attorney, that "God [illegible]." A plea of not guilty was entered as a matter of form and the hearing was continued.

The police assert the girl is insane. She has been suffering from nervousness and mental hallucinations for some time and had returned from a sanitorium but a few days prior to her father's death. Insanity undoubtedly will be her defense.

The arrest of Louise Arbogast [illegible] the result of constant and searching police inquiry, which included the third degree for Mrs. Arbogast, who had been defending her daughter by [illegible] silence. Their statements as to the main facts of the murder were [illegible] was at first the police theory that both the wife and daughter had a hand in the murder. [illegible] the inquiry [illegible] that there had been a [illegible] her father's store manager, called, [illegible] and again when a neighbor came in. [illegible] "Father is dead and there is something wrong with the gas."

SHOT DOWN BY HOLDUP MAN

Minneapolis Fireman Killed in Trying to Intercept Fugitive.

While trying to intercept a holdup man [illegible] detectives at Minneapolis [illegible] Namara, lieutenant of truck No. [illegible] Engine Company No. 1, was shot and fatally injured. He died an hour later at the city hospital. [illegible] through streets and alleys [illegible] now locked up at central police station [illegible]. He gave the name of Frank Erickson [illegible].

HOTEL DESTROYED BY FIRE

Blaze at Breckenridge Causes Loss of $60,000.

One of the fiercest fires Breckenridge has ever witnessed started in the basement of the [illegible] strong wind from the south [illegible] the flames. Streams of water were then turned on the surrounding [illegible] other buildings in the block. The loss is estimated at $60,000.

HAMLINE BANKER IS GUILTY

[illegible] the defunct Bank of Hamline, [illegible] was taken to the county jail [illegible] decision on a motion for a new trial.

NO OPPOSITION TO WILLARD

[illegible] nominated by President Taft to the federal judgeship in Minnesota. The sub-[illegible]

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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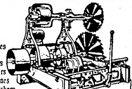

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THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER

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TRICKS IN SMUGGLING

The Way Uncle Sam Is Swindled Through the Mails.

WATCHES IN WEDDING CAKE.

A Scheme That Was Disclosed by a Gleeful Girl Who Could Not Hold Her Tongue—Gloves That Came One at a Time and Corsets In Sections.

Too few people think it a crime to swindle the customs. For that reason many bright and brainy persons think hard how to get goods from abroad without paying toll to Uncle Sam. As most of the successful operators in this line are women, who have more time to think about such things than men, it can be imagined that the customs officers have to be eternally alert to protect the government.

The avenues through the steamship passenger route are pretty carefully guarded, and as comparatively few people go abroad the great mass of dwellers in this protected land are debarred from sharing in the humorous little game of hide the diamond or smuggle the silk. But there is another avenue that is being used enthusiastically by the anti-duty aggregation. It is the United States mail.

With the immense volume of foreign mail delivered to this country it is manifestly impossible to open and examine every package that seems to contain newspapers or merely a bulky letter to see whether or not some dutiable article is concealed therein. So far as it is possible, however, it is done, and the addressee has to go to the postoffice and pay duty on the amount at which the dutiable article is appraised.

The custom house experts at the postoffice have their hands full checkmating the clever moves of those who are constantly devising new ways to disguise dutiable things as innocent looking parcels.

"We used to pass cakes through without question," said one of the examiners. "It seemed too bad to lay hands on a Christmas pudding sent by relatives in England to some exile in this country. It also disturbed the sentimental side of a customs officer to demolish a section of wedding cake that had been sent from the old home in Germany to Fritz in America. So we let these sacred things pass through. But one day we had an awakening. One of the customs men heard that a neighbor had obtained a new watch from abroad. It had come through duty free, and the gleeful girl who was wearing it could not keep quiet about the clever way the postoffice had been deluded. It seems the watch had been baked right into the cake and had come through without discovery. Now, this forced us to take some step to prevent a repetition of such smartness, and ever after that we held on to all cakes or puddings that came in packages through the mail. A letter is sent to the person to whom the package is addressed, and this person (it is almost always a woman) has to come to the postoffice and cut the cake or slice the pudding right in front of the customs officer. Do we catch a Tartar occasionally? Well, you may take it for granted that any one who would try this trick is a Tartar, to begin with, and so we don't get off without a scene when the cutting time comes.

"A trick that fooled us for a time was the sending through the mail of one glove a trifle creased to give the idea that it was merely a worn glove that had been left in Europe by a tourist. With the glove would come a letter to that effect, 'You went away without one of your gloves,' etc. Of course we passed it through unsuspectingly. But we got so many of these that it began to look suspicious. So we held on to one of them, and by the next mail there came another glove from the same address to the same person. The glove was the fellow to the other. Then we got another left hand glove and later the right hand glove to match it. The trick was simple and admirable in its simplicity. Gloves were being sent through in quantities, one at a time.

"But the queerest trick we exposed the other day. A woman was accumulating a large stock of fancy corsets without troubling about the duty that should have been paid on them. The trick was to send half a corset through the mail. We knew of no rule about paying duty on half a corset. It appeared to us to be a mere remnant of the up to date woman's attire and not important enough to consider as dutiable.

"So we passed the half corset along and thought no more of it. But half corsets began to drop in with all too great frequency. It looked as though corset remnants had suddenly attained considerable importance in some one's estimation. So one of the men put it up to his wife, and she took something less than a fraction of a second to puncture the scheme. The half corset was useless in itself, but when the other half arrived there was a French corset ready for wearing.

"We find fine silks done up in packages of herbs, watches, diamond rings and bracelets concealed in the leaves of books in holes cut for the purpose and separate diamonds hidden away in bottles of transparent liquid where the gem is scarcely visible. No doubt many dutiable articles escape us, but we are getting wiser every day to the tricks of the mail smugglers."—New York Tribune.

Keep your face always to the sunshine and the shadows will fall behind you.

GOT THE WHOLE VOTE.

A Pledge That Was Freely Given and That Was Easily Kept.

It is related of a certain candidate for office in a certain Kansas campaign that he billed himself for a speech in a southern Kansas town on a certain October day and wrote ahead to a number of friends there to give him "tips."

One of them told him to see a certain colored man upon his arrival in the town. "If you can get the vote of this negro," wrote the friend, "you can get the vote of the whole negro population in this town. Don't fail to see him and get him to your way of thinking."

About the first thing the candidate did after registering at the hotel was to look up this negro. It was only a little while after the introduction that he was calling the negro by his given name, filling his pockets with cigars, passing him compliments and generally "giving him the taffy." The negro took it all and enjoyed the occasion immensely. The candidate spent several hours in the negro's company and after he thought the proper degree of warmth had been obtained broached the real object of his friendship:

"Say, John, I want the negro vote of this town."

"All right," replied John. "I'll vote fo' you, sah. I'll vote fo' you. I'm fo' you, sah."

"That's all right," said the candidate. "That's all right. I'm sure you will. I'm sure you will. But I want to have the whole negro vote of this town. I want to get all."

"Dat's all right," responded the negro. "I done said I'd vote fo' you. I'm yo' friend. I'll suttinly cast my vote fo' you."

"But, say, John, I know that," said the candidate. "See here, I'll be frank. The fellows told me that you are a big man among the colored folks down here and that if I got your vote I'd get the whole negro vote in this place. Do you catch on?"

"Sho," replied John. "Sho I do. You'll git de whole niggah vote, all right. Dey won't be trouble 'bout dat, sah. You see, I'm de only niggah in dis here whole town."—Mobile Register.

FEATS OF STRENGTH.

A Blacksmith Who Fairly Outdid Augustus the Strong.

Not all the world's strong men have been performers on the public stage. Indeed, instances might be multiplied in which the feats of professionals have been equaled or excelled.

Charles Louvier, a carpenter of Paris, found it child's play to roll a tin basin between his fingers into a cylinder. On one occasion he carried off a soldier on guard who had gone to sleep in the sentry box and deposited both the box and the soldier on a low churchyard wall near by.

Another man who sometimes found his great strength a source of amusement was a Danish locksmith, Knut Knudson. While standing in a window on the ground floor he lifted with one hand half a bullock from the shoulder of a butcher who was toiling past with his load.

Augustus the Strong, the elector of Saxony, once entered a blacksmith's shop to have his horse shod. To show his suit how strong he was he picked up several horseshoes and broke one after the other, asking the blacksmith as he did so if he had no better. When it came to paying the bill the elector threw a silver piece on the anvil. It was a very thick coin. The blacksmith took it up and broke it in half, saying, "Pardon me, but I have given you a good horseshoe, and I expect a good coin in return." Another piece was offered him. He broke that and five or six others. Then the humiliated elector handed him a louis d'or, saying, "The others were probably made of bad metal, but this gold piece is good, I hope."

An Italian, Luigi Bertini of Milan, performed a similar feat. Besides horseshoes, he broke nails a finger thick.

The Duke of Grammont, the minister of Napoleon III, frequently astonished the women at court by bending a twenty franc piece in his hand.—New York Tribune.

Early Italian Surgery.

Benvenuto Cellini (1500-1571) tells of early Italian surgery. He had got a bit of chipped steel in his eye, "so far into the pupil that it was impossible to get it out, so that I was in very great danger of losing that eye. But the surgeon came to the rescue with the pigeons. The surgeon, making me lie upon my back, with a little knife opened a vein in each of their wings, so that the blood ran into my eye, and I was thereby greatly relieved. In the space of two days the bit of steel issued from my eye, and I found that I had received considerable ease and in a great measure recovered my sight."

Live and Learn.

Among the words given out for analysis recently by a district school teacher in Pennsylvania was "bank-note." The instructor's astonishment may be imagined when one male pupil turned in the following unique paper:

"Bank-note is a compound, primitive word, composed of 'bank' and 'note.' 'Bank' is a simple word, meaning the side of a stream; 'note,' to set down. 'Bank-note,' to set down by the side of a stream."—Lippincott's.

A Gambler.

Tommy—Pop, how would you define a gambler? Tommy's Pop—Well, my son, a man's wife thinks he is a gambler if he loses, and his friends think he is a gambler if he wins.—Philadelphia Record.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 299 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Ares.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	33	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	28.97
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	16	150	44	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
N½ NW¼	10	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ NE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	88
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.36
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	319.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
NE¼ SE¼	30	151	42	40

In The District Court of the United States for the Sixth Division District of Minnesota.

In the Matter of JOHN L. RADNIECKI, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To THE HONORABLE PAGE MORRIS, Judge of the District Court of the United States, for the Sixth Division District of Minnesota:

John L. Radniecki, of Radny, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 30th day of April, A. D., 1908, last past he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore He Prays, That he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 27th day of April, A. D., 1909.

JOHN L. RADNIECKI,
Bankrupt.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, SIXTH DIVISION, SS.

On this 12th day of May, A. D., 1909, on reading the foregoing petition, it is Ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 31st day of May, A. D., 1909, before said Court, at St. Paul, in said District, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Thief River Falls News, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Page Morris, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Fergus Falls, in said District, on the 12th day of May, A. D., 1909.

{ Seal of the Court }

CHARLES L. SPENCER, Clerk,
By L. A. Levorsen, Deputy Clerk.

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in the spring in order to feel well. A. Bjerkhoel.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swensen, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 273.

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 05-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Post-office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893.05, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. may6-june10.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1903, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1904, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1905, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1906, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1907, and default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1908, and default having been made in the payment of the further sum of Eighty Four Dollars interest which fell due upon the 31st day of January, 1909, and each of said sums bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of maturity, and by reason of such default the Scandia American Bank, the assignee and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of $1200 due and payable with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 31st day of January, 1909, making in all a total sum of NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY FOUR & 81-100 DOLLARS ($1934.81), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary K. Schmitz and John Schmitz, Jr., her husband, mortgagors, to M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1902, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 24, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said M. O. Sortedahl, mortgagee, to Nikolai O. Sortedahl, by written assignment dated the 1st day of August, 1902, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 132, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nikolai O. Sortedahl, assignee and holder thereof to E. G. Buse by written assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January, 1907, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 15 of Mortgages on page 350, which said mortgage, together with the said debt secured thereby was duly assigned by the said E. G. Buse, assignee and holder thereof, to Scandia American Bank by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 26th day of March 1909, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 2 of Mortgages on page 34; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely, That tract, or parcel, of land lying and being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a tack in a stake 410 feet South and 530 feet South, 89° 30' West of the quartersection corner between Sections Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred fifty one (151), Range forty four (44); thence south 11° West 775.8 feet to a post; thence north 77° 15' West 340 feet to a post; thence north 11° East 698.6 feet to a post; thence North 89° 30' East 330 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5.51-100 acres, more or less, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on Friday the 28th day of May, 1909, at one o'clock p. m., of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Nineteen Hundred thirty four and 81-100 Dollars, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and $50.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 8, 1909.

SCANDIA AMERICAN BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee,
apr.15-may 20   A. A. MILLER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders C. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 20 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 40 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of Mortgages on page 325,

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S.E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N.E.¼ S.W.¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S.E.¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road,) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Post-office, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. may6-june10.

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. A. Bjerkhoel.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Hoarseness, bronchitis and other throat troubles are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar as it soothes and heals the inflamed throat and bronchial tubes and the most obstinate cough disappears. Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjerkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., April 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Hans Johnson, of Anton P. O., Minn., who on June 29th, 1901, made H. E. No. 417, Serial, No. 01146, for lots 1, 2, 3, 5, & 6, Sec. 18, Twp. 153 N., Rg. 41 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 20th day of May, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Ole Pederson, of Anton, P. O., Minn.
Albert Narum, " "
Edward Olson, of Kratka P. O., Minn.
Pien H. Wright, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

apr. 8-may 13.

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and the bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? A. Bjerkhoel.

Rev. I. W. Williamson's Letter.

Rev. I. W. Williamson, Huntington, W. Va., writes: "This is to certify that I used Foley's Kidney Remedy for nervous exhaustion and kidney trouble and am free to say that it will do all that you claim for it." Foley's Kidney Remedy has restored health and strength to thousands of weak, run down people. Contains no harmful drugs and is pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Ole C. Brenna, Auctioneer.

Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.

Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Residence, Thief River Falls

Phone No. 118.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

Many weak, nervous women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence today and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Geo. Newberry,

Dray and Transfer Line

All Work Given Careful Attention.

Phone 57.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

SUBSCRIBE for THE NEWS

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN., THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1909. NUMBER 22

WM. MUNCH IS RANGER

Received Appointment From State Forestry Commissioner Andrews Last Week.

His Territory Includes Polk, Red Lake and Pennington Conntles.

Wm. Munch, of Crookston, deputy state game warden for this district last Saturday received his appointment as Ranger for this district from C. C. Andrews, Forestry commissioner for Minnesota.

Mr. Munch has already assumed his duties and it is safe to say hereafter that people who carelessly set prairie fires which prove destructive will be vigorously prosecuted.

The law is very stringent on this question, and a person can be arrested and heavily fined for leaving a fire which might do damage whether it actually does or not.

The smallest fine that can be imposed upon conviction is $50 and one half of this goes to the person furnishing the evidence. Many are of the opinion that the law for protection against fires only applies to the forests but this is a mistake. Any prairie fire comes within the scope of the law where it gets off the land owned by the setter, or which might possibly jump to surrounding property.

Good Day's Hunt.

Ed. Whaley, of St. Hilaire, took the carcasses of fifteen wolves to Red Lake Falls Tuesday to exhibit them to Auditor Lattondresse and get the reward for their capture. There were fourteen cub wolves and one old wolf.

Mr. Whaley killed the wolves in the town of River Falls. He tracked the old wolf to a hole and blocked the opening and when she attempted to get out he shot her. In that hole he found eleven cubs and in another, three. The cubs were so young that it was no effort to capture them.

Mr. Whaley received from the county auditor a warrant for $82.50 bounty for killing the wolves.

Dr. Koch Won.

Dr. John Koch, formerly of this city, has won out in the damage suit that was brought against him by parties at Blackduck. It was claimed that he had made an incorrect diagnosis in the case of a patient suffering from diphteria, and a damage suit was instituted which has been on trial for two week, and has been very hard fought on both sides. The case went to the jury on Monday, and a verdict was returned in his favor this morning. The verdict in effect exonerates him from any blame in the premises. Dr. Koch's numerous friends in this city will be pleased to learn of the outcome of the case.

Opened by Mistake.

Fargo, N. D. once boasted a composite postmaster and coroner. He was called one day to give his verdict upon the case of a stranger who had been the victim of a fit on the street. As the man was known to nobody he was hurried to the much prized new City Hospital. There the case was diagnosed as appendicitis, but when the operation took place the attending surgeon discovered that the patient had been previously relieved of his appendix. The doctor indeavored to retract his steps, but the strange man died from the effects of the operation. The postmaster-coroner in rendering his verdict, filled in the space after "Cause of Death," with a rubber stamp which read, "Opened by Mistake."—Success Magazine.

Plowing With Steam.

Farmers will be interested in the operations of the steam plow near Waubun, concerning which the Waubun Forum says: "Geo. H. Fletcher has been busy the past few days plowing up one of the Prize eighties east of town, with his steam rig. He turned it all over in three or four days, and will seed it to flax. The steam plow works fine on breaking, laying the furrows evenly all along. There is an arrangement which when the plows hits a rock, can be raised by steam power, without stopping the rig, and if a stone is under the surface where it can not be seen the plow that strikes it is released, automatically, from the engine, so that no damage is done. Mr. Fletcher has considerable breaking to do, and and will be kept rather busy this summer".

St. Vinceut Branch League.

There will be some more hot league base ball playing over the St. Vincent line this season. The three towns, Hallock, Stephen and Argyle have formed the Northern Valley League and will play a series of 21 games each, 14 of which will be played on each team's grounds. In former seasons Warren has always been a little too strong for these towns in her to hire players, and with Warren out of it the towns will more nearly be on the same footing so that the games will be close and interesting.

Prizes Offered.

At a meeting of the Gun Club on Sunday the firm of Jackson & McGinn announced they would give three prizes to the persons making the high score during the season as follows:

First prize—Trophy Cup.
Second prize—Arnold Safety Razor.
Third prize—Five Hundred 22-short Winchester or U. M. C. Shells.

There is considerable rivalry among the members of the Gun Club.

The Teacher's Meeting.

The meeting of the Red Lake County Teachers' Association held in Thief River Falls last Friday and Saturday was not as well attended as had been anticipated, but all present had a most enjoyable time. The feature of the meeting was an address by Prof. Kingsford, of the Moorhead Normal school.

D. B. BAKKE, President. H. A. LOKEN, Vice President. OSCAR SPONHEIM, Cashier.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL, $30,000

Real Estate/Tax List

For part of Red Lake

—and—

Marshall County at the

People's State Bank

—REMEMBER:

That a penalty of 10 per cent is added to all Real Estate taxes if at least half is not paid before June 1st, 1909.

Pay your taxes at the People's State Bank and receive a Tax Receipt made especially for that purpose. The Bank keeps a complete record of all cash received for Taxes.

For Real Estate Loan and Insurance we are fully prepared. Money always on hand.

LINDQUIST WANTS TO GO ON A FREE TRIP.

Is Not at All Backwards About Volunteering His Services to the County.

The county commissioners held a special meeting last Saturday for the purpose of selling $35,000 worth of court house bonds. Owing to the fact that an injunction had been served no action could of course be taken. Charles E. Boughton was employed as attorney for the commissioners to represent them in the injunction proceedings, and against the protests of Commissioners Shaw and Auble, no fee was stipulated as to the amount Mr. Boughton is to receive. This gives Mr. Boughton an opportunity to render any sized bill he may see fit, and there will be nothing for the taxpayers to do but pay it.

Although the court house will not be built until after Pennington county has been created, the commissioners passed a resolution to the effect that the court house committee consisting of Commissioners Pigeon, Demann and Shaw be given authority to visit a number of county seats in the state to examine court houses and gain some knowledge of the cost of these buildings and of suitable plans. Commissioner Shaw at once announced that he would refuse to go on this junket at the county's expense, and Commissioner Lindquist, who is soon to become a resident of Pennington county where men of his stamp will be elected to stay at home, volunteered to take Shaw's place. There was a silence following the announcement of Mr. Lindquist, and it was quite evident that Demann and Pigeon did not care for his company. No action was taken by the commissioners to have Linquist substituted for Shaw and it now depends upon what John Duffy says whether or not Lindquist gets this opportunity of doing a little traveling at the county's expense.

The proceedings in the injunction case comes up before Court Commissioner S. T. Johnson at his office in this city on Saturday of this week.

Gives Warning to Farmers.

We are informed that circulars are being sent out to the farmers of the Northwest by a corporation already formed for the purpose of purchasing a certain terminal elevator at Minneapolis, Minn.

There never was a time when so many propositions were hatched in the name of the farmers or in the name of co-operation as the present, and I believe it is my duty to warn the farmers to investigate carefully all such propositions before investing any money in them.

It is conceded by every one who has given the matter some thought that farmers must own or control facilities for the handling of their grain in the terminal markets, that is, such portions of it as necessarily pass through terminal centers. But to raise a sufficient sum of money by subscription and then incorporate and appoint committees to look up the location and conditions of all elevators and and other facilities in all the terminal centers where the grain would enter, also ascertain whether it would be more advisable for the present at least, to buy or to build than to lease property etc. would seem to be a safer way to proceed than to subscribe for stock in a company already formed and for the purpose of buying in only one terminal center a certain elevator which may either be rotten to the core or the best house in the whole country for all that they know about it now.

THEO. G. NELSON,
President Department Grain Growers,
American Society of Equity.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

The monthly creamery statement for the month of April is as follows:

Total lbs. cream received, 63,430.
Average per cent. test, 24.94.
Total lbs. butterfat, 15,821.1.
Total lbs. butter sold, 18,746.
Amount of money received, $4,875.68
Price paid for butterfat, 29 cents.
Running expenses, $189.14.
Tubs, wood and salt, $114.00.
Paid to patrons, $4,322.00.
Paid into sinking fund, $63.45.
Salt, oil, butter and seed sold, $217.96
Overpaid for April, $25.24.

Nels K. Anderson,
Secretary.

Baby Was Left Behind.

On Monday evening Roy E. West, proprietor of the Bijou, and his wife boarded the Great Northern flyer southbound, Mrs. West purposing to make a visit to her old home in Iowa, the intention of the husband being to accompany his wife as far as Minneapolis. Upon arrival of the train, Mrs. West took the larger child, about two years old in her arms and boarded the train while the husband carried the two satchels and other luggage. Mrs. O. F. Ballard who was to assist them in getting on the train, had the two week's old baby in her arms. Mr. West carried the satchels into the coach, after which he intended to return for the baby. Before he had time to do that, however, the train started, and the baby was left behind, much to the surprise and perturbation of Mrs. Ballard, who had expected the husband to call at the car entrance for the precious little bundle. The parents soon missed the baby, and not willing to proceed without it, they left the train at Crookston, returning to Warren on the morning flyer. Next day they made a fresh start on their journey and then took good care that their little bit of humanity was not left behind.—Warren Sheaf.

Patrons of the co-oprative creamery can learn a lesson from the remarks of Patrick Howley, of Beauford, as chronicled in our Beauford correspondence this week. While Mr. Howley secured 30 cents a pound for butterfat, his brother in Kansas, where the co-operative creamery has been driven out, secured but 10 cents.—Mapleton Enterprise.

About twenty years ago the Argyle village council offered a bounty of 25 cents for every tree that was planted upon the streets and now in every block there are at least 30 beautiful shade trees from 15 to 20 years old. It is not too late to emulate the far sighted policy that contributed so materially to the making of a beautiful village.

Wm. Benzie, Sr., one of the pioneer hotel men of Thief River Falls and former chief of police here, was over from Warren last week where he has been for the past several years making his home with his son, Allen. This week they remove to Aberdeen, S. D., to make their future home.

Creamery Statement for April.

Statement of the Thief River Falls co-operative Creamery association for the month of April, 1909:

Amount of cream received, 45,258 lbs.
Amount of milk received, 1872 lbs.
Average test of cream, 26.30.
Average test of milk, 4.
Amount of butterfat, 11,903 lbs.
Price paid 29¼

RECEIPTS.

Butter shipped	$3419 80
Sales in city	419 01
Kratka creamery tubs	49 20
Old accounts	7 00
Insurance checks returned	65 00
Interest	6 06
Other	20 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid patrons	$3,522 88
Insurance	60 00
Paid into expense fund	311 62
Paid, expense fund for supplies sold	69 10
Balance	31 66

STRIP STATION.

Amount of cream, 6,175 lbs.
Average test, 28.48.
Amount of butterfat, 1758.6 lbs.

PLOW STATION.

Amount of cream, 945 lbs.
Average test, 25.66.
Amount of butterfat, 242.5.

Increase over corresponding month, 1908, 47 per cent. Increase over corresponding month, 1907, 91 per cent.

Those drawing $10 and over.

P. Engelstad	$120 63
Soren Sorenson	61 25
Anders Moengen	57 85
Martin J. Berg	52 39
Fred Copp	51 89
John Hallquist	46 91
Christ Thompson	41 01
John Lohrbicka	40 65

P. Engelstad,
Secretary.

Government Buys Butter.

The government last week closed its contracts with the creameries of the country for 800,000 pounds of butter for the navy.

This year local creameries in Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois and Pennsylvania landed the contracts. There were no bids in from Minnesota creameries. The government regulations for the manufacture of butter are stringent and there is a good deal of red tape to unwind before the contracts are let and the payments secured. Although Minnesota creameries were asked to send in bids, none of them responded, the demand for Minnesota product being so great any way that the government contract had no attractions.

Flowing Well At Kratka.

Emil Sedlacek last week finished drilling a well for the Kratka creamery. At a depth of 208 feet a flowing well was discovord. The well flows about 150 barrels every twenty-four hours and is considered to be a great value to the Kratka creamery. This is the first flowing well so far as is known in the eleven towns.

HORSE FEED EXPENSIVE

Statistics Are Prepared Showing the Cost of Raising Crops.

Costs Less to Grow Grain in North western Part of the State.

The average cost of maintaining a farm work horse in Minnesota varies from $75.07 in the vicinity of Halstead, to $87 at Marshall, and $90.40 in the territory around Northfield. The cost per hour of horse labor varies from 7.3 cents to 9.25 cents at Northfield.

These statistics were prepared by the bureau of statistics of the United States department of agriculture, and the state experimental farm and are part of a complete bulletin on the cost of producing crops in Minnesota. An investigation conducted by Edward C. Parker and Thomas Cooper, assistant agriculturists at the state agricultural school, has been made on a large number of private farms in different parts of the state. The work was spread over a period of seven years and marks the preliminary steps toward a careful and complete study of farm profits.

It was found that in the southern part of the state corn husked from the standing stalk cost $11.66 per acre; corn cut, schocked and shredded, $15.30; timothy and clover hay, $5.55; oats, $9.85; wheat $9.86 and potatoes $26.37. The cost of producing these crops in the western part of the state was much lower. The average cow produced 4,950 pounds of milk, containing 186 pounds of butter fat annually, and her coxt of maintenance for the same period was $40.97.

Advises Potato Raising.

Morris Sun: "Something like sixty thousand bushels of potatoes were landed at New York city from one ship about a week ago. These potatoes came from Liverpool and were grown in the British Isles. It does seem strange that a great big agricultural country like the United States cannot raise enough potatoes for home consumption. Potatoes bring something like a dollar a bushel in the east, and it would seem that there would be better money in raising potatoes than taking chances of getting from six to ten bushels of wheat to the acre."

A New Industry.

A new manufacturing industry has come to life in this vicinity, Emil Peterson is making egg cases of popular lumber. He recently took orders from the Middle River stores for 225 of them for delivery in the near future. They are equally as good as those the merchants have been using and cost no more.—Middle River Pioneer.

Permanency CITIZENS STATE BANK Honesty SOLIDITY

Pay Your

1908 TAXES

Through

Citizens State Bank.

We have complete tax lists for all farm lands in Northern Red Lake and Eastern Marshall Counties.

• • •

REMEMBER—A 10 per cent penalty is added on June 1st, unless at least one-half of the taxes is paid by that date.

Citizens State Bank

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.23
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.68
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Rev. F. J. Seitz was up to Orleans last Monday.

A. H. Fasel went up to Greenbush yesterday.

August Hoppe went down to St. Hilaire yesterday.

Mrs. Lakin was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city yesterday.

—For Rent—A good seven room house. Inquire at the News office.

Ed Wilcox left yesterday on a trip to the southern part of the state.

To Exchange for Land—A $4,000 stock of general merchandise. See Hager the land man.

Mrs. O. J. Schie went down to Minneapolis the first of the week to visit friends for a few days.

August Wartenberg, of Holt, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday eve at 7:30. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Closing out all furniture and other household goods also Range & Heaters. Call at H. H. Skagens.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran congregation meets with Mrs. Hoppe next Tuesday afternoon.

Daniel Shaw went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. Louise Tessum next Wednesday June 2. All are invited.

For sale almost new bedroom suits and all other furniture also a polished top Quick Meal range. Call at H. H. Skagens.

Mrs. Ole Hanson, of Silverton, was brought to this city last week to receive medical treatment, she being sick with typhoid fever.

Persons desiring to take instruction on the piano or organ should consult Mrs. H. B. Newell, 121 south St. Paul st. Phone No. 274.

Hans L. Rolland, of firm of Rolland Bros., came up from Morris, Minn., Tuesday and will make this city his home in the future.

County Commissioner Auble and Shaw were out southeast of town Tuesday and appraised the land to be purchased for a new road.

Rev. F. J. Seitz will open a parochial mer school next Tuesday morning June 1st. All parents are requested to send their children if possible.

Miss Minnie Hoffman, who had been in the city for a couple of weeks visiting her uncle, Herman Berndt, returned to her home at Holt Tuesday.

Services at the German Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, at Manor in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. F. J. Seitz Pastor.

MANITOBA LANDS—10,000 acres unimproved Park lands, $15.00 to $18.00 per acre. Easy terms, write for map and particulars. Downie Bros., Grand Forks, N. D.

Mine Host Robbeckee, of the Ogahmah, is making some valuable improvements to his hotel this spring, among them being cement poarch and walk in front of the buildings.

The Northern Culvert Company is shipping out a great many of the corrugated culverts they manufacture here These culverts are meeting with high favor with the farmers and road builders and the demand for this class of goods will continue to increase.

Discount prices on jewelry, silverware and cut glass, and we also give you a guess on the clock. Remember, this is our regular stock, no cheap fire gilt stuff shipped in especially for the discount sale. We guarantee everything and the guarantee is good for we are here to stay. CITY DRUG & JEWELRY STORE.

Thor Reinstad last week purchased the Lindahl farm, being the northwest quarter of section 21, town of North, for $3,[illegible]. Some of the neighbors think Mr. Reinstad paid too much, but they will change their minds inside of a year. Mr. Reinstad is an enterprising man and knows a good thing when he sees it.

J. M. Stephens, of Crookston, last week sold a car load of potatoes in the twin cities which brought him $1.25 a bushel, which he thinks is a good price for Red River Valley potatoes. He says that there is no question but that there is no crop which can be planted which will bring greater yields.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

The largest and finest Jewelry stock in Thief River Falls and Fixtures are being entirely closed out at auction in the next few days. Every thing must go. Sales 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. each day. Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.

Miss Alma Nickelson, daughter of John Nickelson, a former resident of this city, closed a successful term of school last week in a district ten miles northeast of here, and left for her home at Madison Wis.

For Sale—Heavy work team, 1 driving mare and 1 Percheon stallion. Anybody requiring such horses would do well by looking them over before buying elsewhere. They are of the best type the market can produce. For further *information inquire of P. H. Dovany or* at Stebbins' Drug store. 19 tf.

The Great Closing Out Sale of the Klimek Jewelry and Optical company is possitive. The entire stock must go at your own price. We mean business and the sale will continue each day at 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. until the very last article is sold, fixtures, wall cases, show cases, safe, watch material and all to be positively closed out, so follow the crowd to the Great Closing Out Sale of the Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.

Services next Sunday as follows: In Immanuel congregation at 10:30 A. M. In Zion congregation 3:30 P. M. Student J. K. Casperson will preach. In Viking church at 10:30 A. M. In Bethlehem congregation at 3 o'clock P. M. In Thief River Falls at 8 o'clock P. M. at the church east of the Soo Depot. Cordial invitation to all. W. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Remember at the Closing Out Sale each day at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. a number of beautiful prizes are given away. If you want a fine watch, cut glass, silver ware, tea or water sets, Roger's knives, forks and spoons, clocks or anything kept in first class jewelry stock, attend the great auction Sale. The stock must go. Klimek Jewelry & Optical company.

Notice the handsome parlor clock we have in the window, to be given away free. How? The clock will be wound and started running on June 10th and will be let run until it stops of its own accord. The party guessing the correct or nearest to the correct time it stops will be presented with the clock free of any charge. With each one dollar purchase in the store you are allowed one guess. All guesses must be in before June 10th. City Drug Jewelry Store.

Questions.

In the daily work on the farm many things happen that we cannot quite understand. We ask first one party and then another and each usally gives us a different answer.

Many questions come to our minds about agriculture that we would like to to have explained. How to feed roots; to keep the boys and girls on the farm; the hired man question; how to test our seed; how to grade up our cows," the best method to follow in various work, the latest ideas in building and co-operation, and a thousand other every day questions. All of the above you have the privilege of asking at the Farmers Institute, and they will be answered by men who are paid by the state for knowing how to answer them. At Thief River Falls Tuesday June 15th.

May Start Work at Once.

It is quite likely that the city counsil will buy lots and let the contract for the construction of the new armory at once. While in St. Paul last week City Attorney Halvorson called upon Attorney General Simpson and had that gentleman approve of all proceedings in the bond issue and now the city is sure to get the loan of $20,000, although the state will not have the money to loan much before the the 1st of January. The intention now is to issue certificates of indebtedness and erect the building and later pay off the certificates when the money for the bonds is received from the state.

Special Notice.

The ladies are cordially invited to attend the great jewelry sale of Klimek Jewelry and Optical Co. chairs are for their accomodation. Presents given away at each sale at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. everything goes at your own prices.

Work to Be Rushed.

According to the Duluth Herald, the contract for grading the line from Thief River Falls to Duluth which has been let to Foley Bros. must be completed inside of one year. This would mean that the rails would all be laid in time to move the wheat crop from this section in the fall of 1910.

FARMER'S INSTITUTE

One to Be Held in Thief River Falls on Tuesday, the Fifteenth of June.

Good Speakers Will Be Here and All Farmers in This Section Should Attend.

A Farmers' Institute is to be held at Thief River Falls on Tuesday June 15th, commencing at 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m Prof. Wm. Robertson of the Crookston School of Agriculture will be in charge of the Institute and will be assisted by Mrs. Ida E. Tilson of West Salem, Wis., O. A Storvick of the Dairy and Food Department, and Supt. L. P. Harrington of Crookston.

The regular institute sessions will be devoted to a discussion of the lines of farming that are particularly adapted to this part of Minnesota, dairying, swine raising, clover, rotation of crops, etc. poultry, fruit growing, vegetable gardening, schools, etc., subjects in which all members of the family are interested, will also be given attention.

In the afternoon, commencing at 1:30, a special session for women and young people will be held in a separate hall, where lectures on the care of poultry, home economics, schools and the industrial contest for boys and girls will be given by Mrs. Tilson and Supt. Harrington.

The care of milk: Too much of the milk and cream sent to the creameries arrives in poor condition. This is often due to some cause that can be easily remedied. If you keep cows it will pay you to learn about this matter at the Institute.

There is a prospect that the present high prices for poultry and eggs will continue. A small flock of hens can be made to pay the grocery bills and it is worth while to learn something more about this branch of farm stock. Mrs. Tilson is one of the best poultry lecturers in the United States.

Every member of the family is invited to attend, from the youngest to the oldest. Sessions commence sharp at 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.

Ball Game Sunday.

The Indian ball players from the White Earth reservation will be here on Sunday and play a game of ball with the local team. The Indians are going to have a fast team and it is going to keep the local boys playing ball all of the time if they succeed in winning. This being the first game of the season, the attendance will no doubt be large.

At the Bijou.

The management announces the installment of their new and up-to-date date moving picture machine, it being the latest and best machine on the market. Special souvenir matinee Saturday at 4 sharp.

"Napoleon, The Man of Destiny," a grand, historic representation of the Napoleonic era. Dramatic—"The Maid and the Millionaire." Comedy—"Choosing a Life Partner," "He Can Immitate Anything." Illustrated songs—"By the Old Oaken Bucket, Louise" and "Under the Maples With Molly O."

Mill Closed Down for Few Days.

Owing to a lack of logs, the Thief River Falls Lumber company's mill was forced to close down Tuesday morning. There is a big log drive coming down river and the mill is expected to start up again either Friday or Saturday morning and no further trouble in keeping a supply of logs on hand is anticipated. The present shortage is due to the late date on which the ice went out of Red Lake this spring.

Young Men In Trouble.

Warrants have been issued in the municipals court for the arrest of Earl Dolan and John Brenn, the two young boys about eighteen years of age, charged with obtaining goods from the Langseth Mercantile company under false pretenses. The boys represented to the company that they were employed by the Thief River Falls Lumber company and purchased a suit of clothes each, giving orders upon the company in payment. Then they took a train for Minneapolis and that is the last that has been seen of them. Brenn is a recent arrival here from Warren, while Dolan has made his home here with his parents for a number of years.

Case Is Decided.

Judge Taylor has decided the case of Mary Burnette against George K. Fargo and Clair Baker in favor of Miss Burnette. Some time ago Miss Burnette, who is a half breed Indian, purchased the Baker block in this city, and later through the advice of friends brought an action to have the sale declared void. Some weeks ago the News in an item stated that the case had been decided in favor of Miss Burnette, but at that time the case had not been decided. The case will probably be appealed to the supreme court.

Keep Smiling

Smile today and smile tomorrow—smile and drive away your sorrow. Fling away all thoughts of sadness and drink the drink that brings you gladness.

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you,"

stands at the top—because it is brewed by the **"Gund Natural Process"** from the finest barley grown in the old world. It's alive with health and goodness, and deserves to be your home beer. Order a case today. All first-class places have **"Peerless"** on sale. Ask for it.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., **La Crosse, Wisconsin**

Test of Potatoes.

The committee that was appointed last winter to secure an analysis of the different kinds of potatoes grown in this section of the state sent samples of three kinds of potatoes to the college of agriculture for examination and analysis and have received the following letter, as answer and report of their findings:

University of Minnesota, College of Agriculture, ~~Division~~ of Soils.

St. Anthony Park, May 20, 1909

Mr. W. H. Quist,
Mavie, Minn.

Dear Sir:—

The samples of potatoes which you have sent to the laboratory have been analised with the following results:

	Protein	Moisture	Ash	Starch & carbohydrates.
Early Ohios	2.66	83.50	.75	13.09
Burbanks	2.62	80.15	.70	16.53
Rural New Yorkers	2.15	80.17	.71	16.97

There appears to be no appreciable difference between the starch content of the Burbanks and the Rural New Yorkers. As to the selection of these two varieties it is a question entirely of yield.

In case that we can give you any further information, I shall be pleased to hear from you.

Yours Truly,
HARRY SNYDER.

This statement is indeed very encouraging inasmuch as it shows beyond the question of a doubt that we can raise as good potatoes as any section of the state and that we are positively on top in amount of nutriment contained in the potatoes raised. Are any more arguments needed to persuade the farmers to plant potatoes? It has been clearly snown that potatoes can be raised just as cheaply here as anywhere else. Now we have figures showing that the potatoes raised are as good as the best and there is still time to plant a few acres this year. Why not get busy and put in an acre or two at the least?

Wholesale Fur House.

J. A. Cruse, a gentleman from Illinois, is soon to locate in Thief River Falls, and engage in the wholesale purchase of hides, furs, etc. It is Mr. Cruse's intention to keep one or two traveling men upon the road buying hides and furs, and as this is a good location for the purchase of these articles there is no reason why a prosperous business cannot be done here in this line. Mr. Cruse has given the Northern Minnesota Land company authority to rent for him a suitable building.

Good Brooding Spring.

The lack of anything approaching flood conditions at any time this spring has made conditions ideal for the nesting of prairie chickens, ducks and other game birds. As a result there will be more birds hatched in this section this summer than for many years past with the promise of some fine shooting next fall.

Synod Church.

Services first day of Pentecost at 10:30 a. m., in Silverton services at 3 p. m.

The Parochial School of the Synod begins on June first at 9 a. m.

The Ladies Aid of the Synod will serve a supper in the basement of the church on June 4th at 6 o'clock.

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

GUARANTEED CURE FOR

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of

THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER

$1.00 PER YEAR

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS,
CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Extraordinary

MAY SALE!

CLOTHING

150 Boys' and Children's Suits to be sold at prices unheard of before.

A SURPRISE FOR EVERYBODY.

100 Men's Suits to be sold at COST.

STOCK TOO LARGE, MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE!

Greatest bargains in Clothing ever offered in Thief River Falls. Do not miss this sale!

With each Men's Suit at $15 or over, we will give the choice of any $1.25 Dress Shirt in our store.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

$1000 in Ladies, Misses' and Children's shoes, to be closed out at Cost and Below Cost. Also some Men's Shoes in the same deal.

We have the best shoe lines in the City, but our stock is too large and Must be Reduced. OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN.

Come and See for Yourself.

This Sale is for Month of May Only. ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Langseth Mercantile Co.

Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

C. H. Newbury & Co.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

BUS IN CONNECTION

Thief River Falls, Minn.

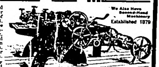

HOWELL PLANER AND MATCHER

You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by

We Also Have Second-Hand Machinery

Established 1879

R. R. HOWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE NEWS.

THIEF RIVER FALLS' LEADING NEWSPAPER

$1.00 PER YEAR

A. HOTEL DINNER.

The Husband Ordered It, and His Wife Criticised It.

On the midnight train ride from town, where he and his wife had been entertaining one of his best patients at dinner and the theater, the suburban doctor spoke bitterly:

"What a dinner! And it cost $15. The cooking in these big hotels is afrocious. They smear sauces over everything. I suppose it is to hide poor materials."

"It isn't the fault of the cooking that our dinner was a failure. It was its selection that doomed it."

"What was the matter with the selection?"

"You should not have done the ordering. You have your meals chosen for you almost every day in the year It is the women of people in our circumstances who ought to arrange the menus at restaurants. Look what you ordered! Bisque of lobster—a soup with a body of thick white sauce. Sweetbreads—cooked, as usual, with a cream dressing. Virginia ham with champagne sauce—a brown sauce as thick as molasses. Then for dessert you took a chance on pudding Reine Victoria—candied fruit and lady fingers swimming in soft custard."

"Well, how is a fellow to know? Lobster soup, sweetbreads, Virginia ham and pudding Reine Victoria—it sounds fine."

"But a woman knows that it is a wretched combination of splendid dishes. It is the woman's dull duty to choose menus for 365 days in the year. She learns a good deal about selection. Yet when a sum of money, equal to a week's food expenses, is to be squandered on one dinner at a hotel it is the man who seizes the menu and tries to look capable. He makes a failure frequently, as you did tonight. It would have been a pleasure for me to order a fifteen dollar dinner—a change from manipulating dinner for four on $1. But men feel too important in a restaurant to submit the menu to their wive for assistance."—Exchange.

He Came Back Hard.

"That boy," said the Billville farmer, "beats my time! Jest now when I quoted Scripter to him he come back at me hard!"

"You don't say!"

"Shore! I told him to git a hoe an' foller the furrow. 'Thar's gold in the land,' I said. An' what do you reckon he made answer?"

"You tell it."

"'Father,' he [illegible] 'I don't keer fer the gold o' this world. I've laid up treasure in [illegible]!'"—Atlanta Constitution.

NEWS OF WORLD

Important Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Paying a tribute alike to the soldiers of the North and South President Taft witnessed the unveiling of an heroic statue in bronze erected at Fort Mahone, on the Petersburg (Va.) battlefield, in memory of General Hartranft and the Pennsylvania volunteers who fell in the stubborn fight about that outpost of the Confederate capital.

Mrs. William H. Taft, suffering from a slight nervous breakdown, was taken ill when on her way from Washington to Mount Vernon on the yacht Sylph with a party of friends and was hurried back to the White House. It is said that there is no cause for alarm and that Mrs. Taft probably will be all right again in a few days.

Julian W. Swift, nephew of the multimillionaire meat packer of Chicago and a millionaire in his own right, was married in Hoboken, N. J., to Miss Mary Emma Miller, a beautiful young heiress of Lafayette, N. Y., whom he met only three weeks ago and with whom he eloped.

Rear Admiral W. T. Swinburne, commanding the Pacific fleet, hauled down his flag on the cruiser West Virginia, having reached the age of retirement, and Rear Admiral Uriel Sebree, commander of the Second division of the fleet, took command of the whole.

Mrs. Clementine Morse, wife of Charles W. Morse, the former banker, asserted in an interview at New York that long ago persons high in power vowed they would ruin her husband and that they have kept the vow against justice and truth.

Helen Kelly Gould was granted an absolute divorce at New York from Frank J. Gould. Mrs. Gould is granted custody of their children for one portion of each year and Mr. Gould to have their custody for the remaining portion.

Adrian C. Honore of Chicago, brother of Mrs. Potter Palmer and himself a prominent society man, is made defendant in a suit for $50,000 damages brought by James P. Lapearl, who charges alienation of his wife's affections.

Alfred Shrubb, English middle distance running champion, proved his ability to go further than fifteen miles in a winning style by defeating Henri St. Yves, Marathon champion, in their twenty-mile race at Montreal.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Day by day the scope of what is now known as the Japanese "sugar scandal" increases and the arm of the law is being stretched into places high and low to arrest and expose those responsible for the most gigantic series of irregularities ever brought to light in Japan. There have been arrested so far twenty members of parliament and six directors of the company.

Lieutenant General Stoessel and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, Russian commanders in war with Japan, have been released from confinement in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul by order of Emperor Nicholas. The health of both men has been gravely affected by their confinement.

The conditions in the refugee camps in Adana province, Asiatic Turkey, are pitiable. Many thousands of unfortunates are huddled together and lack food, shelter and medical aid. The authorities are making efforts to improve the situation and send the refugees back to their farms.

The curtain has been rung down upon the general strike at Paris amid recriminations by the leaders, who tried to throw the responsibility for the failure upon each other and the defeated postal employes. The end came when a few hundred laborers voted to resume work.

Notwithstanding the decision of the French General Federation of Labor to call off the strike the sailors, stokers and stewards of the merchant marine have gone out at Marseilles, Toulon and Havre and the movement is likely to extend to other French ports.

With but slight variation from its action at the final adjournment of the sessions of 1908 the Philippine general assembly, in the closing hours of its present session, adopted a second resolution declaring in favor of the independence of the islands.

George Meredith, the English novelist, is dead in London. The immediate cause of death was heart failure. Mr. Meredith's illness began on May 15 and he had steadily declined since that time.

LABOR NEWS.

Upon the decision of T. V. O'Connor, president of the International Longshoremen's association, now depends whether the members of that organization will join in the marine workers' strike on the Great Lakes. Delegates from fifty-six locals along the lower lakes voted to place the strike question entirely in O'Connor's hands.

The Georgia railroad is completely tied up by a strike of firemen. The management is not trying to move trains, simply announcing that it has the men, the means and the equipment to proceed and will do so when the state announces it is ready to protect property and employes.

MINNEAPOLIS MEN DROWNED

Their Skiff Capsizes in a Lake Near St. Paul.

Through the capsizing of the skiff from which they were fishing Thomas Dunn and Roy Wagner, both of Minneapolis, were drowned in Turtle lake, which is located a short distance beyond the J. J. Hill farm near St. Paul. Several other boats were on the lake at the time the accident happened, but were so far away that the occupants could not save the men. Dunn was taken from the lake still conscious, but he died shortly after reaching the shore, while rescuers were desperately trying to resuscitate him. Later the body of Wagner was recovered.

The accident happened in a part of the lake which is included in Ramsey county and Coroner Arthur W. Miller brought the two bodies to St. Paul. They were later claimed by relatives and taken to Minneapolis.

Dunn was the proprietor of a saloon. He was forty-two years old and was single.

Wagner was a carpenter, thirty-five years old. He is survived by a widow and two children.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE

Nomination of C. A. Willard to Be Federal Judge in Minnesota.

The nomination of Judge C. A. Willard of Minneapolis, lately in the Philippines as a jurist, to be United States judge in Minnesota, has been confirmed by the senate.

This is a life appointment and ends a controversy that has involved the federal judgeship in Minnesota for over two years, because Senator Knute Nelson would not permit the confirmation of Judge Milton D. Purdy, who was appointed by former President Roosevelt over the senator's opposition.

AFFECTS LONG ROUTES ONLY

Bill to Increase Pay of Rural Mail Carriers.

An increase in the rates of pay for rural free delivery mail carriers is provided for in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Steenerson of Minnesota. It provides that after July 1, 1911, letter carriers of the rural delivery upon routes exceeding twenty-four miles in length shall be paid at the rate of $37.50 per mile per annum for the first twenty-four miles and $18.75 per mile per annum for each additional mile of route over twenty-four miles.

EMBEZZLER IS SENTENCED

Minneapolis Bank Teller Gets Five Years in Prison.

Ellis W. Niles, former receiving teller of the First National bank of Minneapolis and the confessed embezzler of $20,000, was sentenced to serve five years in the state penitentiary at Stillwater. Good behavior will reduce the time to 3 years, 7 months and 18 days.

Will Not Stand for Fourth Term.

Governor John A. Johnson will not be a candidate for a fourth term. He will retire from the governorship in January, 1911, after six years of continuous service, and the 1910 contest is open for candidates. The governor's declaration was made in the most emphatic way when the question was submitted to him.

Newspaper Wins Libel Suit.

The libel suit of Congressman James A. Tawney of Winona against the Albert Lea Tribune came to sudden halt at Albert Lea when Judge Kingsley upheld the contention of the publishers of the Tribune that a criticism of a public officer was within its rights and a matter of privilege. Congressman Tawney gave notice of appeal.

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Garment Factory Destroyed.

The garment manufactory of Kolliner Bros. & Neuman at Stillwater has been completely destroyed by fire. The flames started in the basement and spread rapidly throughout the entire building. There were over 100 women and men employed in the factory. The loss is estimated at $125,000.

Farmer Killed by Lightning.

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A dispatch from Washington announces that the cases of the Chicago Great Western and Great Northern railroads against the state of Minnesota were advanced for argument in the supreme court on Nov. 2. The question involved is the validity of the Minnesota gross earnings tax law of 1905.

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At the annual conference of the Methodist church of the Duluth district, in session at West Duluth, a resolution was adopted condemning Governor Johnson for having signed the bill legalizing Sunday baseball.

MAKE GOOD HAUL

Pickpockets Get Away With $1,129 at Minneapolis.

JOSTLED IN GETTING ON CAR

Cashier of Mill City Concern Loses Weekly Payroll.

Jostled by four men while going aboard a Bloomington street car in front of the Security bank building in Minneapolis C. C. Reynolds, cashier of the Housekeeper Publishing company of the Mill City, was robbed of $1,129.

Reynolds had just drawn the money in currency and it was in a small canvas bag, which was in the inside pocket of his coat.

While entering the car the four men crowded about him. He had not walked more than a few steps into the car before he realized what had happened and he ordered the conductor to stop the car. He was too late. The pickpockets did not get on the car and by the time he reached his starting point no one was in sight.

PIONEER PRESS IS SOLD

St. Paul Dispatch Secures Control of Property.

The St. Paul Dispatch has bought the Pioneer Press of that city. Official announcement has been made and the property taken over by the new owners, George Thompson and Charles H. Grasty.

The evening edition of the Pioneer Press, which has been published for some nine months, will be at once discontinued. The morning and Sunday editions will be published as at present, but from the Dispatch building.

Included in the Pioneer Press sale are the newspaper proper, the building at Fourth and Robert streets, the manufacturing department on Third street and the Northwestern Newspaper union, which furnishes a ready print service for rural papers.

Walter Driscoll is now managing the job business and will probably take it over by purchase. The building and the ready print service are also likely to be disposed of, leaving the new owners with only the newspaper property.

ELLIOTT GOING TO MANILA

Minnesota Supreme Court Judge Will Resign.

It is officially announced at St. Paul that Thomas D. O'Brien of that city will be named a justice of the supreme court to succeed Charles B. Elliott of Minneapolis, who will tender his resignation to Governor Johnson before the close of the month.

Judge Elliott goes to the Philippines, where he will succeed Judge C. A. Willard as associate justice of the supreme court of that district. Judge Willard is now federal judge, having been appointed by President Taft vice Milton D. Purdy, whose appointment by former President Roosevelt was refused confirmation by the senate.

HELD TO THE GRAND JURY

St. Paul Girl Accused of the Murder of Her Father.

Louise Arbogast has been held for the grand jury at St. Paul on the charge of murdering her father, Louis Arbogast. Following the action of the court she discussed business affairs clearly and lucidly, with no indication of mental trouble.

Louise Arbogast, in an interview with friends, positively denies having done the murder and says she does not know who did it.

Miss Arbogast's arraignment was private, Judge Hanft excluding all but attorneys, attaches of the court and representatives of the press.

DROWNS PURSUED BY POSSE

Finlander Beset by Moorhead Citizens Plunges Into River.

While seeking to escape from a posse of citizens of Moorhead which was pursuing him, John Frafa, a Finlander, after running through the heart of the city dashed into the Red river in an attempt to swim to the North Dakota side. After taking a few strokes he went down and drowned. He had stabbed a stranger and feared arrest.

Second Robbery in a Year.

A gang of burglars blew open the safe in the North St. Paul postoffice and secured about $200 in cash and stamps. The safe was blown to pieces and the two-story brick building was badly damaged by the explosion. It is the second time the office has been robbed within a year.

Balm for Broken Heart.

Miss Olive M. Hill, a nurse of St. Paul, was awarded a verdict of $5,000 against Hugh A. Jones, the station agent at the village of Newport, in her breach of promise of marriage suit at Stillwater.

Bishop Cotter Near Death.

The condition of Bishop Cotter of the Winona diocese is most serious. Death is expected at any time. His heart weakness is aggravated by kidney trouble.

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat	1.23
Oats	45c
Flax	$1.08
Barley	55
Eggs	15c
Butter	25c

Rev. F. J. Seitz was up to Orleans last Monday.

A. H. Fasel went up to Greenbush yesterday.

August Hoppe went down to St. Hilaire yesterday.

Mrs. Lakin was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Julius J. Olson, the Warren attorney, was in the city yesterday.

—For Rent—A good seven room house. Inqure at the News office.

Ed. Wilcox left yesterday on a trip to the southern part of the state.

To Exchange for Land—A $4,000 stock of general merchandise. See Hager the land man.

Mrs. O. J. Schie went down to Minneapolis the first of the week to visit friends for a few days.

August Wartenberg, of Holt, was in the city yesterday and made this office a pleasant call.

Services at the Evenson Hall next Sunday eve at 7:30. All welcome. H. Halvorson, Pastor.

Closing out all furniture and other household goods also Range & Heaters. Call at H. H. Skagens.

The Ladies Aid of the German Lutheran congregation meets with Mrs. Hoppe next Tuesday afternoon.

Daniel Shaw went down to Minneapolis Tuesday evening to attend to business matters for a few days.

The Ladies Aid of the United church will meet with Mrs. Lousie Tessum next Wednesday June 2. All are invited.

For sale almost new bedroom suits and all other furniture also a polished top Quick Meal range. Call at H. H. Skagens.

Mrs. Ole Hanson, of Silverton, was brought to this city last week to receive medical treatment, she being sick with typhoid fever.

Persons desiring to take instruction on the piano or organ should consult Mrs. H. B. Newell, 121 south St. Paul st. Phone No. 274.

Hans L. Rolland, of firm of Rolland Bros., came up from Morris, Minn., Tuesday and will make this city his home in the future.

County Commissioner Auble and Shaw were out southeast of town Tuesday and appraised the land to be purchased for a new road.

Rev. F. J. Seitz will open a parochial mer school next Tuesday morning June 1st. All parents are requested to send their children if possible.

Miss Minnie Hoffman, who h in the city for a couple of weeks her uncle, Herman Berndt, ret her home at Holt Tuesday.

Services at the German church next Sunday mornin o'clock, at Manor in the afterno o'clock. F. J. Seitz Pastor.

MANITOBA LANDS—10,000 a improved Park lands, $15.00 to $ acre. Easy terms, write for m particulars. Downie Bros., Forks, N. D.

Mine Host Robbecker, of th mah, is making some valuable ments to his hotel this spring, them being cement poarch and front of the buildings.

The Northern Culvert Com shipping out a great many of th gated culverts they manufactu These culverts are meeting wi favor with the farmers and roac ers and the demand for this goods will continue to increase.

Discount prices on jewelry, and cut glass, and we also give yo on the clock. Remember, this is ar stock, no cheap fire gilt stuff especially for the discount sale. antee everything and the guarante for we are here to stay. CITY JEWELRY STORE.

Thos Reinstad last week p the Lindahl farm, being the quarter of section 24, town of N $3,300. Some of the neighbo Mr. Reinstad paid too much, will change their minds inside Mr. Reinstad is an enterpris and knows a good thing when h

J. M. Stephens, of Crookston, sold a car load of potatoes in cities which brought him $1.25 which he thinks is a good price River Valley potatoes. He there is no question but that crop which can be planted bring greater yields.

For exhilirating, healthful exercise spend the evening at the Mozark rink. Competent instructors, good music. Admission 10 cents. Skates 15 cents extra.

The largest and finest Jewelry stock in Thief River Falls and Fixtures are being entirely closed out at auction in the next few days. Every thing must go. Sales 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. each day. Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.

Miss Alma Nickelson, daughter of John Nickelson, a former recident of this city, closed a successful term of school last week in a district ten miles northeast of here, and left for her home at Madison Wis.

For Sale—Heavy work team, 1 driving mare and 1 Percheon stallion. Anybody requiring such horses would do well by looking them over before buying elsewhere. They are of the best type the market can produce. For further *information inquire of P. H. Devany* or at Stebbins' Drug store. 19 tf.

The Great Closing Out Sale of the Klimek Jewelry and Optical company is possitive. The entire stock must go at your own price. We mean business and the sale will continue each day at 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. until the very last article is sold, fixtures, wall cases, show cases, safe, watch material and all to be positively closed out, so follow the crowd to the Great Closing Out Sale of the Klimek Jewelry & Optical Co.

Services next Sunday as follows: In Immanuel congregation at 10:30 A. M. In Zion congregation 3:30 P. M. Student J. K. Caspersan will preach. In Viking church at 10:30 A. M. In Bethlehem congregation at 3 o'clock P. M. In Thief River Falls at 8 o'clock P. M. at the church east of the Soo Depot. Cordial invitation to all. W. L. Dahle, Pastor.

Remember at the Closing Out Sale each day at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. a number of beautiful prizes are given away. If you want a fine watch, cut glass, silver ware, tea or water sets, Roger's knives, forks and spoons, clocks or anything kept in first class jewelry stock, attend the great auction Sale. The stock must go. Klimek Jewelry & Optical company.

Notice the handsome parlor clock we have in the window, to be given away free. How? The clock will be wound and started running on June 10th and will be let run until it stops of its own accord. The party guessing the correct or nearest to the correct time it stops will be presented with the clock free of any charge. With each one dollar purchase in the store you are allowed one guess. All guesses must be in before June 10th. City Drug Jewelry Store.

Questions.

In the daily work on the farm many things happen that we cannot quite understand. We ask first one party and

FARMER'S INSTITUTE

One to Be Held in Thief River Falls on Tuesday, the Fifteenth of June.

Good Speakers Will Be Here and All Farmers in This Section Should Attend.

A Farmers' Institute is to be held at Thief River Falls on Tuesday June 15th, commencing at 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. Prof. Wm. Robertson of the Crookston School of Agriculture will be in charge of the Institute and will be assisted by Mrs. Ida E. Tilson of West Salem, Wis., O. A. Storvick of the Dairy and Food Department, and Supt. L. P. Harrington of Crookston.

The regular institute sessions will be devoted to a discussion of the lines of farming that are particularly adapted to this part of Minnesota, dairying, swine raising, clover, rotation of crops, etc. poultry, fruit growing, vegetable gardening, schools, etc., subjects in which all members of the family are interested, *will also be given attention.*

In the afternoon, commencing at 1:30, a special session for women and young people will be held in a separate hall, where lectures on the care of poultry, home economics, schools and the industrial contest for boys and girls will be given by Mrs. Tilson and Supt. Harrington.

The care of milk: Too much of the milk and cream sent to the creameries arrives in poor condition. This is often due to some cause that can be easily remedied. If you keep cows it will pay you to learn about this matter at the Institute.

There is a prospect that the present high prices for poultry and eggs will continue. A small flock of hens can be made to pay the grocery bills and it is worth while to learn something more about this branch of farm stock. Mrs. Tilson is one of the best poultry lecturers in the United States.

Every member of the family is invited to attend, from the youngest to the oldest. Sessions commence sharp at 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.

Ball Game Sunday.

The Indian ball players from the White Earth reservation will be here on Sunday and play a game of ball with the local team. The Indians are going to have a fast team and it is going to keep the local boys playing ball all of the time if they succeed in winning. This being the first game of the season, the attendance will no doubt be large.

At the Bijou.

The management announces the installment of their new and up-to-date moving picture machine, it being the latest and best machine on the market. Special souvenir matinee Saturday at 4 sharp.

"Napoleon, The Man of Destiny," a grand, historic representation of the Napoleonic era. Dramatic—"The Maid

Keep Smiling

Smile today and smile tomorrow—smile and drive away your sorrow. Fling away all thoughts of sadness and drink the drink that brings you gladness.

Gund's Peerless Beer

"The Beer that makes the world smile with you,"

stands at the top—because it is brewed by the "Gund Natural Process" from the finest barley grown in the old world. It's alive with health and goodness, and deserves to be your home beer. Order a case today. All first-class places have "Peerless" on sale. Ask for it.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wisconsin

Test of Potatoes.

The committee that was appointed last winter to secure an analysis of the different kinds of potatoes grown in this section of the state sent samples of three kinds of potatoes to the college of agriculture for examination and analysis and have received the following letter as answer and report of their findings:

University of Minnesota, College of Agriculture, Division of Soils.
St. Anthony Park, May. 20, 1909
Mr. W. H. Quist,
Mavie, Minn.

Dear Sir:—

The samples of potatoes which you have sent to the laboratory have been analised with the following results:

	Protein	Moisture	Ash	Starch & carbo hydrates.
Early Ohios	2.66	83.50	.75	13.09
Burbanks	2.62	80.15	.70	16.53
Rural New Yorkers	2.15	80.17	.71	16.97

There appears to be no appreciable difference between the starch content of the Burbanks and the Rural New Yorkers. As to the selection of these two varieties it is a question entirely of yield.

In case that we can give you any further information, I shall be pleased to hear from you.

Yours Truly,
HARRY SNYDER.

This statement is indeed very en-

THE GREATEST CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
GUARANTEED CURE FOR
Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Weakness of the Lungs, Asthma and all diseases of
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

Eleven years ago Dr. King's New Discovery permanently cured me of a severe and dangerous throat and lung trouble, and I've been a well man ever since.—G. O. Floyd, Merchant, Kershaw, S. C.

PRICE 50c AND $1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
ALL DEALERS

THE NEWS.
R
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PER
YEAR

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DEL, Prop.
CKS,
PORTING GOODS.
ecialty.
F RIVER FALLS, MINN.

per Year

RETAKE OF PRECEDING PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Extraordinary
MAY SALE!

150
Boys' and Children's Suits to be sold at prices unheard of before.
A SURPRISE FOR EVERYBODY.

CLOTHING
100
Men's Suits to be sold at COST.
STOCK TOO LARGE, MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE!

Greatest bargains in Clothing ever offered in Thief River Falls. Do not miss this sale!
With each Men's Suit at $15 or over, we will give the choice of any $1.25 Dress Shirt in our store.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

$1000 in Ladies, Misses' and Children's shoes, to be closed out at
Cost and Below Cost.
Also some Men's Shoes in the same deal.

We have the best shoe lines in the City, but our stock is too large and
Must be Reduced.
OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN.

Come and See for Yourself.
This Sale is for Month of May Only. ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Langseth Mercantile Co.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

C. H. Newbury & Co.
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE
BUS IN CONNECTION
Thief River Falls, Minn.

HOWELL PLANER AND MATCHER

We Also Have Second-Hand Machinery
Established 1879

You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by
R. R. HOWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE NEWS.
THIEF RIVER FALLS'
LEADING NEWSPAPER
$1.00 PER YEAR

A HOTEL DINNER.

The Husband Ordered It, and His Wife Criticised It.

On the midnight train ride from town, where he and his wife had been entertaining one of his best patients at dinner and the theater, the suburban doctor spoke bitterly:

"What a dinner! And it cost $15. The cooking in these big hotels is atrocious. They smear sauces over everything. I suppose it is to hide poor materials."

"It isn't the fault of the cooking that our dinner was a failure. It was its selection that doomed it."

"What was the matter with the selection?"

"You should not have done the ordering. You have your meals chosen for you almost every day in the year. It is the women of people in our circumstances who ought to arrange the menus at restaurants. Look what you ordered! Bisque of lobster—a soup with a body of thick white sauce. Sweetbreads—cooked, as usual, with a cream dressing. Virginia ham with champagne sauce—a brown sauce as thick as molasses. Then for dessert you took a chance on pudding Reine Victoria—candied fruit and lady fingers swimming in soft custard."

"Well, how is a fellow to know? Lobster soup, sweetbreads, Virginia ham and pudding Reine Victoria—it sounds fine."

"But a woman knows that it is a wretched combination of splendid dishes. It is the woman's dull duty to choose menus for 365 days in the year. She learns a good deal about selection. Yet when a sum of money, equal to a week's food expenses, is to be squandered on one dinner at a hotel it is the man who seizes the menu and tries to look capable. He makes a failure frequently, as you did tonight. It would have been a pleasure for me to order a fifteen dollar dinner—a change from manipulating dinner for four on $1. But men feel too important in a restaurant to submit the menu to their wives for assistance."—Exchange.

He Came Back Hard.

"That boy," said the Billville farmer, "beats my time! Jest now when I quoted Scripter to him he come back at me hard!"

"You don't say?"

"Shore! I told him to git a hoe an' foller the furrow. 'Thar's gold in the land,' I said. An' what do you reckon he made answer?"

"You tell it."

"'Father,' he says, 'I don't keer fer the gold o' this here world. I've laid up treasure in heaven!'"—Atlanta Constitution.

NEWS OF WORLD

Important Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

NEWS OF NOTED PERSONS

Paying a tribute alike to the soldiers of the North and South President Taft witnessed the unveiling of an heroic statue in bronze erected at Fort Mahone, on the Petersburg (Va.) battlefield, in memory of General Hartranft and the Pennsylvania volunteers who fell in the stubborn fight about that outpost of the Confederate capital.

Mrs. William H. Taft, suffering from a slight nervous breakdown, was taken ill when on her way from Washington to Mount Vernon on the yacht Sylph with a party of friends and was hurried back to the White House. It is said that there is no cause for alarm and that Mrs. Taft probably will be all right again in a few days.

Julian W. Swift, nephew of the multimillionaire meat packer of Chicago and a millionaire in his own right, was married in Hoboken, N. J., to Miss Mary Emma Miller, a beautiful young heiress of Lafayette, N. Y., whom he met only three weeks ago and with whom he eloped.

Rear Admiral W. T. Swinburne, commanding the Pacific fleet, hauled down his flag on the cruiser West Virginia, having reached the age of retirement, and Rear Admiral Uriel Sebree, commander of the Second division of the fleet, took command of the whole.

Mrs. Clementine Morse, wife of Charles W. Morse, the former banker, asserted in an interview at New York that long ago persons high in power vowed they would ruin her husband and that they have kept the vow against justice and truth.

Helen Kelly Gould was granted an absolute divorce at New York from Frank J. Gould. Mrs. Gould is granted custody of their children for one portion of each year and Mr. Gould to have their custody for the remaining portion.

Adrian C. Honore of Chicago, brother of Mrs. Potter-Palmer and himself a prominent society man, is made defendant in a suit for $50,000 damages brought by James P. Lapearl, who charges alienation of his wife's affections.

Alfred Shrubb, English middle distance running champion, proved his ability to go further than fifteen miles in a winning style by defeating Henri St. Yves, Marathon champion, in their twenty-mile race at Montreal.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Day by day the scope of what is now known as the Japanese "sugar scandal" increases and the arm of the law is being stretched into places high and low to arrest and expose those responsible for the most gigantic series of irregularities ever brought to light in Japan. There have been arrested so far twenty members of parliament and six directors of the company.

Lieutenant General Stoessel and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, Russian commanders in war with Japan, have been released from confinement in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul by order of Emperor Nicholas. The health of both men has been gravely affected by their confinement.

The conditions in the refugee camps in Adana province, Asiatic Turkey, are pitiable. Many thousands of unfortunates are huddled together and lack food, shelter and medical aid. The authorities are making efforts to improve the situation and send the refugees back to their farms.

The curtain has been rung down upon the general strike at Paris amid recriminations by the leaders, who tried to throw the responsibility for the failure upon each other and the defeated postal employes. The end came when a few hundred laborers voted to resume work.

Notwithstanding the decision of the French General Federation of Labor to call off the strike the sailors, stokers and stewards of the merchant marine have gone out at Marseilles, Toulon and Havre and the movement is likely to extend to other French ports.

With but slight variation from its action at the final adjournment of the sessions of 1905 the Philippine general assembly, in the closing hours of its present session, adopted a second resolution declaring in favor of the independence of the islands.

George Meredith, the English novelist, is dead in London. The immediate cause of death was heart failure. Mr. Meredith's illness began on May 15 and he had steadily declined since that time.

LABOR NEWS.

Upon the decision of T. V. O'Connor, president of the International Longshoremen's association, now depends whether the members of that organization will join in the marine workers' strike on the Great Lakes. Delegates from fifty-six locals along the lower lakes voted to place the strike question entirely in O'Connor's hands.

The Georgia railroad is completely tied up by a strike of firemen. The management is not trying to move trains, simply announcing that it has the men, the means and the equipment to proceed and will do so when the state announces it is ready to protect property and employes.

MINNEAPOLIS MEN DROWNED

Their Skiff Capsizes in a Lake Near St. Paul.

Through the capsizing of the skiff from which they were fishing Thomas Dunn and Roy Wagner, both of Minneapolis, were drowned in Turtle lake, which is located a short distance beyond the J. J. Hill farm near St. Paul. Several other boats were on the lake at the time the accident happened, but were so far away that the occupants could not save the men. Dunn was taken from the lake still conscious, but he died shortly after reaching the shore, while rescuers were desperately trying to resuscitate him. Later the body of Wagner was recovered.

The accident happened in a part of the lake which is included in Ramsey county and Coroner Arthur W. Miller brought the two bodies to St. Paul. They were later claimed by relatives and taken to Minneapolis.

Dunn was the proprietor of a saloon. He was forty-two years old and was single.

Wagner was a carpenter, thirty-five years old. He is survived by a widow and two children.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE

Nomination of C. A. Willard to Be Federal Judge in Minnesota.

The nomination of Judge C. A. Willard of Minneapolis, lately in the Philippines as a jurist, to be United States judge in Minnesota, has been confirmed by the senate.

This is a life appointment and ends a controversy that has involved the federal judgeship in Minnesota for over two years, because Senator Knute Nelson would not permit the confirmation of Judge Milton D. Purdy, who was appointed by former President Roosevelt over the senator's opposition.

AFFECTS LONG ROUTES ONLY

Bill to Increase Pay of Rural Mail Carriers.

An increase in the rates of pay for rural free delivery mail carriers is provided for in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Steenerson of Minnesota. It provides that after July 1, 1911, letter carriers of the rural delivery upon routes exceeding twenty-four miles in length shall be paid at the rate of $37.50 per mile per annum for the first twenty-four miles and $18.75 per mile per annum for each additional mile of route over twenty-four miles.

EMBEZZLER IS SENTENCED

Minneapolis Bank Teller Gets Five Years in Prison.

Ellis W. Niles, former receiving teller of the First National bank of Minneapolis and the confessed embezzler of $20,000, was sentenced to serve five years in the state penitentiary at Stillwater. Good behavior will reduce the time to 3 years, 7 months and 18 days.

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ELLIOTT GOING TO MANILA

Minnesota Supreme Court Judge Will Resign.

It is officially announced at St. Paul that Thomas D. O'Brien of that city will be named a justice of the supreme court to succeed Charles B. Elliott of Minneapolis, who will tender his resignation to Governor Johnson before the close of the month.

Judge Elliott goes to the Philippines, where he will succeed Judge C. A. Willard as associate justice of the supreme court of that district. Judge Willard is now federal judge, having been appointed by President Taft vice Milton D. Purdy, whose appointment by former President Roosevelt was refused confirmation by the senate.

HELD TO THE GRAND JURY

St. Paul Girl Accused of the Murder of Her Father.

Louise Arbogast has been held for the grand jury at St. Paul on the charge of murdering her father, Louis Arbogast. Following the action of the court she discussed business affairs clearly and lucidly, with no indication of mental trouble.

Louise Arbogast, in an interview with friends, positively denies having done the murder and says she does not know who did it.

Miss Arbogast's arraignment was private, Judge Hanft excluding all but attorneys, attaches of the court and representatives of the press.

DROWNS PURSUED BY POSSE

Finlander Beset by Moorhead Citizens Plunges Into River.

While seeking to escape from a posse of citizens of Moorhead which was pursuing him, John Frafa, a Finlander, after running through the heart of the city dashed into the Red river in an attempt to swim to the North Dakota side. After taking a few strokes he went down and drowned. He had stabbed a stranger and feared arrest.

Second Robbery in a Year.

A gang of burglars blew open the safe in the North St. Paul postoffice and secured about $200 in cash and stamps. The safe was blown to pieces and the two-story brick building was badly damaged by the explosion. It is the second time the office has been robbed within a year.

Balm for Broken Heart.

Miss Olive M. Hill, a nurse of St. Paul, was awarded a verdict of $5,000 against Hugh A. Jones, the station agent at the village of Newport, in her breach of promise of marriage suit at Stillwater.

Bishop Cotter Near Death.

The condition of Bishop Cotter of the Winona diocese is most serious. Death is expected at any time. His heart weakness is aggravated by kidney trouble.

THE NEWS

BY JOHN W. EASTMAN.

$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

To the efforts of the Salvation army is due the fact that something like 50,000 persons, taken from slums of congested English cities—principally London—have been located upon government land in canada. How different from the high-toned churches of England with their aristocratic, silk-stockinged congregations. The poor wretches who dwell in the slums might starve and rot before assistance in any form would come from that source. Nothwitstanding the methods of the Salvation army are decried by some religious denomination, the organization is engaged in the greatest humanitarian work of this age.—Princeton-Union.

It has been suggested that a gigantic statue of an Indian be put up in New York harbor to keep the Goddess of Liberty company. The pose of the red man is one of welcome to his white brothers. After the treatment the Indians have received in this country such a statue would border on the sarcastic, if not the rediculous. But there are mighty few of the aborigines left to kick, and why should we care how they feel about it at this late day.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

"Keep the man on the farm" is a favorite warning from the economists. Something should be done to keep the girl on the farm, or at least to keep her there until she knows exactly what she is to do when she comes to the city; knows who invites her and who is to meet her when she comes. The big cities are overstocked with country girls who seek El Dorado and find trouble as well as worse. St. Paul Dispatch.

The movement started by H. E. Ives, of St. Hilaire, to circulate a monster petition asking Gov. Johnson to call an extra session of the legislature to consider the matter of re-districting the state is meeting with favor in all parts of Northern Minnesota. Unless an extra session is called, it will be six years before the legislature takes any action.

When General Stoessel was released from prison he prayed for the Czar of Russia. It is to be hoped that the czar will not take offense on the ground that Stoessel's action indicated a belief on his part that the little father needed praying for.

Nobody in Washington has gone so far as to frame a bill making it a criminal offense to be a consumer.

Juniors Banquet the Seniors.

The junior senior banquet of the Thief River Falls high school was held Friday evening at the Hotel Evelyn. Covers were laid for forty-nine, this number including the high school faculty as well as the members of the two upper classes. The local high school has advanced in numbers so rapidly during the last three years that it now ranks fourth in point of enrollment among the schools of Northern Minnesota. Besides the usual courses found in a high school, it maintains complete commercial and normal training departments. To do domestic science and agriculture work will also be extended this year so as to install these lines of effort in entirety in the school. The total enrollment of pupils in all the schools of city is 1,150.

ONLY 50 CENTS

to make your baby strong and well. A fifty-cent bottle of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will change a sickly baby to a plump, rollicking child in summer as well as in winter. Only one cent a day—think of it—and it's as nice as cream.

Get a small bottle now. All Druggists

THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD

Bemidji Did Not Come.

The Bemidji base ball team was billed to play a game with the Thief River Falls club at the fair grounds in this city on Sunday, but at the last moment the manager of the Bemidji team phoned to Manager Bird that on account of the death of the young daughter of the catcher for the Bemidji club the game would have to be called off. We note by the Bemidji papers, however, that they played two games of ball in Bemidji Sunday, one with Cass Lake and one with Bagley.

No Difference.

A certain authority says that the man who "does not provide for his family is worse than an infidel." The same may with equal truth be said of the man who does not stand by his own town. To speak disparagingly of one's own town, to point out its shortcomings and be silent as to its merits, to trade elsewhere and care not if the home merchants starve, to complain of men in office and do nothing to help put good men in—all this is unpatriotic and is the same in character if not in degree with the action of men who constantly praise other countries at the expense of their own.

Reiner.

The weather of late has been rather damp, and some of the farmers have not got their seeding done on account of too much rain.

We saw by the last week's News that a special agent is to be sent out to find out why the settlers have not met the payments on their land when they were due. If he comes out among the settlers on the eleven towns and looks the country over, I think he will easily find the reasons. It is too bad that our office men did not investigate the country before it was thrown open for settlement. Now it looks as if the settlers will be forced to dig up. Why is it that the government does not make a move to drain the country? They allow thousands of dollars for other purposes, why not allow a few thousand dollars for draining this part of the country as well? If our law makers did not have any bigger incomes during the year than the settlers out here get out of their farming, I think they would be heading for the harvest fields of North Dakota, as we have to do.

The rushing work out here now is grubbing and hauling stones, we are waiting for dryer weather before we can start to turn the sod.

The cement floor in the creamery will soon be laid and our creamery will be in operation.

Else Berg is staying with her aunt while attending school.

It is interesting to note how often the robin, one of the most valuable of the bird friends of man, will build its nest and rear its young in close proximity to his habitations. It may be in the Virginia creeper over or near the door, within easy reach; on joist or board in shed or outbuilding or perhaps on the window sill of house or barn. In any event the redbreast seems to realize that he will be immune from attack by his human friends, while he has also doubtless noticed that when the rest is so placed his bird and animal enemies seldom come to disturb its quest.

Much may be done to increase the vitality of the ears which grow in the experimental seed plot, whether all of the seed planted in one row is from a single ear or not, by detasseling every other row in the block before they mature pollen. This will insure a cross fertilization. That is, the ears in the detasseled rows will be fertilized by pollen from the tassels in adjoining rows, with the result that the ears in such rows will likely be much more strong and vigorous. It is from such detasseled rows that ears should be selected for next year's seed, the very best being saved for next year's corn breeding plot.

A friend who was classed as one of the fortunate ones in the Tripp county (S. D.) land drawing has recently made a careful inspection of what he deemed the best land yet to be allotted and after debating the matter concluded the land which was still available for entry was not worth the $6 per acre which the government asked for it. He found the land in question stony and sandy and in many places too rough for agricultural purposes, even if the soil and rainfall had been all right. He has this consolation, however—that there are about 2,500 other "fortunate ones" who are in the same boat with himself.

Many a hardworking tiller of the soil labors under the self imposed handicap of valuing more highly than he should the things he learns from his own operations and belittling so much of that which he might make use of brought to his notice through magazine or paper. It is because of this fact, in part at least, that so many agriculturists plod along in the same old ruts of their forefathers and that many others, having less experience, but willing to follow the best methods they can learn of, achieve a larger success in their farming operations. In no business calling do men get too old to learn. In no line should this be kept more clearly in mind than in farming, in which there has been a virtual revolution in methods in the past twenty-five years.

BIG DRAINAGE PROJECT

Two Large Ditches to Be Built Up in the Grygla and Rollis Country.

Ditches to Cost in the Neighborhood of $200,000 and Will Drain Much Land.

County Attorney Brown of Warren was in the city Monday, being enroute home from Grygla, where a monster drainage meeting had been held on Saturday. Mr. Brown states that the meeting was a very enthusiastic one and that about 150 settlers were in attendance. Most of the settlers were from Marshall county, but six townships in Beltrami county had representatives at the meeting.

Mr. Brown explained the drainage laws to the settlers and the result was that a petition for two large drainage ditches were started. One of the ditches follows the route of the Mud lake ditch laid out by the U. S. government surveyors, except that it will go south of Mud lake instead of through that body of water and empty with Thief river about five or six miles north of Thief River Falls. The other ditch will drain the land east of the Thief Lake. Competent engineers are of the opinion that when these ditches are built, the whole country will be drained as dry as a bone.

The preliminary work of establishing these ditches will be commenced at once and the contract for doing the work can be let by the 1st of August. It is possible that some of the work can be done this year. The cost of building these two ditches is going to cost in the neighborhood of $200,000.

Mr. Brown also stated the state has decided to do much more work upon Thief River than had at first been contemplated and State Engineer Ralph had prepared new plans whereby the surface of the lake would be lowered two feet.

Adverised Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office at Thief River Falls, Minn., for the week ending May 22, 1909, if not called for within two weeks from date will be sent to Dead Letter Office, Washington D. C.

Myre Peter,
Brayette Morris,
Hovelsrud Halvod,
Cook Frank,
Amunson Mrs. A.
Hendrickson A.
Fellows Mrs. D. K.
Bernard Louis,
Saastad Truls O.
Hanson Walter,
Moen Miss Tillie,
Poppoff Mihal Stou,

When calling for any of the above, please say, advertised.

Frank H. Kratka,
Postmaster.

Nationalism in Music.

It is a curious fact that no great national music has ever been written among a people living under a republican form of government. The Swiss are, perhaps, the oldest example of a people living permanently under that regime, and there has never been a Swiss composer of any note or of even moderate ability. Against this it may be urged that the American democracy is unquestionably sui generis; that nothing like it has ever existed before, and that for this reason, being in a position to make precedent for ourselves we need not necessarily consider democracy per se as inimical to musical development. On the contrary, the very variety of the elements which are now forming the American nation would argue in favor of the possibility of the foundation of a national school of music, which, in uniting the characteristics of many peoples, might in time develop into something broader and stronger, fresher, more vital and more spontaneous than anything the world has hitherto seen.—Reginald de Koven in North American Review.

A Sign of Death.

There may have been many "signs" of death—so some people believe—but one described here is probably new to many. Mr. W. B. Cooper of Cheltenham tells of his father being ill, but not confined to bed, and one sunny day in June when he walked across the garden another man, the facsimile of his father, met him and "apparently passed into him."

"Shortly after my father came to me and said, 'Did you see me go across the garden?' I said, 'Yes.' 'Well,' he said, 'I shan't be here long. Our family see themselves before they die.' Although I had seen this, I said, 'Nonsense.' He shook his head and walked away. Shortly after he took to his bed and died July 5. My father during the few days he was in bed—we were haymaking at the time—asked each morning, 'Which field are you in now?' When we came to a certain field called 'Cadley,' he said, with a sigh of great satisfaction, 'Ah, I shall die now.'"

He died the same morning near midday.—T. P.'s London Weekly.

Subscribe for the News.

THE LYCEUM THEATER.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY WEDNESDAY —AND— SATURDAY.

MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 4 O'CLOCK.

MUSIC BY City Orchestra TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

PERFORMANCES AT 7:30, 8:30 AND 9:30.

Rev. I. W. Williamson's Letter.

Rev. I. W. Williamson, Huntington, W. Va., writes: "This is to certify that I used Foley's Kidney Remedy for nervous exhaustion and kidney trouble and am free to say that it will do all that you claim for it." Foley's Kidney Remedy has restored health and strength to thousands of weak, run down people. Contains no harmful drugs and is pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

A few diamond broaches and diamond cuff buttons to be closed out at about cost. Anyone interested requested to call at A. Anderson's jewelry store and see what a small amount of money will buy.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Wilhelm Michelet,

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES, FINAL PROOFS AND GENERAL LAND OFFICE BUSINESS. : : :

THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

CONNELLY'S ADDITION

To Thief River Falls lying two blocks south of Knox school. Acre and half acre lots. Fine residence property. Terms to suit purchaser.

D. Connelly, Phone No. 272.

The News: $1 per Year

You Will SAVE MONEY By Trading With

GILBERT SANDUM

GENERAL MERCHANDISE
North Main Avenue — In Evenson Building

I am under small expense and therefore can sell merchandise at a closer margin then my competitors. I will quote you a few items in the grocery line and you can judge for yourself.

This low price is for cash only.

Will sell 100 lbs flour for	$3	Small size Whitefish, per pound	5c
18 lbs granulated sugar for	$1	Potato Starch, per package	6c
D Hiawatha coffee, per package	22c	Extra choice dry peaches	10c
E Hiawatha coffee, per package	18c	Fancy Evaporated Apples	10c
7 bars laundry soap	25c	3 cans Big R Tomatoes	25c
3 cans Weiner salmon	25c	2 cans Wampum Tomatoes	25c
16 ounzes Calumet Baking Powder	19c	Yeast Foam, per cake	4c
Good Prunes, per pound	5c	Hiawatha Cornstarch, per package	6c

All Dry Goods and Shoes 20 per cent off.

These are just a few items specified, but we will give you a special reduction in every line. You are all cordially invited to call and convince yourselves.

Butter, Eggs and Farm Produce taken in at highest prices.

Remember the place, North Main Avenue, Phone 263.

YOURS FOR SQUARE DEALING,

GILBERT SANDUM

DISSOLUTION SALE!

At The Golden Rule Store

The response to our Dissolution Sale announcement of April 26th has been much greater than we expected. Hundreds and thousands of people have attended this great sale and benefited thereby. If you have not already had the opportunity to select your Spring and Summer needs for yourself and family at this great sale---there is yet time. We can show you that we are saving you big money on anything you want or need---ask anyone---(There are many of them) who have made purchases at the Golden Rule during this Great Dissolution Sale---They can tell you. Look over the many items here mentioned and make a note of what you may want or need for yourself or your children and come straight to us and see how easy you can save from 15c to 50c on the dollar.

In The Dry Goods Department

Black or Colored Dress Goods, Summer Goods, Percales, Ginghams,

Towels, and Towling, Muslins, Sheetings, Curtaining, Blankets and Comforters, Skirts, Coats, Waists, Wrappers, Petticoats, Muslin Underwear, Ladies', Misses' or Children's

Underwear and Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Parasals, Children's Underwear

In The Clothing and Shoe Department

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits for Men, Cravenette Coats, Rain Coats

Suits for Boys, Men's and Boys' Underwear, Shirts and Hats, Caps, Gloves, Trousers, Mackinaws, Duck Coats,

Shoes for Every Member of the Family, Trunks and Traveling Bags

IN THE GROCERY DEPARTMENT---Your wants for the table can be supplied at the Golden Rule Grocery and a good deal cheaper than ever before---We don't care where you have been getting heretofore---See our price list on another page.

The GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE.

"THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY."

TOWN TALES TERSELY TOLD.

Read the Golden Rule ad.

Dr. Vistaunet, Evenson block.

Audley Caldwell was up from Bijou to spend Sunday.

J. D. Abott was down from Rollis the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Olson were over to Warren last week.

For Sale or Trade.—Fine Hamiltonian stallion. Tessum Bros'. feed store.

Oscar Carlson spent last Friday at Viking attending to business matters.

O. J. Blom was down to St. Paul the first of the week with two car loads of cattle.

"Dad" Newbery was down from his farm in the town of Clover Leaf the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dobner returned from their trip to La Crosse and Lake City last Friday.

Mrs. Robert Vance and Miss Etta Flynn were down to St. Paul last week visiting friends.

Mrs. Marshall was up from Red Lake Falls the first of the week, the guest of Mrs. C. C. Jackson.

A. C. Baker, of Decorah, Iowa, was in the city last week looking after his business interests here.

Don't pay two prices for Land or City property. See Hager the land man and get some of his closing out Snaps.

W. C. Addy, the merchant prince of Strandquist, was in the city last week attending to business matters.

Anyone desiring to hold an auction sale is requested to see Charles M. Evenson. Terms better than ever.

Mrs. James [illegible] leaves the first of next week for Prince Albert to join her husband and make her future home.

Every smoker should be patriotic to his home town and call for Fred's Guarantee Cigars. They are made here in Thief River Falls.

Devany's new ice cream parlor, just opened on Main Ave., [illegible]. Would be pleased to have you give us a call. For VELVET ice cream beats them all.

Dr. G. A. Penney, dentist, Evenson blk.

—Sand and gravel for sale by George Newberry.

Dr. Booren, dentist, Jackson & McGinn blk.

Mayor Hamre was up to Greenbush the first of the week.

Charles N. Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city Monday.

Willard Provincher was down to Crookston the first of the week.

Andrew Stenseth was over to points in North Dakotah last week.

For water telephone No. 71, or leave orders at Pete Ellingson's restaurant.

Attorney Stanton was down to Red Lake Falls last week attending to legal business.

Have you seen the rugs at Hicks'? Only a few more days left. Sale closes May 22.

L. M. Mithun, county superintendent of schools of Marshall county, was in the city last week.

Velvet ice cream beats 'em all. Try it. At Devany's ice cream parlor on Main avenue.

C. M. Evenson has spent the past week in Wisconsin looking for prospective land purchasers.

Mrs. S. A. Lamont was called to Cooperstown, N. D., Monday by the death of her brother's wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Casper Weiner went to St. Paul last Friday, called there by the death of Mrs. Weiner's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Goebler and daughter, Alice, left this morning for Wisconsin to spend a few weeks visiting with friends.

Misses Pansy, Blanch and Maud Newbury leave the first of next week for the summer home of the Newbury's in the town of Clover Leaf where they will spend a vacation of several weeks.

W. A. Kratka, who a few years ago removed to Los Angeles, Cal., with his family, arrived in the city last Friday and will spend several weeks here looking after his business interests and visiting friends.

Devany's confectionery store, 207 Main avenue.

M. V. Evenson returned Monday from a business trip to Wisconsin.

—Dr. H. G. Hieber, office and residence Evenson block. Phone 244.

Fred's Guarantee Cigars are pure and free from all artificial flavor. Try them.

Frank Bergling, of Tworwick, was in the city last week and made this office a pleasant call.

For ice cream and refreshments go to Devany's confectionery store, 207 Main avenue.

A. O. Trosvig, of Rothsay, Minn., who owns some land up near Thorwick, was here last week looking after his interests.

An up-to-date six room house and barn with three lots, six blocks from postoffice. Inquire of P. H. Devany. 20-tf.

Rev. D. K. Lawrie will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning and evening. Morning subject: "Faith's Part." Evening subject: "The Two Doors."

You can find Hager the Land Man second door north of First National Bank. Money to loan on land and city property. Land and city property for sale and for rent. Big snap. House and five lots for $400.

For Sale—160 acres choice land 7 miles northeast of Thief River Falls. $17 per acre. Part cash and long time on balance. N. E. ¼ 21-154-42. Look the land over for yourself. House and barn and 30 acres under cultivation. Address, C. C. Hoagland, Veblen, S. Dak.

New Directories Are Out.

John H. Ley, the publisher of the new Thief River Falls directory, arrived in the city last week and has been busy this week making delivery of the directories. They are all well printed and bound and contain much valuable information about the city.

M. E. Church.

Services in M. E. Church as follows Sunday:

Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching, 11:00 a. m.
Junior League, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 2:30 p. m.
Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Thursday at 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
Everybody invited.

J. B. Smith, Pastor.

SOO LETS THE CONTRACT

Foley Brothers of Duluth to Build Thief River Falls-Duluth Road.

Road to Be an Air Line and Will Cost in the Neighborhood of $5,000,000.

The following taken from the St. Paul Daily News of Monday will be of much local interest:

The Soo line has let a contract for a line from Thief River Falls to Duluth.

The work will be done by Foley Bros. of St. Paul and will begin at once.

This was confirmed this morning by the firm.

It was also said that $5,000,000, the estimated cost of the work as given to The Daily News, was somewhat too high.

The Soo cannot handle any Twin City-Duluth business now except by way of Glenwood.

The Thief River Falls line is an extention almost in a straight line of the Soo's wheatline, which leaves the Winnipeg main line at Thief River Falls and almost directly west through the wheat country to Kenmare.

At present the Soo can take wheat into Duluth only by a roundabout way.

The line as projected runs from Thief River Falls to the south line of Red Lake, from there to a point on the south side of Leach lake; then to Moose lake, where it strikes and follows pretty closely the line of the N. P. into Duluth through Superior.

Wants to Locate Here.

Joseph Hajecek, owner of a large brewery at Hutchinson, Minn., is very desirous of removing his plant to Thief River Falls and will do so if the citizens here furnish him with a free location. Mr. Hajecek's plant at Hutchinson is said to be valued in the neighborhood of $72,000 and he has plenty of money with which to conduct the business on a large scale. Mr. Hajecek has requested Henry Hadrath of the Northern Minnesota Land company, to take the matter up with the citizens of Thief River Falls and see what can be done in the matter.

The Peoples Drug Store

ARNOLD BJERKHOEL, Prop.

DRUGS, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, STATIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, SPORTING GOODS, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

Prescription Work a Specialty.

PHONE NO. 24. THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

IN order to close out our line of gang plows, breaking plows, sulkey plows, disc harrows and road scrapers we will sell the same at greatly reduced prices. Now is the time to buy if you are in need of anything in this line.

JACKSON & McGINN

Agents for the Great Western Cream Separator, the BEST ON THE MARKET.

THE NEWS: $1.00 PER YEAR

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

News of General Interest from Three Countries.

MONUMENT AT PULTAVA

Russian Czar Gives Sweden Permission to Erect a Statue in Memory of the Swedes Who Fell at That Place in 1709—Design and Inscription Inspected by the Russian Legation in Stockholm and Then Approved by the Czar.

SWEDEN.

It will seem sort of strange that the Swedes would want to erect a monument at Pultava, but such is nevertheless the case and they have now received permission from the Russian czar to erect a monument there. The monument is being made at the Vanevik granite quarry in Smaland. It is a huge granite block about nineteen feet high and six feet across the base and weighing about twenty tons. The following inscription will appear in Swedish on the monument: "To the memory of Swedes who fell here in 1709. This stone is erected by countrymen in 1909." The Swedish inscription was proposed by the Swedish Academy of Sciences, History and Antiquities, and the Russian translation has been made by General Bilderling. The design of the inscription was inspected at the Russian legation in Stockholm, and as a matter of formality it has been approved of by the czar. The monument will be taken to Riga by steamer and thence by rail to Pultava. It is to be erected on one of the low hills under which the Swedish warriors were laid to rest. Twelve stones will be put up around the monument at some distance, and these will be connected by heavy anchor cables. Wild Swedish meadow flowers will be sown within this inclosure and Swedish oaks or other suitable trees will be planted around the hill.

The funeral of J. A. W. Lindmansson, the master bookbinder of Stockholm, took place from the Klara church a few days ago. The event was a most impressive one, as the deceased was a prominent citizen of the city, and was well known for his many philanthropies. His will makes, among others, the following donations: To the home for widows, 400,000 crowns; to the home for men, 400,000 crowns; to the civic aid society, 50,000 crowns; to the industrial society, 50,000 crowns; to the Stockholm hospital, 30,000 crowns; book sellers' help association, 20,000 crowns; to the Masonic orphans' home, 20,000 crowns; to the mission orphanage, 10,000 crowns; society for prevention of cruelty to animals, 5,000 crowns; to Klara congregation poor fund, 5,000 chowns. His will also provided for pensions for a great many of his employes with large cash donations for others. His donations during his lifetime were many, as he desired to keep his fortune down to the million mark. His memory will long live in the hearts of a grateful people.

Queen Victoria arrived from Capri in Venice the other day and will remain there for an indefinite period. She is suffering from nervousness and will not return to Sweden until the latter part of June and cannot come then unless a change for the better sets in with her health. The queen cannot stand chilly weather and the spring and summer in Stockholm have during the last few years been unusually cool and damp.

A Stockholm paper says: "The National Museum, although only fifty years old is gradually crumbling and it is necessary to begin repairs on the building at once. The riksdag has already spent 50,000 crowns on repairs on this building during the last five years, but the way matters appear now the entire building will have to be rebuilt.

The Swedish riksdag, by reducing the tariff on French wines, stirred up the temperance people of Sweden to renewed activity lately. The temperance movement was started at a comparatively late date in Denmark, but the Danish temperance people know no rest, and they will soon catch up with their neighbors.

There is a great scarcity of hay in the southern part of the country and a great many farmers have been compelled to use ordinary heather as fodder. It is not a very good substitute, but there simply is no hay, so what is there to do?

Edward Cedergren, a wealthy merchant of Stockholm, has donated 50,000 crowns to the Anti-Tuberculosis society. Mr. Cedergren has on many former occasions donated large sums of money to charitable institutions.

King Frederick of Denmark has awarded Sven Hedin a medal of honor with a crown of gold. Outside of the king no person in Sweden has at present so many medals and decorations as Dr. Sven Hedin.

Count Arvid F. Taube has been appointed minister of foreign affairs and Statsminister Lindemann will attend to the affairs of the office until Count Taube will be ready to assume his duties.

NORWAY.

There are no hates so bitter as those arising from brothers' quarrels. Nor does anger ever so quickly kindle as between men of the same blood. A trifle that would not arouse even notice from a stranger will sometimes lead to the disruption of families, and in this universally human trait nations are like families. Never were two nations more closely bound together by every natural tie than the Swedes and Norwegians. Yet never has a weaker brother chafed more restlessly under the dominion of a stronger than Norway chafed against the throne of Sweden. When at last the Norwegians declared their independence, in 1905, King Oscar, a gentleman and noble soul, yielded to their claims for the sake of peace. Perhaps among no other than these blond-haired peoples of northern Europe could such a thing have been accomplished without bloodshed. But the Swedish king was a man of peace, and Norway was allowed to take its way with its boon. But there remains no balm in Sweden. The separation left the bitterness in the Swedes which the union had nurtured in Norway before. Recently Haakon VII., wishing to honor some of the Swedish diplomats with a bit of ribbon, asked for the usual permission from Gustavus. To the amazement of European courts, where such a request from one sovereign to another is invariably granted, the Swedish king replied that he wished no officer or citizen of Sweden to wear a Norwegian decoration. It was a tactless thing to do, and revealed a petty nature in a king. Oscar would have been far more wise and as courteous as he was wise. Now Sweden's churlishness will be matched by Norway's resentment, and the breach between the two will grow wider. Luckily their land lies high up under the northern stars, where the blood is slow and heads are kept cool. Kingdoms have gone to war for such trifles, ere now, and in a southern country the spark so enkindled would expand under the heat of fancy and a furious pride until it would burst into a flame. What a sorry sight to see the two most democratic people of Europe brought near to blows over a bauble, through the blunder of a king." The above is from the Washington Post. We publish it to show what misleading information even a great paper like the Washington Post can get a hold of once in a while. There is absolutely no sign of any trouble between these two countries today and if it should come, there will be greater things at stake than the mere exchange of "a bit of ribbon." Since the dissolution of the union, Sweden and Norway both have been making splendid progress and neither the Swedish nor the Norwegian Press is very billigerent, at present. The fact that Sweden refuses to recognize decorations from the Norwegian St. Olaf Order and other Norwegian orders, does not necessarily mean that she is willing to go to war about it.

"Den syttnde Mai" was patriotically celebrated all over Norway and all over the northwest and Canada, in fact wherever the Norwegians have settled the day was observed. May 17 is the Norwegian Fourth of July, Norway's independence day, and it is the one day in the year when it is pretty certain that every Norwegian will take the day off and proceed to enjoy himself. In Christiania, Throndhjem and Bergen there were great civic parades and thousands of people flocked to these cities from the surrounding country districts. Men, women and children by the thousands turned out in their holiday attire, listening to speeches, music and songs. Since the dissolution of the union the character of these celebrations have grown more patriotic from year to year and even in America, especially in the northwest, where so many Norwegians have located, the 17th of May is observed as a great holiday.

DENMARK.

When the Copenhagen city council met last week for the first time since election no less than seven women took their seats in the body as "city mothers" along with the city fathers. The men gallantly escorted the women to their places. Of course this marks an epoch in the city government. Because of the women taking a seat in the city council there will not be any revolution by any means, but certain it is that the women members are going to stand for a series of reform movements at all costs and there is where perhaps the shoe will pinch. All the women members of the council are intelligent and well educated and the gentlemen end of the council will undoubtedly have all that it can take care of. While it is not expected that the women are going to have their own way in everything exactly, it is quite certain at present that they will come pretty nearly running the council. Now it will be an interesting thing to see if they are equal to the situation.

Danish physicians and students are much interested in the claims authoritatively made in London concerning the success of a new treatment for tuberculosis discovered by William Doig, a layman. The Danish journals, especially the medical journals, have been full of speculative comment regarding the new treatment and many expert opinions have been expressed pro and con. The nature of the treatment is a poultice containing acids and chloride to be placed on the body near the affected part, membrane or bone. In about a week an ulcer is formed, connected by what is called a ray of inflammation with the diseased organ. This forms a duct through which the pus is drawn out. The ulcer needs to be carefully dressed twice a day with a certain salve.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A negro and a white man do not suffer equal humiliation in the eyes of law for false arrest, according to the appellate division of the New York supreme court, which sustained an order of Justice Dugro of the supreme court reducing the amount awarded George Griffin, a Pullman porter, from $2,500 to $300.

A bread famine among the 700,000 residents of the East Side of New York city was inaugurated when more than 400 bakeries closed down. The trouble started with the increase in the price of wheat recently and was augmented by the coincident strike of the bakery employes on the East Side.

Jack Johnson, the big colored heavyweight champion, failed to win over Jack O'Brien, the Philadelphia light heavyweight, in a six-round bout at Philadelphia. The fight was even and the concensus of opinion was that it should have been a draw had a decision been permissible.

John Kirby, Jr., was unanimously elected to the presidency of the National Association of Manufacturers. The election was made the occasion of a demonstration in favor of J. W. Van Cleave, the retiring president, whose policy Mr. Kirby pledged himself to follow.

The St. Paul Dispatch has bought the Pioneer Press of that city. Included in the deal are the newspaper proper, the Pioneer Press building, the manufacturing department and the Northwestern Newspaper union.

According to statistics recently compiled at Tokio there were in December, 1905, 59,100 Japanese subjects in the United States of America and out of that total 53 per cent were in California and the neighboring states.

Celestino Castro, brother of the deposed president of Venezuela, has been served with a notice of his expulsion from the island of Curacao, Dutch West Indies.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Taft has issued a proclamation providing for the opening up to settlement and entry of about 440,000 acres of land in the Flathead (Mont.), 200,000 in the Coeur d'Alene (Ida.) and between 50,000 and 100,000 in the Spokane (Wash.) reservations. Registration will commence on July 15 and close Aug. 5.

James T. Williams, Jr., has tendered to President Taft his resignation as a civil service commissioner. Mr. Williams was appointed only a few weeks ago and is leaving the service because of impaired health.

President Taft has announced the nomination of William S. Washburn as civil service commissioner. Mr. Washburn served as civil service commissioner in the Philippines under Mr. Taft.

Rear Admiral Raymond P. Rogers of the United States navy will inspect the various navyyards of Europe with a view to framing a report to Secretary Meyer of the navy department.

President Taft has sent to the senate the nomination of Judge Charles D. Elliott of the Minnesota supreme court as a justice of the supreme court of the Philippines.

President Taft has come to the conclusion from consultations with the leaders of both senate and house that the tariff bill will be in his hands not later than June 20.

UNFORTUNATE EVENTS.

Twenty or more persons were injured, some of them seriously, in dropping from second story windows in a fire starting from a gas explosion which destroyed the Toledo flats at Chicago.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Wheat—May, $1.34½; July, $1.31⅛@1.31¾; Sept., $1.12⅞@1.13. On track—No. 1 hard, $1.35⅜@1.36⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.34⅜@1.35⅜; No. 2 Northern, $1.32⅜@1.33⅜; No. 3 Northern, $1.31½@1.32½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, May 24.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.00@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.00@4.00; veals, $5.00@5.75. Hogs—$6.75@7.00. Sheep—Wethers $5.50@6.50; yearlings, $6.25@7.00; lambs, $7.50@8.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, May 24.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, $1.35¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.33¾; No. 2 Northern, $1.31¾; May, $1.31¾; July, $1.31¼; Sept., $1.13⅜. Flax—To arrive and on track, $1.77½; May, $1.76½; July, $1.74¾; Sept., $1.52; Oct., $1.45½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, May 24.—Wheat—May, $1.24⅝; July, $1.18⅝@1.18⅞; Sept., $1.11¾; Dec., $1.09¾. Corn—May, 74⅜c; July, 70⅝@70¾c; Sept., 68¼c; Dec., 58⅝@58¾c. Oats—May, 62¼c; July, 55¼c; Sept., 45⅞c; Dec., 46⅜c. Pork—May, $18.52½; July, $18.55; Sept., $18.60. Butter—Creameries, 22@25½c; dairies, 18@24c. Eggs—20@21½c. Poultry—Turkeys, chickens and springs, 15c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $5.10@7.25; Texas steers, $4.75@6.75; Western steers, $4.75@6.00; stockers and feeders, $3.60@5.65; cows and heifers, $2.75@6.40; calves, $5.00@6.75. Hogs—Light, $6.60@7.25; mixed, $6.95@7.40; heavy, $6.95@7.45; rough, $6.95@7.10; good to choice heavy, $7.15@7.45; pigs, $5.50@6.75. Sheep—Native, $4.00@6.25; yearlings, $6.10@7.25; lambs, $6.00@8.25.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY F.E.TRIGG
REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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CO-OPERATIVE BREEDING.

Professor R. S. Shaw of the Michigan Agricultural college is the originator of a plan for co-operative breeding in dairy cattle that gives promise of being of real value to those sections where it is followed. The plan in brief is as follows: A community controlling about 120 cows is organized into a co-operative breeding association. This number of cows are divided as nearly as possible into three groups of equal number, it being immaterial just how many cows the individual farmer may have. A breed is then selected which is most in favor in the neighborhood and three registered sires purchased, one being placed with each block of forty cows. The first cost as well as the cost of keeping the bulls is divided among the members of the association on the basis of the number of cows owned by each. At the end of the two year period, in order to avoid inbreeding, the bulls are transferred to other blocks and at the end of the second period transferred again, an arrangement which makes it possible to keep all three bulls in the neighborhood six years without inbreeding. This arrangement makes it possible to keep a sire of known merit during his best years, a plan that is seldom carried out under the present system of entirely individual management. Besides this, the new plan tends to create a community interest in a single breed and gives a much better market for buyers who wish to purchase dairy cows of a single breed in considerable numbers. While the plan has not been worked out as yet for a full six year period, its advantages are so apparent that it might well be adopted in any strictly dairy section.

THE ROSE BED.

May is a good month in which to start the rose bed. Roses like a rich and rather firm soil, the florist recommending a mixture of one-third clay soil, one-third wood loam and one-third well rotted barnyard manure. The bed in making should be worked up to a depth of about eight or ten inches and the soil thoroughly mixed. Roses are fond of sunshine, and the bed should be located so that it will get a good lot of it. Much of the damage to leaves and blossoms can be prevented if the bushes are given a daily shower bath with water under good pressure. Should they still be attacked, powdered hellebore or common road dust will fix the green slugs, and spraying with a solution of tobacco water will knock the red spiders and green lice. The bed should be hoed frequently to keep the soil loose and watered often enough to keep it moist. As to varieties, there is a great choice. Of the tea roses for summer planting, the American Beauty, Carnot, Bride, Victoria, Golden Gate, Mamen Cochet, Liberty, Mme. Chatenay and La France are among the best. Of the hardy roses, General Jack, Laing, Dickson, Rohan, Morrison, Neyron and Wilder are very satisfactory. To do well roses need care. If they receive it they give a most grateful and delightful return.

A COSTLY EXPERIENCE.

By way of showing that hawks and owls are in reality friends and not enemies of the farmer a recent magazine article cites an experience which the state of Pennsylvania had a score of years ago. In the year 1885 the state legislature passed what was known as the scalp act, which authorized the payment of a bounty of 50 cents a head on all hawks and owls killed in the state. Under this act bounties were paid on 100,000 birds, which was accepted by the farmers as pretty good proof that the chicken killers were exterminated. But this was not the end of their troubles. Within a period of two years gophers, field mice and noxious insects appeared in such numbers that the farmers were powerless to cope with them, and the losses which they suffered from this source as the direct result of the indiscriminate hawk and owl slaughter were placed at $4,000,000. A Washington authority has found that 90 per cent of the food of the red shouldered hawk, usually known as the "hen hawk," consists of injurious mammals and insects, while 200 droppings of the barn owl were found to contain the skulls of 454 small mammals, 225 of this number being of the destructive field or meadow mouse.

WEIGHT OF EGGS.

A quite extensive test which has recently been made in determining the weight of eggs shows that they vary in weight from fifteen to twenty-eight ounces per dozen, the average weight being about twenty-two ounces. Such figures as these would seem to justify the selling of eggs by the pound and not by the dozen, especially in a season when they have ranged from 25 to 40 cents per dozen regardless of size.

The total number of horses in the country is 19,992,000, and at $93.40 per head their value is $1,867,000,000.

Skimmilk will be found to be an excellent cleaner of painted furniture and floors. If a little sour it will work the better.

The unreliable horse and the ill mannered boy or girl are the direct result of the same condition—namely, neglect and lack of proper training in the first two or three years.

The most favorable time for pruning the orchard is just before the heavy leafage comes out, when the tree is making a rapid growth and when any scars made will heal most quickly.

The first beet sugar factory on record was built by a scientist in Germany in 1795. The development of the industry in the 114 years intervening has been almost beyond belief.

During the past year 400,000 rubber trees have been planted on the Hawaiian Islands, where the conditions of moisture and warmth give promise of being ideal for their growth and development.

Hot vinegar is said to be a very effective means for removing paint spots from window glass. Any housewife who has tried to do this job in the ordinary way may find this recipe an improvement.

Agricultural pursuits may be counted upon to furnish a comfortable and generous living for a family on a limited number of acres, but there is little or no place in them for the man who is constitutionally lazy and shiftless. He would better take refuge in dry goods boxes and politics.

There is no product of any of the island territory of the United States that has had a more phenomenal increase in output than the pineapple of Hawaii. Six years ago, when definite steps were first taken to develop the industry, the exports of pineapple products were but 3,000 cases. Last year the exports totaled 400,000 cases, or 9,600,000 cans.

Some one fond of figures has estimated that an English sparrow will eat a quarter of an ounce of weed seeds a day and that if there were ten sparrows to the square mile the amount of weed seeds which would be consumed in the course of a year in a state the size of Iowa, 56,025 square miles, would be 1,641 tons. It is barely possible that this much maligned bird has a place in the economy of nature after all.

In a larger degree than almost any other substance milk is susceptible to contamination by a filthy environment. On this account the stable in which the cows are kept, the food which they eat, the pails and separator or cans in which the milk is handled and the room in which it is stored should be kept as sweet and clean as possible. The highest grade of cream and butter product is secured when the utmost attention is paid to this one matter of cleanliness.

A phenomenon that is said to have been witnessed but once before within the memory of people living near Niagara falls was the sight of the falls without water flowing over them, due to the fact that ice from Lake Erie had completely blocked the river above the falls. In places the ice was piled to the depth of sixty feet, the jam being finally dislodged by the use of large quantities of dynamite. The damage to property along the river from this miniature glacier is placed at $1,000,000.

The same handling of the soil that will produce the largest crop of corn or potatoes will give best results if applied to the flower bed—namely, frequent cultivation of the soil. Once the soil becomes dry and baked, the circulation of moisture and air through it is largely stopped, which means that the growth and development of the plant will be checked. The flower bed should be hoed often enough so that there will be a mulch of loose earth on the surface, with the soil soft and moist beneath.

In the gardens of one of the leading hotels at Riverside, Cal., surrounded by a protecting fence of wire netting, stands the original orange tree brought as a scion from Bahia, Brazil, in the year 1871 by the United States department of agriculture. From this one tree by a process of budding have been propagated all of the navel orange trees of California, whose fruit is valued annually at millions and millions of dollars. The transplanting of the tree to its present site took place several years ago and was attended with special ceremonies. The tree is reported to have borne a good crop of fruit last season.

One of the most attractive and interesting of the smaller migratory birds is the ruby crowned kinglet, which is often seen in pairs or larger numbers in the course of its flight north in April and May and in the fall in October and November on its return trip. More rarely it is seen both before and after these dates and sometimes in midwinter. The kinglet is about the length of the wren, but more slender, and is a dusky olive in color, with the exception of a bright patch of red on the top of the head. It is very active, flitting here and there on small twigs or up and down trunks of trees in search of the small insects, its chief bill of fare. Its song is remarkably sweet and melodious and is rated by some as both louder and more varied than that of the canary.

Charcoal is a good system cleanser for all the farm animals, including the flock of poultry. Parched corn is a convenient form in which to feed it.

While natural disposition counts for a good deal, the usefulness and reliability of the mature horse depend very largely upon the handling and care which are given the green colt.

If the rosebushes are bothered with mildew it may be removed by sprinkling the affected portions with flower of sulphur at night or early in the morning, when the leaves are damp.

Since the greater part of the eggshell is lime, materials should be supplied the flock of poultry which will furnish this element. Air slaked lime and fresh ground bone will serve this purpose.

Experiments which have been conducted in the matter of packing grapes for cold storage show that they will keep for 170 days if packed in redwood dust and held in a reasonably cool place.

The Egyptians are said to have hatched eggs by means of artificial heat 4,000 years ago. The practice of palming off infertile incubator eggs on a gullible public would seem, in view of this, to be a trick of somewhat ancient origin.

According to the government crop estimate, the condition of winter wheat in April was 82.3 per cent of a full crop as compared with 85 per cent in December and 91.3 per cent a year ago. The crop in sight is placed at 424,000,000 bushels.

A Washington man was fined $75 the other day for labeling some of his store eggs as "fresh laid." It has been generally supposed that the only places where this practice was prevalent was in the country crossroads towns in remote rural districts.

Dairymen in portions of Canada seem to realize more fully than their cousins across the border the importance of testing their dairy herds to weed out the sponges and loafers, the cows that are not paying for their board. A cow testing association in one Canadian province organized some three years ago tests as high as 6,000 cows per month.

The national apple show of 1909 is to be held at Spokane, Wash., at the close of the year. Orchardists in all parts of the world will be allowed to compete for the prizes, which will aggregate $50,000. One of the chief objects of the exposition will be to educate apple growers in the matter of growing and packing fruit for foreign trade.

At present prices a blocky, well built draft horse at three years old is worth more than twice as much per pound as a grade steer of the same age, and it is more than likely that this relative value will continue for some time to come. There ought to be a hint here for the stock raiser who is so situated that he can just as well raise horses as cattle.

The visits of birds about the home may be increased if one who is interested in them will fasten a good sized piece of beef suet on the limb of some tree near the house, preferably in view of a dining or sitting room window. The birds will not only take advantage of this source of food supply to quite an extent during the summer months, when insect life is abundant, but during the fall and winter they will make it one of their chief sources of food supply.

If, as dairy authorities assert, in the neighborhood of 40 per cent of the milk cows of the country are not paying for their keep and a large per cent of those remaining are afflicted with tuberculosis and should be eliminated from the herd on this account, it would seem that in the near future unusual prices would prevail for healthy and productive dairy cows, which are at a premium now and will be at a still greater premium as this work of herd improvement goes on.

Some experiments which have been conducted by the Nebraska agricultural station in the matter of growing potatoes under a mulch of straw seem to show that under warm weather conditions better seed can be grown in this way than under the usual conditions, while a larger yield is also obtainable. From the very nature of the case, the planting of potatoes under straw is only possible on a small scale, dependent on a limited amount of straw and the heavy expense of handling.

Plant lice constitute a serious annoyance and source of loss to the florist and gardener. An effective campaign may be waged against them by the use of a solution of whale oil soap which is made by dissolving one pound of whale oil soap in about eight gallons of water. The same results can be obtained by using kerosene emulsion, which is made by dissolving one pound of ordinary wash soap in a gallon of water. To this, boiling hot, should be added two gallons of kerosene. This combination should be agitated until thoroughly mixed, when it should be diluted to thirty gallons and used at once. Both sprays will give best results if they are applied with a sprayer under good pressure.

F. E. Trigg

THE LUMINOUS HALO.

Psychic Explanation of an Oft Witnessed Phenomenon.

I was summoned one day to the Saltpetriere in Paris to see a woman who lay in a bed in the dark. She was a woman whose body, nerves, brain, had been teased and tortured for years in psychic and occult experiment. What mental perturbation was racking that brain I did not know, and the physicians at her bedside did not know. With clinched hands and teeth and eyes open wide the woman lay there. Her breathing was irregular and not deep. What we saw was this: A luminous halo of a vague orange hue that circled her head, even as in the old pictures of martyred saints you see the heads mooned with faded gold. This halo was fluctuant. It came and went. It was a light that flickered, grew, faded, formed itself anew.

A miracle, this aureoled head?

If you want to call it that. Words are not of great importance. It was a miracle when it glowed around the head of a martyr tortured in the arena, so tortured by pain and fear that his dissociated psychic centers produced the phenomenon of the exteriorization of luminous energy.

Perhaps it were better to call it at once a miracle and a prescientific fact—a fact, that is, which is occult, but is in the way of becoming known.

I asked Dr. Frere what he thought of this miracle.

"I have often seen it," he said. The field of his experiments was the madhouse at Bicetre. There many neuropathic patients abide, and often in cases of severe headache or of religious ecstasy he has seen these fluctuant aureoles around the head.

"The rays are often twenty centimeters in extent, quite regular, forming a perfect aureole," he explained.

There is, then, a form of energy endowed with luminous properties emanating from the human body under certain conditions.—Vance Thompson in Hampton's Magazine.

THE LAND OF BIG GAME.

British East Africa as it Appears to the Hunter.

A brown village of thatched huts squatting in a trampled clearing of the forest and backed by thickset trees so closely laced with a living tapestry of woven green that the aching tropic sunlight can scarcely penetrate; slim, naked blacks slipping like shadows among the broad leaved bananas and rubber trees, staring furtively as your bearers file slowly past them; a lonely station far up or down river, where a haggard white man sits to receive tribute in the name of his trading company, marks an outpost of civilization in this jungle land. And through and under it all are the fevered glare of sunlight, the ceaseless drowsy whisper of the woods, the hot, dry scents of the parched earth, or, if the rains have come, all the land about will lie cloaked in steaming vapor, the sultry air as thick and humid as the air of a greenhouse at home. There you have the Kongo as the white man knows it—the Kongo or the jungle of Uganda. But all of this is only a part of what we have chosen to call and to picture as the dark continent.

For there, too, is the desert, widely different in all its aspects from Kongoland. On the slope of the rising ground that lifts from sea level at Mombasa and climbs to nearly 8,000 feet before it drops again to the lesser level of Victoria Nyanza is another vast waste as typical of Africa as this jungle country—the desert, as it is called, the plains of bush and grass. Six months of the year—from October to April—it lies half drowned under tropic rains. From April to September only occasional showers fall, and the wide plateau grills under the staring sunlight, all yellowing in the glare. Here upon these uplands is found the great variety of big game, the vast herds of wild things that have made and still make Africa the greatest shooting country in the world. This is British East Africa as the hunter knows it.—C. B. Taylor in Everybody's.

An Alibi.

The milkman stood before her nervously twirling his hat in his hands.

"So," she said sternly, "you have come at last."

"Yes, madam. You sent for me, I believe," he replied.

"I wished to tell you that I found a minnow in the milk yesterday morning."

"I am sorry, madam, but if the cows will drink from the brook instead of from the trough I cannot help it."—Harper's Weekly.

A Queer Dish.

A great dish at Egyptian harem feasts is that of a lamb roasted whole. After the manner of a nest of Chinese boxes, each smaller than the other, the lamb is stuffed with a whole turkey, the turkey with a chicken, the chicken with a pigeon, the pigeon with a quail and the quail with a becafico, the smallest bird known, except a humming bird. The lamb is roasted over a slow fire until it is almost ready to fall to pieces.

Try This.

Fasten a key to a string and suspend it by your thumb and finger, and it will oscillate like a pendulum. Let some one place his hand under the key, and it will change to a circular motion. Then let a third person place his hand upon your shoulder, and the key becomes stationary.—London Express.

The man who would rather be right than be president generally has his preference gratified.—Philadelphia Record.

GAVE THE SALUTE.

The Old Soldier Obeyed the Command of the Young Officer.

At Siboney during the Spanish-American war a young lieutenant of a volunteer regiment was officer of the guard one day, and as he was strutting about in his new khaki uniform he noticed a man dressed in what looked like the cast off clothes of a private soldier coming toward him.

The man was apparently fifty-five to sixty years old, of dark complexion, with hair and mustache streaked with gray, and was clad in a faded blue army shirt, open at the neck, khaki trousers covered with mud tucked into boots in the same condition and a gray campaign hat much the worse for wear and having several holes cut in it for ventilating purposes.

He was strolling along with his hands in his pockets, and passed the young lieutenant without a salute or a sign of recognition of his rank.

This was more than the young officer's dignity could stand, and he stopped the man with a sharp "Halt, there!"

The man halted and faced about, and the lieutenant asked:

"Are you in the army?"

"Yes, sir," was the reply.

"Regulars or volunteers?"

"Regulars, sir."

"Haven't you been in the service long enough to know that it is customary to salute when you meet an officer in uniform?"

"I know that, sir, but down here we've sort of overlooked salutes and ceremony."

"Well, I haven't, and I want you to understand it. Now, attention!"

The man stood at attention.

"Salute!"

The salute was given.

"How long have you been in the service?"

"About thirty-five years, sir."

"Well, you have learned something about army regulations and customs this morning. Remember who gave you the lesson and when you meet me in uniform salute. I am Lieutenant —— of the ——. Now, what's your name and regiment?"

The man who had received the lesson had been smiling slightly under his mustache. Now he straightened up, saluted again and replied:

"General Adna R. Chaffee, sir, commanding the —th division."

When the dazed lieutenant found the use of his tongue again and began to excuse himself the old general said kindly:

"That's all right, my boy. You were right. Of course you didn't know. I suppose I do look pretty rough, and an enlisted man should salute an officer, even if we do overlook it sometimes. Always stick as closely to regulations as that and you will make a good officer."

The old soldier nodded pleasantly to the still bewildered young man and walked away.—New York Times.

A Slight Difference.

Uncle Bob, who lived in Washington and worked at the war department, was at the old home for a few days. Little Ted was a devout worshiper and tagged about after his uncle all day long, listening to him and asking questions. Finally he delivered himself of an important matter.

"Uncle Bob," he said, "do you ever see the president in Washington?"

"Oh, yes; often. I see him nearly every day."

"Uncle Bob," asked Ted solemnly, after careful thought, "does the president see you?"—Woman's Home Companion.

Her Retort.

It is always gratifying to meet a person who is contented with his lot. For that reason it would be delightful to make the acquaintance of the woman who had the last word in a suffragist controversy. The writer of a suffragist communication in a newspaper wrote sadly that "woman is nothing but a female relative of man; the man is the noun, the woman is the preposition." "Well, what do I care?" was the triumphant retort. "The preposition governs the noun."—Youth's Companion.

Highly Encouraging.

One fine day, just as I was walking on, I got the trac (blue funk) and could not speak my lines. I turned hopelessly and with pleading eyes toward the leading lady, who could not go on with her part until I had spoken; but, for all help, she hissed at me from between her teeth, "Parle donc, petit animal!" (Go on, speak, you little beast.) Of such was the "encouragement" I received on one memorable occasion.—Coquelin's Reminiscences in London Telegraph.

Both Interested In Berkshires.

The Massachusetts maid was in a romantic mood. "I am dreaming," she murmured poetically, "dreaming of the dear old Berkshire hills of my native state."

"Berkshires?" echoed the Chicago youth, somewhat bewildered. "Er—was your father in the pork raising business?"

And the look that the Massachusetts maid gave him would have congealed radium.—Chicago News.

Atchison's Most Generous Man.

They tell of an Atchison man who was going down street with a girl. She was one of the kind who believes in the power of the gentle hint, and as they passed a candy store she said:

"Doesn't that candy smell good?"

"Yes," the man replied, "let's stop here and smell it awhile."—Atchison Globe.

Better a boy in the schoolroom than two in a poolroom.—Chicago News.

Sale of School and Other State Lands

STATE OF MINNESOTA, State Auditor's Office.

St. Paul, April 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that on the day and date and at the time and place herein stated below in this notice, in the office of the county auditor of the respective county named in the State of Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands, which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1910, must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of the sale the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

All mineral rights are reserved by the state. All sales made will be subject to the provisions of Chapter No. 209 of the General Laws of 1905.

SAMUEL G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

RED LAKE COUNTY.

Sale at Court House, Red Lake Falls, June 11, 1909, at 9 o'Clock A. M.

UNSOLD LAND.

PARTS OF SECTIONS.	Sec.	Tp.	Rg.	Area.
W½ SW¼	36	150	41	80
SE¼ SE¼	22	151	41	40
NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ and W½ SE¼	29	151	41	200
NW¼ NE¼ and NW¼ NW¼	32	151	41	80
NE¼ NE¼	34	151	41	40
SE¼ SE¼	20	151	42	40
NW¼ NW¼, less R. R.	22	151	42	37.87
SW¼ SE¼	33	151	42	40
Lots 1 and 2	28	153	42	52.71
Lot 2	29	153	42	38.97
W½ NW¼	33	153	42	80
W½ NW¼, SW¼ and W½ SE¼	26	150	43	320
W½ SW¼	16	150	44	80
Lots 2 and 3	7	153	44	81.63
N½ NW¼	16	153	44	80
SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼	17	153	44	80
SW¼ NW¼	34	153	44	40
NW¼ SE¼	7	154	44	40
SW¼, N½ SE¼ and SW¼ SE¼	8	154	44	280
N½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼	18	154	44	120
SW¼ NW¼	22	154	44	40
Lot 4	30	154	44	43.52
Lots 1 and 2	31	154	44	[illegible]
Lots 2 and 3 and E½ SW¼	18	152	45	165.86
SW¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ and SE¼ SW¼	20	152	45	160
Lots 1 and 2, S½ NE¼ and SE¼	6	153	45	310.77
E½ NE¼	8	153	45	80
NW¼	16	153	45	160
E½ NW¼	20	153	45	80
W½ NW¼ and W½ SW¼	32	153	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, NW¼ SE¼ and S½ SE¼	20	154	45	160
NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and SW¼	28	154	45	400
DELINQUENT LAND.				
NE¼ SE¼	36	151	42	40

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in the spring in order to feel well. A. Bjorkhoel.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss City of Thief River Falls Municipal Court.

J. W. McGinty and Frank McGinty, co-partners as McGinty Bros., Plantiffs.

vs.

Conrad Olson, Defendent.

The State of Minnesota, to any police officer of said City, to the sheriff or any constable of said county:

You are hereby commanded to summon Conrad Olson, if he shall be found within the County of Red Lake, to be and appear before the Municipal Court of the City of Thief River Falls, at a term thereof to be holden on the 29th day of June, 1909, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and answer to J. W. McGinty and Frank McGinty, co-partners as McGinty Bros., in a Civil Action, whose complaint is on file in said Court and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge, this 25th day of May, A. D., 1909.

[Municipal Court Seal]

J. M. BISHOP,
Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn. May 22, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Nils O. Larson, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 21st., 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 55 Serial No. 04023, for N. W. ¼, Section 11, Township 154 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 3rd. day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Cronstrom, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John Martinson, of " " "
Edward Lindholm of " " "
Emil Hillman of " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

[may 27-july 1]

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One hundred sixty-two and no-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harry M. Swensen, a single man, Mortgagor, to B. T. Randall, Mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, 1906, at 8:00 o'clock a. m., in book 13, of Mortgages, on page 273,

And Whereas, The said B. T. Randall, the Mortgagee and Holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said Mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two thousand eight hundred ninety-three and 05-100 Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

That part of the south-west quarter of Section Seven (7) in Township One-hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range Forty-three (43) West of the 5th Principal Meridian, that lies south and east of the Great Northern Railroad, containing 127 acres more or less, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Post-office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $2893 05, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 19th, A. D., 1909.

B. T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

may6-june10.

Hoarseness, bronchitis and other throat troubles are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar as it soothes and heals the inflamed throat and bronchial tubes and the most obstinate cough disappears. Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. A. Bjorkhoel.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 21, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Paul A. Jensen, one of the heirs of Kirsten Aagaard, deceased, who on May 11th, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 6108, Serial No. 02425, for E½ NE¼ Sec. 32, and W. ½ NW¼, Section 33, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Anton J. Nustvold, Jacob Klungness, Victor A. Trochmann, Silas Torgerson, all of Thorwick, Marshall Co., Minnesota.

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 27-july 1.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Sundt, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June 22nd, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 137, Serial No. 04017, for SW¼, Section 17, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 6th day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Rasinus A. Gausen, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
John J. Sorum, " "
Svenke K. Dahl, " "
Martin J. Berg, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 27-july 1.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 24, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Haagen P. Nabben, of Thorwick, Minnesota, who, on June 21st, 1904, made Homestead Entry Number 66, Serial No. 04025, for Lots 7 and 8, in Sec. 30, in Twp. 153 N. of Range 42 W. of 5th Principal Meridian, and Lots 1 and 2 and S.½ of NE¼, Section 1, Township 154 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn. at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 30th day of June, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Bernhard Knudson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Louis Larson, of Thorwick, Minnesota.
Peter Flo, " "
Ole Finberg, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 27-july 1.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, May 25, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Gunder S. Lillespe, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on July 14th, 1904, made Homestead Entry Number 60, Serial No. 04027, for Lots 2, 10 and 11, and SE¼ of NE¼ of Section 1, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 9th day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses.
Oscar N. Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole N. Olson, " " "
Nils Hertness, " " "
John Myher, " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 27-july 1.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-nine and 03-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marit Hanson and Anders C. Hanson, her husband, Mortgagors, to Ezra C. Eshelby, Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd. day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd. day of December, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in book 29 of Mortgages, on page 234, and

Whereas, on the 30th day of June, 1906, a portion of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit, commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 28, in Township 154, Range 43, in Red Lake county, Minnesota; thence north along the west line of said forty a distance of 40 rods; thence east 19 rods to intersection with the west line of the Great Northern Co's right of way; thence southeasterly along the west line of said right of way to intersection with the south line of said forty a distance of about 50 rods; thence west along the south line of said forty to place of beginning, all in Red Lake county, Minnesota, was duly released from the lien and operation of said mortgage, and said mortgagee did on said date surrender said above described premises and agreed to hold and retain the residue and remainder of the premises described in said mortgage as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, which said partial release of said mortgage bears date the 30th day of June, 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1906, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of Mortgages on page 325.

And Whereas no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises not released and remaining as security for the money remaining due on said mortgage, and as described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South one-half (S.½) of the north-east quarter (N.E.¼), the northwest quarter of the south-east quarter (N.W.¼ S.E.¼) and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter (N. E. ¼ S. W. ¼) all in section fifteen (15), in township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and also

The Southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of the northwest quarter (N.W.¼), (except a strip one hundred feet wide across said forty heretofore granted to A. Guthrie, Trustee, for railway right-of-way purposes, and also a strip four (4) rods wide on the south and west sides of said forty heretofore laid out for and now used as a public road.) (and excepting the released premises above described) all in section twenty-eight, (28) township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three, (43) west of 5th. P. M. in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Post-office, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 22nd day of June, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eight Hundred Seventy-Nine and 03-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30th, A. D., 1909.

EZRA C. ESHELBY,
Mortgagee.

PERL W. MABEY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

may6-june10.

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. A. Bjorkhoel.

Sons of Norway

Hold their regular meeting every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minn., May 15, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick Morin, of Anton, Minn., who, on June 24th, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 271, Serial, No. 04108, for SW¼, Section 18, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 28th day of June, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Louis Johnson, of Anton, Minn.
Caspar Wiener, " "
John Joppru, " "
William Anderson, " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 20-june 24.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U.S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 17, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Lewis O. Williams, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on June, 20th, 1904, made H. E. No. 32, Serial, No. 04009, for SE¼, Section 1, Township 154, N., Range 43 W., 5th Prin. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wilhelm Michelet, U. S. Commissioner for District of Minnesota, at Thief River Falls, Minn., on the 2nd day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Gunsten Knutson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Ole Easthouse, " " " "
Andrew Trovaten, " " " "
Ole A. Petterson, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 20-june 24.

Ole C. Brenna,
Auctioneer.
Will Cry Auction Sales in Red Lake and Adjoining Counties.
Ten Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Residence, Thief River Falls
Phone No. 118.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior. U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 18, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that John Joppru, of Thief River Falls, Minn., who, on Oct. 3rd. 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 615, Serial No. 04232, for SE¼, Section 16, Township 153 N., Range 42 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Bishop, Municipal Judge for the City of Thief River Falls, Minn., at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:
William Anderson, of Thief River Falls, Minn.
Talak Ose, " " " "
Erick Lom, " " " "
Louis Johnson, " " " "

R. J. MONTAGUE, Register.

may 20-june 24.

Many weak, nervous women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence today and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take. A. Bjerkhoel.

Geo. Newberry,
Dray and Transfer Line
All Work Given Careful Attention.
Phone 57.
THIEF RIVER FALLS

SUBSCRIBE
for
THE NEWS

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and the bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? A. Bjorkhoel.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

A Bank Is the Safest Place

To keep money, because it is safe from burglars and fire. A bank account is an incentive to accumulate. It brings you in contact with the best business men of our community. It gives you credit and standing with business men. It puts money into circulation and thereby aids business. It will set a good example to the young. It gives you a complete record of your business. Begin the good work now. Begin an account with the

First State Bank
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Money to loan on farms always on hand. Lowest rates of interest.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY F. E. TRIGG

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, IA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

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FOR MAN OF SMALL MEANS.

With land values rising in all parts of the country where the tilling of the land can be done with any measure of success, the problem which confronts the man of small means in the matter of getting a start and in the course of a few years owning a piece of land which will give him a living is one which confronts an ever increasing number of people. A short time ago some account was given in these notes of a lady who had succeeded in making a living for herself and children *from an acre or two, poultry, small* fruit and bees being her leaders. Below we give some account of a man who carried on the usual farming operations on ten acres and made $918 during the year 1908. This is how he did it. Six acres of his farm yielded him 480 bushels of corn, this patch having averaged from seventy-five to eighty bushels per acre for the preceding five years. Every other year he gives this land a coating of manure, hauling four loads a day from town, which is a mile distant. The owner of the land in giving some account of his operations made the illuminating remark that he found this more profitable than playing pool or loafing. He planted four bushels of potatoes for seed for some of his neighbors, who raised more weeds than they did potatoes. One hundred hens were kept the year around, eggs and chickens being sold to the value of $135, and there were fried chicken and eggs for the use of the family. Two sows were kept, which produced seventeen pigs, thirteen of the pigs and the two old sows being sold in November for $148. One hundred swarms of bees produced honey, which sold for $410, while the family consumed during the year 450 pounds. A survey of the above items would seem to indicate that there was nothing exceptional or extraordinary in this man's operations. He grew no intensive crops of vegetables or berries, which might have materially increased his receipts, while the showing with his poultry was very ordinary. Light is shed on the case, however, in the observation that he found it more profitable to work than to loaf. True, the man of small means is up against a proposition in the realm of agriculture, but he has the advantage over the person of small means in any other line, and the securing of a living for himself and family is a comparatively easy matter when intelligence and industry are combined.

WHY THEY SUCCEED.

There is a disposition on the part of many who live in central and eastern states when they read of the marvelous returns secured in the growing of fruit in the mountain and Pacific coast states to attribute them almost entirely to meteorological conditions—to a sort of marvelous alchemy of air and soil that brings luscious fruit to a perfect maturity with little or no effort on the part of the grower. There is no denying that in the territory referred to climatic conditions are remarkably favorable to fruit growing. But coupled with this favorable environment is given a degree of painstaking care in the matter of the pruning and cultivation of the orchard and the spraying and harvesting of the fruit that is an eye opener to any one who is only familiar with orchard conditions which are to be found in sections of many central and eastern states. The western fruit grower is largely relieved of the anxiety of killing freezes at blossom time, entirely so of hail damage at picking time and of the killing of his trees during cold winters, and in so far fortune favors him, but his success both as to quantity and quality of fruit is by no means a matter of chance. He makes a business of fruit growing, attends to his business intelligently and carefully and succeeds. Were the methods he follows adopted by eastern orchardists their apple growing business would be revolutionized.

LIFT THE HERD STANDARD.

Some dairy papers of the country, with a view to arousing a greater interest in a more intelligent type of dairying, are offering generous prizes to the owners of cows which make the best butter record during a period of twelve months. This is good as far as it goes, but it seems to put a premium on exceptional individual merit rather than average herd performance, which is the thing that really needs boosting. It is not so much the location of cows which already have a butter capacity of 700 to 1,000 pounds which is going to uplift and make American dairying more profitable as the raising of the butter output of whole herds from 150 to 250 pounds. Let the editors of these progressive dairy papers offer $1,000 prizes for best herd performance, and they will be doing something that will count.

With eggs at 20 to 25 cents a dozen May 1, it is calculated to superinduce melancholy forebodings in the minds of the consumer to contemplate the peg the price will be hanging on next Christmas.

As showing the wealth producing capacity of Pacific coast states, crop reports for 1908 place the value of the agricultural and horticultural products of San Joaquin county, Cal., alone at $10,654,447.

The most extensive rice farmer in the United States lives near Dallas, Tex. Last year he had 10,000 acres in this cereal, the crop totaling 400,000 bushels and being valued at $350,000. It took eighteen steam thrashing outfits four weeks to separate the grain from the straw.

Fifteen hundred carloads of high quality cantaloupes, valued at $1,000,000, were shipped from Imperial valley, in southern California, last year by the gardeners of that section. Water supplied by irrigation is all that was needed to make this desert one of the most productive garden spots in the whole country.

The farm owner should take such a measure of pride in his premises as will lead him to give the homestead a name, painted on a neat signboard, with his own beneath. When he has his place properly labeled in this manner he should have some noteheads and envelopes printed, also giving the name of the farm, to be used in the family and business correspondence.

One of the sights which will greet the eyes of visitors at the Alaska-Yukon exposition at Seattle will be an artistically arranged bed containing 200,000 tufted English pansies. Another feature that will interest the floriculturist and horticulturist will be a display of all the plant creations of Luther Burbank, including the spineless cactus, plumcot and other interesting forms of new plant life.

A large part of the ugliness of bulls and stallions is due to the fact that they are usually given pretty hearty rations and have little or nothing to do. Many horse breeders make a business of working their stallions, and not only are they gentler, but their condition is better and their get more vigorous. The working of the bull is not so easy a matter, but some breeders do so with like satisfactory results.

Some very large claims are made for the productive capacity of the new spineless cactus. It is said that under favorable conditions the plants will produce 300 tons of cactus fodder per acre and from ten to twenty tons of fruit of as fine quality as the banana. If the above figures are anywhere near the truth there may be a lot of fellows east of the meridian 100 who may wish they had stakes set in the great American desert.

The Argentine ant is a new insect pest that bids fair to do much damage to agricultural and horticultural interests on the Pacific coast, where it has recently made its appearance. In the respect mentioned it seems to be the most destructive species of the ant tribe, while a factor that causes its appearance to be viewed with alarm is the claim that its bite is fatal to infants. Already scientists of the Pacific coast are studying its habits and trying to devise methods for its extermination.

The island of Jersey, located in the English channel and about five miles in width by ten in length, supports a population of 60,000 people. Dairying and the raising of early vegetables, which products are marketed largely in London and France, constitute the chief occupation of the inhabitants. There are 12,000 head of pure bred Jerseys on the island, the importation of other breeds having been stopped a century and a half ago. The farms vary in size from ten to twenty acres and, as one would suppose, are worked on an intensive plan.

The law of growth, everywhere recognized and given forceful expression in the phrase "To him that hath shall be given," has its tragic as well as its beneficent aspect. This appears in the handicap which the tree labors under which is overshadowed and outtopped by its more thrifty neighbor, in liability to disease in one who lacks physical strength and in the proneness to evil of the person lacking moral fiber and backbone. A majority of the agencies which are today at work in the uplift of life are directed to a counteracting of the baleful effects of this wise and usually beneficent law of development.

London shipping experts have recently hit upon the plan of equipping refrigerator cars with mechanical refrigerating plants, which consist of ammonia compressors and condensers placed on top of the cars. Evaporators are placed inside the cars to keep the temperature down when the cars are not in motion. The compressor is driven with power secured from one of the axles. The present system of ice refrigeration of cars is one which involves immense trouble and expense in the transportation of fresh meats and perishable fruits and vegetables. The new system of cooling is looked upon with much favor by Pacific coast shippers, who are investigating its merits and will very likely adopt it.

F. E. Trigg

When in Need of a Sack of Flour, Be Sure and Order

VIVO

It Is the New Fancy Patent Flour Manufactured Here in Thief River Falls by the

Hanson & Barzen Milling Co.

INGOT STEEL CULVERTS

Corrugated and Galvanized.

FOR BETTER ROADS.

SAFE—PERMANENT

WON'T ROT.

WON'T RUST.

WON'T CRACK.

Not affected by freezing and heaving of water, or soil.

HIGHWAY & RAILWAY.

Bridges and Culverts. Economical.

Northern Culvert Company.

Manufacturers.

Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

BIJOU THEATRE.

REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE SHOW.

Open Every Evening from 7 to 11 and on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoon from 3 to 5.

Admission---Evenings, 10c to All; Afternoons, 5c to All

Entire Change of Program Twice Each Week, Mondays and Thursdays

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